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START

ST HILAIRE

SPECTATOR

JAN 7 1905 THRU DEC 29 1906

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Inclusive Dates: Jan 7 1905 — Dec 29 1906

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Prepared by: JAykens	Date: Nov. 2 1981	Format: 1A x 2B
Filmed by: A.O.	Date: 11-25-81	Camera No. 6 GREEN
Reduction Ratio: 15	Voltmeter: 2/92	No. Expos.
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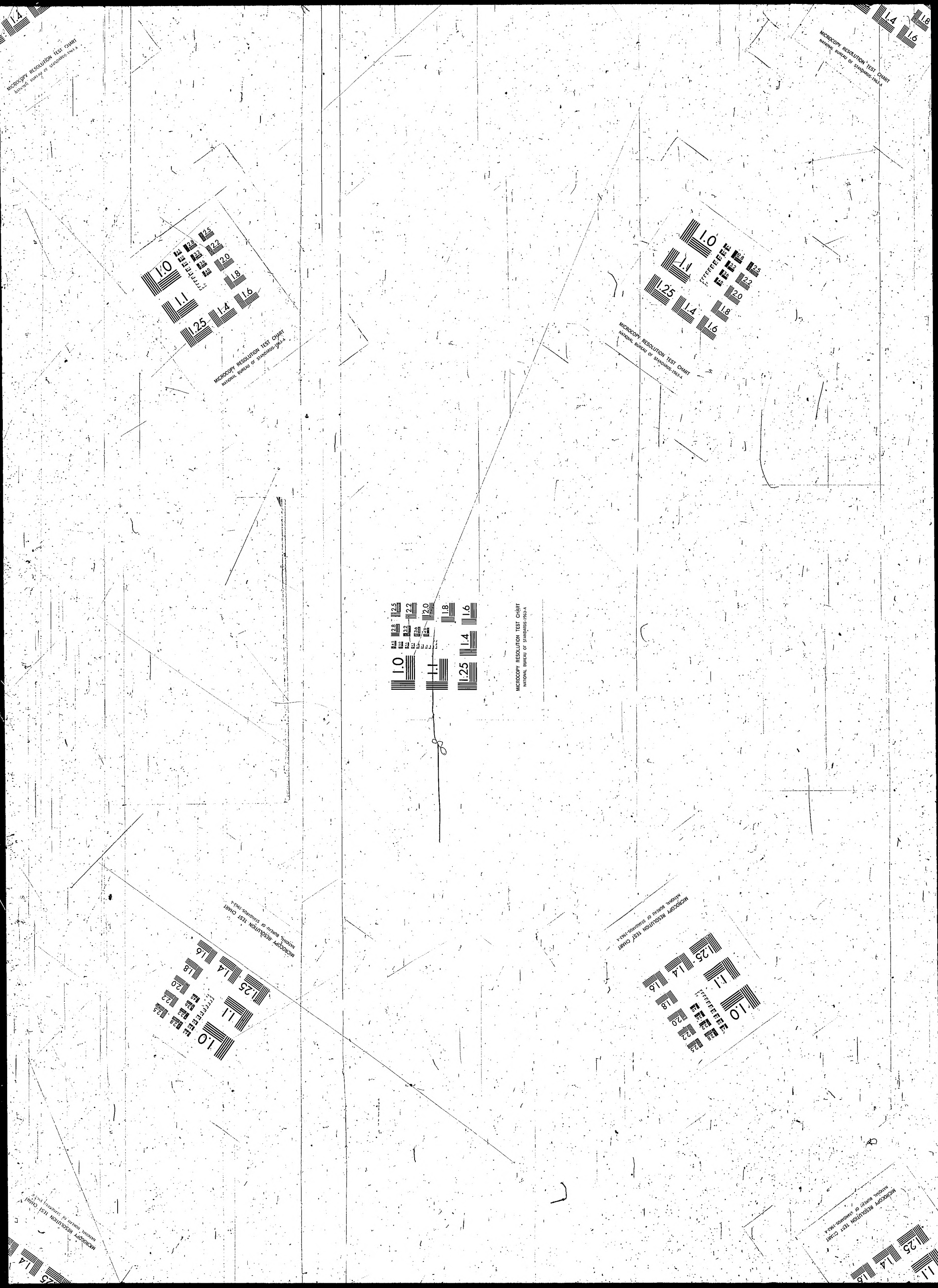
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ST. HILAIRE [illegible]CTATO[illegible]

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, S[illegible]

GOV. JOHNSON'S INAUGURAL

NEW EXECUTIVE MAKES RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE LEGISLATURE.

LONGER TERM FOR GOVERNOR

WOULD MAKE IT FOUR YEARS AND LIMIT EXECUTIVE TO ONE TERM.

PUNISH TIMBER TRESPASSERS.

TAXATION, STATE FINANCES, PRISON LABOR AND OTHER MATTERS DISCUSSED.

Gov. John A. Johnson's inaugural message to the legislature is in part as follows:

The message of the incoming governor, having been prepared prior to his installation into office, must necessarily deal with state questions in a general rather than in a specific way.

The governor first takes up a question which, he says, has impressed him during the past few weeks as being of much importance. He refers to the tenure of office of the governor. A newly elected executive is so burdened with the duty of selecting his official family that he finds little time for the study of matters of state concern generally. Then, too, he goes into office with the convening of the legislature, so that his administration finds its greatest work at the beginning of his term. For these and other reasons the governor believes that the tenure of office should be extended to four years, with the provision that the executive should not be eligible for reelection. The governor recommends that the constitution be amended to become effective at the end of the present term, with the provision that the present executive shall not be eligible to a term of four years.

The governor says:

"In acknowledging my appreciation of the honor conferred upon me in the election to this high office by the people of the state, irrespective of political affiliations, I wish to assure you that in the administration of state affairs I shall be guided by one and only one purpose—that of serving the state as a whole, and to that end I ask the co-operation of the legislature with the executive arm of the state government. It should be your purpose and mine to place the state above party or personal interest, and as chosen servants of all the people we should strive to serve the state without regard to any interest save the interest of the whole state, and to this end I pledge you all the support which the executive can give."

Earnest attention is called to the report of the state auditor. His total estimates of the revenue fund for 1905 is $4,600,169.40, and the estimated expenditures $4,646,106.50. For 1906 the income is estimated at $4,570,000, the expenditures $4,044,000; 1907, revenue $4,746,000, expenditures $4,379,000. The estimate for 1906 is based on a tax of 1 mill, yielding a revenue of $800,000. For 1906 and 1907 he has based his estimate on a tax levy of ½ mill, yielding $400,000 and $425,000 per year, respectively. In his estimate of revenues for 1906 and 1907 he has calculated the income of railway taxes at 4 per cent, yielding a revenue of $2,500,000 for 1906, and $2,600,000 for 1907. In his estimated expenditures for the latter two years no allowance is made for buildings at the state institutions. You will observe that this leaves a very close working margin unless the tax levy is raised, a condition which should be met with a great deal of care. I heartily concur in the suggestion of the state auditor that the appropriations be kept within the estimated receipts, believing that the tax levy should not be increased.

The governor calls attention to the fact that the new capitol, being larger than the old, will require a larger working force, and that provision should be made for the future use and care of the old one.

According to the report of the auditor, the permanent trust funds are in a most gratifying condition, and are rapidly increasing.

Since the publication of the auditor's report the state debt has been decreased to the extent of $100,000, there now remaining but $859,000 of the unpaid refundment bonds.

The subject of taxation the governor says is always of vital interest, and of more direct importance to the people than any with which they have to deal. Our present system is in many respects very unsatisfactory. A large portion of property which is properly the subject of taxation escapes this duty entirely.

Under our present constitutional limitations there is but little opportunity for a change in the situation. All classes of property should certainly bear a just proportion of the taxes for the raising of the public revenue. I would recommend the passage of a bill providing a constitutional amendment giving greater latitude to the legislature in the regulation of our tax system. I believe a partial solution of this vexatious problem lies in an income tax, and especially in an income tax upon credits. To secure this there must be an amendment to our constitution.

The taxation of inheritances is a matter which should be considered at this session. Efforts have been made along this line by preceding legislatures, but in every instance such legislation has been found unconstitutional. The defects having been pointed out by the supreme court, it is possible to pass a law which will be approved by that court.

Our public school system, according to the governor, is unexcelled in the nation. The branch of our educational system which demands the most careful attention, and in which there is great room for advancement and improvement, is the rural school. Our rural school houses are deficient with regard to heating, lighting and ventilation, and the governor recommends the adoption of a general plan whereby all rural school houses should be constructed upon plans approved by competent authority. The governor believes that the special state aid provided during recent years has done much to raise the standard and increase the efficiency of rural schools, and trusts that this liberal policy will be continued.

A change in our law is necessary, the governor thinks, whereby county superintendents will be paid adequately for their services, but which also will insure more competition supervision. The educational system of our state should be divorced from partisan politics as far as possible, says the governor, and recommendations looking to this end are offered.

On the subject of timber trespass and mineral leases the governor says:

"The public examiner of Minnesota states in his official report that hundreds of thousands of dollars are due the state by reason of timber trespass, and urges suits for the collection of the amounts due. He states further that suits have been instituted for the recovery of back taxes due the state from railway companies. The work of prosecuting these cases has been delayed, he reports, by the inability of the attorney general to reach them because of a multitude of other duties. There should be no cessation in the prosecution of these claims, and I would suggest to you the advisability of making provision with sufficient appropriation for the employment of special counsel to take up the work of collecting the amounts claimed to be due the state. The auditor in his report makes reference also to timber trespass, bearing out the statement of the public examiner. From these two offices the claim has been made that the law has been openly violated, and it appears that the statement of the public examiner, 'that it was cheaper to steal timber and settle for it than it was to buy it,' is in some measure true. It is alleged, also, that thousands of dollars worth of timber has been stolen from the state, of which no report has been made. It would be wise to appropriate sufficient funds to enable the executive to make a complete investigation of our timber conditions with a view of bringing offenders to justice and securing to the school funds of the state the amounts properly belonging thereto.

"The public examiner further states as a result of investigation that mineral leases have been issued contrary to law, and to persons not legally entitled to hold them. I assure you that proper steps will be taken to revoke such leases. As a precaution against future violations of the law that this class of property may yield to the state the greatest possible revenue, I recommend the passage of a bill to provide for the sale of mineral leases at public auction to the highest bidder, and that every such sale should be after due and proper advertisement, and after a mineralogical examination of the land by the state before such sale.

"One of the great problems of the present time and which is of the greatest and most vital concern to the people represented by you, is that of railway transportation and tariff rates for the same. There is no need to rehearse the history of recent litigation affecting combinations of parallel and competing railway lines. The United States supreme court in a decision rendered by it has decreed against the merger of such parallel and competing lines of railway. And yet we realize and know that combinations are in effect which completely annihilate competition. Railway rates in our state are much higher than across the border in Canada. That there is an unjust discrimination there is no question.

"You are representatives of the people. To you they look for relief. By many the Iowa distance tariff law is believed to be a solution of this question for our own state. Railway rates are lower in Iowa than in this state by from 25 to 40 per cent. Something is radically wrong with a system which places the Minnesota shipper at such a disadvantage.

"That the Iowa distance tariff law would be of benefit to our state, is of grave doubt. The railway situation of Iowa differs materially from our own. Iowa is a state of compact physical form, having within her borders no great terminal markets, and whose products are mainly agricultural, the great surplus being carried to terminal markets beyond the state in carloads. The manufactured articles are largely brought in from points outside of the state in carload lots. With us the condition is wholly different, and after investigation, I have concluded that it is an open question whether or not the Iowa plan would be to our advantage as a whole state. A distance tariff might be of temporary benefit to the rural districts and at the same time be the means of gradually tearing down our internal terminal markets, the result being eventually to our disadvantage. There is a remedy, it seems to me, in the establishment of a maximum freight rate that will be fair to the shipper and not a hardship to the transportation company. The railway and warehouse commission is now clothed with proper legal authority to establish fair and equitable rates.

"That this has not been done is because of a lack of aggressive administration rather than to a lack of legal authority. I would, therefore, recommend the appointment by you of a joint legislative committee to make a full and complete investigation of the prevailing rates of transportation within this state with a view of establishing by law a maximum tariff rate for transportation within this state which shall be based upon a reasonable rate of interest and profit on the investment, and which will be fair to all parts of the state, and absolutely prohibit an unjust discrimination between localities or individuals.

"Nor is our complaint alone in the matter of rates within our own state. There is the same ground for dissatisfaction on interstate traffic on that class of business, state authority is powerless to make any regulation. Even the interstate commerce commission is limited in its authority, and to provide sufficient power, there is before the national congress what is known as the 'Cooper bill,' which is designed to clothe the interstate commerce commission with complete authority to establish a just rate after a hearing and investigation, and to have the rate put in force pending litigation. I would earnestly recommend the adoption of a joint resolution which will explicitly indorse the said Cooper bill and request our senators and representatives in congress to support said measures."

The governor urges the adoption of a law which will abolish the pass system in this state.

Referring to the twine plant at the state prison, the governor says:

"It is a profitable source of employment for our convict labor, and in addition thereto is of great benefit to the farmers of the state by giving to them cheaper binding twine. The situation in this regard is peculiar to the extent that in this instance the convict labor thus employed is not thrown into competition with the free labor of the state. It would be wisdom upon the part of the state to devote practically all of the prison labor to the manufacture of binding twine. It might be a source of economy to engage a portion of this labor in the manufacture of shoes and clothing for the inmates of our other public institutions, but aside from this, I believe it would be wise, economical and profitable to extend the twine plant to such an extent as to provide employment for the remainder. Our present contract system is open to a great deal of criticism. By the change suggested two results would be accomplished, both of which would be to the best interests of the state."

The enactment of a law having for its purpose the drainage of the vast tracts of swamp lands in the northern part of the state is urgently recommended. To do this the governor recommends the establishment of a revolving fund from which the expenses providing for this improvement may be met, the money thus expended to be returned to this fund in deferred payments without interest from taxes levied upon and collected from the lands benefited. This plan would be in the nature of self-help, and would be just, fair and equitable to all sections of the state. The fact that such a revolving fund would be kept intact would permit of a more rapid development of the drainage system and would relieve the legislature of future appropriations for drainage purposes.

There is need at this time for a general revision of our present insurance laws. Under present conditions insurance companies are permitted to so transact their business that the interest of the policyholder is not fully protected. Such large amounts of the people's earnings are invested in various kinds of insurance that it is highly necessary and proper that legislation should be had at this session which will not only make the supervision of the insurance department fair and efficient, but which will absolutely safeguard every interest of the policyholder and which will compel every company doing an insurance business in the state to do that business upon a legitimate basis. The governor recommends that the commissioner be placed upon an exclusive salary basis.

The governor urges suitable legislation looking to the improvement of our highways.

The establishment of a permanent bureau of immigration with sufficient funds to prosecute the work of urging settlers to locate in Minnesota, the governor thinks, would result in great good.

On the subject of management of state institutions the governor says:

"The present system of government by the board of control is comparatively new. Many of our people differ in their opinions as to the best method of institutional government. The board of control system obtains now and must be given a fair opportunity to demonstrate its value."

The governor makes a number of recommendations regarding the care of the insane, and concludes the subject by saying:

"Our entire system should be reorganized and based upon the idea of curing the disease rather than caring for the being."

The governor says it would be a gracious act upon the part of the state to so amend its laws as to admit to the soldiers' home the wives, mothers and widows of soldiers.

Attention is called to the position the state now holds as a butter producer, and to the agencies which have worked to bring about this result.

The subject of forestry, while receiving considerable attention by a number of our people, is entitled to more consideration than has usually been given it at previous sessions of the legislature. The forest preservation act of 1895 made town supervisors in the vicinity of forests and prairie lands fire wardens, and made it their duty to take necessary precautions for the prevention as well as the extinguishment of fires. The lack of proper compensation has resulted in very inefficient service on the part of wardens thus selected. Our present system should be strengthened so that it will meet the dangers which might arise through an exceptional drouth.

The governor points out that the statutes provide no method of reviewing the election returns for a state officer.

Under the present election laws a candidate has no right to contest an election. I would recommend the enactment of a law which would provide a method of reviewing election returns upon state offices.

On the subject of non-partisan judiciary the governor says:

"There is a general demand for some change in the system of selecting the judiciary."

The governor recommends that the judiciary be elected at separate elections in the spring and that judicial officers be eliminated from the provisions of the primary election law.

In conclusion the governor says:

"We are assembled to-day in the new capitol of the state. This splendid edifice is a monument to the energy, prosperity and culture of our people. Whatever opposition may have existed to its erection in the past, the people are now proud that its glittering dome overlooks the capital city of our beloved state. This building is the property of the state, and was provided as a place in which should be transacted the business of the state. As their servants, you and I are commissioned to perform the duties of our several offices in their interest. We should here dedicate ourselves to that service, pledging our zeal, our fidelity and our honest purpose in an endeavor to do our duty to the people who have reposed in us their confidence and their trust. We should build not for to-day alone, but that future generations might reap the reward of honest patriotic effort. If there must be sacrifice, let it not be at the expense of the state. If we must regard political considerations, let us also remember that political parties are but the vehicles of good government, and that you and I will best serve the parties of our choice by a conscientious effort to serve but one master, and that master the sovereign people of the State of Minnesota."

Parlor Polishing Schools.

"Something new came my way the other evening," said the New York girl. "When my sister-in-law came from Wisconsin, a year or so ago, I was rather ashamed to take her around in our set. She did not make any particularly bad breaks, but she was awkward; that sums it up in a word. She never seemed to know how to get out of a room without making it appear it was her final farewell, as Patti's managers might put it. She did not understand that a man who mentioned a subject in passing conversation might not want to talk about it for half an hour. But she improved rapidly, and I was simple enough to think my example had something to do with it.

"She asked me to make a call with her. I had never heard of the people she mentioned, but, as she seemed desirous of having me go, I went. The house was in a neighborhood that was once fashionable, but is not now. None of the women she introduced seemed to be of the New York atmosphere. They were agreeable and talked well. But they were ill at ease. When we had been chatting a few moments another woman came in, who seemed to know everybody but me. When we were introduced she said:

"'Very good. But a little more dignified, if you please. And do not stand in that way. Watch me, please.'

"I could have slapped her. But I soon found out. I was in a parlor school, and she mistook me for a new pupil. My sister-in-law explained as we drove home. Another woman who had come unpolished to New York had taken her there. For so much a lesson, and as many lessons as they chose, these mature pupils are taught how to stand, sit, walk, shake hands, bow, receive callers and other social conventionalities that mark the well-bred woman. I should never dream of correcting the manners of my Western relative as that teacher corrected her. It was done in such an inoffensive way, too. A six-months study of the best book of etiquette ever printed could not have accomplished such good results."—New York Press.

When Prince Fushimi Feared Bullets

I hear a story of Prince Fushimi and Justice Holmes of the United States supreme court. When they met in Washington the judge said, jokingly: "I suppose the emperor sent you over here because he was afraid you would get killed unless he prevented you from fighting any more?"

The famous fighter replied, seriously: "Well, in the Chinese war I was really apprehensive of getting a bullet, because I wanted to live to achieve something; but now I am ready; I do not care; I felt no apprehension."—Boston Record.

Tip to Trainers.

Visitor—What have you got that automobile horn for?

Athletic Trainer—Oh, our crack jumper is going to try for the record. We think he'll jump at least three feet further if he hears this horn behind him!—Puck.

A Yellow Dinner.

It is not every hostess who is clever enough to decorate a dinner table stunningly with a pumpkin, a dozen yellow chrysanthemums and a bolt of cheap yellow satin ribbon.

"You see," said the little woman who seems to be able to do anything with a string and a nail and a bottle of glue, "my rich cousins from Denver are going to spend Thanksgiving day with us, and it is going to be a case of making believe all the time. I have got to make believe first that I am glad they are coming, and then that I am able to entertain them as they are accustomed to entertaining other people, and that John is making enough money to make life easy and luxurious, and that my made-over frock is brand-new, and that I don't need a hat, and that two and two make a dozen, and ever so many things besides.

"But the best make-believe of all will be my table decorations on Thanksgiving day. First, I shall get a nice, big smooth golden pumpkin and hollow it out to make a centerpiece. In the hollow I shall arrange a cluster of golden chrysanthemums. Then, I shall cross some yellow satin ribbons exactly in the middle of the table and drawing them out to the corners straight across the cloth. I shall tie them in cluster bows and through each bow stick a long-stemmed chrysanthemum. I shall use yellow candles. For candle shades I will use natural chrysanthemums, cutting out the centers and slipping them over the candles. Can you fancy a lovelier scheme for a gold and white dinner?"—New York Press.

THE BRAVEST LOVER.

How bravest that brave lover is
Who loves all things beneath the sun,
Then finds all women in just one,
And finds all fortunes in one kiss!
How wisely born, how more than wise,
How wisely learned must be that soul
Who loves all earth, all paradise,
All peoples, places, pole to pole,
Yet in one kiss includes the whole!
—Joaquin Miller, in Smart Set.

Just Before the Quarrel.

He—When we get to the hotel we must do something to give the impression that we are not a bridal couple.

She—I'll scold you all the time.

"Oh, that won't do! They might think you were my mother."—Yonkers Statesman.

PORT AR[illegible] AT [illegible]

COMPELLED TO [illegible] FIERCE TEN[illegible] JAP[illegible]

CAPITULATION IS COMPLETE

END NOW WRITTEN OF MOST DRAMATIC INCIDENT OF MODERN TIMES.

NO EQUAL IN MODERN WAR

STORY OF OPERATIONS IS ONE OF REPEATED FIGHTING BY LAND AND SEA.

Port Arthur, [illegible] months run red [illegible] bravest of two [illegible] last succumbed [illegible] of the Japanese [illegible]

Exhausted by [illegible] stant fighting, [illegible] and casualties [illegible] in its rocky fort[illegible] rison has yielded [illegible] siegers and the [illegible] the most dramat[illegible] modern times.

At 9 o'clock Sun[illegible] commanding the [illegible] vestment, receiv[illegible] general, Stoessel [illegible] he found further [illegible] and asking for [illegible] terms of capitu[illegible] simple and direc[illegible] general immedi[illegible] sioners to confer with representatives of the Russian commander. They met at noon yesterday to arrange the conditions of surrender. The negotiations were concluded at [illegible] o'clock.

Nature of Terms Not Known.

The nature of the terms agreed upon is not yet known, but dispatches from Tokio indicate that they will be of the most magnanimous character. The emperor of Japan himself, through the chief of the imperial staff, has given public his expression that "Gen. Stoessel has rendered commendable service to his county in the midst of difficulties" and that it is his wish "that military honors be shown him."

The siege and the defense of Russia's stronghold in the Far East have been marked by bravery, gallantry and desperation unequaled in modern warfare, and hardly excelled in military history. The story of the operations around Port Arthur is one of repeated fighting, both by land and sea, of the most desperate and thrilling character. Isolated instances of heroism that would have set the world ringing under less, have been dwarfed by the generally magnificent

Conduct of Both Forces.

By sea there have been torpedo boat dashes of superb recklessness and big ships have plowed through mine fields with heroic disregard to give battle or in wild efforts to escape. By land the Japanese have hurled themselves against positions declared to be impregnable. They have faced and scaled rocky heights crowned with batteries and covered with defenders, suffering losses that military experts say would have appalled any European army.

In the doomed fortress its people have lived under a rain of shell and shrapnel. Scanty rations, besieged on every side, knowing that hope of success or escape was vain, the garrison has fought with a stubbornness that has evoked the admiration of the world. They met the untiring assaults of the Japanese with a grim valor that gained every praise of their foe, and the fighting has been waged

With a Relentlessness

that often refused truces to bury the dead and collect the wounded.

Over the corpse-filled trenches men have fought hand-to-hand with cold steel and clubbed guns, and at short range have hurled at each other hand grenades filled with high explosives. The whole story is one of undaunted courage and sublime bravery.

What Port Arthur has cost in human life and in money no estimate of even approximate correctness can be made. The losses have been appalling. It has been reported that in some engagements leading up to the recent capture of 203-Meter hill, the attacking force lost as high as 40 per cent of the force engaged, while the garrison's losses, of which no word has come, must have been frightful.

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To[illegible] thur [illegible] peace[illegible]

In th[illegible] Japa[illegible] "hope[illegible] tate [illegible] note [illegible] of th[illegible] the [illegible] now [illegible] be a[illegible] Gen. [illegible] from [illegible] Shake[illegible]

[illegible] mitted to [illegible] with[illegible]out dispute [illegible] fact that [illegible] reviving [illegible] the hold[illegible]ing [illegible] commanding the [illegible], would [illegible] powers.

[illegible] Talk of Peace.

[illegible] diplo[illegible] that [illegible] make a [illegible] the inti[illegible] United States [illegible]. Should [illegible] be upon [illegible] warring powers [illegible] received [illegible]

[illegible] Port Arthur a Hell.

[illegible]—The Russian officers who arrived here yesterday from Port Arthur on the torpedo boat destroyers which escaped from that place have a single word for describing what the fortress has been for the past five days during which the Japanese have bombarded and assaulted incessantly night and day. They used the word unprofanely and convincingly, declaring that the horrors witnessed were beyond any description.

There is not a single spot in the town which was safe from shrapnel. Many of the hospitals were hit and the wounded refused to stay in them. Some lay in the streets on heaps of debris, exposed to the bitterly cold weather, and some staggered back to the front, hurling stones and defying the Japanese until taken prisoners or death came mercifully.

To End Their Sufferings.

There were five days and nights of this state of affairs. The stock of ammunition which had been carefully husbanded for months was almost gone and it was all too evident that Japan was about to grasp the prize which had cost her an army of men and countless treasure.

The capture of 203-Meter hill by the Japanese was the garrison's first vital wound. Then came the capture of Rihlung, Sungshu and Panlung mountains. Gen. Stoessel had announced that he would fight till the last.

"His plight last night," said Capt. Kartow, commander of the torpedo boat destroyer Vlastni, "looked like the last.

"There was no stopping the Japanese, who died in droves, fighting with the last instinctive twitch of the nerves, with eyes fixed on Liaotie mountain. Stoessel had killed a Japanese army and exhausted his ammunition, but," added Capt. Karow, "they became more furious, ferocious and fateful than ever.

"So the white flag went up."

Stoessel Sharply Criticised.

Tokio, Jan. 4.—Gen. Stoessel is being sharply criticised for destroying the Russian warships, attempting to choke the entrance to the harbor of Port Arthur, and dispatching the torpedo boat destroyers to Chefu subsequent to his offer to surrender the fortress.

The Nichi Nichi says that while Gen. Stoessel made a gallant defense, his action in blowing up the ships after he had offered to surrender leaves a lasting blemish upon his military reputation. His action indicates a want of sincerity and leaves no room for an extension of treatment of him commensurate with the reputation won by the bravery and gallantry of his defense.

ATTEMPT TO KILL THE CZAR.

Revolutionists Wreck Train Supposed to Be Emperor's.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 4.—The czar's journey to Kharkoff has been postponed owing to the fact that revolutionists wrecked the train conveying his suite, which then preceded the royal train. The wreckers mistook the train for the czar's which was due a few hours later. Several of his majesty's servants were killed.

JUSTICE JAGGARD SWORN IN.

St. Paul, Jan. 4.—Judge Edwin A. Jaggard of St. Paul yesterday took the oath of office as justice of the supreme court before a large audience of friends, members of the Ramsey county bar and bench. The ceremony was impressive. W. H. Yale, the newly appointed marshal, opened the court for the first time. He takes the place of F. N. Guiteau, who for the past twenty years has been marshal of the supreme court.

GOV. JOHNSON IS [illegible] INAUGURAT[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] message to the legislature at 11:40 o'clock.

"So help me God," the closing words of the oath had scarcely been uttered by Mr. Start, when the main doors of the hall were opened, and a picture of Gov. Johnson, surrounded by a huge floral frame, was carried down the center aisle by four men, amid applause that continued for several minutes. The picture was placed in front of the chief clerk's desk and Representative James R. Hickey of St. Paul briefly presented it to the new governor in behalf of his St. Paul friends.

Informal Reception.

When the applause subsided, Gov. Johnson began reading his message to the legislature. He read rapidly, clearly, in a voice that penetrated to every recess of the galleries. He finished his message in just twenty-seven minutes. There was a hearty round of applause and the joint convention adjourned.

There was a rush of senators and representatives to the speaker's desk to shake hands with the new governor, and an impromptu reception was held at the left side of the chief clerk's desk, the legislators passing through the door at the side of the dais to the retiring room of the house, and thence to the house corridor. Gov. Van Sant soon joined Mr. Johnson and the former governor and the governor of thirty minutes were kept busy shaking hands for half an hour.

The joint session convened soon after 10:30 o'clock to hear the messages of the outgoing and incoming governors.

Gov. Van Sant's Message.

Gov. Van Sant, in his last message to the Minnesota legislature, reviews extensively the work of each department of the state government and the state's finances.

He devoted considerable time to the discussion of the litigation against the Northern Securities company and to transportation. He urged the enactment of law prohibiting railroads from increasing freight rates without the permission of the Minnesota railroad and warehouse commission, and an indorsement of the Cooper bill.

His message discussed taxation at considerable length and urged the submission to the people of constitutional amendments giving the legislature more latitude in matters of taxation, a tax on franchises and the establishment of a permanent tax commission.

Primary Election Law.

The primary election law was reviewed and its extension was urged so as to include nominations for state officers and United States senators.

The establishment of a separate state training school for girls and the admission of wives and widows of soldiers to the soldiers' home should be provided for.

The fees collected by the insurance commissioner for making examinations of company's resources should be turned into the state treasury.

Other Suggestions.

Other recommendations were:

An appropriation for a statue of Gov. Alexander Ramsey in the national capitol at Washington, as suggested by William P. Murray of St. Paul.

An appropriation for monuments to mark positions of Minnesota troops at the battle of Vicksburg.

An increase of $50,000 in the appropriation for the drainage of swamp lands.

The establishment of a state highway commission.

CRESCO STORES BURN.

Losses in Iowa Town Fairly Well Covered by Insurance.

Cresco, Iowa, Jan. 5.—Fire at 10 o'clock last night destroyed two frame stores. The loss of the W. K. Barker estate is $800, insurance $500; M. M. Moon's loss is $2,000, insurance $1,000; James McArthur, harness shop, loss $1,600, insurance $1,200; H. H. Husselman's meat market, loss $1,600, insurance $1,000. The firemen saved adjoining buildings. Origin of the fire is unknown.

[illegible] Powder

[illegible] quality. [illegible] in price.

[illegible]ES A "WIDOW."

[illegible] Admits of Several [illegible]ctions.

[illegible] a week—and not [illegible] anything?—and [illegible] take care of a little [illegible] own—but what [illegible] how does it come [illegible] Judge Mack, while [illegible] dependency of Katie [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] run down my face, with so much pain I could not sleep at night for about five or six weeks.

"I tried different doctors' medicines but they were all no good. Then I sent for Dodd's Kidney Pills and almost from the first they brought relief. By the time I had taken fourteen boxes of them my rheumatism was all gone and I can truly say I feel better than I have in the last twenty-five years."

A Coincidence.

Darby was telling a whopper about a thing he said he had witnessed.

"Well, sir," he said, "I could hardly believe my eyes."

"Strange coincidence," Bettles responded. "I can hardly believe your tongue."—Brooklyn Eagle.

CUTICURA SOAP

The World's Greatest Skin Soap—The Standard of Every Nation of the Earth.

Millions of the world's best people use Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, the purest and sweetest of emollient skin cures, for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothing red, rough and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings and chafings, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery.

The Guide.

Tourist—I say, guide, what does that memorial stone commemorate?

Guide—I put it there. It was upon that spot a tourist once gave me 5 francs.—Tit-Bits.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

The Cashier.

Caller—Will the cashier be away long?

Office Boy—It depends entirely on the jury.—Chicago Daily News.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Earned.

"Henpeck, what do you think of a man who marries for money?"

"Think he earns every cent he gets."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The chief reason some women like some men is because the men do not especially care for them.

Do not nurse your ailments with the bottle.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Endsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

A mistake may be a misfortune, but it were cruel to call it a crime.

A chronic kicker is never out of a

DEFECTIVE PAGE

...sota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Incomplete

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 7, 1905. NUMBER 25

GOV. JOHNSON'S INAUGURAL

NEW EXECUTIVE MAKES RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE LEGISLATURE.

LONGER TERM FOR GOVERNOR

[illegible] MAKE IT FOUR YEARS [illegible] EXECUTIVE TO [illegible]

PUNISH TIMBER TRESPASSERS

[illegible] STATE FINANCES. PRISON LABOR AND OTHER MATTERS DISCUSSED.

[illegible]

...sion. Efforts have been made along this line by preceding legislatures, but in every instance such legislation has been found unconstitutional. The defects having been pointed out by the supreme court, it is possible to pass a law which will be approved by that court.

Our public school system, according to the governor, is unexcelled in the nation. The branch of our educational system which demands the most careful attention, and in which there is great room for advancement and improvement, is the rural school. Our rural school houses are deficient with regard to heating, lighting and ventilation, and the governor recommends the adoption of a general plan whereby all rural school houses should be constructed upon plans approved by competent authority. The governor believes that the special state aid provided during recent years has done much to raise the standard and increase the efficiency of rural schools, and trusts that this liberal policy will be continued. [illegible]

...rate put in force pending litigation. I would earnestly recommend the adoption of a joint resolution which will explicitly indorse the said Cooper bill and request our senators and representatives in congress to support said measures."

The governor urges the adoption of a law which will abolish the pass system in this state.

Referring to the twine plant at the state prison, the governor says:

"It is a profitable source of employment for our convict labor, and in addition thereto is of great benefit to the farmers of the state by giving to them cheaper binding twine. The situation in this regard is peculiar to the extent that in this instance the convict labor thus employed is not thrown into competition with the free labor of the state. It would be wisdom upon the part of the state to devote practically all of the prison labor to the manufacture of binding twine. It might be a source of economy to engage a portion of this labor in the manufacture of shoes and clothing for the inmates of our other state institutions, but aside from this I believe it would be wise, economical and [illegible]

[illegible] of Minnesota."

[illegible] Schools.

[illegible]

[illegible] New York Press.

When Prince Fushimi Feared Bullets

I hear a story of Prince Fushimi and Justice Holmes of the United States supreme court. When they met in Washington the judge said jokingly: "I suppose the emperor sent you over here because he was afraid you would get killed unless he prevented you from fighting [illegible]."

The famous fighter replied, seriously: "Well, in the Chinese war I was really apprehensive of getting a bullet, because I wanted to live to achieve something; but now I am ready; I do not care; I felt no apprehension."—Boston Record.

Tip to Trainers.

Visitor—What have you got that automobile horn for?

Athletic Trainer—Oh, our crack jumper is going to try for the record. We think he'll jump at least three feet further if he hears this horn behind him.—Puck.

A Yellow Dinner.

[illegible] New York Press.

THE BRAVEST LOVER.

How bravest that brave lover is
Who loves all things beneath the sun,
Who finds all women in just one,
And reads all fortunes in one kiss.
How wisely born, how [illegible] wise,
How wisely learned [illegible]
Who loves all earth, all paradise,
All [illegible] places, side by side,
[illegible] the whole!
—[illegible], in Smart Set.

Just Before the Quarrel.

He—When we get to the hotel we must do something to give the impression that we are not a bridal couple.

She—I'll scold you all the time.

He—No, that won't do. They might think you were my mother.—Yonkers Statesman.

PORT ARTHUR AT LAST FALLS

COMPELLED TO SUCCUMB TO THE FIERCE TENACITY OF THE JAP ATTACK.

CAPITULATION IS COMPLETE

END NOW WRITTEN OF MOST DRAMATIC INCIDENT OF MODERN TIMES.

NO EQUAL IN MODERN WAR

STORY OF OPERATIONS IS ONE OF REPEATED FIGHTING BY LAND AND SEA.

Port Arthur, whose hills have for months run red with the blood of the bravest of two warlike nations, has at last succumbed to the fierce tenacity of the Japanese attack.

Exhausted by months of almost constant fighting, decimated by disease and casualties and hopelessly sealed in its rocky fortress, the gallant garrison has yielded to its gallant besiegers and the end is now written of the most dramatic war incident of modern times.

At 9 o'clock Sunday night Gen. Nogi, commanding the Japanese army of investment, received from the Russian general, Stoessel, a note saying that he found further resistance useless and asking for a meeting to arrange terms of capitulation. The note was simple and direct, and the Japanese general immediately named commissioners to confer with representatives of the Russian commander. They met at noon yesterday to arrange the conditions of surrender. The negotiations were concluded at 4:30 o'clock.

Nature of Terms Not Known.

The nature of the terms agreed upon is not [illegible] from Tokio indicate that they will be of the most magnanimous character. The emperor of Japan himself, through the chief of the imperial staff, has given public his expression that "Gen. Stoessel has rendered commendable service to his country in the midst of difficulties" and that it is his wish "that military honors be shown him."

The siege and the defense of Russia's stronghold in the Far East have been marked by bravery, gallantry and desperation unequaled in modern warfare, and hardly excelled in military history. The story of the operations around Port Arthur is one of repeated fighting, both by land and sea, of the most desperate and thrilling character. [illegible] instances of heroism that would have set the world ringing and [illegible] have been dwarfed by the general [illegible] magnificent

Conduct of Both Forces.

By sea there have been torpedo boat dashes of superb recklessness and big ships have [illegible] through mine fields with heroic disregard to give battle or in [illegible] efforts to escape. By land the Japanese have hurled themselves against positions declared to be impregnable. They have faced and scaled rocky heights crowned with batteries and [illegible] with defenders, suffering losses that military experts say would have appalled any European army.

In the doomed fortress its people have lived under a rain of shell and shrapnel. Scanty rations, besieged on every side, knowing that hope of success or escape was vain, the garrison has fought with a stubbornness that has evoked the admiration of the world. They met the untiring assaults of the Japanese with a grim valor that gained every praise of their foe, and the fighting has been waged

With a Relentlessness

that often refused truces to bury the dead and collect the wounded.

Over the corpse-filled trenches men have fought hand-to-hand with cold steel and clubbed arms and at short range have hurled at each other hand grenades filled with high explosives. The whole story is one of undaunted courage and sublime bravery.

What Port Arthur has cost in human life and in money no estimate of even approximate correctness can be made. The losses have been appalling. It has been reported that in some engagements leading up to the recent capture of 203-Meter hill the attacking force lost as high as 40 per cent of the force engaged, while the garrison's losses, of which no word has come, must have been frightful.

News Held Back at St. Petersburg.

The authorities at St. Petersburg, in the absence of direct official news from Gen. Stoessel that Port Arthur had surrendered, have not permitted the news to become public. Emperor Nicholas is in the South of Russia, and his ministers are for the time being in the dark as to what dispatches have been sent to him from the front.

Tokio was the scene of rejoicing, people of all ranks finding in the outcome compensation for all the sacrifice of life and money that was entailed in the ten-months siege.

To what extent the fall of Port Arthur will make for a restoration of peace is an open question. There is

An Encouraging Note

in the expression by Baron Hayashi, Japanese minister at London, of the "hope that in some way it will facilitate final peace," though the pacific note is perhaps lost in the later words of the minister which call attention to the fact that the besieging army will now be free to go north, where it will be an offset to the reinforcements Gen. Kuropatkin has been receiving from Russia since the battle of Shakhe. The spirit of the Russians may be judged by the statement of the secretary of the embassy at London that the campaign will be renewed with fresh vigor in the spring, and that the nation will not be content to permit Port Arthur to remain in the hands of the Japanese.

Baltic Fleet Can Go Home.

Both in Paris and in London the opinion is that the squadron under Vice Admiral Rojestvensky which started from Libau for the Far East three months ago will have to retrace its way home, as adherence to the original plans would invite disaster without probability of effecting a junction with the warships at present in the harbor of Vladivostok.

That Japan may not be permitted to retain possession of Port Arthur without dispute is shown in the fact that Paris newspapers are already reviving the claim made in 1901 that the holding of that position, commanding the Eastern seas, by the Japanese would be a menace to European powers.

Talk of Peace.

There is an expectation in diplomatic circles in St. Petersburg that some one of the powers may make a tender of friendly offices, and the intimation is conveyed that the United States may take the initiative. Should this be the case it could only be upon assurances from both the warring powers that the tender would be received by them in good part.

Port Arthur a Hell.

[illegible] who arrived here yesterday from Port Arthur on the torpedo boat destroyers which escaped from that place have a single word for describing what the fortress has been for the past five days during which the Japanese have bombarded and assaulted incessantly night and day. They used the word unprofanely and convincingly, declaring that the horrors witnessed were beyond any description.

There is not a single spot in the town which was safe from shrapnel. Many of the hospitals were hit and the wounded refused to stay in them. Some lay in the streets on heaps of debris, exposed to the bitterly cold weather, and some staggered back to the front, hurling stones and defying the Japanese until taken prisoners or death came mercifully.

To End Their Sufferings.

There were five days and nights of this state of affairs. The stock of ammunition which had been carefully husbanded for months was almost gone and it was all too evident that Japan was about to grasp the prize which had cost her an army of men and countless treasure.

The capture of 203-Meter hill by the Japanese was the garrison's first vital wound. Then came the capture of Riblung, Sungshu and Panlung mountains. Gen. Stoessel had announced that he would fight till the last.

"His plight last night," said Capt. Kartow, commander of the torpedo boat destroyer Vlastni, "looked like the last.

"There was no stopping the Japanese, who died in droves, fighting with the last instinctive twitch of the nerves, with eyes fixed on Liaotie mountain. Stoessel had killed a Japanese army and exhausted his ammunition, but," added Capt. Karow, "they became more furious, ferocious and fateful than ever.

"So the white flag went up."

Stoessel Sharply Criticised.

Tokio, Jan. 4.—Gen. Stoessel is being sharply criticised for destroying the Russian warships, attempting to choke the entrance to the harbor of Port Arthur, and dispatching the torpedo boat destroyers to Chefu subsequent to his offer to surrender the fortress.

The Nichi Nichi says that while Gen. Stoessel made a gallant defense, his action in blowing up the ships after he had offered to surrender leaves a lasting blemish upon his military reputation. His action indicates a want of sincerity and leaves no room for an extension of treatment of him commensurate with the reputation won by the bravery and gallantry of his defense.

ATTEMPT TO KILL THE CZAR.

Revolutionists Wreck Train Supposed to Be Emperor's.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 4.—The czar's journey to Kharkoff has been postponed owing to the fact that revolutionists wrecked the train conveying his suite, which then preceded the royal train. The wreckers mistook the train for the czar's which was due a few hours later. Several of his majesty's servants were killed.

JUSTICE JAGGARD SWORN IN.

St. Paul, Jan. 4. — Judge Edwin A. Jaggard of St. Paul yesterday took the oath of office as justice of the supreme court before a large audience of friends, members of the Ramsey county bar and bench. The ceremony was impressive. W. H. Yale, the newly appointed marshal, opened the court for the first time. He takes the place of F. N. Guiteau, who for the past twenty years has been marshal of the state supreme court.

GOV. JOHNSON IS INAUGURATED

TAKES OATH OF OFFICE BEFORE JOINT SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

READS HIS FIRST MESSAGE

TENDERED IMPROMPTU RECEPTION BY SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES.

VAN SANT'S LAST MESSAGE

REVIEWS EXTENSIVELY THE WORK OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT.

St. Paul, Jan. 5.—John A. Johnson of St. Peter is governor of Minnesota.

With head slightly bowed, and right hand raised, he stood on the dais of the speaker of the house of representatives in the new capitol, facing Chief Justice C. M. Start, who administered the oath of office.

The oath was administered at the conclusion of Gov. S. R. Van Sant's message to the legislature at 11:40 o'clock.

"So help me God," the closing words of the oath had scarcely been uttered by Mr. Start, when the main doors of the hall were opened and a picture of Gov. Johnson, surrounded by a huge floral frame, was carried down the center aisle by four men, amid applause that continued for several minutes. The picture was placed in front of the chief clerk's desk and Representative James R. Hickey of St. Paul briefly presented it to the new governor in behalf of his St. Paul friends.

Informal Reception.

When the applause subsided, Gov. Johnson began reading his message to the legislature. He read rapidly, clearly, in a voice that penetrated to every recess of the galleries. He finished his message in just twenty-seven minutes. There was a hearty round of applause and the joint convention adjourned.

There was a rush of senators and representatives to the speaker's desk to shake hands with the new governor, and an impromptu reception was held at the left side of the chief clerk's desk, the legislators passing through the door at the side of the dais to the retiring room of the house, and thence to the house corridor. Gov. Van Sant soon joined Mr. Johnson and the former governor and the governor of thirty minutes were kept busy shaking hands for half an hour.

The joint session convened soon after 10:30 o'clock to hear the messages of the outgoing and incoming governors.

Gov. Van Sant's Message.

Gov. Van Sant, in his last message to the Minnesota legislature, reviews extensively the work of each department of the state government and the state's finances.

He devoted considerable time to the discussion of the litigation against the Northern Securities company and to transportation. He urged the enactment of law prohibiting railroads from increasing freight rates without the permission of the Minnesota railroad and warehouse commission, and an indorsement of the Cooper bill.

His message discussed taxation at considerable length and urged the submission to the people of constitutional amendments giving the legislature more latitude in matters of taxation, a tax on franchises and the establishment of a permanent tax commission.

Primary Election Law.

The primary election law was reviewed and its extension was urged so as to include nominations for state officers and United States senators.

The establishment of a separate state training school for girls and the admission of wives and widows of soldiers to the soldiers' home should be provided for.

The fees collected by the insurance commissioner for making examinations of company's resources should be turned into the state treasury.

Other Suggestions.

Other recommendations were:

An appropriation for a statue of Gov. Alexander Ramsey in the national capitol at Washington, as suggested by William P. Murray of St. Paul.

An appropriation for monuments to mark positions of Minnesota troops at the battle of Vicksburg.

An increase of $50,000 in the appropriation for the drainage of swamp lands.

The establishment of a state highway commission.

CRESCO STORES BURN.

Losses in Iowa Town Fairly Well Covered by Insurance.

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Calumet Baking Powder

Perfect in quality. Moderate in price.

JUDGE DEFINES A "WIDOW."

Asserts That Term Admits of Several Constructions.

"An income of $2 a week—and not able to do much of anything?—and you think you can take care of a little girl who isn't your own—but what about that income—how does it come to you?" queried Judge Mack, while investigating the dependency of Katie Berhall.

"The income?" repeated Mrs. Nelbergerhein, the woman in the case. "Well—judge—you see—my husband gives me $2 a week."

Whereupon Officer William Stein, of the Children's Aid society, interposed: "Your honor, this woman told me she was a widow."

His honor leaned forward and sternly said:

"How's this? The officer says you told him you were a widow, and you—"

"Please, your honor, I am a widow," Mrs. Nelbergerhein interrupted. "It's 'grass,' isn't it—a 'grass widow' widow—that's what I am, judge. He didn't ask me what kind, your honor."

The court smiled.

"Yes—y-e-s—there's a difference and a distinction in widowsy," ruled his honor—"and all are widows. We'll have to admit that—y-e-s."

"That's one on me," confessed Officer Stein, and a tip for future use.

Shouting Their Praises.

Kirkland, Ill., Jan. 2nd.—(Special)—Cured of the terrible Rheumatic pains that made him a cripple for years, Mr. Richard R. Greenhon, an old and respected resident of this place, is shouting the praises of the remedy that cured him, Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I had the rheumatism in my left limb so that I could not walk over ten to fifteen rods at a time, and that by the use of two canes," Mr. Greenhon says. "I would have to sit or lie down on the ground when I was out trying to walk and the sweat would run down my face, with so much pain. I could not sleep at night for about five or six weeks.

"I tried different doctors' medicines but they were all no good. Then I sent for Dodd's Kidney Pills and almost from the first they brought relief. By the time I had taken fourteen boxes of them my rheumatism was all gone and I can truly say I feel better than I have in the last twenty-five years."

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INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK.

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

2nd ☞ STORE

(SECOND HAND STORE.)

Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.

C. A. SKEIE.

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TO NEW Pioneer Press Subscribers.

Jewelers Sell it for $1.50.

This is a rich quality hard rubber, highly polished Fountain Pen; screw section, and fitted with an improved Feeding Device, allowing the ink to flow easily without blotting. The gold-nibbed pen is 14-Kt. fine, iridium pointed. The complete Fountain Pen is Fully Guaranteed by the manufacturers and will be exchanged by them if not entirely satisfactory. Each box contains a single pen and a guarantee. If the pen is not absolutely perfect, send it back to the factory and get one that is. It will not cost you a cent.

The Pioneer Press—
St. Paul, Minn.—
Gentlemen: Send to me, absolutely free and postpaid, a guaranteed solid gold-nibbed Fountain Pen. Enclosed herewith find $1.50 in advance for subscription to the Daily and Sunday or Weekly Pioneer Press.

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Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

Published every Wednesday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

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CORRESPONDENCE from all points in the vicinity of St. Hilaire desired. Make communications concise, writing upon only one side of the paper.

Saturday, Jan. 7. 1905.

The last official act of Governor Van Sant was to appoint S. G. Comstock, of Moorhead, a regent of the state university. A deserving appointment.

It is now Governor John A. Johnson, by the grace of—well, never mind who did it; here's hoping that John will do his duty well and make us a good governor.

The state legislature has commenced work in our new five million dollar capitol, but it is safe to state that the work turned out will just about average up with that of the past.

The news that all the world has waited for during the past four or five months has happened, and Port Arthur has surrendered. It was one of the notable sieges of the world's history.

"Discriminating railroad rates must stop" is the cry all over the land these days. Now that we have a competitive point just north of us the question will be a live one with the people of St. Hilaire.

The Crookston Daily Journal has been sold to Crawford & Berkland, two well-known Crookston printers. The Journal has been "doing things" in the newspaper line lately and Crawford & Berkland will do well to keep up the gait.

Would it not be a good plan to start the new year by forming among the business men of St. Hilaire a Commercial Club which would try and do something for St. Hilaire the coming year? There is room for improvement and concerted action might work wonders.

On behalf of prospective candidates who reside outside of Red Lake Falls, we would like to suggest that some new ballot boxes be purchased by the down river town, and also that competent election judges be employed. Red Lake county voters are not going to tolerate South Carolina methods.—Thief River News.

The republican senatorial caucus at St. Paul last Tuesday was attended by one hundred and twenty-eight members of the legislature and Senator Moses E. Clapp received all of the votes but one. The senator's friends have for some time contended that the opposition was not developing any strength and this proves they were right. It is not probable that any further opposition will develop and his election on the 17th of this month is now assured.

The man who kindles the fire with the catalogs from the department stores, and gives all his trade to his home merchants, is the man who helps to put a better value on your property. The more a town grows, and the more business it does, the greater the increase in the value of property—both city and farm. The man who patronizes the city department stores in preference to his home merchants, thinking that he may thereby save a few paltry pennies, is simply detracting from the wealth of his own community.—Ada Index.

The Minneapolis millers are bound to have that Canadian wheat. There is a scarcity of good hard wheat in the country and they need it to make the best flour. Rather than pay a higher price they have been talking reciprocity with Canada. Inasmuch as this is about the only thing that the farmer derives a direct benefit from in the tariff they very naturally objected and the measure failed. Now the millers have a new scheme and are trying hard to make it work. They wish to buy wheat in Canada, grind it at Minneapolis and if the flour is shipped out of the country have the duty refunded. In other words, for every carload of flour exported they want a like amount of wheat from Canada brought in free of duty. It looks to us as if this would do the work just as effectively as would the reciprocity idea. We are of the opinion that the farmers of northern Minnesota and North Dakota can very nicely use the premium the millers are now paying for hard wheat, and we see no reason why we should extend our advantages and markets to help boom Canadian lands or further enrich Minneapolis millers.

The Paradise of Umbrellas.

Surakarta is the paradise of umbrellas. They are carried proudly over the heads of every official and every nobleman, but invariably are shut at the approach of a person of higher rank, and inside the kraton no umbrella may be carried open except that of the emperor himself. The umbrella is the crown, the wand of office, the outward sign of rank and distinction. There are umbrellas of gold inside and out for the emperor, of gold outside only for the empress, with a stripe of yellow satin for the emperor's brothers, with a wider stripe of the same material for his illegitimate brothers, of white silk with a narrow gold stripe for the illegitimate sons of the legitimate brothers, and so on ad infinitum. Every official, every military officer, exhibits his rank in his umbrella, which is invariably held from behind by an attendant whenever he leaves his house in sunshine or cloudy weather. There is an official guide book to the umbrella labyrinth of Surakarta which contains not less than 300 various designs in all imaginable colors and ornamentation.—Century.

Calvary Clover.

Calvary clover, a flower strangely symbolic of the principles of Christianity, flourishes in Palestine. Calvary clover leaves, like those of other clovers, are trefoil, embodying the doctrine of the Trinity, the central truth of Christianity. Soon after the plant begins to appear above the ground a deep spot of redlike blood appears upon each division of the leaf, but this disappears after a few weeks.

During the day the tiny leaflets form themselves into the shape of a cross, and as the sun sinks to rest the leaves again fold together, it has been suggested, as if in prayer. In due time the blossom becomes a small yellow flower and then a spiral pod covered with thorns. In ripening the flowers interlace, and in their peculiar positions many persons think they can detect the outline of a crown. Tradition says that it is good fortune to plant the seed of the Calvary clover on Good Friday.

Odd Australian Animals.

Australia produces those lowest of the quadrupeds, the duck billed water mole and the echidna, or Australian porcupine ant eater. They, along with the kangaroos, may be described as the groundlings of the mammalian family, for in respect of their structure they are of a much lower grade than, say, a dog or a cat. This inferiority is seen not only in the brain, but in many other details of their bodily anatomy.

In zoological circles the prevalent opinion is that this mole is a link between birds on the one hand and mammals on the other. These "lowest" quadrupeds lay eggs like birds, the young being subsequently hatched from the eggs, whereas in the kangaroos and all higher mammals the young are born alive and nourished by means of milk.

Spencer's Love Affair.

Herbert Spencer never married. When he was twenty years old he had something like a tender affair, and he tells about it in his autobiography. The young lady's affections had already been placed elsewhere, and she was only playing with the budding philosopher. One day her "young man" called, and they all went out for a walk. Spencer says: "She, taking his arm, looked over her shoulder smilingly and rather mischievously to see what effect was produced on me, there being an evident suspicion that I should not be pleased. The revelation was not agreeable to me, but still it did not give me a shock of a serious kind."

Killing a Robin.

There are persons at the present day—and not all old women either—who believe that killing a robin will bring bad luck. According to ancient belief the stormcloud was a huge bird. The Arabians represented his wings as measuring 10,000 fathoms. This bird lived on worms, the latter being the streaks of lightning accompanying storms. The Germans remodeled the fiction by creating the god Thor, whose bird was the robin. Consequently to kill a robin first meant death by lightning, then bad luck.

An Enormous Sundial.

A curious phenomenon is reported in the columns of a geographical publication. It is a large promontory in the Aegean sea, known as Hayon Horoo, which extends 3,000 feet above the level of the water. As the sun swings around, the shadow of this mountain touches one by one a circle of islands separated by regular intervals, which act as hour marks. It is the largest sundial in the world.

Some Hope For Him.

Young Sowreltop—Then you utterly cast me off, Esmeralda? Miss Esmeralda (with great gentleness)—Why, no, Sylvester. But—but it would be so silly for a girl to say yes the first time. If—if you are of the same mind you might ask me again some day, you know.—Chicago Tribune.

Caterpillars and Grubs.

It is altogether surprising what caterpillars and grubs can survive and appear to like it. Some mites live on strychnine, eating it with avidity. Professor Attfield tried the same fare on cheese mites, and up to 50 per cent of strychnine they lived and thrived as perhaps only mites can be expected to do. Over 50 per cent of poison they found to be an error of diet, and promptly died. There is a sort of caterpillar which lives on magnesia; one wonders vaguely whether a perpetual course of magnesia is not found somewhat enervating. But then, the caterpillar is a being wholly depraved, which nothing can kill. The grub of the fur moth particularly is an indiscriminate feeder, liking wool as readily as fur and a horse's hide as well as either, and will dine heartily on such poetic fare as butterflies' wings. And it is destruction personified, taking a wanton pleasure in cutting off a multitude of hairs more than it can possibly require, and nothing seemingly can kill it. Turpentine, sea salt, tobacco and sulphur fumes—these "remedies" only drive it away, that is all, as the passengers in Hans Andersen's coach used a sprig of myrtle to drive away the flies.—London Globe.

Odd Old Laws.

In an old set of laws of the Choctaw Nation there is a clause which relates to the killing of witches. For witchcraft the penalty was death, and for alleging oneself to be a witch or for saying that any other person was one was punishable by sixty lashes on the bare back.

Another declared that no doctor could take money or any of the belongings of a patient he treated if the patient died. If the patient were raised up from a sick bed the doctor could accept what was offered to him, and if nothing was offered, then he could take in goods what was his just compensation.

In 1834 the Choctaw council passed an act which made a person who bargained to sell any of the Choctaw land a traitor and punishable by death. Any white man who encouraged such action was deported. An Indian who sold or disposed of land either to individuals or to the United States in toto should be considered a traitor and shot on conviction. This was just preceding the beginning of the work of the Dawes commission.

Animal and Plant Allies.

An interesting instance of the manner in which insects sometimes assist the growth of plants is furnished by the history of a climbing plant which grows in the Philippines. At an early stage in its career the plant, which, like other plants, begins to grow from the ground, severs its connection with the soil and thenceforward lives with its roots attached to dead bamboo canes. It develops, in addition to other leaves, certain pitcher shaped leaves, into the cups of which it sends a second set of roots. A species of small black ant frequents the pitchers and incidentally carries into them minute fragments of decaying wood and leaf mold, from which the roots derive a constant supply of food for the support of the plant.

England's Milk Bill.

The laborer, it seems, is content with 5 gallons of milk, 9 pounds of cheese and 15 pounds of butter in the twelve months. Artisans and mechanics have 12 gallons of milk, 11 pounds of cheese and the same quantity of butter. Each member of the upper class, however, drinks on an average 31 gallons of milk in a year, eats 10½ pounds of cheese and 41 pounds of butter. A member of the upper class drinks rather more than six times as much milk as a laborer, eats just a little more cheese and uses three times as much butter.

The Parisian Cafe Caricaturist.

Among other Parisian types described by a recent observer is the cafe caricaturist. "He is a youth with a pale face and very long hair. He looks the type of the bohemian and he is. He offers to draw caricatures for 50 centimes (10 cents). His luncheon is frequently a myth, nor is he always sure of his dinner. But, no matter what the state of his finances, he will have his absinth, to which he adds but little water. The cafe caricaturist is invariably an 'artist who has not succeeded.' He has either been at the Beaux Arts or has studied under some famous painter. Somehow or other he has come to grief and has swelled the ranks of those whom fortune has disinherited."

The Value of a Name.

Nelson, a thriving little English town, is a living instance of the value of a name. Not long after the battle of Trafalgar some tinker, tailor or other person established a tiny wayside inn and called it after the naval hero. There was nobody on the spot from whom to expect custom, but the road led to and from populous districts. Travelers stopped at the place, and presently a cottage or two began to rise, then more of them, and the name of the public house answered for the whole. That was the nucleus of the present town. Now 40,000 people live around the site which the old innkeeper chose and called after the name of his hero.

Passing Counterfeits.

Johnny—Say, papa, passing counterfeit money is unlawful, isn't it? Papa—Yes. Johnny—Well, papa, if a man was walking along the street and saw a ten dollar counterfeit bill upon the sidewalk and did not pick it up wouldn't he be guilty of passing counterfeit money and couldn't he be arrested and put in jail? Papa—More likely the lunatic asylum. Now you may go to bed, my son.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

Method In Her Madness.

Clarissa—Why, you silly thing! What are you putting your damp hands out on the window sill for? You'll get them all rough and red. Annabel—Yes, I know. But Mr. de Million thinks that every woman ought to do all sorts of housework, and I'm getting my hands ready to show off tonight.

Beyond Settlement.

Molly—What makes you so haughty when you meet George? Why don't you make up with him? Polly—Because I should have to demand an explanation, and I can't remember what it is I'm supposed to be offended about.—Detroit Free Press.

Rapid Spread of Plants.

It is marvelous how rapidly some plants will spread themselves over wide stretches of land. The writer was struck with the way in which the yellow charlock took possession of the line when the Meon Valley railway was being made. The very next spring after the embankments were thrown up their sides were clothed with this rampant and conspicuous crucifier. A line of yellow across the country marked in many places the course of the railway. Poppies, too, for some unknown reason, will occasionally appear in strange and wonderful profusion. The striking instance related by Lord Macaulay may be quoted by way of illustration. After the battle of Landen the ground, he tells us, "during many months was strewn with skulls and bones of men and horses and with fragments of hats and shoes, saddles and holsters. The next summer the soil, fertilized by 20,000 corpses, broke forth into millions of poppies. The traveler who, on the road from St. Tron to Tirlemont, saw that vast sheet of rich scarlet spreading from Landen to Neerwinden could hardly help fancying that the figurative prediction of the Hebrew prophet was literally accomplished—that the earth was disclosing her blood and refusing to cover the stain."—Longman's Magazine.

A Zuni Baby.

The Zuni child spends his early days in a cradle. But a cradle in Zuniland does not mean down pillows, silken coverlets and fluffy laces; it is only a flat board, just the length of the baby, with a hood like a doll's buggy top over the head. Upon this hard bed the baby is bound like a mummy, the coverings wound round and round him until the little fellow cannot move except to open his mouth and eyes. Sometimes he is unrolled and looks out into the bare whitewashed room, blinks at the fire burning on the hearth and fixes his eyes earnestly on the wolf and cougar skins that serve as chairs and beds and carpets in the Zuni home. By the time he is two or three years old he has grown into a plump little bronze creature, with the straightest of coarse black hair and the biggest and roundest of black eyes. He is now out of the cradle and trots about the house and the village. When the weather is bad he wears a small coarse shirt and always a necklace of beads or turquoise.—St. Nicholas.

A Thousand Ways of Lying.

There are a thousand ways of lying, but all lead to the same end. It does not matter whether you wear lies, tell lies, act lies or live lies, your character is ruined all the same.

There is no more demoralizing influence in modern life than the unnatural straining to seem other than we are. Nothing else so quickly lowers self respect, takes the fine edge off honor and blunts the conscience as the sense of being a sham, a gilded fraud or an unreality. It cheapens standards, lowers ideals, saps ambition and takes the spring and joy out of living. No man can make the most and the best of himself until he is absolutely honest with his own soul and unfalteringly true to his highest ideals, and this is impossible while he is living a lie.—Success.

The Moorish Woman at Home.

When not fixed up for visitors the Moorish woman is always en dishabille, lounging about all day in a loose cotton or muslin nightgown, rose or yellow being her favorite shade, her bare feet thrust into slippers very much down at the heel and a flower stuck in her wisp of uncombed hair, which, from a continual use of henna dye, is apt to break out in patches of yellow, green or gray. Hairbrushes are unknown, a very coarse comb alone being used, which may account for the fact that the hair is never glossy or well kept. She has a devouring passion for paints, powders and perfumes, attar of roses and sandalwood being in special demand.—Pilgrim.

A Tree Distillery.

On the Canary islands grows a fountain tree, a tree most needed in some parts of the islands. It is said that the leaves constantly distill a quantity of water that is sufficient to furnish drink to every living creature in Hiero, nature having provided this remedy for the drought of the island. Every morning near this part of the island a cloud of mist arises from the sea, which the winds force against the steep cliff on which this tree grows, and it is from the mist that the tree distills the water.

Proved It.

"My wife will bear witness," said the prisoner at the bar, "that at the very time I am accused of burglarizing Mr. Smith's premises I was engaged in walking the floor with my infant child in my arms, endeavoring to soothe it by singing 'Rock-a-by, Baby.'" "The prisoner is discharged," remarked his honor. "He can prove a lullaby."

Waiting Instead of Going.

The art in life is to sit still and to let things come toward you; not to go after them or even to think that they are in flight. How often I have chased some divine shadow through a whole day till evening, when, going home tired, I have found the visitor just turning away from my closed door.—Arthur Symons in Saturday Review.

Calculating the Distance of a Storm.

Although lightning and thunder occur always simultaneously an interval of shorter or longer duration is usually observed between these two phenomena, which is due to the fact that sound travels only at the rate of 1,100 feet per second, while the passage of light is almost instantaneous. Based upon this fact, it is an easy matter to tell, at least approximately, how many miles a thunderstorm is away. A normal pulse will beat one stroke to the second, and by counting the pulse beats during the interval of the lightning and the thunder the lapse of seconds is arrived at and consequently the number of feet, which can be reduced to miles.

For example, if thirty seconds elapse between the flash of the lightning and the crash of thunder the storm center is at a distance of 33,000 feet or about six and one-half miles. An almost accurate calculation can be made by using a watch with a minute dial.

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9:15 am 4:15 pm	THIEF RIV. FALLS	10:15 am 4:45 pm
11:15 pm	RED LAKE FALLS	3:15 pm

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

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K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
D. Patterson N. G. Otterness A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

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Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
A. F. Blomburgh. N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
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Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
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THE LOCAL NEWS

Apples at Duntley's.

Ruben Sargent is up from Crookston this week visiting his mother.

W. A. Arthur made a short trip down to Crookston Tuesday evening.

Millwright Duff was at Crookston last Sunday visiting his family.

Mrs. R. H. Aimer left Wednesday for Key West and Grand Forks.

Martin E. Hoff came back Tuesday from a week's visit at Minneapolis.

J. Hogquist, the tailor, has moved his shop into the Branum building.

Dr. N. M. Watson, the well known politician, was a caller here yesterday.

Frank E. Packard, of the Crookston Times, was a caller here last Tuesday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Carl Johnson is away this week visiting his father at New Richland, Minn.

The St. Hilaire hotel and bar was opened last Monday by K. R. Killand.

Dr. J. E. Argue, of Red Lake Falls, was here several days the first of the week.

Herman Nelson, of Detroit, is here this week visiting his brother Gust Nelson.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Mrs. Joseph Ptacek was operated upon last Tuesday by Drs. Blomburgh and Pleth.

R. H. Duntley came back on Monday from Fertile where he had been visiting relatives.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur spent several days this week at Crookston visiting with her sister.

Miss Edith Dahl returned last Monday to Moorhead where she is attending the State Normal.

Will Ittner was here visiting his brother on Tuesday on his way to the State University.

A. M. Edstrom returned the first of the week from a visit at his old home in Goodhue county.

Prof. J. B. O'Brien returned from St. Paul last Monday where he had been visiting for a week.

George Ralph, the well known Crookston engineer, was here on business last Thursday.

Wm. Wren and family left last Thursday for Greenbush where they will run a restaurant.

The junior bowling team were at Thief River Falls last Saturday night and met with defeat.

Norman Aimer returned to Hamline Monday after spending the holidays with his parents here.

How are those good resolutions you made at the beginning of the year? Are they still working?

Henry Olson was around with the cigars yesterday announcing the arrival of a new boy at his home.

A course at Buttons Business College, Crookston, Minn., for $25 to all who enroll during January. 4t.

Miss Huldah Vaaler, a daughter of Rev. Vaaler, of Twin Valley, is visiting Miss Huldah Gigstad this week.

Frank Jeffers, the newly elected rogister of deeds, was here from Red Lake Falls last Saturday calling on friends.

Norman W. Hannay left last evening for Pacific coast points where he will look over the country with a view to locating.

J. A. Dainard, salesman for Park, Grant & Morris, left Thursday night for Cincinnati on his holiday vacation.—Fargo Forum.

Ole J. Johnson, the commissioner from this district, is now the chairman of the county board, having been elected last Tuesday.

Nels G. Otterness drove over to Plummer last evening and took the Soo for the cities. He will spend several days in Iowa on land deals.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Glemaker and George Damarel left last Thursday evening for Grand Forks, having closed out their business here.

A crew of men started at work the first of the week putting the planing mill in order. It is the intention of the lumber company to start the planer at work about the 20th of this month. A large number of orders are on hand and it will be busy all winter.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

Business will resume again at the SPECTATOR office as foreman A. F. Ittner is again at work after three weeks of illness.

The I. O. O. F. Lodge will install officers next Thursday and every member in St. Hilaire is earnestly requested to be present at 8 o'clock.

If you want to make a quick sale of your land give Nels G. Otterness, the land man, absolute control of it and he will advertise it until sold.

Henry J. Enderle came over from Plummer last Saturday and made his New Years resolutions here. We won't tell you what they were, however.

A. F. Lang and B. B. Penner came back Wednesday from Roseau county where they had been visiting Mr. Penner's claim and looking over the country.

Someone should present Chris Christophersen, the Hotel Markham runner with a sled. That cart he is using makes a pitiful noise these frosty mornings.

Wm. Biamsness, Chas. Bengson and and R. J. McKercher left on Tuesday with several teams for Blackduck where they will spend the winter in the woods.

The Red River Valley Dairymen and Poultry associations will meet at Crookston February 2, 3, 4. All of our farmers who can attend should do so as there will be much to learn.

—A coming two year old steer came to my place about Dec. 15. Owner can have same by proving property and pay for this notice and keeping. H. Haupt Sec. 28, River Falls township. 3t.

Several loads of young people drove out to Hazel last Saturday evening and enjoyed a social dance in Otterness & Edstrom's new store building. All who were there report having had a first class time.

H. D. Pettibone came in from the woods last Monday and spent a couple of days here looking over the improvements at the mill, leaving Wednesday evening for Minneapolis where he will spend a month.

Sheriff Dan Linnihan in company with Andrew Erickson, P. E. Dainard, Andrew Letvig and Chas. Krohn went out to Wyandotte yesterday to evict Mrs. Hanum from a piece of land which has been under dispute.

The Firemen determined at a meeting Thursday evening to give a Masquerade ball on Wednesday evening, January 25th. Full details will be announced next week. The boys are trying to make it the event of the season.

The county printing was awarded last Tuesday to the Red Lake Falls Courier at the lowest rate ever made in Red Lake county. The tax list, commissioners' proceedings and financial statement will be published in the Thief River Falls News and Press and in the SPECTATOR.

W. B. Lang, a brother of A. F. Lang, of this place, who is cooking in the woods, met with a peculiar accident recently. He was opening a keg of vinegar when the gas which in some way had accumulated, exploded, knocking him insensible. He was taken to a hospital and is recovering.

Bray Mutual.

The Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company held their annual meeting at the village hall last Monday morning. The affairs of the company were never in a more promising condition and the stockholders showed their appreciation by re-electing the old officers, who are:

President—Nels K. Anderson.
Secretary—C. P. Swanson.
Treasurer—Ole Opperud.
Directors—Peter Englestad, P. O. Halstrom, Carl Gerlasch.

The secretary's books show that there is now $319,000 insurance in force and several applications pending.

Has Sold Out.

An important transfer was made last Wednesday when Jens Nelson purchased the interest of his partner, T. S. Thorkelson, in the Imperial Drug Company. It is the intention of Mr Nelson to conduct the business alone in the future. Mr. Thorkelson has not yet decided what he will do or where he will go but it is not probable that he will be a citizen of St. Hilaire much longer.

Married.

On Wednesday, January 4th, by Rev. Amstad, Mrs. Olena Johnson to S. O. Quamen.

The groom is a prosperous farmer from Whynot, N. D., and the bride has been a resident of this village for a long number of years and has many warm friends here who wish the happy couple all kinds of happiness and prosperity. The SPECTATOR adds its congratulations.

Died.

On Friday, January 6th, Mrs. Erick Nelson, age 63 years.

Mrs. Nelson was the mother of Gust Nelson, of this village, and N. A. Nelson, of River Falls, and was one of the pioneer residents of this section. The funeral will take place Sunday from the Swedish Lutheran church.

Notice.

All parties knowing themselves indebted to the Imperial Drug Company are requested to settle their accounts at once, owing to the retirement of Mr. Thorkelson.

IMPERIAL DRUG CO.

Halstad Flour.

I will sell Halstad flour and feed. Good baker's flour at $2.50 per 100; discount for larger amounts.

C. A. SANDUM,
At C. Peterson's, So. Broadway.

Creamery Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the St. Hilaire Creamery Association was held at the village hall last Monday afternoon and there being a very large attendance. The stockholders complimented their officers very highly for the efficient manner in which they had conducted the business the past year. They further complimented the officers by a re-election as follows:

President—Nels K. Anderson.
Vice-president—J. S. Roy.
Secretary—N. A. Nelson.
Treasurer—Chas. Gustafson.
Directors—K. Sundahl, N. K. Anderson, Ole Larson.

Business has been good the past year, they having done a business of nearly twenty thousand dollars. Everyone seems enthusiastic over the future and it looks as if the St. Hilaire creamery was the only successful creamery to run the year around we have in this county.

Guillmette Taken to Pen.

Journal (Wednesday): Joseph Guillmette and Crookston are strangers and will continue so for the remainder of Guillmette's natural life unless some action in the distant future is taken in regard to pardoning him. Last evening the convicted murderer of Mathias Mongeon was taken to Stillwater by Deputy Sheriff Daniels, assisted by D. D. Horton, as guard, and upon his entry into the state prison this morning he will be immediately fitted out with the garb of the life convicts, his hair clipped close, striped clothes put upon him and his existence as a member of society will cease. At the depot last evening Guillmette was adorned with the bracelets, but never moved a muscle. Apparently he has no nerves at all but are made of steel. Not once either during the trial or since has he betrayed any sign of emotion excepting the time when his family, wife and children were referred to.

Hansen Declared Winner.

Judge Grindeland decided last Saturday that Karl M. Hansen, of Thief River Falls, has been elected county treasurer by twenty-seven votes. The returning board gave Ovide Moreau a certificate of election by a majority of seven votes but a re-count of two wards of Red Lake Falls made a change of sixteen in favor of Hansen. It was also shown that in several precincts in the southern part of the county the judges of election failed to swear the voter before allowing him help in the voting booth. This part of the law has never been lived up to in the county and almost any of the defeated candidates who ran close could have contested and won. Mr. Hansen has assumed control of the office and we learn that Mr. Moreau will not appeal so the matter is ended.

Has the Brain Reached Its Limit?

One of the leading magazines recently published an article to the effect that the human brain had reached the limit of its development; that is, that the bodily tissue in the brain is under as much strain as it can stand. This hardly seems logical, as the development along every line is simplifying methods, rather than confusing them, and we are learning to think more clearly, live better and work harder with less effort. Golden grain belt beer thus has a definite use—to rest the mind and body and make their work lighter. That it does this hundreds will testify. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Will Start Thief River Daily.

Two prominent Crookston young men are behind a proposition for the establishment of a daily paper at Thief River Falls and from present indications the deal will go through. It is understood that a plant and equipment has been purchased and that an option upon suitable quarters at the Falls have been secured. Thief River Falls now has three weekly papers and the advent of a daily will make things rather interesting for the newspaper men of that place.—Crookston Journal.

Notice of Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between T. J. Thorkelson and Jens Nelson under the firm name of Imperial Drug Company, is this day dissolved. All claims against the above firm are to be paid by Jens Nelson, to whom is also due all accounts due the firm.

T. J. THORKELSON.
JENS NELSON.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., Jan. 4th, 1905.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lanctot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

WHEAT

With the new year there promises to be some sensational developments in the Wheat market. The fact that prices have been maintained so long, and during the marketing of the crop, in our opinion, justifies the claim that values are not too high. Conditions that have marked the course of the markets in the immediate past are strong, and are working out a situation which means that it will require more than one or two crops of large proportion to change the price to a lower level, if, indeed, former low levels for Wheat have not been passed for all time. European markets, seeing their plans for securing supplies from other countries about to fail, will soon be drawing on us, and probably on a large scale, as the world's shortage in bushels is heavy, while all demands have been increased. Our milling interests are unusually hopeful for a good flour business, and we have bought a great deal of Wheat from outside territory. We look for the shortage of 116,000,000 bushels in the yield of Wheat to be felt from this on. The news cannot be expected to favor lower prices. Records, too, show that this is the season of the year for bull markets. The largest operators are buying Wheat as they have been doing for some time past. Everything indicates that before next Summer we will see such a scarcity of Wheat that the claims of the most rampant bulls as to possible prices will be realized, hence, Wheat should be bought now and held for a very material advance.

EDWARDS-WOOD CO.
(Incorporated)
DEALERS IN
STOCK, GRAIN, PROVISIONS

Shot at Greenbush.

Thief River News: Oliver Mattson, a former resident of this city, was shot and instantly killed at Greenbush Sunday night by Henry McGrath, a carpenter in the employ of the Great Northern. The affair happened at about 10:15 p. m. Mattson was connected with a house of ill fame at Greenbush and on the day which he met his death was crazy drunk. He went to the resort and had considerable trouble with the girls, who became frightened and left the place, going to the Great Northern's carpenter's car, where they were admitted. Later Mattson followed them and he was also admitted into the car. He demanded to be given his money, and foreman Vining told him that he did not have any money belonging to him and that if the girls had money belonging to him they would probably return it to him in the morning. Mattson at once hauled out a revolver which he flourished around and told everybody in the car to look out or he would shoot. Henry McGrath then drew his revolver and fired two shots at Mattson. The first shot went wide of the mark, but the second shot hit Mattson just over the eye and killed him instantly. McGrath at once gave himself up to the authorities and the coroner of Roseau county was notified.

Mattson lived in this city for some time and is quite well known here. His parents reside about five miles southeast of town and a brother now lives in this city.

McGrath was taken to Roseau, the county seat of Roseau county, and he will remain in jail until the grand jury meets unless he is able to furnish bonds. The general impression seems to be that they will never be able to convict him of murder.

A coroner's inquest was held Tuesday night. The verdict rendered was to the effect that Oliver Mattson died as a result of a bullet fired by Henry McGrath.

Cider and Pop Sold at a Premium.

Crookston Times (Tuesday): If a "person had been in a trance" for three weeks and came out of it yesterday it would have been very easy to decide that it was either New Years day or the day after by a short visit in any of the saloons where the result of New Years resolutions that had not been fractured was very apparent. By 4 o'clock in the afternoon sweet cider, pop, ginger ale and seltzer was at a premium and most places had run out completely. The corkscrews used on beer bottles were beginning to show the inroads of rust and the whiskey decanters were all dusty on top, not having been touched during the day. Later in the day the lemons were all gone and even lemonade was not on sale. The brewers are thinking of taking off their wagons for a few days till the annual breaking of New Years resolves starts, when they will be compelled to double their forces for several months to supply the demand.

Coaches in France.

As regards the history of coaches in France, Henry IV. was assassinated in 1610. Soon after his death some engravings were published representing him being murdered in his carriage by Ravaillac. It is from these that we get a fair idea of the coaches.

They are simply square boxes, measuring by scale six feet in length by three and a half feet in width, on four wheels of the same diameter, without any springs or straps and seating six persons in all—namely, two with their backs to the horses, two facing them and two more, one on each side of the two "boots" at the side. Each vehicle had a roof, resting on light columns, and curtains to draw or to let down.

This agrees well with the received accounts of the incident, according to one version of which Henry rode in an open carriage, and according to another that as soon as the fatal blow was delivered by the assassin the king's attendant who rode with him in the carriage drew the curtains, and, hiding the king from public view, assured the enraged people that he was only wounded.—Notes and Queries.

Cut Off at Bargain Rates.

Percy—Young Rapidgait had hard luck. He was disinherited recently.
Harold—Cut off without a dollar, eh?
Percy—No. His mother did the disinheriting. He was cut off with 93 cents.
—Pittsburg Post.

All the More Annoying.

"But his statement about you is a tissue of malicious lies, is it not?"

"No; it's a very substantial combination of malicious lies, with a tissue of malicious truth."—Philadelphia Ledger.

An acre of good fishing ground will yield more food in a week than an acre of the best land will in a year.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Order for Hearing Proof of Will.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—SS.
In Probate Court,
Special Term, December 22, 1904.

In the matter of the estate of Alfred Dainard, deceased:

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Alfred Dainard, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Mrs. M. N. Dainard has filed therewith her petition representing, among other things, that said Alfred Dainard died in said county, on the 28th day of August, 1904, testate, and that said petitioner is the executrix named in said last will and testament, of Alfred Dainard, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Mrs. M. N. Dainard;

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office in the village of Red Lake Falls, in said county, on Monday, the 16th day of January, A. D. 1905, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire, in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 22nd day of December, A. D. 1904.

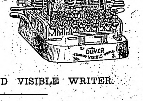
By the Court,
[Seal] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

PRICES TUMBLE
in an alarming fashion during this clearance sale of
Clothing.
Winter for us is over, so out must go our Winter Clothing without regard for values. But winter isn't over for you. So come and get an extra suit or coat at a figure which you can well afford. It will even pay you to buy for next year at our present prices.
RAPP & POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

IF You want to sell your Farm,
List it with
Nels G. Otterness
THE LAND MAN, - ST. HILAIRE,
...and he will find you a Buyer.
Will buy Wild and Improved Lands for cash if prices are right.

This is a Poor Time
to have your property insured in
..Cheap Fire Insurance Companies..
I represent twelve of the best companies doing business in the United States. They never fail to pay all losses promptly........
REMEMBER THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST
H. E. IVES - - ST. HILAIRE, ... MINN.

Don't buy a Typewriter on a worn-out reputation......
Investigate the merits of the
Oliver



THE STANDARD VISIBLE WRITER.
Send for a handsomely illustrated art Catalogue, free for the asking.
The Oliver Typewriter Co.
332 Hennepin Ave. :::::: Minneapolis, Minn.

Billiard and Sample Room
WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
Wines and Liquors
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
CIGARS.
BEER.
MINNEAPOLIS AND MILWAUKEE BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.
"CORNER SALOON" South of the Bank.

Great Northern Railway.....
No. 3, THE "FLYER".
ONLY MORNING TRAIN
from
ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
FOR MONTANA and the PACIFIC COAST
Makes Immediate Connection with Limited and Fast Mail Trains from Chicago and the East.
EVERY DAY.

WINCHESTER
FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Dead History Brought to Light.

Cornwallis was instructing his officers.

"When we route the Americans," he was saying, "bring the First corps to the hotel and we'll celebrate."

"My lord," said an aide-de-camp, "there ain't goin' to be no corps."

This was the origin of the expression.—Chicago Journal.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Orra Armstrong, Minneapolis, Minn., hydrocarbon burner; William Collins, Frazee, Minn., eraser cleaner; Hermann Dittbenner, Minneapolis, Minn., saw mill hog; Ole Halla, Minneapolis, Minn., double-acting spring hinge; Gusday Klugel, Thielman, Minn., draft attachment for vehicles; Alphonse La Breche, Jefferson, S. D., stock waterer; William Law, St. Paul, Minn., elevated track; Marshall Loyd, Minneapolis, Minn., vehicle wheel.

He Wondered.

The Pastor's Little Boy—You never joke at a funeral, do you, papa?

The Pastor—Certainly not, my son.

The Pastor's Little Boy—Then why do you sometimes say, papa, that the dead man has gone to his eternal rest and joined the heavenly choir?—Puck.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa

Easy to Find Out.

May—I wish I knew whether the duke intended to propose.

Pamela—Why don't you inquire of his solicitors?—Town Topics.

A Coincidence.

Darby was telling a whopper about a thing he said he had witnessed.

"Well, sir," he said, "I could hardly believe my eyes."

"Strange coincidence," Bettles responded. "I can hardly believe your tongue."—Brooklyn Eagle.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Accounting For It.

"His face was decorated with court plaster."

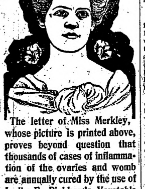
"I suppose so. I think he learned to shave in a correspondence school."—

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Kiss a woman's baby and agree with her about her enemies and you have won a friend.

Fun ceases to be so funny when it comes to be a matter of business.

A mule that draws well is an artist in his line.



The letter of Miss Merkley, whose picture is printed above, proves beyond question that thousands of cases of inflammation of the ovaries and womb are annually cured by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Gradual loss of strength and nerve force told me something was radically wrong with me. I had severe shooting pains through the pelvic organs, cramps and extreme irritation compelled me to seek medical advice. The doctor said that I had ovarian trouble and ulceration, and advised an operation. I strongly objected to this and decided to try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** I soon found that my judgment was correct, and that all the good things said about this medicine were true, and day by day I felt less pain and increased appetite. The ulceration soon healed, and the other complications disappeared, and in eleven weeks I was once more strong and vigorous and perfectly well.

"My heartiest thanks are sent to you for the great good you have done me."—Sincerely yours, MISS MARGARET MERKLEY, 275 Third St., Milwaukee, Wis.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

HEALS WITHOUT A SCAR

KING CACTUS OIL

Sold by druggists in 15c, 50c and $1 bottles, 25c and 50c decorated cans. Our interesting booklet "Practical Information" mailed free if you mention this paper. If your druggist does not handle King Cactus Oil send us his name and 10c for postage and we will mail you a trial bottle free.

OLNEY & McDAID, Mfrs.
CLINTON, IOWA

BEGGS' CHERRY COUGH SYRUP cures coughs and colds.

STATE OPENS TRIAL OF KOCH

GEN. CHILDS OUTLINES TO THE JURY THE CASE AGAINST DR. KOCH.

CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE

PROSECUTION ADMITS THAT IT CAN PROVE NO ADEQUATE MOTIVE.

PENCIL MAY BE A FACTOR

SEVEN WITNESSES EXAMINED BUT NOTHING NEW IS BROUGHT OUT.

New Ulm, Minn., Jan. 5.—The taking of testimony in the Koch murder trial began yesterday morning. Seven days were spent in securing a jury, and the end of the tedious grind came somewhat unexpectedly shortly after court convened yesterday. The second talesman examined proved satisfactory to both sides and the jury was complete.

The twelfth man is Joseph Grathwohl, a farmer of the town of Linden.

Following the completion of the jury Gen. H. W. Childs, on behalf of the state, outlined the case against Dr. G. R. Koch for the murder of Dr. L. A. Gebhardt, both young dentists of New Ulm, whom everybody supposed were the best of friends. There was nothing startling in Gen. Childs' statement, nothing that was not known before, but the mere recital of events incident to Dr. Gebhardt's murder was sufficient to afford a dramatic background to the prosaic court proceedings.

Rely on Circumstantial Evidence.

According to Gen. Childs' statement Dr. Koch is charged with planning and executing one of the most cold-blooded and revolting crimes in the history of Minnesota. The state in its case against Dr. Koch will rely entirely on circumstantial evidence. Mr. Childs confessed that the prosecution can prove no adequate motive, but he insists that the chain of circumstances surrounding Dr. Gebhardt's murder is sufficiently strong to hold Dr. Koch as the guilty man. Among other things, the state will attempt to prove that Dr. Koch for some time prior to the murder had designs on Dr. Gebhardt's life: that he sent him poison; that he made remarks indicative of ill-feeling toward the murdered dentist. Without presuming on the probable verdict of the jury or in any way presuming to forecast the state's case other than as outlined by Gen. Childs it is safe to say that the chances are all against the conviction of Dr. Koch. Nobody in New Ulm now expectos it.

Coroner on Stand.

There was nothing new brought out in the testimony yesterday. B. L. Fritchie, the coroner, was the first witness called. He testified regarding the killing of Dr. Gebhardt on Nov. 1, and to the incidents, within his knowledge, surrounding the murder. Dr. Fritchie produced the blood-stained handkerchief and the hammer which the supposed murderer left behind. With the hammer the murderer evidently delivered at least three fatal blows at the unfortunate dentist, and with the handkerchief attempted to remove the bloody evidence of guilt from the hammer. Both were properly identified and admitted as evidence, over the objections of the defense.

Pencil May Cut Figure.

An advertising pencil purporting to have been found near the left vest pocket of Dr. Gebhardt may cut much figure in the trial. The state apparently is going on the theory that the pencil was given to Dr. Koch when he visited the office of Holdale & Somsen shortly before the murder, and that it dropped from his pocket while he was hacking away with a knife at the prostrate body of Dr. Gebhardt. While it did not come out in the trial yesterday there is an intimation from the defense that two pencils will be shown, one which was exhibited at the coroner's inquest and one which was exhibited yesterday in court.

Seven of the state's witnesses were on the stand yesterday.

KEMPF GETS HIS BOND.

Deposed Treasurer of Wisconsin Is Again in Office.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 5.—John J. Kempf, deposed from the state treasurership Sept. 5 on account of a shortage and re-elected in November, took possession again yesterday morning. A bond of $600,000, demanded by Gov. La Follette, was furnished by Mr. Kempf.

Farmer Drops Dead.

Postville, Iowa, Dec. 5.—Charles Wegner, a well-to-do farmer living a mile south of Postville, drove a bunch of cattle to market here, and just as he had finished weighing them he dropped dead from heart failure.

Small Blaze at Tabor.

Yankton, S. D., Jan. 5.—An incendiary fire at Tabor destroyed the Kukrall dance hall and restaurant and the print shop of the Tabor Independent, W. A. Glasner, editor. The total loss will exceed $2,000.

Killed While Making Arrest.

St. Paul, Jan. 4.—Patrolman Richard Cronin, aged fifty-two, and for seventeen years a member of the St. Paul police department, died suddenly at 1 o'cloock last night as he was being carried from the Margaret street station patrol wagon into the station. It is thought that his death was due to a kick in the abdomen received in an encounter with Charles Olson, 610 Reany street, who was under arrest on a charge of disorderly conduct at his home.

GOLD OUTPUT RECORDS BROKEN.

South Dakota and Alaska Dig Up Much of It.

Washington, Jan. 5.—The preliminary figures upon the production of gold and silver in the United States in 1904, submitted to the director of the mint, show larger gains over the preceding year than were expected. Nearly every state of important yield has increased its output. Colorado produced about $4,000,000 more than in 1903. California has made the best output for many years. South Dakota and alaska have beaten their previous best records. The preliminary figures by states and territories are as follows:

States and Territories—	Gold, 1904.	Silver, 1904, Fine Ounces.
Alabama	$20,000	200
Alaska	9,000,000	184,200
Arizona	4,250,000	3,400,000
California	19,000,000	1,380,000
Colorado	20,000,000	1,500,000
Georgia	99,000	1,900
Idaho	1,060,000	7,000,000
Kansas	9,700	97,400
Maryland	2,800	......
Michigan	......	50,000
Montana	4,960,000	12,750,000
Nevada	5,140,000	4,500,000
New Mexico	248,000	180,000
North Carolina	116,000	13,000
Oregon	1,300,000	132,000
South Carolina	113,200	600
South Dakota	7,270,000	185,900
Tennessee	200	50,100
Texas	......	454,500
Utah	4,700,000	10,500,000
Virginia	3,300	1,200
Washington	310,000	200,000
Wyoming	40,500	13,800
Totals	$84,551,300	53,603,000
Klondike	10,300,000	......
Nome (incl. in Alas)	4,876,500	40,300

MAN HUNT IN ST. PAUL.

Lynching Is Narrowly Averted in Suburb of St. Paul.

St. Paul, Jan. 5.—The arrival of a street car possibly prevented a lynching at St. Anthony Park yesterday afternoon, when a posse had captured Charles M. Banks, after two girls had been held up, beaten and robbed. The people of that vicinity have been wrought up to a high pitch by a series of hold-ups and assaults during the past few weeks, and after the capture yesterday afternoon a crowd gathered and made a rush for the prisoner. The man's captors held back the crowd with guns until the car came, on which the prisoner was brought to St. Paul and put in jail. The man was caught by a posse yesterday afternoon after two young women had been slugged and robbed.

BLOODHOUNDS ON TRAIL.

Seek Man Who Murdered Aged Recluse for Purpose of Robbery.

Brooklyn, Iowa, Jan. 5.—Bloodhounds are on the trail of men who Tuesday night murdered Tom Reed, an aged recluse living near this place. Reed's body was found yesterday morning by his son, lying across the door sill of the little house where he lived alone. He had been shot through thte stomach. The house had undergone a thorough search. Bed clothes had been cut open and drawers emptied on the floor. It was generally reported that the old man kept money in the house and the motive of the murder was evidently robbery. The dogs are hot on the trail.

TIME IS EXTENDED

For the Making of Settlements on the Rosebud and Devils Lake Lands.

Washington, Jan. 5.—The senate committee on public lands yesterday favorably reported the bill of Senator Gamble of South Dakota extending the time within which settlers may establish their residence on the Rosebud Indian reservation until May 1. The bill was amended so as to include settlers on Devils Lake reservation of North Dakota.

Senator Hansbrough introduced a bill for the construction of a public building at Devils Lake to cost $150,000.

Veteran Murdered.

Marshalltown, Iowa, Jan. 5.—Tom Reed, aged eighty years, a veteran of the Mexican war, living near Brooklyn, was found by his son yesterday morning, murdered. He lived alone and had made a desperate struggle for his life, a hammer being found in his nerveless hands. He was shot through the stomach. Bloodhounds have been sent for to chase the murderer.

False Teeth Exploded.

Galesburg, Mich., Jan. 5.—Mrs. Loren Atwater suffered a seriously lacerated mouth and tongue yesterday from the explosion of her false teeth. She heated her face to relieve neuralgia, and then suddenly placed a piece of ice in her mouth. The sudden change of temperature caused the accident.

May Celebrate Treaty Signing.

Deadwood, S. D., Jan. 5.—There is a strong feeling throughout the Black Hills that the treaty signing of Feb. 28, 1877, ought to be recognized this year by some sort of a celebration. It was twenty-eight years ago that the Black Hills of South Dakota were thrown open to the white man.

Hays Takes Hold.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Willett M. Hays of St. Paul, and also connected with the Minnesota agricultural college, assumed his duties yesterday as assistant secretary of agriculture.

Dies at Age of 107.

Marinette, Wis., Jan. 5.—Mrs. Margaret Downey of this city, aged 107 years, died at Pentoga, Mich., while visiting her daughter. She was born in New York State, coming here sixty years ago.

Woman Burned to Death.

Le Sueur, Minn., Jan. 5.—Miss Bertha Fuhrman, aged thirty years, was burned to death in her mother's home here while alone, her clothing having caught fire in some unknown manner.

Unusual Honor for Taft.

Cincinnati, Jan. 1.—The Cincinnati chamber of commerce has given William H. Taft, secretary of war, the rare honor of a unanimous election by its board of directors as an honorary life member. The only other instance of the kind was the election years ago of Senator Pendleton to the same membership.

Brussels, Jan. 1.—Many persons were killed or injured in Belgium by a terrific hurricane yesterday, which also caused much damage to property.

THREE YEARS AFTER.

Eugene E. Lario, of 751 Twentieth avenue, ticket seller in the Union Station, Denver, Col., says: "You are at liberty to repeat what I first stated through our Denver papers about Doan's Kidney Pills in the summer of 1899, for I have had no reason in the interim to change my opinion of that remedy. I was subject to severe attacks of backache, always aggravated if I sat long at a desk. Doan's Kidney Pills absolutely stopped my backache. I have never had a pain or a twinge since."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents per box.

Hey, Diddle, Diddle.

"Let us fly," urged the Dish.

"Lawks-a-day!" giggled the spoon, yielding in sweet confusion. "A'ybody'd think you was a Loving Cup!"

That is to say, the ancient rhyme relates the fact not otherwise than as it was, but with an infelicity paucity of detail.—Puck.

A Stayer.

"Yes," said he, letting her out another notch beyond the speed limit, "the automobile has come to stay."

Then the machine slowed down, gave a shudder or two and a dry, rasping cough, and stopped.

"You were right," said his guest, a few hours later, as they trudged wearily into town.—Houston Post.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
{ SEAL } Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Queen Makes Good Farmer.

The queen of the Netherlands is an enthusiastic farmer. A dairy has been established in connection with the royal castle at Loo, and it is run on regular business lines by its owner, large quantities of butter and milk being sold regularly from the dairy, which is now self-supporting and profitable.—Kansas City Journal.

Sex In Questions.

There is a sex in questions.

"How so?"

"Why, 'Will she have him?' is essentially masculine, while 'Can she get him?' is the feminine of it."—New York Press.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

A Sense of Fairness.

"Do you believe that army officers ought to marry none but rich girls?"

"Well," said Mrs. Cumrox, thoughtfully. "I don't see why she might not as well let our money go to the army as to the foreign nobility."—Washington Star.

HER ULTIMATUM.

Why She Objected to Papa's Matrimonial Assistance.

"There is one thing I want distinctly understood," said the only daughter of the household, as she cornered her parents and looked as though she were issuing a proclamation of war. "I want no more interference in my affairs, so far as the young men who come here are concerned. I'm old enough to exercise my own opinions. You two act as though you thought some young man was trying to marry the whole family, and that it devolves upon you to make a satisfactory selections. You have succeeded in running off two or three for whom I had a special liking, and now I call a halt. That's my ultimatum."

"See here, Gladys, I'll not permit any such talk to your father. I guess we know what is best for you, and we certainly have your welfare at heart. I give you to distinctly understand—"

"I do distinctly understand. You broke my last engagement by sitting at the table and telling George that I baked the hot biscuits that I never saw until they were served. One dose of them ruined his digestion, and I don't blame him for not risking his life with such supposed danger as a constant menace."

Then she fled in tears, and the pair went to upbraiding each other in a manner that tended to revive the old conundrum as to whether marriage is a failure.—New York Press.

HABIT'S CHAIN

Certain Habits Unconsciously Formed and Hard to Break.

An ingenious philosopher estimates that the amount of will power necessary to break a life-long habit would, if it could be transformed, lift a weight of many tons.

It sometimes requires a higher degree of heroism to break the chains of a pernicious habit than to lead a forlorn hope in a bloody battle. A lady writes from an Indiana town:

"From my earliest childhood I was a lover of coffee. Before I was out of my teens I was a miserable dyspeptic, suffering terribly at times with my stomach.

"I was convinced that it was coffee that was causing the trouble, and yet I could not deny myself a cup for breakfast. At the age of 36 I was in very poor health indeed. My sister told me I was in danger of becoming a coffee drunkard.

"But I never could give up drinking coffee for breakfast, although it kept me constantly ill, until I tried Postum. I learned to make it properly according to directions, and now we can hardly do without Postum for breakfast, and care nothing at all for coffee.

"I am no longer troubled with dyspepsia, do not have spells of suffering with my stomach that used to trouble me so when I drank coffee." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in each pkg. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

CONGRESS.

Senate Plunges Into Consideration of Statehood Bill.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Upon reconvening yesterday after the holiday recess the senate plunged directly into the consideration of the bill for the admission of two states to be composed of Arizona and New Mexico and Oklahoma and Indian Territory. A motion by Mr. Beveridge to take up the bill prevailed by a two-thirds majority. Mr. Heyburn, who renewed his effort to get up the pure food bill, voted with the Democrats on one roll call, but with this exception the Republicans voted solidly to proceed with the consideration of the statehood bill and the Democrats solidly against the course. A motion by Mr. Bate to recommit was voted down. Mr. Nelson spoke at length in advocacy of the bill.

A bill introduced in the house by Representative Stevens of Minnesota proposes to amend the interstate commerce act so as to bring within the control of interstate commerce commission private car companies engaged in carrying freight traffic and to place such companies under the jurisdiction of the interstate commerce law. Provision is made against granting discriminating rates or rebates.

LULL IN COLORADO.

Legislature Not Ready to Take Up Gubernatorial Contest.

Denver, Colo., Jan. 5—No action was taken by the legislature yesterday looking toward a settlement of the gubernatorial contest and it is not likely that anything in this direction will be undertaken at the first session to-day.

The house progressed rapidly with its work, effected its permanent organization by electing William H. Dickson as speaker, and just before an hour's recess taken at 2 o'clock sent word to the senate that it was prepared to enter into joint session for the purpose of hearing the governor's message and of canvassing the vote. The senate, however, made no such progress as the house, and when it adjourned at 3:30 was not prepared to enter upon a joint session.

AGED STATESMAN INDICTED.

George H. Williams of Portland, Or., Charged With Malfeasance.

Portland, Or., Jan. 5.—George H. Williams, ex-chief justice of Oregon Territory, former United States senator from the State of Oregon, attorney general in President Grant's second cabinet, mayor of Portland and a man with the snow of eighty-three winters upon his head, was indicted by the grand jury of Multnomah county yesterday on the charge of malfeasance in office. The indictment states that on July 13, 1904, Judge Williams was mayor of Portland, and while acting in that capacity refused to enforce the statutes regarding gambling.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Jan. 5.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.09 1-4@1.10; No. 2 Northern, $1.04@1.05; No. 3, 95 @ 98 1-8c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 40@41c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28@28 1-2c.

Minneapolis, Jan. 5.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.14 5-8; No. 1 Northern, $1.12 3-8; No. 2 Northern, $1.06 7-8@1.07 1-8. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 1-8c.

Duluth, Jan. 5.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.13 3-4; No. 2 Northern, $1.05 3-4; flax, $1.23 1-2; rye, 71c.

Milwaukee, Jan. 5.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.15; No. 2 Northern, $1.07 @ 1.10. Rye—No. 1, 77 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 53c. Oats—Standard, 30 1-2@31c. Corn—No. 3, 43 @ 43 1-4c.

Chicago, Jan. 5.—Wheat—No. 2 red, $1.17 1-2; No. 3 red, $1.12 @ 1.14 1-2; No. 2 hard, $1.12 1-2@1.14 1-2; No. 3 hard, $1.05 @ 1.12 1-2; No. 1 Northern, $1.17@1.20; No. 2 Northern, $1.10 3-4@1.15. Corn—No. 2, 45 1-2@47 1-8c. Oats—No. 2, 30 1-2c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Jan. 5.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.50 @ 6; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.25@3.50; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.60; calves and yearlings, $2.25 @ 3.25. Hogs—Bulk, $4.40 @ 4.55.

Chicago, Jan. 5.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $6.25@6.50; stockers and feeders, $2.20 @ 4; cows, $1.40 @ 4; heifers, $2@5; calves, $3.50 @ 6.75. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $4.45 @ 4.70; bulk of sales, $4.55@4.65. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $4.60@5.50; native lambs, $5 @ 6.85; Western lambs, $5.50@6.75.

South St. Paul, Jan. 5.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50 @ 6; good to choice cows and heifers, $2.65 @3.50; butcher bulls, $2.35@3; veals, $2 @ 5; good to choice stock steers, $2.75@3.65; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs—Range price, $4.15@4.50; bulk, $4.25@4.35. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $5.75@6.25; fair to good, $5.50 @ 5.75; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.25; good to choice ewes, $4@4.25.

Breaks False Leg on Ice.

Jersey City, N. J., Jan. 5.—While plodding home in the storm last night, Joseph Newton fell on the ice and broke his artificial leg. He was carried home in the patrol wagon.

Pals Help Two Break Jail.

Hudson, Wis., Jan. 5.—The alleged horse thief, Sam B. Tripp and George Burton, said to be well known in St. Paul, broke jail here last night. By aid of pals from the outside, with a suitable saw the cut a hole through the wire screen, sawed a steel bar an inch in diameter and climbed out.

Three Killed by Train.

Washington, Pa., Jan. 5—Three men were instantly killed here last night by a west-bound train on the Chartiers railway at Canton avenue.

HAS SMALL FOUNDATION.

Story of Heavy Insurance Placed on the Life of Emperor Nicholas.

London, Jan. 1.—It transpired today that the only foundation for the story of the heavy insurance of the life of Emperor Nicholas at Lloyds here by holders of Russian bonds was the fact that an individual yesterday proposed to take out a policy for $5,000 on the Russian emperor's life at 15 guineas per thousand for a year. He to-day took out a policy for $2,500 at that rate.

SISTERS OF CHARITY

Uses Pe-ru-na for Coughs, Colds, Grip and Catarrh—A Congressman's Letter.

In every country of the civilized world Sisters of Charity are known. Not only do they minister to the spiritual and intellectual needs of the charges committed to their care, but they also minister to their bodily needs.

With so many children to take care of and to protect from climate and disease, these wise and prudent Sisters have found Peruna a never failing safeguard.

Dr. Hartman receives many letters from Catholic Sisters from all over the United States. A recommend recently received from a Catholic institution in Detroit, Mich., reads as follows:

Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio:

Dear Sir: "The young girl who used the Peruna was suffering from laryngitis and loss of voice. The result of the treatment was most satisfactory. She found great relief, and after further use of the medicine we hope to be able to say she is entirely cured."
—Sisters of Charity.

The young girl was under the care of the Sisters of Charity and used Peruna for catarrh of the throat with good results as the above letter testifies.

Send to The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio, for a free book written by Dr. Hartman.

The following letter is from Congressman Meekison, of Napoleon, Ohio:

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen: "I have used several bottles of Peruna, and feel greatly benefited thereby from my catarrh of the head, and feel encouraged to believe that its continued use will fully eradicate a disease of thirty years' standing."—David Meekison.

David Meekison.

Dr. Hartman, one of the best known physicians and surgeons in the United States, was the first man to formulate Peruna. It was through his genius and perseverance that it was introduced to the medical profession of this country.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

HARD WORK MAKES STIFF JOINTS
RUB WITH MEXICAN
MUSTANG LINIMENT
GOOD FOR ANY ACHE OR INJURY TO MAN OR BEAST
THAT IS CURABLE BY A LINIMENT
RUB IT IN HARD

Evidently a Mistake.

Him—I envy Jack de Borem. He takes life so easy.

Her—You must be mistaken as to his taking life easy.

Him—Why do you think so?

Her—He tried to talk me to death last night.—Chicago News.

One way to improve the memory is to assume for a moment that you have everything you want.

If a bachelor is subject to hay fever he should avoid grass widows.

Love is never satisfied until it gets both arms full.

Cole's Carbolisalve
Instantly stops the pain of
Burns and Scalds.
Always heals without scars.
25 and 50c by druggists, or mailed on receipt of price by J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis
KEEP A BOX HANDY

Your Daily Bread is better if made with
YEAST FOAM
The Wonderful Yeast

Yeast Foam is the yeast that raised the First Grand Prize at the St. Louis Exposition. Sold by all dealers at 5c a package—enough for 40 loaves. Send postal card for new illustrated book "Good Bread: How to Make It."

NORTHWESTERN YEAST CO.
Chicago, Ill.

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Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

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Muscles
They should be firm as whipcord, full of vigor, if you desire to enjoy physical life like a well trained athlete. They in every line of sport use and endorse this muscle tonic and invigorator,
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
They find that it takes away any stiffness, soreness or the staleness from over-practice, if used daily as a rub-down. With it they stand any strain. 25 cents, three times as much 50 cents.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

GOOD OIL
Costs a trifle more than the cheap kind.
USE CORNPLANTER X OIL
No smoky chimneys, dirty lamps.
Safe, reliable. All grocers.
St. Paul. Minneapolis.
CORNPLANTER OIL CO.

TWENTY BUSHELS OF WHEAT TO THE ACRE
160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE
Is the record on the Free Homestead Lands of Western Canada for 1904.

The 150,000 farmers from the United States, who during the past seven years have gone to Canada participate in this prosperity.

The United States will soon become an importer of wheat. Get a free homestead or purchase a farm in Western Canada, and become one of those who will help produce it.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

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ALL important news; a brilliant magazine feature every day; departments devoted to literature, poetry, art, science, education, religion, hygiene, domestic economy, fashions, travels, recreations, business, markets, etc. Nothing admitted to reading or advertising columns which parents cannot read to their children. Subscription price $1 a year; 75c for 6 mo.; 50c for 3 mo. Subscribe to-day. Chicago Review Co., 399 Coca-Cola Building, Chicago, Ill.

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25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 14, 1905. NUMBER 26

NEW ULM MURDER.

Dr. Koch on Trial for the Murder of Dr. Gebhardt.

WORKING OUT POISON THEORY

PROSECUTION ATTEMPTS TO SHOW THAT KOCH SENT THE POISON.

TABLETS WERE AVAILABLE

DOCTOR IN ADJOINING OFFICE TO KOCH SAYS HE MISSED STRYCHNINE.

New Ulm, Minn., Jan. 10.—The second week of the Koch murder trial ends with the state not more than well started in its presentation of evidence. Little that is new thus far has been brought out in the testimony, and it is evident that the state depends, as Gen. Childs said in his opening statement, upon circumstantial evidence to prove Dr. Koch's guilt.

The attorneys for the state made no further attempt Saturday to get Detective Rydell on the stand to testify regarding the bloodstains on the door of the creamery, where it is claimed Dr. Koch stopped to wash his hands while on his way home. The objection of the defense to the introduction of this evidence may succeed in shutting it out altogether, although the matter has not been ruled upon by the court.

Puts Poison in Evidence.

The state diverted Saturday from the course which has been followed and began touching upon the theory of premeditation. All the testimony offered during the afternoon and part of the forenoon related to the supposed bottle of poison which was sent to Dr. Gebhardt about a week before the murder.

The state will attempt to prove by a series of circumstances that the poison was sent by Dr. Koch. The same question confronts the state here, however, as in the case of the creamery door testimony. Against the objections of the defense the state is being allowed to offer testimony on the bottle of poison, while the understanding is that unless it is proved Dr. Koch was concerned in the incident all the evidence will be stricken from the records. The defense succeeded in disqualifying one of the state's witnesses relative to the poison theory leaving a flaw in the chain of circumstances.

Bribery Is Intimated.

The other feature of Saturday's proceeding was the evident success of the defense in impeaching, by implication at least, the state's star witness in the identification of the hammer found near Dr. Gebhardt's body.

Edgar Dingler, a young teamster, swore that he saw the hammer at the Koch residence about seven or eight months ago, and that he saw it shortly after harvest time in 1903 at the Koch barn. Dingler's cross-examination was spectacular, with a view to establishing that he had asserted on the streets and in saloons, that he expected $500 for his testimony. He denied having made such statements, but the defense expects to put witnesses on the stand to prove that he did. It is understood that the defense will make a direct charge of bribery, the purpose being to impeach Dingler's testimony by his own words.

MONDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The Attempted Poison Theory of the Prosecution Further Developed.

New Ulm, Minn., Jan. 11.—Should Dr. G. R. Koch be convicted of the murder of Dr. L. A. Gebhardt, the verdict of the jury will be based as much as anything on the testimony of Dr. O. C. Strickler, offered yesterday afternoon. The physician evidently was an unwilling witness, but his conduct on the stand was everything that could be desired of a straight forward man.

Dr. Strickler is a close friend of Dr. Koch, occupying adjoining offices with the dentist and with Dr. Vogel, another physician. They used the same reception room. They

Saw Much of Each Other

both during and outside office hours. Dr. Strickler for three years has been like an older brother of Dr. Koch.

The physician was called by the state to testify as to eighty-five or ninety sulphate of strychnine tablets which he missed from his instrument case nearly a month before the murder, and about five weeks after the bottle of poison was sent to Dr. Gebhardt. He was requested also te testify as to Dr. Koch's manner after the murder, the injuries to Dr. Koch's hands and the conversation which the accused had with the accused man relative to the murder.

Shows Tablets Were Available.

Dr. Strickler's testimony did not directly connect Dr. Koch either with the murder or the sending of the poison, but it was developed that the strychnine tablets were available to Dr. Koch. The witness' examination by Gen. Childs was listened to intently by every one in the court room.

When court convened in the morning Judge Webber announced that he had made a mistake in ruling out Elizabeth Meskam's testimony Saturday as to mailing the blue boxes to Dr. Koch and Dr. Gebhardt Oct. 7. The court cited a decision of the supreme court covering records which may not refresh the memory of the witness.

Typewriter in Evidence.

The second feature of the day was the attempt of the state to prove that the typewritten address on the poison package was written on a certain make of machine in an insurance office across the hall from Dr. Koch's office.

Two expert witnesses were brought on from St. Paul who testified that a typewriting machine with letters out of alignment has an individuality which cannot be duplicated in another machine. Both were positive that the address had been written on the typewriter in the insurance office.

TUESDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Witness Testifies That Koch Said Some One Would Kill Gebhardt.

New Ulm, Minn., Jan. 12.—A climax in the Koch murder trial was reached shortly before 5 o'clock yesterday when Gen. Childs, in behalf of the state, said that the prosecution had about concluded its presentation of testimony.

"A. P. Brooks is said to be an eye witness of the murder," said Gen. Childs, "but he will not be called to the stand by the state. The state has produced Mr. Brooks in court and he may be called by either side or by the court."

Gen. Childs said he thought Mr. Brooks should be called as a witness by the court.

Judge Webber ordered the jury sent out, and when the bailiffs had withdrawn the jurors, L. L. Brown, for the defense, addressed the court, saying:

State Should Call Him.

"The witness mentioned by Gen. Childs appears to have been an eye witness. He was in the immediate neighborhood. The state should call him."

Mr. Brown moved that the state be directed to call Brooks as a witness, which he said should be done in justice to the defendant, and the case was left there when the court adjourned.

The defense is sincere in its motion, for Brooks made an affidavit of record in court in a manner exonerating Dr. Koch. In case Judge Webber decides to call Brooks as a witness, the defense will offer to produce him as their first witness, subject to cross-examination by the state.

Says Koch Predicted Murder.

A sensation was developed at the opening of court in the morning. Ole H. Ulen of Lake Hansha was recalled by the state. The witness told how Dr. Koch had talked of the possible death of Dr. Gebhardt. He said:

"I had some teeth pulled. When I showed him my mouth he saw that one tooth was pulled. He asked me who pulled it and I told him Dr. Gebhardt.

He asked me who sent me there, and I told him Holdale's clerk. He said he did not see how it was I went there, as Gebhardt was no better than anybody else. He said 'Dr. Gebhardt will not be there much longer.'

"Some One Will Kill Him."

"'Is he rich?' I asked.

"'No,' he said, 'but some one will kill him.'

"He asked me whether I could or would do it. I told him I would not do it for the whole of New Ulm. He said it was not worth that much.

"I said the man who would do that would be punished. He said they could not get him."

Senator Somerville's cross-examination was for the purpose of showing that the witness could not understand English well and that he was not well acquainted with the defendant.

Hillmer Holdale, law clerk in Holdale & Somsen's office, was called as a witness. He testified that he had held conversations with Dr. Koch in which the latter showed ill feeling toward Dr. Gebhardt. The talks were in Dr. Koch's laboratory.

MURDER, NOT SUICIDE.

Osage, Iowa, Jan. 11. — On Oct. 15, 1895, a school teacher named Price V. Evans was found dead a short distance from Osage. It was supposed at the time to be a case of self-destruction. Recent developments, however, show that it was murder, and several detectives are on the trail. It was discovered that the records pertaining to the inquest have been stolen from the court house, and the detectives offer $50 reward for the conviction of the thief.

Fire at Bemidji.

Bemidji, Minn., Jan. 12. — Fire in "whisky row" yesterday morning destroyd six business houses, mostly saloons, at a loss of $50,000; insurance about half.

Assaulted Man May Die.

Clinton, Iowa, Jan. 12.—Jens Veersmersch, an aged man, lies at his home here in a critical condition as the result of an assault made on him by his son-in-law, who had deserted his wife, who was staying with her parents.

Died From Injuries.

Two Harbors, Minn., Jan. 12.—Gust Anderson, a lumberman employed at Murphy Bros.' camp No. 1, sixteen miles north of here, is dead from injuries received by being struck by a falling limb of a tree.

BROOKS TELLS ABOUT CRIME

NEW ULM EDITOR IS PUT ON THE WITNESS STAND BY THE COURT.

MURDERER NOT RECOGNIZED

SAYS IF MAN HAD BEEN KOCH HE WOULD HAVE RECOGNIZED HIM.

THE STATE'S CASE IS ENDED

DEFENSE MOVES FOR DIRECTED VERDICT BUT COURT DENIES MOTION.

New Ulm, Minn., Jan. 12. — The state's case against Dr. G. R. Koch, on trial for the murder of Dr. L. A. Gebhardt on the evening of Nov. 1, came to a dramatic close shortly before 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

The state has produced all its witnesses against Dr. Koch and is ready to rest. A. P. Brooks, the editor, and the only eye-witness to the murder, was on the stand nearly all day. He was called by the court. The state and the defense had the benefit of the cross-examination.

Brooks insisted that he did not recognize the murderer while looking through the transom over the door to Dr. Gebhardt's office while the crime was being committed. The cross-examination by Gen. Childs was severe, but Brooks held to the essential points of his testimony.

Tries to Impeach Brooks.

The questions of the attorney covered the whole period between the time of the murder and the present, and were for the most part in regard to statements that Brooks is alleged to have made to various people as to his ability to swear definitely whether the man he saw was Koch.

Mayor Charles Silverson, Sheriff Julius, Alex Ottomeyer, Dr. G. F. Reineke, Ferdinand Crone and a constable at Osceola, Wis., were the men mentioned by Gen. Childs. First counsel asked Brooks if he knew the men, and then put to him sharply the interrogation:

Would Have Known Koch.

"Did you not tell these men that you could swear positively that the man you saw was Dr. Koch or that it was not he?"

To some of the men mentioned the witness admitted having made the statement alleged, but he said in every case where he had committed himself thus, he had made the modification, that he could not swear if it were possible, by passion or lust of blood, a man's features would be so changed as to make them unrecognizable; and he had added also that even so, he thought if it had been Koch he would have recognized his figure, knowing him as he did.

Directed Verdict Denied.

At the close of court yesterday Attorney Brown, for the defense, moved for a directed verdict.

Judge Webber denied the motion.

Mr. Brown then moved that several of the exhibits, such as the bloody handkerchief, be excluded.

The court denied all these motions.

Mr. Brown then said the defense was ready to proceed, but did not care to begin his case so late in the day.

Judge Webber adjourned court a few minutes before 5 o'clock.

DR. GERMAIN WITH GALLAGHER.

Many Witnesses Swear to Seeing Men on Night Victim Died.

Moorhead, Minn., Jan. 12—The trial of Dr. R. T. Germain of Barnesville, who is charged with having killed James Gallagher in that place last August, began yesterday. Seventeen witnesses were examined and most of them swore that they had seen Germain, Gallagher and Peter Engells together in the latter's saloon between the hours of 11 p. m. and 1 a. m. the night of Gallagher's death. Germain himself will go on the stand today. The trial is likely to last three or four days.

WORK OF INCENDIARIES.

Fire Destroys the Business Section of Arispe, Iowa.

Des Moines, Iowa, Jan. 12.—Fire of supposed incendiary origin destroyed the business section of Arispe, a village forty miles south of here, yesterday. The Arispe Mercantile company, where the flames originated, were the heaviest losers, the building and its contents, valued at $10,000, being consumed. The Manes general merchandise store and a number of small business houses also were consumed. The total loss will aggregate $20,000; partly insured.

LOG RUNS DOWN MAN.

Timber Loosened on Hillside Rolls Over John Spilker.

Sturgis, S. D., Jan. 12.—John Spilker, son of Herman Spilker, living three miles west of Sturgis, was killed yesterday afternoon. He and two brothers were skidding logs in the timber when one got away, starting down hill. Spilker began to run but was knocked down by the log which rolled over him, killing him instantly. He was twenty-four years old.

JAP FLEET NEAR EQUATOR.

Ready to Attack Rojestvensky at Any Time.

London, Jan. 12.—Japanese correspondents of the Morning Post consider it is not incredible that Japanese men-of-war have reached Diego Garcia (Chagres archipelago) and point out that although Admiral Togo is at Tokio, other admirals are not idle. Vice Admiral Uriu, it is stated, has been cruising in the vicinity of the equator for some time past. The number of vessels he has is kept secret, but doubtless he is ready to do battle with the Russian Baltic squadron whenever they appear east of the seventieth meridian.

Vice Admiral Kamimura's whereabouts is somewhat of a mystery, the correspondents say, but possibly his squadron is in the China sea, within easy steaming distance of either the Malaca or Sunda straits, but anyway, they declare, if Vice Admiral Rojestvensky purposes to spend the ensuing weeks in cruising in the vicinity of Madagascar, it is not improbable that he will find himself assailed by a torpedo fleet.

Russian Cruiser a Wreck.

Berlin, Jan. 12.—The Lokal Anzeiger's St. Petersburg correspondent says that the Russian cruiser Izmrud is returning to Port Said on the way to Cronstadt in a badly damaged condition.

BEVERIDGE AND HEMENWAY.

Nominated by Indiana Republican Caucus for Senators.

Indianapolis, Jan. 12.— Only forty minutes were required by the Republican joint caucus last night to organize and nominate two candidates for the United States senate, Albert J. Beveridge to succeed himself, and Congressman James A. Hemenway of Booneville to fill the unexpired term of Charles W. Fairbanks, vice president-elect. Following the nominating and seconding speeches the nominations of Senator Beveridge and Congressman Hemenway were manifested by a rising vote.

YOUNG DOCTOR A SUICIDE.

Note to Widow Tells of Life of Trouble.

Minneapolis, Jan. 12.—Dr. William A. Norred, who was prominent among the younger medical practitioners of Minneapolis and was a son of Dr. C. H. Norred, until recently surgeon at the Minnesota soldiers' home, committed suicide yesterday between noon and 1 o'clock by shooting himself with a revolver. He left a note addressed to his wife in which he said that his mind was not right, and from his earliest recollection gloom had been his lot.

DOING AWAY WITH DRUGS.

People Are Learning to Use Fresh Air, Water and Food.

Philadelphia, Jan. 12.—"The perfection of preventives of disease is doing away with the necessity of drugs," declared Dr. John H. Musser, president of the American Medical association, before the College of Physicians last night. "We have learned not to be afraid of fresh air and have learned how to use food and water. Still other changes will come to pass in the next twenty years and there may be little need of pharmacy."

WHIPS BOYHOOD ENEMY.

La Crosse Man Waits Until He Grows Up to Satisfy Grudge.

La Crosse, Wis., Jan. 12. — John Nagle severely beat Ed Schwartz, to satisfy a grudge engendered in his boyhood days, when the victim of the assault, a much larger youth, appropriated the results of a day's nutpicking expedition. When brought into court and fined, Nagle was satisfied with the satisfaction of the grudge and willingly paid his fine.

BIG FIRE IN MILWAUKEE.

Business Houses Wiped Out at a Loss of $250,000.

Milwaukee, Jan. 12. — Fire which broke out about midnight gutted the establishments of the George P. Zeigler company, confectionery, and Benjamin Young's wholesale saddlery. The loss is estimated at $250,000, of which the Zeigler company's loss is $150,000. The losses are nearly covered by insurance. The cause of the fire is unknown.

SUICIDE IN CAB.

Domestic Trouble Causes Daughter of Famous Frenchman to Kill Herself.

Paris, Jan. 12.—Mme. Pierre Carolus, daughter-in-law of the famous painter, committed suicide in a sensational manner here last night in a cab in Boulevard St. Germain. Domestic infelicity is said to be the cause. Recently she left her husband's home to live with her father, an eminent advocate here.

Farmer Dies While at Work.

Mazeppa, Minn., Jan. 12. — Squire Baker, one of the oldest settlers of this place, died suddenly while hauling a load of wood. He was found about a mile from town, nearly dead, and his horse down in a snow drift. He expired before reaching home.

To Succeed Senator Bard.

Sacramento, Cal., Jan. 12. — Frank P. Flint, Republican of Los Angeles was yesterday elected United States senator to succeed Thomas R. Bard whose term expires March 4, 1905.

With the . . Lawmakers.

Week's Doings in the State Legislature. . . .

St. Paul, Jan. 6. — The senate adjourned yesterday until 8 o'clock Monday evening. It is probable that Lieut. Gov. Ray W. Jones will announce the committees at that time, so that the following day the senate will be in a position to begin active work. The senate was in session little more than an hour yesterday. Two bills were introduced and several resolutions were presented.

Senator McGill introduced a bill appropriating $40,000 for a monument in the Vicksburg National Park in memory of Minnesota veterans.

The house adjourned until 8 o'clock Monday evening, when it is expected that Speaker Clague will announce his appointment of committees.

St. Paul, Jan. 10—Lacking one member of a quorum, thirty-one state senators adjourned at 8:10 o'clock last night until 10 o'clock this morning without transacting any business. Lieut. Gov. Jones called the senators to order at 8 o'clock. A roll call revealed thirty-one members present, and as thirty-two constitute a quorum the senators adjourned.

It is understood that the committee on rules and the special committee appointed to ascertain from the state revision commission when the code will be submitted to the legislature will report this morning.

The house of representatives met last night for just three minutes and fifteen seconds. There was a quorum present when Chief Clerk Schmahl called the roll, after Rev. F. S. Copper, the chaplain, had made a very brief prayer. The reading of the journal was approved and the house adjourned.

St. Paul, Jan. 11.—The appointment of a joint committee from the house and senate to investigate freight rates in Minnesota preparatory to proposed legislation, increasing the powers of the state railroad and warehouse commission, is provided for in a resolution adopted by the senate yesterday on motion of Senator A. O. Eberhardt of Mankato.

Resolutions were also introduced in both houses urging congress to pass the so-called Quarles-Cooper bill, giving the interstate commerce commission power to set aside a rate which it may deem to be unreasonable, fix a reasonable rate and put it into effect. The resolution, introduced in the senate by Senator Eberhardt, mentions the Quarles-Cooper bill, but the one presented in the house by W. P. Roberts of Minneapolis does not. Both resolutions were referred to the railroad committee.

The standing committee of the house of representatives were announced yesterday morning by Speaker Frank Clague.

A constitutional amendment removing all restrictions upon the power of the legislature to prescribe methods of taxation except that taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects was the first bill introduced in the house of representatives.

The capitol commission is authorized to appoint one of its members superintendent of the new capitol at a salary of $3,000 a year for not longer than two years in a bill introduced yesterday by Senator Hiler H. Horton of St. Paul. The measure was given its second reading and ordered printed and placed on the calendar for final passage.

A bill was introduced in the senate prohibiting the giving or receiving of free railroad or street railway passes or free coupons for telegraph or telephone messages.

Gov. Johnson submitted his list of appointments to the senate yesterday.

PHYSICIANS ON TRAINS.

Duluth & Iron Range Road Has Doctor Inspect Its Passengers.

Two Harbors, Minn., Jan. 12.—As a guard to prevent the spreading of smallpox, physicians were placed on all passenger trains of the Duluth & Iron range road yesterday to make inspections of all passengers, and especially men who come from the lumber camps. If the situation demands it the same precautionary measure will be made by the officials of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road. Every effort will be made, as far as the authority of the health departments extend, to locate and isolate all cases before they reach the cities. Under the system proposed, any patient suffering from the disease who eludes the local authorities and boards a train will be compelled to stop at the first station after discovery and be isolated. The coach in which such a victim is a passenger will be cut out of the train and immediately fumigated.

CATHOLIC WORKMEN TO MEET

Bohemian Supreme Council Is to Convene in Winona on Jan. 17.

Winona, Minn., Jan. 8—The supreme council of the Bohemian Catholic Workmen will meet in Winona on Tuesday and Wednesday, Jan. 17 and 18. The meetings will be held in the school hall of St. John's parish. There will be between forty-five and fifty delegates. Rev. John Rynda, the supreme chaplain, of St. Paul, will celebrate solemn high mass in St. John's church before the opening session.

STATUTE REVISION REPORT.

Legislature Must Approve Before Work Is Published.

When the stateute revision commission makes its report to the legislature, it will not come in the shape of a complete volume, ready to be sent out in permanent form. The commission is preparing a printed draft for the legislature to consider and amend if it desires, and when the two houses have done their work on the code it will be turned over to the printers for regular publication.

The present draft, for instance, numbers the sections in each chapter independently, for the greater convenience of the work, but when it comes to publish the code in permanent form, the sections will be numbered consecutively from beginning to end of the two great volumes, as they are in the 1894 compilation.

The scheme of the work divides it into four parts, and each of these parts may constitute a volume in the final publication. The parts are divided into chapters, which number consecutively from first to the last of the code. The chapters are not divided into titles, as the revision of 1866 and the compilation of 1894, but they contain subheads grouping them into related subjects. The sections are introduced by and explanatory line or title run into the same paragraph, and as a rule each section consists of one paragraph.

There are no departures from the present law to be found in the revised code. In a good many cases the language is changed so as to make it more clear and concise, but the intent of former legislatures has been preserved by the commission.

The members of the statute revision commission feel rather keenly the criticism visited on them because of the delay in their report. Those who have followed the work of the commission since its creation in the spring of 1901 are not in sympathy with the criticism, but appreciate the handicaps they have suffered. The original commission of three members was ineffective almost from the start. At the time it was created the fact was not known, but it soon developed that one of the members, who has since died, was mentally incapacitated. While not in such a condition as to require commitment to a hospital, he was unbalanced, and could not work with the other members. Much time was wasted endeavoring to carry on the work together.

After the death of this commissioner his place was filled by the appointment of Judge Taylor, who has served as secretary, and has really been doing a commissioner's work. His appointment did not add to the working force of the commission, as the new secretary had to get into the work afresh. Then Judge Everdell of Breckenridge, who had been a valuable employe of the commission, broke down, and after a short illness, died.

The present members of the commission have worked faithfully and with all possible expedition. They have done their best to prepare the work for the present legislature, and it is now practically finished, except the final proofreading. They are as impatient to get the work disposed of as are the members of the legislature, as it has been a dull grind, and has required neglect private business.

The work has been monumental. The commission has paid very little attention to the compilation of 1894. The only real revision in the history of the state took place in 1866. From that year until 1881 the legislature held annual sessions, and since 1881 a new volume of statutes has been turned out every two years. From this multitude of laws, many of them overlapping, and conflicting, the commission has endeavored to produce order and an intelligible code of laws. Much of the work has had to be done over and over again.

The judiciary committees of the legislature will take up the code when it is reported in a few days, and it is likely they will refer the various sections of the work to subcommittees for report, and have the work carefully studied prior to joint session.

John Sirvola, who resides on a claim in northern St. Louis county, narrowly escaped death from a pack of hungry wolves the other night while returning home. As a remembrance of his exciting experience he has the pelt of a full grown male wolf, one of the pack that gave him chase. Soon after the first signal of the wolves Sirvola was completely surrounded by the animals, who kept springing at the horse and at a quarter of beef in his sled. One shot was fired, and as the wolves held up for a moment he whipped his horse into a gallop. The animals came on again in full cry, and Sirvola fired two more shots before he reached home. The following morning he went back again over the road he had traversed and discovered the carcass of a wolf.

Present prospects are that every grain elevator at the head of the lakes will be filled by the opening of navigation. Less than 20,000,000 bushels more of grain will do it. The houses now have 15,000,000 bushels in store, which is double the amount a year ago.

The village of McKinley was visited by fire and the saloon of Herman Milbrook, valued at $3,000; the clothing store of Lippman Bros., valued at $3,500, and a candy store were burned. The fire was discovered in the candy store at 12:30 at night. Ephriam Daniels of Minneapolis, sleeping in Lippman's store, had a narrow escape from death. Milbrook had $1,200 insurance, Lippman $1,700 and the candy store $500. The cause of the fire is unknown. Insufficient water supply in the village hampered the volunteer firemen.

Congress.

Resume of the Week's Proceedings.

Washington, Jan. 6. — The joint statehood bill again yesterday occupied the major portion of the attention of the senate and Mr. Nelson completed his speech in support of it. The omnibus claims bill was read in part, but no effort was made to secure action on it. Bills for the reorganization of the medical corps of the army and regulating promotions of army officers in the ordnance department were passed.

The government's cotton statistics as prepared by the agricultural department and census bureau, formed the subject of an extended discussion in the house yesterday. Representative Livingston of Georgia attacked the reliability of the government's estimates and charged that the inaccuracy of the figures had created a panic in the cotton market. The bill to improve currency conditions was further discussed, but adjournment was taken without final action on it.

Washington, Jan. 7.—Senator Bard yesterday occupied the entire time of the senate given to the joint statehood bill. He made an argument against the union of Arizona and New Mexico on the ground that the people of the two territories do not desire it.

Several bills of minor importance were passed.

The house passed the fortifications appropriation bill and adjourned until Monday.

Washington, Jan. 10. — After the passage of the omnibus bill and fixing Jan. 28 for the delivery of addresses in memory of the late Senator Hoar, the senate devoted yesterday to the statehood bill. Mr. Morgan spoke for two hours against the bill.

The house yesterday adopted the senate resolution providing among other things for the holding of the inaugural ball in the pension building. On a viva voce vote the resolution was lost, but a roll call enabled those favorable to the pension building proposition to muster their strength and pass it. Speaker Cannon and several of the Republican leaders recorded themselves as being opposed to the idea of the employment of the pension building for the purpose of the inaugural ball.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The session of the house yesterday was given over almost entirely to discussion of the bill reported by the committee on banking and currency "to improve currency conditions." A sudden interest in the measure seemed to develop, as evidenced by the large membership present throughout the day. The Democratic opposition mainly was dissipated by the adoption of an amendment offered by Mr. Williams (Miss.) providing that government deposits shall be made only on competitive bids. Final action on the bill was not taken.

The impeachment charges on which Judge Charles Swayne will be tried were presented just before adjournment and notice was given by Mr. Palmer (Pa.), chairman of the committee of seven which prepared them, that he would call the matter up on Thursday.

The senate yesterday continued consideration of the joint statehood bill, the chief accomplishment being the acceptance of most of the amendments suggested by the committee on Indian affairs.

The bill for the reimbursement of sealers for losses under the seizures in Bering sea also was considered, but a vote was not reached.

DULUTH JURIES INDICT THREE.

Postal Clerks Accused of Embezzling Office Funds.

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 12.—The United States grand jury yesterday indicted, Frank Benoit of Crookston on the charge of embezzling from the United States mail. Benoit was formerly a railway mail clerk. The grand jury also brought in an indictment against Allan B. Chandler, postmaster at Brimson, on the Duluth & Iron Range road, charging him with having falsified his cancellation accounts to increase his pay. The district grand jury brought in an indictment against Frank Vandyke, charging him with murder in the first degree. Vandyke is a prisoner in the county jail and committed the murder since his arrest, killing his cellmate, John Linderberg.

MANGLED UNDER WHEELS.

One Man Killed and Twelve Persons Injured in Wreck.

Urbana, Ill., Jan. 11.—Ralph C. Roberts of Keokuk, Iowa, captain of the University of Illinois baseball team, was killed and twelve persons were injured, several seriously, in a wreck at Rising. The wreck was caused by a dining car of the train leaving the track. None of the injured is dangerously hurt. Roberts was standing on the steps preparing to jump and was thrown under the wheels. He was mangled and lived but a few minutes.

PENSION BILL PARED DOWN.

Appropriation Measure Reported Carries $138,250,100.

Washington, Jan. 11. — The house committee on appropriations yesterday reported the pension appropriation bill, carrying $138,250,100. This is $110,600 less than the current appropriation. The payment of surgeons is cut $100,000 and the amount for the payment of pensions is made $137,000,000, instead of 138,110,000 appropriated for the current year. The bill contains no new legislation.

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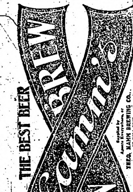
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Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

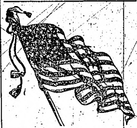
Published every Wednesday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes, postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Jan. 14. 1905.



Rusted wheat will make good seed and will not transmit the rust, is the opinion of the experts.

The legislature starts work slowly and, like its predecessors, will probably do most of the work in the last two weeks.

The fellow who is always telling how hard times are in his home town or what a dull place it is, is generally the fellow who is constantly moving from one place to another. That kind of people would not be satisfied with heaven if the pearly gates were open to that class.—Northome Record.

The Thief River Falls Review gets funny in an editorial this week because Joel G. Winkjer used to be a foot ball player on the University team. Yes, he used to be a foot ball player, and they say a good one. He also knows how to run a creamery and make a success of it; and that's more than anyone in Thief River Falls has been able to do so far.

It is claimed that the millers are behind the movement to have the farmers get seed wheat from Canada free of duty, and if the farmers succeed the millers will force their little scheme of getting a rebate from flour shipments. It would be a good thing for the farmers to get seed in free but they cannot afford to destroy the usefulness of the wheat tariff by so doing.

All of the nominations made by Governor Johnson were confirmed by the senate Thursday, except John E. King, of Red Lake Falls, for state librarian. It is hinted that the reason for this is that King criticized Lieutenant-Governor Jones during the campaign in a way that gentleman did not like. We think this is rank foolishness. Mr. King is a capable, honorable gentleman and would serve the state well as librarian. His appointment should be promptly confirmed and we hope it will be.

It looks very much as if we were going to have a county seat war. Red Lake Falls seems disposed to force matter and the purchasing of the old barracks now used for a court house for four thousand dollars has brought on a climax. Thief River Falls seems willing to accept the challenge and a contest seems probable in the near future. County seat fights are bad as a rule. They stir up bad blood, disturb business and generally upset things. However, when there is a storm in the air, you cannot expect good weather until after you have had the storm. Neither can we expect peace until after this matter is settled, so "here's ho!" May the best town win.

Up in Red Lake county the printers agreed to disagree and immediately went to work to see how much they could beat each other out of by cutting the price allowed for the county printing into the smallest proportions ever heard of in Red Lake county. This feat of foolishness will show the "boys" where they are at in the future and "rubitinski" will be relegated to the rear, and business methods used.—Norman County Index.

Wouldn't it be fine now if the bankers get in a fight and bid up the interest rate on the county money, or the storekeepers sell their goods to the county paupers below cost, or the county officials turn into the county treasury one-half of their salary? But they won't do it. The only double-distilled-dyed-in-the-wool chumps are the newspaper men. They are willing to work for nothing any old time. The reason? Well you see they are not used to money and don't know what to do with it.

DON'T RECOGNIZE DEFEAT

Prove Your Manhood by Battling on Bravely After Reverses.

After 12,000 of Napoleon's soldiers had been overwhelmed by the advance of 75,000 Austrian troops he addressed them thus: "I am displeased with you. You have evinced neither discipline nor valor. You have allowed yourselves to be driven from positions where a handful of resolute men might have arrested an army. You are no longer French soldiers. Chief of staff, cause it to be written on their standards, 'They are no longer of the army of Italy.'"

In tears the battered veterans replied: "We have been misrepresented. The soldiers of the enemy were three to one. Try us once more. Place us in the post of danger and see if we do not belong to the army of Italy." In the next battle they were placed in the van, and they made good their pledge by rolling back the great Austrian army.

He is a pretty poor sort of man who loses courage and fears to face the world just because he has made a mistake or a slip somewhere, because his business has failed, because his property has been swept away by some general disaster or because of other trouble impossible for him to avert.

This is the test of your manhood. How much is there left in you after you have lost everything outside of yourself? If you lie down now, throw up your hands and acknowledge yourself worsted there is not much in you. But if with heart undaunted and face turned forward you refuse to give up or to lose faith in yourself, if you scorn to beat a retreat, you will show that the man left in you is bigger than your loss, greater than your cross and larger than any defeat.

"I know no such unquestionable badge and ensign of a sovereign mind," said Emerson, "as that tenacity of purpose which, through all changes of companions or parties or fortunes, changes never, bates no jot of heart or hope, but wearies out opposition and arrives at its port."

It is men like Ulysses S. Grant, who, whether in the conflict of opposing armies on the battlefield or in the wear and tear of civic strife, fighting against reverses, battling for a competence for his loved ones, even while the hand of death lay chill upon him, "bates no jot of heart or hope," that wring victory from the most forbidding circumstances. It is men like Napoleon, who refuse to recognize defeat, who declare that "impossible" is not in their vocabularies, that accomplish things.—Success.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

It is well to take time in thinking before making accusations.

A woman who can use her eyes with effect is a dangerous rival.

Women take fright easily over a lover's compliments to another of the fair sex.

There is a species of treason in carrying water on both shoulders in a love affair.

In every man there is a disposition to do the grand where women are concerned.

It hurts a woman's pride to have another woman share with her a man's attention.

When one man sneers at another it is fair to presume jealousy is at the bottom of it.

When a man regards himself as irresistible it is time to do some quiet thinking and self abnegation.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Correggio and His Life.

Little is known of Correggio, which would argue that he was of a retiring disposition. He was born in the little town of Correggio, twenty-four miles from Parma. In the latter city he was educated, but in his seventeenth year an outbreak of the plague drove his family to Mantua. By 1514 he was back in Parma. For some years he worked here and painted many famous pictures. It may have been because of grief over the death of his young wife, but at the age of thirty-six, indifferent to fame and fortune, he retired to the little town where he was born. All that is known regarding his death is the date, March 5, 1534.—Charles H. Caffin in St. Nicholas.

Play Games.

Games help to form character to a wonderful extent, and I do not know any means by which you can so quickly arrive at an estimate of human character, of individuality, of personality, as you can by watching people at games or engaged in any sport that calls for endurance, patience, celerity of mind and body. The school with a good record for games is almost always in the front rank of scholarship.—Dr. Warre.

Creamery Report.

The following report of the secretary and treasurer of the St. Hilaire creamery will be of interest to the creamery patrons:

RECEIPTS—	
In treasury Jan. 4, 1904	$ 362 26
January sales	596 68
February "	1161 12
March "	803 68
April "	1951 98
May "	1755 23
June "	1624 67
July "	2730 85
August "	2486 22
September "	2907 91
October "	1737 21
November "	726 07
December "	668 34
June 24, from G. N. Ry., for butter lost in Feb. 1903	58 80
Total receipts during 1904	$ 19,571 00

DISBURSEMENTS—	
January	694 95
February	876 98
March	1264 06
April	1500 73
May	1655 96
June	1653 55
July	2547 95
August	2775 82
September	2322 28
October	1916 00
November	1316 96
December	880 38
June 24, paid to patrons for butter lost in Feb. 1903	58 50
Bal in treasury at end of year	106 88
Total disbursements in 1904	$19571 00

CHARLES GUSTAFSON,
Treasurer.

The Point of the Cape of Good Hope.

Cape point, which terminates the mighty headland known as the Cape of Good Hope, consists of a towering promontory of sandstone, which rises from the sea to an altitude of 840 feet. At the base of this stands a big solitary column which is known as Vasco da Gama's pillar. The lighthouse which here illuminates the meeting place of the Atlantic and Indian oceans is one of the most important and most useful of its kind. It is visible from a distance of thirty-six miles. The cliff scenery is wild and sublime, the rocks are magnificent, and the far reaching sea, with the fierce surf beating on the iron bound coast, is impressive. In the water directly beneath the cliff sharks are abundant. A traveler describing the scene says that on the occasion of his visit so numerous were the evil looking monsters that the sight as he descended the cliff was most unpleasant. A slip and a fall into the sea at this point would mean that the unfortunate would be torn instantly limb from limb by the ravening brutes.

Chess and a Battleship.

Admiral Charles E. Clark, who took the battleship Oregon around Cape Horn and into action at Santiago, owed his appointment as commander of that boat to his skill as a chess player. Captain Clark was at San Francisco in command of the gunboat Bennington. When ashore he spent much time in the chess room of the Mechanics' library, where he met some of the best players in the city. When the time came to appoint a man to command the Oregon, a friend of Clark's in the navy department at Washington put his name forward. "You should see that man play chess," said he and went on to describe his intense application and determination, adding, "And that's why I think he can bring the battleship around safely if any one can." Three hours later Clark received orders to assume command of the Oregon and take her at once to Cuban waters.—Argonaut.

The Nimble Paragraph.

It is a most extraordinary thing that some of our most successful novelists cannot turn out a newspaper paragraph to save their lives. In most novels there is some page or other on a supposititious clipping from a newspaper bearing upon the events under narration, and in ninety cases out of a hundred the matter that makes up the "clipping" is most unreal. The truth of the matter is that all the training in the world will not enable a man to write in this manner unless he has been through the mill and had all the nonsense deleted by the remorseless subeditor. Our novelists do not have their manuscript hacked and chopped about by this skillful executioner, and their pseudo newspaper clippings are models of what the real thing is not.—Journalist.

The Turnpike Era.

Between the years 1790 and 1840 innumerable plans were made for the creation of turnpikes in the United States. There had been one great success, the Lancashire turnpike in Pennsylvania, and then came countless other projects. In 1811 New York had 137 chartered roads, with a total length of 4,500 miles, and the sum required to build them amounted to $7,500,000. An era of canal digging and then of railroad building followed this period, but the canal promoters and railroad men had great difficulty in advancing their schemes. They were considered insane when they insisted that the mountains and plains could be conquered by these means of transportation.

Nature's Beauties.

Character is fed largely through the eye and ear. The thousand voices in nature, of bird and insect and brook, the soughing of the wind through the trees, the scent of flower and meadow, the myriad tints in earth and sky, in ocean and forest, mountain and hill, are just as important for the development of a real man as the education he receives in the schools. If you take no beauty into your life through the eye or the ear your nature will be hard, juiceless, unattractive.—Success.

The Horsefly.

The horsefly is the most cruel and bloodthirsty of the entire fly family. He is armed with a most formidable weapon, which consists of four lancets so sharp and strong that they will penetrate leather. He makes his appearance in June. The female is armed with six lancets, with which she bleeds both cattle and horses and even human beings.—Colman's Rural World.

Procrastination.

"One of the greatest evils in life," said the elderly woman, "is procrastination."

"I think so, too," replied the young married woman. "I don't see the sense of putting off your golden wedding anniversary till you are sixty or seventy years old."

Her Postscript.

"Dear Mr. Hicks," she wrote, "I am sorry that what you ask I cannot grant. I cannot become your wife.—Yours sincerely, Ethel Burrows." Then she added: "P.S.—On second thought, dear George, I will marry you. Do come up tonight and see your own true Ethel."

Buried Treasure.

Medium—I can tell you about a buried treasure. Patron—Please don't! My husband is always tooting that in my ears. Medium—Does he know anything about a buried treasure? Patron—Yes; his first wife.

When a man dies, his widow begins to look for valuable papers. The only papers the average man has are receipted ice and coal bills.—Atchison Globe.

Society's Pleasures.

Since the magnificent times of the Roman empire there has never been a period when people have been so overfed, overamused and overstimulated as in the imperial London of today.—Lady's Pictorial.

Probably Not.

"Is Pickleby a manicure artist?"

"I don't know. Why?"

"I just saw him and he told me that he had charge of a hundred hands at his place of business."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

THE CHRYSANTHEMUM.

The first chrysanthemum show was held in Norwich, England, in 1820.

The Philadelphia Horticultural society held the first chrysanthemum show in the United States in 1883.

The first chrysanthemums brought to Europe were taken from China by skippers of the tea trading ships.

After the chrysanthemum is potted leave it for a little time in the shade. Then give it all the sun that is possible.

The chrysanthemum was introduced into England 200 years ago from China. It was grown first in Holland after its emigration.

The chrysanthemum is one of the easiest of garden flowers to grow, but it needs careful tending after it is brought into the house in pots when the frost comes.

The Change of a Name.

How family names change in the course of many years is illustrated by the conversion of "Boteville" into "Thynne." An English deed bearing date in the closing days of the fifteenth century shows three brothers then flourishing—John Boteville of Boteville and Thomas and William Boteville. The trio are distinguished from all other Botevilles by the explanation "of the Inne," or family residence, the title to which had come to their joint possession. John's grandson was known as Ralph Boteville-of-the-Inne, from which the transition to Ralph Thynne is easy. His descendants have been Thynnes ever since.

Why Leaves Turn Brown.

The green matter in the tissues of a leaf is composed of two colors, red and blue. When the sap ceases to flow in the autumn the natural growth of the tree is retarded, and oxidation of the tissues takes place. Under certain conditions the green of the leaf changes to red. Under different aspects, it takes on a yellow or brown hue. The difference in color is due to the difference in combinations of the original constituents of the green tissues and to the varying condition of climate, exposure and soil. Maples and oaks have the brightest color.

Compromising.

Charles—She is suing her late employer's estate for $50,000. Henry—On what ground? Charles—On the ground that on four different occasions he said to her, "We are having fine weather," with the accent on the "we."—Brooklyn Life.

A Broad Hint.

The Barber (lathering customer and gazing out of window)—I tell you, sir, the man who shaves himself keeps the bread and butter out of some poor barber's mouth. The Customer (fiercely)—And incidentally the lather out of his own!—Puck.

A Big Gorge.

Mrs. Newrich (back from the honeymoon in Switzerland)—Do you remember, dear, that lovely gorge up in the mountains? Mr. Newrich—I do. It was the squarest meal I ever ate.

Order for Hearing Application for Appointment of Administrator.

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake }

In Probate Court.
Special term, January 11, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Julius H. Rice, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Oscar F. Post, of the village of St. Hilaire, of the county of Red Lake, representing, among other things, that Julius H. Rice, late of the county of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1902, at the county of Red Lake, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a creditor of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Oscar F. Post granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 6th day of February, A. D. 1905, at one o'clock p. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls the 11th day of January, A. D. 1905.

By the court.
[SEAL] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.
j14f4

Order for Hearing Proof of Will.

State of Minnesota. County of Red Lake—SS.
In Probate Court,
Special Term, December 22, 1904.

In the matter of the estate of Alfred Dainard, deceased;

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Alfred Dainard, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Mrs. M. N. Dainard has filed therewith her petition representing, among other things, that said Alfred Dainard died in said county, on the 28th day of August, 1904, testate, and that said petitioner is the executrix named in said last will and testament, of Alfred Dainard, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Mrs. M. N. Dainard.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, on Monday, the 16th day of January, A. D. 1905, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire, in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 22nd day of December, A. D. 1904.

By the Court.
[Seal] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

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HARDWARE AND FURNITURE.

Great Northern Time Table.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at St. Hilaire.

ARRIVE		DEPART
9:18 am 10:40 am 3:50 pm 5:10 pm	ST. HILAIRE	9:18 am 10:40 am 3:50 pm 5:10 pm
9:45 am 4:15 pm	THIEF RIV. FALLS	10:15 am 4:45 pm
11:15 pm	RED LAKE FALLS	3:15 pm

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

T. J. Thorkelson	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
D. Patterson N. G. Otterness A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Joffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Sutor
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

A. F. Blomburgh, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3550 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE
Veterinary
Surgeon.
Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

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FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
.....TOYS
Agency for......
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

School reconvened last Monday with an increased attendance.

The I. O. O. F. Lodge installed their new officers last Thursday evening.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Quamen left last Monday for their home at Whynot, N.D.

Miss Catherine Pirath returned from her home at Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

Rev. Fr. Ansgar will hold services at the Catholic church next Sunday at ten o'clock.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

The cold weather stopped work at the mill and planer a couple of days this week.

Bert Bivins, the Crookston life insurance man, was a caller here last Wednesday.

Rev. Alex Sand left last Wednesday for Winger, Minn., where he will conduct services.

Miss Anna Loe went to McIntosh last evening to visit relatives for a couple of weeks.

Tom Hovit returned from North Dakota Thursday, where he had been visiting his parents.

Miss Alice Hall and Miss Selina Hoff went down to Crookston last evening to visit Mrs. Demer.

Miss Cora Yahr and Miss Minnie Small returned from their vacation at Minneapolis last Monday.

A course at Buttons Business College, Crookston, Minn., for $25 to all who enroll during January. 4t

There will be services in the Norwegian Synod church by Rev. Aastad next Sunday morning at 10:30.

This is the time of the year we may expect cold weather and we are not being disappointed. It is here.

There will be services in the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Alex Sand, Pastor.

James McAndress was around Tuesday with the cigars, announcing the arrival of a wee small girl at his house.

Mrs. Alfred Dainard entertained a number of her lady friends last Thursday, it being her birthday anniversary.

Representative Bennet of Polk county has introduced a bill in the house appropriating $100,000 for an agricultural college at Crookston.

If you want to make a quick sale of your land give Nels G. Otterness, the land man, absolute control of it and he will advertise it until sold.

A. R. Jones came back last Tuesday from Virden, Manitoba, where he has been buying wheat. He informs us that he will be here for a couple of weeks at least.

—A coming two year old steer came to my place about Dec. 15. Owner can have same by proving property and pay for this notice and keeping. H. Haupt Sec. 28, River Falls township. 3t.

Samuel Gibeau, the retiring register of deeds, has purchased an interest in the Sortedahl Land and Abstract Company at Red Lake Falls. Mr. Gibeau will make a valuable addition to the firm as he is recognized as one of the best abstracters in this part of the state.

Crookston papers state that the Jerome bridge at that place, which will be taken down, has been purchased by the farmers living near Huot, in this county. They have been operating a ferry there for a number of years and been in need of a bridge for a long time.

A Card of Thanks.

Gustaf and N. A. Nelson wish us to express their sincere thanks to the many friends who so kindly assisted at the funeral of their mother Mrs. Erik Nelson.

Halstad Flour.

I will sell Halstad flour and feed. Good baker's flour at $2.50 per 100; discount for larger amounts.

C. A. SANDUM,
At C. Peterson's, So. Broadway.

Notice.

All parties knowing themselves indebted to the Imperial Drug Company are requested to settle their accounts at once, owing to the retirement of Mr. Thorkelson.

IMPERIAL DRUG CO.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

The planing mill will start on its season's work next Monday. Plenty of orders are booked and it will run all winter.

Miss Josephine Gigstad and Miss Mary Hoff, returned last Saturday to Grand Forks, where they are attending school.

Nels G. Otterness has been down in Iowa the past week closing up several land deals and is expected home the first of next week.

The train was five hours late last Monday on account of the wreck of the Winnipeg Limited at the junction this side of Crookston.

Oliver Mattson, the man who was killed at Greenbush, was buried there last week. No monement will be needed to tell of a life ill spent.

The muskrats who failed to build good houses last fall, expecting we would have no cold weather, must be shivering a few these frosty mornings.

Minneapolis wheat, Jan. 13: May wheat—Opening, $1.16¼; high, $1.17; low, $1.15⅝; close, $1.16¾. Minneapolis cash wheat—No. 1 Northern $1.15⅝, No. 2 Northern $1.12⅝.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lanctot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

About twenty members of the Royal Neighbor Lodge at Thief River Falls drove down last Saturday evening and were entertained at cards and supper by Mrs. W. A. Arthur at the Hotel Markham.

On February 7th the people of Plummer will hold an election to see whether they will incorporate as a village. Of course it will carry, and Julius Pleth, the father of the town, should be the first president of the village council.

Our representative in the legislature L. C. Simons, has been fairly lucky in the committee appointments. He is chairman of the committee on Banks and a member of the committees on Drainage, Taxes and University Lands.

Postmaster O. F. Post has received instructions to take up the books and discontinue the postoffice of Wyandofte on January 31st, making the records a part of this office. It is thought that mail service on the Soo will commence about that time.

Winkjer Appointed.

Last Monday Governor Johnson appointed Joel G. Winkler, of this village, an inspector in the State Dairy and Food department. The position is a good one, carrying a salary of $1200 per year and expenses. The appointment comes to Mr. Winkjer almost unsolicited, he having made very little effort to secure the position. He is very well qualified for the position and will make a painstaking and efficient inspector. His place as manager of the St. Hilaire creamery will be hard to fill in as satisfactory a manner as he has done. Mr. Winkjer was seen here yesterday and he informed up that he will not take his new position until after February 1st, and that he will continue to make this place his home for a while at least.

Frozen to Death.

Peter P. Freeman one of the oddest characters who ever lived in Red Lake county, died at Thief River Falls last Wednesday. He was found last Sunday on the road by Tobias Steene, unconscious and very badly frozen. He was taken to Thief River Falls where it was found that his legs were frozen to the knees and his hands frozen above the wrists. Freeman has lived for the past twenty years on a farm in the fraction east of Rocksbury in a dilapidated hut about 8x10 which burned a couple of years ago. Since that time he has camped in the stable with his horses. He was of a very unsociable disposition, was always dirty and ragged, and had no relatives and few friends in this part of the country. Although he has lived on his farm for twenty years he made very little improvements. Two or three years ago he mortgaged his farm and purchased a team of horses, the first stock he ever owned. It is not known whether or not he has relatives who will inherit his small property.

LATE NEWS BY WIRE

The following late telegraphic news items were furnished us last evening by the Edwards-Wood Company:

LONDON—Japan threatens to bombard Chili if she extends further aid to Russia.

CHICAGO—Chicago has the bull fever for wheat. Every house is now getting more orders from that quarter than at any time of the season.

NEW YORK—Reports from Europe are to the effect that a large number of immigrants are planning to leave for America in the spring.

NEW ULM, Minn.—Dr. Koch's gray-haired father takes the stand and swears that his son's alibi is true, and before he is through he will be able to testify against the real murderer.

NEW ULM, Minn. — Editor Brooks, of New Ulm Review, swears that Dr. Kock did not commit crime for which he is now being tried. Defense said to have 25 witnesses to establish alibi.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held in the village hall Monday evening, Jan. 11th, 1905 at 8 o'clock.

Meeting called to order by the president.

All members present.

Minutes of last regular and special meetings read and on motion accepted.

Reports of village marshal and street commissioner were read and accepted.

The following bills were allowed in full:

J J Soll, judge of election	$ 4 40
T J Thorkelson, same	4 40
J B O'Brien, clerk of election	4 40
K O Gigstad, ¼ sal as recorder	25 00
Ed Peterson, cleaning well	1 00
Aug Berglund, cleaning well	1 00
Nils Jenson, work	75
Chris Hall, salary for Dec.	50 00

On motion meeting adjourned.

T. J. Thorkelson,
President.

K. O. Gigstad,
Recorder.

Married.

On Saturday, January 7th, 1905, at Red Lake Falls, by Rev. Fr. Ansgar, Claude E. Higbie to Miss Cordelia Lacombe.

The newly wedded couple are very well and favorably known here. The groom, Dr. Higbie, has been a resident here for over a year and has won the good will of all of his associates. The bride is a daughter of Alphonse Lacombe, who has resided here for the past five years and who is one of the pioneer residents of Red Lake county.

The happy couple left Saturday evening for Ulen, Minn., where they will visit with Dr. Higbie's parents, after which they will make a trip to Wisconsin, returning here about January 20, when they will commence housekeeping. The SPECTATOR in conjunction with their many friends wishes them all kinds of good luck and a happy and prosperous future.

Crookston Plums Not Ripe.

Washington despatch to Minneapolis Journal: Representative Steenerson said today that he would not take up the question of filling the offices of register and receiver of the land office at Crookston until after congress adjourns. The commission of Sylvester Peterson, register, does not expire until March 28, and Receiver George's term runs until some time in April. Both are candidates for re-appointment and other candidates have appeared, whose names Mr. Steenerson declines to make public. Neither will he discuss the alleged opposition of Peterson to his nomination for congress in 1902, simply saying he would settle the matter when he gets home in March.

Nobody here is bothering about appointments at other land offices in Minnesota, as their terms do not expire for a year or more.

A Silver Set.

Mr. and Mrs. P. O. Hagglund were very agreeably surprised at their residence on section 28, of Rocksbury, last Monday evening by a number of the neighbors who called in a body and presented them with a very handsome silver tea set. Although the weather was bad, there were enough present to fill the house and all thoroughly enjoyed the evening. Mr. and Mrs. Hagglund feel particularly grateful to their friends and neighbors for the beautiful token of appreciation. Among those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Anton Aubol and family, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Kordahl and family, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Aubol and family, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Soderberg, Mr. and Mrs. Ole Loeberg, O. E. Paul, and Martin Olson, Ole and Sever Skottem.

The Psychology of Names.

The first and most far-reaching advertisement for a book or product of any kind is its name. A successful name rests on the simple principle that underlies all advertising; it should awaken interest, stick in the memory and truthfully express the significance of the article itself. We believe the name of golden grain belt beer fulfills these three purposes. Especially does it signify the rich, pure golden quality of the beverage itself. It's as fresh as the golden grain from which it gets its strength and delicacy of flavor. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Notice of Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between T. J. Thorkelson and Jens Nelson under the firm name of Imperial Drug Company, is this day dissolved. All claims against the above firm are to be paid by Jens Nelson, to whom is also due all accounts due the firm.

T. J. THORKELSON.
JENS NELSON.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., Jan. 4th, 1905.

PROVISIONS

For some time now the action of the Provision market has displayed a great deal of confident strength. Stocks in store are less than in 1904 and should not increase much more. Hogs have sold down to $4.50 per hundred weight and under, and so much lower price was predicted because of the large crop of Corn that farmers lost no time in marketing freely. In the mean time packers have been very busy. The newly manufactured products show them a comfortable margin; rather the raw material has been bought right and it is pretty certain that the owners are buying the futures now in order to establish a higher market when consumers demands become urgent as they are likely to almost any day. To-day prices are below those prevailing at the corresponding time in 1904, when we called attention to the possibilities, and the market developed such strength that by March 1st, both May and July Pork had sold at $18.00. Cash interests in the trade are more than hopeful; weather is favorable to an enlargement of the consumption of all meats, and prospects indicate a big export demand, the result of small stocks abroad, and nothing being made ready for the market because of the failure of the fodder crops of Europe. Hence, we think the time has arrived for taking hold of the entire list on the weak spots for quite a material advance. The rise may be only gradual for a time. The dull and quiet markets just preceding this will not be at all against such a change, in fact, should work in favor of an upward movement, for, as we regard it, we are just on the eve of the time when Provisions will begin to attract attention and general investment buying by strong interests.

EDWARDS-WOOD CO.
(Incorporated)
DEALERS IN
STOCK, GRAIN, PROVISIONS

COUNTY SEAT WAR.

Thief River Falls Thoroughly Aroused and will Contest for the County Seat.

BITTER FIGHT IN PROSPECT.

County Commissioners Will be Enjoined from Buying Court House.

At the meeting of the county commissioners held last week—just before the adjournment on Friday—the following resolution was presented and passed:

Whereas, a demand has been made by Mr. Ernest Buse, owner of lots 9, 10, 11 and 12, of block 3, of Champagne & Dow's addition to Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, for increased rent for the use and occupation of the above named premises as Court House for Red Lake county, Minnesota, and,

Whereas, said Ernest Buse has made an offer of sale to this board of the described property to this said county for the sum of $2370.00 subject to one mortgage of $900.00 and one other mortgage of $1000.00 and to furnish a good and sufficient warranty deed on same, and,

Whereas, after due consideration this board is of the opinion that said increased charge of rent is unreasonable and exorbitant, therefore be it resolved that the said offer of sale of Ernest Buse be and the same is hereby accepted, and that the sum of $2370.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated out of the funds available for such purposes, and that a warrant be drawn by the county auditor and the chairman of this board for the said amount, to be paid to said Ernest Buse on presentation by him of a good and sufficient warranty deed and an abstract of said premises, showing good and sufficient title, but subject to said mortgages, and that the county auditor and chairman of this board are hereby authorized to sign and execute with the said Ernest Buse a contract for deed forthwith on said premises, deed to be delivered on January 26, 1905, and that said offer is accepted and said appropriation is made and directed to be paid to said Ernest Buse, only on condition that he deliver to said board a warranty deed as aforesaid and abstract showing good valid and marketable title.

And that the county attorney, county auditor and chairman of this board be and the same are hereby appointed as a committee to pass upon the title to said premises.

Commissioners Demann, Sutor and Falardeau voted in favor of the resolution and Commissioners Shaw and Johnson against it.

The matter has caused considerable discussion in the northern part of the county, says the Thief River Falls News. It has been a well known fact for a number of years that at some future date either St. Hilaire or Thief River Falls would commence a contest for the removal of the county seat. One of the desires of the north end of the county has been to keep Red Lake county from securing any permanent improvements and this far they have been successful. The object of this is that when a county seat fight is commenced there should be no reason advanced against its removal by the farmers of the county.

So far as Thief River Falls is concerned it desires to wait at least two or three years before commencing the contest. It is continually growing stronger and Red Lake Falls is getting weaker. The passing of the above resolution, however, has had the effect of forcing us into the fight at an earlier date than we would desire and, while we realize that it is a move upon the part of Red Lake Falls to force the issue at an earlier date that we wish for, the challenge is going to be accepted, and a vigorous campaign commenced for the removal of the county seat to Thief River Falls unless the purchase of the court house can be stopped by injunction.

The mere investing of $4000 in a county building at Red Lake Falls—although we would consider it a mighty poor investment—would not be objected to so strongly by the people of Thief River Falls if they could be insured that it would stop there. But the building which is purchased is nothing but a fire trap and suppose it would burn down—say this summer—would not Red Lake Falls at once want an expensive structure built to replace it? If Mr. Buse is charging what is called an exorbitant rent, there are plenty of other vacant buildings in Red Lake Falls that can be secured, among them being Matt Skala's opera house, which in our opinion is the building by far the best suited for court house purposes, and can be rented for almost nothing.

A committee of the following gentlemen have been named to advance the interests of Thief River Falls and the tax payers of Red Lake county in the matter: D. N. Winton, A. A. Sweaas, H. W. Lee, O. M. Evenson, John Morgan, D. P. O'Neal, Matt Barzen, Lars Bakke, J. M. Bishop, C. J. Knox and Olaf Ramstad. If the public examiner does not take action in the matter an injunction will be secured from the courts.

If the people of Red Lake Falls do not appreciate having the county seat well enough to furnish the county with a building at a reasonable rent, the people of Thief River Falls are going to make an offer to the county.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Apples at Duntley's.

PRICES TUMBLE

in an alarming fashion during this clearance sale of

Clothing.

Winter for us is over, so out must go our Winter Clothing without regard for values. But winter isn't over for you. So come and get an extra suit or coat at a figure which you can well afford. It will even pay you to buy for next year at our present prices.

PRICES
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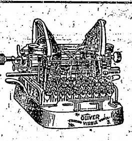
RAPP & POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

IF You want to sell your Farm, List it with
Nels G. Otterness
THE LAND MAN, - ST. HILAIRE,
...and he will find you a Buyer.
Will buy Wild and Improved Lands for cash, if prices are right.

This is a Poor Time
to have your property insured in
..Cheap Fire Insurance Companies..
I represent twelve of the best companies doing business in the United States. They never fail to pay all losses promptly........
REMEMBER THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST
H. E. IVES - - ST. HILAIRE, ... MINN.

Don't buy a Typewriter on a worn-out reputation......
Investigate the merits of the
Oliver



THE STANDARD VISIBLE WRITER.
Send for a handsomely illustrated art Catalogue, free for the asking.
The Oliver Typewriter Co.
332 Hennepin Ave. Minneapolis, Minn.

Billiard and Sample Room
WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
Wines and Liquors
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
CIGARS.
BEER.
MINNEAPOLIS AND MILWAUKEE BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.
"CORNER SALOON" South of the Bank.

Great Northern Railway.....
NO. 3, THE "FLYER"
ONLY MORNING TRAIN
from
ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
FOR MONTANA and the PACIFIC COAST
Makes Immediate Connection with Limited and East Mail Trains from Chicago and the East.
EVERY DAY.

WINCHESTE

FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

MEDICAL EXAMINER

Of the United States Treasury Recommends Pe-ru-na.

Another Prominent Physician Uses and Endorses Pe-ru-na.

DR. LLEWELLYN JORDAN, Medical Examiner of the U. S. Treasury Department, graduate of Columbia College, and who served three years at West Point, has the following to say of Peruna:

"Allow me to express my gratitude to you for the benefit derived from your wonderful remedy. One short month has brought forth a vast change and I now consider myself a well man after months of suffering. Fellow sufferers, Peruna will cure you."

A constantly increasing number of physicians prescribe Peruna in their practice. It has proven its merits so thoroughly that even the doctors have overcome their prejudice against so-called patent medicines and recommend it to their patients.

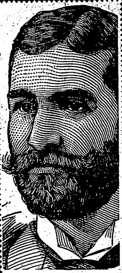
Peruna occupies a unique position in medical science. It is the only internal systemic catarrh remedy known to the medical profession today. Catarrh, as everyone will admit, is the cause of one-half the diseases which afflict mankind. Catarrh and catarrhal diseases afflict one-half of the people of United States.

Robert R. Roberts, M. D., Washington, D. C., writes:

"Through my own experience as well as that of many of my friends and acquaintances who have been cured or relieved of catarrh by the use of Hartman's Peruna, I can confidently recommend it to those suffering from such disorders, and have no hesitation in prescribing it to my patients."—Robert R. Roberts.

Catarrh is a systemic disease curable only by systemic treatment. A remedy that cures catarrh must aim directly at the depressed nerve centers. This is what Peruna does.

Peruna immediately invigorates the nerve-centers which give vitality to the mucous membranes. Then catarrh disappears. Then catarrh is permanently cured.



Dr. Llewellyn Jordan,

Medical Examiner United States Treasury.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartmann, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

In Bohemia.

New Yorker—Oh, yes, I'm a thoroughbred Bohemian. My artistic nature requires atmosphere. There is so much in that, you know.

Cousin From Out of Town—Yes, I suppose so. I never was in but one Bohemian place, and I thought there was a good deal in that atmosphere—it was principally tobacco smoke!

BABY'S TERRIBLE SORE.

Body Raw With Humor—Caused Untold Agony—Doctor Did No Good —Cuticura Cured at Once.

"My child was a very delicate baby. A terrible sore and humor broke out on his body looking like raw flesh, and causing the child untold agony. My physician prescribed various remedies, none of which helped at all. I became discouraged and took the matter into my own hands and tried Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment with almost immediate success. Before the second week had passed the soreness was gone, not leaving a trace of anything. Mrs. Jeannette H. Block, 281 Rosedale St., Rochester, N. Y."

Her Selfish Motives.

Lady in the Coach—I wish you wouldn't smoke in here.

Gentleman With Cigar—I, suppose you dislike the smell of tobacco?

Lady—I do, decidedly.

Gentleman—H'm, I thought you were actuated by selfish motives in your objection to smoking.—Boston Transcript.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Carried Further.

Nell—His conversation is so polished.

Belle—Yes, so polished that it has no point.—Cassell's Journal.

New Indictment.

First Turkey—They say this generation has no respect for age.

Second Turkey—Huh! The trouble is it hasn't enough for youth.

Many Children Are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, Break up Colds and Destroy Worms. At all Druggists', 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Harm.

Mamie—Tommy, you don't know how much harm that cigar is going to do you.

Tommy—Gee, Mamie, is me mudder comin'?—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Football Profile.

"How did your college cousin have his new photograph taken—full front?"

"No; half-back. He is on the football team."—Judge.

A woman doesn't necessarily love the man she admires.

Cole's Carbolisalve

Instantly stops the pain of
Burns and Scalds.
Always heals without scars.
25 and 50c by druggists, or mailed on receipt of price by J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.
KEEP A BOX HANDY

Ancient Football.

Hannibal lined up his elephants and then arranged his army behind them.

"Our line is heavy enough," he mused. "And our back field isn't so light, either," he added, as he glanced at the black Carthagenians.

Then he gave the signal and plowed through the Roman guard for a considerable gain.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Do Not Be Inquisitive.

A train was just starting out from King's Cross when a shirt-sleeved man came rushing down the platform shouting, "Smith! Smith!"

A man in one of the last carriages, which was a corridor one, heard the shout, and, being naturally curious, put his head out of the window. As he did so the man running along the platform reached him and gave him a hard blow in the face. By the time he had recovered from his surprise the train was outside the station, so he at once summoned the car attendant. "Here am I, an innocent passenger, sitting in this carriage, just as the train pulls out. Suddenly some man runs down the platform shrieking 'Smith! Smith' I look out of the window and he reaches up and almost knocks my head off. Now, I want to—"

"Pardon me," interrupted the attendant. "Is your name Smith?"

"No, it isn't; and that's just what makes—"

"Well, then, sir, what did you look out of the window for? There wasn't anybody calling you, was there?"

Especially for Women.

Champion, Mich., Jan. 9th.—(Special.)—A case of especial interest to women is that of Mrs. A. Wellatt, wife of a well-known photographer here. It is best given in her own words.

"I could not sleep, my feet were cold and my limbs cramped," Mrs. Wellat states. "I had an awful hard pain across my kidneys. I had to get up three or four times in the night. I was very nervous and fearfully despondent.

"I had been troubled in this way for five years when I commenced to use Dodd's Kidney Pills, and what they caused to come from my kidneys will hardly stand description.

"By the time I had finished one box of Dodd's Kidney Pills I was cured. Now I can sleep well, my limbs do not cramp, I do not get up in the night and I feel better than I have in years. I owe my health to Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Women's ills are caused by Diseased Kidneys; that's why Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure them.

Farmer—Which way are you bound?

Tramp—Oh, I'm going South with the rest of the birds.—Detroit Free Press.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

A man usually gets what he deserves in the end, but he manages to get a lot of other things in the meantime.

Last Year the Sure Hatch Incubator Co. of Clay Centre, Neb., shipped 600 incubators to Germany and several thousand to Australia, South Africa and South America.

Many a young man asks for a girl's hand when what he really wants is her father's pocketbook.

St. Jacobs Oil
The Old Monk Cure

For
Soreness
and
Stiffness
From cold, hard labor or exercise, relaxes the stiffness and the soreness disappears.
Price, 25c. and 50c.

HAD UNIQUE DEVICE

BANK WATCHMAN'S SCHEME OF ROBBERY REALLY CLEVER.

Mysterious Disappearance of $100 Bills Remained Unsolved Until Death of Highly Esteemed Employe—Was Never in Life Caught Napping.

The cashier of a bank in a western town discovered one day at balancing time that his cash was an even $100 short. He went over his notes of that denomination, after trying to account for it in various ways without success, and found one of them was missing.

A minute search failed to find it, and the loss had to be charged up in the way such things are.

Some weeks later the same amount was missing again in the same mysterious way.

When it happened a third time—this after a long interval—the cashier was replaced by another man; not that the officers distrusted him, but they wanted to see if the presence of the new cashier would make a difference.

It didn't. The $100 bills disappeared one at a time at irregular intervals, and no one could ever account for their loss in any way.

After this had been going on for a couple of years the night watchman, who was also the janitor of the bank, died. No one ever thought of connecting him with the disappearance of the bills, and the day after his death the local papers printed short obituary notices of his career as a servant of the bank, telling in how high esteem he was held by its officers.

Curiously enough, with his death came an end of the strange disappearance of the bills. No one in the bank, however, connected the two things.

Several months after the janitor's death the bank was fitted out with new office furniture, and when the workmen ripped away the woodwork of the cashier's desk the reason for the disappearance of the money was explained.

Under the sloping top of the desk was a steel plate suspended from its center by a piece of stout twine that ran through a ring and then led down between the framework of the partition to the cellar, where it ended at another ring caught on a nail in one of the joists.

A few moments of experimenting showed how the janitor had worked his highly original "graft." When he needed money he would open the empty cash drawer at night, lower the plate and cover its under surface with paste. Then he would haul it up under the sloping desk top.

The next day when the cashier was away from the desk at luncheon, which he always ate at a table near his window, the janitor would go down in the cellar, unhook the cord and let the plate, which was suspended directly over the compartment containing the $100 bills, drop down on the top of one. The paste would make it adhere firmly to the plate, and then he would haul it up under the desk top. At night he could remove it from the plate at his leisure.

Of course, he ran the risk of having the cashier go to the drawer while he was working his device. But the janitor had studied the officer's habits so closely that he never was caught napping.—New York Press.

Hymn to the City.

Not in the solitude
Alone may man commune with heaven, or see
Only a savage wood
And sunny vale, the present Deity;
Or only hear His voice,
Where the winds whisper and the waves rejoice.

Even here do I behold
Thy steps, Almighty!—here, midst the crowd,
Through the great city rolled,
With everlasting murmur deep and loud—
Choking the ways that wind
'Mongst the proud piles, the work of human kind.

Thy golden sunshine comes
From the round heaven, and on their dwellings lies,
And lights their inner homes;
For them Thou fill'st with air the unbounded skies,
And givest them the stores
Of ocean, and the harvest of its shores.

Thy Spirit is around,
Quickening the restless mass that sweeps along;
And this eternal sound—
Voices and footfalls of the numberless throng—
Like the resounding sea.
Or like the rainy tempest speaks of Thee.

And when the hours of rest
Come, like a calm upon the mid-sea brine,
Hushing its billowy breast—
The quiet of that moment, too, is Thine;
It breathes of him who keeps
The vast and helpless city while it sleeps.

—William Cullen Bryant.

Giant Horse.

Oregon Queen is reputed to be the largest three-year-old filly in the world: She is nineteen hands high, weighs 2,260 pounds, is perfectly formed, a chestnut sorrel with silver mane and tail. She was bred and raised by Sol King, of Cornwallis, and was three years old on May 20 last. She is now owned by C. W. Todd, of Albany, who will exhibit her at the Lewis and Clark fair, 1905.—Portland Oregonian.

Inside Enthusiasm.

Of all places and occasions to hear remarks that cut worse than a buzz-saw, a women's golf tournament is positivly and unqualifiedly it. These comments as a rule are passed by fair or freckled spectators who know little or nothing about the sport and consequently are usually as ludicrous as they are unjust. A month ago a little cluster of non-golfers were heard to talk in this wise:

"I don't see how these women get time to play so much golf," said one.

"Nor I," added another, "considering how many children some of them have."

"There's that woman playing now," chipped in a third, "she's got three sons and two of them are in the gallery watching her. I'll wager her house goes."

Effects of Civilization.

Speaking at Exeter, England, Rider Haggard said he had seen people herded together in England under conditions to which Kaffirs or wild African tribes would not submit.

ALL DONE OUT.

Veteran Joshua Heiler, of 706 South Walnut street, Urbana, Ill., says: "In the fall of 1899, after taking Doan's Kidney Pills I told the readers of this paper that they had relieved me of kidney trouble, disposed of a lame back with pain across my loins and beneath the shoulder blades. During the interval which has elapsed I have had occasion to resort to Doan's Kidney Pills when I noticed warnings of an attack. On each and every occasion the results obtained were just as satisfactory as when the pills were first brought to my notice. I just as emphatically endorse the preparation to-day as I did over two years ago."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., proprietors. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

Which Was It?

The old gentleman was a most enthusiastic amateur artist, and he had invited Dave and Tom Barry to dinner under the mistaken impression that they were brothers of the brush. Dinner was approaching its finish and both Dave and Tom were expectantly looking for the wine to make its appearance.

"Do you like Botticelli?" the old gentleman suddenly asked Dave.

This was indeed a poser for Dave. He knew no more of the famous old artist than he knew of the Grand Lama of Tibet.

"Sounds something like bottle," he mused. "Suppose it's some sort of wine."

"Thanks," he said aloud. "I prefer champagne, if you don't mind."

The elderly pre-Raphaelite shut up like a knife, and soon after intimated that he would prefer to be alone.

"I suppose I vexed the old chap over Bottle-selli," said Dave, as they were walking home.

"Of course you did, you stupid," said Tom. "Fancy taking it for a wine when every idiot knows it's a cheese."

Didn't Want It.

"Leonidas," exclaimed Mr. Meekton's wife on his return from a journey, "I am at a loss to understand your conduct when we parted. I said good-bye to you."

"Yes, Henrietta."

"Why didn't you say good-bye in response?"

"I was just about to do so, Henrietta, but I checked myself. I was afraid you would accuse me of trying to have the last word again."

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.
Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c. per bottle.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Truth Indeed.

"After all, it's a man's wife who is usually responsible for his business success."

"Well, I guess it's a fact that the average wife makes a man hustle to earn more money."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

A Rare Good Thing.

"Am using ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE, and can truly say I would not have been without it so long, had I known the relief it would give my aching feet. I think it a rare good thing for anyone having sore or tired feet.—Mrs. Matilda Holtwert, Providence, R. I." Sold by all Druggists, 25c. *Ask to-day.*

What He Learned.

"Do you think that religion and politics can be made to harmonize?"

"Yes," answered the man who had consented to become a candidate. "The first thing I learned from the campaign managers is that it is more blessed to give than to receive."—

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 and 912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Dewitt Bassett, Woonsocket, S. D., rail joint; Sidney Bunday, Arlington, S. D., scale beam; Oscar Frykman, St. Paul, Minn., telephone apparatus; William Jacoby, Minneapolis, Minn., fish line float; John Kennedy, Minneapolis, Minn., grain door for cars; Anton Skaron, Warren, Minn., coat; Axel Sodergren, Minneapolis, Minn., folding picture album.

Not So Bad.

"Well, Pat, I heard your brother was sent to prison for life."

"Yis; but he's so delicate he'll never live to complete the sintence."—Cassell's Journal.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Rebels Attack Consulate.

Tangier, Morocco, Jan. 7.—The British consul's residence outside this city was attacked by insurgents during the night of Jan. 4. Guards drove the attackers away.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

A New York youth lost $3,000,000 in less than three seconds recently. The heiress said, "No."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

When a girl becomes engaged her mother always says it is hard to give her up, but she may think otherwise.

"I had Inflamatory Rheumatism, but I am well now, thanks to Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. It's my best friend." Garrett Lansing, Troy, N. Y.

If the lover attempted to reciprocate by loving all the world, his best girl would strenuously object.

BEGGAR HAD MADE MONEY.

Scotchman's Odd Will Showed He Found Calling Profitable.

The Scotch papers of the year 1817 reported at length the life and death of a notable beggar, William Stevenson. About the year 1787 Stevenson and his wife separated upon the strange terms that the first of the two to propose a reunion was to pay the other $500 forfeit. The forfeit apparently was never incurred, as neither of them, as far as could be ascertained, ever saw the other again. Then Stevenson took to the road as a beggar, and lived for thirty years a free and jolly life; but at last, in his 85th year, he was struck down with an incurable disease. When he came within sight of death he sent for a baker and ordered twelve dozen burial cakes, a large quantity of sugared biscuit, and an ample supply of wines and spirits. He next sent for a joiner and instructed him to make "a good, sound, dry, roomy, comfortable coffin," laying the stress upon its comfortableness. Then he summoned a gravedigger and instructed him to dig "a comfortable grave" in a special spot in Riccarton churchyard. The old woman who attended him was instructed to find in a certain rag hidden in a certain hole the money to defray all these expenses. Having thus relieved his mind of all anxiety as to his posthumous comfort, Stevenson died in peace. After his death were found in his garret two bags—one full of silver and the other of gold pieces—and a box containing bonds for various amounts, including one for $1,500—close upon $5,000 in all. This was bequeathed to distant relatives, with the exception of $100 to the old woman who had attended him, and a large sum to provide a feast for all the beggars of Scotland who cared to come to see his body "lie in state."

About Connecticut Tobacco.

The story of Sumatra leaf tobacco as grown under cheesecloth in Connecticut is one of the romantic episodes of agriculture, says a writer in Country Life in America: A Florida fruit grower had got some tobacco plants that got into his pineapple seed by accident and he noticed that they were taller and of finer texture under the lath shade. The bureau of soils, while surveying the Connecticut valley, found a soil that was practically the same as that of Sumatra, on which the famous tobacco is grown. (The bureau has samples of soil from almost every important agricultural region of the world.) The government got an expert to start an industry and the next two years some of the growers made over 100 per cent profit.

The industry as a whole is successful. A large company with plenty of capital is necessary, for it costs $650 to cover and grow an acre of this tobacco. The growers receive from $1.20 to $2.50 a pound for the product. The imported article brings $2.50 to $3.00 and we have been importing about $6,000,000 worth a year.

With Moral Effect.

Frederick Remington recently met a young Englishman who is traveling in this country and is not averse to acquiring information. The subject of bucking bronchos came up, and the Englishman said:

"I've read that in riding those wild horses of yours the main thing is to keep cool. Has a good moral effect on the beasts, I've been told. Is it true that your riders sometimes roll a cigarette and light and smoke it while riding a vicious bucker?"

"Oh, that's an ordinary occurrence," replied Mr. Remington, easily. "But when I was in the west if a cowboy wished to subdue a particularly dangerous animal he would mount him with a razor, brush, hand-mirror and so forth, and, while the creature reared and kicked, the man would proceed calmly to shave. That's when you get your fine moral effect."—Exchange.

Poetry and Prose.

The ablest writers in England have revived the Walt Whitman controversy. Several of them assert he was "beyond question the ablest man America has produced." Able thinker he was, versatile as a versifier, prodigious as a philanthropist, knowing as a student of woman and Bohemian to the marrow of his bones. Personally Whitman was a lovable character. I knew him intimately twelve years and was pallbearer at his grave, but a few names like Hawthorne, Holmes, Lowell and, last but not least, George Arnold find a warmer place in my heart. And, seriously, was anything ever said in verse that couldn't have been better told in prose? A few skeptics, like the writer, doubt it.

Words of Love.

Do you know a heart that hungers
For a word of love and cheer?
There are many such about us;
It may be that one is near.
Look around you. If you find it,
Speak the word that's needed so.
And your own heart may be strengthened
By the help that you bestow.

It may be that some one falters
On the brink of sin and wrong,
And a word from you might save him,
Help to make the tempted strong.
Look about you, O my sister,
What a sin is yours and mine,
If we see that help is needed
And we give no friendly sign.

Never think kind words are wasted,
Bread on waters cast are they,
And it may be we shall find them
Coming back to us some day.
Coming back when sadly needed,
In a time of sore distress;
So, my friend, let's give them freely;
Gift and giver God will bless.

Attorney's Services Valuable.

T. D. Shea, an attorney of Nanticoke, Pa., has just returned victor in a curious suit against the Susquehanna Coal company. He sued for $5,000 for legal services during the great coal strike of two years ago. The company, a part of the Pennsylvania railroad system, was unwilling to pay more than $500, claiming that was ample payment for the service rendered. Mr. Shea is over six feet tall and built proportionately. It was held by the counsel that his presence alone among the strikers kept them from harming the company's property. The jury took the same view and awarded him $4,500.

Wants Rare French Stamps.

The Paris Gaulois states that Col. Delauney, chairman of the French Philatelic Federation, has received a letter from Gen. Nogi, requesting a price list of rare French stamps.

Mrs. L. C. Glover, Vice Pres. Milwaukee, Wis., Business Woman's Association, is another one of the million women who have been restored to health by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: I was married for several years and no children blessed my home. The doctor said I had a complication of female troubles and I could not have any children unless I could be cured. He tried to cure me, but after experimenting for several months, my husband became disgusted, and one night when we noticed a testimonial of a woman who had been cured of similar trouble through the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** he went out and bought a bottle for me. I used your medicine for three and one half months, improving steadily in health, and in twenty-two months a child came. I cannot fully express the joy and thankfulness that is in my heart. Our home is a different place now, as we have something to live for, and all the credit is due to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** Yours very sincerely, MRS. L. C. GLOVER, 614 Grove St., Milwaukee, Wis." Vice President, Milwaukee Business Woman's Ass'n.

Women should not fail to profit by the experience of these two women; just as surely as they were cured of the troubles enumerated in their letters, just so certainly will Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cure others who suffer from womb troubles, inflammation of the ovaries, kidney troubles, nervous excitability, and nervous prostration; remember that it is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that is curing women, and don't allow any druggist to sell you anything else in its place.

An Indiana Lady Tells of a Wonderful Cure:—

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: It is a pleasure for me to write and tell what your wonderful medicine has done for me. I was sick for three years with change of life, and my physician thought a cancerous condition of the womb. During these three years I suffered untold agony.

"I cannot find words in which to express my bad feelings. I did not expect to ever see another well day. I read some of the testimonials recomending your medicine and decided to write to you and give your treatment a trial.

"Before I had taken half a bottle of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** I began to sleep. I have taken now six bottles and am so well I can do all kinds of work."—MRS. LIZZIE HINKLE, Salem, Ind.

If there is anything in your case about which you would like special advice, write freely to Mrs. Pinkham. She can surely help you, for no person in America can speak from a wider experience in treating female ills. Address is Lynn, Mass.; her advice is free and always helpful.

$5000 FORFEIT If we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

Any Woman
can make
Better Bread
from
Any Flour
with
YEAST FOAM
Yeast Foam is the yeast that raised the First Grand Prize at the St Louis Exposition, and is sold by all grocers at 5c a package—enough for 40 loaves. Send a postal card for our new illustrated book "Good Bread: How to Make It."
NORTHWESTERN YEAST CO.
Chicago, Ill.

MEXICAN
Mustang Liniment
cures Cuts, Burns, Bruises.

ALWAYS
CALL FOR A CIGAR
BY ITS NAME
"CREMO"
MEANS MORE THAN
ANY OTHER NAME
BROWN BANDS GOOD FOR PRESENTS
"Largest Seller in the World."

HIDES TANNED Send us your hides. We will tan them and make Coats, Robes, Mittens and Rugs. Best work in state guaranteed.
Cedar Rapids Robe & Tannery,
Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

BEGGS' CHERRY COUGH SYRUP cures coughs and colds.

GOOD OIL
Costs a trifle more than the cheap kind.
USE CORNPLANTER X OIL
No smoky chimneys, dirty lamps.
Safe, reliable. All grocers.
St. Paul. Minneapolis.
CORNPLANTER OIL CO.

$10.00 FOR ALL
That's all it will cost to get one of our 120-egg incubators complete, laid down at your railroad station, all freight charges prepaid. No other expense necessary. All ready to operate.
SURE HATCH INCUBATORS
are the world's standard Incubators. Three walls California redwood. Asbestos lined throughout. Copper hot water heating system. 132 square inches heating surface to water heater. Only thirty cents worth of oil required for a hatch. All machines sold on 60 Days' Free Trial, giving you every opportunity to be sure you are right. Every machine carries a 5 years guarantee. You take no risk with the SURE HATCH—the machine that has stood the test of time. Send for free booklet 20. If you live east of Mississippi River address Indianapolis; if west, Clay Center.
SURE HATCH INCUBATOR COMPANY
Clay Center, Neb. Indianapolis, Ind.

TO KEEP HENS
strong and healthy, hurry them through molting, make them, as well as pullets, lay when eggs are high is the ambition of all breeders. Nothing on earth makes hens lay like
SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER
It adds value to all kinds of feed, and supplies what is needed to form eggs.
One pack. 25 cts; five, $1.00. Two-lb. can, $1.20; six, $5.00, express paid.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE
MIXED FARMING
WHEAT RAISING
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Three great pursuits have again shown wonderful results on the Free Homestead Lands of Western Canada this year.
Magnificent climate—farmers plowing in their shirt sleeves in the middle of November.
"All are bound to be more than pleased with the final results of the past season's harvests."—Extract.
Coal, wood, water, hay in abundance. Schools, churches, markets convenient.
Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.
Please say where you saw this advertisement.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D.C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

N W N U —NO. 2— 1905

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CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 21, 1905. NUMBER 27.

The News Of the Week

Washington.

President Roosevelt has withdrawn a letter which he wrote last March extending to the American Newsboys' Magazine his wishes for its success.

It is expected that a constitutional amendment will be proposed at the present session of congress, prohibiting polygamy anywhere in the Union.

The vice consul at Alcazar reports that there has been serious intertribal fighting and that one protected American subject has been killed and much property belonging to Europeans looted.

Crimes and Criminals.

Sing Low was hanged in the penitentiary at Folsom, Cal., for the murder of Jong Him at Walunt Grove in October, 1902. The tragedy was the result of a gambling game.

Ismund Erickson, a sailor of the revenue cutter Dexter, has been stabbed to death by a Porto Rican in a quarrel at San Juan. Erickson was a native of Norway and enlisted at Charleston, S. C.

Mrs. Lena M. Lillie of David City, Neb., youthful and highly educated, convicted of the murder of her husband to secure his life insurance, has been taken to Lincoln to enter on a life term at the penitentiary.

William Rapson, after a family quarrel at the Higginbotham farm, near Joliet, Ill., fatally shot his son Herbert, after which the old man called Herbert's wife out to the barn, shot and killed her, and fatally wounded himself.

Throwing himself on a couch to which he set fire, John Noveritzski, 50 years old, was burned to death at his home in Chicago. Nine other occupants of the building barely escaped death in the flames. Noveritzski had separated from his wife and since then had been despondent.

Christian Wolmsdorf, aged 80 years, living at Brighton, Jefferson county, Iowa, was found dead as the result of a blow on the temple, inflicted with a blunt instrument, presumably an axe, as the dead man's axe was found later in the usual place, covered with blood. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of death at the hands of an unknown person.

From Other Lands.

Two more Trappist monks, making a total of four since the recent blizzard in the Alps, are dead from the cold in the mountain monastery near Bresci.

A dispatch to the Central News from Rome announces that the pope has appointed Bishop William H. O'Connell of Portland, Me., as prince assistant to the papal throne.

The London Leader reports the discovery at Lund, Sweden, of a book containing the text of Shakespeare's "Titus Andronicus," printed in London in 1594. The oldest edition hitherto known is the 1600 quarto.

An official report says that altogether twenty persons were killed during the labor disturbances in the oil region at Tiflis, and that forty-four oil towers were burned.

An encounter between strikers and Cossacks took place at Balakhany, Transcaucasia. Six strikers and one Cossack were killed and many persons were wounded.

The porte is in a state of alarm bordering on panic by the report that Bulgarian revolutionists have planned the destruction of Constantinople. It is said that great quantities of explosives have been concealed in the district of Salonica.

It is said that twenty-four persons lost their lives in the mountains during the recent blizzard, fourteen of the casualties being on St. Bernard pass.

Lieut. Gen. von Trotha, commander-in-chief of the German forces in German Southwest Africa, cables that Maj. Meisler had stubborn fights Jan. 2, 3 and 4 with a thousand Witbois and occupied Grossnabas after fifty hours' fighting. The losses have not yet been ascertained.

List of Casualties.

Harry Dunkelsberger, telegraph operator at Weigh Scales, Pa., near which a fatal train wreck occurred, said that he was thinking of his invalid wife and forgot orders.

A gas explosion at the home of Frank Parsons at Munice, Ind., wrecked the house and fatally burned Mrs. Parsons, seriously burned her husband and a two-year-old baby.

The Academy of Music, together with the Park and Savoy hotels, adjoining, were destroyed by fire at Chelsea, Mass. The buildings occupied the entire south side of the square. Loss, $250,000.

A fire at the Atlantic Refining company's plant at Philadelphia destroyed three large paraffine agitators and several small lubricating oil tanks and storage sheds, with a loss of more than $100,000.

Arthur Glyeck, 15 years old, died at Marshalltown, Iowa, from injuries received while coasting with a number of playmates a few days ago. The rope on the steering apparatus broke, the sled becoming unmanageable. The boy's head was dashed against a tree.

Fire at North Fond du Lac, Wis., damaged the Babcock block and destroyed the postoffice, the shoe store of Burt & Stahl, the drug store of J. E. Koehnick & Co., and two flats. The loss is $30,000, about two-thirds insured.

Fire of supposed incendiary origin destroyed the business section of Arispe, Iowa.

Seven survivors of the Norwegian ship Marpesia, wrecked at sea on Christmas day, by an explosion of naphtha, resulting in the death of eleven members of her crew, have arrived at New York.

Three Italian laborers on the Long Island railroad were struck and instantly killed by a passenger train at Dunton, L. I., and four others were badly hurt, one probably fatally. The men were in a gang of snow shovelers.

Otherwise.

Former Gov. Lloyd Lowdes of Maryland died suddenly at his home in Cumberland, Md.

Rev. Dr. Edmund J. Wolf, president of the general synod of the Lutheran church of America, is dead at his home at Gettysburg, Pa.

John Arbuckle, the Brooklyn millionaire, is going to start a hotel with a rate of 50 cents a day. It is to be for working men and women.

By a decision of the superior court at New Haven, Conn., W. J. Bryan loses the $50,000 mentioned in the will of his late friend, Philo S. Bennett.

The Standard Oil company has made another cut of 5 cents a barrel in all grades of crude oil except Raglan, the third 5-cent reduction within three weeks.

Samuel L. Clemens ("Mark Twain") who has been confined to his bed with acute bronchitis for three weeks at his home in New York, is now recovering. He is still in bed, however.

Emperor William's suggestion that American and German college professors exchange lecture courses has been adopted by Harvard university and the University of Berlin.

Levi P. Morton, former vice president of the United States, is the giver of the $600,000 contribution to the fund for the completion of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine in New York.

New Year's resolutions and an advance from 3½ to 4 per cent in the interest rate have resulted in an unprecedented rush to ceposit money in some of the larger savings banks in New York.

Dr. Elmer B. Bryan, the head of the department of philosophy in the University of Indiana, has been elected president of the Franklin college at Bloomington, Ill., to succeed Prof. W. G. Scott.

At the meeting of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition company a financial report was read showing that the company has a surplus of $998,000, and that $350,000 is due from the wrecking company.

Following a general order, all the distilleries at Peoria, Ill., under the management of the so-called trust quote goods at $1.22 as a basis for the finished product. This is the lowest price in many years.

Death revealed to the public and to his friends, which were numerous, in Elktou, Mich., the fact that for over twenty-five years Henry Williams, a prosperous merchant, has been leading a double life.

Mayor H. H. Bartling of Nebraska City, Neb., dropped dead in his place of business from heart failure. He was at the head of the Bartling company and a pioneer of the city and state, locating there in 1866.

Bettina Girard, the actress, daughter of Gen. Ordway of Washington, died in Roosevelt hospital in New York of acute pneumonia. Miss Girard has been on the stage about twenty years She was married seven times.

James A. Bailey, fourth-owner of the Sells-Forepaugh shows, has bought the entire show, with all horses, wagons, wild animals and good will, at public sale, for $150,000. Nearly every showman in the country was present at the sale.

The Standard Oil company has entered the lighting field in San Francisco, to the cosnternation of the San Francisco Gas and Electric company, which has plants there, but which has been a small factor in the lighting situation.

Mrs. Abella Hargis, who sued Judge James Hargis, former State Senator Hargis and others for $10,000 for alleged conspiracy with Curtis Jett and Thomas White to slay her husband, has been granted a verdict for $8,000 at Winchester, Ky.

Maud Letson, aged 19 years, testified before Justice Scripture at Rome N. Y., that in 1902 she married innocently her dead father's brother. The girl was placed in an orphan asylum at the age of two years and her relatives lost track of her until last September, Mrs. Vernavale of Allentown Pa., wrote, "You've married your uncle David." Justice Scripture granted a decree of annulment.

Winifred T. Durbin, retiring governor of Indiana, in his message to the legislature said he had been informed by unquestioned authority that in a single county in Indiana, casting in 1902 a little more than 5,000 votes, there were in the last campaign nearly 1,200 voters regularly listed as purchasable and that $15,000 was spent to control the county.

It's a woman's imagination that keeps her young. She imagines her friends can't see through a coat of paint.

NEW ULM MURDER.

Dr. Koch on Trial for the Murder of Dr. Gebhardt.

CHILDS SUMS UP CASE FOR STATE

SAYS EVIDENCE ESTABLISHES DEFENDANT'S GUILT BEYOND DOUBT.

JEALOUSY WAS THE MOTIVE

HANDKERCHIEF, HAMMER AND LEAD PENCIL STATE'S STRONG POINTS.

New Ulm, Minn., Jan. 14.—The defense began its inning in the Koch murder trial yesterday, and the foundation was laid for evidence, which Dr. Koch's attorney's claim, not only will acquit the accused dentist, but also will exonerate him in the eyes of the public.

The defense had on the stand two of the star witnesses, E. G. Koch, the aged father of the defendant, and Anton Horsak, the shoemaker who claimed he saw a middle-aged stranger who held a handkerchief to his face enter the Gebhardt stairway about 9:15 o'clock the night of the murder.

Another important witness was Miss Gertrude Fitzpatrick, daughter of Senator Fitzpatrick of Winona.

Miss Fitzpatrick, according to the testimony yesterday, unconsciously had a part in creating two

Suspicious Circumstances

connecting Dr. Koch with the murder. It developed yesterday that when Dr. Koch was seen on the evening of Nov. 1 with a bundle under his arm, he was carrying a bottle of perfumery to Miss Fitzpatrick. The jury was told he did not have the murderous hammer under his arm, but a friendly offering to the young lady, on the occasion of her birthday.

The scratches on Dr. Koch's hands were received the Sunday before the murder while the doctor was driving with the young lady.

Koch's Father on the Stand.

The defense then called the defendant's father to the stand. Mr. Koch testified that on the night of the murder he was sitting in the house when his son George came in.

The witness was certain it was twenty-two minutes to 10 o'clock, for the Saturday before he had talked to his son about spending more of his evenings at home. When the son came in that night the father looked at the clock and noticed the time. This evidence of the father is important, as it is the basis of the alibi which the defense expects to prove. Dr. Koch, according to the father's testimony, did not appear excited, nor was his manner out of the ordinary.

FRIDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Members of Koch Family Testify as to Time Dentist Arrived Home.

New Ulm, Minn., Jan. 15. — At the close of court yesterday Senator Somerville announced that G. R. Koch will go on the stand as a witness in his own defense in his trial for the murder of Dr. L. A. Gebhardt.

Strongly Arrays Testimony.

Yesterday's proceedings in court can be separated into three phases—the attempt of the defense to prove its alibi; to prove that Dr. Koch conducted himself in the ordinary manner after the murder, and to establish that the hammer found in Dr. Gebhardt's office after the murder did not belong to the Koch family and may have belonged to the murdered dentist.

The hammer evidence was the most striking produced by the defense yesterday. First, there was an attempt to create a reasonable doubt in the minds of the jurors as to the ownership of the hammer, and, second, an attempt to prove that the hammer did not belong to the elder Koch, as claimed by the state.

Build Up Strong Alibi.

Members of the Koch family took up most of the morning session in giving the testimony which, if uncontroverted, will go a long way toward saving Dr. Koch from the gallows. Without contradiction, they told their stories and stood by them, even when fiercely assailed by the cross-examination of the state.

The father, brother and sisters of the defendant testified as to the time when Koch arrived home the night of the murder, and as to his appearance and conduct, which they all agree, was calm and unruffled.

SATURDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Handwriting and Typewriting Experts Combat the State's Claims.

New Ulm, Minn., Jan. 16.—A mass of expert testimony relating to handwriting and typewriting machines Saturday prevented Dr. George R. Koch from telling his own story on the witness stand.

He will tell it, however, to-day and he will tell it all. Nothing will be kept back by a fearful defense apprehensive of trouble from a full exploitation of the case.

Saturday's testimony was featureless. The defense attempted to prove to the jury that there was no doubt that Dr. Koch severely burned his hands by an accident at his home. There was some expert testimony tending to show that the address on the poison package was not written on the typewriting machine in the insurance office; also expert evidence denying that Dr. Koch wrote the word "sample" on the poison bottle.

MONDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Examination of Defendant Goes Into Every Phase of the Case.

New Ulm, Minn., Jan. 18.—Dr. G. R. Koch, whom the state charges with murdering Dr. L. A. Gebhardt, was on the witness stand nearly five hours yesterday, and at the conclusion of his cross-examination by Gen. Childs he returned to his seat near his attorneys. His bearing and his testimony was a source of satisfaction to his friends and a disappointment to some of his accusers.

The accused man proved to be the star witness for the defense, and while his testimony added nothing new in the way of facts, his appearance on the stand and his demeanor under fire of questions were strong points in establishing a conviction that he is innocent.

Rebuttal Is Foreshadowed.

Mr. Abbott for the defense conducted the direct examination and Gen. Childs the cross-examination. Mr. Abbott led the defendant into every phase of the case. There was an evident attempt to put Dr. Koch on record not only as to his whereabouts the night of the murder, but also concerning the alleged bottle of poison and his personal relations with Dr. Gebhardt. Among other things, Dr. Koch denied having called the murdered dentist a vile name, as one of the state's witnesses testified.

Dr. Koch yesterday maintained that in the conversation he was not referring to Dr. Gebhardt, but to Albert Pfaender, the young attorney for the state, who has been active in the prosecution since Dr. Koch first was suspected.

Friendly With Gebhardt.

Dr. Koch said that he and Dr. Gebhardt had been friends, that each did professional work for the other, and tthat neither charged the other for the work.

He disclaimed any remembrance of ever having suggested to Ole Ulen of Hanska the possibility of Dr. Gebhardt being killed. Gen. Child's cross-examination was severe, but Dr. Koch withstood it well.

Dr. Koch's account of his movements the night of the murder substantially agreed with that of previous witnesses for the defense. He denied having sent the poison package to Dr. Gebhardt or that he had ever seen it before.

Handkerchief Not His.

He denied ownership of the bloody handkerchief and all knowledge of the hammer produced by the state. He told how he had injured his hands while out hunting and had subsequently burned them with carbolic acid and alcohol. Dr. Koch admitted that A. J. Vogel gave him the advertising pencil the night of the murder, but said he had it in his pocket the morning following the murder; that he took it out of his pocket Wednesday morning and placed it on his desk in the office. The defendant claimed he still had the pencil in his possession.

Concerning the typewriter in court, Dr. Koch said he never used it or any typewriting machine, as far as that is concerned.

He denied having taken the sulphat of strychnine tablets from Dr. Strickler's office, but admitted that he knew of the bottle.

The defense rested its case at 4:30 o'clock.

Hit Poison and Pencil Theories.

After Dr. Koch left the stand half a dozen witnesses were put on by the defense.

Miss Ida Koch testified to having marked some of the defendant's handkerchiefs. She was given the bloody handkerchief to inspect and said it was not her brother's.

Dr. J. H. Vogel and Mr. Abbott identified an advertising pencil produced in court as the one laid away by Dr. Koch the morning after the murder.

Henry Soomsen, brother-in-law of the defendant, produced a blue box like the poison box, and testified that he took it from Dr. Koch's office the Friday after the murder.

Both the pencil and the box were placed in evidence without objection from the state.

TUESDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Gen. Childs Says Evidence Establishes Defendant's Guilts.

New Ulm, Minn., Jan. 19.—The fate of Dr. Koch will be placed in the hands of the jury to-day. There is practically no doubt about this, for the taking of testimony was brought to a sudden and early close yesterday morning and Gen. Childs has finished his closing argument to the jury.

L. L. Brown of Winona talked nearly an hour yesterday afternoon in behalf of the defendant. His argument will be resumed this morning. Mr. Brown says he himself does not know how long he will talk, but expects to be through by noon. Judge Webber is expected to deliver his charge to the jury considerably inside of an hour, and then everything will be finished except the verdict.

Sudden Close Is Surprise.

The state produced little evidence in rebuttal yesterday morning. The suddenness with which the case was brought to a close was a surprise to everybody except the attorneys for the state.

Gen. Childs talked five hours. He gave an able presentation of the state's case, closing with an eloquent appeal to the jury to do its full duty in considering the evidence.

The points in the state's evidence upon which Gen. Childs laid particular emphasis were those relating to the handkerchief, the hammer and the lead pencil.

The state, Gen. Childs said, had presented a chain of circumstances which point to Dr. Koch as the murderer.

"If the defendant's handkerchief had not been picked up in the murder room, Dr. Koch would never have been suspected. When you have that circumstance argument by the many, others the finger points directly at the defendant.

"Do you doubt that the hankerchief was picked up near the dead body and that it is Dr. Koch's? Do you doubt the hammer was picked up there, and that it killed Dr. Gebhardt? Do you doubt the lead pencil was found there? We have satisfied your intelligence."

Gen. Childs dwelt on the testimony of Ole Ulen, the Hanska farmer who testified that Dr. Koch suggested the killing of Dr. Gebhardt.

Professional jealousy was given as the motive for the murder.

"If you believe Ole Ulen, if you believe this defendant spoke these words to him, you must believe that more than a year ago this defendant entertained terrible ill feeling toward Dr. Gebhardt."

Poison Testimony.

Taking up a discussion of the poison testimony, Gen. Childs said the evidence was not presented for the purpose of trying the defendant on the charge, but to show that prior to the murder Dr. Koch had the intention of killing Dr. Gebhardt.

"We submit that the evidence shows the poison package was prepared and sent by the defendant. We then come to the main question. 'Did Dr. Koch kill Dr. Gebhardt on the evening of Nov. 1?' We maintain that the evidence establishes the defendant's guilt beyond a reasonable doubt."

Brown Argues for Defense.

Mr. Brown only had begun his argument when Judge Webber adjourned court. He began by paying a graceful tribute to Gen. Childs.

Mr. Brown told the jury that he would go into the evidence in detail, quoting figures and distances. He cautioned the jury to judge the integrity and reliability of witnesses when accepting their testimony. The jurors were told that they had been asked to hang Dr. Koch on circumstantial evidence.

"There has been not one circumstance presented which is not consistent with Dr. Koch's innocence; not a single circumstance.

Has Nothing to Prove.

"If you convict Dr. Koch you have got to live with the memory of it the rest of your life. If you convict, you must do so against the unimpeachable testimony of an eye-witness. No such step ever was taken by an American jury to convict a man without a motive. He has nothing to prove. No prejudice should be felt toward him because he cannot produce the murderer."

Mr. Brown spent considerable time discussing Ole Ulen, the Hanska farmer who testified concerning a conversation he had with Dr. Kooch a year or more ago. The advocate for the defense only had fairly started on Ulen's testimony when the court adjourned for the day.

TRIAL OF BURTON.

For Receiving Illegal Fees While a Senator to Be Held in Washington.

Washington, Jan. 18.—The trial under the indictment charging Senator Burton with receiving a cash payment at St. Louis will proceed immediately at this place. The department of justice has not yet considered the question of the trial place of the indictment alleging payment in this city. It is possible the statute of limitation may operate against it.

SUFFERS IN SILENCE.

Musician and Nobleman Too Proud to Tell Relatives of His Trouble.

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 18.—Comte Vaillant de la Croix, formerly musical director in the Illnois conservatory at Jacksonville, and the Knickerbocker conservatory in New York, distinguished for his work in grand opera, and the last male survivor of the famous titled French family, is ill and in poverty here because he is too proud to let his rich relatives in France know of his condition.

Frozen Body Found.

Pierre, S. D., Jan. 15.—The body of an unidentified man supposed to have frozen to death, was found near the forks of the Bad river, sixty-five miles west of Fort Pierre, and is being brought here for an inquest.

Guilty of Wife Murder.

Milwaukee, Jan. 15.—William Notten was last night found guilty of murder in the first degree by a jury in Judge Brazee's court. Notten was charged with the murder of his wife on Sept. 12 last.

KOCH'S FATE IN JURY'S HANDS

MUCH SPECULATION AS TO WHAT THEIR VERDICT WILL BE.

BROWN MAKES MASTERLY PLEA

DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY THOROUGHLY ANALYZES STATE'S TESTIMONY.

EXCEPTIONS TO THE CHARGE

DEFENSE OBJECTS TO POINTS IN JUDGE WEBBER'S INSTRUCTIONS.

New Ulm, Minn., Jan. 19.—At a late hour last night the jury to which at 4:15 yesterday afternoon was given the case of Dr. George R. Koch, charged with the murder of Dr. L. A. Gebhardt on Nov. 1, gave no intimation that a verdict would be announced before morning. Shortly before 10:30 o'clock the light in the court room in which the jorors have been privileged to stretch their limbs was extinguished, the jury retiring to its room.

Whether the twelve men have agreed on a verdict to be given when court opens this morning, or whether they decided to refresh themselves with sleep before further deliberating in an effort to agree, is purely conjectural.

Much Speculation.

Judge Webber and the attorneys waited at the court house until 6 o'clock, but the aged father of the defendant and his sisters and brothers left shortly after the jury went out.

Dr. Koch is awaiting the verdict in jail, where he has been, except when in court, since his arrest.

There is much speculation among those who have followed the trial as to the probable verdict. The friends of Dr. Koch confidently expected an acquittal, but when the court room was cleared at 6 o'clock, after the jury had been out an hour and a half, with no indication that a verdict was near at hand, there was evident disappointment among many.

Disagreement Is Expected.

None has been heard to say that a conviction is probable, but there are many who predict a disagreement.

The latter opinion is not shared by Senator Somerville, one of Dr. Koch's attorneys. He is confident that the jury will acquit his client. Mr. Abbott also has that opinion, while Mr. Brown, who made the closing argument for the defense, is not inclined to express an opinion.

The attorneys for the state are backward about making predictions, but it is safe to say they expect at least a disagreement.

The proceedings in court yesterday were not as dramatic as might have been expected. The incidents were Mr. Brown's closing argument for the defense, Judge Webber's charge to the jury and the anxious waiting after the jury went out. The defendant maintained his usual attitude throughout the day.

Judge Webber's charge to the jury could not be construed in any sense as partial to the defendant. There were at least two features in the charge which were out of the ordinary.

Defense Lodges Exceptions.

In one portion of the charge the court entered into a considerable discussion of the sufficiency of circumstantial evidence. This language of the court was objected to by Dr. Koch's attorneys because the state's case is founded solely on circumstantial evidence. Judge Webber's instructions that the state is not bound to show an adequate motive for the murder also were objected to, the defense from the start having maintained that this one of the fatally weak spots of the state's case. Mr. Brown concluded his argument shortly after 2 o'clock. He had spoken in all a little over five hours, devoting almost all of his time to analyzing the state's testimony. Mr. Brown made an able appeal on behalf of the defendant.

Court Makes Charge.

Judge Webber's charge to the jury was the feature of the day outside the fact that the jury tried to come to an agreement before 6 o'clock. The attorneys for the defense had submitted thirty-seven requests for special charges, but the court denied the greater part of them. Exceptions were taken in each instance.

The court reviewed the testimony, briefly calling attention to the fact that no evidence had been produced that the murder was justified. He told the jury the only verdict it could find was guilty as charged or innocent. He called attention to the evidence of Editor Brooks, telling the jury that they must determine as to its truthfulness as well as his liability to error. Practically the same instructions were given regarding to the testimony of the defendant and his relatives.

Treaty With Mexico.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Ambassador Azpiroz of Mexico and Secretary Hay yesterday signed an arbitration treaty along the lines of similar documents recently negotiated with other countries.

CIVIL WAR IN RUSSIA FEARED

STRIKE MAY BE CONVERTED INTO VAST POLITICAL DEMONSTRATION.

58,000 MEN ARE ON STRIKE

MOVEMENT IS SPREADING AND FIFTY THOUSAND MORE MAY JOIN AT ONCE.

GREAT DANGER OF BLOODSHED

ST. PETERSBURG FULL OF SENSATIONAL RUMORS AND CRISIS IS AT HAND.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 19.—The strike situation is becoming very grave. There are 58,000 men out on a strike and the movement is spreading to the big cotton mills, which employ over 50,000 operatives. Meetings have been called for to-day at which the Socialistic-Democratic leaders will use their utmost endeavors to convert the strike into a vast political demonstration, which, at the present crisis, might have most serious developments. The authorities are adopting every precaution to avoid an outbreak, but the Socialist-Democrats are spurring on the strikers, and there is great

Danger of a Collision

with the troops, which would almost be sure to be followed by red flag demonstrations accompanied by great bloodshed. The city is full of sensational rumors and rioting is generally expected. In conjunction with the Epithany celebration, which will occur to-day, the meetings of strikers will make the day a critical one for the police. Thus far, however, the strike has preserved a purely economic aspect. The great industrial quarter of St. Petersburg, which is the pride of modern Russia, presents the appearance of an armed camp. The idle factories are surrounded by cordons of police and patrols of infantry march about the snow-covered plains.

Led by a Priest.

The strikers are led by a priest named Gopon, who is idolized by the workmen and who represents them in negotiations with their employers.

The strike has an important bearing on the war in the Far East, as every day's delay in completing government contracts with the iron works means the loss of precious time in the starting of the third Pacific squadron.

At meetings of workingmen without distinction of political belief held yesterday it was decided to support the strike.

SUDDEN DEATH TAKES TRIO.

Three Members of Chicago Family Die in Twenty-Four Hours.

Chicago, Jan. 19. — Three sudden deaths within the past twenty-four hours have occurred in the family of Thomas Meehan, well known in commercial circles in Chicago. Tuesday word reached the family that James Meehan, the younger son, had died at Kankakee. A few hours later the mother, Mrs. E. Meehan, was taken ill with heart disease at a railroad station here and died after being taken to Mercy hospital. Yesterday a telegram was received that Thomas Meehan had died in Denver, where he went last week for a vacation. The survivors of the family are three sisters of Thomas Meehan. The news of his death reached the sisters as they were taking the remains of their mother and other brother to the family home.

MRS. CHADWICK VERY SICK.

Suffering From Physical and Mental Collapse.

Cleveland, Ohio, Jan. 19. — Two physicians were called to see Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick in jail yesterday afternoon. She is said to be suffering from physical and mental collapse. Attorney Dawley says she is afflicted with heart trouble and would not be able to stand a trial in court in her present condition. Mrs. Chadwick is said to have frequent fainting spells. The announcement that Mr. Carnegie had decided to reimburse the losers by the failure of the Oberlin bank has seemed to greatly affect Mrs. Chadwick.

HUNTS HEROES FOR CARNEGIE.

Newspaper Man Is Special Agent of Hero Fund Board.

Pittsburg, Jan. 19.—At the annual meeting of the Carnegie Hero Fund commission yesterday the old officers were re-elected and George A. Campsey, a newspaper man of this city, was appointed special agent to investigate the cases of heroism, his appointment taking effect on Feb. 1.

Bank Suspends.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Jan. 19. — The Bank of Clitherall, this county, suspended payment yesterday. The bank is a private institution, owned by E. P. Walster, and the difficulty is supposed to be due to too much money being tied up in real estate.

Farmer Weighing 410 Pounds Dies.

Prairie du Chien, Wis., Jan. 19.—H. Sweet, a farmer of Fayette county, died suddenly in this city. He was sixty-five years old and weighed 410 pounds.

The Spectator.

ST. HILAIRE, . . MINNESOTA.

Col. Greene declares that he lost $4,000,000 in less than a week. Who got it?

Saxony's new king is very hard up. He has only $837,500 a year, with six young children to support.

A war correspondent says many of the Japanese private soldiers are nutty. All of them seem to be tough nutty.

Pepper is reported to be selling for $3 a pound in the Klondike. The natives are probably not doing any sneezing.

H. H. Rogers is in a position to prove that it is a mistake to suppose that a man who has $75,000,000 can do as he pleases.

Tom O'Brien, king of the gold brick men, died the other day in a French prison. The queen of the tribe is in jail at Cleveland.

It will be remembered that those persons who tried to have fun with young Gould's celebrated grandparent generally came to grief.

An Ohio burglar remained concealed under a piano while a girl played for an hour. He was punished enough and ought to be turned loose.

People in large towns live three and a half years longer than people in the country. But if they live so much faster where is the advantage?

"Shall women run push carts?" asks a New York paper. If women must operate push carts, perhaps they should be limited to pushing them.

Countess Cassini, the daughter of the Russian ambassador, has been poisoned by something she has eaten, but a Japanese plot is not suspected.

Mr. Morgan showed poor judgment in paying $6,000 for the oldest piano in the world. He could have got one every bit as bad for a great deal less money.

Arthur Sawtelle of Oakland, Me., is 20 years old and has just been shot accidentally for the fifth time. One might think he would be gun-shy by this time.

The Moscow zemstvo has decided to quit and go home. It's a wise zemstvo that knows when there's no use hanging around and running up board bills.

Harvard may not win very often at football or rowing, but when it comes to chess, it is Harvard, Princeton, Columbia, Yale. Now for the ping-pong championship.

It is not true that Arthur F. Duffey, the sprinter, is going to Australia to get points from the festive kangaroo. He is going to show the "no fear" fellows how to travel.

A town named Hohokus in New Jersey has produced another Mrs. Chadwick. The village should petition the legislature for authority to change its name to Hocus Pocus.

A nude man on the top of a heap of snow and armed with nothing but a crow-bar kept a dozen New York policemen at bay for half an hour. He must have been a cool one.

Maine's official game record shows that 4,471 deer, moose and bears were shot during the past season. The rest of the sport was furnished by six men who were mistaken for deer.

A pretty girl kissed Senator Cullom the other day for saving her lover from going to the Philippines. Does anybody wonder that a senatorship is considered such a desirable berth?

The Japanese art of jiu-jitsu, it appears, is difficult of acquirement. It cannot be learned in a few easy lessons or from a correspondence school, as cooking or the French language can.

A visiting English earl finds an American murder trial very interesting. It is good to find earls interested in other things in America than the bank account of a marriageable young woman.

Down at Salem, Mass., a woman has sued for divorce because her husband kicked her with his wooden leg. He will no doubt set up the plea that he couldn't stand on his wooden leg and kick her with the other.

Dona Maria Francisco O'Reilly de Camara, Countess of Buena Vista, is suing to recover the hereditary Havana monopoly of slaughtering cattle. A name like hers would make a great sign over a slaughter house.

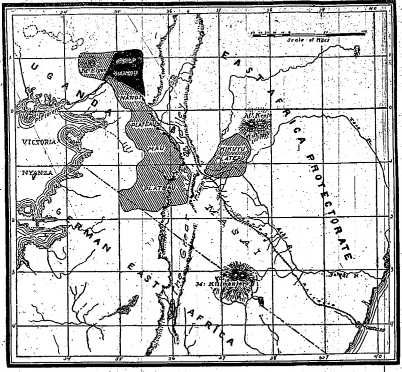
A German court has decided that poker is not a game of chance. It certainly isn't when an innocent stranger sits down to take a hand "in a friendly little game" operated by gentlemen who depend on it for a living.

It is a pleasure to learn that all the soldiers in the vicinity of Mukden now have shoes. There are a great many things funnier than going barefoot in a country where snow and ice conspire to hide the green grass under about two feet of chilliness.

The Bishop of London recently received a £5 note from an undertaker who contributed it as a thank offering because business had been so brisk. Why should there be any further doubt about the Englishman's possession of the sense of humor.

The news about the western railroad man who has resigned a $30,000 place that he has held for fourteen years, to accept a $15,000 place on another railroad, is also interesting as a reminder that there are big salaries paid to able men outside of politics.

High Plateaus of East Africa Where White Races Can Live and Thrive



The black and shaded areas on this map are from 6,000 to 10,000 feet above the sea. They are perfectly healthful. The Guas Ngishu plateau, shown in solid black, is the area which the British government has offered to Jewish colonists. No British settlers have yet been invited to the Nandi and Mau highlands, but British farmers are settling on the Kikuyu plateau. The land is said to be rich and easy of cultivation.

TRAITS OF GEN. STOESSEL.

Kouropatkin Selected Him for Defender of Fortress.

It was Gen. Kouropatkin who insisted that Gen. Stoessel should be put in command of Port Arthur. Kouropatkin said of him: "Stoessel is a bad tactician. Put him against equal force, against a Gourko or a Skobeleff, and you'll find him tricked and cut to pieces in four-and-twenty hours. But stick him behind one of his own earthworks, where there's no question of maneuvering, and all the forces of earth and hell will not prevail against him." "Gen. Stoessel showed himself to be a man of singularly few words," writes an English critic, "though his Te Deum addresses to his troops after the repulse of Japanese assaults, as well as his dispatches to the czar, were couched in phraseology which seemed to have been equally borrowed from the Psalms of David and the pages of Victor Hugo. Otherwise, he was ever brief and even abrupt of speech, this fortress-holder with the tall, bulky but rather ungainly figure and face so little suggestive of the conventional hero.

"He could wire Hugoesque dispatches of victory to the czar," this same critic continues, "though to the company of soldiers which sent word that they could no longer hold their post his only reply was: 'But you can die, then!' And die they did. 'What I order can be done,' was his rule, and all breaches of discipline were punished with the most merciless severity. 'Carry out the sentence,' was his invariable reply to court-martial recommendations to mercy; 'it will save lives in the end.' A dealer who was found to be selling putrid tinned meat to the soldiers he sentenced to be locked up for three days and fed exclusively on his own poisonous stuff.

"Never popular before, Stoessel soon came to be the idol of his officers and men, who recognized him to be the soul and beacon of their glorious defense. 'People say,' wrote a correspondent in Port Arthur, 'that Gen. Stoessel never sleeps; for when all the city is in darkness a light alone burns in his headquarters,' and, it might be added, in his heart. Apart from his own stout heart, which never failed him, another constant source of his courage has been the inspiring presence of his wife."

Barred Out Shakespeare.

There is one family in Brooklyn that does not take much stock in Mr. Shakespeare. The eldest daughter is getting close to graduation in the grammar school and some knowledge of the bard and his work is requisite, according to the notions of Supt. Maxwell. This little girl took home "The Merchant of Venice" as one of her class books and read a bit of it aloud to her father. The old man did not like the cuss words, and when she read about the "damned Jew" there was trouble in that simple little household.

"Put that book away, Maria," said the horror-stricken father. "I'll write to your teacher about that."

And he did. He said: "Teacher—That book of William Shakespeare's is no good and I don't want my daughter to read any more of it. I never let her read dime novels anyway, but I don't think it's very nice to put books with swearing in them into the hands of little girls. I never heard of this man Shakespeare, but his stuff is not the style I want my little girl to read. E. P. Roe is bad enough, but that's moral."—Brooklyn Eagle.

Why He Wanted Time.

Four year old Freddie had a visit the other day from his five year old cousin Walter, and the two small boys were playing marbles in Freddie's yard, when Freddie's mother called him to go to bed. The little fellow begged for just a minute more, and several times it was granted. Finally his mother become insistent, and the small boy came to her holding out a bag full of marbles.

"Mother," he said, "if you will give me only a minute or two more I'll send him home busted, and you can have half the marbles."

Money of Wartime Days.

A Lawrence bank received a unique deposit the other day in the form of several hundred dollars in the 50, 15, 10 and 5-cent scrip of war days. The bills have been kept in the home of the depositor for forty years.

Inventor Claims Ship Will Go 500 Knots an Hour

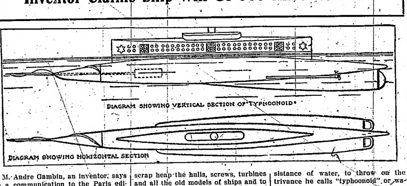


DIAGRAM SHOWING VERTICAL SECTION OF "TYPHOONOID"

DIAGRAM SHOWING HORIZONTAL SECTION

M. Andre Gambin, an inventor, says in a communication to the Paris edition of the New York Herald that he has made a discovery which will make it possible for ships to go 500 knots an hour.

According to this inventor the time may soon come when people can breakfast in London and dine in New York. It will be necessary to discard scrap heap the hulls, screws, turbines and all the old models of ships and to build them according to new designs on strictly scientific principles. The new boats are to be called "pneumatic suction" or "typhooned" ships.

The principle which he says he has discovered consists in placing in front of a specially constructed ship a contrivance he calls "typhoonoid" or water sucking cone. This cone, by revolutions imparted by a horizontal shaft similar to that used for screws, will create a vacuum in front of the ship which will be drawn forward by pneumatic suction and fly, as it were, through a vacuum, just as letters do through the postal pneumatic tubes.

Few Buffalo in Existence.

There are now only 1,333 American bison in existence. The various herds with the number of each are as follows:

Pablo-Allard, etc., herd, on Flathead Indian reservation, Montana, 330; running wild, west of Great Slave lake, 200; in the Austin Corbin park, New Hampshire, 160; herd of James Philip, Fort Pierre, S. D., 90; herd of Charles Goodnight, Goodnight, Tex., 50; in Banff Rocky Mountain park, Canada, 45; in Yellowstone park (inclosed), 40; in Bronx park, New York, 32; in Yellowstone park (running wild), 30; herd of John E. Dooley, Utah, 30; herd of G. W. Lillie (Pawnee Bill), Oklahoma, 28; herd in Lincoln park, Chicago, 20; herd of Burgess & Hanson, Luana, Iowa, 20; herd of J. J. Hill, Cardigan, Minn., 18; in the Cincinnati Zoological park, 16; herd of C. J. Lenander, Bancroft, Iowa, 10; in Philadelphia Zoological park, 9; Central park, New York, 5; Denver city park, 5; Buffalo city park, 4; St. Louis city park, 4; Montebello Kennels, Philadelphia, 4; herd of Frank Rockefeller, Belvidere, Kas., 3; in parks at Pittsburg, Toledo, Rochester, Omaha, San Francisco, Winnipeg and other places, 30; individuals or small numbers in the hands of various persons, 36; in Germany and other foreign countries, 114.

The Art of Resting.

To understand how to rest is of more importance than to know how to work. The latter can be learned if one will give one's mind to it, but the former is an act some people never acquire.

Rest necessitates change of scene and activities. Lounging is very often tiring, sleeping is not always restful, and sitting down with nothing to do is simply invoking weariness. A change is needed to bring into play a different set of faculties, and to direct the thoughts into a new channel.

The woman who is weary and heavy laden with care finds relief in active employment, with freedom from responsibility. The brain worker generally finds her best rest in playing hard. Rest may be found in many different ways, but it is quite a mistake to expect to find it in idleness.

Congratulations Poured in on Him.

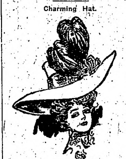
Three good old southerners of calm consciences and unimpaired digestions were swapping anecdotes at the senate. They were Senators McCreary and Daniel and Representative Meyer. "Daniel and I were in the house together," said Mr. McCreary. "One day when he and I were sitting side by side a telegram was brought to him. He opened it, looked pleased as he read it, and then passed it over to me. It announced the birth of a son, for which I extended sincere congratulations. Only a few moments later a half dozen telegrams were brought him in a bunch. He opened them, looked pleased, as before, and soon passed all the messages over to me to read. They were telegrams of congratulation announcing his election to the senate. I promptly congratulated him again, and with renewed cordiality, for, as far as my knowledge extends, Major Daniel is the only man who received on the same day and within the same hour the gratifying news that a son had been born to him and that he had been elected a United States senator."—Washington Post.

FOIBLES OF FASHION

Unique Picture Frame.

An idea equally new for a frame and one made with much less labor than the canvas work, is to paint with water colors a striking, rather pronounced flower, a poppy or an iris. This then should be cut out and pasted on a background of Japanese grass cloth, vivid red if a poppy and blue or green if an iris is chosen. The whole then is framed in passe partout style. This gift costs very little and is highly decorative.

Charming Hat.



Pale blue felt is used in the above hat. It is trimmed with a crush crown band of pale blue uncut velvet, with cascade of loops and two black tips at front.

Bows and Buttons.

Bows and buttons decorate so many modish frocks that they play an important part in the trimming scheme of the season. There are little short, perky, cobby bows, and long, thin, serious, straight bows—bows with dangling tails depending, bows minus tails. They are of black velvet, of ribbon, of silk; they are of gold or silver gauze, but of whatever shape or material they are distinctly conspicuous. There are loops of velvet covered cord and velvet buttons; there are leaf shaped tabs of applied velvet, with center of rhinestone and there are charming enamel or diamante buttons and even old silver, not to mention gilt and gun metal, comes into the button field. Few of these fancy buttons serve as real fasteners, their charm and their interest centering in their decorative value, which, in most instances, is sufficient to warrant the attention that the button is receiving just now. Concerning the bow opinions differ as to its decorative influence, but it can safely be said that one tires more quickly of the bow than the button.

Souffle of Apple.

Pare, core and slice six or seven fine, juicy apples. Stew them in a double sauce pan, without adding any water, till quite tender. Mash these to a pulp, stirring in two tablespoonsful of butter, a teacupful of white sugar, and flavor with greated lemon peel and nutmeg. When quite cold. beat in first the yolks of four eggs, and then alternately beat in the very stiffly beaten whites and a cupful of breadcrumbs. Beat for three minutes till the mixture is a creamy batter, then pour into a buttered pie dish, cover with greased paper, which should be kept on until ten minutes before serving, as it will prevent the juice from drying up and a crust forming on the top. Bake for an hour all together in a moderate oven, turn out and sprinkle with sugar before serving.

Gown in Old Design.

A costume was worn at a reception not long ago that was so original that it was positively refreshing. It consisted of a green velvet gown and mantle of just the shade you would imagine the heroine of a historical novel would wear. The gown was long and straight and fell in graceful lines from the bare shoulders, being loosely fitted at the waist. The angel sleeves were fitted with raw silk in a faint old blue, deeply embroidered up from the hand on the inside in rich purple, relieved with white. The decolletage was embroidered with the same design in seed pearls, amethysts and turquoises, to carry out the color scheme.

The mantle was a graceful thing in green, with blue and purple tones, and draped over the left shoulder, where it was fastened with a great jeweled clasp of ancient design. The whole was as truly mediaeval as anything ever seen off the stage, and yet the effect was not in the least startling.

To be graceful and womanly in dress is an object worth striving for and can never result in bad taste.

Designs for Fans.

Seasons may come, and seasons may go, but the fan waves on forever. Just now it waves in fashionable circles, most conspicuously in real lace and spangles. Particularly for the young girl are these, the preferred types of zephyr creators, and this year they are lovely enough to tempt the least envious of girls to covet their possession. Mother of pearl is the favorite mount and most of the fans are small. Silver, gold and opalescent hued spangles glisten and gleam from a background of white or black gauze, plain and inlet with floral motifs in point de gaze, Duchess or Chantilly lace. Ivory and tortoise, as well as pearl, are used for mounts, and two of the favorite designs are pictured above.

With the Housewife

Muffins and gems made without eggs, but with more milk and butter, the batter beaten with a wooden spoon till it is very light, are said to be indistinguishable from those made with eggs.

When ivory has become yellow from age or use wash it well with soapy water and a brush and bleach it by standing it in the sun for several days, wetting it repeatedly with soapy water.

Stains made by dipping candle grease (and such ugly things are the penalty one pays for these ornamental adjuncts to the dinner table) may be removed by placing a piece of blotting paper over the spots and pressing with a hot iron. This applies to stains in fabrics.

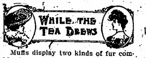
To whiten linen take one pound of fine white soap, cut it up into a gallon of milk and put it over the fire in a kettle. When the soap has quite melted put in the linen and boil for half an hour. Now take it out, having ready a lather of soap and warm water. Wash the linen in it and then rinse it through two cold waters, with very little blue in the last.

Three Essential Points.

The woman who wishes to appear fashionable this season must insist upon three small but essential points when choosing her winter costume. She must demand width across the shoulders, a slender waist and nicely rounded hips. Nor is it necessary to contract the waist to give it the proper slim effect. The breadth of shoulder accentuates the smallness of the waist and a good modiste can accomplish both with little inconvenience to her customer.

Apples Baked with Jelly.

Pare and core six good-sized apples and stick cloves all around the top near the opening of each one; put them in a tin pan in the oven, and add half a cup of sugar water and bake till done; put the peels and cores in a sauce pan, cover with water and boil till tender; strain through a jelly bag, return the juice to sauce pan and boil twenty minutes; then add for each pint of juice one pound of sugar and boil ten minutes; remove the apples to a glass dish, pour the apple jelly over them and serve them cold.



WHILE THE TEA BREWS

Muffs display two kinds of fur combined.

All the fur coats crave little cravats of ermine.

A cloth made of rabbits' wool is new in millinery.

Bright colors run riot in the silk petticoat corner.

Mink is accounted a comforting substitute for sable.

Brown is undoubtedly the fashionable color of the winter.

The finest of embroidery supplants lace on the new underwear.

Most of the taffeta frocks seem determined to be copper-brown.

Even the pert little plume that stands erect runs into several colors.

There are possibilities of a dainty evening wrap in an old white lace shawl.

Glimpses of New Millinery.

Curious flower-like trimmings are used—and the flower idea is carried out through the whole trimming. Ribbons are looped and gathered up across a crown into great flat clusters that look like a huge dahlia, with a velvet dahlia in exactly the same shades perched on the brim.

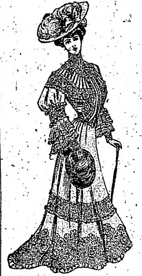
Pale pinks and blues used separately or mingling in a gauzy, indistinct way make up some of the prettiest of the evening hats.

Some of the velvet hats are shirred on wires and puffings have found their way on everything.

Fur and velvet combinations are in high favor.

Fur crowns are in the handsomest hats, with velvet brims, and often velvet flowers on the crown and bandeau.

From Paris.



White chiffon linon gown, trimmed with lace and chiffon and embroidered vest.

Change in Corsets.

"There is quite a change in the style of corsets for this season," says a corset salesman. "A new style has been made for certain figures that have never before been shown. The bust line will be lengthened. That does not mean that old-fashioned, high bust corset is coming in style again, but that there will be a drop in the waist line. The high bust corsets will probably never come in again, at least for many years. Heretofore the line below the waist has occupied so much attention that the waist line has been neglected, but this new form has remedied this defect. The styles that prevailed in the last season will still be good, but the new one takes care of figures that have not heretofore received much attention.

"The tendency in the corset market is getting to be gradually toward higher grade goods. Women are getting more particular than they used to be.

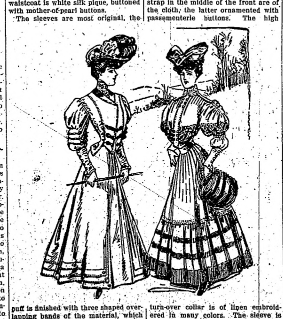
"It may seem strange, but a much more expensive and higher grade corset can be sold in South Africa than in this country. There we can sell a $35 corset where we cannot sell one for $15 here."

New Fruit Mixtures.

Grapes divested of skins and stones and mixed with pineapple frappe is one of the latest combinations. Only two kinds of fruit are allowable in a salad, according to certain cooks. Sliced oranges and bananas, oranges and apples and pears, without other accompaniment than a dash of mararschino, are among the favorite blends.

WALKING SUITS FROM PARIS.

The suit at the left is of mahogany-colored cloth. The fitted jacket, with basque back, is slightly shirred and is ornamented in front with straps of braid of a darker shade and with gold buttons. The turn-over collar is of velvet matching the braid and the chemisette is of cream lace. The waistcoat is white silk pique, buttoned with mother-of-pearl buttons.



The sleeves are most original, the puff is finished with three shaped overlapping bands of the material, which extend up the inside of the arm, dwindling to points. Under these is another puff trimmed with the braid and buttons and finished with a deep mousquetaire cuff, also of the material, which, like the bands, is ornamented with buttons.

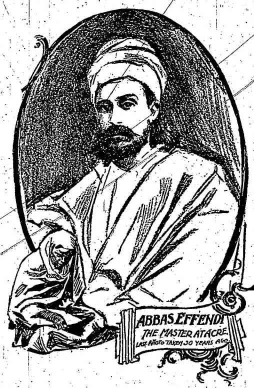
The skirt is finished at the bottom with the shaped bands, which extend part way up each of the front breadths.

The outer costume is of olive-green cloth. The blouse is shirred along the shoulders and apparently over the tops of the sleeves, and again at the bottom in front and back, where it is slighfly draped. The shoulder straps and the strap in the middle of the front are of the cloth, the latter ornamented with passementerie buttons. The high turn-over collar is of linen embroidered in many colors. The sleeve is plaited to form two cuffs, a large and small one, and is finished with a deep plain cuff ornamented with buttons.

The skirt is plaited at the top and finished with a deep gathered flounce, headed by rows of stitching and trimmed with bands of velvet of a darker shade in graduated widths. The girdle is of the material.

New Religious Propaganda That Is Making Much Headway in America

Residents near Broadway and Fifty-eighth street have for some time past been attracted each Sabbath morning by a kaleidoscopic procession of many complexions and persuasions wending toward a demure brown-stone building at 226 West Fifty-eighth Street, which is down on the city map as Genealogical hall. This weekly procession has nothing to do with the Scribes and Pharisees. Nor is it a Sunday morning gathering of Shakespearean philosophers searching for sermons in stones and books in babbling brooks. None of these was represented in the pilgrimage to the demure brownstone house a Sababth ago.



They were devout pioneers of a new and no less remarkable than numerically successful religion which, since 1898, has thrown its occult enlightenment into many corners of Dark America and Darker New York—a religion which within forty years has illumined for 9,000,000 human beings the path which leads to Acre and to Him Who Lives There. Acre is a Syrian seaport sixty miles from Beirut. By the Babists it is pronounced and written Akka.

Those who have seen and absorbed the teachings of Abbas Effendi believe that just as Mohammed lived and died to save and sanctify all Mussulmans, and just as the Christ suffered the crucifixion in order to accomplish the same Christian purpose, the Master at Acre will unite true believers of every race and religion under both the cross and crescent. In other words, they believe Babism is the evolution of all religions of the past and as such is designed to carry on the torch of moral, physical and spiritual civilization.

This is the story of the extraordinary One at Acre as gleaned from several followers in the congregation. Myron H. Phelps, of the New York bar, in a recent written account of his pilgrimage to Acre entertainingly describes the Master as follows:

"Imagine that we are in the ancient house of the still more ancient city of Akka, which was for a month my home. The room in which we are faces the opposite wall of a narrow paved street, which an active man might clear at a single bound. Above is the bright sun of Palestine; to the right a glimpse of the old sea wall and the blue Mediterranean. As we sit we hear a singular sound arising from the pavement thirty feet below—faint at first and increasing. It resembles a murmur of human voices. We open the window and look down. We see a crowd of human beings with patched and tattered garments. Let us descend to the street and see who these are.

"It is a noteworthy gathering. Many of these men are blind, many more are pale, emaciated, or aged. Some are on crutches. Some are so feeble that they can barely walk.

"These people are ranged against the walls or seated on the ground, apparently in an attitude of expectation. For what do they want? Let us wait with them.

"We have not to wait long. A door opens and a man comes out. He is of medium stature, strongly built. He wears flowing, light-colored robes. On his head is a light buff fez with a white cloth wound about it. He is perhaps sixty years of age. His long gray hair rests on his shoulders. His forehead is broad, full and high, his nose slightly aquiline, his moustaches and beard, the latter full though not heavy, nearly white. His eyes are gray and blue (an unusual color in Syria), large, and both soft and penetrating. His bearing is simple, but there is grace, dignity, and even majesty about his movements. He passes through the crowd, and as he goes utters words of salutation. We do not understand them, but we see the benignity and kindliness of his countenance. He stations himself at a narrow angle of the street and motions to the people to come toward him. They crowd up a little too insistently. He pushes them gently back and lets them pass him by one by one. As they come they hold their hands extended. In each open palm he places some small coins. He knows them all. He caresses them with his hand upon the face, on the shoulders, on the head. An aged negro who hobbles up he greets with some kindly inquiry; the broad face breaks into a sunny smile, his white teeth glistening against his ebony skin as he replies. He stops a woman with a babe and fondly strokes the child. As they pass, some kiss his hand. To all he says, 'Marhabbah, marhabbah—Well done, well done.'

"So they pass. The children have been crowding around him with extended hands, but to them he has not given. However, at the end, as he turns to go, he throws a handful of coppers over his shoulder, for which they scramble.

"During this time this friend of the poor has not been unattended. Several men wearing red fezes, and with earnest and kindly faces, followed him from the house, stood near him, and aided in regulating the crowd. (Abbas Effendi is a prisoner of the government.)

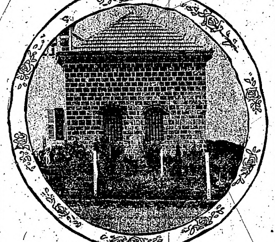
"This scene you may see almost any day in the streets of Akka. There are other scenes which come only at the beginning of the Winter season. In the cold weather which is approaching the poor of Akka will suffer, for, as in all cities, they are thinly clad. Some day at this season, if you are advised of the place and time, you may see the Akka poor gathered at one of the shops where clothes are sold, receiving cloaks from the Master. Upon many, especially the most infirm and crippled, he himself places the garments, adjusting them with his own hands and stroking them approvingly as if to encourage the wearer. There are five or six hundred poor in Akka, to all of whom he gives a warm garment each year.

"This man who gives so freely must be rich, you think? Once his family was the wealthiest in all Persia. But this friend of the lowly, like the Galilean, has been oppressed. For fifty years he and his family have been exiles and prisoners. Their property has been confiscated and wasted. His own garments are usually of cotton, and the cheapest that can be bought. Often his friends in Persia—for this man is rich in friends, thousands and tens of thousands who would eagerly lay down their lives at his word—send him costly garments. These he wears once, out of respect for the sender, then he gives them away.

"His room is small and bare, with only a matting on the stone floor. Yet, while he is a prisoner, his jailers have become his friends. The Governor of the city, the commander of the army corps, respect and honor him as though he were their own brother. And how could it be otherwise? For to this man it is the law, as it was to Jesus of Nazareth, to do good to those who injure him. Have we yet heard of any one in lands which boast the name of Christ who lived that life? Such is Abbas Effendi, the Master at Akka."

Babism or Bahaism may be roughly condensed as making for perfect comradeship. He Who Lives at Acre has personally informed Mesdames Phoebe Hearst of California and E. L. Getsinger of New York, as well as Miss Brittingham, Attorney Phelps, Chairman Hoar, and Prof. Edward Granville Brown of Cambridge University in England that his teachings are evolved from many other and older religions, from which, be it ventured, they differ little except in laying stress upon certain passages of both the Bible and Koran with regard to brotherly love.

Briefly, Bahaism teaches that the universe exists for the purpose of individualizing the Eternal Essence; that is, for the purpose of creating in that essence centers of consciousness and intelligence which shall know themselves and It. Behal is It.



House of the Master at Acre.

His book of laws recommends, in conclusion, that mankind shall select one language and one character for those that exist, and adopt them as a means of communication, to the end that the whole world may become one land and one home.—New York Times.

PRELIMINARY TO A BATH.

Some Manual Labor in Order Down in Tennessee.

Congressman Brownlow is from one of the mountainous regions of Tennessee. He comes from that part of the world where the crests of rock are so high that Gov. "Bob" Taylor once said of them that small children could stand tip-toe and tickle the feet of angels with very short straws. He is interested greatly, Mr. Brownlow is, in the good roads movement.

"What I would like to see," said he to-day, "is Congressman Hearst start in on a crusade for national improvements on the highways with the same energy that has characterized his other work in national matters."

In some parts of Tennessee it is difficult for a stranger traveling from New York, for instance, to imagine that the light of civilization has ever penetrated there. The houses are crudely built; the roadways mere blazes, the postoffices sometimes fifty miles apart. Mr. Brownlow tells a story of a Philadelphia drummer having reached one of the villages late at night, and on being awakened early in the morning rubbed his eyes and then asked for a bath. In a few minutes the landlord returned with a spade, a hickory towel and a gourd of soft soap.

"What do I want with the spade?" asked the drummer.

"Well, you'll need it when you try to dam the creek," the hotel man said.

Those Kindly Persons.

It happened in a railway station.

The baby cried and cried and cried.

"Perhaps he desires his bottle," suggested a fatherly looking old party.

"He has not been raised on the bottle," cuttingly replied the handsome young woman who held the infant.

The baby's shrieks grew terrific. He made unmistakable signs that he wanted his dinner.

"Beg pardon, ma'am," said the elderly party, "but may I suggest that you—er—permit the child to—er—take nourishment?"

"This baby belongs to my sister," replied the young lady, blushing furiously, "and she won't be here for half an hour. I'm holding it for her."

PRACTICAL MAN OF AFFAIRS.

Vice-President of Mexico Clearly Sees Country's Needs.

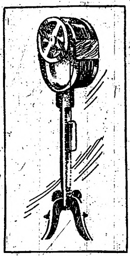
Vice-President Corral of Mexico is a civilian. He saw his only military service during a revolution in the frontier state of Sonora, of which he is a native, and as the revolution was of short duration he came out of the conflict with but little practical knowledge of warfare. He knows more about public lighting, street traction and municipal drainage, for he has studied these subjects in the great cities of the United States and Europe. He believes that the greatest need of the Mexican people is education, and that the future of the country depends, to a large extent, on the building up of a substantial middle class. He holds that too many of the young men of Mexico are entering the priesthood and the legal profession, and in the hope of inducing Mexican youths to devote their lives to useful arts and trades he is promoting the establishment of a Mexican institute of technology that will rival similar institutions of other countries.

SCIENCE and INVENTION

Clock Without a Key.

Many are the efforts which have been made recently to improve on the old spring clock, with its twelve-hour face, which has been in use for a good many years. There have been clocks without hands, clocks without dials and clocks with springs of such gigantic proportions that they required winding but once a year. The very newest thing in this line is a clock which will run forever and never needs winding or any other attention, except, perhaps, occasional regulation, for it is possible that the time-piece might run a trifle fast or slow. It will never be in need of winding, and as a matter of fact, there is no provision whatever made for winding the clock.

This clock is operated by a motor driven by the changes of the temperature which are constantly going on in the air about us. A large factory is about to be put into operation at Knoxville, Tenn., where these clocks will be made under patents which were granted to Prof. Weston M. Fulton, who is the local forecaster in charge of the United States weather bureau and observatory at that place, and also instructor of meteorology at the University of Virginia. The essential feature of the professor's invention is a vessel for containing the liquids and gases which are acted upon by the air. The remarkable thing about this vessel is that it is made of metal and yet has the capacity of compression and expansion to a very great degree without impairing its usefulness. The materials with which this has been heretofore done in the construction of bellows and like devices have all had the disadvantage that they were short-lived when any attempt was made to make them hold certain chemicals which Prof. Fulton makes use of, and heretofore it was never thought that metal was available for the purpose. But this is what the professor has succeeded in doing, and the vessel he has designed is of thin sheet metal, with deeply corrugated sides. The chemicals are sealed within the walls of this container, and as the expansion and compression takes place the movement is transformed into power, stored up by means of a spring and made to operate the clock.



Beer Kegs of Old Steel Rails.

A Joliet, Ill., inventor believes that a process of making beer kegs out of old steel rails is to make him wealthy. In his valise this inventor carries a small model beer keg made out of polished steel, which he says will within a few years do away with the old and cumbersome wooden kegs entirely. The steel is only one-sixteenth of an inch thick and the kegs weighs but a few pounds. Its inventor claims that it will stand three times more pressure than a wooden keg and that it can be made for one-third the price of the latter.

The keg is made in two pieces, the joint being hidden by a steel band. The bunghole is hermetically sealed by a patent contrivance which requires a key to unlock it. The hole is graduated to fit any size of spigot.

Any kind of steel is used in its construction, but the inventor is now using old steel rails. The interior of the keg is covered with a pitch preparation used in wooden kegs to keep the beer from tasting of the metal.

Make Cotton of Wood.

There was a time when cotton grew; now it is made. The French have acquired the novel art of cotton making, and to do so use the cellulose of a fir tree. Can a fig tree bear thistles? Perhaps not, but a fir tree can grow cotton. The fibers of the tree are pulverized by special machinery and treated with steam and bisulphate of soda for thirty-six hours under a heavy pressure. The mess is then washed and bleached, passed between rollers to dry it, and reheated with chloride of zinc and acid, to which has been added a little castor oil to give a consistent paste. This cellulose matter is then passed through a draw plate, which produces a thread having an exceedingly close resemblance to cotton.

New Motor Ambulance.

A bullet-proof motor-ambulance was inspected on Nov. 24 by the director general of the Army Medical Corps, in England, says the London Illustrated News. The idea is to supply a first-aid station capable of easy locomotion in the field. When at work Major Palliser's armor-plates are extended like wide wings, behind which the surgeons can work in safety. In the ambulance electric lamp (by the Union Electric Company), the carbons are placed low and the radiance is thrown up to the large shade, whence it is reflected, affording a diffused and shadowless light to the surgical operator.

The demise of the oldest inhabitant can usually be attributed to the fact that he was born too many years ago.

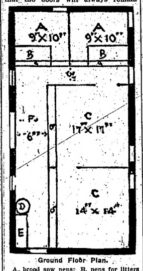
SMALL PEN FOR HOGS.

To Accommodate Two Brood Sows and Their Fattening Litters.

J. R. H.—Please publish the plan of a pig pen of suitable size to accommodate two brood sows and the fattening litters from these. The pen is to be built of stone and to stand east and west.

In the accompanying plan there is provision for a partition in the brood sow pens for the little pigs to go in to feed; the partition is one foot from the floor so that the pigs can go under to be fed separate from the sow. The trough should not be over 4 inches high for the little pigs; the other troughs should be six inches high.

The windows in all the pens can be placed above the doors—that is, the upper part a window, and the lower part a door. It is a good plan to hang the doors on hinges at top, so they can swing either in or out, so that the doors will always remain closed and pigs can go in or out at any time. If the doors are required to be kept open all the time they can be hung up by a wire to the joist. By having a windlass above the feed alley it can be used for a slaughter room, and when not used as such it may be closed by having trap doors above.



Ground Floor Plan.

A, brood sow pens; B, pens for litters to feed in; C, pens for fattening hogs; D, water barrel; E, feed box; F, feed alley; G, troughs.

Planting Acorns and Walnuts.

E. M. H.—What is the proper time and method of planting seeds of the oak and the walnut?

Walnuts and acorns should either be planted as soon as they are ripe in the autumn or kept where they will not dry out, and then planted in the spring, as once they become dry their germinating power is much lessened and sometimes destroyed. As the soil may be now too much frozen to plant the nuts this year, they may be put in a box spread out in thin layers alternately with layers of moist sand. The box should then be buried outside to prevent drying out and to allow the frost to crock the nuts, or the box may be kept in a cellar, but with less satisfactory results. Another good plan is to make a shallow hole in the ground outside, spread out the nuts and cover with two or three inches of soil and leave them there until spring. In the spring the nuts and acorns may either be planted where they are to remain permanently or else in rows three feet apart. The acorns should not be planted more than two inches deep, and the walnuts not more than three inches.

Peppermint Culture.

C. H. H.—Please describe the soil and cultivation best suited to the growing of peppermint.

Peppermint succeeds best in moist soil, mucky ground being particularly suitable for it. It will also succeed well in rich loamy soil. Shallow trenches are opened about 2½ feet apart and the roots or root stocks of the peppermint are laid along the furrow which is then closed up. The ground is kept thoroughly cultivated during the summer to ensure a good growth, and hoeing and hand-weeding are necessary to keep out weeds. The crop is cut just when the first flowers are showing, and the plants cured in the same way as hay. Every three or four years a new plantation is made, as peppermint exhausts the soil considerably.

Butter Will Not Gather.

A. S.—I have lost several churnings because of not being able to get the butter to gather in the churn. I have no such trouble when the cows are on pasture.

The failure to get butter to gather in the churn is usually due to attempting to churn the cream at a low temperature. The trouble may be overcome by slightly raising the temperature, or by the addition of a little water at a temperature of 85 or 90 degrees Fahr. It is also a good plan to add a little dry salt to the cream. The solution of the salt in the water of the cream seems to affect the viscosity in such a way that the formation of butter granules is greatly facilitated.

Worms or Tuberculosis in Hen.

Recently I killed a 2-year-old hen and on opening her found that the whole insides were covered with small growths about the size of a bean. I opened the growths and found them to be filled with blood and water. The bowels were hard. Please tell me what was the trouble. Are any of the other hens liable to be attacked in a similar manner?

This may be an intestinal disease caused by worms, or it may be tuberculosis. If the latter, immediate and thorough disinfection of the poultry house is requisite. A symptom of tuberculosis might be an emaciated appearance. As a safeguard against the possibility of worms mix a small quantity of cantonin in the soft food of the hens. If the disease is tuberculosis it is certainly most contagious.

WITH MARKED CARDS

SWINDLERS MADE IMMENSE SUMS IN HAVANA.

One of the Most Elaborate and Expensive Schemes Ever Carried Out Successfully Was That of Spaniard Named Blanco.

The amount of money and labor which "high-class" swindlers will expend in bringing their plans into operation is remarkable. The ordinary burglar will consider $25 a large sum to spend on a job. Not so the artist in crime. He spends thousands. He risks much because he plays for high stakes.

One of the most remarkable swindles was that instituted by a Spaniard named Blanco. No novelist has ever penned a tale so romantic as the account of this sharper's roguery in the cast of the great Havana card swindle.

Blanco commenced operations by buying an immense number of packs of cards. He opened every pack, carefully marked each card and skillfully fastened the packets so that it was impossible to detect that the pack had been opened. These operations were tedious, and a couple of years were occupied by them. Then Blanco shipped his vast stock of marked cards to Havana, where they were sold at such low prices that the island dealers would stock no others.

By the time Blanco himself had reached Havana his cards were distributed all over the place. He joined the best clubs and with the aid of the money he possessed and his cards soon became rich. All was going well until a Frenchman named Laforcade informed him that he was a sharper.

Laforcade was also a rogue, a lower kind of rogue than the Sapniard. He had obtained possession of several packs of cards from one of the principal clubs. His intention was to mark the cards and then replace them in the club stores.

To his astonishment he discovered that somebody had marked the cards already. He obtained several other packs and found that they were marked also. He went to the dealers and bought packs; every card was marked. Thus he discovered the great fraud.

He soon tracked the man who always won and compelled him to share his gains. Blanco had to do the sharping while Laforcade spent the money.

When Blanco came to the conclusion that the original stock of his cards was becoming exhausted he laid his hands on every penny he could find and bolted, leaving the Frenchman in the lurch.

Laforcade being left without funds was compelled to abandon his idle ways. He cheated at cards, bungled and was detected. When brought before the tribunal the whole of the remarkable facts of the gigantic swindle came to light.

The Real Adrienne Lecouvreur.

The great success of the new Italian opera, "Adrienne Lecouvreur," has set a good many people wondering whether the actress who is its heroine (as she is the heroine of the French play called by her name) ever really existed. She certainly did. She was popular in Paris toward the end of the seventeenth century. She charmed the contemporaries of Louis XIV., and particularly the famous Prince Maurice of Saxony, who used to leave the wars (which then went on pretty continuously) and pay her flying visits in Paris. Unfortunately the duchess of Bouillon, a very great lady, indeed, was also fond of Maurice. So, when one day Adrienne suddenly died, her friends all hinted that the duchess had something to do with her death. It was never proved, but there is no doubt but that Adrienne died very soon after receiving some flowers from her grace. Were those flowers poisoned. It is safe to say, that a great duchess would not have thought much in those days of removing a rival if the rival happened to be a mere actress. Everybody despised actresses then. But Adrienne has her triumph over the duchess now. She is regarded as a charming martyr to love, while the duchess universally is execrated.

Modern Tendency to Hurry.

President Faunce of Brown university tells an amusing story illustrative of the hurry tendencies of the age. "Even the children," he said, "discount the future these days. Recently I noticed two little boys and two little girls much engrossed in a game they were playing. The boys and one of the girls, the elder, were together in one corner of the room, and the other little girl, who was hardly big enough to walk, was behind the door.

"'What are you playing?' I asked one of the boys.

"'We're playing family,' he replied. 'I'm the father, Tommy's the doctor, and Sadie, here, is the mamma. Tessie, over yonder behind the door, is the baby, waiting to be borned.'"—New York Times.

Merely a Virginian.

Two men in a yellow car on Pennsylvania avenue were disputing about the proper method to find the cube root of a certain number. One held to one plan and one to another, and they became earnest.

Senator Daniel of Virginia sat across the aisle, engrossed in his own thoughts. He was staring straight out of the window when one of the disputants leaned over and touched the senator on the knee, saying, "Excuse me, sir, but are you a mathematician?"

The senator came out of his reverie with a start.

"No, sir," he replied with dignity; "I am not; I am a Virginian."—Washington Cor. New York World.

Had His Own Little Doubts.

"Say, ma," asked little Willie, after he had been in conjunction with the paternal slipper, "did anybody besides pa ever ask you to be their wife?"

"Oh, yes. I had lots of proposals before your father came along."

"Well, do you think you gained anything by waiting?"

LASTING RELIEF.

J. W. Walls, Superintendent of Streets of Lebanon, Ky., says:

"My nightly rest was broken, owing to irregularities of the kidneys. I suffered intensely from severe pains in the small of my back and through the kidneys and was annoyed by painful passages of abnormal secretions. Doctors failed to relieve me. I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills and I experienced quick and lasting relief. Doan's Kidney Pills will prove a blessing to all sufferers from kidney disorders who will give them a fair trial."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., proprietors. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

Quite So.

Some little time ago a certain medical gentleman was obliged to discharge his coachman for drunkenness. The doctor bore no malice, and would have befriended his old servant, but John was of opinion that he had been badly treated.

John came down in the world, and one morning he was driving a fat beast to the local butcher's slaughterhouse when he was accosted by his old master.

"Ah, John, John!" said the doctor, gravely. "See what drink has done for you! Instead of having a comfortable berth you can earn an odd shilling by driving those poor things to their death."

"Yes, quite so," admitted John, who had by no means forgiven his former employer, "I drives poor things to their death now, while" — viciously — "I might still ha' been driving death to poor things."

DISFIGURING ULCER.

People Looked at Her in Amazement — Pronounced Incurable — Face Now Clear as Ever—Thanks God for Cuticura.

Mrs. P. Hackett of 400 Van Buren St., Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I wish to give thanks for the marvelous cure of my mother by Cuticura. She had a severe ulcer, which physicians had pronounced incurable. It was a terrible disfigurement, and people would stand in amazement and look after her. After there was no hope from doctors she began using Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills, and now, thank God, she is completely cured, and her face is as smooth and clear as ever.

Why He Smiled.

The Japanese emperor smiled upon the court. "And what," he asked, "what news of the war?"

"There are, your majesty," answered the prime minister, "reports of a battle off the coast."

"I am convinced," observed the emperor, with a twinkle, "I am convinced that if there has been any trouble on the ocean the Russians are at the bottom of it."—Judge.

Eleanor as a Thermometer.

After Eleanor had been going to school for three weeks she arrived at home in a great state of joyous excitement.

"Oh, mamma, mamma!" she cried, "I'm going to be a thermometer!"

Mamma was bewildered and tried to find out more, but all that Eleanor knew was that the teacher had told her that afternoon that next day she should be a "thermometer."

At last mamma had to resign herself to let it remain a mystery, but later in the day she met the teacher and found out that because Eleanor had been so very, very good, the teacher had decided to make her a monitor.—Chicago Journal.

As a Preliminary.

"In choosing bridesmaids," said the young girl who was about to be married, reading from her favorite home paper, "one should take pains to select girls with gracefully poised heads, who walk well."

Just as her mother was about to commend this very excellent idea the old gentleman gave a scornful snort and broke into the conversation.

"We'll have a cake wallk as a preliminary test," was all he said. But it was enough. They refused to speak to him for two days, at the expiration of which time they were in need of more money.—New York Press.

MIGHT HAVE SAVED IT.

A Lot of Trouble From Too Much Starchy Food.

A little boy of eight years whose parents did not feed him on the right kind of food, was always nervous and suffered from a weak condition of the stomach and bowls. Finally he was taken down with appendicitis and after the operation the doctor, knowing that his intestinal digestion was very weak, put him on Grape-Nuts twice a day.

He rapidly recovered and about two months thereafter his father states: "He has grown to be strong, muscular, and sleeps soundly, weighs 62 pounds, and his whole system is in a fine condition of health." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

It is plain that if he had been put on Grape-Nuts at an earlier period in his life, and kept from the use of foods that he could not digest, he never would have had appendicitis. That disease is caused by undigested food decaying in the stomach and bowels, causing irritation and making for the growth of all kinds of microbes, setting up a diseased condition which is the active cause of appendicitis, and this is more marked with people who do not properly digest white bread.

Grape-Nuts is made of the selected parts of wheat and barley and by the peculiar processes of the cooking at the factory all of the starch is turned into sugar ready for immediate digestion and the more perfect nourishment of all parts of the body, particularly the brain and nerve centers.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," found in each pkg.

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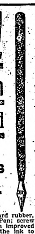

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Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Jan. 21. 1905.

The weather the past week is not the kind we had served to us a year ago this month. In fact, this is a different kind of a winter.

Last Tuesday the House and Senate separately voted on U.S. Senator and Moses E. Clapp was the choice. On Wednesday they met in joint session, canvassed the vote and declared Senator Clapp entitled to a six year term from March 4th.

The Thief River Falls Press comes to us this week with Frank E. Packard as editor and publisher. Mr. Packard is a young newspaper man of ability and will, we think, prove a valuable addition to the fraternity of Red Lake county. The retiring editor, S. W. Bagley, is one of the kind that will be missed by his many friends.

Would it not be a good plan to start the new year by forming among the business men of St. Hilaire a Commercial Club which would try and do something for St. Hilaire the coming year? There is room for improvement and concerted action might work wonders.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

The people of St. Hilaire could not do anything better for their town than to organize as suggested above and if they are in doubt let them notice what Northome's club has done for the town and they won't hesitate a minute about getting together.—Northome Record.

Both sides seem to be bluffing in the county seat fight. Chas. E. Boughton, the Red Lake Falls city attorney, has been up at Thief River Falls the past week examining the city records there and intimates that in case the injunction is pushed against buying the court house he will show up some grave irregularities in the Soo right-of-way deal in which it is claimed that the ctiy council of Thief River Falls acted without authority of law. To offset this the Thief River Falls crowd threaten to send Henry W. Lee down to the county seat to look for misdoings and irregularities. This should bring them to time if anything will.

The Edge of a Windstorm.

A curious example of how sharply the edge of a windstorm may be defined is reported by the captain of a bark. When off Valparaiso, the captain says, a whirlwind came along and passed over the stern of the vessel. A great sea accompanied the wind, and every sail and movable thing on the after part of the ship was carried away. The forward part of the vessel was untouched by the storm, which passed away in the distance, leaving a train of foam in its wake.

Eight Arrows In the Air at Once.

"There is a purely Indian exploit which is recognized as a test of fast shooting," says Mr. Ernest Thompson Seton in Country Life In America. "In this the 'honor' is allowed the archer who can have six arrows in the air at once and the 'high honor' for seven. The Indian record is eight, but not many Indians have made it."

Out of Harm's Way.

"What the deuce are you doing on the top of that tree, Mike? Don't you know that it's being cut down?" Mike—Yes, your honor. The last toime ye had a tree cut down it fell on top of me, and, begorra, Oi'll be safe this toime!—London Tit-Bits.

A Genius.

"Your mother-in-law never pays you a long visit," said one man to another. "How is that?"

"She did once, but I got my mother to come on a visit at the same time."

Susan's Accomplishments.

Mr. Hayrake—Well, Susan must be studyin' art. Mrs. Hayrake—Land sakes! Mr. Hayrake—Yes; she says, "I am writing this letter in my drawing room."—Chicago News.

Fourth Grace.

Faith, hope and charity should crowd closer and make room for gratitude.—Atchison Globe.

Self [illegible] of all things.—[illegible]

TWENTY YEARS' SLEEP.

Rip Van Winkle's Case May Have Been More Fact Than Fiction.

Even superficial students of folklore know that the tale of Rip Van Winkle, supposing that Irving really heard it in the old Dutch settlements along the Hudson, is by no means peculiar to that district, but is found in some form or other all over the world. In other words, the idea that it is possible for a human being to survive in a state of unconsciousness for a very long time would seem to be either a universal fancy or to be founded on some actual experience.

Dr. Lancereaux in the Paris Bulletin of the Academy of Medicine reports such an experience, the case of a woman who actually did, so far as intelligent consciousness was concerned, sleep almost exactly twenty years.

The patient, of a neurotic and hysterical family, had always been delicate and nervous. On May 31, 1883, she was severely frightened and fell into violent hysteria, which after twenty-four hours passed into unconsciousness. In this condition, interrupted every month or six weeks by sudden convulsive attacks, she lay until May 23, 1903, kept alive entirely by injections of nourishment.

On May 23 she was seized with hysteria similar to that at the beginning of her sleep, and the next day there was another convulsion. On May 25 she began definitely to recover consciousness and by the next day was able to speak intelligently of events before her sleep and could also remember from day to day since her waking. Of happenings during her sleep, such as the drawing of some of her teeth, she knew nothing. On the evening of May 28 she died peacefully.

The particular case is of interest chiefly to the medical profession, but the general fact of survival in unconsciousness for a very long time shows how such tales as those of the Sleeping Beauty, the Seven Sleepers of Ephesus and Rip Van Winkle, to mention only the most familiar examples, could have originated from actual experience and observation. Very likely such cases occurred more than once.

"Truth is stranger than fiction," runs the old saying. It is undoubtedly more correct to say that fiction is merely enlarged, reduced, distorted and otherwise decorated fact and that without a fact within general knowledge from which to start fiction could not exist. It is entirely safe to conjecture that at some prehistoric period, sleeping not out of doors, of course, but under shelter, and for many weeks and probably months, if not years, there was a Rip Van Winkle.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

FAMOUS ENGLISH WELLS.

Some Whose Waters Are Charged With Magic or Miraculous Power.

Though there are hundreds of wells supposed to possess magical power scattered all over England, the general public is ignorant of their locality or the romantic stories connected with each one. There may be a possible exception in the well of St. Keyne, in Cornwall, for Southey has made it famous in a witty little poem. The magic of its waters is such that the husband or wife who drinks first from it after leaving the altar will have the upper hand over the mate for their joint lives. The bride of whom Southey tells us did not wait till after the marriage ceremony to pay a visit to the well; but took the precaution of taking a bottle with her to the church.

Another well, in Monmouthshire, which has a peculiar fascination for the unmarried maidens is known is the "virtuous well." For generations the maidens of that locality have accredited it with marvelous powers in forecasting their futures. They have only to drop a pebble into its water and count the resultant bubbles, for each bubble represents a month of waiting for the day which will make them brides. In order to propitiate the genius which presides over the well it is necessary to decorate the brambles which shade it with bits of white cloth.

Then there are the so called holy wells which have many medicinal virtues. Such a one is St. Winifred's, at Holywell, which is accredited with cures that are almost miraculous. The legend of its origin is a very pretty one. It is said that twelve centuries ago St. Winifred, the winsome daughter, of a Welsh chief, was wooed by Prince Caradoc, a prince of ill repute. She declined his persistent advances, and at last he killed her in a fit of rage. From the spot on which St. Winifred's lifeblood fell there gushed forth a stream of crystal water which has worked miracles in her name for so many centuries.

Practically all the ills to which the flesh is heir can be cured by one or another of these wells. St. Ninan's, in Cornwall, is said to restore lunatics to sanity, but the patient must be immersed in the water and held there until the breath has nearly left his body. This seems a heroic measure. But even this is not so severe as the treatment which must be endured if a madman is to be cured at Llandegla well, in Wales, for after the victim is nearly drowned he is trussed like a fowl and laid under the communion table of the neighboring church for the night.

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THE QUEST OF BEAUTY.

What One Woman Suffered For the Sake of Her Appearance.

You must suffer to be beautiful, according to a French saying. There seems to be some truth in the statement, if a lady's maid is to be believed. She has revealed the secrets of her mistress' boudoir, or, rather, torture chamber. The lady herself is now beautiful, but one wonders that she is still alive. For months she lay flat on her back on the floor, motionless, with her arms close to her sides, during several hours every day. This was, it appears, to improve her figure. During the rest of the day, for the same period of time, she sat on a high stool, giving and rocking the upper part of her body backward and forward and from side to side unceasingly. By this process she is said to have acquired a statuesque throat and a sylph's waist. The lady's nose, having a soaring nature, was corrected and made Grecian by the constant application day and night for months of a spring bandage. One nostril was originally larger than the other, so she wore a small sponge in it for a year. Her cheeks have been filled out and rounded by injections of paraffin. Her ears for months were compressed against the sides of her head by springs, while heavy weights were attached to the lobes to produce the required elongated shape, which has been successfully achieved. Having suffered this complicated martyrdom for a year, the lady, as already stated, is now beautiful.—Paris Letter.

YOUR GRIP ON YOURSELF.

Retain That Though You Have to Let Everything Else Go.

Some people get along beautifully for half a lifetime perhaps while everything goes smoothly. While they are accumulating property and gaining friends and reputation their characters seem to be strong and well balanced, but the moment there is friction anywhere, the moment trouble comes—a failure in business, a panic or a great crisis in which they lose their all—they are overwhelmed. They despair, lose heart, courage, faith, hope and power to try again—everything. Their very manhood or womanhood is swallowed up by a mere material loss.

This is failure indeed, and there is small hope for any one who falls to such a depth of despair. There is hope for an ignorant man who cannot write his name even if he has stamina and backbone. There's hope for a cripple who has courage, there is hope for a boy who has nerve and grit, even though he is so hemmed in that he has apparently no chance in the world, but there is no hope for a man who cannot or will not stand up after he falls, but loses heart when opposition strikes him and lays down his arms after defeat.

Let everything else go if you must, but never lose your grip on yourself. Do not let your manhood or womanhood go. This is your priceless pearl, dearer to you than your breath. Cling to it with all your might. Give up life itself first.—Success.

The Baby Beetle's Cradle.

If, at almost any time of the year, we walk through the woods where the red, scarlet, black or pin oaks are growing—that is, where we find those that ripen their acorns in two seasons and therefore belong in the pin oak group—we shall probably find on the ground fallen branches that vary in size from that of a lead pencil to that of one's thumb or even larger. These at the broken end appear as if cut away within the wood, so that only a thin portion is left under the bark. Within the rather uneven cut, generally near the center of the growth, is a small hole tightly plugged by the "powder post" of a beetle larva. Split open the branch or twig, when a burrow will be seen, and the little, white, soft, hard jawed larva that made it will be found or perhaps the inactive pupa.—St. Nicholas.

Why Sailors Wear Collars.

Probably not many people, including the wearers themselves, know the origin of the sailor's collar. Many years ago when Jack Tars wore their hair in pigtails, which they were in the habit of keeping very greasy, the backs of their coats used to get in a very dirty and untidy condition owing to coming in contact with the hair, consequently the order was given for a detachable and washable collar to be worn, so that they might look more tidy.—London Standard.

Forget Once In Awhile.

The health of the body as well as of the mind depends upon forgetting. To let the memory of a wrong, of angry words, of petty meanness, linger and rankle in your memory will not only dissipate your mental energy, but it will react upon the body. The secretions will be diminished, digestion impaired, sleep disturbed and the general health suffer in consequence. Forgetting is a splendid mental calisthenic and a good medicine for the body.

A Notable Deficiency.

The Professor—Of course in many respects the ancients were far behind us in civilization. His Wife—Yes. Now, I never heard you say that anybody had discovered the ruins of an ancient retail dry goods store.—Brooklyn Life.

A Candid Critic.

Author—Is it true that you say my latest is the worst book I ever wrote? Critical Acquaintance—Nonsense, my dear fellow. What I said was that it was the worst book anybody ever wrote; not you in particular.

A Narcotic.

Teacher—Give me a familiar instance of a narcotic. (Pupil hesitates.) Teacher—What does you father smoke in his pipe? Pupil—Mother says it smells like hayseed, but I guess it's leather.

John W. Forseen
SHOE
Repairing
Second door North of Postoffice.
St. Hilaire, Minn

The Bill Was Not In the Senate.

One of Senator Frye's scintillations as presiding officer, when the Philippine bill was near its passage in the senate, should not be lost to the world. Such measures, till perfected, are considered in committee of the whole, not in the senate, as the term goes. The distinction is of little popular significance, but of great parliamentary importance.

Senator Bacon, wishing to make a certain motion, was informed that the bill was not in the senate, but in committee of the whole.

"Oh, I thought we were in the senate," replied Mr. Bacon.

"We are in the senate," Mr. Frye responded, "but the bill is not."—Washington Post.

Henry VIII. and Puddings.

Bluff King Hal, otherwise Henry VIII. of England, was exceedingly fond of puddings. At one time he gave a certain Mistress Cornwallis a house in Aldgate for herself and her heirs forever "in reward of fine puddings." In King Henry VIII.'s private accounts occur again and again entries of his rewards to different housewives for bringing him puddings. A typical instance runs thus: "Item. The same day paid to the wife that made the king podings at Hampton corte, vis. viijd." This would be about $1.75, but its value was much greater when the entry was made. This love for "fine puddings" explains much in the familiar rotund figure of King Hal.

A Matter of Gender.

The English language is supposed to be very simple in the matter of genders, but foreigners who triumphantly handle questions of gender of inanimate things in their own languages often have their difficulties with the English. A Frenchman recently came to grief over his English. "I fear I cockroach too much upon your time, madame," he remarked politely to his hostess. "En-croach, monsieur," she smilingly corrected him. He threw up his hands in despair. "Ah, your English genders!" he sighed.

Ambiguous English.

"Have you ever tried to explain the various meanings of some of our English verbs to a foreigner?" asked a lady who employs many servants. "My German maid went to the drug store the other day for some headache medicine and returned very much puzzled.

"'The man say, "Vill you take it or shall I send it?"' she reported. 'Eef he do not send it, how can I take it?'"

Just Like a Woman.

Ma Twaddles—Tommy, you've been a bad boy today, and I shall tell your father all about it when he comes home. Tommy Twaddles—Aw, that's jest like a woman—can't keep a secret, can you?—Cleveland Leader.

Unbreakable.

"Now, yo' lookey heah, yo' George, doan' yo' fall down an' break dem aigs."

"I couldn't break um nohow. Dey is Plymouth Rock aigs, dey is."

It is possible to repeal a law, but not a banana.—Philadelphia Record.

Order for Hearing on Claims, Etc.

State of Minnesota. County of Red Lake—SS.
In Probate Court.
Special Term, January 16, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Alfred Dalnard, deceased:

Letters of testamentary on the estate of Alfred Dalnard, deceased, late of the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, being granted to Mrs. M. N. Dalnard;

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 17th day of April, 1905, at one o'clock p. m. at a special term of said probate court, to be held at the Probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 16th day of January, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
[Seal] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.
(j21-4t-f11)

Order for Hearing Application for Appointment of Administrator.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss
In Probate Court.
Special term, January 11, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Julius H. Rice, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Oscar F. Post, of the village of St. Hilaire, of the county of Red Lake, representing, among other things, that Julius H. Rice, late of the county of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1902, at the county of Red Lake, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a creditor of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Oscar F. Post granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 6th day of February, A. D. 1905, at one o'clock p. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls the 11th day of January, A. D. 1905.

By the court,
[SEAL] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.
J14f4

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

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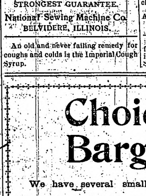
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Apply to.....
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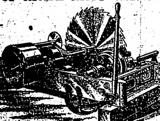

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9:15 am 4:15 pm	THIEF RIV. FALLS	10:15 am 4:45 pm
11:15 pm	RED LAKE FALLS	3:15 pm

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

T. J. Thorkelson	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
D. Patterson	Councilmen
N. G. Otterness	Councilmen
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
A. F. Blomburgh, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers;—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

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Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS.

Norway herring 8c a pound at M. L. Hanson's.

Albert Bergh was a business visitor here last Wednesday.

K. O. Gigstad was down to Red Lake Falls on business last Monday.

T. J. Thorkelson came back from a visit at Minneapolis last Wednesday.

We are closing out a line of ladies' $1.50 slippers for $1.15. M. L. Hanson.

Edward Mills, the Great Northern Master Carpenter, was a caller here yesterday.

Walter McAndress, who now resides on a claim near high landing was here last Sunday.

Mrs. Gusta Mehlop, of Helena, Montana, is here this week visiting her brother O. F. Post.

Nels G. Otterness came home last Sunday after spending a week in Iowa on some land deals.

The young ladies of the village have organized a whist club which will meet every Friday evening.

Don't forget the Firemen's Masque Ball next Wednesday night. You can't afford to miss it.

A course at Buttons Business College, Crookston, Minn., for $25 to all who enroll during January. 4t.

Born, on Sunday, Jan. 15, 1905, to Mr. and Mrs. John Campbell, of the town of Rocksbury, a boy.

Dr. J. E. Argue, the Red Lake Falls dentist, will be at St. Hilaire on February 3 and 4. Wait for him.

J. F. Boss, of the Crookston Lumber company, was here on business for that company on Thursday.

Geo. M. Rickets, representing the American Book company, was doing business here last Thursday.

Mrs. Arthur F. Lang came back last Wednesday from a three months' visit with relatives at Anoka, Minn.

A number of the young folks of the village drove out to Valhall last Saturday night and enjoyed a pleasant evening.

If you want to make a quick sale of your land give Nels G. Otterness, the land man, absolute control of it and he will advertise it until sold.

It is thought that the Great Northern will have the cut at Red Lake Falls completed and trains running that way the first part of next month.

About twenty members of the Catholic congregation of Thief River Falls drove down last Sunday to attend the services held by Rev. Fr. Ansgar.

Children's felt shoes at very low prices at M. L. Hanson's.

B. B. Penner left last Wednesday for his claim in Roseau county. He will build a dwelling on it before he returns so as to be ready to move there in the spring.

Minneapolis wheat, Jan. 20; May wheat—Opening, $1.14⅛; high, $1.14¼ A⅜; low, $1.13; close, $1.14¼ A⅜. Minneapolis cash wheat—No. 1 Northern $1.12¾, No. 2 Northern $1.06¾ to $1.07¼.

The dwelling on the Kratka farm northeast of here was burned yesterday morning, completely destroying the house and contents. The house was occupied by a tenant and the fire caught from a stove pipe.

Misses' $1.40 felt shoes for $1.00 at M. L. Hanson's.

John E. King and Bert McIntyre, of Red Lake Falls, were callers here on Wednesday on their way home from St. Paul. Mr. King is of the opinion that the senate will in a few days confirm his appointment as State Librarian.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

Greenbush, the new town in Roseau county, the end of the line on the Great Northern, has been indulging in blind pigs, tigers and other lawlessness. The Roseau county sheriff made the town a visit lately. He arrested the blind piggers, burned the gambling outfits and made the crowd promise to be good in the future.

The Oliver Typewriter received the Gold Medal at the World's Fair, St. Louis. Send for handsomely illustrated art catalog which tells why.

The Oliver Typewriter Co.,
332, Hennepin Ave.,
tf Minneapolis, Minn.

Apples at Duntley's.

Robert Fritz was down from Thief River Falls last Monday calling on his friends. Mr. Fritz and family will leave about the 25th of this month for Rainy River, where he will saw the coming season.

John J. Soll left yesterday afternoon with Henry Monson, his father-in-law, and Thorval Moen and Thomas Severson, of Clarkfield, Minn., for eastern Marshall county, where they will spend several days looking over the country.

Guarantee stock food for sale at M. L. Hanson's. Try some.

The welcome whistle of the planing mill sounded for the first time this year calling the men to work Monday noon. It will not shut down again for several months as there are plenty of orders in sight and a large amount of lumber in the yard.

Henry Goergen, of Thief River Falls, who recently purchased the Arthur building on Broadway, was here the first of the week completing the deal. He informs us that he will open a general merchandise store here about the first of February.

Apples at reduced prices at Duntley's Confectionery.

The Hebert Aid Society, of Thief River Falls, is looking for new members to increase their number, and as it costs only $1.00 per year to join we look for a great many to take advantage of this opportunity. We invite men, women and children to unite with us.

DR. J. HEBERT,
Thief River Falls.

The Plummer Pioneer states that there is a large amount of wet and worthless land on the reservation. Surely the Pioneer must be mistaken. We think if it would carefully canvass the business men of Plummer it would find much valuable information that would establish the high value of the reservation lands. Surely what little snow we have had could not make it so very wet.

The first payment by the government to the Red Lake Indians for lands sold at Thief River Falls last fall is now due and it is probable that the payment will be made before Feb. 1. The first installment will be 20 per cent of the amount to be paid for the lands and will amount to about $177,000. It had been previously reported that the payment would not be made until June 1, but this report was erroneous, as the government agreed to make the first payment 90 days after the sale had taken place.

Good Apples Cheap.

R. H. Duntley has a few barrels of good winter apples on hand which he will despose of at the following prices while they last:

Baldwins—$3 per bbl.; $1 per bu.
Greenings—$2.60 per bbl.; 90c per bu.

Died.

In St. Hilaire, on January 16th, 1905, Patrick King, aged 88 years.

Patrick King was one of the territorial pioneers of Minnesota, having become a resident of this state in 1856, when he settled in Goodhue county. He moved to Red Lake county seven years ago, but has been a resident of St. Hilaire but a short time. Mr. King was the father of Mrs. Patrick Ford, of Black River. The funeral took place on Wednesday at Red Lake Falls, the interment being made in the Catholic cemetery.

Firemen Will Mask.

Arrangements are about complete for a big time at the Firemen's Masquerade Ball at Imperial Hall next Wednesday night. Chief Fellman informs us that a large number have ordered suits from below and that many will appear in costumes made here, so that it is certain that there will be a good-sized crowd of masqueraders. The Firemen have been to considerable trouble and expense and everybody in town should show their appreciation of the boys by buying a ticket and attending the ball. Come even if you do not mask, there will be fun enough for all.

Teachers' Association Meeting.

The regular meeting of the Red Lake County Teachers' Association will be held at Thief River Falls on Friday and Saturday, January 27 and 28. A good program will be rendered. Several noted educators will be present and address the meeting Friday evening. School boards are requested to allow teachers to close their respective schools on Friday, the 27th, in accordance with the custom of other counties having teachers associations. Members of school boards are also requested to be present and take part in the proceedings. All persons interested in education are invited to attend and assist in making the meeting successful.

H. T. McANULTY,
Co. Supt.

Wood Wanted.

Sealed bids will be received on or before February 10th, 1905, by the trustees of School District No. 102, Red Lake county, for forty cords of green poplar wood, to be delivered at the school house in St. Hilaire on or before March 10th, 1905. The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Clerk.

Notice.

All parties knowing themselves indebted to the Imperial Drug Company are requested to settle their accounts at once, owing to the retirement of Mr. Thorkelson.

IMPERIAL DRUG CO.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lanctot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

Lack of Mail Service.

Crookston Times: The residents of the new towns along the Soo are registering some very vigorous kicks for lack of mail service. Ass't Supt. Bradford, having charge of the railway mail service, visited the points along the new line several months ago. On Nov. 1st he recommended that a regular mail service be established from Glenwood to Thief River Falls and on Dec. 1st recommended that the service be established on the Soo to the Canadian border. Thus far, however, nothing has been done and the people interested are beginning to wonder why and have communicated with Congressman Steenerson for the dilatory tactics being pursued.

An order has been issued by the post office department which will give regular service to Greenbush beginning February 6th. This will give another mail clerk running out of Crookston, as one clerk cannot handle the work to Greenbush and return each day. It is predicted that by the date the new service starts the trains will be running to Greenbush and return each day from this city via Dugdale and Red Lake Falls. Under this arrangement the mail clerks would run out of here every other day, or run one week and lay off the next, the same as is done on the Duluth run from Grand Forks now.

Notice of Teachers' Examinations.

The semi-annual teachers' examinations for Red Lake county will be held at Red Lake Falls, Thief River Falls and St. Hilaire in accordance with the following program:

THURSDAY, FEB. 2ND.
(First grade studies.)

A. M.—8:30 Enrollment.
9:00 Physics.
10:30 Algebra.
P. M.—1:30 Geography.
2:45 Civics.
4:00 Physical Geography or general History.

FRIDAY, FEB. 3RD.
(Second grade studies.)

A. M.—8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Professional test.
9:30 Spelling.
10:00 Arithmetic.
P. M.—1:30 Geography.
3:00 Reading.
4:30 Composition and Penmanship.

SATURDAY, FEB. 4TH.
(Second grade studies continued.)

A. M.—8:00 U. S. History.
9:45 English Grammar.
11:15 Music.
P. M.—1:30 Physiology-Hygiene.
2:45 Drawing.

Teachers, please notice that the examination begins at 8:00 a. m. Feb. 3rd and 4th.

H. T. McANULTY,
Co. Supt.

Want a New Law.

A. N. Johnson is circulating a petition to congress asking that the settlers on the eleven townships of the Red Lake reservation be allowed to make proof at the end of fourteen months or five years by paying the sum of $200. Of course everyone in this section is in favor of a bill of this kind, but it will take considerable hard work to convince the eastern congressmen that this is the proper thing. One of the petitions is on file at the Park Hotel and can there be signed by any interested party.—Thief River News.

Great Northern to Extend.

Fertile Journal: We have been told by good authority that the Great Northern will next spring commence the construction of the extension of their Pelican Rapids line to connect with the Northern Pacific at or near Winnipeg Junction, and that trains will be run direct from the Twin Cities over that line to Greenbush, the present terminal of the Great Northern road north of Thief River Falls. If this is done, as it seems likely, Fertile will have a double train service.

Notice of Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between T. J. Thorkelson and Jens Nelson under the firm name of Imperial Drug Company, is this day dissolved. All claims against the above firm are to be paid by Jens Nelson, to whom is also due all accounts due the firm.

T. J. THORKELSON.
JENS NELSON.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., Jan. 4th, 1905.

Dry Wood.

Dry wood for sale at $3.00 per cord, delivered. Leave orders with W. A. Sorsoleil.

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of Merchants State Bank at St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on Jan. 11, 1905.

Date of call by Supt., Jan. 11, 1905.
Date of report by bank, Jan. 19, 1905.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$28,794 08
Overdrafts		81 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		3,765 16
Due from banks	14,151 84	
Checks and cash items	781 81	
Currency	1,253 00	
Gold	770 00	
Silver	444 00	
Fractional	2 64	2,469 64
Total available assets	17,353 09	17,353 09
Total		49,912 83
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$ 10,000 00
Surplus fund		100 00
Dep. subject to check	16,658 52	
Demand certificates	1,829 91	
Total immed. liabilities	18,488 43	
Time certificates	21,011 42	
Total deposits	39,499 85	39,499 85
Other liabilities		312 48
Total		49,912 83

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } ss.

I, K. O. Gigstad, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier.

Attest: (Two Directors:
Daniel Patterson.
H. E. Ives.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 19th day of January, 1905.

DANIEL PATTERSON
(Seal) Notary Public,
Red Lake Co., Minn.

LATE NEWS BY WIRE

The following late telegraphic news items were furnished us last evening by the Edwards-Wood Company:

NEW ULM—Jury in Koch trial disagreed. Jury discharged. Jury stood 3 for conviction, 9 for acquittal.

ST. PAUL—The Globe says: "Most jurors favor Koch's acquittal. Out another night without reaching an agreement. The defendant says he hopes to be re-tried in St. Paul or Minneapolis.

ST. PETERSBURG has a reign of terror. Shot at Czar is charged to army. It appears that man in battery of most aristocratic military regiment in all Russia fired point blank at palace wherein emperor is blessing waters of the Neva. This design on Czar's life believed will result in widespread plot.

Farmers' Conventions.

Dairymen, Poultrymen and Horticulturists to Meet.

The three Red River Valley farmers' organizations—the Dairymen, Poultrymen and Horticulturists—will meet at Crookston on February 2, 3, 4, and the meeting gives promise of being one of the most successful ever being held in this part of the state. This is the first meeting of these organizations and no pains will be spared to make them interesting and instructive. A feature of the meeting will be the exhibits of the different creameries of this part of the state.

Rural Delivery and Better Roads.

The extension of the rural free delivery service is proving to be the greatest inducement to the building of better roads for it has been found not only expensive but nearly impossible to deliver the mails over some of our country roads. The automobile, the bicycle and now the United States mails have all come at an opportune time for the good roads people, just as golden grain belt beer has been perfected just when we need it the most. It is the great opponent of fatigue and over exertion, bringing rest and quiet to those who use it regularly in their homes. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Nothing Doing.

There is nothing new in the county seat question, says the Thief River Falls News. No action has been taken by the committee to secure an injunction restraining the county commissioners from purchasing the court house. The committee has seven more days in which to take action and it promises to do something within the next few days. It seems to us that there is no use of talking the matter over any more. The thing to do is to take some action.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Buy your Pult Ost and Lingonberries at M. L. Hanson's.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 14, 1905.

To JOE DVORACEK,
Mackey, Iowa.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 21773 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SW¼ of Section No. 7, in Township No. 153 N., of Range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $452.00 principal, and $83.36 interest, amounting in all to $535.36; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $535.36, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway Company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
(21-4t-f11) Land Commissioner.

Bank Statement,

Statement of the condition of First State Bank at St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on the 11th day of Jan., 1905.

Date of call by Supt., Jan. 13, 1905.
Date of report by bank, Jan. 20, 1905.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$40,026 63
Overdrafts		880 42
Other bonds, stocks and securities		1,276 54
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		4,000 00
Other real estate		450 00
Due from banks	1,172 71	
Checks and cash items	1,719 12	
Currency	687 00	
Gold	585 00	
Silver	1,234 19	
Total Available Assets	5,398 02	5,398 02
Total		$51,531 61
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$10,000 00
Surplus fund		2,000 00
Undivided profits, net		22 57
Dep. subject to check	$13,047 84	
Demand certificates	1,600 28	
Total immediate liabili's	14,647 62	
Time certificates	24,861 42	
Total deposits	39,509 04	39,509 04
Total		$51,531 61

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Red Lake. } ss

I, B. E. Burkee, cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above Statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

B. E. BURKEE,
Cashier.

Attest: (Two) Directors:
L. Ellington.
J. K. Hannay.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of January, 1905.

C. F. POST,
[SEAL] Notary Public,
Red Lake Co., Minn.

PRICES
TUMBLE

in an alarming fashion during this clearance sale of..

Clothing.

Winter for us is over, so out must go our Winter Clothing without regard for values. But winter isn't over for you. So come and get an extra suit or coat at a figure which you can well afford. It will even pay you to buy for next year at our present prices.

PRICES
COPYRIGHT

RAPP &
POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

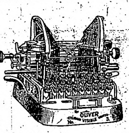
IF You want to sell your Farm,
List it with
Nels G. Otterness
THE LAND MAN, - ST. HILAIRE,
...and he will find you a Buyer.
Will buy Wild and Improved Lands for cash if prices are right.

This is a Poor Time
to have your property insured in
..Cheap Fire Insurance Companies..
I represent twelve of the best companies doing business in the United States. They never fail to pay all losses promptly........
REMEMBER THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST
H. E. IVES - - ST. HILAIRE, ... MINN.

Don't buy a Typewriter on a worn-out reputation......

Investigate the merits of the

Oliver



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WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
Wines and Liquors
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BEER.
MINNEAPOLIS AND MILWAUKEE BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.
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No. 3, THE "FLYER"
ONLY MORNING TRAIN
from
ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
FOR MONTANA and the PACIFIC COAST
Makes Immediate Connection with Limited and Fast Mail Trains from Chicago and the East.
EVERY DAY.

WINCHESTER

FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS

Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

A Real Bird

Her eyes are as brown as the thrush's garb;
  Her neck, like the swan's downy coat,
Is whiter than snow in it's whitest state;
  And her voice has the tune of a nightingale's throat.

Her hair is as black as a raven's wings,
  Her grace, even when she is ill,
Is that of the eagle which soars high above;
  And every three months there's a milliner's bill.

She's as proud as a peacock, that rainbowlike bird,
  With dignity often absurd;
With feathers and two little feet pigeon-toed
  My wife would in fact be a consummate bird.

—Philadelphia Press.

A SUNSET'S WOOING

BY EVELYN SINGER

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

The sunshine seemed unusually pleasant that bright spring morning. How good it was to be out! How the buds were swelling and how busy the birds were, hopping about from place to place choosing sites for their summer cottages. All nature seemed rejoicing that the long, cold winter was past.

Old Mrs. St. Leger stood for a moment in the open doorway, enjoying it all; then she noticed a bit of vine which the wind had loosened from the trellis. She stepped on a chair and stood on tiptoe to put the truant back in its place, when she over-reached and would have fallen had not the strong arm of a passerby caught her and deftly placed her on the veranda floor.

"Lucky thing I happened to be passing or you would have had a nasty fall, if not a broken limb."

"It was indeed fortunate for me and I am very grateful to you," she said, as she looked at the tall form bending over her.

"What were you trying to do? Bring me a hammer and some nails and I'll fix that broken trellis for you. It's not the handiest thing in the world for a woman to do that kind of work."

"Seems as though the place needs quite a bit of fixing. I guess I'll have to get a man in for a day or two."

"You're a bit like myself, I see. You miss your partner and I miss mine. But you're better off than I am; you're in your own home, while I've had to give up mine and go and live with my children. None of them want me, so I have to "live round" with them. Do you understand. Stay with this one a while and then with that, always feeling that I'm not wanted and in the way." A mournful tone had crept into his voice and a shade across his kind face.

She sighed in sympathy as she said: "I know, and that's what I'm coming to. The children say that I can't stay here another winter. Last fall I had to sell my cow and through the winter I killed all my chickens. I hate to give up my little home where I've been so comfortable all these years. This living with the children takes away the independent feeling that makes one so contented."

"That it does; I'd rather live on less and have it under my own roof."

They sat awhile in silence. The warm spring sunshine fell on their locks, whitened by the snows of many winters; their toil-worn hands lay idly in their laps. The tabby cat was taking a nap on the old lady's skirt and his dog Rover, which followed him everywhere, lay curled up at his feet. They had spent useful lives and had looked forward to a winter of quiet content, which, alas! seemed to have slipped from the grasp of each. Her's was a cheery disposition, however, and she strove to look at the bright side.

"Well, I've one more summer in the old place anyway. My tulips and crocuses are looking fine. Horace used to say to me, 'Wife, yours are the finest and earliest tulips on the street.' He loved to look at them as he sat at the south window. Just around the corner I've a bed of pansies and already the buds are showing."

"You've a clump of daffy-down-dillies, somewhere," he said, catching her spirit. "I always like those for they remind me of England and my childhood's home."

"Listen, do you hear the bluebirds in yonder grove? See that inquisitive robin; I do believe the same robin builds in our apple tree every spring."

A passerby deftly caught her.

They sat enjoying the pleasant spring sunshine, the balmy air and the chorus of song from God's little choristers. A quiet, restful feeling seemed to take possession of the old man who presently said:

"Mrs. St. Leger, this is a pretty and a neat little home; you would hate to leave it as I disliked leaving mine. We are both well-to-do. Both have grown-up children, and both without a home, or nearly so. Now you need a man about the place, and I a woman. I've always liked your looks and believe we could get along pretty comfortably together. What's to prevent us getting married? We could both have a home then and not be shoved from pillar to post, or made to feel that we're in the way," and a great longing crept into his voice while his eyes grew moist.

"There's a good deal of truth in what you say, James Crosby, but—I wonder if we could get along together?"

"To be sure we could if we made up our minds to do it. I'd be willing to sacrifice something if I could only sit at my own fireside once more. I'm tired of being shoved around from one child to another and wanted by none."

"Be ready, Mary, in half an hour."

"I've not come to that yet but I will next winter if something isn't done."

"As I've said, I've always liked your looks. I'm sure you're not hard to get along with."

"Well, I'd do my best to make the home comfortable for you, and, as I rather like your looks, but—what will the children say?"

"They need know nothing about it until it is done. I'd leave you enough when I died so that you wouldn't have to live round. The children ought to be glad that they wouldn't be bothered with us."

"That's so. We could live here, couldn't we."

"Yes, if you like, Mary. I'd buy a cow and some chickens; then I'd look after the garden and provide for the house."

They were silent for some time, thinking of the future; then he reached over and took her hand as he said:

"Think of having a home, Mary, where we could do as we pleased, and not feel in the way. Think of the comfort, the joy of one's own home!"

"Yes, it would be nice. I wouldn't have to go and live with the children. I'll do it, James, and try to make you so comfortable that you'll never regret it," and she looked up into the kindly face beside her.

"I'm sure you will, Mary," he said, as he kissed her. "I, too, will do my best to make your life contented and happy. Now we'd better go to the minister's at once, before the children get knowledge of it, and have a chance to make a fuss."

"But, James, I'd like to clean the house up a bit, and—"

"You can tidy up the house, Mary, while I clean the yard. Just think of having a home; I feel ten years younger at the thought. Now, I'll go up street and get the license while you get on your bonnet. Then we'll go over to the minister's and get married; we'll come back to our own home for dinner. After dinner I'll get a pony and carriage and we'll drive out into the country and look after a cow and some chickens."

He stooped and kissed the bright, cheery face of the old lady, and said, as he walked to the gate:

"Be ready, Mary, in half an hour, for I'll be back then."

Roche's Strenuous Career.

Jim Roche, the man who smuggled a torpedo destroyer out of England into the service of Russia, is a man of varied and exciting experience. He has led a revolution in South America, has had a tombstone erected to him somewhere in northern Europe, stood as a model for the late Sir John Millais, struck oil in a southern state and at one time was an ally of Ernest Terrah Hooley, the south African promoter.

Photographs Wild Animals.

The African explorer Shillings has brought to Berlin an extraordinarily interesting series of photographs of wild animals taken by themselves. His method was to attach to a piece of meat a string, which, on being touched, brought on a flashlight exposure. Leopards, hyenas, lions, apes, zebras and other animals were thus taken in the most diverse attitudes.

ITS WINTER SLEEP BROKEN.

Big Catfish Disturbed by the Intrusion of a Lot of Buffalo Fishes.

The Aquarium's big Mississippi river catfish, which in winter lies on the bottom of its tank motionless for weeks at a time in a state of hibernation, woke up in great shape on Monday last when some other fishes were introduced into its tank.

For years this big catfish has had a tank all to itself; but when the fishes from the St. Louis exhibit, a big lot, were received on Monday, it was necessary to double up the stock here in a few of the tanks, and then the buffalo fishes, which have been in the Aquarium about six months, were placed in the tank with the big cat.

The buffalo fishes came from the same waters as the big catfish, but the catfish regarded their coming into its tank as an intrusion, for all that, and it got up out of bed—out of its bed of sand on the bottom of the tank—to say so, chasing the buffalo fishes about with a liveliness quite unwonted to it at this season. The buffalo fishes are sizable specimens, but not nearly so big as the catfish, and they fled at its approach.

When it had driven the buffalo fishes all into the upper waters of the tank, the big catfish went back to bed again, and once more settled down and went to sleep. And so it has since remained, the buffaloes keeping well away from it.

Apparently it is now sleeping well and soundly again, but when it dreams—if catfish ever do dream—its sleeping visions doubtless take the shape of those unmannerly buffalo fishes, which so rudely broke in upon its long winter slumber.—New York Sun.

CHARITIES OF HELEN GOULD.

Her Gifts Bestowed With Unswerving Business Instincts.

Her law school course illustrates another trait in her character. She is careful, judicious, an excellent business woman even in the bestowal of her charities. The misdirected fervor of the sentimental giver of gifts is not hers. She is fortunate that it is not. Emotional philanthropy would long ago have made her a bankrupt. Her fortune, at a conservative estimate, is about $15,000,000; if she complied with all the requests for money which she receives it would take her something less than two years to dispose of it. She receives about 100 letters a day asking for sums which make a weekly total of about $150,000. She is asked to buy vessels for old sea captains, to raise mortgages on western farms, to train the voices of embryo Pattis on the prairies, to educate young men for the ministry, to contribute to ladies' aid society fairs in country villages, to endow all sorts of institutions. Herself a strikingly unextravagant woman in matters of dress and all personal expenditure, she is asked by prospective brides to provide sums ranging as high as $2,000 for their modest trousseaux. Parents write her enthusiastic letters describing the charms of young Helen Miller Gould Smiths or Joneses and saying how gratefully a nucleus for these young ladies' future dowries will be received. In one banner week the begging public—including, of course, the respectable beggars for worthy charities, as well as the mere prayers on unsophisticated kindness—asked for a million and a half dollars.—Harper's Bazar.

Woman Rules Snake Indians.

Alexander Posey, interpreter and diplomat of the Dawes commission, who recently spent some time among the Snake Indians to secure evidence needed in making record of Creek Indians, tells of a strange discovery he has made.

Among the fullblood Snakes he found a woman who is the modern Zenobia of her race. Her Indian name is Fahnee. She can not speak English, but is considered a woman of wisdom among her tribesmen. She is 50 years old, and for years there has not been a council of war, or any other matter of import to the tribe, at which she has not been present and given advice.

She is always listened to by the men of the tribe, and seldom has her judgment been at fault. She has been in sympathy with the faction, which has always resisted the allotment of lands.

She has never led a band of Indians in a fight, but she has taken a very active part in shaping the policy of the tribal government for the last twenty-five years.

Japanese Retort Courteous.

Nagahaki, the celebrated Japanese juggler, was a great favorite wherever he went, and just before the present war broke out he was performing in St. Petersburg.

When hostilities commenced he had to clear out, and his admirers, among whom were many officers of the garrison, gave him a farewell supper.

At the close of the banquet they were wishing him "Goodby" when some of them exclaimed, "Not goodby, but only au revoir, for we shall be drinking your health in champagne in Tokio before the year is out."

"I am afraid not," replied Nagahaki, gravely; "Japan is a poor country, remember, and I fear we shall not be able to give our prisoners champagne."

The Voyage.

Each night I launch my caravel
  Upon the soundless sea of sleep;
My sails with freshening breezes swell,
  I cleave a pathway through the deep;
And, sick of mind, I leave behind
  The old world, weary grown, and sad,
And on and on I sail to find
  The stranger coast, the islands glad!

At morn the voyage ends—I wake!
  Look through my cabin window. (That's
Right near my bed! The sun doth break
  In silver splinters through the slats!)
What strange new land lies there at hand!
  What gladness fills the wondering sight!
What leagues of sea I must have spanned
  From that old world of yesternight!
—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

White Cattle to Be Sold.

A herd of aboriginal, wild white cattle, which has been confined for nearly seven hundred years in Chartley Park, Staffordshire, England, on the hereditary estate of the Earl Ferrers, is to be sold. The park, consisting of nine hundred acres, is to be divided up. The herd has numbered as many as forty-three, but numbers now only nine. It was shut up in 1248.

PROVES GREAT POWER

When Regular Medical Treatment Failed, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Cured Her Rheumatism.

Hundreds of people afflicted with rheumatism have spent years under the care of excellent physicians in vain. Then they have settled down to the conviction that it is fastened on them for life. Mrs. Dinsmore was not willing to join the ranks of the hopeless merely because her doctor did not know how to help her. Here is her story:

"Four years ago I suffered greatly with rheumatism in my hands and knees. After I had been sitting a while my limbs seemed so heavy I could hardly walk on the first attempt. So long as I kept moving I was all right, but just as soon as I stopped, something seemed to settle in my knees and make them ache. My hands were so bad I couldn't touch the palms of them on a flat surface; they were swollen and pained so."

"Did you call in a physician?"

"I doctored steadily for over a year; then one doctor said: 'You have taken medicine strong enough to kill almost anything.' Still, it did not kill me nor the rheumatism."

"How, then, did you get rid of it?"

"At different times I had read in various publications about Dr. Williams' wonderful Pink Pills for Pale People, and I finally decided to try them. I took them steadily for four months in accordance with the directions. By that time I was completely cured."

"Have you been free from it ever since?"

"Since then I have had but one slight return of my trouble, and a box or two of the same pills made me all right again."

Mrs. F. A. Dinsmore lives in hearty enjoyment of her recovered health at Woburn, Mass., entirely freed from the grave anxieties that rheumatism always brings. When it appears in but a single joint it shows that the blood is in a faulty state in the whole body. It may at any moment break out elsewhere, and one of the dangers is that it may break out in the heart and then the result must be fatal. The only security is to keep the blood all the time in a perfectly sound condition.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make healthy blood. All other relief is superficial. This is thorough. These pills are sold by all druggists.

An Awful Jolt.

Dudleigh—I—aw—begin to think—aw—weally ought to get mawwied, doncher know.

Hammersly—Well, I can see no reason why you shouldn't. Now that it is leap year, why don't you pick out some good man and propose to him?—Chicago News.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

It Does on Houses.

"Do you see that striking looking woman with the veil?"

"Yes."

"Do you know why she wears the veil?"

"No. Homely?"

"No. She's afraid the sun might blister the paint."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

No Use.

Mrs. Nagger—Perhaps you recall, it was on a railroad train that we first met and—

Mr. Nagger—Yes; but it's too late now for me to sue the company for damages.

ALL CROPS GOOD IN WESTERN CANADA.

"Potatoes the Finest I Ever Saw."

Owing to the great amount of interest that is being taken in Western Canada, it is well to be informed of some of the facts that are bringing about the great emigration from portions of the United States.

The Canadian government has authorized agents at different points, and the facts related in the following may be corroborated on application. At the same time they will be able to quote you rates, and give you certificates entitling you to low rates on the different lines of railway. The following letter copied from the North Bend (Neb.) Eagle is an unsolicited testimonial, and the experience of Mr. Auten is that of hundreds of other Americans who have made Canada their home during the past seven or eight years:

"I presume some may be interested to know how we have progressed this year in the Canadian Northwest. We have no complaint to offer. We have had a good year, crops were good and we have had a delightful season. I threshed from my place 8,650 bushels of grain. My oats made 65 bushels per acre and weighed 42½ pounds per bushel. My wheat made 31¼ bushels per acre and is No. 1 quality. My barley made about 30 bushels of good quality. My crop is a fair average of the crops in the Edmonton district.

"All crops were good here this season. Potatoes the finest I ever saw, and all vegetables adapted to the climate. We have had a very fine fall, but no exception to the rule, as the fall season is, I think, the most pleasant of the year. We have had no snow yet (Nov. 9), and have been plowing and working the land preparing for an early seeding next spring. Last night the mercury dropped lower than any previous night this fall, and this morning there is a crust of frost on the fields sufficient to prevent field work. No doubt many would imagine that Alberta had put on her winter overcoat before this and that the people were wrapped in furs, but it is only a question of time when this country will not be looked upon as an iceberg, but a country fit for the best of mankind to live in.

"We are now assured of a transcontinental railway, which is to be built to the Pacific during the next five years. The Canadian Northern road is graded to within seventy-five miles of Edmonton. It comes from Winnipeg, and will reach us next summer, so with one railroad already at hand, the second to reach us in less than a year, and the third to penetrate our city and open up this country to the west across the Rockies to the coast within five years, we surely have reason to believe that the country is progressing.

"Very respectfully, L. J. AUTEN."

HORTICULTURE

Forcing Tomatoes.

Tomatoes have been forced as an early summer crop at the Ohio experiment station for about twelve years with uniformly good results and the product has been sold at remunerative prices.

At the station tomatoes forced in spring and early summer have not only sold readily but the cost of production is so much less at that season than in mid-winter that they have proven a very profitable vegetable for forcing.

Greenhouse tomatoes, because of superior quality, sell more readily and at much higher prices than the southern grown product on the same market.

At the station tomatoes grown in the spring have been much more profitable than either lettuce or cucumbers grown at the same season.

The average yield has been over two pounds per square foot and the average price 12 cents per pound. Thus the returns have been more than 20 cents per square foot of bench space.

Raised benches have the advantage over ground beds in earlier ripening of fruit.

Sub-irrigation or mulching is essential to success in tomato forcing and it is advantageous to combine both methods.

For a spring and early summer crop the seed should be sown in flats about the first of December. The plants may be pricked off into pots or flats; flats being more economical. The second and third shifts should be made into pots.

Under ordinary care plants from seed sown Dec. 1 will be ready to set in the permanent beds about the middle of March, and the fruit will begin to ripen from the first to the middle of June.—From Ohio Experiment Station Bulletin 153.

Improving Poor Fruit Trees.

There are plenty of fruit trees that ought to be robustly in their prime that are in very poor condition. Some people may also talk of cutting off these weak trees and planting others, but with such reasons this is unnecessary. So long as the trees are healthy, although inefficient, there is every chance of their being renovated, and great crops will be secured much sooner from them than by planting small and young trees. Pruning is one of the aids to improvement. The growths may not be strong, but they may be crowded, and this must be relieved at once. It is a first and absolutely necessary step; then the roots must be seen to. If turf grows round the stems, remove it all to a distance of 18 inches or two feet out. Take it away, and do not let it regrow. The soil should then be dug away till the roots are met with in quantity, then fork a liberal supply of cow manure among them. Bone manure is also suitable as an artificial. Use plenty, and in filling in give plenty of manure among the soil. If the soil is gravelly, try and refill over the roots with loam, but do not place the soil much further up the stem than it was before. When any good liquid manure is available, saturate the roots thoroughly with it.

Prune Gooseberry Bushes.

If the pruning of gooseberries is neglected, the bushes fill up with wood and the berries become small and difficult to pick. The fruit is produced from lateral buds on one-year-old wood, and also in short spurs on wood two or more years old. The same spur may produce fruit for three or four years if the strength of the bush is maintained by proper fertilizing and pruning. The first two crops from a given spur are, however, usually the best. The new wood which is produced in a gooseberry bush each season appears as new branches arising from buds on the previous year's growth of the canes already present, or as new shoots arising from the crown of the bush. The new branches on the old canes will produce fruit from the lateral buds the year following the one in which they develop. The new shoots from the crown will become fruiting canes when two years old if allowed to grow. The new branches on a comparatively young cane are much stronger than those on an old cane. After a cane has reached the age of about five years, the new growth is likely to be short, weak and unproductive. As soon as a cane shows signs of weakening it should be removed.—Farmers' Guide.

Fruit One of Farm's Blessings.

Most farmers cannot afford to take time from their other work to grow fruit for market, but enough should be grown so that the farmer's family may have an abundance of each kind in its season. That is one of the compensations of farm life.

Season's Potato Yield.

Revised returns justify the estimate of an average yield of 110.4 bushels of potatoes this year, instead of 100 bushels, as stated in the last number. The average yield for the previous ten years was 81 bushels, making the present a bumper year for this crop. Maine is credited with the largest average acre yield, 215 bushels. The Southern states had from 61 to 80 bushels, except Florida, which grew 102 bushels. Iowa's yield was 136 bushels and Wisconsin's 126, both extremely good for this country. The average of the old New England states is higher than in the same number of newer western states.—Farm, Stock and Home.

No Lime On Manure.

It is a mistake to put lime in the manure heap, for it destroys the salts of ammonia, and by compelling it to take the gaseous form drives it off. Lime will rot manure very quickly and do its work well, but it will be at the expense of a loss of nitrogen, which is an ingredient of ammonia, says the Farm Journal, and it's good authority.

POULTRY

Stuffing Fowls for Weight.

It is not the man who keeps feed before his fowls all the time who has heavy birds, as birds, like people, do not want to see what they are obliged to eat all the time. And, again, they soon tire of anything they are constantly nibbling all the time, says the Farmers' Advocate.

Have stated times to feed and let the fowls get hungry; then, by feeding the right kind of feed in the right way, you can have your birds up to weight, and are liable to carry away the blue. Many a would-be winner loses the prize on account of its weight in the showroom.

Place not more than five birds in a coop 4x5 feet, with floor covered six inches with straw, and change this straw three times a week. This will enable the birds to clean themselves nicely in this coop. Have a box of good grit, a watering dish, and keep these two dishes well filled all the time.

Now for the feed. Take equal parts of corn, wheat, oats and barley. Have them ground together. Mix with water or milk, and give the birds all they will eat up. In fifteen minutes take the dish away so they do not even see it. Then at noon give them another feed, and after fifteen minutes take the dish away. Follow this for ten days, giving them meat three times a week, if their combs are small. If too large, do not feed meat or bone, as it will make their combs grow too large. This manner of feeding can be continued two weeks, if necessary, but not longer. If a bird gets off his feed, the "jig" is up with him, and it will be better to take him out of the pen.

Green Food in Winter.

The aim in feeding poultry in the winter is to give variety and come as near to meeting summer conditions as possible. Therefore, the providing of green food of some sort for winter feed should not be overlooked. Right now is a good time to look after this matter. Roots, such as turnips, mangolds and sugar beets, can be fed to advantage in the winter provided that the poultry quarters are not too cold. Cut the roots into halves and place them on spikes or nails driven into the walls so as to be in easy reach of the fowls. The poultry will pick out the meat of the beets with a relish. Another source of green food is cabbage. They should, however, be fed sparingly because of the danger of diarrhoea. Cabbage intended for feed may be stored in root cellars or, where the winters are not severe, in trenches out of doors, and covered with dirt and leaves.

Vegetables, such as potatoes, can be cooked and fed to advantage. On many farms there are often quantities of small potatoes that are wasted every year that might as well have been fed to the poultry during the winter months. Bright clover and alfalfa hay chopped up and placed in the scratching pens are great helps in winter feeding. Rape and kale sown in the early fall can be used as a food in the early winter. The neglect to give a proper amount of green food or substitutes to poultry in confinement causes much sickness in the early spring.

The Destructive Rat.

Housewives in the country sometimes complain that poultry raising is a great care on account of the losses that occur among the young chicks largely due to the presence of rats. The rat is far harder to hedge against than the cat. A good strong partition to the poultry house or a good wire fence around the poultry yard will keep out cats, but these have little effect in checking the depredations of rats. They can gnaw through the partition and tunnel under the wire fence and do the work so expeditiously that the damage to the flock is done before the farmer has had time to take combative measures. Then when he begins to fight the rodents he finds that the process is not a smooth one. The animals avoid the steel trap and the wire cage. Poison is the only thing that seems to be effective, and the farmer hesitates about employing this, as he is afraid of hurting other animals. But this method of destruction will be found to be about the only effective one if the rats are very numerous. If poison is used it should be placed where only the rats can get access to it.

Poultry Pickings.

Confinement and idleness causes the vice of feather pulling.

Poultry raising is one of the most attractive branches of farming.

Water is as important as food and should be supplied clean and fresh.

The views of many persons in poultry culture are more to be relied on than the views of one, because the one has had only a small proportion of the possible experience.

When confined fowls have no opportunity of gratifying their desire of the choice of food. There are three points to be observed, which are that nitrogenous food is necessary, that too much green food must not be given, and that fowls must not be made too fat.

Poultry raisers differ in their opinion on account of the great differences in the experiences. No one person's knowledge covers the whole range of experience.

Because a person fails at the business of poultry raising is not a sign that he would not succeed in another attempt at the same enterprise. In fact his chances of success are increased by his first failure.

If a person can succeed with a small flock of chickens or other fowls there is no reason why he or she should not succeed with a large one, provided that the large one is given the same care that the small one receives.

The man that dreams about poultry raising but never tried it imagines that the whole business consists in feeding the fowls and gathering the eggs. When he gets into the business he finds that his dreams were mere shadows.

Never Loses Its Strength

Always the Same

Calumet Baking Powder

Is Most Healthful, Wholesome and Economical

Girl Casts Father's Vote.

Miss Etta K. Morton of Asbury Park, N. J., made an unusual record for a woman on election day when she cast a ballot for candidates from presidential electors down.

Miss Morton's father, Justice J. K. Morton, is unable to walk. He was pushed to the polls in a wheel chair, and on his application the election officers allowed his daughter, who had been instructed previously, to register her father's vote.—Chicago Journal.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Lost—Girl and Calf.

The Carthage Democrat runs a "Lost and Found" advertisement that leaves one in some doubt as to how the crowd got separated. It follows:

"Lost—a large winter lap robe, calf and girl on one side; other side plain. Reward if returned to Wells & Wiggins."—Kansas City Journal.

WHILE THE HAY BURNED: H-A-Y.

At Last A Light Dawned on the Desk Sergeant.

The drowsy winter calm of things at the Coney Island police station was broken by a wild-eyed man who rushed in and announced excitedly:

"There's a fire down in the street."

"What's burning?" asked the sergeant, lazily.

"Hay."

"I say, what's burning?" repeated the sergeant, irritably.

"Hay," responded the man again.

The sergeant lost his patience.

"Say, are you deaf?" he roared. "If you ain't, you'd better quit trying to kid me. I say, what's afire?"

"Hay," said the Coney Islander a third time.

Then a light dawned on him as the sergeant arose in wrath and was about to call the doorman. "It's a carload of hay that's burning," he added, hastily.

CAUSE AND CURE OF RHEUMATISM.

Shown by numerous cures made by Dodd's Kidney Pills. They cure the Kidneys and the Rheumatism cures itself—Remarkable case of Maggie E. Deckert.

Eagle River, Wis., Jan. 16.—(Special)—That rheumatism is caused by disordered kidneys is proved by the cures Dodd's Kidney Pills are making in every state in the Union. They cure the Kidneys and the Rheumatism cures itself. A cure that has caused deep interest in this neighborhood is that of Maggie E. Deckert. In speaking of it she says:

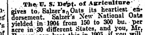
"I had kidney trouble and rheumatism and was so lame I could not walk. I could not sleep for I ached all over. I was in a terrible state and firmly believe that if I had not used Dodd's Kidney Pills I would be dead. I took nine boxes of them and they have done me more good than all the other medicines I ever took. Now my aches are all gone, I can eat and sleep and I am feeling good. I want all the world to know that Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me."

On the Strand.

The Leading Man—What's to be done? We've got the wrong trunks.

The Pessimistic Stage Manager—Aw, what of it? What difference will it make to the hotelkeeper?—Puck.

The U. S. Dept. of Agriculture gives to Salzer's Oats its heartiest endorsement. Salzer's New National Oats yielded in 1904 from 150 to 300 bu. per acre in 30 different States, and you, Mr. Farmer, can beat this in 1905, if you will.



Spelts or Emmer, above illustrated, gives 80 bushels grain and four tons hay besides per acre. It's wonderful. Salzer's seeds are pedigree seeds, bred up through careful selection to big yields:

	Per Acre.
Salzer's Beardless Barley yielded	121 bu.
Salzer's Home Builder Corn	300 bu.
Speltz and Macaroni Wheat	80 bu.
Salzer's Victoria Rape	60,000 lbs.
Salzer's Teosinte Fodder	160,000 lbs.
Salzer's Billion Dollar Grass	50,000 lbs.
Salzer's Pedigree Potatoes	1,000 bu.

Now such yields pay and you can have them, Mr. Farmer, in 1905.

SEND 10c IN STAMPS and this notice to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and you will get their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples free. [W. N. U.]

Miss Rose Peterson, Secretary Parkdale Tennis Club, Chicago, from experience advises all young girls who have pains and sickness peculiar to their sex, to use **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

How many beautiful young girls develop into worn, listless and hopeless women, simply because sufficient attention has not been paid to their physical development. No woman is exempt from physical weakness and periodic pain, and young girls just budding into womanhood should be carefully guided physically as well as morally.

If you know of any young lady who is sick, and needs motherly advice, ask her to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., who will give her advice free, from a source of knowledge which is unequalled in the country. Do not hesitate about stating details which one may not like to talk about, and which are essential for a full understanding of the case.

Miss Hannah E. Mershon, Collingswood, N. J., says:

"I thought I would write and tell you that, by following your kind advice, I feel like a new person. I was always thin and delicate, and so weak that I could hardly do anything. Menstruation was irregular.

"I tried a bottle of your **Vegetable Compound** and began to feel better right away. I continued its use, and am now well and strong, and menstruate regularly. I cannot say enough for what your medicine did for me."

How Mrs. Pinkham Helped Fannie Kumpe.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it is my duty to write and tell you of the benefit I have derived from your advice and the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** The pains in my back and womb have all left me, and my menstrual trouble is corrected. I am very thankful for the good advice you gave me, and I shall recommend your medicine to all who suffer from female weakness."—MISS FANNIE KUMPE, 1922 Chester St., Little Rock, Ark. (Dec. 16, 1900.)

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will cure any woman in the land who suffers from womb troubles, inflammation of the ovaries, kidney troubles, nervous excitability, nervous prostration, and all forms of woman's special ills.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

PROF. DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL
HEALING REMEDY
PROF. DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL CO.
CLINTON, IOWA

DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL

HEALS WITHOUT A SCAR

CURES ALL HURTS OF MAN OR BEAST

In 15c, 50c and $1 bottles, $3 and $5 decorated cans at your druggist's. If he does not keep it send us his name and 10c for postage and we will mail you trial bottle free. Booklet and testimonials sent free to any one mentioning this paper.

OLNEY & McDAID, Mfrs., Clinton, Ia.

If the lover attempted to reciprocate by loving all the world, his best girl would strenuously object.

Marshall's Rheumatic Oil Liniment instantly allays pain and cures rheumatism, neuralgia, chilblains and all lameness of man or beast. Price 50c.

Some men are born troubled, some hunt for trouble, and some marry into it.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

The only thing that equals the warmth of a woman's love is her temper.

Cole's Carbolisalve

Instantly stops the pain of Burns and Scalds.

Always heals without scars. 25 and 50c by druggists, or mailed on receipt of price by J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

KEEP A BOX HANDY

10,000 Plants for 16c.

More gardens and farms are planted to Salzer's Seeds than any other in America. There is reason for this. We own over 5,000 acres for the production of our warranted seeds. In order to induce you to try them, we make you the following unprecedented offer:

For 16 Cents Postpaid

1000 Early, Medium and Late Cabbages,
2000 Fine Juicy Turnips,
2000 Blanching Celery,
2000 Rich Nutty Lettuce,
1000 Splendid Onions,
1000 Rare Luscious Radishes,
1000 Gloriously Brilliant Flowers,

Above seven packages contain sufficient seed to grow 10,000 plants, furnishing bushels of brilliant flowers and lots and lots of choice vegetables, together with our great catalog, telling all about Flowers, Roses, Small Fruits, etc., all for 16c in stamps and this notice. Big 140-page catalog alone, 4c.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., W.N.U. La Crosse, Wis.

MEXICAN
Mustang Liniment
cures Sprains and Strains.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Cowardly.

"Let's hide in the work basket," said the mischievous garter to the fun-loving stocking.

"Not by a long shot," replied the lisle thread. "I'll be darned if I do."—

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson patent lawyers 911 and 912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.; Edward Cannon, Minneapolis, Minn. desk; Ole and J. B. Fladby, Rutland N. D., evener coupling; Olof Johnson, Minneapolis, Minn., Pitman coupling; Knud Lerol, Jr., Amherst, Minn., gate; Henry Moore, Hopkins, Minn., drill frame; Frank, Renz, St. Paul, Minn., dovetailing movement; Charles Spence, St. Paul; Minn., portable conveyer.

One Ahead of Him.

"You have only to say the word," he murmured, "and my life shall be yours."

"I am sorry you didn't speak a little sooner," she answered.

"Why?" he asked.

"Because," she replied, "papa just bought a life of Napoleon yesterday, and I guess that will keep me busy for awhile."—Chicago News.

If you cannot procure Sandholm's Eczema Lotion and Dandruff Cure from your druggist or barber, write Sandholm Drug Co., 27 Manhattan Bldg., Des Moines, Iowa, they will send it express prepaid. It cures when all doctors' internal medicines, greasy salves and ointments fail. Free booklet for the asking. Describe your disease and special directions will be furnished. Eczema, Pimples, Acne, Old sores, Ring Worm, Blood Poison, Black Heads, Insect Bites, Dandruff, Scalp Trouble, Falling Hair, Nervous Trouble. It never fails. Lotion, $1; Soap, 25c.

Ignored.

"Did Jim treat you badly?"

"Treat me badly? Consarn him, he never treated me at all!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Prudery is an imitation of wisdom.

BEGGS' CHERRY COUGH SYRUP cures coughs and colds.

DAIRY NOTES

Dual-Purpose Cows.

The subject of developing the dairy qualities of the Shorthorn, thus conforming to the dual-purpose ideal, has been receiving unusual attention in Great Britain. In the past the best dairy performers in the country have come mostly from the unregistered ranks. The Lincolnshire reds and the unrecorded Shorthorns have figured prominently in the leading dairy shows. Recently some of the Shorthorn breeders have felt that this feature was not receiving sufficient encouragement. As several of the first prize winners at the London dairy show have been pure bred Shorthorns and many others descendants of Shorthorns, it is very evident that unlimited possibilities exist in breeding their herds in this direction. In this connection it may be said that a mild attempt was made by our Shorthorn association in this country to encourage the dairy qualities of pure bred herds by including milking statistics in the herd book. While the association gave it their sanction, yet encouragement went no farther than this, and consequently nothing has been done so far as we are aware to encourage developments in this important direction. This could be done probably if we could secure a $25,000 appropriation from congress.—Denver Field and Farm.

Key to Successful Dairying.

A bulletin of the Illinois station says: The application of the scales and the Babcock test to the performance of each cow gives the dairyman the key to the situation. Where formerly he had to grope in the dark and trust to judgment, now he can find out the truth for himself. With but little outlay of time and apparatus he can make each cow render an accurate account of the food and care given her. This points out the best individuals from which to select offspring in building up the herd. A rapid improvement may be brought about by the introduction and use of a pure bred sire of good breeding and approved type. The continued use of the scales and Babcock test, together with good breeding and rigid selection, soon raises the herd to a plane of greater production and affords the owner greater personal satisfaction. Cows that do not respond to good treatment should be disposed of at once. In case of doubt the individual may be kept an additional year, but a cow seldom has two "off years" in succession.

Your Neighbor's Cow.

Every progressive dairyman should take an interest in the kind of cows his neighbor keeps. He should do this, first from the unselfish standpoint of wishing good to his neighbor, and also because in many ways it is to his own advantage for his neighbor to have good cows. If he and his neighbor are both taking milk to the same creamery or the same cheese factory it is to his advantage to have his neighbor take to the institution as much milk as possible, that the cost of changing it into a marketable product may be as light as possible. If the farmer is making butter and sending it away to be sold, the more his neighbor can send away the better for the first, as two consignments in the same direction can be made more advantageously than one.

Result of Dirt.

During recent years there has been much complaint of the "fishy" smell of butter, and all kinds of suggestions have been made as to its possible origin. It is not, however, believed that this is a new difficulty, but that it is an old trouble under a new name. It is altogether probable that the flavor or smell is named "fishy" more to accommodate a vivid imagination than anything else. Not that there is not something after the nature of "fishiness," but that it is not enough pronounced to be readily described by every one as fishy. In fact, some have dominated it "stale," and others "tallowy." One expert says that by whatever name it is described, it is the result of dirty methods in the dairy, and that if the methods are all correct the flavor will be.

Cows Creatures of Habit.

Cows are creatures of habit, and this applies as much to their food as to anything else. A change of feed frequently means a falling off in the amount of milk the animals produce, and this occurs, too, in relation to the most succulent of foods. No food is considered better for cows than June grass, yet a prominent dairyman informs the writer that when his cows are changed from silage to pasture they invariably fall off temporarily in their milk flow. He says that the same is true if he changes from old to fresh silage. This should be borne in mind, especially in changing from succulent to dry feeds.

Cold Water Bad for Cows.

How many farmers resort to the practice of tempering the drinking water for their cows during cold weather? Possibly not one in fifty, and yet no other labor they can perform would pay so well. From 82 to 90 per cent of milk is composed of water—if the cow does not drink her milk flow is bound to decrease. They not only do not relish ice cold water, but the drinking of it neutralizes animal heat at the expense of feed.—Farmers' Advocate.

Dairy Pointers.

Utilize all food to help carry the cows in winter quarters in the best of health and thrift.

Pumpkins fed with the grain will result in an increase in the yield of milk over grain fed alone.

Exposure to cold, storms and short, frost-bitten pastures will reduce them so much that the whole winter will be a loss.

Let all the sunshine in the stables that is possible. Dark stables are always damp. Damp stables are an abomination.

AGRICULTURE.

Cranberry Culture.

When the conditions are right cranberry culture is a paying business. The berries, being firm, are good shippers, and there is little likelihood of loss in transit. Peat bogs are considered to be best adapted to this business. The bog must be drained to about 18 inches below the surface, and pure sand must be spread over it to a depth of several inches. The cuttings—which should be obtained from plants under cultivation if the best results are desired—are then set out, four in a hill, about a foot apart. Plants yield most abundantly from the third to the tenth year, and will then average 200 bushels to the acre. When it is known that $2.50 per bushel is a good average price, the profit, after the first cost has been made up, can easily be estimated. The first cost is really the only expense except picking, and this varies according to the locality. Cranberry culture might be called a one-man industry since one man can easily handle a ten-acre marsh, except during harvest, when he secures help from the adjacent ranches or from the Indians.—Emma Seckle Marshall, in Sunset Magazine.

Utilizing Manure.

The advantage to land which is said to come from keeping live stock on it will be largely neutralized if the winter accumulation of manure is not carefully saved and applied to the fields that need it. And it is to call attention to this fact that, where circumstances will allow, hauling out manure directly from the stable to field is now urged. It has heretofore been stated that the liquid portion of an animal's excrement exceeds the solids in fertilizing value. The records of the Wisconsin station indicate that in cow manure there is .20 lbs. of nitrogen excreted daily in the solid portion and .24 lbs. in the urine. In view of this, a little thought on the subject will convince anyone that to throw the manure out of the stable door and leave it in piles there must be a great waste, by reason of the leaching away of the liquids. They enter the ground in the immediate vicinity of the pile, and are practically lost; for the earth thus saturated and enriched is seldom utilized for crop growing, or is carted away and spread as a fertilizer elsewhere.—Farm, Stock and Home.

Independence of the Farmer.

The farmer should feel proud of his profession, as it is one of the most useful and necessary occupations. He does not sit on the ragged edge of doubt as to the permanency of his position. He studies the laws of nature and derives maintenance from her bounteous stores. When times are hard and laborers are clamoring for work, he has plenty of business to occupy his time. If the farmer commences with small capital his investment is sure to increase, for the earth often rewards the husbandman an hundredfold. The proper management of small undertakings leads to larger enterprises. The well-tilled farm produces abundantly, and the farmer always has a surplus to sell that makes him independent even in strenuous times. The farmer is the foundation of the commercial prosperity of the country.—Baraum's Midland Farmer.

Deep and Shallow Plowing.

Deep or shallow plowing is a subject of perennial discussion and often fierce controversy; some parties thereto insisting that one style of plowing is the proper thing under all circumstances, and the others claiming the opposite. As a matter of fact each side is doubtless right from its viewpoint, and wrong from the viewpoints of its opponents. Deep or shallow plowing is good or ill according to conditions of soil, in mechanical structure, in the plant food it contains, the crop to be grown, etc. In short, the hard and fast rules in farming that are safe to follow at all times are so few that they cut but little figure in good farm management.

New Farm Motive Power.

No more significant change is taking place in American agriculture than the extent to which different kinds of motive power are taking the place of men and animals. The use of the traction engine and automobile in the place of the horse on the country road, the employment of gasoline, steam, wind and electric power to operate mowers, threshers, plows, feed cutters, corn huskers, and dairy machinery are illustrations of epoch-making changes that are now going on on every modern American farm. On one ranch in California there is $60,000 worth of farm machinery operated by other power than animal or man.

Grain for Seed.

Samples of shrunken wheat are being submitted to us by persons residing in the rust stricken belt. These persons ask whether it will be safe to sow such grain for seed the coming year. It is very proper that they should ask this question and it is exceedingly important that it should be answered with intelligent discrimination. During a trip that we made the third week in August over the wheat growing area in the northern part of the state we noticed that some of the wheat was so shrunken that it was not worth cutting. In some localities the stands were fairly good. The variations ran all the way from No. 1 down to wheat that was really unfit to make good food for chickens. We have no doubt whatever but that such grain sown for seed will not give good results. It will be found quite practicable in many instances to so winnow the shrunken wheat that the very light material will all be blown out of it. The best sample obtainable, therefore, from the crop should usually answer for sowing next season.

When love feeds on beauty alone it soon turns up its toes.

A Good Team at Last.

A certain football team with one win to its credit as the result of a season's work, found itself in financial difficulties.

In order if possible to reduce the club's indebtedness the committee organized a "grand carnival," as the bills had it.

A cycle procession round the streets was followed by various sports on the football field. In connection with the latter an amusing incident occurred.

The interval between a couple of events on the program was enlivened by the sudden appearance of a local Irishman, a well-known supporter of the club.

Spic and span in national costume, Pat sat in a low buggy behind a couple of donkeys, driving tandem.

Pat bore a lot of good-humored chaff, but the captain of the football team went a step too far.

"You're in good company, Pat," he shouted. "Three of a tribe."

"Thrue for yez," instantly returned Pat. "Sure Oi've long waited to see a good team on this field, an' be jabers Oi've had to bring wan mesilf at the finish."

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

An Imposing By-Product.

School Teacher (showing off her best boy before visitors)—Now, Perkins, can you name some of the important by-products of the steel industry?

Perkins—Yes'm; Carnegie's libraries.—Puck.

Know a Good Thing.

There is a young man in this city who is a dilletante in medicine. He was recently explaining to a young lady friend of his the preference of bacteria for milk.

"If you leave a glass of milk exposed for a short time in a room," he said, "all the bacteria in the place will make for the milk. Whenever I take a glass of milk I cannot help thinking of this, so it is seldom I ever drink any of late."

"That is the very reason why I drink milk," the lady replied. "The bacteria must know that milk is nourishing or they would not go for it."—Mexican Herald.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Ave. N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Her Generosity.

Mrs. Pall—Have you given anything to charity this year?

Mrs. Mall—Yes. I have just sold all of my old clothes to my washerwoman for almost nothing.—

Mrs. Newrocks—Why, of course Van Dyke was an artist.

Newrocks—I thought he was a barber.—Puck.

SUFFERED FROM CATARRH OF LUNGS SO COMMON IN WINTER.
CURED BY PE-RU-NA.

MRS FRANCIS WILSON
MRS. H.E.ADAMS

A PLAIN TALK

On a Plain Subject in Plain Language.

The coming winter will cause at least one-half of the women to have catarrh, colds, coughs, pneumonia or consumption. Thousands of women will lose their lives and tens of thousands will acquire some chronic ailment from which they will never recover.

KEEP PERUNA IN THE HOUSE.

Unless you take the necessary precautions, the chances are that you (who read this) will be one of the unfortunate ones. Little or no risk need be run if Peruna is kept in the house and at the first appearance of any symptom of catarrh taken as directed on the bottle.

Peruna is a safeguard, a preventative, a specific, a cure for all cases of catarrh, acute and chronic, coughs, colds, consumption, etc.

For free medical advice, address Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

A COLD ON THE LUNGS THREATENS TO BECOME SERIOUS.

Pe-ru-na Brings Speedy Relief.

Mrs. H. E. Adams, Ex-President Palmetto Club, of New Orleans, La., writes from 110 Garfield Court, South Bend, Ind., as follows:

"I am pleased to endorse Peruna, as I took it about a year ago and it soon brought me relief from a cold on my lungs which threatened to be serious.

"The lungs were sore and inflamed, I coughed a couple of hours every night, and I felt that something must be done before my lungs became affected.

"Peruna was suggested by some of my friends who had used it, and acting upon their advice I tried it and found that it was able to bring about a speedy cure. You have my highest endorsement and thanks for the good it did me."

Sounding the Praises of Peruna.

Mrs. Frances Wilson, 33 Nelson St., Clinton, Mass., writes:

"Had you seen me at the time of my illness and now, you would not wonder that I take delight in sounding the praises of Peruna.

"My ailment was a severe cold which attacked the bronchial tubes and lungs.

"I followed your special directions and after using six bottles of Peruna, I was on my feet again. I think Peruna a wonderful medicine."

Courtship is a gas balloon that lifts a man heavenward, and marriage is a parachute that enables him to visit the earth again.

GOOD OIL

Costs a trifle more than the cheap kind.

USE CORNPLANTER X OIL

No smoky chimneys, dirty lamps. Safe, reliable. All grocers.
St. Paul. Minneapolis.

CORNPLANTER OIL CO.

Coughs

A severe cough is to be dreaded more than any other affliction of mankind. If you have a cough from any cause, send for our book, "Treatment for Diseases," and learn how to cure it with

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

following carefully the special instructions in the wrapper around the bottle. It has cured more cases in the past ninety years than any remedy in use. 25 cents, three times as much 50 cents. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

UNITED STATES

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Importing Canadian wheat is now a fact.

Get a Free Homestead in Western Canada, or buy some of the best wheat lands on the continent, and become a producer.

The average yield of wheat this year will be about twenty bushels to the acre. The oat and barley crop will also yield abundantly. Splendid climate, good schools and churches, excellent marketing facilities.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

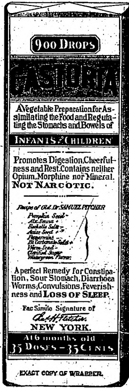
Virginia Farms

Best on earth for the Money. Free catalogue. R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., Richmond, Va.

FREE THE GREAT KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY, World Famous. Write for free sample bottle to DR. KENNEDY'S SONS, RONDOUT, N. Y.

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

N W N U — NO. 3— 1905



900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES — 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY. NEW YORK CITY.

YEAST FOAM

is the
Strong Sweet Yeast
that makes the
Strong Sweet Bread
that makes a
Strong Sweet Tempered People

Yeast Foam is the yeast that raised the First Grand Prize at the St. Louis Exposition, and is sold by all grocers at 5c a package—enough for 40 loaves. Send a postal card for our new illustrated book "Good Bread: How to Make It."

NORTHWESTERN YEAST CO.
Chicago, Ill.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D.C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

Mayer Working Shoes

Meet the special requirements of the **Farmer, Miner, Lumberman** and other working men who need strong, well made shoes.

Made from the best upper leather obtainable for the purpose, and heavy tough soles. Will not grow hard or crack with ordinary care. Ask for Mayer shoes and look for the trade-mark on the sole.

For a Sunday or dress shoe wear the "Honorbilt" for men.

F. MAYER BOOT & SHOE CO.
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors silk, wool and cotton equally well and is guaranteed to give perfect results. Ask dealer or we will send post paid at 10c a package. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. *MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri*

NIEDRINGHAUS IS DEFEATED

MISSOURI REPUBLICANS BOLT CAUCUS NOMINEE FOR SENATOR.

DEMOCRAT LIKELY TO GET IT

SENATOR COCKRELL HAS STRONG CHANCE OF SUCCEEDING HIMSELF.

KERENS IN FIGHT TO FINISH

DECLARES HIS INTENTION TO DEFEAT NIEDRINGHAUS AT ALL COSTS.

Jefferson City, Mo., Jan. 19.—Thomas K. Niedringhaus will not go to the United States senate from Missouri. There is a strong chance that Francis M. Cockrell will succeed himself, although the Republicans have a clear majority in the assembly on joint ballot, and since the election there has appeared no hope for him.

Niedringhaus' defeat is the direct result of the bitter opposition of Col. R. C. Kerens, the multi-millionaire, who was a candidate for the caucus nomination for the senatorship.

The Kerens men held another caucus at the Madison house yesterday morning which was attended by Col. Kerens himself. After the conference Col. Kerens stated openly that he had come to Jefferson City to defeat Thomas K. Niedringhaus, and that he had enough friends, who would stand by him to the end to enable him to carry out his purpose and that he would neither grant nor seek for quarter.

Votes for Kerens.

The wildest excitement prevailed when the two houses met in joint session. Niedringhaus men fairly held their breath till the name of John L. Bittinger, recognized as the leader of the anti-Niedringhaus movement, was reached on the roll.

"I vote for R. C. Kerens," said the St. Joseph man.

"Niedringhaus is beaten," was whispered from end to end of the chamber.

When the name of Glover Branch, Republican representative from Lafayette county, was called he cast his vote for Kerens without a sign of hesitation. It was now quite plain that the bolt would go through. One by one Cook, Elliott, Grace and Roach cast their ballots against their party nominee. The Democrats voted for Francis M. Cockrell to a man. Lieut. Gov. McKinley announced the result of the first ballot as follows: Niedringhaus, 87; Cockrell, 83; Kerens, 6. The second roll call was then taken.

Two More Lost.

The six Republicans who had voted for Kerens on the first ballot voted for him again. Hartzfeld of Newton county switched from Niedringhaus to Kerens and Kirkham of Camden voted for Bittinger. Niedringhaus had lost two more votes. The vote stood: Niedringhaus, 85; Cockrell, 83; Kerens, 7; Bittinger, 1.

A motion to adjourn until noon today was carried.

Both Republicans and Democrats spent the balance of the day caucusing. Several of the Kerens bolters attended the Republican caucuses. It was the general opinion among Democrats that Senator Cockrell's chances for the seat are better than those of any other man.

MILL STRIKE IS ENDED.

Fall River Operatives Will Return to Work.

Boston, Jan. 19.—The strike of the cotton mill operatives at Fall River, which affected about 25,000 persons and has been in progress for six months to the great hardship and suffering of Fall River's people was settled yesterday through the mediation of Gov. William L. Douglas. Under the terms of an agreement the strikers will return to work under the 12 1-2 per cent reduction, against which they struck last July and with no discrimination because of the strike.

WOMAN ADMITS FRAUD.

Made Dozens of Illegal Registration Sheets in Colorado.

Pueblo, Colo., Jan. 19.—In a deposition by Mrs. Blanche Shaw, presented here in a hearing in the district court in the election fraud cases, Mrs. Shaw declares that she assisted Chief of Detectives E. H. Wilson in making out dozens of fraudulent registration sheets and had received pay from him for so doing. Mrs. Shaw has been in custody since the grand jury began investigating the election, and the deposition was taken in order to secure her freedom.

MAKE TWO HARBORS A CITY.

Question of Doffing Village Duds to Be Put at Election.

Duluth, Jan. 19.—Two Harbors, Minn., the capital of Lake county, and famous for the volume of its iron ore shipments, feels that it has outgrown its village duds and craves the more fashionable and dignified raiment of a city. The village has a population of 5,000, and the question of seeking to be incorporated as a city is to be presented to the people at a special election.

Judge Drops Dead.

Cleveland, Ohio, Jan. 17.—Herbert C. White, one of the best known citizens of Cleveland and probate judge of Cuyahoga county since 1887, dropped dead of heart disease yesterday while making a call at the home of a friend.

Williams Resigns.

Washington, Jan. 17.—William Williams, commissioner of immigration at New York, has tendered his resignation and the president has accepted it to take effect Feb. 1 next.

GETS DUELLING KNIFE.

Knife of John F. Potter Chosen for Fight With Pryor Now in Museum.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 19.—The family of the late John F. Potter, congressman of this state, has presented to the state historical society the bowie knife the fighting Badger proposed to use in a duel, to which he was challenged by the fire-eating Roger A. Pryor. Potter had the choice of weapons, and he stipulated sharp bowie knives at close range. Pryor backed water on the ground that such weapons were not the kind used by gentlemen of the South. It once was believed that the two congressmen had gone to a secluded spot on the Potomac to have it out, and when neither turned up at the session one morning a facetious Pennsylvania member undertook to excuse them on the ground that Potter had a Pryor engagement and that Pryor had gone to become as clay in the Potter's hands. The members got so worked up over these remarks that an engagement was taken to allow them to get over it.

BANK TELLER IS MISSING.

Paying Teller of First National Bank of Duluth Accused of Theft.

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 19.—A warrant was issued yesterday for the arrest of A. P. Loutzenheiser, paying teller of the First National Bank of Duluth, charging him with the embezzlement of a package containing $10,000. On Dec. 20 Loutzenheiser left on a month's visit, ostensibly to pay a visit to his relatives in Pennsylvania. When the monthly statements of banks were received it was found that $10,000 given him for shipment had not been received by the bank to which it was to have been sent. His books show the amount charged up. Loutzenheiser was last heard of in St. Paul. His present whereabouts are unknown. He is thirty-five years old and unmarried.

HITCHCOCK IS OPPOSED

To Enlarging the Area of Homestead Claims in South Dakota.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock yesterday sent to the public lands committee of the senate an adverse report upon the bill of Senator Gamble, to increase the acreage of homestead entries in the semi-arid region of South Dakota from 160 acres to 640 acres. Senator Gamble said that the report would have no effect on the bill, as members of the public lands committee have practically agreed to report the bill favorably at its meeting early next week.

WAR OVER COURT HOUSE SITE.

Duluth Citizens Disagree Whether New Site Is Needed.

Duluth, Jan. 19.—Duluth citizens are engaged in a court house site war. The contention is between those who would like to have the new half-million-dollar court house built on the present old court house site and those who would have it located on a new site nearer the business center. The present court house site, Sixth avenue east and Second street, was given to the county under the condition that it always be used for court house purposes. The county will forfeit the property if it builds on another location.

BRIDE AND GROOM FIREBUGS.

Guilty of Burning Hotel in Which Two Died.

Carroll, Iowa, Jan. 19.—After a sensational trial Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Harvey were convicted yesterday on a charge of arson. They were charged with setting fire to the hotel at Glidden which they were operating a year ago for the sake of securing the insurance. Two brothers, W. E. and A. W. Hobbs, who were sleeping in the hotel, lost their lives in the fire. Harvey and his wife are both twenty-three years old and have been married a little over a year. The penalty for the crime is life imprisonment.

INDIAN SCHOOL BURNED.

Structure Costing Fifty Thousand Dollars Is Reduced to Ashes.

Shawona, Wis., Jan. 19.—The government school for Indians on the Menominee reservation at Keshano, eight miles north of here, has been totally destroyed by fire. The loss will reach $50,000. The blaze started in the laundry and before assistance arrived the structure was enveloped in flames, which quickly spread to the adjoining frame building which was also totally destroyed. Three hundred Indians made their escape with difficulty.

BREAKS RIBS WITH HIS KNEE.

Duluth Lineman Has an Odd Fall From a Pole.

Duluth, Jan. 19.—Robert Jennings, a lineman in the employ of the Duluth General Electric company, broke two ribs in a remarkable manner. He fell a distance of thirty feet from a pole, and his left knee broke two of his ribs. He sustained a terrible shock, but the physician entertains hopes of his recovery.

TARGET FOR FIREBUGS.

Virginia Mayor's Barn and Two Horses Burned.

Virginia, Minn., Jan. 19.—Fire broke out at 6 o'clock yesterday morning in Mayor M. L. Fay's barn. Two valuable horses, a cow and harnesses and vehicles were destroyed. As the only stove in the building was in a back room up stairs and the fire started in the front part of the barn, the assumption is that the fire was of incendiary origin. The loss, except live stock, was well insured.

Postmasters in Gopher State.

Washington, Jan. 12.—Frank McQuat yesterday was appointed postmaster at Oshawa, Nicollet county, Minn., vice Thomas McQuat deceased; M. E. Lewis at Vesta, Redwood county, Minn., vice Henry R. Draper, deceased.

Twenty Were Killed.

Tiflis, Jan. 12.—An official report says that altogether twenty persons were killed during the labor disturbances in the oil region, and that forty four oil towers were burned.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

The Week's Proceedings.

St. Paul, Jan. 13.—Substantial financial encouragement for townships building permanent roads is the feature of the state highway commission bill introduced in the house by Representative Ole Peterson.

The bill provides that on Nov. 1 of each year townships shall report to boards of county commissioners the amount of money spent in the construction of permanent highways, in addition to the ordinary road appropriation, and full information regarding the roads constructed. The county commissioners shall certify the list of permanent roads so constructed to the state highway commission.

The state commission shall investigate the roads constructed, and if satisfied that they are of sufficient importance, and the work is done in a manner to warrant making them state highways, shall refund to the townships, through the county, one-third of the cost of the highways constructed. If the state road fund is not sufficient to pay one-third of the cost of all roads so built, the fund is to be distributed pro rata.

The unlawful cutting of timber on state lands is made a criminal offense, and a state reward of $200 for information leading to the arrest and conviction of trespassers offered by a bill introduced by Representative J. H. Jefferson.

The stamping out of "blind pigs" in the woods of Northern Minnesota is the object sought by a bill offered by Representative P. E. Dowling. The bill makes the possession of liquor by persons not licensed prima facie evidence of the illegal sale of liquor, and the person accused must prove that he was not running a "blind pig."

A bill appropriating $50,000 to pay deficiencies in the state aid to high schools for the school years of 1903 and 1904 was introduced by Representative W. A. Nolan and in the senate by Senator R. E. Thompson.

The board of regents of the university of Minnesota is directed to establish a branch school of agriculture at or near Crookston by a bill introduced by Representative B. S. Bennett.

Memorial services commemorating the life and character of Senator A. F. Ferris of Brainerd were held in the senate yesterday from 11 o'clock to noon.

A bill which provides solely for the extension of the primary election system to all state officers was introduced in the senate by Senator E. B. Wood.

The house and senate yesterday adopted a joint resolution urging congress to pass the bill introduced by Congressman Steenerson, permitting the importation, free of duty, of Canadian wheat to be used for seed purposes.

The house and senate yesterday adjourned until 8 o'clock Monday evening, as long an adjournment as is allowed by the state constitution.

St. Paul, Jan. 17.—Senator Hiler H. Horton's bill providing for the temporary care of the new capitol passed the senate last night by a vote of 35 to 4.

The bill provides for the appointment of one of the members of the capitol commission as superintendent of the new capitol at a salary of $3,000 a year and carries an appropriation of $75,000 a year for maintenance.

Gov. Johnson sent to the senate last night the recess appointments of Gov. Van Sant, and the following appointments of his own: Member of the normal board, John C. Wise, Jr., of Blue Earth county, to succeed George H. Clark; member of the soldiers' home board, A. L. Sackett of Nicollet county, to succeed Walter S. Weatherstone; member of the state board of health, Christopher Graham of Olmsted county, to succeed Dr. Charles H. Mayo, who resigned; and J. D. McGaughey of Winona, to succeed himself; member of the state board of osteopathic examiners, Clara T. Gerrish, to succeed herself; member of the state art society, Mrs. George Thompson of St. Paul, to succeed herself.

Former Gov. Van Sant's recess appointments were confirmed and the other appointments went over under the rules.

Senator Durant introduced a bill requiring receptacles containing wood alcohol to be labeled.

Copies of the report of the statute revision commission were placed on the desks of the senators and representatives at the session last night.

A purely perfunctory session of the house of representatives was held last evening, occupying less than five minutes. The roll call showed a quorum present, and after the journal was approved, the house adjourned on motion of Representative William Wichman of Beaver Falls. The house will meet at 10 o'clock this morning.

St. Paul, Jan. 18.—Senator Moses E. Clapp of St. Paul was re-elected United States senator for the term beginning March 4, 1905, and ending March 4, 1911, by the house and senate in separate session yesterday by a vote of 165 to 12. Senator Clapp received the vote of every Republican legislator present except A. K. Ware of Northfield, who voted for Frank Clague of Lamberton, speaker of the house. Of the twenty-two Democratic legislators, seven voted for Clapp and twelve for Mayor Robert A. Smith of St. Paul, three being absent.

The house and senate will meet in joint session at noon to-day to approve the roll call of the two branches of the legislature.

The Democratic house members who voted for Senator Clapp are Representatives W. H. Meyer of Waseca, Peter Lynch of Foley, M. J. O'Laughlin of Lake City and H. T. Ramsland of Sacred Heart. Democratic Senators who voted for the junior senator are Senators Julius Coller of Shakopee, F. E. Dutoit of Chaska and H. H. Witherstine of Rochester.

Hennepin Is Unanimous.

Every one of the Republican legislators from Hennepin county, both in the senate and house, were present and voted for Senator Clapp.

The election was made a special order of business in the house at 11 o'clock, and it took place in the senate at noon. Senator Clapp was nominated in the house by Representative M. D. Flower of St. Paul and in the senate by Senator A. R. McGill of St. Paul. Representative J. H. Dorsey of Glencoe nominated Mayor Smith in the house and Senator Albert Schaller of Hastings in the senate.

Legislative Business.

The constitutional amendments on the subject of taxation recommended by the tax code and considered at the special session of 1902 were introduced in the house yesterday by Representative W. D. Washburn, Jr., of Minneapolis. The amendment inaugurates what is known as the wide-open policy to a greater extent even than the amendment introduced by Representative Roberts some days ago.

They provide for the apportionment of state taxes to counties and make no constitutional exemptions, leaving such matters to the legislature.

Trading of votes by members of the Minnesota legislature or an offer to trade a vote, is made bribery just as much as an offer of money by an outsider, by the terms of a bill introduced in the house yesterday by Representative M. D. Flower of St. Paul. The measure also extends the statute regarding bribery of members of the legislature to members-elect, and forbids any attempt to influence their action either before or when they become members.

Representative John Zelch of Cottage Grove introduced in the house a bill increasing the state appropriation for aid of county fairs from $14,000 to $28,000.

Senator Albert Schaller of Hastings, Democratic leader in the senate, made a determined but unsuccessful effort in the session yesterday to recall Senator Hiler H. Horton's bill providing for the temporary care of the new capitol, which was passed by the senate on Monday evening. The vote to recall the bill was 13 to 29.

Senator George R. Laybourn's grand jury bill was introduced in the senate yesterday. It provides that grand juries shall not be summoned except on motion of the judge of a district court, who may act on his own volition or in accordance with a request of a majority vote of the county commissioners of the county in which the crime was committed, or on a petition signed by at least 250 electors.

Senator Wilson introduced a bill placing the settlement of timber trespass cases in the hands of the timber board instead of the state auditor.

Robbed the Mail.

Worthington, Minn., Jan. 18.—Stephen Murch, a young man of twenty, has been arrested by the United States marshal for robbing the mails. He had been taking the mail of the State bank and cashing checks found therein. His father, Bling Murch, a year ago shot his daughter and then committed suicide at Iron City. One brother is serving a life sentence at Jefferson City and another one is in the reformatory at St. Cloud.

Farmer Burned to Death.

Maple Lake, Minn., Jan. 18.—Godfried Neumann, aged sixty, was found burned to death at his farm home, five miles west of here. All the members of the family were at church and on their return they found him lying on the floor badly burned and dead. Nothing burned in the house. How it occurred is not known.

CARTER IS ELECTED.

Former United States Senator Sent Back to Washington.

Helena, Mont., Jan. 18.—Thomas H. Carter, former United States senator, was yesterday, on the sixth ballot of the session, elected United States senator for the term beginning March 4, to succeed Paris Gibson, Democrat. All but one of the Republicans voted for Carter and one fusionist voted for him. The Democrats with two exceptions voted for W. G. Conrad.

Died at Age of 107.

Milwaukee, Jan. 18.—Mrs. Catherine Lubawa, aged 107 years, died yesterday in this city. She was probably the oldest woman in Wisconsin. Mrs. Lubawa is survived by eighty-nine descendants in five generations.

Raised Postoffice Orders.

St. Louis, Jan. 18.—Government authorities last night arrested Elmer Smith, a government clerk, on the charge of having defrauded the United States postoffice out of $5,300 by raising postoffice orders.

ARMSTRONG WILL RESIGN.

Assistant Secretary of Treasury Will Accept Business Position.

Washington, Jan. 18.—It is learned from a high source that Robert B. Armstrong, assistant secretary of the treasury, in charge of customs, has indicated to the president and Secretary Shaw his purpose to resign to accept an important business position in New York. It is understood that Mr. Armstrong's resignation will take effect on March 4.

Mill Employe Injured.

Rush City, Minn., Jan. 18.—Robert Peterson, an employe of the roller mills here, sustained a broken leg by falling through the mill trestle, a distance of fifteen feet. Peterson is probably hurt internally also.

Fire at Allison.

Allison, Iowa, Jan. 18.—The Van Ingan millinery store was totally destroyed and L. E. Hill's stock of merchandise was badly damaged by fire and water.

Congress.

Resume of the Week's Proceedings.

Washington, Jan. 13.—The house of representatives yesterday devoted its entire session to discussion of the impeachment charges against Judge Charles Swayne of the Northern district of Florida. A dramatic incident occurred when Mr. Littlefield of Maine called on Mr. Lamar of Florida, who filed the charges against the judge, to admit or repudiate an alleged interview which the former claimed tended to incite the people to commit an act of violence against Judge Swayne.

Mr. Lamar admitted giving an interview, but emphatically denied any suggestion from him that could be construed into advising assassination or murder. He said that although Judge Swayne was known to be the most lawless man in Florida, he had remained secure from bodily harm.

The executive, legislative and judicial appropriation bill was yesterday read at length in the senate and there was considerable discussion of the civil service question and a provision for investigation of foreign trade conditions by the department of commerce. The bill for the encouragement of the merchant marine was reported to the senate.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Further consideration was given in the house of representatives yesterday to the impeachment charges against Judge Charles Swayne of the Northern district of Florida. There was a lack of noticeable interest in the case yesterday except among a few members. Mr. Littlefield of Maine claimed that there had been "no hunting or hounding" of Judge Swayne until, as a result of the O'Neil contempt case, O'Neil sought to get his revenge on Judge Swayne, and charged that since O'Neil died his funds were to an extent carrying on the prosecution. Messrs. Powers (Mass.), Perkins (N. Y.) and Parker (N. J.) also spoke, the two first named for, and the last named against impeachment.

The senate yesterday passed the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, also a number of private pension bills. The questions of granting pensions for service in the Indian police, and of allowing gratuities for injuries received by workmen while in the employ of the government, were debated at length.

Washington, Jan. 17—Debate on the Swayne impeachment case in the house yesterday was exhaustive, dealing with many of the legal phases of the charges against Judge Swayne. The senate resolution fixing Wednesday, Feb. 8 as the time for counting the electoral vote for president and vice president, the proceedings to take place in the hall of the house was adopted. A resolution was agreed to providing for the collection of additional cotton statistics by the census bureau.

By a vote of 30 to 24 the senate yesterday decided to consider the cross-town street railway bill for Washington, but the measure soon gave place to the statehood bill. That measure was discussed for three hours by Messrs. Simmons and Heyburn, both of whom favored the elimination of Arizona from the bill.

Washington, Jan. 18.—With an agreement reached to vote on the Swayne impeachment articles to-day at 3:30 o'clock the debate yesterday was carried on at high pressure for more than five hours. Mr. Grosvenor furnished the text for a very vigorous speech by Bourke Cockran by the reading of a letter from Judge Pardee of New Orleans declaring that politics was at the bottom of the impeachment proceedings. "The fact of a judge transmitting such a letter, Mr. Cockran declared dramatically, was "a monstrous spectacle." Mr. Grosvenor asserted that there was no ground presented for impeachment in the report of the committee.

Mr. Lamar of Florida closed the debate for the day, reviewing the sentiment of his state and the record of Judge Swayne. He declared there was ample ground for impeachment.

The unusual spectacle of a United States senator explaining on the floor of the senate charges made against himself in a court of law in his own state was witnessed in the senate yesterday when Mr. Mitchell of Oregon spoke of the indictment recently returned against him by an Oregon grand jury. The senator had not previously appeared in the senate since the indictment was returned and he was received by his fellow senators with many evidences of good will. He was much affected, his emotion at times being such that he read his statement with great difficulty.

Mr. Heyburn concluded his speech on the statehood bill and Mr. Stone gave notice of a speech to-day on his resolution for an investigation of the charges of corruption in the campaigns of 1896 and 1904.

MORMONS IN REBUTTAL.

Smoot Defense Takes Up Endowment House Testimony.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Attorneys for Senator Smoot yesterday put upon the stand witnesses to discredit the testimony of the three witnesses for the Protestants who gave what they alleged to be the oaths taken by Mormons who go through the temples and take the endowment ceremony of the Mormon church. The session was shorter than usual yesterday because of the absence of witnesses.

FARMERS SUE FOR $26,000.

Congressman Haugen's Nephew Is a Defendant.

Des Moines, Iowa, Jan. 12.—Charging that its officers, F. E. Ellingson, manager; T. S. Baker, bookkeeper, and Treasurer Haugen, nephew of Congressman Haugen, are responsible, the Farmers' Mutual Co-Operative Live Stock Association of Kensett began suit at Northwood to recover $26,000 alleged to have been misappropriated.

CONGRESS.

House Adopts Impeachment Articles Against Judge Swayne.

Washington, Jan. 19.—The house of representatives yesterday adopted the twelve articles of impeachment against Judge Charles Swayne of the district court of the Northern district of Florida, which had been presented by its special committee of investigation. The speaker was authorized to appoint seven members to present the case to the senate and conduct the impeachment proceedings before that body. This action was the culmination of a debate which has been in progress for over a week and which has developed partisan feeling and personal vituperation.

The charges of impropriety made in connection with the campaigns of 1896 and 1904 were revived for a time yesterday in the senate by Mr. Stone, who spoke in support of the resolution providing for an investigation of the charges. He used with much freedom the names of President Roosevelt, Judge Parker and Chairman Cortelyou, and again related the allegations that Mr. Cortelyou had used the information secured by him as secretary of commerce and labor to secure money from the trusts.

The discussion of the statehood bill continued, with Messrs. Clay, Nelson, Bailey and Stewart as speakers.

GETS 40 VOTES BUT IS CHEATED.

Waiter Testifies in Peabody Contest Hearing.

Denver, Jan. 19.—In the court of appeals yesterday afternoon the eighteen Republicans and nine Democrats appointed to hear the contest of Jas. H. Peabody for the seat of Gov. Alva Adams, took testimony from two witnesses. The protest of the minority against the taking of testimony under the rules adopted was tabled by a strict party vote. Henry C. Riddle, minority member of the Denver election commission, stated that registration books were withheld from all Republican judges who appeared prior to election and offered to sign for the same. Mr. Riddle affirmed that the clerk had strict orders from the majority members of the commission to turn over all poll bucks to Democratic judges. When Mr. Riddle had concluded Joseph Totter, a waiter, testified that between 7 and 12 o'clock on the day of election he voted at least forty times. He was instructed to vote the Democratic ticket, $1 a throw. He declared that eight or ten men accompanied him on his trips, and that they, too, were furnished with slips and instructed how to vote. In the afternoon, he said, he received only 50 cents for each ballot.

MASKED BANDIT STEALS CAR.

Forces Crew to Leave at Point of Gun and Speeds Away.

Pottsville, Pa., Jan. 19.—After holding up the crew of a trolley car near here yesterday, a masked burglar at a lonely spot forced the crew to leave at the point of a revolver and ran away with the car. It was necessary to turn off the current at the power house to stop his flight. The robber then fled, leaving his hat behind. An arrest is expected soon.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Jan. 19.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.13 1-4@1.13 3-8; No. 2 Northern, $1.06 1-4@1.08 1-4; No. 3, $1 @1.03. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 40@41c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 1-2@29c.

Minneapolis, Jan. 19.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.16 3-4; No. 1 Northern, $1.15 3-4; No. 2 Northern, $1.11 1-4@1.11 3-4. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 7-8c.

Duluth, Jan. 19.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.14 1-8; No. 2 Northern, $1.07 1-8; flax, $1.23; rye, 75c.

Milwaukee, Jan. 19.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.15 1-2@1.16 1-2; No. 2 Northern, $1.09@1.13. Rye—No. 1, 79 @80c. Barley—No. 2, 53c. Oats—Standard, 31 1-2@32c. Corn—No. 3, 42 @42 1-2c.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Wheat—No. 2 red, $1.19; No. 3 red, $1.13@1.17; No. 2 hard, $1.14@1.17; No. 3 hard, $1.08@1.14; No. 1 Northern, $1.20; No. 2 Northern, $1.10 @ 1.15. Corn—No. 2, 43c. Oats—No. 2, 30 1-4c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Jan. 19.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.50@5.80; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.25@3.50, stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.60; calves and yearlings, $2.25 @ 3.25. Hogs—Bulk, $4.45 @ 4.55.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.60@6.35; stockers and feeders, $2.20 @ 4; cows, $1.49 @ 4; heifers, $2@5; calves, $3.50 @ 6.75. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $4.55 @ 4.80; bulk, $4.65 @ 4.75. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $4.60@5.50; native lambs, $5 @ 6.85; Western lambs, $5.50@6.75.

South St. Paul, Jan. 19.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.75 @ 5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $2.65 @3.50; butcher bulls, $2.35@3; veals, $2 @ 5; good to choice stock steers, $2.75@3.65; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs—Range price, $4.20@4.65; bulk, $4.35@4.45. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $5.75@6.25; fair to good, $5.50 @ 5.75; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.25; good to choice ewes, $4@4.25.

Hardships Kill and Craze.

Durango, Colo., Jan. 19.—After fearful sufferings, during which one man was frozen to death and another became insane, the surviving members of a party that tried to open up the Bigg Lumber company's railway from Lumberton to Elvado have been rescued.

Farmer Freezes to Death.

Le Sueur, Minn., Jan. 19.—A farmer by the name of Skelly was found frozen to death on a railroad track near here yesterday.

Cyclist Dare-Devil Hurt.

Havana, Jan. 17.—Dr. Clark, known as "Diavolo," a byclist, during a performance at Cienfuegos was probably fatally injured. While alighting from a leap, his bicycle broke, smashing Diavolo's face and fracturing his skull.

Quarrel Ends in Murder.

Middlesboro, Ky., Jan. 17.—On the creek of "Kingdom Come," Alphonse Gaker was killed by Joseph Quarles. Baker was a Baptist and Quarles a Methodist. The quarreled on the subject of infant baptism.

In Minnesota.

State News of the Week Briefly Told.

Most of the farmers of Mora and vicinity are holding their potatoes for a better market.

* * *

Bartholomew Driscoll, a pioneer farmer of Marshan, died at the advanced age of 89 years.

* * *

Business houses at Long Prairie have agreed to close at 6:30 each evening during the winter.

* * *

The Faribault city council has granted a franchise for a local exchange to the Rice County Rural Telephone company.

* * *

Miss Vivia C. Mattison, daughter of the late Calvin Mattison, formerly of Minneapolis, died at Hastings from tuberculosis, aged 20.

* * *

The Mower County Poultry association has closed its fourth annual show. Large crowds attended and nearly 400 birds were on exhibition.

* * *

J. J. Collins of Frazee has received notice from St. Louis that he has been awarded a medal for corn. He has an ideal farm near town and is a scientific farmer.

* * *

Howard Middleton, 14 years old, son of John Middleton, a farmer of Marshall, accidentally shot and killed himself while hunting rabbits in company with two other boys.

* * *

Business men and farmers held a meeting at Mora for the purpose of considering the proposition of a starch factory. A committee was appointed to sell shares among the farmers.

* * *

Watson, a prosperous town on the Milwaukee road, is to have a newspaper, the Messenger. C. E. Mills, for years editor and publisher of the Commercial of Montevideo, will edit the new paper.

* * *

The new city officers of Granite Falls for the ensuing year are: O. G. Fostvedt, mayor; G. H. Weflen, T. H. Brown and Jake Knudtson, councilmen; H. R. Bengtson, recorder; B. C. Schram, treasurer.

* * *

John Olson of Rush City was handling a shotgun when it was accidentally discharged, the load entering and tearing away the right side of the face of Louis Clausen. Clausen will probably lose an eye, while part of his nose is shot away.

* * *

The ladies of the Episcopal guild of St. Paul's church at Pipestone tendered Rev. and Mrs. F. H. Rowse a farewell reception at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Robinson. Rev. Mr. Rowse goes to Ascension church in St. Paul.

* * *

Joint installation of the W. R. C. and G. A. R. was held at Janesville. Mrs. Laduskey J. Taylor of Le Sueur, past national president, was installing officer for the corps. Daniel J. Dodge was installed post commander and his wife corps president.

* * *

George E. Allard, confined in prison at Stillwater under the name of Walter Trapp, for burglary in Goodhue county, ended his term on Wednesday. He was turned over to the sheriff of Dodge county to be taken to Mantorville to stand trial on an old indictment.

* * *

Rev. Noah Lathrop, A. M., gave his lecture, "The Methodist Preacher of the Olden Times: His Trials and Triumphs," at Frazee. The lecture was very able and interesting, and was listened to by a large congregation. Mr. Lathrop has been in the ministry fifty years.

* * *

The taxes to be paid in Winona county the present year show a total of $333,901.18, compared with $320,539.10 the previous year. The tax rate in the city of Winona is 32.9 mills, compared with 30.8 mills a year ago. A part of the increase is accounted for by the decision to erect a new poorhouse.

* * *

E. K. Roberg and his family narrowly escaped death by coal gas asphyxiation at Hanley Falls. A young collie dog twice dragged the bed clothes off of Roberg and scratched the man's hand to arouse him. Roberg fell twice before reaching the door, and each time the collie scratched him until the farmer rescued his wife and children, who were unconscious.

* * *

William Sariff of Browerville, who is visiting his daughter at Long Prairie, narrowly escaped death by accidental poisoning. He swallowed aconite, believing it to be a cough medicine which he had been taking. A physician was within easy call, and by prompt action Mr. Sariff was relieved of the immediate effects of the poison and seems to be doing nicely.

* * *

Philip Young, city electrician of Tracy, a brother of Carl Young, formerly treasurer of the Mail Carriers' association, now in jail awaiting trial on the charge of grand larceny, left for parts unknown after borrowing various sums from friends and drawing both his own and assistant's salary.

Senator Nelson has introduced a resolution giving the University of Minnesota a condemned cannon to be placed on the campus as a memorial to the students who were killed in the Spanish-American war and the Philippine insurrection.

The annual report of the Albert Lea Dairy association, the corporation that operates the creamery at Albert Lea, has just been made public. A total of 5,338,403 pounds of milk was received during the year, from which 231,344 pounds of butter were made. It required 22.11 pounds of milk to produce one pound of butter, and the average yield was 4.52. There was an average of 16,745 pounds of milk daily, and the average daily expense was $12.10.

Fire in "whisky row" at Bemidji destroyed six business houses, mostly saloons, at a loss of $50,000; insurance about half.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 28, 1905. NUMBER 28.

REVOLUTION IN RUSSIA

First Blood Is Shed in Movement Which Threatens Throne of Romanoffs.

HUNDREDS ARE SHOT DOWN IN ST. PETERSBURG

ESTIMATE OF THE TOTAL NUMBER KILLED VARIES FROM 500 TO 5,000.

MET BY VOLLEYS AND CHARGES

WORKMEN ASK TO SEE EMPEROR AND ARE SLAUGHTERED BY TROOPS.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 24.—Yesterday was a day of unspeakable horror in St. Petersburg. The strikers, goaded to desperation by a day of violence, fury and bloodshed, are in a state of open insurrection against the government. A condition almost bordering on civil war exists in the terror-stricken Russian capital. The city is under martial law, with Prince Vasilchikoff as commander of over 50,000 of the emperor's crack guards. Troops are bivouacking in the streets and at various places on the Nevsky Prospect, the main thoroughfare of the city. On the Island of Vassili Ostrov and in the industrial sections

Infuriated Men

have thrown up barricades, which they are holding.

Minister of the Interior Sviatopolk-Mirsky presented to his majesty Saturday night the invitation of the workmen to appear at the winter palace yesterday afternoon and receive their petition; but the emperor's advisers already had taken a decision to show a firm and resolute front, and the emperor's answer to 100,000 workmen trying to make their way to the palace square yesterday was a solid array of troops who met them with

Rifle, Bayonet and Saber.

The priest Gopon, the leader and idol of the men, in his golden vestments, holding aloft the cross and marching at the head of thousands of workmen through the Narva gate, miraculously escaped a volley which laid low half a hundred persons. The figures of the total number killed or wounded here, at the Moscow gate, at various bridges and islands and at the winter palace vary. The best estimate is 500, although there are exaggerated figures placing the number as high as 5,000. Many men were accompanied by their wives and children and in the confusion which left no time for discrimination, the latter shared the fate of the men. The troops, with the exception of a single regiment, which is reported to have thrown down its arms, remained loyal and obeyed orders. But the blood which crimsoned the snow

Has Fired the Brains

and passions of the strikers and turned women as well as men into wild beasts and the cry of the infuriated populace is for vengeance. The sympathy of the middle class is with the workmen. If Father Gopon, who is the master mind of the movement, aimed at open revolution, he managed the affair like a genius to break the faith of the people in "the little father," who they were convinced and whom Father Gopon had taught them to believe would right their wrongs and redress their grievances. Gorky, the Russian socialist, expresses the opinion that yesterday's work will break this faith of the people in the emperor. He said to the Associated Press:

Fight to Bitter End.

"To-day inaugurated revolution in Russia. The emperor's prestige will be irrevocably shattered by the shedding of innocent blood. He has alienated himself forever from his people. Gopon told the people to believe that an appeal direct to the 'little father' would be heeded. They have been undeceived. Gopon is now convinced that peaceful means have failed and the only remedy is force. The first blood has been shed and more will be. It is now the people against the oppressors and the battle will be fought to the bitter end."

Toward 8 o'clock in the evening the exhausted crowds began to disperse, leaving the military in possession. As they retreated up the Nevsky Prospect the workmen put out all the lights.

A General Killed.

Every man wearing the uniform of the emperor who was found alone was mobbed. A general was killed on the Nicholas bridge and a dozen officers were seized, stripped of their epaulets and deprived of their swords.

It is rumored that M. Witte will be appointed dictator to-day, but the report has not been confirmed.

Emperor May Lose His Head.

A member of the emperor's household is quoted as saying that this conflict will end the war with Japan and that Russia will have a constitution or Emperor Nicholas will lose his head.

There are rumors of trouble in Finland and disaffection of the troops.

The strike leaders have decided to continue the struggle with arms. No day was fixed for the next demonstration. The strikers are so excited, however, that trouble is expected today.

NICHOLAS' THRONE TOTTERING.

Spread of Strike Movement Portends Bloodier Occurrence to Come.

Berlin, Jan. 25.—The Lokal Anzeiger has received a special from St. Petersburg saying there is no longer any doubt about the present movement being a revolution. Its leaders are seizing every opportunity to work upon the feelings of the burdened people, filling all with enthusiasm, even petty state officials joining the cause of freedom.

Ominous news comes filtering in from Russian provinces, especially Moscow, Odessa and Kieff, and the uncertainty of what is happening there is worse than bad news.

Every one in the city is in fever heat, feeling that danger is imminent.

Moscow Joins Movement.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 25.—The most startling feature in the situation last night was the news that several factories in Moscow have closed and that the workingmen in the old capital of Moscow are repeating the tactics of their fellow workmen of the new capital, marching from shop to shop and mill to mill, demanding that the establishments be shut down. The whole city is reported to be in a state of great excitement over the news of the bloodshed here Sunday which has precipitated immediately the strike that had been planned for Wednesday. Moscow has more workmen and less troops than St. Petersburg, and besides is just now the heart of the liberal movement, and the danger of

Bloodier Occurrences

there than have been witnessed here are proportionately greater. A rising at Moscow is also more likely to have greater results industrially and politically than that in St. Petersburg.

According to private reports the workmen in several other big cities, notably Kharkoff, where large locomotive works are located, already have completed plans for a general suspension of work.

Moreover reports are current that the workmen, who otherwise would be forced back into the shops or starve, have received assurances of financial support from the sources which hitherto have furnished

The Sinews of War

to the liberal and socialistic agitation, but have never before been in touch with the labor movement.

If the strike becomes general all over Russia, and especially if the railroads are drawn in it might immediately force the nation to make peace with Japan.

The situation appears grave from every standpoint; but the authorities, although apparently somewhat bewildered, declare their purpose to stand firm, maintaining that it is their first duty to preserve order, and scouting the idea of actual revolution.

Day Passes Without Bloodshed.

Yesterday there was no repetition of the deplorable occurrences of Sunday, with the exception that a single blank volley was fired to awe a crowd near the Warsaw station. Careful investigation shows that no bullets were fired. The military everywhere had a firm grip on the situation, and the police used every precaution, such as forbidding the sale of petroleum and advising people to remain indoors.

The guards at the palaces of the grand dukes are especially heavy and over 20,000 troops are massed at Tsarskoe Selo.

Strikers Fired On.

A report has gained currency that the strikers intend to storm the market on Vassili Ostrof and seize the provisions there.

At Kolpino, twelve miles up the river, a body of workmen who had started for St. Petersburg to join the strikers were stopped and fired upon by soldiers. Accounts of the number killed or wounded conflict.

Police Take All Weapons.

The police have closed all the gunsmiths' shops and firearms and other weapons have been removed from the windows and locked up in the cellars.

URGES PEOPLE TO USE BOMBS.

Father Gopan Calls for Vengeance on Members of Government.

There was no bloodshed in St. Petersburg yesterday, but the condition of affairs there has not improved, and in other large cities of Russia matters appear to be assuming a critical stage.

In Moscow particularly the outlook is threatening, the strike there having become general, while the revolutionary spirit seems to dominate.

A proclamation in the name of Father Gopon has been circulated inciting to the use of bombs, dynamite and any weapons whatsoever against the members of the government, who, it is asserted,

Outlawed Themselves

by the course that was adopted against the workmen of St. Petersburg on Sunday.

The office of governor general of the city and governor of St. Petersburg has been created by imperial order with extraordinary powers for dealing with the existing condition of affairs, and Gen. Trepoff, whose administration of affairs while chief of police of Moscow brought upon him sentence of death from the revolutionary party, has been appointed to the post.

Hundreds of arrests have been made, including authors and a prominent editor whose names have been connected with a reported revolutionary propaganda. In spite of the

Repressive Measures,

however, the liberal spirit seems undaunted, for in Moscow Prince Galitzin, who recently resigned the mayoralty in protest against the imperial ukase condemning the reform program, has been again chosen mayor by the municipal council by a vote of 113 to 10.

Cavalry and infantry patrols were all that were to be seen at midnight in the streets of St. Petersburg and Moscow.

In State of Siege.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 26.—St. Petersburg will be declared in a state of siege to-day.

Gen. Trepoff, until recently chief of police of Moscow, has been appointed governor general of St. Petersburg and has taken up quarters in the winter palace.

The aspect of the Russian capital is decidedly more calm. Business, which had been at a complete standstill, has been resumed upon a limited scale. The employes in a few small factories went back to work yesterday and the crowds of strikers in the streets were diminished. The troops in evidence were not so numerous as on Monday and a more confident feeling exists in official circles that the

Energetic Measures

which have been inaugurated will insure the safety and quiet of the city.

Beneath the surface, however, the ferment continues, and the public nervousness and apprehension as to future developments is still unallayed.

The concensus of opinion is that the immediate future actions of the agitators depends upon what occurs in Moscow and other large cities, where the workmen are beginning to strike. Over 100,000 men are out in the old capital of the empire. A telephone message from Moscow to the Associated Press at midnight said there had been no disorder there as yet.

Fear Bloodshed in Moscow.

There will be a big demonstration in Moscow to-day, and it is feared it will be accompanied by bloodshed. The situation confronting the military authorities at Moscow is much more serious than that at St. Petersburg. Out of over 1,000,000 inhabitants of Moscow, over two-thirds are workmen, including an exceedingly rough and turbulent element. The troops there are fewer and the city does not lend itself, like St. Petersburg, to natural barriers to prevent the congregation of men.

At Kovno and Vilna, where strikes also have been begun, the workmen are following the St. Petersburg plan of marching about the city and inducing or forcing other workmen to leave their employment.

Wild and Extravagant Tales.

London, Jan. 26.—No reports of alleged occurrences in Russia appear too wild or extravagant to find place in some European journals. The freedom accorded foreign correspondents telegraphing from Russia, as shown by this fact, is the subject of remark in the Daily Chronicle this morning as showing that Emperor Nicholas has at least one redeeming feature, a capacity for keeping his word.

An instance of wild statements is in the Daily Mail's St. Petersburg dispatches which describe a veritable battle between strikers and troops near Kolpino and a wholesale slaughter of strikers.

The Daily Express' St. Petersburg correspondent reports similar scenes of massacre at Radom and describes Gen. Kuropatkin's army as ripe for revolt.

What the State Solons Are Doing

St. Paul, Jan. 19.—Senator Moses E. Clapp was declared elected United States senator by Speaker Frank Clague at noon yesterday in the presence of the senators and the representatives in joint session.

The speaker's proclamation was uttered after the joint session had approved the minutes of Tuesday's session of the house and the senate, when Senator Clapp received a majority of the votes in both houses.

After the speaker's proclamation, Chief Clerk Julius Schmahl read the following telegram from Senator Clapp, dated at Washington:

"Hon. Frank Clague, Speaker of the House of Representatives, St. Paul, Minn.: May I ask you to kindly convey to your body my grateful appreciation of the token of esteem and confidence evidenced by my re-election and appreciation, which is deepened rather than lessened by my absence at this time.

—"Moses E. Clapp."

Senator Clapp received 165 votes, 111 in the house and 54 in the senate. Mayor R. A. Smith, the Democratic candidate, received 12 votes, and Speaker Frank Clague 1.

Private banks in Minnesota are abolished in a bill introduced by Senator A. O. Eberhart. The measure provides that no person, firm or corporation not authorized by the public examiner to do a banking business, shall use any sign, letterheads, receipts or stationery of any kind indicating that the office is maintained for banking purposes.

A measure to guard against the destruction of life and limb by automobiles was introduced in the senate by Senator R. E. Thompson. The bill regulates the speed of automobiles and requires owners to register with the secretary of state.

Free employment bureaus in all cities of more than 50,000 inhabitants, maintained by the state department of labor, are provided for by a bill introduced in the house by Representative John Selb.

Persons in custody of a person convicted of a crime or connected with court [illegible] convicted can make only signed written recommendations to the state board of pardons under a bill introduced by Representative J. R. Morley. The bill is intended to do away with conflicting or reports of conflicting recommendations by such persons, and give the board of pardons a definite written record on which to base its actions.

St. Paul, Jan. 20.—The election of delegates to state conventions at the regular fall primary election is provided for in a bill introduced in the house by Representative H. A. Rider. The bill amends the primary law by providing that the primary election held for the nomination of candidates for elective offices shall be held the second Tuesday in July preceding any general election, and includes the delegates to state conventions in the list of candidates to be voted for.

The adoption of the revision of the general laws of Minnesota without amendment was urged in the house by Representative J. R. Morley, who moved that the rules be suspended and the bill be given its second and third readings and placed upon its final passage. The motion failed to receive a second, and the revision was referred to the judiciary committee. The revised code was introduced by Representative W. B. Anderson of Winona as one bill, and Mr. Morley's motion came as a complete surprise.

The employment of an expert accountant to make a thorough investigation of the various state offices is authorized by a resolution introduced in the house by Representative P. E. Dowling.

A monument to commemorate the part taken by the First Minnesota battery in the battle of Shiloh is provided for by a bill introduced in the house by Representative S. R. Peterson.

Representative A. Hannaford offered a resolution in the house providing for an investigation of the system of weighing and inspecting grain in vogue in Minnesota.

Radical changes in the law governing the construction of drainage ditches to benefit private lands are made by the revision of the statutes, according to Representative B. S. Bennett.

No important business will be transacted in the senate until the report of the statute revision commission is disposed of in some form. The senate was in session just eleven minutes yesterday morning. The only thing that occupied the attention of the senators were the roll call, the prayer by the chaplain and the election of Senator R. E. Thompson of Preston as secretary pro tem.

The lull in senatorial activity was caused by the failure of Senator Geo. P. Wilson of Minneapolis, who intended to introduce the revision of the code in the form of a bill, to appear at the session. The senator was detained in Minneapolis by a suspension of street car service.

St. Paul, Jan. 21.—The members of the house ran rampant yesterday in the introduction of bills. Twenty-four were introduced.

Two bills abolishing bucket shops, one limiting the powers of the board of control, several for claims ranging in amounts from $5,000 to $6,000, and another extending the life of the capitol commission one year were among the most important.

R. J. Wells would abolish bucket shops and "bucketing" in every form. In his bill he brands "bucketing," or, to be more specific, "dealing in futures," as gambling, pure and simple, and provides a fine of not less than $500, and imprisonment in jail for a violation. No corporation or institution is exempt.

G. Erickson's bill exempts legitimately organized boards of trade and chambers of commerce and would confine his prohibition entirely to individuals and so-called irresponsible corporations.

R. S. Morak introduced a bill to give the present capitol commission another year's lease of life, after which the new building would pass into the hands of a commission to be composed of the governor, auditor, secretary of state and attorney general. They would have general supervision over the building and the power to employ and discharge all help needed for its care. For the maintenance of the building Mr. Morak provides an annual appropriation of $40,000.

A bill directed at the curtailment of the powers and duties of the board of control was introduced by Mr. Morley. He would take from the management of the board the university, the state normal schools, the schools for the deaf, dumb and blind and the state public schools.

Further labor legislation urged by the State Federation of Labor was fathered by Mr. Selb, amending the constitution to the extent of prohibiting the legislature from limiting the amount recoverable for injuries in case of death, and a bill by Mr. Haskell requiring the filing of sales or assignment of wages with employers.

Mr. Lund of Minneapolis had a bill raising the minimum price for state school lands to $10 an acre. The present figure is $5 an acre.

The house adjourned to 10 o'clock Tuesday morning.

The senate met for a short session and adjourned till 10 o'clock Tuesday morning. Five bills were introduced and referred.

One of these, by Senator Wilson, has to do with the new revised code. It provides that the general laws of the state be revised, consolidated and arranged in the manner accomplished by the commission, which revision is to be known as the "Revised Laws of Minnesota." The revision is not to be in operation till Dec. 1 of this year.

Senator Jepson introduced another fellow-employe act. According to this proposed measure every person or corporation shall be liable for all damages sustained by any agent, servant or employe without any contributory negligence on his part in consequence of the fault or negligence of the master or the fault or negligence of any other agent.

St. Paul, Jan. 25.—Passenger rates in Minnesota are fixed, and the issuance of passes to any persons not railroad employes, prohibited in a bill introduced in the house by Representative A. K. Ware. The local passenger fare is fixed at 2 1-2 cents a mile, but the bill requires railroads to issue interchangeable mileage books good for not less than 500 miles of travel, to be sold for at the rate of 2 cents a mile.

A reciprocal demurrage bill governing the shipment of carload lots of freight in Minnesota was introduced in the house by Representative W. A. Nolan. The agitation for a reciprocal demurrage measure which imposes a charge on railroads for failure to deliver or furnish cars promptly has been carried on by shippers' associations throughout the country with considerable vigor during the past year. The Nolan bill contains the chief regulations desired by shippers.

Fees allowed for the valuation of life insurance policies are to be turned into the state treasury under a bill introduced by Representative W. B. Anderson, and actuaries making the examinations are to be paid directly by the state. The bill will divert to the state treasury fees which during the past four years are reported to have aggregated more than $80,000.

Engineers of trains carrying passengers shall not be permitted to serve more than twelve consecutive hours, according to a bill by Representative P. A. Gandrud.

An amendment to the primary law following closely that offered in the senate by Senator Schain was introduced in the house by Representative Gunder Krostue.

The selling of lumber not of the size and dimension represented is made a misdemeanor by a bill introduced in the house by Representative Elmer E. Adams.

The wives and widows of veterans are to be admitted to the Minnesota soldiers' home, according to the provisions of a bill introduced in the house by Representative N. F. Hugo.

It will be easier to secure convictions on circumstantial evidence in the prosecution of murder cases if a bill introduced in the senate by Senator J. T. Alley becomes a law. The measure places in the hands of the jury the question whether the penalty for murder in the first degree shall be death or life imprisonment. It provides that the penalty shall be life imprisonment except in cases where the jury imposes a death sentence

Provision for the reclamation of thousands of acres of state swamp land in the northern part of the state is made in a bill introduced in the senate by Senator A. D. Stephens. The bill enacts the old drainage law and appropriates $150,000, of which $75,000 is available in 1905 and $75,000 in 1906.

Senator R. B. Brower's bill providing for a state census was introduced in the senate. It appropriates $65,000 for the purpose.

TESTS QUALITY OF SEED CORN.

Minnesota Farm School Experts Prove Theory.

Seed corn selected from the middle of the cob has much greater vitality than kernels shelled from the tips and butts of ears, according to recent experiments conducted at the Minnesota experiment station.

The necessity of using only the best of seed corn has long been realized at the experiment station as Minnesota lies so far north of what is generally considered the corn belt, and one or two days of ripening weather may mean the success or failure of the crop. The station officials always have urged the careful selection of seed corn from the ears borne by the earliest and best matured plants. The experts have claimed that kernels from the center of cobs possess more vitality than those from the tips and butts, but only recently have they completed definite experiments which substantiate satisfactorily that theory.

MANY HAVE SMALLPOX.

Seventy-Eight Cases Are Reported for Last Week.

Of 78 cases of smallpox reported to the state board of health for the week ending Jan. 16, 70 had never been vaccinated, 2 had been vaccinated thirty-five years ago, 2 in 1875, 1 in 1898, and 1 three days after he had been exposed to the disease. The cases were scattered in fourteen counties, and the number is the largest reported for several weeks.

A peculiar feature of the report is the number of cases in families. One family in Mower county reports ten cases. In another family there are seven cases and in a third eight cases.

The largest number of cases reported was in Stearns county, where there were 25. Todd county comes next with 18 cases and Mower county third with 10. Ramsey county reports only one case, the first in several months.

COST OF THE NEW CODE.

State Has Expended $67,766.80 for Revising Statutes.

The state auditor has completed the figures on the cost of revising the Statutes of Minnesota. The total cost of the work was $67,766.80 in salaries and miscellaneous expenses, leaving in the fund $17,233.08 to defray the cost of printing the report.

Among the items are: Hiram F. Stevens, $12,653.63; T. J. Knox, $13,788.17; Daniel Fish, $13,740.89; M. R. Taylor, $8,514.23; Francis B. Tiffany, $2,200; Charles W. Farnham, $1,975; L. P. Everdell, $2,000; N. L. Hallowell, $414.67; Orville Reinhardt, $75; typewriter, $90.50; J. O. Pierce, $60; West Publishing (editorial work), $7,574.75; Century Dictionary, $45; Elizabeth N. Baker, $3,925; miscellaneous costs, $710.08.

MRS. CODY ANSWERS IN SUIT.

"Buffalo Bill's" Wife Charges Infidelity in Divorce Action.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Jan. 25.—Mrs. Louisa Cody's answer to the divorce suit of Col. William F. Cody (Buffalo Bill) was filed in court yesterday. She denies that she ever attempted to poison Col. Cody or was guilty of any indignities to him and discourtesy to his guests, as alleged in his bill, and makes a counter charge of infidelity. Judge Scott set the hearing for Feb. 14th.

Hen Has Necklace.

Dubuque, Iowa, Jan. 25.—It was fortunate for Miss Mamie Gaulson of Fort Dodge that she had chicken for dinner, for she recovered possession of a much prized necklace she lost two years ago. It was found in the gizzard of the fowl.

From Luxury to Poverty.

Los Angeles, Jan. 25.—Mrs. Margaret Jacoby, once it is said, a wealthy society leader in Milwaukee, has died suddenly in Santa Monica. She was living in poor circumstances.

Missouri Deadlock Holds.

Jefferson City, Mo., Jan. 25.—The fifth ballot for United States senator to succeed Francis M. Cockrill, the first yesterday, in joint session resulted as follows: Niedringhaus, 80; Cockrell, 79; Kerens, 9; Pettijohn, 1.

Destroyed by Fire.

Cleveland, Jan. 25.—Plant No. 1, covering three acres of ground, of the Cleveland dryer works, a branch of the American Agricultural Chemical company, was destroyed by fire last night. Loss, $100,000.

TACKLES CHILD LABOR PROBLEM

State Labor Bureau Plans Rigid Investigation.

W. H. Williams, state labor commissioner, Monday began the performance of his duties. When the newly appointed deputies reported they were immediately detailed upon an investigation of child labor, the first subject which the new administration will consider.

Every store and factory in the state will be inspected as to conditions under which child labor is employed and as to whether the children employed have permits from the superintendents of schools of their districts.

The department officials intend to enforce the laws governing the employment of child labor. Children working merely upon the signed consent of parents will not be permitted to hold their positions, but will be required to return to school or to secure permits from the school superintendent. It is claimed that there are many children working in the state who have secured only the consent of their parents.

JUDGES TO WEAR GOWNS.

A bill requiring judges of the supreme court to wear gowns while serving on the bench has been drafted for presentation at this session of the legislature.

The advocates of the measure say that similar laws are in force in other states, and that it is time that Minnesota gets in line. It is argued that gowns are symbolical of judicial dignity and that if they are worn by the justices of the Minnesota supreme court, respect for the law and the work of the court will be increased.

CONSTANT ACHING.

Back aches all the time. Spoils your appetite, wearies the body, worries the mind. Kidneys cause it all and Doan's Kidney Pills relieve and cure it.

Aches While You Eat

H. B. McCarver, of 201 Cherry St., Portland, Ore., inspector of freight for the Trans-Continental Co., says: "I used Doan's Kidney Pills for back ache and other symptoms of kidney trouble which had annoyed me for months. I think a cold was responsible for the whole trouble. It seemed to settle in my kidneys. Doan's Kidney Pills rooted it out. It is several months since I used them, and up to date there has been no recurrence of the trouble."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

MISTAKE GIRLS MAKE.

They Dress So Well They Scare Young Men, Mgr. Fox Says.

The Right Rev. Mgr. Fox, on the occasion of the admission of more than 100 women candidates into the sodality of the Blessed Virgin at Trenton, N. J., delivered an address that aroused a good deal of comment. His topic was dress. He declared that the expensive clothes worn by the young women had the effect of preventing young men from asking them to be their wives. Said Mgr. Fox:

"A poor young man's heart drops down to his shoes when he realizes the cost of the things the girls wear in order to be stylish. 'Look at that hat!' the poor young man says. 'What did it cost?' God help the present day young woman and her style! God save the young man from style. A sad feature of the present day is that we have no more little girls. They are all young women. The little girls have all the same ideas about dress and about the boys that their older sisters have."—New York Evening Sun.

On the Stage.

A magazine writer asks if the stars explode.

Perhaps they don't exactly explode, but they have been known to appear in several pieces.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

15 YEARS OF TORTURE.

Itching and Painful Sores Covered Head and Body—Cured in Week by Cuticura.

"For fifteen years my scalp and forehead was one mass of scabs, and my body was covered with sores. Words cannot express how I suffered from the itching and pain. I had given up hope when a friend told me to get Cuticura. After bathing with Cuticura Soap and applying Cuticura Ointment for three days, my head was as clear as ever, and to my surprise and joy, one cake of soap and one box of ointment made a complete cure in one week. (signed) H. B. Franklin, 717 Washington St., Allegheny, Pa."

Improvised Theatricals.

First Skater—Did you hurt yourself when you fell just then?

Second Skater—Oh, no, I had a lovely time. When the back of my head struck the ice I thought I was at an all-star performance.—Detroit Free Press.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Distinction.

Johnny—Ma says Mr. Pedaller is a most conscientious teacher. What does she mean by that, Pa?

Pa—She means that he is a good man to take lessons from, but a very poor man financially.—Boston Transcript.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

An Annoyance.

"Isn't it a satisfaction to hear from the friends at home?" said one Russian officer in Port Arthur.

"Yes," answered the other; "only I wish every time they give a banquet in St. Petersburg they wouldn't send me a menu card."—Chicago Journal.

One of Nature's Mistakes.

Humane Person—Why do you clip your horses in the winter time?

Livery Stable Man—Better chance to do it then, ma'am—more hair.—Chicago Tribune.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Nothing Taxing.

Mrs. Farmer—I suppose you have worked awful hard trying to find work?

Tramp—Not very; only about as hard as I'd work if I should find work, ma'am.—Puck.

"Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy cured my wife of a terrible disease. With pleasure I testify to its marvelous efficacy." J. Sweet, Albany, N. Y.

This world would be far more dismal than it is if the public found out about it every time anybody made a fool of himself.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President.
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

2nd STORE

(SECOND HAND STORE.)

Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.

C. A. SKEIE.
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

GET YOUR PICTURE
TAKEN BY
D. COLLINS
THE
Photograper.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

FREE!

Fountain Pen

14-Kt. Solid Gold

TO NEW
Pioneer Press
Subscribers.

Jewelers Sell it for $1.50.

This is a rich quality hard rubber, finely polished Fountain Pen; screw section, and fitted with an improved Feeding Device, allowing the ink to flow easily without blotting. The gold-nibbed pen is 14-Kt. fine, iridium pointed. The complete Fountain Pen is Fully Guaranteed by the manufacturers and will be exchanged by them if not entirely satisfactory. Each box contains a single pen and a guarantee. If the pen is not absolutely perfect, send it back to the factory and get one that is. It will not cost you a cent.

The Pioneer Press—
St. Paul, Minn.—
Gentlemen: Send to me, absolutely free and postpaid, a guaranteed solid gold-nibbed Fountain Pen. Enclosed herewith find $1.50 in advance for subscription to the Daily and Sunday Weekly Pioneer Press.

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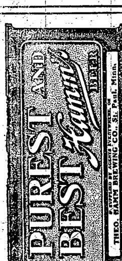
Street ....
Town ....
State ....


PUREST AND BEST
Hamm's
BEER
SUPPLIED BY AGENTS EVERYWHERE OR
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO. St. Paul, Minn.

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

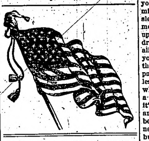
Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Jan. 28, 1905.



How about a Commercial Club for St. Hilaire? There are matters coming up every day that need attention and we could do better working together.

John E. King, of the Red Lake Falls Courier, is now entitled to the congratulations of his many friends as the Senate confirmed his nomination as State Librarian last Thursday.

The many friends of Alex Thompson will be pleased to learn that he has been appointed by Governor Johnson to be surveyor general for this district. The salary for this position isn't much but the title of "General" is just about Alex's size.

Fate seems to have it in for Russia. She is not only being soundly threshed by Japan but now has a civil revolt which threatens the very life of the government. Of all civilized nations Russia has the poorest form of government and her people won't stand it much longer.

It seems to us that Chairman Johnson and the other county official acted in entirely too abrupt a manner in paying for the court house while the court had issued a restraining order, even if it had not been served. The deal was hardly to the credit of the county officials or Red Lake Falls. Sharp practices don't pay as a rule.

The Depraved Camel.

"Any ordinary horse on the street might well feel insulted at being named in the same class as a domestic animal with that four legged impassive vehicle, the camel," writes a traveler. "Fidelity in a camel does not exist. An artist might as well depict a devoted crocodile fondling a lost child as a faithful dromedary standing over the corpse of its fallen master. Lockwood Kipling touched the core of the matter when he avowed that a man might as reasonably lavish his affection on a baggage wagon. In short, the camel is an unredeemed boor, more brutish than a mule, less sensible of endearment than even of extremes of temperature and weather. Its virtues are of the body, its great endurance compensating for a mental and moral depravity that must be labeled nothing short of amazing."

Trout That Are Not Trout.

Dr. Theodore Gill of the Smithsonian institution in calling attention to the misnaming of our native fish by early settlers instanced among others the trout. The pilgrims, finding in New England streams a fish that reminded them of the trout of England, gave it the same name, although Izaak Walton would have told them that it was not a trout, but a char. In Maine landlocked salmon and in certain lakes another salmonid fish were also called trout. In the south the name trout was given to black bass. In California a peculiar fish was named trout, apparently for no other reason than its possession of spots. The Gila river trout is not a trout at all.

Conspirators.

It will surprise many to know that Washington Irving was a confessed orchard thief. Once, while picking up an apple in his own orchard, he was accosted by an urchin of the neighborhood, who, not recognizing him as the proprietor, offered to show him a tree where he could get some better apples than those.

"But," said the boy, "we must not let the old man see us."

"I went with him," said Irving, "and we stole about a dozen or two of my own apples and then went shares."

Thank You.

"Thanks" is a miserable expression commonly used by persons who have not had the advantages of good breeding. Every favor received and civility shown deserves to be recognized, and the smallest acknowledgment the recipient can make is to say or write, "Thank you." The vulgarity of "Thanks" is on a par with the postal card correspondence.

Mistakes.

When you make a mistake, don't look back at it long. Take the reason of the thing into your own mind and then look forward. Mistakes are lessons of wisdom. The past cannot be changed. The future is yet in your power.—Hugh White.

DINING IN JAPAN.

If It's Your First Japanese Meal You Will Have a Trying Time.

If it's your first Japanese dinner you're having a dreadfully hard time. In the first place you must sit on the floor, for they don't have any chairs in Japan. You kneel down, and then you turn your toes in till one laps over the other, and then you sit back between your heels. At first you are quite proud to find how well you do it, and you don't think it's so very uncomfortable. But pretty soon you get cramped, and your legs ache as if you had a toothache in them. You don't say anything because you think that if the Japanese can sit this way all day long you ought to be able to stand it a few minutes. Finally both your feet go to sleep, and then you can't bear it a moment longer, and you have to get up and stamp around the room to drive the prickles out of your feet, and all the little dancing girls giggle at you. This isn't your only trouble either. All you have to eat with is a pair of chopsticks, and you're in terror lest you spill something on the dainty white matting floor. Now the floor of a Japanese house isn't just the floor; it's the chairs and sofas and tables and beds as well. At home it would be mortifying enough to go out to dinner and spill something on the floor, but in Japan, where people sit and sleep on the floor, it seems even worse. So you are unhappy till your little nesan (who is the waitress and almost as prettily dressed as the dancing girls, but not quite) comes laughing to your aid and shows you how to hold your chopsticks. After that you manage nicely the rice and the omelet, but the fish and the chicken you can't contrive to shred apart without dropping your chopsticks all the time. So between dances the maiko—the little girls about twelve years old—kneel down beside you and help you. They can't keep from giggling at your awkwardness, but you don't mind; you just giggle, too, and everybody giggles and has a lovely time.—St. Nicholas.

LOST IN THE AIR.

Birds at Times Get Confused and Lose Their Bearings.

Boys are frequently lost in the woods, and it is a singular fact that birds are sometimes lost in the air. This might seem strange to almost any one, but the average man is a superficial observer of little things.

In the far north, and particularly along the ocean coasts, birds are frequently storm driven and lose their bearings, so that many of them are lost at sea. They keep floating in the air, aimlessly striving to live until exhaustion compels them to drop into the angry waves, which engulf them.

There is a well authenticated case on record of an ocean liner bringing into New York on a winter's day a large white owl which had dropped to one of the forward spars in an exhausted condition more than 800 miles off the coast of Newfoundland. It was nearly dead from cold and hunger and almost too weak to eat anything. It had become much emaciated and trembled in its distress when it tried to swallow the first morsel of meat which was placed within its beak. The captain and sailors were all interested in it, and, under their nourishing care it slowly recovered and became entirely well and healthy and strong. It willingly remained with the ship afterward.

It was evidently a land bird which had been blown off from the coast of Newfoundland by strong west winds, had become lost, merely drifted before the gales, kept out of the water, almost starved to death and made its last intelligent effort to reach the ship and there fell in exhaustion and collapse.

Old sailors narrate many other instances of finding birds that have been lost in the air.—St. Louis Republic.

No Paupers In Japan.

With all our high wages and boasted civilization the fact remains that you will see more wretchedly poor in any of our great cities in a day than you will see in Japan in a lifetime. In other words, you will see no destitution in Japan. Though some are very poor, yet all seem to be well fed, clothed and housed and are invariably cheerful and, what is more surprising, invariably clean. There are no paupers in Japan and therefore no workhouses or poorhouses, though there are many hospitals where the sick are healed gratuitously. Practically every one can earn a living. Would that we could say the same!—Pall Mall Gazette.

Dust and Consumption.

Dusty work seems to be responsible for consumption to a marked degree. In 2,161 cases of consumption treated at the sixty institutions of the German empire 1,005 patients had been employed in a dusty environment. The kind of dust was not stated in 431 cases; in 182 cases it was metal dust; in 129, stone, coal or glass dust; in 116, wood dust; in 111, wool dust, and in 126, various other kinds of dust.

He Had Use For It.

"Now, sir," began the agent, "this book"—

"Ain't got no use for it!" snapped the busy merchant.

"Oh, yes, you have! Look at the title, 'The Art of Conversation and Correct Speech.'"—Philadelphia Ledger.

Precedence.

"Don't you know, sir, that it is impolite to swear before a lady?" The Irishman looked dazed for a moment and then replied: "Sure, mum, I beg yer pardon. But Oi didn't know ye wanted to shwear first."

While petty thieves are hanged, people take off their hats to great ones.—Old German Proverb.

John W. Forseen

SHOE
Repairing

Second door North of Postoffice.

St. Hilaire, Minn.

COMMUNICATED

One of the reservation settlers, on handing me the Plummer Pioneer, under date of January 14th, and pointing to an article which seemed to be a desultory fire at those who have purchased land on the reservation, said "don't that jar you!" This article seemed to be a positive contradiction to the literature sent broadcast by the government and locaters last spring. Then we read it was a sleeping beauty awaiting the coming of the Prince of Industry to awaken and marry her; now the Prince has arrived and plighted his faith to her and it breaks his heart to read of anything derogatory to her character. It reasons that there will not be a great boom in land the coming season, due to the settlers buying poor land, proving up the coming fall and dumping same on the market to get their money back if they can. The article designates the land as lying between Hazel and Theif River Falls and the extreme Eastern part. Now it seems if these tracts are only the nesting and swimming places of ducks and mud hens, which we do not contradict, they should not cut any figure in booming the improved farms surrounding Plummer. We doubt that there has been anyone foolish enough to purchase such lands. Some reckless person, who had never seen the land, may have bought some. We do not expect to overcome these waste places for years to come, but they cannot effect the price of good land. There are very few tracts of land as large as the reservation that do not contain some waste land. It may not be caused by a surplus of water, but instead by mountains, hills, sand and rock, or worse yet, a partial desert. It is a fact that in most every state, no matter if settled for hundreds of years, there are places where the ducks and mud hens hold high carnival and afford rare sport for men of leisure, and lucky owners of boats and high water boots. Shall we of the reservation dispair because we are not entirely exempt from waste places? The article seems to have a little flower of pity for us misguided fellows, as it mentions the hardships we will be called on to endure. Well, never thought of that before It is true we will not be in a city, nor worship in carpeted pews, but it's not so bad after all as we have only a few miles' travel to reach Plummer or Hazel on the Soo, Thief River Falls, St. Hilaire and Red Lake Falls on the Great Northern, and even Crookston with its teeming thousands is only a good day's drive from the most of us. Hardships? My, that's only a dream of the Pioneer. The article seems to be imbued with something of the same sentiments that characterized Landon C. Haynes when he was running for congress, against Andy Johnson. The father of the homestead bill, in joint discussion with him, said he opposed the donation of the public domain because it was beyond the poor man's reach. He said a gift of 160 acres of the surface of the moon would be preferable, for when the Queen of Night rode through the heavens, in the splendor of her full-orbed glory, the poor man could at least have the satisfaction of gazing upon his distant and unobtainable possession and feel he had a home on another planet. The homestead bill was passed, and with a few amendments it has changed the centre of civilization to west of the Ohio, and today, from the rock-bound Atlantic for 3,500 miles to where the calm Pacific beats on California's golden strand there is an unbroken level of happy homes, made so by the poor emigrant who knew it was better than go in debt for improved farms in the New England states. Horace Greeley, the great American sage, said to young men "Go west and grow up with the country"—did not say buy improved farms. But it is evident the Pioneer intended a wider range of meaning than its reference to certain specified tracts, but space prevents comment. We admit some rolling stones may have lodged on the reservation—they can be found everywhere. If there is opposition from the reservation that effects the booming of land around Plummer, it will be because there remains desirable lands to be had at $4 per acre, and we would advise anyone who wants land, with but little money in their jeans, to come a-running. Don't stop and lose time at Plummer or some other "geezers" will have all the good tracts roped before you get here. Put your brand on a stool, put up a hitching post on the reservation here and you stand some show of owning a home. The small sum you pay the government each year would not pay half the interest on the purchase price of a $20.00 per acre improved farm, that with your your own strong arms you can by degrees improve your place cheaper than to buy old improvements, then too you have them new and where you want them.

Would say, those who have already cast their lot with me, in the coming spring had better hit the high places with the plow, do a little road work with our own teams and scrapers, and when our organization has been perfected and we take our places among the organized townships of the great state of Minnesota, we'll soon have ditches, good roads, churches and school houses. There is no reason why we should not be just as prosperous as the neighboring townships on the south and southwest of us. Let us not only boast of nesting and swimming places for ducks and mud hens, but good deer and chicken shooting in their season. Fish are also plentiful in the Red Lake river. There you can sit under the shade of the oak, or under the silvery-leafed popple, or the historic emblem of peace—the drooping elm, surrounded by the perfumes of flowers, and listen to the hum of the honey bee—the advance agent of civilization—and fish to your heart's content. If nibbles are not frequent enough to fascinate you, you will be interested in the steamboats that glide gracefully by, freighted with supplies for the brave hearts and noble souls who have settled along the river.

In conclusion would say to the Plummer Pioneer, you should be interested in us as well as the older settlements, you will be a weekly visitor in many of our homes, and we suggest that all we say or do may be a friendly effort for the betterment of this part of Red Lake county.

JEPTHA.

Muscles That Shut Out Cold.

"The muscles of the skin need training to educate them to contract vigorously on the slightest cold," says a medical writer, "to shut the blood out of the skin so quickly that the precious body heat will not be lost. You notice that when the skin is cold there is a 'goose skin' appearance. This is due to the contraction of the little muscles of the skin. The contraction of the muscles compresses the external blood vessels and drives away the blood from the surface, hardening and thickening the skin, which thereby becomes a better nonconductor. Thus the body temperature is maintained.

"It is because of the constant exposure to cold that the Indian's body is 'all face.' The skin of his whole body, not only that of the face, has learned to take care of itself."

Former Experience.

The young woman had just said no.

"Have you ever been rejected before, Mr. Huddleston?" she asked sympathizingly and almost tenderly.

"Once," he said, a spasm of pain contorting his features at the recollection, "by a life insurance company. I tell you it hurt—that time."—Chicago Tribune

Order for Hearing on Claims, Etc.

State of Minnesota. County of Red Lake—SS.
In Probate Court,
Special Term, January 16, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Alfred Dainard, deceased:

Letters of testamentary on the estate of Alfred Dainard, deceased, late of the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, being granted to Mrs. M. N. Dainard;

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 17th day of April, 1905, at one o'clock p. m. at a special term of said probate court, to be held at the Probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 16th day of January, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
[Seal] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.
(j21-4t-f11)

Order for Hearing Application for Appointment of Administrator.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss.
In Probate Court.
Special term, January 11, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Julius H. Rice, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Oscar F. Post, of the village of St. Hilaire, of the county of Red Lake, representing, among other things, that Julius H. Rice, late of the county of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1902, at the county of Red Lake, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a creditor of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Oscar F. Post granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 6th day of February, A. D. 1905, at one o'clock p. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls the 11th day of January, A. D. 1905.

By the court.
[SEAL] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.
j14f4

DR. V. FLETH,
SURGEON.

Graduate of Copenhagen University.

Department for Diseases of the Eye

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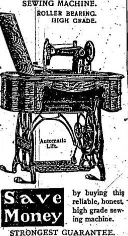
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COMMISSIONERS IN SESSION

Proceedings of the County Board at the Regular January Session.

Red Lake Falls, Minn., Jan. 3, 1905.

The Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, met in regular session at the court house at one o'clock p. m.

Present—Commissioners Sutor, Demann, Johnson, Shaw and Falardeau.

The Board proceeded to ballot for chairman for the ensuing year, resulting as follows:

Johnson, 3 votes; Demann, 1 vote; Falardeau, 1 vote.

Commissioner Johnson, having received a majority of the votes cast on the first ballot, was declared elected chairman of the Board for the ensuing year.

The Board proceeded to ballot for vice chairman for the ensuing year, resulting as follows:

Sutor, 3; Shaw, 1; Demann, 1.

Commissioner Sutor, having received a majority of the votes cast on the first ballot, was declared elected vice chairman for the ensuing year.

On motion duly carried the following county officers' bonds were approved:

D. Linnihan, sheriff, $5,000;
Frank Jeffers, register of deeds, $5,000;
Thomas Germo, county attorney, $2,000.

In the matter of the petition of E. L. Quist and others, residents and legal voters in Red Lake county, and not residing within ten miles of any established election district, praying for the establishment of an election district consisting of that part of the county of Red Lake, Minnesota, known as the Red Lake Indian Reservation, no part of which territory is now included in any existing election district, on motion made by Commissioner Shaw, and carried unanimously the following order establishing an election district was made:

State of Minnesota } ss
County of Red Lake }

The petition of E. L. Quist and others, petitioners and legal voters of Red Lake county, Minnesota, not residing within ten miles of any established election district, praying for the establishment of an election district within said county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, to consist of that part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, known as the "Red Lake Indian Reservation," and which was thrown open for sale and settlement by an Act of Congress, approved February 20, 1904, and no part of which territory is now included in any election district, having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners of said Red Lake county, Minnesota, and said petition having been publicly read at a meeting of said Board of County Commissioners held on the third day of January, 1905, and it having been duly considered by said Board,

It is by said Board ordered, That an election district be and the same is hereby formed within the County of Red Lake, bounded and described as follows, towit:

All that part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, known as the "Red Lake Indian Reservation," and which was thrown open for sale and settlement by an Act of Congress approved February 20, 1904.

It is further ordered, That all elections in said election district be held at Kratka post office in said county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, and that Corgan Eide, Ole Wiseth and Gunder Steenerson be and are hereby appointed as Judges of Election in said election district.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at a meeting held January 3, A. D. 1905.

[Seal] O. I. JOHNSON,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners.
Attest:
JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minn.

The following report was submitted by the Board of Audit:

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake County, Minnesota:

Gentlemen—

We, the undersigned, Board of Audit of said Red Lake county, convened at the office of the County Treasurer of said county on the 30th day of December, A. D. 1904, for the purpose of auditing and examining the accounts, books and vouchers of O. T. Tandberg, County Treasurer of said county; and to count and ascertain the kind, description and amount of funds in the treasury and belonging thereto.

We respectfully report that we found the said Treasurer indebted to the several funds at the beginning of business on December 30, 1904, in the aggregate sum of $24,909.38, and we find the Treasurer in the possession of funds covering said indebtedness in kind and amounts as follows: towit:

Cash in safe	$ 24.12
Cash items, money orders and checks	18.59
Deposit in First State Bank, Red Lake Falls	4,675.61
Deposit in Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	3,541.43
Deposit in Bank of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake Falls	2,177.16
Deposit in First State Bank, Thief River Falls	2,339.10
Deposit in First National Bank, Thief River Falls	2,312.92
Deposit in Citizens State Bank, Thief River Falls	4,000.00
Deposit in First State Bank, St. Hilaire	1,744.40
Deposit in Merchants State Bank, St. Hilaire	4,073.77
Total funds on hand, December 30, 1904	$24,909.38

Respectfully submitted.

JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor;
JOSEPH PERRAULT,
Clerk District Court;
WM. C. L. DEMANN,
Chm. Bd. Co. Commissioners;
Board of Audit,
Red Lake County.

On motion carried unanimously the foregoing report of the Board of Audit was approved.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Sutor was adopted by unanimous vote:

Whereas, This Board did heretofore, and on the 12th day of March, 1904, make its order establishing School District No. 272 in Polk county, Minnesota, from part of the territory comprising School District No. 36, in Red Lake and Polk counties, which order was concurred in by the Board of County Commissioners of Polk county, Minnesota, and

Whereas, It appears to this Board that at the time of the formation of said School District No. 272, there were funds in the treasuries of Polk and Red Lake counties to the credit of said School District No. 36, and

Whereas, the Board of County Commissioners of Polk county, Minnesota, did on the 21st day of December, 1904, pass a resolution dividing the assets of said School District No. 36 at the time of the formation of the said School District No. 272;

Be it resolved, That said resolution passed by the Board of County Commissioners of said Polk county, Minnesota, be and is hereby concurred in by this Board, and that the funds to the credit of School District No. 36 in Polk and Red Lake counties at the time of the formation of School District No. 272, be divided between the two districts as follows, towit:

To School District No. 272, 30 per cent., or $220.95, of the funds owned by School District No. 36 at the time of the formation of said School District No. 272, of which amount the sum of $75.00 is to be paid out of the funds to the credit of School District No. 36 in Red Lake county, and the sum of $127.95 to be paid out of funds to the credit of School District No. 36 in Polk county, Minnesota, and the County Auditors of the respective counties are hereby authorized and directed to transfer the above-named sums from School District No. 36 to School District No. 272 as soon as the condition of the funds of School District No. 36 will permit.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Sutor, and adopted by unanimous vote:

Whereas, in pursuance of, and in full compliance with, the provisions of chapter 258 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1901 and the acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto, the District Court of the Fourteenth Judicial District, upon appeal being duly taken to said court, from the order of this Board of County Commissioners, did heretofore duly locate, fully establish and order the construction of a certain public ditch situate wholly within said County of Red Lake, Minnesota, known and designated as Red Lake County Ditch No. 21; and

Whereas, it has been definitely ascertained and determined that the aggregate expense of locating, contracting and establishing said public ditch may be at least the sum of $6,500 and that it is necessary to issue and sell the negotiable coupon bonds of said Red Lake County, to provide $6,000 in amount of such expense;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, that the negotiable coupon bonds of said County be, the same are hereby authorized and directed to be issued in the aggregate amount of $6,000, for the purpose of providing a portion of the funds necessary to defer the expense incurred and to be incurred in locating, constructing and establishing the said public ditch No. 21, situated wholly within the limits of said County, mentioned in the preamble hereof.

Said bonds to be six in number, numbered from 1 to 6, inclusive, each of the denomination of $1,000, and bearing date the 2nd day of January 1905, and due January 1st, 1915, with interest at the rate of five and one-half per cent per annum payable semi-annually, on the first day of January and July of each year; which interest payments shall be evidenced by interest coupons to be attached to each bond; both principal and interest payable at the banking house of the National Bank of Commerce of Minneapolis in Minneapolis, Minnesota.

Be it further resolved that each of said bonds, and the interest coupons attached thereto, shall be in substantially the following form respectively, towit:

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.
No....... STATE OF MINNESOTA. $1,000
COUNTY OF RED LAKE.

PUBLIC DITCH BOND.

Know all men by these presents, that the county of Red Lake, in the state of Minnesota, acknowledges itself to owe and for value received hereby promises to pay to bearer the sum of

ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS ($1,000)

in lawful money of the United States of America, together with interest thereon from the date hereof until paid at the rate of five and one-half per cent (5½) per annum, payable semi-annually on January 1st and July 1st in each year, on presentation and surrender of the interest coupons hereto attached as they respectively mature. Both principal and interest payable at the banking house of the National Bank of Commerce of Minneapolis, in Minneapolis, Minnesota.

And for the prompt payment of this bond, both principal and interest at maturity, the full faith, credit and resources of said county are hereby irrevocably pledged.

This bond is issued by said county for the purpose of providing the necessary funds to defray the expense incurred, and to be incurred, in locating, constructing and establishing a public ditch situate wholly within the limits of said county, and issued by authority of, and in strict accordance with, the provisions of an act of the legislature of the State of Minnesota, entitled:

"An Act providing for the drainage of lands in certain cases, prescribing the powers and duties of County Commissioners and other officers in the premises, and appropriating funds for the payment of assessments against state lands affected thereby, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, and repealing certain acts therein mentioned and referred to," approved April 18th, 1901, and all acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto.

And it is hereby certified and recited that all acts, conditions and things required by the laws and constitution of the state of Minnesota to be done precedent to and in the issuance of this bond, have been properly done, have happened and been performed in regular and due form and time as required by law; that the ditch on account of which this bond is issued is a public ditch duly established for the promotion of the health, convenience and general welfare of the public, and that the total indebtedness of said county, including this bond, does not exceed any statutory or constitutional limitation.

In testimony whereof, the said county of Red Lake by its Board of County Commissioners has caused this bond to be signed by the Chairman of said Board and countersigned, sealed and recorded by its County Auditor this 2d day of January A. D. 1905.

....
Chairman Board of County Commissioners.
Countersigned and recorded:
....
County Auditor.

(Form of Coupon.)

No....... $27.50

On.................19....

The county of Red Lake, Minnesota, will pay to bearer the sum of Twenty-seven and 50-100 dollars, lawful money of the United States of America, at the banking house of the National Bank of Commerce at Minneapolis, Minnesota, for semi-annual interest on its Public Ditch Bond dated January 2d, 1905, No.......

....
Chairman Board of County Commissioners.
Countersigned:
....
County Auditor.

Be it further resolved that each of said bonds and each of the interest coupons attached thereto shall be signed by the Chairman of this Board and countersigned by the County Auditor, and each of said bonds shall be sealed by the County Auditor, who shall keep a record of same, and when so executed and recorded said bonds shall be delivered to the purchasers thereof, U. M. Stoddard & Company, upon their paying into the county treasury the amount of their bid therefor, which is not less than par.

Be it further resolved that the full faith, credit and resources of Red Lake county, and of its Board of County Commissioners, be and the same are hereby pledged to provide money for the payment of the principal and interest of said bonds when and as the same become due.

On motion carried unanimously, J. O. Gjerberg was appointed court house janitor for the ensuing year at a salary of $50.00 per month, and the County Auditor was authorized to issue his warrant monthly in favor of said J. O. Gjerberg for that amount.

On motion carried unanimously, the applications of D. Pattersen, Thomas Moreau and R. J. McKircher for auctioneers' licenses were granted and licenses ordered issued.

Bids for doing the official county printing for the ensuing year were opened and read, and on motion carried unanimously the bid of John E. King for publishing the delinquent tax list at three cents per description, and for publishing the financial statement, commissioners proceedings and other official notices in the RED LAKE COURIER at 12½ cents per folio for the first insertion and 6¼ cents per folio for each subsequent insertion was accepted, and his bond fixed at the sum of $3,000.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Sutor was carried unanimously;

Resolved, That the RED LAKE COURIER, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, be and the same is hereby designated by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, as the newspaper in which the notice and list of real estate taxes in said county remaining delinquent on the first Monday in January, 1905, shall be published, and that the said newspaper be and the same is hereby designated as the official newspaper of said county for the year A. D. 1905.

On motion duly carried a recess was taken till 9 o'clock a. m. January 4.

January 4, 1905, the Board reconvened at 9 o'clock a. m.

All members present.

On motion duly carried the County Auditor and County Treasurer were authorized to transfer $150.00 from the County Revenue fund to the Incidental Expense fund.

On motion duly carried the application of Thos. Kratka for correction of assessment and abatement of taxes on Lot 6, Block 20, Red Lake Rapids, for the year 19[illegible], was recommended for approval.

On motion carried unanimously the bond of K. M. Hansen as County Treasurer in the sum of $75,000, with the United States Fidelity and Guaranty Co. as surety, was approved.

Engineers' estimates on ditch contracts were allowed as follows:

E. A. Moran, final estimate Lambert Ditch No. 1.......................$[illegible] 27 04
Theo. Halvorson, partial estimate Ditch No. 21..................... 2,000 00

The Board proceeded to examine the books, accounts and vouchers of the County Treasurer, and filed a certified report of the condition of said office with the County Auditor.

On motion carried unanimously the salaries of county officers were fixed as follows:

County Auditor, $1,200;
County Treasurer, $1,200;
Judge of Probate, $8[illegible];
County Superintendent of Schools, $1,050;
County Attorney, $1,200.

The Board proceeded to select lists of seventy-two names for grand jurors and seventy-two names for petit jurors to serve for the ensuing year, which lists were duly certified and filed with the Clerk of the District Court.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Demann, who moved its adoption:

Whereas, the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, did, on the 21st day of May, 1904, adopt a certain resolution providing for the construction of a steel bridge across the Red Lake River in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, said resolution providing, among other things, the amount of the second payment for said bridge, which said provision is contained in paragraph two of said resolution;

Be it resolved, That said paragraph two of said resolution be in all things adopted as fully as if said resolution was made at this time, and said paragraph two is made as much a part of this resolution as if the same were herein fully written.

Which resolution was seconded by Commissioner Sutor and adopted by unanimous vote.

The petition of Henry J. Enderle and others praying for the incorporation of certain lands in the Town of Emardville in Red Lake county as the Village of Plummer, was presented to the Board, and the same being publicly read, and after due consideration by the Board, Commissioner Falardeau offered the following resolution and moved its adoption. Motion seconded by Commissioner Demann and resolution adopted by unanimous vote:

RESOLUTION.

Whereas, There has been presented and filed with this Board the petition of Henry J. Enderle and others, setting forth that the residents upon certain lands in the county of Red Lake desire to incorporate said lands as a village, and setting forth the boundaries of such territory, with their courses and distances, the quantity of land therein embraced, the number of persons actually residing in such territory (which was ascertained by a census taken in the month of December, 1904, as appears from said petition), and that the name of said proposed village is to be Plummer, and praying that this Board appoint a time and place when and where the electors actually residing upon said lands may vote for or against such incorporation;

Which said petition is signed by more than twenty-five of the electors then resident upon the lands so to be incorporated, and is duly verified under oath by three of said petitioners;

Now therefore, be it resolved, that an election be and the same is hereby called and ordered to be held within the territory of said proposed village of Plummer on Tuesday, the 7th day of February, A. D. 1905, in the front room of the building known as the barber shop of Adolph Nelson, on lot 5 of block 9 of the original townsite of said Plummer, same being situate on Central Avenue on section 9 in town of Emardville in said county for the purpose of voting for or against the incorporation of said proposed village; said election to be held between the hours of 9 a. m. and 5 p. m. of said day, and the following persons, who are residents and electors of said proposed village, are hereby appointed as inspectors of said election, to-wit: Chas. W. Latta, E. B. Lanager, Adolph Nelson, and

Be it further resolved, that notices of said election, together with copies of said petition, shall be posted in said proposed village as provided by law, at least thirty days prior to the time of holding same, three copies of said petition with notices attached thereto, to be posted in five of the most public places within the limits of said proposed village, and that said petition, its verification and notice of said election be published in the Plummer Pioneer, a newspaper published in said village, for three successive weeks prior to the date of such election.

A recess was taken to 9 o'clock a. m. January 5.

Jan. 5, 1905, Board reconvened at 9 o'clock a. m. with all members present.

In the matter of the petition of Marie Boucher to be set off with her lands from school district No. 76 to school district No. 9 in Red Lake county, the petition having been publicly read and no one appearing to be heard for or against the granting of the same, on motion carried unanimously the following order was made:

Whereas, the petition of Marie Boucher, a legal voter, freeholder and resident of school district No. 76 in this county, representing that she is the owner of the lands hereinafter described, which are situate in said school district and adjoin school district No. 9, and asking that she with her said lands may be set off from said school district No. 76 to said adjoining school district No. 9 for the following reasons:

That the distance from her place of residence on said lands to the school house in school district No. 76 is about two and one-fourth miles, while the distance from her said residence to the school house in school district No. 9 is but a little more than one-half mile, was presented to the Board of County Commissioners of this county at a session of said Board held on the 30th day of September, A. D. 1904, for the action of the said Board thereon; and

Whereas, It was thereupon ordered by said Board that a hearing should be had on said petition at a session of the said Board held on the 5th day of January, A. D. 1905, at the County Auditor's office in Red Lake Falls in said county; and

Whereas, It was further ordered in and by said order that notice of the time and place of such hearing be given by posting a copy of said order in one public place in each of the school districts to be affected by said petition, and by handing to and leaving with the Clerk of each of said school districts, personally, a copy of said order, at least ten days before the time appointed for such hearing; and

Whereas, At the session of the said Board of County Commissioners on said 5th day of January, A. D. 1905, due proof of the posting and service of said order of hearing as therein directed and required, more than ten days prior to said last named date, having been made and filed, said petition was publicly read and considered by the Board with everything which was said by interested parties for or against granting the prayer of the petitioner, and said Board being of the opinion that said petition should be granted, it is hereby ordered and determined, that the said petitioner and the following described lands owned by her, to-wit:

The South-east quarter of Section Fourteen (14) in Township One Hundred Fifty (150), Range Forty-one (41) be and the same are hereby set off from said school district No. 76 to said adjoining school district No. 9 and said lands are hereby made a part of said last named school district for all purposes whatsoever.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners.

Dated the 5th day of January, A. D. 1905.

O. I. JOHNSON,
(Seal) Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners, of Red Lake county, Minn.
Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and Exofficio Clerk of Board.

In the matter of the petition of Adelor Boucher to be set off with his lands from School District No. 76 to School District No. 9 in Red Lake County, no one appearing to be heard for or against the granting of the same, on motion carried unanimously, the following order was made:

Whereas, The petition of Adelor Boucher, a legal voter, free-holder, and resident of School District No. 76 in this county, representing that he is the owner of the lands hereinafter described which are situate in said School District, and adjoin School District No. 9, and asking that he with his lands be set off from said School District No. 76 to said adjoining School District No. 9, for the following reasons:

That the distance from his residence on said land to the school house in School District No. 76 is two and one half miles, and that the distance from his residence to the school house in School District No. 9 is one mile, was presented to the Board of County Commissioners of this county at a session of said Board held on the 30th day of September, A. D. 1904, for the action of said Board thereon; and, whereas, it was thereupon ordered by said Board that a hearing should be had on said petition at a session of said Board on the 5th day of January, A. D. 1905, at the County Auditor's office in Red Lake Falls, in said county, and, whereas, it was further ordered in and by said order that notice of the time and place of such hearing be given by posting a copy of said order in one public place in each of the School Districts to be affected by said petition, and by handing to and leaving with the clerk of each of School Districts, personally, a copy of said order at least ten days before the time appointed for such hearing; and; whereas, at the last session of the said Board of County Commissioners, held on said 5th day of January, A. D. 1905, due proof of the posting and service of said order of hearing as therein directed and required, more than ten days prior to said last named date, having been made and filed, said petition was publicly read and considered by said Board, with everything which was said by said interested parties for or against granting the prayer of the petitioner, and said Board being of the opinion that said petition should be granted, it is hereby ordered and determined that the said petitioner and the following described lands owned by him, towit:

The west half of the southwest quarter of Section Thirteen (13), in Township One Hundred Fifty (150), Range Forty-one (41) be and the same are hereby set off from said School District

In the matter of the petition of George Charest to be set off with his lands from school district No. 76 to school district No. 9 in Red Lake county, no one appearing to be heard in the matter on motion carried unanimously the following order was made:

Whereas, the petition of George Chareat, a legal voter, freeholder and resident of school district No. 76 in this county, representing that he is the owner of the lands hereinafter described, which are situate in said school district, and adjoin school district No. 9, and asking that he, with his said lands, may be set off from said

Supplement to St. Hilaire Spectator, Saturday, January 28, 1905.

school district No. 76 to said adjoining school district No. 9 for the following reasons:

That the distance from his residence on said lands to the school house in school district No. 76 is three miles and the distance from his said residence to the school house in school district No. 9 is but one and one-half miles, was presented to the Board of County Commissioners of this county at a session of said Board held on the 30th day of September, A. D. 1904, for the action of said Board thereon; and whereas, it was thereupon ordered by said Board that a hearing should be had on said petition at a session of said Board on the 5th day of January, A. D. 1905, at the County Auditor's office in Red Lake Falls in said county, and whereas, it was further ordered in and by said order that notice of the time and place of such hearing be given by posting a copy of said order in one public place in each of the school districts to be affected by said petition, and by handing to and leaving with the Clerk of each of said school districts, personally, a copy of said order at least ten days before the time appointed for such hearing; and, whereas, at the said session of the said Board of County Commissioners held on said 5th day of January, A. D. 1905, due proof of the posting and service of said order of hearing as therein directed and required, more than ten days prior to said last named date, having been made and filed, said petition was publicly read and considered by the Board, with everything which was said by said interested parties for or against granting the prayer of the petitioner, and said Board being of opinion that said petition should be granted, it is hereby ordered and determined that the said petitioner and the following described lands owned by him, to-wit:

The East one-half of the South-west quarter of Section Thirteen (13), in Township One Hundred Fifty (150), Range Forty-one (41), be and the same are hereby set off from said school district No. 76 to said adjoining school district No. 9 and said lands are hereby made a part of said last named school district for all purposes whatever.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners.

Dated the 5th day of January, A. D. 1905.

O. J. JOHNSON,
(Seal) Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners.

Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and ex-officio Clerk of Board.

Chairman Johnson announced the appointment of the following committees for the ensuing year:

Finance—Commissioners Shaw, Demann and Sutor.

Road and Bridge—Commissioners Sutor, Demann and Shaw.

Ditch—Commissioners Demann, Sutor and Shaw.

Court House and Jail—Commissioners Demann, Sutor and Falardeau.

Bonds—Commissioners Falardeau, Shaw and Sutor.

Printing—Commissioners Sutor, Falardeau and Shaw.

Engineer's estimates on ditch contracts were allowed as follows:

Gjernes & Hakenson, partial estimate, Garnes & Emardville ditch No. 1	$1500 00
A. F. Anderson, final estimate, Gervais ditch No. 1	535 00
Wm. Eickhoff, partial estimate, Rocksbury & North ditch No. 1	300 00
Wm. Eickhoff, final estimate, Wyandotte & River Falls ditch No. 2	100 27

On motion, carried unanimously, the bond of James E. Ford as County Auditor in the sum of $5,000 was approved.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Falardeau was adopted by unanimous vote:

Resolved, That Adam Zeh of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, be and hereby is appointed by this this Board as Appraiser of State Lands in the county of Red Lake in compliance with the provisions of Sec. 6, Chap. 163 of the laws of 1895.

Commissioner Shaw offered the following resolution and moved its adoption:

Whereas, A petition signed by a majority of the legal voters who are residents of Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty-two (42) of Red Lake county, Minnesota, a township containing more than twenty-five legal voters, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of this county, which petition asks for the organization of said Township as a Town, and

Whereas, It appears to the satisfaction of this Board that all of the requirements of Sec. 913-916, General Statutes of 1894, and acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto, have been fulfilled by said petitioners therefore

Be it resolved, That Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Forty-two (42) West, containing thirty-six sections, according to the Government survey thereof, be and the same is hereby organized as a Town, under the name of BIG BEND, and is hereby fully vested with all the powers, rights and duties by law conferred upon organized towns in the State of Minnesota.

Be it further resolved, That this Board give notice that the first town meeting in the Town of Big Bend be held at the residence of D. J. McNiven on Government Lot 9 of Section Six (6) in said Township 153, Range 42, on Tuesday, the 24th day of January, A. D. 1905, for the purpose of electing one chairman of the board of supervisors, two supervisors, one town clerk, one assessor, one treasurer, two justices of the peace, and two constables, to serve until the next annual town meeting, and that W. E. Wood, D. J. McNiven and W. J. Potts be and the same are hereby appointed as judges of election in and for said Town.

The foregoing resolution was adopted by unanimous vote.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Shaw, who moved its adoption:

Whereas, All the territory hereinafter described and being within the limits of Red Lake county, Minnesota, having no Township organization:

Be it resolved, That all that portion of the recently ceded Red Lake Indian Reservation lying south of the Red Lake River, be and the same is hereby designated as Assessment District No. 3, in Red Lake county, Minnesota, and that W. E. Wood be and is hereby appointed Assessor for said District for the year 1905, and that J. K. Wood be and is hereby appointed Road Overseer of said District for the year 1905.

That all that portion of the said recently ceded Red Lake Indian Reservation lying north of said Red Lake River and west of the Range line between Ranges 41 and 42, be and the same is hereby designated as Assessment District No. 4, and that D. J. McNiven be and is hereby appointed Assessor for said District for the year 1905, and that Martin Movlan be and is hereby appointed Road Overseer of said District for the year 1905.

That all that portion of the said recently ceded Red Lake Indian Reservation lying north of the said Red Lake River and east of the Range line between Ranges 41 and 42, be and the same is hereby designated as Assessment District No. 5, and that Peter Wold be and is hereby appointed Assessor for said District for the year 1905, and that Morgan Vaughan be and is hereby appointed as Road Overseer for said District for the year 1605.

Motion carried unanimously that the foregoing resolution be declared adopted.

A recess was taken to January 6 at 9 a. m.

Jan. 6, 1905, Board reconvened at 9 a. m. with all members present.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Demann was adopted by unanimous vote:

Resolved, That the chairman of this board of county commissioners, the County Auditor and the County Attorney be and are hereby designated to be and act as a purchasing and auditing committee for the purpose of purchasing all stationery, blanks, blank books and supplies of whatsoever kind, necessary for the county offices and jail during the year 1905, and that no bills for any such supplies shall be allowed by this Board unless the same are ordered or purchased by said committee.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Shaw and adopted by unanimous vote:

Whereas, the recently ceded Red Lake Indian Reservation lying and being within Red Lake county, Minnesota, the same being unorganized, is not attached to any Commissioner District in said county.

Now, therefore be it resolved, That all that portion of the said Red Lake Indian Reservation lying and being within the county of Red Lake aforesaid, and lying north of the Red Lake river, be and the same is hereby attached to Commissioner District No. 4 in said county, and that all that part of said territory lying and being within said Red Lake county and lying south of Red Lake river, be and the same is hereby attached to Commissioner District No. 3 in said county.

The financial statement of the county for the year 1904, as prepared by County Auditor Ford, was examined, and on motion same was approved and ordered published.

It was moved and carried that the premium, amounting to $387.50, on the surety bond of the County Treasurer be paid by Red Lake county.

The following proposition was submitted by Ernest Buse for consideration by the Board:

"Ernest Buse offers to sell and convey, or cause to be conveyed, unto the county of Red Lake, lots 9, 10, 11 and 12 of block 3 in Champagne and Dow's addition to Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, with all buildings thereon, by good and sufficient warranty deed, subject to two mortgages upon said property, one of $1,000 and one of $600, interest on both paid to date, for the sum of $2,370 00 to be paid to him, he also assigning all insurance and paying all taxes."

ERNEST BUSE.

After due consideration of the foregoing proposal by the Board, Commissioner Demann offered the following resolution and moved its adoption:

Whereas, A demand has been made by Mr. Ernest Buse, owner of lots 9, 10, 11 and 12, of block 3 of Champagne & Dow's Addition to Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, for increased rent for the use and occupation of the above described premises as a court house for Red Lake county, Minnesota, and

Whereas, Said Ernest Buse has made an offer of sale to this Board of the above described premises to the said county for the sum of $2,370.00, subject to one mortgage of $1,000 and one other mortgage of $600.00, and to furnish a good and sufficient warranty deed for same, and

Whereas, After due consideration, this Board is of the opinion that said increased charge of rent is unreasonable and exorbitant,

Therefore be it resolved, That said offer of said Ernest Buse, be and the same is hereby accepted, and that the sum of $2,370.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated out of the funds available for such purposes, and that a warrant be drawn by the County Auditor and Chairman of this Board for the said amount to be paid to said Ernest Buse on presentation by him of a good and sufficient warranty deed of said premises and an abstract of title of said premises, showing good and sufficient title thereto, but subject to the said mortgages; and the County Auditor and Chairman of this Board are hereby authorized to sign and execute forthwith with the said Ernest Buse a contract for deed on said premises, said deed to be delivered on January 25th, 1905, and that said offer is accepted and said appropriation is made and directed to be paid to the said Ernest Buse, only on condition that he deliver to the said Board of County Commissioners a warranty deed as aforesaid, and an abstract of title showing good, valid and marketable title, and that the County Attorney, County Auditor and the Chairman of this Board of County Commissioners be and are hereby appointed as a committee to pass upon the title to said premises.

The motion to adopt the foregoing resolution was seconded by Commissioner Falardeau and declared adopted upon the following vote:

Aye, Commissioners Sutor, Demann and Falardeau.

No, Commissioners Shaw and Johnson.

Resolution declared adopted.

Motion made by Commissioner Sutor and seconded by Commissioner Demann, that the bill of Ernest Buse in the sum of $2,370.00, being the purchase price to be paid said Ernest Buse for lots 9, 10, 11 and 12 in block 3 of Champagne & Dow's Addition to Red Lake Falls and the buildings thereon, the same to be used for court house purposes for the county of Red Lake, Minnesota, be allowed in full and a warrant be drawn by the Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners and the County Auditor for the amount, provided that said Ernest Buse fulfills his part of the contract made with him for the purchase of said premises.

Commissioners Falardeau, Sutor and Demann voted aye.

Commissioners Shaw and Johnson voted no.

Chairman declared the motion carried.

On motion duly carried, bills were allowed as follows:

Red Lake Falls Gazette, official notices	$ 52 30
Red Lake Falls Gazette, ditch notice	5 40
Red Lake Falls Gazette primary and general election ballots	135 00
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Commissioners proceedings	81 00
Red Lake Falls Gazette, proceedings Co. Board of Equalization	28 80
Red Lake Falls Electric Light Co., lights and fixtures Sept., Oct., Nov. and Dec., 1904	53 45
Olaf Larson, procuring primary election ballots, Numedal	2 60
O. T. Romsos, procuring general election tickets, Polk Center	2 60
A. J. Hemstad, procuring general election tickets, Emardville	3 20
J. L. Cossette, procuring general election tickets, Terrebonne	3 20
H. E. Gusa, procuring general election tickets, North	1 30
K. O. Gigstad, procuring general election tickets, St. Hilaire	3 40
P. Engelstad, procuring general election tickets, Rocksbury	2 00
Geo. Walker, procuring general election tickets, Gervais	1 80
Olaf Larson, procuring general election tickets, Numedal	2 60
Moaes Ducharme, procuring primary and general election ballots, Lake Pleasant	4 00
P. A. Ekstrom, procuring general election ballots, Black River	4 00
A. S. Anderson, procuring general election ballots, River Falls	3 80
A. D. Berry, procuring general election ballots, Louisville	2 66
Ildaige Baril, procuring primary and general election ballots, Red Lake Falls	3 00
Arthur Laniel, procuring general election ballots, Poplar River	1 20
Louis Doucet, procuring general election ballots, Lambert	1 00
Ernest J. Akerlund, procuring general election ballots, Bray	1 10
G. J. Nordhagen, procuring general election ballots, Norden	2 40
Nels K. Anderson, procuring general election ballots, Sanders	3 00
A. P. Toupin, procuring general election ballots city of Red Lake Falls	2 40
Wm. Olson, carrying primary election returns, Numedal	1 93
Mathias Waldorf, carrying primary election returns, Lake Pleasant	2 00
David Hougen, carrying primary election returns Wyandotte	1 75
Phillip Gibeau, carrying gen elec returns, Lambert	1 20
Chas. Seeger, carrying general election returns, Gervais	1 80
A. L. Reichert, carrying general election returns, city of Red Lake Falls, 3d ward	1 20
Chas. E. Bouehton, carrying general election returns, city Red Lake Falls, 2d w	1 20
Louis Parenteau, carrying general election returns, Terrebonne	3 20
T. J. Thorkelson, carrying general election returns, Vill of St. Hilaire	3 40
H. E. Gusa, carrying general election returns, North	1 30
C. P. Swanson, carrying general election returns, Bray	3 16
Chas. Gustafson, carrying general election returns, Rocksbury	1 70
Napoleon Delorine, carrying general election returns, Lake Pleasant	2 00
L. C. Erickson, carrying general election returns, Equality	4 00
Hans J. Pederson, carrying general election returns, Emardville	3 40
Chas. Zutz, carrying general election returns, Polk Center	2 80
Iver A. Kolstad, carrying general election returns, Wyandotte	2 90
A. D. Berry, carrying general election returns, Louisville	2 60
Thos. Dougherty, carrying general election returns, Black River	2 40
Halvor Johnson, carrying general election returns, Numedal	2 19
Rasmus Mortenson, carrying general election returns, Norden	1 60
Wm. Hebert, carrying general election returns, Poplar River	1 20
Herman Ortloff, carrying general election returns, Sanders	4 00
N. A. Nelson, carrying general election returns, River Falls	3 80
E. K. Gjernes, carrying general election returns Garnes	1 76
Joseph Tschithart, carrying general election returns, First Ward R. L. Falls	1 20
Jacob Ove, carrying general election returns, First Ward Thief River Falls	1 20
H. L. Dudley, carrying general election returns, 2d Ward Thief River Falls	1 20
John Fuller, carrying general election returns, 3d Ward Thief River Falls	1 20
A. P. Toupin, member Co. Canv Bd. 3 dys	9 20
Jas. E. Ford, do	9 20
S. L. Lewis, do	9 20
Wm. C. L. Demann, do	10 40
A. P. Toupin, mem. Leg. Canv Bd 1 day	3 20
Wm. C. L. Demann, do	4 40
S. L. Lewis, do	3 20
James E. Ford, do	3 20
D. Linnihan, long distance telephone call	4 80
James E. Ford, do	2 65
James E. Ford, postage and express company, Co. Auditor's office	15 91
K. M. Hansen, postage Co. Treas. office	12 00
F. A. [illegible], long distance telephone call	2 55
Red Lake Tel. Exch., use of phone Oct., Nov. and Dec., 1904	15 00
Frank Schirrich service as fire warden, Polk Center	1 50
C. P. Swanson, do Bray	20 10
Chas. Englund, do Bray	1 50
Emil Larson, do Bray	1 50
C. A. Nelson, do Bray	3 00
W. F. Shumacher, do Bray	1 50
Axel Kron, do Bray	1 50
A. E. Anderson, do Bray	1 30
Arthur Lindblom, do Bray	1 50
Halvor Hanson, do Bray	1 50
Ernest J. Akerlund, do Bray	1 50
Peter Lindblom, do Bray	1 50
Henry Lindblom, do Bray	4 00
C. P. Swanson, do Bray	5 00
Swan Scholin, do Bray	1 50
Ed Crown, do Bray	3 00
Jno. O. Swanson, do Wyandotte	5 00
Red Lake Falls Gazette, stationery for Co. officers	45 25
Geo. D. Barnard & Co., blanks and books for Clerk of Court	21 00
Geo. D. Barnard & Co., blanks and books for County Auditor	26 50
Free Press Ptg. Co., blanks and books for Treas. and Probate Judge	52 22
McGill-Warner Co., blanks and supplies for Supt. Schools	34 75
Miller-Davis Ptg. Co., blanks and supplies for Co. officers	44 24
Crookston Times, 6,000 Treas. tax receipt	54 00
C. F. Greenwood, office supplies	3 60
A. L. Reichert, office supplies	30 90
Pioneer Press Co., Treas. warrant register	12 00
John E. King, stationery and general election ballots	122 95
Anderson & Healy, supplies for Co. jail	14 72
Robert Ford, 24¾ cords of wood	61 87
Theo. LaBissoniere, kerosene	4 30
" " clothing for prisoners	2 18
Garceau & Zaiser, supplies for Co. jail	18 28
O'Brien Bros., hdw for court house and jail	63 50
Wm. C. L. Demann, services on Board of Audit 1 day	3 00
James E. Ford, do	3 00
Joseph Perrault, do	3 00
" " misc fees of Clk Dis Crt	70 05
" " copy of findings in appeal case of ditch No. 21	75
S. L. Lewis, Justice fees, State vs L. C. Connor	75
Wilfred Chatel, 15 cords wood	52 50
J. A. McPeak, janitor work during Teachers' Training School	22 50
James Brady, repairing Co. Jail	2 20
Joseph Hebert, hall rent for Coroner's inquest	3 00
John C. Matthews, sawing wood for jail	1 50
W. A. Riechel, photos of prisoner	1 25
John Grady, premium on Fidelity Bond of Co. Treas	387 50
Ernest Buse, lots 9, 10, 11 and 12, block 3, Champagne & Dow's Add. to Red Lake Falls	2370 00
Wm. C. L. Demann, services on County Purchasing Com	4 40
Louis Falardeau, services on poor com	6 40
Wm C. L. Demann, services on Bridge Committee	20 60
James Sutor, committee work and attending reg. Jan meeting of Bd. 4 days 20 m	27 00
O. J. Johnson, carrying ballots for Wyandotte, general election	2 00
Daniel Shaw, attending reg. Jan. meeting of Co. Board, 4 days, 40 miles	16 00
O. J. Johnson, do 4 days, 40 miles	16 00
Louis Falardeau, do 4 days 48 miles	16 80
Wm C. L. Demann, do 4 days 14 miles	13 40
H. Grundy, Coroner's fees inquest, John Danielson	19 00
H. Grundy, do Chris Martinson	6 30
H. Grundy, do Peter Swanson	5 00
O. H. Peters, Justice fees, State vs Louis Pigeon	4 95
A. P. Toupin, Justice fees, State vs Rock Lefaive	13 75
Sebey Champagne, witness fees, State vs. Rock Lefaive	3 40
Leon Champagne, do	3 40
Florjan Tougas, do	3 16
Thomas Boisvert, do	3 40
M. Champagne, do	3 40
Henry Champagne, do	3 40
Sam Bushea, do	3 16
Joseph Champagne, do	3 40
D. Linnehan, board of prisoners	134 52
" summoning petit jurors	76 70
" summoning grand jurors	49 60
" meals for petit jurors	17 50
" Sheriff's fees, state cases	137 25
" do	4 50
George Jarman, Deputy Sheriff's fees, State cases	279 19
A. D. Letvig, Deputy Sheriff fees	7 70
Joseph Smith, Sheriff's fees, State vs. Jeager	3 50
L. A. Thomas, Sheriff's fees, State vs. Jas McIntyre	5 80
J. R. Shaver, Sheriff's fees, State vs. Aug. Riechel	4 50
Wm. R. Addison, Sheriff's fees, State vs. Louis Grimm	2 05
Chris Hall, constable fees, State vs. Louis Pigeon	14 55
S. M. Sivertson, witness fees State vs Nelson	4 12
Jacob Pahlen, do	2 24
H. C. Hanson, do	1 12
G. G. Kindseth, do	2 24
E. W. Brouillet, do	1 12
Dr. I. Lemieux, do	1 12
Wm. C. L. Demann, witness fees appeal case School District No. 23	1 00
Wm. Albrecht, do	1 00
I. J. Haeberle, do	1 96
H. O. Wiken, witness fees appeal case Ditch No. 21	5 40
Ingebret Wiken, witness fees appeal case, Ditch No. 21	5 40
Emil Larson, witness fees appeal case Ditch No. 21	4 92
John F. Magnuson, witness fees appeal case Ditch No. 21	4 92
Jacob Amundson, material for bridge across ditch No. 21	30 00
Otto Zaiser, witness fees appeal case ditch No. 21	3 12
Geo. A. Ralph, services as engineer county ditches	184 74
George Tupper, Med. attendance on Wm. Gilles, non resident pauper	3 00
A. Sinvik, board of pauper	18 00
Bethany Hospital, board and care non resident paupers	43 15
Dr. Geo. Tupper, medical attendance on non resident paupers	35 00

On motion the following bills were referred back for correction:

Geo. Jarman, Sheriff's fees	11 70
Pioneer Press Co., blanks	10 00
W. A. Schreiter, medicine	5 30
A. F. Anderson, extra work Gervais ditch No. 1	129 34

The following bill was on motion rejected:

W. O. Braggans, stenographic paper	1 94

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned sine die.

O. J. JOHNSON,
(Seal) Chairman Board of County Commissioners.

Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor.

Another Good Man Gone Wrong.

He neglected to take Foley's Kidney Cure at the first signs of Kidney trouble, hoping it would wear away, he was soon a victim of Bright's disease. There is danger in delay, but if Foley's Kidney Cure is taken at once the symptoms will disappear, the kidneys are strengthened and you are soon sound and well. A. R. Bass of Morgantown, Ind., had to get up ten or twelve times in the night, and had a severe backache and pains in the kidneys and was cured by Foley's Kidney Cure Sold by A. L. Reichert.

If you want a short course (usually 3 mos.) in bookkeeping the Crookston College will give you the same, including books, for $25. tf

CALL ON
OTTERNESS & EDSTROM
FOR
HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

Great Northern Time Table.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at St. Hilaire.

ARRIVE		DEPART
9:18 am 10:40 am 3:50 pm 5:10 pm	ST. HILAIRE	9:18 am 10:40 am 3:50 pm 5:10 pm
9:45 am 4:15 pm	THIEF RIV. FALLS	10:15 am 4:45 pm
11:15 pm	RED LAKE FALLS	3:15 pm

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

T. J. Thorkelson	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
D. Patterson N. G. Otterness A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Fairdeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
A. F. Blomburgh, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE
Veterinary
Surgeon.
Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham
St. Hilaire, - Minn.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON - MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
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For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY
AGENCY
Crookston Steam Laundry.

..HALL'S..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
.....TOYS
Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Go to L. M. Roland for fresh oysters, 45 cents a quart. 2

Apples at reduced prices at Duntley's Confectionery.

Wm. Eickhoff was a county seat visitor on Thursday.

Mrs. R. H. Duntley visited friends at Crookston last Sunday.

Children's felt shoes at very low prices at M. L. Hanson's.

Sheriff Dan Linnihan was a business visitor here last Wednesday.

The whist club was entertained last evening by Mrs. Jens Nelson.

John J. Soll returned Wednesday from his Marshall county trip.

O. F. Post made a short business trip to Crookston Tuesday evening.

A. R. Jones was a business visitor at Thief River Falls last Tuesday.

Supt. of Schools McAnulty was visiting the schools here on Thursday.

We are closing out a line of ladies' $1.50 slippers for $1.15. M. L. Hanson.

Mrs. David Collins and children were visiting in Thief River Falls the first of the week.

County Commissioner Dan Shaw, of Thief River Falls, was a visitor here last Thursday.

Dr. J. E. Argue, the Red Lake Falls dentist, will be at St. Hilaire on February 3 and 4. Wait for him.

There will be services in the Sweeish Lutheran church next Sunday at 3 p.m.
Alex Sand, Pastor.

Dr. C. E. Higbie and bride returned home last Monday. They have been visiting relatives at Ulen and Detroit, Minn.

Misses Selina and Clara Hoff left last Wednesday for St. Paul where they will spend a couple of weeks visiting relatives.

Carl Johnson returned from the southern part of the state last Saturday where he has been visiting his father for two or three weeks.

Prof. O'Brien has received word that Mrs. O'Brien, who has been visiting her mother at St. Paul, is sick with a bad attack of pneumonia.

If you want to make a quick sale of your land give Nels G. Otterness, the land man, absolute control of it and he will advertise it until sold.

The teachers' examination which will be held here on February 2, 3, 4, will be held at the school house and conducted by Prof. O'Brien.

C. L. Dobner and John Eastman, of Thief River Falls, were here last Thursday feeling the public pulse in regard to the county seat matter.

Robert Fritz was down from Thief River Falls on Monday bidding his friends good-bye. He and his family left on Wednesday for Rainy River.

Guarantee stock food for sale at M. L. Hanson's. Try some.

The Spectator editor wishes to acknowledge a pleasant call this week from Sam H. Clarke, of the Marshall County Leader, and Chas. Miller, of Stephen.

Mrs. Jens Nelson, Misses Selina and Clara Hoff, Katherine Patterson and Eva Johnson were at Thief River Falls last Sunday visiting Miss Mabel Evenson.

We have been having some of the old-fashioned kind of cold weather the past week which proves that it don't pay to brag too much about a winter until it is over.

Farmers and dairymen who wish to take in the Crookston convention next week are entitled to a fare and one-third on the Great Northern. Ask the agent here about it.

The ladies' sewing society of the Swedish Mission Friends will meet at Mrs. Peter Anderson's at two o'clock on Wednesday, Feb. 1. All the ladies are cordially invited.

Nels K. Anderson has prepared and is circulating a petition for a rural delivery route to start from here and cover the western part of Rocksbury and Sanders townships.

Misses' $1.40 felt shoes for $1.00 at M. L. Hanson's.

Peter Dainard received his household furniture last Monday, it having been on the road from Rainy River since last November. The custom house was responsible for most of the delay.

Dr. V. Pleth, of Crookston, was here yesterday on professional business. He has been secured to deliver an address before the dairymen's convention Feb. 3rd on "Tuberculosis in cattle and its relation to man.

Red Lake Falls was represented here last Wednesday night at the Firemen's ball by J. B. Armstroug and wife, Dr. J. E. Argue and wife, Misess Lillian Buse and Melvina Allard and Messrs. Harry Healy, Ernest Buse, Arthur Mercier, Ernest Gerlasch, Roy Wilford and Sylvan Hall.

Rev. and Mrs. John Olson, who are well known here but now reside at Fertile, were very agreeably surprised lately when the members of Rev. Olson's congregation called in a body, presenting them with $30 in cash and considerable quantities of groceries, wood and other useful commodities.

Postmaster Post has received instructions to advertise for bids for a star route from here to Hazel, and those who wish to work for the government can get a job even if the pay is not what it should be. This would indicate that it will be some time before the Soo gets a contract for carrying the mail.

H. D. Pettibone came up from Minneapolis last Monday and has been spending the week here superintending the construction work at the saw mill. He seems well pleased with the work and predicts a long and prosperous season. It is certain that we will have a very neat saw mill here when the improvements are completed.

Mrs. James Sullivan, a daughter of Martin McAndress, was taken to Grand Forks last Monday by Michael McAndress and Mr. and Mrs. Martin McAndress to consult a physician. Michael McAndress returned on Thursday with unwelcome news that the doctors have decided that Mrs. Sullivan is suffering from a very bad cancer, so bad in fact that they refused to make an operation.

A petition is being circulated among the business men to raise money to hire a leader for the boys' band. J. G. Winkjer has had charge of the boys for the past six months and they will be without an instructor when he leaves. We understand that they will secure Prof. Onstad, of Red Lake Falls, one day a week. Prof. Onstad is a capable instructor and he would be a great help to them.

Swap Social.

Everybody come to the St. Hilaire Hotel on Thursday evening, February 2, at eight o'clock prepared for a good time at a "Swap Social" given under the auspices of the M. E. church. Refreshments served and a good time promised.

Farmers Organize.

Through the effort of W. H. Blunt, the farmers of Red Lake and eastern Marshall county held a meeting in the city hall yesterday and organized a Farmers Club to be known as the Red Lake County and Eastern Marshall County Farmers Club. The officers elected were: President, Ole Tweet; vice-president, T. Jacobson; secretary, Joel Winkjer; treasurer, John Finke. A resolution committee consisting of James A. Wilson, John Finke and T. Jacobson drafted a set of resolutions which were sent to the legislature.

Another meeting was set for March 27th.—Thief River Review.

The Firemen's Ball.

The Masquerade ball given by the St. Hilaire firemen last Wednesday evening was a decided success, both in a social as well as in a financial way. The crowd present was as large as the hall could comfortably hold. Care and worry were thrown to the winds and all went in for a good time and—had it. There were a large number masked and the committee on awards, Messrs. O. F. Post, B. E. Burkee and Steve Nelson, had hard work deciding who were entitled to the prizes. They awarded the prize for the handsomest gentleman costume to Nels G. Otterness, who represented an "English Lord" and the prize for the most comical costume to Adolph Brouillard, who posed as a "Dutchman." Miss Gina Kordahl, who represented "Day," carried off the prize for the most beautiful ladies' costume. There were so many excellent costumes that the committee felt like awarding a dozen prizes instead of only three. The Red Lake Falls orchestra furnished the music and the dancers showed their appreciation by dancing until after 4 a. m. After paying all expenses the firemen cleared $16.40.

Norway herring 8c a pound at M. L. Hanson's.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

OATS
The tone to the Oats market continues to improve. Trade is now enlarging rapidly, with the demands particularly good around 31c for Chicago May. Elevator and Cash interests are more bullish and a better feeling generally seems to prevail since stocks have started to decrease heavily each week, and are just at present 5,000,000 bushels less than a month or so ago, with every indication that they will be reduced to a point that will look very bullish when the quality of the last crop and the low prices are taken into account. Rumors of a revival of export demand, an estimate that farmers' holdings are not in excess of last year and the fact that the general consumption is the largest ever known are other strong helps to the market. Along with this there comes up for the trade to take into consideration the fact that during the spring months is the regular time for establishing high prices for this cereal. Just about this time in 1904 a bull market set in and May Oats advanced to over 46c, or a premium of 15c over the present market price. Advantages seem to be all in favor of the buyer, and for those looking for a safe investment that should eventually yield them splendid returns we think Oats in particular should not be overlooked.
EDWARDS-WOOD CO.
(Incorporated)
DEALERS IN
STOCKS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS

FOR WINTER WORK

Lumber Company Comtemplates a Hot Pond for Mill Here.

H. C. Clarke, the Crookston Lumber company's treasurer, was here last Wednesday looking over the many improvements being made in the saw mill and seemed well pleased with the work being done. He also informed us that the company were seriously contemplating putting in a hot pond here for next winter. If this is done, and Mr. Clarke seems to think it very probable, they will rail in the logs, coming by the way of Tilden and Red Lake Falls. This will necessitate building a spur track from the planer to the river by the saw mill. A large box will be built in the river at the foot of the log slip and steam pipes put in. This will enagle the mill to run all winter and will increase the capacity of the mill at least one-third. By doing this the company would be able to turn out special orders at any time. Here's hoping that the work will be done.

Notice of Teachers' Examinations.

The semi-annual teachers' examinations for Red Lake county will be held at Red Lake Falls, Thief River Falls and St. Hilaire in accordance with the following program:

THURSDAY, FEB. 2ND.
(First grade studies.)

A. M.—8:30	Enrollment.
9:00	Physics.
10:30	Algebra.
P. M.—1:30	Geography.
2:45	Civics.
4:00	Physical Geography or general History.

FRIDAY, FEB. 3RD.
(Second grade studies.)

A. M.—8:00	Enrollment.
8:30	Professional test.
9:30	Spelling.
10:00	Arithmetic.
P. M.—1:30	Geography.
3:00	Reading.
4:30	Composition and Penmanship.

SATURDAY, FEB. 4TH.
(Second grade studies continued.)

A. M.—8:00	U. S. History.
9:45	English Grammar.
11:15	Music.
P. M.—1:30	Physiology-Hygiene.
2:45	Drawing.

Teachers, please notice that the examination begins at 8:00 a. m. Feb. 3rd and 4th.
H. T. McAnulty,
Co. Supt.

To Whom it May Concern.

Notice is hereby given that on Saturday the 11th day of February, 1905, the undersigned, along with other legal voters of the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, will begin the circulation of a petition among the legal voters of said county of Red Lake, addressed to the county commissioners thereof, the object and prayer of which will be that the county seat of said county of Red Lake be changed from the city of Red Lake Falls to the city of Thief River Falls, which is situated in Township 154 North, of Range 43 West, in said county and state.

Dated January 25th, 1905.

Chas. M. Evenson.
Lars Backe.
D. N. Winton.
John Morgan.
C. J. Knox.
Math. Bakzen.
W. J. LaBree.
Alex A. Sweaas.

Ambition and Happiness.

Ambition, enterprises, effort and success are largely states of mind: happiness is in no way dependent upon these. If you want to be happy, decide to be—don't wait for the future or for prosperity. The man with a good constitution and perfect health is happier than most millionaires. The money is hard to make, but health and happiness can be had through using golden grain belt beer. Don't take our word for it; try a case at home; use it regularly with your meals and convince yourself. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Wood Wanted.

Sealed bids will be received on or before February 10th, 1905, by the trustees of School District No. 102, Red Lake county, for forty cords of green poplar wood, to be delivered at the school house in St. Hilaire on or before March 10th, 1905. The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

K. O. Gigstad,
Clerk.

Good Apples Cheap.

R. H. Duntley has a few barrels of good winter apples on hand which he will despose of at the following prices while they last;

Baldwins—$3 per bbl.; $1 per bu.
Greenings—$2.60 per bbl.; 90c per bu.

Dry Wood.

Dry wood for sale at $3.00 per cord, delivered. Leave orders with W. A. Sorsoleil.

The Oliver Typewriter received the Gold Medal at the World's Fair, St. Louis. Send for handsomely illustrated art catalog which tells why.

The Oliver Typewriter Co.,
332, Hennepin Ave.,
tf Minneapolis, Minn.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lanctot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Buy your Pult Ost and Lingonberries at M. L. Hanson's.

COUNTY SEAT FIGHT

The Battle has Commenced Between Thief River and Red Lake Falls.

A LIVELY FIGHT IN PROSPECT

With St. Hilaire in Position to Decide the Contest.

The first gun in the coming county seat war was fired at Crookston last Monday, when Thief River Falls parties secured from Judge Watts a temporary injunction restraining the county from buying the court house. The hearing was set for Thursday evening but by agreement of both parties was postponed until next Tuesday evening. In the meantime Red Lake Falls have hardly been asleep. One of her attorneys was present when the order was granted Monday evening, and he telephoned the news. Chairman Ole Johnson, of the county board, was sent for at once and although Plummer is fifteen miles away, Mr. Johnson was doing business at the county seat before sunrise and the order was signed and payment made before the restraining order was served. Thief River Falls claims they had until Thursday the 26th and the courts will have to decide.

The people of Thief River Falls have determined to make a fight for the county seat and have served notice that after a lapse of fourteen days, or on February 11th, 1905, they will commence the circulation of a petition to change the location of the county seat from Red Lake Falls to Thief River Falls. There were about two thousand votes polled in this county at the last election and it requires 60 per cent of them for the petition to carry. If they are successful with the petition, which will require about 1300 voters, the matter will come before the county board in April. If they then order an election it would come off the first part of June. If the county board decide adversely it will probably be taken into the courts and may drag along for some time.

A. A. Miller, of Crookston, will assist the local attorneys for the Thief River Falls side, but we have not learned who will have charge of the affair for Red Lake Falls.

It gives promise of being a hard-fought battle on both sides with St. Hilaire and vicinity in position to decide the contest. It will be well for our citizens to give the matter careful thought and work and vote for the best interests of St. Hilaire.

Red Lake Falls has served notice that they will commence on February 18 to circulate a petition of remonstrance against the removal of the county seat.

A Tarpon Scarecrow.

Times and places there are where the tarpon have been so numerous and so free in their antics as to be a pest to the small fishermen, who in a certain bay once harpooned a lordly fish, lashed him to a keg and pointed him to the open sea.

Drawing the floating barrel, he went, splashing terror to his kindred, an aquatic scarecrow. And as the militant hogshead, ferried by a leaping twelve stone fish, went marching down the bay all tarpon, great and small, took warning that they must keep their performances within the bounds of decency.—Country Life In America.

Using a Coat Hanger.

Many years of hard work on the farm had made the old man round shouldered, and his coat fitted badly. His son in the city sent him a coat stretcher on which to hang the coat at night. On his next visit to the farm the young man asked how the coat stretcher worked. His father looked a little embarrassed and then confessed. "I can't stand it on," said he. "It was real good of you to send it. Your mother fastened it to my coat with tape, but I wasn't comfortable in it, and I had to take it off."

A Dream.

"I found I had saved up a thousand dollars without pinching myself."

"Without pinching yourself?"

"Without pinching myself."

"Then how did you know you were awake?"—Puck.

"Playing" Poker.

Harry—Do you really love to play poker? Dick—I never play at the poker table: I work. It is the chap that loses his money who plays.—Boston Transcript.

If you haven't much sense—and a lot of us haven't—talk as little as possible and go slow.—Atchison Globe.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

Apples at Duntley's.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 14, 1905.

To Joe Dvoracek,
Mackey, Iowa.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 21773 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SW¼ of Section No. 7, in Township No. 153 N., of Range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $452.00 principal, and $83.36 interest, amounting in all to $535.36; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $535.36, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway Company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
Land Commissioner.

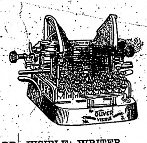
j21-4t-f11

PRICES
TUMBLE
****
in an alarming fashion during this clearance sale of..
Clothing.
Winter for us is over, so out must go our Winter Clothing without regard for values. But winter isn't over for you. So come and get an extra suit or coat at a figure which you can well afford. It will even pay you to buy for next year at our present prices.
RAPP &
POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

PRICES
COPYRIGHT

IF You want to sell your Farm,
List it with
Nels G. Otterness
THE LAND MAN, - ST. HILAIRE,
...and he will find you a Buyer.
Will buy Wild and Improved Lands for cash if prices are right.

This is a Poor Time
to have your property insured in
..Cheap Fire Insurance Companies..
I represent twelve of the best companies doing business in the United States. They never fail to pay all losses promptly.........
REMEMBER THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST
H. E. IVES - - ST. HILAIRE, MINN.



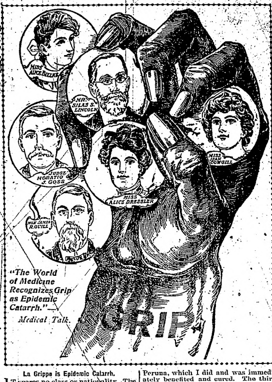
Don't buy a Typewriter on a worn-out reputation.......
Investigate the merits of the
Oliver
THE STANDARD VISIBLE WRITER.
Send for a handsomely illustrated art Catalogue, free for the asking.
The Oliver Typewriter Co.
332 Hennepin Ave. Minneapolis, Minn.

Billiard and Sample Room
WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
Wines and Liquors
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
CIGARS.
BEER.
Minneapolis and Milwaukee Beer always on Tap.
"Corner Saloon" South of the Bank.

Great
Northern
Railway.....
No. 3, THE "FLYER"
ONLY MORNING
TRAIN
from
ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
FOR MONTANA and
the PACIFIC COAST
Makes Immediate Connection with Limited and Fast Mail Trains from Chicago and the East.
EVERY DAY.

WINCHESTER
FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS
POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

CAUGHT BY THE GRIP— RELEASED BY PE-RU-NA.



"The World of Medicine Recognizes Grip as Epidemic Catarrh."—*Medical Talk.*

La Grippe is Epidemic Catarrh.

It spares no class or nationality. The cultured and the ignorant, the aristocrat and the pauper, the masses and the classes are alike subject to la grippe. None are exempt—all are liable.

Grip is well named. The original French term, la grippe, has been shortened by the busy American to read "grip."

Without intending to do so, a new word has been coined that exactly describes the case. As if some hideous giant with awful grip had clutched us in its fatal clasp.

Men, women, children, whole towns and cities are caught in the baneful grip of a terrible monster.

Have you the grip? Or, rather, has the grip got you? If so, read the following letters.

These testimonials speak for themselves as to the efficacy of Peruna in cases of la grippe or its after-effects:

A Southern Judge Cured.

Judge Horatio J. Goss, Hartwell, Ga., writes:

"Some five or six years ago I had a very severe spell of grip which left me with systemic catarrh.

"A friend advised me to try your Peruna, which I did and was immediately benefited and cured. The third bottle completed the cure."—H. J. Goss.

Cured in a Few Weeks.

Miss Jean Cowgill, Griswold Opera House, Troy, N. Y., is the leading lady with the Aubrey Stock Co. She writes the following:

"During the past winter of 1901, I suffered for several weeks from a severe attack of grip, which left a serious catarrhal condition of the throat and head.

"Some one suggested Peruna. As a last resort, after wasting much time and money on physicians, I tried the remedy faithfully, and in a few weeks was as well as ever."—Jean Cowgill.

Saved by Pe-ru-na.

Hon. James R. Guill is one of the oldest and most esteemed men of Omaha, Neb. He has done much to make it what it is, serving on public boards a number of times. He endorses Peruna in the following words:

"I am 68 years old, am hale and hearty and Peruna has helped me attain it. Two years ago I had la grippe—my life was dispaired of. Peruna saved me."—J. R. Guill.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Syver Loe, Minneapolis, Minn., sack closing grapple; Peter McGrath, Hibbing, Minn., siphon; Nels Peterson, Meckling, S. D., gate latch; Reimer Soberg, Churchs Ferry, N. D., binder reel; Norman Traviss, St. Thomas, N. D., gas engine; George Troost, Minneapolis, Minn., muffler; William Williams, Welcome, Minn., roadgrader.

No Telling.

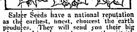
The young woman had refused him.

"I never could marry a man of your habits," she said. "Still, I hope you will do nothing desperate on account of this."

"I don't know," he said. "I can't promise. Some day I may get drunk enough to come and propose to you again."—Chicago Tribune.

10,000 Plants for 16c.

This is a remarkable offer the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., makes.



Salzer Seeds have a national reputation as the earliest, finest, choicest the earth produces. They will send you their big plant and seed catalog, together with enough seed to grow

1,000 fine, solid Cabbages,
2,000 rich, juicy Turnips,
2,000 blanching, nutty Celery,
2,000 rich, buttery Lettuce,
1,000 splendid Onions,
1,000 rare, luscious Radishes,
1,000 gloriously brilliant Flowers.

This great offer is made in order to induce you to try their warranted seeds—for when you once plant them you will grow no others, and

ALL FOR BUT 16c POSTAGE,

providing you will return this notice, and if you will send them, 20c in postage, they will add to the above a big package of the earliest Sweet Corn on earth—Salzer's Fourth of July—fully 10 days earlier than Cory, Peep o' Day, etc., etc. [W. N. U.]

God's plows of pain promise harvests of prosperity.

Moral poverty often goes with material prosperity.

A good man may not have good manners.

Cole's Carbolisalve

Instantly stops the pain of
Burns and Scalds.
Always heals without scars.
25 and 50c by druggists, or mailed on receipt of price by J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.
KEEP A BOX HANDY

ALWAYS
CALL FOR A CIGAR
BY ITS NAME
"CREMO"
MEANS MORE THAN
ANY OTHER NAME
BROWN BANDS GOOD FOR PRESENTS
"Largest Seller in the World."

The Poet Fled.

The etherial being with the unshorn locks was shown into the editorial sanctum.

"I have written a poem on the dog," he said.

"Whose dog?" demanded the editor, fiercely.

"It is not any particular dog," faltered the poet.

"Do you mean to say you took advantage of the dog because it was not particular and wrote your poem on it?"

"I'm afraid you do not understand me. I wrote the poem regarding the dog—"

"But why were you regarding the dog at all? What had it done that you should regard it?"

"If you will allow me to explain, I had been inspired by the dog's fidelity—"

"If the dog was faithful, why should you seek to hurt its feelings by writing a poem on it? And ho wdid you manage to write a poem on it at any rate? Did you have the poor brute shaved and tattoo the verses on its back, or did you brand them on? Perhaps you—"

But the poet had disappeared like the mists of the morning.

HIS EXPERIENCE TEACHES THEM.

That Dodd's Kidney Pills Will Cure Bright's Disease. Remarkable case of George J. Barber.—Quick recovery after years of suffering.

Estherville, Iowa, Jan. 23d.—(Special)—The experience of Mr. George J. Barber, a well known citizen of this place, justifies his friends in making the announcement to the world "Bright's Disease can be cured." Mr. Barber had kidney trouble and it developed into Bright's Disease. He treated it with Dodd's Kidney Pills and to-day he is a well man. In an interview he says:

"I can't say too much for Dodd's Kidney Pills. I had Kidney Disease for fifteen years and though I doctored for it with the best doctors here and in Chicago, it developed into Bright's Disease. Then I started to use Dodd's Kidney Pills and two boxes cured me completely. I think Dodd's Kidney Pills are the best in the world."

A remedy that will cure Bright's Disease will cure any other form of Kidney Disease. Dodd's Kidney Pills never fail to cure Bright's Disease.

Softening the Term.

"Yes, her father called you a plain idiot."

"Did he call me that?"

"Well, not exactly. He used a warmer adjective. I thought you'de be better pleased if I made it 'plain.'"—

A Rare Good Thing.

"Am using ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE, and can truly say I would not have been without it so long, had I known the relief it would give my aching feet. I think it a rare good thing for anyone having sore or tired feet.—Mrs. Matilda Holtwert, Providence, R. I." Sold by all Druggists, 25c. *Ask to-day.*

It is easier to like where one does not love than to love where one does not like.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES. Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

There are many hills this side of heaven.

PACIFIC MOVE BY GEN. TREPOFF

CONTRARY TO EXPECTATIONS HE DOES NO ATTEMPT HARSH MEASURES.

MAKES PROMISES FOR CZAR

SAYS EMPEROR IS FIXING UP SOME NICE THINGS FOR WORKMEN.

ASKED TO END DUCAL REIGN

ZEMSTVOS PLEAD FOR REPRESENTATION AND FULFILLMENT OF PROMISES.

Contrary to expectation, the first move of the newly appointed governor general of St. Petersburg is pacific in character. It takes the form of a proclamation, jointly signed by Gen. Trepoff and Mr. Kokovsoff, minister of finance, telling the strikers that they have been led into trouble by evil disposed persons, and that their best interests will be served by peaceful representations to the government. The workmen are also assured that the emperor has ordered the faming of certain laws for their benefit and the creation of a system of state insurance that will protect them from want in case of sickness or disability.

No Serious Trouble in Moscow.

The fears of serious trouble in Moscow yesterday were not realized. The only authenticates instance of anything approaching violence there was in the dispersal of a crowd of about 3,000 workmen by Cossacks. So far as is known there were no casualties.

From Finland Russophobic demonstrations are reported, a collision between a crowd of 10,000 persons and troops and police resulting in the wounding of about thirty Finns. In Finland the agitation has nothing to do with the labor question, but is purely political in character.

Various political, educational and mercantile bodies in Russia are adopting declarations in favor of an elective representative legislative body and denouncing misrule under the autocracy.

Asked to End Ducal Reign.

Simferopol, Jan. 26.—The zemstvo of Taurida, at its first meeting of the year, yesterday unanimously adopted the following address to Emperor Nicholas:

"Sire: The Taurida zemstvo congratulates your majesty as well as the empress on the birth of an heir to the throne. This event occurred in a terrible year of national grief, a year of cruel and bloody war, a year of bitter internal disorder. Let peace dawn on Russia and her frontiers. That is the best wish Russian subjects can express to the cradle of your son.

"Your decree on Dec. 25 held out to the nation hopes of international peace in the future which everywhere is dependent upon the preservation and maintenance of the law and

Equal Rights of Citizens,

on freedom of conscience and religion, freedom of speech and the press, freedom of association and public meeting.

"Sire, we are strongly convinced that the fulfillment of all your great intentions can be assured only by the participation of elected representatives of the whole nation in the legislative power. We sincerely believe that in the union of the power of the state with that of the people can be found the only pledge for the complete development of the productive forces of the country. If you summon representatives of the nation to take part in legislation, finance and administrative control, you will make Russia powerful and invincible from without and flourishing within her borders in the light of right and truth."

Say Battle Is Won.

London, Jan. 26.—Charles E. Hands, the Daily Mail correspondent, wiring from St. Petersburg Wednesday, says:

Russians and foreign residents agree that the strike as an open manifestation of popular politics is practically finished. "We have washed our dirty linen," said Tschinovnika (bureaucrat) to-day, "and it now only remains to iron out the creases, and Trepoff will do it."

The adherents of the existing order of things are frankly delighted with the complete success with which the great coup was conceived, planned and carried out by the police.

Russia Cloven in Twain.

The Daily Telegraph's St. Petersburg dispatches say:

Russia is clocen in twain, and no human force can weld the parts together. On one side stands the autocrat, whose behests are still mechanically fulfilled by his army, which, however, is a section of the people. On the other hand stands the entire nation, united in the determination to deliver itself from a yoke which has now become unbearable. The army is acting in virtue of use and wont, and in time will come over to its own kith and kin.

The correspondent declares that in the whole empire there is only one officer so utterly loathed as Trepoff, and that is Gen. Kleighels of Kiev, who may yet be minister of the interior. That, the report says, alone proves that the autocracy has declared war against the Russian nation. Arrests, he asserts, have been so numerous that the fortresses and prisons are overcrowded.

Strikers Have Money.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 26.—Quiet continues in St. Petersburg. Evidence accumulates that the strikers are supplied with money to meet their present needs. All sorts of stories are afloat as to the size and origin of the fund. Money is undoubtedly being supplied by the Liberals. It is said that they have a fund of $2,000,000, some of which was supplied by German socialists, but there is no way of verifying the stories.

A GREAT SUFFERER

LAY HELPLESS AND SPEECHLESS FOR HOURS AT A TIME.

Sinking Spells, Headaches, Rheumatism, All Caused by Poor Blood—Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

When Mrs. Williams was asked for some details of the fearful illness from which she had so long suffered, she spoke as follows:

"Ever since I had nervous prostration, about thirteen years ago, I have had periodical spells of complete exhaustion. Any excitement or unusual activity would throw me into a state of lifelessness. At the beginning my strength would come back in a moderate time, but the period of weakness kept lengthening until at last I would lie helpless as many as three hours at a stretch."

"You were under medical treatment, of course?"

"Yes, when I became so bad that I had to give up my housework, in May of 1903, I was being treated for kidney trouble, and later the doctor thought my difficulties came from change of life. I was not only weak, but I had dizzy feelings, palpitation of the heart, misery after eating, hot flashes, nervous headaches, rheumatic pains in the back and hips. The doctor did me so little good that I gave up his treatment, and really feared that my case was incurable."

"What saved you from your state of hopelessness?"

"In July of 1903 I had a very bad spell, and my husband came in one day with a little book which told of remarkable cures effected by a remedy for the blood and the nerves, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He bought a box for me, and that was the beginning of my return to health. My appetite grew keen, my food no longer distressed me, my nerves were quieted, and my strength began to revive."

"How long did you take this remedy?"

"For two months only. At the end of that time I had regained my health and cheerfulness, and my friends say that I am looking better than I have done for the past fifteen years."

Mrs. Lizzie Williams is now living at No. 416 Cedar street, Quincy, Illinois. The pills which she praises so highly, cure all diseases that come from impoverished blood. If your system is all run down, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the very best remedy to take. Any druggist can supply them.

No Pay.

"Well, sir," brusquely inquired the girl's father, "what can I do for you?"

"Why—er—I called, sir," stammered the timid suitor, "to see if—er—you would give assent to my marriage with your daughter."

"Not a cent, sir; not a cent. Good day."—Philadelphia Press.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Useless Question.

Judge—Madam, did I understand that you lost your pocketbook before or after you were at the bargain counter?

Prosecuting Witness—I said there was money in it, didn't I?—Detroit Free Press.

Some sober men are kinder drunk, and some drunker men are kinder sober.

The strength of a headstrong man is seldom in his head.

THERE IS NOTHING
more painful than
Rheumatism
and
Neuralgia
but there is nothing surer to cure than
St. Jacobs Oil
The old monk cure. It is penetrating; prompt and unfailing.
Price 25c. and 50c.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

THE FARMERS on the Free Homestead Lands of Western Canada Carry the banner for yields of wheat and other grains for 1904.

100,000 FARMERS receive $55,000,000 as a result of their Wheat Crop alone.

The returns from Oats, Barley and other grains, as well as cattle and horses, add considerably to this.

Secure a Free Homestead at once, or purchase from some reliable dealer while lands are selling at present low prices.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

$25.00 Cream Separator

FOR $25.00 we sell the celebrated DUNDEE CREAM SEPARATOR, capacity 200 pounds per hour; 350 pounds capacity per hour for $29.00; 500 pounds capacity per hour for $34.00. Guaranteed the equal of Separators that retail everywhere at from $75.00 to $125.00.

OUR OFFER. We will ship you a Separator on our 30 days' free trial plan, with the binding understanding and agreement if you do not find by comparison, test and use that it will skim closer, skim colder milk, skim easier, run lighter and skim one-half more milk than any other Cream Separator made, you can return the Separator to us at our expense and we will immediately return any money you may have paid for freight charges or otherwise. Cut this ad out at once and mail to us, and you will receive by return mail, free, postpaid, our LATEST SPECIAL CREAM SEPARATOR CATALOGUE. You will get our big offer and our free trial proposition and you will receive the most astonishingly liberal Cream Separator offer ever heard of. Address,

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO.

WHOLE EAST IS BURIED IN SNOW

NOT SINCE 1888 HAS NEW YORK CITY BEEN SO COMPLETELY SNOW-BOUND.

MANY DISASTERS TO SHIPPING

EVERYWHERE IN EAST TRAFFIC IS DELAYED AND MUCH SUFFERING RESULTS.

MANY DEATHS ARE REPORTED

FROZEN TO DEATH OR DIE OF EXHAUSTION EVEN DURING DAY HOURS.

New York, Jan. 26. — Not since the blizzard of 1888, by which all storms in New York city are estimated as great or small, has New York been so completely snow-bound as it was last night. The city is lying under a foot of snow that in many places has been banked by the wind to a height of several feet. Surface travel early in the day was abandoned, overhead transit was irregular and slow, and it remained for the underground roads to carry home, so far as they could reach within the city limits, the hundreds of thousands of workers from the down town quarters.

The Atlantic coast from the Delaware capes north has been in the grasp of a severe storm, accompanied by a heavy fall of snow and intense cold.

Disasters to Shipping.

Inland from Maine throughout the New England States and the Middle Atlantic States, all reports indicate a winter tie-up. The low temperature reaches the extreme South.

Everywhere in the East railroad traffic is delayed; reports of disasters to Atlantic shipping are coming in, and with a rapidly falling thermometer, much suffering must ensue.

So severe was the storm in New York City that even during the day hours persons were frozen to death or died of exhaustion.

The hospitals, the police stations and the house of refuge are crowded with persons suffering from cold.

Not a vessel of any kind has sailed from or arrived at New York in more than twenty-four hours, and at Boston only one arrival was reported, and that a coastwise steamer. A dozen or more steamers, now overdue, have not been heard from.

Tie-Up Is Complete.

After 4 o'clock not a wheel moved on Long Island east of Jamaica except the snow plows, which, driven by three, four and even five locomotives, continued to make futile attempts to clear the rails.

All the factories in Brooklyn shut down early yesterday in order to afford the working people a chance to reach their homes. Probably the most distressing tie-up resulting from the stalling of trains on the Long Island railway was that witnessed on the Manhattan side of the Thirty-fourth street ferry. Hundreds of girls and women who live in Long Island and work in Manhattan, were

Unable to Get Across

the East river, and a vast majority of them were without the necessary funds to secure food or get lodging. A notice was posted there early in the afternoon that trains had stopped. The police and other kindly disposed persons had plenty to do in caring for these unfortunate Long Islanders.

At Paterson and New Brunswick the schools and most of the mills were closed at noon and all the car lines suspended operations. The storm showed its effect on business early in the afternoon when the largest houses in New York City employing thousands of employes, sent home many of those who lived far away or out of town.

West Also in Winter's Grasp.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—Every town in the Mississippi valley and in the lake region had its weather troubles yesterday. In some places it was extremely cold, in others it was less cold, but was snowing heavily, and in a great many others it was both cold and snowing. Hardly a place in the middle West was comfortable during the day.

In Chicago the wind at times drove the snow in dense clouds, blinding teamsters and gripmen so that collisions in down-town streets were frequent.

In Kansas and Western Missouri the weather was the coldest recorded in the last five years. All through the Ohio valley the weather was the coldest of the winter.

Reports from the South say that the most severe weather of the winter is prevailing all through that region.

Six Passengers Hurt.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 26. — The Big Four passenger train was derailed near Lafayette, Ind., yesterday. Nobody was killed but six persons were injured. They were taken to a hospital at Lafayette.

Fifteen Men Killed.

Paris, Jan. 26. — Fifteen men have been killed owing to the breaking of the cable supporting a cage in which they were hauled to the surface of the Renaissance slate quarry, near Angers. The cage dropped 450 feet.

FIRES RAZE HALF A TOWN.

McKinley, Minn., Again Suffers From the Flames.

Eveleth, Minn., Jan. 26. — The village of McKinley was visited with another bad fire last night. The hotel building and barn of J. R. Ford, with the residence of Peter Holland, and another building, burned to the ground. This, with the fire of the last day of 1904, has wiped out half of the town. Mr. Ford was the chief loser this time. He places his loss at $3,000, with no insurance.

THE DISCOVERER

Of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, the Great Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills.

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement.

No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles or such hosts of grateful friends as has

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacement of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the Change of Life.

It has cured more cases of Backache and Leucorrhœa than any other remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development.

Irregular, Suppressed or Painful Menstruation, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility quickly yield to it. Womb troubles, causing pain, weight and backache, instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it invigorates the female system, and is as harmless as water.

It quickly removes that Bearing-down Feeling, extreme lassitude, "don't care" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, Dizziness, Faintness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy or the "blues" and headache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, or some derangement of the Uterus, which this medicine always cures. Kidney Complaints and Backache, of either sex, the Vegetable Compound always cures.

Those women who refuse to accept anything else are rewarded a hundred thousand times, for they get what they want—a cure. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Refuse all substitutes.

THE MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD CO.
ALBERT LEA ROUTE
THE SHORT LINE TO OMAHA DES MOINES AND KANSAS CITY
THE NORTH STAR LIMITED
SUPERB NEW TRAIN TO ST. LOUIS AND CHICAGO
TICKET OFFICES: 398 Robert Street, St. Paul, 424 Nicollet Ave. Minneapolis
A. B. CUTTS, General Passenger Agent.

The only time a man has any admiration for a strong-minded woman is when it is necessary for him to take refuge behind her skirts.

Many Children Are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, Break up Colds and Destroy Worms. At all Druggists', 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Fragile.

Ted—Tom broke the Christmas present he gave his wife.

Ned—What was it?

Ted—He'd signed the pledge.—

Among those who have received the highest award—the Grand Prize—at St. Louis World's Fair, was the A. J. Tower Co., the makers of the FISH BRAND SLICKERS. Many of our readers who went to the Fair, will recall their fine exhibit in which waterproof garments were shown adapted to so many uses that almost every department of the world's work was suggested. The Grand Prize was a deserved tribute to one of the oldest manufacturing concerns in the country.

Rum and religion begin alike, but how differently they end.

Our glories do not make His glory.

YOU
will never
TASTE
Better
Bread
than that which any woman can make with
Yeast
Foam
The Wonderful Yeast
Yeast Foam is the yeast that raised the First Grand Prize at the St. Louis Exposition and is sold by all grocers at 5c a package—enough for 40 loaves. Send a postal card for our new illustrated book "Good Bread: How to Make It."
NORTHWESTERN YEAST CO.
Chicago, Ill.

MEXICAN
Mustang Liniment
is a positive cure for Piles.

BEGGS' CHERRY COUGH SYRUP cures coughs and colds.

GOOD OIL
Costs a trifle more than the cheap kind.
USE
CORNPLANTER X OIL
No smoky chimneys, dirty lamps.
Safe, reliable. All grocers.
St. Paul. Minneapolis.
CORNPLANTER OIL CO.

Poultry Keepers
who succeed, know that to have hens and pullets get the full benefit from all kinds of food, keep them in condition to produce eggs in fall and winter, there is nothing like
SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER
a medicine, not a food, scientifically prepared; in use over thirty years. It is safe, sure and economical.
One pack. 25 cts; five, $1.00. Two-lb. can, $1.20; six, $5.00, express paid.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Salzer's
National Oats
Greatest oat of the century. Yielded in Ohio 187, in Mich. 231, in Mo. 255, and in N. Dakota 310 bu. per acre.
You can beat that record in 1905.
For 10c and this notice
we mail you free lots of farm seed samples and our big catalog, telling all about this oat wonder and thousands of other seeds.
JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO.
La Crosse, Wis.
WNU

$10.00
FOR ALL
That's all it will cost to get one of our 120-egg incubators complete, laid down at your railroad station, all freight charges prepaid. No other expense necessary. All ready to operate.
SURE HATCH INCUBATORS
are the world's standard incubators. Three walls California redwood. Asbestos lined throughout. Copper hot water heating system. 115 square inches heating surface to water heater. Only thirty cents worth of oil required for a hatch. All machines sold on 60 Days' Free Trial, giving you every opportunity to be sure you are right. Every machine carries a 5 years guarantee. You take no risk with the SURE HATCH—the machine that has stood the test of time. Send for free booklet 280. If you live east of Mississippi River address Indianapolis; if west, Clay Center.
SURE HATCH INCUBATOR COMPANY
Clay Center, Neb. Indianapolis, Ind.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

N W N U — NO. 4 — 1905

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1905. NUMBER 29.

RUSSIA FACES A CRISIS

KILL CZAR AND GRAND DUKES

CONCLAVE OF NIHILISTS DECIDES UPON IMMEDIATE ACTION.

RESORT TO BOMB AND KNIFE

CZAR, THE GRAND DUKES AND ALL THE MINISTERS CONDEMNED TO DEATH.

Contrary to expectation, the first move of the newly appointed governor general of St. Petersburg is pacific in character. It takes the form of a proclamation, jointly signed by Gen. Trepoff and Mr. Kokovsoff, minister of finance, telling the strikers that they have been led into trouble by evil disposed persons, and that their best interests will be served by peaceful representations to the government. The workmen are also assured that the emperor has ordered the faming of certain laws for their benefit and the creation of a system of state insurance that will protect them from want in case of sickness or disability.

No Serious Trouble in Moscow.

The fears of serious trouble in Moscow yesterday were not realized. The only authenticates instance of any thing approaching violence there was in the dispersal of a crowd of about 3,000 workmen by Cossacks. So far as is known there were no casualties.

From Finland Russophobic demonstrations are reported, a collision between a crowd of 10,000 persons and troops and police resulting in the wounding of about thirty Finns. In Finland the agitation has nothing to do with the labor question, but is purely political in character.

Various political, educational and mercantile bodies in Russia are adopting declarations in favor of an elective representative legislative body and denouncing misrule under the autocracy.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 31.—From a revolutionary source, which is absolutely reliable, it is learned that at a conclave of nihilists held during the small hours Sunday morning, there was a fierce altercation as to the expediency of immediate action.

A stout minority contended that the brotherhood, equally with the strikers, have been cowed by the government's energetic action, and especially by the recent relentless massacre. It was asserted, that such being the case, a failure to act at the present time would mean the annihilation of nihilism.

Whereupon immediate action was resolved, and the czar, the grand dukes and all the ministers were condemned to death.

Victims Are Apportioned.

Early this morning a flaming manifesto was drafted, copies of which were conveyed to the district leaders for distribution among the sworn chiefs of the nihilist movement.

These are to meet and assign to each trusted desperado among their subordinates the place at which the respective murders are to be committed, a victim of assassination, and a bomb or a knife with which to commit the deed.

Father Gopon in a Monastery.

The same informant declared that he knew that Father Gopon was under arrest and confined in a monastery, where he has been turned over to the church synod to deal with him as they shall see fit.

The czar is reported to be a complete nervous wreck. It is said that he fasts continually and spends much of his time weeping. He has refused consolation, it is said, from his advisers, and remains most of the time in a state of gloomy silence, repelling all who come near him.

Summary of Situation.

Rioting and pillage are in progress in Warsaw in spite of the presence of large numbers of troops. British consular officers there are reported to have been assaulted by hussars, and the matter, it is said, has been called to the attention of the St. Petersburg government by the British ambassador. A severe storm at Moscow aided the authorities there in averting disorder which was thought to be impending. There were no disturbances in St. Petersburg. In Batoum, Prince Gurielly, an officer of the police, was assassinated.

Under Sergius' Thumb.

The influence of Grand Duke Sergius, the foremost of the reactionists, is alleged to have governed Emperor Nicholas ever since the strike troubles began, and that member of the imperial family is represented to be determined on drastic measures for the suppression of all agitation for economic or political reforms. Reports continue rife that the terrorists are prepared to resume their activities.

Father Gopon, the leader of the St. Petersburg workmen, is reported to have escaped to Stockholm. The holy synod has denounced him as a "criminal priest," a betrayer of his sacred office.

Wholesale Pillage at Warsaw.

Warsaw, Jan. 31.—The strike disorders are becoming more serious. The oordinary life of the city is quite suspended. On Saturday the strikers stopped the street railway service, but remained otherwise orderly. Yesterday, however, they began wholesale pillage. The majority of the shops in Marshal Kovski street and the state vodka shops were looted. All the factories, shops, schools and theaters were closed and the street lamps were extinguished. There have been several collisions between the police and strikers and many arrests have been made. Peace-abiding inhabitants are terror stricken.

British Consul Attacked.

London, Jan. 31—The correspondent at Warsaw of the Daily Mail telegraphs as follows:

"A group of hussars ran down British Vice Consul Muoukain Sunday night in Marshal Kovski street. Two hussars rushed at him with their swords, inflicting severe cuts across his face and lower lip. Dripping with blood Muoukain was conveyed to the hospital, where he is now doing well.

"British Consul General Murray had a narrow escape from being similarly run down in Wierzbova sereet.

"It appears that the incidents were due to a company of hussars betting drunk and running amuck."

The Daily Mail's St. Petersburg correspondent reports that Sir Charles Hardinge, the British ambassador, has asked the Russian government to make inquiry into the outrages on the British consul general and vice consul at Warsaw.

Warsaw Is in Grasp of Mob.

While there seems to have been a complete restoration of order in St. Petersburg and Moscow, conditions at Warsaw continue to go from bad to worse. Estimates of the killed and wounded in consequence of collisions between mobs and the soldiers place the number at 160. The bakers being on strike, bread is at famine prices in Warsaw and attempts to break into stores there have caused numerous collisions with the military. The finding of revolvers of uniform make on many of the rioters arrested afford confirmation of recent reports that revolutionist agitators have been

Smuggling Arms

in anticipation of an outbreak. It is asserted that the official tale of the dead through the recent conflict between the strikers and troops at Riga is far short of the actuality, many having perished in an attempt to cross the river on the ice when the soldiers opened fire, the ice breaking and the water engulfing the fugitives.

Work is being generally resumed. In Moscow the men's demands have been practically conceded and all the railway workshops have resumed operations. The strike has ended at Saratoff. At Libau some of the strikers have returned to work and there have been no serious disturbances during the day. No further extensive strikes are reported at any fresh centers, nor are there disorders except at Warsaw.

Much Disorder at Warsaw.

There have been frequent collisions between the people and soldiers. Revolutionists attacked the troops with revolvers and knives. The principal disturbances occurred in Noviswiat street, a leading business thoroughfare.

At 11 o'clock Sunday night a regiment of infantry marched to this thoroughfare from Smolna street, when somebody fired upon them, whereupon the troops were ordered to form a square and

There has been a partial suppression of disorder in Warsaw and traffic has been restored so far as to permit of the arrival of some supplies of food. Murderous attacks on individual soldiers, however, are reported to be more frequent. In other industrial centers, including Moscow and St. Petersburg, the strike is practically at an end. Grand Duke Vladimir, in the course of an interview with the Associated Press, intimated that the people of Russia would soon be given a measure of representative government, although he declared that anything like general suffrage was not to be considered. The committee of ministers discussing the proposed reforms have published a report for the purpose of showing the people that the plans outlined in the imperial decred of Dec. 26 are being carefully considered. An unconfirmed report is in circulation that it has been officially ascertained that the discharge of grape from a saluting gun before the ceremony of the blessing of waters on Jan. 19; and which imperilled the lives of the emperor and his family, was the deliberate work of terrorists, their tool being a private soldier of the saluting battery.

SALOON HELD UP.

But Three Colored Men Fail to Complete the Job.

Deadwood, S. D., Jan. 31.—A bold attempt at holding up a saloon in this city was made by three colored men. At the point of revolvers the crowd in a saloon was ordered to hold up their hands. There was a large amount of money on the tables but before the raid could be completed the three men took fright and escaped. Alfred and Granville Graves have been arrested.

RECAPTURED AT MOTHER'S HOME

Whiteman Locked Up on Charge of Forgery and Grand Larceny.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 31. — Alonzo J. Whiteman, at one time a state senator of Minnesota, was recaptured Saturday at his mother's home in Dansville. He is now locked up in Buffalo on a charge of forgery and grand larceny. Whiteman escaped from detectives by jumping through the window of a train at Dunkirk on Sept. 17 while being brought here from St. Louis.

CZAR SCOLDS WORKINGMEN

DELEGATION INVITED TO PALACE TO HEAR PATERNAL ADMONITIONS.

VAGUE PROMISES OF HELP

SAYS HE WILL DO WHAT HE CAN TO AMELIORATE EXISTING CONDITIONS.

PRINCE MIRSKY IS LET OUT

MANNER OF DISMISSAL POPULARLY ACCEPTED AS A REPRIMAND.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 2.—Personal assurances of his intention to ameliorate the conditions and remove the causes, in so far as they are economic, which led to the recent strike, were delivered by Emperor Nicholas yesterday to workingmen representing all the leading factories of St. Petersburg, who, at his invitation, journeyed to Tsarskoe Selo and were received in audience in the hall of the Alexander palace, where he has his winter residence.

This interview face to face with their "little father," in whom their faith has not been shaken by the events of the bloody Sunday of Jan. 22, has had a far greater and more reassuring effect than any number of proclamations by ministers and governors general, and the workmen of St. Petersburg are now generally inclined to accept the promises of Gov. Gen. Trepoff and Finance Minister Kekovsoff at their face value.

Aid for Families of Victims.

The gift by the imperial family of $25,000 to aid the families of the victims of the conflict on Jan. 22 also has had an excellent effect, and as the news slowly permeates the laboring classes of Russia it is expected that it will make them content to wait for the promised reform.

Like a wave caused by the falling of a stone, the strike movement, however, is spreading over the great sea of Russian industrial life; and while St. Petersburg and Moscow, where the troubles began, are now placid, the workmen of Poland and other provinces are not yet calm, and the ripple has reached to far-off Irkutsk and other Siberian towns.

Emperor Nicholas adopted the traditional fatherly tone in his talk with the workmen yesterday. He chided them for allowing themselves to be

Misled by Traitors

into engaging in a movement imperiling the internal order of Russia and aiding the foreign foe, and for attempting to demand by force what he otherwise would be willing to do voluntarily. The workmen received the royal assurances of reform with cheers, and after a lunch at the imperial table, returned to St. Petersburg in the best of humor to report to their fellows, as enjoined, the words of his majesty. No attempt was made by them to present their desires, which already are sufficiently evident.

The action of the St. Petersburg manufacturers in placing themselves in the hands of the government in the matter of adjustment of the main points of the dispute and to grant the men pay for the time they have been on strike, not as a matter of right, but as a bavor, and their contributions in aid of the sufferers among the families of their workmen, are expected to add to the prevailing good feeling.

Prince Mirsky Dismissed.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 2.—The retirement of Interior Minister Sviatopolk-Mirsky was offiicially announced yesterday, ill health being assigned as the reason. The gossips are saying that Emperor Nicholas has offered the portfolio to M. Witte, president of the committee of ministers.

Prince Sviatopolk-Mirsky's desire to retire had been known for weeks, but the manner in which it was announced was unusual, the retirement of a minister usually being accompanied by an imperial rescript. For this reason the form of the announcement is popularly accepted as a reprimand.

The forecast that Mr. Bouligan will be named for minister of the interior is construed as indicating a recognition of Grand Duke Sergius' predominating influence with his nephew, the emperor.

Beaulieu Gets Busy.

Washington, Feb. 2.—Gus Beaulieu, White Earth, arrived here yesterday to press an amendment to the Indian appropriation bill permitting mixed-blood Indians on the Chippewa Indian reservation in Minnesota to sell their allotments in fee.

Slocum Jury Failed to Agree.

New York, Feb. 2.—The jury in the case of Henry Lundberg, former assistant inspector of steam vessels, charged with manslaughter in connection with the Gen. Slocum disaster, failed to agree.

Train Hits Street Car.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Feb. 2. — Six persons were injured, four probably fatally, last night when a Grand Rapids & Indiana north-bound passenger train crashed into a street car at West Leonard street.

THE VIRGINIAN.

This Much-Talked-of Play to Appear in St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Manager L. N. Scott of the Metropolitan theaters in St. Paul and Minneapolis, has, by special arrangement, secured for early appearance at his theaters the much-talked-of play, "The Virginian." It will be the bill at the Metropolitan theater in St. Paul for one week, beginning Sunday night, Feb. 5. Matinees will be given on Wednesday and Saturday. The following week the same company will appear at the Metropolitan theater, Minneapolis. The play, "The Virginian," is a dramatization of Owen Wister's celebrated book of the same name. The dramatization is the work of the well known writer and producer, Mr. Kirke La Shalle. No play of the past decade has been received with such peons of praise. The story, in its book form, is known to over a million of readers. All of the unique values of the book have been preserved in the play. The play will appeal to the best sentiment because of its broad Americanism, the types depicted and their picturesque environment. The love story of The Virginian, who is a Wyoming cowboy, and Molly Wood, a puritanical maid, is the basic idea around which book and play have been constructed. The setting of the story is the Wyoming cattle country in the early eighties, so the possibilities for an especially stirring romance are easily discernable. "The Virginian", was played for six months in New York last season. It is now playing only the largest cities en route to the Pacific coast. The company to be seen in St. Paul and Minneapolis is the same that appeared in the play in New York.

IN MEMORY OF M'KINLEY.

Late President's Birthday Commemorated at Canton.

Canton, Ohio, Feb. 1.—Commemorating the natal day of the late President McKinley, the Young Men's McKinley Club of Canton last night held a notable banquet in the Auditorium, Canton's new assembly hall of heroic proportions. Vice President-elect Fairbanks occupied the central position as chief guest of honor. Justice William R. Day, friend, neighbor and confidant of the late president, was master of ceremonies. To his left was Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, idol and hero of the South. Vis-a-vis sat Gen. Black, one of the heroes of the Civil war and former commander-in-chief of the G. A. R. To either side of these guests were Gov. Myron T. Herrick and Lieut. Gov. Warren G. Harding of Ohio. In the banquet hall, flanking these guests and orators, were congressmen and ex-congressmen and party leaders from Ohio, as well as notables from remote distances. Down in the pit of the hall, to the number of more than 800, were residents of Canton and many other persons prominent in state politics. The speakers were Justice Day, Vice President-elect Fairbanks, Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, Gen. Black and Gov. Herrick.

CUT PUBLISHERS' POSTAGE.

Would Allow Sample Copies a Rater of 3 Cents a Pound.

Washington, Feb. 1.—Congressman Overstreet (Ind.) yesterday introduced a bill providing that all publications of the second class when sent by the publisher from the publication office to actual subscribers, or when sent from a news agency to actual subscribers or to other news agents for the purpose of sale, shall be entitled to transmission at the rate of 1 cent per pound, and that sample copies, not exceeding in number the number of copies required for actual subscribers, may be mailed with any issue at the rate of 3 cents per pound.

NEW TEXTILE WAR.

Gov. Douglas May Again Be Asked to Intervene.

Fall River, Mass., Feb. 1.—In view of the continued refusal of the manufacturers to agree to a conference with the labor secretaries for the adjustment of alleged grievances in the mills, a special meeting of the textile council has been called for to-night. It is thought that intercession of Gov. Douglas will be asked.

BILL AIMED AT DYNAMITERS.

Babcock Measure Has Penalty for Acts at Washington.

Washington, Feb. 1.—Congressman Babcock (Wis.) introduced a bill yesterday providing for a penalty of $1,000 or ten years' imprisonment on conviction of any one who places explosives against any building, bridge or structure in the district of Columbia with intent to destroy it so as to endanger human life.

RELIEVED OF DEBTS.

Sully's Partner, Morse, Is Discharged From Bankruptcy.

New York, Feb. 1. — A discharge from bankruptcy has been granted to S. F. B. Morse, one of the partners of the failed firm of Daniel J. Sully & Co., cotton brokers, by Judge Holt in the United States district court. Mr. Morse is relieved of partnership debts of $1,599,362, and individual debts of $21,500.

REWARD RAILROAD HEROES.

Senator Lodge Puts in Bill to Authorize Medals.

Washington, Feb. 1.—Senator Lodge yesterday introduced a bill authorizing the striking of bronze medals of honor to be awarded to persons displaying conspicuous courage or undergoing great danger in saving lives in railroad wrecks or in preventing such wrecks.

RUPTURE WITH VENEZUELA

UNITED STATES MAY USE FORCE TO BRING CASTRO TO TIME.

BOWEN WANTS TO BE RECALLED

MINISTER ADVISES THAT DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS BE SEVERED.

PRESIDENT CONSULTS MR. HAY

HURRIES TO THE SICKBED OF THE SECRETARY WITH THE DISPATCHES.

Washington, Feb. 2.—Dispatches received at the state department yesterday from Minister Bowen at Caracas indicate that rupture with Venezuela is imminent.

Mr. Bowen's patience is at last exhausted and he has recommended that he be recalled and that diplomatic relations with Venezuela be severed. He says that the attitude of the Castro government remains uncompromising to the last degree and that he can see no encouraging indication of a peaceable settlement of the American claims. He advises that force be applied as the only means of bringing President Castro to terms, and that, as the first step, a formidable naval demonstration be at once made at La Guayira, the port of Caracas.

President Consults Hay.

Mr. Bowen's report was at once sent to the president, and soon afterward Mr. Roosevelt held a long conference with Secretary Hay, who is ill at his home. What conclusion was reached could not be learned, but the importance of the subject was proved by the fact that the president himself carried the dispatches to Mr. Hay's home.

The plan of teaching Castro a lesson was completed weeks ago, but the president decided to defer its execution until after the adjournment of congress, so that he would not be hampered by the senate. The plan includes a naval demonstration, which, if it fails to bring Castro to terms, will immediately be followed by the seizure of customs houses, which will be held until all the American claims have been adjusted satisfactorily.

Castro Insults Envoys.

The claims which Mr. Bowen has been trying for months to have arbitrated and settled are entirely independent of those which were disposed of in the agreement for the arbitration of the claims of all of the powers. They consist of claims which have developed since then. Chief among them is the claim of the asphalt trust, which claims to have been arbitrarily dispossessed of its concession.

Ten days ago President Castro snubbed Mr. Bowen and representatives of all European powers by going into the country on the plea that he needed rest. This was construed by Mr. Bowen and the other diplomats as an insult, and nothing has since occurred to change their views of the incident.

Mr. Bowen's report expresses the belief that the powers of Europe again are preparing to adopt coercive measures against Venezuela if the United States does not act quickly.

SCORE HURT IN WRECK.

Street Car at Fort Worth Is Smashed by a Freight Train.

Fort Worth, Tex., Feb. 2. — Twenty persons were injured, two seriously, in a collision between a freight train on the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad and a street car at the stock yards crossing in the northern limits of this city yesterday. About forty-five persons were in the car coming to work. The air was thick with fog and the stock cars in front of the Frisco engine so obscured the headlight that the motorman did not see the train approaching. A freight car struck the rear of the street car, throwing it fifty feet.

STRIKE MEASURE IS DOOMED.

House Committee Prevents Further Consideration of Bill.

Washington, Feb. 2. — The house committee on judiciary yesterday voted to postpone indefinitely further consideration of the bill prohibiting the use of injunctions and restraining orders in labor disputes. The action was taken by practically a party vote in the committee. A motion to "reconsider the vote and lay that action on the table," which is the parliamentary method of making it impossible to bring the subject up for consideration in the future, was also agreed to.

CONFEDERATE BILL DUPE.

John McNeil, Said to Be of St. Paul, Charged With Passing Notes.

Milwaukee, Feb. 2. — John McNeil, said to be of St. Paul and a waiter by occupation, was arrested in Milwaukee yesterday. He is charged with passing $100 in Confederate notes upon Mrs. Charles Sandberg and Mrs. Joseph Rodins. In each instance the man engaged a room, offered a $10 note of the Confederate States of America and received in change $8 in currency of the United States.

RUSS SHELLS KEEP FALLING.

Japanese Center and Left Played on by Enemy's Guns.

Tokio, Feb. 2. — Manchurian headquarters, telegraphing yesterday, reports that in the fighting which has occurred since Jan. 25 at Likajentan, Chenchiehpao and Heikoutai, the Russians left over 1,200 dead on the field.

The Russians yesterday shelled the Japanese center, using field guns and mortars. Simultaneously, they shelled a portion of the Japanese left, using twelve heavy field guns. There has been a series of small infantry encounters in front of the Japanese center and left.

Russian Losses Over 36,000.

London, Feb. 2. — The Daily Telegraph's Tokio correspondent says the Russian casualties in the engagements from Jan. 25 to Jan. 29 are now estimated at between 36,000 and 42,000, and those of the Japanese at $7,000.

No Palpable Result.

Russian Headquarters, Feb. 2.—The five-days' battle on the Hun river has yielded no palpable result, both sides maintaining their former positions, though it is true that at heavy cost the Russians succeeded in driving the Japanese out of their advanced positions and repelling their flanking column. The Russian cavalry proved extremely efficient. There is again a lull in the campaign, and it is possible that military operations will be suspended until the end of February.

MIRACLE SAVED HER SIGHT.

Miss Hanson Testifies Under Oath to Supernatural Cure.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—A miracle brought about by prayer was yesterday sworn to in court by Miss Inga Hanson, a former member of the Salvation Army, who is on trial here, charged with perjury in connection with a personal damage suit brought by her against the Chicago City Railway company. Under oath yesterday she testified that the alleged miracle restored her sight, speech and hearing. This remarkable explanation came from the lips of the young woman on the answer to a charge that her ailments had been conceived to further a $50,000 conspiracy, had been adroitly simulated through the five years of litigation and had suddenly ceased. The scene of the alleged visitation was in Richmond, Va., and, according to the girl's claims, was produced by prayer with an itinerant Methodist missionary who visited her. Miss Hanson lost her suit against the street railway company.

HOCK IS INDICTED.

Now Known to Have Had Twenty-Nine Wives and Returns Not All In.

Chicago, Feb. 2. — Two true bills charging bigamy were found against Johann Hock by the grand jury yesterday. Mrs. Goerk-Hock's marriage to Hock was set up in the first indictment as a legal marriage and that of Mrs. Emilie Fischer-Hock as a bigamous marriage in the first indictment. Then, in order to have two true bills, Assistant State's Attorney Lindley set up the marriage of Mrs. Hendricksen-Hock as legal and again the Mrs. Fischer-Hock marriage as bigamous. The police yesterday secured information that Hock had still four more wives, making a total of twenty-nine, not counting two women of Brooklyn, now dead, regarding whom the police have heard only rumors. It will be several days before the result of the chemical analysis of the organs of Mrs. Marie Welker-Hock will be made public.

TO REPAY EXPOSITION COMPANY.

Hundred Thousand Dollars Loaned the Government for Filipino Exhibit.

Washington, Feb. 2.—Secretary Taft has sent to the senate a communication recommending the payment to the Louisiana Purchase Exposition company of $100,000 advanced to the government to prepare the Philippine exhibit. The recommendation is in accordance with an agreement entered into by Former Secretary Root.

BECKWITH IS DYING.

President of Defunct Oberlin Bank Will Not Live to Stand Trial.

Oberlin, Ohio, Feb. 2.—President T. D. Beckwith, of the closed Citizens' National bank, is slowly sinking. It was stated yesterday that he might live for several days, but is liable to pass away at any moment. He no longer takes nourishment, and is almost constantly in an unconscious condition.

NINE MILLIONS ON ONE SHIP.

Biggest Single Shipment of Gold at New York.

New York, Feb. 2.—The steamship La Champagne to-day will take out $9,130,000 in gold for Paris. This is the largest shipment ever made in one ship from this port. The cost of the shipment for freight and insurance is about $3,750 for every $1,000,000, or about $35,000.

Catholic Church Burned.

St. Paul, Feb. 2.—St. Joseph's Catholic church, Virginia avenue and Carroll street, was damaged by fire at 7:30 last night, for the second time in five years. The loss is estimated at $7,000 and the insurance is only $3,350. An organ was recently placed in the church at a cost of $2,000.

Killed in Feud.

Abbeville, Ga., Feb. 2.—Bailiff W. H. Livingston was killed and five persons were wounded as the result of a feud over a line fence near Rhine.

WOMAN FACES FORGERY CHARGE

DULUTH ATTORNEY CAUSES THE ARREST OF MISS FLOSSIE M'CUTCHEON.

BIG SENSATION IS SPRUNG

SUPERIOR WOMAN TO ANSWER TO INDICTMENT BY THE GRAND JURY.

SAYS CHARGE IS TRUMPED UP

TO PREJUDICE WOMAN'S CASE AGAINST POWERS FOR SEDUCTION.

Duluth, Minn., Feb. 2.—A sensation was sprung in district court yesterday when Miss Flossie McCutcheon of Superior was arraigned on a charge of forgery. Miss McCutcheon is the young woman, formerly of Hibbing, who has begun a damage suit against A. H. Powers, a prominent logger and mining man of Hibbing, charging him with seduction and kindred crimes.

The indictment on the charge of forgery was returned by the last grand jury of the district court, but as Miss McCutcheon lived in Superior and outside of the jurisdiction of the court, she was not arrested, although efforts were being made to procure requisition papers in order that she might be taken into custody

On a Bench Warrant.

Theodore Hollister and George L. Spangler of this city, attorneys for Miss McCutcheon in the Powers case, upon hearing of the indictment, advised Miss McCutcheon to come to Duluth.

The indictment charges that Miss McCutcheon forged the name of Attorney T. S. Silliman of Hibbing to a receipt in June of last year. It is claimed by Mr. Silliman that that he had some accounts against her for collection and that she now exhibits a receipt for $30, purporting to be from him as representative of one of her creditors. Mr. Silliman declares the paper to be a forgery, but the defense holds the receipt to be genuine. Mr. Spangler, for the defendant, says that the charge against Miss McCutcheon is trumped up in order to prejudice her case against Mr. Powers, which will come up in the United States court next week.

SIOUX INDIANS WANT PARK.

Bill for Tract on Yankton Reservation Where Chiefs May Be Honored.

Washington, Feb. 2.—A bill was introduced by Senator Gamble yesterday authorizing the secretary of the interior to set apart a tract of land on the Yankton reservation in South Dakota for a national park, the tract not to exceed twenty acres in extent, to be taken from land now reserved for agency purposes. The Sioux Indians desire to place monuments in memory of dead chieftians upon the tract when it is set apart.

BABCOCK TO RETIRE.

That Is, to Quit Campaign Job That He May Protect Himself.

Washington, Feb. 2.—Representative Babcock formally announced his determination not to be chairman of the Republican congressional committee at a dinner given by members of the committee. This does not mean that Babcock is going to retire from congress, but that he wants to be free to work in his own district in the next congressional campaign.

COLD WAVE IN NORTHWEST.

Wide Territory Affected by Low Temperature.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—Reports from the lake region, the Middle West and the Northwest show that a cold wave extends over a wide territory, including Illinois, Kansas, Nebraska, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, the Dakotas, Montana and the Northwest Territory. The temperatures range from 5 degrees below zero in Chicago to 28 below at Havre, Mont.

Sues for a Vast Sum.

Butte, Mont., Feb. 2.—The Speculator Mining company, of which Banker Creighton of Omaha and other Nebraska men are the principal owners, has begun suit against W. W. Wishon, formerly manager of the property, and Stephen H. Northey, lessor of a portion of the Speculator mine, for $150,000, the proceeds of ore, which sum, it is alleged, the defendants refuse to turn over to the plaintiff company.

Man Frozen to Death.

Oskaloosa, Iowa, Feb. 2. — Houston Webb, sixty years of age, was frozen to death in a timber yesterday. He left a wagon to walk half a mile through the fields and was overcome by cold.

Two Children Burned.

Rib Lake, Wis., Feb. 2. — In a fire which destroyed the house of Isaac Webb in Greenwood, a boy and girl, 8 and 9 years old, were burned. Webb was seriously burned trying to save them.

The Spectator.

ST. HILAIRE, - - MINNESOTA.

Jupiter, with his six moons, if the planet is inhabited, must be a lovely place for lovers.

Was there ever a woman who ever forgot a compliment? Or a man who was impervious to flattery?

What should the young man say to the girl who slyly remarks: "You know it isn't leap year any more?"

Cancer is said to be most frequently found in beer-drinking countries. Consumption of beer is also quite prevalent.

A Salem (Mass.) woman was married one day, eloped the next, and was arrested on the third. O, the witch!

When it comes to producing feverish sensations America's Dukes seem to be right in it with the English nobility.

Doctors say that gout is becoming a rare ailment. Here is something for which the meat trust may claim undisputed credit.

The gap in the Alaskan-Canadian boundary has been surveyed and the polar bears thereabout can determine their allegiance.

King Alfonso wants a rich wife. Rich American mothers should not put a queen's title beyond the effort of money as a matchmaker.

The New York Herald gives the timely information to a correspondent that while he does not write it O'Yama, he fights as if he did.

If the dowager empress of China has been converted to Christianity, there will be a speedy improvement in the treatment of the "foreign devils."

Italy's foreign minister, Tittoni, has a "phenomenal form" of influenza. If it is any worse than the ordinary kind the description certainly fits it.

A matinee idol's wife has sued him for a divorce. The matinee idol, because of this tribute to his popularity, will at once ask for an increase of salary.

Mr. G. D. Pappageorgian and Mr. M. N. Sakelylarios are soon to begin the publication of a newspaper in Boston. Possibly they wish to make names for themselves.

Crime is reported to be decreasing in New York. If that is the case a large percentage of the population will be likely to find that town uninteresting hereafter.

If embezzlers are to be let off because they say they are sorry there are colonies of boarders in state institutions who could qualify for liberation at any moment.

The president had 7,718 callers at his New Year's reception. Every once in a while a man hears something that convinces him that he wouldn't care much for the job, anyhow.

A millionaire cut off his son in his will with an annual allowance of $5,000. The young man, by strict economy and an occasional lift in the bread line, can worry along.

Admirers of the Prince and Princess of Wales have presented them with nineteen pianos. It's lucky for the neighbors of the prince and princess that they have a big yard around their place.

Employes of the French government have been ordered to shave off their whiskers. Think of the rasping there would be if the czar should some day order his subjects to shed their vitches.

An Indian chief has become the president of a bank at Skiatook, I. T. He is earnestly advised to keep his tomahawk ready for use upon old ladies who desire to raise money on Carnegie notes.

Now the creditors of young Mr. Tiffany of New York join him in declaring that he can't live on $18,000 a year. It may be, however, that they are merely endeavoring to push a good thing along.

The discovery of a Berlin oculist that radium is a cure for ophthalmia is a reminder that the magazines and newspapers haven't been printing many articles lately about the wonderful properties of radium.

Two of the Russian generals who were at Port Arthur have decided to go to Japan as prisoners of war rather than to be paroled. They may have private reasons for not wishing to meet their czar—or their wives.

An English educator says that vests are dangerous garments and expose the wearer to influenza. In this country about the worst that can be said of waistcoats is that some of them are exceedingly dangerous to the eyesight.

The New York city improvement commission has presented an elaborate plan to make beautiful the entire city of New York. Perhaps some day some commission will be appointed to present a comprehensive plan—price no object—by which to make the city good.

Romance stands little show in these practical, scientific times. Consider the suggestion of a former United States consul at Venice that American manufacturers should make efforts to substitute good and cheap motor boats for the picturesque gondolas in the canal streets of the city!

The pleasing story about the poor Indian who walked 280 miles to get a Bible fails to state whether the nearest saloonkeper was willing to accept household goods in lieu of cash.

FOR YOUNG FOLKS

Three Gifts.

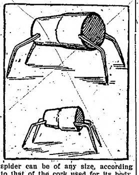
There is a night which children love,
A time of fadeless youth,
A time when tenderest legendry
Entwines with holiest truth.
O happy night! O holy night!
Still shines thy radiant star
On shepherds watching in the fields,
O'er wise men journeying far.

There is a tree the children love
Whose flowers are all of light,
Whose fruitage is a shower of gifts
Of wonder and delight.
Beneath the branches of that tree
Care flies and pain is mute,
And hands long sundered meet again
When gathering its fruit.

There is a Child the children love,
Couched on His mother's knee.
On Him the happy star doth shine,
And on the Christmas tree.
Out from those baby hands of His,
Like rose leaves softly curled,
Hath come that happy, holy thing,
The Christmas of the world.
—Florence Evelyn Pratt, in Harper's Bazar.

Spider from Cork.

This funny spider will walk all over your table, but you could not possibly induce it to spin a web. It's a pretty queer spider, isn't it, that cannot spin a web? This one is made of cork, which explains the reason why. Your spider can be of any size, according to that of the cork used for its body. For its legs use wooden toothpicks. Stick two into each end of the cork, and then bend them in the middle until they crack, but do not break through on both sides. They will bend and form your spider's jointed legs. Place your spider on the table get some water in a teaspoon and shake a drop carefully on each leg at the joint. The legs will immediately begin to move, and appear quite lifelike. Of course it will not run across the table like a real spider would do, but if the toothpicks are of tough wood, and the top of the table smooth, it will wriggle a good deal and astonish every one who sees the trick for the first time.



Self-Reliance a Good Teacher.

We often find that boys who have educated themselves in the country, almost without schooling or teachers, make the most vigorous thinkers. They may not be quite as polished or cultivated, in some ways, but they have something better than polish, and that is mental vigor, originality of method, and independence. They do not lean upon their schooling, or depend upon their diplomas; necessity has been their teacher, and they have been forced to act for themselves and be practical; they know little of theories, but they know what will work. They have gained power by solving their own problems. Such self-educated, self-made men carry weight in their communities because they are men of power and think vigorously and strongly; they have learned to concentrate the mind.

Self-help is the only help that will make strong, vigorous lives. Self-reliance is a great educator and early poverty is a good teacher. Necessity has ever been the priceless spur which has called man out of himself and spurred him on to his goal.

Grit is more than a match for almost any handicap. It overcomes obstacles and abolishes difficulties. It is the man who makes an opportunity and does not wait for it—the man who helps himself and does not wait to be helped—that makes the strong thinker and vigorous operator.

It is he who dares to be himself and to work by his own program, without imitating others, who wins.—Montreal Herald.

Agility of Insects.

There was a certain little fly that was observed to run three inches and make, in doing it, 440 steps—all in one-half a second of time. To equal this in proportion to his size a man would have to run at the rate of twenty miles a minute.

The common flea leaps 200 times its own length. To show like agility a man six feet tall would have to leap a distance of 1,200 feet. The cheese mite is about one-quarter of an inch in length, yet it has been seen to take the tip of its tail in its mouth and then, letting go with a jerk, to leap out of a vessel six inches in depth. To equal this a man would have to jump out of a well from a depth of 144 feet.

Entertainment With a Candle.

Grown people as well as children will get a great deal of pleasure out of the following tricks:

1. Put a nail in the end of a candle and set it in a glass filled with water. The nail will hold the candle steady, and it will burn until nothing remains, always rising above the surface of the water by reason of the decrease in weight.

2. Take a small picture cut from a paper or book, and wrap it lightly round a candle. Light a match or another candle and hold the flame near until it becomes transparent. Unwrap the picture and every one will be surprised to find it printed on the candle.

3. Put a candle unlighted into a basin full of water. Let several try to take it out with their mouths not touching the candle with their hands. Everyone will fail. Then you put your face in the water, and when your mouth is near the end of the candle draw in a deep breath and the suction of the water will draw the candle into your mouth.

4. Allow some drops from a lighted candle turned upside down to fall into a basin of cold water. The grease will form flowers. String these on the end of a wire, and green leaves made from paper, and a very interesting plant will be the result.

5. Heat a piece of wire and stick it through the middle of a candle. Make a wick at both ends. Balance the candle on two tumblers. Light the wicks, and the dropping of the candle grease will make the candle seesaw, getting faster and faster as it grows hotter. This is a very pretty experiment, and will cause a great deal of amusement to young and old alike.

Get the Saving Habit.

"Take care of the pennies and the dollars will take care of themselves," and "Good principles and good habits are in themselves a fortune" are good maxims.

And how can we take care of the pennies, do you ask? Taking care of things means not wasting them heedlessly. Pennies in our pockets often need taking care of when we are passing slot machines and candy shops. They have a fashion of dropping into these places where they bring us little or no return. Waste produces want and misery, whereas thoughtful economy creates good habits. Habits grow into character and good principles and good habits are indeed a fortune in a mental and moral as well as in a financial way. When we learn to deny ourselves foolish indulgences so that we may save money and time for some good use, we feel a satisfaction and self-responsibility that gives life an added joy.

Game of Old Soldier.

Old Soldier is a game for young children, and though it seems very simple, yet there is a good deal of fun in it. One of the children pretends to be an old soldier, and goes round begging of each of the other players in turn, saying that he is "poor and old, and hungry," and asking what they will do for him or give him. In answering the old soldier no one must say the words "yes," "no," "black," or "white," and he must be answered at once without hesitation. Anyone who does not reply at once, or who uses any of the forbidden words, must pay a forfeit.

Youthful Gardeners.

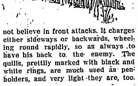
By way of encouraging the young Porto Ricans to work, Dr. Lindsay, the United States Commissioner of Education for the island, has planned for every country schoolhouse to have an acre or two of land for gardening. The pupils are divided into two shifts, and while one set is studying reading, writing and arithmetic, the other is learning the rudiments of practical gardening. Each school has two teachers, one for the ordinary educational branches, and the other for the gardening.—Washington Star.

Companion Left to Die.

There was a curious incident near Harding, Transvaal Colony, recently. A native was riding along a pathway at sunrise when he saw the head and arms of a man sticking out of the ground, the arms waving wildly in signal of distress. The fellow was imprisoned in an ant-bear hole and was half dead. When he was resuscitated he told how he had been coming back on foot from Johannesburg with some friends when he was taken ill. His friends thought he was going to die and stuck him in the ant-bear hole and deserted him. When he recovered he prosecuted his friends and they went to prison.

Mr. Porcupine Quills.

It used to be said that the porcupine, when attacked, shot its quills at its assailants. The notion is, of course, absurd. For if the animal shot its quills away at enemy No. 1, what was it to do when enemy No. 2 came along? The quills drop out easily, and are shed periodically, and this may have given rise to the popular delusion. But they are useful for attack or defense, all the same. By drawing its skin together the quills are raised, and a very nasty barrier a foe finds them. The porcupine does not believe in front attacks. It charges either sideways or backwards, wheeling round rapidly, so as always to have his back to the enemy. The quills, prettily marked with black and white rings, are much used as penholders, and very light they are, too.



Riddles.

Who is it that can marry, yet live single? A clergyman.

Why did the lobster blush? Because he saw the salad dressing.

Why is chloroform like Mendelssohn? Because it is a great composer.

Why is roast veal like the letter "f?" Because it is the end of "calf."

What is it that is bought by the yard and worn by the foot? A carpet.

On which tree has fire no effect? The ash, because even if burned it is "ash" still.

If ladies were cast adrift on the sea where would they steer for? The Isle of Man.

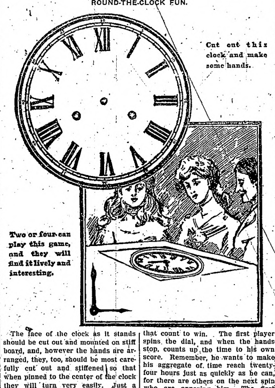
When does a son not take after his father? When his father leaves him nothing to take.

Why should a bee know how to make itself comfortable? Because it is two-thirds made from ease (e's).

Marriage by Proxy.

In olden days marriage by proxy was very usual in Europe and it is still permitted by the laws of Holland. A Dutchman who has gone abroad leaving his sweetheart behind and who finds it inconvenient to return for her weds her by proxy. After certain legal formalities have been carried out a friend of the bridegroom goes through the marriage ceremony for him and then the bride is shipped off to her far-distant husband.

ROUND-THE-CLOCK FUN.



Cut out this clock and make some hands.

Two or four can play this game, and they will find it lively and interesting.

The face of the clock as it stands should be cut out and mounted on stiff board, and, however the hands are arranged, they, too, should be most carefully cut out and stiffened so that when pinned to the center of the clock they will turn very easily. Just a snap of the finger should spin them around the dial.

The clock marks minutes, hours and seconds, have been most carefully drawn out, and when the two hands come to a standstill the players will be able to see just the time they show. The position of the hands always remaining the same distance apart will, of course, simplify the count, and it will not be found difficult to tell at a glance the hour, minute and second.

Two or even four, can play the game. There are twenty-four hours in one day, and the score must reach that count to win. The first player spins the dial, and when the hands stop, counts up the time to his own score. Remember, he wants to make his aggregate of time reach twenty-four hours just as quickly as he can, for there are others on the next spin who are opposing him. The first player may get as count by the hands ten minutes after 12—then he puts to his credit twelve hours and ten minutes.

The next player spins the hands and puts down his count, and so on until all those who are in the game have had their turn, when it comes back to the first player.

It may not always be possible to make the exact count at the end of the game; that is, it may run ten minutes after the twenty-four or ten minutes before, but the first player to go beyond his time limit wins in the game.

SCIENCE and INVENTION

To Harness Bay of Fundy.

It is believed that it will not be very long before adequate steps are taken to harness some of the practically unlimited tide-water power of the Bay of Fundy and of the flats and lowlands that mark the estuaries of the streams that flow into the bay. On the Mines basin a head of from thirty-five to forty feet would be available. This, sustained by the limitless volume of ocean water, replenishing the basins every twelve hours, would afford an aggregate power far beyond the utmost capacity of Niagara. This is only one instance of the power on the Bay of Fundy that now goes to waste. At Moncton the tide rises to a height of thirty feet, beginning with the famous rushing "bore" six feet in height. This power could be utilized and the harbor improved without destroying the fascinations of the "bore."

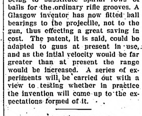
In England experiments are being made with wireless burglar alarms. The steel safe which is to be guarded by the alarm arrangement is equipped with a small but efficient transmitter. When the safe is opened the electrical waves are radiated. These waves come in contact with the usual coherer at some distant central point, ring a bell and so announce that the door has been opened. It is thought that when this system is perfected, which it is not as yet, no burglar will be able to so temper with it as to destroy its efficiency.

Wonderful types of ancient animals have been discovered in the Fayoum district of northeastern Africa. It is believed that the animals of the elephant and mastodon class were developed in Africa itself, but this does not appear to invalidate the theory that most of the African fauna had a more northern origin in Europe or Asia.

Collapsible Step-Ladder.

Most every step-ladder is collapsible to a certain extent, as the rear supports fold up against the front ones and permits of the device being stood up against the wall or in a corner. The step-ladder of the familiar type is of wood, and for this reason its folding capacity was more or less limited, but the most recent improvement in this very useful household implement makes use of metal instead of wood, and enables the thing to be given a double fold, which squeezes its bulk down to that of a clothes prop.

Being of metal, the construction is exceedingly light, and though very frail in its appearance, is exceedingly strong and practically everylasting. After the back legs have been folded against the front ones the sides of the device are drawn together by means of a hinge joint in the center of each step and in the top platform. In folding this saves the space of the width of the ladder, and the whole thing collapsed can almost be spanned by the two hands.


Step-ladder partly closed.

Improving Big Guns.

The life of a big gun is notoriously short. Many efforts have been made to minimize the friction caused by the shell in its passage from the gun, as it is this friction which so soon wears out a modern artillery piece. The use of ball bearings inside the bore was introduced by the American during the early part of last year, his method being to substitute spiral rows of balls for the ordinary rifle grooves. A Glasgow inventor has now fitted ball bearings to the projectile, not to the gun, thus effecting a great saving in cost. The patent, it is said, could be adapted to guns at present in use, and as the intial velocity would be far greater than at present the range would be increased. A series of experiments will be carried out with a view to testing whether in practice the invention will come up to the expectations formed of it.

Breaks Steam Record.

The monster steam engine breaks the world's steam records in Berlin. This notable machine is a tripple expansion, four cylinder, reciprocating engine of 5,000 horse power, which in running at almost full load has developed one horse power hour for something less than nine pounds of water per horse power, with superheat up to 600 degrees. Since the engine has sixteen valves and a variety of complicated mechanisms and requires a great deal of lubricating, the cost of attention, maintenance, lubrication, etc., may make it really less economical in trial cost than some engine using more steam.

New Electrical Ore-Finder.

In view of the increasing difficulty of getting a good supply of native ore, great interest is being taken in a new electrical ore finder, which it is claimed has been very successful in discovering lodes, reefs, or strata of ore in England. It is said that by this "finder" the expert listener can judge with surprising accuracy how deep the lode is, and in which direction it runs.

Side-Hill Plow Inventer.

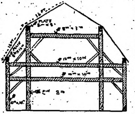
R. I. Knapp, the inventor of the side-hill plow, died at Half Moon, Cal., recently. He was a native of New York, but went to California in 1856.

PLANK FRAME FOR BARN.

Full Directions for Building, With Dimensions of Timber.

The writer has built concrete basements under a good many barns where the timber was made of two-inch planks, spiked and bolted together to form the size and length of timbers required. If a beam is required, say, 10 inches square, take 2x10 inch planks 14 feet long (any length will do, from 12 to 18 feet). Spike two of these together, care being taken not to have the joints closer than four feet, spike on another row of planks on each side of the two just made, then another one; this will make the timber ten inches square. Five-eighths inch bolts should be put through the planks every three feet, or where best suited to bolt the plank together. Every second bolt should be near the bottom of the timber. Some advocate this style of timber for barns instead of solid beams. The writer has built concrete buildings 45x160 feet, where the girders to hold up the second story were made out of 3x12 inch planks, spiked and bolted together, with a truss beneath, leaving the first story without a post.

If a barn is set upon a basement of stone or concrete, the sills can be made of 3x12 inch planks doubled. The main posts and beams can be made out of ten-inch planks, this will make them ten inches square, the plates 8x10 inch, and the purline posts and plate 8x8 inches. In the plan shown the posts are 18 feet long, the rafters are 16 feet long and are of 3x5 inch stuff. The upper and lower rafters are the same length. There should be five bents in a barn 60 feet long.—H.



End Bent in a Plank Frame Barn Showing Dimensions of Timbers.

Squaring a House to the Street.

My house, 12 by 18 feet, standing on posts with the chimney in the center, is not square with the street and has to be moved. The front part will have to be moved 10 feet, and the rear part 4 feet.

The best way would be to first move the house to the place and position required. The house should be raised six or eight inches higher than required, and after the stone wall is built it can be lowered down on it. This makes a complete job. Place a stick of timber across each corner of the building, letting the ends rest on blocking on the ground outside of the wall, and another timber on the post in the cellar and under the sill to block on outside; these last timbers should be 9 and 12 feet from each corner. After the walls are built, and the building resting on them, these beams are removed and wall built up to sills.

Distinguishing Sex in Geese.

It is not easy on the part of the uninitiated to tell the difference between the goose and the gander especially in the larger and heavier varieties. The following general description is applicable to most cases: The male is larger than the female. The head of the goose is smaller, the neck slightly thinner and she is deeper in body. The call of the gander is loud, long and shrill, while that of the goose is much softer. A way to discover sexes is to separate a flock by driving part on each side of a building or fence, and it is then comparatively easy to discover the ganders by their calls. During the breeding season the gander is inclined to be vicious and will vigorously defend the goose and her nest should she be sitting.

Manure Receptacle.

It is all right to allow the manure to fall through grating in the floor, but it is not well to let it remain there for any length of time. A large dairy barn is arranged with boxes beneath the floor to catch the manure. These boxes are square, tapering to a narrow outlet, and so arranged that each box receives the dropings of about twenty cows. These boxes are cleared out several times each week, and the manure taken direct to the fields. If the manure was allowed to accumulate the atmosphere of the stable would undoubtedly become contaminated.

Easy Remedy for Cucumber Beetle.

A correspondent tells us a very simple method of combatting the troublesome striped cucumber beetle. He says: "I was troubled with the striped cucumber beetle until by accident a sunflower seed got planted in a cucumber hill. This hill was entirely exempt from the ravages of the beetle. Since then I have planted a sunflower seed in every cucumber hill and have had no more trouble with insects of any kind on these plants."

Pumping Water.

At a very moderate expense in putting up a small windmill and tank all hand pumping would be done away with. And not only that, but one could have water brought right into the house on tap at all times. The same equipment would supply the stock in the barn or fields with a constant supply, provided the spring tapped by the well is strong enough for the demands made upon it. A modern windmill is more than a labor saver.

Coloring Butter.

Some buttermakers color their butter with the juice of red carrot, but commercial butter color is most generally in favor. Whatever is used should be added to the cream when in the churn. Care must be taken not to over color, as the tendency of the market is to demand pale butter.

The Trouble in His Case.

Mrs. Brown—They say the way to a man's heart is through his stomach.

Mrs. Jones—Yes; but my husband is a dyspeptic, so I suppose it's no thoroughfare.

DAIRY NOTES

Dairy School Attendance.

Reports from Wisconsin say that the dairy school this year is crowded, there being 125 students present. This number is twenty-five more than the school has facilities for instructing with ease. When the present school was built it was felt that the capacity would be great enough for a long time to come. The attendance shows the interest Wisconsin farmers are taking in scientific matters relating to dairying. Among the students this year are some Swiss buttermakers from a part of Wisconsin where cheese of foreign name are being made. From other parts of the country come reports of good attendance in the dairy schools. This is an encouraging feature of educational advance. Probably no phase of farm life more needs the help of science than the dairy, as it is the part of farm work that touches manufacture.

Every state of the Union should have a dairy school, for in every state of the Union dairy products are becoming important parts of the farm output. Dairy conventions stimulate interest, but seldom get down to the foundations of matters in their papers and discussions, and, if they do, the people that hear them do not understand what is said. But in the case of dairy schools the students begin at the foundation and acquaint themselves with the obscure things that need to be brought out to the light.

Many of our farmers could well afford to send their sons to take a course in the dairy schools of their respective states. If the capacities are not now great enough they could soon be made so.

Sterilized Water for Washing Dairy Dishes.

Dairy utensils should be washed in water that is sterile as to last application. Of course, we do not recommend that hot water be used before the dishes have had the milk rinsed out of them. But water that is sterile has been found absolutely necessary in the washing of churns and milk holding utensils, where diseases have become prevalent or forms of bacterial life that cause taints and stringiness in milk. Recently in a magazine appeared an article relative to the sterilization of water by the application of copper sulphate at the rate of one part of copper sulphate to one million parts of water. This, it is said, will kill germs in water. As copper sulphate is a deadly poison, we do not advise our readers to use it as described. The use of the proportion given would not endanger life, but novices cannot be depended on to confine themselves to prescribed rules. The chemists will doubtless provide us with full information in due time. Meanwhile, the boiling of water is the surest way of getting water that is germ proof, and that is so simple a process that we have no hesitancy in recommending it. Dishes thoroughly heated by means of boiling water will not carry lactic acid ferments from milking to milking and thus hasten souring of the milk.

Decline of the Siberian Butter Business.

As might be expected, the butter business of Siberia has been hard hit by the war between Russia and Japan. The very first check was the cutting off of means of transporting the butter, as the railways were principally given over to the carrying of troops and supplies. The dairies nearest the line of march did a good business for a while selling milk to the soldiers, but the patrons of creameries at a distance had no outlet for their milk. They therefore began to sell their milch cows to the authorities for the making of beef for the army, and in this way a very large number of cows have been disposed of. The whole dairy business of Siberia is reported to be paralyzed. The sale of all kinds of dairy utensils stopped completely, and this in turn forced several dairy supply houses there to close their doors. The makers of milk and the sellers of butter in Siberia are now said to be idle. It will doubtless take a long time to repair the injury done.

Oleomargarine Still Fights.

The makers of oleomargarine are beginning a new assault on the law that taxes colored oleomargarine ten cents per pound. Information from Washington states that a bill is to be introduced in the Ways and Means committee for the reduction of the tax. There are seventeen members of this committee, and a majority of them are known to be friendly to the butter interests. It is not believed that a bill can be got through this committee, it is felt that if it is it can not possibly get the support of a majority of the house. The men that had a hand in pushing through the bill that became the law we now have feel very safe, but are on the watch, prepared to marshal the honest butter forces, if necessary.

Wisconsin Inspection of Cheese Factories.

Professor Henry and other leaders in Wisconsin dairy thought are advocating greater efforts in the improving of the output of cheese. We believe it was Professor Emery of the Wisconsin State Dairy and Food Commission who last year advocated the placing of a tax on each cheese factory in the form of a license, thereby enabling the state to spend more money in the way of cheese factory inspection. Professor Henry advocates the placing of a tax sufficient to enable the state to raise by the licenses $30,000 a year. He says that forty inspectors should be put to work at once and that these would not find the work light. Wisconsin has done more in the way of inspecting cheese factories than any other American state, and it is largely due to this that the cheese output of the state has remained good and has increased in price. It is to be hoped that Wisconsin will make the venture and thus blaze the way for the other states.

Walking delegates usually ride at the expense of others.

IN THE WOODS IN WINTER

"A LONG MIGRATION"

Why these gorgeous coated, sweet voiced fellows should stay with us all through all the snowbound months has always been a mystery to me. But I suppose the law of compensation governs such matters; and in this instance I am well satisfied with the result. It is a very gratifying compensation, too, that one derives from the companionship of these cheery winter visitors. During the busy summer season it is a treat to meet a new bird; in winter a greater one to run across an old acquaintance, or even discover his dainty little tracks in the snow. If we follow up his trail we will soon hear various chirps and twits that warn us that we, too, are discovered, and if all this is in close proximity to a hemlock or pine tree the chances are that the note of alarm was sounded by a rich-coated cardinal whose disposition is as peppery as his coat is red. And what an all-round good fellow he is, so famous in song and story, familiarly known to most as the Kentucky red bird.

All sorts and conditions of seeds go to swell his little red waistcoat; even those hard billets on the wild cucumber are not to be despised in an emergency. His Latin name (toxia coccothraustes) signifies "berry breaker," because, with his large, horny bill he cracks open the shell of fruit stones and so secures the kernel.

One or two authorities have asserted that these birds "never condescend below the level of the laurel bush," but I have many times discovered them scratching and fussing among dead leaves on the ground. In fact, the first cardinal bird I ever saw in northern Ohio emerged in a cloud of dust from a heap of dead leaves where he had been raising such a commotion that I had expected to see nothing smaller than a hen or a hawk. The less "dressy" little wife soon appeared on the scene also, and, I am happy to say, the charming pair, or another just like them, have nested for several seasons in a nearby thicket, and during the winter six glowing cardinals have ranged through the valley in search of food, a sight for sore eyes in January, when the thermometer has tumbled way below decency.

On almost any winter day, if the sun gives the least hint of increased warmth, the cardinal takes heart and whistles loud and clear. His thrilling "What-cheer, what-cheer, what-cheer, girly-girly-girly," rings out sweetly, followed by a meditative little "cho-cho-cho," lest he forget life's responsibilities. By the way, the chatty little juncos imitate these "cho-cho-cho" notes in a tinkling, icy song that would be positively refreshing in August, but during the heated months these small 'snowbirds' are "away in the North" arranging affairs in the icicle country; so it is no wonder that their song has a frosty flavor.

Next in gorgeousness of color, often to be seen at a wintry "at-home," comes the metallic-hued bluejay—saucy, noisy and handsome, with a beauty that covers a multitude of sins, according to some observers. At any rate, he is the first to cry "thief, thief," on all occasions and the last fellow to give up the booty. All the same, I believe that this engagingly "human" chap is a much maligned bird, for all that Langille insists that he sees them lugging around dead sparrows in the tree tops, picking out the eyes and brains at their leisure. Of course, such tales give the jays a doubtful reputation that will bear "washing." Myself, I have only seen them despoiling the winter cocoons of the destructive tussock moth. The government report also confirms my good opinion of them.

Occasionally crops out the jay's relationship to the mischievous crow. Like that bird of questionable character, he skips about teasing other birds by imitating the call of their dreaded enemy, the hawk. Owls, too, are game for him, for he cannot see one blinking and motionless in the sunshine without making unpleasant remarks in close proximity to its unseeing eyes. Doubtless, however, the owl takes his revenge when night comes, and many a juicy jay pays the penalty of his daylight impertinence. By the way crows are often annoyed by impudent kingbirds, at whom, in turn, the saucy little wren has his fling; and so on, I suppose, down the scale, following the example of Swift's "lesser fleas."

But if the jay is a noisy chap during the autumn and winter months—comes May and mating time. Then he is as silent as a pickpocket, gliding through the bushes with never a word to anyone. He appreciates at its true value the old maxim that silence is golden. There is a time for all things, and he intelligently discriminates—which is more than can be said of many of the great unfeathered.

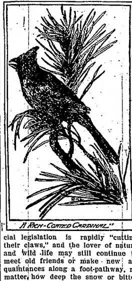
According to Lowell, his kingly crown sometimes leads him into trouble, as does occasionally that insignia of royalty of our own order. Malicious boys make a hole in the snow just large enough to admit his head and bait it with corn. Into this the crest slips easily, but refuses to be pulled out, and the jay "who came to feast remains a prey." A tragedy like this makes one thankful that "birds rights" have become subjects for legislation.

How beautifully marked are the feathers of the jay. Each little plume is a veritable jewel of itself. Only to study one of these atoms of nature's handiwork, discarded and floated down onto a bit of summery moss, is a liberal education in coloration. I frequently notice, too, how protective is the bird's feather arrangement, particularly effective during the season when he is most exposed. The zigzag lines of color render him almost undiscoverable.

The two birds already mentioned, however, do not provide all of the bright feather color to our winter landscape, though they are both very conspicuous of voice and plumage. The sociable downie, energetic little caretaker of the bark, is very attractive both in manner and plumage, as he glides up and around some larvae infested hole, one eye on his audience and the other on some small grub who supposes himself secure from sight. This wee woodpecker, with his pretty "pepper and salt" suit and cap of gleaming ruby color set well back on his intelligent noddle, is a charming acquaintance, winter or summer.

If one is utilitarian—a fad doctrine at present—his usefulness in the matter of grub extermination should appeal to one. Someone has made an estimate of the number of larvae destroyed by one downie in a single season, but the figures are so appalling that I dare not repeat them—doubtless doubly appalling from an insect's possible point of view. The only questionable action that I have ever heard attributed to this confiding little chap is an entire disregard for the fair sex during the non-nuptial season. John Burroughs asserts that he will ruthlessly hustle away from his own snug retreat any unfortunate little female who may seek shelter within. But when spring comes all this is changed, for he is a most devoted lover, husband and parent.

The thought sometimes comes to me, What a drear place this earth would be if there were no birds about! Cats, boys, women and a few sportsmen have done their best to bring about such a calamity, but special legislation is rapidly "cutting their claws," and the lover of nature and wild life may still continue to meet old friends or make new acquaintances along a foot-pathway, no matter how deep the snow or bitter the winds.—Alberta Field in Chicago Inter Ocean.



"A RICH-COATED CARDINAL"

The Very Latest Drink.

Some of the delegates to the Forestry congress introduced a drink new to Washington.

A waiter in the Willard cafe came to the bar and said: "I want four Scotch whisky sours, with the sour made of half lemon and half lime."

The bartender had never heard of a drink like that and inquired. The waiter came back and repeated the order, and those delegates to the Forestry congress, who had big bunches of gray whiskers and the ruddy outdoors sort of face, drank several of they before they quit.—New York World.

Birds Little Known.

A recent number of the Emu contains reproductions of two very interesting photographs, the first showing the "run," or "playhouse," of the great bower bird (chlamydera nuchalis), and the second a flight of bare-eyed cockatoos (cacatua gymnopis), estimated at between 60,000 and 70,000 in number. Considerable interest attaches to a note on bird sanctuaries in New Zealand, where, it appears, all the surviving flightless species are now protected by the government.

Cockrell to Give Away Library.

Senator Cockrell of Missouri has completed plans for the distribution of his library, the largest and most valuable collection of public documents possessed by any congressman. It comprises from 30,000 to 35,000 volumes, covering practically every subject of public interest. The senator will give it to libraries in Missouri and to his friends in that state.

First Cuban Vessel.

The first vessel launched under the Cuban flag took the water at Belfast recently. She was christened Regina, and is about 250 feet in length, with a gross tonnage of 1,300. She has been specially designed to carry molasses in bulk between ports on the Cuban coast.

Decrease in London Fog.

The Royal Meterological Society held a meeting in London recently to hear and discuss a paper on "Decrease of Fog in London." There was a very slim attendance. Most of the members had been unable to come on account of the fog.

Baths of Ancient Times.

"Did the middle age bathe?" said an antiquary. "Is it true that in medieval times bathing was unknown, that for 1,000 years in Europe there was not a man or woman who ever took a bath?"

"No," said the old man vehemently. "No, thank heaven, this is not true. Man was fairly clean in the middle ages. It is a libel to say he did not bathe. For I have looked this matter up and I find literary records of medieval baths. Thus, in the accounts of Queen Isabella, wife of Edward II., there is a charge for 'repairs of queen's bath and gathering herbs for it.'

"On the arrival in London of Louis of Bruges in 1472 the chronicles say that 'there was ordered a bayne, or ij, which was covered with tentes of white cloth.'

"I have found over six recorded instances of medieval bathing. Baths, I will admit, were in medieval days somewhat rare, but they were not so uncommon, so unknown, as certain historians would have us believe. One bath a month was the average among the aristocracy."

Preserve the Forests.

The American forestry congress is now in session in Washington and it will have matters for discussion that are quite as important as any that are confronted by the national congress; more important, indeed, for unless we can have fertility we shall have no products, no commerce, no nation for which to make laws. The prime necessity is salvation from the impending ruin of our woods, since that implies the ruin of industries, of waterways, of agriculture, of pasturage, and, of course, of health, comfort and beauty. An interest in forestry is a duty of every American, whether he lives in the city or not.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Postmaster's Rich Bondsmen.

Albert M. Bradshaw, recently reappointed postmaster in Lakewood, N. J., has probably the richest bondsmen of any postmaster in the country. George W. Gould heads the list of sureties and another millionaire on the list is Samuel S. Beard. Mr. Gould took an active interest in the appointment of Mr. Bradshaw, writing personally to President Roosevelt.

Governor's Long and Busy Life.

George Laird Shoup, first governor of Idaho, who is dead at the age of 68, had a picturesque career. He was 11 years in the senate. While colonel of the Third Colorado cavalry he pursued a band of hostile Comanches 500 miles, captured them, recovered the spoil of several merchandise caravans they had attacked and compelled the chiefs to sign a treaty, which was afterward observed in good faith. Mr. Shoup weighed about 300 pounds and was very tall. His rugged good nature and strong, shrewd character won him friends in national politics, as they had as a mining storekeeper in his early years.

Oregon Wool Sales.

More than 1,500,000 pounds of wool of the 1905 clip has already been sold in the Wallowa country at about 16 cents a pound, a figure which makes the sheep business a highly remunerative industry. These prices and the willingness of buyers to bind themselves to take the wool in practically unlimited quantities positively assure a prosperous year in at least one of Oregon's great industries.

Working the Land Too Hard.

The Manitoba farmer has not profited by the experience of the wheat growers on this side of the boundary. Like them, he has proceeded on the theory that the virgin soil, which is a heavy loam, could not be exhausted. Heavy crops of wheat have been taken from it in continuous succession, the straw burned and none of the chemical elements taken from the soil in the form of crops returned to it in any form. In the older sections of the province the inevitable result is already apparent. The soil has greatly deteriorated and so has the quality of the product.

Insurance on Life of Czar.

It may or may not be an ominous circumstance that of late a number of persons in London have been taking out insurance on the life of Czar Nicholas, though the companies demand heavy premiums. Fifteen guineas (about $77.75) per $1,000 is the ruling figure. Thus a man who took out a policy on the czar's life for $2,500 will have to pay nearly $200 a year as long as the emperor lives and he keeps up the insurance.

Poor Noah.

"What makes Noah look so worried?" we queried our guide through the region of departed spirits.

"Well, he's been studying this higher criticism lately."

"Yes?"

"And he has succeeded in proving beyond the shadow of a doubt that he never existed. Isn't that enough to worry anybody."—Cleveland Leader.

In Panama.

Senorita Sniffkins—She's a daughter of the revolution.

Senorita Smith—Which one? June, August, September or July?

Up in His Part.

Manager—Now, then, remember that we're depending on your baby to cry lustily during the third scene. Do you think the youngster will do his yelling well.

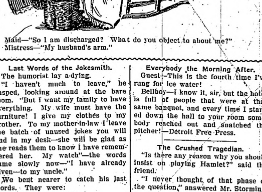
Actor—He ought to. He's been rehearsing practically day and night for a month or more.

More Than He Bargained For.

"Ah," sighed the sentimental young man, "would that I might induce you to fly with me!"

"Well, I'll go you,' replied the practical maid. "Bring an airship around to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock and I'll be ready."

SHE KNEW.



Maid—"So I am discharged? What do you object to about me?"
Mistress—"My husband's arm."

Last Words of the Jokesmith.

The humorist lay a-dying.

"I haven't much to leave," he gasped, looking around at the bare room. "But I want my family to have everything. My wife must have the furniture! I give my clothes to my brother. To my mother-in-law I leave the batch of unused jokes you will find in my desk—she will be glad as she reads them to know I have remembered her. My watch"—the words came slowly now—"I have already given—to my uncle."

We bent nearer to catch his last words. They were:

"And that's no joke."

Punishment for Papa.

Mrs. Bibman—"When my husband came home last evening I saw that he'd been drinking and I gave him a good scolding."

Mrs. Wyse—"Oh, dear! what did you do that for? When I discover that my husband has been drinking I say nothing, but give him the baby to hold. It is really pathetic to see how devoted he is to Bobby. My dear, you've got a good deal to learn about the management of husbands."—Boston Transcript.

A Step Downward.

This is told of a Philadelphian whose mother-in-law was alarmingly ill. One night the physician shook his head and said impressively:

"She has got to go to a hot climate. Mind, I don't mean a warm place, but a hot one."

The son-in-law disappeared, but soon emerged from the cellar carrying an ax. Handing it to the doctor, he exclaimed:

"Here, you do it! I can't!"—Lippincott.

Would Even Things Up.

"Oh! Ouch! Stop that!" yelled Tommy.

"Why, Tommy, aren't you ashamed?" exclaimed his mother. "I would not cry like that if it were my hair that was being combed."

"I'll bet you would if I wuz doin' the combin'," replied Tommy, fiercely.—Catholic Standard and Times.

Worm Turns.

"Five years ago to-night, Henry," remarked Mrs. Peck, who happened to be in a reminiscent mood, "you asked me to say the one little word that would make you happy for life."

"Yes," rejoined Henry, with a sigh long drawn out, "and, womanlike, you had to go and say the wrong word."

Why Don't They, Indeed?

"Pop."

"Yes, my son."

"They have schools for making civil engineers, don't they?"

"Yes, my son."

"Well, pop, why don't they have 'em for making civil conductors?"—Yonkers Statesman.

All Due Precautions Taken.

Nervous old Lady (on seventh floor of hotel)—Do you know what precautions the proprietor of the hotel has taken against fire.

Porter—Yes, mum; he has the place inshoored for twice wot it's worth.

What Business?

"But they say," remarked the patron, "that he has a good head for business."

"Nonsense," replied the barber, "why, he's absolutely bold."

Only Known to One Person.

Aunt Hananh—"Have you told any one of your engagement to Mr. Sweetser?"

Edith—"No. I haven't told a soul, except Bessie Miller, who thought he was going to ask her."

Their Stand-By.

"The tramp is ever before us," said the sociological student. "Who is responsible for this?"

"The comic artist," chuckled the buffoon boarder.

Everybody the Morning After.

Guest—This is the fourth time I've rung for ice water!

Bellboy—I know it, sir, but the hotel is full of people that were at that same banquet, and every time I started down the hall to your room somebody reached out and snatched the pitcher!—Detroit Free Press.

The Crushed Tragedian.

"Is there any reason why you should insist on playing Hamlet?" said the friend.

"I never thought of that phase of the question," answered Mr. Stormington Barnes. "What I desire to know is why the public should insist that I shall not play it."

The Lizziboy.

"What sort of a fellow is he, anyway?"

"He's a Lizziboy."

"What's tahat?"

"A Lizziboy is a man who can go to a Saturday matinee without feeling out of place there."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Feminine Charity.

Him—What a lovely complexion Miss Elderleigh has—so clear and fresh.

Her—Well, it couldn't be otherwise under the circumstances.

Him—Under what circumstances?

Her—She puts it on fresh every morning.

His Idea of Luck.

"Been very lucky with your patients haven't you, doctor?"

"Yes. I don't think I have more than $17 in unpaid bills standing on my books."

Two Christmas Presents.

"Oh, let me show you what a beautiful New Year's present my dear, good, darling of an old husband gave me yesterday," said the happy wife to some intimates who called. "There! What do you think of that for a sealskin coat? It cost $1,800."

"Perfectly lovely!" all exclaimed in chorus, while Miss Curiosity asked: "And what did you give him?"

"Oh, the loveliest little penwiper you ever saw."

This Was One of Them.

"How did the election turn out in our district, dear?" asked Mrs. Titewad.

"Our man was counted in," replied Mr. Titewad; "but it was close, very close."

"I wonder if it was as close as you are," murmured Mrs. Titewad under her breath.

But she didn't voice the sentiment. Some things are better left unsaid."

He Thought He Saw Things.

Macbeth rubbed his eyes. A section of the forest seemed to be advancing toward his line of battle."

"Hang it all!" he muttered. "This is the result of drinking wood alcohol."

Then he violently waved his claymore and plunged into the thickest of the fight.

As to McJigger.

"McJigger," remarked the man in the mackintosh, "is the most corrupt politician I ever knew. I don't believe he has ever had one honest conviction."

"Of course not," observed the man who had his feet on the table. "If he had he would be serving a ten-year term in the penitentiary."

Need Never Reproach Himself.

"What word did her father send after he had found out about your elopement?"

"Oh, he wrote me a very kind letter, saying he was glad we'd taken that course, as it relieved him of the necessity of giving his consent, and having it on his mind all the rest of his life."

Injustice.

"Why is Shakespeare so little esteemed in some communities?"

"Well," answered Mr. Stormington Barnes, "it is another case of a man's having to take the blame that belongs to others. People have got the idea that Shakespeare is responsible for the bad actors that go out in his plays."

His Rule.

"Haven't you gotten so that you can distinguish classical music?" asked Mrs. Cumrox.

"Yes," answered her husband. "When a piece threatens every minute to be a tune and always disappoints you, it's classical."

His Departure.

"I guess the boss wasn't feeling well this morning. He was always in the habit of saying 'Good morning' to me."

"And didn't he say it to you this morning?"

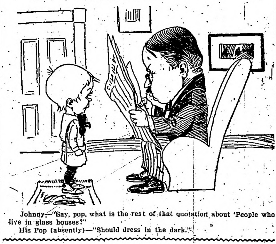
"No; he said 'Good-by.'"

Seasonable Dates.

"Have you any fresh dates?" asked the prospective customer.

"No," answered the druggist. "I gave away the last calendar I had this morning."

WISE POP.



Johnny—"Say, pop, what is the rest of that quotation about 'People who live in glass houses?"
His Pop (absently)—"Should dress in the dark."

Going Up.

"What is your brother doing now, Harker?"

"Oh, his business is rising all the time."

"You don't say?"

"Yes; he is selling baking powder."

Too Dusty to See the Smoke.

"The smoke of the city hasn't seemed so bad lately."

"That's because there's so much dust in the air that you can't see the smoke."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Nature's Handiwork.

"Do you know," she said, "that the average woman's waist is thirty inches round?"

"Yes," he replied, "and it's a peculiar coincidence that the average man's arm is thirty inches long."

Sufficient Reason.

Hicks—You don't seem to like Bjones.

Wicks—No. He made me buy some tickets once to some amateur theatricals he was interested in.

A Point in Its Favor.

Patient—But your treatment for obesity is so expensive.

Doctor—Madam, that is one of its strong points. You get worrying about the expense and it helps to work off the superfluous flesh.—Smart Set.

Outclassed.

Nextdoor—I haven't heard your dog barking at night for some time.

Wedderly—No, I guess the poor fellow got discouraged. We have twins at our house now, you know.

The One Exception.

Fred—Did you ever know a girl to return a present that she had received from a man?

Joe—Can't say that I ever did; but I presented a girl with a diary once and she didn't keep it.

Willingly.

Touchem—I say, Cashley, can you let me have $5 for a week?

Cashley—Sure, my boy. Just take it out of that $10 you owe me and keep it another week.

MAKES FIERCE FIGHT

ARMADILLO HAS ITS OWN METHODS OF WAFARE.

Transformed into Catapult, Animal Made Bold Attack on Intrepid and Truthful Hunter — Brave Hound Saved Life of Master.

Some curious stories of the wild and woolly West have been sent to eastern newspapers, but the following dispatch from Oakland to the Buffalo Times easily surpasses all others in the riotous imagination of the writer, who has sent one of the most timid of animals out on the warpath against a hunter:

Even those who are familiar with the Armadillo in his native wilds are not apt to give him credit for his fighting abilities. While nature has provided him with a defensive armor which is a protection against most of his enemies, instances of his attacking man, even in self-defense, are extremely rare.

The experience of Fred Petmecky on a recent hunting trip proved that an armadillo can and will fight when able to choose its battleground, and its method of attack is unique and terrible. While riding toward camp one evening Mr. Petmecky heard a hound baying in a thicket. Knowing the dog was aware it was unlawful for it to run deer and not expecting to find anything more dangerous than a wampus or a gruffini, he left his rifle in the scabbard and went to investigate. He found the hound baying at a huge armadillo, which he seemed afraid to attack.

On seeing its new enemy the armadillo rapidly prepared for action. Making a noise like a lion, it seized a small sapling in its mouth and looped its tail around another. Then, by contracting its body, it bent the sapling held by its mouth as far as it was able. Having thus transformed itself into a catapult, it released its hold and was hurled with terrific force. Doubling itself into a ball as it flew through the air, it struck Mr. Petmecky on the shoulder, knocking him down. Nearly stunned by the force of the blow and the fall, the hunter staggered to his feet just as the armadillo was ready for a second attack, which it made with like results.

The hound, which had seemed to be surprised and too terrified to take any part in the strange battle, now recovered itself and, before the armadillo could launch itself at the man again, seized it by the unprotected portion of its body and killed it.

Had it not been for the faithful hound Mr. Petmecky's injuries might have been serious. As it was he was too bruised and battered to mount his horse and proceeded to camp on foot, bringing with him the dog and one of the saplings bearing the marks of the armadillo's tail as proof of his singular adventure.

Twilight.

The twilight is sad and cloudy;
  The wind blows wild and free;
And like the wings of sea-birds
  Flash the white caps of the sea.

But in the fisherman's cottage
  There shines a ruddier light,
And a little face at the window
  Peers out into the night;

Close, close it is pressed to the window,
  As if those childish eyes
Were looking into the darkness
  To see some form arise.

And a woman's waving shadow
  Is passing to and fro,
Now rising to the ceiling,
  Now bowing and bending low.

What tale do the roaring ocean
  And the night wind, bleak and wild,
As they beat the crazy casement,
  Tell to that little child?

And why do the roaring ocean,
  And the night wind, wild and bleak,
As they beat at the heart of the mother,
  Drive the color from her cheek!

—Longfellow.

Balked at Boiled Elephant.

In recognition of her generous patronage, a provision dealer sent to Mrs. Richard Mansfield a New Year's present of a beef tongue. The cook's assistant, a colored woman from the wilds of North Carolina, had never seen such a thing before. Putting her hands on her hips Auntie gazed upon it curiously and long. At last she inquired of the cook:

"Do you all up Norf heah eat elephants?"

"No," answered that busy person without looking up from the fowl she was dressing. "What put such foolishness into yo' head?"

"Why that there," pointing to the tongue. "That's a sho' nuff elephant's trunk—what he picks up the peanuts wif—ain't it?'

Indian Chief a Preacher.

Quanah Parker, head of the Comanche tribe and the biggest chief at the Anadarko Indian agency, in his old age has taken preaching. His mother was a white woman who as a child was captured by a band of Comanches on a horse-stealing raid in Texas. After she had become a chief's wife she was rescued by confederate soldiers and restored to her people, but separation from her husband and child broke her heart and she soon died. Quanah is about 60 years old and has made a good deal of money. Like most of his race, he spent it freely and now has little left.

Many Youth Learning Gaelic.

The Gaelic league of New York is making great strides among the young Americans born of Irish parents in the matter of developing pride in the old country. There are aver a hundred pupils studying the language in the St. Brenden branch of the league, hardly one of whom ever set foot on Irish soil. Up to a few years ago a Gaelic scholar in New York was as rare as a white blackbird.

Bargain Between Statesmen.

Champ Clark of Missouri says he has made a bargain with his colleague, Congressman Shackleford, who is rather fond of indulging in complicated oratory. The agreement is to last for a year, and Champ sums it up this way: "I am to quit cussin' and Shack is to quit talking in riddles when he is making a speech."

Britain Needs Cavalry Officers.

England can not get enough cavalry officers. Under the social code of the British army a cavalry officer must have a considerable income beyond his pay.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS {250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS {First Mortgage Farm Loans ☞ A Specialty. ☜

ABSTRACTS {furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

2nd ☞ STORE

(SECOND HAND STORE.)

Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.

C. A. SKEIE.

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

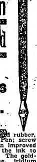
GET YOUR PICTURE TAKEN BY

D. COLLINS

THE

Photograper.

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.



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Fountain Pen

14-Kt. Solid Gold

TO NEW

Pioneer Press Subscribers.

Jewelers Sell It for $1.50.

This is a rich quality hard rubber, highly polished Fountain Pen; screw section, and fitted with an improved Feeding Device, allowing the ink to flow easily without blotting. The gold-nibbed pen is 14-Kt. fine, iridium pointed. The complete Fountain Pen is Fully Guaranteed by the manufacturers and will be exchanged by them if not entirely satisfactory. Each box contains a single pen and a guarantee. If the pen is not absolutely perfect, send it back to the factory and get one that is. It will not cost you a cent.

The Pioneer Press—
St. Paul, Minn.—
Gentlemen: Send to me, absolutely free and postpaid, a guaranteed solid gold-nibbed Fountain Pen. Enclosed herewith find $1.50 in advance for subscription to the Daily and Sunday or Weekly Pioneer Press..

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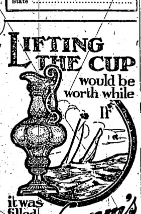

BEER

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THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., St. Paul, Minn.

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

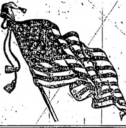
Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Feb. 4. 1905.



Lo, the poor Indian, is having prosperous times up at Red Lake.

It does not look as if the farmers would be able to get seed wheat in free of duty from Canada.

It looks as if there would be considerable railroad construction in this section this year, which means prosperous times.

The legislature is still waiting for their committees to report on the revision of the code, and very little work is being done.

Next Saturday, February 11th, Thief River Falls will start out with their petition for the removal of the county seat and the fight will be on with a vengeance.

The Great Northern and the Northern Pacific will each put on fast trains to Winnipeg in the near future. The carrying of the Canadian mail is a contract all the roads want and with three roads competing we will get good service.

It has been a quiet week in county seat matters—the lull before the storm. The city council of Thief River Falls have offered their city hall to the county for a court house for an annual rental of $1.00 per year, being the only move made.

According to one of the proposed amendments to the primary election law a delegate to the state convention will be elected by a direct vote of the people and each candidate for the position will have to put up a filing fee of $20. That's right. Keep on slapping on fees for every move a citizen makes in the political field and it will be but a short time when none but the rich can aspire for political honors. We are very close to that stage now.—Ada Index.

Fines For Church Shirkers.

After being dormant for some years the act (3 Jas. I. c. 4, 1606) which provided that any person absenting himself from his church on a Sunday without sufficient excuse should be fined twelvepence for each absence and imprisoned in default of distress on his goods until the fine was paid was revived in 1838. A report of the inspectors of prisons contains a list of eleven persons in Lancashire fined and imprisoned under the act between Feb. 12, 1830, and May 10, 1840. In one case a laborer was in prison for ten weeks (until released by order of the home secretary) after being convicted in a penalty of 1 shilling, with 14 shillings costs, for having been absent from church a single Sunday. This act was repealed, so far as regards Roman Catholics, in 1844, and wholly in 1846. —London Chronicle.

What We Get.

If I am asked the question, "Do we get our deserts?" I will boldly answer, "No, we don't, and we never shall, speaking of humanity as a whole and taking account of the preponderating multitudes to whom life is only another word for misery." But if I am asked, "Do we get what is best for us?" I say, "Yes, always and everywhere, taking our lives through and through, and having account not merely for our material, but also for our spiritual welfare."—Hall Caine.

Yankee Assurance.

Irritated Frenchman (to American who has mistaken him for a waiter)—Sir-r, you haf gr-rossly insulted me! There is my card! My seconds vill vait upon you, sir-r-r! American—Never mind your seconds, Frenchy. You can wait on me just as well. Pass me the worcestershire sauce, and be quick about it!

Had His Own Doubts.

"Say, ma," asked little Willie after he had been in conjunction with the paternal slipper, "did anybody besides pa ever ask you to be his wife?"

"Oh, yes; I had lots of proposals before your father came along."

"Well, do you think you gained anything by waiting?"—Chicago Record-Herald.

Fine Drawn.

"You will observe that this is a very fine point."

"It ought to be. You've strained it enough."—Cleveland Leader.

WAYS OF THE MOOSE

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE NOBLEST OF ALL WILD ANIMALS.

The Largest of the Deer Family, Living or Extinct—The Alaskan Bull Moose Have the Greatest Antlers. The Cow and Her Ungainly Calf.

Now and then in wanderings through the mountain and forest one comes upon a gigantic blackish brown deer which by reason of the great length of its yellowish gray legs stands higher than a tall horse. It is clothed in coarse, bristly hair, longest on the neck and shoulders, and it has a rather ugly overhanging nose which distinguishes it at once from all other kinds of deer. From the throat of the male hangs a long hair covered appendage known as the "bell," and in the fall and winter he has also a pair of widespreading antlers, very heavy and much flattened or "plamated." He stalks the forest through undergrowth and over fallen trunks like a king of giants, or, if alarmed, he speeds away at an amazingly swift swinging trot and with a crashing which resembles the sound of falling trees. Such is the moose, the largest of all deer, living or extinct.

The moose is chiefly an animal of the northern woods, the southern limit of its range being the head of Green river, Wyoming. It is also found in northern Maine, New Brunswick, southern Canada, Idaho, British Columbia, Alberta, Athabasca, Yukon and Alaska. It is strictly a dweller of the forest, seldom venturing to treeless plains. It lives for the most part by browsing on the leaves, twigs and bark of trees, particularly young trees. In order to reach the tops of tall saplings the moose rears up against them, straddling them with his long legs and literally riding them down. He is fondest of birch, hemlock, alder, aspen, willow and maple. He also eats mosses and lichens.

In May the "cow," as the female moose is called, gives birth to a long legged, ungainly, tawny colored calf, to protect which the mother will fight any woodland creature to the death. She has no antlers, but she can use her great sharp hoofs with the skill of a prize fighter and has been known to pound to death a large black bear and fairly trample his body into the ground. The calf stays with its mother for two or three years, or until he wanders off to seek a mate for himself. One day last summer I came suddenly upon a cow moose standing knee deep in a shallow pond, while from beneath her neck her grotesque looking calf peered out at me with eyes wide open, as if with astonishment. I hurried home and returned with a camera, but when I reached the spot they were gone.

Like all American deer, the "bull" moose sheds and renews his antlers every year. They become full grown, hard and sharp about the 1st of October, the beginning of the breeding season. At this time of year the bulls are very savage and not only fight furiously among themselves, but are apt to attack anything or anybody who comes in their way.

The call of the bull is a long drawn bawl with several loud grunts at the end. If there is a cow within hearing she will answer with a low cry, and the bull will come forward to meet her. Hunters often take advantage of this fact and attract the bull by an imitation of the call of the cow, executed on a cone shaped horn made of birch bark. Lying concealed on the bank of a lake or stream, they give out the call, and when the bull comes within range they shoot him. But as this trick is usually played at night and as the bull sometimes never gives any warning of his coming until he is almost on the spot the sport is apt to be dangerous. The bull at such a time is in no mood to be trifled with, and unless the hunter is cool headed and a good shot the moose is not only willing but very able to kill him and a dozen like him if they happen to be on the spot.

Probably the largest moose of which there is reliable record was shot by Carl Rungius, the animal painter, in New Brunswick in 1901. This great beast stood seven feet high at the shoulders, and the length of its head and body together was nine feet seven inches. The Alaskan moose have the largest antlers, and one pair from an animal shot on the Kenai peninsula has a spread of seventy-eight and a half inches and has thirty-four points. With the dry skull to which they are attached these antlers weigh ninety-three and a quarter pounds, a weight which nothing but an animal of gigantic strength could carry at top speed over the roughest ground and through thickly wooded country.

In the winter, when the snow is deep, the moose, sometimes several families together, will gather in a certain section of woodland and be breaking out paths for themselves over a space of perhaps several acres from what is known as a "yard," where, if not disturbed, they may stay for weeks together. But the moose is able to travel well at all seasons, and even in deep snow his long legs enable him to move at a pace which astonishes any hunter who tries to run him down on snowshoes.

A wild, free life is the only one on which a moose can live and thrive. In captivity it is much less nervous than most deer and is disposed to be gentle and affectionate. But, as a rule, it will live but a short time, even though it gets the same food which it had in its native woods. It may appear to relish its food, but it will grow to no great size and in a short time will probably die of inflammation of the stomach.

This is one of the noblest wild animals in the world, and it should be given adequate protection throughout its range.—Bangor Commercial.

John W. Forseen

SHOE
Repairing

Second door North of Postoffice.

St. Hilaire, Minn.

ANNUAL STATEMENT

— of the —

BRAY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Statement of the Condition of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, at Close of Business, December 31st, 1904.

INCOME DURING YEAR 1904:—

Balance cash on hand and in bank Dec. 31 of previous year		$ 183 94
Cash received as first payments of policies issued during the year	$ 368 67	
Cash received from assessments levied during the year	409 04	
Total amount of cash received during the year	777 71	777 71
Total cash, including balance on hand from previous year		$ 961 65

DISBURSEMENTS DURING YEAR 1904:—

Paid losses incurred during the year	$ 411 00	
Paid commissions to agents	77 50	
Paid Directors	10 00	
Paid salaries to Officers—President, Secretary and Treasurer	105 82	
Insurance department fees	2 00	
All other disbursements	22 50	
Total amount of disbursements during the year	628 82	628 82
Balance cash on hand at end of year		332 83
Total assets of the company including balance cash on hand Dec. 31, 1904		$ 961 65

POLICY EXHIBIT:

	Number Fire Policies	Amount
Policies in force Dec. 31 of previous year	198	$ 259,624 00
Policies issued during the year	96	122,415 00
Total	294	382,039 00
Deduct policies expired during the year	53	62,185 00
Policies and amount in force at end of year, Dec. 31, 1904	241	319,854 00

Loss claims presented during the year	2	$ 411 00
Losses paid in full as adjusted	2	$ 411 00

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Red Lake, } ss

Nels K. Anderson, President, and C. P. Swanson, Secretary, of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company, being duly sworn, each for himself deposes and says that they are the above described officers of the said Company, and that on the thirty-first day of December last all of the above described Assets were the absolute property of the said Company, free and clear from any liens or claims thereon, and that the foregoing statement is a full and correct exhibit of all the Assets, Income, and Disbursements, and of the condition and affairs of the said Company on the said thirty-first day of December last, and for the year ending on that day, according to the best of their information, knowledge and belief, respectively.

NELS K. ANDERSON.
C. P. SWANSON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of January, 1905.

O. F. POST,
Notary Public, Red Lake Co., Minn.

TOBACCO SECRETS.

Turkish and Virginian Leafs Are Varieties of the Same Plant.

How many people even among the most confirmed smokers know what is the difference between Turkish and Virginia tobaccos?

The smoker, of course, can tell you which is which at the first whiff, but if you ask him what the original distinction is between the two he will tell you that one comes from Turkey and the other from the States.

He is wrong. You could grow Turkish and Virginia tobaccos in the same field, for they are merely two different varieties of the same plant. Turkish is the leaf of Nicotiana rustica, while Virginia is Nicotiana augustipolia. Of course the two are often blended by tobacconists.

Again, what constitutes the difference between "strong" and "mild" tobaccos? It is simple enough. The strong product is so manufactured that it burns slowly, the result being that the contained nicotine is distilled in an unaltered state. Mild tobaccos are those which burn well, and thus their contained nicotine is consumed or decomposed, with the result that a less narcotic smoke is formed.

We often hear cheap cigars spoken of as "cabbage leaves," and doubtless many people believe that these are actually adulterated with other substances than tobacco. Often in such a weed the outside wrapper is noticed to be patched with pale green, and this fact is held proof of the cabbage leaf libel. The piece of greenish leaf is real tobacco which has been plucked unripe or not properly cured. It is only to be found in thin, poor leaf.—London Express.

USE OF FRENCH WORDS.

A Practice That Does Not Help the English Language.

Why do people persist in using French words when there are good old English words to serve the purpose? It is a habit that is growing daily. For instance, at dinner people give you "menu" instead of "bill of fare," though the items are such English dishes as boiled cod, roast beef and apple tart. One is accommodated with a serviette instead of a napkin, an English word, but originally of French origin, as is the Scotch word napery, used for household linen. When you enter a shop you are served with corsets instead of stays, costumes by a costumiere instead of dresses by a dressmaker. "Blouses" take the place of shirts or waists, and hose are offered for stockings. The former word is, however, English. At the theater we have programmes instead of playbills and matinees in place of afternoon performances. Toques are adjusted with as much ease as hats, and we eat in a restaurant as cheerfully as in a dining room. There are, of course, untranslatable words which must be used, but our good old English language is rapidly becoming a hotchpotch of foreign words, while telegraphy is doing its best to oust all the crisp and racy Saxon speech. Whenever possible let us determine to use an English instead of a French word, both in literature and conversation.—London Graphic.

Kind Words.

A word of kindness is seldom spoken in vain, while witty sayings are as easily lost as the pearls slipping from a broken stream.—Prentice.

A Forecast.

She—Dearest, we'll have a lot to contend with when we are married. He (absently)—Yes; we'll have each other. —Milwaukee Wisconsin.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.

Graduate of Copenhagen University.

Department for Diseases of the Eye

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Order for Hearing on Claims, Etc.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—SS.

In Probate Court,
Special Term, January 16, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Alfred Dainard, deceased:

Letters of testamentary on the estate of Alfred Dainard, deceased, late of the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, being granted to Mrs. M. N. Dainard;

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 17th day of April, 1905, at one o'clock p. m. at a special term of said probate court, to be held at the Probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 16th day of January, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
[Seal] N. W. TARRANT.
Judge of Probate.

(j21-4t-f11)

Order for Hearing Application for Appointment of Administrator.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court.
Special term, January 11, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Julius H. Rice, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Oscar F. Post, of the village of St. Hilaire, of the county of Red Lake, representing, among other things, that Julius H. Rice, late of the county of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1902, at the county of Red Lake, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a creditor of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Oscar F. Post granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 6th day of February, A. D. 1905, at one o'clock p. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls the 11th day of January, A. D. 1905.

By the court.
[SEAL] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

j14f4

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Real Estate Farm Loans and Insurance.
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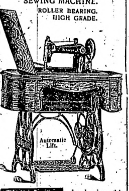
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Save Money by buying this reliable, honest high grade sewing machine.

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Fast and Handsomely equipped Steam-Heated Trains—Dining Cars—Buffet Library Cars—Sleeping Cars—Free Reclining Chair Cars.

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An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

"Cold hands, warm heart;" but cold feet shows lack of sense. Good sense is shown by using a carriage heater. Sold by Otterness & Edstrom.

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We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to....
H. E. IVES, President.
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St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

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Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

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Planer & Matchers
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Engines
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Trucks
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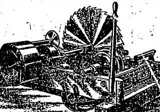

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Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.

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HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

Great Northern Time Table.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at St. Hilaire.

ARRIVE		DEPART
9:18 am 10:10 am 3:50 pm 5:10 pm	ST. HILAIRE	9:18 am 10:40 am 3:50 pm 5:10 pm
9:45 am 4:15 pm	THIEF RIV. FALLS	10:15 am 4:45 pm
11:15 pm	RED LAKE FALLS	3:15 pm

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

T. J. Thorkelson	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
D. Patterson N. G. Otterness A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
A. F. Blomburgh, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3550 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE
Veterinary
Surgeon.
Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham
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Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
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A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
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Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

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FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
.....TOYS
Agency for
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Apples at Duntley's.

Go to L. M. Roland for fresh oysters, 45 cents a quart. 2

Daniel Patterson is doing business at Crookston this week.

Buy your Pult Ost and Lingonberries at M. L. Hanson's.

T. J. Thorkelson is doing business at Minneapolis this week.

J. J. Kordahl left on Wednesday for his claim west of Minot, N. D.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

L. J. Stranahan was here Thursday and spent a short time visiting his mother.

Hon. Marcus Johnson, the Red Lake Falls miller, was a caller here last Tuesday.

Frank Grady, the Red Lake Falls attorney, was a business visitor here Thursday.

O. H. Peters is back from Crookston and has been laid up with a bad cold for several days.

Dr. N. M. Watson, of Red Lake Falls, was here yesterday looking over the county seat prospect.

If you don't want your thermometer to freeze up you had better take it in the house these days.

County Attorney Germo and Chas. E. Boughton were here last Tuesday on their way to Crookston.

Have you paid your personal property taxes? They become delinquent March 1st, with a ten per cent penalty.

Nels G. Otterness completed a deal last week whereby he becomes the owner of J. J. Kordahl's farm in Rocksbury.

Township 153, range 42, on the reservation east of Rocksbury is the first to organize and will be known as Big Bend.

A social dance and supper was given at the St. Hilaire Hotel last Saturday night and was enjoyed by a good sized crowd.

Henry McGrath, the man who killed Oliver Mattson at Greenbush, was found not guilty by a jury of his peers at Roseau.

Walt Arthur made a short trip out to his claim last week looking for a site for his house which he will move out from here.

Peter Sanderson has traded his dwelling on the west side of the track to Ole P. Melting for 40 acres in section 18, River Falls.

Hon. L. C. Simons came up from St. Paul last Saturday and spent a short time looking over the affairs at the Merchants State Bank.

Gilbert Flatin and Miss Inga Flatin, of Mayville, N. D., are here this week visiting their half brother K. R. Killand, of the St. Hilaire Hotel.

If you want to make a quick sale of your land give Nels G. Otterness, the land man, absolute control of it and he will advertise it until sold.

B. B. Penner and A. F. Lang were up in Marshall county the first of the week, Mr. Penner to look over his claim and Mr. Lang to look for one.

Patrick McAndress is here this week visiting his parents. He is at present employed as fireman by the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad and is taking a thirty-day layoff.

If the ground hog came out of his hole last Thursday he not only saw his shadow but froze his toes and ears as well and it will take him fully six weeks to get over it.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lanctot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

The Supreme Court has decided that Judge Grindeland was right when he declared Ira C. Richardson elected mayor of Thief River Falls. In the meantime that city has had several mayors, D. B. Bakke being the latest.

The Oliver Typewriter received the Gold Medal at the World's Fair, St. Louis. Send for handsomely illustrated art catalog which tells why.
The Oliver Typewriter Co.,
332, Hennepin Ave.,
tf Minneapolis, Minn.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Joel G. Winkjer commenced work as a Dairy and Food Inspector the first of the month. He was at Crookston this week assisting at the Dairymen's convention.

Manager Pettibone and James Foss had a hurry-up call very early Monday morning. The water pipes at the planer started to freeze and they had to turn out at one o'clock with a crew of men.

About twenty-five prospective teachers started in yesterday morning to take the state teachers' examinations at the school house. Prof. O'Brien has charge and the examinations will conclude this evening.

While the present winter was a little backward about asserting itself, it has at last got down to business and is making a record. We are not the only ones, however, as the whole country is experiencing very cold weather.

George L. Austin, the new buttermaker, has taken charge at the creamery and takes to the work like an old hand. Mr. Austin ran the creamery at Red Lake Falls last year and comes here with good recommendations.

Some one slipped a charge of dynamite into the big artesian well at Crookston which was to supply that city with pure water. Several thousand dollars worth of damage resulted and it will go hard with the parties who did it if they are caught.

I have some nice "Early Six Weeks" potatoes which will be sold at $1.00 per bushel as long as they last. These are ready for market from ten to twelve days earlier than any other variety. Leave orders at Otterness & Edstrom's or call at Julius M. Jahn's "Oakland Stock Farm," 1½ miles southwest of St. Hilaire. f25

A deal was concluded last Thursday whereby the Crookston Lumber Company becomes the owner of the dwelling owned by T. J. Thorkelson. The house will be enlarged and fitted with modern improvements and will be used in the future as a residence for the manager of the saw mill. Mr. Pettibone will move up his family and take possession about April 1st.

We publish in this issue the annual financial statement of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company. Each year shows a very decided increase in the number of its policy holders and the fact that it is providing cheap and reliable insurance to its patrons, will, without doubt, further increase its business. The company have been fortunate in its selection of officials as its present flattering showing will testify.

A petition was circulated last week asking the trustees of School District No. 102 to organize it into an independent school district. The trustees have the matter under advisement and will probably call an election for the near future. The state superintendent has been written to in regard to whether the change will effect the special law which gives one-half of the liquor license of the village to the school district. If this is not changed it is very probable we will change to an independent district.

Does it pay to advertise in small towns? The answer to this may be found in the methods of the catalogue houses. They do not advertise in the cities; they strike the small towns. They describe their goods and quote prices, not to the city people, but to the people in the country; they get results. If the country merchants will take their cue from the catalogue houses and go at the people right, mean business in advertising, and make a business of it they will succeed. When the city graft houses stop advertising thru the territory covered by the home paper, you may make up your mind that advertising in small towns don't pay, but so long as they are getting business right out from under your own nose, getting cash for goods not as good as you sell on time, you cannot say that advertising does not pay. The same people who are willing to follow their ad. will read yours if you give them something worth reading. Put in something that means something, keep it fresh, take business in the same way the catalogue houses do and the results will justify the statement that advertising does pay in towns large or small.—Grand Forks Herald.

Steenerson Busy.

Congressman Steenerson is leading the attack against the portion of the postoffice appropriation bill giving the Spreckles branch of the sugar trust $45,000 bonus for carrying mails to some small islands in the Pacific.

Recently he had a hearing before Land Commissioner Richards on his proposal that the commutation privileges be extended to settlers on ceded lands in Minnesota whose entries were made after the passage of the free homes bill.

Mr. Steenerson said the adoption of the message would be a simple act of justice to settlers who are compelled to occupy their land in accordance with law same as their neighbors who enjoy the benefits of the free homes act. He said that such settlers ask only for the right to commute, and that for the present at least they would be satisfied with this.

Secretary of the Treasury Shaw has recommended to congress that he be permitted to refund the duty paid on wheat actually used for seed. This will be done at the suggestion of Representative Steenerson who called Secretary Shaw's attention to the shortage of seed wheat in the west on account of the rust in wheat during the last year. Secretary Shaw finds that the drawback principle cannot be applied to wheat, and that grass seed only is admitted duty free.—Moorhead Independent.

Burned to Death.

Sunday evening a sad tragedy was enacted one and a half miles northwest of Carmel, in Beltrami county, says the Thief River Press. Albert Hier was burned to death. At least this is the supposition as his badly burned remains were found near the charred ruins of the cabin. While life had not long been extinct when the unfortunate man was discovered, he undoubtedly met his death in the flames.

Some of his neighbors were in the city Wednesday to secure his home address at the First State Bank where he had transacted business. His mother lives at Syracuse, New York, and was informed of the death of her son. The neighbors suppose that the shanty caught on fire and that the unfortonate man was smothered and badly burned in attempting to escape from the flames. They gave no credence to the stories of robbery and murder, which have been circulated.

Mr. Hier was a young man and had lived on his claim. He would have made final proof in four months. He was, in moderate circumstances and could hardly have been robbed for his money.

Indians Paid Tuesday.

Crookston Times: The first per capita payment by the government to the Red Lake Indians for lands in the reservation opened to settlement last fall is being made at the Red Lake agency today, commencing at 1 o'clock in the afternoon. The payment will be conducted by Major Scott, acting Indian agent at Cass Lake.

The sum to be distributed among the Indiams will aggregate from $60,000 to $115,000, the amount depending upon whether or not the government pays the minor members of the tribe their share of the money, instead of placing the amounts to their credit at a bank, as had originally been intended.

The number of Indians, including men, women and children who reside upon the reservation, is about 1300, and the amount which is due to each is about $85.

A number of sleighloads of Bemidji people left for Red Lake to attend the distribution of cash. The stores at Red Lake have received large shipments of goods for the event and it is expected that a large part of the money given to the Indians will be spent in purchasing supplies.

To Whom it May Concern.

Notice is hereby given that on Saturday the 11th day of February, 1905, the undersigned, along with other legal voters of the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, will begin the circulation of a petition among the legal voters of said county of Red Lake, addressed to the county commissioners thereof, the object and prayer of which will be that the county seat of said county of Red Lake be changed from the city of Red Lake Falls to the city of Thief River Falls, which is situated in Township 154 North, of Range 43 West, in said county and state.

Dated January 25th, 1905,

Chas. M. Evenson.
Lars Backe.
D. N. Winton.
John Morgan.
C. J. Knox.
Math. Barzen.
W. J. LaBree.
Alex A. Sweaas.

A Million Messages a Day.

About a million messages a day are sent over the world's telegraph lines. Great Britain heads the list with 92,000,000 dispatches a year, with the United States a close second with 91,391,000 messages. It is only sixty years since the first message was sent by the Morse alphabet from Baltimore to Washington and yet this enormous development. In less time still golden grain belt beer has reached its present phenomenal position as the leading beverage from the health standpoint as well as on account of its delicacy as a table beverage. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Injunction Denied.

The hearing on the application for a permanent injunction restraining the county officials from buying the court house was heard by Judge Watts Tuesday evening, Ira C. Richardson and H. W. Lee representing Thief River Falls and Chas. E. Boughton and County Attorney Germo presenting the Red Lake Falls side of the question. The Judge held that there was not sufficient evidence offered to grant an injunction. It is reported that Thief River Falls parties will bring the matter up in a different way.

Wood Wanted.

Sealed bids will be received on or before February 10th, 1905, by the trustees of School District No. 102, Red Lake county, for forty cords of green poplar wood, to be delivered at the school house in St. Hilaire on or before March 10th, 1905. The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

K. O. Gigstad,
Clerk.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 14, 1905.

To Joe Dvoracek,
Mackey, Iowa.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 21773 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SW¼ of Section No. 7, in Township No. 153 N., of Range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $152.00 principal, and $83.86 interest, amounting in all, to $635.86; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $535.86, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway Company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
(21-4-f11) Land Commissioner.

Letter from Swan Anderson.

Clearbrook, Wash.,
Jan. 28, 1905.

Dear Sir and Friends:

I will hereby renew my yearly custom by writing you a few lines upon the conditions out here and of the Red Lake county people I have met of late. The heading of my letter shows that this is the middle of winter, but by the looks of the grass and bushes it appears as if it were the latter part of May. We have had no snow so far this winter with the exception of Dec. 22, when we got one-half inch of snow, which layed 24 hours, and on Jan. 10, 11, 12 it was cold, the thermometer running down to 10 above zero. I felt the cold then worse than I used to in Wylie when it was from 10 to 20 below zero, but as those three days was the only time we had as much as a frost this winter it is not to be grumbled about. It rains occasionally but never very hard, and the rain is always warm.

Last October Mrs. Anderson and I drove to Blaine, a distance of 20 miles, to visit your former barber, J. H. Penno and his family; the Spectator's old manager-printer, Will Peters and his family, and Mrs. Harris and children, and we found them all in perfect health and doing well. Mr. Penno gave us a 10-mile drive along the shores of Puget Sound, which pleasure can best be understood by your coming out here and taking the same trip.

On Jan. 8 I took a lay-off and went to Tacoma on a visit. There I met Phil. Kaufer, formerly editor of the Red Lake Falls Gazette, who is now conducting a book and stationery store on Tacoma Ave. The chat with him was interrupted by a steady stream of customers coming and going and he seemed to be doing a good business. Next I visited my old merchant, Ed. Garceau from Red Lake Falls, who has a very nice dry goods store in South Tacoma and is doing a good business. He escorted me through the Northern Pacific machine shops, a concern similar to the shops at Brainerd, Minn., and it was very interesting to see.

Then I went down to Puyallup, 15 miles from Tacoma, where I met Patrick McNerthney and Thos. H. Dargan and their families, from Red Lake Falls. They have very nice homes and are well contented, and financially are doing very well as they are in the hop business, and hops have been a bonanza these last few years. Dargan has realized from ten acres of hops on the poles $7,500 for the last three years' crops. Pat McNerthney set out 6 acres of hops last year and will plant more this spring. On account of those prices in hops land has advanced from $100 per acre to $250 and even up to $400 per acre. This hop business is a sort of gambling. In 1891 hops sold in the same valley for 75c to $1 a pound. Everybody went in for hops; some bought another additional hop yard by mortgaging their old yard and homes and in 1893, during the panic, hops went down to 4c a pound and the poorhouse which is situated two miles east of Sumner, right in the midst of the hop valley, numbers more Hop Kings today than from any other line of occupation. However, I don't mean to say that there is any danger in hop culture today as the prices are yet moderate—about 25c to 30c a pound—and our country is on a good commercial standing, the only speculative point is in the paying of ten times more for an acre of land than it can be had for at other places. We have better land at Clearbrook and in the same climate. A small yard two miles from my home last year brought $3,000 from seven acres, which is a better rate than they can show in the Puyallup valley, and land can be had here for $10 to $100 per acre, according to improvements on it.

It is very interesting to note the improvements going on on the coast. From Clearbrook to Seattle, a distance of 75 miles, I noticed all along the road an activity something like it was in Polk and Red Lake counties during the years of 1880 to 1884, during which time I might say that the two counties were almost entirely settled up. In spite of so much unlike country—you all know how easy it is to make a home or a farm on a prairie—but here it is, or has been, all timber, where it takes plenty of both labor and patience, but still it is settling very fast, probably from the fact that when they get here they are, so to speak, at the edge of the Pacific ocean and can get no further, and the beauty of it is we are having no boom whatever. We are in a glorious climate and have good markets, and can raise everything we want. There is very little time for a farmer to be idle here as the ground is open the year 'round.

I will close by saying that we are all well in my family and send our best regards to our many old friends and readers of the St. Hilaire Spectator.

Yours very truly.
Swan Anderson.

WHEAT

The market for Wheat has become more interesting again by reasons of its wide fluctuations. Not only is there a better tone to the market, but talk of poor demands for Wheat and Flour and large receipts of Wheat at primary points has disappeared, and attention is now being directed to the news that carries with it unmistakable evidence that the shortage in the last crop was not overestimated. Foreign markets also are advancing and getting in line with general opinion that the making up of the absence of United States, Canadian, Australian and possibly further Russian shipments cannot be accomplished without a material rise in prices.

Here at home we have a strong set of conditions that are coming in force to govern prices. Dealers in Flour have been prevented from accumulating supplies by high prices, but they must soon come in and replenish stocks. Every advance has had back of it reference to a scarcity of Wheat, and until such time as these conditions change it is going to be safe to follow the buying side. We believe the market is gaining natural strength, and would hold some Wheat for a permanent bull campaign when it appears that country elevators are cleaned up and the run of receipts practically over for the year, as is the case at the present time.

EDWARDS-WOOD CO.
(Incorporated)
DEALERS IN
STOCKS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS

PRICES TUMBLE
✻✻✻✻✻✻✻✻✻✻✻
in an alarming fashion during this clearance sale of..
Clothing.
Winter for us is over, so out must go our Winter Clothing without regard for values. But winter isn't over for you. So come and get an extra suit or coat at a figure which you can well afford. It will even pay you to buy for next year at our present prices.

PRICES
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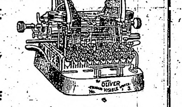
RAPP &
POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

IF You want to sell your Farm,
List it with
Nels G. Otterness
THE LAND MAN, - ST. HILAIRE,
...and he will find you a Buyer.
Will buy Wild and Improved Lands for cash if prices are right.

This is a Poor Time
to have your property insured in
..Cheap Fire Insurance Companies..
I represent twelve of the best companies doing business in the United States. They never fail to pay all losses promptly........
REMEMBER THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST
H. E. IVES - - ST. HILAIRE, .. MINN.

Don't buy a Typewriter on a worn-out reputation.......
Investigate the merits of the
Oliver



THE STANDARD VISIBLE WRITER.
Send for a handsomely illustrated art Catalogue, free for the asking.
The Oliver Typewriter Co.
332 Hennepin Ave. :::::: Minneapolis, Minn.

Billiard and Sample Room
WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
Wines and Liquors
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
CIGARS.
BEER.
Minneapolis and Milwaukee Beer Always on Tap.
"Corner Saloon" South of the Bank.

Great Northern Railway.....
No. 3, THE "FLYER"
ONLY MORNING TRAIN
from
ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
FOR MONTANA and the PACIFIC COAST
Makes Immediate Connection with Limited and Fast Mail Trains from Chicago and the East.
EVERY DAY.

WINCHESTER

FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM.

This, My Life

I strive to keep me in the sun;
 I pick no quarrel with the years,
Nor with the fates—not even the one
 That holds the shears.

I take occasion by the hand;
 I'm not too nice 'twixt weed and flower;
I do not stay to understand;
 I take mine hour.

The time is short at best.
 I push right onward while I may;
I open to the winds my breast,
 And walk the way.

A kind heart greets me here and there;
 I hide from it my doubts and fears.
I trudge, and say the path is fair
 Along the years.
 —John Vance Cheney in Independent.

THE CRUSHED MISS MITFORD

BY J. C. PLUMMER

(Copyright, 1904, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"My dears," said Mrs. Clark, looking up from a letter she had been reading, "Mollie Mitford is coming to pay us a visit. She will be here next week."

"But, Mamma," said Jane, with elongated visage, "Uncle Thomas will be here then."

"There's no danger," replied Mrs. Clark, placidly, "Mollie is crushed. She's not designing."

Jane shrugged her plump shoulders and Lydia turned up her pretty nose, but Mrs. Clark heeded not these manifestations of disagreement and went on with her breakfast.

It was Mrs. Clark's plain duty in life to prevent designing women forcibly marrying her brother-in-law. "He is not fitted for the matrimonial state,' she would say to friends and when Captain Bascom spent his time at her snug cottage, as he always did between voyages, he was carefully guarded against feminine attack. A rampart of sister-in-law and nieces sheltered him from even a glance from some spinster and while he honored the cottage with his presence it was "ware hawks" to all unmarried ladies. They never crossed the threshold of the Clark residence.

Captain Bascom liked his sister-in-law and his nieces and enjoyed his visits though he was bored at times over the presence of ancient matrons who were occasionally invited to tea. He sometimes asked, plaintively, if there were no well favored young women in Pugsford, but as he never received a satisfactory answer he doubtless imagined that well favored young women were not indigenous to Pugsford and that those whom he occasionally saw on the street were strangers.

Captain Bascom had two thousand pounds invested in consols. Of a verity this sum would come to the two Miss Clarks on the captain's death, provided—but then, Mrs. Clark was resolved there should be no "provided" if she could help it. Hence marriageable and well favored spinsters were rigidly excluded from the Clark invitation list during the captain's stay.

With Miss Mitford it was different. She was not by any means bad looking nor unattractive, but she was crushed. Years before she had been engaged to be married and on the wedding day the groom had disappeared as if the earth had swallowed him. It was entirely proper that Miss Mitford should be crushed, and crushed she was. Young girls viewed her with intense interest as having a halo of romance around her head and spinsters while averring that it served her right for putting any sort of trust in man admitted she was most becomingly crushed in her manner.

It was an odd coincidence that Miss Mitford and Captain Bascom should come down from London in the same carriage and become acquainted on the journey, but Mrs. Clark gave little weight to this happening. She did, however, note a change in Miss Mitford's manner. There was a faint gleam of hopefulness about her which puzzled Mrs. Clark. Miss Mitford had long ago forsworn man, and it was scarcely possible that she had become interested in someone. That something had happened, Mrs. Clark felt sure; and she resolved to watch closely for developments. The captain was as of yore. He shook the house with his roars of laughter and joked with his nieces. He drank with gusto the bowl of punch which Mrs. Clark, with prayers for forgiveness, mixed with her own hands. Mrs. Clark went to bed relieved. Evidently Miss Mitford's change of manner did not result from anything the captain had said to her in the railway carriage.

In the morning the development came. Mrs. Clark beheld Captain Bascom and Miss Mitford talking earnestly in the parlor and Miss Mitford was wiping tears from her eyes. A conference was held. Again were Jane's plump shoulders shrugged and again Lydia's pretty nose upturned. The fiat was pronounced. Miss Mitford was to go. In the evening Jane came breathlessly upstairs: She was passing the parlor and had overheard the captain say to Miss Mitford, "Say yes, my dear." That was all, but it was enough and Mrs. Clark felt that the whole edifice she had so carefully built about those two thousand pounds was toppling to the ground.

"There's no danger," replied Mrs. Clark, placidly, "Mollie's crushed."

Miss Mitford left early the next morning. What Mrs. Clark said to her man knoweth not, but a woman can get rid of a woman when she so desires in a way that is not chronicled. Mrs. Clark saw her go and drew a breath of relief.

But the house Mrs. Clark had builded about those two thousand pounds rested on the sand. That evening Captain Bascom announced that he was going to London the next morning.

"When he goes, I'll go, too," said Mrs. Clark; there was fight in Mrs. Clark.

Captain Bascom took the 9 a. m. train for London. Mrs. Clark took the 10 a. m. train, and on her arrival in London was driven directly to the docks, where lay the captain's steamer.

Was wiping tears from her eyes.

"You've just missed 'im," said the mate, in answer to her enquiry for the captain. "'E's took a cab and gone habout a half hour ago."

He, however, remembered the address given by the captain to the cab driver, and Mrs. Clark re-entered her cab.

"He's taken lodging in Southwark, my dears," she said, with set face. "He wants to be near that designing baggage. I'll break up her game."

It was an unpretentious house in Southwark at which the cab stopped, and Mrs. Clark, finding the captain was within, entered.

"'E's hupstairs," said the girl who opened the door. "You can walk hup."

Plainly there was a woman's voice coming from the room which was designated as containing the captain, and Mrs. Clark shuddered and glanced at her daughters. It was too late, for the captain himself opened the door and beckoned them in.

Miss Mitford knelt by a bed and a thin, emaciated man held her hand.

"That's her lover," whispered the captain to Mrs. Clark; "the fellow who cut and run the day he was to marry her. It seems there was some money missing in a banking house where he was a clerk and they suspected him. His uncle, a proud old stick, made the loss good and told him to leave England. He went to Africa, up the Haut Congo, and saw nothing but niggers and malaria for ten years. Well, after he'd gone they found the robber but they never found the lover. He was among the niggers. He was brought down to London to die and I took him on my steamer so he could get a breath of God's air. He told me the whole story and when I met Miss Mitford in the railway carriage I remembered the name and I found out she was the woman. I managed to get her to come to see him and it's all right. His uncle's dead and left him his money so they can get married when he gets well."

Mrs. Clark walked over to Miss Mitford.

"Dearest Mollie," she said, "we will take him out to Pugsford. He'll get well quickly in that fresh air."

"She's a sweet woman," said Mrs. Clark as she and her daughters left the house. "There's nothing designing about Mollie."

Taught Oyama to Shoot.

Twenty-five years ago Horace Fletcher taught Marquis Oyama how to shoot. Fletcher had published a pamphlet on how to shoot with a rifle and copies of it reached Japan. The author was in that country shortly afterward and was sent for by Marquis Oyama, then minister of war. Fletcher gave him lessons. He says that when Oyama first hit a moving object—a teacup thrown into the air—he "capered about and screamed in his delight like an excited schoolboy."

HIS STEAK WAS READY.

Sarcasm of the Wife Not Wasted on the Delinquent Husband.

Sarcasm loses nothing by awaiting the psychological moment for its utterance. Also it oftentimes is most fraught with the sharpness of a two-edged sword when it is contained in a simple statement of fact.

A husband given to periodical looks upon the cocktail when it contains a cherry, his glance at such times dwelling thereon for two or three successive days without interruption, arose one morning recently with a head out of all proportion to his hat measure, and a throat that felt like a limekiln. No explanation was needed when he told his wife he was going out for a moment to get rid of the olive green taste in his mouth; he would be back right away. All she said was: "Bring a steak home with you for breakfast."

He went to a cocktail dispensary and got his brace. As he was going out he met a friend, who told him he would feel better if he had another. He did feel better, so much better that he was prevailed on further to improve the state of his physical and mental being by a third diving after a cherry. He did not see his home for two days.

Again, one morning he awoke with iron hands pressing into his head and his tongue cleaving to the roof of his mouth. His wife heard him stirring and went to the door. "Your steak is ready," she said.

GRAPES FRESH ALL WINTER.

French Device Preserves Them for the Palate of the Epicure.

A clever French process by which vine growers in France are able to market fresh outdoor grapes all through the winter is thus described. Bunches of the finest grapes when ripe in autumn are cut in such a way that to each bunch a piece of the vine five or six inches long remains attached. From this piece the stems of the bunch hang, an arrangement vitally necessary to the success of the operation.

A large number of wide-mouth bottles, filled with water, is ranged in a cellar and in the open end of each is inserted the pieces of vine stem, the bunches of grapes hanging outside. The grapes do not touch the water, but are thus supplied with moisture through the vine stem, which is immersed in water. By this process choice varieties of table grapes are kept in perfect condition for the whole winter.

The temperature of the cellar is uniform and moderately low and care is taken daily to supply the bottles with the water lost by evaporation. Fruit thus carefully tended is somewhat costly, but there are many patrons who willingly pay $2 a bunch for the delicacy of fresh grapes in midwinter.

Revival of the Album.

The photograph album is about to be restored to popular favor. For the past ten years it has been relegated to the garret, while people have hung the pictures of relatives and friends in airy bits of wire known as the photograph holder, interjected into stray corners of bureaus or dressing tables and generally maltreated them and allowed them to be subjected to the dust and grime of the daily atmosphere.

The now general use of the camera has helped to restore the once passe picture album to its former dignified position on the parlor table.

The new photograph albums are different from those of the days of long ago. They are far more artistic and easy to handle. Sometimes they are made of fine leather, sometimes of soft kid, but at all events they are not so likely to jar upon artistic sensibilities as did the velvet and plush affairs which were once the pride and adornment of the parlor tables of all well-regulated households.

Raconteur.

When Uncle Jabez makes a joke, it's
 mighty hard to tell
 'Jes what a feller ought to do.
 'Cause if you laugh 'fore he gets
 through
It riles him up a spell.
An' then a dreadful silence comes; it's
 minutes till it's broke.
 Paw holds his breath
 Skeered half to death,
When uncle makes a joke.

When ordinary people tell us riddles,
 there is fun.
 But when folks happen to be rich
 It's hard to tell which thing is which
That's proper to be done.
An' paw, he says, if Jabez overlooks us
 we'll be broke.
 We must laugh right
 And be polite
When uncle makes a joke.

An' so, in order not to take a chance,
 however small,
 Paw has collected the whole lot
 An' told 'em over till we've got
To know 'em one an' all.
An' now we laugh exactly when a certain
 word is spoke.
 Maw needn't nudge,
 Paw needn't budge,
When uncle tells a joke.
 —Washington Star.

Low Prices in Philadelphia.

An interesting and amusing instance of business acumen on the part of a German butcher in Philadelphia is furnished by a gentleman in that city.

"One day," says this gentleman, "I inquired of the butcher the price of sausage."

"'Sausage iss sixteen cents a pound,' replied he, after a moment's hesitation; 'but to-day I haven't no sausage already.'

"Whereupon I asked why. If he had not the goods he should quote a price thereon."

"'Der question iss easy to answer,' replied he, without a suspicion of a smile. 'If I had some of dose sausage den der brice would be dwendy cents, yes. But I haf no sausage, no; so I makes der brice low. It gifes me a reducksbun und it costs me noddings.'"

Not Actuated by Generosity.

A precocious youngster of 5 years, living on the Park Slope, has a little sister, with whom he is compelled to divide his gifts, very much to his dislike. The little girl generally comes out at the small end of the horn, and therefore, when, one day recently, he was noticed eating the smaller of two apples that had been given to him, it excited the comment of his mother.

"How did you hapepn to give Elsie the big apple and keep the little one for yourself? Mamma is glad to see her little boy growing generous."

"There was a worm in the big one," nonchalantly replied Johnny.—Brooklyn Eagle.

RAILROADS AND DEATH.

Record of Casualties in the United States Beside Which War Is Mild.

In 1898 about 500 soldiers were killed in Cuba and about 2,500 died in hospitals. There was an outburst of public wrath over the unnecessary deaths from disease that shook the whole United States, and that will be remembered as long as the Spanish-American war. In 1903 almost 10,000 persons were killed and almost 75,000 were injured by the railroads of this country. If there is any public wrath about these deaths every man of the public is keeping it close within himself.

War becomes mild when compared with the human havoc wrought by our railroads. After wars there come treaties when the killing ends; but the killing and maiming on our railroads goes on year after year, every year's death record usually surpassing its predecessor.—Leroy Scott, in World's Work.

A Giddy Hen.

The average hen is such a lovely character, so discreet and proper, that a giddy one is an amusing sight. Mrs. John O'Neal, who lives on North Fourth street, has a giddy hen. The hen started in by gadding off in the morning and coming back at noon with a don't-care air. Then she began staying away until dark and coming back in the morning, looking ornery, until now she gads away in the morning and stays away all day and all night. It is believed the giddy old hen loves luxury and stays all night with Elwyn Blair's chickens. Possibly she is chasing one of Elwyn's roosters.—Atchison

An Experienced "Court."

David McCall, who said he came from England, was found on Exchange street trying to feed money to a liveryman's horse.

"Where are you bound for?" asked he justice.

"New York," said McCall.

"You get down there as quickly as you can," said the judge. "You won't have to feed your money to horses to get rid of it there."—Buffalo Express.

A DEVOUT INDIAN.

Two Hundred and Eighty Miles in Four Days to Regain a Bible.

North and South, East and West, the Bible society sows; and that no ground is too barren for its seed, surely the following true incident proves:

A Cree Indian and his son, fishing in the Northwest some years ago during the winter season, traveled on snowshoes across the plains, thinking they carried what they called the "Book of Heaven" in their pack. When they reached a hunting ground, however, 140 miles distant from the fishery, they found the book had been left behind. It is a fact that one of them went back on his tracks, walking in four days 280 miles through the wild, bear-infested forests, to regain that Bible.—Everybody's Magazine.

The Sacrifice.

Clara—I don't see why you liked that group picture of our society. It wasn't particularly good of you.

Isabelle—I know it, but it was so perfectly horrid of that conceited Miss Gushing!—Detroit Free Press.

Open Confession.

"How did you come to make the acquaintance that led up to the marriage with your wife?"

"It was highly romantic."

"Yes?"

"Yes. She had inadvertently remained on a rock at the seashore until the rising tide cut her off from shore."

"A dangerous situation."

"Indeed, yes; I saw her from afar off and approached in my boat unseen. She was crying, with her face in her hands, and as I approached the rock I heard her sob: 'Am I to get no succor?'"

"And you were her sucker?"

"I was."—Houston Post.

Hopeless.

Jigby—Hello, old man, I hear that new baby up at your house—

Popley—You don't say? Great pair of lungs, eh?

Jiby—I say I hear that baby of yours—

Popley—Yes, yes, and you live two blocks away. Wonderful, wonderful!—Philadelphia Press.

Result of Boycott.

The only place in the United States that guarantees freedom from strikes, lockouts and labor warfare is Battle Creek, Mich.

The story? The work people, merchants, lawyers, doctors and other citizens became aroused and indignant at the efforts of the labor unions throughout the country to destroy the business of one of our largest industries—the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., and at the open threats in the official union papers that the entire power of the National and State Federations of Labor was being brought to bear to "punish" the industries of Battle Creek, and particularly the Postum Co.

This sprung from the refusal of C. W. Post to obey the "orders" of the unions to take the Postum advertising away from various papers that refused to purchase labor of the labor trust—the unions.

Mr. Post was ordered to join the unions in their conspiracy to "ruin" and "put out of business" these publishers who had worked faithfully for him for years and helped build up his business. They had done no wrong, but had found it inconvenient and against their best judgment to buy labor of the labor trust. It seems a rule of the unions to conspire to ruin anyone who does not purchase from them upon their own terms.

An inkmaker or papermaker who failed to sell ink or paper would have the same reason to order Post to help ruin these publishers. So the peddler in the street might stone you if you refused to buy his apples; the cabman to run over you if you refused to ride with him; the grocer order the manufacturer to discharge certain people because they did not patronize him, and so on to the ridiculous and villainous limit of all this boycott nonsense, in trying to force people to buy what they do not want.

If a man has labor to sell let him sell it at the best price he can get just as he would sell wheat, but he has no right to even intimate that he will obstruct the business, or attempt its ruin because the owner will not purchase of him.

The unions have become so tyrannous and arrogant with their despotism that a common citizen who has some time to spare and innocently thinks he has a right to put a little paint on his own house finds he must have that paint taken off and put on again by "the union," or all sorts of dire things happen to him, his employer is ordered to discharge him, his grocer is boycotted if he furnishes him supplies, his family followed and insulted and his life made more miserable than that of a black slave before the war. If he drives a nail to repair the house or barn the carpenters' "union" hounds him. He takes a pipe wrench to stop a leaking pipe and prevent damage to his property, and the plumbers' "union" does things to him. He cannot put a little mortar to a loose brick on his chimney or the bricklayers', plasterers' or hod carriers' "union" is up in arms, and if he carelessly eats a loaf of bread that has no "union" label on it the bakers' "union" proceeds to make life miserable for him.

So the white slave is tied hand and foot, unable to lift a hand to better himself or do the needful things, without first obtaining permission from some haughty, ignorant and abusive tyrant of some labor union.

It would all seem rather like a comic opera if it did not rob people of their freedom: that kind of work will not be permitted long in America.

Some smooth managers have built up the labor trust in the last few years, to bring themselves money and power and by managing workmen, have succeeded in making it possible for them to lay down the law in some cities and force workmen and citizens to "obey" implicitly, stripping them right and left of their liberties.

They have used boycotting, picketing, assaults, dynamiting of property and murder to enforce their orders and rule the people. They have gone far enough to order the President to remove certain citizens from office because the "unions" weren't pleased.

That means they propose to make the law of the unions replace the law of this government and the union leaders dominate even the Chief Executive.

This is a government of and for the people, and no organization or trust shall displace it. But the unions try it every now and then, led by desperate men, as shown in their defiance of law and support lawbreakers.

The "union" record of assaults, crippling of men and even women and children, destruction of property and murder of American citizens during the past ten years is perhaps ten times the volume of crime and abuse perpetrated by slave owners during any two years previous to the civil war. We are in a horrible period of lethargy, which permits us to stand idly by while our American citizens are abused, crippled and murdered in dozens and hundreds by an organization or trust having for its purpose, thrusting what it has to sell (labor) upon us whether or no.

Suppose an American in a foreign city should be chased by a mob, caught and beaten unconscious, then his mouth pried open and carbolic acid poured down his throat, then his ribs kicked in and his face well stamped with iron nailed shoes, murdered because he tried to earn bread for his children. By the Eternal, sir, a fleet of American men of war would assemble there, clear for action and blow something off the face of the earth, if reparation were not made for the blood of one of our citizens.

And what answer do we make to the appeals of the hundreds of widows and orphans of those Americans murdered by labor unions? How do we try to protect the thousands of intelligent citizens who, with reason, prefer not to join any labor union and be subject to the tyranny of the heavily paid rulers of the labor trusts?

Upon a firm refusal of Mr. Post to join this criminal conspiracy a general boycott was ordered on Grape-Nuts and Postum all over the country, which set the good red blood of our ancestors in motion, bringing forth the reply that has now passed into history: "We refuse to join any conspiracy of organized labor to ruin publishers, nor will we discharge any of our trusted employes upon the orders of any labor union. If they can make their boycott effective and sink our ship, we will go down with the captain on the bridge and in command."

This set the writers in labor papers crazy and they redoubled their abuse. Finally one of their official organs came out with a large double column in denunciation of Battle Creek, calling it "a running sore on the face of Michigan," because it would not become "organized" and pay in dues to their labor leaders. The usual coarse, villainous epithets common to labor union writers were indulged in.

The result was to weld public sentiment in Battle Creek for protection. A citizens' association was started, and mass meetings held. Good citizens who happened to be members of local unions, in some cases quit the unions entirely, for there is small need of them there.

The working people of Battle Creek are of the highest order of American mechanics. The majority are not union members, for practically all of the manufacturers have for years declined to employ union men because of disturbances about eleven years ago, and the union men now in the city are among the best citizens.

No city in the State of Michigan pays as high average wages as Battle Creek, no city of its size is as prosperous, and no city has so large a proportion of the best grade of mechanics who own their own homes.

So the work people massed together with the other citizens of the organization of the Citizens' Ass'n with the following preamble and constitution:

Whereas, From 1891 to 1894 the strikes instigated by labor unions in Battle Creek resulted in the destruction of property and loss of large sums of money in wages that would have been expended here; and,

Whereas, These acts caused serious damage to the city and in a market way delayed its progress at that time; and,

Whereas, Since the year 1894 the citizens have been enabled, by public sentiment, to prevent the recurrence of strikes and labor union disturbances which have been prevalent elsewhere; and,

Whereas, The employers of this city have steadfastly refused to place the management of their business under the control of labor unions, but have maintained the highest standard of wages paid under like conditions anywhere in the United States, and hereby unanimously declared their intent to continue such policy; and the employes of this city, a large percentage of whom own homes and have families reared and educated under conditions of peace and the well-earned prosperity of steady employment, have steadfastly maintained their right as free American citizens to work without the dictation and tyranny of labor union leaders, the bitter experience of the past offering sufficient reason for a determined stand for freedom; and,

Whereas, The attitude of the citizens on this subject has been the means of preserving peaceful conditions and continuous prosperity, in marked contrast to the conditions existing in other cities suffering from the dictation of trade unionism; it is therefore

Resolved, That the continuance of peace and prosperity in Battle Creek can be maintained, and the destructive work of outside interference avoided under the combined effort and action of all our people, by the formation of a Citizens' Association.

CONSTITUTION.

Article 1.—Name.

Article 2.—Objects.

First—To insure, so far as possible, a permanent condition of peace, prosperity and steady employment to the people of Battle Creek.

Second—To energetically assist in maintaining law and order at all times and under all conditions.

Third—To protect its members in their rights to manage their property and to dispose of their labor in a legal, lawful manner, without restraint or interference.

Fourth—To insure and permanently maintain fair, just treatment, one with another, in all the relations of life.

Fifth—To preserve the existing right of any capable person to obtain employment and sell his labor, without being obliged to join any particular church, secret society, labor union or any other organization, and to support all such persons in their efforts to resist compulsory methods on the part of any organized body whatsoever.

Sixth—To promote among employers a spirit of fairness, friendship and desire for the best interests of their employes, and to promote among workmen the spirit of industry, thrift; faithfulness to their employers and good citizenship.

Seventh—To so amalgamate the public sentiment of all of the best citizens of Battle Creek, that a guarantee can be given to the world of a continuance of peaceful conditions, and that under such guarantee and protection manufacturers and capitalists can be induced to locate their business enterprises in Battle Creek.

Then follows articles relating to membership, officers, duties, etc., etc., etc.

This constitution has been signed by the great majority of representative citizens, including our workpeople.

A number of manufacturers from other cities, where they have been suffering all sorts of indignities, inconvenience and losses from the general hell of labor union strikes, picketing, assaults and other interference, proposed to move, providing they could be guaranteed protection.

The subject grew in importance until it has reached a place where absolute protection can be guaranteed by the citizens of Battle Creek on the following broad and evenly balanced terms, which guarantees to the workman and to the manufacturer fairness, justice, steady work and regularity of output:

The newcoming manufacturer agrees to maintain the standard rate of wage paid elsewhere for like service, under similar conditions, the rate to be determined from time to time from well authenticated reports from competing cities. The tabulated wage reports issued by the Government Department of Commerce and Labor can also be used to show the standard rate, and it is expected later on that this government bureau will furnish weekly reports of the labor market from different centers, so that the workman when he is ready to sell his labor and the employer when he is ready to buy, may each have reliable information as to the market or ruling price.

The newcoming manufacturer also agrees to maintain the sanitary and hygienic conditions provided for by the state laws and to refrain from any lockouts to reduce wages below the standard, reserving to himself the right to discharge any employe for cause.

The Citizens' Association on its part agrees to furnish, in such numbers as it is possible to obtain, first-class workmen who will contract to sell their labor at the standard price for such period as may be fixed upon, agreeing not to strike, picket, assault other workmen, destroy property, or do any of the criminal acts common to labor unionism. Each workman reserving to himself the right to quit work for cause, and the Citizens' Association further pledges its members to use its associated power to enforce the contracts between employer and employe, and to act en masse to uphold the law at all times.

The new industries locating in Battle Creek will not start under any sort of labor union domination whatsoever, but will make individual contracts with each employe, those contracts being fair and equitable and guaranteed on both sides.

Thus from the abuses of labor unions and their insane efforts to ruin everyone who does not "obey" has evolved this plan which replaces the old conditions of injustice, lockouts, strikes, violence, loss of money and property, and general industrial warfare, and inaugurates an era of perfect balance and fairness between employer and employe, a steady continuance of industry and consequent prosperity. The entire community pledged by public sentiment and private act to restore to each man his ancient right to "peace, freedom and the pursuit of happiness."

Other cities will be driven to protect their workpeople, merchants and citizens as well as their industries from the blight of strikes, violence and the losses brought on by labor unionism run amuck, by adopting the "Battle Creek plan," but this city offers industrial peace now, with cheap coal and good water, first-class railroad facilities and the best grade of fair, capable and peaceable mechanics known.

Details given upon inquiry of the "Secy. of the Citizens' Ass'n."

Identification.

The public should remember that there are a few labor unions conducted on peaceful lines and in proportion as they are worthy they have won esteem, for we, as a people, are strongly in sympathy with any right act that has for its purpose better conditions for wage workers. But we do not forget that we seek the good of all and not those alone who belong to some organization, whereas even the law-abiding unions show undeniable evidences of tyranny and oppression when they are strong enough, while many of the unions harbor and encourage criminals in their efforts to force a yoke of slavery upon the American people. As a public speaker lately said: "The arrogance of the English King that roused the fiery eloquence of Otis, that inspired the immortal declaration of Jefferson, that left Warren dying on the slopes of Bunker Hill, was not more outrageous than the conditions that a closed shop would force upon the community. These men burst into rebellion 'when the king did but touch their pockets.' Imagine if you can their indignant protest had he sought to prohibit or restrict their occupation or determine the conditions under which they should earn their livelihood," and to assault, beat and murder them, blow up their houses and poison their food if they did not submit.

The public should also remember that good, true American citizens can be found in the unions and that they deprecate the criminal acts of their fellow members, but they are often in bad company.

Salt only hurts sore spots. So, the honest, law-abiding union man is not hurt when the criminals are denounced, but when you hear a union man "holler" because the facts are made public, he has branded himself as either one of the lawbreakers or a sympathizer, and therefore with the mind of the lawbreaker and likely to become one when opportunity offers. That is one reason employers decline to hire such men.

A short time ago inquiry came from the union forces to know if Mr. Post would "keep still" if they would call off the boycott on Postum and Grape-Nuts.

This is the reply: "The labor trust has seen fit to try to ruin our business because we would not join its criminal conspiracy. We are plain American citizens and differ from the labor union plan in that we do not force people to strike, picket, boycott, assault, blow up property or commit murder.

We do not pay thugs $20 to break in the ribs of any man who tries to support his family nor $30 for an eye knocked out.

We try to show our plain, honest regard for sturdy and independent workmen by paying the highest wages in the state.

We have a steady, unvarying respect for the law-abiding, peaceable union man, and a most earnest desire to see him gain power enough to purge the unions of their criminal practices, that have brought down upon them the righteous denunciation of a long-suffering and outraged public, but we will not fawn, truckle, bend the knee, wear the hated collar of white slavery, the union label, nor prostitute our American citizenship under "orders" of any labor trust.

You offer to remove the restriction on our business and with "union" gold choke the throat and still the voice raised in stern denunciation of the despotism which tramples beneath an iron-shod heel the freedom of our brothers.

You would gag us with a silver bar and muffle the appeal to the American people to harken to the cries for bread of the little children whose faithful fathers were beaten to death while striving to earn food for them.

Your boycott may perhaps succeed in throwing our people out of work and driving us from business, but you cannot wrench from us that priceless jewel our fathers fought for and which every true son guards with his life. Therefore, speaking for our workpeople and ourselves, the infamous offer is declined."

POSTUM CEREAL CO. LTD.

Note by Publisher.

The Postum Company have a yearly contract for space in this paper which they have a right to use for announcements of facts and principles. Such use does not necessarily carry with it any editorial opinion.

The only high grade Baking Powder made at a moderate price.

Calumet Baking Powder

Mamma Was Shocked.

"Mr. Higgins asked me to marry him last night," said the blushing damsel.

"And what did you say?" asked her mother.

"Why," replied the fair maid, "I told him to ask you."

"Ask me!" exclaimed the astonished parent. "Why, my dear, you surely wouldn't want your poor old mother to commit bigamy, would you?"—

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

The Caller's Advantage.

Mrs. Wylkins—Which shall we do tonight, cal lon the Dumleys, or telephone for them to come over here?

Mr. Wylkins—Call on them, by all means. Then we can start home when we like instead of waiting for them to think of going.—Somerville Journal.

A Princess Who Is a Fireman.

Princess Waldemar of Denmark is greatly interested in the firemen of Copenhagen, and shows it in so practical a way that they all adore her, and have elected her an honorary captain in the department.

Her royal highness was Princess Marie d'Orleans, and her husband, Prince Waldemar, is Queen Alexandra's youngest brother.

Whenever there is a big fire the princess is to be seen wading with her heavy boots through the streams of water to where the fire is fiercest, and it is hardly necessary to say that the presence o fthe princess inspires the firemen to display still greater courage.

In "time of peace" the princess often visits the fire stations, converses with the officers and watches the men at their athletic exercises.—Era Magazine.

Ostentation.

"Did you see the tag on that lovely bunch of American Beauty roses at the Muntoburns' Christmas banquet? Whose name was on it? I forgot to look."

"There wasn't any name on it. It was the florist's price mark—$24 a dozen. They pretended they had forgotten to remove it."—Chicago Tribune.

How It Should Be Used.

Two molders were once out of work, and were at their wits' ends what to do for a living.

At last one of them conceived an idea. They went to the place where they used to work and begged some sand, which they made up into packets, and sold them as a "certain destroyer of beetles." They had no difficulty in disposing of them.

An old lady bought the last packet and asked how to use it.

One of the men then said:

"Well, as you have bought the last packet I will tell you. You first of all catch the beetle, tickle it with a feather till it laughs, then drop some of the sand down its throat and choke it."

These Widows.

"Well, well, old man, your marriage to the widow was a surprise to me."

"It was to me, too."—Houston Post.

MR. HAYDEN'S VIEWS

GIVES HIS OPINION OF THE BEST TREATMENT FOR PARALYSIS.

Declares That Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Restored the Use of His Limbs When All Other Remedies Failed.

The premonitory symptoms of paralysis are: trembling of the hands; sudden loss of power in arms or legs, frequently affecting one whole side of the body; staggering; partial or entire inability to use the fingers; distortion of the features; sometimes an uncontrollable quivering of the chin; severe pains; difficulty in speech. Frequently the first warning is a vague feeling of headache, vertigo and muscular weakness.

In a recent interview Mr. W. J. L. Hayden said: "I truly think that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a great medicine for they cured me when physicians and other remedies had failed to give me the slightest relief. Too close attention to business brought on an attack of nervousness which finally developed into paralysis. There were times when it was impossible for me to move my hands or to get up from a chair. At other times I had partial control of my limbs, but I was afraid to go far from the house for fear I might suddenly become helpless and have to be carried home.

"While I was in this miserable condition, I was stricken with malarial fever and confined to bed for four months. I had the best physicians, but while they relieved my fever, their treatment did not entirely drive the malaria from my system, and they did not help my paralysis in the least.

"I was well nigh despairing when a friend persuaded me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. When I had finished one box I could see results that encouraged me. My condition kept steadily improving, and when I had taken seven boxes I was cured of paralysis and the malaria was completely driven out of my system. For two years now I have enjoyed the best of health and have attended to business without any interruption."

Mr. Hayden's home is at No. 252 West 39th street, New York. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured many similar cases of paralysis, also locomotor ataxia. They are sold by all druggists. A treatment so simple, inexpensive and successful should be tried by every sufferer from partial paralysis in any of its stages.

His Knowledge.

Ascum—I suppose you know a good deal about the ins and outs of married life?

Henpeck—Well, I know that a good many of the foolish men who are in want to get out, and other foolish men who are out want to get in.—Philadelphia Press.

The Outraged Butcher.

A lady recently stopped at an East end open butcher's stall and purchased a joint at 3d a pound. She returned shortly after and complained that it was saturated with naphtha from one of the butcher's lamps.

"S'whelp me!" remarked the butcher; "you gels don't want much—not 'arf. You've got a wing rib off a bullock wot was bred by King Edward hisself for threepence a pound, and now you ain't satisfied. You're askin' too much, mum. If you want your Sunday's joint flavored with heau-de-cologne you'll have to spring another 'apenny!"—Tit-Bits.

Rather Different.

Mrs. Jenkins had missed Mrs. Brady from her accustomed haunts, and, hearing several startling rumors concerning her, went in search of her old friend.

"They tell me you're working 'ard night an' day, Sarah Ann?" she queried.

"Yes," returned Mrs. Brady; "I'm under bonds to keep the peace fer pullin' locks of hair out of that old scoundrel of a husban' of mine, and the magistrate said if I come afore 'im agin, or lay me 'ands on the old man, he'd fine me forty shillin's!"

"And so you're workin' 'ard to keep out of mischief?"

"I'm what? I'm workin' 'ard to save up the fine!"

SPREADING THE NEWS BROADCAST.

That Dodd's Kidney Pills cured his Diabetes. After long suffering, Mr. G. Cleghorn found a permanent relief in the Great American Kidney Remedy.

Port Huron, Mich., Jan. 30th.—(Special)—Tortured with Diabetes and Bladder Disease from which he could apparently get no relief, Mr. G. Cleghorn, a bricklayer, living at 119 Buttler St., this city, has found a complete and permanent cure in Dodd's Kidney Pills and in his gratitude he is spreading the news broadcast.

"Dodd's Kidney Pills made a man of me," Mr. Cleghorn says. "I was a sufferer from Diabetes and Bladder Disease. I was so bad I could do no work and the pain was something terrible. I could not get anything to help me until I tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. They helped me right from the first and now I am completely cured. help me till I tried Dodd's Kidney Pills to all my friends and they have found them all that is claimed for them."

Dodd's Kidney Pills cure all Kidney Ills from Backache to Bright's Disease. They never fail to cure Rheumatism.

Even the "light that shineth more and more unto the perfect day" must be kept filled and trimmed.

GRATEFUL TO CUTICURA

For Instant Relief and Speedy Cure of Raw and Scaly Humour, Itching Day and Night—Suffered Months.

"I wish you would publish this letter, so that others suffering as I have may be helped. For months awful sores covered my face and neck, scabs forming, itching terribly day and night, breaking open, and running blood and matter. I had tried many remedies, but was growing worse, when I started with Cuticura. The first application gave me instant relief, and when I had used two cakes of Cuticura Soap and three boxes of Cuticura Ointment I was completely cured. (signed) Miss Nellie Vander Wiele, Lakeside, N. Y."

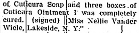
Her Last Trip.

The Lady of Shalott was drifting down the river in her barge.

"Evidently," they cried, "Tennyson has neglected to inspect the vessel before he put her on it."

This is the true tale of the hapless end of the little excursion.—New York Sun.

80 Bu. Macaroni Wheat Per Acre.



introduced by the U. S. Dept. of Agr. It is a tremendous cropper, yielding in good land in Wis., Ill., Ia., Mich., Ind., O., Pa., N. Y., 80 bu. per acre, and on dry, arid lands, such as are found in Mont., Idaho, the Dakotas, Colo., etc., it will yield from 40 to 60 bu. This Wheat and Speltz and Hanna Barley and Bromus Inermis and Billion Dollar Grass, makes it possible to grow and fatten hogs, sheep and cattle wherever soil is found.

JUST SEND 10c AND THIS NOTICE to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and they will send you free a sample of this Wheat and other farm seeds, together with their great catalog, alone worth $100.00, to any wide-awake farmer. [W. N. U.]

Absent-Minded Willie.

Teacher—Now, Willie, you may close your geography and recite.

Willie—Suddenly throwing off his disguise, the great detective cried, "Ha, villain! You little thought Dick Harter was on your track."—Puck.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 and 912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: John Anderson, Little Falls, Minn., bobsled runner; George Barth, Red Lake Falls, Minn., truck; Martin Flegle, Minneapolis, Minn., trolling float; Thore Hagen, Grand Forks, N. D., mustache guard; Edward Hammond, St. Cloud, Minn., grain car door; Charles Jaeckel, Warm Springs, Mont., train conduit; John Keegan, Watertown, S. D., grain elevator.

Good for a Press Notice.

The Soubrette—The leading lady claims to have been married to one man for seven consecutive years.

Low Comedian—Huh! Some women will do almost anything for a little notoriety!—Chicago News.

A WOMAN'S MISERY.

Mrs. John LaRue, of 115 Paterson avenue, Paterson, N. J., says: "I was troubled for about nine years, and what I suffered no one will ever know. I used about every known remedy that is said to be good for kidney complaint, but without deriving permanent relief. Often when alone in the house the backache has been so bad that it brought tears to my eyes. The pain at times was so intense that I was compelled to give up my household duties and lie down. There were headaches, dizziness and blood rushing to my head to cause bleeding at the nose. The first box of Doan's Kidney Pills benefited me so much that I continued the treatment. The stinging pain in the small of my back, the rushes of blood to the head and other symptoms disappeared."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

A Tragic Situation.

Fitzboodle—By the way—dining at the Lyonhunter's to-morrow night?

Fitzjoodle—Jove—now I remember, they did ask me.

Fitzboodle—Forgot to answer?

Fitzjoodle—Oh, I answered fast enough, but I've clean forgotten whether I accepted or declined.—London Opinion.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.
Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Definition.

Little Clarence—Pa, what is an optimist?

Mr. Callipers—An optimist, my son, is a man who doesn't care what happens if it doesn't happen to him.—

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Only an Episode.

Breathlessly the young man who had declared himself stood over her, awaiting her answer.

Breathlessly—yet it was better so.

He was chewing a clove.—Chicago Tribune.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Real Acting.

Old Friend—Is your part very, very difficult to play?

Barnstormer—Well, rather. I'm living on one meal a day and playing the role of a man with the gout.—Detroit Free Press.

Some men possess the ability to turn their cheeks of brass into pots of gold.

Marshall's Rheumatic Oil Liniment
Instantly allays pain and cures rheumatism, neuralgia, chilblains and all lameness of man or beast. Price 50c.

Even a kind word, when you can do no better, will help to stay the pangs of hunger.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Some actors become tramps because they get hungry at times.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

When Vanity enters at the front door Reason steals out the back way.

The True Staff of Life is bread made with Yeast Foam

The Wonderful Yeast

Yeast Foam is the yeast that raised the First Grand Prize at the St. Louis Exposition. Sold by all grocers at 5c a package—enough for 40 loaves. Send postal card for new illustrated book "Good Bread: How to Make It."

NORTHWESTERN YEAST CO.
Chicago, Ill.

FREE THE GREAT KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY. Write for free sample bottle to DR. KENNEDY'S SONS RONDOUT, N.Y.

$25.00 Cream Separator

FOR $25.00 we sell the celebrated DUNDEE CREAM SEPARATOR, capacity 300 pounds per hour; 350 pounds capacity per hour for $29.00; 600 pounds capacity per hour for $34.00. Guaranteed the equal of Separators that retail everywhere at from $75.00 to $125.00.

OUR OFFER. We will ship you a Separator on our 30 days' free trial plan, with the binding understanding and agreement if you do not find by comparison, test and use that it will skim closer, skim colder milk, skim easier, run lighter and skim one-half more milk than any other Cream Separator made, you can return the Separator to us at our expense and we will immediately return any money you may have paid for freight charges or otherwise. Cut this ad out at once and mail to us, and you will receive by return mail, free, postpaid, our LATEST SPECIAL CREAM SEPARATOR CATALOGUE. You will get our big offer and our free trial proposition and the most astonishingly liberal Cream Separator offer ever heard of. Address,

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO.

OUT OF THE ORDINARY

Mr. William Bullion.

Ere Bullion struck it rich he ate
  Potatoes with his knife;
But he's been cured of that of late,
  His daughters and his wife
Have taught him how, God bless their souls,
  To handle forks and finger bowls
  And fold his napkin up;
His chewing doesn't make one think
  Of pigs in troughs, and he can drink
  His coffee from the cup.

Since Bullion struck it he has learned
  To wear a "swallow tail"
And seem at ease and unconcerned,
  And he can glibly hail
His wife in French; she hails him, too,
  In what is known as "parley voo,"
  For they have not sat down
Content with vulgar luxury,
  Or satisfied to merely be
  The richest folks in town.

Since he has millions Bullion wears
  Side whiskers—English cut—
They lend him dignity, and there's
  Pride in his splendid strut;
But when the butler, grave and tall,
  Steps forward in the spacious hall
  And holds his "topcoat," Bullion still
Says "Thank you, sir," and backs away,
  As much the parvenu to-day
  As when men called him "Bill."
—S. E. Kiser.

A Tree of Many Uses.

One of the most wonderful trees is found in the Pacific islands. From it the natives procure towels, glue, cloth, tinder and also bread.

The tree is about as tall as a three story house, and the branches, which come out straight from the trunk like so many arms, are covered with leaves and fruit not unlike apples in appearance.

This fruit is used as bread, and it is in season during eight months of the year, the natives finding a good living in it.

As for glue, it oozes from the trunk of the tree, and is found useful for many purposes; the leaves make excellent towels, and from the inner bark of the tree a kind of course cloth can be made.

Besides this, its dried blossoms are used for tinder in lighting fires, and the wood is in great demand for building purposes.—Montreal Herald.

A Chinese Dainty.

Soles of pigeons' feet as a table delicacy recalls to one's mind the fabled fricassee of humming birds' tongues of a Roman emperor. The soles of pigeons' feet formed part of a menu of seventy courses given—in happier days than the present—by a millionaire of Pekin to a number of British merchants.

The feast lasted for three hours and among the many choice viands set before the guests were the following: Birds' nest soup, shark fins, smoked duck, pickled chicken, ham in honey, fish with fir-cones and sweet pickle, the stomachs of fat fish, whale sinews, soles of pigeons' feet, lotus-seed soup, and prune juice and almonds with bean curd.

Made Good After Many Years.

A gentleman occupying a prominent position in one of the banks at Navan, Scotland, has been the recipient of £100 in a romantic manner. About twenty years ago, when cashier in a bank in Loughrea, he missed £100, which evidently had been given to some person in error. He made good the money and in course of time was transferred to various branches in promotion. A few mornings ago he received a letter, forwarded to him from his old lodgings in Loughrea, containing two £50 notes, with an anonymous communication stating that the addressee had paid the money out in error some twenty years ago, and expressing the hope that the restoration of the money had not come too late.

Discoveries in Murderer's Den.

A remarkable discovery has lately been made at Logie House, a large rambling building on the outskirts of Dundee, Scotland. The house, which had been unoccupied for fifteen years, at one time belonged to the notorious Laird of Logie, whose inhuman imprisonment of the "Black Lady of Logie," his Indian bride, eventually brought about the torturing to death of the laird in India. From the discovery made recently it is believed that other crimes were committed at Logie House. On lifting a large flagstone a secret furnace was discovered in which was a mysterious looking powder, believed to be the remains of cremated bodies.

Bloodhound Sought Lost Miner.

A bloodhound has been put to a new use. The other day it was set in search of a missing workman in a coal mine. This occurred at the Medomsley colliery, near Newcastle-on-Tyne, England, where a master shipper has been missing in the underground workings for a week. For five hours the dog followed the devious passages of the mine, but it was found that, owing to the footsteps of searchers who had previously been over the ground, the dog was completely at fault, and the search was abandoned.

Lucky Find of Picture.

When an inhabitant of Utrecht, the other day smashed a looking glass he found, to his great surprise, on the inside of the wooden back a painting representing a young lady dressed in black, wearing a row of pearls, a diamond brooch and diamond earrings. The owner, who bought the looking glass for a small price, has now been offered $50 for the picture, which has turned out to be the work of Santvoort Dirk Dirkszson, the well known Dutch portrait painter, who lived in Amsterdam, 1610-1680.

Writes Check on Clam Shell.

A $5 check written on a clam shell was presented and honored at the bank of the Marine Trust company at Atlantic City, N. J. The check bore the date of Dec. 28, and was paid to Leonard D. Alger of a department store. The bank after honoring the check, marked it "paid" in red, instead of running it through the perforator, and Cashier McManee has had it photographed.

Telephone Girls Sacred.

In Nuernberg, Geramany, a man was fined $6.25 for calling a telephone girl a "sheepshead" over the wire. In Vienna a man was fined $8 for calling a telephone girl a "Chinese,"

A Confidence Dog.

A butcher narrated the other day a story illustrative of the intelligence of dogs.

"A patron of mine," he said, "had a collie that came to me one morning with a slip of paper in his mouth.

"'Halloa, doggie!' said I, and the collie wagged his tail and dropped the paper on the floor at my feet. I opened it. It was a signed order from his master for a piece of sausage. I gave him the sausage. He ate it and went home.

"Time after time the collie came with these orders to me, and finally I stopped reading them. Each, I presumed, was for sausage, and each procured a sausage. I suppose, all told, the dog got as much as twenty pounds of sausage from me in two months.

"But the master, when I presented my bill, kicked. He said he had only given the dog about a dozen orders, whereas, I must have honored nearly a hundred.

"Well, the upshot was that the two of us got together and did a little detective work. And do you know what we found? Why, we found that this cunning dog, whenever a sausage hunger seized him, would grab up a piece of white paper, any piece he could find, and bring it to me.

"I had been careless, you see, never looking at the paper, and through my carelessness the collie had fooled me for two months."

A Tarpon Tows a Hogshead.

Times and places there are where the tarpon have been so numerous and so free in their antics as to be a pest to the small fishermen, who in a certain bay once harpooned a lordly fish, lashed him to a keg and pointed him to the open sea. Drawing the floating barrel, he went splashing terror to his kindred—an aquatic scarecrow. And as the militant hogshead, ferried by a leaping twelve-stone fish, went marching down the bay, all tarpon, great and small, took warning that they must keep their performances within the bounds of decency.—Country Life in America.

What the Hand Symbolizes.

Look where we will, we find the hand in time and history working, building, inventing, bringing civilization out of barbarism. The hand symbolizes power and the excellence of work. The mechanic's hand, that minister of elemental forces, the hand that hews, saws, cuts, builds, is useful in the world equally with the delicate hand that paints a wild flower or molds a Grecian urn, or the hand of a statesman that writes a law. The eye cannot say to the hand, "I have no need of thee!" Blessed be the hand! Thrice blessed be the hands that work.—Helen Keller, in the Century.

The Surgical Penalty.

"What was the nature of the penalties in the oath they made you take?" asked the lawyer.

"Horrible," replied the Mormon witness, shuddering visibly. "If I failed to conceal the secrets of the religion I was to be operated upon successively for tonsilitis, aneurism and appendicitis."

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES. Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Time and tide wait for no man, but they're up against it when they have to deal with a woman.

WOMEN'S NEGLECT

SUFFERING THE SURE PENALTY

Health Thus Lost Is Restored by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

How many women do you know who are perfectly well and strong? We hear every day the same story over and over again. "I do not feel well; I am so tired all the time!"

Miss Kate McDonald

More than likely you speak the same words yourself, and no doubt you feel far from well. The cause may be easily traced to some derangement of the female organs which manifests itself in depression of spirits, reluctance to go anywhere or do anything, backache, bearing-down pains, flatulency, nervousness, sleeplessness, leucorrhœa.

These symptoms are but warnings that there is danger ahead, and unless heeded a life of suffering or a serious operation is the inevitable result.

The never-failing remedy for all these symptoms is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Miss Kate McDonald, of Woodbridge, N. J., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:
"I think that a woman naturally dislikes to make her troubles known to the public, but restored health has meant so much to me that I cannot help from telling mine for the sake of other suffering women.

"For a long time I suffered untold agony with a uterine trouble and irregularities, which made me a physical wreck, and no one thought I would recover, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has entirely cured me, and made me well and strong, and I feel it my duty to tell other suffering women what a splendid medicine it is."

If you are ill, don't hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice—it is free and always helpful.

COL. BECKWITH SAYS:

"I Take Pleasure in Commending Pe-ru-na For Coughs and Colds."

COL. PAUL E. BECKWITH.

Colonel Paul E. Beckwith, Lt. Col., retired, 1st Reg. Minute Men, in a letter from 1503 Vermont avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C., writes:

"From the unqualified endorsement of many of my friends, I take pleasure in commending your remedies for coughs and colds."—Paul E. Beckwith.

IN FIELD OR BARRACKS PE-RU-NA IS EFFICACIOUS.

The constant exposure to the elements experienced in an out-door life is not so apt to cause coughs and colds as sedentary habits.

Those who are brought face to face with the weather every day in active life are much less liable to catarrhal diseases than those who are housed up in illy ventilated rooms. And yet both of these classes are more or less subject to catarrh and catarrhal diseases.

ALL CLASSES ARE SUBJECT TO CATARRH.

The soldier as well as the civilian finds it frequently necessary to use Peruna on account of coughs and colds.

No one is exempt. The strong and healthy are less liable than the weak and ill, but none entirely escape.

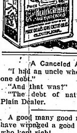
Peruna has always been a great favorite with the military men, both in the army and navy.

The strongest kind of testimonials are received from officers of high rank concerning the virtues of Peruna for all catarrhal ailments.

Only a small per cent. of these can be used for publication for want of space.

Mr. Harrison L. Deam, Burnside Post No. 8, Department of the Potomac, Colonel encampment No. 69, Union Veterans Legion, Colonel Green Clay Smith Regiment No. 17, U. V. U., Department of the Potomac, Military Order Loyal Legion, Department of Columbia, Major 34th Indiana Veteran Volunteer Infantry, writes:

"There is no longer any question as to the curative qualities of Peruna in all catarrhal troubles. Its successful use by many of my friends entitles it to confidence and endorsement."



PROF. DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL

Accident Insurance

Always keep a bottle of

DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL

In the house and a can in the stable. It will save you dollars. Our valuable book free to those mentioning this paper.

OLNEY & McDAID, Mfrs., Clinton, Ia.

A Canceled Account.

"I had an uncle who never paid but one debt."

"And that was?"

"The debt of nature."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A good many good men gone wrong have wronged a good many good men who kept right.

He who will fall before he will be false need fear no failure.

TWENTY BUSHELS OF WHEAT TO THE ACRE

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Is the record on the Free Homestead Lands of Western Canada for 1904.

The 150,000 farmers from the United States, who during the past seven years have gone to Canada participate in this prosperity.

The United States will soon become an importer of wheat. Get a free homestead or purchase a farm in Western Canada, and become one of those who will help produce it.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

Pains

There is no end to the way pain may seem to be caused. But this is a fact: wherever pain is, there also will be found inflammation, which causes the pain and danger. Many persons know

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

is a specific remedy for inflammation. It goes to the root, and thus cures pain permanently, whether it be internal or external. Allays any ache anywhere. 25 cents, three times as much 50 cents. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Cole's Carbolisalve

Instantly stops the pain of Burns and Scalds,

Always heals without scars. 25 and 50c by druggists, or mailed on receipt of price by J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis

KEEP A BOX HANDY

GOOD OIL

Costs a trifle more than the cheap kind.

USE CORNPLANTER X OIL

No smoky chimneys, dirty lamps. Safe, reliable. All grocers.
St. Paul. Minneapolis.

CORNPLANTER OIL CO.

10,000 Plants for 16c.

More gardens and farms are planted to Salzer's Seeds than any other in America. There is reason for this. We own over 5,000 acres for the production of our warranted seeds. In order to induce you to try them, we make you the following unprecedented offer:

For 16 Cents Postpaid
1000 Early, Medium and Late Cabbages,
2000 Fine Juicy Turnips,
2000 Blanching Celery,
2000 Rich Nutty Lettuce,
1000 Splendid Onions,
1000 Rare Luscious Radishes,
1000 Gloriously Brilliant Flowers.

Above seven packages contain sufficient seed to grow 10,000 plants, furnishing bushels of brilliant flowers and lots and lots of choice vegetables, together with our great catalog, telling all about Flowers, Roses, Small Fruits, etc., all for 16c in stamps and this notice. Big 140-page catalog alone, 4c.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., W.N.U. La Crosse, Wis.

THE MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD CO. ALBERT LEA ROUTE

THE NORTH STAR LIMITED

THE SHORT LINE TO OMAHA DES MOINES AND KANSAS CITY

SUPERB NEW TRAIN TO ST. LOUIS AND CHICAGO

TICKET OFFICES: 398 Robert Street, St. Paul, 424 Nicollet Ave. Minneapolis

A. B. CUTTS, General Passenger Agent.

Free Book On Deformities and Paralysis

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DR. KOCH LEAVES NEW ULM JAIL

DENTIST IS GIVEN FREEDOM UNDER $20,000 BONDS BY JUDGE WEBBER.

KOCH'S HEALTH IS IMPAIRED

AFFIDAVITS TO THAT EFFECT ARE PRESENTED BY HIS ATTORNEYS.

JUDGE GRAY TO HEAR TRIAL

CASE WILL COME UP AT THE NEXT TERM OF COURT AT MANKATO FEB. 7.

New Ulm, Minn., Jan. 29.—Dr. G. R. Koch, who has been confined in the Brown county jail since Dec. 9, 1904, charged with the murder of Dr. L. A. Gebhardt on Nov. 1, yesterday was admitted to bail in the sum of $20,000 and released.

The arguments of the defense and the state were heard by Judge Webber at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and over an hour was consumed by Attorney L. L. Brown and Gen. H. W. Childs in citing authorities pro and con. Dr. Koch was in the court room, attended by a deputy sheriff and Attorneys Brown, Somerville and Abbott.

Koch's Health Impaired.

Attorney Brown presented an affidavit signed by Doctors Fritche, Schock and Welser, stating that the defendant was greatly emaciated by his incarceration, had become frail of body, and that his health was greatly impaired. As he had been used to taking considerable exercise, the close confinement had wrought great bodily injury. Mr. Brown laid particular stress on the disagreement of the jury in the recent trial, and said that in other states it had been the custom under similar conditions to grant bail. He further stated that the nature of the proof in the case, which is fully before the court, and which cannot move the mind beyond the region of doubt on the question of the guilt of the accused, in addition to the disagreement of the jury, ought to make it clear that the defendant is entitled to bail as a matter of right, and it should be granted in the discretion of the court.

Gen. Childs Objects to Bail.

Gen. Childs, who appeared for the state, objected to the granting of bail. He said that the criminal intent was essentially strong in this case; that there was an abundance of evidence which created a strong presumption of guilt. There was a correlation of a remarkable series of circumstances, all consistent with the theory of Dr. G. R. Koch's guilt, he asserted, and it was incredible that the proven facts could exist with respect to any other person than the defendant.

Fixes Bail at $20,000.

Judge Webber stated that he had looked up numerous authorities; that most cases cited by the defense do not apply to this case, but, in view of the fact that Dr. Koch did not attempt to escape after the murder, he felt perfectly safe in granting bail. Gen. Childs and Attorney Albert Pfaender stipulated that a bail bond in the sum of $20,000 be furnished, to which Attorney Brown, for the defense, agreed, and the bond immediately was drawn up, the sureties being Dr. L. A. Fritsche, Dr. J. L. Schoch, W. E. Koch, E. G. Koch, Jacob Klossner, Jr., and Charles Wagner.

Dr. Koch left the jail shortly after 5 o'clock.

Next Trial at Mankato.

The state then asked for a change of venue, and preferred Watonwan county, which is in Judge Gray's district. Judge Webber said that Judge Gray would prefer to try the case at Mankato, and it therefore will come up at the next term of the district court, which will be held at Mankato on Feb. 7. The defense was more favorably impressed with Blue Earth county. It was generally conceded that it would be a difficult task to secure a jury in either county, as the interest in the case has been widespread.

WRECKING PLOT FAILS.

Engine on Texas Fast Mail Train Baffles Attempt to Ditch.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 31.—An unsuccessful attempt to wreck the Missouri, Kansas & Texas fast mail train from Texas, running at the rate of sixty miles an hour, has been made in a deep cut three miles southwest of Moran, Kan. A tie had been fastened across the tracks and a derailing iron placed on the rails. The force with which the engine struck the tie snapped it in two and threw it with the derailing iron to one side.

SHOOTS SON-IN-LAW IN DUEL.

Fatally Wounds Husband of Complaining Daughter.

Jacksonville, Ill., Jan. 29. — In a street duel last night William Nunes, a prominent contractor, shot and fatally wounded his son-in-law, Frederick De Fraties. The latter, it is said, fired the first shots, two bullets going through Nunes' clothing. Nunes gave himself up. De Fraties married Nunes' daughter last December and she had complained to her father that her husband abused her.

TWELFTH BALLOT TAKEN.

Missouri Deadlock Voting Results in Fourteen Pairs.

Jefferson City, Mo., Feb. 2.—The twelfth ballot in the contest for United States senator to succeed Francis M. Cockrell was taken yesterday in joint session but no choice resulted and the session dissolved for the day. This ballot resulted: Cockrell, 68; Niedringhaus, 66; Kerens, 12; Speaker Hill, 1. There were fourteen pairs.

TIGHTER NET ABOUT DR. KOCH.

State's Attorneys Allege That New New Evidence Will Be Put In.

New Ulm, Minn., Feb. 2.—The attorneys for the state in the case against Dr. George R. Koch, charged with the murder of Dr. L. A. Gebhardt on Nov. 1, allege that they are gathering much additional evidence with which they expect to weave the net of circumstantial evidence closer about Dr. Koch.

Several sensations are promised when the new trial comes up during the next term of the district court at Mankato, which opens on Feb 7, and the attorneys employed by the state affirm that the evidence which they are collecting, in addition to that which they brought out at the recent trial held in this city, is of great

Weight and Importance.

Anton Horsak, the shoemaker, when placed on the stand in the recent trial, testified that while he was going home from his shop on the evening of the murder he had seen a man holding a handkerchief close to his face cross Minnesota street and ascend the Gebhardt stairs. This man, when greeted by the cobbler, gave no reply, and the latter scanned him closely. Subsequently Horsak pointed to four men who were walking on the street, and told Chief of Police Klause that one of these men was the person he saw ascend the stairs leading to Dr. Gebhardt's office. The identity of this man is known, but his name was withheld at the last trial.

To Impeach Horsak Testimony.

The state during the recent trial called several witnesses for the purpose of establishing the fact that the shoemaker had left his shop and had passed in front of the Gebhardt stairs before 9 o'clock. It failed to make this point clear for the reason that the witnesses called were not positive concerning the time, but the prosecution alleges that it has secured testimony during the last several days that is reliable, and will place beyond all doubt that Horsak passed the stairway earlier than the time he stated. This fact would make it positive the shoemaker did not see the murderer enter the stairway, and that if he did observe any one it was much earlier in the evening.

Allege Hammer Is Koch's.

The evidence brought out concerning the fatal hammer was not conclusive enough to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the hammer with which the deed was committed belonged at the Koch home. There was a hammer similar in appearance, but substantial evidence could not be secured at that time absolutely to establish this fact. Since the trial the citizens' committee has come into the possession of testimony which, it is declared, will prove that this hammer was an appurtenance belonging to the Koch farm.

Assail Defense's Hammer Theory.

Fred Schwede, the elderly man whom the defense placed on the stand in an attempt to prove the ownership of this hammer, has given out the following statement regarding the hammer:

"I do not feel warranted in going on the stand and swearing absolutely that the hammer which the state has in its possession and which was used to kill Dr. Gebhardt, was the one I once owned, but I am satisfied in my own mind that it is the one I purchased in Fairmont several years ago. I had a sale some time since, and the hammer was among the things which were sold. Who purchased the hammer I do not remember, but I am positive that it eventually fell into the hands of the assassin."

The defense will attempt to prove at the next trial that the hammer was formerly the property of this aged man, and again will place him and his wife on the stand. The state will not attempt to discredit their testimony, but rather will try to show that it was impossible for the hammer to get from Schwede's premises to Dr. Gebhardt's offices, as the defense attempted to establish at the last trial.

Dr. Koch continually has been in his office since liberated on bail.

GILBERT TO BUILD NEW CAPITOL

St. Paul Architect Wins in Wisconsin Competition.

Madison, Wis., Feb. 2. — Architect Cass Gilbert of St. Paul won the competition for the preparation of plans for the new Wisconsin capitol building and will be chosen to supervise the work of construction, which will begin during the coming season. The plans are said to resemble, in many respects, those of the new Minnesota state house. It is estimated that the capitol can be completed for about $5,000,000, but many believe that the plans cannot be executed for less than $8,000,000 or $10,000,000. The plans of Kock & Son of Milwaukee were warded second place and those of Ferry Clas of Milwaukee, third. The report of the committee was presented to the legislature. The first prize is $2,000, second $1,500 and third $1,000. The construction will occupy a term of eight or ten years, the first parts to be built being those of the old building destroyed by fire a year ago.

OBJECT TO LODGE TAXING.

Fraternal Congress Assails Gov. Toole's Suggestion.

Butte, Mont., Feb. 2. — The American Fraternal congress, 30,000 strong, has presented a petition to the legislature protesting against the proposed taxation of the various fraternal orders in the state and bringing different orders under state control, in line with the suggestion of Gov. J. K. Toole in his message.

SIX CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Alleged Slayers of John Wren Arrested at Kenosha, Wis.

Kenosha, Wis., Jan. 31.—N. J. Schumacher, John George, Douglas Burhyte, Charles Wannamaker, L. J. Bolton and David Rooney, all well known residents of the town of Trevor, have been arrested on a charge of murder. All were committed to jail without bail. They are charged with the murder of John Wren, which took place at Trevor on Christmas day.

What the State Solons Are Doing

St. Paul, Jan. 26.—Still another plan for settling the board of control question is provided for in a bill introduced yesterday by Senator C. B. Buck of Faribault. The measure takes the financial management of the university, the normal schools and the institutions for the deaf and blind at Faribault from the board of control, except in so far as the management relates to the construction and repair of buildings and additions and the purchase of fuel.

Several permanent improvements in the state school of agriculture are provided for in a measure introduced by Senator E F. Comstock. The bill appropriates $283,000 for the university.

A third state fish hatchery to be located within two miles of Deerwood, in Crow Wing county, is provided for in a bill introduced by Senator John F. Frate.

Only three bills were introduced in the senate yesterday, and the session lasted less than half an hour.

An appropriation of $25,000 to pay deficiencies in the state aid to rural and semi-graded schools for 1903 and 1904 is made by a bill introduced by Representative William Wohlhuter.

The employment of tax ferrets by county commissioners to disclose property concealed from taxation is authorized by a bill introduced by Representative Burdette Thayer.

A bill aimed at box car merchants, which requires peddlers and hawkers operating outside an incorporated city or town to secure a court license, was introduced by Representative O. T. Ramsland.

Owing to a breakdown in the heating apparatus, the hall of representatives was too cold for comfort when the house was called to order at 10 o'clock yesterday, and the session lasted less than ten minutes.

St. Paul, Jan. 27.—A state industrial school for girls to replace the girls' department of the state training school at Red Wing is provided by a bill introduced by Representative J. A. Andregg. The bill constitutes F. M. Eddy, John Furlong, Dr. Cyrus K. Bartlett, J. L. Washburn and Gideon S. Ives a commission to purchase a site and superintend the erection of a new state training school for girls.

A state board of immigration is established by a bill introduced by Representative A. L. Cole which appropriates $25,000 annually to be spent under its supervision in exploiting the state's resources.

The state bounty for planting and cultivating trees on prairie land is abolished by a bill introduced by Representative M. D. Flower. The bill repeals the law levying a tenth of a mill tax to pay bounties prescribed for tree planting.

The Hannaford resolution providing for a committee of seven to investigate the system of weighing and inspecting grain in Minnesota was passed by the house.

Representative N. F. Hugo of Duluth was yesterday unanimously chosen speaker pro tempore of the Minnesota house of representatives for the present session. Mr. Clague is ill with the grip, and, although his condition is not serious, it is not expected that he will be able to preside over sessions of the house until next week.

After Senator E. B. Hawkins, at the request of Lieut. Gov. Ray W. Jones, had withdrawn opposition to the confirmation of John E. King of Red Lake Falls for state librarian, the senate ratified the appointment with a few dissenting votes.

The salary of the insurance commissioner is increased from $2,500 to $5,000, fees for the valuation of policies of life insurance companies are required to be turned into the state treasury, and several changes are made in the laws regarding the examination of insurance companies in a bill introduced by Senator A. B. Cole.

Owners of cows condemned and killed on account of tuberculosis, when it proves afterward that the animals were not diseased, will be reimbursed to the full value of the animals, if a bill introduced by Senator Jepson becomes a law.

St. Paul, Jan. 28.—A bill making the free text book system practically compulsory in the public schools of Minnesota was introduced by Representative George E. Perley. The bill makes the furnishing of free text books to pupils one of the qualifications of schools receiving state aid, and provides that schools that do not have free text books shall not receive the aid to which they would otherwise be entitled. School districts installing free text books are to certify that fact to the state superintendent of schools.

The distribution of samples of medicine, drugs or medicinal compounds of any sort is regulated by a bill introduced by Representative W. C. Frazer. The bill prohibits the careless distribution of free samples.

State land which can be rendered more valuable by drainage is not to be offered for sale until drained under the provisions of a bill introduced by Representative Asher Murray.

A plan to prevent peddlers from overrunning the country districts in the northern part of the state is proposed in a bill introduced by Senator B. J. Sundberg. The measure authorizes county commissioners to require peddlers to secure licenses for the sale of goods on wares outside the limits of an incorporated city or village.

Believing that an even temperature is maintained in the senate chamber by the employes in charge of the new capitol and that these employes do not need any assistance, Senator E. B. Wood introduced a bill in the senate abolishing the time-honored office of fireman.

The house of representatives yesterday adjourned until Monday afternoon.

The senate adjourned until Tuesday morning.

St. Paul, Jan. 31.—The whipping of wife beaters is to be no formal affair, whose chief punishment is disgrace, under the bill introduced by Representative W. I. Nolan. Mr. Nolan's bill provides that the whip used must be of rawhide, with a lash half an inch in diameter, and three feet long. It must be applied to the back with such force that each stroke shall leave a well defined stripe. The bill provides that the whipping in every instance shall be public.

The constitutional amendment allowing the state school fund to lend to counties, towns and school districts 15 per cent of their assessed valuation for erection of school houses is made effective by a bill introduced by Representative T. T. Ofsthun.

The state board of control is empowered to buy a site of not less than 160 acres near the present state prison at Stillwater by a bill introduced by Representative John Zelch, and to erect the buildings required for the new state penitentiary.

Private banks are required to make the same reports and submit to the same examinations as state banks by a bill introduced by Representative N. F. Hugo.

A bill making the Torrens registry system of land titles optional in all counties in Minnesota was introduced yesterday.

St. Paul, Feb. 1.—The weighing of grain in railroad cars on railroad scales is required by a bill introduced by Representative A. Hanaford. The present regulations as to the state weighmaster and his duties are retained, except to require that the weight of grain ascertained by weighing the loaded car on a railroad scale and then the empty car, the difference being taken as the weight of the grain shipped for which the grain elevator must pay.

A thorough investigation of the fees collected by state officers was proposed in the house by Representative L. C. Simons.

State supervision of roads and advice as to construction and material but no direct aid to townships or counties, is provided for by a state highway commission bill introduced by Representative R. H. Jefferson.

A bill fixing the maximum rates that may be charged for the transmission and delivery of messages by telegraph was introduced by Representative S. D. Peterson.

The searchlight of publicity is turned on mining and oil stocks offered to the public by a bill introduced by Representative W. W. Bardwell.

Consideration of the revised laws reported by the statute revision commission by twelve special committees of the house is provided for by a resolution introduced by Representative S. D. Peterson.

Two bills reimbursing owners for horses and cattle ordered killed by the state live stock sanitary board because of infectious diseases, were introduced in the house.

A state industrial school for girls, to be established and managed by the state board of control, as are other state institutions, is authorized by a bill introduced by Representative J. H. Dorsey.

Senator O. G. Laugen introduced a bill which, he believes, will relieve residents of the southeastern part of the state from the life-destroying rattlesnakes. The measure offers a bounty of $2 for killing rattlesnakes, half of which is to be paid by the state and half by the county.

Clandestine marriages will be less frequent in Minnesota if a bill introduced by Senator J. T. Sebain becomes a law. The measure provides that the marriage shall not take place until five days after the license is issued.

Other senate bills introduced were: Appropriating $10,000 for the Minnesota Immigration society; requiring common and independent school districts to inaugurate a system of free text books; providing that amendments to city charters shall be voted upon by separate ballot; legalizing the foreclosure of mortgages when the power of attorney has not been executed or recorded.

WANT DRAINAGE LAWS CHANGED

Minnesota Engineers and Surveyors Make Recommendations.

The Minnesota Engineers and Surveyors' society at its annual meeting at the new capitol in St. Paul recommended several changes in the state drainage laws.

The committee on state drainage laws, consisting of George A. Ralph of Crookston, Prof. W. R. Hoag of the state university, and J. D. Morgan of St. Cloud, has been corresponding with several hundred people in the state who are interested in drainage and has formulated several new laws and amendments which were approved. The following are the more important changes recommended:

County commissioners to be allowed to drain lakes, irrespective of size or location, except such as are valuable for fishing, boating and public water supply.

Township supervisors, members of city councils, the state board of control or the agents of any public institution, corporation or railroad to be allowed to sign petitions for drainage instead of liminating the signers to actual land owners.

The bondsmen should at any time previously to establishing the ditch be allowed to pay the costs of the proceedings and dismiss the same, unless the petitioners secure other bondsmen. Under the present law the proceedings cannot be stopped even if the engineer finds the proposed ditch impracticable.

The commissioners should appoint the viewers and engineer at one meeting, the engineer and viewers to be present at the formal hearing, and three of the commissioners to visit the proposed ditch before the final hearing.

The engineer, instead of making estimates only on excavation, should make estimates of grubbing, cleaning obstructions, building flumes or other wood or masonary work, and the construction of fences, briges and other things necessary for the protection of the ditch.

The engineer to draw up with the help of the county attorney a form of contract which shall contain the specifications and define the relations which shall exist between the county and the contractor.

The engineer after due notice and with the permission of the bondsmen may extend the ditch beyond the limits named in the petition or put in branches where practicable.

The engineer instead of giving a $1,000 bond for each ditch to be allowed to give a $4,000 bond to cover all ditches in process of construction.

The engineer should not be compelled to continue his bond after the completion or abandonment of the work.

The bondsmen on the contract should be bound even if changes are made in the contract.

The contractor's bond should be for the amount of the contract and not for twice the amount.

The advertisement for bids should state the approximate amount of work and estimated cost, and where the estimated cost exceeds $2,000 the county auditor should advertise in a trade paper.

Where contracts have been advertised three times and no bids received the auditor may sell the same at the rate of 60 per cent more than the estimated cost of the work.

Any contractor shall be allowed an extension of time equal to the delay caused by the non-completion of sections of work below him.

Work which cannot properly be inspected after completion should be inspected during time of construction, the county to pay all expenses of inspection.

Penalties should be provided for officers who refuse to perform the duties imposed by the drainage law.

Where ditches are in more than one county, all moneys to be paid to one of the counties and all expenses to be paid by that county.

ANOTHER TEST FOR DAIRYMEN.

More Educational Contests Next Season.

Circular letters have been sent out to the butter and cheesemakers of the state asking if they desire to compete in another series of educational contests. The state dairy and food commission will renew the contests if the replies show that the interest is the same as in the past seasons.

Commissioner E. K. Slater has asked the butter and cheesemakers to state whether they will patronize another test and whether in their judgment it will be better to hold the contests monthly or every two months. Any other suggestions which the dairymen may have as to the manner of conducting the contests are solicited.

It is maintained by the members of the department that the contests have done much to raise the standard of butter and cheese in Minnesota, and that the institution of the contests by Former Commissioner W. W. P. McConnell made it possible for Minnesota butter to take high rank at the St. Louis exposition. In his letter Mr. Slater says:

"Considerable sentiment has been aroused in favor of the dairy and food department holding another educational butter and cheese contest. We feel that great good has been accomplished by those previously held, and if it is the wish of our buttermakers and cheesemakers the present commission will be pleased to inaugurate and conduct another one.

"If another is held arrangements will be made to incorporate even more of the real educational features than have characterized those held in the past. Liberal premiums and diplomas will be awarded."

THIEF RIVER IS FULL OF FIGHT.

Has Petitions Out for Vote on County Seat Removal.

Judge Watts of Crookston has issued an order summoning the county commissioners of Red Lake county and the county auditor and treasurer, to show cause why the court should not issue a permanent injunction restraining them from purchasing the Buse property at Red Lake Falls for a county court house.

The commissioners purchased the building by resolution, the transfer to be made on Jan. 26. On the evening of the 22d Judge Watts issued the restraining order. Red Lake Falls was informed and the deal hurried through at 2 o'clock in the morning; $4,000 was paid for the property, $1,370 cash, a $1,000 warrant payable July 1, and the remainder in assumed mortgages. By stipulation the treasurer has been restrained from paying the $1,000 warrant.

There are about 1,600 actual settlers in the eleven townships of the recently opened reservation who are all with Thief River Falls. A precinct has been secured and they will vote with Thief River Falls, giving it about 75 per cent of the voting strength of the county.

Notices have been served and a petition is being circulated, asking the commissioners to submit the question of the removal of the county seat to Thief River Falls.

Both towns are already scouring the county and pledging the voters.

Congress.

Resume of the Week's Proceedings.

Washington, Jan. 27.—The senate yesterday passed the army appropriation bill after modifying the provision concerning the assignment of retired army officers to active service with the militia organizations. The effect of the change is to relieve Gen. Miles from its application.

Mr. Gallinger and others criticised the amendment regulating the sale of army transports, claiming that the use of government vessels forced unfair competition upon the owners of private vessels. Mr. Hale condemned the operation of the general tariff system in the army and said he would oppose any effort to establish a similar system in the navy.

The agricultural appropriation bill was considered in the house yesterday, but the debate turned principally on the topic of restricting railroads in the matter of freight rates, the Hepburn bill forming the basis of the discussion. Mr. Williams of Mississippi said that the Democratic party was committed to views such as were expressed by the president in his message to congress.

Consideration of the agricultural bill had not been concluded when the house adjourned.

Washington, Jan. 28.—Through his counsel, consisting of Former United States Senators Anthony Higgins and John M. Thurston, Judge Swayne yesterday appeared in the senate to make answer to the summons in connection with the impeachment proceedings against him as judge of the United States for the Northern district of Florida. They obtained a week's time to make complete response and the time for the beginning of the real trial was fixed at Feb. 10. The galleries were crowded, and a large number of members of the house were present in the senate chamber.

The discussion of the statehood bill was resumed and Messrs. Gallinger, Bailey and Stewart spoke on the Gallinger prohibition amendment concerning the sale of liquor in the Indian Territory.

The house yesterday passed the agricultural appropriation bill without material amendment. The usual discussion of the provision for free seed distribution was indulged in.

The army appropriation bill was sent back to committee after Mr. Williams of Mississippi had objected to unanimous consent to concur in the senate amendments and send the bill to conference and after Mr. Hull had refused to make a motion to accept the senate amendment regarding retired army officers assigned to active duty.

Washington, Jan. 30.—Eulogies upon the character of the late Senator Geo. F. Hoar of Massachusetts practically engrossed the time of the senate Saturday. There were sixteen speeches by as many senators, including Mr. Hoar's colleague, Mr. Lodge, and his successor, Mr. Crane. After the conclusion of the memorial services the senate adjourned out of respect to the dead senator's memory.

In a session of less than two hours Saturday the house passed 373 pension bills and received for the calendar the naval and diplomatic appropriation bills. The session was devoted to legislation entirely devoid of discussion.

Washington, Jan. 31. — The senate yesterday agreed to vote on the joint statehood bill before adjournment on Tuesday, Feb. 7, the amendments to be considered on that date under the ten minute rule. Mr. Teller spoke during the day in opposition to the bill and several minor bills were passed.

After a protracted debate the house yesterday adopted the conference report on the legislative executive and judicial appropriation bill. As agreed to the bill carries $29,132,242.

The postoffice appropriation bill was taken up and its consideration had not been concluded when the house adjourned until to-day.

RATHER PRAY THAN DRILL.

Man Wanted for Captain Will Not Give Up Church Duty.

Des Moines, Feb. 1.—Prayer meetings have caused a rupture in the Iowa national guard at this place, which is bound to result in securing a new armory or abandonment of the company. Members of the company are unanimous in their desire for Amos Brandt of this city for their captain. They have a lease only for Wednesday nights on the building they now occupy for an armory. All other nights are taken and they can secure no other. Amos Brandt is a devout Presbyterian and will not consent to give up his prayer meetings in order to drill the company. He would accept the office on any other night. There is a great difference of opinion among members as to what to do.

YOUNGS LITTLE CONCERNED.

Warrant Charging Todd's Murder Is Read to Trio.

Miller, S. D., Jan. 31.—Justice Miller read to J. W. Young, John Young and Gerney Young, the warrant charging them with the murder of George M. Todd. They showed little concern. The hearing was set for to-morrow afternoon. Another brother, Elmer Young, an escaped Sioux Falls convict, convicted for horse stealing, is also under suspicion. He is said to be in Canada.

WORKED GOLD MINE SWINDLE.

Man Alleged to Have Secured More Than $125,000.

Houston, Tex., Jan. 31. — Frank C. Lory, alleged to have secured more than $125,000 on gold mine swindles while having headquarters at Danville, Ill., was arrested here yesterday and turned over to H. H. Whitlock, sheriff oof Vermillion county, Ill., who had warrants and requisition papers. Lory has been in Galveston for some time past as a solicitor of insurance.

In Minnesota.

State News of the Week Briefly Told.

Mrs. August Engstrand of Mora, who was taken to Minneapolis for treatment for a paralytic stroke, is dead.

: : : :

Dr. N. S. Tefft of Plainview, the oldest physician in Wabasha county, died at his home in Plainview, aged 74.

: : : :

The five-year-old son of N. R. Nelson of Litchfield was accidentally shot by his brother, seven years old, who had a 38-caliber revolver.

: : : :

Oliver Young, who has conducted a grocery store at Lake City for thirty-five years, has disposed of his business to Charles Samuelson.

: : : :

Miss Josie Anderson, aged 24, sustained a fractured arm and three ugly wounds on the forehead while coasting on a bobsled at Stillwater.

: : : :

The Washington County Agricultural society has fixed Sept. 12-14 as the days for its first annual fair, that being the week following the state fair.

: : : :

C. J. Laurisch, for eight years an attorney at Mapleton, has formed a partnership with County Attorney Smith of Jackson county and will move to Lakefield.

: : : :

Louis Mellberg, a single man, 35 years old, living in Grove City, was run over and instantly killed by the west-bound Great Northern flyer at Atwater.

: : : :

Henry Rames, a Finlander, aged 19, met instant death at the Hull mine recently. He walked into an ore chute and fell a distance of forty feet, breaking his neck.

: : : :

Peter E. Thompson, a pioneer resident, died at Barnesville. He was vice president of the First National bank and a member of the city council. His age was 58 years.

: : : :

Frank Van Dyke, the county jail prisoner who killed his cellmate, Eric Linderberg, on Dec. 12, at Duluth, will evade the rope, and the penitentiary as well, for he is hopelessly insane.

: : : :

Robert Fraser, Jr., of Slayton, who swallowed a bone two weeks ago, which first lodged in his throat and then passed to his stomach, was operated upon at Rochester and is convalescing.

: : : :

The Minneapolis & St. Louis station at Waterville was destroyed by fire, which originated in the freight room, near where the switch lights are kept. The station was full of freight and the loss is heavy.

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The Bertha Co-operative Creamery association elected the following officers: President, L. Kassube; secretary, Theodore Hilpert; treasurer, Charles Bluhm; directors, J. McClay, A. Kotz, C. Wagner.

: : : :

Wisconsin farmers who market wood at Lake City do not like the ordinance requiring that all wood be officially scaled, and in consequence much trading that is usually done there is going to Wisconsin towns.

: : : :

John Schmitz, M. Schmitz and Frank Bose were found guilty of illegal fishing at Fergus Falls, and Bose's fine and costs amounted to $26.96, while Schmitz brothers' fine and costs amounted in each instance to $16.75.

: : : :

Ole Melund, a Norwegian employed as carpenter at the Zenith mine, near Ely, fell down the opening nearly 1,000 feet. His body was picked up in pieces soon after. He was 25 and had no relatives in this country.

: : : :

Joseph Gerlach, an employe of the Northwestern brewery at Alexandria, was badly injured by being caught in the shafting. The biceps muscle and a large portion of the bone of his right arm were literally torn out and he will be fortunate if his life is saved.

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At at meeting of the attorneys of Dodge county to indorse some one for clerk of the courts to fill out the unexpired term of L. A. Humason, who died recently, C. M. Cooper of Dodge Center was recommended and will no doubt receive the appointment.

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An epidemic of smallpox prevails at the McAlpine Lumber company's logging camp, nineteen miles north of Two Harbors. A special train over the Duluth & Iron Range road, carrying authorities and a physician, was run into the spur, and upon their arrival at the camp they found thirteen well-developed cases. The patients were put into a caboose and taken to Two Harbors and placed in the detention hospital west of town. Two are very sick.

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Teamsters engaged in hauling ice for Pratt Bros. of Pipestone have been receiving 35 cents a load and demanded a raise of 5 cents. They were given an opportunity to return to work at the old scadle or quit. But few have been re-employed.

The officers for the new Farmers' Elevator company at Pelican Rapids are S. M. McLeod, president; Ole G. Helseth, vice president; Fred Damschen, secretary; L. L. Lundhagen, treasurer; Peter Damschen, buyer. The association will either purchase an elevator or build in the spring.

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The two-year-old son of Gus Fisher, a carpenter of Perham, is dead as the result of a peculiar accident. He had the pointed handle of a toothbrush in his mouth and fell to the floor. The point penetrated the palate, and blood poison resulted, causing death.

A state farmers' institute, conducted by Prof. T. A. Hoverstad of the Red river valley experiment farm at Crookston, will be held at Hawley on Feb. 28. Among the speakers will be Andrew Elliott of Gault, Ont., and William Briggs of Winona.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1905. NUMBER 30.

The News ✠ Of the Week

In the Capital.

Senator Lodge has introduced a bill authorizing the striking of bronze medals of honor to be awarded to persons displaying conspicuous courage or undergoing great danger in saving lives in railroad wrecks or in preventing such wrecks.

A bill was passed prohibiting express companies engaged in interstate and foreign commerce from carrying obscene literature. It extends to other carriers the provisions regulating the transmission of such matter through the mails.

The president sent a message to congress calling attention to the fact that no statistics on marriage and divorce had been collected since 1886, and recommended legislation providing for the collection of statistics covering the period from 1886 to the present time.

Congressman Babcock (Wis.) introduced a bill providing for a penalty of $1,000 or ten years' imprisonment on conviction of any one who places explosives against any building, bridge or structure in the District of Columbia with intent to destroy it so as to endanger human life.

The house committee on naval affairs decided upon the naval increase program to be incorporated in the naval appropriation bill, providing for but two battleships. They are to be of 16,000 tons each, representing the largest type and carrying the heaviest armament and armor. The vote by which two were adopted was 13 to 4.

Foreign.

The Bolivian congress has approved the treaty of peace and friendship with Chile.

Minister of Finance Pacsogu has resigned in consequence of a campaign against him by M. Balongdics, King Peter's private secretary.

Gen. Torres and Gov. Ysabel, with Mexican troops, are pursuing the Yaqui Indians. Torres is considered the best Indian fighter in the Mexican army.

Herman Corrodi, the painter, is dead in Rome. He was born in Zurich, lived many years in Rome, and was personally acquainted with almost all the European Royalties.

The governmental sanitary work recently authorized by the Cuban congress in the principal cities is being inaugurated under the personal supervision of the secretary of public works.

The Ladrones, who captured the wife and two children of former Gov. Thias in the attack on San Francisco de Malabon on the night of Jan. 24, demand a ransom of $20,000 pesos for their release.

Accidental Happenings.

The Southern hotel at Champaign, Ill., was destroyed by fire. Loss, $75,000; covered by insurance.

The Peabody building on Washington street, Salem, Mass., was destroyed by fire, entailing a loss estimated at $100,000.

An explosion of natural gas in a flouring mill at Decatur, Ill., seriously burned three employes and caused a fire which destroyed the mill. Loss, $40,000.

The fumes from a hard coal stove at St. Louis caused the death of Mrs. Louise Mullen, colored, and her two grandchildren, Mora and Clarence Jones.

One man was killed and five others badly injured in a head-on collision near Ardmore, I. T., between a northbound passenger train on the A., T. & S. F., and an extra freight.

While coasting at Bloomington, Ill., Earl Reynolds was killed, Thomas Davis was fatally injured and three other children were badly hurt. The killed and injured are all small children.

A bob, holding seven high school students, tearing down the coasting hill on Broad street at St. Joseph, Mich., crashed into a telegraph pole and several were injured, one fatally.

Ernest Morcum, a miner in No. 2 Franklin Junior mine at Calumet, Mich., walked into the shaft and dropped two levels and was killed instantly. He came from Cornwall a few days ago.

With an explosion that stirred the entire city, the municipal gas plant blew up at Bellefontaine, Ohio, but the fire that followed the explosion was soon conquered. The explosion was the result of the breaking of the water seal in the purifier, the escaping gas becoming ignited. The explosion tore off the roof and blew out the walls.

While preparing to blast frozen iron ore in the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton yards at Toledo, a workman was warming a stick of dynamite, when it caught fire, setting ablaze the workshop, in which a quantity of dynamite caps were stored. A terrific explosion followed, instantly killing one man and seriously, though not fatally wounding five others.

In a fire which started in Wyck's planing mill at West Thirty-second street and Twelfth avenue, New York, and quickly spread to the John Stanley soap works and threatened a large amount of property, one fireman was seriously injured and twelve horses were burned to death.

Capt. Charles M. Davis, steamship inspector and for ten years one of the best known wrecking masters on the Great Lakes, is dead as the result of a fall through an open hatch of a steamer to the hold, a distance of twenty-five feet, at Milwaukee.

Crimes and Criminals.

Mrs. Stella McDonald, alias May Stella Davis, and Frazer McDonald, alleged counterfeiters, are held at Chicago to the federal grand jury in $2,000 bonds.

The dead bodies of an unidentified man and woman were found in a rooming house in St. Louis. A bottle which contained carbolic acid was found in the room and it is believed they committed suicide.

Peter Miller, Democratic election judge, was found guilty at Denver of suppressing ballots and making false certificates at the November election by a jury in the criminal court. Sentence was deferred.

Mrs. May Brown, who shot and killed her husband, John Brown, a barber, was acquitted of a charge of murder at Houghton, Mich. Brown was shot during a quarrel over his inattention to her and his drinking.

With her clothes burned from her body, Agnes Pears, a maiden lady, living alone near Philo, Ohio, was found dead in her home by a neighbor. The torn-up appearance of the room gave evidence of foul play.

Three United States revenue agents broke into the home of Edward Anderson at St. Louis and arrested three men, a girl and a boy on the charge of manufacturing oleomargarine without paying the government tax.

James Simpson, president of the Bullfrog Mining company, was shot and mortally wounded at Goldfield, Nev., by Thomas Shipp, a mining prospector. The shooting resulted from a disagreement over a mining deal.

The grand jury returned ten indictments charging embezzlement and false pretenses, six against P. T. Hays, former cashier of the Orange Growers' National bank, and four against Col. J. W. Dish, formerly right of way agent of the Salt Lake railway.

The Farmers and Merchants' bank at Canadian, I. T., has been looted. The safe was blown and $1,300 taken. Later two unknown men were found dead along side the railway track and it was evident they had been shot and thrown from a train.

In a street duel at Jacksonville, Fla., William Nunes, a prominent contractor, shot and fatally wounded his son-in-law, Frederick De Fraties. De Fraties married Nune's daughter last December, and she had complained to her father that her husband abused her.

Frank C. Lory, alleged to have secured more than $125,000 on gold mine swindles while having headquarters at Danville, Ill., was arrested at Houston, Tex., and turned over to H. H. Whitlock, sheriff of Vermillion county, Ill., who had warrants and requisition papers. Lory has been in Galveston for some time since as a solicitor of insurance.

An unsuccessful attempt to wreck the Missouri, Kansas & Texas fast mail from Texas, runing at the rate of sixty miles an hour, has been made in a deep cut three miles southwest of Moran, Kan. A tie had been placed across the tracks and a derailing iron fastened on the rails. The force with which the engine struck the tie snapped it in two and threw it with the derailing iron to one side.

Otherwise.

Lewis Lutz, aged 68, dropped dead of excitement while his home was burning in Philadelphia.

Bishop Ethelbert Talbot has been re-elected president of the New York alumni of Dartmouth college.

Elizabeth McCormick, the only daughter of Rush McCormick, aged 12 years, and the heiress of the millionaire family, is dead at Chicago.

Physicians of Rockland county, N. Y., are on strike against a reduction by the board of supervisors for performing autopsies.

Harry L. Lockhart, famous elephant trainer, died in the City of Mexico of pneumonia. He had a herd of Ringlings' elephants with him.

The Standard Oil company is playing a freeze-out game in the Indiana oil fields. The independents are organizing to prevent a move.

Dr. Edward Lindsay Cunningham, said to have been the oldest surviving graduate of the Harvard Medical school, died at Newport, R. I., aged 96.

The striking iron molders who purchased the Newport foundry at Newport, Ky., have arranged for each employe from president to boy to receive $3 a day on the union scale.

A cablegram announcing the death of Gen. Christian T. Christiansen of Brooklyn at Copenhagen, Denmark, has been received. Gen. Christiansen served throughout the Civil war.

A prominent Louisville minister, while in a dentist's chair recently, swallowed a steel drill an inch and a half long, which become loosened from the holder. He has been subjected three times unsuccessfully to the X-ray.

Samuel H. Piles of Seattle was elected United States senator by the Washington legislature on the thirteenth joint ballot. His election resulted from the withdrawal of Charles Sweeney, the millionaire mining man of Spokane.

John Harding of Trenton, N. J., 83 years old, is rejoicing over the birth of a son, which is the second one born to him in two years. Three years ago he married a woman twenty-three years old, whom he had adopted when she was a little girl. Their first child died. Harding is wealthy and his boy will inherit $100,000.

BULLETS FOR A STATESMAN

SOININEN, PROCURATOR GENERAL OF FINLAND, ASSASSINATED.

MOTIVE PURELY POLITICAL

YOUNG MAN IN AN OFFICER'S UNIFORM DOES THE SHOOTING.

THE ASSASSIN IS WOUNDED

THE MURDERED MAN'S SON EXCHANGES SHOTS WITH FATHER'S SLAYER.

Helsingfors, Finland, Feb. 8. — Solsalon Soininen, procurator general of Finland, who, before he was ennobled, was known by the name of Johnsson, was assassinated yesterday by a young man whose identity up to the present time has not been determined. The assassin and Soininen's son were both wounded in a revolver duel following the killing. The motive of the crime apparently was purely political, the slain official being a prominent member of the government party.

The murderer appeared at the procurator's residence at 11 o'clock and sent in a card bearing in French the name of Alexandre Gadd, who is

In the Russian Service.

The young man, who was smartly dressed in an officer's uniform, was promptly admitted to the official's private study, and on his entrance fired four shots from a revolver, one of the bullets piercing the breast of the procurator, who expired almost immediately. His seventeen-year-old son, hearing the shots, rushed in from an adjoining room and fired three or four shots at his father's assailant, whose right leg was broken below the knee by a bullet. He was also slightly wounded in the shoulder and a finger of his left hand was struck. The assassin fired the one bullet remaining in his revolver

at Soininsen's Son,

wounding him slightly in the calf of the right leg. He then endeavored to escape, but fell unconscious to the floor in the anteroom. There he was seized. Dr. Wasastjerna was called immediately but found the procurator beyond need of his services. The assassin was removed to the surgical hospital, where he lies guarded by police, answering no questions and evidently unconscious. His recovery, however, is thought to be certain.

Up to the present the authorities have been unable to identify him. He is of dark complexion and apparently between twenty-five and thirty years of age.

Reign of Terror Feared.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 8.—The news of the assassination of Soisalon Soininen, procurator general of Finland, though occurring before noon on Monday, was not generally known in St. Petersburg last night, but may be expected to produce an immense sensation when it becomes public, as it will be regarded as the precursor of an era of terrorism for which the events of January in St. Petersburg and throughout Russia gave the signal.

FAMILY IS POISONED.

Coffee Evidently Contains Substance That Has Fatal Effect.

Eldora, Iowa, Feb. 8. — Benjamin Walton, aged eighty-six, died suddenly last night at his home near this city, and it is claimed that he was poisoned from drinking coffee. His aged wife is not expected to survive, and a son is ill from the effects of the same coffee which all of the family drank last Friday evening. All suffered intense agony and they are unable to determine how the coffee became tainted with the poison which is responsible for the sickness and death.

NORTH DAKOTAN IN A MYSTERY.

Robert Campbell and Spouse Principals in Tragedy.

Anderson, Ind., Feb. 8.—Mrs. Robert Campbell was found dead and her husband in a dying condition in their apartments in this city last night. The coroner, who found among their possessions a box marked "quinine," but which contained corosive sublimate, is holding an investigation. The husband is not expected to live. Mr. and Mrs. Campbell came to Anderson from Norwood, N. D., about four months ago.

FIRE FORTY "MIDDIES."

Examinations Are Too Much for Some of the Naval Cadets.

Annapolis, Md., Feb. 8. — As a result of the recent semi-annual examinations at the naval academy, the resignations of six midshipman of the third class and thirty-four of the fourth class have been called for. Seven midshipmen of the third class and an equal number of members of the second class have been dropped back to the next lower class.

MORE MURDERS IN FINLAND.

Reign of Terror With Series of Political Murders Feared.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 9. — For the moment the startling crime in Helsingfors has withdrawn attention from the strike situation throughout Russia. A reign of terror with a series of political murders is feared. Yesterday's events in Poland the the Caucasus, however, are quite serious enough in themselves. Disorders in the smaller industrial towns of Poland have added more than a score to the total of the killed, and troops have been sent to Warsaw and Kutno (eighty-five miles west of Warsaw) to quell uprisings there. The strike conditions in the Caucasus

Are Becoming Worse,

and traffic on the transcaucasian railway is interrupted.

The men employed in three St. Petersburg factories threatened to walk out yesterday but the grievance in this instance, which was over strike pay, was settled at a conference.

A large nail factory in the Ostroff section was burned yesterday and reports of incendiarism were current, but they appear to have been based on presumption rather than proof.

The central committee of the Russian Social Democratic Workmen's party has issued a violent proclamation which has been widely circulated in the factories of St. Petersburg, calling on the operatives to array themselves

Under the Red Flag

of the Social Democracy and prepare for an armed renewal of the January demonstrations.

The proclamation bitterly assails church and state and the higher classes, and concludes:

"In order to gain victory we must organize a vast workmen's army. Then again will we start for the palace to present our demands, not without weapons, not with ikons and not with supplications, but with arms in our hands under the blood red standard of the Russian Social Democratic party."

Gopon in Switzerland.

Father Gopon, the leader of the workmen of St. Petersburg in the affair of Jan. 22, is now known to be in Switzerland.

The police have discovered at the residence of Municipal Councillor Kedrine, one of those who was arrested with Maxim Gorky for the attempt to interview Minister of the Interior Sviatopolk-Mirsky the night before the collision between the soldiers and workmen in this city, and who is still in St. Peter and St. Paul fortress, the draft of a proclamation inciting the aarmy to revolt.

Trepoff to Succeed Mirsky.

It is understood that Gov. Gen. Trepoff is likely to become minister of the interior shortly, or receive the specially created post of minister of police.

MUCH WORSE IN SOUTH.

Weather Conditions Worse Than at Any Time Since Storm Began.

Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 9. — With a blizzard raging in Texas and rain and sleet falling throughout Louisiana, Mississippi and Tennessee, weather conditions are decidedly worse than at any time since the present storm began. Thousands of cattle in Texas are reported to be suffering and in many cases totally deprived of water. Telegraphic communication is demoralized in all sections of the Southwest, and the cities of Shreveport, Baton Rouge and Crowley are completely cut off from wire connection of any kind. Rain is falling in New Orleans, Mobile and Montgomery, accompanied by falling temperature. The city of Natchez, Miss., has been without wire communication since Sunday, and the daily papers are issuing their editions without the usual news from the world at large. The State of Arkansas is in the grasp of one of the worst sleet storms in its history.

HAS GRUDGE AGAINST MILES.

Daughter of Jefferson Davis Tells How Father Was Persecuted.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Feb. 9. — "When Gen. Miles ordered manacles placed upon Jeff Davis it required six men to do it, and my father often said to me it was the bitterest moment in his whole life," said Mrs. J. A. Hayes, daughter of Jefferson Davis.

"At Fortress Monroe, when Miles placed my father in irons without authority of the government father begged to be shot, instead of being treated like a common felon. I was with my father when he was captured in the woods of Georgia.

"Gen. Miles insulted my mother," said Mrs. Hayes, "and my father, feeble and emaciated as he was, shook the iron gratings of his cell and said to Miles: 'If I could get at you, I would tear you limb from limb.'"

SUED FOR TEACHING NEGROES.

School Prosecuted Under Co-Educational Prohibition.

Lexington, Ky., Feb. 9. — The first criminal prosecution under the recently adopted bill prohibiting co-education of races in Kentucky is on at Richmond. The penalty fixed is a $1,000 fine. The college is represented by John G. Carlisle of New York city, Guy Mallon of Cincinnati and Curtis F. Burnam of Richmond. The case will probably go to the supreme court of the United States.

RUSSIANS ARE DRIVEN BACK

ATTACK JAPANESE LINES AT MANY POINTS, BUT ARE REPULSED.

TOKIO HEARS OF PEACE TALK

REPORT THAT RUSSIA HAD ASKED FRIENDLY OFFICES OF GREAT BRITAIN.

FEAR A RENEWAL OF STRIKE

RUMORS IN ST. PETERSBURG OF GENERAL RECRUDESCENCE OF STRIKE.

Tokio, Feb. 9. — Reports from the Manchurian army headquarters say that the Russians shelled various parts of the Japanese lines last Monday and Monday night. Small forces of Russian infantry attacked at various points but all were repulsed.

It is further reported that the Russians continue to intrench in the direction of Wanchjayuantzu, Litajentun, Chenchinenpao and Heikoutai.

A report emanating from London to the effect that the grand dukes of Russia, determined to secure peace, had asked Great Britain to use its friendly offices, was published in Tokio yesterday. The foreign office denied having any knowledge of the matter.

Admiral Togo arrived at Kure yesterday and immediately raised his flag on the battleship Mikasa.

Strike May Break Out Again.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 9. — A partial strike at the Putiloff iron works and the complete tie-up of the St. Petersburg car factory, gave rise to rumors yesterday of a general recrudescence of the strike movement here, but the strike has not extended to other establishments and the success of the manager of the Putiloff works in preventing the great body of workmen from following the example of their comrades in two of the shops who had walked out, gives basis for hope of an amicable settlement. The present trouble involves the questions of pay for the time the men were out on strike and the eight-hour day which were discussed at a meeting of employers Tuesday night. The employers came to no absolute decision, but determined to adopt a conciliatory attitude.

ELECTORAL VOTE COUNTED.

President Pro Tem Frye Declares Roosevelt Elected.

Washington, Feb. 9. — The tellers reporting that Roosevelt and Fairbanks had received 336 electoral votes and Parker and Davis 140 votes, President Pro Tem Frye yesterday declared their election. Miss Alice Roosevelt, daughter of the president, and a party of friends occupied seats in the executive gallery. When the announcement was made of the vote of Missouri there was great applause among the Republicans.

WOULD ENJOIN TAX LEVY.

Red Lake County Board Is Defendant in Suit.

Thief River Falls, Minn., Feb 9.— Attorney W. H. Lee has begun a suit in the district court for an injunction restraining the county officials from making the present tax levy or from collecting it. He contends that in several instances the levy is larger than the law allows, and asks the court to restrain the payment, even if the levy has been made.

Accuser Is Expelled.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 9.—Frank D. Comerfoord, a representative from the Second senatorial district of Cook county, was yesterday expelled as a member of that body. His expulsion was the climax of a series of sensational charges of corruption and attempted bribery made by Mr. Comerford against members of the Illinois legislature, which were investigated by a special committee of the house and found utterly unfounded.

Hold Land for Irrigation.

Washington, Feb. 9. — The interior department temporarily has withdrawn from all forms of disposal 230,000 acres of public lands in the Bozeman, Mont., land district on account of the Madison river project of irrigation, and 305,600 acres in the Carson City, Nev., land district, on account of the Truckee-Carson irrigation project.

Three Fatally Injured.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 9. — Three men were fatally injured by the explosion of 1,200 pounds of powder yesterday at the Rockdale Powder mill. It is thought that the explosion was caused by a spark resulting from the use of a hammer on a drying plate.

Blaze at Downing.

Downing, Wis., Feb. 9. — Fire yesterday morning totally destroyed Young's barber shop and laundry office on Main street. The building was erected last summer.

ST. PAUL WOMAN FIRST TO FILE

Mrs. A. O'Rourke Makes Entry on Timber Land in 67-18.

Duluth, Minn., Feb. 9. — One hundred persons, five of whom were women, were in line at the United States land office yesterday morning when the doors were opened to file on lands in 67-18, and a St. Paul woman, Mrs. A. O'Rourke, was the first to file. She obtained first position through the courtesy of a friend who held the place for her until Tuesday night. Other men in the corridor offered no objections to her taking first place. The newly opened town contains much good timber, and many of the persons who filed yesterday have obtained property that will bring them substantial sums as soon as they have received their patents.

SHOOTS SELF AND WIFE.

Quarrels Between Elderly Man and Young Wife Probably the Cause.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Feb. 9. — News reached here last evening of a double shooting which occurred on a farm twelve miles north of Sioux Falls. The victims were Lars Olson, a farmer, who is dead, and his wife, who is mortally wounded. Olson, who is an elderly man, recently married a young woman. It is alleged that they have frequently quarreled. Last evening neighbors noticed that the Olson home bore a deserted appearance. Breaking into the building they found Olson dead and his wife mortally wounded. Her body lay on a bed. Near it was Olson's body, seated in a chair, and with the trunk resting against the bed. It is inferred that the husband mortally wounded his wife and then killed himself.

DYNAMITE KILLS SIX.

Ten Thousand Pounds of Dynamite Go Off in a Mine.

Houghton, Mich., Feb. 9.—One man is dead, seven were injured and five are missing as the result of an explosion of 10,000 pounds of dynamite in No. 5 shaft of the Kearsarge branch of the Osceola consolidated mines yesterday afternoon. No explanation can be given for the explosion. The dynamite was kept in a drift at the eighth level and was used by the men in blasting. The shaft is on fire. It is feared the five men missing are dead. The searching party was unable to get down further than the fifth level. The shafts are being sealed.

HERMAN'S FIRST SETTLER.

Death of S. Frogner at the Age of Eighty Years.

Herman, Minn., Feb. 9. — S. Frogner, eighty years old, the first settler in this village, is dead. In former years he kept a store, was the postmaster and prominent in various lines of business; also in politics. He was a member of the first county board of Grant county, and had the distinction of locating the county seat at Elbow Lake. In recent years he lost his property, health and faculties. He lived in retirement. He was born in Sweden.

THREE WRECKS.

Three Engines and Eighteen Cars Dumped Within Two Hours.

Racine, Wis., Feb. 9. — In three freight wrecks on the North-Western railroad between Racine and Kenosha within two hours last night three engines and eighteen cars were wrecked with a damage of $25,000. All traffic was delayed until morning.

Stockman Hangs Himself.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 9. — Antone Stadler committed suicide at Kalispell by hanging. He was last seen Saturday, and the body was found yesterday in the attic of his residence. He was a brother of Louis Stadler, a wealthy cattleman of Helena, and himself a man of means. He was a native of Austria and sixty years old. No reason is given for the deed.

Whole Town Being Converted.

Mason City, Iowa, Feb. 9.—All the business houses of the city were closed yesterday in deference to Evangelist Sunday's request. He spoke to 2,000 at the tabernacle. There has been about 650 conversions since the meetings were begun.

Honors Requisition.

Pierre, S. D., Feb. 9. — Gov. Elrod yesterday, on request of the governor of Iowa, granted a requisition for Frank Kennedy, alias John Wilson, wanted in Sioux City on a charge of murder. Kennedy is in custody at Yankton.

Stork Recalls Big Case.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Feb. 9. — It was announced last night that a son was born Monday morning to Mr. and Mrs. Wallace D. Scott. Mrs. Scott was formerly the wife of Roland B. Molineux, the famous murder case defendant.

Open Switch Causes Death.

Fond du Lac, Wis., Feb. 9. — Passenger Train No. 1, Wisconsin Central, ran into an open switch at Stevens Point yesterday and ditched an engine and box car. One man was killed and another fatally injured.

Iowa Man Hangs Himself.

Spring Valley, Minn., Feb. 9. — H. Spooner of Luverne, Iowa, committed suicide Sunday afternoon in a barn on Orval Mann's farm, near Cherry Grove, by hanging himself. He was twenty-four years old.

KOCH TRIAL SET FOR APRIL 19

JUDGE CRAY FIXES THE DATE FOR NEXT BATTLE IN MURDER CASE.

WILL BE HELD AT MANKATO

WITNESSES ORDERED TO APPEAR IN COURT ON THE DAY NAMED.

DENTIST SEEMS CHEERFUL

DEFENDANT SAYS HE IS PLEASED WITH ARRANGEMENTS FOR NEXT TRIAL.

Mankato, Minn., Feb. 9.—Dr. George R. Koch, the alleged murderer of Dr. L. A. Gebhardt at New Ulm, faced Judge Cray yesterday for the first time, and listened to the proceedings fixing the time for his second trial. The date decided upon was April 19.

Dr. Koch made a favorable impression in the court room. He appeared cheerful and confident. When interviewed, he said everything depends on the kind of a jury that will be selected; that he was trying to avoid worry over his case, and would continue diligently at his work in his office.

Those who saw Koch at the close of his first trial say that he looks much better now than he did then. He appeared to be glad that the second trial is to take place in Mankato, where he has a number of relatives among prominent and influential families. He is at present visiting his uncle, a retired business man.

Counsel Agreed on Date.

Koch's case was the only one on the criminal calendar and was the first called when court opened. The defendant was seated beside his attorneys, George W. Somerville of Sleepy Eye and W. D. Abbott of Winona, while near by sat the Mankato counsel whom he recently retained, Pfau & Pfau and A. E. Clark.

When the case was called Gen. H. W. Childs of St. Paul, the only state's attorney present, arose promptly and informed the court that the counsel for the respective parties would suggest that the trial be fixed for a definite date, as for instance, April 19. He said that the counsel on both sides were agreed upon that date. The court said that if that date was satisfactory to the counsel he would set the trial for April, 19, and when the other business of the court was completed he would declare an adjournment until that time.

Court Directs Witnesses.

Mr. Childs asked the court to direct the witnesses to appear at that time and the court so ordered.

Dr. Koch afterward asserted that he was satisfied with the date selected for the commencement of the trial, although his manner seemed to indicate that he would have preferred an earlier date. The wishes of Attorney Somerville are said to have been consulted in this matter, and the earliest practicable day after the adjournment of the legislature was selected.

The defendant will remain in Mankato for a day or two, visiting his relatives, before returning to New Ulm.

It is said that both the defense and the state have taken steps to ascertain not only the sentiments of the petit jurors on the guilt or innocence of the accused, but also are seeking to learn the real feeling of a large number of other persons who are liable to be called for jury service.

SAY MAN MADE BAD MONEY.

Ex-Convict Is Arrested and Counterfeiting Tools Found.

Milwaukee, Feb. 9.—Frank Spaciale, a Frenchman, was arrested by Milwaukee detectives yesterday, charged with making and passing counterfeit silver dollars in Milwaukee for the last eight months. Spaciale was released from prison in Atlanta, Ga., last June, and came direct to Milwaukee. It is alleged he has been operating in spurious money since his arrival here. The officers found a complete set of counterfeiting paraphernalia in the prisoner's lodging quarters.

TO "JUG" HABITUAL "JAG."

Judge Vance Wants Law to Commit Crazy Drunkards to Asylum.

Winona, Minn., Feb. 9.—Judge D. E. Vance of the probate court of this county has petitioned the members of the legislature from Winona to present and endeavor to secure the passage of a bill which will permit of sending to the asylum persons who are temporarily insane from the excessive use of alcoholic liquors.

STEAMBOAT LAWS AMENDED.

Recommendations of the Slocum Inquiry Board Adopted.

Washington, Feb. 9. — The house committee on merchant marine and fisheries has authorized favorable reports on seven bills amending the steamboat inspection laws in accordance with the recommendations of the board of inquiry on the Gen. Slocum disaster. One of the bills permits automobiles to go aboard and ashore from ferryboats under their own power.

CUPID'S MISSIVES

Something new is doing this year in the way of valentines. The old style of thing, in the line of Cupid's missives appropriate to the season, has gone out rather suddenly, and has been succeeded by an entirely novel fashion.

In the first place, the long familiar comic valentines have "gone out" entirely. Of course, one may buy them at the "penny stores" on alley corners, and, in all probability, similar ones will be sold in such places centuries hence. But they are only for the vulgar—and the very vulgar at that. The verses printed on them are usually abusive and often nasty, and persons who send them through the mails are commonly inspired by motives of malice.

The new style of humorous valentine appeals to the taste of decent people. It is really funny, and not calculated to injure anybody's feelings. Their only purpose seems to be to engender cheerfulness and merriment, and such verses as accompany them are not turned in a spirit of ridicule. They make no fun of the old maid—favorite object of the old-fashioned "comic"—and aim no envenomed shaft at the physical peculiarity or moral weakness of this or that recipient.

"Love's Telegrams" are decidedly a novelty in the line of valentines. They are got up much after the style of real telegrams, and a printed warning at the top state, that if there be any doubt as to the accuracy of the message, "it can be repeated verbally by the sender on receipt of ten kisses." A figure of Cupid carrying a pen thrust through a pair of hearts adorns the telegram, which is, as a matter of course, written in verse, for example:

To My Valentine:
Wire date—can't wait—be quick;
Love-sick—no joke—heart broke.

Quite as amusing in its way is the valentine passport, which is got up in the style of the documents issued by the department of state in Washington for the convenience of American citizens going abroad. The seal on it bears the words "Department of Love," with a pair of hearts thrust through by an arrow. This kind of passport is granted by the Union of Hearts, and is addressed to "My Sweet Valentine." It is signed by Hymen, and reads as follows:

"I, the undersigned, secretary of state of the Union of Hearts, do hereby request and require, in the name of St. Valentine, that you allow (blank) to pass freely through the realms of Love; also that you afford to her (or him) every protection and encouragement in the furtherance of her (or his) objects."

If the character of the comic valentines has changed, the pretty and relatively serious ones are equally different from what they used to be. Filigree paper and other long familiar incidentals of the old-style designs have disappeared and have been replaced by really artistic bits of color printing and decorative work. The old themes remain, but are "illustrated," as one might say, in a new manner.

In one of the prettiest of the new valentines for this year a cupid is shown in the act of unlocking with a big key a heart which takes the form of a large padlock. It is a dainty conception, implying a hope on the part of the sender that his particular key will prove a fit. Another winged child is riding on the back of a dove, which carries in its beak an arrow. The paint of the arrow is inscribed, "Sweetheart, beware!" and on the other end are the words: "Thy charms are many, my merits few; yet I venture to offer my homage true."

A valentine is hardly complete, whatever its design may be, without a cupid. In one of the new ones Love is playing on a mandolin and looking up at two doves billing. In another the winged god is painting a picture on a heart-shaped plaque. Above his head are hung on a line several similar plaques, each of them bearing the portrait of a pretty woman. Perhaps this valentine is meant to be sent to a young man accused of fickleness. A big heart of violets incloses the whole.

Obviously for a young man is a heart-shaped valentine bearing the words "Good luck" and ornamented with pictures of cigarettes and playing cards. Thus playfully are the little masculine weaknesses touched up, and in no spirit of unamiable criticism.

Designs with colored cupids—winged pickaninnies with their wool done up in little twists—are more than half humorous. But none of the new style of comic valentines have any suggestion of malice in them, or even of ridicule. They are just pleasant and friendly greetings, appropriate to the anniversary of the good saint who is supposed to be especially the patron of lovers.

An Old Valentine

Out of my "Telemaque," worn and old,
Like a sword from a rusty sheath,
Hath fallen this trifle of lace and gold—
A fairylike tissue, all shot with gold,
Half veiling a verse beneath.

In the midst of the verse is a heart, transfixed
With an arrow of steely blue;
Oh, the foolish verse, with its metaphors mixed!
Oh, the foolish heart, with the dart transfixed!
And the foolish way to woo!

I remember well the sunny-haired lad
Who wrote in this boyish way;
A dreamer—what glorious eyes he had!
Poor dreamer, whose dreams have grown sere and sad,
And whose hair and hopes are gray.

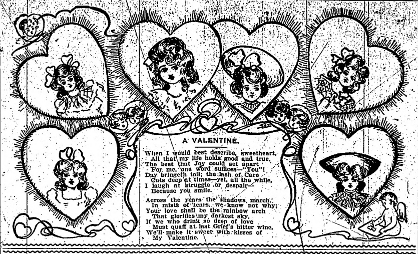
One fair spring day, when the wood lark's song—
So sweet that it sank like pain
Through our thrilling hearts, as we passed along,
Adown leafy aisles—(How that haunting song
Floats back to my mind again!)

The story as old as Adam and Eve's
Was told, while the lark o'erhead
Flung his arrows of song into golden sheaves,
And the silken rustle of tender leaves
Made sweeter the words he said.

Ah, well! We have all had our "Arcadie."
And this is the brief of mine.
And the mystic messages, the shining key
That opened that land of delight to me
Was this primitive valentine.

We do these things in a different way
From the younger folk I glean,
In the learned light of this lettered day
We move in a more esthetic way,
And a wiser way, I ween.

But athwart the years, with their grander things,
Their treasures of wisdom and lore,
This trifle of gold shot tissue brings
Remembrance of simple, holier things
That hallowed the days of yore.
—Agnes Mahony.



A VALENTINE.

When I would best describe, sweetheart,
All that my life holds good and true,
The best that Joy could set apart
For me, one word suffices—"You"!
Day bringeth toil; the lash of Care
Cuts deep at times—yet, all the while,
I laugh at struggle or despair—
Because you smile.

Across the years the shadows march,
In mists of tears, we know not why;
Your love shall be the rainbow arch
That glorifies my darkest sky.
If we who drink so deep of love
Must quaff at last Grief's bitter wine,
We'll make it sweet with kisses of
My Valentine.

THE LIGHT IN MEN'S EYES

Mr. Cupid St. Valentine sat smiling in his studio near Gramercy Park. He never advertises. Some of his imitators, base vulgar persons, advertise in what are called personal columns. But Prof. St. Valentine never does, and, so he asserts, never will.

"I have altogether too much to do as it is," said he, the other day. "I have so many patients that I cannot pretend to meet them all. Some I attend to—or rather I let them attend to themselves, under my supervision—by correspondence. To others I give absent treatment. As a matter of fact, I do not believe that any of my patients ever saw me."

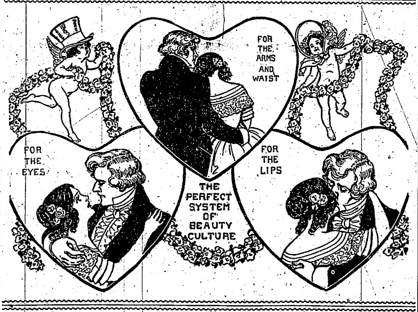
"But," asked the reporter, trying hard to blush becomingly, "isn't it possible that I may in the course of time become a patient?"

Prof. St. Valentine bit his lip.

"There are some things," he said, "that no course in beauty culture ought to be expected to do. My patients are treated two by two. The arrangement is reciprocal. There are reasons why I feel, from my long experience in such matters, that you might have difficulty in getting anybody to take up this matter with you. Pardon my frankness."

"Is it my face, or my—er—figure—or what?" asked the reporter anxiously.

"None of them, poor dear," said the professor. "But your disposition. Nobody who looks at the world as you do, no matter how beautiful are the eyes from which she looks—" He paused and then smiled most beneficently. "You feel better now, don't you, you poor old thing?" he said.


FOR THE ARMS AND WAIST
FOR THE EYES
FOR THE LIPS
THE PERFECT SYSTEM OF BEAUTY CULTURE

"Now let's get down to business. What was it you wanted to know?"

It was explained to him that The Sun had heard that there was a system of beauty culture which was old before the modern systems were invented, and wanted to know all about it.

"It is quite true. It is altogether true." The professor drew a long sigh of satisfaction.

"I know, I know," he said. "None of my portraits ever depicts me with these things on. But, if you will notice, they always portray me in the act of being about my business, practicing my profession, so to speak. I'm off duty now, and for the purposes of this interview I thought it best to assume clothing. It is less embarrassing.

"Now I will proceed. The 'Perfect System of Beauty Culture,' as I call it, has existed ever since the world began.

"It requires no apparatus. It requires no book of rules. It requires no previous education on the part of the subjects. It requires no thought. It is as natural and as simple as breathing.

"The ancients knew it and sang of it and fought because of it. It makes the world go round. It costs nothing to enter upon it, though sometimes it costs a heap to get rid of it or to seem to do so.

"Examples of its working? Have you never seen a sad eyed, pale cheeked salesgirl in a third rate side street dry goods store become suddenly erect in her walk, chipper in her conversation, smiling about the eyes, all in a week's time?

"When you see a change of looks and of view of life, well may you know that there is one of my patients. I offer proof of the claim.

"Follow her, when the shop has actually closed, and if she does not go to an elevated station or to some conspicuous street corner and there pace up and down until a young man meets her, then I'll give up my job.

"Now he may be a very threadbare young man. He may have nothing about him that would seem attractive to you. He may have the look of a lawyer's errand boy or a cashier of a cheap lunch room.

"But he has a queer, warm, tender fire in his eye—and there, there, you get the reciprocal part of the treatment. It is that light in his eyes which has changed her from a sodden, washed-out, whining little nuisance, to a live, quick, human young woman.

"But even though the young man's light goes out, and even though it lights again for someone else—oh, those men! They make all the trouble; the girls are easy—she will never be quite as homely and as hopelessly unattractive as she was before. She will have learned something of which she cannot get rid, even though she tried to."

"Is the treatment confined to the poor?"

"By no means. It is for all the world. Take another typical example.

"Consider the woman who is spoken of in the newspapers as a rich society woman. She is not old. She has everything that can be bought. She has all the beauty culturists in the world in her pay.

"She has been kneaded and moulded and scrubbed and painted and dyed delicately—always delicately—and trotted over the world. According to all the rules and specifications of beauty, she is very lovely indeed.

"But she isn't. Her best friends acknowledge it behind her back every time they have an opportunity. They say, 'Of course, my dear, she has a lovely complexion; she has perfectly beautiful eyelashes; her figure is superb; but——' and that 'but' tells the whole story. She had not had old Dr. St. Valentine's treatment.

"Now comes along a pink-faced, yellow-mustached calf of a fellow, who talks like a floorwalker who has spent six weeks in England. He begins hanging around her; his calf eyes light on hers—and all of a sudden she becomes a real American princess.

"She fairly scintillates. Her best friends gather around and wonder what can have come over her. They say that 'it simply shows that the ambition to get some particular man was all that was needed to wake her up and make a beauty of her.'

"Jealous things! It is that she knows that the man loves her and she loves the man and that they have begun to take the St. Valentine System of Perfect Beauty Culture.

"Sometimes, I will admit, things get mixed. Sometimes a young woman whose parents have been too long keeping her from taking my treatment, sees it glowing in the admiring eyes of a footman or a coachman or a gardener. Then there is trouble. But the beauty glows and shines under all the trouble. I tell you, that system is infallible."

"I have seen cases," said the reporter, "where there was no question but that two people were hopelessly and utterly in love with each other, but nobody thought that either of them was a bit less homely than a hedge fence."

The professor leaned back and laughed uproariously.

"What difference does it make what people say? Beauty has nothing to do with what people say.

"If each one of those persons believes that the other is the most beautiful human being in the world, in spite of gray hairs, wrinkles, bent backs, red noses and twisted mouths, what difference does it make?

"Each believes it and tells the other so; and the other believes every thing that is told. So both of them know that they are both the most beautiful creatures that ever walked in the world's crust. It is such cases as those that I take the most satisfaction in."

"What," asked the reporter, "is the course of treatment?"

"Heaven forbid that I should undertake to tabulate my treatment. But it might be tabulated. There is a treatment which applies to the eyes. There is that which keeps the waist supple and attractive. There is a treatment for the lips."

"Do you ever take your own treatment, professor?" asked the reporter.

The professor blushed. He looked around toward the curtain of the boudoir at the back of the studio.

"It is quite apparent," said he, "that you have never heard of the most beautiful young woman in the world. You have never heard of Psyche."

"Who is Psyche?" asked the reporter.

"I said that she was the most beautiful young woman in the world," said the professor.

"And you tell her so?"

The professor nodded suspiciously.

"And she tells you?"

The professor walked to the door and opened it.

"I'm sorry I ever let you in here," said he. "It is quite apparent that you have come here simply on behalf of some of the spurious teachers of systems which try to be like mine, but which are nothing but vulgar mercenary parodies which are based on money and on all kinds of wicked considerations. You will please me by never coming back."

And as the reporter wandered down the stairs there was a mixture of indignant and consolatory murmurs from behind the door above, of which only one phrase was distinctly audible:

"'Twas a shame, so it was, that the mean old thing should bother my boofuless darlin' that way on his birthday."—New York Sun.

THE UNCANONIZED SAINT.

Pray if you will to Anthony,
The saint austere who preached to fish
That listened open-mouthed to see
A person cool as they could wish.
The sermon such successful bait,
They stamped their tails and clapped their fins.
The oviparous vertebrae.
Though long on scales, is short on sins!

Monastic Francis' mild halo
May win the chill ascetic's praise,
The birds his friends—his text the snow,
Simple his life—serene his days,
And Raphael and Barnaby
Will charm those who to Art incline.
Martin? Oh, very well! But we
Choose for our patron—Valentine!

His aureole was somewhat dim,
His record shaky in detail;
No miracles are down to him,
He wotted of life's cakes and ale;
Accident coupled his good name
With Juno's! Thundering through the years,
Through endless centuries of fame,
That damning little fact appears.

Once mixed up with this pagan set,
The saints' Four Hundred cut him dead.
Though history is kind—we get
A hint of what the papers said;
And yet we love him and we wish,
In litanied chants he had a line—
He who was neither fowl nor fish,
The vagabond Saint Valentine!
—Kate Masterson.

LINCOLN FAMILY RELICS.

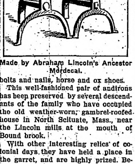
Kept for Years in the Garret of an Old House in North Scituate, Massachusetts.

The andirons represented by the accompanying picture were made in the early years of the eighteenth century by Mordecai Lincoln, the paternal ancestor of Abraham Lincoln.

They are of forged iron, the material being reduced from ore found in Pembroke and East Bridgewater.

The maker of the dogs was a son of Samuel Lincoln, who settled in Hingham seventeen or eighteen years after the landing of the Pilgrims. This son established mills for grinding grain, for sawing out boards and other building material, and one for the extraction of iron from the rather inferior quality of ore found within a day's haul.

Being a blacksmith he fashioned irons for fireplaces, tongs and pokers and shovels to go with them, made bolts and nails, horse and ox shoes.



Made by Abraham Lincoln's Ancestor Mordecai.

This well-fashioned pair of andirons has been preserved by several descendants of the family who have occupied the old weather-worn, gambrel-roofed house in North Scituate, Mass., near the Lincoln mills at the mouth of Bound brook.

With other interesting relics of colonial days they have held a place in the garret, and are highly prized. Being free of rust, the marks of the ancient progenitor of the civil war president show as distinctly as they did a moment after making the water in the old-time cooling tube splutter and hiss.

KEPT CASH IN HIS POCKET.

Lincoln Had No Confidence in Banks When He Was Postmaster.

"The developments in the postoffice department," said Senator Cullom, "remind me of the early times in Illinois when Lincoln was the postmaster of the town of Salem.

"The cash drawer of the postoffice there was Lincoln's vest pocket, but it was a cash drawer that was sacred to him. I remember on one occasion when a postoffice inspector came around and made a careful survey of everything in the postoffice. He took account of stock and figured out just how much Lincoln ought to have in cash belonging to the government. Some of Lincoln's friends were afraid that he might be a little short and went to him with offers of money if he needed it. He replied that he guessed he had it all. When the inspector figured out the amount that should be there he went to Lincoln and told him how much cash there should be in the postoffice.

"'Well, I guess I have it,' said Lincoln, as he drew forth a bundle of money.

"He counted it out and it tallied to a cent to the amount the inspector had found due the government. Lincoln had kept the government's money separate at all times. Although he carried it around with him, as the best method of caring for it, he had never allowed it to become mixed up with his own money. That incident was characteristic of Lincoln. He was scrupulously honest."—Washington Star.

Emerson on Lincoln.

The president impressed me more favorably than I had hoped. A frank sincere, well-meaning man, with a lawyer's habit of mind, good, clear statement of his fact, correct enough, not vulgar, as described; but with a sort of boyish cheerfulness, or that kind of sincerity and jolly good meaning that our class meetings on commencement days show, in telling our old stories over. When he has made his remark, he looks up at you with great satisfaction, and shows all his white teeth, and laughs. He argued to Sumner the whole case of Gordon, the slave trader, point by point, and added that he was not quite satisfied yet, and meant to refresh his memory by looking again at the evidence. All this showed a fidelity and conscientiousness very honorable to him. When I was introduced to him, he said, "Oh, Mr. Emerson, I once heard you say in a lecture, that a Kentuckian seems to say by his air and manners, 'Here am I; if you don't like me, the worse for you.'"—Diary of R. W. Emerson in the Atlantic.

TREASURES PAIR OF GLASSES

Spectacles Worn by Lincoln the Night of the Assassination.

A cherished treasure of Mrs. Andrew B. Carter of Watertown, N. Y., is a pair of spectacles formerly worn and owned by Abraham Lincoln. They were found in his pocket at the time he was shot by John Wilkes Booth in Ford's theater in Washington April 14, 1865.

Mrs. Carter's father, William H. H. Keyes, was a private in one of the regiments quartered in Washington then, and was on duty at the theater on the night of the tragedy.

He was one of the detail that guarded the passage through which the dying president was carried from the theater. As Lincoln was placed in the carriage the spectacles slid from his pocket into the gutter, and before Keyes could restore them the carriage had driven away.

Keyes afterward sent them to his wife, Mrs. Carter's mother, and they have since remained in the family. The glasses are of the old-fashioned kind, with heavy gold bows and octagonal oblong glasses.—New York World.

Another Railway Safety Device.

Two little newsboys were standing at the iron railing gazing at the passenger trains as they entered and departed from the shed at the union station.

"Say, do you know there will be no more rear-end collisions any more?" asked the larger lad.

"No; why?" was the reply.

"Because an order has been issued to detach the last car from every train hereafter."—Columbus Dispatch.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Candid Admission.

"Sir," began the old lady with the white ribbon, "are you ashamed to be a saloonkeeper? Why don't you encourage people to drink water?"

"I do, madam," replied the dispenser of liquors. "I put more water in my whisky than any other saloonkeeper in Chicago."—Chicago News.

In Winter Use Allen's Foot-Ease.
A powder. Your feet feel uncomfortable, nervous and often cold and damp. If you have sweating, sore feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25 cents. Sample sent free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Unreasonable Demand.

Boarder (settling his weekly bill)—I've taken several meals down town this week, Mrs. Irons. You oughtn't to make me pay for those.

Inexorable Landlady—It doesn't save me anything when you do that, Mr. Harris. The other boarders always eat your share.—Chicago Tribune.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 and 912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Edward Brusseau, Jefferson, S. D., push button; Colin Cunningham, Brainerd, Minn., back pressure relief valve; Gustaf Erickson, Minneapolis, Minn., artificial leg; Harry Jessup, Minneapolis, Minn., candy carton; James King, Rochester, Minn., seed separator; Joseph Posch, St. Paul, Minn., combined trap; filter and air distributor.

Showing Proper Respect.

I noticed that he raised his hat as he handed over the coin.

"Upon passing a dollar," said he, perceiving my perplexity.—Puck.

HAD HUSBANDS TO BURN.

What Spinster Said About Widowed Friend Just from Crematory.

A good sort of trolley conductor who has ears for other things besides the bell of his fare register and whose run in Brooklyn brings him passengers to and from a certain cemetery, vouches for this story:

A woman boarded his car at the cemetery the other day shaking with sobs. She had not been in the car long when two women took seats opposite her. One of them seemed to recognize the woman from the cemetery, hesitated a moment, then crossed the aisle and spoke to her. The sobbing one looked up and the identification was complete.

"Why, Mary," said the woman who had crossed the aisle, "where have you been for so long, and what is the matter?"

"I have been married," came the sob-broken answer, "and I'm just after cremating my husband."

Condolences were offered and the widow soon after left the car, apparently cheered, while her friend returned to the seat beside her companion, and told all that Mary had unbosomed to her.

"And she's got husbands to burn," remarked the companion, enviously, "while I'm still single."—New York Sun.

A FELLOW FEELING.

Why She Felt Lenient Toward the Drunkard.

A great deal depends on the point of view. A good temperance woman was led, in a very peculiar way, to revise her somewhat harsh judgment of the poor devil who cannot resist his cups and she is now the more charitable. She writes:

"For many years I was a great sufferer from asthma. Finally my health got so poor that I found I could not lie down, but walked the floor whilst others slept. I got so nervous I could not rest anywhere.

"Specialists told me I must give up the use of coffee—the main thing that I always thought gave me some relief. I consulted our family physician, and he, being a coffee fiend himself, told me to pay no attention to their advice. Coffee had such a charm for me that in passing a restaurant and getting a whiff of the fragrance I could not resist a cup. I felt very lenient toward the drunkard who could not pass the saloon. Friends often urged me to try Postum, but I turned a deaf ear, saying, 'That may do for people to whom coffee is harmful, but not for me—coffee and I will never part.'

"At last, however, I bought a package of Postum, although I was sure I could not drink it. I prepared it as directed and served it for breakfast. Well, bitter as I was against it, I must say that never before had I tasted a more delicious cup of coffee! From that day to this (more than two years) I have never had a desire for the old coffee. My health soon returned; the asthma disappeared, I began to sleep well and in a short time I gained 20 pounds in weight.

"One day I handed my physician the tablets he had prescribed for me, telling him I had no use for them. He stayed for dinner. When I passed him his coffee cup he remarked: 'I am glad to see you were sensible enough not to let yourself be persuaded that coffee was harmful. This is the best cup of coffee I ever drank,' he continued; 'the trouble is so few people know how to make good coffee.' When he got his second cup I told him he was drinking Postum. He was incredulous, but I convinced him, and now he uses nothing but Postum in his home and has greatly improved in health." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in each package for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

MERCHANTS STATE BANK
OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
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Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
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INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

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FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

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Official Abstracter.
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

2nd STORE
(SECOND HAND STORE.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
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ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

GET YOUR PICTURE
TAKEN BY
D. COLLINS
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Photograper.
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TO NEW
Pioneer Press
Subscribers.
Jewelers Sell It for $1.50.

This is a rich quality hard rubber, highly polished Fountain Pen; screw section, and fitted with an improved Feeding Device, allowing the ink to flow easily without blotting. The gold-nibbed pen is 14-Kt. fine, iridium pointed. The complete Fountain Pen is Fully Guaranteed by the manufacturers and will be exchanged by them if not entirely satisfactory. Each box contains a single pen and a guarantee. If the pen is not absolutely perfect, send it back to the factory and get one that is. It will not cost you a cent.

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Gentlemen: Send to me, absolutely free and postpaid, a guaranteed solid gold-nibbed Fountain Pen. Enclosed herewith find $1.50 in advance for subscription to the Daily and Sunday or Weekly Pioneer Press.

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Supplied by Agents Everywhere, or
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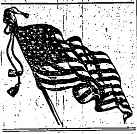
H. E. IVES, Publisher.
Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.
Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.
TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.
SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.
REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Feb. 11, 1905.



The U. S. Senate and the House of Representatives in joint assembly counted the votes and declared Roosevelt and Fairbanks duly elected last Wednesday.

The legislature seems to be in the "fool bill stage," and all kinds of measures are being introduced, many of which, thank goodness, will not be dignified as laws.

This winter which started out so fine and had so many good things said about it, has gone wrong and has been showing up ugly lately, even the sunny south having all kinds of bad weather.

The county seat trouble will commence today when Thief River Falls will commence to circulate their petition. They have one week the start and Red Lake Falls will start their remonstrance one week from today.

Ed. H. Chase has leased a half interest in the Red Lake Falls Courier and will have charge during Editor King's absence at St. Paul as state librarian. Mr. Chase is recognized as a newspaper man of ability.

Ole J. Johnson, chairman of the board of county commissioners, in a signed article in the Plummer Pioneer resents the idea that he was to blame in the court house deal. After reading Mr. Johnson's article we are of the opinion that he was not to blame.

It must be great fun—this building paper railroads we mean. It don't cost anything, does no one harm, makes some people feel good, and is inclined to make your subscriber feel that his dollar was well invested. While the game is not a new one it is undeniably good, so push it along Frank, it's a good thing.

After one year and fourteen weeks of a stormy career the Thief River Falls Review suspended publication last Thursday. The publishers, McDonald Bros., evidently found out that the road to wealth and success as Red Lake county publishers was a rocky one to travel. The plant, good will and subscription list has been purchased by Frank E. Packard, of the Press.

The question what to do with the new code is greatly bothering the legislature. It is charged that the commission has made changes of omission and interpolation which have trenched upon legislative prerogatives and necessitate close scrutiny. If it is taken up section by section all of the time of the session will be exhausted in considering it. The solution that seems the most feasible is, to have a joint commission of members of the two houses to examine the work of the codifiers and report at the commencement of the next regular session.—Faribault Republican.

In the old days at Crookston when business was dull and there was not much doing, the good people down there used to spend their spare time building paper railroads, and this country was pretty badly cut up by imaginary lines. Later on Red Lake Falls had the craze and it was a dull week when Phil. Kaufer, of the Gazette, failed to spring a new one. Now it's Frank Packard, the new editor of the Thief River Falls Press, who has the fever and its a bad case. Railroads will radiate in all directions at once from Thief River Falls and the soulless corporations that are to build them slip the news to him on the quiet so he can astonish the public.

Long Life.

Weber sums the main points to be observed by those desirous of a long life as follows: First, moderation in eating, drinking and physical indulgence; second, pure air out the house and within; third, the keeping of every organ of the body, so far as possible, in constant working order; fourth, regular exercise every day in all weathers, supported in many cases by breathing movements and by walking and climbing tours; fifth, going to bed early and rising early and restricting the hours of sleep to six or seven hours; sixth, daily baths or ablutions, according to individual conditions, cold or warm or warm followed by cold; seventh, regular work and mental occupation; eighth, cultivation of placidity, cheerfulness and hopefulness of mind; ninth, employment of the great power of the mind in controlling passions and nervous fear; tenth, strengthening the will in carrying out whatever is useful and in checking the craving for stimulants, anodynes and other injurious agencies. —British Medical Journal.

Disadvantages of an Even Temper.

It is usual to envy the even tempered people—those who are never unduly elated or cast down, who "knit on plain" all the time. If one like that sort of thing it would be equally natural to envy the animals—cows and pigs, for instance—whose serenity is seldom disturbed. For my part I think those even tempered people lose nine-tenths of the pleasure of existence. The depths of grief and gloom into which impulsive people are thrown are amply made up for by the equally unreasonable and unreasoning joy into which they spring at the slightest possible excuse, and the sorrow of a quarrel with a dear one is paid for in the delight of "making up." Parents are very apt to impress on their children the beauty of this even disposition, but so far as I can see the only benefit derived from it is an unwrinkled complexion.—Donahoe's Magazine.

How Javanese Settle Quarrels.

The Javanese manner of settling quarrels is quite original. When one man has offended another the injured party gives notice that he is angry by drawing in the sand before the door of the offender a circle with a straight line across it, indicating that his affection, which would have been eternal, has been cut in two. Friends of both parties then shut them up. They parley awhile, then pretend to be born again, prattle as little children and finally as men become reconciled and embrace. Should one be refractory and refuse to be conciliated he is ostracized by the community so effectually that he is soon brought to terms. It is just possible that our enlightened citizens might consider this method better than knockdown arguments and certainly much cheaper than going to law.

The Ominous Owl.

It's an odd thing, but there are a number of people who have a distinct antipathy to the screech owl and cannot listen to a single burst of its hilarity without shuddering. The screech owl is supposed by the negroes on southern plantations to be in direct communication with all the ghosts and giants of the forests. He plays a great part in the more weird folklore stories of the darkies. A funny superstition in regard to the screech owl is that if you will take your shoe or slipper off your left foot the first time you hear an owl laugh and turn the shoe sole upward on the floor and place your "stockin' foot" on the bottom of the shoe's sole the owl will stop laughing and fly for ten miles without rest.

Reading.

Reading is not a lost art to the same degree that conversation is, but it has in most cases an arrested development through so much reading that makes no demand upon aesthetic sensibility, so that one is apt to bring to a fine story full of delicate shades of thought and feeling the same mind which he yields to a newspaper, putting a blunt interrogation as to its meaning as conveyed in the terms of a rational proposition, and the writer's charm is wholly lost upon him.—Harper's.

A Courtroom Joke.

Lord Erskine, when chief justice of England, presided once at the Chelmsford assizes, when a case of breach of promise of marriage was tried before him in which a Miss Tickell was plaintiff. The counsel was a pompous young man named Stanton, who opened the case with solemn emphasis thus: "Tickell, the plaintiff, my lord." Erskine dryly interrupted him with: "Oh, tickle her yourself, Mr. Stanton. It would be unbecoming to my position."

How Some People Manage.

"I believe," said Mrs. Borrough, "that if I can get the use of Mrs. Noowedd's shell cups and saucers next Friday and Mrs. Hifly will loan me her spoons and Mrs. Housekeep will let me have some of her nice oolong mixture—I believe I'll buy a pound of sugar and give a pink tea."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Artistic Difficulties.

"It is difficult for a beginner in the drama even to walk across the stage properly, isn't it?" asked the student.

"Yes," answered Mr. Stormington Barnes absently. "But it isn't as hard as learning to walk between stations."—Washington Star.

Of More Consequence.

Hanley—That man Wilkes is going everywhere telling lies about you. Mercer—I don't mind that, but if he begins to tell the truth I'll let him know it.—London Tit-Bits.

Napoleon and the Directory.

"How did Napoleon get his assistants at the time of the consulate?"

"Oh, I suppose he looked in the directory."—Yale Record.

John W. Forseen
SHOE
Repairing
Second door North of Postoffice.
St. Hilaire, Minn.

ANNUAL STATEMENT
— of the —
BRAY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Statement of the Condition of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, at Close of Business, December 31st, 1904.

INCOME DURING YEAR 1904:—		
Balance cash on hand and in bank Dec. 31 of previous year		$ 183 94
Cash received as first payments of policies issued during the year	$ 368 67	
Cash received from assessments levied during the year	409 04	
Total amount of cash received during the year	777 71	777 71
Total cash, including balance on hand from previous year		$ 961 65
DISBURSEMENTS DURING YEAR 1904:—		
Paid losses incurred during the year	$ 411 00	
Paid commissions to agents	77 50	
Paid Directors	10 00	
Paid salaries to Officers—President, Secretary and Treasurer	105 82	
Insurance department fees	2 00	
All other disbursements	22 50	
Total amount of disbursements during the year	628 82	628 82
Balance cash on hand at end of year		332 83
Total assets of the company including balance cash on hand Dec. 31, 1904		$ 961 65

POLICY EXHIBIT:

	Number Fire Policies	Amount
Policies in force Dec. 31 of previous year	198	$ 259,624 00
Policies issued during the year	96	122,415 00
Total	294	382,039 00
Deduct policies expired during the year	53	62,185 00
Policies and amount in force at end of year, Dec. 31, 1904	241	319,854 00
Loss claims presented during the year	2	$ 411 00
Losses paid in full as adjusted	2	$ 411 00

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Red Lake, } ss

Nels K. Anderson, President, and C. P. Swanson, Secretary, of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company, being duly sworn, each for himself deposes and says that they are the above described officers of the said Company, and that on the thirty-first day of December last all of the above described Assets were the absolute property of the said Company, free and clear from any liens or claims thereon, and that the foregoing statement is a full and correct exhibit of all the Assets, Income, and Disbursements, and of the condition and affairs of the said Company on the said thirty-first day of December last, and for the year ending on that day, according to the best of their information, knowledge and belief, respectively.

NELS K. ANDERSON.
C. P. SWANSON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of January, 1905.

O. F. POST,
Notary Public, Red Lake Co., Minn.

BE ACCURATE.

One of the Best Mottoes For a Young Man Entering Business.

The head of one of the largest dry goods commission houses in this city was asked the other day how it happened that his partner, upon whom the principal responsibility of the business rests, came to attain that position while not yet thirty years of age.

"Purely and simply on his own merit," he replied. "He came into my office one morning some ten or twelve years ago and told me that he had just finished school and was looking for a position. I happened to have a position open at the time for an office boy and started him in at $5 a week. His rise from that position to the one that he now occupies was steady and rapid and was due entirely to the fact that after having received an order or instructions he could be relied upon to carry them out, and do it correctly too. He never started off on anything 'half cocked,' so to speak. He was not afraid to ask questions and thus get his instructions straight before undertaking the work in hand. In fact, I might say that he owes everything to the fact that he was always accurate in all that he did. You may think that I am preaching a sort of sermon, but if young men entering business positions, whether high or low, would take for their motto the two words, 'Be accurate,' and would live up to it there need be no fear of the ultimate outcome of their undertakings."—New York Commercial.

A VERSATILE WOMAN.

Some of the Things For Which Phoebe Bown Was Famed.

Phoebe Bown died something over half a century ago, aged eighty. This extraordinary woman, who lived with her mother in a cottage nearly opposite the High Tor, at Matlock Bath, England, could walk nearly forty miles a day when young, could lift a hundredweight in each hand and carry fourteen stone. She undertook any kind of manual labor, as holding the plow, driving the team, thrashing wheat with the flail and thatching the stacks. Her chief avocation was breaking horses at a guinea a week. She always rode without saddles and was considered the best judge of horses and cows in the peak.

But Phoebe had also a liking for sport and for art. She was a good shot and carried her gun on her shoulder. She was fond of Milton, Pope and Shakespeare and performed on several instruments, including the flute, violin and harpsichord, and played the bass viol in Matlock church. She was a carpenter, mason and smith and mainly by her own hand labor built another room to the cottage for the reception of a harpsichord which a lady presented to her. At her own request a local clergyman wrote her epitaph, and here it is:

Here lies romantic Phoebe,
Half Gannymede, half Hebe;
A maid of mutable condition,
A jockey, cowherd and musician.

Brilliant.

"Did my diamonds call forth any comment?" asked Mrs. Cumrox.

"Yes, indeed," answered Miss Cayenne. "I heard several people refer to you as the human chandelier."—Washington Star.

Dear Things.

Miss Shugger—What a self possessed woman Miss Passay is! Miss Pepper—Yes, and I don't imagine she'd ever get a chance to dispose of the property.—Cleveland Leader.

Heaven takes care that no man secures happiness by crime.—Alfieri.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Order for Hearing on Claims, Etc.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—SS.
In Probate Court,
Special Term, January 16, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Alfred Dainard, deceased:

Letters of testamentary on the estate of Alfred Dainard, deceased, late of the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota: being granted to Mrs. M. N. Dainard;

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 17th day of April, 1905, at one o'clock p. m. at a special term of said probate court, to be held at the Probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 16th day of January, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
[Seal] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

(j21-4t-f11)

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 14, 1905.

To JOE DVORACEK,
Mackey, Iowa.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 21773 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SW¼ of Section No. 7, in Township No. 153 N., of Range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $452.00 principal, and $83.36 interest, amounting in all to $535.36; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $535.36, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway Company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

(j21-4t-f11)

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

The Oliver Typewriter received the Gold Medal at the World's Fair, St. Louis. Send for handsomely illustrated art catalog which tells why.
The Oliver Typewriter Co.,
332, Hennepin Ave.,
tf Minneapolis, Minn.

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GENERAL BANKING. FOREIGN XCHANGE
Real Estate, Farm Loans and Insurance.
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Collections of all Kinds Given Prompt Attention.
Owner of the Abstract Books formerly owned by Sortedahl & Storaasli the only set of Abstract Books in Red Lake County.
SORTEDAHL & BJORNEBY, Bankers.

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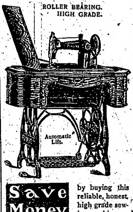
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EAST, SOUTH,
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Fast and Handsomely equipped Steam-Heated Trains—Dining Cars—Buffet Library Cars—Sleeping Cars—Free Reclining Chair Cars.
A. H. HANSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt
Chicago, Ill

"Cold hands, warm heart;" but cold feet shows lack of sense. Good sense is shown by using a carriage heater. Sold by Otterness & Edstrom.

Choice Bargains
We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at
Farm Land Prices..
Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President. H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.
St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

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Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
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ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
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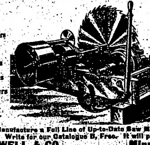

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Great Northern Time Table.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at St. Hilaire.

ARRIVE		DEPART
9:18 am 10:40 am 3:50 pm 5:10 pm	ST. HILAIRE	9:18 am 10:40 am 3:50 pm 5:10 pm
9:45 am 4:15 pm	THIEF RIV. FALLS	10:15 am 4:45 pm
11:15 pm	RED LAKE FALLS	3:15 pm

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

T. J. Thorkelson	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
D. Patterson N. G. Otterness A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
A. F. Blomburgh, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

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Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

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CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
.....TOYS

Agency for
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.

Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

The Soo will commence to carry mail on March 6th, so it is said.

The planer shut down last Thursday on account of the blizzard.

E. M. Hoff was a business visitor at Red Lake Falls last Tuesday.

S. L. Lewis, of Red Lake Falls, was here on business last Monday.

Nels G. Otterness made a short trip to Grand Forks last Wednesday.

Miss Clara Hoff entertained the Ladies' Whist Club last evening.

A. F. Lang and B. B. Penner are back from their Marshall county trip.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

W. B. Fuller, of Thief River Falls, was a business visitor here last Saturday.

J. J. Kordahl returned from his North Dakota claim the first of the week.

O. F. Post was at Red Lake Falls last Monday attending to some legal matters.

We have been having a "Canada thaw" this week, according to W. A. Sorsoleil.

Henry J. Enderle came over from Plummer and spent Sunday here visiting friends.

Dr. N. M. Watson of Red Lake Falls, has been called to Ontario by the death of a brother.

O. H. Peters is recovering slowly and is still confined to the house with a very bad cold.

Mrs. P. E. Pirath, of Red Lake Falls, was here Monday visiting her daughter Miss Catherine Pirath.

Chas. N. Bourdon and H. H. Zaiser, two prominent Red Lake Falls business men, were visitors here on Monday.

Mrs. J. E. Argue came up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday to join her husband. They drove home on Sunday.

Misses Selina and Clara Hoff, who have been visiting relatives at St. Paul for the past two weeks, came home last Monday.

Carl Johnson has purchased the stock and tools of K. R. Killand and will open up a harness shop here in the near future.

Mr. and Mrs. Anton Peterson, of Wyandotte, were called upon last Thursday to mourn the death of their infant son Lester.

Miss Anna Abrahamson, who has been very sick for the past two weeks, is considerably better although still confined to her room.

If you want to make a quick sale of your land give Nels G. Otterness, the land man, absolute control of it and he will advertise it until sold.

Herman Nelson, Joe McAndress, Andrew Peterson and Chas. Krohn have been moving a house from here to W. A. Arthur's claim this week.

There will be services and communion in the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m.
Alex Sand, Pastor.

The J. R. Club drove out to the residence of J. Jacobson in Black River last Monday and surprised Miss Emma Hoff. Cards and games were played.

A woman who poses and advertises herself as a clairvoyant is stopping at the St. Hilaire, evidently looking for the credulous to bring in the money.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur entertained a few of her friends at a card party last Saturday evening. Miss Catherine Pirath winning the prize for the highest score.

C. P. Swanson and Peter Lindblom were in from Bray last Tuesday and took out a couple of loads of lumber for a new barn which Mr. Lindblom is building.

W. B. Martin and family, of Nickerson, arrived here last Saturday. Mr. Martin is an experienced planing mill man and will have charge of the planer here as foreman.

Joel G. Winkjer came home last Saturday and has been confined to his home the past week with a bad cold. He is recovering rapidly and expects to be at work again in a few days.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lanctot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

There will be services in the Norwegian Synod church next Sunday evening at 7:30.

Joe Wessel, the St. Paul candy man who helped make the curbstone quartette at Crookston famous, was a visitor here Monday.

W. A. Sorsoliel came back from the poultry show at Crookston last Saturday with a prize rooster and will raise some fancy poultry.

A box of cigars will be given to the two-men team making the highest score at ten-pins before Feb. 27, 1905.
Higbie & Lang.

Al. Edstrom has been spending the week out at Hazel installing the post office and getting the store in shape. The mail goes from here three times a week.

Manager John Richards, of the Crookston Lumber company, came over from Bemidji last Tuesday and spent the day looking over the many improvements being made here.

Nearly all of the inside work at the saw mill has been done and this month will see it all completed. The outside work, of which there is considerable, will not be done until the weather moderates.

One of our citizens was heard to remark the other day that he did not know there was so many good fellows in our neighboring towns. Do you suppose he had been talking about the county seat removal?

Miss Carolyn Hoff left Tuesday for Grand Forks to visit for a few days with her sister Mary, who is attending school, after which she will spend a couple of weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Quamen at Whynot, N. D.

T. B. Clements, of Faribault, has been arrested for wrecking the First National Bank of that city of which he has been the president for thirty years. Mr. Clement formerly owned several sections of land east of here in River Falls.

The trustees of the school district have received an opinion from the attorney general to the effect that the special law giving one-half of the liquor license money to the school district will not be affected by a change to an independent district. They have therefore decided to call a special election to vote upon this subject for Saturday, February 18th, at 7 p. m.

Nels G. Otterness became the owner of an automobile some time ago in a land trade and the machine arrived the first of the week. Nels is now studying up on gasoline engines, and is in the market for a book entitled "First Aid to the Injured." When he has mastered these and acquired some accident insurance, and the weather moderates, he will tackle the machine.

That cut and fill at Red Lake Falls, is still giving the Great Northern all kinds of trouble and the change in the train service which was to have gone into effect on the 6th did not materialize. They are hard at work down there but it is not probable that regular trains will run through the cut for at least a month and it may be two or three months before it is finished.

Frank Jeffers, ex-superintendent of schools, the present register of deeds and general all-around politician, was with us a couple of days this week. Frank used to own a newspaper but found he did not need it, so he sold it. He can't make all the people in the county hear him from the county seat so he comes up here once in awhile. As an advertising medium Frank is (we hate to say it) a howling success.

According to a bill introduced in the senate the work of taking the state census is to begin June 1 and end July 1 and will be under the direction of the secretary of state, who is the superintendent of the census. The pay of enumerators is to be $2 per hundred in cities of 5,000 and over; $2.25 in cities between 500 and 5,000 inhabitants, and in all other cities at the rate of 2½ cents per person. The amount of the appropriation is $65,000.

A petition to the state legislature praying for an appropriation to build a bridge over the Red Lake river in Louisville township in Red Lake county, is being circulated by the farmers of that locality. The petition has already upward of a thousand signatures, and if there is virtue in petitions this one ought to be effective. The bridge would be a great convenience to the farmers of the southwestern corner of the county and benefit the business men of Red Lake Falls. It is understood that Senator Stephens and Representative Simons will do all they can to secure the appropriation.—Red Lake Courier.

Band Social.

The St. Hilaire Boys' Band will entertain at the Hotel Markham this evening and invite the public to attend. The boys have been hard at work for several months and this will be their first bow to the public. There are seventeen of them at present and it is claimed that they can make as much noise as any band in the state, so it will pay you to turn out to hear them. There will be music, games and a supper. This may be one of the crack bands of the future and no one can afford to be away. Turn out and encourage the boys to do better—perhaps they need it.

I have some nice "Early Six Weeks" potatoes which will be sold at $1.00 per bushel as long as they last. These are ready for market from ten to twelve days earlier than any other variety. Leave orders at Otterness & Edstrom's or call at Julius M. Jahn's "Oakland Stock Farm," 1½ miles southwest of St. Hilaire. 125

To Patrons of the St. Hilaire Creamery:

In taking up the work as buttermaker in place of Mr. Winkjer, I realize the responsibility which rests upon me and wish to ask the co-operation of each and every patron in helping me maintain the high standard which the creamery has attained. We have one of the best creameries in the state and every farmer should feel proud to be a shareholder and a patron of an institution that is doing so much for the farmers of this vicinity. I would caution the farmers not to be led astray by the large prices offered for butter fat by the central plants which are run by private individuals and operated to make money for the owners and not the farmers. NO CENTRAL PLANT CAN PAY AS MUCH FOR BUTTER FAT AS A GOOD, WELL-MANAGED CO-OPERATIVE CREAMERY LIKE WE HAVE IN ST. HILAIRE.

I am expected to make butter that will sell for the highest market price and must have good cream to make such butter, therefore a great deal depends upon the patrons. Cool your cream as soon as you are through separating and NEVER mix warm and cold cream. Don't keep the cream where it will absorb bad odors and don't cover it up tight until you start for the creamery.

I am always glad to answer questions, so don't be afraid to ask them. If I can't answer your question I will look the matter up and let you know later. Would advise every farmer to take a good dairy paper.

Let us make this the most prosperous year for the St. Hilaire creamery.

Yours for Success,
Geo. L. Austin,
The New Buttermaker.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held in the village hall Monday evening Feb. 6th, 1905 at 8 o'clock.

Meeting called to order by the recorder.

All members present except Thorkelson.

On motion D. Patterson was appointed president pro tem.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and on motion accepted.

Reports of village marshal and street commissioner were read and accepted.

The following bills were allowed in full:

H E Ives, publishing council proceedings	$37 50
Christ Hall, salary for January	50 00
A P Erickson, work	1 00

On motion meeting adjourned.

D. Patterson,
President Pro Tem.

K. O. Gigstad,
Recorder.

A New Suit Started.

Henry W. Lee, as a taxpayer, has commenced suit against the officials of Red Lake county restraining them from collecting what he terms as illegal taxes. The law very plainly states that no county in the state with an assessed valuation of over $1,000,000, has the power to levy a tax of more than 5 mills, and the tax for the other funds such as court and jail fund, special bank and interest fund, the building of the bridge in Red Lake Falls, etc., makes the rate in this county very high.

Mr. Lee also desires to have the liability for the building of the bridge in Red Lake Falls for which the county is being taxed set aside as unlawful, and other things too numerous to mention.—Thief River Falls News.

Divorce is Granted.

Crookston Journal: Mrs. Karen Sandmoen, of St. Hilaire, has been granted a decree of absolute divorce by Judge Watts of this city from her husband Christopher Sandmoen. The complaint of the wife alleged that the husband had deserted her and had not crossed the family door step in sixteen months. Mrs. Sandmoen is the proprietress of the Scandia Hotel at St. Hilaire and owns considerable property and is able to take care of herself. She has several grown up children, one of whom, Otto Sandmoen, makes his home in this city. Attorney Ira C. Richardson, of Thief River Falls, represented the plaintiff in the action.

Middle Aged Men Not Wanted.

It seems surprising that the discrimination against man past 40 is increasing both here and in England. Some of the railroads refuse to hire new men older than 25. The idea of putting youth and vigor ahead of experience is amusing when individual cases are considered; but it at least shows the need of golden grain belt beer to keep the youthful vigor and enthusiasm through life. Getting too tired kills the reserve force fast and ages the man. When in this state a glass of "golden grain belt beer" will freshen you wonderfully—just try it. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

OATS

The tone to the Oats market continues to improve. Trade is now enlarging rapidly, with the demands particularly good around 31c for Chicago May. Elevator and Cash interests are more bullish and a better feeling generally seems to prevail since stocks have started to decrease heavily each week, and are just at present 5,000,000 bushels less than a month or so ago, with every indication that they will be reduced to a point that will look very bullish when the quality of the last crop and the low prices are taken into account. Rumors of a revival of export demand, an estimate that farmers' holdings are not in excess of last year and the fact that the general consumption is the largest ever known are other strong helps to the market. Along with this there comes up for the trade to take into consideration the fact that during the spring months is the regular time for establishing high prices for this cereal. Just about this time in 1904 a bull market set in and May Oats advanced to over 46c, or a premium of 15c over the present market price. Advantages seem to be all in favor of the buyer, and for those looking for a safe investment that should eventually yield them splendid returns we think Oats in particular should not be overlooked.

EDWARDS-WOOD CO.
(Incorporated)
DEALERS IN
STOCKS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS

Indians Accept Money.

Red Lake Agency, Feb. 6.—After two days and one night of counciling the Red Lake Indians decided to accept the payment of $85.18 for each adult over the age of 18 tendered them by the government.

By treaty with the Indians a year ago the government acquired eleven townships on the ceded Red Lake reservation near Thief River Falls, and the land was thrown open to settlement last summer. Under agreement with the Indians the land was to be sold outright and to be paid for in five equal annual installments, and the Indians of the Red Lake reservation were within ninety days of the closing of the sale to be paid the full amount of the first payment made on the land, less $20,000 to be reserved for transferring the Indians then on the land, for moving their dead and for paying for the improvements they had made. The first payment amounted to $136,000, and this, less $20,000, the Red Lake Indians expected to receive at this time, share and share alike. Secretary Hitchcock, however, ruled that only the adult Indians should be paid, thus making the total payment only $62,000 instead of $116,000.

Nearly all of the Indians are heavily in debt at the stores and a good share of the payment will go to wipe out old scores. The rest will be spent to a penny within a week, buying everything from horses and sewing machines to ribbons and geegaws.

The present payment is the largest ever made to the Red Lake Indians. In addition to the $62,000 which they received at this time they will be paid some $110,000 before Nov. 1. This will consist of annuities and interest, together with about $70,000, which will be realized from the logging of the dead and down timber across the lake from the agency. By the logging of this timber the present season and last season Major Scott will have saved the Red Lake Indians a little more than $100,000 which would have been a total loss had not prompt action been taken.

But for the confidence of the Indians in Major Scott the satisfactory settlement of the difficulties of the present payment could not have been made. Each Indian gets about $85.

To Whom it May Concern.

Notice is hereby given that on Saturday the 11th day of February, 1905, the undersigned, along with other legal voters of the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, will begin the circulation of a petition among the legal voters of said county of Red Lake, addressed to the county commissioners thereof, the object and prayer of which will be that the county seat of said county of Red Lake be changed from the city of Red Lake Falls to the city of Thief River Falls, which is situated in Township 154 North, of Range 43 West, in said county and state.

Dated January 25th, 1905.

Chas. M. Evenson.
Lars Bakke.
D. N. Winton.
John Morgan.
C. J. Knox.
Math. Bakzen.
W. J. LaBree.
Alex A. Sweaas.

A Royal Accomplice.

One day when Francis I. was in his chapel attending mass with several of his noblemen a well dressed pickpocket went and stood behind the cardinal of Lorraine and abstracted his purse, but unable to do this without the king perceiving it he put up his finger to intimate that the latter should keep silence. The king took it for a practical joke and said never a word. But after the service he asked the cardinal what he had done with his purse. The prelate, not being able to find it, was very much annoyed and took the king to task, who greatly enjoyed the fun and at length ordered the purse to be restored to the cardinal. The thief did not, however, come forward, and the king discovered too late that he had been tricked.

Sass Costs Money.

When Fanny Kemble spent her summers in Massachusetts she engaged a neighbor to drive her regularly about the country. On their first excursion he began to discuss the crops and the history of the people, when Mrs. Kemble said in her dramatic fashion, "Sir, I have engaged you to drive, not talk." The farmer kept his peace and when the vacation was over sent in his bill. "What is this item, sir?" she asked. "I do not understand it." With equal gravity he rejoined: "Sass, $5. I don't often take it, but when I do I charge!" The bill was paid, and it made a firm friend of Mrs. Kemble ever after.—Christian Register.

The American Eagle.

Our baldheaded eagle, so called because the feathers on the top of his head are white, was called the Washington eagle by Audubon, the great naturalist. Like Washington, he is brave and fearless, and as his name and greatness are known the world over so can the eagle soar to heights beyond others. The eagle was adopted as the emblem of the United States in 1785, since when it has been used on the tips of flagpoles, coins, United States seals and on the shield of Liberty.—Washington Star.

Untiring.

"When I took you into partnership," said the indignant father, "I expected you to be untiring in your devotion to the interests of the business."

The son took one foot down from the desk long enough to strike a match to light his cigarette.

"I think I have been," said he. "You never have noticed me tire myself yet, have you, pa?"

Garden of the Soul.

Each bud flowers but once, and each flower has but its minute of perfect beauty, so in the garden of the soul each feeling has, as it were, its flowering instant, its one and only moment of expansive grace and radiant kingship.

DON'T LOSE YOUR HEAD

because your Shoes have worn out sooner than they should. There's no use crying over spilled milk. Keep cool and don't be caught again. Come where others with a similar experience have ended their......

SHOE TROUBLES

That's right here. Our shoes will wear longer, fit better, look nicer, and cost less than any you ever wore before.....That's straight.

RAPP & POST....

St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

IF You want to sell your Farm,
List it with

Nels G. Otterness

THE LAND MAN, - ST. HILAIRE,

...and he will find you a Buyer.

Will buy Wild and Improved Lands for cash if prices are right.

This is a Poor Time

to have your property insured in

..Cheap Fire Insurance Companies..

I represent twelve of the best companies doing business in the United States. They never fail to pay all losses promptly........

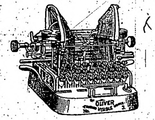
REMEMBER THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST

H. E. IVES - - ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

Don't buy a Typewriter on a worn-out reputation......

Investigate the merits of the

Oliver



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Minneapolis and Milwaukee Beer always on Tap.

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Makes Immediate Connection with Limited and Fast Mail Trains from Chicago and the East.

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FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS

Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

NO WONDER IT DIDN'T WRITE.

Woman Bought Fountain Pen—Forgot to Fill It.

Manufacturers of fountain pens have their troubles as well as those who use them. One of the most prominent makers of this style of pen has a complaint clerk to whom those who have trouble are sent to have their difficulties righted. Sometimes the clerk will find that it is simply a case of dirty pen, and the thing is soon adjusted.

A woman came in the other day and went at the clerk like a Turk.

"I bought this pen some time ago and I have never been able to use it at all. I thought this was an honest firm, and if it is not, I should at least think it would not attempt to cheat a woman. I want my money back."

"Let me look at the pen," said the mild-mannered clerk.

"Here it is," snappishly said the woman.

The clerk looked at it and with only a casual observation saw that the pen had never been filled. Then he said:

"I think, madam, if you would fill this pen that you would find it worked all right."

He then filled it and handed it to her, and she said sheepishly, the snap having all disappeared: "Oh, I didn't know you had to put ink in them."—Brooklyn Eagle.

Reminder of the Catspaw.

Somehow that request of Italy, Great Britain and Germany that the United States take charge of the collection of Venezuelan claims reminds the naturally suspicious of the story about the monkey and the cat and the fire and the chestnuts.—Indianapolis News.

THERE IS JUST ONE SURE WAY.

Dodd's Kidney Pills build up Run-down People. They make healthy Kidneys and that means healthy people. What Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Duffey say:

Nora, Ind., Feb. 6th.—(Special)—That the sure way of building up run-down men and women is to put their kidneys in good working order is shown by the experience of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph L. Duffey of this place. Both were weak and worn and dispirited. They used Dodd's Kidney Pills and to-day both enjoy the best of health.

Mr. Duffey says: "I was very weak and almost past going. I tried everything which people said was good but got no benefit till I tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. They helped me in every way and I am strong and well now."

Mrs. Duffey says: "I was so bad that if anybody would lay down a string I felt I could not step over it. Since taking Dodd's Kidney Pills I can run and jump fences."

Healthy kidneys insure pure blood; Dodd's Kidney Pills insure healthy kidneys.

SAD TALE OF A TUB.

Englishman's Call Was Short, but They Had a "Bawth."

The two pretty American girls had met two delightful Englishmen on the way across, and had given a cordial invitation, warmly seconded by their mother, to Sir Charles and his friend to visit them at their country home.

One day a message came saying the two men would arrive that afternoon. The family was thrown into a fever of excitement, and many plans for the entertainment of their guests were suggested and abandoned. It was finally decided that as Englishmen are notoriously fond of a "tub," and their guests were coming directly from the train, they should first be invited to take a bath. After that the hostess would rely on the inspiration of the moment.

The young men arrived promptly, and after some demurring were hurried off to the bathroom. In about an hour they emerged, and went immediately to their hostess, saying: "We are sorry to leave so soon, but we only came to make a call and our train leaves in fifteen minutes."—Lippincott's Magazine.

HER BLOOD TOO THIN

GENERAL DEBILITY RESULTS FROM IMPOVERISHED BLOOD.

The Remedy That Makes New Blood Banishes Weakness, Headaches, Indigestion and Nervous Troubles.

Hundreds of women suffer from headaches, dizziness, restlessness, languor and timidity. Few realize that their misery all comes from the bad state of their blood. They take one thing for their head, another for their stomach, a third for their nerves, and yet all the while it is simply their poor blood that is the cause of their discomfort.

If one sure remedy for making good, rich blood were used every one of their distressing ailments would disappear, as they did in the case of Mrs. Ella F. Stone, who had been ailing for years and was completely run down before she realized the nature of her trouble.

"For several years," said Mrs. Stone, "I suffered from general debility. It began about 1896 with indigestion, nervousness and steady headaches. Up to 1900 I hadn't been able to find any relief from this condition. I was then very thin and bloodless. An enthusiastic friend, who had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, urged me to give them a trial and I finally bought a box.

"I did not notice any marked change from the use of the first box, but I determined to give them a fair trial and I kept on. When I had finished the second box I could see very decided signs of improvement in my condition. I began to feel better all over and to have hopes of a complete cure.

"I used in all eight or ten boxes, and when I stopped I had got back my regular weight and a good healthy color and the gain has lasted. I can eat what I please without discomfort. My nervousness is entirely gone, and, while I had constant headaches before, I very rarely have one now. I cheerfully recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to women who suffer as I did."

Mrs. Stone was seen at her pretty home in Lakewood, R. I., where, as the result of her experience, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are very popular. These famous pills are sold by all druggists. A book that every woman needs is published by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y. It is entitled "Plain Talks to Women," and will be sent free on request.

Truth

They came with their dusty tomes,
Scholar and priest and sage;
They searched from dawn to dawn
In the writings of every age.

If haply by pain and toil
They might limit man's faith, define
The bound between dark and light,
Might fix it by rule and line.

Came by a dreamer of dreams
Hand in hand with a child;
A paper fluttered and fell,
And the dreamer stooped and smiled.

And, smiling, fashioned a ball
From the scroll of the doctors gray,
And tossed it down to the child—
Who lost it, they say, at play.
—Jeanette Bliss Gillespy, "The Eastward Road."

On the Forward Deck

BY DAVID A. PLATT

(Copyright, 1904, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

They sat on the forward deck of a big Ohio river steamboat. He was a distinguished-looking man of the world. She was a pretty little thing in the full bloom of womanhood, with fluffy golden hair, deep blue eyes and a pearl-and-ruby combination of teeth and lips. The deck about them was deserted save for a tall, bronzed, bearded man, who sat several yards away, smoking absently and gazing thoughtfully out across the water. The man was watching her with his heart in his eyes. Presently he spoke.

"Millie," he said, wistfully, "are you going to keep me waiting much longer?"

The eyes she turned upon him were filled with compassion.

"I know you have been good and kind and patient with me, Ned," she said. "But I cannot say what you would like—just yet."

"I have everything that you could desire, and I could make you as happy as the day is long if only you would let me try, dear," he said, pleadingly. "Tell me, what is it—what mystery stands between us and happiness? I think you owe me that much."

She was silent for a time.

"I suppose I should tell you," she said at last, with a shadow of pain on her face. "It is right that you should know. It is a long story, but I could condense it into three words: There is another!"

The man's face went white, but when he answered his voice was firm.

"Go on," he said, simply.

"It was a long time ago," she began, reminiscently. "He was a college man, home on vacation. I was a school girl, and full of romance. We met at a lawn fete. Our meeting was quite conventional, but he was so big and strong and manly that I grew to—to care for him as much as he said he cared for me, and I promised to be his wife some day. We were together a great deal, and when he went away something seemed to have passed out of my life—you understand?"

The man nodded, silently.

"We corresponded regularly, and built up a grand mansion of hope for a happy future together. But, you understand all that, too. We were to be married when he had graduated and been admitted into partnership with his father. Then one day, there came a letter—the last I ever received from him. I have it yet." Her voice broke a little. "His father, he said, had met with disastrous financial reverses, and would have to begin all over again. It would be hard, too—he was so old. But he was brave. He said he would never give me up. He would win for himself a name and a place in the world that I would be proud to share with him. He begged me to be true to him, and vowed to come for me some day, if not for years. I wrote to him at once—wrote just such a letter as only the heart of an impulsive, romantic girl of eighteen can dictate. In the course of time it came back unclaimed. I wrote again and again, but with the same result. No one can know the torture I endured. For a time I was hurt and grieved at his failure to write, when he must have known what I suffered. Then I learned, quite by accident, that his father, heartbroken and lacking courage to face the world a beggar, had taken his own life, and I understood. He was too proud, too sensitive to seek me out again until he had redeemed himself from the disgrace of his father's ignominious death. I learned, too, that he had gone West to win his fortune in the gold fields. There was little else for him to do. His father's death had left him dependent upon his own exertions, but, happily, with no one dependent upon him. Three years ago I met you, and—I tried to forget. But I could not. We can never be more to each other than the dearest of friends until I know that he is—is dead—or—false!"

"Go on," he said, simply.

When she turned her eyes to the water again the man saw that a tear gleamed upon her cheek.

A potent silence fell between them. The dusk fell softly and the peace of the Sabbath night descended like a benediction. They could hear, with softened distinctness, the merry voices and happy laughter of children enjoying the cool of the waterside, the air was so dry and clear—and hear the barking of faithful watchdogs in dooryards near and far. Bright lights started into twinkling life on either shore. The incense from fields of growing grain floated to them across the water. The chug, chug of the paddle wheels, the insistent tinkle of the pilot bell and the asthmatic wheeze from the exhaust pipes were about the only sounds on board that rose above the drowsy voice murmur as the boat throbbed on.

She obeyed, and then——

The woman was weeping softly now. The man leaned toward her.

"Millie," he said, pityingly, "give up this—this memory. If he is not dead, he is—he wishes to forget you." His voice caught some of the subtle spell of the night. "Come, little one, let me lead you into happiness?"

She controlled herself with an effort.

"I cannot—I cannot!" she sobbed. "Leave me, please. I cannot bear to listen to you—now!"

He regarded her compassionately for a moment, then walked away with bowed head.

The big, bearded man came to her out of the shadows near the port rail, and laid his hand tenderly upon her bowed head.

"Millie," he said, and his voice was vibrant with happiness, "look up."

Like a startled, wondering child she obeyed, and then——

The other man, returning, saw and heard, and turned away with the gray shadow of despair in his eyes.

He Tagged His Patient.

"It probably is true," remarked the doctor, "that you cannot teach an old dog new tricks; but we often lose sight of the fact that the old tricks which the dog has learned are useful.

"I am prompted to make this observation by something which happened in our hospital. We have a new operating surgeon who formerly was a letter carrier. The other day he had occasion to operate on a man supposed to be suffering from appendicitis. After the young surgeon had opened the patient he could not find anything wrong with the appendix. This, however, did not feaze him. He sewed up the operation wound and sent the patient back to the ward with this laconic note pinned on the dressing:

"'Opened by mistake.'"

He Couldn't Help Being Good.

A well known preacher recently spoke at a religious service in a jail. He noticed that one of the convicts seemed extraordinarily impressed. After the service he sought him out and continued the good work by remarking:

"My dear sir, I hope you will profit by my remarks just now and become a new man."

"Indeed I will," was the reply. "In fact, I promise you that I will never commit another crime, but will lead an exemplary life to my dying day."

"Good," said the dominie, "but are you sure that you will be able to keep the promise?"

"Oh, yes," was the cheerful reply of the convict. "I'm in jail for life."

TRUE TO HIS INSTINCT.

St. Bernard Dog Sprang Into Manhole to Rescue Child.

Ralph Johnson, son of a New Orleans street pedler, had the honor of being saved by a St. Bernard dog to whom he was an utter stranger. The story is told by the Bay City Times.

At Valence street and St. Charles avenue sewerage is being constructed. When the workmen quit the well for the day the manhole was left open. Mrs. Johnson, with her boy, 3 years old and wearing a dress, were in the vicinity, the mother trying to sell laces.

While the mother had gone to a house in the block the child remained on the sidewalk for a while, and then walked to the manhole and peered into it. Accidentally he fell in. The child screamed loudly for help, but being about six feet under the ground, no one heard the cries.

Just at this time an old milkman passed. With him was a great St. Bernard dog. The dog heard the cries of the child, and for a second could not locate them. The child cried again, and this time the dog plunged into the well and seized the child's clothing in its mouth.

The dog held the little boy above the water until both dog and child were hoisted out of the manhole by passersby. The dog then trotted along after the old milkman as though saving a child's life were an everyday occurrence.

TREACHEROUS BOGS OF PEAT.

Swollen With Rain, They Have Often Done Immense Damage.

There is an ancient and grewsome tradition connected with the story of the battle of Solway. This battle was fought on the "debatable" borderland between England and Scotland in the year 1542. A troop of horsemen heavily mounted and heavily armored was put to rout. In the panic of their flight they ran headlong into a peat bog. The bog trembled beneath the feet of their charges and then opened and swallowed them, horses and horsemen, arms and armor. To support this tradition, more than 200 years later, at the end of the eighteenth century, a digger of peat came upon one of the troop—a man and his horse, both in complete armor and preserved from total decay by the antiseptic qualities of the peat. Another story of that peat bog of the Solway frith is that in November, 1771, the bog, surcharged with the moisture of heavy rains, rose, swelled and burst like a torrent, sweeping along with it trees and houses and destroying thirty small villages. That Irish bog which slithered and slid just the other day, wiping out human habitations and driving men and beasts before it, was merely living up to the traditions of its family.

The Century's Call.

Deep unto deep, it calleth,
The century's dominant cry;
Over the desert and over the plain,
Over the peak and mountain chain,
Under the thrilling sky.
The voice of mighty peoples,
And the tocsin of war and woe,
From East to West 'tis sounding,
And a man must rise and go.

He must leave the hearth of his mother,
He must ride like the knights of old;
To tourney and tilt, with a good right hand,
That cleaves to the hilt for the love of the land;
And here's to the soldier bold!
Who is pure of thought and action,
Who is ready to serve his age,
Who cares for the thing he doeth,
And not for the soldier's wage.

Deep unto deep, it calleth,
The century's urgent cry,
Splendid and strong is the century's song'
Valor and love to the battle throng,
And it may not pass you by.
From East to West 'tis sounding,
The call for the brave and true,
O lads with pulses bounding,
That cry is meant for you.

Wherever the need is greatest,
Wherever the ill is worst,
Over the city's thousands thick,
Over the deserts of stone and brick,
Over the lands accurst,
The cry for help is pealing,
Bitter with want and woe,
O brother, if you hear it,
A man must arise and go.
—Margaret E. Sangster, in Youth's Companion.

An Incident of the Commune.

An old lady who was in Paris during the Commune related the following incident apropos of some talk about the siege of Port Arthur:

"One night there was a fight in front of the house in which I lived and a man was killed. The body was not removed and lay where it fell. At daybreak the next morning I looked out to see if the body was still there. Just then a man came down the street and stopped by the body. He carefully searched the pockets of the dead man, but did not find a single cent. This so angered him that he gave the dead man a vigorous kick. Then he walked away and had gone only a short distance when he found a paving stone, which he picked up, and returning to the dead body he raised the stone and with it smashed the head of the corpse. Oh, yes; war is hell."

Wants Tip from the President.

The president received an earnest letter to-day from a man in Cork, Ireland.

"I am a large investor in American securities," he wrote, "and I hear disquieting rumors that you intend to send a special message to Congress urging a revision of the tariff. If you do it I am a ruined man, for I am heavily loaded up with American stocks just now."

After begging the president to do nothing to disturb the tariff, "for my sake," the Cork man concluded: "If you must send such a message, please cable me several days in advance, so that I can unload."—Washington Correspondence New York World.

Attentive Listener.

In the annual report of the Notts (England) education committee reference is made to the desirability of workingmen, "who are often obliged to act as nurse," attending a course of lectures on sick nursing.

At some places lectures have been attended by both men and women. "At Selston, especially, an unusually large number of men were present, and the lecturer was particularly struck by the diligence and attention of one male student, a middle-aged man, who took copious notes and appeared to be especially interested in the care of infants and young children. It was a disappointment to find that he was a bachelor."—London Daily Mail.

HIS SOCIETY "STUNT."

BOWERY HERO HAD AT LEAST ONE ACCOMPLISHMENT.

Effort of Tom Gould to Impress the Ladies of the Astor Household in the Only Way He Could Think of at Embarrassing Moment.

When Mr. Astor ran for Congress—and lost—one of his adherents was Tom Gould. Mr. Gould was a type. He was proud of his own physical strength; proud of Mr. Astor as his choice for the national legislature. Any bibulous one who visited Mr. Gould's bar and expressed a dislike for Mr. Astor fell a prey to trouble.

Mr. Astor liked Mr. Gould, being struck with his amazing garb and untrammeled manners. The ladies at his house, to whom he spoke of Mr. Gould and his eccentricities of speech and dress, were smitten of a desire to know more of him. They besought Mr. Astor to invent an excuse and have Mr. Gould to the house, where they might rejoice their eyes and ears with him.

Mr. Astor made the excuse; Mr. Gould appeared. The latter wore a silk hat, a reefer jacket with white pearl buttons as large as silver dollars, checked trousers, striped shirt, red necktie and a waistcoat like unto an alarm of fire. Over all this splendor was cast a light green topcoat; for the air of autumn was chill.

Mr. Astor received his visitor in the drawing-room; presently the ladies of the household drifted in, and Mr. Gould was presented.

Having launched his adherent on what might be termed the tides of high society, Mr. Astor, to the end that the ladies study Mr. Gould at their ease, if not at his, made a pretense of retiring to the library in quest of certain papers of moment in his campaign. Left alone and unprotected, Mr. Gould was discouraged, and tried to hide it. The ladies themselves could think of nothing to say, but eyed Mr. Gould in timid silence.

Mr. Gould began to feel the strain; that he might be more at elegant ease he paced the floor—five majestic strides one way, then wheel and return.

This pedestrianism gave a measure of relief and yet Mr. Gould felt the necessity of saying something. He must screen his awkwardness from the ladies and show them how he felt at home.

Suddenly, like a flood of light, a happy thought swept over him. Mr. Gould paused, half turned to his fair auditors, shrugged his square shoulders, inflated his deep chest, made a gesture with his hand, palm downward, and spake these words huskily:

"Soy, lydies! I'll bet y' a hundred dollars I kin lift th' pianny."—A. H. Lewis in the Saturday Evening Post.

STATISTICS OF THE OCEANS

Few People Seemingly Realize Their Enormous Extent.

An officer of a big liner once told the writer that most folk seem to be as ignorant about the size of the sea as they are of the distance between the heavenly planets. Here are a few facts for the curious:

The Pacific covers 68,000,000 miles, the Atlantic 30,000,000 miles, and the Indian ocean, Arctic and Antarctic 42,000,000.

To stow away the contents of the Pacific it would be necessary to fill a tank one mile long, one mile wide, and one mile deep every day for 440 years. Put in figures, the Pacific holds in weight 948,000,000,000,000,000,000 tons.

The Atlantic averages a depth of not quite three miles. Its waters weigh 325,000,000,000,000,000 tons, and a tank to contain it would have each of its sides 430 miles long.

The figures of the other oceans are in the same startling proportions. It would take all the sea water in the world 2,000,000 years to flow over Niagara. A tank to hold it all would have to measure nearly 1,000 miles along each of its sides.

Masculine Dullness.

See, Alice is knitting. "One—skip two—three—
Then over. Somehow, I just feel that he
Is going to like these slippers I've knit—
Only one thing troubles me: Will they fit?
And I wonder if he will like pale blue?
Will he understand it—'My love is true?'
Four—five—six—seven—eight—skip ten—and turn—
(He'll never suspect this was hard to learn).
"It's surprising, they say, how knitting holds;
I guessed his size. These are number five soles;
Now, with pale-blue slippers I really think
The prettiest bows are a sea-shell pink;
He will enjoy putting these on at night;
Dear boy, he sits up till past 3 to write!
With these on he will be dreaming of me—
(But he says he does that continually.")

* * * * *

"What's this festive young bundle tied up so,
Decorated with holly and mistletoe?
Alice writes it's something she has made for me—
I must 'promise' to wear them constantly!
The dear little angel—she only lacks wings!
(If I only knew the name of these things!)
Is it two pincushions—or a sachet?—
Whatever it is, I will put it away."
—New Orleans Picayune.

Not a Safe Juror.

Attorney for defense: "One more question, Mr. Plunkett. Have you any prejudice in this case, one way or the other?"

Talesman—No sir.

Attorney—If you should be accepted as a juror do you think you could render a verdict in accordance with the law and the evidence?

Talesman—I think I could.

Attorney (after whispered conference with his client)—Your honor, we'll excuse Mr. Plunkett.

Jealous Workman Does Damage.

Jealous of what he thought undue favor to another employe, Hugo Heckelsmuller, an oiler in the works of the United Railways of San Francisco, began putting sand in the machinery journal boxes of the power house machinery. He was caught when he had done damage to the amount of $10,000.

Temple of Fraternity.

A temple of fraternity will be one of the features of the Lewis and Clark centennial at Portland, Ore.

Women in Our Hospitals

Appalling Increase in the Number of Operations Performed Each Year—How Women May Avoid Them.

Miss Ruby Mushrush
Mrs Fred Seydel

Going through the hospitals in our large cities one is surprised to find such a large proportion of the patients lying on those snow-white beds women and girls, who are either awaiting or recovering from serious operations.

Why should this be the case? Simply because they have neglected themselves. Ovarian and womb troubles are certainly on the increase among the women of this country—they creep upon them unawares, but every one of those patients in the hospital beds had plenty of warning in that bearing-down feeling, pain at left or right of the womb, nervous exhaustion, pain in the small of the back, leucorrhœa, dizziness, flatulency, displacements of the womb or irregularities. All of these symptoms are indications of an unhealthy condition of the ovaries or womb, and if not heeded the penalty has to be paid by a dangerous operation. When these symptoms manifest themselves, do not drag along until you are obliged to go to the hospital and submit to an operation—but remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has saved thousands of women from surgical operations.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulency), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy.

The following letters cannot fail to bring hope to despairing women.

Mrs. Fred Seydel, 413 N. 54th Street, West Philadelphia, Pa., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I was in a very serious condition when I wrote to you for advice. I had a serious womb and ovarian trouble and I could not carry a child to maturity, and was advised that an operation was my only hope of recovery. I could not bear to think of going to the hospital, so wrote you for advice. I did as you instructed me and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; and I am not only a well woman to-day, but have a beautiful baby girl six months old. I advise all sick and suffering women to write you for advice, as you have done so much for me."

Miss Ruby Mushrush, of East Chicago, Ind., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I have been a great sufferer with irregular menstruation and ovarian trouble, and about three months ago the doctor, after using the X-Ray on me, said I had an abcess on the ovaries and would have to have an operation. My mother wanted me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a last resort, and it not only saved me from an operation but made me entirely well."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice and medicine have restored thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

Perhaps.

"I suppose the 'Echo' is called 'she' because it talks back like a woman."

"Perhaps it's because it returns your call in such a perfunctory way."—Philadelphia Press.

Another Railway Safety Device.

Two little newsboys were standing at the iron railing gazing at the passenger trains as they entered and departed from the shed at the union station.

"Say, do you know there will be no more rear-end collisions any more?" asked the larger lad.

"No, why?" was the reply.

"Because an order has been issued to detach the last car from every train hereafter."—Columbus Dispatch.

Never Refuses.

"Isn't the major a rather free imbiber?"

"I should say so. I've never known him to buy a drink in the last twenty years."

NO SLEEP FOR MOTHER.

Baby Covered With Sores and Scales—Could Not Tell What She Looked Like—Marvelous Cure by Cuticura.

"At four months old my baby's face and body were so covered with sores and large scales you could not tell what she looked like. No child ever had a worse case. Her face was being eaten away, and even her finger nails fell off. It itched so she could not sleep, and for many weary nights we could get no rest. At last we got Cuticura Soap and Ointment. The sores began to heal at once and she could sleep at night, and in one month she had not one sore on her face or body.—Mrs. Mary Sanders, 709 Spring St., Camden, N. J."

Candid Admission.

"Sir," began the old lady with the white ribbon, "are you ashamed to be a saloonkeeper? Why don't you encourage people to drink water?"

"I do, madam," replied the dispenser of liquors. "I put more water in my whisky than any other saloonkeeper in Chicago."—Chicago News.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

On His Last Leg.

"I fear you are not long for this world," observed the turkey who had managed to survive Thanksgiving, as he paused sympathetically before the pen of the Christmas goose.

"No," was the sad rejoinder, "I feel as though I already had one leg in the gravy."—Town Topics.

One must not blame the church because one happens to know something of the secret life of some of its members.

Cole's Carbolisalve

Instantly stops the pain of
Burns and Scalds.
Always heals without scars.
25 and 50c by druggists, or mailed on receipt of price by J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.
KEEP A BOX HANDY

The
Skill
of the
American
Housewife
in
Bread
Making
is due to
Yeast Foam.

It makes good bread from any flour. Yeast Foam is the yeast that raised the First Grand Prize at the St. Louis Exposition and is sold by all grocers at 5c a package—enough for 40 loaves. Our book "Good Bread: How to Make It," free.

NORTHWESTERN YEAST CO.
Chicago, Ill.

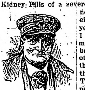
GOOD OIL
Costs a trifle more than the cheap kind.
USE
CORNPLANTER X OIL
No smoky chimneys, dirty lamps.
Safe, reliable. All grocers.
St. Paul. Minneapolis.
CORNPLANTER OIL CO.

Salzer's
National Oats
Greatest oat of the century. Yielded in Ohio 187, in Mich. 231, in Mo. 255, and in N. Dakota 310 bus. per acre.
You can beat that record in 1905.
For 10c and this notice
we mail you free lots of farm seed samples and our big catalog, telling all about this oat wonder and thousands of other seeds.
JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO.
La Crosse, Wis.

The Great Nonesuch Remedy
ST.
JACOBS
OIL
The old monk cure, strong, straight, sure, has for a large part of a century battled with and conquered
Aches and Pains
the world over. Price 25c. and 50c.

AN OLD MAN'S TRIBUTE.

An Ohio Fruit Raiser, 78 Years Old, Cured of a Terrible Case After Ten Years of Suffering.


SIDNEY JUSTUS.

Sidney Justus, fruit dealer, of Mentor, Ohio, says: "I was cured by Doan's Kidney Pills of a severe case of kidney trouble, of eight or ten years' standing. I suffered the most severe backache and other pains in the region of the kidneys. These were especially severe when stooping to lift anything, and often I could hardly straighten my back. The aching was bad in the daytime, but just as bad at night, and I was always lame in the morning. I was bothered with rheumatic pains and dropsical swelling of the feet. The urinary passages were painful, and the secretions were discolored and so free that often I had to rise at night. I felt tired all day. Half a box served to relieve me, and three boxes effected a permanent cure."

A TRIAL FREE.—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents.

SAD TALE OF A TUB.

Englishman's Call Was Short, but They Had a "Bawth."

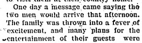
The two pretty American girls had met two delightful Englishmen on the way across, and had given a cordial invitation, warmly seconded by their mother, to Sir Charles and his friend, to visit them at their country home.

One day a message came saying the two men would arrive that afternoon. The family was thrown into a fever of excitement, and many plans for the entertainment of their guests were suggested and abandoned. It was finally decided that as Englishmen are notoriously fond of a "tub," and their guests were coming directly from the train, they should first be invited to take a bath. After that the hostess would rely on the inspiration of the moment.

The young men arrived promptly, and after some demurring were hurried off to the bathroom. In about an hour they emerged, and went immediately to their hostess, saying: "We are sorry to leave so soon, but we only came to make a call and our train leaves in fifteen minutes."—Lippincott's Magazine.

Earliest Green Onions.

The John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., always have something new, something valuable. This year they offer among their new money making vegetables, an Earliest Green Eating Onion. It is a winner, Mr. Farmer and Gardener!



JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 16c.

and they will send you their big plant and seed catalog, together with enough seed to grow
1,000 fine, solid Cabbages,
2,000 rich, juicy Turnips,
2,000 blanching, nutty Celery,
2,000 rich, buttery Lettuce,
1,000 splendid Onions,
1,000 rare, luscious Radishes,
1,000 gloriously brilliant Flowers.

In all over 10,000 plants—this great offer is made to get you to test their warranted vegetable seeds and

ALL FOR BUT 16c POSTAGE,

providing you will return this notice, and if you will send them 26c in postage, they will add to the above a big package of Salzer's Fourth of July Sweet Corn—the earliest on earth—10 days earlier than Cory, Peep o' Day, First of All, etc. [W.N.U.]

Household Hint.

The Visitor—Your cook is perfection itself. How do you manage her?

The Hostess—Easily. We learn what dishes she likes best herself and then we have only those.—Puck.

Among the Mormons.

Beggar (in Salt Lake City)—Please, sir—

Stranger (gruffly)—Well, what is it?

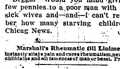
Beggar—Would you mind giving a few pennies to a poor man with three sick wives and—and—I can't remember how many starving children?—Chicago News.

Marshall's Rheumatic Oil Liniment instantly stays pain and cures rheumatism, neuralgia, chilblains and all lameness of man or beast. Price 50c.

Proof to the Contrary.

Raynor—There's one good thing about 1905, anyhow. The financial question doesn't come up for settlement again this year.

Shyne—Doesn't it? Look at these Christmas bills, will you?—Chicago Tribune.



MIXED FARMING
WHEAT RAISING
RANCHING

Three great pursuits have again shown wonderful results on the Free Homestead Lands of Western Canada this year.

Magnificent climate—farmers plowing in their shirt sleeves in the middle of November.

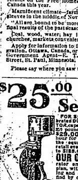
"All are bound to be more than pleased with the final results of the past season's harvests."—Extract.

Coal, wood, water, hay in abundance. Schools, churches, markets convenient.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

$25.00 Cream Separator



FOR $25.00 we sell the celebrated DUNDEE CREAM SEPARATOR, capacity 200 pounds per hour; 300 pounds capacity per hour for $29.00; 500 pounds capacity per hour for $34.00. Guaranteed the equal of Separators that retail everywhere at from $75.00 to $125.00.

OUR OFFER. We will ship you a Separator on our 30 days' free trial plan, with the binding understanding and agreement if you do not find by comparison, test and use that it will skim closer, skim colder milk, skim easier, run lighter and skim one-half more milk than any other Cream Separator made, you can return the Separator to us at our expense and we will immediately return any money you may have paid for freight charges or otherwise. Cut this ad out at once and mail to us, and you will receive by return mail, free, postpaid, our LATEST SPECIAL CREAM SEPARATOR CATALOGUE. You will get our big offer and our free trial proposition and you will receive the most astonishingly liberal Cream Separator offer ever heard of. Address,

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

BEGGS' CHERRY COUGH SYRUP cures coughs and colds.

HORTICULTURE

The Keifer Pear a Favorite.

As the Keiffer pear appears on the market it is not a general favorite, as it has not been properly ripened. It needs to be picked when fully mature and then put away for five or six weeks to ripen. When so treated it had a fair flavor, though the Keiffer will never be noted for fine flavor, no matter how perfectly handled. But taking all things together, the Keiffer is a favorite with pear growers. This is because it can be depended on to live and produce fruit, which cannot be said of most of the varieties of pears. The men that planted Keiffer pear trees a generation ago are now getting an income from them, while those that planted mostly other sorts are lamenting the fact that they planted varieties that yielded to the blight. Perhaps it is the lack of high quality in the Keiffer that protects it. It may be that the bees do not visit the blossoms of the Keiffers as much as they do the varieties that have more flavor to their credit. The fact is well established that the Keiffers do not blight as badly as some of the pears that are of fine quality. Now, the grower would like to have a pear of high quality to sell to his friends, but since he cannot he is fairly well satisfied to have a pear that his friends find edible and that he can produce in large quantities. The Keiffer pear is probably the one on which most money is made, at least east of the Rocky Mountains.

Soils for Plum Trees.

The old notion used to be that plums preferred a heavy clay soil. This is still true for certain classes of plums, particularly the Domesticas and Damsons. But some other plums thrive in other soils, so that by choosing the varieties best adapted to particular situations plums may be grown almost anywhere. Even light, sandy soils are suitable to the Japanese varieties and some of the hybrids. Taking all kinds of plums together, however, the best soil is that which would be suitable for apples; and the general rule regarding apples is that they will thrive on any soil well suited to potatoes. A loose, deep, gravelly soil, with an open subsoil is the best for all orchard trees in this climate. This is what should be chosen where it is available. Where it cannot be had, almost any soil will do, providing only that it is well drained. It must not hold water either in summer or winter. If it is inclined to do so it must be thoroughly drained, preferably by closed stone or tile underdrains, before the trees are planted.—Prof. F. A. Waugh.

The Wandering Tree Peddler.

The Ohio Experiment station has sent out a warning against a man that is traveling in parts of Ohio selling trees on the claim that the nursery he represents is in a way connected with the Ohio Experiment station. This man claims to represent the forestry department of the station named, but finally gets down to business and says that he also represents a nursery in Greenville, Ind. He offers to sell catalpa and black locust trees at $20 a thousand. He asserts that his nursery produces all the trees that the experiment station sends out. He asserts further that the Ohio Experiment station has a contract to pay for 200 out of every 1,000 trees his firm sells in Ohio. The Ohio station says that any man making such claims is a fraud and should be arrested under the law prohibiting men from getting money under false pretenses. Our readers in Ohio and Indiana will do well to be on the outlook for him.

Trees and Real Estate.

Why does not the absent owner of a farm plant a few trees on that farm every year to improve his property? The city owner of real estate has long ago found out that it pays to plant trees and so in the great tracts of land laid out into streets in the vicinity of the great cities we see all kinds of trees planted and cared for. On all sides of Chicago this is to be seen. The trees have been potent factors in drawing people to the suburbs to live. No one cares to go to a section where houses stand upon the open plain. But if there are thrifty trees it is different. The same tendency is as true of the farm as of the town residence.

Seed and Plant Introduction.

No less than 1,429 selected kinds of seeds and plants were introduced from foreign countries and established in the United States last year. These include 350 date suckers representing 42 varieties, 19 varieties of grapes from Russian Caucasus, 33 varieties of mangoes of recognized superiority from central India, 157 bushels of berseem from the valley of the Nile, 2,000 pounds of the famous new barley from Moravia, 200 trees of the hardy Vladimir cherry from Russia (distributed in the northwest), and many others.—Secretary Wilson.

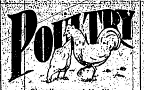
Rock Salt for Farm Animals.

One of the best ways to salt animals is to use rock salt in very large lumps. The cattle and other animals will then be compelled to lick it rather than eat it, and there is thus no danger of them getting too much of it. It should be placed where the animals can get to it at any time. It should be placed in a rack or in boxes raised above the ground so that it will not get dirty. The sides of the boxes and racks should be high enough so that the salt cannot be nosed out. In the case of sheep and goats, the racks for salt must be low, so the animals can get at the salt. When the lumps are reduced in size, it is just as well to place bigger ones in the places and remove the small ones.

The spreading of manure in the winter as it is made is now accepted as the ideal way of handling manure. It may be a little trouble to haul a load to the field every day, but some find this easier than any other method of taking care of it. It saves work in the spring, when all are busy.

Paying your debts is one kind of a paying business.

POULTRY



Cleanliness and Health.

In the summer time the poultry keeper is not called upon to do much cleaning in the poultry house, as, for the most part of the season, the fowls have the run of the farm. In the winter, however, the farm flock is shut up and its health can easily suffer on account of neglect to keep the house clean.

It is very natural to think that the cold weather will freeze the droppings as fast as they accumulate, and that, if they do pile up under the roosts, it will make little difference. The truth is that in much of the north there are very many days in winter when the temperature is above the freezing point and sometimes it is as high as fifty and sixty degrees. A warm night in winter is very trying on the fowls, when the droppings have been permitted to accumulate for a month, as is the case in numerous instances.

The writer has sometimes put his head into a poultry house in winter where the ammonia was so thick that it was a wonder the fowls could live in it. If it is bad for the owner to stay for five minutes in such a place, what must be the experience of the hens compelled to stay all night in it! The farmer is unable to figure out any loss, nor can anyone else. It comes in a weakened constitution; and some day when some fowl is found dead under the roost it will be indirectly due to the sapping of the constitution by the ammoniacal gases.

In every walk of life cleanliness and health are associated. The supplying of oxygen to the blood through the lungs is as necessary with fowls as with humans.

Money from Feed.

One man feeds hens at a cost of 75 cents per year and another man feeds hens at a cost of $1.00 per year. The man that saves 25 cents per hen may think that he is making money by his economy. Very often this will prove not to be the case. The man that has taken the trouble to feed his fowls on a mixed ration with considerable meat and ground bone, ground oats and a variety of grains and other forms of nitrogenous feed is not able to get the cost of the ration under a dollar a year.

The man that feeds his fowls at a cost of 75 cents per year will be found to be feeding a very large amount of corn. Now for the results. The man that feeds the more expensive ration is generally getting eggs all through the winter and is selling them at thirty-five or forty cents a dozen. The other man is getting no eggs till the winter begins to melt into spring and then has to sell them at 15 and 20 cents per dozen. The man that feeds the more expensive ration makes money, and the other man does not.

It is not a question of which ration is cheaper. The real question is how to make the feed fed pay for its cost and a margin of difference which we call profit. The hen is but a machine to take the feed we raise or buy and change it into a product that is worth more than the raw product.

Profits in Turkeys.

For a number of years prices for turkeys all over the country have been good. Wholesale prices have been steadily going up, and in New York for the past ten years they have averaged, from 8 to 20 cents per pound. The price is higher in Boston, but lower in Chicago, where the wholesale prices in the same time have ranged from 8 to 18 cents. The best stock can always be sold high, while poor stuff is always a hard thing to get rid of. Even a turkey, if skinny and bony, is not desired by anyone.

The last census shows the numbers of turkeys in the country to be about 6,500,000. When we consider that there are a little over 5,000,000 farms, we see that the number of turkeys on each farm is but one and a fraction. We believe that the greater profits in turkey raising will before long greatly increase the aggregate number being raised in the country.

Oyster Shells.

Pounded oyster shell is good for hens, as it supplies lime. Like plaster, it will not take the place of grit. It is not hard enough to act as grinders for the work of the gizzard. Frequently oyster shells can be secured in large quantities from nearby markets, and if that supply is not available the poultry supply houses always carry a supply, which they sell cheap. It is already broken. If a man's time is worth anything, it will pay better to buy pounded shells than to take the trouble to go to the village and then have to pound the shells.

The Lay of the China Egg.

A horrid old hen that ate all the eggs,
Had a terrible appetite, blast her—
It wasn't the hen with the yellow legs
That laid so well for her master.
She whacked at the china egg, peg, gety peg,
"Twas the hardest she ever had lit on;
Said she, with a smile, "If I can't eat this egg,
I'll save it and keep it to sit on."
—Exchange.

Production of Hogs.

There is little danger of an overproduction of hogs. The difficulty is to get enough of them. Curtailing the production will not send up the price correspondingly, as people will pay only just about so much for any one kind of meat and then will turn to something else. There should be millions more hogs produced every year than are. With an animal as prolific as the hog there is no reason why the supply should not be adequate to meet the demand. It is doubtful if the farmer can raise any animal that is more profitable than the hog.

FRIGHT NOT HER WEAKNESS.

Nephew Had Record of His Aunt's Brave Deeds.

"I declare," said his Aunt Hetty, "war is an awful thing. It's terrible to think of men takin' their lives in their hands day after day. If I had to stand up and get shot at day in an' day out, I'd just die of fright."

"But you're only a woman," said her nephew. "There's no fun in soldiering, though. I see that some men died recently in the Philippines of smallpox. By the way, auntie, did you ever see a case of smallpox?"

"Oh, yes. I nussed three or four smallpox patients. But I was vaccinated."

"And you've nursed patients with other contagious diseases, haven't you?"

"Oh, yes—diphtheria an' scarlet fever an' such as that—an' one cholera case."

"Weren't you afraid of taking the diseases?"

"Well, I didn't have much time to worry about that. I reckoned that if I'd take 'em I'd take 'em; an' if I wouldn't I wouldn't."

"And you ran upstairs when Cousin Sophy's house caught fire and saved her little girl, didn't you?"

"It wasn't much of a fire——."

"Oh, well, don't apologize for it. Do you know, auntie, I'm beginning to think you're a humbug?"

"Land sakes! What are you talking about?"

"Why, the idea of your trying to persuade me that you're afraid of bullets. You may tell that to somebody that doesn't know you, auntie—it won't go with me!"

FIRST AUTO IN BOGOTA.

Excited Crowds Greeted It and Streets Were Blocked.

A. G. Snyder, consul-general at Bogota, reports as follows, says the New York Times:

"Last week the first automobile made its appearance upon the streets of Bogota and the excitement was unparalleled. Crowds have blocked the highways for squares, rendering traffic almost impossible, and great interest has been aroused as to the possibilities that this mode of transportation may offer in the future.

"This automobile is an American machine, and some business may result from the present enthusiasm. I shall be pleased to receive catalogues from automobile manufacturers of the United States for filing in the reading room here.

"It is rumored that a concession is shortly to be given to a transportation company for the exclusive use of the Cambao road, which leads from the upper Magdalena river to Bogota. Automobiles are to be used exclusively by this company."

Antiquity of Hooks and Eyes.

Hooks and eyes are known to have been used as dress fastenings for at least a couple of centuries, and they may have been in use for 400 or 500 years, but the date of their invention has never been traced.

George H. Cliff, who is head of a big concern which manufactures all sorts of fastenings devices, has made the subject a matter of research and has found the hook and eye in its present form to have been in use early in the seventeenth century. In his travels through various lands he has examined many antique garments, hoping to trace the device still farther back, but, while the relics all were fitted with hooks and eyes, none of the garments was of earlier manufacture than the seventeenth century.

In Westminster abbey Mr. Cliff came across a display of very ancient wearing apparel, which he hoped would throw further light on his researches. But the articles had been worn by royalty and the guard would not permit close inspection. Not even an order of $5 for a look at the fastenings would tempt him. So far as Mr. Cliff could see at a distance, lacing was the method of fastening used in the garments, which were of twelfth and thirteenth century design.—Philadelphia Record.

Faint Praise.

Senator Depew, at a recent convention of railroad men, had occasion to introduce a well known speaker from the West.

"In making introductions," he began, "it is possible to say some very pleasant and agreeable things. I am always pleasant and agreeable when I make an introduction. I wouldn't, if I could, hurt the feelings in any way of the man whom I present. In this respect I differ from a certain Dakotan.

"This Dakotan arose in a crowded hall to introduce a lecturer from New York. He swaggered to the front of the platform, put his hands in his pockets, sneered, and said:

"'Ladies and gents, I am called on to interduce this here man to you, but I can only say two things in his favor. One is that he has never been in jail. The other is that I don't know why he hasn't.'"

Souvenirs.

Mais ou sont les neiges d'antan?
Where is the glove that I gave to him,
Perfumed and warm from my arm that night?
And where is the rose that another stole
When the land was flooded with June moonlight,
And the satin slipper I wore?—Alack,
Some one had that—it was wrong, I fear.
Where are those souvenirs to-day?
But where are the snows of yesteryear?

The glove was burned at his next love's prayer,
And the rose was lost in the mire of the street;
And the satin slipper he tossed away,
For his jealous bride had not fairy feet.
Give what you will, but know, mesdames,
For a day alone are your favors dear,
Be sure for the next fair woman's sake
They will go—like the snows of yesteryear.
—Anne Reeve Aldrich.

Wages Only Object.

"Lots of men are hunting easy berths," says a representative from Tennessee, "but multitudes of laboring men who are compelled to earn their bread by the perspiration of the frontal sinus ought to be able to appreciate the simple beauty of this advertisement, which appeared in a New Orleans paper:

'Employment—Steady work not so much an object as good wages.'"

"C. M. D."

Hard Lines.

Two tramps met under a viaduct in Chicago.

"Hello, Weary, where yeh been since I seed you last? Yeh seemed to hev disappeared off de eart' kind o' suddint that night. Hey ye been sojournin' in de workhouse, old fel?"

"Wores 'n that," replied Weary. "I struck a streak o' tough luck. De night I seed yeh I had just hoofed it into Chy from Toledo. Tired? Gee, but I was certainly all in. So I gets into an empty freight car and scraped up some hay thet laid on the fleer, an' went to sleep. I mus' a slept like a rock. I woke up at daybreak nex' mornin' an' looked out the door, and blast me if I wasn't back in Toledo!—Puck.

"Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy gave me prompt and complete relief from dyspepsia and liver derangement." B. T. Trowbridge, Harlem R.R., N.Y.

One's life is like a letter: No matter how well composed or elegant, it is futile if not directed right or even not directed at all.

Probably for Once.

"Favver," said fashionable Mrs. Gadabout's little boy, "muvver goes out a good deal, don't she, favver?"

"Yes, my son," replied Mrs. Gadabout's husband.

"Favver?"

"What is it?"

"I wunder was she home the day I was borned?"—Houston Chronicle.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Chances for Speculation.

Archie—Ma, is heaven a land flowing with milk and honey?

Mother—So we are told, my child.

Archie—Well, ma!

Mother—What is it?

Archie—Is the milk sterilized?—Houston Chronicle.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Conceding Something.

Doctor—Now, sir, you must stop drinking between meals.

Luschman—Let me make a compromise proposition, doctor.

Doctor—Well, what is it?

Luschman—I'll stop drinking between drinks.—Philadelphia Press.

Reminder of the Catspaw.

Somehow that request of Italy, Great Britain and Germany that the United States take charge of the collection of Venezuelan claims reminds the naturally suspicious of the story about the monkey and the cat and the fire and the chestnuts.—Indianapolis News.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Your Uncle.

Uncle Sam was looking over his expense account.

"Great Croesus," he muttered, reaching for the bromide, "what a high old time I must have had last year."—Chicago Tribune.

Why He Discarded.

They were playing bridge, and the beginner's game, either from nervousness or ignorance, led his partner after a while to inquire into his method.

"Do you discard from strength or weakness?" she asked.

"Usually from fright," was the prompt response.—New York Sun.

Many School Children Are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, break up Colds in 24 hours, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders and Destroy Worms. At all Druggists, 25c. Sample mailed free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Hypnotized Him.

"How did you ever persuade that hard-headed old senator to get such a fat office for your scapegrace nephew? Influence?"

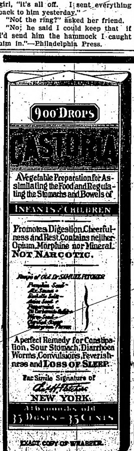
"Yes—influence of mind over matter."—Chicago Tribune.

A Souvenir.

"Yes," said the erstwhile summer girl, "it's all off. I sent everything back to him yesterday."

"Not the ring?" asked her friend.

"No; he said I could keep that if I'd send him the hammock I caught him in."—Philadelphia Press.



900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS / CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

BISHOP OWES HEALTH AND LIFE TO PE-RU-NA.

Ministers of All Denominations Join In Recommending Pe-ru-na to the People.

Public speaking especially exposes the throat and bronchial tubes to catarrhal affections.

Breathing the air of crowded assemblies, and the necessary exposure to night air which many preachers must face, makes catarrh especially prevalent among their class.

Peruna has become justly popular among them.

BISHOP L. H. HALSEY.

The Friends of Pe-ru-na.

Despite the prejudices of the medical profession against proprietary medicines, the clergy have always maintained a strong confidence and friendship for Peruna.

They have discovered by personal experience that Peruna does all that is claimed for it.

The Bishop's Strong Tribute to Pe-ru-na.

L. H. Halsey, Bishop C. M. E. Church, Atlanta, Ga., writes:

"I have found Peruna to be a great remedy for catarrh. *I have suffered with this terrible disease for more than twenty years,* until since I have been using Peruna, which has relieved me of the trouble.

"I have tried many remedies and spent a great deal of hard-earned money for them, *but I found nothing so effectual in the cure of catarrh as the great medicine, Peruna.*

"I feel sure that Peruna is not only a triumph of medical science, but it is also a blessing to suffering humanity.

"Every individual who suffers with respiratory diseases will find Peruna a magnificent and sovereign remedy."—L. H. Halsey, Bp. C. M. E. Church.

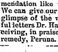
Peruna is the most prompt and sure remedy for catarrh that can be taken.

Many a preacher has been able to meet his engagements only because he keeps on hand a bottle of Peruna, ready to meet any emergency that may arise.

We have on file many letters of recommendation like the one given above. We can give our readers only a slight glimpse of the vast number of grateful letters Dr. Hartman is constantly receiving, in praise of his famous catarrh remedy, Peruna.

$100 Weekly Easily Made

writing health and accident insurance; experience unnecessary. Write Bankers' Accident Co., Des Moines, Ia.



A CLEAR, HEALTHY SKIN
Sandholm's Eczema and Skin Remedy
Purifies, Then Heals.
Positively cures Eczema, Pimples, Eruptions, Insect Bites and all diseases of the skin. An absolute cure for Dandruff or Scalp disease.
$1.00 Per Bottle. Send for FREE BOOKLETS.
Ask your druggist or barber or send to
SANDHOLM DRUG CO., Des Moines, Iowa.

WHAT'S THE USE OF SAYING "GIVE ME A 5-CENT CIGAR," WHEN BY ASKING FOR A : :

"CREMO"

YOU GET THE BEST 5-CENT CIGAR IN AMERICA

"The World's Largest Seller"

$10.00 FOR ALL

That's all it will cost to get one of our 120-egg incubators complete, laid down at your railroad station, all freight charges prepaid. No other expense necessary. All ready to operate.

SURE HATCH INCUBATORS

are the world's standard incubators. Three walls California redwood. Asbestos lined throughout. Copper hot water heating system. 138 square inches heating surface to water heater. Only thirty cents worth of oil required for a hatch. All machines sold on 60 Days' Free Trial, giving you every opportunity to be sure you are right. Every machine carries a 5 years guarantee. You take no risk with the SURE HATCH—the machine that has stood the test of time. Send for free booklet 230. If you live east of Mississippi River address Indianapolis; if west, Clay Center.

SURE HATCH INCUBATOR COMPANY
Clay Center, Neb. Indianapolis, Ind.

Eggs, Eggs, Eggs,

How to get them when prices are high. Nothing on earth will make hens lay like

SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

Makes hens and pullets lay in fall and winter. Keeps them well and strong; economical to use. Commence now. One pack, 25 cts; five, $1.00. Two-lb. can, $1.20; six, $5.00, express paid. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

N W N U —NO. 6— 1905

Mayer HONORBILT Shoes for Men

The newest and most perfect shoes for men on the market. Stylish and up-to-date in every particular—fit perfectly, look swell and wear well—built *On Honor* both inside and out and made from the finest leather obtainable.

Your dealer has or can get Mayer "Honorbilt" shoes for you. Send us his name and receive Free our beautiful new style book.

We also make "Western Lady" and "Martha Washington" shoes. Our trademark is stamped on every sole.

F. MAYER BOOT & SHOE CO.
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

WEDDING RINGS WERE POISONED

THEORY AS TO MEANS EMPLOYED BY HOCK TO KILL OFF WIVES.

USED MOST SUBTLE POISON

CURARE MOST DEADLY POISON KNOWN TO MODERN SCIENCE.

BIGAMIST GOES TO CHICAGO

GREATLY ANNOYED BY THE ATTENTIONS OF CROWDS IN NEW YORK.

Chicago, Feb. 9. — Curare, the most subtle and deadly poison known to modern science, is believed by Dr. Joseph Springer, formerly coroner's physician, to have caused the death of Johann Hock's wives.

Dr. Springer is convinced the fatal drug was administered by means of engagement or wedding rings.

By turning the inner edge of the ring, said Dr. Springer yesterday, "or making it rough or sharp in and manner, applying the curare on the rough edge and then slipping the ring on the finger so as to cause the slightest abrasion of the skin, death would follow.

"It would only be necessary for the slightest quantity of the poison to reach the blood. One-sixtieth of a grain of curare is fatal."

Find Another Mrs. Hock.

Information reached Inspector Shippy from Barney Baer, a private detective, which may lead to the finding of another Mrs. Hock. Mrs. Leo Prager, who lives in this city, is believed to have been a victim of the bigamist. According to to Baer, this woman was married to a man some time ago who closely resembled the description and pictures of Hock. He gave the name of Leo Prager. Mrs. Prager had secured $6,500 through the death of her former husband, and shortly after the marriage to Prager she gave him $3,500. Money and man disappeared a short time after.

Taken to Chicago.

New York, Feb. 9. — Johann Hock, alleged Bluebeard and husband of over forty women, was taken to Chicago yesterday afternoon to answer bigamy charges. He was given a send-off by crowds at the Barclay street ferry and at the Hoboken station of the Lackawanna railroad, and their curiosity so annoyed the multiple husband that he relieved himself in a brief but vigorous sneer.

WILL ACQUIT RYAN.

"Get-Rich-Quick" Man Will Escape Punishment.

St. Louis, Feb. 9. — John J. Ryan, who was indicted on the charge of having embezzled $900,000 in a "get-rich-quick" scheme, and whose trial was called yesterday, will be acquitted by a jury selected to try his case, under instructions from Judge Foster, who early last night sustained the demurrer filed by Ryan's counsel to the state's case. As Judge Foster had dismissed the jury until 10 o'clock today before hearing the arguments of the counsel for state and defense on the demurrer, the case could not be completed last night. After hearing Judge Foster's decision on the demurrer, County Attorney Sager stepped forward and announced to Judge Foster that inasmuch as the case in which the state's witnesses had just been heard was the strongest he had against Ryan, he would enter nolle prosequis in the remaining three.

"RUBE" WADDELL ON RAMPAGE.

Eccentric Pitcher Attacks Wife's Relations and Police Are After Him.

Peabody, Mass., Feb. 9.—The police of surrounding cities and towns have been asked to arrest "Rube" Waddell, one of the pitchers of the Philadelphia baseball team of the American league, who left town last night. The charge against the baseball player is assault, growing out of a dispute over a board bill. It is alleged that Waddell yesterday attacked his father-in-law, Edward Ross, with a flatiron, and felled Mrs. Ross to the floor with a chair when the latter interfered. Mr. Ross sustained numerous injuries, including the loss of six teeth. Neither he nor his wife was, it is believed, dangerously injured. Waddell, since the first of last December, had been living with the Ross family at their home.

PORTLAND IS THUG-RIDDEN.

Chief of Police Advises Citizens to Arm and Fortify Homes.

Portland, Or., Feb. 9. — With the Lewis and Clark centennial exposition but a few months ahead the city of Portland is becoming the haven of a gang of criminals, highwaymen and other undesirable persons. Hold-ups, robberies and petty crimes are becoming frequent, and Chief of Police Hunt has openly advised citizens to arm themselves and fortify their homes.

North Coast Limited Wrecked.

Spokane, Wash., Feb. 9.—The North Coast limited on the Northern Pacific was wrecked at Drummond, Mont., yesterday and several passengers were hurt. Two women were severely injured and seven men were slightly hurt.

Cedar Rapids Has Big Fire.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Feb. 9. — The Bosen-Ryan elevator and malting plant was totally destroyed by fire early this morning. The loss is estimated at $200,000.

CONGRESS.

House Discusses the Rate Legislation Bill.

Washington, Feb. 9.—In the house yesterday Mr. Thayer of Massachusetts congratulated the president, the Republican party and the majority of the committee on interstate and foreign commerce for adopting "a purely Democratic measure," and he said that the Hepburn bill was also a Democratic measure.

Mr. Esch of Wisconsin, joint author of the Esch-Townsend bill, summed up the arguments for and against that bill up to the present time. Some, he said, had regarded it as the most important legislation since the Rebellion, while others had contended it amounted to nothing. Such extreme views, he said, were indicative of the fact that the bill was what it was claimed to be—a compromise. He then justified the action of the majority of the committee in providing the special court of transportation feature, upon which, he said, opposition seemed to be centered.

Messrs. Burke of South Dakota, Lacey of Iowa and Davis of Minnesota advocated rate legislation.

The senate yesterday received from Mr. Kearns a disclaimer of the vote in favor of separate statehood for New Mexico, which the records for Tuesday credited him with. He said that he had been misunderstood by the clerks and that he had voted against the provision.

The senate spent almost an hour in connection with the house of representatives in canvassing the presidential vote and the remainder of the session was devoted to executive business.

MUST RETURN TO STATES.

Decision of Quebec Court Overturned by British Privy Council.

London, Feb. 9. — The privy council rendered its decision yesterday morning in the Greene-Gaynor case in favor of the American government. The council reversed the two judgments of Justice Caron of Quebec Aug. 13, 1902, and ordered the respondents to pay the costs of the appeal. The council's decision caustically criticises the action of Justice Caron in releasing Greene and Gaynor, and Caron's "extraordinary intervention." John G. Gaynor and Benjamin D. Greene were indicted in Savannah, Ga., Dec. 8, 1899, charged with embezzlement and defrauding the United States government together with Capt. Oberlin M. Carter, in the performance of government contracts for the improvement of the Savannah river and other river and harbor work in that district, the illicit profits being estimated at $2,000,000.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Feb. 9. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.13 1-4@1.13 3-8; No. 2 Northern, $1.06 1-4@1.08 1-4; No. 3, $1 @1.03. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 40@41c Oats—No. 3 white, 29 1-4@30c.

Minneapolis, Feb. 9. — Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.17 3-8c; No. 1 Northern, $1.15 3-8; No. 2 Northern, $1.11 1-8 @ 1.12 1-8. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 1-4c.

Duluth, Feb. 9. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.13 3-8; No. 2 Northern, $1.06 3-8; flax, $1.24 1-2; rye, 74c.

Milwaukee, Feb. 9. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.15@1.16; No. 2 Northern, $1.10@1.14. Rye — No. 1, 82c. Barley—No. 2, 52c. Oats—Standard, 31 1-2@32c. Corn—No. 3, 42 3-4c.

Chicago, Feb. 9. — Wheat — No. 2 red, $1.20; No. 3 red, $1.14@1.17; No. 2 hard, $1.15; No. 3 hard, $1.05@1.15; No. 1 Northern, $1.21; No. 2 Northern, $1.15@1.16. Corn — No. 2, 43 1-4 @ 43 1-2c. Oats—No. 2, 30 1-4c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Feb. 9. — Cattle—Beeves, $3.50@5.25; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.25@3.50; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.60; calves and yearlings, $2.25 @ 3.25. Hogs — Bulk, $4.50 @ 4.60.

Chicago, Feb. 9. — Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.50@6.25; stockers and feeders, $2.20 @ 4; cows, $1.40 @ 4; heifers, $2@5; calves, $3.50 @ 6.75. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $4.65 @ 4.85; bulk, $4.65 @ 4.80. Sheep — Good to choice wethers, $4.60@5.50; native lambs, $5 @ 6.85; Western lambs, $5.50@6.75.

South St. Paul, Feb. 9. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4.50 @ 5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $2.65 @3.50; butcher bulls, $2.35@3; veals, $2 @ 5; good to choice stock steers, $2.75@3.65; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs — Range price, $4.25@4.65; bulk, $4.35@4.45. Sheep —Good to choice lambs, $5.75 @ 6.25; fair to good, $5.50 @ 5.75; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.25; good to choice ewes, $4@4.25.

Bad Fire at Manning, Iowa.

Manning, Iowa, Feb. 9.—Fire which did $35,000 damage, started in the Moershell department store and raged four hours. The chief losers are Moershell store, $18,000; Gilbert Fee Furniture company, $7,000; Voss & Frahm building, $6,000. The fire departments of Carroll and Manilla came on special trains.

Knew All About Mosquitos.

Colombo, Ceylon, Feb. 9. — Sir Henry A. Blake, governor of Ceylon, has announced at a meeting of the Asiatic society that Singalese medical books of the sixth century described 67 varieties of mosquitos and 424 kinds of malarial fever caused by mosquitos.

Murder and Suicide.

Wheeling, W. Va., Feb. 9.—Andrew Goudy, a Baltimore & Ohio engineer, last night shot and killed Mrs. Leonora Moore and then killed himself.

Pioneer Ran Amuck.

Menomonie, Wis., Feb. 9. — Andrew Kelly, a pioneer of this city, became violently insane and was committed to the state hospital yesterday. He is alleged to have endangered the lives of many citizens before he was confined.

Killed by Falling Tree.

Akeley, Minn., Feb. 9.—Benny Crosby, aged twenty-four years, who recently was married, was instantly killed here yesterday by a falling tree.

Congress.

Resume of the Week's Proceedings.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Through his counsel, Judge Swayne yesterday made formal response in the senate to the articles of impeachment made by the house of representatives. The answer was a formidable document in point of size. Each of the twelve articles of impeachment was answered at length. In every case the fact charged was admitted, but explained from Judge Swayne's point of view, and, in addition, it was contended that even if the conditions were true as charged, they were not of a character to justify proceedings for impeachment for "high crimes and misdemeanors."

The answer was read by ex-Senator Thurston, and when he concluded the senate issued an order requiring the house to file its formal reply by next Monday and directed that all pleadings shall be in by the 9th, so that the trial may proceed on the 10th.

After nearly a week of discussion on the postoffice appropriation bill, carrying $180,787,415, it passed the house yesterday, following the defeat of a motion by Mr. Moon of Tennessee to recommit it with instructions to strike out the provision of the special mail facilities on trunk lines.

Washington, Feb. 6. — The house Saturday passed the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill, carrying $2,107,047, which is an increase for this service of $78,714 over the current appropriation. A number of minor bills were disposed of by unanimous consent.

Mr. Long occupied most of the time given by the senate to the statehood bill with a speech in support of the bill as it stands.

In connection with the agricultural appropriation bill there was considerable debate upon the question of forest reserves, in which Messrs. Gorman, Fulton, Clay, Hansbrough, Heyburn, Patterson and Teller participated.

At 2 o'clock the consideration of the appropriation bill was suspended in order to permit the joint statehood bill to be taken up.

Washington, Feb. 7. — Following weeks of hearings and consideration by the committee on interstate and foreign commerce as well as urgent recommendations of the president on the subject, the house of representatives yesterday began debating the proposed legislation looking to the regulation of railway freight rates. This action was taken only after determined opposition by the Democrats, led by John Sharpe Williams of Mississippi, the minority leader, to the adoption of a rule which would shut out the opportunity to amend the bill. Two Republicans, Messrs. Southwick and Vreeland of New York, voted against the rule, and one Democrat, Mr. Gaines of Tennessee, voted for it. Otherwise party lines were tightly drawn.

Messrs. Townsend of Michigan, one of the authors of the bill under consideration, and Richardson (Ala.) occupied the remainder of the day in discussing it, both sounding a note of warning to the railroads that unless they joined hands with congress in the matter the people would demand more drastic legislation.

The long drawn out general debate on the bill creating two states out of the Territories of Oklahoma and Indian Territory and New Mexico and Arizona, was concluded yesterday with a speech by Mr. Beveridge which consumed the greater part of the day's session.

The only other important business of the day was the receipt through the house managers of the house's replication to Judge Swayne's answer in the impeachment trial.

Washington, Feb. 8. — After a continuous sitting of almost nine hours the senate at 8:45 o'clock last night passed the joint statehood bill. As passed the bill provides for the admission of the States of Oklahoma, to be composed of Oklahoma and Indian Territory, and New Mexico, according to the present boundaries, with Arizona eliminated. The long session was characterized by exciting incidents and many surprises. Beginning promptly upon the convening at 12 o'clock the senate proceeded to consider the various amendments which had been suggested by the committee on territories, and which had been passed over. One of the first of these taken up was the amendment prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors in what is now Indian Territory for the next ten years, and this was displaced by a substitute offered by Mr. Gallinger which extended the amendment to the entire state for a period of twenty-one years, and this was adopted.

The feature of the debate in the house yesterday on the freight rate bill was the speech of Mr. McCall of Massachusetts, who, in opposing the proposed legislation, declared that it was not to be imagined that the supreme court would stand between the government and its victim, following that utterance with the statement that the courts usually reflected the policy of the party in power. The views of the speakers as to legislation needed were many and varied, but with the exception of Mr. McCall and Mr. Sibley of Pennsylvania, all were agreed that the time had arrived for the granting of relief.

Burglars Found Empty Safe.

Eau Claire, Wis., Feb. 8.—The discovery was made this morning that W. C. Johnson's drug store was burglarized last night. Mr. Johnson had left his safe empty and unlocked with a card thereon stating that it was only necessary to turn the knob and not to blow it open. The burglars broke off all the drawers inside the safe. Only small articles were taken by them.

What the State Solons Are Doing

St. Paul, Feb. 2. — Minnesota will probably elect no state officers in presidential years if the constitutional amendment introduced by Representative A. K. Ware is adopted. The amendment makes the term of office of all elective officers four years. If the amendment is adopted by the people legislators say that the terms of all state officers elected in 1906 then will undoubtedly be four years, and state elections would be held every four years thereafter, so that Minnesota state elections would be held in what are termed "off years," a year when there is no national election.

The time during which the polls must be kept open at primary elections is reduced in towns by a bill offered by Representative Nicholas Juliar.

The number of game birds that may be legally killed is reduced, and the coursing of hunting dogs during the closed season is prohibited by bills introduced by Representative George MacKenzie.

The protection of clients against their lawyers, and the punishment of attorneys for malpractice, is sought by a bill introduced by Representative Andrew Miller.

The house committee on towns and counties will recommend for passage the bill by Representative A. D. Larson authorizing counties to condemn sites for court houses and public buildings.

The diligent and economical capturing, killing and destroying of muskrats is made a substitute for road work by a bill introduced by Representative A. D. Palmer. The bill is intended for the protection of roads passing through swamps and marshes or along streams and lakes inhabited by muskrats.

The governor's private secretary is deprived of all notarial fees and his salary is fixed at $2,000 a year in two bills introduced by Senator A. B. Cole. The measure, which is to take effect Jan. 1, 1907, Senator Cole says, is recommended by Gov. Johnson.

Railroads are prohibited from raising rates without the consent of the railroad and warehouse commission in a bill introduced by Senator L. O. Thorpe. The measure is practically the same as one introduced two years ago and is recommended by the railroad and warehouse commission.

St. Paul, Feb. 3. — A civil service system is to be established in the state dairy and food department by a bill introduced by Representative J. R. Morley. The dairy and food commissioner alone is excepted from the terms of the bill, which require that all appointments be made on the basis of merit, and the qualifications of applicants as disclosed by a competitive examination.

Townships are authorized to issue bonds to aid in the construction of roads by a bill introduced in the house by Representative O. B. Ekman.

The recommendation of the state board of control relating to the transportation of persons committed to a state institution is made effective by a bill introduced in the house by Representative J. A. Gates.

Delegates to the state convention for the nomination of state officers will be elected by primary election if abill introduced by Senator O. G. Dale becomes a law. The measure does away with precinct caucuses and county convention and provides that the delegates shall be elected at the regular September primaries.

All members of a family and all officers or employes of a firm or corporation may travel on the same mileage book if a bill introduced in the senate by Senator H. W. Stone becomes a law. The bill requires railroads to issue coupon books for 500 or 1,000 miles at not exceeding the present rate charged for 1,000-mile books, which is 2 1-2 cents a mile.

Township supervisors are given greater power to enforce a system of township drainage in a bill introduced in the senate by Senator Daniel Shell.

In spite of the opposition of Senator Albert Schaller, Democratic leader in the senate, the senate committee of the whole recommended to pass Senator George P. Wilson's bill placing the settlement of timber trespass cases in the hands of the timber board, consisting of the state auditor, the governor and the secretary of state, instead of in the hands of the state auditor.

St. Paul, Feb. 4.—Joint resolutions were introduced in both branches of the legislature against the granting of drawbacks on Canadian wheat shipped into the United States to be manufactured into flour. The resolutions urge the secretary of the treasury not to rule in favor of the proposed drawbacks, and petition that in the event the secretary so rules congress shall pass an act exempting wheat and flour.

The senate committee of the whole recommended for passage the bill authorizing the state board of control to select a site for a new state prison and setting aside half of the net profits of the industries at the prison for two years to cover the cost of the site and buildings.

Provision for a ladies' dormitory at the St. Cloud normal school to take the place of the one destroyed by fire recently is made in a bill introduced by Senator R. B. Brower.

The repeal of the national bankruptcy law is urged in a memorial to congress introduced in the senate in the form of a bill by Senator Julius Coller.

Gov. John A. Johnson reported to the house the selection of 20,000 acres of government land not adapted to agriculture, made by the state in April, 1904. The governor recommended the appropriation of a sum sufficient properly to care for and reforest the land. The communication was referred to the committee of forestry.

A civil service bill applying to the state dairy and food department was introduced by Representative Karl De Laittre. The measure provides that the assistant dairy and food commissioner, the secretary of the department, and all the inspectors shall be appointed after having passed an examination touching their general education, their qualifications for the work for which they apply, and their moral and physical fitness.

Representative P. A. Gandrud introduced a bill aiming at a reduction in the number of railroad wrecks. Railroads are required to make full reports of wrecks to the state railroad and warehouse commission within three days.

State licenses for dealers in oleomargarine or butterine are proposed by Representative Burdett Thayer in a bill introduced. Wholesale dealers selling manufacturers' original packages must pay an annual fee of $480, and retailers selling in quantities of less than ten pounds, in bulk or in original packages, must pay a fee of $48.

The house adjourned until Monday and the senate until Tuesday.

St. Paul, Feb. 7. — Box car merchants and mail order houses selling food products that do not comply with the standard fixed by the Minnesota laws are aimed at by a bill introduced in the house by Representative Marcus Lauritsen. The state dairy and food commissioner and his deputies are given power to open for examination receptacles of food products in the hands of railroad companies, and if the products do not comply with the Minnesota standards to deal with them as if manufactured and sold entirely within the state.

Pirating of plays and songs is made a misdemeanor by a bill introduced in the house by Representative James R. Hickey. The measure not only provides for the punishment of the management producing any play or selling a copy of it without the author's consent, but also all persons in the cast or in anywise aiding in the performance.

Capital punishment in Minnesota would be abolished by a bill introduced in the house yesterday by Representative J. G. Lund. The bill makes life imprisonment the punishment for murder in the first degree.

St. Paul, Feb. 8.—Cigarettes are to be banished from Minnesota by a bill introduced in the house by Representative Burdette Thayer. The bill makes it a misdemeanor for any person to sell, keep in stock, give away or otherwise dispose of any cigarette, cigarette paper or substitute therefor, and imposes a fine of from $50 to $100 for violations of the act.

Druggists selling any medical compounds containing more than 20 per cent of alcohol are to be required to secure a retail liquor dealer's license, according to a bill introduced in the house by Representative Gustav Erickson.

A special committee of the house will make a trip of inspection to the industrial schools of Menomonie, Wis., under the resolution introduced by Representative L. H. Johnson, which provides for a special investigating committee of five members to be named by the speaker.

A step toward the establishment in Ramsey county of a hospital for indigent, crippled and deformed children is taken in a bill introduced in the senate by Senator W. W. Dunn. The measure creates a commission consisting of Arthur J. Gillette and Robert O. Earl of St. Paul and Stephen Mahoney of Minneapolis to investigate the advisability of establishing such a hospital and report at the 1907 session of the legislature.

Any high school in the state which is not properly lighted, heated or ventilated or is unsanitary may be condemned by the state high school board if a bill introduced by Senator J. T. Schain becomes a law.

A commission for the selection of a site for the proposed girls' training school is created in a bill introduced by Senator Henry A. Morgan.

The promiscuous poisoning of dogs, cats and other animals is prohibited in a bill introduced by Senator Julius Coller.

Senator A. R. McGill introduced a bill to appropriated $15,000 for a bust or Alexander Ramsey to be installed in the statuary hall in the national capitol at Washington.

Loan companies are placed under the same provisions regarding the method of taxation as banks in a bill by Senator Julius Coller.

The senate passed the bill placing the settlement of timber trespass cases in the hands of the timber board instead of the state auditor.

INCREASE IN STATE TAXES.

State Auditor Completes Abstract of 1904 Taxes.

The state auditor has submitted to the members of the legislature the abstract of the tax lists of the counties of the state for 1904. Clerks have been busy at work upon the abstract for the past few months, and reports of the valuations and tax levies have been received from all counties.

The total taxes for all purposes levied in the state for 1904 to be collected in 1905 are $20,989,645.17, as compared with $19,926,197.55 in 1903. An interesting table affixed to the abstract shows the remarkable increase in the taxes levied in the state since 1870, when the total levy was $2,619,764.17, several thousands less than is to-day levied in Ramsey county alone. In 1885 the total tax levy rose to $8,383,696.67, and in 1892 it reached $14,214,938.06.

The abstract shows the state taxes, county taxes, city and village taxes, township taxes and school district taxes. The state taxes collected this year will be divided as follows: Revenue, soldiers' relief and funding tax funds, $1,264,671.06, as against $1,180,006.75 in 1903; school and university fund, $1,040,403.27, as against $967,816.05 in 1903; interest and principal on state loans, $309,986.72, as against $318,999.57 in 1903.

The total valuation for all the counties amounts to $845,897,110, as against $786,869,809 in 1903. The following table shows the increase in the average of the taxable lands and their value since 1870:

	Acres exclusive of Town lots.	Value of land including structures thereon.	Average value per acre.
1904	38,944,720.17	$431,032,456	$11.06
1903	36,680,025.94	390,104,543	10.08
1902	37,756,250.00	387,908,085	10.27
1901	36,900,284.00	267,340,220	7.25
1900	36,760,382.00	266,039,396	7.25
1899	35,940,834.00	252,160,126	7.02
1898	35,406,289.00	250,774,597	7.08
1897	34,448,067.00	241,368,402	7.01
1896	32,063,186.00	236,193,434	7.37
1895	32,426,007.00	249,152,259	7.71
1894	31,163,321.00	247,090,098	7.96
1892	30,064,271.00	237,084,969	7.88
1890	28,784,058.00	211,901,154	7.36
1885	23,820,691.00	171,202,340	7.19
1880	17,815,310.00	138,802,099	7.80
1870	10,536,921.00	46,230,193	4.39

The total value of city and town lots, including structures, is $270,176,562, as against $264,321,468 in 1903. Personal property taxes will be collected this year on a valuation of $144,688,062, as against $132,443,789 last year. The average rate of taxation through the state is 24.77 mills, compared with 25.32 mills last year. The highest rate of taxation this year is 36.46 mills in Mille Lacs county.

One of the features of the abstract is the increase of the poor fund in the county, city, village and township taxes. The aggregate poor fund tax levied this year is $623,345,245, as against $564,456,240 last year.

GUN SLIPS AND KILLS MAN.

Brainerd Nimrod Is Shot While Standing on Log.

Brainerd, Minn., Feb. 9. — Jesse Eastman, aged twenty-six years, was accidentally shot while hunting rabbits at Long lake, ten miles southeast of here. He was standing on a log when his gun slipped and both charges entered his body. He lived nine hours. Eastman resided here.

HEIR TO MINNESOTA IRON.

Claims of Old Man in Sweden Confirmed by Accident.

By a casual glance at a photograph, by which identity is proven, an aged man in Sweden is declared the heir of a valuable iron claim near the village of Ely. The tragic death of a young man and efforts of various persons to establish title to the claim form the basis of a strange story.

After years of investigation, in which the Swedish consul at Washington assisted and several lawyers in Sweden were engaged, identity has been established by August Lindgren of Two Harbors, who wandered into an attorney's office and cleared away the mystery of years by recognizing a photograph of the dead man.

Twenty years ago John Akanelson, one of a large family in Sweden, sought his fortune in America. He came to the pine forests of Northern Minnesota and filed on a claim near Ely, in northern St. Louis county, under the name of Gust Johnson. In the years in which he worked in the lumber camps his name was changed as often as the camps in which he worked, two of the names being Johann August and John Teamster, the latter by virtue of his duties in camp. The names became confused and letters from his home across the sea were seldom delivered.

Believing that his holdings would eventually develop into a valuable iron mine, the man worked diligently on his claim. On July 2, 1899, while crossing a lake in company with several workmen, their craft capsized and he was drowned. Proofs of death were submitted in probate court and in an effort to establish the identity of the heirs the Swedish consul at Washington was notified and accounts of the death were published in many Swedish papers. Communications from two families of practically the same name, but not related, from the same province, were received by the probate judge, who was more than startled several months later when identical photographs were forwarded by both families. Direct relationship could not be proven in either instance, and for several years the case remained in court. Such was the situation when the photograph was recognized by the playmate of his youth. Correspondence with the father developed the necessary proof and shed light on the claims of the rival family.

A. L. Bolton of St. Paul, grand secretary of Minnesota grand lodge, I. O. O. F., has received returns from 218 of the 263 local lodges which voted at the annual election, and apparently the following officers of the grand lodge have been elected: Grand master, T. W. Hugo of Duluth; grand warden, John W. Mackie, Austin; grand secretary, A. L. Bolton, St. Paul; grand treasurer, C. M. Sprague, Sauk Center; grand representative, Winn Powers, St. Paul.

The office of deputy grand master will not be filled until the grand lodge meets in June, as it requires one-third of the total vote cast to elect, and none of the five candidates received the required number. The deputy will be chosen from the three receiving the highest number of votes. They are: George W. Scherer of Mankato, George W. Meyer of Minneapolis and C. L. Kellogg of Red Wing.

In Minnesota.

State News of the Week Briefly Told.

Owen Sherry, a pioneer, died at his home in Ravenna at the advanced age of 86.

Vernon Center has decided to have a market and general bargain day the last Saturday of each month.

Albert Kison, a farmer residing about three miles east of Marine, in the town of Somerset, Wis., died of heart disease.

John W. Gottlieb of Spring Valley was granted a divorce from his wife Lillian, by the district court, because of desertion.

The village council of Aitkin has passed a by-law establishing fire limits. The ordinance covers eight blocks fronting on Fourth street.

Mrs. Burmester, wife of Henry Burmester, mayor of Wells, died of paralysis. She leaves a husband, two sons and two daughters.

There are six cases of smallpox in the village of Grand Meadow. The board at once put on a strict quarantine and it is thought the disease is under control.

The Royalton village council opened bids for $10,000 electric light bonds. The bid of Trowbridge & Niver company of Chicago was accepted, the amount being $10,371.

The large and beautiful home of L. Tomlinson, a short distance north of Hutchinson, was burned, the family losing all their clothing and many costly pieces of furniture.

Four children narrowly escaped death from suffocation in a burning house at Sauk Rapids. The children are those of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Walker. The house was a total loss.

As the result of the recent election, Mizpah is now an incorporated village, and the first officers elected are: Mayor, Claude Covey; councilmen, D. V. Francis, R. N. Hansen and W. A. Potter.

A singing society has been organized at Spring Valley and is negotiating with Prof. Woodruff of Minneapolis to act as director. It is the intention of the society to put on an oratorio.

The money changed hands at Red Lake Falls which closed the deal for the county court house. This is the first blood in the fight between Redwood Falls and Thief River Falls for the county seat.

The directors of the Farmers and Merchants' State bank of Blue Earth have applied for a charter as a state bank. The present institution was originally started by Anderson Bros. & McArthur in 1890.

The West End Teachers' association held its second regular meeting of the year at Henderson. Papers were read by Mr. Widsten and Theodore Torgeson of Halstad. Miss Emma Pringle acted as chairman.

The Blue Earth Valley Poultry association will hold its first annual exhibit in Winnebago City, Feb. 9-13. Thomas F. Riggs of Iowa Falls, Iowa, who judged the poultry at the world's fair, has been engaged as judge.

The Stillwater Water company has decided to extend mains for the supplying of spring water in the business part of the city in place of the condemned McKusick lake water. The new mains will be laid in the spring.

Fire was discovered in the First National bank at Henning recently. The bank is new and has been occupied only six weeks. The fire started in the basement and the hot water plant was destroyed. The loss was $300.

Congressman Tawney has secured an extension of rural route No. 2, running out of the Winona postoffice. It is extended some two miles beyond Wilson, the present southern terminus, and serves thirteen more families than at present.

Chief Mitchell of the Albert Lea fire department reports fifteen fires in the past year, and losses of $6,349.50, and insurance of $4,833. Six fires were in residences, one in a bank, one a meat market, one in a mill and others in various buildings.

Word comes from Allen Junction that Charlie Sucker, a prominent Chippewa Indian, is dead at the age of 73 years. He was a great leader among his people, though not a chief, and had taken many trips to Washington on treaty matters.

Porter Bros. are the successful bidders for the work of stripping 1,000,000 cubic yards of material from the Burt mine at Hibbing, and of building a new approach to the property for the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road. The contract involves $300,000.

Henry McGrath has been indicted at Roseau by the grand jury for murder in the second degree. The crime was the shooting of Oliver Matheson in a boarding car at Greenbush on the night of Jan. 1. The trial will take place at once. McGrath asserts that he shot Matheson in self-defense.

The jury in the case of the state vs. Henry McGrath at Roseau returned a verdict of not guilty. McGrath was tried on a charge of murder, he having shot and killed Oliver Matheson in a boarding car. The jury decided that he was justified in shooting, as his own life was in danger.

Rev. John E. Wood died at Detroit, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. L. E. Dix. He was in his eightieth year, and had been a resident of Detroit since 1872. He was the first pastor of the Baptist church and the first master of Mount Tabor lodge, A. F. and A. M.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1905. NUMBER 31.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

MIGHT END RULE OF EMPEROR

CZAR IS WARNED OF DANGER OF REVIVAL OF THE ZEMSKY ZABOR.

OVERTHROW THE AUTOCRACY

STRONG ARGUMENTS AGAINST CZAR'S PLAN ADVANCED BY COURT PARTY.

WIELDS AN IMMENSE POWER

BODY THAT CZAR WOULD RECREATE ELEVATED ROMANOFF DYNASTY.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 16.—In spite of Emperor Nicholas' personal inclination in favor of the zemsky zabor, as intimated to Count Leo Denovitch Tolstol, the imperial decision to summon this parliament has not yet been taken. The czar is carefully weighing arguments pro and con before committing himself to this course. This statement is made upon the authority of perhaps the most liberal of the emperor's ministers who last evening informed the Associated Press that the question remains under consideration at the Tsarskoe Selo.

"I myself have frankly urged upon his majesty," the minister said, "the view that the time has come when the people should

No Longer Be Denied

a voice in the government, and the same counsel has been given by many others, who, like me, believe that the moderate liberal element which has been drifting away can thus be rallied to the support of the government. His majesty received our views sympathetically, and, I believe, is personally inclined to adopt the course we suggest. He now is carefully deliberating upon the subject. It is no secret, however, that powerful influences about his majesty are pressing the contrary view and advancing strong arguments which cannot lightly be thrust aside, even if the decision finally is favorable. Reasons of state also exist which might make it inadvisable to summon such a body during the continuation of the war, since the government is unitedly of the opinion that

Peace Is Impossible Now.

Yet, no matter what the emperor's decision may be, the manifesto on reforms on which the committee of ministers is working will be productive of great good. The misfortune is that all the discontented classes are for the moment skeptical. They are using every weapon to embarrass the government while it is engrossed with the war. The situation is deplorable, but not critical. There may be trouble and disorders even on a comparatively large scale, though there will be no crisis unless the discontent spreads to the interior, aggravated by a general failure of the crops or an epidemic of disease. Then with famine staring the people in the face nobody can tell what will happen."

Wielded Immense Power.

It is understood that one of the arguments used by the court party against the revival of the zemsky zabor is the fact that the body in the old days wielded immense power, being itself responsible for the elevation of the Romanoff dynasty to the throne, and, therefore, it might even undertake, if again called into being, to elect a new ruler. Generally speaking, the position of the opposition to the zemsky zabor is voiced in yesterday's Moscow Gazette, the leading exponent of the absolute autocracy of Russia, in which it is prophesied that the creation of an electoral assembly will lead to a struggle between it and the emperor which inevitably will end in the overthrow of the autocracy.

Fears Bloodshed at Lodz.

Lodz, Feb. 16.—The situation here is becoming serious. Fewer men are working than yesterday. There is much suffering among the families of strikers. The director of the Coats thread mills at his own expense is daily giving dinner to the workmen's children, of whom 250 were present yesterday. The governor himself admits that the conditions are very grave. He is anxious to avoid bloodshed, but fears it will be difficult.

TWO STEAMERS CAPTURED.

Japanese Cruisers Overhaul Two of Them Loaded With Coal.

Tokio, Feb. 16.—The British steamers Apollo and Scottsman, bound for Vladivostok, were captured off Hokkaido yesterday. The Apollo was from Cardiff with coal and the Scottsman had a cargo of provisions on board which, according to her papers, was consigned to Yokosuka.

KILLED ON SCAFFOLD.

Rope Breaks and Murderer Falls, the Blow Causing Death.

Bridgeton, N. J., Feb. 16. — Frank Raisinger was hanged here yesterday for the murder of his wife. The drop fell at 10:04. The rope broke as the body rebounded and the back of Reisinger's head struck a cross beam of the scaffold and broke his neck. The physicians present said death was instantaneous. Raisinger was not officially pronounced dead until ten minutes later.

MINNESOTA LEGISLATURE.

Bill to Require Board of Control to Make Bids Public.

St. Paul, Feb. 16.—The state board of control is requested to let all contracts by public competition in a bill introduced in the house by Representative M. D. Flower. The bill requires the state board of control to give reasonable notice to parties interested, and to publish for at least fifteen days in two daily papers of general circulation notice of the time and place when the board, or any institution under its jurisdiction, will receive and open proposals for the letting of contracts.

Representative E. E. Adams introduced in the house a bill repealing all acts providing for a bounty for the arrest and conviction of horse thieves.

The encouragement of consolidated rural schools, giving instruction in the elements of agriculture and domestic science, is the object of a bill introduced in the house by Representative J. T. Maunix. The bill appropriates $10,000 for 1905 and $10,000 for 1906, to be distributed among the first ten consolidated rural schools meeting the standard prescribed by the act, no one school to receive more than $2,000 in the two years.

A memorial urging congress to enact at once laws governing interstate commerce and forbidding adulterations of food products, drugs and medicines, deleterious to health, was passed by the house without a dissenting vote.

Senator A. D. Stephens introduced in the senate the drainage bill which had been decided on at a meeting of the joint drainage committee of the senate and house on Tuesday. The bill re-establishes the county drainage system which was eliminated by the code commission.

Senator R. S. McNamee introduced a bill making it a state's prison offense for a hunter to shoot a person who is mistaken for a deer or other animal.

ROBBERS VERY BOLD.

Hold Up Doctor and His Coachman at the Front Door.

Minneapolis, Feb. 16—Three masked men last evening held up Dr. Philip Mueller and his coachman, Emil Roggartz, on the threshhold of Dr. Mueller's home. Dr. Mueller had responded to an early call in the evening, and was returning home, driven by his coachman, at about 10:30 o'clock in the evening. As the two drove up they noticed three men grouped together on the front porch, examining the lock and attempting to force an entry into the house. The doctor and his coachman jumped from the rig and hurried to the porch. They had no sooner reached it than three masked faces turned on them and three glistening revolvers were thrust under their noses. They were commanded to hold up their hands.

Dr. Mueller obeyed at once, but as Roggartz was slower he was shot through the right side between the eighth and ninth ribs. He is now in the city hospital in a critical condition. The robbers escaped in Dr. Mueller's buggy, which was standing in front of the house.

While one of the highwaymen went through the clothes of Roggatz as he lay in a pool of blood, the other two held up Dr. Mueller and secured $40, besides his watch and other valuables.

BLOWS BABY INTO HIS BED.

Stove Explosion Carries Child 20 Feet But Does Not Hurt It Much.

Des Moines, Iowa, Feb. 16.—By the explosion of a soft coal range the fourteen-months-old baby of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Dale was thrown out of a high chair in which it was sitting, and was hurled twenty feet into an adjoining room, landing squarely into a baby carriage. The mother was attending to her work in the kitchen while the child was crowing over its breakfast. When the woman rallied from the shock of the terrific explosion she ran for the child and found him in the baby carriage, where he was screaming in a high key, and his clothing covered with dust and soot. The kitchen was a wreck. When physicians announced that the child was not dangerously hurt, the mother fainted.

SIGHT SUDDENLY RESTORED.

Remarkable Case of Neenah School Student.

Appleton, Wis., Feb. 16.—The case of Miss Sadie Clark of Neenah, Wis., a high school student, who yesterday recovered her eyesight as suddenly as she lost it nearly two weeks ago, is attracting much attention here. Miss Clark had never had any eye trouble until she woke on the morning of Feb. 6, to find herself stone blind. She was on a train yesterday going to Milwaukee to undergo an operation, when her sight suddenly returned, unimpaired by the mysterious period of blindness.

Hands Blown Off.

Salmon, Idaho, Feb. 16.—John Jonavitsch was probably fatally injured while thawing a stick of dynamite, the charge exploding in his hands, tearing them off.

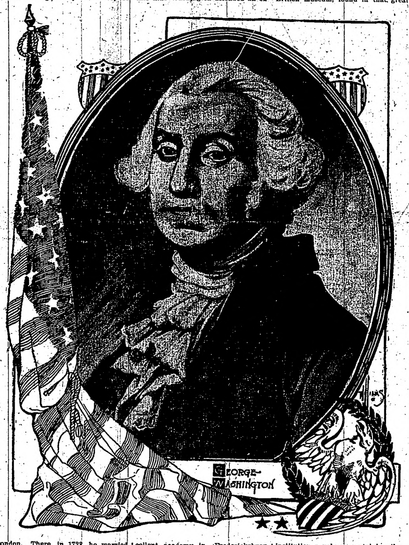
Dead From Exposure.

La Crosse, Wis., Feb. 16.—Mrs. Fred Ficher died at the Lutheran hospital as a result of exposure during the cold weather. She was found by neighbors a couple of days ago in her house paralyzed from cold and never rallied.

Business Man Hangs Himself.

Spearfish, S. D., Feb. 16. — A. G. Moorehead, a prominent business man of this city, hanged himself yesterday at his home here. Domestic cares are said to have been the cause of his act.

WASHINGTON IN YOUTH



In the year 1729 Rev. James Marye, a Huguenot refugee, and his bride landed on Virginia soil. This man was destined to fill a position of great trust and importance. He was to be the spiritual guide and adviser of Mary, the mother of Washington, and her family. After years of research it has lately been proved that it was he that gave to the young George those famous "Rules of Civility and Decent Behavior in Company and Conversation," which bore fruit in the production of that most consummate flower of American manhood, George Washington. That these "rules" played a most important part in the formation of Washington's character has been acknowledged by all of his biographers; in fact, the wisest and noblest of these "rules" are familiar in nearly every home in the country, but whence they came; whether they were the product of Washington's own brain, or whether they came from some outside and unknown source, and what this source was, has been for over a century a matter of dispute and conjecture.

This learned clergyman, Rev. James Marye, belonged to a prominent Catholic family of Rouen, France, and was educated for the priesthood in the Jesuit college of that city. In 1726 he renounced the Catholic faith, went to England and was ordained in the Church of England by the bishop of London. There, in 1728, he married Letitia Maria Anna Staige, a sister of Rev. Theodosius Staige, a famous minister in the early days of Virginia, and who was at that very time rector of a church in St. George's parish, a few miles from Fredericksburg.

On first coming to Virginia Rev. James Marye became the minister of a settlement of Huguenots at Manacan, or Manakinton, in Goochland (now Powhatan county), on the James river, above Richmond, and so excellent was his reputation that the good people of Fredericksburg desired him for a rector. Accordingly, in 1735, as shown by the early vestry book, the church wardens asked leave of Gov. Gooch, as was the colonial custom, to call Rev. James Marye to their pulpit. This request was granted, and in October of the same year he assumed charge of St. George's parish, the principal church of which was in Fredericksburg, succeeding Rev. Patrick Henry, uncle of the famous orator of that name. Thus began the long and eventful pastorate of the Marye family over this historic church, the first Rev. James Marye serving for thirty-four years, and being followed by his son, Rev. James Marye, Jr., who ministered until his death, in 1780. As was the custom of clergyman in those days, the first Rev. James Marye conducted an academy in connection with his church. It was this academy that Washington attended.

Except the tutors in families, the educational advantages in Virginia in 1745 were extremely limited. It was the custom of the wealthier families to send their sons to England to finish their studies at some of the great universities. Washington's two elder brothers received this advantage, but the death of his father made a change in the family affairs. A large property was left to them, but there was little ready money and there were several children to educate and provide for. Hence the education of Washington, to his lifelong regret, was limited. It was under the care of this Huguenot that our great statesman received his most valued instruction.

Rev. Jonathan Boucher, teacher of Mrs. George Washington's son, John Curtis, says that George Washington had for his first teacher "a convict servant whom his father had bought for a schoolmaster." This convict was most probably one of a shipload of convicts brought by Augustine Washington (George Washington's father) from England in 1737. After the death of his father (April 12, 1743), George, who was then 11 years old, was sent to live with his half-brother at the old homestead of Wakefield, in Westmoreland county, where he was born. Two years later he returned to live with his mother opposite Fredericksburg. It was then he became a pupil of Rev. James Marye.

John Fiske, in his "Old Virginia and Her Neighbors," states that at this time Washington attended an excellent academy in Fredericksburg, of which Rev. James Marye was master. Paul Leicester Ford, in his "The True George Washington," page 63, gives the following interesting account: "On the death of his father, Washington went to live with his brother Augustine, in order, it is presumed, that he might take advantage of a good school near Wakefield, kept by one Williams, but after a time he returned to his mother and attended the school kept by Rev. James Marye, in Fredericksburg. It has been universally asserted by his biographers that he studied no foreign language, but direct proof to the contrary exists in a copy of Patrick's Latin translation of Homer, printed in 1742, the flyleaf of which bears in a schoolboy hand the inscription:

"Hune mihi quaeso (bove Vir) Libellum
"Redde, si forsau tenues repertum
"Uut Seias qui sum sine fraude scriptum
"Est mihi nomen
"George Washington.

"It is thus evident that the reverend teacher gave Washington at least the first elements of Latin, but it is equally clear that the boy, like most others, forgot it with the greatest facility as soon as he ceased studying."

Among the manuscript copies of George Washington preserved in the State archives at Washington, the earliest of which bears the date of 1745, is a large manuscript book, in which in a boyish handwriting are 110 "Rules of Civility and Decent Behavior in Company and Conversation."

But these "Rules of Civility," as they are generally called, have been ascribed by the biographers to an absolutely apocrhypal source. Washington Irving, Chief Justice Marshall and Henry Cabot Lodge knew not whence they came.

One of the latest of his biographers, Henry Cabot Lodge, has the following to say: "It was reserved for the storms of war to reveal the source of the 'rules.' A little volume was found in a Virginia library." On the flyleaf, he says, was the name of George Washington, written in a boyish hand. It was entitled "Young Man's Companion." It contained general truths and precepts, which, together with Hale's "Contemplations," so he says, may have furnished the basis of the "rules." This "Young Man's Companion" was by W. Mather, written in a plain and easy style, and was printed in 1742, and seemed to contain much varied and useful information, such as lessons in arithmetic, surveying, the drawing up of legal documents, measuring land and lumber, gardening, etc.

But Mr. Lodge is in error. Moncure D. Conway has recently brought to light the true history of the "Rules of Civility." Mr. Conway, after an investigation extending through years, with the aid of Dr. Garnett, of the British museum, found in that great institution a volume containing these self-same rules, written in French. One edition of this volume was printed in Rouen, and was among the textbooks studied by young James Marye when attending the Jesuit college of that city. This proves conclusively that it was he who translated these rules to his pupils in Fredericksburg, since he was the only man there who understood the French tongue, his native speech. The variations in the manuscript left by Washington are exactly such as a young boy would make in following the oral instruction of his teacher.

With these revelations it would seem that the dispute of historians and biographers over the history of these famous "rules" has at length been settled.

Relics Worth Much Money.

Relics of Lord Nelson are worth a small fortune. An enameled gold telescope, once in the possession of the great admiral, was sold recently for £40; the wine flagon of Admiral Brueys, taken by Nelson, fetched 50 guineas; but a letter written by the gallant hero to Lady Hamilton just before he died realized the huge sum of £1,030.

For Mutual Admiration.

"In general, we only praise heartily those who admire us." Just what was said the other day about the mutual admiration society of literary folk who write "Appreciations" of other literary folk. Moral: If you want Jones to give you a good word behind your back, give him a good word when he is standing just behind you."

TO INVESTIGATE STANDARD OIL

RESOLUTION DIRECTING INQUIRY PASSES THE HOUSE UNANIMOUSLY.

LOOK INTO KANSAS BOYCOTT

INFORMATION WILL BE USED AS BASIS FOR LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

APPEAL TO THE PRESIDENT.

KANSAS OIL PRODUCERS CALL ON ROOSEVELT FOR HELP AGAINST TRUST.

Washington, Feb. 16. — Without a dissenting vote the house yesterday passed a resolution requesting the investigation of the Standard Oil company, the investigation to be especially directed toward the boycott placed on the Kansas fields by Standard Oil.

The resolution was introduced by Representative Campbell, who had a conference with Commissioner of Corporations Garfield. Because of this conference it is believed that Mr. Campbell put in the resolution at the instance of Commissioner Garfield.

Suit Is Forecasted.

The secretary of commerce and labor is requested to furnish the result of his investigation to congress "to the end that such information may be used by congress as a basis for legislation or by the department of justice as a basis for legal proceedings."

Representative Campbell has an appointment with the president for today. At this conference Commissioner Garfield will be present, and perhaps Attorney General Moody. Mr. Campbell will try to convince the president that the Standard Oil company has furnished the basis for criminal prosecution in its boycott on the Kansas fields.

"I am convinced that the Standard Oil company," said Mr. Campbell, "has furnished the government with a case in which it can be criminally prosecuted. In addition to the boycott on the Kansas oil fields, I am sure the Standard Oil company can be shown to have violated the Sherman law. The oil from the Kansas fields is taken over to Kansas City, Mo., into another state, to the refineries. This makes the transaction interstate commerce."

Appeal to the President.

The Kansas Oil Producers' association yesterday sent a telegram to the president reciting the conditions in that state, and appealing for help in the undertaking of the legislature of the state to protect the oil industry of the state from the oppression of the Standard Oil trust. The appeal continues:

"Because the legislature presumes to exercise a natural function of government by legislation for the welfare and protection of industries within the borders of the state against the oppression of all monopolies; and because the legislature proposes to try the experiment of a public oil refinery as a means of preserving and making profitable the oil industry, the general manager of the Standard Oil company has declared a boycott upon Kansas oil and one of his subordinates has insulted our people by expressing in the public prints a groundless fear that they will destroy the company's property."

STATE TO FIGHT OIL TRUST.

Bill for Refinery Passed by Kansas Lower House.

Topeka, Kan., Feb. 16.—A bill providing for the establishment of a state oil refinery was passed by the Kansas house of representatives yesterday. Under its provisions a refinery will be erected at Peru, Kan. Another penitentiary will be built there to provide convict labor for the refinery. An appropriation of $401,000 is made for building and maintaining the refinery and penitentiary.

GREAT BATTLE OF WAR BEGUN.

Japs Begin Heavy Cannonade on Russ Flank.

Mukden, Feb. 16.—The Japanese began a heavy cannonade Tuesday afternoon on the Russian right flank. The firing continued all through yesterday. It is thought the Japanese are preparing for a general attack. The Russian guns are replying.

St. Petersburg Cheerful.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 16.—The departure of Admiral Neagatoff's division of four battleships, one cruiser and two auxiliary cruisers from Libau yesterday to join the force of Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron in the Far East is a source of gratification to the admiralty.

HITCHCOCK ACQUITS BIXBY.

He Reports No Irregularity Found on Dawes Commission.

Washington, Feb. 16. — Secretary Hitchcock yesterday informed the house, in response to its inquiry, that no member or employe of the Dawes Indian commission had refused to take the oath required by law or had any financial interest in matters over which the commission had jurisdiction except a Delaware Indian interpreter, Edward Young, who was employed for two days.

Recommended by Prominent Physicians and Chemists

Calumet Baking Powder

Perfect in Quality
Economical in Use
Moderate in Price

Worse Yet.

In his despair at her refusal the enamored youth beats his breast violently. Immediately he presses his hand to his bosom and cries: "It is broken."

"No, no," shyly murmurs the relenting maiden. "Do not say that."

"But it is broken," he wails again.

"Oh, surely, it is not so serious as all that. Your heart—"

"My heart, girl, my heart? I smashed my new fountain pen just then."

So Did the Others.

Mr. Wiseum—Why, what's happened to you, my dear?

Mrs. Wiseum—Oh, I tried to do my Christmas shopping early to avoid the crush.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Society.

Put on all your dude clothes,
Bow and scrape and smirk;
Knock your friends who aren't there;
Sneer at those who work.
Tell a risque story,
Loaf and flirt and yawn,
Your host as glad to have you go,
As you are to be gone.

His Son an Air.

Prof. "Billy" Strunk, of the Cornell English department, is a fond papa, also a desperate punster. His favorite form of exercise is trundling a baby carriage along the campus walks. One day while he was so employed a friend hailed him with the query: "Giving your son an airing, Billy?" "No," replied the professor, with dignity, "I'm giving my heir a sunning."

Well Supplied.

"Now, Mr. Peck," said the lawyer, after having drawn up that gentleman's last will and testament, "do you think it will be wise to have the same service performed for Mrs. Peck? I believe she is possessed of considerable property in her own name, and—"

"Never mind her," said Mr. Henry Peck, "she always has had a will of her own."

IT'S THE TERROR OF ALL WOMEN.

Backache Quickly Cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills. Mrs. W. H. Ambrose tells how her pains vanished never to return when she used the Great American Kidney Remedy.

Dover, Ky., Feb. 13th.—(Special)—So long has Backache been the terror of the women of America that the numerous reports of the complete and permanent cures of this ailment now being made by Dodd's Kidney Pills are causing wide satisfaction and not the least remarkable of these cures is that of Mrs. W. H. Ambrose of this place. Mrs. Ambrose says:

"I had such pains in my back at times I could hardly move and other symptoms showed that my kidneys were affected. One box of Dodd's Kidney Pills drove away all the pains and I have never been troubled since."

Backache is the kidney's first notice that they are out of order and need help. If they get that help in the form of Dodd's Kidney Pills all will be well. If they are neglected the disease may develop into Diabetes, Bright's Disease or Rheumatism.

A man may be able to conceal his middle name while he lives, but it is reasonably sure to crop out on his tombstone.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Picking flaws in the church will not patch your own conscience.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

2nd STORE

(SECOND HAND STORE.)

Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.

C. A. SKEIE.

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

GET YOUR PICTURE
TAKEN BY
D. COLLINS
THE
Photograper.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

FREE!

Fountain Pen

14-Kt. Solid Gold

TO NEW

Pioneer Press Subscribers.

Jewelers Sell It for $1.50.

This is a rich quality hard rubber, highly polished Fountain Pen; screw section, and fitted with an improved Feeding Device, allowing the ink to flow easily without blotting. The gold-nibbed pen is 14-Kt. fine, iridium pointed. The complete Fountain Pen is Fully Guaranteed by the manufacturers and will be exchanged by them if not entirely satisfactory. Each box contains a single pen and a guarantee. If the pen is not absolutely perfect, send it back to the factory and get one that is. It will not cost you a cent.

The Pioneer Press—
St. Paul, Minn.—
Gentlemen: Send to me, absolutely free and postpaid, a guaranteed solid gold-nibbed Fountain Pen. Enclosed herewith find $1.50 in advance for subscription to the Daily and Sunday or Weekly Pioneer Press.

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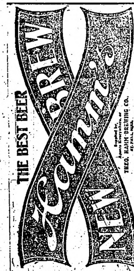
State ....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Supplied by Agents Everywhere, or THEO. HAMM BREWING CO. ST. PAUL, MINN.

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Feb. 18. 1905.

The editors of the state are at St. Paul this week and will look over the new capitol and see how the legislators are putting in their time.

Someone has discovered gold in the sand hills near Fertile. If they plant the ground to potatoes and beans next spring they may find it in paying quantities in the fall.

Red Lake Falls will start the petition of remonstrance today and then the lawyers will take hold of the case and see what they can do with it. After that—but let us not anticipate—there may be nothing left.

The board of county commissioners of Aitkin county have appointed a chaplain who will open each session of the board with prayer. Now that we have a county seat fight on it would be an excellent plan to follow in this county, providing, of course, that Henry W. Lee don't object.

The legislature is still dry-nursing the revised code, trying to decide whether to give it Mellin's food or arsenic. Some people look upon this delay as a disadvantage to the state, and perhaps it is. Perhaps we should have a revised code right away, and have it bound in half calf or all morocco, but let us be patient with the legislature and let us specially keep in mind that while the members are revising the revised code they are not doing everything else.—Minneapolis Journal.

Talk your home town "up." That's the direction you want it to go—not down. If you'll only look around you'll find plenty of things about your town that are worth telling people about. Tell of its advantages, natural or acquired, of its schools, its business men, its financial institutions, its newspapers, its people in general. A good word now and then may some day bear fruit that will surprise you and make your town still better. Boost to-day, to-morrow, every day.—Ex.

Who can point out the cause of the financial depression? Gould says it is the hostility to corporations; the farmer says it is the low price of wheat; the silver men say it is the action of Wall street; Wall street says it is the action of the silver men; the manufacturer says it is the actual fear of free trade; the consumer says it is the tariff; the capitalist says it is the exorbitant demands of labor; the debtor says it is the creditor; the democrat says it is the republican; the republican says it is the democrat; the pop says it is both; somebody says it is discontent created by the populist and the alliance; prohibitionist says it is whiskey; and the preacher says it is the devil.—Ex.

Including yesterday's session, 292 bills have been presented for the consideration of the legislature, of which only three or four have been passed or killed. The mass of work that awaits the completion of the revised code seems appalling at first sight, but when the record is compared with former sessions it does not seem remarkable. At the 1903 session there were 1,476 bills introduced, and some idea as to the fate of the 292 now on hand may be gathered from the fact that the 1903 legislature enacted just 412 bills into law, or 28 per cent of those introduced. When the committee mills begin to grind the freak bills and the multitude of overlapping ideas will soon disappear.—Roseau Region.

Long and Short Letters.

Sherwin Cody in his "Training Course In Correct English, Business Correspondence and Advertisement Writing" lays down some rules as to the length of business letters. He says:

"Write a long letter to—

"A farmer.

"A woman.

"A customer who has asked you a question.

"A customer who is angry and needs quieting down and will be made only more angry if you seem to slight him.

"A man who is interested, but must be convinced before he will buy your goods.

"Write a short letter to—

"A busy business man.

"An indifferent man on whom you want to make a sharp impression.

"A person who has written you about a trivial matter for which he cares little.

"A man who wants only a record or a piece of information.

"A person who needs only the slightest reminder of something he has forgotten or overlooked."

Flattery and Flatterers.

"We sometimes fancy we hate flattery, when in truth it is the manner of it we dislike," said La Rochefoucauld. Stripped of its cynicism, the saying comes to this—that while praise is eternally pleasant there are fashions in flattery, and those fashions change very completely. Flattery is innocent or despicable, not according to whether or not it oversteps the limits of the accurate, but whether or not it proceeds from an interested or a disinterested motive.

There are moments when a true statement of honorific fact made for the selfish purpose of the speaker may be gross flattery, while an exaggerated speech may be justified by its good intention. The real question is not what was said, but why it was said. That is the only test by which we can divide the contemptible from the harmless kind. Surely there is less of the worse sort than there was, or do we but flatter ourselves?—London Spectator.

Our Congress.

When comparisons are made between America and continental Europe we can find much of which to be proud. Our growth, our wealth, our industries, our resources, our energy, all make flattering comparison with average European conditions. But I believe in making such comparisons there is no one thing of which we have the right to be more proud than of the congress of the United States. Better than any continental parliament, it represents the people. The one legislative body of the world that is in any way comparable to ours is the parliament of Great Britain. In character, intellect, methods, dignity and in the truthfulness with which each represents the people the British parliament and the United States congress stand in a class quite apart and above any of the parliaments of continental Europe.—Frank A. Vanderlip in Scribner's.

Half a Face Missing.

"It is not an uncommon thing," says a man who has hunted in central Africa, "to meet a native with half of his face missing, and when you ask him how it happened he will tell you that a hyena snapped at him while he was asleep. It is marvelous how they recover from such wounds, as the teeth of the animal must be poisonous, and the natives have no antiseptics and a very crude way of treating wounds. When a 'fisi,' as the natives call it, comes round the camp howling, the 'boys' shout all sorts of vile names at it. But very often the animal makes no noise whatever, and not till next morning is the loss of something discovered."

Superstitious Parnell.

Miss Charlotte McCarthy, daughter of Justin McCarthy, told a curious story of Charles Stewart Parnell. "One evening," says she, "Parnell was talking to me at the coffee stage of dinner, and I, gazing at him with rapture, was vaguely stirring mine and going to drink it when he said: 'You must not drink that. You have stirred it the wrong way, and it would be unlucky. Get another cup.' What struck me as strange in this was not his being superstitious—every one who knew him at all knew that—but his extraordinary power of observation."

The Woman of Kentucky.

The Kentucky woman is simply the Venus of Milo in warm healthy flesh, with grace in all her motions and when in love heaven in her eye. She has the American capacity to adapt herself to fresh conditions. Her nerves have not been set on an edge by Atlantic east winds, and she has a broad and sympathetic nature.—London Truth.

In Spite of the Song.

"Are you fond of music?" asked a stranger of the young man at the concert, who was applauding vigorously after a pretty girl had sung a song in a very painful way.

"Not particularly," replied the young man frankly, "but I am extremely fond of the musician."

A Great Composer.

Ethel—Who was that man you just bowed to? Penelope—That was Dobson, the great composer. Ethel—A composer, did you say? Penelope—He manufactures soothing sirup.

Friends and Foes.

Dear to me is the friend, yet can I make even my very foe do me a friend's part. My friend shows me what I can do; my foe teaches me what I should do.—Schiller.

To act with common sense according to the moment is the best wisdom I know.—Walpole.

John W. Forseen

SHOE
Repairing

Second door North of Postoffice.

St. Hilaire, Minn.

ANNUAL STATEMENT

— of the —

BRAY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Statement of the Condition of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, at Close of Business, December 31st, 1904.

INCOME DURING YEAR 1904:—

Balance cash on hand and in bank Dec. 31 of previous year		$ 183 94
Cash received as first payments of policies issued during the year	$ 368 67	
Cash received from assessments levied during the year	409 04	
Total amount of cash received during the year	777 71	777 71
Total cash, including balance on hand from previous year		$ 961 65

DISBURSEMENTS DURING YEAR 1904:—

Paid losses incurred during the year	$ 411 00	
Paid commissions to agents	77 50	
Paid Directors	10 00	
Paid salaries to Officers—President, Secretary and Treasurer	105 82	
Insurance department fees	2 00	
All other disbursements	22 50	
Total amount of disbursements during the year	628 82	628 82
Balance cash on hand at end of year		332 83
Total assets of the company including balance cash on hand Dec. 31, 1904		$ 961 65

POLICY EXHIBIT:

	Number Fire Policies.	Amount
Policies in force Dec. 31 of previous year	198	$ 259,624 00
Policies issued during the year	96	122,415 00
Total	294	382,039 00
Deduct policies expired during the year	53	62,185 00
Policies and amount in force at end of year, Dec. 31, 1904	241	319,851 00
Loss claims presented during the year	2	$ 411 00
Losses paid in full as adjusted	2	$ 411 00

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Red Lake, }

Nels K. Anderson, President, and C. P. Swanson, Secretary, of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company, being duly sworn, each for himself deposes and says that they are the above described officers of the said Company, and that on the thirty-first day of December last all of the above described Assets were the absolute property of the said Company, free and clear from any liens or claims thereon, and that the foregoing statement is a full and correct exhibit of all the Assets, Income, and Disbursements, and of the condition and affairs of the said Company on the said thirty-first day of December last, and for the year ending on that day, according to the best of their information, knowledge and belief, respectively.

NELS K. ANDERSON.
C. P. SWANSON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of January, 1905.

O. F. POST,
Notary Public, Red Lake Co., Minn.

Blucher and His Pipe.

Cromwell's Ironsides were smokers, and large numbers of pipes have been dug up from the sites of William III.'s camps. The wars of the eighteenth century found tobacco esteemed in all armies, and Wellington was the only general who objected to it. Even he was moved to admiration by the unconscious heroism of Blucher's pipe servant at Waterloo. Everywhere he went Blucher was attended by Christian Henneman, a hussar, carrying clay pipes and tobacco for the general's refreshment. As his share of the fight began at Waterloo, Blucher sat his charger gravely puffing away. He had reached out his hand to take a refilled pipe when a cannon ball plowed up the ground before him. He exclaimed: "Get a fresh pipe for me! I'm going to drive those rascally Frenchmen back!" It was evening before he returned, riding with Wellington over the stricken field. Where he had left him Blucher found Henneman, wounded and bleeding, but with the pipe ready according to orders. "You have been admiring my highlanders," said Wellington, "but what shall I say of this brave man?" "Well, your highlanders had no tobacco to inspire them," replied Blucher.—London Standard.

Her Smuggled Necklace.

Women who are the soul of rectitude in all other things will not hesitate to evade the law when it comes to smuggling. For some reason or other they do not consider smuggling dishonest, but rather as an exciting sort of game to play. Every woman who goes to Europe spends hours of her preparation to return in devising means of bringing things in without paying duty.

Men are much more honest about the things they bring in, and not long ago I heard of a case in which a man humored this smuggling tendency in his daughter, but took good care that she should not be discovered evading the law.

His daughter had purchased a valuable diamond necklace in London and announced her determination to bring it in without paying one penny of duty. There was no reason in the world why she should have chosen to do this, as her father was a very rich man and could have paid the duty without noting its absence from his bank account. But she wanted the excitement, and her father agreed to let her have her own way. She brought the necklace in in a small bag, which her father asked her to let him hold for a moment or two, and it was not for nearly a year that she found out her father had declared the ornament and paid the duty on it. At any rate, she had had her amusement.—New York Post.

Young Roscius.

One of the strangest figures of the British stage was Young Roscius. His other name was William Henry West Betty. He lived until Aug. 24, 1874, although he had made his last stage appearance on Aug. 9, 1824, at the age of thirty-two. Theatrical history has no parallel to his childhood. It was this little Irish boy who after seeing Mrs. Siddons had declared that he must die if he did not become an actor. He took Belfast by storm in 1803, when not quite twelve, and nearly stifled scores of Londoners on Dec. 1, 1804. Foot guards and officers were overpowered by the crowd, and gentlemen charged through the boxes and jumped by twenties into the "pit" for places. Master Betty brought $80,050 to Drury Lane in twenty-eight nights. William Pitt adjourned the house of commons to let members see him as Hamlet, and his boom lasted until 1808. His adult return to the stage was brief and a failure.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.

Graduate of Copenhagen University.

Department for Diseases of the Eye

CROOKSTON, MINN.

A Compromise.

In the nursery the letter of the law occasionally leaves something to be desired, according to the London Chronicle. A very little lady had been told that it was rude to contradict. She schooled herself not to contradict with great conscientiousness, but one day a half jesting accusation made against her by some unsuspecting member of the grownup part of the house nearly made her fall from a state of grace. Luckily her imagination supplied her with a compromise. In a voice trembling with tears and passion she gasped out, "I—I really think you are mistaken—you—you beast!"

Lack of Order.

It is astonishing how all of us are generally cumbered up with the thousand and one hindrances and duties which are not such but which nevertheless wind us about with their spider threads and fetter the movement of our wings. It is the lack of order which makes us slaves. The confusion of today discounts the freedom of tomorrow.

When He Might Call.

"I should like to know when you are going to pay that bill. I can't come here every day in the week."

"What day would suit you best?"

"Saturday."

"Very well, then, you can call every Saturday."—Petit Parisien.

The Pleasant Smile.

It is a grand gift to be able to smile as the pleasant man or woman smiles It is not the stereotyped "duty smile" of society; it is not the patronizing smile of careless tolerance nor the painful smile of bored politeness.

The Last Recourse.

"No work," said the man gloomily, "and not a thing in the house to eat. What shall we do?"

"There is nothing for us to do," replied his wife, "but to take in boarders."—Philadelphia Ledger.

The brightest blaze of intelligence is of incalculably less value than the smallest spark of charity.—Nevins.

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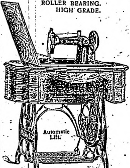
St. Hilaire, Minnesota....



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Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.

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"Cold hands, warm heart," but cold feet shows lack of sense. Good sense is shown by using a carriage heater. Sold by Otterness & Edstrom.

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We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

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H. E. IVES, President.
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Great Northern Time Table.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at St. Hilaire.

ARRIVE		DEPART
9:18 am	ST. HILAIRE	9:18 am
10:40 am		10:40 am
3:50 pm		3:50 pm
5:10 pm		5:10 pm
9:15 am	THIEF RIV. FALLS	10:15 am
4:15 pm		4:45 pm
11:15 pm	RED LAKE FALLS	3:15 pm

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

T. J. Thorkelson	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
D. Patterson	Councilmen
N. G. Otterness	Councilmen
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Ferrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 117.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

A. F. Blomburgh, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

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FRUITS,
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TOBACCOS
.....TOYS
Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

How many wives did Hoch have?

Hoch and Koch—both have troubles of their own.

Miss Eva Johnson entertained the Whist Club last evening.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

A. M. Childs, of Crookston, was a business visitor here Tuesday.

F. L. Murphey visited with friends at Thief River Falls last Monday.

The towns on the Soo line will have mail service on and after March 6th.

For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Ed. Peterson will ship a car load of ice to Wylie today for H. A. Johnson.

The dance at the St. Hilaire hotel last Saturday evening was well attended.

Easter Sunday falls on April 23rd—the latest date since 1886—a rare occurrence.

Louis Hanson, the Thief River Falls miller, was a business visitor here last Tuesday.

Plummer is now incorporated and the election of officers will be held March 14th.

County Commissioner Ole J. Johnson, of Plummer, was here on business last Tuesday.

Last Tuesday was St. Valentine day and quite a few of the comic kind were in circulation.

Fred Harris, the Crookston cigar manufacturer, was here Thursday taking orders.

Adolph Brouillard left Thursday to visit his family in Crookston for a couple of weeks.

Dr. J. E. Argue, the Red Lake Falls dentist, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on March 3 and 4.

Mrs. J. B. O'Brien is expected home today from an extended visit with her mother at St. Paul.

H. E. Ives left Wednesday to take in the Minnesota Editorial Association annual meeting at St. Paul.

Chas. Bengtson arrived yesterday from the Blackduck country, being summoned by the death of his mother.

Al Edstrom came in from Hazel Saturday and spent Sunday here. He reports business good at the new store.

A bill was introduced in the North Dakota legislature last week prohibiting the use of dogs in chicken shooting.

A sad accident occurred at Roseau a week ago Tuesday whereby two children of Ed. Olsen were burned to death.

B. B. Penner left Thursday with his last load of furniture and household goods for his homestead in Roseau county.

The tail end of a chinook wind reached here Thursday and aided materially in cleaning the walks of snow and ice.

Knute Bjerkness left Thursday for the country north of Winnibagoshish where he expects to file on a government claim.

Messrs. Packard, Dobner, Erickson and Wilson were down from Thief River Falls last Saturday talking county seat removal.

If you want to make a quick sale of your land give Nels G. Otterness, the land man, absolute control of it and he will advertise it until sold.

A. F. Lang is up in Roseau county this week looking over the township that will come into market March 15th, with a view of filing on 160 acres.

The millwrights and assistants working in the saw mill this winter have taken a lay-off and what little repairing is to be done will be finished the first part of April.

The Thief River Falls News is all that its name applies and the last week's issue was a hummer. Brother Eastman is certainly keeping pace with his town and that's going some.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lanctot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

O. M. Hustad, a lumberman from Warren, was just ready to turn over $507 good money for $5,000 of "real money" in New York the other day. The police stopped the transfer and the green goods man went off looking for another sucker.

Andrew Letvig, the well digger, is at Plummer putting down an artesian well for our former townsman, Julius Pleth.

Geo. Ossman, the hide buyer, that used to travel the northwest before the event of railways, was here the first of the week.

Mrs. J. Bengtson, an aged lady, died at her home on Minnesota avenue Monday. Funeral took place yesterday afternoon.

The Chicago Herald says Congress appears to be merely a way station between the state of Washington and the penitentiary.

A number of people from here contemplate filing on government land in Roseau county that will come in market March 15th.

Nels G. Otterness left Wednesday for St. Paul and other points south where he has made arrangements to meet land purchasers.

Crookston feels jubilant over her dream to be realized in getting both freight and passenger division headquarters of the Great Northern.

T. J. Thorkelson returned on Tuesday from Minneapolis. Mr. Thorkelson informs us that he expects to move to southern California about the middle of April.

A party was up from Red Lake Falls this week looking over the Peterson & Lang building with a view of starting a billiard and pool hall, or perhaps a saloon. Lots of room for both.

Chief Engineer Hankinson on the Soo line is experiencing considerable trouble in locating a line from Thief River Falls west to Warren. It's a case of the highlands being the lowest.

Peter Lindblom, the bonanza farmer of Red Lake county, finished hauling lumber for a large 30x70 barn which he will build after seeding. He will use forty loads of stone for its foundation.

As I have decided to leave St. Hilaire in the near future, I will offer my household goods at private sale or public auction, the auction to take place on Feb. 27, 1905.

T. J. THORKELSON.

John B. LaBree, one of the pioneers of this section, died at Crookston Monday. Mr. LaBree was one of the early settlers in Red Lake county, having proved up on a homestead which is now the business section of Thief River Falls.

About fifty farmers in the immediate vicinity of Crookston have opened up a co-operative butcher shop in that city for the sale of their own produce. In this way they hope to escape the clutches of the beef trust. If it proves successful the example will be followed by other farmers in other towns.

While moving a house to the reservation a week or two ago the gas lamp on north Water street became entangled and put out of commission. It remains the same to this writing—to the detriment or benefit of the residents—the authorities don't seem to care—or perhaps its a case of "large bodies move slowly."

Of all the American institutions none has experienced a more rapid growth than the newspaper. When Benjamin Franklin was about to start his paper at Philadelphia friends tried to dissuade him on the grounds that there already was a newspaper published at Boston and predicted that the country would not support two papers.

Italians are to be employed as section hands on this branch of the Great Northern in the future. They are to receive 13 cents per hour, while other labor will only be paid 12½ cents per hour. The reason for the discrimination is explained by Roadmaster Regan, who says that the Italians will contract to work the whole year at this price, while others will not do this. At present the Great Northern has about 500 Italians working in North Dakota as section hands and is importing a number more.

I have some nice "Early Six Weeks" potatoes which will be sold at $1.00 per bushel as long as they last. These are ready for market from ten to twelve days earlier than any other variety. Leave orders at Otterness & Edstrom's or call at Julius M. Jahn's "Oakland Stock Farm," 1½ miles southwest of St. Hilaire. f25

REVIVAL MEETINGS!

REV. JAMES CONNOLLY, the Evangelist, who has been conducting revival meetings at Thief River Falls, will start a series of meetings here commencing Sunday evening, February 19th, at 7:30 p. m. Meetings will be held at the same hour each evening during all of next week. Rev. Connolly is reputed to be a speaker of ability and many will undoubtedly take pleasure in hearing him.

Band Social.

Everybody and his wife attended the band social at the Hotel Markham last Saturday night and they took all of their children along. It was about the livliest, noisiest crowd seen here for some time, all evidently coming for a good time. Supper was served in the dining room and the boys succeeded in getting in nearly forty dollars, which will go towards buying new instruments. The band played several selections and very agreeably disappointed the crowd.

The Boys' Band was organized last November, securing the instruments owned by the village and starting under the instructions of Joel G. Winkjer. The average age of the members is about fifteen years and they have had only three months' practice. They were without a leader Saturday night but still did much better work than it was expected they could under the circumstances.

Prof. Onstad, the leader of the Red Lake Falls Band, has been secured as instructor and made the first of his weekly trips here last Tuesday. He informs us that the boys have undoubted musical ability and with hard work he expects good results.

Several new members will be added as soon as the new instruments arrive. The following is the personnel of the band and the instruments they play:

Arthur Hall	Tuba
Christ Sandmoen	Tuba
Victor Brink	Bass
Ole Lund	Baritone
Neil Dahl	Trombone
Jalmer Guttormson	Trombone
Wm. Lindahl	Tenor
Iner Benson	Tenor
Hugh Shannon	Alto
Robert Jackson	Alto
Alton Jackson	Alto
Mauritz Brink	Cornet
Eddie Whaley	Cornet
Albin Hellberg	Cornat
John Roland	Cornet
Carl Lund	Cornet
N. C. Skeie	Clarionet
Elmer Burkee	Clarionet
Albert Hall	Clarionet
Eddie Dahl	Clarionet
Theo. Winkjer	Clarionet
Clair Jones	Piccolo
Geo. Hall	Snare Drum
Chas. Sandmoen	Bass Drum

Another Newspaper Change.

Crookston Journal: The many friends of Frank Packard, who lately went into the newspaper business in Thief River Falls in the Press office and then bought out the Review at the same place, will be somewhat surprised that he disposed of all his interests at that place yesterday to the McDonald Brothers of whom he bought the Review. Mr. Packard found the newspaper business the best in the up-river town and would have remained had he not received the handsome offer that he did from the former owners.

Mr. Packard has an opening in this city that he expects to enter into in the near future, but no deal has as yet been closed. He expresses himself as being very much pleased to return to the city where his family now resides. Whatever may be the business that he expects to enter into he will undoubtedly make a success of the same if hustling is any qualification.

Dairy Meeting.

Farmers' dairy meeting will be held in St. Hilaire March 4th. Prominent speakers have been secured and the following subjects will be discussed:

Selection of seed grain.

Stock breeding.

Care and feed rations for the dairy cow. Dairying.

Crop rotation—to clear the soil of wild oats and weeds.

Agricultural education and centralization of rural schools.

Farmers should turn out at this meeting as it is for their benefit. Ask any question pertaining to farming and it will be answered free. Tell your neighbors about it—remember the date and be here March 4. Morning and afternoon session.

To Save the Western Forest.

Wireless telegraphy is to be employed to aid in saving the forests of the west. At regular intervals throughout the Rocky mountains in the forest regions where fires frequently occur, stations are to be established where observers will give notice of any fire and call help to assist in extinguishing it. If we could put a man in every home in America as an expert observer we wager that every home would be found to need a case of golden grain belt beer. This perfect tonic is so necessary to our lives as we live them today, in a hurry, that it is the poorest economy to get along without it. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Horse Crosses Soo Bridge.

Thief River Press: Yesterday afternoon the horse belonging to J. J. Crowe hitched to a sleigh succeeded in breaking away and ran at high speed across the Soo bridge. A number of spectators watched the event with interest expecting to see the horse go through and at least break a leg. When about the center of the bridge, the horse stumbled, breaking loose from the cutter which caused the latter to tumble over the side of the bridge and down onto the ice below. Aside from a few scratches the horse escaped unhurt but the sleigh was badly damaged.

Public Sale.

At the farm of Ira R. Carpenter on the NE¼ of section 20, town of River Falls, four miles southeast of here on Saturday, March 4th, 1905. A lot of horses, cattle and farm machinery will be sold and a free lunch served at noon. Watch hand bills for further particulars.

The Oliver Typewriter received the Gold Medal at the World's Fair, St. Louis. Send for handsomely illustrated art catalog which tells why.

The Oliver Typewriter Co.,
332, Hennepin Ave.,
tf Minneapolis, Minn.

Hazel Happenings.

Iver Rolstad is laid up with a sore hand.

Mrs. Tolof Erickson died Wednesday evening after a severe illness.

Mrs. M. F. Parks boarded the train here Monday for Thief River Falls.

James Kenney, the elevator man, took in fourteen loads of wheat and two loads of flax Saturday.

Otterness & Edstrom have received a sample lot of boys' and youths' clothing which they sell at one-half price.

Quite a number of young people from here attended the dance at Chas. Carlson's place on the reservation Saturday evening.

The Prairie Elevator Co. received a sample of Canada wheat Wednesday. A car load will be shipped here this spring and sold to farmers for seed.

Considerable excitement was caused here on Monday when it was reported that a black rabbit could be seen engaged in securing its daily food of poplar bark in a grove just north of the section house. Plans were at once laid and preparations put into execution to secure this most valuable freak. Tom Bartlett, who has the reputation of being an expert with a gun, shouldered his weapon and marched boldly forward, determined that said rabbit should be his prize. When sighted, Tom let go with both barrels at once, then ran forward, and picked up what proved to be only a piece of tar paper which the wind had lodged against a a tree and did somewhat resemble a black rabbit.

Population Increased.

Red Lake county has gained a considerable in population during the past year according to the reports of various officers on the number of births and deaths. The following is the list by towns:

	Births	Deaths
Red Lake Falls city	41	8
Thief River Falls	69	19
St. Hilaire	19	13
Black River	4	0
Bray	4	2
Emardville	12	3
Equality	19	4
Garnes	3	1
Gervais	7	0
Lake Pleasant	7	4
Lambert	12	1
Louisville	11	3
Norden	11	6
North	10	3
Numedal	6	2
Polk Centre	8	0
Poplar River	12	2
Red Lake Falls twp	0	0
River Falls	12	4
Rocksbury	9	5
Sanders	2	3
Terrebonne	27	9
Wyandotte	5	0

The totals are 321 births and 92 deaths, a good showing for a county of our size.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

W. A. Arthur, landlord of the Hotel Markham, was transacting business at Thief River Falls Thursday.

Do not try to doctor the horses into working condition, but feed, shelter and groom them into condition.

In fixing up the farm machinery for the spring's work don't forget that the horses need to be put in condition, too.

WANTED—Trustworthy man or woman to manage business in this county and adjoining territory for well established house of solid financial standing. $20 straight cash salary with all necessary expenses paid weekly by check from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Position permanent; previous experience not essential. No investment required. We furnish everything. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Address, Manager, 810 Como Block, Chicago, Ill. m6

Order for Hearing on Claims, Etc.

State of Minnesota. County of Red Lake—SS.
In Probate Court,
Special Term, February 14, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Charles Gustaf Rapp, deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of Charles Gustaf Rapp, deceased, late of the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, being granted to Oscar F. Post;

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 15th day of May, 1905, at one o'clock p. m. at a special term of said probate court, to be held at the Probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 14th day of February, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
[Seal] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.
(f18-4t-mch11)

WHEAT

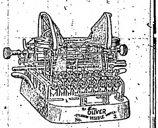
With the new year there promises to be some sensa- [illegible]

EDWARDS-WOOD CO.
(Incorporated)
DEALERS IN
STOCK, GRAIN, PROVISIONS
Branch Office:
BOWLING ALLEY BUILDING
F. L. MURPHY, Manager.

DON'T LOSE YOUR HEAD
because your Shoes have worn out sooner than they should. There's no use crying over spilled milk. Keep cool and don't be caught again. Come where others with a similar experience have ended their....
SHOE TROUBLES
That's right here. Our shoes will wear longer, fit better, look nicer, and cost less than any you ever wore before.... That's straight.
RAPP & POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

IF You want to sell your Farm, List it with
Nels G. Otterness
THE LAND MAN, - ST. HILAIRE,
...and he will find you a Buyer.
Will buy Wild and Improved Lands for cash if prices are right.

This is a Poor Time
to have your property insured in
Cheap Fire Insurance Companies..
I represent twelve of the best companies doing business in the United States. They never fail to pay all losses promptly
REMEMBER THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST
H. E. IVES - - ST. HILAIRE, MINN.



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Investigate the merits of the
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THE STANDARD VISIBLE WRITER.
Send for a handsomely illustrated art Catalogue, free for the asking.
The Oliver Typewriter Co.
332 Hennepin Ave. Minneapolis, Minn.

Billiard and Sample Room
WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
Wines and Liquors
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
CIGARS.
BEER.
MINNEAPOLIS AND MILWAUKEE BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.
"CORNER SALOON" South of the Bank.

Great Northern Railway.....
No. 3, THE "FLYER"
ONLY MORNING TRAIN
from
ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
FOR MONTANA and the PACIFIC COAST
Makes Immediate Connection with Limited and Fast Mail Trains from Chicago and the East.
EVERY DAY.

WINCHESTER
FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM.

ACHED IN EVERY BONE.

Chicago Society Woman, Who Was So Sick She Could Not Sleep or Eat, Cured by Doan's Kidney Pills.

Marion Knight, of 23 N. Ashland avenue, Chicago, orator of the West Side Wednesday Club, says: "This winter when I started to use Doan's Kidney Pills I ached in every bone and had intense pains in the kidneys and pelvic organs. The urine was thick and cloudy, and I could barely eat enough to live. I felt a change for the better within a week. The second week I began eating heartily. I began to improve generally, and before seven weeks had passed I was well. I had spent hundreds of dollars for medicine that did not help me, but $6 worth of Doan's Kidney Pills restored me to perfect health."

A TRIAL FREE.—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cts.

Rare Distinction.

Visitor (at art exhibit)—Why are the people crowding around that picture? I don't see anything remarkable about it.

The Other Visitor—It's said to be the only picture that didn't get a medal of honor at the world's fair.

Salzer's Home Builder Corn.

So named because 50 acres produced so heavily, that its proceeds built a lovely home. See Salzer's catalog. Yielded in Ind. 157 bu., Ohio 160 bu., Tenn. 198 bu., and in Mich. 220 bu. per acre. You can beat this record in 1905.

WHAT DO YOU THINK OF THESE YIELDS?
120 bu. Beardless Barley per acre.
310 bu. Salzer's New National Oats per A.
80 bu. Salzer Speltz and Macaroni Wheat.
1,000 bu. Pedigree Potatoes per acre.
14 tons of rich Billion Dollar Grass Hay.
60,000 lbs. Victoria Rape for sheep—per A.
160,000 lbs. Teosinte, the fodder wonder.
54,000 lbs. Salzer's Superior Fodder Corn—rich, juicy fodder, per A.

Now such yields you can have in 1905, if you will plant my seeds.

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10c in stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive their great catalog and lots of farm seed samples. [W. N. U.]

Bad Enough.

She—In your bachelor clubs, what is the penalty for marrying?

He—Marriage.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: William Alsip, Grand Forks, N. D., brick conveyor; Adelbert Higgins, Minneapolis, Minn., milk pail supporter; Christian Jesperson, Minneapolis, Minn., drawer support; Ernest Kirk, Niagara, N. D., shock or bundle loader; Neal McPhail, Bemidji, Minn., gate hinge; Hans Moebeck, Ulen, Minn., automatic alarm for grain bins; Simeon F. Pierce, St. Paul, Minn., boiler furnace.

When a woman talks a great deal about a certain man she wants others to think that it is purely a case of accident.

Marshall's Rheumatic Oil Liniment
Instantly allays pain and cures rheumatism, neuralgia, chilblains and all lameness of man or beast. Price 50c.

A man may be up to the latest wrinkle in style and still fall short of the glory of God.

Cole's Carbolisalve

Instantly stops the pain of Burns and Scalds.
Always heals without scars.
25 and 50c by druggists, or mailed on receipt of price by J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.
KEEP A BOX HANDY

WET WEATHER WISDOM!
THE ORIGINAL
TOWER'S
TRADE MARK
FISH BRAND
SLICKER
BLACK OR YELLOW
WILL KEEP YOU DRY
NOTHING ELSE WILL
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES
CATALOGUES FREE
SHOWING FULL LINE OF GARMENTS AND HATS.
A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS., U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO., LTD., TORONTO, CANADA.

UNITED STATES Importing Canadian wheat is now a fact.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Get a Free Homestead in Western Canada, or buy some of the best wheat lands on the continent, and become a producer.

The average yield of wheat this year will be about twenty bushels to the acre. The oat and barley crop will also yield abundantly. Splendid climate, good schools and churches, excellent marketing facilities.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

$25.00 Cream Separator

FOR $25.00 we sell the celebrated DUNDEE CREAM SEPARATOR, capacity 200 pounds per hour; 350 pounds capacity per hour for $29.00; 500 pounds capacity per hour for $34.00. Guaranteed the equal of separators that retail everywhere at from $75.00 to $125.00.

OUR OFFER. We will ship you a Separator on our 30 days' free trial plan, with the binding understanding and agreement if you do not find by comparison, test and use that it will skim closer, skim colder milk, skim easier, run lighter and skim one-half more milk than any other Cream Separator made, you can return the Separator to us at our expense and we will immediately return any money you may have paid for freight charges or otherwise. Cut this ad out at once and mail to us, and you will receive by return mail, free, postpaid, our LATEST SPECIAL CREAM SEPARATOR CATALOGUE. You will get our big offer and our free trial proposition and you will receive the most astonishingly liberal Cream Separator offer ever heard of. Address

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO.

In Minnesota.

State News of the Week Briefly Told.

Edward Turner was found frozen to death near Thief River Falls.

A new parochial school, costing $12,000 will be built this spring at Long Prairie.

Matta Werkunse, a Finn, cut his throat with a razor at Virginia. He left a family.

Henry Benning, an old resident of Stearns county, died at St. Cloud of pneumonia, aged 74.

Emil Ohman, a bartender was found dead behind the bar at Biwabik. He was subject to fits.

Prof. C. W. Van Cleve of the Barnesville high school has been re-employed at an increase in salary of $100.

Benny Crosby, aged 24 years, who recently was married, was instantly killed at Akeley by a falling tree.

Barney Vossberg & Son of St. Cloud have sold their grocery business to F. C. Troppman of Fergus Falls for $2,500.

Martin Shmit, one of the pioneer residents of Perham, died at the age of 69. A wife and ten grown children survive him.

C. W. Martindale has been elected superintendent of the public schools at Moorhead for the next year. The board was unanimous in its action.

Thomas H. Clement of the First National bank of Faribault was arrested on the charge of misappropriating $21,000 of the bank's funds. The bank failed on Jan. 2.

Olaf Olson, a rural mail carrier at Pelican Rapids was arrested by a government inspector and taken to Fergus Falls, charged with abstracting the contents of letters.

Ole Mortenson, a car foreman for the Minneapolis & St. Louis Railway company, was killed in the union depot yards at St. Paul while uncoupling the air hose of a train.

The Battle Lake mills at Battle Lake were broken into and several hundred pounds of flour and feed taken away. A search warrant was sworn out, and a constable is in the country to serve it.

J. C. Belding has been unanimously elected superintendent of the Minnesota Odd Fellows' home at Northfield, to succeed D. H. Stimson, who resigned. Mrs. Belding will be matron of the home.

The special election called to decide whether the town and village should be separated for the purpose of defeating the building of a bridge at Elk River resulted 62 for to 203 against the proposition.

H. J. Dower, manager of the Dower Lumber company at Staples, has purchased the grocery business of W. J. Lewis. The lumber company's business will be looked after for the present by Ira Tuttle.

A spelling match in the old fashioned style was held in K. P. Hall at Barnesville. An admission fee was charged and the proceeds devoted to the relief of the poor. Prizes were awarded the best spellers.

John Ausland's residence at Fergus Falls was burglarized while the family was at church, the door being broken in and $46 and various articles taken. Ausland is a poor man and the money was his summer's savings.

A meeting of farmers was held at Montrose and steps taken to organize a co-operative association in order to conduct a general merchandise business. Temporary officers were elected and about $6,000 subscribed.

William Kerr, the notorious pothunter of Lakefield, has been convicted of unlawful intimacy with seventeen-year-old Bertha Pool, and Judge Quinn sentenced him to six years and eight months at Stillwater.

The dog that bit other dogs and a boy just before Christmas at Sherburn, has been pronounced mad by the state board of health. The boy has been sent to the Pasteur institute at Chicago. All dogs have been ordered muzzled or shot.

The St. Olaf's Lutheran congregation has been organized at Roseau by Rev. Carl Sauer, the pastor. As officers the following were elected: Secretary, Louis Ole; treasurer, G. L. Hope; trustees, O. A. Rice, K. Torgerson and S. E. Ole.

Jesse Eastman, aged 26 years, was accidentally shot while hunting rabbits at Long Lake, ten miles southeast of Brainerd. He was standing on a log when his gun slipped and both charges entered his body. He lived nine hours. Eastman resided in Brainerd.

Fire broke out in the plumbing shop of Louis Sherlund at Brainerd and the building was gutted. It was valued at $600 and insured for $300. Sherlund's loss on stock and fixtures is estimated at $3,000; insurance, $2,100.

Business Block Burns.

Aberdeen, S. D., Feb. 14. — Fire at Frederick, in this county, burned a business block. K. J. Chamberlain, hardware, lost $5,000; J. H. Herrett, furniture, $3,000; J. H. Murphy, saloon, $2,000; L. A. Martell, store, $2,500.

Mother and Child Burned.

Coin, Iowa, Feb. 14. — Mrs. Luther Morley and her baby were fatally burned here. The explosion of a gasoline lighting plant which Morley was pumping with air caused the double fatality.

CONGRESS.

Policy of Upbuilding the Navy Is Thrashed in the House.

Washington, Feb. 16.—The question of what the policy of the government should take with respect to the upbuilding of the navy was again thrashed in the house yesterday during the consideration of the naval appropriation bill, the debate developing much opposition to the proposed addition of two battleships to the naval establishment. As on Tuesday the defense of the Philippines played an important part in the discussion, while the events of the war in the Far East from a naval point of view were given prominence by the advocates of an increased navy. The house met an hour earlier than usual, and with the exception of a brief period, the entire time was consumed with the naval bill.

The senate yesterday continued, but did not conclude consideration of the bill making appropriations for the support of the government of the district of Columbia.

The Swayne impeachment trial held the attention of the senate for two hours.

VIRGIN AS A MORTAL BRIDE.

Faithful Zionists Can Hardly Believe Dowie's Latest.

Chicago, Feb. 16. — John Alexander, formerly John Alexander Dowie, has made another revelation to his people. He sends the message from Florida to the effect that God has all the attributes of man, and that the Deity was wedded to the Virgin Mary; Christ being the son of that union. This declaration has caused almost as much discussion in Zion City as the announcement that Dowie was Elijah II. It is said that many of the Zionists are inclined to doubt the latest utterances credited to Dowie. Dowie declares, furthermore, that the creed of the Christian Catholic church is in a state of change, the tendency being toward the system of the ancient Greeks.

OBJECTS TO DAM.

Engineers Report That It Would Interfere With Navigation.

Washington, Feb. 16—There is some trouble over the proposed dam across Rainy Lake river at International Falls. The engineers in charge have reported that the company proposes to build a dam which would interfere with navigation. E. W. Backus of Minneapolis, president of the International Falls Power company, is here to confer with the chief engineer of the army and Senator Nelson, and expects to have the objection to the construction of the dam removed.

MISS ANTHONY CELEBRATES.

She Receives Congratulations From All Over the World.

Rochester, N. Y., Feb. 16.—Miss Susan B. Anthony yesterday celebrated her eighty-fifth birthday. She has already received greetings from political equality clubs in Finland, Switzerland, Holland, Austria, Germany, Australia, South America, and from all quarters of America and Mexico.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Feb. 16. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.13 1-4 @ 1.13 3-8c; No. 2 Northern, $1.06 1-4@1.08 1-4; No. 3, $1 @1.03. Corn — No. 3 yellow, 41 @ 41 1-2c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 1-2@29c.

Minneapolis, Feb. 16.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.16 1-4; No. 1 Northern, $1.14 1-4; No. 2 Northern, $1.11 1-4 @ 1.12 1-4. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 5-8c.

Duluth, Feb. 16. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.11 5-8; No. 2 Northern, $1.04 5-8; flax, $1.26; rye, 73 1-2c.

Milwaukee, Feb. 16. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.15@1.16; No. 2 Northern, $1.10@1.13 1-2. Rye—No. 1, 82 1-2 @83c. Barley — No. 2, 52c. Oats — Standard, 31 1-2@32c. Corn—No. 3, 43 @43 1-2c.

Chicago, Feb. 16. — Wheat—No. 2 red, $1.20; No. 3 red, $1.13@1.17; No. 2 hard, $1.13 1-2 @ 1.17; No. 3 hard, $1.05@1.15; No. 1 Northern, $1.20; No. 2 Northern, $1.12@1.16 1-2. Corn—No. 2, 43 3-4@44c. Oats—No. 2, 30 3-4c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Feb. 16. — Cattle —Beeves $3.50 @ 5; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.25@3.50; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.60; calves and yearlings, $2.25 @ 3.25. Hogs — Bulk, $4.65 @ 4.75.

Chicago, Feb. 16.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.60@6.45; stockers and feeders, $2.20 @ 4; cows, $1.40 @ 4; heifers, $2 @ 5; calves, $3.50 @ 7.75. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $4.75 @ 5; bulk, $4.90@5. Sheep — Good to choice wethers, $5.60 @ 5.90; native lambs, $5.75 @ 7.95; Western lambs, $5.75@7.95.

South St. Paul, Feb. 16. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4.85 @ 5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $2.75 @4; butcher bulls, $2.50@3.25; veals, $2@4.90; good to choice stock steers, $2.75@3.65; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs — Range price, $4.40@4.75; bulk, $4.55@4.65. Sheep —Good to choice lambs, $6.75 @ 7.25; fair to good, $6.25 @ 6.75; good to choice yearling wethers, $5.25@6.25; good to choice ewes, $4.65@5.

TO PLEAD INSANITY.

Trial of County Official for Wife Murder Opens.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Feb. 16.—The trial of Former Road Commissioner Isaac Eagle, who murdered his wife last January, was taken up yesterday. Thus far a jury has not been secured, and it will probably take all day to-day to complete this work. Eagle will claim he temporarily was insane when he shot his wife.

OREGON BANK BLOWN OPEN.

Dynamiters at Lebanon Secure $9,000 From Vault.

Lebanon, Or., Feb. 10—The Bank of Lebanon was blown open yesterday and robbed of $9,000 in coin and currency. One hundred bales of cascara bark from a near-by warehouse were used to deaden the sound of the explosion. The door of the vault was blown completely off by a charge of dynamite. All the cash in the vault was taken.

WOMEN WHO CHARM

HEALTH IS THE FIRST ESSENTIAL

It Helps Women to Win and Hold Men's Admiration, Respect and Love

Woman's greatest gift is the power to inspire admiration, respect, and love. There is a beauty in health which is more attractive to men than mere regularity of feature.

Mrs. Chas. F. Brown

To be a successful wife, to retain the love and admiration of her husband, should be a woman's constant study. At the first indication of ill-health, painful or irregular menstruation, headache or backache, secure Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and begin its use.

Mrs. Chas. F. Brown, Vice-President Mothers' Club, 21 Cedar Terrace, Hot Springs, Ark., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"For nine years I dragged through a miserable existence, suffering with inflammation and falling of the womb, and worn out with pain and weariness. I one day noticed a statement by a woman suffering as I was, but who had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I determined to try it. At the end of three months I was a different woman. Every one remarked about it, and my husband fell in love with me all over again. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound built up my entire system, cured the womb trouble, and I felt like a new woman. I am sure it will make every suffering woman strong, well and happy, as it has me."

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular menstruation, backache, bloating (or flatulence), leucorrhœa, falling, inflammation or ulceration of the uterus, ovarian troubles, that "bearing-down" feeling, dizziness, faintness, indigestion, or nervous prostration may be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Miss "Go Bragh."

"What a very pretty girl your friend is, Miss Constantina," said Dumley. "Such bright eyes and clear complexion one seldom sees. Hasn't she Irish blood in her veins?"

"Oh, yes," Miss Constantina replied; "she is a true daughter of Erin Go Bragh."

"Well, all I have got to say is," added Dumley, "that Mr. and Mrs. Go Bragh ought to be proud of her."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Can't Ketch Him.

An attendant in one of the branches of the New York public library noticed that a little negro boy who came frequently to the library invariably went to the same shelf and took the same book, which he seemed to enjoy immensely. Curious to know the name of the book she followed him to the shelf, where she found him looking at a picture of an old darkey being chased by a bull. A wild grin stretched from side to side of the little fellow's face. "What's the joke?" asked the surprised attendant. "Golly, he ain't ketched 'im yet!" replied the delighted child.

Realistic.

Crittick—While I was looking at that painting of yours in Artman's window to-day—"The Harvesters," you know—I heard a comment upon it.

D'Auber—Complimentary?

Crittick—I'm not sure. A rustic-looking individual gazed at it for a minute and remarked that it made him tired.

WAS CURED RAPIDLY

RHEUMATISM IN TWO SEVERE CASES MASTERED IN FEW WEEKS.

The Remedy Used by Mr. Schroeppel and by Captain Balfour in Great Demand in Vicinity of Their Homes.

In the winter of 1902-3 Mr. Schroeppel was confined to his bed by a severe attack of rheumatism. His doctor's treatment proved unsuccessful, but he subsequently regained his health by means which he describes with great enthusiasm.

"After five or six weeks of helplessness and pain," said he, "during which I was receiving regular visits from the doctor, I felt as bad as ever. Just then my mother, a woman eighty years of age, paid me a visit. She had received great benefit from Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and she was confident they would help me. At her solicitation I gave up the doctor's treatment and took the pills in its place."

"And were you cured as the result of taking her advice?"

"Yes, quickly and thoroughly. Before the second box was finished I felt very manifest improvement, and within two weeks I was able to leave my bed and take up my neglected farm work. I continued to use the pills, however, until eight boxes had been taken, although long before that I felt that every vestige of the disease had been eradicated."

"Are there no traces left?"

"Absolutely none. For a year and three months there has never been the slightest return of the old trouble. For this happy result I and my family freely praise Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Within the bounds of China township, St. Clair county, Mich., there is no better known farmer than Mr. Henry Schroeppel. His cure has therefore naturally attracted a great deal of attention. One of Mr. Schroeppel's neighbors, Captain George Balfour, after hearing of the salutary results in Mr. Schroeppel's case, decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for an attack of rheumatism from which he was himself suffering. He took eight or ten boxes and now declares himself free from the painful ailment.

It is little wonder that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are much in favor in the community where Mr. Schroeppel and Captain Balfour are so well and favorably known. They are sold by all druggists and are equally successful in curing neuralgia, sciatica and partial paralysis.

Making Sure.

A circus had been touring the provinces and business had been bad. Finally the performers, with a tumbler named Zeno at their head, went to the management and insisted on having their back pay. They were put off repeatedly. A definite date was at last promised, but the time arrived and still there was no money.

Zeno expostulated, whereupon the management explained that it had arranged to pay salaries, commencing with the names beginning with A, and so on, but that the money had run out some where in the S's. The company walked home.

A year later Zeno appeared at the offices of the circus and asked for an engagement.

"Certainly," said the manager. "We will take you on at an increased salary. Now let me enter your name. Mr. Zeno, is it not?"

"One moment," said the performer; "this year my name is Ajax."

Something Wanted.

A bachelor, old and cranky, was sitting alone in his room; his toes with the gout were aching, and his face was o'erspread with gloom. No little ones' shouts to disturb him—from noises the house was free; in fact from cellar to attic, 'twas as still as still could be. No medical aid was lacking; his servants answered his ring, respectfully answered his orders, and supplied him with everything. But still there was something wanted, which he could not command—the kindly words of compassion, the touch of a gentle hand. And he said, as his brow grew darker, and he rang for the hireling nurse—"Well, marriage may be a failure, but this is a jolly sight worse."

Worse Yet.

In his despair at her refusal the enamored youth beats his breast violently. Immediately he presses his hand to his bosom and cries: "It is broken."

"No, no," shyly murmurs the relenting maiden. "Do not say that."

"But it is broken," he wails again.

"Oh, surely, it is not so serious as all that. Your heart—"

"My heart, girl, my heart? I smashed my new fountain pen just then."

So Did the Others.

Mr. Wiseum—Why, what's happened to you, my dear?

Mrs. Wiseum—Oh, I tried to do my Christmas shopping early to avoid the crush.

RAW, ITCHING ECZEMA.

Blotches on Hands, Ears, and Ankles for Three Years — Instant Relief and Speedy Cure by Cuticura.

"Thanks to Cuticura I am now rid of that fearful pest, weeping eczema, for the first time in three years. It first appeared on my hand, a little pimple, growing into several blotches, and then on my ears and ankles. They were exceedingly painful, itching, and always raw. After the first day's treatment with Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills, there was very little of the burning and itching, and the cure now seems to be complete. (signed) S. B. Hege, Passenger Agent B. & O. R. R., Washington, D. C."

About Time.

Miss Gettingon—My month at Palm Beach did me a warld of good.

Mr. T. Actful Knott—Indeed it did—you look fully twenty years younger.

Miss Gettingon—Sir!

Mr. A. T. K.—Beg pardon, deuced awkward thing to say—of course you know I meant thirty years younger—er, that is really, you know, you look just as old as you always do—or—well, I must be going.

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Sure Sign of Improvement.

Village Doctor—Well, Scroggins, I hope your wife is much better to-day, eh? How is her pulse, eh? And how's her temperature?

Scroggins—Well, doctor, I don't know much about her pulses, but as for her temper (feelingly) she's got a plenty of that to-day.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Popular.

"Poor Mrs. de Olde! Her eyesight is failing so fast she is of very little use in society."

"Oh, she is in great demand."

"What for?"

"All the girls want her as chaperon."

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Endsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

It is easy for a woman to assume a faraway look and still notice the men around her.

A man falls in love with a woman without knowing just the why or wherefore.

The most hopeless task is that of saving the world with a scowl.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The work itself is the best wage.

$100 Weekly Easily Made
writing health and accident insurance; experience unnecessary. Write Bankers' Accident Co., Des Moines, Ia.

FREE THE GREAT KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY. World Famous. Write for free sample bottle to DR. KENNEDY'S SONS RONDOUT, N. Y.

DANGERS TO BE AVOIDED IN FEBRUARY.

Intense Cold Breeds Catarrh.
Sudden Changes Breed Catarrh.
WINTER SCENE IN THE SOUTH
Severe Weather.
WINTER SCENE IN THE NORTH.
Rest.

February is a month of severe storms and intense cold.

Even in the South where the prevailing temperature is much above wintry latitudes, February brings sudden changes of temperature.

Mercury sometimes drops 20 degrees in a single night.

Therefore, the following health hints are applicable to the whole of North America:

Ventilation.

The sleeping rooms should be well ventilated, but so as to avoid direct currents of air.

Bathing.

Those in vigorous health should take a cold water towel bath every morning before breakfast. Those in feeble health should take a brisk dry-towel-rub every morning.

Diet.

The diet should be a generous one, including meat, and occasionally fresh vegetables.

Sunshine.

The nights being long and the days short, as much sunshine as possible should be let into the house during the day.

Clothing.

The head should be kept cool at all times. The feet should be kept warm and dry, day and night.

Pe-ru-na.

When unavoidably exposed to cold or wet, a few doses of Peruna will avert bad consequences.

Precaution.

When seized with a chill, or even slight chilliness, a dose of Peruna should be taken at once.

Rest.

As much sleep as possible should be obtained in the forepart of the night.

Catarrh of Head.

Mr. Frank Cobb, 175 Summit Street, Deering, Me., writes:

"I was troubled with catarrh in my head. I wrote to Dr. Hartman for advice and he prescribed Peruna.

"I took it and am happy to say it helped me at once. I feel better than I have for years."

Bronchial Trouble.

Mr. J. Ed. O'Brien, Pres. American Pilot Ass'n, Pensacola, Fla., writes:

"I heartily give my endorsement to Peruna as an effective cure for catarrh and bronchial trouble."

Throat and Lungs.

Frank Battle, Jr., 111 N. Market St., Nashville, Tenn., writes:

"Peruna has cured me of chronic bronchitis.

"It is the grandest discovery of the age for the throat and lungs."

Pneumonia.

Mr. A. C. Danforth, St. Joseph, Mich., writes:

"I contracted a severe cold which settled on my lungs. I was threatened with pneumonia.

"Peruna gave me relief within a couple of days. Three bottles saved me a large doctor bill and a great deal of suffering."

Thousands of Testimonials.

We have on file thousands of testimonials like the above. We can give our readers only a slight glimpse of the vast array of unsolicited endorsements Dr. Hartman is constantly receiving.

Address Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Bread keeps fresh longer
Bread tastes far better
Bread does you more good when it's made with
YEAST FOAM
the wonderful yeast.

Yeast Foam is the yeast that raised the First Grand Prize at the St. Louis Exposition and is sold by all grocers at 5c a package—enough for 40 loaves. Send a postal card for our new illustrated book, "Good Bread: How to Make It."

NORTHWESTERN YEAST CO.
Chicago, Ill.

10,000 Plants for 16c.

More gardens and farms are planted to Salzer's Seeds than any other in America. There is reason for this. We own over 5,000 acres for the production of our warranted seeds. In order to induce you to try them, we make you the following unprecedented offer:

For 16 Cents Postpaid
1000 Early, Medium and Late Cabbages,
2000 Fine Juicy Turnips,
2000 Blanching Celery,
2000 Rich Nutty Lettuce,
1000 Splendid Onions,
1000 Rare Luscious Radishes,
1000 Gloriously Brilliant Flowers.

Above seven packages contain sufficient seed to grow 10,000 plants, furnishing bushels of brilliant flowers and lots and lots of choice vegetables, together with our great catalog, telling all about Flowers, Roses, Small Fruits, etc., all for 16c in stamps and this notice. Big 140-page catalog alone, 4c.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO.,
W.N.U. La Crosse, Wis.

GOOD OIL
Costs a trifle more than the cheap kind.
USE
CORNPLANTER X OIL
No smoky chimneys, dirty lamps.
Safe, reliable. All grocers.
St. Paul. Minneapolis.
CORNPLANTER OIL CO.

GOOD SEEDS CHEAP
BEST Ever Grown.
None better and none so low in price. 1c per pkt. and up, postpaid. Finest illustrated catalogue ever printed sent FREE. Engravings of every variety. A great lot of extra pkgs. of seeds, new sorts, presented free with every order. Some sorts onions only 50c per lb. Other seed equally low. 40 years a seed grower and dealer and all customers satisfied. No old seed. Send yours and neighbor's names for big illustrated free catalogue.
R. H. SHUMWAY, Rockford, Ills.

Stomach Ache. Whew! but it is an ache that gets right down to business. To relieve, take internally, as directed, full doses of our pain destroyer which has been curing aches for ninety years,
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
Also bathe the pit of the stomach and belly with the Anodyne. Rub briskly with a kneading motion. If caused by overeating, better remove the load first. 25 cents, three times as much 50 cents.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

A CLEAR, HEALTHY SKIN
Sandholm's Eczema and Skin Remedy
Purifies, Then Heals.
Positively cures Eczema, Pimples, Eruptions, Insect Bites and all diseases of the skin. An absolute cure for Dandruff or Scalp disease.
$1.00 Per Bottle. Send for FREE BOOKLETS.
Ask your druggist or barber or send to
SANDHOLM DRUG CO., Des Moines, Iowa.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

Virginia Farms
Best on earth for the Money. Free catalogue.
R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., Richmond, Va.

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

LET US "SHOW YOU"
that we have the greatest healing remedy on earth in
DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL
Get a bottle at your druggist's or if he does not keep it send his name and 10c. postage for a free trial bottle to
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Free Book ON DEFORMITIES AND PARALYSIS
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Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1905. NUMBER 32.

DR. KOCH NOT THE MURDERER

MINNEAPOLIS PRIVATE DETECTIVE MAKES STARTLING DECLARATION.

ST. PAUL MAN DID THE DEED

JEALOUSY AND REVENGE THE MOTIVE FOR DEED OF BUTCHERY.

HATED HOCH AND GEBHARDT

SLEUTH SAYS HE CAN LAY HIS HANDS ON THE MAN WHEN READY.

St. Paul, Feb. 23. — That Dr. G. R. Koch was not the murderer of Dr. L. A. Gebhardt, and that the man who really did commit the deed of butchery in Dr. Gebhardt's office at New Ulm on the night of Nov. 1, is a person heretofore unsuspected and a resident of St. Paul, whose motive was jealousy and revenge, is the startling declaration now made by a private detective who makes his headquarters in Minneapolis.

This detective is one of the many sleuths that have been at work on the Gebhardt murder mystery ever since the crime was committed. He supports his declaration with a structure of circumstantial statement that attracts consideration and seems to make his argument plausible if those things which he has taken for his basic facts can be proved.

Resident of St. Paul.

The sensational story now advanced by the Minneapolis detective is that the murderer was a St. Paul man, who was insanely jealous because of supposed friendliness between his wife and Dr. Gebhardt; and who went to New Ulm in secret, and after the consummation of his cruel act of revenge escaped from the town under cover of darkness behind a fleet pair of horses. This man, the detective says, not only hated Dr. Gebhardt, but also felt the bitterest of feelings toward Dr. Koch, and for that reason left behind him proofs that would lead to the suspicion and arrest of Dr. Koch.

The detective says that the evidence upon which he bases his startling statement and which he now declares will bring the true criminal to justice came to light bit by bit, and it was not until recently that he has been able to complete the chain.

Man on Freight.

On the night of the murder a stranger was seen in New Ulm hurrying toward the Chicago & North-Western depot, which is in the lower end of town, and at 3 o'clock the next morning a man was seen to take a south-bound freight out of Mankato, but twenty-five miles from the German city. At that time there was a slight wave of interest created by this announcement, but no connection could be established between the mysterious passenger and the murderer, and the matter dropped from public attention.

Then a conscience-stricken chicken thief, no longer able to smother his secret, although fear had kept his lips sealed for over two months, came forward and told of finding a bundle of clothes in the road between New Ulm and Mankato early on the morning of Nov. 2, the day following the murder.

This man made a raid on the chicken coops of a farmer living on the New Ulm-Mankato road, between nine and ten miles from the former city, on the night in question, stealing between seventy-five and eighty fowls. Jogging toward New Ulm, his horse suddenly stumbled when he was about three miles from the city, and a bundle of some description was kicked to one side.

Finds Bundle of Clothes.

Getting down and examining the bundle, the man saw that it contained clothes, but, thinking it nothing strange, he picked it up and threw it into the bushes to one side of the road.

He then proceeded to town. The next morning, on hearing of the murder, it dashed across his mind that the clothes he had discovered were the ones discarded by the fleeing murderer, but he did not dare to tell what he knew; for he would have to explain the chicken raid, and so run a chance of serving a term for larceny.

At last, however, he could keep silence no longer, and told his story to the detective. The sleuth at once made a search for the clothes, and discovered that the bundle contained a coat, vest and shirt, one sleeve of which was covered with blood.

Woman Breaks Silence.

The next step was to find the man, and here again it was the breaking of a long silence by one who had kept the secret locked closely in her breast for a long time, that gave the detective, he says, his information.

It was no less a person than the wife of the man now suspected who furnished the information which may lead to her husband's arrest and trial.

"He arrived home the next morning," she is said to have told a friend, "after having been away somewhere all night."

Later she confided that she had several times heard her husband say that he hated both the New Ulm dentists, and would some day "do up both of them."

"These are all facts," declared the detective. "I know the name of the farmer from whom the chickens were stolen, I have the statement of the man who found the clothes, I have the statement of the wife, and when all is ready, I know where I can lay my hands on the man himself."

NAMES SLAYER AND DIES.

Colored Man Says Jealous Felloow-Actor Shot Him.

Minneapolis, Feb. 23.—Richard Connors, colored, the member of the Williams & Walker company who was shot while undressing in one of the dressing rooms of the Bijou theater last Friday night, died last night at the Asbury hospital. Shortly before his death he made a statement to Assistant County Attorney Bernhagen in which he asserted that John Livers, another member of the company, shot him. He stated that Livers and he had had a quarrel over one of the women in the company. Livers, he stated, had threatened to shoot him several times, but that he did not pay any attention to him. At 7:30 o'clock Friday night Connors says that Livers entered the dressing room while he was changing his costume and shot him without saying a word. The company then got together, he states, and tried to hush the matter up, thinking that he would recover. The company has been located in Pittsburg, and an attempt will be made to bring Livers back to Minneapolis to face a charge of murder.

GREAT JOB FOR GOPHER MINES.

Expected to Send Out 20,500,000 Tons of Ore This Year.

Duluth, Feb. 23.—According to the best information obtainable at this time, the iron ore shipments from Minnesota for 1905 will reach the magnificent total of 20,500,000 gross tons. This is double the amount shipped from the entire lake region no longer ago than 1895 and is within 7,000,000 tons of the unbroken record of the lake region, made in 1902. These figures will give some idea of the tremendous leap in the volume of ore production and shipments that will be experienced in this state this year. The estimate of 20,500,000 tons for Minnesota mines for 1905 is equal to the entire shipment from the lake region in 1901. The estimate from this state has been obtained from men in close touch with the ore industry.

SAY PASTOR WAS HOCK.

Wadena Residents Allege Chicago Man Masqueraded in Pulpit.

Wadena, Minn., Feb. 23.—Many of the older residents of Wadena recognize in the published pictures of the much-married Johann Hock of Chicago the pastor of the German Lutheran church here, who went by the name of Rev. C. F. Spahr and who lived in Wadena with his wife and two children thirteen years ago. Rev. Spahr after a few months' residence was asked by his parishoners to vacate. He moved from here to Perham, where he also was required to give up his pastorate. Then he went to Biscay, Minn., where he left his family and went to California. Nothing more was heard of him.

ALLEGED EMBEZZLER HOME.

Bookkeeper J. E. Lewis Faces Charge Involving $35,000.

Grand Forks, N. D., Feb. 23.—J. E. Lewis, former bookkeeper of the Grand Forks Mercantile company, who was arrested on Sunday at Regina, N. W. T., charged with embezzling about $35,000 from his employers, arrived in the City last evening in company with Sheriff Turner, who was sent to bring him home. Lewis came without extradition papers. It is expected that application will be made to-day for his release under bonds. F. B. Feetham, his attorney, says that bonds in any reasonable amount will be furnished. Mr. Lewis is ill and his preliminary hearing may not be held for several days.

TO BE TRIED FOR MURDER.

Jack Wilson Is Bound Over Under First Degree Charge.

Sioux City, Iowa, Feb. 23. — "Jack" Wilson, charged with the murder of Charles Lafey, alias Joe O'Brien, in Sioux City on Jan. 12 last, has been held to the grand jury by Justice F. L. Ferris on the charge of murder in the first degree. The defense declined to introduce any evidence. Wilson is alleged to have shot Lafey in the railroad yards and two men claim they saw him running away. Their identification of Wilson constitutes the principal evidence of the state. Wilson was arrested in Yankton and made a strong fight against his extradition.

TO REMOVE POSTOFFICE.

Bemidji People Want It in a More Central Location.

Washington, Feb. 23. — State Senator Swedback of Bemidji, Minn., is here to secure a change of location for the postoffice of that town, and it is understood that the department has consented to have the office removed to a more central location. Senator Swedback will leave for home Friday.

DOG SMOTHERS BABY.

Pet Canine Slept in Cradle—Baby Is Dead When Found by Mother.

Davenport, Iowa, Feb. 23. — A pet dog which crept into the cradle on the sleeping two-months-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mason of this city, smothered the infant to death while it slept. The mother, who later discovered the dog in the cradle and drove it away, was nearly crazed when she found the dead body of her baby beneath it.

CONSRESS.

House Sends Army Appropriation Bill Back to Conference.

Washington, Feb. 23.—After a brief but spirited debate the house yesterday sent back to conference the army appropriation bill. All senate amendments again were disagreed to with the single exception of one appropriating $95,000 for continuing the cable from Valdes to Seward, Alaska.

There was renewed discussion of the provision regarding retired officers on duty with the militia of the several states, the name of Gen. Nelson A. Miles once more figuring conspicuously in the debate. Determined opposition developed to a motion by Mr. Ames of Massachusetts to agree to the senate amendment on that subject, which is favorable to the retention of full retired pay by Gen. Miles and other officers of high rank serving with militia organizations.

The balance of the day was devoted to consideration of the river and harbor appropriation bill.

The senate yesterday considered at some length the bill providing a civil government for the Panama canal zone. The question of the government's ownership of the Panama railway and its relationship to the general question of government ownership of railways was debated freely. Consideration of the bill was not completed when the senate adjourned for want of a quorum.

A number of witnesses were examined on behalf of Judge Swayne in the impeachment proceedings.

Washington's farewell address was read by Mr. Perkins at the beginning of the session.

A DAY OF FUNERALS.

Seventy-Five Victims of Mine Horror to Be Buried.

Birmingham, Ala., Feb. 23. — Last night seventy-five burnt, blackened and disfigured bodies had been recovered from the ill-fated Virginia mine, at which the awful explosion occurred on Monday afternoon, entombing what is now believed to be more than 153 of the best miners in the Birmingham district. To-day will be a day of funerals at Virginia City, Bessemer, Pratt City and Ensley. The rescuers are still heroically at work in the slope and as the diggers advance the bodies further in the mine are found to be worse burned and mutilated than those nearer the exterior. No hope is now held out that any of the men can be alive. Only three men were found whose hearts were still beating, but they expired immediately on reaching the outside air.

TWO MONKS KILLED

By the Bursting of Millstones in a Canadian Monastery.

Montreal, Que., Feb. 23.—The bursting of mill stones in the flour mill at the Trappist monastery at Oka resulted in the death of two monks and the severe wounding of an assistant. Brother Marc, who was known to the world as Ducharme, was instantly killed, and Brother Abel, whose family name was Cousineau, died shortly after.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Feb. 23. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.13 1-4 @ 1.13 3-8c; No. 2 Northern, $1.06 1-4@1.08 1-4; No. 3, $1 @1.03. Corn — No. 3 yellow, 41 @ 41 1-2c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 1-2@29c.

Minneapolis, Feb. 23.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.19 1-4; No. 1 Northern, $1.17 1-4; No. 2 Northern, $1.13 1-4 @ 1.14 1-4. Oats—No. 3 white, 29 3-8c.

Duluth, Feb. 23. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.15 3-8c; No. 2 Northern, $1.12; flax, $1.26; rye, 73 1-2c.

Milwaukee, Feb. 23. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.17@1.18; No. 2 Northern, $1.12 1-2@1.15. Rye—No. 1, 82 1-2 @83c. Barley — No. 2, 52c. Oats — Standard, 31 1-2@32c. Corn—No. 3, 43 @43 1-2c.

Chicago, Feb. 23. — Wheat — No. 2 red, $1.22@1.24; No. 3 red, $1.17@1.20; No. 2 hard, $1.17@1.20; No. 3 hard, $1.10@1.20; No. 1 Northern, $1.22@ 1.24; No. 2 Northern, $1.16 @ 1.23. Corn—No. 2, 43 3-4@44c. Oats—No 2, 30 3-4c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Feb. 23. — Cattle —Beeves $3.50 @ 5; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.25@3.50; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.60; calves and yearlings, $2.25 @ 3.25. Hogs — Bulk, $4.65 @ 4.75.

Chicago, Feb. 23.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.60@6.45; stockers and feeders, $2.20 @ 4; cows, $1.40 @ 4; heifers, $2 @ 5; calves, $3.50 @ 6.75. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $4.75 @ 5; bulk, $4.90@5. Sheep — Good to choice wethers, $5.60 @ 5.90; native lambs, $5.75 @ 7.95; Western lambs, $5.75@7.95.

South St. Paul, Feb. 23. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4.85 @ 5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $2.75 @4; butcher bulls, $2.50@3.25; veals, $2@4.90; good to choice stock steers, $2.75@3.65; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs — Range price, $4.40@4.75; bulk, $4.55@4.65. Sheep —Good to choice lambs, $6.75 @ 7.25; air to good, $6.25 @ 6.75; good to choice yearling wethers, $5.25@6.25; good to choice ewes, $4.65@5.

Lake Mills Farmer Killed.

Lake Mills, Iowa, Feb. 23.—Knute Moen, a well-to-do farmer and man of family, was struck by a Chicago & North-Western train and instantly killed. His body was horribly mutilated.

Plague Causes Panic.

Santiago, Chile, Feb. 23. — Bubonic plague has appeared at the port of Pisagua, forty-four miles north of Iquique. The discovery has caused a panic.

What the State Solons Are Doing

St. Paul, Feb. 16.—The state board of control is requested to let all contracts by public competition in a bill introduced in the house by Representative M. D. Flower. The bill requires the state board of control to give reasonable notice to parties interested, and to publish for at least fifteen days in two daily papers of general circulation notice of the time and place when the board, or any institution under its jurisdiction, will receive and open proposals for the letting of contracts.

Representative E. E. Adams introduced in the house a bill repealing all acts providing for a bounty for the arrest and conviction of horse thieves.

The encouragement of consolidated rural schools, giving instruction in the elements of agriculture and domestic science, is the object of a bill introduced in the house by Representative J. T. Mannix. The bill appropriates $10,000 for 1905 and $10,000 for 1906, to be distributed among the first ten consolidated rural schools meeting the standard prescribed by the act, no one school to receive more than $2,000 in the two years.

A memorial urging congress to enact at once laws governing interstate commerce and forbidding adulterations of food products, drugs and medicines, deleterious to health, was passed by the house without a dissenting vote.

Senator A. D. Stephens introduced in the senate the drainage bill which had been decided on at a meeting of the joint drainage committee of the senate and house on Tuesday. The bill re-establishes the county drainage system which was eliminated by the code commission.

Senator R. S. McNamee introduced a bill making it a state's prison offense for a hunter to shoot a person who is mistaken for a deer or other animal.

St. Paul, Feb. 17. — In a test of strength yesterday morning in the house the friends of the capitol commission secured a decided advantage, and then lost it by a parliamentary blunder after reyesing enough strength to carry out a winning campaign. As a result the issue is still in doubt. In the struggle, adherents of the commission secured, by a vote of 55 to 48, the indefinite postponement of the bill leaving the custody of the capitol with the governor. A motion to recommit the bill to general orders was made by the opposition, and this was laid on the table on a motion by Mr. Flower by a vote of 57 to 54. In view of the first vote there is no question but what the motion to recommit the bill could have been killed, whereas, now it is on the table, whence it can be called up at any time. The debate was the liveliest of the present session.

Recovery of damages by the state for timber trespasses outlawed by the statute of limitations is provided for by a bill introduced by Representative R. H. Jefferson. The measure repeals the statute of limitations insofar as it relates to timber trespasses on state lands, so that action to recover damages may be brought, no matter how long a time has elapsed since the trespass was committed.

The house passed bills:

To prevent the careless distribution of medicines, drugs and medicated compounds; authorizing the payment of a bounty for securing arrest and conviction for horse stealing; to legalize the incorporation of certain villages attempted under chapter 145, Laws of 1885; providing for the manner of election of highway overseers at annual town meetings.

Bills were introduced in the house: Optional plan for consolidation of rural schools; appropriating $75,000 a year for the drainage of state lands; appropriating $20,000 for public school libraries; establishing a state drainage commission; making a week day following a legal holiday falling on Sunday a legal holiday; requiring county licenses of peddlers; repealing the statutes of limitation as to timber trespass; requiring changes of names of persons to be filed with the register of deeds.

The senate passed bills:

Authorizing private cemeteries to consolidate with public cemeteries; limiting the annual school tax levy of cities of 20,000 to 50,000 to 9 mills; authorizing towns to issue bonds for the construction of roads, bridges and town halls. House amendment accepted.

St. Paul, Feb. 18.—The capitol commission is allowed two years to complete the new state capitol by the Horton bill as finally recommended for passage by an overwhelming viva voce vote of the house committee of the whole after nearly two hours of discussion and voting on amendments. The commission is to remain in control of the building and of the employes until the building is completed. The building is to be placed in charge of the governor at the end of two years, or before that time if the work of construction is finished. All supplies for maintenance are to be purchased by the state board of control. The measure will not be voted on finally, however, for several days. After it was recommended to pass it was referred to the appropriations committee for consideration as to the sum to be allowed for maintenance.

The standard measure for milk is made the usual liquid gallon of 231 cubic inches, instead of the 282 cubic inch gallon, commonly known as beer measure by a bill introduced in the house by Representative M. L. Fosseen.

One female moose or caribou may be lawfully killed by each hunter during the big game season, according to an amendment to the game laws introduced in the house by Representative I. W. Bouck.

A free state employment bureau in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth is provided for by Representative Selb's bill, which will be recommended for passage by the house committee on labor.

Unoccupied rooms in the old capitol may be assigned G. A. R. posts or other organizations of veteran soldiers under the bill of Gen. M. D. Flower, which passed the house yesterday.

A standing appropriation of $3,000 a year for the Minnesota Horticultural society is provided for in a bill introduced in the house by Representative W. W. Bardwell.

There will be no official guide to escort visitors about the new state capitol unless the senate reconsiders the action it took yesterday when it refused to pass Representative J. G. Lennan's resolution calling for the appointment of a guide at a salary of $4 a day. The vote on the joint resolution was 18 to 29.

The senate committee of the whole unanimously recommended for passage Senator Thomas M. Pugh's bill establishing a Minnesota naval militia as a part of the state militia.

St. Paul, Feb. 20.—State aid of $50 a year is allowed rural schools employing a teacher holding a second grade state teacher's certificate by a bill introduced Saturday by Representative I. W. Bouck.

One primary election ballot, containing the tickets of all political parties, in parallel columns, is provided for by an amendment to the primary election law introduced by Representative Frank Haskell.

The prevention of speculation in state lands, and the conservation of the state's domain for actual settlers is the purpose of a bill regulating the sale of lands introduced by Representative A. L. Cole.

A stiff license fee on bucket shops or persons dealing or making transactions in grain or stock for future delivery on margins is provided by a bill introduced by Representative S. D. Peterson.

The amount of state money placed in any one depository is limited to one-half of its paid-up capital by a bill introduced by Representative W. H. Putnam.

A constitutional amendment forbidding the imposition of a license fee on farmers or gardeners peddling produce raised by them was introduced by Representative Alvin Rowe.

St. Paul, Feb. 22. — Public officials are prohibited from using passes, franks, special privileges or reductions in rates granted by railroads, street railways, telephone, telegraph or express companies, under penalty of removal from office by a bill introduced by Representative A. K. Ware. The bill was accompanied by a measure regulating passenger rates, the two bills superseding the measure treating both subjects introduced by Mr. Ware earlier in the session.

The abolition of an apprentice system of employing child labor, based on a retention of a portion of wages, that in practice becomes mere legalized bondage, is aimed at by a bill introduced by Representative John Selb. The bill forbids employers from withholding from minors employed any part of wages earned and agreed to be paid, on account of presumed negligence or failure to comply with the rules, or for breakage of machinery, or alleged incompetency, or to perform work in accordance with any standard of merit set up.

A four-year term of office for practically all county officers is provided for in a bill introduced in the house by Representative J. B. Kelly.

Foreign insurance companies doing business in Minnesota are prohibited from securing the removal of cases brought against them to the United States courts by a bill introduced by Representative M. L. Fosseen.

By a vote of 28 to 27 the senate decided again to postpone action on the educational bill removing the university and the normal schools from the board of control with the Peachey amendment removing also the Owatonna and the Faribault institutions. The special order scheduled for 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon was postponed until 11 o'clock Friday morning. Action on the board of control question was deferred at the request of the friends of the university and the normal schools and against the remonstrance of Senator George W. Peachey of Owatonna.

The sale of cigarettes or cigarette wrappers except by jobbers who wish to do an interstate business is prohibited in a bill introduced by Senator O. G. Dale.

Senator J. T. Alley's bill empowering the jury as well as the judge in trials on the charge of murder in the first degree to fix sentence at life imprisonment instead of death was recommended to pass by the senate committee of the whole.

A communication from the managers of the Lewis and Clark exposition at Portland, inviting Minnesota to exhibit, was transmitted to the house yesterday by Gov. Johnson. The matter was referred to the appropriations committee.

Both houses adjourned until Thursday morning.

FIGHT OVER A WELL.

Factional Differences at Crookston Reach Court for Settlement.

Bessie street well at Crookston, which was dynamited by persons unknown some time ago, is now in court. The well is owned by the Crookston Waterworks, Power and Light company, and was sunk by private persons many years ago, the flow being the best ever struck in the Red river valley. The south portion of the city was supplied by it and water haulers delivered from it to all parts of the city.

The power and light company sunk several artesian wells near its power plant, and finally purchased the property on which the Bessie street well was located. The well was enlarged and preparations made to pump the water into the city mains in order to have a water supply that would be fit for drinking purposes, as the water in the mains at the present time is unfiltered river water.

As soon as the company began pumping water in large quantities from its new well nearly every artesian well in the city was either made useless or the flow was greatly diminished. This resulted in a factional fight. Citizens who have water connections but no well of their own were anxious to have water from the Bessie street well pumped into the mains. Well owners, as a rule, opposed the proposition.

John Cromb, the president of the Merchants' National bank, whose well was ruined along with others last July, applied for an injunction restraining the water company from pumping from the Bessie street well into the mains. The case was postponed from time to time, but has finally been called for trial. It may last several days.

HOVESTAD ON SEED WHEAT.

Director Hovestad of the state experiment station at Crookston is conducting a series of farmers' institutes in Otter Tail county and giving particular attention to the seed wheat question, which is the vital topic at present. He unhesitatingly states that there is no danger whatever in sowing rusted wheat.

"There is no possibility of rust being transmitted by the seed," said he, "as rust never originates with the wheat but upon other plants and spreads to the grain. If a farmer by screening out his rusted wheat can obtain moderately plump grain for seed he is very foolish to buy seed elsewhere. By moderately good grain I mean grain that weighs at least fifty-five pounds to the bushel. If by fanning and screening he can not secure grain of this weight, however, he had better import his seed. It is not advisable to plant seed weighing less than fifty-five pounds to the bushel, not because it rusted, but because it is shriveled and poor. After the wheat is screened and ready for planting it should be treated with formaldehyde. One pound of formaldehyde to forty-five gallons of water is about the right proportion to use for a solution, and the wheat should be either dipped in this or sprinkled sufficiently to wet every grain in order to destroy injurious germs."

NEW TOWN IN THE RED.

Soo Has Not Located It, Yet Bank Is Organized.

General Manager Jones of the International Harvester company's branch agency at Grand Forks, C. H. McManus, cashier of the same agency, and A. Bergh, representative of the same concern at Crookston, are three of the twelve persons who have filed articles of incorporation of the First State Bank of ———, a place yet without a name and not even a shack marking the site. It is probably the first instance of the kind on record anywhere in the country.

The men interested are of the opinion that the town on the Minnesota side of the Red river, where the Soo branch will cross, running west from Thief River Falls, will in time be a flourishing business center, and in order to get in on the ground are incorporating a state bank to be located there. All the assurance they have there ever will be a town there is that the Soo survey has been completed and that work on a bridge across the river has been started. The town will be about twenty-five miles north of Grand Forks.

Preferring death to deafness, Emil Cussler, aged 29 years, died by his own hand in Minneapolis. Cussler shot himself through the temple.

Henry Nichoff's farmhouse at New Munich burned while the family was attending church. The loss was $1,000.

BEAUTIFUL WOMEN

HOW THEY MAINTAIN THE CHARMS OF THEIR SEX.

The Importance that Attaches to the Care of the Blood If One Wants Bright Eyes and a Clear Complexion.

Every sensible woman naturally wishes to appear attractive. She knows the value of bright eyes, delicate complexion and lively spirits. She knows also that good health is at the basis of her charms, and that good blood is the source of good health.

Miss Mamie Conway has a complexion which is the admiration of all who know her. Asked if she could make any suggestions that would be helpful to others less fortunate, she said:

"My complexion would not have pleased you if you had seen it two years ago. It was then about as bad as it could be; and it gave me a great deal of dissatisfaction. If you want a good complexion you must take care of your health, especially of the condition of your blood. My health was at that time completely broken down. I was nervous, had frequent headaches, a torpid liver and a great deal of pain in that region. I suffered also from indigestion. It was clear that my blood was in bad condition, for pimples broke out all over my face."

"It is hard to realize that, for there isn't the slightest trace of such blemishes now."

"It was unfortunately quite otherwise then; and a long time passed before I found anything that gave me any relief. I became very weak and listless. The doctor's medicine did me no good, and I took a number of highly recommended tonics with no better result. As soon, however, as I began to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People my complexion cleared up, and after I had taken two boxes there was not a sign of a pimple left on my face. My cheeks became rosy, I gained flesh and have had perfect health ever since."

Rosy cheeks and sparkling eyes are merely signs of healthy blood. They have come not only in the case of Miss Conway, whose home is at 1241 East Eighth street, Canton, Ohio, but to thousands of women for whom Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have made new blood. There is no surer way for you to obtain them, than to buy a box of these pills from any druggist and try them for yourself. They correct irregularities and banish weakness.

Reform in the Vale of Siddim.

Lot was fleeing from Sodom.

"I can't understand why the wave of reform is going on now," he soliloquized. "It's no where near election."

Taking no chances, however, he wisely continued his flight.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Both in It.

"Bluesome told me this morning that he had been a great sufferer for ten years."

"His wife can beat his record; they've been married four years longer than that."

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Evolution of the Ichthyosaur.

It appears that the ichthyosaur race sprang from small, land-living, scaly lizards, with feet armed with claws; and in the last few years, in various parts of the world—in North America, Italy, Wurtemberg—savants have worke dout almost the complete narrative of a wonderful transformation into large, scaleless or smooth-skinned swimmers, resembling the dolphins among mammals, and bringing forth their young alive and at sea.—Henry Fairfield Osborn, in the Century.

One's life is like a letter: No matter how well composed or elegant, it is futile if not directed right or even not directed at all.

THE NEIGHBORS ALL USE THEM NOW.

Quick Cure of Rheumatism by Dodd's Kidney Pills. How They Saved the Shop of a Kansas Blacksmith—Cure was Permanent too.

Goodland, Kan., Feb. 20th.—(Special)—So quick and complete was the cure of N. E. Albertson, a local blacksmith, that it almost seems like a miracle. He had Rheumatism so bad he feared he would have to give up his shop. One box of Dodd's Kidney Pills drove away all the pains and they have never returned. Speaking of his cure Mr. Albertson says:

"I had rheumatism in my shoulders and arms for years. Part of the time it was so bad I could not sleep at night. My arm hurt so that it seemed I would have to give up my blacksmith shop. I went to the drug store and bought one box of Dodd's Kidney Pills and took them. I have not had the Rheumatism since. A great many of the neighbors are using Dodd's Kidney Pills since they saw how they cured me."

To Be Explicit.

Ezra Corntossle—My dog kin jump as high as thet barn.

Hiram Hayrick—How high kin the barn jump?—Chicago Journal.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK
OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans ☞ A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

2nd ☞ STORE
(SECOND HAND STORE.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
C. A. SKEIE.
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

GET YOUR PICTURE
TAKEN BY
D. COLLINS
THE
Photograper.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

FREE!
Fountain Pen
14-Kt. Solid Gold
TO NEW
Pioneer Press Subscribers.
Jewelers Sell it for $1.50.

This is a rich quality hard rubber, highly polished Fountain Pen; screw section, and fitted with an improved Feeding Device, allowing the ink to flow easily without blotting. The gold-nibbed pen is 14-Kt. fine, iridium pointed. The complete Fountain Pen is Fully Guaranteed by the manufacturers and will be exchanged by them if not entirely satisfactory. Each box contains a single pen and a guarantee. If the pen is not absolutely perfect, send it back to the factory and get one that is. It will not cost you a cent.

The Pioneer Press—
St. Paul, Minn.—
Gentlemen: Send to me, absolutely free and postpaid, a guaranteed solid gold-nibbed Fountain Pen. Enclosed herewith find $1.50 in advance for subscription to the Daily and Sunday or Weekly Pioneer Press.

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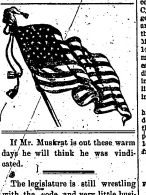
Street ....
Town ....
State ....

New Brew
Hamm's
The Best Beer
Supplied by Agents Everywhere, or
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
SAINT PAUL, MINN.

The Spectator.
H. E. IVES Publisher.
Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.
Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.
TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.
SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued
REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Feb. 25, 1905.



If Mr. Muskrat is out these warm days he will think he was vindicated.

The legislature is still wrestling with the code and very little business is being done. It is good deal of a question whether it will pass or not.

Frank M. Eddy in an article on the paper trust before the Minnesota editors says that "All trusts are bad, but some may be worse than others."

The light attendance at the school election last Saturday night indicates that the people here are negligent in regard to school matters. Future meetings and elections should be better attended.

Every business enterprise in a community is dependent upon every other business enterprise of that community and upon the inhabitants of that community. And the degree of prosperity which obtains in any community is dependent upon the support which every citizen gives to the business of his neighbor. It is simply but a small edition of the protective tariff which has made the prosperity of our country the greatest the world ever knew.—Northfield News.

And now the irrepressible Henry W. Lee, whose zeal somewhat outruns his ability, has started an action to enjoin the county treasurer from collecting any of last years' county taxes. Apparently he would have the county run its business on wind, as he does his own. Failing to find any client who would stand for his work, he appears, himself, in the role of plaintiff. Oh, Henry, Henry, if this old world was only a place where no taxes were to be paid except into your own pocket, what a Heaven it would be.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Archbishop Ireland, in his toast at the Johnson banquet in St. Paul Saturday evening, gave expression to the following sentiment—a sentiment that ought to be a guiding string to every citizen, be he in public or private life: "The American, be he Democrat or Republican, knows that the will of the majority of the people is the supreme arbiter in political affairs. Whom the majority has honored, him every American honors; whom the majority has trusted, him every American trusts. Parties there are, and parties there will be in the politics of the country; it is well that it be so—well for the country, and well for each of the contending parties. But no party imagines that intelligence and moral dignity, patriotism and civic virtue thrive only within its borders, or that the commonwealth is in peril when the valiant knights of the opposing legion wear on their foreheads the laurels of triumph and of power."

A Western Enterprise.

One thing more than anything else that impresses the spirit of Western energy and push is the construction of the Lewis and Clark Centennial Exposition to be held at Portland, Oregon, beginning June first and continuing until October 15, 1905. With more than three months intervening before the opening of the exposition, all of the main buildings are practically ready for the installation of exhibits, typifying the manner in which Western people carry out any proposition presented to them. We doubt if there has been an exposition in the United States that can show a record such as the Lewis and Clark exposition has made. The visitor to the exposition can be assured that when it opens on June first, he will find it completed in every detail and it should be a source of great gratification to every resident of the Northwest that such is the case.

THE FIRST PRINTING.

Some of the Earliest Examples of the Art Preservative.

The following are the earliest known examples of printing—two indulgences, printed usually on one side only of a single piece of vellum and two magnificent Bibles. Of these one is known to be the first complete book that ever was printed by the wonderful new invention, which, as the early printers so often proudly state in their colophons, produced "letters without the aid of any sort of pen, whether of quill, of reed or of metal."

The first piece of printing which is actually dated is the famous indulgence of Nicholas V. to such as should contribute money to aid the king of Cyprus against the Turks. This indulgence has the printed year date 1454, and a copy in The Hague museum has the date "Nov. 15" filled in with a pen. Mr. Duff tells us that "in the years 1454 and 1455 there was a large demand for these indulgences, and seven editions were issued. These may be divided into two sets, the one containing thirty-one lines, the other thirty lines, the first dated example belonging to the former."

This thirty line edition is shown to have been printed by Peter Schoeffer de Gernsheim by the fact that some of the initial letters which occur in it appear in another later indulgence of 1489, which is known to have come from his press.—Saturday Review.

TREATING A SPRAIN.

Perfect Rest and Hot Fomentations the First Requisites.

The question of how to treat a sprain is often raised. Everybody understands the nature of a sprain; that wrenching of a joint whereby some of the ligaments (those very useful bands which unite the bones forming the joint) are violently stretched or perhaps even ruptured. This kind of injury is rarely, except through unusual complications, dangerous in its nature, but it is certainly very painful and when of a serious nature may result in the permanent impairment of the joint. Such an injury, if at all severe, is immediately followed by marked swelling of the parts, and prompt attention should be given anticipating the surgeon's coming. The very first item in the treatment of a sprain is perfect rest of the limb until a doctor can be summoned. Reduce the swelling by applications of hot fomentations as hot as can be endured, changing about once in every three hours. If a piece of oilskin be not at hand use common newspaper. Wind it carefully outside the hot cloth. This will prevent the escape of the steam and prevent the cloth from cooling. A good way to save the hands from being scalded is to place the hot, dripping flannel in a towel, then, taking hold of each end of the towel, to wring it until the flannel is dry enough to apply.

THE WHITE CZAR.

Russia's Ruler Owes This Title to the Slip of a Pen.

The czar of Russia owes one of his titles to a slip of the pen. The Chinese character pronounced Hwang, meaning emperor, was originally compounded of two elements, meaning "oneself" and "ruler," by which it was intimated that an emperor or ruler of men should, before all things, be master of himself.

In after ages, however, by the omission of a single stroke, this character assumed its present corrupted form, in which the component elements signify "white" and "ruler," white having taken the place of the original "oneself."

Some years ago it was pointed out by a St. Petersburg correspondent of the London Times that this had been literally translated by the Mongols into tchagan khan, and then by the Russians into biely czar, or the "white czar," by which name the emperor of Russia is now known throughout the whole of Asia.—London Telegraph.

A Thoughtful Beggar.

J. Stanley Todd, the portrait painter, was talking about the beggars of different lands. "I have met," said Mr. Todd, "beggars of every description—shy beggars, blustering ones, old beggars, robust ones—but the most remarkable beggar of the lot was a man whom I never met, yet whom I never assuredly will forget. All I saw of this beggar was his hat and his chair. The chair stood on a corner of the Rue St. Lazare in Paris. The hat lay on the chair, with a few coppers in it, and behind the hat was a placard reading, 'Please don't forget the beggar, who is now taking his luncheon.'"

A Humble Apology.

Conversation overheard in a London street; scene, laborer working on a scaffold, contemplating surrounding view, when his foreman comes along down below and, looking up and seeing him idle, calls out to him: "So yer 'aving a look round! What do yer think of the weather?" Workman (looking down with contempt)—Noa; I'm a-working! Foreman—Oh, I beg yer pardon! I'm sorry I stopped yer!—London Globe.

What Tact Is.

What we call tact is the ability to find before it is too late what it is that our friends do not desire to learn from us. It is the art of withholding on proper occasions information which we are quite sure would be good for them. —S. M. Crothers.

Etiquette.

Anxious writes, "What are the duties of a father at his daughter's 'coming out' party?" To put up and shut up.—New York Herald.

What is celebrity? The advantage of being known to people who don't know you.—Chamfort.

John W. Forseen
SHOE
Repairing
Second door North of Postoffice.
St. Hilaire, Minn.

FRENCH CONSCRIPTS.

Marked by Bad Clothes and an Absence of Baggage.

"They are a curious crowd," says a writer describing the conscripts of the French army, "these boys of twenty and of twenty-one, in various stages of sobriety, as they throng on to the platforms of the railway stations and, under the fire of gentle and superior sarcasm from the young men in uniform who have already done a year or two, climb into the third class cattle pens which are to take them to the threshold of their lives in barracks. The sons of wealthy men elbow the scourings of the street.

"All wear their worst clothes, except those who do not possess a second suit. The chief peculiarity about the whole of them is an entire absence of luggage. A young friend of by own was one of them. His luggage for the two days of his first visit to Paris consisted of a comb and an extremely aged toothbrush, and before leaving Paris he asked me to keep his overcoat for him till he returned. 'They will only spoil it, and it is a new one,' was his plea.

"I counted the valises of a whole train load of conscripts who accompanied my friend, and they numbered exactly four. 'Those four will have their lives teased out of them tomorrow,' was the verdict of a private under arms upon the platform."

ANIMAL STRIKERS.

Both Birds and Beasts Occasionally Refuse to Work.

Both birds and beasts occasionally go on strike, according to observers. A herd of horses will bunch together, neglect their food, become restive, neigh and rub noses when in a field. The outcome is that the herd will not allow themselves to be saddled or harnessed and will chase and attempt to kick the attendants. Female birds take tantrums and refuse to do the housework. They desert their nests and leave their eggs to become cold and barren. The male naturally becomes greatly concerned, but with the bird and beast creation the male will never attack the female, so there is no remedy. Warblers and starlings are given greatly to these strikes.

A species of black ants have little yellow ants which do most of their work for them. Occasionally the yellow species will go on a strike. Their food supply is cut off, but if that does not avail the strikers are attacked or another lot of yellow ants are secured.

Even the rabbit is a hardened striker. In rabbit colonies the stronger rabbits do most of the burrowing, and as often as perhaps once in two years these become discontented and refuse to work.

BOILING WATER.

Why a Redhot Poker Does Not Cause It to Hiss.

If a redhot poker be thrust into cold water it hisses and sputters; if into boiling water, there is no commotion.

When in the first experiment cold water comes in contact with the hot iron there is a sudden and explosive generation of steam, which causes the liquid to be scattered with a hissing noise, consequent upon the bursting of innumerable bubbles.

When, on the other hand, a poker is thrust into boiling water, which is already freely giving forth steam, the introduction of the hot iron by still further assisting steam production causes the poker to become at once surrounded by a sheath of vapor, which effectually prevents the water from coming into actual contact with the metal.

This sheath of vapor is comparatively a bad conductor of heat, so that but little passes from the iron to the water. There is no commotion, and the poker can be withdrawn still glowing brightly.—London Answers.

An Irish King of Portugal.

An Irishman was once king of Portugal, or at least he once ruled in the king's stead over that country. In November, 1640, there was a revolution in Portugal, brought about by the tyrannical exactions of Miguel Vasconcellos, the secretary of state. The hated minister was shot and the vice queen, Margaret of Savoy, abdicated. The crown was offered to the Duke of Braganza, who was living at Villavicosia. Meanwhile, until the duke should accept the crown, the people of Lisbon elected a popular and influential Irish merchant, named John Darcy, who resided in the city, as their nominal king. Darcy accepted the honor conferred upon him and bore the title of "king of Portugal" from Dec. 1 to Dec. 6, 1640.

Living Stones.

The visitor to the Falkland isles sees scattered here and there singular shaped blocks of what appear to be weather beaten and moss covered bowlders in various sizes. Attempt to turn one of these bowlders over, and you will meet with a real surprise, because the stone is actually anchored by roots of great strength; in fact, you will find that you are trifling with one of the native trees. No other country in the world has such a peculiar "forest" growth.

Hopeless Case.

"Do you enjoy classical music?" asked the young woman.

"Yes, miss," answered Mr. Cumrox; "I enjoy it much, but I never can get over the idea that the tunes would sound better if they were played by a mandolin or banjo club."—Washington Star.

Nearer the Mark.

Briggs—Do you believe that the world is divided into two classes—those who borrow and those who lend? Gregory—No, sir; my experience is that two other classes are much more prevalent—those who want to borrow and those who won't lend.

Public Sale.

At the farm of Ira R. Carpenter on the NE¼ of section 20, town of River Falls, four miles southeast of here on Monday, March 6th, 1905. A lot of horses, cattle and farm machinery will be sold and a free lunch served at noon.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Cranberries, 8c a quart at M. L. Hanson's.

Death of Mrs. James Sullivan.

The death of Mrs. James Sullivan, of this place, occurred last Tuesday evening at 9 o'clock at the Deaconess hospital at Grand Forks, where she has been for several weeks for treatment. For ten years up to a few months ago the deceased had been a resident of East Grand Forks and had a host of friends there. Her husband died on March 7th of last year in that city and since then she has made her home here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. McAndress.

Mrs. Sullivan was born in Lewis county, New York, September 3, 1861. She was married to Mr. Sullivan in 1891. Her death is the first the family of three daughters and nine sons which have been born to Mr. and Mrs. McAndress. She was highly esteemed by all who knew her. The funeral was held Thursday morning at Grand Forks.

Sent to Red Wing.

Thief River News: Ida Fangstrom, a fifteen year old girl, was taken to the state training school at Red Wing last week. The girl was convicted of stealing $20 from Miss Bertha Peterson before Judge Bishop last Friday, and upon the recommendation of County Attorney Germo, the girl was sent to Red Wing, where she will be placed under some restraint, and, it is to be hoped reformed.

The girl came to this city about a year ago from St. Hilaire with the family of Robert Fritz, being employed as a domestic in his family. Up to last fall she was said to have been a model young lady, but since that time she has been going with a rather wild set and was fast going to the bad. Her parents reside between St. Hilaire and Red Lake Falls, but the girl has supported herself for the past few years and never visited her home.

Dairy Meeting.

Farmers' dairy meeting will be held in St. Hilaire March 4th. Prominent speakers have been secured and the following subjects will be discussed:

Selection of seed grain.
Stock breeding.
Care and feed rations for the dairy cow. Dairying.
Crop rotation—to clear the soil of wild oats and weeds.
Agricultural education and centralization of rural schools.

Farmers should turn out at this meeting as it is for their benefit. Ask any question pertaining to farming and it will be answered free. Tell your neighbors about it—remember the date and be here March 4. Morning and afternoon session.

I will chide no brother in the world but myself, against whom I know most faults.—Shakespeare.

He alone has energy who cannot be deprived of it.—Lavater.

Order for Hearing on Claims, Etc.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—ss.
In Probate Court,
Special Term, February 14, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Charles Gustaf Bapp, deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of Charles Gustaf Bapp, deceased, late of the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, being granted to Oscar F. Post;

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 15th day of May, 1905, at one o'clock p. m., at a special term of said probate court, to be held at the Probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 14th day of February, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
[Seal] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.
(f18-4t-mch11)

CORN

If you are following the course of the markets closely you have undoubtedly noticed that Corn has lately taken its place among the active grains and is likely to sell very much higher, and if you are not in sympathy with Wheat at today's prices, you can afford to buy some May Corn, because there are certainly some great opportunities in such an investment if you will take hold on any little setback. The market is not only healthy, as it is heavily oversold, but so far as supplies and demands are concerned is in an exceptionally strong position. The big movement is over in Corn as it is in Wheat and Oats. At any rate, advices from the country show that seldom before on February 15th were farm reserves so small.

There are numerous reasons for the present low state of country supplies. The feeding began earlier because there was nothing carried over from the 1903 crop, and has been on a larger scale than ever before. Exports, too, have been larger, and it is expected that depletion of supplies will go on from these causes for some time to come. The price is still low, yet 10c under last year at this time. Why not make a purchase of May Corn as an investment? Everything indicates that you will be exercising good business judgment.

EDWARDS-WOOD CO.
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McCALL BAZAR PATTERNS 10¢ 15¢
All Seams Allowed and Perforations show the Basting and Sewing Lines.
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113-115-117 West 31st St., NEW YORK.

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RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA
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Interest Paid on Time Deposits.
Collections of all Kinds Given Prompt Attention.
Owner of the Abstract Books formerly owned by Sortedahl & Storaasli the only set of Abstract Books in Red Lake County.
SORTEDAHL & BJORNEBY, Bankers.

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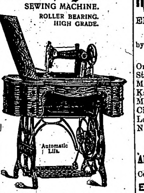

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Kansas City, Mo.	Evansville, Ind.
Memphis, Tenn.	Nashville, Tenn.
Cincinnati, Ohio.	Atlanta, Ga.
Louisville, Ky.	Jacksonville, Fla.
New Orleans, La.	Vicksburgh, Miss.

Weekly through service between Chicago and between Cincinnati
AND THE PACIFIC COAST.
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EAST, SOUTH,
WEST NORTH.
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A. H. HANSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt
Chicago, Ill

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

"Cold hands, warm heart;" but cold feet shows lack of sense. Good sense is shown by using a carriage heater. Sold by Otterness & Edstrom.

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We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at
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Apply to.....
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St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

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ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
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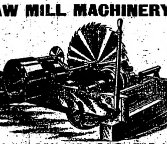

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Saw Mills	Engines
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We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

Delinquent Tax List...

for Red Lake County, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Red Lake. }

District Court,
Fourteenth Judicial District.

The State of Minnesota, to all persons, companies or corporations who have or claim any estate, right, title or interest in, claim to, or lien upon, any of the several pieces or parcels of land in the list hereto attached described:

The list of taxes and penalties on real property for the County of Red Lake remaining delinquent on the first Monday in January 1905, has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the County of Red Lake of which that hereto attached is a copy. Therefore you, and each of you, are hereby required to file in the office of said clerk, on or before the twentieth day after the publication of this notice and list, your answer in writing, setting forth any objection or defense you may have to the taxes, or any part thereof, upon any piece or parcel of land described in said list, in, to, or on which you have or claim any estate, right, title, interest, claim or lien, and in default thereof judgment will be entered against such piece or parcel of land for the taxes on said list appearing against it, and for all penalties, interest and costs.

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
Clerk of the District Court
of the County of Red Lake.

A List of Real Property, for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on which Taxes remained Delinquent on the First Monday in January, A. D., 1905:

ASSESSMENT DIST. NO. 2

Township 152, Range 39.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Ed B Johnson	lot 4	31	$31 53
Torger T Elton	lot 5	32	60

TOWN OF EQUALITY

Township 151, Range 40.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Ida Swanson	s½ se¼ and lots 1 and 2	1	$14 49
Olaf G Jore	s½ nw¼ and lots 3 and 4	3	15 23
Thomas Veitch	s½ nw¼ and lots 3 and 4	5	24 66
John L Bush	se¼ nw¼ and lots 2, 3, 4, 5	6	14 07
F E Sullivan,	ne¼	8	29 04
Halvor A Vingerud,	ne¼ ne¼	9	5 41
John Christie,	nw¼	9	28 47
Gust Reindal,	s½ sw¼ and s½ se¼	10	22 50
Ole S Brekeland,	w½ se¼	14	22 24
do	w½ ne¼	23	
Jens L Bolstad,	ne¼	21	22 88
Lars Senum,	sw¼	21	21 36
K K Sannes,	ne¼	22	19 37
Sever and Bertha Mooren	nw¼	22	22 83
Henry F Compton	s½ sw¼	29	
do	se¼ se¼	30	26 03
do	ne¼ ne¼	31	
Nes Johnson	lots 11 and 12	31	11 64
Frank L Compton	se¼ ne¼	31	12 77
do	lots 1 and 2	32	
Asbjor Aastad	se¼	33	21 91
John H Aakre Jr	sw¼	34	17 74
Knud O Krossen	ne¼	35	14 01
Gunder Knutson	se¼	35	10 01
Ole Torkjelson	sw¼	35	18 84
Unknown	se¼ sw¼ and lot 4	18	9 50
do	s½ se¼	18	5 70
do	ne¼	19	5 70
do	e½ nw¼ and lts 1, 2	19	9 50

Township 152, Range 40.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Aslak Thompson	w½ se¼ and se¼ se¼	26	11 60
Martin Gilbertson	se¼ se¼ and lots 4 and 5	27	15 71
Martin Gilbertson	ne¼ ne¼	34	
Ralph H Green	sw¼ sw¼ and lots 6, 7, 8	32	25 37
O G Lundan	sw¼	35	21 32

TOWN OF LAMBERT

Township 150, Range 41.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
E D Salverson	e½ sw¼, se¼ nw¼ and lot 3	1	$22 05
Annie O'Neil	ne¼ sw¼, s½ nw¼ and lot 3	2	22 57
Marceline Lajambe	w½ se¼, sw¼ ne¼ and lot 2	5	31 00
Eugene Beaucharal	e½ se¼ se ¼ ne¼ and lot 1	6	25 37
Simon Bernier	w½ e½ sw¼ and w½ se¼ nw¼	8	11 33
Simon Bernier	w½ sw¼ and sw¼ nw¼	8	19 70
Unknown	s½ nw¼	9	14 64
K L White	nw¼	10	23 83
C H Halvorson	ne¼	11	19 37
Unknown	se¼	11	24 20
Omund T Vigen	sw¼ ne¼	12	6 43
George Charest	n½ ne¼ and se¼ ne¼	13	39 60
George Charest	e½ sw¼	13	20 98
Joseph Fortier	n½ ne¼ and se ¼ ne¼	14	35 79
Treffle Daoust	63x78 ft of ne¼ nw¼	15	1 54
Eug Lambert	52x208 ft in nw¼ ne¼	15	46
Simon Bernier	nw¼ nw¼ and w½ ne¼ nw¼	17	8 92
Fortuna Bourque	sw¼ sw¼	17	
do	e½ se¼ and sw¼ se¼	18	31 16
Peter Burk	se¼ sw¼ and lot 4	18	13 07
Ferdinand Tuogeon	se¼	20	25 92
Augusta E Lockwood	se¼	22	21 45
Rudolph Warburg	ne¼	28	24 89
Nicholas Holzmer	ne¼	29	22 57
W E McKenlie	se¼	30	23 66
Gottieb Hofer	e½ nw¼ and lots 1 and 2	31	29 49
O L Bolstad	se¼	31	30 32
do	e½ sw¼ and lots 3 and 4	31	33 53
John Plante	ne¼	32	24 70
Joseph Morisette	sw¼	32	32 85
Hugues Dery	sw¼	35	21 36
John Evenson	se¼ sw¼ and sw¼ se¼	36	11 24

TOWN OF GARNES

Township 151, Range 41.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Charles Germo	s½ nw¼ and lots 3 and 4	2	$9 02
John Larson	se¼	3	19 89
Ole H Haaven	w½ sw¼, se¼ sw¼ and lots 2 and 3	4	15 67
Unknown	s½ sw¼	5	6 86
Torger O Lofthus	e½ se¼ and e½ ne¼	7	31 20
Unknown	ne¼ sw¼ and lots 3 & 4	7	17 22
do	e½ ne¼	7	5 15
do	n½ nw¼	8	6 86
Haaken H Haaven	sw¼	8	28 27
Elsie Haaven	s½ se¼ and s½ sw¼	9	13 72
Unknown	lots 1 and 5	14	14 70
Carl F Haakenson	ne¼	14	27 07
Unknown	n½ nw¼	15	6 86
do	s½ nw¼	15	10 29
do	sw¼	15	27 45
do	nw¼	16	17 14
do	ne¼	16	17 14
do	se¼	16	27 45
do	s½ sw¼	16	13 72
do	n½ sw¼	16	13 72
do	ne¼ ne¼	18	6 86
do	ne¼ se¼	20	6 86
do	sw¼ sw¼	22	5 14
do	se¼ se¼	22	6 25
do	ne¼ nw¼	24	3 49
Espeseth & Rorang	e½ ne¼ and e½ se¼ (exc 1 acre)	26	23 95
Walter P Stone	w½ se¼	26	12 72
Unknown	e½ nw¼	27	8 56
Ewing & Murphy	ne¼ ne¼	29	7 89
Unknown	ne¼ sw¼	29	1 71
do	nw¼ se¼	29	1 78
P E Strandy	lot 4	30	3 42
Unknown	e½ nw¼ and lots 1 & 2	30	25 82
Ole and John Olson	se¼	31	16 73
do	s½ ne¼, se¼ nw¼ and ne¼ sw¼	31	17 77
Ole and John Olson	lots 1, 2, 3 & 4	31	15 17
Unknown	ne¼ ne¼	33	2 28
do	e½ ne¼	34	9 12
M McKinnon	ne¼	36	12 75
do	se¼	36	12 75
O N Skomedal	s½ sw¼	36	6 60
Amund T Vigen	sw¼	36	15 02
John Weduel	lot 3	19	6 63
do	lots 5, 6 and 9	30	
Palmer Erickson	e½ sw¼ and lots 7 and 8	30	8 09

TOWN OF POPLAR RIVER

Township 150, Range 42.
Years for which taxes are due 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
J N Miller	se¼	3	$11 19
E H Bjoin	sw¼ nw¼ and lots 3 & 4	4	18 74
Narcisse H Martineau	sw¼ ne¼ and lot 2	5	8 75
Narcisse Martineau	w½ se¼	7	8 65
Marceline Lussier	w½ se¼	10	8 24
do	w½ ne¼	15	
John B Cyr	e½ ne¼ and e½ se¼	11	13 72
Oliver Parrides	n½ se¼, ne¼ sw¼ and lot 3	18	18 32
Louis Boire	se¼ ne¼ & ne¼ se¼	20	12 95
do	sw¼ nw¼ & nw¼ sw¼	21	
H B Wells	ne¼	25	16 53
Christian Hallas	nw¼	25	16 70
H B Wells	se¼	25	16 53
Christian Hallas	sw¼	25	16 53
J W McGinty	se¼	26	20 32
Charles E Long	ne¼	32	50 90
Rock Fortier	nw¼	34	12 28
Frank Bissoneau	sw¼	34	10 41
J W McGinty	ne¼	35	18 16

TOWN OF EMARDVILLE

Township 151, Range 42.
Years for which taxes are due. 1903

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Engebert Pederson	lots 3 and 4	1	$7 08
J C Wilkinson	lots 1 and 2	2	3 61
M O Sortedahl	s½ nw¼ and lots 3 and 4	2	14 37
Emma F Marshall	s½ sw¼	5	30 63
do	n½ nw¼	8	
Little Falls & Dak Ry	lot 4	7	9 35
Andrew O Helland	e½ se¼	10	6 95
Nels S Helland	w½ se¼	10	7 75
Unknown	nw¼ ne¼	11	1 71
L P Hunt	ne¼	15	7 92
Ed L Healy	nw¼	17	9 48
Amel H Reker	ne¼	18	25 37
Unknown	lot 2	19	3 22
Hans T Gulbrason	s½ sw¼	20	5 74
Tom Pederson	ne¼	21	14 49
Hilmer P Larson	ne¼	24	46 03
Adolph Carpenter	se¼	25	16 32
Paul G Ostby	sw¼	27	8 78
Hans T Gulbranson	n½ nw¼	29	4 22
Carl E Asp	w½ nw¼	33	8 38
Getrude Zeb	e½ sw¼ and n½ se¼	30	19 25
L P Hunt	s½ se¼	30	9 25
do	n½ ne¼	31	
Schoenauer & Luxemburger	ne¼ nw¼ and lot 2	31	8 97
J K O Sherwood	se¼ nw¼	31	4 63
A O Lee	e½ se¼	29	8 78
do	n½ ne¼	32	
Charles Olson	s½ ne¼	36	8 78

TOWN OF WYANDOTTE

Township 152, Range 42.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Wm H Mathews	lot 2	3	$4 81
Gabriel Wilson et al	ne¼	3	15 01
Aasine Olson	nw¼	9	37 91
Lars P Brandrud	sw¼	9	32 31
Healy & Brown	lot 1	13	31 07
do	lots 1, 2 and 3	24	
Mary Weiss	sw¼	17	29 15
Ole T Omoth	lot 4	18	5 27
Mary E Hitchcock	nw¼	23	43 00
Hanna Erickson	e½ se¼	30	10 97
Unknown	se¼ sw¼	30	5 86
do	ne¼ se¼	31	5 86
do	nw¼ sw¼	32	5 86
Guttorm G Otterness	nw¼	36	12 51

ASSESSMENT DISTRICT NO. 1

Township 153, Range 42.
Years for which taxes are due. 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Unknown	lots 1 and 3	18	$21 89
Wm H Mathews	lot 1	20	1 71

TOWN OF TERREBONNE

Township 150, Range 43.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Ester Archambeault	53½ A s of n 53½ A of se¼	7	$9 03
John Clement	n½ ne¼ and n½ sw¼	8	28 14
Arsze St Yves	se¼ nw¼ and 20 A of n½ sw¼	8	8 92
Hokanna Prenevost	se¼	10	40 34
Amedee Wolfe	1 A of nw¼ nw¼	11	2 57
Warner & Andrus	w½ se¼	13	20 62
Merchants State Bank, R L F	ne¼ nw¼ and nw¼ ne¼	16	23 49
Merchants State Bank, R L F	se¼ ne¼	16	11 13
Albert Smith	w½ se¼	19	6 03
W E Brown	ne¼ se¼	19	4 55
Little Falls & Dak Ry Co	sw¼ sw¼	20	6 51
Unknown	se¼ ne¼	21	15 40
Laurent Gagner	n½ sw¼ and se¼ sw¼	23	44 70
Laurent Gagner	ne¼ nw¼	26	
Warner & Andrus	n½ ne¼	24	16 63
Charles Germo	ne¼	29	32 23
Alfred Helling	nw¼	29	56 69
Ahle Baker	e½ nw¼ and lot 2	30	13 57
Warner & Andrus	e ½ nw¼ and lots 1 and 2	31	18 05
Marcus Maurin	lots 3 and 4	31	9 04
W E Brown	nw¼	32	26 97
Disk DeGraf	ne¼	33	82 99

TOWNSITE OF TERREBONNE

Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Lot	Block	Total Tax and Penalty
Nap Rapin	19	20	$ 07
do	17	2	08
do	18	2	08
Isadore Fortier	13	5	08
do	14	5	08

TOWN OF GERVAIS

Township 151, Range 43.
Yeras for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Joseph Rose	lots 11 and 14	8	$6 82
F X Caillier	lot 10	8	2 03
Delphine Rose	w½ sw¼ and lots 1, 2 and 3	9	18 17
Unknown	s½ sw¼	11	6 44
do	nw¼ sw¼	13	6 44
Little Falls & Dak Ry Co	se¼ se¼	13	12 76
Henry M Martinson	nw¼	14	38 11
do	sw¼	14	38 11
Unknown	s½ ne¼ and nw¼ ne¼	14	19 32
do	ne¼	15	6 44
D E and Ella Cheadle	w½ nw¼	16	9 94
Ed L Healy	lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10	18	9 07
Henry Tillman	se¼ se¼	21	5 37
Unknown	ne¼ ne¼	22	1 61
Henry Tillman	se¼ nw¼	22	6 61
do	sw¼	22	28 22
Louis Martell	n½ sw¼ and nw¼ se¼	27	21 05
Louis Martell	ne¼ se¼	28	5 10
L P Hunt	s½ se¼, nw¼ se¼ and se¼ sw¼	29	12 46
J K Sherwood	e½ nw¼ and e½ sw¼	30	26 37
do	w½ se¼ and se¼ se¼	30	18 67
Onezime Lacoursiere	sw¼ ne¼	31	4 03
H J Kaufer	n½ ne¼ and n½ nw¼	34	23 73
Louis Myren	s½ se¼	34	11 70
do	s½ sw¼	35	13 20
Samuel D Godbout	n½ sw¼	35	13 20

TOWN OF RIVER FALLS

Township 152, Range 43.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
S G Brooks	nw¼	9	$32 04
do	w½ ne¼	9	13 25
Unknown	e½ nw¼	11	12 28
Andrew Bjoinquist	se¼ ne¼ and ne¼ se¼	16	7 19
Henry Reese	s½ ne¼	18	17 81
do	e½ se¼	18	21 35
Magnilda Blevig	sw¼	22	36 62
Unknown	se¼ sw¼	25	4 88
R O Nelson	sw¼ ne¼	27	8 85
Olaus E Ubol	w½ sw¼ and lot 7	29	20 39
do	se¼ se¼	30	
Rebecca S Brown	ne¼ se¼	30	5 23
Valentyne & Healy	ne¼ ne¼	31	2 62
C G Edwards	se¼ ne¼	31	5 23
Edwin M English	e½ nw¼ and lots 1 and 2	31	9 81
Edwin M English	e½ sw¼ and lots 3 and 4	31	10 16
Jacob H Housman	e½ ne¼, nw¼ ne¼ and lots 1 and 4	32	21 44
Valentyne & Healy	w½ nw¼ and lots 2 and 3	32	8 62
Unknown	w½ ne¼	33	5 87
do	e½	36	31 20

TOWN OF ROCKSBURY

Township 153, Range 43.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Unknown	sw¼ nw¼	2	$14 95
do	se¼ sw¼ and sw¼ se¼	2	35 88
Halvor E Olson	w½ nw¼ and lots 3 and 4 (exc R of W)	9	29 04
Unknown	sw¼ ne¼	11	15 87
Unknown	sw¼ nw¼	12	14 59
do	nw¼ sw¼	12	14 95
do	s½ sw¼	12	34 39
do	sw¼ se¼	12	17 94
do	lot 1	13	19 44

TOWN OF ROCKSBURY

Township 153, Range 43.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Ronag Torgerson	s½ nw¼ and w½ sw¼	15	18 40
O A Aubol	lot 5	16	6 39
Mary J Calloway	n½ ne¼, sw¼ ne¼ and lot 2	17	18 56
Carrie J Kordal	ne¼ se¼, se¼ ne¼ and lots 1 and 2	32	30 07
do	nw¼ nw¼ & n½ sw¼	33	

Crocker, Cundy and Nelson's 1st Addition to St. Hilaire.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
St Hilaire Lbr Co lots 47 to 58 inclusive		1	$ 69
E E Brown	4	2	06
Charley Thompson	3	6	1 29
Andrew Norander lots 20 to 22 inclusive		7	1 56
Andrew Norander	24	7	16
Denis Short		39	08

TOWN OF ORTH

Township 154, Range 43.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
John Smith	e½ nw¼ and lots 1 & 2	18	$17 54
Knud Knudson	lots 1 and 2	19	23 65
Flora A Daniels	e½ sw¼ and lots 3 and 4	19	61 02
Ezra C Eshelby	se¼ sw¼	21	10 65
Jens Barteison	sw¼ sw¼	21	10 65
Gust E Fevig	w½ nw¼	28	32 52

P Meehan's Addition to Thief River Falls.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
P Meehan	3	3	$2 82
do	4	3	2 82
do	5		2 82
do	6	3	2 82
do	7	3	2 82
do	8	3	2 82
do	12	3	3 54
M V Evenson	1	5	3 54
P Meehan	4	5	4 21
First State Bank of T R F	5	5	3 55
F Meehan	6	5	3 54

TOWN OF LAKE PLEASANT

Township 150, Range 44.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Desire Lacoursiere	sw¼	3	$44 96
K L White	e½ sw¼ and lots 3 & 4	7	16 73
H H Tompkins	se¼	7	28 87
Bernhard Lindersdorf	sw¼	11	39 63
Evangelist Quesnell	s½ ne¼ and s½ nw¼	12	39 95
Felicite Ducharmes	½ se¼	12	14 26
Caleb K Colby (adm)	nw¼	13	19 58
Jane B Eddy	nw¼ (ex Ry r of w)	15	23 28
Mrs J M Smart	nw¼	17	30 31
Warner & Andrus	se¼	18	29 44
George Luxemburger	nw¼	24	17 35
M T O Brien	se¼ (ex Ry r of w)	28	21 09
John H Hunter	sw¼	29	13 94
Thomas S Lowry	se¼	31	21 68
Warner & Andrus	ne¼	32	21 69
John V Hartman	ne¼	35	22 07

TOWN OF RED LAKE FALLS

Township 151, Range 44.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Tatol Tax and Penalty
Johan J Busse	e½ se¼ (ex Ry of w)	1	$33 29
do	e½ ne¼ do	12	
Wm Marleau	s½ ne¼ and lots 1 & 2	3	28 85
August C Spilker	sw¼ se¼	3	
do	w½ ne¼ and ne¼ ne¼	10	31 55
Morris Healy	se¼	4	15 87
H M Kaus	ne¼	7	21 35
L C Simons	e½ nw¼ and lots 1 & 2	7	17 66
Ed L Healy	ne¼	8	18 44
Mary Rose	e½ ne¼ (ex 1 acre)	11	17 18
Ernest Buse	lot 5	17	2 03
Pierre Emard Jr	w½ sw¼ (ex 11 acres) and 5 acres in e½ sw¼	24	13 37
Eli Emard trustee	e½ se¼	24	13 03
E E and Millie Fletcher	lot 6 and a strip 3x20 ch wide of lot 7	24	9 39
J B Armstrong	part of lots 4 & 5	24	6 43
Paul Cyr	e½ sw¼ and lots 3 and 4 (ex 6 acres)	30	12 11
Nels Bjergo	se¼ and e½ sw¼	31	33 92
Pierre Sancarter	se¼ ne¼	36	5 13
Amedee Jolly	e½ se¼	36	10 94

TOWN OF BLACK RIVER

Township 152, Range 44.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivison of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
G H Sandum	s½ nw¼ & lots 3 & 4	3	$43 92
Peter A Eckstrom	ne¼	7	12 33
P A Sharp	e½ nw¼ and lots 1 & 2	7	10 63
August D Schulze	e½ sw¼ and lots 3 & 4	7	16 60
W E Brown	ne¼	10	33 32
Ditlew M Frederickson	sw¼	10	32 30
W E Brown	ne¼	11	30 71
J K O Sherwood	w½ nw¼ and w½ sw¼ (ex Ry r of w)	13	32 14
J A Duffy	sw¼ sw¼	16	3 04
Claus Adolphson	sw¼	17	12 62
Michael Draeger	se¼	18	5 72
Andrew Dreelan	e½ sw¼ and lots 3 & 4 (ex Ry r of w)	19	25 88
S A Swanson	s½ sw¼	20	8 95
Michael Draeger	nw¼ and n½ sw¼ (ex Ry r of w)	20	10 45
Ida Swanson	nw¼ (ex Ry r of w)	21	22 40
W G Vandenburgh	sw¼	23	10 79
S W Lee	ne¼ (ex Ry r of w)	25	28 82
do	ne¼	26	31 14
Ingri Swanson	nw¼	26	13 79
Peter Swanson	se¼	26	14 49
do	ne¼	27	14 87
S A Swanson	nw¼	27	16 73
Peter A Nelson	sw¼	27	21 32
L S Wagoner	se¼	28	17 01
Valerie G Prior	e½ nw¼ and lots 1 & 2	31	30 27
Simons & Duffy	nw¼ (ex 1 acre)	33	16 70
Robert Ford	sw¼	33	15 14
Emilie Richard	nw¼	34	24 48
H M Martinson	se¼	34	27 28
Conrad Nauman	sw¼	35	13 75
Edward Enright	sw¼	36	13 39

TOWN OF SANDERS

Township 153, Range 44.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Wilhelmina Just	se¼	2	$27 28
Unknown	sw¼ nw¼	2	5 21
A F George	sw¼ nw¼ and lot 4	3	19 53

Town of Sanders
Years for which taxes are due, 1899.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
L K Scroggin	s½ ne¼, nw¼ ne¼ and ne¼ nw¼	7	12 42

Town of Sanders
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Warren C Spurgeon	ne¼	9	45 34
Unknown	e½ nw¼	9	10 49
A D Stephens	sw¼	11	20 35
W E C Ross	se¼	11	20 35
J O Thorstad	se¼	12	31 59
Erick Hard	ne¼	15	28 02
J M Olson	sw¼ sw¼	16	10 91
C C Wax	e½ se¼, nw¼ se¼ and se¼ ne¼	18	17 64
Farm Land Co	sw¼ se¼ and se¼ sw¼	20	14 12
Healy & Brown	sw¼	22	55 02
N G Stark	se¼	22	31 78
A N Lehman	n½ nw¼, sw¼ nw¼ and nw¼ sw¼	24	12 41
J K O Sherwood	se¼	26	37 63
John Brandvold	s½ sw¼	27	26 84
do	ne¼ nw¼	34	
Halvor Olson	ne¼ sw¼	27	4 71
K O Sahdrum	s½ ne¼	28	19 86
Fred E Rux	e½ ne¼	29	12 92
J A Anderson	sw¼	32	17 67
Elias Swanson	nw¼ nw¼	34	8 96

Town of Sanders
Years for which taxes are due, 1902 and 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Unknown	se¼ sw¼	35	16 00

TOWN OF NORDEN

Township 154, Range 44.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
John Brateng	n½ sw¼	7	$12 90
Ole Olson	sw¼	9	21 79
John Blom	n½ se¼, se¼ se¼ and ne¼ sw¼	10	21 61
Lewis Lee	n½ se¼	11	7 62
Hans O Knudtson	e½ ne¼ and e½ se¼	14	11 16
Peter Anderson	e½ sw¼	14	7 99
Ole O Nesja	e½ nw¼	16	9 77
John Blom	nw¼ nw¼	16	4 66
John F Carlson	sw¼ nw¼	16	4 88
Halvor Erickson	e½ ne¼ and n½ se¼	23	19 19
Thos A King	sw¼ ne¼, se¼ nw¼ and ne¼ sw¼	23	5 72
Knud Knudson	e½ ne¼	24	19 81
Ole A Aubol	w½ ne¼ and s½ nw¼	24	16 51
Johan Johanneson	e½ nw¼, sw¼ nw¼ and nw¼ sw¼	27	14 41
August Soderburg	s½ sw¼	28	6 71
John A Wig	w½ ne¼ and e½ nw¼	31	16 68

Town of Norden
Years for which taxes are due, 1902 and 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Olaf A Wig	e½ sw¼ and lots 3 & 4	31	29 76

Town of Norden
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Ole Simonson	se¼ ne¼	34	6 63
Unknown	s½ sw¼	34	10 64
L E Jones	n½ nw¼	36	14 70

TOWN OF LOUISVILLE

Township 151, Range 45.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
L P Hunt	se¼	1	$7 62
Edwin Neil	lot 3	3	4 21
do	ne¼ sw¼	3	4 21
Davie Neil	se¼ ne¼ and lot 1	4	10 65
James Cassavant	se¼	4	13 90
John Grove	e½ se¼ (ex 20 acres Ry r of w and gravel pit)	5	9 48
Philomena Boivin	w½ se¼ (ex Ry r of w)	6	8 04
St P M & M Ry Co	e½ sw¼ and lots 3 & 4	7	20 65
St P M & M Ry Co	se¼	7	21 80
John Grove	ne¼	9	19 38
St P M & M Ry Co	sw¼	9	19 38
Joseph Marcotte	e½ ne¼ and n½ se¼ (ex Ry r of w)	10	16 24
Clorintha Berry	s½ sw¼ and s½ e½	10	16 44
Peter Raymond Jr	nw¼	12	18 17
Celas Raymond	sw¼ (ex Ry r of w)	12	16 38
Wm Findeisen	se¼	14	13 73
St P M & M Co	ne¼	15	23 63
do	nw¼	15	23 63
do	se¼	15	23 63
do	ne¼	19	16 07
Denis Lizotte	n½ ne¼ and sw¼ ne¼	20	13 23
St P M & M Ry Co	ne¼	21	21 88
do	nw¼ nw¼	21	6 87
do	sw¼	21	23 27
do	se¼	21	20 53
Minn & St Cloud Ry Co	e½ nw¼ and sw¼ nw¼	21	16 41
W E Kelsey	lot 3	25	4 59
Ed L Healy	lot 11	26	4 00
F T Day	lots 7, 9 and 10	26	18 58
Benj Dolbeck	sw¼	28	17 44
Edward Lacoursiere	se¼ se¼	29	5 24
Julia Lizotte	n½ ne¼ and n½ nw¼	32	17 57
Alphonse Darwin	se¼	33	29 58
Ramie Darwin	e½ sw¼ and lots 4, 5 and 6	33	28 85
Alphonse Darwin	lots 7 and 8	33	6 56
Chas F Elvidge	nw¼	34	26 43
do	sw¼	34	26 43
St P M & M Ry Co	nw¼ sw¼	35	6 12
Emilie Lemieux	e½ sw¼ and sw¼ sw¼	35	19 66

TOWN OF POLK CENTER

Township 152, Range 45
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Pnealty
St P M & M Ry Co	ne¼	3	$16 18
do	se¼	3	16 72
do	s½ nw¼ and lots 3 & 4	5	16 49
John Grove	ne¼ se¼	5	4 19
Minn & St Cloud Ry Co	lot 2	7	4 46
do	se¼ sw¼	8	4 19
John Grove	ne¼ se¼	9	3 53
Johnson & Ecklund	und ½ of sw¼ ne¼	9	2 10
Carl A Melin	sw¼ and e½ se¼ nw¼	9	21 36
Hanna Nelson	sw¼	10	15 33
N C Campbell	w½ sw¼ and se¼ sw¼	15	12 55
N C Campbell	n½ se¼	15	8 37
do	s½ se¼	15	10 92
St P M & M Ry Co	ne¼	17	16 92
do	nw¼	17	16 92
do	sw¼	17	16 92
do	se¼	17	16 92
S A Swanson	ne¼	18	15 69
F T Bernent	e½ sw¼ and lots 3 & 4	19	22 73
do	se¼	19	22 04
Israel Rabie	e½ ne¼ and sw¼ ne¼	20	9 30
John Grove	w½ nw¼ and nw¼ sw¼	23	17 42
W E Brown	se¼	28	24 80
L J Duffy & N E Gaass	e½ ne¼	29	11 90
John Grove	sw¼ and w½ se¼ (ex 1 acre)	29	33 05
Mpls & St Cloud Ry Co	sw¼ ne¼	29	5 51
Joe Laurent	n½ se¼	30	9 88
J W Wheeler	s½ se¼	30	9 69
Wm Muschick	e½ nw¼ and lots 1 & 2	31	22 88
Wm Muschick	e½ sw¼ and lots 3 & 4	31	22 88
Wm Muschick	se¼	31	22 04
do	ne¼	31	22 04
Ida Coe	se¼ (ex 4 acres)	32	18 81
City of Grand Forks	4 acres of se¼ se¼	32	92

TOWN OF BRAY

Township 153, Range 45.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
-saac H Elliott	sw¼	2	$16 75
Reker & Spurr	s½ nw¼ and lots 3 & 4	4	16 75
St P M & M Ry Co	e½ nw¼ and lots 1 & 2	7	14 07
Reker & Spurr	sw¼	8	13 98
do	nw¼	10	16 84
John Grove	w½ sw¼	15	8 38
Julius Pleth	sw¼ nw¼	15	4 19
A P Miller	sw¼	16	13 95
G N Ry Co	w½ ne¼	17	6 98
St P M & M Ry Co	e½ ne¼	17	6 98
do	[illegible]	17	7 01
do	[illegible]	17	7 01
do	[illegible] and lots 3 & 4	19	13 86
Reker & Spurr	[illegible]	20	14 18

[illegible] Bray
Years for which taxes are due 1902 and 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Caroline Halvorson	e½ sw¼	20	14 02

Town of Bray
Years for which taxes are due. 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
F M Meister	nw¼	25	12 83
Amel H Reker	sw¼	26	15 07
do	se¼	26	17 58
John Grove	w½ sw¼	27	7 18
St P M & M Ry Co	n½ nw¼	27	7 18
do	sw¼ ne¼	27	4 30
Carrie Crown	sw¼	28	11 27
St P M & M Ry Co	se¼	29	13 98
Chas E Misner	e½ sw¼ and lots 3 & 4	30	14 90
Axel F Kron	e½ nw¼ and e½ sw¼	32	13 01
Chas C Eklund	ne¼ ne¼	35	3 40
Anna Eklund	se¼ ne¼ and ne¼ se¼	35	7 52
Henry C Sattle	nw¼	35	17 67
C C Ecklund	n½ sw¼ and se¼ sw¼	36	12 29

TOWN OF NUMEDAL

Township 154, Range 45.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Subdisision of section	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
W C Spurgin	nw¼	13	$15 16
John W Bugge	ne¼	14	12 40
Peter J Bugge	nw¼	14	13 72
John Stone	e½ sw¼ and lots 3 & 4	18	13 72
Nels G Otterness	ne¼ se¼	18	3 88
Matie Weeks	ne¼	22	18 06
C L & H G Dobner	ne¼	24	7 02
Erick Albue	commencing 110 rods s of ne cor of the nw¼ sec 25-154-45, thence s 50 rods, w 160 rods, n 110 rods, southeasterly to place of beginning	25	6 25
Peter H Swandsen	ne¼	26	13 54
Ole E Remmigen	nw¼	26	13 22
John Olson	se¼	26	13 22
Nils Berggren	sw¼	26	13 06
Ole Simonson	se¼	30	8 22

VILLAGE OF ST. HILAIRE

Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Sec	Town	Rg	Total Tax and Penalty
Martin McAndress vacated blk 81	6	152	43	$ 53
Ed Flamme part of gov lot 7 (blk 4 and ⅔ of blk 11	6	152	43	9 57

ORIGINAL TOWNSITE OF ST. HILAIRE

Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
St Halaire Townsite Co	1	24	$5 27
do	2	24	57
do	10	24	5 27
Mary Swanson	8	25	4 95
W A Sorsoleil	11	25	1 43
do	12	25	15 53
Alfred Dainard	13	26	73
do	14	26	3 07
do	15	26	72
P G Paradis	23	27	1 43
do	24	27	10 84
St Hilaire Lbr Co	8	35	5 57
J B & S Aug	23	35	5 27
do	24	35	57
St Hilaire Townsite Co	9	36	86
do	10	36	86
J K Hanney lots 20 21 and	22	39	117 56
Rebecca S Brown	5	40	17 22
Hagbarth Sarvold	9	40	17 22
St Hilaire Townsite Co	15	41	57
do	3	47	10 63
do	4	47	10 64
do	5	47	10 64
do	6	47	10 64
do	7	47	10 64
do	8	47	10 64
Mrs Theresa Whaley	12	47	14 55
St Hilaire Creamery Assn lots 13, 14, 15 and	16	48	13 61
C M Larson	13	50	14 82
do	14	50	14 82
St Hilaire Townsite Co	13	51	1 43
do	14	51	1 43
C A Skele	16	51	16 19
J E and B E Burkee	1	52	72 54
do	2	52	11 48
L K Kolstad	4	52	18 55
J L Johnson	9	52	8 10
Laura Eickhoff	1	53	34 01
do	2	53	30
do	3	53	30

VILLAGE OF ST. HILAIRE

Original Townsite of St. Hilaire.
Years for which taxes are due 1903.

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Laura Eickhoff	4	53	[illegible]
do	5	53	[illegible]
do	6	53	[illegible]
do	7	53	[illegible]
St Hilaire Townsite Co	10	55	11
do	11	55	11
do	all	90	77
do	all	91	[illegible]
do	all	92	[illegible]

St. Hilaire Townsite Co's First Addition to Hilaire.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
St Hilaire Townsite Co 24 lots	all	79	2 73

St. Hilaire Townsite Co's Second Addition to St. Hilaire.
Years for which taxes are due, 1901 and 1903.

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Vernes & Strand	5	17	2 10
do	6	17	4 06

Village of St. Hilaire
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Herman C Adams	6	30	5 57
do	7	30	86
Arne J Loe	21	30	2 64
Ole J Loe	22	30	30
do	23	30	30
do	24	30	30

Ives' Addition to St Hilaire.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Nwner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
P H Anderson	6	2	7 45
Katie Collins	2	3	26 26
Rasmus H Foss	8	3	3 78
D Patterson	19	3	1 43
do	20	3	1 43

Kolstad's Subdivision of Lot 11, Sec 6-Township 152-Rge 43.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
John L Hagseth	6		5 00
do	7		30

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS

Township 154, Range 43.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Sec	Total Tax and Penalty
Bertha Crawford, 90-100 acres of lot 4	33	34
Albert Johnson 1 acre of lot 4	33	34
Unknown Beg 3330 ft e of nw cor of sw¼ sec 34 thence south about 80 rods, west about 40 rods north about 80 rods and east about 40 rods, being a part of ne¼ sw¼ 24-154-43.... 29.90 acres	34	5 58

ORIGINAL TOWNSITE OF THIEF RIVER FALLS

Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Kettel Knudson	11	2	$1 11
do	12	2	1 11
do	13	2	1 37
Joseph Westerlien	7	3	2 23
do	8	3	2 23
do	9	3	18 79
M V Evenson	5	4	2 23
do	6	4	2 23
John Soderburg	7	4	2 23
do	8	4	18 79
do	9	4	2 23
Alice B Kratka	5	5	2 23
Jessie W LaBree	9	11	1 96
do	10	11	1 96
do	11	11	1 96
do	12	11	2 23
A C Gifford	17	11	1 37
Carrie Sorenson	19	12	1 96
do	20	12	1 96
do	21	12	1 96
do	22	12	1 96
do	23	12	17 17
do	24	12	2 23
Martha Rogers	13	13	2 81
do	14	13	20 80
do	15	13	2 81
C J Knox	11	14	1 65
do	12	14	1 65
do	1	15	1 11
do	2	15	1 11
Anton Skog	17	15	1 65
do	18	15	1 65
C J Knox	1	17	6 89
R J McDonald	6	18	1 37
C M Wejmar	22	18	2 23
do	23	18	18 79
do	24	18	2 81
Anna Heasly	7	19	2 23
do	8	19	9 11
do	9	19	2 23
R J McDonald	12	19	2 81
K M Hansen	16	19	1 39
do	17	19	1 41
do	18	19	12 46
C J Knox	15	21	8 40
Stella Olson	16	21	7 48
R J McDonald	5	26	1 37
do	6	26	1 37
N K Olson	8	27	6 06
C M Evenson	9	27	1 96
do	10	27	1 96
do	11	27	24 06
do	12	27	2 81
Anna C Cheely	9	28	8 34
Daisy L Kratka	11	29	8 34
do	12	29	9 63
T G Thompson	20	29	4 89
do 28 ft w of e 24 ft of lots 21, 22, 23 and	24	29	11 67
Olaf Olson	10	30	2 81
do	11	30	2 81
do	12	30	3 33
Alice B Kratka	13	30	14 75
do	14	30	13 39
J M Bishop	16	30	8 34
C F Wisner	22	31	3 75
Daisy L Kratka	3	34	3 23
do	4	34	3 23
Peter Eberhardt	8	34	11 84
W A Kratka	7	35	5 55
do	8	35	5 55
do	9	35	5 55
do	10	35	5 55
do	11	35	5 55
do	12	35	6 89
Evenson Bros	11	37	23 46
do	12	37	23 46
Johan Sunderborg	20	39	1 11
do	21	39	1 11
do	22	39	5 55
John Soderberg	23	39	1 11
do	24	39	2 99
Elizabeth Wood	15	41	60
do	16	41	60
J M Sponsel	18	43	46
Chas Thompson	3	54	8 26
do	4	54	1 37
Dobner, Dobner & Staples	22	57	3 44
do	23	57	3 44
do	24	57	4 14
Alice B Kratka	1	58	4 44
do	2	58	4 10
do	3	58	4 10
do	9	58	4 10
Daisy L Kratka	10	58	4 10
Peter Eberhardt	18	58	29 30
Alice B Kratka	10	59	4 44
do	11	59	4 10
do	12	59	28 93
do	13	59	4 10
do	14	59	4 10
do lots 15 and	16	59	21 20
do	17	59	3 33
do	18	59	2 81
P Meehan	4	60	86
Chas F Misner	3	61	7 04
do	4	61	2 23
W A Kratka	4	63	6 89
do	5	63	6 89
Bertha Adolph	7	63	3 44
Chas F Wisner	8	63	4 08
C J Knox	13	63	4 13
D B Bakke	15	64	5 55
do	16	64	12 30
George Parenteau	26	64	7 17
Anna Kretzschmar	30	64	83
C L and H G Dobner	1	67	1 11
do	2	67	6 06
S M Archibald	1	68	86
do	2	68	86
do	3	68	86
do	4	68	86
Thos Milsom	18	68	86
S M Archibald	23	68	86
do	24	68	86
do	25	68	86
dd	26	68	86
do	27	68	86

Hemmingson's Addition to Thief River Falls.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
John Soderberg	1	1	1 37
do	2	1	1 11
de	6	1	1 11
do	10	1	4 83
do	11	1	1 11
do	12	1	1 37
C M Peterson	3	2	3 43
do	4	2	3 43
do	5	2	11 69
do	6	2	3 43

Years for which taxes are due, 1900 and 1903.

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Hans L Hanson	10	2	3 43

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS

Hemmingson's Addition to Thief River Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Hans L Hanson	11	2	10 38
do	12	2	3 43
Hans Peterson	11	3	86
do	12	3	86
John Hemmingson	9	6	86
Alex Thoreson	16	6	3 18
Hemming Hemmingson	19	6	3 18
do	20	6	[illegible]
do	21	6	3 18
do	22	6	3 18
Sven Gunderson	7	7	1 11
do	8	7	1 11
Nils A Bergene	11	7	1 11
Marit Hanson	20	7	6 38
do	21	7	86
John Soderberg	9	8	1 11

Porter's Addition to Thief River Falls.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Jas Meehan Jr	8	2	4 36
do	9	2	16 [illegible]
Walburga Zeh	7	4	2 30
Christina Bondovik	15	4	86
A A McDougal	4	5	86
do	5	5	86
Kasemir Panek	15	5	86
do	16	5	86
do	17	5	86
Hanson & Barzgen	18	5	43
Wiley Tindolph	8	8	86
Alphonse Fontaine	8	9	4 59
Walburga Zeh	15	9	43
Hanson & Barzgen	2	12	2 26
Wm G Porter	3	12	2 26
do	4	12	2 29
Matt Barzen	8	12	4 52
G S Spokley	17	12	86
Paul Kesth	20	12	86
do	21	12	86
do	22	12	1 11
Walburga Zeh	20	13	33
do	21	13	34
do	22	13	33
do	4	16	86
Iver O Sukke	11	18	1 37
do	12	18	12 42
do	13	18	1 37
do	14	18	1 39
Chas E Tedford	14	19	40
do	15	19	40
do	16	19	40
do	17	19	40
do	18	19	34
do	19	19	34
do	20	19	34
do	21	19	34
do	22	19	34
do	23	19	34
do	24	19	34
do	25	19	34
Walburga Zeh	7	20	49
do	8	20	30
do	9	20	30
do	10	20	23
do	11	20	16
Chas E Tedford	12	20	34
do	13	20	34
do	14	20	34
do	15	20	34
do	16	20	34
Alfred Swanson	10	21	60
Walburga Zeh	13	21	31
do	14	21	29
do	15	21	60
Lars Backe	2	23	60
do	3	23	60
Pedorson & Anderson	9	23	60
Henry Olson	6	24	60
do	7	24	60
do	8	24	60
do	9	24	60
Chas E Tedford	1	25	34
do	2	25	34
do	3	25	34
do	4	25	34
do	5	25	34
do	6	25	34
Nor Real Est & Mtg Co	13	25	34
Security Trust Co	14	25	34
do	15	25	34
do	16	25	34
do	17	25	34
do	18	25	34
do	19	25	34
do	20	25	34
do	21	25	34
do	22	25	34
do	23	25	34
do	24	25	34
do	25	25	34
do	26	25	34

Townsite of Red Lake Rapids, City of Thief River Falls.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
L H Cornell	12	2	34
do	13	2	34
Henry B Tweed	39	6	80
do	40	6	86
do	41	6	86
F E Nelson	11	7	46
do	12	7	46
Julia P Martin	1	10	34
Wiley Tindolph	2	10	34
do	3	10	34
do	4	10	34
F E Nelson	1	19	86
do	2	19	60
do	3	19	60
Joseph Haelan	4	19	60
do	5	19	60
C J Knox	25	19	9 63
do	26	19	86
Annie Moravek	45	19	60
do	46	19	60
do	47	19	1 70
do	48	19	86
Thomas Milsom	20	20	4 18
do	21	20	86
Anna Cernousek	34	20	1 11
do	35	20	1 11
do	36	20	12 16
do	37	20	1 11
do	38	20	1 11
do	39	20	1 11
Thos J Carr	6	21	1 11

Knox' Re-arrangement of Blocks 23 and 24 of Red Lake Rapids.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Casper Weimer	B	23	2 99
do	C	23	11 25
do	D	23	1 65
do	E	23	2 23
Thief River Falls Lbr Co	O	23	1 65
C J Knox	35	23	1 65
do	36	23	1 65
do	37	23	1 65
do	38	23	1 65

City of Thief River Falls—Red Lake Rapids
Years for which taxes are due. 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Thomas Kinsela	5	26	3 59
do	6	26	1 37
Staal S Nordgaard	7	26	1 37
Nels J Berglund	22	26	5 47
A A McDougal	15	27	1 37
do	16	27	1 11
A W Hanson	46	27	1 37
do	47	27	1 37
de	48	27	1 37
Lea Tindolph	5	28	60
do	6	28	60
John Stanek	45	28	86
do	46	28	5 80
J W Wheeler	19	29	46
Geo Holst	20	29	46
Veronika Korejsi	31	29	46
do	32	29	46
Sam Cheeley	33	29	46
do	34	29	60
J W Wheeler	8	30	46
do	31	30	46
do	32	30	46
Wiley Tindolph	1	33	34
do	2	33	34
do	3	33	34
do	4	33	34
do	5	33	34
do	6	33	34
do	7	33	34
do	8	33	34
do	9	33	34
do	10	33	34
do	11	33	34
do	12	33	34
do	13	33	34
do	14	33	34
do	15	33	34
do	16	33	34
do	17	33	34
do	18	33	34
do	19	33	34
do	20	33	34
do	21	33	34
do	22	33	34
do	23	33	34
do	24	33	34
do	25	33	34
do	26	33	34
do	27	33	34
do	28	33	34
do	29	33	34
do	30	33	34
do	31	33	34
do	32	33	34
do	33	33	34
do	34	33	34
do	35	33	34
do	36	33	34
da	37	33	34
do	38	33	34
do	39	33	34
do	40	33	34
do	41	33	34
do	43	33	34
do	44	33	34
do	45	33	34
do	46	33	34
do	47	33	34
do	48	33	34
do	1	34	34
do	2	34	34

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS

Knox re-arrangement of Blocks 23 and 24 of Red Lake Rapids.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
do	3	34	34
do	4	34	34
do	5	34	34
do	6	34	34
do	7	34	34
do	8	34	34
do	9	34	34
do	10	34	34
do	11	34	34
do	12	34	34
do	13	34	34
do	14	34	34
do	19	34	34
do	20	34	34
do	25	34	34
do	26	34	34
do	27	34	34
do	28	34	34
do	35	34	34
do	36	34	34
do	37	34	34
do	38	34	34
do	39	34	34
do	40	34	34
do	41	34	34
do	42	34	34
do	43	34	34
do	44	34	34
do	45	34	34
do	46	34	34
do	47	34	34
do	48	34	34
Anna Keetzschmar	1	35	34
do	2	35	34
do	3	35	34
do	4	35	34
do	5	35	34
do	6	35	34
do	7	35	34
do	8	35	34
do	9	35	34
do	10	35	34
do	11	35	34
do	12	35	34

Conelly's First Addition to Thief River Falls.
Year for which tax is due 1903.

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Helen Peterson	6	1	7 75

Conelly's Second Addition Thief River Falls.
Year for which tax is due 1903.

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Denis Conely	5	2	1 96
do	7	2	1 96
do	8	2	1 96
do	9	2	1 96
do	6	3	1 37
do	1	4	1 37
do	2	4	1 18
do	3	4	1 18
do	4	4	1 23
do	5	4	1 23
do	6	4	1 23
do	9	4	1 45
do	10	4	1 33
do	11	4	1 38
do	12	4	1 38
do	7	5	1 38
Catherine Miller	12	5	1 38

Knox Addition to Red Lake Rapids.
Year for which tax is due 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Thomas Milsom	37		60
do	38		60

Knox Addition to Red Lake Rapids.
Year for which tax is due 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Matie L Weeks	14	6	66
do	15	6	66
do	16	6	66
do	17	6	66
do	18	6	66
Henry Olson	19	6	66
do	20	6	86
John Holst, n½ of lot 25, all lots 26 and	27	6	13 53
P O Olson	32	6	1 11
Per Q Olson	1	7	15 74
do	2	7	6 64
Hanson & Barzen	16	8	1 11
do	17	8	6 66
Geo M Knox	32	8	2 99
Wm J Kelly	36	8	2 48
Geo W Veasey	5	9	1 37
do	6	9	1 37
do	7	9	1 37
Fred La Count	8	9	8 26
do	9	9	1 37
do	10	9	1 37
John LeSage	14	9	6 89
do	15	9	1 37
do	16	9	1 37
Gust and Ole Fevig	1	11	1 11
do	2	11	86
do	3	11	86
do	4	11	86
do	5	11	86
Alice L LaBree	6	11	86
do	7	11	3 07
John J Vorechek	21	11	1 11
do	22	11	1 33
Annie B Rowen	1	12	1 18
do	2	12	91
K J McGinty	21	23	73
Harriet Culver	8	24	73
do	9	24	73
John Morgan	1	26	5 06
do	2	26	86
Martha Smith	18	27	2 40
do	19	27	3 79
do	20	27	68

Meehan's Addition to Thief River Falls.
Years for which taxes are due 1903.

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Jas Meehan Jr	13	1	5 35
Ole H Renvold	14	1	2 74
Maurius Olson	15	1	2 74
A B Helgeson Part of lot	29	1	2 74
do	30	1	2 74
Ann T Olson	1	3	1 37
James Meehan Jr	2	3	1 37
Paul L Hagen	5	3	1 71
do	6	3	1 37
do	7	3	1 37
do	8	3	1 37
Jas Meehan Jr	1	5	2 10
do	2	5	2 10
do	3	5	2 10
do	4	5	2 10
C M Peterson	3	8	2 64
do North 50 ft of lot	4	8	1 41
J S McGinty ex N 50 ft	4	8	6 31
do e ½ of lots 5 &	6	8	3 45
Gilbert Olson	1	9	3 07
do	2	9	3 07
do	3	9	3 07
Ole Nesja	4	9	3 07
do	5	9	3 07
do	9	9	3 45
E G Natrick	1	10	3 45
Karen Wold	2	10	3 07
J Falman	3	10	3 07
Leon Demers	4	10	5 67
George Jarman	5	10	3 45
Wm H Maloy	6	10	4 10
Peter and Emil Eberhardt	1	11	6 38
do	2	11	3 45
do	3	11	2 74
do	4	11	3 45
Jas H Pratt	1	12	3 45
do n ½ of	2	12	1 37
G A Helgeson s ½ of	2	12	1 37
do	3	12	2 10
Jas Meehan Jr outlot	a	12	1 37

Riverside Addition to Thief River Falls.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Jas Meehan Jr	1	4	1 31
do	2	4	1 31
do	3	4	1 65
do	1	5	1 96
do	2	5	1 65
do	3	5	1 65
do	4	5	1 65
do	5	5	1 65
do	6	5	1 96
do	1	12	1 96
do	2	12	1 96

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS

Township 151, Range 44.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903.

Name of Owner	Sec	Total Tax and Pen'lty
Jennie Healy, 5 a in nw¼ne¼	14	$ 1 23
L C Simons, Lot 2	16	39
J H Carleton, n½se¼ne¼sw¼, lots 1 and 2	16	37 06
Ed L Healy, lots 4 and 5	16	3 82
N M Watson, et al, nw¼nw¼ and e½nw¼, ex platted portion and 19.54 acres	22	13 73
Jas M Peak, 2 a in n. end ne¼nw¼	22	1 56
Geo H Knowles, lot 1	23	76
Ernest Buse, a strip of land 58x140 ft in ne¼ s. of blk 105 in Kretzschmar's add	22	69
Ernest Buse, a strip of land 58x140 ft in ne¼ s. of blk 105 in Kretzschmar's add	22	69
Ernest Buse, a strip of land 60x140 ft in ne¼ s. of blk 104 in Kretzschmar's add	22	69
Theo Garceau, a strip of land 60x140 ft in ne¼, s. of blk 104 in Kretzschmar's add	21	69

Original Townsite of Red Lake Falls.
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Mertie S Hunt, e 25 ft of	17	1	8 23
Joseph P Ralph, all ex. e. 75 ft of	17	1	1 03
Marcelleon Jeffers	10	2	1 14
do	11	2	7 47
M & H Ry Co. ex ry r of w	D	3	2 59

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS

Original Townsite of Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Mrs E L Healy	4	4	20 40
do	5	4	4 25
do	6	4	3 31
do	7	4	1 09
Fred Zaiser, Reserve "S" ex. land of Westphal, LaBissoniere and Anderson			23 54

Kretzschmar's Addition to Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Carl Pfinowe	2	4	16
W Shebat	3	12	22
A M Miller	21	13	35
Valentine Shebat	23	13	05
do	24	14	05
Matthias Skala	4	21	42
do	5	21	42
John A Duffy	19	22	4 46
Joseph Helm	19	23	42
do	20	23	42
Kari Sletten	1	24	42
do	2	24	42
do	20	25	42
do	21	25	42
Margaret Iland et al	13	31	89
do	14	31	89
do	15	31	89
Arthur O Slade	9	33	89
do	10	33	89
Maggie L Pirath	16	33	89
do	17	33	89
do	18	33	89
do	19	33	89
Mary Riechel et al	11	42	89
do	12	42	8 96

Kretzschmar's Addition to Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1901, 1902 and 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Nels Holberg	23	42	2 11
do	24	42	2 11

Kretzschmar's Addition to Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Joseph Helm, n 40 ft of Lots 2,3,4 &	5	43	6 82
C F and Maria Stenhammer	6	43	1 30
Michael Biever	8	43	1 30
John Elstad, s½ of	14	43	11 13
Frank E Hunt	3	46	1 70
do	4	46	1 70
do	5	46	1 70
do	6	46	1 70
do	7	46	1 70
do	8	46	1 70
do	9	46	1 70
do	10	46	1 70
do	11	46	29 96
do	12	46	1 70
Skala and Shebat	16	53	89
Ernest Boldt	4	62	42
Augusta Detling	4	64	11 38
"	5	64	1 30

Kretzschmar's Addition to Red Lake Falls

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Anna Schusser, years for which taxes are due, 1901, 1902, 1903	10	64	3 76
Anna Schusser	11	64	13 09
"	12	64	25 47

Kretzschmar's Addition to Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Maggie L Pirath	17	64	89
do	19	64	89
do	20	64	89
F Stobeck	1	65	24 70
do	2	65	1 70
Jos Schusser, south 65 ft of	14	65	5 00
First Pres Church	17	66	89
do	18	66	89
Amelia Riechel	21	66	7 38
do	22	66	89
A M Miller	20	71	89
do	21	71	89
do	22	71	89
Attilie Brasius	13	72	42
do	14	72	42
do	15	72	42
A J Hayes	8	81	77
Ovide Emard	19	83	4 12
E V Lawton	20	83	1 70
do	21	83	1 70
D E Fletcher	22	83	1 70
do	23	83	1 70
do	24	83	9 77
Otto J Zehrendt	8	84	89
do n½ of	9	84	89
Anna Bechner	6	85	89
do	7	85	89
do	8	85	89
do	9	85	89
do	10	85	89
do	13	85	89
do	14	85	89
do	15	85	89
do	16	85	89
do	17	85	89
O R Boyer	4	89	89
do	9	89	89
do	10	89	89
Leonard Hudtner	11	92	42
do	12	92	42
Neil Crawford	23	104	89
do	24	104	89
Peter Benoit	8	106	45
do	9	106	45
do	10	106	44
do	11	106	44
do	12	106	44

Champagne & Dow's Addition to Red Lake Falls
Year for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
S A Swanson	3	2	35 31
F M M DeLegasse	7	6	4 26
Louis Lelaive	8	6	4 26
do	9	6	4 26
do	10	6	4 26
do	11	6	4 26
do	12	6	24 45
Peter Stuhr	6	9	22 57
Sophia Busch	9	9	13 20
Wm M Erb	10	10	6 41
Alderic Lailberte	2	12	3 39
do	4	12	3 39
do	6	12	3 39

Champagne & Dow's Add to Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1902 and 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Edward Langerin	1	13	5 05

Champagne & Dow's Add to Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Arthur Lizee, lots 7 and	8	19	26 65
Melina Demarais	23	21	5 81
do	24	21	2 68
Moses Belair	5	25	1 70
do	6	25	1 70
Joseph Morinville	17	25	2 17
do	18	25	2 17
Della Allard, lots 16 and	17	26	13 46

Miles' Addition to Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
J P Harren	4	9	22

Park Addition to Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Chas Oehler	12	3	22
do	13	3	22

E & O Buse Addition to Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Margaretta Walter	1	2	29
do	2	2	29
do	5	2	29
do	6	2	29
do	7	2	29
do	8	2	29
do	9	2	22
do	10	2	22
do	11	2	22
do ex ry r of w	14	2	22
do	15	2	22
do	16	2	22
do	17	2	29
do	18	2	29
do	19	2	29
do	20	2	29
do	21	2	29
do	22	2	29
do	4	3	22
do	5	3	22
do	6	3	89
do	7	3	89
do	8	3	89
do	9	3	89
do	10	3	89
do	11	3	89
do	12	3	89
do	13	3	89
do	14	3	89
do	15	3	89
do	16	3	89
do	17	3	89
do	18	3	89
do	19	3	22
do	20	3	22
do	21	3	22
do	1	4	29
do	2	4	29
do	3	4	29
do	4	4	29
do	5	4	29
do	6	4	29
do	7	4	29
do	8	4	29
do	9	4	42
do	10	4	42
do	11	4	42
do	12	4	42
do	13	4	42
do	14	4	42
do	15	4	42
do	16	4	42
do	17	4	42
do	18	4	42
do	19	4	42
do	20	4	42
do	21	4	42
do	22	4	42
do	23	4	42
do	24	4	42
do	1	5	42
do	2	5	42
do	3	5	42
do	4	5	42
do	21	5	29
do	22	5	29
do	23	5	29
do	24	5	29

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS

Holmes' Addition to Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Ellen Fahey	18	4	22
Warren E Vrooman	8	8	22
do	9	8	22
do	10	8	22
do	11	8	22
do	12	8	22
Louis Kindling	1	13	22
do	2	13	22
do	3	13	21

Buse & Bottineau's Addition to Red Lake Falls

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Years for which taxes are due, 1903			
Joseph Hayton	6	5	89
do	7	5	89
Marie Benoit, w 80 ft of lots 9, 10 &	11	5	42
do	16	5	7 64
do	17	5	89
do	18	5	89
J A Duffy	5	9	3 38
do	6	9	3 38
Caroline Bourdon	7	9	3 38
August Riechel	15	9	2 17
Samuel Gibeau	16	9	2 17
do	17	9	2 17
Isaie Marchildon	22	9	2 17
Years for which taxes are due, 1902 and 1903			
Lillie Belair	20	10	22 76
do	21	10	6 72
Years for which taxes are due, 1903			
Thomas Belair	22	10	11 46
do	23	10	3 38
do	24	10	3 38
Rose L Boughton	13	10	3 38
do	14	10	3 38
Otto Kankel	12	13	1 70

Bottineau's Addition to Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1902 and 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Security Trust Co.	23	2	55
do	24	2	55

Bottineau's Addition to Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Frank Pribyl	9	6	42
do	10	6	6 07
O R Boyer	19	13	29
do	20	13	29
do	21	13	29
do	22	13	29
do	23	13	29
do	24	13	29
Meril Roue	18	15	15
do	19	15	1 35
do	20	15	15
do	21	15	15
Alex Wolfe	1	16	29
do	2	16	29
do	3	16	29
do	4	16	29
Florence Jolicoeur	10	18	29
do	11	18	29
do	12	18	29

Champagne, Dow & Geriet's Addition to Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Edward Langevin	10	8	89

Kretzschmar's 2d Addition to Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Leona Brecht	2	2	22
do	3	2	22
V Shebat	7	9	22
do	8	9	22
do	9	9	22
do	10	9	22
do	11	9	22
do	12	9	22
do	13	9	22
do	14	9	22
do	15	9	22
do	16	9	22
do	17	9	22
do	18	9	22
B Helland	1	20	22

Champagne, Dow & Geriet Add Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1902 and 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
F J Altnow	1	21	42
do	2	21	42
do	3	21	42
do	4	21	42
do	5	21	42
do	6	21	42
do	7	21	42
do	8	21	42
do	9	21	42
do	10	21	42
do	11	21	42
do	12	21	42
do	13	21	42
do	14	21	42
do	15	21	42
do	16	21	42
do	32 lots all	22	12 73
do	32 lots all	23	12 73
do	30 lots all	24	11 16

Champagne, Dow & Geriet Add Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
F J Altnow, a strip of land 1200 ft long and 33 ft wide s of and adjoining Kretzschmar's 2d add. to Red Lake Falls			3 65

Rail Road Add to Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Antoine Lawrence	1	1	4 53
do	2	1	1 69
Albany Deforge, e 33 ft lots 6, 7, 8 &	9	2	77
Theo Deforge, 33 ft w of e 33 ft of lots 6, 7, 8 and	9	2	77
Agnes Deforge, e 33 ft of w 74 ft of lots 6, 7, 8 and	9	2	77
Eliza Deforge, w 41 ft lots 6, 7, 8 &	9	2	2 92
Mary Moreau	3	2	4 93
do	4	2	89
do	5	2	42
Adelaide Benoit	13	7	42
do	14	7	42
Frank St Martin	9	8	44
do	10	8	4 49
F M Anderson	11	8	89
Amelia Riechel	1	9	77
do	2	9	77
do	3	9	77
do	4	9	77
do	5	9	77
do	6	9	77
Aug. and Amelia Riechel	5	10	50
do	6	10	50
do	7	10	50
do	8	10	50
do	9	10	50
do	10	10	50
do	11	10	50
do	12	10	50
Francis Latandresse	8	44	1 36
E C Simons, 24 lots	all	46	1 36
do do	all	47	1 36
do do	all	48	1 36
do do	all	49	1 36
do do	all	50	1 35
do do	all	51	1 35
do 20	all	52	1 35
do 21 lots, all ex 10,11,12		53	1 14
do 13 lots	all	54	68
Chas N Bourdon, 8 lots	all	69	1 35
do	1	70	35
do	1	71	22
do 24 lots	all	72	4 12
do do	all	101	4 12
do 10 lots	all	102	1 70
do 22 lots	all	103	4 88
do 24 lots	all	104	4 12

Detling's Subd. of Market Sq., City of Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Theodore Schmitz	1		9 77
do	2		1 70

Buse & Canty's Add. to Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
J A Duffy, 10 lots	all	1	68
do	1	2	68
do	2	2	68
E M Evenson	3	2	22
do	4	2	22
do	5	2	22
do	6	2	22
do	7	2	22
do	8	2	22
do	9	2	22
J A Duffy, lots 1 to 10 inc		11	68
David Gagne	13	11	09
Vital Gagne	17	11	09
do	18	11	09
do	19	11	09
Wm M Erb	20	11	22
do	21	11	22
J A Duffy, 12 lots	all	12	68
do do	all	13	68
do 24 lots	all	14	1 35
do 12 lots	all	17	68
do do	all	18	68
do 24 lots	all	19	1 35
do 12 lots	all	20	68
do lots 1 to 7 inc		15	41
do lots 13 to 24 inc		15	76

Mill Reserve Add to Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
Jas I Wyer & Co.	3	8	1 70

Central Add to Red Lake Falls
Years for which taxes are due, 1903

Name of Owner	Lot	Blk	Total Tax and Penalty
N M Watson et al	1	2	89
Wm Patnode	6	4	89

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Red Lake

James E. Ford, being by me first duly sworn, deposes and says, that he is the County Auditor of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota; that he has examined the foregoing list and knows the contents thereof, and that the same is a correct list of taxes delinquent for the years therein appearing upon real estate in said county.

JAMES E. FORD.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of February, A. D. 1905.

[NOTARIAL SEAL] T. L. MELGAARD,
Notary Public, Red Lake County, Minn.

District Court, Red Lake County, Minn.
Filed this 1st day of February, 1905.

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
Clerk District Court.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Red Lake

I, James E. Ford, County Auditor in and for the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, do hereby certify that the foregoing copy of the list of real estate taxes remaining delinquent on the first Monday in January, 1905, was this day received from the Clerk of the District Court in and for said county of Red Lake.

Witness my hand and official seal this 4th day of February, A. D. 1905.

[SEAL] JAMES E. FORD.
County Auditor,
Red Lake Co., Minn

THE PORCUPINE.

Only Known Creature That Eats the Foliage of the Hemlock.

"You don't have to skirmish around much to get feed to fatten one of these hemlock porcupines on," says an old woodsman. "Just sprinkle some salt over a stick of cordwood or saw log for that matter, and he'll eat the whole business and enjoy it as you would mince pie." The customary diet of these animals is hemlock browse. They make themselves a home in a hollow log or under the roots of some old tree, but always within reach of a big hemlock.

The hemlock is their pasture, and they make beaten paths going to and fro between the tree and their home. Once up in a tree the porcupine goes out on the big limbs and, pulling the small branches in with one paw, browses on the pungent leaves. In going through the woods you will find little piles of these fine leaves on the ground under hemlock trees. That means that a porcupine is feeding in the tree, the leaves on the ground being dropped from his feast.

Sometimes a porcupine will remain in a hemlock tree for a week at a time, hugging close to the trunk at night and feeding during the day. This curious little beast is the only known living thing that eats the foliage of the hemlock.

DANGER SPOTS IN A STORM.

Places to Avoid When the Lightning Is Flashing.

Out of doors trees should be avoided in a thunderstorm, and if from the rapidity with which the explosion follows the flash it is evident that electric clouds are near at hand a recumbent posture is the safest. It is seldom dangerous to take shelter under sheds, carts or low buildings or under the arch of a bridge, and a distance of twenty or thirty feet from tall trees or houses is an eligible situation; for should a discharge take place these elevated bodies are most likely to receive it.

It is well also to avoid water, for it is a good conductor, and the height of a human being near the stream may determine the direction of a discharge. Within doors we are tolerably safe in the middle of a carpeted room or when standing on a thick hearth rug. The chimney should be avoided on account of the conducting power of the carbon deposited in it, and gilt moldings or bell wires are sources of risk. In bed we are tolerably safe, since blankets and feathers are bad conductors.

It is injudicious to take refuge in a cellar, because the discharge is often from the earth to a cloud, and buildings frequently sustain the greatest injury in their basements.

THE FIRE CROWD.

As a Rule It Likes a Big Blaze and Crashing Walls.

"There is one curious thing connected with fires," said a thoughtful man, "and that is the fact that while the fireman is always a hero in the public estimate and while men and women have all kinds of admiration for these brave fellows they yet want to see them get the worst of it in the fight against the flames. It is an interesting fact that the average man and woman are not at all anxious to see the firemen get the fire under control. They would much rather see the flames spread until the affair developed into an immense conflagration. Mind you, the trait is not at all vicious. There is no malice in it. It is simply the love of excitement and adventure, things that are so deep rooted in human nature that we may not control them at will. Besides, we want to develop our heroes to the limit. We want our firemen to fight a good fight against long odds and under great difficulties. We cannot quarrel with this feeling in the human makeup. After all, it is what one may call the poetry of human nature, and without it this old system of ours would be dull and prosaic indeed. Of course, you will always find a few persons around a fire who are directly concerned in the fight the firemen are making. They want to see the flames put out. In the case of some of the spectators it means bread and meat. It means the loss of a position or maybe the loss of home. But I was speaking of the vast majority of men and women who gather to witness a fire. The fire is the thing with them. They want to see a big blaze and hear the crash of the walls and all that sort of thing. Did you ever take the trouble to analyze a fire crowd? In the first place an alarm of fire will draw a crowd quicker than anything in the world. Whenever the bells begin to clang and the engines go rushing down the street you will see men, women and children rushing this way and that in order to see as much as may be seen of the fire and fire fighters. The hour of day or night does not make so much difference. The crowd will get there in some way and for some reason, though the great majority of the persons have no sort of interest other than idle curiosity. Once on hand, they want to see a good fire, and that's why I say they want to see the flames get the best of the firemen. They will go away and talk about what a game fight the fire laddies made. Human nature is a curious thing, is it not?"—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

A LITTLE DECEPTION

IT WAS only after the death of her mother that Hermance Desriguy thought it well to consider in earnest the possibility of marriage and vowed not to die a spinster. She was now 29, possessed in her own right of a modest competence, and had a heart full of warm and generous impulses; but she was deformed—in short, a humpback.

Seated alone in her quiet home at Chatillon with pleasant surroundings about her, she considered her lonely future with a shudder. But where to seek for a husband? Whom might she address?

She knew she did not possess the physical attractions of a young and more perfect beauty; she must confess that one shoulder was higher than the other, and from some words she overheard, she knew herself considered a little angular. But what of this in so loyal a heart?

One evening, in her daily paper she found this advertisement, which immediately engrossed her attention.

The Matrimonial Institute of France, founded by Madame de Saint Elme. This institute has for its object the promotion of honorable marriages, between members of families best fitted both in a physiological and social point of view. Dowries from 2,000 to 2,000,000 fraces. Office hours, one to five p. m. Correspondence solicited.

And the address followed.

Hermance considered this matter that day and again the following day. Finally she said to herself:

"I will write to that woman."

And she wrote at once.

By return post she received a magnificently printed prospectus, beautifully lithographed on rose colored paper, which in a great many words explained, magnified and praised "the moral purpose of the Matrimonial Institute of France."

In conclusion Mme. de St. Elme invited her correspondent to send her the modest sum of two dollars as subscription to the Nuptial Veil, in which would be found a large list of candidates for matrimony, all guaranteed of good social rank, regularly registered and submitted to the choice of readers of both sexes. To be thus registered or to make choice of any name in these lists the further sum of five dollars must be remitted in advance.

Hermance sent, in conformity with the above conditions, the double fee, adding also, as advised in the prospectus, one of her photographs, a little portrait taken the year before, in which there appeared her fine head and neck, full of expression and grace, but showing her only as far as the shoulders.

As she glanced at the long list of possible husbands named in the Nuptial Veil she was embarrassed, there were so many. Marking out 20, these she reduced to 15, and then to 10, and 8. She paused, and then tired of the attempt, she finished by placing her pencil where it would fall, which happened to be No 12,818, reading thus:

Employment, public; salary, 3,500 fracs, with advancement assured; aged 38 years, good health; simple tastes; desires to marry young lady of age and fortune, excellent habits and character.

"Simple tastes," of course it was impossible to tell what these words might mean, but trusting to the maternal character of the lady at the head of the institute, and forwarding a new check for the additional $10 required, she received a photograph of No. 12,818, with a note giving the name, residence, etc., of the candidate.

His name was Adrien Bastide, and he was a public officer in the little town of Kernoveu, in Brittany. In the picture, which represented him at full length, he appeared a man full of good humor and good will, with a full, open countenance, and a long beard, flowing down his breast. But how tall he was! You might have taken him for a drum major. What a contrast to poor little humpback Hermance!

"Ah, but he is a very good man for me," whispered she to herself.

At the same time that the photograph was sent to Hermance, Mme. de Saint Elme, always attentive to the interests of her clients, advised No. 12,818 of the distinction which had befallen him, and for a consideration, forwarded the note and portrait of Mlle. Desriguy, who straightway received the following letter:

Mademoiselle: While not having the honor of being personally known to you, yet I cannot resist the deep emotion which only one look at your photograph has aroused in me, and to tell you by what all powerful, almost providential, sympathy I am turned to you.

Yes, it seems as if I hear a voice from heaven guiding and leading me to you. It is impossible to look upon a countenance so pure, so open, so frank, on eyes so full of spirit and impossible to deceit, and not to know you have a generous, loving heart.

And the writer of the letters prayed for the opening of a correspondence between them preparatory, if mutually agreeable, to a meeting at some future time.

An exchange of letters now ensued. Each day becoming more and more intimate, they confided to one another the stories of their youth, their hopes for the future, and how and why they had had recourse to Mme. de Saint Elme.

The interview between the two could no longer be delayed. Adrien Bastide announced his intention to visit Chatillon in a fortnight, and the affair was readily and easily arranged.

Mlle. Desriguy would advise with some old friends of the family who would be glad to assist her. There would be nothing risked in acquainting them how matters were a few days in advance of the coming of her fiance. Her fiance! Ah, how sweet that word was to pronounce; how deliciously it made her heart throb.

Finally the great day came and Hermance was notified that M. Bastide would present himself at her house at two o'clock.

Everything in and around the house had been put in perfect order, and all was ready. Hermance kept repeating to her servant:

"I hear some one coming, Ionette."

"Mademoiselle has said that very often."

"Well, don't go to sleep in the porch, and be sure to bring him in—that person—to the parlor."

"Surely, mademoiselle. Don't you fear. I will hide myself in the corridor and run at the first sound of the bell."

The bell rang. The visitor, the tall drum major with the long beard, appeared, but limping with one foot, and walking with a cane.

"Mademoiselle Desriguy?" said he.

"It is I, Monsieur Bastide," tremblingly answered the little humpback, dropping the book in which she seemed to have been reading.

"You! But! Mademoiselle Hermance Desriguy who wrote to me?"

"Yes."

And both stood thunderstruck, facing each other, stupidly gazing without a word.

"But, mademoiselle, you have never—you ought to have told me." And Hermance replied, her cheeks now grown scarlet:

"Yes I know, I ought to, perhaps, but you, you also, monsieur. I was born so—me—no—oh, no. Adieu, monsieur."

And our poor little heroine, wholly confused, her eyes filled with tears, fled away, leaving the room to her visitor, her exfiance.

The great giant stood still some minutes. What was there to do? Finally he opened a door into the hall and shuffled back to his hotel. There he seated himself on one of the soft banks of grass, and with eyes mechanically fixed upon the windings of the valley, tried to meditate over the occurrences of the afternoon, and gave himself up to the strange thoughts to which they gave rise.

Humpbacked! She was a humpback, and she had said nothing about it. This was the game, a shallow trick, and that maternal directress of the Matrimonial Institute of France, whose only object was to enable her children to make a better acquaintance and to shield them in marriage—charlatan, cheat.

But how about himself? What had he said about his infirmity?

He had been very careful in not speaking of that. He he tried to trick her? No, truly, that was not his object. He had not wished to hurry.

And she—oh, without doubt, it was her timidity; perhaps in her case also she felt ashamed. He had no reason to be proud.

Adrien Bastide had been tenderly brought up by a mother who idolized him. Jealous of every woman who approached him, yet she had had an intention certainly of seeing him married, and she truly meant not to disappoint him. But years passed on and she discovered no one worthy of him, and finally she died without placing her hand upon the fine pearl sought for.

Adrien at the age of 22, on account of a fall from a horse, had lost the free use of his right leg. After his mother's death he said to himself that now was the time to replace her. But how?

Providentially, as he then thought, he saw the advertisement of the marriage institute and paying his subscription and enrollment fee he received a photograph and communication in which Hermance, No. 19724, was described:

Orphan, 29 years, musician, dowry 40,000 francs, living in a neat cottage with garden and running stream of water, would espouse man of honor, in preference official.

This exactly suited him; perhaps even the 40,000 francs no less than the garden and stream full of fish attracted him.

Alas, some points had been omitted in the advertisement in the Nuptial Veil and also in the letters from Mme. de St. Elme—yet how full of sweetness and spirituality her letters had been.

Well, he was not coming 200 miles for nothing; he would go and explain himself at least.

Hermance during this time was reflecting on the situation. It was not so easy to find a husband at 29, she well knew.

He was a cripple, yet, but she was—well a little peaked.

"Nothing," she thought, "will make M. Bastide return to the house. There are three trains to Paris, two in the morning and one in the afternoon at 4:30.

"He will do nothing until train time. I might at least try to meet him, as it were by accident, at the station."

So with hat and mantle she quickly set out. But two steps from her house she ran into the good giant.

"Monsieur Adrien, must you leave town at once?" she asked.

And she had a look so contrite, and eyes so ready to fill with tears that the giant bent over her and took her hand respectfully.

"I ask your pardon," he said, "for all I did. You were much excited; so was I. But I do not wish to return without seeing you again. Permit me to enter with you. Now we know each other, and we can speak more quietly."

There were two happy persons in that little house and they are now happy, those two who had not told the truth.—From the French in N. Y. Sun.

Character and Laws.

How ridiculous it would seem, writes Annie Payson Call, in Leslie's Monthly Magazine, if a man tried to make water run up hill without providing that it should do so by reaching its own level, and then got indignant because he did not succeed, and wondered if there was not some "cure" by means of which his object might be accomplished. And yet it is no more strange for a man to disobey habitually the laws of character and then to suffer for his disobedience, and wonder why he suffers.

CALL ON

OTTERNESS & EDSTROM

FOR

HARDWARE AND FURNITURE.

Great Northern Time Table.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at St. Hilaire.

ARRIVE		DEPART
9:18 am 10:10 am 3:50 pm 5:10 pm	ST. HILAIRE	9:18 am 10:40 am 3:50 pm 5:10 pm
9:15 am 4:15 pm	THIEF RIV. FALLS	10:15 am 4:45 pm
11:15 pm	RED LAKE FALLS	3:15 pm

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

T. J. Thorkelson	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
D. Patterson N. G. Otterness A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnson
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
A. F. Blomburgh, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE
Veterinary Surgeon.
Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

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ARCHITECT
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CONFECTIONERY

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
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FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
....TOYS
Agency for......
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Buy your rubbers at M. L. Hanson's.

There will be a dance at the St. Hilaire Hotel this evening.

Fresh Lake Superior herring, 4c a pound at M. L. Hanson's.

Rev. Fr. Ansgar, of Red Lake Falls, was a visitor here yesterday.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

K. O. Gigstad made a business trip to Red Lake Falls last Wednesday.

Wright's buckwheat and Falcon pancake flour for sale at M. L. Hanson's.

C. L. Dobner, the Thief River Falls banker, was here on business last Monday.

Mike McAndress was a business visitor at Red Lake Falls last Wednesday.

Miss Anna Abrahamson, who has been ill for several weeks is still very weak.

Mrs. O. F. Post will entertain the Ladies' Aid Society next Thursday afternoon.

Attorney Michelet, of Thief River Falls, was a business visitor here last Wednesday.

Henry Peterson has accepted a position with Rapp & Post in the hardware department.

Assistant Supt. St. John of the Great Northern was over this line yesterday in a special car.

Mrs. Charles Fellman returned yesterday from Wylie, where she has been visiting friends.

Henry J. Enderle, of Plummer, was here a short time last Thursday evening on business.

Dr. J. E. Argue, the Red Lake Falls dentist, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on March 3 and 4.

L. Ellington, cashier of the Scandia Bank of Crookston, was here on business last Tuesday.

H. F. Brown, the well known Crookston cigar manufacturer, was here on business yesterday.

G. O. Hanson went out to Hazel on Thursday to take charge of Otterness & Edstrom's store.

Keep your valuable papers in a safe place. Vault boxes for rent at the Merchants State Bank.

Miss Catherine Pirath and Miss Dolly Pettengill visited with friends at Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

Dr. N. M. Watson, of Red Lake Falls, was a caller here on Thursday on his way home from the east.

Miss Bertha Torreson left Thursday for Amboy, Minn., after visiting relatives here for a couple of months.

The warm weather has stimulated the ice business and quite a large amount is being put up this week.

The planing mill suspended operations for a couple of days the first of the week owing to a lack of orders.

The Merchants State Bank have received some new safety deposit boxes which they have put in their vault.

Rev. Flesher, of Thief River Falls, was here a couple of days this week assisting at the revival at the M. E. church.

The warm days the past week have played havoc with the roads and sleighing is about done for unless we have more snow.

Mrs. T. J. Thorkelson and children, who have been visiting relatives for several weeks at Evansville, returned last Tuesday.

Editor John E. King was here Monday on his way home to Red Lake Falls. Mr. King will take charge as State Librarian on March 1st.

An auction sale of three horses, 20 head of cattle and a lot of farm machinery will be held at the residence of Ole Opperud, half-mile north of St. Hilaire, on Monday, March 13th.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lanctot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

I have some nice "Early Six Weeks" potatoes which will be sold at $1.00 per bushel as long as they last. These are ready for market from ten to twelve days earlier than any other variety. Leave orders at Otterness & Edstrom's or call at Julius M. Jahn's "Oakland Stock Farm," 1½ miles southwest of St. Hilaire. f25

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Mrs. J. B. O'Brien and daughter, who have been spending several weeks with relatives at St. Paul, returned home last Saturday.

The present warm weather may be too early to look for spring but it is welcome just the same after the cold snap we have had.

H. D. Pettibone left last Saturday for Bemidji, where he has been spending the week looking over the business of the lumber company.

W. A. Arthur and Chas. Fellman went up to Thief River Falls last Wednesday night with A. M. Edstrom, who took the Soo to Minneapolis.

Bring us your butter, eggs and wool. Our prices today: Butter, a pound 20c; eggs, a dozen 20c; wool, a pound 16c to 18c. M. L. Hanson.

Mr. and Mrs. August Elmquist were called upon to mourn the death of their two-year-old child last Wednesday. The funeral was held yesterday.

Work on the saw mill has been suspended for a couple of weeks. The inside work is about completed but considerable outside work is yet to be done.

The Modern Woodmen Lodge will give a basket social in their hall on the evening of March 14th. for the benefit of Jacob Einerson. All are cordially invited.

The basket social for the benefit of the M. E. church at the residence of E. H. Stephens, east of here, last Tuesday evening was well attended and $21.60 was cleared.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin McAndress, Michael, James and Joseph McAndress returned yesterday from Grand Forks, where they had been attending the funeral of Mrs. Sullivan.

Evangelist James Connolly, who is holding revival services at the M. E. church this week, is attracting considerable attention and is drawing a full house each evening. Mr. Connolly is said to be a very fine speaker.

Spring cannot be very far away. The crows and robins are not yet in evidence but the small boy has his marbles out and the game is already in full blast, but we can safely assume that most of the cold weather is past.

The sympathy of the entire community is extended to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur F. Lang in their bereavement on account of the death last Monday of their infant son. The funeral occurred on Thursday from the M. E. church.

John Roland had the misfortune to get the middle finger of his left hand in the sausage machine last Wednesday. The finger was taken off at the first joint. He is doing finely and will be more careful of sausage machines in the future.

The following attended the ball at Red Lake Falls last Wednesday night: Jens Nelson and wife, Misses Helen Hannay, Mabel Hannay, Eva Johnson, Cora Yahr, Catherine Pirath, Dolly Pettengill, Tessie Hughes, Selina Hoff and Clara Hoff; Messrs. G. B. Grace, James Foss and M. E. Hoff.

Crookston Journal: Rev. R. K. Calloway, late of Verndale and formerly of Thief River Falls, while in the city the early part of the week visiting friends, stated that he would attempt to secure a pastorate in the Duluth district. Rev. Calloway was for some time located at Thief River Falls and made many friends there. He left for Duluth to look over prospective fields.

Senator Nelson has presented an amendment to the rivers and harbors bill appropriating $35,000 for completing a seven-foot channel in Warroad river. It is doubtful if a river and harbor bill will pass this session, but in the next session it most likely will, and if Senator Nelson's amendment carries, it will mean the continuance of a much needed improvement in the river and harbor at Warroad, and assist in making the only harbor on the American side of the Lake of the Woods, one of the finest in the country.—Roseau Region.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: Work on the piling of the big railroad cut has been suspended a few days this week on account of the engine on the pile driver being out of commission, and a new engine will be shipped here to finish the work. The work has not been proceeding very rapidly owing to the difficulty in driving the piles in the frozen ground, and it is likely that several weeks more will be required to finish the work. Train service will be established over the new line as soon as the work can be finished but from the present outlook it will be after the robins have made their annual appearance.

For Sale.

Owing to other business we will offer for sale our bowling alley, with lease of building at a low price. Terms to suit. Inquire of Higbie & Lang.

The Freak Man.

There is a young man in England, 24 years of age, who is exactly like a boy of six in size, appearance and mental development. He has just learned to count up to ten. He eats but three meals a week, has slept twenty-four hours and played twenty-four hours regularly for the past nineteen years. He has grown naturally except that it has been just one-sixth as fast as it should have been. Golden grain belt beer wouldn't make this man grow any faster, but it will help him, or any other man, to be strong and healthy and capable of doing a day's work without undue fatigue. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

OTTERNESS DEAD!

Nels G. Otterness, Prominent Merchant and Land Man of this Village, Found Dead in Hotel at Minneapolis.

PROBABLY A CASE OF SUICIDE

Affair Creates Intense Excitement Here, Many of His Intimate Friends Refusing to Believe he Committed Rash Act.—Was an Enterprising Man of Good Moral Habits.

The people of St. Hilaire were shocked and astonished as never before last Wednesday afternoon when A. M. Edstrom received a telegram from Deputy Coroner Irvine, of Minneapolis, saying that Nels G. Otterness was dead, and to advise in regard to the remains. Mr. Otterness left here on Monday night taking the Soo at Thief River Falls for Minneapolis where he went to close up a land deal. He wrote A. M. Edstrom from the Hotel Nicollet Tuesday morning concerning some business matters and that was the last news of him received here until the announcement of his death.

At this writing it is not known how or where he spent his time the last day he was alive. He went to the Beaufort Hotel early in the evening on Tuesday, registered, was assigned to a room, which he paid for, and retired. The clerk says he came to the hotel alone and was a stranger to all there and it is not known here that he ever stopped there before. Upon his failure to get up the next morning the clerk broke open the door and found him dead. The door was locked from the inside, the transom was down and both gas jets were turned on—one full and one about half. There was no message of any kind in the room. He was undressed and in bed and no money of any kind was found in his clothes. His watch, papers and other valuables had not been disturbed. When he left here he was known to have considerable money, and yesterday a check for $10 was received by the bank here which he had drawn on the 21st.

A. M. Edstrom and Julius Pleth, of Plummer, went down Wednesday night and Mr. Edstrom writes that the body was prepared for burial and shipped Thursday evening to Cannon Falls, where he will be buried, the date of the funeral not yet being announced.

The affair may always remain a mystery. The many friends here can hardly believe that he intentionally killed himself without leaving a line to any of his friends or relatives. His financial condition was not such that would cause a young man in good health to take his life. He has lately branched out in business and probably had some debts, but so far as known none were pressing. He had a fair sized deposit in both banks and was not pressed for ready money. Either the gas jets were turned on unintentionally or his mind had become temporarily deranged through business worries, are the only natural conclusions.

Nels G. Otterness was born on a farm in Goodhue county, Minnesota, of well-to-do parents about twenty-eight years ago. He came to St. Hilaire in the fall of 1900 and became associated with Julius Pleth in the land business. He continued in that capacity until last summer when he purchased Mr. Pleth's interest in the business and has conducted it alone since. About a year ago he formed a partnership with A. M. Edstrom and they purchased the hardware store of E. J. Holmes. This winter the firm branched out and put in a general merchandise store at Hazel. All of his business enterprises seemed in a prosperous condition and he was recognized as a young business man of hustling ability and strict integrity. He was a member of the village council, having been elected last spring. Mr. Otterness had the good will and confidence of the entire community and his untimely demise will leave a gap in our village that will be hard to fill.

The following account is from the Minneapolis Tribune:

SUICIDE.

Victim—Nels Otterness of St. Hilaire.
Method of Suicide—Asphyxiation.
Cause—Probably financial distress, as he spent his last dollar for a room.

Discouraged over business reverses Nels Otterness, of St. Hilaire, Minn., committed suicide at the Beaufort hotel by asphyxiation Tuesday night.

When found by the chambermaid both of the gas jets in the room were turned on, one of them full and the other about half on. Otterness was undressed and in bed.

He went to the hotel late at night, and, paying his last dollar, went to bed. Nothing more was heard of him until this morning, when his body was found.

Otterness was a stranger at the hotel. No one had ever seen him before. When Deputy Coroner Irvine examined the room and the dead man's clothes he found that he had not one cent of money. Otterness had probably laid down his last piece of money for a room in which he might end his troubles.

His grip contained a few clothes, but nothing of importance. It is thought probable that he was interested in real estate in Dakota.

The body was taken to the morgue to wait identification.

We clip the following from the Crookston Times:

In connection with the death of Otterness, Bert Bivins said this morning: "Nels Otterness, of St. Hilaire, who recently committed suicide at the Beaufort hotel in Minneapolis held policy number 3316900 for $5000 with the New York Life Insurance company, written by Mr. Harbin August 25th, 1902, on which two premiums of $161.80 have been paid. His policy lapsed for non-payment of premiums August 25, 1904. But according to the term of the policy the continuous insurance carries it for two years and two months longer for the full amount. As soon as proofs of death are furnished a warrant for the full amount will be forthcoming at once. The policy goes to his estate unless it has been assigned."

School District Election.

The school district election last Saturday evening was not well attended, only fourteen voters being present. They all, however, cast their ballots in favor of the proposition to change common school district number 102 to independent school district number 102. There being sufficient votes present to constitute a "quorum" and all voting in the affirmative we are now an independent district. Six directors will now have to be elected and a caucus has been called to meet at the village hall this evening to nominate candidates. An election has also been called for March 4th. The board elected will serve until the annual meeting in July. There should be a good attendance at both caucus and election.

WANTED—Trustworthy man or woman to manage business in this county and adjoining territory for well established house of solid financial standing. $20 straight cash salary with all necessary expenses paid weekly by check from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Position permanent; previous experience not essential. No investment required. We furnish everything. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Address, Manager, 810 Como Block, Chicago, Ill. m6

A new line of boys' knee pants just in at M. L. Hanson's.

N. P. Takes Control.

Thief River Falls News: There have been well-founded rumors in circulation of late to the effect that the Great Northern has disposed of this branch to the Northern Pacific. The two roads are practically one and it is said that in the future, commencing in a short time, passenger trains will leave St. Paul, run over the main line of the Northern Pacific as far as Winnipeg Junction and from there on up to Fertile, then to Red Lake Falls and through this city up to Greenbush. This would give us a much more direct route to St. Paul and would make stronger competition for the Soo.

In this connection it may be stated that about a month ago the division superintendent of the Northern Pacific was up over this branch, and only last week the N. P. roadmaster made a trip up over this branch in company with the G. N. roadmaster. Just why these officials should make this trip unless something like the above was going into effect would be hard to explain.

Tuesday a number of surveyors in the employ of the Northern Pacific arrived here and did considerable surveying about town. Of course they would give out no information regarding their work.

DON'T LOSE YOUR HEAD

because your Shoes have worn out sooner than they should. There's no use crying over spilled milk. Keep cool and don't be caught again. Come where others with a similar experience have ended their....

SHOE TROUBLES

That's right here. Our shoes will wear longer, fit better, look nicer, and cost less than any you ever wore before.....That's straight.

RAPP & POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

This is a Poor Time
to have your property insured in
..Cheap Fire Insurance Companies..

I represent twelve of the best companies doing business in the United States. They never fail to pay all losses promptly........

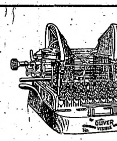
REMEMBER THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST

H. E. IVES - - ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

Don't buy a Typewriter on a worn-out reputation......

Investigate the merits of the

Oliver



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WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
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BEER.
MINNEAPOLIS AND MILWAUKEE BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.
"CORNER SALOON" South of the Bank.

The Oliver Typewriter received the Gold Medal at the World's Fair, St. Louis. Send for handsomely illustrated art catalog which tells why.
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tf Minneapolis, Minn.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

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No. 3, THE "FLYER"
ONLY MORNING TRAIN
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ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
FOR MONTANA and the PACIFIC COAST
Makes Immediate Connection with Limited and Fast Mail Trains from Chicago and the East.
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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year: four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
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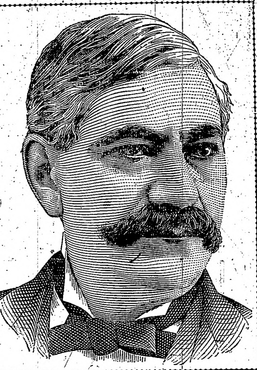
FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS

Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

HAD CATARRH THIRTY YEARS.

Congressman Meekison Gives Praise to Pe-ru-na For His Recovery.



CONGRESSMAN MEEKISON PRAISES PE-RU-NA.

Hon. David Meekison, Napoleon, Ohio, ex-member of Congress, Fifty-fifth District, writes:

> *"I have used several bottles of Peruna and I feel greatly benefited thereby from my catarrh of the head. I feel encouraged to believe that if I use it a short time longer I will be fully able to eradicate the disease of thirty years' standing."—David Meekison.*

ANOTHER SENSATIONAL CURE: Mr. Jacob L. Davis, Galena, Stone county, Mo., writes: "I have been in bad health for thirty-seven years, and after taking twelve bottles of your Peruna I am cured."—Jacob L. Davis.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Cole's Carbolisalve
Instantly stops the pain of
Burns and Scalds.
Always heals without scars.
25 and 50c by druggists, or mailed on receipt of price by J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis
KEEP A BOX HANDY

You Must use
YEAST FOAM
The Wonderful Yeast
If you want to make
Bread that is **Bread**

Yeast Foam is the yeast that raised the First Grand Prize at the St. Louis Exposition and is sold by all grocers at 5 cts. a package—enough for 40 loaves. Send a postal card for our new illustrated book "Good Bread: How to Make It."

NORTHWESTERN YEAST CO.
Chicago, Ill.

Positive, Comparative, Superlative

"I have used one of your Fish Brand Slickers for five years and now want a new one, also one for a friend. I would not be without one for twice the cost. They are just as far ahead of a common coat as a common one is ahead of nothing."
(NAME ON APPLICATION)

Be sure you don't get one of the common kind—this is the mark of excellence.
TOWER'S FISH BRAND
A. J. TOWER CO.
BOSTON, U. S. A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO., LIMITED
TORONTO, CANADA
Makers of Wet Weather Clothing and Hats

Hens
that have Sheridan's Powder added to the food lay fertile eggs that produce strong, healthy chicks. Given to chicks they mature rapidly and lay early.
SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER
supplies what is necessary to bring hens through molting quickly, and cause them to lay heavily in fall and winter months when eggs are high. One pack. 25 cts; five, $1.00. Two-lb. can, $1.20; six, $5.00, express paid.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE
THE FARMERS on the Free Homestead Lands of Western Canada Carry the banner for yields of wheat and other grains for 1904.
100,000 FARMERS
receive $55,000,000 as a result of their Wheat Crop alone.
The returns from Oats, Barley and other grains, as well as cattle and horses, add considerably to this.
Secure a Free Homestead at once, or purchase from some reliable dealer while lands are selling at present low prices.
Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.
Please say where you saw this advertisement.

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

Confidential.

Mrs. Bly—You say that you have two husbands?

Mrs. Sly—Yes, the one I thought I was marrying and the one I got.—

SALT RHEUM ON HANDS.

Suffered Agony and Had to Wear Bandages All the Time—Another Cure by Cuticura.

Another cure by Cuticura is told of by Mrs. Caroline Cable, of Waupaca, Wis., in the following grateful letter: "My husband suffered agony salt rheum on his hands and I had to keep them bandaged all the time. We tried everything we could get, but nothing helped him until he used Cuticura. One set of Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills cured him entirely, and his hands have been as smooth as possible ever since. I do hope this letter will be the means of helping some other sufferer."

Breathe His Last.

"I'll send my boy to a boarding school."

"What for?"

"Oh, he asks such questions. He wanted to know last night if a shoemaker could breathe his last?"

Millions of Vegetables.

When the Editor read 10,000 plants for 16c, he could hardly believe it, but upon second reading finds that the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., than whom there are no more reliable and extensive seed growers in the world, makes

this offer which is made to get you to test Salzer's Warranted Vegetable Seeds.

They will send you their big plant and seed catalog, together with enough seed to grow

1,000 fine, solid Cabbages,
2,000 rich, juicy Turnips,
2,000 blanching, nutty Celery,
2,000 rich, buttery Lettuce,
1,000 splendid Onions,
1,000 rare, luscious Radishes,
1,000 gloriously brilliant Flowers,
ALL FOR BUT 16c POSTAGE,

providing you will return this notice, and if you will send them 20c in postage, they will add to the above a package of famous Berliner Cauliflower. [W. N. U.]

After a man has had a spell of the blues he takes on the manner of one who is highly pleased with himself.

WHAT'S THE USE OF SAYING "GIVE ME A 5-CENT CIGAR," WHEN BY ASKING FOR A : :
"CREMO"
YOU GET THE BEST 5-CENT CIGAR IN AMERICA
"The World's Largest Seller"

GOOD OIL
Costs a trifle more than the cheap kind.
USE
CORNPLANTER X OIL
No smoky chimneys, dirty lamps.
Safe, reliable. All grocers.
St. Paul. Minneapolis.
CORNPLANTER OIL CO.

CORPSES TORN AND MANGLED.

Harrowing and Gruesome Scenes at the Virginia Mines.

Birmingham, Ala., Feb. 23. — The scene at Virginia mines yesterday, where a terrific explosion Monday imprisoned 160 men 100 feet below the surface, was the most gruesome and harrowing that has ever been witnessed in this section of Alabama.

Of the miners who entered the mines Monday so far only 50 bodies have been recovered. It is believed that of the remaining 110 men none are alive. Practically isolated from the outside world, the Associated Press correspondent found it necessary to employ couriers to intersect its wires eight miles distant. The corpses are frightfully mangled and disfigured and identification is almost impossible. Many of them are so badly bruised and twisted and discolored that negroes cannot be told from white men. All day long at the mouth of the mine the

Wailing and Moaning

of the women and children, whose unfortunate relatives were in the mines, has been the most heartrending feature of the disaster. One hundred families and 300 children are left destitute and without means of support by the calamity.

As the bodies of the victims, which in many cases have been gathered together a piece at a time, are brought to the surface, they are placed in rows on a rough improvised platform.

The work of the diggers at the mines has been an inspiration to the directors, and every one has done all in his power to facilitate the work of rescue. The excavation of debris has been

Handicapped From the Start.

The foul gases which had collected in the shaft made necessary the use of safety lamps, and it was found that less than a score of safety lamps were available in the district. Union miners went to the scene from practically every mining camp within a radius of of twenty-five miles of Virginia City to aid in the work of rescue.

Of the fifty bodies recovered one was found which was barely alive. Scant hope is held out for his recovery.

President Flynn of the Alabama United Mine Workers said to the Associated Press last night:

"I shall be surprised if a single person escapes alive from that mine. Ventilation is very difficult, and if the men were not killed by the explosion they have certainly been suffocated by the gases. The bodies so far reached were in the main slope, and it will be several days before we can get to the rooms which branch off from the main slope."

EDWARDS, WOOD & CO. ARE DEFEATED

Found Guilty in Supreme Court of Not Reporting Sales as Required by Law.

Minneapolis Tribune, Feb. 18, 1905: "The supreme court has handed down a decision in the famous case against Edwards, Wood & Co., a Chamber of Commerce firm, or more exactly the members of that firm, charged with having made false sales on account of grain shipped to them at Duluth by Victor Carlson of Hallock, Minn.

"The court affirms the decision of the municipal court of Duluth, rendered by Judge Winston, in which the accused were found guilty."

The prosecution resulted from complaints received by the railroad and warehouse commission from a large number of farmers and other shippers of grain in North Dakota and Minnesota to the effect that the firm of Edwards, Woods & Co., who were doing business by virtue of a license granted and issued by the commission, had violated the commission merchants' law by withholding in each case a part of the proceeds accruing from sales of grain consigned to the firm, and that in rendering accounts of the sales, Edwards, Wood & Co. had, in each instance, reported a lower price per bushel than the price at which such consignments had actually been sold, defrauding the shippers in amounts ranging from ½ cent to 3 cents, and more, per bushel.

After the original complaints were filed against the firm, additional complaints were received, aggregating seventy in all. It was decided to take up the complaint of Victor Carlson of Hallock, Minn., as the first one for trial. It was sworn to by Commissioner C. F. Staples, and resulted in Edwards, Wood & Co. being found guilty as stated

MURDER CASE JUROR SICK.

New Trial May Be Necessary at Sault Ste. Marie.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Feb. 23. — Edward Anderson, a member of the jury in the Eagle murder case, was taken sick yesterday afternoon, and unless he recovers the trial will either be adjourned or begun over again. Anderson has been taken to the hospital, and is threatened with pneumonia. Chief of Police Edgar J. Swart testified that he has seen the defendant when he was frothing at the mouth.

POWER PLANT BURNS.

Stillwater Lighting Company Suffers $5,000 Loss.

Stillwater, Minn., Feb. 23. — The Stillwater Lighting company's plant at South Stillwater was burned at 7 o'clock last evening. The fire started in the vicinity of the boilers and spread to the top of the building. The dynamos were damaged and a loss of $5,000 was sustained by the plant. It will be six weeks before repairs can be completed. The plant was built about a year ago at a cost of $18,000.

Kansas Anti-Trust Law Upheld.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The validity of the Kansas anti-trust law was yesterday upheld by the supreme court of the United States in an opinion by Justice Brewer in the case of Edmund J. Smiley, plaintiff in error, vs. the State of Kansas.

Alice Will Go to Philippines.

Washington, Feb. 22.—It is said that Miss Alice Roosevelt will accompany Secretary and Mrs. Taft on their visit to the Philippines next July unless other engagements prevent.

TORTURING PAIN.

Half This Man's Sufferings Would Have Killed Many a Person, but Doan's Cured Him.

A. C. Sprague, stock dealer, of Normal, Ill., writes: "For two whole years I was doing nothing but buying medicines to cure my kidneys. I do not think that any man ever suffered as I did and lived. The pain in my back was so bad that I could not sleep at night. I could not ride a horse and sometimes was unable even to ride in a car. My condition was critical when I sent for Doan's Kidney Pills. I used three boxes and they cured me. Now I can go anywhere and do as much as anybody. I sleep well and feel no discomfort at all."

A. C. SPRAGUE.

A TRIAL FREE.—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cts.

Hopeless Case.

The good woman was distributing a few tracts behind the bars.

"And what are you in for, my unfortunate friend?" she asked of No. 1313.

"'Cause I can't get out," sullenly answered the prisoner.

And the good woman passed on.

Millions in Oats.

Salzer's New National Oats yielded in Mich., 240 bu., in Mo., 255 bu., in N. D., 310 bu., and in 30 other states from 150 to 300 bu. per acre. Now this Oat if generally grown in 1905, will add millions of bushels to the yield and millions of dollars to the farmer's purse!

Homebuilder Yellow Dent Corn grows like a weed and yields from 157 to 260 bushels and more per acre! It's the biggest yielder on earth!

Salzer's Speltz, Beardless Barley, Macaroni Wheat, Pea Oat, Billion Dollar Grass and Earliest Cane are money makers for you, Mr. Farmer.

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10c in stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples. [W. N. U.]

The Ass and the Camel.

The jackass to the camel said:
"This question answer me: How can you bear that great big lump so very patiently?"
"'Tis easy," quoth the camel, "for I've had it all my years. Just so your stupidness you bear, and those long hairy ears!"

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children.

Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York, cure Constipation, Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. Over 30,000 testimonials. At all Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Horrors of the Stockyards.

The foreigner was inspecting the hog killing department.

"Zey don't speak softly here," he said, "but zey are all in favor of ze pig stick!"—Chicago Tribune.

Tested.

First Youth—I want to ask you a question. Suppose that five years from now I should be walking the streets, clothed literally in rags, wearing a battered old hat and shoes full of holes. Would you think enough of me to take me by the hand, buy me a new outfit, give me a bath, put five dollars in my hand and send me away with your blessing?

Second Youth—Why, of course I would. How absurd.

First Youth—Then, bring the scene a little nearer. Suppose that in four years from now you should meet me as I have described myself, but with this exception—that I had a good hat, would you still do it?

Second Youth — Why, Certainly! What—"

First Youth—Make it still nearer. Call it three years, and say I didn't need a bath. Throw off the blessing, and make it two years.

Second Youth (facetiously)—Make it a year, with a good pair of shoes, eh? Substitute a new suit, and— (a great light dawning on him)—Oh—

First Youth—And if you are a man of your word, let me have five dollars.

READS THE BOOK.

"The Road to Wellville" Pointed the Way.

Down at Hot Springs, Ark., the visitors have all sorts of complaints, but it is a subject of remark that the great majority of them have some trouble with stomach and bowels. This may be partly attributed to the heavy medicines,

Naturally, under the conditions, the question of food is very prominent.

A young man states that he had suffered for nine years from stomach and bowel trouble, had two operations which did not cure, and was at last threatened with appendicitis.

He went to Hot Springs for rheumatism and his stomach trouble got worse. One day at breakfast the waiter, knowing his condition, suggested he try Grape-Nuts and cream, which he did, and found the food agreed with him perfectly.

After the second day he began to sleep peacefully at night, different than he had for years. The perfect digestion of the food quieted his nervous system and made sleep possible.

He says: "The next morning I was astonished to find my condition of constipation had disappeared. I could not believe it true after suffering for so many years; then I took more interest in the food, read the little book, 'The Road to Wellville,' and started following the simple directions.

"I have met with such results that in the last five weeks I have gained eight pounds in spite of hot baths which take away the flesh from any one.

"A friend of mine has been entirely cured of a bad case of indigestion and stomach trouble by using Grape-Nuts Food and cream alone for breakfast.

"There is one thing in particular—I have noticed a great change in my mental condition. Formerly I could hardly remember anything, and now the mind seems unusually acute and retentive. I can memorize practically anything I desire." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

A Few Remarks.

The undertaker never drinks to a man's health.

Life is a hurdle race in which a lot of people jump at conclusions.

Our politeness is often wasted upon people before we really know them.

The early bird catches the worm, but sometimes it doesn't quite fill the bill.

The perfect woman is the one who succeeds in concealing her imperfections.

This would be a very unhappy world if we could all see ourselves as others see us.

Very often the less a man has to say the greater reputation he gains for wisdom.

If you want a detective to dog a man's footsteps you must first give him a pointer.

Valuable Work.

"Do you know," she said, "that your volume of poems has become quite indispensable in our house?"

"Indeed?" he responded, with a pleased look.

"Yes. Mamma says she wouldn't be without them. She threatens to read them whenever the children are naughty."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Logic of the Law.

"You say your husband carries $100,000 life insurance?" asked the shrewd severer of matrimonial knots.

"Yes," replied the applicant for release from irksome restraint.

"Then what in the world do you want with a divorce? Why don't you persuade him to buy an automobile?"

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

A Good Precedent.

"My dear," said Mrs. Mildly, as she dusted Mr. Mildly's table, "this would be a great deal cleaner world if there were not any men in it."

"If there were not," retorted Mr. Mildly, "the woman would do exactly as the Lord did—hunt around for enough dirt to make a man out of."

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is adapted to both sexes and all ages. Cures Kidney and Liver complaint, and purifies the blood. $1 all druggists.

The most unsound religion is that which is all sound.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Nothing fails like a selfish success.

Health of American Women

A Subject Much Discussed at Women's Clubs—The Future of a Country Depends on the Health of Its Women.

Mrs. T. C. Willadsen *Miss Mattie Henry.*

At the New York State Assembly of Mothers, a prominent New York doctor told the 500 women present that healthy American women were so rare as to be almost extinct.

This seems to be a sweeping statement of the condition of American women. Yet how many do you know who are perfectly well and do not have some trouble arising from a derangement of the female organism which manifests itself in headaches, backaches, nervousness, that bearing-down feeling, painful or irregular menstruation, leucorrhœa, displacement of the uterus, ovarian trouble, indigestion or sleeplessness? There is a tried and true remedy for all these ailments. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored more American women to health than all other remedies in the world. It regulates, strengthens and cures diseases of the female organism as nothing else can. For thirty years it has been curing the worst forms of female complaints.

Such testimony as the following should be convincing.

Mrs. T. C. Willadsen, of Manning, Ia., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I can truly say that you have saved my life and I cannot express my gratitude to you in words. For two years I spent lots of money in doctoring without any benefit, for menstrual irregularities and I had given up all hopes of ever being well again, but I was persuaded to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and three bottles have restored me to perfect health. Had it not been for you I would have been in my grave to-day."

Miss Mattie Henry, Vice-President of Danville Art Club, 429 Green St., Danville, Va., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—"Many years' suffering with female weakness, inflammation and a broken down system made me more anxious to die than to live, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored my health and I am so grateful for it that I want every suffering woman to know what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will do for her."

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating, (or flatulency), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues, and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. No other medicine in the world has received such unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

A light heart, a cheerful countenance, and all the charms of grace and beauty are dependent upon proper action of the bodily organs. You cannot look well unless you feel well.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice and medicine have restored thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

Truths that Strike Home

Your grocer is honest and—if he cares to do so—can tell you that he knows very little about the **bulk** coffee he sells you. How *can* he know, where it originally came from, how it was blended—**or with what**—or when roasted? If you buy your coffee loose by the pound, how *can* you expect purity and uniform quality?

LION COFFEE, the LEADER OF ALL PACKAGE COFFEES, is of necessity uniform in quality, strength and flavor. For OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY, LION COFFEE has been the standard coffee in millions of homes.

LION COFFEE is carefully packed at our factories, and until opened in your home, has no chance of being adulterated, or of coming in contact with dust, dirt, germs, or unclean hands.

In each package of LION COFFEE you get **one full pound** of Pure Coffee. Insist upon getting the genuine. (Lion head on every package.)
(Save the Lion-heads for valuable premiums.)

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE
WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Ask your dealer to show you the new
Western Lady
Shoe for Women
It is a perfect shoe, the final result of years of experience in shoe making—graceful in every line, handsomely modeled after the newest patterns; very stylish, extremely comfortable and unusually durable —It represents the highest type of shoe quality produced under the
Mayer
name and trade-mark. If you want the most for your money get the "Western Lady."
Your dealer has or can get Mayer "Western Lady" shoes for you. Ask him to show you and receive our elegant new style book.
We also make "Martha Washington" shoes. Our name and trade-mark is stamped on every sole.
F. MAYER BOOT & SHOE CO.
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 and 912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Jorgen Aal, Glenwood, Minn., jack cabinet; August Anderson, Nelson, Minn., potato digger; Joseph Annin, Columbus, Mont., folding camp stove; Spencer Davis, Minneapolis, Minn., seed drill; John Finnegan, Milbank, S. D., watering device; Ceylon Greene, Browns Valley, Minn., screen fastener; Emery Kingston, Hastings, Minn., combined cultivator and harrow.

To some women affection means nothing more than self-interest or gratification of vanity.

The more a man puffs the less freight he hauls.

Feet Comfortable Ever Since.

"I suffered for years with my feet. A friend recommended ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE. I used two boxes of the powder, and my feet have been entirely comfortable ever since. ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE is certainly a godsend to me. - Wm. L. Swormstedt, Washington, D. C." Sold by all Druggists, 25c.

If she marries for money she earns a lot more than she gets.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

You cannot climb with your Lord and cling to your lusts.

Salzer's National Oats
Greatest oat of the century. Yielded in Ohio 187, in Mich. 231, in Mo. 255, and in N. Dakota 310 bu. per acre. You can beat that record in 1905.
For 10c and this notice
we mail you free lots of farm seed samples and our big catalog, telling all about this oat wonder and thousands of other seeds.
JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO.
La Crosse, Wis.

GOOD SEEDS CHEAP BEST Ever Grown.
None better and none so low in price. 1c per pkt. and up, postpaid. Finest illustrated catalogue ever printed sent FREE. Engravings of every variety. A great lot of extra pkgs. of seeds, new sorts, presented free with every order. Some sorts onions only 50c per lb. Other seed equally low. 40 years a seed grower and dealer and all customers satisfied. No old seed. Send yours and neighbor's names for a catalogue.
R. H. SHUMWAY, Rockford, Ills.

$100 Weekly Easily Made
writing health and accident insurance; experience unnecessary. Write Bankers' Accident Co., Des Moines, Ia.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

Chicks Well Hatched Are Half Sold
To be profitable an incubator must hatch chicks to average 85% of fertile eggs set—strong, healthy chicks that will live and grow. The
SURE HATCH INCUBATOR does. 60,000 of them doing it today. Sold on 60 DAYS TRIAL with $100,000.00 5 Years Guarantee. [illegible] Our 180-EGG INCUBATOR [illegible] for only $10 [illegible]
SURE HATCH INCUBATOR COMPANY,
Clay Center, Neb. Indianapolis, Ind.

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

A Marvel of Relief
ST. JACOBS OIL
For Lumbago and Sciatica

BEGGS' CHERRY COUGH SYRUP cures coughs and colds.

GREGORY'S Guaranteed SEEDS
Grow quickly. Free Catalog.
J. J. H. Gregory & Son, Marblehead, Mass.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1905. NUMBER 33.

MRS. STANFORD IS POISONED

WIDOW OF MILLIONAIRE DIES UNDER SUSPICIOUS CIRCUMSTANCES.

SECOND ATTEMPT IS FATAL

FIRST ATTEMPT WAS MADE IN SAN FRANCISCO IN JANUARY.

FLED TO ESCAPE MURDERER

ON PHYSICIAN'S ADVICE SHE STARTED ON TRIP TO JAPAN AND CHINA.

Honolulu, March 2.—Mrs. Jane Lathrop Stanford of San Francisco, widow of United States Senator Leland Stanford, died at 11:40 o'clock Tuesday night, forty minutes after she was taken ill, at the Moana hotel here, under suspicious circumstances, pointing, in the opinion of the physician who attended her in her dying hour, and seemingly in that of the others, to poisoning by the administration of strychnine in a phial of bicarbonate of soda.

Mrs. Stanford, herself, when found by a guest of the hotel, who had heard her groaning in her agony and suffering from convulsions, declared:

"I Have Been Poisoned,"

and her last words were: "This is a horrible death to die."

The physicians say that between convulsions Mrs. Stanford repeated the assertion that she had been poisoned, and said it was the second time the attempt had been made, the first time being in January at her San Francisco home, and that it was this attempt that caused her to come to Honolulu.

An autopsy on the remains showed the cause of death was tetanus of the respiratory organs, but how this was brought about will not be known until after an examination of the contents of the stomach.

Sorrow and Horror.

San Francisco, March 2.—The news of the death of Mrs. Jane L. Stanford was received here yesterday with surprise and sorrow, to which was added horror when it was learned that probably she had been poisoned. Her brother, Charles G. Lathrop, who is the secretary of the Stanford university, refused to believe her death was due to other than natural causes, and her attorney, Mountford S. Wilson, positively declined to discuss the report that a previous attempt to poison her had been made in this city.

Mr. Wilson preferred waiting advices from Honolulu officials before

Taking Any Step

regarding the business affairs of Mrs. Stanford, which were intimately connected with the great university which she and her husband founded at Palo Alto. This institution has already been endowed with $38,000,000 in property and coin, to which may be added about $10,000,000 from Mrs. Stanford's personal estate. She took deep personal interest in the university, and to her wisdom and business sagacity is due much of its success, a fact which is testified to by its president and the students, nearly all of whom knew her and loved her.

The university was closed yesterday and it is not expected to reopen until after

Mrs. Stanford's Remains

have been placed beside those of her husband and son in their mausoleum near the college campus.

In respect to her memory the state legislature adjourned yesterday and flags were placed at half-mast throughout the city and state.

The story of an attempt to poison Mrs. Stanford in this city was first made public on the 18th of last month, when it was declared that strychnine had been found in a bottle of mineral water from which she had taken several drinks. She was

Made Violently Ill,

and an analysis showed the presence of the deadly drug in the bottle.

To Dr. Boerck, who attended her, Mrs. Stanford told the story of what she believed to be an attempt upon her life. She suspected no one, and on the physician's advice soon went to the country. Returning here in apparently improved health, she sailed for China and Japan by way of Honolulu on the steamer Korea Feb. 18, arriving at the Hawaiian port five days later.

The alleged attempt to poison her was investigated by a detective agency but no results were obtained and the matter apparently was dropped.

VANDERBILT IN WRECK.

Two Sleepers on Washington & Southwestern Leave the Track.

Charlottesville, Va., March 2.—The two rear sleepers of the Washington & Southwestern limited left the track at Rockfish, Va., on the Virginia Midland division of the Southern railway. A passenger and the conductor were seriously injured. George K. Vanderbilt of New York and Brooks Morgan of Atlanta, assistant general passenger agent of the Southern, were among the passengers.

MINNESOTA LEGISLATURE.

Insurance Companies Prohibited From Forming Combine.

St. Paul, March 2. — Anti-compact laws, prohibiting insurance companies from combining to charge certain fixed rates for fire insurance, and declaring all such combinations illegal, were introduced by Representatives W. H. Putnam and George W. Thompson.

A new method of taxing sleeping car companies is provided in a bill introduced by Senator Henry A. Morgan. It provides that companies shall pay the average rate of taxation on a proportionate share of capital stock based on the proportion of mileage over which the cars run in Minnesota to the total mileage.

A bill which, if passed, may compel locomotive engineers to seek jobs in other states than Minnesota, was introduced in the house by Representative W. I. Nolan of Minneapolis and Senator O. N. Mausten of Aitkin. The bill makes it a misdemeanor for any person who has not served three years as a fireman or one year as an engineer to run an engine on a main or branch line. It likewise makes it a misdemeanor for a railroad to employ a person as engineer who has not had the experience required in the bill.

Owners of cows killed on account of tuberculosis will be paid by the state three-fourths of the value of the animals, if a bill introduced in the senate by Senator Lowell E. Jepson becomes a law.

Bills requiring warehousemen to issue warehouse receipts showing the amount and grade of grain purchased were introduced in the house and senate by Representative N. F. Hugo and Senator L. O. Thorpe.

Joint telephone service between competing and connecting lines is required by a bill introduced by Representative Edward Fanning.

A diploma from a recognized school of pharmacy is required of applicants for examination for license as a registered pharmacist by a bill introduced by Representative William J. Stock.

Minnesota cities and villages are prohibited from using any patented paving material or process on any streets, alleys or highways, by a bill introduced by Representative Edward Fanning.

The use of ferrets for hunting rabbits or hares is prohibited by a bill introduced by Representative Handlan. The penalty for violating the prohibition is $10 to $30 fine or imprisonment for ten to thirty days.

MISSING GIRL FOUND DEAD.

Disappeared From Her Home Jan. 9, Leaving Not a Single Clue.

Hubbard, Wis., March 2.—The body of Miss Elvina Schneller, a thirteen-year-old girl, who left home Jan. 9, was found yesterday between this place and Neillsville. She had been frozen to death. The girl had become piqued at her mother and left the place where she had been working. Nothing was heard of her since the time she disappeared until searchers found the body yesterday. The disordered condition of the girl's clothing when found led many to suspect foul play, but an examination proved this suspicion groundless. The body was brought here for burial.

WOMAN IS ACCUSED.

Arrested on the Charge of Robbing Uncle Sam's Mail Pouches.

Helena, Mont., March 2—Mrs. Nellie Leary, who was arrested at Silver by United States Marshal Guthrie for the alleged rifling of the United States mail, is charged with three counts. She is alleged to have robbed the mails at three different times during last August and September. Daniel Leary, station agent, and Robert Stevens, night operator at Silver, husband and son of Mrs. Leary, respectively, have also been arrested on similar charges, and all three were bound over pending investigation by the grand jury.

TO TEST COLONEL'S MIND.

Alleged Relative of Fitzhugh Lee to Be Examined.

Lead, S. D., March 2.—The board of insanity of Lawrence county this week will examine Col. Richard Lee, who is probably the best known man in the Black Hills. For twenty-five years he has gone back and forth in the Hills, begging his way, and always telling of the richness of his U. S. Grant mine. The colonel is supposed to be a relative of Fitzhugh Lee. He is under arrest for making an alleged threat to Postmaster McKay of this city that he would blow him up with a bomb.

ELEVATOR BURNS.

Minneapolis & Northern loses Building and Grain at Milton.

Milton, N. D., March 2.—The Minneapolis & Northern company's elevator and Mone's feed barn burned last night. The capacity of the elevator was $80,000 bushels, and it contained 18,000. As the fire engine is being refitted the department was powerless to save the property. The origin of the fire is unknown.

WIFE SLAIN WITH CHAIR.

Husband, Alleged to Be Insane, Is Charged With the Crime.

Hull, Iowa, March 2.—William Vanderwilt, a wealthy farmer living near Sioux Center, it is charged, beat his wife's head into an unrecognizable mass with a chair. Brooding over her ill health is said to have caused him to become insane. After the alleged crime he was captured by neighbors two miles from his home. The murdered woman is survived by five children.

JAPS DRIVING RUSSIANS BACK

HEAVY BOMBARDMENT ALONG THE ENTIRE LINE IS IN PROGRESS.

RUSS CENSOR SHUTS DOWN

NO NEWS OF THE FIGHTING IN MANCHURIA IS MADE PUBLIC.

RETREAT FOR KUROPATIN

MILITARY AUTHORITIES ADMIT THAT HE WILL BE FORCED TO RETIRE.

Gen. Oku's Headquarters, March 2.—The Japanese left wing is driving back the Russian outposts.

The Japanese have occupied a line from Shatzemun, two miles west of the Hun river in a northwest direction to Kalita, on the east bank of the Liao river.

A heavy bombardment along the entire line west of the railroad is in progress night and day.

The Russians are firing blindly with heavy guns.

The Japanese remain in their position and make no serious response to the Russian firing.

Censor Gets Busy.

St. Petersburg, March 2.—The curtain of a rigid censorship has settled down over events in Manchuria. There is no news of the results of yesterday's fighting. Dispatches describing the picturesque events of the night retreat from Da pass and the all-night combat at the railroad bridge across the Shakhe river have been allowed to come through, but nothing to show whether Gen. Kuropatkin is withdrawing or is determined to stand his ground. It is significant that no news has been received from the threatened left flank, the last dispatches leaving the Russians clinging desperately to Oubenepusa against a strong force of Gen. Kuroki's veterans.

Kuropatkin Must Retreat.

Although it is not admitted at the war office the general impression in military circles is that Gen. Kuropatkin may be forced to withdraw. Not only is Gen. Kuroki threatening his communications, but the redoubts at Putiloff and Novgorod hills, and even the hills themselves, keys to the position of the Russian center, appear to be crumbling away under the impact of terrible eleven-inch shells such as leveled the fortifications of Port Arthur and rendered the fortress untenable.

No troops will be able to retain the position long if the bombardment continues.

Japs Lose Heavily.

Russian Headquarters, March 2. — After an all night battle the Russian forces which seized the railroad bridge across the Shakhe river returned after having destroyed the Japanese fortifications at the further end of the bridge and thrown the Japanese forces there into consternation. The Japanese losses were heavy.

Attack Lone Tree Hill.

Sachettun, Manchuria, March 2. — The Japanese have opened a tremendous fire with field and siege guns against Poutiloff (Lone Tree) hill. Columns of white smoke envelop the hill on two sides. The bombardment of the right flank continues.

Slavs Meet as Free Men.

St. Petersburg, March 2.—The People's palace here was the scene of a remarkable convention yesterday when workingmen representing 160 factories of this city met for the first time in their lives with freedom of speech and assembly granted them. These workingmen are 250 primary electors who on March 3 will select fifty of their number as members of the mixed economic commission of which M. Schidlovski is president. The convention unanimously adopted a resolution to refuse to participate in proceedings on March 3 unless the government pledges the release of the workmen who have been arrested since Jan. 22; that the members of the commission be given absolute freedom oof speech and immunity from arrest on account of the expression of opinions, and the proceedings of the commission be published uncensored.

May Recall Kuropatkin.

London, March 2.—The Times' Russian correspondent telegraphs that he hears a war council will be held at St. Petersburg about March 5 to decide whether Gen. Kuropatkin shall be recalled. He adds that Grand Duke Nicholas or Gen. Dragomiroff, the hero of the Russo-Turkish war, are mentioned as possible successors.

Warner in Lead for Toga.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 2.—A caucus of Republican members was held last night in an effort to settle the senatorial deadloock. William Warner of Kansas City received 32 votes, Dyer, 13; Bothwell 2; Hadley, 1; McKinley, 1.

Seeding in North Dakota.

Larimore, N. D., March 2.—Thomas H. May of the Great Northern farm was in the city yesterday and said he had commenced seeding and that the ground was in fine condition.

CONGRESS.

Senate Passes Three of the Big Supply Bills.

Washington, March 2.—During the day the senate considered and passed three supply bills aggregating an appropriation of over $357,000,000, and at night took up a fourth bill carrying over $67,000,000. The session began at 11 a. m., and after a recess lasting from 6 to 8, continued well into the night.

The appropriation measures passed during the day session were the post-office bill, carrying $181,526,843; the pension bill, carrying $138,000,000, and the river and harbor bill, carrying in immediate appropriations and continuing contracts, $38,350,899.

The Philippines import tariff bill was passed and also several other bills of minor importance. At the night session the sundry civil appropriation bill was considered.

The house last night passed the general deficiency appropriation bill, the last of the great supply measures to be acted upon during this congress. The total amount carried is $31,224,079.

The temper of the house regarding the Swayne impeachment verdict was shown when amendments were attached to the bill restricting the $10 a day limit for expenses of United States judges so that expenditures above $5 a day shall be certified upon proper vouchers, with the further proviso that in case a judge presents a false claim for expenses he shall be fined not less than $100, and imprisoned not less than ten days.

The conference report on the military academy bill was adopted and other appropriation bills passed by the senate were sent to conference.

AID CANAL WORKERS' SOULS.

Ireland Says Catholics and Y. M. C. A. Will Co-operate.

Washington, March 2.—Archbishop Ireland had a conference with Secretary Taft yesterday on the subject of religious welfare of the men employed in the construction of the Panama canal, especially in connection with the plan for the establishment of branches of the Young Men's Christian association in the canal zone. It was made clear that there is no antagonism between the Catholic church and the Y. M. C. A., and that an effort would be made to have the two bodies co-operate in the work of extending the Christian spirit among the workmen.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN IN BOUT.

Ex-Champion Knocks Out McCormick in the Second Round.

Grand Rapids, Mich., March 2—John L. Sullivan, ex-champion heavy-weight pugilist of the world, knocked out Jack McCormick of Galveston, Tex., in the second round of what was to have been a four-round boxing match here last night. Sullivan was the aggressor all the way through. Sullivan weighed 275 and McCormick 196 pounds.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, March 2. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.13 1-4 @ 1.13 3-8c; No. 2 Northern, $1.06 1-4@1.08 1-4; No. 3, $1 @1.03. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 43 1-2 @ 44c. Oats—No. 3 white, 29 1-2@30c.

Minneapolis, March 2.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.17 1-8; No. 1 Northern, $1.15 5-8; No. 2 Northern, $1.11 7-8 @ 1.13 7-8. Oats—No. 3 white, 29 1-4c.

Duluth, March 2. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.13 1-2; No. 2 Northern, $1.07 1-2@1.11; flax, $1.32 1-2; rye, 74 1-2c.

Milwaukee, March 2. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.17@1.18; No. 2 Northern, $1.12@1.15. Rye—No. 1, 83 3-4c. Barley—No. 2, 51@52c. Oats—Standard, 32@32 1-2c. Corn—No. 3, 44 1-2 @45c.

Chicago, March 2. — Wheat — No. 2 red, $1.20; No. 3 red, $1.14@1.18; No. 2 hard, $1.16@1.18; No. 3 hard, $1.10@ 1.15. No. 1 Northern, $1.18 3-4@1.21; No. 2 Northern, $1.14@1.19. Corn—No. 2, 45 1-2@45 3-4. Oats — No. 2, 30 1-2@32 2-4c.

Sioux City, Iowa, March 2. — Cattle —Beeves, $3.50 @ 5; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.25@3.50; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.60; calves and yearlings, $2.25 @ 3.25. Hogs — Bulk, $4.55 @ 4.60.

Chicago, March 2.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.60@6.45; stockers and feeders, $2.20 @ 4; cows, $1.40 @ 4; heifers, $2 @ 5; calves, $3.50 @ 6.75. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $4.75 @ 5; bulk, $4.90@5. Sheep — Good to choice wethers, $5.60 @ 5.90; native lambs, $5.75 @ 7.95; Western lambs, $5.75@7.95.

South St. Paul, March 2. — Cattle— Good to choice steers, $4.85 @ 5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, $2.75 @4; butcher bulls, $2.50@3.25; veals, $2@4.90; good to choice stock steers, $2.75@3.65; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs — Range price, $4.40@4.65; bulk, $4.50@4.60. Sheep —Good to choice lambs, $6.75 @ 7.25; air to good, $6.25 @ 6.75; good to choice yearling wethers, $5.25@6.25; good to choice ewes, $4.65@5.

FARMER KILLS HIMSELF.

After First Slaughtering Every Living Thing About the Place.

Cincinnati, March 2. — Previous to ending his own life, Henry Fey, caretaker of a farm west of this city, killed every living thing about the place. Then, acting with much deliberation, he literally blew his head off with a shotgun. Fey's victims were shot, piled up in a heap near the house, and then Fey went to the kitchen and killed himself.

What the State Solons Are Doing

St. Paul, Feb. 24. — The girls attending the Duluth normal school will not have to beg for a place to eat and sleep if the normal school appropriation bill introduced in the senate by Senator E. B. Hawkins becomes a law. Among the several provisions of the bill is an appropriation of $35,000 for a new ladies' dormitory at Duluth.

Senator T. M. Pugh's bill creating a naval reserve at Duluth passed the senate yesterday by a vote of 35 to 2.

All carriers of passengers for hire are to be required to file with city, village or town clerks full reports of any accident in which a person is injured, according to a bill introduced in the house by Representative S. D. Peterson.

Corn shredders and huskers operated by steam or other power, are to be inspected by the state labor commissioner, to ascertain whether the operators are sufficiently safeguarded against accident, according to a bill introduced in the house by Representative Ole Opdahl.

Automatic and repeating shotguns are to be barred from Minnesota by a bill offered in the house by Representative J. G. Lennon.

The Zelch-Durant bill, allowing the board of control to devote one-half of the earnings of the prison industries to enlarging the prison was killed by the house yesterday. The attack on the measure was made by the country members, who declared it was simply compelling the farmers who buy twine from the state prison to build a new prison for the criminals of the whole state.

The house passed the following bills:

Appropriating $9,800 to pay for the publication of synopsis of proposed amendments to the constitution voted on in 1904; making the state treasurer custodian of securities deposited with the state by annuity safe deposit and trust companies; authorizing organized townships to issue bonds for the building of roads and bridges; forbidding the nomination of candidates by petition before the holding of primary election.

St. Paul, Feb. 25.—After refusing to reconsider the Peachey amendment to the bill removing the educational institutions from the board of control, the senate yesterday killed the bill by a vote of 33 to 27. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill was killed was lost by a vote of 4 to 43, so that the bill cannot be revived in the senate. The friends of the university and the normal schools have still another chance. A duplicate of the educational bill is in the house, and should it pass that body, there will probably be another skirmish in the senate. Some of the senate advocates of the educational bill believe that if the Peachey amendment had not been adopted at all, the bill might have passed. The Peachy amendment, which brought the Owatonna and Faribault schools under the original bill, which sought to remove only the university and normal schools, was adopted by a vote of 36 to 24. It proved that many voted for the Peachey amendment for the purpose of defeating the bill.

The convention and the primary election systems of nomination are combined in a bill introduced in the house by Representative Ole Peterson, which provides for the nomination of county, legislative and state officers, judges of the supreme court and congressmen. The object of the bill, Mr. Peterson says, is to prevent nominations by a small majority of a party, possible under the primary election law, because the number of candidates is not limited.

Live stock trains must be moved by railroads at a rate of not less than ten miles an hour, according to a bill introduced in the house by Representative J. M. Hetland.

Two bills providing for the care of soldiers' wives, widows and mothers at the state soldiers' home were introduced in the house by Representative M. D. Flower.

A bill enlarging the powers of the attorney general with reference to the prosecution of trusts, and increasing his office force by one assistant and one clerk was introduced in the senate by Senator F. H. Peterson.

A resolution declaring that Minnesota sympathizes with Kansas in its war on the so-called oil trust and commending the action of President Roosevelt in probing the methods of the company was passed by the senate without a dissenting vote.

A home for wives and widows of veterans of the Civil war is provided for in a bill introduced by Senator E. B. Wood of Long Prairie, which appropriates $100,000 for the purpose.

St. Paul, Feb. 27.—A live stock amphitheater at the state fair grounds, at a cost of $200,000, is provided for in a bill introduced Saturday by Senator Thomas Torson. The money is to be expended on warrant of the state auditor by the board of managers of the state agricultural society.

A bill proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing a state system of hail insurance was introduced by Senator B. E. Lundberg. Demand for state hail insurance is especially strong in the Red river valley.

The bill to restrict the sale of cocaine, introduced by Representative W. B. Anderson was recommended to pass by the house committee of the whole.

The sale of intoxicating liquors within a mile of a consolidated school district is made a misdemeanor in a bill introduced by Senator L. O. Thorpe. The bill does not apply to regularly licensed saloons. It was referred to the judiciary committee.

Mineral rights or interests are to be taxed separately from interest in the surface right of real estate, according to a bill introduced by Representative E. R. Hinds, and the mineral right, if separate from any other surface or other rights in real estate, may be sold as in other real estate for delinquent taxes.

Railway tickets and mileage books are made transferable in a bill introduced by Senator H. W. Stone.

The constitutional restrictions on the state road and bridge fund are removed by a constitutional amendment introduced by Representative L. H. Johnson.

A Minnesota exhibit at the Lewis and Clark exposition at Portland next summer is provided for by a bill introduced by Representative Karl De Laittre.

St. Paul, Feb. 28.—Persons who insist on running blind pigs will be sent to the state penitentiary if a bill introduced in the senate by Senator L. O. Thorpe becomes a law. The bill provides that persons convicted five or more times in five years shall be sent to the state prison for not more than two years.

The beautifying of the state park at the Dalles of the St. Croix is provided for in a bill introduced by Senator Duke W. Cowan, which appropriates $20,000 for permanent improvements, $10,000 to be available in 1906 and $10,000 in 1907. The sum of $6,000 is appropriated for maintenance for three years, 1905, 1906 and 1907, and the state auditor is authorized to draw a warrant for $1,500 for the purchase of a toll bridge which the state wishes to acquire.

Senator E. B. Wood introduced a bill providing that a person may plead guilty to a criminal charge where the penalty is sentence in the state reformatory or imprisonment in the state prison not more than two years, without the summoning of a grand jury, or, if the person has been indicted, during a vacation of the court.

Senator J. F. Frater introduced a bill to appropriate $25,000 for the equipment of the proposed sanitorium for consumptives to be erected near Walker.

Justice courts are denied jurisdiction in criminal cases in all cities and villages that have municipal courts in a bill introduced by Senator Julius Coller.

Owing to a very light attendance, the senate passed over until to-day the calendar and reported progress on most of the bills on general orders. Senator W. W. Dunn's bill authorizing the use of voting machines at primary elections was recommended for passage. Senator John C. Hardy's bill providing that a city shall secure absolute title instead of an easement on property which it condemns for water works purposes, and Senator H. W. Stone's measure abolishing highway labor assessment were favorably reported. The senate adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

Railroads must grade embankments and remove trees at grade crossings so that there is an unobstructed view of the track for 300 feet each side of the crossing at a distance of 100 feet if the bill introduced in the house by Representative Jacobson becomes a law.

The house passed the following:

Allowing counties to invest sinking funds in farm mortgages; increasing the maximum road tax levy of townships from 2 to 5 mills; requiring registers of deeds to furnish county auditors with a list of real estate securities owned or controlled by residents of such county; allowing judges of probate $900 a year for clerk hire in counties of more than 35,000 inhabitants; regulating the sale of cocaine; requiring embalmers to secure state licenses; relating to the probate code; Authorizing cities owning waterworks to issue bonds; authorizing cities of less than 10,000 inhabitants to fund floating indebtedness.

St. Paul, March 1.—Telegraph and telephone companies are to be made common carriers, subject to the regulation of the state railroad and warehouse commission, the same as railroads, by a bill introduced in the house by Representative W. C. Fraser. The bill makes such companies common carriers, and requires them to furnish reasonable service at reasonable rates.

The state board of control and the warden of the state prison may be empowered to borrow money for the prison revolving fund, chiefly used in connection with the binding twine industry, whenever in their judgment it becomes necessary. Such a bill was introduced by Representative John Zelch.

Holders of fire insurance policies need not abide by the adjustment of fire losses made by referees under a bill introduced in the house by Representative M. L. Fosseen.

Slot machines or similar gambling devices are to be barred from Minnesota, and police authorities required to enforce the prohibition by a bill introduced in the house by Representative Carl Wallace.

Minor's wages are made subject to attachment for a parent's debts, and exemption is cut to $6.25 if wages are paid by the week, in a bill introduced in the house by Representative M. D. Flower. If the minor or wage-earner is paid by the day the exemption is reduced to practically $1 a day, and under the provision of the bill each day's wages could be attached.

The purchase of all stationery and supplies for the Minnesota legislature by the state board of control is provided for by a bill introduced in the house by Representative P. A. Gandrud.

The state inspection of hay and straw under the supervision of the state railroad and warehouse commission is provided for by a bill introduced in the house by Representative Carl Wallace. The inspection is to be conducted under the supervision of the commission which is to fix regulations governing the inspection.

"Habitual selling of liquor without a license" is made a crime punishable by imprisonment for not more than three years, in a bill introduced in the house by Representative Carl Wallace.

Property of Young Men's Christian associations in Minnesota are exempted from taxation in a bill introduced by Senator Hiler H. Horton.

Senator A. B. Cole introduced a bill providing for the erection of a contagious ward at the Fergus Falls insane asylum without the appropriation of any funds. The bill provides that unused appropriations for other building may be used in constructing the new ward.

BOAT AFIRE ON OCEAN.

Oregon's Passengers Are Rescued by Another Steamer.

San Francisco, March 2—Fire broke out in the cargo of the steamer Oregon Monday when the ship was about fifteen miles southwest of the Crescent City on her voyage from San Francisco to Portland. There were fifty-six passengers on board the Oregon besides the crew, but the passengers were safely transferred to the steamer Del Norte and taken to Crescent City. The Oregon proceeded to the harbor under her own steam, the fire having been subdued. The cargo was insured, and the White Star company, who owns the steamer, carries its own insurance on its ships. The total loss has not yet been ascertained. The Oregon is a steamer of 2,793 tons freight capacity. She is now under charter to the Portland & San Francisco Steamship company.

NAN PATTERSON DRAWS WELL.

Packs Brooklyn Court With an Immense Crowd.

New York, March 2. — One of the largest crowds ever seen in the supreme court in Brooklyn jammed and fought its way for seats and standing room yesterday when Nan Patterson appeared before Judge Gayor in the fight for her release on habeas corpus proceedings. Arguments were to have been heard yesterday, but upon the request of Assistant District Attorney Johnstone, with the consent of the prisoner's counsel, the proceedings were adjourned until to-day. Behind the seats in the court room spectators were standing seventeen rows deep. The presence of the crowd was annoying to the judge, and he said when the case comes up to-day it will not be necessary to bring Nan Patterson to court.

TO BURY BABY ALIVE.

Father Is Said to Have Refused to Call Doctor.

Hammond, Ind., March 1. — Summoned by Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Shylock of East Chicago to prepare the body of their baby daughter Julia for burial, C. H. Stewart, an undertaker of Hammond, was the means of saving the life of the child.

The undertaker drew back the winding sheet, and as soon as he touched the face the baby opened her eyes.

"Your child is not dead," said Stewart to Shylock.

"It was dead," said the father.

The undertaker then applied means of resuscitation. The father is said to have refused to go for a doctor and Stewart started for one.

"You had better wait awhile," Shylock is reported to have said. "The child will be dead in a few minutes."

Stewart obtained a doctor and the child will recover.

Blind Pigger Fined.

Fergus Falls, Minn., March 1.—Thorvold Olson was brought in from Battle Lake to answer to the charge of running a blind pig. He pleaded guilty, paid a fine of $40 and agreed to quit business.

Deadwood, S. D., March 1. — Capt. Seth Bullock's cowboys left Deadwood yesterday afternoon over the Burlington for Washington to take part in the inaugural parade. There will be sixty in the party.

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Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn, as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

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Saturday, March 4, 1905.

The state of Kansas is after the scalp of the Standard Oil Co. Here's ho to the state of Kansas. May your tribe increase.

Congress adjourns today at noon and will not be in session again until December unless called by the president in special session.

Senator William B. Allison, the veteran from Iowa, today completes 42 years of continuous service in congress, the longest on record.

It is being hinted in some quarters that Red Lake county may get a bran new court house for nothing before the county seat question is settled.

There is a movement on foot to have all chattel mortgages filed with the register of deeds instead of the town clerk. It would be a decided improvement.

President Roosevelt will be inaugurated today at Washington for a four-year term which the people have elected him. May it be a sorry day for the trusts is the wish of the majority of the people.

Wm. J. Bryan, the defeated candidate for the presidency, is said to be making one hundred thousand dollars a year out of his paper, The Commoner, and his lectures. This is twice the salary of the president.

The people of the nation are interested in railroad rates. They want rates as low as is consistent with the good management of railroad properties. But first and foremost, they want, and they have a right to have, equitable and uniform rates. They have the right to such rates that one man shall be treated exactly as the next man is, one town in the same manner as the next town is, having due regard, of course, to the difference in cost between the handling of a big shipment and a little one. The people have a right to know that when they pay for transportation they are not competing with others who are receiving the same service for a less price. Fair rates, rather than merely low rates, concern the people.—Grand Forks Herald.

How to Shoot a Rattler.

The writer once saw an Indian kill a rattlesnake in a very peculiar manner. The rattler was about ten feet from the Indian, who was resting the rifle on his knee, apparently taking aim.

Whenever he moved the weapon a few inches the snake would move around and get exactly in line with it. Then, to show how the thing was done, the Indian moved about the snake in a circle, and the reptile moved as if its tail were a pivot, always keeping its head and body in line with the gun. The Indian then agreed to bandage his eyes and shoot the snake in the mouth.

The writer bandaged the Indian's eyes, and, holding the gun by his side at arm's length, the latter pulled the trigger, and the ball entered the snake's mouth and passed the whole length of its body.

"How did you take aim?" was the query.

"The snake he take aim," was the reply.

We have talked with an old hunter on this proposition, and he claims that a rattlesnake will always range directly in line with a gun or stick pointed at it.—Exchange.

The Sphinx's Riddle.

The riddle which the sphinx propounded to the Thebans and the solution of which she made a condition of her withdrawal from the state was as follows: "What animal has one voice, at first four, then two and at last three feet?" Œdipus discovered the answer to be "man," who in infancy, from using his hands as well as his feet in walking, may be said to have four feet (all fours), in after life employs but two, and in old age to these he adds a staff, which may be reckoned a third. Upon this solution being given the sphinx is said to have thrown herself headlong from the citadel.

AS THINGS APPEAR TO A MAN UP A TREE.

It begins to look as though the packing house trust might have to unpack.

The federal railroad rate bill seems to have been thrown off the cars for want of a pass.

Paderewski stopped over night in Minneapolis last week, and played several nice tunes on the piano for the folks.

A sensational headline in a city daily reads "Irish Party Jars the Government." Couldn't wait until the 17th of March, eh?

Minnesota club women announce their annual "Federation Breakfast" at one o'clock p.m. Ladies, Ladies, you should get up earlier.

A schedule of corporations and banks owned or dominated by John D. Rockefeller is as voluminous as the delinquent tax list of St. Paul.

The robin that shows up in these parts before March 15th takes liberties with Jack Frost and in a good way to be entertained by the undertaker.

Looking over the column "What the Market Affords," we discovered many articles that no one but the market and the Standard Oil Co. could afford.

Of course it would not go hard with the doctors to kill off the 60 year men in the country. They are used to killing much younger people by means of medical aid.

A Minnesota legislator rises to the occasion with a bill providing for payment of a bounty of $2 per head for killing rattle snakes. This looks like a slap at the whiskey trust.

It is said that Gen. Lew Wallace received $100,000 for Ben Hur. There are about a million would-be authors who would sell good will and entire stock for much less money.

Lost, strayed or stolen: Alton B. Parker, age about 50, auburn hair, mustache, a good swimmer. Last seen in New York. Finder call for reward 31278 Commoner, Lincoln, Neb.

A bold head line in The Minneapolis Journal of last Tuesday informs us that "Minneapolis & St. Louis Trains will Run into Minnetonka Bay." Going to water the stock, be they?

Hundreds of Chicago people have been arrested, convicted and fined for violating the anti-spitting ordinance. If those giesers must expectorate let 'em come and buy a 40 acre chunk of land. Out here we live the simple life.

In the "Male Help Wanted" columns of one of the twin city papers some base ball town calls for a "bartender and printer skilled in base ball" and offers a salary of $40 per. Small pay for a man with such versatile attainments.

Some people are prone to find fault with the ideas of their fellow men. There are quite a few who oppose Dr. Vosler's scheme for chloroforming men after reaching 60. Strange too, among them are some who have passed the three score mile stone.

A Methodist preacher in Tennessee died last week at the age of 92, having spent 70 years in the ministry and leaving 110 grand-children. If you would live long and see your progeny occupy the earth be a Methodist preacher and live in Tennessee.

We have scientific authority, properly certified and sealed, that paper money carries deadly germs of all kinds for one month and metal money for one day. We are not in position to dispute it, having never been able to hold either kind long enough to make a test.

The preachers of Iowa, having exhausted the supply of theological thunder, are joining in a course of sermons on "How to Grow Corn." They have scriptural backing for such a theme. We remember reading where Christ and his disciples went through a corn field and made a meal on the fat roasting ears. Then too, many good corn cultivators have been spoiled to make poor preachers.

Shoe manufacturers held a convention in New York for the purpose of making war on members of the meat trust for maintaining a corner on the hide market that pinches the shoemaker, and wearer too. This is another instance of the trust working a skin game on the public.

Paderewski has condescended to make another tour of the United States at about $1,000 to $2,000 per stand and is now making the rounds. At the close of his last tour, with $100,000 good American money stored away in his clothes, Paddy expressed himself as being deeply disgusted with Amerscan people and their ways, called raw propositions and the like. Since he has returned for another circuit of piano pounding we take it that business has been slow with him in Europe and he needs the money. It is a burning shame that American people hav'nt sense enough to let this long-haired, conceited musical grafter send home for money to pay the price of a ticket back across the water.

Redeem Your Past Failures.

You may say that you have failed too often, that there is no use in trying, that it is impossible for you to succeed and that you have fallen too often even to attempt to get on your feet again. Nonsense! There is no failure for a man whose spirit is unconquered No matter how late the hour or how many and repeated his failures success is still possible. The evolution of Scrooge, the miser, in the closing years of his life, from a hard, narrow, heartless money grubber, whose soul was imprisoned in his shining heap of hoarded gold, to a generous, genial lover of his kind, is no mere myth of Dickens' brain. Time and again, in the history of our daily lives, chronicled in our newspapers, recorded in biographies or exhibited before our eyes, we see men and women redeeming past failures, rising up out of the stupor of discouragement and boldly turning face forward once more.—O. S. Marden in Success.

A Restricted Essay.

The puzzle department of London Truth called for a competition in accounts of a round of golf containing no letter "a" or "u." Here is a good specimen from the many replies received:

"I know nothing of golf. Some people do, or pretend to. However, I visit the links, for I like to look on. Slow work, yet good for the liver. They hit some kind of sphere into holes on the green, then seek for it. Some find it in them, some do not. Men who win grin. Men who lose bless everybody, sotto voce, being too polite to do so before people. Women who lose despise the she winners. Their verdict is, 'ill dressed objects,' 'wizened things,' 'no chicken.' Men do differently, for when finished they drink together in good fellowship, then mizzle—to dine, not repine."

The Reporter Succeeded.

In New York on one occasion a reporter made several vain attempts to see J. Pierpont Morgan, both at his office and his residence. Finally his opportunity came. He was interviewing another financier and incidentally came into possession of the latter's card. He kept it; then, going to Morgan's residence, he sent in his own card in company with that of the financier. The ruse was successful, and he was shown into Morgan's presence. When the reporter had stated his reason for the call the financier said: "Do you know, young man, that at least ten reporters have tried to see me today with reference to this question? I have declined to see any of them." The reporter smiled and replied, "Yes, sir, I know that, for I was the whole ten." He got his interview.

They Were Harmless.

In her book on the poet Whittier, Mrs. Claflin relates the following anecdote: An old Quaker friend visited Mr. Whittier. He was a bachelor, and when the hour for retiring came he was shown to his room. Soon after he was heard calling from the top of the stairs in an excited tone: "I think thee hast made a mistake, Friend Whittier. I find female garments in my room!" At which Friend Whittier replied: "Thee'd better go to bed. The female garments won't hurt thee."

He Didn't Laugh.

Little Johnny—That young man who comes to see you must be pretty poor company. He hasn't any sense of humor. Sister—Why do you think so? Little Johnny—I told him all about the funny way you rush about and bang the doors when you get in a temper, and he didn't laugh a bit.—Smith's Weekly.

Married Angels.

A domestic wife is merely a woman. When we marry for love we don't marry a woman. We marry an angel, a celestial, ethereal being with wings and a halo. As you value your happiness never remove the wings and halo. —Arthur Law.

Her View.

She—There is no excuse for a man dancing badly. He—But if he cannot dance otherwise? She—Oh, that merely would be an excuse for not dancing at all.—New York Press.

Not His Own.

"Is the house you now live in your own?"

"Not now."

"You have sold it?"

"No; got married."

Burdens may be the ballast that saves the ship.—Chicago Tribune.

Three Kinds of Men.

Here is a classification of men expounded by a spinster in an article, "The Truth About Man." "Men as a whole," she says, "may be roughly divided into three distinct species—the bold, the shy and the tough." The first class includes "those self assured males" who fall in and out of love with every other woman they meet; the second class is made up of "the world's good fellows who have a great reverence for all women and silently adore one for life without telling her so," and the third species "is concerned only with getting on and making money, is absolutely indifferent to women and marries only as a matter of expediency. The first of these we unhesitatingly condemn and find irresistible; the second we admire profoundly, praise without stint and ignore utterly; the third we dislike, despise and—marry."

Thackeray's "Strike" For a "Raise."

I hereby give notice that I shall strike for wages (he wrote to the proprietors of Fraser's Magazine). You pay more to others, I find, than to me, and so I intend to make some fresh conditions about Yellowplush. I shall write no more of that gentleman's remarks except at the rate of 12 guineas a sheet, and with a drawing for such number in which his story appears—the drawing 2 guineas. Pray do not be angry at this decision on my part. It is simply a bargain which it is my duty to make. Bad as he is, Mr. Yellowplush is the most popular contributor to your magazine and ought to be paid accordingly. If he does not deserve more than the monthly nurse of the Blue Friars I am a Dutchman.—James Grant Wilson's "Thackeray."

Trouble With the Napery.

"Linen kings" can make trouble easily for the housewife with their three jointed microscopes for determining the number of threads to the inch in any article of table linen. One visited a friend the other night and after dinner exhibited a handkerchief worth at wholesale $1.50 apiece. It was very beautiful under the microscope. The hostess then looked upon a napkin and afterward upon a tablecloth. Now, she thought up to that moment her napery was the finest in the block, and the revelation of the wide meshes caused the most bitter disappointment. Ever since her misery has been complete. When "linen kings" go out socially they had better leave their microscopes at home.—New York Press.

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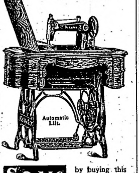
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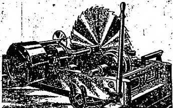

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11:15 pm	RED LAKE FALLS	3:15 pm

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K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
D. Patterson N. G. Otterness A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

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Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Sutor
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
A. F. Blomburgh, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
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J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

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THE LOCAL NEWS

R. H. Duntley was a county seat visitor last Monday.

Next Wednesday is Ash Wednesday, the beginning of Lent.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

Miss Huldah Gigstad entertained the ladies' whist club last evening.

The annual village election will occur this year on Tuesday, March 14th.

Send your laundry to the Crookston Steam Laundry. Jas. F. McAndress, agent.

Thief River Falls voted $28,000 of water works bonds by a large majority last Monday.

Miss Tessie L. Hughes is confined to her room from a nervous attack caused by overwork.

James Sutor, county commissioner for the Wylie district, was a visitor here yesterday.

Frank A. Grady the Red Lake Falls attorney was a business visitor here last Wednesday.

A. R. Jones was up in Marshall county the first of the week looking over the land situation.

The board of county commissioners were in session at Red Lake Falls this week in special session.

Keep your valuable papers in a safe place. Vault boxes for rent at the Merchants State Bank.

Prof. A. Onstad, of Red Lake Falls, was here last Monday evening giving instructions to the band.

Don't forget the school election at the village hall this evening. Six directors are to be elected.

A. W. Rankin, state superintendent of graded schools, was here last Monday inspecting the schools.

Turn out next Monday evening and hear Miss Lottie Tillotson, the elocutionist, at the M. E. church.

Ole Toreson, one of the prosperous farmers of Bray, will retire from farming and sell his farm machinery.

Have you paid your personal property taxes? If not, do so, for the sheriff will be around the first of next month.

The planer closed down again yesterday and will not resume operations until Monday. Lack of orders is the cause.

Ed. H. Chase, of the Red Lake Falls Courier, was here on Thursday bound for St. Paul where he will meet his family.

There will be a dairy meeting here today and Joel G. Winkjer, J. A. Wilson and others will give the farmers good advice.

W. A. Arthur went out to look over his claim on the reservation last Tuesday. He says it is still there and all above water.

The auction of T. J. Thorkelson's household goods was well attended last Monday and everything was sold at good prices.

Dr. V. Pleth, of Crookston, has been up here a couple of times the past week on professional business, last Saturday and Wednesday.

The ice houses in town have been filling up rapidly the past week but the ice is not in first class condition owing to the warm weather.

A carload of ice was loaded here last Tuesday for Hokan Johnson, of Wylie. It was sent down with the passenger train the same evening.

Ole Opperud has tendered his resignation as treasurer of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Co. Ed. A. Aubol will probably be his successor.

The caucus called for last Saturday night to nominate candidates for trustees of the school district was not well attended and nothing was done.

A.M. Edstrom returned from Cannon Falls last Wednesday, where he had been to attend the funeral of Nels G. Otterness, which occurred on Monday.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lanctot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

I have some nice "Early Six Weeks" potatoes which will be sold at $1.00 per bushel as long as they last. These are ready for market from ten to twelve days earlier than any other variety. Leave orders at Otterness & Edstrom's or call at Julius M. Jahn's "Oakland Stock Farm," 1½ miles southwest of St. Hilaire. f25

Nels K. Anderson and C. P. Swanson, president and secretary of the Bray Fire Insurance Co., were in town yesterday after a new safe for that company.

Elmer H. Stranahan came up from Fargo last Tuesday and made his mother a short visit. He is one of the St. Hilaire boys who is making a success on the road.

G. B. Grace was down to Red Lake Falls last Saturday and left a good-sized check with the county treasurer for the lumber company's personal property taxes.

"If March comes in like a lamb, it will go out like a lion," is an old adage. It came in mild and lamb-like all right and we may yet have a touch of winter before it is over.

Harlan P. Hall, the veteran St. Paul journalist, was here for a short time last Wednesday. Mr. Hall is selling his book on Minnesota politics entitled "Hall's Observations."

Martin McAndress had the misfortune to build his house on the wrong land on the reservation near Thief River Falls and was up this week moving it onto his claim.

The Moderd Woodmen Lodge will give a basket social in their hall on Tuesday evening, March 14th, for the benefit of Jacob Einerson. All are cordially invited to attend.

Dr. V. Pleth of Crookston, has been appointed by Congressman Halvor Steenerson to represent this district at the meeting of the American Tuberculosis Congress at Atlanta, Ga., the last part of April.

Evangelist Connolly closed his labors here last Monday evening by giving a lecture at Imperial Hall. He was greeted by a crowded house. He left here on Tuesday to conduct a series of meetings at Frazee.

Julius Pleth and wife came over from Plummer last Tuesday and have been spending the week here. Mr. Pleth has been assisting in straightening out the affairs of Nels G. Otterness, and Mrs. Pleth has been visiting her many friends here.

P. G. Otterness and L. G. Otterness, of Cannon Falls, brothers of Nels G. Otterness, are here this week looking after their brother's affairs. They were accompanied by Attorney P. A. Aslakson, of Cannon Falls, who returned on Thursday evening.

Judge Grindeland at Red Lake Falls last Thursday dismissed the suit commenced by Henry W. Lee restraining the county treasurer from collecting taxes. Red Lake Falls papers claim the suit was started simply to make the pot boil—for Henry.

The rumor that the Soo would build their west line from Plummer through this place owing to obstacles encountered west of Thief River Falls does not seem to develop beyond the rumor stage. It is known, however, that they are having considerable trouble finding a suitable route at present.

Crookston Journal: Charley Morley, switchman at the Carman yards, is enjoying a brief vacation during which he will run up to St. Hilaire for a short stay with friends and acquaintances whom he made during his residence there last summer. Mr. Morley will go up to the Saintly city to-morrow (Saturday) morning and spend the Sabbath there. He will enjoy a period of idleness and rest for a week before returning to work at the yards.

Talk about having trouble. If you want to know what the real article is call on Chas. Fellman and he will tell you all about the time he is having breaking that bran new team of oxen he has purchased. The oxen are expected to break up a large part of Clarley's claim this summer and he is giving them gentle exercise these days and learning their ways. The acquaintance has just begun and it takes a man fore and aft so far to make them go and about four men to get them to stop.

The village was given quite a bad scare last Wednesday evening when the fire bell sounded an alarm and it was discovered that Otterness & Edstrom's hardware store was on fire. The fire started from the generator for the gasoline lamps in the store and gained considerable headway before the fire department arrived. The chemical was, as usual, the first to arrive and it put out the fire in short order. The hand pump scored an absolute failure, although the firemen worked for at least thirty minutes they did not succeed in getting it to pump any water. Considerable damage was done to the building and some of the stock and the lighting plant was ruined. All were fully covered by insurance. Had the fire gained headway it would in all probability burned all of the business part of town on the west side of Broadway, as the wind was in the south. The fire pump should be looked after more closely and the saw dust which covers the cisterns should be removed at once seems to be the prevailing sentiment. Anyway it was a lucky escape and the warning should be heeded.

Below Cost.

Mrs. E. L. Eickhoff announces that she has a few spring felt ladies' hats which she will sell below cost to make room for new goods.

For Sale.

Owing to other business we will offer for sale our bowling alley, with lease of building at a low price. Terms to suit. Inquire of Higbie & Lang.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Requirements for Seed Wheat.

While in Fergus Falls recently, Supt. Hoverstad of the State Experimental Farm at Crookston, had the following to say as regards seed wheat for this spring's sowing:

"There is no possibility of rust being transmitted by the seed," said he, "as rust never originates with the wheat, but on the other plants and spreads to the grain. If a farmer, by screening out his rusted wheat, can obtain moderately plump grain for seed he is very foolish to buy seed elsewhere. By moderately good grain I mean grain that weighs at least fifty-five pounds to the bushel. If by fanning and screening he cannot secure grain of this weight, however, he had better import his seed. It is not advisable to plant seed weighing less than fifty-five pounds to the bushel, not because it is rusted but because it is shriveled and poor. After the wheat is screened and ready for planting it should be treated with formaldehyde. One pound of formaldehyde to forty-five gallons of water is about right proportion to use for a solution, and the wheat should be either dipped in this or sprinkled sufficiently to wet every grain in order to destroy injurious germs."

Professor Hoverstad is a firm friend of macaroni wheat. He insists that it makes the best of bread, and says that the experiments at the Crookston station show that most varieties of this grain are rust proof and that the yield averages that of other wheat.

Steenerson Bill Passed.

According to yesterday's Crookston Journal, Charles Loring, Congressman Halvor Steenerson's law partner received a telegram from Washington to the effect that the Steenerson Commutation bill had passed the senate. The bill passed the house by common consent and its passage through the senate was predicted. The bill now looks back upon the signature of the president to become a law. Mr. Steenerson is confident that President Roosevelt will sign the bill. It effects the settlers who have taken homesteads on the opened portions of the Red Lake and Chippewa reservations since May 1900. The free homestead law did not include such lands and it has worked a decided hardship to these settlers. It is probable that President Roosevelt will sign the bill today and that it will go into effect at once. Congressman and Mrs. Steenerson and Secretary Dennis will leave Washington Monday and reach Crookston Wednesday night or Thursday if they come direct. It is probable that some sort of a reception will be tendered the congressman on his arrival home.

Sam Clarke Sells Out.

Crookston Times (Friday): Sam Clarke, who for some time past has directed the destinies of the Stephen Leader, spent last evening in the city and left this morning for Thief River Falls where he will practice law in the future though it is possible that he may also get tangled up with another newspaper at that point, if the proper opportunity presents itself. He sold the Leader to J. G. Brinkerhoff, who will continue the publication.

Mr. Clarke has many warm friends among the scribes in the northern part of the state who hope he will make the same degree of success as an expounder of Blackstone that he did as an ink-spreader.

Continuous Photography.

A new camera has just been perfected which will take 2,000 photographic impressions one second. This is expected to revolutionize the study of insect life where movements are very rapid, as well as other forms of motion now but partly understood on account of their rapidity. Everything is growing faster, and life becomes more and more uneasy. That's why golden grain belt beer should mean so much to each of us—it brings peace of mind and body and calm contentment that adds years to our lives and great happiness to life. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Gigstad Administrator.

K. O. Gigstad was at Red Lake Falls last Thursday and was appointed by Judge Tarrant of the probate court administrator of the estate of Nels G. Otterness, at the request of the relatives of the deceased. Mr. Gigstad has already taken charge and Daniel Patterson and L. T. Bergh have been appointed appraisers of the estate and are now at work on the invoice.

An Entertainment.

Miss Lottie Tillotson, who is reputed to be an elocutionist of market ability, has been secured to give an entertainment in the M. E. church on Monday evening, March 6th, the proceeds of the entertainment to be for the benefit of the church. All should attend.

A Card of Thanks.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Lang wish to express their sincere thanks to their friends who so kindly assisted during the illness and at the funeral of their son.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

John W. Forseen
SHOE
Repairing
Second door North of Postoffice.
St. Hilaire, Minn.

A Western World's Fair.

Especial interest should attach itself to the Lewis and Clark Centennial Exposition to be held at Portland, Oregon, which opens its gates June first and closes October 15th, 1905. It should be of especial interest to the people of the Northwest, for it will bring into the country tributary to the transcontinental railways traversing the Northwestern country a class of people who hitherto have never seen its agricultural and business opportunities or witnessed its grand scenic marvels. The exposition in itself is a reflex of the actual physical and material condition of the Oregon country which is composed of Oregon, Washington, Idaho and parts of Montana and Wyoming. From an educational standpoint, there is no question but that it will have a wonderful value, representing every interest in the Northwest from the Great Lakes to the Pacific. When one considers that every bit of travel will necessarily have to be over the transcontinental lines radiating from St. Paul and Minneapolis and through the Central American States, it can be readily appreciated that it is of especial value for all of the people residing along the line of the Northwestern Transcontinental Railways to assist in the advertising of this first Western World's Fair, for it must be appreciated that this is the first exposition held west of the Rocky mountains under the auspices of the United States Government. Then again we must not lose sight of the fact that through all this vast Northwest a hardy band of pioneers led by the indominatable explorers, Lewis and Clark, erected a pathway which opened to the world a new and vast empire, which has since become peopled with a thrifty and energetic class of people who have assisted in making the United States a nation among nations, and yet affords unlimited opportunity for the homemaker, the investor and the capitalist.

The Simple Life.

In my wanderings on foot when I walk through the provinces of Europe and talk to the people and fish and learn I find that what people lack most in life is simplicity, the poor man as well as the rich. It consists not in plain dress, but in plain living, in simplicity of heart, of personal beliefs and respect for the beliefs of others.—Rev. Charles Wagner.

Preparedness.

Begin the morning by saying to thyself, I shall meet the busybody, the ungrateful, arrogant, deceitful, envious and unsocial, but I, who have seen the nature of the good, that it is beautiful, and that of the bad, that it is ugly, can be injured by none of them.—Marcus Aurelius.

Cause For Sorrow.

Brown—Smith is down with brain fever. Green—You don't say so! Brown—Yes. The doctor says if he recovers his mind will be a blank. Green—Well, I'm sorry to hear that. He owes me $10.

Spiteful.

Kate—Do you think it's true that people catch anything through kissing? Madge—Oh, I don't think so. See how often you've been kissed and you've never caught anybody yet.

He who brings ridicule to bear against truth finds in his hand a blade without a hilt.—Landor.

WANTED—Trustworthy man or woman to manage business in this county and adjoining territory for well established house of solid financial standing. $20 straight cash salary with all necessary expenses paid weekly by check from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Position permanent; previous experience not essential. No investment required. We furnish everything. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Address, Manager, 810 Como Block, Chicago, Ill. m6

Order for Hearing on Claims, Etc.

State of Minnesota. County of Red Lake—SS.
In Probate Court,
Special Term, February 14, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Charles Gustaf Rapp, deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of Charles Gustaf Rapp, deceased, late of the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, being granted to Oscar F. Post;

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 15th day of May, 1905, at one o'clock p. m. at a special term of said probate court, to be held at the Probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 14th day of February, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
[Seal] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.
(f18-4t-mch11)

CORN

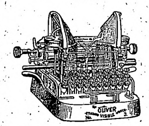
If you are following the course of the markets closely you have undoubtedly noticed that Corn has lately taken its place among the active grains and is likely to sell very much higher, and if you are not in sympathy with Wheat at today's prices, you can afford to buy some May Corn, because there are certainly some great opportunities in such an investment if you will take hold on any little setback. The market is not only healthy, as it is heavily oversold, but so far as supplies and demands are concerned is in an exceptionally strong position. The big movement is over in Corn as it is in Wheat and Oats. At any rate, advices from the country show that seldom before on February 15th were farm reserves so small.

There are numerous reasons for the present low state of country supplies. The feeding began earlier because there was nothing carried over from the 1903 crop, and has been on a larger scale than ever before. Exports, too, have been larger, and it is expected that depletion of supplies will go on from these causes for some time to come. The price is still low, yet 10c under last year at this time. Why not make a purchase of May Corn as an investment? Everything indicates that you will be exercising good business judgment.

EDWARDS-WOOD CO.
(Incorporated)
DEALERS IN
STOCKS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS
Branch Office:
BOWLING ALLEY BUILDING
F. L. MURPHY, Manager.

The
Spring
Fabrics
are here in all their freshness and beauty. No true woman can view them without admiration and longing.
For Early Spring Wear
we have never seen prettier patterns or goods. It's really wonderful how handsome a dress or suit you can buy for very little money. Come and glory in the display, anyway. We'll risk your buying when you call.
RAPP &
POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

This is a Poor Time
to have your property insured in
..Cheap Fire Insurance Companies..
I represent twelve of the best companies doing business in the United States. They never fail to pay all losses promptly.........
REMEMBER THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST
H. E. IVES - - ST. HILAIRE, .. MINN.



Don't buy a Typewriter on a worn-out reputation.......
Investigate the merits of the
Oliver
THE STANDARD VISIBLE WRITER.
Send for a handsomely illustrated art Catalogue, free for the asking.
The Oliver Typewriter Co.
332 Hennepin Ave. :::::: Minneapolis, Minn.

Billiard and Sample Room
WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
Wines and Liquors
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
CIGARS.
BEER.
MINNEAPOLIS AND MILWAUKEE BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.
"CORNER SALOON" South of the Bank.

The Oliver Typewriter received the Gold Medal at the World's Fair, St. Louis. Send for handsomely illustrated art catalog which tells why.
The Oliver Typewriter Co.,
332, Hennepin Ave.,
tf Minneapolis, Minn.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Great
Northern
Railway.....
No. 3, THE "FLYER"
ONLY MORNING
TRAIN
from
ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
FOR MONTANA and the PACIFIC COAST
Makes Immediate Connection with Limited and Fast Mail Trains from Chicago and the East.
EVERY DAY.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
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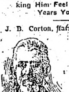
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

WINCHESTER
FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

COULDN'T LIFT TEN POUNDS.

Doan's Kidney Pills Brought Strength and Health to the Sufferer, Making Him Feel Twenty-five Years Younger.



J. B. CORTON

J. B. Corton, farmer and lumberman, of Deppe, N. C., says: "I suffered for years with my back. It was so bad that I could not walk any distance nor even ride in easy buggy. I do not believe I could have raised ten pounds of weight from the ground, the pain was so severe. This was my condition when I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. They quickly relieved me and now I am never troubled as I was. My back is strong and I can walk or ride a long distance and feel just as strong as I did twenty-five years ago. I think so much of Doan's Kidney Pills that I have given a supply of the remedy to some of my neighbors and they have also found good results. If you can sift anything from this rambling note that will be of any service to you, or to anyone suffering from kidney trouble, you are at liberty to do so."

A TRIAL FREE—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents.

When a woman loses all interest in the fashions an undertaker gets a job.

A Difficult Shot.

Robbie—When I'm a man I'm goin' to be a soldier.

Uncle John—But, just think; the enemy will try to shoot you.

Robbie—Oh, but I'm so small they're 'most sure to miss me.—Philadelphia Press.

Perfectly Safe.

Weary Walker—Say! yer a disgrace ter de profesh. I heard yer tellin' dat woman yer'd saw some wood for her if she gev yer a meal.

Ragson Tatters—G'on! Don't yer s'pose I made sure first dat she didn't have no wood ter saw?—Philadelphia Press.

Always Settling.

Bills—Do you think the money question has been permanently settled?

Wills—No; it is a continuous performance at my house.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Uneasy About Alfred.

"How is your boy Alfred succeeding at college?"

"I'm afraid we'll find out pretty soon that he's been running in debt. He's writing to us once a week now."—

Miss Peachis—I wish you would call some time when father is at home. I should like you to have a talk with him.

Mr. Nervey—Oh, Miss Peachis, this is so sudden!—Philadelphia Press.

Tess—Miss Skinnay says she just hates to go to the opera.

Jess—What she means is that she can't "bare" to go to the opera.—

WOMAN NEEDS

For the relief and cure of the many delicate, intricate and obstinate ailments peculiar to her sex, a remedy carefully devised and adapted to her delicate organization by an experienced and skilled physician. Such a remedy is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

The treatment of many thousands of those chronic weaknesses and distressing ailments peculiar to females, at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., has afforded a vast experience in nicely adapting and thoroughly testing remedies for the cure of woman's peculiar maladies.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the outgrowth, or result, of this great and valuable experience. Thousands of testimonials received from patients and from physicians who have tested it in the more aggravated and obstinate cases which had baffled their skill, prove it to be a superior remedy for the relief and cure of suffering women. It is not recommended as a "cure-all," but as a most perfect specific for woman's peculiar ailments.

As a powerful invigorating tonic, it imparts strength to the whole system and to the womb and its appendages in particular. For over-worked, "worn-out," debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," house-keepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, "Favorite Prescription" is the greatest earthly boon, being unequaled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic.

As a soothing and strengthening nervine, "Favorite Prescription" is unequaled and is invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitability, irritability, nervous exhaustion, nervous prostration, neuralgia, hysteria, spasms, chorea, or St. Vitus's dance, and other distressing, nervous symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease of the womb. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency.

A prospective mother cannot begin too early to look after her own health and physical condition. This is sure to be reflected in the baby. Any weakness or nervous depression, or lack of vigor on the mother's part should be overcome early during the expectant time by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which promotes the perfect health and strength of the organism specially concerned in motherhood.

It makes the coming of baby absolutely safe and comparatively free from pain; renders the mother strong and cheerful, and transmits healthy constitutional vigor to the child.

DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—Some eight years ago, after the birth of our first baby, I was left in a weak, run-down condition and it seemed my nerves were badly unstrung. Did not suffer much pain, but believe I suffered everything that anyone could suffer with nervousness. Life was a misery to me. I doctored with a good physician several years but obtained no relief. Then I took almost all kinds of patent medicines and almost all the old "trash" that came around. I got no relief, but grew worse all the time. Finally chanced to get hold of one of your pamphlets and thought I would write to you. I was in fear that you would write that there could be no cure, but, great was my joy, when I received your answer that I *could be cured*. I took one bottle of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, two of "Golden Medical Discovery" and four vials of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. I am never without these little "Pellets" in the house. I am also cured of those terrible headaches. I would advise all sufferers to go to Doctor Pierce of Buffalo, N. Y., for relief. I don't think they will be disappointed. I do not know how to thank you enough for all the good your medicine has done for me.

MRS. T. E. HUBBEL,
636 Windsor Avenue, Elmira, N. Y.

All women should read Dr. Pierce's thousand-page illustrated book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser." It contains more clear and comprehensive advice on medical subjects than any other book ever published. A paper-bound copy sent free for twenty-one one-cent stamps to pay the *cost of mailing only*. Or cloth-bound for thirty-one stamps.

Good Bread

Sent Free

Every woman who has a desire to make the best bread the family ever ate should send a postal card for our new illustrated book "Good Bread: How to Make It."

The Secret is in the Yeast.

It tells just how to use YEAST FOAM, the wonderful compressed hop yeast that raised the First Grand Prize at the St. Louis Exposition. It makes good bread from any flour.

NORTHWESTERN YEAST CO.
Chicago, Ill.

TWENTY BUSHELS OF WHEAT TO THE ACRE

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Is the record on the Free Homestead Lands of Western Canada for 1904.

The 150,000 farmers from the United States, who during the past seven years have gone to Canada participate in this prosperity.

The United States will soon become an importer of wheat. Get a free homestead or purchase a farm in Western Canada, and become one of those who will help produce it.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

Nothing fails like a selfish success.

Billion Dollar Grass.

When the John A. Salzer Seed Co., of La Crosse, Wis., introduced this remarkable grass three years ago, little did they dream it would be the most talked of grass in America, the biggest, quick, hay producer on earth, but this has come to pass.

BILLION $ GRASS

Agricultural Editors wrote about it, Agr. College Professors lectured about it, Agr. Institute Orators talked about it, while in the farm home by the quiet fireside, in the corner grocery, in the village post-office, at the creamery, at the depot, in fact wherever farmers gathered, Salzer's Billion Dollar Grass, that marvelous grass, good for 5 to 14 tons hay per acre and lots of pasture besides, is always a theme worthy of the farmer's voice.

Then comes Bromus Inermis, than which there is no better grass or better permanent hay producer on earth. Grows wherever soil is found. Then the farmer talks about Salzer's Teosinte, which produces 100 stocks from one kernel of seed, 11 ft. high, in 100 days, rich in nutrition and greedily eaten by cattle, hogs, etc., and is good for 80 tons of green food per acre.

Victoria Rape, the luxuriant food for hogs and sheep, which can be grown at 25c a ton, and Speltz at 20c a bu., both great food for sheep, hogs and cattle, also come in for their share in the discussion.

JUST SEND 10c IN STAMPS

and this notice to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., for their big catalog and many farm seed samples. [W. N. U.]

The man who is inclined to kick has no difficulty in finding a job.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

You can't tell what a woman is going to do by what she says.

Cole's Carbolisalve

Instantly stops the pain of Burns and Scalds. Always heals without scars. 25 and 50c by druggists, or mailed on receipt of price by J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

KEEP A BOX HANDY

GOLDFIELD 2 for 1

Stock in two great Goldfield companies at price of one. Special limited offer. Struck rich ore. Whole story free. Lansford F. Butler, Secretary, 506 Mack Block, Denver, Colo.

W. L. DOUGLAS

UNION MADE. $3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. They are just as good as those that cost from $5.00 to $7.00. The only difference is the price. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, hold their shape better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day. W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom of each shoe. Look for it. Take no substitute. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are sold through his own retail stores in the principal cities, and by shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, W. L. Douglas shoes are within your reach.

BETTER THAN OTHER MAKES AT ANY PRICE.

"For the last three years I have worn W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoe and found it not only as good, but better than any shoe that I ever had, regardless of price." Chas. L. Farrell, Asst. Cashier The Capital National Bank, Indianapolis, Ind.

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.50 and $2.00 shoes because they fit better, hold their shape, and wear longer than other makes.

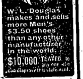
W. L. DOUGLAS $4.00 SHOES CANNOT BE EQUALLED AT ANY PRICE.

W. L. Douglas uses Corona Coltskin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is considered to be the finest patent leather produced.

FAST COLOR EYELETS WILL NOT WEAR BRASSY

W. L. Douglas has the largest shoe mail order business in the world. No trouble to get a fit by mail. 25c. extra prepays delivery. If you desire further information, *write for Illustrated Catalogue of Spring Styles.*

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASSACHUSETTS



W. L. Douglas makes and sells more Men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world. $10,000 REWARD to any one who can disprove this statement.

CUTICURA GROWS HAIR.

Scalp Cleared of Dandruff and Hair Restored by One Box of Cuticura and One Cake of Cuticura Soap.

A. W. Taft of Independence, Va., writing under date of Sept. 15, 1904, says: "I have had falling hair and dandruff for twelve years and could get nothing to help me. Finally I bought one box of Cuticura Ointment and one cake of Cuticura Soap, and they cleared my scalp of the dandruff and stopped the hair falling. Now my hair is growing as well as ever. I am highly pleased with Cuticura Soap as a toilet soap. (Signed) A. W. Taft, Independence, Va."

Easy.

"I should think you would have had a hard time choosing between Harold and Leslie; both handsome, well-bred and wealthy."

"No trouble at all, I assure you."

"Then tell me how you decided to marry Harold instead of Leslie."

"Because Harold proposed and Leslie did not."—Houston Post.

Why He Plays It.

"So Crabbe plays the cornet, does he? I didn't think he was particularly fond of that instrument."

"I don't think he is particularly fond of it, but merely that he's found the neighbors who are particularly opposed to it."—Philadelphia Press.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, }
LUCAS COUNTY. } ss.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{ SEAL } A. W. GLEASON,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists. 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Too Good.

Absent-minded Undertaker (recommending an expensive coffin)—I should advise you to have one of them solid mahogany ones, mum; they do run into a bit of money, but they're cheaper in the end; why, one like this would last a man his lifetime.—Ally Sloper.

Getting There.

Tankley—Let's see, we've had four rounds of drinks, haven't we? And Markley's called for a Scotch highball each time.

Lushman—Except the last time. He called for a "Hotch Skyball" then.—Philadelphia Press.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 and 912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Thomas Brennan, St. Louis Park, Minn., disk drill; Olaus Dahl, Nash, N. D., lifting jack; Gilbert Ecker, Myran, Minn., grain drill; Perl Gifford, Brainerd, Minn., band cutter and feeder; James King, Rochester, Minn., centrifugal pump; Henry Lewis, Minneapolis, Minn., cigar box filler; William Niebuhr, Fielden, Minn., armored mitten; Frank Saxon, Worthington, Minn., wheel.

Honest.

Seedy—Some people are always howling for more, no matter how much they have. Don't you think you'd be satisfied with enough?

Greedy—Don't know. I never had enough.—Detroit Free Press.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The Returned Tourist.

Bald Beaumont—Gee, is dat you, Clarence? Where you been keepin' yourself dese days?

Comatose Clarence—We? Why, I been in one o' dem personally-conducted-ten-day-includin'-all-expenses tours to de island.—Puck.

A HEALTHY OLD AGE

OFTEN THE BEST PART OF LIFE

Help for Women Passing Through Change of Life

Providence has allotted us each at least seventy years in which to fulfill our mission in life, and it is generally our own fault if we die prematurely.

Mrs. Mary Koehne

Nervous exhaustion invites disease. This statement is the positive truth.

When everything becomes a burden and you cannot walk a few blocks without excessive fatigue, and you break out into perspiration easily, and your face flushes, and you grow excited and shaky at the least provocation, and you cannot bear to be crossed in anything, you are in danger; your nerves have given out; you need building up at once! To build up woman's nervous system and during the period of change of life we know of no better medicine than Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Here is an illustration. Mrs. Mary L. Koehne, 371 Garfield Avenue, Chicago, Ill., writes:

"I have used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for years in my family and it never disappoints; so when I felt that I was nearing the change of life I commenced treatment with it. I took in all about six bottles and it did me a great deal of good. It stopped my dizzy spells, pains in my back and the headaches with which I had suffered for months before taking the Compound. I feel that if it had not been for this great medicine for women that I should not have been alive to-day. It is splendid for women, old or young, and will surely cure all female disorders."

Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., invites all sick and ailing women to write her for advice. Her great experience is at their service, free of cost.

"BISON BEEF" SOLD IN ENGLAND.

Result of Experiments in Crossing Buffalo and Cattle.

The latest delicacy to tempt the appetites of British epicures is a compromise between buffalo meat and beef. A couple of 2-year-old bullocks, the result of cross-breeding between a North American bison and highland cattle were sold at the Newcastle market yesterday. They had been bred by Mr. Lyland of Haggerston castle, Northumberland, says the New York World, who has been engaged for several years in experimenting in this direction.

The animals were exactly like their North American cousins in appearance, except that they were stronger and thicker in the hindquarters. They had been reared and fed as wild cattle, so great difficulty was experienced in conveying them to market.

Although they were accommodated in special boxes, their fury was so great that one broke its neck on the journey, and the other had to be shot in the market.

The beef, it is said, will be found of a richer quality than that obtained from a buffalo, and if kept for a month or so more palatable than that of an ordinary bullock.

MADE HIS CASE PLAIN.

No Doubt About Opinion Uncle Held of Nephew.

The young man had been to sea, and on his return was narrating to his uncle, an old farmer, an adventure which he had met with on board ship.

"I was one night leaning over the taffrail, looking down into the ocean," he said, "when my gold watch fell from my fob and immediately sank out of sight. The ship was going ten knots an hour, but, nothing daunted, I sprang over the rail, down, down, and after a long search found the watch, came up, and chased the ship and climbed back to the deck without any one knowing I had been absent."

"William," said his uncle, "I believe thee; but there's many a thousand that would not."

"What!" exclaimed William. "You are politely insinuating that I'm a liar."

"William," said the old man, gravely, "thee knows that I never call anybody names; but if the mayor were to come and say, 'Josiah, I want thee to find the biggest liar in all Montgomeryshire,' I would come to thee and put my hand upon thy shoulder and say to thee, 'William, the mayor wants to see thee.'"—London Tit-Bits.

Not an Odious Comparison.

The head clerk had been invited to an afternoon wedding, and in order to save time appeared at the office in the morning fully "groomed" for the ceremony. As he threw aside his overcoat he was disclosed in all the majesty of a swagger frock coat of the latest cut, gray trousers fashionably creased, patent leather shoes and white puff tie.

His position in the office made him immune from comments by the underlings, who, however, regarded him with serio-comic admiration and longed to say what they felt.

But the barrier was broken a few minutes after the day's business had begun, and by a friend who dropped in for a moment's chat. He was somewhat lacking in dignity, for which the clerks blessed him.

"Good morning, George," he said cheerily to the head clerk. Then as he took a second glance at the sartorial "dream" he added: "Great Scott! What's up? You look like a certified check."

And even the head clerk joined in the general burst of laughter.

French Courtesy Anglicized.

A few days ago the New York representatives of a kid glove manufacturing concern, the headquarters of which are in an interior town in France, sent a cablegram announcing the death of the manager in charge of the American branch of the business. The foreign house promptly forwarded acknowledgment, the wire reading:

"Please accept our profound congratulations. Our account prospered in the hands of Mr. ——. He was a grand fellow in all respects. We interpret his demise as a personal loss."

This was signed by the directors of the company. The Manhattan establishment is of the opinion that a little knowledge—of English—is a sad affair also.

Charge as He Remembered It.

Judge Brady had a colored man before him in police court and he asked him when he had been arrested before. The fellow scratched his head, thought a moment and then said: "Ah think it was about a year ago, Jedge."

"What was the charge?" asked the Court.

After thinking a while the prisoner looked up and said: "Ah'm not quite shuah, but Ah t'ink it was 'tree dollahs, yer Honor."

He was discharged.—Albany Journal.

Passing of Old Vermont Stock.

"There were three marriages, six birth and twenty-two deaths in town last year. A gloomy look, certainly." So says the newspaper correspondence of one of our Vermont towns. It is, indeed, a "gloomy look." Not only is the old stock dying out, but there is no infusion of new. Think of the proportion of births to deaths. Where one child is born in this Vermont community there are four deaths. Little wonder that the State's population is practically at a standstill.—Barre Times.

The Millionaire's Plaint.

If you were me and I were you,
I would care naught for who is who;
For you, a poet, need but sing;
While I—well, that's another thing.

I have a hundred ships at sea—
The wind and wave care naught for me;
I have a hundred ventures set
In this big world—itself a bet!

And you may with an idle rhyme
Kill that that kills so man—Time;
Ere my to-morrow is to-day
I break its back with yesterday!
—New York Herald.

Paderewski's Many Photographs.

When leaving Sydney for America, the London Mail says, Paderewski ordered 10,000 large panel photographs of himself for sale during his American tour, the largest order of the kind ever known in Sydney.

He Knew It All.

Here is the exact answer of a New York schoolboy to the questions "What is the meaning of the word 'hall;' how many other words are there that sound like 'hall,' and what are their meanings?"

"Hall, where you open the dore and go in; hawl, hawling along a boy that won't go to skool; aul, what the shoemakker chargis you 25 sents for to aul your shoe; all, all, everybody in the wurld."—Success.

Omissions of History.

"Perseus had cut off the head of the Medusa.

"Great Snakes!" he exclaimed, "what she needed was a hair cut!"

Regretting that he had not turned the job over to a barber, he put the head in his wallet and resumed his journey.—Chicago Tribune.

All Embracing.

New Boarder—Don't you ever get tired of these nondescript salads our landlady furnishes us?

Philosophical Boarder—On the contrary, I never cease to regard them with wonder and admiration for their extraordinary cosmopolitan character.

One of the Injured.

"Glad to see you again after your long trip. No accident, was there?"

"Accident? I should say there was! I gave the porter a $10 gold piece thinking it was a quarter."—Chicago Tribune.

It Was Stationary.

Youth—I've brought back that alarm clock you sold me yesterday.

Shopkeeper—What's the matter—dodn't it go off at the proper time?

Youth—Naw; should say it didn't go off. Jest stood right still and raised thunder when I wanted to sleep some more!—Cleveland Leader.

Presumptive Evidence.

Johnny—A goat will eat anything, won't it?

Bessie—Yep. It'll eat tobacco. I know that. When papa comes home from the lodge, where he says they've been ridin' the goat, he always smells like an old pipe.—Chicago Tribune.

Cured Her Diabetes.

Halo, Ind., Feb. 27th.—(Special.)—If what will cure Diabetes will cure any form of Kidney Disease, as so many physicians say, then Dodd's Kidney Pills will cure any form of Kidney Disease. For Mrs. L. C. Bowers of this place has proved that Dodd's Kidney Pills will cure Diabetes.

"I had Diabetes," Mrs. Bowers says, "my teeth all became loose and part of them came out. I passed a great deal of water with such burning sensations I could hardly bear it. I lost about 40 pounds in weight. I used many medicines and doctored with two local doctors but never got any better till I started to use Dodd's Kidney Pills. They cured me so completely that in three years I have had no return of the disease. I am a well woman now, thanks to Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Dodd's Kidney Pills cure all kidney ailments from Backache to Bright's Disease. Cure your backache with them and you will never have Bright's Disease, Diabetes or Rheumatism.

There is an inmost center in us all, where truth abides in fullness.—Browning.

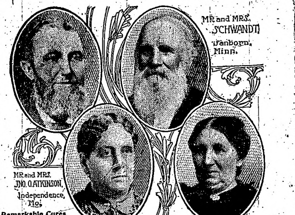
Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Ave. N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

The more you speak of yourself the more you are likely to lie.—Zimmerman.

The best philosophy for the ordinary drooping spirits is castor oil.

THE OLD FOLKS AT HOME

Are Never Without Pe-ru-na in the Home For Catarrhal Diseases.


MR. and MRS. SCHWANDT
Sanborn, Minn.
MR. and MRS. JNO. O. ATKINSON,
Independence, Mo.

Remarkable Cures Effected By Pe-ru-na.

Under date of January 10, 1897, Dr. Hartman received the following letter:

"My wife has been a sufferer from a complication of diseases for the past twenty-five years. Her case has baffled the skill of some of the most noted physicians. One of her worst troubles was chronic constipation of several years' standing. She was also passing through that most critical period in the life of a woman—change of life.

"In June, 1895, I wrote to you about her case. You advised a course of Peruna and Manalin, which we at once commenced, and have to say it completely cured her.

"About the same time I wrote you about my own case of catarrh, which had been of twenty-five years' standing. At times I was almost past going. ***I commenced to use Peruna according to your instructions and continued its use for about a year, and it has completely cured me."—John O. Atkinson.***

In a letter dated January 1, 1900, Mr. Atkinson says, after five years' experience with Peruna,

"I will ever continue to speak a good word for Peruna. I am still cured of catarrh."—John O. Atkinson, Independence, Mo., Box 272.

Mrs. Alla Schwandt, Sanborn, Minn., writes:

"I have been troubled with rheumatism and catarrh for twenty-five years. Could not sleep day or night. After having used Peruna I can sleep and nothing bothers me now. If I ever am affected with any kind of sickness, Peruna will be the medicine I shall use. My son was cured of catarrh of the larynx by Peruna."—Mrs. Alla Schwandt.

When old age comes, catarrhal diseases come also. Systemic catarrh is almost universal in old people.

Address Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio, who will be pleased to give you the benefit of his medical advice gratis.

Conviction Follows Trial

When buying loose coffee or anything your grocer happens to have in his bin, **how do you know what you are getting?** Some queer stories about coffee that is sold in bulk, could be told, if the people who handle it (grocers), cared to speak out.

Could any amount of mere talk have persuaded millions of housekeepers to use

Lion Coffee,

the leader of all package coffees for over a quarter of a century, if they had not found it superior to all other brands in

Purity, Strength, Flavor and Uniformity?

This popular success of LION COFFEE can be due only to inherent merit. There is no stronger proof of merit than continued and increasing popularity.

If the verdict of MILLIONS OF HOUSEKEEPERS does not convince you of the merits of LION COFFEE, it costs you but a trifle to buy a package. It is the easiest way to convince yourself, and to make you a PERMANENT PURCHASER.

LION COFFEE is sold only in 1 lb. sealed packages, and reaches you as pure and clean as when it left our factory.

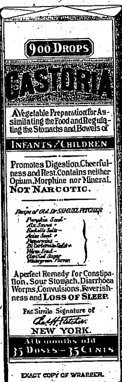
Lion-head on every package.
Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

LION
COFFEE
WOOLSON SPICE CO.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

The saddest sight I ever saw was a fat woman trying to look cute.



900 DROPS

CASTORIA

AVegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS / CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed –
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts –
Anise Seed +
Peppermint –
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed –
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

10,000 Plants for 16c.

More gardens and farms are planted to Salzer's Seeds than any other in America. There is reason for this. We own over 5,000 acres for the production of our warranted seeds. In order to induce you to try them, we make you the following unprecedented offer:

For 16 Cents Postpaid

1000 Early, Medium and Late Cabbages,
2000 Fine Juicy Turnips,
2000 Blanching Celery,
2000 Rich Nutty Lettuce,
1000 Splendid Onions,
1000 Rare Luscious Radishes,
1000 Gloriously Brilliant Flowers.

Above seven packages contain sufficient seed to grow 10,000 plants, furnishing bushels of brilliant flowers and lots and lots of choice vegetables, together with our great catalog, telling all about Flowers, Roses, Small Fruits, etc., all for 16c in stamps and this notice. Big 140-page catalog alone, 4c.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO.,
W.N.U. La Crosse, Wis.

Swelling

A blow, bruise or strain that effects the tissue and creates inflammation, will cause swelling. Children are forever getting bumps, etc. To give quick relief mothers should have at hand

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

It is the mothers aid and the children's friend. Taken internally on sugar it cures coughs, colds, croup, cramps and cholera morbus. 'Tis safe, sure. 25 cents, three times as much 50 cents. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Gasoline Engines

Three Styles—All Sizes.
Feed Mills, Saw Machines, etc.
LOWEST PRICES
Write for descriptive circulars and price list. Agents Wanted.
GILSON MFG. CO.
No. 9 Park St., Port Washington, Wis.

GREGORY SEEDS

Have satisfied when others have failed.

GREGORY'S SEED CATALOGUE

Catalogue free. J. J. H. Gregory & Son, Marblehead, Mass.

$100 Weekly Easily Made

writing health and accident insurance; experience unnecessary. Write Bankers' Accident Co., Des Moines, Ia.

Free Book

On Deformities and Paralysis

will be sent free postpaid upon request. This book is of a hundred pages, handsomely illustrated throughout and tells of an experience of over thirty years in the treatment of Crooked Feet, Spinal Deformities, Infantile Paralysis, Hip Disease, Deformed Limbs and Joints, Etc. It tells of the only thoroughly equipped Sanitarium in this country devoted exclusively to the treatment of these conditions and how they may be cured without surgical operations, plaster paris or other severe treatment. Send for this book, and if directly interested, mention character of the affliction and special literature bearing on the subject will be sent with the book. THE L. C. McLAIN ORTHOPEDIC SANITARIUM, 3104 PINE STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO.

N. W. N. U. —NO. 9— 1905

BEGGS' CHERRY COUGH SYRUP cures coughs and colds.

LEARN THE MILLINERY TRADE

and earn from $10 to $50 a week at your own home while learning. For full particulars write at once to NATIONAL MILLINERY SCHOOL, 172 Washington Street, Dept. 1, Chicago.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 11, 1905. NUMBER 34.

ROOSEVELT INAUGURATED.

HOSTS CHEER HEAD OF NATION

MOST BRILLIANT AND IMPOSING INAUGURATION IN NATION'S HISTORY.

WASHINGTON A FAIRYLAND

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA GRANDLY ENTERTAINS 200,000 VISITORS.

PARADE WAS MOST IMPOSING

INAUGURAL BALL AND ILLUMINATIONS FEATURES OF NIGHT PROGRAM.

Washington, March 7. — The most brilliant and imposing inauguration which the citizens of Washington have ever prepared has passed into history. Theodore Roosevelt did not ride to the capitol, hitch his horse to a shade tree, enter the building and take the oath of office booted and spurred. The traditional Jeffersonian simplicity was replaced by a pageant which has not been surpassed in the annals of the nation.

It was the first national inaugural since the Civil war. The South sent up its warriors and its state officials. Men who fought each other for years under different flags; men who fought together in the war with Spain under one flag; executive officers of the states who upheld the Stars and Bars and those who stood for the flag of the Union marched together in review before their common president, a soldier of the republic. With these, to illustrate

Our New Nationality,

came marching representatives from the Philippines and Porto Rico, lands where the sunset fading from the flag in the far Pacific is the sunrise on its folds along the Atlantic horizon.

Throughout the week Washington was the Jerusalem of the nation to which its tribes were crowding from all its borders. Saturday fully 200,000 visitors gazed with wonder and unbounded enthusiasm at the district's handiwork for honoring its president in all its multitudinous forms and large proportions.

The whole city was a garden blossoming with flags. For a week ever-advancing waves of color had been sweeping through all its streets. Not only was the line of march artistically decorated to a degree never before attained, but no street in the city was without its national colors. Acting under a suggestion from the inaugural committee the board of education had requested its 50,000 school children to see that each one of their homes

Displayed the Flag.

It was a request responded to by an army of children. The committee on street decorations, street illumination and parks and reviewing stands worked together with artistic taste and transformed two and a half miles of the city's noted avenue into a fitting highway for the nation in its countless representative bodies to march as an escort to its president. The scene by day was magnificent; by night, under the committee's scheme of illumination, the tremendous crowds wandered in fairyland.

The president's reviewing stand, in front of the White House, was the center of the court of history, which extended two blocks from Fifteenth street. Along each side of the avenue were noted historical figures in great numbers from the St. Louis exposition. This triumphal pathway, along which the kings of the earth might have deemed it an honor to be conducted, was cleared and closed to cars and vehicles at an early hour. The police management was perfect. It was a

Royal Highway

upon which the president early entered and proceeded to the capitol to sign such bills as congress might pass in its closing hours.

Gen. Chaffee had provided a well ordered and perfect cavalry escort which could have rapidly passed over the line and made possible the prompt reopening of the streets to the car lines and the public in order that the residents of the suburbs and the greater portion of the city might reach the centers of interest with the least delay. But the Grand Army, as is its habit, insisting on acting with this escort, and the president, sharing the universal appreciation of its past deeds, yielded, and his rate of progress to the capitol was reduced to the pathetic pace of men who were fast approaching the scriptural limit of life. But the delay had its compensations. Many thousands had opportunity to see and greet the president as his cortege slowly passed along the two miles from the White House to Capitol hill. For three hours this national temple was the

Vortex of Activity.

Legislation was in the rapids. It was a mighty chaos to most onlookers. But the skilled officers of each house and those guiding the rush of closing work in the conferences where the last supply bills were being hammered into agreement, like the pilots in the rapids of the St. Lawrence, were speedily conducting their legislative craft to smooth waters.

The five minutes remaining at the close of the senate's session were given to inaugurating Charles W. Fairbanks, the new vice president. He appeared at the main entrance, escorted by the joint committee of arrangements, and as the senate, and its guests arose he was escorted to a seat at the right of the presiding officer, where he delivered

Brief Inaugural Remarks

and repeated the oath of office after the presiding officer, Senator Frye.

When the stroke of noon put an end to the session little was known beyond the fact that no important appropriation bill had failed.

Then immediately began the opening and formal organization of the new session in the senate chamber. In this little box, whose galleries seat about 800—seats eagerly but vainly sought for by at least a hundred thousand people—the senate, after a dull roll call and duller reading of the president's proclamation assembling the body, began its work.

Packed like sardines in the restricted space of the little chamber were the official visitors, the president and cabinet in plain clothes; the ambassadors and ministers, gorgeous in gilt braid and decorations; the supreme court in deep black; the army and navy in silver and gold and swords; and last of all, the members of a dead house of representatives banked about the walls or crowded into cloak rooms. Each of these grand divisions of official life or official death was announced and saluted by the senate rising.

Roosevelt Takes Oath.

All this prolonged form, with its solemn progress and weighty dignity, was preliminary to the ceremonies outside, and the march at once began to the immense platform where the president was to deliver his inaugural and take the oath of office.

Here the great pageant for the benefit of the public began to unfold itself, and the people were on hand to see. For the day, a long winter had given way and the never more welcome sun blessed the occasion. Surrounding the plaza in front of the president's platform were the forming lines of the main parade, while from the adjacent streets everywhere projected the heads of columns, military and civic, waiting to fall in their places in line.

With the appearance of the president from the senate chamber the shouting began, swelling into a roar like Niagara, rising to cyclonic effects and continuing while the senate and members of the house, the cabinet, the supreme court, the heads of the army and navy, ambassadors and ministers, representatives of every branch of the government and a great company of guests filed out of the senate doors and filled the immense platform.

The Crowning Ceremony.

At length all was ready for the crowning ceremony. The sea of humanity was stilled. The president advanced to take the oath of office. With his hand upon the Bible, held by the chief justice, he reverently repeated the oath, kissed the book at the end, and Theodore Roosevelt became president by the votes of the people, following the unbroken line of soldier presidents which his party has installed since the close of the Civil war. He then delivered his inaugural, which surprised his hearers by its brevity. As the ceremony closed he was again greeted by the roaring cheers of the immense throng.

Accompanied by his escort and followed by troops and civilian paraders, he started for the White House. It was the most perfect column that ever marched in an inaugural parade, though its numbers were less. Everywhere, as the column passed, the skill of Gen. Chaffee's supervision, aided by his chief of staff, Gen. John A. Johnston, was apparent to every practiced eye. Nothing was left to chance. The regulars, the national guard and the civic guard division had their orders of formation for each unit of the column and conformed to them.

Parade Was Perfect.

Never has there been so perfect a regular army column in any previous national pageant. Cavalry, infantry, artillery, engineers, marines, seamen and the Annapolis and West Point cadets, thrilled all beholders with this exponent of the perfection of our military arm.

While the whole military column was a marvel and a delight, as indicated by the continuing tornado of cheers when it passed, there were elements of special interest. The Ninth cavalry, that splendid old colored regiment, the heroes of many Indian battles and known to fame at San Juan hill, received the attention they so well merited. The crowds went wild over the section of rough riders which participated with the president in the wildness of the rush and the joy of the victory at Santiago. It is not strange that there were a soldier's tear in a soldier's eye as he bowed to the salutes of his comrades-in-war.

The scouts from the Philippines and the Porto Rican battalion excited intense interest and they will never forget their welcome. The brigade of cadet battalions from many states organized by Gen. Chaffee, attracted universal attention and received unbounded applause.

Jackson's Grandson Is There.

Those from the South recalled that sad but most brilliant fighting at Newmarket when the cadets of the Virginia military institute were called into the field under Stonewall Jackson. With the Georgia cadets now marched a grandson of Stonewall Jackson. As a whole it was a column that took fair rank with the perfection of West Point and Annapolis.

The civic grand division of eight brigades in three divisions, made up of over fifty organizations, was in every respect better organized than ever before, and so, like the whole column, more interesting. Though strictly civilian, B. H. Warner, its committee organizer, had given it a semi-military character by appointing Gen. Howard and Gen. Joe Wheeler as leading military features. In all its parts it was an attractive spectacle, worthy of the notable occasion. The whole column, military and civic, under Gen. Chaffee and his staff, marched with a steadiness and celerity hitherto unattained.

Dazzling Scenes of the Night.

Turning from the pageant of the day, the doubled population of the city disposed itself for the three imposing spectacles of the night, the promenade at the pension office, misnamed a ball; the fireworks on the White House lot, and the dazzling street decorations. The attendance at the ball was limited to the twelve of fifteen thousand which the building would hold. The street decorations were viewed by a solid marching column filling the wide pavements of the avenue and the street itself and reaching for two miles and a half.

No such brilliant scene of decoration and illumination was ever witnessed before in this country or any other, for here electric effects had their origin and have their greatest development. The dome of the capitol stood white against the darkness, illuminated by searchlights from the top of the Washington monument, and the monument itself by the same method was made

Visible for Many Miles.

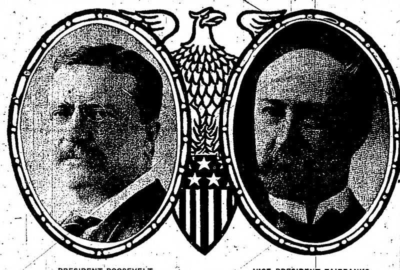
The fireworks exceeded all previous displays. There were no ordinary pieces. Rockets, with their dangerous sticks, were discarded. The set pieces were of large dimensions—such as a wheel more than a hundred feet in diameter, a presidential piece 200 feet in length and a national flag 300 feet long carried up a thousand feet by balloon and there developed in the sight of the city and beyond.

The decorations of the ball room most successfully conformed to the determination that this inauguration should exceed all previous efforts. All was accomplished that could be effected by extended masses of color, spreading about and over the immense room and its galleries, with

Miles of Evergreen

vines, carloads of cut flowers, flags in artistic combination, electric lights by the thousands, and electric pieces, large and small, with one of unrivaled proportions carrying 6,000 lights of varied colors woven into a most beautiful design. The instrumental music and the trained chorus of 500 voices filled the vast building to its remotest recesses with the perfection of musical attainment.

In deference to the Sabbath all ceremonies stopped at midnight, but it was well toward morning before the lights were turned down on the most brilliant spectacle that Washington had seen in its long line of notable occasions. Till long after midnight the gathered thousands walked, wondering and enthusiastic, on Pennsylvania avenue, through long reaches of fairyland. With the small hours the lights faded and the citizens rested from their months of labor. Grandly had the District of Columbia entertained the nation.



PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT. VICE PRESIDENT FAIRBANKS.

GETS SEEDS FROM TURKEY.

South Dakota Farmers to Test Barley From Smyrna.

Sioux Falls, S. D., March 7.—Interesting experiments are to be made this season by farmers living northwest of here with barley seed which was shipped from Smyrna, Turkey. The seed was secured by a man interested in the improvement of the crops raised in South Dakota, and he is confident that in both quality and yield it will surpass any grain of the kind ever raised in the state. If the experiment proves this to be the case great quantities of seed will be shipped from Smyrna to South Dakota next winter.

BREAKS PLATE GLASS WINDOW.

Rather Than Be Arrested Farmer Tries to Die.

Slayton, Minn., March 7. — Rather than submit to arrest Henry Therens, a farmer, after breaking a plate glass window in a saloon at Iona, made an unsuccessful attempt to kill himself with a shotgun. Having learned that officers had been sent to his home to arrest him Therens went to his barn and discharged the gun against his jaw. He is still alive and may recover.

KERENS MAY WIN.

Rumor That Missouri Democrats Will Vote for Him.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 7.—Interest in the senatorial deadlock situation is rapidly reaching an acute stage and last night the legislators in the city talked earnestly over the matter in the hotel lobbies. Everybody seems to be of the opinion that the crisis and turning point will be reached this week. Based on rumors current last night that the Democratic legislators may turn from Cockrell and vote for Kerens to break the deadlock the assertion is made the assertion is made that Kerens will be elected on Tuesday.

HOCK IS INDICTED.

Grand Jury Brings in Charge of Murder.

Chicago, March 7. — Johann Hock, multi-bigamist, has been indicted by the grand jury on a charge of murder. The specific charge on which the indictment was found is that Hock murdered his last wife but one, Mrs. Marie Walcker-Hoock.

PROFIT BIG ON BUILDING.

On Sioux City Office Structure's Sale $45,000 Is Cleared.

Sioux City, Iowa, March 7. — A big real estate transaction took place here when the Iowa building, a six-story stone office building and the Elks club building, were sold by F. M. Polletier and Judge Addison Oliver to T. S. and J. P. Martin for $175,000. The Martins are proprietors of the department store here. They will make the Elks building an annex to the Iowa building. Mr. Polletier and Judge Oliver owned the two buildings a little over a year and made $45,000 on the deal.

Missoula, Mont., March 7. — Two persons are dead and six injured as the result of a collision of a freight train and the west-bound Twin Cities express on the Northern Pacific at Bear Mouth yesterday afternoon.

What the State Solons Are Doing

St. Paul, March 2. — Anti-compact laws, prohibiting insurance companies from combining to charge certain fixed rates for fire insurance, and declaring all such combinations illegal, were introduced by Representatives W. H. Putnam and George W. Thompson.

A new method of taxing sleeping car companies is provided in a bill introduced by Senator Henry A. Morgan. It provides that companies shall pay the average rate of taxation on a proportionate share of capital stock based on the proportion of mileage over which the cars run in Minnesota to the total mileage.

A bill which, if passed, may compel locomotive engineers to seek jobs in other states than Minnesota, was introduced in the house by Representative W. I. Nolan of Minneapolis and Senator O. N. Mausten of Aitkin. The bill makes it a misdemeanor for any person who has not served three years as a fireman or one year as an engineer to run an engine on a main or branch line. It likewise makes it a misdemeanor for a railroad to employ a person as engineer who has not had the experience required in the bill.

Owners of cows killed on account of tuberculosis will be paid by the state three-fourths of the value of the animals, if a bill introduced in the senate by Senator Lowell E. Jepson becomes a law.

Bills requiring warehousemen to issue warehouse receipts showing the amount and grade of grain purchased were introduced in the house and senate by Representative N. F. Hugo and Senator L. O. Thorpe.

Joint telephone service between competing and connecting lines is required by a bill introduced by Representative Edward Fanning.

A diploma from a recognized school of pharmacy is required of applicants for examination for license as a registered pharmacist by a bill introduced by Representative William J. Stock.

Minnesota cities and villages are prohibited from using any patented paving material or process on any streets, alleys or highways, by a bill introduced by Representative Edward Fanning.

The use of ferrets for hunting rabbits or hares is prohibited by a bill introduced by Representative Handlan. The penalty for violating the prohibition is $10 to $30 fine or imprisonment for ten to thirty days.

St. Paul, March 3.—The house yesterday adopted by one viva voce vote 1,100 amendments to the revised laws prepared by the statute revision commission, the largest number of amendments to one bill ever adopted by a Minnesota legislature. The amendments were comprised in the judiciary committee report of the revision, which was on the clerk's desk when the house convened. Chairman W. B. Anderson of Winona moved the adoption of the report containing the amendments, and there was no protest, although several members did not vote.

The state tax on the gross premiums of the fire insurance companies on risks written in towns or cities having fire departments is raised from 2 to 4 per cent by a bill introduced by Representative J. A. Gates. The tax on premiums on risks written in places without fire departments is left at 2 per cent of the gross premiums.

Burglary with explosives is made a crime subject to severe punishment by a bill introduced by Representative L. C. Simons.

A country school board, elected at the same time and practically in the same manner as county commissioners, to hire the county superintendent of schools and approve plans for buildings, is suggested by a bill introduced in the house. The purpose of the bill is to make it possible to demand educational qualifications of county superintendents, something impossible under the constitution so long as the office is elective.

A married woman is empowered to bring actions against saloonkeepers to recover damages for injury to herself or her children as a result of the sale of intoxicating liquor to her husband, in a bill introduced by Senator Henry A. Morgan.

Senator Henry Gjertsen introduced a bill creating a commission of three members to select a voting machine to be used in city, county and state elections at the option of the state and municipal authorities.

The senate passed with eight dissenting votes Representative Elmer E. Adams' bill prohibiting an elector from filing as an independent candidate before the primary election.

Believing that school boards should not be allowed to give five-year jobs to "pet" teachers, the senate killed Senator Benson's bill permitting school boards to make five-year contracts.

Senator Samuel Lord introduced a bill proposing the wide-open tax amendment recommended by the 1902 tax commission. The bill is practically the same as the one the house passed two years ago, which was defeated by the senate.

Senator J. T. Alley's bill enabling a jury in a trial on a charge of murder in the first degree to fix the penalty at life imprisonment, was passed by the senate.

St. Paul, March 4.—Senator George R. Laybourne's grand jury bill was passed by the senate yesterday by a vote of 34 to 24. The bill came up as a special order at 1 o'clock and was passed after an hour's discussion, during which time Senators Samuel Lord of Kasson and George P. Wilson of Minneapolis spoke for the bill, and Senators Albert Schaller of Hastings and F. H. Peterson of Moorhead argued against it. The bill abolishes grand juries except when called by a judge of a district court on his own motion, on a majority vote of the county commissioners or on petition of 100 electors of the county.

Senator H. W. Stone introduced a bill requiring railroads, telegraph and telephone companies to use the same names for their stations as the cities and villages at which the stations are located.

The state highway commission bill agreed upon by the road and bridge committees of the house and senate was introduced in both branches of the legislature, in the senate by L. O. Cook and in the house by the committee on roads and bridges.

An amendment to the election law designed to give voters an opportunity to reach polling places without running the gauntlet of a double line of political henchmen passing cards of candidates is proposed by a bill introduced in the house by Representative W. P. Roberts.

A state factory for the manufacture of binders, mowers and harvesting machinery at the state prison is suggested by a resolution introduced by Representative L. O. Teigen and adopted by the house.

The reformation of children who have contracted habits which may lead them to a life of wrong, or who are surrounded by improper home conditions, is the object of a bill introduced in the house by Representative H. B. Chamberlain.

Billboards or signs or notices posted on trees, buildings or in public places are strictly prohibited by a bill introduced in the house by Representative W. P. Roberts

The bulletining of impure food products discovered by the state dairy and food commission is provided for by a bill introduced in the house by Representative Marcus Lauritsen.

A county license fee is imposed on peddlers and hawkers by a bill presented to the house by the committee on towns and counties as a substitute for several pending bills on that subject.

Corporations are prohibited from contributing to political campaign funds in any manner, by a bill introduced by Representative Dorsey.

The bill prohibits corporations from contributing funds or any other thing of value to any political campaign committee or to any person to aid in the political canvass for the election to office of any person.

The house passed the bill authorizing the formation of companies to loan money on farm mortgages, and to deal in farm mortgages and debentures issued against them. The minimum capital of such companies is to be $100,000.

The state board of control is empowered to issue certificates of indebtedness for $427,000 for the erection of a new main building at the state university by a bill introduced in the house by Representative B. H. Timberlake.

Squirrels and quail of all varieties are to be protected until Oct. 1, 1910, according to a bill introduced by Representative J. R. Morely.

The prevention of adulteration and deception in the sale of meats and meat products is sought by a bill introduced by Representative I. W. Bouck.

The house yesterday expressed its confidence in the judiciary committee and its amendments to the revised laws, in no uncertain terms. In three hours it passed 297 of 1,084 pages of the revision, making three slight changes, and receiving notice of two amendments to be offered later. It adopted 39 of the 162 pages of amendments proposed by the judiciary committee, most of them of minor importance, such as changes in punctuation, or of a single word, merely to make more clear the purpose of the law.

St. Paul, March 8.—A cent-a-mile excursion rate in effect Saturdays and good returning through the following Monday is prescribed for Minnesota railroads by a bill introduced by Representative G. W. W. Harden.

Theaters and amusement halls in Minnesota must have fire proof curtains for the proscenium opening under a bill introduced by Representative W. A. Nolan.

The claim of the heirs of Charles Bazille to the old capitol site was brought up in a bill introduced by the Ramsey county delegation directing that the site be recovered to the heirs.

An anti-compact law, the third introduced in the house this session, was offered by Representative S. D. Peterson.

Beer bottles and other receptacles permanently marked with the name of the owner, in which beverages and other products are sold, are protected by a bill introduced by Representative M. D. Flower. The bill applies to bottles in which are sold a long list of beverages, including the best known stimulants and summer drinks.

An advisory initiative and referendum system is established in Minnesota by a bill introduced by Representative I. W. Bouck.

Two bills designed to protect live stock from death by railroad trains were introduced by Representative W. C. Fraser.

A bill aimed at bucket shops was introduced by Senator G. B. Ward. It empowers any city or village to prohibit the maintenance of bucket shops by a majority vote of the electors.

A bill appropriating $5,000 for a summer school at Bemidji was introduced by Senator E. J. Swedback.

Senator R. B. Brower of St. Cloud introduced a bill appropriating $23,000 for the payment of claims for cows killed by the live stock sanitary board.

The Minnesota Society for the Prevention of Cruelty is constituted a state bureau of child and animal protection in a bill introduced by Senator Henry A. Morgan.

GOV. JOHNSON AS SOLOMON.

Divides a Reward Claimed by Four Men.

Gov. Johnson proposes to divide the reward offered by Gov. Van Sant for the apprehension and conviction of O. Hammerberg, the murderer of Andrew Bloom, at Two Harbors, Oct. 16. Four men claim the reward. They oppose a division.

The claimants of the $300 reward are: Emil Nelson, sheriff of Lake county; Peter Wring, chief of police of Hibbing; Jesse Harry, chief of police at Grand Rapids, and Nels Somby of Duluth. George H. Spear, county attorney of Itasca county, represented Jesse Harry.

The peculiar feature of the case is that three of the claimants aided in the arrest and conviction of Hammerberg, who a few weeks ago was convicted and sent to Stillwater for life.

Jesse Harry discovered through some baggage that Hammerberg had shipped to Hibbing from Grand Rapids that the man was headed toward that city. He immediately telegraphed to Emil Nelson at 10:35, Nov. 4, that Hammerberg was headed toward Hibbing. Nelson then called up Peter Wing, chief of police at Hibbing, to watch for Hammerberg. At 4 o'clock of the same day that Nelson received word from Harry, Wring arrested Hammerberg, who had just been hired by the city as a laborer on the streets.

Harry claimed the reward on the ground that he gave the first information that led to the arrest. The others claim it on the ground that they actually arrested the man. Somby insists that he secured information through a letter as to where Hammerberg was and called up Sheriff Nelson about 9 o'clock on the morning of Nov. 4. Nelson disputed this statement at the hearing, asserting that Somby did not notify him until four hours or more after he had telephoned to Wring at Hibbing.

Gov. Johnson immediately eliminated Somby from the matter and took under consideration only the three claimants. He announced, after the hearing, that the easiest basis upon which to settle the matter was to divide the reward. The most fair division, he thought, was to give Jesse Harry $150 and the other two $75 apiece for their activity in acting upon the information furnished by Harry.

Christian H. Wick, one of the founders of Mapleton, is dead, aged eighty. He was for sixteen years one of the supervisors of Mapleton township and for several years a member of the village council.

GIRL IN EAGLE'S TALONS.

Boy Who Rescued Her Is Knocked Down by Eagle's Wing.

Long Prairie, Minn., March 9.—Last evening while a number of children were going home from school a huge eagle swooped down upon them in the street, near the roller mill, seized Lou Reamer's little girl, aged five years, and attempted to carry her away. The bird fastened its talons in the child's shoulder and dress skirt and lifted her several feet from the ground, when Frank Blair's son and other boys sprang to the girl's rescue, and, grasping her clothing, prevented the bird from carrying her away. The eagle then soared off. When young Blair seized the child the bird with his wing struck him a blow on the side of the head that knocked him down. The side of the boy's face is black and blue.

Mrs. Albert Burch of Etter, aged 45, died of Bright's disease. A husband, two sons and two daughters survive her.

SAY THEY RAN OWN ASYLUM.

Demented Girl Is Taken From Family said to Have Locked Her Up.

Preston, Minn., March 9.—A young woman named Donaghue was sent to the Rochester asylum yesterday. The mother and three daughters live on one of the best farms in Pilot Mound township. Witnesses testified that members of the family several times had locked the demented girl for days at a time in the attic or in the cellar.

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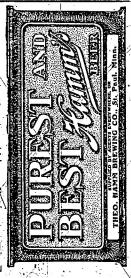
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Saturday, March 11, 1905.

It is looking bad for the Russians again and the Japs may soon capture another army of the Czar's.

Senator Stephens, of Polk, has introduced a bill asking the state to establish an agricultural college at Crookston.

A bill has been introduced in the legislature barring automatic and pump shot guns. It should pass if we want any game left.

The code is under discussion in the house this week at St. Paul. It looks as if it would pass that branch but may meet with trouble in the senate.

The school board at Bemidji have hired a truant officer who will visit the schools each day and then look up the absent ones. It might be a good scheme to try here.

We are in receipt of a copy of Congressman Halvor Steenerson's speech on the rail road rate bill in congress. It is an able address and reflects credit on our congressman.

"Nice weather on inauguration day means good luck for the president inaugurated," is an old adage and the weather was the best last Saturday when Theodore Roosevelt was inaugurated.

H. L. Dudley, well known in this section, being for some time one of the owners of the Thief River Falls Press, has accepted the business management of the CassLake Times. Mr. Dudley has had considerable experience in newspaper work, is an able writer and a first class printer.

It begins to look as though the legislature really intended to enact some measure calculated to aid in settling the northern part of the stats. The only danger appears to in the possibility of confusion in the consideration of the numerous measures advanced.—Little Fork Guardian.

Ten years ago Ignatius Donnelly was ridiculed as a fanatic because of his stand on the railway and trust questions. Today the democrats and republicans are fighting for the honor of being the first to force the adoption of his policies upon the country. The shades of the sage of Nininger must be enjoying the spectacle.—Faribault Journal.

The future antiquary wandering through the Red River valley need not run away with the idea that the Spanish navy was once defeated with great loss on the coast of Polk county. The presence of a surprising number of cannon of Spanish vintage in Polk, Clearwater and Otter Tail counties is a tribute to the personal valor and industry of the Hon. Halvor Steenerson. The navy department had nine of them available for loan or gift to municipalities and the Hon. Mr. Steenerson succeeded in annexing six. A two-thirds majority of all of the available trophy cannon located in one congressional district is a feather in the cap of the member from the ninth district.—Minneapolis Journal.

The legislature should deal liberally and wisely with the drainage proposition. This is a good time to do it as the new code wipes the old drainage laws off the book. In the past twelve years there has been expended for state drainage work $283,000. A total of 210 miles of state ditches have been constructed. The benefits in increased land values have been about one million and a quarter dollars, of which $500,000 has been to state lands. This is a good investment. Representative Cole's drainage bill adds a new feature worth considering. The ditch work done has benefited private lands $800.000. He would have the owners of all lands benefited assessed for the drainage work.—Northfield News.

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AS THINGS APPEAR TO A MAN UP A TREE.

Good morning, have you tackled the first mess of greens yet?

Have you met that 13 inch boar who says "Ain't this great weather?"

The naval appropriation calls for $100,000,000. Now, you cheap skate nations beyond the seas, will you be good?

A Pennsylvania woman fainted upon hearing the news that she had inherited $75,000. There are ship loads of people in every county willing to relieve her of the nerve-taxing burden.

People of artistic tastes are making war on the homely bill boards that decorate the open spaces in every town and city. There is a much larger element haying trouble with the board bill evil.

The doctors in a New York hospital cut into the wrong patient the other day, not discovering the mistake until a good share of the victim's anatomy had been removed. This is a great joke on the operatee.

We note an alarming number of death notices in northwestern papers pertaining to people who "went to California for the benefit of their health." Looks as though they went for the benefit of the undertakers.

The U. S. senate let the brakes off one day last week and passed appropriation bills at the rate of $2,000,000 a minute. When the senate really gets busy it outdoes an ambitious woman on an Easter shopping tour.

Male Help Wanted.—Man to superintend construction of the Panama canal, salary $100,000 per year to begin with. Apply in own hand writing, stating references and experience. T. Roosevelt, Washington.

The crew and passengers of a ship just arrived from a mid-ocean voyage report seeing a monster sea serpent that measured 57 feet in length, with horns, eyes and teeth to match. That outfit must have been refreshing on Iowa or Kansas whiskey.

Some economist advocates the use of potato alcohol as a substitute for kerosene, thus making the Standard Oil Co. double up like a small boy full of green apples. The northwest frequently raises potatoes to burn, and this is no Irish joke.

The Bitter Creek base ball club will open the season next Saturday with the Hot Tamales in a benefit game for the beef trust, it appearing from the report of Commissioner Garfield that it lost money in 1902, and that profits are small as a rule.

Gen. Stoessel, the vanquished hero of Port Arthur, had a regular pink tea diverson in resisting the invincible advance of the Japs, compared with the soul agonizing effort to explain to the gang of tyrants at St. Petersburg just how it all happened.

There is a measure pending in congress providing for a raise of the president's salary. The executive stipend has been so small that Uncle Sam has had a deal of trouble in getting good men to take the job. It is hoped the bill will pass, and that hereafter there will be more applicants for the place.

"Alice" wrote to the "What Women Want to Know" column of The Minneapolis Journal for advice and comfort, saying she was unusually tall and wanted to do something to neutralize her lofty appearance. Very easy—marry a preacher, lawyer, professor or an editor and you will be short all the time.

A South Dakota genius operating in Kentucky claims ability to locate underground oil reservoirs by pains in his stomach. We know of several people who have suffered severe pain in the oil business, but it usually comes right after receiving news that the hole drilled by the Stringum & Skinnum Oil Co. was unfortunately a few feet out of the way.

The rules were suspended and Washington saloons permitted to open on Sunday to accommodate inauguration visitors, not to mention the thirsty statesmen. There is no good drinking water at the capitol, it is said, and then perhaps our beloved president wanted to take the boys around and set 'em up after the strenuous doings of the 4th.

Col. Seth Bullock's cow boys, with ordinary behavior, rendered wholesome service in the inaugural services at Washington. They shocked some of the silk stocking straight laced dignitaries of the staid and steady east, but they need jolting now and then to remind them that real life is to be found here in the west. The mixing of the rough with the polished diamonds also furnishes a striking example of the unaffected democracy of our president.

The decision of the board of inquiry sitting for the purpose of fixing responsibility in the unfortunate incident known as the North Sea embroglio between Russia and Great Britain following the killing of a number of English fishermen by a Russian fleet has been made public. Everything is now lovely. The result of the investigation shows that Admiral Rojoventski was at fault in ordering his men to fire, unless he was scared at the time, but if he was in fact scared he should be excused, notwithstanding the opinion of the board that there was no occasion for being scared. Also that the Russians might well be forgiven on the ground that fishing was poor in that locality anyway and that the English fishermen ought to have been busy somewhere else. And just to think, a matter so simple came near causing war between the two countries. Arbitration is great.

The United States senate seems to be getting farther and farther away from the people, and to call it a representative body is a travesty on the democratic principles underlying this government. Very little legislation desired by the people has been able to get through the House of Lords, aside from a few appropriation bills. There are a few self constituted wise men who have arrogated to themselves the power of dictating measures that shall or shall not pass that body—Aldrich, Hale and Depew, for instance. Without the O. K. of these three high priests it is like whistling up hill at a spot to try to get any measure through the senate. The main cause of this lamentable condition of affairs is the fact that a majority of our senators are the high salaried attorneys or envoys of various monopolistic interests of the country and do the bidding of their financial and political masters as against the prayers of their constituents. Can you expect the attorneys for the great lumber interest of of the country to lay down and consent to any modification of the tariff laws affecting the duty on lumber? No. Such attorneys are there as senators and representatives. So are attorneys for every other great industrial octopus. The only hopeful feature about such a condition is that it is hastening the day when senators will be chosen by the popular vote of the people.

Wrestling With the Spaniard.

When Walter Williams, from Columbus, Miss., was in Spain in the summer of 1903 he called upon a provincial editor in the interest of the St. Louis exposition. The next day the paper had the following: "Walter Williams of the United States purchased the state of Louisiana and next year will give a celebration, to which he invites his fellow journalists of Europe." Mr. Williams again called upon the editor and thoroughly explained matters. The editor apologized and printed this correction: "Governor Francis of Missouri has purchased a large tract of land in the Great American desert, and Walter Williams is here to invite the journalists of Spain to a show which the governor will give next year." Mr. Williams fled the place, fearful the editor might explain some more.

Rossetti's Awful Breakfast.

It was at one time arranged that Dante Gabriel Rossetti, his brother William and Swinburne and George Meredith should live together in a certain house. Meredith happened to see Dante Gabriel Rossetti at breakfast and changed his plans. Meredith himself tells the story. "It was past noon," says he. "Rossetti had not yet risen, though it was an exquisite day. On the breakfast table on a huge dish rested five thick slabs of bacon, upon which five rigid eggs had slowly bled to death. Presently Rossetti appeared in his dressing gown, with slippers down at heel, and devoured the dainty repast like an ogre." That meal was too much for Meredith, and he sacrificed three months' rent rather than see it repeated.

Deceptions of Wild Birds.

Falcons—hawks, the largest species—can compress their features and look very slim if they think it necessary to do so. As to the owls, they can hump up into any position they think most suitable. It is useless to look for these self preserving traits in any of the family kept in zoological collections, for the birds are so accustomed to see large numbers of people passing and repassing or standing in front of them that they treat the whole matter with perfect indifference. They know that at a certain time their food will be brought to them and that they are otherwise perfectly safe. Then the raptores in a wild state have a bloom on their plumage like the bloom on a bunch of grapes, which is not often seen when in captivity.

The Moon's Mission.

Some partisans of final causes have imagined that the moon was given to the earth to afford it light during the night, but in this case nature would not have attained the end proposed, since we are often deprived at the same time of the light of both sun and moon. To have accomplished this end it would have been sufficient to have placed the moon at first in opposition to the sun and in the plane of the elliptic at a distance from the earth equal to the one hundredth part of the distance of the earth from the sun and to have impressed on the earth and moon parallel velocities proportional to their distances from the sun. In this case the moon, being constantly in opposition to the sun, would have described round it an ellipse similar to that of the earth. These two bodies would then constantly succeed each other, and, as at this distance the moon could not be eclipsed, its light would always replace that of the sun.—Laplace.

As the Guide Understood It.

A party of hunters in the wilds of North Carolina, wishing to cross the lake upon the banks of which they were encamped, made the necessary preparations. Then they asked the guide if he could row.

"Ro'?" he queried in answer. "Ro'! No, I reck'n not. Reck'n I never tried it."

Under these circumstances the party made arrangements to do the rowing themselves, and were consequently astonished when the guide, stepping into the boat, seated himself at the oars and prepared to be the motive power.

"Why," exclaimed one of the party, "I thought you said you couldn't row?"

The guide was plainly puzzled and could be heard to repeat to himself several times "Ro'! Ro'!"

"I reck'n'd you all meant ro' like a lion. I can't do that. But pull an o', why, I've done that all my life. I shorely can pull an o'."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

She Can, That's a Fact.

Boyce—Why does a woman give so much attention to dress? Is it because she wants to attract men or because she desires to outshine her sister women? Mrs. Boyce—Can't a woman do two things at once?—Smart Set.

Distinction In Terms.

Binks—Skinneni tells me he is going into Catchem's law office as a partner. Jinks—Doesn't he mean as an accomplice?—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune

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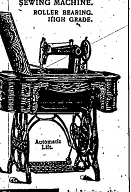
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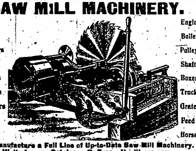

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J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

Carl Johnson, V. C.

J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

Henry Olson, Pres.

Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH

Physician and Surgeon...

Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.

Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE

Veterinary Surgeon.

Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham

St. Hilaire, - Minn.

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Agency for.......

Phillips' Steam Laundry, of Crookston.

Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

The planing mill is at work again this week.

L. J. Stranahan was a business visitor here last Tuesday.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

G. O. Hanson came in from Hazel and spent Sunday with his family.

I. D. Converse, of Red Lake Falls, was a business visitor here last Thursday.

Send your laundry to the Crookston Steam Laundry. Jas. F. McAndress, agent.

Miss Edith Dahl is home from the Moorhead Normal this week on a vacation.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

James Kinney, the Hazel elevator agent, spent last Sunday here visiting friends.

C. N. Bourdon, of Red Lake Falls, was transacting business here a couple of days this week.

Ira C. Richardson, the Thief River Falls postmaster was a business visitor here last Tuesday.

Keep your valuable papers in a safe place. Vault boxes for rent at the Merchants State Bank.

Dr. V. Pleth came up from Crookston last Monday and performed an operation on the hand of A. G. Ness.

George Hughes has had a crew of men on the river this week driving piles and has nearly finished the work.

Thief River Falls failed to make good and she will not be represented in the Northern league with a base ball club.

The entertainment given by Miss Lottie L. Tillotson at the M. E. church last Monday evening was not will attended.

Adolph Brouliard, the millwright, returned from Crookston yesterday and will commence work here again repairing the saw mill.

Mrs. J. E. Argue came up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday and spent Sunday here with the Doctor, who had an extra rush of business.

Representative L. C. Simons came up from St. Paul last Saturday and spent the day here looking over the business of the Merchants State Bank.

The new school board held their first meeting on Thursday evening and elected Daniel Patterson chairman, K. O. Gigstad clerk and E. M. Hoff treasurer.

H. D. Pettibone came back from a couple of weeks' visit at Bemidji and Minneapolis last Monday. He will have his dwelling repaired and move his family here in about a month.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lanctot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

I have some nice "Early Six Weeks" potatoes which will be sold at $1.00 per bushel as long as they last. These are ready for market from ten to twelve days earlier than any other variety. Leave orders at Otterness & Edstrom's or call at Julius M. Jahn's "Oakland Stock Farm," 1½ miles southwest of St. Hilaire. f25

The warm weather we had for a couple of weeks had a bad effect on some people. Down in the central part of the state several people saw robins, at Red Lake Falls Sam Haislet, of the Gazette, saw a snake, and here at home I. Dahlen saw a flock of ducks. All these signs of an early spring are, however, lacking this week.

WANTED—Trustworthy man or woman to manage business in this county and adjoining territory for well established house of solid financial standing. $20 straight cash salary with all necessary expenses paid weekly by check from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Position permanent; previous experience not essential. No investment required. We furnish everything. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Address, Manager, 810 Como Block, Chicago, Ill. m6

The Oliver Typewriter received the Gold Medal at the World's Fair, St. Louis. Send for handsomely illustrated art catalog which tells why.

The Oliver Typewriter Co.,
332, Hennepin Ave.,
tf Minneapolis, Minn.

Fred Case returned from Prince Albert, Canada, last Thursday, where he has been holding down a claim. He will work at the mill here the coming summer and Mrs. Case will join him later.

We have been having a touch of winter this week. It started on Monday with a light fall of snow and considerable more fell on Wednesday and yesterday we commenced having a touch of cold weather.

"There is more in that rumor about the Soo coming to St. Hilaire than most people think there is, and I look for the line to be built this way," said James Sutor, the Wylie county commissioner, here yesterday.

Richard Patchen, formerly a grader and inspector at the mill here is here this week. He is at present employed as inspector by the lumber association and has a very fine position. Dick is reputed to be one of the best judges of lumber in the state.

Wm. Bramsness came back from the woods last Saturday, where he has spent a couple of months. He had the misfortune to lose a horse while up there. He sold his remaining team this week and will join his parents in Washington some time this summer.

Jens Nelson received word last Sunday that his sister Miss Ida Nelson was very sick at Rochester and not expected to live. He left on the Soo the same evening and on Tuesday wired that she had died that day. Miss Nelson was well known here and held in high esteem by her friends. Her sudden death was the result of an operation which was recently performed. Mrs. Jens Nelson left on Wednesday for Evansville, where the funeral will take place.

The special school election held last Saturday evening for the purpose of electing members for the school board of Independent district number 102 was somewhat more spirited than the preceding election held two weeks ago. There were two tickets in the field, some names appearing on both as the results will show. Of the fifty-one ballots cast K. O. Gigstad received the full count, E. M. Hoff and H. O. Jackson received forty-nine each, D. Patterson and A. S. Wilson received thirty-five each, B. E. Burkee received thirty-eight, C. H. Martz fifteen, J. C. Dahl thirteen and A. R. Jones twelve.

A Card of Thanks.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Elmquist wish, through the SPECTATOR, to express their sincere thanks to all who so kindly assisted during the illness and at the funeral of their son Elmer.

Settle at Once.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to Otterness & Edstrom are hereby requested to call and settle their bills at once as the partnership will be dissolved. Call on A. M. Edstrom, surviving partner, or K. O. Gigstad, administrator.

A New Firm.

A deal was completed and the invoicing is now in progress whereby Otterness & Edstrom will transfer today their stock of hardware and furniture to Holmes Bros. The new firm is composed of Leonard and Theodore Holmes and hardly need an introduction to the people of St. Hilaire and vicinity as Leonard Holmes has been a resident of St. Hilaire for the past fifteen years. Their wide acquaintance, well known business ability and strict integrity will insure for them a fair share of the business and a prosperous future.

Boat Race Across Mediterranean.

An auto-boat race across the Mediterranean has awakened a great deal of enthusiasm among sportsmen. This trip will serve as an experiment for those who are to enter the race across the Atlantic for which there is to be a first prize of $10,000. The Mediterranean trip is not so dangerous, and yet offers as great a test of speed and cleverness of piloting. If you find your health wanting in any test put upon it, try golden grain belt beer. It makes good nerves and quiet strength. You can't afford to be without it any more than your neighbors can. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Two Years' Delay.

"Red Lake Falls, if they feel so disposed, can delay the vote on the county seat controversy for at least two years by taking advantage of all the laws' delay," says Attorney W. E. Rowe, former county attorney and prominent lawyer at Crookston. Mr. Rowe expressed himself in the above manner while here on business last Thursday. He is not connected with the case and does not know what action will be taken but merely gives his opinion of the time it will take to bring the question to a vote by action of the courts.

In support of Mr. Rowe's opinion the Roseau county case might be cited. The village of Badger started to circulate a petition to move the county seat of Roseau county from Roseau about four years ago and the question is still hanging fire in the courts. This will be discouraging to those who hoped for a speedy and economical settlement of the question.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

John W. Forseen

SHOE Repairing

Second door North of Postoffice.

St. Hilaire, Minn.

CHANGE OF ROUTE.

Soo Extension will not Start at Thief River Falls, It is Reported.

Soo line surveyors, it is reported, have found a change necessary in the route of the extension westward to Kenmare, N. D. The country is too swampy west of Thief River Falls, and it will be necessary to leave the Winnipeg line at Plummer, south of Thief River Falls, and thence go westward through St. Hilaire.

The above article from the St. Paul Dispatch of Monday, March 6th, would indicate that there is more than a possibility that the Soo is figuring on going through this village with their west bound line. There is no question but that their survey west of Thief River Falls has proven so far unsatisfactory. While a line through here would be longer it would have an easier grade and bring the road considerable business which they would lose by going farther north.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held in the village hall Monday evening March 6th, 1905 at 8 o'clock.

Meeting called to order by President Thorkelson.

All members present except Otterness.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and on motion accepted.

Reports of village marshal and street commissioner were read and accepted.

The following bills were allowed in full:

Wilson & Hendrickson, meat for St. Martin	$12 87
A S Wilson, ½-year salary as councilman	5 00
D Patterson, gasoline, draying and salary	15 75
T J Thorkelson, inspecting road work and salary	8 00
K O Gigstad, village blanks	10 30
Imperial Drug Co. wood alcohol	1 75
Ole Kregstad, work on well	75
A P Erickson, work on street and well	3 50
Ed Whaley, repairing fire pump	75
St Hilaire Fire Dept., fire at Otterness & Edstrom's	27 00
M J Lindahl, repairing lamp and chemical	3 75
Christ Hall, salary and work on well and fire pump	54 50
Dr A F Blomburgh, salary health officer	12 00
L T Bergh, money advanced for state library	2 00
Nels G Otterness, ½ year salary	5 00

On motion meeting adjourned.

T. J. Thorkelson,
President.

K. O. Gigstad,
Recorder.

Jury List.

Clerk of Court Perrault has drawn the petit jurors for the next term of the district court which convenes at Red Lake Falls Monday, March 27. Following is the list:

Jacob Borry, Thief River Falls.
Elie Perrault, Terrebonne.
M. P. Dargan, Polk Centre.
A. M. Anderson, Red Lake Falls.
P. O. Mikleby, Emardville.
Louis Peroult, Gervais.
John Hedlund, River Falls.
B. H. Costello, Equality.
C. M. Wilson, Thief River Falls.
Fred Zaiser, Red Lake Falls.
Ernest Gerlash, Red Lake Falls.
Anton Lee, Wyandotte
John Toulouse, Poplar River.
Joseph Lang, Thief River Falls.
Henry Busse, Black River.
Nels Knutson, North.
Gilbert Hovey, North.
Erick Halverson, Garnes.
C. C. Bergen, Wyandotte.
Frank Shirrick, Polk Centre.
Thomas Glenn, Black River.
Herman Wolf, Red L. Falls Twp.
H. H. Finrow, Emardville.

GRAND JURY:

Sam Laborin, Terrebonne.
Jos. Guerard, Poplar River.
H. Lemieux, Garnes.
Erick Iverson, Emardville.
O. W. Brink, St. Hilaire.
Eus. Normandeau, Red Lake Falls.
E. G. Gjernes, Garnes.
John Gunderson, Equality.
C. A. Nelson, Bray.
Gustaf Lubitz, Polk Centre.
D. D. Haugen, Wyandotte.
Beter Roerig, Lambert.
Aug. Swanson, River Falls.
Erick Haard, Sanders.
Chas. Huot, Louisville.
Albert Feragen, North.
X. Souve, Terrebonne.
L. G. Browning, Thief River Falls.
E. E. Fletcher, Red Lake Falls.
W. B. Fuller, Thief River Falls.
Chas. Dougherty, Black River.
Jos. Helm, Red Lake Falls.

Land Snaps

WE HAVE FOR SALE THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED LANDS:

W½ of E½ of section 27-150-43;
W½ of NE¼, SE¼ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼, 22-151-43;
S½ section 8-151-45;
SE¼ section 12-152-44;
NE¼ section 15-152-44;
NE¼ section 24-152-44;
SE¼ section 13-153-45.

WE ALSO HAVE A TRACT OF 2040 ACRES FOR SALE LOCATED IN TOWNSHIP 152, RANGE 43, AS FOLLOWS:

SW¼ of NW¼ and W½ of SW¼ Sec. 2; SE¼ of NE¼, S½ of SW¼ and SE¼, Sec. 3; E½ of NE¼ and SE¼ Sec. 9; All of Sec. 10; W½ of NW¼, NE¼ of SW¼ and W½ of SW¼ Sec. 11; W½ of NW¼ Sec. 14; N½ Sec. 15; and N½ of S½ Sec. 15, which can be sold as a whole or in small tracts.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ADDRESS

WESTERN LAND Co

ST. PAUL, MINN.

A CAUCUS TO-NIGHT.

There will be a caucus of voters this evening in the village hall at 8 o'clock to nominate candidates for village offices.

T. J. THORKELSON,
President Village Council.

The Fifteenth Century Gambler.

In the time of King Henry IV. of England the "smart set" managed to play bridge or its equivalent without shocking the susceptibilities of those who think it wrong to play for money. The fifteenth century gambler, according to one historian, "played at cards for counters, nails and points in every house more for pastime than for gain." "Everie scholar or petyte (little one) that plaies for money is to be expelled," ordains a grammar school charter of the period. One of the duties of hospital sisters was "to make dilygentt searche amonge the poore for cards or dice."

Insulted His Legs.

Apropos of knee breeches a correspondent of the London Express quotes an anecdote from Captain Gronow's "Recollections" which puts the whole case in a nutshell. The baillie de ferrette was always dressed in knee breeches, with a cocked hat and a court sword, the slender proportions of which greatly resembled those of his legs. "Do tell me, my dear baillie," said Montrond one day, "have you got three legs or three swords?" Soon after which, we should imagine, the baillie went home.

Damages Enough.

There had been a railway collision near a Scottish country town, and an astute local attorney had hurried to the scene of disaster. Noticing an old man with a badly damaged head lying on the ground, he approached him with notebook in hand. "How about damages, my man?" he began. The injured man waved him off with the remark: "Na, na; ye'll get nae damages fae me. It wasna me that hit yer bloomin' auld train."

The Other Kind.

"Do you think there is anything remarkable in love at first sight?" asked a romantic youth.

"Not at all," replied his cynical friend. "It's when people have been looking at each other for four or five years that it becomes remarkable!"

The Retort Amiable.

Mistress—I don't want you to have so much company. You have more callers in a day than I have in a week.

Domestic—Well, mum, perhaps if you'd try to be a little more agreeable you'd have as many friends as I have.

Serious Mistake.

Dr. Cutts—I made an awful mistake when I diagnosed that man's case as appendicitis. Dr. Slash—What did the operation disclose? Dr. Cutts—That he didn't have a cent.—Cleveland Leader.

Order for Hearing Application for Appointment of Administrator.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court.

Special term, March 2, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of P. G. Otterness, of Cannon Falls, of the county of Goodhue, representing, among other things, that Nels G. Otterness, late of the county of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota, on the 21st day of February, A. D. 1905, at the county of Hennepin, died intestate and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to K. O. Gigstad granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 3rd day of April, A. D. 1905, at one o'clock p. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls the 2nd day of March, A. D. 1905.

By the court,
[SEAL] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

(m11 ap1)

Order for Hearing on Claims, Etc.

State of Minnesota. County of Red Lake—SS.

In Probate Court,

Special Term, February 14, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Charles Gustaf Rapp, deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of Charles Gustaf Rapp, deceased, late of the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, being granted to Oscar F. Post;

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed, from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 15th day of May, 1905, at one o'clock p. m. at a special term of said probate court, to be held at the Probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order, once in each week for three successive weeks in the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 14th day of February, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
[Seal] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

(f18-4t-mch11)

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are here in all their freshness and beauty. No true woman can view them without admiration and longing.

For Early Spring Wear

we have never seen prettier patterns or goods. It's really wonderful how handsome a dress or suit you can buy for very little money. Come and glory in the display, anyway. We'll risk your buying when you call.

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RAPP & POST....

St. Hilaire, - - - - Minn.

This is a Poor Time

to have your property insured in

..Cheap Fire Insurance Companies..

I represent twelve of the best companies doing business in the United States. They never fail to pay all losses promptly........

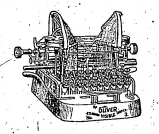
REMEMBER THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST

H. E. IVES - - ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

Don't buy a Typewriter on a worn-out reputation.......

Investigate the merits of the

Oliver



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Money to loan at all times in liberal amounts and at reasonable rates. Prompt service and perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Write for particulars.

DR. V. PLETH,

SURGEON.

Graduate of Copenhagen University.

Department for Diseases of the Eye

CROOKSTON, MINN.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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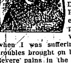
FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS

Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM.

FROM MISERY TO HEALTH.

A Prominent Club Woman, of Kansas City, Writes to Thank Doan's Kidney Pills for a Quick Cure



Miss Nellie Davis, of 1216 Michigan Avenue, Kansas City, Mo., society leader and club woman, writes: "I cannot say too much in praise of Doan's Kidney Pills, for they effected a complete cure in a very short time when I was suffering from kidney troubles brought on by a cold. I had severe pains in the back and sick headaches, and felt miserable all over. A few boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills made me a well woman, without an ache or pain, and I feel compelled to recommend this reliable remedy."

(Signed) Nellie Davis.

A TRIAL FREE—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents.

Not Had, but Were.

"Did he really tell you I had a case of stage fright?" asked the amateur actress.

"No," replied her dearest friend; "he said you were."—Philadelphia Press.

WHOLLY UNOBJECTIONABLE.

Only "Jesuses and Venuses" in School Art Gallery.

Mrs. Alva Adams, wife of the governor of Colorado, has been much interested in the work of the women's clubs of that state. She tells of an entertainment given by one such club to raise money to buy pictures for a certain school-house. The pictures were fine prints, photographs and other high-grade reproductions of classic art. A certain pupil of the school took a ticket home to his father and solicited its purchase, explaining the object.

"Pictures?" said the father. "What kind of pictures do they put up?"

"Oh, just of Jesuses and Venuses," said the boy.—New York Press.

Smoke Up.

"I like dem plays where dere's lots o' shootin'," said little Muggins. "Dey shoot an' dey shoot, an' pretty soon de place gets so full o' powder smoke you can light up an' have a little inhale without de cop spottin' you."—Newark (N. J.) News.

At to Kate's Complexion.

Maud—Have you seen Kit Garlinghorn's new sealskin? It's nothing but an imitation on the face of it.

Irene—Well, so's her own skin.

Are You Bilious?

If so, you will have more or less of the following

SYMPTOMS:

Not unfrequently the complexion becomes pale and sallow, there may be frequent attacks of bilious or sick headache, bitter taste in the mouth, tongue coated white or covered with a brown fur, unnatural, dry, harsh, or scaly condition of the skin, or branny eruptions and pimples. There is likely to be "backache," with tired feelings, lassitude and a sense of debility. There is depression of spirits with a decided tendency to be discouraged and despondent. There is loss or irregularity of appetite, uneasiness in region of the stomach, oppression, sometimes sour stomach, "heart-burn," nausea and "water-brash," flatulency, and acrid eructations; the bowels become irregular, usually constipated, and occasionally subject to diarrhea, attended with colicky pains. The foregoing symptoms are not all present in any one case, nor are any two cases alike in every respect.

The only way to help a disordered liver and cure biliousness is to treat it as it is—the great, organic, human filter of the human system. Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery *cleanses and clears it;* invigorates and revitalizes this most important organ by its wonderful alterative power.

A Terrible Case of Suffering Caused by Liver Complaint.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—I will tell you how I regained my health, though I ought to have written long ago. Have been well two years. Seven years ago I had the first attack of "Grippe," and for many months afterward I could only say I never felt well. The doctor said the trouble was liver complaint. After being sick for three years, kidney and bladder trouble set in, which put me in a worse condition than I ever was before. Did not take a step but it would hurt my stomach so that it would fill with gas and it would throw up my food to my throat. I kept getting worse, my stomach bloated badly, until there seemed no more room left in my body to hold it. My tongue became coated and the inside of my mouth so sore that, although it did not affect my voice itself very much, it caused pain in the tonsils when talking. In addition to all this the urine became so scalding that the burning sensation caused me to scream when passing it. Oh! the suffering and the anguish of that week I will never forget. I could not lie down nor sit up straight, nor walk nor do anything. Was all doubled up and had to be led from place to place; but here I am to-day, sound and well, all the thanks due to Dr. Pierce's medicines. I used eighteen bottles of "Golden Medical Discovery," three of "Favorite Prescription" and eighteen vials of "Pellets." May you live long to drag many more poor sufferers from the slough of despair—such as I had fallen into.

Gratefully yours,
Miss Augusta Raffle,
429 Findlay Ave., Big Rapids, Michigan.

"Golden Medical Discovery" contains no alcohol, syrup, or sugar, yet keeps perfectly in any climate.

Do Not Be Deceived.—It is an insult to your intelligence for a dealer to attempt to palm off upon you a *substitute* for this world-famed medicine. You *know* what you want. It's his business to *meet that want*. When he urges some *substitute* he's thinking of the larger profit he'll make—not of your welfare. Turn your back on any dealer who offers you such treatment.

In obstinate constipation the "Discovery" should be used in conjunction with Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, the most natural and thoroughly scientific laxative ever devised. The "Pellets" regulate and invigorate the stomach, liver and bowels. One is a gentle laxative; two act as a mild cathartic.

If you require medical advice write Dr. R. V. Pierce who will give you the best advice possible, *free*.

Dr. Pierce's 1,000-page "Medical Adviser," is the most useful "doctor book" published. A copy in stiff paper covers sent on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only;* in cloth binding ten stamps extra. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

A Pair of Birds.

"Isn't the doctor's wife beautiful? She has a neck like that of a swan."

"Quite so. And the doctor has a bill like that of a pelican."—Judge.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

In His Turn.

Willie—Engaged to Jack? Then you won't marry Harry, after all?

Eunice—Not after all. But, maybe, after Jack.—Smart Set.

Earliest Green Onions.

The John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., always have something new, something valuable. This year they offer among their new money making vegetables, an Earliest Green Eating Onion. It is a winner, Mr. Farmer and Gardener!

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 16c.

and they will send you their big plant and seed catalog, together with enough seed to grow

1,000 fine, solid Cabbages,
2,000 rich, juicy Turnips,
2,000 blanching, nutty Celery,
2,000 rich, buttery Lettuce,
1,000 splendid Onions,
1,000 rare, luscious Radishes,
1,000 gloriously brilliant Flowers.

In all over 10,000 plants—this great offer is made to get you to test their warranted vegetable seeds and

ALL FOR BUT 16c POSTAGE,

providing you will return this notice, and if you will send them 26c in postage, they will add to the above a big package of Salzer's Fourth of July Sweet Corn—the earliest on earth—10 days earlier than Cory, Peep o' Day, First of All, etc. [W.N.U.]

Known by Its Smoke.

"Pa, what's the brand of Cain?"

"I'm not positive, Johnny, but I think it's the brand that Jones smokes."—

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children.

Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York, cure Constipation, Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. Over 30,000 testimonials. At all Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Women always have a suspicion that they are entertaining angels unawares.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The simple life is never found at the bargain counter.

"Dyspepsia Tormented Me for Years. Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy cured me." Mrs. C. S. Dougherty, Millville, N. J. Used over 30 years. $1.00.

The banker is judged by the Chadwick company he keeps.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

The river that goes often to congress gets many dams.

Giving the Papers Credit.

Senator Money tells a story of the tribute a Mississippi minister recently paid to the press.

The town in which his parish was located had been visited within a short space of time by several catastrophes, all of which, with harrowing details, had been duly exploited in the local papers.

The clergyman was moved to make the misfortunes of his townsmen a subject of prayer. He knelt in the presence of his congregation and began fervently: "Oh, Lord, doubtless Thou hast learned through the papers of our recent and grave afflictions."—New York World.

DERANGED NERVES

DISTRESSING TROUBLES LEFT BY ST. VITUS AND GRIP.

Woman Afflicted for Years by Strange Spells of Numbness and Weakness Recovers Perfect Health.

When she was fourteen years old, Mrs. Ida L. Brown had St. Vitus' dance. She finally got over the most noticeable features of the strange ailment, but was still troubled by very uncomfortable sensations, which she recently described as follows:

"One hand, half of my face, and half of my tongue would get cold and numb. These feelings would come on, last for about ten minutes, and then go away, several times a day. Besides I would have palpitation of the heart, and my strength would get so low that I could hardly breathe. As time went on these spells kept coming oftener and growing worse. The numbness would sometimes extend over half my body."

"How did you get rid of them?"

"It seemed for a long time as if I never could get rid of them. It was not until about six years ago that I found a remedy that had virtue enough in it to reach my case. That was Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and they have since entirely cured me."

"Did it take long to effect a cure?"

"No! I hadn't taken the whole of the first box before I saw a great improvement. So I kept on using them, growing better all the time, until I had taken eight boxes and then I was perfectly well, and I have remained in good health ever since with one exception."

"What was that?"

"Oh! that was when I had the grip. I was in bed, under the doctor's care, for two weeks. When I got up I had dreadful attacks of dizziness. I had to grasp hold of something or I would fall right down. I was just miserable, and when I saw the doctor was not helping me, I began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills again. In a short time they cured me of that trouble too, and I have never had any dizzy spells since."

Mrs. Brown lives at No. 1705 DeWitt street, Mattoon, Illinois. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are without an equal for the rapid and thorough cure of nervous prostration. They expel the poison left in the system by such diseases as grip and are the best of tonics in all cases of weakness. They are sold by every druggist.

If a dressmaker doesn't give a woman fits the woman gives the dressmaker fits.

RUSSIANS IN FULL RETREAT

ABANDON POSITIONS AND BURN EVERYTHING THEY CANNOT CARRY.

JAPS AT GATES OF MUKDEN

RUSSIANS READY TO EVACUATE AND CHANGE POSITION TO TIE PASS.

GREAT VICTOTY FOR OYAMA

GREATEST MASTER OF OFFENSIVE STRATEGY SINCE NAPOLEON.

Gen. Kuropatkin is giving ground before the armies of Japan, and yesterday he abandoned positions south and southwest of Mukden, burning such of his supplies as he could not carry with him. The Japanese artillery is thundering at the very gates of Mukden, which position the Russians still hold, but which they are admittedly prepared to evacuate, changing their base to Tie pass, which is forty miles north of Mukden. So far as the retreat has progressed it has been orderly. What the Japanese may have in store for

The Defeated Army

on its retirement northward remains to be disclosed. There are reports that Gen. Rennenkampff, the foremost cavalry general of the Russian army in Manchuria, has been cut off on the east from the main force, and Japanese troops in considerable numbers are said to be already in the vicinity of Tie pass. The retirement unquestionably cost the Russians dear in the matter of supplies and heavy guns. Neither commanders nor correspondents have yet ventured to estimate the number killed or wounded in the eleven days of fighting. The Russian casualties in the fighting Tuesday on the left flank are said to have been fully 7,000.

Japs North of Mukden.

Mukden, March 9. — The Russians are retiring from the line of the Shakhe river and the left flank to the line of fortifications on the Hun river. Japanese are north of Mukden and advancing against the railroad at Unguntun. A fight is raging two miles west of the railroad and projectiles reach the railroad.

Bloodiest Battle of War.

Tokio, March 9. — Advices received here indicate that Gen. Kuropatkin is badly beaten in the bloodiest battle of the present war.

Greatest Since Napoleon.

St. Petersburg, March 9. — The battle of Mukden has resulted in a Russian defeat.

Field Marshal Oyama has once more proved himself one of the greatest masters of offensive strategy since Napoleon, while Gen. Kuropatkin is now engaged in endeavoring to defend his title as a master of successful retreats and bring off his army, with its immense train, safely to Tie pass, where a position was long ago prepared with this contingency in view. The problem before the Russian commander-in-chief is

Much More Difficult

than the one he met successfully at Liao-yang, since now he is threatened on both flanks, his left wing being entangled in a mountainous region far from the railroad. Nevertheless Russian military men here express a fair degree of confidence in Gen. Kuropatkin's ability once more to extricate his army and avoid a Russian Sedan. Besides his skill in rear guard action, they base their hopes on the physical condition of the Japanese soldiers, who, though they are conceded to be the greatest marchers in the world, are well nigh exhausted by their strenuous endeavors of the last fortnight.

Japs Are Reckless.

All reports indicate that the Japanese were utterly reckless of sacrifices, making attack after attack, especially on the center and westward against machine guns and infantry fire which literally mowed down the advancing columns, making human flesh so cheap that the survivors could bastion themselves behind piles of corpses.

After this action Gen. Kuropatkin's deposition may be regarded as certain. War Minister Sakharoff is picked as his probable successor.

Caught by Failure.

Fargo, N. D., March 9.—The failure of the Coe Commission company caught some dabblers in grain here. Manager Cobb states the amount will not exceed $3,000, but some of the losers insist the liabilities are larger than that.

Minister Is Unfrocked.

Atlantic City, N. J., March 9.— Rev. J. C. Cordova, the eloping minister, was unceremoniously unfrocked yesterday by the New Jersey M. E. conference at a secret meeting here. He was charged with immorality.

Vaccination Bill Vetoed.

Sacramento, Cal., March 9. — Gov. Pardee yesterday sent a message to the senate vetoing Senator Leavitt's bill to prevent vaccination being made a condition precedent to admission to the public schools.

NEW MINISTER NAMED.

Diplomatic Representative of Colombia Will Soon Reach Washington.

Washington, March 2. — The state department has received a cablegram from Mr. Russell, the American minister to Bogota, announcing the appointment of Diego Mendoza as minister from Colombia to the United States. He will reach Washington in a few weeks. Mr. Mendoza is a prominent politician and a warm supporter of President Reyes

METAL HEELS FOR HOUSE WEAR.

Madame to Rival Marquises of Grand Monarch's Day.

Heels must not match the springtime's slippers—for house wear, at any rate. She who encases her tribbles in scarlet leather will balance her fairy weight on Louis Quatorze affairs of gleaming gold. Gold slippers, on the other hand, are to have red heels. Green will be offset with brown, and pale blue with silver. Madame and her friends, when they foregather in the boudoir for a morning chat, will look like a bevy of directoire dames or a flock of marquises from the court of the grand monarch. Everything in the pedal line is to be strikingly French. Those who talked against high heels years ago will have another opportunity to wax eloquent, for it is foretold heels will be higher than ever in this year of grace and gracefulness—may it not be added, graciousness? Certainly of goodness-graciousness, judging from the astonishing daring of the advance glimpses vouchsafed to those who may be trusted with the secrets of the gay capital. It is whispered certain portly veterans of ball room and salon will practice furtively on stilts ere they essay the feats to be required of them by the extremely high heels of the early future.

Doing Great Work.

Ward, Ark., March 6th.—(Special.) —From all over the West reports come of cures of different forms of Kidney Disease by Dodd's Kidney Pills, and this place is not without evidence of the great work the Great American Kidney Remedy is doing.

Among the cured here is Mr. J. V. Waggoner, a well known citizen, who, in an interview, says: "Dodd's Kidney Pills have done wonders for me. My kidneys and bladder were badly out of order. I used many medicines, but got nothing to cure me till I tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. Two boxes of them fixed me up so that I have been well ever since.

"Tell the poor kidney and bladder diseased people to take Dodd's Kidney Pills and get well."

No case of kidney complaint is too far gone for Dodd's Kidney Pills to cure. They are the only remedy that has ever cured Bright's Disease.

One Redeeming Quality.

"You must have a great deal of old and ragged money here," said the man who was paying his taxes.

"We do," responded the cashier in the treasury department of the county building.

"Don't you dread to handle it?"

"On what account?"

"Microbes."

"My dear sir, the atmosphere of this building kills the microbes the moment they are exposed to it."—Chicago Tribune.

FLEAS BROKE UP MEETINGS.

Too Thick for the Faithful in North Carolina.

Pigs, goats and fleas are the subject of proposed legislation by the general assembly of North Carolina. In Pitt county churches appear to have been erected on a plan that puts the floor several feet above the ground, with openings between the pillars. Hogs and goats have sought the convenient shelter of this space, until the soil on which the churches stand has become one part sand and two parts fleas. In consequence religious services have been broken up and congregations dismissed from worship at very inopportune times with alarming frequency.

The nuisance has become so great that the members of the general assembly from Pitt county have introduced bills to require owners of hogs and goats running at large to fence in the churches, so as to keep these animals from roosting under them.—Newark (N. J.) News.

THE TRICKS.

Coffee Plays on Some.

It hardly pays to laugh before you are certain of facts; for it is sometimes humiliating to think of afterwards.

"When I was a young girl I was a lover of coffee, but was sick so much the doctor told me to quit and I did, but, after my marriage my husband begged me to drink it again as he did not think it was the coffee caused the troubles.

"So I commenced it again and continued about 6 months until my stomach commenced acting bad and choking as if I had swallowed something the size of an egg. One doctor said it was neuralgia and indigestion.

"One day I took a drive with my husband three miles in the country and I drank a cup of coffee for dinner. I thought sure I would die before I got back to town to a doctor. I was drawn double in the buggy and when my husband hitched the horse to get me out into the doctor's office, misery came up in my throat and seemed to shut my breath off entirely, then left all in a flash and went to my heart. The doctor pronounced it nervous heart trouble and when I got home I was so weak I could not sit up.

"My husband brought my supper to my bedside with a nice cup of hot coffee, but I said: 'Take that back, dear. I will never drink another cup of coffee if you gave me everything you are worth, for it is just killing me.' He and the others laughed at me and said:

"'The idea of coffee killing anybody.'

"'Well,' I said, 'it is nothing else but coffee that is doing it.'

"In the grocery one day my husband was persuaded to buy a box of Postum which he brought home and I made it for dinner and we both thought how good it was but said nothing to the hired men and they thought they had drunk coffee until we laughed and told them. Well, we kept on with Postum and it was not long before the color came back to my cheeks and I got stout and felt as good as I ever did in my life. I have no more stomach trouble and I know I owe it all to Postum in place of coffee.

"My husband has gained good health on Postum, as well as baby and I, and we all think nothing is too good to say about it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

G. A. R. IN SESSION.

Old Soldiers Hold Thirty-Ninth Encampment.

St. Paul, March 9. — The department of Minnesota, Grand Army of the Republic, met at the old state capitol yesterday for the thirty-ninth annual encampment. About 500 delegates were present. Gov. J. A. Johnson welcomed the delegates on behalf of the state, and Mayor R. A. Smith spoke in behalf of the city. The governor paid a tribute to the veterans and their work, and said they are teaching an inspiring lesson in patriotism. He said it was not for him to welcome them to the capital, for they have a greater claim on the state than he, but he would like to see them at the capitol and would do anything he could to aid them in their work. Former Lieut. Gov. G. S. Ives responded to the welcome on behalf of the veterans. Commander Harrison White's annual report showed that the department has 170 posts and 5,632 members in good standing. The net loss during the year was 166, but the loss by death was 179, so that the gain exceeds the loss from all causes other than death by 13. The total number of suspensions was 244, but many of these have been reinstated.

WHOLE PLANT IS DOOMED.

Only One Man Killed in Big Fire at Cedar Rapids.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, March 9. — One man thrown from the sixth story of a building to the pavement was the only fatality in the $1,500,000 fire which took place in this city during Tuesday night. John Safely, the night watchman, had gone to the sixth story of one of the buildings of the American Cereal plant to examine the condition of the floor when the explosion occurred. Safely was either thrown out of the window or else jumped to the pavement below. He was crushed beyond recognition. The fire still was burning yesterday and eating its way through the new mill, 150 feet of which had already been destroyed. The whole structure is doomed. The entire loss will reach $1,500,000, while the official list of insurance as prepared amounts to $800,000. The fire departments from Belle Plaine, Vinton and neighboring points are here assisting the local force to confine the flames to the cereal plant.

COST LITTLE TO FIX FERN.

Eaton Leaves for Home To-Day Well Pleased With Steamer Deal.

Washington, March 9. — Commander Guy Eaton of the Minnesota naval reserve will leave for home to-day. He has been here for the last ten days in conference with the naval officials relative to the transfer of the U. S. S. Fern to the Minnesota station, and also has made an inspection of the vessel. He leaves Washington satisfied that the Fern will be turned over to the Minnesota boys in reasonably good shape, and that neither the state nor the organization will be compelled to expend much in making additional improvements.

"BLACK HAND" WANTS MONEY

Death Prescribed as Penalty for Failure to Comply With Demand.

Menomonie, Wis., March 9.—Signed "The Black Hand" and demanding that $1,000 be placed at a designated spot, a letter was recently received by Arenus Wells. The letter prescribed death as the penalty for failure to comply with this demand. Wells immediately notified the police and at their suggestion placed a dummy package at the place designated. Two persons, whom it is believed were men in the guise of women, appeared, secured the package and escaped.

GRAFTON LOSES HEAVILY.

Claims There Amount, It Is Said, to Nearly $18,000.

Grafton, N. D., March 9. — At 5 p. m. Tuesday the Western Union cut out the line running to the local Coe office and removed all the instruments. Two weeks ago Adolph Hdstad, local manager, was called to the head office. It is rumored on good authority that local claims against the company run from $16,000 to $18,000.

GUILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER.

Jury Says Dan Shepperd Slew Aged German With an Axe.

Fairfield, Iowa, March 9. — Dan Shepperd, charged with murder, yesterday was found guilty of manslaughter after a trial of three weeks. Shepperd was accused of having murdered an aged German by the name of Chris Womeledorff, who was found dead on Dec. 14, 1904. He was killed by a blow from an axe.

Poles Flee to Avoid Army.

Eau Claire, Wis., March 9. — Jacob Koplan, a young Pole, arrived here yesterday direct from Poland, having fled to avoid conscription. He says 2,000 others got away at the same time.

Old Resident Dead.

Downing, Wis., March 9.—E. Dalton, a well known old citizen, died at Rockton, aged eighty-three years. For many years he was engaged in business here, and was prominently identified with Wisconsin politics.

Alleged Embezzler Arrested.

Butte, Mont., March 9. — Julius Sleff, who is wanted in Camden, is under indictment for embezzling $1,000 from Mrs. Ella O'Brien. He refuses to return without extradition papers.

Child Smothered to Death.

Boone, Iowa, March 8. — The six months-old daughter of H. A. Mondt was smothered to death Sunday afternoon in a folding bed. The family was visiting relatives and the baby played on the bed, which was later shut by the baby's aunt, who failed to notice it.

Head Cut From Body.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, March 8.—Chas. W. Johnson, a veteran Rock Island switchman, was decapitated by a North-Western switch engine yesterday.

Woman's Kidney Troubles

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is Especially Successful in Curing This Fatal Disease.

Mrs. J. W. Lang and Mrs. S. Frake

Of all the diseases known, with which women are afflicted, kidney disease is the most fatal. In fact, unless early and correct treatment is applied, the weary patient seldom survives.

Being fully aware of this, Mrs. Pinkham, early in her career, gave exhaustive study to the subject, and in producing her great remedy for woman's ills—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—was careful to see that it contained the correct combination of herbs which was sure to control that fatal disease, woman's kidney troubles. The Vegetable Compound acts in harmony with the laws that govern the entire female system, and while there are many so called remedies for kidney troubles, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the only one especially prepared for women, and thousands have been cured of serious kidney derangements by it. Derangements of the feminine organs quickly affect the kidneys, and when a woman has such symptoms as pain or weight in the loins, backache, bearing down pains, urine too frequent, scanty or high colored, producing scalding or burning, or deposits like brick dust in it; unusual thirst, swelling of hands and feet, swelling under the eyes or sharp pains in the back running down the inside of her groin, she may be sure her kidneys are affected and should lose no time in combating the disease with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, the woman's remedy for woman's ills.

The following letters show how marvelously successful it is.

Mrs. Samuel Frake, of Prospect Plains, N. J., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

I cannot thank you enough for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. When I first wrote to you I had suffered for years with what the doctor called kidney trouble and congestion of the womb. My back ached dreadfully all the time, and I suffered so with that bearing-down feeling I could hardly walk across the room. I did not get any better, so decided to stop doctoring with my physician and take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I am thankful to say it has entirely cured me. I do all my own work, have no more backache and all the bad symptoms have disappeared.

I cannot praise your medicine enough, and would advise all women suffering with kidney trouble to try it.

Mrs. J. W. Lang, of 626 Third Avenue, New York, writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

I have been a great sufferer with kidney trouble. My back ached all the time and I was discouraged. I heard that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound would cure kidney disease, and I began to take it; and it has cured me when everything else had failed. I have recommended it to lots of people and they all praise it very highly.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation.

Women suffering from kidney trouble, or any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Out of the great volume of experience which she has to draw from, it is more than likely she has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; a Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills.

Say Plainly to Your Grocer

That you want LION COFFEE always, and he, being a square man, will not try to sell you anything else. You may not care for our opinion, but

What About the United Judgment of Millions

of housekeepers who have used LION COFFEE for **over a quarter of a century?**

Is there any *stronger proof of merit*, than the

Confidence of the People

and ever increasing popularity? LION COFFEE is carefully selected at the plantation, shipped direct to our various factories, where it is skillfully roasted and carefully packed in sealed packages—unlike loose coffee, which is exposed to germs, dust, insects, etc. LION COFFEE reaches you as pure and clean as when it left the factory. Sold only in 1 lb. packages.

Lion-head on every package.
Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Mayer
Martha Washington
Comfort Shoe

The Shoe Without Buttons or Laces.

A real shoe—Not a slipper

Made in low, medium and high styles. Most comfortable shoe ever worn. Fits like a glove; does not pinch or squeeze.

Elastic at sides permits shoe to expand and contract with the natural motion of the foot. Easily put on, easily taken off; requires no breaking in.

Made of extra high grade, specially tanned and finished Vici Kid, with patent leather trimmings and tough, flexible soles.

Your dealer has or can get Mayer "Martha Washington" shoes for you. Send us his name and receive descriptive Booklet No. 10.

We also make "Western Lady" shoes. Our trade-mark is stamped on every sole.

F. MAYER BOOT & SHOE CO.
Milwaukee, Wis.

WANTED

Four Salesmen in this and adjoining territory, to represent and advertise the Wholesale Department of an old established commercial house of solid financial standing. Staple line. Salary $3.50 per day, paid weekly, with expenses advanced direct from headquarters. Horse and buggy furnished when necessary. We furnish everything. Position permanent. Address O. E. BLEW, Secretary, 632 Monon Building, Chicago, Ill.

BEST BY TEST

"I have tried all kinds of waterproof clothing and have never found anything at any price to compare with your Fish Brand for protection from all kinds of weather."

(The name and address of the writer of this unsolicited letter may be had upon application.)

A. J. TOWER CO.
Boston, U. S. A.

TOWER CANADIAN CO., LIMITED
Toronto, Canada

The Sign of the Fish
TOWER'S FISH BRAND

Makers of Warranted Wet Weather Clothing.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

MIXED FARMING
WHEAT RAISING
RANCHING

Three great pursuits have again shown wonderful results on the Free Homestead Lands of Western Canada this year.

Magnificent climate—farmers plowing in their shirt sleeves in the middle of November.

"All are bound to be more than pleased with the final results of the past season's harvests."—Extract.

Coal, wood, water, hay in abundance. Schools, churches, markets convenient.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

N W N U —NO. 10— 1905

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 18, 1905. NUMBER 35.

Resume of the News. Fresh Reliable Brief

Washington.

Rear Admiral Evans will assume command of the North Atlantic fleet at Pensacola on the 31st inst., as the relief of Rear Admiral Barker, who will retire on that date.

A scandal in the St. Louis fair management is to be probed. It is reported that the property of the fair in which the government is interested was sold at one-quarter of its value, and the transaction was secret.

A cablegram was received at the state department from Minister Barrett at Panama, stating that a convention had been signed adjusting finally the boundary line between Costa Rica and Panama.

The appointment of Charles H. Treat to be treasurer of the United States, vice Ellis Roberts, resigned, was sent to the senate. Along with it went the appointment of Charles W. Anderson, negro, of New York, to be collector of internal revenue in New York city, vice Mr. Treat.

List of Casualties.

The main car barns of the Manchester Traction company at Manchester, N. H., occupying an entire block, were destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at $150,000.

John Skelton, a woodsman, was killed at Fall Point, Mich. While felling a tree, it struck on the back of his head, breaking his neck. He leaves a son and daughter.

Oswald Haynes, aged 36, was killed by a premature blast at the sixth level of No. 13 shaft, Osceola branch of the Calumet and Hecla mine at Calumet, Mich. He leaves a wife and five children.

Two men were instantly killed and four seriously injured in a boiler explosion in a sawmill near Jellico, Tenn. The accident is said to have been caused by turning cold water into a hot boiler.

The six-months-old daughter of H. A. Mondt of Boone, Iowa, was smothered to death in a folding bed. The family was visiting relatives and the baby played on the bed, which was later shut by the baby's aunt, who failed to notice it.

An explosion of illuminating gas in the cellar of the Mormon meeting house at Granger, Utah, caused the death of one young woman and seriously injured twenty-six other persons, mostly young women and children. The meeting house was wrecked.

At the railway camp of A. Caligan, a Chesapeake & Ohio contractor, at the mouth of Greasy creek, ten miles south of Louisville, four men were instantly killed, two fatally and four dangerously injured by exploding dynamite. The men were heating dynamite in powder cans when the explosion occurred.

Crimes and Criminals.

Gov. Folk of Missouri commuted the sentence of Fred Williams, a negro sentenced to be hanged, to life imprisonment.

Lester, aged 12 years, son of Lewis Hole of Celina, Ohio, hanged himself with a strap in the woodshed. He was found by his mother, who supposed he was at school. The cause is unknown.

Mrs. Louis B. Chandler, wife of Lieut. Chandler of the Twenty-fifth infantry, located at Fort Niobrara, Neb., committed suicide at the Paxton hotel at Omaha, by shooting. No cause is known.

Dr. Ivan C. Amilon, thirty-three years old, committed suicide at Chicago as the result of excessive brooding over difficulties in the management of a life insurance company. He was an employe of the company.

Edward F. Duboie, aged 19, killed himself at Ottumwa, Iowa, killed himself at Ottumwa, Iowa, less than twenty-four hours after his marriage to Miss Minna Fuqua. He died in his bride's arms, leaving no explanation.

Johann Hock, multi-bigamist, has been indicted by the grand jury at Chicago on a charge of murder. The specific charge on which the indictment was found is that Hock murdered his last wife but one, Mrs. Marie Walcker-Hock.

Ellen Peck, 75 years old, notorious for many years as a confidence woman, was arrested in New York by central office detectives at the request of the police of Chicago. She is wanted in that city for the alleged swindling of Frank Peppo out of $900.

Harold H. Corson of Birmingham, Mich., one of the two sophomore students stabbed during a hair-cutting hazing episode at Ann Arbor, Mich., is in a critical condition. The knife penetrated the membrane sheathing the heart. L. A. Warren, who was stabbed in the back, is also in a critical condition. One knife thrust penetrated his lungs. No arrests have been made.

Because the trustees of the Baptist church at East Hickman, Ky., had notified him that he would have to surrender the parsonage building to a new preacher, Macajah Brook, aged 80, placed a revolver to his head and blew out his brains. He had been living in the parsonage for a number of years.

Dan Shepperd, charged with murder at Fairfield, Iowa, was found guilty of manslaughter after a trial of three weeks. Shepperd was accused of having murdered an ancient German by the name of Chris Womeledorff, who was found dead on Dec. 14, 1904. He was killed by a blow from an axe.

From Other Lands.

The German battleship Mecklenberg, which went aground off Hatten reef, east of Samsoe island, Denmark, has been refloated.

The regent, Crown Prince Gustaf, has invited former Finance Minister Micholse nto form a new cabinet in succession to the Hegerup ministry, which resigned March 1.

There was a heavy hail storm at Santiago, Cuba, which lasted twenty minutes. The last recorded storm of this kind at Santiago occurred seventy-seven years ago.

It has been reported that the Korean emperor has become a convert to Roman Catholicism and has requested the Seoul Catholic mission to receive him formally into the church.

The bank of Yarmouth, N. S., has closed its doors. The capital of the bank is $300,000. The last statement, issued on Dec. 31, 1904, showed that the deposits amounted to nearly $400,000.

The Mexican bank statements show that thirty-two chartered banks in the republic hold $22,000,000 more specie than a year ago. The aggregate capital of the chartered banks is $109,600,000.

The elections in Greece for members of the chamber of deputies resulted in a considerable government majority. All the ministers were re-elected, and almost all the Delyannist candidates were returned.

It is believed that the steamers imprisoned in the ice north of Kokkaido, Japan, have been carried seaward, where it is probable the floes will break them up. There is no trace of the steamship Tacoma, recently reported fast in an ice floe in Sayo straits.

The Countess Montignoso, formerly crown princess of Saxony, has been obliged to give up her villa at Papinavo, Italy, and has taken rooms in a hotel at Fiesole. The countess states that the change is necessary until her former husband (King Frederick Augustus of Saxony) either voluntarily or by order of the courts pays her the allowance agreed upon at the time of her divorce.

Domestic.

Rev. J. C. Cordova, the eloping minister, was unceremoniously unfrocked by the New Jersey M. E. conference at a secret meeting. He was charged with immorality.

The Copper Range Consolidated mills at Houghton, Mich., announced an increase in the wages of all the 4,000 men employed. The increase averages 10 per cent.

The Porto Rican legislature has adopted the coat of arms used under the Spanish regime, replacing the one adopted by the first legislature under American civil government.

Gov. Pardee of California sent a message to the senate vetoing Senator Leavitt's bill to prevent vaccination being made a condition precedent to admission to the public schools.

The total net earnings of the companies which were merged into the American Tobacco company for 1904 were reported to the annual meeting of the stockholders of that company in Jersey City to be $22,304,696.

The interpretation of the word "persistent" resulted in a strike of 250 men at the Jackson Hill mines at Terre Haute. The dispute arose from difference of opinion in connection with the use of the word "persistent" as related to a rule governing the loading of coal cars.

Henry Wallace, son of Gen. Lew Wallace, has written Representative Charles Landis on behalf of himself and mother, offering "Water Bubble," Gen. Wallace's country place, to the government for a fish hatchery. The place consists of several large artificial lakes, a keeper's lodge and hatchery equipment.

A package of currency amounting to $7,000 was lost on the street in the downtown district of St. Louis by Mrs. L. C. Bohle, widow of the former United States marshal. Mrs. Bohle had taken the money, wrapped in a newspaper, from a safety deposit vault to use in a business transaction. In crossing the street she jumped from the pathway of a speeding automobile and soon after missed her package. Detectives were immediately employed to search for the money.

Twenty additional subpoenaes for witnesses in the special grand jury investigation of the beef trust, set for Chicago, March 20, were sent out from the United States marshal's office in Chicago. These subpoenaes were mailed to small towns in Illinois, Indiana and Missouri, and were addressed to clerks, managers, stock buyers and former employes of packing houses. Subpoenaes will be issued at intervals until March 20. A total of 225 already have been served.

W. H. Whiteside, head of the sales department of the Allis-Chalmers company at Chicago, has been elected vice president and general manager of the company by the board of directors. The selection of Mr. Whiteside is explained by those interested to be intended to give President Warren much needed assistance.

The gold fever has reached Rice, Benton county. Mrs. J. M. McNeal found a large nugget of gold in the crop of a chicken and it is believed that the McNeal premises will reveal more gold.

RUSSO-JAPANESE WAR

OYAMA WAS NOT QUICK ENOUGH

DELAY GIVES KUROPATKIN CHANCE TO RESTORE ORDER AMONG FORCES.

FEAR JAP TURNING MOVE

APPREHENSION THAT OYAMA IS ABOUT TO SPRING A SURPRISE.

By delay in pressing his pursuit of Russia's defeated and demoralized army to Tie pass, Field Marshal Oyama has afforded Gen. Kuropatkin time to sort out the disorganized units of his command and restore his forces to at least a semblance of order. So far as known there is no considerable force of Japanese nearer Tie pass than six or eight miles, but in Russian quarters there is a feeling of apprehension that some turning movement of which there is no definite information is in progress. From Japanese sources, it is reported that many straggling parties of Russians, cut off from their commands in the retreat from Mukden are surrendering upon the appearance of Japanese troops. The council of war summoned by Emperor Nicholas is reported to have decided yesterday that the

War Must Be Carried Forward.

The all-important question of financial means, however, is said to have reached no solution, the situation being complicated by the reported decision of French capitalists not to negotiate the loan recently offered by St. Petersburg. The probability, as regarded in St. Petersburg, seems to be that when Gen. Kuropatkin has completed the task of reorganizing what is left of his army he will be permitted to return to Russia and that the command in Manchuria will be intrusted to Gen. Sukhomlimoff, whose war apprenticeship was served under Gen. Draggmiroff, who has been regarded as one of Russia's foremost scientific soldiers. It is possible, however, the command will go to Grand Duke Nicholas Nicholaievitch.

Force Russia to Seek Peace.

London, March 16. — The revolt of the French bankers is considered by the London newspapers as the most hopeful and important news of the day, promising an early conclusion of peace between Russia and Japan. Apparently the proposed loan has not been absolutely refused, but only "postponed." This, however, is regarded here as being tantamount to a refusal, and is expected to speak louder to the Russian war party even than Kuropatkin's reverse at Mukden.

Reports are current here that Japan will now demand an indemnity of between $500,000,000 and $750,000,000.

Grand Stand Play May Help Czar.

St. Petersburg, March 16. — A bold way out of the perplexities of the present situation has been suggested, namely, that Emperor Nicholas travel in state to the ancient capital of Moscow, summon the nobles and leading members of the zemstvos around him in the sacred precincts of the Kremlin, frankly lay the situation before them, publicly pledge his word for the execution of the projected reforms and make a stirring personal appeal through them to the people to loyally rally to the support of the Russian arms and co-operate in prosecuting the war to a successful termination.

Such a personal appeal from the sovereign undoubtedly would have a powerful effect throughout the country, and for the dynasty would have an advantage over the plan of submitting the question of peace or war to the zemsky zebor, which some of the newspapers are again urging.

Make Victory Complete.

The Russian general staff reports that "the main body has already completed its retreat and the rear guard southward are falling back slowly." What either the "main body" or the "rear guard" consists of has not been definitely fixed, but from the dispatches from the Associated Press correspondents with the Japanese and Russians, the two combined must be but a small portion of the army which Gen. Kuropatkin had gathered along the banks of the Shakhe and Hun rivers. And yet those who have reached Tie Pass, worn out from days of fighting and retreating, are not yet out of danger, the Japanese, it is reported, having already started

Another Turning Movement

which will force the Russians onto the plains north of the pass, where, in their disorganized state, they would be easy prey for the victory-flushed soldiers of the Mikado. The men who escaped are strengthening the fortifications in Tie pass, but it is hardly possible that the pass can be held in the face of the overwhelming forces opposed to the Russians, and it is not likely that Oyama will rest satisfied with his victory at Mukden as he did after Liao-yang. There will be no uneasiness as to the food supply as long as communications are maintained to the northward, as large bands of cattle roam the plains under Cossack herders, and at every station on the railway is a huge commissariat department. The Russian soldier is always well fed, the soup kitchens on wheels always keeping in touch with the men.

Russian Losses Were 155,000.

As to the losses, Gen. Kuropatkin now admits that 50,000 wounded were carried off the field. This, with the 26,000 dead left on the field, the 40,000 prisoners and the wounded left in the hospitals, comes somewhat nearer the latest Japanese estimate that the total Russian losses were 155,000. At this rate Kuropatkin cannot have more than 100,000 effective fighting men with him. The army of Gen. Linevitch seems to have made the best retreat, but this no doubt was due to the stubborn fight made by Gen. Rennenkampff on his extreme left, and the equally fierce resistance of Gen. Kaulbars on the right, the latter general losing 26,000 men.

Relentless Japs in Pursuit.

While Gen. Kuropatkin has apparently succeeded in saving more of his artillery than seemed possible, his losses in men, ammunition and commissariat supplies in the battle of Mukden are far greater than earlier reports indicated, and even that portion of his army which he succeeded in extricating from the positions around Mukden is still in serious danger. The Japanese generals, realizing that with a little more speed they could have inflicted a crushing defeat on the Russian army after the battle of Liao-yang, determined not to again allow an opportunity to pass, and are following after the defeated and sorely tried Russian forces. While a small portion of Kuropatkin's army has reached Tie pass, the greater part of those who escaped from the battle of Mukden are still

Struggling Onward,

being at last accounts between twelve and sixteen miles from their goal, with the Japanese, flushed with victory and reinforced by fresh men, harrassing them from all sides. Even should the remnant of the army reach Tie pass it is hardly possible for it to make a stand there against the overwhelming force opposing it, especially as the Russians must be worn out and weakened by the loss of men, guns and ammunition. It is more likely that Kuropatkin will fall right back to Harbin with what he can save and wait there for the reinforcements that St. Petersburg already has promised him. A possible obstacle to the plan is Gen. Kamamura's army, which has not yet been located, and which may also be heading for the northern capital.

Russia Loses 100,000 Men.

Gen. Kuropatkin admits that 1,190 officers and 46,931 men are not responding to roll calls. This is rather vague. It may or may not include the thousands of wounded who have been sent north, and again it may not include the losses suffered by the third army, with which the commander-in-chief was not in communication for some time. The figures given by the Japanese war office appear more reasonable, namely, 40,000 prisoners, 26,500 dead and left on the field and 90,000 killed or wounded, the latter figure, of course, including the dead found by the Japanese. The Russian losses, therefore, total over 100,000 men, or more than one-third of the whole army. The fact that the Japanese report the capture of only sixty guns indicates that Kuropatkin at the last moment succeeded in sending a considerable portion of his artillery northward on the railway. The

Japanese Losses

up to this morning were reported as 41,222, not including the army which pushed north between Mukden and Fushun.

Official Russia is determined to carry on the war and St. Petersburg reports that orders have been issued for the mobilization of more troops. This may prove a difficult task with the temper of the Russian people in its present condition. There is still hope in St. Petersburg that Russia can exhaust Japan financially, and for months there has been talk of the mobilization of an army on the Siberian border which would compel Japan to keep her vast army in Manchuria.

STEFFEL NOT GUILTY.

Milwaukee Jury Finds He Did Not Murder Saloonkeeper.

Milwaukee, March 14.—Joseph Steffel, who has been on trial for two weeks, charged with the murder of Hans Tritchler, an East Water street saloonkeeper, was acquitted yesterday by a jury in Judge Brazee's court. Tritchler was murdered in his place of business Dec. 30. There was nothing but circumstantial evidence introduced, and the jury brought in a verdict after several hours' deliberation.

RECOVERS FROM OPERATION.

President Harper Will Leave for Europe Soon.

Chicago, March 14. — President W. R. Harper of the University of Chicago has so far recovered from the effects of the recent operation for cancer that he feels equal to taking a long journey. It was reported at the university that he would leave this week for Europe. Two destinations are given, Carlsbad and Italy, but Dr. Harper has not yet decided for certain.

JAP COLUMN IS REPULSED

RUSSIANS REPORT A BATTLE EIGHT MILES SOUTH OF TIE PASS.

1,000 JAPANESE ARE KILLED

RUMOR THAT EIGHTY FOREIGNERS WERE MURDERED IN MUKDEN DENIED.

TOGO'S FLEET AFTER A FIGHT

SUPPOSED TO BE IN SEARCH OF THE RUSSIAN SECOND PACIFIC SQUADRON.

Meager reports have been received from a Russian source of a fight eight miles south of Tie pass between a Russian force under Gen. Mistchenko and a Japanese column, the identity of which is unknown. The Japanese were repulsed, it is said, with a loss of 1,000 killed.

The rumor that after the evacuation of Mukden eighty foreigners, including an American newspaper correspondent, had been murdered by Chinese is discredited by the fact that the correspondent in question, Richard H. Little, of the Chicago Daily News, reported to his paper on March 14 that he had been captured by the Japanese and was leaving Yinkow for Kobe.

A steamer arriving at Singapore reports having passed a squadron of twenty-two Japanese warships about twenty miles east of the entrance to the Straits of Malacca. Two Japanese cruisers and two auxiliary cruisers previously arrived at Singapore. Presumably these vessels are on the way westward in search of the Russian second Pacific squadron, last reported in Madagascar waters.

Jap Fleet After Russians.

London, March 16.—The appearance of Vice Admiral Togo's fleet in the track that would be used in any attempt by Vice Admiral Rojestvensky to make for Vladivostok is regarded in London as the most interesting news of the day. It is not known whether Vice Admiral Togo himself is with the fleet. According to the Daily Mail's correspondent at Singapore, who visited the fleet, the officers were unusually reticent. Two Japanese officers landed and conferred with the Japanese consul, and it was understood by the correspondent that the squadron would shortly sail again, as it required nothing. The presumption is that Vice Admiral Togo acquired some information concerning Rojestvensky's intended movements.

So far as known in London, Rojestvensky's squadron is still off the coast of Madagascar, but as the ice in the harbor of Vladivostok is probably beginning to give, the Russian admiral must soon make a decision whether to dash for Vladivostok or to return to Russia.

Flanking Tactics in Progress.

St. Petersburg, March 16.—Flanking tactics by the Japanese apparently are in progress again; the Associated Press correspondent, who remained near Tie pass, telegraphing that Gen. Rennenkampff on March 14 engaged a Japanese force on the Russian right. It is possible that the attacking force was a Japanese column which disappeared from observation during the battle of Mukden.

The Japanese do not appear to have renewed the frontal attack up to noon Wednesday, the demonstration on Tuesday having shown that the Russians were prepared to make a determined resistance.

Japs Occupy Tie Pass.

Niuchwang, March 16.—The Japanese occupied Tie pass Wednesday midnight.

RESERVISTS PLOT REVOLT.

Seek Aid of Troops to Prevent Mobilization.

Warsaw, March 16.—Reservists who were waiting in the barracks at Wolkowsk, government of Grodne, formed a conspiracy to foment organized disturbances among the troops in order to avoid being sent to Manchuria. The offenders were court-martialed, five of them were condemned to death and executed on March 13, and four were sentenced for life and eight to twenty years of penal servitude.

The mobilization of the Fifteenth and the Ninteenth corps, stationed in Poland, is expected shortly.

The attempt to call out the reserves in the government of Siedlce, which is the center of the peasant agitation, is certain to meet with violent opposition.

CONFEDERATES AS ESCORT.

Southern Veterans to Honor Roosevelt When He Visits Louisville.

Louisville, Ky., March 16. — The George B. Easton camp, United Confederate Veterans, has accepted the invitation of the committee on arrangements to act as an escort to the president upon the occasion of his visit to Louisville April 4. Thirty years ago the camp acted in a similar capacity when President Hayes was entertained here.

MUST ADOPT MUTUAL PLAN.

Old Line Companies Doing Business in Wisconsin Must Mutualize.

Madison, Wis., March 16.—Disposed to safeguard to the utmost the interests of the Wisconsin policyholders and in a frame of mind not sympathetic with the gigantic expenditures of the old-line life insurance companies of the East, the Badger State assembly yesterday passed the Metzler bill to compel all old-line stock insurance companies to mutualize after they secure as much as $20,000,000 of insurance. Opponents of the measure declare it is drastic, uncalled for and violent; that it merely will drive some of the best companies out of Wisconsin and will not cause any stock companies to mutualize.

May Lose Licenses.

The text of the bill says:

"It shall be the duty of officers of every life insurance company, organized with a capital stock, when such a company shall have secured $20,000,000 insurance in force, to set aside annually not less than 10 per cent of the surplus earnings a year, and apply the same to redeem the capital stock of the company at its par value; every such company shall, when all the stock has been redeemed, transact its business on the mutual plan; for failure to comply with the provisions of this section, a commissioner of insurance shall refuse license to transact business in this state."

The bill will in no way affect existing policies, but all new business must be done according to the mutual plan.

Give Stockholders Power.

New York, March 16. — A splendid committee of the board of directors of the Equitable Life Assurance society, consisting of James W. Alexander, Cornelius N. Bliss, T. Dewitt Cuyler, Chauncey M. Depew, James H. Hyde, V. S. Snyder and Gage E. Tarbell, unanimously resolved at a meeting held yesterday to recommend to the board that the charter of the society at once be amended so as to at once confer upon the policyholders the right to elect a majority of the board of directors, namely, twenty-eight out of fifty-two.

A meeting of the board of directors has been called for next Tuesday, when the committee will submit to the board the amended charter as prepared by counsel.

Policyholders Respond Well.

The policyholders' committee is making rapid progress in the matter of securing the names of the policyholders of the corporation. More names have been secured than were anticipated when the committee was organized, the number now reaching nearly 200,000 out of the Equitable's total list of about 600,000. Names continue to come in by the thousands.

NINETEEN DIE IN FIRE.

Blaze, Evidently of Incendiary Origin, Causes Awful Disaster.

New York, March 16.—Nineteen persons were burned to death in a fire which destroyed a five-story tenement house yesterday. More than forty were injured and only a few of the sleeping inmates escaped unhurt. Several of those who perished were roasted to death in plain view of thousands in the streets.

Coroner Goldenkranz declared, after an investigation, that he had reason to believe the blaze was the work of an incendiary.

He issued subpoenas for the fire marshal, tenement house and building inspectors and health and police officials to appear before him at the inquest Thursday.

The fire started in the basement and spread with frightful rapidity to the roof. The victims were

Caught in Traps of Flames,

the halls and exits being rendered impassable in a few minutes after the blaze started.

The building was one of the usual crowded tenements, and the disaster was the worst in the history of the East side.

The district attorney's office has begun an investigation to place the blame for the great loss of life.

Chief Croker of the fire department asserts that the police and tenement house departments are to blame for the violations of the fire escape law. The tenement house department officials say that blame is on the shoulders of the fire commissioner.

Of the nineteen dead, three bodies, those of a boy and two girls, remain unidentified.

RECEIVED BIG REWARD.

Man Who Returns Woman's Lost Diamonds Receives $1,000.

New York, March 15. — A splendid diamond brooch, containing stones weighing 23 carats and valued at $15,000, which was lost last Saturday night by Mrs. T. Edwin Ward as she was leaving a theater in Thirty-fifth street, has been returned by the finder, who received a reward of $1,000 in cash. The man's identity was not made known, but he appeared to be in poor circumstances. He returned the jewels in reply to an advertisement.

Woman Kills Herself.

Renville, Minn., March 16.—Mrs. Everet Bleeker, who lived six miles north of here, committed suicide by taking strychnine. She did her morning's housework before taking the poison and no one suspected her intention.

Badger Centurian Dies.

La Crosse, Wis., March 16. — Mrs. Mary Mahoney of Onalaska, aged 100 years, died last evening in St. Francis hospital. She had been a resident of La Crosse county for upward of fifty years.

DROP TREATY WITHOUT VOTE

PRESIDENT NOTIFIES SENATE THAT NO FURTHER TIME NEED BE WASTED.

AWARE THAT HOPE IS GONE

SENATE WILL FINISH OTHER BUSINESS ON HAND AND ADJOURN.

NEEDS MORE LIGHT ON CLAIMS

ASTONISHING GROWTH OF THE AMOUNT DEMANDED SURPRISES THE PRESIDENT.

Washington, March 16.—All expectation of ratifying the Santo Domingo treaty has been abandoned by the senate. President Roosevelt is fully aware of existing conditions and has notified the senate that no further time need be wasted in debate, as he realizes nothing can be accomplished at this session.

While no hard and fast agreement has been reached in the senate, this program has been generally approved and will be in all probability made effective:

The Santo Domingo treaty will be laid aside without a final vote, which would result in its rejection.

A commission will not be designated to investigate conditions in Santo Domingo during the congressional recess. The president now has full authority to name a commission of inquiry if he desires.

A final adjournment of the special session will be reached Friday.

To Hold Customs Houses.

The president will continue to hold the customs houses at Puerto Plata and Monte Christi, collecting and disbursing the revenues under the arbitral agreement relative to the Santo Domingo Improvement company's claim of $4,488,000.

The treaty can be taken up again next winter when there is a full attendance of the senate, and may then be ratified.

The present purpose of senators is to spare the president all the humiliation possible. This would be vastly increased by a decisive vote resulting in the rejection of the treaty. Hence the unanimity of agreement that a vote shall not be taken now. A deferment until next winter will afford the president an opportunity to extricate himself by means of full Republican support from the embarrassing position in which he is now placed.

The idea of a commission to investigate conditions does not meet with favor among senators. It is argued that the senate does not desire any additional information, and if the president does he can conduct his own inquiry in his own way.

More Light on Claims.

Senators find some comfort in the belief that President Roosevelt is not as anxious to have the treaty ratified as when it was submitted to the senate. It is said that he is much surprised at the character of the claims held against Santo Domingo, and feels they should be examined before payment is made. The declaration that the claim of the Santo Domingo Improvement company has grown from $1,500 to $4,488,000, made a deep impression on the president.

The abandonment of the treaty came yesterday before the senate convened. A dozen prominent senators visited the White House and all told the president that a final vote would result in rejection of the treaty. They were all told in turn that the president had no expectation of action and the senate could adjourn whenever it completed other routine business.

TO ROUT POLYGAMISTS.

Canadian Police Continues Its Action Against Mormons.

Winnipeg, March 16. — Wholesale prosecution of Mormons on the charge of polygamy have begun at Raymond, Alberta, one of the Northwest territories which has been made into a province. The mounted police have taken up the campaign against the Mormons, who number several thousand, having moved from the United States and Europe in the last five years. The first action to drive out a well known resident of Magrath, who recently brought two wives from the United States, whom he is said to have married in Utah, has been followed by similar notices to others known to have more than one wife.

TRUST CUTS PAPER PRICES.

Reduction on Print Paper by Independent Mill Is Met.

Madison, Wis., March 16.—Following a cut in price of print paper made by an independent representative at Fond du Lac, there has been a 10 per cent cut in the price of print paper by the Plover Paper company and the Wisconsin River Pulp and Paper company, both owned by George Whiting of the General Paper company. It is understood that the demand for print paper is less than the supply.

The Spectator.

ST. HILAIRE, - - MINNESOTA.

It is saddening to learn that the Elks are exterminating the elk for the sake of its teeth.

Iowa has a young woman who says that she can feed a man properly on 9 cents a day. Is she married?

It is the privilege of the talker to misquote. The writer has to look it up in the dictionary of quotations.

Nearly 7,000 books were published in this country last year. You didn't read more than half of them, perhaps.

"It is essential that a woman's arms should be pretty," says a fashion expert. And that a man's arms should be strong!

A New York man who gave his horse a pint of whisky has been fined $25—presumably for wasting whisky on a horse.

The weather bureau's monthly report has a learned dissertation on "mean" temperature. Everybody knows what it means.

The original of Dickens' "Little Dorrit" is still alive, at the age of 90. But she has changed so you would scarcely know her.

The Chicago poet who has offered to write 5,000 poems for a dollar apiece will be the envy of thousands of other poets if he gets the job.

Mrs. Chadwick is now said to have $1,000,000 cached. The only surprise contained in this piece of news is the smallness of the amount.

This is certainly the age of big things, as is proved by the fact that a blotch on the sun's face 80,000 miles in diameter is called a spot.

The suicide who wrote to an undertaker, "Lay this body on a shelf in your back room and I'll get it later," had a grim notion of humor.

Carnegie is to receive $1.50 a day for going to Cleveland as a witness. The possibility of his being able to die poor is becoming more and more remote.

One would not care, we should think, to go through a severe civil service examination in order to be placed on the Russian grand duke eligible list.

If Herr Hoch had as much presence of mind as Adam had, he would put on an innocent look and declare that he wasn't to blame—that all those women married him.

That French physician's "oyster cure," requiring patients to eat six dozen of the bivalves daily, should be a great thing for the health of the oyster dealers.

If the garter purse is generally adopted it will become popular to take street car rides on the chance of seeing a party of ladies quarreling about who will pay the fare.

Down in Maryland there is a man who has the euphonious name of Freezer Fry. He ought to live in St. Louis, where the people are under the necessity of doing both.

The venerable Captain Adrian C. Anson says batting is a lost art, but the veteran Colonel John L. Sullivan may be trusted to prove him wrong by getting on another one.

Why should any one be surprised because P. T. Barnum's autograph sold for three times as much as Henry Clay's? Henry Clay never ran such a big circus as P. T. Barnum did.

Apparently the Russian students think a zemsky sobor will be entirely too tame an affair to give satisfaction after the riotous times to which the people over there have become accustomed.

The Baltimore professor who thinks it would be well to chloroform all men when they reach the age of 60 says nothing about the women, probably because he realizes that no woman ever gets that old.

Apparently Mr. Alexander and his fellow-directors regard Mr. Hyde as too Frenchy and frivolous for the presidency of a great life insurance corporation. Query: Were they invited to the $100,000 ball?

Fire in a New York theater, the other day, caused a lot of chorus girls who were dressed only in tights to rush to the streets. They are reported to have been greatly embarrassed, but most of them are glad now that it happened. They can all demand leading parts on the strength of the advertising they got.

The Nashville American denounces the comic valentine with its "atrocities of conception" as a cheap, witless and spiteful abomination that is stupidity condensed. That editor must have received a skillfully selected one.

A Spokane woman has secured a divorce from her husband because he insists on squandering his earnings trying to invent a flying machine instead of buying the necessaries of life for his family. That woman has a level head.

It must be disheartening, sometimes to a farmer when he looks out on his billowy fields of wheat to think how little he gets out of it compared to what the gamblers in the stock market get, although scarcely one of them can tell a sheaf of good grain from a hay cock.

The London couple who came over to New York to get married, to avoid the English law forbidding a man to marry his deceased wife's sister, can get a quick divorce if they require one, by traveling another 1,500 miles.

STORIES FOR THE CHILDREN

GEORGE THORP

The Answer.

"There's naught but toil," I said, and turned once more
To wrestle on with Fate;
And then I heard a little voice implore,
"Do not respond, but wait."

"There is no joy in life or love or art,"
I said in my despair;
And then I heard your laughter in my heart,
And smiled to hear it there.

"There is no peace," I sighed in hopelessness—
Held fast in gloom's embrace;
And then I felt your tender hands caress,
Your lips upon my face.

"There is no promise. How can I rejoice?
To-morrow's lips art dumb!"
And still I hear your tender, hopeful voice:
"The summer days will come!"

—J. S. M., in Chambers' Journal.

Fortune-Telling Trick.

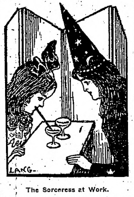
To prepare the fluid with which you are to tell the fortunes of your friends you must put some quicklime into a quart bottle and then fill the bottle with cold water. Shake it well every now and then, and at the end of the day set it away where it will not be touched during the night.

The next morning pour off the water into another bottle, leaving the sediment in the first one. And now, having provided yourself with some clean straws, such as are used in drinking lemonade, you are ready to begin your fortune telling.

As fortune tellers should not be exposed to the public gaze while they are engaged with their "victims," you should take your seat at a table behind a screen, and invite them, one at a time, to consult you there. Before doing that, however, it might be well to fill privately a wine glass with clear lime water and hold it up to the light for the company to see, telling them that it is the Fluid of Fortune.

When your "victim" seats himself at the table with you, say something like this:

"The crystal water will tell you the truth. Take this straw and blow through it in the water, as if you were blowing bubbles, for, after all, fortune is but a bubble. If you are to be prosperous in life the water will change to milk, proving that you will live in a land flowing milk and honey."



The Sorceress at Work.

In the course of a minute or two, the water will become apalescent, and then as white as milk, to the wonder of your subject. Caution to keep his secret, and then you call for the next subject.

Having poured out the fluid that your first subject turned to milk, refill the wineglass from the bottle and have another glass by you filled with pure water. This time let your subject choose between the glasses. If he chooses the plain water, turn aside his suspicion by saying:

"You must dip your fingers in this glass before touching the magic straws."

Then give him the glass with the lime water in it and let him blow into it through the straw, when the result will be the same as at first. The effect would be better if you perform some sort of hocus-pocus over the glass, such as waving your hands or pronouncing strange words or even an incantation.

If you don't care to tell fortunes with the lime water, you can use it to perform a little feat of magic. Tell the company that you will turn the water into milk merely by blowing into it, and not one of them will guess how you do it.

North Pole Candy.

It is not very pleasant to hear tallow or the marrow of the reindeer called candy, yet such they may be considered, because they delight the children of the cold as much as you are delighted with a box of chocolates.

In Eskimo land there is a kind of water fowl called dovekie. They are about the size of a duck, are quite black, with webbed feet of a brilliant red color. When the men have killed the dovekies the women cut off their bright red feet and draw out the bones; then by blowing into the skins they distend them as much as possible to form pouches. When these are thoroughly dried they are filled with reindeer tallow and the bright red packages are regarded by the Eskimo children as their greatest treat.

Another kind of candy is the marrow from the shinbone of the reindeer of which the Eskimo is very fond. When the meat is stripped from the bones of the reindeer's legs, these bones are placed on the floor and cracked with a hatchet until the marrow is exposed. The bones are then forced apart and the marrow dug out with a long sharp spoon made from the tusk of the walrus. When this tid-bit is frozen and cooked it is said by people who have tasted it, to be very palatable.—Philadelphia Press.

Who Is Janus?

You have all heard of the city of Rome, where the Pope dwells.

So, of course, you understand that the people who used to be known as Romans must have lived in Rome.

Well, until some hundred years ago, the Romans were the most powerful nation of people on the earth.

And so, although there is nothing left them now, we naturally feel a great interest in the stories that are told us about the things that these Romans used to do and say and think.

One of the most interesting things they thought was that there was a god—Janus by name—who was the king who helped or hindered the beginning of everything new.

So they never began anything without first praying: "Oh, Janus, help us in beginning this new thing."

The Romans were very fond of making pictures and statues, and many of these represented Janus as they thought he ought to look.

As you see in this little picture, he has two faces, one (the old one) looking backward and seeing all the past, the other (the young one) looking forward and seeing all the future.

In his right hand he has a key to open the new year with, and also to lock it again when it comes to its end.

He has a sceptre, too, for, as I have already said, he was king of all beginnings.

It has been said that Janus had this motto: "Everything depends on the beginning."

Not a bad motto for us, is it, boys and girls?

Peanut Dolls.

Very odd and funny and instructive little dolls can be made from peanuts. You may have an Indian chief, squaw and little papoose, John Chinaman, a Japanese lady, Dutch woman, Norman peasant woman with high white cap, a witch in peaked hat and red cloak, a wizard arrayed in star-trimmed cloak and high hat, a Hindoo yogi with white turbaned head, a gypsy and many other characters in this jolly company.

The peanuts are threaded whole upon coarse white twine, this the length of the nuts. Very short nuts are used for feet and hands and the round single nuts for the heads. A thick, long peanut forms the body, or, if more bulk is required, use two. Long, slender nuts form the arms and legs.

Now for the wigs. For the orientals use horsehair or the hair filling of a cushion; glue the locks in place and then fasten on the head covering. New rope, if combed out fine, will make a splendid flaxen wig; by coloring it you can have an auburn or brown tint. Fasten this wealth of hair with a jaunty bow. Outline the features in ink. The wigs of the wizard and the yogi should be white; use cotton picked out fluffy and glue in place so it will fall long over the shoulders, and make flowing beards.

Material for the dresses can be of tissue or crepe paper in gay colors or bits from the scrap bag. The garb of the Chinaman will be silk; cut the two garments from paper patterns, the shoulders naturally are very narrow.

Gilt paper will be very useful to help decorate the gypsy and yogi dresses.

It is only half of the fun to make and dress these curious little figures. They can be made to act on a miniature stage, like little puppets.

The Giant McKinley Tree.

One of the most interesting monuments to William McKinley is a giant tree recently dedicated to the memory of the late president by the California state commission. This monarch of the forest stands in the Mariposa Big Tree Grove. One authority estimates that it is over 3,500 years old.

While it is not the tallest of its kind, it is one of the best-preserved specimens. Almost as straight as an arrow, it rises to a height of 258 feet, being seventy-eight feet in circumference at its base.

The Maripos grove is situated not many miles from the famous Yosemite park. Within the borders of the grove there are 365 of the largest trees in the world. Not one of them has been known to die from natural causes which afflict other trees. Lightning, fire, storms and the hand of man are the only things that lay them low.

Not far from the McKinley tree is one named after Washington. Its girth is ninety-one feet, and its height about 300 feet. Others of the trees are named after Grant, Lafayette, Longfellow and Whittier.

These giants are known to scientists as the sequola giganta, or "big trees." One of their characteristics is that they spring only from seeds, never from shoots.—Montreal Herald.

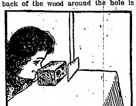
A Pretty Experiment.

Here is a little experiment that will amuse you. Take a piece of wood thick enough to rest on a table in an upright position. Bore several holes of different sizes in it, leaving some of them straight—that is of the same diameter all the way through. Others you must make of a conical shape by cutting away some of the wood on a table, supported, if necessary, and suspend before it at a little distance on the side of the large end of the conical openings a piece of paper. This may be hung from the chandelier but it must be low enough to be opposite to the holes in the wood.

If you now blow through the straight holes toward the paper it will naturally be blown away from you; but blow through the small end of the conical opening and the paper will remain stationary or may even be drawn toward you. Try it with a candle flame and a similar result will follow.

The explanation is that when you blow through the straight hole the air current is kept together in a column and forces the object away from it. When you blow through the small end of the conical hole the air current is spread, or dispersed, and goes off around the object, leaving it unmoved.

In blowing very hard, for instance if you should use a bellows, or even with the breath blow hard, the air back of the wood around the hole is sometimes blown through the hole too, and a return current of air is thus made to fill the space of that displaced, causing the paper or flame to be drawn toward the hole instead of away from it.



When Trees Sleep.

It seems strange to think of the great strong live oaks, or the busy little fruit trees, that give us our apples and oranges, ever needing sleep, the same as boys and girls, and yet it is a fact that trees and plants have their regular times for going to sleep. They need to rest from the work of growing and to repair and oil the machinery of life. Some plants do all their sleeping in the winter, while the ground is frozen and the limbs are bare of leaves. In tropical countries, where the snow never falls, and it is always growing weather, the trees repose during the rainy season or during the periods of drought. They always choose the most unfavorable working time for doing their sleep, just as man chooses the night, when he cannot see to work.—Exchange.

A Big Egg.

A. D. Wilbur, of this village, had a Cochin hen that for several days had been laying double-yolk eggs. Finally she laid one seven inches around by nine inches lengthwise, and weighing five ounces. Wilbur supposed it to be another double-yolk, but found on opening it that the outer shell contained only the white, while inside was another perfectly round egg with a hard shell, which contained the yolk. Poultry papers say this is the largest egg ever known.—Catskill (N. Y.) Cor. New York World.

THE PUZZLE OF THE STRINGS.

A little preparation is necessary before you perform this trick. Get two pieces of twine four feet long and three ordinary spools. Fold each piece of twine double, as shown in Fig. 1. Pass about half an inch of the looped end of A through the loop of B and fold it back on the tape A, which will thus be hooked into B.

Pass the open ends of B through a spool and draw the spool over the interlocked loop, as in Fig. 2. This spool must not be moved from its position at any time during the performance of the trick, as it conceals and holds the looped ends of the twine. Next, take the two remaining spools and pass one on the twine B and the other on A, as shown in Fig. 3. The whole contrivance is now ready for use.

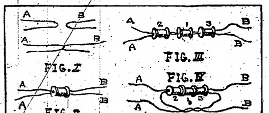
Ask two persons to assist you. Give the ends of the twine A (Fig. 10) to one and the ends of B to the other, desiring both to hold the tape and spools out level between them.

Now explain that the spools are strung on to the twine, moving the two outer spools (not the middle one) to illustrate your explanation. Then inform the audience that you propose to move the spools from the twine without passing them over the ends held by your assistants.

Next ask each of your assistants to hand you one of the two ends held by him—either one of them, as it is quite immaterial which. You only wish to make the matter doubly sure; at the same time tie the ends that you received with a double knot (see Fig. 4), thus drawing the three spools together and securing them perfectly.

This done, grasp the spool with your right hand and instruct the assistants to be ready at the word "three" to pull the strings with a sudden jerk. Then you count "one, two, three," and the jerk is given, the spools remaining in your hand, the two strings remaining in the assistants' hands and joined in the middle by the knot you tied.

Thus the spools are removed from the tape without passing them over the ends held by the assistants, and your audience is greatly mystified until you explain the secret of the twines.



LITTLE EXPLOSIONS

JOKE
JOKE
JOKE

Helping Out a Cousin.

"How did it happen that you decided so suddenly to get married?"

"I visited a cousin of mine in Mainz—big family of children, small house. I decided to make a little more room for them, so I took one of the daughters."—Fliegende Blaetter.

The Fount of Fairy Lore.

Hans Anderson was telling where he got his training for his fairy tales.

"I wrote the plausible explanations for the fluctuations of stocks," he boasted.

After this we easily perceived the rest was mere child's play.

Looks After the Baby Closely.

Mrs. Neverholm—They say she is a devoted mother.

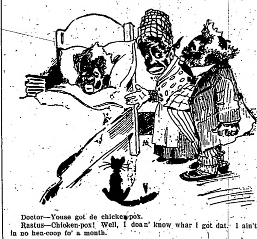
Mrs. Gaddabout—Oh, she is! No matter how pressing her social duties may be, she sits down every Sunday morning and dictates to her secretary a bill of fare for the baby for the week.

A Possible Explanation.

Junior Partner—Slowpay has made an assignment, but he says the creditors won't lose anything.

Senior Partner—Perhaps he means that they wouldn't have got anything anyhow.

VERY PECULIAR.



Doctor—Youse got de chicken-pox.

Rastus—Chicken-pox! Well, I doan' know whar I got dat. I ain't been in no hen-coop fo' a month.

No Fun.

Wade Parker—Well, my boy, how do you like Cleveland by this time?

Q. A. Kercity—Don't like it.

Wade Parker—Why, what's the matter?

Q. A. Kercity—It's the only town I ever saw where a fellow doesn't get any satisfaction out of passing Canadian money. Everybody here would just as soon take it as not.—Cleveland Leader.

Like Father, Like Son.

"Are fables the same as fiction?" asked the innocent child.

"Fables are fictitious narratives intended to instruct," replied the papa rather pompously, for he was proud of his learning.

"Say, dad," said the child, getting suddenly confidential and chummy, "us men folks have to be pretty quick with our fables sometimes, don't we?"

An Apprehension.

"I suppose you are pleased that your daughter is to marry so distinguished a European nobleman."

"Well," answered Mr. Cumrox, "I don't know. When my great-grandchildren look at my picture I don't suppose they will ever forgive me for not wearing a big feather on my hat or a tin waistcoat so as to look like a regular ancestor."—Washington Star.

Unfortunates.

Mrs. Greene—"I should think you'd feed your boarders a little better. You can't expect them to say a good word for you when they leave."

Mrs. Skinner—"Oh, but they do. Almost everyone of them has a grudge against some friend of his, and he invariably recommends my house to him. I get lots of new boarders that way."—Boston Transcript.

Why They Did It.

"Women," remarked the typewriter boarder, "follow the golden rule more than men do."

"Admitted," rejoined the old bachelor at the foot of the table, "otherwise the majority of them would never be able to break into the matrimonial game."—Chicago News.

Some Time in the Past.

First clubman (apropos of the passing of a celebrated beauty)—"I used to be in love with that woman."

Second clubman (with a challenge in his eye)—"Before I married her?"

First clubman (calmly)—"Yes, old chap, before I divorced her."—Town Topics.

The Point.

"I will have a great deal to say when I get started," said the young congressman.

"My friend," answered the veteran, "it isn't the man who has things to say that counts. It's the man who gets a chance to say them.

Important Question.

Proud Father—And while at college my daughter learned to be an excellent rifle shot. Why, she's expert at any range.

Suitor (anxiously)—I wonder if she is an expert at a kitchen range?

Striking Him.

Quietly she came up behind him as he sat in his arm-chair, and whispered. "Will you let me have $10, dear?"

"I am surprised," he said, "that you would strike a man behind his back."

In Colonial Days.

The Indian—See heap skins—Indian great hunter.

The Trader—Yes. 'Give bottle fire water for skins.

The Indian—Make it two bottles. Indian great bargain hunter.

That Man Next Door.

Clerk—Revolver? Yes, sir. Six-shooter?

Customer—Yes, I guess that will do. If I can't kill him or at least ruin his cornet six shots I'll give it up.

Logical Theory.

"You will observe," said the professor, "the higher the altitude attained the colder the temperature becomes."

"But isn't it warmer near the top of the mountains than it is in the valley?" asked the youth at the foot of the class.

"Certainly not," replied the professor. "Why do you think it would be?"

"Oh," answered the youngster, "I thought perhaps the atmosphere was heated by the mountain ranges."

No Graft in It.

"That countryman," said the lieutenant of police, "claims he told you of his experience with a bunco man, but you paid no attention to him."

"Sure!" replied the officer. "He didn't interest me none, because he told me he'd been robbed already."—Philadelphia Press.

Hard Luck.

Balty More—What's the matter with Buggs

Calvert, Jr.—He's been trying to lead the simple life, and succeeded in living a life so unutterably simple that they are preparing to take him to the Shepard asylum.

You Bet.

Harold—My pa writes poems for a livin'—what does your pa do?

Reginald—Wotever my ma tells him to.—Cleveland Leader.

Cooking for the Czar.

"I see, my dear, that it takes 258 people to cook a meal for the czar."

"Well, there's one thing sure, he never says to his wife that he only wishes he had some of those good things like mother used to make."

"And what's to prevent him from saying is?"

"Why, his mother was an empress and didn't know enough 'bout cooking to boil water."

Last Resort.

The inspector was talking about verbs and adjectives. "Does your master use adverbs and adjectives?" he asked.

"Yes, sir," chorused the scholars.

"Well, what does he use when he does not use adverbs and adjectives"

There was a silence. Finally a little fellow waved his hand. "He generally uses a ruler, sir."—Stray Stories.

Scooped.

Sunday Editor—Why did you fire the joke writer?

Managing Editor—He got scooped.

Sunday Editor—Why, how's that?

Managing Editor—Neglected to write a joke about the recent appointment of a Philadelphia man to the superintendency of the dead-letter office. All the other papers in the country had one.

Confusing Titles.

Perplexed Foreigner—You say he was ze general manager of ze street car company?

Native—Yes.

Perplexed Foreigner—And now he ees a captain of industry?

Native—Yes.

Perplexed Foreigner—Do you call zat promotion in zis country?

Nice Way to Treat a Guest.

Fred—What! Fight a duel on account of a woman? No, sir! If I caught a man flirting with my wife I'd invite him to come over for a day's shooting—just as I invited you—and then, if an accident were to occur—"

John—Good gracious! I hope you don't suspect me?

Very Sharp.

"Hiram Crowfoot believes in getting his money's worth," drawled the farmer on the cracker barrel.

"What now?" asked the champion checker player.

"Why, when he went in the side show he thought it wasn't worth a dime, so he sharpened his knife on the ossified man."

Streak of Hard Luck.

"Oh, John!" she exclaimed, as she observed him getting into his overcoat, "I hope you're not going to be out again to-night."

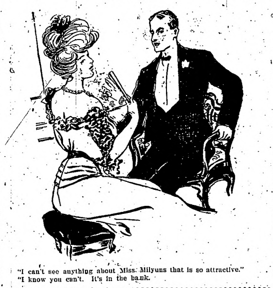
"I hope not," he replied, absentmindedly, "but it's quite likely. The cards have been running very badly for me lately."

Diplomatic.

Mamma—I hope Willie didn't tell a fib when you found he had been at the jam?

Aunt Jane—Not at all. When I discovered that somebody had been at the jam he looked at Fido and said, "I didn't know, auntie, that dogs liked jam."

COULDN'T SEE IT.



"I can't see anything about Miss Milyuns that is so attractive."

"I know you can't. It's in the bank.

To Be Considered.

"Do you think that the world is as old as geologists say?" asked the man who affects science.

"It may be," answered Miss Cayenne, "but we at least give it credit for being remarkably well-preserved."

An Opinion.

"Don't you think bicycling has fallen off?"

"Well, I think there's been a big falling off in the number of people who talk other people to death about it."

A Ray of Hope.

"The average married woman nowadays has everything her own way."

"Well, perhaps the married men are like the Filipinos—they'll be allowed the privilege of self-government as soon as they are fit for it."

His Idea of Good Fortune.

"I have been refused by three girls since Christmas," said the impressionable young man.

"Indeed!" responded the cynic. "You must carry a rabbit's foot."

Willie's Scheme.

Mr. Popper—Goodness! I wish it would stop raining.

Little Willie—I'll tell you how to stop it, pa. Gimme a quarter to save up for a rainy day an' I'll bet there won't be another one for a year.

Financially Estimated.

"You consider this particular combine one of the good trusts?"

"I surely do," answered Senator Sorghum; "it is good for at least twenty millions."—Washington Star.

Battle of Guns.

"Maybe his little excellency wants a rattle," ventured the imperial nurse. "Should I get him one?"

"No," replied the czar, with a sad look at his heir, "he'll be rattled enough later on."

Does Not Need Preparation.

Mrs. Binks—John, when we were first married you used always to say grace at meals; you never do it now.

Mr. Binks—But, I'm not so much afraid of your cooking now!

FOIBLES OF FASHION

In Choosing Hats.

If a woman has sharp or decidedly prominent features let her avoid hats that are set back or off the face. Such a woman should wear a hat brought well forward, and hair should be as fluffy as possible, and a becoming veil will do wonders. Sharp outlines in hats should also be avoided by her. Lace edges and indented trims are good.

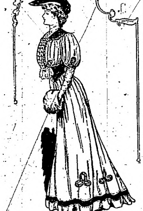
If the features are irregular, a hat with the brim crushed here and there is usually a suitable setting. The woman with a prominent nose has much to contend with. Her hats should avoid severeness in outline and should be set well forward, so that the prominent feature will appear a little less in size. On the other hand the woman with a small or flat nose should not wear a hat that projects sufficiently to make the nose appear even more insignificant, nor a large hat that dwarfs it.

A hat under medium in size, and with small flowers or short tips, or rows of moderate size should be worn. With a small face and features huge picture hats should never be worn, even if the figure be tall and slight enough to carry them.

Idea in Gown Decoration.

A black jetted net gown has the upper part of the bodice and the lower part of the sleeves of white lace embroidered with chiffon flowers in pink. To agree with this is a corsage belt deeply pointed in front and with long full ends falling at the back, all in shaded pink chiffon. If the gown is not altogether to be desired in itself there is an idea in it.

Visiting Toilette.



Reseda green cloth with trimmings of green velvet and green braid.

Vogue of the Bolero.

The smartest dressmakers and tailors assert that the bolero is designed to take the place of the very long coat which was so much in vogue last season However, few women still cling to the long semi-fitting coats, blouse coats and loose house coats with vests, belts and short basques. Heavy hand embroidery, openwork inset combined with raised embroidery, with an added outlining of soutache linen braid, are fancies of the moment.

Separate Waists.

The separate waist holds a place of honor in the early showings of the specialty shops. There is nothing to take the place of the dainty white waist as the "dominant third" of the three-piece suit. Fashion has failed to fill its place with the waist of lace or chiffon or crepe de chine exactly matching the color of the suit. The lingerie waist is preferred to that of silk or satin. It is a lingerie waist that differs markedly from its predecessors of last season. It shows far less fullness and has scarcely a suggestion of blousiness. The woman of full figure wears her blouse drawn down into the belt or girdle quite trimly, while she of more girlish lines has its scant fullness shirred into the belt in a manner that suggests graceful curves without the appearance of bagginess that all slim sisters adopted a season or so ago.

The finest of handkerchief linens is chosen to fashion these delightful lingerie blouses.

"Lady Bug" Costume.

Quite unusual and capable of pleasing development is the "lady bug" costume. The sharp-tailed jacket is of turkey red cotton and the skirt box plaited, both being decorated with lady bugs cut out of black glazed paper and pasted on. The bonnet should be of sage green, with an overlap of stiff white material. If desired the head covering could be omitted and foliage arranged as a substitute.

Important Point.

An important point which the home dressmaker must learn is not to depend too closely on her pattern. A professional dressmaker, as a rule, builds her garment from a well-fitting lining, but trims and drapes and adds the accessories without any aid but her own ingenuity. The amateur usually buys a pattern, and is afraid to altar it by so much as a hair's breadth for fear the result will not be satisfactory. This fear of being original is what makes so many garments have the "home made" look, and it should be combatted by the worker trying her hand at making a garment after her own ideas, using at first some cheap material easy to handle, which, if it is spoiled, will count for just so much experience gained, instead of being a total loss. Money will be saved in the purchase of patterns, and the worker will soon find that by following out her own ideas she will save likewise on material and on time. One home dressmaker bought a nine-gored skirt pattern last spring and several skirts of different styles were evolved from that foundation. In one, the second and fourth gores were cut off at the knee and a box plait of the goods inserted, with a pretty finish of embroidery where the gore and the box plait met. In another the same two gores were cut off about ten inches below the band, and a gathered panel with a heading was added, the panel being gathered several times across.

With the Housewife

Bureau and table scarfs in broderie anglaise are the latest fancy in decorative household linen.

Always have a place for brooms and feather dusters and brushes where they are protected from the dust.

Lemons can be kept almost indefinitely under glass that is light and air-tight. Set one under a goblet and see.

Very scanty fullness is the rule now for all window or door hangings and none at all for front door and vestibule panels.

To wash anything that is greasy use hot soda water. The alkali turns the grease into soap, which will do its own cleansing.

Half a lemon placed in the water in which dish towels and kitchen cloths are soaked is said to sweeten them wonderfully.

One of the most soothing applications for a fresh burn is raw potato scraped or grated and bound like a poultice on the injured surface.

Shirt Waists for the Season.

The shirt waist, neatest of all garments, is tending back to first principles. The smartest practical styles for spring call again for the rather mannish cut once exacted, and with this men's shirtings are largely used. Striped and figured linens and cheviots and percales are selected at the masculine haberdasher's, and there made up or turned over to private shirt makers of undisputed talent.

These very trim and stylishly simple shirts are almost as devoid of ornament as the masculine garment. A limited number of wide tucks show at the fronts of many, holding these taut and flat to the waist. The backs are mainly plain; sleeves are small, rather skimp than generous as to length, and are finished with stiff cuffs.

The collar is an important and dainty feature. Many stiff linen collars are worn, with ties of silk in the color of the shirt pattern, but the neatest neck fixing is a straight stock of white pique with a narrow tie in the shirt material.

Novelty in Veilings.

A charming veiling novelty is of chiffon imprime, or printed chiffon (although the shop girls all call it by the first name, giving it the English spelling value), in which the ground is a very sheer but firm chiffon, and the printing of floral sprays and designs is so cleverly managed that both sides are exactly alike. Some of them are finished with a plain chiffon border, hemstitched to the printed goods, while others make use of ribbons—plain, fluted, crimped and plaited—with the most novel effect.

The girl with the long and slender features can indulge in the voluminous finish to her veil, but she of the round, plump face will find that the plain border is far more becoming.

Boudoir Confidences

Wear a colored girdle and a hair net of the same shade with your white gown.

Robe gowns of braided canvas will be smart for spring wear, and very choice are of the models shown.

One of those long close coats of heavy lace will be a necessary item in the up to date wardrobe.

Pretty blouses in navy blue and other dark silks have the yokes inset with lace dyed to match.

French printed challis come in the brownish yellows that characterize many of the thin fabrics, scattered with quaint little floral sprigs.

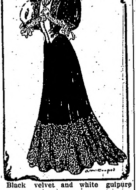
Harmony Shown in Antiques.

When a woman of to-day essays a gown of a certain epoch the jewelry worn with it must be in harmony—belts, clasps and all the accessories correct to a letter; otherwise the toilet is not deemed a success. To meet this demand gems must needs be reset almost every season. The new art jewelry, which was invented by the celebrated Salique, beautiful as many of its examples undoubtedly are, has been so copied in cheap effects that, except in rare instances, new art jewels are not considered chic. The successful imitation of handsome jewelry is responsible for the craze for real antiques.

Nice Tart Paste.

For these tarts take one pint pastry flour, small cup lard, teaspoonful sugar, half one salt, white of one egg and three tablespoonsfuls cold water. Do not have it too soft, just right to roll out. Roll about half-inch thick, cut with a doughnut cutter and put one side. Roll out the little centers left from inside thin, put on baking pan, wet rims and lay the thick, round tart shells on them, rub white of an egg over them before putting in oven, and bake quick. If too slow, they will be tough. Now, if you want a pretty fancy dish, roll thin rounds to fit the tops of tarts, and cut out four rounds with a thimble in form of a diamond. When filled with jell put the tops on and see how nice they look.

Visiting Toilette.



Black velvet and white guipure cloth. White cloth vest.

Styles in Linen Skirts.

Many of the newest skirts in linen have yokes with box plaits or stitched tucks falling from them. The skirts of linen gowns, even in the most elaborate type, clear the ground, are are fitted about the hips, but whether long or short they are all fitted at the bottom. Plaited skirts of all kinds are very fashionable. It will be valuable to remember that all linens and trimmings for linen gowns should be laundered before they are made up. If not, the costume will be practically useless after the first washing.

Smart Walking Skirt.

A smart walking skirt is fashionet in blue cheviot in ten gores, each gore showing a narrow piping of blue velvet. Two bands of the velvet finish the skirt, which are of the continus strap variety, overlapping in points at every gore and finished with a large blue velvet covered button. There is a coat to match, coming to the hip line and loose fitting, with narrow panel seams back and front to match the skirt.

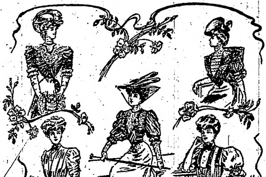
How to Make Buttonholes.

In making buttonholes, if the material is of the sort which frays easily like the voile so much used now, first mark the buttonhole, then before cutting the cloth stitch it about on the sewing machine, and cut between the two rows of stitching. This not only makes a firm foundation for the embroidery, but effectually prevents the material from "frazzling."

Brown Silk Stockings.

In silk stockings in brown, the much worn color of the season, none are prettier than those embroidered in a self-tone.

SIMPLE AND FUSSY PHASES OF THE ODD BODICE.

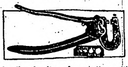


SCIENCE and INVENTION

Useful Cutting Device.

A hand punch for cutting holes through leather, cardboard and other similar purposes is almost as much of a household implement as the hammer, but heretofore the application of this tool has been limited to a very great degree by the fact that, until comparatively recently, each punch was fitted for the purpose of making a hole of one size, so that where holes of many sizes were likely to be called for it was necessary to have on hand a number of punches. This was remedied by making a magazine attachment by which any one of six different sizes could be obtained.

These tools at the best were suited only for leather and paper, but there has been recently introduced an improvement by which a variety of holes can be made, as far as size is concerned, but the implement has also the faculty of operating with great ease on sheet metal.



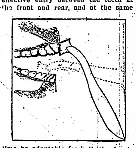
The tool is made in two different sizes, with a working range of from one-sixteenth to one-half inch. The design of the punch is such as to give an unusually great leverage, as a pressure of one pound, exerted on the handles gives fourteen pounds at the point of the punch, and it is this great leverage that enables it to cut metal.

Photography in Colors.

Direct photography in colors on paper has been perfected in Germany. Writing paper free from wood is used and is made sensitive to the different colors by being soaked in a bath consisting of a mixture of alcoholic solutions of primrose, Victoria blue, cyanin, curcumin, auramin, and an addition of anethol. The bath is tested by exposing a sensitized strip of paper under a test negative composed of red, yellow, green and blue strips of glass. Since the light sensitiveness diminishes rapidly, exposure is made at once, and under favorable conditions good results are obtained in five minutes' exposure. The exposure is made under a colored glass transparency or lantern slide. By modifying the bath a picture of flowers may be obtained directly in the camera. In another modification of the process an ordinary platinum print is made, which is then sensitized and exposed under a colored negative. The light sensitiveness of the paper depends essentially, however, on the nature of the fibers of which the paper is made.

Toothbrush Substitute.

A substitute for the conventional toothbrush consists of a wedge-shaped device, preferably made of rubber, or equivalent pliable material, with faces modeled to effectively reach those parts of the teeth that are inaccessible to the regulation toothbrush as ordinarily wielded. The inventor of this device, a Chicago man, declares that his toothcleaner will find effective entry between the teeth at the front and rear, and at the same time be adaptable for both the fronts and the backs of all the teeth. The edges of the device are separated to afford lodging places for the dentifrices, and the faces are so disposed with reference to the handle that it forms convenient angles for application to the dental curvatures. The general character of the appliance is shown in the accompanying illustration.



Life-Saving Raft.

An unsinkable life-saving raft for passenger steamships has been invented by Robert Chambers of Scotland. It is made of wood and consists of three longitudinal bulkheads, dividing the raft into four longitudinal compartments. The bulkheads are also divided into thirty-two air-tight compartments. Sea anchor and hawser prevent the raft from drifting leeward in a heavy sea. The raft occupies small space and several can be safely stowed on top of each other on deck, and all can be cut adrift at a moment's notice. Each raft will carry forty or fifty people, while life lines will support as many as can hang on. The raft is self-adjusting and is provided with sockets to hold rowlocks and oars.

Steam Automobiles on Rails.

The Hanover railway company is making trial trips from Hanover to Soltau with steam automobiles. The third class carriages can take thirty-three passengers; the second class have seven seats, and there are also seven standing places. There is no locomotive for driving these cars, but machinery in the carriage, which can be driven by one man. If these trial trips should prove satisfactory the scheme will be tried on a larger scale.

Unload Fruit by Electricity.

Further evidence to the many practical methods in which electricity can be used to save money, time and help is given by the fruit unloading devices operated by electricity installed at many southern fruit receiving piers. Hitherto this work was done by negro laborers at considerable damage to the fruit. Now a bunch of bananas is placed in an endless chain of cloth aprons running from the ship's hold out onto the dock and carried up by electrically propelled machinery with absolutely no damage and at a greatly decreased cost.

While Baby Sleeps

BY CORA ROCKE HOWLAND.

Hush! Sleep has come to close my baby's eyes;
Her clinging arms would loosen their embrace
From my reluctant neck, and her warm face
Would droop away from mine, that gently tries
To hold a moment more the bliss that lies
In all of its soft curves and dewy grace.
Oh, happy I! The years can not erase
From off my cheek the impress that I prize.
I wonder, dear, if you will ever know
How much I love you, if some future day
You'll feel within your heart the knowledge grow
The while you watch a child at rest or play.
I hope so, sweet, for I would like to throw
This radiant joy of mine across your

SOCIETY WOMEN OF AMERICA.

Palmist Tells of Their Characteristics and Ambitions.

"Determination—the kind that overrides all feeling and heart to satisfy one indomitable ambition and has reached the point where it is simply selfishness, that is the chief characteristic of the American society woman as I read it in her palm."

This is the conclusion of the mysterious Pandora, noblewoman and fortune teller, who is now in New York.

"No one could have a better opportunity than I do to observe the leaders of American society," said Pandora. "In addition to reading their palms I come in close personal contact with them at social events daily.

"And they are so much alike. Always striving with one wild passion before their eyes, to be talked about, envied; nursing a little fad only to discard it to take another equally as small; now one in the lead and the others following like sheep, and then another taking the front and the remainder after her.

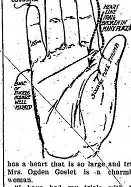
"It seemed so strange to me to realize how they sacrificed all for this one end. One day I was reading something that had been published very unpleasant to a society woman. 'Don't you hate to have your reputation attacked like that?' I said.

"'Well,' she answered, 'I would rather have a bad reputation than none at all.'

"I told the woman at Newport just what I found in their hands, and when it was not all they had wished I put it as pleasantly as possible, but still stated the facts. Some of them did not like it.

"I think Mrs. Mamie Fish did not enjoy what I said. In fact she took it a bit hard.

"Mrs. Perry Belmont is kind and has a heart that is so large and true. Mrs. Ogden Goelet is a charming woman.


SPATULAR HAND
CONICAL TIP
HEAD LINE STRONG DECISIVE
HEART LINE TRUE BROKEN IN MANY PLACES
SQUARE FULL THUMB
BASE OF FINGERS SQUARE WELL MARKED

"I have had my trials with the nouveaux riche, I can assure you. There are many such, I am sorry to say. It is sad to know that there are many snobs in this society, but it is true. The veneer is not very thick, either, and they cannot help but proclaim themselves in every sort of way."

Relief of Poverty in England.

In 1767, irritated by the high prices of provisions, the poor people of England rose in many parts and seized the corn from the flour mills, which they sold at reasonable prices, giving the money to the rightful owners—a well-conducted riot that caused a law to be passed against the eighteenth-century cornering of wheat. But, a severe winter following, the distress became so great that the London common council ordered $5,000 to be subscribed out of the city funds and that "a subscription book should be opened for the donations of all well-disposed persons." "By this noble plan," says a writer of that time, "great numbers of people were happily relieved from the most abject state of distress."

Relic of the Spanish Armada.

A huge anchor of extremely antiquated pattern, probably dating back to the time of the Armada, which had been hauled up from the North sea, was recently brought into Yarmouth by the mission ship Cholmondeley. Covered all over from stock to head with barnacles and live oysters, it presented a singularly fossilized appearance. It was fourteen feet long with flukes three feet square; the shank was thirteen feet long and an immense wood stock that had formerly been fixed to it had completely disappeared. The weight was over two tons and its "salvage" will be of the utmost benefit to the fishermen, as it caused enormous destruction to their trawling gear.—London Engineer.

Cautious.

"I suppose you are looking forward to the time when you capitalists will own the government," said the indignant citizen.

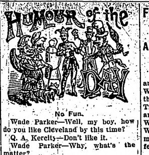
"No," answer Mr. Dustin Stax, "the frequency with which treasury deficits occur inclines me to suspect that a government is not my sort of an investment."

His Work.

"But surely Henpeck knows something about bringing up a family."

"Not much. His wife has made him put in most of his time bringing up the coal."

Humour of the Day



No Fun.

Wade Parker—Well, my boy, how do you like Cleveland by this time?

Q. A. Kercity—Don't like it.

Wade Parker—Why, what's the matter?

Q. A. Kercity—It's the only town I ever saw where a fellow doesn't get any satisfaction out of passing Canadian money. Everybody here would just as soon take it as not.—Cleveland Leader.

Dream Field Too Broad.

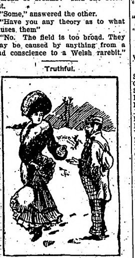
"Have you ever studied the phenomena of dreams?" said one scientist.

"Some," answered the other.

"Have you any theory as to what causes them"

"No. The field is too broad. They may be caused by anything from a bad conscience to a Welsh rarebit."

Truthful.



"Poor fellow, are you looking for work?"

"Yes, mum—if I can't find anything else."—Jester.

Hot Time in the Old Church.

"Well, suh," said Brother Dickey, "my whole congregation pulled thoo' de blizzard wid flyin' colors; en you know why?"

"No; you tell it."

"I got up a revival meetin', en preached 'bout de hot hereafter 'twel de snow melted, en de icicles run in rivers from de housetop!"—Atlanta Constitution.

True to Her Only Love.

"But, Miss Vane is very fickle, isn't she "

"Oh, not at all."

"Why, she jilted Bob for Jack last month and now I understand she's thrown Jack over. If that's not fickle love ——"

"Not a bit of it. She still loves herself alone."

Possible Explanation.

Mrs. Homer—I wonder why poets repeat words unnecessarily?

Homer—I wasn't aware that they did.

Mrs. Homer—Well, there's that poem in which the line "Charge, Chester, charge," occurs: Why is the word "charge" repeated?

Homer—Oh, I guess that fellow Chester must have been a plumber and the poet was throwing bouquets at him.

Literally So.

"Ah," sighed the judge as he yawned and leaned back in his chair after the twenty-fifth divorce case had been disposed of in one morning, "these are trying times!"

"Indeed they are," agreed an attorney as he looked at his watch, "and we have time to try just one more before the clock strikes 12."

Must Have Them.

"What with measles, croup and all that," remarked the family man, "children are a great care, but they're great blessings, too."

"They are so," replied the stranger. "I don't know how we should get along without them."

"Ah, you're a family man, too!"

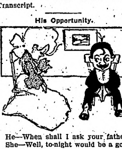
"No; a physician."

Not Sufficiently Exclusive.

Mrs. Manning—I never expect to be happy until I get to heaven.

Mr. Manning—From all I can gather, society will not be very select there. Really, dear, I don't think you'll feel at home there.—Boston Transcript.

His Opportunity.



He—When shall I ask your father?

She—Well, to-night would be a good time. I saw him put on his house slippers just before you came.

Trouble Began Right There.

"I am going to compile a book of my baby's smart sayings," declared proud Mrs. Noowed. "What do you think would make an appropriate title?"

"Borrowed Brightness," suggested Miss Sulfuric.

This was why they stopped speaking.

Pa Twaddles Scores.

"Oh! Thomas," said Ma Twaddles, excitedly, "I was to-day elected president of our club by a handsome majority."

"You mean," put in Pa Twaddles—"you mean a large majority, do you not, my dear?"

"Yes, of course, but——"

"I thought so."

FOR CONSIDERATION BY THE THOUGHTFUL.

A Tribute to Weather Conditions In Western Canada.

During the early portion of February, of this year, the middle and Western States suffered severely with the intense cold and winter's storms. Trains were delayed, cattle suffered, and there was much general hardship. While this was the case, throughout Western Canada, now attracting so much attention, the weather was perfect.

One correspondent writes, "We are enjoying most beautiful weather, the gentlemen are going to church without top coats, while the ladies require no heavier outer clothing than that afforded by light jackets. In contrast with this it is interesting to read in a St. Paul paper of 13th February the following, in double head lines, and large bold-faced type:

"WARM WAVE NEAR ARCTIC ZONE."

"CALGARY MUCH WARMER THAN ST. PAUL."

"Balmy Breezes are Blowing in Northwestern Canada While People are Freezing to Death in Texas and Other Southern States."

WARM IN CANADA;
FREEZING IN TEXAS.

St Paul	24
Omaha	16
St. Joseph	16
Fort Worth, Tex.	Zero
Burlington	7
Moorhead	10
Duluth	6
Havre, Mont.	18
Williston, N. D.	18
Miles City, Mont.	2
Medicine Hat, Can.	Zero
Calgary, Can.	24
Edmonton, Can.	20
Leadville, Colo.	32

During the month of January of this year the number of settlers who went to Canada was greater than any previous January. The movement northward is increasing wonderfully.

The vacant lands of Western Canada are rapidly filling with an excellent class of people. The Government Agents located at different points in the States, whose duty it is to direct settlers, are busier than ever. They have arranged for special excursions during the months of March and April, and will be pleased to give intending settlers any desired information.

Chance to Make Good.

"I declare, Brown, you are the limit. Every time you meet the minister you give him a bad cigar that some one gave you."

"Well, didn't he take for his text, 'Bring forth the bad to me?'"—Chicago News.

Iron Around It.

Finnegan—What ails yer face?

Flanagan—The ould woman hit me wid the l'avin's of this mornin's meal o' mush

Finnegan—Go 'long wid ye. Sure, mush is too soft—

Flanagan—Oh, she didn't stop to take it from the pot.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

COMMISSIONER GARFIELD'S REPORT ON BEEF INDUSTRY.

The report of Commissioner Garfield on the beef industry has at last been published. It must be somewhat of a surprise to those who have been indulging in wholesale adverse criticism upon the methods of the Chicago packers, as it discloses facts and figures which clearly show that the great food producers have been innocent of the serious offenses with which they have been charged. They have been for a long time accused by newspapers all over the country of extortionate prices demanded, and obtained, of depression of values of cattle at the various stockyards where their business is conducted, of enormous profits wholly disproportionate to the capital employed, and, in general, of so carrying on their business that the public, under an organized system of spoliation, were being robbed for their exclusive benefit.

We find now, however, that not a single one of these charges has been sustained but, on the contrary, that rigid and searching investigation, officially made, has resulted in complete acquittal.

Instead of extortion it is shown that no industry can be found where so narrow a margin of profit prevails—the actual records and original entries, to which the commissioner had free access, showing that the highest net profit any of the packers made on their sales of beef was two and three-tenths per cent in 1902 and in one instance that the profit realized in 1904 was one and eight-tenths per cent.

The variations in the market prices for cattle are exhaustively treated and no evidence of any kind was discovered, or even hinted at, tending to show that values of cattle are in the slightest degree improperly affected or controlled by packers at any of the chief centers of the industry.

On the whole, the report completely dissipates the prevalent idea that great fortunes are being amassed by illegal and improper methods employed by western packers, showing that notwithstanding the high prices for beef prevailing in 1902 the business was less remunerative than in years characterized by normal values, both for cattle and product. He says "that the year 1902, instead of being one of exorbitant profits, as has been commonly supposed, was less profitable than usual. In fact, during the months when the prices of beef were the highest, some, at least, of the leading packers were losing money on every head of cattle slaughtered. It was not possible to advance the prices of beef in full proportion to the great advance in the prices of cattle at that time."

After all that has been written reflecting upon the great business interest engaged in the marketing and distribution of the product of one of the greatest of our national industries, it is gratifying to all fair minded people that the prejudiced attacks upon it have failed of verification; and the great western packers may be congratulated for having passed through such a searching and thorough official investigation unsmirched. The results of this investigation, based as it is upon exhaustive data, officially obtained and verified by United States government experts, must be accepted without hesitation, as the investigation was made under circumstances that guaranteed complete accuracy with a possible disposition indeed, to arrive at entirely different results.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

2nd STORE

(SECOND HAND STORE.)

Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.

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ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

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THE
Photograper.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

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Fountain Pen
14-Kt. Solid Gold
TO NEW
Pioneer Press
Subscribers.

Jewelers Sell It for $1.50.

This is a rich quality hard rubber, highly polished Fountain Pen; screw section, and fitted with an improved Feeding Device, allowing the ink to flow easily without blotting. The gold-nibbed pen is 14-Kt. fine, iridium pointed. The complete Fountain Pen is Fully Guaranteed by the manufacturers and will be exchanged by them if not entirely satisfactory. Each box contains a single pen and a guarantee. If the pen is not absolutely perfect, send it back to the factory and get one that is. It will not cost you a cent.

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St. Paul, Minn.—
Gentlemen: Send to me, absolutely free and postpaid, a guaranteed solid gold-nibbed Fountain Pen. Enclosed herewith find $1.50 in advance for subscription to the Daily and Sunday or Weekly Pioneer Press.

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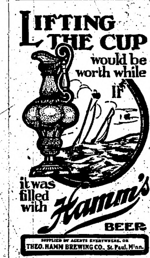

LIFTING THE CUP would be worth while If it was filled with Hamm's BEER
SUPPLIED BY AGENTS EVERYWHERE, OR
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., St. Paul, Minn.

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, March 18, 1905.

There is twenty years of logging in northern Minnesota yet, and after that twenty thousand years of good farming.—Itasca News.

The average congressman is busy these days telling his constituents all about that $190,000 mileage grab so many voted for but didn't get.

The records prove that the government loses $600 on each rural route established each year. It does not seem as it were worth the price.

Senator Moses E. Clapp has delivered a speech in which he advocates the election of U. S. senators by the people instead of the legislature.

Mrs. Chadwick, the woman who found it almost too easy to get possession of other people's money, has been found guilty and will serve a term.

The government desires to redeem and retire the only $10,000 bill in circulation, but can't find it. If any of our subscribers are hiding it they should reform and give it up.

The French bankers are refusing Russia money to continue the war and some think it will force Russia to sue for peace. In the meantime the Japs are winning everything in sight.

The power to fix rates of transportation is too great to be left in the hands or to the whims of any private individual. The unrestricted power to discriminate in the matter of rates lodged in the hands of one man—the manager of, say, thousands of miles of railway—the power, through malice, favoritism, ignorance, or stupidity to decree which out of 1,000 cities and villages located on his line should prosper and which should not, which individuals out of thousands of merchants doing business in those cities and villages should make a profit or a loss—such enormous power over the fortunes of so many should never be lodged in the hands of any human being; and yet many of the best men engaged in railroad management have contended that to deprive them of this autocratic power is an invasion of the right of property.—From Congressman Steenerson's speech in the house of representatives on the Railroad Rate bill.

Too Advanced For Him.

In Chicago there is a principal of one of the public schools who in his college days was considered something of a "shark" at Latin and at many other studies besides. What he did not know about physiology was hardly worth knowing. He was a "grind" and a scholarship man.

His little girl, aged six, is now a pupil at the experimental school at the university, where she learns many things out of the order of public school education. Recently she fell and hurt herself. Her father found her crying.

"What's the matter, Noreen?" he asked.

"I fell and bumped my patella," she replied. Remember this was in Chicago, and not in Boston.

Papa was sympathetic. "Poor little girl!" he said, and proceeded with the best intentions to examine her elbow. Noreen broke away in disgust.

"Huh!" she snorted. "Haven't you never learned anything? I said my patella! That isn't my elbow. My elbow is my great sesamoid."

Papa went for a Latin dictionary.

The Benefit of Fairy Tales.

It is very reasonable to argue that no creation of human fancy could last as fairy tales have lasted through no one knows how many hundreds and thousands of years unless it was very good. For that which is not good and not sound must surely die, and only that which is good and sound shall last through the grinding of the ages.

So I believe that parents should fill their children's imaginations full of fairy tales if they would make those imaginations strong and healthy. As for that man or woman who has not these bright and joyous things of fancy flying like golden bees through the dim recesses of his memory, I can only say that I think his or her parents must have been neglectful of the earlier training of their child and that I am sorry for that poor soul who has lost so much pleasure out of its life.—Howard Pyle in Book News.

Excuse Made Easy.

"Why do so many actors insist on playing Shakespeare?"

"I suspect," answered Mr. Stormington Barnes, "that it's because they can take all the credit if they succeed and blame the public's lack of literary taste if they fail."—Washington Star.

AS THINGS APPEAR TO A MAN UP A TREE.

After Commissioner Garfield made his report to the President the Beef Trust was heard to say "Come on, boys, and have another drink."

The war with Japan has already cost Russia over one billion dollars and nearly half a million men. Dignity comes high, but we must have it.

Reports state that floods are imminent in Kentucky. If the good people down there would learn to drink water the flood question would not bother them.

News comes from the far south that an explorer for the south pole was lost somewhere in the unknown arctic. Both poles seem to have been hopelessly lost ages ago.

An inventory of Mrs. Chadwick's personal effects shows a line of 100 hats of the most expensive type. No further explanation as to what she did with the money is necessary.

A well known philologist tells us that 5000 different languages are spoken by the human family. We believe it, because we heard most of them at a women's convention last year.

If the Panama Canal Commissioners had made as big a hole in the right of way down there as they have in the U. S. treasury we could look forward to the early completion of the great canal.

A marine recruiting officer recently in the northwest stated that Panama was getting to be a really healthy country. Uncle Sam will have that strip turned into a health resort first thing you know.

About this time the egg vintage of 1903 and 1904 is being placed on the bargain counter. There are none too many antiquated eggs when we come to consider the number of tin horn theatrical troups around doing the public.

Every state legislature in the country has a committee out investigating something or some body. Investigation is in the air, it seems. Most of the reports after the investigation consists principally of the same air heated.

Now that Theodore Roosevelt has been formally inducted into the office of the presidency, the country has that feeling of safety and satisfaction a farmer feels on securing the services of a trusty, hard working hired man for another season.

An amateur statesman who broke into the present Minnesota legislature has presented a bill providing for the repeal of the law giving bounty for the capture of horse thieves. We have it on the best authority that the measure will not be opposed by The Amalgamated Horse Thieves' Assn.

It develops that the "Pan-American" bank that recently failed to the extent of about 102 cents on the dollar in Chicago, was even doing business with borrowed office furniture. As the money had all been borrowed by the president without the consent of depositors, there remains nothing for the receiver to do. The methods of this bank were very simple.

A bank-suspecting lady of Alexandria, Minn., used some old pepper boxes for safety deposit vaults in which she had the savings of many years, amounting to $4000. During her absence from the house a few days ago a burglar made away with the boxes—plus the cash—and forgot to leave his business address. The cautious (?) lady is very hot about the affair and the burglar has the hot stuff.

A generous resident of Kentucky has achieved wide fame through possession of a mad stone that has never failed to arrest and extract poison resulting from mad dog bites. This is good, but small glory compared with that resting upon the great majority of self respecting Kentuckians who are always able to flash a sure cure snake bite remedy on a second's notice.

School directors and teachers over the country are agitating the proposition of supplying something to eat to truant students as a means of eliminating the truancy evil. If you will hold out a plate of fried cakes and an unbroken disk of pie as a premium for regular attendance you will find Johnny on the spot with a 100 per cent record.

There is one industrial and social condition combined that we can not understand. Liquor cure establishments are multiplying in every state and inebriates are on the increase at the same time. Now, what corners us this: Is the increase in proportion of drunkards, so alarmingly great that the cure establishments can not keep pace with the business, or is it a fact that the "cured" boozer does not stay cured? We are of the opinion, without any personal experience, that the liquor cure business is a handy graft, and that the cure wears off just as fast as the system disposes of the emitic dosed to patients by the proprietors. This dope creates a temporary aversion to alcoholic liquors that soon fades away. The only cure for the booze habit is the will power of the victim, and there are few who can not break away if they want to.

SNOBS.—It is said that every man and woman has a place of usefulness in the world and also that every subject of the animal and vegetable kingdom performs some service in the great machinery of the universe—just where or how we are not wise enough to know, but in some modest manner they help keep creation in balance. The human "snob" is one of the most unaccountable creatures of the apparently useless things in the world. The genus snob is divided into two classes, the social snob and the business snob. The tinsel glare of the social snob bores us on every occasion of friendly and social intercourse. In his own opinion he sits in a reserved seat close to the God who gave us all life, as an example for the remainder of the human family to emulate. He radiates the self impression that he confers a great and lasting favor upon a host or hostess by lending his presence to the occasion. He affects the manners and customs of cheap nobility and aristocracy in his relations with acquaintances. The presence of the business snob among his fellows is quite as exasperating as that of the social twin. He conducts a business that may return an income of from $500 to $3000 a year and carries the affected importance of a Rockefeller or Morgan. He is hard to approach. Both kinds make us like dumb animals better.

Java's Boiling Lake of Mud.

One of the greatest natural wonders in Java, "the fire island," a large lake of boiling mud, is situated almost in the center of the plains of Grobogana, fifty "paals" to the northeast of Solo. It is almost two miles in circumference, and in the center immense columns of soft, hot mud may be seen continually rising and falling like great black timbers thrust forth and then suddenly withdrawn by a giant's hands. Besides the phenomenon of the columns there are two gigantic bubbles near the western edge which fill up like huge balloons and explode on an average three times per minute.

Killed by Imagination.

A workman on the Siberian railway was accidentally locked into a refrigerator car and was afterward found dead. Imagining that he was being slowly frozen to death, he had recorded his sufferings with a piece of chalk on the floor. The refrigerating apparatus, however, was out of order, and the temperature in the car had not fallen below 50 degrees F. throughout the journey.

The Better Way.

"Positively the worst struggle I ever had in the water," said a young man who had been at sea, "was one night trying to save a man with a wooden leg." "Man," said an old Scotchman who was quietly listening, "if ye had got a bit of rope ye could hae saved the man quicker wi' it than ye could dae wi' ten widden legs."

Gave the Ocean Its Name.

"And is that the ocean out there?" asked the visitor from the interior who had just arrived at Atlantic City.

"Yes, the Atlantic ocean," replied the native proudly; "named after our city, you know."—Philadelphia Press.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Land Snaps

WE HAVE FOR SALE THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED LANDS:

W½ of E½ of section 27-150-43;
W½ of NE¼, SE¼ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼, 22-151-43;
S½ section 8-151-45;
SE¼ section 12-152-44;
NE¼ section 16-152-44;
NE¼ section 24-152-44;
SE¼ section 13-153-45.

WE ALSO HAVE A TRACT OF 2040 ACRES FOR SALE LOCATED IN TOWNSHIP 152, RANGE 43, AS FOLLOWS:

SW¼ of NW¼ and W½ of SW¼ Sec. 2; SE¼ of NE¼, S½ of SW¼ and and SE¼ Sec. 3; E½ of NE¼ and SE¼ Sec. 9; All of Sec. 10; W½ of NW¼, NE¼ of SW¼ and W½ of SW¼ Sec. 11; W½ of NW¼ Sec. 14; N½ Sec. 15; and N½ of S½ Sec. 15, which can be sold as a whole or in small tracts.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ADDRESS

WESTERN LAND Co
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Conditions That Unfit For Marriage.

The low paid employee today can succeed as well alone as with a wife, which his ancestors could not do. At the same time his selfish enjoyments are greater without her, for he may live irresponsibly, without a motive to save and with all his surplus available for wayside pleasures of an antisocial sort. The disintegrating forces of a great city upon homeless youth are too obvious to need emphasis. The wage earning girl, on her part, is likely to acquire the taste of fragmentary, pointless and unproductive spending. Both form habits harmful to the altruistic motives of group living—of the home idea. A man who goes from the saloon, street corner or cheap pleasure club, a girl who leaves the dance hall and pavement glitter to make a home for him, the bare necessities of which are hardly met by his wages, are not qualified by their experiences to bring to a successful issue the supreme test of character that makes stable a high standard.—Professor Simon N. Patten in Independent.

A Soft Answer.

It was in 1872 that George Chesmore Bromley, author of "Long Ago and Later On," became a member of the Bohemia club of San Francisco and soon found himself "Sire of the Low Jinks," which occasion he vividly recalls, and especially his arrival at home afterward. He writes: "My dear little wife awoke at my entrance and inquired the time. I looked at my watch and replied, 'Ten minutes past 10,' and then laid the watch on the mantelpiece. Having some doubts as to the correctness of my reply, the little woman arose and looked for herself. 'What time did you say it was?' she asked again. 'Ten minutes past 10,' said I. 'Ten minutes past 10! Why, it only lacks ten minutes of 2,' said she. 'Is that so?' said I. 'Why, bless my soul, how time flies! I had no idea that I had been home so long.' This was another occasion when I realized that 'a soft answer turneth away wrath.'"

Cruel Fate's Favors.

The Poet—My mail contains nothing but rejected manuscripts! His Wife—And mine nothing but invitations to millinery openings!—Brooklyn Life.

On and Off.

Knobbs—They say poverty egged him on to the stage. Snobbs—Yes, and the gallery egged him off.—Princeton Tiger.

Illinois Central R. R.

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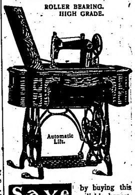

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St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

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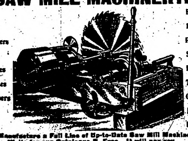

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R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

Supplement to the ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR, Saturday, March 18, 1905.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS MEET.

Proceedings of the County Commissioners at March Meeting.

Pursuant to call, the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota met in special session at the Court House at one o'clock p. m. Present, Commissioners Johnson, Sutor, Demann, Shaw and Falardeau.

The application of Denis Conely for correction of assessment and abatement of taxes on certain lands in the Town of North and City of Thief River Falls, was on motion rejected.

On motion duly carried the bonds of N. W. Tarrant as Judge of Probate in the sum of $1000, and J. C. Wood as County Surveyor in the sum of $500, were approved.

The application of A. J. Lillo and others for an appropriation from the County Road & Bridge Fund to aid in the construction of a bridge across Clearwater river on the north line of the Town of Garnes in Red Lake County was laid before the Board. On motion duly carried same was referred to the Road and Bridge Committee with instructions to report at the next meeting of the Board.

The application of Hubert Cardinal for correction of assessment and abatement of personal property in the City of Red Lake Falls for the year 1904 was granted subject to the approval of the State Auditor.

The application of Rev. I. T. Aastad for correction of assessment and abatement of his personal property taxes in the City of Thief River Falls for the year 1904, was on motion rejected.

On motion duly carried, Auctioneer's licenses were granted to C. M. Evenson and Joseph Belair, the proper bonds having been filed with the County Treasurer.

On motion duly carried a recess was taken to March, 2, 1905.

March 2, 1905. Board reconvened at 9 o'clock a. m. with all members present.

The petition of Hans G. Skogstad and others for the organization of Township 154 North, of Range 42 West in Red Lake County was placed before the Board and after due consideration of same, on motion made by Commissioner Shaw, the following order organizing said Township was made:

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake. } ss.

Upon receiving a petition of a majority of the legal voters of Congressional Township Number One Hundred Fifty-four (154), North, of Range Forty two (42), west in said County, asking that the same be organized as a new town under the Township organization law, to be named SILVERTON, we, the County Commissioners of said County, did on the 2nd day of March, A. D. 1905, proceed to fix and determine the boundaries of such new Town and to name SILVERTON in accordance with the said petition, and designated the residence of Hans G. Skogstad Situate on the South-east quarter of Section 12 in said Township 154, range 42 as the place for holding the first town meeting in such town, to be held on Tuesday the twenty-first day of March, 1905, for the purpose of electing one Chairman of Supervisors, two Supervisors, one Town Clerk, one Treasurer one Assessor, two Justices of the Peace and two Constables to serve until the next annual town Meeting; and designated Gust Perggren, Ole L. Ottum and Hans G. Skogstad as the Judges of said election.

The boundaries of said Town of SILVERTON as fixed and established by us are as follows:

Beginning at the North-east corner of the South-east quarter of Section 12 in Township 154, Range 42, thence west on the quarter section line to the North-west corner of the South-west quarter of section 7, and Range aforesaid; thence south on the town line to the South-west corner of section 31 in said town and range; thence East on the town line to the south-east corner of section 36 in said town and range; thence north to the place of beginning; containing all that territory lying and being within said Red Lake County in township 154, North of Range 42 West.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners.

Dated the 2nd day of March, A. D. 1905.

O. J. Johnson.
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners.
(Seal)
Attest: James E. Ford.
County Auditor and Ex-officio Clerk of Board.

Petitions of O. N. Olson and others; M. T. Wold and others, H. A. Helgeson and others, N. B. Newton and others, and Ole L. Ottum and others praying for the establishment of new school districts in Red Lake County were presented to the Board and on motion duly carried a hearing was granted on said petitions to be had on Monday, May 1, 1905 and notices of such hearing were ordered to be issued accordingly.

The petitions of Carl Eagnell and others praying for the establishment of a new school district in Twp. 152, Range 41, and that of Peter Lefaivre and others praying for the establishment of a new school district to be composed of part of school districts "79", "7" and "30", were presented to the Board on motion duly carried a hearing was granted on same to be had on Tuesday, May 2, 1905, and notices of hearing were ordered to be issued accordingly.

The annual reports of County Officers for the year ending Dec. 31, 1904 were examined by the Board, approved and ordered filed.

A petition was presented to the Board, asking that the portion of Twp. 154, North of Range 43, West, lying east of Thief River and the old Red Lake Indian Reservation line, be attached to and made a part of the existing organized Town of North in Red Lake county, and on motion made by Commissioner Shaw and carried unanimously the following order was made:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Red Lake. } ss

Upon receiving a petition signed by a majority of the legal voters residing with the unorganized territory in Township 154, North, of Range 43 West in said Red Lake county and a majority of the legal voters residing in the organized Town of North in said county, accompanied by the proper affidavits as required by law, asking that the said unorganized territory, described as follows, to-wit: All that part of Township 154, Range 43 aforesaid, lying east of Thief River and the old Red Lake Indian Reservation line, be annexed and attached to the said Town of North, the same being an adjoining Town.

We, the Board of County Commissioners of said county, did on the 2d day of March A. D. 1905, after a careful consideration of the matter, grant the request contained in said petitions, and the said unorganized territory herein described is hereby attached to and made a part of said Town of North.

The boundaries of the said Town of North as hereby fixed and established by us are as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the northeast corner of the southeast quarter of Section 12 in Twp. 154, Range 43 in said county, running thence west along the quarter section line to the northwest corner of the southwest quarter of Section 7, Town and Range as aforesaid, thence south along the Town line to the southwest corner of Section 31 in said Town and Range, thence east along the Town line to the southeast corner of Section 36 in said Town and Range, thence north along the Town line to the place of beginning; being all the territory lying and being within said Red Lake county in Township 154 North of Range 43 West.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners.

Dated the 2d day of March, A. D. 1905.

O. J. Johnson,
Chairman, Board of
County Commissioners
[SEAL]

Attest: James E. Ford,
County Auditor and Ex-Offico Clerk of Board

The application of Julius John for correction of assessment and abatement of personal property taxes in the village of St Hilaire for the year 1904, was on motion granted subject to the approval of the state Auditor.

The application of Clearwater lodge, I. O. O. F. No. 133 for correction of assessment and abatement of taxes for the year 1904 on property claimed to be exempt in the city of Red Lake Falls, was on motion granted subject to the approval of the State Auditor.

The application of D. Conely for correction of assessment and abatement of personal property taxes in the town of North for the year 1904, was on motion granted subject to the approval of the State Auditor.

No action was taken on the application of M. W. A. Camp No. 3435 for cancellation of taxes for the year 1904 on real estate claimed to be exempt.

On motion duly carried a recess was taken to March 3.

March 3, 1905, Board reconvened at 9 a. m. with all members present.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Sutor was unanimously adopted:

WHEBEAS, A demand has been made and presented to this Board by the Auditor of Polk county, Minnesota, for the payment by Red Lake county of the interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum on the sum of $1905.95 from the 2nd day of January, A. D. 1902 to date, the said $1905.95 being the pro rata share to be paid by said Red Lake county of a certain bond issue of Polk county, Minnesota, dated Jan. 2, 1882 and due Jan. 2, 1902, and it appearing to this Board that the said sum of $1905.95 was paid by Polk county, Jan. 2, 1902 and that sum was refunded to Polk County Minn., until the 12th day of December, 1904, and it appearing that said Polk county is entitled to interest on $1905.95 from the 2nd day of January, 1902 to the 12th day of December, 1904 at the rate 6 per cent annum.

Therefore Be It Resolved, That the County Auditor is hereby authorized and instructed to draw his warrant on the Bond & Interest Fund of this County in the sum of $333.55 in favor of County Treasurer of said Polk County in payment of the above sum.

On motion carried unanimously the following bills were audited and allowed:

John E. King, publishing Commissioner's proceedings and notice Teacher's examination	$ 16 76
King & Chase, publishing Financial Statement and Del. Tax List	115 39
" 1500 Letter heads for Co. Auditor	5 50
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. notice Teacher's Exam.	3 00
John W. Eastman, do	1 06
Thief River Falls Review, do	2 50
" 200 Lists of School Clerks	20 00
School Education Co., 2 rms. Exam. paper	4 00
Anderson & Healy, Coffin and Box for non resident pauper	19 00
James Brady, Repairs on Court House	14 31
Swan Akenson 35 cords Poplar Wood	96 25
W. A. Schreiter, 4 doz. Indelible pencils	3 00
Free Press Printing Co., Blanks	24 87
Red Lake Falls Gazette Stationery and Blanks	26 25
Miller-Davis Printing Co., Blanks and Blank Books	46 97
Geo. D. Barnard & Co., do	61 36
E. Gill-Warner Co., Blanks, Books and Filing cases	65 33
Pioneer Press Co., Blanks	10 33
Anderson & Healy, Quilt and Mattress for Co. Jail	4.00
D. Linnihan Board of Prisoners 14 days	7 98
D. Linnihan, Drawing Grand and Petit Juries, 2 days	6 20
George Jarman, Sheriff's fees, Coroners inquest in the matter of death of Hilding Olson	11 70
" " Deputy Sheriffs, fees, State of Minn. vs Dr. J. B. Herbert and state of Minn vs Ida Fangstrom	67 96
" " Deputy Sheriff fees, State Simon O'Toole	9 00
" " Posting notices of election in Town of Big Bend	7 50
S. L. Lewis, Services drawing Grand Jury	3 20
A. P. Toupin, " " Petit "	3 20
Joseph Perrault, Clerks Misc. fees	14 05
Thos Germo, Amount paid for long distance Tel. calls	4 50
D. Linnihan, do	1 00
James E. Ford, do	85
W. A. Schreiter, Rent of three phones, Jan. and Feb. 1905	10 00
D. Linnehan, sawing 10 cords of wood for Co. jail	7 50
K. M. Hanson, amount paid for postage and gov't envelopes	30 41
Frank Jeffers, amount paid for postage Reg. of Deeds office	15 85
Frank Jeffers, recording officers bonds and oaths	16 10
City of Thief River Falls, one half expenses of contagious disease cases	66 42
Lewis Sall, procuring general election ballots, town of Equality	2 00
Ingvald Husby, procuring general election ballots, town of Garnes	1 40
Felix Anderson, services as fire warden, town of Black River	3 00
Red Lake Falls Elec. Light Co., lights in court house and jail, Jan., 1905	12 50
Adam Zeh, prem. on $1500 ins. on county furniture and fixtures	31 00
S. L. Lewis, prem. on $500 ins. on court house	13 75
John Grady, prem. on $1500 ins. on furniture and fixtures	39 00
J. B. McGinnis, asst. Co. supt., 3 days	9 00
J. B. O'Brian, do	9 00
W. A. Schreiter, medicine for prisoners and office supplies	5 30
Dr. A. F. Blomburgh, med. attendance contagious disease cases	29 00
Frank Tilton, cemetary lot and digging grave for pauper	11 00
James E. Ford, auditor's fees, Ditch No. 21	23 00
Crookston Lbr. Co., material for bridge across ditch No. 21	9 47
Frank Jeffers, recording lien, Ditch No. 21	6 90
D. Shaw, attending special meeting Bd. Co. Comr's, 3 days, 40 miles	13 00
Wm. C. L. Demann, do 3 days, 14 milles	10 40
O. J. Johnson, do 3 days, 40 miles	13 00
James Sutor, do 3 days, 40 miles	13 00
Louis Falardeau, do 3 days, 48 miles	13 80
Wm. C. L. Demann, attending to pauper case, 1 day, 14 miles	4 40

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned sine die.

O. J. Johnson,
[SEAL] Chm. Bd. of Co. Commissioners.
Attest: James E. Ford.
County Auditor and Ex-officio Clerk of Board

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9:45 am 4:15 pm	THIEF RIV. FALLS	10:15 am 4:45 pm
11:15 pm	RED LAKE FALLS	3:15 pm

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

T. J. Thorkelson	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
D. Patterson N. G. Otterness A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
J. J. Soll, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
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Aug. Berglund, Sec.

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THE LOCAL NEWS

The first rain of the season fell yesterday afternoon.

Joel G. Winkjer spent last Sunday here with his family.

A new line of men's working gloves just in at M. L. Hanson's.

S. O. Quamen, of Whynot, N. D., is visiting friends here this week.

Yesterday was St. Patrick's day and a few of the faithful "wore the green."

W. B. Fuller, of Thief River Falls, was a business visitor here last Tuesday.

Send your laundry to the Crookston Steam Laundry. Jas. F. McAndress, agent.

Peter Englestad, the town clerk of Rocksbury was here on business yesterday.

Ole Opperud had an auction sale of his household and personal effects last Monday.

If you want a nice dressy shoe or a good solid working shoe, go to M. L. Hanson's.

A. Stenseth, the Thief River Falls real estate boomer, was a caller here Thursday.

The snow has about all disappeared again and the country roads are far from good.

Miss Dolly Pettengill entertained the ladies' whist club at the Hotel Markham last evening.

A. C. Wilkinson, the Great Northern attorney at Crookston, was a visitor here last Monday.

Andy Erickson, the Thief River Falls county seat boomer, was here on business last Monday.

Keep your valuable papers in a safe place. Vault boxes for rent at the Merchants State Bank.

The free traveling state library has been moved from L. T. Bergh's office to the First State Bank.

A. R. Jones has purchased four lots north of the Mission church on Broadway and will build a dwelling.

Hon. L. C. Simons came up from St. Paul last Thursday and spent a short time at the Merchants State Bank.

Bring us your butter, eggs and wool and receive the highest market price.
M. L. Hanson.

We will publish next week the financial statement of the village issued by the treasurer, as it came in too late for this issue.

The last cold snap was hard on the piling that had been driven in the river and almost all of the work had to be done over again.

Sheriff Dan Linnihan was a visitor here last Tuesday. He was busy serving summons on those drawn for the grand and petit juries.

Christ Bothman and family, of Nebraska, arrived last Thursday and expects to soon move on the Brooks farm which he has purchased.

Daniel Patterson, A. W. Kemp and Fred A. Stapleton were up at Thief River Falls Monday night attending a meeting of the Masonic lodge.

Mrs. J. E. Argue and Miss Rose Dautremont came up from Red Lake Falls last evening and are being entertained by Miss Dolly Pettengill.

Landlord Arthur of the Hotel Markham almost caused a riot yesterday among his Irish boarders when he served "sour kraut" for dinner on St. Patrick's day.

There is considerable speculation in the county why Judge Watts issued a call for a grand jury as there is apparently nothing in sight for the jury to work on. It is very probable that something will develop.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lanctot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

I have some nice "Early Six Weeks" potatoes which will be sold at $1.00 per bushel as long as they last. These are ready for market from ten to twelve days earlier than any other variety. Leave orders at Otterness & Edstrom's or call at Julius M. Jahn's "Oakland Stock Farm," 1½ miles southwest of St. Hilaire. f25

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Rolled oats, rice, and prunes, 25 lbs for $1.00, at M. L. Hanson's.

Buy your men's, ladies' misses' and children's caps at M. L. Hanson's.

Miss Agnes Lindahl, daughter of M. J. Lindahl, was surprised by a number of her young friends who called and had a pleasant time last Thursday evening.

J. J. Kordahl and Miss Gena Kordahl left last Tuesday with two cars of stock for their claims west of Minot, N. D. Mr. Kordahl in company with several others will start a large cattle ranch out there.

Crawford & Berkland, the proprietors of the Crookston Daily Journal, have filed a petition of bankruptcy in the Federal court at Fergus Falls, placing their assets at $15,145 and liabilities at $17,280.35.

Good second hand cook stove for sale at M. L. Hanson's.

Nine fractional townships in Roseau county were opened for settlement this week and the filing commenced at Crookston last Wednesday. There was considerable activity and almost all of the land will be taken.

Miss Catherine Pirath has not been able to teach the past week owing to sickness and she went down to Red Lake Falls on Thursday for a short rest. Her mother Mrs. P. E. Pirath came up on Wednesday, returning the next day.

The Oliver Typewriter received the Gold Medal at the World's Fair, St. Louis. Send for handsomely illustrated art catalog which tells why.
The Oliver Typewriter Co.,
332, Hennepin Ave.,
tf Minneapolis, Minn.

The reciprocal demurrage bill, which passed the house this week provides that railroad companies shall pay one dollar a day to shippers for each day they delay furnishing a car after application is made. The railroad commissioners can, however, suspend the law not more than 60 days in each year.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

There were about sixteen hundred quarter sections of land on the reservation opened last summer and the Crookston land officials now state that only four hundred of the claims remain. A good many of the claims are worthless swamp so if you are looking for a claim you had better not waste much time.

Former residents of St. Hilaire appear to be about the whole thing over at Plummer when they hold an election: Last Tuesday Julius Pleth was elected a member of the council, C. W. Latta landed on the recordership and also as justice of the peace, Henry Enderle will be village treasurer and Oscar Carlson, constable.

Don't buy your spring hat until you have seen M. L. Hanson's line.

Auditor James E. Ford received notice Tuesday of the apportionment for March of the school fund and in a few days will receive a check for $5,007.00, Red Lake county's share. This will be distributed among the different school districts in the county, the per capita being $1.50 per pupil, five cents more than the last apportionment. School district number 102 is entitled to $346.50 under this apportionment.

Men's, ladies', misses' and children's rubbers at reasonable prices at M. L. Hanson's.

Wanted—Trustworthy man or woman to manage business in this county and adjoining territory for well established house of solid financial standing. $20 straight cash salary with all necessary expenses paid weekly by check from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Position permanent; previous experience not essential. No investment required. We furnish everything. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Address, Manager, 810 Como Block, Chicago, Ill. m6

Assistant General Manager Brown and Engineer of Maintenance Davis of the Great Northern, accompanied by Master Carpenter Mills, were over this line in a private car last Thursday. It is stated that the object of the trip was to look over the new track connecting with the Northern Pacific at Red Lake Falls, which has already caused considerable trouble. The cuts at Red Lake Falls have always given considerable trouble, but the sliding embankment they have there now is easily the worst the company has struck for a long time. It is not known when the work will be safe for trains to run over that way.

Lost.

Town order number 846, issued by Rocksbury township on the 22nd day of June, 1903, to A. A. Odegaard for $12.00, is lost. Anyone finding same will please leave with E. A. Aubol, township treasurer.

Settle at Once.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to Otterness & Edstrom are hereby requested to call and settle their bills at once as the partnership will be dissolved. Call on A. M. Edstrom, surviving partner, or K. O. Gigstad, administrator.

John W. Forseen
SHOE
Repairing
Second door North of Postoffice,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

Good Seed Wheat.

The state experiment station has come to the conclusion that three fourths of the crop of 1904 is not fit for seed purposes.

Experiments made by the state agricultural college shows beyond a doubt the folly of planting attenated kernels of wheat struck by rust. Dean Liggett, of the state agricultural school, declares that rusted wheat that will not "wheat up" fifty-five pounds to the bushel should be left severely alone. Very little of the wheat crop in the rusted wheat belt will meet the requirement. It is better to go outside of the region effected by rust than take any chances the wheat crop experts say.

Under the direction of Prof. Snyder, of the state school of agriculture, three samples of rusted wheat were planted three weeks ago. Pots of equal size were used, and the conditions since have been exactly the same since the planting of the grain. In the first, wheat weighing forty pounds to the bushel was planted. In the second, forty-seven pound wheat was used, and in the third wheat weighing fifty pounds was employed. While some of the grains in the pots contains the inferior seed germinated and grew, there is a noticeable difference in the vigor of the plants. The stalks in No. 3, grown from the larger, sounder and plumper seeds picked from the samples of rusted wheat furnished by a farmer at the station, are strong and more vigorous than those grown from the other seeds. All came up at about the same time, but after the grain from the better wheat easily outstripped its inferior neighbors.

Dean Liggett declares that the plants in No. 1 would not produce a crop at all except under most favorable circumstances, and even then it would be nowhere equal in quality and quantity to the grain in No. 3.

Plant none but good wheat as seed this season, should be the slogan of every Minnesota wheat producer this year, said Dean Liggett, in discussing the results of the experiments at the agricultural station. "I do not say absolutely that no rusted wheat should be used, but if it is planted, I urge upon our farmers a very careful fanning and cleaning process. This should be so thorough that no wheat that will not come up to the fifty-five pounds to the bushel should be planted by our farmers.

The Village Election.

The village election last Tuesday was quite a spirited affair and nearly a full vote was polled, it being much larger than ordinary at this time of the year. The only contests were on the president and members of the council. The vove in detail was as follows:

For President—		
	J. B. O'Brien	80
	H. E. Ives	74
Councilmen—		
	C. H. Martz	88
	R. H. Duntley	83
	Carl Johnson	152
	D. Patterson	66
	A. S. Wilson	66
Recorder—		
	K. O. Gigstad	153
Treasurer—		
	Leonard Holmes	153
Justice of the Peace—		
	A. S. Wilson	154
Constable—		
	C. H. Remington	154

No Time For Leisure.

One of the real characteristics of this modern world is the decline of leisure. The present pace men set, compared with that of a generation ago, is as an automobile compared to a "one hoss shay." The resolute idlers even have to toil at idleness, for the present forms of amusement demand more and more energy for their pursuit. The natural conclusion is that men turn to golden grain belt beer as a rest and relief from this constant rush and worry. It quiets mind and body and allows one to rest perfectly when a minute's let-up does come. We need its help more and more as the years go on. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Council Proceedings.

Special meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held in the village hall Friday evening March 10th, 1905 at 8 o'clock.

Meeting called for the purpose of examining the Village Treasurer's report.

Meeting called to order by President Thorkelson.

All members present except Otterness.

The Treasurer's statement was examined and found correct.

On motion meeting adjourned.

T. J. Thorkelson,
President.
K. O. Gigstad,
Recorder.

Basket Social.

The basket social given by the Modern Woodmen last Tuesday evening at their hall for the benefit of Jacob Einerson, one of their members who has lost an arm, was a decided success in every way. The ladies furnished forty-two baskets well filled with good things to eat and they all sold at good prices, realizing over sixty dollars, which the lodge will send to Mr. Einerson.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Not Up to Him.

"Yes," said the fireman, "there were two men in the building playing chess, and one of them is in the ruins yet. We couldn't get him out."

"Why, how was that?"

"He insisted that it wasn't his move."

Starting a Row.

Grayce—They tell me she's not a bit pretty. What does she look like, anyhow? Gladys—Well, my dear, she resembles you as much as anybody I know.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Big Tow Boat Nearly Completed.

Crookston Journal: According to Paddy Sullivan, the Grand Forks Lumber company foreman, who passed through the city Saturday night enroute home to the Forks from an all winter session in the pine woods on Cross Lake, the small lake between the upper and lower arms of Red Lake, the big tow boat in process of construction for the lumber companies interested in Red Lake pine is rapidly nearing completion and will be when completed a much larger and better equipped boat of its kind than is generally supposed. Over a hundred feet long and equipped with powerful steam engines of the most approved marine types the new tower will solve the Red Lake towing proposition and logs from the Cross Lake will be got to the river and down stream at a rapid rate during the entire open season. Some 18,000,000 feet of logs cut during the past winter will be towed across the lake during the coming summer and will be driven down river to the plant of the Grand Forks Lumber company at Grand Forks where they will be sawed into pine boards. In years to come this city, Thief River Falls, St. Hilaire and the Forks will depend upon the virgin forest of Red Lake for much of the timber supply for their mills and the big tow boats will not be of such unusual interest as they are at the present time because they will be more common. The present boat, however, with its towering bulk and costly engines is attracting a great deal of attention and will doubtless startle the natives when it is first steamed up the lake.

Soo Survey is Finished.

The following from the Thief River Falls News would indicate that our chances of getting the Soo are not very good:

"J. J. Hankenson, engineer in charge of the Soo survey from this city to Kenmare, N. D., arrived here Sunday noon with the crew, which has been disbanded. For the past two weeks they have been busy making surveys between this city and Warren, and now believe that a suitable route has been selected. The grade will not be more then 16 feet to the mile in any place, and that is hardly noticeable, in fact it is what is known as a water grade. Regarding the stories printed by the Red Lake Falls papers to the effect that a survey would be made out of Plummer and through St. Hilaire, Mr. Hankenson stated that he knew nothing about the matter, and did not believe that there was any truth in the matter, for if there was, orders would not have been received to disband the surveying party.

"Mr. Hankenson left Sunday night for Minneapolis to make his report to the Soo officials. He will be division engineer upon the road during the summer and will make his headquarters here most of the time."

Order for Hearing Application for Appointment of Administrator.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court,
Special term, March 2, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of P. G. Otterness, of Cannon Falls, of the county of Goodhue, representing, among other things, that Nels G. Otterness, late of the county of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota, on the 21st day of February, A. D. 1905, at the county of Hennepin, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to K. O. Gigstad granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 3rd day of April, A. D. 1905, at one o'clock p. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Spectator, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls the 2nd day of March, A. D. 1905.

By the court.
[SEAL] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.
(m11 ap1)

Order for Hearing on Claims, Etc.

State of Minnesota. County of Red Lake—SS.
In Probate Court,
Special Term, February 14, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Charles Gustaf Rapp, deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of Charles Gustaf Rapp, deceased, late of the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, being granted to Oscar F. Post;

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 15th day of May, 1905, at one o'clock p. m. at a special term of said probate court, to be held at the Probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 14th day of February, A. D. 1905.

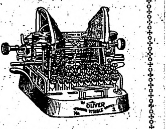
By the Court,
[Seal] N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate.
(f18-4t-mch11)

MINNEAPOLIS OMAHA
Edwards-Wood Co.
(INCORPORATED)
MAIN OFFICE
Fifth and Robert Sts.,
ST. PAUL, MINN.
DEALERS IN
Stocks, Grain, Provisions
Bought and sold for cash or carried on reasonable margins, upon which there will be a charge of ⅛ on grain, ¼ on stocks and ½ on flax.
Write for our market letter.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS IN CAR LOTS
Ship Your Grain To Us
Best Facilities. Prompt Returns.
Liberal Advances.
DULUTH WINNIPEG
Branch Office:
BOWLING ALLEY BUILDING
F. L. Murphy, Manager.

Dress Goods

The Spring Fabrics
are here in all their freshness and beauty. No true woman can view them without admiration and longing.
For Early Spring Wear
we have never seen prettier patterns or goods. It's really wonderful how handsome a dress or suit you can buy for very little money. Come and glory in the display, anyway. We'll risk your buying when you call.
RAPP & POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

This is a Poor Time
to have your property insured in
..Cheap Fire Insurance Companies..
I represent twelve of the best companies doing business in the United States. They never fail to pay all losses promptly........
REMEMBER THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST
H. E. IVES - - ST. HILAIRE, MINN.



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Investigate the merits of the
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THE STANDARD VISIBLE WRITER.
Send for a handsomely illustrated art Catalogue, free for the asking.
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WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
Wines and Liquors
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
CIGARS.
BEER.
Minneapolis and Milwaukee Beer always on Tap.
"Corner Saloon" South of the Bank.

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No. 3, THE "FLYER"
ONLY MORNING TRAIN
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ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
FOR MONTANA and the PACIFIC COAST
Makes Immediate Connection with Limited and Fast Mail Trains from Chicago and the East.
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ST. PAUL, MINN.
Money to loan at all times in liberal amounts and at reasonable rates. Prompt service and perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Write for particulars.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

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WINCHESTER
FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

Calumet Baking Powder

A perfectly healthful powder made by improved chemical methods and of accurately proportioned materials

Trust Baking Powders sell for 45 or 50 cents per pound and may be identified by this exorbitant price. They are a menace to public health, as food prepared from them contains large quantities of Rochelle salts, a dangerous cathartic drug.

Where People Do Things.

Out in the breezy West, where divorce is pretty nearly as easy as matrimony, there is a restless longing for some form of connubial contract that may be severed without the costs of a court untying. In the early part of the session of the Kansas legislature a "limited marriage contract law" was introduced, and now the Colorado assembly is considering a similar statute. The territory beyond the Mississippi is a great land for blossoming new ideas.—Baltimore American.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Oh! Never.

"Oh, we've all got to admit that we've got our faults."

"Yes; but none of us will admit we've got the faults our neighbors see in us."—Philadelphia Press.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 and 912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Frank Baker, St. Cloud, Minn., magazine for firearms; Henry Frey, Minneapolis, Minn., portable saw mill; Henry Frey, Minneapolis, Minn., log skidding device; David Harrold, Cleveland, N. D., hay rake; Thomas Huberdeau, Larimore, N. D., wire fence guard; Edward Johnson, St. Paul, Minn., flue cleaner; Carl Wernicke, Mankato, Minn., flue cutter.

Obviously.

"Do you snore in your sleep?"

"Certainly I do, if I snore at all."—Houston Post.

Macaroni Wheat.

Salzer's strain of this Wheat is the kind which laughs at droughts and the elements and positively mocks Black Rust, that terrible scorch!

It's sure of yielding 80 bushels of finest Wheat the sun shines on per acre on good Ill., Ia., Mich., Wis., O., Pa., Mo., Neb. lands and 40 to 60 bushels on arid lands! No rust, no insects, no failure. Catalog tells all about it.

JUST SEND 10c AND THIS NOTICE to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and they will send you free a sample of this Wheat and other farm seeds, together with their great catalog, worth $100.00 to any wide-awake farmer. [W.N.U.]

Seems Reasonable.

Nordy—Wonder what that Denver mule thought he was voting for?

Butts—He probably thought he was voting for a more stable form of government.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Some women know how to command notice without making a show of it.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Should a woman changt her views she sees no reason fo roffering either excuse or reason therefor.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

To most men there come times when the charm of living lies in the past.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

A man's peculiarities are most apparent when he strives to conceal them.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

The fellow who keeps his troubles to himself has learned the secret of popularity.

At the Well

Touch love lightly at the brink
  Where the sunlit pool is clearer;
  Seek no further, draw no nearer,
Touch love lightly at the brink
Lest 'tis deeper than we think.

Take the sparkle; do not drink;
  Let each draught be sweeter, dearer.
  Eyes reflecting eyes grow clearer;
Dim love's vision at the brink—
Lest 'tis deeper than we think.

Still love's word—for pebbles sink;
  Trouble not the waters nearer,
  Bitter depths may be still dearer;
Lean and look and do not shrink—
Ah! 'tis deeper than we think!
—Virginia Wood Claud in Smart Set.

ONLY A CAR CONDUCTOR

BY WALTER BROWNE.

(Copyright, 1905, Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"Accident on the elevated railroad. Conductor crushed to death by his own train."

That was all the bulletin said. It did not strike the editorial mind as a big story. Why should it? There was no mystery about it. The meager details to hand did not even contain suggestions of blood-curdling incidents, and the man who was killed was only a conductor, anyway. If he had been a passenger there might have been some chance of writing a good roast on the company, but only a conductor! Well, things were dull, news scarce, and Phil Space, one of our bright reporters, was sent out to see if he could not get a story of some sort out of it. He did. He wrote about a quarter of a column of bare facts which nobody would care to read.

If he had written the story for what it was worth—but then. How could he?

He told it to me afterwards and here it is. As I am using fictitious names and not injuring Phil, who by the bye I have since ceased to regard as a friend, no harm can be done by relating a few facts, perhaps as strange as fiction, which go to prove that even conductors of elevated trains are sometimes just as heroic and worthy of admiration as newspaper men.

"It was a little more than a year ago," said Phil, "that I was working on an evening newspaper, down town and traveled regularly by the same train to business, returning at about the same time each night.

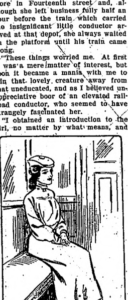
"Although buried in the perusal of my morning papers, on the down town journey, I began gradually to notice that seated in the same corner of the car, always that nearest the rear door, was a singularly beautiful girl. She was little more than a child, but in her person were developed all the ripe and mature attractions of womanhood to such a ravishing extent that to look at her once was to find a magnet which the eyes of man could not afterwards resist.

"But she was entirely unconscious of her power. The armor of her innocence was proof against the batteries of admiration and her broadsides of almost brutal ogling with which she was assaulted from all classes and ages of city men as she journeyed to her work each morning. I have seen jostling and struggling, almost fights to secure the corner seat immediately opposite her, in spite of the evident fact that she sat there merely to be near the conductor, who found time for a hurried word to the beautiful girl before closing the door after calling out the name of each station.

"I discovered that she worked at a store in Fourteenth street and, although she left business fully half an hour before the train which carried the insignificant little conductor arrived at that depot, she always waited on the platform until his train came along.

"These things worried me. At first it was a mere matter of interest, but soon it became a mania with me to win that lovely creature away from that uneducated, and as I believed unappreciative boor of an elevated railroad conductor, who seemed to have strangely fascinated her.

"I obtained an introduction to the girl, no matter by what means, and it is useless to tell the wiles I worked to win her love. Suffice it is to say that after a little while we rode together on surface cars when our work was done, and it was I who waited for her at the corner of Fourteenth street.



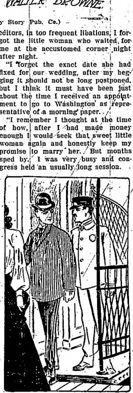
A singularly beautiful girl.

"She loved me. She told me so, and I—I loved her with a passion which knew no limit. Then—

"Well, then there was a 'shake up' in the office and I lost my position. It was a case of hustle then, and in the hustling which I was obliged to do, in such intervals as I was not seeking consolation for my supposed ill-treatment at the hands of arbitrary editors, in too frequent libations, I forgot the little woman who waited for me at the accustomed corner night after night.

"I forget the exact date she had fixed for our wedding, after my begging it should not be long postponed, but I think it must have been just about the time I received an appointment to go to Washington as representative of a morning paper.

"I remember I thought at the time of how, after I had made money enough I would seek that sweet little woman again and honestly keep my promise to marry her. But months sped by. I was very busy and congress held an usually long session.



"Be good to her, or I'll make it extra hot for you!"

"At length I returned to New York. Then I looked for her. I seemed to need her, to love her more than ever. I remember—oh! God! What did I not remember then—and I wondered if the sin of being too late would be upon my soul.

"I found her at last. She was in the same old corner of an elevated railroad car, but at a glance I saw upon her finger a wedding ring. She saw me and turned deathly pale. I approached her and said:

"'Jennie! Jennie, why, you are surely not married!'

"Before she could reply that plucky little chap, the conductor whispered in my ear:

"'Yes, damn you! My wife for a month now, but she loves you, curse you. I've found that out, and she can be your wife for the rest of time, if there's anything fit to be called a man about you.'

"'Columbus avenue train! Change here for Fifty-eighth street,' he yelled aloud as he bustled us both off on to the platform he hissed in my ear:

"'Her son has been christened Phil, after you, all right. Be good to her, or I'll make it extra hot for you in hell, when we meet there.'

"Half an hour later he was crushed to death beneath his own train. Accidental death! That's what they said. That's what I wrote. Perhaps it was, but—God! I often wish I could think so."

Phil paused. We both were silent for a while. Then, with some hesitation, I asked:

"And are you—are you married now?"

"You bet, my boy," replied Phil, recovering his usual merry manner. "Come round and see us. The wife has been getting a good deal more cheerful lately, and as for little Phil, why, he's a wonder. When will you come?"

I did not fix a date.

The Divorce Mill.

"Do you furnish divorces here?"

"Yes, sir. Just fill out this blank with the names of the parties and the reasons for asking for the separation."

"Guess I'll take it home and have my wife fill it out. She's a better writer than I am and has had a good deal more experience."

"But this will delay the proceedings at least twenty-four hours. I can't guarantee you a divorce now before Friday noon."

"That's all right, mister. I don't want it a mite sooner. You see, my wife is the best pancake baker in all Sangamon county and she always bakes 'em Friday morning."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Average Man.

"Aunt Louisa" Eldridge was asked at a meeting of the Professional Woman's League if she could tell just what was the meaning of the expression: "An average man."

"Of course, I can," she promptly replied. "I think an average man is one who smiles and looks pleasant all day at the office, but when he comes home acts as cross as a bear with a sore head, just so he can make up the average."—New York World.

BAR MONOPOLY OF SKY.

Nations Confer to Prevent Any One of Them from Controlling.

Law already controls not only the surface of the earth, but its depths, says a writer in the World's Work. And now civilization requires that law shall control the atmosphere. The ownership of the sky calls for regulating. So eight nations have been conferring and drawing up protocols to prevent the monopoly of the heavens.

In the preliminary congress at Berlin the delegates from America, Germany, Austria, Spain, Italy, France, Hungary and Russia drew up a plan for an international convention, as follows: The service of operating wireless stations is to be organized so as not to interfere with the service of other nations. Coastwise stations are to receive and transmit telegrams from ships without distinction as to systems employed by the ships. The tolls for such international communication are to be fixed. Stations, where possible, must give priority to calls for help from ships at sea.

Furthermore, there must be a universal code and universal tuning (except in special and secret cases), and the bickerings of rivals must be silenced for the common good. The world considers wireless its property.

HOW TO TELL A FISHERMAN.

Expert Declares Genuine One Always Drops His "G."

According to L. M. Miller, president of the Commercial club, says a Kansas City special to the Philadelphia Record, the true fisherman always drops his final "g" in talking. That is an infallible test, in his mind, and he says he has never known it to fail. He was discoursing in the Commercial club rooms recently with Secretary Glendenning, another ardent devotee of the rod.

"I don't know why this should be a true test," said Mr. Miller, "except that a fisherman must have an element of laziness about him and the man who doesn't take the trouble to pronounce the final 'g' to his words may be accused of the same thing. But you listen to the man who says he is 'going fishing' and the other fellow who says he is 'goin' fishin'' and you will see that the latter is the man who comes back with a good string of fish, while the former will be spending his time talking about how they got away from him."

Troubles of a Hostess.

A lady said recently: "I wish somebody would make guests understand that the hostess is the only one with the right to run a party. Twice recently I have been at informal afternoon companies where some guest has broken up the gathering by insisting that refreshments be served at an hour to suit herself.

"On one such occasion we were invited for bridge and the lady who asked for refreshments early skipped out after she had eaten her luncheon to keep an appointment with a dressmaker. Of course we were left one short. The hostess was annoyed and all the rest of us cross, so we put on our wraps and went home.

"At another affair, where a guest insisted on interfering with the arrangement, the hostess finally exclaimed: 'This is my party and I'll have it the way I want it!'. And she did, but all hostesses have not the nerve to quell such disturbance."—Nebraska State Journal.

Adventure With an Overcoat.

A young man of the name of Peter Akers Corbridge, employed in a West Side real estate office, entered a restaurant in a Madison street basement last Friday evening, hung his overcoat on a hook, fastened to the wall, sat down at a table, and ate a hearty meal.

When he rose from the table he went to get his coat.

On the hook where he had hung it he found a disreputable old garment with a greasy collar, a hole in one elbow, a torn place in the back and half the buttons missing.

Thrusting his hand into an outside pocket he found a couple of folded papers.

He took them out and opened them.

One was a notification that the owner had been drawn on a jury, and the other was a dun for $3.50 from a shoe merchant.

It was his overcoat, all right.—Chicago Tribune.

Persuaded.

I am persuaded from mine unbelief,
  And to the keeping of my faith am won,
  Because a little shining of God's sun
Clears me a pathway through a world of grief;
I could not but accept the sweet relief,
  Since I had learned how hard it was to run
  Where sin's wild tangle, in the shadows spun,
Denied my soul her rest, however brief.

Where, in the crowd, hope cheers a drooping mate,
  Where kindness, in the sunshine and rain,
  Gives to the casement of the common pain,
And points one past the gates of fear and fate—
  Where prays a penitent his inmost prayer,
I am persuaded that the light is there.
—Frank Walcott Hutt, in New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Make No Mistake.

"My dear sir," said the man who sat for fifteen minutes, listening to a story by the other man, "my candid opinion is that you are a liar and yet I am not sure. Let me ask you a question."

"Fire away."

"If you have been lying and I call you a liar would you be indignant?"

"Certainly, sir."

"And if you have been telling the truth, and I call you a liar, what then?"

"Exactly the same, sir." The only thing for you to do is to sit tight and make no comment. That's where a story-teller always has the best of it."

A Close Margin.

The bell-hop had carried a jingling pitcher up to room 49 and had emptied the clattering contents into the white pitcher that belonged to the room.

Then the boy stood expectantly, remarking significantly:

"Is that all, mister?"

The roomer handed the boy a nickel and the youth exclaimed as he looked disgustedly at the stingy tip:

"Durned near all, wasn't it, mister?"—Baltimore American.

JOVIAL SIR WALTER SCOTT.

Lightsome and Gay and a Fine Old Scottish Gentleman.

Every one may be said to know the author of "Waverley," but George Croal of Edinburgh, who has been interviewed by the Dispatch of that city, enjoys the distinction of having talked to the man in the flesh and of being probably the sole survivor among those who heard Sir Walter Scott declare himself the author of "Waverley" at a public dinner in the assembly room in 1827.

"The announcement did not come quite as a surprise," says Mr. Croal, "for it had been hinted that Sir Walter would reveal himself. I can recall the suppressed interest of the gathering throughout the dinner proper. It was in reply to the toast of his health that Sir Walter admitted the soft impeachment. I can remember his closing words exactly. They were: 'I am the sole and undivided author of "Waverley."' Needless to say there was great enthusiasm. The company rose en masse and I thought the roof would come off."

Scott, Mr. Croal adds, was congratulated all round. "It was a gay night and the utmost conviviality prevailed."

Asked whether he recollected the personality of Sir Walter Scott, Mr. Croal replied that he did so vividly.

"He was lightsome and gay and looked the real type of a fine old Scottish gentleman, chatting animatedly with one of the law lords sitting next to him. He made a first-class after-dinner speaker and, young though I was, I carried away a last impression of his kindly social disposition."

In the course of the evening Sir Walter complimented Charles Mackay, the comedian, who was present, upon his success in the role of Baillie Nicol Jarvie. Mackay was embarrassed and Mr. Croal distinctly remembers him saying: "Who would have thought I would get such a compliment from the great unknown?" "Not unknown now, Mr. Baillie," jocularly retorted Sir Walter.

GOOD PASTOR IS PUZZLED.

Has Implicit Faith in His Congregation, but Still—

Dr. B——, who is the pastor of a North Side congregation, is in a quandary, hesitating, as it were, between his faith in the city health department and his loyalty to his flock. One very cold Sunday recently the attendance at services was so small as to prompt him to inquire as to the cause. Everywhere he met the same response, "illness." That eased his conscience, and he went home.

The next day, in reading his morning papers, he saw the health department's report, in which it was said that the snowfall of a few days previous was a great health-giver to the city—that it laid the germ-laden dust and purified the atmosphere.

"Well, well," soliloquized the doctor, as he thought of the excuses he had heard on the day before. "I have implicit faith in the health officials, but this report must be wrong in its conclusions or the brothers and sisters whom I inquired after yesterday must have—oh, I mustn't think such things of my congregation. Really, though, there seems to be a mistake somewhere."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Waves That Rise and Fall.

Every once in a while a wave of public sentiment sweeps across the country, as definable in its movement and character as any other real and physical thing. Generally speaking, this popular feeling finds expression in suggested legislation or constitutional amendment. Any student of American history, viewed from its political and legislative standpoint, knows that an examination of congressional records presents a panorama, so to speak, of great public movements, culminating sometimes in actual legislation, but more frequently subsiding without definite result. It is a good thing to clear the political and social atmosphere with these upheavals. Stagnant air is fatal, and even a cyclone, with all its accompanying trouble, is preferable to an atmosphere so heavy that it has lost all its vitality.—Washington Post.

Mr. Hadley's Little Story.

At a reception given for President Hadley, one individual asked him what he thought of the recent baseball game. As Yale had met with a disastrous defeat, the subject might be called unpleasant.

Without hesitation, President Hadley said: "There was a boy living in a village whose uncle died. The next day a man driving along the road was surprised to find the boy working in the field. Thinking this did not show proper respect for the dead uncle, he called the lad to him and said: 'Johnny, didn't you know your uncle was dead?' Johnny slowly approached and drawled out: 'Yes, I know it; I have cried.'"—Ram's Horn.

Before History Began.

With reference to the unconscious humor frequently displayed by applicants for admission to college in their examination papers, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia, says that a friend of his, principal of a preparatory school in New Jersey, once submitted a list of questions in history to his pupils, one of these questions being:

"Why does the real history of the United States begin with the Revolution?"

To this a would-be collegian replied as follows:

"Because up to that time it was all lies."

Poet's Tranquil Evening of Life.

Swinbourne, the poet, spends his declining years in tranquil pursuit of the simple life, although it is doubtful whether the book or the fad has ever disturbed his peaceful retreat. A friend says of him that he lives in possession of his needs. "Bounded on all sides by the best books, enjoying the close companionship of the truest friend ever given to a man of genius, and finding in a long walk at postman's pace a full satisfaction for the body's craving after exercise, he lives through the twilight of his days in a greater security and under the spell of a deeper peace than he knew in the boisterous dawn of his life."

HORSE WOULDN'T EAT OYSTERS.

But Crowd's Curiosity Made Place by Fire for His Master.

One bitter cold night recently a solemn-faced man drove up to a tavern near Westchester and made his way to the sitting room after seeing that his horse was taken to the stable. There was a large crowd of guests huddled around the stove, and he had to take a distant seat, where it was not much warmer than outside. As soon as a waiter appeared the man said:

"Get two dozen oysters, on the half shell, and take them out to my horse."

When the waiter passed through the room on his way to the stable everybody but the new guest followed him to see the remarkable horse feed on raw oysters. In a few moments the disgusted crowd, headed by the waiter, returned to the room to find the owner of the horse comfortably seated by the stove.

"The horse wouldn't look at the oysters," said the waiter.

"I didn't think he would," replied the man. "Hand them to me, and bring me a bottle of ale."—New York Press.

Cause and Effect.

The Conversation was fragmentary. Under the circumstances it couldn't well be otherwise.

She, the wife, had asked him for money.

He, the husband, was broke.

And she was giving him a piece of her mind.—Chicago News.

HAD TO GIVE UP.

Suffered Agonies from Kidney Disorders Until Cured by Doan's Kidney Pills.

George W. Renoff, of 1953 North 11th St., Philadelphia, Pa., a man of good reputation and standing, writes: "Five years ago I was suffering so with my back and kidneys that I often had to lay off. The kidney secretions were unnatural, my legs and stomach were swollen, and I had no appetite. When doctors failed to help me I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and improved until my back was strong and my appetite returned. During the four years since I stopped using them I have enjoyed excellent health. The cure was permanent."

(Signed) George W. Renoff.

A TRIAL FREE—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents.

It Looked That Way.

"If she told you her age, surely you know when she was born."

"Well, judging from what she told me her age was, I should judge she was born on her tenth or fifteenth birthday."—Chicago Journal.

MY LADY'S HEALTH.

DOUBTLESS health is beyond price, as it is the royal road to beauty. We will endeavor to show you how this great blessing may be cultivated or acquired without wealth. What is it that makes some of our young American women so attractive? Beyond doubt it is the buoyant air of intense life and animation. Plenty of sleep is most important; a rest in the middle of the day, even if only for a few minutes, on the flat of the back, perfectly relaxed. Simple food. Plenty of water. And most essential is fresh air. Get out in the good fresh air and take some exercise each day. Sunshine and ozone are two of Nature's beautifiers, and those who want to have clear skins, bright eyes and rosy color will embrace every opportunity of being in the open air.

More important than all of these, is, that the young woman or middle-aged woman starts with a healthy womanly system. If she is dragged down or suffers greatly at stated periods, she is bound to have that dragged-out, worn-out look which goes with womanly weakness. But this is not difficult to cure, because a physician, who makes a specialty of diseases of women, has given to the world a medicine which is absolutely a cure for these weaknesses. We mean Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It stands *alone* as a medicine which has been tested and recommended for the last thirty-eight years. It stands alone as the only medicine now on the market which is guaranteed to contain no alcohol or narcotics of any kind.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—Your "Favorite Prescription" brought me safely through that difficult period called change of life. I had hot and cold flushes, sick headaches, became excited, flustrated, nervous and irritable. My appetite was fitful and for days I was unable to eat a fair meal. My aunt recommended me to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and it made a great change for the better. Within two weeks the unpleasant feelings had disappeared. I have a husband and eight children so have the care of a large family but was able to attend to my household duties without any difficulty and passed the period without any more trouble. I can recommend your "Favorite Prescription" as a grand medicine for women. MRS. MARY ENSMINGER, 344 E. Ankeny St., Portland, Oregon.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets clear the complexion and sweeten the breath, they cleanse and regulate the stomach, liver and bowels and produce permanent benefit and do not re-act on the system. One is a gentle laxative.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Save Your Money

by being prepared for emergencies. A bottle of that greatest of healing remedies

Dean's King Cactus Oil

will often save a valuable animal and will save doctor's bills for the family

Cures All Hurts of Man or Beast

OLNEY & McDAID, Mfrs., Clinton, Ia.

A Panorama 440 Miles Long.

From the observation car on the New York Central a living panorama 440 miles long may be seen. This includes the Genesee, Black river and Mohawk valleys, and 143 miles of the Hudson river, including the foothills of the Adirondack mountains; the capitol at Albany; the Catskill mountains, the Palisades of the Hudson and the New York Central's magnificent approach to the metropolis, this being the only trunk line whose trains enter the city of New York.

DISFIGURED BY ECZEMA.

Wonderful Change in a Night—in a Month Face Was Clear as Ever—Another Cure by Cuticura.

"I had eczema on the face for five months, during which time I was in the care of physicians. My face was so disfigured I could not go out, and it was going from bad to worse. A friend recommended Cuticura. The first night after I washed my face with Cuticura Soap, and used Cuticura Ointment and Resolvent, it changed wonderfully. From that day I was able to go out, and in a month the treatment had removed all scales and scabs, and my face was as clear as ever. (Signed) T. J. Soth, 317 Stagg Street, Brooklyn, N. Y."

A woman can smile upon an enemy and still entertain feelings of extreme bitterness.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

The political heeler can't cure himself.

"I Went Home to Die from Gravel Trouble. Doctors failed. Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy cured me." Mrs. C. W. Brown, Petersburg, N. Y.

Variety is the spice of life that flavors the sauce of love.

$100 Weekly Easily Made
writing health and accident insurance; experience unnecessary. Write Bankers' Accident Co., Des Moines, Ia.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

BEGGS' BLOOD PURIFIER
CURES catarrh of the stomach.

Alabastine Your Walls

Are you satisfied with the appearance of your walls? Do they come up to your ideas. Are you putting on coat after coat of sticky, dirty wall paper, making a sandwich with sour paste between?

Alabastine is clean, hygienic and wholesome and more than that, it is beautiful. The most artistic effects can be produced with **Alabastine**.

The ALABASTINE Co. will furnish, without expense to you, color schemes and harmonies for your rooms. If you are building or remodeling, simply ask for color schemes, giving size, use and direction of light of rooms.

Buy your ALABASTINE in original packages. Any decorator can apply it, or you can put it on yourself. Simply brush it on. It is a permanent, durable, wall finish. Outwears two walls done any other way.

The best dealers sell it. If yours doesn't, send us your name and we will see that you are supplied.

ALABASTINE COMPANY
Grand Rapids, Mich. New York City

Tonsilitis

Some persons, young and old, suffer periodically from inflammation of the tonsils. Redness, pain and fever result. In most cases the treatment needed is to gargle the throat often with

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

say one tablespoonful to a cup of warm water. Bathe throat and neck just below the ear with it. For children use it with a swab in place of gargle. 25 cents, three times as much 50 cents. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

A CLEAR, HEALTHY SKIN
Sandholm's Eczema and Skin Remedy
Purifies, Then Heals.
Positively cures Eczema, Pimples, Eruptions, Insect Bites and all diseases of the skin. An absolute cure for Dandruff or Scalp disease.
$1.00 Per Bottle. Send for FREE BOOKLETS.
Ask your druggist or barber or send to
SANDHOLM DRUG CO., Des Moines, Iowa.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS.
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

ALL SICK WOMEN

SHOULD READ MRS. FOX'S LETTER

In All Parts of the United States Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Has Effected Similar Cures.

Many wonderful cures of female ills are continually coming to light which have been brought about by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and

Mrs. Fannie D. Fox

through the advice of Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., which is given to sick women absolutely free of charge.

Mrs. Pinkham has for many years made a study of the ills of her sex; she has consulted with and advised thousands of suffering women, who to-day owe not only their health but even life to her helpful advice.

Mrs. Fannie D. Fox, of 7 Chestnut Street, Bradford, Pa., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I suffered for a long time with womb trouble, and finally was told by my physician that I had a tumor on the womb. I did not want to submit to an operation, so wrote you for advice. I received your letter and did as you told me, and to-day I am completely cured. My doctor says the tumor has disappeared, and I am once more a well woman. I believe Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best medicine in the world for women."

The testimonials which we are constantly publishing from grateful women establish beyond a doubt the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to conquer female diseases.

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. She asks nothing in return for her advice. It is absolutely free, and to thousands of women has proved to be more precious than gold.

TIME TO TEST CIGARETTES.

Dealer Says It Can Best Be Done Before Breakfast.

"The time to test a cigarette is before breakfast," said a tobacconist who makes a specialty of these articles. "The cigarette connoisseurs are on to that. Whenever I get anything new in the way of a high-class cigarette, I write to my best customers, and they drop in along in the forenoon, before they have eaten or smoked, to try it.

"The most expensive cigarettes I carry, considering the size, are specially made for ladies. They cost only 4 cents apiece, but there's only a pinch of tobacco in each one—hardly one puff for a man. My best woman customer buys a hundred boxes at a time, and she's back with a new order pretty frequently. I don't suppose she smokes them all herself; she entertains a great deal."—New York Sun.

Grave Matter to Her.

The omnibuses that meet trains in Chicago look strikingly like hearses. Therefore arose the astonishment of a little Newark girl on reaching the Western metropolis.

"Jump in," said her father, holding the 'bus door open.

The child drew back.

"Papa," she cried, "are we going to be buried?"—Newark News.

NERVOUS HEADACHE

MARRED A YOUNG WOMAN'S HAPPINESS FOR SEVEN YEARS.

Interfered With Her Social Duties and Threatened to Cause Her Retirement—How She Was Cured.

Every sufferer from nervous headache knows how completely it unfits one for the duties and pleasures of life. Any little excitement, or over-exertion, or irregularity brings it on. Sometimes the pain is over the whole head. Again it is like a nail driven into the brain, or a wedge splitting it open, or a band tightening about it. At one time it is all in the top of the head, at another it is all at the base of the skull.

Most headaches can be traced to some faulty state of the blood. When the blood is scanty or charged with poison, and the nerves are imperfectly nourished and the digestion weak, one of the commonest results is frequent and severe headaches.

The important thing is to get rid of the diseased condition of the blood, that causes the attack by the use of a remedy that will do the work quickly and thoroughly. What is that remedy? The experience of Miss Ellen McKenna furnishes the answer. She says:

"For more than seven years I was a great sufferer from nervous headache and dizziness. My stomach was disordered, and I became so restless that I could not sit still any length of time. Dizziness interrupted my work greatly. At first the attacks were not so severe, but they gradually grew more violent, and finally became so acute that I was on the point of relinquishing my membership in the different organizations to which I belonged."

"What saved you from that necessity?"

"A very simple thing; the call of a member of one of the clubs, who strongly advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills before giving up. I acted on her suggestion at once, and after steadily using this great blood and nerve remedy for two months, my headaches and my dizziness entirely disappeared.

Miss McKenna is secretary of the Associated Ladies' Guild, and resides at No. 48 Waitstreet, Roxbury, Mass. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured many hundreds of similar cases, and can be confidently recommended to drive all poisons from the blood and to give needed strength to the nerves. Every druggist keeps them.

Made Him Feel Proud.

"Ever since Grindle's wife has applied for a divorce he has been going around with his head high in the air."

"What's the reason?"

"His wife wants alimony, and Grindle hasn't a dollar in the world."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Noisy Egg.

Timothy Varney, a Minnesota hen raiser, has been greatly troubled, as have most people who keep hens, by the persistent desire manifested by the fowls to sit, in season and out, on eggs, stones, or door knobs, or anything else that comes handy, says a Western exchange. But he has a plan now which he has quietly tried this season with perfect success and which he warrants will cure the worst cluck that ever vexed the heart of man of all desire to sit.

The cure consists of a cheap watch, with a loud, clear tick to it, enclosed in a case that is white and shaped like an egg. When the hen manifests a desire to sit out of season he gently places this bogus egg under her sheltering breast and the egg does the rest. It ticks cheerfully away and soon the hen begins to show signs of uneasiness and stirs the noisy egg around with her bill, thinking perhaps that is is already time for it to hatch and there is a chick in it wanting to get out. She grows more and more nervous as the noise keeps up and soon jumps off the nest and runs around awhile to cool off, but returns again to her self-imposed duty. It gets worse and worse with her, and she wriggles about and cackles, ruffles her feathers and looks wild, until at last with a frenzied squak she abandons the nest for good and all.

Mr. Varney finds use for half a dozen of these noisy eggs and claims that they pay for their cost over and over during the year by keeping the hens at the business of laying and not permitting them to waste the golden hours in useless incubating.

Fattening Sale Chickens.

So much is fat worth on chickens or other fowls in the market that some men are making a business buying fowls as the farmers send them to market and fattening them. The expert fattener figures that if he can make only ten cents a bird in the process there is much money in it for him, as he can buy any number of half-fat fowls. In fact, his operations are limited only by the amount of capital he can invest. The fattening business is a method of "turning over" money rapidly.

Poultry Raising a Skilled Occupation.

Poultry raising is a skilled occupation. Probably more people have figured themselves rich on the chicken raising industry than in any other we have. It is doubtful if we can find any other business where so many wrecks can be found of people's hopes, at least in the line of financial venture. Yet, there is money in the raising of chickens and of all other fowls. Only it is a matter of skill and experience.

Lack of Exercise.

Lack of exercise among hens is one of the greatest causes of the lack of egg production in winter. When a hen stops exercising she begins to get fat, and the increase of fat means a decrease of egg-producing power, at least beyond a certain limit of fat formation. We know of hens that have this winter been fed in an almost ideal manner, yet have produced no eggs to speak of. The best plan that can be followed is to make the fowls exercise by giving a part of their food in chaff or cut hay, which will induce exercise.

On a Small Scale.

When going into the chicken business or any branch of it, go in on a small scale at first. It is as easy too lose money in the raising of chickens as in anything else. Those that rashly venture into the business generally repent before they have gone far.

When to Begin Pasturing.

It has been my practice to use pasture as nearly the year round as possible. I only "lot" my stock when the ground is very soft. The time stock should be left to subsist on pasture alone depends on the season. I had some cattle on pasture alone from May 1st to December 9th last year with very satisfactory results. I sold them for butcher stock at the highest market price at the latter date. Newly set grass should not be used this way, only old sod. The acreage may be extended in the fall by opening up the meadow in August, and the stalk field in November. After that is cleaned up hay may be fed on the ground, providing the ground is dry or froze hard.—S. H. Rogers, Montgomery Co., Ill.

Mr. Rogers was more fortunate and favored than most farmers in being able to use his pasture during such a long season with the exceptionally profitable results noted.—(Editor.)

Admirers of Fine Stock.

One of the very first things which impresses the visitor to Great Britain is a strong love of good animals, which to all appearances is one of the hereditary traits of the native Briton. Go where you will, the same thing exists. From the very humblest laborer to his gracious majesty the king, there is shown a strong love for real high-class stock. In a recent visit to the home of a famous Scottish Shorthorn breeder, whose name is familiar to lovers of good stock in all parts of the world, the writer was somewhat astonished to learn that the gentleman in question was also one of the most prominent business men of the town. Upon questioning my most worthy host as to how he managed to divide his time between his city business and his stock farms, he replied: "I am in my city offices only when I am compelled to be there, as that line of work is very monotonous. But with my stock farms it is very different. I love to be there all day and to dream of being there by night." These are the words of one of the very greatest of present-day stockbreeders, and are very significant, as a love for any line of work is the very first essential to success.—W. J. Kennedy.

LIVE STOCK

Foundation of the Export Steer.

In the first place, it must be remembered that to produce a carcass of beef of the best quality, a steer must possess a large proportion of the blood of some recognized beef breed. Steers possessing considerable dairy blood may give rapid and economical gains, but the carcass of beef from such a steer does not carry so large a proportion of valuable meat as that of the strictly beef animal. This point has been demonstrated in many experiments. The dairy-bred steer has a tendency to form a large amount of fat that is not edible, whereas those portions of the body which carry the most valuable meat are poorly developed and lacking in covering of flesh.

While it is impossible to say exactly how the animal will feed simply from inspecting it, at the same time, there are certain features which are peculiar to the animal which will make rapid and economical gain in weight, and which possesses the constitution to stand heavy feeding. A good type of steer should possess a deep body, broad back, short neck, moderately fine bone, thick, fine coat of hair, and a somewhat thick but mellow skin, which moves freely under the hand over the underlying tissues. When the hand is laid flat upon the ribs of the animal and pressed against them, a mellowness and elasticity should be noticeable, which indicate a ready fattener and a good quality of flesh. The animal which has a thin, wiry coat of hair, and which feels hard and unyielding when the hand is laid on the rib, is seldom a quick feeder, and does not possess the thickness of flesh which is desirable in a beef animal. Of course, we do not expect that a thin steer will handle like a fat steer, but, in handling a thick-fleshed animal, that mellowness of handling, previously mentioned, is noticeable, though the animal may be comparatively thin.

It is desirable to have good depth and thickness at the heart in order to indicate constitution; but there should be proportionate development towards the rear of the animal where the meat is more valuable. Viewed from the side, the steer should present a well-balanced appearance, that is to say, he should not show an undue development of forequarter in proportion to hindquarter, because the forequarter is of less value than the hindquarter. Beware of the steer with extremely heavy shoulders, and coarse, "oxy-looking" head and horns. A full, bright eye and wide muzzle are also indications of breeding qualities.—Prof. G. E. Day.

The Teeth of Sheep.

Under ordinary conditions it is safe to take the teeth as a sure indication of a sheep's age, says Edward Van Alstyne in Rural New Yorker. Of course with some breeds or individuals that mature early there might be a little variation. The following are the accepted rules and may be found useful in determining the age of a sheep:

At one month there are eight temporary front teeth or incisors (always in the lower jaw) and three temporary molars on each side of each jaw. At three months there will be added a permanent molar to the three temporary ones. At nine months there will appear the second permanent molar. At from twelve to fourteen months the first pair of permanent incisors or front teeth appear.

At eighteen months there will be the third permanent molar. At from twenty-one to twenty-two months there will be four permanent incisors. At twenty-seven months the temporary molars drop out, and permanent ones take their place. At thirty months there will be the six permanent incisors.

At from three years and four to six months all the eight permanent incisors have appeared and the sheep may be said to have a full mouth. After this it is not so easy to tell, but if the teeth are even and the mouth full one may take it to be between four and five years. From this time on the general condition of the sheep and the good or bad state of the teeth will indicate whether the sheep can be profitably kept or not.

Supply of Army Horses.

An English army officer, Major Moore, in the course of a lecture on the supply of horses for military purposes, at the Royal United Service Institution, estimated the equine population of the world at about 80,000,000, half of which belong to Europe, and the major portion of the remainder to America. Russia, he said, was the greatest horse country, possessing 23,000,000 animals, which made her independent of outside sources. In no country was greater attention given to breeding, and exporting was closely guarded. It was curious, he said, how little was heard of the work of horses in the Far Eastern war, considering Russia's enormous supplies. It was not stated where Japan, who is short of remounts, got her horses, but she had made great efforts to repair her deficiencies with stud farms and prizes to breeders. The best field of supply in the world was America, and in most countries government aid was given or breeding farms were maintained. The British Empire was lacking in numbers, although the United Kingdom possessed the best types in the world. The Colonies were deficient in numbers and quality, and close attention was needed for the subject, in order to have adequate supplies in time of war from our possessions as a first line. The plan of Continental studs was supported by many, but the British farmer could give points to the Continent in the matter of breeding.

Weights of Seed and Grains.

There should be a national law regulating the weights of seeds and grains. As it is, chaos prevails largely in such matters. Wheat is quite uniform in weight throughout the states, but such is not the case with most of our grains. A move in this direction should meet with success.

Indiana has a little over 100 creameries.

AGRICULTURE

All Plants Change.

One of the great truths that is being brought out at the present time is that all plants change their character according to the conditions that surround them. We are but just awaking to the magnitude of this possibility of change. From the largest plant that we know to the smallest that we do not yet know all are subject to most radical changes. This fact was emphasized by Professor Moore of Washington in an address recently delivered. He told of the experiments with bacteria that cause the nodules on the roots of leguminous plants and said that it had been fully proved that such bacteria change their character very quickly. Alfalfa seed may be planted in a field in which clover is growing, and for some time the bacteria there, even though they be from the clovers, will not be able to affect the roots sufficiently to produce the nodules.

But in the course of a few years the bacteria in that soil will adapt themselves to the new plant that has come among them and will ultimately inoculate the soil with the desired species. He expresses the belief that there is but one kind of bacteria but that all varieties are from the one kind. He says the mistake has been in not planting the desired legume on the same soil year after year. If red clover does not do well on a certain soil it should be repeatedly planted there so that the ground may ultimately become infested with the minute germs that are so helpful to the plants.

This is in accord with the testimony of some of the "oldest" inhabitants. They speak of certain localities in which red clover would not grow when the land was new, where now it is very easy to get a catch. It is presumed that the bacteria on the roots of some wild plant, perhaps the wood vetch, developed a character enabling it to become parasitic on the red clover. If red clover grows weakly on one plot one year, do not change it to another field the next year, but keep it in the same place for some years, at the same time treating a part of the field at least to a dressing of manure.

Testing Seed Corn.

I never feel satisfied to plant seed corn without testing it. One year in the press of the work this was postponed from time to time until it was too late. Part of the seed was saved from a field that had fully dried before frost; and part from a field that was largely green when frosted. I thought, however, that what I saved was so solid that it would be all right. That from the first field seemed to send up a strong stalk for every grain planted, but that from the second field gave little more than half a stand, and that did not grow off rightly.

For this year I have seed saved last fall from the field, more than I thought I should need, but afterward found that I would have more ground and saved from the crib and shock at shredding time. I shall test samples from the whole, but from the different lots separately. I take two or three grains from different parts of the ear. Take 100, 200 or more grains, according to size of lot to be tested. Put them in shallow vessels, covering lightly and evenly so that all shall receive a uniform amount of warmth. Keep dirt moist. This is best done by covering with glass. Set it near a stove, but not where it will be too warm.

When the first sprouts appear, turn the whole out and count the grains and make an estimate of the percentage that has germinated. Some others may start later, but I should be afraid that they would make a weak growth. If much less than 90 per cent have germinated, I should not like to plant it if I could do better. Testing the seed is little trouble, as one may save the grains when shelling the corn, which should be done before the first of March to be sure that the good wife will not have to help do it at planting time.

Then the testing may save a lot of work in replanting when the farmer ought to be stirring his ground and save many dollars' loss from delayed cultivation, weak and irregular growth, barren stalks and nubbins and frosted, chaffy corn in the fall. No farmer can afford to take the risk. C., Howard County, Indiana.

Better Grains Needed.

One of the great needs of the farmers in the northwest is a better quality of grain. As a result of this widely-felt need, several of our northern stations have been devoting much time and effort to the discovery or creation of new varieties. The Minnesota station has been very prominent in this work and has obtained some valuable results.

Egyptian Butter.

The Egyptians are taking up dairying and considerable quantities of butter are now being produced by them. The best butter is sold in packages of paper, while the cooking butter is sold in tins. The country is, however using more than it makes, and last year showed an increase of about 50 per cent in importations over ten years ago. It is not likely that Egypt will ever become a large exporter of butter; but the home market is good, on account of the large demand by foreign visitors and of the fleets passing through the Suez canal.

Conserving Feed and Opportunity.

In Denmark everything is used to the best of advantage, and the grass in the pastures is carefully fed out systematically by tethering the cows in the fields. The tramping up of the pasture during a wet time is not permitted. Only in this way is it possible for this little country to get so much from the land that she can supply her own needs and ship to other countries millions of dollars' worth of butter, cheese, eggs and bacon yearly.

Minnesota has a little over 800 creameries

PUT KINK IN THE ASHMAN.

Young Wife With Dignity Tried to Conceal Her Ignorance.

Computer's young bride knew little about housekeeping, consequently she was afraid of her butcher, baker and candlestick maker, for she was sure they knew just how ignorant she was of household matters. She only ordered such things as she was absolutely sure of, and always ended her interviews with the tradespeople as soon as possible. She was going along with few blunders and was priding herself that she had learned a great deal in one week's experience, when the collector of ashes made his customary visit to the street, yelling, "Ash-ees! Ash-ees!" As he came nearer she became more and more perplexed, and she kept asking herself, "What is he saying?" At last he came to her back door and inquired in a husky, guttural, "Ash-ees?"

She looked at him hesitatingly for a minute, and then, drawing herself up to a dignified attitude, said, coldly:

"No, I don't think I care for any today."—New York Press.

A New Theory of Sleep.

An interesting and novel theory of sleep has recently been put forward by Dr. Clararede, a French scientist, who holds that sleep is a positive function or an instinct designed to arrest functioning. Dr. Clararede makes the assertion that we sleep not because we are intoxicated or exhausted, but in order to avoid such conditions. Not only are there various kinds and degrees of sleep, but it does not always follow exhaustion. Furthermore, it is well known that sleep is not proportional to the degree of exhaustion and it may be either total or partial. In measuring the profoundness of sleep various conditions are encountered which are not susceptible of explanation on the toxic theory, but which agree perfectly with the hypothesis that it is a positive nervous function. The definition of sleep, according to this new theory, is a reaction produced by various excitants, and is an inhibition which manifests itself subjectively by a lack of interest in exterior things.—Harper's Weekly.

No Repeater.

"Going to learn to swim this coming season?"

"Not unless we get acquainted with some new fellows."

"Why can't the boys in our set teach you?"

"Each of them has already done so."

Found at Last.

Alston, Mich., March 13th.—(Special.)—After suffering for twenty years from Rheumatism and Kidney Troubles, and spending a fortune in doctors and medicines that brought him no relief, Mr. James Culet of this place has found a complete cure for all his aches, pains and weakness, in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Naturally Mr. Culet feels much elated over his cure and gives great credit to the remedy that gave him health.

"Yes," Mr. Culet says, "my rheumatism and Kidney Troubles are all gone and I feel like a new man. Dodd's Kidney Pills did it. Before I used them I spent a small fortune on doctors and one remedy and another. I cheerfully recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to anyone suffering from Rheumatism or Kidney Trouble."

Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure sick kidneys. Healthy kidneys take all the uric acid—the cause of Rheumatism—out of the blood. That's why Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure Rheumatism.

Smart Man.

They were talking about the ignorance of grown-ups.

"I used to be a regular shark at mathematics," said the first man, "but I could not find a cube root now to save my life."

"I can," said the other. "I have a child in the high school."—Newark News.

YEAST FOAM

Raised The First Grand Prize at the St. Louis Exposition

Yeast Foam is sold by all grocers at 5c. a package—enough for 40 loaves. Send a postal for new illustrated book "Good Bread: How to Make It."

NORTHWESTERN YEAST CO. Chicago, Ill.

THE BEST WATERPROOF CLOTHING IN THE WORLD 145

BEARS THIS TRADE-MARK

TOWER'S TRADE MARK

FISH BRAND

MADE IN BLACK OR YELLOW

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES

ON SALE EVERYWHERE

CATALOGUES FREE SHOWING FULL LINE OF GARMENTS AND HATS

A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS., U.S.A.

TOWER CANADIAN CO., LTD., TORONTO, CANADA.

This Pretty Girl Saved From Catarrh of the Lungs By Pe-ru-na.

MISS FLORENCE KENAH.

Miss Florence E. Kenah, 434 Maria street, Ottawa, Ont., writes:

"A few months ago I caught a severe cold, which settled on my lungs and remained there so persistently that I became alarmed. I took medicine without benefit, until my digestive organs became upset, and my head and back began to ache severely and frequently.

"I was advised to try Peruna, and although I had little faith I felt so sick that I was ready to try anything. It brought me blessed relief at once, and I felt that I had the right medicine at last. Within three weeks I was completely restored and have enjoyed perfect health since.

"I now have the greatest faith in Peruna." Florence E. Kenah.

WOMEN SHOULD BEWARE OF CONTRACTING CATARRH.

The cold wind and rain, slush and mud of winter are especially conducive to catarrhal derangements. Few women escape.

Upon the first symptoms of catching cold Peruna should be taken. It fortifies the system against colds and catarrh.

Pe-ru-na for Colds and Catarrh.

The following interesting letter gives one young woman's experience with Peruna.

Miss Rose Gerbing, a popular society woman of Crown Point, Ind., writes:

"Recently I took a long drive in the country, and being too thinly clad I caught a bad cold which settled on my lungs, and which I could not seem to shake off. I had heard a great deal of Peruna for colds and catarrh and I bought a bottle to try. I am pleased that I did, for it brought speedy relief. It only took about two bottles, and I consider this money well spent.

"You have a firm friend in me, and I not only advise its use to my friends, but have purchased several bottles to give to those without the means to buy, and have noticed without exception that it has brought about a speedy cure wherever it has been used."—Rose Gerbing.

Pe-ru-na Contains No Narcotics.

One reason why Peruna has found permanent use in so many homes is that it contains no narcotic of any kind. Peruna is perfectly harmless. It can be used any length of time without acquiring a drug habit. Peruna does not produce temporary results. It is permanent in its effect.

It has no bad effect upon the system, and gradually eliminates catarrh by removing the cause of catarrh. There are a multitude of homes where Peruna has been used off and on for twenty years. Such a thing could not be possible if Peruna contained any drugs of a narcotic nature.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

All correspondence held strictly confidential.

Facts Are Stubborn Things

Uniform excellent quality **for over a quarter of a century** has steadily increased the sales of LION COFFEE,

The leader of all package coffees.

Lion Coffee

is now used in millions of homes. Such popular success speaks for itself. It is a **positive proof** that **LION COFFEE** has the

Confidence of the people.

The uniform quality of LION COFFEE survives all opposition.

LION COFFEE keeps its old friends and makes new ones every day.

LION
LION
FANCY RIO COFFEE
WOOLSON SPICE CO.

LION COFFEE has even more than its Strength, Flavor and Quality to commend it. On arrival from the plantation, it is carefully roasted at our factories and securely packed in 1 lb. sealed packages, and not opened again until needed for use in the home. This precludes the possibility of adulteration or contact with germs, dirt, dust, insects or unclean hands. The absolute purity of LION COFFEE is therefore guaranteed to the consumer.

Sold only in 1 lb. packages. Lion-head on every package. Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

UNITED STATES

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Importing Canadian wheat is now a fact.

Get a Free Homestead in Western Canada, or buy some of the best wheat lands on the continent, and become a producer.

The average yield of wheat this year will be about twenty bushels to the acre. The oat and barley crop will also yield abundantly. Splendid climate, good schools and churches, excellent marketing facilities.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

N W N U —NO. 11— 1905

10,000 Plants for 16c.

More gardens and farms are planted to Salzer's Seeds than any other in America. There is reason for this. We own over 5,000 acres for the production of our warranted seeds. In order to induce you to try them, we make you the following unprecedented offer:

For 16 Cents Postpaid

1000 Early, Medium and Late Cabbages,
2000 Fine Juicy Turnips,
2000 Blanching Celery,
2000 Rich Nutty Lettuce,
1000 Splendid Onions,
1000 Rare Luscious Radishes,
1000 Gloriously Brilliant Flowers.

Above seven packages contain sufficient seed to grow 10,000 plants, furnishing bushels of brilliant flowers and lots and lots of choice vegetables, together with our great catalog, telling all about Flowers, Roses, Small Fruits, etc., all for 16c in stamps and this notice. Big 140-page catalog alone, 4c.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., W.N.U. La Crosse, Wis.

W. L. DOUGLAS

UNION MADE. $3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. They are just as good as those that cost from $5.00 to $7.00. The only difference is the price. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, hold their shape better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day. W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom of each shoe. Look for it. Take no substitute. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are sold through his own retail stores in the principal cities, and by shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, W. L. Douglas shoes are within your reach.

BETTER THAN OTHER MAKES AT ANY PRICE.

"For the last three years I have worn W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoe and found it not only as good, but better than any shoe that I ever had, regardless of price." Chas. L. Farrell, Asst. Cashier The Capital National Bank, Indianapolis, Ind.

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.50 and $2.00 shoes because they fit better, hold their shape, and wear longer than other makes.

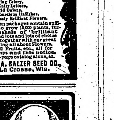
W.L.DOUGLAS $4.00 SHOES CANNOT BE EQUALLED AT ANY PRICE.

W. L. Douglas uses Corona Coltskin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is considered to be the finest patent leather produced.

FAST COLOR EYELETS WILL NOT WEAR BRASSY

W. L. Douglas has the largest shoe mail order business in the world. No trouble to get a fit by mail. 25c. extra prepays delivery. If you desire further information, *write for Illustrated Catalogue of Spring Styles.*

W.L.DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASSACHUSETTS



W. L. Douglas makes and sells more Men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

$10,000 REWARD to any one who can disprove this statement.

Free Book OF DEFORMITIES AND PARALYSIS

will be sent free, postpaid, upon request. This book is of a hundred pages, handsomely illustrated throughout and tells of an experience of over thirty years in the treatment of Crooked Feet, Spinal Deformities, Infantile Paralysis, Hip Disease, Deformed Limbs and Joints, Etc.

It tells of the only thoroughly equipped Sanitarium in this country devoted exclusively to the treatment of these conditions and how they may be cured without surgical operations, plaster paris or other severe treatment. Send for this book, and if directly interested, mention character of the affliction and special literature bearing on the subject will be sent with the book. The L. C. McLain Orthopedic Sanitarium, 3104 Pine St., St. Louis.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors silk, wool and cotton equally well and is guaranteed to give perfect results. Ask dealer or we will send post paid at 10c a package. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. *MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri*

SERIOUS SPLIT IN BEEF TRUST

INVESTIGATION IN NEW YORK PROVES THAT BREAK HAS OCCURRED.

SWIFTS WORK SECRET DEAL

MOVE TO INTERFERE WITH SCHWARZSCHILD & SULZBERGER.

WILL TURN ON THEIR RIVALS

MAY SOON BE AIDING GOVERNMENT IN FIGHT AGAINST TRUST.

New York, March 16.—That there has been a serious split in the beef trust has been confirmed by investigation in this city. The big packing firm of Schwarzschild & Sulzberger, which is included in the government's case against the combination, may soon be aiding the federal authorities in their proceedings against the trust for violation of Judge Grosscup's injunction.

Members of the firm are expected to appear before the federal grand jury and tell what they know of the alleged failure of the big four to abide by the injunction.

However friendly the relations between Schwarzschild & Sulzberger and the other great packing houses may have been, there evidently is anything but cordiality at present. A movement by Swift & Co. to interfere with the business of Schwarzschild & Sulzberger here probably had a considerable influence on the coldness which now appears to exist.

"Gum Shoe" Enterprise.

The Schwarzschild & Sulzberger company for some years has held a lease on the property formerly used by the old Butchers' Hide and Melting association, which lies between the Swift plant and the East river. So quietly that it was not discovered until too late to prevent it, Swift & Co. bought a controlling interest in the butchers' association, with the implication that when the lease to the Schwarzschild & Sulzberger company expires in 1907 it will not be renewed. As a consequence the Sshwarzschild & Sulzberger company was compelled to buy a strip of land adjoining its present plant in order to provide for the future, when the lease expires.

This was admitted yesterday by Ferdinand Sulzberger, president of the company, but he declared that after present plans are carried out his concern would be in better shape than it is now, with its plant somewhat separated.

Not In Combine.

Mr. Sulzberger declined to predict what he might do in the event of his being called as a witness before the federal grand jury which convenes in Chicago on March 20, but he was vehement in his denial that his firm has any connection, directly or indirectly, with the other great packing houses.

"The compelling of us to buy this extra land is merely another evidence that our interests are diverse," he said, "and it is a fact that for three years we have been in strong competition with Armour, Swift, Morris and Cudahy. We have increased our business 150 per cent in that time, which we could not have done if we had been working in any sort of combination with the others. We are to-day building selling depots at points where there is sharp competition with the other packing houses."

As to the outcome of the investigation, so far as his firm is concerned, Mr. Sulzberger said that there could be no doubt, as "the right must prevail when the whole truth is known."

APPLICATION WITHDRAWN.

Counsel Decides That Hock Has Nothing to Gain by Habeas Corpus.

Chicago, March 16—A writ of habeas corpus, seeking the release of Johann Hock, the multi-bigamist, was withdrawn in court yesterday. Counsel for Hock stated that the reason for the withdrawal was that there was apparently nothing to gain by the writ. Hock was present during the proceedings.

CHILE HAS DEADLY PLAGUE.

Piscagua Is Devastated by Disease — Smallpox Prevalent.

Washington, March 16.—Mr. Ames, charge at Santiago, Chile, cabled the state department yesterday as follows: "Plague has appeared at Chanareh Suspected cases occurring daily at Iquique. Continues to devastate Piscagua. Smallpox also prevalent."

JAP STUDENT IS ORATOR.

Islander Wins Place in Michigan Annual Contest.

Ann Arbor, Mich., March 16.—Kiys Sue Inui, a Japanese student at the University of Michigan, has won a place on the annual oratorical contest. Out of 100 students who spoke, Inui was one of six winners. From this number two will be chosen to represent the university in the contest of seven big Western universities.

LOSING BEER THIRST.

Saloon Patronage Falls Off and Brewery's Creditors Act.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., March 7.—Creditors of the Arnold Brewing company of this city have asked for a receiver for the concern. The liabilities, it is claimed, are about $85,000. One of the causes of the difficulty in which the company is involved is that business in the saloon trade in this part of the state has fallen off. Many dealers in beer are in straightened circumstances.

HUNGER AT ZION CITY.

Want and Privations Threaten Dowie's Colony in Illinois.

Chicago, March 16.—Want and privation are threatening to dismember Dowie's colony at Zion City. The residents of Zion are face to face with the greatest crisis they have ever known. Zion is running out of supplies, and unless help is had within a short time, serious results are likely to follow. There is not a sack of flour for sale in Zion. For nearly ten days not a pound of beef was carried into the town. The first consignment in that time arrived late last night. Potatoes, meat, sugar and other staples are fast giving out, and the residents have been forced to fall back on canned goods, beans and other fare, which is the last recourse of an army in a beleaguered city. Zion needs money. Despite the assurances given by Dowie and those high in authority that Zion's bank and finances are safe and sound, in spite of the message from Dowie, in Mexico, in which he said Zion could get credit to the extent of $21,000,000, Zion has found herself swamped and unable to purchase goods.

FREEDOM FOR NORWAY.

Independence and Separate Consular Service Will Be Insisted Upon.

Christiania, March 16. — The new premier, P. C. Michelsen, outlined the government's program in the storthing yesterday. Relative to the Sweden and Norway consular system, he said the new cabinet was formed to establish the constitutional right of Norway to a separate consular service and to preserve Norway's sovereignty as a free and independent kingdom.

"We know," he said, "that we have on our side a united storthing and a united people. The people of Norway have no greater desire than to live peacefully and on good terms with everybody, more especially with their Swedish neighbors, so that they can devote their whole strength to the development of the material resources of the country. I am firmly convinced that the united and unbending will of our people will accomplish the desired result."

OHIO RIVER FLOODED.

But Lowland Towns Hope to Escape Serious Damage.

Evansville, Ind., March 16. — The Ohio, rising rapidly because of melting snows and late rains in the upper waters, reached a stage of 36 feet yesterday, one foot past danger line here Little damage has been done, although much of farming lowland is flooded. It is expected that the crest of the rise will reach here Friday, with a maximum of 38 feet, and that the high water will pass without damage.

SURPLUS IN INAUGURAL FUND.

When Bills Are Paid $66,000 Will Be Left Over.

Washington, March 16. — At what probably will be the last meeting of the inaugural committee, Chairman Jones of the finance committee reported that after the bills are paid, amounting to about $80,000, there will be a surplus of $66,000. There were 84,000 visitors in the capital on March 4, which is 35,000 greater than the crowd at the last McKinley inauguration and 25,000 greater than at the first Cleveland inauguration.

NEVIS RAIDED BY FLAMES.

Gopher Village Loses Warehouse and Other Buildings.

Park Rapids, Minn., March 16. — Nevis has suffered a serious fire which resulted in a property loss of $10,000. The fire started in the Nevis Mercantile company's warehouse, and burned also the company's store, Grosnick's saloon building and contents and the Gleason restaurant and contents. Peter Kavanagh and family barely escaped with their lives from rooms over the store. The entire loss is estimated at $10,000; insurance, $5,000.

SIEGE IS RAISED.

Colombia Grants Amnesty to Political Offenders and Peace Is Restored.

Bogota, March 16. — Cigars, cigarettes, and all kinds of liquors, skins and matches, have been declared by the government to be sources of national income. The Colombian government has, therefore, decided to control their manufacture accordingly. The state of siege has been raised throughout the republic, and complete amnesty has been given to all political offenders, whi will shortly return to their homes.

Burglary at Long Prairie.

Long Prairie, Minn., March 16.—The business place of J. F. Orando was entered last night and about $35 secured from a small safe. Entrance was gained through a rear door, where a panel was removed. No clue as to the thief has been discovered.

Succeeds Senator Bate.

Nashville, Tenn., March 16. — The Tennessee legislature yesterday elected Gov. James B. Frazier United States senator to succeed the late Gen. W. B. Bate. The other candidates were Benton McMillin and ex-Gov. R. L. Taylor.

Assistant to Cortelyou.

Washington, March 16.—The president yesterday sent to the senate the nomination of Peter V. De Grew as fourth assistant postmaster general.

Negroes Hanged by Posse.

Selma, Ala., March 16.—Ed and Will Ptomey, negroes, who Monday shot and fatally wounded Prof. Claude Hardy, were yesterday captured by a posse of citizens. They were immediately taken to a swamp and hanged.

Woman's Awful Death.

Eldorado, Ill., March 16. — Mrs. W. H. Mosby, wife of a prominent citizen, saturated her clothing with oil last night and burned herself to death. Last week she returned from an asylum.

What the State Solons Are Doing

St. Paul, March 9. — After a lively discussion lasting nearly an hour the senate committee of the whole yesterday recommended for passage Senator O. G. Dale's bill prohibiting the sale of cigarettes or cigarette wrappers in Minnesota at retail. The vote on a motion that the bill be recommended for indefinite postponement was 20 to 26.

Minnesota is asked to arm itself with one of the weapons forged by the legislature of Kansas to combat Standard Oil by a bill introduced by Representative W. C. Fraser. The bill is a copy of the unfair competition bill offered by Senator Smith of Kansas prohibiting discrimination in prices to stifle competition, modified to meet Minnesota conditions.

Public discussion of questions of government, public policy are provided for by a bill introduced by Representative W. I. Nolan, with a view of educating the voters, and enabling them to vote more intelligently on state and local legislation or constitutional amendments that may be submitted to them for adoption.

Railroads are required to move live stock at the rate of not less than fifteen miles an hour in a bill introduced by Senator E. H. Peterson.

Attorneys are forbidden from occupying offices with or adjacent to disbarred attorneys by a bill introduced by Representative Andrew Miller.

County license inspectors in counties of more than 75,000 are authorized by a bill introduced by Representative Thomas C. Fulton.

The house can see no end of its consideration of the proposed revised laws, and a motion is likely to be made to-day fixing the time of the final vote on the code. Every chapter extensively amended by the judiciary committee has now been considered, and though there are a dozen amendments as yet not acted upon, these will probably be disposed of to-day.

St. Paul, March 10.—The Iowa distance tariff and anti-trust law, which, among other things, provides that freight rates shall be proportionate to the distance traveled, will be extended to Minnesota if a bill introduced by Senator H. Witherstine becomes a law. The Iowa law is voluminous, covering the general subject of state regulation of railroad rates. If carried out to its logical conclusion the Iowa plan would mean that the rate on any commodity from Crookston to Minneapolis would be less than from Crookston to St. Paul, on the theory that the rate should be commensurate with the distance.

Two bills relating to the taxation of inheritances were introduced by Senator George W. Somerville. One proposes an amendment to the constitution increasing the inheritance tax limit from 5 to 10 per cent. The other levies a tax on inheritances, legacies and bequests from 1 1-2 to 5 per cent, according to the value of the bequests.

The legislature of 1907 may levy a registry tax on mortgages, if a bill by Senator George W. Somerville proposing an amendment to the constitution is passed and the amendment is ratified by the people at the 1906 election

Senator D. W. Cowan introduced a bill creating a state board of horseshoers' examiners and regulating the practice of horseshoing.

A bill intended to prevent fraudulent dealings on the part of commission merchants was introduced by Senator L. O. Thorpe.

Senator A. D. Stephens introduced a bill proposing an amendment to the state constitution exempting property of the Grand Army of the Republic and personal property of veterans of the Civil was to the extent of $1,000 each from taxation.

The members of the house took the bit in their teeth yesterday and by a vote of 83 to 25 expressed their objection to the rule of the committee on rules. A resolution by the committee on public accounts and expenditures providing for the appointment of an assistant to its expert accountant was the signal for revolt. The rules committee, to which the resolution was referred, reported it back with an amendment assigning one of the house clerks, who is a stenographer, to the committee. Representative P. E. Dowling and other members of the accounts committee objected to this, and finally won out.

St. Paul, March 11.—Two new buildings are provided for at the state university by bills which will be recommended to pass by the house committee on university.

The measure by Representative B. H. Timberlake of Minneapolis appropriating for a new main building $473,000 and the $58,000 insurance received on the main building which burned, will be favorably reported.

The committee will also recommend to pass the bill by Representative M. J. O'Laughlin appropriating $50,000 for a women's building at the state university, and the measure by Representative W. H. Putnam, providing for the establishment of a teachers' college or department of pedagogy.

Bills increasing the salaries of the associate justices of the supreme court from $5,000 to $5,500 and of the district judges throughout the state from $3,500 to $4,200 were reported for passage by the senate judiciary committee.

Senator B. E. Sundberg's bill proposing an amendment to the state constitution authorizing the state auditor to levy a state hail insurance tax will be recommended for indefinite postponement by the senate judiciary committee to-day.

A civil service system for the state dairy and food department is established by a bill which the house committee on public health will Monday recommend for passage.

A new judicial district, to be known as the Nineteenth, consisting of Douglas, Wadena, Otter Tail, Clay and Becker counties, is created in a bill introduced by Senator F. H. Peterson.

Believing that many stenographers, typewriters and office employes who are graduates of business colleges are deficient in "reading, writing and arithmetic," Senator Lowell E. Jepson introduced a bill creating a state board to examine applicants for diplomas from schools of commercial law, stenography and typewriting.

A bill requiring the board of control to let contracts by public competition and providing that bids shall always be open to inspection was introduced in the senate by Senator Henry Gjertsen.

Women will not be permitted to work in retail stores more than eight hours a day or to work before 7 a. m. or after 6 p. m., except during the six days preceding Christmas, if a bill introduced by Senator Henry A. Morgan becomes a law. The bill permits women to work until 10 o'clock during the week preceding Christmas. The measure makes it a misdemeanor for the owner, superintendent or manager of a store to permit or require women to work in violation of the bill. The penalty is fixed at $10 to $100 fine.

St. Paul, March 13.—Work on house file 43, the new code, began in the state senate Saturday. The bill was given its first reading by Secretary Langum and was referred to the judiciary committee by Lieut. Gov. Jones soon after the senators assembled at 10 o'clock. The judiciary committee in the afternoon met to decide on a plan of procedure. The prevailing sentiment was in favor of referring the several chapters of the code with the house amendments to the special subcommittees appointed to consider the senate file.

Picnic parties in Southern Minnesota will not be disturbed by rattlesnakes if the members of the Minnesota house take the same view of the situation as the state senators. By a unanimous vote the senate committee of the whole recommended for passage Senator O. G. Laugen's bill offering a reward of $2 for every rattlesnake killed in the state.

Senator R. B. Brower's bill appropriating $65,000 for taking a state census next summer was recommended for passage by the senate committee of the whole without a dissenting vote.

County superintendents of schools who receive less than $1,200 a year salary are given not exceeding $250 each year for traveling expenses and for the maintenance of a team in a bill introduced by Senator Albert Schaller.

The house was not in session.

St. Paul, March 14. — A municipal dispensary system for the sale of intoxicating liquors is authorized by a bill introduced in the house, by request, by Representative J. R. Morley. The measure provides that on petition of one-third of the voters of any town or city an election shall be held at which the electors shall vote on three questions: Whether the manufacture of liquor shall be allowed; whether saloons and barrooms shall be allowed, and whether the municipality shall establish a dispensary system.

Personal service of summons and complaints in actions brought in Minnesota on persons in foreign lands is provided for by a bill introduced in the house by Representative Frank Haskell.

A state commission or commissioner to codify the laws of Minnesota relating to charity and correctional laws of Minnesota is provided for in a bill introduced by Representative H. B. Chamberlain.

A state inspector of apairies is provided for by a bill introduced in the house by Representative M. J. O'Laughlin.

The house committee on roads and bridges introduced a bill proposing a constitutional amendment to increase the maximum tax levy for the state road and bridge fund from 1-20 to 1-4 of a mill.

The governor is to appoint three delegates to the state agricultural society from each of such counties as have no agricultural associations, under a bill regulating membership in the state society, which was introduced in the house by Representative James R. Hickey.

Representative B. S. Bennett introduced a bill in the house to levy a special tax of one-fifth of a mill for two years for building and permanent equipment of the agricultural department of the state university.

Domestic animals owned by farmers are protected from hunters in a bill introduced in the house by request by Representative John A. Zelch.

The safeguarding of mines so as to furnish employes adequate protection is sought by a bill introduced in the house by representative John Saarf.

Senator L. O. Thorpe's bill, which proposes to send proprietors of blind pigs to the state prison, was passed by the senate yesterday without a dissenting vote. The measure provides that a person convicted three times in two years shall be sent to the state penitentiary for from three months to three years.

The senate passed without a dissenting vote Senator H. W. Stone's bill making mileage books transferrable.

Senator E. B. Wood's bill abolishing the office of senate fireman passed the senate yesterday by a vote of 35 to 0.

There were forty-four bills on senate general orders yesterday, of which eighteen were recommended for passage by the committee of the whole. The first bill favorably reported was one by Senator A. R. McGill appropriating $15,000 for the erection of a bust of Alexander Ramsey in the statuary hall of the national capitol.

St. Paul, March 15.—The house in committee of the whole yesterday by a unanimous vote went on record for the so-called wide open tax policy. Representative W. P. Roberts called up his amendment to the constitution, and without discussion or a single objection the measure was recommended to pass, and will to-day be finally voted on.

The regulation of demurrage charges of railways, and the furnishing of cars to shippers, and the movement of trains is placed in the hands of the railroad and warehouse commission by a bill introduced in the house by Representative W. H. Putnam.

Debts may be offset against any taxable property by a bill introduced by Representative J. M. Hetland. The present law allows debts offset against credits returned for taxation. Mr. Hetland goes further and allows them offset against any personal property returned for taxation.

Pharmacists' apprentices intending to become registered pharmacists must be examined as to their educational qualifications under a bill introduced by Representative Henry McColl.

The Anderegg bill providing for the consolidation of school districts was killed by the house by a vote of 55 to 25.

Senator Henry Gjertsen's bill raising the personal property exemption from $100 to $200 had a narrow escape in the senate yesterday. As soon as the roll call was finished the senators began to change their vote from "yes" to "no," and when Secretary Langum announced the vote there were 32 ayes and 8 nays. If one more senator had changed his vote the bill would have been defeated.

Bills providing that names of candidates for county commissioners shall appear at the head of the county ballot at the general and primary elections were introduced in the senate by Senator R. S. McNamee.

The senate passed under suspension of the rules a bill by Senator Henry A. Morgan protecting carrier pigeons from interference by other persons than the owners. It makes it a misdemeanor for any person to molest a carrier pigeon or to remove the stamp of the owner.

The house in committee of the whole by a vote of 53 to 31 killed the Perley bill, requiring school districts receiving special state aid to furnish free text books for pupils.

A state fire marshal to investigate the origin of fires in Minnesota is created by a bill introduced by John T. Rosenthal, with a view of reducing the moral hazard of fire insurance risks.

MANY TEACHERS FAIL TO PASS.

There May Be a Dearth of First Grade Teachers.

Has the standard of the Minnesota teacher advanced during the last year? is the question which some of the educators of the state are trying to determine from figures issued by the state department of instruction showing the number which passed at the recent teachers' examinations, held all over the state last month.

More than 60 per cent of the applicants taking the examination failed to pass and will have to wait another year before trying again for certificates of a higher grade. While some of the applicants taking the examination were only students, a great number of them were country school teachers who desired to get up a few notches in their profession. Only a few over 40 per cent were so fortunate.

There were 5,473 who took the examination. Of that number only 1,983 passed and 3,490 failed. There were 192 who received first-grade certificates, 868 second grade, 89 conditional firsts, 412 conditional seconds, and 422 limited seconds. The number making applications for first grade certificates was 465; second grade, 2,041; limited certificates, 2,858; renewal, 50, and exchange, 59.

History, grammar and arithmetic were the rocks upon which most of the applicants floundered, and some floundered very badly. In history, 1,452 passed and 2,155 failed, a percentage of 40.2 passed and 59.8 failed; grammar plucked 1,917 and passed 1,535, a percentage of failures of 55.6; in arithmetic 1,863 failed and 2,208 passed, which makes the percentage of failures 46.1.

There were many who failed to "make good" in reading. Of those taking the examination in this subject, 2,320 passed and 1,244 failed, making a percentage of those passing 65.1 per cent, and those failing 35.9. Spelling was little better; 1,382 failed to receive a passing average in this subject and the percentage of failures was 35.9. Penmanship was high; only 42 failed to pass, so that the percentage of failures was only 1.3.

One of the singular features about the figures issued by Supt. Olsen are those issued in the subject known as composition. In this subject 3,183 passed and only 97 failed, while in grammar, an allied subject taken by all, 1,917 failed.

The papers with corrections have been sent back to the counties and certificates will be issued to those that have passed. First-grade teachers may be scarce in Minnesota this year.

CRAZY IDEA IS DEADLY.

Windom, Minn., March 15. — Evidently believing he was sought by an enemy, and in an effort at defense, Sevat Sevason, only son of ex-Senator Sevason, killed himself yesterday morning with a shotgun. The young man had not been well since an illness he had last fall, and at times he acted queerly, often declaring some one was about to kill him. Yesterday morning the family were awakened by a report of a gun in his room and going there found him lying with his head on the floor and his feet on the bed. The gun lay near him. The charge had entered his head just above the temple, tearing a hole through it and filling the ceiling with shot.

In Minnesota.

State News of the Week Briefly Told.

The Willmar-Breckenridge high school debate will be held at Willmar on March 17, instead of at Breckenridge.

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At a meeting of the board of education of Pine Island, Supt. H. C. Bell and the entire corps of teachers were re-elected.

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Dr. Hugh Russell, aged 79 years, a veteran of the Civil war and one of the leading physicians at the Head of the Lakes, died suddenly of heart disease in Duluth.

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Fire broke out in the rear of Green's saloon at Campbell and before it was under control several of the largest buildings were in ruins, and the loss is estimated at close to $20,000.

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Henry Terrence, aged 37 years, who lived eight miles northwest of Avoca, shot himself with a shotgun, the charge entering below the lower jaw and coming out above the eye.

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An enthusiastic farmers' meeting was held at Benson under the auspices of the Farmers' club, Richard Alsaker presiding. Farmers filled the court house at the morning and afternoon sessions.

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George B. Aiton, state inspector of high schools, has been looking over the Winona high school and says it is excellently managed and well taught, and has shown steady advance in recent years.

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The board of trade has elected the following officers at Lake Crystal: President, J. C. James; vice presidents, W. H. Over and D. T. Owens; secretary, J. E. Swenson; treasurer, C. P. Christenson; directors, P. D. Neff, A. G. Parker, W. S. Hunt, R. C. Roberts and B. Wiberg.

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A young woman named Donaghue was sent to the Rochester asylum from Preston. The mother and three daughters live on one of the best farms in Pilot Mound township. Witnesses testified that members of the family had locked the demented girl for days at a time in the attic or in the cellar.

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Fire totally destroyed the saloon and buildings of Phelan & Jones at Blackduck. Loss on buildings and contents, $1,800; insurance, $600. By extreme hard work the firemen saved the remainder of the block, including the Golden West hotel. A high wind interfered greatly with the work of the department.

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Mrs. Charles Tramoe, a widow about 40 years old, was killed at Swanville by being thrown from a wagon. She had come to the local mill with a grist of feed to be ground, when her team gave a sudden start, throwing her to the ground. She struck upon her head and fell beneath the wheels, receiving injuries from which she died in three hours.

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The March meeting of the Pipestone County Ladies' institute was the best yet held. The subject was "Gardening." The subject for the April meeting will be "Poultry Raising—Incubators vs. Old Hens." Mrs. Cunningham will present the merits of the incubators and will be assisted by Mesdames Gilmere, Baxter and Morlock, while those who champion the cause of the "old hens" are Mesdames Whitehead, Pierce, Boyce, Bliss, Pease and Farmer.

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Charles Meyers pleaded guilty at Anoka and paid $25 fine and costs for selling liquor to Joseph Moore, a minor. The lad was picked up in an intoxicated condition on the road one cold, stormy night. The temperance question is being agitated as never before, and at the election it will be decided whether the city will be run on a wide-open policy or the laws be strictly enforced. Among the laws that may be enforced are Sunday observance, prohibiting football and baseball in the city limits, the curfew ordinance, sale of liquor to minors, Sunday closing of saloons, and at 11 o'clock week days.

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The annual meeting of the Freeborn County Agricultural society was held at Albert Lea. The treasurer's report showed total receipts last year of $3,865.72, while $3,859.76 was expended, leaving a balance of $5.96; but there are bills to the extent of four or five hundred dollars yet to be paid. The new officers are: President, W. A. Morin; secretary, R. J. Tweedy; treasurer, C. H. Freeman; directors, J. C. Johnson, O. A. Hammer, A. G. Brundin, E. W. Gleason, J. H. J. Seedorf. A resolution was adopted requesting the commissioners to erect a building for general exhibition purposes, the grounds and buildings being the property of the county.

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The Farmers' elevator at Little Falls was burned to the ground; loss $3,000, insurance $1,000. Eight hundred and fifty bushels of wheat were destroyed. It is thought the fire was of incendiary origin.

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Fred Lehnert was arrested at Le Sueur for cruelty to animals. He was in town with a team of high-spirited horses and one of them in particular gave him much trouble. Lehnert, it is alleged, took out his knife and slit both corners of the horse's mouth to "make him feel the bit."

CRUISER GALVESTON SAILS.

Will Go to Texas and Receive Silver Set From Citizens.

Norfolk, Va., March 11.—The new United States cruiser Galveston, recently completed and placed in commission at the Norfolk navy yard, will sail next Wednesday for Galveston, Tex., where she goes to receive a silver service to be presented by the citizens of Galveston. Upon her return the cruiser will have her "free route" trial trip over the measured course at Newport, R. I.

DAIRY INDUSTRY GROWS.

Butter Production Increases Two Million Pounds.

Advance sheets of the tenth biennial report of the dairy and food commission show a wonderful increase in the dairy industry of Minnesota during the past two years.

"Since the publication of our ninth biennial report," says Commissioner E. K. Slater, "there has been a most gratifying increase in the number of creameries and cheese factories in our state. Of the former there are 111 new and of the latter 17, which is indeed a hopeful sign for the dairy interests of Minnesota. Another increase which speaks loudly of the expansion of dairying is the fact that there were 53,384 more cows supplying milk to our creameries in 1903 than there were in 1901. The increase in the number of cows has been more than met by the increase in the output of butter in the last two years. There have been made and sold from our creameries during the last two years 2,047,215.83 more pounds of butter than in 1901."

The report shows that there are 572 co-operative creameries, and 198 independent creameries. There are 58,990 dairy patrons in the state and 433,740 dairy cows, from which 1,351,642,619 gallons of milk were furnished to creameries, making 72,266,348 pounds of butter. Minnesota creameries supplied the state with 13,769,498 pounds of butter and 53,042,101 pounds were shipped out of the state.

There are 56 private and 34 co-operative cheese factories; 66 cheddar factories and 24 sweet curd factories. The factories supplied 3,292,767 pounds of cheese to the state and 126,268 pounds were shipped out of the state. The factories received 35,113,492 pounds of milk and manufactured 3,419,035 pounds of cheese.

W. H. Williams and Julius Moersch, head of the factory inspection department, will spend several days in Duluth, starting an inspection of all the large stores and manufacturing establishments at the Head of the Lakes. The inspector for the Duluth district has not as yet begun an extensive inspection, and it is designed to give him instructions as to the kind of an inspection the department desires at the Head of the Lakes.

LOG SCHOOLS VANISH.

Cass Lake Now Has One of the Finest School Buildings in the State.

A. W. Rankin, inspector of graded schools, recently dedicated the new Cass Lake school, which is one of the finest and most modern in the state. Two years ago the vicinity had only two tumble-down schoolhouses, but the present building ranks among the best.

It is stated that the development along school lines in that district has been something short of marvelous during the past two years. Log school houses are fast being replaced by frame and stone structures.

The present state of the permanent school fund from which loans are made to the districts to erect new schools, has retarded to some degree the building of new school houses. At present there are filed with the state auditor applications for loans from this fund which aggregate more than $300,000. Most of these applications are for new school houses.

Because of the depleted condition of the fund, owing to sums loaned early in the year, it was necessary for the state auditor to send a circular letter to the school districts that no loans could be made until next June. Despite this letter the applications for loans continue to arrive, so that when the state investment board meets next June there will be a large number of applications to be passed on.

No better indication can be had, it is said, that the population of the state is fast increasing than the remarkable demand for new school houses all over the state, especially in those counties which have been but sparsely populated. Last year the total amount loaned to districts, principally for the erection of schools, was $595,576.47. In 1903 for the same purpose $499,028 was loaned. Out of these loans there are amounts loaned for ditches, but most of the money goes to the erection of schools.

REPORT OF SECRETARY OF STATE

Sends His Biennial Statement to the Legislature.

The biennial report of the secretary of state has been made to the legislature. The report contains a list of domestic and foreign corporations in the state, a list of notaries public and commissioners of deeds, a report of the inspector of illuminating oils and a statement by the state expert printer of expenditures for state printing for the biennial period ending July 31, 1904.

The incorporation fees paid into the treasury for the fiscal year 1903 amounted to $53,990; for the fiscal year 1904 the fees amounted to $45,605. Nomination fees paid by candidates for public office at the general election, 1902, amounted to $5550. Record and other official fees amounted to $4,950.45 for the biennial period.

According to the report of the state inspector of illuminating oils there was a total of 199,724 barrels of oil inspected in the state for the year ending July 31.

Schiller Joins Chink Navy.

Bridgeport, Conn., March 11.—Frederick Charles Schiller of this city, formerly of St. Paul, Minn., where he married a few months ago a grandniece of the poet, Whittier, has accepted a commission as second lieutenant in the Chinese navy.

Ice Goes Out.

Pierre, S. D., March 7.—The ice in the Missouri broke loose and went out as far as this city Saturday night. The river has fallen about two feet. The ice from here on still holds but it is rotten and may go at any time.

Library for Arcadia.

Winona, Minn., March 7.— Andrew Carnegie has offered to erect a $5,000 library building at Arcadia, across the river from here, and the offer has been accepted by the council of that city.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 25, 1905. NUMBER 36.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

The News Of the Week

In the Capital.

The president sent to the senate the nomination of Peter V. De Grew as fourth assistant postmaster general.

The sentence of dismissal in the case of Midshipman Milton W. Arrowood, who was convicted by court-martial on charges of extended absence without leave from the battleship Kearsarge, will probably be approved by the president.

The United States navy department has officially adopted the Western Union telegraphic code and copies are to be placed on all the ships of the navy. The use of this code will materially reduce the cost of the telegraphic service.

Following his usual custom, Secretary of State Hay will probably depart from Washington for a short trip, but he will not visit any of the European capitals, nor does he go in an official capacity. His object is solely to secure rest and recreation.

Accidental Happenings.

Fire at Iowa City, Iowa, damaged C. Yetter's dry goods store $78,000.

The jail two miles from Felsenthal, Ark., was destroyed by fire, cremating its only occupant, John Croasy, held for a minor offense.

During an inspection of a new blast furnace near Middlesboro, England, a gas tank exploded and H. S. Pollard, an American engineer in charge, was killed instantly.

While making a coupling at Powers, Mich., Adolph Beyers, a Chicago & Northwestern passenger brakeman, was caught between the bumpers and instantly killed. He lived at Green Bay.

Fire at Connellsville, Pa., completely destroyed the plant of the Connellsville Car and Machine company, causing a loss of $150,000, Martin Mullin, the night watchman, probably burned to death.

One workman was killed and three others were more or less seriously injured by the collapse of a floor in the two-story building occupied by the Cleveland Machine Knife factory in Cleveland.

One man, Abraham Miller, was killed and five others seriously injured by a collision which occurred between a horse car and a trolley car at the Grand and Center street crossing in New York.

Missouri Pacific passenger train No. 11, south-bound, running on the Denver & Rio Grande, collided with the Denver & Rio Grande passenger train No. 4, north-bound, at Fountain, Colo., and ten persons were injured.

Foreign.

Gen. Gonzales Valencia has renounced the vice presidency of Colombia. The prospects are bright for President Reyes' government.

A fire at Kharkoff, Russia, supposed to be of incendiary origin, destroyed shops to the value of $500,000. Nine persons were severely injured.

Dowager Empress Marie Foedorovna of Russia will soon leave St. Petersburg for Denmark at the urgent request of King Christian, her father.

A sealing fleet of twenty-two steamers, carrying 3,800 men, sailed from St. John, N. F., for its annual hunt for fur seals among the ice floes along the coast.

According to a semi-official statement given out at Schwerin, the marriage of Crown Prince Frederick William and Duchess Cecilia will take place in Berlin on June 6.

An automobile in which President Palma of Cuba was riding ran over and killed a Spanish boy. The youngster ran between a street car and the auto and was run down.

The newspapers at Madrid energetically oppose the government's proposal to give Gen. Weyler a pension of $2,000 and the Grand Cross of the Order of San Fernandino in recognition of his services as governor general of Cuba.

The London Times' Russian correspondent states that a batch of eight submarine boats of the latest American type have just been laid down at a secluded spot at Sevastopol and are being built by skilled American workmen.

The correspondent at St. Petersburg of the Echo de Paris states that he learns that the French and Russian financial agents have been unable to agree regarding the proposed Russian loan, whose issue in consequence has been postponed.

Fire in the extensive coal and wood cellars under a wing of the new palace at Pottsdam was extinguished only after six hours' work by the Potsdam fire department. Two firemen were severely burned. The imperial family was in Berlin at the time of the fire.

President Castro of Venezuela is said to have mounted a number of French guns at Porto Cabello and La Guaira within the last six weeks. Venezuelan exiles in the island of Curacoa are hoping the United States will make war on Venezuela so they can return to their country.

Emperor Francis Joseph has sent a letter to Count Welsersheimb, the retiring Austrian minister of finance, thanking him for his twenty-five years' of faithful service. The new minister of finance, Herr Schoenaich, will enter upon the duties of the office at once.

Crimes and Criminals.

Robbers blew open the safe of the Renfrow bank at Renfrow, Okla., and escaped with $3,500 in cash. An armed posse is in pursuit.

Julius Stevens, a negro imprisoned in the jail at Long View., Tex., charged with assault upon Carl Anderson, was yesterday shot to death in his cell by a mob.

Mrs. Bertha Berck of Bloomington tied her ten-year-old son to a rope and drowned him in a cistern, where the body was found by Mr. Berck on his return home.

Miles Willis, a director of the Kane County National bank, shot himself in the head at Elburn, Ill., dying instantly. Despondency over ill health is assigned as the cause.

In a room filled with gas in the Queen's hotel in Chicago, a man was found dead and a woman unconscious. The police believe that a double suicide had been planned.

Sixteen prisoners made a desperate dash for liberty from the county jail at Hot Springs, Ark. One of them, Silas Lowe, was shot dead, and another, Dick Hastings, escaped.

The jury at Helena, Mont., after having been out nineteen hours, returned a verdict of not guilty in the case of E. C. Christie, who was accused of a sensational holdup there last July.

Ed and Will Ptomey, negroes, who shot and fatally wounded Prof. Claude Hardy at Selma, Ala., were captured by a posse of citizens. They were immediately taken to a swamp and hanged.

After writing letters to the coroner making provision for his cremation, Gustave Jacobi, 48 years old, a tobacco expert, turned on the gas in his room in New York and was found dead in the morning.

Thieves blew the safe in the Bank of Benton, Ky., and got away with $4,000, during the night. The robbery was not discovered until the bank opened for the day. The robbers are supposed to have numbered four.

The vault of the Genoa Banking company of Genoa, Ohio, was blown by three unknown men, who escaped in a stolen buggy and later on a hand car. A posse of citizens is in pursuit. All surrounding sheriffs have been notified. The thieves are reported to have secured $2,000 in cash and $50,000 in negotiable paper.

The Rev. Dr. John Watson (Ian MacLaren) has resigned the pastorship of the Sefton Park Presbyterian church, Liverpool. In his farewell address Dr. Watson said he is worn out and can not go on. He never has been strong, he says, and had to do his work with hindrances from bodily weariness, and now his strength is nearly exhausted.

Joseph Steffel, who has been on trial for two weeks at Milwaukee, charged with the murder of Hans Tritchler, an East Water street saloonkeeper, was acquitted by a jury in Judge Brazee's court. Trichtler was murdered in his place of business Dec. 30. There was nothing but circumstantial evidence introduced, and the jury brought in a verdict after several hours' deliberation.

Otherwise.

Over 1,000 pupils were sent home from school at Lima, Ohio, for not complying with the vaccination order of the board of health.

A force of men armed with shotguns compelled a gang of workmen laying pipes through a farm near Ottawa, Kan., for a natural gas company, to stop.

A splendid diamond brooch, containing stones weighing 23 carats and valued at $15,000, which was lost by Mrs. T. Edwin of New York, has been recovered.

Promoters of a lobster trust, which plans to control that industry in Maine and the maritime provinces, say the combination soon will be completely organized.

Mrs. Mary Maloney of Onalaska, Wis., aged 100 years, died in St. Francis' hospital in La Crosse. She had been a resident of La Crosse county for upwards of fifty years.

Nelson Wellington Hodge, the first school teacher of Frances Willard, is dead at Harland, Wis., after a week's illness of the grip. He was the last of Oberlin class of 1838. He was 91 years old.

Harry Davis, a Kankakee, Ill., business man who is a candidate for the nomination for town collector, offers to donate $50 to each of the sixteen churches of the city in the event of his nomination and election.

Marshal Voetsch, under special instructions from the Houghton, Mich., board of health, is killing all dogs that act strangely. Seven were killed in one day. Dumb rabies are said by the board of health to be prevalent at Houghton, Calumet and several other points in the copper district, hence the canine depopulation.

A harmless crank was arrested in front of the store of John Wanamaker in Philadelphia while loudly proclaiming to passers by his intention of killing the former postmaster general. The man was sent to the insane ward of the Philadelphia hospital.

Mrs. Shaw, wife of Secretary of the Treasury Shaw, was operated on in Baltimore for a serious ailment at Dr. Howard Kelly's private sanitarium. The operation was performed by Dr. Kelly and was reported to be successful. Secretary Shaw was present in the sanitarium during the operation.

RUSSO-JAPANESE WAR

KUROPATKIN IS AGAIN AT FRONT

VOLUNTEERS TO REMAIN IN ANY CAPACITY UNDER OLD ENEMY.

EMPEROR ACCEPTS TENDER

LEAVES HARBIN AMIDST MOST REMARKABLE FAREWELL FROM RESIDENTS.

St. Petersburg, March 23.—2:20 a. m.—The Russian army in Manchuria is still to have the services of Gen. Kuropatkin, who is considered by many, in spite of his series of reverses, the best general and foremost strategist of the Russian army.

Sinking all feeling of personal bitterness because of his supercession and all the old-time enmity between himself and Gen. Linevitch in a patriotic desire to be of service to the fatherland, the former commander-in-chief volunteered to remain in any capacity with the army which he had so long commanded. The tender has been accepted by Emperor Nicholas and gratefully received by the new leader of the grand army.

The change exactly reverses the old order of affairs, when Kuropatkin was the supreme leader and Linevitch directed the first army.

Authoritative news of this remarkable step was known in Manchuria much earlier than in St. Petersburg. Gen. Kuropatkin, having paused on his homeward journey at Harbin, started southward the afternoon of March 20, amidst a

Most Remarkable Farewell

from residents of Harbin and soldiers who are on the way to fill out the ranks of the depleted army

The send-off was a mere foretaste of what awaits Gen. Kuropatkin at the front; and his self-sacrificing determination and the equally patriotic course of Gen. Linevitch in accepting the services tendered are bound to do wonders for the reinspiration of the emperor's legions, and they give promise of union and harmony at the council table which that army has hitherto lacked.

Rusians Are Still Hiking.

St. Petersburg, March 22.—The latest dispatches from Manchuria indicate that the retreat of the Russian army is being conducted uneventfully. The last few days were unmarked by any fighting of a serious nature. Both the Russians and the Japanese at this stage are probably considering that marching is more important than fighting. The Russians, however, are neglecting no precaution to impede pursuit and hamper the construction of permanent Japanese lines of supply.

According to an Associated Press dispatch from Gunshu pass, the appointment of Gen. Linevitch has made a good impression with the army, the new commander enjoying the affection and confidence of the troops almost in the same measure as Gen. Kuropatkin. Both are fighters and not carpet knights.

Urge Czar to Move for Peace.

St. Petersburg, March 21. — While Emperor Nicholas, whose word is final, still declines to abandon the prosecution of the war, and the government maintains its ability to continue the conflict, the Associated Press is in a position to state that powerful influences, including several of the emperor's own ministers, are now strongly urging that the time has come to indicate to Japan Russia's desire for peace upon a reasonable basis. Should Japan then attempt to impose too onerous conditions, these influences argue that in view of the universal wish to see the bloody conflict ended, Russia's position will be strengthened abroad by the by the alienation of sympathy from Japan and the situation at home improved when the nation is made to understand that the emperor's pacific proposals have been met with impossible terms.

Japs in Hot Pursuit.

Gunshu Pass (About 165 miles north of Mukden), March 21. — The First army, which has been covering the retreat of the Russian forces from the south, is withdrawing slowly, checking comparatively light attacks by the Japanese. The Japanese are conducting a flanking operation on the right, and from the Russian column Japanese batteries are vicible keeping pace a short distance away.

Still on the Run.

With the Japanese Army in the Field, via Fusan, March 21.—The Russian army continues its northern retreat, the Japanese following. The Japanese have occupied Gakoman, to the northwest of Tie Pass. Yesterday evening the Russian's cavalry camped three miles south of Kaiyuen. Large Russian columns are retreating toward this place from the southwest. The natives report that they are not stopping there, where the hills make a defense possible. If the retreat is forced, it probably will continue to Harbin. The Russians are reported as being badly disorganized.

Kuropatkin Ordered Home.

With the Japanese hanging on the heels and flanks of the remnants of the broken and defeated Russian army, Gen. Kuropatkin, the old idol of the private soldier, has been dismissed and disgraced.

Gen. Linevitch, commander of the First army, is appointed to succeed him in command of all the Russian land and sea forces operating against Japan.

The word disgrace is written in large letters in the laconic imperial order gazetting the change. The order contains not a single word of praise and also disposes of the rumor that Kuropatkin asked to be relieved.

The Russian military annals contain no more bitter imperial rebuke.

Russians Anxious About Army.

Decided anxiety is felt here regarding the fate of the army in Manchuria under its new commander, no news of military developments the last two days having been received. The only dispatches from the front are the brief announcements yesterday that Gen. Linevitch had assumed command and that Gen. Kuropatkin was departing for St. Petersburg and the Associated Press Changtufu dispatch filed the morning of March 16 and written at the station of Kaiyuan, which was then held by the Russians. In this correspondent's opinion no pause in the Japanese advance is probable for some time. The Russians

Are Losing Heavily

in the rear guard actions, and Japanese columns are reported to be pushing northward as fast as possible to complete the envelopment of the Russian forces. Gen. Linevitch, however, will have a considerable accession of fresh troops in a day or two, the Fourth European corps being now at Harbin and departing southward. Military officials here declare that there are now 268,000 men at Gen. Linevitch's disposal in Manchuria, and it is believed that this force will be sufficient to cause the Japanese to exercise greater caution in their pursuit.

Although Gen. Kuropatkin's downfall was inevitable from the military standpoint, nevertheless

It Arouses Sympathy

in circles familiar with the long campaign that has been waged against him by the general staff.

Gen. Linevitch is distinctively a line officer, with a long record as a fighter. He is almost as cordially disliked by the general staff as is his predecessor, and there also is bad blood between Kuropatkin and Linevitch dating from a personal quarrel in the days when Kuropatkin was commander in the trans-Baikal army, which led Linevitch to demand satisfaction. Kuropatkin assumed the position that he could not fight an officer of inferior rank. The succession of this officer will naturally increase Gen. Kuropatkin's discomfiture.

Jap Column Is Repulsed.

Meager reports have been received from a Russian source of a fight eight miles south of Tie pass between a Russian force under Gen. Mistchenko and a Japanese column, the identity of which is unknown. The Japanese were repulsed, it is said, with a loss of 1,000 killed.

The rumor that after the evacuation of Mukden eighty foreigners, including an American newspaper correspondent, had been murdered by Chinese is discredited by the fact that the correspondent in question, Richard H. Little, of the Chicago Daily News, reported to his paper on March 14 that he had been captured by the Japanese and was leaving Yinkow for Kobe.

A steamer arriving at Singapore reports having passed a squadron of twenty-two Japanese warships about twenty miles east of the entrance to the Straits of Malacca. Two Japanese cruisers and two auxiliary cruisers previously arrived at Singapore. Presumably these vessels are on the way westward in search of the Russian second Pacific squadron, last reported in Madagascar waters.

LEAVING THEIR HOMES.

Reservoir Threatens to Break and Drown People of Pennsylvania Town.

Latrobe, Pa., March 22.—The large reservoir at Chestnut Ridge is said to be on the point of collapsing as the result of heavy rains during the past twenty-four hours. The residents of Baggaley, a mining village near here, are leaving their homes and moving their valuables to a place of safety. The village of Lycippus was vacated yesterday.

FELL UPON A FORK.

Brain of Iowa Farmer Boy Pierced by Tine of Stable Tool.

Iowa Falls, Iowa, March 22.—Geskee Tjarkes, the nine-year-old son of Aaron Tjarkes, a farmer living in Ellis township, was instantly killed last evening while doing chores. He slid down from a hay mow into a manger, his head striking an upright pitchfork, one tine penetrating his left cheek, and passing back of the right eye, piercing his brain.

PEACE PARTY GAINS POWER

URGING CZAR TO INDICATE TO JAPAN WILLINGNESS TO END WAR.

ON A REASONABLE BASIS

ACTUAL PACIFIC PROPOSAL MAY BE MADE IN A FEW DAYS.

KAISER ALSO ADDS HIS VOICE

FRENCH INFLUENCES FAVORING PEACE SUPPORTED BY GERMAN EMPEROR.

St. Petersburg, March 23. — The party within the government which is urging the emperor to indicate to Japan Russia's willingness to end the war if a reasonable basis can be reached, as related in these dispatches of March 20, has been greatly encouraged the last few days, and an actual pacific proposal may be just ahead.

The subject has occupied much of the attention of the conferences at Tsarskoe Selo, certain grand dukes, supported by Gen. Sakharoff, the minister of war; Admiral Avellan, the head of the admiralty, and what is known as the war party, are still bitterly opposed to the idea of peace under present circumstances; but with the exception of the ministers of war and marine, the emperor's ministers of war and marine the emperor's ministers, backed by M. Witte,

Solidly Favor This Course,

and the convincing arguments they offer are telling. French influences in the same direction are now being supported by German opinion. The rumor noted by the Associated Press last week that Emperor William had tendered his good offices now seems to be confirmed. The Associated Press is in a position to assert, however, that if Emperor Nicholas decides to approach Japan it will be through France, and that negotiations will be conducted either between M. Delcasse, the French foreign minister, and Dr. Mononto, the Japanese minister at Paris, or M. Harmand, the French minister to Japan, and Count Katsura, the Japanese premier at Tokio.

The Russian government now feels certain that Japan will not make the first move nor

Disclose Her Position

until overtures are made authoritatively in the Russian emperor's name, on the ground that he alone is capable of binding Russia. It is quite possible that Japan's attitude in this regard has been exposed through unofficial attempts to ascertain terms.

In the conferences concerning the question whether Russia should now indicate her willingness for peace all agreed, firstly, that preparations to continue the war shall not be relaxed, and, secondly, to reject humiliating terms. There would probably be two points on which Russia would be found implacable, namely, cession of territory and indemnity, to neither of which, it is said, would Emperor Nicholas ever agree. It is pointed out, however, that if Japan seriously desires enduring peace on collateral questions Russia might be ready to offer liberal compensatory considerations.

GIVE RUSSIANS RESPITE.

Japanese Appear to Have Let Up in Their Persistent Pursuit.

Gunshu Pass, March 23.—The Japanese appear to have given the Russians a temporary respite from pursuit, probably for the purpose of reforming their forces as they did after the pursuit of the Russians north from Liao-yang. The Russian front runs southeast by northwest, with the Russian right much nearer the railroad than the left, while the Japanese position follows a line intersecting Kaiyuan.

The impression here is that the Japanese eastern army is marching on Kirin, while the western army is continuing north between the Mongolian border and the railway, with the main line from Harbin westward its objective; but a period of inactivity is the likeliest outcome after the great exertions of the Japanese on the Shakhe, at Mukden and at Tie Pass.

BOMB VICTIMS DIE IN AGONY.

Three Victims of the Warsaw Explosion Reported Dying.

Warsaw, March 23. — Three of the soldiers wounded by the explosion of a bomb thrown from a window in Volsk street into the midst of a patrol are reported to be dying. Clothing and buttons were forced into their bodies. No arrests have yet been made.

PLAN JUNCTURE OF FLEETS.

Rojestvensky Will Attempt to Join Nebogatoff.

St. Petersburg, March 23.—At the admiralty it is strongly intimated that Admiral Rojestvensky will effect a juncture with Admiral Nebogatoff within ten days and then proceed to meet Admiral Togo. The third division of the Russian second Pacific squadron, commanded by Rear Admiral Nebagatoff, left Suda bay, Island of Crete, yesterday for Port Said.

WHITEMAN'S STORY TOLD.

Defense Rests Its Case in Grand Larceny Trial.

Buffalo, N. Y., March 23.—When the criminal court convened yesterday, counsel for the defense in the case of Alonzo J. Whiteman, charged with grand larceny, announced that the defense rested its case. The state called several witnesses in rebuttal, after which they announced their case closed. Attorney Dolson, for the defense, moved a dismissal of the case on various grounds. The motion was denied and Attorney Dolson took an exception and began summing up the case. When he had concluded, Assistant District Attorney Abbott addressed the jury. He was followed by Justice White with his charge, after which the case was given to the jury.

GOLD VEIN IS RICH.

Pepin Prospector's Strike Said to Assay High.

Pepin, Wis., March 23. — George Dohlforth of Pepin has been digging and experimenting for gold near here and has struck a vein of rock at a depth of twenty-three feet below the surface. The top of the vein assayed $15 in gold and $42 in silver; the lower layer $20 in gold and 50 cents in silver. Before striking the vein of rock the prospector found a single rock which locked like solid iron, and assayed as high as $388.50 gold and silver per ton. All but the last assays were made by by N. Lehnan of St. Paul, and the last assay was made by A. Vogeli of Fountain City, Wis.

ROBBING UNCLE SAM.

Three Burglaries in Three Days Cause Sleuths to Be Called.

Des Moines, Iowa, March 23.—With the robbery early yesterday of Substation No. 4, the third postoffice to be robbed in as many days, the postal authorities have become convinced that a "system" is being worked here, and United States secret service men will be sent for. The last robbery was accomplished by breaking open the safe where stamps and cash were kept. A small amount was secured. The robberies were committed in a similar manner, indicating that the same gang is doing the work.

STOLE STANDARD OIL BONDS.

Man Recently Sent to Prison Says He Has Them Planted.

La Crosse, Wis., March 23. — William Ryan, who was sent to Waupun penitentiary from La Crosse for five years for burglary last week, is found to have stolen Standard Oil bonds worth $100,000 from a Winona banker shortly before his arrest here. Half of the bonds were found on Ryan when arrested and the others are said to be planted where they cannot be found by the authorities. When taken to Waupun Ryan told the police the rest of the bonds would never be found until he produced them and was paid his price.

SPEND MILLIONS AT PORT.

Iron Company to Build Docks and Furnaces in Canadian City.

Duluth, March 23. — The Atikokan Iron company, of which D. D. Mann of the Canadian Northern is president, has completed organization for the purpose of developing the iron ore range north of Port Arthur and will expend $2,000,000 in furnaces, coke ovens and coal docks at Port Arthur during the next twelve months. The company already has shown up 5,000,000 tons of Gogebic ore on its holdings, which are situated 100 miles north of Port Arthur, and it controls fifteen miles of the range.

BEATEN BY FOOTPADS.

Victim's companion Nabbed on Suspicion of Having Lured.

Park Rapids, Minn., March 23.—Bob King of Fargo, a lumberman, was severely beaten and robbed of about $40 lanst night by footpads. He was invited to spend the night with Judd Doran, and two men stepped from behind some brush and attacked King with clubs. Doran escaped, but he has been arrested on suspicion of being an accomplice. King is now at a sanitarium. No clue as to his assailants has been discovered.

SAY HE STOLE LAUNDRY RIG.

Charles Miller Is Arrested for Alleged Theft in Flour City.

Delano, Minn., March 23.—Charles Miller, aged sixteen years, was arrested here yesterday on a charge of horse stealing. It is alleged he stole a horse and rig Monday from the Globe Laundry company in Minneapolis, drove to Chaska, Minn., and sold the rig there, arriving here Tuesday night. The marshal was notified and took Miller in charge. Detective Neary came from Minneapolis and took the prisoner in charge.

Kills Half-Brother.

Des Moines, Iowa, March 23.—As a result of a quarrel over land James Blee shot and instantly killed Isaac Satler, a half-brother, at Swan, Iowa, yesterday. The top of Satler's head was blown off. Blee is under arrest.

Boy Guilty of Manslaughter.

Janesville, Wis., March 24. — John Condon, fifteen years old, yesterday was found guilty of manslaughter in the fourth degree. He killed a thirteen-year-old companion, George Griffith a year ago.

HANDLE THEIR OWN PRODUCE

MINNESOTA FARMERS EXCHANGE HOLDS ITS FIRST ANNUAL MEETING.

ADDRESSED BY THE GOVERNOR

EXCHANGE OWNS TWO ELEVATORS AND CONTROLS THIRTY-THREE OTHERS.

THE DIRECTORS ARE ELECTED

WILL HANDLE OTHER FARM PRODUCTS BESIDES GRAIN THIS YEAR.

St. Paul, March 23.—The first annual meeting of the Minnesota Farmers' exchange was held yesterday at the old state capitol. George Case of St. Peter was elected temporary chairman. The farmers' exchange is a company incorporated a year ago by the farmers of the state for the purpose of establishing headquarters at the terminals to handle the grain and other provisions of the farmers of the state. It is capitalized at $500,000 and the shares already sold are held by about 600 farmers throughout the state and also by the farmers' elevators and other co-operative companies.

The exchange owns two elevators, one at Pettis and one at Elmo, and is connected with thirty-three elevators owned by farmers' companies.

The exchange handles other farm products besides grain. The officers are: President, H. C. Block, Maino Prairie; vice president, Elias Steenerson, Crookston; treasurer, W. S. Weathersline, West Concord; secretary, J. S. McDonald, Rush City.

After the meeting had been called to order and committees on credentials and resolutions appointed, those present were addressed by Gov. J. A. Johnson, who welcomed them to the capital city. He spoke of the good to come from getting together and the great work that the exchange may do. He said he approved of the objects of the association and assured the members that when the board of grain appeals is appointed he will select men who will give justice to all concerned.

Changes in By-Laws.

The delegates adopted the committee's recommendations that the bylaws be amended so as to allow directors outside the state; to allow the exchange to commence business when $10,000 stock had been subscribed, and to distribute the profits over 8 per cent, paid to the stockholders in proportion to the amount of business they bring the exchange.

The report of Secretary McDonald recited the history of the exchange and the objects of its formation. He stated that at the places where elevators had been built the price of grain had been increased from 5 cents to 3 cents per bushel. The exchange has handled 300 cars of grain and has assets amounting to $14,000. Besides the two elevators owned by the exchange, nineteen Dakota elevators and fourteen in Minnesota have a membership.

He urged the farmers to get down to business. He had no time for the man who kicks on the line elevators, the beef trust or any other organization when, if they desire, they can take hold and do the business themselves. He compared the farmers of the present to the colonists oppressed by England, and hoped that the farmers of to-day will throw off the yoke of the trusts as their forefathers had thrown off the yoke of England. He predicted the time when the exchange will handle all the grain in the Northwest and be the greatest power in the country.

Directors Chosen.

Nine directors were elected, three to serve three years, O. G. Major of Hope, N. D.; J. S. MacDonald of Rush City and H. C. Block; three for two years, M. S. Blair of Emerado, N. D.; George E. Case of St. Peter and F. L. Volk of St. Peter; three for one year, W. Schultze, Valley City, N. D.; J. J. Furlong of Austin and W. S. Weatherstine of West Concord. The directors will meet at Minneapolis this morning to elect their officers and make plans for the year.

Several speeches were made before the adjournment as to what would and should be done. The exchange will get a membership in the Minneapolis chamber of commerce and will also establish an office in Duluth. It is the intention to establish terminal elevators and cleaning houses as soon as enough stock is sold.

STANDARD BACKING JAPAN.

Story Circulating That Oil Company Has Advanced Mikado $100,000,000.

St. Petersburg, March 23. — In the Novoe Vremya is published a sensational story to the effect that the United States is urging Japan to make the hardest terms possible with Russia. It says that the Standard Oil company has advanced a loan of $100,000,000 to the mikado on the security of the oil wells in Sakhalin island, which belongs to Russia and has not yet been captured by the Japanese.

The Spectator.

ST. HILAIRE, - - - MINNESOTA.

The occupation in life of some people is to badger the busy.

Russian students seem to have an exciting substitute for the American cane rush.

The New Orleans States asks, "Are we paupers?" No, but some of us are newspaper men.

The Philadelphians are the champion optimists. They have taken to praying for their mayor.

Somebody ought to ask Dr. Osler now how long he thinks a woman ought to be allowed to live.

A German count has eloped with a shop girl. This looks like a direct insult to American heiresses.

According to a French expert, laughing will cure dyspepsia. Comic papers will please make a note.

Dr. Osler may observe that there is no lack of youthful vim in the way the sexagenarians are getting back at him.

Rockefeller is going to build a new million dollar home. But will he take a million dollars' worth of comfort in it?

The bureaucrats may have put out this story about the strike of the servant girls just to get American sympathy.

The courts have notified John R. Platt that there is nothing in the law to prevent a man making a fool of himself.

John L. Sullivan may, as reported, have lost his voice, but he is still able to knock audibly on the table for what he wants.

Heirs of that Brooklyn beggar who died leaving $400,000 are manifesting a warm but belated interest in their poor relation.

Some of the London papers are just now discussing the great American newspaper "scare-head." They would better imitate them.

The nitroglycerin trust seems to have been organizing successfully, but it would appear to be in danger of going up at any moment.

Venezuela has suspended the duty on beans and Boston is earnestly in favor of the widest possible extension of the reciprocity principle.

Russell Sage says he saves one-fourth of his income. Rigid economy like this is what has kept the wolf from Uncle Russell's door all these years.

This seems to be an appropriate time to mention the fact that the late Dr. Keeley's specific for the grip was asafoetida pills. Still, if you prefer the grip——

Man is an eccentric creature. If green were the color of the ordinary carnation probably some horticulturist would be sitting up nights trying to evolve a pink one.

A forger who was caught last week long escaped detention because he had a clean shave. Some other offenders ought to take the tip and try the effect of a clean wash.

That French editor who plainly sees the United States in the act of seizing the French West Indies should not vent his rage on us. This country does not export any absinthe.

The woman forger is getting to be quite numerous and frequent. It is another instance of the feminine invasion of an occupation almost entirely monopolized by men hitherto.

Prof. Loeb is able now to hatch sea urchins from unfertilized eggs, but if he wants to cause real excitement let him drop the sea urchins and find out how to get gold without a gold mine.

Judge Andara asks the United States to pay no further attention to Venezuelan affairs until the next revolution is begun and ended down there. The request seems to involve no serious delay.

Henry Tollemache, M. P., has represented a Cheshire district for twenty-four years and has never made a speech. We commend his example to ——— ———, M. C., ——— ———, M. C. and ——— ———, M. C.

Mrs. Dwyer of Belvidere, N. J., died of the shock when notified that she had fallen heir to $75,000. Such shocks are risky, but there are plenty of people who would be willing to take chances with them.

The juice of the ink plant of Colombia can be used without any preparation for writing purposes. Thus does thoughtful nature provide practically the entire equipment of the Colombian army at no expense to the state.

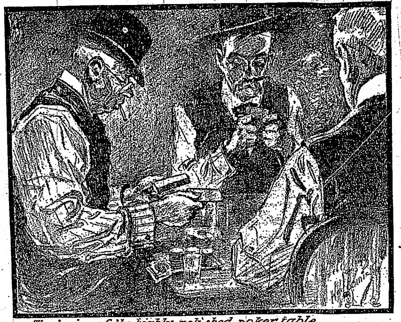
Microbes live a month on paper money and a day on silver. We are not told how long they live on a gold coin, but the average man doubtless squeezes it so hard when he gets one that the accompanying microbe is lucky if it manages to live a minute.

It is said that New York was recently frightened pretty much out of its boots by the sudden appearance in that town of a wild owl. Strange that so small a "critter" should have frightened a town that has become familiar with Tammany tigers, Wall street bears and all round town bulls.

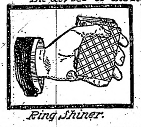
Dr. James P. Lynch declares that one-half of the civilized world will be insane five hundred years hence. The doctor appears to be just five centuries ahead of the rest of the civilized world. He is still at large.

How Professional Gamblers Win

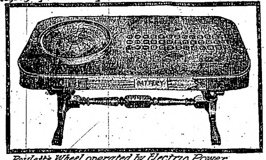
Mechanical and Electrical Devices for Robbing Players



The device of the highly polished poker table.



Ring Shiner.



Roulette Wheel operated by Electric Power.

Professional gambling from a business standpoint is, considering the outlay, perhaps the most profitable occupation in the world. The initial expense, however, is great. The equipment of a first class house with fine paraphernalia means an expenditure of thousands of dollars and a continual expense amounting to several hundred dollars daily. The various items to be considered are the expenses of rent, wages, light and supplies, besides the well stocked buffet and the fine lunches served free to their patrons by the best houses.

An intelligent business man who stops to consider the problem for a moment must realize that this outlay could not possibly be met with the percentage of play on an equal basis and that the only possible solution of the problem must be that the banker or operator must have complete control of the game at all times, thereby insuring protection and profit to the house. To accomplish this, expert mechanics and electricians are employed to perfect and manufacture skilful devices that are noiseless and invisible in their operation and so constructed that they are impossible of detection. From years of careful study at home and abroad it has been proven conclusively that no game of chance exists that cannot by electrical or mechanical power be made to answer the control of the operator at will.

Roulette, supposed to be a machine impossible to control—in connection with which, in fact, control is supposed to be unnecessary, as the percentage is largely in favor of the house—is played heavily and in preference to any other on account of this supposition. But such is not the case, as high grade wheels are equipped with electrical and mechanical devices controlling the ball at any particular point.

In games of chance using dice particular attention is given to details, as these game are known to the average player to sometimes be fixed, and he has the privilege of inspection at any time or to call for new dice. Loaded dice are manufactured to any desired combination, and by boring, weighing and by filling in with heated composition appear natural in weight, roll and appearance, and even celluloid dice, which are transparent, bear close scrutiny without detection.

Poker is a game that offers unlimited opportunity for the use of various devices and methods of manipulation; in fact, they are too numerous to mention. By the following means the gambler artfully controls the cards and is in a position to invariably win from his opponents:

The sleeve holdout is made of a haircloth slideway about the same size as a deck of cards, with its narrow sides laid in fine pleated folds, so that it will lie flat or expand. This is sewed in the sleeve of the coat or shirt and reaches from the cuff to the elbow joint. One of the wide sides is sewn to the near end of the sleeve, the opposite wide side is sewn or pasted to the cuff, both ends being open. At the elbow a strap fits around the arm, to which is attached a metal tube that reaches down to the near end of the sleeve, with a pulley attached to the end. A short, wide elastic is also fastened to the strap and to the elastic is fastened a metal clamp that holds the cards.

A cord is attached to this clamp, which runs down and over the pulley, then back to the elbow through the metal tube, thence to the shoulder, through the clothing to the body and thence down the loop at the heel with a hook attached to the end. The cord passes through a flexible tube from the elbow to the ankle. This tube will bend easily, but not flatten, and is attached to the clothing with string ties to keep it in line with the body. Its use is to prevent the cord from binding or sticking.

To work this holdout the hook at the end of the cord is fastened to the loop of the shoe on the opposite foot; when the feet are spread apart this causes the cord to draw the clamp referred to down through the slideway and to near the end of the sleeve. Any cards that are in it will reach into the palm of the hand, where they can be taken out or placed back into the clamp. By drawing the feet close together again it causes the cord to relax, and the elastic referred to will draw the clamp and any cards it contains back up the slideway to its place near the elbow.

Shiners are various forms of reflectors and are used to see the cards as they are dealt out by the dealer. They are made in many ways, the wet shiner being the simplest, the gambler spilling a little wine from his glass upon the surface of the polished table. The light shining from a certain angle produces a reflection and he can thus see what cards are being dealt his opponents as he passes them over the spot which reflects the faces. The poker chip shiner is a convex reflector set in a poker chip, over which he passes the cards in dealing, and when not in use or when in danger of exposure he will stack other chips on top of it.

The finger ring shiner is composed of a half inch or smaller convex reflector setting of a ring; this is worn on the little finger of the left hand, and by turning the setting to the inside of the hand it is possible to read the index of the cards as they are dealt. The palm shiner is a small device with a reflector fitting on the ball of the little finger of the left hand, and is used in the same way as the ring shiner. Mica is sometimes used as a reflector, and being thin can be bent or curled up easily without breaking. It is also preferred, as it makes no noise, as glass would if struck by accident.

The table shiner is made by covering the top of a table with various chemicals such as are used in the manufacture of mirrors. By the use of shellac, alcohol, silver solution and silicate of soda (liquid glass) it takes on a brilliant polish, but is invisible, except to a person wearing eye-glasses focused to a distance of one to three feet and of a lighter or clearer color than the atmosphere through which the person is looking. A gambler will fix the entire top of a table with this solution and readily and easily tell every card as it is dealt.

Marked cards are made in various ways and are nearly always used by the professional gambler. Magnifying spectacles are sometimes used where the markings are so fine that they are invisible to the naked eye at a distance, and in some the lenses are so powerful that they bring a card three feet away close up to the vision of the eye. Cards are also sometimes marked in various ways on the edges by inks, and often by shaving or cutting down to a fraction that is barely perceptible, this method especially for the higher cards, as the four aces, kings and queens.

The advantages of playing with marked cards are numerous, and a skillful player can tell immediately the cards his opponents discard, draw and finally hold, and at a favorable opportunity fill his own hand with cards suitable to outplay any other against him. Ringing in or switching a marked or cold deck is easily accomplished. An accomplice secures a deck identical to that in use, stacks or sorts it for a winning hand, and at a favorable opportunity slips it into the hand of the gambler, who secretes it in his lap, under the table or in a holdout. At his deal he will drop a card to the floor, reach for a spittoon or something on the floor, and while doing so will switch the decks. He will then false shuffle the fake deck, throw, jog, crimp or brief mark by bending, etc., into them for a confederate to cut to, or do likewise to an innocent player and then switch the cut to its original place, making it impossible for him to lose.—New York Herald.

RATTLER MESSENGER TO TRIBE.

Seminoles Accept Serpent's Coming to Council as Augury.

Great consternation was created among the members of the Seminole council at Wewoka, says a Muskogee (I. T.) telegram to the Kansas City Star, when a large rattlesnake glided into the tent where the assemblage was being addressed by the attorney of the nation, Capt. A. J. McKennon. Capt. McKennon was about to kill the snake when one of the councilmen stopped him, explaining in broken English: "Him rattlesnake; he come to Seminole council; no other snake do that. He sent by Great Spirit. He go south; that mean Mexico. We must all go Mexico soon."

The captain was told that the rattlesnake had long been a messenger to the Seminole tribe from the Great Spirit. They told him that just before their fight with Jackson, in the south many moons ago, a great rattlesnake crawled from the bank of a lake and came into camp. The medicine men assembled and told the members of the tribe that great trouble was about to come upon them. They would have a great fight, and as the snake went west a part of the tribe would be driven west. They said that the rattlesnake had been looked upon as a messenger ever since. Capt. McKennon apologized for attempting to kill the messenger from the Great Spirit, and appeased the anger of the council by giving the members a box of cigars.

Priest Would Regulate Saloons.

Rev. John L. Bedford, pastor of one of the largest Roman Catholic churches in Brooklyn, comes out in favor of Bishop Potter's model saloon and says that if such a thing were possible he would establish a club in his church where men could get a drink of pure liquor or beer. "Liquor is not an invention of the devil," he says, "and it is a mistake to suppose that every drinking man is on the road to perdition." Father Belford adds that he knows crimes, sickness and poverty are caused by intemperance, but he does not believe that the saloon can be abolished and therefore it should be regulated.

HOLD ANNUAL SNOW FESTIVAL.

Winter Celebration a Feature in Small German Town.

In the little town of Andreasberg, in the Harz mountains of Germany, making snow images has been reduced to a science, under the stimulus of an annual snow festival, in which the residents of the town compete for prizes. During the time it is in progress the little village is thronged with guests. One year 4,000 persons enjoyed the sport. The task of the judges is by no means an easy one. In back yards, front yards and in the streets before the houses the models, which include figures and complex groups of all kinds, have been set up. The worker in the snow is wisest who waits until the last moment and then works swiftly and skillfully. Many a good sculptor's work has been reduced to a shapeless mass before the judges got around, just because the sun would not hide its face.

Candy for American Women.

The new Cunarder Caronia has a candy store "for American women."

STORIES
FOR THE
CHILDREN
GEORGE THORP

Languages.

I have a little neighbor whom I very often meet.
He wears a coat of Reddish fur at home and on the street.
We often stop to have a chat on sunny winter days;
His manner's very pleasant—but I can't tell what he says.

I think he talks about the woods, and how the beechnuts taste,
And how he loves the bread-crusts that I'm rather apt to waste.
And how he wishes spring would come—there! I must confess
I cannot understand a word, and so I have to guess.

My sister studies German and my brother studies Greek;
But those are not the languages that I should care to speak.
For none of all their lexicons can make it clear to me
Just what the little squirrel means by "Chk!" and "Chir-r-r!" and "Chee!"

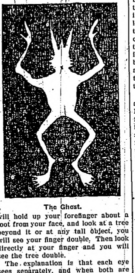
—Hannah G. Fernald, in Youth's Companion.

"Grunt, Piggie, Grunt."

Have the players seated in a circle and have one in the center blindfolded, with a cane or long stick; when all is ready she points at someone and says: "Grunt, piggie, grunt," and the person pointed at grunts in her most disguised manner and the one who is "it" tries to guess who it is, and when she succeeds the person whom she pointed at last takes her place.

Eye Errors and Ghosts.

A few experiments with the eyes will be found very interesting, and, to the uninitiated, very queer. If you will hold up your forefinger about a foot from your face, and look at a tree beyond it or at any tall object, you will see your finger double. Then look directly at your finger and you will see the tree double.



The Ghost.

The explanation is that each eye sees separately, and when both are looking at the finger the right eye sees the tree on the right side of the finger and the left eye sees it on the left. When, however, you look at the tree directly with both eyes, each eye sees the finger apparently in a different place. If you will cover one eye and look with the other you cannot see either the tree or the finger double, which is the proof of the experiment.

Place two bits of white paper about a foot apart on a table. Cover the right eye and look steadily at the right-hand piece of paper with the left eye. By stepping backward you will reach a spot where the left-hand piece of paper will disappear. You can make the right-hand piece of paper disappear by looking at the left-hand piece of paper with the right eye.

When you have made one disappear in this way, move your head ever so slightly backward or forward, and the paper will instantly reappear. The reason of this is that every person's eye has a blind spot on the retina, and when an image of the piece of paper falls on the spot it cannot be seen. Physicians use this principle in the correction of vision.

Place on a gray background a piece of colored paper in any design, and look steadily at it for a minute or so. Snatch the colored piece away, and a design exactly like it will be seen in the same spot, but in a different color. If the design was green the replica will be red; if yellow, the replica will be violet.

Instead of snatching the paper away after looking at it steadily, look up at the ceiling, and the image will be seen there. These "ghosts," as they are sometimes called, are caused by the action of light on the retina of the eye.

Look at the accompanying illustration steadily for a little while, and then look up at the ceiling; you will see the image in black, instead of white, on a white background. The "ghost" will always appear in the opposite or complimentary color of the original.

The First Experiment.

What Can a Boy Do?

This is what a boy can do, because boys have done it:

He can write a great poem. Alexander Pope wrote his famous "Ode to Solitude" when he was only 12 years old.

He can write a great book. Macaulay wrote his first volume, the "Primitiae," which took the literary world by storm, before he was in his teens.

He can write a successful play. John O'Keefe, the famous Irish actor and playwright, wrote a play that is considered good to-day, when he was only 15.

He can become famous. Charles Dickens did his "Sketches by Boz" so well that, before he was 22, his name was known to all the world.

He can "make his mark" so well that it will open his career. Palmerston, England's great statesman, was admired in school for his brilliant work, and wrote letters home in English, French and Italian that are models of composition to-day.

He can enter a great university before he is 13. William Pitt did it.

The First Telephone.

On a pine clad eminence about a mile and a half from the city of Brantford, Ont., stands a house whose historic interest will grow with the growth of Canada's trade. It is the house in which was invented by Prof. Bell, the first telephone.

In these days of universal telephones, it is not easy for us to realize that it is little more than a generation since that great and marvelous invention was introduced to the public. It would perhaps be an exaggeration to say that it has revolutionized commerce, but it is not going too far to say that by facilitating commercial intercourse to an extent undreamt of by an earlier generation it has given an impetus to trade hardly less than that caused by the introduction of the telegraph.

The house in question was built by a Mr. Morton, whose grandson, Mr. Foster, conducts at the present day a flourishing wholesale grocery business in Brantford. The house was later acquired by Mr. Bell. It is from the foregoing historic circumstance that the city of Brantford derives its familiar appellation of "The Telephone City." One is glad to learn that the civic fathers of Brantford have ideas of acquiring the house and preserving it as a national monument.

Usefulness of School.

Boys, why do you go to school? First, that you may reckon your wages a-Saturdays; second, that you may, think accurately and rapidly; third, that you may enjoy the "beautiful, the true, and the good."—The Boys' World.

Water Experiments.

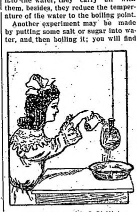
Of course you know that water boils when heated to a temperature of 212 degrees. No matter how much heat you may apply to it then, the temperature will not be raised, but the water will only be the more rapidly turned into steam, for that is what boiling does.

There is a way, however, in which you may raise the temperature of water above 212 degrees, though most persons would tell you that it is impossible. To make the test and prove it you will need a small chemical thermometer; that is, one without a tin case. These are sold at a moderate price in the stores, or, if you prefer, you can convert an ordinary thermometer into a chemical one by carefully scratching the divisions of the scale on the glass tube with a file and then removing it from the tin case, so that it will float in the water without touching the bottom or side of the vessel it will be complete, like those that are used for taking the temperature of baths.

When you have your thermometer, boil some water for fifteen minutes, and then let it stand undisturbed until it cools. Then, keeping it perfectly still, heat it again, and you will find that the temperature will go a few degrees higher than 212, without causing the water to boil.

If you now drop some pieces of metal into the water it will at once begin to boil. The explanation of this is that the air is expelled from the water when it boils, and the water with air in it boils more quickly than water without air in it, so that, at the second boiling, a higher temperature is reached before boiling begins. When you drop the scraps of metal into the water, they carry air with them, besides, they reduce the temperature of the water to the boiling point.

Another experiment may be made by putting some salt or sugar into water, and then boiling it; you will find that it will take a higher temperature than pure water, for the reason that some heat is required to separate the salt or sugar from the water before the latter can be converted into steam. You then, while it is boiling, cork it tightly, and remove it from the flame. When it stops boiling in the flask pour some cold water over the outside and it will begin to boil again. Or plunge the flask into cold water and, in this way, prove for yourself the degree of heat for boiling various substances.

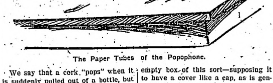


Boiling Water with Cold Water.

Still another interesting experiment consists in boiling some water in a glass flask; and the same thing will happen. You may be able to do this several times with the same flask. The explanation is that in a corked flask of boiling water there is some steam above the surface of the water, and the application of cold water causes this steam to condense, which at once removes some of the pressure from the surface, causing it to boil, as the bubbles of steam can then escape.

These experiments are all interesting and instructive.

HOW TO MAKE A POPOPHONE.



The Paper Tubes of the Popophone.

We say that a cork "pops" when it is suddenly pulled out of a bottle, but really what pops is not the cork, but the bottle; or, still more correctly, the air inside of the bottle. It is just like blowing on a key or sounding a flute or an organ pipe. The air in the bottle is set into vibration and makes a sound, a note, not a very musical one, but still a note, and bottles of different sizes give different notes.

There is a curious thing about notes that are not very musical. One such note is simply an unpleasant noise, but if you produce several notes in succession and select them, so that they represent the notes of a well known tune or even a musical scale or chord, the effect is very agreeable. The sound of two pieces of wood struck together is dull, and the clang of metal is positively unpleasant, yet a xylophone made of wooden or metal bars may be played so as to give a very pleasing effect.

Now the popping of a cork gives a much clearer note, and the "popophone" would probably be a favorite musical instrument but for two things. It is rather difficult to play and the notes are very short lived. But it is an amusing toy, all the same. You can make it, of course, of bottles, and the average house contains such a variety of empty bottles that you can make a popophone of many notes well tuned, for you can tune it by pouring more or less water into the bottles.

But a popophone that is more interesting in some ways may be made of pasteboard tubes or the cylindrical boxes—cartons is the trade name for them—in which medicines, crackers and many other things are sold. If you suddenly pull off the cover of an empty box of this sort—supposing it to have a cover like a cap, as is generally the case—you hear a "pop."

If you experiment with a number of boxes of different lengths you will find that the long ones give deeper or lower notes than the short ones. Four boxes, whose lengths are eight, six, five and four inches, will give what musicians call the common chord, like C, E, G and C on the piano.

If the lengths, and therefore the notes, are not just right, you can make them right by cutting off a little of one box or another.

But a paper tube of any desired length is easily made, either by wrapping a sheet of paper several times around a cylindrical ruler, shade roller, broomstick or curtain pole and pasting each layer to the next as you go, or by bending flexible cardboard around once and gluing the edges together. The cups are made in the same way, but a little larger, and closed at the top by pasting paper across. Instead of making bottoms for the tubes you may simply glue them upright on a board.

In this way it is not difficult to make a popophone of nine notes or a whole octave on which you can play tunes to the surprise of your friends.

If the shortest tube is six inches long, the longest should measure twelve inches, and the lengths of the nine tubes will be six, six and three-quarters, seven and a half, eight, nine, ten, eleven and a half and twelve inches.

If the tubes are all of the same diameter you can use one cover or cap for all of them unless you want to make two notes at once, and if the tubes are small you can "pop" them with corks instead of caps.

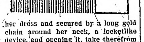
SCIENCE and INVENTION

Electric Cigar Lighters.

Electricity is lighting houses not only, but cigars as well. An ingenious electric cigar lighter consists of a metal box, perforated and supplied with mounted upon a standard and supplied with 110-volt continuous current from the lighting mains. Inside the box are two carbon pencils which are brought in contact by the depression of a thumb piece or button on the outside, and then separated by a spring mechanism which holds the carbons just far enough apart for an arc to be formed. By inserting a cigar in an orifice in the front its unlighted end becomes ignited by contact with the arc, the whole operation taking scarcely five seconds and costing 10 cents per kilowatt hour. In other words, 500 cigars may be lighted for about one penny. Taking into account interest and depreciation, the new lighter will scarcely be a formidable rival of the safety match.

Not for Women Alone.

In a Broadway car a few days ago a metropolitan belle had no hesitation in pulling from one of the recesses of her dress and secured by a long gold chain around her neck, a locketlike device, and opening it, take therefrom a powder puff, with which she carefully went over her face before alighting from the car. An observer of the male persuasion took occasion to indulge in a dissertation on the frivolities of the females, but it was not long before he had attention called to the enlightening spectacle of a man engaged in vigorously grooming his mustache with the aid of a pocket mirror and a jointed comb.



The jointed comb is quite generously affected by the sterner sex, and it is for him as well as the ladies that the telescoping comb has been made by an ingenious inventor from London, Ohio. It will be readily seen how this implement, being made in four parts, one fitting in the other, will form a very compact article. The larger end piece is not supplied with teeth, but comprises a casing into which the other parts collapse.—Brooklyn Eagle.

National Telephone in Japan.

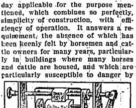
Telephones in the land of the mikado are government institutions. The service has been established since 1890. There are forty-five exchanges in Tokio, employing sixty-three men and twenty-five women clerks, and 115 men and 1,722 women operators. The number of subscribers at the end of November, 1904, was 35,265. The telephone department has 2,537 miles of bare wire, 201 miles of aerial cable, 169 miles of underground cable and 2.58 nauts of submarine cable, employed in the service. The charge to subscribers varies according to the size of the town, being 48 yen per annum in some of the smaller towns and 66 yen in Tokio and Osaka, the middle charge of 54 yen being made in Yokohama and other places. The call office fee is 5 sen for a conversation not exceeding five minutes, with an additional 5 sen for each additional five minutes' conversation within town limits, and 10 sen with similar regulations for out of town subscribers.

"Wireless" in Naval Warfare.

Among the interesting features of the maneuvers of the United States squadron of evolution at Culebra this winter will be practice with relay wireless telegraphy. The ships will be arranged in column, distant from each other about 100 miles, and wireless messages will be transmitted from the flagship and repeated from ship to ship, the final recipient reporting to the flagship the exact message received from the penultimate ship.

Will Save Cattle and Horses.

The latest invention for installation in stables and cattle sheds, and having for its primary object the immediate rescuing of horses and cattle in case of danger, especially by fire, is called "The Lightning Release Lock." There is no device on the market today applicable for the purpose mentioned, which combines so perfectly, simplicity of construction, with efficiency of operation. It answers a requirement, the absence of which has been keenly felt by horsemen and cattle owners for many years, particularly in buildings where many horses and cattle are housed, and which are particularly susceptible to danger by fire, in consequence of the confusion attending the release of the animals.



New Stall Stock.

The lock is worked by the pull of a lever. It can be placed in any part of the stable that will best answer its purpose. There is one lock in each stable, which is connected by piping running through the same, from one part of the stable to the other. The serviceable part of this lock is that it can be utilized independently, for daily use, leaving the main lock to be used only in case of emergency.

Electric Motors on Long Island.

The management of the Long Island railway has decided to substitute electric motors for locomotives in the handling of all passenger trains. An order has been placed with a Pittsburg firm for motors enough to supersede every locomotive in active service in this department. Power will be taken from a wire overhead after the manner employed in trolley car operation. By the beginning of the summer traffic it is expected that all trains on this line will be run by motors, doing away with the smoke, cinders and other discomforts of railroad travel in warm weather.

Lettuce for Insomnia.

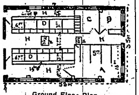
Insomnia can be cured by eating lettuce.

PLAN FOR BASEMENT BARN.

Quarters for Twenty Head of Cattle and Two Teams.

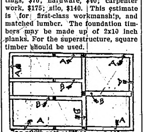
The accompanying plans are for a basement barn 35 by 58 feet, to accommodate twenty head of cattle and two teams of horses. The basement wall is 8 feet high, 1 foot thick, and composed of cement concrete. If stone is used for wall instead of cement, the building should be 2 feet larger each way to allow for the thicker walls that would be necessary. Unless gravel is scarce and stone plentiful, cement is much to be preferred to stone masonry and is cheaper.

A is the horse stable; B, the box stall; C, root house; D, cow stables; H. passages. The small squares, three on one side and two on the other, shown in the ground floor plan, are ventilating shafts 10 inches square, which extend from the ceiling of the basement to the plate of the barn where they are open to the outside. Fresh air should be admitted through 2-inch tiles placed in the walls one foot above the level of the basement floor, and in such position that draughts will not strike the animals. Windows should be all hung at the top. Stable doors should all be cut in two horizontally, making the bottom part 3 feet 6 inches high. The barn posts are 18 feet high and the roof is hipped.



Ground Floor Plan.

The cost of building varies in different localities, but a fair estimate would be about as follows: Excavating, $10; cement wall, $325; cement floor, $125; timber, $230; lumber and shingles, $315; lumber for stable fittings, $70; hardware, $40; carpenter work, $175; silo, $140. This estimate is for first-class workmanship, and matched lumber. The foundation timbers may be made up of 2x10 inch planks. For the superstructure, square timber should be used.



Timber Framing of Upper Floor.

The outside timbers marked A are 2x10 in. planks lying on concrete wall. The cross timbers marked B are 10x10 in. The small black square represents the location of posts, which are placed so as not to interfere with passages in the basement.

A House of Cement and Stone.

J. W. R.—Would it be advisable to build a house 24x28 feet and 18 feet high of cement and stone? How thick should the walls be? How much cement would be required and what would be the cost of the walls?

Houses built of stone are durable and warm, but they never should be plastered directly on the stone. The walls should be strapped and then lathed and plastered, for if plastered on the stone wall, the walls are always colder, especially in the winter, and the moisture in the rooms will condense on the walls, making them wet. All brick, stone or concrete walls should be strapped before being lathed and plastered.

The walls should be 20 inches thick for first story and 18 inches for second story. Mortar for laying stone for such a building may be composed of one part of Portland cement to five parts of sand.

The cost of stone work will depend on the cost of material, where the building is erected and the class of stone work required. For plain rubble work the usual price per cord is fifteen dollars where cement is used in making the mortar. Your walls would cost $420, estimating them at $15 per cord. You would require about 40 barrels of cement. H.

How to Mend Table Linen.

A housewife whose table linen always does her good service mends it with embroidery cotton of a number to correspond with the quality of the cloth. Under the ragged edges of the tear she bastes a piece of stiff paper, and makes a network of fine stitches back and forth over its edges. Thin places and breaks in linen may run with the flax or embroidery floss, and towels should be mended in the same way.

Tea Growing Experiments.

Some of the farmers near Santa Rosa, Cal., are experimenting with tea growing, and their efforts seem to be meeting with success. It is said that there is no reason why tea should not be grown in some sections of this country, though the earlier South Carolina experiment is not known to be making great headway.

Sensible Rules of Club.

Some easy-going citizens of Hume, Mo., have organized a "Don't Worry" club. The certificate of membership bears the following pledge "I hereby promise that, to the best of my ability, I will not worry, knock, fret, roar or chew the rag, but will endeavor to remain sweet and contented for a whole year."

No Danger of Discovery.

"I am afraid some of the dates in my historical novel are inaccurate."

"That is all right," answered the publisher. "It will never be noticed. People who read history have too much literary taste to read historical novels."

Needed Money.

De Style—Was the Duke on his knees when he proposed to Miss Millyins?

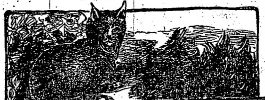
Gunbusta—No; on his uppers.

Does Not Hold Good Always.

"There's nothing like perseverance; it wins out in the long run."

"Not always; did you ever see a hen on a porcelain egg?"

Fur Bearing Animals Whose Pelts Are Sought for the Adornment of Women



LYNX.

Furs play a most important part in the wardrobe of the well dressed woman of to-day, their natural beauty and their potency in enhancing feminine charms alike endearing them to womankind. Furthermore they serve as a medium for unlimited expenditure of money unaccompanied by the slightest approach to ostentation.

A woman may wear furs worth thousands of dollars and give no undue indication of the costliness of her attire, and at the same time she may rejoice in the knowledge that unless she has deliberately made an unsuitable selection she has added the finishing touch to her costume with her coat, scarf, toque or muff of beautiful fur.

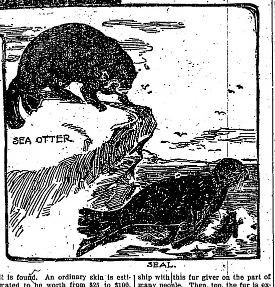
Furs are becoming to every woman—and the range from the white of fox and ermine to the deep, rich brown of sable and seal and the lighter hue of squirrel and the glossy black of lynx and Persian lamb gives every wearer an opportunity to secure that fur which will best harmonize with her coloring and particular style.

While furs are a general possession of American women, the kind and quality being regulated by the length of the wearer's purse strings, little is known of the habits or the ways or the native habitation of the fur bearing animals. Few wearers bother their heads to trace the steps by which the marten and the mink, the ermine, chinchilla, fox and others of the fur bearing animals are lured from their lairs in America, Europe and Asia to pay tribute to human needs and the demands of civilization. The use of the pelts of fur-bearing animals as covering for the human body is not one of the developments traceable to civilization, for the aborigine knew of and highly valued the warmth giving properties of the skins of their four-footed associate dwellers in forest primeval. The processes that develop all the possibilities of beauty and softness of the pelts, not to mention the manipulations of the dyer, were unknown, however, to the earlier wearers of furs and the exquisite collections that fascinate the eye and tempt the purse in the furriers' windows of to-day tell the story of the progress that has been made in the fur industry with the advance of civilization.

Now for a brief reference to the little animals which figure most conspicuously in the fur industry, taking the sable as the leader of the group. A representative of the weasel family, the sable, whose skin commands the highest market price, is found in Asiatic Russia and the fur is in greatest perfection during the coldest month of the year. A really perfect sable is a rare find and an exceedingly high price is asked for such when it is found. An ordinary skin is estimated to be worth from $25 to $100, while $500 is the value that has been set upon one of the finest skins. In order to obtain these much prized skins the sable hunters are forced to undergo terrible privations and many lose their lives in the snow covered wastes in which the sable loves to roam.

The home of the sable or marten covers a most extensive territory, including Kamschatka as well as Asiatic Russia and also the northern confines of Canada and the forests of Labrador. The American sable or river marten is about the size of a large house cat, though standing much lower on account of the shortness of the legs. The length of the head and body is about a foot and a half and the tail is very full and bushy. The home of the pine marten is underground or among rocks, though by preference it seeks the hollow of a tree, frequently dispossessing a squirrel from its burrow by driving off or devouring the rightful occupant. The fur of the American sable is gray spotted with black, and, while it is highly valued, it is much less costly than the rich fur of the Russian sable.

The fur of the Arctic fox is worn extensively in winter, particularly by the debutante and the schoolgirl. This is one of the most beautiful and at the same time the smallest of the foxes, the pelt being silky and a bluish or brownish gray in summer and pure white in winter. The tail is very full and bushy and the fur covering of the animal extends even to the soles of the feet. The Arctic fox is found in Labrador and Newfoundland and throughout the Arctic regions of North America and also in northern Europe and northern Asia and parts of Iceland and Spitzbergen. It constructs its burrows in groups of twenty or thirty, excavating them in the summer months. The American fox is variable in color and markings, some being pale yellow, others a deeper tone and still others black.



SEAL.

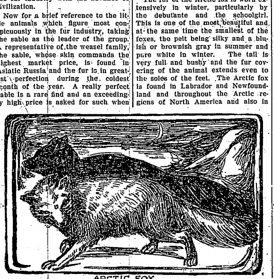
The introduction of seal in the acquariums throughout the country has resulted in a degree of acquaintanceship with this fur giver on the part of many people. Then, too, the fur is exceptionally well known, for in days gone by it was Fashion's special favorite, and though its prestige has of late been somewhat dimmed it has by no means been relegated to the background and its cost has been increased 30 to 50 per cent during the past few years. Formerly the seal was to be found as far southward along the Pacific coast as California, but now is concentrated in the vicinity of Alaska. The fur of the seal is nearly black in tone, varying to gray upon the shoulders and reddish brown below. The female is lighter in color than the male and the young of both sexes are a glossy black.

Squirrel fur is used extensively for sets, toques, linings and trimmings, the gray and white striped variety known as lock squirrel being utilized for lining purposes. The bluish gray skin is the most valuable and the variety known as Siberian squirrel has enjoyed considerable vogue during the past few years. Squirrels are found in various sections of the United States and Canada, in Mexico and Guatemala as well as in Europe and Siberia, and at present Germany is actively interested in the business of preparing squirrel fur for the market.

The fur of the sea otter, of which certain islets and reefs in Alaska form the hunting ground, is prime at two years of age, although the animal is not full grown until its fourth or fifth year. The mother otter sleeps in the water on her back with her young clasped between her forepaws. Frequent attempts have been made by the natives of the islands where the otter abounds to cultivate the animal; but it manifests intense shyness and aversion to man.

Among the black furs the skin of the lynx is highly prized for its glossy texture. The lynx of Asia Minor has many jet black spots on the breast, and on the thighs the fur grows in tufts that suggest rosettes. The northern lynx of the old world and the varieties that have been discovered in North America should be ranged under one species, as after an examination by experts of the skins of each no difference can be detected.

In the category of the fur bearing animals are some not mentioned nor pictured here, but those portrayed represent the principal ones from which American maids and matrons derive the most decorative accessories of their attire for winter.



ARCTIC FOX.

When the Women Vote.

The Bachelor Girl once saw a statement of campaign expenses filed by a Colorado woman who had run for a minor office. With the naive honesty of her sex, she had set down every penny, and itemized it. One item read:

"Soda water, $4.80."

There is something too deliciously funny for words in that.

Another time an active young housewife came to vote at a polling place in the same state. As she prepared to depart a scoffer at the gate said, "Well, who'd you leave the baby with when you came to vote?" Turning smartly, she snapped out, "Same one I left him with when I went to pay my taxes."—New York Times.

Type of Men That Beat Spaniards.

Lee Philpot of East St. Louis was in Washington last week and called on the president. Mr. Philpot was a member of the rough riders and Mr. Roosevelt knew him instantly, greeting him warmly. Turning to a number of congressional callers, the president said: "Are you surprised that the Spaniards ran from men of this kind in Cuba?" Philpot is over six feet tall, a giant in proportions, and has a face of the most determined kind. He is a member of the celebrated Philpot feud family of Kentucky and enlisted in the rough riders from his mountain home in that state. Philpot has been a detective in East St. Louis and wants to get on the secret service force.

Towels and Soap for China.

About a year ago a native of T'aichau, China in the customs district of Wenchau, Chekiang province, established a towel factory at T'aichau, and it seems to have been a great success. A soap factory was established at Wenchau also last year, and this, too, has been a success. The Chinese demand is for a very cheap towel.

When the Baby Came Along.

I thought 'twas hard—the toilin', the tide a-pullin' strong.
But I shouted "Hallelula!" when the Baby came along.
He coaxed me back to youth time, made my life a livin' song—
I was happy, folks, I tell you, when the Baby came along.

For all the dreary winter—for all the skies so dim,
I seemed to see my mother in the twinklin' eyes of him;
An' a thousand sweetest flowers in deserts seemed to throng,
An' I heard the birds a-singin' when the Baby came along.

Lord bless that little Baby—the best one in the ranch!
He'll be yet there, in the springtime—just a-wading in the branch.
And God gives him the pleasure of the right above the wrong—
We were happy, without measure, when the Baby came along!

—Atlanta Constitution.

Statesman Indian by Adoption.

Senator Menefee of the Oklahoma legislature spent most of his boyhood days among Indians. His father died when he was 8 year old and the child was adopted by Fastrunner, a chief of the Caddos, with whom he lived for about seven years. In that time he became one of the most expert bareback riders in the Wichita mountain country. He also was famous as a bear hunter. On leaving the Caddos, he went to school in Virginia for three years. Mr. Menefee is a successful hardware dealer, his place of business being located in Fort Cobb. His fosterfather, Fastrunner, is still alive.—Exchange.

Shadow of a Coming Event.

"Say," remarked the fresh office boy, "I'm bettin' dat de guy wot poses as de shippin' clerk fer dis establishment is gettin' ready to ask youse ter do de love-in-de-cottage act wid him."

"Why, the idea!" exclaimed the fluffy-haired typewriter.

"Dat's right," continued the kid, with a large, open-faced grin. "I heerd him askin' de bookkeeper yisterday wot salary youse wuz gittin'."

Statesman Needed at Home.

Col. "Bill" Sterrett sat in a Washington hotel lobby grumbling about the cold and miserable weather. "Down in my Texas home," he snorted, "the peach trees are probably blooming, the scent of the spring grass is in the air, and I suppose my children are going swimmin'." "Oh, I don't know," said a Northern acquaintance. "I have just received a letter from a friend of mine who is down there. He says the Texans are enjoying a fuel famine, while the woods are frozen up. Garden truck is dead, and ink, whisky and molasses are frozen hard." "Yes, there you are," said Sterrett, "the minute I come up to this country they let things go to rack and ruin."

Disraeli and the Devil.

Shortly after his entrance into political life Disraeli stood for a certain Middlesex borough in the Conservative interest. It was a "personally conducted" canvass, and, among others, the future prime minister solicited the vote and interest of a well-to-do but somewhat irascible farmer, who was supposed to be rather doubtful in his political convictions.

"Vote for you!" he shouted, when Mr. Disraeli made known the object of his call, "Why, I'd vote for the devil sooner."

"Ah, quite so!" said Mr. Disraeli, suavely, "but in event of your friend not standing, may I hope for your interest?"

Fortune for Foreign Missions.

The will of Miss Anna McKenzie of Sodus Point, N. Y., leaves a fortune estimated at $150,000, nearly all of which is bequeathed to the board of foreign missions of the Presbyterian church "for the higher education of the youth of the land." Under the will her home is to be maintained as a home for worthy missionaries. Seven second cousins will contest the will.

IN THE CHILDISH MIND.

Queer Conceptions of Life and Death Among the Little Ones.

A small, chubby baby, upon being reprimanded for escaping while he was being undressed, and running about his room in a state of nature, turned at once to a Raphael Madonna over the fireplace, and, pointing to the infant Jesus, said, triumphantly: "He used to done it."

"When they bury the body," he asked a sister a year or two older, "how do they start the soul up to God?"

"Why, don't you know?" she said, surprised. "They chop the head off and tie little wings to the neck, and it wings straight up."

On being told of a friend's death, a little girl of 6 stood wondering, round eyed and rosy, at the foot of her bed, and swiftly propounded these questions:

"Did her body get to heaven?

"Will her soul take up her skeleton?

"Does a soul have any kind of feet?

"When she gets there will God put an angel head upon her?

"Will she wear a shirt waist and skirt.

"Will Jesus walk down to the gate and hand her out a judgment?

"When will she get her judgment?

"Will she climb up the steps to heaven or will angels carry her? My hymn says steps up to heaven.

"Will she see Jesus at last, in the real?

"And will she see God, in the real?

"I don't want to die, because of the valley of the shadow of death; that must be very dark."

Then, without a pause, came, as a conclusion, a quick laying aside of the whole matter, as she sang out, cheerily, "I am going to hop to my bath on one foot," and she did, chanting as she went, "D-e-a-d—dead, dead dead."—Harper's Weekly.

TALE OF A BORROWER.

Trail of Ills That Followed Unwise Attempt at Economy.

As the story goes there was a man who was too close fisted to take a paper. He always borrowed his neighbor's paper to read. So one day he sent his boy over to borrow neighbor Brown's paper. The boy thought he would cut across lots to save time. He ran into a beehive, the bees covering him from head to foot. His cries reached his father, who started and ran to the rescue. Going over the fence, his clothes caught on the fence, spoiling a brand new pair of pants that cost him $4.

The old cow, seeing the break in the fence, jumped into the orchard and choked to death eating apples. His wife, hearing the outcry, started out to see what the trouble was about, tipped over a churn full of cream into a basket of little kittens, drowning the whole lot.* While she was gone the baby took to crawling and crawled through the cream into the parlor, spoiling a new tapestry carpet.

The dog ran through the henhouse, breaking up three setting hens. The calves got out of the barn and chewed the sleeves off from four shirts. And the maid took advantage of the situation and eloped with the hired man.

Moral—We should be better off to subscribe for a home paper.

*We have reason to believe that these were coon kittens, worth from $2 to $25 each.—Ed. Journal.—Norway Maine, Advertiser.

Municipal Ownership in Glasgow.

The city of Glasgow, Scotland, owns a public library of 160,000 volumes and is erecting a number of district libraries; conducts seven model lodging houses, one for women, which shelter 2,430 persons every night and pay 5 per cent profit; owns twenty-seven blocks of buildings, containing 200 shops and 1,362 buildings, which shelter 9,000 people; public banks, including Kosher banks for Jews, and also wash houses, in which hot water is furnished at a trifling price for family laundry work; gas and electric light and power works in which 3,000 men are employed; the street railway system, which employs 3,500 men and carries over 170,000,000 people annually. Furthermore it owns nine public markets, including one for old clothes, a telephone system that pays 15 per cent on the invested public capital; a labor bureau and a home for inebriates.

In Our Boat.

Stars trembling o'er us and sunset before us,
Mountains in shadow and forests asleep;
Down the dim river we float on forever,
Speak not, ah, breathe not—there's peace on the deep.

Come not, pale sorrow, flee till to-morrow;
Rest softly falling o'er eyelids that weep;
While down the river we float on forever,
Speak not, ah, breathe not—there's peace on the deep.

As the waves cover the depths we glide over,
So let the past in forgetfulness sleep.
While down the river we float on forever,
Speak not, ah, breathe not—there's peace on the deep.

Heaven shine above us, bless all that love us;
All whom we love in Thy tenderness keep!
While down the river we float on forever,
Speak not, ah, breathe not—there's peace on the deep.

—Dinah Maria Mulock Craik.

American Heir to British Peerage.

Rev. C. C. Bruce, chaplain and superintendent of the seamen's church and institute of Portland, Ore., is next in line to his father, Lord Thurlow of the Scottish peerage. Mr. Bruce is the second son, but his elder brother was killed at Magersfontein, South Africa. Mr. Bruce is a grandson of the Earl of Elgin, who was succeeded as governor general of India by Lord Curzon. The reverend gentleman is between 25 and 30 years old and very enthusiastic in his mission work. His father is nearly 70, but still an active man.

Foremost of English Surgeons.

Sir Frederick Treves, who performed the operation for appendicitis upon King Edward's niece, Princess Victoria, may be termed a specialist in appendicitis, having a record of over 1,000 consecutive operations in which he had had recourse to the knife without a single death. Yet, appendicitis, under that name, is unknown to him; perityphlitis it is, and perityphlitis he will have it, despite fashion's decree.

SCIATIC TORTURE

PAIN SUFFERED BY MR. MARSTON AS GREAT AS MORTAL CAN STAND.

For Six Months He Could Not Turn in Bed—He Tells of a Remedy Which Has Given Perfect Relief.

The case of Mr. Marston shows that sciatica can be cured, and no one afflicted by it should allow himself to be disheartened. He was first stricken about a year ago, and for six months he suffered pain which he thinks the most intense that any man could possibly stand.

Asked about the details of his remarkable recovery, Mr. Marston gave the following account: "I was attacked by a numbness or dull feeling just back of my right hip. I didn't know what the matter was, but thought it was simply a stiffness that would wear away in a short time. It didn't, however, and soon the pain became so very bad that every step was torture for me. When I finally succeeded in getting home, it was just as much as I could do to reach my room and get to bed.

"The doctor was sent for, and when he had examined me he said I had sciatica. He prescribed for me, and advised me not to try to leave my bed. The advice was unnecessary for I couldn't get out of bed if I wanted to. It was impossible for me to turn from one side to the other. The moment I attempted to move any part of my body, the pain became so excruciating that I would have to lie perfectly motionless.

"I suffered this torture for six months without getting any relief. Then I discharged the doctor, and on the advice of a friend I bought a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and began to take them, three at a dose, three times a day. I was determined to give them a thorough trial.

"Two months after I began to use them I was able to leave my bed and walk about the house, and a month later I was entirely cured and able to go about my work as usual. I think Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best medicine I ever used, and I heartily recommend them to anyone who suffers from sciatica."

Mr. Marston is a prosperous farmer and may be reached by mail addressed to Charles P. Marston, Hampton P. O., New Hampshire. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured other painful nervous disorders, such as neuralgia, partial paralysis and locomotor ataxia. They are sold by all druggists.

A Smart Gipsy.

Two ladies while taking their morning walk were met by an old gipsy woman, who said:

"Pretty ladies, I will show you your future husbands' faces in a bucket of water for the small sum of one shilling."

The ladies at once gave the old woman the shilling and went into a room and looked anxiously into the bucket of water, but only saw their own faces.

"We only see our own faces," said the ladies.

"Well, they will be your husbands' when you are married," was the cool reply.

SEEDING IN PROGRESS IN WESTERN CANADA.

Mild Weather Is Bringing Thousands of Settlers.

The splendid yields of wheat, oats and barley produced by the farmers of Western Canada and the excellent prices received for the same, have been the means of giving an increased interest throughout the United States. As a result the inquiries made of the Agents of the Canadian Government have nearly doubled over those of the same period last year. Railroad companies are putting on increased carrying capacity to meet the demand made upon them for carrying passengers and freight. Everything points to a most prosperous year. There is room for hundreds of thousands additional settlers, much new land having been opened up for settlement this year.

It is quite interesting to look through the letters received from the Americans who have settled in Western Canada during the past few years, and considering the large number it is surprising how few there are who have not succeeded. An extract from a letter written by Mr. Geo. M. Griswold of Red Deer, Alta., formerly of Grever, Montana, written on the 2nd of January is as follows:

"I am located 1½ miles from a beautiful lake 10 miles long, where there is church, school, 3 stores, creamery and two postoffices. The fine stock, both cattle (cows and steers) horses, hogs and sheep are rolling fat, grazing in pasture to-day, just a little snow, hardly enough for good sleighing, as we just had a Chinook which has melted the roads and laid bare the fields and pasture. There are fine wheat, oats, barley and flax raised here, also winter wheat and timothy hay for export to British Columbia. This is a mixed farming and dairy country. This is the right time to get a foothold in the Canadian West, as it was some years ago in the United States. We are free from wind gumbo and alkali here and have fine, clear soft well and spring water at a depth of from 5 to 25 feet, and lots of open everflowing springs."

Telegraphic advices from Medicine Hat say that seeding has commenced at Medicine Hat, Lethbridge and other points. At the former place the temperature moderated gradually until on the 19th the maximum was 45 and the minimum 26. Thermometer readings since then have been as follows: 20th, 47 and 38; 21st, 54 and 34; 22nd, 56 and 39; 23rd, 48 and 40; 24th, 48 and 26.

During the last few days in February considerable ploughing was done near Lethbridge. P. A. Pulley, a recent arrival from Montana, ploughed and harrowed fifteen acres, and E. Laliborty about the same amount. Rev. Coulter White has also been harrowing his farm. All report the ground frost free and in excellent condition. Bricklaying has also begun in town. At Hartney further east on the 25th February the sun was warm and bright, wheeled carriages were in use and the plowed fields look as if they are ready for the press drills. There is every appearance that spring has arrived, but farmers do not wish to be deceived by appearances and consequently have not commenced to use their bluestone and seed wheat.

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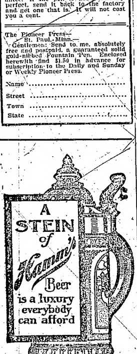

Supplied by Agents Everywhere, or
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
SAINT PAUL, MINN.

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn, as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, March 25, 1905.

A large number of the neighboring towns went dry at the spring election.

Henry W. Lee has started a "Kicker's Kolumn," in the Thief River Falls News: Great gehosephat! And her name was Maud.

There appears to be considerable opposition developing to the code in the state senate and many predict that it will not pass at this session.

If the spring is favorable and the seed goes in in good shape we nearly always have a big crop in this country, and it looks very good at present.

It is not probable that there will be any legislation extending the primary law to state officers during the present legislature. Caucuses and conventions should, however, receive some attention.

The Crookston Journal has again changed hands and is now owned by parties who should succeed. The new proprietors are Frank E. Packard, John Kirsch and Andrew Rood. They will run it as an evening paper.

Nothing new has developed in the county seat controversy. Thief River Falls must present their petition to the county commissioners not later than April 11th and we are not likely to learn what will be done with it before that date.

It looks as if Congressman Halvor Steenerson is looking for a fight, and he ought to be able to put up a good one when he gets all of those old cannon placed in the different counties in his district. It is possible that the Ninth congressional district will be called "Fort Steenerson" in the future.

The proposition of a two-cent passenger rate scares the railroads nearly out of their boots, and they meet the situation by claiming that there is no profit in the passenger business at the three cent rate. It seems queer, if such is the case, that there is such a lively scramble among the roads to get the passenger business. Will any reasonable man note the money invested in equipment to try and get the business, and the rivalry of the competing passenger departments, and then conclude there is no profit in the business? Not on your life.—Breckenridge Telegram.

PANAMA HATS.

They Are Made From the Undeveloped Leaves of the Bombonaje.

The panama is a leaf hat made in Colombia, Ecuador and Peru from the undeveloped leaf of the "bombonaje," which is a screw pine rather than a palm. The trunk of the plant is only a yard in height, but the leaf stalks are two yards long.

The leaf before it has opened is prepared for the manufacture of hats. It then consists of a bundle of plaits about two feet long and an inch in diameter called a "cogollo." The green outside is stripped off, and by means of a forked instrument it is cut into narrow strips of uniform size.

The cogollo is next boiled to toughen the fiber and hung in the sun, to dry and bleach, when the strips shrivel into cordlike strands ready for use. It takes sixteen cogollos for an ordinary hat and twenty-four for the finest, and a single hat is plaited in from four days to as many months, according to its texture and quality.—Mexican Herald.

A Place of Great Heat.

The largest of the Aval islands, which are scattered over a considerable area in the Persian gulf, is said to be earth's hottest place. The mean temperature of Bahrein, as it is called, is 99 degrees for the whole year. No European can endure the heat, which at midnight rises to 100; in the morning is 107 or 108 and by 3 in the afternoon reaches the phenomenal height of 140 degrees. The island is inhabited by Arabs. The following high temperatures are also experienced at the places named: Parts of Algeria, 127 degrees; Agra, 117 degrees, and Lahore, 107 degrees.

Newspapers.

It has been calculated that, taking the population of the whole world, there is one newspaper to every 82,000 persons. The United States supports 12,500 newspapers, of which 1,000 are dailies, these being round figures. Germany has 5,500 journals, of which 800 are daily. England takes second place in the European record with 3,000 newspapers, of which 809 are daily. France has nearly the same number.

"DOUSING" RODS.

Art of Divination In the Bowels of the Earth Explained.

There is undoubtedly a practical art of discovering springs. Indians or frontiersmen can find water in the desert when a "tenderfoot" cannot. Mexicans and experienced prospectors can similarly find ore. These arts consist mainly in the recognition of superficial signs which escape the ordinary observer.

It is not necessary that the operator should consciously note these signs separately and reason upon them. No doubt he frequently does so, though he may not give away the secret of his method to others. But in many instances he recognizes by association and memory the presence of a group of indications, great or small, which he has repeatedly found to attend springs or ore deposits. This skill, due to habit, is often almost unerring for a given limited district, but under new conditions it breaks down. Old miners from California or Australia have often made in other regions the most foolish and hopeless attempts to find gold because they thought this or that place "looked just like" some other place in which they had mixed successfully.

Apart from the magnetic minerals there is no proof that ore deposits exhibit their presence and nature by any attraction or other active force. With regard to water, however, there may be an action affecting the temperature and moisture of the overlying surface. Even here, however, it seems more likely that such effects are manifested visibly to a close observer rather than by direct affection of his nervous or muscular system. The favorite fields for water diviners are regions in which water is abundant, but not gathered upon given horizons of impermeable strata underlying porous rocks.—Cassier's Magazine.

ONE CAUSE OF ILLNESS.

Ridiculous Fads That Spring From a Smattering of Knowledge.

A famous physician upon being asked recently what is the chief cause of ill health replied: Thinking and talking about it all the time. This ceaseless introspection in which so many of the rising generation of nervous folk indulge is certainly wearing them out. When they are not worrying as to whether they sleep too much or too little they are fidgeting over the amount of food they take or the quantity of exercise necessary for health. In short, they never give themselves a moment's peace. Our grandfathers did not concern themselves with these questions. They ate, drank, slept, as nature prompted them. Undoubtedly they were healthier in mind and body for their sublime indifference, and if we asked ourselves fewer questions we should have less time to analyze or imagine ailments.

That medical science has made remarkable progress in the last few decades cannot be denied. The fault for some present day undesirable conditions lies not with the doctor, but with the patient. There has been too great a tendency on the part of the laity to acquire a smattering of medical knowledge through the reading of so called "health" magazines and pamphlets and to put into practice on their own account that "little knowledge," which, it cannot be denied, is a "dangerous thing." The following of some most ridiculous fads along the lines of eating, drinking, sleeping and exercise has assisted in swelling the mortality statistics. Our grandfathers would hold up their hands in horror at many of the foolish things we do in the name of "health." A little more of the comfortable nonchalance of our healthy ancestors would do no harm to the rising generation.—Housekeeper.

Delinquent Notice.

Great Northern Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., March 10, 1905.

To JOHN GROVE,
St. Paul, Minn.—

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 890 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SW¼ NE¼ of section No. 29, in township No. 152 N., of range No. 45 W, 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $114.00 principal, and $54.72 interest, amounting in all to $168.72; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $168.72, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., March 10, 1905.

To JOHN GROVE,
St. Paul, Minn.—

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 24822 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SW¼ of section No. 29, in township No. 152 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $455.00 principal, and 218.88 interest, amounting in all to $674.88; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $674.88, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., March 10, 1905.

To JOHN GROVE,
St. Paul, Minn.—

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 24823 for the purchase of the following land, viz: W½ SE¼ of section No. 29, in township No. 152 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $228.00 principal, and $109.44 interest, amounting in all to $337.44; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $337.44, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

John W. Forseen
SHOE
Repairing
Second door North of Postoffice.
St. Hilaire, Minn.

Treasurer's Statement.

Annual Statement of Leonard Holmes, Treasurer of the Village of St. Hilaire, County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, of the moneys received by him into the village treasury from the county treasurer, and from all other officers and persons: and also of all moneys paid out by him as such treasurer for the year ending March 10, 1905:

MONEYS RECEIVED:

Balance on hand	$ 514 85
O T Tandberg, town revenue	1143 17
W L Vannet, Polk Co, town revenue	2 70
Christ Hall, show license	5 00
W A Arthur, liquor license	250 00
M E Bjerk, " "	250 00
John J. Soll, " "	250 00
Fellman & Dahlin, " "	250 00
Anderson & Maakrud " "	250 00
Christ Hall, poll tax	32 00
Christ Hall, dog tax	11 00
O T Tandberg, town revenue	1017 39
O H Peteus, fines justice court	15 00
Christ Hall, dog tax $10, poll tax $10	20 00
J H Block, fire department	183 57
O T Tandberg, road	300 00
Christ Hall, license	8 00
" " peddler license $5, dog license $2	7 00
" " work on Co ditch No 2	89 00
" " fine	5 00
" " fine $13, dog tax $2	15 00
" " wood $5, fine $3	8 00
O T Tandberg, town revenue $71.67, sidewalk $28	99 67
Christ Hall, peddler license $5, street lamps $1.20	6 20
K R Killand, liquor license	250 00
Christ Hall, fine	3 00
Merchants State Bank, interest on money in bank	20 25
Total	$4905 80

POOR FUND:

Balance on hand	$ 285 95

MONEYS PAID OUT:

H A Johnson, witness fees	$ 4 16
E M Hoff, mdse	1 90
Dr A F Blomburgh, health officer	12 00
T J Thorkelson, services as per bill	19 54
Herm Adams, witness fees	6 40
A Payment, cleaning well	75
Joe Payment, " "	75
A F Lang, one yr sal as councilman	10 00
G H Sandum, witness fees	6 40
Leonard Holmes, services as treas	91 08
Christ Hall, marshal salary	50 00
J C Dahl, services as per bill	15 80
D Patterson, council salary, etc	37 09
" gasoline	10 29
Chas Fellman, services fire dept	11 00
K O Gistad, village blanks	6 53
O H Peters, clerk of election	2 00
H E Ives, pub council proceedings	18 75
K O Gigstad, as per bill	25 50
Victor St Martin, work on street	75
Christ Hall, one month's salary	50 00
D Patterson, judge of election	2 00
" freight and drayage	1 44
L T Bergh, state fee for travlg library	2 00
Neils Jensen, work on street	2 25
White Mfg Co, lamp supplies	23 65
Emil J Holmes, hardware as per bill	70
O T Tandberg, assessments of Sanders & Black River ditch No 1	427 99
D Patterson, gasoline	10 39
A F Lang, clerk of election	2 00
D Patterson, hauling	6 25
St Hilaire Fire Dept, services	47 00
Neils Jensen, work on street	1 50
Christ Hall, salary for April	50 00
J C Dahl, judge of election	2 00
D Patterson, gasoline	10 38
St Anthony Falls Bank, int on bonds	87 50
Farmers & Mcs Svgs Bk, int on bonds	120 00
John Maakrud, work	1 50
W S Nott Co, supplies for fire dept	39 00
Imperial Drug Co, mdse as per bill	9 00
Christ Hall, mashal and st com'r	64 50
Helmer Hoard, work	9 00
D Patterson, work	39 63
Lewis Selberg, work	12 75
Chas Fellman, freight and drayage	2 71
Neils Jensen, work	16 00
Imperial D Co, fumigat'g Lund house	4 00
J K Hannay, atty fees Dahl vs St Hil	200 00
Rapp & Post, mdse	1 66
Adolph Satterberg, work	11 37
Ed Peterson, work	23 63
R H Aimer, repairing	50
J J Branum, work	7 37
Albert Ness, "	3 75
D Patterson, "	18 00
K O Gigstad, ½ yr sal as recorder	25 00
O H Peters, assessing village	60 00
J J Branum, work	12 30
Christ Hall, salary as marshal	60 00
Ed Peterson, work	4 30
Neils Jensen, "	8 60
A Satterberg, "	12 00
Dr A F Blomburgh, professional serv	10 00
B A Burklar, work	6 30
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	15 94
	10 40
O Payment, work	1 50
Aug Berglund, "	9 80
T J Thorkelson, judge of election	2 00
St Hilaire Fire Dept, attending fire meeting at Hallock	26 90
St Hilaire Fire Dept, balance on railroad fare to Hallock	8 45
H E Ives, printing and witness fees	34 75
D Patterson, services as councilman and judge	7 75
Neils Jensen, work	9 75
Imperial D Co, mdse and salary	12 75
Nels G Utterness, services as councilman, etc	10 00
Christ Hall, marshal salary	50 00
Josepe Perrault, clerk fees Dahl vs St. Hilaire	26 40
Herm Adams, work	3 60
James Gilbertson, work	3 50
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	15 13
D Patterson, work	3 25
Neils Jensen "	9 75
A S Wilson, ½ yr salary, etc	7 00
Christ Hall, salary as per bill	53 75
O H Peters, justice fees	1 60
Dr A F Blomburgh, professional serv	10 00
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	7 07
Anton Anderson, work	3 50
D Patterson, gasoline	9 48
Nels G Otterness, judge prim election	5 26
O H Peters, clerk primary election	5 25
A S Wilson, judge " "	5 25
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	13 75
D Patterson, coal, work and judge primary election	43 66
Christ Hall, salary	50 00
M J Lindahl, work	4 00
Certificate of Deposit	1000 00
Neils Jensen, work	13 50
K O Gigstad, ¼ sal and clk prim elec	31 00
D Patterson, freight and drayage	4 37
Crookston Lbr Co, balance on lumber	10 00
D Patterson, gasoline	9 48
Imperial Drug Co, mdse	2 15
Christ Hall, salary for Oct	52 50
Chas Fellman, attending fire dept meeting at Crookston	5 00
Anton Anderson, work	20 00
Simon Hulbey, "	16 00
Jas Gilbertson, "	44 00
D Patterson, work and team hire	5 25
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	12 75
Geo Eastman, work	8 00
Henry Peterson, night watchman	1 50
A Payment, "	1 50
White Mfg Co, lamp supplies	35 68
Neils Jensen, work	12 40
St Anthony Falls Bank, int on bonds	87 50
D Patterson, gasoline	9 91
K O Gigstad, justice fees, etc	4 00
D Patterson, services as per bill	11 40
Neils Jensen, work	6 00
B E Burkee, clerk of election	4 40
James Gilbertson, work on road	42 00
Geo W Eastman, "	10 00
Christ Hall, marshal salary	50 00
John Berglund, work	11 00
Anton Anderson, " on road	44 00
John F Magnuson, " " "	12 00
Tollef Erickson, " " "	22 00
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	12 63
Otterness & Edstrom, hdwe & mdse	6 39
Wm Olson, work as per bill	8 75
J J Soll, judge of election	4 40
K O Gigstad, ¼ yr salary as recorder	25 00
Ed Peterson, cleaning well	1 00
Neils Jensen, work	75
Christ Hall, salary for Dec	50 00
T J Thorkelson, judge of election	4 40
J B O'Brien, clerk of election	4 40
D Patterson, gasoline	9 68
Christ Hall, salary for Jan	50 00
H E Ives, pub council proceedings	37 50
A P Erickson, work	1 00
D Patterson, work, gasoline and ½ yr salary	15 73
T J Thorkelson, ½ yr salary, etc	8 00
Imperial Drug Co, wood alcohol	1 75
A P Erickson, work	3 50
St Hilaire Fire Dept, fire at Otterness & Edstrom's	27 00
Christ Hall, salary and extra work	54 50
Nels G Otterness, ½ yr sal as council	5 00
K O Gigstad, village blanks	10 30
Balance on hand	649 16
Total	$ 4005 80

POOR FUND:

Peterson & Lang, mdse for Mrs Robinson	$ 1 83
Rapp & Post, mdse for Mrs Sjerva	5 00
L M Roland, meat for Mrs Robinson	1 00
Rapp & Post, mdse " "	3 85
L Holmes, 1 sack flour Joe St Martin	2 80
Rapp & Post, mdse " "	2 50
D Patterson, a load wood " "	2 75
Rapp & Post, mdse " "	2 85
L Holmes, flour " "	3 25
Rapp & Post, mdse " "	2 22
" "	2 00
Wilson & Hend'ksn, mdse " "	8 48
D Patterson, 1 cord wood " "	2 75
Rapp & Post, mdse " "	8 94
" "	2 54
L Holmes, 100 lbs flour " "	3 25
Rapp & Post, mdse " "	1 83
L Holmes, flour " "	3 15
Balance on hand	225 02
Total	$ 285 95

Order for Hearing Application for Appointment of Administrator.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court.
Special term, March 2, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of P. G. Otterness, of Cannon Falls, of the county of Goodhue, representing, among other things, that Nels G. Otterness, late of the county of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota, on the 21st day of February, A. D. 1905, at the county of Hennepin, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to K. O. Gigstad granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 3rd day of April, A. D. 1905, at one o'clock p. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls the 2nd day of March, A. D. 1905.

By the court,
[SEAL] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.
(m11 ap1)

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Land Snaps

WE HAVE FOR SALE THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED LANDS:

W½ of E½ of section 27-150-43;
W½ of NE¼, SE¼ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼, 22-151-43;
S½ section 8-151-45;
SE¼ section 12-152-44;
NE¼ section 15-152-44;
NE¼ section 24-152-44;
SE¼ section 13-153-45.

WE ALSO HAVE A TRACT OF 2040 ACRES FOR SALE LOCATED IN TOWNSHIP 152, RANGE 43, AS FOLLOWS:

SW¼ of NW¼ and W½ of SW¼ Sec. 2; SE¼ of NE¼, S½ of SW¼ and and SE¼ Sec. 3; E½ of NE¼ and SE¼ Sec. 9; All of Sec. 10; W½ of NW¼, NE¼ of SW¼ and W½ of SW¼ Sec. 11; W½ of NW¼ Sec. 14; N½ Sec. 15; and N½ of S½ Sec. 15, which can be sold as a whole or in small tracts.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ADDRESS

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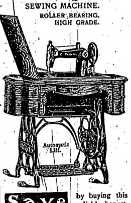
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St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

$32.90

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Every day, March 1 to May 15, 1905, inclusive, from St. Paul and Minneapolis to San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego and many other points on the Pacific coast, via the

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RAILWAY

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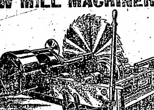

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Great Northern Time Table.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at St. Hilaire.

ARRIVE		DEPART
9:18 am 10:40 am 3:50 pm 5:10 pm	ST. HILAIRE	9:18 am 10:40 am 3:50 pm 5:10 pm
9:45 am 4:15 pm	THIEF RIV. FALLS	10:15 am 4:45 pm
11:15 pm	RED LAKE FALLS	3:15 pm

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

T. J. Thorkelson	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
D. Patterson N. G. Otterness A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hanson
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 117.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
J. J. Soll, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Bergland, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE
Veterinary
Surgeon.
Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham
St. Hilaire, - Minn.

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......TOYS
Agency for......
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

A. S. Wilson made a business trip to Thief River Falls yesterday.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

A. F. Lang is up in the Middle River country this week on a business trip.

Chas. W. Morley, of Crookston, was a business visitor here last Thursday.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

L. T. Berg has been busy the past week moving onto his reservation claim.

Frank A. Grady, of Red Lake Falls, was a business visitor here last Monday.

Send your laundry to the Crookston Steam Laundry. Jas. F. McAndress, agent.

The small boys succeeded in winning in a match bowling game last Tuesday night.

R. J. McKercher came back from the woods where he spent the winter, last Saturday.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur and children are visiting with relatives at Crookston this week.

The village of Argyle, in Marshall county, is reported to have 74 cases of smallpox.

H. D. Pettibone spent a couple of days at Crookston the first of the week on business.

Dr. J. E. Argue, the Red Lake Falls dentist, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on April 3 and 4.

Mrs. J. H. McKinney, of Thief River Falls, is visiting her sister Mrs. George Hughes this week.

R. H. Duntley entertained a dozen of his gentleman friends at a whist party last Thursday night.

Keep your valuable papers in a safe place. Vault boxes for rent at the Merchants State Bank.

A. M. Edstrom was out at Hazel yesterday. He expects to reside there permanently in a short time.

The city council at Thief River Falls reduced the liquor license from $1,000 to $500 for the coming year.

Wanted.—Two dining room girls at Hotel Ogahmah, Thief River Falls.
Chas. A. Robbecke.

John Dainard is visiting friends and relatives here this week. He is on his way home after a winter in the woods.

County Superintendent of Schools H. T. McAnulty was visiting schools in this vicinity the first part of the week.

Erick Anderson, the well known Wyandotte farmer, is the happy father of a fourteen-pund girl which was born last week.

David Ross and wife who have spent the winter on their claim near Kratka, returned this week and will spend the summer here.

Jens Nelson and wife returned last Saturday from Evansville, where they had been attending the funeral of Mr. Nelson's sister.

A large number of farmers, who have taken claims on the reservation have been in town after lumber and supplies the past week.

J. Hendrickson has been very sick at Thief River Falls the past week of kidney trouble and rheumatism but is reported considerably better.

A carload of farm machinery, consisting of wagons, buggies, plows, drills and harrows arrived last Tuesday at Leonard Holmes' machinery warehouse.

Charles Gardner, of Thief River Falls, was bound over to the grand jury by Judge Bishop for stealing two chickens of the value of fifty cents. It will cost the county fifty dollars or more.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lanctot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

Bregier & Lawrence, of Red Lake Falls, have rented the Hall building just south of the Hotel Markham and are putting in billiard and pool tables. It is understood that they will run a temperance billiard room.

An auction sale of horses, cattle and farm machinery will be held at the farm of John Falstad, section 19, town of River Falls, on Saturday, April 1st, 1905, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m. Free lunch will be served at noon.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

A. F. Lang has bought out the interest of Gust Nelson and has opened a restaurant in the rear of J. J. Soll's place. Mr. Lang has an enviable reputation as a cook and will do well.

Peter Anderson and family who have spent the past year at Rainy River, returned last Wednesday and will spend the summer here. Mr. Anderson will take his old position as millwright at the saw mill.

T. J. Thorkelton left last Monday for Evansville where he will join his family and from there they expect to leave for southern California about the first of the month. Their many friends will wish them success in their new home.

The new council and other officers elected at the village election met last Monday evening and qualified for the positions to which they were elected. The council will probably not hold a business meeting until the first Monday of next month.

The Great Northern has a crew of men at Ives loading gravel and a train is hauling it to Red Lake Falls, where it is being used to prevent a land slide. It is thought that the new track will be finished and trains running that way inside of two weeks.

The Oliver Typewriter received the Gold Medal at the World's Fair, St. Louis. Send for handsomely illustrated art catalog which tells why.
The Oliver Typewriter Co.,
332, Hennepin Ave.,
tf Minneapolis, Minn.

Manager F. L. Murphy received word last Saturday to close the office of Edwards-Wood Co., which he has had charge of here the past winter. He closed up the office the same day and left for Crookston. Lack of business was the reported cause of the closing.

C. H. Martz took his son Dennis down to the St. Vincent hospital at Crookston last Saturday where he was operated upon for appendicitis. Mr. Martz returned Monday and reports that the operation was successful and that his son was doing as well as could be expected.

Mr. and Mrs. Anton Peterson, of Wyandotte, were again called upon to mourn the death of their infant son Edward, which occurred last Sunday. Less than a year ago they were favored with two bright twin boys and both have died this winter. The SPECTATOR extends condolence to the unhappy couple in their bereavement.

I have some nice "Early Six Weeks" potatoes which will be sold at $1.00 per bushel as long as they last. These are ready for market from ten to twelve days earlier than any other variety. Leave orders at Otterness & Edstrom's or call at Julius M. Jahn's "Oakland Stock Farm," 1½ miles southwest of St. Hilaire. f25

The most important question in town at present is "When will the river open?" The repairs at the big saw mill are about all done and everything will be in readiness to start in a few days or as soon as the ice clears from the river. This generally occurrs about the 12th of April, but as this season appears early many hope for an early start. The mill will at once start a night and day crew, the men having all been hired and they will be here in a few days.

WANTED—Trustworthy man or woman to manage business in this county and adjoining territory for well established house of solid financial standing. $20 straight cash salary with all necessary expenses paid weekly by check from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Position permanent; previous experience not essential. No investment required. We furnish everything. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Address, Manager, 810 Como Block, Chicago, Ill. m6

The spring term of the district court will convene at Red Lake Falls next Monday with Judge William Watts on the bench. Both a grand and petit jury has been called and the term will be a fair sized one. The following cases of interest to this locality have been cited for trial: Bertha Rapp vs. First State Bank of St. Hilaire; S. J. Toole vs. Great Northern Ry. Co.; John K. Hannay, et al vs. W. A. Schreiter et al; Thomas Smyth vs. William Eickhoff; Peter Engelstad vs. Board of Co Com. et al; S. W. Lee vs. Great Northern Ry. Co.; J. C. Cummings vs. Joseph St. Martin; F. T. Satre vs. Martin McAndress.

Lost.

Town order number 846, issued by Rocksbury township on the 22nd day of June, 1903, to A. A. Odegaard for $12.00, is lost. Anyone finding same will please leave with E. A. Aubol, township treasurer.

Teachers Elected.

The school board held a meeting last Wednesday evening and elected the following teachers for the coming year:

Principal—J. B. O'Brien.
Huldah C. Gigstad.
Catherine Pirath.
Mabel Hannay.
Emma Fargeman.

The Fountain of Youth.

Mr. Jones—My daughter is only eighteen. You had better wait until she is older. The Lover—Well, I've waited two years for her to get older, but she still stays at eighteen.—Judge.

The Usual Cause.

"Reggie, can you spell kitten?"
"No, mother."
"But what do you go to school for?"
"Only cause you make me, mother," said Reggie sadly.

What makes life dreary is the want of motive.

Trouble at Plummer.

Red Lake Courier: James and Knut Torgerson, of Lambert township, got in trouble at Plummer Monday, and as a result one of the young men has a bullet wound in one of his legs, and are both now boarding with Sheriff Linnihan.

It seems the brothers got into a dispute with Julius Pleth over a business deal and threatened to do him bodily harm. Mr. Pleth caused their arrest, and there being no jail at the place they were placed in a box car for safe keeping. They endeavored to make their escape and succeeded in getting out of the car and were making good time down the railway track when they were brought to a halt by the constable shooting one of them in the leg.

They were brought before Justice Latta who thought they should give bonds to keep the peace for six months. Being unable to furnish the bond they were brought to this city and placed in the county jail for safe keeping. It is said that the young men are in communication with their father in the hopes that he will come to the rescue.

Enter the Agency.

Bemidji Pioneer: At a conference held Saturday between the officials of the Great Northern and the Shevlin Carpenter company it was decided to extend the branch north from Wilton from Island Lake, the present terminus to the Red Lake Agency. This was done in answer to a petition unanimously signed by the business interests at the agency and by all the Indians.

Island Lake is about six miles from the agency. The road to Island Lake will be completed and trains will be running on schedule time by June 1 and the extension into the agency will probably be completed early in the fall. The total distance from Bemidji to the agency by this road will be about 35 or 36 miles.

The Pioneer has reliable information to the effect that the road will be built of standard road bed and equipped with efficient freight and passenger service. Western Beltrami county will be the gainer by at least three new towns which will spring up along the line of the road.

Recruiting Officers at Crookston.

Three recruits for the United States navy were enlisted at the naval recruiting station at Grand Forks Tuesday. The station is in charge of Thomas Smith, chief boatswain's mate, who is assisted by C. W. Ross, yeoman, and C. E. Frederickson, hospital apprentice. The gentlemen came from Kansas City to Grand Forks, and will keep the station there open until Friday night, when they come to Crookston to remain four days. There is fascination about the navy that attracts young men, and Mr. Smith expects to have a good number to swear in Friday afternoon. The recruits will be sent to Norfolk, Va., for instruction and assignment.

Dispelling Fog by Electricity.

A series of remarkable experiments have been concluded by an eminent English Physicist, who has demonstrated by an ingenious method of his own that he is able to dispel smoke, fumes and fog by electricity. A dense fog was cleared for a distance of 150 to 250 yards by an aerial wire used to project electrical energy into the atmosphere. The value of this invention is tremendous to the shipping world, as great as golden grain belt beer to the western world. Certainly nothing is worth more than health and that's what golden grain belt beer represents. Just try a case and be convinced. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

BUY YOUR GOODS
OF US,
WHERE
YOU GET
The BEST Values.

Just a few of our Prices:

Rice, good quality, a pound	4c
Rolled Oats, a pound	4c
Coffee, the very best to be had, at a pound	15c
Golden West Cleaned Currents, one-pound package	10c
Christmas Cake Fancy Seeded Raisins, a package	10c
Grapes, a pound	8c
Fancy Peaches, a pound	15c
Extra Fancy Peaches, the very best to be had, a pound only	18c
Fancy Evaporated Apples, a pound, only	10c
Salt Pork, a pound	9c
Dry Salt Sides, a pound	10c
Little Boy Blue Salmon, a can	10c
Tulip brand Salmon, regular 15c seller, only, a can	10c
Extra fine Sugar Corn, a can	10c
Very good quality Tomatoes, can	10c
Early June Peas, a can	8c
Norway Fish Balls, a can	20c
Solid Mustard, a can	15c
Sour Kraut, a can	15c
Reception Mocha and Java Coffee 2 pound can	75c
Smoked Salmon, a pound	15c

New line of Hats, Caps, Shoes, Men's and Boys' Shirts just in.

Highest Market Prices paid for Butter, Eggs and Wool.

GIVE US A CALL.

M. L. HANSON,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

A Talk on Catalogs.

When the catalog comes from your mail order house draw an easy chair to the table where the light will shine full upon the page and put on your glasses that no bargains will escape your eye. What a wonderful book it is to be sure—wonderful for what it does not contain, as well as what it does. We miss some things we would be glad to see. Where is the offer to pay cash or exchange for your wheat, corn oats, beans, butter, eggs and hay? How much do they pay for sheep, cattle and hogs f. o. b. at your depot? How much tax will they pay to support your schools and educate your children, for improving roads and bridges and support of the poor of the county, for the expense of running the business of the township, county and state? On what page is their offer to contribute money to the church? What line of credit will they extend to you when your crops are poor and your money gone? when through illness or misfortune you are not able to send "cash with your order" for your groceries, clothing, farm tools and crockery? Where is their offer to contribute to your entertainment next year? What did they do last? In short, will they do anything to provide a market for what you have to sell and thereby keep up the value of your estate? Will they do anything for social, church, school or government support, or do they take your dollars out of the community with no returns except the goods you buy?

The Joke Turned.

Quiet Traveling Man—Call me at 5:30, please. Smart Hotel Clerk—What shall I call you at 5:30? Quiet Traveling Man—Call me a poor, misguided idiot for letting myself get roped in to stay all night here!—Baltimore American.

Unhappy People Think.

It is the unhappy man who commonly sits down and thinks. The happy man gets up and does something—kills something if he is the traditional Englishman, makes love if he is the traditional Frenchman.—G. S. Street.

A Father's Jest.

Softleigh—When I—aw—awsked her foh her hand in mawwiage her bwutal father thweatened to—aw—bwain me, doncher know. Miss Cutting—That's just like her father. He always was fond of a joke.—Chicago News.

A Close Student.

"He's fond of literature."
"Is he a close student?"
"I should say so. He never spends a penny he doesn't have to."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

What a tangled web we weave when first we practice to deceive!—Scott.

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of Merchants State Bank at St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on March 14, 1905.
Date of call by Supt., March 14, 1905.
Date of report by bank, March 23, 1905.

RESOURCES.			
Loans and discounts			$33,025 33
Overdrafts			140 42
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			3,772 23
Due from banks		9,523 51	
Checks and cash items		12 32	
Currency	576 00		
Gold	230 00		
Silver	192 30		
Fractional	9 00	1,007 30	
Total available assets		10,543 13	10,543 13
Total			47,840 69
LIABILITIES.			
Capital stock			$ 10,000 00
Surplus fund			100 00
Undivided profits, net			152 20
Dep. subject to check		15,935 65	
Demand certificates		4,030 78	
Total immed. liabilities		19,966 43	
Time certificates		17,122 06	
Total deposits		37,088 49	37,088 49
Total			47,340 69

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } ss.

I, K. O. Gigstad, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

K. O. Gigstad, Cashier.

Attest: (Two Directors:
Leonard Holmes.
H. E. Ives.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 23rd day of March, 1905.

H. E. Ives,
(Seal) Notary Public,
Red Lake Co., Minn.

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of First State Bank at St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on the 14th day of March, 1905.
Date of call by Supt., March 14, 1905.
Date of report by bank, March 20, 1905.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$38,099 65
Overdrafts		243 71
Other bonds, stocks and securities		750 09
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		4,000 00
Other real estate		675 76
Due from banks	5,000 36	
Checks and cash items	81 82	
Currency	1,840 00	
Gold	990 00	
Silver	1,215 37	
Total Available Assets	9,127 55	9,127 55
Total		$52,896 76
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$10,000 00
Surplus fund		2,000 00
Undivided profits, net		384 06
Dep. subject to check	$ 9,249 37	
Demand certificates	1,275 79	
Due banks	43 02	
Total immediate liabili's	10,568 18	
Time certificates	29,944 52	
Total deposits	40,512 70	40,512 70
Total		$52,896 76

STATE OF MINNESOTA. }
County of Red Lake. } ss

I, B. E. Burkee, cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above Statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

B. E. Burkee,
Cashier.

Attest: (Two) Directors:
J. K. Hannay,
L. Ellington.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of March, 1905.

O. F. Post,
[SEAL] Notary Public,
Red Lake Co., Minn.

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CIRCULAR
FOR RAW FURS
To McMILLAN FUR & WOOL CO.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
DEPT. 30.

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Fabrics
are here in all their freshness and beauty. No true woman can view them without admiration and longing.

For Early Spring Wear

we have never seen prettier patterns or goods. It's really wonderful how handsome a dress or suit you can buy for very little money. Come and glory in the display, anyway. We'll risk your buying when you call.

Dress Goods

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St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

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to have your property insured in
..Cheap Fire Insurance Companies..
I represent twelve of the best companies doing business in the United States. They never fail to pay all losses promptly.........
REMEMBER THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST
H. E. IVES - - ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

Don't buy a Typewriter on a worn-out reputation.......
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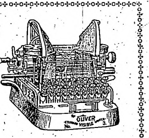

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SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

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Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

A Song of Worry

What's the use to sit an' worry if you
lose, who thought to win?
Kick the worry out the winder—let the
livin' sunshine in!
Time ain't sighin'—
He's a flyin';
Worryin' is half a sin!

What's the use? There ain't a reason,
ner the shadder of a rhyme,
When the worl' rolls on in music, an' the
stars are keepin' time!
Time ain't cryin'—
He's a-flyin',
An' you're on the wings of Time!

—Frank L. Stanton, in Atlanta Constitution.

A MAID IN A FOG

BY SARAH LINDSAY COLEMAN

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

The rain had broken into the plans of the pleasure seekers. It had forced them to the shelter of the cabins at the foot of the mountain, and in good-natured, friendly groups they trailed through the long mountain-top grass, their faces wet with the fog that hung in a heavy cloud in the stunted trees above them.

As the girls passed, eyes blue and black and brown challenged Gray, but he only shook his head. He wanted his pipe and solitude, and he declared that it was his imperative duty to remain behind not only to see that the mules were well packed but in order to bring all the lost things down the mountain, from handkerchiefs to girls.

In spite of the reproach in more than one pair of bright eyes he let them all pass. He noticed that the mist was settling thicker, but the mountain was as familiar to him as the outlines of his own hand, and, in cheerful unconcern, he smoked pipe after pipe.

A distant call from somewhere in the muffling fog roused him from his reverie. It was a woman's voice. Some one of them had lagged behind and had been lost among the dozen cattle trails that ran in a bewildering network across the mountain.

"Yes," he shouted. He got to his feet, knocked the tobacco from his pipe, stuffed it in his pocket and plunged in the direction of the calling voice. Now it sounded faintly from the right, now from the left; now it died away to come again from an entirely new direction, and from what sounded like a great distance.

"Keep still!" he shouted. "I will never find you!" There was an imperative ring in his voice, "Now call."

As the voice called louder, buoyed and strengthened by the knowledge of his human nearness, he plunged into the opaque mist curtain, and in a moment, guided by the sobbing sound of panting breath, he had almost stumbled upon the girl.

"Oh," she cried in passionate relief as her rescuer came up to her, "how good it is to be found! It hasn't been more than a century has it? But you will find them for me, won't you? They were just ahead. I lost them all in a minute—and then the path stopped. I ran up higher. I tried to get back to the cave. We had agreed on the cave in case of trouble but I could not find it. I lost my head the loneliness was desperate. It overmastered me, and the fog caught me by the throat." She sank down on a log, trembling violently, and began to sob like a little child.

When the sound had twisted and strained Gray's heartstrings until it was a physical impossibility to endure it longer, he touched her arm gently. "Please don't," he said. "The fog's lifting a little. I'll get you out of this all right."

The girl looked up. In the oval of her pale face her eyes seemed unnaturally large and dark. "You are very good," she said, controlling her voice with an effort," and then I've been extremely babyish, but— —" Her words died on her lips; she started at Gray unbelievingly.

"You, she gasped. "You here—in America?"

Gray paled under his tan. "It's where I belong—here in America," he said slowly.

"But I thought—" The girl looked at him as if she doubted the evidence of her own senses. "I—don't understand," she said helplessly.

"It's very simple," Gray said, and he smiled;" the devil tempted me and I fell—the dear, good devil."

He noticed that the mist was settling thicker.

"I must be stupid," she said; "but I don't in the least understand."

"Then let's us begin at the very minute you entered the dingy little foreign hole of a hotel and found me drumming at that piano. If you remember, you flung off your rich furs and ordered me to begin at once. 'I shall sing this,' you said in a voice that was final, and I did my poor best to accompany you. It didn't occur to me to refuse to obey the mandate of a princess of the blood royal, nor was I willing to bore a princess with tiresome and awkward explanations. The simplest thing to do was to play without quarreling with fate, and so I did. Of course I ran the risk of your seeing through me. And I was quite nervous, for fear the old codger himself would bolt in and spoil things. But risk is the savor of life. You didn't find me out, and he didn't come in, and—"

"For a lesson, yes," the girl broke in with, "but there was a month of lessons."

"There were also some good American dollars," reproachfully.

"You!" she gasped. "You here in America?"

"Oh," understandingly. Then plaintively, "I thought I was learning such a lot."

"You need not try to make me sorry," Gray laughed. "I'll agree that borrowed joy exacts a heavy interest; I'll agree to a good many things, but I won't be sorry. Except for one thing —I felt like a sneak thief to take your money. I couldn't give it to the old Shylock for he had been paid too much, but I hit on an excellent plan, I turned it all over to the little beggar you thought so picturesque—the little fellow that ran after you always."

"Oh, but that was foolish," impulsively.

"Every thing I did was foolish," Gray said gravely. "I lived from lesson to lesson, and you didn't get such bad ones, for I literally sat at the old fellow's feet. I fell to dreaming night and day, of all sorts of forbidden things. Down to the day I got your note that said your mother was ill and you were leaving for some indefinite country you didn't think it worth while to mention, I was foolish. It was pretty evident even to a chap as far gone as I that you were ending the thing. I couldn't follow. I didn't know whether to try Jericho or Texas. And to think that I might never have found you but for this blessed fog!"

At the sound of something that rang in his laughter, the girl got up from the log and moved away down the trail, alert, like a bird ready to take flight.

Gray followed down the aisle of spectral trees, the light gone out of his eyes.

"Was your mother very ill?" he asked, at length.

"Not very," the girl said. There was a curious little sound in her throat that might have been a laugh or a sob. Whatever it was, it sent the light leaping into Gray's eyes again. With a single stride he had overtaken her. "Look at me," he commanded.

She marched straight ahead.

"Then she wasn't ill," he said. "She didn't send for you?" No answer.

Gray caught her hand. She struggled to free it. "Oh, it's no good," he said. "You've got to tell me. Did she?"

"No," said the girl defiantly. "She wasn't ill at all. I got homesick for America."

"But why?" gently.

She lifted her eyes and tried to brave it through with a laugh. "Why? What a ridiculous question! Why does one want home?"

Gray looked down at her steadily. The blood poured into her cheeks, and her head dropped.

"Sometimes one wants home because one is afraid to listen to a heart that pleads for a man. Was that it, dear? Was it your heart pleading for me in spite of the gulf between an American heiress and a poor foreign music teacher? Was that why you felt safer with an ocean between? Answer me."

But again she was silent.

"Was it?" gently.

For answer she hid her face in the depths of his coat. "Oh, I can't help it," she cried. "It's been a miserable time. Prince or pauper, I don't want to help it. Be good to me, dear."

It was then, as she lifted her face to his, that the clouds fell apart, leaving great reaches of blue sky. From the sea of vapor the mountains here and there lifted their heads; a shaft of sunlight struck to the depths of the girl's tender eyes, and lo! the earth was enchanted.

FABLE OF THE WISE HEN.

How She Discomfited an Arbitration Committee and Avenged Deceit.

Once upon a time (very recently) a hen went upon a strike and refused to lay. Other hens followed her example and the scarcity of hen fruit which resulted caused eggs to retail for something like 50 cents per dozen. In other words, strictly fresh eggs laid by scab hens were worth about 5 cents each in the shell. Even cold storage eggs, which were deadly explosive and had to be handled with care, brought 30 cents.

The people got together and remonstrated with the hens, but it did no good. Finally an arbitration committee waited on the hens and tried to persuade them to go back to work. The arbitration committee pointed out that only the rich can afford to eat eggs, but the hens refused to work. The arbitration committee then told the hens that if they persisted in the strike they would bring race suicide on themselves.

Then a wise old hen arose and spoke as follows:

"In the spring when us hens wish to sit the people give us porcelain doorknobs to sit on. If porcelain doorknobs are as good as eggs to sit on they ought to be as good to eat as eggs. Tell the people to eat porcelain doorknobs."

The arbitration committee could not answer this argument and departed in tears.

Moral—Deceit will come home to roost.

FOR THE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH

Expert Would Use Trees in Short-Distance Transmission.

One of the most interesting suggestions made recently in connection with wireless telegraphy is that of Major G. O. Squier, of the United States army signal corps, who believes that for short-distance transmission trees can be used as substitutes for the aerial wires usually employed. Major Squier's plan is to connect the apparatus by wires to iron nails driven at the base of the tree from which the radiations would be emitted. While the tree would hardly be as satisfactory as a more permanent arrangement of wires, yet in a military campaign it might answer for many purposes where the army is operating in a country barren of trees, but here a return may be made to the older method of employing jointed poles or kites or balloons to raise the wires. In connection with Major Squier's suggestion the point has been made that the difficulties of wireless telegraphy in transmitting messages overland would be increased by the presence of an intervening forest, and should this be the case the operation of wireless telegraphy may be restricted greatly.—Harper's Weekly.

Joke Carried Too Far.

"This artificial limb business is getting to be something wonderful," said George Moore, of the Gilsey house. "When a man can wiggle the fingers of an artificial hand it is uncanny. Practical jokes of terrible effect are possible with the artificial limb, and the victim is such in the true sense of the word.

"A man came in here not long ago and walked up to the clerk and in a friendly way reached across the counter to shake hands. Then he wheeled away and left his hand in the grip of the clerk.

"The clerk fainted—actually fainted, although he realized, I believe, that the hand he held was but an artificial one. The man who wore it had devised a scheme by which he might throw it off by pressing a spring. The delight he took in the joke ceased when his victim collapsed."—New York Telegraph.

A Doubting Heart.

Where are the swallows fled?
Frozen and dead
Perchance upon some bleak and stormy
shore.
O doubting heart!
Far over purple seas,
They wait in sunny ease,
The balmy southern breeze
To bring them to their northern homes
once more.

Why must the flowers die?
Prisoned they lie
In the cold tomb, heedless of tears or
rain.
O doubting heart!
They only sleep below
The soft white ermine snow
While winter winds shall blow,
To breathe and smile upon you soon
again.

Fair hope is dead, and light
Is quenched in night.
What sound can break the silence of despair?
O doubting heart!
The sky is overcast,
Yet stars shall rise at last,
Brighter for darkness past,
And angels' silver voices stir the air.
—Adelaide A. Procter.

Mr. Cleveland's Musical Criticism.

Once, during his second term, Grover Cleveland was asked to speak at a function in a certain town and when he arrived at the depot, the wind was blowing a gale, sleet was driving and hailstones nearly as large as marbles were fiercely falling.

Of course, the inevitable brass band was there, and at the sight of the president, the performers struck up with all the strenuosity at their command. "That is the most realistic music I ever heard," remarked Cleveland. "What are they trying to play?" asked Secretary Olney, who accompanied him. "Hail to the Chief!" replied the president with a cheerful smile.

Grand Duke Advocates Boldness.

Some critics of Russian autocracy say that the Grand Duke Vladimir has some excuse for his hatred of popular movements and secret societies. His father, Alexander II.—the man who on his accession to the throne at once made peace in the Crimean war and emancipated the serfs—was assassinated by nihilist bombs. The grand duke is said to have carefully studied the details of the history of the French revolution, with the express object of avoiding the perils and dangers of any such catastrophe in Russia, and he is convinced that if Louis XVI.'s ministers had been bolder they might have saved France as a kingdom.

A Poser.

"There, my son; that will do for this time," sternly interposed the long-suffering parent. "I don't know who was the first man to invent wrestling, nor how many mickles make a muckle, nor how many is many, nor how few is few, nor how a sailor smokes his hornpipe, nor why Good Friday never comes on a Tuesday, nor why our war fleet is called a Pacific squadron, nor why rabbits can't add, divide and subtract as well as multiply, nor why an owl should hoot and not howl, nor the answer to any one of the other foolish questions that your abnormally developed bump of inquisitiveness incites you to propound."

"Yes; but father, I don't want to ask any silly questions. This is a most important one. Please, do you think when a stout man is self-contained he has more room inside of himself to contain himself in than a thin man has, or is himself so big that he is just as tightly crowded inside of himself as the thin man is, and how much of himself is it that is self-contained, and how much is on the outside doing the containing, and—"

"Clarence, go to bed this instant."

An Ex-Sheriff Talks.

Scott City, Kan., March 20th.—(Special.)—Almost every newspaper tells of cures of the most deadly of kidney diseases by Dodd's Kidney Pills, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Rheumatism and Bladder troubles, in fact any disease that is of the kidneys or caused by disordered kidneys is readily cured by this great American remedy.

But it is in curing the earlier stages of Kidney complaint that Dodd's Kidney Pills are doing their greatest work. They are preventing thousands of cases of Bright's disease and other deadly ailments by curing Kidney Disease when it first shows its presence in the body.

Speaking of this work, Ex-Sheriff James Scott of Scott County, says:

"I have used eight boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and must say that they are just the thing for Kidney Disease. We have tried many Kidney medicines but Dodd's Kidney Pills are the best of all."

Knew His Business.

A merchant, whose daughter had married a man with whom it proved she could not get on very well, was much surprised some weeks ago to see the young lady return home again, with all her belongings.

The old man listened very attentively to her story, and then went to his desk and wrote a note to his son-in-law, which he gave to his daughter, assuring her that her husband would receive her kindly after this. The pair, on reading the letter, found in it the following notice:

"Dear Sir: Goods which are selected of one's own free will at my establishment are not taken back again."

The young couple laughed heartily and were reconciled.

Awkward for the Poet.

"You have some professional humorists working on your linotype machines, haven't you?" asked the poet with the bandaged head.

"Haven't noticed that any of them have a failing that way," answered the editor.

"Well, you're a poor observer. Do you read your own paper?"

"Occasionally."

"Did you read my poem, 'To Agatha,' in yesterday's issue?"

"N-no."

"I thought not. In the poem I wrote a line which read: 'I love you better than I love my life.'"

"That was a neat line."

"And one of your linotype humorists made it read, 'I love you better than I love my wife.'"

"Er—"

"Exactly—my wife. And my wife, not being acquainted with the failings of these key-thumpers, thinks the poem was printed exactly as it was written."

His Passion.

"I was examined for life insurance to-day," said Mr. Timmid, "but I'm afraid I'll be turned down."

"Oh, my! Why?" asked Miss Koy.

"While the doctor was examining my heart I unfortunately got to thinking of you, and it jumped something awful."

THE SIMPLE LIFE.

Ways That Are Pleasant and Paths That Are Peace.

It is the simple life that gives length of days, serenity of mind and body and tranquility of soul.

Simple hopes and ambitions, bounded by the desire to do good to one's neighbors, simple pleasures, habits, food and drink.

Men die long before their time because they try to crowd too much into their experiences—they climb too high and fall too hard. A wise woman writes of the good that a simple diet has done her:

"I have been using Grape-Nuts for about six months. I began rather sparingly, until I acquired such a liking for it that for the last three months I have depended upon it almost entirely for my diet, eating nothing else whatever, but Grape-Nuts for breakfast and supper, and I believe I could eat it for dinner with fruit and be satisfied without other food, and feel much better and have more strength to do my housework.

"When I began the use of Grape-Nuts I was thin and weak, my muscles were so soft that I was not able to do any work. I weighed only 108 pounds. Nothing that I ate did me any good. I was going down hill rapidly, was nervous and miserable, with no ambition for anything. My condition improved rapidly after I began to eat Grape-Nuts food. It made me feel like a new woman; my muscles got solid, my figure rounded out, my weight increased to 126 pounds in a few weeks, my nerves grew steady and my mind better and clearer. My friends tell me they haven't seen me look so well for years.

"I consider Grape-Nuts the best food on the market and shall never go back to meats and white bread again." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Look in each pkg. for the little book, "The Roard to Wellville."

OUT OF THE ORDINARY

Silas Angry.

"My husband wus real mad to-day,"
Said Mrs. Silas Gray,
"Our cow got tangled in her rope,
An' choked herself to-day.
Well, pa had gone down to the store,
I sez to little Dick;
'Run tell yer daddy 'bout the cow,
An' tell him to come quick.'

"When Dick found pa he simply sez:
'There, sonny, keep yer head,
We'll take an' git another cow,
If our ole May is dead.'
He led the youngster home agin
But by that time old May
Had got herself untangled an'
Wus calmly eatin' hay.

"When Silas saw that animal,
My sakes! but he wus mad.
He sez: 'How comes it she ain't dead?'
An' say, he took on bad.
'Nex' time,' he sez, 'you fetch me home
When that ole cow gets sick,
'Ef she gets well 'fore I arrive,
You better kill her quick.'"
—Kansas City Times.

Shipload of Soldiers' Brides.

The English, a homely nation, are so fond of seeing their soldiers "settled down" to the comforts of home that they even go to the trouble and expense of sending brides to the furthermost corners of the earth for Tommy Atkins.

The recent dispatch of 30 young women for India in the troopship Plassy, on marriage bent, was by no means an uncommon occurrence.

The good-behaved soldier, when he has been in the service a specified time, usually finds that he is in love, and whether he is stationed on the sandy plains of Egypt, or in India, his lady love will be invited to take passage on a troopship to share his lot in life.

The old troopship Himalaya, now in use as a coal storeship, holds the record of having conveyed the greatest number of soldiers' wives and sweethearts abroad.—Stray Stories.

Cent for Every Horseshoe.

Ralph H. Whitney, one of Houlton's enterprising blacksmiths, has a unique method in regard to keeping account of the number of horseshoes he nails on each year.

For every shoe that he places on a horse's hoof he gives his wife 1 cent, and at the end of the year he can easily tell the exact number. He has followed this method ever since starting in business, and the amount of money which his better half has saved is not small.

In the year 1903 the number of shoes was something like 14,000, and during the year 1904 the whole number was 12,101.—Kennebec Journal.

Alarm Clock Centuries Old.

In the town of Schramberg, in the Black Forest, there is an alarm clock which warned sleepers it was time to get up when Charles II. was king of England. It was made in 1680, and is an ingenious piece of workmanship. In form it resembles a lantern in which is a lighted candle, the wick of which is automatically clipped every minute by a pair of scissors. The candle is slowly pushed upward by a spring, which also controls the mechanism of the clock, and at the required hour of waking an alarm is sounded, and at the same time the movable sides of the lantern fall and the room is flooded with light.

Concert in a Well.

For many years there has been a scarcity of water at Woolley, Huntingdonshire, the result being that when at last a new well was dug the villagers thought it a most important event.

A religious service was conducted around the well on Thursday afternoon, all of the women and children afterward being entertained at tea. In the evening the men of the hamlet assembled at the bottom of the well, which was, of course, dry. After a prayer by the Rev. A. E. Farrar, the rector, there were songs and speeches and refreshments were handed round —London Daily Mail.

Strange Ending of a Concert.

In the middle of a charity concert at Dtchet-on-Thames on Tuesday night the accompanist, mistaking his cue, struck up "God Save the King."

Before any one of the performers realized what had happened, the hall was empty, the audience having gone home with the idea that the concert was over. As a consequence comic singers and ballad vocalists, some of whom had traveled long distances to render their services, could not give their turns, and yesterday the organizers of the concert were walking about the village apologizing to everybody.—London Chronicle.

Specially Privileged Cat.

The following permit was recently issued in New York: Commissioner of Parks, City of New York. Permission is hereby granted to Maude A. Letts of 27 West 98th street to take an angora cat attached to a leash in Central Park, subject to the rules and regulations of the department of parks. John J. Pallas, Commissioner of Parks for Boroughs of Manhattan and Richmond.

This Motto Was Not Framed.

It happened during the spelling lesson in one of the Biddeford, Maine, primary schools. The teacher told the members of the class to spell the word "motto." Then she told them to write a motto, and this is what she read on one of the slips of paper handed up to her by one of the boys, "God blast our home."—Boston Globe.

Black Swans Traveled Far.

Two Australian black swans were picked up recently off Norfolk island, in the Pacific. They must have traveled 400 miles. The birds were in a very exhausted condition, but after a fresh water bath and plenty of food they revived. The black swan is a powerful swimmer, but 400 miles at sea is a long swim, even for him.

Artificial Pond Disappeared.

An artificial pond at Marvin farm, half way between Montpelier and Barre, Vermont, disappeared one night during the winter. The bottom of this pond was concreted and it is believed the extreme cold weather caused this to break, letting the water run out.

WOMEN NOT TRUTHFUL

This Statement Has Been Unjustly Made, Because Modest Women Evade Questions Asked By Male Physicians.

Mrs. J. H. Farmer
Mrs. Ella Lee

An eminent physician says that "Women are not truthful; they will lie to their physician." This statement shoud be qualified; women do tell the truth, but not the whole truth, to a male physician, but this is only in regard to those painful and troublesome disorders peculiar to their sex.

There can be no more terrible ordeal to a delicate, sensitive, refined woman than to be obliged to answer certain questions when those questions are asked, even by her family physician. This is especially the case with unmarried women.

Is it any wonder, then, that women continue to suffer and that doctors fail to cure female diseases when they cannot get the proper information to work on?

This is the reason why thousands and thousands of women are now corresponding with Mrs. Pinkham. To her they can and do give every symptom, so that she really knows more about the true condition of her patients, through her correspondence with them than the physician who personally questions them.

If you suffer from any form of trouble peculiar to women, write at once to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., and she will advise you free of charge.

The fact that this great boon, which is extended freely to women by Mrs. Pinkham, is appreciated, the thousands of letters received by her prove. Many such grateful letters as the following are constantly pouring in.

Mrs. Ella Lee, Frankford, Ind., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I want to thank you for what your medicine has done for me.

"Three years ago I had inflammation of the ovaries and ulcers on my womb. I was under the doctor's care for about three months, and the only time I was not in pain was when under the influence of morphine. The doctor finally said I never would be better, and would be an invalid the rest of my life. I had given up in despair, but one evening I came across one of your advertisements and decided to write you for advice. I did so and commenced to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I began to improve at once, and to-day I am a well woman, and I know it is all due to your advice and medicine.

Mrs. J. H. Farmer of 2809 Elliott Avenue, St. Louis, Mo., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I cannot thank you enough for what your advice and medicines have done for me. They have done me more good than all the doctors I ever had.

"For the last eight years I have suffered with female troubles; was very weak; had nervous prostration, and could not do my work; but I am happy to say Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has made a different woman of me. I am in perfect health and have gained in weight from 98 pounds to 123 pounds."

No other medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record for actual cures of female ills as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands A Woman's Ills.

The Joke That Failed.

We turn to the solemn stranger at our side and read to him the gleeful jest about the Russian general whose name was shot all to pieces in one of the battles.

Observing his evident failure to comprehend the witticism, we go into details.

"You see," we say, "his name was Sobrikofoffskivitchileffobolitskedoochywichoof, and when the battle began he was in an exposed position and his name was shot to bits."

Still the stranger does not smile.

Petulantly we go over the story again, dwelling with emphasis upon each point, and ending with a hilarious outburst of laughter.

Notwithstanding all this, the stranger remains impassive.

"You are not familiar with American humor?" we ask at last.

"No," he responds, graciously, "I am merely a tourist here. I am from Llllwwncddddyyyffwyllcwdbrwywll, Wales, and my name is Gwyllwwllwyffcwdbrwdwlsmwthfwlwwwwwffffllllllrwltwn."

Thought There Was an Inducement.

The man with the confident air walked into the tobacco department of the big store, called the manager to one side and whispered:

"I've come in to get the prize, but I don't want anybody to know it."

"Prize? What prize?"

"Why, my wife gave me a smoking set for Christmas, and I've used it every evening since then. Don't you give a fellow some sort of a reward for that?"

A bachelor is given fair warning when a girl shows him a photograph of herself taken when she was an innocent babe.

Black and White.

Old Lady—Little boy, did you see anything of a white cat?

Little Boy—Yes; she fell into a barrel of black paint down the street, but I fixed her all right.

Old Lady—Oh, you good little boy! What did you do?

"Little Boy—I throwed her into a barrel of whitewash.

Not Quite Sure.

Tomkins—So all your children are married and settled, are they?

Simkins—Well, they are all married, but I'm not so sure about their being settled. None of them is divorced.—Chicago News.

Shake In Your Shoes.

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder, cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Difference.

"I know men," averred Uncle Allen Sparks, who think they are earning a living when all they are doing is beating the world out of one.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

The Usual Arrangement.

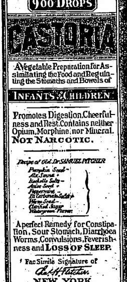
Spirit of Tax Dodger—But I thought I was going to heaven.

Imp—Oh, yes, that's your legal residence, but here is where you will live.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A woman's love is never fully satisfied until there is evidence of something like fierce jealousy.



900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

[illegible]

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

NEW YORK.

At 6 months old

35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

A QUICK RECOVERY.

A Prominent Topeka Rebecca Officer Writes to Thank Doan's Kidney Pills for It.

Mrs. C. E. Bumgardner, a local officer of the Rebeccas, of Topeka, Kans., Room 10, 812 Kansas Ave., writes: "I used Doan's Kidney Pills during the past year for kidney trouble and kindred ailments. I was suffering from pains in the back and headaches, but found after the use of one box of the remedy that the troubles gradually disappeared, so that before I had finished a second package I was well. I therefore heartily endorse your remedy."

(Signed) Mrs. C. E. Bumgardner.

A FREE TRIAL—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents.

Rapid transit is all right for those who do not happen to step in front of it.

Simple Enough.

First Professor—Do you know, I find it difficult to remember the ages of my children.

Second Professor—I have no such trouble. I was born twenty-three hundred years after Socrates, my wife eighteen hundred years after the death of Tiberius Caesar, our son John two thousand years after the entrance into Rome of Tiberius Sempronius Gracchus for the re-enactment of the "leges Liciniae," and our Amanda fifteen hundred years after the beginning of the Folk-wandering—that is perfectly simple, you see.

He Was a Terror.

Customer—Say, I want a good watch dog.

Dealer—I have one that will just suit you.

Customer—Is he savage?

Dealer—Is he savage? Why, he actually chews holes in his own pants.

The Miner Poet.

"What is a minor poet, anyway?" asked Fliggins, looking up from the page of the book reviews.

"A miner poet?" repeated Fluggins. "A miner poet must be one that gets down and digs hard whenever he has struck a good vein."

Treating Wrong Disease.

Many times women call on their family physicians, suffering, as they imagine, one from dyspepsia, another from heart disease, another from liver or kidney disease, another from nervous exhaustion or prostration, another with pain here and there, and in this way they all present alike to themselves and their easy-going and indifferent, or over-busy doctor, separate and distinct diseases, for which he, assuming them to be such, prescribes his pills and potions. In reality they are all only *symptoms* caused by some womb disease. The physician, ignorant of the *cause* of suffering, encourages this practice until large bills are made. The suffering patient gets no better, but probably worse, by reason of the delay, wrong treatment and consequent complications. A proper medicine like Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, *directed to the cause* would have entirely removed the disease, thereby dispelling all those distressing symptoms, and instituting comfort instead of prolonged misery. It has been well said that "a disease known is half cured." In cases almost innumerable, after all other medicines had failed to help and doctors had said there was no cure possible, the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, supplemented when necessary by medical advice and counsel of Dr. Pierce, has resulted in a perfect and permanent cure. The genuineness of these cures is attested not only by the entire disappearance of pain, but by a gain of flesh, a clear complexion and a cheerful disposition.

A SCIENTIFIC MEDICINE.—Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a scientific medicine, carefully devised by an experienced and skillful physician, and adapted to woman's delicate organism. It is purely vegetable in its composition and perfectly harmless in its effects *in any condition of the system.* It contains no alcohol, opium, digitalis or other injurious ingredient.

DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—I was very low, and our home physician said I would never be well until I went to the hospital. Knowing what I did of your medicine I concluded to try it and felt sure it would cure me. To-day I thank God for Dr. Pierce's medicine. I began keeping house the 11th day of April and was just able to crawl about and in three weeks I could do all my own work, laundry and all. I have taken six bottles of Dr. Pierce's medicine and feel real good, but am not going to stop until am sure I am cured. I tell all my lady friends about Dr. Pierce's wonderful medicine. They all say, "how good you are looking Mrs. Taylor," and I answer it is all due to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Thanking you once more for your kindness, I remain,

Yours truly,
MRS. E. G. TAYLOR,
Box 91. Spring Arbor, Mass.

An honest dealer will not urge a substitute in place of "Favorite Prescription." There is nothing in the world "just as good," although avaricious druggists will sometimes say so for the sake of the greater profit to be made upon the inferior article. Shun all such.

Every wise and careful housewife recognizes the value of a good home medical book. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is that kind of a book and the best of its kind. It used to sell for $1.50 per copy. Now a big edition is being given away—FREE. For paper-covered copy, send 21 one-cent stamps, to cover mailing *only*. French cloth binding ten cents extra. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

ASSIST NATURE

a little now and then, with a gentle laxative, or, if need be, with a more searching and cleansing, yet gentle cathartic, to remove offending matter from the stomach and bowels, to tone up and invigorate the liver and quicken its tardy action, and you thereby avoid a multitude of derangements and diseases.

Of all known agents to accomplish this purpose, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are unequaled. Once used they are always in favor. Their secondary effect is to keep the bowels open and regular, not to further constipate, as is the case with other pills. Hence, their great popularity with sufferers from habitual constipation, piles and their attendant discomfort and manifold derangements.

The "Pleasant Pellets" are valuable in all cases of biliousness, sick and bilious headache, dizziness, costiveness, or constipation of the bowels, sour stomach, windy belchings, "heart-burn," pain and distress after eating, and kindred derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels.

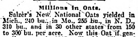
An Indorsement.

"Is our present system of finance strictly honest?" asked the economist.

"I should say so," answered Senator Sorghum. "No financier ever promised me anything that he didn't pay."

Millions in Oats.

Salzer's New National Oats yielded in Mich., 240 bu., in Mo., 255 bu., in N. D., 310 bu., and in 30 other states from 150 to 300 bu. per acre. Now this Oat if generally grown in 1905, will add millions of bushels to the yield and millions of dollars to the farmer's purse!



Homebuilder Yellow Dent Corn grows like a weed and yields from 157 to 260 bushels and more per acre! It's the biggest yielder on earth!

Salzer's Speltz, Beardless Barley, Macaroni Wheat, Pea Oat, Billion Dollar Grass and Earliest Cane are money makers for you, Mr. Farmer.

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10c in stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples. [W. N. U.]

Candor Then.

"Say, old man," said the soulful young man, "what's the best way to find out what a woman thinks of you?"

"Marry her," replied Peckham, promptly.

A man of words seldom is a man of mind.

VERY FEW, IF ANY, CIGARS SOLD AT 5 CENTS, COST AS MUCH TO MANUFACTURE, OR COST THE DEALER AS MUCH AS

"CREMO"

IF THE DEALER TRIES TO SELL YOU SOME OTHER

ASK YOURSELF WHY?

Around the World

"I have used your Fish Brand Slickers for years in the Hawaiian Islands and found them the only article that suited. I am now in this country (Africa) and think a great deal of your coats."
(NAME ON APPLICATION)

HIGHEST AWARD WORLD'S FAIR, 1904.

The world-wide reputation of Tower's Waterproof Oiled Clothing assures the buyer of the positive worth of all garments bearing this Sign of the Fish.

TOWER'S FISH BRAND

A. J. TOWER CO., Boston, U. S. A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO., LIMITED,
353 Toronto, Canada.

$100 Weekly Easily Made

writing health and accident insurance; experience unnecessary. Write Bankers' Accident Co., Des Moines, Ia.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

Accidental.

Fred—What? Fight a duel on account of a woman? No, sir! If I caught a man flirting with my wife I'd invite him to come over for a day's shooting—just as I've invited you—and then, if an accident were to occur—

John—Good gracious! I hope you don't suspect me?

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Offering No Challenges.

"Do you claim that the world owes you a living?"

"No," answered Meandering Mike. "De man dat goes around claimin' makes hisself unpopular. I'm satisfied to git my livin' whether it's owin' to me or not."

FACE LIKE RAW BEEF.

Burning Up With a Terrible Itching Eczema—Speedily Cured by Cuticura.

"Cuticura cured me of a terrible eczema from which I had suffered agony and pain for eight years, being unable to obtain any help from the best doctors. My scalp was covered with scabs and my face was like a piece of raw beef, my eyebrows and lashes were falling out, and I felt as if burning up from the terrible itching and pain. Cuticura gave me relief the very first day, and made a complete cure in a short time. My head and face are now clear and well. (Signed) Miss Mary M. Fay, 76 West Main St., Westboro, Mass."

She Didn't Respond.

"You are the first one to whom I have shown this poem," the young poet went on. "I was wooing the muse last night—".

"Poor fellow," replied the editor handing back the manuscript. "It's too bad she rejected you."

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 910 and 911, Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: John Akre, Bee, Minn., gate latch; William Anderson, Hoffman, Minn., dumping trap; Asa Andrews, Winnebago City, Minn., skin stretcher; Gaylord Beebe, Minneapolis, Minn., check protector; Charles Garrett, Minneapolis, Minn., automatic sprinkler; James Humphrey, Aberdeen, S. D., dinner pail; Arthur Padmore, Leeds, S. D., rack.

The principal thing a bigot believes is that all new ideas are born of the devil.

Adam was the first man to dispense with the services of a mother-in-law.

HORTICULTURE

Low-Headed Apple Trees.

Prof. Arthur T. Erwin: One important lesson gained from the past is that, at least for the northwest, low-headed trees are very much better than the old-time "skyscrapers."

In a prairie region like Iowa, protection from the wind is important. This refers not only to the matter of wind falls, but also to the protection of the plant from the drying influences of winds in winter. A low headed tree offers less leverage, hence less wind fall; and the head being closer to the ground receives proportionally more protection from desiccation.

A serious loss to young trees is by sunscald. This usually occurs on bright, warm spells in early spring, and the injury is generally on the south or west side of the trunk. Heat stimulates activity. During the winter season the protoplasm is in a dormant state, and while in this condition is uninjured by cold. On a bright, warm day, on account of the rise in temperature, the protoplasm becomes active. At night the temperature suddenly falls, catching the protoplasm in this active condition and it is destroyed. The live bark dies and partially peels away in patches. A low head has less trunk exposure, hence less opportunity for such injury. The top also shades the stem better, and hence affords a protection not received with high headed trees.

No fruit grower who is in the business for the money can afford to omit spraying as one of his orchard operations. Low headed trees can be sprayed much more effectively and also cheaper than high ones. At gathering time there is also an important advantage. One man on the ground can do the work of two on ladders.

Orchard cultivation is an essential to good fruit growing, and a high headed tree is very much more convenient in this respect. It is likely in this one fact that we find the practice of high heading so prevalent in older sections. With the old-time implements and harness it meant slow work and lots of lifting, to work around low headed trees. The fellow who has had such an experience is very strongly tempted to lop off a few of the lower branches the first opportunity.

Better types of orchard harness and implements have remedied this to a large degree, and there is no longer ground for complaint from this source. The traceless harness does away with single trees, which skin the bark and are very useful in the orchard.

Some Small Fruits.

The raspberry, blackberry and dewberry will need careful thinning out and short pruning of the bearing canes, and then, after the fruit is well set, take off one-half or two-thirds of the berries, and keep down the young sprouts and canes so that the strength will go to the berries. Fertilize with four pounds muriate of potash and two pounds of nitrate of soda per square rod.

For next year's fruiting, grow the canes for this especial purpose, retaining about one-fourth as many canes as usual and then treat the same as above; picking, handling, wrapping and packing the same as for the strawberry. Fine clusters and branches where they can be retained should be shipped as clusters after wrapping.

Twisting the canes often causes them to produce larger fruit, and water is often used with 1 lb. muriate of potash and ½ lb. nitrate of soda to twenty gallons of water to help increase the size, especially if the weather is dry. Mulching is necessary and watering can then be done safely.—L. A. Goodman.

Saving a Few Cents on Plants.

It does not pay to save a few cents on plants, if thereby a poorer variety is to be obtained. It is true that sometimes high-priced plants are mere worthless novelties; but that is not the case as a rule. Plants of the standard varieties that are high-priced are so for a reason. There is always a tendency to cut prices among agents of nurseries, but the man that gets what seems to him a bargain must look out. Perhaps the other fellow is getting even by repurchasing poor stock from some nursery other than that he represents. Saving a few cents in the first cost of the plants may cause the loss of a few dollars in the years to come.

Barrels or Boxes for Apples.

Would not consumption be doubled if apples were put up in small packages like other fruits so the consumer could get them in the original package? If the advance in the price of barrels is due, as many think it is, to a pool or trust, "and I will say there are reasons for this belief," and there is plenty of timber, the remedy lies in the apple-growers of the country through the National Apple Growers' Congress or some organization to put machinery in operation cutting it into cooperage. We are not assuming that there is any trust, but we notice each recurring year that barrels can be had if we pay the advance in price. It is a question, however, if we could secure barrels at 25 cents each again, whether it is the package we should use. We are of the opinion that the extended distribution in a retail way necessary for the consumption of our large apple crops cannot be reached by the use of the barrel. It may be said that for storage and export trade we will have to use barrels. If only barrels are used for this it would relieve the barrel situation that much. Still would not a case holding half a barrel once in use be more satisfactory for storage and export?—G. T. Tippin.

Do not make the mistake of thinking that you can "over-fit" your fields for a seed bed, providing always that the soil is in proper condition for working. Go at it hammer and tongs, cut and re-cut it to furrow depth with the disc and finish off with spring-tooth, spike-tooth, roller and plank drag until the field is as fine and mellow as an ash heap. This cultivation in preparation will tell in the crop.

FARM

MISCELLANY.

Wasted Farm Forces.

There is too much wasted force and energy on the farm. Of all the wastes of the farm this is the most exhaustive, most destructive of its resources. The most vital values of the farm's resources are essentially in the active mental and physical forces of its operatives. Deplete these and the producing capacity of the farm has been diminished in relative proportion. The farmer himself is the one directly responsible for the unnecessary expenditure of forces that could be utilized to better advantage, and so sacrifices incalculable energies by waste and misdirection that tend to incapacitate both himself and his farm. Notable among other wastes is the unnecessary power expended in doing by hand, by "main strength and awkwardness," after the manner of medieval ways, the things that can be so much more expeditiously and cheaply done by machinery and improved tools and implements. Only in instances that are exceptions can it be conceived why such conditions exist as are found over all the states where not only energy and strength are wasted, but time, which to the farmer as well as to the manufacturer, has an appreciable money value that largely contributes to the final determination of profit or loss. The improved tools that are offered to the farmer at fairly reasonable prices are both labor and time savers, therefore money savers that make for profit. Manufacturers expend large sums of money for advertising to call the farmer's attention to agricultural implements, and various wares that he may know that such are made for him, by whom and where. It will cost but a penny for a postcard and a moment of time to write it to secure elaborately illustrated descriptive matter that will give him detailed information about any of the things desired or that he is open to conviction that he needs. With most of these descriptions of implements and supplies will be found conclusive evidence of the economy of their use. The farmer will in all this matter come in contact, as a pure matter of business, with claims of the "best" and the "only," but he will do well to remember that in this day of near-perfection both in invention and construction that there are greater or less numbers of standard and reliable machines and implements and that it is dependent upon him to select the one that his judgment may indicate as most suitable to his needs.

Back to the Land!

The trend of the country-raised boy is all too irresistibly toward the city while there has been no counter-vailing current impelling the young people of the cities to fill his place in the country. The problem is one for the most serious consideration of our best statesmen, this constant and unstemmed movement which is overcrowding our centers of industry. However, there are subtle forces at work, year by year becoming better organized and with a broader power whose tendency is to overcome this hurtful condition and induce migration back to the land and away from the teeming cities. In all of this the influences of industrial and agricultural education are playing an important part. Nature study courses and city school gardens where children are taught to know something of the soil and plants, the real wonders of nature working around us on every hand, are no longer looked upon by us as fads; although the results are as yet not greatly in evidence and the influences constantly and increasingly advancing may seem practically latent, the effect of this work and this education will eventually, substantially and effectively materialize for the betterment both of the farm and the city.

The Roots of the Tree.

The root system of the fruit tree is one of the most important parts connected with it. This is too often forgotten by the orchardist that is setting a fruit orchard. The tree that has a small root system is constantly in danger of being blown over by heavy winds, and, in fact, after every such heavy windstorm we find in orchards numerous trees that have been blown entirely or partly over.

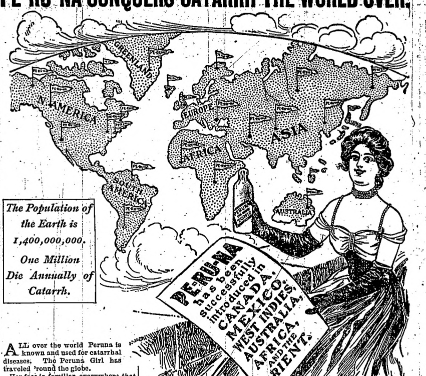
The tree must have good roots, both for holding onto the ground and for food gathering. The farmer is at fault if his trees do not have fully developed root systems. The size of the root sysetm is not controlled or much influenced by the size of the roots at the time it is set out. The root system at that time is always small. It needs only room to develop to quickly become large. Where it remains small it is due to the condition of the soil.

The habit of digging holes in clay soil and putting in a tree is responsible largely for the paucity of roots found on some trees. The ground should be torn up and enriched to a considerable distance from the tree and then the roots will shoot out through the loosened soil and develop rapidly. In a year or two a root system will have developed that will enable the tree to get a large amount of food and stand up in any kind of weather.

Goslings.

In a state of nature, grass is the first thing eaten by the goslings. Our breeders take the hint from this and provide grass for the goslings raised in a state of domestication. After the little ones are a week old they should have a pasture of grass. As grass is largely nitrogenous, moistened corn meal acts as a good balance and is given the young goslings. The provident goose raiser also looks out that they are supplied with all the grit and sand they are likely to use. A mash that contains cooked vegetables is a good food to be fed once a day. Any of our grains ground are good, and meat in some form is highly desirable. In a wild state the gosling gets not only grass, but also animal food, which it early learns to find.

PE-RU-NA CONQUERS CATARRH THE WORLD OVER.


GREENLAND
N. AMERICA
SOUTH AMERICA
EUROPE
AFRICA
ASIA
AUSTRALIA
PE-RU-NA
PERUNA TONIC
PE-RU-NA has been successfully introduced in CANADA, MEXICO, WEST INDIES, AUSTRALIA, AUSTRIA, AFRICA, AND THE ORIENT.

The Population of the Earth is 1,400,000,000. One Million Die Annually of Catarrh.

ALL over the world Peruna is known and used for catarrhal diseases. The Peruna Girl has traveled 'round the globe.

Her face is familiar everywhere that civilization reaches.

Universally Praised.

From Africa to Greenland, from Manchuria to Patagonia, the face of the Peruna girl is familiar and the praises of Peruna as a catarrh remedy are heard.

Successful in North and South.

Peruna crossed the Equator several years ago, to find in the Southern Hemisphere the same triumphant success that has marked its career in the Northern Hemisphere.

A Standard.

Peruna is a standard catarrh remedy the world over.

It cures catarrh by eradicating it from the system.

Permanent Cure.

It obviates the necessity of all local treatment and its relief is of permanent character.

Without a Peer.

No other remedy has so completely dominated the whole earth as Peruna.

In Every Tongue.

In all languages its glowing testimonials are written.

In all climes the demands for Peruna increase.

An Extensive Laboratory.

To supply this remedy to the whole world taxes to the utmost one of the best laboratories in the United States.

A Word From Australia.

Walter H. Woodward, Bomadier Royal Australian Artillery, Hobart, Tasmania, writes:

"I suffered for several years with a distressing condition of the head and throat, caused by continual colds.

"My head and nostrils were stopped up most of the time and there was a discharge, and my sense of smell was affected badly.

"After two weeks use of Peruna I found this condition quite changed, and so I continued to use this remarkable medicine for over a month.

"I am very glad to say that at the end of that time I was cured and felt in fine health generally, and am pleased to give Peruna my honest endorsement."

From Hawaii.

Prince Jonah Kalanianaole, delegate in Congress from Hawaii, writes from Washington, D. C., as follows:

"I can cheerfully recommend your Peruna as a very effective remedy for coughs, colds and catarrhal trouble."

A Cuban Minister.

Senor Quesada, Cuban Minister to the United States, writes from Washington, D. C., as follows:

"Peruna I can recommend as a very good medicine. It is an excellent strengthening tonic, and is also an efficacious cure for the almost universal complaint of catarrh."—Gonzalo De Quesada.

From All Quarters of the Globe.

We have on file thousands of testimonials like those given above. We can give our readers only a slight glimpse of the vast number of grateful letters Dr. Hartman is constantly receiving from all quarters of the globe in behalf of his famous catarrh remedy, Peruna.

One trouble with most of our reforms is that we are more anxious to remove the things that offend our taste than we are to get rid of those that form another's temptations.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York, cure Constipation, Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. Over 30,000 testimonials. At all Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

"How much will you give me for a novel of 40,000 words?"

"Let me see," replied the editor. "You ought to get six months for that."

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES. Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

You may have a rubber conscience and still find it hard to erase your sins.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

One kind word to the living is better than a long-drawn-out eulogy over the dead.

"Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is excellent for the liver. Cured me after eight years of suffering." S. Pepron, Albany, N. Y. World famous. $1.

Shake hands with every man you meet. That only leaves him one hand to pick your pocket.

Let Common Sense Decide

Do you honestly believe, that coffee sold loose (in bulk), exposed to dust, germs and insects, passing through many hands (some of them not over-clean), "blended," you don't know how or by whom, is fit for your use? Of course you don't. But

LION COFFEE

is another story. The green berries, selected by keen judges at the plantation, are skillfully roasted at our factories, where precautions you would not dream of are taken to secure perfect cleanliness, flavor, strength and uniformity.

From the time the coffee leaves the factory no hand touches it till it is opened in your kitchen.

This has made LION COFFEE the LEADER OF ALL PACKAGE COFFEES.

Millions of American Homes welcome LION COFFEE daily. There is no stronger proof of merit than continued and increasing popularity. "Quality survives all opposition."

(Sold only in 1 lb. packages. Lion-head on every package.)
(Save your Lion-heads for valuable premiums.)

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

For Cupboard Corner

St. Jacobs Oil

Straight, strong, sure, is the best household remedy for

Rheumatism

Neuralgia Sprains
Lumbago Bruises
Backache Soreness
Sciatica Stiffness

Price, 25c. and 50c.

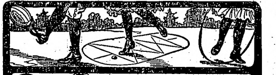
Eggs

in abundance in fall and winter when prices are high, from hens made strong and healthy, are assured if you use

SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

An economical, safe, scientific preparation used and endorsed for thirty years by successful poultry keepers everywhere. One pack, 25 cts; five, $1.00. Two-lb. can, $1.20; six, $5.00, express paid. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

BEGGS' BLOOD PURIFIER
CURES catarrh of the stomach.



MILWAUKEE CUSTOM MADE

"They wear like Iron"

Mayer School Shoes

Made expressly for romping, tearing school children. The sole leather used in these shoes is the toughest in the world. Uppers made of specially tanned calf—every seam sewed to hold. Ask your dealer for Mayer school shoes and look for the trade-mark stamped on the sole.

We also make "Honorbilt" shoes for men and "Western Lady" shoes for women.

F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Co.

Milwaukee, Wis.

Salzer's National Oats

Greatest oat of the century. Yielded in Ohio 187, in Mich. 231, in Mo. 255, and in N. Dakota 310 bus. per acre. You can beat that record in 1905.

For 10c and this notice

we mail you free lots of farm seed samples and our big catalog, telling all about this oat wonder and thousands of other seeds.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO.
WNU La Crosse, Wis.

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

EXCURSIONS TO THE Free Grant Lands OF Western Canada.

During the months of March and April, there will be excursions on the various lines of railway to the Canadian West.

Hundreds of thousands of acres of the best Wheat and Grazing Lands on the Continent free to the settler.

Adjoining lands may be purchased from railway and land companies at reasonable prices.

For information as to route, cost of transportation etc., apply to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

THREE SCORE LIVES LOST

BOILER EXPLODES WITH TERRIBLE FORCE IN LARGE SHOE FACTORY.

AWFUL HEAT OF INFERNO

DRIVES BACK BAND OF HEROIC RESCUERS FROM PILE OF DEBRIS.

GALLANT SERVICE PERFORMED

MAY NEVER BE KNOWN HOW MANY PERISHED IN THE DISASTER.

Brocton, Mass., March 21. — This city is in mourning for at least threescore of her citizens, whose lives were blotted out yesterday by the explosion of a boiler in a large shoe manufacturing establishment conducted by the R. B. Grover company.

The explosion was immediately followed by a flash of flame, which consumed the factory, a long four-story structure, as if it were a house of cards, and incinerated an unknown number of men and women who were unable to extricate themselves from a mass of tangled wreckage formed by the terrific upheaval in the boiler room. More than half a hundred of the employes in the building were maimed, burned or bruised by the time they reached safe ground. Some had jumped from the roof, some from windows and others had been injured in the mad rush to escape from the doomed factory, which from all parts emitted the intense, awful heat of an inferno, driving back the band of heroic rescuers who in a few brief moments had performed gallant service.

The fire extended from the factory to seven other buildings in the vicinity and destroyed them. Two wooden dwellings near the engine room were practically demolished by the flying boiler. The total financial loss is estimated at a quarter of a million dollars, $200,000 of which falls on the R. B. Grover company. The monetary loss is nearly offset by insurance.

It may never be known how many persons perished in the wreckage, as no one knows how many persons were in the factory. The number has been estimated at 400, but Treasurer Charles O. Emerson said last night he doubted whether there were so many at work. Two hundred and fifty survivors have been accounted for and at midnight the remains of fifty bodies had been recovered from the ruins, the search being continued all night. Fragments of human frames which possibly might belong to bodies other than those enumerated, have also been found. Few of the remains have been identified. The head in nearly every case is missing.

Chief of Police Boyden at a late hour to-night expressed the opinion that some of the employes had not reached the factory at the time of the explosion and that undoubtedly a number of those living in nearby places were injured and had gone home without reporting their injuries. He thought that many of those not accounted for, upward of 100 in number, were among these.

The disaster was attended by many harrowing scenes and thrilling rescues. For hours hundreds of the relatives of the factory operatives besieged the ruins and the fire and police stations in quest of missing ones. Some in their violent grief and agonizing stress of mind collapsed.

Several of the rescuers and searchers fainted as they beheld the distressing scene. There was no trace of the body of David W. Rockwell, engineer of the plant, who was not seen after the explosion. It is supposed that he perished at his post.

An inspection of the wrecked boiler by the state boiler inspectors showed that there was a sufficient supply of water in it. The cause of the explosion is at present a mystery. The disaster will be further investigated by the state authorities.

At 2 o'clock this morning fifty-three persons had been recovered from the ruins.

Secretary-Treasurer Baine of the company states that the injured will be paid $5 weekly until they recover. The families of the dead will receive $100 for each person.

Strangling Wife Charged.

Peoria, March 22.—Otis Botts, twenty-one years old, charged with strangling his wife, Gertie, to death with a pocket handkerchief, on June 5, was placed on trial here to-day.

Puts It Over Gardner.

Indianapolis, March 22. — Willie Fitzgerald of Brooklyn was awarded the decision over Gus Gardner of Saginaw at the end of a 10-round bout at the Auditorium last night. The decision was popular.

Injured by Cyclone.

Uniontown, Pa., March 22.—Two persons were seriously injured as the result of a cyclone which visited Smithfield, nine miles south of here. Trees were blown down and several bridges were demolished.

Order Is Rescinded.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 22.—Judge Anderson of the federal court has rescinded an order which compelled Secretary Thomas of the National Wholesale Druggists' association to produce in the hearing before Commissioner Butler all the minutes, correspondence and books of the organization.

Vienna, March 22.—By an explosion in a colliery at Drenkova, Hungary, ten miners were killed and many others injured.

ALL AWARDS INVALID.

So Says Senator Carter of the National Commission.

Washington, March 22.—Senator Carter, who has just resigned as president of the exposition national commission in supervisory charge of the big fair at St. Louis, declared that all awards made at the close of the exposition are invalid. Charges frequently have been made that many awards were not based on merit. All now are pronounced illegal, even where merit was proven. Sensational developments are expected after the final report submitted to the state department in about two months. The St. Louis exposition medals and diplomas then will be brought in question.

CASTRO HAS A SCHEME.

Is Notified by Minister Bowen That It Won't Work.

Washington, March 22. — Minister Bowen cabled the state department yesterday from Caracas that he had served notice on President Castro that his arrangement to validate $28,000,000 worth of revolutionary bonds held by British and German financiers and provide for their payment must not take precedence over the settlement of pending American claims. It is reported that Castro will play for time and that there will be much further correspondence on the subject.

MOURNING AT FRISCO.

Mrs. Stanford's Remains Arrive From Honolulu.

San Francisco, March 22.—The remains of Mrs. Jane Lathrop Stanford arrived here yesterday from Honolulu. Accompanying the body were Detectives Reynolds and Callahan, Miss Bertha Berner and Miss May Hunt, the private secretary and maid respectively of Mrs. Stanford. A large crowd had assembled, and as the vessel came to her moorings every head was uncovered. At the Southern Pacific depot a special funeral train was in readiness, and to it the remains were transferred. The funeral services will be held on Friday in the Memorial chapel at the university at Palo Alto.

JULES VERNE IS DYING.

Famous French Novelist Lies Dangerously Ill at His Home.

Paris, March 22.—A dispatch from Amiens confirms the report that Jules Verne is dangerously sick. He continued writing until recently, when he was obliged to suspend all literary work and his duties as a municipal councilor. M. Verne occupies the same room in which he wrote his extraordinary stories of voyages. He is 77 years old.

Amiens, France, March 22.—The condition of Jules Verne is regarded as hopeless. Telegrams of sympathy from all quarters of the globe have been received. Many of them are from children and scientists.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, March 22.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.09@1.10 1-2; No. 2 Northern, $1.05 3-4@1.07 1-2; No. 3, $1@1.03. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 45@46c. Oats—No. 3 white, 30@31c.

Minneapolis, March 22. — Wheat — No. 1 hard, $1.14 3-4; No. 1 Northern, $1.12 3-4; No. 2 Northern, $1.08 1-2 @ 1.09 1-2. Oats—No. 3 white, 30c.

Duluth, March 22. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.07 3-4; No. 2 Northern, $1.01 3-4@1.05 1-4; flax, $1.40 3-4; rye, 77c.

Milwaukee, March 22.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.14 1-2; No. 2 Northern, $1.10@1.10 1-2. Rye—No. 1, 85 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 51c. Oats — Standard, 33 1-4@33 1-2c. Corn—No. 3, 48 1-2@ 49c.

Chicago, March 22.—Wheat—No. 2 red, $1.13 1-2@1.15 1-2; No. 3 red, $1.07 @1.15; No. 2 hard, $1.11 1-2@1.13 1-2; No. 3 hard, $1.05@1.12; No. 1 Northern, $1.14 1-2@1.15 1-2; No. 2 Northern, $1.08@1.12. Corn — No. 2, 48 @ 48 1-2c. Oats—No. 2, 32c.

Sioux City, Iowa, March 22.—Cattle —Beeves, $3.50 @ 5; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.55 @ 4; stockers and feeders, $2.75 @ 4; calves and yearlings, $2.25 @ 3.75. Hogs — Bulk, $4.90 @ 4.95.

Chicago, March 22.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.10@6.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.60; cows, $2.75@4.50; heifers, $3 @ 5; calves, $3 @ 6.75. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $4.95 @ 5.25; bulk, $5.10@5.25. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $4.60@6.10; native lambs, $6@7.60; Western lambs, $6.50 @7.60.

South St. Paul, March 22.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.60 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.25 @4.25; butcher bulls, $2.65@3.40; veals, $2@4.75; good to choice stock steers, $3@4; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs — Range price, $4.75@5.10; bulk, $4.85@4.95. Sheep —Good to choice lambs, $6.75@7; fair to good, $6@6.75; good to choice yearling wethers, $5.40@6.50; good to choice ewes, $4.75@5.25.

Going to See the Czar.

New York, March 22.—Charles M. Schwab sailed for Europe yesterday on the steamer Kron Prinz Wilhelm. It was said that Mr. Schwab was bound for St. Petersburg to negotiate the building of warships for Russia.

Separate Schools Opposed.

Toronto, Ont., March 22.—A mass meeting of 5,000 citizens was held here last night to pass resolutions unanimously opposing separate schools in the new provinces of Northwest Canada.

FOUR-YEAR-OLD GIRL ASSAULTED

Body of Child Is Found in Blacksmith Shop.

Philadelphia, March 16.—The body of Mary Deluka, a four-year-old child, was found last night in a blacksmith shop. Beside the body was found the seven-year-old brother of the girl, Dominik, who was unconscious from fatal injuries he had received. The girl had been criminally assaulted and murdered and it is supposed that the boy received his injuries while attempting to defend his sister.

SPECIAL EXCURSION TO

Minneapolis' Greatest Theatrical Event —Klaw & Erlanger's Mighty Beauty Spectacle, "Mother Goose," the Week of March 27, at Metropolitan Opera House.

Next Monday, March 27, at the Metropolitan opera house, Minneapolis, the most notable theatrical event of years will take place, when Klaw & Erlanger will present their colossal production of the greatest of the English Drury Lane spectacles, "Mother Goose," at that theater, beginning an engagement of one week, with matinees Wednesday and Saturday. An idea of the immensity of this production may be gleaned from the fact that more than 400 comedians, singers, dancers and pantomimists appear in it, and seventeen scenes, each as elaborate as an entire ordinary production, and more beautiful than has ever been seen upon the American stage, are used. The costumes number 2,000, and cost alone $75,000 to produce. "Mother Goose" ran an entire year in London and all last year in New York city at the New Amsterdam theater. It is the first play of its class ever presented in Minneapolis, and is described as being the mightiest exposition of beauty, quick, rattling fun, charming melody and spectacular magnificence known to theatrical history. Its production will be with the original cast and every detail of gorgeousness which has made the presentment the most talked of and notable theatrical event of the past two years in the United States. The music is harmonious and catchy; the fun rollicking and in good taste; the specialties novel and entirely different from those seen in any other entertainment of this kind. From a more than casual study of "Mother Goose," it deserves the great success and lavish praise that has been bestowed upon it by playgoers of London and New York.

The sale of seats will begin Thursday morning, March 23, the prices being 50 cents, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00. Mail orders, accompanied by remittances, will be promptly attended to.

Excursions will be run on all roads entering Minneapolis Monday and Tuesday, March 27 and 28, at reduced rates.

BUY GOLD BRICKS FOR SCHOOLS.

Many Officials Not Competent to Select Supplies.

School officers in Minnesota are incompetent to choose supplies for their districts, according to the thirteenth biennial report by J. W. Olsen, state superintendent of schools. He states that they are taken in by "grafters," and frequently buy a gold brick, while the pupils suffer from lack of the necessary apparatus to carry on their work.

In branding the school officers as gullible, he says:

"Some competent authority should pass upon school apparatus before it can be offered for sale to districts. By communications from different parts of the state the attention of the department is frequently called to the operation of irresponsible grafters, who, by guileful resorting to the grossest but plausible misrepresentations, have been able to take advantage of the ordinary school officer's lack of that experience which would enable him to distinguish standard apparatus, reasonable in cost, from very high-priced specialties, useless except to sell. It is significant that these specialties and helps are not handled by school men of recognized standing, nor by reliable local dealers, but are nearly always offered by strangers of no known financial responsibility. We have seen a contract recently made by a school board, in which the non-essentials were in bold type, while the essential features of the document, making the school officers (who had exceeded their authority as such), personally responsible by their signature for the purchase price of the goods, was in print so fine as to be scarcely readable to the naked eye."

The report recommends a larger appropriation to continue the work of teaching agriculture and home economics in the rural schools. In speaking of the work the report states:

"The problem that confronts us is how to secure systematic instruction along this line, coherent and of real practical utility to the rising generation. Rapid progress is not to be expected."

WILLS ALL TO HAGUE SYNOD.

Wealthy Farmer Stipulates That Orphan Asylum Must Be Built.

Kenyon, Minn., March 21. — Mr. S. K. Rong, a resident of this vicinity, and who died recently in the city hospital at Red Wing, has willed all of his property to the Hague synod on condition that the synod erect an orphans' home on his farm in Wanamingo. This farm consists of 200 acres and is one of the most valuable farms in Goodhue county. He also owns two quarter-sections of land in North Dakota, besides a great deal of other property. As yet the Hague synod has not accepted the offer.

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Vienna, March 22.—By an explosion in a colliery at Drenkova, Hungary, ten miners were killed and many others injured.

JAP STUDENT IS ORATOR.

Islander Wins Place in Michigan Annual Contest.

Ann Arbor, Mich., March 17.—Kiyo Sue Inui, a Japanese student at the University of Michigan, has won a place on the annual oratorical contest. Out of 100 students who spoke, Inui was one of six winners. From this number two will be chosen to represent the university in the contest of seven big Western universities.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE

St. Paul, March 16.—The reciprocal demurrage bill by Representative W. A. Nolan was passed by the house yesterday by a vote of 108 to 7 after the railroad committee substitute bill had been indefinitely postponed by an overwhelming viva voce vote. More than three hours were occupied in the discussion of the bill.

The state inspection of illuminating oils is placed in charge of the state dairy and food commissioner by a bill introduced by Representative P. A. Gandrud. The dairy and food commissioner is to be chief oil inspector, receiving a salary of $1,000 a year in addition to his salary as commissioner.

Representative W. L. Stock introduced a bill providing for the service of summons and other processes on foreign corporations. The bill provides that service on any agent, manager or stockholder of the corporation residing in Minnesota shall be a valid service on the foreign corporation.

Married women are given the right to manage their own property and to make contracts without the consent of their husbands by a bill introduced by Representative George E. Perley. The bill also specifically gives married women the right to make contracts with their husbands as well as other persons.

Senator J. F. Calhoun introduced two bills, the purpose of which is to prevent accidents at grade crossings.

The house by a vote of 76 to 16 passed the bill by Representative W. B. Anderson requiring the state insurance commissioner to turn into the state treasury fees collected for the valuation of life insurance policies.

St. Paul, March 17.—The tax ferret bill by Representative Burdette Thayer was killed by the house after a long discussion. The advocates of the bill fought hard in its behalf and moved to overturn the committee report, demanding a call of the house so as to put each member on record. Then they suddenly accepted defeat, withdrawing the demand for a roll call and the motion to reject the committee report. The report caused the only excitement yet experienced by the house this session.

The protection of fish in lakes and rivers on the Minnesota boundary through the enactment of laws by Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa and South Dakota giving these states concurrent jurisdiction over the lakes and rivers, is planned in bills introduced in the house and senate.

Representative Carl L. Wallace introduced a bill removing all limits on the amount of land that may be owned by a Minnesota corporation in this state.

A new method of securing evidence against persons illegally selling intoxicating liquors is provided by a bill introduced by Representative Sherman Smith.

Carriers of freight for hire are prohibited from making any contract with shippers limiting their liability for damages to freight transported, by a bill introduced by Representative G. H. Wyman.

The house yesterday passed the inheritance tax bill of Representative H. W. Stone by a vote of 86 to 6, without discussion.

State supervision of private detectives and private detective agencies is provided by a bill introduced by Representative H. B. Chamberlain.

The bill for the nomination of candidates for state office both by convention and primary election, which has been discussed at length by the senate and house election committees, was introduced in the senate by the senate committee on elections. The bill was ordered printed and advanced to general orders.

A bill to place proprietors of so-called bucket shops under the supervision of the state railroad and warehouse commission was introduced by Senator John G. Schutz.

Senator George R. Laybourn's bill providing for the prosecution of criminal cases by information of the county attorney, a companion measure to the bill doing away with the grand jury except when it is called by the court, passed the senate by a vote of 40 to 17.

St. Paul, March 18. — By a vote of 27 to 26 the senate refused to overrule the report of the senate committee on banks and banking that the Eberhart bill abolishing private banks be indefinitely postponed.

A bill increasing the salary of the members of the railroad and warehouse commission from $3,000 to $5,000 was introduced by Senator A. D. Stephens.

Soldiers discharged from the soldiers' home because they refused to surrender any portion of their pension to the board of trustees will be re-admitted if a bill introduced by Senator J. T. Alley becomes a law. The measure specifically provides that the board shall readmit these soldiers on application.

The senate committee of the whole for more than an hour yesterday discussed the drainage bill introduced by the senate drainage committee. The bill was recommended for passage.

The taxation of grain stored in Minnesota warehouses and elevators on May 1 of each year is provided for by a bill introduced by Representative J. H. Dorsey.

The Minnesota legislature will be represented at the launching of the battleship bearing the state's name if the senate concurs in the resolution by Representative M. D. Flower, which passed the house by a vote of 43 to 35. The resolution provides for a committee of three representatives and two senators to represent the legislature at the launching April 8.

The house decided to take a test vote to decide whether the extension of the primary law to state officers is desirable, and made all measures relating to the nomination of candidates for state offices a special order for 2 o'clock on Thursday afternoon.

The whipping post as a punishment for men convicted of beating their wives secured the approval of the house committee of the whole and was recommended to pass despite vigorous opposition. Other important measures recommended to pass were the anti-bucketshop bill by Representative Gustav Erickson and the bill by Representative M. D. Flower providing for the admission of widows and wives of veterans to the state soldiers' home.

St. Paul, March 20. — First blood was won by the capitol commission Saturday when the bill giving them control of the new building for the next two years came back from the appropriations committee, recommending that $60,000 a year be allowed for maintenance. The report was adopted without attracting attention. Representative Hickey of Ramsey county discovered just previous to adjournment that the report of the committee had been accepted, placing the bill at the head of the calendar for consideration Tuesday. He made an unsuccessful effort to secure a reconsideration.

The house passed the Erickson bill prohibiting the operation of bucketshops in the state, the vote being unanimous.

The De Laittre bill appropriating $25,000 for the Minnesota exhibit at the Lewis and Clark exposition at Portland was passed.

Two bills were passed affecting the commission of the crime of robbery in the first degree. A measure by Representative Rider increases the penalty from five to twenty years to ten to forty years, and one by Representative Mannix makes it first degree robbery to enter a building with explosives. The latter measure is designed to affect the class of robbers who blow open safes.

A bill was introduced by Representative Fosseen providing that the county commissioners shall have charge of main and county roads. This would leave the less important highways under the charge of the township supervisors.

St. Paul, March 21.—Only thirty-six senators responded to the roll call at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon when the senate convened. Owing to the light attendance the calendar and general orders were postponed until to-day.

Building inspectors in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth hereafter must know how to carry the hod and ply the trowel, if a bill introduced yesterday by Senator Hiler H. Horton becomes a law. The bill, which applies to cities having more than 50,000 inhabitants, stipulates that only practical masons can be appointed building inspectors in these three cities.

Members of the senate judiciary committee expect that the new code will be reported to the senate on Thursday. The committee worked from 2 to 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, although the senate was not scheduled to meet until 4 o'clock. The committee was on chapter 35 when it adjourned until this afternoon.

Minnesota courts are given concurrent jurisdiction in criminal actions on Big Stone lake, Lake Traverse and the Red River of the North in a bill introduced yesterday by the senate judiciary committee. The bill was advanced to general orders. The measure provides that the courts in the counties adjoining these bodies of water shall have jurisdiction in criminal actions to the farthermost shore. If the bill becomes a law and a person is shot in a boat on the North Dakota side of the Red river, the accused may be tried in the Minnesota courts. Under the present law only the North Dakota courts have jurisdiction.

The senate adopted by a rising vote a resolution by Senator L. O. Cooke in memory of the late Allen J. Green, former state senator. The lieutenant governor was instructed to appoint a committee of eight senators who will attend the funeral

The reinterment and a monument for eighteen victims of the Indian outbreak of 1862, murdered near the shores of Lake Shetek, Murray county, is provided for by a bill introduced in the house by Representative S. O. Morse.

Local improvements assessments in cities of more than 50,000 inhabitants are made a paramount lien against real estate from the date of the assessment, by a bill introduced in the house yesterday by Representative Walter T. Lemon.

A factory at the Minnesota state prison for the manufacture of agricultural implements and machinery is authorized by a bill introduced in the house yesterday by Representative John Zelch.

Representative M. L. Fosseen introduced in the house a bill making it a felony to execute or solicit the execution of a deed to property in which the person making the conveyance never had any interest.

A 4 per cent gross earnings tax on private car line companies is proposed in a bill introduced in the house by Representative Elias Rachie.

The Minnesota legislature will consider the measure of Gov. La Follette of Wisconsin for the regulation of railroad rates and service. Representatives A. K. Ware and J. A. Anderegg introduced a bill, substantially a copy of the La Follette railroad measure pending in the Wisconsin legislature, with minor modifications to meet conditions in Minnesota.

The bill is one of the longest measures presented to the house this session. It completely revises the powers and duties of the railroad and warehouse commission. The bill gives the commission authority to investigate and adjust freight and passenger rates, and to equalize and regulate demurrage charges, train service and the movement of freight.

The senate passed without debate Senator G. B. Ward's bill authorizing municipalities to prohibit the maintenance of bucketshops within their limits. The bill had previously been amended by the committee of the whole so as to limit the provisions to cities of less than 50,000 inhabitants, but on motion of Senator George R. Laybourn of Duluth, who explained that Duluth wants to come under the bill, this amendment was taken off.

A bill providing for the lowering of the level of meandered lakes to the level shown by the government survey was introduced.

The senate refused to pass Senator J. F. Schain's bill providing for the election of county assessors in counties of less than 100,000 inhabitants.

A constitutional convention to revise the Minnesota state constitution is proposed by the bill by Representative S. S. Smith of Minneapolis, which passed the house by a vote of 91 to 24. The bill required 80 votes for passage.

The house passed the bill by Representative P. A. Gandrud which prohibits railroad companies from increasing the switching charges on coal, live stock and other commodities on which carriers cannot now increase rates without the consent of the railroad and warehouse commission.

The house also passed the bill by Representative S. D. Peterson fixing a maximum rate of 25 cents for ten words for the transmission and delivery of messages by telegraph companies. Neither bill had any opposition.

"If the passage of this bill prohibiting the sale of giant firecrackers in Minnesota results in saving one boy in this state from mutilation for life, then the Minnesota legislature at this session has performed a noble service," said Senator George P. Wilson in explanation of Senate File No. 151. The bill, which prohibits the sale of so-called giant firecrackers after July 1, 1905, was recommended for passage by the senate committee of the whole without a dissenting vote.

The bill by Senator Laugen establishing a bounty of $2 for each rattlesnake killed in Minnesota received the approval of the house committee on agriculture and will be recommended to pass.

Senator Henry A. Morgan's bill creating a commission to select a site for an industrial home for girls will be reported by the senate committee on public buildings to-day without recommendation.

Senator B. E. Sundberg's bill appropriating $1,000 for the maintenance of a state farmers' club will be reported favorably by the senate committee on agriculture.

Senator Duke W. Cowan's bill bringing all cities and villages of the state under the law regulating the practice of horseshoeing in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth, which had been indefinitely postponed by the senate on the recommendation of the judiciary committee, was recommended for passage by the senate committee of the whole.

LABOR LAW BARS CHILD ACTORS.

Children Are Excluded From Stunts at Theaters.

Children must not be used in vaudeville or acrobatic features or in any way upon the stage where such employment may prove injurious to them. This order was sent out by W. H. Williams, state labor commissioner, following an investigation into the appearance of children upon the stage. The discovery of two small children employed at the Unique theater in Minneapolis led to the step taken by the commissioner.

A few days ago a citizen of Minneapolis sent word to Commissioner Williams that two children, one three years old, were being used in an acrobatic feature which he termed dangerous for children so young. The commissioner immediately notified the Minneapolis inspectors, and one of them attended the show. He reported that the children were appearing in a dangerous act. The management was notified that under the child labor law the children would not be allowed to appear in the acts again and that prosecution for a violation of the law would follow.

Mr. Williams received word that the children had been dismissed, and it was proved to the department that its order had been carried out. Commissioner Williams is convinced that there are many violations of the child labor law, and he has begun a thorough investigation of conditions in the state.

CUBS ARE NOT WORTH KILLING.

Suspicion That Farmers Let Them Grow Up.

Wolf hunting is becoming a scientific and lucrative diversion for the Minnesota farmer and his sons during the winter months—scientific, because it takes some science not to mistake an eight-months-old cub for a full grown wolf and prevent the slaughter of an animal which if left to prey upon the public for four months longer would be worth $7.50 rather than $1, which hardly makes it worth while to waste the ammunition; lucrative, because the wolf hunters of the state are becoming so adept in distinguishing a wolf from a cub that the state hardly realizes anything on the slaughter of cubs.

In the list of warrants drawn for the monthly wolf bounties all over the state, out of 560 applicants for the bounties, there are only 16 cubs, 15 of which were slaughtered in Todd county. The total amount paid out for barely a month's bounties was $4,096.

What causes comment is the scarcity of cubs killed in comparison to the large number of wolves, but this is explained by the fact that a cub is worth only $1 dead, while living he is worth at least potentially $7.50 if he is allowed to reach the age of maturity, when his carcass will demand the maximum bounty.

During the last four or five winter months the state has paid out more than $20,000 in wolf bounties, and nearly every case on full-grown wolves. This means that more than 3,000 of them have been shot within the last five months, while the number of cubs shot has been so small as to arouse the suspicion that the hunters allow them to mature.

In Minnesota.

State News of the Week Briefly Told.

Three general stores at Borup burned recently. Snyder & Torgerson were the heaviest losers.

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Prof. E. A. Williams has been elected for another year as superintendent of schools at Monticello.

: : : :

Mrs. Mary Powers of Lanesboro has brought an action for divorce from Charles Powers, who is serving fifteen years at the state prison.

: : : :

Mrs. H. Widstrand, formerly of Minneapolis, has started a literary society at Carver, and many young people are joining it.

: : : :

John Sullivan lies in a critical condition at Duluth as a result of drinking eye wash by mistake for medicine for rheumatism.

: : : :

Foul play is suspected in the death of James McLaughlin, a lumberman, in one of the saloons at Wadena. The coroner will hold an inquest.

: : : :

M. J. Weller, who has been conducting a bakery at Lake City, has failed, with liabilities of $1,500. The creditors are chiefly Lake City and Red Wing firms.

: : : :

Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt has contributed a recipe to the cook book soon to be issued by the Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist church at Dassel.

: : : :

The Young Men's Club of the Congregational church at Monticello has voted to build a gymnasium. It is probable that a basement will be put in the church for the purpose.

: : : :

Addison Haines, long a resident of Howard Lake and manager of the Central Lumber company, died from the effects of an overdose of laudanum administered by himself.

: : : :

S. H. Berins of Hawkeye, Iowa, made application for a franchise for a telephone exchange at Lake City, but, as the present system is satisfactory, the council gave him no encouragement.

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Primary village and town elections were held in Minnesota last week. Saloon license was an issue and was favored in a large majority of places from which returns have been received.

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Mrs. Everett Bleeker, who lived six miles north of Renville, committed suicide by taking strychnine. She did her morning's housework before taking the poison and no one suspected her intention.

: : : :

Judge Hosea F. Luce and wife of Owatonna celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding. The Odd Fellows, of which order the judge has been a member for many years, made him and his wife their guests at a public reception at their hall.

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Peter B. Nelson, who deserted his family at Lanesboro nine years ago, was brought to Preston and lodged in jail on a charge of non-support. His trouble came from his contesting his wife's application for divorce and alimony. He now expresses his willingness to make up with his wife.

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Fire partially destroyed the Bissonette saloon building at Walker. A. Bissonette and W. Filkins, who live upstairs, lost heavily in household goods. Mrs. Filkins, who gave birth to a child a week ago, had to be carried out, and Mrs. Bissonette jumped from a second-story window. Bissonette's loss is covered by insurance.

: : : :

The Hector Telephone exchange, recently organized, has purchased the old system from W. B. Strom and elected the following officers: John Hokanson, president; E. M. Erickson, vice president; H. L. Torbenson, secretary; G. S. Eichimeser, treasurer. Forty miles of new line will be built this season. Farmers generally are contracting for phones.

: : : :

Evidently believing he was sought by an enemy, and in an effort at defense, Sevat Sevanson, only son of ex-Senator Sevason of Windom, killed himself with a shotgun. The young man had not been well since an illness he had last fall, and at times acted queerly, often declaring some one was about to kill him. The family heard the report of a gun in his room, and going there found him lying with his head on the floor and his feet on the bed. The gun was near him. The charge had entered his head just above the temple, tearing a great hole through it and filling the ceiling above with shot.

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The following officers have been nominated at Montrose: President, Oskis Dentzel; councilmen, Fred Belden, E. S. Renix and Albert Strey; justices, John Streetes and Mr. Dearfield; assessor, J. W. Wright; recorder, H. G. Wright; constables, Dick Ferrell and Perry Long.

While Agent John Cavanaugh of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad at McKinley was away, some on broke into the station and robbed the till of about $15 in cash. Charles Keachie was arrested on suspicion.

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The following teachers have been elected at Montevideo: S. A. Challman, superintendent; W. H. Ackerson, principal; Jane Nisbet, science; Helen May Baker, English; Alsetta M. Hubbard, eighth grade; Maude L. Byers, eights; Elizabeth Currie, seventh; Tryphena Anderson, sixth; Erma Gallagher, fifth; Eleanor Hartney, fourth; Nellie West, fourth and fifth; Anna M. Baker, third; May Belle Whitmore, second; Maud Holman, first; Olga O. Bjorkquist, first.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 1, 1905. NUMBER 37.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

CONFLICT IN FAR EAST

RUSSIA MOVES TO END THE WAR

OUTLINES CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH SHE WILL NEGOTIATE PEACE.

THANKS DUE UNITED STATES

ACTING WITH FRANCE PEACE IS BROUGHT INTO PRACTICAL SHAPE.

St. Petersburg, March 30. — Russia has outlined the conditions under which she is prepared to negotiate peace.

It was stated last night, with every semblance of authority, that, thanks to the good offices of the United States and France, the question of peace had assumed practical shape.

Delcasse as Intermediary.

London, March 30. — A telegram from an European capital received in London says:

"I have just learned on reliable authority that Russia has asked Delcasse to act as intermediary and open peace negotiations with Japan. Delcasse has signified his willingness, but considers that Lansdowne's co-operation is essential to success."

Hayashi "Stands Pat."

London, March 30. — "When peace negotiations commence it will be between Russia and Japan direct, and not through any intermediary," was Minister Hayashi's comment to the Associated Press when shown the dispatch from a Northern European capital stating that M. Delcasse, the French foreign minister, had been asked to act as an intermediary to open peace negotiations. Minister Hayashi said he attached no importance to the statement, but believed that France was trying to influence Russia to open negotiations for peace.

Japan Is Ready.

"So far as I know," he added, "no negotiations have been begun; but when Russia is ready to make terms Japan will be happy to consider them."

Minister Hayashi repeated his previous statements that Japan is not noticing peace rumors, but steadily is preparing to prosecute the war to the bitter end.

Fleet Quits Madagascar.

Tamative, Madagascar, March 30.—It has been definitely ascertained that the whole Russian second Pacific squadron left the waters of Madagascar March 16 for an unknown destination.

Communications Cut.

London, March 30.—The Times' St. Petersburg correspondent telegraphs as follows:

"The entire absence of private and press telegrams from the front, together with a laconic message from Gen. Linevitch dated Harbin and saying 'no reports from the armies' evolves fears that communications have been cut and the Japanese have turned the Russian positions."

Japanese Make Another Move.

St. Petersburg, March 29.—The impression prevalent in some military circles that the Japanese, having removed the possibility of the main army in Manchuria assuming the initiative, will now turn their attention to the next objective of the war, Vladivostok, is strengthened by the Associated Press dispatch from Gunshu Pass announcing the departure of the Japanese from the immediate front of the Russian army for a distance of thirty-five miles south. It is realized, of course, that this may be merely a blind, to cover flanking operations; but it is not improbable that the Japanese, having cleared southern Manchuria of Russian troops and

Secured a Position

from which expulsion would be a long and difficult process, may be satisfied to hold the Tie Pass line without further extension of communication.

While the voice of the emperor's advisers is for peace, if honorable terms are obtainable, the government as is the part of wisdom, is going forward with all provisions for the continuance of the war. Preparations are reported to be making for the mobilization of five corps. It has been understood that the guards would be retained at St. Petersburg, but some of the officers of this crack organization believe their services have been requisitioned and are making preparations to that end.

Revolution Is Growing.

The internal situation is causing great anxiety, though it is considered that the "intellectuals" and educated class generally disapprove of the revolutionary spirit which is permeating the peasantry and laborers in Poland. The Crimea is boiling with discontent and the strong hand of the military force has been invoked to crush the incipient revolution at Yalta, near the emperor's summer residence. The spirit of disorder has spread to Sebastopol.

Moderate Liberals in St. Petersburg are becoming alarmed at the situation, reports being received that an active revolutionary propaganda is being pushed with vigor in many sections of the empire.

Bomb THhrown at Chief of Police.

Warsaw, March 28. — A bomb was thrown into the carriage of Baron von Nolken, chief of police of Warsaw at 8 o'clock last night. It was reported that the baron was severely wounded.

According to latest information the attack on Baron von Nolgen was the result of an elaborate conspiracy of the Revolutionary party. Shortly before 8 o'clock last night an elegantly dressed man went to the police station at Praga, a large suburb of Warsaw on the Vistula, and threw a bomb into a room of the station where the men assembled before going on duty. Six policemen were wounded and all the furniture as well as one wall was destroyed. The bomb thrower in trying to escape met a policeman and shot twice, wounding the officer in the stomach. The

Prisoner Himself Was Wounded

and has been placed in the hospital. He is a Jew, but his identity has not yet been discovered. A telephone message was immediately sent to Baron von Molken at the city hall, informing him of the outrage. Baron von Nolken, accompanied by a police official, immediately took a carriage and started for Praga. When passing the castle where the governor general resides, a man standing on the pavement, threw a bomb at the carriage. Baron von Nolken, who was sitting on the side nearest the assailant, received the full charge of the bomb, while his companion escaped unhurt. The coachman was thrown from the box and the carriage was smashed. Baron von Nolken was removed to the city hall and doctors were summaned, who found he had received

Injuries on the Head,

neck, arm and leg, which are believed to be serious. Meanwhile the police official accompanying Baron von Nolken saw the bomb thrower fleeing and pursued and caught up with him, but the criminal proved himself the stronger and tore himself away.

According to the theory of the police the revolutionists calculated on Baron von Nolken going to Praga on learning of the explosion of the bomb at the station there, and knew he must pass the castle, that being the only road by which he could reach the only bridge across the Vistula.

The affair caused great excitement. A popular rumor says the revolutionaries adopted this course of informing the police that they have more bombs besides those discovered in the Powonski cemetery Saturday.

Russia Makes Move for Peace.

Paris, March 26.—The prospects of peace between Russia and Japan assumed a more definite and almost tangible aspect yesterday as the result of the announcement of the resumption of negotiations for a Russian loan. The postponement of the loan occurred through the stand taken by the financial element against proceeding while the uncertainties of war continued, whilst a willingness to resume negotiations was construed as meaning that their strong influence finally has prevailed with the authorities at St. Petersburg. The announcement of the resumption of negotiations took definite form in a communication to the syndicate of agents de charge, who form an influential element on the bourse, holding government credentials.

Take Steps Toward Peace.

Coupled with the announcement of a resumption of the loan negotiations come a strong intimation from official and diplomatic quarters that steps looking toward peace had definitely been taken by Russia. The foreign office declined to confirm a report that France was likely to be the intermediary; but diplomats, who are actively interested for the first time give credit to the statement that Russia had decided to seek peace. It was said in these quarters that Russia would deal directly with Tokio through the French minister, who has charge of Russia's interests there. However, the reports of France's active part in the negotiations were said to be not entirely correct, as other powers have contributed

Toward a Pacific Solution,

and it is expected they will take part in its realization. It appears that some of the lesser powers, including Sweden, are assisting to that end.

AMERICA NOT ASKED TO HELP

NEITHER RUSSIA NOR JAPAN HAVE YET APPROACHED PRESIDENT.

DENIALS IN ST. PETERSBURG

ONLY MOVE MADE HAS BEEN TO MAKE KNOWN NEGATIVE CONDITIONS.

BIG FIGHT IS LOOKED FOR

OPPOSING ARMIES IN MANCHURIA ARE LINING UP FOR ANOTHER DUEL.

Washington, March 30, — Neither Russia nor Japan have asked President Roosevelt to assist them in ending the war. So far as the Washington government is aware, Emperor Nicholas has not yet weakened in his announced decision "to prosecute the war to the bitter end."

The genuine wish of this government for peace in the Far East is not based upon selfish interests. American financiers have not overloaded themselves with the bonds of either of the belligerent nations. Washington believes that it is to the advantage of both belligerents that the Far Eastern war

Come to a Speedy End,

and anything that this government can do to bring that about will be done gladly. From the outset of the war the president has taken the position, as has been frequently announced by Secretary Hay, that he will do anything in his power to assist Russia and Japan to a peace basis when his services shall be acceptable to the belligerents. But it is authoritatively stated that no official of the Washington government is ambitious to pose as the mediator between the czar and mikado.

Czar Attempts Suicide.

Paris, March 30.—An unconfirmed rumor from St. Petersburg is published this morning to the effect that Emperor Nicholas made an attempt to commit suicide and wounded himself in the hand. The rumor further says that the emperor's desifn was frustrated by the intervention of his mother, the empress dowager.

Denies Making Proposals to Japan.

St. Petersburg, March 30.—Officially authorities continue to deny stoutly that Russia has made any proposals to Japan. This is true, as Russia has only made known the negative conditions, leaving the intermediary to convey these conditions on its responsibility to Japan.

Diplomats in St. Petersburg are convinced that something is in progress, but none of those in a position to know will acknowledge that they are aware what actually has been done or is doing.

Will Not Pay Indemnity.

The Novoe Vremya yesterday for the first time admitted the possibility of negotiations for peace, commenting on the efforts of the British and the French press to prove that peace is advisable both for Russia and Japan.

The Novoe Vremya declares that the payment of indemnity by Russia is utterly out of the question as it would be a contribution tending to build up the strength of Japan, and that Japan is not in a position to claim indemnity. The paper asks whether diplomats "who did nothing to prevent war," now will turn their attention to bring it to a close on terms advantageous to both combatants.

Russia Wants Peace.

Russia's attitude was described yesterday by a prominent diplomat as follows:

"The government is now for peace but continues to prepare for war."

The whole situation with reference to the prosecution of the war is being carefully considered from every viewpoint by a commission sitting under the presidency of Grand Duke Nicholas Nicholavitch, inspector general of cavalry.

Expect Another Big Duel.

St. Petersburg, March 30.—Another duel between the two opposing armies in Manchuria may be on the program for the coming week. The Russians, according to the Associated Press' Harbin correspondent, are now strongly fortifying their positions at Sipinghai, against which the Japanese are reported to be gathering in force.

Equally important news is that a column of Japanese is moving against Kirin, perhaps with the intention of turning the position eastward and striking at the Vladivostok line of communication, with the double purpose of isolating the fortress and separating Gen. Linevitch's army from a valuable base of supplies, the Usuri district.

WITNESSES WERE APPROACHED.

Grand Jury Trying to Find Out If Beef Trust Witnesses Have Been Tampered With.

Chicago, March 30.—Ten witnesses, several of them being employed by Chicago packers, were heard at yesterday's session of the special grand jury which is investigating the business transactions of the so-called beef trust. All of these men were subjected to a rigid examination as to whether they had been approached by outsiders since being called as witnesses, the inquisitorial body evidently being more anxious to secure further evidence of alleged tampering with witnesses by interested persons than to secure facts concerning the alleged beef combination. From a federal officer it was learned that several witnesses had been approached, and as soon as the proof is in the hands of District Attorney Morrison it is said more indictments will be returned. Secret service men have increased in numbers so rapidly that now almost every witness of consequence is being shadowed.

EIGHT MAROONED ON ICE.

Cut Off From Shore, Fishermen and Woman Are Rescued Exhausted.

Bay City, Mich., March 30.—Joseph Denny and wife and six fishermen who had venturesomely remained too long at their fish shanties far out on Saginaw bay, were rescued yesterday in an exhausted condition. Starting for the shore Tuesday they had walked all night only to find themselves surrounded on every side by open water, as the ice steadily gave way under the abnormally high temperature. When the shouts of the party were heard late yesterday and responded to by men in a boat, Mrs. Denny had collapsed. Her male companions were hauling her on a sled as they laboriously tramped back and forth on the isolated ice field waiting and praying for their cries of distress to be heard and answered.

SKELETONS IN A CAVE.

Forty of Them Found by Prospectors on Vancouver Island.

Victoria, B. C., March 30.—News was received by the steamer Queen City from the Vancouver island coast of the discovery by prospectors of a cave on the seashore between Quatsino sound and San Joseph bay at the north end of Vancouver island, in which forty skeletons were found. The prospectors found most of the skeletons intact. Some of the skulls were broken. It is possible that the cave was the burial place of an Indian tribe, once numerous in that district.

GERMANS FALL IN BATTLE.

Eleven Men Killed and Many Wounded in Fight With Africans.

Berlin, March 30. — An official dispatch from Windhoek, German Southwest Africa, yesterday announced that eleven men of Kerchner's detachment were killed and twenty-two wounded in a fight with insurgent natives on March 10 and March 11 at Kosis and Geibanes.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, March 30.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.12@1.13 3-4; No. 2 Northern, $1.07@1.08 1-2; No. 3, $1@1.03 1-2. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 45@46c. Oats—No. 3 white, 30@31c.

Minneapolis, March 30. — Wheat — No. 1 hard, $1.12 3-8; No. 1 Northern, $1.10 3-8; No. 2 Northern, $1.05 5-8 @ 1.06 5-8. Oats—No. 3 white, 28c.

Duluth, March 30. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.04 3-4; No. 2 Northern, 98 3-4c@$1.02 1-4; flax, 39c; rye, 77c.

Milwaukee, March 30.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.12 1-2; No. 2 Northern, $1.08 @ 1.10. Rye — No. 1, 85 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 51c. Oats — Standard, 31 1-2c. Corn—No. 3, 47c.

Chicago, March 30.—Wheat—No. 2 red, $1.12 1-2@1.14 1-2; No. 3 red, $1.03 @1.10; No. 2 hard, $1.10@1.12 1-2; No. 3 hard, $1@1.09 1-2; No. 1 Northern, $1.12 1-2@1.14 1-2; No. 2 Northern, $1.09@1.12. Corn — No. 2, 48 @ 48 1-4c. Oats—No. 2, 30@30 1-4c.

Sioux City, Iowa, March 30.—Cattle—Beeves, $4 @ 5.25; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.50@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3 @ 4; calves and yearlings, $2.75 @ 3.80. Hogs—Bulk, $5@5.05.

Chicago, March 30.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.25@6.25; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.75; cows, $2.80@4.50; heifers, $3 @ 5; calves, $3 @ 7. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $5.25 @ 5.40; bulk, $5.30@5.40. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $5.75@6.25; native lambs, $5.50 @ 7.70; Western lambs, $6@7.80.

South St. Paul, March 30.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.75 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.20 @4.25; butcher bulls, $2.65@3.40; veals, $2@4.75; good to choice stock steers, $3@4; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs — Range price, $4.90@5.10; bulk, $5 @ 5.10. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $6.75@7; fair to good, $6@6.75; good to choice yearling wethers, $5.40@6.50; good to choice ewes, $4.75@5.25.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE

St. Paul, March 23.—Senator A. O. Eberhart's bill to abolish private banks was knocked out for the second time by the senate yesterday. The measure was indefinitely postponed last Friday in committee of the whole by a vote of 27 to 26. Yesterday it came up again in the form of an amendment to the bill recommended by the senate committee on banks and banking and was indefinitely postponed by a vote of 30 to 17.

The Northwestern National Life Insurance Company of Minneapolis will have to sell its new auditorium within ten days, if the house passes the bill by Senator Samuel Lord, which passed the senate yesterday by a vote of 41 to 1. The bill amends the stipulated premium law under which the Northwestern National Life Insurance company alone is organized.

The governor, state auditor and attorney general are directed to make a thorough investigation of the present method of disposing of and caring for state mineral lands, and to report to the next session of the legislature, by a resolution unanimously adopted by the house.

The Dunn bill named a commission to select a site in Ramsey county for such a state institution.

Representative James R. Hickey introduced in the house a bill amending the law relating to the increase of veterinarians in Minnesota. The measure provides that licenses shall be granted without an examination to persons who have had ten years practical experience prior to July 1, 1905.

Representative John Zelch introduced in the house a bill which would practically abolish justice courts in cities and villages which have a municipal court.

Notice of the expiration of the redemption of tax certificates must be given to the owner of real estate within fifteen years or the certificate will be void, under a bill introduced in the house by Representative Carl Wallace.

Representative M. S. Carl introduced in the house a resolution providing for a special committee of three to investigate the salaries, fees and emoluments of state officers, and the laws governing the same.

A state license system for wholesale dealers in milk is provided by a bill introduced in the house yesterday by Representative A. K. Ware. The license is to be issued by the secretary of state, who is to be allowed a fee of $1 in each case.

The house immigration committee introduced a bill directing the state commissioner of lands to advertise sales of state lands more extensively both within and without the state.

St. Paul, March 24. — The bill by Representative S. S. Smith doubling the pay of Minnesota legislators after Jan. 1, 1907, failed to pass the house by 3 votes. The house, however, was loth to see the bill killed, and by a vote of 61 to 48 reconsidered the vote and replaced the measure on the calendar.

Representative John Saari introduced a bill for the examination of the records and accounts of cities, villages, townships and school districts.

Representative W. P. Roberts' bill forbidding the passing of candidates' cards, campaign literature or the solicitation of votes within 300 feet of polling places on election days was killed by the house yesterday by a vote of 56 to 31.

By a vote of 22 to 18 the senate refused to take Senator Henry A. Morgan's bill appropriating $100,000 for a girls' industrial school from the committee on training schools and to place it on general orders. The bill was reported from the committee on public buildings Wednesday without recommendation, and on motion of Senator O. K. Naeseth was referred to the committee on training schools.

Senator George P. Wilson introduced a bill proposing an amendment to the constitution extending the terms of the governor and of the lieutenant governor from two to four years, and making the governor ineligible for re-election.

Lacking one vote of a two-thirds majority of the senators Senator Charles A. Johnson failed to secure an amendment to Senator A. B. Cole's bill putting the office of private secretary of the governor on a salary basis at $3,600 compensation annually, so as to provide that the act go into effect Jan. 1, 1907, instead of Jan. 1, 1906.

Unsanitary barber shops are brought under the supervision of the state board of barber examiners in a bill introduced by Senator Henry Gjertsen.

A bill increasing the salaries of the secretary of state, the state auditor and the state treasurer was introduced by Senator A. R. McGill.

Senator George P. Wilson's bill prohibiting the sale of giant firecrackers in Minnesota after July 1, 1905, was passed by the senate without debate. The bill is a step toward the prohibition of all dangerous explosives on the Fourth of July.

A bill to take the election of the county superintendent out of politics and to secure a non-partisan administration of school affairs generally was introduced in the senate by the committee on education.

Senator Hiler H. Horton's capitol bill only awaits the signature of Gov. Johnson to become a law. The senate yesterday concurred in the house amendments by a vote of 39 to 3.

St. Paul, March 25.—By a vote of 34 to 26 the senate yesterday refused to adopt a minority report of the committee on railroads, which recommended that Senator F. H. Peterson's 2-cent fare and anti-pass bill be printed and placed on general orders, and accepted the majority report recommending that the bill be indefinitely postponed. The minority report was represented by Senators A. B. Cole, L. E. Jepson and R. E. Thompson. The vote on Senator Cole's motion that the minority report be adopted stood 26 to 34.

The senate also rejected a minority report from the committee on finance recommending that the salary of the insurance commissioner be fixed at $3,600 instead of $4,500, and that the request for more assistants in the office be denied. The vote on the minority report was 17 to 43.

Senator J. T. McGowan introduced a bill providing that owners of real estate shall pay taxes only on that portion of their property which is not covered by a mortgage, and that the taxes on the remainder shall be paid by the mortgagee in the form of a mortgage tax.

The house without a dissenting vote passed the bill by Representative Marcus Lauritsen, authorizing the inspection of all food products shipped into Minnesota directly to consumers and making such food products amenable to the laws governing food products manufactured or sold in Minnesota.

Representative L. H. Johnson's bill authorizing the establishment of county schools of agriculture, passed the house by a vote of 72 to 29. The measure was amended to require the proposition to establish such a school submitted to a vote of the people, either by the county commissioners or on petition signed by 15 per cent of the voters.

Bills redrafting the gross laws imposing a gross earnings tax on telephone and express companies were introduced yesterday in the house.

A legislative reference department, to keep available the information contained in public documents, is provided for by a bill introduced by Representative John Landeen.

Representative H. E. Craig introduced a bill increasing the state tax levy for the soldiers' home from .1 to .2 of a mill. The present tax levy is insufficient, an appropriation invariably being asked from the legislature, and the shortage is increased by the fact that pensions of inmates can no longer be used for the support of the home.

Representative Ole I. Ondahl introduced a bill which bars liquor from consolidated school districts or their vicinity.

Representative O. E. Hogue introduced a bill prohibiting the sale of intoxicants to habitual drunkards.

State officers are required to make annual reports of all fees collected and retained by them by a bill introduced by Representative A. L. Cole.

St. Paul, March 27. — The largest number of bills ever introduced on the last day for new bills in the house appeared yesterday. The members sent them to the speaker's desk singly and in bundles, and before the order was reached the dais was heaped with legislation. The representatives had introduced 103 new bills when the house adjourned, nearly a third more than offered the last day for the introduction of bills at the session of 1903, which broke all previous records. Railroad bills and bills to regulate corporations and fixing the prices to be charged by them predominated. There was also a large number of bills relating to state, county and city officers, making many that are now appointive elective, and to regulate salaries. There were bounty bills, and legalizing acts, and measures of almost every conceivable character, some had the appearance of freaks, and others the appearance of woodchucks. All, good and bad, were read hurriedly, and assigned to a committee.

Nearly a dozen bills were introduced in the house affecting common carriers and large corporations. Representative W. C. Faser introduced the bill offered by Senator Witherstine in the senate to enact the Iowa law regulating railroads and establishing a distance tariff.

The nomination of party candidates for United States senators by popular vote is provided for by a bill introduced by Representative A. K. Ware.

The adulteration of snuff, whisky, meats, flavoring extracts and food products is prohibited by bills introduced in the house.

A constitutional amendment abolishing the state board of pardons, and giving the governor the full right to pardon offenders against the state was introduced by Representative Roberts.

A state system of licensing land surveyors is established by a bill introduced by Representative Landeen.

The appointment of the state dairy and food commissioner is taken from the governor and placed in the hands of the state board of health in a bill introduced by Senator J. T. McGowan.

St. Paul, March 28.—Gov. Johnson yesterday sent a communication to the senate announcing his veto of the Horton capitol bill, which leaves the new capitol building in the care of the capitol commission two years more. The governor contends that it is necessary for the orderly administration of the building that the governor be placed in charge, and that some provision should be made concerning the management of the old capitol so that there be no divided authority as to the custody of the state capitol. It is also recommended in the message that the governor be allowed to appoint a superintendent of buildings and grounds and that other positions calling for technical skill be placed on a civil service basis.

The senate laid over the calendar yesterday and acted only on a few bills on general orders. No bills were introduced by the consent of the governor and few measures were reported by committees.

The senate committee of the whole recommended for passage Senator A. V. Rieke's bill to raise the salaries of judges of the district court in the country from $3,500 to $4,200 and of the justices of the supreme court from $5,000 to $6,000.

Senator Stone's bill to require railroads to issue transferable books or tickets was killed by the house committee of the whole.

The bill by Representative Carl Wallace to provide for a state system of inspection and grading and weighing of hay and straw at St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth, was recommended to pass by the house committee of the whole without opposition.

The house passed the following bills:

To add certain lands to Itasca State Park; to provide for inspectors of mines in certain counties; to provide for placing on a separate ballot questions relating to the adoption of amendments of a home rule character or the issuance of bonds to be vested on the people of any municipality; forbidding the hitching of horses to trees or tombstones in cemeteries; to authorize and empower cities having a population of from 10,000 to 20,000 inhabitants to issue bonds to construct or acquire water works; exempting from taxation mortgages held by state or national banks.

St. Paul, March 29. — The house members yesterday declared themselves opposed to any change in present election laws relating to the nomination of party candidates for office and overwhelmingly defeated five bills relating to the nomination of candidates for state offices, which were a special order for yesterday afternoon. Representative J. G. Lund's bill to extend the primary system to state officers made the best showing, but was defeated by a vote of 38 to 67. The delegations from the three large cities voted almost solidly against the bill.

The senate committee on public health, dairy and food won a point yesterday when it secured the passage of an amendment to house file 394 to the effect that blooded stock killed on account of tuberculosis or glanders be appraised at not to exceed $75 instead of $150, as provided for in the original bill.

The house by a vote of 50 to 38 yesterday killed the bill by Representative M. D. Flower to increase the salary of the chief fire warden of the state from $1,200 to $1,500.

The house indefinitely postponed the bill of Representative S. D. Peterson to increase the pay of county commissioners to $5 per day.

After adopting two amendments to the senate committee's bill to regulate private banks and rejecting a third amendment, the senate committee of the whole again deferred action on the bill.

Gov. Johnson's veto of the Horton capitol bill, which places the new capitol under the control of the state capitol commission for two years, was laid on the table by the senate yesterday on motion of Senator Horton, the author of the bill.

Senator George W. Somerville's bill proposing an amendment to the constitution to raise the inheritance tax limit from 5 to 10 per cent was passed by the senate without debate.

ARMENIANS ARE HUNGRY.

Mission Agents Say Many of Them Are Dying of Hunger.

London, March 29. — Starvation threatens Armenians, according to a cable message from Van received yesterday by the Bible Land or Turkish Mission Aid society from the local agents of the society. The message "Suffering from poverty. General food supply in many villages nearly exhausted. Deaths from hunger beginning."

REMOVED FROM HIS OFFICE.

D. F. Tyler of Ashland County Convicted of Corrupt Practices.

Ashland, Wis., March 29. — D. F. Tyler, chairman of the town of Jacobs was removed from office yesterday by Judge Parish for misconduct in office. Eleven charges were made against Tyler, three of which were proven, namely, accepting interest upon town orders, omitting his personal tax from the tax roll, and allowing Belle Drew to sell liquor without a license.

65,000 MINERS WILL STRIKE.

Operators and Employes Fail to Agree on Wage Scale.

Altoona, Pa., March 30.—Operators and miners of the Central bituminous district of Pennsylvania, after being in conference since March 16, endeavoring to agree on a wage scale to go into effect on April 1, adjourned finally yesterday without coming to an agreement. The failure to agree means a suspension of work by 65,000 organized miners of the district at the end of March.

UNITED STATES TREATY HELD UP.

Switzerland Solons Object to Senate's Tinkering.

Berne, Switzerland, March 30.—The bundesrath yesterday ratified all the pending treaties of commerce with the exception of the treaty with the United States. Further negotiations regarding the latter will be necessary because of the action of the American senate in modifying what is regarded here as the essential clause of the treaty.

QUITS THE BOARD.

Dean Liggett Resigns as Regent of University.

Col. W. M. Liggett, dean of the state agricultural school, has resigned from the board of regents of the university, and B. F. Nelson of Minneapolis, by agreement, was immediately appointed his successor.

Dean Liggett was appointed a member of the state board of regents in 1888 and has served continuously since then as a member of the executive committee. He has met with considerable criticism for the last few years in the matter of holding both positions, it being alleged that his position was that of a man who assisted in employing himself, passed rules for his own conduct and appointed his own duties. The state legislature has several times attempted to pass bills preventing a state officer from holding two positions, but failed. A bill is now before the legislature to prevent a regent from holding an office in the school. Col. Liggett, however, asserts that the presence of the bill before the legislature has nothing to do with his resignation, which, he says, was prompted solely by his increasing duties as dean of the agricultural college.

B. F. Nelson, his successor, is a prominent lumberman of Minneapolis and has been active in Democratic party ranks for years.

G. J. Parent has sold his brick block at Foley to Ludger Fouquette who will open a general merchandise store.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS First Mortgage Farm Loans ☞ A Specialty. ☜

ABSTRACTS furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

2nd ☞ **STORE**

(SECOND HAND STORE.)

Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.

C. A. SKEIE.

ST. HILAIRE, - MINNESOTA

GET YOUR PICTURE
TAKEN BY
D. COLLINS
THE
Photograper.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

FREE!
Fountain Pen
14-Kt. Solid Gold
TO NEW
Pioneer Press
Subscribers.

Jewelers Sell It for $1.50.

This is a rich quality hard rubber, highly polished Fountain Pen; screw section, and fitted with an improved Feeding Device, allowing the ink to flow easily without blotting. The gold-nibbed pen is 14-Kt. fine, iridium pointed. The complete Fountain Pen is Fully Guaranteed by the manufacturers and will be exchanged by them if not entirely satisfactory. Each box contains a single pen and a guarantee. If the pen is not absolutely perfect, send it back to the factory and get one that is. It will not cost you a cent.

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St. Paul, Minn.—
Gentlemen: Send to me, absolutely free and postpaid, a guaranteed solid gold-nibbed Fountain Pen. Enclosed herewith find $1.50 in advance for subscription to the Daily and Sunday or Weekly Pioneer Press.

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H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn, as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, April 1, 1905.

The anti-cigarette bill has been killed in the senate and "coffin nails" will continue to be sold.

Last Saturday was the last day bills could be introduced in the legislature and a large number were introduced. The session will end on April 18th.

Now is the time for the home merchant to commence a successful campaign against the big department stores by advertising their wares in the local papers.

Gov. Johnson has proclaimed Friday, April 28, as Arbor and Bird day. In addition to the usual planting of shrubs and trees the governor this year recommends that the teachers of the public schools model the lessons for the pupils for that day along lines calculated to imbue a love of nature.

Yes, the senate may block railroad legislation that gets through the house, but there will be a bitter accounting with the people two years hence. The day has gone by when the people will quietly stand by and watch themselves sold out to the railroads. They have been too well educated in this state.

The creamery at St. Hilaire is one that the people of Red Lake county have good right to feel justly proud of. That it has proved to be such a paying institution is due entirely to the fact that it is owned by the farmers who patronize it, and we are glad that it is bringing them in such handsome returns. This year the St. Hilaire creamery will pay out to the farmers in the vicinity of St. Hilaire nearly $30,000. A few years ago these farmers had no such income. What little butter they made was sold to the storekeepers and had to be taken out in trade.—Thief River Falls News.

The LaFollette railroad rate bill made its appearance in the house the first of the week, A. K. Ware, of Northfield, and A. J. Anderegg, of LeSueur, being the promoters. This is the bill that Gov. LaFollette, of Wisconsin, has labored upon for ten years and is claimed by its friends to be the fairest rate regulation measure now before the public. It creates a new railroad and warehouse commission law, and gives this commission ample powers over the roads of the state. It can investigate and adjust freight, passenger and express rates, can take measures to prevent any sort of discrimination, can equalize and regulate demurrage charges, control the movement of freight, etc. Railroads must make annual statements, and oftener if required, showing what passes have been issued, to whom issued and for what purpose. The bill is effective Aug. 1, 1906.—Halstad Reporter.

The populist party of yesterday is the republican party of today. Listen to the purple-veined republican leaders and editors as they rail against the trusts as they advocate government ownership of railroads and public control of private enterprises! Hear republican editors and teachers curse the U. S. senators, whom they selected and elected when they knew said senators were the hired coolies of corporations and the watch dogs of the money power! What means this sudden roar and squeal? Have our big men gone mad, or are they beginning to see the danger pictures which Ignatius Donnelly painted twenty years ago? This sudden plea for the rights of the people against the greed of corporations—is it the result of the teachings of Bryan, or the influence of our first reform president since Lincoln? Or is this republican war cry the growth of a fear that socialism is becoming powerful? We know not. We only know that the republicanism of today looks fearfully like the populism of ten years ago.—Big Fork Compass.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

NORTH AMERICA.

Originally Mapped as an Extension of India and China.

"Uneducated Americans," says a correspondent of the London Times, "pronounce the name of their country Amarica, calling themselves Amaricans. In so doing they not only yield to a natural craving for a finer euphony, but, quite accidentally, I presume, are more correct etymologically than educated Americans. Amerigo being the Italian form of the Gothic Amalaric, contracted to Amaric. This personal name means 'strenuous in labor, resolute in action,' an appropriate motto to add to the Washington armorial in the national device of 'America.'

"Brazil was the original America. Down to the first quarter of the sixteenth century our North America was still mapped as an extension of India, Tibet, China and Japan, with Brazil as an island, separated by the islands discovered by Columbus from 'the new world of Greater India' and named 'America provincia' and again 'America vel Brasilia.'

"Not before the middle of the sixteenth century was the term 'America' extended to North America, with the addition 'vel Nova India.' In brief, the Americas were both mere windfalls in the heroic secular quest after 'spiced' India. This is the redoubled debt the Anglo-Saxon race owes India."

THREE RECIPES.

The Way to Either Can, Jam or Preserve a Husband.

For this purpose select a nice, kind, amiable, industrious, generous man. The American variety is far better than the foreign kind. Prepare him by having him go through a long engagement, which effectually renders him easy to handle. Gently detach him from all of his old friends and acquaintances and remove any habits he may have. He is then ready to can, preserve or make jam, as you choose.

To can, merely deprive him of his latchkey and throw a handful of mother-in-law in the house. Men corked up like this have been known to keep for years without spoiling, though when they are opened up, if kept too long, they are apt to be sour. To make jam, prepare as before, but shred all of his finer feelings by nagging and pound them into a pulp by complaints. To preserve a husband, put as much love into the heart as it will hold, add an ocean of sympathy, a world of tenderness, a pound of forbearance, a dram of patience and drop him into it until he is thoroughly coated over with sugar. Husbands should always be crystallized one at a time, never in pairs; neither should they ever be stood in hot water. This is where many women make mistakes.—Memphis Commercial Appeal.

Tea Houses in Japan.

In Japan nourishment is to be obtained by the traveler chiefly at the picturesque and omnipresent tea houses scattered all over Japan. When tourists stop at one of these places the "runners," who carry the jinrikishas, bathe their own feet and wash their mouths with cold water, after which they are served with their meals on the benches outside the tea houses. Their meal, which they eat with avidity, consists of salt fish, rice, pickles and a soup made of almost everything odious. After they have eaten they will smoke tiny pipes, with only three whiffs for each filling. Next comes the delicious nectar, world famed, and of this "cup which cheers, but not inebriates," foreigners also are always glad to partake. It is tea (cha) and when brewed by the Japanese is perfection. A pretty tea house girl presents it on a lacquer tray, bringing with it a china or bamboo charcoal holder and ash pot.—What to Eat.

Delinquent Notice.

Great Northern Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., March 10, 1905.

To JOHN GROVE,
St. Paul, Minn.—

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 890 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SW¼ NE¼ of section No. 29, in township No. 152 N., of range No. 45 W, 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $114.00 principal, and $54.72 interest, amounting in all to $168.72; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $168.72, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., March 10, 1905.

To JOHN GROVE,
St. Paul, Minn.—

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 24822 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SW¼ of section No. 29, in township No. 152 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $456.00 principal, and 218.88 interest, amounting in all to $674.88; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $674.88, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., March 10, 1905.

To JOHN GROVE,
St. Paul, Minn.—

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 24823 for the purchase of the following land, viz: W½ SE¼ of section No. 29, in township No. 152 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $228.00 principal, and $109.44 interest, amounting in all to $337.44; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $337.44, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

John W. Forseen
SHOE
Repairing
Second door North of Postoffice.
St. Hilaire, Minn.

Treasurer's Statement.

Annual Statement of Leonard Holmes, Treasurer of the Village of St. Hilaire, County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, of the moneys received by him into the village treasury from the county treasurer, and from all other officers and persons: and also of all moneys paid out by him as such treasurer for the year ending March 10, 1905:

MONEYS RECEIVED:

Balance on hand	$ 514 85
O T Tandberg, town revenue	1143 17
W L Vannet, Polk Co, town revenue	2 70
Christ Hall, show license	5 00
W A Arthur, liquor license	250 00
M B Bjerk, " "	250 00
John J. Soll, " "	250 00
Fellman & Dahlin, " "	250 00
Anderson & Maakrud " "	250 00
Christ Hall, poll tax	82 00
Christ Hall, dog tax	11 00
O T Tandberg, town revenue	1017 89
O H Peteus, fines justice court	15 00
Christ Hall, dog tax $10, poll tax $10	20 00
J H Block, fire department	183 57
O T Tandberg, road	800 00
Christ Hall, license	8 00
" " peddler license $5, dog license $2	7 00
" " work on Co ditch No 2	89 00
" " fine	5 00
" " fine $13, dog tax $2	15 00
" " wood $5, fine $3	8 00
O T Tandberg, town revenue $71.67, sidewalk $28	99 67
Christ Hall, peddler license $5, street lamps $1.20	6 20
K R Kiiland, liquor license	250 00
Christ Hall, fine	8 00
Merchants State Bank, interest on money in bank	20 25
Total	$4905 80

POOR FUND:

Balance on hand	$ 285 95

MONEYS PAID OUT:

H A Johnson, witness fees	$ 4 16
E M Hoff, mdse	1 90
Dr A F Blomburgh, health officer	12 00
T J Thorkelson, services as per bill	19 54
Herm Adams, witness fees	6 40
A Payment, cleaning well	75
Joe Payment, " "	75
A F Lang, one yr sal as councilman	10 00
G H Sandum, witness fees	6 40
Leonard Holmes, services as treas	91 08
Christ Hall, marshal salary	50 00
J C Dahl, services as per bill	15 30
D Patterson, council salary, etc	87 09
" gasoline	10 29
Chas Fellman, services fire dept	11 00
K O Gistad, village blanks	6 53
O H Peters, clerk of election	2 00
H E Ives, pub council proceedings	18 75
K O Gigstad, as per bill	25 50
Victor St Martin, work on street	75
Christ Hall, one month's salary	50 00
D Patterson, judge of election	2 00
" freight and drayage	1 44
L T Bergh, state fee for travlg library	2 00
Neils Jensen, work on street	2 25
White Mfg Co, lamp supplies	23 65
Emil J Holmes, hardware as per bill	70
O T Tandberg, assessments of Sanders & Black River ditch No 1	427 99
D Patterson, gasoline	10 39
A F Lang, clerk of election	2 00
D Patterson, hauling	6 25
StHilaire Fire Dept, services	47 00
Neils Jensen, work on street	1 50
Christ Hall, salary for April	50 00
J C Dahl, judge of election	2 00
D Patterson, gasoline	10 38
StAnthony Falls Bank, int on bonds	87 50
Farmers & Mcs Svgs Bk, int on bonds	120 00
John Maakrud, work	1 50
W S Nott Co, supplies for fire dept	89 00
Imperial Drug Co, mdse as per bill	9 00
Christ Hall, mashal and st com'r	64 50
Helmer Hoard, work	9 00
D Patterson, work	39 63
Lewis Seiberg, work	12 75
Chas Fellman, freight and drayage	2 71
Neils Jensen, work	16 00
Imperial D Co, fumigat'g Lund house	4 00
JK Hannay, atty fees Dahl vs StHil	200 00
Rapp & Post, mdse	1 66
Adolph Satterberg, work	11 37
Ed Peterson, work	23 63
R H Aimer, repairing	50
JJ Branum, work	7 37
Albert Ness, "	3 75
D Patterson, "	18 00
KO Gigstad, ½ yr sal as recorder	25 00
OH Peters, assessing village	60 00
JJ Branum, work	12 30
Christ Hall, salary as marshal	50 00
Ed Peterson, work	4 30
Neils Jensen, "	3 60
A Satterberg, "	12 00
Dr AF Blomburgh, professional serv	10 00
B A Burklar, work	6 30
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	15 94
" " "	10 40
O Payment, work	1 50
Aug Berglund, "	9 80
TJ Thorkelson, judge of election	2 00
St Hilaire Fire Dept, attending fire meeting at Hallock	26 90
St Hilaire Fire Dept, balance on railroad fare to Hallock	8 45
HE Ives, printing and witness fees	84 75
D Patterson, services as councilman and judge	7 25
Neils Jensen, work	9 75
Imperial D Co, mdse and salary	12 75
Nels G Otterness, services as councilman, etc	10 00
Christ Hall, marshal salary	50 00
Josepe Perrault, clerk fees Dahl vs St. Hilaire	26 40
Herm Adams, work	3 60
James Gilbertson, work	3 50
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	15 18
D Patterson, work	3 25
Neils Jensen "	9 75
A S Wilson, ¼ yr salary, etc	7 00
Christ Hall, salary as per bill	53 75
O H Peters, justice fees	1 50
Dr A F Blomburgh, professional serv	10 00
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	7 07
Anton Anderson, work	3 50
D Patterson, gasoline	9 48
NelsG Otterness, judge prim election	5 25
O H Peters, clerk primary election	5 25
A S Wilson, judge " "	5 25
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	13 75
D Patterson, coal, work and judge primary election	43 66
Christ Hall, salary	50 00
M J Lindahl, work	4 00
Certificate of Deposit	1000 00
Neils Jensen, work	13 50
KO Gigstad, ¼ sal and clk prim elec	31 00
D Patterson, freight and drayage	4 37
Crookston Lbr Co, balance on lumber	10 00
D Patterson, gasoline	9 48
Imperial Drug Co, mdse	2 15
Christ Hall, salary for Oct	52 50
Chas Fellman, attending fire dept meeting at Crookston	5 00
Anton Anderson, work	20 00
Simon Hulbey, "	16 00
Jas Gilbertson, "	44 00
D Patterson, work and team hire	5 25
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	12 75
Geo Eastman, work	8 00
Henry Peterson, night watchman	1 50
A Payment, " "	1 50
White Mfg Co, lamp supplies	35 66
Neils Jensen, work	12 40
StAnthony Falls Bank, int on bonds	87 50
D Patterson, gasoline	9 91
KO Gigstad, justice fees, etc	4 00
D Patterson, services as per bill	11 40
Neils Jensen, work	6 00
BE Burkee, clerk of election	4 40
James Gilbertson, work on road	42 00
Geo W Eastman, " "	10 00
Christ Hall, marshal salary	50 00
John Berglund, work	11 00
Anton Anderson, " on road	44 00
John F Magnuson, " " "	12 00
Tollef Erickson, " " "	22 00
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	12 63
Otterness & Edstrom, hdwe & mdse	6 39
Wm Olson, work as per bill	8 75
JJ Soll, judge of election	4 40
KO Gigstad, ¼ yr salary as recorder	25 00
Ed Peterson, cleaning well	1 00
Neils Jensen, work	75
Christ Hall, salary for Dec	50 00
TJ Thorkelson, judge of election	4 40
JB O'Brien, clerk of election	4 40
D Patterson, gasoline	9 68
Christ Hall, salary for Jan	50 00
HE Ives, pub council proceedings	37 50
AP Erickson, work	1 00
D Patterson, work, gasoline and ¼ yr salary	15 73
TJ Thorkelson, ¼ yr salary, etc	8 00
Imperial Drug Co, wood alcohol	1 75
AP Erickson, work	3 50
StHilaire Fire Dept, fire at Otterness & Edstrom's	27 00
Christ Hall, salary and extra work	54 50
Nels G Otterness, ¼ yr sal as council	5 00
KO Gigstad, village blanks	10 30
Balance on hand	649 16
Total	$4905 80

POOR FUND:

Peterson & Lang, mdse for MrsRobinson	$ 1 83
Rapp & Post, mdse for Mrs Sjerva	5 00
L M Boland, meat for Mrs Robinson	1 00
Rapp & Post, mdse " "	3 85
L Holmes, 1 sack flour Joe StMartin	2 80
Rapp & Post, mdse " "	2 50
D Patterson, a load wood " "	2 75
Rapp & Post, mdse " "	2 85
L Holmes, flour " "	3 25
Rapp & Post, mdse " "	2 69
D Patterson, 1 load wood " "	2 75
Rapp & Post, mdse " "	2 22
	2 00
Wilson & Hend'ksn, mdse " "	3 48
D Patterson, 1 cord wood " "	2 75
Rapp & Post, mdse " "	3 94
	2 54
L Holmes, 100 lbs flour " "	3 25
Rapp & Post, mdse " "	1 83
L Holmes, flour " "	3 15
Balance on hand	225 02
Total	$ 285 95

Order for Hearing Application for Appointment of Administrator.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court.
Special term, March 2, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of P. G. Otterness, of Cannon Falls, of the county of Goodhue, representing, among other things, that Nels G. Otterness, late of the county of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota, on the 21st day of February, A. D. 1905, at the county of Hennepin, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to K. O. Gigstad granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 3rd day of April, A. D. 1905, at one o'clock p. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, the 2nd day of March, A. D. 1905.

By the court.
[SEAL] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.
(m11 apl)

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Land Snaps

WE HAVE FOR SALE THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED LANDS:

W½ of E½ of section 27-150-43;
W½ of NE¼, SE¼ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼, 22-151-43;
S½ section 8-151-45;
SE¼ section 12-152-44;
NE¼ section 15-152-44;
NE¼ section 24-152-44;
SE¼ section 13-153-45.

WE ALSO HAVE A TRACT OF 2040 ACRES FOR SALE LOCATED IN TOWNSHIP 152, RANGE 43, AS FOLLOWS:

SW¼ of NW¼ and W½ of SW¼ Sec. 2; SE¼ of NE¼, S½ of SW¼ and and SE¼ Sec. 3; E½ of NE¼ and SE¼ Sec. 9; All of Sec. 10; W½ of NW¼, NE¼ of SW¼ and W½ of SW¼ Sec. 11; W½ of NW¼ Sec. 14; N½ Sec. 15; and N½ of S½ Sec. 15, which can be sold as a whole or in small tracts.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ADDRESS

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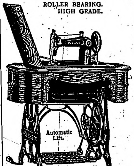

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H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

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Every day, March 1 to May 15, 1905, inclusive, from St. Paul and Minneapolis to San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego and many other points on the Pacific coast, via the

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Great Northern Time Table.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at St. Hilaire.

ARRIVE		DEPART
9:18 am 10:10 am 3:50 pm 5:10 pm	ST. HILAIRE	9:18 am 10:40 am 3:50 pm 5:10 pm
9:45 am 4:15 pm	THIEF RIV. FALLS	10:15 am 4:45 pm
11:15 pm	RED LAKE FALLS	3:15 pm

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz R. H. Duntley Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 117.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
J. J. SOLL, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE
Veterinary
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Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham
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Call at....
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CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
.....TOYS
Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

The village schools closed last evening for one week's vacation.

Adolph Brouillard spent last Sunday at Crookston visiting friends.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

A. F. Lang came back from his Roseau county trip last Monday.

Fred Case was laid up for several days this week with a sore hand.

Henry J. Enderle, of Plummer, spent last Sunday here visiting friends.

H. D. Pettibone made a short trip to Minneapolis the first of the week.

R. J. McKercher was a business visitor at Red Lake Falls last Tuesday.

Dr. V. Pleth of Crookston, was here on professional business last Monday.

The Soo will soon put on a day train, according to the Thief River Falls Press.

Ed. L. Healy, the Red Lake Falls real estate dealer, was a business visitor here yesterday.

Dr. J. E. Argue, the Red Lake Falls dentist, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on April 3 and 4.

John Falstad has moved his family in from River Falls and will occupy a house on Wall street.

Richard Patchen, the association lumber inspector and grader, is looking over the stock here this week.

O. W. Brink came back from Red Lake Falls on Thursday, where he had been serving on the grand jury.

Miss Emma Hoff closed a five-months' term of school last Friday in district number 24 west of town.

C. H. Remington has rented the Watts residence west of the track and moved his family into it this week.

Coroner Joseph Belair was here Tuesday on his way home from Fergus Falls, where he had taken a patient.

Judge Watts and several Crookston attorneys were here last Monday on their way to Red Lake Falls to attend court.

Mrs Agusta Malhop, who has been visiting her brother O. F. Post, returned last Tuesday to her home at Helena, Montana

Jas. D. Taylor, of Warroad, was a visitor here yesterday. Mr. Taylor is in partnership with Joe McCaffrey at Warroad.

About a dozen of the young folks of Red Lake Falls came up on the gravel train last Sunday and spent a couple of hours here.

E. G. Holm, the prosperous and well known Rocksbury farmer, returned last Thursday from a short trip to Crookston.

Misses Alice and May Sorsoleil left last week for Langdon, N. D., where they both have secured positions and will teach school.

Thursday evening the J. R. Club surprised Mr. and Mrs. F. Sandmoen at their home on Water street. A good time was reported.

Morris Lasell has sold his residence here and will soon leave for Warren, Minn., where he has secured a position in a hardware store.

Miss Huldah Gigstad and Miss Selina Hoff returned on Tuesday from Grand Forks, where they had been visiting for a couple of days.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

State Librarian John E. King was a visitor here last Saturday. Mrs. King followed him on Monday to St. Paul, where they will make their home.

Edward Bridge returned from Prince Albert, Canada, last Monday, where he has been holding down a claim. He will work at the saw mill this season.

Al Edstrom was in from Hazel yesterday after lumber to build an addition to his store. He is keeping bachelor's hall out there but comes in here often for a change.

An auction sale of horses, cattle and farm machinery will be held at the farm of John Falstad, section 19, town of River Falls, on Saturday, April 1st, 1905, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m. Free lunch will be served at noon.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Steve Nelson has rented his dwelling on the east side of the river to Robert Gebott. Mr. Nelson expects to move to Thief River Falls, where he will work at the mill.

It is reported that Gardener, the man bound over at Thief River Falls for stealing fifty cents' worth of chickens was not indicted by the grand jury. It must have been a sensible jury.

Robert Gebott and son arrived last Thursday from Ludington, Mich. Mr. Gebott will act as head filer at the saw mill again this season and expects to move his family here in the near future.

The Ladies' Sewing Society of the Scandinavian Mission church will meet with Mrs. C. Fellman on Wednesday afternoon, April 5, at two o'clock. All the ladies are cordially invited to attend.

James A. Dainard, wife and family, came up from Fargo last Saturday. Mr. Dainard returned to his work last Monday while Mrs. Dainard will spend a couple of weeks here visiting relatives and friends.

The weather has not been the very best the past week except on last Sunday when it was nearly perfect. On Monday and Tuesday it rained and Wednesday it snowed. March came in like a lamb and tried hard to go out "like a lion."

The new village council will hold their first business meeting next Monday. Considerable routine business will come up but the appointment of a village marshal will probably cause considerable interest as there are several candidates.

The Oliver Typewriter received the Gold Medal at the World's Fair, St. Louis. Send for handsomely illustrated art catalog which tells why.
The Oliver Typewriter Co.,
332, Hennepin Ave.,
tf Minneapolis, Minn.

Thief River Falls has fixed the saloon license at $500 and limited the number of saloons to sixteen for the coming year. It is hinted that the successful applicants for a license will be compelled to pay an additional $500 to the county seat campaign committee before their application will be considered.

Henry Peterson, the Crookston pop manufacturer, was a caller here last Monday. Mr. Peterson has lately returned from an extended western trip. He reports having called on P. G. Paradis at his farm near North Yakima and found Peter happy and hard at work planting his farm to hops, and expecting big returns in the future.

The girls of the J. R. Club entertained the J. R. boys at a five o'clock dinner at the home of Alma Remington last Sunday. The evening was spent in playing "Sherlock Holmes" and "Bunco," Emma Hoff carrying home the head prize. Carl Lund carried home the prize in a fruit contest. After a light lunch was served the J. R.'s departed for home, happy but tired.

Julius Pleth and Oscar Carlson, of Plummer, have been here several days this week settling up old deals and looking up some new ones. Mr. Pleth is of the opinion that the coming season will be a profitable one. He says that the prospects for a good crop were never better and that a big crop is all that is needed to make Red Lake county realty move at a lively rate.

Red Lake Courier: County Treasurer Hansen is about as fine a looking "brutal tax gatherer" we ever saw. One would never suspect he was the fiend Hennery Lee of Thief River has pictured him to be. The public is not to be deceived however, as Judge Tarrant has placed a placard in a prominent position in the treasurer's office calling attention to the fact that it is the home of the "brutal tax gatherer."

Thief River Press: John L. Finke and E. J. Overland were at Crookston last Friday night, as representatives of the Farmers' Club of Red Lake and Eastern Marshall counties, getting pointers on the matter of a co-operative butcher shop. They found the co-operative shop there running in good shape and the farmers well pleased with their venture. A meeting of the committee will be held today to discuss the matter and it is likely a mass meeting will be held soon for the organization of a co-operative shop in this city.

It has been informally decided by the officers of the Northwestern Editorial association that the annual outing of the association the coming summer will be spent in making a tour of the Lake of the Woods and Rainy River. The company will be entertained at Winnipeg by the Manitoba Editorial association, and will come from that city to Warroad, where the tour of the lake will begin. Koochiching will be visited, where the scribes will have an opportunity to see the great falls as nature made them, before the construction of the power plant to begin this season shall have marred their natural beauty. The details of the trip are not yet arranged, but it is definitely decided that it shall in general be as above.—Warroad Plaindealer.

H. W. Lee Indicted.

It is rumored that Henry W. Lee, the Thief River Falls attorney, was indicted by the grand jury at Red Lake Falls this week. The charge was that he collected money for Ole Arneson, a client, and has failed to make an accounting. Further particulars of the affair are not available.

Sheep for Sale.

75 head to be sold in small lots or entire flock—whichever suits purchaser Inquire of R. J. McKERCHER,
2 St. Hilaire, Minn.

St. Hilaire Creamery.

Thief River Falls News: Treasurer Gustafson, of the St. Hilaire creamery, was in the city last Friday. He had with him the checks for the creamery patrons for the month of February. Although February is considered the poorest month in the year, the St. Hilaire creamery paid out over $1600 to farmers for cream. The largest check received by one person for the month of February was received by Gus Konikson, who was paid $63.07. Others received sums of from $30 to $40.

The St. Hilaire creamery is a well patronized institution and has proved a great benefit to the farmers living in the vicinity of St. Hilaire, who own the institution. In the summer months it pays out as high as $3000 per month for cream, and is one of the institutions that is doing much for Red Lake county.

Convention at Crookston.

The following letter will explain itself:

ROSEAU, MINN, March 29, 1905.
Editor St. Hilaire SPECTATOR,
St. Hilaire, Minn.:

SIR:—A convention for the purpose of discussing and inaugurating an effective system of advertising the upper Red River valley in Minnesota will be held on Friday, April 7th, in the city of Crookston.

All interested in the upbuilding of this section of the state are most cordially invited to participate.

Assurances from leading men all over the valley have been received and a large and enthusiastic convention is assured. You will greatly assist in the good move by publishing this in your valued paper, for which I beg to thank you in advance.

Very truly yours,
ISRAEL SJOBERG.

Health and Success.

The question of success is recognized in America to be intimately connected with health as shown in a clean, attractive personal appearance and a pleasant personality. This idea has become so firmly fixed in the minds of business men that we find many of them devoting devoting several hours each day to exercise, and the necessary attention to their physical needs with this object, only, in view. This tendency has developed golden grain belt beer, the health producer and nerve tonic. It means perfect health, good temper and ultimately a larger measure of success. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Ready for Work.

Everything is in readiness at the big saw mill for the season's work and they are all prepared to start as soon as the ice goes out of the pond. The crew for a night and day run will all be here next week and an effort will be made to break up the ice by raising and lowering the water in the pond. Manager Pettibone hopes to be able to awake the echoes by the big whistle next week or at the farthest, one week from Monday. The boilers will be fired up the fore dart of the week.

Lost.

Town order number 846, issued by Rocksbury township on the 22nd day of June, 1903, to A. A. Odegaard for $12.00, is lost. Anyone finding same will please leave with E. A. Aubol, township treasurer.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lanctot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

BUY YOUR GOODS
OF US,
WHERE
YOU GET
The BEST Values.

Just a few of our Prices:

Rice, good quality, a pound	4c
Rolled Oats, a pound	4c
Coffee, the very best to be had, at a pound	15c
Golden West Cleaned Currents, one-pound package	10c
Christmas Cake Fancy Seeded Raisins, a package	10c
Grapes, a pound	8c
Fancy Peaches, a pound	15c
Extra Fancy Peaches, the very best to be had, a pound only	18c
Fancy Evaporated Apples, a pound, only	10c
Salt Pork, a pound	9c
Dry Salt Sides, a pound	10c
Little Boy Blue Salmon, a can	10c
Tulip brand Salmon, regular 15c seller, only, a can	10c
Extra fine Sugar Corn, a can	10c
Very good quality Tomatoes, can	10c
Early June Peas, a can	8c
Norway Fish Balls, a can	20c
Solid Mustard, a can	15c
Sour Kraut, a can	15c
Reception Mocha and Java Coffee 2 pound can	75c
Smoked Salmon, a pound	15c

New line of Hats, Caps, Shoes, Men's and Boys' Shirts just in.
Highest Market Prices paid for Butter, Eggs and Wool.
GIVE US A CALL.
M. L. HANSON,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

Minnesota Dairy and Food Commission.
Bulletin No. 3.

St. Paul Minn., March 25, 1905.

During the past week we have received reports from our laboratory regarding the analysis of one hundred and thirty five samples of food products. Of these 96 are classed as "legal" and 39 as "illegal." A large number of vinegar samples were included among these, there being 41 in all. Thirty-one stood the test and 10 fell below the standard. The state law requires that all vinegars shall contain at least 4½ per cent of acetic acid. These 10 samples, classed as illegal, were simply below this standard in acetic acid content, but contained nothing injurious to health.

No foreign coloring matter is allowed in any kind of vinegar.

Twenty-two samples of catsup were analyzed, 14 being 'legal' and 8 'illegal.' A ruling by the former commission prohibited the use of all coloring matter in catsups, and the results have been very gratifying. Since July 1, 1904, when this ruling went into effect, all new goods placed upon the market have been uncolored, and the samples reported as illegal are undoubtedly old goods which were on the shelves of the retailers before that time. Where no coloring is allowed, fresh, ripe tomatoes only can be used in the manufacture of the catsup; otherwise the poor quality would be most apparent.

Therefore, if you are a lover of catsup and want to secure the pure article, insist upon your dealer furnishing you with goods he has purchased since July 1, 1904.

Nine samples of cream tartar all proved pure and are classed as legal.

Out of 17 samples of baking powder only 4 are reported as illegal, and these only on account of incorrect labeling. Nothing of an injurious character was found among their ingredients.

Maple syrup and maple sugar is 'bad' this week. Out of 8 samples only 2 are reported as legal. Nothing injurious to health was found, however, and they were condemned because of not being absolutely a pure product of the sugar maple tree, although they were sold as pure.

It is very difficult for the average person to distinguish pure maple syrup. It has been demonstrated that the average person will condemn the pure article as being adulterated, while accepting the adulterated article as pure. Pure maple syrup and maple sugar usually have a 'strong' flavor which is often accepted as an adulteration. The addition of cane sugar is welcomed by many consumers. It is not the intention of our pure food laws to prevent the sale of the mixed article. The law only requires that it be properly labeled so that the purchaser may know what he is getting.

Three samples of honey all proved pure.

The remainder of the number analyzed include a long list of various food products, the majority of the 'illegals' being condemned on account of the presence of coal tar dyes.

As a general guide to the purchaser it might be stated that any article which is not labeled to the contrary, is the genuine article; at least if it is not it is being sold contrary to law. In looking for a pure article don't expect to get "something for nothing." A serious cutting of prices on what is claimed to be "just as good" as some well known brand generally arouses the suspicions of the person informed in the trade. Pure goods command their true values.

Back from the Isle of Pines.

Crookston Times (Monday): Wiley Tindolph, the versatile Thief River Falls capitalist and all around "enthusiast," who has during the winter enjoyed a very pleasant southern trip, during which he spent most of his time on the Isle of Pines and at points in Cuba, arrived in the city this morning on his way home. Mr. Tindolph during the winter enjoyed himself immensely, and made a number of good investments in southern property and improved his health very much. When seen by a Times man at the depot this morning he stated that there was no place on earth for health like the Isle of Pines. "Property investments in the little isle as well as in all of the islands of the Cuban group are bound to be exceedingly profitable in years to come" said he. "Sugar cane which is produced in enormous quantities on the plantations is at the present time commanding an exorbitantly high price and as a result the planters and investors are prosperous. A person can have no idea of the number of American tourists who flood the islands during the winter months, until he makes the trip himself and comes in contact with the enormous crowds of jolly pleasure seekers.

WANTED—Trustworthy man or woman to manage business in this county and adjoining territory for well established house of solid financial standing. $20 straight cash salary with all necessary expenses paid weekly by check from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Position permanent; previous experience not essential. No investment required. We furnish everything. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Address, Manager, 810 Como Block, Chicago, Ill. m6

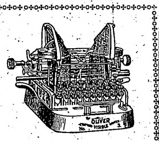
I have some nice "Early Six Weeks" potatoes which will be sold at $1.00 per bushel as long as they last. These are ready for market from ten to twelve days earlier than any other variety. Leave orders at Otterness & Edstrom's or call at Julius M. Jahn's "Oakland Stock Farm," 1½ miles southwest of St. Hilaire f25

WRITE FOR
CIRCULAR
FOR RAW FURS
To McMILLAN FUR & WOOL CO.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
DEPT. 20

The Pedestal of Honor
is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.
Ladies' Shoes
like ours are not to be found in every store.

RAPP & POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

This is a Poor Time
to have your property insured in
..Cheap Fire Insurance Companies..
I represent twelve of the best companies doing business in the United States. They never fail to pay all losses promptly.........
REMEMBER THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST
H. E. IVES - - ST. HILAIRE, MINN.



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Investigate the merits of the
Oliver
THE STANDARD VISIBLE WRITER.
Send for a handsomely illustrated art Catalogue, free for the asking.
The Oliver Typewriter Co.
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Billiard and Sample Room
WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
Wines and Liquors
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
CIGARS.
BEER.
MINNEAPOLIS AND MILWAUKEE BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.
"CORNER SALOON" South of the Bank.

Great Northern Railway.....
No. 3, THE "FLYER"
ONLY MORNING TRAIN
from
ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
FOR MONTANA and the PACIFIC COAST
Makes Immediate Connection with Limited and Fast Mail Trains from Chicago and the East.
EVERY DAY.

FRANK O'MEARA
Nat. Germ. Amer. Bank Bldg.
ST. PAUL, MINN.
Money to loan at all times in liberal amounts and at reasonable rates. Prompt service and perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Write for particulars.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

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WINCHESTER
FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

Calumet Baking Powder

A wonderful powder of rare merit and unrivaled strength.

No woman believes she talks in a style to annoy others.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Happiness is wholly of the heart.

Archbishop Ryan's Wit.

One wintry day, shortly after Bishop Horstmann of Cleveland had been caused considerable trouble by the Polish Catholic element in his diocese, he visited Philadelphia, his native city, and dined with Archbishop Ryan, who was also entertaining an ecclesiastical visitor from New England. The latter inquired of the bishop of Cleveland regarding the weather in Ohio.

"It has been unusually severe," replied Bishop Horstmann.

"No," said Archbishop Ryan, "just a few breezes from the Poles."—Philadelphia Press.

Moderation.

Weary Walters—I don't believe in doin' two t'ings at once.

Sunny South—Two t'ings! Gee! I don't believe in doin' one t'ing at once.

BAD STOMACH

Attended with tainted, offensive, or foul breath, bitter taste, especially in the morning, furred tongue, sick or bilious headaches, poor or irregular appetite, sour stomach, "water brash," constipation with strong tendency to "the blues," or despondency, are all relieved and radically cured by the faithful use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. No man can be stronger than his stomach; when it gets out of order he becomes bilious, dyspeptic, hypochondriacal, peevish and "out of sorts"; he feels languid, tired and "all fagged out."

Nothing will more speedily or permanently invigorate and tone into action, liver and bowels than Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is compounded from the active medicinal principles extracted from native medicinal plants, without the use of alcohol, not a drop of which enters into its composition. The benefit felt from its use is not, therefore, due to alcoholic exhilaration, and consequently of short duration, but is enduring and permanent.

The great majority of diseases have their inception in a bad stomach, indigestion, biliousness and impure blood. Among these diseases are deadly consumption, nerve-racking, brain-wrecking, nervous prostration and exhaustion, body-torturing rheumatism, insanity-breeding neuralgia, emaciating malaria and all manner of disfiguring blood and skin diseases. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a cure for all these diseases, if taken in anything like reasonable time. It is not a cure-all, but cures the diseases mentioned for the reason that they are caused and aggravated by the same disorders. It makes the appetite keen, the digestion perfect, the liver active, the blood pure and builds firm flesh and healthy nerve fiber. Don't be wheedled by a penny-grabbing dealer into taking something else said to be "just as good," only that he may make a greater profit. There's nothing "just as good" as "Golden Medical Discovery," with its record of cures extending over a third of a century.

A Great Sufferer Cured.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—My health is better now than it has been before for many years, and I owe to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery a debt of gratitude. I was for several years troubled with severe stomach trouble, sick headache and nervousness. Could not eat anything without experiencing the most agonizing pain. Had little appetite and was frequently nauseated. My sick headaches were most violent and I could not rest night or day. I became emaciated and thoroughly despondent, and no medicine that I could take seemed to help me at all. It was my father who suggested that I try your medicine and I am grateful to say that I had been taking "Golden Medical Discovery" less than five months when I was entirely cured, and can now eat anything without distress.

Miss Rose Stanley,
North Arlington, New Jersey.
— Astor Avenue.

Cures When Everything Else Fails.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—I am happy to say that I have found Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery to be a most efficacious remedy for stomach trouble. For many years I could scarcely eat anything without being dreadfully distressed at once, and was apt to vomit the food. I used various medicines without good effect. Later I bought a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and it proved so satisfactory that I bought several more bottles of the medicine and used it until I was entirely well. That was about four months. You may count on me for a staunch friend to "Golden Medical Discovery," also to your Sanitarium, which I know to be one of the best in the country.

Asa M. Williams,
308 Riley Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's 1000-page illustrated book, "The Common Sense Medical Adviser," is sent free in paper covers, on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay cost of mailing *only*. For 31 stamps the cloth-bound volume will be sent. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's When the "Golden Medical Discovery" is not quite laxative enough, as in obstinate constipation, the little, pleasant, sugar-coated "Pellets" should be taken to aid the "Discovery." One or two for a laxative, two to four for a cathartic. They alone have been known to cure many bad cases of stomach trouble, dyspepsia and indigestion. They act on the liver and regulate the bowels. Put up in glass vials, corked, therefore, always fresh and reliable. **Pleasant Pellets.**

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 and 912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Victor Bailey, Hallock, Minn., threshing machine; Francis Burge, Linton, N. D., calf weaner; Tobias Clementson, Duluth, Minn., horse or cattle blanket; Julius Dobberstein, Alma City, Minn., draft equalizer; Peter Geyerman, Brewster, Minn., telephone call; Norman La Clair, St. Paul, Minn., nailless horseshoe; Josepho Offerman, Minneapolis, Minn., wrench; Simeon F. Pierce, St. Paul, Minn., boiler furnace.

In its debt of a living for every man the world keeps no counter for display of bargains.

PROF. DEAN'S
KING CACTUS OIL
HEALING REMEDY
PROF. DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL CO.
CLINTON, IOWA.

YOU CAN TRY IT FREE

Send us your druggist's name and 10c. postage and we will send you a free trial bottle of

DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL

the world's greatest healing remedy, that never leaves a scar.

Our Book Free for the Asking.

OLNEY & McDAID, Mfrs., Clinton, Iowa.

Soreness

in any part of the body is the result of inflammation somewhere, producing pain, dull aching and soreness. Bathe the part with hot water, wipe dry; this opens the pores. You then apply

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

very freely, rubbing gently with palm of hand. If too sore to bear rubbing, lay a cloth wet with the Liniment on the place; change often as it gets dry. 25 cents, three times as much 50 cents. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

TEXAS LANDS.

Buy cheap fertile lands in the Coast Country before it is too late. Fine markets, fine climate, fertile lands, good schools and fine railroad facilities. Farm your lands 12 months in the year. We quote railroad rates from all points. Agents wanted in every locality. Write for our terms, plans of co-operation, information and descriptive literature.

C. W. Hahl & Co., Commercial Bank Bldg., Houston, Texas.
Southern Pacific Immigration Agents.

The Diplomacy of Politeness.

Little Gladys, accompanied by her mother, was dining with two maiden ladies, who, upon being pressed to sing after dinner, declined, giving the excuse that old maids didn't sing nowadays. Very politely, however, they begged their little visitor to favor them with a song.

"I dess you'll have to 'scuse me, too," said the small Gladys, "'cause to-night I'se doin' to be an old maid, too."

RESTORED HIS HAIR.

Scalp Humor Cured by Cuticura Soap and Ointment—After All Else Had Failed.

"I was troubled with a severe scalp humor and loss of hair that gave me a great deal of annoyance and inconvenience. After unsuccessful efforts with many remedies and so-called hair tonics, a friend induced me to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. The humor was cured in a short time, my hair was restored as healthy as ever, and I can gladly say I have since been entirely free from any further annoyance. I shall always use Cuticura Soap, and I keep the Ointment on hand to use as a dressing for the hair and scalp. (Signed), Fred'k Rusche, 213 East 57th St., New York City."

A Help Meet.

The Husband—Please don't bother me for any more money to-night, dear.

The Wife—I have no intention of bothering you, George. I've made out the check for what I need, and all you have to do is to sign it.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

When it is said that a man is patient, the world believes it has found a hero.

"Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy cured me of Bright's Disease and Gravel. Able physicians failed." Mrs. E. P. Mizner, Burghill, O. $1.00 a bottle.

Every man should live with a due regard for the financial welfare of his heirs-at-law.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Every mistake made has its value, if it teaches something.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—John F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Typewriters are to be less expensive—the machines, not the operators.

To some persons it is a difficult task to say just what they mean.

When

St. Jacobs Oil

The old monk cure, strong, straight, sure, tackles

Hurts, Sprains, Bruises

The muscles flex, the kinks untwist, the soreness dies out. Price 25c. and 50c.

WARFARE ON THE SEA

SUBMARINES TO TAKE PLACE OF BATTLESHIPS.

Entire Change in Methods of Naval Combat Foreshadowed by the Development of the Invisible "Terror" —Invasion by Sea to End.

If battleships cease to exist, forts to repel them will be worthless. They are nearly as expensive as battleships and much more effective. Then, if transports have no battleships to oppose them, they need have no battleships to protect them; and, as a base for scouts and torpedo boats, all they need is coal and an admiral to report to. An improved destroyer may carry an admiral, not in such comfort as does the big and roomy battleship, but faster. And with the additional speed available, coaling stations may be further apart without hindrance to fleet operations and blockades, the only may be maintained farther at sea, safe from the fire of forts and the attacks of submarines.

As for the future value of conveying transports, what will be the use of sending soldiers across the sea to certain death within a short distance of land? With twenty submarines in place of each coast defense ship, with a "mother ship" to supply food, water and supplies for every five of these ducklings, and with one fast surface craft for a scout, what transport that might slip by the one battleship, could hope to land her soldiers. And what invading war craft, slower than the scout, could catch her, or destroy her except by surprise, which it is a scout's business to prevent? Transports, to be successful, will need to be faster than the scouts that will report them; and, since this is physically impossible, invasion by sea will come to an end. It is safe to say that if Russia, at the beginning of the war, had expended upon submarines the cost of two of her bottled-up battleships, not a Japanese regiment could have landed on Korea and remained a regiment. With cheap submarines of fifty miles of submergence, and 400 of surface action, attached to every seaport, no transport or slow-going battleship would dare approach an enemy's coast.

The battleship, with its seven or eight hundred men to die when disaster comes, is an expensive investment. Those who advocate its continuance do not advocate its development. No one argues for the building of battleships twice as loing and broad and deep as those that now exist, with twice the thickness of armor and weight of guns. Yet, if the big battleship be not developed still further, it will cease to exist. For a time its work can be done by the armored cruiser; then, as the speed and vision of the submarine is increased and perfected, by the fast protected cruiser and fast destroyer; and if the speed and vision of this deadly, unseen enemy that strikes out of the unknown in time and place finally encompasses the destroyer, these, too, must give way, as is probable, and adopt the submarine features of their vanquishers, and become submergible surface boats.—World's Work.

Getting Posted.

"I would like to ask you a question if you don't mind," said the old man in the street car to the man on his right.

"Go ahead, sir."

"I should like to know the meaning of the term 'History repeats itself.' I come across it most every day. How does history repeat itself?"

"That's easily answered," said the other. "For instance, if you should ask me what I thought of the weather I should tell you to go and be hanged to you. If we should meet a month hence and you asked me the same question over again my reply would be the same."

"I think I see—I think I do," mused the old man, as he leaned back and crossed his feet. "Yes, I guess I understand, and I want to tell you that you are a durned mean jackass of a man and that history is going to repeat itself every blamed time I run across you for the next ten years to come."—Chicago News.

Good Advice.

J. Hampton Moore, the new chief of the Bureau of Commerce and Labor, is noted in Philadelphia for his perspicacity. Slim, quick, bright-eyed, Mr. Moore has the appearance of a young man of elegance and leisure. He is, instead of that, a hard and successful worker, and in Philadelphia his advice upon financial matters is valued highly.

A young woman, the other day, said to Mr. Moore:

"I have inherited $25,000. I hesitate whether to invest this money in government bonds, which pay only 3 per cent., or in Zaza gold mine stocks, which pay 15 per cent. What do you advise me to do?"

Mr. Moore smiled.

"If you want to dine well," he said, "choose the gold mine investment. But choose the other if you want to sleep well."

Passed Without Inspection.

There is a maiden lady up town who answers to the rather unusual name of Mignonette. She frequently visits a woman friend who has a bright boy named Jack. Jack could never be persuaded to kiss the maiden friend of his mother, and he was told that this made Miss Mignonette feel very bad.

"But, mamma, dear, she is too ugly."

"Yes, my darling, but you must remember that God made the ugly people as well as the beautiful ones."

"Well," exclaimed Jack, with an air of impatience, "if God made Miss Mignonette I bet He never looked at her afterward."—Brooklyn Eagle.

What It Is to Live.

To grapple fate and fearlessly
Defy its stubborn, stern decree
Until, disarmed, the terror lies
Beneath our feet, recoils and dies;

To look beyond, content to wait
And dignify our low estate
By bending lower, e'er to seek
To help the fallen, lift the weak;

To take no backward step—to-wit,
Be sure that each ascends a bit,
To love the best, the best to give—
This is the meaning solved, to live.
—Boston Transcript.

ITS MERIT IS PROVED

RECORD OF A GREAT MEDICINE

A Prominent Cincinnati Woman Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Completely Cured Her.

The great good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is doing among the women of America is attracting the attention of many of our leading scientists, and thinking people generally.

Mrs. Sara Wilson

The following letter is only one of many thousands which are on file in the Pinkham office, and go to prove beyond question that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound must be a remedy of great merit, otherwise it could not produce such marvelous results among sick and ailing women.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"About nine months ago I was a great sufferer with womb trouble, which caused me severe pain extreme nervousness and frequent headaches, from which the doctor failed to relieve me. I tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and within a short time felt better, and after taking five bottles of it I was entirely cured. I therefore heartily recommend your Compound as a splendid uterine tonic. It makes the monthly periods regular and without pain; and what a blessing it is to find such a remedy after so many doctors fail to help you. I am pleased to recommend it to all suffering women."—Mrs. Sara Wilson, 31 East 3d Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

If you have suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness of the stomach, indigestion, bloating, leucorrhœa, flooding, nervous prostration, dizziness, faintness, "don't-care" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feeling, excitability, backache or the blues, these are sure indications of female weakness, some derangement of the uterus or ovarian trouble. In such cases there is one tried and true remedy—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

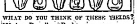
Not Contagious.

"I see that an English doctor says that 'Genius is some kind of neurosis.'"

"Did he leave any direction for catching it?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Salzer's Home Builder Corn.

So named because 50 acres produced so heavily, that its proceeds built a lovely home. See Salzer's catalog. Yielded in Ind. 157 bu., Ohio 160 bu., Tenn. 198 bu., and in Mich. 220 bu. per acre. You can beat this record in 1905.



WHAT DO YOU THINK OF THESE YIELDS?

120 bu.	Beardless Barley per acre.
310 bu.	Salzer's New National Oats per A.
80 bu.	Salzer Speltz and Macaroni Wheat.
1,000 bu.	Pedigree Potatoes per acre.
14 tons	of rich Billion Dollar Grass Hay.
60,000 lbs.	Victoria Rape for sheep—per A.
160,000 lbs.	Teosinte, the fodder wonder.
54,000 lbs.	Salzer's Superior Fodder Corn—rich, juicy fodder, per A.

Now such yields you can have in 1905, if you will plant my seeds.

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10c in stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive their great catalog and lots of farm seed samples. [W. N. U.]

Variable.

Harry—What a sweet voice your wife has. I heard her talking over the phone.

Dick—Umph! She always talks that way—over the phone.

The Old Quarrel.

The Doctor—But surely it is an honorable ambition to want to live in history!

The professor—Not at all. That would be an absurd and ridiculous ambition. We shall have to be satisfied, my dear friend, with being embalmed in history.

MISS BULL RECOVERS

FEARFUL DECLINE OF STRENGTH COMPLETELY ARRESTED.

Medical Skill Had Almost Exhausted Itself in Vain Attempts to Relieve Her—A Remarkable Result.

The recovery of Miss Gertrude L. Bull is of great interest to the medical world. A very bad cough followed a severe attack of pneumonia. It seemed impossible to break it up or to restore her strength, which had been sadly undermined. In spite of the best efforts of the doctors and the use of several advertised modes of treatment her condition daily grew more serious. She finally discontinued all medicine and gave herself up to despair.

"What was your condition at this time?" she was asked.

"My stomach was so weak I could not keep food down. I suffered from constant nausea. My kidneys were in terrible condition. My feet and ankles were swollen so badly that it pained me even to stand on them. I was very bilious. My heart was in bad shape so I could not go up and down stairs or stand any exertion or sleep in a natural position."

"It seems a wonder that you should ever have recovered. How did it happen?"

"You may well call it a marvel, but Dr. Williams' Pink Pills wrought it. None of my friends thought I could live many months longer. My parents had no hope. Just then a pamphlet advertising Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People was thrown in our door. It was a great event for me. These pills saved me from the grave. Within a week from the time I began to take them I felt better, and in three months I was entirely well. I cannot praise Dr. Williams' Pink Pills too highly and I dearly hope that my experience may bring good to some other sufferers."

Miss Bull, who was so remarkably cured, resides at Union Grove, Illinois. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills act immediately on the blood, purifying and enriching it. In all debilitating diseases, such as lung troubles, grip, fevers, and in all cases in which the system is thoroughly run down, these pills perform wonders. They are sold by all druggists throughout the world. A valuable booklet on diseases of the blood, will be sent free to any one who applies for it to Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

WRITERS AND THEIR WIVES.

In Very Few Cases, Has There Been Complete Sympathy.

"Writers' wives are unappreciative as a rule of their husband's work," said a publisher. "For instance, Mme. Zola never read a single one of the Rougon-Macquart series. She thought that Zola's books were wicked.

"That, of course, is an extreme case. But Carlyle's wife did not think much of the hectoring, whining Scot she had married. She and Froude used to sit together and discuss Carlyle's faults in a low tone. She admired Carlyle's talent, but she thought it was overrated. The public of to-day appears to agree with her, for Carlyle, for a classic, sells miserably.

"Dickens' wife didn't like Dickens' books. She could see no humor in them. That was one of the reasons why she and Dickens lived apart.

"Byron's wife disapproved of his poetry. She thought that for a lord to write poetry was a waste of time. She would constantly break into Byron's study and ask him to put his silly rhymes aside.

"Once Byron had an admiring friend in the house and he hurried this friend into his sanctum and began to read 'Cain' out loud. While he was reading Lady Byron ran into the room.

"'Oh,' she said. 'Oh, do I disturb you, Byron?'

"'Yes,' replied the poet, and he continued his reading, and his wife withdrew.

"Writers' wives, as a rule, don't like their husbands' work. I think they are jealous of it."

WATER BASEBALL THE LATEST.

New Form of National Game Invented by Gotham Schoolboys.

The latest form of the great national game is water baseball, says a New York dispatch. Indoor baseball, played from fall to spring on the armory floor, has been in vogue for several seasons, and has won many loyal supporters. Last summer one of the outing camps where the schoolboys gather was the scene of water baseball, which was the result of happy suggestions of one of the youngsters. The game developed as doubtless baseball originally did—along the lines of "one ol' cat."

Five men play on each side—a pitcher and catcher and first, second and third baseman. Each player stands on a square float and a rubber ball is used. When a batter makes a hit he swims for first base and advances as in the regulation game.

The short, fast swims and the bobbing in and out of the water on a hot summer's afternoon is healthful sport. Several camps will adopt the game this summer.

Beginning of "Lloyds."

Two centuries ago a man who had a cargo to send to the Mediterranean contrived to get rid of some of the risk by inducing a friend to take an interest with him. It was necessary to write out a statement of contract to which the guarantors subscribed; this was the first underwriting. These two men happened to be frequenters of Lloyd's coffee house in London, which was a favorite place for the merchants of the town to gather to discuss business or to gossip. Others immediately saw the advantage of the scheme which their colleagues had devised, and on the next voyage the risk was parceled out among a larger number of the patrons of the coffee house. Out of this small beginning has grown the great European maritime agency, still bearing the name of the humble coffee house.

Yield Skin to Save Child.

Sixty-one young men in Kansas City are voluntarily furnishing skin that the life of Clarence Crawford, 3 years old, may be saved. They are members of the freshman class of the University Medical college, and the child is the son of B. H. Crawford, who lives sixty miles from Beaver, in Oklahoma. The child recently fell into a kettle of boiling soap and one arm was badly burned. The boy was brought to Kansas City, where the doctor declared skin-grafting necessary. Already sixteen members of the class have surrendered eighty-six pieces of cuticle, and grafting is now one-third done. Every day a fresh man is placed on the operating table and his body relieved of from two to three pieces of skin.

For Systematic Scientific Research

Prof. Pearson, the English scientist, has been considering the suggestion of Prof. Simon Newcomb looking to the systematization of scientific research by organizing investigators into what might be termed battalions. Dr. Pearson says that what science needs at present is to get rid of most of its data and investigators with brains enough to interpret what is left. "At least 50 per cent of the observations made and the data collected," says Prof. Pearson, "is worthless, and no man, however able, could deduce any result from them at all. In engineer's language, we need to 'scrap-heap' about 50 per cent of the products of nineteenth century science."

Justice to Theater Owners.

Dr. Darlington, commissioner of the New York board of health, makes the interesting suggestion that if the owners of the ten theaters in that city which Chief Croker says ought to be rebuilt were driven to that trifling expense the city would in justice have to reimburse them for the $15,000 or $20,000 each which they have spent since that time last year on improvements and alterations ordered by the board of health for the ostensible purpose of making the houses safe. There are no quasi public buildings in New York upon which so much money has been spent as on the theaters.

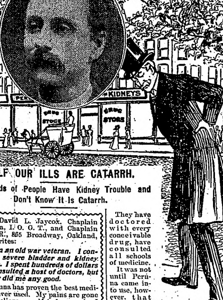
He Cheered Me Oft.

"His words have cheered me oft," they said,
As he in peace was lying,
With folded hands upon his bed,
Beyond the stress of dying.
He had no art to gather gold—
He loved too well his brother—
But, "Much I loved him!"—thus they told
Their thought to one another.

My Father, through this life of mine
Lead through the valley lowly;
Though half unwrit's the thought divine
That thou has whispered wholly,
Yet when I die, and visions soft
Through my long sleep are pressing,
Let fond hearts say, "He cheered me oft."—
I ask no other blessing.
—Alfred J. Waterhouse in Success Magazine.

ARMY CHAPLAIN

SEVERE KIDNEY AND BLADDER TROUBLE.



HALF OUR ILLS ARE CATARRH.

Thousands of People Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know It Is Catarrh.

Mr. David L. Jaycox, Chaplain Clarinda, I. O. G. T., and Chaplain G. A. R., 865 Broadway, Oakland, Cal., writes:

"I am an old war veteran. I contracted severe bladder and kidney trouble. I spent hundreds of dollars and consulted a host of doctors, but neither did me any good.

"Peruna has proven the best medicine I ever used. My pains are gone and I believe myself to be cured. I feel well and would not be without a bottle in time of need for ten times its cost."

Hundreds of war veterans have kidney and bladder trouble.

Impure drinking water, sleeping on the ground, and all manner of exposures to wet and cold weather produced catarrh of the kidneys and bladder.

They have doctored with every conceivable drug, have consulted all schools of medicine.

It was not until Peruna came into use, however, that these old soldiers found a remedy that would actually cure them.

More cases of catarrh of kidneys and bladder have been cured by Peruna than all other medicines combined.

Address Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio, and he will be pleased to give you the benefit of his medical advice gratis. All correspondence held strictly confidential.

The Secret of Good Coffee

Even the best housekeepers cannot make a good cup of coffee without good material. Dirty, adulterated and queerly blended coffee such as unscrupulous dealers shovel over their counters won't do. But take the pure, clean, natural flavored **LION COFFEE,** the leader of all package coffees—the coffee that for over a quarter of a century has been daily welcomed in millions of homes—and you will make a drink fit for a king in this way:

HOW TO MAKE GOOD COFFEE.

Use LION COFFEE, because to get best results you must use the best coffee.

Grind your LION COFFEE rather fine. Use "a tablespoonful to each cup, and one extra for the pot." First mix it with a little cold water, enough to make a thick paste, and add white of an egg (if egg is to be used as a settler), then follow one of the following rules:

1st. WITH BOILING WATER. Add boiling water, and let it boil THREE MINUTES ONLY. Add a little cold water and set aside five minutes to settle. Serve promptly.

2d. WITH COLD WATER. Add your cold water to the paste and bring it to a boil. Then set aside, add a little cold water, and in five minutes it's ready to serve.

3 DON'TS
- Don't boil it too long.
- Don't let it stand more than ten minutes before serving.
- Don't use water that has been boiled before.

TWO WAYS TO SETTLE COFFEE.

1st. With Eggs. Use part of the white of an egg, mixing it with the ground LION COFFEE before boiling.

2d. With Cold Water instead of eggs. After boiling add a dash of cold water, and set aside for eight or ten minutes, then serve through a strainer.

Insist on getting a package of genuine LION COFFEE, prepare it according to this recipe and you will only use LION COFFEE in future. (Sold only in 1 lb. sealed packages.)
(Lion-head on every package.)
(Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.)

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Alabastine Your Walls

Walls are smoky and grimy after the winters' coal and soot. They need cleaning with **Alabastine.** The new color schemes and harmonies for this year can only be done in **Alabastine.** The colors are the richest, the tints the most permanent, the hues the most beautiful in **Alabastine**—there isn't any wall covering that is just as good.

Alabastine does not need washing off before a fresh coat can be applied—you simply mix Alabastine with cold water and apply with a brush. Any decorator or painter can apply it—or any woman can apply it herself.

Remember Alabastine comes in packages—take no substitutes—do not buy in bulk. If your dealer can't supply you, send us his name and we will see that you have Alabastine. Beautiful tint cards and free color suggestions free for the asking.

ALABASTINE COMPANY

Grant Ave., Grand Rapids, Mich.
New York Office, 105 Water St.

W. L. DOUGLAS

Union Made **$3.50 SHOES** For Men.

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more Men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world. $10,000 REWARD to any one who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. They are just as good as those that cost from $5.00 to $7.00. The only difference is the price. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, hold their shape better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day. W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom of each shoe. Look for it. Take no substitute. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are sold through his own retail stores in the principal cities, and by shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, W. L. Douglas shoes are within your reach.

EQUAL $5.00 SHOES.

"I have worn W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes for years, and consider them equal to any $5.00 shoe now on the market. They have given entire satisfaction."—Wm. H. Anderson, Real Estate Agent, Kansas City, Mo.

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.50 and $2.00 shoes because they fit better, hold their shape and wear longer than other makes.

W. L. Douglas uses Corona Coltskin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is conceded to be the finest patent leather produced.

Fast Color Eyelets will not wear Brassy.

W. L. Douglas has the largest shoe mail order business in the world. No trouble to get a fit by mail. 25 cents extra prepays delivery. If you desire further information, *write for Illustrated Catalogue of Spring Styles.*

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

10,000 Plants for 16c.

More gardens and farms are planted to Salzer's Seeds than any other in America. There is reason for this. We own over 5,000 acres for the production of our warranted seeds. In order to induce you to try them, we make you the following unprecedented offer:

For 16 Cents Postpaid

1000 Early, Medium and Late Cabbages,
2000 Fine Juicy Turnips,
2000 Blanching Celery,
2000 Rich Nutty Lettuce,
1000 Splendid Onions,
1000 Rare Luscious Radishes,
1000 Gloriously Brilliant Flowers.

Above seven packages contain sufficient seed to grow 10,000 plants, furnishing bushels of brilliant flowers and lots and lots of choice vegetables, together with our great catalog, telling all about Flowers, Roses, Small Fruits, etc., all for 16c in stamps and this notice. Big 140-page catalog alone, 4c.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO.,
W. N. U. La Crosse, Wis.

THE GRAND PRIZE · TOWER'S FISH BRAND · THE GRAND PRIZE

WATERPROOF OILED CLOTHING

RECEIVED THE **HIGHEST POSSIBLE AWARD** AT THE ST. LOUIS WORLD'S FAIR.

Send us the names of dealers in your town who do not sell our goods, and we will send you a collection of pictures, in colors, of famous towers of the world.

A. J. TOWER CO. ESTABLISHED 1836.
BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO.
TOWER CANADIAN CO. Limited, TORONTO CAN.

BEGGS' BLOOD PURIFIER
CURES catarrh of the stomach.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

EXCURSIONS TO THE Free Grant Lands OF Western Canada.

During the months of March and April, there will be excursions on the various lines of railway to the Canadian West.

Hundreds of thousands of acres of the best Wheat and Grazing Lands on the Continent free to the settler.

Adjoining lands may be purchased from railway and land companies at reasonable prices.

For information as to route, cost of transportation etc., apply to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

$100 Weekly Easily Made

writing health and accident insurance; experience unnecessary. Write Bankers' Accident Co., Des Moines, Ia.

N W N U —NO. 13— 1905

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS.
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

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ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 8, 1905. NUMBER 38.

The News Of the Week

In the Capital.

In the matter of the prosecution of Public Printer Palmer for violation of the anti-smoke law, Judge Scott of the police court imposed a fine of $50.

Senor Don Manuel de Azpiroz, Mexico's first ambassador to the United States, died at the Mexican embassy surrounded by the members of his family.

Rear Admiral Willaim H. Folger has been relieved of command of the Asiatic fleet and Rear Admiral Charles R. Train will succeed him. The relief of Rear Admiral Folger is at his own request.

Official exchanges between Washington and Paris have brought about an understanding whereby the transference of Ambassador Porter and McCormick will occur at the end of April, as originally planned.

Foreign.

During naval maneuvers off the harbor of Toulon, French torpedo boat No. 250 sank. Its crew was saved.

The British admiralty has decided that gray is the best all-around color for torpedo craft, and a change is to be made from black.

Forty representatives of the American colony in London gave a farewell dinner to Henry Clay Evans, the retiring consul general.

The Spanish government has received word from New York that two dangerous Spanish anarchists have sailed from America for Barcelona.

The first standard gauge electric railroad in Germany is to be built between Hamburg and Ohlsdorf. Later on this road is to be extended to Lubeck.

A great landslide occurred at Semlin, Germany. A squadron of soldiers who went to the rescue of a buried women suffered. Eight were killed and nineteen injured.

The pope held a consistory last week. No new cardinals were nominated, but addresses were delivered in which regret was expressed at the persecution of the church.

The discovery that the bulkheads in some of the newest British warships are perfectly useless to resist sea water pressure was made in a recent inspection of the channel fleet.

The Cretan insurgents have organized a provisional national assembly under the presidency of M. Papyannakis, who implores the powers not to support the present autocratic regime.

Champion Straight Tip, the Irish terrier, which won the king's cup at King's Lynn, England, last year, has been sold to an American fancier for $2,000, which is the record price for the breed.

The St. Petersburg Gazette of Commerce and Industry states that a 2 per cent tax will be levied on salaries of officials from May 14. The death tax is increased 50 per cent, the tax on beer 23 per cent, on matches, 100 per cent, etc.

Mr. Fillan, a member of the Dominion legislature in Toronto, now says the sentiment in the British West Indies is strongly in favor of federation with Canada. Mr. Fillan has seen Premier Laurier on the subject and is hopeful of good results.

The Russian emperor and empress received McCormick, the retiring American ambassador, in audience in Tsarskoe Selo, and the ambassador subsequently was received by the dowager empress; all three presented their portraits to Mr. McCormick.

Vice President Báquerizo Morena has assumed the executive power in Guayaquil, President Plaza retiring to the town of Pomasqui for ninety days on account of the delicate state of his health. It is believed that the vice president will reorganize the republic of Panama.

Starvation threatens Armenians, according to a cable message from Van, received by the Bible Land or Turkish Aid society from the local agents of the society. The message reads: "Suffering from poverty. General food supply in many villages nearly exhausted. Deaths from hunger beginning."

Crimes and Criminals.

John W. Browning, aged 65, veteran railroad man, widely known horseman and politician, committed suicide at Indianapolis by shooting, caused by failing health.

Otis Botts, 21 years old, was found guilty at Peoria, Ill., of murdering his girl wife and punishment fixed at death. The youthful defendant laughed as he left the court room. The crime was committed on Jan. 5.

John S. Johnson of Knoxville, Tenn., who was convicted of murdering Patrick J. Doyle on Aug. 10 last, at Milwaukee, during a quarrel over a game of dice, was denied a new trial and was sentenced to fourteen years' imprisonment at Waupun.

Simeon Lee was found dead on the roadside at Lexington, Ky., having been killed by a heavy charge of buckshot fired into his back. Warrants have been issued for Thomas Stout, Sr., Thomas Stout, Jr., and Luicen Stout, colored, who had quarreled with Lee about tobacco land.

Northern Indiana merchants will engage detectives to work on the many silk robberies committed in the last two weeks. It is estimated that $5,000 worth of silk has been stolen. Indiana officers believe a gang is operating out of Chicago, and that the plunder is sold there.

Accidental Happenings.

There was a fire at the new state reformatory at Elmira, N. Y. The damage is $75,000.

The seventh victim of the coal mine explosion near Princeton, Ind., William Jones, is dead.

The town of Marion, Ky., had its entire business section wiped out by fire. Loss, $200,000.

Two men were killed and another was badly injured in a freight wreck on the Baltimore & Ohio at Stanton, Del.

Michael Nokovitch, an Austrian, was murdered at Pittsburg by his wife, Annie, aged 20. She used a hatchet as her husband lay in bed.

August Finke, a wealthy Indiana farmer who some time ago, when summoned before a jury, attempted suicide, succeeded in ending his life with a revolver.

Fire at Hanson, Ky., destroyed property valued at between $50,000 and $100,000, including churches, tobacco factories, business houses and residences.

Fire in Louisburg, N. C., destroyed $75,000 worth of property, including the tobacco warehouse of C. B. Cheatham, the Louisburg tobacco warehouse and other buildings.

Four men were killed in an explosion of three powder mills owned by the Dupont Powder company at Schaghticoke, N. Y. The bodies of the men were blown 300 feet from the

One man was fatally scalded and several others were painfully burned by the explosion of a boiler at the car shops of the Illinois Central Railway company at Burnside, a suburb of Chicago.

North-bound 'Frisco passenger train No. 6 encountered a burned bridge near Arthur City, Tex., which ditched the chair car and two sleepers. One person was killed and several others badly injured.

Fire burned a four-story brick building at Columbus, Ohio, occupied by the Columbus Dry Goods company, entailing a loss estimated at $200,000, of which $75,000 is on stock and the remainder on the building.

Al Hotchkiss, the engineer who was injured when the Rock Island flyer was wrecked at Homestead, Iowa, is dead. The police say they will file charges of murder against the man who they declare confessed to wrecking the train.

An attempt was made at Los Angeles to wreck a crowded Santa Fe train. A heavy brake rod was placed in the frog of a switch. The forward truck of the engine left the rails and ran on the ties for fifty yards and then jumped back to the track again.

The elevator in the Livingston building in East St. Louis fell five stories, injuring Herman Engler so badly that he died later at St. Mary's hospital. Five others were in the elevator, James Butler receiving a severe wound on the scalp. The others were unhurt.

Otherwise.

Abigail Allison Osborne, 87, a sister of the late President McKinley's mother, died at Columbus, Ohio.

George R. Frankland, formerly a well-known newspaper editor of Chicago, is dead at his home in Caldwell, N. J., aged 54 years.

Stanley W. Turner, former auditor general of Michigan and for many years a Republican leader in that state, is dead at Detroit, aged 62 years.

The Louisiana railroad commission has ordered the Pullman company to equip all sleeping car berths in the state with mosquito bars.

Alfred H. Curtis of New York, cashier of the National Bank of North America, has been elected president of that bank, succeeding R. L. Edwards.

J. Pierpont Morgan and Mrs. Jack Gardner have taken up arms to secure the ashes of the poet Dante, which are in the possession of the Count Costarelli.

Gov. Pardee of California has approved the bill passed by the last legislature fixing a flat tax of $10 a year on all corporations, foreign and domestic.

The Illinois appellate court has affirmed the validity of an ordinance of the city of Chicago prohibiting the giving away of cigarette papers with tobacco.

Judgment for Mrs. Elva Ingersoll, widow of Robert G. Ingersoll of New York, in the sum of $95,000 with interest, against the trustees of the estate of the late Andrew J. Davis, a wealthy mine owner of Butte, Mont., has been ordered.

The report that the New York Central & Hudson River railroad has completed negotiations to absorb several Canadian street railway lines between Buffalo and Toronto was denied at the office of President Newman of the New York Central.

A meeting of the large packers of canned goods will be held in Buffalo, N. Y., on April 17, to consider the formation of a national association. The members purpose to look after the foreign trade more carefully and to keep in touch with national legislation affecting the business.

A big lumber deal, involving the transfer of $1,000,000, is reported closed at San Francisco. The property changing hands is that of the Weed Lumber company, consisting of large tracts of lumber land in northern California, with improved mills and twenty-four miles of railroad.

DISORDERS IN THE CAUCASUS

PEASANTS LOOT AND BURN, SACK PRIVATE ESTATES AND DEFY POLICE.

LOOK FOR A BLOODY EASTER

PROSPECTS FOR GENERAL UPHEAVAL IN RUSSIA INCREASE DAILY.

BRUTALITY AT A FUNERAL

COSSACKS DISPERSE GATHERING USING KNOUTS AND SWORDS FREELY.

St. Petersburg, April 6.—Official advices report continued disorders in the Caucasus. Within the past week peasants have looted and burned public offices in many villages in the Gore district, sacked schools and private estates, cutting down trees and threatening to kill the police if they interfered, and forced priests to go with them and take an oath of solidarity with their cause.

At Kishineff Wednesday night an unsuccessful attempt was made to assinate Assistant Police Commissioner Kirlighi.

May Be Bloody Easter.

St. Petersburg, April 6.—The prospects of a general upheaval of the city and country with the advent of spring increases daily. Evidence accumulates that the radical forces are acting in unison and are awaiting a signal which, it is believed, will be given shortly after the Russian Easter.

The terrorists are showing great activity, and reports from all over the country prove that the workmen, who in many cases have been formulating petty demands which are no sooner granted than they are succeeded by others, are acting under instructions from the revolutionary leaders, who are only biding their time.

The employers frankly admit that it is impossible to try to continue their businesses, and some of them have already shut down. The people are plainly becoming panicky and the authorities cannot conceal their alarm.

Cruelty at a Funeral.

Warsaw, April 6.—In anticipation of the funeral of a girl who died of wounds received in the fighting in Dzika street on Sunday, the workmen of all the factories in the northern part of the city, left their work yesterday afternoon and crowded Elekoralna and Lesseno streets. The police, fearing a hostile demonstration, forbade the funeral and summoned Cossacks, who, using their knouts and swords freely, finally succeeded in dispersing the gathering.

Owing to the closing of the university at Warsaw, 1,600 students were dismissed yesterday. All students whose conscription was postponed during their university year, will be compelled to serve now.

SLAVS' LOSS 107,000 MEN.

Complete Mukden Statistics Compiled at Harbin.

Harbin, April 6.—Complete returns received at headquarters give the total Russian losses in killed, wounded and prisoners at the battle of Mukden as 107,000. The wounded are being taken away from here over the Siberian railroad as rapidly as possible in order to free the hospitals preparatory to a renewal of the fighting. By Gen. Linevitch's order, the bands play daily at all the Russian positions.

BELIEVE WAR IS NEAR END.

Even German Diplomats in St. Petersburg Say Peace Will Soon Come.

Berlin, April 6.—Peace at an early date is regarded as probable by the German embassy at St. Petersburg, the Associated Press is informed, and in consequence of dispatches received from there by the government during the last three days this opinion circulates in official circles for the first time since the war began.

The Russian emperor, it is true, has not yet decided for peace, but the grand dukes and all, or practically all, the members of the court who have access to the emperor are for peace.

His majesty is described in the gossip that goes about here, as standing alone irresolutely. The considerations that still delay his decision are personal ones, he feeling that his reign is a failure if Russia does not win the war, and that his prestige as a sovereign will be lost at home and in foreign countries, but he cannot yet bring himself to speak the word that will set the peace negotiations in motion.

WAS WILFULLY BLOWN UP.

Coroner's Jury Finds That Unknown Persons Caused Explosion.

Ziegler, Ill., April 6. — After-damp, due to an explosion of blasting powder set off by persons as yet unknown, caused the death of forty-three miners at Joseph Leiter's coal mine on Monday, April 3, according to the verdict of a coroner's jury as returned yesterday. The jury states further that they believe the mine was in good safe condition for working purposes as far as gas was concerned on April 3.

MINING MAN IS BLOWN UP.

T. C. Lamb of Tucson Is Torn Into Shreds by an Infernal Machine.

Tucson, Ariz., April 6.—T. C. Lamb, superintendent of the Tres Amigos mine, has been blown to pieces by an infernal machine, while asleep in his house at the edge of town. Several sticks of dynamite were placed under a corned of the house and a five-foot fuse attached. When it was exploded the house and contents were scattered all over the hillside. Fragments of Lamb's body were found at places a half-mile apart. Lamb's wife and family were in the East on a visit. At the coroner's inquest a verdict of murder by persons unknown was returned, but arrests are expected to follow. Lamb had been involved in several bitter disputes about mining property, and it is presumed one of his enemies made in these quarrels committed the deed. A strict investigation is being made.

STRIKERS USE DYNAMITE.

Trolley Poles Blown up on the Houghton County Street Car Line.

Houghton, Mich., April 6.—Five trolley poles near the Hancock car barns, on the Houghton County Street railway, were blown up by dynamite early yesterday morning. It is thought to have been done by strike sympathizers. The line to Calumet has been discontinued temporarily, and local service elsewhere is also affected. Dynamite which had not been exploded was found in two other poles. This is the sixth week of the strike and the situation is unchanged. The public is not patronizing the cars because of fear of personal injuries and injury to business interests.

STANFORD ESTATE IS VAST.

Property Valued at Total of Seven Millions.

San Francisco, April 6.—It is now known that Mrs. Jane Lathrop Stanford left an estate valued at $7,000,000. A formal inventory has not yet been made, but the interested parties have already figured the present worth of the several properties making up the value of the estate, and in their opinion it will not fall below the amount mentioned. According to Mrs. Stanford's will, $3,175,000 is to go for legacies and bequests. This will leave a residue of not less than $3,825,000, all of which, by the terms of the will, is to go to swell the funds of the Stanford university.

YAQUIS STILL ON WARPATH.

Old Chief Heads Bands of Murderers and Plunderers.

El Paso, Tex., April 6. — John St. Clair, a trustworthy prospector, has returned from the Yaqui country near Ures, Sonora, and reports that the Indians are still on the warpath. He says that Malpuche, the old chief, is at the head of a band of over fifty, and is devastating the country. While going from Ures to his camp in the mountains St. Clair heard firing and ran into what had been an Indian ambuscade. He found two dead Mexicans who had been killed only a few minutes before he reached the place.

COGSWELL IS SCORCHED.

Business Portion of North Dakota Town Reduced to Ashes.

Forman, N. D., April 6. — Fire destroyed the business portion of Cogswell yesterday forenoon. Loss: K. M. Lykin, residence, $2,000; A. Peterson, general store, $11,000; Prentice Bros., hardware and furniture store, $4,000; postoffice building, owned by L. H. White, $3,000; Soule Bros., general store, $10,000. About 30 per cent of the loss is covered by insurance.

FOREIGN ENGINEERS.

England, France and Germany to Be Represented on Canal Board.

Washington, April 6.—It has been decided to appoint three foreigners as members of the advisory board, or consulting engineers, of the isthmian canal commission, one from Great Britain, one from Germany and a third from France. Each of these governments have been asked by the United States to designate an engineer for membership on the board.

AFTER FORTY YEARS

Julius Schurr, Mourned as Dead, Returns to His Old Home.

Chicago, April 6.—A special to the Daily News from Laporte, Ind., says: Julius Schurr, mourned for dead for forty years, but now a wealthy ranchman in Texas, has arrived at Michigan City and met his sister, Mrs. Augusta Leusch. The sister attributes the reunion to prayer, declaring that she has never ceased supplication for the finding of her lost brother.

Girl Gets Carnegie Medal.

Des Moines, Iowa, April 6.—For her heroism in saving the life of a companion skater from drowning last winter Miss Lavina Steele, a former Coon Rapids girl, recently appointed state librarian, is in receipt of a Carnegie medal for her brave rescue.

Trial Is Begun.

Elk River, Minn., April 6.—The trial of the "box car murderers" began here yesterday. C. D. Crawford, whose real name is believed to be Burke, was called and the court is engaged in securing a jury.

Third Death on Dock.

Ashland, Wis., April 6. — Edward Sullivan of Escanaba fell from the North-Western's ore dock yesterday and was instantly killed. He is the third man killed in the rebuilding of the dock.

PRESIDENT IS GUEST OF TEXAS

WELCOME TO THE LONE STAR STATE MARKED BY GREAT ENTHUSIASM.

DALLAS STREETS ARE PACKED

ROOSEVELT SAYS HE NEVER FELT BETTER IN HIS LIFE, AND HE LOOKS IT.

HE MAKES MANY SPEECHES

TELLS PEOPLE OF INDIAN TERRITORY THAT STATEHOOD WILL COME IN A YEAR.

Dallas, Tex., April 6. — President Roosevelt is now the guest of the Lone Star State. The special train bearing President Roosevelt and his party arrived in Dallas, over the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railway at 6 o'clock last night. A reception committee was in waiting when the train arrived and the party was driven to a stand near the Oriental hotel, where the president delivered an address. The streets were packed with citizens and visitors, and the reception accorded the president and party was flattering.

After delivering his speech the president and party attended a reception at the Oriental hotel. His train left for Waco, Austin and San Antonio this morning. When the president awoke yesterday morning his train was traversing Southeastern Kansas. At every station large and

Enthusiastic Crowds

were in attendance, all bent on seeing, and, if possible, hearing the chief executive.

The special train entered Indian Territory before noon. At Vinita a short stay was made and the president briefly addressed a large crowd. When Muskogee was reached fully 10,000 persons surrounded the railroad station. A stand draped in the national colors had been erected nearby, and although the program did not call for a speech, the president yielded to the loud acclaim of the people, and, escorted by a committee which boarded his train, made a brief address. His subject was "Statehood," and enthusiastic applause greeted his utterance that Indian Territory would add its star to the galaxy of states within a year.

Brief speeches were made at South McAlester, Aloka, Caddo and Durant, after which the train crossed into Texas.

Denison was reached at 3:45 o'clock. An immense crowd had gathered to

Greet the President,

who was standing on the rear platform, smiling and bowing his acknowledgments to the cheers which greeted him as soon as the train stopped. A party of school children advanced to the platform and gave the president a magnificent floral offering in the shape of a Texas flag.

When the train pulled out for Sherman, the president, standing on the platform, waved his hand and smiled in response to the repeated cheers. At Sherman one of the largest crowds of the day greeted the president, and he was escorted to a stand, where he spoke for fifteen minutes. Cannon boomed and the city was in gala attire in honor of the visitors.

From Sherman the train maintained its schedule to Dallas.

The president was in splendid spirits after the long day's ride and shortly before reaching Dallas, said he never felt better in his life.

SANG ON THE GALLOWS.

Two Negro Murderers Are Hanged Together at Nashville.

Nashville, Tenn., April 6.—Andrew Hibbett and James Schudder, negroes, were hanged together in the jail yard yesterday. Schudder murdered his three-year-old crippled son and Hibbett killed his mother-in-law. Both men sang "Old Time Religion" just before the drop fell. Neither made any statement on the gallows.

Cattle Men Organize.

Pierre, S. D., April 6.—A new cattle association, organized west of the river, has been designated the Cheyenne River Agency association, and has as officers: President, D. V. Webster of Minneapolis; vice president, P. F. McClure of Pierre; secretary treasurer, C. L. Millett of Fort Pierre.

Violated Game Law.

Fergus Falls, Minn., April 6.—Deputy Game Warden Jones arrested E. L. Merritt at Otter Tail on the charge of shooting ducks. He pleaded guilty on one count and was fined $10 and costs.

Banker Is Indicted.

Keokuk, Iowa, April 6.—The grand jury has indicted Edmund Jaeger, owner of the closed Commercial bank, the charge being that Jaeger had received deposits after he knew the bank was insolvent.

Police Commander Dies.

Winnipeg, April 6. — Col. Morris, veteran commander of the Northwest mounted police at Prince Albert, died yesterday from the effects of a paralytic stroke. He was sixty-ix years old.

GOVERNMENT GETS DATA.

Valuable Evidence Secured Against Beef Trust.

Chicago, April 6. — Prices paid for livestock by packers, alleged rebates granted the packers by railroads for the handling of the same, and the private accounts of some of the packing concerns are to be closely inquired into within the next few days by the federal grand jury which is investigating the business affairs of the so-called beef trust. Another phase of the question of the alleged combination of some of the packers in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law and Judge Grosscup's injunction which is to be inquired into is the price paid by wholesale dealers to the packers for meats. Witnesses who can give the jurors detailed and accurate information along these lines have been subpoenaed and appeared at the investigation yesterday. Some of these witnesses testified, and although they refused to make public what they told the jury, it is said a large amount of data valuable to the government was secured from them.

PRISON TRIP IS DELAYED.

Stay of Sentence Is Granted Mrs. Chadwick by the Federal Court.

Cincinnati, April 6.—Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick was yesterday granted a stay of execution by the United States circuit court of appeals, the decision being announced by Presiding Justice Lurton when court convened. The stay of sentence is to hold until the further order of the court, it appearing that a writ of error had been sued out within the required sixty days and a copy of the same had been lodged in the clerk's office of the lower court. After the decision of the court had been announced Judge Wing, counsel for Mrs. Chadwick, said that he expected to be able to present the appeal some time during the month of May.

BOY DISAPPEARS WITH $5,000.

Travels From Deadwood, S. D., to Muscatine With Gold and Disappears.

Muscatine, Iowa, April 6. — After traveling all the way from Deadwood, S. D., with $5,000 in gold in a bag to reach the home of his grandmother, Mrs. Mary Leonard, in this city, fifteen-year-old Richard Hoorigan disappeared with the money within two hours after his arrival. The grandmother is frantic, and has asked the aid of the police. The boy was the son of a prospector, who, on his death, sent him, with the savings of a lifetime, to the old home in Muscatine.

WATER FAMINE AT PANAMA.

Gallon Costs Four Cents and Supply by Tank Cars Is Sought.

Panama, April 6. — The unusually long summer has caused a scarcity of water, which is now being sold here at 4 cents a gallon. The government, in order to relieve the situation, is endeavoring to arrange with the authorities of the canal zone to bring water to the city in tank cars.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, April 6. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.10 1-4 @ 1.11 1-2; No. 2 Northern, $1.05 1-2@1.06 1-2; No. 3, 99c @ $1.04. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 44 @ 45 1-2c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 1-2 @ 29c.

Minneapolis, April 6. — Wheat — No. 1 hard, $1.15 1-8; No. 1 Northern, $1.12 1-8@1.13 1-8; No. 2 Northern, $1.07 1-8@1.08 1-8. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 7-8c.

Duluth, April 6. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.05 3-8; No. 2 Northern, 99 3-8c@$1.02 7-8; flax, $1.38; rye, 77c.

Milwaukee, April 6. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.13; No. 2 Northern, $1.09@1.09 1-2. Rye—No. 1, 84@85c. Barley—No. 2, 40@50c. Oats—Standard, 32@32 1-2c. Corn—No. 3, 46 1-2@ 47 1-2c.

Chicago, April 6. — Wheat—No. 2 red, $1.15 1-2@1.16 1-2; No. 3 red, $1.05 @ 1.13 1-2; No. 2 hard, $1.12 1-2 @ 1.15 1-2; No. 3 hard, $1@1.12; No. 1 Northern, $1.14 1-2 @ 1.15 1-2; No. 2 Northern, $1.07@1.14 1-2. Corn—No. 2, 48@48 1-4c. Oats—No. 2, 30@30 1-4c.

Sioux City, Iowa, April 6. — Cattle —Beeves, $4 @ 5.75; cows, bulls and mixed, $3@4.75; stockers and feeders, $3 @ 4; calves and yearlings, $2.75@3.80. Hogs—Bulk, $5.20@5.30.

Chicago, April 6. — Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.50@5.60; stockers and feeders, $2.75@5; cows, $2 @ 4.75; heifers, $3.25@6.25; calves, $3@4.50. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $5.45 @ 5.60; bulk, $5.45@5.60. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $5.60@6.25; native lambs, $4.75@7; Western lambs, $5.50 @7.75.

South St. Paul, April 6. — Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.75 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.20 @4.25; butcher bulls, $2.65@3.40; veals, $2@4.75; good to choice stock steers, $3@4; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs — Range price, $5.10@5.35; bulk, $5.20@5.30. Sheep —Good to choice lambs, $6.75@7; fair to good, $6 @ 6.75; good to choice yearling wethers, $5.40@6.50; good to choice ewes, $4.75@5.25.

Lincoln's Scout Is Dead.

Washington, April 6. — George W. Goodal, aged eighty-three, an intimate friend of President Lincoln, is dead. He was a native of this city and rendered valuable service during the Civil war as a personal scout for President Lincoln in the country surrounding Washington.

Oyster Bay Is Democratic.

New York, April 6.—Every office, except that of town clerk, in Oyster Bay, President Roosevelt's home, was carried by the Democrats.

EARTHQUAKE KILLS HUNDREDS

INDIAN DISASTER DEMOLISHES MANY HOUSES AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

SPREADS OVER A WIDE AREA

REPORTS FROM MANY TOWNS TELL OF WIDESPREAD RUIN AND DEATH.

WILL NEVER FORGET SHOCK

HUGE MOUNTAINS HEAVED AND SWAYED FOR A FULL MINUTE.

Calcutta, April 6. — Eight natives were killed during the earthquake at Mussooree, Northwest province, Tuesday, and great damage was done to buildings, both public and private. Many houses were completely demolished. The fissures in the roads have been closed and repairs to the buildings already have been started. The weather was bright and warm when the earthquake occurred.

Four or five further shocks Tuesday evening caused a slight recrudescence of the panic.

From Delhi it is reported that no more shocks have occurred.

Mountains Heaved.

Reports from many more towns, which are now arriving, show widespread damage and many fatalities. This is especially the case at Firozpur, forty-seven miles southeast of Lahore, and at Ameritzar, Taran, Depra, Dun and Srinagar, at which places many natives were killed or injured.

Personal stories from Mussooree state that the reverbration which preceded the shock never will be forgotten by those who heard it. The mountains heaved and swayed a full minute and then three severe shocks, each lasting a few seconds, were felt in quick succession.

One Hundred Killed.

Lahore, India, April 6.—The hill station of Dharmsala was practically razed to the ground by the earthquakes. The native quarter was entirely obliterated. From fifty to one hundred inhabitants were buried in the ruins. Most of the houses in the European quarter were wrecked and nine persons were killed.

The mortality in this city is estimated at between 50 and 100, all natives. No Europeans are reported missing.

Loss of Life Is Great.

The towns of Amriesta, Jullundur, Ferozepore, Multai and Kawal Pindi, as well as Mussooree, were badly shaken and damaged and great damage and loss of life are reported from Kashmir, Dalhousie, Derhaudun, Padralta and Malerkotla.

Seventy natives were killed and many were injured when the native quarter of Lahore was demolished by the earthquake.

The Mohammedons here are praying for deliverance from further visitations.

STANDS FOR "OPEN DOOR."

Germany Clearly Outlines Her Moroccan Policy.

Washington, April 6.—Germany yesterday clearly outlined to the United States her Moroccan policy. Acting under instructions from Berlin, Baron Speck von Sternberg, the German ambassador, called at the war department and left with Secretary Taft a memorandum to this effect. Germany stands for the "open door" in Morocco as in the Far East, and for the preservation of the statu quo, and for the safeguarding of the commercial and trade interests not only of Germany, but of all trading nations of the world. Secretary Taft, without committing this government on the subject, thanked the ambassador and promptly forwarded the memorandum to President Roosevelt. Germany makes no mention of France in the memorandum, nor does she request an expression of views by the United States.

SISTER OF U. S. GRANT IS DEAD.

Mrs. Mary G. Cramer Is Victim of Paralysis of Heart.

Orange, N. J., April 6.—Mrs. Mary Grant Cramer, sister of U. S. Grant, was found dead in bed yesterday morning at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Virginia Grant Corban of East Orange, with whom she had lived for the last sixteen years. Her death was caused by paralysis of the heart. Mrs. Cramer was sixty-six years old and was the youngest of the six children of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Grant, the noted general being the oldest.

MORE GREAT LAKE CRAFT.

Lake Michigan & Superior Company to Build Two Steamers.

Duluth, April 6. — The Lake Michigan & Lake Superior Transportation company, of which Capt. W. H. Singer of this city is president, has plans for the construction of two new modern and fast freight and passenger steamers to ply between Duluth and Chicago. The company is offering for sale at least three of its present boats with a view of replacing them with new and more modern ships.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Spectator.

ST. HILAIRE, - - MINNESOTA.

We own in this country three million mules, all related to Maud.

The kiwi is a bird without any wings—but he also gets there just the same.

That Pennsylvania cobbler who has inherited $250,000 doesn't care whether he has a sole or not.

The discovery of a "use" for the vermiform appendix was anticipated some time ago by the surgeons.

A Pennsylvania bride was married with frost-bitten toes. Now she will have to begin married life with cold feet.

People who think that some of our eminent financiers think of nothing but money ought to see them at a dog show.

The discovery that Maj. Gen. Germ commands a division in the Russian army may be suggestive to the bacteriologists.

A hot stove fell into the lap of a woman passenger in an Akron, O., trolley car. That was worse than a fat man.

Miss Mabel Wood Tuttle advises women to use their tongues constantly. Well, the day is only twenty-four hours long.

The chemists have succeeded in producing artificial silk. They are too late. The factories have been turning it out for years.

A New York rooster has just swallowed a $500 diamond. He can now charge for his voice and go on the grand opera stage.

Since he learned that Carnegie got $64 for attending the Chadwick case Russell Sage may wish that Cassie had selected his name.

Two Chinese students are to be admitted to West Point. Now we will see how strong is the anti-hazing sentiment among the cadets.

Young Cornelius Vanderbilt is being mentioned as probable ambassador to Germany. Evidently his wife is not yet through with her mother-in-law.

Mr. Rockefeller is going to put up a $1,000,000 house. Russell Sage will regard this as a sign that the great oil magnate must be losing his mental vigor.

Some savant has at last managed to figure out that Aphrodite was an old woman. Must have been connected with the Greek corps de ballet in some way.

The Chicago board of education is thinking about establishing a special school for wives of less than 14 years of age. We hope the attendance will not be large.

More than 100 American tourists have barely escaped death in an eruption of Mt. Vesuvius. Same old story, didn't know it was loaded and looked down the crater.

The discussion in the New York Sun of the question: "Do suckers bite?" refers to fish. The green-goods men, therefore, haven't felt called upon to take a hand in it.

The Californian who threatens to shoot on sight the man who marries his divorced wife has found a way that probably never occurred to the other divorce reformers.

At a time when a leading literary journal can hold a symposium with the hideous title of "The Slump in Poetry" it is not hard to believe that the aforesaid slump exists.

The matrimonial engagement of the German crown prince is furnishing as many good news stories as any other European political movement except the war in which Russia is engaged.

Without wishing to underrate the merits of rhinoceros meat as a table delicacy, we have no hesitation in saying that the hippopotamus looks as if its flesh would be tenderer and juicier.

That week draws nigh, that dreadful week, when feeling spring astir within her blood, the housewife drives us forth and mops and scrubs and changes things around until the house is clean.

A woman has got a verdict of $2,300 for a kick by a horse. This may seem a good deal to the horse's owner, but comparatively few women would be willing to be kicked by a horse for that.

After having been imprisoned in a summer cellar by a snow drift, without food and water, for twenty-two days, a Pennsylvania cat finally came out apparently none the worse for her experience—but how she miaowed for milk!

Archeologists have unearthed documentary evidence that a certain Egyptian teacher received what amounted to $23 for twelve months' work in the year 100. So the college professor's salary seems to have evoluted somewhat, after all.

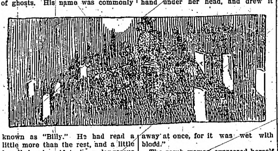
An English poultry expert, telling how to get a big harvest of eggs, says: "Plain food, exercise and absence of coddling are the secrets, but the greatest of these is exercise." Stop stuffing and petting your fowls, and fit up a gymnasium for them at once.

Dr. Madison C. Peters says that Americans are the most profane people in the world, and perhaps he's right. There are more telephones in the United States than there are in any other country.

CAN THESE BE CALLED MERE COINCIDENCES?

There are more things in heaven and earth, Horatio, than are dreamt of in your philosophy," remarked Hamlet to his friend. And this quotation from Shakespeare, which has become a stock saying, impresses the deep and widespread conviction of the vast mass of human beings in the face of the most agressive materialism, mock merrily as it may. The ordinary man suspects that the skepticism is not more than skin deep.

Years ago I remember there was an inhabitant of a Maine fishing town, who gave himself airs of superiority over his fellow sailors in the matter of ghosts. His name was commonly known as "Billy." He had read a little more than the rest, and a little knowledge is said to be a dangerous thing. He sneered and people naturally were annoyed. So it happened that Alfred Hicks, long coxswain of the lifeboat at the port, a man of intelligence and much genial humor, was returning from a night ramble when just before dawn he saw a flicker of light in the downstairs window of Billy's cottage. Creeping up gently, Alfred peered through a pane and saw the knowing one endeavoring to light the fire. Drawing upon the most sepulchral quality of his lungs he gave utterance to a thoroughly appalling sound, raucously articulating: "Boo-hoo-hoo! Billy!" The skeptic gave one yell of horror and ran upstairs, never pausing till he had hidden a pallid face and trembling form beneath the bed clothes. All the village was edified by the graphic description promptly given of this incident by Alfred Hicks.



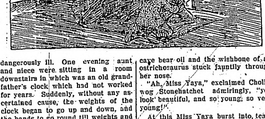
Some Tales Are Exploded.

Now, I am not going to suggest that all disbelievers in the supernatural are of the same caliber as Billy. Well do I know that, after the lamentable suicide of a former clergyman of a New England village, and when rumors that he walked at night got abroad, a noted doctor, trying to quench what he considered superstition, went down one evening to the parson's grave in the churchyard by the sea, and, sitting on the mound, lit his pipe as the clock struck 12. It is true also that a succeeding preacher professed to have heard loud and inexplicable noises proceeding from the attic in which the suicide occurred, but he observed:

"As long as he keeps upstairs I don't mind." Some agnostically minded folk may have more nerve than others.

Personally, I have heard a great many stories of what has been called the right side of nature, not told me for publication, but as strange experiences by friends and acquaintances whose honesty and good faith I have no reason whatever to question.

A lady I know was residing with her uncle and aunt. The uncle was dangerously ill. One evening aunt and niece were sitting in a room downstairs in which was an old grandfather's clock which had not worked for years. Suddenly, without any ascertained cause, the weights of the clock began to go up and down, and the hands to go round till weights and hands stopped as suddenly as they had begun to move, at the hour of 7. The next evening, recisely at the time indicated, the uncle died. My informant was quite clear as to the details of the incident. He was as honest and matter of fact a person as any that walks, and merely mentioned it in the course of private conversation as being strange.



I am not going to argue the why and the wherefore here. That is impossible, because the only data I possess I have given.

One Dream Which "Came True."

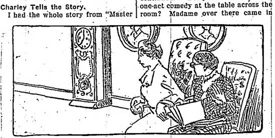
The following occurred in a Boston suburban house in which resided a much respected middle class family. There were a father and mother and eight children, the paternal grandmother, an old lady, occupying a room upstairs at the top of the dwelling. A scrub woman, who came to work regularly at the house, arrived one Saturday morning full of a dream she had had on the previous night. She had seen the grandmother—"old lady" she called her—get out of bed and totter towards the fireplace, where she fell.

"Then," said she, "Master Charley came into the room, and, seeing his grandmother, knelt down, put his hand under her head, and drew it away at once, for it was wet with blood."

The scrub woman expressed herself in her own way; but I have given the substance of what she said. The family made merry over the whole affair and chaffed the scrub woman about her dream, and by the time she left them in the evening, owing to preoccupation with the day's duties, had forgotten all about the matter. After she had gone, however, "Master Charley," who had been out all day, came in and went upstairs to see his grandmother. On entering her room he was shocked to find her lying on the floor with her head against the fender. Kneeling down, he put his hand under her head and then withdrew it quickly, for it was wet with blood.

Charley Tells the Story.

I had the whole story from "Master Charley's" lips just after it occurred. He did not moralize about it. It struck him as strange, and he told me. And there it is to mock at or ponder over, as you please. The grandmother never rallied from the shock, but died thirteen days later.—Chicago Tribune.



SOME MILLION YEARS AGO.

Two Ornaments of Society Had Following Dialogue.

Miss Yaya Cliffdweller was primping herself proudly before a mirror formed by a crystal spring. Though 30, this prehistoric belle was good to look upon, more especially now with her hair tastefully smeared with cave bear oil and the wishbone of an ostrichosaurus stuck jauntily through her nose.

"Ah, Miss Yaya," exclaimed Chollywog Stonehatchet admiringly, "you look beautiful, and so young; so very young!"

At this Miss Yaya burst into tears and coquettishly shied a rock at her admirer's head.

"I know I look young," she pouted petulantly, "but I'm worrying about the future! I have a premonition that a thousand aeons from now some bald headed American professor will dig up my fossil remains and say to his class: 'This lady was of the jurassic age!'"

"Where's the harm in that?" asked Stonehatchet innocently.

"Harm!" shrieked Miss Yaya. "Do you know that the jurassic age covers a million years? The idea of exaggerating a lady's age in that manner!"

But then the prehistoric maiden dimpled again sweetly when Stonehatchet, tactful society man that he was, consoled her with the reflection that scientists would not refer to her as an "old maid," but rather as a "bachelor girl."—New York Sun.

NEAT SCHEME OF REFORMER

Bids Fair to Discourage Workers for "Charity."

One of the addressing companies has a special list of names to which are sent all appeals for charity, says the New York Press. This includes the almost weekly receipt of tickets to unheard-of affairs, to which the recipient is "invited" with the request to send $5 or $10 with his acceptance, or else return the tickets.

Jones, who has spent several dollars in the past few years returning tickets he cannot afford to purchase, has gone on strike. A return envelope always accompanies the tickets, but it is never stamped. He slips the tickets into the unstamped envelope and drops it into the nearest mail box.

In the course of time the postal authorities send the patroness a card notifying her that there is a letter addressed to her upon which the requisite postage has not been placed. As the letter may contain money, she sends the stamp and pays out another as postage for the first, with the result that there is received a pair of tickets instead of the anticipated remittance.

Jones hopes, in the course of time, to completely discourage the practice.

The Way to Do It.

"Women generally go against their own best interests, don't they?" a blond girl asked reflectively, sipping a hot drink. Her companion at one of these cozy little tables in a down town shop that give one a chance to rest a few minutes after the matinee and talk over the play over a cup of chocolate, only smiled, and the blond continued. "Do you see that little one-act comedy at the table across the room? Madame over there came in with her husband and a cross frame of mind a while ago. Perhaps it was a new hat she couldn't have, but, anyway, she wouldn't talk to him at all, and he made innumerable efforts to be pleasant. I was thinking what a goose she was, when another man came in—the one she is smiling at now. Both bowed to him and Madame's husband invited him to their table, and Madame, for the sake of appearance, of course—she couldn't afford to be disagreeable before him—began to chat brightly. Chances are she really does not care a straw about this newcomer, but she is nice to him. If she had as much wisdom as I," continued the blonde, "she would have been as sweet to her husband—much more worth while."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

A Strange Disease.

Champ Clark tells of a conversation between two village gossips concerning a farmer who was very ill. One of them said:

"The doctor told his wife this morning that he may live for some months, but he will never get well."

"Did the doctor say what the disease was?"

"Yes, he said the poor fellow has chronicles, and has 'em very bad indeed."

"I never heard of the chronicles. I suppose it must be one of the lung diseases, ain't it?"

"I don't know about that. He didn't say nothin' about any lung diseases; only the chronicles."

"But where in the body is the chronicles?"

"I dunno. The doctor said he has the chronicles in his chronicle tubes."

Real Consideration.

Mrs. Blank, coming suddenly into the hallway about 10 o'clock one evening, discovered Bridget on her knees with her eye to the keyhole of the drawing-room door.

"Why, Bridget, what are you about?" she exclaimed, indignantly. "Don't you know my daughter has company?"

"An' that's just it, mum!" was the somewhat reproachful reply. "I jist wanted to make sure if I'd better knock before goin' in—it's time to be lookin' after the fire."

Adulterated Foods.

We suggest to our readers in all the states of the union that they use their influence to have a state board of health duly appointed, one of whose duties shall be to inspect food of all kinds, prosecute those who adulterate their products or wares, and report the results frequently. From such a report made by the board of health of Massachusetts for the week ending Jan. 14 we learn that many samples of lemon extract, honey, maple syrup, jellies, etc., were found to be adulterated. The maple syrup had a large admixture of cane sugar, castor oil was 50 per cent cotton seed oil, jellies were made of applestock, Swiss honey was 60 per cent glucose, and cream of tartar was made up of corn starch, gypsum, and calcium acid phosphate. Most of the ingredients were harmless, but cost much less than the genuine articles for which they were sold. Respectable firms sometimes appear in the list of delinquents, but they cannot afford to appear there often, and quickly drop from their lists of goods those that will get them into trouble.—Boston Christian Register.

Their Estimate.

It was in the superb new Congressional Library building in Washington, and one of the ever-present brides making a tour of the city had gone all over the building arm in arm with her rather raw-looking young bridegroom. Taking a last look at the beautiful interior, the bride said at the door:

"It don't 'mount to so turrible much after all, now do it?" to which the young benedict replied with:

"Nope; 'tain't no great shakes of a building fer as I can see."—Lippincott's.

Motor Cars Supplant Coupes.

The motor car has supplanted the high hung, roomy coupe at fashionable weddings in Paris. The Duke and Duchesse de Guiche left the Madeleine a few weeks ago in a motor car. A motor whisked the other day from the Sorbonne Comte Gabriel de La Rochefoucauld and his bride, De Richelieu by birth and Odile by baptism. It went at as lively a pace as if furnished by Mme. Bob Walter for an elopement.—London Truth.

Sleeps in Three Beds.

One of the big uptown hotels has a particularly nervous person, who, fortunately for his malady, is not under the necessity of counting the cost of his entertainment. He always reserves two rooms—a double room, containing two beds, and a single room, with its ordinary complement of one bed—and yet he is always unattended and alone. He has explained the requirements in his case. He finds it impossible to sleep a whole night through in the same bed, or even half the night, but with three beds at his disposal, he takes instalments of repose in each of them, and so gets through the night. One other patron of the same hotel finds it necessary to have two separate rooms, solely because he enjoys a quiet smoke in his own apartments, and especially just before retiring. He would, however, find it impossible to sleep in a room the atmosphere of which had been surcharged with cigar smoke. One room is, therefore, used solely as a private smoking-room, and the other as a boudoir.—New York Tribune.

WORTHY TO BE STATES

Oklahoma and Indian Territory Prove Right to Admission to Glorious Sisterhood

Oklahoma and Indian Territory have failed in their efforts to secure statehood at the hands of the fifty-eighth congress of the United States. By this failure, a million and a half of the best people in the country are deprived of the privilege of self-government, but must remain under the rule of department officers, says a resident of the territory. Oklahoma has been ready for statehood for a number of years—in fact only a short time after the opening, it was more fit to be entered as a state than many commonwealths previously admitted. Many times have her representatives sought to have congress admit her to the sisterhood of states, but each time have failed.

Indian Territory, as did Oklahoma, had her wishes respecting the kind of statehood she wanted, but the desire for statehood was the one question with them—and "statehood at any price" was the unanimous sentiment of her people. Her needs of some form of self government are even greater than those of Oklahoma, as she has no form of government except that dished out to her by the interior department.

In the failure to grant statehood to these two territories, congress has done a great injustice to the people and they feel it ever so keenly. It has been said that with the convening of the next congress, a similar bill will be introduced, but it is to be hoped that these two territories may be included by themselves and not used as a whip or bait to advance the interests of any other territories. Oklahoma and Indian Territory are able to stand on their own merits and the merits or demerits of another section should not be allowed to in any way deprive her of her rights. The new state of Oklahoma, had she been admitted, is abundantly able to legislate for herself. Her people know her wishes and desires, and if allowed to do so, can enact all needful laws. Her people are tired of eastern men who know nothing of conditions trying to provide ways and means for her government.

Citizens of the proposed new state are not disheartened at the failure and will continue in the efforts to rise above the territorial realm. When the bruises and soreness of the battle have healed, she will begin with renewed effort to plan for another trial to enter the coveted portals. Citizens in this failure to secure a victory will learn a lesson which will aid them in further efforts. In the future they may be able to more readily depict statehood knockers from statehood workers and learn that seeming friends may be but enemies.

The majority of both houses were in favor of statehood for Oklahoma and Indian Territories. A few stubborn men who would rather carry their point in the fight than offer relief to the 1,500,000 people have been successful in their efforts to block the legislation which the majority of all political parties in both branches of congress would have readily given had the opportunity been offered them.

Promises are already out for granting statehood early in the next session, but this is not any more certain than it has been in times past. The promise for "statehood at the next session" has been made so often that it has become a joke, and is not considered any more seriously by the public than by the persons making the assertion. All that is left for Oklahoma to do is to keep hammering away until she has secured the only thing lacking to make her the most glorious star in the field of blue.

The new state as proposed, and undoubtedly will eventually be, offers more good reasons why she should be admitted than any other state that has ever applied for statehood. Her population is made up of the best families of the older states, who came here to better their conditions, and that nearly all of them have done so is self-evident. The climate and fertility of soil make farming more profitable than any section of the continent. More gold medals were secured by the two territories at the recent world's fair than the same number of square miles obtained any place in the world. The exhibits were more varied than those of any other state.

In April, 1904, the House of Representatives passed what was known as the Hamilton bill, which was "an act to enable the people of Oklahoma and Indian Territory to form a constitution and state government and be admitted into the union on an equal footing with the original states; and an act to enable the people of Arizona and New Mexico to form a constitution and state government and be admitted into the union on an equal footing with the original states." As the bill was introduced as an omnibus measure, one part of it failing to carry, would defeat the other part. The Senate received the bill as it passed the House and referred it to the committee on territories, where it remained until the convening of Congress in January, 1905. The bill was taken up by the Senate and amended and passed. One of the amendments and the principal one as concerning Oklahoma, known as the Foraker amendment, was the separation of the two parts of the bill, which provided for the admission of Oklahoma and Indian Territory as a state and allowing the people of Arizons and New Mexico to virtually settle the question themselves, by permitting them to vote separately on the constitution. The House refused to concur in the Senate's action and after considerable "cross-firing," a conference committee was appointed. With this, the troubles began to multiply and the chances for Oklahoma and Indian Territory at times appeared to be nothing more than a "flicker," then the light would brighten again, only to be suddenly dimmed. This battle among the giants was kept up for several days much to the discomfiture of the inhabitants of the candidate for statehood.

At no time, however, did it seem that the qualifications of Oklahoma and Indian Territory were questioned, but the thorn in the side was the failure of the two branches to agree on a plan for Arizona and New Mexico, and in this failure the statehood bill was allowed to die, and a much deserving people were denied the rights of full citizenship. No territories ever admitted were more deserving than Oklahoma and Indian Territory and no people on earth can more than equal the inhabitants of these two territories in all that goes to make up good citizens; and in opportunities and resources, none excel and few, if any, offer the advantages to all classes—rich and poor alike.

Incidents in Oklahoma's History.

Nearly a century ago, the Indian question was a perplexing one and what to with the red man was a problem that seemed almost beyond solution. In 1834, a part of the United States was set apart for a permanent home for the Indian. This tract was a portion of the original Louisiana Purchase.

For nearly three quarters of a century the Indians have occupied this country and have partially developed it. Each tribe has had a separate government, the head or executive of which is classified by some tribes as chiefs and by others as governors. The various nations manage their own affairs through their officers and legislatures whose acts are first approved by the President of the United States before becoming effective.

Oklahoma, the last commonwealth born of the Louisiana Purchase, was taken from a part of the Indian empire. That portion of the Indian Territory which embraced Oklahoma had been ceded to the Creek and Seminole Indians when they were brought west in 1834, but they ceded it back to the United States in 1866. It was the intention of the government when the land had been given back to settle friendly Indians upon it. As no Indians had been settled upon these lands and they remained unoccupied for a number of years, a crusade was started to have congress declare this land open to white settlement, the contention being that these lands were a part of the public domain. After years of unceasing effort congress was finally prevailed upon to declare the land open to settlement. April 22, 1889, was the day set upon for the grandest and most romantic land opening ever recorded. The glories of the new country—the land of the Fair God—had spread throughout the continent and citizens from every state in the union were on hand to take part in the race for homes. It was a race that will long be remembered; a race in which perseverance and determination won. More than forty thousand human beings waited in the greatest anxiety on the borders of the promised land for the signal of "Noon, twelve o'clock!" From far and near they traveled on foot, in wagons, on horseback and by railways. The throng waited on the border held in check by the guards who were stationed all along the line bounding Oklahoma. When the time for the "run" came guns proclaimed that Oklahoma was open for settlement; and a great rush for homes—the like of which never had occurred before and never will again—was made. The race was exciting in the extreme, and a better class of people never entered any country than those who on this day selected a claim and commenced the erection of a home. Before the setting of the sun many a shack or dugout was started upon the site of which now stands palatial residences and comfortable farm houses.

The lands thus opened now constitute Logan, Oklahoma, Cleveland, Payne, Canadian and Kingfisher counties and is commonly known as "Old Oklahoma." Beaver county, or "No Man's Land," was added to Oklahoma in 1890.

The second invasion occurred in September, 1890, when the fertile Iowa, Pottawatomie and Sac and Fox reservations on the east were absorbed and formed into the counties of Lincoln and Pottawatomie.

Between the dates of the first and second openings, namely, in May, 1890, regular government was provided by what is known as the Organic Act, which is still in force.

The third additon was in April, 1891, comprising the Cheyenne and Arapaho reservatons on the southwest, now known as Washita, Roger Mills, Custer, Day, Dewey and Blaine counties.

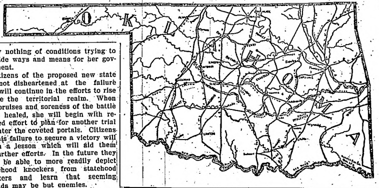
The Cherokee strip, a body of land fifty-eight miles wide, along the southern border of Kansas was annexed during September, 1893. This is known as the "Strip opening" and the land was originally granted to the Cherokee Indans as a hunting ground. When the game disappeared the strip became a great cattle pasture. By this annexation we have the counties of Woodward, Woods, Grant, Garfield, Noble, Kay and Pawnee.

Greer county became a part of Oklahoma in 1896, by a decision of the supreme court.

The opening of 1901, adding the counties of Comanche, Kiowa and Caddo was unique and attracted national attention. Nearly one hundred thousand settlers rushed in during the first week to occupy the finest single body of unused agricultural and grazing land in the southwest. The opening of the Kiowa-Comanche-Apache-Wichita reservation in southwestern Oklahoma occurred August 6, 1901, and is of so recent date that the circumstances are remembered by all.

Oklahoma is now in its sixteenth year and has made such rapid progress and its achievements have been so great that it is a marvel to all.

MAP SHOWING OKLAHOMA AND INDIAN TERRITORY COMBINED AS ONE STATE.



Pianos Catch Cold.

"In wintry weather," said the tuner, "keep your piano in a warm, dry room, and see, besides, that its cover is a good, thick, comfortable one. Otherwise it will take cold. Its tone will become hoarse and squeaky.

"Seriously," the tuner continued, "a piano's voice is affected by cold weather and dampness as much as is the human voice. It gets altogether out of tune. Considerable treatment is required to put it in good shape again.

"Hence the piano should be kept in a room of equable temperature. It should be placed against an inside wall, away from draughts. It should be kept closed when not in use. Its cover, in the winter, should be of felt, thick, soft and warm."

Lively California.

They grow wheat in California while you wait, Miss Mary Garrett Hay told the Society for Political Study yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Albert Johnson read a paper upon "Forestry and Irrigation," and Miss Hay, who is from California, says that not enough credit had been given to the work of irrigation in the northern part of the state.

"They are growing wheat there by means of it," she said, "and I have eaten biscuit made from the wheat on the day it was cut. I was visiting the ranch of Col. Bidwell, and one morning they were up at 4 o'clock to cut the wheat. They had everything on the spot to make it into flour. At noon biscuits made from the flour were cooked and ready for the table. I ate the biscuit."—New York Times.

What Did the Jury Think?

President Schurman of Cornell tells of a man who had been tried for perjury, but acquitted. It was in a country district, and the judge asked him, after the verdict had been announced and he had been formally discharged from custody, whether he cared to make a speech. The prisoner slowly rose. "I want to thank the jury," he said, "and I do so, but as for making a speech, I don't think I'd better, for that smart lawyer wouldn't let me take the stand for fear I'd admit the charge, and he must feel the same now."—New York Times.

A Lesson in Memorizing.

It is related of staid old Dr. Thomas C. Mendenhall, until two years ago president of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, that he once threw a freshman English class into convulsions by certain remarks upon vowel order, and to this day every freshman class at the institute has the same set of remarks sprung upon it.

Dr. Mendenhall told the class that he had noticed the words "believe" and "receive" spelled incorrectly in a number of essays handed in by members of the class.

"Always remember," said the professor, "that the vowel order in "believe" is li and in "receive" it is ce. Just keep them running through your head and you will have no further trouble."

Cost of Imperial Cuisine.

The Austrian emperor is a man of the simplest tastes, but still he is said to spend $250,000 a year on the palace tables. The daily cost of furnishing the imperial table is from $200 to $250.

WHAT SMART WOMEN ARE WEARING

Parisian Idea in Corsets.

The Parisians, always evolving some new thing in corsets, are wearing stays made of what is called "tricot," a corset, apparently, formed of knitted silk.

The latest tricot corsets are cut very long, indeed, well away to the knee, a circumstance which must puzzle those who are not aware that the corset is not boned in its extremities. It is a knitted silk substance, yet does not stretch, so that it holds a superabundant figure in with exceeding comfort and firmness, while lending itself quite to the movements of the figure.

This tricot corset, which has been offering itself, though not in such notable form, for some time, promises rather well for comfort, while its excellence is guaranteed by the fact that the Parisienne has adopted it.

German Pudding.

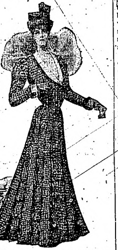
Beat 3 eggs slightly, add tablespoon of sugar, ½ teaspoon of salt, 1 cup of milk; cut stale bread in slices 1 inch thick, soak in this mixture, and cook in hot buttered spider until brown on both sides. Serve with apricot sauce.

Apricot sauce—Drain canned apricots from their sirup and rub through a sieve to 1 cup of pulp and 1 cup of heavy cream beaten until stiff; sweeten to taste. Peaches can be used the same way, either canned or fresh.

Apple Puffs.

Sift together 2 cups of flour, 3 level teaspoons of baking powder and half a teaspoon of salt; stir into a soft batter with a scant cup of milk, 1 egg well beaten and a tablespoon of butter melted; put the batter in 8 buttered muffin pans and stick into the top of each pieces of apple; sprinkle with sugar seasoned with spice and bake. Eat with butter on it; makes a good dessert by making a pudding sauce.

Spring Tailor-Made Walking-Costume.



In black-and-white check, with turban toque. The skirt is trimmed with lines of black braid between the box-pleats. The tight-fitting bodice has revers and cuffs of white edged with black, and velvet-covered buttons.

Sheer Face Veils.

The newest of the face veils are so sheer that it will be necessary to purchase a more liberal allowance of them than heretofore. There is nothing which will give such an air of genteel poverty to even the most successful costume as a veil which has lost its freshness. The various periodicals ostentatiously devoted to a woman's interests from time to time give directions how to freshen an old veil, but the result of following such instructions is pretty nearly always loss of time, loss of the veil (such as it was), and only too often loss of temper as well. The old veil is seldom if ever worth the effort of refurbishing.

Many women who do not care for the so-called "fussiness" which the proper care of veils requires, salve their conscience by purchasing a large number of veils for the same sum that formerly went to their purchase. Thus, instead of two veils at $1 apiece, they will purchase four at 50 cents, and it is a question whether a correct and fresh appearance in the matter of her veils is not maintained for a longer period by this little excursion into the land of economics.

Heating Food Without Fire.

At various recent food exhibitions there has been on show an invention for heating food without fire and without the usual troublesome accessories of pots and pans. An innocent looking tomato soup tin has four holes punched at one end, and immediately that is done the whole thing begins to fizz and boil. It is left for five minutes, until the heating materials evaporate, turned upside down, and left for another five minutes, then it is opened in the ordinary way, when thoroughly cooked soup can be poured out. Its name is calorit, and the food, which is prepared by some well known firms, is of the first quality. About a dozen varieties of soup can be had, and the same number of entrees besides coffee, cocoa and chocolate.

Tied Girdle Is Quite Frenchy.

It is quite possible to have a different girdle for every gown, and to have them look natty and nice with no trouble at all, by adopting the following plan:

Take two yards and a half of ribbon more or less, according to the waist measure. After skirt and waist are properly adjusted place the center of the ribbon at the center of the waist front. Run the ribbon around the waist, cross at the back and bring the ends in front again. Cross them in the middle and pin securely with a safety pin, through the bodice and corset, and tie the remaining ends in a smart little bow exactly over the pin. If the sides of the girdle show an inclination to slip down they can be fastened up with a pin, which is put in "blindly," that is, just under the edge of the ribbon; this edge is turned over and covers the fastening. The same applies to the point in front.

When properly put on and fastened, this girdle bears all the earmarks of the latest thing in French belts, even to the jaunty bow in front, and no one would guess that it owed its style to one large safety pin and a piece of ribbon.

Boudoir Confidences

Numbers of hats are made of transparent Neapolitan in black, white and colors.

"Alice" blue, a bright blue over gold, takes its name from the president's daughter.

Polka dots, little woven rings and triangles of color, appear on the choicest white fabrics.

A waistcoat belt that is half girdle and half waistcoat has little thumb pockets slit in the front.

Clever girls are braiding their own linen frocks with narrow linen soutache over a stamped pattern.

Even the long, tight coats are cut very low in front, to show as much of the frilly blouse as possible.

A front panel covered with French knots in self color is a feature of one or two pretty linen gowns.

Bunches of gold and silver and green grapes are tucked in the twists of hats bent close to the hair.

Catchy Silk Stocks.

Keep up your taste for fetching collars. One I saw is made of shaded taffeta—the bluish green, the pinkish brown and the brownish yellow, whereof so many taffeta shirt waist suits are made. There's the high stock and then in front a little knot and from this two ends, which are just like an ordinary four-in-hand, only that the lower half of each end consists of a piece of accordion-plaited silk which spreads out in a flirtatious little fan. Quite catchy, too, are those with bows for a finish, because the ends of the bows are also accordian-plaited.

With a little piece of accordion-plaited silk it is apparently possible to make a natty neck finish for any frock.—Exchange.

Silver to Be Much Worn.

Silver appears in all the most fashionable dresses and millinery, and there is no denying how immeasurably superior it is in effect and in good taste to the gold trimmings which were so lavishly used last year, and which always were inclined to suggest vulgar ostentation. Besides, the hue of silver blends with a number of colors which cannot be combined successfully with gold. Green and gold is suggestive of Mr. Tracy Tupman as a brigand with the "two-inch tail," which so greatly excited Mr. Pickwick's ire; green and silver gives a vision of Undine. Blue and silver, violet and silver, rose and silver, black and silver are all delightful combinations, whereas the introduction of gold in the place of the white metal would at once result in garishness.

Black Cloth Frock.

A black cloth frock is a standby which most women like to have in their wardrobes. A pretty specimen of the tailor-made order had an all-round skirt braided with about seven rows of flat black braid, and a braided corselet band. The back was arranged in a few tiny flat plaits. This skirt could be worn with any kind of blouse, and was accompanied by the tiniest braided bolero. This made an extremely neat spring costume.

With the Housewife

Tin vessels of all kinds may be kept from rusting by placing them near the fire, after they have been washed and wiped dry.

One of the new wall coverings that are printed in soft tones and dainty patterns, yet can be sponged off with water, is best for a nursery.

If a lamp gets overturned water will be of no use in extinguishing the flames. Earth, sand or flour thrown on it will have the desired effect.

Match marks on a polished or tarnished surface may be removed by first rubbing them with a cut lemon and then with a cloth dipped in water.

It is a good plan to wash the silver daily after use with a chamois leather saturated in warm, soapy water. In this way it is possible to keep the silver bright without the use of plate powder.

Utility in Silk Slips.

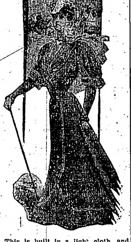
Slips of colored silk are worn under sheer gowns, and a fashionable woman stocks her wardrobe with no less than half a dozen of these princess underdresses in various colors. White is a staple color for a slip; pale blue and pink are much more effective, and they enhance the beautiful hand work on the gown. The pink is equally dainty and effective, and when this color is more becoming to a woman than blue it is wise for her to choose it, though the latter is more of a summer shade than those bordering on the rose.

Trimming for Lingerie.

Fashionable women are taking plain white corsets and trimming them with lace around the top, putting on the lace in little drapings across the front. It is caught up with ribbons. Inside there are set many little ruffles of silk to produce a fullness across the bust.

A trousseau set consisted of ten pieces. There were the usual pieces of underwear to put next the skin. These were made of nainsook and trimmed with pale blue dyed lace, with satin ribbons, very narrow and tied in many rosettes. A white corset was trimmed with pale blue lace, and there was a night robe trimmed in the same way, with two petticoats to match. With this set there went a little kimono jacket, cut off just below the waist line and elaborately trimmed with novelty plaid taffeta, laid on in flat bands.

Smart Walking-Gown.



This is built in a light cloth, and trimmed with rows of braid and fancy buttons. The collar and vest are of white, embroidered in color to match. Hat of white straw trimmed with lilac.

Baked Indian Pudding.

Sift slowly three tablespoonfuls of yellow meal into one pint of boiling milk, stirring all the time to keep from being lumpy.

Let boil gently five minutes. Be careful not to burn; then add one pint of cold milk, one-half teaspoonful of salt, two tablespoonfuls of sugar, one teaspoonful of ginger (or, if liked, one-half grated nutmeg), and two eggs beaten.

Stir all well together.

Pour in a buttered baking dish, and bake in a slow oven for one hour.

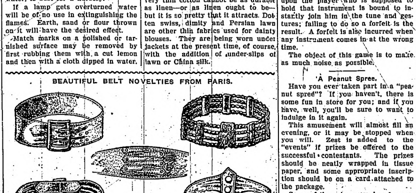
Now It's the Redingote.

The redingote suit is shown in all materials. Blue is not the most fashionable color this spring, but a blue chiffon taffeta gown made with a redingote skirt was very modish. Both skirt and redingote were side plaited and were finished at the hems with a fancy braid, in which white, green and a little bright red appeared. The redingote opened in the front and the braid was carried up on either side. A very wide crush girdle of the taffeta and a smart little bolero formed the waist of the gown.

New Wrinkle in Batiste.

Batiste with broderie anglaise designs are charming for blouses. This very thin cotton cannot be as durable as linen—or as linen ought to be—but it is so pretty that it attracts. Dotten swiss, dimity and Persian lawn are other thin fabrics used for dainty blouses. They are being worn under jackets at the present time, of course, with the addition of under-slips of lawn or China silk.

BEAUTIFUL BELT NOVELTIES FROM PARIS.



STORIES FOR THE CHILDREN

GEORGE THORP

My Cat.

Our neighbor's cat is Persian, the Jones's is Maltese,
Aunty's big Angora has feathers to her knees
(At least, they look like feathers) and a tail so big and white
When that kitty meets a puppy dog, I tell you, it's a sight!
But when I ask: "What breed is mine—my pussy, sleek and fat?"
They laugh, and pull my curls and say: "I fear—just cat."
It's true her eyes aren't yellow, and her tail is rather small,
I don't know if she ever had a ped-i-gree at all.
(That big word means her mother, her grandma, too, they say,
That they all took prizes at a show, were marked a special way).
What do I care for markings, for prizes and all that?
My kitty's just as precious if she is just cat!
She was the dearest kitten, all scamper and all fur!
Not one of all my pets could make me laugh at her;
She may be very common, but I know she's good and true,
For she meets me when I come from school with loving little mew;
And when shes' 'round we never see a naughty mouse or rat,
And I b'lieve I love her better 'cause she's just plain cat!

—Selected.

Recoloring Flowers.

One of the popular fads of late years is to have flowers of peculiar colors different from those that nature gives them. A "freak" of this kind is considered a great curiosity and is valued accordingly. Many growers of flowers have sought a method of changing the color of the lac, the heliotrope, or the red rose. parent stalk by treating the roots with various chemical processes, sometimes with surprising results.

Boys and girls would hardly care to undertake anything so serious as the attempts of the florists, but perhaps they would like to know how they may change the colors in a perfectly simple way.

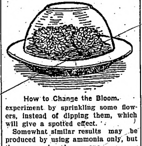
Pour a little ether into a small glass and to it add one-tenth of its quantity of strong ammonia water. With this simple and easily made mixture you may change to a bright green any flower that is red or violet. All you have to do is to dip the flower into the mixture and the change will at once take place.

Try, for instance, the violet, the periwinkle, the red geranium, the li- These will all respond to the treatment, and you will have a novel specimen of each, one to excite wonder among those to whom you show them.

A beautiful variation of the experiment is to dip the violet colored sweet pea into the mixture, when the upper petal will become a dark blue and the lower one green. Try the streaked carnation and you will see it turn to brown and green.

Yellow flowers are not changed by this process, but white ones usually turn to a yellow or a deep orange tone.

The action of the fluid is almost instantaneous, and you may vary the experiment by sprinkling some flowers, instead of dipping them, which will give a spotted effect.



How to Change the Bloom.

Somewhat similar results may be produced by using ammonia only, but the process is a longer one.

You are all familiar with the aster, the handsome fall flower that heralds the coming of the larger chrysanthemum, and know that it has no odor. To give it one pleasantly aromatic, pour ammonia into a plate or flat dish and cover it with an inverted dish containing asters. When you take the blossoms out you will find that they have a distinct odor. The fumes of the ammonia effect the change.

The Game of Concert.

This play is commenced by the company selecting a conductor. The players then seat themselves in a semicircle, and to each is assigned an imaginary musical instrument, with instructions how to play on it. The conductor next orders them to tune, and then, making believe to wave a baton, he hums a lively air, in which all join, imitating by voice and gesture the instrument on which they are supposed to play, such as the violin, the harp, the big drum, the trombone, the flute, the violoncello, the double bass, the cymbals, etc. After that he waves his phantom baton, when all cease playing, and he calls "solos." All are now attention, and he makes believe to play on a particular instrument, imitating its sound and motion. Hereupon the player who is supposed to hold that instrument is bound to instantly join him in the tune and gestures; failing to do so a forfeit is the result. A forfeit is also incurred when any instrument comes in at the wrong time.

The object of this game is to make as much noise as possible.

A Peanut Spree.

Have you ever taken part in a "peanut spree"? If you haven't, there is some fun in store for you; and if you have, well, you'll be sure to want to indulge in it again.

This amusement will almost fill an evening, or it may be stopped when you will. Zest is added to the "events" if prizes be offered to the successful contestants. The prizes should be neatly wrapped in tissue paper, and some appropriate inscription should be on a card attached to the package.

Some of the prizes may be of a useful kind, but most of them should be ridiculous or ludicrous. They are all to be placed together on a table, or in a basket, and each winner makes his own selection just after winning, and opens the package immediately, so that everybody will see what he gets. He should also read aloud the inscription on the card.

Any number may take part in the "spree," but more than ten might make it confusing. A leader should be chosen, whose duty it is to select the contestants, to decide all questions in dispute, if any, keep the records of the contestants, and award the prizes.

Here are suggestions for the "events" of the spree:

Fill a dish with peanuts, and let each one guess how many are contained in it; the one who guesses nearest wins.

"Pious" Parrots.

Parrots are such close observers and keen mimics that it would be surprising if birds in the households of clergymen and ministers did not repeat special phrases at proper times. Indeed, it would be as well not to hold family worship with a speaking parrot in the room. There was no harm in the bird that sang in good time and tune, "There Is a Happy Land." But other feats of imitativeness might easily offend. Parrots, uttering responses, or bits of the creed, or scraps of prayer—as several have been known to do—especially at unseasonable moments, are apt to vex rather than amuse, though, of course, the birds do not mean to be irreverent. A bishop's parrot used to ejaculate "Let us pray," sometimes in devout tones, at other times mockingly, and the bishop could hardly have liked it.

Swimming Needles.

Swimming needles that will remain on the water, approach each other and float side by side, seem bewitched to those who know from experience how quickly a needle will sink to the bottom of a glass of water under ordinary conditions.

There are several ways of making a needle float on the surface of the water. The simplest way is to place a piece of tissue paper on the water and lay the needle on it. The paper soon becomes soaked with water and sinks to the bottom, while the needle is left floating on the top. Another way is to hang the needle in two slings made of threads, which must be carefully drawn away as soon as the needle floats. The needle can also be made to float by simply holding it in the fingers and laying it on the water, but this requires a very steady hand.

After two or three needles have been made to float in a bowl of water, magnetize a sewing needle by rubbing it on a fairly strong magnet, and when it is floated on the water it will make an extremely sensitive compass that will attract the other needles. They will slowly approach each other until they float side by side. Do not have the sewing needle too strongly magnetized, or the needles may strike together so heavily as to cause them to sink.

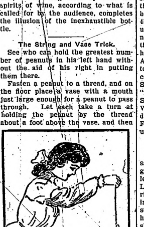
Inexhaustible Bottle.

Bring forward an empty bottle, which wash before the company and drain to show that it is clean and empty; but after being wetted it wants wiping. So your confederate brings a napkin with which you wipe the bottle, as much after the fashion of a waiter as you can, but, of course, not being used to this work, rather clumsily; in the napkin is concealed a weak preparation of spirits of wine, sugar and water in a bladder, and thus in the face of the audience you fill the bottle without their knowing it. The different liquors part of the illusion is thus managed. The glasses are arranged on the tray in a definite manner known to the magician; into each glass one drop of various flavoring essences is placed, such as essence of noyau, essence of brandy, essence of port or sherry, lemonade, peppermint, cloves, pineapple, pears, etc.; these being filled up with the spirits of wine, according to what is called for by the audience, completes the illusion of the inexhaustible bottle.

The String and Vase Trick.

See who can hold the greatest number of peanuts in his left hand without the aid of his right in putting them there.

Fasten a peanut to a thread, and on the floor place a vase with a mouth just large enough for a peanut to pass through. Let each take a turn at holding the peanut by the thread about a foot above the vase, and then dropping it. The one who succeeds in dropping the peanut into the vase wins. If no one succeeds in the first inning, let all try again. If more than one succeeds, they must try again until there is only one.



Place a large hatpin upright on the floor, and let each contestant throw five peanuts at it, one at a time; the one who makes a peanut go nearest the pin, and remain there, wins.

Strew peanuts over the room about a foot apart, and let each contestant take a turn at going from one to the other and back again. The one who does this in the least time by the watch, without stepping on a peanut, wins.

Give each contestant ten peanuts, and at a signal let all begin to shell them, removing also the inner skin. The one who finishes first, without breaking a kernel, wins. If one breaks into more than two natural divisions of the nut, another peanut must be shelled in its place.

Original Star-Spangled Banner.

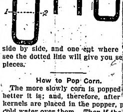
The flags of Fort McHenry, whose "bread stripes and bright stars" inspired Francis Scott Key to write "The Star-Spangled Banner," still exists in a fair state of preservation.

It is the possession of Mr. Eben Appleton of Yonkers, N. Y., a grandson Col. Armistead, the gallant defender of Fort McHenry.

The stripes are 2 feet wide and the stars are 2 feet from point to point. The entire flag is 30 feet wide and was originally 40 feet long. In its present curtailed dimension it is only 32 feet long.

Seven Pieces in Two Cuts.

Draw a big U on cardboard or stiff paper, and then, with a sharp knife or scissors, cut it out. Laying it on the table, ask who can in two cuts, divide it into seven pieces. That seems a difficult thing to do, doesn't it? But it is quite easy. The picture shows how you may do it. First, cut across from 1 to 2, which will divide it into three pieces. Then place the pieces side by side, and one cut where you see the dotted line will give you seven pieces.



How to Pop Corn.

The more slowly corn is popped the better it is; and, therefore, after the kernels are placed in the popper, pour cold water over them. Then if the fire is very hot, shake the popper for a time outside the lid, or hold it quite a distance from the fire. Then gradually draw the popper where the fire is hotter, and watch the clock. If a kernel pops under four minutes after the corn has been placed over the fire, draw the popper away from the heat; but if it has been over the fire fully four minutes and does not pop, hold it down close to get the strongest heat possible, shaking it all the time to keep the corn from burning, and about every kernel will pop at once. When there is a long time from the popping of the first kernel until all are popped, the first will have become tough from the heat. Wetting the corn creates a steam when the popper is put over the fire. This softens the shell of the kernel, and gives it time to become thoroughly heated, and when it does pop, each kernel bursts open from the very center, leaving no hard centers, as is often the case when corn is heated too quickly. Red ears are always best, being sweetest and tenderest. Save the hands by removing the kernels with a strong iron spoon or dull knife. Put enough corn in the popper just not to cover the bottom, and then thoroughly saturate with cold water and proceed as above. Such popcorn is as light as a feather and white as snow.

Calendar Months and Days.

The names of the months in the present calendar are entirely derived from Roman sources. About 700 B. C. the Roman calendar consisted of ten months, as follows: Martius, named after the god Mars; Aprilia, from the word "to spring up;" Maius, after the goddess Mais; June, after Juno; Quintilis, fifth; Sextilis, sixth; September, seventh; October, eighth; November, ninth; December, tenth. In this early period, Numa, a King of Rome, is credited with adding two months to the calendar, Januarius, after the god Janus, at the beginning before Martius, and Februarius, after the god Fabrus, at the end, after December. In 450 B. C. the decemvirs placed Januarius and Februarius at the beginning of the year before Martius. Quintilis was changed to Julius, in his honor, in the reign of his successor, Augustus Caesar, Sextilis was changed to Augustus, now August, placing the calendar in its present general form. Sunday, "sun's" day; Monday, "moon's" day; Tuesday, Tiw's (Anglo-Saxon god of war) day; Wednesday, Woden's (Anglo-Saxon) day; Thursday, Thor's (Danish) day; Friday, Freya's (Saxon) day; Saturday, Saturn's (Latin) day.

Clear Peanut Candy.

Place over the fire in a granite saucepan two cups of granulated sugar, one cup of boiling water and a level teaspoonful of cream of tartar. Let these boil rapidly, without stirring, until it will "snap" when tried in ice water. Have ready a small square pan, greased, in which you have spread out evenly two cups of shelled and skinned peanuts. When the candy is done, pour it carefully over the nuts, and when partly cold mark and cut into bars. Be careful not to scrape the kettle when pouring the candy out. Any other nut may be used instead of peanuts, and a mixture will be found a pleasing variety. —Montreal Herald.

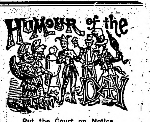
Can You Tell Why?

Why do we always talk of putting on our coats and vests, when we always put on first our vest and then our coat?

Why do we refer to the coverings of our feet as shoes and stockings, when the stockings are first put on?

Why do we invite people to wipe their feet, when we mean their shoes?

Why, in the olden times, did a father tell his son he would warm his jacket, when every one knew he meant his pantaloons?—Washington Star.



Humour of the Day

Put the Court on Notice.

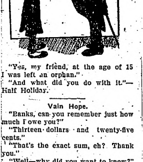
In a rural justice court the defendant in a case was sentenced to serve thirty days in jail. He had known the judge from boyhood and addressed him as follows:

"Bill, old boy, you're agwine ter send me ter jail, air you?"

"That's what," replied the judge, "have you got anything to say agin' it?"

"Only this here, Bill 'God help you when I get out.'"—Atlanta Constitution.

Still an Orphan.



"Yes, my friend, at the age of 15 I was left an orphan."

"And what did you do with it."—Half Holiday.

Vain Hope.

"Banks, can you remember just how much I owe you?"

"Thirteen dollars and twenty-five cents."

"That's the exact sum, eh? Thank you."

"Well—why did you want to know?"

"I thought perhaps you'd forgotten it, that's all."

Facts in the Case.

"Say, Mister," said a tattered tramp, "can't you stake me to er dime. I'm de victim uv er washout."

"Victim of a washout!" echoed the portly citizen in evident surprise.

"Dat's wot," rejoined the tramp. "Honest, I ain't had nuthin' but water ter drink fer more'n ten days."

A Woman Would Ask.

"Here is an ad in dis paper about dat dog yer stole," said the first tough, "an' it says 'reward if returned an' no questions asked.'"

"'No questions asked?'" replied the other tough. "Dat can't be dis dog; I stole dis dog from a woman."—Catholic Standard and Times.

He Knew That.

Miss Pechis—If it hadn't been for that new bulldog of papa's we'd have been robbed last night.

Mr. Lovett—Indeed?

Miss Pechis—Yes. A bulldog is certainly a good thing to have around.

Mr. Lovett—Well—er—yes; except around one's coat tails.

Exchange of Badinage.

"Hello, old man, where did you get the suit?"

"Bought it."

"Oh, you needn't be afraid to tell me your tailor's name. I wouldn't go to him."

"I'm not afraid of that. He doesn't give credit at all."

On the Stand.

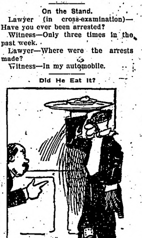
Lawyer (in cross-examination)—Have you ever been arrested?

Witness—Only three times in the past week.

Lawyer—Where were the arrests made?

Witness—In my automobile.

Did He Eat It?



Jones (at the country hotel)—Long time getting that egg. Were you waiting for the hen to lay it?

Waiter—No; ther hen has been sittin' on it fer a week or so, an' we had a hard time ter git it away from her.

EFFECTS OF PROSPERITY.

In the six years of the country's greatest prosperity, from 1897 to 1903, average prices of breadstuffs advanced 65 per cent., meats 23.1 per cent, dairy and garden products 50.1 per cent, and clothing 24.1. All these were products of the farmer and stockman who profited more than any other class of the community by these advances. The miner benefited 42.1 per cent by that advance in the average price of metals. The only decrease in the average prices of commodities in that period was in railway freight rates which decreased from .798 per ton-mile in 1897 to .763 in 1903, a loss of 4.4 per cent. The report of the Interstate Commerce Commission shows that the average increase in the pay of railroad employes in the period was a trifle above 8.5 per cent.

His Mad Desire.

"Prisoner at the bar," said a judge, "is there anything you would like to say before sentence is passed upon you?"

The prisoner looked toward the door and remarked that he would like to say:

"Good evening, if it is agreeable to the company."—London Tit-Bits.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK
OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

2nd STORE
(SECOND HAND STORE.)

Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.

C. A. SKEIE.
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

GET YOUR PICTURE
TAKEN BY
D. COLLINS
THE
Photograper.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

FREE!
Fountain Pen
14-Kt. Solid Gold
TO NEW
Pioneer Press
Subscribers.
Jewelers Sell It for $1.50.

This is a rich quality hard rubber, highly polished Fountain Pen; screw section, and fitted with an improved Feeding Device, allowing the ink to flow easily without blotting. The gold-nibbed pen is 14-Kt. fine, iridium pointed. The complete Fountain Pen is Fully Guaranteed by the manufacturers and will be exchanged by them if not entirely satisfactory. Each box contains a single pen and a guarantee. If the pen is not absolutely perfect, send it back to the factory and get one that is. It will not cost you a cent.

The Pioneer Press—
St. Paul, Minn.—

Gentlemen: Send to me, absolutely free and postpaid, a guaranteed solid gold-nibbed Fountain Pen. Enclosed herewith find $1.50 in advance for subscription to the Daily and Sunday or Weekly Pioneer Press.

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The Spectator.
H. E. IVES Publisher.
Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.
Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.
TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.
SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued
REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, April 8, 1905.

The legislature has shelved the primary laws. Just as well. There was no pressing demand for any one measure. If anything had been done it would have been purely experimental, and while experimental legislation is necessary at times it is not desirable for a steady diet, nor defensible unless experience has shown in what direction the experiment should tend.—Red Wing News.

On one thing the American people are agreed—the intend to smash the iniquitous trusts, beef and otherwise. That is what Mr. Roosevelt's grand majority last November meant. The people believed that he would put the "big stick" to monopoly. They are patiently waiting. They have set the president, congress and the republican party to reform the present abuses, and if they are unequal to the task the people will turn them out and put another president, another congress and another party in their places to accomplish it. The people may get into a worse box, but they will not quit until the present abuses are remedied. It is up to the republican party in congress to "do something."—Roseau Region.

Recently several of the weekly papers in the valley have been taken to task by their contemporaries for carrying big display advertisements for catalog houses. In several instances it has been noted that the papers that were being criticized did carry the catalog house ads. referred to, but it was noticed at the same time that the columns of the paper were not used by the merchants of the town where the papers were located. If the weekky papers carry advertisements for the catalog houses because the local merchants refuse the support they owe, the newspaper is justified in its course for that reason alone. The advertising space of a newspaper is its stock in trade. If local merchants refuse to use it properly, the paper is at liberty to take business from outsiders who appreciate the value of advertising. The paper that receives proper home support is almost invariably patriotic and boosts the home merchant at all times. However, a newspaper cannot be conducted on wind alone. If the home patronage is lacking the paper has a right to go after it somewhere else, and the merchant has himself to blame if he does not like the results.—Crookston Times.

AS THINGS APPEAR
TO A MAN UP A TREE.

It is reported that the owners of Standard Oil stock are able to sleep nights in spite of the investigation about to commence.

We would like to hear from Bro. A. J. Russell, of "The Long Bow," as to the condition of his "upper eighty," now that seeding is general.

As the advance guard of budding vegetable life the pussy willow has again come to the scratch and sounded a pleasing note in springtime mewsic.

We now see the boy who has not been strong enough to lift a stick of wood all winter get into action with the base ball bat and let loose enough energy every day to build the Panama canal.

Minneapolis recently dedicated a new music hall, and the people of that big town have been carrying on like a small boy with a new pair of red suspenders ever since. It's a great thing to feel good.

The whole country has been deluged with a flood of high school oratory during the past few weeks, and if the world will only accept the advice offered about diverse things we would soon hear the conductor call out "Milleniumville."

A Pittsburgh lad, bubbling over with April fool enthusiasm, placed some scrap iron on the railroad track, derailing a passenger train with usual results. Up to the hour of going to press none of the passengers or train men have been able to locate the joke.

Not to be outdone by any of her sisters of the central or southern group Minnesota last week reeled off a pair of cyclones. This premature opening of the season should be investigated by the legislature. There are many wind agitators in that honorable body whose services might now be valuable.

Mrs. Chadwick will write the story of her life for publication, receiving large royalties from a well known publishing house. With her experience with the pen Cassie should prove a howling success as an authoress. While this is a great offense, we are disposed to overlook it if she will promise not to go on the stage at the end of her ten year stunt in prison.

Evangelist Sunday, who first achieved fame as a base ball player several years ago, is breaking all records as a revivalist, not only as to results in the number of converts but as the taker of large contributions for his services. He recently received $2700 for a four weeks' engagement in Illinois and his time is all taken up with future dates for the next two years. You can now expect to see some enterprising yankee start a correspondence school that will make an evangelist of you in four weeks.

Every dog has his day. Also every fool. The latter was running loose on the first of this month and so numerous that very few were left inside. All Fools day should be made a holiday. It would be universally observed. We have Labor day, but all men are not laborers. There is Decoration day, but all men do not decorate. Fourth of July, but all men do not celebrate. All Fools day would catch everybody, because we are all guilty and not our fault either.

There are few evils that cause more unhappiness, misery and crime than what is known as "fashion," as applied to the unwritten law that says what we shall or shall not wear in order to be in the "push." Manufacturers and jobbers of all kinds of fabrics and articles of wear and adornment are the real creators of fashion. Business ingenuity is the mother of fashion. A clever but ruinous system of selling goods. There is no more sense in throwing away a gown, suit or hat bought last season, if still in good condition, than there would be in killing a horse or blowing up a railway train because they were used last year. People who have more money than brains are easy victims of cunning merchants and manufacturers, but the end is not here. The real trouble comes with people of scant means who persist in chasing the chariot of the goddess of fashion. It is among people with really less money than brains, and not a great deal of either, that disappointment in fashion works destruction. Here's for an Anti-fashion Association.

Short Weight Butter.

Because the pound prints of butter did not weigh sixteen ounces each a number of farmers had their entire stock confiscated by the market master on the Dubuque market a short time ago, says Dairy and Creamery. Every pound of butter on the market offered for sale was weighed by the market master, and he found a number of tubs containing rolls of butter supposed to contain a pound which weighed only fourteen ounces. The standard weight is sixteen ounces to the pound. Many of the farmers who sell butter of short weight are not aware that it is such. They mold it in a wooden device supposed to hold one pound, but many of these "prints," as they are called, are not large enough, and consequently the [illegible] below the stand

Delinquent Notice.

Great Northern Railway Company,
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., March 10, 1905.

To JOHN GROVE,
St. Paul, Minn.—

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 890 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SW¼ NE¼ of section No. 29, in township No. 152 N., of range No. 45 W., 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $114.00 principal, and $54.72 interest, amounting in all to $168.72; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $168.72, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., March 10, 1905.

To JOHN GROVE,
St. Paul, Minn.—

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 24822 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SW¼ of section No. 29, in township No. 152 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $456.00 principal, and 218.88 interest, amounting in all to $674.88; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $674.88, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

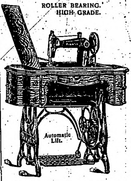
St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., March 10, 1905.

To JOHN GROVE,
St. Paul, Minn.—

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 24823 for the purchase of the following land, viz: W½ SE¼ of section No. 29, in township No. 152 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $228.00 principal, and $109.44 interest, amounting in all to $337.44; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $337.44, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

The "Redgeton"
SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING.
HIGH GRADE.


Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.
STRONGEST GUARANTEE.
National Sewing Machine Co.
BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.

Order for Hearing Application for Appointment of Administrator.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss
In Probate Court.
Special term, March 2, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of P. G. Otterness, of Cannon Falls, of the county of Goodhue, representing, among other things, that Nels G. Otterness, late of the county of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota, on the 21st day of February, A. D. 1905, at the county of Hennepin, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to K. O. Gigstad granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 3rd day of April, A. D. 1905, at one o'clock p. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls the 2nd day of March, A. D. 1905.

By the court,
N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.
[SEAL]
(m11 ap1)

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Land Snaps

WE HAVE FOR SALE THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED LANDS:

W½ of E½ of section 27-150-43;
W½ of NE¼, SE¼ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼, 22-151-43;
S½ section 8-151-45;
SE¼ section 12-152-44;
NE¼ section 15-152-44;
NE¼ section 24-152-44;
SE¼ section 13-153-45.

WE ALSO HAVE A TRACT OF 2010 ACRES FOR SALE LOCATED IN TOWNSHIP 152, RANGE 43, AS FOLLOWS:

SW¼ of NW¼ and W½ of SW¼ Sec. 2; SE¼ of NE¼, S½ of SW¼ and and SE¼ Sec. 3; E½ of NE¼ and SE¼ Sec. 9; All of Sec. 10; W½ of NW¼, NE¼ of SW¼ and W½ of SW¼ Sec. 11; W½ of NW¼ Sec. 14; N½ Sec. 15; and N½ of S½ Sec. 15, which can be sold as a whole or in small tracts.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ADDRESS
WESTERN LAND Co
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Illinois Central R. R.
EFFICIENTLY SERVES A VAST TERRITORY

by through service to and from the following cities:

Omaha, Neb.	Chicago, Ill.
St. Paul, Minn.	St. Louis, Mo.
Minneapolis,	Peoria, Ill.
Kansas City, Mo.	Evansville, Ind.
Memphis, Tenn.	Nashville, Tenn.
Cincinnati, Ohio.	Atlanta, Ga.
Louisville, Ky.	Jacksonville, Fla.
New Orleans, La.	Vicksburgh, Miss.

Weekly through service between Chicago and between Cincinnati
AND THE PACIFIC COAST.

Connections at these terminals for the
EAST, SOUTH,
WEST NORTH.

Fast and Handsomely equipped Steam-Heated Trains—Dining Cars—Buffet Library Cars—Sleeping Cars—Free Reclining Chair Cars.

A. H. HANSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt
Chicago, Ill

The Oliver Typewriter received the Gold Medal at the World's Fair, St. Louis. Send for handsomely illustrated art catalog which tells why.
The Oliver Typewriter Co.,
332, Hennepin Ave.,
Minneapolis, Minn.
tf

CROOKSTON
LUMBER Company.
Lumber
Manufacturers
St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Choice
Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

$32.90
TO CALIFORNIA

Every day, March 1 to May 15, 1905, inclusive, from St. Paul and Minneapolis to San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego and many other points on the Pacific coast, via the

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and its connections. Tickets good in tourist sleepers. Through tourist sleeper for Los Angeles via the SUNSHINE ROUTE (C. M. & St. P. Ry. and Santa Fe System) leaves St. Paul 8:35 a.m. every Tuesday. Rate for double berth $6.75. These cars are fully equipped, clean and comfortable. For folders and particulars address,

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365 ROBERT ST.

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LEONARD HOLMES
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LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
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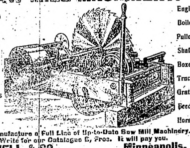
ST. HILAIRE, - - - - MINNESOTA

SAW MILL MACHINERY.



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Write for our Catalogue E, Free. It will pay you.
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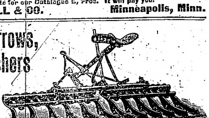
Acme Harrows,
Clod Crushers
AND
Pulverizers



Write or see...
S. A. SWANSON, Red Lake Falls MINN.

Purify Your Blood
SO AS TO PREVENT AND CURE DISEASE BY USING
THE OLD RELIABLE
BLOOD AND RHEUMATISM CURE

MATT J.
JOHNSON'S 6088

Will cure Rheumatism, Kidney Troubles, Backache, Catarrh or any other blood trouble, but nothing in this life is absolutely sure and I don't want your money unless I earn it. So I say

YOUR MONEY REFUNDED

If you are not satisfied after taking the first bottle. NOTICE! We do not ask you to take five or six bottles before deciding. Take half a bottle, then if you don't feel better, return the bottle and get your money back.

We Take The Risk! IT'S MY MONEY—NOT YOURS that you experiment on. Could we make a stronger offer to show our confidence? Remember we make you an absolute guarantee.

Imperial Drug Co.,
ST. HILAIRE, - - - - - - - MINNESOTA.

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HOLMES BROS.

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AND FURNITURE.

Great Northern Time Table.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at St. Hilaire.

ARRIVE		DEPART
9:18 am 10:10 am 3:50 pm 5:10 pm	ST. HILAIRE	9:18 am 10:40 am 3:50 pm 5:10 pm
9:15 am 3:15 pm	THIEF RIV. FALLS	10:15 am 4:45 pm
11:15 pm	RED LAKE FALLS	3:15 pm

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz R. H. Duntley Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 117.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. J. Soll, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Borglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE
Veterinary
Surgeon.
Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham
St. Hilaire, - Minn.

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FRUITS,
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TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for.......
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham

THE LOCAL NEWS

K. O. Gigstad was a Red Lake Falls visitor last Wednesday.

R. H. Duntley returned yesterday from a short visit at Fertile.

Hon. L. C. Simons and wife were here between trains last Saturday.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

W. B. Fuller, of Thief River Falls, was a business visitor here Tuesday.

I Dahlin and Chas. Fellman are out on their reservation claims this week.

Knute Bjerkness is building a two-story residence on North Water street.

Morris Lasell left last Monday for Warren, where he has secured a position.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Mrs. Jens Nelson left on Thursday evening for Fargo where she will visit her sister.

C. Beneman, who formerly filed in the saw mill, was here between trains last Monday.

Mrs. R. H. Duntley entertained about a dozen of her young lady friends last Thursday evening.

The weather has been dry, if not too warm, the past week and the country roads are improving.

Henry Gunstad returned from Western Canada yesterday, where he has taken a piece of land.

Cook & Clarke, two well known Marshall county attorneys, have located at Thief River Falls.

Miss Dolly Pettengill and Miss Cora Yahr are visiting with friends at Red Lake Falls this week.

Prof. J. B. O'Brien has been assisting Cashier Gigstad at the Merchants State Bank this week.

A. H. Kolseth, of Clarkfield, Minn., was here a couple of days the first of this week on a land deal.

Wm. Maynard arrived from Minneapolis on Thursday and will take his old place at the band saw.

County Supt. of Schools McAnulty was here last Thursday looking over the schools in this vicinity.

Miss Rose Ames, of Thief River Falls, spent several days here the first of the week visiting friends.

Christ Bjerk, who has been spending the winter in Marshall county, returned the first of this week.

Pat Sullivan, the East Grand Forks river foreman, is here this week looking after business for his company.

Miss Huldah C. Gigstad left last Monday for Erskine where she will spend the week visiting relatives.

Miss Catherine Pirath went down to Red Lake Falls last Saturday and is spending the week with her parents.

Steve Nelson and family left last Thursday for Thief River Falls, where he will file at the saw mill this season.

Chas. A. Hitchcock, the well known Crookston land man, was looking over some real estate in this vicinity yesterday.

Christ Hoch and Ben Moe, of Crookston were here last Sunday on their way to their claims east of Thief River Falls.

Evan Evenson has sold his dwelling on lower Broadway to I. M. Benson, of Blooming Prairie, who will occupy it at once.

Anton Anderson returned yesterday from North Dakota points where he had been looking over some ditching contracts.

Township 152, range 42, which has been called Big Bend, has changed its name and in the future will be known as Smiley.

Mrs. J. A. Dainard and children, who have been visiting here for the past two weeks, left on Wednesday for their home at Fargo.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Messrs. Patterson, Foss, Nelson, Stapleton and Kemp were at Thief River Falls last Monday night attending a meeting of the Masonic lodge.

The small boys tried conclusions with the league team at bowling last Tuesday evening with the following result: League, 2356; Juniors, 2336.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

Victor Bergeron and family arrived last Thursday from Minneapolis where they have spent the winter. Mr. Bergeron will be night band sawyer at the mill.

J. J. Kordahl has been here this week picking up the remainder of his personal effects. He will make his final departure today for his new ranch in Western North Dakota.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lanctot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

Miss Nannie Swanson closed a six months' term of school in Dist. No. 227 last Friday and left Monday for Huot, in the southern part of the county, where she will teach a five months' term.

Major Charles H. Mix was elected mayor of Crookston last Tuesday. The major is one of the old timers of Crookston and well deserves the honor. In the old times he was a homesteader just west of this village.

The appointment of C. H. Remington as village marshal by the council last Monday evening seems to give general satisfaction. Mr. Remington takes to the work like an old hand and will, we think, make a good official.

Wm. Eickhoff came back from the woods last Monday. He and his partner L. Larson, had the misfortune to lose thirteen horses at the camps the past winter. They have moved their outfit back to Neilsville and will again work on the big ditch.

William Bramsness, who has made this place his home for the past twenty-four years, is leaving today to join his parents who are located near Rochester, Washington. Mr. Bramsness has many warm friends here who wish him success wherever he goes.

E. M. Hoff and R. H. Duntley were at Red Lake Falls last Wednesday as delegates from the local lodge to the county camp of Modern Woodmen. S. A Swanson was elected state delegate and it was also voted to hold the next county camp at St. Hilaire.

Married, at the residence of M. Anderson on Thursday evening, April 6th, by Justice Peters, Mr. Thomas Deach to Miss Minnie Copperude. A reception was held the same evening at the residence of Michael Anderson and the happy couple received many expressions of good will from their friends. The SPECTATOR wishes to add congratulations.

Mrs. A. Dainard wishes to call the attention of the ladies to the fact that she will have her spring stock of hats ready for inspection on the 12th and 14th of this month. The stock will be strictly first class, the latest fashions, and up to date in every line. She will be assisted by Mrs. Person, a first class milliner, that has visited all the eastern markets this spring. I thank you for past favors and solicit a fair patronage this spring. MRS. A. DAINARD.

Roseau Region: A telephone message from Minneapolis Wednesday informed the Region that Henry McGrath, the man who was acquitted at the last term of district court, for killing Oliver Matheson at Greenbush, New Years day, had lost his reason and was then being tried in the probate court of Hennepin county for insanity. It may be remembered that McGrath was in poor condition during the trial, he was nervous and all unstrung, and it is a fair surmise that his mind has ultimately given way under the strain of the unfortunate shooting affair. He brooded over the act and was constantly worrying over the thought that he had killed a fellow man, altho the shooting was fully justifiable and the jury so declared when they acquitted him. It will be too bad if a respectable, intelligent and industrious young man like McGrath is, should suffer the loss of his mental powers by reason of having killed a worthless, disreputable and notorious gambler who secured a livelihood at the expense of woman's virtue.

Saw Mill Will Start.

Fires were put under the boilers at the saw mill for the first time this season last Monday and the week has been spent putting everything in readiness to start next Monday morning if the ice in the river will permit. H. D. Pettibone will be general manager here this season and Fred Stapleton will be day foreman and John Christie night foreman. Wm. Maynard will be head sawyer days and Victor Bergeron at night. A. W. Kemp will be day engineer and Fred Case, night. Bridge Brothers will run the lath mill and Fred Campbell and A. M. Dean the shingle mill. Adolph Brouillard, O. J. Antoine and Peter N. Anderson will be millwrights. Peter N. Dainard will run the re-saw days. Joe Demars and Eli Blair will be the edgermen and Peter Hanson and Fred Sandmoen, the trimmers.

A Card of Thanks.

I wish to express my sincere thanks to the many friends in St. Hilaire and vicinity who recently so liberally subscribed to help purchase another horse in place of the one lost.

R. L. HAUGE.

Sheep for Sale.

75 head to be sold in small lots or entire flock—whichever suits purchaser. Inquire of R. J. McKERCHER,
St. Hilaire, Minn.
2

Headquarters Restaurant...
A. F. Lang
Proprietor
Short Orders a Specialty.
Located in rear of J. J. Soll's Saloon.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held at the village hall April 3, 1905, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the recorder.

All members present.

Minutes of last regular meeting and special meeting held March 10, 1905, read and on motion accepted.

The report of village marshal read and on motion accepted.

The report of street commissioner read and on motion accepted.

On motion C. H. Remington was appointed village marshal, street commissioner, pound master and dog catcher at a salary of $50 per month.

On motion B. E. Burkee was appointed assessor for the village.

On motion Daniel Patterson was appointed health officer for a term of three years.

The president appointed C. H. Martz and Carl Johnson on road and bridge committee; R. H. Duntley and K. O. Gigstad on finance committee and the president to serve on both committees.

On motion the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR was designated as the official paper for the village and to receive $75 for publishing the council proceedings and the treasurer's annual report for the ensuing year.

The road and bridge committee was instructed to investigate the claim of A. R. Jones and K. R. Killand in regard to putting in a drain on the north side of Fifth street between Water street and Broadway.

On motion the poll tax was fixed at one dollar.

On motion the recorder's salary was fixed at $100, to be paid quarterly.

The following bills were allowed in full.

Endrew Erickson, street work	$ 2 50
Andrew Petterson, " "	2 50
KO Gigstad, ¼ yr sal as recorder	25 00
A F Lang, judge of election	2 00
LT Bergh, " "	2 00
O H Peters, " "	2 00
J C Dahl, 1 yr sal health officer	4 00
Christ Hall, sal village marshal month of March and extra work	56 00
St Hilaire Spectator, printing and publishing council proceedings ¼ yr	19 50

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'BRIEN,
President.

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Recorder.

New Era in Trans-Pacific Transportation.

The Great Northern Steamship Company in placing in service between Seattle, Wash., and Yokohama, Nagasaki, Kobe, Shanghai, and Hong Kong, the magnificent American built steamships the "Minnesota" and "Dakota," marks a new era in transportation facilities between the United States and the Orient. These magnificent steamships with their superior facilities in handling immense freight cargoes and the luxurious appointments for passenger travel has given an impetus to our oriental trade. The North Pacific route to the orient is rapidly becoming the popular one and now that the two palatial steamships, "Minnesota" and "Dakota" have been put in commission there is no question but that a further greater increase in our trade with the Orient as well as increased passenger travel to Asiatic ports will be inaugurated. The first sailing of the "Minnesota," in addition to carrying the largest cargo to the Orient ever carried by any ship in the world, as well as an extensive passenger list, augurs well for the future.

The "Minnesota" will sail on its next voyage to the Orient on Saturday April 29th, and it will not be amiss to say here that the excellence of her passenger accommodations will be heralded to the traveling public of the United States by all who enjoyed the pleasant voyage across the Pacific on her first trip, as furnishing the same of travel comfort. The fact that the superior accommodations of the Great Northern Steamship Company in connection with the comfortable journey afforded by the Great Northern Railway to Seattle, the sailing point of the "Minnesota," will make this route the popular one from occident to Orient.

Science and Manufacture.

American manufacturers have received so much praise lately that a little adverse criticism will do no harm. A noted English chemist says American manufacturers and business men have given too little attention to the progress made by science and that, in this respect, the English and the Germans have far excelled them. This, however, does not apply to the manufacture of golden grain belt beer in which we lead the world. It has taken years of careful study and thought to perfect this brew, but today you get it in all its purity and healthfulness, without doubt the most perfect food tonic ever produced. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

New Train Service.

Commencing next Monday, April 10, the Great Northern will inaugurate their new train service. Trains will leave Crookston daily, except Sunday, at 8 a.m., running via Dugdale, Red Lake Falls and reaching here at 9:55. Returning in the evening the train will leave here at 4:55, arriving at Crookston at 6:45. There will also be a daily freight which will leave here daily, except Sunday, for Wylie at 10:10, arrive at Wylie at 10:35, leave at 10:45 and arrive here at 11:10. There will be no train between here and Crookston on the old line.

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FOR RAW FURS
To McMILLAN FUR & WOOL CO.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
DEPT. 20

TWO TAX DODGERS.

J. K. Hannay and Tolef Thompson, Prominent Business Men, want Village to Pay Sidewalk Tax.

A TECHNICAL POINT.

They Seek by Tricky Law Points to Make Neighbors Pay their Taxes.

Recorder K. O. Gigstad was served with a notice last Monday to appear at Red Lake Falls the following day with the books of the village. It was found after arriving there that J. K. Hannay and Tolef Thompson, two of our prominent business men, had instituted an action in the district court to have the taxes levied for sidewalk purposes set aside on technical law points. The case was started in a peculiar manner and no one here knew anything about it and it was the evident intention to put it through and secure snap judgment before any one interested knew what was going on. Fortunately this has been frustrated and the cases will come up for trial at Red Lake Falls on May 16th. The village council have employed Frank A. Grady as their attorney in the case. The cause of the actions are simply as follows:

In 1902 the village council condemned the sidewalk on the east side of Broadway in block 39 as unsafe and ordered a new one built. The walk was not built by the property owners so after due time was put in by the village street commissioner and the cost assessed against the lots. All of these assessments have been paid except lots 20, 21, 22, block 39, (Markham Hotel) owned by J. K. Hannay. The total cost of construction of the seventy-five feet in question is less than $50.00. In the same year sidewalk was constructed in a similar manner along two sides of lots 1, 2, block 52, then owned by B. E. Burkee, but now owned by Tolef Thompson.

In the twenty odd years that St. Hilaire has been incorporated, these two public spirited citizens (?) are the only ones who have ever tried to evade a sidewalk tax. In one or two instances, however, where parties were financially unable to make the payment the village council donated the amount and we do not doubt but that the present council would prove equally as generous if the persons were needy. No question has been raised as to the justice of the claim; the walks were built and the property thereby improved and made more valuable. If it is not paid for by the lot owners it must be paid for by the taxpayers of the village.

In connection with this it might be well to call attention to the fact that J. K. Hannay, who is the instigator of these cases, received last year from the village a fee of $200 for looking wise and watching a Crookston attorney win the dump ground case.

As It Looked on the Map.

Of every hundred tourists who visit the Canary islands quite seventy-five are British. Naturally, therefore, the natives of the Canary islands take a great interest in everything which affects England. It is perhaps a pity that their general ignorance is not a little less appalling, but their very disregard for accuracy lends a certain "charm" to their conversation. A man in a barber's shop pointed to a dilapidated map of the world which was nailed to the wall, and, putting his forefinger upon Spain, he exclaimed: "If war breaks out, Spain must retake Gibraltar. Have no fear. The English ships may come down to us because it is all downhill, but after we have crippled them they will not find it so easy to get back to England, because it is all uphill."

WANTED—Trustworthy man or woman to manage business in this county and adjoining territory for well established house of solid financial standing. $20 straight cash salary with all necessary expenses paid weekly by check from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Position permanent; previous experience not essential. No investment required. We furnish everything. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Address, Manager, 810 Como Block, Chicago, Ill. m6

Order for Hearing on Claims, Etc.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—SS.
In Probate Court,
Special Term, April 4, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased, late of the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, being granted to K. O. Gigstad;

It is ordered, that six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 4th day of October, 1905, at one o'clock p.m. at a special term of said probate court, to be held at the Probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 4th day of April, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
[Seal] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.
(a8-4t-a29)

John W. Forseen
SHOE
Repairing
Second door North of Postoffice.
St. Hilaire, Minn.

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POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

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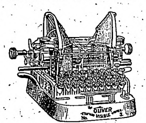
Investigate the merits of the

Oliver



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SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

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Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory-Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

At the Door

There used to be a little one
  Who, when the day was o'er,
And all my trying tasks were done,
Would drop his painted toys and run
  To meet me at the door.

The dew falls where a little one
  Whose laugh is heard no more,
Lies fast asleep, and there the sun
Shines first when each new day's begun,
  And last when it is o'er.

Ah, what if hope were gone—if one
  Were left to me no more?—
The hope that when my work is done
A little child may gladly run
  To meet me at the door!

—S. E. Kiser.

HER ONE VISITOR

BY J. C. PLUMMER

(Copyright, 1905, Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"Scat," cried Miss Abigail Clay, as she was awakened by a noise apparently in her room, "scat."

The noise ceased and then recommenced.

"That worriting cat," ejaculated Miss Abigail, arising, "she'll keep me awake all night, "scat."

She put on her wrapper and lighting the candle peered into the hall. No cat appeared and the noise evidently came from below.

"Prudence forgot to put away the biled mutton," exclaimed Miss Abigail with conviction, "and the cat's pickin' at it."

There had never been a robbery in the little town of Homerville, and Miss Abigail didn't believe in ghosts. Hence, she went down stairs, boldly to the rescue of the piece of mutton.

"I knew it," she murmured triumphantly when the bottom of the stairs was reached, "it's in the kitchen and it's the cat."

Making no noise in her list slippers she walked to the kitchen door and opening it cried "scat!"

There was no cat in the kitchen, but a tall man was there and he had evidently been intent on opening the cupboard.

The man glared at Miss Abigail and she stared at the man.

"E-e-e—" the shrill scream which burst from her lips was speedily and effectually smothered by the interposition of a large hand over her mouth. "Now, you keep quiet," said the man, gruffly, "there's nobody but you in this here house, and if you busted your lungs you can't make anyone hear, for you've no near neighbors. I'm not a-goin' to hurt you nor take your diamin' ring nor any of this here splendid silver ware I see on the shelf," his eyes roamed around the tin dish bedecked dresser, "but I'm half-starved and I'm goin' to have somethin' to eat."

He moved a chair closer to the stove.

"There's a little fire in it," he said, pointing to the stove," and I'm goin to put in this here piece of wood. Now, you jest sit down while I eat. You might run out and make a rumpus, so I'll ask you to stay here. You might as well be warm and comfortable."

Miss Abigail felt herself lifted up and seated on the chair.

"Now, the wood's burnin' nice," he said, "and it'll be warm in a jiffy. Where do you keep the vittles?"

The great fear which had come over Miss Abigail at the sight of the intruder was rapidly vanishing. She felt sure he would not harm her and it was obvious that the quickest way to get rid of him was to give him what he wanted.

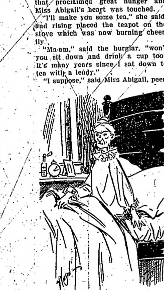
"There's some cold biled mutton in the cupboard," she replied, "and the key's under the candlestick on the mantle. There's some cold buckwheat cakes too, but you'd better not eat 'em. They're heavy on the stummick when they're cold."

The man ate the food, including the indigestible cakes, with a voracity that proclaimed great hunger and Miss Abigail's heart was touched.

"I'll make you some tea," she said, and rising placed the teapot on the stove which was now burning cheerily.

"Ma-am," said the burglar, "won't you sit down and drink a cup too? It's many years since I sat down to tea with a leady."

"I suppose," said Miss Abigail, peering at the man over her cup, "that you are what's called a burglar?".



"Scat!" cried Miss Abigail Clay.

"That's my purfession, ma-am," replied the man, unblushingly, "and though I say it myself I'm a fust class one."

"Do you know," said Miss Abigail, somewhat drearily, "you are the only visitor I've had in two years."

"And I'm not much to brag on," put in the man, grimly.

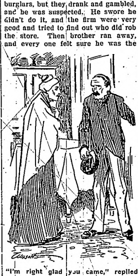
"Since I came back to Homerville, two years ago, not a soul has paid me a visit, not even the preacher, though I go to church every Sunday."

"Wot's the matter with 'em?" asked the man, eating furiously.

"It's on account of my poor brother," replied Miss Abigail, yielding to an irresistible desire to talk to some one, "he was employed in a big store in Boston—Winder & Co.—and the place was robbed one night. It seems that brother had been goin' with some bad people—"

"Like me," put in the burglar.

"No, I don't know that they were burglars, but they drank and gambled, and he was suspected. He swore he didn't do it, and the firm were very good and tried to find out who did rob the store. Then brother ran away, and every one felt sure he was the thief, that is all but me. I'm sure he didn't do it."



"I'm right glad you came," replied Miss Abigail.

"That's the reason no one visits you," said the burglar.

"Of course it is," replied Miss Abigail, "it's a disgrace and they are all good Christian people, but it's kind of lonesome for me, who never did anything."

"You've never heard from your brother, have you?" asked the burglar.

"Never a word. I expect he's dead, poor Gideon."

"Wot was his name, ma-am?" asked the burglar.

"Gideon Clay."

The burglar ceased eating and looked at Miss Abigail as if he wanted to say something, but he checked himself.

"Now," said Miss Abigail, in an argumentative tone, "you are a man who knows all about stealing and robbing. Do you think that Gideon robbed that store?"

"I'm dead sure he didn't," replied the burglar, earnestly.

He arose to his feet and walked to the entry door.

"You put a bolt on this here door, ma-am," said he, "I pushed the lock off easy. It ain't safe. I am obliged for your kindness and I must be goin'."

"I'm right glad you came," replied Miss Abigail, "I've had one visit and you make me feel so happy about poor Gideon. I wish you'd give up being a burglar. You look like you'd make a good carpenter."

"Mebbe I'll take up that purfession, ma-am," said the burglar, "good-bye," and he walked away in the darkness.

Winter sped and the spring came and with it a letter from a Western city for Miss Abigail. It read as follows:

"Dear Madam—The noted burglar, Tim the Buster, was shot and mortally wounded in an attempt to crack a safe in a bank in the town. Before he died he made a confession to a magistrate that he had robbed the store of Winder & Co. of Boston three years ago and entirely exculpates Gideon Clay of any participation in the crime. This information has been sent to the police of Boston and, by the criminal's request, this letter is written to you.

(Signed) John Roby, Sheriff."

"So poor Gideon was innocent," murmured Miss Abigail, "I wish that poor burglar had taken my advice and gone in the carpenter business."

Did Not Go to Roost.

A matter-of-fact mind like Mrs. Salter's is a comfort to the person who has it, and a never-ending delight to the person's friends.

"I suppose you went to bed with the chickens while you were away," said one of the neighbors, after Mrs. Salter had returned from her vacation visit to a farm.

"No, indeed!" said Mrs. Salter, indignantly. "They were very neat, quiet people, though they've never had city advantages. We had rooms in the front of the house, on the second story, and the chickens slept somewhere at the back of the house. We never saw them after sunset, and we were there nearly three weeks. I am sure farming people are often more particular than we have been led to suppose."—Youth's Companion.

GOOD IN "BOOK FARMING."

Notable Increase Made in Production of Crops.

John R. Spears shows now by "book farming" the earth is being compelled to yield its increase. He says: "For a crop of potatoes, in 1901, according to an article printed in that year, 150 bushels per acre was considered satisfactory to the farmer, which at 75 cents a bushel amounts to $112.50 an acre. Unfortunately, there are yet many farmers who consider 150 bushels satisfactory, but the best growers now produce 300, and there are men who obtain more than that yield year after year. It can be shown that even 400 bushels of potatoes is not the limit that can be obtained. From the reports of various agricultural experiment stations, it appears that the Canadian experimental farms, near Ottawa, hold the record in potato production. There the yield on small plots, carefully managed, rose as high as 772 bushels an acre.

"In turnips, which was another crop considered, the yield was said to be 400 bushels usually for each acre in 1901. With present-day cultivation a crop of from 500 to 600 bushels is gathered. Where mangles produced 600 bushels, modern methods have turned out more than fifty tons, or say 1,800 bushels. In field beans the development has been relatively very small, but as cultivated now there are few crops that pay truck growers higher sums for the ground occupied than string or snap beans.

"For it is a poor variety that will not give a quart of salable pods for each foot length of drill, and drills may be made two feet apart. At 5 cents a quart—a common price—the return should be at the rate of $1,000 an acre, or more."

FOND OF HER NEEDLE.

Princess of Wales a Most Accomplished Needlewoman.

Needlework always was popular among old-fashioned women in England and Canada, but it has fallen sadly into desuetude here, says the New York Press. There is a chance, however, that all Americans who set their watches by the clock of St. James' will find renewed interest in the bit of steel when they learn the princess of Wales is one of the most accomplished needlewomen in either hemisphere.

What her royal highness doesn't know about fancy stitches doesn't amount to much, and when it comes to plain sewing she is far superior to the best seamstresses in the royal household. Most of the fine linen in her town house has been embroidered by her own hands and it is said she marks all her husband's garments with his crest and monogram. Moreover the princess is proficient with knitting needles. It is whispered in court circles she makes most of the prince's stockings by hand, and that she betrays pointed chagrin if he forgets to wear those she turns out for him.

Even a royal dame must have occupation and, in spite of the many demands on her time, the princess is fonder of simple household pastimes than of the bridge and baccarat enjoyed so tremendously by her royal papa-in-law.

Does She Care for Him?

Here are a few simple rules by which a man may determine whether or not his attentions to a girl are in vain.

If she asks him for the fan which he has been carrying home from the theater, she isn't in love with him. If she were, she would forget the fan and give him a chance to call and return it.

If she fondles the flowers he gives her, she is interested. If she lets them wither in the box, his case is hopeless.

If she often pleads a headache and "can't see him," he would better call elsewhere.

When she yawns and says she can't think of anything to say," it is time for him to go away, and stay away.

When she forgets to ask him to come again, and says how-do-you-do when he says good-by, and neglects to make up an excuse for him when he jams his umbrella through her father's hat, there is no hope for him.

Why Women Never Age.

The women, God bless them!
  They're never at rest;
Ah! resting brings rust
  To corrode and molest.
They're always caressing, or pressing, or
    dressing,
Pursuing their sewing or doing
  Their best.

The women, good cheer to
  Their restless delight!
They shop all the day
  And they dance all the night.
They always are tripping, or snipping, or
    clipping,
Pursuing their fadding and gadding,
  But bright.

The women, God keep them!
  They're truer than gold;
They're warm in the winter,
  In summer they're cold.
And that is the reason, and it isn't treason,
To say why they never, ah! never
  Grow old.

—Horace Seymour Keller.

"Gobbler's" Big Egg.

My little grandchildren are mixed on the subject of eggs. While I was walking with them one spring morning Dorothy exclaimed:

"Hark! I hear a hen cackling: she is singing because she has just shelled out half a dozen Easter eggs."

They were visiting my vegetable cellar last Sunday and I showed them a huge watermelon coated with paraffin in a large basket of straw. And they said it was a big "Easter egg." Francis straightened up and looked very wise, and exclaimed:

"Well, it must have been a Big! Big! Gobbler that laid it."—National Magazine.

Delights of Equality.

"Almost every man is a loser by being elevated above the sphere to which he is habituated," said the late Senator Morrill in discussing the subject of equality. "The word equal is used very freely in America, but its real meaning is little understood. As a condition of cold fact, an equal is that which a man of talent will seldom find among his superiors.

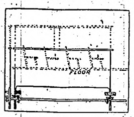
"When the Duke of Orleans proposed to make Fontenelle perpetual president of the Academy of Sciences his reply was:

"'Take not from me, my Lord, the delight of living with my equals.'"

SCIENCE and INVENTION

Designed to Prevent Panic.

The crop of inventions covering alleged fire safety appliances for theaters, which was given a new impetus by the Chicago catastrophe, is still prolific. It is probably safe to estimate that not one such device in a hundred is practical. Like most amateur inventors in approaching large problems, the one idea appears to be to provide some appliance or equipment which might be feasible were audiences to retain their entire self-possession. The fact that they do not is the fatal objection to practically all of these schemes. As an example, a panic guard proposed by an Oregon inventor is illustrated herewith. This consists of a movable partition, which, when not in use, is concealed below the floor. When a fire alarm is given the idea is to have these fire-controlled partitions spring up through the floor and so subdivide the space into sections and making it difficult for an intermingling of people from different parts of the house. The probable result, however, would be confusion worse confounded and the emptying of the people from the passageways into the exits would in no wise be hastened or rendered more orderly. Notwithstanding, the inventor requires thirty-two claims adequately to cover the essential features of his panic guards.



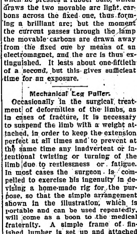
Electric Light Photographs.

A French photographer, M. G. A. Liebert, has recently devised an apparatus which will enable him to take instantaneous photographs in his studio. This device is described in Le Revue Patrique de l'Electricite. The object of using electric lights is to give the photographer entire control of graph to be taken, the subject is arranged and the sensitive plate is exposed.

The photographer then waits until a desirable pose has been secured, when he presses a rubber bulb, which draws the two movable arc light carbons across the fixed one, thus forming a brilliant arc; but the moment the current passes through the lamp the movable carbons are drawn away from the fixed one by means of an electromagnet, and the arc is thus extinguished. It lasts about one-fiftieth of a second, but this gives sufficient time for an exposure.

Mechanical Leg Puller.

Occasionally in the surgical treatment of deformities of the limbs, as in cases of fracture, it is necessary to suspend the limb with a weight attached, in order to keep the extension perfect at all times and to prevent at the same time any inadvertent or intentional twisting or turning of the limb due to restlessness or fatigue. In most cases the surgeon is compelled to exercise his ingenuity in devising a home-made rig for the purpose, so that the simple arrangement shown in the illustration, which is portable and can be used repeatedly, will come as a boon to the medical fraternity. A simple frame of finished lumber is set up and attached to the foot of the bedstead. A window frame would be as efficient as anything else for the purpose. A pulley bracket is attached to this frame, and provision is made for increasing or decreasing the amount of traction applied to the limb by adding additional weights, the pull being transmitted by a rope to the limb in a conveniently shaped pair of splints.



Automobiles in Astronomy.

In an article in La Nature, M. Touchet tells us that automobiles are now being used by astronomers, and he speaks of the new vehicles as "automobile observatories." It appears that they are being fitted up with all the accessories necessary for astronomers who wish to make a special study of shooting stars.

Balloons have been tried for the observation of these stars, but the results obtained are not satisfactory, and it is believed that the automobiles are destined to render great services.

In 1903 experiments were made by French astronomers who wished to study the Leonides. M. Maurice Farman and H. Chretien went by automobile to Anthon-la-Plaine, leaving M. Touchet in the observatory at Chevreuse. Since then great improvements have been made in the vehicles themselves and in the means of transporting the accessories.

Acetylene Gas Widely Used.

There are 330 towns in the world lighted by separate acetylene gas systems. The United States leads with 121, France and Germany following with 80 and 54 respectively.

Camera in Cane Handle.

A German inventor has recently produced a magazine camera, which is contained within the handle of a cane.

GARDENING HINTS

The botanical name of sweet pea is Lathyrus odoratus (sweet scented). The orignal species was introduced to gardens in 1700, of which there were four varieties—white, pink and white, deep purple and a dull red. Previous to 1850 there were perhaps a dozen recognized varieties—viz.: Painted Lady, rose and white; Butterfly, white laced with lavender; Fairy Queen, pink; Invincible, striped red and white; Scarlet Gem, scarlet; King of Prussia, purple; Violet Queen, and a variety which was nearly black, besides a few other varieties, names of which I do not now recall.

In coloring sweet peas have a wider range, with more numerous shades, than any other single group of plants. It is true we have not a scarlet as bright as Lobelia cardinalis or a yellow as glittering as a sunflower, or a blue as dense as Delphinium formosum. The best scarlet is King Edward VII.; the best yellow, the Hon. Mrs. McKenyon; the best blue, Flora Norton; and the best white is Dorothy Eckford. Mr. Eckford, in England, has done more in sweet pea development than any other person, and that within the last twenty-five years.

The exquiste shades between the blues, reds and yellows can scarcely be imagined, especially among the mauves, buffs and pinks. It is not alone in the coloring that such advances have been made, but the individual flowers are nearly twice as large, and three and four are often open at one time, whereas with the older kinds there were scarcely ever more than two flowers, and often one flower, on each stem. The delicious perfume has been maintained with all these changes.

The enormous quantities of sweet peas sown all over the temperate world seem incredible. California is now the center where the most sweet pease are grown, some firms growing as many as 300 and 400 acres each. These are grown for seed, of course.

Now if we expect to have fine sweet peas they must be well and properly treated, otherwise we cannot get the best results. Sweet peas delight in good living—good and deep soil, well drained, plenty of half rotten manure, and lots and lots of water, and they must have something to cling to. The quantity to be grown depends upon the amount of room at disposal, the convenience for growing them, and perhaps the size of one's pocketbook.

Where the good soil is not deep it is best to dig a trench eighteen inches deep and a foot wide, throw out and take away the poor soil, be it sand or clay, then fill in with old sods, rotten manure, and other good soil to within six inches of the top. Tread this down lightly, then on this sow two rows of peas, each row three inches from the outside, leaving about six inches space in the center of the trench. Cover the seed an inch deep, and as soon as the plants are three or four inches high draw the soil from the top of the ground among them and at the time you will prepare to put in the wire trellis. Secure this thoroughly in the center of the trench, so that the peas can cling on either side. With copious watering and keeping the flowers picked off, there should be good picking into the middle of October.

Whether the soil is poor or not, the whole of the ground should have a good heavy dressing of manure and then dug in. Keep the ground smoothly raked between the rows. A sprinkling of artificial manure two or three times during the season will also be of great benefit to them. Yet another way to grow sweet peas is in isolated groups in the mixed border, each group of separate colors, and these to be supported by shrubbery brush, giving the same attenton as to those grown in trenches.

The best sweet peas I have yet seen were grown in the city prison garden of Toronto, Canada. The vines were twelve to fourteen feet high, and the flower stems eighteen inches long or longer.

Some of the new varieties of 1905 are as follows:

Dorothy Eckford—This is a magnificent pure white variety of the largest size.

Flora Norton—The best blue to date, an exquisite shade.

Florence Fraser—Tall, strong grower, color clear white and clear pink; the flower stems are 12 to 14 inches, stout, and bear three and four flowers at one time; quite early.

Golden Rose—A gem, beautiful form, color deep buff yellow flushed with rosy pink.

Gladys Unwin—A lovely shade of rosy pink, carrying three or four flowers on a stem.

King Edward VII.—The largest, the brightest and the best scarlet.

Mrs. George Higginson, Jr.—A clear, delicate light blue flower, pure in color; a charming and most desirable kind.

Nymphae—Strong growing variety, having four flowers on a stem, opening white and turning pink.

Sunrise—Large, bright pink, suffused with primrose; a gem.

White wonder—A great novelty; the flowers are large, pure white, frequently having six and eight flowers on a stem.

A dozen distinct superb sweet peas:

Blanch Burpee—Pure white.

Blenche Ferry—Pink and white; extra early.

Captivation—Deep magenta.

Countess Cadogan—Violet and sky blue.

Hon. Mrs. Kenyon—The best yellow to date.

Katharine Tracey—Brilliant pink.

Lady Grisel Hamilton—The best of all the lavenders.

Lady Mary Currie—Bright orange pink, shaded rose.

Mrs. Dugdale—Deep rose and primrose.

Navy Blue—Deep violet blue.

Prince of Wales—Intense deep rose or carmine.

Salopian—Very bright, deep red, nearly scarlet.

When you water them soak thoroughly, and be sure and pick off stale flowers to prevent ripening seed.—John Thorpe in Chicago Tribune.

STOP! WOMEN,

AND CONSIDER THE ALL-IMPORTANT FACT

That in addressing Mrs. Pinkham you are confiding your private ills to a woman —a woman whose experience with woman's diseases covers a great many years.

You can talk freely to a woman when it is revolting to relate your private troubles to a man—besides a man does not understand—simply because he is a man.

Many women suffer in silence and drift along from bad to worse, knowing full well that they ought to have immediate assistance, but a natural modesty impels them to shrink from exposing themselves to the questions and probably examinations of even their family physician. It is unnecessary. Without money or price you can consult a woman whose knowledge from actual experience is great.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation:

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women only. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established the eternal confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Out of the vast volume of experience which she has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge that will help your case. She asks nothing in return except your good-will, and her advice has relieved thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance.—Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Following we publish two letters from a woman who accepted this invitation. Note the result.

First letter.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"For eight years I have suffered something terrible every month with my periods. The pains are excruciating and I can hardly stand them. My doctor says I have ovarian and womb trouble, and I must go through an operation if I want to get well. I do not want to submit to it if I can possibly help it. Please tell me what to do. I hope you can relieve me."—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, 59th and E. Capitol Sts., Benning P.O., Washington, D.C.

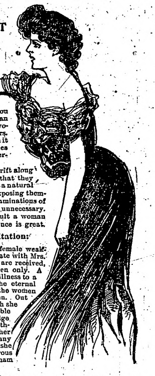
Second letter.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"After following carefully your advice, and taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I am very anxious to send you my testimonial, that others may know their value and what you have done for me.

"As you know, I wrote you that my doctor said I must have an operation or I could not live. I then wrote you, telling you my ailments. I followed your advice and am entirely well. I can walk miles without an ache or a pain, and I owe my life to you and to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I wish every suffering woman would read this testimonial and realize the value of writing to you and your remedy."—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, 59th and E. Capitol Streets, Benning P. O., Washington, D. C.

When a medicine has been successful in restoring to health so many women whose testimony is so unquestionable, you cannot well say, without trying it, "I do not believe it will help me." If you are ill, don't hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice—it is free and always helpful.



A Fair Exchange.

Mrs. Stuckup (to dear friend)—Have you any cards to change, dear?

Dear Friend—What do you mean, post cards?

Mrs. Stuckup—No, visiting cards.

Dear Friend—I don't understand.

Mrs. Stuckup—Why, for the card bowl in the drawing room, of course. I've got duplicates of a lord and two baronets, and I'll exchange for a countess or a bishop or anything decent like that.—Ally Sloper, London.

BABY ONE SOLID SORE.

Could Not Shut Eyes to Sleep—Spent $100 on Doctors—Baby Grew Worse—Cured by Cuticura for $5.

"A scab formed on my baby's face, spreading until it completely covered her from head to foot, followed by boils, having forty on her head at one time, and more on her body. Then her skin started to dry up and it became so bad she could not shut her eyes to sleep. One month's treatment with Cuticura Soap and Ointment made a complete cure. Doctors and medicines had cost over $100, with baby growing worse. Then we spent less than $5 for Cuticura and cured her. (Signed) Mrs. G. H. Tucker, Jr., 335 Greenfield Ave., Milwaukee, Wis."

Something in That.

"I suppose every man hates to see his wife get so stout that her wedding gown won't fit her."

"Yes; but there's some satisfaction in the apparent fact that he's provided her with enough to eat."—Philadelphia Press.

Senatorial Courtesy.

It was in the year 1908.

The senator from Colorado was talking on the statehood bill.

There came an interruption.

The senator from Wisconsin arose and said:

"Will the gentleman permit me to ask a question?"

"Yes, if it is germane to the matter in hand," was the reply.

"It is, Mr. President. The question is this: How long has the distinguished senator from Colorado been speaking on this question?"

"Three years."

"Then, Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to move that he be allowed six months to finish his speech."

But the chair refused to entertain the motion and the senator from Colorado went on talking.

What Everybody Says.

Jamboree, Ky., April 3rd.—(Special.)—"I suffered for years with my back," says Mr. J. M. Coleman, a well known resident of this place. "Then I used Dodd's Kidney Pills and I have not felt a pain since. My little girl complained of her back. She used about one-half box of Dodd's Kidney Pills and she is sound and well."

It is thousands of statements like the above that show Dodd's Kidney Pills to be the one cure for Backache or any other symptom of deranged kidneys. For Backache is simply a sign that the Kidneys need help.

Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure Backache. They also always cure Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Bladder and Urinary Troubles and Heart Disease. These are more advanced stages of kidney disease. Cure your Backache with Dodd's Kidney Pills and you need never fear them.

A grain of wisdom is worth more than an ounce of gold, but—try to pay your bills with it.

BEGGS' BLOOD PURIFIER
CURES catarrh of the stomach.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Delbert Barton, Minneapolis, Minn., snap hook; Gaylord Beebe, Minneapolis, Minn., check protector; Ludwig Bergman, Cass Lake, Minn., rotary engine; Henry Karsten, Clear Lake, Minn., fork attachment; Elias Kostenbader, Grandin, N. D., dumping wagon rack; Closson Leffingwell, Little Falls, Minn., dental matrix retainer; Henry Roth, Minneapolis, Minn., display bin.

A Man's Opinion.

Lady Customer—Do you think that a photograph of a woman, in order to be good, should be deceiving?

Photographer—If it is a true likeness—yes.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease, A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Preserve a little sympathy for the fellow with an atrophied risorius.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Those who borrow trouble pay a heavy interest.

On the Trail with a Fish Brand Pommel Slicker

"I followed the trail from Texas to Montana with a FISH BRAND Slicker, used for an overcoat when cold, a wind coat when windy, a rain coat when it rained, and for a cover at night if we got to bed, and I will say that I have gotten more comfort out of your slicker than any other one article that I ever owned."

(The name and address of the writer of this unsolicited letter may be had on application.)

Wet Weather Garments for Riding, Walking, Working or Sporting.

HIGHEST AWARD WORLD'S FAIR, 1904.

A. J. TOWER CO.
BOSTON, U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO., Limited
TORONTO, CANADA

The Sign of the Fish
TOWER'S FISH BRAND

TO KEEP HENS

strong and healthy, hurry them through molting, make them, as well as pullets, lay when eggs are high is the ambition of all breeders. Nothing on earth makes hens lay like

SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

It adds value to all kinds of feed, and supplies what is needed to form eggs. One pack, 25 cts; five, $1.00. Two-lb. can, $1.20; six, $5.00, express paid. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

EXCURSIONS TO THE Free Grant Lands OF Western Canada.

During the months of March and April, there will be excursions on the various lines of railway to the Canadian West.

Hundreds of thousands of acres of the best Wheat and Grazing Lands on the Continent free to the settler.

Adjoining lands may be purchased from railway and land companies at reasonable prices.

For information as to route, cost of transportation etc., apply to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

THE STRAIN OF WORK.

Best of Backs Give Out Under the Burden of Daily Toil.

Lieutenant George G. Warren, of No. 3 Chemical, Washington, D. C., says: "It's an honest fact that Doan's Kidney Pills did me a great lot of good, and if it were not true I would not recommend them. It was the strain of lifting that brought on kidney trouble and weakened my back, but since using Doan's Kidney Pills I have lifted 600 pounds and felt no bad effects. I have not felt the trouble come back since, although I had suffered for five or six years, and other remedies had not helped me at all."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

How Jests Are Born.

The Great Humorist was bathed in perspiration.

Ever and anon a groan was forced from between his clenched teeth, and he clutched with trembling hands at his throbbing brow.

"Will it never work out?" he muttered. "Now how can I evolve a situation where good-bye kisses are a drug on the market? For only thus can I work up to the nub of the joke where 'she' acknowledges that they are the Cream of Ta-ta!"—Cleveland Leader.

No Need of It.

"Do you ever realize, my child," said the philanthropist, "when you look at these gorgeous and beautiful feathers on your hat, that they are pulled from living ostriches, at the cost of much suffering and pain?"

"I do," said Miss De Muir, "and it always wrings my heart. Why don't they chloroform the poor creatures?"—Chicago Tribune.

OBSTINATE CASES

Of leucorrhea, excessive flowing, painful periods, prolapsus, or falling of womb, attended by weak back, bearing-down sensations, ulceration of womb, pain

and tenderness of ovaries, are almost always cured by a fairly persistent use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. If in any case it should, in due time, not seem quite adequate to meet every phase of some complicated case, Dr. Pierce always stands ready to offer valuable suggestions based upon years of varied experience which often proves of inestimable value. This he does entirely free of charge to those using his medicines. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—I once thought I should never enjoy good health again. What I suffered with womb disease words cannot express. Had distressing, bearing-down pains, painful monthly sickness, backache, constipation, also cold hands and feet at all times. Was all run-down, and there was nothing left of me but a shadow. After I had taken eight bottles Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, two of his "Compound Extract of Smart-Weed," also some of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, I was entirely cured. I always keep the remedies on hand now, and recommend them to all my friends. Yours truly,

Mrs. John Bowens,

633 4th Street, Rensselaer, Albany, N. Y.

There is no opium, cocaine or other narcotic in "Favorite Prescription." Neither does it contain alcohol, whisky or other intoxicant.

It often happens that childlessness is due to conditions which may be corrected. Many women have found that the vitality and vigor imparted by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to the womanly organs, has been the one thing needful to fulfill the joy of motherhood. This famous medicine is not a cure-all, but a specialist's prescription, having as a single aim the cure of diseases peculiar to women.

Reliable dealers recommend "Favorite Prescription." With tricky ones, something else that pays them better will probably be urged upon you as "just as good." Perhaps it is, for *them*; but it can't be for *you*. Some saving may be made by purchasing our medicines in half-dozen quantities.

If you are convinced that the "Favorite Prescription" is the medicine you need, do not be cajoled into accepting something else. The attempt to induce you to do so is an insult to your intelligence. Turn your back on the one who offers the affront.

DR. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS

Cure biliousness, sick and bilious headache, dizziness, costiveness, or constipation of the bowels, loss of appetite, coated tongue, sour stomach, windy belchings, "heart-burn," pain and distress after eating, and kindred derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels.

Persons subject to any of these troubles should never be without a vial of the "Pleasant Pellets" at hand. They are always adopted as a household remedy after the first trial. Put up in glass vials, tightly corked, therefore always fresh and reliable.

One little "Pellet" is a laxative, two are cathartic. They regulate, invigorate and cleanse the liver, stomach and bowels. As a "dinner pill," to promote digestion, take one each day. To relieve the distress arising from over-eating, nothing equals one of these little "Pellets." They're tiny, sugar-coated, anti-bilious granules, scarcely larger than mustard seeds.

Doctor Pierce's great thousand-page "Common Sense Medical Adviser" will be sent for the mere cost of mailing; paper-bound for 21 one-cent stamps, or cloth-bound for 31 stamps. It is a grand and useful book. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, 663 Main St., Buffalo, N.Y.

Changed.

She—I thought the Blanks said that uncle of their had such ill-bred manners they couldn't invite him to visit them?

He—They did; but since he has fallen into a million they have decided that he was only eccentric.

The Bud Burst Into Bloom.

"You used to say your boy was a budding genius."

"Well, he's a blooming jackass now."—Cleveland Leader.

A GREAT MEDICINE

BRINGS HEALTH TO THREE MEMBERS OF SAME FAMILY.

Cures a Wife's Debility After Malaria, a Husband's Rheumatism, a Daughter's Nervous Prostration.

"I have recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to many people," said Mrs. Gossett, "because I have seen such good results, time after time, right in my own family. There are three of us who have no doubt about their merits. We do not need to take anybody's word on the subject for our own experience has taught us how well they deserve praise.

"It was just about ten years ago that I first read about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and bought my first box. I was at that time all run down, weak, nervous and without ambition. I had been doctoring all summer for malaria and stomach trouble. Everybody thought I was going into consumption, as my mother had died of that disease.

"Thanks to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, I am now alive and hearty. I began to improve as soon as I began to take them, and when I had taken three boxes I was a well woman. Everyone wonders how I keep so well and am able to care for my home and six children without help. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills explain it.

"My oldest girl's health began to fail when she was about fourteen. She was nervous, complained of sharp pains in her head, would get deathly sick and have to leave the school room to get fresh air to revive her. I gave some pills to her. She took only a few boxes, but they cured her troubles, and caused her to develop into a perfect picture of health. Then my husband took them for rheumatism and found that they would cure that too. So you see we have all got great good from using them, and that is why we recommend them to others."

Mrs. Minnie B. Gossett lives at Uhrichsville, Tuscarawas Co., Ohio, and is well known, as she has resided in the same neighborhood for more than thirteen years. Her story shows that a medicine which makes the blood sound and the nerves strong, overcomes a variety of diseases and should be found in every household. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists everywhere. They have cured anaemia, and all forms of weakness, also the most stubborn cases of dyspepsia and rheumatism. They are indispensable for growing girls.

Exactly.

"Of course there's a difference between a poet and a rhymster."

"Yes. A rhymster is one who speaks proudly of the poems he has written, while a poet speaks modestly of his rhymes."—Philadelphia Press.

To the pure all things are pure until the analytical chemist gets after them.

Catarrh of the Bladder and Kidney Trouble absolutely cured by Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. World famous for over 30 years. $1 a bottle.

Most men seem to think it is a good deal worse to drink too little than too much.

Getting His Money Back.

"I understand that you are about to make moves to regain the money you have lost through the statements of Mr. Jossem of Boston," says the interviewer to the frenzied magnate. "Are you going to fight him on the board of trade?"

"No," answered the frenzied magnate. "I am going to have him dramatized, and then work him over into a parlor game."—Judge.

A Weighty Reason.

The other afternoon, while talking to his gardener, a certain Yorkshire gentleman expressed the opinion that the ivy on the end of the porch was "in a bad way." Indeed, he was half inclined to pull it down. He subsequently mentioned the matter to his wife, who, however, was strongly against such a course.

"Ah, John," remarked the gentleman, on meeting his gardener the next morning, "about that ivy. Mrs. X—— prefers to let it remain as it is. She advances many good reasons why it should not be destroyed."

"Well, sir," replied John, "the lady's entitled to her opinion, of course, but that ivy ought to come down, y'know."

"Perhaps it should—"

"And I've got a good reason or two for saying so," went on the gardener. "In the first place, it's a reg'lar heyesore; in the second, it harbors sparrows, and sparrows is a noosance; in the third, you had a sort of an idea it ought to come down yesterday; and in the fourth—well, I cut it down last night, sir."

Mr. X—— appreciated the "fourth reason" far better than did his wife.

CHILDREN AFFECTED.

By Mother's Food and Drink.

Many babies have been launched into life with constitutions weakened by disease taken in with their mother's milk. Mothers cannot be too careful as to the food they use while nursing their babes. The experience of a Kansas City mother is a case in point:

"I was a great coffee drinker from a child and thought I could not eat a meal without it. But I found at last it was doing me harm. For years I had been troubled with dizziness, spots before my eyes and pain in my heart, to which was added two years ago a chronic sour stomach. The baby was born 7 months ago, and almost from the beginning it, too, suffered from sour stomach. She was taking it from me!

"In my distress I consulted a friend of more experience than mine, and she told me to quit coffee, that coffee did not make good milk, I have since ascertained that it really dries up the milk.

"So, I quit coffee and tried tea and at last cocoa. But they did not agree with me. Then I turned to Postum Coffee with the happiest results. It proved to be the very thing I needed. It not only agreed perfectly with baby and myself, but it increased the flow of my milk. My husband then quit coffee and used Postum, quickly got well of the dyspepsia with which he had been troubled. I no longer suffer from the dizziness, blind spells, pain in my heart or sour stomach. Postum has cured them.

"Now we all drink Postum from my husband to my seven months' old baby. It has proved to be the best hot drink we have ever used. We would not give up Postum for the best coffee we ever drank." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Get the little book "The Road to Wellville" in each pkg.

AGRICULTURE

Experimental Plots.

I must acknowledge that I have been slow in taking advantage of my opportunities. I farmed the old place for many years without attempting to find out what it needed in the way of fertilizer. In fact, I robbed a part of the farm and kept up another part and did not know what I was doing. I used to haul out the manure every spring and put it all onto the fields in which I grow potatoes and corn. That was very good for those particular fields, but was a little hard on the land that did not get any of the manure. I put it on the same fields every year because I believed that every year the corn and potatoes took out all I put on. I am now satisfied that there was a residue left that was not really needed on those fields and would have been paying me better interest had it been put on some of the fields that have never had any barnyard manure.

In attending a farmers' institute I heard the matter of experimental plots discussed and thought I would try one on some of the poorest parts of my farm. I measured off two acres and put no fertilizer on one and various kinds of fertilizers on the other in strips. I left the first acre for a check. I put on the other acre about 1,000 pounds of lime and some phosphates, and a strip on that acre was treated with nitrogen and another with both phosphorus and nitrogen in a commercial form.

The results were remarkable, and I have since been wondering why I did not do it before. I found that the phosphorus and nitrogen were both deficient. I made an application per acre of about 150 pounds of bone meal on a forty-acre field and put on some barnyard manure, enough to give a little more nitrogen and humus to each acre.

It is astonishing how we will run along in the same rut for many years and never think of what is and what might be, till we have an object lesson that brings the truth home to us. I am but just beginning to teach myself by the help of experimental plots and I intend to continue the good work.

Adams Co., Ill. Augustus Mihill.

Seed Corn in the Ear.

A circular letter sent out from the Ottawa, Canada, station, says:

The cost of the small quantity of seed corn that is required to plant an acre, in comparison with the cost for labor in cultivating and handling and the ultimate value per acre of a good crop, would seem to make it clear that the best available seed of the most satisfactory type and variety should be obtained at any reasonable cost. It would be much better for Canadian farmers if they were able to obtain their supplies of seed corn in the ear; they would then have a fair idea of what they were getting. While in the ear, the danger of injury to the vitality of the seed from damp and its after effects is reduced to a minimum. Corn that is shelled by a machine and left in sacks for six weeks or more will seldom germinate more than 75 per cent, unless the conditions for storage have been exceptionally good. The average vitality of seed corn, tested in the seed laboratory last year, were, for corn received in the ear, 95 per cent, and for shelled corn 68 per cent. It is much to be recommended then that, wherever possible, farmers obtain their supplies of seed corn in the ear only. To meet the demand for seed corn in this condition growers would do well to adopt the style of shipping crate that is used for this purpose in the states of Iowa and Illinois. This crate is two feet nine inches long, one foot wide, and one foot deep, and is made of half inch lumber three inches in width. Its capacity is one bushel, or between one hundred and one hundred and twenty ears. If the corn can be planted in hills, this crate will hold sufficient seed for five acres. While it is true that there may be some additional cost for freight, on account of the weight of the cob and of the crate, and that extra work is required in shelling the corn, these become insignificant when the difference in value between an acre of good matured corn and an acre of unsatisfactory corn is considered.

Common White Beans.

It is rather surprising that more attention is not given to the growing of the common white beans. I think that we can greatly improve on the quality of our beans. Why is it that the white bean of the West is not the equal of the white bean of the New England states? I have spent a good deal of time in New England, and there they have what they call the yellow-eyed white bean, and most farmers in the northern part of that section of country are growing them. They are nearly twice as large as the white beans we have here. I noticed that the farmers there planted them on very ordinary ground and after all the other field crops were in. As to manuring, one of them said to me that he used very little manure. When he got around to planting the beans the manure had been all taken out of the barnyard except some of the fine stuff scattered about the yard. This was hoed up for use on the bean field, and with the hoeing a good deal of soil was mixed with the manure. Then a hired man went to work with the soil around the chopping block and raked up a large pile of partly-decayed wood dust, saw dust and the like. This was mixed with the scrapings from the barnyard referred to and was the only manure put on the ground in which beans were to be planted. The manure was not mixed with the soil but scattered thinly in the furrows, tramped down, and the beans drilled upon it. The crop obtained was always good. It is my belief that we often manure too heavily for the best result with white beans.

Ashland Co., O. Walter Bisby.

The farm boy and the farm girl should each own a flock of fowls.

POULTRY

THE HEN.

The hen is not an animal,
  Nor fish, and doesn't sing;
It's just a feathered sort of bird
  And yells like everything.
Whene'er it chances for to lay
  An egg in any place,
Just cackles round and up and down
  And never cracks its face.

And when it wants a family
  It doubles up its legs
And sets on anything in reach,
  Woodpiles, or stones, or eggs.
One time a hen set on an axe,
  Her pride!—no hen could match it!
But finally her poor heart broke
  Because she couldn't hatchet.

All children should be good to hens,
  Till goodness is a habit,
No other thing lays eggs for them
  Except the Easter rabbit;
A rooster is a man hen, but—
  This between me and you—
The hen climbs on a roost to sleep,
  So it's a rooster, too.

—J. M. Lewis in Houston Post.

Johnny's Saving Bank.

Our son Johnny has taken a great fancy to poultry, and he calls his little flock his savings bank. He bought a hen and rooster with the pennies he saved and since that purchase, two years ago, he has been investing about all of his extra pennies in more hens. Hens have been selling at thirty-five cents in the vicinity for years, and every time he gets that amount of money a new hen comes to the farm. Incidentally I might mention that Johnny has an uncle whom he has interested in his savings bank, and from him he succeeds in getting many a dime for errands run. I have a strong suspicion that the said uncle has more errands to do than he really need have, as he has a strong leaning towards Johnny.

The surprising thing is that Johnny's flock has now grown to be bigger than the family flock. Johnny is only twelve years old, but he has an aptitude toward handicraft, and he has built his own hen house and hen yard. He wouldn't be dependent on his father, so he purchased his lumber from a neighbor for a small sum of money. That neighbor got tired of having board fences and bought wire for fences of that material. That threw on the local market (which was Johnny) a considerable amount of lumber in the form of boards, and the owner sold them at just what they would have been worth for fire wood.

The house that Johnny built has only an earth floor and two good windows on the south side, some roosts, nest boxes, and plenty of straw, but the hens are contented in it, and all the hens seem to take an especial pride in making their chicks live and develop into mature biddies. The owner is a hard dealer and will not sell his fowls or eggs under price. Already he has "turned over" his money several times.

His father told him he might have all the land he needed for his flock and that the hens could run and pick all the grass and gather all the scattered grain without charge for same. Now the "old man" is beginning to worry lest Johnny take possession of the whole farm in a few years on the said agreement. The "bank stock" now totals about $30 and is paying four hundred per cent.

J. H. Watkins.

La Salle Co., Ill.

One Dollar a Year Per Hen.

The above is the popular estimate of the cost of feeding a hen a year. At twenty-four cents a dozen, fifty eggs should pay for the cost of keeping her and the balance of the eggs should be an offset against the expense of sheltering and caring for her. That some flocks do not pay a profit is due to careless management by the owner, for whether on the farm or in an establishment devoted to the raising of poultry it should not cost more than the sum mentioned to supply the food the hen consumes annually.

In the light of this, the reason why some flocks do not pay is that they are so badly taken care of that the losses from diseases, rats, mites, and preying animals and birds is very great. We say that it costs only a dollar to feed a hen a year. On that estimate it costs a man to feed 100 hens half a year $50, and the fowls do not begin to lay before that time in most cases. Now on many farms the farmer has lost half of his fowls by fall and thus the food that was put into them has been wasted. This runs up rapidly into money, and the rest of the hens have to pay abnormal profits to make a good showing for the flock.

If we but take an account of the situation we find that the mortality among the poultry is something enormous. What would we think if half of our calves died off before they were six months old, or if we should habitually have steers drop down and die or perish from the numerous causes that cause losses in the feathered flocks?

It has been said that we can make a profit of $1 a hen easily, and so we can on the hens that live. But the unfortunate fact is that we make less than nothing on the hens that die before having laid the eggs they are supposed to lay in a year.

I think this is the source of much of the discouragement in poultry raising. However it may be said, that most of the mortality among the fowls comes from things that can be prevented by a little care and forethought.

Allen Co., Ind. Sophia Belknap.

Protect the fowls at night. Do not trust the birds to take care of themselves. There are almost no situations where prowling animals of some kind are not likely to work havoc at night.

Do not permit the fowls to roost over a mass of droppings; on warm winter nights these send up large quantities of ammonia, which is very harmful to the health of the fowls.

HOW TWO BEAUTIFUL WOMEN ESCAPED PELVIC CATARRH BY AID OF PE-RU-NA.

Female Weakness Is Usually Pelvic Catarrh. Pe-ru-na Cures Catarrh Wherever Located.

Mrs. Lizzie Redding, 3134 B Clifton Place, St. Louis, Mo., writes:

"I found after trying many different medicines to restore me to health, that Peruna was the only thing which could be depended upon. I began taking it when I was in a decline, induced by female weakness and overwrought nerves.

"I began to feel stronger during the first week I took Peruna and my health improved daily until now I am in perfect health and enjoy life as I never did before."—Lizzie Redding.

MRS. MABLE BRADFORD

MRS. LIZZIE REDDING.

Mrs. Mable Bradford, 13 Church street, Burlington, Vt., Secretary Whittier Oratorio Society, writes:

"Peruna is certainly a wonderful medicine for the ills of women. I have heard it spoken of in the highest praise by many, and certainly my experience is well worthy of a good word.

"I began to have severe pains across my back about a year ago, brought on by a cold, and each subsequent month brought me pain and distress.

"Your remedy was prescribed, and the way it acted upon my system was almost too good to be true. I certainly have regained my health and strength, and I no longer suffer periodical pains and extreme lassitude."—Mable Bradford.

Thousands of Women Cured Every Year by Correspondence—This is What Dr. Hartman Proposes to Do For You Without Charge.

Women who suffer should read the evidences presented here. We have thousands of letters from grateful friends who tell the same story.

Half the ills that are peculiarly woman's own are of a catarrhal character. Female weakness was not understood for many years.

Dr. Hartman deserves the credit of having determined its real character. He has made catarrh and catarrhal diseases, including pelvic catarrh a life-long study.

Peruna cures catarrh, whether of the pelvic organs or any other organ of the human body.

Pe-ru-na, a Natural Beautifier.

Peruna produces clean, mucous membranes, the basis of facial symmetry and a perfect complexion.

The women have not been slow to discover that a course of Peruna will do more toward restoring youthful beauty than all the devices known to science.

Many a girl has regained her faded beauty, many a matron has lengthened the days of her comely appearance by using Peruna.

In Peruna these women find a prompt and permanent cure.

Thousands of testimonials to this effect are received by Dr. Hartman every year. The good that Peruna has accomplished in this class of cases can scarcely be over-estimated.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio. All correspondence held strictly confidential.

Their Name Is Legion.

The aged colored gentleman had applied for admission at the pearly gates.

"What was your business when on earth?" inquired St. Peter.

"Body servant to Gen. Washington, sah."

"Oh, well, you want to go to that lower gate," said St. Peter, not unkindly. "You see, body servants of Gen. Washington got so numerous that we roped off a nice, roomy section where they could all be together. You'll find 'em all there."

And the aged Ethiopian tottered away.—Houston Chronicle.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c. per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

His Kind.

"Well, how do you like it?" inquired Mephisto of the new arrival in hades.

"Oh, I feel right at home," cheerfully responded the actor, who had always played villain parts. "I see there are a great many fiends in human form about."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children.

Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York, cure Constipation, Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. Over 30,000 testimonials. At all Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A.S.Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

Paid Well.

"You say that frivolous looking young woman made a million dollars?"

"Yes; she invented a system for making men propose."—Detroit Free Press.

Known by Its Smoke.

"Pa, what's the brand of Cain?"

"I'm not positive, Johnny, but I think it's the brand that Jones smokes."—

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

A man gets to be a statesman after the public thinks he is too smart to be put in jail.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave. N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Lots of troubles are bluffed away by a square look in their faces.

Truths that Strike Home

Your grocer is honest and—if he cares to do so—can tell you that he knows very little about the **bulk** coffee he sells you. How *can* he know, where it originally came from, how it was blended—**or with what**—or when roasted? If you buy your coffee loose by the pound, how *can* you expect purity and uniform quality?

LION COFFEE, **the LEADER OF ALL PACKAGE COFFEES, is of necessity uniform in quality, strength and flavor. For OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY, LION COFFEE has been the standard coffee in millions of homes.**

LION COFFEE is carefully packed at our factories, and until opened in your home, has no chance of being adulterated, or of coming in contact with dust, dirt, germs, or unclean hands.

In each package of LION COFFEE you get **one full pound** of Pure Coffee. Insist upon getting the genuine. (Lion head on every package.)

(Save the Lion-heads for valuable premiums.)

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Mayer Working Shoes

Meet the special requirements of the **Farmer, Miner, Lumberman** and other working men who need strong, well made shoes.

Made from the best upper leather obtainable for the purpose and heavy tough soles. Will not grow hard or crack with ordinary care. Ask for Mayer shoes and look for the trade-mark on the sole.

For a Sunday or dress shoe wear the "Honorbilt" for men.

F. MAYER BOOT & SHOE CO.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Some people seem to think worry is foresight.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

N W N U — NO. 14— 1905

$100 Weekly Easily Made

writing health and accident insurance; experience unnecessary. Write Bankers' Accident Co., Des Moines, Ia.

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

St. Jacobs Oil

Known the world over as the promptest, surest cure for **Rheumatism and Neuralgia**

BASE HOPE ON NAVAL FIGHT

RUSSIANS ARE NOT YET READY TO TREAT FOR PEACE, SAYS M'CORMICK.

NOW LOOK TO ROJESTVENSKY

HOPE THAT HE MAY WIN VICTORY THAT WILL CHANGE ASPECT OF WAR.

PEACE MOVE FALLS THROUGH

ROOSEVELT'S DEPARTURE ON VACATION LOOKED UPON AS PROVING IT.

New York, April 6.—Robert S. McCormick, newly appointed ambassador to France, who has just arrived in Paris from St. Petersburg, says he is surprised at the reports that there was a desire to conclude peace at any price manifested in official circles, cables the Paris correspondent of the Herald. According to Ambassador McCormick, no such desire exists in St. Petersburg.

"On the contrary, in official circles there is," he said, "a general desire to continue the war to the bitter end, and there are great hopes that Admiral Rojestvensky will meet the Japanese fleet and gain a victory which may in one day change the entire aspect of the war.

"All the hopes of Russia are now centered in that fleet, and its encounter with the Japanese squadron is looked forward to with confidence.

"Reports of American intervention in the war are without the slightest foundation."

Peace Move Dropped.

St. Petersburg, April 6. — The announcement that President Roosevelt has left Washington on a vacation trip is accepted here as evidence that the efforts to draw Russia and Japan into peace negotiations have come to grief for the moment. No definite explanation of exactly what happened is forthcoming, but the general impression is that Japan either declined to treat upon the Russian basis or demanded a direct avowal that there was a pacific disposition.

At any rate, the advocates of a continuation of the war seem secure of their position and everything indicates that the hope of an immediate

Change of Fortune

is staked on Vice Admiral Rojestvensky, whose squadron, according to the best information, is now actually on its way to meet the Japanese.

The admiralty is greatly encouraged by the prospects that Rojestvensky will be able to defeat Admiral Togo, owing to the splendid reports which have just arrived here from Madagascar, recounting in detail the condition of the ships and personnel, and the results of the target practice of the squadron and of the maneuvers in which the warships have been drilling for three months.

Quiet at the Front.

Harbin, April 6. — Affairs at the front generally are quiet except for skirmishing by Gen. Mistchenko's Cossacks.

Reports are received of the movement of a Japanese flying column northward through Manchuria in the direction of Tsitsihar.

The loss and destruction of commissariat stores at Mukden, Hussital, Tie Pass, Kaiyuan and Changtufu has been a heavy deprivation to the Russian army. As a result the price of forage and provisions has considerably increased.

SEEK TO KILL TREPOFF.

Terrorists Found to Be Acting on Concerted Plan.

St. Petersburg, April 6.—The police arrested yesterday in the Nevesky Prospect a man disguised as a carriage driver, presumably belonging to the same organization as the twelve persons who were arrested last week for supposed connection with terrorist schemes. There is little doubt that there was a plot against the life of Gov. Gen. Trepoff, and the latest arrest indicates that the terrorists are acting on a concerted plan, with auxiliaries and lookouts to aid the actual perpetrator of the assassination.

Negro Kills Four.

Batesville, Ark., April 6.—John Dow, a negro, last night shot dead his wife. He then turned on his wife's mother and father, killing them both. He also shot and killed Mrs. Jones, a friend of Mrs. Dow. The tragedy resulted from Mrs. Dow's refusal to live with her husband.

EARTHQUAKE KILLS MANY.

Fine Mosques and Public Buildings Razed in India.

Lahore, British India, April 6. — A violent earthquake has occurred here, accompanied by serious loss of life and great damage to public and other buildings. The town hall is almost razed and the cathedral and Juma Masjid, one of the finest mosques in India, are seriously injured. Other big buildings are cracked and disfigured. Many houses in the native quarters collapsed.

Killed a Man.

Steubenville, Ohio, April 6.—It was learned yesterday that Peter Hardy, aged 26 years, was killed by President Roosevelt's special train at Mingo Junction while attempting to board an east-bound freight train.

Prince's Auto Kills Woman.

Rome, April 6.—While Prince and Princess Brogli were riding in a motor car to Naples at the speed of forty-five miles an hour, their car ran over and killed a woman. The prince was arrested.

BIG OVATION FOR ROOSEVELT.

Louisville's Reception Is Marked by Wonderful Enthusiasm.

Louisville, Ky., April 6.—With nature smiling in the first blush of spring and a steady sunshine enhancing the brilliancy of elaborate decorations in all the streets and avenues, Louisville yesterday paid splendid tribute to President Roosevelt. The entire city practically turned the day into a holiday, and Mr. Roosevelt, responding with his accustomed warmth to the joviality on every side, won the heart of every celebrating Kentuckian.

The president was just two hours in the heart of the city. His reception was marked by wonderful enthusiasm. Tottering veterans, who had been enemies in the Civil war, marched shoulder to shoulder, contrasting the blue and the gray, as a personal escort to the chief magistrate.

It was a memorable day for Kentucky. The glories of the state were sounded by the far-reaching throngs, and Kentucky fervor reached a climax in tumultuous cheering when the president spoke in glowing praise of the state. Mr. Roosevelt, true to his gift of adaptness, turned himself to the flowing Kentucky spirits. Altogether his visit passed without one jar or hitch.

Mr. Roosevelt met with many evidences during his visit that "race suicide" does not afflict this city. There were school children at almost every turn. The president commented on their numbers, and not a gathering of little ones was passed by without a gracious bow.

In the shadow of a magnificent bronze statue of Thomas Jefferson, just in front of the architecturally pleasing court house of Jefferson county, President Roosevelt in something less than fifteen minutes delivered a notable address to a crowd which extended for two blocks on the east and west sides of the speaker's stand, which jammed intersecting avenues and overran the broad lawns which skirt the square. No more than one-fifth of those who saw the president could hear what he said, but they cheered him heartily nevertheless, interruptions of applause occurring almost momentarily.

The president's welcome to Kentucky was typical of the state and his references in his speech to "a united country," his greeting of Confederate veterans as "my comrades" and his allusion to the wearer of the gray who bore aloft at the head of the procession of escort the "flag of one united country" immensely pleased those who could hear him.

The president was in Louisville but two hours, but not a moment was lost. Everywhere the crowds were enormous, but orderly, and barring a little confusion in front of the speaker's stand the police arrangements were excellent.

The president was greatly pleased at the cordiality of the crowd and much touched over the presentation of three magnificent souvenirs reminiscent of Abraham Lincoln, which occurred a few moments before his train departed for the Southwest.

Arrives at St. Louis.

St. Louis, April 6.—The special train bearing President Roosevelt and party pulled into East St. Louis on time last evening, reaching the Illinois Transfer Belt Line at 7 o'clock, where the Southern railway handed the train over to the terminal company for transfer over the river to St. Louis.

WAS GOING TO KILL GOV. HOCH.

Insane Man Arrested in Topeka Says Murder Is His Mission.

Topeka, Kan., April 6.—An insane man, who gives his name as J. Everest Worthington, whose former place of residence the police have been unable to learn, was captured Monday within a block of the state house, where he said he was going to kill Gov. E. W. Hoch. The man was unarmed, but he is of a powerful build and undoubtedly would have handled the chief executive roughly had he not been intercepted. The news of the capture was withheld by the police until yesterday. Worthington is now in the county jail and will be sent to an asylum.

Communication his held with him by means of written questions and answers, as he pretends

To Be Deaf and Dumb.

In answer to a question in regard to what his purpose was with the governor, Worthington said:

"I was inspired by Pyrus, the god of fire, to come here and kill Gov. Hoch. I have sworn eternal vengeance against all statesmen who pretend that they are self-made men. If it had not been for his officer who captured me, Gov. Hoch would have been no more, for I was on my way to the capitol to kill him when I was arrested. One who has risen from obscurity to a high place is the worst enemy of the impecunious genteel. Therefore, I hate Hoch."

Worthington dresses well and has the appearance of a man of intelligence. He is tall and strong and has red hair and blue eyes. He was arrested by C. D. Miler, the officer of the juvenile court, whose attention was attracted by the peculiar actions of the man.

WILL VISIT MISSOURI.

New Jersey Legislators Want to Be Shown How to Get Rid of Lobbyists.

New York, April 6.—Assemblymen Alexander, Colby and Robbins of the New Jersey legislature, will, it is reported, start for Missouri in a few days, as a committee to ask Gov. Folk to suggest the best manner of barring lobbyists from the house and rendering their work null. Lobbyists have been worrying New Jersey legislators for years, and it is now proposed to get rid of them if possible.

Child Burned to Death.

Atlanta, Ill., April 6.—The four-year-old son of Frank Maupin was burned to death yesterday in a fire which destroyed a carpenter shop. The father was fatally burned trying to rescue his son from the flames.

Saved From Suicide.

Galesville, Wis., April 6.—Hanging by the neck from a rafter in the stable, Lars Osley, aged seventy, was found by one of his children. Life was not yet extinct and the would-be suicide was restored.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

The Week's Proceedings.

St. Paul, March 30.—By a vote of 42 to 7 the senate passed without debate House File No. 1, known as the wide-open tax amendment, a measure which the senate refused to pass two years ago. The bill removes most of the restrictions which the present constitution places around the legislature in the enactment of tax laws.

A petition signed by thirty-two of the leading shippers in Duluth protesting against the passage of H. F. 82, the so-called reciprocal demurrage bill, was presented to the senate. The petition was referred to the committee on railroads.

After an animated debate the senate committee of the whole recommended for passage Senator J. F. Frater's bill appropriating $25,000 for a third fish hatchery to be located near Brainerd, with the understanding that the measure be referred to the finance committee, retaining its place on the calendar.

The senate passed the following:

Authorizing county commissioners to allow county superintendents receiving salary less than $1,200 per annum $250 for expenses; providing for the adoption of abandoned children coming into the possession of an incorporated Bethel society; regulating the practice of embalming; permitting cities of less than 10,000 inhabitants to include within their limits lands within an adjoining county; to provide for the separation of unplatted agricultural lands included within the limits of villages in certain cases; to provide for the drainage of the swamp and marshy lands of the state.

St. Paul, March 31.—Senator Hiler H. Horton's capitol bill, leaving the new capitol under the control of the capitol commission for two years, was passed by the senate yesterday over Gov. Johnson's veto, by a vote of 46 to 13. Of the 49 Republicans present, all voted for the bill except Senators O. K. Naeseth of Aspelund and E. B. Wood of Long Prairie, who voted against it, and Senator Charles A. Johnson of St. Peter, who was excused from voting. All of the eleven Democratic senators were present and voted against the bill.

The house of representatives followed the action of the senate and passed over the veto of Gov. Johnson the Horton bill placing the new state capitol under the care of the capitol commission for two years. The vote in the house was 87 to 25.

Gov. Johnson last evening refused to make any comment on the action of the legislature.

The Horton bill as redrafted by the house previously to its passage places the care and maintenance of the new capitol, including the hiring and discharging of employes, in the hands of the capitol commission until the building is completed, when it is to be placed in charge of the governor. The measure requires that the capitol be turned over to the governor at the expiration of two years, if it is not completed sooner.

Senator George W. Somerville's inheritance tax bill was recommended for passage yesterday by the senate committee of the whole without a dissenting vote.

The senate adopted an amendment to Senator Henry A. Morgan's bill providing for a separate training school for girls so as to provide that the state board of control instead of the commission created in the original bill, shall select the site. At the request of Senator Morgan, the committee reported progress on the bill.

The Perley bill, taking the state university and the normal schools from the jurisdiction of the state board of control, scored an overwhelming victory in the house, and passed by a vote of 78 to 27. The Perley bill places the management of the state university in the hands of the board of university regents, and of the state normal schools in the hands of the normal school board, instead of having the financial management of the institutions in the hands of the state board of control as under the present law.

The house decided to continue the present method of trying offenders on the state fair grounds before a justice of the peace named and paid by the board of fair managers.

The house by a vote of 44 to 60 killed the bill by Senator Coller memorializing congress to repeal the national bankruptcy act.

A 2 1-2-cent-a-mile maximum passenger rate in Minnesota secured the approval of the house committee of the whole without discussion.

St. Paul, April 4.—The house probably will take the final vote on sixty-seven bills to-day. There were thirteen bills on the calendar yesterday, but none were voted on, the house preferring to work in committee of the whole, disposing of the many measures on general orders.

The result was a surprise to the most industrious members. Eighty bills were considered and fifty-four measures were recommended to pass.

The most important general measure passed upon was the bill by Representative A. L. Cole of Walker, providing for the collection of information and data as to the swamp lands owned by the state, and for the preparation by the state drainage commission of a comprehensive system of drainage for all state lands.

Representative Rachie's bill to impose a 4 per cent gross earnings tax on the local and the Minnesota proportion of the interstate earnings of freight line companies, based on mileage, was also recommended to pass without opposition.

Representative W. C. Fraser secured a favorable report on his bill to prevent the use of drugs in preparing domestic animals for sale and barter for the purpose of deceiving the purchaser.

Three bills affecting railroads were recommended to pass. Senator Stone's bill to make all mileage issued by railroads transferable was amended so as not to apply to interchangeable mileage good on more than one road, and was recommended to pass with the amendment. The house also approved the bill by Representative W. C. Fraser to require railroads to build hog and sheep-tight fences along portions of their rights of way bordering on hog or sheep pastures tightly fenced on the other three sides, and Representative J. A. Gates' bill to require grade crossings in cities or villages to be protected with automatic gates or flagmen.

The senate yesterday made a specialty of killing election bills. Taking its cue from the house, which disposed of several measures a few days ago, the senate indefinitely postponed Senator E. B. Wood's bill to extend the primary law to state officers and Senator P. Fitzpatrick's bill to provide for a separate election in the spring for judges of the district and supreme courts.

The senate passed without debate Senator George R. Laybourn's bill to limit the consolidations of domestic life and casualty insurance companies.

Senator A. B. Cole's bill to raise the salary of the insurance commissioner from $2,500 to $4,500 and to provide that the fees for the valuation of life insurance policies shall be turned into the state treasury was passed by the senate by a vote of 35 to 2.

Provision for improving the fire protection at the state fair grounds is made in a bill passed by the senate yesterday.

St. Paul, April 5.—The Perley bill, which removes the university and the normal schools from the jurisdiction of the board of control, needs only the signature of Gov. John A. Johnson to become a law. It passed the senate yesterday without amendment by a vote of 46 to 8. The bill provides that the only jurisdiction the board of control shall have over the affairs of these institutions relates to the erection of buildings, the purchase of fuel and the placing of insurance. A purchasing agent, the bill provides, shall be appointed by the regents of the university and one by the state normal school board to superintend the purchasing of supplies for the schools.

The Lund bill, abolishing private banks, was given a lease of life by the senate yesterday, when the minority report of the committee, recommending that the bill be placed on general orders, was adopted by a vote of 32 to 18. The majority report of the committee was that the bill be indefinitely postponed.

The bill by Senator A. B. Cole fixing the compensation of the private secretary of the governor at $3,600 passed the senate yesterday, after it had been amended on the calendar so that it will take effect Jan. 1, 1907, instead of Jan. 1, 1906.

The house passed thirty-one bills yesterday, among the more important being the following:

To authorize counties to extend the outlets of existing ditches into an adjoining state; to prohibit corporations organized for pecuniary profit from making contributions for campaign purposes; to authorize the state auditor to advertise sales of state lands and the advantages Minnesota offers settlers; to forbid common carriers from employing locomotive engineers not having three years' experience as an engineer or fireman; to empower cities of less than 10,000 inhabitants to issue bonds for purchasing or improving water works; to make abandonment or neglect of a wife and children a gross misdemeanor; to allow an additional county road tax of half a mill in 1906 and 1907 in certain cases; to provide for a comprehensive system of draining all state lands; to impose a 4 per cent tax on the gross earnings of freight line companies; to prohibit the sale of the flesh of calves less than four weeks old; to prohibit foreign insurance companies from removing cases brought against them to the United States courts.

HILL MUST WAIT FOR MANDATE.

Supreme Court Refuses to Issue Order for Distribution of Merger Stock.

Washington, April 5. — In the supreme court of the United States yesterday the chief justice handed down the opinion of the court in the case of Harriman vs. the Northern Securities company, the decision in which was announced several weeks ago. The motion for the immediate issuance of the mandate was denied, the date of issuance being fixed for April 17.

SLAUGHTER IN LIBERIA.

Negro Tribes Are at Warfare and Many Women Are Victims.

Liverpool, April 5.—According to a report brought by the Royal Mail steamer Sokoto from West Africa, tribal warfare is now raging in Liberia. Natives of the Picanannynes tribe on March 13 attacked Cestos, killing sixty men and eighty women. The Cestos natives are organizing a big counter expedition. When the Sokoto sailed a fierce encounter, with much slaughter, was expected.

DEATH RATHER THAN SCHOOL.

Boy Shoots Himself to Escape Attending School.

Lincoln, Neb., April 5—"I don't want to go to school" were the last words of Merl O'Brien, eighteen years of age, who shot himself yesterday and will die. The family moved here recently from York county in order that the children might go to school. The father of the boy says Merle was homesick for the farm and the old home scenes and had been despondent.

MANY IRISH COMING.

Immigration From Ireland This Spring Promises to Break All Records.

New York, April 5. — An exodus from the "auld sod" has begun, and the first lot of sturdy Irish immigrants arrived yesterday on the Celtic. It is said the exodus will break all records this spring of recent Irish immigration. Among the 1,040 immigrants were many rosy cheeked and sparkling-eyed girls. Hundreds of Irish-Americans thronged the street in front of the barge office to see the newcomers

In Minnesota.

State News of the Week Briefly Told.

The Great Northern will have 400 Italians at Dassel in two weeks to continue the straightening and grading of this division.

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Burglars entered the saloon of Nicholas Gludt at Lake City and carried away $2 and some provisions. No clue has been found.

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J. P. Risdon of Wheaton has purchased the summer hotel at Marion Lake, known as the Eagle Nest, and will enlarge the building.

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While at play at Duluth, Peter Thompson, aged 11, was shot through the heart accidentally by a rifle in the hands of John Beverly Jones, aged 14.

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The Omaha and Rock Island stations at Pipestone were broken into. Little was taken, but the suspected thieves were soon placed under arrest.

: : : :

Dr. J. B. Dunn was held up by highwaymen at St. Cloud while returning home from a late train. The robbers secured his watch and a part of his money.

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The directors of the Bank of Deer Creek have elected James A. Brown of Fergus Falls president, to succeed E. J. Webber, whose death occurred a few weeks ago.

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The Perham board of education has engaged Prof. F. A. Schuetz, superintendent of the public schools, for another year. There will be several changes in the corps of teachers.

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Rev. James E. McConnell submitted his resignation to the First Congregational church at Northfield and announced that he had accepted a call to the Union church of Providence, R. I.

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The Dassal village council will make extensive additions to the present waterworks system. When the work is done the system will cover the entire village instead of the business portion only.

: : : :

The Janesville band, which is one of the best south of the Twin Cities, has new uniforms. The drama "My Partner" was given in the opera house as a benefit to the band, the proceeds amounting to $71.

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John Beverly Jones, a 14-year-old Duluth lad, who shot and killed his companion, Peter Thompson, was arrested and charged with manslaughter in the second degree. The complaint issued by the district attorney is that it was a case of reckless and culpable negligence.

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Presiding Elder Peter Claire has announced that Rev. William Kearns, formerly of Minneapolis, a graduate of Hamline university and recently of the Boston Theological seminary, has been appointed to fill the vacancy at Janesville made by the resignation of Rev. A. T. Foster.

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Dr. Frank Shook of the Northern Pacific sanatorium at Brainerd has passed the examination to enter the medical service of the United States navy, and will be assigned to either the naval hospital at New York or Philadelphia in a short time. He is a son of Capt. Shook of Aitkin and a graduate of Ann Arbor.

: : : :

Daniel McNaughton, day pumpman at the Albany mine at Two Harbors, was accidentally killed by falling into a hole eighty feet deep. The day miners coming from work missed McNaughton at the dryhouse, and a search resulted in the finding of his body at the bottom of the shaft. He was 35 years old and unmarried.

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Winston Bros. & Dear have closed a contract for the purchase of the outfit of the Millerin-Philbin company, a mine-stripping firm on the Mesaba range. The consideration was about $100,000. The purchasers take over the unfinished stripping contract at the Monroe-Tener mine at Chisholm, which consists of 1,500,000 yards.

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Simon Michelet, United States Indian agent, will commence the allotment of additional land to the members of the Minnesota band of Chippewas on the White Earth reservation on April 24. The land will be allotted under the Steenerson additional allotment bill. The number of Indians entitled to participate will be about 4,000. The sale of logs cut on the reservation the past winter took place at the agency the 20th inst. The timber consisted of green, dead and fallen pine timber and spruce logs cut on alloted and unalloted lands. The price was $9, $10 and $12.55 per 1,000 feet. This is the highest price ever paid for reservation logs and the Indians are much pleased. The approximate number of feet will be about 12,000,000.

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Sheriff Fossberg of Warren arrested Elias Lofstrom near Holt, where, it is alleged, he conducted a blind pig last fall and sold wood alcohol to Nels Bjorklund on Dec. 14. Bjorklund disappeared after drinking, and his body was found, partly devoured by wolves.

Florence Kellogg, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Kellogg of Goodhue, was seated by the stove when her dress caught fire. Her clothing was burned through to the body and all the hair on the back of her head was burned off. She will recover.

Arlington, S. D., April 5.—Word was received yesterday that Webster McCaskell of this place, an electrician and civil engineer, who was on a trip through Arkansas, was drowned while boating on the White river in that state. He leaves a mother and brother here.

St. Louis, April 5.—Samuel Schram, aged forty-three years, died from a self-inflicted wound yesterday, after having shot his wife in the mouth. He also shot at and missed his son. Domestic troubles led to the shooting.

SCHOOLS BORROW FUNDS.

Board of Investment Loans $113,000 to Districts.

Applications from school districts for state loans for the erection of schools were considered at a meeting of the state investment board in Gov. Johnson's office. It was voted to loan $113,000. All of this money is to be used for the building of schoolhouses, most of which will be commenced within the next few days.

The applications passed were a small part of the number filed. There seems to be an urgent demand all over the state for schoolhouses, so urgent that the smaller districts, where the valuation is as yet low, cannot borrow enough money from the state to meet the demand for new and larger schoolhouses. The amendment to the state constitution, allowing the districts to borrow a greater percentage of their property valuation, has extended to many new districts the privilege of borrowing money from the state.

The largest loan passed on goes to Rushford, Independent District No. 16, Fillmore county. The board passed on a loan of $26,000 to this district.

Following is a list of the school districts to which loans were voted by the board of investment:

County—	Dist. No.	Amount.
Aitkin	7	$400
Benton	66	600
Chippewa	34	600
Chippewa	42	1,000
Crow Wing	92	600
Crow Wing	94	300
Fillmore (Independent)	16	26,000
Houston (Independent)	42	10,000
Houston	1	6,700
Houston	108	600
Todd and Morrison (consolidated)	2 and 46	7,000
Martin	118	2,000
Marshall	117	600
Olmsted	27	1,000
Otter Tail	78	700
Otter Tail	236	600
Polk (Independent)	142	5,000
Polk (Independent)	1	6,000
Pope	27	14,000
Renville (Independent	..	6,000
Roseau	17	3,500
Red Lake	23	300
Swift (Appleton Ind.)	..	13,000
St. Louis	51	900
Todd	37	400
Todd	15	800
Wright	35	600
Total		$113,000

ROSING TAKES HIS SEAT.

Succeeds J. F. Jacobson as a Member of Board of Control.

It took an opinion from Attorney General Young to land Leonard A. Rosing of Cannon Falls, the newly appointed member of the state board of control, in office Monday. Mr. Rosing, after filing a bond of $25,000 with the secretary of state, appeared in the office of the board of control to assume the duties of his new office. There was doubt in the mind of J. F. Jacobson, chairman of the board, as to whether his term of office had really expired. It looked for a time as though Mr. Rosing would not take his seat for a few days at least. Mr. Jacobson maintained that though commissions are dated from April 3, 1901, the board did not organize nor did its members qualify until April 9. For this reason he held that his term did not expire until Saturday, April 9.

In view of the fact that Mr. Jacobson was chairman of the board of control and must sign all of the warrants, it was thought best to have the matter determined before Mr. Rosing entered upon the duties of his office. Attorney General Young was appealed to and after a short deliberation decided that Mr. Jacobson's term had expired and that the date of his commission and not the date of the organization of the board should determine the limit of the term. Later in the afternoon Mr. Jacobson gave way and Mr. Rosing was declared a member of the board of control, his commission being duly signed by Gov. Johnson.

Mr. Rosing is appointed for six years. With his appointment on the board, Judge Gould becomes its chairman. Judge Gould has two years to serve.

STARTS AFTER THE MILKMEN.

Vigorous Campaign Against Blue Milk Is On.

E. K. Slater, state dairy and food commissioner, has started a legal campaign against alleged violators of the pure milk and cream laws. Frank C. Graham, the inspector who has been investigating the condition of the condition of the milk supply of the state, left for Clearwater, where a number of cases are to be brought against milk vendors who, it is alleged, have been watering their milk and adulterating it in other ways.

When the inspection was started all those dealers whose samples proved to be deficient in butter fat or otherwise adulterated, were given warning that if within a reasonable time the milk sold by them did not come up to the standard they would be prosecuted. In several cases second and third samples were found to be as bad as the first, and these are the cases to be prosecuted.

Inspector Graham will be gone for some time and will bring several cases to trial. When these are completed it is expected that suits will be brought against some of the Twin City dairymen for watering milk, placing gelatin in cream and chalking milk.

Two Blocks Burned.

Presque Isle, Maine, April 6.—Fire here yesterday burned two blocks, three connected buildings occupied as stores and a residence. The loss is estimated at $60,000, with insurance amounting to $28,850.

On the Warpath.

Corey, Pa., April 6.—Lester Henry, an Indian, said to be a graduate of the Carlisle school, killed one Indian with a shotgun and wounded half a dozen others before his arrest yesterday. He had a quarrel with his sweetheart.

Pray to Stop Forest Fires.

Hagerstown, Md., April 6.—Efforts to check the forest fire raging on South Mountain, east of this city, have been futile and the mountain people are praying for rain to stop the ravages of the flames.

NEEDS NINE COMPANIES.

Militia Encampment May Be Shortened to Furnish Funds.

Members of the national guard may be in camp at Lake City only eight days instead of ten next summer, as within the next two years nine new companies must be organized to make the Minnesota national guard conform to the provisions of the Dick law. The law provides that by 1909 each regiment of the national guard must have twelve companies in order to secure the $1,800 federal aid granted each year to advance the interests of the guard.

The cost to organize a company is roughly estimated at $3,000, so that it will cost the state approximately $30,000 to comply with the provisions of the Dick law. By exercising strict economy, it is hoped that the Dick law may be complied with. The state has been receiving the federal aid under the Dick law for some time, but it is contingent on the agreement that the state increase each of its three regiments by three companies. Should the state fail to do so by 1909, federal aid will cease. No steps have been taken as yet to increase the regiments, so that the brunt of the labor must fall upon Adjt. Gen. Wood.

Active steps will be taken by the department of military affairs to comply with the provisions of the law as soon as the legislature adjourns. Should there be enough money otherwise available, the annual encampment may not be shortened.

The burden of raising nine companies of national guard within two years is not entirely financial. It is hard at times to keep the interest in the national guard aroused. The work for the most part is a labor of love, and at times recruits are secured with difficulty.

One of the important matters still to be decided is the distribution of the new companies throughout the state. It has tentatively been agreed that two of the new companies are to be organized in Minneapolis and one in St. Paul. St. Paul has at present three companies of the First regiment, one of the Third, a battery of artillery and a corps of engineers, which is considered all that can be supported here.

Several towns have made application for the other six companies, but there has been no definite action. St. Cloud has no company and it is believed would be a good location.

Bemidji has a company on the waiting list which will probably be admitted if the plans are successful. Some time ago it organized a military company independently which has never been admitted into the national guard because of lack of funds.

Other towns which are mentioned as acceptable locations for new companies are Moorhead, Albert Lea, Alexandria and Marshall, and several others which have not as yet been announced.

Adjt. Gen. Wood has decided that the First regiment, which is located in the Twin Cities, will go into camp from June 8 to 12. The second regiment will follow about June 21, and the Third about July 10. These dates are based on the regulation period of encampment, and should it be found necessary to shorten the period, the schedule will be changed.

LAST DRY STOCK IS CLOSED OUT.

Old Lumber at Head of Lakes Well Cleared Up.

The last big bunch of dry lumber at the head of the lakes has been cleaned out, and all that remains are little jags of miscellaneous sorts, a few hundred thousand here and there. The late sales have been by the Merrill-Ring Lumber company. There were several million feet in the transactions, and at good prices. All the poor and all of the good lumber goes East in the spring.

A few sales of small lots of lumber to be cut have been made and others are pending, but nothing of much importance is under way at this time. It is an interesting fact that much of the good lumber from the Merrill-Ring sale is taken at home, by the Red Cliff Lumber company, for its large factory at West End, where it is doing a large amount of business in working up raw lumber and shipping south and west.

On account of the large extension of telephone and telegraph lines, and the large amount of new land taken in this country, there is a sharp demand for cedar, and the many heavy firms locally engaged in the business are rushing matters. An enormous quantity of big poles are to go to the rival telephone companies for long-distance work throughout the Northwest, and there is much construction in other lines requiring cedar. The tie market is looking stronger than for some time, and the increase in railway construction planned for the year is sure to have an important effect on this branch.

The small sawmill put in at Rice River, near Ashawa, by John Edblom, has started. It is only of about 10,000 feet daily capacity, and its product will be consumed by settlers in the northern country. It is the first interior mill to be placed north of the Mesaba range in the timber region along the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake road.

REYES AND CASTRO CLASH.

Slight to Colombian Envoy May Cause Trouble.

Willemstad, Curacao, April 6—Senor Lucan Gebailero, the Colombian minister who was not received by President Castro of Venezuela, sailed yesterday for New York on the steamer Philadelphia from La Guiara. It is reported that he is charged with a diplomatic mission relating to possible trouble between Colombia and Venezuela.

Lakewood, N. J., April 5.—James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern railway, arrived here on a special train yesterday afternoon, accompanied by his wife. It had been reported here that Mrs. Hill was seriously ill, but Mr. Hill reported that his wife's sickness was not serious.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., April 5. — Frank Daigle and James Poppas are supposed to have been drowned off Point-au-Pins, by falling through the ice. A seaching party has left for the scene.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 15, 1905. NUMBER 39.

MINNESOTA IS LAUNCHED

MOST POWERFUL WARSHIP IN THE WORLD GLIDES INTO THE WATER.

MISS SCHALLER IS SPONSOR

CHRISTENS GREAT VESSEL AS IT SLIPS GRACEFULLY DOWN WAYS.

IS A COMPLETE SUCCESS

HON. FRANK A. DAY REPRESENTS GOVERNOR AND DELIVERS ADDRESS.

Newport News, Va., April 10.—The battleship Minnesota was successfully launched at the plant of the Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock company Saturday.

The vessel was christened by Miss Rose Marie Schaller, daughter of State Senator Schaller of Hastings, Minn.

Her maids of honor were Miss Constance Day of St. Paul and Miss Lillian MacMillan of Minneapolis.

At exactly 11:25 the last stroke of the last stroke of the saws which severed the restraining blocks was heard and the ship began to move down the ways.

Miss Schaller, at the word of President Orcutt, seizing in both hands the bottle of American champagne, dashed it against the red bows of the ship and said in a clear voice:

"I christen thee Minnesota."

Then she and her maids of honor and the others on the launching platform began to cheer and applaud.

President Orcutt congratulated and thanged Misses Schaller, Day and MacMillan upon the successful completion of that part of the ceremony.

As the official Minnesota party ascended to the launching platform a cheer rolled out from the throats of the thousands of spectators, and still another cheer greeted the ascent of the christening party to the launching booth above the large platform, directly adjoining the bow of the ship.

Minnesotans Present.

The Minnesotans present were:

Christening Party—Miss Rose Marie Schaller, sponsor; Miss Constance Day and Miss Lillian MacMillan, maids of honor; Frank A. Day, governor's representative, and Mrs. Day; Mrs. John A. Johnson, wife of the governor; Senator and Mrs. Albert Schaller, parents of the sponsor; Miss Schaller, sister of Senator Schaller; Dr. and Mrs. T. F. Quinby, uncle and aunt of the sponsor.

Legislative Delegation—Senator and Mrs. Jepson, Senator Smith, Representative and Mrs. Lewis, Representative Hayes, Representative Dorsey.

Governor's Staff—Col. and Mrs. Alvin H. Poehler, Col. and Mrs. Ernest L. Welch.

Assistant United States Attorney General M. D. Purdy and Wife of Minneapolis; Mr. Gjertsen, representing the Alumni association; Chauncy Richardson, Senator Clapp's secretary; Judge C. E. Otis and daughter, St. Paul.

Gov. Montague of Virginia and his staff did the honors for the representatives of the sister state.

Brilliant Luncheon.

The luncheon which followed the launching of the battleship was a brilliant affair. Among the toasts responded to were the following:

"The President," by Senator Carter of Montana, who paid a high tribute to the present and all former occupants of the White House, saying one might always honor both the office and the man, no matter how diverse political views might be.

Assistant Secretary Darling responded to the sentiment, "The Navy." He spoke of his approaching retirement and complimented the Newport News shipyard for its part in the upbuilding of the navy. He declared the navy was not developing beyond the growth and advancement of the nation.

"Minnesota" was responded to by Hon. Frank A. Day, who represented Gov. Johnson of Minnesota.

Gov. Montague responded to the toast, "Virginia."

Senator J. C. Burroughs of Michigan spoke on "The American Merchant Marine," urging such legislation as will develop the ocean carrying trade of America.

The sponsor responded to a toast to herself by expressing the hope that the ship never would be found fighting save in the cause of truth and justice.

State Senator Schaller of Minnesota responded to the sentiment, "The Wife of the Governor of Minnesota."

The neighboring cities of Norfolk, Portsmouth, Richmond, Fortress Monroe and Hampton turned out liberal contingents by special train and boat to see the launching. A conservative estimate placed the number of spectators at 15,000.

Mr. Wynne in London.

London, April 10.—Robert J. Wynne, American consul general at London, and Mrs. Wynne arrived in London yesterday after a good voyage. Mr. Wynne will take up his official duties on Saturday next, when Henry Clay Evans starts for a short tour of the continent.

MITCHELL SAYS NOT GUILTY.

Aged Oregon Senator Appears in Court at Portland, Ore.

Portland, Or., April 13. — Judge Belliger's court was crowded yesterday when the time arrived for Senator John H. Mitchell to plead to four indictments found against him by the late federal grand jury.

In a plea of abatement Senator Mitchell criticized the acts of the late federal grand jury by charging specifically that Jurors W. Robertson and Carl Phelps, the original foreman and secretary, respectively, had been legally excused for the term pending the investigations, that Jurors Frank G. Buffum and G. R. Pebler had been drawn some time after the grand jury had been empanelled; that Juror George Justin was not a citizen of the United States; that Jurors Frank Bolter and George Essner

Were Not Taxpayers

as required by law, and that District Attorney Henry was disqualified in many ways, besides being prejudiced.

The plea of abatement was based upon the case wherein Senator Mitcheil is accused of accepting pay through the law firm of Mitchell & Tanner to expedite land titles before the land department at Washington in behalf of Frederick A. Kribs.

A demurrer was first filed, after a stipulation between the government and counsel for the defense that the plea in abatement should not be waived by the filing of the demurrer.

Judge Alfred S. Bennett, as attorney for Senator Mitchell, announced that there was a question of

Moral Turpitude

involved in the case wherein Senator Mitchell is accused of accepting $2,000 from S. A. D. Puter, and, therefore, he would waive all legal technicalities and be ready to proceed to trial without delay upon the issues at stake.

Judge Bennett entered a plea of not guilty for the senator in three of the cases against him, two for conspiracy under section 5440 of the Revised Statutes, and one under section 1782 for accepting money while holding the position of United States senator to expedite title before the land department.

District Attorney Henry objected to the pleas in abatement on the ground of their being filed too late. Hearing will be given Friday.

FIND CRAWFORD GUILTY.

Convicted of Brutal Box Car Murder.

Elk River, Minn., April 13.—Murder in the first degree, as charged in the indictment, is the verdict brought in by the jury at 9:50 last night against C. D. Crawford, slayer of Heino Lundeen. Crawford listened unmoved to the reading of the verdict, and as soon as court adjourned he calmly lighted a cigar, and, walking in the center of a group of officers, returned to his cell. The crawford case went to the jury at 5 o'clock. Crawford was the only witness on the stand for the defense. Palmer refused to testify. He said he would have to be dragged forcibly to the stand and would then give evidence only under protest. Crawford admitted that he shot Lundeen, but declared that he fired simply to frighten his victim, and with no intention of killing any one. The lurching of the car, he said, was responsible for his shooting lower than he intended. Robbery, he added, was his only motive.

GETS $2,500 FOR TWO TEETH.

Man Struck by Street Railway Employe Awarded Damages.

New York, April 13.—A verdict of $2,500 damages has been returned by a supreme court jury against a street railway company here for the loss of two teeth by a passenger. The plaintiff in the case was knocked down by a guard against whom he had been crowded. The blow from the guard's fist destroyed two of his best front teeth, but he suffered no other damage. Witnesses declared the assault to have been entirely unjustified.

JENKINS QUITS THE BENCH.

Senior Circuit Court Judge of Appeals Retires.

Chicago, April 13.—James G. Jenkins, senior judge of the United States circuit court of appeals, who has held this position for twelve years, formally retired yesterday and was succeeded by Judge William H. Seaman. Tributes to the retiring federal judge were paid by well known attorneys and judges. The oath of office as a judge of the United States circuit court of appeals was then taken by Judge Seaman.

KILLS SELF TO AVOID ARREST.

Officer Finds Body of Man Who Threatens Family.

Turtle Lake, Minn., April 13—Julius Kicke, charged with threatening to kill his family, committed suicide by drinking carbolic acid rather than fall into the sheriff's hands. When the officer sought the man he discovered his body lying in the hay in his barn. Kicke was the father of sixteen children, only eight of whom are living.

PLANTATION BOSS MURDERED.

Dogs Follow Train to Home of Negro Farm Laborers.

Tuscaloosa, Ala., April 13.—Stewart Campion, manager of the Jed Strong plantation, has been assassinated. Campion was sitting before the fire holding his baby when a shot was fired through the window, killing him and slightly wounding the baby. Dogs placed on the trail went to the house occupied by John Carpenter and Bob Robinson, negro farm laborers, and they are now in jail.

FIRST CLASH OF FLEETS NOW ON

RUMOR THAT BIG NAVAL BATTLE IS BEING FOUGHT NEAR MALAY.

MAY BE TORPEDO BOAT ATTACK

TOGO BELIEVED TO HAVE BEGUN SERIES OF MINOR ENCOUNTERS.

LAWYERS DEFY THE CZAR

FORM REFORM LEAGUE IN DISREGARD OF POLICE ORDERS.

Amsterdam, Holland, April 13.—A fight is now in progress near the Anambas islands, east of the Malay peninsula, according to a telegram from Batavia, island of Java, to the Handelsblad. The dispatch adds that five Dutch warships are near the scene of battle. Details are lacking.

Doubted at St. Petersburg.

St. Petersburg, April 13. — The admiralty has no information in regard to the alleged naval battle in progress off the Anambas islands, as reported to a newspaper of Amsterdam from Batavia, and does not credit the possibility of a general naval battle yet. The officials concede, however, that the Japanese may have attempted a torpedo boat attack on a convoy during the night. It is pointed out that there is no cable connecting the Anambas islands and Batavia, and that the first news of a fight should come from Singapore, unless the Dutch warships are able to communicate with Batavia by wireless telegraphy.

London Knows Nothing.

London, April 13.—No confirmation has yet been received in London of the reports from Batavia of a naval battle off the Anambas islands.

Fleet Is Sighted.

Singapore, April 13.—The British cruiser Sutlej has arrived here from Hongkong. She reports having passed the Russian second Pacific squadron, including seven battleships, steaming north at daylight April 11.

Entire Squadron Seen.

London, April 13.—The Associated Press is able to confirm absolutely the statement that the Russian battleships passed Singapore, going eastward, April 8, so that all of the vessels of Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron are accounted for. This definite news about the battleships was sent to Singapore by wireless telegraph from the China sea. It is presumed here that the battleships passed further out to sea than the rest of the squadron, hence the divergent reports regarding the number of ships.

Japs in the Dark.

Tokio, April 13—No information has reached Tokio that would in any way indicate either the plans of Admiral Rojestvensky or the destination of his vessels.

It is reported here that the Russians at Vladivostok are making experiments with six submarine vessels. These boats are all of foreign manufacture, and include French, British and American types.

FORM REFORM LEAGUE.

Lawyers Conduct Deliberations in Defiance of Police.

St. Petersburg, April 13.—The formation of a national professional reform league to unite the activities of lawyers, doctors, teachers, engineers and other professional classes of Russia to bring about the democratization of the government and the institution of a representative parliament and a responsible ministry, is the ambitious project set on foot by the national congress of lawyers which finished its work here last night. The plan proposed is the formation of national associations of the various professional classes, each of which shall elect delegates to a central bureau which is to direct and co-ordinate the efforts of the "intellectuals" in the direction of reform.

Other classes which have openly manifested liberal tendencies on many occasions, and notably the doctors at their recent congress at Moscow, are apt to accept the invitation, and unless interfered with a powerful reform force is likely to spring into being soon.

The deliberations of the lawyers were carried to a conclusion in direct disregard of police orders.

Settler Killed by Train.

Prentice, Wis., April 8. — Henry Ollita, a settler living five miles east of here, was struck and instantly killed by the Soo line train. His head, legs and arm were severed from his body. He was returning home on the track and was intoxicated. A widow and two children survive him.

Two Negroes Hanged.

Fayetteville, Ark., April 8.—Walter Patridge, a negro aged 20, was hanged yesterday for a criminal assault upon Mrs. Lillie Hales, a white woman.

NAN AND SISTER MEET.

Prisoners Weep in Tombs—Smith Asserts That He Is Innocent.

New York, April 13. — J. Morgan Smith and his wife, charged with conspiracy with Nan Patterson to obtain money from Caesar Young, and who was arraigned yesterday, will not plead to the indictment until next Friday. They will remain in custody in the meantime. Judge Foster reduced the bail of the Smiths to $3,000 each. There was an affecting scene when Nan Patterson and her sister met in the Tombs prison. They were left alone, standing with their arms around each other's shoulders, weeping bitterly. J. Randolph Patterson, father of the prisoners, pleaded with the warden not to separate the girls. Smith made a statement in which he said: "My movements on the day the pistol was bought are very easily traced. I had written them out, naming every person I met that day that I knew. The record was in the trunk which was confiscated in Cincinnati and is now in the possession of the district attorney. I am very grateful that the district attorney has it. I did not buy that revolver, and I defy any one to swear or identify me as the man."

DULL DAY FOR ROOSEVELT.

The President Takes Part in a Foot Race.

Frederick, Okla., April 13.—Yesterday was a dull day for President Roosevelt and his party in the big pasture. The weather was dull and cloudy. The party goes out about 6:30 each morning and returns to camp about 11 for dinner. Fresh horses are saddled by attendants and the start is made about 1:30 in the afternoon. One of the diversions of the camp was a foot race in which the president also participated. He failed to distinguish himself, however.

In one of the runs a wolf was chased over the hills and through creeks and timber for ten miles. Only the hardiest and best riders could keep up such a terrific pace as this for any distance. When the wolf was finally captured there were but four of the party within sight of the animal, Bob Burnett, Guy Waggoner and John Abernathy, three old time cowboys, and President Roosevelt.

AUSTRALIA INVITES TAFT.

Asked to Pay Visit at the Expense of the Commonwealth.

Manila, April 13.—Gov. Gen. Northcote of the commonwealth of Australia will, it is understood, invite Secretary of War Taft and party to visit Australia during the party's forthcoming visit to the Philippines. The commonwealth of Australia will defray the entire expenses it is said. The American chamber of commerce of Manila is preparing to entertain Secretary Taft and party on an extensive scale during their stay in the Philippines.

SIXTY-SEVEN INJURED.

Passenger Train Rolls Down an Embankment.

Vicksburg, Miss., April 13.—Yazoo & Mississippi Valley passenger train No. 15, south-bound, was ditched near Hardee station, fifteen miles north of here, at 12:30 this morning. Reports state that sixty-seven passengers were injured. A special train carrying physicians has gone to the scene of the wreck. It is reported the entire passenger train rolled down an embankment.

ONE KILLED, SIX INJURED.

Fire in Saloon and Boarding House at Grand Rapids Has Fatal Results.

Grand Rapids, Mich., April 13.—One person is dead, one fatally injured and five less seriously hurt as the result of a fire early yesterday in a saloon and boarding house at the corner of Broadway and Elizabeth streets.

Indictment Set Aside.

Iowa City, Iowa, April 13. — Judge Byington set aside the indictment against Eric Kutzleben, wrecker of the Rocky Mountain limited, on the ground that less than seven members served on the special grand jury. Kutzleben is still in jail at Marengo, pending a session of the regular grand jury in May.

Countess to Keep Child.

Rome, April 13.—According to the Italia, the Countess Montignoso absolutely denies the report published in the official press of Saxony that she will return her child, Princess Anna Monica Pia, to the king of Saxony, her former husband, in consideration of a yearly pension of $15,000.

Run Down by a Locomotive.

St. Paul, April 13.—David Green, employed in the car department of the Omaha shops, was run down and killed by Engine No. 156 of the North-Western line last evening between Hazel Park and Post Siding. His legs and arms were broken and his skull fractured.

CRAZED BY READING.

Young Man Shoots and Seriously Wounds a Physician.

Rensselaer, Ind., April 8.—Crazed by reading socialistic literature, Joe Marshall, a member of a prominent family, shot Dr. L. M. Washburn here as the latter sat in his study. It is believed the doctor will recover. He is regimental surgeon of the Third Indiana national guard. Marshall was arrested in a cemetery. He will be sent to an asylum.

What the State Solons Are Doing

St. Paul, April 6.—It is evident that no important amendments to the primary election law will be adopted at this session of the legislature. Following the course pursued by the house, the senate yesterday disapproved of three primary bills, leaving only one measure to be acted upon, that by Senator J. T. Schain of Brown's Valley, extending the law to cover state officers and changing the date from September to June. The measures which to all intents and purposes are disposed of both by the house and senate follow: Providing that the three candidates for state office receiving the highest vote at the state convention shall be voted upon at the primary election; providing that delegates to the state convention shall be elected by primary election; providing that delegates to county conventions shall be elected by primary election.

The friends of the new code won a victory in the senate when they secured the passage of a motion to place the code reported by the judiciary committee at the head of general orders, where they hope to keep it to the exclusion of other bills until it is acted on. This motion was carried under suspension of the rules by a vote of 45 to 5.

All restrictions as to the amount of convict labor that may be employed in any industry at the state prison are removed by a bill introduced by Representative H. B. Vollmer.

Encouraged by the passage of the Perley bill, Senator C. M. Buck introduced a measure along the same line to remove the schools for the deaf and the blind at Faribault from the jurisdiction of the state board of control. The bill was referred to the committee on the schools for the deaf, dumb and blind.

The bill by Senator R. B. Brower providing for taking the fifth decennial census of Minnesota passed the house under suspension of the rules.

The Ware passenger rate bill was reviewed by the house and replaced on the calendar. The bill fixed a maximum rate of 2 1-2 cents a mile for the transportation of passengers on railroads in Minnesota.

The senate insurance committee bill, placing the Minnesota insurance commissioner on a salary basis and reorganizing the department, was recommended to pass by the house committee of the whole. The house, however, amended the bill to reduce the insurance commissioner's salary from $4,500 to $3,500.

Representative Gustave Erickson's anti-bucketshop bill passed the senate yesterday by a vote of 51 to 0. Senator John G. Schutz moved a call of the senate before the secretary proceeded with the roll call. This is the second anti-bucketshop bill passed by the senate at this session.

St. Paul, April 7.—It took the senate committee of the whole a little more than an hour yesterday afternoon to consider the new code with the 1,000 house amendments and the 900 amendments made by the senate judiciary committee Most of the senators were ready to vote on the code yesterday afternoon, but rather than appear to be rushing things too fast, Senator Somerville, chairman of the judiciary committee, moved that progress be reported on the code so as to give senators an opportunity to make further amendments to-day if they desired. The friends of revision are confident that the code will pass.

The senate by a vote of 14 to 8 refused to place on general orders the house bill which extends the Torrens law in vogue in Ramsey, Hennepin and St. Louis counties to cover the entire state.

Only the signature of Gov. Johnson is needed to make the state highway commission bill a law. The senate yesterday passed the bill. This means that if the bill is signed by the governor an entirely new method of apportioning the road and bridge fund will be in vogue. It will be apportioned by a state highway commission instead of by the legislature, the commission to have full authority to supervise the construction of roads for which state aid is granted.

The senate passed Senator A. V. Rieke's bill raising the salaries of the justices of the supreme court from $5,000 to $6,000 and of the judges of the district court, except in Hennepin, Ramsey and St. Louis counties, from $3,500 to $4,200.

Senator A. B. Cole's bill providing that the notarial fees hitherto collected by the private secretary of the governor shall be paid into the state treasury was passed by the senate without debate.

The majority and minority reports of the joint committee which has investigated transportation rates in Minnesota were submitted to the house and the senate yesterday. They were accompanied by several bills and resolutions, which, in the senate, were made a special order for 11 o'clock on the morning of April 12.

The house killed the bill by Representative E. E. Adams providing for a state bureau for the prevention of cruel treatment of children and animals, a measure advocated by the humane societies of the Twin Cities.

Representative John Zelch's bill practically abolishing justice courts in cities having a municipal court was killed in the house by a vote of 38 to 25.

St. Paul, April 8.—In spite of strenuous opposition, the senate yesterday afternoon passed the new code by a vote of 44 to 9. Lieut. Gov. Ray W. Jones had held that a two-thirds vote was required to pass the code, owing to the chapter on banking, so that the bill had only two votes to spare. The code goes back to the house with twenty-five amendments, most of them unimportant, adopted on the floor of the senate, and about 900 amendments made by the senate judiciary committee. The date at which the code is to take effect is left at Dec. 1, 1905, so that the friends of the code do not expect that the two houses will have any difficulty in agreeing on the senate amendments.

The senate killed by a vote of 25 to 21 Senator F. H. Peterson's bill allowing cities and villages to construct and operate telephone lines.

By an almost unanimous viva voce vote the house adopted the report of the public accounts and expenditures committee commending the management of the state timber and mineral lands by State Auditors R. C. Dunn and S. G. Iverson.

Representative William J. Stock's bill regulating the qualifications of registered pharmacists was recommended to pass yesterday by the house committee of the whole after a keen contest.

Representative Zelch's bill practically abolishing justice courts was recommended to pass by the house committee of the whole, with an amendment making it apply only to cities of more than 50,000 inhabitants.

The house passed the following bills:

To authorize a commission to investigate the advisability of establishing a state hospital for crippled children in Minneapolis; to reimburse village and town clerks and judges of election for expenses in mailing election returns; to abolish the statute revision commission April 18, 1905, by repealing the law creating such commission; to increase the salary of the chief fire warden from $1,200 to $1,800 per year; to require foreign life insurance companies to have on deposit at least $100,000 in securities.

St. Paul, April 10.—After a heated debate the senate committee of the whole recommended for passage Senator A. D. Stephens' bill, as amended, raising the salaries of the railroad and warehouse commissioners from $3,000 to $3,600.

Senator Henry A. Morgan's bill to appropriate $100,000 for a separate training school for girls was advanced from senate general orders to the calendar.

Senator Patrick Fitzpatrick's bill providing for a separate election for judges of the district and supreme courts to be held on the second Tuesday in March in even-numbered years, was killed by the senate committee of the whole by a vote of 21 to 15.

Senator C. M. Buck's bill removing the schools for the deaf and the blind at Faribault from the jurisdiction of the board of control was recommended for passage by the senate committee of the whole.

The divorcement of the state law library at the new capitol from politics is the object sought by a constitutional amendment introduced by Representative A. J. Rockne of Zumbrota.

An announcement of the first baseball game of the season gave the house an attack of spring fever and it adjourned without considering general orders, on which it was planned at first to put in a hard day's work.

The calendar was taken up, and a call of the house mustered only 63 votes. An attempt to consider general orders was voted down, and amid shouts and cheers that reminded the gallery of the last night of the session the house adjourned to Monday morning.

St. Paul, April 11.—More than half a million dollars for state aid to the Minnesota public schools is appropriated in a bill introduced by Senator R. E. Thompson of Preston. The exact sum is $501,000, divided as follows: High schools, $255,000; graded schools, $79,000; semi-graded schools, $67,000; rural, $100,000.

The senate indefinitely postponed, on the recommendation of the committee of the whole, Senator F. H. Peterson's bill exempting congressmen from the corrupt practice act.

Representative A. L. Cole's bill appropriating $15,000 for a survey of the state swamp lands so as to facilitate the construction of drainage ditches was passed by the senate.

Representative J. T. Mannix called attention to the semi-centennial of Minnesota's admission to the Union, coming in 1908, and offered a joint resolution providing for a commission of five to plan a celebration and to report to the next legislature. The house adopted the resolution.

Senator Schaller's bills to allow persons accused of crime by a magistrate's information, filed and recorded in the district court, to plead guilty without waiting to be indicted by the grand jury, was recommended by the house committee of the whole, for passage.

The measures preliminary to the establishment of a farm implement factory at the state prison were approved by the house committee of the whole.

Representative Edward Fanning's sleeping car tax bill was recommended to pass by the house committee of the whole.

The sale of state lands to actual settlers and the discouragement of speculators is sought by a bill by Representative A. L. Cole, recommended to pass by the house committee of the whole.

St. Paul, April 12—The anti-pass bill by Representative A. K. Ware of Northfield was killed by the house by a vote of 42 to 42. The measure as amended prohibited any public official from accepting or using any pass, special privilege or reduction of rate from any railroad company.

House File No. 1, the so-called wide-open tax amendment to the state constitution, on which the house and senate failed to agree two years ago, needs only the signature of Gov. Johnson before being submitted to a vote of the people. The house and senate yesterday concurred in the amendments recommended by the conference committee and repassed the bill as amended.

The state board of pardons is to be abolished and the pardoning power reposed solely in the governor by a bill proposing an amendment to section 4, article 5, of the constitution, introduced by Representative W. P. Roberts and passed by the house.

The sleeping car tax bill by Representative Edward Fanning was passed by the house without opposition. The bill is to enact the Ohio law, providing for an excise tax on the proportion of the capital of companies used in transacting business in Minnesota.

The lowering of the level of shallow and grassy meandered lakes is provided for by the bill of the senate drainage committee passed by the house after several amendments had been adopted. The measure is a redraft of the present county drainage law, designed especially to make possible the drainage of meandered lakes with shallow and grassy shores, which, if drained, would furnish valuable meadow lands.

The senate passed the bill introduced by the house committee on immigration authorizing the state auditor to prepare literature explaining the fertility of the soil in Minnesota and to advertise the sale of state lands within and without the state.

Gov. Sarles of North Dakota and the capitol commissioners of that state visited the new state capitol yesterday. Gov. Sarles was invited to address the house, which took a recess to receive him. In a graceful speech he thanked the house for the courtesy it had extended to him and in glowing terms praised the beauties of the capitol. Gov. Sarles also delivered a short address to the senate.

SENATE AIDS INGA HANSON.

Illinois Solons Ask Gov. Deneen to Probe Girl's Case.

Springfield, Ill., April 13.—The upper house of the Illinois legislature yesterday adopted a resolution offered recently by Senator Juul of Chicago, asking Gov. Deneen to make an investigation of the case of Inga Hansen, the former Salvation Army girl, convicted of perjury. Miss Hansen was plaintiff in a damage suit against a traction company, and the allegation was made that she had committed perjury. After a sensational trial she was convicted. The resolution was adopted only after considerable discussion.

HEAD OF LAKE MILLS STARTING.

Several of the head of the lake mills are running this week, in addition to those that have been busy during the winter. The Red Cliff, Merrill-Ring and other mills are at work. The Alger, Smith & Co. West end mill at Duluth will be running in a few days, the Murray-McCann and the St. Louis a little later, and others between now and the 20th. The Mallory mill, formerly the Hubbard & Vincent, has been running day and night for some weeks, and the Scott-Graff has been busy for some time. The Rice's Point mill of Alger, Smith & Co., which has been running all winter, is to close down for spring overhauling in a short time.

There is no sawing yet in sight for the Lesure mill, and that of Morley & Heth will be idle for the year in all probability. The Peyton mill is about torn down. Mills in the north country, along the ranges, are to resume as soon as possible, probably about the 25th inst. Both those at Winton have a large summer's work cut out, as has that of the Tower Lumber company at Tower. The three mills will make a season cut of about 100,000,000 feet. The Ash mill at Virginia, recently bought by Cook & O'Brien, has been running all winter and will be busy all the year. W. T. Bailey, also at Virginia, is making extensive improvements to the property, and is to resume shortly. The Longyear Lake mill, near Hibbing, will have about 18,000,000 feet of logs to cut, which are either at the mill now or ready to be placed there.

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H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn, as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, April 15, 1905.

The lawyers will wax fat and the taxpayers will pay the bills, is about the way the county seat fight looks to us.

The biggest naval battle in the history of the world is scheduled to take place almost any time now in the far east.

Governor Johnson, evidently thinking that we already have enough medical foolishness, has vetoed the bill creating a state board of chiropratic examiners.

The people of Rocksbury township are to be congratulated upon the supreme court decision in the grader bonds case. It was a long fight and a closely contested one.

The new battleship Minnesota was launched last Saturday and christened by a Minnesota girl. It will be the most powerful in our or any other navy and will cost about eight millions of dollars.

The present session of the legislature will come to an end the coming week. While the code prevented much other work at the beginning of the session they have worked hard lately and a large number of bills have become laws.

President Roosevelt has been hunting wolves in Texas this week and will have a big bear hunt in Colorado. He has earned his vacation and we hope he may get some tip on how to successfully hunt the trusts before he returns.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: Editor Harry E. Ives last week dished up a decidedly warm roast to a couple of tax-dodgers of St. Hilaire, and it is safe to say that his article struck a happy chord in the minds of all fair-minded people. Harry is emphatic in his denunciation of everything not on the square, and he should be given hearty support by the people of St. Hilaire.

A man to become a good citizen and of value to the community in which he lives should continually seek to build up and promote the welfare of the community and its citizens. A man who is afraid that he will not make every dollar that is made in a town, or one who is continually slandering his neighbors or resorting to sharp practices to beat some one, cannot be said to fill the requirements of a good citizen and is of more harm to a community than good.

The legislature will adjourn Tuesday, April 18, and it has a busy week ahead of it. The people are primarily interested in fair freight rates, and it will forgive many things if they are given rates that are fair and equal to all stations in the state. If not, this will be the issue next election, and the representatives and senators who stood in the way should be returned to private life. The issue will be so intense that there can be no successful dodging. A word to the wise ought to be sufficient.—St. Cloud Journal-Press.

Half or Two-thirds.

The bishop of Kensington at a prize distribution recently told of a case in which a boy got the better of the examiner. "Suppose," asked the examiner, "I offered you half an orange and two-thirds of an orange, which piece would you take?" "Please, sir, the half!" shouted the lad. "Stupid boy!" exclaimed the examiner. "I shall put a black mark against you for that." Subsequently a deputation of scholars waited on the examiner to convince him that he was wrong. "Why am I wrong?" he inquired. "Because Tommy does not like oranges at all," was the conclusive answer.—St. James' Gazette.

Help Others.

Help others and bless yourself. Drive the cloud from the brow of a friend in distress, and you open the windows for an effulgence of light upon your own heart.—Detroit Free Press.

His Experience.

His Friend—Money talks. The Promoter—Yes, but sometimes it's mighty hard to get it to listen.—New York Press.

To tell a man with a cold in his head that colds always attack the weakest spot is adding insult to injury.

Officials in Doubt.

Crookston Times (Wednesday): Sylvester Peterson, Register of the government land office today has been in office exactly eight years. He entered upon duties of his position for the first time April 12, 1897, and the time since his entry into the office appears to have almost flown.

August George, receiver of the office, will upon the 19th of May have been in commission eight years, but will have served that length of time for the government until the ninth day of June. He entered upon his duties the ninth of June, '97.

Congressman Steenerson has not yet endorsed any application for either of the positions and the two positions although very possibly "cut and dried" are not yet "cinched" by any of the many applicants for both jobs. The men, whoever they are will not be likely to receive their commissions or enter upon the discharge of their duties until probably the first day of June. Mr. Peterson's term has already expired but it is understood that June first will be the date of whatever changes are scheduled. Messrs. Peterson and George have not as yet given out their intentions or plans for the near future.

The Cruelty of Pate de Foie Gras.

To eat pate de fois gras is luxury, but to prepare the delicacy for the table is prolonged torture—for the goose. The Humanitarian league of England has issued a pamphlet on the subject. "We behold," says an eyewitness, "innumerable geese in this torture chamber, bound fast to the table. They lie on their backs as if crucified. We watched how the women pressed some new victims against the tables so that the hinder parts should hang over the edge." Two months of torture for the goose are considered necessary before its liver is sufficiently diseased to be marketable. The fowls are fed to repletion with salted maize, and by this means the liver is increased to the abnormal weight of two or even three pounds. Strassburg and Toulouse are the chief places of manufacture and the trade amounts to several hundred thousand dollars annually.

A Formula For Marriage.

The Frankfurter Zeitung has discovered a formula for marriage. Nothing is more certain, it says, than that this formula is right. The question asked is what age should a man's bride be? The formula is: Let x be the man's age. Then $x \div 2 + 7$ = bride's age. For example, a man is 34; the half of his age is 17; then 17 plus 7 is 24. The bride's age should be 24. For a man of 34, therefore, the proper age for his wife is 24. Take the man of 60. $x = 60 \div 2 = 30 + 7$. The man of 60 must marry a woman of 37. For the juvenile marriages of southern latitudes the formula is equally valid. The hot blooded Castilian, for example, of 18 wishes to marry. The formula says $x = 18 \div 2 = 9 + 7 = 16$. His wife should be 16 years old.

Billiard and Sample Room

WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN

Wines and Liquors

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC

CIGARS.

BEER.

MINNEAPOLIS AND MILWAUKEE BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.

"CORNER SALOON" South of the Bank.

The Art of Drawn Work.

Perfilado, or drawn needlework, occupies the same place in Mexico as lace does in Brussels. The city of Matamoros is the center of its production, and large quantities of this beautiful work are exported to the United States. Women and girls are employed in the manufacture, and some of it is very expensive, for a year may be required to make a single piece. The linen or silk is placed in a frame, the threads are drawn out one way, and with a needle and the finest spool thread the design is worked. Perfilado is taught in the public schools. Among the articles made are handkerchiefs, tablecloths, bedspreads and covers for chairs or lounges. The work is hard and difficult, and the earnings are on an average less than a shilling a day.

Onions as Weather Prophets.

One of the rites performed by the French peasants on New Year's eve is the forecasting of the weather for the coming year by means of onions.

When the bells ring for midnight mass they scoop out the middles of twelve onions, set them in a row on the kitchen table, fill them with salt and name them for the months of the year. Then when they return from mass they examine the condition of the salt. If it has melted in any of the "months," those months will be rainy; if the salt remains dry, it indicates drought; if half melted, the first fortnight of the month will be wet.

The peasants have such implicit faith in this means of foretelling the weather that they plant their crops in accordance with the prophecy of the onions.

Great Northern Railway.....

No. 3, THE "FLYER"

ONLY MORNING TRAIN
from
ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
FOR MONTANA and the PACIFIC COAST

Makes Immediate Connection with Limited and Fast Mail Trains from Chicago and the East.

EVERY DAY.

The "Redgeton"
SEWING MACHINE.
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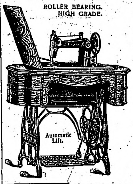
Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.

STRONGEST GUARANTEE.

National Sewing Machine Co.
BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.

Order for Hearing on Claims, Etc.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—SS.
In Probate Court,
Special Term, April 4, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased, late of the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, being granted to K. O. Gigstad;

It is ordered, that six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 4th day of October, 1905, at one o'clock p.m. at a special term of said probate court, to be held at the Probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 4th day of April, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
[Seal] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.
(a8-4t-a29)

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Land Snaps

WE HAVE FOR SALE THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED LANDS:

W½ of E½ of section 27-150-43;
W½ of NE¼, SE¼ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼, 22-151-43;
S½ section 8-151-45;
SE¼ section 12-152-44;
NE¼ section 15-152-44;
NE¼ section 24-152-44;
SE¼ section 13-153-45.

WE ALSO HAVE A TRACT OF 2040 ACRES FOR SALE LOCATED IN TOWNSHIP 152, RANGE 43, AS FOLLOWS:

SW¼ of NW¼ and W½ of SW¼ Sec. 2; SE¼ of NE¼, S½ of SW¼ and and SE¼ Sec. 3; E½ of NE¼ and SE¼ Sec. 9; All of Sec. 10; W½ of NW¼, NE¼ of SW¼ and W½ of SW¼ Sec. 11; W½ of NW¼ Sec. 14; N½ Sec. 15; and N½ of S½ Sec. 15, which can be sold as a whole or in small tracts.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ADDRESS

WESTERN LAND Co
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Connections at these terminals for the

EAST, SOUTH, WEST NORTH.

Fast and Handsomely equipped Steam-Heated Trains—Dining Cars—Buffet Library Cars—Sleeping Cars—Free Reclining Chair Cars.

A. H. HANSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt
Chicago, Ill

The Oliver Typewriter received the Gold Medal at the World's Fair, St. Louis. Send for handsomely illustrated art catalog which tells why.

The Oliver Typewriter Co.,
332, Hennepin Ave.,
Minneapolis, Minn.
tf

Purify Your Blood

SO AS TO PREVENT AND CURE DISEASE BY USING THE OLD RELIABLE

BLOOD AND RHEUMATISM CURE

MATT J. JOHNSON'S 6088

Will cure Rheumatism, Kidney Troubles, Backache, Catarrh or any other blood trouble, but nothing in this life is absolutely sure and I don't want your money unless I earn it. So I say

YOUR MONEY REFUNDED

If you are not satisfied after taking the first bottle. NOTICE! We do not ask you to take five or six bottles before deciding. Take half a bottle, then if you don't feel better, return the bottle and get your money back.

We Take The Risk! IT'S MY MONEY—NOT YOURS that you experiment on. Could we make a stronger offer to show our confidence? Remember we make you an absolute guarantee.

Imperial Drug Co.,

ST. HILAIRE, - - - - - - - MINNESOTA.

CROOKSTON
LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President. H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

"THE ROAD WITH THE BIG BERTHS"

This is the title given by the Chicago Tribune to the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

This railway owns and operates its own sleeping cars and other equipment. The berths are wider, longer and higher than berths in similar cars of other lines.

The Pioneer Limited, The Fast Mail and three other daily trains from Minneaplis and St. Paul to Chicago. No extra charge to ride on these trains, but it is important that you name your route in purchasing tickets East.

W. B. DIXON
Northwestern Passenger Agent
365 Robert Street, St. Paul.

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Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

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FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS

Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

SAW MILL MACHINERY.

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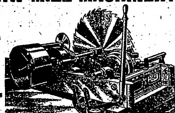

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Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.

R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

Great Northern Time Table.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at St. Hilaire.

		PASSENGER		
8:00 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
9:25 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
3:55 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
10:20 am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30 pm
		LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.		
10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10 am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz R. H. Duntley Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnson
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
J. J. SOLL, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE
Veterinary
Surgeon.
Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

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Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
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Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

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FRUITS
Confectionery
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Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
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CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
.....TOYS
Agency for.......
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

L. T. Bergh was in from his reservation claim last Thursday.

A. M. Edstrom was in from Hazel yesterday on business.

K. O. Gigstad went down to Red Lake Falls on business last evening.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Henry J. Enderle was over from Plummer on a short visit last Sunday.

Dr. Blomburgh has moved his residence to the rooms over Holmes Bro.'s store.

Julius Pleth, the Plummer boomer, was a business visitor here last Saturday.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Robt. Gebott and family have moved into the dwelling formerly occupied by Dr. Blomburgh.

A fair will be held in St. Hilaire on the 12th and 13th of May. Watch for particulars later.

R. H. Aimer returned last Thursday from Grand Forks where he had been on a business trip.

Mrs. Jens Nelson returned last Wednesday from Fargo where she had been making a short visit.

The weather has been disappointing the past week as it has been cold and disagreeable all week.

Michael Burns and family, of Thief River Falls, were here last Sunday visiting with David Collins.

Mrs. P. N. Anderson will do plain and fancy sewing and dressmaking at her home on north Water street. 2

Edward Giste, one of the old time residents here but now of Elmore, Minn., is here visiting friends this week.

Don't forget the bowling tournament next week. There will be some good sport. Look over the ad in this issue.

Miss Tessie L. Hughes went up to Thief River Falls last Monday where she will work in the post office for a few weeks.

Albert Fellman went out to his claim the other day and found that some one had stolen all the personal effects in his claim shanty.

The ice cleared out of the river last Saturday, April 8th, the earliest date for several years. It generally goes about a week later.

The school teachers all returned last Saturday and the schools commenced work again on Monday with an increased attendance.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

R. J. McKercher returned Thursday from Northome with seven of his horses which have been working near there. He was five days in making the trip.

James McCaffrey left last Monday for Warroad where he will visit with his son, after which he will probably go to Rainy River where he expects to obtain work in the mill.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lanctot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

H. D. Pettibone was up the river last Sunday looking over the log supply and states that there will not be a log shortage here this spring as there are several million feet now in the river.

Seeding has not progressed very rapidly this week as the ground has been frozen every morning during the week. Many farmers are holding off on account of their seed which they think is not any too strong.

Prof. Onstad will come here on Thursday of each week instead of Monday as heretofore. The boys are working hard to make a success of their band. They now have twenty-four members and they all promptly meet three times a week for practice.

The new moon which appeared several nights ago is claimed by old residents to be a dry one. Both of its horns are straight up and the largest part is hung downward, an indication according to home prophets that the spring will be a dry one. Farmers of the valley will sincerely hope that the prediction will come true and that rain will keep off during the next few weeks.

The saw mill started up last Monday morning and the night crew commenced the same evening and everything is running with its old time smoothness.

Herman Adams returned last Saturday from the Blackduck country where he has been spending the winter in the woods with his team. He drove over and reports that the roads are in very bad condition.

James Williamson, the well known scaler who worked here last season, came up from Wisconsin last Monday but found after arriving here that he was slated to work at the Crookston mill this season.

It is reported that the Thief River Falls saw mill is short of logs and will be compelled to shut down for a few days. They have plenty in the river but they are coming in slow on account of the low water in the river.

Professor Onstad speaks very highly of the band boys. He says that they have plenty of musical talent and if they continue to work as hard as they are doing now, they cannot help but make a satisfactory showing in a short time.

Two young lady evangelists have secured fifty converts at Red Lake Falls in a couple of weeks and now they will tackle Thief River Falls. What if they should get Wiley Tindolph, Henry W. Lee and John Eastman?

Matt Gannon, mayor of Beaudette, a well known character in the northern part of the state, was murdered at Beaudette last Monday. It appears to be a very brutal affair and we would think that Beaudette would be a very good place to keep away from until law and order gains supremacy.

Thief River Falls News: Mostly all of the men employed in the St. Hilaire mill this year are men with families and as a result it is said that there are no vacant houses in St. Hilaire. Heretofore the men employed in the mill down there were mostly single and the business men are glad to see that married men are now employed.

We are informed that the small pox has been pretty nearly all stamped out of Argyle and that there are now but a very few cases in the town, and none of them of a dangerous character. Our informant stated that no new cases had developed of late and that it was generally believed that all danger of a smallpox epidemic there is over.—Warren Register.

Governor Johnson has signed the state census bill and preparations are already being made to begin the enumeration. The work will be done during the month of June and there will be upwards of 3000 enumerators in the state. The compensations in towns of over five thousand will be two cents a name and in other localities 2¼ cents per name except in sparcely settled communities where 2½ cents will be paid. Secretary of State Peter E. Hanson will have charge of the work.

There has not been a meeting as yet of the village council to consider the Hannay-Thompson tax dodging cases, but we understand that the question has been considered informally. It is probable that Mr. Hannay will be served with a notice, soon after the next meeting, to remove that portion of the porch of the Hotel Markham which is now in the street. Of course the TAX PAYERS of the village will unite with the SPECTATOR in considering it very reprehensible of the council in taking any action that would compel a man to pay his just and honest taxes.

Crookston Times (Thursday): R. H. Aimer, of St. Hilaire, the village blacksmith at that place, passed through the city this morning on his way home from Grand Forks, where he has enjoyed a very pleasant visit during the past few weeks with friends and acquaintances. Mr. Aimer is one of the pioneers of St. Hilaire, having come to this section twenty two years ago and has been engaged in business at that place since that time. He says the development of the entire valley has been phenomenal and that when he looks back to the conditions which prevailed throughout the entire "wilderness" of northern Minnesota when he first arrived here, he can hardly believe this prosperous and thrifty community the same.

Crookston Times (Monday): For the first time in the history of the Great Northern in the Red River valley, trains were this morning routed to Thief River Falls from Crookston via the Northern Pacific through Tilden and the connecting spur, which has been in course of erection at Red Lake Falls during the winter. There is no change in the leaving time of the train at this city, but the arrival in the evening is fifteen minutes later, 6:45. At the depot here travelers found it rather hard to get over the old arrangement of affairs and many were the queries of "Is this the Thief River train?" "Looks as if it were going to Fosston." Several people stood on the platform and watched the train out of sight while they waited for the train "headed in the right direction," but in vain.

WANTED—Trustworthy man or woman to manage business in this county and adjoining territory for well established house of solid financial standing. $20 straight cash salary with all necessary expenses paid weekly by check from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Position permanent; previous experience not essential. No investment required. We furnish everything. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Address, Manager, 810 Como Block, Chicago, Ill. m6

Timothy Seed.

Clean timothy for sale. Inquire of G. H. Sandum, section 14, River Falls.

A Legal Fight.

The petition for the removal of the county seat to Thief River Falls which is said to contain the names of 2,006 legal voters of Red Lake county was presented to Auditor Ford last Tuesday. The auditor and County Attorney Germo spent the day looking over the petition, refusing the request of the Thief River Falls parties to give the matter immediate attention. In the meantime Attorneys Grady and McIntyre, of Red Lake Falls, were at Crookston presenting to Judge Watts a complaint, that the names on the petition had been secured in an unlawful matter and by the use of whiskey, money and in other unlawful ways.

The court signed an order granting a temporary injunction and the question will be argued before Judge Watts at Crookston on April 22nd. This action of the Red Lake Falls people in thus early bringing the question in the courts clearly indicates that they intend to await a more favorable time and we may expect a long drawn out legal fight probably lasting for years. It is not probable that the question will come before the people for at least two years and it may drag along considerable longer.

Notice to Clean Up.

Notice is hereby given to the residents and property owners of St. Hilaire that they must, before May 5th, 1905, clean up and remove any and all garbage, manure or slops, on the premises owned or occupied by them and also on alleys or thoroughfares adjacent to said property. Said owners or occupants are also required to maintain any and all property which they own or occupy in a thoroughly sanitary condition, also that proprietors of hotels and restaurants keep sufficient barrels in the rear of their places of business in which to deposit all offal and refuse, and contents of which shall be deposited on the dumping grounds at least once in each week.

Any person failing to comply with this order will be promptly prosecuted according to law.

By order of the village council.

A. F. BLOMBURGH,
Health Officer.

Will Help Some.

Daniel Shaw and M. V. Evenson, of Thief River Falls, were down to Crookston last week attending a meeting which has for its object the advertising of the northern part of the Red River valley in southern Minnesota and Iowa. It was decided to send a special train through that section next fall which will be loaded down with samples of wheat, oats, corn, clover and grasses and products raised in this section and to also advertise in other ways. There is no question that much good could be accomplished this section by doing something of this kind and everyone should take an interest in the matter and lend a helping hand.

Everyday Conveniences.

Napoleon at the height of his power could not command our everyday conveniences, such as running water, steam heat, baths, electric lights, gas, steamboats, etc., not to mention golden grain belt beer and other table delicacies that have come to mean so much to us both as pleasures and necessities to our better health. This beer especially, would be a serious loss if we had to go back to the "good old times." Of course you are using it now, at least, if you ever tried it, for one taste convinces. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

New Train Service.

The new train service inaugurated by the Great Northern last Monday does not give anywhere near the satisfaction that the old service gave. Under the new arrangement we have only one train each way a day and the people living in the northern part of the county cannot go to the county seat and return the same day as heretofore. The village of Wylie is getting decidedly the worst of it as their only service is the freight train which goes down from here every morning and returns after stopping there only ten minutes.

Taken Up River.

Thief River Falls News; The large tow boat which Peter Eberhardt built for the Beltrami County Lumber company here this winter, was placed in the Red Lake River last week. Tuesday a crew of men started up river with the boat and it will be taken to the outlet and remain there until the ice goes out in the lake. It will then be used to tow logs for the Thief River Falls, St. Hilaire, Crookston and East Grand Forks lumber companies. It is the largest boat ever built for use on this river or lake, and will have a powerful towing capacity.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

tf G. H. SANDUM.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

Mrs. E. L. Eickhoff
wishes to announce that her spring Stock of.....
MILLINERY
is ready for inspection.
A ticket will be given to each purchaser and the holder of the lucky number drawn will be given as a premium.......
A $5 HAT.

Calumet Baking Powder
Perfect in quality. Moderate in price.

Rocksbury Bonds.

A decision was reached in the supreme court in the case of Charles Corbett against the town of Rocksbury, Red Lake county, and was in favor of the defendant. Attorney Charles Loring and Attorney Martin O'Brien were the counsel for the defendant and Attorney A. A. Miller and Attorney Burke Corbett for the complainant.

In 1883 the town of Rocksbury, then in Polk county, issued bonds to the extent of $1500 under the statute which permits the issuance of bonds by towns in Polk county and other counties in the northern part of the state to aid in the construction of roads.

The town of Rocksbury paid interest on the bonds for twelve years, but finally under the advice of counsel refused to farther recognize the validity of the bonds issued, claiming that they were in excess of the law.

The law provides that towns in these northern counties might issue bonds to the extent of ten per cent of the valuation of real estate in the town according to the last preceding assessment and the town claimed that the assessment at the time of issuance of the bonds permitted the issuance of bonds of $360 and no more and that bonds in excess of $360 were void.

The plaintiff claimed that the requisites had been complied with for the bonds and precluded the time for questioning the validity in the hands of the bona fide owner, and also claimed that there was no evidence in the county records to show what the assessment ruling was, the assessment being defective, and in any event that the town was estopped because of paying interest for twelve years from questioning the validity of the bonds.

The question involved has never been passed upon in this state by the supreme court directly and the plaintiff appealed to that court. The decision handed down affirms the ruling of Judge Watts in all points and established the rule of law applicable to these securities in the state. In district court Judge Watts held against the plaintiff in all contentions and in favor of the town, deciding that the town was only liable even as against a bona fide holder on bonds to the amount of $360 and no more.—Crookston Journal.

Delinquent Notice.

Great Northern Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., March 10, 1905.

To JOHN GROVE,
St. Paul, Minn.—

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 890 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SW¼ NE¼ of section No. 29, in township No. 152 N., of range No. 45 W. 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $114.00 principal, and $51.72 interest, amounting in all to $168.72; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $168.72, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., March 10, 1905.

To JOHN GROVE,
St. Paul, Minn.—

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 24822 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SW¼ of section No. 29, in township No. 152 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $456.00 principal, and 218.88 interest, amounting in all to $674.88; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $674.88, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., March 10, 1905.

To JOHN GROVE,
St. Paul, Minn.—

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 24823 for the purchase of the following land, viz: W½ SE¼ of section No. 29, in township No. 152 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $228.00 principal, and $109.44 interest, amounting in all to $337.44; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $337.44, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

Headquarters Restaurant...
A. F. Lang
Proprietor.
Short Orders a Specialty.
Located in rear of J. J. Soll's Saloon.

John W. Forseen
SHOE
Repairing
Second door North of Postoffice.
St. Hilaire, Minn.

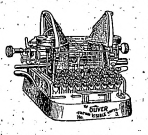
WRITE FOR
CIRCULAR
FOR RAW FURS
To McMILLAN FUR & WOOL CO.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
DEPT. 20

RAPP &
POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

The Pedestal of Honor
is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.
Ladies' Shoes
like ours are not to be found in every store.

This is a Poor Time
to have your property insured in
.. Cheap Fire Insurance Companies..
I represent twelve of the best companies doing business in the United States. They never fail to pay all losses promptly.........
REMEMBER THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST
H. E. IVES - - ST. HILAIRE, .. MINN.

Don't buy a Typewriter on a worn-out reputation.......
Investigate the merits of the
Oliver



THE STANDARD VISIBLE WRITER.
Send for a handsomely illustrated art Catalogue, free for the asking.
The Oliver Typewriter Co.
332 Hennepin Ave. ::::: Minneapolis, Minn.

ST. HILAIRE
Bowling Tournament
AT
Higbie & Lang's Alleys
ON
APRIL 17, 19, 21, 1905.

PROGRAMME:

Monday, April 17:—
7:30 P. M.—Individual Contest.
8:15 P. M.—Two-Man Team Contest.
9:30 P. M.—Five-Man Team Contest.

Wednesday, April 19:—
8:00 P. M.—Five-Man Team Contest.
9:00 P. M.—Two-Man Team Contest.
9:45 P. M.—Individual Contest.

Friday, April 21:—
8:00 P. M.—Five-Man Team Contest.
9:00 P. M.—Two-Man Team Contest.
9:45 P. M.—Individual Contest.

LIST OF PRIZES:

To the five-man team getting the highest number of pins in the three games......	Five Dollars in Cash.
To the two-man team getting the highest number of pins in the three games......	A Box of Good Cigars
To the Individual getting the highest number of pins in the three games......	Genuine French Briar Pipe

ENTRANCE FEE:

Five-man team, $1.25 :: Two-man team, 50c : Individual, 25c

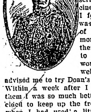
General Admission, 10c ::: Ladies Free.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

FRANK O'MEARA
Nat. Germ. Amer. Bank Bldg.
ST. PAUL, MINN.
Money to loan at all times in liberal amounts and at reasonable rates. Prompt service and perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Write for particulars.

THOUGHT SHE WOULD DIE.

Mrs. S. W. Marine of Colorado Springs Began to Fear the Worst—Doan's Kidney Pills Saved Her.



Mrs. Sarah Marine, of 428 St. Urain street, Colorado Springs, Colo., President of the Glen Eyrie Club, writes: "I suffered for three years with severe backache. The doctors told me my kidneys were affected and prescribed medicines for me, but I found that it was only a waste of time and money to take them, and began to fear that I would never get well. A friend advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills. Within a week after I began using them I was so much better that I decided to keep up the treatment, and when I had used a little over two boxes I was entirely well. I have now enjoyed the best of health for more than four months, and words can but poorly express my gratitude."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

Automobile Boom.

In the middle of January, 1905, an automobile demand, which had been foreseen by careful students of conditions, arrived fairly in New York, and was recognized and given a cordial greeting.

This demand can be expressed in terms of facts and figures. One company had 2,000 cars on hand ready for delivery. The factory, increased 25 per cent in capacity last year, is running day and night. The agents' reports point to orders in excess of supply by Aug. 1.

Another of the great companies recently had 1,200 cars of one model alone ready to deliver. Yet all stock on hand has been spoken for, and the factory is running overtime.—Country Life in America.

Quite a Scheme.

"What's this?" asked the patent medicine manufacturer, picking up a new poster with the flaring headlines, "This Person Did Not Use Our Remedy."

"That's my latest scheme," replied the new advertising manager. "I'm going to have them pasted on the grave stones in all the cemeteries I can reach."—Catholic Standard.

The new city hall at Towner is ready for use.

Will It Cure Consumption?

NO, we cannot hold out the promise that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will cure consumption when thoroughly seated and established. We doubt if any medicine will then cure, although hundreds have been cured by the "Discovery" after their attending physicians had pronounced their cases to be regular tubercular consumption. The fact is that the "Golden Medical Discovery" *does* cure severe throat and bronchial affections, lingering coughs, and those obstinate, wasting, "run-down" conditions which, if neglected or improperly treated, run on and terminate in genuine consumption.

We know that thousands of men and women although in the advanced stages of feebleness and emaciation—palid, wasted and broken-down with all the terrible symptoms of hacking coughs, night-sweats, hectic fever, absolute prostration, and even bleeding from the lungs—have been restored by the use of this marvelous medicine to permanent health, strength and vitality. But it must be taken in time, before the lungs have been filled with tubercular deposits, or have actually begun to break down.

DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—It gives me pleasure to send you this testimonial so that some other poor sufferer may be saved, as I was, by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I had a cough for years, expectorated a great deal and was slowly failing. Could eat three good meals a day but was losing flesh every day. Lost in weight from 150 pounds down to 128. My flesh got soft and I had no strength. Did not say anything to any one but made up my mind that the end was not far off if I did not get help soon. One day my wife was reading in the "Common Sense Medical Adviser" about Dr. Pierce's Golden Discovery, and I said, *that* sounds more like common sense than any thing else that I had heard. I at once bought a bottle of your famous remedy and before I had taken half of one bottle I felt better. Took thirteen bottles and it made a new man of me. I gained sixteen pounds and never have had a cough since. I feel splendid and give all the credit to your medicine.

Yours truly,
GEO. A. THOMPSON,
Sheldon Ave., Chatham, Ont., Canada.

DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—I wish to speak as to the benefit received from Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. My health being run-down last fall, I caught a bad cold which settled in my lungs and throat. I had a very bad cough, also raised a great deal. Doctored for awhile with our country physician and he said that if my cough could not be broken up I would go into consumption. I could see no benefit from his treatment, so I purchased a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and in two weeks' time my cough was all gone. I am sure the "Golden Medical Discovery" is one of the best cough remedies in existence and I also know that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is very good for the troubles for which it is recommended, for I have taken it.

Hoping that others may be benefited as I have been, I remain.

Yours with respect,
MRS. M. BLAZIER,
Morgan, Oconto Co., Wis.

Dr. Pierce's Good temper is largely a matter of good health, and good health is largely a matter of healthy activity of the bowels. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. They are safe, sure and speedy, and once taken do not have to be taken always. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic. They never gripe. By all druggists. **Pellets.**

It's an insult to your intelligence for a dealer to attempt to palm off upon you a substitute for this world-famed medicine. You know what you want. It's his business to meet that want. When he urges some substitute, he's thinking of the larger profit he'll make—not of your welfare. Avoid all such unprincipled dealers.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Andrew Anderson, Jackson, Minn., machine wrench; Spencer Davis, Minneapolis, Minn., scraper for disk drills; August Gerth, Esteline, S. D., fanning mill; Ira Gleason, Hutchinson, Minn., combined cot and tent; Joel Jarnberg, Minneapolis, Minn., monkey wrench; Charles Smith, Crandon, S. D., portable flour mill; Samuel Van Nostran, Minneapolis, attachment for theater seats.

Her Limit.

Waiter—Brie—cheese, madame?

Mrs. Neurich—Josiah, let's get right out o' here. Them pictures is bad enough, but I didn't expect they'd have breeches on the meanyou!—New York Times.

Not Changed.

"The automobile by any other name would smell no sweeter," remarked the Observer of Events and Things.

7% PREFERRED STOCK

of an established and prosperous corporation. We confidently recommend the above to investors of $100 upwards. Write for particulars.

THOS. COCHRAN, President.
410 Endicott Building,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Alabastine Your Walls

Just ask the doctor if there isn't danger of disease in your walls. Don't take our word for it—ask him. Make him tell you.

There is only one perfectly sanitary and hygienic wall covering. That is **Alabastine**—made from Alabaster rock—then colored with mineral colorings.

ALABASTINE is cleanly, because it is made from pure rock—Alabaster rock and pure water. It is not stuck on with sour paste nor smelly glue.

When your walls need covering, you don't need to wash ALABASTINE off. Just add another coat, for ALABASTINE is antiseptic as well as beautiful. The most beautiful decorations are possible with Alabastine.

Any decorator or painter can put it on. You could do it yourself. Insist on Alabastine being delivered in the original package, it is your only safeguard against substitution of worthless kalsomines. Write for beautiful tint card and free suggestions.

If your dealer can't supply you, send us his name and we will see that you have Alabastine

ALABASTINE COMPANY,
Grant Ave., Grand Rapids, Mich.
New York Office, 105 Water St.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D/C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

N·W N U —NO. 15— 1905

Every time a man calls his wife an angel she thinks he is hatching some scheme to avoid buying her a new gown.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

What Water Breeds in Jersey.

"What kind of animal life does whisky bring forth?" asked the temperance lecture. "Snakes!" he cried. "Hideous, crawling snakes."

"Water breeds mosquitoes," commented the town loafer.—Newark (N. J.) News.

A New Era in Transpacific Transportation.

The Great Northern Steamship company, in placing in service between Settle, Wash., and Yokohama, Nagasaki, Kobe, Shanghai and Hongkong, the magnificent American-built steamships the "Minnesota" and the "Dakota," marks a new era in transportation facilities between the United States and the Orient. These magnificent steamships with their superior facilities in handling immense freight cargoes and the luxurious appointments for passenger travel has given an impetus to our Oriental trade. The North Pacific route to the Orient is rapidly becoming the popular one, and now that the two palatial steamships, "Minnesota" and "Dakota," have been put in commission, there is no question but that a further greater increase in our trade with the Orient as well as increased passenger travel to Asiatic ports will be inaugurated. The first sailing of the "Minnesota," in addition to carrying the largest cargo to the Orient ever carried by any ship in the world, as well as an extensive passenger list, augurs well for the future.

The "Minnesota" will sail on its next voyage to the Orient on Saturday, April 29th, and it will not be amiss to say here that the excellence of her passenger accommodations will be heralded to the traveling public of the United States by all who enjoyed the pleasant voyage across the Pacific on her first trip as furnishing the acme of travel comfort.

The fact that the superior accommodations of the Great Northern Steamship company in connection with the comfortable journey afforded by the Great Northern Railway to Seattle, the sailing point of the "Minnesota," will make this route the popular one from Occident to Orient.

A fool will go through any old thing for a pretty woman, even through his bank account.

BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES!
THE GENUINE
DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL
Cures All Hurts of Man or Beast
OLNEY & McDAID, Mfrs., CLINTON, IOWA
At druggists in 50c, $1, $3 and $5 Sizes

WHO OWNS THE RAILROADS?

H. T. Newcomb of the District of Columbia Bar has compiled statistics showing that 5,174,718 depositors in savings banks of six eastern states are directly interested in the joint ownership of $442,354,086 of steam railroad securities, that insurance companies doing business in Massachusetts hold $845,889,038 of steam railroad stocks and bonds and 74 educational institutions depend on $47,468,327 invested in similar securities for a portion of their income. Other fiduciary institutions own enough railroad securities to bring such holdings up to more than a billion and a half dollars, about one-sixth of the entire capital invested in railroad property. These investments represent the savings of the masses, there being twenty million holders of life insurance policies in the country, as many more of fire insurance policies, and an even greater number of depositors in banking and trust institutions, where investments are largely in railroad securities.

When the Fad Died Out.

Some years ago, I am told, when the craze for collecting souvenir spoons was at its height, a group at a seaside hotel were exhibiting their collections and comparing notes. Presently an army officer turned to a Southern woman who had shown little interest in the proceedings and said:

"Mrs. C., haven't you got the craze? Don't they collect souvenir spoons down in Dixie?"

The Southern woman drew her shawl about her shoulders and answered with quiet dignity:

"No, suh. The fad foh souvenieh spoons died out in the South afteh Ben Butleh ma'ched through."—Detroit Tribune.

How They Light Cigars.

I overheard a conversation between three gentlemen in the lobby of Young's the other day, just as they were coming out from lunch and lighting their cigars. Two were strangers, the other man evidently belonging to the city. He had just passed a light to his friend, when one of them remarked:

"Ever notice the difference in the way men light cigars?"

Both of his hearers agreed they had not.

"Well, the Boston man takes a match out of his safe, lights it, offers the light to his friend, and then lights his own cigar. The Philadelphia man fires up his own tobacco first and then passes the match to his friend. But a New York man calmly lights his own cigar and then throws the match away."—Boston Traveler.

In the Spring.

Lowndes, Mo., April 10th.—Mrs. H. C. Harty of this place says:—

"For years I was in very bad health. Every spring I would get so low that I was unable to do my own work. I seemed to be worse in the spring than any other time of the year. I was very weak and miserable and had much pain in my back and head. I saw Dodd's Kidney Pills advertised last spring and began treatment of them, and they have certainly done me more good than anything I have ever used.

"I was all right last spring and felt better than I have for over ten years. I am fifty years of age and am stronger to-day than I have been for many years and I give Dodd's Kidney Pills credit for the wonderful improvement."

The statement of Mrs. Harty is only one of a great many where Dodd's Kidney Pills have proven themselves to be the very best spring medicine. They are unsurpassed as a tonic and are the only medicine used in thousands of families.

Rebuked.

"Charles, have you ever considered going into any business?"

"Naw. The governor wanted me to last yeah, but I told him, doncherknow, it was enough to have one tradesman in the family.—Puck.

OPERATION AVOIDED

EXPERIENCE OF MISS MERKLEY

She Was Told That an Operation Was Inevitable. How She Escaped It

When a physician tells a woman suffering with ovarian or womb trouble that an operation is necessary, the very thought of the knife and the operating table strikes terror to her heart, and our hospitals are full of women coming for ovarian or womb operations.

Miss Margret Merkley

There are cases where an operation is the only resource, but when one considers the great number of cases of ovarian and womb trouble cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound after physicians have advised operations, no woman should submit to one without first trying the Vegetable Compound and writing Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice, which is free.

Miss Margret Merkley of 275 Third Street, Milwaukee, Wis., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Loss of strength, extreme nervousness shooting pains through the pelvic organs, bearing down pains and cramps compelled me to seek medical advice. The doctor, after making an examination, said I had ovarian trouble and ulceration and advised an operation. To this I strongly objected and decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. The ulceration quickly healed, all the bad symptoms disappeared and I am once more strong, vigorous and well."

Ovarian and womb troubles are steadily on the increase among women. If the monthly periods are very painful, or too frequent and excessive—if you have pain or swelling low down in the left side, bearing down pains, leucorrhœa, don't neglect yourself: try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

DAIRY NOTES

Temperature for Churning.

In most of our farms the matter of temperature of cream at the churning time and of the room in which the churning is done receives little or no attention. In summer the butter comes quickly and the churner thinks it is because the cows are on pasture; in winter the butter comes slowly and the churner thinks that this is due to the dry feed. In most cases the temperature is the great factor in regulating the time of churning. With the temperature of the cream and of the room at 80 degrees the butter is quickly churned. But it is impossible to make good butter at a temperature of 80 degrees; at that temperature a great deal of casein is incorporated with the butter and an unusual amount of water. Sixty degrees is a good temperature at which to churn. The churning between 60 and 65 degrees has been popular for many years, but it is only recently that buttermakers have adopted the plan of churning at 50 degrees and under. This can be done only with heavy cream, that is, a cream containing a very large per cent of butter fat. It is not supposed that thin cream can be churned at all at this low temperature. The best flavored butter and the butter that has taken first premiums at our leading expositions, has been made at a very low temperature. As a general principle it may be assumed that the richer the cream the lower the temperature at which the churning may be done.

Hay Dust in the Stable.

Some of the trouble with bad flavor in butter comes from hay dust in the stable. Before cows are milked hay is thrown down and the air is filled with a fine dust. Much of this dust was formerly in the highway. It was blown by the wind over the hayfield before the grass was cut. This dust in itself would not produce the bad flavor, but it is known to be the abiding place of countless myriads of bacteria and much hay contains mold. We say hay is moldy but we simply mean that minute plants have multiplied in countless millions on the hay and have produced spores which are the cause of the discoloration. Whenever such hay is thrown down these spores are thrown by millions into the air. They fall by thousands into the milk vessels and later make their presence manifest in the milk, cream and butter.

The hay is not the only source of trouble. Bedding under cows frequently contains a very large amount of dust from the same cause. Such bedding should not be stirred up before the cows are milked, or if stirred up the stable should be aired before milking take place.

Why Minnesota Won.

Minnesota won many premiums on her butter at the St. Louis World's Fair. Her competitors complain that these prizes were not in all cases fairly won. They say that other states sent their average butter to be scored, but that Minnesota did not send average butter even from her best creameries. It is not even doubted that Minnesota inspectors watched over the production of the butter that was to be sent to St. Louis. Some of these inspectors picked out the best dairy farms, visited these farms, picked out the best cows and instructed the farmers that only the milk from these cows should be sent to the creameries. At the creamries other inspectors sorted the milk as it came in, putting the cleanest and best milk by itself and the rest of the milk by itself. Out of this doubly sorted, best milk was made the butter that created a sensation at the exposition. We can bring no charge against Minnesota inspectors. We can only say that the results of the contest do not demonstrate which of the dairy states makes the best butter on the average.

Change in Quality of Butter.

The scoring of butter is attended with many circumstances that make the task of scoring a heavy one. Not the least of these circumstances is the change that goes on in butter from day to day due to the developing of different kinds of germs. Some butter improves and some becomes poorer. Butter that has had too much casein left in it in the working deteriorates quite rapidly under ordinary temperatures. On the other hand, butter that has in it when fresh odor of the barn will sometimes lose that odor when the lactic acid ferments in the butter develop. This accounts for the apparent conflict of opinion among judges of butter, one man scoring higher than another on a different day. It is easy to understand why the butter that takes first place one day may change places with a package below it the next day.

Unclean Milk and Cream.

Upon the milk and cream depends the butter. The quality of these is always directly connected with the quality of the butter. During recent years men who call themselves centralizers have been establishing plants in different localities to which were brought both milk and cream from great distances. It has been charged that these centralizers are willing to receive any kind of milk and cream and that they are willing, also, to sell to any kind of a farmer a hand separator. This has been a factor in injuring the reputation of the hand separator. Agents of hand separators will help their own business if they will refrain from selling their machines to men whom they know will not care for them and will not care for the cream that is separated by them. If the cream is not cared for and brought to the factory in a condition that makes it impossible to use it in making good butter, that fact is always charged to the hand separator.

Wheat is a better egg-making food than corn, but even wheat alone is not an ideal ration.

Not So, Ysaye.

"Give me two tickets for Eye-Say's concert," smiled a young woman.

Next in line was an elderly gentleman.

"Three seats for the Ee-zaw-ye recital," he said.

"Any good seat left for Iz-eye?" asked a young man.

"How's the Isaiah sale going?" inquired a man about town.

"I'd like a box for the Yiss-a-yee affair,' announced a portly patron of art.

"Let me see what you have left for the Izzy musicale," a stylish matron purred.

"Two tickets for Easy. How much?" said a brisk business man.

There came a lull in the seat buying.

"How should it be pronounced?" asked an observer.

"I knew once," replied the clerk, "but you can search me now."—Newark (N. J.) News.

It Was Kitty's Flea.

Little Mary was playing with the cat. Her mother observed that she was making a close examination of the animal's fur and finally asked her:

"What are you doing, Mary?"

"Oh, mamma," cried the child, "I just found a flea in kitty's coat."

"Well, and did you kill it?" asked the mother.

Mary looked at her reproachfully.

"Why, mamma," she cried, "I couldn't do that! I put it back. It was kitty's flea, you know."—Detroit Free Press.

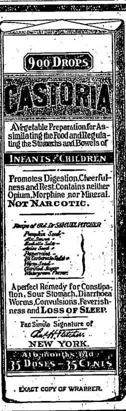
Different.

Mr. Duff—You say you never used cross word to your first husband?

Mrs. Duff—Never!

Mr. Duff—I suppose it is because I alone inspire them?

Mrs. Duff—No, indeed! It's because my first husband wouldn't stand for them.—Detroit Free Press.



900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed—
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts—
Anise Seed +
Peppermint—
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed—
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Henpect in Orders.

"When did Rev. Mr. Henpeck take orders?"

"He was married in 1891, and he's been taking them ever since."—Chicago Journal.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—MRS. THOS. ROBBINS, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Not So Wonderful.

Wifkins—I believe that dog of mine knows as much as I do.

Bifkins—Huh! I've seen smarter dogs than that.—Columbus Dispatch.

Arbitration is the method employed to convince both the contending parties that they are in the wrong.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa

Many a man has accidentally lost his best umbrella by an unexpected meeting with the owner.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

It is every child's demand that a parent should provide him with every luxury and save money.

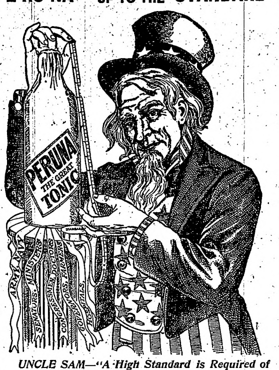
Mrs. J. H. Giles, Everett, Pa., Suffered years with kidney and gravel trouble. Cured by Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, Rondout, N. Y. $1.00

Family jars are to be avoided unless filled with honey.

NORTH·SOUTH·EAST·WEST
YOU WILL FIND
TOWER'S FISH BRAND
WATERPROOF OILED CLOTHING EVERYWHERE.
The best materials, skilled workmen and sixty-seven years experience have made TOWER'S Slickers, Coats and Hats famous the world over. They are made in black or yellow for all kinds of wet work and every garment bearing the SIGN OF THE FISH is guaranteed to give satisfaction. All reliable dealers sell them.
A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS. U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO. Limited TORONTO, CAN.
TOWERS ABOVE ALL OTHERS

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 CTS. 25 CTS.

PE-RU-NA MEASURES UP TO THE STANDARD



UNCLE SAM—"A High Standard is Required of Any Catarrh Remedy That Has Been Endorsed by so Many Trustworthy and Prominent People."

Sprains
are forcibly stretching or lacerating a ligament, causing swelling, discoloration and great pain, and a tedious effort to cure. The cure can be hastened by using immediately and faithfully,
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
Keep the sprain well bandaged and wet with the Liniment. When a change of bandage is made, rub the part gently with the hand, using plenty Liniment. 25 cents, three times as much 50 cents.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE
EXCURSIONS TO THE Free Grant Lands OF Western Canada.

During the months of March and April, there will be excursions on the various lines of railway to the Canadian West.

Hundreds of thousands of acres of the best Wheat and Grazing Lands on the Continent free to the settler.

Adjoining lands may be purchased from railway and land companies at reasonable prices.

For information as to route, cost of transportation etc., apply to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

A CLEAR, HEALTHY SKIN
Sandholm's Eczema and Skin Remedy
Purifies, Then Heals.
Positively cures Eczema, Pimples, Eruptions, Insect Bites and all diseases of the skin. An absolute cure for Dandruff or Scalp disease.
$1.00 Per Bottle. Send for FREE BOOKLETS.
Ask your druggist or barber or send to
SANDHOLM DRUG CO., Des Moines, Iowa.

TEXAS LANDS.
Buy cheap fertile lands in the Coast Country before it is too late. Fine markets, fine climate, fertile lands, good schools and fine railroad facilities. Farm your lands 12 months in the year. We quote railroad rates from all points. Agents wanted in every locality. Write for our terms, plans of co-operation, information and descriptive literature.
C. W. Hahl & Co., Commercial Bank Bldg., Houston, Texas.
Southern Pacific Immigration Agents.

Conviction Follows Trial

When buying loose coffee or anything your grocer happens to have in his bin, **how do you know what you are getting?** Some queer stories about coffee that is sold in bulk, could be told, if the people who handle it (grocers), cared to speak out.

Could any amount of mere talk have persuaded millions of housekeepers to use

Lion Coffee,

the leader of all package coffees for over a quarter of a century, if they had not found it superior to all other brands in

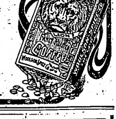
Purity, Strength, Flavor and Uniformity?

This popular success of LION COFFEE can be due only to inherent merit. There is no stronger proof of merit than continued and increasing popularity.

If the verdict of MILLIONS OF HOUSEKEEPERS does not convince you of the merits of LION COFFEE, it costs you but a trifle to buy a package. It is the easiest way to convince yourself, and to make you a PERMANENT PURCHASER.

LION COFFEE is sold only in 1 lb. sealed packages, and reaches you as pure and clean as when it left our factory.
Lion-head on every package.
Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE
WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.



W. L. DOUGLAS
UNION MADE. **$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES** FOR MEN.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. They are just as good as those that cost from $5.00 to $7.00. The only difference is the price. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, hold their shape better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day. W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom of each shoe. Look for it. Take no substitute. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are sold through his own retail stores in the principal cities, and by shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, W. L. Douglas shoes are within your reach.

BETTER THAN OTHER MAKES AT ANY PRICE.

"For the last three years I have worn W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoe and found it not only as good, but better than any shoe that I ever had, regardless of price."
Chas. L. Farrell, Asst. Cashier The Capital National Bank, Indianapolis, Ind.

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.50 and $2.00 shoes because they fit better, hold their shape, and wear longer than other makes.

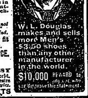
W. L. DOUGLAS $4.00 SHOES CANNOT BE EQUALLED AT ANY PRICE.

W. L. Douglas uses Corona Coltskin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is considered to be the finest patent leather produced.

FAST COLOR EYELETS WILL NOT WEAR BRASSY

W. L. Douglas has the largest shoe mail order business in the world. No trouble to get a fit by mail. 25c. extra prepays delivery. If you desire further information, *write for Illustrated Catalogue of Spring Styles.*

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASSACHUSETTS



W. L. Douglas makes and sells more Men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.
$10,000 REWARD to any one who can disprove this statement.

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

BEGGS' BLOOD PURIFIER
CURES catarrh of the stomach.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXIV. | ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 22, 1905. | NUMBER 40.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

WHAT HAS BEEN DONE BY THE LEGISLATURE

Will Be Remembered Chiefly for the Passage of Revised Code of Minnesota's Laws.

Wide-Open Tax Amendment—Laws Regulating Railroad Rates—State Highway Commission—State Lands.

The thirty-fourth legislature has accomplished a great deal more than was expected of it when it convened Jan. 3. It has received, digested, amended, passed, re-amended and re-passed the revised statutes of Minnesota, containing all the laws passed by the state since its organization.

It has approved the proposition to submit to the people a constitutional amendment providing for the removing of all restrictions to taxation, and the adoption of the "wide open" tax system.

It has freed the university from the state board of control; has established a state highway commission; abolished bucketshops; investigated railroad rates, grain weighing and inspection, illuminating oils, stock yard charges, and almost everything else that could be examindd; and has gone into fees, salaries and emoluments of state officers to an unusual degree.

The Minnesota legislature of 1905 has completed its work. The record of the session will give the first legislature meeting in the new state capitol a prominent place in the history of the state.

Foremost and above all other enactments stands the revision of the laws. It is a complete revision of the entire body of the law of the state, and furnished a greater task than had ever before confronted a Minnesota legislature. The members of the judiciary committees of the house and senate, which considered the code, declare that as passed it will be of great benefit to the state.

Wide Open Tax Amendment.

Next to the new code in importance and perhaps of greater benefit to the state is the wide open tax amendment which passed both branches of the legislature almost without opposition. This substitutes for the present involved and cumbersome terms of the constitution a short, consice section on taxation, providing only that taxes upon the same class of subjects shall be uniform and collected for public purposes, retaining the present exemptions from taxation. The measure, if ratified by the voters, will permit almost any form of taxation which the legislature desires to enact, and will permit the adjustment of the tax on each class of property in conformity with what it is able to bear, something impossible under the present requirement that all property be assessed at its full cash value.

Important Measures Passed.

Although the new code hampered legislation, several groups of important measures were passed, and thorough investigation made of railroad rates and charges in Minnesota. The investigation resulted in the enactment of a series of measures which, when a sufficient appropriation is made to make them effective, are expected to result in great benefits to the state.

A group of measures relating to the management, drainage, and sale of state lands was enacted that will mean more, the legislators believe, for the development of Northern Minnesota than any legislation enacted by previous legislatures.

The state university and normal schools were removed from the domination of the state board of control, a matter that furnished one of the keenest contests in the session of 1903.

Highway Commission.

The legislature also established a state highway commission, as has been agitated by good roads interests during four previous sessions.

A joint legislative investigating committee held sittings throughout almost the entire session and accumulated a mass of valuable evidence, and prepared five railway bills which passed both branches. The most important is the measure to prohibit the increase of railroad rates or charges without the written consent of the state railroad and warehouse commission, and giving that body greater power in the regulation of rates and charges. Another bill requires the state railroad commission to prosecute complaints of individuals, as to interstate grievances, before the interstate commerce commission.

Freight Rates.

A complete readjustment of freight rates in Minnesota is provided for by a joint resolution introduced by the rate investigating committee. The readjustment is to secure a substantial reduction in merchandise rates. The resolution provides that the difference between distributing and distance tariffs for the same mileage shall not exceed 5 per cent. The cost of such a readjustment, however, will be between $40,000 and $50,000, so that with its allowance of $20,000 per year for the performance of all its duties, the railroad commission can do practically nothing toward carrying out the resolution.

The other bills offered by the special committee provided a penalty of $5,000 on transportation companies giving rebates or any reductions to influence the movement of freight, and make it a misdemeanor to receive rebates. Congress was memorialized to enact legislation to give the interstate commerce commission increased power to enforce the long and short-haul clause, and eventually to abolish private car lines.

Reciprocal Demurrage.

By far the hardest fought contest of the session was occasioned by the reciprocal demurrage bill, introduced in the house by Representative W. I. Nolan of Grand Meadow, and backed by the Minnesota Shippers' association. Mr. Nolan succeeded in getting the measure through the house. It was extensively amended by the senate committee, and reported out to pass in its emasculated form. The railroads opposed the bill and presented evidence to show that it would not aid the shippers, and would impose unreasonable hardships upon carriers. The bill was finally killed in the house, the conferees being unable to agree.

Many Railroad Bills.

Railroad agitation was so prominent in the public thought when the session convened that it was not surprising that about three times as many bills relating to railroads were introduced as at any previous session of the legislature. With the exception of the legislation reported by the special investigating committee, only two or three bills of minor importance have become laws.

State Lands.

Business-like care of the state's lands and a wide-awake quest for actual settlers, that is likely to mean much for Northern Minnesota is brought about by a series of bills introduced in the house and eventually molded into satisfactory form by the public lands and the immigration committees. Representatives A. C. Cole of Walker, Marcus Lauritsen and Asher Murray were the leaders in securing this legislation.

The law to regulate the state sale of state timber, and providing for the punishment of trespassers was also enacted, largely the result of bills upon the subject by Representative R. H. Jefferson of Bingham Lake.

Inheritance Tax.

An inheritance tax law imposing a tax on all bequests and inheritances in excess of $10,000 is practically the only important tax legislation of the session aside from the constitutional amendment by Representative W. P. Roberts, giving the legislature the utmost latitude in tax legislation.

Board of Control Fight.

The removal of the state university and normal schools from the jurisdiction of the state board of control is by far the most important measure passed relating to state institutions.

New Capitol Bill.

The care and maintenance of the new state capitol developed one of the keenest fights of the session. Senator Horton's bill, as amended by the house, being finally passed over Gov. Johnson's veto, as the result of party caucuses of both houses.

The measure gives the capitol commission control of the building until fully completed, and allows it two years in which to finish the building.

Aim Is Good Roads.

The establishment of a state highway commission to superintend the distribution of the state road and bridge fund and give information as to the building of roads is one of the most important measures enacted by the legislature, and achieves the end for which the good roads associations have been working for four sessions of the legislature.

Pure Food Legislation.

The most important pure food legislation is the bill by Representative Marcus Lauritsen of Tyler, which allows the state inspectors to detain food products shipped into the state while in the hands of carriers, and inspect and examine them. If found illegal, the products are to be dealt with as if sold or manufactured in Minnesota. The bill is now in effect and one conviction of a box car merchant has been secured under it.

New Game Laws.

A general revision of the game and fish laws was passed, which was drafted by the state game and fish commission. It provides for a resident hunter's license of $1 to shoot small game outside the county in which the hunter resides, and limits the game bag to two deer and twenty-five game birds, and reduces the number of birds that may be killed in one day to fifteen.

Kills Bucket Shops.

One of the most important general regulative measures passed was the bill by Representative Gustav Erickson of Canby which prohibits bucket shops in Minnesota. The measure has been signed by the governor and is now in effect. It prohibits all future trades not made on a regularly organized board of trade or made with the intention of settlement on the basis of differences in price. Violations are punishable by a fine of from $500 to $2,000, and it is made a crime to offer to make such illegal trades. Persons furnishing bucket shops with public market quotation are made guilty and may be punished by the same fine as the proprietor of the bucket shop.

Little Election Legislation.

There has been practically no important legislation on the subjects of election or banking. Representative J. G. Lund's bill to prohibit the use of the words "bank, banking or savings bank" by private banks passed the house but was killed in the senate.

The house killed five bills relating to the nomination of candidates for state offices, and the senate killed the various measures on the same subject before it. The only election bill passed was:

H. F. 226. Adams—Prohibiting the signing of petitions to nominate independent candidates for office before the holding of the primary election.

An important change in the present criminal laws is made in a bill by Senator Albert Schaller, which has passed both houses. It allows persons bound over to the grand jury on a charge of crime punishable by imprisonment for not more than five years, to plead guilty without waiting for indictment by the grand jury.

Liquor Laws.

H. F. 21, Dowling—Making the possession of liquor prima facie evidence of intent to sell it illegally.

H. F. 629, Smith—A method for securing evidence of the illegal sale of liquor by the examination by justice courts of persons suspected of knowing of the same.

H. F. 51, Zelch—Prohibiting the sale of liquor to paroled prisoners.

S. F. 115, Collester — Prohibiting the administering of poison to animals.

Among the minor miscellaneous bills passed are:

S. F. 49, Brower—Providing for the state census of 1905.

H. F. 36, Stone—Allowing counties to invest sinking funds in farm mortgages.

S. F. 72, Johnson—Providing for the purchase of a site for a monument commemorating the signing of the Traverse des Sioux treaty.

IS "EVEN" WITH ALLEGED PAL.

Elk River, Minn., April 19.—Arthur C. Losee, alias Palmer, the alleged accomplice of C. D. Crawford, who murdered Heino Lundeen in a box car, yesterday made a poor witness in his own behalf, both in direct testimony and in cross-examination. The planning of the terrible crime, the shooting, the ownership of the flash light, and even the robbing of the dead body were all laid on Crawford, Palmer's oonly admission being that he went through the pockets of the rest of the boys in the car. While Palmer was on the Stand Crawford, who was brought from Minneapolis for the express purpose of going on the stand to try and save his alleged pal, was waiting his turn. When the time came for him to go on the stand he flatly refused, and whenever Palmer's statements conflicted with the testimony of the previous witnesses Crawford did not hesitate to give the lie to them. The evidence is all in and the case will be finished to-day. Then both men will know their fate.

Frank Lindell's barn and hay shed, containing ten tons of hay, three horses, harness and tools, were destroyed by fire at Marine. The property was near the railroad track and it is thought that sparks from a locomotive were blown by the strong wind into the hay. The loss is $2,000, covered by insurance.

President Weld of the Moorhead normal lectured at the Litchfield opera house to the teachers and school officers of the county.

Citizens of Pelican Rapids have organized a commercial club for the purpose of civic improvement. A banquet is to be given soon. Officers: O. M. Carr, president; F. J. Cocking, vice president; S. O. Diffendorf, secretary; C. R. Frazee, treasurer.

Prof. Lange of the St. Paul high school has been secured by the St. Cloud Ladies' Readingroom society to deliver an illustrated lecture on "Birds," on Saturday afternoon, April 29.

Frank L. Gorenflo, president of the Cass Lake village council, is suffering with an aggravated case of appendicitis and is in Rochester to have an operation performed.

The contract for building a bridge across the Mississippi at Elk River has been let to W. F. Chadbourne for $21,950.

Nicholas Boltes, a patient sent from Stearns county in 1900, died at the asylum at Fergus Falls.

MUCH DEPENDS ON TOGO'S SKILL

LUKEWARM INTEREST IN COMING STRUGGLE DEEPENS INTO ANXIETY.

JAPS MAY ATTACK AT KAMRANH

STRONGLY PROTEST AGAINST RUSSIANS' PRESENCE IN FRENCH PORT.

MOMENTOUS WAR COUNCIL

CRITICAL SITUATION DEMANDS ATTENTION OF JAP ELDER STATESMEN.

London, April 20.—The British public is only now beginning to realize how much depends upon Togo's skilful conduct of the approaching naval contest. Until Vice Admiral Rojestvensky actually arrived in the Straits of Malacca there was a disposition to ridicule the efforts of the Russian squadron; but now that there is seen to be a growing likelihood of Vice Admiral Nebagotoff joining Rojestvensky before the fateful struggle opens, lukewarm interest is deepening into anxiety.

According to the Tokio correspondent of a news agency a momentous war conference lasting five hours was held there on Wednesday, attended by the elder statesmen, the premier and the ministers. It is not difficult to conjecture the nature of the council's deliberations.

Tokio correspondents state that Japan has addressed a protest to France on the Russian Pacific squadron's presence in Kamranh bay, but that France has not yet replied.

Japs May Attack at Kamranh.

The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Tokio declares that a Japanese fleet is ready to sail for Kamranh bay. The Telegraph's Hongkong correspondent states that two steamers which passed close to Kamranh bay on Sunday, report that no Russian vessels were then visible. No news, however, has yet reached London to show that the Russians have left Kamranh bay, and it is assumed that they were still there.

Japs Take Precautions.

Yin Kow, April 18, via Tien-tsin, April 20.—Few transports are now arriving at Niuchwang. This, in contrast with the rush of traffic since the opening of the Liao river, indicates that precautions are being taken against possible interference by the Russian Pacific squadron.

Vast accumulation of stores have already been made along the Japanese lines of communication, assuring full supplies to the armies in the field, even if the transport service is interrupted.

Irritation Against France.

Tokio, April 20. — Although not reported directly, it is believed that the Russian second Pacific squadron continues the occupation of Kamranh bay, or some other port of Annam, where is is expected to remain until joined by the third Russian Pacific squadron.

The report that Admiral Rojestvensky is maintaining a patrol and examining neutral shipping off Kamranh bay increases the irritation toward France for permitting the use of that port as a base of operations.

The Japanese government continues silence regarding the representations on this subject which have been made to France.

The press, however, continues its agitation against France, demanding vigorous action.

To Cut Off Harbin.

Harbin, April 20.—There was a determined attempt on the night of April 17 to cut the railroad between Harbin and Vladivostok, a formidable body of Japanese bandits making an attack near the station of Imyanpo, 100 miles east of Harbin. After a desperate fight which lasted several hours, the bandits were driven off and dispersed.

Many smaller companies of Chinese bandits are roving in the rear of the Russian army, but disappear when pursued.

NABS IOWA LETTER CARRIER.

McGregor Postman Charged With the Theft of Money Orders.

Chicago, April 20.—Albert F. Fiete, a letter carrier whose home is in McGregor, Iowa, was arrested in Geneva, Ill., yesterday by Deputy United States Marshall Udell. Fiete is charged with stealing postal money orders. He will be taken back to Iowa.

Peach Crop Suffers.

Atlanta, Ga., April 20.—After a trip through North Georgia State Entomologist Smith yesterday said: "There is no doubt about the fact that about 75 per cent of the peach crop north of Atlanta is a total loss as the result of the recent cold weather."

Hay Has Health Again.

Nervi, Italy, April 20. — Secretary Hay's physician reports that Mr. Hay has recovered his health. He will leave Nervi to-day for Genoa.

POOR, BUT WEDS A CARNEGIE.

Steel King's Niece Secretly Married to Riding Master.

New York, April 20. — It became known yesterday that Andrew Carnegie's niece, Nancy, was secretly married a year ago to a riding master named Heaver, whom she met at Newport. The story was confirmed by Mr. Carnegie.

"My niece was married to Mr. Heaver in New York about a year ago," he said. "Mr. Heaver was a riding teacher in the family. The family has no objections to the match. Mr. Heaver is an honest, upright young man. I would rather Nancy had married a poor, honest man than a worthless duke. We want no rich men in the family."

Mr. Carnegie said that Mr. and Mrs. Heaver went to Europe immediately after their marriage. They returned a few days ago and are now on a visit to New England.

PACKERS TO USE DETECTIVES.

Shadow Moves of Government Officials and Witnesses.

Chicago, April 20. — While the federal grand jury making the beef investigation is scrtinizing the accounts and business methods of the Etna Trading company, the alleged clearing house of the packers, scores of private detectives pressed into service by the packers are shadowing the movements of government witnesses, secret service men, federal officers and employes and packing house employes. All of the large packing concerns under fire have had detectives in their employ for several days, and it is declared they are furnishing the heads of the packing concerns and their attorneys with daily reports of the movements of all other persons concerned even in the remotest degree with the grand jury's investigation.

ELOPED WITH WRESTLER.

Bemidji Woman Caught by Husband in Duluth.

Duluth, Minn., April 20. — Thomas W. Donovan, a wrestler of some note in the Northwest, arrived in Duluth Tuesday, and with him was the wife of a Bemidji man of considerable prominence. Yesterday the husband arrived and Donovan and the woman were arrested. After a stormy scene a reconciliation was effected between the husband and wife and she went back to Bemidji with him. Donovan went to jail for sixty days. Owing to the fact that the Bemidji people are of considerable prominence and good reputation in their town the police suppressed their names.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, April 20. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.03@1.08 7-8; No. 2 Northern, $1.01 1-2@1.02; No. 3, 88@95c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 45 1-2@46c. Oats—No. 3 white, 29 1-2@30c.

Minneapolis, April 20. — Wheat — No. 1 hard, $1.15 3-8; No. 1 Northern, $1.12 1-8@1.13 1-8; No. 2 Northern, $1.05 3-8@1.08 3-8. Oats—No. 3 white, 29c.

Duluth, April 20. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.04 1-4; No. 2 Northern, 98 1-4c@$1.01 3-4; flax, $1.39 3-4; rye, 77c.

Milwaukee, April 20. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.12 1-2; No. 2 Northern, $105@1.09. Rye—No. 1, 81c. Barley No. 2, 51c. Oats — Standard, 32@32 1-2c. Corn—No. 3, 48@49c.

Chicago, April 20. — Wheat—No. 2 red, $1.16@1.17 1-2; No. 3 red, $1@1.15; No. 2 hard, $1.14@1.17; No. 3 hard, $1@1.14; No. 1 Northern, $1.16@1.17 1-2; No. 2 Northern, $1.05@1.15. Corn—No. 2, 49 1-4@49 1-2c. Oats—No. 2, 30 1-4c.

Sioux City, Iowa, April 20. — Cattle—Beeves, $4 @ 6; cows, bulls and mixed, $3@4.75; stockers and feeders, $3 @ 4; calves and yearlings, $2.75@3.80. Hogs—Bulk, $5.20@5.25.

Chicago, April 20.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $6 @ 6.65; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.10; cows, $2.60@5.60; heifers, $3 @ 6; calves, $3@7. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.40@5.62 1-2; bulk, $5.45 @ 5.60. Sheep — Good to choice wethers, $5.60@6.25; native lambs, $4.75@7; Western lambs, $5.50@7.75.

South St. Paul, April 20. — Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.75 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.20@4.25; butcher bulls, $2.65@3.40; veals, $2@4.75; good to choice stock steers, $3@4; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs — Range price, $5.10@5.35; bulk, $5.20@5.30. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $6.75@7; fair to good, $6 @ 6.75; good to choice yearling wethers, $5.40@6.50; good to choice ewes, $4.75@5.25.

Meat Takes Another Jump.

New York, April 20.—A further advance of 1 or 2 cents a pound in meat has been agreed upon by the West side butchers in this city. At a mass meeting of the trade it was stated that the packers had added another half-cent to their raise of last week, which amounted to 2 cents a pound, and made a total advance of 3 cents in three weeks.

Colt Dashes Boy to Death.

Des Moines, Iowa, April 20.—In the presence of his mother and his twin brother little Albert Peterson was dashed against the side of a house yesterday and instantly killed. He had tied a halter attached to a colt about his waist.

Rosen for Washington.

Berlin, April 20.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg says Baron Rosen, the foreign Russian minister to Japan, will succeed Count Cassini as ambassador at Washington.

DR. KOCH AGAIN IS ON TRIAL

FOR SECOND TIME HE APPEARS IN COURT TO ANSWER TO CHARGE OF MURDER.

BUT ONE JUROR IS SECURED

SPECIAL PANEL OF TWENTY-EIGHT MEN ALREADY IS EXHAUSTED.

DENTIST TAKES IT COOLLY

GIVES NO VISIBLE EVIDENCE OF BEING UNDER A MENTAL STRAIN.

Mankato, Minn., April 20.—For the second time Dr. Koch, the young New Ulm dentist, is on trial for his life, charged with one of the most inhuman crimes recorded in the criminal annals of the state, the murder of Dr. L. A. Gebhardt, his professional rival. Never in the history of this thriving city has there been a case in court which attracted so much attention. Although yesterday the routine of examining prospective jurors was the only proceeding, the court room was crowded.

Another panel of twenty-eight men already is exhausted and but one juror is sworn. The lone man in the box is Joseph Waddell, a farmer who lives near Beauford. All the other jurors who comprise the regular panel of the February term of court, were excused with little ceremony, on the grounds that they were biased or had formed a decided opinion in the case.

Koch's Father With Him.

At the moment the court room clock was striking the opening hour yesterday morning Dr. Koch, who has been at liberty on bail, walked into the court room, almost a boy in appearance. He closely was followed by his aged father, who walked with bowed head, but with a confident expression on his face. No other relative of the young dentist accompanied him.

Without hesitation Dr. Koch walked to a seat pointed out to him inside the railing, and immediately the procedure began. With pale intellectual face and pleasant expression, the young defendant sat immovable and listened intently to the questions of the attorneys and the answers of prospective jurors.

Never did he look about the court room. Never once did he put a question to those about him. Neither by even so much as the nervous tremor of his hand did he show that he was under a mental strain. It was the opinion of all those who had looked upon the New Ulm dentist for the first time that he was cool—wonderfully cool.

Childs Examines Jurors.

Gen. H. W. Childs of St. Paul examined the jurors for the state and he was assisted in the prosecution by Albert Pfaender of New Ulm and S. B. Wilson, county attorney of Blue Earth county. At the opening of court Gen. Childs said that the New Ulm attorney would be associated with him in the prosecution, and also the Mankato county attorney, as the latter would be more familiar with the local aspect of the case and the records of the prospective jurors. Arrayed on the side of the defense was W. D. Abbott of New Ulm, Senator George W. Somerville of Sleepy Eye, A. E. Clark, A. R. Pfau, Sr., and the latter's son of Mankato.

WEALTHY PAPERMAKER DIES.

Havilah Babcock, Neenah Millionaire, Succumbs in Illinois.

Neenah, Wis., April 20. — Havilah Babcock of this city, who, it is learned, died at Winnetka, Ill., yesterday, was a millionaire and the wealthiest paper manufacturer in the state. He is a member of the original firm which became the Kimberly & Clark company. Mr. Babcock also was connected with other paper companies and was a director in several banks. He was born in Franklin county, Vt., in 1837, and came to Wisconsin over fifty years ago.

SUPERIOR BISHOP NAMED.

Broderick of Cuba to Be Rome's Choice.

Eau Claire, Wis., April 20.—A message has been received from Rome, it is reported in Catholic circles, to the effect that Bishop Broderick of the Island of Cuba, has been appointed bishop of the new Superior diocese. He will live at Superior. The new see extends south as far as Chippewa Falls, but does not take in that city. The selection of an outside bishop, it is believed, will be generally satisfactory.

Woman a Suicide.

Grundy Center, Iowa, April 20. — A maiden sister of Mrs. Henry Plager, maiden sister of Mrs. Henry Plager, who had been spending the winter with Mrs. Plager, committed suicide at the Plager home. She had found some loaded shells and, while the family were in the garden, she slipped out to where the guns were kept, opened her clothing over the heart, pointed the gun at her breast and pulled the trigger with a lath, and death resulted instantaneously.

EVERY ONE ASKS HIM

HOW HE GOT RID OF HIS OBSTINATE MUSCULAR RHEUMATISM.

Mr. Jones Tells of the Way by Which He Treated Himself Successfully When Doctors Failed.

Six physicians, all of them good, one of them a specialist, had done their best for Mr. Jones at different times during three years, and still he suffered fearfully from the tortures of rheumatism.

The rheumatism that had been dormant in his system was suddenly brought to an acute stage by exposure while he was drawing ice in February, 1901. From that time on for a period of more than three years he was a constant sufferer. He tried many kinds of treatment, but the rheumatism wouldn't budge. When regular doctors failed, and one remedy after another proved useless, many said: "I should think he would give it up and save his money."

Of his condition at this time, Mr. Jones says: "My rheumatism started in my right thigh, but in time it appeared in every muscle of my body. I lost the use of my left arm entirely and nearly lost the use of my right one. My feet were badly affected, especially the bottoms of the heels. When my right side was affected there was swelling, but the left side didn't swell when the disease settled there. The internal organs didn't seem to be involved at all. The trouble was all in the muscles and the nerves."

Among the few who still encouraged Mr. Jones to think that a cure might yet be found was a friend who had reason for great confidence in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and acting on her advice he bought a box of them in September, 1904. The story of what followed is brief, but nothing could be more satisfactory.

"When I was on the third box," says Mr. Jones, "I could realize a change for the better. I felt sure then that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were the right medicine for my case. I kept on with them for several weeks longer and now I am entirely well, and everybody is asking what I took."

Mr. William Jones lives at Oxford, Mich. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills effect wonderful cures in rheumatism, because they work directly on the blood which is the seat of the disease. They are sold by every druggist.

There's the Rub.

If I could only acquire a nice pile of money I wouldn't do a thing but travel.

Skemer—Yes, but maybe the police wouldn't do a thing but stop you.

Many Children Are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, Cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, Break up Colds and Destroy Worms. At all Druggists', 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

It takes constant use to keep good intentions from getting rusty.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The more a man intends to do tomorrow the less he does at all.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: August Anderson, Moorhead, Minn., theater appliance; Wallace Dow, Sioux Falls, S. D., machine for molding concrete building blocks; Emil Haack, Howard, S. D., corn picker and husker; George Koenig, Le Sueur, Minn., machine for loading manure; William Marchand, Rolla, N. D., wall construction.

One of the Injured.

"Glad to see you again after your long trip. No accident, was there?"

"Accident? I should say there was! I gave the porter a $10 gold piece thinking it was a quarter."—Chicago Tribune.

HONEST CONFESSION.

A Doctor's Talk on Food.

There are no fairer set of men on earth than the doctors, and when they find they have been in error they are usually apt to make honest and manly confession of the fact.

A case in point is that of an eminent practitioner, one of the good old school, who lives in Texas. His plain, unvarnished tale needs no dressing up:

"I had always had an intense prejudice, which I can see now was unwarrantable and unreasonable, against all muchly advertised foods. Hence, I never read a line of the many 'ads.' of Grape-Nuts, nor tested the food till last winter.

"While in Corpus Christi for my health, and visiting my youngest son, who has four of the ruddiest, healthiest little boys I ever saw, I ate my first dish of Grape-Nuts food for supper with my little grandsons. I became exceedingly fond of it and have eaten a package of it every week since, and find it a delicious, refreshing and strengthening food, leaving no ill effects whatever, causing no eructations (with which I was formerly much troubled), no sense of fullness, nausea, nor distress of stomach in any way.

"There is no other food that agrees with me so well, nor sits as lightly or pleasantly upon my stomach as this does. I am stronger and more active since I began the use of Grape-Nuts than I have been for 10 years, and am no longer troubled with nausea and indigestion." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Look in each pkg. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
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Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

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A SPECIALTY

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RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

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S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

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Pioneer Press
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Jewelers Sell it for $1.50.

This is a rich quality hard rubber, highly polished Fountain Pen; screw section, and fitted with an improved Feeding Device, allowing the ink to flow easily without blotting. The gold-nibbed pen is 14-Kt. fine, iridium pointed. The complete Fountain Pen is Fully Guaranteed by the manufacturers and will be exchanged by them if not entirely satisfactory. Each box contains a single pen and a guarantee. If the pen is not absolutely perfect, send it back to the factory and get one that is. It will not cost you a cent.

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St. Paul, Minn.—
Gentlemen: Send to me absolutely free and postpaid, a guaranteed solid gold-nibbed Fountain Pen. Enclosed herewith find $1.50 in advance for subscription to the Daily and Sunday or Weekly Pioneer Press.

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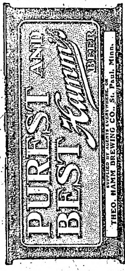
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SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, April 22, 1905.

It is well for the newspaper man that the base ball season opens just as the legislature adjourns.

The county officials of Beltrami county are to be investigated. A thorough shaking up will do the county a lot of good.

April 28th has been designated by Governor Johnson as Arbor day. Plant a tree on that day and you will remember it in the future.

The legislature completed its labors and adjourned last Wednesday. It did considerable good work besides passing the code, which is now a law.

The legislative investigation seems to indicate that Sam Johnson was better at manufacturing campaign literature than at attending to his duties as public examiner.

Representative Simons did well for his district by getting $1200 for Red Lake, $1500 for Beltrami and $600 for Clearwater county from the state road and bridge fund.

Senator Stephens and Representative Bennett, of Polk county, will be tendered a banquet by the citizens of Crookston next Monday for their efforts in securing the location of the agricultural college at Crookston.

The Bemidji Pioneer observes that "To the candid mind it must appear that he who is continually accusing his neighbor and never producing any reasons for his accusations, must be making a noise to divert attention from his own shortcomings."

The net profit to the state of Minnesota on the binding twine made by the convicts at the Stillwater penitentiary during the past year was $75,000. This pretty conclusively proves that it is more profitable for the state to put a criminal to work making rope than it is to buy the rope wherewith to hang him.—Rockford Register.

The Thief River Falls and Red Lake papers have been too prodical in their use of English in talking about each other. The county seat war is but started and as the fight grows warmer they will be unable to do the case justice as the entire supply of bad words has already been exhausted. It looks as though they would have to buy some Scandinavian type to relieve themselves. "Du Gomla Skork."—Crookston Times.

Not dismayed in the least at the discussion his recent offering to religious orders aroused, John D. Rockefeller has donated a further sum of $200,000 to the Baptist Missionary Union, and this organization promptly accepted the "ill-gotten wealth." Even among church adherents opinions widely differs in matters monetary. Perhaps the Baptists figure that the heathen won't know the difference.—Roseau Region.

Diamonds on Board Ship.

Millions of dollars' worth of diamonds are imported into this country every year. In carrying packages of such tremendous value over seas extraordinary precautions are taken. They are immured in strong safes and so carefully guarded that not an instance has ever been recorded in which diamonds have been lost or stolen, though a man could easily walk off with half a million dollars' worth of gems in his waistcoat pockets were it not that it is one of the most difficult undertakings in the world to commit such a theft or even to find where the gems are stored on shipboard.

Coffins as Furniture.

A man living at Queensbury not only uses his coffin as a piece of household furniture, but he has also a grave made in the local churchyard headed by a gravestone on which his name is set out in conventional style. Underneath is the line, "Not dead, but waiting."

One man at Tong, near Bradford, kept his Sunday clothes in his coffin, and another, who ate porridge at breakfast, used his coffin as a meal bin.

Some years ago a Keighly man kept butterfly specimens in his coffin.—London Mail.

Novel Agricultural School.

The state agricultural high school established in Crookston by the present session of the legislature, will be one of the most novel institutions in the country, says the Crookston Times. Superintendent Hoverstad of the state experiment station, who has plans for the school under consideration, during the past ten years has given the matter careful attention, has in fact made it a pet hobby and the school from every standpoint will be "something new" in the educational line if his wishes are followed by the board of regents.

The school will be established at the state experiment farm as a portion of that institution. The instructors who will teach the classes in the high school will also have charge of the various departments on the big farm, according to his plan. The pupils who attend the high school will be given an opportunity to work on the experiment farm for their board and a portion of their expenses, thereby assisting those of humble circumstances to earn their way through school. All of the common branches as well as the higher branches of learning which pertain to agricultural and farm work will be taught at the school, and it is expected from time to time that the scope of the work will be increased. Situated in this city, the very center of the richest agricultural district in the world, the school should have a patronage from among the farming classes hereabout which will in years to come make it the largest institution of its kind in the entire state if not in the northwest.

Farmers in the valley are enthusiastic over the matter and from present indications the school will not want for support from the brawny sons of toil who till the fertile fields, but will receive their sons in enormous numbers to turn them out at graduation day with sharpened wits, keen intellect and the knowledge of the "how and wherefore" which is so requisite to success. The school will mark an epoch in an educational line to Valley farmers.

The school will be conducted upon the industrial plan to a certain extent, means of support being provided the pupils in the shops. Various branches of work can be taken up to advantage in this section and the profits from the sale of the finished product go into the pockets of the students for their maintenance.

The cottage plan of dormitory will be employed, if present plans carry, and it is believed by its promoters, will be very successful. Students of the school will be entitled to accommodations in thee cottages but will be expected to provide their own food, fuel and lights, as well as bedding and other incidentals. A half dozen can club together in one cottage to advantage and enjoy life at school immensely without a great deal of expense or hardship.

Superintendent Hoverstad, when seen by a Times man, said: "The state agricultural school which Crookston was fortunate enough to secure at the present session of the state lawmakers, has been my pet hobby for years. The natural location of this city in the heart of the greatest wheat belt on earth made it plain to me that a school for the education and uplifting of the agricultural classes must some day be established here. My views of the matter proved correct, and the farmers of the valley cannot but appreciate the immense amount of benefit which they will derive from the establishment of the institution in this city, right in their midst as it were.

"The cottage system, for the maintainance of the pupils, I have often thought, would be an ideal one for the Crookston school. The pupils could live very reasonably and with what money they will be enabled to earn on the farm should not be a great bill of expense upon their parents."

Notice to Clean Up.

Notice is hereby given to the residents and property owners of St. Hilaire that they must, before May 5th, 1905, clean up and remove any and all garbage, manure or slops, on the premises owned or occupied by them and also on alleys or thoroughfares adjacent to said property. Said owners or occupants are also required to maintain any and all property which they own or occupy in a thoroughly sanitary condition, also that proprietors of hotels and restaurants keep sufficient barrels in the rear of their places of business in which to deposit all offal and refuse, and contents of which shall be deposited on the dumping grounds at least once in each week.

Any person failing to comply with this order will be promptly prosecuted according to law.

By order of the village council.
A. F. BLOMBURGH,
Health Officer.

Headquarters Restaurant...

A. F. Lang Proprietor

Short Orders a Specialty.

Located in rear of J. J. Soll's Saloon.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.

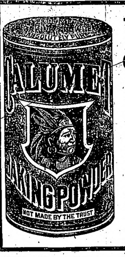
Graduate of Copenhagen University.

Department for Diseases of the Eye

CROOKSTON. MINN.

FRANK O'MEARA
Nat. Germ. Amer. Bank Bldg.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Money to loan at all times in liberal amounts and at reasonable rates. Prompt service and perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Write for particulars.



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Calumet Baking Powder

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Perfect Quality
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Moderate Price

Used in Millions of Homes

Pen Picture of Bunyan.

In the life of John Bunyan by W. Hale White the author of "Pilgrim's Progress" is described as follows: "He appeared in countenance to be a stern and rough temper, but in conversation mild and affable, not given to loquacity or much discourse in company unless some urgent occasion required it. He never boasted of himself or his parts. He abhorred lying and swearing, being just in all that lay in his power to his word, not seeming to revenge injuries, loving to reconcile differences and make friendship with all. He had a sharp, quick eye, accompanied with an excellent discerning of persons, being of good judgment and quick wit. As for his person, he was tall of stature, strong boned, though not corpulent, somewhat of a ruddy face, with sparkling eyes, wearing his hair on his upper lip after the old British fashion, his hair reddish, but in his latter days time had sprinkled it with gray. His nose was well set, but not declining or bending; and his mouth moderately large, his forehead something high and his habit always plain and modest."

Shaftesbury's Retort.

When a member of a church congress at Manchester argued that the introduction of the custom of cremation would endanger belief in the resurrection of the dead the reply of Lord Shaftesbury silenced any further doubt when he asked, "What, then, has become of the holy martyrs who were cremated?"

The Reason For It.

She—No, Mrs. Gayley is not popular. The moment she entered the room where the sewing circle was assembled there was a painful silence everywhere. He—I see. A silence is so particularly painful to women that the person responsible for such a condition must of necessity be unpopular.

Knew Her Mamma.

Policeman—Well, my little dear, if you can't tell me your mother's name or where she lives, how are we to find her? Little Girl (lost while out shopping)—Jes' put me in a shop window, an' mamma 'll be sure to see me.

Adirondacks.

"Adirondacks" is an Indian word meaning "wood eaters" and was a term applied in derision to a defeated Indian tribe driven to the mountains by the Iroquois and forced to live there on bark and berries.

He only is advancing in life whose heart is getting softer, whose blood warmer, whose brain quicker, whose spirit is entering into living peace.—Ruskin.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

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113-115-117 West 31st St. NEW YORK.

Order for Hearing on Claims, Etc.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—SS.
In Probate Court,
Special Term, April 4, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased, late of the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, being granted to K. O. Gigstad;

It is ordered, that six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 4th day of October, 1905, at one o'clock p.m. at a special term of said probate court, to be held at the Probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 4th day of April, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
[Seal], N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

(a8-4t-a29)

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lancetot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

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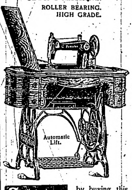
SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING.
HIGH GRADE.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H. D. PETTIBONE. Secretary.

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8:00 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
9:25 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
3:55 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
10:20 am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30 pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10 am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN,
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VILLAGE COUNCIL.

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K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

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Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
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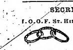
SECRET SOCIETIES.



I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
J. J. SOLL, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3653—Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

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Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

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TOBACCOS
....TOYS
Agency for....
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Seed flax for sale by Leonard Holmes.

To-morrow is Easter Sunday and the end of Lent.

J. J. Soll was a Wylie visitor the first of the week.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

Mrs. C. Sandmoen is giving her boarding house a coat of paint.

Marshal Remington came out this week in a bran new blue uniform.

Frank Mahara's Minstrels will be here Friday April 28. Don't miss it.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Sam Lee left on Thursday for Black Duck where he has secured a position.

Christ Bjerk, of Marshall county, is here this week visiting his son Martin E. Bjerk.

Hokan A. Johnson, the Wylie heavyweight, was a business visitor here last Monday.

Yesterday was Good Friday and the schools and banks observed the holiday by closing.

The street commissioner has been doing good work this week cleaning up the streets.

Steve Nelson was down from Thief River Falls a couple of days the first of the week.

O. F. Post left last Wednesday for St. Paul, where he will attend to some business matters.

Nothing but fun. Where? Why at Mahara's Minstrels, Friday April 28th, at Imperial Opera House.

Messrs. Edstrom and Kinney closed up the town of Hazel last Sunday and came over here for a visit.

Hon. L. C. Simons was here last Thursday looking over the affairs of the Merchants State Bank.

Miss Catherind Pirath went down to Red Lake Falls Thursday evening to make her parents a short visit.

A. Lord, of Bemidji, a representative of the Crookston Lumber company, was here on business yesterday.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur and children are preparing to move onto their reservation claim the first of next week.

Mrs. P. N. Anderson will do plain and fancy sewing and dressmaking at her home on north Water street. 2

Dr. C. E. Higbie and wife left on Thursday for Ulen, Minn., where Mr. Higbie has business affairs to settle.

The Ladies Aid of the M. E. church will meet with Mrs. Blomburgh next Thursday. All are invited to attend.

Dr. J. E. Argue, the Red Lake Falls dentist, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on Thursday and Friday, May 3 and 4.

County Supt. of Schools McAnulty was a visitor here last Monday arranging the details for the coming teachers' meeting.

If you enjoy a good laugh go to see the Sherry's on "O'Hoolihan's Troubles" at Opera house, Thursday, April 27. A guaranteed attraction.

Lewis Adams came over from Grand Forks last Monday and spent a couple of days attending to business matters and visiting his brother Herm Adams.

The bowling contest has attracted considerable interest this week and was concluded last evening too late for the winners to be announced in this issue.

Manager J. M. Richards and wife will soon leave for an extended European tour at the expense of the Crookston Lumber company. Mr. Richards deserves his good fortune.

The Sherry's, high class comedians, peerless musicians, vocalists, dancers, refined character impersonators, lightning change and specialty artists, at Opera House, Thursday, April 27.

John Holmberg, of Thief River Falls, was here several days this week instructing the boys how to run the resaw at the mill. He is an old hand at the work and gave some valuable pointers.

DR. J. P. NORMANN, Oculist and Optician, will be at Dr. Cummings' office in St. Hilaire the 3rd and 4th of May. Any person suffering from impaired vision, weak and sore eyes are cordially invited to see him.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

Miss Tessie L. Hughes, who has been assisting Postmaster Richardson at Thief River Falls, returned last Wednesday.

New music, new songs, song and dances, comedy sketches, oriental magic and beautiful duets at Opera house, Thursday, April 27.

Miss Josephine Gigstad and Miss Mary Hoff, who have spent the winter at Grand Forks attending school, returned home on Thursday.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

At last the people of Crookston are to be made happy by the Great Northern putting in division headquarters at that place. It will materially help the city.

Holmes Bros. are erecting a good sized warehouse on the railroad right-of-way just west of their store. It will be used for a storeroom for their hardware store.

Jens Nelson and wife, Daniel Patterson, James Foss, B. G. Grace and the Misses Hannay and Patterson attended the Masonic party at Thief River Falls last Monday evening.

The Ladies' Sewing Society of the Scandinavian Mission church will meet with Mrs. H.O. Jackson on Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock, April 26. All the ladies are cordially invited to attend.

Albert Lee, of Black River, and Miss Elizabeth Breckenridge, of Menomonie, Wis., were married at Red Lake Falls last Wednesday by Judge Tarrant. The SPECTATOR extends congratulations and wishes them success.

Hail is forty times greater than the fire hazard to farm property. For reliable protection insure in State Farmers Mutual Hail Insurance Co., of Waseca, Minn. Losses always paid in full. Responsible agents for 1905 wanted. Write today. m27

E. E. Hawkins, representing the McClellan Paper company of Minneapolis, was here yesterday on his last trip. His house is starting a branch at Fargo and Mr. Hawkins will have charge. His many friends will be pleased to hear of his good fortune.

Don't miss the laughable comedy sketches, a "Mr. and Miss Mistaken" and "Woman vs. Man," also the roaring farce "O'Hoolihan's Troubles." Every line a laugh, elegant costumes, lightning changes, no waits, two hours' solid fun, refined and up to date. At Opera house, Thursday, April 27.

Last Monday, the 17th, the mail route from Stephen to Roseau was discontinued. The mail for the future will come via the Soo Line to Karlstad, the new town on the ridge 9 miles west of Pelan, and will be brought to Roseau by stage. The schedule for the present requires the stage to depart from Karlstad at 6 a.m. and it will doubtless arrive in Roseau during the early afternoon. The hour of departure from Roseau is 8 a. m. the day following arrival. In this way, Pelan, Greenbush, Badger and Roseau will be enabled to receive mail from the south one day earlier than heretofore.

Argyle Banner: Wm. Platt and J.W. McKay have returned from their prospecting tour in the northern portion of Roseau county. They brought back with them fine specimens of dirt which contain rich mineral. They are more than pleased with their new find. A number of our business men have $20,000 in the deal. Shares in mining stock are constantly increasing in value. Six teams will leave Argyle in a short time loaded with mining tools, and operations will commence as soon as possible. The stockholders held a meeting last Monday afternoon in the city hall, but we did not learn what arrangements were made as it was a secret affair. Many interested parties claim they would sooner have their shares than a golden calf. Rumor has it that the most profitable mineral was found on Wm. Hohn's claim at Hay Creek.

For Sale.

A couple of buggies and a harrow for sale cheap. Inquire of Mrs. A. Dainard.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

tf G. H. SANDUM.

Do You Love Music?

If you do you will do well to pay a visit to Frank Mahara's Big Minstrel Carnival when they appear here on Friday evening, April 28th. Mr. Mahara was one of the first minstrel managers to add a quartette of ladies' voices to his big chorus. Every song sang with this company is assisted by a chorus of twenty voices, and the colored race is the recognized leader in making rich, sweet melody.

Besides sweet singers and clever dancers, Mahara's Minstrels carry several big novelty acts alone worth the price of admission. Don't miss the concert at 7:30 p. m. in front of the Imperial Opera House.

WANTED—Trustworthy man or woman to manage business in this county and adjoining territory for well established house of solid financial standing. $20 straight cash salary with all necessary expenses paid weekly by check from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Position permanent; previous experience not essential. No investment required. We furnish everything. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Address, Manager, 810 Como Block, Chicago, Ill. m6

Spanish-American War Trophies.

The six Spanish-American war trophies secured by Congressman Steenerson for the counties of the 9th district arrived in Crookston Wednesday morning over the Great Northern and during the next few days the big 12 Canet gun scheduled for the Polk county court house square will be placed in position.

From Mare Island navy yard near San Francisco the guns were shipped to Seattle by steamer and from the latter place via the Great Northern. A special car conveyed the guns from Seattle to Crookston and as a result of the special arrangements the freight rates were very low.

Kittson, Marshall, Clearwater, Wilkin and Ottertail counties will each receive one gun, besides Polk county. The big gun which is to be placed in the court house square at Crookston is a monster, 12 feet in length and weighing some 8,500 pounds.

It was captured during the Spanish war and will be the last big trophy of the war sent out by the war department. It has a bore of some four inches and is about eighteen inches in diameter about the breech. The carriage is of steel mounted with brass and equipped with the customary gearing for operating the gun.

The following includes all the information available relative to these guns:

12 c. m. Canet gun and mount, for Polk county. Part of battery of Spanish gunboat "Manila" captured at the battle of Manila, May 1, 1898.

6-pdr. Hotchkiss gun, for Clearwater county. Damaged gun from U. S. S. "Oregon."

6-pdr. Hotchkiss gun, for Wilkin county. Part of battery of Spanish gunboat "Isla de Cuba." Captured at the battle of Manila, May 1, 1898.

4-7 Bronze M. L. R. gun for Ottertail county. Received from the Philippine Islands. From fortifications of Cavite, P. I.

11 m. m. Nordenfelt gun, for Marshall county. Received from Philippine Islands. Origin unknown.

Fair—Friday Evening, May 12.

At the Imperial Hall on the above named date, the M. E. church, under the auspices of the Ladies Aid Society, will have a Fair and serve refreshments.

There will be articles for sale, fancy, medium and not so good; booths of all kinds, the most attractive will be the refreshment booth, the booth of handiwork made by the ladies and the educational exhibit. The last mentioned will be interesting in that it will give the parents and patrons of the school an opportunity to view the work.

Everybody is cordially invited to attend and help make the undertaking a success, not mentioning the fact of having an enjoyable and profitable evening. An admission of fifteen cents will be charged at the door, for big and little, great and small, old and young, fat and lean, homely and pretty. All served alike, for a good cause. Come one, come all. The ladies' first call.

A Great Railroad Station.

The plans for the New York Central's new station in New York City have just been made public. They involve the use of an area equal to over nineteen city blocks, between Forty-second and Fifty-seventh streets, Madison and Lexington avenues. There will be three levels, the suburban trains entering on the lowest level. At first the station will have something like 52 railroad tracks. We are getting so used to things on a big scale that we are not surprised at anything, yet the achievements of golden grain belt beer in building up strong bodies and strong minds are truly astonishing. If you haven't a case in your home, better order today of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex. Thompson, Crookston.

A Big Minstrel Coming.

Frank Mahara's Big Minstrel Carnival numbering in all twenty colored artists and a big concert will be here Friday April 28, at Imperial Opera House. Frank Mahara this season has captured nearly all the old time favorites in the colored race for his big show. Foremost among them is Skinner Harris, who is professionally known as the the "Black Ezra Kendall" and he is without doubt the greatest colored performer of the age. Mahara's big concert band will give a street parade at noon and a concert at 7:30 p. m.

Not Such Large Bills.

Did you ever realize of what value the creameries are to the town or neighborhood in which they are located? If not you should live where they have no creameries. They bring cash money to the farmer every day in the year and that money goes to the merchant, and at the end of the season the farmer has not so large a bill at his general trading place and he gets along a lot easier in life than if he was not taking milk to the creamery every week and getting his cash for it.—Halstad Reporter.

Order to Examine Accounts.

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake }

In Probate Court.
Special term, April 20, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Alfred Dainard, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Mrs. M. N. Dainard, executrix, of the estate of Alfred Dainard, deceased, representing, among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law;

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 15th day of May, A. D. 1905, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., at the probate office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls the 20th day of April, A. D. 1905.

[SEAL]
By the court,
N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

(ap22 m13)

"There's Madness in His Madness When He's Mad."

Just to show our readers how big a fool a man can make of himself when he gets mad, we publish the following from the Thief River Falls News:

"TO HAVE A HOUSE CLEANING.

"Special correspondence from St. Hilaire, April 1, 1905.—There has not been a meeting of the board of health since the new member was appointed, but it is said the first action taken by it will be the removal of the SPECTATOR office to the village dumping ground. This old building, which, by the way, is a perfect specimen of the shackometrical style of agricultural, was hauled to the present site from a back alley in Crookston more than a quarter of a century ago and has ever since been the home of the editor of the SPECTATOR, some fourteen years ago was scrubbed out by a committee of the citizens of this place. This is believed to have been the only time in its history that it was profaned by soap and water. Of course, the old building will have to be cremated very soon after its removal, otherwise there might be another dumping ground case. A reasonable time will be given, however, for an examination of its contents by the state bacteriologist, and it is believed several unique specimens of germs can be found in it. It is a veritable germ hatchery and compels the neighbors, for self protection, to indulge in copious quantities of germicide. Owing to the fact of its long occupancy by the editor, who is also townsite proprietor, and on account of his enterprise and public spirit in building up the town, it is felt that it would not be just to deprive him of the only building he ever owned without compensation. Hence a subscription will be taken up to get him another one, but as the old one was very appropriately suited to the paper, a decent sized hen house will probably be the proper thing. The citizens do not wish to indulge in any violent contrasts. Subscriptions should be addressed to the Committee for the Relief of Indigent Townsite Proprietors, St. Hilaire, Minn.

"Yours truly,
"J. K. HANNAY."

"P. S.—It is not known whose dogs Harry will play on the streets with this year.
"J. K. H."

It is very true that the SPECTATOR building has seen some years and is not very large or elegant. However, it is all paid for and there is not a cent of delinquent taxes against the property. It has a good sidewalk in front of it, which has also been paid for, and the owner did not stand on the street corners and make an exhibition of himself uttering the foulest kind of profanity for hours at a time because he was assessed for a sidewalk like the signer of the above communication did not long ago. Now if Mr. J.K. Hannay, instead of advocating a subscription to build a new building for the SPECTATOR, will go down to the county seat and pay his just and honest taxes instead of trying to make his poorer neighbors do it for him, he would be doing the village about the only real good he is capable of doing. But of course he won't, for when it comes to spending money—well, "that's another story."

Of course everybody knows that the above communication was written because the SPECTATOR, a couple of weeks ago, exposed a scheme of Mr. Hannay's to dodge paying his taxes. We can hardly blame him for being mad about it for it was a dirty little deal and anyone would be mad, if caught. If Mr. Hannay was financially unable, or had any valid reason why his neighbors should be compelled to pay his taxes, it would be different. Let us see. He has nearly all of the stock in the First State Bank, capital $10,000. The last statement shows that there is on deposit in the bank about $40,000. One-third of that is subject to check and pays no interest, the balance probably draws three or four per cent. The average would be about three per cent. He loans this money to farmers and business men at not less than ten per cent in advance, which means eleven, making in the neighborhood of three thousand dollars a year from the people's money and then he has the nerve to try and make these same depositors who are taxpayers pay his share of the village taxes. Any one ought to own a brick building if they do this kind of work.

Now about playing with dogs. We would much rather play with a nice dog than with some people we know and we consider it a good deal better than slandering your neighbors or making the atmosphere lurid with profanity, but that is a matter of taste and some people don't like dogs.

We hope Mr. Hannay will continue his communications. They are very funny. In fact he is an "amusing old cuss" even if he does dodge his taxes.

Mrs. E. L. Eickhoff
wishes to announce that her spring Stock of.....
MILLINERY
is ready for inspection.
A ticket will be given to each purchaser and the holder of the lucky number drawn will be given as a premium.....
A $5 HAT.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"
and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of
THE FAMOUS
MATT. J. JOHNSON'S
6088
RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE
you are not satisfied with results.
This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.
For Sale and Guaranteed Only by

COMMITTED SUICIDE

Norman Shannon, a Well-known Citizen, Kills Himself by Hanging.

FINANCIAL TROUBLES

Lack of Employment, Debt and Chronic Illness the Cause of Deed.

The people of St. Hilaire were painfully shocked last Wednesday morning to learn that Norman Shannon, a well known citizen, had committed suicide by hanging himself from a rafter in the hay loft of his barn. He arose that morning soon after six o'clock and complained of feeling unwell. He has for years suffered from sick spells with violent headaches and while in this condition has frequently talked about making away with himself. Refusing breakfast, he went out to the barn saying that he would do the milking. Not returning the family went to look for him and found him hanging, quite dead. Lack of employment and debts, coupled with his illness, are the only known causes for the rash deed.

Norman Shannon was born in Canada on April 13, 1846, being 59 years of age at the time of his death. He came to Portage county, Wis., with his parents in 1857. At the age of 16 he enlisted in a Wisconsin regiment and served nearly three years in the civil war, proving a faithful soldier and winning an honorable discharge. He was married on December 25, 1866, to Miss Viola A. Onan and to them were born fifteen children, fourteen of whom, with his wife, are living to mourn the loss of a kind father and a loving husband.

The funeral will take place this afternoon from the family residence at 1:30, Rev. Barker officiating.

The following relatives are here to attend the funeral: Ernest and Hart Shannon, Willow City, N. D.; Fred and Dean Shannon, Pipestone, Minn.; Mrs. Fred Butler, Graettinger, Ia.; Mrs. Mary Gritten, Penfield, Ill.; David Shannon, Jasper, Minn.; Mr. and Mrs. J.E. Leslie, Willmar, Minn.

Clover and timothy seed for sale by Leonard Holmes.

TEACHERS' MEETING

Red Lake County Teachers will Hold Interesting Session Here May 5 and 6.

A SPELLING CONTEST

Interesting Program of Good Speeches and Music.—A Large Crowd Expected.

The Red Lake County Teachers' Protection Association have about completed the arrangements for their meeting which will be held in this village on the 5th and 6th of May, and the promoters are striving to make it the largest and best meeting in the history of the association. A feature of the program which is causing general interest is the spelling contest open to the pupils of the rural schools. The best speller in each school will be present and a fine contest is expected.

President Weld of the Moorhead Normal will deliver the principal address. Supt. McIntyre, of Crookston, and Supt. Yeager, of Fosston, will also be present and deliver addresses.

County Supt. McAnulty and the officers of the association urge that the members of the school boards also be present, and the question of teachers' wages will be discussed.

The meeting will be entertaining and instructing to all and the public is cordially invited to attend.

The following is the program:

MAY 5—IMPERIAL HALL.

Morning—10:30 to 12:—Business session.

Afternoon—2:00 to 4:—Spelling contest; music, selected. 4:30 to 6—Papers on spelling and discussion by members of the association and school officers.

Evening—8:00:—Music, selected. 8:30—"The relation which our rural schools bear to higher education—President Weld, of the Moorhead Normal. Music, selected.

MAY 6—HIGH SCHOOL BLDG.

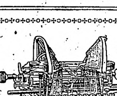
Morning—8:00:—Recitation, selected. 8:30 to 12:00:—Papers and discussion on teachers' wages, rural school consolidation and ventilation—by members of the association and school officers.

Afternoon—1:30:—Recitation, selected. 2:00 to 4:00:—Questions and round table talk.

RAPP & POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

The Pedestal of Honor
is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.
Ladies' Shoes
like ours are not to be found in every store.

This is a Poor Time
to have your property insured in
..Cheap Fire Insurance Companies..
I represent twelve of the best companies doing business in the United States. They never fail to pay all losses promptly.........
REMEMBER THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST
H. E. IVES - - ST. HILAIRE, MINN.



Don't buy a Typewriter on a worn-out reputation.......
Investigate the merits of the
Oliver
THE STANDARD VISIBLE WRITER.
Send for a handsomely illustrated art Catalogue, free for the asking.
The Oliver Typewriter Co.
332 Hennepin Ave. Minneapolis, Minn.

ALL BROKEN DOWN.

No Sleep—No Appetite—Just a Continual Backache.

Joseph McCauley, of 144 Sholto street, Chicago, Sachem of Tecumseh Lodge, says: "Two years ago my health was completely broken down. My back ached and was so lame that at times I was hardly able to dress myself. I lost my appetite and was unable to sleep. There seemed to be no relief until I took Doan's Kidney Pills; but four boxes of this remedy effected a complete and permanent cure. If suffering humanity knew the value of Doan's Kidney Pills they would use nothing else, as it is the only positive cure I know."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

The Kaiser Favors "Water Toasts."

Emperor William will give his support to officers drinking toasts in water or non-alcoholic beverages. His majesty's decision came about through Dr. Adolph Banzer of Munich, a member of the Society Against the Misuse of Spiritous Liquors, asking if officers might not drink toasts in water. The Prussian minister of war has replied that upon his majesty's command the department informs him that "no compulsion exists to partake of toasts in alcoholic drinks, and that it may be left to the movement now in progress to advance this idea in all circles."—Berlin Letter.

His Observation.

"It's usually the unexpected that happens," remarked the moralizer.

"I have noticed during my brief but brilliant career," remarked the demoralizer, "that the unexpected happens less often than the expected fails to happen."—Detroit Tribune.

THE SECRET OUT.

The Door Stands Wide Open.

To refute the many false and malicious attacks, bogus formulas and other untruthful statements published concerning Doctor Pierce's World-famed Family Medicines the Doctor has decided to publish all the ingredients entering into his "Favorite Prescription" for women and his equally popular tonic alterative known as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Hereafter every bottle of these medicines leaving the great Laboratory at Buffalo, N. Y., will bear upon it a full list of all the ingredients entering into the compound. Both are made entirely from native roots, barks and herbs. The ingredients of the "Golden Medical Discovery" being Golden Seal root, Queen's root, Black-cherrybark, Mandrake root, Bloodroot.

Why is it so many have been strengthened and benefited by the tonic effect of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery? It is because at this time of the year people feel run-down, nerveless, sleepless and worn out. Poisons have accumulated in their body during the long winter. Their blood stores up a lot of waste product which poisons the system. That is why in the spring and early summer a tonic is almost a necessity. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery being made of medicianal plants, is next to nature and the best tonic you can use. For the same reason that vegetables and greens are good for the system at this time of the year, so is it true that a tonic made up entirely of medicinal plants, without the use of alcohol, is the proper medicine to take at this time. It fills the blood with rich red blood corpuscles. It gives you a feeling of strength, and it puts sunshine into your system as no other remedy can. That is why Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has been such a favorite for the past forty years. He is not afraid to open his laboratory to the public, and he invites every one to visit his Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y., to see how systematically the sick are taken care of and cured, as well as looking over his huge laboratory and seeing the scientific methods of preparing this wonderful tonic. Neither man nor woman can be handsome who has impurities in the blood, for it will show in pimples, boils, and eruptions, in the dark circles under the eyes and in the sallow complexion. After taking "Golden Medical Discovery" you are bound to have pink cheeks and a fresh complexion. The muscles get the good, rich, red blood, that puts on strength. It is a flesh builder, but not a fat builder.

As an example of the good results thus obtained, note the following letter:

"In the year 1890, I had an attack of indigestion and got so bad that my home doctor said he could not do me any good," writes Mr. G. Trent, of Gordonville, Texas. "I wrote to you and you advised me to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, so I bought six bottles, and when I commenced using it I was so weak could hardly walk about the house. By the time I had used one bottle my stomach and bowels commenced to heal. There were strips of the lining of my bowels as large as a man's two fingers passed and I had a great deal of misery in my stomach and bowels, and also in the rectum especially. I could not eat anything without having much distress afterward, but by the time I had taken eight bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' I was sound and well, and could eat anything I pleased without suffering in the least. Could also do as much work in a day as I ever could. I have not suffered from the trouble since."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets. Good temper is largely a matter of good health, and good health is largely a matter of healthy activity of the bowels. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. They are safe, sure and speedy, and once taken do not have to be taken always. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic. They never gripe. By all druggists.

The selfish seller who urges some substitute is thinking of the larger profit he'll make and not of your best good.

Something Doing Right Away.

"Oh, dear," said Mrs. Spider to Mr. Spider, looking down from her web on the shelf of the dry goods store. "I am afraid that we have got to move."

"What's the trouble now, dear?" asked Mr. Spider in surprise. "We have lived with this kind storekeeper for many months."

"Yes, dear, I know we have," said Mrs. Spider, with a sigh. "But he has begun to advertise."

BABY'S AWFUL ECZEMA.

Face Like Raw Beef—Thought She Would Lose Her Ear—Healed Without a Blemish—Mother Thanks Cuticura.

"My little girl had eczema very bad when she was ten months old. I thought she would lose her right ear. It had turned black and her face was like a piece of raw meat, and very sore. It would bleed when I washed her, and I had to keep cloths on it day and night. There was not a clear spot on her face when I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and now it is completely healed, without scar or blemish, which is more than I had hoped for. (Signed) Mrs. Rose Ether, 291 Eckford St., Brooklyn, N. Y."

The Bill.

Knicker—Didn't the doctor build you up?

Bocker—Yes; but he seems to think he built a bank.—Harper's Bazar.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

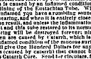
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A man never knows how many friends he has until they come to his funeral.

A girl can always wring her hands when she can't get any fellow to do it for her.

Lots of people have more money than brains, and they are not plutocrats at that.



A Marvel of Relief

St. Jacobs Oil

Safe and sure for

Lumbago

and

Sciatica

It is the specific virtue of penetration in this remedy that carries it right to the pain spot and effects a prompt cure.

Loves but Once—Unless.

She—Woman loves but once.

He—True, unless she has another chance.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Without the Pale.

"You insist on everybody having a square deal?"

"Yes, sir. Everything and everybody."

"How about the Standard Oil company?"

"Oh, well, we might give them a little the worst of it."—Houston Chronicle.

"MY WIFE'S PEOPLE COMING."

"We have had a splendid winter" in Western Canada.

Canada's inrush this year is wonderfully great and considerably ahead of any previous year. It is always interesting to those who contemplate moving to read expressions of opinion from those living in the country. It is therefore our pleasure to reproduce the following, written to an Agent of the Government and forwarded to the Immigration Branch of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa:

Birch Hills, Sask., Canada, Feb. 1, '05.

Dear Sir:—I take pleasure in dropping you a few lines to let you know how we are getting along up here and how we like the place. We have been here close on to a year now and think the place is fine. We have been out every day this winter working in the bush getting out logs for buildings, etc., getting rails for fencing. We have not suffered with the cold as much as we did in Chicago. My little boys are out every day with their sleighs having a good time. The lowest the temperature has been this winter is 34 below, and it is very still, no wind.

We had a splendid summer. We put up about 50 tons of hay and will have about 30 tons to sell. Hay brings $8 per ton now and will be higher in the spring. We have 20 acres broke and ready for crop. We worked on the Can. Nor. Ry. for awhile this summer and am just 3 miles from the R. R. and town site. The steel is all laid to within 2 miles of the river and we often see the train bringing supplies for the Bridge.

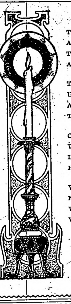
My wife's people are coming up about May. I wish you would write them and if there should be any one coming to Prince Albert that could do with a half a car let them know. The homesteads are all taken up within 12 miles of us. I often think if this land were only in the States what a rush there would be. It is the richest land and most productive I ever saw, and the climate is O. K.

I know that people back there that I write to do not believe me when I write them what a splendid winter we are having. They think we are all frozen up. We have only about 8 inches of snow, and there are cattle on the range that have not been rounded up this winter. Day after day the Ther. raises up to 50 and 60, and I don't believe we have had a day this winter that it stayed at zero. My wife says that we used to think that zero was cold in Chicago. But we don't mind it one bit. Christmas night we went out and drove 5 miles with our 3 little boys, it was 20 below, and there was not a whimper from any one of them; I'd hate to do it in old Chicago.

Well, I guess I will close, and you can tell any one in the U. S. that they cannot do better than come to the Prince Albert District. I remain,

Yours truly,

(Signed) J. D. Head.



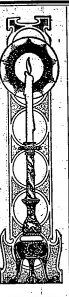
Easter

The world is full of joy to-day,
  The songs are blithe and sweet,
And earth and sky, in bright array,
  Come close in praise to meet,
The balmy air caresses soft,
  By holiest impulse led,
And loving hearts are praying oft,
  For Christ is risen from the daed.

The lilies thrill with meaning proud,
  Remembering Him who died
Upon the cross 'mid angry crowd,
  Forgiving as He died;
And all the flowers in robes that glow,
  Their sweetest incense shed,
This day the greatest here below,
  For Christ is risen from the dead.

Our souls are swept on waves of prayer
  Beyond the farthest sky,
Where God's great love holds us in care,
  And hears the feeblest cry;
Let all who worship Jesus' name,
  Be by the message led,
He died for us in woe and shame,
  But now is risen from the dead.

We, too, have risen from the dead,
  Our souls thrown off their chains,
No more by sin's enticements fed,
  Still pilgrims on the plains;
We wait in hope the blissful hour,
  For death has lost its sting;
We'll meet in heaven's radiant bower
  Our Lord, our Savior, and our King.
—Hamilton Jay.



The Children

Longfellow said, "Ah, what would the world be to us if the children were no more?" for in their hearts "are the birds and the sunshine," in their thoughts "the brooklet's flow." In Florence there stands in the museum one of the best sermons in stone the world has ever enjoyed. "Frozen music" indeed are these exquisite "Singing Children" of Della Robbia.

Just off the Via Proconsolo, in Florence, that city called most appropriately the "Lily of the Arno," is a narrow street wherein is located the Bargello. This building is a veritable casket enclosing priceless treasures; a very sermon in stone, this mass of carving, this play of light and sunshine over the old columns and courts. Standing here since before the memory of man, history tells us it was erected for the chief magistrate of Florence and was renovated in 1373.

Pass through the court to the stairway and loggia where Dante walked. Here we come to the superb Hall of the Judges, and find that for which we seek—the "Singing Children" of Luca Della Robbia. These exquisite carvings were executed for the organ-loft of the cathedral. The choristers now rest in this magnificent hall. The figures of these animated children are an interesting study, separately or in groups. The merry faces; the dancing bodies; the eager fingers holding the choir books or instruments of music; the parted lips singing praises to the Lord.

Serene in the rapturous throng,
Unmoved by the rush of the song,
With eyes unimpassioned and slow,
Among the dead angels, the deathless
(Children) stand listening breathless
To sounds that ascend from below—
From the spirits on earth that adore,
From the souls that entreat and implore
In the fervor and passion of prayer;
From the hearts that are broken with
  losses,
And weary with dragging the crosses
Too heavy for mortals to bear.

The creator of these exquisite carvings was Luca Della Robbia, born in 1388 in Florence. The world rolls on, leaving behind a wide track of history. Here in the peaceful city, the quietly flowing river, the beautiful Arno, rolls murmuringly by this treasure-house on this narrow street, this home of the "Singing Children." Within, near the blue arch of heaven, the singing and dancing and playing girls and boys lift up their silent timbrels, as they have been doing during these centuries, as if in Easter rejoicing.

The world rolls on, up the slopes of progression, and the world of art fills with pictures of beautiful children, good to look upon. Madonnas and the Christ child, playing children and singing children, mirthful children and sorrowful children. Truly, what would this world be without children!

Games to Be Played With Eggs.

"Egg football" will be found to be an entertaining way to pass an afternoon when several children are gathered together. First a small hole must be pricked in both ends of the eggshell and the contents blown out of it; gently and steadily so as not to break the shell. This, of course, cannot be done if the egg has been boiled. Then a long table is marked out with white lines, gridiron fashion. The goal posts are erected at the table ends, made of crossed pieces of wood if the occasion be a formal one—two books standing five inches apart will serve admirably for an impromptu game. Choosing sides, the children try to send the egg between the goal posts by blowing it across the table, the scoring to be counted by the number of lines the egg passes. It will be wise to establish a quick-handed member of the party at each end of the field to stop the egg in case it is blown off the table, otherwise the game is likely to come to a sudden end.

Immortality

The miracle of the rejuvenating spring had been witnessed by many thousand generations before men dared claim as a certainty the great hope which its parable inculcated—before the human soul dared boldly believe that it was itself as deathless as the germ of life slumbering over winter in the buried seed.

Since the Conqueror of Death, by the triumph which the world is to-day celebrating, certified the validity of that belief, the season in which Nature annually illustrates the appointed victory of life over death has become the most significant of all festivals. At Christmas the world is glad as children are glad—with the unconsidered glee of youth. At Eastertide it rejoices as men rejoice in the presence of deliverance from fear—with recollected voices and bosoms girt with thankfulness.

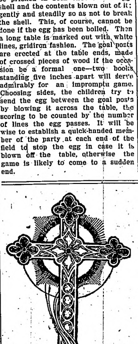
The austerity of the earth and sky prepares to yield to the conquering sweetness of spring. Already the winds caress with an unfamiliar softness, the earth beguiles with a dimly green prophecy of vernal loveliness. Nature is timidly yearning heavenward. But the hymn of awakening life is not mere telluric nor aerial—it sings out in the souls of men who have considered the mystery of life and its persistency under the sod and through the chill of winter's apparent death. To such Easter Day—set in the midst of a season which witnesses, as far as anything earthly can witness, to the verity of a spiritual fact; coinciding with the ancient festivals which celebrated the immemorial human hope of immortality, dimly adumbrated in the dramaturgy of Greek, Scandinavian and Aryan; but consecrated newly to the rising from the tomb of the Man of Galilee—to such Easter Day stands for the chiefest affirmation of religion, the most consoling and heartening thought that mind and heart are justified in entertaining. That life does not shudder and perish at the grave; that beyond it somewhere in the warmth of God's sun and in the benignity of His nearer presence human spirits shall still have part in the joy of life, refined, etherealized, made holy—neither philosophy nor religion has another teaching so solemnly precious as this.

The Little Moravians.

A beautiful old custom in the Moravian church, both in Europe and America, is to rise very early on Easter morning and go to the "God's Acre" of the church, there to await the rising sun. "God's Acre," you know, is a beautiful name for the cemetery, which always used to be beside the church. Here beside the long rows and rows of the silent dead the people —children as well as adults—watch for the rising sun, the emblem of life and of the resurrection. As the sun rises, flooding the sky with light and the earth with warmth and gladness, the watchers greet it by singing some of the beautiful and curious old hymns that are an especial inheritance of these people.

Lily, Emblem of Spring.

Legends in plenty cluster about the lily; one legend of very ancient date gives the supposed origin of "the lily, of all children of the spring the palest; fairest, too, where fair ones are." Long centuries ago angels coming as celestial visitants to earth, found it bare and gloomy in comparison with the eternal blooms of their home in Paradise. They entered rocky tombs and took the shining mantles off the blessed dead and changed them to flowers. From this comes the beautiful and poetic superstition that on Easter morning in every lily bud is hidden an angel.



The Crucifixion

With bleeding brows beneath a thorn
  meshed crown,
With swollen hands fast bound in
  leathern thong,
I saw one stand amid a surging throng
That spat on Him and strove to drag
  Him down.
On His bowed back the ridg'd welts scar-
  let lay
Traced long with bloody dew. His hag-
  gard face
Was streaked with sweat and blood as
  in that place
He silent stood and silent gazed away.

Once more that One I saw, still garlanded
With mocking thorns. Through either
  bleeding hand
And through both patient feet and man-
  gling nail
Was driven deep. Some cursed, some
  laughed, cried "Hail,
God crucified!" And some crouched low
  in dread
And wept, and thunderous darkness
  filled the land.
—G. A. England.

WATCH SAVED HIS LIFE.

But Not in the Conventional Way It Always Does in the Story Books.

There came that unaccountable lull in the conversation at the dinner table that all hostesses dread, but it gave the gushing girl her opportunity.

"Ah, colonel," she said; "I'm sure that you've had many thrilling adventures, wonderful escapes from death, just like the heroes in the novels."

"Well," admitted the colonel, "I've had some pretty close calls."

"Yes, yes. Was your life ever saved by a cherished Bible, a watch or a pack of cards that stayed the course of the bullet?"

"Not exactly that," protested the victim, blushing; "but lemme see, my life was once saved by my watch. See, here it is."

"But," went on the fair inquisitor, glancing at the timepiece, "I see no trace of a bullet on it. How did it save your life?"

"Why," stammeded the colonel, "when I first came to Washington a pawnshop advanced me the price of ten meals on it."

MRS. WALKER'S MILLIONS.

Richest Woman in America Spends Nothing for Worldly Pleasures.

It is almost impossible to exaggerate the thrill which has gone through Quaker City society, and which has had a reflective shudder in New York, over the Weightman-Walker-Wister will contest. That there should have been any question raised as to the provisions of the instrument never was dreamed of. Mrs. Walker belongs to a peculiarly exclusive school in Philadelphia. She is not a member of the Society of Friends, nor was her father, but all her predilections have been in the direction of the doctrines of that sect. She does not believe in show or display. She does not countenance litigation. She is opposed to the use of malt or spiritous liquors and to expenditures for what the Quakers call worldly pleasures. In these restrictions she is essentially a follower of the tenets of Fox and Hicks. Her home on Central Park west, in this city, is furnished in the plainest style, and the staff of servants have no other duties to perform than to attend to the simple wants of their mistress, for she does no entertaining, and when she is away the house is as silent as one of the main thoroughfares of her native city at noontime—the busiest hour of the day.—New York Press.

A Wonderful Discovery.

Broadland, S. Dak., April 17.—Quite a sensation has been created here by the publication of the story of G. W. Gray, who after a special treatment for three months was prostrate and helpless and given up to die with Bright's Disease. Bright's Disease has always been considered incurable, but evidently from the story told by Mr. Gray, there is a remedy which will cure it even in the most advanced stages. This is what he says:

"I was helpless as a little babe. My wife and I searched everything and read everything we could find about Bright's Disease, hoping that I would be able to find a remedy. After many failures my wife insisted that I should try Dodd's Kidney Pills. I praise God for the day when I decided to do so, for this remedy met every phase of my case and in a short time I was able to get out of bed and after a few weeks' treatment I was a strong, well man. Dodd's Kidney Pills saved my life."

A remedy that will cure Bright's Disease will cure any lesser Kidney Disease. Dodd's Kidney Pills are certainly the most wonderful discovery which modern medical research has given to the world.

The Thoughtless Alligator.

Once there was a thoughtless alligator which captured a dog and, despite its pleas, ate it.

Now, the next day a dealer in leathers came along and shot the alligator and skinned it and made its hide into purses and gripsacks.

"It's a lot of bother to hunt alligators," said the dealer, "but there is such a shortage in dogs that we can't get any hides to make into imitation alligator leather."

This only goes to show that often we spread cobbles before our own glass houses.—Judge.

The Present Rate Law.

The duties of the present Interstate Commerce Commission are to correct all discriminations in railroad rates. If it finds that an unjust rate is in effect, the railroad is notified. If it declines to change it, the Commission can bring suit in Court and if the Court decides in favor of the Commissioners' finding, the railroad must obey, or its officers may be brought up for contempt of court and summarily dealt with.

Their Opportunity.

Miss Fluffy—I made quite an impression at the reception, didn't I? Everybody seemed to be talking about me.

Candid Friend—They talked still more about you after you had gone.—

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The average married man can't understand how Carnegie managed to save so much money.

"Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, Rondout, N.Y., cured my serious kidney trouble. I gained 29 pounds." S. Wardell, Burnsville, N.J. Bottles $1.00.

Those who complain that they don't get all they deserve may be lucky that they don't.

QUEEN OF ACTRESSES PRAISES PE-RU-NA.

MISS JULIA MARLOWE
Heartily Approves of Peruna for the Nerves.

In a recent letter to The Peruna Medicine Co., Miss Julia Marlowe, of New York City, writes the following:

"I am glad to write my endorsement of the great remedy, Peruna, as a nerve tonic. I do so most heartily."—Julia Marlowe.

Nervousness is very common among women. This condition is due to anemic nerve centers. The nerve centers are the reservoirs of nervous vitality. These centers become bloodless for want of proper nutrition.

This is especially true in the spring season. Every spring a host of invalids are produced as the direct result of weak nerves.

This can be easily obviated by using Peruna. Peruna strikes at the root of the difficulty by correcting the digestion.

Digestion furnishes nutrition for the nerve centers. Properly digested food furnishes these reservoirs of life with vitality which leads to strong, steady nerves and thus nourishes life.

Peruna is in great favor among women, especially those who have vocations that are trying to the nerves.

Buy a bottle of Peruna to-day. If you do not receive all the benefits from Peruna that you expected, write to Dr. S. B. Hartman Columbus, Ohio.

Quite Proper.

"He has rather decided views about literature. He contends that Spencer was a better writer than Shakespeare."

"Well, that's all right. Shakespeare's writing was fierce, and you know how fine Spencerian penmanship is."—Chicago Herald.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

To Be Exact.

"He seldom stays at home; he goes to the club a good deal."

"You don't put it exactly right. He stays at the club a good deal; he seldom goes home."—Chicago Journal.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Posterity may see that justice is done a man, but he would rather attend the trial in person.

THE FISH BRAND SLICKER A VALUED FRIEND

"A good many years ago I bought a FISH BRAND Slicker, and it has proven a valued friend for many a stormy day, but now it is getting old and I must have another. Please send me a price-list."

(The name of this worthy doctor, obliged to be out in all sorts of weather, will be given on application.)

HIGHEST AWARD WORLD'S FAIR, 1904.

A. J. TOWER CO.
Boston, U. S. A.

TOWER CANADIAN COMPANY, Limited
Toronto, Canada

TOWER'S FISH BRAND

Wet Weather Clothing, Suits, and Hats for all kinds of wet work or sport

7% PREFERRED STOCK

of an established and prosperous corporation. We confidently recommend the above to investors of $100 upwards. Write for particulars.

THOS. COCHRAN, President.
410 Endicott Building,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Poultry Keepers

who succeed, know that to have hens and pullets get the full benefit from all kinds of food, keep them in condition to produce eggs in fall and winter, there is nothing like

SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

a medicine, not a food, scientifically prepared, in use over thirty years. It is safe, sure and economical.

One pack, 25 cts; five, $1.00. Two-lb. can, $1.20; six, $5.00, express paid.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

EXCURSIONS TO THE Free Grant Lands OF Western Canada.

During the months of March and April, there will be excursions on the various lines of railway to the Canadian West.

Hundreds of thousands of acres of the best Wheat and Grazing Lands on the Continent free to the settler.

Adjoining lands may be purchased from railway and land companies at reasonable prices.

For information as to route, cost of transportation etc., apply to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

TEXAS LANDS.

Buy cheap fertile lands in the Coast Country before it is too late. Fine markets, fine climate, fertile lands, good schools and fine railroad facilities. Farm your lands 12 months in the year. We quote railroad rates from all points. Agents wanted in every locality. Write for our terms, plans of co-operation, information and descriptive literature.

C. W. Hahl & Co., Commercial Bank Bldg., Houston, Texas. Southern Pacific Immigration Agents.

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

Say Plainly to Your Grocer

That you want LION COFFEE always, and he, being a square man, will not try to sell you anything else. You may not care for our opinion, but

What About the United Judgment of Millions

of housekeepers who have used LION COFFEE for **over a quarter of a century?**

Is there any *stronger proof of merit*, than the

Confidence of the People and ever increasing popularity? LION COFFEE is carefully selected at the plantation, shipped direct to our various factories, where it is skillfully roasted and carefully packed in sealed packages—unlike loose coffee, which is exposed to germs, dust, insects, etc. LION COFFEE reaches you as pure and clean as when it left the factory. Sold only in 1 lb. packages.

Lion-head on every package.

Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors silk, wool and cotton equally well and is guaranteed to give perfect results. Ask dealer or we will send post paid at 10c a package. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

BEGGS' BLOOD PURIFIER
CURES catarrh of the stomach.

To look for trouble is a feminine instinct. It's the hen that does all the brooding for the family.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Minnesota Historical Society

1

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 29, 1905. NUMBER 41.

DR. KOCH AGAIN ON TRIAL

Charged With the Murder of Dr. Gebhardt at New Ulm.

MURDERER WAS MAD OR DRUNK

DEFENSE IN KOCH MURDER TRIAL HAS NEW THEORY TO WORK ON.

BOYS ARE STAR WITNESSES

TELL OF WILD TUMULT ON THE STAIRWAY THE NIGHT OF THE CRIME.

Mankato, Minn., April 26. — Three women who were not witnesses in the first trial of Dr. George R. Koch for the murder of Dr. Louis A. Gebhardt, will be introduced for the state in the second trial. The testimony of one of the women, Mrs. J. Dahms of New Ulm, was exploited in detail by Former Attorney General Childs for the state in his opening address yesterday afternoon. The last juror was sworn about 2 o'clock, and immediately thereafter Gen. Childs delivered his opening address, at the conclusion of which court adjourned for the day.

Mrs. Dahms, according to the statement of Gen. Childs, will be introduced to give evidence regarding the finding of blood stains upon a gate post which is situated directly in front of her house and on the road Dr. Koch was accustomed to take in walking homeward from his office, and that she

Saw a Man Running

toward the Koch home the evening of the murder. Miss Lena Wiedman and Miss Catherine Waess of New Ulm will be the other women who will take the stand, but the nature of their testimony was not exploited by the state's counsel in his opening remarks. Those arrayed on the side of the prosecution, however, say that their testimony will be of a startling nature and will greatly strengthen the case against the accused man.

Dwell on Hammer's Identity.

The state doubtless will dwell strongly upon the identification of the hammer found in Dr. Gebhardt's office after the murder had been committed. It is declared by the state that witnesses will identfy the hammer as one frequently seen about the office of Dr. Koch. A son of Mrs. Dahms will be introduced to testify that the hammer frequently was

Seen About the Koch Home,

and still another witness, it is said, will testify that Dr. Koch was seen to return to his office between 9 and 9:30 o'clock on the night of the murder, strike a light, and take from a drawer something that appeared to be the hammer in question. The latter witness, according to Gen. Childs, saw the occurrence through one of the office windows, and the reliability of the statement therefore is questioned by the defending attorneys.

The nature of the testimony to be introduced by Miss Wiedman and Miss Kaess seems at present to be a puzzle to the defense, although it is strange indeed if Koch's attorneys already are not familiar with it, for their untiring efforts in the case have been noteworthy. Regarding the statement of a farmer named Grusek, who told County Attorney Wilson Saturday night that he saw the murderer of Dr. Gebhardt

Escaping From the Scene

of his brutal task, there was nothing said in Gen. Childs' preliminary address. The county attorney yesterday stated that in all probability the state would not introduce Grusek. When asked why, the attorney said he did not care to discuss the reason, but he would not declare the statement unimportant or unreliable. He refused to discuss the man's whereabouts.

The last juror sworn was Albert Hageman, a farmer who lives out a mile south of Mankato.

To the great satisfaction of the defense, Gen. Childs did not ask that Dr. Koch be placed in custody during the trial, and it is therefore likely that he will be at liberty until a verdict is secured.

Mankato, Minn., April 27.—Was the murderer of Dr. L. A. Gebhardt insane or intoxicated? This is a question the solution of which promises to cause more debate in the trial of Dr. Koch than any other feature which has yet developed.

Two witnesses for the state, boys who at the time of the murder were employed in the office of a New Ulm newspaper, stated yesterday that on the night of the murder they were in the newspaper office, which is located beneath offices occupied at that time by Dr. Gebhardt, and that they saw Dr. Koch pass the office at about 9 o'clock. Immediately thereafter they heard the sound of heavy footsteps ascending the stairway leading to the dental offices of Dr. Gebhardt.

Heard Wild Noise.

"The man who went up the stairs on the night of the murder while my brother and I were in the newspaper office made an unusual noise," said Herbert Balturisch, who, with his brother Oscar, was employed by Asa P. Brooks, a New Ulm editor. "The man made so much noise, in fact, that my brother and I paid particular attention to the sound. It seemed as though we had never heard a man make so much noise in going up those stairs before, and we could hear any one ascending at any time, as our office was directly beneath them. After the man ascended the steps he slammed the door at the head, and, judging from his footsteps, crossed the reception room and entered the operating room."

The statement of Herbert Balturisch was corroborated in detail by his brother, and, although the two witnesses were introduced by the state, the

Defense Will Attempt

to show that by their testimony there was no probability that it was the footsteps of Dr. Kock they heard on the stairway.

"If Dr. Koch committed the crime," said Senator Somerville of the defense, "he must have committed it with premeditation. He must have returned to his office and secured a weapon with which to kill his intended victim. Considering this, is it at all plausible to suppose that any sane man contemplating such a crime would walk in full view upon the open street to the office of his victim, be in plain sight of those in the newspaper office and those in the barber shop, and then, after this exposure of his person, ascend the stairway leading to the office of Dr. Gebhardt in such a manner as would cause remark by all those in the neighborhood?"

Insane or Drunk.

Senator Somerville stated, after the testimony of the two brothers, that he would make the most of it, and he thought he could prove to the satisfaction of any ordinary jury that the man who ascended the stairway in such a manner was either intoxicated or insane, or planned a conspiracy to lay the blame of his crime on another.

Although nine witnesses were introduced by the state yesterday, the evidence furnished by the two brothers employed in the newspaper office was the only evidence so far brought out which immediately connected Dr. Koch with the crime. All the other testimony was much in repetition of that brought out in the previous trial.

LAYS MURDER ON KALDERWIT.

Witness Says Defendant's Shot Was One That Slew Freddie King.

Anoka, Minn., April 27.—The last juror yesterday morning was secured in the trial of Orlin Kalderwit, the alleged leader of the trio accused of the murder of Fred King in the Columbia Heights hold-up. Hammond and Kolb yesterday were brought from the Hennepin county jail, together with a number of state's witnesses. As soon as the jury had been completed A. F. Pratt, for the state, addressed that body, outlining the case against Kalderwit and the evidence which would be introduced during the course of the trial. The sensation of the day's proceedings came when Paul Erickson, a victim of the hold-up, picked Kalderwit, Hammon and Kolb as the men who had done the murder, and swore that Kalderwit fired the shot that pierced little Fred King's heart.

BUSY SUMMER FOR BEDE.

Much Work to Be Done on River and Harbor Projects.

Washington, April 27.—Representative J. Adam Bede is in the city for a few days attending to some business for his constituents. Mr. Bede expects to be busy a good part of the summer in connection with the work outlined by the river and harbor committee of the house, of which he is a member, examinging international improvement projects in different parts of the country. One of the first steps to be taken by the committee will be early in May, when a tour will be taken down the Ohio river from the headwaters to the Mississippi. It is the desire of the committee to be fully advised regarding the condition of the various dams all along the stream. Other trips into the Northwest will be taken by the committee later in the season.

FIND MISSING MAN'S BODY.

Corpse Floating in Lake Clears Up Disappearance.

Rhinelander, Wis., April 27. — The body of William Smith, forty-five years old, single, who disappeared at Woodbore last November, was found floating in Squash lake at Woodbore yesterday. The man evidently had fallen through the ice. Smith had worked for the George E. Wood Lumber company for years.

OIL AGAIN REDUCED.

Pittsburg, April 27.—The Standard Oil company yesterday made another reduction in the price on all grades of crude oil, except Raglan. The higher grades were reduced 2 cents and the lower grades 1 cent. The quotations follow: Pennsylvania, $1.29; Tiona, $1.44; Corning, 96 cents; Cabell, $1.04; Newcastle, $1.21; North Lima, 87 cents; South Lima, 82 cents; Indiana, 82 cents; Somerset, 76 cents; Raglan, 60 cents.

LOOTS BANK OF OVER $1,450,000

MILWAUKEE BANK PRESIDENT CONFESSES TO HUGE EMBEZZLEMENT.

MONEY LOST IN SPECULATION

SAW NO POSSIBILITY OF MAKING UP THE AMOUNT SO HE CONFESSED.

DIRECTORS PROTECT BANK

MAKE UP SHORTAGE AND SECURE ADDITIONAL FUNDS TO MEET A RUN.

Milwaukee, April 26.—Frank G. Bigelow, until yesterday president of the Frst National Bank of Milwaukee, was arrested yesterday charged with the embezzlement of $100,000 of the bank's funds.

The arrest of Mr. Bigelow followed his confession to the board of directors of the bank that he was a defaulter to the extent of $1,450,000.

Following Mr. Bigelow's confession he was removed from the presidency of the bank and the facts in the case were laid before the federal authorities.

A complaint and warrant identical with those in Bigelow's case were made out for Henry G. Goll, assistant cashier of the bank, but Goll could not be found up to 6 o'clock last night.

Released on Bail.

President Bigelow was taken before United States Court Commissioner Bloodgood. He waived examination and was held to the federal grand jury under $25,000 bond. Dr. Horace M. Brown and Arthur McGeesch certified as sureties and Mr. Bigelow was released. The next federal grand jury has not yet been summoned, but it is expected it will meet some time next month.

President Bigelow's confession was made at a special meeting of the board of directors held Saturday evening and continued Sunday and all of Sunday night.

In addressing his fellow directors President Bigelow said that the money had been

Lost in Speculation

in wheat and stocks. Not a dollar of it could be recovered, and the only sum he could offer toward recompensing the bank was personal property valued at approximately $300,000.

The confession of President Bigelow astounded the directors of the bank. Mr. Bigelow has been recognized as one of the foremost financiers of the Northwest. In making his statement to the directors of the bank, Mr. Bigelow, said he had become involved in stock speculation several months ago. From small manipulations of the bank's funds he had extended the defalcations until his shortage had reached the present stage. He saw no opportunity or possibility of making up the amount, and, therefore, confessed.

Assistant Cashier Fired.

When the resolution was adopted removing Mr. Bigelow from the presidency, Mr. Goll, the assistant cashier, was also removed. The removal of the assistant cashier was due to the statement of President Bigelow that he was aided by Goll in concealing the shortage in the bank's accounts. The manipulation of accounts has been going on for months, according to the statement of one of the directors, but so cleverly was the work done that neither the directors nor the national bank examiners were able to discover the fact that anything was wrong with the funds of the bank. As soon as the directors ascertained the full extent of the peculations steps were taken to

Protect the Depositors

and other creditors. Charles F. Pfister subscribed $600,000 to a fund to make good the surplus. John L. Beggs gave $300,000. William Bigelow, a brother of the president, added $100,000 to the amount. Other directors subscribed lesser sums until the amount reached $1,635,000.

Prior to this the directors had been in conference with leading bankers of Chicago and New York. As a result of this conference $1,000,000 was sent from Chicago to reach Milwaukee on an early train. Several hundreds of thousands of dollars were

Subscribed by Local Banks,

so the institution was prepared for the run that was expected. Every precaution had been taken to keep the shortage from the public until the affairs of the bank could be placed in position to meet any emergency that might arise.

When the bank closed its doors yesterday afternoon more than 2,000 depositors were clamoring for their money. Nearly $1,000,000 had been paid out in the course of two hours, and but a small percentage of the customers demanding the closing of their accounts had been served. But while many of the depositors were seeking to withdraw their funds, other people who believe in the

Soundness of the Bank

were coming forward with deposits. And so persistent were the friends of the bank in offering money for deposit that when the bank closed there was a line of depositors in waiting in opposition to the line awaiting to withdraw their money.

Bigelow himself is left a poor man by his speculations and the surrender of the securities to the bank yesterday. At one time he was personally rated as a millionaire, and this fortune has been lost as well as the sum taken from the bank. His total losses in speculation of various kinds in two years are estimated by his friends at upward of $3,000,000.

BANKS HOLD OUT AGAINST RUN.

Confidence Is Restored in Banking Institutions of Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, April 27. — Confidence has again been restored in the banking institutions of Milwaukee and the run on the First National bank and the Milwaukee Trust company, which was caused by the defalcation of Frank G. Bigelow, until Monday president of the First National bank, of over $1,000,000, is a thing of the past, and banking affairs in Milwaukee have resumed their normal conditions.

The banks affected were ably prepared to cope with a large run, but it was decided by all the banks in the city to take advantage of the law on time deposits requiring a

Notice of Thirty Days

of withdrawal on accounts less than $100 and ninety days when the amounts exceeded that sum. As rapidly as the depositors appeared at the wickets of the savings departments of the affected institutions their pass books were stamped acknowledging the notice of withdrawal and the depositors took their departure. It only required about two hours to dispose of the line-up of depositors.

One of the most spectacular happenings of the day was the action of Mayor Rose in walking down Wisconsin street in full view of the crowd with $50,000 in currency and gold in canvas bags. He was surrounded by policemen and detectives and walked into the bank

With the Treasure.

This money was part of the shipment from Chicago banks and some from other Milwaukee banks.

Cashier Frank J. Kipp is authority for the statement that much more more than $2,000,000 was received during the day by the bank. At noon the street assumed its normal appearance and the run was completely over.

National Bank Examiner C. H. Bosworth of Chicago, who was sent here by Controller of the Currency Ridgeley, is at work on the books of the First National and will report his findings to his superiors in Washington as soon as possible.

Up to a late hour no trace had been found of Henry G. Goll, the deposed assistant cashier of the First National bank.

CHANGED HIS MIND.

Coroner's Physician First Thought Young Committed Suicide.

New York, April 27.—Perhaps the most interesting development in the testimony of yesterday in the trial of Nan Patterson, charged with the murder of Caesar Young, came when Coroner's Physician O'Hanlon took the witness stand for the prosecution and said in reply to questions that he had changed his opinion that Young had committed suicide. Dr. O'Hanlon performed the autopsy on Young's body. In his testimony yesterday he said:

"My present opinion is not the opinion I formerly expressed to Coroner Brown."

The counsel for the defense, Lawyer Levy, asked the doctor:

"Did you report this case to Coroner Brown as one of suicide?"

When Dr. O'Hanlon replied in the affirmative, Mr. Levy asked:

"Do you now say that in your best judgment it is a case of suicide?"

"No, I won't say that."

"Didn't you say so once?" was asked.

"I did, but I think now it is a case for the jury to decide. I thought at the time that I detected powder marks on the hands of Caesar Young."

Assistant District Attorney Rand then produced the official report of Dr. O'Hanlon, which did not define the case as one of suicide, and the doctor said that he simply expressed the suicide opinion in conversation with Coroner Brown.

TRUSTS ARE HIT HARD.

Sweeping Measure Passes Lower Michigan House.

Lansing, Mich., April 27—The lower house of the Michigan legislature yesterday passed unanimously the Bland anti-trust bill. It is said to be the most sweeping anti-trust measure ever passed in the country. It defines and declares illegal all corporations which aim at a monopoly of any business, trade, avocation or profession and nullifies any agreement binding individuals not to engage in a certain occupation.

GAMECOCK KILLS CHILD.

Lockjaw Sets in From Wounds Inflicted by Fowl.

Blue Earth, Minn., April 27.—Frank Donald Dean, the four-year-old son of J. W. Dean, died here from an affliction that first appeared to be spotted fever, but which later was diagnosed as a case of tetanus caused by wounds inflicted by a game cock.

RUSSIAN FLEET CUTS THE CABLE

PRESUMABLY TO CONCEAL MOVEMENTS OF ROJESTVENSKY'S SQUADRON.

ISLAND SEIZED AS BASE

ROJESTVENSKY NOW IN TONQUIN GULF AWAITING NEBOGOTOFF.

SLAVS ATTACK THE JAP ARMY

GET WELL WHIPPED FOR THEIR TROUBLE AND RETREAT NORTHWARD.

London, April 27.—The Daily Mail this morning prints a dispatch from its Hongkong correspondent stating that the cable with the island of Hainan has been cut, either by the Russian fleet or by Russian agents. While this has been done presumably to conceal the movements of Rojestvensky's squadron, it also gives a distinct clue as to the whereabouts of the Russian commander. It also strengthens Tuesday's dispatch from Hongkong that the Baltic fleet has seized the island of Hainan as a base.

In Gulf of Tonquin.

St. Petersburg, April 27.—It is intimated in naval circles that Admiral Rojestvensky is now in the Gulf of Tonquin, where, under the shelter of Hainan island and far outside of territorial waters, he can await the arrival of the fourth division of his squadron, commanded by Admiral Nebogotoff. No confirmation of this report is obtainable at the admiralty, where it is maintained that the exact location of Rojestvensky's squadron is unknown.

Martial Law in Formosa.

Tokio, April 27.—The privy council has decided that martial law shall be proclaimed throughout the island of Formosa.

Expect Fourth Division.

Island of Penang, Straits Settlements, April 27.—The fourth division of the Russian second Pacific squadron, commanded by Vice Admiral Nebogotoff, is expected to pass Penang and enter the Straits of Malacca today. The British authorities are on the alert. Guard boats at night are patrolling the approaches to Penang.

JAPS WIN THREE BATTLES.

The Routed Russian Forces Retreat Northward.

Tokio, April 27.—The following announcement was made yesterday:

"On April 24 a Russian force consisting of five battalions of infantry, sixteen sotnias of cavalry and one battery of artillery, in pressing our advanced cavalry, attacked them in the vicinity of Kalyuan. Our Kalyuan force attacked the Russians in return, defeated and pursued them north to Mienhuachieh. Our casualties were 38. The enemy left about 200 dead on the field.

"Two other Russian forces, one consisting of six battalions of infantry and sixteen sotnais of cavalry, the other of twelve sotnias of cavalry and one battery of artillery, attacked Changtu and Siatatzu, respectively, but retreated north when the other Russian force was defeated at Kiayuan."

Russians Take Fortifications.

St. Petersburg, April 27.—Gen. Linevitch, in a dispatch to Emperor Nicholas, dated April 25, says:

"Our advance posts April 22 forced the enemy successively to evacuate the fortified villages of Manchenzou and Nemanpaomeng. The Japanese occupied a fortified position about three miles south of Nemanpaomeng, but our artillery fire and the appearance of our detachment on their left flank induced them to retreat hastily toward Kayancheng after burning their provision depot.

"Our forces on April 23 compelled the enemy to retire to Kayancheng. The same day Russian advance guards pursuing the enemy, approached Changtu, about fifty miles above Tie Pass, which is strongly fortified and occupied by the Japanese. Our artillery opened fire on the east side of the town, but when it became apparent that the place was strongly held our troops retired. Our cavalry destroyed the telegraph line between Kayancheng and Changtu."

SCHWAB'S MISSION A SUCCESS.

Type of Battleships He Plans Likely to Startle the World.

St. Petersburg, April 27.—American superiority over foreign rivals again triumphs in the complete success which has crowned the visit of Charles M. Schwab to St. Petersburg. Mr. Schwab's negotiations with the Russian admiralty have resulted in the practical conclusion of an arrangement for the construction of a number of a formidable line of battleships of a type which probably will startle the world. Mr. Schwab will leave St. Petersburg to-day.

The details of the construction of the vessels remain to be worked out, but in addition to those which will be built in the United States it is qute likely that a yard will be constructed at a Baltic port, to be manned by Russian workmen, but under American engineering and mechanical supervision.

The admiralty has accepted Mr. Schwab's propositions strictly on their merits, he having convinced the authorities that he can produce for Russia warships vastly superior to anything now afloat or at present projected by any other government.

TEAMSTERS' STRIKE SPREADS.

Movement Goes Far Beyond Control of Leaders.

Chicago, April 27.—Hurling defiance at each other, the millionaire merchants of Chicago and the leaders of the teamsters' union yesterday lined up for what promises to be the greatest labor conflict that the city has ever seen. Already the strike has gone beyond the control of the men directing it and is spreading rapidly. yesterday afternoon the drivers employed in the wholesale department of Marshall Field & Co., Carson, Piere, Scott & Co. and J. V. Farwell & Co. walked out of their own volition when one man in each house was discharged for refusing to haul goods to the Ward company. The retail departments of the same houses may become involved at any moment. Other houses will be drawn into the fight to-day.

RIDDLED WITH BULLETS.

Mob Breaks Into Jail and Shoots a Prisoner.

Homer, La., April 27.—After working three hours with sledge hammers and pickaxes a mob of twenty-five men broke into the parish jail yesterday and shot Dick Craighead, inflicting fatal wounds. Craighead was charged with the murder of Mrs. Ike McKee, the wife of his half-brother, and her little son. The authorities were unaware of designs upon the prisoner until it was too late to protect him. Every telephone and telegraph wire out of Homer was cut and the rifles of the Claiborne guards, the local military company, were seized before the move was made on the jail. So quietly did the mob work that scarcely any one in the little town was aware of what was taking place. The man's legs, arms and portions of his body were literally riddled. The mob then quickly dispersed.

HUNTERS TAKE A REST.

President and Party Worn Out by Hard Chase.

Glenwood Springs, Colo., April 27.—Members of Camp Roosevelt took a rest yesterday. They were utterly worn out by the hard chase of Monday and Tuesday. Secretary Loeb found the president reading and several of his hunters telling stories when he reached camp on West Divide creek. Mr. Roosevelt questioned the secretary concerning the happenings of the past few days, preferring to get his news in this manner rather than by reading the big bundle of newspapers taken to the camp by its courier.

SHOOTS SELF TO DEATH.

Wife of La Crosse City Engineer Made Frantic by Her Troubles.

La Crosse, Wis., April 27. — Mrs. Mabel Powell, wife of City Engineer Frank C. Powell, committed suicide yesterday morning, shooting herself through the heart. She rose in her usual good spirits and prepared breakfast, then called her husband. When the latter sat down at the table the wife went up stairs and a shot was heard. Her husband found her lying on the floor dead. Family trouble is said to have been the cause.

COL. GLAZIER PASSES AWAY.

Soldier, Author and Explorer Dies in Albany at a Ripe Old Age.

Albany, N. Y., April 27.—Col. Willard Glazier, author, soldier and explorer, is dead at his home in this city of heart disease. He was sixty-four years old. He served in the Northern army during the Civil war, and for some time was confined in Libby prison. In 1876 he rode from Boston to San Francisco on horseback and was captured by Indians near Skull Rocks, Wyo., but made his escape.

SEEK PARDON OF MURDERESS.

Women's Clubs to Be Asked to Plead for Husband's Slayer.

Lincoln, Neb., April 27.—Believing that Mrs. Lena Margaret Lillie has been unjustly condemned to life imprisonment for the murder of her husband, her friends are planning a series of petitions which will be circulated among the members of the women's clubs in all parts of the United States, asking for her release. When these are signed they will be presented to Gov. Mickey asking him for clemency.

PLOWED THROUGH GANG OF MEN.

Passenger Train Kills Two Laborers and Fatally Injures Others.

Reno, Nev., April 27. — The eastbound passenger train on the Southern Pacific railway in passing through Bewoe ran into a gang of Japanese numbering about fifty. The train literally plowed its way through the men, killing two and fatally injuring several. The train, while suddenly rounding a curve, struck the laborers before the engineer had an opportunity to slow his train.

Abolish Raines Hotels.

Albany, N. Y., April 27.—The Raines bill, designed to abolish the so-called Raines law hotel evil, was passed by the assembly yesterday, but must return to the senate for concurrence in amendments. One of the chief features of the bill provides that all hotels must comply with the fire and tenement house laws.

TEN PLUNGED TO DEATH IN MINE

ROPE SUPPORTING CAGE BREAKS AND THEY DROP TO BOTTOM OF SHAFT.

ALL ARE CRUSHED TO DEATH

MASS OF DEBRIS CRASHES DOWN UPON THE DYING VICTIMS.

RESCUERS QUICKLY AT WORK

BODIES OF VICTIMS WERE MANGLED ALMOST BEYOND RECOGNITION.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., April 27. — Ten miners were instantly crushed to death yesterday at the Conyngham mine of the Delaware & Hudson company, located in the northern part of this city. The men were being lowered into the mine and when 350 feet from the surface, the rope broke and the cage fell to the bottom of the shaft, a distance of 400 feet. A rescuing party was at once organized. The bodies of the men were found at the bottom of the shaft beneath a mass of debris.

They were terribly mangled. Most of the victims lived in the vicinity of the mine, and when the rescuers brought the crushed forms to the surface a large crowd was waiting. The grief of the relatives of the dead was heartrending.

Supt. Foote says he is at a loss to account for the accident. An examination of the rope was made yesterday before the cage full of human freight was lowered into the mine, and it was found to be all right.

TELL-TALE PAPERS SEIZED.

Theft Brings Beef Manager Post Haste From Canada.

Chicago, April 27.—There will be a temporary lull in the federal grand jury's beef inquiry after to-day to give the inquisitorial body a chance to take up numerous criminal cases that have been held back because of the packing house investigation. No indictments will be returned in court, however, until the investigation is permanently closed, which may not be until the latter part of May or the first week in June.

Considerable importance is attached to the testimony of Gustav Freund, resident manager of the sausage casing concern of the S. Oppenheimer company, who was on the stand yesterday and is expected to be called again to-day. Freund is accredited with having important information concerning the operations of the Etna Trading company. The theft of valuable private papers from his residence last Wednesday night brought Mr. Feund back post haste from Montreal, Canada, where he had been staying with his wife and children. He was served with a writ soon after his arrival. Promise of immunity from indictment in connection with the beef inquiry, it is declared, has induced Freund to lay bare some of the secrets of the Etna Trading company.

WOMAN ARRESTED 103 TIMES.

Christian Science Fails to Reform Notorious Drunkard.

Newark, N. J., April 27.—Lizzie Arlington, Newark's notorious woman drunkard, who two months ago amazed police circles by announcing that she was cured of her drink habit through Christian science, has fallen from grace. She has added one more count to her record. She has been arrested 103 times and every arrest was made for drunkenness. When she was arraigned in the first criminal court yesterday Judge Sweeney pronounced her a hopeless dipsomaniac and ordered that she should be placed in an asylum and treated the same as any other lunatic.

OVER 100 FIRES START.

Anoka Lumber Mill Badly Damaged and Whole Town in Peril.

Anoka, Minn., April 27.—Shortly before 12 o'clock yesterday the Reed & Sherwood lumber mill caught fire, and, owing to a strong wind cinders and burning shingles were carried over an area of two blocks. For a time it looked as though part of the town was doomed, as there were over 100 small blazes in the dry lumber sheds, barns and adjacent residences. The fire department at last secured control of the flames and saved all dwelling houses, although the loss to the mill and lumber will amount to thousands of dollars.

Gets Five Years for Stealing Cap.

Toledo, April 27.—Five years in the Ohio penitentiary for stealing a 50-cent cap was the sentence given Herman Selka yesterday. The stealing of the cap carried with it a charge of burglary. Much criticism is heard.

Hessian Fly Busy.

Lincoln, Neb., April 27. — Reports from many counties of the state indicate that the Hessian fly is busy, and many wheat fields will be devastated by the pest. Some grain men estimate the damage at 20 per cent.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
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K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

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Official Abstracter.
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

2nd STORE

(SECOND HAND STORE.)

Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.

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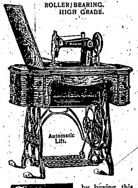
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Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.

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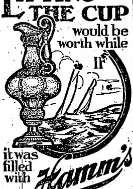

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The Spectator.

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TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, April 29, 1905.

STATE FIRE MARSHAL.

Among the new offices created by the session of the legislature just closed is that of state fire marshal, from which much is expected by the insurance men and insurance buyers.

The functions of this officer, who is to be appointed by the governor, is to investigate fires whenever he is requested to do so by interested parties, with a view to determining the cause. Primarily, the object is to detect and punish incendiarism, and along this line the plan has worked to good advantage in other states, it is said. So well do the insurance men think of it that they stated to the legislative committee looking into the matter that they believed that a substantial reduction of rates would result after the office had been in existence a year or two.

The fire marshal, aside from running down and punishing incendiaries, which involves considerable work in the preparation of evidence, will look into other causes of fires, and make suggestions tending to prevent a recurrence of fires from such causes. Like all other public offices, particularly those of an inquisitorial nature like this, much depends upon the integrity and industry of the party chosen to perform the work. This promises to be a highly important office, and considerable care will have to be used in making the appointment.

If the promises of friends of the scheme, that incendiarism will be checked, fire losses decreased and rates made more comfortable to the policy holders, are fulfilled, the creation of the office will be well worth while. In its original form the bill carried provisions prohibiting compacts in this state. Owing to a doubt whether this would help toward reduction of rates, this clause was stricken out.—Duluth Herald.

There is some satisfaction in knowing that the wealth of the richest man in the world is not able to give him peace of mind against the outraged sentiment of the civilized world. The poor man who earns an honest living and has the respect of his neighbors is doubtless far happier than is the head of the most iniquitous trust in the world. It is probably uselees to hope for the reformation of John D. Rockefeller, but perhaps the plain expression of public sentiment as voiced by Washington Gladden, Dwight Hillis and many other ministers and thousands of editors, may lead other captains of industry to a better and higher conception of man's duty to his fellows, and to realize there is something better after all than great riches dishonestly gained. Meanwhile let the poor worm squirm.—St. Cloud Journal-Press.

The Red Lake county papers are hurling anathemas at one another in great shape, and all over the desire of Thief River Falls to wrest the county seat from Red LakeFalls. There is no need to get mad, boys. Roseau county has been in a county seat scrap for nearly three years now, and an outsider would never know there was a riffle anywhere, so far as the newspapers are concerned. Abuse of one another will never do any good either way. Be calm and let the best town win.—Roseau Region.

Norman County Herald: A citizen of St. Hilaire accuses Harry Ives, the big editor of the SPECTATOR, of playing with the dogs on the streets of that village. Harry retaliates by saying that he would rather play with the dogs than some men he knows. We see no reason why Harry should insult the dogs by making such a comparison.

Every big crop that this country ever harvested has gone in when the ground was dry and in good condition, so we have a first class start for a bumper crop.

Boost, don't knock, and some day some one may extend a helping hand to you when you need it.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: All eyes are now turned on the scrap at St. Hilaire, Banker J. K. Hannay and Editor Harry Ives being the participants in a battle, which at this stage gives promise of being spectacular in the extreme. Several weeks ago Brother Ives went after Mr. Hannay for attempting to evade the payment of taxes on certain property at St. Hilaire, and last week Mr. Hannay bumps Harry in the Thief River News, not in answer to the arguments, but along personal lines. Harry comes back good and strong, and the people are now decidedly interested spectators. What the outcome will be is not yet known, but Mr. Ives' stand is certainly in the interest of his home town and he should be given the support of the people there who desire to see their city hold its own with the rest of the world.

Editor Eastman objects to the favorable comment made by the SPECTATOR on Representative Simons securing an extra slice of the state road and bridge fund for his district and claims he didn't vote right on other matters. What will we do, John, give the money back?

The St. Paul Globe has announced that it will suspend publication on May 1st on account of lack of patronage. It is understood that the paper is owned by James J. Hill. We are surprised at Jim, as this is about the first time one of his enterprises has failed to succeed.

The Red Lake Falls and Thief River Falls papers are still making faces at one another and all about the county seat fight. Better stop it, boys, because when the lawyers get through there won't be much left to fight about.

Editor Hunt of the Gully Sunbeam will start a newspaper in the near future High Landing.

School officers should take an interest in the teachers' meeting here next Friday and Saturday.

The bill before the legislature raising the salary of the district judge failed to pass.

Buford-Trenton Irrigation Project.

A new irrigation project which promises much for the Northwest is the Buford-Trenton reclamation project. The United States government has set aside $550,000 for this work and the active operations will begin inside of sixty days. When this work is completed some 18,000 acres of now arid land will be reclaimed and the western part of North Dakota will be as attractive as the great valley of the Red River and the productive lands of the Mouse River Loup. It is asserted that the proposed dam and reservoir will hold between 20,000 and 25,000 acre feet of water and the proposed canals will run north and south of the line of the Great Northern Railway to a point about three miles east of Trenton, North Dakota, from near Buford, North Dakota, on the extreme western border of North Dakota. This is but the beginning of the extensive irrigation projects which have been planned by the government and individuals in western Dakota and northeastern Montana, which, together with the Milk River irrigation project, will reclaim thousands of acres for settlement for agricultural purposes which have lain barren for years, an offer and opportunity for the homeless of the East to secure homes of their own. The fact that good agricultural government land is becoming scarcer and scarcer makes these irrigation projects of great interest to the homeseeker and investor.

17th of May Excursion.

Crookston Times: Arrangements are pending at Thief River Falls, St. Hilaire and Red Lake Falls which will result in the running of a special 17th of May excursion to this city from Greenbush. The proposition as proposed by the towns along the line includes the charter of a special train and a reduction of rates to at least one fare for the round trip. All of the people along the line, according to reports are enthusiastic and the excursion will undoubtedly be a huge success.

The Northern League ball game here the 17th between Crookston and Grand Forks which is the opening game of the season is proving a heavy drawing card as well as the excellent program which has been arranged by the promoters of the festival. At the present time every indication points to a phenomenally large attendance from the northern section of the state and it is quite positive that the affair will be the most successful of its kind ever pulled off in this city, or in fact in the northwest.

Headquarters Restaurant... A. F. Lang Proprietor

Short Orders a Specialty.

Located in rear of J. J. Soll's Saloon.

A friend of the home—
A foe of the Trust

Calumet Baking Powder

Complies with the Pure Food Laws of all States.

Summer Training School.

ST. PAUL, April 27.—Red Lake county is to have a summer school again this year. It will be held at Red Lake Falls commencing July 5 and continuing four weeks. Prof. C. S. Yaeger of Fosston will be the conductor, and Mrs. W. A. McIntyre of Red Lake Falls will have charge of the primary and Model school work. The other instructor has not as yet been decided upon.

It is not often that summer schools are given the same county in successive years, but Superintendent Olson believes that the newer counties of northern Minnesota deserve liberal treatment by reason of the fact that the teachers in that section are a long way from the state normal schools.

Notice to Clean Up.

Notice is hereby given to the residents and property owners of St. Hilaire that they must, before May 5th, 1905, clean up and remove any and all garbage, manure or slops, on the premises owned or occupied by them and also on alleys or thoroughfares adjacent to said property. Said owners or occupants are also required to maintain any and all property which they own or occupy in a thoroughly sanitary condition, also that proprietors of hotels, and restaurants keep sufficient barrels in the rear of their places of business in which to deposit all offal and refuse, and contents of which shall be deposited on the dumping grounds at least once in each week.

Any person failing to comply with this order will be promptly prosecuted according to law.

By order of the village council,
A. F. BLOMBURGH,
Health Officer.

Order of Hearing on Petition for License to Sell Land.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court,
Special term April 20, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of K. O. Gigstad, as administrator of said estate, representing among other things that said Nels G. Otterness at the time of his death was seized of certain real estate which is described in the petition herein, and that it is necessary to sell all of said real estate to pay the debts and legacies, and expenses of administration of said estate, and that it is for the best interests of said estate and all persons interested therein that said real estate be sold; and, it appearing by such petition that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of the administrator to pay the debts outstanding against said deceased, legacies and expenses of administration, and that it is necessary to sell all of said real estate; and that it will be for the best interests of said estate and of all persons interested therein, that the real estate described in the petition herein should be sold;

It is ordered, that all persons interested in said estate be and appear before this court on Tuesday, the 23rd day of May, A. D. 1905, at one o'clock p. m. of said day, at the Probate Court room in the court house in Red Lake Falls in said county and state, then and there to show cause, if any there be, why license should not be granted to said administrator to sell said real estate according to the prayer of said petition.

It is further ordered, that this order be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county and state.

Dated at Red Lake Falls this 20th day of April, A. D. 1905.

N. W. TARRANT,
(SEAL) Judge of Probate.
a29-m20

COMING

Way Down in Georgia Company..

With a Collection of....

SINGERS,
DANCERS,
Wire-Walkers,
Jugglers,
Hoop-Rollers,
and....

Many Other Features!

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.

Graduate of Copenhagen University.

Department for Diseases of the Eye

CROOKSTON, MINN.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"

and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of

THE FAMOUS

MATT. J. JOHNSON'S 6088

RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE

you are not satisfied with results.

This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.

For Sale and Guaranteed Only by
Imperial Drug Co., St. Hilaire

Order to Examine Accounts.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court.
Special term, April 20, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Alfred Dainard, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Mrs. M. N. Dainard, executrix, of the estate of Alfred Dainard, deceased, representing, among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law;

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 15th day of May, A. D. 1905, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., at the probate office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls the 20th day of April, A. D. 1905.

By the court.
N. W. TARRANT,
[SEAL] Judge of Probate.
(ap22 m13)

Order for Hearing on Claims, Etc.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—SS.

In Probate Court,
Special Term, April 4, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased, late of the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, being granted to K. O. Gigstad;

It is ordered, that six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 4th day of October, 1905, at one o'clock p.m. at a special term of said probate court, to be held at the Probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 4th day of April, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
N. W. TARRANT,
[Seal] Judge of Probate.
(a8-4t-a29)

WANTED—Trustworthy man or woman to manage business in this county and adjoining territory for well established house of solid financial standing. $20 straight cash salary with all necessary expenses paid weekly by check from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Position permanent; previous experience not essential. No investment required. We furnish everything. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Address, Manager, 810 Como Block, Chicago, Ill, m6

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Great Northern Railway.....

No. 3, THE "FLYER"

ONLY MORNING TRAIN
from
ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
FOR MONTANA and the PACIFIC COAST

Makes Immediate Connection with Limited and Fast Mail Trains from Chicago and the East.

EVERY DAY.

Illinois Central R. R.

EFFICIENTLY SERVES A VAST TERRITORY

by through service to and from the following cities:

Omaha, Neb.	Chicago, Ill.
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Louisville, Ky.	Jacksonville, Fla.
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Weekly through service between Chicago and between Cincinnati

AND THE PACIFIC COAST.

Connections at these terminals for the

EAST, SOUTH, WEST NORTH.

Fast and Handsomely equipped Steam-Heated Trains—Dining Cars—Buffet Library Cars—Sleeping Cars—Free Reclining Chair Cars.

A. H. HANSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt
Chicago, Ill

Billiard and Sample Room

WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN

Wines and Liquors

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC

CIGARS.

BEER.

MINNEAPOLIS AND MILWAUKEE BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.

"CORNER SALOON" South of the Bank.

CROOKSTON LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President. H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

"THE ROAD WITH THE BIG BERTHS"

This is the title given by the Chicago Tribune to the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

This railway owns and operates its own sleeping cars and other equipment. The berths are wider, longer and higher than berths in similar cars of other lines.

The Pioneer Limited, The Fast Mail and three other daily trains from Minneaplis and St. Paul to Chicago. No extra charge to ride on these trains, but it is important that you name your route in purchasing tickets East.

W. B. DIXON
Northwestern Passenger Agent
365 Robert Street, St. Paul.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, - - - - MINNESOTA

John W. Forseen
SHOE
Repairing

Second door North of Postoffice.

St. Hilaire, Minn.

The Oliver Typewriter received the Gold Medal at the World's Fair, St. Louis. Send for handsomely illustrated art catalog which tells why.

The Oliver Typewriter Co.,
332, Hennepin Ave.,
Minneapolis, Minn.
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FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS

Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

CALL ON
HOLMES BROS.
FOR
HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

Great Northern Time Table.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at St. Hilaire.

PASSENGER

8:00 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
9:25 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
9:55 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
10:20 am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30 pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:19 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10 am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. R. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
J. J. Soll, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3550 -Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE
Veterinary
Surgeon.
Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham
St. Hilaire, - Minn.

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ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

.. **HALL'S** ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

Dr. C. E. Higbie returned Tuesday from a short visit at Ulen.

Mrs. Charles Fellman spent Easter at Wylie visiting with friends.

Mrs. M. E. Bjerk is visiting friends at Thief River Falls this week.

A. S. Swanson, the Wylie wheat buyer, was a visitor here yesterday.

Miss Eva Johnson was at Thief River Falls visiting friends last Tuesday.

Attorney Michelet, of Thief River Falls, was a business visitor here on Tuesday.

A. M. Anderson, the Red Lake Falls furniture dealer, was doing business here last Tuesday.

Miss Mary Anderson will commence a term of school in the Black River district next Monday.

Sheriff Dan Linnihan was a visitor here last Tuesday and proceeded west where he had papers to serve.

Game Warden Elliott was in town the fore part of this week to see how our local fishermen were acting.

We publish this week the new laws passed by the legislature. Look it over and file away, it might come handy.

Dr. J. E. Argue, the Red Lake Falls dentist, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on Thursday and Friday, May 3 and 4.

The country roads were never better at this time of the year, and in fact never get much better any time of the year.

Mrs. H. O. Jackson returned last Saturday from Crookston where she had been visiting friends for several days.

County Superintendent McAnulty was here yesterday making arrangements for the teachers' meeting next week.

B. E. Burkee drove down to Red Lake Falls on Thursday to attend the meeting of the assessors of Red Lake county.

H. C. Clarke, treasurer of the Crookston Lumber company, was here on Monday between trains looking over the business.

Christ Bjerk, who has been visiting his son M. E. Bjerk the past week, returned to his home in Marshall county last Wednesday.

R. H. Aimer left last Sunday evening over the Soo for Melfort, Canada, where he has a claim and expects to be gone a month or more.

Services will be held in the Catholic church next Sunday, April 30, at 10 a. m. Everyone is cordially invited.
P. Ansgar, Pastor.

There will be services in the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon instead of in the afternoon, as previously announced.

Pat Sullivan, who has a crew of men with a log drive between here and Red Lake Falls, reports that the water is very low and the work correspondingly slow.

The Sherry's gave a nice, clean and interesting performance at the Imperial hall last Thursday evening to a small crowd. They were deserving of better patronage.

Shows seem to come in bunches and we will have another one next Tuesday May 2nd, when the "Way Down in Georgia Company" will be at the Imperial hall.

L. T. Bergh was in town from his reservation claim a couple of days this week. He is preparing to break and plant something over fifty acres of flax this spring.

We have had two light showers of rain the past week but the country is still very dry. A good, soaking rain would do a lot of good as soon as the seed is in the ground.

W. A. Arthur drove out with his wife and children to his claim last Monday. Mr. Arthur returned the next day but Mrs. Arthur and the children are still out there.

Dr. J. P. Normann, Oculist and Optician, will be at Dr. Cummings' office in St. Hilaire the 3rd and 4th of May. Any person suffering from impaired vision, weak and sore eyes are cordially invited to see him.

Seed flax for sale by Leonard Holmes.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

A prairie fire just west of town looked dangerous last Tuesday and the fire alarm was sounded calling out the department, who helped put it out. There was no damage done.

Johan Hendrickson returned from St. Paul last Saturday where he has been under the doctor's care. His health, while still far from good, is greatly improved and his friends hope for a speedy recovery.

We beg the indulgence of our readers this week for lack of news as the editor has had all kinds of trouble. We have had a very sick automobile on our hands which has taken considerable time. We hope to pull it through all right.

Peter Lindblom, the well known Black River farmer, was in town the first of the week and reported that he had already seeded over eighty acres of wheat and that the seed was going into the ground in better shape than it had for years.

Hail is forty times greater than the fire hazard to farm property. For reliable protection insure in State Farmers Mutual Hail Insurance Co., of Waseca, Minn. Losses always paid in full. Responsible agents for 1905 wanted. Write today. m27

The band boys were out last Wednesday evening and gave their first open air concert. Their hard work in practice shows in their improved playing. We understand that they intend to give an open air concert once each week during the summer.

The Thief River Falls Transportation company's steamer, Christiana, started up river Tuesday on its initial trip, says the News. The ice has not yet gone out of the lake, so it will be impossible to make different points on the lake for a few weeks.

Joel G. Winkjer is packing up his household goods this week and will move his family to Crookston where they will make their home. He has rented a residence there and finds it is more convenient to his work. His many friends here will regret his departure.

Mahara's Minstrels came in yesterday morning in their special car and gave a parade at noon and a band concert in front of the hall in the evening. A fair sized crowd were in attendance and the entertainment that they gave was a great deal better than is generally made in towns of this size, and seemed to be thoroughly appreciated by the audience.

Attorney Frank A. Grady, of Red Lake Falls, was here last Tuesday looking over the village records. Mr. Grady has been employed by the village council in the tax dodging case started by J. K. Hannay, which will come up for trial before Judge Watts at Red Lake Falls on May 16. The matter will be under consideration by the village council at their meeting next Monday evening and Mr. Grady will be here again next week.

Crookston is to have a cracker factory and about $20,000 in stock has been subscribed. The concern has adopted a unique plan of organization whereby each stockholder must be a patron of the factory and limited to one share of $100, and his dividend in each year based upon the amount of goods bought by him from the factory. This method ought to be a clincher in getting business and a good hint for factories of all kinds—except where they make coffins.—Clay County Herald.

The Big Fork Compass man advertises three big days for his town. On Saturday afternoon they were to have a base ball game for $25 and the gate receipts, and in the evening a glove contest for $100 and a hospital ticket. Everybody including the editor was to attend Easter services at the churches the next day and on Monday a wedding was scheduled with a big ball to follow which was expected to break the record, and the only fly in the ointment that Brother Greeley could see was that the new jail was not completed, but he had hopes. Truly, times are good when towns are new.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.
tf G. H. Sandum.

FAIR! FAIR! FAIR!
WHERE? WHERE? WHERE?
IMPERIAL HALL
Friday, May 12.

A chance to see yourself as others see you. Your picture taken at the Fair. Only five cents.

A great saving of labor. Buy your Saturday baking at the Fair. None but the best.

Sweeten up at the Fair on the home-made sweets sold by the sweets.

A fine musical program rendered at the Fair. Come and listen.

Ladies' Home Journal Booth. What is it?

Madame Lavolle will fortell your past, present and future at the Fair.

ADMISSION 15 CENTS.

April Wedding.

The wedding of Miss Bertha Quesnelle, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Evangelist Quesnell of Terrebonne, and Mr. Chas. Bourcier of St. Hilaire took place at ten o'clock Wednesday morning in St. Anthony's church at Terrebonne, Rev. Fr. Tapin officiating at the ceremony. Miss Zella Quesnell assisted at the organ while Rev. Father L'amie and Mr. Arthur Prenevost sang.

The bride was attended by Miss Annesy Crompe as maid of honor and Mr. Walter Quesnell, a brother of the bride, was best man.

A wedding breakfast was served after the ceremony at which several of the friends of the happy couple attended. Late in the afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Bourcier left, via Red Lake Falls, for their future home in St. Hilaire.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

The groom, Mr. Charles Bourcier, has been a resident of this village for the past year and has been in the employ of the Crookston Lumber company as a grader. He is well liked by his fellow workmen and is well thought of by all who know him.

The Spectator wishes to add its congratulations and good wishes.

Hearing in Beltrami Case.

The hearing on the charges of malfeasance in office against County Commissioners F. O. Sibley and Wes Wright and County Attorney Herbert J. Loud of Beltrami county, preferred by Public Examiner P. M. Kerst, will begin next Tuesday, May 2.

On Tuesday Governor Johnson appointed W. A. McIntyre, the well known Red Lake Falls lawyer, as the third member of the commission to take the evidence and probe the charges. The other two members of the commission are Cleve W. VanDyke of Alexandria, executive clerk of the governor, and Graham M. Torrance of Bemidji. Royal A. Stone, assistant attorney general, will represent the state.

A formal statement of the charges against the Beltrami county officials was filed with Governor Johnson yesterday by Public Examiner Kerst.—Red Lake Courier.

Teachers' Meeting.

The meeting of the Teachers' Protective association to be held in St. Hilaire May 5 and 6, as previously advertised, is not only a teachers' but a school officers' meeting. The question of teachers' wages is a subject which all should be interested in. We urge the trustees of rural schools to be present and take an active part in the proceedings. It is hoped that all who can will avail themselves of the opportunity to hear President Weld's lecture Friday evening May 5, at Imperial hall.

The prizes which will be awarded will be a banner for the successful school and a five-dollar gold piece for the pupil who wins the contest. We desire to see every teacher in the county and every member of the association present at the meeting.
H. T. McAnulty,
Co. Supt.

St. Hilaire Creamery Ranks High.

Joel G. Winkjer has been spending the past week in this vicinity and made the Spectator a call on Wednesday. He informed us that he has visited every creamery in the 9th congressional district and finds that the St. Hilaire creamery is doing more business than any other creamery north of Fergus Falls. He says that they not only make more butter but pay more for cream and receive a higher premium for butter. Mr. Winkjer thinks, however, that there is still plenty of room for improvement and hopes to induce the patrons to make the standard still higher.

Cooking by Electricity.

In many of the big department stores nowadays, there is an exhibition of cooking by electricity. No dirt, no ashes no dust, no superfluous heat, no fire; nothing but as high a temperature as you want in the cooking apparatus, and that only so long as you want it. With all this cleanliness it is no cleaner than the brewing of golden grain belt beer, the purest and most refreshingly healthful beer that was ever put on the market. If you ever saw it brewed, you would have no other. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Log Drive for St. Hilaire.

Thief River Falls News: A crew of men came up from St. Hilaire Monday to take a drive of logs from this city to that place. The low stage of water has not caused much trouble in getting logs to St. Hilaire, as the dam half way down provides sufficient heads of water to float the logs down. Below St. Hilaire, however, it is said to be a different story, and it is quite doubtful if the East Grand Forks and Crookston lumber companies will be able to get logs to their mills from the Red Lake river.

Thief River Falls News: Over one hundred river drivers are now employed on the river between this city and the outlet bringing down the drive of logs. This is by far the largest number of men ever employed, as heretofore a crew of ten or fifteen men could bring down a drive, but the low water this spring does not make it so easy.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Mrs. E. L. Eickhoff
wishes to announce that her spring Stock of....
MILLINERY
is ready for inspection.

A ticket will be given to each purchaser and the holder of the lucky number drawn will be given as a premium....
A $5 HAT.

Hearing Postponed.

The latest phase in the Red Lake county seat removal case, the injunction proceeding begun by citizens of Red Lake Falls against County Auditor Ford to restrain him from filing the petition of the Thief River Falls faction, which was to have been up for a hearing in district court Saturday morning has been postponed until next Tuesday upon the petition of Thief River Falls people, who asked the court for more time to prepare themselves for the hearing.

According to Saturday's Crookston Times, Attorneys Grady and McIntyre, of Red Lake Falls, appeared there that evening for Red Lake Falls and with A. A. Miller, attorney for the Thief River Falls people, made an agreement to take up the hearing on Tuesday, May 2nd. Ira C. Richardson, postmaster and attorney at law at the upper Falls, spent the evening in the city conferring with Attorney Miller in regard to the Thief River Falls side of the question.

The complaint upon which Judge Watts issued his restraining order was made by John A. Duffy, one of the lower Falls' most prominent citizens, and he alleges that the Thief River city council cut the saloon license in two, $500 being paid to the city and $500 to the county seat committee.

The complaint is accompanied by a half dozen affidavits which state that Thief River is going to furnish the county a court house for ten years for $1 per year, and that cigars and liquor had been used to obtain signatures to the petition. These affidavits were signed by William Shanno, Cyrille Lussier, Joseph Carries, Adilor Gauthier, Charles Carpenter, Joseph Guerard, John Platz and James Torgerson.

How to Be Beautiful.

A Chicago physician who is biding for immortality has promulgated rules whereby every girl may become a Venus in figure and have the disposition of an angel. It is all comprised in the advice, drink water, wear less clothing, take out-of-door exercise and work over a wash tub. In this last clause lies the secret of the whole business. The appearance upon the earth of the scrawny woman is coincident with the blossoming out of the public laundry. You may not have realized it, but every public laundry that lines the streets of a great city accounts for from three to six hundred women without form and void. If there were no laundries there would be no need of padding. The great desire of woman is to be beautiful; here is a simple, direct way to get her wish. The wash tub is something that any woman even if she has been educated in the public schools of today, can learn. Down with the laundry, back to the simple life, the home-fried shirt and the beautiful woman.

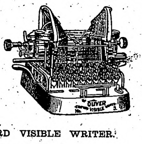
Card of Thanks.

I take this method to thank the good people of St. Hilaire for their kind assistance in caring for our deceased husband and father. We desire to especially thank the young people for their floral offerings.
Mrs. Viola Shannon
and Family.

RAPP &
POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

The Pedestal
of Honor
is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.
Ladies' Shoes
like ours are not to be found in every store.

This is a Poor Time
to have your property insured in
..Cheap Fire Insurance Companies..
I represent twelve of the best companies doing business in the United States. They never fail to pay all losses promptly........
REMEMBER THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST
H. E. IVES - - ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

Don't buy a Typewriter on a worn-out reputation.......
Investigate the merits of the
Oliver


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Send for a handsomely illustrated art Catalogue, free for the asking.
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332 Hennepin Ave. :::::: Minneapolis, Minn.

READ and REFLECT

If you are not already a customer of ours we would be pleased to have you become one. Our aim is not to sell you poor goods at a low price, but to sell you goods that you will be satisfied with, at prices that will bring you back to our store. Should you at any time buy goods of us that you find are not as we represent them to be, we would be very thankful to you if you would return same to us and give us a chance to make it right with you. We are receiving new goods nearly every day and would be pleased to have you give us a call when in need of anything in our line. Below we quote you a few of our prices ....

GROCERIES!!		GROCERIES!!	
Granulated Sugar, 14 pounds for...	$1.00	4 boxes Stag Matches, 970 in a box	25c
Calumet Family Soap, 35 bars for	$1.00	10-lb pail very good quality Syrup	35c
Good Quality Whole Rice, 25 lbs	$1.00	Sour Pickles, a gallon	40c
Rolled Oats, 35 pounds for	$1.00	Tomatoes, a can	10c
"Just" Rolled Oats, a package	18c	Corn, a can	10c
Prunes, small size, a pound	4c	SimonPure green gage Plums, can	15c
Prunes, larger size, a pound	6c	Our line of Coffees can't be beat, at a pound,	
Prunes, large size, the very best.	10c	15c 18c 20c 22c 25c 40c	

We got a snap on a lot of Men's Suspenders and will sell them for a short time at
15c a pair
This is the regular 25c quality; speak quick if you want a pair

Our line of SHOES is one of the best in Red Lake County and every pair will be sold on a guarantee.

A big line of Men's and Boys' PANTS and OVERALLS, and Men's JACKETS, also Men's and Boys' SHIRTS just received and will be sold at reasonable prices.

Agent for the.....
"DOMESTIC"
Sewing Machines

IF YOU HAVE ANY BUTTER, EGGS OR WOOL TO OFFER
BRING IT TO US AND RECEIVE THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

M. L. HANSON, ST. HILAIRE
MINNESOTA

CURE YOUR KIDNEYS.

When the Back Aches and Bladder Troubles Set In, Get at the Cause.

Don't make the mistake of believing back ache and bladder ills to be local ailments. Get at the cause and cure the kidneys. Use Doan's Kidney Pills, which have cured thousands.

Captain S. D. Hunter, of Engine No. 14, Pittsburg, Pa., Fire Department, and residing at 2729 Wylie avenue, says:

"It was three years ago that I used Doan's Kidney Pills for an attack of kidney trouble that was mostly back ache, and they fixed me up fine. There is no mistake about that, and if I should ever be troubled again I would get them first thing, as I know what they are."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

Superstition.

"I met and courted my wife under the orange trees of Florida," said the sentimental chap. "Where did you meet yours?"

"I can't remember," answered the overworked practical man, "but I think we must have met under a ladder."—Detroit Tribune.

When Tortoise Beats Hare.

"I believe Bilkins is about the slowest coach I ever saw. He's always behind."

"I'll tell you one time when he'll be in the lead."

"When's that?"

"When they take him to the cemetery."—Dallas News.

Had to Help the Dead Lady.

The following note of excuse was received by a New York city teacher the other day:

"Dear Teacher: Please excuse Emma for having been absent yesterday, as I had to take her with me to help an old lady who died and had no one to do her work."—New York Times.

BUSYBODIES VS. TRUTH.

Here Are The Facts—Judge For Yourself.

Busybodies who see in success only falsity, who, without making an effort to inform themselves, blatantly cry offense against honesty and truth—seem to forget that a slur against Dr. Pierce's well-known non-alcoholic family remedies is a slur against the intelligence of thousands of clear-thinking American women who know they have been helped and cured by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is not a "patent medicine" in the true meaning of the word—it is simply the favorite remedy which Dr. Pierce used in an extended practice for the treatment of the diseases of women.

Truth and Influence. A name for honesty and square dealing is better than great riches. Fraud is a bubble that soon bursts. Dr. R. V. Pierce has always been known to speak the truth—his famous medicines are founded on the rock of public approval and have thousands of truthful testimonials as to their ability to cure diseases for which they are recommended.

True Speaking. No man ever lost a prospective customer through telling the truth. In the long run Dr. Pierce believes the truth will prevail and he is therefore not afraid to make public his formula.

Valuable Trade Secrets. The ingredients of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is here given to the public. He vindicates the excellence and harmless character of his "Prescription" by letting the sick and ailing women know just what they are taking when they use this reliable tonic and nervine for the diseases and illnesses peculiarly feminine. These ingredients are combined in just the right proportion to make an efficient remedy without the use of a particle of alcohol.

Non-Alcoholic. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription combines a non-alcoholic extract from the following medicinal plants scientifically prepared by experienced chemists at the laboratory of the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.:

℞

LADY'S SLIPPER (*Cypripedium Pubescens*).
BLACK COHOSH (*Cimicifuga Racemosa*).
UNICORN ROOT (*Chamælirium Luteum*).
BLUE COHOSH (*Caulophyllum Thalictroides*).
GOLDEN SEAL (*Hydrastis Canadensis*).

When a man admits that he is never too old to learn, you may be sure that he is getting pretty old.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A man is seldom afflicted with the big head unless he has a little heart.

7% PREFERRED STOCK

of an established and prosperous corporation. We confidently recommend the above to investors of $100 upwards. Write for particulars.

THOS. COCHRAN, President.
416 Endicott Building,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

THE GRAND PRIZE

THE HIGHEST AWARD AT THE ST. LOUIS WORLD'S FAIR WAS GIVEN TO TOWER'S FISH BRAND WATERPROOF OILED CLOTHING SLICKERS, HATS POMMEL SLICKERS

A. J. TOWER CO. ESTABLISHED 1836
BOSTON · NEW YORK · CHICAGO
TOWER CANADIAN CO. Limited. TORONTO, CAN

Alabastine Your Walls

The most desirable thing in wall covering is opacity (covering power). Next to that is ease of application. In both of these Alabastine stands pre-eminent. Then there are other points—the firmness, the permanence, the binding qualities, and it is mixed with clear, pure water. Alabastine is not dependent on sour paste, nor smelley glue to bind it to the wall, it is an Alabaster cement that sets on the wall. It is the purest, the nicest, the best wall covering made. The most beautiful color effects, the most beautiful color schemes, the most beautiful designs are possible in Alabastine.

ALABASTINE is specially suitable for church and school house work. Write us for color ideas for such work.

The best dealers sell it. If yours doesn't, send us his name and we'll see that you are supplied.

ALABASTINE COMPANY
Grant Ave., Grand Rapids, Mich.
New York Office, 105 Water St.

Throat

Diseases. No class of ailments are more common. They all consist of acute inflammation, mostly caused by neglected colds. The best treatment is to gargle or spray the throat often with

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

and warm water, diluted as directed. Rub the throat, and bandage at night with flannel; use the Anodyne freely. Every mother needs it for little ones. 25 cents, three times as much 50 cents. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

Ruby Got Hers.

Ruby, who was dining with her elders, was given her choice of her favorite desserts.

"Which will you have, Ruby, ice cream or jam?" her indulgent father asked.

After a moment's hesitation she said, "Give me a little of each and a lot of both."—Lippincott's Magazine.

ANOTHER RECORD IN LAND HUNTING.

This Spring's Exodus to Canada Greater Than Ever.

It was thought in 1903, when over forty-five thousand people went from the United States to Canada, that the limit of the yearly immigration to the wheat zone of the Continent had been reached. But when in 1904 about as large a number of American citizens signified their intention of becoming settlers on Canadian lands, the general public were prepared for the announcement of large numbers in 1905. No surprise therefore will be caused when it is made known that predictions of fully fifty thousand more in 1905 are warranted in the fact that the Spring movement Canadaward is greater than it has ever been. The special trains from Omaha, Chicago, St. Paul, Detroit, and other gateways has been crowded. Many have gone to join friends and relatives who have prepared homes for them and others have gone relying upon their own resources, satisfied that what others have done can also be done by them. This year much new territory has been opened up by the railroads which are extending their main lines and throwing out branches in their march across the best grain and grazing lands on the continent. This new territory has attractions for those desiring to homestead on the one hundred and sixty acres granted each settler by the Canadian Government. Many also take advantage of the opportunity to purchase lands at the low figures at which they are now being offered.

It does not require much thought to convince one that if Iowa, Illinois, Minnesota and other lands, with a value of from fifty to one hundred and fifty dollars an acre will give a good living by producing ten to thirteen bushels of wheat to the acre and thirty to fifty bushels of corn to the acre, the lands of Western Canada at seven to ten dollars an acre, producing from twenty to thirty bushels of a superior wheat to the acre should produce a competence to the ordinary farmer in a very few years. These are the facts as they confront the reader. There are millions of acres of such land in Western Canada in addition to the other millions that are considered to be portion of the biggest and best ranges that ever invited the cattle and horse producer of the North American continent. What is particularly evident in Western Canada is the fact that the wheat lands, adjoining the grazing lands, make farming particularly agreeable and profitable. The agents of the Canadian Government, who are always willing to give information and advice to intending settlers, say that the acreage put under crop this season is greatly in excess of last season.

Will it come to such a pass that magnates will be compelled to slip their gifts under the door and leave no clue as to the identity of the giver?

BEGGS' BLOOD PURIFIER
CURES catarrh of the stomach.

The Hen Fever.

Since the middle of the last century the term "hen fever" has been in use. It originated at the time a great interest in poultry raising was created by the introduction of fancy fowls from Europe and Asia. Ever since that time when a man in the city takes a notion into his head that he can make a fortune out of hens he is said to have the hen fever. There is no ailment that is more catching, and few that prove more costly to a man with a lot of money. We heard recently of a manufacturer that had made a fortune at his business going into the raising of poultry on an immense scale. He had the hen fever so badly that he invested about $100,000 in extensive works and then failed with his project.

On the other hand, the hen fever has started many a man on the road to prosperity. Not all men are plungers, even in the poultry business. With carefulness, any man can put money into the raising of poultry and get not only his money back, but a good interest on his investment.

This is true most of all on the farm where all conditions are favorable for making money out of the raising of poultry. The farmer that gets the hen fever and is careful in the expenditure of money can build up a little plant that will pay him a larger interest than almost any other thing on the farm. The farm boy and the farm girl can with their small stock of money make more money by judiciously using it in the raising of poultry.

Infertile Eggs.

Infertile eggs may be used for the feeding of young chicks, if they are removed from the nests after the hens have been incubating but one or two days. The poultry owner can easily detect the infertile eggs by candling them, and this is a thing that should be always done. By it the eggs that would be rendered worthless in a few weeks can yet be used as mentioned above, while it is then possible to put other eggs under the hen. This increases the possibilities of a good hatch. What is true of the sitting hen is also as true if an incubator is used.

Infertile eggs are a great source of loss in the hatching operations of the farm. Sometimes a whole sitting of eggs is found to be infertile. The sooner this is found out the better. An egg that is fertile will appear cloudy after being exposed to incubation heat for two days, while the infertile eggs will still be clear.

New Blood.

It has for many years been my custom to introduce new blood into my flock annually. I find, however, that this is not an easy thing to do. I have been building up a strain of egg layers and whenever I bring in a new male I am forced to introduce an unknown quantity into my flock. I find that most of my competitors in poultry raising pay little attention to the development of strains of layers, but one or two of them do. From these I try to purchase my males and sometimes sell them a male in return.

I am not quite settled as to the advantage of new blood in the flock, but I must admit that public opinion is strongly in favor of that. At least, it will not do much harm if it does not lessen the laying qualities that I am trying to breed into the fowls.—Julia Smith, Cook Co., Illinois, in Farmers' Review.

Old Hens.

Some old hens are worthless for laying purposes and some are of value for many years. This is a thing the poultry raiser needs to look up and become expert in. Some men keep good layers until they are ten years of age, but it does not pay to keep old hens on the general presumption that they are good layers.

Windows.

In the new poultry house put plenty of windows, but have wooden shutters over them, which may be lowered and fastened in the cold winter nights. Light and heat are good, but the excessive cold of the winter nights must be guarded against where the house has much glass surface.

The question of laying eggs is largely a question of maturity of the fowls. We must aim to get our chicks out early enough in the spring to enable them to become mature by cold weather if we want winter eggs.

Spring is a good time to use the incubator to hatch chicks, which will be of marketable size by the holidays or before.

Dried or Wet Muck.

Compost the muck with manure before it has had time to dry in the sun, as in the process of drying it loses ammonia. The time to dig the ditch through the muck swamp is in the fall before the ground freezes and not in the spring. If the piles of muck are thrown up to aerate in the spring, the hot weather will cause a drying out and a loss of about 20 per cent in ammonia. In the fall the piles are exposed to the air, but the frosts of winter prevent evaporation of much moisture and consequent loss of nitrogen. The frosts act on the muck to advantage.

Ventilation.

Nothing near an ideal system of barn ventilation has not yet been worked out. Even the best of the systems fails when the air is without motion. At other times the wind currents interfere with the drafts, and the stagnant air remains while the pure air looks in and refuses to enter. The problems of good ventilation are many. A constant change of air must take place, but there must be no draft. Here comes in the nice distinction between air in motion and a draft.

Shelter belts in protecting the land from winds, influence a larger crop yield.

Dyspepsia of Women

ABSOLUTELY NEEDLESS AGONY

Caused by Uterine Disorders and Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

A great many women suffer with a form of indigestion or dyspepsia which does not seem to yield to ordinary treatment. While the symptoms seem to be similar to those of ordinary indigestion, yet the medicines universally prescribed do not seem to restore the patient's normal condition.

Mrs. M. Wright

Mrs. Pinkham claims that there is a kind of dyspepsia that is caused by a derangement of the female organism, and which, while it causes a disturbance similar to ordinary indigestion, cannot be relieved without a medicine which not only acts as a stomach tonic, but has peculiar uterine-tonic effects also.

As proof of this theory we call attention to the case of Mrs. Maggie Wright, Brooklyn, N. Y., who was completely cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound after everything else had failed. She writes:

"For two years I suffered with dyspepsia which so degenerated my entire system that I was unable to attend to my daily duties. I felt weak and nervous, and nothing that I ate tasted good and it caused a disturbance in my stomach. I tried different dyspepsia cures, but nothing seemed to help me. I was advised to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial, and was happily surprised to find that it acted like a fine tonic, and in a few days I began to enjoy and properly digest my food. My recovery was rapid, and in five weeks I was a well woman. I have recommended it to many suffering women."

No other medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement, or has such a record of cures of female troubles, as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

The general consensus of masculine opinion always has been that intellect was the most desirable quality in a man and the most undesirable in a woman.

TORTURING HUMOR.

Body a Mass of Sores—Treated by Three Doctors but Grew Worse Cured by Cuticura for 75c.

"My little daughter was a mass of sores all over her body. Her face was eaten away and her ears looked as if they would drop off. I called in three doctors, but she grew worse. Neighbors advised Cuticura, and before I had used half of the cake of soap and box of ointment the sores had all healed, and my little one's skin was as clear as a new-born babe's. I would not be without Cuticura again if it cost five dollars, instead of seventy-five cents, which is all it cost us to cure our baby. Mrs. G. J. Steese, 701 Coburn St., Akron, Ohio."

A real old-fashioned woman doesn't feel that she is doing her duty by her family unless she has soup on rainy days.

A Heavy Fine.

Under the Elkins law, any railroad company which pays rebates in any form, or any shipper who accepts them, is liable to a fine of from $1,000 to $20,000, upon conviction. It also prohibits the carrying of freight at less than the published tariffs. The Interstate Commerce Commission is empowered to detect and prosecute violators of this statute. President Knapp of the Commission states that since this law was passed, rebate paying has been as rare as forgery.

"Do you think she will make him a good wife?"

"More likely she will make him a good husband."—Smart Set.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Idaho Brown, Litchfield, Minn., neckyoke and pole coupling; William Gates, Fort Benton, Mont., respirator; Charles Oliver, Northwood, N. D., grain conditioner; Thomas Russell, Storrs, Mont., bottle; William Stringer, Cooperstown, N. D., hame tug; William Walton, Neche, N. D., trace buckle.

The man of generous impulses is apt to fall into unfortunate extremes.

An honest statesman is no match for a dishonest politician.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Not one man in ten thousand leaves his impress upon his fellows, which probably is fortunate for his fellows.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, the Great Kidney and Liver Cure. World Famous. Write Dr. Kennedy's Sons, Rondout, N. Y., for free sample bottle.

Some women know how to command notice without making a show of it.

FIRST MAPLE SIRUP

DUE TO SQUAW'S ABSENTMINDEDNESS, 'TIS SAID.

Indian Chief the First to Enjoy This One of the Greatest of Nature's Delicacies—Business Now on Commercial Basis.

As the legend runs, a big Indian chief had instructed his squaw to cook a piece of venison for his sole enjoyment on his return from a long chase.

After putting the meat in water obtained by melting snow, it seems that the squaw became so absorbed in making a pair of moccasins that she let the meat burn, just as many more civilized housewives have done many times since.

Also, like the more modern housewife, she seems to have been ready to meet the emergency. As there was no time to melt snow again, she bethought herself of the water running from the maple tree behind the wigwam. Securing a quantity of this, she poured it in with the meat.

The hunter was delayed in his coming; so that when he returned there was nothing but a sticky mess in the bottom of the pot.

Fearing a storm, the squaw hid when she heard her husband coming, but hearing no outburst, she ventured forth and found the lusty chief oblivious to everything about him except the pot, which he held between his knees, eating the contents with the utmost delight and licking his fingers with great gusto.

This was the first dish of maple syrup that was ever served, but it was a most fortunate discovery, for our forefathers tell us that as far back as 1730 the first maple syrup and sugar were made in Vermont, and for many years thereafter her output was nearly one-third of all that was made in the country.

In those olden days maple sugar making was not only a regular picnic, where many a love match began, but it was a most necessary function, for maple sugar was the only kind of sweet known to the early settlers.

Nearly every well-to-do farmer in those days owned his own sugar camp, and every member of the family was called upon to lend a hand in the labors of sugar-making time.

Primitive sugar making has gone its way along with the candle dipping and many of the other home industries of early days. The ingenuity of man has brought about most wonderful changes, among them the evaporators, clearing and straining and boiling down, the syrup passing from one pan to another, seemingly without the aid of human hands.

Latest statistics show that the great maple sugar producing states are Ohio, Vermont and New York. But the greatest producing county in the world, according to its area, is on the Western reserve, and it is Geauga county.

There have been tapped in Geauga county during the last fifteen years an average of 550,000 trees—469,000 trees were tapped in 1890, and 631,000 in 1904, an increase of 162,000. There has been an average per year of 150,000 gallons of maple syrup made.

To produce 100 gallons of syrup it has required, on the average, 366 trees, or nearly 2 1-3 pounds of sugar per tree. The average contract bulk price has been 59½ cents per gallon, making an annual average income at the contract price of $89,250.

The Hotel on Wheels.

Old sleeping cars and parlor cars bring good money in rental before they are sent to the junk shop. They are chiefly wanted by showmen and traveling photographers, who run all over the country with them during the summer. You find them sidetracked at all the small towns. Some are used by medicine men and agents of all kinds, who travel in large groups. Scores of these cars are in the hands of strolling entertainers who don't want to remain idle until next season.

The rental of these movable hotels has developed into a recognized industry. A bond is required for the return of the car to the point where it was hired. From ten to twenty persons can live comfortably on an ordinary "show" car.

The Senate Desks.

Senator Spooner proposes to make the desks in the senate a basis for hero worship. At present it is said that none of the senate employes knows what desk Daniel Webster occupied. It is proposed to find out and label it.

It is known what desks Clay and Calhoun occupied, but few ever notice them particularly. Senator Hale has the desk that James G. Blaine occupied, but seldom refers to it.

The desk of Jefferson Davis is occupied by Senator Cockrell.

But it will be interesting when all the desks in the senate bear the names of all who ever occupied them, though this will not bring them back.

Old Hudson Bay Captain Dead.

Capt. Henry G. Lewis, shipping master, last of the old Hudson bay ship captains, is dead at Victoria, B. C. He went to Fort Victoria in 1847 and served sixteen years on Hudson bay vessels, including the Beaver, the first steamer in the Pacific. He had charge of the Hudson bay fur trade in Alaska until the acquisition of the territory by the United States.

Home for Disabled Trainmen.

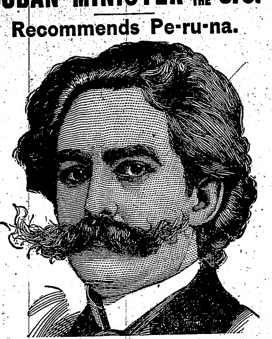
A movement is on foot in the Brotherhood of Trainmen to have the home for disabled railway men, now at Highland Park, Ill., moved to Alameda county, California. The matter will come up at the convention which will be held in Buffalo, N. Y., next May.

Counts and Wraps Coins.

A machine has recently been invented and will be tested soon by a bank in Philadelphia for counting coins. It can be adjusted as to speed so as to count and wrap up 30,000 coins an hour, doing the work of about ten clerks.

CUBAN MINISTER TO THE U.S.

Recommends Pe-ru-na.



Senor Quesada, Cuban Minister to the United States.

Senor Quesada, Cuban Minister to the United States, is an orator born. In an article in The Outlook for July, 1899, by George Kennan, who heard Quesada speak at the Esteban Theatre, Matanzas, Cuba, he said: "I have seen many audiences under the spell of eloquent speech and in the grip of strong emotional excitement; but I have rarely witnessed such a scene as at the close of Quesada's eulogy upon the dead patriot, Marti." In a letter to The Peruna Medicine Company, written from Washington, D. C., Senor Quesada says:

> ***"Peruna I can recommend as a very good medicine. It is an excellent strengthening tonic, and it is also an efficacious cure for the almost universal complaint of catarrh."—Gonzalo De Quesada.***

Congressman J. H. Bankhead, of Alabama, one of the most influential members of the House of Representatives, in a letter written from Washington, D. C., gives his endorsement to the great catarrh remedy, Peruna, in the following words:

"Your Peruna is one of the best medicines I ever tried, and no family should be without your remarkable remedy. As a tonic and catarrh cure I know of nothing better."—J. H. Bankhead.

There is but a single medicine which is a radical specific for catarrh. It is Peruna, which has stood a half century test and cured thousands of cases.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio. All correspondence held strictly confidential.

Facts Are Stubborn Things

Uniform excellent quality **for over a quarter of a century** has steadily increased the sales of LION COFFEE,

The leader of all package coffees.

Lion Coffee

is now used in millions of homes. Such popular success speaks for itself. It is a positive proof that LION COFFEE has the

Confidence of the people.

The uniform quality of LION COFFEE survives all opposition.

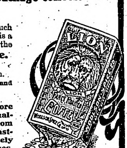
LION COFFEE keeps its old friends and makes new ones every day.

LION COFFEE has even more than its Strength, Flavor and Quality to commend it. On arrival from the plantation, it is carefully roasted at our factories and securely packed in 1 lb. sealed packages, and not opened again until needed for use in the home. This precludes the possibility of adulteration or contact with germs, dirt, dust, insects or unclean hands. The absolute purity of LION COFFEE is therefore guaranteed to the consumer.

Sold only in 1 lb. packages. Lion-head on every package.
Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.



IMPORTANT FACTS FOR COW OWNERS

The mechanical Cream Separator has become a vital feature of every home dairy just as of every butter factory.

Its use means much more and much better cream and butter, as well as saving of water, ice, time and room.

The difference in results is not small but big. Few cows now pay without a separator. Dairying is the most profitable kind of farming with one.

98% of the creamery butter of the world is now made with De Laval machines, and there are over 500,000 farm users besides.

Send for catalogue and name of nearest local agent.

THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.
Randolph & Canal Sts. CHICAGO | 74 Cortlandt Street NEW YORK

LEAVES NO SCAR

Cures—
Cuts,
Sprains,
Bruises,
Rheumatism,
And All Hurts of Man or Beast

DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL

The World's Greatest Healer
FREE Trial Bottle for 10c. postage
OLNEY & McDAID, Mfrs., Clinton, Ia.
At druggists, in 50c, $1, $3 and $5 Sizes

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

EXCURSIONS TO THE Free Grant Lands OF Western Canada.

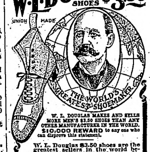
During the months of March and April, there will be excursions on the various lines of railway to the Canadian West.

Hundreds of thousands of acres of the best Wheat and Grazing Lands on the Continent free to the settler.

Adjoining lands may be purchased from railway and land companies at reasonable prices.

For information as to route, cost of transportation etc., apply to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES $3.50



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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY
(2)

Minnesota Law Supplement.

Supplement to the
ST. HILAIRE SPECTAT
Saturday, April 29, 1905.

GENERAL LAWS OF MINNESOTA PASSED AT THE LEGISLATIVE SESSION OF 1905.

General Laws

—OF—

1905.

CHAPTER 1—S. F. NO. 1.

AN ACT to appropriate money for the expenses of the session of the State Legislature for the year nineteen hundred five (1905).

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand ($150,000) dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated out of moneys in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of paying the expenses of the session of the State Legislature for the year nineteen hundred and five (1905).

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Jan. 5, 1905.

CHAPTER 2—H. F. No. 39.

AN ACT to provide for the printing and binding of additional copies of the Revised Laws, prepared by the revision commission and to appropriate money therefor.

Be it enacted by the legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The commission to revise, codify and annotate the public statutes of this state, appointed by virtue of chapter 241 of the General Laws of 1901, is hereby directed to have printed and bound, in manila covers, one thousand (1,000) extra copies of the statutes revised and codified by it, without the index, immediately, and to deliver the same to the secretary of state, to be distributed, as directed by the justices of the supreme court, in the manner already provided in section one (1) of said chapter 241, of the General Laws of 1901.

Sec. 2. There is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary to carry out the direction contained in said section one (1), for the printing of said additional copies.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Jan. 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 3—H. F. NO. 11.

AN ACT legalizing the acts of cities and villages in annexation of additional territory or enlarging their boundaries when framing and adopting their charters, pursuant to section 36, article 4, of the Constitution, and chapter 351 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1899.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the annexation of any additional territory, or enlargement of boundaries by any city or village in this state heretofore made, between Jan. 1st, 1903, and April 15th, 1903, in framing and adopting its charter, under and pursuant to the provisions of section 36, article 4, of the Constitution of the State of Minnesota, and chapter 351 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1899, be and the same are hereby in all things legalized and confirmed:

Provided, that the provisions of this act shall not extend or apply to any action or proceedings now pending.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 3, 1905.

CHAPTER 4—H. F. NO. 52.

AN ACT providing for the incorporation of grand and subordinate lodges of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, located in the State of Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Any grand lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, heretofore or hereafter instituted and authorized in this state, under the authority of the supreme lodge, Ancient Order of United Workmen, or of the superior lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, and any subordinate lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, now or hereafter existing under the authority of such a grand lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, or the superior lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, and located in this state, may incorporate, whether the same has heretofore incorporated or attempted to incorporate or not, in the manner provided herein.

Sec. 2. Such a grand lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, or such a subordinate lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, located in this state, desiring to become a body incorporate, shall so determine by a two-thirds vote of all its members present and voting thereon, at a regular meeting thereof, and to that end by the same vote at the same meeting, adopt and cause to be prepared a certificate which shall contain:

First—In the case of such a grand lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, the name under which it was instituted and chartered by the supreme lodge, Ancient Order of United Workmen, or by the superior lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, as the case may be.

In the case of any such subordinate lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, the name and number under and authority by which it was instituted and chartered.

Second—The date of the institution and the date of the charter issued to such grand lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, or such a subordinate lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen.

Third—The names of the first or charter officers of such incorporating body.

Fourth—If a subordinate lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, the place where it is located.

Fifth—The names and places of residence of the officers of such incorporating body, who hold such offices at the time such certificate is filed, as hereinafter provided.

Sixth—The objects or purposes of the society or order of which the incorporating body is a part, together with the powers and limitations upon the powers, if any, of the incorporating body to effect such objects or purposes.

Seventh—The length of time such corporation shall continue shall not exceed fifty years from its beginning.

Sec. 3. Such certificate shall be under the seal of the body so incorporating, if it have a seal, and the same shall be signed by the chief executive, or presiding officer, and the secretary or recording officer of the body so incorporating, and by them verified by their affidavit to the effect that the body so incorporating adopted the contents of the same by two-thirds vote of all its members present and voting thereon at a regular meeting of the same; and that the said body by the same vote at the same meeting authorized and directed them to sign and record the same as provided by law.

Sec. 4. In the case of the incorporation of such a grand lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, such certificates shall be recorded in the office of the secretary of state, and in the case of the incorporation of any such subordinate lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, such certificate shall be recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county where such subordinate lodge is located, or if it is located in a place which is situated in more than one county then the same shall be recorded in the office of the register of deeds of each of the counties in which such place is situated.

Sec. 5. Upon the filing for record as aforesaid of such certificate as hereinbefore provided, the body so adopting and filing the same shall be and constitute a body corporate under the name, or the name and number, as the case may be, under which it was instituted and chartered, or by which it is known and authorized to exist as is set forth in said certificate hereinbefore provided, and the same shall, unless sooner dissolved as provided by law, continue as such body corporate for the time mentioned in said certificate for the same to continue, not exceeding, however, the period of fifty years from its beginning. And such corporation shall have power to sue and be sued by its corporate name and in such name to carry out the objects and carry on the business and execute the powers under the limitations and as may be provided and set forth in said certificate, which said certificate shall be and constitute its corporate charter or articles of association. And in such name such corporation shall have power to acquire or receive by purchase, gift, grant or bequest, any property, real, personal or mixed, and the same to hold, transfer, sell, mortgage, convey, loan, let or otherwise use in accordance with the laws of (or) usages of the society or order of which it is a part, and the laws of this state.

Sec. 6. The seal of the body so incorporating shall be its corporate seal, and the same may be changed in the manner it may determine. And if it have no seal it may adopt one, and alter the same as it may determine. Such seal shall be attached to all conveyances, by such corporation, of real property, and all such conveyances shall be signed by the chief executive or presiding officer and by the secretary or recording officer of such corporation.

Sec. 7. Such corporation may amend, alter, or repeal, any portion of its corporate charter or articles of association by adopting such amendment, alteration, or repealing clause, at a regular meeting of the same, by a two-thirds vote of all its members, present and voting thereon, and by the same vote at the same meeting adopting and causing a certificate thereof to be prepared, which certificates shall fully set forth the amended, altered or repealed portion thereof as so amended, altered, or repealed, and which certificate shall be signed by the chief executive or presiding officer and the secretary or recording officer of the corporation, and be by them verified by their affidavit to the effect that the corporation adopt the contents of the same by a two-thirds vote of all its members present and voting thereon, at a regular meeting thereof, and that said corporation by the same vote at the same meeting authorized and directed them to sign and record the same as provided by law. Such certificate shall be recorded in the same office, or offices, that the original certificates of incorporation of said corporation was recorded, and from the date when the same is filed for such record the said amendment, alteration, or repealing clause, shall take effect and be in force.

Sec. 8. The officers of any body organized and incorporated under the provisions of this act shall continue to hold their respective offices in such corporation until they are succeeded therein, as provided in the constitution or by-laws, or the rules and regulations of such body.

Sec. 9. Any corporation, organized and incorporated under the provisions of this act, shall have power in such manner as it may determine to adopt a constitution, by-laws, rules and regulations, providing for its government and to carry on its business, and to determine who shall be members of same, and what officers it shall have, and how they shall be selected, and it may in the manner by it determine, alter, amend or repeal same. Provided, however, that the constitution, by-laws, rules and regulations, of any body incorporating under the provisions of this act that are in force at the time such incorporation is effected, shall continue in full force as the constitution, by-laws, rules, and regulations of such corporation, until changes in the same therefore or thereafter adopted by it in the manner by it provided, go into effect as by it provided.

Sec. 10. Whenever the charter or warrant of authority of any such grand lodge or subordinate lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, incorporated under the provisions of this act is taken away, revoked, or surrendered, or such grand lodge or subordinate lodge becomes defunct, pursuant to the provisions of the constitution, or by-laws, or the rules and regulations of the governing body of said Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, having under the rules or laws thereof, jurisdiction so to take away, revoke, or receive the surrender of such charter or warrant of authority the corporate powers of such grand lodge or subordinate lodge, as the case may be, shall cease and determine except that such corporation, as such, shall have power to sell, convey and dispose of its property, and wind up its business affairs.

Sec. 11. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 3, 1905.

CHAPTER 5—H. F. NO. 110.

AN ACT to provide for the printing and binding of additional copies of the Revised Laws, prepared by the revision commision, and to appropriate money therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The commission to revise, codify and annotate the public statutes of this state, appointed by virtue of chapter 241 of the General Laws of 1901, is hereby directed to have printed and bound in manilla covers three hundred (300) extra copies of the statutes revised and codified by it, without the index, and two hundred (200) copies of the same interleafed in Buckram, and to deliver the same to the secretary of state to be distributed as directed by the justices of the supreme court in the manner already provided in section one (1) of said chapter 241 of the General Laws of 1901.

Sec. 2. There is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated the sum of nine hundred ($900) dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to carry out the direction contained in said section one (1) for the printing of said additional copies.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 3, 1905.

CHAPTER 6—H. F. No. 19.

AN ACT to amend Section 1 of Chapter 3 of the General Laws of 1903, relating to the terms of District Court in the First Judicial District.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 1 of chapter 3 of the General Laws of 1903 be and hereby are amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4912. The general terms of the district court of the First Judicial district of this state shall be held at the times following:

In the County of Goodhue, on the second Wednesday in March, and the third Tuesday in October, in each year.

In the County of Dakota, on the first Tuesday in June, and the first Tuesday in December, in each year.

In the County of Washington, on the first Tuesday in May, and the third Tuesday in November, in each year.

In the County of Pine, on the second Tuesday in April, and the third Tuesday in September, in each year.

In the County of Chisago, on the first Wednesday in October, in each year.

In the County of Kanabec, on the third Tuesday in March, in each year.

Sec. 2. All writs, processes, recognizances, bonds, orders, continuances or proceedings, issued, made or returnable to the general term of said district court in and for the said counties respectively as fixed by law prior to the taking effect of this act, shall be deemed and construed as, and the same hereby are made and returnable to the proper term of said court in the county respectively as prescribed in this act.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 7, 1905.

CHAPTER 7—H. F. NO. 111.

AN ACT to provide for obtaining title to lands by the several counties of the state, to be used as a site for a court house, or other public building.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Whenever the board of county commissioners of any county in this state at any regular or extra meeting shall adopt and enter in the minutes of its proceedings a resolution declaring that it is necessary to acquire for the use of said county any land, describing it, to be used as a site for a court house or other public building or for the purpose of enlarging the site of any such building already owned by said county, and said board of county commissioners is unable to purchase said lands at a reasonable price the title to any such land may be acquired by condemnation as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. Forthwith upon the adoption of such resolution the county auditor shall deliver a certified copy thereof to the county attorney whose duty it shall be within ten days from the receipt thereof by him, to present to the district court of said county, or to a judge thereof, a petition signed by himself on behalf of said county setting out said action of said board of county commissioners and describing and setting forth in said petition the lands proposed to be taken by said county and in a general way the purposes for which the same are desired and praying for the appointment of three appraisers to appraise said lands and the damage for the taking of the same, and thereupon said court shall have jurisdiction therein for all purposes, and shall then and there, or at any time within fifteen days thereafter, by order filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of said county, appoint three appraisers, who shall be residents of said county, fix their compensation, which shall be paid by the county, and who shall have cognizance of the subject matter of said petition and power to appraise the value of all such land and damages for the taking of the same.

Section 3. Said appraisers, before entering upon the duties of their office, shall severally take and subscribe an oath to the effect that they will faithfully and impartially and to the best of their knowledge and ability, perform their duty as such appraisers, which oath shall then and there be filed in the office of the clerk of said district court. Thereupon said appraisers shall organize by electing a chairman and a clerk and fix a time and place when and where they will meet and proceed to examine said real estate, which said time shall not be less than ten nor more than twenty days after the date of the order appointing said appraisers. Said chairman shall preside at, and said clerk shall keep minutes of the meetings of said appraisers. Said appraisers shall give or cause to be given to each owner or other person having an interest in said real estate, or their guardian or custodian, as the case may be, at least five days prior to the day of meeting named therein, a notice in writing signed by said appraisers of the time and place when and where said appraisers will meet and a general statement of the purposes thereof. Such notice shall be served personally on such owner, guardian or custodian if found at their usual place of abode, otherwise by delivery to and leaving with a person of suitable age and discretion at the usual place of abode of such owner, guardian or custodian, a copy thereof. If such owner, guardian or custodian shall not reside in said county, of which fact the certificate on information and belief under the seal of his office of the auditor of said county, shall be prima facie evidence; then in such case, service thereof shall be made by publishing such notice once in the official newspaper of such county at least seven days before the time fixed therein for said meeting. An affidavit of personal service or publication shall be prima facie evidence of the service of said notice. At the time and place named in such notice said appraisers shall, and a majority thereof may, proceed in the case of each parcel of real estate desired to be taken to an appraisal thereof and of the damage sustained by reason of the taking thereof by said county and shall make and sign in duplicate within sixty days from the date of the filing of the order appointing them an award in writing of such damages, and within said last mentioned time shall deliver the same to the clerk of the said district court and to the county auditor, respectively, to be filed by them in their respective offices.

Sec. 4. Either party may appeal to the district court from such award at any time within thirty days from the date of the filing thereof in the office of the clerk of said court by filing with said clerk a notice of appeal signed by the party claiming the damage, or by the county auditor on behalf of the county, and in case of appeal by either party the clerk shall enter the appeal as an action in such court naming the owner of such land as plaintiff and the county auditor as defendant and thereafter said appeal shall be tried as other causes in said court are tried and judgment rendered thereon, except that the only question to be submitted to the jury, if the parties do not agree to try the whole cause to the court alone, shall be the question of damages. In case such an appeal shall be taken by the property owner and upon trial the award of the appraisers shall be raised, then said property owner shall recover costs and disbursements from the county, otherwise such property owner shall pay costs and disbursements to the county. If such appeal shall be taken on behalf of the county and upon trial the award shall be decreased then the property owner shall pay costs and disbursements to the county, otherwise said property owner shall recover cost and disbursements from the county. As a condition precedent to an appeal by a property owner, such property owner shall make, execute and file in the office of the clerk of said court a bond to said county in the penal sum of one hundred dollars with sufficient sureties to be approved by the clerk of said court, conditioned that said property owner shall prosecute his appeal with effect, pay all costs and disbursements adjudged against him and abide the order of the court therein; but no bond shall be required of any county on any appeal by it hereunder.

Sec. 5. At any time after the filing of the award of the appraisers, as hereinbefore provided, the board of county commissioners of said county may set aside by resolution entered upon its minutes, from the general revenue fund of said county a sum equal to the total amount assessed as damages by said appraisers and make the same payable on demand to the persons entitled thereto, which action by the said board of county commissioners is hereby declared to be sufficient security for the taking of such property for public use within the meaning of the constitution, and thereupon the taking of such land and the erection thereon of any building by said county shall not be delayed or prevented by the prosecution of any appeal, and said county and its officers and agents may at once thereafter enter upon and take possession of said property and appropriate the same to the use of said county.

Sec. 6. The award of said appraisers if not appealed from, and the judgment rendered on appeal, shall be an absolute claim against said county and shall be paid from the general revenue fund thereof, on the warrant of the county auditor without further action by the board of county commissioners, and upon such payment the land involved shall become the absolute property of the county.

Sec. 7. When judgment is rendered on appeal, the clerk of said court shall attach the application, all notices and proof of publication or service thereof, the oaths of said appraisers and the award, the notice of appeal, and the final judgments in the case, and the same shall constitute the judgment roll to be filed in the office of the clerk.

Sec. 8. At any time after the adoption of the resolution mentioned in section 1 of this act, said county, by the county attorney or county auditor, is hereby authorized to file in the office of the register of deeds of said county a notice of lis pendens, which said notice shall contain the names of the parties, the object of the proceedings and a description of the land involved, and it shall have the same effect and may be released in the same manner as is now provided by statute for the filing and relief of lis pendens in actions affecting the title of real property between private individuals.

Sec. 9. Upon the payment of any award or judgment, the county attorney may make a certificate under the seal of his office as to such fact, expressly describing the land and reciting the fact of payment of the award or judgment in relation thereto and may file the same in the office of the register of deeds of said county for record. Said register of deeds shall record the same at the expense of the county, and such record shall be notice to all parties of the title of the county thereto, and may be read as evidence of such title in all the courts of this state, and the title to land acquired under this act shall be absolute in fee simple in the county instituting proceedings thereunder.

Sec. 10. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 9, 1905.

CHAPTER 8—S. F. NO. 71.

AN ACT to amend section seven (7) of chapter eighty-three (83) of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1897, entitled "An act to provide for the loaning of the permanent school and permanent university funds of the state to any county, school district, city, town or village of this state, as authorized by section six (6) of article eight (8) of the Constitution of the State of Minnesota."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section seven (7) of chapter eighty-three (83) of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1897, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 7. No loan shall be made which with all other indebtedness shall exceed the sum of fifteen per cent (15 per cent) of the assessed valuation of the taxable real property of such county, school district, city, village or township, nor until the county, school district, city, village or township shall have been authorized to issue bonds therefor in accordance with the provisions of law applicable thereto. No loan shall be made for a shorter period than five years, nor for a longer period than twenty years. No change of boundary lines shall in any way relieve such county, school district, city, village or township from any liability for taxation to pay such bonds.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 10, 1905.

CHAPTER 9—S. F. NO. 132.

AN ACT to amend section thirty-nine (39), chapter two hundred ninety (290), of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year one thousand nine hundred and three (1903), granting aid to counties in the construction of roads and bridges or draining lands.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the first paragraph of section thirty-nine (39), chapter two hundred ninety (290), of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year one thousand nine hundred and three (1903), be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 39. That the sum of four hundred (400) dollars is hereby appropriated out of said fund to aid in building a road and bridge in the county of Kittson, across what is known as the "Twin Lake Swamp," beginning at the southwesterly corner of section twenty-nine (29), then running easterly on the section line between sections twenty-nine (29) and thirty-two (32) and sections twenty-eight (28) and thirty-three (33) and sections twenty-seven (27) and thirty-four (34), in township one hundred fifty-nine (159), range forty-five (45).

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 10, 1905.

CHAPTER 10—H. F. No. 257.

AN ACT authorizing the electors of villages incorporated under chapter 146 of the General Laws of 1891 to vote upon the question of licensing the sale of intoxicating liquors in such villages.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The village recorder of any village of this state incorporated under chapter 146 of the General Laws of 1891 and acts authorizing villages of 2,000 inhabitants to incorporate under the provisions of said chapter, shall, upon the petition of ten (10) legal voters of such village, filed with him at least fifteen (15) days before the annual village election thereof, give notice at the same time and in the same manner as the notice of such election that the question of granting license in such village for the sale of intoxicating liquor will be submitted for determination at such election. At such election, when so petitioned for, said question shall be voted upon by a separate ballot the terms of which shall be either "for license" or "against license," which ballots shall be deposited in a separate ballot box to be provided in each voting precinct and the result of such voting shall be duly canvassed, certified and returned in the same manner and at the same time as the other facts and returns of said election.

Sec. 2. If a majority of all the ballots cast upon such question at such election shall be "for license" the village council of said village may grant license for the sale of intoxicating liquors for the ensuing license year, but if such majority shall be "against license" then no such license shall be granted and such vote shall remain in force until reversed at a subsequent annual election, at which the said question of license is again in like manner substituted.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 14, 1905.

CHAPTER 11—H. F. No. 212.

AN ACT to amend chapter thirty-six (36) of the General Laws of 1903, relating to the issuing of bonds by organized towns for the purpose of building or aiding in the building of roads, bridges or town halls.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section one (1), chapter thirty-six (36) of the General Laws of 1903, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. Every organized town in this state is hereby authorized to issue its bonds for the purpose of raising money to be used in building or aiding in building of a town hall or any road or bridge within such organized town or wholly or partly within any incorporated village situated within such organized town by conforming to the provisions of this act. Provided that any town hall to be erected under authority of this act shall be of such dimensions only as may be reasonably necessary for the use of said town, and shall in no case cost more than three thousand dollars ($3,000).

Sec. 2. That section 2 of said chapter 36 be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 2. Whenever the board of supervisors of any organized town shall determine by resolution to raise the amount of money stated therein by issuing the bonds of said town for the purpose of building or aiding in the building of any such roads, bridge or town hall as is described in section 1 of this act, giving the location and definitely describing the same and shall file such resolution in the office of the town clerk, or where a petition signed by at least ten legal voters who are freeholders in said town asking that such town shall issue its bonds for the purpose of raising money to build or assist in building any such road, bridge or town hall as is described in section 1 of this act, which petition shall give the location of said proposed road, bridge or town hall, and the amount of money it is proposed to spend thereon shall be filed with the town clerk, it shall in either such case be the duty of the town clerk to cause the proposition contained in such resolution or petition to be submitted to the legal voters of such town and if such petition or resolution shall be so filed within thirty days of the date fixed by law for the annual town meeting such proposition shall be submitted to the legal voters of such town at such annual meeting; but if said resolution or petition be filed more than thirty days before the time fixed for the next annual town meeting such proposition shall be submitted to the legal voters of the town at a special town meeting to be called at a date to be fixed by said town clerk not more than twenty days after the filing of such resolution or petition, of which special meeting he shall give not less than ten days notice by posting such notice the same as in other cases of special town meetings, which notices shall be signed by him and in all cases, when such proposition is to be submitted the notice of the meeting shall state fully the substance of such proposition and the amount of bonds proposed to be issued.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 12—H. F. NO. 203.

AN ACT to legalize the incorporation of certains villages, attempted under chapter 145, of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five (1885), and of the several acts amendatory thereof, and also to legalize the acts of said villages.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That in all cases where there have been an incorporation heretofore, to-wit, on and between the 14th day of December, 1904, and Feb. 6, 1905, attempted under the provisions of chapter 145, of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five (1885), and the several acts amendatory thereof, and the original petition, copy or notice of election and certificate of the inspectors of the election have been heretofore filed in the office of the register of deeds of the proper county, such attempted incorporation of such village, under the name assumed, shall be, and hereby is legalized in each and every case, and declared a valid and effective incorporation, under the name assumed, and this shall be true notwithstanding the omissions of any matter and thing by law required as a prerequisite to the incorporation of such village, and not withstanding any defect in the said petition, notice of election or certificate of the inspectors of election, and that in all cases where three inspectors of election have been duly appointed by the county commissioners, as provided in said chapter, and one of them dies before the election takes place and the remaining two have presided at the election and filed their certificate, as required by law, such election shall be, and is hereby declared to be, as legal and effectual to all intents and purposes as if the three had acted and presided. Any by-law, resolution or ordinance heretofore adopted by such village, or corporate act of any character indulged in, is hereby legalized and declared as valid as if such village had been duly and legally incorporated in the original instance. But nothing herein shall effect any action or proceeding now pending.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 21, 1905.

CHAPTER 13—S. F. NO. 159.

AN ACT prescribing the terms of holding the general terms of the district court in the counties of the Seventh judicial district.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the general terms of the district court in and for the Seventh judicial district in the State of Minnesota shall be held at the times and in the several counties comprising said district as follows:

In the County of Morrison on the first (1) Monday in March and the third (3) Monday in September in each year.

In the County of Douglas on the fourth (4) Monday in February and the second (2) Monday in September in each year.

In the County of Wadena on the third (3) Monday in March and the third (3) Monday in October in each year.

In the County of Becker on the fourth (4) Monday in March and the second (2) Monday in October in each year, provided, that no grand or petit jury shall be summoned for said October term in said Becker county unless ordered by the court, as provided by law.

In the County of Mille Lacs on the first (1) Monday in April and the first (1) Monday in October in each year.

In the County of Otter Tail on the second (2) Monday in April and the second (2) Monday in November in each year.

In the County of Todd on the fourth (4) Monday in April and the second (2) Monday in October in each year.

In the County of Stearns on the first (1) Monday in May and the first (1) Monday in December in each year.

In the County of Clay on the third (3) Monday in May and the first (1) Monday in December in each year.

In the County of Benton on the first (1) Monday in June and the fourth (4) Monday in November in each year; provided, that no grand or petit jury shall be summoned for the November term unless ordered by the court, as provided by law.

Sec. 2. Whenever a grand jury shall be summoned for any general term in said judicial district, the same shall be summoned for the first day of the term.

Sec. 3. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act or prescribing any other time for holding any of said general terms of said court be and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 21, 1905.

CHAPTER 14—H. F. NO. 143.

AN ACT to appropriate money to complete the south cell wing of the state reformatory.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The sum of thirty thousand six hundred and twenty dollars ($30,620) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of completing the south cell wing of the state reformatory, the same to be immediately available.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 24, 1905.

CHAPTER 15—H. F. NO. 354.

AN ACT to appropriate money for the state library contingent fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the sum of five hundred dollars ($500) is hereby appropriated out of any money in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the state library contingent fund to defray the expenses incident to the moving and installation of the state library into its new quarters.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 24, 1905.

CHAPTED 16—H. F. N. 389.

AN ACT to appropriate money to pay employes in new state capitol, employed under the jurisdiction of the state capitol commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. There is hereby appropriated out of any moneys is the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary, to pay the wages of the employes of the new capitol employed under the jurisdiction of the state capitol commission.

The state treasurer is hereby authorized to pay, from time to time, the employes now working in the various capacities in the new state capitol, at the same rate of wages as they are now receiving, until such time as the custody of the capitol shall be determined by the legislature.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 24, 1905.

CHAPTER 17—S. F. NO. 175.

AN ACT to amend section three (3) of chapter three hundred sixty-five (365) of the laws of 1903; relating to salaries of county officers in counties having, or which may hereafter have, a population of two hundred thousand (200,000) inhabitants or over.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 3 of chapter three hundred sixty-five (365) of the laws of 1903 be amended so that the same shall read as follows:

"Sec. 3. The sheriff shall then appoint and employ one chief deputy, who shall be paid the sum of eighteen hundred dollars per annum; one jailer, who shall be paid twelve hundred dollars per annum; two outside deputies, who shall be paid fifteen hundred dollars per annum each, and each of whom shall be required, in addition to the services to be performed for such compensation, to keep and maintain a team, and to pay his own traveling expenses within said county while in the performance of his official duties assigned to him as such; one outside city deputy to attend to the service of criminal and other processes, who shall receive a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum, and one other outside deputy, who shall receive a salary of eleven hundred dollars per annum; one deputy for the care of the insane and such other duties as the sheriff may require of him, who shall receive a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum; one assistant jailer, who shall receive a salary of one thousand dollars per annum; one night watchman, who shall receive a salary of nine hundred dollars per annum; one bookkeeper, who shall receive a salary of one thousand dollars per annum; one deputy, who shall have charge of juries, who shall receive a salary of seven hundred and fifty dollars per annum; one stenographer, who shall also be a deputy sheriff, and who shall receive a salary of six hundred dollars per annum; one matron, who shall receive a salary of five hundred dollars per annum; one cook, who shall receive a salary of six hundred dollars per annum."

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 27, 1905.

CHAPTER 18—S. F. NO. 113.

AN ACT to enable cities now or hereafter having a population exceeding 50,000; to divert the course of streams and control the flow thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Any city of this state now or hereafter having a population of more than 50,000 according to the last preceding state or national census, may, if in the judgment of its city council, the public health or welfare of its citizens will be promoted thereby, divert any unnavigable stream, flowing wholly or partly within the corporate limits, from its natural bed to an artificial channel or to another water course.

The diversion may take place at any feasible or desirable point within or without the corporate limits, and the new channel may be created within or without or partly within and partly without the corporate limits. For the purpose of controlling and regulating the flow of such stream in its new channel, the city may, by the erecting of dams or other suitable means, raise the waters of any lake or lakes from which the stream may flow, or through which the new channel may flow, and may control and regulate the discharge from such lake or lakes, and may straighten, enlarge and make such changes and improvements in the channels as may be necessary for such purposes. Such new channels may, where necessary, cross any highway or railway; in which case suitable bridges shall be provided.

Sec. 2. The city council shall by ordinance first adopt and file with the city clerk a survey and map showing the point at which it is proposed to divert the stream, the route of the new channel, the sites of dams and other controlling works, the lands proposed to be taken for right of way and for flowage purposes, the levels to which it is proposed to raise and between which it is proposed to maintain the waters of any lake, a profile of the route and of the water surface, the cross-section of the proposed new channel, the enlargement, if any, of any existing channel, the bridges, tunnels, culverts to be built, and in general, the entire extent and scope of the improvement as nearly as may be.

Sec. 3. The city council may acquire in the name of the city by grant, dedication, purchase or devise the lands and rights necessary to carry out such improvements.

Sec. 4. The power of eminent domain, and the power to levy special assessments for benefits are hereby delegated to such cities for the purposes of this act, to acquire the lands and rights needed or any of them, to be exercised as follows:

Sec. 5. The city council shall by ordinance determine and declare as nearly as may be, the cost of such improvements, exclusive of damages to property, and shall appoint five appraisers, who shall be disinterested free-holders and qualified voters of the county, and none of whom shall be residents of the town or ward or wards of the city in which the property so designated is situated, to view the premises and appraise the damages which may be occasioned by the taking of private property or otherwise in making such improvement, and to assess special benefits resulting therefrom.

Said appraisers shall be notified as soon as practicable by the city clerk to attend at a time fixed by him, for the purpose of qualifying and entering upon their duties. Whenever a vacancy may occur among said appraisers by neglect or refusal of any of them to act or otherwise, such vacancy shall be filled by the city council.

Sec. 6. The appraisers shall be sworn to discharge their duty as appraisers in the matter with impartiality and fidelity; and to make due return of their acts to the city council.

Sec. 7. The appraisers shall give notice of their meeting by publication in the official newspaper of the city, once a week for six consecutive weeks, which last publication shall be at least ten days before the day of such meeting, which notice shall name the stream to be diverted, the point of diversion, the general course of the new channel and the height to which it is proposed to raise or maintain any lake, the location of proposed bridges, culverts or tunnels, the estimated cost of construction, and shall contain a description of the lands designated by the city council to be taken for right of way and for flowage purposes, and give notice that a plan of the improvement has been filed in the office of the city clerk, and that said appraisers will meet at a place and time designated in the notice, and thence proceed to view the premises and appraise the damages for property to be taken, or which may be damaged by the diversion of water or otherwise by such improvement, and to assess benefits in the manner hereinafter specified. If any portion of such stream or of the lands to be taken is outside of the county containing such city, then the notice shall also be published for a like time in some newspaper in such outside county.

Sec. 8. A copy of all subsequent notices relating to the proceeding which are required to be published, shall be mailed by the city clerk immediately after the first publication thereof to such persons as shall have appeared in said proceedings and requested in writing that such notices be mailed to them.

Sec. 9. At the time and place mentioned in the notice, the said appraisers shall meet and thence proceed to view the premises, and shall hear any evidence or proof offered by the parties interested and may adjourn from time to time for the purpose aforesaid. When their view and hearing shall be concluded, they shall determine the amount of damages, if any, suffered by each piece or parcel of land affected by the improvement. They shall also determine the amount of special benefits, if any occurring by reason of diversion of water, drainage, or otherwise, to each piece or parcel of land wherever situate and whether contiguous to the improvement or not. If the damages exceed the benefits to any particular piece, the excess shall be awarded as damages. If the benefits exceed the damages to any particular piece, the difference shall be assessed as benefits, but the total assessment for benefits shall not be greater than the aggregate net award of damages added to the estimated cost of construction; and in every case the benefits assessed upon the several parcels shall be in proportion to the actual benefits received, and no assessment upon any particular piece shall exceed the amount of actual special benefits after deducting the damages, if any.

Sec. 10. If there be any buildings standing, in whole or in part, upon any parcel of the land to be taken, the said appraisers shall, in such case, determine the amount of damages which should be paid to the owner or owners thereof, in case such building, or so much as may be necessary, should be taken, and shall also appraise and determine the amount of damages to be paid such owner or owners, in case he, or they, shall elect to remove such buildings.

Sec. 11. If the land and buildings belong to different persons or if the land be subject to lease, mortgage or judgment, or if there be any estate less than an estate in fee, the injury or damage done to such person, or interests, respectively, may be awarded to them separately by the appraisers, Provided, that neither such award of the appraisers, nor the confirmation thereof by the city council, shall be deemed to require the payment of such damages to the person or persons named in such award, in case it shall transpire that such person or persons are not entitled to receive the same.

Sec. 12. The said appraisers having ascertained and appraised the damages and assessed the benefits as aforesaid, shall make and file with the city clerk, a written report of their action in the premises, embracing a schedule and appraisement of the damages awarded and benefits assessed, with descriptions of the lands, and the names of the owners, if known to them, and also a statement of the costs of the proceeding.

Sec. 13. Upon such report being filed, the city clerk shall give notice that such appraisement has been returned, and that the same will be considered by the city council at a meeting thereof to be named in the notice, which notice shall contain the schedule of damages awarded and benefits assessed, and shall be published in the official newspaper of said city, once a week for two consecutive weeks, and the last publication shall be at least ten days before such meeting. Any person interested in any building standing in whole or in part upon any land required to be taken by such improvement, shall on or before the time specified for said meeting in such notice, notify the city council in writing of his election to remove such building, if he so elect. The city council, upon the day fixed for the consideration of such report, or at any subsequent meeting to which the same may stand over or be referred, shall have power in their discretion to confirm, revise or annul the appraisement and assessment, giving due consideration to any objections interposed by parties interested in the manner hereinafter specified, provided that said city council shall not have the power to reduce the amount of any award, nor increase any assessment. In case the appraisement and assessment is annulled, the city council may thereupon appoint new appraisers, who shall proceed in like manner as in case of the first appraisement, and upon the coming in of their report, the city council shall proceed in a like manner and with the same powers as in the case of the first appraisement.

Sec. 14. If not annulled or set aside, such award shall be final, and shall be a charge upon the city, for the payment of which the credit of the city shall be pledged. Such assessments shall be and remain a lien and charge upon the respective lands until paid. The award shall be paid to the persons entitled thereto, or shall be deposited and set apart in the treasury of the city for the use of the persons entitled thereto, within six months after the confirmation of the appraisements and award. But in case any appeal or appeals shall be taken from the order confirming said appraisement and assessment as hereinafter provided, then the time for payment of said awards shall be extended until and including sixty days after the final determination of all appeals taken in the proceedings, and in case of any change in the awards or assessment upon appeal, the city council may, by resolution duly adopted, at any time within sixty days after the determination of all appeals, set aside the entire proceeding. Any awards so set aside shall not be paid, and the proceedings as to the tracts for which the awards are so set aside shall be deemed abandoned. Any awards not so set aside shall be a charge upon the city, for the payment of which the credit of the city shall be pledged. All awards shall bear interest at the rate of six per centum per annum from the time of the filing of the original appraisers' report, and all subsequent awards and awards upon appeals shall be made as of the day and date of filing of such original reports.

Sec. 15. Upon the conclusion of the proceedings and the payment of the awards, the several tracts of land shall be deemed to be taken and appropriated for the purposes of this act, and the title thereto shall vest in the city. In case the city council shall in any case be unable to determine to whom the damages should in any particular case be paid, or in case of adverse claim in relation thereto, or in case of the legal disability of any person interested, the city council shall, and in any and every case the city council may in its discretion deposit the amount of damages with the district court of the county in which such city is situate, for the use of the parties entitled thereto, and the court shall, upon the application of any person interested, and upon such notice as the court shall prescribe, determine who is entitled to the award, and shall order the same paid accordingly. Any such deposit shall have the same effect as the payment to the proper persons.

Sec. 16. In case any owner or owners of buildings, as aforesaid, shall have elected to remove his or their buildings, he or they, shall remove them within thirty days from the confirmation of said report, or within such further time as the city council may allow for the purpose, and shall be entitled to the payment of the amount of damages awarded in such case, in case of removal. When such person or persons shall not have elected to remove such buildings, or shall have neglected (after having elected) to remove the same within the time above specified, such buildings, or so much thereof as may be necessary, upon paying or depositing the damages awarded for such taking in manner aforesaid, may be taken and appropriated, sold or disposed of as the said city council shall elect.

Sec. 17. Any person whose property is proposed to be taken or interfered with or assessed under any provision of this act, or who claims to be damaged by the improvement, and who deems that there is any irregularity in the proceedings of said city council, or action of the appraisers, by reason of which the award of the appraisers ought not to be confirmed, or who is dissatisfied with the amount of damages awarded to him for the taking of, or interference with his property, or the assessment thereon, may at any time before the time specified for the consideration of the award and assessment by the city council, file with the city clerk in writing, his objections to such confirmation, setting forth therein specifically the particular irregularities complained of, and the particular objection to the award or assessment, and containing a description of the property in which he is interested, affected by such proceedings and his interest therein, and if, notwithstanding such objections the said city council shall confirm the award or assessment, such persons so objecting shall have the right to appeal from such order of confirmation of the city council to the district court of the county in which said city is situate, within twenty days after such order. Such appeal shall be made by serving a written notice of appeal upon the city clerk, which shall specify the property of the appellant affected by such award or improvement, and refer to the objection filed as aforesaid, thereupon said city clerk at the expense of the appellant, shall make out and transmit to the clerk of the district court a copy of the record of the entire proceedings and of the award of the appraisers as confirmed by the city council, and of the order of the city council confirming the same, and of the objections filed by the appellant as aforesaid, and of the notice of appeal, all certified by said city clerk to be true copies, within ten days after the taking of such appeal. But if more than one appeal be taken in the same proceeding, it shall not be necessary that the city clerk in appeals subsequent to the first shall send up anything but a certified copy of the appellant's objections. There shall be no pleading on any appeal, but the court shall determine in the first instance whether there was in the proceedings any such irregularity or omission of duty prejudicial to the appellant and specified in his written objection that as to him the award or assessment of the appraisers ought not to stand, and whether said appraisers had jurisdiction to take action in the premises.

Sec. 18. The case may be brought on for hearing on eight days' notice, at any general or special term of the court, and the judgment of the court shall be to confirm or annul the proceedings, only so far as the said proceedings affect the property of the appellant proposed to be taken or damaged or assessed, and described in said written objection. In case the amount of damages or benefits assessed is complained of by such appellant, the court shall, if the proceedings be confirmed in other respects, appoint three disinterested free-holders, residents of said county, appraisers, to reappraise said damages, and reassess benefits as to the property of appellant. The parties to such appeal shall be heard by said court upon the appointment of such appraisers, and the court shall fix the time and place of meeting of such appraisers, they shall be sworn to the faithful discharge of their duties as such appraisers, and shall proceed to view the premises and to hear the parties interested, with their allegations and proofs pertinent to the question of the amount of damages or benefits, and proceed in all other material respects as are in this act provided for, the government of appraisers appointed by said city council. They shall, after the hearing and view of the premises, make a report to the said court of their award of damages and assessments of benefits in respect to the property of such appellant. The appellant shall within five days of notice of filing the award file his written election to remove the buildings if he so elect. Such election shall not affect his right to a review. The award shall be final unless set aside by the court. The motion to set aside shall be made within fifteen days. In case such report is set aside, the court may, in its discretion, re-commit the same to the same appraisers, or appoint new appraisers, as it shall deem best; said court shall allow to said appraisers a reasonable compensation for their services, and make such awards of costs on such appeal, including the compensation of such appraisers, as it shall deem just in the premises, and enforce the same by execution. In case the court shall be of the opinion that such appeal was frivolous or vexatious, it may adjudge double costs against such appellant. An appeal may be taken to the supreme court of the state from any final decision of the district court in said proceedings.

Sec. 19. In case of any appeal the time for making payment of awards shall be extended as to all tracts embraced in the proceeding to sixty days after final determination of all appeals.

Sec. 20. The notice prescribed in section 7 shall be sufficient to charge all persons whose rights or interests may be affected by the diversion of such waters, but whose lands are not otherwise taken, with notice of the pendency of the proceeding, and all such persons may present to the appraisers evidence of the damages which they will suffer, and the appraisers shall determine and award such damages as they may find, particularly specifying in their award the location and the nature of such damages, and all persons failing to present their claims for damages arising from the diversion of waters, shall be concluded by the proceeding hereunder, whether any award of damages is made to them or not, and shall be barred from claiming damages afterwards in any other form of action or proceeding.

Sec. 21. Upon the final determination of all appeals in such proceeding, the city clerk shall transmit to the auditor of the county or counties in which the respective lands lie a copy by him duly certified of the awards and assessment of the appraisers as confirmed by the city council; and the clerk of the district court shall, in like manner, certify the award and assessment as finally made upon all appeals; and the county auditors shall include such assessments of benefits against each tract of land assessed, with and as a part of the taxes upon such respective tracts of land in the next annual list of taxes for general, state, county and other purposes, and the same proceedings shall be had for the collection and enforcement thereof, as for such general taxes, including like penalties in case of non-payment, and including also proceedings for the collection and enforcement of delinquent taxes. Whenever any of such assessments are collected, they shall be credited to the city conducting such proceedings, and paid over and accounted for in like manner as other taxes.

Sec. 22. It shall be the duty of such city to proceed with all reasonable dispatch to complete such improvements, unless the proceedings are set aside by the city council as hereinbefore provided.

Sec. 23. The city council shall have power and it shall be its duty after the construction of such works to maintain the same and to prevent injury or obstruction to the channel or works and contamination of the waters. And for such purposes the city council may enact suitable ordinances and prescribe penalties for their violation, not exceeding a fine of one hundred ($100) dollars for each offense, or confinement in the city workhouse not exceeding ninety days. The municipal court of the city shall have jurisdiction of such offenses.

Sec. 24. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 28, 1905.

CHAPTER 19—S. F. NO. 169.

AN ACT to authorize cities of this state owning a system of water works to borrow money, and issue bonds for the purpose of improving and extending their water works system and of providing

DEFECTIVE PAGE

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Minnesota Law Supplement.

Supplement to the
ST. HILAIRE SPECTAT
Saturday, April 29, 1905.

GENERAL LAWS OF MINNESOTA PASSED AT THE LEGISLATIVE SESSION OF 1905.

General Laws
—OF—
1905.

CHAPTER 1—S. F. NO. 1.

AN ACT to appropriate money for the expenses of the session of the State legislature for the year nineteen hundred five (1905).

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the sum of one hundred [illegible] thousand ([illegible]) dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated out of moneys in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of defraying expenses of the session of the State legislature for the year nineteen hundred and five (1905).

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Jan. 5, 1905.

CHAPTER 2—H. F. NO. 59.

AN ACT to provide for the printing and binding of additional copies of the Revised Laws, prepared by the revision commission, and to appropriate money therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The commission to revise, codify and annotate the public statutes of this state, appointed by virtue of chapter 211 of the General Laws of 1901, is hereby directed to have printed and bound in manilla covers, one thousand [illegible] copies of the statutes revised and codified by it, without the index, and to deliver the same to the secretary of state, to be distributed as directed by the justices of the supreme court, in the manner already provided in section one of said chapter 211 of the General Laws of 1901.

Sec. 2. There is hereby appropriated [illegible] the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of one [illegible] dollars ([illegible]), or so much [illegible] necessary to carry out the direction contained in said section one [illegible] for the printing of said additional copies.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Jan. 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 3—H. F. NO. 11.

AN ACT [illegible] the acts of cities and [illegible] their boundaries when [illegible] charters, [illegible] section 36, article 4, of the [illegible] chapter 351, of the [illegible] year 1899.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The annexation of any [illegible] territory or enlargement of [illegible] city or village in this [illegible] between Jan. 1st, [illegible] 1905, in pursuance and [illegible] charter, under and pursuant [illegible] section 36, article 4, of the Constitution of the State of Minnesota [illegible] chapter 351 of the Laws of [illegible] the year 1899, be and the [illegible] hereby in all things legalized [illegible].

Sec. [illegible] the provisions of this act [illegible] affected or [illegible] to any action [illegible] now pending.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved [illegible]

CHAPTER 4—H. F. NO. 52.

AN ACT providing for the incorporation of grand lodges and subordinate lodges of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, located in the State [illegible].

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Any grand lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen heretofore or hereafter instituted and [illegible] in this state, under the authority of [illegible] of United Workmen, or of the [illegible] lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, and [illegible] subordinate lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen now or hereafter existing under the authority of such a grand lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, or the superior lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, and located in this state, may incorporate, whether the same has heretofore incorporated or attempted to incorporate or not, in the manner provided [illegible].

Sec. 2. Such a grand lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, or such a subordinate lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, located in this state, desiring to become a body incorporate, [illegible] determine by a two-thirds vote of all its members present and voting thereon, at a regular meeting thereof, [illegible] and by the same vote at the same meeting, adopt and cause to be prepared a certificate which shall contain:

First. In the case of such a grand lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, the name under which it was instituted and chartered by the superior lodge, Ancient Order of United Workmen, or by the superior lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, as the case may be.

In the case of any such subordinate lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, the name and [illegible] and authority by which it was instituted and chartered.

Second. The date of the institution and the date of the charter issued to such grand lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, or such subordinate lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen.

Third. The names of the first or charter officers of such incorporating body.

Fourth. If a subordinate lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, the place where it is located.

Fifth. The names and places of residence of the officers of such incorporating body who hold such offices at the time such certificate is filed, as hereinafter provided.

Sixth. The objects or purposes of the society or order of which the incorporating body is a part, together with the powers and limitations upon the powers [illegible] of the incorporating body to effect said objects or purposes.

Seventh. The length of time such corporation shall continue, shall not exceed [illegible] years from its beginning.

Sec. 3. Such certificate shall be under the [illegible] of the body so incorporating, if it have a seal, and the same shall be signed by the chief executive, or presiding officer and the secretary or recording officer of the body so incorporating, and be then verified by their affidavit to the effect that the body so incorporating adopted the contents of the same by two-thirds vote of all its members present and voting thereon at a regular meeting of the same, and that the said body by the same vote at the same meeting authorized and directed them to sign and record the same as provided by law.

Sec. 4. In the case of the incorporation of such a grand lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, such certificate shall be recorded in the office of the secretary of state, and in the case of the incorporation of any such subordinate lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, such certificate shall be recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county where such subordinate lodge is located, or if it is located in a place which is situated in more than one county, the same shall be recorded in the office of the register of deeds of each of the counties in which such place is situated.

Sec. 5. Upon the filing for record as [illegible] of such certificate as hereinbefore provided, the body so adopting and [illegible] the same shall be and constitute a body corporate under the name, or the name and number, as the case may be, under which it was instituted and chartered, or by which it is known and under which it exists as set forth in said certificate hereinbefore provided, and the same shall, unless sooner dissolved as provided by law, continue as such body corporate for the time mentioned in said certificate for the same to continue, not exceeding, however, the period of fifty years from its beginning. And such corporation shall have power to sue and be sued by its corporate name and in such name carry out the objects and carry out the purposes and execute the powers under the limitations and as may be provided and set forth in said certificate, which certificate shall be and constitute its corporate charter or articles of association. And in such name such corporation shall have power to acquire or receive by purchase, gift, grant or bequest, any property, real, personal or mixed, and the same to hold, transfer, sell, mortgage, convey, loan, let or otherwise use in accordance with the laws of, [illegible] usages of the society or order of which it is a part, and the laws of this state.

Sec. 6. The seal of the body so incorporating shall be its corporate seal, and the same may be changed in the manner it may determine. And if it have no seal it may adopt one, and alter the same as it may determine. Such seal shall be attached to all conveyances, by such corporation, of real property, and all such conveyances shall be signed by the chief executive or presiding officer and by the secretary or recording officer of such corporation.

Sec. 7. Such corporation may amend, alter, or repeal, any portion of its corporate charter or articles of association by adopting such amendment, alteration, or repealing clause, at a regular meeting of the same, by a two-thirds vote of all its members, present and voting thereon, and by the same vote at the same meeting adopting and causing a certificate thereof to be prepared, which certificates shall fully set forth the amended, altered or repealed portion thereof as so amended, altered, or repealed, and which certificate shall be signed by the chief executive or presiding officer and the secretary or recording officer of the corporation, and be by them verified by their affidavit to the effect that the corporation adopt the contents of the same by a two-thirds vote of all its members present and voting thereon at a regular meeting thereof, and that said corporation by the same vote at the same meeting authorized and directed them to sign and record the same as provided by law. Such certificate shall be recorded in the same office, or offices, that the original certificates of incorporation of said corporation was recorded, and from the date when the same is filed for such record the said amendment, alteration, or repealing clause, shall take effect and be in force.

Sec. 8. The officers of any body organized and incorporated under the provisions of this act shall continue to hold their respective offices in such corporation until they are succeeded therein, as provided in the constitution or by-laws or the rules and regulations of such body.

Sec. 9. Any corporation, organized and incorporated under the provisions of this act, shall have power in such manner as it may determine to adopt a constitution, by-laws, rules and regulations, providing for its government and to carry on its business, and to determine who shall be members of same, and what officers it shall have, and how they shall be selected, and it may in the manner by it determine, alter, amend or repeal same. Provided, however, that the constitution, by-laws, rules and regulations, of any body incorporating under the provisions of this act that are in force at the time such incorporation is effected, shall continue in full force as the constitution, by-laws, rules and regulations of such corporation, until changes in the same theretofore or thereafter adopted by it in the manner by it provided, go into effect as by it provided.

Sec. 10. Whenever the charter or warrant of authority of any such grand lodge or subordinate lodge of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, incorporated under the provisions of this act, is taken away, revoked, or surrendered, or such grand lodge or subordinate lodge becomes defunct, pursuant to the provisions of the constitution, or by-laws, or the rules, and regulations of the governing body of said Degree of Honor, Ancient Order of United Workmen, having under the rules and laws thereof, jurisdiction so to take away, revoke, or receive the surrender of such charter or warrant of authority shall the corporate powers of such grand lodge or subordinate lodge, as the case may be, shall cease and determine except that such corporation, as such, shall have power to sell, convey and dispose of its property, and wind up its business affairs.

Sec. 11. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 3, 1905.

CHAPTER 5—H. F. NO. 60.

AN ACT to provide for the printing and binding of additional copies of the Revised Laws, prepared by the revision commission, and to appropriate money therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The commission to revise, codify and annotate the public statutes of this state, appointed by virtue of chapter 211 of the General Laws of 1901, is hereby directed to have printed and bound in manilla covers three hundred (300) extra copies of the statutes revised and codified by it, without the index, and two hundred (200) copies of the same interleafed, in Buckram, and to deliver the same to the secretary of state to be distributed as directed by the justices of the supreme court in the manner already provided in section one (1) of said chapter 211 of the General Laws of 1901.

Sec. 2. There is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated the sum of nine hundred ($900) dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to carry out the direction contained in said section one (1) for the printing of said additional copies.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 3, 1905.

CHAPTER 6—H. F. No. 10.

AN ACT to amend Section 1 of Chapter 3 of the General Laws of 1903, relating to the terms of District Court in the First Judicial District.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 1 of chapter 3 of the General Laws of 1903 be and hereby are amended so as to read as follows:

Section 242. The general terms of the district court of the First judicial district of this state shall be held at the times following:

In the County of Goodhue, on the second Wednesday in March, and the third Tuesday in October, in each year.

In the County of Dakota, on the first Tuesday in June, and the first Tuesday in December, in each year.

In the County of Washington on the first Tuesday in May and the third Tuesday in November, in each year.

In the County of Pine, on the second Tuesday in April, and the third Tuesday in September, in each year.

In the County of Chisago, on the first Wednesday in October, in each year.

In the County of Kanabec, on the third Tuesday in March, in each year.

Sec. 2. All writs, processes, recognizances, bonds, orders, continuances and proceedings, issued, made or returnable to the general term of said district court in and for the said counties respectively, as fixed by law prior to the taking effect of this act, shall be deemed and construed as, and the same hereby are made and returnable to the proper term of said court in the county respectively as prescribed in this act.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 7, 1905.

CHAPTER 7—H. F. NO. 111.

AN ACT to provide for obtaining title to lands by the several counties of the state, to be used as a site for a court house, or other public building.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Whenever the board of county commissioners of any county in this state at any regular or extra meeting shall adopt and enter in the minutes of its proceedings a resolution declaring that it is necessary to acquire for the use of said county any land, describing it, to be used as a site for a court house or other public building or for the purpose of enlarging the site of any such building already owned by said county, and said board of county commissioners is unable to purchase said lands at a reasonable price the title to any such land may be acquired by condemnation as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. Forthwith upon the adoption of such resolution the county auditor shall deliver a certified copy thereof to the county attorney whose duty it shall be, within ten days from the receipt thereof by him, to present to the district court of said county, or to a judge thereof, a petition signed by himself on behalf of said county setting out said action of said board of county commissioners and describing and setting forth in said petition the lands proposed to be taken by said county and in a general way the purposes for which the same are desired and praying for the appointment of three appraisers to appraise said lands and the damage for the taking of the same, and thereupon said court shall have jurisdiction therein for all purposes, and shall then and there, or at any time within fifteen days thereafter, by order filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of said county, appoint three appraisers, who shall be residents of said county, fix their compensation, which shall be paid by the county, and who shall have cognizance of the subject matter of said petition and power to appraise the value of all such land and damages for the taking of the same.

Section 3. Said appraisers, before entering upon the duties of their office, shall severally take and subscribe an oath to the effect that they will faithfully and impartially and to the best of their knowledge and ability, perform their duty as such appraisers, which oath shall then and there be filed in the office of the clerk of said district court. Thereupon said appraisers shall organize by electing a chairman and a clerk and fix a time and place when and where they will meet and proceed to examine said real estate, which said time shall not be less than ten nor more than twenty days after the date of the order appointing said appraisers. Said chairman shall preside at, and said clerk shall keep minutes of the meetings of said appraisers. Said appraisers shall give or cause to be given to each owner or other person having an interest in said real estate, or their guardian or custodian, as the case may be, at least five days prior to the day of meeting named therein, a notice in writing signed by said appraisers of the time and place when and where said appraisers will meet and a general statement of the purposes thereof. Such notice shall be served personally on such owner, guardian or custodian if found at their usual place of abode, otherwise by delivery to and leaving with a person of suitable age and discretion at the usual place of abode of such owner, guardian or custodian, a copy thereof. If such owner, guardian or custodian shall not reside in said county, of which fact the certificate on information and belief under the seal of his office of the auditor of said county, shall be prima facie evidence; then in such case service thereof shall be made by publishing such notice once in the official newspaper of such county at least seven days before the time fixed therein for said meeting. An affidavit of personal service or publication shall be prima facie evidence of the service of said notice. At the time and place named in such notice said appraisers shall, and a majority thereof may, proceed in the case of each parcel of real estate desired to be taken to an appraisal thereof and of the damage sustained by reason of the taking thereof by said county and shall make and sign in duplicate within sixty days from the date of the filing of the order appointing them an award in writing of such damages, and within said last mentioned time shall deliver the same to the clerk of the said district court and to the county auditor, respectively, to be filed by them in their respective offices.

Sec. 4. Either party may appeal to the district court from such award at any time within thirty days from the date of the filing thereof in the office of the clerk of said court by filing with said clerk a notice of appeal signed by the party claiming the damage, or by the county auditor on behalf of the county, and in case of appeal by either party the clerk shall enter the appeal as an action in such court naming the owner of such land as plaintiff and the county auditor as defendant, and thereafter said appeal shall be tried as other causes in said court are tried and judgment rendered thereon, except that the only question to be submitted to the jury, if the parties do not agree to try the whole cause to the court alone, shall be the question of damages. In case such an appeal shall be taken by the property owner and upon trial the award of the appraisers shall be raised, then said property owner shall recover costs and disbursements from the county, otherwise, such property owner shall pay costs and disbursements to the county. If such appeal shall be taken on behalf of the county and upon trial the award shall be decreased then the property owner shall pay costs and disbursements to the county, otherwise said property owner shall recover cost and disbursements from the county. As a condition precedent to an appeal by a property owner, such property owner shall make, execute and file in the office of the clerk of said court a bond to said county in the penal sum of one hundred dollars with sufficient sureties to be approved by the clerk of said court, conditioned that said property owner shall prosecute his appeal with effect, pay all costs and disbursements adjudged against him and abide the order of the court therein, but no bond shall be required of any county on any appeal by it hereunder.

Sec. 5. At any time after the filing of the award of the appraisers, as hereinbefore provided, the board of county commissioners of said county may set aside by resolution entered upon its minutes, from the general revenue fund of said county a sum equal to the total amount assessed as damages by said appraisers and make the same payable on demand to the persons entitled thereto, which action by the said board of county commissioners is hereby declared to be sufficient security for the taking of such property for public use within the meaning of the constitution, and thereupon the taking of such land and the erection thereon of any building by said county shall not be delayed or prevented by the prosecution of any appeal, and said county and its officers and agents may at once thereafter enter upon and take possession of said property and appropriate the same to the use of said county.

Sec. 6. The award of said appraisers if not appealed from, and the judgment rendered on appeal, shall be an absolute claim against said county and shall be paid from the general revenue fund thereof, on the warrant of the county auditor without further action by the board of county commissioners, and upon such payment the land involved shall become the absolute property of the county.

Sec. 7. When judgment is rendered on appeal, the clerk of said court shall attach the application, all notices and proof of publication or service thereof, the oaths of said appraisers and the award, the notice of appeal, and the final judgments in the case, and the same shall constitute the judgment roll to be filed in the office of the clerk.

Sec. 8. At any time after the adoption of the resolution mentioned in section 1 of this act, said county, by the county attorney or county auditor, is hereby authorized to file in the office of the register of deeds of said county a notice of lis pendens, which said notice shall contain the names of the parties, the object of the proceedings and a description of the land involved, and it shall have the same effect and may be released in the same manner as is now provided by statute for the filing and relief of lis pendens in actions affecting the title of real property between private individuals.

Sec. 9. Upon the payment of any award or judgment, the county attorney may make a certificate under the seal of his office as to such fact, expressly describing the land and reciting the fact of payment of the award or judgment in relation thereto and may file the same in the office of the register of deeds of said county for record. Said register of deeds shall record the same at the expense of the county, and such record shall be notice to all parties of the title of the county thereto, and may be read as evidence of such title in all the courts of this state, and the title to land acquired under this act shall be absolute in fee simple in the county instituting proceedings thereunder.

Sec. 10. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 9, 1905.

CHAPTER 8—S. F. NO. 71.

AN ACT to amend section seven (7) of chapter eighty-three (83) of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1897, entitled "An act to provide for the loaning of the permanent school and permanent university funds of the state to any county, school district, city, town, or village of this state, as authorized by section six (6) of article eight (8) of the Constitution of the State of Minnesota."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section seven (7) of chapter eighty-three (83) of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1897, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Sec. 7. No loan shall be made which with all other indebtedness shall exceed the sum of fifteen per cent (15 per cent) of the assessed valuation of the taxable real property of such county, school district, city, village or township, nor until the county, school district, city, village or township shall have been authorized to issue bonds therefor in accordance with the provisions of law applicable thereto. No loan shall be made for a shorter period than five years, nor for a longer period than twenty years. No change of boundary lines shall in any way relieve such county, school district, city, village or township from any liability for taxation to pay such bonds.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 10, 1905.

CHAPTER 9—S. F. NO. 132.

AN ACT to amend section thirty-nine (39), chapter two hundred ninety (290), of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year one thousand nine hundred and three (1903), granting aid to counties in the construction of roads and bridges or draining lands.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the first paragraph of section thirty-nine (39), chapter two hundred ninety (290), of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year one thousand nine hundred and three (1903), be amended so as to read as follows:

"Sec. 39. That the sum of four hundred (400) dollars is hereby appropriated out of said fund to aid in building a road and bridge in the county of Kittson, across what is known as the "Twin Lake Swamp," beginning at the southwesterly corner of section twenty-nine (29), then running easterly on the section line between sections twenty-nine (29) and thirty-two (32) and sections twenty-eight (28) and thirty-three (33) and sections twenty-seven (27) and thirty-four (34), in township one hundred fifty-nine (159), range forty-five (45).

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 10, 1905.

CHAPTER 10—H. F. No. 257.

AN ACT authorizing the electors of villages incorporated under chapter 146 of the General Laws of 1891 to vote upon the question of licensing the sale of intoxicating liquors in such villages.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The village recorder of any village of this state incorporated under chapter 146 of the General Laws of 1891 and acts authorizing villages of 2,000 inhabitants to incorporate under the provisions of said chapter, shall, upon the petition of ten (10) legal voters of such village, filed with him at least fifteen (15) days before the annual village election thereof, give notice at the same time and in the same manner as the notice of such election that the question of granting license in such village for the sale of intoxicating liquor will be submitted for determination at such election. At such election, when so petitioned for, said question shall be voted upon by a separate ballot the terms of which shall be either "for license" or "against license," which ballots shall be deposited in a separate ballot box to be provided in each voting precinct and the result of such voting shall be duly canvassed, certified and returned in the same manner and at the same time as the other facts and returns of said election.

Sec. 2. If a majority of all the ballots cast upon such question at such election shall be "for license" the village council of said village may grant license for the sale of intoxicating liquors for the ensuing license year, but if such majority shall be "against license" then no such license shall be granted and such vote shall remain in force until reversed at a subsequent annual election at which the said question of license is again in like manner submitted.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 14, 1905.

CHAPTER 11—H. F. No. 212.

AN ACT to amend Chapter thirty-six (36) of the General Laws of 1903, relating to the issuing of bonds by organized towns for the purpose of building or aiding in the building of roads, bridges or town halls.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section one (1), chapter thirty-six (36), of the General Laws of 1903, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. Every organized town in this state is hereby authorized to issue its bonds for the purpose of raising money to be used in building or aiding in building of a town hall, or any road or bridge within such organized town or wholly or partly within any incorporated village situated within such organized town by conforming to the provisions of this act. Provided that any town hall to be erected under authority of this act shall be of such dimensions only as may be reasonably necessary for the use of said town, and shall in no case cost more than three thousand dollars ($3,000).

Sec. 2. That section 2 of said chapter 36 be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 2. Whenever the board of supervisors of any organized town shall determine by resolution to raise the amount of money stated therein by issuing the bonds of said town for the purpose of building or aiding in the building of any such roads, bridge or town hall as is described in section 1 of this act; giving the location and definitely describing the same and shall file such resolution in the office of the town clerk, or where a petition signed by at least ten legal voters who are freeholders in said town asking that such town shall issue its bonds for the purpose of raising money to build or assist in building any such road, bridge or town hall as is described in section 1 of this act, which petition shall give the location of said proposed road, bridge or town hall, and the amount of money it is proposed to spend thereon shall be filed with the town clerk, it shall in either such case be the duty of the town clerk to cause the proposition contained in such resolution or petition to be submitted to the legal voters of such town and if such petition or resolution shall be so filed within thirty days of the date fixed by law for the annual town meeting such proposition shall be submitted to the legal voters of such town at such annual meeting; but if said resolution or petition be filed more than thirty days before the time fixed for the next annual town meeting such proposition shall be submitted to the legal voters of the town at a special town meeting to be called at a date to be fixed by said town clerk not more than twenty days after the filing of such resolution or petition, of which special meeting he shall give not less than ten days notice by posting such notice the same as in other cases of special town meetings, which notices shall be signed by him and in all cases when such proposition is to be submitted the notice of the meeting shall state fully the substance of such proposition and the amount of bonds proposed to be issued.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 12—H. F. NO. 203.

AN ACT to legalize the incorporation of certain villages, attempted under chapter 145, of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five (1885), and of the several acts amendatory thereof, and also to legalize the acts of said villages.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That in all cases where there have been an incorporation heretofore, to-wit, on and between the 14th day of December, 1904, and Feb. 6, 1905, attempted under the provisions of chapter 145, of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five (1885), and the several acts amendatory thereof, and the original petition, copy or notice of election and certificate of the inspectors of the election have been heretofore filed in the office of the register of deeds of the proper county, such attempted incorporation of such village, under the name assumed, shall be, and hereby is legalized in each and every case, and declared a valid and effective incorporation, under the name assumed, and this shall be true notwithstanding the omissions of any matter and thing by law required as a prerequisite to the incorporation of such village, and notwithstanding any defect in the said petition, notice of election or certificate of the inspectors of election, and that in all cases where three inspectors of election have been duly appointed by the county commissioners, as provided in said chapter, and one of them dies before the election takes place and the remaining two have presided at the election and filed their certificate, as required by law, such election shall be, and is hereby declared to be, as legal and effectual to all intents and purposes as if the three had acted and presided. Any by-law, resolution or ordinance heretofore adopted by such village, or corporate act of any character indulged in, is hereby legalized and declared as valid as if such village had been duly and legally incorporated in the original instance. But nothing herein shall effect any action or proceeding now pending.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 21, 1905.

CHAPTER 13—S. F. NO. 159.

AN ACT prescribing the terms of holding the general terms of the district court in the counties of the Seventh judicial district.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the general terms of the district court in and for the Seventh judicial district in the State of Minnesota shall be held at the times and in the several counties comprising said district as follows:

In the County of Morrison on the first (1) Monday in March and the third (3) Monday in September in each year.

In the County of Douglas on the fourth (4) Monday in February and the second (2) Monday in September in each year.

In the County of Wadena on the third (3) Monday in March and the third (3) Monday in October in each year.

In the County of Becker on the fourth (4) Monday in March and the second (2) Monday in October in each year, provided, that no grand or petit jury shall be summoned for said October term in said Becker county unless ordered by the court, as provided by law.

In the County of Mille Lacs on the first (1) Monday in April and the first (1) Monday in October in each year.

In the County of Otter Tail on the second (2) Monday in April and the second (2) Monday in November in each year.

In the County of Todd on the fourth (4) Monday in April and the second (2) Monday in October in each year.

In the County of Stearns on the first (1) Monday in May and the first (1) Monday in December in each year.

In the County of Clay on the third (3) Monday in May and the first (1) Monday in December in each year.

In the County of Benton on the first (1) Monday in June and the fourth (4) Monday in November in each year; provided, that no grand or petit jury shall be summoned for the November term unless ordered by the court, as provided by law.

Sec. 2. Whenever a grand jury shall be summoned for any general term in said judicial district, the same shall be summoned for the first day of the term.

Sec. 3. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act or prescribing any other time for holding any of said general terms of said court be and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 21, 1905.

CHAPTER 14—H. F. NO. 143.

AN ACT to appropriate money to complete the south cell wing of the state reformatory.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The sum of thirty thousand six hundred and twenty dollars ($30,620) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of completing the south cell wing of the state reformatory, the same to be immediately available.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 21, 1905.

CHAPTER 15—H. F. NO. 351.

AN ACT to appropriate money for the state library contingent fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the sum of five hundred dollars ($500) is hereby appropriated out of any money in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the state library contingent fund to defray the expenses incident to the moving and installation of the state library into its new quarters.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 21, 1905.

CHAPTED 16—H. F. N. 389.

AN ACT to appropriate money to pay employes in new state capitol, employed under the jurisdiction of the state capitol commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. There is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary, to pay the wages of the employes of the new capitol employed under the jurisdiction of the state capitol commission.

The state treasurer is hereby authorized to pay, from time to time, the employes now working in the various capacities in the new state capitol, at the same rate of wages as they are now receiving, until such time as the custody of the capitol shall be determined by the legislature.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 21, 1905.

CHAPTER 17—S. F. NO. 177.

AN ACT to amend section three (3) of chapter three hundred sixty-five (365) of the laws of 1903, relating to salaries of county officers in counties having, or which may hereafter have, a population of two hundred thousand (200,000) inhabitants or over.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 3 of chapter three hundred sixty-five (365) of the laws of 1903 be amended so that the same shall read as follows:

"Sec. 3. The sheriff shall then appoint and employ one chief deputy, who shall be paid the sum of eighteen hundred dollars per annum; one jailer, who shall be paid twelve hundred dollars per annum; two outside deputies, who shall be paid fifteen hundred dollars per annum each, and each of whom shall be required, in addition to the services to be performed for such compensation, to keep and maintain a team, and to pay his own traveling expenses within said county while in the performance of his official duties assigned to him as such; one outside city deputy to attend to the service of criminal and other processes, who shall receive a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum, and one other outside deputy, who shall receive a salary of eleven hundred dollars per annum; one deputy for the care of the insane and such other duties as the sheriff may require of him, who shall receive a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum; one assistant jailer, who shall receive a salary of one thousand dollars per annum; one night watchman, who shall receive a salary of nine hundred dollars per annum; one bookkeeper, who shall receive a salary of one thousand dollars per annum; one deputy, who shall have charge of juries, who shall receive a salary of seven hundred and fifty dollars per annum; one stenographer, who shall also be a deputy sheriff, and who shall receive a salary of six hundred dollars per annum; one matron, who shall receive a salary of five hundred dollars per annum; one cook, who shall receive a salary of six hundred dollars per annum."

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 27, 1905.

CHAPTER 18—S. F. NO. 115.

AN ACT to enable cities now or hereafter having a population exceeding 50,000 to divert the course of streams and control the flow thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Any city of this state now or hereafter having a population of more than 50,000 according to the last preceding state or national census, may, if in the judgment of its city council, the public health or welfare of its citizens will be promoted thereby, divert any unnavigable stream flowing wholly or partly within the corporate limits, from its natural bed to an artificial channel or to another water course.

The diversion may take place at any feasible or desirable point within or without the corporate limits, and the new channel may be created within or without or partly within and partly without the corporate limits. For the purpose of controlling and regulating the flow of such stream in its new channel, the city may, by the erecting of dams or other suitable means, raise the waters of any lake or lakes from which the stream may flow, or through which the new channel may flow, and may control and regulate the discharge from such lake or lakes, and may straighten, enlarge and make such changes and improvements in the channels as may be necessary for such purposes. Such new channels may, where necessary, cross any highway or railway; in which case suitable bridges shall be provided.

Sec. 2. The city council shall by ordinance first adopt and file with the city clerk a survey and map showing the point at which it is proposed to divert the stream, the route of the new channel, the sites of dams and other controlling works, the lands proposed to be taken for right of way and for flowage purposes, the levels to which it is proposed to raise and between which it is proposed to maintain the waters of any lake, a profile of the route and of the water surface, the cross-section of the proposed new channel, the enlargement, if any, of any existing channel, the bridges, tunnels, culverts to be built, and in general, the entire extent and scope of the improvement as nearly as may be.

Sec. 3. The city council may acquire in the name of the city by grant, dedication, purchase or devise the lands and the rights necessary to carry out such improvements.

Sec. 4. The power of eminent domain and the power to levy special assessments for benefits are hereby delegated to such cities for the purposes of this act, to acquire the lands and rights needed or any of them, to be exercised as follows:

Sec. 5. The city council shall by ordinance determine and declare as nearly as may be, the cost of such improvements, exclusive of damages to property, and shall appoint five appraisers, who shall be disinterested free-holders and qualified voters of the county, and none of whom shall be residents of the town or ward or wards of the city in which the property so designated is situated, to view the premises and appraise the damages which may be occasioned by the taking of private property or otherwise in making such improvement, and to assess special benefits resulting therefrom.

Said appraisers shall be notified as soon as practicable by the city clerk to attend at a time fixed by him, for the purpose of qualifying and entering upon their duties. Whenever a vacancy may occur among said appraisers by neglect or refusal of any of them to act or otherwise, such vacancy shall be filled by the city council.

Sec. 6. The appraisers shall be sworn to discharge their duty as appraisers in the matter with impartiality and fidelity; and to make due return of their acts to the city council.

Sec. 7. The appraisers shall give notice of their meeting by publication in the official newspaper of the city, once a week for six consecutive weeks, which last publication shall be at least ten days before the day of such meeting, which notice shall name the stream to be diverted, the point of diversion, the general course of the new channel and the height to which it is proposed to raise or maintain any lake, the location of proposed bridges, culverts or tunnels, the estimated cost of construction, and shall contain a description of the lands designated by the city council to be taken for right of way and for flowage purposes, and give notice that a plan of the improvement has been filed in the office of the city clerk, and that said appraisers will meet at a place and time designated in the notice, and thence proceed to view the premises and appraise the damages for property to be taken, or which may be damaged by the diversion of water or otherwise by such improvement, and to assess benefits in the manner hereinafter specified. If any portion of such stream or of the lands to be taken is outside of the county containing such city, then the notice shall also be published for a like time in some newspaper in such outside county.

Sec. 8. A copy of all subsequent notices relating to the proceeding which are required to be published, shall be mailed by the city clerk immediately after the first publication thereof to such persons as shall have appeared in said proceedings and requested in writing that such notices be mailed to them.

Sec. 9. At the time and place mentioned in the notice, the said appraisers shall meet and thence proceed to view the premises, and shall hear any evidence or proof offered by the parties interested, and may adjourn from time to time for the purpose aforesaid. When they view and hearing shall be concluded, they shall determine the amount of damages, if any, suffered by each piece or parcel of land affected by the improvement. They shall also determine the amount of special benefits, if any occurring by reason of diversion of water, drainage, or otherwise, to each piece or parcel of land wherever situate and whether contiguous to the improvement or not. If the damages exceed the benefits to any particular piece, the excess shall be awarded as damages. If the benefits exceed the damages to any particular piece, the difference shall be assessed as benefits, but the total assessment for benefits shall not be greater than the aggregate net award of damages added to the estimated cost of construction; and in every case the benefits assessed upon the several parcels shall be in proportion to the actual benefits received, and no assessment upon any particular piece shall exceed the amount of actual special benefits after deducting the damages, if any.

Sec. 10. If there be any buildings standing, in whole or in part, upon any parcel of the land to be taken, the said appraisers shall, in such case, determine the amount of damages, which should be paid to the owner or owners thereof, in case such building, or so much as may be necessary, should be taken, and shall also appraise and determine the amount of damages to be paid such owner or owners, in case he, or they, shall elect to remove such buildings.

Sec. 11. If the land and buildings belong to different persons or if the land be subject to lease, mortgage or judgment, or if there be any estate less than an estate in fee, the injury or damage done to such person, or interests, respectively, may be awarded to them separately by the appraisers. Provided, that neither such award of the appraisers, nor the confirmation thereof by the city council, shall be deemed to require the payment of such damages to the person or persons named in such award, in case it shall transpire that such person or persons are not entitled to receive the same.

Sec. 12. The said appraisers having ascertained and appraised the damages and assessed the benefits as aforesaid, shall make and file with the city clerk, a written report of their action in the premises, embracing a schedule and appraisement of the damages awarded and benefits assessed, with descriptions of the lands, and the names of the owners, if known to them, and also a statement of the costs of the proceeding.

Sec. 13. Upon such report being filed, the city clerk shall give notice that such appraisement has been returned, and that the same will be considered by the city council at a meeting thereof to be named in the notice, which notice shall contain the schedule of damages awarded and benefits assessed, and shall be published in the official newspaper of said city, once a week for two consecutive weeks, and the last publication shall be at least ten days before such meeting. Any person interested in any building standing in whole or in part upon any land required to be taken by such improvement, shall on or before the time specified for said meeting in such notice, notify the city council in writing of his election to remove such building, if he so elect. The city council, upon the day fixed for the consideration of such report, or at any subsequent meeting to which the same may stand over or be referred, shall have power in their discretion to confirm, revise or annul the appraisement and assessment, giving due consideration to any objections interposed by parties interested in the manner hereinafter specified, provided that said city council shall not have the power to reduce the amount of any award, nor increase any assessment. In case the appraisement and assessment is annulled, the city council may thereupon appoint new appraisers, who shall proceed in like manner as in case of the first appraisement, and upon the coming in of their report, the city council shall proceed in a like manner and with the same powers as in the case of the first appraisement.

Sec. 14. If not annulled or set aside, such award shall be final, and shall be a charge upon the city, for the payment of which the credit of the city shall be pledged. Such assessments shall be and remain a lien and charge upon the respective lands until paid. The award shall be paid to the persons entitled thereto, or shall be deposited and set apart in the treasury of the city for the use of the persons entitled thereto, within six months after the confirmation of the appraisements and award. But in case any appeal or appeals shall be taken from the order confirming said appraisement and assessment as hereinafter provided, then the time for payment of said awards shall be extended until and including sixty days after the final determination of all appeals taken in the proceedings, and in case of any change in the awards or assessment upon appeal, the city council may, by resolution duly adopted, at any time within sixty days after the determination of all appeals, set aside the entire proceeding. Any awards so set aside shall not be paid, and the proceedings as to the tracts for which the awards are so set aside shall be deemed abandoned. Any awards not so set aside shall be a charge upon the city, for the payment of which the credit of the city shall be pledged. All awards shall bear interest at the rate of six per centum per annum from the time of the filing of the original appraisers' report, and all subsequent awards and awards upon appeals shall be made as of the day and date of filing of such original reports.

Sec. 15. Upon the conclusion of the proceedings and the payment of the awards, the several tracts of land shall be deemed to be taken and appropriated for the purposes of this act, and the title thereto shall vest in the city. In case the city council shall in any case be unable to determine to whom the damages should in any particular case be paid, or in case of adverse claim in relation thereto, or in case of the legal disability of any person interested, the city council shall, and in any and every case the city council may in its discretion deposit the amount of damages with the district court of the county in which such city is situate, for the use of the parties entitled thereto, and the court shall, upon the application of any person interested, and upon such notice as the court shall prescribe, determine who is entitled to the award, and shall order the same paid accordingly. Any such deposit shall have the same effect as the payment to the proper persons.

Sec. 16. In case any owner or owners of buildings, as aforesaid, shall have elected to remove his or their buildings, he or they, shall remove them within thirty days from the confirmation of said report, or within such further time as the city council may allow for the purpose, and shall be entitled to the payment of the amount of damages awarded in such case, in case of removal. When such person or persons shall not have elected to remove such buildings, or shall have neglected (after having elected) to remove the same within the time above specified, such buildings, or so much thereof as may be necessary, upon paying or depositing the damages awarded for such taking in manner aforesaid, may be taken and appropriated, sold or disposed of as the said city council shall elect.

Sec. 17. Any person whose property is proposed to be taken or interfered with or assessed under any provision of this act, or who claims to be damaged by the improvement, and who deems that there is any irregularity in the proceedings of said city council, or action of the appraisers, by reason of which the award of the appraisers ought not to be confirmed, or who is dissatisfied with the amount of damages awarded to him for the taking of, or interference with his property, or the assessment thereon, may at any time before the time specified for the consideration of the award and assessment by the city council, file with the city clerk in writing, his objections to such confirmation, setting forth therein specifically the particular irregularities complained of, and the particular objection to the award or assessment, and containing a description of the property in which he is interested, affected by such proceedings and his interest therein, and if, notwithstanding such objections the said city council shall confirm the award or assessment, such persons so objecting shall have the right to appeal from such order of confirmation of the city council to the district court of the county in which said city is situate, within twenty days after such order. Such appeal shall be made by serving a written notice of appeal upon the city clerk, which shall specify the property of the appellant affected by such award or improvement, and refer to the objection filed as aforesaid, thereupon said city clerk at the expense of the appellant, shall make out and transmit to the clerk of the district court a copy of the record of the entire proceedings and of the award of the appraisers as confirmed by the city council, and of the order of the city council confirming the same, and of the objections filed by the appellant as aforesaid, and of the notice of appeal, all certified by said city clerk to be true copies, within ten days after the taking of such appeal. But if more than one appeal be taken in the same proceeding, it shall not be necessary that the city clerk in appeals subsequent to the first shall send up anything but a certified copy of the appellant's objections. There shall be no pleading on any appeal, but the court shall determine in the first instance whether there was in the proceedings any such irregularity or omission of duty prejudicial to the appellant and specified in his written objection that as to him the award or assessment of the appraisers ought not to stand, and whether said appraisers had jurisdiction to take action in the premises.

Sec. 18. The case may be brought on for hearing on eight days' notice, at any general or special term of the court, and the judgment of the court shall be to confirm or annul the proceedings, only so far as the said proceedings affect the property of the appellant proposed to be taken or damaged or assessed, and described in said written objection. In case the amount of damages or benefits assessed is complained of by such appellant, the court shall, if the proceedings be confirmed in other respects, appoint three disinterested free-holders, residents of said county, appraisers, to reappraise said damages, and reassess benefits as to the property of appellant. The parties to such appeal shall be heard by said court upon the appointment of such appraisers, and the court shall fix the time and place of meeting of such appraisers, they shall be sworn to the faithful discharge of their duties as such appraisers, and shall proceed to view the premises and to hear the parties interested, with their allegations and proofs pertinent to the question of the amount of damages or benefits, and proceed in all other material respects as are in this act provided for the government of appraisers appointed by said city council. They shall, after the hearing and view of the premises, make a report to the said court of their award of damages and assessments of benefits in respect to the property of such appellant. The appellant shall within five days, of notice of filing the award file his written election to remove the buildings if he so elect. Such election shall not affect his right to a review. The award shall be final unless set aside by the court. The motion to set aside shall be made within fifteen days. In case such report is set aside, the court may, in its discretion, re-commit the same to the same appraisers, or appoint new appraisers, as it shall deem best; said court shall allow to said appraisers a reasonable compensation for their services, and make such awards of costs on such appeal, including the compensation of such appraisers, as it shall deem just in the premises, and enforce the same by execution. In case the court shall be of the opinion that such appeal was frivolous or vexatious, it may adjudge double costs against such appellant. An appeal may be taken to the supreme court of the state from any final decision of the district court in said proceedings.

Sec. 19. In case of any appeal the time for making payment of awards shall be extended as to all tracts embraced in the proceeding to sixty days after final determination of all appeals.

Sec. 20. The notice prescribed in section 7 shall be sufficient to charge all persons whose rights or interests may be affected by the diversion of such waters, but whose lands are not otherwise taken, with notice of the pendency of the proceeding, and all such persons may present to the appraisers evidence of the damages which they will suffer, and the appraisers shall determine and award such damages as they may find, particularly specifying in their award the location and the nature of such damages, and all persons failing to present their claims for damages arising from the diversion of waters, shall be concluded by the proceeding hereunder, whether any award of damages is made to them or not, and shall be barred from claiming damages afterwards in any other form of action or proceeding.

Sec. 21. Upon the final determination of all appeals in such proceeding, the city clerk shall transmit to the auditor of the county or counties in which the respective lands lie a copy by him duly certified of the awards and assessment of the appraisers as confirmed by the city council; and the clerk of the district court shall, in like manner, certify the award and assessment as finally made upon all appeals; and the county auditors shall include such assessments of benefits against each tract of land assessed, with and as a part of the taxes upon such respective tracts of land in the next annual list of taxes for general, state, county and other purposes, and the same proceedings shall be had for the collection and enforcement thereof, as for such general taxes, including like penalties in case of non-payment; and including also proceedings for the collection and enforcement of delinquent taxes. Whenever any of such assessments are collected, they shall be credited to the city conducting such proceedings, and paid over and accounted for in like manner as other taxes.

Sec. 22. It shall be the duty of such city to proceed with all reasonable dispatch to complete such improvements, unless the proceedings are set aside by the city council as hereinbefore provided.

Sec. 23. The city council shall have power and it shall be its duty after the construction of such works to maintain the same and to prevent injury or obstruction to the channel or works and contamination of the waters. And for such purposes the city council may enact suitable ordinances and prescribe penalties for their violation, not exceeding a fine of one hundred ($100) dollars for each offense, or confinement in the city workhouse not exceeding ninety days. The municipal court of the city shall have jurisdiction of such offenses.

Sec. 24. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 28, 1905.

CHAPTER 19.—S. F. NO. 169.

AN ACT to authorize cities of this state owning a system of water works to borrow money and issue bonds for the purpose of improving and extending their water works system and of providing

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means for purifying the water furnished thereby.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. In addition to the rights and powers heretofore conferred by any general or special law upon the several cities of this state, there is hereby granted to any city organized or which may hereafter be organized under or by virtue of any general or special law of this state and which now or shall hereafter own a system of water works, power and authority to extend and improve its system of water works, including the installing of filters or other means for purifying the water furnished by such system, and for that purpose to borrow money on its negotiable coupon bonds in the manner and subject to the conditions hereinafter provided to an amount not exceeding in the aggregate outstanding at any one time the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000) in addition to all other indebtedness of such city.

Sec. 2. Whenever the common council of any such city shall deem it advisable to issue the bonds of the city under the provisions of this act, it shall by resolution passed by a majority vote of all the members thereof, provide for the submission of the proposition of issuing such bonds to the qualified voters of the city at any general election or at any special election called by the common council in said resolution for that purpose. Such resolution shall distinctly state the amounts and purposes for which such bonds are proposed to be issued, the date or dates of their maturity, the rate of interest they shall bear, and the time of holding the election at which the proposition is to be submitted, and shall be published in the official newspaper of the city at least once each week for three successive weeks prior to such election; or if there be no newspaper published in such city, then said resolution shall be posted in five of the most public places in the city at least three weeks prior to such election.

Sec. 3. All elections provided for in this act shall be called and conducted in the manner provided by law for the holding and conducting of municipal elections.

Sec. 4. The ballot to be voted at all elections under this act shall read as follows:

"In favor of the proposition of issuing water works improvement bonds to the amount of $——."

"Against the proposition of issuing water works improvement bonds to the amount of $——."

The voters voting in favor of such proposition shall mark a cross (x) opposite the words "In favor of the proposition of issuing water works improvement bonds to the amount of $——" in the space provided for that purpose, and those voting against the proposition shall mark a cross (x) opposite the words "Against the proposition of issuing water works improvement bonds to the amount of $——" on said ballot in the space provided for that purpose. The votes cast at such election shall be counted, returned and canvassed in the same manner as at other municipal elections, and the result certified to the city clerk or recorder by the canvassing board. If a majority of the qualified voters voting on the proposition at such election shall vote in favor of the issue of the bonds, then such city shall be deemed to be authorized to issue said bonds to the amount proposed, and its common council may, by resolution passed by a majority vote of all members thereof provide for an direct the issuance of said bonds and provide for the levy of a direct annual tax on all the taxable property of the city, in addition to all other city taxes, sufficient to pay the interest of said bonds when due and to provide a sinking fund for the payment of the principal thereof at maturity.

Sec. 5. All bonds issued under the provisions of this act shall run for not more than thirty (30) years from their date, shall bear interest not to exceed five (5) per cent per annum, principal and interest payable at such time or times and at such place as the common council may prescribe; shall have the seal of the city affixed thereto; shall be signed by the mayor and attested by the city clerk or recorder, and countersigned by the city treasurer or by the city controller if there be one, and the interest coupons thereon attached shall bear the signatures, or the lithographed fac-simile signatures, of the mayor and of the city clerk, or of the city controller if there be one. All such bonds shall be sold at not less than their par value and accrued interest to the highest responsible bidder after notice published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day fixed for such sale in the official newspaper of the city, and also at least once in some daily newspaper published and of general circulation in the city of St. Paul not less than one week prior to the day fixed for such sale; and if there be no newspaper published in said city, then and in that event such notice shall be posted in five of the most public places in said city at least three week prior to the date fixed for such sale. Such notice of sale shall specify the denominations of said bonds, their aggregate amount, the purpose for which issued, the interest they shall bear, and whether payable annually or semi annually, the times and place of payment of interest and principal and the time and place for receiving and opening the bids for said bonds. None of the proceeds of any of the bonds issued and sold pursuant to the provisions of this act shall be used for any purpose other than that for which they were directed and voted to be issued, and any member of the common council or any officer of said city who shall vote for or in any manner participate in the appropriation of any of such proceeds for any other purpose shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and punished by law in such cases made and provided.

Sec. 6. This act shall be deemed and considered to confer powers in addition to and not as an abridgment of all other powers now existing by virtue of any general or special law of this state. And none of the bonds of any such city issued pursuant to the terms and provisions of this act shall be deemed or taken to be a part of the indebtedness of such city within the purview of any law limiting the amount of the indebtedness of any city and the bonds provided for in this act may be issued without regard to the indebtedness of any such city.

Sec. 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 2, 1905.

CHAPTER 20—S. F. NO. 170.

AN ACT authorizing cities of this state having a population of ten thousand inhabitants or less, to issue and sell their negotiable coupon bonds, to take up their past due indebtedness, and to prevent the subsequent creation of a floating indebtedness in such cities.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. In addition to the rights and powers granted by law to the several cities of the State of Minnesota, which rights and powers shall not be abridged by this act, there is hereby granted to all cities organized or existing under and by virtue of any general or special law of Minnesota and having a population of ten thousand inhabitants or less, according to the last officially promulgated state or United States census, the power and authority to issue and sell as hereinafter provided, the negotiable coupon bonds of any such city for the purpose of taking up and funding its floating indebtedness, the provisions of the laws of said state whether general or special governing any such city to the contrary notwithstanding, and notwithstanding the amount of the indebtedness of such city.

The term "floating indebtedness" as used in this act shall be construed to include all debts and liabilities of any such city of every kind, including bonds due in not more than one year from their date and which debts, liabilities and bonds shall be due and payable at the time of the passage of this act; but shall not include bonds due more than one year from the date thereof, nor any bonds not due and payable at the time of the passage of this act, nor any debt evidenced by a certificate or certificates issued for or on account of any assessment for any local improvement.

Sec. 2. Bonds of any such city issued for the funding of its floating indebtedness under this act shall be issued in the following manner, to wit: The common council shall, first, by ordinance passed by a majority vote of all members, authorize the issue of the negotiable coupon bonds of such city, to take up and fund the floating indebtedness of such city, which bonds shall run for not more than fifteen (15) years and shall bear interest at the rate not to exceed six (6) per cent per annum, principal and interest payable at such times and place as may be fixed by the common council. Such bonds to be of such denomination or denominations as the common council may by resolution prescribe, and be signed by the mayor and sealed with the seal of the city, attested by the clerk and countersigned by the controller, and shall be sold at not less than par value to the highest responsible bidder after notice published at least once in each week for three (3) consecutive weeks prior to the date of such sale in the official paper of such city. No city shall pay a commission exceeding one and one-half (1½) per cent as compensation for the sale of such bonds.

Sec. 3. No such city shall be permitted to issue bonds under this act for funding any of its floating indebtedness except such as exists at the date of the passage and approval of this act, nor shall any such city be entitled to avail itself of the provisions of this act unless it shall proceed to do so within six (6) months from the date of the passage and approval of this act.

Sec. 4. Any city which has already reached the limit of its bonded or other indebtedness as fixed by any general or special law of this state applicable thereto, and which avails itself of the provisions of this act shall thereafter have no power to create any obligation which shall bear interest, except such as may be in renewal of an obligation now existing.

No officer or officers of any city which avails itself of the provisions of this act shall have power to draw any order on the treasury of such city, nor issue any evidence of indebtedness other than a bond, unless there shall be at the time such order is drawn or evidence of indebtedness is issued, sufficient money in the treasury to the credit of the particular fund or account, out of which the same is payable, to pay the same, as well as other unpaid claims before that time audited and allowed against such fund. Every evidence of indebtedness or order issued by any such city contrary to the provisions of this section shall be null an void.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 2, 1905.

CHAPTER 21—S. F. NO. 18.

AN ACT to amend chapter 46 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1889, entitled: An Act to establish a probate code, as amended by chapter 10 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1901.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 231 of chapter 46 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1889, entitled: "An Act to establish a probate code," being section 4664 of the General Statutes of 1894, as amended by chapter 10 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1901, be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows, to wit:

"Sec. 231. At any time pending the administration of the estate of a deceased person and after the granting of letters thereon, the executor or administrator of any person interested in the estate may file a petition for the assignment of any part or portion or the whole of the estate to the persons thereto entitled; and thereupon the executor or administrator shall at once file his account to that date, and the court shall by order fix a time for the hearing of said petition and account, which order shall be published according to law.

Upon such hearing the court shall settle and allow such account, if upon examination it is found just and correct, and shall upon satisfactory evidence, determine the rights of all persons to said estate, and unless partition is asked for, as hereinbefore provided, shall make a decree in accordance with such determination, which decree shall assign and distribute such part or portion of said estate as shall have been petitioned for, or as to the court shall seem proper, or in the discretion of the court, the whole thereof to the persons thereto entitled by law, and which decree shall name the persons entitled to the estate and the proportions of the estate to which each is entitled, and if any real estate is so assigned such decree shall describe as near as may be the land to which each is entitled.

Such decree shall be final both as to the persons entitled to said estate and as to the proportions in which they are entitled to the same. When such decree shall have been entered all subsequent assignments or distributions of the estate of said deceased shall be to the same persons and in the same proportions as fixed and determined by such decree and not otherwise. Provided, however, that no distribution of any part or portion of said estate shall be made until the expiration of the time limited by the order of the court for the filing and allowance of claims against the deceased, nor until a bond in at least double the amount of the claims remaining unpaid, filed against said estate is given to the judge of probate, with such surety as the court directs, to secure the payment of the debts of the deceased, legacies or expenses of administration, or such part thereof as remains still unprovided for by reason of such distribution.

Provided, that where any foreign heir, devisee or legatee has appeared by attorney, said attorney shall, before such decree is made, have served upon the executor or administrator a notice of his intent to claim a lien upon any distributive share or legacy of such heir, devisee or legatee for the amount of his compensation agreed upon, if there be a special agreement, or the reasonable value of his services in representing such devisee, legatee or heir, and shall have filed in probate court a duplicate of such notice, with proof of service, said attorney or attorneys shall have a lien upon such distributive share or legacy for such amount which shall be taxed and allowed by the probate court at the time of hearing any petition for partial or general distribution of the estate in which such lien claimed was filed, and any money or property decreed therein to such heir or legatee, shall be decreed subject to such lien. The executor or administrator shall, out of any money or specific personal property so decreed, satisfy said lien claim, and for that purpose may, under the order and direction of the probate court, sell so much of such specific personal property as may be necessary to satisfy said lien claim, and the costs and expenses of the sale.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 2, 1905.

CHAPTER 22—S. F. NO. 102.

AN ACT to appropriate money for school district libraries to be expended under the provisions of section thirty-seven hundred and fifteen (3715) of the General Statutes of 1894; section thirty-seven hundred and sixteen of said General Statutes of 1894 as amended by chapter eighty-five (85) and eighty-six (86) of the General Laws of 1895, and section thirty-seven hundred and seventeen (3717) of said General Statutes of 1894.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the sum of ten thousand ($10,000) dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated out of the funds in the treasury of the State of Minnesota, to aid school districts in the purchase and acquisition of school libraries; the same to be available immediately and until Aug. 1, A. D. 1905, and to be used and expended under and pursuant to the provisions of section thirty-seven hundred and fifteen (3715) of the General Statutes of 1894, section thirty-seven hundred and sixteen (3716) of said General Statutes of 1894 as amended by chapters eighty-five and eighty-six of the General Laws of 1895, and section thirty-seven hundred and seventeen of said General Statutes of 1894.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 2, 1905.

CHAPTER 23—H. F. NO. 144.

AN ACT to authorize the Board of County Commissioners of the several counties of the State of Minnesota to issue bonds to pay for building a Court House in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The board of county commissioners of any county of this state which has entered into a contract prior to Jan. 1, 1905, for the building of a court house requiring the expenditure of money therefor are hereby authorized and empowered to issue and sell the bonds of such county at any time prior to the first of September, 1905, in such sums as may be reasonable and necessary for the completion of such court house, not exceeding thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000), with interest coupons attached, for the purpose of paying any obligation or indebtedness of said county which may be incurred under any such contract, which bonds and the proceeds thereof shall be used for no other purpose than paying indebtedness incurred through such contract or contracts for building a court house.

Sec. 2. The said bonds shall be in such sums as the board of county commissioners shall determine, and shall bear interest at a rate not exceeding five per cent (5) per annum, payable annually. The principal shall become due and payable at such time or times as the said board of county commissioners may by resolution determine, not less than five (5) or more than twenty (20) years from the date of the issuance of said bonds, respectively.

Sec. 3. The bonds and the interest coupons attached issued under the provisions of this act, shall be signed by the chairman of the board of county commissioners and attested by the auditor, and sealed with his official seal, and be made payable at the office of the county treasurer of said county. The auditor shall keep a record of all bonds issued under the provisions of this act, which record shall show the date, number and amount of each bond; the rate of interest; the time when due; the place where payable, and the name of the party to whom issued.

Sec. 4. The board of county commissioners shall annually after the date of issuance of said bonds levy a tax upon the taxable property of said county in addition to all other taxes levied sufficient to pay the interest accruing yearly upon the bonds issued in pursuance of this act; and when any of the principal is about to become due they shall in like manner levy a sufficient amount of taxes to pay such principal when due.

Sec. 5. The board of county commissioners shall have authority to negotiate said bonds but for not less than their par value.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 2, 1905.

CHAPTER 24—H. F. NO. 97.

AN ACT to legalize the acts of county commissioners in creating an indebtedness for the erection of county poor houses in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That in all cases where the county commissioners of any county in the State of Minnesota have between Jan. 1, 1903, and Jan. 1, 1905, pursuant to chapter 15 of the General Statutes of 1894 and the amendments thereto, erected, constructed and completed a poor house for the use of the county, and which building is used by the county for the purpose for which it was erected, the cost thereof exceeding the sum that could have been raised for that purpose by taxation against the real and personal property of said county for the year in which the contract or contracts for the erection, construction and completion thereof was entered into, or for the year in which the building was erected, without first having submitted to the electors of said county the proposition of voting upon the question of erecting a poor house, or upon the question of bonding the county for the purpose of raising the necessary funds with which to erect, construct and complete a poor house, and for the erection, construction and completion of which warrants or orders have been drawn upon the county treasurer of such county for the entire or any part of the cost of erecting, constructing and completing said poor house, that the action of the board of county commissioners in making and letting the contract or contracts for the erection, construction and completion of said poor house, and all acts or things done by the board of county commissioners in connection with the erection, construction and completion of said poor house are hereby legalized and validated, and all warrants or orders which have heretofore been issued by the board of county commissioners for the entire or any part of the cost of the erection, construction and completion of said poor house are hereby legalized and validated, and are hereby made a lawful indebtedness of said county.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 2, 1905.

CHAPTER 25—H. F. NO. 123.

AN ACT relating to public schools in school districts of not less than 20,000 inhabitants, nor more than 50,000 inhabitants, and to provide funds therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. School districts now or hereafter having not less than 20,000 inhabitants, nor more than 50,000 inhabitants, are hereby empowered to annually levy for general school purposes a general school tax not exceeding nine mills on the dollar of the valuation of all taxable property in such school districts, according to the last preceding official assessment thereof.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 2, 1905.

CHAPTER 26—H. F. NO. 371.

AN ACT to amend section 49 of chapter 145 of the General Laws of 1885, being section 1267 of the General Statutes of 1894, relating to the passage and publication of village ordinances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 49 of chapter 145, of the General Laws of 1885, being section 1267, of the General Statutes of 1894, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 49. All ordinances, rules, and by-laws shall be enacted by a majority of all the members of the village council, and shall be signed by the president, attested by the recorder, and published once in a newspaper published in said village; and if there be no newspaper published in said village, then such ordinances shall be published once in a newspaper published in the county in which said village, or the larger part of its territory, shall be situated; and if there be no newspaper published in said village, or in said county, then by posting them conspicuously in three of the most public places in said village for ten days, and shall be recorded in a book kept for that purpose. Proof of such publication by the affidavit of the printer or foreman in the office of such newspaper, or of such posting by the certificate of the village recorder, shall be attached to and filed with such ordinance or by-laws, and noted on the record thereof, and shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated. All ordinances shall be suitably entitled, and in this style: "The village council of ——— do ordain as follows:" All authorized ordinances and by-laws shall have the force of law, and remain in force until repealed.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 2, 1905.

CHAPTER 27—H. F. No. 361.

AN ACT entitled an act to amend Chapter 101 of the General Laws of 1903 entitled 'An act relating to the sheriff's residence and providing for the boarding of prisoners in counties having a population of not less than 75,000 inhabitants and not more than 150,000 inhabitants.'

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section five (5) of chapter one hundred and one (101) of the General Laws of 1903 be amended to read as follows:

"Section 5. From and including the first Monday in January, 1905, the boarding of prisoners confined in any such jail shall be governed by the provisions of this section.

"The sheriff shall make his requisition upon the board of county commissioners for the supplies and provisions needed by him for boarding the prisoners quarterly in advance, at least fifteen days before the beginning of each quarterly period. Thereupon the county commissioners shall advertise for bids for the furnishing of such supplies, and the contract therefor shall be let by them to the lowest bidder. Any supplies found actually necessary by the sheriff during any quarterly period, and not included in such requisition may be purchased by him and the cost thereof shall be audited and allowed by the board of county commissioners, in the same manner and at the same time as other bills of the sheriff against the county are audited and allowed. At the end of each quarter the sheriff shall render a report to the board of county commissioners, showing the quantity of supplies used during the preceding quarter and the quantity remaining on hand. His report shall also include the number of meals furnished during said quarterly period and the cost per meal for each prisoner. The county commissioners shall also furnish the fuel necessary for the preparation of the food for the prisoners, upon the requisition of the sheriff. The sheriff may employ a cook or cooks to prepare the food for the prisoners, but the number of such employes and the compensation paid to each shall at all times be under the control of the board of county commissioners of such county.

Provided that the board of county commissioners of any such county may let, by contract to the lowest bidder for a term not exceeding one year, the boarding of the prisoners confined in the county jail of such county, at a price not exceeding ten (10) cents per meal for each prisoner, the county to furnish a properly equipped kitchen in the jail building, and all the necessary fuel;

Provided further, that whenever the sheriff of any such county occupies the residence portion of such building, the sheriff, at the option of said board of county commissioners, and if so directed by them, shall have the duty of furnishing to said prisoners said board at the price of ten (10) cents per meal for each prisoner, the county to furnish in said building, a properly equipped kitchen and all necessary fuel.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Approved March 2, 1905.

CHAPTER 28—S. F. No. 165.

AN ACT to grant certain cities of the State of Minnesota power to issue their bonds for certain purposes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. In addition to the rights and powers heretofore granted by law to the several cities of the State of Minnesota, whether operated under the provisions of the General Laws of the state or under charters adopted pursuant to chapter 235 of the General Laws of 1897, which rights and powers shall not be abridged or affected by this act, there is hereby granted to all cities having less than twenty-five hundred (2500) inhabitants, according to the last census of the United States, or the State of Minnesota, the right and power to issue bonds for the purpose of constructing, extending or improving water works and electric light plants, or either, for the use and benefit of the inhabitants of such city, subject to the approval of the legal voters thereof.

Sec. 2. The total amount of such bonds shall not at any time exceed the aggregate sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000), and such bonds shall not be deemed a part of the total indebtedness of such city, provided for in said chapter 235. Such bonds shall not run more than thirty (30) years from the date of the issuance thereof, shall bear interest at not more than five (5) per cent per annum, and shall not be sold at less than par value, and accrued interest, and all such bonds shall be issued prior to the first day of January, 1900.

Sec. 3. Whenever the council, or other governing body of any such city, shall determine to purchase, erect, extend or improve the electric light or water works system of such city, it shall determine the amount of expenditure therefor, and by resolution authorize the issuance of bonds to pay such expenditure. Upon the passage of such resolution the question whether such bonds so issued shall be submitted to a vote of the electors of such city in the manner now provided by its charter, if a method be prescribed therein, or if such city be operated under a general law, then in the manner provided for holding such elections under the porvisions of chapter 204 of the General Laws of this state for the year 1893. It shall require a two-thirds (2-3) vote of all of the electors present and voting at such election to authorize the issuance of such bonds.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 3, 1905.

CHAPTER 29—S. F. NO. 94.

AN ACT to legalize city charters in certain cases, and the acts of officers thereunder.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. In any case where in an (any) city or village in this state a city charter has been prepared and filed with the chief magistrate or chief executive officer of said city or village by a number of persons, not less than ten (10), purporting to be a board of freeholders and to have been appointed and to have acted under section 36, article 4 of the constitution of this state and the laws of this state enacted thereunder. And such charter has been actually submitted to the qualified voters of such city or village at a general or special election held therein; and such charter has been ratified and adopted by a vote of not less than four-sevenths of the qualified voters voting at such election; and such charter has been actually put in operation in said city or village, and officers have been elected therein under said charter and have qualified and entered upon their duties, then such charter is hereby legalized and made the lawful city charter of said city or village, and to have the same force and effect and to be of like validity, as if each, all and every requirement of law for the appointment and qualification of the board of freeholders to prepare and propose the same, the preparation, proposal and filing thereof by said board of freeholders, the submission thereof to the voters of said city and the ratification and adoption thereof by the voters of said city and the certifying and filing thereof in the office of the register of deeds of the county and in the office of the secretary of state had in all things been fully complied with:

Provided, that if said city charter has not been filed in the office of the register of deeds of the county, a copy thereof, certified to by the mayor of said city, elected under said charter, shall be filed in said office within sixty (60) days after the passage of this act. And if said city charter has not been deposited in the office of the secretary of state, a copy thereof, certified by the mayor, elected under said charter, shall be deposited in said office within sixty (60) days after the passage of this act.

Sec. 2. All acts of the officers of any such city or village, elected and qualified under such charter, shall have the same force and validity as if said charter had originally been fully valid and legal.

Sec. 3. This act shall not affect vested rights nor actions now pending.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 8, 1905.

CHAPTER 30—S. F. NO. 109.

AN ACT to appropriate moneys for the location, construction and equipment of the ladies' dormitory building at the state normal school at St. Cloud.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) be and the same is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, for the construction and equipment of a ladies' dormitory at the state normal school at St. Cloud; twenty-five thousand dollars thereof to be immediately available, and twenty-five thousand dollars thereof to be available August 1, 1906; that in the construction of said dormitory the said board of control is hereby authorized to make the same as near fireproof as circumstances will permit.

Sec. 2. Such work of construction and equipment shall be under the sole jurisdiction and supervision of the state board of control, which work shall be commenced as soon after the passage of this bill as conveniently may be.

Sec. 3. The said board of control may out of said appropriation, acquire by purchase or condemnation, such additional land as may be necessary for the proper and convenient location of said new building.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 8, 1905.

CHAPTER 31—H. F. NO. 42.

AN ACT to amend section 6343 of the General Statutes of 1894, relating to bribery of members of the Legislature and members elect.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That Section 6343 of the General Statutes of 1894 be amended to read as follows:

"Section 6343. A person who gives or offers, or causes to be given or offered a bribe, or any money, property or value of any kind, or any promise or agreement therefor, to a member of the Legislature, or any person who has been elected a member of the Legislature, or attempts, directly or indirectly, by menace, deceit, suppression of truth, or other corrupt means, to influence a member or person who has been so elected a member, to give or withhold his vote or to absent himself from the house of which he is a member or to which he has been elected a member, or from any committee thereof, is punishable by imprisonment in the state prison for not more than ten years, or by a fine of not more than $5,000, or both."

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 9, 1905.

CHAPTER 32—H. F. NO. 32.

AN ACT to amend section 6344 of the General Statutes of 1894, with reference to receiving bribes by members of the legislature or persons elected to membership therein.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 6344 of the General Statutes of 1894 be amended so as to read as follows, to wit:

"Section 6344. A member of either of the houses composing the legislature of this state, or any person who has been elected to membership therein, who asks, receives or agrees to receive, any bribe upon any understanding that his official vote, opinion, judgment or action shall be influenced thereby, or shall be given in any particular manner or upon any particular side of any question or matter upon which he may be required to act in his official capacity, or who gives or offers, or promises to give any official vote in consideration that another member of the legislature or person elected to membership therein shall give any such vote either upon the same or another question, is punishable by imprisonment in the state prison not exceeding ten years, or by fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or both."

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 9, 1905.

CHAPTER 33—H. F. NO. 116.

AN ACT to prevent the careless distribution of medicines, drugs and medical compounds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That no person, or persons, either directly or indirectly, by agent or otherwise, shall scatter, distribute or give away any samples of any medicine, drugs or medical compounds, salve or liniment of any kind unless the same is delivered into the hands of an adult person, or mailed to such persons through the regular mail service.

Sec. 2. Any person violating any provision of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not to exceed one hundred ($100) dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for a term not to exceed ninety days.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 9, 1905.

CHAPTER 34—S. F. No. 150.

AN ACT to amend chapter 355 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1899, relating to the naval reserve.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That chapter 355 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1899, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 1. Naval militia. There shall be allowed in addition to the land military forces of the state now authorized by law a naval force to be known as the Minnesota Naval Militia.

"Sec. 2. Commander-in-Chief. The governor shall be commander-in-chief of the naval militia, except when it is called into the service of the United States. He shall make and publish through the adjutant general regulations for the government of the naval militia and shall have all the powers necessary to carry into full effect the provisions of this act.

"Sec. 3. Organization; battalion. The naval militia shall consist of one battalion not to exceed four divisions (or companies) to be organized with a commander as battalion commander; one lieutenant commander as executive officer; one navigating officer; one past assistant engineer; one ordnance and equipment officer, each with the rank of lieutenant; one signal officer, one assistant surgeon and one assistant paymaster, each with the rank of lieutenant (junior grade); and one aid with the rank of ensign; also the following petty officers, one master-at-arms, who shall be chief petty officer, one chief boatswain's mate, one chief quartermaster, one equipment yeoman, one chief bugler, one coxswain, and one band of not to exceed twenty-one musicians.

"Sec. 4. Divisions. Each division shall consist of one lieutenant, one lieutenant (junior grade), one ensign, and not less than thirty-five nor more than eighty petty officers and men.

"Sec. 5. Changes. For the purpose of conforming the naval militia more closely to the organization of the United States navy, and not otherwise, the governor may, from time to time, fix the number and grade of officers, petty officers and enlisted men therein.

"Sec. 6. Battalion Commander. The battalion commander shall be appointed in the first instance by the governor and thereafter elected as hereinafter provided.

"Sec. 7. Officers; how elected or appointed. The battalion commander and the executive officer shall be elected by the line officers of the battalion for the period of ten years; the division officers shall be elected by the officers, petty officers and enlisted men of the division; the other battalion officers shall be appointed by the battalion commander and shall hold office during his pleasure subject to the approval of the governor.

"Sec. 8. Petty Officers. Petty officers shall be appointed by the battalion commander upon the recommendation of their commanding officer.

"Sec. 9. Enlistments. Men between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years shall be mustered in for the term of three years unless sooner discharged by competent authority. Every recruit shall sign an enlistment paper, the form of which shall be prescribed by the adjutant general, and which shall contain an oath of allegiance to the state and the United States.

"Sec. 10. Commissions. Officers shall be commissioned by the governor with rank from date of their election or appointment subject to such examination as may be prescribed by the governor.

"Sec. 11. Examining Board. The governor may appoint an examining board to consist of not less than two or more than five commissioned officers of the naval militia, one of whom may be an officer of the United States navy, whose duty it shall be to determine the qualifications of candidates for commision, and to inquire into the capability of any subordinate officer who may be sent before such board by his superior officer with the approval of the governor.

"Sec. 12. Discipline. When not otherwise provided for the government and discipline of the Minnesota naval militia shall be controlled by the provisions of the military code relating to the government and discipline of the national guard so far as the same may be applicable to the naval forces. The naval forces shall be subject to the articles and regulations for the government of the United States navy to the same extent as members of the national guard are subject to the articles of war and regulations of the United States army.

"Sec. 13. Annual Cruise. The governor shall order the naval militia on a tour of duty or cruise each year, within or without the state, for such period as he may direct, such annual cruise not to consume more than two weeks in any one year.

"Sec. 14. Pay and Allowance. For each day's service in complete uniform at the annual tour of duty or service when ordered by the governor there shall be paid to each master-at-arms, chief boatswain's mate, chief gunner's mate and apothecary—$2.25; each chief musician, principal musician, band sergeant, or corporal, boatswain's mate, gunner's mate or quartermaster—$2; each coxswain—$1.75; and for each enlisted man or seaman—$1.50. Provided that a deduction of fifty cents per day, or so much thereof as may be necessary from the pay of each petty or warrant officer and each enlisted man, shall be made for subsistence if furnished by the state. Each and every officer of the naval militia while in any service under orders of the governor, shall receive the same rate of compensation, and the same allowance, or commutation as is paid or allowed officers of similar rank in the United States navy for such duty. Provided further that there shall be allowed annually to officers in actual command for incidental expenses in the administration of the affairs of their respective commands the following amounts: To the commanding officer of the naval militia $150, to the commanding officer of each division $100, the same to be drawn upon vouchers to be approved by the adjutant general.

"Sec. 15. Purchase of Supplies. The governor, the adjutant general, and the commanding officer of the naval militia are hereby appointed commissioners for the purpose of purchasing the clothing which may be necessary for the uniforming of the naval militia. Clothing, ordnance and other stores for the naval militia shall be purchased in the manner prescribed by the military code for the purchase of stores for the national guard.

"Sec. 16. Armories. The naval militia shall perform such other duty as may be required by the governor. The word "armory," as used in the military code, shall be held to include any vessel, anchored, moored or secured to land, or any boat, boathouse or dock, used for the purpose of instruction, drill or defense.

"Sec. 17. Exemptions. The exemptions and privileges granted by law to the officers and enlisted men of the national guard are extended to the members of the naval militia."

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 10, 1905.

CHAPTER 35—S. F. NO. 25.

AN ACT to govern the sale of wood alcohol and prescribe penalties for the violation thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. No person, by himself, his servant or agent, or as the servant or agent of another person or persons, shall sell, exchange, deliver or have in his custody or possession with intent to sell, exchange or deliver, or expose or offer for sale, exchange or delivery, any wood alcohol, or substance commonly known as wood alcohol, unless each package, bottle, cask, can or receptacle containing the said wood alcohol shall be plainly marked or labeled on the outside and face of each said package, bottle, cask, can or receptacle of the capacity of less than one gallon, in legible type not smaller than large primer, and on the outside and face of each package, bottle, cask, can, receptacle of the capacity of one gallon or more, in legible letters of not less than one inch in length, the letters and words "wood naphtha," "poison."

Sec. 2. Any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars and not more than one hundred dollars, for each and every offense, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than thirty days, or more than ninety (90) days.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 10, 1905.

CHAPTER 36—H. F. NO. 14.

AN ACT to appropriate money to pay for the publication of constitutional amendments in 1904.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The sum of ninety-eight hundred dollars ($9,800), or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the revenue fund not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of paying for the publication of the synopsis of the proposed amendments to the Constitution, prior to the general election in 1904, which publication is required by law.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 37—H. F. NO. 16.

AN ACT to provide quarters for the posts of the Grand Army of the Republic and other associations and organizations of veteran soldiers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the governor of this state, or any other legal custodian, or custodians, of the public buildings within the state, shall have authority, whenever not inconsistent with the public interests, to set aside any portion of the old capitol building or of other public buildings for the use and occupation as quarters and places for holding their stated or special meetings or assemblies, to all posts of the Grand Army of the Republic, commanderies of the Loyal Legion, camps or posts of veterans of the Philippine or Spanish-American wars, and any other post, commandery, camp or association, local or state, of veterans of any war in which the United States has been engaged, which may be organized in the city, town or county in which said building or buildings may be situated. Provided, however, that upon twenty days' written notice, duly served upon the proper officer or officers of any said organizations, by the governor or any other legal custodian or custodians, that said public buildings, rooms or quarters are required for public use, the same shall be promptly and quietly vacated.

Sec. 2. That such organization shall have the equal and free use of all such quarters, under such rules and regulations and upon such conditions as may be prescribed by said governor or by such custodian or custodians; provided, that all reasonable and proper facilities, so far as possible, shall at all times be furnished therein by any local post, commandery, camp or association, which may occupy the same, for any state or national gathering of war veterans.

Sec. 3. That such quarters shall be furnished and maintained at the expense of the organizations aforesaid which may occupy them under the provisions of this act. Provided, that if the buildings in which such quarters are assigned is heated and lighted at the public expense, said quarters shall be so heated and lighted without cost to said organizations.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 14, 1905.

CHAPTER 38—H. F. NO. 107.

AN ACT to provide for the consolidation of any private cemetery platted and recorded with a cemetery corporation organized under the laws of this state which is contiguous and adjacent thereto and for the transfer of its property to such cemetery corporation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Any private cemetery established, platted and recorded under the laws of this state may consolidate with and transfer its property for cemetery purposes only, to any cemetery association or corporation organized under the laws of this state, which is contiguous to or adjacent to such cemetery corporation.

To so consolidate and transfer its property it shall be necessary:

(1) That a resolution be passed by a two-thirds vote of the lot owners and members of such private cemetery, represented, present and voting at a special meeting called for that purpose, which resolution shall recite with what cemetery corporation or association it is proposed to consolidate with and transfer its property to, and the terms and conditions thereof. Thirty (30) days' notice of such meeting shall be previously given to each lot owner of such private cemetery of the time and place when such meeting is to be held, reciting the purpose thereof, which notice shall be signed by at least five (5) lot owners, and shall be served by publication, by publishing for three (3) successive weeks, once in each week, in some daily or weekly newspaper published in the county where such private cemetery is situated.

(2) That said resolution shall be signed and acknowledged by the presiding officer and secretary of such meeting and shall be filed with the register of deeds of the county in which such private cemetery is situated.

Sec. 2. When such resolution shall have been passed and certified to by the presiding officer and secretary of such meeting and filed for record in the office of the register of deeds as aforesaid, and the terms and conditions of consolidation shall have been accepted by the board of directors or trustees of such cemetery corporation, such private cemetery shall become a part of such cemetery corporation or association, and subject thereafter to all the rules and regulations and laws governing such cemetery corporation or association. And it shall be lawful for the owner of such private cemetery to transfer and convey to such cemetery corporation or association all unsold lots in said private cemetery to said cemetery corporation to be used for burial purposes only, and any such conveyance heretofore made, is hereby legalized and such cemetery corporation or association shall hold in trust to and for the uses and purposes aforesaid, all streets, alleys, ways and commons, and the other public uses, in such private cemetery in lieu of the owner thereof. Provided that the provisions of this act shall not apply to any action or proceeding now pending in any of the courts of this state.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 39—H. F. NO. 283.

AN ACT to protect Mongolian, English, Golden, Reeves, Japanese, Temmincks, Tragapan and Ring-neck or China Torquatus pheasant.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The killing, hunting or pursuing, with intent to kill, of any Mongolian, English, Golden, Reeves, Japanese, Temmincks, Tragopan and Ring-neck, or China Torquatus pheasant in any manner, or attempting to kill the same at any time prior to Jan. 1, 1910, is hereby prohibited and made unlawful.

Sec. 2. Any person violating the provisions of this act shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five ($25) dollars, or exceeding one hundred ($100) dollars for each and every pheasant so killed, hunted or pursued with an intent to kill, and in default of payment of such fine, may be imprisoned in the county jail for a period not exceeding sixty (60) days, for each offense.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 40—H. F. NO. 202.

AN ACT forbidding any person or company from producing or playing for profit any unpublished or undedicated dramatic or musical composition, and prohibiting any person, company or corporation from selling a copy, or substantial copy of any unpublished, undedicated or copyrighted opera or musical composition without the consent of the author or proprietor, and providing for a penalty therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Any person, company or corporation who knowingly causes to be publicly performed, or presented for profit, any unpublished or undedicated dramatic composition, or musical composition known as an opera, without the consent of its owner or proprietor, (or) who knowing that such dramatic or musical composition is unpublished or undedicated, and without the consent of its owner or proprietor, permits, aids or takes part in such a performance or representation, or any person, company or corporation who sells a copy or a substantial copy, of any unpublished, undedicated or copyrighted dramatic composition or musical composition known as an opera, without the written consent of the author or proprietor of such dramatic or musical composition, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 41—H. F. NO. 247.

AN ACT prescribing the times of holding the general terms of the district court in the ninth (9) judicial district.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the general terms of the district court in the Ninth judicial district in the State of Minnesota shall be held at the times and in the several counties comprising said district as follows:

In the County of Redwood, on the third (3rd) Tuesday in April, and on the first (1st) Wednesday after the first Monday in November of each year.

In the County of Nicollet on the first Tuesday in May and on the third (3rd) Tuesday of October of each year.

In the County of Lyon, on the first (1st) Tuesday in June and on the fourth (4th) Tuesday in November of each year.

In the County of Brown, on the third (3rd) Tuesday in May and on the second (2nd) Tuesday in December of each year.

In the County of Lincoln, on the first (1st) Tuesday in October of each year.

Sec. 2. All writs, recognizances, bonds, continuances and proceedings issued, made or returnable to the district court of the several counties aforesaid, as fixed by law prior to the passage of this act, shall be and the same are hereby made returnable to the terms of said courts as the same are prescribed by the provisions of section one (1) of this act.

Sec. 3. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act or prescribing any other time of holding any of said general terms of said court are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 42—H. F. NO. 218.

AN ACT to regulate the compounding, use and sale of cocaine and its preparations and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. (That) no person shall sell or give away any cocaine, hydro chlorate or any salts or compound of cocaine or preparation containing cocaine except upon the written prescription of a physician or dentist licensed under the laws of the state. No prescription containing cocaine shall be filled more than once and each shall have written plainly upon it the name and address of the patient and be filed and preserved by the pharmacist who shall not give a copy thereof to the patient. This section shall not be so construed as to apply to sales at wholesale, in original packages, by any manufacturer or wholesale dealer, to a retail druggist, licensed physician or dentist when such vendor shall have affixed to each receptacle containing any such drug a label in the English language specifically setting forth the proportion of cocaine contained therein.

Sec. 2. Any person who shall sell or give away any of the articles mentioned in the preceding section, in violation of this act, and any person who shall prescribe any of such articles to any one addicted to the habitual use of cocaine or any preparation or compound thereof in any form, shall be punished by a fine of not less than $50 nor more than $100 or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than thirty days nor more than 90 days, and if the person so offending shall be a licensed physician, dentist, pharmacist or assistant pharmacist, in addition to the penalty above described, such offender's license shall be revoked.

Sec. 3. Upon complaint being made of a violation of the provisions of this act, the county attorney of the county where the offense is alleged to have been committed shall prosecute such complaint and to that end is hereby authorized to examine the books of any manufacturer or wholesale dealer within the state for the purpose of tracing the sales of any of the articles herein mentioned.

Sec. 4. All fines collected under the provisions of this act shall inure to the Minnesota state board of pharmacy.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after May 1, 1905.

Approved March 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 43—S. F. NO. 318.

AN ACT to amend section 4086 and section 4089 of title 7 of chapter 38 of the General Statutes of 1894, relating to condemnation of land for the use of the state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 4086 of title 7 of chapter 38 of the General Statutes of 1894 be and the same is hereby amended so that said section shall read as follows:

Sec. 4086. The attorney general may, on behalf of the state, and for the use of any institution requiring for its uses such lands, give notice of his intention to apply for the appointment of three commissioners to appraise said real estate, and the damage for taking the same, to the district court in and for the county where such lands shall be situated, or to a judge of said court, giving a general description of the lands to be appraised or taken, and specifying the time and place of such application; which notice shall be served at least ten days before the time of such application upon all persons named in the petition as owners, and upon all occupants of such land, in the same manner as a summons in a civil action, in said court; provided, that if such owner be not a resident of the state or his place of residence be unknown to the attorney general, upon the filing of an affidavit by the attorney general stating that he believes that such owner is not a resident of the state and that he has mailed a copy of the notice to his place of residence, or that after diligent inquiry his place of residence cannot be ascertained by the affiant, then service may be made upon such owner by three weeks' published notice in any newspaper published in the county in which the land is situate. At the time and place named in said notice, the attorney general, for and on behalf of the state, may present an application to said district court or to a judge thereof, setting forth the name of the institution requiring said lands, and the general purposes for which the same are desired to be taken, and particularly describing said lands, for the appointment of such commissioners, and thereupon the court, or judge thereof, may proceed to appoint three commissioners, who shall have cognizance of all cases named in such application, and shall have power to appraise the value of all such land, and the damages for the taking of the same; and said commissioners, before entering upon the duties of their office, shall severally take and subscribe an oath to the effect that they will faithfully perform their duty as such appraisers, without partiality, and to the best of their knowledge and ability, which oath shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the county in which the lands to be appraised shall be situate; and thereupon such commissioners shall proceed to examine the premises, in each lot or parcel of land separately, having given such notice as they may deem reasonable to the owner, owners or persons interested in said lands; and to the guardian of any minor or insane person, which notice shall be in writing, and shall be served on such owner, interested person or guardian, if such person shall be a resident of the county where such lands are situate; and if such person or persons shall not reside in said county, then by publishing such notice in such newspaper as such commissioners may select, and for such time as they may choose; and at the time and place named in notice, the commissioners shall proceed, in each case, or parcel of land, to an appraisement thereof, and of the damages sustained by reason of the taking and use of such land, and shall make award in writing of such damages and shall deliver one copy of such award, signed by the commissioners, or a majority of them, to the clerk of the district court in and for such county, to be by him filed in his office, and shall deliver another copy of such award to the attorney general, to be by him filed in his office. Upon the filing of such award it is hereby made the duty of the proper officers of said state to pay to the said parties in interest the amount thereof and in the event of appeal from such award, to pay to the said parties in interest the full amount of the final judgment that shall be rendered in such proceedings; provided, however, that upon the filing of said award of such commissioners with the said clerk of the district court of the county in which said premises are situate, the state, by its proper officers, may thereafter enter upon and take full and absolute possession of said property and appropriate the same to the use and purposes named in the application. The duty of the state officials to pay the amount of such award and final judgment to said parties in interest shall for all purposes be held and construed to be full and just compensation to the respective owners or the persons interested in the lands so acquired by such condemnation proceedings. In the event that no specific moneys are set apart in the state treasury for the payment of such award or said final judgment, it shall be and hereby is made the duty of the state treasurer to honor the requisition of the proper officials for the payment of said amount at the time of the entry of the final judgment in such proceedings.

Sec. 2. That section 4089 of said title 7 of said chapter 38 be and the same is hereby amended so that the same shall read as follows:

Sec. 4089. The award or the judgment rendered in case of appeal, shall be and remain a claim against the state, and shall be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated or pursuant to a special appropriation therefor, and in all cases such award if not appealed from, or the judgment rendered therein in case of appeal, shall be and the same is hereby declared sufficient security for value and damage by reason of taking such property for public use within the true meaning and intent of the constitution, and in the event of appeal from such award, the provision herein made for payment of the final judgment to be rendered in said action shall be taken and construed as full and just compensation to such owners of said lands.

Sec. 3. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 44—S. F. No. 341.

AN ACT to amend Section one (1) of Chapter nine (9) of the General Laws of the year nineteen hundred and three (1903) with reference to the times of holding the terms of the district court in the several counties of the Fifth Judicial District of the State of Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section one (1) of chapter nine (9) of the General Laws of the year nineteen hundred and three (1903) be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 1." The general terms of the district court in and for the Fifth judicial district in and for the counties of Dodge, Rice, Steele and Waseca shall be held in said counties as follows:

In the County of Dodge on the first Monday in April and the first Monday in October of each year.

In the County of Rice on the first Tuesday in May and the second Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each year.

In the County of Steele on the first Tuesday in June and the first Tuesday in December of each year.

In the County of Waseca on the third Tuesday in March and the third Tuesday in October of each year.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 16, 1905.

CHAPTER 45—S. F. NO. 338.

AN ACT fixing the times for holding the general terms of the district court in the several counties of the Eighteenth judicial district, and relating to drawing grand and petit juries therein.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The general terms of the district court in the several counties of the Eighteenth judicial district of this state shall be held each year as follows:

In the county of Anoka on the third Monday in March, and the second Monday in October;

In the county of Isanti on the third

Monday in April, and the fourth Monday in September;

In the county of Sherburne on the second Monday in May and the second Monday in November;

In the county of Wright on the first Monday in June and the first Monday in December;

Provided that no grand or petit jury shall be drawn or summoned for the term to be held on the third Monday in April in Isanti county, unless the court shall so direct by a written order made and filed with the clerk of court of said Isanti county at least twenty (20) days before the holding of said term of court.

Sec. 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after April 24, 1905.

Approved March 16, 1905.

CHAPTER 46—S. F. NO. 203.

AN ACT to authorize the extension of school district boundaries, where two or more incorporated villages are included in the same school district.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That whenever two or more incorporated villages are included within one school district which includes less than twelve sections of land, the boundaries of such district may be enlarged to include not less than twelve sections of contiguous territory.

Sec. 2. Whenever two-thirds of the legal voters residing within any such school district shall petition the board of county commissioners, of the county wherein such district is situated, for an enlargement of such district, and shall file said petition with the auditor of said county, it shall be the duty of the board of county commissioners, at its next regular or special meeting, to set a time and place for a hearing upon it, and shall cause a copy of a notice of such hearing to be posted in some public place in each district to be affected by such proposed change, and a copy thereof to be served upon the clerk of each of such districts at least ten days before the time appointed for such hearing. The posting of such copy of notice shall be verified by the affidavit of the person posting the same, which said affidavit shall state the time and place of posting, and the serving of said copy of notice upon the clerk of each district shall be verified by the certificate of the county auditor.

Sec. 3. Upon filing proof of the posting and service of such notice, the board of county commissioners shall, at the time and place fixed, proceed with the consideration of such matter, and shall hear all evidence offered by any person interested, tending to show what territory should be included within said district, and, having heard the evidence, shall proceed to enlarge the said school district as provided for in section one (1) of this act, and to fix the boundaries thereof, and of all remaining school districts thereby affected, attaching or detaching contiguous territory to or from any of such districts, in such manner as in their judgment the best interests of the persons and districts thereby affected may require.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and approval.

Approved March 16, 1905.

CHAPTER 47—S. F. NO. 93.

AN ACT to provide interpreters at all hearings of deaf and dumb persons charged with insanity.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That at all hearings and examinations held for the purpose of determining whether or not persons, who are deaf and dumb, or either, are insane, as provided by the laws of this state, each and every such deaf and dumb, or deaf or dumb person, so charged with insanity, who is unable to read and write shall as a matter of absolute right have furnished to him, at all hearings and examinations wherein he is charged with insanity, an interpreter to convey questions to him and his answers, by the sign language, with which he is familiar, to all questions propounded to him at such hearing, and in the event such person so charged with insanity does not make such request or demand, for such interpreter, it shall be the duty of the judge or other officer before whom such examination is held, to provide such interpreter, who shall be recommended by the superintendent of the Minnesota state school for the deaf, before any hearing is had, and retain such interpreter at all times during such hearing or hearings.

Sec. 2. The necessary expense of such interpreter shall be paid by the county within which such hearing is held, and shall be a charge thereon.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 48—S. F. NO. 50.

AN ACT to amend section 2271 of chapter 26, of the General Statutes of Minnesota for 1894, relating to notaries public.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 2271 of chapter 26, of the General Statutes of Minnesota for 1894, be amended as follows: Section 2271, each notary public so appointed, commissioned and qualified, shall have power throughout this state, while residing within the county for which he was appointed, to administer all oaths required or authorized to be administered in this state; to take and certify all depositions to be used in any of the courts of this state; to take and certify all acknowledgments of deeds, mortgages, liens, powers of attorney and other instruments in writing, and to receive, make out and record notarial protests.

Every notary public, taking an acknowledgment of an instrument, taking a deposition, administering an oath, or making a notarial protest, shall, immediately following his signature to the jurat or certificate of acknowledgment, indorse the date of the expiration of his commission; such indorsement may be legibly written, stamped or printed upon the instrument, but must be disconnected from the seal, and shall be substantially in the following form: My commission expires ———, 19—.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after January 1, 1906.

Approved March 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 49—H. F. No. 163.

AN ACT relating to annuity safe deposit and trust companies.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. All securities, moneys, mortgages, certificates, bonds, notes, receipts, statements, records and all papers relating thereto which have been heretofore deposited with, and been received by the state auditor pursuant to the laws governing annuity, safe deposit and trust companies, shall upon the passage and approval of this act, be transferred and delivered to the state treasurer of Minnesota, and it shall be his duty to receive, and safely keep the same. The state auditor is hereby authorized and directed to make all assignments and conveyances to the state treasurer which may be necessary to complete a transfer of the securities, as contemplated by this act.

Sec. 2. All securities of annuity, safe deposit and trust companies heretofore required by law, to be deposited with the state auditor shall be hereafter deposited with the state treasurer.

Sec. 3. All duties heretofore devolving by law upon the state auditor relating to the organization and conduct of annuity, safe deposit and trust companies shall hereafter be required of and be performed by the state treasurer.

Sec. 4. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 21, 1905.

CHAPTER 50—S. F. NO. 47.

AN ACT to legalize acknowledgements of Conveyances and other instruments, and the record thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That all acknowledgements to any conveyances or other instruments heretofore taken by any person previously appointed or elected and then acting after the expiration of his term as a notary public or other officer authorized to take such acknowledgements, be, and the same are hereby, legalized and made of the same validity as though the term of office of such officer had not expired at the time of taking such acknowledgements, and the record of such conveyances or other instruments is hereby declared to be legal and valid, and effectual for all purposes; provided, that the provisions of this act shall not apply to any action or proceeding now pending in any court of this state.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 21, 1905.

CHAPTER 51—S. F. NO. 52.

AN ACT authorizing the board of county commissioners in counties having a population of less than seventy-five thousand (75,000) inhabitants, now having tract indexes, to have such tract indexes transcribed, compared with the original records, and checked back, and to provide payment therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That in counties having a population of less than seventy-five thousand (75,000) inhabitants, now having tract indexes, to have such tract indexes transcribed, compared with the original records, and checked back, whenever the necessity therefor appears.

Sec. 2. The work provided for in section one (1) of this act shall be performed under the supervision of the register of deeds of the county. The person or persons performing the work shall receive as compensation therefor a sum not exceeding two (2) cents for each description so transcribed, compared with the original records and checked back.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 21, 1905.

CHAPTER 52—S. F. NO. 66.

AN ACT to amend section two hundred and twenty (220) of title two (2), chapter (8) of the Statutes of Minnesota for the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four (1894), relating to the election of officers by the senate.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section two hundred and twenty (220), of title two (2), of chapter three (3), of the statutes of this state for the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four (1894), be, and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

220. The senate shall thereupon, if a quorum is present, proceed to elect, in the order named, a secretary, an assistant secretary, an enrolling clerk, an engrossing clerk and a sergeant-at-arms, which officers shall hold their office for and during the session at which they are elected, but may be discharged by a resolution.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1st, 1905.

Approved March 21, 1905.

CHAPTER 53—S. F. NO. 116.

AN ACT to amend section 496 of the penal code as amended by section five (5), chapter 209 of the General Laws of 1889, the same being section 6796 of the Statutes of Minnesota for the year 1894, relating to wantonly poisoning animals.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 496 of the penal code as amended by section five (5), chapter 209 of the General Laws of 1889, the same being section 6796 of the Statutes of Minnesota for the year 1894, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 496. Any person who unjustifiably administers any poisonous, or noxious drug or substance to any animal, or procures or permits the same to be done, or unjustifiably exposes any such drug or substance with intent that the same shall be taken by any animal, whether such animal be the property of himself or another, is punishable by imprisonment in the state prison not exceeding two years or in a county jail not exceeding six months or by a fine not exceeding five hundred ($500.00) dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, provided, that the provision of this act shall not apply to offenses committed before this act takes effect, and as to all such offenses the law in force at the time they were committed shall continue and remain in force the same as if this act had not been passed.

Approved March 21, 1905.

CHAPTER 54—S. F. NO. 229.

AN ACT defining and providing punishment for the crime of "common and habitual liquor selling without license."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Any person who shall in any one county of this state have been adjudged guilty of the offense of selling, bartering or disposing of in any manner any spirituous, vinous, fermented malt, or intoxicating liquor in a less quantity than five (5) gallons, without first having obtained license therefor, agreeable to the provisions of the laws of this state, three or more times within two years immediately preceeding the commencement of the proceedings against him, under the provisions of this act, shall be deemed guilty of the crime of "common and habitual liquor selling without license" and upon conviction of such crime of "common and habitual liquor selling without license" shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for not to exceed three years.

Sec. 2. In all prosecutions under the provisions of this act, the date of the last conviction of such selling, bartering or disposing of liquor, shall be deemed the date of the commission of the offense of "common and habitual liquor selling without license," charged against such person in the indictment.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 21, 1905.

CHAPTER 55—S. F. NO. 295.

AN ACT prescribing the time for holding the general terms of the district court in the county of Becker in the Seventh judicial district in the State of Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The general terms of the district court in and for the County of Becker, in the Seventh judicial district, State of Minnesota, shall be held upon the fourth (4th) Monday in March and the first (1st) Monday in October in each year.

Sec. 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 21, 1905.

CHAPTER 56—S. F. NO. 342.

AN ACT to prevent the capture or molestation of certain kinds of pigeons and providing a penalty for its violation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. No person shall take, capture, molest or in any way interfere with any Antwerp, or homing or carrier pigeon if it have the name of its owner stamped upon its wing or tail; or wear a ring or seamless leg band with its registered number stamped thereon, or have any other distinguishing mark; nor shall any person remove any such distinguishing mark from any such pigeon.

Sec. 2. Any person who shall violate any provision of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 21, 1905.

CHAPTER 57—S. F. NO. 77.

AN ACT to amend section 277 of chapter 46 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1889, entitled "An Act to Establish a Probate Code," as amended and modified by section 49 of chapter 5 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1893, entitled "An Act to Confirm the Location and Establishment of the Minnesota Hospitals for the Insane, to Provide for Commitment Thereto, the Management and Supervision Thereof and the Licensing and Supervision of All Other Hospitals for the Insane."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 277 of chapter 46 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1889, entitled "An Act to Establish a Probate Code," as amended and modified by section 49 of chapter 5 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1893 entitled "An Act to Confirm the Location and Establishment of the Minnesota Hospitals for the Insane, to Provide for Commitment Thereto, the Management Thereof and the Licensing and Supervision of All Other Hospitals for the Insane," be and the same hereby is amended so as to real as follows:

"Section 277. The judge of probate or court commissioner shall allow the following fees for services provide for in this act:

To the examiners in lunacy, for every examination, five dollars each, and for every mile traveled by each of them in making such examination fifteen cents, and to the family physician or examiner procuring answers to the questions specified in section 22 of said chapter (5) the sum of five dollars.

To the person authorized to convey an insane person to a state hospital, or to the place of his legal residence, three dollars per day for the time necessarily employed, and all necessary disbursements for travel, and for the support of himself, the insane person and authorized assistants.

Such amounts to be audited by the judge of probate or court commissioner and judgment entered of record therefor, to be paid out of the county treasury, by the county treasurer upon the written order of the judge of probate or court commissioner under seal of the court; and upon the payment thereof, said judgment shall be satisfied of record by the judge of probate or court commissioner; provided, that the said written order shall be filed with the county auditor, who shall issue his warrant on the county treasurer in payment of said sums."

Sec. 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 23, 1905.

CHAPTER 58—S. F. NO. 112.

AN ACT to authorize cities in this state now or hereafter having a population of fifty thousand (50,000) inhabitants or over to issue bonds in aid of certain street improvements.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Any city in this state, now or hereafter having a population of fifty thousand (50,000) inhabitants or over, which shall decide by action of its common council to improve any street leading to the outskirts of such city, which will be in the nature of a general thoroughfare, by paving or macadamizing the same, when in the opinion of the common council, property cannot be found subject to assessment which is benefited sufficiently to cover the cost and expense of such improvement, then and in that case the common council of such city, in order to aid in defraying the cost and expense of such improvement, may, by ordinance passed by the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of all the members thereof, authorize the issue, and may issue and sell the bonds, of such city therefor in a sum not to exceed ten thousand dollars ($10,000.00) par value, anything in the charter of said city or in any law in this state which may prohibit the issue of any bonds in excess of any specified percentage of the taxable property in such city to the contrary notwithstanding; provided, however, that no power is granted or shall exist under this act, to issue in the aggregate more than ten thousand dollars ($10,000.00) par value of bonds by any one city, and provided further, that the powers granted by this act must be exercised by the passage of such ordinance or ordinances within one (1) year from the passage of this act.

Sec. 2. Such bonds shall be signed by the mayor and city clerk and shall be countersigned by the city controller, and shall have the corporate seal of the city affixed thereto, and shall be in such denominations and contain such recitals as the common council may determine. Such bonds may be in the form of coupon bonds or in the form of registered certificates so-called, and shall mature at such time as the common council shall determine, not exceeding, however, thirty (30) years from their date, and shall bear interest at a rate not to exceed four (4) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually at such places as the common council may determine. Any bonds so issued under this act shall be disposed of upon notice and at public sale to the highest responsible bidder therefor, provided none of said bonds shall be sold for less than par and accrued interest, and the faith and credit of the city so issuing any bonds is irrevocably pledged to the prompt payment of both principal and interest thereof, and the common council shall provide by taxation each year for the prompt payment of the interest thereon as it accrues.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 23, 1905.

CHAPTER 59—H. F. NO. 21.

AN ACT prohibiting the barter, sale, delivery, giving away or transfer of spirituous, malt, fermented or vinous liquors, or the having of any such spirituous, malt, fermented or vinous liquors in possession for the purpose of giving, selling, bartering, transferring or delivering the same, without first having obtained license therefor, and providing for the securing of evidence in such cases in all counties having not less than 75,000 nor more than 150,000 inhabitants.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Whoever sells, barters, gives away, delivers, transfers or otherwise disposes of or has in his possession for the purpose of selling, giving away, bartering, delivering, transferring or otherwise disposing of any spirituous, malt, fermented or vinous liquors without first having obtained license therefor agreeably to the laws of the State of Minnesota shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction thereof in any court having jurisdiction of the same, be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars, together with the costs of prosecution, and by imprisonment in the county jail not less than sixty days nor more than ninety days; provided, that the provisions of this section shall not be so construed as to prohibit any regularly licensed druggist from dispensing liquors in filling prescriptions made by any regular, reputable and duly licensed physician in the practice of his profession.

Sec. 2. When complaint is made, on oath, to any magistrate authorized to issue warrants in criminal cases, that any person, naming him, if his name is known, has in his possession for the purpose of selling, giving away, bartering, delivering, transferring or otherwise disposing of, any spirituous, malt, fermented or vinous liquors, without first having obtained license therefor agreeably to the laws of this state, such magistrate, if he is satisfied that there is reasonable cause for such belief, shall issue a search warrant to search for and seize any such spirituous, malt, fermented or vinous liquors, commanding the officer to bring the same, when found, before such magistrate to be used as evidence at the preliminary hearing, and trial of such person as may be accused of having the same in his possession. After such liquor is used as evidence it shall be returned to the person in whose possession it was found.

Sec. 3.—The finding of any such spirituous, malt, fermented or vinous liquors in the possession of any person, either by means of search warrant or otherwise, shall be prima facie evidence that such person had possession of such liquors for the purpose of selling, bartering, giving away, delivering, transferring or otherwise disposing of the same without first having obtained license therefor agreeably to the laws of this state, and no further evidence of guilt shall be required of the prosecution, but such possession may be satisfactorily explained by the accused in his defense.

Sec. 4. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. This act shall apply only in counties having more than 75,000 and less than 150,000 inhabitants.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 23, 1905.

CHAPTER 60—H. F. NO. 59.

AN ACT to amend section fifteen hundred thirty-two (1532), and fifteen hundred thirty-four (1534), of the General Statutes of one thousand, eight hundred and ninety-four (1894), relating to the assessment and collection of taxes upon shares of stock and interests in banks, and giving banks authority to pay taxes on its stock or interest held by individuals, and a lien and power of sale to satisfy the amount of taxes paid, and to provide for the assessment and collection of taxes upon shares of stock of mortgage loan companies.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That sections twenty-four (24) and twenty-six (26) of chapter one (1) of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight (1878), being sections fifteen hundred thirty-two (1532) and fifteen hundred thirty-four (1534) respectively, of the General Statutes of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four (1894) be, and the same are hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 24. The stock of every bank and mortgage loan company in this state, organized under the laws of this state or of the United States, shall be assessed and taxed in the town, city or village where such bank or mortgage loan company is located, whether the stockholders of such bank reside in such place or not, and shall be assessed in the name of the bank or mortgage loan company. The cashier, or other officer of the bank or mortgage loan company shall list all shares of the bank or mortage loan company for assessment, in the same manner as the general property of the bank or mortgage loan company is listed. To aid the assessors in determining the value of such shares of stock, the accounting officer of every such bank or mortgage loan company shall furnish to the assessor a sworn statement showing the amount and number of the shares of the capital stock, the amount of its surplus or reserve fund and amount of its legally authorized investments in real estate, which shall be assessed and taxed as other real estate under this chapter. The assessor shall deduct the amount of investments in real estate from the aggregate amount of such capital and surplus fund, and the remainder shall be taken as a basis for the valuation of such shares in the hands of the stockholders, subject to the provisions of the law requiring all property to be assessed at its true and full value. The shares of capital stock of corporate banks, not located in this state, held in the state, shall not be required to be listed under this chapter but shall be listed by and assessed to the owner of such stock.

Section 26. To secure the payment of taxes on mortgage loan company and bank stock or banking capital, every bank and mortgage loan company shall, before declaring any dividend, deduct from the annual earnings of the bank such amount as may be necessary to pay any taxes levied upon the shares of stock, and such bank or mortgage loan company or officers thereof shall pay the taxes, and shall be authorized to charge the amount of such taxes paid to the expense account of such bank or mortgage loan company.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 23, 1905.

CHAPTER 61—H. F. NO. 205.

AN ACT making it the duty of the register of deeds of each county to make out a list of mortgages and other real estate securities, and fixing his compensation therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. It is hereby made the duty of the register of deeds of each county in this state to make out a list of all mortgages or other real estate securities held, owned, or controlled by the residents of his county, showing the names of the owners or agents, alphabetically arranged, and the amount due on each separate instrument. He shall make out such list according to the records of his office and deliver it to the county auditor on or before the last Thursday of April in each year.

Sec. 2. The expenses of preparing such list in each county shall be paid by the county on allowance by the county commissioners.

Sec. 3. All laws of the State of Minnesota, general or special, in so far as inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed.

Section 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 23, 1905.

CHAPTER 62—H. F. NO. 125.

AN ACT to amend section one (1), chapter seventy-four (74), of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1903, entitled "An act to authorizing appropriations by boards of county commissioners in counties now or hereafter having a population of one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants or more, for public improvements in or about navigable lakes."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section one (1) of chapter seventy-four (74) of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1903 be and the same is hereby amended by striking out all of line fifteen (15) after the word "appropriated" and all of lines sixteen (16), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), twenty (20) and all of twenty-one (21) except the words "provided further," and insert in lieu thereof the words "during any year shall not exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)," so that said section when amended shall read as follows, to-wit:

Section 1. That whenever there exists, in any organized county in the State of Minnesota now or hereafter having a population of one hundred and fifty thousand (150,000) inhabitants or more, a navigable lake, or lakes, which is, or are, wholly or for the greater part thereof within the territory or limits of such county (and which is, or are, not, either wholly or in part, within the corporate limits of any city in such county), the board of county commissioners of said county is hereby authorized and empowered to appropriate, each year, from the revenue fund of such county, such sums for public improvements on, in or about said lake or lakes as, in the opinion of said board may be necessary.

Provided, That the total amount of said sum or sums so appropriated during any year shall not exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000); Provided further, that the question of population shall be determined by the official census next preceding any appropriation made under the provisions of this act.

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 23, 1905.

CHAPTER 63—H. F. NO. 156.

AN ACT to authorize boards of county commissioners, city or village councils or trustees to erect fixed bridges or highways over navigable streams on certain conditions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Whenever in the opinion of the board of county commissioners of any county or supervisors of any town, or the board of trustees or council of any city or village of this state, it becomes necessary, for the purpose of accomodating travel on any highway, to erect a bridge over any river or waterway within their respective jurisdictions the navigable portions of which river or waterway lie wholly within the limits of the state, such board or council may cause the erection of a fixed bridge over such river or waterway, without a draw; provided the clear height above the ordinary high water stage of such waterway and the clear width of the opening, shall be sufficient to accomodate the ordinary navigation of such waterway; and provided further, that the location and plans thereof are submitted to and approved by the chief of engineers of the United States army and by the secretary of war, before construction is commenced.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 23, 1905.

CHAPTER 64—H. F. NO. 168.

AN ACT to authorize the issuing of bonds by organized towns for the purpose of building roads and bridges and purchase of material and apparatus therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Every organized town of this state is hereby authorized to issue bonds to build roads and bridges within such organized town by conforming to the provisions of this act.

Sec. 2. Whenever the town supervisors of any organized town in this state shall determine by resolution duly passed and recorded, to raise the amount of money stated in such resolution by issuing the bonds of the town to build roads and bridges in said town and for the purchase of material and apparatus therefor or when a petition addressed to the town supervisors of any organized town, and signed by at least ten (10) of the voters and freeholders residing in such town, setting forth in such petition that it is the desire of such petitioners that such town shall issue its bonds for the purpose of building roads and bridges within said town and for the purchase of material and apparatus therefor, the amount of such proposed bond to be named in said petition, it shall be the duty of such town supervisors to cause the proposition expressed in such resolution or petition to be submitted to the electors of such town at the next following annual town meeting to be held therein or at such special election as the said town supervisors shall by resolution designate. Notices of such election shall be posted by the town clerk or deputy town clerk of such town in at least five (5) public places within the said town not less than ten (10) days before such annual or special town meeting is held, the said notices to state definitely the purpose and amount of the proposed bonds.

Sec. 3. There shall be provided by the town, in case of such election a suitable box in which ballots cast at such election for or against such proposition, shall be deposited. The ballots used at said election on said bonding proposition shall have printed thereon: For road and bridge bonds—"Yes." for road and bridge bonds—"No," and each elector voting on said proposition shall place a cross mark, thus (x) in a space to be left opposite, either the word "yes" or the word "no." The said election shall be conducted and the votes cast thereat shall be canvassed and counted and the result certified in like manner as in the case of an election for town officers.

Sec. 4. If a majority of the votes cast at such election be in favor of such proposition, the said town supervisors may issue and negotiate bonds of such town to the amount stated in the election notice, which bonds shall not be negotiated or sold for less than their par value, and shall be made due and payable within twenty (20) years from the date of issue thereof and shall not bear more than six per cent (6 per cent) interest per annum.

No town shall issue or sell its bonds to such an amount that the aggregate bonded indebtedness thereof shall at any one (1) time exceed fifteen per cent (15 per cent) of the assessed valuation of the taxable property of such town as indicated by the last preceeding assessment.

Sec. 5. Before any such town shall be authorized to issue its bond as hereinbefore provided, the town supervisors shall give notice by publication for three (3) consecutive weeks in the official newspaper of the county in which said town is situated and by a similar publication for the same length of time in a weekly or daily newspapers printed at the capital of the state, all of which said newspaper shall be designated therefor by resolution of such town supervisors, duly made and recorded, that the said supervisors will receive bids for the sale of said bonds at the time and place to be named in such notice.

Sec. 6. At the time and place named in such notice, the said town supervisors shall open and consider said bids, and may thereupon sell said bonds to the person, company or corporation offering the most advantageous terms for the interest of such town; provided, that said town supervisors may reject any and all bids offered for the purchase of such bonds if they deem it necessary for the best interests of the town so to do.

Sec. 7. The money realized upon the sale of such bonds shall be placed in the town treasury, and devoted as far as may be necessary to the purpose named in the aforementioned resolution or petition, and the residue thereof, after the cost and expense of building such roads and bridges shall have been paid and discharged, shall be paid into the road and bridge fund of such town.

Sec. 8. Said board of supervisors and their successors are hereby authorized, on or before the first day of October next after the date on said bonds, and in each and every year thereafter on or before the first day of October until the payment of said bonds and interests is fully provided for, to levy and in due form certify to the auditor of the county in which such town is situated a tax upon the taxable property of said town equal to the amount of principal and interest maturing next after such levy and in the discretion of said board of supervisors such further sum as it shall deem expedient, not exceeding fifteen per cent (15 per cent) of such maturing bonds and interest, which taxes shall be payable in money and shall constitute a fund for the payment of said bonds or interest thereon.

Sec. 9. All acts and part(s) of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 10. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after passage.

Approved March 23, 1905.

CHAPTER 65—H. F. NO. 177.

AN ACT to authorize the county commissioners of certain counties to issue and negotiate bonds for the purpose of refunding bonded and floating indebtedness of such counties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The county commissioners of any county in this state that has heretofore issued bonds purporting to have been issued for any purpose authorized by law, and which bonds have been actually sold and delivered to purchasers for value may at any time before January 1st of the year A. D. nineteen hundred and six (1906) after maturity, or before maturity, with consent of the holder, and while said bonds are valid and existing indebtedness against such county, refund the same and issue and negotiate new bonds for the amount of such bonded indebtedness and for the amount of any floating indebtedness against each county, or for any part of such bonded or floating indebtedness. Provided, that bonds issued to refund any such indebtedness shall not be made payable more than ten years from the date the same were issued, and shall not draw a higher rate of interest than the bonded indebtedness refunded.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 23, 1905.

CHAPTER 66—H. F. NO. 193.

AN ACT to amend section 1832 of the General Statutes of 1894, as amended by chapter 152 of the General Laws of 1899, and chapter 242 of the General Laws of 1903, relating to the width of public roads and laying out of public cartways.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 1832 of the General Statutes of 1894, as amended by chapter 152 of the General Laws of 1899, and chapter 242 of the General Laws of 1903, be, and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: Section 1832, all public roads to be laid out by the supervisors or county commissioners may be four (4) rods wide except where the petition calls for a road three (3) rods wide, in which case such road shall be three (3) rods in width, and that when any road or portion thereof shall have been used and kept in repair, and worked for six years continuously as a public highway, the same shall be deemed as having been dedicated to the public to the width of two (2) rods on each side of the center line of said road, and be and remain until lawfully vacated, a public highway, whether the same has ever been laid out as a public highway or not. That the supervisors of the several towns have power to lay out public cartways not less than one (1) or more than two rods wide, when petitioned for by five (5) residents, and freeholders of the town in which such cartway is to be laid out. The cost of surveying and locating such cartway shall be paid by the town as provided by law in laying out of public roads, and the damages to lands through or upon which cartways may be laid out, shall be paid by the town, provided that when a public cartway does not extend from one public highway to another, one-half the damages to the lands through or upon which such cartway may be laid out shall be paid by the person or persons benefited thereby; the proportion that each shall pay to be fixed by the board of supervisors if not otherwise agreed upon; and the damages in the section mentioned shall be assessed, and an appeal had, in the same manner as in the case of other public roads, and the town clerk shall record any cartway so laid out in the same manner and with like effect as other roads required to be recorded by him; provided, however, that when the petitioners or any of them propose in the petition their willingness to dedicate any land to which such petitioner has title for the purpose of such cartway, such land shall be deemed as so dedicated, and no damages shall be assessed therefor; that such cartway when so laid out and established, shall be deemed a public cartway for public use.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 23, 1905.

CHAPTER 67—H. F. NO. 278.

AN ACT to legalize the foreclosure of mortgages by advertisement, where the power of attorney to foreclose the same has not been executed, or where the same has been executed but has not been recorded or filed for record until after the mortgage foreclosure sale.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Every foreclosure of mortgage by advertisement heretofore made where the power of attorney to foreclose the same provided for by chapter two hundred and sixty-two (262) of the General Laws of the state of Minnesota for the year 1897 has not been executed or given, provided such foreclosure was authorized by the owner of said mortgage, or where such power of attorney has been executed and given, but not recorded or filed for record in the office of the register of deeds where the foreclosure is had until after the sale under such mortgage has been completed, such mortgage foreclosure if otherwise regular shall be and hereby is declared to be valid and sufficient for all purposes and shall not be affected in any manner by reason of the failure to have such power of attorney recorded.

Sec. 2. This act shall not affect any action at law, or action in equity now pending.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 23, 1905.

CHAPTER 68—H. F. NO. 565.

AN ACT to appropriate money to pay premium on state insurance.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. There is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the state treasury belonging to the revenue fund, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars ($24,000.00), or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the premium due on insurance April 1, 1905, on public buildings and other property belonging to the state.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 23, 1905.

CHAPTER 69—H. F. NO. 200.

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "an act to amend section one thousand five hundred and fifty-eight (1558) of chapter eleven (11) of the General Statutes of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four (1894), relating to tax levy rate per cent for state, county and other purposes."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section one thousand five hundred and fifty-eight (1558) of chapter eleven (11) of the General Statutes one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four (1894), as amended by chapter one hundred and seventeen (117) of the laws of Minnesota for the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine (1899), be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1558. There shall be levied annually on each dollar of taxable property in the state (other than such as is by law otherwise taxed) as assessed and entered on the tax lists for the several purposes enumerated, taxes at the rate specified as follows:

For state purposes, such amount as may be levied by the legislature; for county purposes, such amount as may be levied by the county commissioners, the rate of which shall not exceed five mills in any county having a taxable valuation of one million dollars or more, and the amount of which shall not exceed five thousand dollars in counties having a taxable valuation of less than one million dollars, the rate of such tax shall not exceed one per cent in any county.

For township purposes, such sum as may be voted at any legal town meeting, the rate of which shall not exceed two mills in any township having a taxable valuation of one hundred thousand dollars or more, and the amount of which shall not exceed one hundred and fifty dollars in any township having a taxable valuation of less than one hundred thousand dollars; and the rate of such tax last mentioned shall not exceed one-half of one per cent in any township. In addition to the foregoing, in each township such sum as may be voted at the annual town meeting for road and bridge purposes and for the support of the poor, respectively, in and for said township, provided that the rate of taxation in any town for road and bridge purposes shall not exceed five mills per dollar, and the tax for poor purposes shall not exceed five mills per dollar. For school district purposes, in addition to the general tax of one mill, such sum as may be voted at any legal meeting of the qualified voters of the district, the rate of which shall not exceed fifteen mills, for the support of the school, or one per cent for the erection of a school house.

Provided, that the aforesaid limitation shall not be construed as prohibiting assessment on property adjacent to local improvements made in any city or incorporated town or village, for the purpose of paying the cost thereof and the damages occasioned thereby; and that nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the county commissioners, town(ship) supervisors, or corporate authorities of any city, town, village or school district from levying any tax which by any special law they may be authorized to levy.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 23, 1905.

CHAPTER 70—H. F. NO. 106.

AN ACT for an act providing for the manner of election of highway overseers at annual town meetings.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That at the annual town meeting in each township wherein an overseer of highways is elected for each road district, the manner of electing such overseers shall be as follows:

The qualified electors from each separate road district present at such town meeting shall elect, by ballot, a highway overseer for that district, and no person residing in any other road district than the one for which such overseer is to be elected shall take part in such ballot.

If, for any cause, no highway overseer is elected for any road district at such annual town meeting, the town board, at its first session following such town meeting, shall appoint a highway overseer for such district for which no overseer was elected.

Sec. 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions hereof are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 23, 1905.

CHAPTER 71—H. F. NO. 604.

AN ACT to amend section 16 of chapter 290 of the General Laws of 1903, entitled "An act to appropriate money out of the internal improvement fund to aid in building bridges and constructing roads and culverts, or draining lands or roads or other improvements as the case may be, in certain counties in this state, and repealing certain appropriations heretofore made, and giving certain towns and counties the right to issue certificates of indebtedness.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 16 of chapter 290 of the General Laws of 1903, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

That the sum of four hundred (400) dollars is hereby appropriated out of said fund, to aid the counties of Lac qui Parle and Chippewa in repairing the bridge across "Lac qui Parle Lake" in sections 24, 119, 43 and approaches thereto.

Sec. 2. That said repairs shall be made under the supervision of the county commissioners of said counties, who are hereby appointed commissioners upon part of the state for that purpose, and no part of the appropriation shall be paid out until repairs are made and certified to by said commissioners.

Sec. 3. That upon receipt of a report by such commissioners or a majority of them that the money has been expended and upon demand of such county commissioners or a majority of them, the state auditor shall draw his order in their favor on the state treasurer for the money belonging to said fund for the cost of such repairs, not exceeding $400, and such treasurer shall thereupon pay such money to such commissioner.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 23, 1905.

CHAPTER 72—H. F. NO. 51.

AN ACT to prohibit the furnishing of intoxicating liquors to prisoners paroled from penal institutions of the State of Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, give, barter, furnish, or dispose of, in any manner, either directly or indirectly, or by agent, employe or otherwise, any spirituous, vinous, malt, or fermented liquors in any quantity or for any purpose whatever to any person on parole from any state institution of this state during the term of his parole; and any person violating the foregoing provision of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof by any court having jurisdiction shall be punished by fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than thirty nor more than ninety days, or until such fine and costs are paid, not exceeding ninety days.

Section 2. This act shall not apply to persons who have no knowledge that the person procuring such liquors is such paroled person.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 24, 1905.

CHAPTER 73—S. F. NO. 106.

AN ACT to make decrees of heirship to real estate entered and recorded under the provisions of chapter 50, General Laws of Minnesota, 1885, and the records thereof, prima facie evidence under certain circumstances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That where decrees of heirship to real estate in the State of Minnesota were made by any of the probate courts of this state, under the provisions of chapter 50 of the General Laws of Minnesota, 1885, and said decrees were entered in the records of said courts and certified copies thereof were recorded in the offices of the register of deeds as provided by said chapter, prior to the repeal of said chapter, said decrees, and said records thereof, and certified copies of either said decrees or said records, shall be taken and held in all legal proceedings in this state, in respect to the succession of the real estate described in the decrees, as prima facie evidence of all the facts found in said decrees.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 24, 1905.

CHAPTER 74—S. F. NO. 153.

AN ACT to amend section one thousand two hundred twenty-three (1223) of the General Statutes of the year eighteen hundred ninety-four (1894), requiring village treasurers to make annual statements and publish or post the same.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section one thousand two hundred twenty-three (1223) of the General Statues of the year eighteen hundred ninety-four (1894), be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 1223. Treasurer to make and publish or post annual statement.

The treasurer shall, two (2) weeks previous to the annual election of village officers, make a detailed statement, in writing of the moneys received by him, and the sources from which the same were received, and their respective amounts; and also the amounts paid out by him, and the purposes for which they were paid. Such statement shall be filed by him in his office, for the inspection of any taxpayer residing within the corporate limits of said village, and he shall cause such statement to be published at least one (1) week prior to such village election in a newspaper published in such village, to be selected by the village council, if there be a newspaper published in said village, and if there be no such newspaper in said village, then he shall post copies of such statement in three of the most public places in said village.

Sec. 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 24, 1905.

CHAPTER 75—S. F. NO. 238.

AN ACT authorizing educational institutions to take, hold, receive and enjoy property and money heretofore or hereafter bequeathed, devised, conveyed or transferred to it, and to hold, use and enjoy, the profits, rents and income therefrom, and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Any educational institution created or existing under or by virtue of any law or laws of the State of Minnesota or Territory of Minnesota, is hereby authorised and empowered to take, hold, receive and enjoy all property and money that has heretofore been or may hereafter be given, bequeathed, devised, conveyed or transferred to it, and to hold, use and enjoy the profits, rents and income therefrom notwithstanding any limitation in the laws or charters by or under which said educational institutions were incorporated or any amendments thereto.

Sec. 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 24, 1905.

CHAPTER 76—S. F. NO. 283.

AN ACT legalizing school bonds heretofore voted upon by cities for graded school buildings and additions to graded school houses under the provisions of chapter 204 of the General Laws of the state of Minnesota for the year 1893, and acts amendatory thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That all school bonds heretofore voted upon by any city for graded school buildings and additions to graded school houses, under or pursuant to the provisions of chapter 204 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three (1893), as amended by chapter 128 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (1895), and other acts amendatory thereof, are hereby declared to be, when issued and sold, legal and binding obligations of said city; providing that the proposition to issue said bonds received a two-thirds majority of all votes cast upon the proposition to issue said bonds at the election when said proposition was voted upon; and provided further, that all other requirements of law have been fully complied with.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 24, 1905.

CHAPTER 77—S. F. NO. 284.

AN ACT legalizing school bonds heretofore voted upon by cities for high school buildings and additions to high school houses under the provisions of chapter 204 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1893, and acts amendatory thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That all school bonds heretofore voted upon by any city for high school buildings and additions to high school houses, under or pursuant to the provisions of chapter 204 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three (1893), as amended by chapter 128 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (1895), and other acts amendatory thereof, are hereby declared to be, when issued and sold, legal and binding obligations of said city; provided that the proposition to issue said bonds received a two-thirds majority of all votes cast upon the proposition to issue said bonds at the election when said proposition was voted upon; and provided further, that all other requirements of law have been fully complied with.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 24, 1905.

CHAPTER 78—S. F. NO. 114.

AN ACT to appoint a commission to investigate and report upon the advisability of establishing a state hospital for indigent, crippled, and deformed children in Ramsey county, Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That Arthur J. Gillette, Stephen Mahoney and Robert O. Earl are appointed and commissioned to investigate the advisability of establishing in Ramsey county, Minnesota, a state hospital under the management and control of the board of regents of the state university, for the treatment, care and education of crippled and deformed children, not mentally diseased, who are indigent.

Sec. 2. Should such commission deem it advisable for the state to establish such institution, then it shall be their duty to ascertain what location in Ramsey county, Minnesota, would be most desirable, and what building or buildings would be most suitable for such hospital.

Sec. 3. Such commission shall render a full report of their investigations under this act to the legislature of this state to convene in the year 1907.

Sec. 4. Such commission shall report such site, or sites, for such hospital in Ramsey county, Minnesota, which shall be tendered to the state for such purpose without cost to the state, and shall also report any gifts of money or other property which may be tendered to the state in aid of such institution.

Sec. 5. Each member of such commission shall, before entering upon the performance of such duties as such member, take and subscribe on oath that he will faithfully perform his duties as a member of said commission, which said oath, with the certificate of the officer administering same, shall be filed in the office of secretary of state.

Sec. 6. Said commission shall receive no salary or compensation for their services, and they shall receive no compensation for their expenses incurred in the performance of their duties under this act.

Sec. 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 25, 1905.

CHAPTER 79—H. F. NO. 601.

AN ACT to fix the salaries of the members of the board of control of any county and to authorize any such board to fix the salary of the almshouse and hospital physician appointed by it.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The salary of each member of the board of control of any county in this state shall be $600 per annum; and each such board is authorized to fix the salary of the almshouse and hospital physician appointed by it at such sum not exceeding $5,000 per annum, as the board may deem proper. The salaries named herein shall be payable monthly out of the funds appropriated on account of salaries, or otherwise, for the maintenance of the board.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 25, 1905.

CHAPTER 80—H. F. NO. 194.

AN ACT relating to expenditure of the county road and bridge fund, and to repeal sections one (1) and three (3) of chapter 287 of the General Laws of 1895.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Whenever the board of county commissioners of any county shall determine to expend any portion of the county road and bridge fund, not exceeding the sum of three hundred dollars ($300), to aid in the construction or repair of roads and bridges in any town of such county, the same shall be appropriated and expended as hereinafter provided and not otherwise.

Sec. 2. Whenever any board of county commissioners shall make an appropriation, not exceeding the sum of three hundred dollars ($300), out of the road and bridge fund of such county, to aid in the construction and repair of roads and bridges, or either, in any town of such county, the board of county commissioners making such appropriation shall direct the county auditor of such county to draw a warrant on the treasurer of such county for the amount of such appropriation, making the same payable to the town treasurer of the town for which such appropriation is made.

Sec. 3. Before any town treasurer shall be entitled to receive from the county treasurer any money so provided to be paid by section two (2) of this act, he shall execute to the board of county commissioners of such county a good and sufficient bond in a sum equal to double the amount of the appropriation so to be received, by him, with at least two (2) sureties, to be approved by the county auditor, conditioned that he will not pay such moneys out for any purpose other than that for which the same shall have been appropriated by the board of county commissioners, and then only upon the order of the board of supervisors of such town.

Sec. 4. All appropriations hereafter made by any board of county commissioners, not exceeding the sum of three hundred dollars (300), to aid in the construction or repair of roads and bridges, or either, in any town of such county, shall be expended under the supervision and direction of the board of supervisors of the town receiving such appropriation: provided, that no part of such appropriation shall be expended in the payment of supervisor's fees or per diem in letting any contract or superintending any work for which such appropriation shall have been made.

Sec. 5. Section one (1) and section three (3) of chapter 287 of the General Laws of 1895 and all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 27, 1905.

CHAPTER 81—H. F. NO. 208.

AN ACT to authorize the allowance of clerk hire to judges of probate in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That in all cases whereby reason of any special law or otherwise no allowance for clerk hire is made to the judge of probate of any county, the board of county commissioners of such county, may by resolution allow for clerk hire to such judges of probate a sum not exceeding nine hundred (900) dollars per year, to be paid in like manner as the salary of the judge.

Sec. 2. This act shall only apply to counties of more than 85,000 inhabitants.

Sec. 3. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 30, 1905.

CHAPTER 82—H. F. NO. 414.

AN ACT to amend section 8 of chapter 363 of the General Laws of Minnesota, 1903, entitled "An act to amend an act entitled an act to provide for the preservation of forests of this state and for the prevention and suppression of forest and prairie fires."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section eight (8) of chapter three hundred and sixty-three (363) of the General Laws of 1903, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 8. Each fire warden shall be paid for actual service at the rate of two ($2) dollars per day, and each employe or patrol at the rate of one and fifty one-hundredths ($1.50) dollars per day. Unless directed by the chief fire warden no fire warden shall be paid for more than fifteen (15) and no employe for more than ten (10) days in any one year; but a fire warden shall receive compensation for use of team when plowing for the control of a fire. The compensation authorized by this section shall be paid out of the state treasury on duly verified vouchers approved by the chief fire warden; and one-half (½) the amount shall be reimbursed to the state by the county in which the expense occurred. The state auditor shall notify the proper county auditor of the one-half (½) the amount that has become due from his county under the foregoing provisions and such county auditor shall immediately draw and transmit to the state auditor a warrant on the county treasurer of his county in favor of the state for such amount.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 30, 1905.

CHAPTER 83—H. F. NO. 329.

AN ACT entitled an act accepting a grant by congress to the State of Minnesota of certain lands for forestry purposes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the State of Minnesota hereby accepts the grant by congress of twenty thousand (20,000) acres of vacant public land within said state for forestry purposes made by an act of congress approved April twenty-eight (28), nineteen hundred and four (1904.)

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 30, 1905.

CHAPTER 84—H. F. NO. 330.

AN ACT entitled "an act to authorize county auditors in this state to give certain public notices and do certain things as are provided for in chapter 258, in the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1901, and as amended by chapter 38 in the Laws of Minnesota for 1902, pertaining to drainage."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That in all cases in this state where proceedings have been had or attempted under chapter 258 of the Laws of Minnesota for 1901, as amended by chapter 38 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1902, and acts amendatory thereof, for the establishment of county drains, and the notices of the pendency of the petition and all other notices and proceedings in such matter, including the filing of the order of the board of county commissioners establishing such ditch, and confirming the report of the viewers, as provided for in section 9, chapter 258, the Laws of Minnesota for 1901, and acts amendatory thereof, have all been given and had, and when no appeal has been taken from said order, and the contracts for the digging of such ditch have not been let, the county auditor of the county in which such proceedings are and have been pending is hereby authorized and empowered and it is hereby made his duty within sixty days after the passage of this act to give notice of the letting of the contract for digging such ditch, and to let the contract to dig such ditch, in substantially the same manner and terms and conditions as provided for in section 13, chapter 258, Laws of Minnesota for the year 1901 and as amended by section 6 of chapter 38, Laws of Minnesota for the year 1902, and said auditor may fix the time in which such contracts shall be completed, and said auditor may adjourn such letting of such contracts from time to time, until the whole work is taken, and he shall have power to extend the time for the completion of such contracts when the party desiring to have such time extended shall apply to him in writing, setting forth under oath the reason why he desires such extension.

Sec. 2. Said county auditor and the county commissioners of such county shall have power to do and perform all things in the same manner and with the same conditions and provisions as are provided for letting of contracts to dig such ditch and all subsequent proceedings in relation to such ditch matter, as are provided for in chapter 258, Laws of Minnesota for the year 1901, as amended by chapter 38 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1902, and this act embraces all the provisions of said chapters 258 and 38 and they are hereby made a part of this act.

Sec. 3. All such proceedings in laying out and attempting to lay out and establish such ditch are hereby legalized, provided, that this act shall not apply to any proceedings now pending in any of the courts of this state.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 30, 1905.

CHAPTER 85—S. F. NO. 76.

AN ACT to amend section 19 of chapter 5 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1893, being section 3465 of Statutes of 1894, as amended by chapter 119 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1895, the same being "an act to confirm the location and establishment of the Minnesota hospital for the insane, and to provide for the commitment thereto and the management and supervision thereof, and the licensing and supervision of all other hospitals for the insane."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 19 of chapter 5 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for 1893, being section 3465 of the Statutes of 1894, as amended by chapter 119 of the General Laws of 1895, be, and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 19. Whenever the probate judge, or, in his absence, the court commissioner of any county shall receive information in writing duly verified by the person presenting the same, that there is an insane person in his county needing care and treatment (Form "B") the said judge of court or court commissioner shall issue his order (Form "C") directed to the sheriff of his county, or some other suitable person, commanding such alleged insane person to be brought before said judge or court commissioner for examination upon charge of insanity, and at the same time the said judge or court commissioner shall by order in writing appoint a jury (Form "G") consisting of two examiners in lunacy, who, with the said judge or court commissioner, shall constitute said jury, to examine the alleged insane person, when he shall be brought before said judge or court commissioner as directed, which said examiners in lunacy shall, before entering upon their duties, take and subscribe an oath (Form "D") to faithfully discharge their duties as such examiners. In all cases when ordering the examination of any alleged insane person, the said judge or court commissioner shall notify (Form "H") the county attorney, or in his absence an attorney to be appointed by the county attorney, who shall appear on behalf of said alleged insane person, and take such action as may be necessary to protect the rights of such person; and upon request of said county attorney or his substitute, the said judge or court commissioner shall issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses for such alleged insane person, to be sworn and give evidence on his behalf upon such examination; and it is hereby made the official duty of all county attorneys as hereinbefore provided to attend such examinations and represent the alleged insane, and to see that said alleged insane person is fully protected. And the said judges of probate and court commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered to issue subpoenas for the attendance of all witnesses upon such examination. If the said examiners' jury at the close of such examination shall find the information true, and that the person alleged to be insane is in fact insane, and a fit subject for hospital treatment, they shall within twenty-four hours after said examination certify to said fact (Form "E") and thereupon said judge or court commissioner shall issue a duplicate warrant (Form "F") committing said person to the custody of the superintendent of the proper state hospital for the insane or to the superintendent or keeper of any private licensed institution for the care of the insane, or shall place such warrant or commitment together with a certified copy of the certificate of the jury in the hands of the sheriff, or other suitable person whom he shall authorize to convey said insane person to the hospital.

Provided, that in case said insane person is a female, she shall be accompanied while being conveyed to the hospital by her husband, father, mother, brother or son or daughter or by a woman designated by the judge of probate or court commissioner.

Said warrant shall be issued within two days after the date of the said jury's certificate to the insanity of such person, and said sheriff or authorized person shall forthwith execute said warrant.

At its reception by him the duplicate warrant and certified copy of the jury's certificate shall be filed in the office of the superintendent, and the original, with the superintendent's indorsement thereon, shall be returned to the judge of probate and filed in his office.

If said jury, upon examination, shall find said person to be sane, or shall disagree as to his insanity, they shall so certify said fact, and said person shall be forthwith discharged.

The findings of said jury shall in all cases be entered upon the records of said judge or court commissioner.

Provided further, that in any county of this state having a population of one hundred and fifty thousand or more inhabitants, the judge of probate of such county may refer any or all examinations of alleged insane persons to the court commissioners of such county for full action by him, with said examiners in lunacy appointed by judge of probate in accordance with the provisions of this section; and in such case the court commissioner shall perform all the duties of the judge of probate, and when said findings are made, the court commissioner shall file the same with the probate court, together with all petitions, orders, affidavits and writings appertaining to the matter.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 30, 1905.

CHAPTER 86—S. F. NO. 223.

AN ACT to amend section one thousand five hundred and thirty-seven (1537), of the General Statutes of eighteen hundred and ninety-four (1894), as amended by chapter two hundred forty-six (246), of the laws of nineteen hundred and three (1903), relating to taxation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section one thousand five hundred and thirty-seven (1537), of the General Statutes of eighteen hundred and ninety-four (1894), as amended by chapter two hundred and forty-six (246) of the Laws of nineteen hundred and three (1903), be, and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1537. The county auditor shall annually provide the necessary assessment books and blanks at the expense of the county, for and to correspond with each assessment district. He shall make out, in the real property assessment book, complete lists of all lands or lots subject to taxation, showing the names of the owners, if to him known, and, if unknown, so stated opposite each tract or lot, the number of acres, and the lots or parts of lots or blocks, included in each discription of property. The list of real property becoming subject to assessment and taxation every odd numbered year may be appended to the personal property assessment book. There shall be appended to each personal property assessment book a list of all mortgages or other real estate securities held, owned or controlled by the residents of the town or district, except such as are held and owned by national and state banks, showing the names of the owners or agents, alphabetically arranged, and the amount due on each separate instrument. It is hereby made the duty of the register of deeds to make out such lists according to the records of his office and deliver them to the county auditor on or before the last Thursday of April in each year, but such lists shall not include the mortgages or other real estate securities held or owned by any national or state bank or banks. Expenses of such lists shall be paid by the county, on allowance by the county commissioners. The assessment books and blanks shall be in readiness for delivery to the assessors on the last Thursday of April of each year, and the assessors shall meet on that day at the office of the county auditor for the purpose of receiving such books and blanks, and for conference with the auditor in reference to the performance of their duties.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 30, 1905.

CHAPTER 87—S. F. NO. 86.

AN ACT to provide for placing questions relating to the adoption of a city charter or any amendments thereto, "or any proposition for the issuance of bonds," under any statutes of this state enacted in pursuance of section 36 of article IV. of the Constitution of Minnesota to be voted on by the people of any municipality, on a separate ballot.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. All questions relating to the adoption of a city charter or any amendments thereto, or any proposition for the issuance of bonds, by any municipality as provided for by any statutes of this state enacted in pursuance of section 36 of article IV. of the Constitution of Minnesota, submitted at any election to the electors of the municipality, shall be printed on one separate, lavender colored ballot and shall be prepared, printed and distributed under the direction of the city clerk at the same time and in the same manner as other city ballots. Such ballots, when voted, shall be deposited in a seperate ballot box, printed in a lavender color, to be procured by the local authorities for each voting precinct. Such ballot shall be canvassed, counted and returned and the result thereof declared in the same manner as other city ballots. The person under whose direction tally sheets and blanks for election returns are printed shall print such tally sheet and blanks for election returns in such manner as to provide appropriate spaces and columns for counting, canvassing votes and making proper returns for the question so placed on such lavender colored ballot.

Sec. 2. All acts or part of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in full force from and after June 1st, 1905.

Approved March 30, 1905.

CHAPTER 88—S. F. NO. 291.

AN ACT to amend section 26 of chapter 290 of the General Laws of 1903, entitled "An act to appropriate money out of the internal improvement fund to aid in building bridges and constructing roads and culverts, or draining lands or roads, or other improvements as the case may be, in certain counties in this state, and repealing certain appropriations heretofore made, and giving certain towns and counties the right to issue certificates of indebtedness."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 26 of chapter 290 of the General Laws of 1903, be amended so as to read as follows:

"Faribault County."—Section 26. That the sum of four hundred dollars ($400), is hereby appropriated out of said fund, to aid in building a bridge across the Blue Earth river on the quarter line between the northwest quarter (nw¼) and the southwest quarter (sw¼) of section sixteen (16), township one hundred and two (102), range twenty-seven (27), in said Faribault County where the east branch of the Blue Earth river crosses said line at the site known as the "Cumming's Bridge," which said bridge has been built and completed and paid for out of the county treasury of said county, and which said bridge is located in the City of Blue Earth in said county.

The said moneys shall be paid to the county treasurer of said County of Faribault, Minnesota, upon the presentation to the state auditor of a certificate from the board of county commissioners of said Faribault county, Minnesota, that the said bridge has been fully completed and paid for out of the county treasury of said county, and said moneys shall be placed to the credit of the "Road and Bridge Fund" of said county."

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after this passage.

Approved March 29, 1905.

CHAPTER 89—S. F. NO. 100.

AN ACT to amend section 2 of chapter 221 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1889, entitled "An act to amend title one (1) of chapter thirty four (34) of the General Statutes One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-eight (1878), relating to corporations."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 2 of chapter 221 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1889 entitled "An act to amend title one (1) of chapter thirty-four (34) of the General Statutes One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-eight (1878), relating to corporations" is hereby amended so that the same shall read as follows:

That said title one (1) of chapter thirty-four (34) be further amended by adding thereto the following: Any corporation formed under this title, in whole or in part, for the improvement of any stream or streams and driving or handling logs therein which shall have taken prior possession of such stream or streams, or any considerable portion thereof, upon which portion no other corporation organized for the purpose above mentioned has taken possession or has made improvements in aid of driving logs or of driving or handling thereid, shall have power to improve such stream or streams and their tributaries by clearing and straightening the channels thereof, closing sloughs, erecting sluiceways, booms of all kinds, side rolling sluicing, and flooding dams, or otherwise, as may be necessary; and may acquire any and all dams, booms, structures and works already erected by any person or persons, and also, all necessary rights of way, shore rights, land and lands under water, by purchase or by any of the methods provided in this title; but such corporation shall in no case in any manner materially obstruct or impede steamboat navigation, or driving or handling logs.

It shall be the duty of every such corporation to serve the public equally and reasonably, and for a reasonable compensation. Every such corporation which shall so improve a stream and so keep in repair and operate its works so as to render driving logs thereon reasonably practicable and certain, may charge and collect reasonable and uniform tolls upon all logs, lumber and timber driven, sluiced or floated on the same, and may take possession of all logs put into such stream or upon rollways, so as to impede the drive when the owners thereof or their agents shall not have come upon the streams, adequately provided with men, teams and tools for breaking the rollways and driving such logs in season for making a thorough drive down such stream without hindering the main drive; and shall also, at the request of the owner of any logs and timber put into said stream, take charge of the same and drive the same down and out of such stream, or down such stream so far as their improvements may extend and charge and collect therefor of the owner or party controlling said logs and timber reasonable charges and expenses for such services. And such corporation shall for all such tolls, costs and expenses have a lien on the logs for which the same was incurred, and may seize in whosoever possession found and hold a sufficient amount thereof to pay the same, and make sale thereof upon giving ten (10) days notice in the manner provided for notifying sales on execution upon the judgment of justice of the peace, or may enforce such liens as other liens are enforced by proper proceedings for that purpose, or may ask, demand, sue for, collect and receive from the owner or owners of such logs the amount due for any such tolls. No injunctional order shall be granted to prevent the use or enjoyment of any such improvement or abate any such dam necessary thereto, unless such corporation shall fail for sixty (60) days after judgment, from which no appeal has been taken, to pay any damages recovered for any injury done by, or in consequence of, its works. Any corporation formed for the improvement of a stream, which is in whole or in part a boundary between this and an adjoining state or country and authorized to drive logs or maintain booms or dams in such stream, shall have authority to purchase and hold stock in corporation or corporations in such adjoining state or country created for similar purposes upon the same stream, or to consolidate or otherwise unite with such corporation or corporations in such adjoining state or country, whenever the purposes for which the corporation in this state is organized can be better effected thereby. Provided, that no such purchase or consolidation or other union shall be made without the consent of holders of two-thirds (2-3) of the capital stock of such first (1st) named company. Provided, that all dams and other works erected under the authority given by this act shall be so constructed, used and operated as to facilitate and expedite the driving and handling logs and lumber upon the stream upon which the same may be erected, and the corporation making such improvements hereunder shall have no right to stop logs destined for points below its works on said stream except where dams have been constructed to accumulate water for sluicing logs and flushing the river below the same, and in such case shall not detain logs in any part of the river so as to form a jam or prevent the prompt delivery of logs destined for points below the works constructed under authority of this act.

Sec. 2. Nothing in this act contained shall effect any action or proceeding now pending in any court of this state.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 29, 1905.

CHAPTER 90—S. F. NO. 226.

AN ACT to amend section 6788 of chapter 92-a of the General Statutes 1894, being section 486 of the penal code of the State of Minnesota, relating to crimes against property.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 6788 of chapter 92-a of the General Statutes of Minnesota for 1894, relating to crimes against property, being section 486 of the penal code of the State of Minnesota, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 6788. A person who, not being the owner thereof, and without lawful authority, wilfully injures, disfigures, removes or destroys a grave stone, monument, work of art, or useful or ornamental improvement, or any shade tree or ornamental plant, whether situated upon private ground or upon a street, road, or sidewalk, cemetery, or public park or place, or who injures or removes from any grave in a cemetery any flowers, memorials or other tokens of affection, or other thing connected with them, or who hitches any horse or other animal to any monument, grave stone, tree or shrub on any cemetery grounds, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 29, 1905.

CHAPTER 91—S. F. NO. 15.

AN ACT entitled an act to amend chapter 235 of the General Laws of 1903, entitled "An act to authorize cities of over fifty thousand inhabitants to issue and sell their bonds for acquisition of lands for parks and parkway purposes, and relating to expenditures for park and parkway purposes by such cities," approved April 17th, 1903.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That chapter 235 of the General Laws of 1903, entitled "An act to authorize cities of over fifty thousand inhabitants to issue and sell their bonds for acquisition of lands for parks and parkway purposes, and relating to expenditures for park and parkway purposes by such cities," approved April 17th, 1903, be and the same is hereby amended by adding at the end of section one thereof, the following words, to wit: "The bonds authorized to be issued under this act shall in no case increase the total bonded indebtedness of such city, exclusive of all outstanding bonds issued for its permanent improvement revolving fund, and exclusive of all outstanding bonds issued for the purchase, construction, extension or improvement of its water works and lighting plant, or for either thereof, to a sum exceeding ten per cent of the assessed valuation of all taxable property in such city for purposes of general taxation, as shown by the last previous assessment, but within the limit of bonded indebtedness aforesaid any such city may issue its bonds authorized by this act, in such sum or sums as its common council may authorize, in the manner prescribed in section two of this act, provided the total of all the bonds so issued by any such city under this act shall not exceed the sum of one hundred thousand dollars."

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 31, 1905.

CHAPTER 92—H. F. NO. 164.

AN ACT to amend section fifteen (15) of chapter three hundred and forty-nine (349) of the General Laws of the year 1899, relating to the time for holding primary elections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section fifteen (15) of chapter three hundred and forty-nine (349) of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine (1899) be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 15. The polls in the several election districts on the primary election day shall be kept open for the purpose of voting, and the same officers shall remain in session for the purpose of registration of voters, for the same length of time, which shall be from nine (9) o'clock in the morning until nine (9) o'clock in the evening, in towns, and from six (6) o'clock in the morning until nine (9) o'clock in the evening in cities and villages and in places where incorporated villages and townships are one election precinct. If at the hour of closing there are any electors in the polling place, or in line at the door, desiring to vote, and who are qualified to register and participate therein, and have not been able to do so since appearing at the polling place, said polls shall be kept open reasonably long enough after the hour for closing to allow those present at that hour to register and vote. No one not present at the hour of closing shall be entitled to register and vote because the polls may not actually be closed when he arrives.

No adjournment or intermission whatever shall take place until the polls shall be closed and until all the votes cast at such polls have been counted and the result publicly announced; but this shall not be deemed to prevent any temporary recess while taking meals or other necessary delay, provided that the board shall remain in session and that no more than one member of the board of election shall at any time be absent from the polling place.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 31, 1905.

CHAPTER 93—H. F. NO. 244.

AN ACT entitled an act authorizing the formation of corporations to loan money on farm mortgages, to deal in mortgages on farm lands, and to issue and negotiate debentures thereon.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Any three or more persons may form a corporation for the purpose of loaning its money on first mortgages on improved farm lands, and of buying such mortgages and of issuing and negotiating its debentures thereon; such corporation to have the power of executing all contracts, incumbrances, transfers, releases and other instruments necessary to the transaction of such business.

Sec. 2. Such corporation shall have a paid up capital of at least one hundred thousand dollars (100,000), and the word "debenture" shall be a part of its corporate name.

Sec. 3. Before the execution of the certificate of incorporation of any such corporation, its proposed name shall be submitted to the public examiner, who shall compare it with those of corporations operating in this state, and if it is likely to be mistaken for any of them, or to confuse the public as to the character of its business, or is otherwise objectionable, additional names shall be submitted until a satisfactory one is selected, whereupon he shall issue his certificate of approval thereof.

Sec. 4. Within ninety days after the adoption of its by-laws, or of any amendment thereof, a certified copy of the same shall be filed with the public examiner.

Sec. 5. The mortgages taken by such corporation in each instance must be a first lien upon the land described therein, the major portion of which land shall be tillable, the whole thereof in actual use for farming purposes, and worth at least twice the amount of the mortgage taken thereon.

Sec. 6. Such corporation may issue and negotiate its debentures in the following manner:

1. The debentures may be issued in series of not less than $10,000 each, the respective series to be identified by a common serial letter, and the debentures of a given series to be numbered consecutively.

2. As security for the total amount of any given series of debentures, there shall be set apart, in the manner provided by this act, mortgages aggregating in amount at least ten per cent more than the total amount of such debentures.

3. Such corporation shall file for record in the office of the register of deeds in each county in which the mortgages securing any given series of debentures are recorded an instrument of transfer, which shall contain a description of each of such mortgages in such county, and shall recite that such mortgages are held by such corporation as security for a certain series of its debentures, giving the date, amount, serial letter and number of each said debentures; when so recorded such instrument shall have the effect to transfer and assign every such mortgage to such corporation as trustee, to be thereafter held by it for the use and benefit of the holder or holders of such debentures.

4. Such corporation shall file with the public examiner, before any series of debentures are negotiated, an instrument giving the description of such series, showing the date, serial letter, number, amount and terms of each debenture, a description of each mortgage held to secure the same, the appraised value of each tract of land described therein, and the date and place of record of the instrument of transfer required by subdivision 3.

A record of such instrument shall be made by the public examiner in a book to be kept for that purpose; at the time such record is made the public examiner shall certify on each of such debentures that the provisions of this section have been fully complied with.

Sec. 7. All debentures may be made for such length of time as the corporation may fix, but they shall be subject to call and payment as the mortgages securing the same are paid, upon the conditions following:

In case of the payment of a mortgage securing any debentures before their maturity, the money so received may be reinvested in the same manner as provided in section V, and the mortgage or mortgages so received shall take the place of the mortgage so paid; or, mortgages aggregating a like amount or more, belonging to said company which are not otherwise pledged and not belonging to its reserve fund, may be substituted for the mortgage so paid; and in either case the same instrument shall be executed and filed and the same record shall be made in the place of the register of deeds and in the office of the public examiner as provided in section VI; and until such reinvestment is made the money received in payment of any mortgage held as security for any debentures shall not be mingled with the fund otherwise belonging to such corporation, but shall at all times be kept separate and distinct, and if such funds are not reinvested within six months after the receipt thereof, then and thereupon debentures to the amount of such payment shall be called in and paid upon such terms as may be provided therein.

Sec. 8. All payments of principal on mortgages securing any series of debentures made during any quarter year shall be reported to the public examiner on or before the tenth day of the following quarter, unless oftener required by the public examiner, which report shall show what reinvestments have been made thereof, and in like manner, report shall be made of the payment and discharge of all debentures during such quarter. If the aggregate of the mortgages securing any series of debentures shall at any time exceed more than ten per cent of the total of such debentures, such corporation may retain from any payment on the principal of any such mortgages the amount of such excess.

Sec. 9. No new debentures shall be negotiated while any default exists in any of the mortgages held as security for any previous issue of debentures, without first complying with all requirements of this act concerning mortgages in default, nor while default exists in the payment of any portion of the interest or principal due on any debenture previously issued.

Sec. 10. If there shall at any time be an impairment of the capital of any such corporation no debentures shall be thereafter issued until the stockholders have paid into the treasury of such corporation the amount necessary to restore such capital, and a certificate showing that the same has been done shall be given to such corporation by the public examiner.

Sec. 11. The books, records and papers of such corporation pertaining to any series of debentures shall be open for the inspection of the holder of any debenture of such series, and such corporation shall at the request of such holder furnish a statement giving a complete description of all mortgages held as security for such debentures.

Sec. 12. Such corporation shall not at any time incur any indebtedness, except upon its debentures, and for the usual and necessary expenses incident to the transaction of its business.

Sec. 13. No officer, director, stockholder, agent or servant of such corporation shall directly or indirectly in any manner use any of the funds of the corporation, except in its regular business transactions; neither shall any loan be made to any such officer, director, stockholder, agent, or servant, nor shall they or either of them become surety in any manner for any debt due or payable to such corporation.

Sec. 14. The debentures of such corporation shall be lawful investments for any trust company, life or fire insurance company organized under the laws of this state and for trust funds in charge of any trustee unless expressly restricted by the person or persons creating such trust, provided, that not more than twenty per centum of the capital of any such company or of any such trust funds may be so invested.

Sec. 15. Such corporation may sell, and for that purpose assign, transfer and deliver any of its mortgages not pledged as security for any of its debentures, and not belonging to its reserve fund.

Sec. 16. At the end of each dividend period after deducting all necessary expenses, losses, interest and taxes due or levied, and after setting apart out of the net profits a sum sufficient to cover any amount then in default on any of the mortgages securing any series of debentures, one-fifth of the remaining net profits for such period shall be set aside as a reserve fund until the same equals one-half of the capital stock. The directors may then declare a dividend of so much of the remainder as they may deem expedient.

Whenever in any way impaired such reserve fund shall be raised to such percentage in like manner. The reserve fund may be invested in the manner provided in section V., but no debentures shall be issued on such mortgages.

Sec. 17. In case default shall be made in the payment of the principal or interest due on any mortgage securing any series of debentures for the period of sixty days, such fact shall thereupon be reported to the public examiner, and if such default shall not be removed within thirty days thereafter, the amount so in default shall be charged to the reserve fund, and mortgages or cash belonging to the reserve fund aggregating the amount so in default shall be transferred from the reserve fund to the debenture fund, and if there be not mortgages or funds in the reserve fund sufficient for this purpose, the balance remaining shall be taken from any funds belonging to such corporation.

All cash so transferred to such debenture fund shall be treated as a payment on such default mortgage, and shall be governed by the provisions of section VII. concerning reinvestments, and the same instruments shall be filed and records made in the case of the reinvestment of such funds as is provided in said section VII. When such transfers shall have been so made, proof thereof shall be furnished the public examiner in such manner as he may prescribe, whereupon the public examiner shall issue a certificate for record releasing such default mortgage from the lien of such series of debentures.

Sec. 18. Such corporation may purchase, hold or convey land sold upon foreclosure of mortgages owned by it or held by it as security for its debentures, or upon judgments, or decrees in its favor or in the settlement of depits (debts) or received in exchange as a part of the consideration of real estate held by it; but no item of real estate shall be carried upon the books of the corporation at a greater sum than the actual cost thereof, and all real estate acquired by such corporation shall be sold within five years after its acquirement, unless the time is extended by the public examiner on application of the board of directors. Provided, however, that such corporation may acquire and hold the title to such land as may be necessary for an office building for its use, but not more than ten per cent of the capital of such corporation may be so invested. Such corporation may change its location, dispose of its place of business and acquire another upon the written approval of the public examiner.

Sec. 19. Every such corporation shall at all times be under the supervision and subject to the control of the public examiner. At least annually, and as much oftener as he deems it necessary, without previous notice, such examiner, his deputy or assistant, may visit and examine the business and office of every such corporation, verify its books, vouchers and papers, and ascertain its financial condition and ability to perform its functions and fulfill its obligations, and wherein, if at all, it has violated any provision of law, and determine what, if any, further action shall be taken in the premises. For the purpose of making such examination he is authorized to enforce the attendance of witnesses, of persons whose testimony is desired, and the production of books and papers by subpoena or attachment, and may administer oaths to witnesses and compel them to testify. If the examiner is of the opinion that the further operation of such corporation is hazardous to public interests he shall forthwith take possession of its property and report the matter to the governor for appropriate action.

Sec. 20. At least four times in each year, and at any other time when so required by the public examiner, every such corporation shall promptly make and transmit to him in such form and within such time as he shall prescribe a report, verified by its president, vice president, secretary or assistant secretary, and attested by at least one of its directors, stating in detail under appropriate heads its liabilities and assets at the close of business on the date specified in such request, if upon special request, otherwise on the last business day of the preceding month. Such statement shall be published once at the expense of such corporation in a newspaper of the county of its location, and proof thereof filed immediately with the examiner.

Sec. 21. Every such corporation which shall fail to make and transmit to the public examiner within ten days after the time prescribed by law therefor any report required by the provisions of this act, or by other lawful authority, or shall fail to include therein any matter required by such examiner, shall forfeit to the state the sum of one hundred dollars ($100) for every day that such report is withheld or delayed, or that it shall fail to report any such omitted matter, and every such corporation which shall so fail twice in succession to make and transmit any such report shall forfeit its corporate rights and franchises.

Sec. 22. All instruments of every character required by this act to be made on behalf of such corporation, except as herein otherwise provided, shall be signed by its president or vice president and attested by its secretary or assistant secretary under the seal of such corporation.

Sec. 23. No such corporation shall make an assignment by reason of existing or probable insolvency. The board of directors, if satisfied that it is, or is about to become insolvent, shall immediately report such fact to the public examiner, who, if satisfied from such report or any other source, that such corporation has failed or refused to pay either the interest or principal due on any of its debentures, has become insolvent, that its books of account are falsely or fraudulently kept, or that it has violated any provisions of law, shall forthwith take possession of its books, records and property. Its property shall not be subject to attachment or levy, nor shall a receiver be appointed during such reasonable time as he may require for an examination and to apply for a receiver. When appointed, the receiver shall take possession, under the direction of the court, of such books, records and other property belonging to such corporation, together with all mortgages and other property held by it as security for any of its debentures, and shall collect all debts due such corporation, sell or compound bad or doubtful ones and sell all corporate property on such terms as the court shall direct, and when necessary pay corporate debts and enforce the individual liability of stockholders. He shall pay over all moneys received by him and make report of his doings to the public examiner at such times and in such manner as he may prescribe. The moneys received from the securities belonging to any series of debentures shall be applied to the payment of such debentures, and any excess remaining may be applied on the order of the court to the payment of any unsecured indebtedness. Whenever, after report by such directors and before the appointment of a receiver, said examiner shall find the corporation in such condition that all creditors aside from the stockholders can be paid in full from its assets, he may relinquish possession of its property to its proper officers; and whenever at any stage of the proceedings the stockholders of such corporation show the court that it is able to pay all other creditors, and such showing is approved by said examiner, the court may order the property turned over to the stockholders for liquidation or other arrangement and discharge the receiver.

Sec. 24. Every such corporation shall pay to the public examiner an annual fee based on the amount of debentures outstanding on the first day of December in each year as follows: On the first two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000) or part thereof at the rate of one dollar per thousand dollars; on all in excess of two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000) at the rate of fifty cents per thousand dollars, the minimum fee to be not less than $100 in any year; which amount shall be paid by the public examiner into the state treasury.

Sec. 25. Any wilful misstatement of any fact required by this act to be made by any officer, agent or servant of such corporation shall be deemed perjury, and shall be subject to the prosecutions and punishments prescribed by law for that offense. Each and every officer, agent or servant of such corporation, and every other individual who shall knowingly or wilfully do or omit anything, the doing or omissions of which on the part of such corporation, is a violation of the provisions of this act, and who continues or repeats such act or omission for or during more than ten succesive days shall be guilty of a felony.

Sec. 26. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 27. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 31, 1905.

CHAPTER 94—H. F. NO. 624.

AN ACT to amend chapter two hundred and ninety (290) of the Laws of nineteen hundred and three (1903) so as to permit the expenditure of certain funds therein appropriated upon a road other than the one named therein, in Sibley county.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the sum of two hundred dollars ($200) appropriated by chapter two hundred and ninety (290) of the Laws of nineteen hundred and three (1903) to aid in building a bridge on the Gosewitch road in Sibley county not having been used, by reason of the improvement having been found impracticable, the town board of the town of Arlington, in said county, is hereby authorized to expend said sum in the erection and repairs of bridges and culverts on the Soeffke and Creamery road, so called, in said town; and all the provisions of said chapter two hundred and ninety (290) so far as applicable shall relate hereto, the same as if the appropriation had been originally made for said last named road.

Sec. 2. That so much of chapter two hundred and ninety (29) of the Laws of nineteen hundred and three (1903) as is inconsistent herewith is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 31, 1905.

CHAPTER 95—H. F. NO. 752.

AN ACT relating to villages situated in more than one county.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Whenever any village heretofore or hereafter organized includes territory in more than one county, the register of deeds of the county in which the original certificates showing the incorporation and the boundaries of such village are filed and recorded may, on demand, make a certificate showing the territory included in such village, which certificate may be filed in the office of the auditor of any other county in which any of the territory within such village is located, and such certificate shall be prima facie evidence of the facts therein stated for the purpose of levying village taxes or otherwise.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 31, 1905.

CHAPTER 96—H. F. NO. 630.

AN ACT relating to the audit of claims and the payments from certain funds in the state treasury.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Whenever claims against the state for any purposes are made upon the following named funds, to wit: Soldiers' relief, soldiers' home support, game and fish commission, grain inspection, live stock sanitary board, oil inspection or new state capitol maintenance, the officer or board authorized by law to present or approve such claims shall furnish a verified abstract prepared in triplicate, one of which shall be delivered to the state auditor, one to the state treasurer and one to be retained by the department, board, officer or institution on account of which such requisition is made; such abstract shall contain the name, residence and amount due each claimant, and shall designate the department, institution and fund on account of which payment is to be made. The copy of the abstract delivered to the state auditor shall be accompanied by the original voucher or vouchers, together with the proof of claim for each item included in such abstract. And if there be sufficient money in the proper fund, the state auditor shall issue his warrant upon the state treasurer for the gross amount shown by such abstract; and the state treasurer shall deliver checks to the several persons entitled thereto, as shown by such abstract, and he shall preserve in his office a record of each check and remittance, showing the date of its issue, the name of the payee and any other facts tending to evidence its payment.

Sec. 2. The method provided in section 1, for presenting claims for payment from the state treasury shall be followed as far as practicable whenever requisition is made for the payment of money due on account of apportionment to fire companies and fire department relief associations.

Sec. 3. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions hereof are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 31, 1905.

CHAPTER 97—H. F. NO. 405.

AN ACT to amend section fifteen (15) of chapter two hundred and ninety (290) of the General Laws of nineteen hundred and three (1903), relating to the appropriation of money out of the internal improvement fund, to aid in building a road, bridges and culverts in Cass county.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section fifteen (15) of chapter two hundred and ninety (290) of the General Laws of nineteen hundred three (1903), be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 15. That the sum of eight hundred dollars ($800.00) is hereby appropriated out of said fund to be used and expended in opening up, building and repairing the county road now laid out and running south from the village of Walker, through township one hundred and forty-two (142), range thirty-one (31) and township one hundred and forty-one (141), ranges thirty (30) and thirty-one (31), in Cass county, which said road is known as the Walker-Lothrop road; and for the construction of bridges and culverts on said road. Said money shall be expended under the supervision of the board of county commissioners of said county.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 31, 1905.

CHAPTER 98—H. F. NO. 380.

AN ACT to authorize town clerks to hold their office in certain villages.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The town clerk of any town in this state may hold his office in any village, the territory of which said village shall have been, prior to the incorporation thereof, a part of and included within the boundaries of such town.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 31, 1905.

CHAPTER 99—H. F. NO. 351.

AN ACT to reinstate and validate sales of school lands made October 17th, 1902, for defect in publishing the notice of sale.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That in all cases where sales of state school lands, made October 17th, 1902, have been canceled by the state auditor, for the reason that notice of such sale was published in a newspaper at St. Paul, Minnesota, three times instead of four successive weeks, as required by law, and said lands have not been resold to any person. Such sales are hereby reinstated and validated, and in all things confirmed in the purchaser, and the state auditor is authorized and directed in all of such cases to complete such sale, by issuing to the purchaser, upon his complying with the terms of payment, a certificate of sale of such lands duly executed, acknowledged and delivered as provided by law.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 31, 1905.

CHAPTER 100—H. F. NO. 276.

AN ACT to amend section one hundred twenty (120) of chapter eight (8) of the General Laws of eighteen hundred ninety-five (1895), and entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation, organization and government of cities."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section one hundred twenty (120) of chapter eight (8) of the General Laws of einghteen hundred ninety-five (1895) be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 120. Issuance of bonds and incurring of indebtedness.—Any ordinance or resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds of the city shall require an affirmative vote of three-fourths of all the members of the city council; if, however, it shall receive a majority, but less than the three-fourths vote of all the members of the city council, it may be submitted for ratification to the electors of the city at the next regular city election, or at a special election called for that purpose. The form of ballot to be used at which shall be prescribed by the city council. If two-thirds of all the electors voting upon such question shall vote in favor of the issuance of such bonds, then said ordinance or resolution shall take effect and be in force; otherwise, the same shall become null and void. Provided, however, that a majority vote of the members of the city council shall be sufficient to pass an ordinance or resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds for the purpose of paying maturing bonds of the city without submission to the electors; provided, further, that the amount of all such bonds, except as hereinafter provided, shall be controlled by the limitations herein made on the power to issue bonds, and the city council shall not in any manner, either with or without the vote of the people, authorize the issuance of any bonds or create any indebtedness of the city in excess of the said limit herein prescribed, except as hereinafter provided; provided, further, that if any ordinance or resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds of the city for the purpose of constructing, erecting or maintaining any water plant within such city shall have received a two-third vote of all the members of the city council of such city and shall have been submitted for ratification to the electors of such city at a regular city election, or at a special election called for that purpose and shall have received a two-third vote of all the electors voting upon such question, then such bonds issued pursuant to such ordinance or resolution, and all indebtedness created thereby, shall not be deemed to be a part of the total indebtedness of such city nor shall the amount of such bonds be controlled by the limitations herein made on the power to issue bonds; nor shall any additional bonds thereafter issued for the purpose of extending, enlarging or improving such water plant, or for the purpose of protecting the purity of the water supply of such city, be deemed a part of the total indebtedness of such city, nor shall the amount thereof be controlled by the limitations herein made on the power to issue bonds.

Sec. 2. That this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 31, 1905.

CHAPTER 101—H. F. NO. 238.

AN ACT to regulate the practice of embalming dead human bodies.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. No person shall embalm any dead human body in the State of Minnesota without being licensed by the state board of health, as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. The state board of health of the State of Minnesota is hereby authorized and empowered to examine all applicants for license to practice embalming, and to determine whether or not such applicants possess the necessary qualifications to properly embalm dead human bodies; and, if upon such examination, said board shall determine that such applicant is properly qualified to embalm dead human bodies, it shall grant a license to such person to embalm human dead bodies for a period ending the thirty-first (31st) day of July following.

Sec. 3. The applicant for license shall at the time of application pay a fee of five (5) dollars. No person shall be granted any such license unless he shall, in addition to other qualifications, be at least twenty-one (21) years of age, of good moral charcter, and shall have for at least one year had practical experience in embalming.

Sec. 4. Any person now holding a license from the state board of health as an embalmer shall be held to be licensed as an embalmer under the terms of this act, but all such licenses shall expire July thirty-one (31st) next. Any license may be renewed from time to time and shall be in force after such renewal for a period of two (2) years from the thirty-first (31) day of the preceding July, upon the payment of a renewal fee of one (1) dollar.

Sec. 5. The state board of health may revoke any license granted, or may refuse to grant or renew a license upon proof of the violation by the holder of such license or the applicant for such license or renewal of the rules of the state board of health concerning the care, custody or disposition of dead human bodies, or the disinfecting of premises where contagion exists, or for want of moral character or of capacity.

Sec. 6. Any person who shall embalm a dead human body, or who shall hold himself out as an embalmer thereof without being licensed as herein provided, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be liable to a fine of not less than twenty-five (25) dollars or more than a hundred dollars or imprisonment for a period of not to exceed three (3) months.

Sec. 7. This act shall be in force from and after January first (1st), nineteen hundred six (1906.)

Approved March 31, 1905.

CHAPTER 102—S. F. NO. 4.

AN ACT to provide for the care, operation and maintenance of the new state capitol, and to appropriate money therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The board of state capitol commissioners heretofore created under and by virtue of chapter 2, of the general Laws of 1893, are hereby authorized, in addition to the powers heretofore given them, to properly care for, operate and maintain the new capitol building, and to prepare, adorn and care for the grounds surrounding the same, until such time as said building may be fully completed, not exceeding two years from the passage of this act, and shall hire and employ such engineers, firemen, electricians, elevator operators, janitors and other help as may be needed, and discharge the same and hire others in their discretion, and shall, through the board of control of state institutions, purchase necessary fuel and other supplies.

Sec. 2. Two years from the passage of this act, or at such earlier date as it may be completed, the new capitol building shall be turned over to the governor, and the latter shall assume and thereafter have full control thereof, with the surrounding grounds, and shall care for, operate and maintain the same in the manner and subject to the limitations prescribed in section 1 hereof.

Sec. 3. There is hereby appropriated for the purposes of this act the following amounts, or so much thereof as may be necessary: Twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) for the year ending July 31st, 1905, and sixty thousand dollars ($60,000) annually thereafter.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

CHAPTER 103—S. F. NO. 183.

AN ACT to provide for payment of compensation awarded for land condemned for public parks and parkway purposes in cities now or hereafter having a population of over fifty thousand inhabitants.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That when any city in this state now or hereafter having a population of over fifty thousand inhabitants shall cause to be condemned any land for public parks or parkway purposes, such city shall thereupon cause to be paid to the owner of such property the amount of damages, over and above all benefits, which may have been awarded therefor, within one year after confirmation of the award or assessment, or the final determination of any appeals therefor, with interest at the rate of five per cent per annum, but nothing in this act shall take away any existing right to annul and abandon such proceedings.

Sec. 2. That any such city is hereby authorized to pay the whole or any part of any award or judgment for land condemned for park or parkway purposes out of the park fund, in case said city has on hand in the park fund, or can obtain by donation, bequest or otherwise under lawful authority, moneys available therefor.

Sec. 3. Nothing contained in this act shall deprive the city of the power to abandon proceedings as now provided by law.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 5, 1905.

CHAPTER 104—S. F. NO. 227.

AN ACT to amend section five thousand and ninety-three (5093) of the General Statutes of Minnesota for the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four (1894) relating to jurisdiction of justices of the peace.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section five thousand and ninety-three (5093) of the General Statutes of Minnesota for the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four (1894) be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 5093. Justices of the peace have power and jurisdiction, throughout their respective counties, as follows:

First—To cause to be kept all laws made for the preservation of the peace;

Second. To cause to come before them, or any of them, persons who break the peace, and commit them to jail, or bail them, as the case may require.

Third. To arrest and cause to come before them, persons who attempt to break the peace, persons who keep houses of ill fame, or frequenters of the same, or common prostitutes, and compel them to give security for their good behavior, and to keep the peace.

Fourth. To cause to come before them persons who are charged with committing any criminal offense, and commit them to jail, or bail them, as the case may require; provided, however, that no justices of the peace shall have jurisdiction of any offenses committed within the limits of any city or village wherein a municipal court is organized and existing, but such offenses, otherwise cognizable by justices of the peace, and those arising under the charter ordinances or by-laws of the city or village shall be examined or tried by the municipal court therein existing; provided, this act shall not apply to territory within one-half mile of the outer limits of the state fair grounds.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 5, 1905.

CHAPTER 105—S. F. NO. 280.

AN ACT to authorize and empower cities in this state having a population of not less than ten thousand nor more than twenty thousand inhabitants to construct, erect, purchase or otherwise acquire water works, and to issue bonds for such purpose.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That each city in the State of Minnesota, now or hereafter having not less than ten thousand and not more than twenty thousand inhabitants, according to the then last preceding national census, is hereby authorized and empowered, as hereinafter provided, to construct, erect, purchase or otherwise, pursuant to authority of law, acquire a system of water works to be operated and governed by such city, in such manner and to be managed and regulated by such boards or commissions, or otherwise, as from time to time may be prescribed by lawful authority, and each said city is authorized to issue bonds in payment therefore, as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. That each such city is hereby authorized to issue in payment for any such system of water works, or to pay and discharge or refund any bonds secured by a mortgage upon any water works heretofore or hereafter purchased by any such city, and existing at the time of such purchase, in addition to all bonds heretofore authorized to be issued by any such city, its bonds, in an amount to be determined by a two-thirds vote of all the members of its city council, not exceding in amount five per cent of the assessed valuation of the taxable property of such city, according to the last preceding assessment thereof, for the aforesaid purpose of constructing, erecting, purchasing or acquiring, in any lawful manner a system of water works.

Sec. 3. Before any bond shall be issued as provided in this act, the city council shall by resolution authorize the issuance thereof, subject to the approval of the legal voters of such city, and by such resolution, such city council shall determine the amount of bonds to be issued, the rate of interest, which shall not exceed four per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, and the time of the maturity of such bonds, which may be at such time or times and in such installments as the council shall in such resolution provide, and such bonds may be issued in such denominations as such resolution may provide, and such council shall in such resolution fix a time either at an annual or special election to be called for that purpose, when the voters of such city shall vote upon the question of the issuance of such bonds, and at the time so fixed by such city council the legal voters of such city shall vote upon the question of the issuance of such bonds. The form of ballot therefor shall be as follows:

"Shall the city of ——— issue its bonds in the sum of ——— dollars, bearing interest at —— per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, for the purpose of acquiring and owning a system of water works, pursuant to a resolution of the city council of said city, passed on the —— day of ——, 190—?"

Yes	......
No	......

Voters who desire to vote for the issuance of such bonds shall place a cross (X) opposite the word "Yes" of said ballot, and those who desire to vote against the issuance of said bonds shall place a cross (X) opposite the word "No" of said ballot. Such election, if a special election, shall be conducted in all respects as a general election, except that it shall not be necessary to have more than two days for registration, which days shall be one week and two weeks, respectively, prior to the day of such election. If the majority of the voters who vote upon such question shall vote for the issuance of said bonds, then the same shall be issued, otherwise they shall not be issued.

Sec. 4. The bonds of any such city issued pursuant to the terms of this act may be issued and sold from time to time as determined and authorized by ordinance or resolution adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of all the members of the city council, and all interest upon such bonds shall be evidenced by coupons attached to such bonds, and which interest shall be payable at such times and at such place or places as may be specified in such ordinance or resolution. Such bonds shall be sealed with the seal of the city issuing them and be signed by the mayor and city clerk or recorder, and such coupons shall be signed by the city clerk or recorder, and such bonds shall not be sold for less than par value and accrued interest to the highest responsible bidder after notice published once in each week in a daily newspaper, if there be one in such city, for two successive weeks; if not, then once in each week for two successive weeks in a weekly newspaper in said city, and also once in each week for two successive weeks in a daily newspaper published in the city of St. Paul, Minnesota.

Sec. 5. None of the proceeds of any of the bonds issued pursuant to the provisions of this act, nor any part thereof, shall be used for any other purpose than the purposes hereinbefore specified, together with the necessary expense attending such purposes, and the purpose or purposes for which such bonds shall be issued shall be distinctly set forth in the ordinance or resolution authorizing the same.

Sec. 6. None of the bonds of any such city issued pursuant to the terms and provisions of this act shall be deemed or taken to be a part of the indebtedness of such city within the purview of any law limiting the amount of the bonded or other indebtedness of any such city, and the bonds authorized by this act may be issued notwithstanding and without regard to any limitation of the indebtedness of such city, nevertheless the full faith and credit of every such city is irrevocably pledged to the full payment of all such bonds and interest.

Sec. 7. Every such city issuing any bonds under authority of this act is hereby required to levy each year thereafter the necessary tax upon all the taxable property of such city for the purpose of raising an amount which shall be equivalent to the reasonable value of the hydrant rental and other water consumed or used by such city and provided by such system of water works, which sum shall be paid into and credited to a fund known as the "water works fund," which shall be kept separate from all other moneys of such city, and shall be under the control and management of the governing body, board or commission of such city which shall have the control, government and management of such water works system as may be from time to time provided by law, and likewise all rentals and revenue derived from such system of water works in any manner shall be paid into such fund, and all expenses of management and operation, and otherwise, of such system of water works shall be paid out of said fund, and from the balance thereof there shall each year be set aside a sufficient amount to pay the interest upon all bonds issued by authority of this act and such further sums as may be necessary to create a sinking fund, to pay the principal of such bonds as they mature, and a sufficient sum to pay the interest as it falls due upon any bonds secured by a mortgage upon such water works, given before and such purchase thereof. Said sinking fund to be known as the "water works sinking fund." And in case of any deficiency in the amount of said water works fund every such city is hereby required to levy each year the necessary tax upon all the taxable property of such city for the purpose of making up any such deficiency, and of paying the interest upon all such bonds so issued and of creating a sufficient sinking fund to pay such bonds as they mature, and such sinking fund shall not be diverted to or used for any other purpose than that of paying the interest and principal upon the bonds issued by authority of this act; and none of the receipts of said water works system shall be diverted to any other purpose except that of the maintenance, operation and extension of said water works system, and of the payment of the interest and principal of the bonds issued pursuant to this act.

Sec. 8. Every such city is hereby authorized and empowered by a two-thirds vote of the common council thereof to contract on behalf of said city for the purchase of water works or for the building and construction of a system of water works, but no contract for such building or construction shall be entered into until after said city council, or other governing body, shall cause an advertisement for sealed bids for the performance of such contract to be published by the city clerk or recorder thereof, at least once in each week for three successive weeks, in a daily newspaper published in said city, if one there be; if there be none then once in each week for three successive weeks in a weekly newspaper published in said city, and also once in each week for three successive weeks in a daily newspaper published in St. Paul or Minneapolis. The council, or other governing body, shall have authority to prescribe such terms and conditions relative to the making of such bonds for such contract and relative to the security which each bidder shall be required to make or deposit with such bid, as to such council shall seem expedient and proper, and shall have authority to reject any and all bids; but no such contract to purchase or construct shall be valid unless, either prior to the making thereof or thereafter, in case bonds are required to be issued to pay for such water works, a majority of the legal voters of such city shall vote in favor of the issuance of such bonds, as hereinbefore provided.

Sec. 9. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 4, 1905.

CHAPTER 106—S. F. NO. 174.

AN ACT to establish a drainage commission and to provide for the drainage of the swamp and marshy lands of the state.

Whereas, by acts of congress of February 28, 1850 and March 12, 1860, there was granted to the State of Minnesota by the United States of America upward of five million (5,000,000) acres of swamp lands situated in different counties in the state of the value of more than three million seven hundred thousand dollars ($3,700,000) and more than three quarters thereof in value and acreage has heretofore been appropriated by said state; and,

Whereas, by the acts of congress granting said lands it was provided that the proceeds of said lands, whether from sale or by direct appropriation in kind, shall be applied exclusively, as far as necessary, to the purpose of reclaiming said lands by means of levees and drains; and,

Whereas, the State of Minnesota is the owner of large tracts of low wet lands situate in different parts of the state, and the value of said lands will be greatly increased and the public health improved by draining the same;

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That a commission consisting of the Governor, the state auditor and the secretary of state be, and the same hereby is, created, to be known as the drainage commission of the State of Minnesota. The governor shall be the chairman of the said commission, and preside at all meetings of said commission. A majority of the members of said commission shall have authority to act in all matters and perform all duties required to be performed by said commission.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of said commission as soon as practicable after the passage and approval of this act to ascertain the number of acres of low wet lands belonging to the state that it is necessary to drain in order to make them fit for agricultural purposes, and where the same is located, and what ditches and drains it shall be necessary to construct to drain the said land, and they shall cause to be constructed as many ditches of the size and capacity as they find necessary to effectually drain said lands so that they will be in a fit condition for farming. They are hereby authorized to repair, extend, deepen or alter any ditch heretofore or hereafter constructed by the state or by its direction or authority when necessary to drain the lands originally intended to be drained by such ditch; and they are further authorized to determine when, where and in what manner the work herein provided shall be done; provided, that the said commission shall first construct the main ditches or drains they find most necessary, leaving those where the necessity for drainage is less pressing for subsequent construction, and if the moneys available are not sufficient to construct all the ditches or drains said commission find necessary to be constructed to effectually drain the said state lands, they shall construct as many as the money they have at their disposal will allow. In the execution of the provisions of this act the said commissioners shall have full power to appoint and employ as many agents and servants as they find necessary and proper to comply with the provisions hereof.

Sec. 3. In performing the duties herein imposed upon them the commission hereby created shall have the right to take and appropriate all necessary land of any person or persons, firms or corporations, for the right of way for said ditches, and if the owner of any land that it is found necessary to so take or appropriate and the said commissioners are not able to agree on the price to be paid for the land necessary to be taken for the right of way for the said ditches, or the damage that will be sustained by reason of the construction of said ditch, or when the owner is unknown the said commission shall file a petition in the district court of the county wherein the land desired is situated, describing the land they deem necessary to take for the construction of said ditch, the name of the owner of the land, if known, to said commissioners, and if not known, said petition shall so state. Upon the filing of said petition the court shall appoint three disinterested persons commissioners, whose duty it shall be to assess the valuation of the land so to be taken, and the damages sustained for the taking the same, taking into consideration however, any benefits to the adjoining land of said owner by reason of the construction of said ditches or drains.

The commissioners before entering upon the duties of their office shall severally take and subscribe an oath to the effect that they will faithfully perform their duties as such commissioners without partiality, and to the best of their knowledge and ability, which oath shall be filed in the office (of the clerk) of the district court of the county in which the proceedings are pending.

The commissioners shall fix a time and place for hearing all parties interested in said land, and give ten (10) days' notice to the owner thereof, if he is a resident of this state, by serving a notice in writing on him personally, and if he is not a resident of the state, by one publication of said notice in a newspaper printed and published in the county where the land to be taken is situate. The said notice shall state that the drainage commission have determined it necessary to take certain lands, describing them, for the purpose of the construction of a ditch or drain, (describing the location of such ditch or drain); that the parties subscribing such notice have been appointed commissioners by the district court to ascertain and assess the damages for taking the land described in such notice, the name of the owners, if known, and if unknown such fact shall be stated, the time and place fixed by the commissioners for the hearing of the owners as to the value of the land taken and damages sustained by reason of such taking. At the time and place fixed in said notice the commissioners shall hear any evidence offered by the owners of said land taken and damages sustained, and after hearing the evidence and personal inspection of the premises the said commissioners shall assess and determine the value of the land taken and the damages sustained by reason of such taking, stating the value of each parcel of land and damage sustained to each piece or parcel of land separately, and file the same in the office of the clerk of the district court, and unless an appeal is taken, as hereinafter provided, the finding of said commissioners shall be conclusive as to the amount of damages sustained and value of the property taken, and the drainage commission hereby appointed shall pay the same to the owner of said land unless there appears of record a judgment, mortgage or other lien against the land so taken, in which case the drainage commission shall pay the amount so found into court to be paid to the parties that the court finds entitled thereto. That within ten (10) days after the filing of the report of said commissioners with the clerk, either the owner or any party interested in the land taken, or drainage commission may appeal to the district court wherein the proceedings are pending from the award of said commissioners. If the owners or other parties interested in the land taken appeals, he or they shall serve a notice in writing on the attorney general stating that he appeals from the award of the commissioners filed in the office of the clerk of the district court, stating the county in which said award is filed and the date of filing and the title of the proceedings in which the award was made. If the drainage commission desires to appeal, they shall cause a similar notice to be served on the owner of the land or his attorney, if one appeared for him before said commissioners. Upon the perfecting of such appeal, there shall be an action pending in the district court to determine the value of the land taken and the amount of damages sustained by the taking of the same, and shall be tried in said court in the same manner and be governed by the same rules as civil actions, and either party may appeal to the supreme court in the manner provided for appeals in civil actions.

Sec. 4. The proceeding provided in section three (3) shall not delay the construction of the contemplated ditch or drain, but the drainage commission may proceed to take possession of the land they deem necessary, and commence and prosecute the work required from and after the date of the filing the petition in the district court.

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the board of county commissioners of every county in which ditches may be constructed pursuant to this act to preserve such ditches or drains from growth of weeds or accumulation of debris; any expense thereof shall be paid out of the general county fund.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 5, 1905.

CHAPTER 107—S. F. NO. 279

AN ACT to legalize the action of any village council in this state which has heretofore made or agreed to make an appropriation out of the village funds in aid of building any bridge located outside of the corporate limits of such village.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That in all cases where any village council in this state has heretofore made or agreed to make an appropriation out of the village funds in aid of building any bridge, which said bridge is located outside of the corporate limits of said village, and where said amount so appropriated has been in an amount not to exceed the sum of five hundred ($500) dollars, the action of said village council in all such cases is hereby legalized.

Sec. 2. This act shall not affect any action now pending.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 5, 1905.

CHAPTER 108—H. F. NO. 640.

AN ACT for the benefit and maintenance of certain law libraries in counties of two hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants or more.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That all balances of any deposits made with the clerk of any district court as security for the fees of such clerk in any action or proceeding pending therein, in counties of two hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants or more, after the termination of such action or proceeding and which has not been or shall not be repaid or returned to the party to such action or proceeding depositing the same, or in compliance with his order directing the disposition thereof within three years after the termination of such action or proceeding shall become and be the property of any bar association or any individual or corporation, if any such there be, by whom or by which a law library shall have been installed pursuant to chapter seven (7), General Laws of 1903, and shall by the clerk of any such court be paid over to such individual or corporation so installing such library pursuant to such act for the maintenance thereof, on the first Monday in June, 1905, or as soon thereafter as conveniently may be.

Sec. 2. For the purpose of this act an action or proceeding shall be deemed terminated when no step shall have been taken to prosecute said action or proceeding for a period of three (3) years after such action accrues.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 5, 1905.

CHAPTER 109—H. F. NO. 542.

AN ACT entitled an act to amend the title of chapter one hundred fifty-nine (159) of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year nineteen hundred and three (1903), approved April 10th, 1903, so when amended to read as follows: "An act creating pensions for disabled and retired policemen in cities now or hereafter having a population of over fifty thousand inhabitants, and providing for a fund out of which such pensions shall be paid, and for the establishment of a pension board for the management, control and distribution of such fund," and also to amend said act, and to validate incorporations formed and all acts taken thereunder.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the title of chapter one hundred fifty-nine (159) of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1903, approved April 10th, 1903, be to read as follows: "An act creating pensions for disabled and retired policemen in cities now or hereafter having a population of over fifty thousand inhabitants, and providing for a fund out of which such pensions shall be paid, and for the establishments of a pension board for the management, control and distribution of such fund."

Sec. 2. That section one (1) of said chapter one hundred fifty-nine (159) of the General Laws of nineteen hundred and three (1903), be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 1. In every city in this state now or hereafter having a population of over fifty thousand inhabitants, there may be created a police pension fund, which shall be governed and managed by a police pension board, in accordance with the provisions of this act."

Sec. 3. That section eight (8) of said act be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 8. The governing board of said association shall consist of five members, to be elected annually, who shall hold their terms of office for one, two, three, four and five years respectively, and until their respective successors are elected and qualified, and the mayor, chief of police, and city treasurer shall be ex officio members of said board, and the city treasurer shall be the custodian of all funds of said association and disburse the same as directed by said board.

All vacancies occurring in the elective membership of said board shall be filled by said board for the unexpired term, or until the next annual election."

Sec. 4. That all the provisions of said chapter one hundred fifty-nine (159) of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1903 and the title thereof as hereby amended are in all things hereby re-enacted, and all police relief associations heretofore incorporated and organized thereunder and the proceedings of the same are hereby validated and confirmed.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 5, 1905.

CHAPTER 110—H. F. NO. 775.

AN ACT to provide for the incorporation of the lands of state institutions with the territory of adjoining cities in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Whenever the board of control of state institutions shall petition the city council of any city, the limits of which shall be the dividing line between such city and the lands surrounding any state institution, describing said lands, for leave to have such lands come into and be part of such city, the city council thereof may adopt a resolution which shall describe such lands and provide for their incorporation within the limits of said city, and upon the recording of an authenticated copy thereof with the register of deeds of the county or counties within which such city, or any part thereof, is situated, and, in case such city and said lands are in different counties, upon the recording of such authenticated copy of such resolution in the office of the register of deeds of the county in which such lands are situated, such lands shall become a part and be included within the limits of such city for all purposes.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 5, 1905.

CHAPTER 111—H. F. NO. 370.

AN ACT entitled "An act to legalize bonds issued by villages in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. In all cases in this state, where during the year 1894, an incorporated village issued, sold and delivered its bonds, for value, and where, before said bonds were issued, the village council of said village gave notice that said council would receive bids for the sale of such bonds, at a time and place mentioned in said notice, as provided for in section five (5), in chapter two hundred (200) of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1893, by publishing said notice once in each week for three consecutive weeks in a daily newspaper printed and published at the capital of this state and in two weekly newspapers printed and published in the county where said bonds were issued and that twenty-one (21) days had not elapsed from the date of the first publication thereof to the time when such council received bids for the sale of such bonds, and if all other steps and proceedings up to the issuance of said bonds are regular, said notice and bonds sold and issued in such case are hereby legalized and declared to be valid and legal for all purposes, the same as if the notice was given for three full weeks, as provided for in section five (5), chapter two hundred (200), Laws of 1893. Provided, however, this act shall not apply to any case now pending in the courts of this state.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 5, 1905.

CHAPTER 112—H. F. NO. 154.

AN ACT to legalize conveyances of real property made by husband direct to wife, and the records of such conveyances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That all conveyances of real property within this state made between the first day of January, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight (1888), and the first day of January, eighteen hundred and ninety-three (1893), in which a married man has conveyed real property directly to his wife, shall be and the same are hereby declared to be legal and valid, and the records of such conveyances heretofore actually recorded in the office of the proper county, shall be in all respects valid and legal, and such conveyances and records thereof shall have the same force and effect in all respects for the purpose of notice, evidence or otherwise, as are or may be provided by law in regard to conveyances in other cases. Provided, that the provisions of this act shall not apply to any action or proceeding now pending in any of the courts in this state; provided (further) that this act shall not be construed to extend to any case where vested rights in any such property have been acquired by third parties.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 5, 1905.

CHAPTER 113—H. F. NO. 740.

AN ACT to amend section fifty-two (52) of chapter three hundred and nine (309) of the General Laws of 1901.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section fifty-two (52) of chapter three hundred and nine (309), of the General Laws of 1901, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

That the sum of four hundred dollars ($400.00) is hereby appropriated out of said fund to aid in building a bridge across the Wild Rice river on the township line between the townships of Lake Ida and McDonaldsville, in said Norman county, Minnesota.

That the money shall be expended under the supervision of the board of county commissioners of said county.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 5, 1905.

CHAPTER 114—H. F. NO. 254.

AN ACT to amend section six thousand four hundred eighty-five (6485) of the General Statutes of 1894, the same being section two hundred (200) of the penal code, relating to the punishment of robbery in the first degree.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section six thousand four hundred eighty-five (6485) of the General Statutes of eighteen hundred ninety-four (1894), the same being section two hundred (200) of the penal code, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 6485. Robbery in the first degree is punishable by imprisonment in the state prison for not less than five (5) years, nor more than forty (40) years; provided that this act shall not apply to any act done or offense committed prior to the passage hereof, but the provisions of the law now in force prescribing the punishment of said offense shall continue in force as to all such offenses.

Sec. 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 6, 1905.

CHAPTER 115—H. F. NO. 894.

AN ACT to amend chapter three hundred fifty-two (352) of the General Laws of the year one thousand nine hundred and three (1903), entitled "An act to establish the state live stock sanitary board of Minnesota and to provide for the suppression and control of dangerous, contagious and infectious diseases of domestic animals," approved April 22, 1903.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section thirteen (13) of chapter three hundred fifty-two (352) of the General Laws of the year one thousand nine hundred three (1903), be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Whenever the state live stock sanitary board shall decide upon the killing of an animal affected with the disease tuberculosis or glanders, it shall notify the owner or keeper of such decision, when in the judgment of the state live stock sanitary board such animal may be ordered transported for immediate slaughter by the said board through its executive officer to any abattoir within the state where the United States bureau of animal industry maintains inspection, and said state live stock sanitary board shall pay the expenses of said transportation and yardage. Before being removed from the premises of owner there shall be appointed three competent and disinterested men; one appointed by the state, one by the owner, and the third by the first two to appraise such animal at its cash value. Such appraisal shall in no case exceed thirty-five ($35.00) dollars for a cow and seventy-five ($75.00) dollars for a horse, except in the case of pure bred cattle and horses where the pedigree shall be proved by certificates of registry from the herd books where registered, and in that case the maximum appraisal shall not exceed seventy-five ($75.00) dollars. If upon slaughter, such animal is found by the inspector in charge of such abattoir, or veterinarian of the state live stock sanitary board, to be free from any contagious or infectious disease, then the full amount of such appraisal, less the value of the carcass, shall be paid to the owner of such animal from the funds hereby appropriated for the purpose of carrying out this act.

But if upon post-mortem examination such animal shall be found to be afflicted with tuberculosis or glanders, then and in that case the value of the carcass shall be deducted from the appraised value of the living animal and three-fourths (¾) of the remainder shall be paid to the owner by the state, provided the animal has been kept for one year in good faith in the state prior to killing thereof.

The owner or keeper may file with the board, which has ordered the killing, within forty-eight (48) hours after being notified, a protest stating therein under oath that to the best of his knowledge and belief the animal is not infected with tuberculosis or glanders; blank protests shall be furnished owner by the board which has ordered such killing. Thereupon if the animal be killed, an autopsy shall be held by three experts, who shall be graduate veterinarians of a recognized college, one appointed by the state board, one by the owner, to be paid by the owner, and the third by the first two, to be paid by the state, who shall appraise such animal before it is killed at its cash value, and the autopsy shall then be held upon such animals by the above mentioned veterinarians.

If the autopsy shows that the animal is entirely free from any such disease, the cash value thereof immediately before the killing shall be paid to the owner by the state, less the value of the carcass. The appraisements made under this act shall be in writing and signed by the appraisers and certified by the local board of health and the state live stock sanitary board, respectively, to the auditor of the state, who shall draw a warrant on the state treasurer for the amount thereof.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 6, 1905.

CHAPTER 116—H. F. NO. 658.

AN ACT to authorize county commissioners in counties of two hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants or over to constitute certain public roads or highways therein county roads.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That in any county of this state having two hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants or over, it shall be lawful for the county commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to make, constitute and declare any public highway or road in such county outside of the corporate limits of any incorporated city or village therein, a county road; and they are hereby given general supervision over such roads with full power to appropriate such sums of money from the county treasury of such county as they may deem advisable for improving the same; provided that nothing contained in this act shall be so construed as to relieve the supervisors or overseers of highways of any town in such county from any of the duties imposed upon them by existing laws relating to roads, cartways and bridges, nor to repeal any existing special law relating to roads, cartways and bridges applicable to such county.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 6, 1905.

CHAPTER 117—H. F. NO. 258.

AN ACT to amend section thirty-six (36) of chapter one hundred seventy-five (175) of the General Laws of one thousand, eight hundred ninety-five (1895), as amended by chapter two hundred fifty-eight (258) of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (1897), as amended by chapter one hundred ninety-eight (198) of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (1899), as amended by chapter ninety-two (92) of the General Laws of one thousand nine hundred three (1903), as amended by chapter three hundred forty-seven (347) of the General Laws of one thousand nine hundred three (1903), providing for the organization of certain mutual fire insurance companies.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section thirty-six (36) of chapter one hundred seventy-five (175) of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (1895), as amended by chapter two hundred fifty-eight (258) of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (1897), as amended by chapter one hundred ninety-eight (198) of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (1899), as amended by chapter ninety-two (92) of the General Laws of one thousand nine hundred three (1903), as amended by chapter three hundred forty-seven (347) of the General Laws of one thousand nine hundred three (1903), be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 36. No policy shall be issued by a purely mutual fire insurance company hereafter organized until not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand ($750,000) dollars of insurance, in not less than three hundred (300) separate risks, upon property located in this state, has been subscribed for and entered upon the books and the premiums thereon for one year to be paid in cash, which premium shall aggregate not less than seven thousand five hundred dollars (7,500) in cash, except that where such mutual insurance company is organized to issue policies exclusively upon dwelling houses, their contents, barns, live stock and vehicles, or exclusively upon the stock in trade, tools, fixtures, buildings containing the same, of one specified line of business, and the dwelling houses, barns and buildings appurtenant thereto and vehicles and live stock contained therein, and when the same are owned and occupied by the person so engaged in said business, trade or avocation it may issue policies insuring such stock in trade, tools, fixtures, buildings containing the same, said dwelling houses and the contents thereof, barns, live stock and vehicles, when there has been subscribed the amount of insurance hereinafter specified:

1. Those organized to insure creamery and cheese factory buildings, their contents and equipments, and the dwelling house and contents, and barn, live stock and vehicles, of the owner of such creamery or factory, may issue policies when not less than fifty thousand (50,000) dollars, in not less than twenty-five (25) separate risks, upon such buildings and contents in this state has been subscribed for and so entered and the premiums thereon for one year paid in cash, which premiums shall aggregate not less than one thousand dollars ($1,000) in cash. The name of every such company shall include the words "Mutual Creamery Fire Insurance Company," and it shall issue no policy except upon the class of risks aforesaid.

2. Those organized to insure the stock in trade, tools and fixtures of retail hardware dealers, the buildings containing the same, and the dwelling house and its contents, barns, live stock and vehicles, owned by such dealers, may issue policies when not less than five hundred thousand (500,000) dollars of insurance, in not less than two hundred (200) separate risks upon such property in this state, has been subscribed for and entered upon its books and the premiums thereon for one year paid in cash, which premiums shall aggregate not less than five thousand dollars ($5,000) in cash. The name of every such company shall include the words "Mutual Retail Hardware Fire Insurance Company," and shall issue no policy except as above specified.

3. Those organized to insure dwelling houses, their contents, barns, live stock and vehicles, exclusively, may issue policies when not less than two hundred and fifty thousand (250,000) dollars of insurance, in not less than two hundred (200) separate risks upon such property located within this state, has been subscribed for and entered upon their books and the premiums thereon for one year paid in cash, which premiums shall aggregate not less than two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) in cash. The name of every such company shall include the words "Mutual Dwelling House Fire Insurance Company," and it shall issue no policy except upon the class of risks aforesaid.

4. Those organized to insure printing material, machinery and stock in trade of newspaper publishers and printers, the buildings containing the same, and the dwelling house and its contents, barns, live stock and vehicles, when such buildings and contents are owned and occupied by the owner of such printing material, machinery and stock in trade, may issue policies when not less than two hundred thousand (200,000) dollars of insurance, in not less than two hundred (200) separate risks, when such property located in this state has been subscribed for and entered upon such companies' books and the premiums thereon for one year paid in cash, which premiums shall aggregate not less than two thousand dollars ($2,000) in cash. The name of every such company shall include the words "Mutual Publishers' Fire Insurance Company," and shall issue no policy except upon the class of risks aforesaid.

5. Those organized to insure grain elevators, warehouses and cribs, machinery, grain, sacks and tools appurtenant to or contained in such elevators, warehouses and cribs and dwelling house and contents, barns, live stock and vehicles, when such buildings and contents are owned and occupied by the owner of such grain elevator, may issue such policies when not less than one hundred thousand (100,000) dollars of insurance, in not less than fifty (50) separate risks upon such property in this state, has been subscribed for and entered upon the books of such companies and the premiums thereon for one year paid in cash, which premiums shall aggregate not less than one thousand dollars ($1,000) in cash. The name of such company shall include the words "Mutual Grain Dealers' Fire Insurance Company," and shall issue no policy except upon the class of risks aforesaid.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 7, 1905.

CHAPTER 118—H. F. NO. 100.

AN ACT to amend chapter one hundred and seventy-five (175) of the General Laws of Minnesota, for the year 1895, entitled "An act to revise and codify the insurance laws of the state."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section twenty-nine (29) of chapter one hundred and seventy-five (175) of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1895, entitled "An act to revise and codify the insurance laws of the State of Minnesota, as amended by chapter two hundred and thirty-three (233) of the General Laws of 1899, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 29. No corporation so formed shall transact any other business than that specified in its charter and articles of association. Companies who insure plate glass may organize with a capital of not less than one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000. Companies so formed insuring marine inland risks upon the stock plan shall have a capital of not less than two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000). Companies so formed for the transaction of fire insurance on the stock plan, of fidelity insurance or accident insurance or steam boiler insurance shall have a capital of not less than one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000). Provided, however, that a company organized solely to insure against loss by fire of property equipped with automatic sprinklers may commence with a subscribed capital of not less than one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) of which not less than twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) shall have been paid in. Provided, however, that the full amount of capital stock subscribed shall be fully paid in within two years from the time of the organization. Companies to insure lives on the stock plan shall have a capital of not less than one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000), and companies to insure bicycles against loss from theft shall have a capital of not less than twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000).

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 7, 1905.

CHAPTER 119—H. F. NO. 268.

AN ACT to divest the state board of control of jurisdiction and authority over the state university and the state normal schools of this state, and to provide for the management of the state university by the board of regents and the state normal schools by the normal board.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Upon and after Aug. first (1st), 1905, the board of control of this state shall be and is hereby divested of all authority, jurisdiction and control over the state university and the state normal schools of the State of Minnesota, except as hereinafter stated.

The state university on and after said date shall be under the management, jurisdiction and control of the board of regents of the state university, and the state normal schools on and after said date, shall be under the management, jurisdiction and control of the state normal school board; and the said board of regents and said normal school board shall, on and after said date, have and possess all of the powers, jurisdiction and authority, and shall perform, subject to the restrictions herein contained, all of the duties by them possessed and performed on and prior to April first (1st), nineteen hundred and one (1901), except as hereinafter stated.

Sec. 2. Upon the date of assumption by the board of regents of the said management and control of the said university, the president of the said board of regents by and with the consent and approval of the members of said board, shall appoint a purchasing agent, whose duties shall be as herein provided for, and whose compensation shall be fixed by the said board of regents and paid out of the funds provided for the maintenance of said university. The said purchasing agent shall attend to the purchasing of all necessary supplies for the several departments of the state university. Previous to the termination of each quarterly period of the year the dean or other executive head of each of the several departments of the state university shall prepare estimates in detail of all the supplies required for such department for the ensuing quarterly period. Prior to the opening of such quarterly period such estimate shall be submitted by the said dean or other executive head of each of said departments to the executive committee of said board of regents, which estimate so submitted shall be carefully examined and, if necessary, revised by said executive committee. Upon the approval of such estimate by such executive committee the same shall be prepared in triplicate, and one of said estimates shall be retained by the said board of regents, and one thereof shall be delivered to and filed with said purchasing agent, and one thereof shall be delivered and filed with the state auditor of this state. Such estimates, bearing such approval, shall govern and control said purchasing agent in the purchasing of supplies for the several departments of the state university. No disbursements for such purposes shall be made except on the warrant or requisition of said purchasing agent. The said purchasing agent shall give bond in such sum as said board of regents shall require for the faithful and diligent performance of his duties.

Sec. 3. Upon the assumption by said state normal school board of the jurisdiction, management and control of the normal schools of this state, said board shall elect from its own members a purchasing agent, whose duties shall be as hereinafter stated, and whose compensation shall be fixed by said board and paid out of funds provided for the maintenance of said normal schools, a pro rata sum being paid by each school. He shall superintend the making of all purchases for said schools. Prior to the termination of each quarterly period the executive head of each school shall prepare and submit to him a detailed statement of the needs of said institution, including an estimate of the necessary supplies and expenditures for the quarterly period next succeeding. Said statement and estimate shall be submitted by him to said normal school board for revision and correction. When approved by said board it shall be prepared in triplicate by such purchasing agent, and one copy thereof shall be retained by said board for the use of such agent, one shall be delivered to the executive head of each normal school and one shall be filed with the state auditor. Such estimates shall govern and control the purchasing of supplies for the respective schools, and the money necessary to be disbursed therefor shall be paid out upon the warrant of said agent as hereinafter stated. Said agent shall at the commencement of each quarterly period set apart for the use of each school as a contingent fund a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100).

In addition thereto the supervision of the purchasing of all necessary supplies for said school, it shall be the duty of such purchasing agent to visit each of said schools at least once during each quarterly period, at which time the estimates for the succeeding quarter as herein provided, and a statement of the needs of said institution shall be submitted to him by the executive head thereof.

He shall from time to time make reports to said normal school board of the business affairs of said schools, with such recommendations as he may deem proper. All salaries for resident directors heretofore paid or provided for are hereby discontinued.

Sec. 4. Each purchasing agent shall at the close of each month prepare in triplicate statements showing all purchases made by him during said month for the several institutions, the names and addresses of persons from whom said purchases were made and the several prices paid therefor. He shall accompany the same with an affidavit that the statement is correct, that the articles therein specified were duly authorized by the proper board upon prepared statements and estimates, were received under his direction at the institution named therein; that the several prices paid therefor were reasonable, that said goods were of proper and stipulated quality and grade, and that neither he nor any person in his behalf has any pecuniary or other interest in said purchases, or has received or will receive in any way any pecuniary or other benefit therefrom.

He shall also each month prepare in triplicate and cause to be receipted by the signatures of the several parties named therein, payrolls showing the monthly salaries and compensation of all officers, teachers and employes in said several institutions, and shall file one copy of said statement and said payroll with the president of the board of regents or president of the normal school board, as the case may be, and two copies with the state auditor. The auditor upon receiving the same shall draw his warrant upon the state treasurer for the amount called for in each expense list and payroll, and transmit the same to the treasurer, attaching thereto a copy of said expense list and payroll. Upon receipt of the same the treasurer shall send his checks to the several persons named therein for the amount of their respective claims.

Sec. 5. No member of the board of regents or of the normal school board, and no person in the employ of either board shall be paid for any expense incurred, unless it shall appear that said expense was duly authorized by the executive committee or the president of the board, and an itemized, verified account of the same, accompanied by sub-vouchers, where said sub-vouchers are practicable, is furnished by the claimant, and filed with the state auditor for his written audit. Such verification shall state that said expense bill is just and correct and for money actually and necessarily paid or to be paid for the purposes therein stated. If said expense is to be incurred in visiting another state, then, before said visit is authorized or undertaken, the said executive committee or president must certify, in writing, the purpose of said visit, the necessity existing for the same, and the maximum expense to be incurred therefor, which certificate must be presented to the governor of the state for his approval. If he does not approve the same, the said visit shall not be undertaken. If the above provisions are complied with, the auditor shall pay such expense account in the same manner as monthly expenses and salaries are paid under the provisions of this act.

Sec. 6. It shall be unlawful for the board of regents or the normal school board to permit any expenditures for any purpose in excess of the amount appropriated or contemplated by law, and any member or agent of either of said boards violating this provision, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars ($100) or more than one thousand dollars ($1,000), or be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than six (6) months, or by both fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 7. The board of control shall have and exercise full authority in all financial matters of the several institutions named in this act, so far only as relates to the erection and construction of new buildings, the purchasing of fuel and the placing of insurance on buildings and contents. When new buildings are to be erected and constructed by authority of the state, it shall be the duty of the board of control to cause to be prepared plans and specifications for the same, but in so doing it shall consult with the local boards in respect to said plans and specifications, and shall adopt and carry out so far as it deems practicable their requests and desires in the matter.

Sec. 8. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 9. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 7, 1905.

CHAPTER 120—H. F. NO. 522.

AN ACT to establish and maintain a teachers' college, or department of pedagogy, in the University of Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That it shall be the duty of the board of regents to organize and establish in the University of Minnesota as soon as practicable a teachers' college, or department of pedagogy, for the purpose of affording proper professional training for those persons who intend to become public and high school instructors, principals and superintendents of schools.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 7, 1905.

CHAPTER 121—H. F. NO. 546.

AN ACT to authorize any city of this state now or hereafter having a population of 50,000 to acquire lands and erect thereon plants for the destruction of garbage and other refuse, and to contract for gathering the same, and to pay for the same in annual installments.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That any city in the State of Minnesota, now or hereafter having a population of over fifty thousand, is hereby authorized and empowered to acquire by purchase or condemnation, lands on which to erect plants for the destruction of garbage and other refuse matter; also to purchase, erect, operate and maintain such plants for the destruction of garbage and other refuse matter, also to provide for the collection of all such garbage or refuse matter and delivering the same to such destruction plants or other places, and to pay and contract to pay for the same in such annual installments and at such a rate of interest on deferred payments as the common council of such city may determine. Provided that each and every act and thing herein authorized shall receive at least a three-fourths vote of all members of such common council before the same shall be effective for any purpose.

Sec. 2. The obligations incurred by any such city in the making of any such contracts shall not be considered as a part of its indebtedness under the provisions of its governing charter, or of any law of this state fixing the limit of amount of indebtedness for such city; nor shall such city be required at any time before making, or during the life of such contracts to have specifically provided for the same by previous tax estimates or levy, or to provide for or have on hand in its treasury more money applicable to such contracts than the amount to be paid thereon during a single year.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 7, 1905.

CHAPTER 122—H. F. NO. 179.

AN ACT requiring railroad companies to report all wrecks and casualties wherein any person is injured or killed, to the railroad and warehouse commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. It shall be the duty of every railroad company operating a line of railway in this state to report to the railroad and warehouse commission of this state all accidents, wrecks or casualties occurring in the operation of trains on said line or lines of railway within this state, wherein any person is either killed or injured, after the happening of any such accident occurring and within reasonable time, not exceeding sixty (60) days, report in detail to the commission, giving full particulars in such form as the commission may require. Any reports herein required to be made to the commission or the findings of the commission shall not be for public inspection.

Sec. 2. Whenever any such report is made to such railroad and warehouse commission, said commission shall forthwith examine into the causes and circumstances of such wreck, accident or casualty. And if it shall thereupon be the duty of the said railroad and warehouse commission to order such railroad company to comply with any reasonable requirement prescribed by the said railroad and warehouse commission, calculated to prevent the recurrence of any such wreck, accident or casualty, and it shall be the duty of the said railroad and warehouse commission to report to the legislature biennially a summarized statement of all wrecks, accidents or casualties that have come to their knowledge by reason of this act, together with a recommendation of such additional legislation as they deem proper for the greater protection of passengers and employes of such railroad.

Sec. 3. Every person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred ($100) dollars, nor more than one thousand ($1,000) dollars, or imprisonment in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than one (1) year, or shall suffer both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 7, 1905.

CHAPTER 123—H. F. NO. 113.

AN ACT to authorize villages to issue bonds for the purpose of refunding their floating indebtedness.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Any village in this state having a floating indebtedness may issue the bonds of such village for the purpose of refunding such indebtedness in the manner hereinafter provided; but no such bonds shall be issued, or sold by said village, which, with bonds already issued, shall exceed fifteen per cent of the assessed valuation of real estate of said village. Such bonds shall bear interest at a rate not to exceed six (6) per cent per annum, payable annually or semi-annually, as may be determined by said village council, and may run for a period not exceeding fifteen years. Such bonds shall not be sold for less than their par value and the proceeds thereof shall be used exclusively for the payment of such outstanding floating indebtedness of said village.

Sec. 2. Before bonds shall be issued pursuant to section one (1) of this act, the village council, by resolution duly passed and recorded, shall authorize the issuance thereof, subject to the approval of the legal voters of said village, and by such resolution the village council shall determine the amount of bonds to be issued, the rate of interest which they bear and the time of their maturity, and shall fix a time, either at the annual village election or a special election to be called for that purpose, when the voters of such village shall vote upon the question of the issuance of such bonds.

The form of ballot therefor shall be as follows:

	Form of Ballot.	
Shall the village of ——— issue its bonds in the sum of $———, bearing interest at the rate of —— per cent per annum, maturing —— years after date hereof, pursuant to resolutions of the village council passed on the —— day of ——, 190—.	Yes.	No.

Voters who desire to vote for the issuance of such bonds shall place a cross (X) opposite the word "Yes" on said ballot, and those who desire to vote against the issuance of such bonds shall place a cross (X) opposite the word "No" on said ballot. The said election shall be conducted, and the votes cast thereat shall be canvassed and counted, and the result thereof certified in like manner as in the case of an election for village officers. If five-eighths of the voters who vote upon said question, shall vote for the issuance of said bonds then the same shall be issued by said council and sold, but not otherwise.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 7, 1905.

CHAPTER 124—S. F. NO. 40.

AN ACT to provide for the taking of the fifth (5th) decennial census of the State of Minnesota and to appropriate money therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That a census of the population of the State of Minnesota shall be taken as of the dates hereinafter provided for.

Sec. 2. There shall be established in the office of the secretary of state a bureau to be known as the "Census Bureau of Minnesota," of which bureau the secretary of state shall be the chief or superintendent, and that said secretary of state, as such superintendent thereof, shall be, and he is hereby empowered to secure such necessary assistance for the enumeration of the population of said state, and for the clerical work necessary therein as shall be required for the carrying out by said bureau of the provisions of this act. The secretary of state in his official capacity, as created by this act, shall be known as the superintendent of census, and it shall be his duty to superintend and direct the taking of the fifth (5th) decennial census of the State of Minnesota under the rules, conditions and provisions of this act, and to otherwise perform all duties in connection therewith as are by law required of him.

Sec. 3. The information to be gathered as to enumeration of inhabitants and the statistical information herein provided for shall include and embrace an enumeration of the inhabitants residing in each city, town, village or borough, together with unorganized portions of the state, including a full and complete enumeration of all the soldiers and sailors of the War of the Rebellion and the Spanish war residing in this state, on the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred and five (1905). No enumeration of Indians not entitled to the right of suffrage, under the constitution and laws of this state, shall be included in the census provided for by this act.

In addition to the enumeration of the inhabitants, the enumerators hereinbefore provided for shall also obtain and report the distinguishing sexes of persons, their respective ages, color, nativity, occupation, parentage, whether foreign or otherwise, and period of residence in this state, and in their respective enumeration district.

Sec. 4. Such enumeration shall commence on the first (1st) day of June, one thousand nine hundred and five (1905), and shall be completed on or before the first (1st) day of July, one thousand nine hundred and five (1905), and shall be in the hands of the superintendent of census not later than the tenth (10th) day of July, one thousand nine hundred and five (1905).

Sec. 5. The superintendent of census shall, for the purposes of carrying out the provisions of this act, and for the purpose of securing the information hereinbefore required, appoint census enumerators for the various civil devisions hereinbefore specified, using as a basis of apportionment as to population, the United States census of nineteen hundred (1900), and he shall so apportion the enumeration districts that the provisions of section three (3) of this act shall be faithfully and duly performed.

Said superintendent of census may also employ such special agents or enumerators as he may deem proper for the purpose of assisting him in securing prompt returns from each of said civil divisions, or for assisting in the correction of improper or incorrect returns, and in relation to such other field work as may require the employment of such extra assistants.

Sec. 6. The compensation of census enumerators shall be fixed and allowed as follows:

In cities having a population of five thousand (5,000) inhabitants and over the enumerators shall receive two (2) dollars for each one hundred inhabitants so enumerated.

In cities, villages and townships containing not less than five hundred (500) inhabitants nor more than five thousand (5,000) inhabitants, the enumerators shall receive two dollars and twenty-five cents ($2.25) for each one hundred inhabitants so enumerated.

In all other enumeration districts, except as hereinafter provided, the enumerators shall receive an allowance not exceeding two and one-half cents for each living person so enumerated; provided, however, that where, by reason of difficulty of enumeration caused by sparseness of settlement of the district so enumerated, when said compensation of two and one-half cents for each person, shall not, in the judgment of the superintendent of census, be sufficient to properly compensate said enumerators, the said superintendent of census may allow such enumerator in any such district not less than two (2) dollars per day, nor more than three (3) dollars, per day of ten hours' actual field work each.

No claim for mileage or traveling expenses shall be allowed or paid to any enumerator.

The superintendent of census shall keep suitable rooms for keeping account of the returns made by enumerators and of the time occupied by enumerators in field work for the purpose of ascertaining the amount due to the enumerators severally, under the provisions of this act.

Sec. 7. The boundaries of all enumeration districts shall be along township or ward lines and no enumeration district shall contain more than two (2) townships or wards, except in unorganized towns, in which unorganized towns, the superintendent of census shall fix such boundaries as he may deem best and proper.

Sec. 8. In the appointment of enumerators, preference shall be given to properly qualified persons who are honorably discharged soldiers or sailors residing in their respective districts, and an applicant's political faith shall be no test of his fitness. Enumerators shall be appointed upon application only, made upon blanks prepared by the census bureau, and the superintendent of census shall in appointing such enumerators be guided, largely, by the applicant's fitness and qualifications for the performance of his duty, and that such applicant's petition or application shall bear the endorsement and recommendation of at least three (3) or more citizens known to be of reputable business standing and of good character. No enumerator shall be deemed qualified to enter upon his duties until he has received from the superintendent of census a commission under his hand authorizing him to perform the duties of an enumerator, and setting forth the boundaries of the subdivision within which such duties are to be performed by him; he shall, moreover, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation:

I, ——————, an enumerator for taking the fifth decennial census of Minnesota, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will make a true and exact enumeration of all the inhabitants within the district assigned to me as provided for in the act for taking the fifth decennial census; and in conformity with all lawful instructions which I may receive, and will make due and correct returns therefor as required by said act, and will not disclose any information contained in the schedules, lists or statements obtained by me to any person or persons, except to my superior officers.

(Signed). ——————

Which said oath or affirmation may be administered by any judge or clerk of a court of record; or any justice of the peace or notary public empowered to administer oaths; which oath duly authenticated shall be forwarded to the superintendent of census before the date fixed for the commencement of the enumeration.

Sec. 9. It shall be the duty of each enumerator, after being qualified in the manner aforesaid, to visit personally each dwelling house in his district, and each family therein and each individual living out of a family in any place of abode, and by inquiry made of the head of such family, or of the member thereof deemed most credible and worthy of trust, or of such individual living out of a family, to obtain each and every item of information and all the particulars required by this act as of date June first (1st), one thousand nine hundred and five (1905).

And in case no person shall be found at the usual place of abode of such family or individual living out of a family, competent to answer inquiries made in compliance with the requirements of this act, then it shall be lawful for the enumerator to obtain the required information as nearly as may be practicable, from the family or families, or person or persons, living nearest to such place of abode.

Sec. 10. The said superintendent of census shall have the power to provide for such reasonable rules and regulations for the taking of such census and for the forwarding of returns to the enumerators or to the superintendent of census as he may deem proper and advisable. That each of the original schedules so prepared and forwarded by such enumerator, as herein provided, shall be duly certified by such enumerator in such manner as the said superintendent of census shall provide for under the terms of this act.

Sec. 11. That each and every person more than twenty (20) years of age, belonging to any family residing in any enumeration district or subdivision, and in case of the absence of the heads and other members of any such family, then any representative of any such family shall be, and each of them hereby is required, if thereto requested by the enumerator, to render a true account to the best of his or her knowledge of every person, belonging to such family, in the various particulars, required by law and whoever shall willfully fail or refuse shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be imprisoned in the county jail in his respective county for a period not exceeding sixty (60) days.

Sec. 12. If any enumerator or agent appointed under this act willfully refuses to perform any duty required of him in accordance herewith or fails to forward his original schedules, duly certified to within the time provided by this act, or falsifies or attempts to falsify in any manner his enumeration schedules or reports, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be imprisoned in the county jail in his respective county for a period not exceeding ninety (90) days, and if any person shall refuse to give the information required by this act to a person authorized to collect the same, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be imprisoned in the county jail in his county for a period not exceeding ninety (90) days.

Sec. 13. All fines imposed by this act may be recovered in any court of competent jurisdiction and shall accrue wholly to the state.

Sec. 14. In case any enumerator or agent shall be found incompetent or derelict in the performance of his duties his commission may at any time be revoked by the superintendent of census, and another enumerator or agent appointed in his place.

Sec. 15. The superintendent of the census shall on or before the twenty-fifth (25th) day of May next, transmit to the several enumerators appointed under the provisions of this act, printed schedules, prepared under the direction of said superintendent of census, in accordance with the provisions of this act, with such instructions and regulations as said superintendent may deem necessary and proper.

Sec. 16. The superintendent of census shall employ, for such time as may be necessary, copyists, stenographers, statisticians, etc., as he shall deem necessary in compiling, tabulating and publishing the said census so to be taken, under the provisions of this act.

Sec. 17. The superintendent of the census is hereby authorized to make such arrangements with the custodian or custodians of the new state capitol building for the use of such rooms of the said state capitol building as may be necessary in conducting the work of taking and compiling said census, and he shall make suitable provisions for the safe storage and preservation of all census schedules and documents during the process of taking, compiling and publishing said census, and shall also preserve in the state capitol building all original census schedules and documents, after such census record has been printed, for such disposition thereof as the thirty-fifth (35th) session of the state legislature shall see fit to make. The superintendent of census shall preserve inviolate and intact all census statistics and shall not allow such statistics or any portion thereof to be made public until same are printed under the provisions of this act. No clerk, copyist or other employe in said census bureau shall divulge or make public to any person or persons, prior to the publication thereof, any of the said census statistics. Any violation of the provisions of this section shall be punished by a fine not exceeding two hundred and fifty (250) dollars or imprisonment in the county jail for the period of not more than ninety (90) days.

Sec. 18. The superintendent of census shall complete the compilation and publication of the said census not later than the first (1st) day of January, one thousand nine hundred and six (1906). That said publication shall be made in manner and form as the said superintendent of census shall deem proper. That there shall be published ten thousand (10,000) copies of such census record, and that a copy thereof shall be forwarded by said superintendent of census to every board of trade, chamber of commerce and business or mercantile union or association in this state; one copy to each county auditor of each county; one copy to each clerk or recorder of every city, village or township in this state, and one copy to each and every public library; one copy to each school district clerk; one copy to each newspaper and periodical published in this state; one copy for each state institution, and one copy to each member of the present legislature, and to all state officials, and shall also retain in his office a copy for distribution to each member of the legislature which shall convene in the year one thousand nine hundred and seven (1907). All remaining copies shall be retained in the office of the secretary of state and circulated as he may deem proper and sufficient.

Sec. 19. The said superintendent of census shall receive as compensation for his services under the provisions of this act the sum of five hundred (500) dollars.

Sec. 20. All bills and expenses incurred in the taking of the fifth (5th) decennial census of this state shall be vouchered and approved by the superintendent of census and presented to the state auditor of this state, who shall issue, to the party entitled thereto, the proper warrant on the state treasurer for the amount of said voucher.

Sec. 21. That the sum of sixty-five thousand (65,000) dollars is hereby fixed and limited as the maximum cost of the census herein provided for; which said sum, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the carrying out of the provisions of this act, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 22. That the superintendent of census is hereby authorized, whenever he may think proper, to call upon any other department or officer of the state government or any municipal government for information pertinent to the enumeration and inquiry herein provided for, which information shall be promptly given by said department or municipality.

Sec. 23. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 7, 1905.

CHAPTER 125—S. F. NO. 172.

AN ACT amending General Statutes of 1894, § 6445, relating to manslaughter.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That § 6445 of the General Statutes of 1894, being § 160 of the penal code of this state, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 6445. Same—In the first degree.

Such homicide is manslaughter in the first degree when committed without a design to effect death, either

1, By a person engaged in committing or attempting to commit a misdemeanor, affecting the person or property, either of the person killed, or of another; or

2. In the heat of passion, but in a cruel and unusual manner, or by means of a dangerous weapon;

3. By shooting another with a gun, or other firearm, when resulting from carelessness in mistaking the person shot for a deer or other animal."

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 7, 1905.

CHAPTER 126—S. F. NO. 314.

AN ACT to amend chapter 225, General Laws 1899. An act to regulate and license and define the business of commission merchants or persons selling agricultural produce and farm products on commission, and to require them to give a bond to the State of Minnesota for the benefit of their consignors, and prescribing a penalty for violating any of the provisions of this act.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section (7) of chapter 225, General Laws of 1899, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 7. Any person, persons, firm or corporation engaged in selling any property as herein specified, who fails or neglects to comply with any of the provisions of this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof in any court having competent jurisdiction shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five ($25.00) dollars nor more than one hundred dollars ($100), and the railroad and warehouse commission is hereby authorized either upon such conviction or upon its own findings after investigation, if the facts warrant it, to cancel the license of any person, persons, firm or corporation guilty of any violation of law or conduct prejudicial to the interests of those making consignments to such person, persons, firm or corporation to be sold on commission. Where a license has been canceled, the railroad and warehouse commission may refuse to issue any license to such person, persons, firm or corporation for a term of one year.

Whenever requested to do so by any interested shipper, the railroad and warehouse commission shall have power to investigate any sale or transaction carried on by any person, persons, firm or corporation licensed under this act, and, for that purpose shall have the right to examine the books and accounts of any licensed commission merchant which in any manner relate to such sale or transaction. Any licensed commission merchant or any agent in charge, of such books or accounts who shall fail or refuse to submit such books or accounts for the examination of said railroad and warehouse commission, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 7, 1905.

CHAPTER 127—S. F. NO. 237.

AN ACT to authorize the board of control to build a contagious ward at any insane hospital in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That when there is money heretofore appropriated for the erection of buildings at any state insane hospital, now unused and on hand, sufficient for the erection of a contagious ward at said state insane hospital, then, and in that case the board of control is hereby authorized and directed to erect a contagious ward at such state insane hospital and pay for the construction out of the said money heretofore appropriated, and now on hand.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 7, 1905.

CHAPTER 128—S. F. NO. 100.

AN ACT to extend the time for closing the affairs of a dissolved corporation other than a corporation having the power of eminent domain and legalizing conveyances made and acts done by such corporation after the expiration of the three-year limit prescribed by General Statutes 1894, section 3431.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Where any corporation other than a corporation having the power of eminent domain which has been dissolved more than three years, by expiration or forfeiture of its charter, decree of court or otherwise, did not fully close its affairs and convey all its property within the three years' limit prescribed by General Statutes 1894, section 3431, the time so limited is hereby extended for one year from and after the passage of this act; and any and all conveyances heretofore made by any such corporation or its proper officers and any and all acts done in disposing of the property of such corporation and closing its affairs, after the expiration of three years from the date of its dissolution, are hereby legalized and made of the same force and effect as though the same had been done within such three years. Provided, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as affecting any vested rights or any action or proceeding now pending.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 129—S. F. NO. 209.

AN ACT to confirm, legalize and validate certain plats of land heretofore filed for record.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That in all cases where the record owner of real estate in this state has heretofore conveyed the same or any part thereof, by express reference in the instrument of such conveyance to a plat of such real estate on file in the office of the register of deeds in the county in which such real estate is situated, and a plat so referred to in said conveyance is actually of record in such register's office at the time when such conveyance is made, such record owner and all persons claiming under such record owner, shall be forever estopped from questioning the validity of such plat, notwithstanding that at the time of the execution and record thereof, title to the premises covered thereby, appears of record to have been in the name of a person or persons other than the person who executed such plat as proprietor of the premises covered thereby, and notwithstanding any irregularity or informality in the execution, acceptance or record of such plat, and in all such cases such plat shall be deemed and taken to be valid, confirmed and legalized in all respects as if actually executed and recorded by the person or persons who appear of record to have been the owners of the premises covered thereby at the time of the execution and record thereof.

Sec. 2. This act shall apply to all plats heretofore recorded of any townsite and to any addition to any town, village or city within the state.

Sec. 3. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect the subject matter of any action or proceeding now pending in any of the courts of this state.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 130—S. F. NO. 210.

AN ACT to amend section 85 of chapter 175 of the General Laws of 1895 authorizing associations of individuals known as Lloyds to transact insurance known as Sprinkler Leakage Insurance.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 85 of chapter 175 of the General Laws of 1895 be amended so that the same, when amended shall read as follows:

Section 85. Associations of individuals, citizens of the United States, whether organized within this state or elsewhere, within the United States, formed upon the plan known as Lloyds, whereby each associate underwriter becomes liable for a proportionate part of the whole amount insured by a policy, may be authorized to transact insurance other than life in this state in such manner and on such terms as the insurance commissioner may direct, providing that if such organization shall be possessed of cash on hand and guaranteed subscriptions of the underwriters after deducting all liabilities except reinsurance reserve of a sum of not less than $50,000.00, and that the net cash on hand shall be equal to the reinsurance reserve calculated on a basis of 50 per cent of the premiums in force, and that evidence shall be furnished to the insurance commissioner that the underwriters are men of good financial standing, responsible for their obligations, and that the organization does not issue policies of insurance on any one risk in greater sums than one-fifth of the aggregate of the subscriptions of the several underwriters or the amount to which they may become liable, the commissioner shall license them under similar requirements as are made and prescribed in this act for the admission of foreign mutual fire insurance companies so far as the same may reasonably apply. Said association of individuals known as Lloyds are herein expressly authorized to transact insurance known as Sprinkler Leakage Insurance.

Sec. 2. Provisions of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 131—S. F. NO. 380.

AN ACT entitled "An act providing for the employment of road foremen in counties of the state having a population of more than 75,000 inhabitants and an area of more than 5,000 square miles, specifying the duties of such foremen and providing for the auditing and payment of their bills and the bills of the men employed under them against the county."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. In any county in this state now or hereafter having a population of more than 75,000 inhabitants according to the then next preceding state or national census and an area of more than 5,000 square miles, the county commissioners of such county may divide the same into two or more road districts and appoint by a majority vote of the board one or more road foreman for each district whose duties shall be those fixed by this act, and in addition thereto such other and further duties as such board of county commissioners may from time to time see fit to impose.

Sec. 2. Any such foreman so employed shall have charge of the construction or repair of the county roads in his district or such portions of them as are entrusted by the county board to his supervision and shall see that the orders of the board with reference to such construction and repair are carried out; shall keep the time of the men employed upon such road work and shall direct them in their labor; shall have the charge and care of the tools and implements belonging to the county used in such road work, shall keep an inventory thereof and at the completion or suspension of the work shall return to such board a list of such tools and implements remaining in his care and make such disposition of the same as he may be directed to do by the board; shall, in addition to directing the work of the men so employed, work with them so far as practicable in cases where the number of men employed is less than fifteen; but such foreman shall not be paid for any time not actually employed in and about said work and in carrying out the orders of the board.

Sec. 3. Each road foreman so appointed shall present to such board on or before the second day of each month a statement showing his own name, the name of each workman employed under him during the month previous, each day of the month on which any work was done and the number of hours of work performed by himself and each of such workmen during each such day; and indicating what time checks, if any, have been issued for any of said work. Said statement shall be verified by the oath of such foreman to the effect that the same is just and true in all respects; that the services therein set forth were actually rendered by the persons and at the times therein stated and were of the value therein charged; and that no part of the claims therein referred to or any of them has been paid.

When any such statement, duly verified and containing the particulars in this act provided, is presented to the board of county commissioners of any such county, said board shall audit such statement or so much thereof as may seem to them just and proper and so much of the same as is audited and allowed shall be paid to the forman and the individual workmen or their assigns by warrants upon the county treasurer in the same manner as other bills against the county are audited and allowed, but no sworn statement shall be required except that of the foreman herein provided.

Sec. 4. At the end of the month, or at the date of his discharge, the foreman may issue to any workman employed under him during the month a time check, showing the date of its issuance, the name of the workman to whom issued, the number of days and hours of work, the rate of wages, the full amount due and any offsets or deductions. Said time check may be assigned by endorsement upon the back thereof, and such endorsement if agreeing with the name of the party to whom such time check is issued and if witnessed by at least one witness shall be prima facie genuine. Any time check so issued shall be subject to correction to conform to the sworn statement hereinbefore provided and shall not be paid until such sworn statement has been audited and allowed as in this act provided. In case a time check has been given, no warrant shall be issued for the work covered by it unless the time check is presented to the county auditor except in cases where the time check has been lost or destroyed; in which case the party to whom the same was issued, or his assignee, before he is entitled to payment shall make affidavit to the facts relating thereto and file the same, together with a bond to the county with sureties satisfactory to the county auditor in an amount not less than double the amount of his claim.

Sec. 5. Any foreman who, with intent to defraud such county either to his own advantage or to the advantage of any other person or persons, shall make, swear to, or present or cause to be presented to the board of county commissioners of any such county any statement called for by the provisions of this act and containing any false or inacurate particulars, items or charges, either as to his own work or that of any workman or workmen employed under him, shall be guilty of a felony; and the making, swearing to or presenting or causing to be presented of any such statement shall be prima facie evidence of such intent to defraud.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 132—H. F. NO. 18.

AN ACT to establish a branch school of agriculture at Crookston, as a department of the University of Minnesota:

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. There shall be established at or near the city of Crookston, in the county of Polk, under the direction and educational supervision of the board of regents of the University of Minnesota, a school of agriculture, which shall be a department of the University of Minnesota, under such name and designation as the board of regents may determine, and wherein shall be taught such studies and branches of learning as are related to agriculture and domestic economy.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 133—H. F. NO. 57.

AN ACT to prohibit bucket shops and bucket shopping within this state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. A bucket shop, within the meaning of this act, is defined to be an office, store or other place wherein the proprietor or keeper thereof, either in his or its own behalf, or as the agent or correspondent of any other person, corporation, association or copartnership within or without the state, conducts the business of making, or offering to make, contracts, agreements, trades or transactions respecting the purchase or sale, or purchase and sale, of any stocks, grain, provisions, or other commodity, or personal property, wherein both parties thereto, or said proprietor or keeper, contemplates or intends that such contracts, agreements, trades or transactions, shall be, or may be, closed, adjusted or settled, according to, or upon the basis of the public market quotations, of prices made on any board of trade or exchange, upon which the commodities or securities referred to in said contracts, agreements, trades or transactions are dealt in, and without a bona fide transaction on such board of trade or exchange; or wherein both parties, or such keeper or proprietor, shall contemplate or intend that such contracts, agreements, trades or transactions shall be, or may be, deemed closed or terminated when the public market quotation of prices made on such board of trade or exchange, for the articles of securities named in said contracts, agreements, trades or transactions, shall reach a certain figure; and also any office, store, or other place, where the keeper or proprietor thereof, either in his or its behalf, or as agent, as aforesaid, therein makes, or offers to make, with others, contracts, trades or transactions for the purchase or sale of any such commodity, wherein the parties thereto do not contemplate the actual or bona fide receipt or delivery of such property, but do contemplate a settlement thereof based upon differences in the prices at which said property is, or is claimed to be bought and sold. The said crime shall be complete against any proprietor or keeper thus offering to make any such contracts, trades or transactions, whether such offer is accepted or not. It is the intention of this act to prevent, punish and prohibit, within this state, the business now engaged in and conducted in places commonly known and designated as "bucket shops," by persons, corporations, associations or co-partnerships, who or which ostensibly carry on the business or occupation of commission merchants or brokers in grain, provisions, petroleum or stocks and bonds.

Sec. 2. It shall be unlawful for any corporation, association, copartnership or person to keep or cause to be kept, within this state, any bucket shop; and any corporation or person, whether acting individually or as a member, or as an officer, agent or employe of any corporation, association, or co-partnership, who shall keep, or assist in the keeping of any bucket shop within this state, shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined in a sum not less than five hundred dollars ($500) and not more than two thousand dollars ($2,000), and be imprisoned in the county jail until such fine is paid, not exceeding one year; and any person or persons who shall be guilty of a second offense under this statute, in addition to the penalty above prescribed, shall, upon conviction, be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not less than thirty days, and not more than ninety days, and if a corporation, shall be liable to forfeiture, of its charter; and the continuance of such establishment after the first offense, shall be deemed a second offense.

Sec. 3. Any corporation, association, copartnership or person who shall communicate, receive, exhibit or display, in any manner, any statements of quotations of the prices of any property mentioned in section one (1) hereof, with a view to any transaction in this act prohibited, shall be deemed an accessory, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined and punished the same as the principal, and as provided in section two (2) of this act.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of every commission merchant, co-partnership, association, corporation, or broker, doing business as such, to furnish to every customer or principal for whom such commission merchant, broker, co-partnership, corporation or association has executed any order, for the actual purchase or sale of any of the commodities hereinbefore mentioned, either for immediate or future delivery, a written statement containing the names of the parties from whom such property was bought, or to whom it shall have been sold, as the case may be, the time when, the place where, and the price at which the same was either bought or sold; and in case such commission merchant, broker, copartnership, corporation or association fails to properly furnish such statement, the fact of such failure shall be prima facie evidence that such property was not sold or bought in a legitimate manner.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 134—H. F. NO. 228.

AN ACT to amend section 35 of chapter 4 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1893 as amended by chapter 135 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1895, entitled, "An act to regulate Elections."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 35 of chapter 4 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1893, as amended by chapter 135 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1895, entitled "An act to regulate elections," be amended to read as follows:

Section 35. The certificate of nomination of a candidate selected otherwise than by a convention of delegates shall be signed only after the holding of the regular primary election by electors resident within the district or political division from which the candidate is presented, as follows:

If for a state office on a state ticket equal to one per cent (1 per cent) of the entire vote of the state cast at the last preceding general election; if for a congressional or judicial district office, by five per cent (5 per cent) of the entire vote cast in any such district at the last preceding general election; and if for a county, legislative or municipal office, by ten per cent (10 per cent) of the entire vote cast in any such county, city, village, ward or other election district at the last preceding general election.

Provided, that the number of signatures required shall not exceed two thousand (2,000) for any state office, nor five hundred (500) for any congressional or judicial district, nor for any other office.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 135—H. F. NO. 432.

AN ACT relating to the revolving fund at the state prison.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The board of control and the warden of the state prison are authorized, whenever in their judgment it becomes necessary in order to meet the current demands on the revolving fund of the state prison, to borrow such sums of money as may be necessary. Such sums so borrowed, however, shall not exceed in any one year one-half of the total of the revolving fund of said prison.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 136—H. F. NO. 203.

AN ACT to amend sections six thousand twenty-nine (6029) and six thousand thirty-three (6033) of the General Statutes of eighteen hundred ninety-four (1894), as amended by chapter eighty-seven (87) of the General Laws of Minnesota for nineteen hundred three (1903), and relating to the foreclosure of mortgages.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That subdivision "third" of section six thousand twenty-nine (6029) of the General Statutes of Minnesota for eighteen hundred ninety-four (1894), be amended to read as follows:

"Third. That the mortgage containing such power of sale had been duly recorded, and if assigned, that all assignments thereof have been recorded; provided, that, if the mortgage is upon registered land, it shall be sufficient if the mortgage, and all assignments thereof, have been duly registered."

Sec. 2. That subdivision "second" of section six thousand thirty-three (6033) of the General Statutes of Minnesota for eighteen hundred ninety-four (1894, be amended to read as follows:

"Second. The date of the mortgage, and when and where recorded, except where the mortgage is upon registered land, the notice shall state that fact, and when and where the mortgage is registered."

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 137—H. F. NO. 209.

AN ACT providing for the recording of teachers' certificates and diplomas by the county superintendent of schools.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. No person shall be accounted a qualified teacher in any common school district within the meaning of the school law, until such person has filed for record with the county superintendent of schools of the county where such person intends to teach, a certificate or diploma or certified copy of either authorizing such person to teach school in such county.

Sec. 2. County superintendents of schools shall record in their office in a book provided by the board of county commissioners for such purpose, all material facts concerning teachers' certificates and diplomas presented for that purpose and shall certify to the holder of such certificate or diploma that such record has been made.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after January 1st, 1906.

Approved April 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 138—H. F. NO. 485.

AN ACT to amend subdivision fifteen (15) of section twelve hundred and twenty-four (1224) of title three (3) of chapter ten (10) of the General Statutes of Minnesota for the year eighteen hundred and ninety-four (1894), the same being an act to license amusements in certain villages in this state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That subdivision fifteen (15) of section twelve hundred and twenty-four (1224) of title three (3) of chapter ten (10) of the General Statutes of Minnesota for the year eighteen hundred and ninety-four (1894) be, and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Fifteen. To prevent or license and regulate the exhibition of caravans, circuses, mountebanks, theatrical performances or shows of any kind; to prevent or license and regulate the keeping of billiard tables, pool tables, pigeon hole tables, bowling saloons and all other games and devices; to restrain or license, regulate and tax auctioneers, hawkers and peddlers; and in all such cases they may fix the price of said license or tax, and prescribe the term of the continuance of such license, and may revoke such license when in the opinion of the village council the good order of the public interests of the village require it; provided, that the council may in any case (where), in their opinion, the public interests of the citizens of the village require it, refuse to grant any license for the above purposes, and provided, also, that twenty-five ($25) dollars a day shall be construed by the courts of said state as a reasonable price per day for an auctioneer's license issued under the above provision. The term of no such license shall extend beyond the annual election of officers next after the granting thereof."

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 11, 1901.

CHAPTER 139—H. F. NO. 631.

AN ACT to authorize cities in this state now or hereafter having a population of over fifty thousand inhabitants to acquire lands for public hospital purposes, either by purchase or by condemnation, and to pay the cost thereof by issuing the bonds of such city.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That any city in this state now or hereafter having a population of over fifty thousand inhabitants, in which there is a city and county public hospital, may acquire such additional lands as may be necessary therefor either by purchase or by condemnation thereof in the same manner as lands are condemned for the opening and widening of streets, and may pay the cost thereof either by public taxation or by issuing and selling the bonds of such city therefor; anything in the charter of said city or in any law of this state which may prohibit the issue of any bonds in excess of any specified percentage of taxable property in such city to the contrary notwithstanding; provided, however, that the aggregate amount of bonds issued for such purpose shall not be in excess of the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, par value, and shall not bear a greater rate of interest than four per cent per annum.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 140—H. F. NO. 733.

AN ACT to amend chapter three hundred seventy-five (375) of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year one thousand nine hundred one (1901), entitled "An act to amend section one (1) of chapter eighty-one (81) of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (1899), entitled "An act to fix the amount of money allowed the office of county attorney in all counties of the State of Minnesota having a population of one hundred thousand (100,000) and not more than one hundred eighty-five thousand inhabitants, for clerk hire and to provide for the appointment of such clerks."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That chapter three hundred seventy-five (375) of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year one thousand nine hundred one (1901) be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. In all counties of the State of Minnesota having, according to the then last completed state or national census, a population of not less than one hundred fifty thousand (150,000) and not more than two hundred thousand (200,000) inhabitants, the county attorney is hereby authorized to appoint a chief clerk in said county attorney's office whose salary shall be fifteen hundred ($1,500) dollars per year, which salary shall be payable in equal monthly installments out of the county treasury of such county; and said county attorney is hereby authorized to appoint one stenographer in said county attorney's office, whose salary shall be seven hundred (700) dollars per year, which salary shall be payable in equal monthly installments out of the county treasury of such county.

Sec. 2. Whenever, according to the then last state or national census, the population of any county in this state, which now has a population of less than one hundred fifty thousand (150,000) inhabitants, shall acquire said population of one hundred fifty thousand (150,000) inhabitants, such county shall at once become subject to the provisions of this act, and whenever, according to such census, the population of any county shall exceed two hundred thousand (200,000) inhabitants, the provisions of this act at the expiration of ninety days from the final filing of the enumeration of such county, shall no longer apply thereto.

Sec. 3. All acts and parts of acts, whether general or special, inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 141—S. F. NO. 119.

AN ACT to amend chapter 241 of the General Laws of 1895 relating to prohibiting officers and employes of cities or villages in this state from receiving fees as witnesses in any case in which the State of Minnesota, or any city, village or county in said state is a party.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That chapter 241 of the General Laws of 1895 be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. No officer or employe of any city, village or county in this state shall hereafter receive or be paid any sum as witness fees in any case in which the State of Minnesota, the county, the city or the village, of which he is an officer or employe is a party, if the case be tried in the city or village of which he is a resident.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 142—S. F. NO. 145.

AN ACT providing for the manner of paying the appropriations made by law in aid of high schools, graded schools, semi-graded schools and rural or common schools.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The appropriations made by law in aid of high schools, graded schools, semi-graded schools and rural or common schools shall be paid in the following manner: On or before the first (1st) day of October in each year, it shall be the duty of the state superintendent of public instruction to deliver to the state auditor a certificate in duplicate for each class of schools in each county of the state entitled to receive the state aid expressly appropriated by law for such purposes. Upon the receipt of such certificate, it shall be the duty of the state auditor to draw his warrant upon the state treasurer in favor of the county treasurer for the amount shown by each certificate to be due to the several schools therein enumerated.

The state auditor shall transmit such warrant or warrants to the county auditor, together with a copy of the certificate prepared by the superintendent of public instruction.

Sec. 2. Upon receipt by the county auditor of the warrant and the certificate as stated in section one of this act, it shall be his duty to credit the several school districts with the amounts stated in said certificate, then charging the county treasurer with the aggregate amount so received, and forthwith deliver to the county treasurer the said warrant or warrants.

The funds so credited to the several school districts shall be paid to the treasurers thereof in the same manner now provided by law for the payment of school funds to school district treasurers.

Sec. 3. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 143—S. F. NO. 233.

AN ACT to amend section nine hundred and fourteen (914) of the General Statutes of the year eighteen hundred and ninety-four (1894), relating to the organization of towns.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section nine hundred and fourteen (914) of the General Statutes of eighteen hundred and ninety-four (1894) be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 914. Whenever a majority of the male resident freeholders of any one, two, three, four or five congressional townships containing in the aggregate not less than twenty-five (25) male freeholders who are legal voters, petition the county board to be organized as a town, such board shall forthwith proceed to fix and determine the boundaries of such new town and name the same, and shall make and file with the auditor a full report of its proceedings in relation to the establishment thereof. For the purposes of the act the words "male freeholders" shall be construed to include any male person who is a legal voter in any such town occupying real estate therein under the homestead or pre-emption laws of the United States or under contract of purchase from any person or corporation or from the state of Minnesota.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 144—S. F. NO. 308.

AN ACT authorizing the return of one hundred and twenty-five (125) dollars to Lac qui Parle county, and appropriating money therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the sum of one hundred and twenty-five (125) dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to be paid to the county of Lac qui Parle, State of Minnesota, to reimburse said county for fines against Gustaff Galow, Amet Galow, Albert Galow, Fred Timmo and Herman Galow, which were paid into the state treasury, but should have been paid into the county treasury.

Sec. 2. The state auditor is hereby authorized to draw his warrant upon the state treasurer for the above named amount in favor of the county treasurer of said Lac qui Parle county.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 145—S. F. NO. 340.

AN ACT to authorize the board of county commissioners of any county, where a ditch has been legally established, to extend such ditch to a new outlet and make a second assessment on the lands benefited, to cover the cost of such extension.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Whenever there has heretofore been filed with the county auditor of any county in this state a petition and bonds signed by one or more freeholders as provided by chapter 258 of the Laws of 1901 and the acts amendatory thereof, asking for the establishment and construction of any ditch within such county designating the commencement and outlet thereof, where all requirements of the said drainage law have been complied with, and the ditch has been established by the board of county commissioners, in accordance with said petition, and the assessments for damages and benefits to the lands affected have been made and confirmed, on the assumption that such ditch should end at the terminus or outlet named in the petition, and where it is found that in order to make such ditch effectual to drain the lands sought to be drained thereby it will be necessary to extend such ditch beyond the outlet named in the petition and in the order establishing the same to a point beyond such designated outlet, outside the boundary of such county and state, the board of county commissioners of such county may employ an engineer and proceed to ascertain the cost of the extension of such ditch to the point of outlet necessary to make said ditch effectual to drain the lands of said county sought to be drained, and when such cost is so ascertained said board of county commissioners, may make a second assessment to cover such cost, on the same lands and in the same proportion as the first assessment for said ditch was made and the money arising from said second assessment shall be used exclusively to defray the expenses of such extension to such new outlet.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 146—S. F. NO. 300.

AN ACT entitled "An act providing for the reimbursement of county commissioners for expenses actually and necessarily paid and expended by them for travel or otherwise in the performance of their duties, excepting expenses incurred at the county seat during the sessions of the board, in counties of the state having at any time a population of more than 75,000 and less than 150,000 inhabitants."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. In any county in this state having at any time a population of more than 75,000 and less than 150,000 by the then last preceding state or national census, whether the compensation of the county commissioners thereof is fixed by special law, or otherwise, such commissioners shall, in addition to the amount now or herein provided, be reimbursed for all amounts actually and necessarily paid and expended by them for travel or otherwise in the performance of their duties within such county (excepting expenses incurred at the county seat during the sessions of the board) not exceeding the sum of two hundred dollars ($200.00) for any commissioner in any one year. Before allowance of any amount for disbursements a sworn statement setting forth in detail the amount of such disbursements and specifically when and where or to whom and for what each item was incurred or paid, shall be filed with such board, and take the same course as other bills against such county.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 147—S. F. NO. 505.

AN ACT to repeal chapter two hundred forty-one (241) of the General Laws of the year one thousand nine hundred and one (1901), entitled "An act to provide for the revision and codification of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota.

Section 1. That chapter two hundred and forty-one (241) of the General Laws of the year one thousand nine hundred and one (1901), entitled "An act to provide for the revision and codification of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota," be, and the same is hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after the eighteenth (18th) day of April, 1905.

Approved April 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 148—S. F. NO. 506.

AN ACT to repeal chapter one hundred fifty-seven (157) of the General Laws of the year one thousand nine hundred and three (1903), entitled "An act to further provide for the revision and codification of the General Laws."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That chapter one hundred and fifty-seven (157) of the General Laws of the year one thousand nine hundred and three (1903), entitled "An act to further provide for the revision and codification of the General Laws," be, and the same is hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after the eighteenth day of April, 1905.

Approved April 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 149—S. F. NO. 507.

AN ACT to amend chapter 239 of the General Laws of 1897, as amended by chapter 59 of the General Laws of 1899, and by chapter 26 of the General Laws of 1903, entitled "An act to permit voters of any township in this state to hold their elections within an incorporated village when such village is located in said town."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section one (1) of chapter two hundred and thirty-nine (239) of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven (1897), as amended by chapter fifty-nine (59) of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine (1899), and by chapter 26 of the General Laws of 1903, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 1. That whenever a majority of the legal voters of any township in this state shall petition the board of supervisors of such town to change the place of holding elections from where last held to an incorporated village, or to an incorporated city containing less than ten thousand inhabitants, located in whole or in part within such town, then said supervisors may procure a suitable hall or building in such village or city where the voters of such township shall hold their elections; and said township shall have power to purchase and own necessary real estate in such incorporated village or city for such purpose; provided, however, that no village or city election shall be held on the same day as a township election is held, in the hall, or place so procured by said town for election purposes.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 11, 1905.

CHAPTER 150—S. F. NO. 72.

AN ACT to appoint a commission to ascertain, exactly determine and survey the location of the place where Alexander Ramsey and others made a treaty with the Sioux Indians in Nicollet county, Minnesota, in the year 1851, and to appropriate the sum of $300 for the purchase of the land and commissioners' expenses.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That a commission consisting of James H. Baker, Azro A. Stone and L. F. Hubbard be and the same hereby is appointed to ascertain, exactly determine and survey the location of the place where Alexander Ramsey and others made a treaty with the Sioux Indians in the year 1851, in the county of Nicollet and State of Minnesota.

Sec. 2. That the sum of three hundred dollars ($300) or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby appropriated out of the funds of the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to be drawn and used by said commission to pay for said land, a map thereof and the necessary traveling expenses of the members of said commission in the discharge of the duties aforesaid, and on presentation of such certified vouchers as the state auditor shall direct.

Sec. 3. Said commission shall make full report of the execution of its trust to the governor of this state on or before the 15th day of January, 1907.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 12, 1905.

CHAPTER 151—S. F. NO. 188.

AN ACT relating to the assessment and payment of road taxes and the election and compensation of road overseers in counties having a population of 150,000 or more.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That in all counties in this state now having or which may hereafter have a population of 150,000 or more, there shall hereafter be no highway labor assessed, and all road taxes hereafter assessed by the township supervisors shall be paid in cash and shall be expended under the supervision and direction of the township supervisors.

Sec. 2. In all such counties the office of overseer of highways, provided in section 928 of the General Statutes of 1894, is hereby abolished and in lieu thereof, each of the Boards of Supervisors shall appoint not exceeding three (3) overseers of highways for its township; provided, that in counties having a population of 225,000 or more, each of said Boards of Supervisors shall before the annual town meeting divide its township into four road districts and at the annual town meeting next following such division, the electors of each road district so established shall proceed by ballot to elect a road overseer for said district, who shall, under the direction of the Board of Supervisors, have supervision and direction of the construction, maintenance and repair of all highways and bridges in said district under the control of the township supervisors. All road taxes levied and collected on the property of each road district shall be expended in the district where it was levied and collected; and provided further that the money paid as road taxes in each of said road districts shall be expended within the boundaries thereof.

Sec. 3. The overseer or overseers so appointed or elected shall receive as full compensation for his service not to exceed the sum of two dollars and fifty cents ($2.50) per day for the time actually employed in the performance of his duties.

Sec. 4. That Chapter 258 of the General Laws for 1901 and Chapter 169 of the General Laws for 1903, and all acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 12, 1905.

CHAPTER 152—S. F. No. 218.

AN ACT to legalize certain floating indebtedness of cities of ten thousand (10,000) inhabitants or less, and to authorize the issue of bonds with which to pay the same.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Any and all orders heretofore issued by any city in this state of ten thousand (10,000) inhabitants or less for the following purposes, or either thereof to-wit: in payment of interest on the indebtedness of the city; in payment of the current expenses of the city, when incurred in pursuance of the charter or ordinances of the city; in payment of work and labor performed upon streets and highways in pursuance of its charter and materials used in the performance of said work; in payment of salaries of officers and policemen due under the provisions of the charter, ordinances or resolutions of the city council; in payment of fees to attorneys for services performed in actions brought by or against the city; in payment of necessary expenses incurred in support of the poor and in payment of expenses incurred under the orders and directions of the state or local board of health, which orders are still outstanding and unpaid, are hereby validated and declared to be lawful floating indebtedness of such city, as of the date of their issue.

Sec. 2. Such city shall provide for the payment of such orders and for such purpose may issue its bonds for such an amount as may be necessary, which bonds shall bear interest at a rate to be determined by the city council of such city, not to exceed the rate of six per cent per annum, payable annually, and shall mature at such time as shall be determined by the city council of such city not to exceed ten years from the date of their issue. Provided, however, that no bonds shall be issued pursuant to the provisions of this act unless duly authorized by the voters of such city at the annual election or at a special election held for that purpose by resolution of the city council, passed by a majority vote, and conducted in the manner prescribed for municipal elections in such cities; the notices of election shall contain a statement of the amounts and purposes for which such bonds are proposed to be issued, with the date of their maturity and the rate of interest they shall bear.

The ballot to be voted at such election may read as follows:

"In favor of issuing bonds in the sum of —————— dollars, bearing interest at the rate of —— per cent per annum, maturing —— years after date thereof, pursuant to resolution of the city council passed on the —— day of ——, 19—. Yes.... No...."

The voters voting in favor of such proposition shall mark a cross (X) opposite the word "Yes" and those against such proposition shall mark a (X) opposite the word "No" on said ballot in a space provided for that purpose. If a majority of all the votes cast at such election be in favor of issuing the kind and amount of bonds designated in the ballot the city voting in favor thereof, through its proper officers without further act is authorized to issue such bonds to the amount voted and to sell the same in such manner as the city council may deem advisable, but such bonds shall not be sold for less than their par value, and the proceeds arising from the sale thereof shall be applied for the payment of such orders of the city, not represented by its prior bonds.

Sec. 3. The right to issue bonds under this act shall not be affected by the amount of the indebtedness of any such city outstanding at the time of the issuing of bonds hereunder.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage; provided, that nothing in this act shall be construed to affect the validity of any such orders which are the subject of litigation in any suit or suits now pending.

Approved April 12, 1905.

CHAPTER 153—S. F. NO. 504.

AN ACT relating to the engrossing and enrolling of legislative bills, joint resolutions and acts.

Whereas, hitherto it has been customary to engross and enroll bills, joint resolutions and legislative acts with pen and ink, in long hand, and

Whereas, during the last days of every legislative session such method often occasions unnecessary and embarrassing delay, now therefore,

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That all bills, joint resolutions and legislative acts may be engrossed, or enrolled, as the case may be, by pen and ink, in long hand, or by printing, or by typewriting, or partly in either manner.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and approval.

Approved April 12, 1905.

CHAPTER 154—S. F. NO. 516.

AN ACT regulating the fees to be charged by the register of deeds and fixing compensation for clerk hire in offices of register of deeds in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. In all counties of this state now containing or that hereafter shall contain sixty or more organized congressional townships and containing a population of not less than 45,000 and not more than 75,000, and in which the salary of the Register of Deeds is fixed by law at $1,500 per annum, such Register of Deeds shall charge and collect the same fees as are now provided for by law except that for entering or recording any deed or other instrument he shall charge the sum of five (5) cents per folio to be paid when the same is left for record.

Sec. 2. In any such county the county commissioners may allow a sum not to exceed $2,500.00 per annum for clerk hire in said register of deeds office. At the end of each month the register of deeds shall furnish each of the clerks and deputies employed in his office with a certificate showing the compensation such clerk or deputy is entitled to for such month and upon the presentation of said certificate the county auditor shall issue to such clerk or deputy his warrant upon the county treasurer for the amount thereof. The allowance for clerk hire shall in all cases be for actual services rendered. At the first meeting of the county commissioners of such county after the passage of this law the said county commissioners shall fix the amount to be allowed for such clerk hire for the remainder of the year 1905 and shall annually thereafter at the first meeting in January fix the amount to be allowed for such clerk hire during said year.

Sec. 3. That this act shall in no way affect or modify any existing law regulating the salaries of register of deeds in such counties, but that the same shall be and remain as now fixed by law, and all fees collected by the register of deeds of such counties shall be turned into the county treasury of said county as now provided by law.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 12, 1905.

GENERAL LAWS OF MINNESOTA PASSED AT THE LEGISLATIVE SESSION OF 1905.

CHAPTER 155—S. F. NO. 517.

AN ACT providing for additional clerk hire for judges of probate in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. In all counties of this state containing a population of not less than 45,000 and not more than 75,000, and in which the salary of the judge of probate is now or may hereafter be less than that provided for by the General Laws of the State of Minnesota, the county commissioners of such county may allow a sum not to exceed $500 per annum for additional clerk hire in said probate office in addition to the sum now allowed by law for the salary of the clerk of probate. Said amount so to be allowed to be fixed by the county commissioners for the year 1905 at their next meeting after the passage of this act and annually thereafter on the first meeting of each year, and said clerk hire shall in all cases be for actual services rendered and shall be paid monthly upon the presentation of a certificate of the judge of probate to the county auditor who shall issue to such person entitled thereto his warrant upon the county treasurer of said county for the amount therefor.

Sec. 2. This act shall in no way effect or modify any existing laws applicable to said county relating to the salaries and compensation of judges of probate and clerks of probate.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 12, 1905.

CHAPTER 156—S. F. NO. 518.

AN ACT providing for the payment of traveling expenses and clerk hire of superintendents and assistant superintendents of schools in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota.

Section 1. In all counties of this state containing a population of not less than 45,000 and not more than 75,000, and in which said counties there are now or shall hereafter be more than 250 school districts, the county commissioners may allow and pay the necessary traveling expenses incurred in the visiting of schools in such county by the superintendent of schools and the assistant superintendent of schools of said county, and for necessary clerk hire in the office of the superintendent of schools providing that in no one year shall the amount so allowed and paid exceed the sum of $800; provided further, that bills for such services and expenses shall be allowed and paid from the revenue fund of such county upon duly verified and itemized bills as other claims against such county are paid.

Sec. 2. That this act shall in no way affect or modify the existing laws regulating the salary and compensation of the superintendent of schools or assistant superintendent of schools of such county.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 12, 1905.

CHAPTER 157—S. F. 392.

AN ACT to legalize certain ditches, drains or water courses established or attempted to be established under and pursuant to the provisions of chapter 258 of the General Laws of 1901, as amended by chapter 38 of the General Laws of 1902, and chapters 178, 188, 311 and 315 of the General Laws of 1903, and to declare legal and valid all the assessments and liens levied or created under and pursuant to said acts and amendments thereto.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota.

Section 1. Where the county commissioners of any county of this state, in pursuance of chapter 258 of the General Laws of 1901, as amended by chapter 38 of the General Laws of 1902, and chapters 178, 188, 311 and 315 of the General Laws of 1903 of the State of Minnesota, have established and constructed, or attempted to establish and construct any ditch, drain or other water course, and the proceedings for such establishment and construction are in all respects valid, except that the notice of the pendency of the petition, and the hearing thereof, and the reports of the engineer and viewers has been published less than three weeks prior to such hearing, such ditch, drain or other water course, and such notice, and all other proceedings for its establishment and construction, are hereby legalized and made valid, and any assessments or liens levied or created against the lands benefited by the construction thereof, by the county auditor of any county or the board of commissioners thereof, for the cost of the establishment and the construction of the same, are hereby legalized and declared to be valid, and of full force and effect, and a lien against said lands until paid in the time and manner set forth in said chapter 258 of the General Laws of 1901, as amended by chapter 38 of the General Laws of 1902, and chapters 178, 188, 311 and 315 of the General Laws of 1903.

Sec. 2. This act shall not apply to or affect the right of appeal from such proceedings as now provided by law, or any actions or appeals now pending in which the validity of any such proceedings is called in question.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 12, 1905.

CHAPTER 158—H. F. NO. 201.

AN ACT to provide for the better enforcement of the laws forbidding, regulating and punishing the sale and use of commodities designed for human consumption which are deleterious to health and not true in name.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. For the proper enforcement of the laws of this state, already or hereafter enacted, which may be designed to prevent, regulate or punish the sale or use of commodities for human consumption which are deleterious to health and not true in name, the dairy and food commissioner, by himself, or employes of his department in addition to having the authority and powers otherwise conferred by law, is authorized and empowered to have and take access to any and all railroad cars of every sort or nature transported or being within this state, all railroad stations, storage houses, warehouses or express offices, or other places wherein there may at any time be commodities shipped within this state from without designed for human consumption whether such commodities have been sold or given away without the state, provided such sale or gift was or is with the intent that such commodities be delivered, had or used within the state, and the dairy and food commissioner by himself or the employes of his department shall have the same power and authority to open any package, can or vessel, so shipped within this state from without, which contains or which he has reason to believe contains any such commodity to inspect the contents thereof and to take samples therefrom for analysis, all after the same manner and with the same procedure as obtains by law in reference to similar commodities manufactured, sold or exposed for sale within the state. If it shall appear that any such commodity or commodities so shipped within this state from without is of a character or composition, the manufacture, sale or exposing for sale of which within the state is forbidden by any laws then in force as deleterious to health and not true in name, the dairy and food commissioner shall have the same rights and remedies, and shall enforce such rights and remedies against such commodity or commodities in the same manner as in the cases of similar commodities when manufactured, sold or exposed for sale within the state. On receiving notice from the commissioner, or any authorized employe of his department that he desires to inspect the contents of any such package, can or vessel, containing, as he believes, any such commodity, it shall be the duty of any common carrier, or warehouseman or their employes, or other person having the same in his possession, or under his control to withhold the same from delivery within this state such time as may be reasonably necessary for the inspection and analysis thereof. It is further made the duty of all common carriers and warehousemen and employes thereof to render the commissioner and his employes all the assistance in their power when so required to effectuate the purpose of this act. In case such inspection or analysis of any such commodity shall disclose therein ingredients deleterious to health and not true in name, as defined by any law of this state, such common carrier or warehousemen, or employes thereof, shall on demand disclose to the commissioner the names and addresses of the consignor and consignee of the package, can or vessel containing the same and the commissioner shall, before proceeding further, as against such commodity, notify such consignor and consignee in writing at their respective addresses as so disclosed of the results of such inspection and analysis. Any failure on the part of any common carrier, warehouseman, storage man, or employe thereof, to do or observe the provisions hereof shall be a misdemeanor.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and approval.

Approved April 12, 1905.

CHAPTER 159—H. F. NO. 7.

AN ACT to provide for a comprehensive system of drainage of swamp and marshy lands owned by the state; to create a commission to carry out the provisions of this act.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The state drainage commission as soon as is practicable after the approval of this act shall ascertain the number of acres of low wet lands belonging to the state, that it is necessary to drain in order to make them fit for agricultural purposes, and where the same are located, and what ditches and drains should be constructed to drain the said land. In the execution of this act, the said commission is hereby authorized and directed to cause to be made a complete and accurate survey of the location, size, route, beginning and termination of a comprehensive system of ditches or drains sufficient in number and size and length, and so located as to drain in the most practicable manner such low, wet or swamp lands owned by the state as in the opinion of the commission should be included within such system. And to accomplish said purpose, said commission is directed to employ within a reasonable time after the approval of this act, one or more competent civil, hydraulic, or topographical engineers and such other agents and assistants as it may find necessary to comply with the provisions of this act, and to fix their salary or compensation.

Such engineer, or engineers, shall upon appointment at once, under the direction of said commission, make the necessary surveys and take the necessary levels of such low, wet or swamp lands owned by the state, and shall, as soon as practicable, lay out a complete plan of a system of drains or ditches which shall in the most practicable way when completed, drain such lands and fit them for the purpose to which they are by nature adaptable.

Sec. 2. Such engineers shall keep an accurate and complete set of field notes and shall make a complete map and report of the said system of drains determined and found to be the most feasible, practicable and best calculated to accomplish the desired end, which map shall show the location, length, width and depth, the beginning, course and termination of each proposed drain or ditch in the system, and which report shall show the legal description of each tract of land according to government subdivisions, necessary to be taken or interfered within order to construct said system of drainage, and shall show the estimated cost of construction of each drain, and of the entire system so laid out by them, according to their best judgment.

Sec. 3. Upon the completion of his work said engineer shall place in the hands of said commission not later than Nov. first (1st), nineteen hundred six (1906), all his field notes, maps and reports which shall become the exclusive property of the State of Minnesota. Said commission shall at once cause said maps, field notes and reports to be filed in the office of the state auditor, and shall make a complete report of the doings of the commission under this act, with an itemized account of its expenditures, and containing a statement of the ownership whether by the state or by private owners, of all lands which will require to be taken or interfered with, according to the report of the engineers, in order to establish said system of drains, which report shall embody the maps and report of the engineer or sufficient thereof to enable the Legislature to obtain an intelligent idea of the subject, together with such suggestions and recommendations as the commission may think proper. A sufficient number of copies of the report of said commission shall be printed and supplied to the members of the year nineteen hundred seven (1907), and the various officers and boards of the state.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 13, 1905.

CHAPTER 160—H. F. NO. 56.

AN ACT to appropriate money to reimburse certain persons for supplies furnished to the Minnesota National Guard at its encampment at Lake View, in July, 1896.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The sum of two hundred fifty-four dollars (254), or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby authorized and directed to be paid by the Minnesota National Guard, out of any funds heretofore or hereafter appropriated to said National Guard, to reimburse the persons hereinafter mentioned, in the amounts respectively set down opposite their names, for supplies furnished by them to the Minnesota National Guard at its encampment at Lake View in the month of July, eighteen hundred ninety-six (1896); said amounts and each of them to be disbursed by the adjutant general as follows:

To Mrs. Julius Wenzel	$63.00
To Edward Collins	87.00
To W. J. Richardson	24.00
To Nicholas Thill	35.00
To Frank Defang	45.00

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 13, 1905.

CHAPTER 161—H. F. NO. 408.

AN ACT to provide for the separate assessment and taxation of mineral, gas, coal, oil, and other similar interests in real estate in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That whenever any mineral, gas, coal, oil or other similar interests in real estate are owned separately and apart from and independently of the rights and interests owned in the surface of such real estate, such mineral, gas, coal, oil or other similar interests may be assessed and taxed separately from such surface rights and interests in said real estate and may be sold for taxes in the same manner and with the same effect as other interests in real estate are sold for taxes.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 13, 1905.

CHAPTER 162—H. F. NO. 447.

AN ACT to provide for the appraisal and sale of school and other state lands and fixing the minimum price therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Whenever in the opinion of the land commissioner of the State of Minnesota it will be for the public interest that an appraisal of any of the school or other state lands should be made, he shall appoint one appraiser, who shall be one of the regularly employed state cruisers, and who shall not be a resident of the county in which the lands to be appraised are situated, and notify the governor, who shall appoint one appraiser who may be a resident of such county. The land commissioner shall also notify the commissioners of such county, who shall appoint a third appraiser; such appointments by the governor and county commissioners shall be made within thirty (30) days after such notice. Each appraiser shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, take and subscribe an oath, before some person qualified to administer oaths, that he will faithfully and impartially discharge his duties as appraiser, according to the best of his ability, and that he is not interested directly or indirectly in any of the school or other state lands or improvements thereon, and has entered into no combination to purchase the same or any part thereof, which said oath shall be attached to the report made of such appraisal, said appraisers after taking oath of office shall proceed to view and appraise such lands and the improvements thereon, and make a report thereof to the land commissioner as he may direct. The valuation of such lands and the timber shall each be made and stated separately in the appraisement, and the minimum price established by such appraisal shall be the minimum price for such lands until changed by subsequent appraisal. No school or other state lands shall be sold until so appraised, nor for a less price than five dollars $5.00 per acre. Such appraisers shall receive as compensation for their work the sum of five dollars ($5.00) per day for each day actually employed, which shall include all expenses, except railroad fare, actually expended. The land commissioner shall hold frequent sales of school and other state lands, the time and place of such sales to be publicly posted on the front door of the court house of the county in which said sale is to take place, at least three months in advance of such sale, in addition to the regular notice of sale provided by law. At said sales the land commissioner shall sell such lands as he considers for the public interest. Where land mainly valuable for agricultural purposes, as shown by the appraisements and other reports in the office of the land commissioner, contain only small quantities of pine, tamarack, or other timber, the land commissioner may in his discretion, either sell the timber separately in the manner provided by law for state timber sales, or he may sell the land as agricultural land, requiring the purchaser to pay down as first payment an amount equal to the value of the timber, in addition to the fifteen per cent first payment required on the land. It shall be the duty of the appraisers to report to the land commissioner such lands as in their opinion should be drained. After the state has constructed or has been assessed for any public ditch or drain, the lands hereby assessed or improved shall thereafter be reappraised before being offered for sale.

Sec. 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 13, 1905.

CHAPTER 163—H. F. NO. 479.

AN ACT to provide for the appointment of a state highway commission and defining its powers and duties and providing for the construction and repair of public highways by extending state aid for that purpose to the several counties therein, and the levying of a tax therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Within a reasonable time after January first, nineteen hundred and six (1906), the governor shall appoint a board of three commissioners, one from the First, Second, Third or Fourth congressional districts, one from the Fifth, Sixth or Seventh, and one from the Eighth or Ninth, to be known as the state highway commission; one shall serve one, one two, and the other three years, each year thereafter he shall appoint one commissioner for three years, or until his successor has qualified, but not more than two members shall belong to the same political party. Such commissioners shall serve without compensation except their actual personal expenses while in the performance of their official duties. The governor shall fill all vacancies and may remove a member for inefficiency, malfeasance or neglect of duty. All questions shall be determined by a majority vote of such commissioners.

Sec. 2. Said highway commission shall elect from its members a chairman. It shall have a common seal, the members thereof shall have the power to administer oaths, and it shall be provided with a suitable office at the capitol of the state where it shall hold regular meetings not less than once in every two months.

Said commission shall appoint a secretary, who shall be a civil engineer and practical road builder, who shall be known as the state engineer and who shall hold his office subject to the pleasure of said commission, and whose salary shall be eighteen hundred dollars ($1,800) per annum, and it may also employ a stenographer at fifty dollars ($50) per month, and such expert road builders and assistants as it may from time to time require and fix their compensation. Said state engineer shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, subscribe to, execute and file an oath of office and a bond in the penal sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) with sufficient sureties, to be approved by the attorney general, conditioned on the faithful performance of his official duties. He shall keep a record of every vote and official act of said commission, shall file and safely keep all maps and papers belonging to it, shall devote all of his time in the interest of the state as prescribed by said commission, and shall be in charge of the office of the commission at the state capitol. It shall also be the duty of said state engineer and his assistants to give such advice, assistance and supervision with regard to road construction throughout the state, as time and conditions will permit and as the rules and regulations of the commission may prescribe, and he and his assistants may be required by the commission to attend any public meeting held by the commission or other parties in the interest of road improvements in this state, provided that the state engineer, expert road builders or assistants shall be allowed necessary traveling expenses while performing their official duties outside the state capitol.

All of the files and records of said commission shall, under reasonable regulations, be kept open for public inspection and certified copies thereof shall be received in evidence in any court of this state.

The attorney general of the state shall be ex officio attorney for the commission and shall give the commission such legal counsel, advice and service as it may from time to time require.

Sec. 3. Whenever practicable said commission shall investigate and determine the location of road material in the state, ascertain the most approved methods of construction and improvement of roads, investigate the most approved laws in relation to roads in other states, and hold public meetings throughout the state when deemed advisable. On or before December 15th of each year it shall make a printed report to the governor, stating as near as possible, the number of miles of state roads built or improved during the year, their cost, and the general character and location of material suitable for road construction, the general character and needs of the roads of the state and recommend such legislation as it deems advisable, and any other information concerning road improvement as it deems expedient.

Sec. 4. For the purpose of state aid in the construction and improvement of public highways, there shall hereafter be levied annually on all taxable property of the state a tax of one-twentieth (1-20) of a mill on each dollar of valuation, to be collected in the same manner as other state taxes, and the money so raised, together with all moneys accruing from the investment of the internal improvement land fund after all appropriations that shall have been made prior to May 1, 1905, have been provided for, shall constitute the state road and bridge fund.

Sec. 5. There is hereby appropriated out of the general funds of the state six thousand dollars ($6,000), or so much thereof as shall be necessary, for the year 1906, and the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000), or so much thereof as shall be necessary, each year thereafter to pay the expenses of said commission, including the salary and traveling expenses of the state engineer, and all other persons employed by the commission, but in no year shall the expenses of the commission, engineer, assistants, stenographer, office supplies and other expenses exceed the sum herein appropriated, or which may hereafter be appropriated for any one year.

All accounts and expenditures shall be certified by the chairman of said commission, and paid by the state treasurer upon orders drawn by the state auditor.

Sec. 6. No member of the highway commission, the state engineer, or any other person in the employ of the highway commission, shall be, either directly or indirectly, interested in any contract for constructing or improving any road under this act.

Sec. 7. On or before the first Tuesday in March of each year the highway commission shall estimate the probable sum of money that will accrue to the state road and bridge fund during that year, and apportion the same among the different counties of the state, as herein provided, and shall immediately send a notice to the board of county commissioners of each county stating the amount that such county shall be entitled to receive for said year out of said fund. In making an estimate of the amount of the state road and bridge fund accruing to the several counties in the state, no county shall receive in one year more than three per cent nor less than one-half of one per cent of said fund, to be expended during such year, and in determining the percentage accruing to any one county, the said highway commission shall take into consideration the extent of the area of such county, the amount of money expended by it in road construction, the difficulty and expense of such road construction and the extraordinary expense connected with the development of new territory.

Sec. 8. As soon as the highway commission shall have ascertained the location of the available road material throughout the several parts of the state, and the best methods of road construction, as far as the same may be practicable, it shall prepare and adopt such rules and regulations for the construction and improvement of state roads as shall be most suitable to the requirements of, and bring the most practical results to the several parts of the state.

Such rules and regulations shall be printed and several copies shall be forwarded to the county auditor of each county in the state for general distribution. Such rules and regulations may be amended from time to time, but such amendments must be printed and distributed not later than March 1 of each year.

Sec. 9. Any county board may designate any road, or specified portion thereof, in its county as a state road, and construct or improve the same in accordance with the regulations of said highway commission relative to state roads.

Said state engineer shall, when practicable, make the necessary surveys, establish grades and prepare plans and specifications for all state roads. But when he is unable to do so, said board may employ its county surveyor or some other competent surveyor or road builder to do the work and report to said state engineer. Said county board may receive bids for all or part of said work and let the contract to the lowest responsible bidder, reserving the right to reject any or all bids, or may appoint a superintendent of construction and fix his compensation. Under his supervision the work or part of it may be done by day labor. Such superintendent shall prepare an itemized statement in duplicate of the cost of such construction or improvement as soon as completed, file one copy with the county board and the other with said state engineer.

Sec. 10. On or before the first Monday of December in each year every county auditor shall certify to said highway commission the amount of money expended for road purposes in his county during that year, and said commission shall forthwith certify to the state auditor the amount due such county from the state road and bridge fund, whereupon said auditor shall draw his warrant upon the state treasurer against said fund in favor of the treasurer of such county; but in no case shall said warrant exceed one-third the amount so expended in said county. If any person or board in any county having charge of the construction or improvement of any road shall wilfully neglect or refuse to comply with the directions of said highway commission, state engineer or road expert as to the method of construction or improvement of any such road, the amount expended thereon shall be deducted from the amount reported by the auditor of such county.

Sec. 11. Whenever any county board make application to the state highway commission for the establishment of a state road between its and an adjoining county, said commission shall investigate the need for such road and if it shall decide that it is necessary, shall order its establishment and determine and fix the part of the cost thereof to be paid by each county. The work shall be done by the joint action of the two county boards if they can agree, and if not, then said commission may cause the work to be done and at the time of the next tax levy the auditors of the respective counties shall include in such tax levy the part of the cost of said road construction or improvement fixed by said commission.

Sec. 12. The word "road" or "highway" whenever used in this act shall be construed to include all bridges upon, or which form a part of, the road or highway to be improved or constructed, provided that no more than one-third of the fund accruing to the state road and bridge fund in any year shall be expended for bridges.

Sec. 13. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after Jan. 1, 1906.

Approved April 13, 1905.

CHAPTER 164—H. F. NO. 509.

AN ACT giving the board of county commissioners in all counties of the state having a population of one hundred and fifty thousand (150,000) inhabitants or over, the exclusive control of the expenditure of all moneys appropriated by such board out of the general road and bridge fund of such counties, and regulating the expenditure thereof by such boards.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the board of county commissioners of all counties in this state now having, or which shall hereafter have a population of one hundred and fifty thousand (150,000) inhabitants or over, shall have the exclusive control of the expenditures of all moneys appropriated by such boards out of the general road and bridge fund of such counties for the purpose of constructing or repairing, or aiding in the construction and repair of roads and bridges, or either, in any township or village in such counties.

Sec. 2. That all moneys so appropriated shall be expended by and under the direction and supervision of such board of county commissioners in the following manner: That in all cases except as hereinafter provided before expending any such money for such purpose or purposes, such board of county commissioners shall require the county surveyor of such county, or his deputy, to furnish to such board a survey of the work for which it is proposed to expend such money, together with suitable plans and specifications thereof and the estimated cost thereof, and that upon the receipt of the same by such board it shall be the duty of such board, if it shall deem such expenditure advisable, to invite bids for such work by posting notices for at least fifteen (15) days prior to the letting of the contract for the same in at least three (3) of the most public places in the township wherein such work is to be done, and in case any portion of such work is within the limits of any incorporated village, by also posting notices in three (3) of the most public places in such village, and in all cases there shall be three (3) publications of said notices in the official newspaper, and such notices shall contain a brief description of such work, and shall state the time and place of awarding the contract for the same, and at the time and place mentioned in such notices; it shall be the duty of such board to let such contract to the lowest responsible bidder, who shall in all cases be required to enter into a written contract evidencing the same and said board shall require a satisfactory bond for the faithful performance of such contract; provided, nevertheless, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent such board from rejecting all bids for such work and readvertise for new bids if in the judgment of such board all bids are excessive; and provided, further, that such board may, without advertising for bids and letting contracts as above required, expend under the supervision of the county surveyor or his deputy a sum not exceeding one hundred ($100) dollars during any one year at any one point for repair to any road or bridge when in their judgment such repairs are necessary to maintain or protect such road or bridge or the travel thereon, and may employ a repair crew for such purpose for a period not exceeding four months during any one year, and may purchase and retain the necessary road machinery and tools for the purpose of making such repairs, shall not in any one year exceed one-quarter (¼) of the amount so appropriated for roads and bridges for said year in said county; and provided, further, that in case of any emergency rendering travel upon any highway unsafe, or threatening the immediate injury or destruction thereof, and requiring immediate repair, an amount not exceeding five hundred ($500) dollars may be expended in the repairs thereof without advertising for bids and letting a contract therefor, and the sum or sums so expended shall not exceed one thousand ($1,000) dollars in any one year and shall be included in the limit of one-quarter (¼) of the road and bridge fund so appropriated as hereinbefore mentioned.

Sec. 3. The county surveyor shall keep a full official record of all work in his office, which record shall belong to the county. He shall report annually the character and condition of the county roads and bridges, together with a statement of all work done during the year, and such recommendations, statistics and other material as he may deem proper for such report. This report shall be printed by the county board.

Sec. 4. Chapter 240 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for one thousand nine hundred and one (1901) is hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 13, 1905.

CHAPTER 165—H. F. NO. 543.

AN ACT to amend sections three (3), four (4), six (6), eight (8), ten (10), fourteen (14), sixteen (16), and twenty (20), of chapter three hundred and sixty-five (365), of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1903.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section three (3) of chapter three hundred and sixty-five (365) of the General Laws of 1903 be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 3. The sheriff shall then appoint and employ one chief deputy who shall be paid the sum of eighteen hundred dollars per annum; one jailer who shall be paid twelve hundred dollars per annum; two outside deputies who shall be paid fifteen hundred dollars per annum each, and each of whom shall be required in addition to the services to be performed for such compensation to keep and maintain a team and to pay his own traveling expenses within said county while in the performance of his official duties assigned to him as such; one outside city deputy to attend to the service of criminal and other process who shall receive a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum, and one other outside deputy who shall receive a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum; one deputy for the care of the insane and such other duties as the sheriff may require of him who shall receive a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum; one assistant jailer who shall receive a salary of one thousand dollars per annum; one night watchman who shall receive a salary of nine hundred dollars per annum; one bookkeeper who shall receive a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum; one deputy who shall have charge of the juries who shall receive a salary of seven hundred and fifty dollars per annum; one stenographer who shall also be a deputy sheriff and shall receive a salary of seven hundred and eighty dollars per annum; one matron who shall receive a salary of five hundred dollars per annum; one cook who shall receive a salary of six hundred dollars per annum.

Sec. 2. That section four (4) of chapter three hundred and sixty-five (365) of the General Laws of 1903 be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 4. The sheriff shall also appoint and employ as many court room deputies as there are district court judges in and for said county who shall attend the courts of said judges and perform such other duties pertaining to the sheriff's office as the said sheriff may require and the compensation of each of said deputies shall be nine hundred dollars per annum. For all services rendered by the sheriff he shall be allowed and paid from the county treasury his actual expenses necessarily incurred by him in the performance of such services. That an expense fund of one thousand (1,000) dollars be set aside out of the first one thousand (1,000) dollars received as fees from and after the passage of this act to be used by the sheriff to meet the current monthly expenses of the office, the money so used to be replaced in said fund at the end of each month when such expenses is allowed.

Sec. 3. That section six (6) of chapter three hundred and sixty-five (365) of the General Laws of 1903 be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 6. The auditor shall appoint and employ one chief deputy who shall be paid the sum of eighteen hundred dollars per annum; one deputy and commissioners clerk who shall be paid the sum of fifteen hundred dollars per annum; one chief clerk and draftsman who shall be paid the sum of fifteen hundred dollars per annum; one bookkeeper and deputy, who shall be paid the sum of fifteen hundred dollars per annum; one deputy and one settlement clerk who shall be paid the sum of twelve hundred dollars per annum each; three counter deputies who shall be paid the sum of eleven hundred dollars per annum; five general clerks who shall be paid the sum of one thousand dollars per annum each.

Sec. 4. That section eight (8) of chapter three hundred and sixty-five (365) of the General Laws of 1903 be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 8. The county attorney shall appoint and employ one assistant, known as first assistant county attorney who shall be paid the sum of twenty-four hundred dollars per annum; one assistant who shall be known as second assistant and attorney for county commissioners who shall receive a salary of two thousand two hundred dollars per annum; one assistant who shall be known as third assistant who shall receive a salary of eighteen hundred dollars per annum; one assistant who shall be known as the fourth assistant who shall receive a salary of fourteen hundred dollars per annum; one stenographer who shall receive a salary of seven hundred and twenty dollars per annum.

Sec. 5. That section ten (10) of chapter three hundred and sixty-five (365) of the General Laws of 1903 be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 10. The register of deeds shall appoint and employ one chief deputy who shall be paid fifteen hundred dollars per annum; one second deputy who shall be paid one thousand dollars per annum; one indexer who shall be paid nine hundred dollars per annum; one chief comparer who shall be paid ten hundred dollars per annum; one assistant comparer who shall be paid seven hundred and twenty dollars per annum; one assistant indexer and comparer who shall be paid seven hundred dollars per annum; one vault clerk who shall be paid nine hundred dollars per annum.

Sec. 6. That section fourteen (14) of chapter three hundred and sixty-five (365) of the General Laws of 1903 be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 14. The county surveyor shall appoint and employ two deputies who shall be paid the sum of one thousand four hundred and fifty dollars per annum each, and each of whom shall be required in addition to the services to be performed for such compensation to keep and maintain a team and to pay his own traveling expenses within said county while in the performance of his official duties assigned to him as such; one clerk who shall be paid the sum of one thousand dollars per annum.

Sec. 7. That section sixteen (16) of chapter three hundred and sixty-five (365) of the General Laws of 1903 be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 16. The county treasurer shall appoint and employ one chief deputy who shall be paid the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars per annum; one deputy who shall have charge of the statement department in said office who shall be paid the sum of thirteen hundred dollars per annum; four statement clerks who shall be paid the sum of one thousand dollars per annum each; one cashier or teller who shall be paid the sum of one thousand dollars per annum; one bookkeeper who shall be paid the sum of one thousand dollars per annum; one accountant who shall be paid the sum of nine hundred dollars per annum.

Sec. 8. That section twenty (20) of chapter three hundred and sixty-five (365) of the General Laws of 1903 be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 20. The judge of probate shall appoint and employ one clerk of court who shall be paid the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars per annum; one deputy clerk of court who shall be paid the sum of thirteen hundred dollars per annum; and four general clerks who shall be paid the sum of one thousand dollars per annum each. The judge of probate and clerk of probate court shall charge the same fees for his services as are now or may hereafter be allowed by law, and all such fees so charged and collected in said office shall be paid into the county treasury.

Sec. 9. All increase in salaries herein provided for shall be paid out of any moneys in the county treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 10. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after April 1st, 1905.

Approved April 13, 1905.

CHAPTER 166—H. F. NO. 500.

AN ACT to provide for the appointment of inspectors of mines in counties of this state, to prescribe their powers and duties, and to provide for their compensation and expenses.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the board of commissioners of any county in this state where there are at least five mines situate and in operation is hereby authorized and directed on or before the first day of July, 1905, to appoint an inspector of mines, who shall hold office for the term of three years or until his successor is appointed and qualified, for the purpose of discharging the duties hereinafter prescribed; to fix the compensation and traveling expenses of such inspector and provide for the payment of the same, and to remove such inspector and appoint another in his place whenever in the judgment of said board the best interests of the owners and employes of such mines may so require, and to fill vacancies arising from any other cause than removal.

Sec. 2. Such inspector of mines shall be at least twenty-five years of age, a citizen of the State of Minnesota and a resident of the county wherein he is appointed, shall be of good moral character and temperate habits, and shall have had previous to his appointment practical experience as a miner or otherwise engaged as an employe in mines of the state at least six years, or a mining engineer having had previous to his appointment at least two years' practical experience in iron mines and iron mining and having had at least one year's such experience in this state. He shall not while in office in any way be interested as an owner, operator, agent, stockholder or engineer of any mine. He shall make his residence or have his office in the mining district of the county for which he is appointed. The salary of the inspector of mines shall be such sum as shall be fixed by the board of county commissioners, not exceeding two thousand dollars per annum, and he shall in addition be allowed actual traveling expenses not exceeding three hundred dollars in any one year. He shall file with the county auditor an itemized account of his expenses every three months, verified by his affidavit, showing that they have been incurred in the discharge of his official duties. He shall, before entering upon the discharge of the duties of his office, take an oath before some person authorized by law to administer oaths that he will support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Minnesota and that he will faithfully, impartially and to the best of his ability, discharge the duties of his office, and he shall file a certificate of his having done so in the office of the auditor of the county for which he is appointed, and he shall also give a bond payable to said board of commissioners in the penal sum of five thousand dollars, with good and sufficient sureties to be approved by the board of county commissioners of the county for which he is appointed, conditioned that he will faithfully discharge the duties of his office, and said bond shall be filed with the county auditor of such county.

Sec. 3. The duties of the inspector of mines shall be to visit all the working mines of his county at least once in every ninety days and oftener if requested so to do as hereinafter provided, and closely inspect the mines so visited and condemn all such places where he shall find that the employes are in danger from any cause, whether resulting from careless mining or defective machinery or appliances of any nature; he shall compel the erection of a partition between all shafts where hoisting of ore is performed, and where there are ladder ways, where men must ascend or descend going to and from their work. In case the inspector of mines shall find that a place is dangerous from any cause as aforesaid, it shall be his duty immediately to order the men engaged in work at the said place to quit work, and he shall notify the superintendent, agent or person in charge, to secure the place from the existing danger, which said notification or order shall be in writing, and shall clearly define the limits of the dangerous place, and specify the work to be done, or change to be made to render the same secure, ordinary mine risks excepted. It shall also be the duty of the inspector of mines to command the person, persons or corporation working any mine, or the agent, superintendent, foreman or other person having immediate charge of the working of any mine, to furnish all shafts, open pits, caves and shutes of such mine where danger exists with some secure safeguard at the top of the shaft, open pit, cave or shute so as to guard against accidents by persons falling therein or by material falling down the same, also a covering overhead on all the carriages on which persons ascend or descend up and down the shaft, if in his judgment it shall be practicable and necessary for the purpose of safety. Provided, that when any mine is idle or abandoned it shall be the duty of the inspector of mines to notify the person, persons or corporation owning the land on which any such mine is situated or the agent of such owner or owners, to erect and maintain around all the shafts, caves and open pits of such mine a fence or railing suitable to prevent persons or domestic animals from accidentally falling into said shafts, caves or open pits. Said notice shall be in writing and shall be served upon such owner, owners or agent, personally, or by leaving a copy at the residence of any such owner or agent if they or any of them reside in the county where such mine is situated, and if such owner, owners or agent are not residents of the county such notice may be given by publishing the same in one or more newspapers printed and circulating in said county if there be one and if no newspaper be published in said county, then in a newspaper published in some adjoining county, for a period of three consecutive weeks.

Sec. 4. If any person or persons are required to continue work in any place or places in which the inspector of mines has ordered employes to quit work as aforesaid, except to do such work as may have been by him required to be done in order to render such place or places safe, ordinary risks of mining excepted, the person or persons or corporation so requiring employes to work in such place or places shall be liable for all accidents causing injury or death to any employe arising by reason of such place or places not having been repaired or changed as required by said inspector.

Sec. 5. It shall be lawful for the inspector of mines to enter, examine and inspect any and all mines and machinery belonging thereto at all reasonable times by day or by night, but so as not to obstruct or hinder the necessary workings of such mines, and it shall be the duty of the owner, operator or agent of every such mine upon the request of the inspector of mines to furnish for his inspection all maps, drawings and plans of the mine, together with the plans of all contemplated changes in the manner of working the mine or any part thereof; to furnish him with some suitable person or persons as he may desire to accompany him through the mine or any part thereof, and also to furnish him suitable ladders and other necessary appliances to make a proper inspection and to furnish upon request the inspector of mines with all necessary facilities for such entry, examination and inspection, and if the said owner, operator or agent aforesaid shall refuse to permit such inspection or to furnish the necessary facilities for such entry, examination and inspection and shall continue so to refuse or permit after written request therefor made by the inspector of mines, such refusal or neglect shall be deemed a gross misdemeanor and upon conviction therefor such owner, operator or agent shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred or more than five hundred dollars for each and every offense.

Sec. 6. The salary and expenses of the inspector of mines shall be paid out of the treasury of the county for which he is appointed by vouchers similar to those used by other county officials. The board of county commissioners shall furnish the inspector of mines with the necessary books, stationery and supplies.

Sec. 7. Whenever twenty or more persons working in any mine or place where mining is done, or the owner, operator or agent of any mine, shall notify the inspector of mines in writing that his services are needed, he shall immediately make an inspection thereof and shall examine as to the necessary precautions and general safety of the mines and see that all the provisions of this act are observed and strictly carried out.

Sec. 8. Whenever, by reason of any accident in any mine, loss of life or serious personal injury shall occur, it shall be the duty of the manager or superintendent of the mine, and in his absence the person or officer under him in charge of the mine, to give notice thereof forthwith to the inspector of mines, stating the particulars of such accident, and the said inspector shall, if he deems it necessary from the facts reported, go immediately to the scene of such accident and make such suggestions and render such assistance as he may deem necessary in the premises and personally investigate the cause of such accident and take such steps as he may deem necessary for the safety of the employes of such mine and to prevent accidents of a like or similar nature.

Sec. 9. The owner, operators or agent of any mine shall at all times keep a sufficient and suitable supply of timber and logging on hand, when required to be used as supports, props or otherwise in the mining work, so that the workings of such mine may be rendered reasonably safe and secure.

Sec. 10. Any workman, employe or other person who shall open, remove or disturb any fence, guard or rail and not close or replace or have the same closed or replaced again around or in front of any shaft, test pit, shute, excavation, cave or land liable to cave, injure or destroy, whereby accident, injury or damage results, either to the mine or those at work therein, or to any other person, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding fifty dollars or imprisonment for not more than sixty days in the county jail for each and every such offense.

Sec. 11. It shall be the duty of the inspector of mines appointed under this act to make and file no later than September first (1st) of each year with the auditor of the county for which he is appointed and with the state commissioner of labor a full and complete report of all his acts, proceedings and doing hereunder for each year ending June 30, stating therein, among other things, the number of visits and inspections made, the number of mines in operation, the number not in operation, the names of the mines, where located, the owners, lessees or managers, the names of the officers, the quantity of ore shipped, the number of men employed, the average wages for different kinds of work, the number of accidents, fatal or otherwise, the cause of such accidents, and such other information in relation to the subject of mines and mining inspection as he may deem of proper interest and beneficial to the mining interests of the state. Such report shall be included in the biennial report of the state commissioner of labor.

Sec. 12. Any owner, operator or agent of any mine in this state violating the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a gross misdemeanor and for each offense upon conviction shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars or more than five hundred dollars.

Sec. 13. Any inspector of mines appointed hereunder failing to comply with the requirements of this act shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than one hundred or more than one thousand dollars and be dismissed from office, and the said board of commissioners shall remove him from office for neglect of duty, drunkenness, incompetency, malfeasance in office and other good cause.

Sec. 14. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 13, 1905.

CHAPTER 167—H. F. NO. 679.

AN ACT relating to parks and parkways in certain villages.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Any village now or hereafter located in any county of the state now or hereafter having a population exceeding two hundred and twenty-five thousand (225,000) inhabitants, is hereby authorized to create a board of park commissioners, and to acquire, govern and administer lands for parks and parkways by proceedings in the manner provided in this act.

The city council of such village may submit to the voters thereof at any general election or at any special election ordered for the purpose, the question whether to adopt the provisions of this act. The vote shall be by ballot, the form of which shall be as follows:

"For a park and parkway system and the election of a board of park commissions.

Yes ....

No ....

Those voting in the affirmative shall make a cross after the word "Yes," and those voting in the negative after the word "No." If a majority of the votes cast upon that question are in the affirmative the provisions of this act shall be deemed to be adopted, otherwise not.

The village council shall at the said election provide for the election of three park commissioners, and prescribe the form of ballots in accordance with the general election law. If the provisions of this act are adopted by the vote taken as aforesaid, the three candidates receiving the highest number of votes shall be elected as park commissioners. The one receiving the highest vote shall hold office until the third annual village election next ensuing; the one receiving the second highest, until the second annual village election next ensuing; and the one receiving the third highest until the first annual village election next ensuing, and until their respective successors are elected. Thereafter one park commissioner shall be elected at each annual village election to serve for three years, and until his successor is elected and qualified. The newly elected park commissioner shall take office at the same time as the newly elected members of the village council. Each park commissioner shall before entering on the duties of his office, subscribe and file with the village recorder an oath faithfully to perform his duties as such park commissioner and to the best of his ability.

Sec. 2. The said park commissioner shall constitute a department of the village government, by the name of the board of park commissioners of the village of............

They shall elect one of their own number annually as chairman and shall make rules for their meetings and for the conduct of their business. In case a vacancy occurs it shall be filled by election by the village council until the next annual village election, when a park commissioner shall be elected to fill the unexpired term. The village recorder shall be the recording officer of the board.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of such board of park commissioners to devise and adopt a system of parks and parkways for the village, and from time to time to add thereto. The board shall have power to acquire lands for parks and parkways by gift, devise, lease, purchase and dedication, to administer and govern the same as parks and parkways, and to ordain and establish rules and ordinances to secure the quiet, suitable and appropriate use thereof. The lands so acquired shall be held for public use as parks and parkways.

Sec. 4. The village council shall annually at the time of levying other village taxes, levy such sum as it shall deem necessary, not to exceed one mill upon the dollar of taxable property of the village, for park purposes and such taxes shall be collected with and as part of other village taxes, and paid into the village treasury, and set apart as a village park fund. The board of park commissioners shall have power to expend such found in the acquisition, maintenance and improvement of parks and parkways. All warrants drawn upon such fund shall be accompanied by receipted vouchers showing the purpose for which the warrant is drawn, and shall be signed by the president of the board and by the village recorder,* and countersigned by the president of the village council. The board of park commissioners may with the consent of the village council, take any land within the village, which has been acquired or dedicated as a public park or common, and thereafter administer and govern the same as if acquired by purchase under the provisions of this act. The board of park commissioners may also, with the consent of the village council, take as a parkway any street or highway or portion thereof, and thereafter administer and govern the same in all respects and with like powers as if it had been originally acquired as a parkway under the provisions of this act. The board of park commissioners shall have power to regulate, control and govern the traffic upon and over any parkway, and may exclude therefrom all vehicles excepting those in use for carrying passengers, or impose lesser restrictions thereon as it may deem best.

Sec. 5. All offenses against ordinances of the board of park commissioners may be prosecuted before any justice of the peace or municipal court of the county. The penalty for violating such ordinance shall be by imprisonment not exceeding ninety (90) days or by fine not exceeding one hundred ($100) dollars for each offense; and in case the fine is not paid, by imprisonment not exceeding ninety (90) days.

Sec. 6. For the purpose of acquiring lands for parks and parkway purposes, the village shall have the power of eminent domain, and the power of levying special assessments to be exercised in the manner prescribed by sections 214 to 242 inclusive, and sections 261 to 266 inclusive of chapter 8 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1895. The proceedings therein provided for shall be conducted by the village council, and the duties prescribed to be performed by the city controller and the city clerk by said chapter 8, shall be performed by the village recorder. Duties prescribed to be performed by the city engineer and city treasurer may be performed by any engineer employed by the city council, and by the village treasurer respectively. Notices may be published in any newspaper published in the village.

Sec. 7. The board of park commissioners shall have power to erect docks, boat houses, bath houses, refreshment booths, amusement halls, pavilions and other structures for the comfort of the people, and to operate and administer the same and to make reasonable charges therefor. The board shall also have power with the consent of the village council to make contracts and leases for the construction and operation of such buildings for terms not exceeding ten (10) years. Every such contract and lease shall provide that the structure shall be operated for the public use and convenience, and that the charges shall be reasonable, and shall reserve to the board of park commissioners power to prescribe reasonable rules and regulations from time to time for the conduct of the privilege.

Sec. 8. In case any such park or parkway shall embrace the shore of any navigable lake, the board shall have power to lease to private clubs the privilege of occupying limited areas in the bed of the lake adjacent to such shore for club house purposes, for periods not exceeding ten (10) years in any case. The space to be occupied by any one private club shall not exceed one acre. No such club house shall be located so as to interfere with navigation. Every such lease shall reserve to the board full power and authority to make from time to time reasonable rules and regulations to secure quiet and good order on the premises. The lessee in such case shall have power to retain the club house for the use of its own members and guests. Every area so leased shall be subject to all the ordinances of the village, and in particular to the ordinance relating to the sale and use of malt and intoxicating liquors.

Sec. 9. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 13, 1905.

CHAPTER 168—H. F. NO. 1.

AN ACT proposing an amendment to article nine of the Constitution of the State of Minnesota relating to taxation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The following amendment to article nine of the Constitution of the State of Minnesota, to take the place of sections one, two, three, four and the amendment added to the end of said article adopted in 1896, relating to taxation, is hereby proposed to the people of the State of Minnesota for their approval or rejection, which amendment when adopted shall be known as section one of said article nine, that is to say:

Section 1. The power of taxation shall never be surrendered, suspended or contracted away. Taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects, and shall be levied and collected for public purposes, but public burying grounds, public school houses, public hospitals, academies, colleges, universities, and all seminaries of learning, all churches, church property, and houses of worship, institutions of purely public charity, and public property used exclusively for any public purpose, shall be exempt from taxation; and there may be exempted from taxation personal property not exceeding in value $200, for each household, individual or head of a family, as the legislature may determine: Provided, that the legislature may authorize municipal corporations to levy and collect assessments for local improvements upon property benefited thereby without regard to a cash valuation, and, provided further, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect, modify or repeal any existing law providing for the taxation of the gross earnings of railroads.

Sec. 2. Such proposed amendment shall be submitted to the people, for their approval or rejection, at the general election for the year one thousand nine hundred and six, and the qualified electors of the state, in their respective districts may, at such election, vote for or against such proposed amendment by ballot, and the returns thereof shall be made and certified within the time, such votes canvassed, and the result thereof declared in the manner provided by law with reference to the election of state officers, and if it shall appear thereupon that a majority of all the electors voting at such election shall have voted for and ratified said amendment, as provided in the next section hereof, then the governor shall make proclamation thereof, and such amendment so ratified shall take effect and be in force as a part of the Constitution.

Sec. 3. The ballots used at said election, on said proposed amendment, shall have printed thereon: "Amendment of article nine of the Constitution, relating to taxation, to take the place of sections one, two, three, four and the amendment added at the end of said article adopted in 1896. Yes——— No———."

Each elector voting upon such proposed amendment shall place a cross mark, thus, "X," in a space to be left on the ballot opposite the words "yes" and "no," according as he may wish to vote for or against said amendment; and his vote shall be counted in accordance with the expressed will of such elector, as provided by the election laws of this state.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 13, 1905.

CHAPTER 169—H. F. NO. 63.

AN ACT legalizing and confirming village ordinances, in counties now or hereafter containing two hundred and twenty-five thousand (225,000) inhabitants and over, contracts and grants of franchise for water works, gas, electric light, heat and power plants in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota.

Section 1. That in all cases where any incorporated village in counties now or hereafter containing two hundred and twenty-five thousand (225,000) inhabitants and over in this state, whether incorporated under general or special laws, has heretofore adopted an ordinance or ordinances purporting to grant the right to any person, persons or corporation, to construct, operate and maintain in such village, water works, gas, electric light or heating plants, or either of them, and in all cases where any such village by such ordinance or ordinances or by an agreement or agreements in writing, has heretofore undertaken or attempted, among other things, to contract with such person, persons or corporation, or their assigns, for the furnishing of water, gas, electric light, heat or power, or either of them, to such village, or the inhabitants thereof, and any such person, persons or corporation, or their assigns, has expended money in the construction and maintenance of said water works, or gas, electric light or heating plant, or either of them, and is now furnishing such village and its inhabitants with water, gas, electric light, heat or power, or either of them, such grant and contract are hereby in all things ratified, legalized and confirmed.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 13, 1905.

CHAPTER 170—H. F. NO. 227.

AN ACT to authorize cities in this state having a population of not less than ten thousand and not more than twenty thousand inhabitants to repair, reconstruct and rebuild bridges, and to issue bonds for such purposes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Whenever any city in this state, now or hereafter having a population of not less than ten thousand nor more than twenty thousand inhabitants according to the then last preceding official national or state census, has, by authority of law, constructed, built, purchased or otherwise lawfully acquired any bridge across any navigable stream either wholly within the limits of any such city or partially within and partially without the limits of said city, or partly within the limits of said city and connecting with and partly within any state bordering upon the State of Minnesota, every such city shall have the power and authority to repair, reconstruct and rebuild from time to time any such bridge, whenever the same may be determined to be necessary by a two-thirds vote of all the members of the city council, or other governing body of such city, and every such city is hereby authorized to issue its bonds in the manner hereinafter specified for any or all of the purposes aforesaid, provided that the amount of bonds issued by authority of this act shall not exceed two per cent of the assessed valuation of the taxable property of such city, according to the then last preceding equalized valuation thereof as determined by the state board of equalization.

Sec. 2. Every city issuing any bonds under authority of this act is hereby required to levy each year thereafter the necessary tax upon all the taxable property of such city, for the purpose of paying the interest upon bonds so issued and of creating a sinking fund to pay such bonds as they mature, said sinking fund to be known as the bridge bond sinking fund, until the bonded indebtedness hereby authorized shall be extinguished, and such sinking fund shall not be diverted to or used for any other purpose.

Sec. 3. No bonds shall be issued hereunder by any city for any sum in excess of the actual cost or contract price of repairing, reconstructing or rebuilding any such bridge.

Sec. 4. Any such city is hereby authorized and empowered, by a two-thirds vote of the common council or other governing body thereof, to contract on behalf of said city for the repairing, reconstruction or rebuilding of any such bridge, and provide for the payment thereof on such terms and at such times as to such council, or other governing body, shall seem proper. Provided, however, that no such contract providing for any expenditure in excess of $500 shall be entered into unless the resolution authorizing the same shall be first approved by the mayor of such city, or adopted by three-fourths (¾) vote of the city council or other governing body when not approved by such mayor and an advertisement for sealed bids for the performance of such contract shall be first published by the clerk or recorder of such city at least once in each week for three successive weeks in the official newspaper of such city. The council, or other governing body, shall have authority to prescribe such terms and conditions relative to the making of such bids for such contract and relative to the security which each bidder shall be required to make or deposit with such bid, as to such council, or other governing body, shall seem expedient and proper, and shall have authority to reject any and all bids.

Sec. 5. The bonds of any such city, issued pursuant to the terms of this act, may be issued and sold from time to time as determined and authorized by ordinance or resolution adopted by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of all the members of the city council, or other governing body of such city, and shall be issued in such denominations and shall be payable at such times and at such place or places and in such installments as may be provided in such ordinance or resolution, and shall bear interest at not to exceed four per cent per annum, which shall be evidenced by coupons attached to such bonds, and such interest shall be payable at such times and at such place or places as may be specified in such ordinance or resolution. Such bonds shall be sealed with the seal of the city issuing them and be signed by the mayor and city clerk, or recorder, and such coupons shall be signed by the mayor and city clerk, or recorder; and such bonds shall not be sold for less than par value and accrued interest to the highest responsible bidder after notice published once in each week in a daily newspaper, if one there be in such city; if not, then in a weekly newspaper in such city, and also in a daily newspaper published in the city of St. Paul. A failure to publish said notices, however, shall not invalidate such bonds.

Sec. 6. None of the proceeds of any of the bonds issued pursuant to the provisions of this act, nor any part thereof, shall be used for any other purpose than the purposes hereinbefore specified, which purpose or purposes shall be distinctly set forth in the ordinance or resolution authorizing the same.

Sec. 7. None of the bonds of any such city, issued pursuant to the terms and provisions of this act, shall be deemed or taken to be a part of the indebtedness of such city within the purview of any law limiting the amount of the bonded or other indebtedness of any such city, and the bonds authorized by this act may be issued notwithstanding and without regard to any limitation of the indebtedness of such city. Nevertheless, the full faith and credit of every such city is pledged to the full payment of all such bonds and interest.

Sec. 8. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 13, 1905.

CHAPTER 171—H. F. NO. 438.

AN ACT to amend section sixteen (16) of chapter three hundred thirty-three (333) of the Laws of 1903, being "An act fixing and regulating the collection and disposition of fees of clerks of the district court in counties having or which may hereafter have a population of two hundred thousand (200,000) inhabitants or over."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section sixteen (16) of chapter three hundred and thirty-three (333) of the Laws of 1903 be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 16. In determining at any time to what counties this act shall apply reference shall only be had to the United States census last taken.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 13, 1905.

CHAPTER 172—H. F. NO. 541.

AN ACT to authorize any city of this state, now or hereafter having a population of over fifty thousand (50,000), to issue bonds of such city for the purpose of taking up by payment, exchange or otherwise, bonds which are a lien or secured by a lien upon a water or gas plant, or both, now owned by such city, and to make such bonds a lien upon such plants or either of them.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That any city in the state of Minnesota, now or hereafter having a population of over fifty thousand (50,000), is hereby authorized and empowered to issue and sell bonds of such city in such amount as shall be deemed necessary for the purpose of taking up by payment, exchange or otherwise, bonds which are at the time of the issuance of bonds under this act, a lien on any water or gas plant, or both, now owned by such city, or are secured by a mortgage or trust deed thereon; provided, that the total amount of bonds issued under this act shall not exceed the total face value of such bonds so proposed to be taken up by payment, exchange or otherwise, as herein provided.

Sec. 2. Said bonds so authorized to be issued shall always be general obligations of said city and shall be a first lien upon all water and light plants and structures of every kind and all property acquired or used in connection therewith, owned or purchased by the city.

Sec. 3. Said bonds authorized by this act shall in no event bear a greater rate of interest than five per cent (5 per cent) per annum, and shall in no event be sold, exchanged or otherwise disposed of, for less than the par value thereof; but the provisions of chapter 355 of the General laws of Minnesota for the year 1897, with reference to the issuance and sale of bonds shall not apply to the bonds which may be issued under the provisions of this act.

Sec. 4. Said bonds may be issued whenever the common council of any such city shall, by a three-fourths vote of all its members, authorize the issuance thereof, any law of this state in the form of a city charter or otherwise requiring a vote of the people on such issuance of bonds to the contrary notwithstanding. The sale, exchange or other disposal of such bonds shall also be made, except as specifically provided for herein, as such council by a three-fourths vote of all its members may determine; but the bonds authorized to be issued hereunder may be issued at any time after the passage of this act and may be used to take up any bonds referred to in section 1 of this act at any time before or after the maturity thereof.

Sec. 5. None of the bonds of any such city, issued under this act, shall be deemed or taken to be a part of the indebtedness of such city, within the meaning of any law or city charter limiting the amount of the indebtedness of any such city; and the bonds provided for in this act may be issued and sold or exchanged without regard to any law limiting the amount of indebtedness of any such city.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 13, 1905.

CHAPTER 173—S. F. NO. 262.

AN ACT to legalize and confirm the action of boards of county commissioners who have purchased property for the use of poor persons and to provide for the payment therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That whenever the board of county commissioners of any county having the county systems of caring for the poor has purchased for and in the name of the county any personal property with a view to its use by persons who are a county charge in helping to support themselves and have incurred a debt therefor, and said county now owns said property, said debt is hereby legalized, and such board may allow and pay the same in any sum not exceeding three hundred dollars, the same as other debts against said county.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 14, 1905.

CHAPTER 174—S. F. NO. 396.

AN ACT permitting any weekly newspaper to change its day of publication without losing its standing as a legal newspaper.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. It shall be lawful for any legal weekly newspaper in this state to change its day of publication without losing its standing as a legal newspaper, and the publication of any legal notice affected by such change of day of publication is hereby made valid.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 14, 1905.

CHAPTER 175—S. F. NO. 402.

AN ACT to authorize the board of county commissioners of any county not already owning a county court house, to issue its bonds, and to use the proceeds thereof for the building of a county court house.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The board of county commissioners of any county of the State of Minnesota, which does not already own a county court house, is hereby authorized and empowered to issue the bonds of said county to such an amount as, in its judgment, may be necessary, but not exceeding one per cent of the assessed valuation of its real and personal property, as fixed by the last preceding assessment for general taxation, for the purpose of building a county court house in said county.

Sec. 2. The said bonds shall be in such sums as the board of county commissioners shall determine, and shall bear interest at a rate, not exceeding six per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, such interest to be evidenced by interest coupons to be attached to such bonds. The principal shall become due and payable at such time or times as the said board of county commissioners may by resolution determine, not less than five (5) or more than twenty (20) years from the date of issue of said bonds respectively.

Sec. 3. The bonds and interest coupons attached shall be signed by the chairman of the board of county commissioners, and attested by the auditor and sealed with his official seal, and made payable at such place within the state as the said board may determine.

The auditor shall keep a record of all bonds issued under the provisions of this act, which record shall show the date, number and amount of each bond, the rate of interest, the time when due, the place where payable, and the name of the party to whom issued.

Sec. 4. The board of county commissioners shall annually after the date of issuance of said bonds, levy a tax upon the taxable property of said county, in addition to all other taxes levied, sufficient to pay the interest accruing yearly upon the bonds issued in pursuance of this act, and when any of the principal is about to become due, it shall in like manner levy a sufficient amount of taxes to pay such principal when due.

Sec. 5. The board of county commissioners shall have authority to negotiate said bonds, but for not less than their par value.

Sec. 6. The board of county commissioners of any county issuing such bonds shall use the proceeds thereof for the purpose of building a county court house in such county, and for no other purpose.

Sec. 7. The powers by this act conferred are additional to all other powers conferred by law.

Sec. 8. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 14, 1905.

CHAPTER 176—S. F. NO. 508.

AN ACT giving to the railroad and warehouse commission jurisdiction over freight rates and classifications, and power to inspect books of all common carriers in this state.

Be it enacted by the legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. All common carriers subject to the laws of this state shall have the right in the first instance to prescribe and publish, as required by law, all classifications and tariffs, rates and charges, together with rules governing the same, including minimum weights for the transportation of any freight articles between points or stations in the State of Minnesota; this act shall include all terminal and switching charges. There shall be but one classification, which shall be uniform on all the railroads in this state, and shall govern in all state commerce.

Sec. 2. In addition to the present requirements for publishing tariffs, rates, charges and classifications, all common carriers in this state shall, whenever any new tariff or classification or any amendment to any tariff or classification is published either by itself or the commission, post in a conspicuous place in every depot where the public would be affected, a notice printed in large, legible type, stating that changes have been made, indicating upon what articles or commodities, and where the new tariff, classification or amendment may be seen.

Sec. 3. The schedule of rates and charges for the transportation of freight and cars, together with the classification of such freights, minimum weights and rules now in effect, and all rates, charges and classifications published by any common carrier after the passage of this act shall be deemed just and reasonable and shall not be changed except upon the order of or by the written consent of the railroad and warehouse commission, hereafter called the commission. The terms of this act shall also apply to all schedules of rates and charges published by two or more common carriers jointly.

Sec. 4. Nothing in this act shall apply to the carriage, storage or handling by any common carrier, of property free or at reduced rates, for the United States or the State of Minnesota, or for any municipal government or corporation within the state, or for any church, religious society or charitable purpose, or to or from fairs or expositions, or for stock breeding purposes, or for carrying seed grain.

Sec. 5. Any common carrier desiring to change or discontinue any published rate, charge or classification, minimum weight or rule governing the same to which it is a party, shall make application to the commission in writing, stating the changes in rules, rates, charges or classifications desired, giving the reasons for such change. Upon receiving such application, the commission shall fix a time and place for hearing, and give such notice to interested parties as it shall deem proper and reasonable, and after hearing all the evidence offered, if the commission find that it is reasonable, fair and just to both shippers and carriers that the change should be allowed as asked for, it shall grant the application; otherwise, it shall deny the same, or may grant the same in a modified form. Passenger rates are not affected by this act.

Sec. 6. Upon the application of any carrier, or carriers to the railroad and warehouse commission, stating that they desire to put in an emergency rate for the protection of the interests of such carrier or shippers, the commission may before such rate is established and without the notice and hearing required by section five, authorize the restoration of the rates existing at the time of such application and fix the time within which such restoration may be made, and the time so fixed may be extended in the discretion of the commission as the circumstances of the case may require. Nothing in this act shall be held in any way to limit or modify the rights and powers of the commission to investigate, inquire into, prescribe and publish what it may deem to be just and reasonable rates, charges and classifications to govern common carriers in this state.

Sec. 7. Any common carrier violating any of the provisions of sections 2, 3 and 5 of this act, shall be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars for each and every day such violation shall continue, to be recovered in a civil action in the name of the State of Minnesota by the attorney general.

Sec. 8. It is hereby made the duty of the commission to keep itself informed as to whether common carriers in this state are granting rebates or in other particulars are failing to comply with the laws of this state. For this purpose power is hereby conferred on the commission or its agent to at any proper time make thorough and full examination of all books, vouchers, papers and accounts of any and all common carriers of this state. Any officer, agent or employe of any railroad company in charge of such books, vouchers, papers and accounts who shall fail or refuse to submit the same for examination of the commission or its agent, shall be guilty of misdemeanor. The provisions of this section shall in no way interfere with the duties of the public examiner.

Sec. 9. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 10. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 14, 1905.

CHAPTER 177—S. F. NO. 500.

AN ACT providing a penalty for the giving of a rebate, or other favor by any common carrier for the transportation of freight and a penalty for any person receiving the same.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any common carrier in this state, by any special rate, rebate, drawback, or other device to directly or indirectly charge, demand, collect or receive from any person, firm or corporation a greater or less compensation for any service rendered in the transportation of any property within this state than its regular established schedule of rates and charges for like and contemporaneous service for any other person or for the public generally; and it shall be unlawful for any such common carrier directly or indirectly to offer or give any shipper in connection with, or as an inducement or reward for receiving any property for transportation from any such shipper, any gift, gratuity or free pass whereby any passenger or freight shall thereafter be transported over the lines of such common carrier free, or at any rate less than that offered to the public, and in either such case such common carrier shall be deemed guilty of unjust discrimination and shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars. And any person who shall knowingly either for himself or for any firm or corporation directly or indirectly receive from any common carrier any such reduction of rate, rebate, gratuity or other favor as is herein declared to be an unjust discrimination by such common carrier shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 14, 1905.

CHAPTER 178—S. F. NO. 17.

AN ACT to amend section 19 of chapter 292 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1897, entitled "An act relating to mortgages and conveyances of personal property and contracts creating or reserving a lien thereon."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 19 of chapter 292 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1897 be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 19. Every note or other evidence of indebtedness, or contract, filed pursuant to the provisions of this act, shall be held and considered to be full and sufficient notice to all parties interested of the existence and conditions thereof, but shall cease to be notice as against the creditors of the vendee and subsequent purchasers and mortgagees of the property in good faith after the expiration of six (6) years from the day on which said note or other evidence of indebtedness, or contract, or the last installment of the sum secured thereby, becomes due."

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 179—S. F. NO. 83.

AN ACT to amend section seven thousand one hundred and fifty-six (7156) of the General Statutes of Minnesota for 1894, relating to examinations and recognizances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section seven thousand one hundred and fifty-six (7156) of the General Statutes of Minnesota for 1894 be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 7156. All examinations and recognizances, taken by any magistrate in pursuance of the provisions of this chapter, shall be certified and returned by him to the clerk of the court, before which the party charged is bound to appear, within ten (10) days after such examination has been had or said recognizance taken, and shall be filed in said court; and if such magistrate neglects or refuses to return the same he may be compelled forthwith by rule of court, and, in case of disobedience, may be proceeded against by attachment as for contempt.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 180—S. F. NO. 317.

AN ACT to legalize certain ditches, drains or water courses to drain shallow, grassy, meandered lakes located and established, or attempted to be located and established under and pursuant to the provisions of chapter 258 of the General Laws of 1901, and amendments thereto, and to declare legal and valid all assessments and liens levied under and pursuant to said act.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Where the county commissioners of any county of this state in pursuance of chapter 258 of the General Laws of 1901 and amendments thereto have located and established, or attempted to locate and establish any ditch, drain or other water course to drain any shallow, grassy, meandered lake, the petition for which states that the lake so authorized to be drained is a shallow, grassy, meandered lake of not over four feet in depth, that a deed of consent to the drainage of said lake duly executed by all the persons owning lands adjacent or contiguous to said lake and the outlet thereof has been duly filed and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county in which such lake is situated, and that said ditch, drain or other water course will greatly enhance the public health, convenience or welfare, or be of public benefit or utility, and the county commissioners in granting such petition have found and determined, or shall find and determine that said proposed ditch, drain or other water course will be conducive to the public health, convenience or welfare, or be of public benefit or utility, said ditch, drain or other water course is hereby legalized and declared to be conducive to the public health, convenience and welfare and of public benefit and utility; and any assessments or liens levied or that may hereafter be levied against the lands benefited by the construction of any ditch, drain or other water course by the county auditor of any county for the cost of the establishment and the construction of the same pursuant to the provisions of this act are hereby legalized and declared to be valid and of full force and effect and a lien against said lands until paid, in the time and manner set forth in sections twenty (20) and twenty-one (21) of said chapter 258 of the General Laws of 1901, as amended by chapter 38 of the General Laws of 1902 and chapter 315 of the General Laws of 1903.

Sec. 2. Nothing herein contained shall affect any action or proceeding now pending.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 181—S. F. NO. 324.

AN ACT to amend chapter one hundred and seventy-five (175) of the General Laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-five (1895), as amended by chapter two hundred thirty-four (234) of the General Laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-nine (1899), relating to insurance.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section ninety-seven (97) of chapter one hundred and seventy-five (175), of the General Laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-five (1895), as amended by section four (4), chapter two hundred and thirty-four (234), of the General Laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-nine (1899), be and the same is hereby amended so that the same when amended shall read as follows:

"Sec. 97. No company in this state other than fire, marine or fire and marine, hail, farmers' mutual or real estate title insurance companies shall do business in this state unless it has on deposit with the insurance commissioner of this state as security for all its policy holders, stocks or bonds, of this state, or of the United States, or bonds of any of the municipalities of this state, or personal obligations secured by first mortgage on real estate within this state, worth, exclusive of buildings, the amount of the lien, and bearing interest of not less than three (3) per cent per annum, to an amount, the actual market value of which, exclusive of interest, shall never be less than one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000), except in case of companies organized to insure bicycles against loss from theft, the amount of such deposits for such companies shall never be less than ten thousand dollars ($10,000), which stocks, bonds or mortgages shall be retained by the insurance commissioner and be disposed of as directed by law.

Provided, however, that the deposit of mortgages on real estate shall not exceed the amount of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000). As long as any policies of the depositing company remain in force, the insurance commissioner shall hold the said deposit as security for all holders of its policies. Provided, any insurance company of any other state of the United States may file with the insurance commissioner of this state a certificate of the insurance commissioner of such other state, that, as such officer, he holds in trust and on deposit for the benefit of all the policy holders of such company a deposit of not less than one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) par value of such securities as are required or permitted to be deposited with him by the laws of such state, such securities to be of the character in which insurance companies are authorized to invest under the laws of this state, stating the items of the securities so held, and that he is satisfied that such securities are worth one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000). No deposit shall be required in this state while the said deposit, so certified, remains."

Sec. 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 182—S. F. NO. 336.

AN ACT to authorize county commissioners to allow the county superintendent of schools certain expenses in cases where the salary of the county superintendent of schools does not exceed fourteen hundred dollars ($1,400) per annum.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That in all counties in this state where the salary of the county superintendent of schools does not exceed the sum of fourteen hundred ($1,400) dollars per annum, the board of county commissioners is hereby authorized to allow such superintendent a reasonable sum for traveling expenses and expenses of keeping one team, but the expenses so allowed shall not in the aggregate, exceed the sum of two hundred and fifty ($250) dollars in any year. The provisions of this act shall apply to counties where the compensation of the superintendent is fixed by special act, as well as when the same is established by general law.

Sec. 2. The county superintendent may hold county institutes for teachers in different parts of the county not to exceed five (5) such institutes in any one (1) year, and the county commissioners shall allow bills for personal expenses for said county superintendent in holding such institutes not to exceed the sum of fifty dollars ($50.00) in any one (1) year.

Sec. 3. Nothing in this act shall be construed to repeal chapter two hundred (200) of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1903 or chapter three hundred and ninety-eight (398) of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1903.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 183—S. F. NO. 385.

AN ACT to amend chapter 371 of the Laws of 1901 relating to public schools.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the first proviso of section one (1), chapter three hundred seventy-one (371), of the Laws of Ninteen Hundred and One (1901), be amended so as to read as follows:

"Provided, that when the territory of the district or districts to be affected by such formation, alteration, consolidation or setting off of any freeholder from one district and attaching him to another consists of parts of two or more counties, the petition shall be in duplicate or more, as the case may be, and one presented to the commissioners of each of such counties, who shall severally proceed to hear the petition in the manner directed; that to effect the formation, alteration, consolidation or setting off of any freeholder from one district and attaching him to another, in such petition desired, shall require the concurrent action of the commissioners of each of such counties. The determination of the commissioners of each county shall be entered upon their records in the several counties by the several county auditors, who shall file the copies thereof with the clerks of the districts affected thereby in their respective counties in the manner directed, and also with the county auditors in each of the counties petitioned.

Provided further, that whenever the territory of such district in either of said counties has an assessed valuation of not less than fifty thousand dollars ($50,000), and has resident therein not less than fifteen (15) children of school age, the county commissioners of either county may organize that part of such district lying in their county into a separate school district, or consolidate the same with an adjoining district in the same county.

Provided that this act shall only apply to counties having a population of 225,000 or more and counties adjoining thereto.

Sec. 2. That in case any division of a school district is made under this act, the county commissioners of the counties in which said district is situated shall divide and apportion property of such district in proportion to the assessed valuation thereof.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 184—S. F. NO. 451.

AN ACT entitled "An act creating pensions for disabled and retired police matrons in cities now or hereafter having a population of 50,000 inhabitants and providing for a fund out of which pensions shall be paid in accordance with chapter 159 of the General Laws of 1903, as subsequently amended by H. F. No. 542, 1905.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. In every city in this state now or hereafter having a population of over 50,000 inhabitants where there is or may be created a police pension fund governed and managed by a police pension board in accordance with the provisions of chapter 159 of the General Laws of 1903, as subsequently amended by H. F. No. 542, 1905, such police pension board are hereby further authorized to make further provisions for creating pensions for disabled and retired police matrons in said cities.

Sec. 2. That every paid municipal police department now existing or which may hereafter be organized may and are hereby authorized, in addition to the provisions contained in chapter 159 of the General Laws of 1903 as amended by H. F. No. 542, 1905, to provide and permit and allow said police pension board so incorporated or so organized to pay out of and from any funds it may have received from the State of Minnesota or from any other source a service pension, not exceeding, however, the sum of $25 per month to each police matron who shall have arrived at the age of 45 years or more and shall have done active service as police matron for a period of ten years or more in the police department of such city in which such pension board shall be so organized or who having been disabled physically or mentally while in the performance of her duties as such police matron so as to render necessary her retirement from active service as police matron may be placed upon the pension list of said association and shall receive such pension as above provided as though the same were provided for in the articles of incorporation or constitution and by-laws of said association.

Sec. 3. The pension authorized by this act shall not be paid to any police matron while drawing salary in any amount from said police department.

Sec. 4. Each and every of the provisions of chapter 159 of the Laws of 1903 as amended by H. F. No. 542, 1905, are hereby made subject to the provisions of this act for the purpose of allowing all police matrons in cities of 50,000 inhabitants and over to obtain the same privileges and benefits as disabled and retired policemen in such cities.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 185—S. F. NO. 520.

AN ACT to provide for printing, binding, publishing and distributing the Revised Laws, 1905.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The attorney general, the secretary of state and the state printer are hereby appointed and required to serve as a commission to provide for printing, binding, publishing and distributing the Revised Laws, 1905.

Sec. 2. The said commissioners may determine whether said Revised Laws shall be published by the state or by a private person, and are authorized to enter into contracts for and on behalf of the state, for printing, binding, publishing and distributing said Revised Laws; they are authorized to fix the amount for which such Revised Laws shall be sold, but the price shall not exceed five dollars per volume to citizens or residents of the state; they shall cause said Revised Laws, when printed, to be copyrighted for the state, and they shall not sell or transfer the copyright to any person; and if said Revised Laws are published by a private person, said commissioners shall purchase not to exceed one thousand copies for distribution among the public officers of the state and for exchange.

Sec. 3. The secretary of state shall be the custodian of the copies of said Revised Laws owned by the state and he shall distribute them among the public officers of the state as said commissioners shall prescribe.

Sec. 4. Ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, are hereby appropriated to carry out the provisions of this act but said commissioners shall serve without compensation.

Sec. 5. The Revised Laws, 1905, as published under the provisions of this act shall be competent evidence of the laws therein contained in all the courts of this state without further proof or authentication.

Sec. 6. The Revised Laws, 1905, shall not be published otherwise than under the provisions of this act.

Sec. 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 186—S. F. NO. 386.

AN ACT to amend chapter 336 of the laws of 1903 relating to the preservation, propagation, protection, taking, use and transportation of game and fish.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec. 1. Amend chapter 336 of the laws of 1903 by adding thereto the following sections:

Nets or seines in boundary waters: The taking of any fish with or the placing, maintaining or using a net or seine in any river, lake or waters forming the boundary line between Minnesota and any other state of the United States, is hereby prohibited and made unlawful, except in Lake St. Croix, Lake Pepin and the Mississippi river, where they form the boundary between the states of Minnesota and Wisconsin, where the same are placed, maintained and used in the manner hereinafter prescribed; and except also the person so placing, maintaining or using any such net or seine shall first obtain from the commission a license therefor, and shall have complied with all the requirements of this chapter.

Sec. 2. Nets may be used in boundary waters, when: The game and fish commission shall between the first day of May and the first day of April following, upon written application therefor, issued to any resident of this state, a license to use seines, or pound nets of not less than two and one-fourth inch bar and gill nets of not less than a four-inch bar, fyke nets or hoop nets, in Lake St. Croix, Lake Pepin and the Mississippi river where they form the boundary between the states of Minnesota and Wisconsin, for the purpose of catching buffalo fish, carp, red horse, suckers, sheephead, eel-pout, garfish, dogfish, sturgeon and catfish. Such nets shall not be used by any licensee except in the manner provided for in this chapter and only upon compliance with such regulations as are prescribed by the commission or its executive agent.

Every licensee shall immediately return to the water all fish not above enumerated when taken in any net used by or under his control.

Sec. 3. Application for such privilege shall state the name and residence of the applicant, where it is his intention to locate the same, and shall be accompanied by a license fee of twenty-five dollars ($25) for such privilege.

Prior to the issuance of a license to any applicant he shall make and deliver to the game and fish commission a bond running to the State of Minnesota in a penal sum to be fixed by the commission, conditioned that in the use of said nets, and in the shipping of fish caught therein he will in all particulars comply with the laws of the State of Minnesota and the rules and regulations of the game and fish commission. Upon the failure of any licensee to comply with any of the provisions of the laws of the State of Minnesota, and the rules and regulations laid down by the game and fish commission regarding the use of said nets, the said commission may, and it is hereby made its duty to cancel his license and declare his bond forfeited. The commission shall employ a sufficient number of wardens to rigidly enforce the provisions of this section.

Sec. 4. Nothing in this chapter contained shall be construed as prohibiting the shipment of the fish named in this chapter, either within or without the state, when caught pursuant to the provisions of this section.

Sec. 5. Any person who shall place, use or raise any net in the above mentioned waters without first complying with the provisions of this chapter, or who shall place, use or raise any net after his license shall have been, for any cause, cancelled by said commission, or who shall fail to at once return to the water any fish not allowed to be taken according to the provisions of this chapter, or who shall ship, cause to be shipped or had in possession or under control for the purpose of shipping contrary to any of the provisions of this chapter, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall upon conviction thereof be punished by a fine of not less than fifty ($50) nor more than one hundred ($100) dollars, or by imprisonment for not less than sixty (60) or more than ninety (90) days, or both for each and every offense.

Sec. 6. No person or association or combination of persons shall be permitted to use more than one net of the same kind during any season. Any person or combination of persons using or controlling more than one net of the same kind, or any combination of persons for the purpose of controlling the use or output of more than one net of the same kind shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof punished by a fine of not less than fifty (50) nor more than one hundred (100) dollars or by imprisonment for not less than sixty (60) nor more than ninety (90) days for each and every offense.

Sec. 7. Jurisdiction of courts, wardens, etc.: For the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this chapter the courts of this state sitting in the various counties contiguous to said waters, and said commission and wardens duly appointed by it, are hereby given and shall have jurisdiction over the entire waters of the state to the furthermost shore lines; and concurrent jurisdiction of the courts and the administrative officers of the States of Wisconsin, Iowa, North and South Dakota, over all boundary waters existing between such states and Minnesota, and the whole thereof, is hereby recognized.

Sec. 8. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 9. This act shall be in force and take effect from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 187—H. F. NO. 879.

AN ACT relating to gifts, grants, (and) devises and bequests to the University of Minnesota and the disposition thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The University of Minnesota may accept, in trust or otherwise, any gift, grant, bequest or devise for educational purposes, and may hold, manage, invest and dispose of the same and the proceeds and income thereof, in accordance with the terms and conditions of such gift, grant, bequest or devise, and of the acceptance thereof; and any person or persons contributing not less than (fifty thousand dollars) $50,000 to the university may endow a professorship therein, the name and object of which shall be determined by the board of regents.

Sec. 2. If the purposes of such gift, grant, devise or bequest are not otherwise limited by the donor the University of Minnesota may use the same or the proceeds thereof for any of the purposes of the university, and may among other things, construct buildings and acquire land. In case it is desired to use the same for the acquisition of land the power of eminent domain may be exercised either in accordance with sections 4083 to 4091, inclusive, General Statutes 1894, or chapter 41 of the Revised Laws 1905.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 188—H. F. NO. 881.

AN ACT to authorize county commissioners to appropriate money for the relief of cyclone sufferers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the county commissioners of any county in this state are hereby authorized to appropriate money out of the county revenue fund for the relief of persons who suffered destruction of property from cyclones between January first, 1905, and April first, 1905.

Provided, that the amount so appropriated shall not exceed four thousand dollars; and further provided, that it shall require a unanimous vote of all commissioners to make such appropriation.

Sec. 2. The money so appropriated shall be expended under the supervision of the county commissioners.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 189—H. F. NO. 882.

AN ACT to amend section 4 chapter 50 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1902, relating to advertising for bids and the letting of contracts in excess of one hundred ($100) dollars by county commissioners in all counties having 225,000 inhabitants or over.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 4 of chapter 50 of the General Laws of 1902 be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: Section 4. In case of an emergency arising from breakage, damage or decay in any county property of any such county that cannot be allowed to wait for the time required to advertise for bids as herein required then such repairs may be made without advertising for bids, provided, however, such work is authorized by a majority of the board of county commissioners, and such action shall be ratified and recorded in the official proceedings of said board at their next meeting.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 190—H. F. NO. 572.

AN ACT to authorize the appointment of assistant county superintendents of schools in counties of 225,000 or more population and fixing their salaries; and to repeal inconsistent laws.

Be it enacted by the legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The county superintendent of schools, in each county of this state, having, or which may hereafter have, a population of two hundred and twenty-five thousand (225,000) inhabitants or more, shall appoint and employ and (an) assistant to be known as assistant county superintendent of schools, who shall be paid the sum of fifteen hundred (1500) dollars per annum, to be paid monthly in the same manner as other county officials are paid.

Sec. 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from (on) and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 191—H. F. NO. 656.

AN ACT to permit cities containing a population of ten thousand (10,000) or less, to include within their corporate limits land (lands) lying within the limits of an adjoining county.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That any city, containing a population of ten thousand (10,000) or less, whether incorporated by a general or special act, may include within its corporate limits, land (lands) which are not already incorporated, lying within an adjoining county and contiguous to the corporate limits of such city. Provided, however, that such lands shall not be within ten miles of any other incorporated city or village within this state; and provided further, that for the purposes of this act lands separated from such city by an intervening river shall be considered contiguous to the corporate limits thereof.

Sec. 2. The city council of such city, desiring to include within its corporate limits lands lying within an adjoining county as provided in section one of this act, shall pass a resolution describing the land (lands) desired to be included within such corporate limits, which resolution shall be submitted to the town supervisors of the town in which hte said lands are included and to the board of county commissioners in which said lands are situate.

If the supervisors of such town and the board of county commissioners of such county shall approve the said proposed annexation by resolution duly made and entered on the minutes of the town and by resolution duly made and entered on the minutes of the board of county commissioners, a duly certified copy of the resolution, together with duly certified copies of the resolution of the board of supervisors and of the board of county commissioners, shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county within which said city is situate and of the county within which said lands are situate, and a copy of such record duly certified by the register of deeds shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state, and thereupon the said lands in said adjoining county shall become part of the said city for all purposes and be subject to the laws, ordinances and jurisdiction of said city for all purposes whatsoever, except as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 3. No territory so acquired shall at any time be subject to taxation for any indebtedness of said city incurred at any time prior to the date of such annexation. If the boundaries of the special or independent school district existing in said city, shall by the law, under which said school district is organized, be co-extensive with the limits of said city, then and in that case, the said territory so included within said corporate limits under this act, shall be construed to be part of the said school district, but shall not be subject to taxation for any indebtedness incurred by said school district before the date of such annexation.

Sec. 4. No such territory shall be annexed, however, unless the majority of the owners thereof shall consent thereto in writing.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 192—H. F. NO. 629.

AN ACT to provide for securing evidence against persons illegally disposing of intoxicating liquors and for the prosecution of such persons.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Upon the filing of an affidavit subscribed and sworn to by a resident voter of the county, with any justice of the peace having criminal jurisdiction, or clerk of a municipal court in said county, which affidavit shall set forth upon knowledge or upon information and belief the name of any person or persons who frequent any place in said county for the purpose of obtaining intoxicating liquors, the location of such place and the name of the proprietor thereof, if known, such justice of the peace if such place is within the town or district in which he was elected, or a justice of the peace, having criminal jurisdiction in an adjoining town or district, or clerk of such municipal court having jurisdiction shall forthwith issue a subpoena for the person or persons named in said affidavit as frequenting such place, commanding them to appear before such justice or court at a day and hour named therein. At the time of said appearance such justice of court shall interrogate said witnesses for the purpose of determining whether or not intoxicating liquors are illegally sold or disposed of at the place named in said affidavit; and if it shall appear as the result of such examination that intoxicating liquor has been illegally sold or disposed of at such place, such justice of the peace or judge of such court shall forthwith issue a warrant for the arrest of any person or persons who shall appear by such examination to have been guilty of such illegal sale or disposition; and such person shall thereupon be prosecuted for such offense. No testimony given upon such hearing shall be in any manner used to the prejudice of the witness giving the same, and the failure of any witness to answer questions put to him upon such examination may be punished as a contempt the same as in other cases.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 193—H. F. NO. 290.

AN ACT to authorize the reception as evidence, in actions where the title to land is in controversy, of abstracts of title and abstractor's data or minutes, or sworn copies thereof, when public records have been lost or destroyed and the original instruments cannot be produced.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Whenever, upon the trial of any action or proceeding which is now, or hereafter may be, pending in any court in this state, any party to such action or proceeding, or his agent or attorney, shall make and file an affidavit in such cause, stating that the original of any deed or other instrument in writing or the records of any court relating to any lands, the title or any interest therein being in controversy or question in such action or proceeding, are lost or destroyed, and not within the power of such party to produce the same; and the record of such deed, instrument or other writing has been destroyed by fire or otherwise, it shall be lawful for the court to receive as evidence in such action or proceeding, any abstract of title to such lands made in the ordinary course of business before such loss or destruction. And it shall also be lawful for the court to receive as evidence any copy, extract or minutes from such destroyed records or from the original thereof, which were at the date of such destruction or loss, in the possession of any person then engaged in the business of making abstracts of title for others for hire.

Sec. 2. A sworn copy of any writing admissible under section 1 of this act, made by the person having possession of such writing, shall be admissible in like manner and with like effect as such writing, provided that the party desiring to use such sworn copy as evidence shall have given the opposite party a resonable opportunity to verify the correctness of such copy.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 194—H. F. NO. 437.

AN ACT to amend section twenty-four (24) of chapter three hundred and sixty-five (365) of the Laws of 1903, being "An act fixing and regulating the salaries, compensation, duties and help of county officers in counties having or which may hereafter have a population of two hundred thousand (200,000) inhabitants or over."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section twenty-four (24) of chapter three hundred and sixty-five (365) of the Laws of 1903, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 24. That all the provisions of this act, except said sections one, five, fifteen and that portion of sections three and eight described in section twenty-three, shall take effect and be in force from and after the first day of January, 1904, except that the provisions of section three of this act, relative to the employing by the sheriff of one outside deputy and one stenographer and deputy, shall take effect and be in force from and after the passage of this act. In determining at any time to what counties this act shall apply reference shall only be had to the United States census last taken.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 195—H. F. No. 446.

AN ACT to amend section two (2) of chapter two hundred and eighty-seven (287) of the Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year eighteen hundred and ninety-five (1895), as amended by chapter two hundred eleven (211) of the Laws of Minnesota for the year eighteen hundred and ninety-nine (1899), the same being an act entitled "An act to provide for a county road and bridge fund."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section two (2) of chapter two hundred and eighty-seven (287) of the Laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-five (1895) as amended by chapter two hundred eleven (211) of the Laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-nine (1899), be and the same is hereby amended by adding at the end of said section, as amended, the following:

Provided, further, that in counties in which the taxable valuation is more than one million dollars ($1,000,000) and less than fifteen million dollars ($15,000,000) and in which the road and bridge fund has been exhausted, and it has become necessary to issue warrants for money to meet necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of this law, the county commissioners may, at their annual meeting in July, nineteen hundred and five (1905), nineteen hundred and six (1906) and nineteen hundred seven (1907) levy an additional tax of not exceeding one-half mill on the dollar for said fund.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 196—H. F. No. 430.

AN ACT providing for the establishment of public hay tracks and the weighing and inspection of hay and straw at terminal points in this state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Terminal Points—Terminal points as designated by this act shall mean the cities of St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and South St. Paul.

Sec. 2. Public Hay Tracks—The railroad and warehouse commission, hereinafter designated "the commission," shall designate at convenient places, on the several lines of railway entering terminal points in this state, tracks to be known as public hay tracks. The different railway companies either separately or jointly are hereby required to provide suitable tracks to meet the requirements of this act. Such public hay tracks may be established on each individual line of railway, or they may be so established as to serve for two or more railways.

Sec. 3. All Hay and Straw to be Delivered at Hay Tracks—All hay and straw shipped to terminal points unless otherwise directed by the consignor shall, by the common carrier transporting the same, be brought to and delivered at one or another of such public hay tracks, for the purpose of being weighed and inspected as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 4. All Hay and Straw to be Weighed—All hay and straw so received shall be weighed and inspected by duly appointed weighers and inspectors of hay and straw under such rules and regulations as the commission shall establish.

Sec. 5. Common Carriers to Construct Scales. Some controlled by State Weighmasters. Cost of Inspecting Scales—It shall be the duty of all common carriers transporting hay to such terminal points to construct and maintain at such public hay tracks as may be established by the commission, suitable track scales of such size and capacity as the commission shall direct. If in its judgment it is necessary, the commission may order that such track scales be housed in such a manner as to insure accuracy. All scales at such hay tracks shall be under the control of state weighmasters and subject to inspection by them, exempt from the jurisdiction of scalers of weights and measures. They shall be inspected at the request of any person interested in any hay or straw to be weighed thereon. If found incorrect, the cost of inspection shall be paid by the owner thereof; otherwise by the person requesting inspection. No scales found incorrect shall be used until re-examined and found correct. Provided, that nothing in this act shall be so construed as to prevent the use of such scales by the owner for the purpose of weighing any other commodities in carload lots.

Sec. 6. Commission to Appoint Weighers and Inspectors. Same Under Immediate Supervision of Chief Inspector of Grain. Reinspecting and Final Review—The commission shall appoint a suitable number of persons to perform such weighing and inspecting of hay and straw. Such weighers and inspectors shall be under the immediate supervision of the chief inspector of grain. In case of dissatisfaction of any interested person with the official acts of any inspector, reinspecting may be had upon application to the aforesaid chief inspector of grain or either of his chief deputies. A final appeal from the decision of said chief inspector of grain or his deputy inspectors may be made to the board of final review, to be provided for by the commission under the rules it shall establish. The decision of such board of review shall be final, provided the commission may provide suitable rules for the cancellation of any certificate of inspection issued upon original inspection: reinspecting or upon final review when it appears that owing to the manner in which cars of hay or straw were loaded it was impossible for the inspector to obtain a fair sample.

Sec. 7. Commission to Make All Rules—The commission shall adopt all necessary rules and regulations for the weighing and inspecting of hay and straw at such terminal points.

Sec. 8. Penalty for Interfering With Weighers or Inspectors. Official Bond and Oath of Weighers and Inspectors—In case any person or railway corporation or any of their agents or employes shall refuse or prevent the aforesaid weighers and inspectors of hay and straw from having free access to their scales and tracks in the regular performance of their duties as such weighers or inspectors of hay and straw, they shall forfeit to the State of Minnesota the sum of one hundred (100) dollars for each offense, such penalty or forfeiture to be paid to the state treasurer for the benefit of the hay inspection fund hereinafter created, and shall also be required to pay all costs of prosecution. All weighers and inspectors of hay and straw shall take an oath of office the same as required of deputy grain inspectors, and shall give a bond to the State of Minnesota in the penal sum of five thousand ($5,000) dollars with good and sufficient sureties to be approved by the commission, and conditioned in like manner as the commission require from the chief inspector of grain. The bonds given by such weighers and inspectors of hay and straw shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state and suit may be brought upon said bond, or bonds, in any court having jurisdiction thereof for the use of the person so injured.

Sec. 9. Chief Inspector May Remove Weighers and Inspectors—The chief inspector of grain shall have the power to remove any of said weighers or inspectors of hay and straw at pleasure.

Sec. 10. Commission to Fix Fee for Weighing and Inspecting and Salary of Weighers and Inspectors—Such weighers and inspectors of hay and straw shall be governed in the performance of their duties by such rules and regulations as may be provided by the commission; the commission shall have power to fix the rate of charges for the weighing and inspecting of hay and straw and the manner in which the same shall be collected, which charges shall be regulated in such manner as will in the judgment of the commission produce sufficient revenue to meet the necessary expenses of the weighing and inspecting service, and no more; the commission shall fix the amount of compensation to be paid to the weighers and inspectors of hay and straw and prescribe the time and manner of payment thereof, which compensation shall be paid out of a hay inspection fund, hereinafter created, on the order of the commission.

Sec. 11. Qualification of Weighers and Inspectors and Sureties on Their Bonds—No weigher nor inspector of hay or straw, nor any of the sureties on their bond or bonds as the case may be, shall during his term of service be in any way interested in the handling, storing, shipping, purchasing or selling of hay or straw, or any of their products, nor in the employment of any person or corporation engaged therein, nor shall they be members of any board of trade or organization of like character.

Sec. 12. Reasons for Removal—Upon complaint in writing of any person to the commission, supported by reasonable and satisfactory proof that any weigher or inspector of hay and straw has violated any of the rules prescribed for his government, or has been guilty of any improper official act, or has been found inefficient or incompetent for the duties of this position, such person shall be by the commission immediately removed from office.

Sec. 13. Penalty for Impersonating Weigher or Inspector—Any person not duly appointed and qualified, who shall assume to act as a weigher or inspector of hay and straw, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and be punished by a fine of not less than fifty ($50) nor more than one hundred ($100) dollars.

Sec. 14. Penalty for Neglect of Duty and Carelessness. Penalty for Improperly Influencing Weigher or Inspector—Any duly authorized weigher or inspector of hay and straw who shall be guilty of any neglect of duty or who shall knowingly or carelessly weigh or inspect any hay or straw improperly, or who shall accept any money or other consideration, directly or indirectly, for any neglect of duty or any improper performance of duty as such weigher or inspector of hay and straw, or any person who shall improperly influence or attempt to influence any weigher or inspector of hay and straw in the performance of his duties as such weigher or inspector, as the case may be, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be fined not less than one hundred ($100) dollars nor more than one thousand ($1,000) dollars or shall be imprisoned in the county jail not less than thirty (30) days nor more than one year, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 15. Weighing and Inspecting Charges, Lien on Hay and (or) Straw. Collections to Constitute Separate Fund—The charges for the weighing and inspecting of hay and straw shall be and constitute a lien on the hay and straw so weighed or inspected, and whenever such hay and straw is in transit the said charges shall be considered as advance charges, to be paid by the common carrier in whose possession the same is at the time of weighing or inspecting. All money so collected, and all fines and penalties for violation of any of the provisions of this act, shall be paid into the state treasury and shall be known as the hay inspection fund, and paid out only on order of the commission and auditor's warrant. All interest received from deposits of said moneys shall be credited on the first of each month to such fund and notice of the amount of such interest shall be sent to the chief inspector.

Sec. 16. Duty of Inspectors of Hay and Straw—Such inspectors shall inspect all hay and straw shipped to any such public hay tracks and give a certificate of the inspecting to the person entitled thereto. Their decisions shall be conclusive as to the grade of such hay or straw, and the certificate shall be evidence thereof, unless changed upon reinspecting or appeal, in which case the final certificate shall be conclusive.

Sec. 17. Reinspecting and Appeal—In case any owner, consignee or shipper of hay and straw shall be aggrieved by the decision of such inspectors of hay and straw, said owner, consignee or shipper may ask for a reinspecting of said hay and straw from the chief inspector of grain or his chief deputies; provided that a final appeal from the decision of said chief inspector of grain or his chief deputies may be had to the board of final review provided for in section 6 of this act, and a decision by a majority of such final board of review shall be final, and the commission is hereby authorized to make all necessary rules governing such reinspecting or appeal, provided that the party asking for such reinspecting shall pay to the chief inspector of grain or his chief deputies a sum not to exceed five ($5) dollars per case before such case be entertained, which sum shall be refunded in case such case is sustained.

Sec. 18. Weighers to Keep Record—All weighers of hay and straw provided for by this act shall be required to make true weights under the penalties hereinbefore provided, and in addition thereto shall keep a correct record of all weighing done by them at the hay tracks where they are stationed, in which record shall be entered an accurate account of all hay, straw or other property weighed, or the weighing of which was supervised by them or their assistants, giving the amount of each weight, the number of the car or cars weighed, if any, the initial letter of said car or cars weighed, where weighed, date of weighing and contents of car.

Sec. 19. Weighers and Inspectors to Issue Certificates. Certificates to be Prima Facie Evidence—Said weighers and inspectors of hay and straw shall give upon request of any person interested certificates under their hand and seal showing the amount of each weight, or if inspected, the grade, number of car or cars weighed or inspected, if any, the initial of said car, or, cars, hay yard where weighed or inspected, date of weighing or inspecting and contents of car, provided that such certificates of weights shall be admitted in all actions either at law or in equity as prima facie evidence of the facts therein contained, but the effect of such evidence may be rebutted by other competent testimony.

Sec. 20. Commission to Annually Fix Hay and Straw Grades—The commission shall before the first day of July in each year establish a grade for all kinds of hay and straw bought, handled or delivered at any public hay yard at terminal points in this state, which grade so established shall be known as "Minnesota grades" of hay and straw, and the grades so established shall be published in some daily newspaper at each of said terminal points each day for the space of one week.

Sec. 21. Commission to Exercise Supervision Over Hay and Straw Interests of the State—It shall be the duty of the commission to assume and exercise a constant supervision over the hay and straw interests of this state; to supervise the handling, weighing, inspecting and storage of hay and straw; to establish all necessary rules and regulations for the weighing, grading, inspecting and reinspecting of hay and straw, and for the management of all public hay tracks at terminal points in this state as far as such rules and regulations may be necessary to enforce the provisions of this act, or any law in this state in regard to the same; to investigate all complaints of fraud or oppression in the hay and straw trade, and to correct the same as far as may be in their power.

Sec. 22. Hay and Straw May be Sold by Sample—Nothing in this act shall be so construed as to prevent any person from selling hay or straw by sample, regardless of grade.

Sec. 23. All acts or parts of acts, general or special, inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 24. This act shall take effect and be in force after the first day of July, 1905.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 197—H. F. No. 391.

AN ACT to amend section one (1) of chapter one hundred and sixty-eight (168) of the General Laws of the year 1887, as amended by section one (1) of chapter three hundred thirty-nine (339) of the General Laws of the year 1897, entitled "An act to provide for the establishment of permanent funds for the care, maintenance and improvement of cemeteries."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section one (1) of chapter one hundred sixty-eight (168) of the General Laws of the year 1887 as amended by section one (1) of chapter three hundred thirty-nine (339) of the General Laws of the year 1897, entitled "An act to provide for the establishment of permanent funds for the care, maintenance and improvement of cemeteries," be, and the same hereby is amended to read as follows, to-wit:

Section 1. That any association formed under the provisions of title five (5) of chapter thirty-four (34) of the General Statutes A. D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight (1878) which shall have established and shall be maintaining a cemetery of five (5) acres or more, in extent, may by a two-thirds (⅔) vote of the trustees of such association, which vote may be taken at any regular meeting of such trustees, provided, in accordance with the terms of this act, for the establishment of a permanent fund, the income whereof shall be devoted to the care, maintenance and improvement of such cemetery, which fund shall be known as "permanent care and improvement fund" of such cemetery association.

Sec. 2. That this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 198—H. F. No. 344.

AN ACT to amend section four (4) of chapter one hundred forty (140), Laws of 1901, relating to depositories for state funds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section four (4) of chapter one hundred forty (140), Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 4. The amount on deposit at any time with any state depository shall not exceed the amount designated by the board of deposit. In case a personal surety bond be given by a depository the board may fix a limit of deposit which shall not exceed one-half the penalty named in such bond. If a corporate surety bond be given by such depository, the board may fix a limit of deposit equal to the penalty named in such surety bond. Provided, however, that the board shall in no case fix a limit of deposit which shall exceed one-half the paid-up capital stock or capital claimed by such depository.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 199—H. F. No. 300.

AN ACT to provide for the disposition of unclaimed moneys at state institutions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That whenever there has heretofore accumulated, or shall hereafter accumulate, in the hands of the superintendent of any state institution, money belonging to inmates of such institution who have died therein, or disappeared therefrom, and for which money there is no claimant or person entitled thereto known to said superintendent, such money may at the discretion of such superintendent be expended under his direction for the amusement, entertainment and general benefit of the inmates of such institution. Provided that no money shall be so used until it shall have remained unclaimed for at least five years. Provided, further, that if at any time after the expiration of the said five years the legal heirs of said inmate shall appear and make proper proof of such heirship, they shall be entitled to receive from the state treasurer such sum of money as shall have been expended by the aforesaid superintendent belonging to said inmate.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 200—H. F. No. 608.

AN ACT regulating the rank and priority of liens for general taxes and assessments for local improvements in cities of more than 50,000 inhabitants.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That all assessments upon real property for local improvements made or levied by the proper authorities of any city in the state of Minnesota now or hereafter containing a population of over 50,000, according to the last national or state census, shall be a paramount lien upon the land upon which they are imposed from the date of the warrant issued for the collection thereof, and of equal rank with the lien of the state for taxes which have been or may be levied upon said property under the general laws of the state; and that the general rules of law as to priority of tax liens shall apply equally to the liens of such assessments and to such liens for general taxes, with the same force and effect as though all of the liens aforesaid and all of the taxes and assessments aforesaid, were of the same general character and imposed for the same purpose and by the same authority, without regard to the priority in point of time of the attaching of either of said liens, and a sale or perfecting title under either shall not bar or extinguish the other.

Sec. 2. All acts or parts of acts and all provisions of the charter of any city inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 201—H. F. No. 708.

AN ACT to promote the sale of state lands.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The state land commissioner of the State of Minnesota is hereby authorized and empowered to take such measures as he may deem advisable to advertise, both within and without the state, sales of all state lands, and to secure, compile and issue such valuable statistics of the resources of the state as may be useful in securing a desirable class of settlers to purchase and to locate on these lands.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 202—H. F. No. 30.

AN ACT to authorize the board of county commissioners in all counties in this state having a bonded indebtedness sinking fund to invest the money of said sinking fund in first mortgage loans upon improved farm real estate.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the board of county commissioners of any county in this state, having a bonded indebtedness sinking fund, is hereby authorized and empowered to invest the money of the said fund not at any time necessary for use in paying the matured bonded indebtedness of the said county, upon the security of first mortgages on improved real estate of the said county; provided that no loan or investment of the said funds shall in any case, be made for an amount greater than fifty per centum of the market value of the said real estate security at the time the said loan or investment is made, exclusive of the value of any structures situated thereon; also provided that no money or funds shall in any case, be loaned for a period of time extending beyond the time when the said funds shall be required for payment of the matured bonded indebtedness of the said county nor for a rate of interest to be paid annually, lower than five per cent per annum.

Sec. 2. Whenever any such loan has been made, the board of county commissioners shall have the same rights in reference to the enforcement of any suit or proceeding for the collection of the same, or the foreclosure of any such mortgage, as any other lender or mortgagee, and if necessary may sell and assign any such note or mortgage at a discount of not more than two (2) per cent of the interest unpaid. When authorized by resolution of the board, the chairman and county auditor may execute any such assignment.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 203—H. F. No. 737.

AN ACT to appoint a commission to investigate and report upon the advisability of establishing a state hospital for indigent, crippled and deformed children in Hennepin county, Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That Arthur J. Gillette, Stephen Mahoney and Robert O. Earl are appointed and commissioned to investigate the advisability of establishing in Hennepin county, Minnesota, a state hospital under the management and control of the board of regents of the state university, for the treatment, care and education of crippled and deformed children, not mentally diseased, who are indigent.

Sec. 2. Should such commission deem it advisable for the state to establish such institution, then it shall be their duty to ascertain what location in Hennepin county, Minnesota, would be most desirable and what building or buildings would be most suitable for such hospital.

Sec. 3. Such commission shall render a full report of their investigations under this act to the Legislature of this state to convene in the year 1907.

Sec. 4. Such commission shall report such site, or sites, for such hospital in Hennepin county, Minnesota, which shall be tendered to the state for such purpose without cost to the state, and shall also report any gifts of money or other property which may be tendered to the state in aid of such institution.

Sec. 5. Each member of such commission shall, before entering upon the performance of such duties as such member, take and subscribe an oath that he will faithfully perform his duties as a member of said commission, which said oath, with the certificate of the officer administering same, shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state.

Sec. 6. Said commission shall receive no salary or compensation for their services, and they shall receive no compensation for their expenses incurred in the performance of their duties under this act.

Sec. 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 204—H. F. No. 448.

AN ACT relating to the sale of timber on state lands, defining trespass thereon and prescribing penalties therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

TRESPASS ON STATE LANDS.

Section 1. Damages. Penalty.—Whoever, without valid permit, shall cut any timber upon the lands owned by this state, or remove or carry away any such timber, or any other property belonging or appertaining to said lands, or shall commit any other trespass upon said lands, or shall induce or assist another so to do, shall be liable, in an action brought by the state, in treble damages, if such trespass is adjudged to have been willful, but in double damages, only, if such trespass is adjudged to have been casual and involuntary. But no trespass shall be adjudged casual or involuntary unless some good and sufficient reason shall be shown why the person committing such trespass did not know that the lands on which such timber was unlawfully cut were owned by the state. And any person or corporation found to have acquired possession in any manner whatsoever of any logs unlawfully cut on lands owned by this state, shall be conclusively presumed to have acquired the same with knowledge that they were so unlawfully cut, and shall be liable to the state in a civil action for twice the value of such logs and it shall be no defense in any action to plead or claim a purchase of such logs from anyone other than the state land commissioner, nor shall such defendant be allowed to claim that any other person should be joined as defendant; and he shall have no right whatsoever to any remuneration or allowance for labor or expenses incurred in preparing the same for market or transporting the same to or towards market. And every such trespass willfully committed shall be deemed a felony.

Sec. 2. Recovery from Tenants, Etc.—If any person holds or continues in possession of any lands mentioned in this chapter, contrary to the conditions or covenants of any lease, certificate of sale, permit or other written agreement, he shall be liable to an action of forcible entry and detainer, or any other proper action for the recovery of possession of such lands, and damages for the detention of the same.

Sec. 3. Duties of Attorney General.—The attorney general shall prosecute, or cause to be prosecuted by the county attorney, whenever, in his opinion, the public interest so requires, any person who may be charged with any indictable offense under this chapter.

Sec. 4. Same. County Attorneys.—The county attorneys of the several counties shall promptly report to the state auditor all trespasses committed upon the lands mentioned in this chapter which may come to their knowledge, and, when directed by the attorney general, shall prosecute all actions for any trespass or injury thereto, and for the recovery of the possession thereof, or otherwise.

Section 5. Damages to State.—All damages recovered on behalf of the state for any trespass or other injury upon or to any of the lands in charge of the auditor shall be paid over to the state treasurer, for the benefit of the fund to which the same properly belongs.

Sec. 6. Court to Charge Grand Jury.—Every court having jurisdiction thereof shall charge the grand jury at each term of such court, to inquire into all offenses against the provisons of this act, and to present any person who may be guilty of any such offense within their county.

TIMBER LANDS.

Sec. 7. Duties of State Auditor.—The auditor shall make thorough inquiry into the extent, character and value of the lands belonging to the state which are chiefly valuable for the timber thereon. He shall take such measures as will protect such timber from damage or loss by fire, trespass or otherwise; and he shall make such regulations, in conformity with the other provisions of this act, for the care and control of such lands, and for the sale of the timber thereon, as will best protect the interests of the state.

Sec. 8. Sale of Timber.—The auditor may sell the timber on the pine lands in his charge, including tamarack and cedar timber thereon suitable for posts, telegraph poles, or railroad ties, when authorized to do so by the board of timber commissioners, and not otherwise. When such sale is made, the auditor shall issue to the purchaser a permit to cut and remove the same. Before any sale is made, the timber shall be estimated and appraised, but no sale shall be made on any estimate or appraisal made more than one year prior thereto.

Section 9. State Estimators.—The auditor may appoint such state estimators as may be necessary to examine the lands in his charge, and to estimate and appraise the timber thereon; and he may discharge such estimators from time to time, as he deems best. Each estimator shall be a citizen of the state, an experienced land surveyor, or cruiser, and acquainted with the value of pine lands and stumpage, and shall have at least five (5) years' practice in surveying or cruising and estimating such lands and the timber thereon. Before any person is so appointed he shall file with the auditor an affidavit showing that he possesses all the qualifications aforesaid. At the time of his appointment he shall give a bond to the state in at least the sum of $5,000.00, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties, which bond shall be approved by the auditor, and, with the required oath, filed in his office. The state estimators are hereby authorized to arrest any person found trespassing upon state lands and deliver him to the sheriff of the county, and such estimator shall immediately enter a complaint before a justice of the peace in said county, charging the person so arrested with such trespass, and the person so in custody shall be arraigned and given a hearing on such complaint. Such state estimators shall wear when on duty a badge of office to be designed and provided by the state land commissioner. And it is hereby declared a misdemeanor for any person not a duly appointed and acting state estimator to wear such a badge or to personate or claim to be a state timber estimator.

The board of timber commissioners, created by section 13 of this act, are hereby authorized to dispose of and settle for, at stumpage value, timber cut by railroad companies upon right of way of land acquired from the State of Minnesota, or cut upon state lands and actually used in the construction of a railroad, also for the timber used in the construction of dams, lumber camps or public improvements of a permanent nature.

Provided, however, that no such settlements shall be made until the timber has been scaled or counted and appraised by a duly appointed state land examiner or timber estimator.

Sec. 10. Same. Appraisal. Report.—Whenever the auditor shall call upon any estimator so to do, he shall examine any lands designated, and estimate and appraise the timber thereon, and make report thereof. Such report shall be made from his field notes made on the land, and be by him entered in his own hand in a book kept in the auditor's office, and known as the record of appraisals. Such entry shall be dated when made, and subscribed and sworn to upon the record. At the same time the estimator shall file in said office all plats and field notes made by him, and affix his signature to each plat and to each page of the field notes.

Sec. 11. Contents of Report.—No such report shall embrace more than one section, or fractional section of land, according to the government survey, and shall show the amount of timber upon each 40 acre tract or lot. The report shall state the amount of each kind of timber subject to sale which measures not less than eight inches in diameter twenty-four feet from the ground; the value per thousand feet of all such timber; the amount and value of all timber below such standard, including pine, tamarack, and cedar posts, telegraph poles, and railroad ties; the distance of the timber from the nearest lake, stream or railroad; and the character of the land; what amount, if any, of the timber has been burned, and the extent and character of the burning; the situation of the timber relative to risk from fire or damage of any kind; the date of examination; the number of hours spent and the expense necessarily incurred in making the same, and in going to and returning from the land; and that estimator was actually upon the land when he made his estimate.

Sec. 12. False Report. Penalty.—Every state estimator or appraiser who shall make a false report or insert in any such report any false statement, date, estimate, or appraisal, or who shall make any such report without having examined the land embraced therein, or who, in making any affidavit as to his qualifications for appointment, shall insert therein any false statement, shall be deemed guilty of a felony.

Sec. 13. Board of Timber Commissioners.—The governor, treasurer, auditor and attorney general shall constitute a board of timber commissioners, of which the governor shall be chairman. The auditor shall be ex-officio secretary of the board, and he or his deputy shall attend each meeting and make full minutes of the proceedings, which shall be signed at the close of each meeting by the commissioners present, and shall be kept subject to public inspection in the office of the auditor. The governor and one other member shall be a quorum for the transaction of business. Before any timber is sold the auditor shall submit to the board, which shall meet from time to time, upon the call of the governor, the question of such sale, and shall produce the record of appraisal of such timber, and the board shall examine the same, together with other documents and records and such witnesses as it may require. If the governor and at least one other member of the board shall so determine, they shall enter upon the record of appraisals a statement, dated and signed by them, that such timber is in danger of being injured, and that a sale thereof is necessary to protect the state from loss. Thereafter, and not before, the auditor may make such sale. Whenever any member of the board becomes satisfied, before issuance of a permit, that, by reason of fraud or misstatement on the part of any estimator, witness or officer, or by reason of any combination or irregularity, the interests of the state so demand, he shall withdraw his approval of any sale, by an entry signed by him upon the record of the appraisals. No sale of timber shall be made until not less than two independent estimates have been made.

Sec. 14. Special Agent.—The timber board may appoint one or more agents or cruisers to gather evidence in any action, brought by the state or to investigate the correctness of any estimator's report, or to ascertain whether any timber proposed to be sold is subject to sale, or whether any trespass has been committed on state lands, and may send such agent to examine such timber or lands. The employes of said timber board, independently of the state auditor and estimators shall report in writing to the governor, and the money necessary to defray expenses and the rewards provided for in this act, is hereby annually appropriated out of any money in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of ten thousand dollars (10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary and shall be paid upon verified accounts audited by said board.

The auditor shall forthwith advise the timber board of any information acquired by him concerning any trespass on state lands, giving all details and names of witnesses.

Sec. 15. Public Auction. Notice.—No timber shall be sold, except to the highest bidder at public auction, and the minimum price shall be the appraised value as fixed by the record of appraisals. All sales, except as provided in the following sections, shall be held at the capitol. The auditor shall give eight weeks' notice thereof published in two daily newspapers, one of which is published in the city of St. Paul and the other in the city of Minneapolis and such notice shall appear in each issue consecutively of each of such papers during said eight weeks of publication, in the following form:

"NOTICE OF SALE OF STUMPAGE ON STATE LANDS."

"Notice is hereby given that I will offer for sale at public auction at the state capitol, in St. Paul, on the —— day of —— A. D. ——, at —— o'clock in the ——noon, certain timber belonging to the state and liable to waste.

"An official copy of the list of lands upon which said timber is situated will be furnished by me to all applicants on and after the —— day of ——, A. D. ——. Said list will be published, in connection with this notice, once a week for three weeks next prior to said sale.

"Dated, St. Paul, Minn., this —— day of ——, A. D. ——.

"——————,

"State Auditor."

At least thirty days before the date of sale, the auditor shall compile a list containing a description of each tract of land upon which any timber to be offered is situated, and a statement of the quantity of timber thereon, as shown by the official estimate. No description shall be added after the first publication of the list, and no timber shall be sold from land not described therein. Copies of the list shall be furnished to all applicants. Such list, with a statement that it is the list referred to, shall be published in accordance with said notice. A copy of such list and notice shall be conspicuously posted in the office of the auditor of each county in which any of said lands are situated at least fifteen days prior to the date of sale.

Sec. 16. Stumpage in Small Parcels.—The auditor may sell the stumpage on any tract of pine land not exceeding one section in area, where such stumpage does not exceed 100,000 feet, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the county seat of the county in which such tract is situated; the whole of the purchase price to be paid at the time of the sale. He shall give three weeks published notice of any such sale. In all other respects such sale shall be subject to all the restrictions and conditions applicable to the sale of other timber.

Sec. 17. Annual and Emergency Sales.—Except as provided in this and the preceding section, there shall be only one sale of timber in each year, which shall be held not later than November 1st, and may be adjourned from day to day, but no longer, until completed: Provided, that in case of emergency, if the board of timber commissioners shall unanimously determine that it is for the best interests of the state that a second sale shall take place before the next regular sale, it shall be held under the same regulations, so far as practicable, as are provided for regular sales, except that the notice of sale shall contain the description of the tracts on which the timber to be sold is situated, and shall state that the sale is to be held pursuant to the recommendation of the said board, and shall be published daily for at least three weeks next prior to the date of sale under rules prescribed in section 15.

Sec. 18. Cash Payment.—The purchaser at any sale of timber, except in the cases provided by section 16, shall immediately upon the approval of his bid pay to the state treasurer 25 per cent of the appraised value, and the treasurer shall issue duplicate receipts therefor, one of which shall be delivered to the purchaser, and the other filed with the auditor. In case any purchaser fails to make such payment, the auditor may immediately reoffer said timber for sale, but no bid shall be received from the person so failing.

Sec. 19. Permit.—Upon the delivery and filing of the duplicate receipts mentioned in the preceding section, the auditor shall issue a permit to such purchaser in a form approved by the attorney general, by the terms of which he shall be authorized to enter upon the land, and to cut and remove the timber therein described, according to the provisions of this chapter. Such permit shall be correctly dated and executed by the auditor, and signed by the purchaser. No permit shall cover more than two logging seasons, and the timber shall be cut and removed within the time specified therein. Not more than one section or fractional section of land, according to the government survey, shall be described in any one permit, and no permit shall be issued to any person other than the purchaser in whose name the bid was made. The permit shall state the amount of timber estimated to be thereon, the estimated value thereof, and the price at which it is sold, or the price per thousand feet, in case it is sold by the thousand feet, and shall specify the bark mark to be used. A separate bark mark shall be used on the timber cut under each permit, and, if the permit covers more than one season, it shall specify a separate mark to be used in each season. It shall provide that the purchaser shall place the specified bark mark upon every piece of timber cut and also plainly upon the end thereof the stamp mark MIN, and that, in case of any failure to place both bark and stump mark upon any such piece, the state shall have the right to take possession of the same wherever found. It shall contain such other provisions as may be necessary to secure to the state the title of all timber cut thereunder, wherever found, until full payment thereof, and until all provisions of the permits have been fully complied with. It shall also provide that all the timber standing on the land and sold shall be cut; that the same shall be cut clean, acre by acre, without damage to other timber; that the purchaser shall pay to the state the permit price for all timber, including timber which he fails to cut and remove, and the amount of fees of the surveyor general; and that he shall, in writing, notify the surveyor general for the district, and also the auditor, at least fifteen days before any cutting is done, at what time such cutting will begin, at least fifteen days before any timber is removed from the land, at what date such removal will begin. Any permit failing to conform to the requirements of this section shall be void on its face. All permits shall be filed for record with such surveyor general.

Sec. 20. Bond of Purchaser.—The purchaser, before execution of any permit, shall give bonds to the state, in double the value of timber covered by the permit, as shown by the amount of the bid and the record of appraisals as to quantity, conditioned upon the faithful performance of the terms of said permit and all requirements of law in respect to such sales, which bonds shall be approved in writing by the auditor and filed for record in his office. No member of any firm or corporation which is the purchaser of such timber shall be accepted as a surety.

Sec. 21. Extension of Permit.—No permit shall be extended, except for good and sufficient reasons, and by unanimous consent of the board of timber commissioners and no extension shall be for more than one year. When any extension is granted a bark mark shall be agreed upon for the third season.

Sec. 22. Assignments.—The assignment of any permit shall be executed in the same manner as a deed of land, and shall be acknowledged. No assignment shall be operative without the approval of the auditor, who, if he shall approve the same, shall endorse his approval thereon, and record the assignment in his office. Before any such approval, the assignee shall give to the state a bond, which shall be substantially in the form and subject to the rules provided for the bond to be given by an original purchaser; but the original bond given by the purchaser and any bond given by any prior assignee shall remain in full force.

Sec. 23. Void Sales.—Any sale of timber made by fraud or mistake, or in violation of the provisions of this chapter, shall be void, the permit issued thereon shall be of no effect and the holder shall be required to surrender the same. In case of mistake the amount so paid shall be refunded to the purchaser, the sum necessary for such refund is hereby appropriated.

Sec. 24. Failure to Cut.—If the purchaser of any timber, or his assignee, fails to cut and remove any part thereof before the expiration of the permit, he shall nevertheless pay the price therefor; but under no circumstances shall he cut or remove any such timber after the expiration of the permit or extension thereof.

Sec. 25. Surveyor General, Duties. Reports.—The surveyor general of each district shall scale all timber cut on pine lands in charge of the auditor. All scaling shall be done upon the land from which the timber was cut, and all logs scaled, shall be numbered consecutively, and the number of each entered upon the minutes of the scaler. On or before May 15th in each year each surveyor general shall make to the auditor separate reports of all such timber by him scaled, covering the different tracts of lands embraced in the respective permits. Each report shall describe the land on which the timber was cut and state the names of the person cutting, the person for whom the cutting was done, and the person hauling the timber, the kind, character, the amount of the timber, the bark and the stump marks used thereon, the number of logs or pieces, and the total number of feet. Each report shall also state specifically whether the scaling was done upon the land from which such timber was cut; whether such timber was cut according to the provisions of the permit; whether the land has been cut clean acre by acre, so far as the cutting has been made; whether the cutting was done without unnecessary waste or damage and, if not, the amount of the consequent damage to the state; whether the timber has all been cut, and, if not, how much has been left standing; whether all timber has been scaled and reported; and whether the bark and stump marks specified in the permit have been plainly placed upon each piece of timber. Each surveyor general shall also report to the auditor every trespass committed upon the state pine lands in his district; and the auditor shall immediately cause such report to be investigated, and, if found true, shall cause such trespass to be estimated, scaled, appraised, and report the same to the attorney general for prosecution.

Sec. 26. Rescale.—If the auditor shall question the scale reported by the surveyor general he may demand a rescale and in such case shall serve upon such surveyor general a written notice containing a description of the tract on which a rescale is demanded. The surveyor general shall thereupon appoint one of his deputies, who, together with a state estimator appointed by the auditor for that purpose, shall make a correct scale of all timber embraced in the permit covering such tract, whether the same has been cut and removed, or remains cut or standing on such land; and a report of such scale shall be made, and signed by them, and filed for record with the auditor. Such report, if both such deputy and such estimator agree upon the scale, shall be final and binding upon the state and the purchaser. If it shall appear by said rescale that the first scale was practically correct the state shall pay the said surveyor general the sum of $5.00 for each day necessarily spent by his deputy in making such rescale, in addition to all necessary expenses incurred by him in traveling to and from such land; but, in case of a material difference in the two scales the surveyor general shall not be entitled to compensation for such rescale. A scale made under this section may be a top and stump scale.

Sec. 27. Violation of Duty. Penalty.—Any surveyor general who shall fail to scale all the timber cut on state pine lands in his district as required by this chapter, or who shall scale any such timber on land other than that on which the same was cut, or who shall fail to make the complete report of timber scaled by him on each tract of land covered by any permit, or who shall in any such report include timber cut on tracts covered by different permits, or who shall neglect to report any case of trespass or who shall appoint any deputy otherwise than as provided by law, or who shall not comply with any of the provisions of this chapter, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

Sec. 28. Compensation.—The fees of the surveyor general as provided in this chapter shall be paid by the state, and shall be ten cents per thousand feet on all timber scaled under one permit up to 500,000, and five cents for each thousand feet in excess thereof.

Sec. 29. Failure to Mark. Sale Before Payment. Penalty.—Every person who shall cut timber on state lands, and fail to mark the same as provided by the permit, or shall place any other mark thereon, and every person who shall sell, transfer, or manufacture any timber cut on state lands, before the amount due to the state therefor shall have been paid, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

Sec. 30. Deputy Surveyors General. Compensation.—For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this chapter, the surveyor general of each district may appoint as many deputies as he deems necessary, and he may discharge such deputies at any time, in case of such discharge, shall immediately give written notice thereof to the auditor. No person in the employ of any person transacting a lumbering or logging business shall be so appointed. Each deputy shall be a man of experience and capable of determining, from the description according to the government survey, the location of the land described. Each deputy shall give a bond to the state, in at least the sum of $1,000, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties, which bond shall be approved by such surveyor general, and, with the required oath and a duplicate of the appointment, shall be filed with the auditor within thirty days after the appointment is made. Such deputies shall receive compensation for their services directly from the surveyors general, and in no other manner.

Sec. 31. Discharge of Deputy.—If the auditor shall be of the opinion that any such deputy has violated any provision of this chapter, or is incompetent or unfaithful, he may present the matter to the board of timber commissioners, and, if the board shall determine that such opinion is well founded, it shall give to the surveyor general written notice of such determination, and he shall forthwith discharge such deputy, who shall not be reappointed.

Sec. 32. Violation of Duty. Penalty.—Every deputy surveyor general appointed under the provisions of this chapter, who shall accept any compensation for his services as such or any gratuity, directly or indirectly, from any other person than the surveyor general of the district in which he is appointed, or who shall knowingly make any false report of timber scaled, or insert in any such report any false statement, or omit from any such report any statement required by law to be made therein, or who shall fail to report to such surveyor general any trespass committed upon the state pine lands in such district which has come to his knowledge, shall be guilty of a felony.

Sec. 33. Timber Sales Book.—The auditor shall keep a record of all sales of timber in a book to be known as the timber sales book, and shall enter therein at the time each tract of timber is sold, and before selling another tract, the name of the purchaser, the price, and a description of the tract on which the timber is situated.

Sec. 34. Stumpage Book.—The auditor shall keep a stumpage book in which he shall enter a description of each tract of land in his charge on which timber is located; the name and date of the report of the estimator; the kind, amount, and value of the timber as shown by such report; the date of approval of the sale of the timber; the date of the sale; the price for which the timber was sold; the name of the purchaser; the number, date and date of expiration of each permit; the bark and stamp marks specified therein; the date of any assignment of the permit; the name of the assignee; the dates of the filing and the amounts of the respective bonds given by the purchaser and the assignee; the names of the sureties thereon; the amount of timber taken from the land; the date of the report of the surveyor general; the marks used upon the timber as reported; the name of the deputy who scaled the timber; the amount paid and the date of payment, together with a specific reference to all correspondence relating to the land covered by the permit.

Sec. 35. Payment. Bill of Sale, Etc.—Upon receipt of the surveyor general's report of the amount of timber cut under any permit, the auditor shall prepare a statement of the amount due therefor by the terms of the permit, including the fees of the surveyor general, and shall place in the hands of the state treasury a duplicate thereof. Payment of such amount shall be made by the purchaser or assignee, as the case may be, to the treasurer, who shall give duplicate receipts therefor, one of which shall be filed with the auditor, whereupon he shall execute a bill of sale of such timber, and a transfer of the mark thereon, to the purchaser or assignee. The bill of sale and transfer shall describe the timber, its quality and character, and the land from which it was cut, and shall be by such purchaser or assignee filed for record with the auditor and with the surveyor general of the district in which such timber was cut.

Sec. 36. Same. How Enforced.—If the amount of such statement be not paid immediately, it shall bear interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum from date; and, if not paid within thirty days, the treasurer shall place the account in the hands of the attorney general, who shall proceed forthwith to collect the same. Whenever the auditor shall deem it for the best interests of the state, he shall take possession of the timber for which such amount is due, wherever the same may be found, and sell the same at public auction. The proceeds of such sale shall be applied, first, to the payment of the expenses of seizure and sale; and second, to the payment of the amount due for such timber, with interest; and the surplus, if any, shall belong to the state; and, in case a sufficient amount is not realized to pay such amounts in full, the balance shall be collected by the attorney general. Neither payment of such amount, nor the recovery of judgment therefor, nor satisfaction of such judgment, nor the seizure and sale of such timber, shall release the sureties on any bond given pursuant to this chapter, or preclude the state from afterwards claiming that such timber was cut or removed contrary to law, and recovering damages for the trespass thereby committed, or from prosecuting the offender criminally.

Sec. 37. Settlement for Trespass.—The timber board may settle the civil claim for trespass on lands of this state whenever it is for the best interests of the state so to do, but no such settlement shall be made until the timber taken under such trespass has been estimated and appraised or scaled by a state estimator, whose report shall be filed in the office of the land commissioner, and no settlement shall be made for an amount less than double the value of the timber as shown by such report.

Sec. 38. Record of Trespasses.—The auditor shall keep a book in which he shall enter all trespasses reported, with the minutes of all estimates and appraisals and settlements thereof, together with references to any correspondence relating thereto.

Sec. 39. Seizure of Timber, Etc.—The state auditor shall take possession of any timber heretofore or hereafter unlawfully cut upon, or taken from, any land owned by the state, wherever found, and may sell the same at public auction after giving such notice as he deems reasonable, and after deducting all the expenses of such sale the proceeds thereof shall be paid into the state treasury to the credit of the proper fund; and whenever any timber so unlawfully cut has been intermingled with any other timber or property so that it cannot be identified or plainly separated therefrom, the auditor may so seize and sell the whole quantity so intermingled; and in such case the whole quantity of such timber shall be conclusively presumed to have been unlawfully taken from state land. But when the timber unlawfully cut or removed from state land is so seized and sold such seizure shall not in any manner relieve the trespasser who cut or removed, or caused the cutting or removal of any such timber, from the full liability imposed by this act for the trespass so committed, but the net amount realized from such sale shall be credited on whatever judgment is recovered against such trespasser, and in addition to any other penalty provided by law, any person who shall remove, transport, carry away, conceal or convert to his own use any timber unlawfully cut on state lands, knowing the same to have been so cut, shall be guilty of larceny of the same, and may be prosecuted and punished accordingly in the county where said property was cut or in any county into or through which said property or any part thereof may be removed, and when any corporation is guilty of the acts herein declared to be larceny each officer of such corporation shall individually and severally be deemed guilty of such larceny.

Sec. 40. Rewards.—The following rewards shall be paid to any person or persons giving to the proper authorities any information which shall lead to the detection and conviction of any persons violating any of the provisions of this act, to wit: $25.00 reward if the value of the timber so unlawfully cut or removed shall not exceed the sum of $25.00; $50.00 reward if the value of timber shall not exceed $50.00; and $100.00 reward if the value of such timber shall exceed the sum of $100.00; and the court before whom such person or persons so violating the provisions of this act shall have been tried shall, upon application of any person claiming to be entitled to such reward, examine such claim in a summary manner; and determine whether or not such person claiming said reward is entitled to the same, and if it should appear to the satisfaction of said court that such person claiming such reward is entitled to the same, then and in that case a certificate of such fact shall be made by such court and delivered to said person and the treasurer of the State of Minnesota is hereby directed and required to pay such person such reward upon presentation of such certificate duly authenticated.

Sec. 41. Posting Notice. Penalty.—Every person, firm or corporation engaged in the cutting of timber of any kind, telegraph poles or fence posts, upon any of the land belonging to this state, or upon any land whatsoever within this state, shall, before cutting such timber, post in a conspicuous place in any camp building or house occupied by his employes engaged in such cutting a notice which shall contain a full description of the lands proposed by him to be cut during such time, and which said description shall contain the precise description of said land by forty-acre tracts, or fractions thereof, of governmental subdivisions, and shall include the section, town and range, and such person or persons so engaged in cutting timber as aforesaid shall be required to keep said notice conspicuously posed in such camp building or house during the entire time that he is engaged in cutting such timber. Any person, persons, firms or corporation violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall pay a fine of not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100.00) or be imprisoned in the county jail for a period not exceeding ninety days.

Any person or persons giving to the proper authorities information which shall lead to the conviction of any person, persons, firm or corporations guilty of a violation of this section, shall receive the sum of twenty-five dollars ($25.00) reward, to be ascertained and paid in the manner provided herein for the payment of the reward provided for in section 40 of this act. Provided, however, that the provisions of this section shall not apply to any person who shall be engaged in cutting cord-wood upon his own land or engaged in cutting timber for clearing any land actually owned or occupied by him.

Sec. 42. Timber. Meaning.—"Timber," as used in this chapter, shall be construed to mean trees, whether standing or cut, logs, posts, poles, ties, paving blocks, laths, shingles and lumber of every description.

Sec. 43. The statutes of this state limiting the time for bringing either civil or criminal actions shall not apply to any action brought by the state for trespass upon any of its lands, or to any criminal prosecution instituted under this chapter, and any civil action brought under this chapter may, at the election of the attorney general, be brought in any county in this state.

Sec. 44. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 45. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 205—H. F. NO. 667.

AN ACT regulating and limiting the rate of interest to be charged upon certificates of sale of real property for assessments for local improvements and upon redemption of such certificates in cities of more than fifty thousand (50,000) inhabitants.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That all certificates of sale hereafter issued by the proper authorities of any city of the State of Minnesota, now or hereafter containing a population of over fifty thousand (50,000) inhabitants, according to the last national or state census, upon a sale of real property for any assessments for local improvement, shall, except where a lower rate is now provided by law, bear interest at the rate of eight per cent, per annum, and all such certificates may be redeemed upon payment of the amount thereof with interest at the said rate.

Provided, that this act shall not prohibit the charging upon redemption of any such certificate before maturity, of interest for thirty days in addition to the interest which shall have accrued up to the time of such redemption.

Sec. 2. All acts or parts of acts, and all provisions of the charter of any city inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 206—H. F. NO. 800.

AN ACT to regulate the hiring and employment of deputies, clerks and assistants in the offices of county auditors in all counties in the State of Minnesota, having or which may hereafter have a population in each of not less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants, and to fix the salaries that shall be paid to the county auditors and certain of their deputies, clerks and assistants in such counties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That in all counties in this state that now have or may hereafter have, according to the last completed state or national census, a population in each of not less than one hundred and fifty thousand (150,000) inhabitants, the salary of the county auditor shall be and is hereby fixed as at the rate of forty-five hundred dollars, per annum, and in all such counties the auditor shall appoint and employ one chief deputy, who shall be paid at the rate of eighteen hundred dollars, per annum; one deputy and commissioner's clerk, who shall be paid at the rate of fifteen hundred dollars, per annum; one deputy and bookkeeper, who shall be paid at the rate of fifteen hundred dollars, per annum; one chief clerk and draughtsman, who shall be paid at the rate of fifteen hundred dollars, per annum; one deputy and one settlement clerk, who shall be paid at the rate of twelve hundred dollars, per annum each; three counter deputies, who shall be paid at the rate of eleven hundred dollars per annum each; five general clerks, who shall be paid at the rate of one thousand dollars per annum each; which above named salaries shall be payable out of the county treasury in equal monthly installments, except as hereinafter provided.

Provided, That any such county auditor shall have authority to command and employ without additional compensation to that of such deputy or other employe's usual compensation and when and as often and to such extent as said county auditor may deem proper, the services of any deputy or other employe in said county auditor's office, for any work of said office, whether or not such work be the usual work of such deputy or other employe or be partly or wholly the usual or proper function of some other deputy, or employe;

And, provided further, that any such county auditor may, during any year, at his discretion and as often and for as long as he sees fit, reduce the number of said five general clerks, and that the salary amounts which may be so saved, together with whatever has been saved during such year, through necessary vacancies among the other deputies, clerks and assistants of said county auditor's office, may to any extent needful in said county auditor's judgment, be used in the same year by him in hiring extra clerks at the same rate of pay, respectively, as each of said general clerks, for any of the regular work of his office when the same is greater or more hurried than is common throughout the year.

Sec. 2. In each of said counties the board of county commissioners may, by resolution, authorize the county auditor of such county to appoint and employ such help additional to what is provided for elsewhere in this act as may to such board at any time or times seem just, proper and necessary in carrying on the work of such county auditor's office, and the board shall in such authorizing resolution fix the rate of compensation payable out of the county treasury to be allowed to such extra help and limit the amount to be expended under such resolution.

Sec. 3. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 207—H. F. NO. 863.

AN ACT to prevent the fraudulent record of log marks and punish the unlawful use of log marks.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Before any surveyor general of logs and lumber within this state shall record any log mark, the parties in whose name such log mark is sought to be recorded, shall satisfy the surveyor general, by competent evidence, that such person owns timber which he intends to cut into logs and desires to identify with such mark, or is a legitimate dealer in logs, or that he owns unmarked logs already cut and desires to identify them by such mark.

Sec. 2. Any person who shall place a mark recorded in his name, or in the name of another, upon any log bearing no log mark, and which is the property of some person or party other than the recorded owner of the mark so placed upon said log, shall be guilty of larceny, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars and by imprisonment in the county jail not less than three months, and until said fine is paid.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 208—H. F. NO. 198.

AN ACT requiring railroad companies to provide suitable toilet rooms in railroad depots.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The railroad and warehouse commission of this state is hereby authorized and empowered, on complaint duly made, to order that all railroad companies operating within the State of Minnesota shall provide or cause to be provided suitable toilet rooms in, or immediately adjacent to, every railroad station waiting room located on its lines in this state; and they are hereby required to maintain and keep said toilet rooms in a good sanitary condition. Provided, in case there is no water and sewerage system in towns where railroad station waiting rooms are located, which extends to a point not more than one hundred feet distant from such station waiting rooms; then, and in such case, said railroad companies shall provide and maintain, in good sanitary condition, within a reasonable and convenient distance of said station waiting rooms, a suitable closet or privy.

Sec. 2. Any railroad company maintaining waiting rooms at their stations in this state, who shall fail to comply with the provisions of section 1, of this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to a fine of not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100.00) and costs of prosecution.

Sec. 3. The railroad and warehouse commission of the state shall have power to enforce the provisions of this act.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after June 1st, 1905.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 209—H. F. No. 24.

AN ACT to legalize mortgage foreclosure sales heretofore made.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Every mortgage foreclosure sale heretofore made under a power of sale in the usual form contained in any mortgage executed under the laws of the State of Minnesota, and recorded in the office of the proper register of deeds of real property within the limits of this state, is, together with the record of such sale, legalized, and made valid and effective to all intents and purposes, as against the following objections, namely:

First, where the hour of the record of said mortgage, or any assignment thereof in the office of the register of deeds is incorrectly stated in the notice of sale or any of the foreclosure papers, affidavits or instruments.

Second, where the date of the mortgage or any assignment thereof is incorrectly stated in the notice of sale or any foreclosure papers, affidavits or instruments.

Third, where the notice of sale was properly published and the service thereof was made upon the occupant by leaving a true copy thereof with a member of the family of said occupant of suitable age and discretion, who was a resident of said premises, but at the time of such service was not upon said premises.

Sec. 2. The provisions of this act shall not affect any action now pending in any court of this state.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 210—H. F. No. 376.

AN ACT to amend section 6677 of the General Statutes of Minnesota for the year 1894, relating to the crime of burglary in the first degree.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section six thousand six hundred and seventy-seven (6677) of the General Statutes of Minnesota for the year 1894, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 6677. A person who, with intent to commit some crime therein, breaks and enters, in the nighttime, the dwelling house of another, in which there is at that time a human being; first, being armed with a dangerous weapon; or, second, arming himself therein with such weapon; or, third, being assisted by a confederate actually present; or, fourth, who, while engaged in the night-time in effecting such entrance, or in committing any crime in such a building, or in escaping therefrom, assaults any person; or who, with intent to commit some crime therein breaks or enters any building, or a room or any part of a building, and while therein, has in his possession, or makes use of, any dangerous explosive, or burglars' tools, is guilty of burglary in the first degree.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 211—H. F. No. 536.

AN ACT to amend section fifty-five (55) chapter two (2) of the General Laws of 1902, entitled "An act relating to the taxation of real estate; providing for penalties relating thereto; the entry of tax judgments, and the sale and disposition of such delinquent real estate; redemption from such sale, and the payment of taxes upon real estate so delinquent."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section fifty-five (55) of chapter two (2) of the General Laws of 1902, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 55. Purchaser to Receive Deed. How and When.—Any person, or his heirs or assigns, receiving the certificate described in the preceding section, shall be entitled to a deed from the state, and upon presentation of such certificate to the governor he shall be authorized to execute a deed in the name of the state to the person entitled hereto, conveying the lands therein described, and every such deed shall vest the grantee with complete title to such lands, subject to the defenses that the tract or parcel was exempt from taxation, or that the taxes had been paid for which such tract or parcel was sold, at the said tax sale. Such deed may be recorded as other deeds of real estate, and the record thereof shall have the same force and effect in all respects as the record of such other deeds, and shall be evidence in like manner.

But any one having any interest in any such tract or parcel of land shall have the right to redeem said land as provided in title four (4) of this chapter, and no such tax deed shall be issued, nor shall the full period of redemption expire until sixty days shall have elapsed after the filing of proof of service of notice made in the same manner as provided in sections forty-seven (47) and forty-eight (48) of this chapter.

Sec. 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 212—H. F. No. 570.

AN ACT proposing an amendment to section sixteen (16) of article nine (IX) of the Constitution of the State of Minnesota, establishing the road and bridge fund, and authorizing the Legislature to levy an annual tax for the purpose of constructing and improving roads and bridges within this state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The following amendment to section sixteen (16) of article nine (IX) of the Constitution of the State of Minnesota, is hereby proposed to the people of the state for their approval or rejection; that is to say, change section sixteen (16) of article nine (IX) of said Constitution so that said section sixteen (16) shall read as follows:

"Section 16. For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund, to be known as the "state road and bridge fund," said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

The Legislature is authorized to add to such fund, for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state, by providing, in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state of not to exceed in any year one-fourth (¼) of one mill on all the taxable property within the state.

Provided that no county shall receive in any year more than three (3) per cent. or less than one-half (½) of one (1) per cent. of the total fund thus provided and expended during such year; and provided, further, that in no case shall more than one-third (1-3) of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge be paid by the state from such fund."

Sec. 2. This proposed amendment shall be submitted to the people of this state for their approval or rejection at the general election occurring next after the passage of this act, and the qualified electors of this state in their respective districts may at such election vote for or against such amendment by ballot; and the returns thereof shall be made and certified within the time, and such votes canvassed and the result thereof declared in the manner provided by law with reference to the election of state officers, and if it shall appear thereupon that a majority of all the electors voting at said election as provided in the next section have voted in favor of the same, then the governor shall make proclamation thereof, and such amendement shall take effect and be in force as a part of the constitution.

Sec. 3. The ballots used at said election on said amendment shall have printed thereon, "Amendment to section sixteen (16) of article nine (IX) of the Constitution, establishing the road and bridge fund, and authorizing the Legislature to levy an annual tax for the purpose of constructing and improving roads, and bridges within this state. Yes.... No...." and each elector voting on said amendment shall place a cross mark thus (X) in a space to be left opposite either the word "Yes" or the word "No," and shall be counted for or against the proposition in accordance with the expressed will of the elector, as provided by the electon laws of this state.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 213—H. F. NO. 533.

AN ACT entitled an act to authorize cities having a population of more than fifty thousand to acquire by condemnation proceedings, under the right of eminent domain, land or lands covered by water, or an easement therein for or to be used as slips or waterways open or to be opened as public highways into or conecting with public navigable waters, in this state, other than rivers within or adjacent to such city, and authorizing the assessment of benefits resulting therefrom.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Each city in this state having at any time a population of over 50,000, according to the census then last taken, is hereby empowered to acquire by proceedings in condemnation, under the right of eminent domain, any land or lands covered with water or an easement therein, connecting with or adjacent to public navigable waters, other than rivers, within or adjacent to such city, wheresoever situated within the limits of such city, which shall be declared by the city council by resolution necessary to be taken, damaged, injured or destroyed for the purpose of laying out, opening, making, deepening, widening or otherwise improving a slip or other waterway into or connecting with such public navigable waters.

Sec. 2. Whenever any land or lands covered with water, or an easement therein shall be acquired by any city, pursuant to the provisions of this act, such land shall thereafter be held as and for a public water highway for travel by and the accommodations and passage of boats, steamships, vessels and water craft of all kinds.

Sec. 3. The land or lands covered with water or an easement therein specified in section one of this act may be acquired by proceedings to be conducted by the city council in the manner provided by chapter 194, General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1903, enabling municipalities to establish and acquire a building line easement along streets, highways, parks and parkways, and the city council in any such city shall, under this act, exercise all the powers and perform all the duties imposed in said chapter 194, General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1903, on the "governing body" mentioned in said chapter.

Sec. 4. Upon the conclusion of the proceedings and the payment of the awards the several tracts of land shall be deemed to be taken and appropriated for the purposes of this act, and such land or the easement therein for the purposes aforesaid shall vest absolutely in the city in which the lands are situate.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 214—H. F. No. 195.

AN ACT to amend chapter one hundred and sixty-eight (168), Laws of 1903, entitled "An act to provide for sending official ballots to village and town clerks, and certain election judges, by registered mail or by express, and for sending election returns to county auditors by registered mail."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That chapter one hundred and sixty-eight (168) of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1903, be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

"Wherever the primary and general election laws now provide that the village and town clerks and judges of election in unorganized towns, go to the county seat and receive the official ballots; hereafter the auditor of each county shall, at least one week before the day of election, send by registered mail or express to the village and town clerks and judges of election, the official ballots that each is entitled to receive; also, sealing wax, stamp, and the necessary postage to register and mail the election returns and other papers, as provided in section two (2) of this act.

Sec. 2. And wherever the said election laws require the election returns and other papers to be delivered to the county auditor by one of the judges or other manager; hereafter such returns and other papers shall, in the presence of all the judges of election, be deposited in duplicate, each in a separate envelope, one of which shall be sewed by drawing a substantial twine through said envelope and said returns, and tying the ends of said twine together, and then seal said envelope, wth a stamp furnished by the county auditor, in three places, having one of the seals over the knot in said twine. Said judges shall designate one of their number to take, within twenty-four hours, said envelopes, containing said electon returns and other papers, to the nearest postoffice, and cause them to be registered and mailed to the county auditor at his office. The person mailing such election returns and other papers shall receive for his compensation the sum of one dollar; and also ten cents per mile for each mile necessarily traveled in going to and returning from the postoffice where such election returns were mailed; said compensation to be paid out of the county treasury.

Sec. 3. Should the judge of election so designated fail to register and mail said election returns and other papers within the time herein specified he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and punished accordingly.

Sec. 4. Provided, however, that this act shall not apply to election districts where the place of holding the polls is within ten (10) miles of the office of the county auditor by the nearest traveled route.

Section 5. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 215—H. F. NO. 420.

AN ACT to amend section one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (1863) of the General Laws of 1894, relating to the obstruction of highways and the penalty therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (1863) of the General Statutes for 1894 be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1863. Whoever at any time obstructs any of the public highways in this state, in any manner, with intent to prevent the free use thereof by the public, or who shall dig any holes or remove any dirt, sand or clay from any such highway or any part thereof, and thereby damage the same, shall be subject to a fine of not less than five nor more than twenty-five dollars, together with the costs attending such conviction, and, on failure to pay such fine and costs, may be committed to the county jail, there to remain until such fine and costs are paid, or until discharged, according to law; and it is hereby made the duty of the board of supervisors of the several towns of this state to make complaint and prosecute, in their official capacity, all violations of the provisions of this section.

Sec. 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 216—S. F. NO. 246.

AN ACT to provide for the payment of claims against the state for animals killed under the provisions of chapter 141, Laws of 1903.

Whereas, chapter 141 of the Laws of 1903 was unintentionally repealed by chapter 352 of the laws of the same session, and, whereas, the public authorities of said state have in good faith proceeded under the terms of said chapter 141, and have in many cases appraised and killed animals of the classes therein referred to, therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That all proceedings heretofore taken under and according to the terms of said chapter 141 of the Laws of 1903, or the law of which it was amendatory, relating to the condemnation, appraisement and killing of the class of diseased animals therein described, are hereby in all respects validated, and each and every person in said state owning any animals so killed and appraised shall be paid the amount he would have been entitled to under said law, the same as if the same had not been so repealed, out of the money heretofore or hereafter appropriated for the purpose.

The president and secretary of the state live stock sanitary board are hereby authorized to examine all claims presented under this act, and if they find and certify that such claims come within its intent and meaning, such claims shall be paid, otherwise not. Provided, that no claim shall be paid unless presented within six (6) months after the passage of this act.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 217—S. F. NO. 288.

AN ACT to amend section one (1), chapter two hundred and twenty-two (222) of the General Laws of nineteen hundred and three (1903), entitled, "An act to prevent the abandonment and neglect of wife or children of persons charged by law with the maintenance thereof; to make such abandonment and neglect unlawful and to prescribe the punishment therefor."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section one (1) of chapter two hundred and twenty-two (222) of the General Laws of nineteen hundred and three (1903) be, and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. On complaint being made to any justice of the peace or judge of any municipal court by the wife of any person accusing such person of wilfully omitting without lawful excuse to furnish proper food, clothing and shelter, or suitable care in case of sickness, to his wife or minor child under fifteen years of age, or upon similar complaint by any member of the board of county commissioners of the county wherein any such wife or minor child resides, the justice or judge shall take such complaint in writing, under the oath of such wife, or of such county commissioner, and shall thereupon issue his warrant against the person accused, directed to the sheriff or constable of his county, commanding him, forthwith, to bring such accused person before the justice or judge to answer such complaint.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 218—S. F. No. 519.

AN ACT to provide for editing and annotating the Revised Laws, 1905.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Mark B. Dunnell is hereby appointed a commissioner to edit and annotate the Revised Laws, 1905.

Sec. 2. Said commissioner shall determine the style in which such Revised Laws shall be printed and bound, including the paper to be used, provided, however, that they shall be bound in one volume; he shall arrange the chapters in the order in which they are enacted, and number them consecutively throughout the volume; he shall number the sections consecutively throughout the volume; he shall include in the volume the Constitution of the United States, the constitution of Minnesota, the organic act of Minnesota and the act authorizing the state government of Minnesota; he shall annotate the sections with references to the decisions of the supreme court relevant to the particular section and in doing so he shall merely state in a short catch-line the general effect or purport of the decision, citing the number of the page and volume of Minnesota Reports (1.) and Northwestern Reporter, in which the decision is found and omitting the title of the case; he shall insert under any section affected by a law enacted at the present session of the legislature a reference to such law; he shall prepare an index to such volume; and he shall prepare the copy for the printer, read the proof, and have general editorial supervision over the printing of such Revised Laws.

Sec. 3. Said commissioner shall have authority, in editing such Revised Laws, to change headlines; to insert, alter, or omit subheads; to change the spelling of words, and to change numbers, written or printed out in words, to figures.

Sec. 4. In case of the death, disability or resignation of said commissioner, the supreme court is hereby authorized to appoint a successor.

Sec. 5. Said commissioner shall receive thirty-five hundred dollars as compensation for his services and fifteen hundred dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary for assistants, supplies, and other incidental expenses.

Sec. 6. Five thousand dollars are hereby appropriated to carry out the provisions of this act.

Sec. 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 219—S. F. No. 294.

AN ACT to provide for the addition of certain territory to cities having a population of over 50,000.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Lands not exceeding 50 acres in area, adjoining and contiguous to any organized city of over 50,000 inhabitants may, upon the approval of the mayor of said city, and the board of supervisors of the township in which such lands are located, be attached to and become part of such city upon the petition of 500 legal voters thereof requesting that said territory be so attached. Said petition shall before its presentation to the mayor be first approved by said board of supervisors, which approval shall be endorsed thereon, signed by a majority of said board and attested by the town clerk, provided, however, that after presentation of said petition to the mayor for approval or rejection, a notice specifying the substance thereof and that an application will be made to him to approve the same at a time and place therein named not less than 20 days from the date thereof shall be served upon the owner of said premises so proposed to be attached by the delivery of a copy thereof, or if he cannot be found, of which fact the return of the sheriff that he cannot be found in said county shall be prima facie evidence, then upon the person or persons in actual possession of said premises at least twenty days prior to the date fixed in said notice. If the lands are vacant and unoccupied, and the owner of the record title cannot be found in said county, then said notice shall be published in some newspaper of general circulation, published in said city in one issue thereof, at least twenty days prior to said date. If approved by the mayor, the same shall be endorsed upon said petition and further evidenced by proclamation to be issued by him reciting the prayer of said petition, the number of signatures attached thereto, the approval thereof by said board of supervisors, and certifying that such territory, describing it, is a part of such city, which said proclamation shall be deemed to be prima facie evidence of the matters therein stated, and of the legality and regularity of all proceedings involving the annexation of such territory. Said petition shall be addressed to the mayor and upon presentation shall be filed and recorded in his office.

Sec. 2. Said proclamation shall be recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county in which said territory is situated, and also in the office of the secretary of state, whereupon said lands shall be deemed to be attached to and a part of said city.

Sec. 3. The expenses incident to such proceedings shall be audited and paid by the city, provided the lands are annexed thereto.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and approval.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 220—S. F. No. 214.

AN ACT relating to the addition of territory to all incorporated cities containing ten thousand (10,000) inhabitants or less.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That whenever the majority of the owners of any property which has been platted into lots and blocks or outlots, or the owner of any tract, piece or parcel of land abutting upon any incorporated city having ten thousand (10,000) inhabitants or less, whether such city is incorporated under general or special laws, shall petition the city council to have such property annexed to the city, the city council may by ordinance declare the same to be an addition to such city and thereupon such territory shall become a part of such city as effectually as if it had been originally a part thereof.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the council of any city adding territory under this act to cause a certified copy of the ordinance aforesaid to be recorded and filed in the office of the register of deeds of the county in which such city is located in the same manner as city charters are filed and recorded under the General Laws of this state.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 221—S. F. NO. 225.

AN ACT providing that certain mileage books or tickets issued by railroad companies shall be transferable.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. All passenger mileage tickets or books hereafter issued by railroad companies operating lines in this state, except interchangeable mileage now in use, shall be good until used, and shall be transferable by delivery and good for travel in the hands of the holder thereof between stations in Minesota.

Sec. 2. Railroad companies accepting such mileage tickets shall not be liable to the owner of such ticket in case they are used by persons not legally entitled to use the same.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 1905.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 222—S. F. NO. 212.

AN ACT to amend section 3 of chapter 148 of the General Laws of 1887 as amended by section 1 of chapter 166 of the General Laws of 1899, permitting the admission of wives, widows and mothers of soldiers to the Soldiers' Home.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section three (3) of chapter one hundred and forty-eight (148) of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven (1887) as amended by section one (1) of chapter one hundred sixty-six (166) of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (1899) be amended, so as to read as follows:

Section 3. The object of the Soldiers' Home shall be to provide a home for all honorably discharged ex-soldiers, sailors and marines, who served in the army or navy of the United States during the War of the Rebellion, or the Mexican war, or in the war begun in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight (1898) between the kingdom of Spain and the United States, who now are or may hereafter become citizens of the State of Minnesota, who, by reason of wounds, disease, old age or infirmities are unable to earn their living, and who have no adequate means of support. No applicant shall be admitted to the Soldiers' Home who has not been a resident of the State of Minnesota for one year next preceding the time of making his application, unless he served in a Minnesota regiment, or was accredited to the State of Minnesota. All persons who are otherwise entitled under the provisions of this section to admission to said Soldiers' Home, who actually served in any campaign against the Indians, in Minnesota, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two (1862) shall be entitled to admission to such Soldiers' Home, notwithstanding such persons were not regularly enlisted, mustered into or discharged from the military service of the United States

The board of trustees are hereby authorized to admit wives with their husbands, and the widows or mothers of those who are, or if living would be, eligible to admission under this act, but no wife or widow shall be admitted unless she shall have been married to her soldier husband prior to the year 1890, and no wife, widow, or mother shall be admitted unless she shall be fifty-five years of age and shall have been a resident of the State of Minnesota not less than five years next preceding the date of her application.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 223—S. F. NO. 155.

AN ACT to extend the powers and duties of the public examiner of this state to cities of over fifty thousand (50,000) inhabitants.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The public examiner of this state is hereby given the same powers and jurisdiction, and there is hereby imposed upon him the same duties, over the treasurer and other financial officers of cities of this state having over fifty thousand (50,000) inhabitants, now imposed upon and required of him, in respect to counties and public institutions; provided, that for his services the city shall pay to the state treasurer six dollars ($6.00) for each day of service rendered (not exceeding six hundred dollars ($600) in any one year), which payment shall be made within thirty (30) days after requisition therefor, by the treasurer. Provided, that this act shall not include or apply to cities now or hereafter governed under a charter adopted under and pursuant to section 36, Article 4, of the Constitution of the State, as amended, and chapter 351 of the General Laws of this state for the year 1899, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 224—S. F. NO. 143.

AN ACT pertaining to the reports of the Minnesota State Horticultural Society.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. There shall be annually printed and bound by the state printing commission five thousand (5,000) copies of the report of the Minnesota State Horticultural Society; provided, the number of printed pages of the same shall not exceed five hundred twenty (520). One thousand copies of the same, more or less, as requested by the executive board of said society, shall be printed in monthly installments and bound in paper as a monthly report to be distributed among the members of said society.

The remainder shall be bound, at the close of the year, in cloth and shall be distributed by the society as follows:

One copy to each of the state officers, members of the legislature, members of the board of regents of the state university, state historical society, members of the board of the state agricultural society, one to each public library in the state when application is made therefor, and the remaining copies as the Minnesota State Horticultural Society shall deem best.

Sec. 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 225—S. F. NO. 73.

AN ACT to amend the military code relative to the participation of the National Guard in army maneuvers, the purchase of military stores, the composition of summary courts and hospital corps, and the award of service decorations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That secton 17 of the military code, as amended, be, and the same is hereby, further amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 17. Regiments of Infantry; Bands.—Each regiment of infantry shall consist of one colonel and one lieutenant colonel, one regimental surgeon with the rank of major, one regimental adjutant, one regimental quartermaster, one regimental commissary of subsistence, each with the rank of captain, two assistant surgeons, and one judge advocate, each with the rank of first lieutenant; one regimental sergeant major, one quartermaster sergeant, one commissary sergeant, two color sergeants, not less than two nor more than three battalions, one regimental band, and one hospital corps, to consist of one sergeant, first class, two sergeants, three corporals, and not to exceed twelve privates, first class.

Each regimental band shall consist of one chief musician, one principal musician, one drum major, four sergeants, eight corporals, one cook and twelve privates."

Sec. 2. That section 20 of the Military Code, as amended, be, and the same is hereby, further amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 20. Battalion or Corps of Artillery.—The battalion or corps of artillery shall consist of one major, one adjutant with the rank of captain, one quartermaster and commissary, one assistant surgeon, and one ordnance officer, each with the rank of first lieutenant, one sergeant major, one quartermaster sergeant, one commissary sergeant, one chief trumpeter, two batteries of artillery, one company of engineers, and one hospital corps, to consist of one sergeant, first class, one sergeant, one corporal, and not to exceed four privates, first class."

Sec. 3. That section 35 of the Military Code be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 35. Field Officers' Courts.—The officers second in rank present for duty with each regiment of infantry or battalion of artillery, or such other field, staff or line officer as may be designated by the regimental commander, shall constitute the field officers' court for the trial of enlisted men in such regiment or battalion."

Sec. 4. That section 105 of the Military Code be and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto the following:

"The commander-in-chief may also provide for the participation of the National Guard, or any portion thereof, in encampments or field maneuvers at such places as may be designated by the war department pursuant to any act of Congress; and in such case the officers and enlisted men attending the same shall receive, in addition to the pay and subsistence provided by the federal laws and regulations, the difference between such federal pay and state pay as provided by the Military code for active service. Whenever the entire military forces of the state participate in such maneuvers the same shall be mobilized at the state encampment grounds, Lake City, except that portion of said troops as may be stationed on the way to the place of maneuvers."

Sec. 5. That section 124 of the Military Code be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 124. Purchase of Uniforms.—The commander-in-chief, the adjutant general and the brigade commander are hereby appointed commissioners for the purpose of purchasing the clothing which may be necessary for the uniforming of the National Guard.

All proposals for the furnishing of clothing, except when purchased from the United States government, shall be publicly advertised in one or more newspapers printed and published at the capitol of the state, and all bids shall be accompanied by sample of the articles to be furnished. Before such uniforms are accepted, they shall be inspected under the direction of the adjutant general and vouchers for the payment of the same shall be approved by him. Ordnance and other stores shall be purchased by the adjutant general as the necessities of the service may require."

Sec. 6. That section 140 of the military code, as amended, be and the same is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 140. Roll of retired officers. Any commissioned officer of the national guard who has served or shall have served as such officer for a period of not less than ten years, and any commissioned officer of the national guard who has been honorably discharged from the army of the United States after serving therein for a period of ninety days or more during the war of the Rebellion or during the war with Spain, and who shall have served as such officer of the national guard for a period of not less than five years, and any commissioned officer of the national guard who has become, or who shall hereafter become disabled, and thereby incapable of performing the duties of his office, may, upon his own request in writing, stating the grounds therefor, and by order of the commander-in-chief, be withdrawn from active service and have his name placed on a roll in the office of the adjutant general, to be known as the "Roll of Retired Officers," and shall thereby be entitled to wear, on state or other occasions of ceremony, the uniform of the rank last held by him.

The commander-in-chief may, by general order, provide a suitable mark of distinction for all officers and enlisted men who have served in the national guard for an aggregate period of ten, fifteen and twenty years, respectively, and for like service hereafter."

Sec. 7. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 8. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 226—S. F. NO. 339.

AN ACT to legalize, in certain cases, a deposit by the county treasurer of money realized from the sale of county road bonds to the credit of the county general road and bridge fund and providing that any such sum heretofore so deposited shall become and may be used and disbursed as a part of such road and bridge fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That in any county in this state in which there have been heretofore duly issued and negotiated the bonds of such county for the purpose of building certain roads under and by virtue of chapter two hundred eighty-nine (289) of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1895, and the sum realized from the sale of said bonds has heretofore been covered into the general road and bridge fund of said county by the county treasurer thereof, instead of into a special fund for the construction of the roads for which said bonds were voted, said deposit of said sum to the credit of said general road and bridge fund of said county shall be and the same is hereby legalized, and said sum so covered into said general road and bridge fund by said county treasurer shall be incorporated therewith and become a part thereof, and may hereafter be used and disbursed for any purpose for which said general road and bridge fund may be lawfully used and disbursed:

Provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall operate to in any way invalidate any of said bonds so issued and negotiated.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 227—H. F. NO. 372.

AN ACT relating to the duties and powers of the attorney general and his assistants.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The attorney general shall appear for the state in all causes in the supreme and federal courts wherein the state is directly interested; also in all civil causes of like nature in the district courts whenever, in his opinion, the interests of the state require it. Upon request of the county attorney he shall appear in the district court in such criminal cases as he shall deem proper. Whenever the governor shall so request in writing he shall prosecute any person charged with an indictable offense; and in all such cases he may attend upon the grand jury and exercise the powers of a county attorney.

Sec. 2. The attorney general may appoint, and at his pleasure, remove three assistants, a clerk and a stenographer, who shall render such aid as he may require of them in the discharge of his official duty. He shall keep a record of his official correspondence and of all matters placed in his hands by the governor, auditor, secretary of state or treasurer, or any officer or board in charge of any of the business of the state upon which any official action is necessary; he shall also keep a register of all legal proceedings instituted by him or in which he appears, and of the several steps taken therein, and he shall keep copies of all official opinions rendered by his office. Each of said assistants shall, when thereunto authorized in writing by the attorney general, have the same authority as the attorney general, to appear before grand juries, or otherwise, in any court in this state.

Sec. 3. He shall cause to be prosecuted all assessors and other officials for such delinquencies in connection with revenue laws as may come to his knowledge; also all bonds of officers and others upon which any liability to the state has accrued. Whenever any corporation shall have offended against the laws of the state, or misused, surrendered, abandoned or forfeited its corporate authority, or any of its franchises or privileges, he shall cause proceedings to be instituted against it.

Sec. 4. He shall begin and prosecute actions against all persons claiming to own any portion of the school or other public lands adversely to the state. Whenever, in his opinion, an action can be sustained, and shall cause an appearance to be entered for the state whenever an application to pre-empt any such land shall come to his notice. In case of any such application he may require the county attorney of the county in which the same is made to enter such appearance, and he may cause witnesses to be subpoenaed, and take such other measures in the premises as the public interests may require.

Sec. 5. He shall prepare forms for bonds and other contracts and instruments, for the use of state officials, boards and commissions and give legal advice in all matters relating to their official duties, whenever required by the governor, auditor, treasurer or secretary of state, or any board or commission created by law. And whenever required by either house of the legislature he shall give his written opinion upon any question of law.

Sec. 6. The attorney general shall act as the attorney for all state officers and all boards or commissions created by law in all matters pertaining to their official duties, and when requested by the attorney general it shall be the duty of any county attorney of the state to appear within his county and act as attorney for any such board, commission or officer in any court of such county: and when in his judgment the public welfare will be promoted thereby, the attorney general may, upon request in writing, employ a special attorney for any such board, commission or officer and fix his compensation, and when such special attorney is so employed his fees shall be paid from the appropriation made for such board, commission or officer. Except as herein provided no board, commission or officer shall hereafter employ any attorney at the expense of the state. The compensation of any attorney employed by the attorney general to assist in criminal prosecutions shall not exceed twenty ($20.00) dollars per day.

Sec. 7. The attorney general on application shall give his opinion in writing to county, city, village or town attorneys, on questions of public importance; and on application of the state superintendent of public instruction he shall give his opinion in writing upon any question arising under the laws relating to public schools, and on all school matters such opinion shall be decisive until the question involved shall be decided otherwise by a court of competent jurisdiction.

Sec. 8. The attorney general shall report to the governor annually the number, character and result of all actions and proceedings in which he has appeared for the state, the expense incurred by the state in each, and the amount of fines, penalties and other moneys collected; also the opinions of general interest given by him and his assistants since the preceding report, with such recommendations for amendment of the laws as he may deem necessary or proper, and tables shall be appended showing the offenses reported to him by county attorneys.

Sec. 9. The yearly salary of the attorney general shall be four thousand eight ($4,800) hundred dollars; each of his assistants shall receive an annual salary of three thousand ($3,000) dollars; the clerk shall receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred ($1,500) dollars; the stenographer shall recive an annual salary of nine hundred ($900) dollars; and the money necessary to pay said salaries is hereby appropriated out of any money in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 10. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 11. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 228—S. F. NO. 351.

AN ACT to authorize cities and villages in the State of Minnesota, now or hereafter owning and operating water works, to extend their water works and water pipes over, under and along any road, street, alley or public highway in this state, whether within or without the corporate limits of such city or village, and to supply water to the occupants of property adjacent or accessible thereto, whether within or without the corporate limits of such city or village.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Any city or village in the State of Minnesota now or hereafter owning and operating water works is hereby authorized to extend its water works and water pipes over, under and along any road, street, alley or public highway in this state, whether within or without the corporate limits of such city or village, and to supply water for a reasonable compensation to the occupants of property adjacent or accessible to the line so extended, whether within or without the corporate limits of such city or village; provided, however, this act shall not be construed as granting any rights to any city or village within the corporate limits of any other city or village; provided further, that such line shall be so extended as not to interfere with the safety or convenience of ordinary travel over said roads, streets, alleys and public highways.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 229—S. F. No. 181.

AN ACT to continue and provide for the department of insurance in the State of Minnesota, and regulating the compensation and fees of such department and for the repeal of laws inconsistent herewith.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota.

Section 1. That there is hereby established and continued a department of insurance in the State of Minnesota. Its chief officer, to be styled the commissioner of insurance, shall be appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the senate, for the term of two years beginning the first Monday in January. He shall give bond, with sureties, in the sum of twenty-five thousand ($25,000.00) dollars, to be approved by the treasurer of the state, for the faithful discharge of his duties and shall receive in full compensation for his services the sum of four thousand five hundred dollars ($4,500.00) per annum.

Nothing in this section shall affect the term of office of the present commissioner of insurance, except that his salary shall be four thousand five hundred dollars ($4,500.00) per annum from the beginning of his term of office. "All fees received by said commissioner from and after the time when his salary commenced, as aforesaid, shall be paid by him into the state treasury."

Sec. 2. The commissioner shall exercise the powers and perform the duties imposed and conferred upon him by this act and by any other law of this state. He may appoint a deputy commissioner to assist him in his duties, who shall receive an annual salary of two thousand ($2,000.00) dollars; an actuary, who shall receive an annual salary of two thousand ($2,000.00) dollars; a chief clerk, who shall receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred ($1,500.00) dollars; a bookkeeper and cashier, who shall receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred ($1,500.00) dollars; one stenographer at an annual salary of twelve hundred ($1,200.00) dollars; one clerk at an annual salary of twelve hundred ($1,200.00) dollars, and one clerk at an annual salary of nine hundred ($900.00) dollars.

Section 3. In the absence or disability of the commissioner of insurance, his duties shall be performed by the deputy. The actuary of such departments shall, under the direction of the commissioner, make the valuations of outstanding policies of foreign life insurance companies doing business in this state, as may be required by law, and shall annually value the outstanding policies of all life insurance companies organized under the laws of this state, and shall perform such other actuarial duties, including visitation and examination of insurance companies, as the commissioner of insurance may prescribe. All fees which may under any law of this state be charged to any insurance company for valuing policies, or the performance of other duties of said actuary, shall be collected by the commissioner of insurance and paid into the treasury of this state. But the actual expenses of the commissioner of insurance, or any other officer or employe of his department, in making any valuation of policies or visitation or examination of an insurance company, shall be upon proper voucher paid by the state to the person so incurring said expenses from the fees so collected.

Sec. 4. The commissioner of insurance may, whenever he deems it necessary, employ a competent person to make an examination of the affairs of any insuranec company admitted, or applying to be admitted, to do business under the laws of this state. When such person so employed is not a salaried officer of said department, his compensation or per diem for making such examination shall be determined by the commissioner of insurance and the amount thereof, together with all expenses incurred in making such examination, shall be paid by the insurance company so examined to the commissioner and by him paid, over to the treasurer of the state, and said treasurer shall pay therefrom, upon the proper voucher, the compensation and expenses of the person so making said examination.

Sec. 5. When any such visitation or examination is made by a person regularly employed in said department and receiving a salary from the State of Minnesota, the company so examined, except township mutual insurance companies, shall pay as fees to said insurance department the sum of ten ($10.00) dollars per day for each and every day necessarily occupied by such person in making said examination; which fees shall be accounted for and turned into the treasury of the State of Minnesota. In case of the examination of township mutual insurance companies the actual expenses only thereof shall be charged.

Sec. 6. In addition to the fees and charges hereinbefore provided for there shall be paid to the commissioner of insurance, and by him accounted for and paid to the State of Minnesota, the following fees:

1. By township mutual fire companies:

For filing certificates of incorporation, $2.

For filing annual statement, $1.

For certificate of authority annually, $1.

2. By other domestic companies:

For filing certificates of incorporation and accompanying documents, $30.

Each company's certificate of authority, $1.

3. By foreign companies:

For filing certified copy of charter or certificate of incorporation and by-laws, $30.

For filing statement of financial condition, $20.

Each company's or agent's certificate of authority, $2.

4. By all companies (except township mutual):

For filing amendment to articles of incorporation, $10.

For filing annual statement, $20.

For abstracts or summaries of annual statements for publication, when prepared by commissioner, each $5.

5. General fees:

For each certificate, including certificate of authority renewal, valuation of life policy, corporate condition or qualification, $1.

For each copy of paper on file in his office, 20c per folio, and $1 for certifying same.

For license to procure fire insurance in unadmitted foreign companies, $10.

For each broker's license, $10.

For receiving and forwarding copy of summons or process served upon commissioner of insurance, as attorney for any insurance company, $2, which amount shall be paid by the party serving same and may be taxed as other costs in the action.

For valuing policies of life insurance companies, 1c per $1,000 of insurance so valued.

For receiving and filing certificates of valuation of policies by commissioner of any other state or territory, $50, provided, that when by the laws of any other state or nation any fines, penalties, license or fees additional to or in excess of those imposed by this section upon foreign insurance companies and their agents, are imposed upon insurance companies of this state or their agents, doing business in such state, the same fines, penalties, licenses and fees shall be imposed upon all insurance companies of such state and their agents doing business in this state, so long as such laws remain in force.

Sec. 7. When garnishee process is served upon the commissioner of insurance, as attorney for any insurance company, no garnishee fee shall be paid to such commissioner. After the receipt of copy of such process the insurance company may demand of the attorney of the person making such garnishee the proper fees, and if such demand is not complied with before the day fixed for the disclosure of the garnishee, the proceeding may be dismissed.

Sec. 8. There is hereby appropriated from the treasury of the State of Minnesota, out of any moneys not otherwise appropriated, such sum as may be necessary in the aggregate to pay the salaries, expenses and compensation hereinbefore provided for.

Sec. 9. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 10. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 230—S. F. NO. 182.

AN ACT providing for the drainage of lands and meandered bodies of water in certain cases, providing for the construction and repair of ditches, dykes, roads, drains and watercourses, and for the reimbursement in certain cases of owners of lands damaged thereby, providing methods for doing such construction and repair and for such reimbursement, providing for the collection of the costs and expenses of the same, providing for the co-operation of the state drainage board in such construction and repair, prescribing the powers and duties of county commissioners and other officers in the premises, appropriating funds for the payment of assessments against state lands affected thereby, prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, and repealing certain acts therein mentioned and referred to.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The board of county commissioners of any county shall have power, at any session, when they shall find the conditions stated in the third section of this act to exist, to cause to be constructed as hereinafter provided, any ditch, drain, creek or other water course within said county; and such ditch, drain, creek or other water course may, in whole or in part, follow and consist of the bed of any stream, creek or river, whether navigable or not, or any lake, whether meandered or not, and they may widen, deepen, straighten, change, lower or drain the channel or bed of any creek, river, lake or other natural water course, whether navigable and whether meandered or not, and may follow and extend the same into or through any city or village within any such county, far enough to secure a sufficient fall and flow of water to reasonably effectuate the purpose for which the work is extended, and may confine any such creek, river or other water course by means of dykes, levees and embankments to its natural or artificial bed, as laid out. Provided, that when in any such proceedings the waters of any creek, river or other water course are diverted from their natural bed by such artificial ditch or drain, such ditch or drain shall as nearly as practicable follow the general direction of such creek, river or water course, and terminate therein. And provided, further, that no meandered lake shall be drained under the authority of this act, except in case such lake is normally shallow and grassy and of a marshy character, or except in case such meandered lake is no longer of sufficient depth and volume to be capable of any beneficial public use of a substantial character for fishing, boating or public water supply.

Provided, further, that the overflow waters from any meandered lake that may have overflowed, or may hereafter overflow, outside of its natural bed may be drained away under the authority of this act.

Provided, further, that no meandered lake shall be drained or lowered under the authority of this act if objection is made thereto by remonstrance signed by at least seventy-five legal voters residing within four miles of such lake, who are freeholders, whose lands are affected as shown by the viewers' report, and filed in the office of the county auditor of the county in which such proceedings are had or in the office of the clerk of the court if such proceedings are in district court.

Provided, further, that no meandered lake adjoining an incorporated village, or upon which an incorporated village is a riparian owner, shall be drained or lowered unless by the approval of a majority vote of the legal voters of said village at any annual election or special election held for such purpose. Ten days' posted notice thereof shall be given, and such election held upon written request of five (5) or more reparian owners upon any such meandered lake; but the provisions of this chapter shall not grant to any person or to any board of county commissioners in this state the right or privilege to divert in any manner the waters from any lake, stream or other body of water that constitutes a part of or is connected with the water supply of any city or village in this state.

Sec. 2. The county board of any county wherein is situated any river, water course or creek in which the natural flow of water has been raised, increased or obstructed by reason of any artificial drainage flowing into the same, or any of its tributaries, are hereby authorized by a unanimous vote of all the members of said board to appropriate such a sum of money out of the county revenue fund to aid in defraying the expenses in deepening, straightening or widening such river, water course or creek, or removing such obstruction therefrom, as in their judgment is just and right, but said moneys so appropriated shall in no event exceed one-half of the expense so incurred, in deepening, straightening and widening said river, water course or creek, or in removing such obstruction therefrom, and the balance of such expense shall be assessed against the lands benefited as provided in this act.

Sec. 3. Before the board of county commissioners shall establish any ditch, drain or water course, or other construction named in section one of this chapter, there shall be filed with the auditor of such county a petition signed by six or more of the land owners whose lands will be affected by or assessed for the expense of the construction of the same, or by the supervisors of any township, or the duly authorized officers of any city or village council, which township, village or city is liable to be affected by or assessed for the proposed construction, or by the duly authorized agent of any public institution, corporation or railroad, whose lands or property will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for the expense of the construction of the same, or by the state board of control or its duly authorized agent, setting forth the necessity thereof and that it will be of public benefit or promote the public health, with a description of the proposed starting points, routes and termini; and one or more of such petitioners shall give bond, with good and sufficient freehold sureties, payable to the county, to be approved, including amount and sureties, by the auditor, conditioned to pay all expense, in case the board of county commissioners or the court shall fail to establish said proposed ditch, drain on water course. Provided, that the principal or principals and sureties who have signed said bond may, at any time prior to the final order establishing the ditch, drain or water course, and subsequent to the filing of the engineer's report, upon ten days' notice in writing to the petitioners, of their intention so to do, pay the costs of the proceedings and dismiss the same, unless one or more of such petitioners shall, within said ten days, give a new bond with good and sufficient freehold sureties, payable to the county, to be approved, including amount and sureties by the county auditor, conditioned the same as the original bond. Notice of the filing of said petition, and of the time and place of the hearing to be had thereon, shall be given by the auditor to all persons interested, by causing a copy of such petition, preceded by a statement of the time and place set for the hearing thereof, to be published for three successive weeks in a newspaper printed and published in said county, and by posting, at least three weeks before such hearing, printed copies thereof in three public places in each township where the proposed work is located and one at the door of the court house in said county, and at the same time the auditor shall mail a printed copy of said notice to all non-residents of the county whose lands lie within two miles on either side of the routes specified in the petition, whose address is known to him or can be ascertained by inquiry at the county treasurer's office. Provided, that in all cases in which, from any cause, said notice shall not be given, or in case said notice shall be defective, the county auditor shall cause the same to be given so that the petition may be heard at the next session of said board, after the expiration of such, or any new, three weeks' publication. When said board shall be satisfied that all of the foregoing conditions have been complied with, they shall cause an accurate survey of the line of such proposed ditch, drain, creek or water course from its source to its outlet, to be made by a competent and experienced civil engineer, to be appointed by them by resolution to that effect. The auditor shall forthwith transmit to such engineer a certified copy of such resolution.

Upon the filing of the petition such proceeding may be designated and numbered by the county auditor as "County Ditch, No. ......," and may be so referred to in all subsequent proceedings.

Sec. 4. Before entering upon his duties, such engineer shall give a bond in the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000), with good and sufficient freehold sureties, payable to the county (or to the respective counties, or any two or more of them as the case may be), in which any part of the work is to be done, for the use of such county or counties, as the case may be, and also for the use of all parties who may show themselves to be aggrieved or injured by any negligence or malfeasance on his part in acting as such engineer; to be approved by the auditor of the county in which the proceedings are commenced, conditioned that he will diligently, honestly and to the best of his skill and ability perform his duties as such engineer, and shall take an oath to faithfully perform his duties. Provided, that the engineer shall not be required to continue his bond any longer than six months after the completion or abandonment of the work. Provided, that in all proceedings commenced before the board of county commissioners of any county, the engineer may, in place and stead of giving a separate bond as above required in each proceeding, give a bond covering all proceedings for ditches, drains or watercourses in said county, upon or in which he may be appointed engineer under the provisions of this chapter within two (2) years after the filing and approval of such bond, in the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000), with good and sufficient freehold sureties, to be approved by the county auditor of said county, payable to the county for the use of said county and also for the use of all parties who may show themselves to be aggrieved or injured by any negligence or malfeasance on his part in acting as such engineer, conditioned that he will diligently, honestly and to the best of his skill and ability perform his duties as such engineer in each and all such proceedings.

He shall make a correct survey of the line of said ditch, drain, creek or watercourse, and of the branches thereof, if any, from its source, or sources, to its outlet or outlets; and he shall cause stakes or monuments to be set along said line, numbered progressively down stream, at each one hundred feet; and he shall make a computation of the number of cubic yards of earth to be excavated and removed from said ditch, drain, creek or water course between each of the one hundred foot stakes, and the estimated cost per cubic yard for the removal thereof, and shall sum up the total number of cubic yards of earth to be excavated and removed for the entire length of such ditch, drain, creek or water course, and shall make an itemized tabulation of all cleaning of obstructions of water courses, building of flumes, of other wood or masonry work, construction of fences for the protection of the ditch, bridges or other additional construction work found necessary, together with the estimated cost thereof, and make an estimate of the total cost of laying out, establishing and constructing the whole work (including branch ditches, if any), including all preliminary and other expenses connected therewith, and with the inspecting and certifying to the work when and as the same is completed. He shall also, in tabular form, give the depth of cut, width at the bottom and width at the top, at the source, outlet, and at each one hundred foot stake or monument of said ditch, creek or water course; and he shall specify the time so far as practicable, and the manner in which the work shall be done; and may for that purpose set a different time for completing the several contracts, and also for completing any station or stations included in each contract, and shall have power, when he finds it necessary, to provide for running said ditch underground, through drain tiles, or other materials, as he deems best, by specifying the size and kind of tile or other material to be used in such underground work, and shall estimate the cost of the same as a part of the total cost of the work. In locating a public ditch, drain, creek or water course, or the branches thereof, the engineer may vary from the line described in the petition, or from the starting point thereof, as he deems best; provided, he commence the ditch at or as near the point described in the petition as is reasonably practicable and follow down the line therein described as nearly as practicable, and provided, further, that he shall have authority to specify such branch ditch or ditches as, in his opinion, may be necessary to give owners of lands likely to be assessed for the construction of the main ditch the full benefit thereof.

He shall also include in his report a form of contract as complete in its provisions as practicable and which shall contain detailed and complete specifications by direct statement, or by reference to other parts of the report, and shall provide for all necessary supervision of the laying of tile, excavation and other construction work of the contractor or contractors, and which shall define the relations which shall exist between the county and the contractor or contractors and which shall give the engineer the right with the consent of the county auditor or county auditors, as the case may be, to modify his plans and specifications as the work proceeds, and as circumstances may require, provided no changes are made that will substantially impair the usefulness of any part of the ditch, or substantially alter its original character or increase its total cost by more than two per centum (2 per centum) of the total original contract price for the construction thereof, and the county attorney, upon request from the engineer, shall assist him in the preparation of said form of contract, specifications and provisions. In locating a public ditch, drain, creek, water course, or the branches thereof, the engineer may vary from the line described in the petition, or from the starting point thereof, as he deems best; provided, he commences the ditch at or as near the point described in the petition as is reasonably practicable, and follow down the line therein described as nearly as practicable, and provided, further, that he shall have authority to specify such branch ditch, or ditches, as in his opinion may be necessary to give owners of lands likely to be assessed for the construction of the main ditch as originally petitioned for the full benefit thereof, and he shall do the same things and report the same data, tabulations and estimates with reference to said branches as are required by the chapter, with reference to the public ditch, drain, creek or water course, or the branches thereof, described in the original petition; provided, that such branch ditch or branch ditches may either be opened at the same time and in the same manner as the main ditch, or the engineer may only locate said branch ditch or ditches for future construction. But he must fix a time limit as to the construction of any such branch ditches. In all cases in which the route proposed is along highways already established, the engineer shall locate the ditch at sufficient distance from the center of such highway to admit of a good road along the central line thereof. The earth taken from the ditch shall be so placed, and the brush or timber taken from the right of way of such ditch may be so placed upon the roadway as to form a turnpike, which shall be provided with sufficient and suitable culverts or openings so as not to obstruct the natural flow of surface water, in time of high water, and no nearer to the margin thereof than two feet, but in locating a ditch, drain or water course, or the branches thereof, as above, the engineer shall not materially depart from the terminal points described in said petition, provided, however, that when there is not sufficient fall in the length of the route described in the petition to drain the land adjacent thereto, or when for other reason it appears expedient, he may shorten or extend the ditch from the outlet named in the petition far enough to reasonably effectuate the purpose for which the work is intended. When, in his opinion, it will not be detrimental to the usefulness of the whole work or to the usefulness of any extensive section of the whole work, he shall, as far as practicable, locate the ditch on division lines between lands owned by different persons; and he shall, as far as practicable, avoid laying the same diagonally across lands, but he shall not sacrifice the general utility of the ditch to avoid diagonal lines. Provided, that the engineer, when it is desirable and practicable, and if the bondsmen for the petitioner agree thereto in writing, may provide for the drainage of lands not likely to be assessed for the ditch originally petitioned for, by extending the ditch, or drain or water courses beyond the limits named in the petition, or by putting in branches, and in such case the viewers shall assess benefits and damages to such additional lands.

Provided, further, that if the engineer finds that better results can be obtained, and if the bondsmen for the petitioners agree thereto in writing, he may substantially alter the starting points, routes and termini of such ditch, drain or water-course, or he may plan for the different parts of the ditch, drain or water-course to flow in different directions, with more than one outlet, making in fact more than one ditch.

Sec. 5. He shall thereupon make a detailed and complete report of his doings, and submit therewith the necessary plans and specifications and a description of the lands over which the ditch or ditches is or are surveyed. Such report shall give the names of assistants and laborers and the time each was employed by or under him, together with his own time on the work, and every other item of expense by him incurred in and about the said work, and he shall forthwith file such report with the auditor after having subscribed and sworn to the same.

Sec. 6. At the session of said board of county commissioners, when said civil engineer is appointed, or at such time thereafter as may be appointed by them, not later than ten (10) days thereafter, said board shall make an order appointing three (3) resident freeholders of the county, not interested in the construction of the proposed work, and not of kin to any of the parties known to be interested therein, as viewers, to meet at a time and place to be specified by the county auditor as hereinafter provided, preparatory to commencing their duties as hereinafter specified. It shall be the duty of the county auditor, within five days after the filing of the engineer's report to make an order designating time and place for the first meeting of the viewers, which time shall be within fifteen (15) days after the filing of the engineer's report, and it shall further be the duty of the county auditor, within five (5) days after the filing of the engineer's report, to issue to said viewers a certified copy of the petition and of the order of the board of county commissioners appointing them, and of his order designating the time and place of their first meeting. In case any of the viewers so appointed shall fail for any cause to qualify in time for the first meeting the county auditor shall designate some person having the qualifications above stated to take his place. The viewers, after taking the oath to faithfully perform their duties, shall proceed at the time set in said order, with or without said civil engineer, and shall prepare a tabular statement showing, as far as practicable, the names of the owners of each tract of land to be benefited or damaged; the description of each tract benefited or damaged (said names of owners to be the same as appear on the county tax duplicates of said county, and the description to be given in legal form), and the total number of acres in each of said tracts; the estimated number of acres in each of said tracts of land to be benefited or damaged (as the case may be); the number of acres added to any tract by the total or partial drainage of any meandered lake, or by the change of any water course, and the location and value of such added land; the damage, if any, to riparian rights pertaining to any tract; and the amount that each tract of land will be benefited or damaged by the construction of said work. When any ditch established under this act drains either in whole or in part any public or corporate road or railroad, or benefits any of such road so that the roadbed or traveled track of any such road will be made better by the construction of such ditch, the viewers shall estimate the benefit arising therefrom to such roads, roadbeds or railroads, and report said benefits (names of roads and other particulars necessary to identify the corporations, private or public, to be benefited thereby, and amounts of benefits to each), as a part of their tabular statement provided for in this section; and the viewers shall also report as a part of such tabular statement the damages awarded to each municipal or other corporation for injury to any road or roadbed, and from the necessary construction and maintenance of any bridges, culverts or other works rendered necessary by the establishment of such ditch, stating the same separately; and they shall also report the total estimated benefits in respect to the entire ditch and branches, if any, and also whether or not, in their opinion, the estimated expense of the construction of such ditch, including the damages awarded therefor, are greater than the utility of the proposed ditch, or that the construction of such ditch is impracticable for any reason, stating the reason why it should not be constructed.

In case the viewers are unable to agree each viewer shall state separately in the report his findings on the matters disagreed upon.

Whenever a public ditch is located wholly or in part in the bed of a private ditch already or partially constructed the engineer shall make an estimate of the number of cubic yards of earth already excavated on each tract of land and of the amount of the reduction in the cost of constructing the portion of the ditch on each such tract of land by reason of such private drain having been constructed, and the viewers shall deduct such amount from their estimate of benefits, if any, against such tract of land, making an appropriate notation thereof on their report.

Sec. 7. All lands benefited by a public ditch, drain or water course, and all public or corporate roads or railroads so benefited, in whole or in part, shall be assessed in proportion to the benefits for the construction thereof, whether said ditch passes through said lands or along or near the line of such roads or railroads or not, and the viewers in estimating the benefits to lands, roads or railroads not traversed by said ditch shall not consider what benefits such lands, roads or railroads will receive after some other ditch or ditches shall be constructed, but only the benefits that will be received by reason of the construction of the public ditch as it affords an outlet for the drainage, or prevents the overflowing of, or otherwise directly benefits such lands, roads or railroads.

Sec. 8. Said viewers shall forthwith file with the county auditor a report of all their doings and findings in detail, including expenses and the actual time they were engaged. They shall in every case completely perform every duty by this act imposed upon them (except in case of a re-reference, as hereinafter provided), within thirty days from the date of their first meeting; provided, that if the water be so high, or the weather so inclement, or such unavoidable accident occur as in the opinion of the board of county commissioners to practically and reasonably prevent them from so doing, the necessary delay caused thereby may be excused by such board; but the report of said viewers must in such case state the reason for such delay, and if such reason be not deemed sufficient by the board of county commissioners such viewers shall forfeit one-half of the compensation hereinafter provided.

Sec. 9. Within three days after the filing of such report it shall be the duty of the auditor to call a special meeting of the board of county commissioners, by giving to each member thereof not more than thirty-five days' notice, in the manner provided by law for notifying county commissioners of special meetings. He shall also cause a notice of the time and place of such special meeting to be given to all persons interested, by publication for three successive weeks prior thereto, in a newspaper printed and published in said county, and by posting, at least three weeks before such meeting, printed copies thereof in three public places in each township where the proposed work is located, and one at the door of the court house in said county, of the pendency of said petition, and engineers' and viewers' reports, and of the time and place set for the hearing thereof, which notice shall briefly state substantially the starting points and termini of the ditch, drain, creek or water course and branches, together with a description of the land through which they pass, all as appears by the engineer's report, together with the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal corporations and other corporations that will be affected thereby, as the same appears in the report of the viewers; and within one week after beginning such publication the auditor shall mail a printed copy of said notice to all nonresidents of the county named in such viewers' report as affected by such proposed work, whose address is known to him, or can be ascertained by him by inquiry at the county treasurer's office; provided, that in all cases in which, for any cause, said notice shall not be given, or in any case in which the [illegible] shall be legally defective, the county auditor shall cause the same to be given at another special, adjourned or regular meeting of said board, which shall occur more than seven days after the expiration of another notice by publication, posting and mailing, as provided in the first instance.

Provided, further, that whenever any final order of the board of county commissioners establishing, or refusing to establish, any ditch in proceedings under this chapter shall have been heretofore or shall be hereafter set aside, annulled or declared void by any court by reason of a failure to give proper notice of the said pendency of said petition and viewers' report and of the time and place set for the hearing thereof, the county auditor, at any time within one year after the rendering of such judgment or decision, upon the application of any petitioner in such case, or upon being directed by resolution by the board of county commissioners, shall call a special meeting of such board of county commissioners for a rehearing on such petition and viewers' report, and shall give notice of such meeting and rehearing in the manner hereinafter provided, and at such meeting the said board of county commissioners shall proceed to reconsider such report, shall act upon the same and make findings thereon and may establish such ditch in conformity with the provisions of this chapter.

Provided, further, that whenever, upon appeal in proceedings under and pursuant to any drainage law of this state, the court shall have heretofore by order dismissed said proceedings on account of the failure of the county auditor to give proper notice of the pendency of said petition and viewers' report, or of the time and place set for the hearing thereof, as required by such law, then and in that event the county auditor, at any time within one year after the rendering of such order, upon the application of any petitioner in said proceedings, or upon being directed by resolution by the board of county commissioners, shall call a special meeting of the board of county commissioners for a rehearing on such petition and viewers' report and shall give notice of such meeting and rehearing in the manner hereinbefore provided, and at such meeting the said board of county commissioners shall proceed to reconsider such report, shall act upon the same and make findings thereon and may establish such ditch in conformity with the provisions of this chapter.

Upon due publication, posting and mailing of the notice provided for in this section, the board of county commissioners shall have jurisdiction of each tract of land and of all other property in said viewers' report described, including any land added by the drainage of any meandered lake or the change of any water-course, and of each tract of land described in said notice, and of each tract of land owned by any of the persons or private corporations whose names appear in said notice that is affected by the proposed drain, and of all persons and corporations, municipal and otherwise, that are named in said notice, and of all persons and corporations having or owning any interest whatever in, or any mortgage, lien or incumbrance against any of the tracts of land or other property heretofore in this paragraph referred to.

Sec. 10. Said board of county commissioners, at the time which may as aforesaid, upon such proper notice thereof, be set for the hearing of said petition and reports (or at any time to which said hearing may be adjourned from time to time, as necessity may require, but not otherwise), shall proceed to hear and consider the same; and all persons interested may appear and be heard by and before them. Unless excused by the board of county commissioners, the engineer and at least two of the viewers shall be present at such hearing. If said board, from the report of the engineer and from the report of the viewers and such other evidence as may be adduced before them, shall find that the engineer's report and the viewers' report and all other proceedings in the matter have been made and taken in accordance with the provisions of this act, and that the estimated benefits to be derived from the construction of said work, are greater than its total costs, including damages awarded, and that such damages and benefits have been duly awarded and assessed, and that said work will be of public utility or promote the public health, and that such reports are complete and correct, they shall by an order containing such findings establish such ditch as specified in the report of the civil engineer, and establish and confirm the viewers' report; provided, that in case the viewers' report is found to be defective or erroneous in any particular, the board of county commissioners shall have authority to remedy such defect by reference to said viewers, if necessary, or otherwise, and to cause the expense of such re-reference, if any, to be assessed against the land benefited. In case the viewers have not agreed or shall not agree in their findings, the board of county commissioners shall determine the proper findings and change the viewers' report accordingly. In case of such re-reference the viewers shall proceed summarily to make the necessary corrections, and forthwith report the same to the said board of county commissioners.

Sec. 11. When damages are awarded to any person, persons or corporation in excess of benefits, if any, and the same shall have been duly confirmed, the board of county commissioners of each county in which any of the lands for which such damages are awarded are located, shall order the same paid out of the treasury of such county, on warrants to be drawn and attested by the auditor and signed by the chairman of the board. Such warrants shall be issued at the expiration of the time for appeal in favor of such persons as shall not have appealed, and shall be dated and become due and payable immediately after the letting of contracts, as hereinafter provided. In case of appeal, or in case of any postponement or delay in determining the amount of damages due to any person or corporation, warrants in favor of such person or corporation shall not be issued until the final determination thereof. When the award is confirmed by order of court, it shall be the duty of the clerk to immediately transmit to the county auditor of each county affected thereby a certified copy thereof, and likewise of any final order or judgment thereafter made in the case of any appeal or jury trial; and thereupon the same duties shall devolve upon the county commissioners and auditor as hereinbefore provided. Whenever an award shall have been finally confirmed it shall be the duty of the board of county commissioners of the county in which the lands, in respect of which such award was made, are located, to cause to be forthwith paid to the owner of such property an amount of damages over and above all benefit which may have been awarded therefor, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, from the date to which such assessment relates to the date of such payment. If in any case there shall be doubt as to who is entitled to the damages for land taken, such board may require of the claimant a bond, with good and sufficient sureties, to hold the county harmless from all loss, costs and expenses, in case any person should thereafter claim and show himself entitled to any part of such damages.

Sec. 12. Any person or corporation aggrieved thereby may appeal from an order of the board of county commissioners made in the proceedings, and entered upon their records, determining either of the following matters, viz:

First—The amount of benefits to any tract of land, or owner of any public or corporate road or railroad.

Second—The amount of damages allowed to any person or persons or corporation.

Third—Refusing to establish such proposed ditch.

To render such appeal effectual the appellant shall file with the county auditor, within and not after twenty (20) days from the date such final order is issued, a notice of appeal, which shall briefly state the grounds upon which such appeal is taken, accompanied by an appeal bond to the board of county commissioners, with at least two freehold sureties in an amount of not less than two hundred and fifty ($250) dollars, to be approved by the auditor of the county in which such appeal is taken, conditioned that said appellant will duly prosecute the appeal and pay all costs that may be adjudged against him, and to abide the order of the court. Within twenty (20) days after such filing the auditor shall make a complete transcript of all the papers and proceedings on file and of record in his office, so far as the same pertain to the premises or matter on account of which the appeal is taken, together with the notice of appeal, to the clerk of the district court.

Any person deeming himself aggrieved by the determination in any order establishing the proposed ditch of the amount of his benefits or damages may demand a jury trial to determine the amount of his benefits, or damages on account of the construction of such ditch. Such demand shall be in writing, signed by the party making the same, or by his agent or attorney, and shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the district court within and for the county in which the proceeding is pending, within twenty (20) days after the filing therein of the order confirming the report of the viewers. The issues raised by such demand shall stand for trial and shall be fully tried and determined at the next term of the district court held within the county in which such proceeding [illegible]

Sec. 14. Within ten (10) days after the filing in the office of the county auditor of the order establishing a county ditch, or, when the proceedings are taken in court, then within ten (10) days after the filing of the order establishing a judicial ditch in the office of the clerk, the auditor, in the first instance, and in the second instance, the auditors of the respective counties, meeting for that purpose at the office of the auditor of the county in which the proceedings are pending, shall proceed, as hereinafter provided, to sell the jobs of digging, and constructing the entire work, either as one job, or in one or more linear sections of one hundred feet each, each of said sections to be known and numbered by the stake, or monument set by the engineer at the foot of each such section, as shown in the engineer's report commencing at the one including the outlet, and thence in succession up the stream to the one including the source. The auditor or auditors, as the case may be, may, with the approval of the engineer, sell separately from the jobs of excavation, any jobs of building of flumes or other wood or masonry work, fencing or other construction work specified in the engineer's report. The auditor or auditors, as the case may be, shall contract in the name of the county, or in the name of the respective counties, as the case may be, each acting by and through its auditor, with the party to whom any of such jobs of construction work or any section or sections is or are sold, requiring him to construct the same in the time and manner, and according to the specifications, provisions and form of contract, set forth in the report of the engineer, on which the ditch is established; and shall take from him a bond in the penal sum of not less than the contract price, with not less than two (2) freehold sureties, payable to the county, or to the respective counties, or any two or more of them as the case may be, for the use of such county or counties, as the case may be, and also for the use of all persons who may show themselves to be aggrieved or injured by any breach thereof, or of the contract for which such bond is given; to be by said auditor or auditors, as the case may be, approved, conditioned that said party shall faithfully perform and fulfill his contract and pay all damages which may accrue by reason of the failure to complete the work in the manner and within the time required in the contract therefor and otherwise conditioned as in this act provided, which bond shall include a stipulation that no change, extension, alteration or addition to the terms of the contract or specifications shall in any wise affect the obligation of the principal or principals or sureties on said bond.

The auditor of the county in which the proceedings were taken shall give notice of the letting of such contracts by publication for three (3) successive weeks, in the official paper of such county, of the time when and the place where such contracts shall be let to the lowest responsible bidders; and in such notice shall state the approximate amount of work and the estimated cost, and shall invite bids for the work as one job, and also for any one or more of such sections, or any one or more of such construction jobs, and shall reserve the right to reject any and all bids, and no bid shall be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent the estimated cost of the construction of the part of said work covered by said bid; nor unless accompanied by a certified check, payable to the auditor, or to the respective auditors, as the case may be, for not less than ten (10) per cent of the bid; and said auditor or auditors may adjourn such letting from time to time until the whole work shall be taken, and, with the approval of the engineer, may let any one or more of such sections; or any one or more of such construction jobs, when the estimated cost of the construction is more than $3,000.00, the auditor may also advertise such letting in a trade paper; if no bids are received which can be entertained the bondsmen for the petitioners may have the right, at any time, to pay the costs of the proceedings and dismiss the same. The engineer shall attend to the letting of the work and no bid shall be accepted without his approval, as to the compliance with plans and specifications.

Sec. 15. The bond and contract shall be attached to each other and the contract shall contain the specific description of the work to be done, either expressly or by reference to plans and specifications, and refer to the number of the section or sections, as provided for in the preceding section; and shall provide that the work shall be done and completed as provided for in the report of the engineer, and subject to his approval and that of the auditor, or auditors, as the case may be.

Such contract shall be drawn to the satisfaction of the engineer and county attorney. Every such contract shall embrace all the provisions provided by law for the giving of bond by contractors for public works and improvements and for the better security of the contracting county or counties, and of the parties performing labor and furnishing material in and about the performance of such contracts, and shall provide that time shall be of the essence of the contract, in that if there should be any failure to perform the work according to the terms of said contract within the time limited therein, originally or by extension, the contractors shall forfeit and pay to the county in which the portion of the work in default shall be located, a certain sum, to be named therein, and which shall be fixed by the county auditor, or auditors, as the case may be, for each day that such failure shall continue. No extension of time shall be granted unless applied for in writing to the auditor, or auditors, as the case may be, stating to his or their satisfaction good and sufficient reasons therefor, nor shall any extension affect the right to enforce such forfeiture, if any, as shall occur after the time originally limited and before such extension, or occurring after the limit of the extension. The bond shall expressly provide that the bondsmen shall be liable for all damages resulting from any such failure, whether the work be resold or not, and that any person showing himself injured by such failure may maintain an action upon such bond in his own name, and that such actions may be successive in favor of all persons so injured. Such contractor shall be considered a public officer and such bond an official bond within the meaning of the statutory provisions construing such official bonds of public officers as security to all persons and providing for actions on such bonds by any injured party in the district court.

Sec. 16. If a job be not completed within the time fixed in the contract therefor it shall be the duty of the bondsmen to notify the county auditor of each county in which any part of the lands affected thereby is located, in writing, of that fact, within five (5) days after the expiration of the time fixed in the contract; whereupon the auditor, or auditors, as the case may be, shall, in writing, duly dated, order said bondsmen to complete said job within a time specified by him or them, and said bondsmen shall receive from the proper county or counties, as the case may be, the amount due on such job or part thereof, that they have so completed, less the proper deduction for forfeiture, if any. The amount due said bondsmen for such work shall be determined by said engineer; provided, that a job not completed, as hereinbefore specified, by the original contractor, and the completion of which shall not be undertaken by the bondsmen as hereinbefore provided, within ten (10) days after the date of such order, or of the failure to complete which, the bondsmen shall not so notify said auditor, or auditors, as the case may be, shall be resold by the auditor, or auditors, as the case may be, after ten (10) days' notice by publication, to the lowest responsible bidder, but not for a sum exceeding fifty (50) per cent in excess of the original estimated cost of such work, nor a second time to the same party. A contract and bond shall thereupon be entered into as hereinbefore provided, and such contract shall provide for the completion of the work resold within six months from the date thereof. Such excess, if any, shall be recoverable against the bondsmen on the original contract.

Sec. 17. It shall be the duty of the engineer, on being notified by any contractor that his job is completed, to inspect the same, and if he finds it complete according to the contract, plans and specifications, he shall report that fact to the board of county commissioners and give to the contractor a certificate stating that said section or sections (by number) or other jobs of construction, are completed according to the contract, plans and specifications, as set forth in the report of said engineer; provided, that when the work for which such certificate is to be issued, affects more than [illegible] however, that the auditor, upon the written approval of the engineer, may issue preliminary certificates for not to exceed seventy-five (75) per cent of work already done and approved, within the county of which he is such auditor, which certificate shall be treated as hereinbefore provided; but no such certificate shall be furnished except when accompanied by the engineer's written certificate that no loss will result therefrom.

It shall also be the duty of the engineer to inspect the laying of tile, excavation and all other work of construction from time to time as provided for in the specifications and provisions in his report and as provided for in the contract for construction, and his services for making such inspection shall be paid for at the same rate and in the same way as his services in making his original survey and report.

Sec. 18. The board of county commissioners of each and every county wherein any such ditch is proposed to be wholly or partly located and established are hereby authorized to issue the bonds of their respective counties in such amount as may be necessary to defray, in whole or in part the expense incurred or to be incurred in locating, constructing and establishing so much of any such ditch as may be located within such county; or in such relation to such county as to affect lands therein within the terms of this act. The word "expenses" shall be construed to mean and to cover every item of cost of said ditch from its inspection to its completion, and all fees and expenses to be incurred in pursuance thereof.

Such bonds shall be payable at such time or times—not to exceed ten years from their date—and shall bear such rate of interest—not to exceed 6 per cent per annum—payable annually or semi-annually, all as the board of county commissioners shall by resolution determine. Each bond shall contain a recital that it is issued by authority of and in strict accordance with the provisions of this act, and shall be signed by the chairman of said board and countersigned by the county auditor, who shall keep a record thereof.

Said board shall have power to negotiate said bonds as they shall deem for the best interest of said county, but not for less than their par value. The proceeds from the sale of all such bonds shall be placed in a general ditch fund, which is hereby created.

Such board shall provide moneys for the payment of the principal and interest of said bonds as they severally mature, which moneys shall be placed in the general ditch fund, into which fund they may transfer any surplus moneys remaining in the general revenue fund or other funds of the county which can properly be used for the purposes of this act, into which fund shall also be paid all moneys received from the payment of any liens created under the provisions of this act.

Sec. 19. At the earliest practicable time after the letting of the contract for the construction of any ditch, as herein provided, the auditor of each county affected thereby shall make in tabular form a list and statement showing the following facts, and in the order named, viz:

First—The names of the owners of all lands and the names of all public or corporate roads or railroads within their respective counties benefited by the construction of such proposed work as appears from the viewer's report, as affected by the order of confirmation of the board or judge, as aforesaid.

Second—The description of said lands as the same appears in such report as so affected, together with the total number of acres in each tract, according to the assessment rolls or tax lists of such county.

Third—The estimated number of acres benefited in each tract of said land, as shown as aforesaid.

Fourth—The estimated amount of benefits and damages to each of said tracts of land and the estimated amount of benefits and damages to each public or corporate road or railroad, as the same appears in such viewer's report, as affected by the order of confirmation of the board or judge as aforesaid, or as changed by the jury or court.

Fifth—The amount that each of said tracts of land, and that each of said corporate roads or railroads so benefited will be liable for and must pay into the treasury of each county for the location, construction and establishment of such ditch, which said amount shall be determined as follows:

Said auditor shall make a full statement showing the total cost of each ditch, under each separate petition for such ditch; and each petition and each ditch located, constructed and established shall be known and designated by a number to be given to it. Such statement shall be headed as follows:

Statement showing cost of ditch, No. .... To whom paid.......... For what paid.......... Amount paid..........

Said statement shall be summed up, showing in figures the total cost of each ditch, and shall be attached to and form a part of the statement herein provided for. The total cost shall then be divided by the total estimated benefits as provided for in subdivision five of this section, for the rate of cost on each one dollar of benefits, the auditor not to be obliged to carry out and use a smaller fraction than one-tenth of one mill. The amount of estimated benefits to each tract of land, and to each public or corporate road or railroad (as hereinbefore provided for) shall be multiplied by said rate, and the result set down in the proper column opposite each of said tracts of lands, public or corporate roads or railroads; and such result so obtained, less the amount of damages, if any, shall be the amount that each of said tracts of land, public or corporate roads or railroads will be liable for on account of such improvement.

Sec. 20. Such statement shall then be signed by the auditor in the presence of two attesting witnesses, and be duly acknowledged by him, and shall then be duly filed with and recorded by the register of deeds of such county. The amount which each tract of land and each public or corporate road or railroad will be liable for, and the interest thereon, as hereinafter provided, shall be and remain a first and paramount lien on such land, public or corporate roads or railroads, until fully paid; and shall take precedence of all mortgages, charges, incumbrances or other liens whatever, such payments may be made as hereinafter provided. Such filings shall be deemed notice to all parties interested of the existence of such lien. The fees of such register of deeds for such recording shall be paid by the county, on the allowance of the board of county commissioners, and said statement, after the same has been recorded, shall be returned to the auditor, to be by him placed with the other papers relating to such ditch, and carefully preserved by him.

Sec. 21. The amount that each tract of land, public or corporate road or railroad shall be liable for on account of the location, construction and establishment of any ditch or ditches under the provisions of this act shall bear interest from the date of the filing of the auditor's statement in the register of deeds' office at the rate of six per cent (6 per cent) per annum until paid; provided, that when bonds are issued by the county for the construction and establishment of such ditch the same rate of interest shall be charged as said bonds so issued bear, and said interest shall constitute an additional lien on said lands or roads until fully paid, which said interest when about to be paid shall be computed by the county auditor, providing, that if said bonds are sold at a premium, such premium shall be used as far as may be to make up any deficiency in the assessments levied by the county auditor or county auditors in the proceedings, and the balance remaining of such premium, if any, shall be used as far as practicable, in keeping such ditch in proper repair and free from obstruction so as to answer its original purpose.

Sec. 22. The payment of such liens shall be made to the treasurer of such county, as follows: One-tenth of said principal, with interest thereon, on or before one (1) year from such filing in the register of deeds' office, one-tenth of the same on or before two (2) years, one-tenth of the same on or before three (3) years; one-tenth of the same on or before four (4) years; one-tenth of the same on or before five (5) years; one-tenth of the same on or before six (6) years; one-tenth of the same on or before seven (7) years; one-tenth of the same on or before eight (8) years; one-tenth of the same on or before nine (9) years; one-tenth of the same on or before ten (10) years. All reckoned from the date of such filing; provided, where the annual installment to be as- [illegible] and official seal a certificate of such payment, and the same, when recorded in the office of the register of deeds, shall release and discharge such lien of record.

Sec. 23. All lands owned by this state, and all lands owned by any railroad or other corporation, benefited by any such ditch, drain or water course, shall be liable for such benefits the same as taxable lands.

Sec. 24. The sum of five thousand dollars for the year one thousand nine hundred and five, and annually thereafter, or as much thereof as may be necessary to meet all assessments against state lands under this act, is hereby appropriated out of the general revenue fund for that purpose.

Sec. 25. The benefits accruing to any municipal corporation or to the owners of any corporate road, or to the owners of any railroad, respectively, by reason of the improvement of any public road within the limits of, or connecting with such municipal corporation, or of such corporate road, or such railroad by the construction of any such ditch, shall be assessed, levied and enforced as follows: Whenever any public road shall have been found to be so benefited, the town which is by law chargeable with the duty of keeping such road in repair, shall be assessed the amount of such benefits in said town accruing to such roads within said town by reason of such ditch and the same shall thereupon become a liability of such town, and shall be due and payable in ten equal annual installments, beginning on the first day of June next following the date of the entry of the lien against private individuals, as herein provided; but if any of such installments are not paid within thirty (30) days after its maturity, the amount hereof, with interest, shall be enforced in the same manner as judgments against the town. Whenever any railroad or the lands of any railroad company, shall be determined in any such proceeding to be benefited by any such ditch, such railroad, or the lands of such railroad company, so far as the same are legally subject to local assessment, shall be assessed their just proportion of such benefits as other lands benefited are assessed, which assessment shall be collected from the owners of such railroad or from such railroad company in the same manner as personal taxes are collected by law. From the date of the filing by the county auditor in the office of the register of deeds of the statement aforesaid, the amount of such assessment, with interest, shall constitute a lien against all the property of such owners and railroad company within such county. Such lien may be foreclosed by action in the same manner as provided by law for the foreclosure of mortgage liens.

Sec. 26. After the construction of any such work, the board of county commissioners of such county in which the same is, or any part thereof, shall keep the same, or such part thereof, in proper repair and free from obstruction and to widen or deepen so as to answer its purpose and pay for the same of the general revenue fund of the county; and to raise the necessary money to reimburse that fund they are hereby authorized to apportion and assess the cost thereof upon the lands which will be benefited by such repairs, removal of obstructions, widening or deepening according to such benefits in their judgment. They shall make a written statement of such assessments and deliver the same to the auditor of the county who shall put the same upon the succeeding tax duplicate, and it shall be a first and paramount lien upon the lands the same as state and county taxes, and be collected in the same manner as state and county taxes. The provisions of this section shall also apply to all works constructed for the purpose of drainage under any law now or heretofore in force in this state except state ditches. If they shall be of the opinion that such assessment or any part thereof ought to be charged to lands in other counties, the county commissioners thereof shall on request and written notice of not less than ten days meet with them at a time and place by them appointed and they shall jointly make such assessments and certificates to the auditors of the proper counties. A majority of such commissioners as attend any such meeting shall have power to act and decide any question and to make the assessments and certificates, and upon failure of any commissioner to perform the work required of him by this section after ten days' notice in writing to him by any person interested, he shall be liable for all damages caused by such failure to perform his duty, to be recovered by the person or persons so damaged. He shall also be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, fined not less than ten nor more than fifty dollars.

Sec. 27. Whenever it is desired to construct a ditch extending into or through part or the whole of more than one county, or if entirely within one county, the ditch is to be so located that it will probaby result in benefit or damage, or both, to lands in an adjoining county or counties, then in either of such cases, the petition required by section three (3) of this act shall be addressed and presented to the judge of the district court of the district in which any one of such counties is situated. Before such presentation such petition shall be filed with the clerk of the district court of the county in which such proceedings are commenced and a copy thereof, duly certified by him, shall be filed with the county auditor of each of the counties wherein any of the lands described in said petition are located. Such proceeding may be designated and numbered by said clerk of the district court as follows: "Judicial Ditch No. ....," and may be so referred to at all subsequent times.

Sec. 28. Upon presentation of such petition, the judge shall fix a time and place for the preliminary hearing, which is provided for in section three (3) of this act, in respect of presentation to the board of county commissioners, and the same notice thereof shall be given, save that it shall be given by such clerk and shall be posted and published in each county wherein a copy of such petition shall have been filed.

Sec. 29. Upon such hearing, if the judge shall be satisfied that the requisite conditions exist, and have been complied with, he shall, by order, direct a survey to be made, as provided in section three (3) of said chapter, and shall appoint a competent and experienced civil engineer to make the same and direct a copy of such order to be forthwith made and transmitted by the clerk to such engineer and to the auditor of each county, described in the petition. The same proceedings shall be taken by such engineer as in sections four (4) and five (5) of this act are provided, save that the filings shall be with such clerk.

Sec. 30. As soon as reasonably possible after the filing of such report, the judge shall make an order appointing viewers, as provided in section six (6) of this chapter and the proceedings thereafter shall be as specified in sections six (6), seven (7) and eight (8) of this chapter, save that the duties therein specified in respect of the board of county commissioners shall be performed by such judge, and those in respect of the county auditor shall be performed by such clerk; and that the viewers may be residents of any of the counties described in the petition, and that their jurisdiction shall extend throughout all such counties, and that their reports shall be filed with such clerk.

Sec. 31. Immediately upon the filing of such report, it shall be the duty of such clerk to prepare and transmit forthwith a certified copy thereof to the auditor of each of the counties described in the petition, and within three (3) days after the filing of such report, to transmit to the judge of said court a written notice of the filing of such report. Upon the receipt of such notice, the judge, shall make an order fixing the time and place of hearing said petition and engineers' and viewers' report. The same notice thereof shall be given by the clerk as is provided in section nine (9) of this chapter in respect of the county auditor, save that it shall be published and posted in each county described in the petition.

Sec. 32. At the time and place fixed for the hearing, if the court shall be satisfied that notice thereof has been given according to law, he shall proceed as in section ten (10) of this chapter. All the provisions of this chapter, except the provisions of sections twelve (12) and thirteen (13), shall apply to judicial ditches, so far as consistent with the special provisions relating thereto. In a judicial ditch proceeding the judge of the district court shall perform all the duties required of and have all the powers vested in the board of county commissioners in a county ditch proceeding. In [illegible] incurred in pursuance thereof, including all damages awarded.

Nothing in this section contained shall be construed as limiting the authority of the respective counties to issue their bonds as provided in section 18 of this chapter and the respective auditors' statements shall be filed in the respective counties and the assessments collected and bonds paid by the respective counties as hereinbefore provided.

Sec. 34. If the engineer appointed by the court or by the board of county commissioners fails to qualify, or at any time resigns, dies or becomes disabled during the progress of the work the court or board of county commissioners, as the case may be, that originally appointed him, shall forwith appoint another civil engineer, having the qualifications required by this chapter in the place and stead of the engineer first appointed, who shall give the bond and take the oath required by this chapter and shall do all things remaining to be done by the original appointee under the requirements of this chapter.

Sec. 35. The engineer shall have power, if the board or court, as the case may be, that appointed him, consent thereto, to appoint assistant engineers, when necessary, for whose acts he shall be responsible, and whom he may remove at pleasure. Any such assistant engineer shall, before entering on his duties, take the oath required by this chapter of the engineer, and such oath and appointment shall be filed in the office where the original petition was filed. The rate of compensation of assistant engineers shall in no case exceed the rate of compensation of the engineer and shall be fixed at the time of appointment by the board of county commissioners or the judge as the case may be.

Sec. 36. In any proceedings heretofore or hereafter had for the establishment of a ditch or drain or the changing of a water course, where an engineer has been appointed and has made a complete survey, and report thereof and, for any reason, the improvement has been abandoned and the proceedings dismissed, and afterwards proceedings are instituted for the establishment of a ditch or drain, or the changing of a watercourse, for the benefit or reclamation of the same territory surveyed in said former proceedings, or a part thereof, or the same territory, of a part thereof, and territory additional thereto, the engineer shall use the engineer's report, survey, stakes and monuments made in said former proceedings, as far as practicable, or as much thereof as may be applicable and the cost thereof in said former proceedings, or of such part thereof as is used, shall be paid for as part of the subsequent proceedings in which such report, survey, stakes and monuments, or part thereof, is used. Provided that when a bond has been heretofore given under and pursuant to the provisions of any drainage law of this state and the party or parties giving said bond have, because of the refusal of the county commissioners to order the construction of the ditch petitioned for, been called upon to pay to the county the expenses incurred in said proceeding, and said party or parties have actually paid to said county such expenses, and after such refusal by said county commissioners proceedings are instituted anew for the establishment of a ditch or drain or the changing of a watercourse for the benefit or reclamation of the same territory surveyed in said former proceeding, or a part thereof, or territory additional thereto, and the engineer uses the engineer's report, survey, stakes and monuments made in said former proceedings then and in that event the cost of said work of said engineer and his assistants in said former proceedings shall be assessed against the lands benefited and payment of the cost incurred by reason of the work of said engineer and his assistants in said former proceeding shall be made by said county upon collecting the same, to said party or parties who have made payment as aforesaid under said bond.

Sec. 37. The county auditor shall notify each municipal, railroad and other corporation to construct any bridge or culvert across or upon its road or right of way within a reasonable time named in such notice. If any such work is not done within the time limited, the board of county commissioners may cause the same to be done, and the cost thereof shall be deducted from the damages allowed such corporation, or collected from it as in case of an assessment for benefits.

Sec. 38. The amount that any tract of land, public or corporate road or railroad shall be liable for on account of the location, construction and establishment of any ditch or ditches under the provisions of this chapter, or on account of the repair thereof, shall in no event exceed the benefits which will accrue thereto as determined in the proceedings for such location, construction and establishment or repair.

Sec. 39. That whenever any land adjacent to any ditch or drain constructed, either under the provisions of this chapter or under any prior drainage law by which the original cost of said ditch or drain was assessed against the benefited property, may be or has been damaged subsequent to the construction of such ditch or drain by reason of a part of the soil being carried away by water flowing through said ditch or drain, or by the deposit of earth or any other foreign substance (snow and ice excepted) on said land, and which damage was not considered and included in the award of the viewers appointed in the proceedings to construct such ditch or drain, the owner of the land so damaged may, at any time within six years after the completion of the ditch or drain causing such damage petition the board of county commissioners of the county where the land claimed to be damaged is situated for the appointment of viewers to ascertain and report the amount of such damages, such petition shall state the description of the land alleged to have been damaged, the amount of damage claimed, the location of the ditch or drain, the description of the land found in the proceedings to construct said ditch or drain to have been benefited by its construction, and the names of the owners of the land, benefited, as shown by the last assessment roll.

Upon the filing of the petition and a bond in the sum of one hundred dollars, conditioned that if it finally be determined that no damages have been sustained that are properly allowable under this section, the petitioner will pay all the expense of the proceedings had under the petition, it shall be the duty of the board of county commissioners at their next regular or special meeting to appoint three persons who are qualified under the provisions of this chapter, viewers, selecting if practicable the same persons as acted as viewers in the proceedings to construct the drain or ditch causing the damage, and the board of county commissioners shall fix the time and place for the first meeting of the viewers, which shall be not more than twenty (20) days from the date of their appointment. In case any of the viewers so appointed shall fail for any cause to qualify, the county auditor shall designate some proper person to take his place. Each of said viewers before entering upon the duties of his office shall take and subscribe an oath that he will faithfully perform his duty as viewer and file the same in the office of the county auditor.

Upon the appointment of the viewers the county auditor shall give notice to parties interested, and whose lands are liable to be assessed for the payment of the damages claimed, by one publication at least one week before the first meeting of the viewers in the newspaper in which the last delinquent real estate tax list was published, if that paper is still published in the county, and if not, in some legal newspaper printed and published in the county, and if there is none, in some newspaper published at the state capital, stating the date and the first meeting of the viewers, and that any party interested may appear at that meeting and at such other time and place as the viewers may fix, and be heard in relation to the damages and such other matters as the viewers are authorized to hear and determine, and proof of the publication of said notice shall be filed in the office of the county auditor prior to the first meeting of the viewers.

Sec. 40. The viewers shall meet at the time and place named by the board of county commissioners for their first meeting and hear such evidence as shall be offered by the petitioner or any interested party, and for that purpose they may adjourn their hearing from time to time and to such places in the county as [illegible] expenses of the proceedings shall be paid by the petitioner, and on his failure to pay the county may maintain an action on the bond hereinbefore provided for.

Each of the viewers shall receive three dollars ($3.00) per day for each day actually and necessarily spent in the performance of his duty as viewer, not exceeding 5 days, together with his actual necessary expenses, an itemized account thereof to be filed with and audited and allowed by the county auditor, and paid by the county treasurer on the order of the county auditor.

Sec. 41. Either the board of county commissioners, the petitioners or, any party whose lands are liable to assessment for damages awarded, if they feel aggrieved, may within thirty (30) days after the filing of the viewers' award appeal to the district court of the county in which the proceedings are had by serving on the parties who have appeared in the proceedings before the viewers and filing with the county auditor a notice of appeal, stating that an appeal is taken to the district court from the award of the viewers, and filing with the auditor a bond in the sum of five hundred dollars ($500), with sufficient sureties to be approved by him, conditioned if the award and decision of the viewers is sustained the appellant will pay the cost of the appeal and abide and satisfy any judgment the court may render against him in the premises. Before the taking of the appeal the auditor shall forthwith file with the clerk of the district court the original petition, the award and bond on appeal, and thereupon there shall be pending in the district court a civil action to determine whether any damage has been done the land described in the petition, that come within the provision of section thirty-nine of this chapter and the amount of such damages, and such action shall be tried in the manner provided for the trial of civil actions.

Any party may appeal from the judgment or any appealable order of the district court to the supreme court in the same manner as appeals in civil actions are taken. The final judgment in the action, if in favor of the petitioner, shall be certified to the county auditor, and assessment made in the manner provided in the last above section of this chapter, for the assessment of the award of the viewers.

Sec. 42. The state drainage board is hereby authorized to co-operate with the board of county commissioners of each county wherein a county ditch or a portion of a judicial ditch is located or may be located in enlarging, extending, repairing or otherwise bettering any such ditch now completed or now or hereafter in course of construction, whenever, in their judgment, it is necessary or desirable so to do.

Sec. 43. Any person wilfully obstructing, or in any way injuring any work constructed under the provisions of this chapter, or under any other law of this state relating to drainage, or diverting the water from its proper channel shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall also be liable to any person or corporation, injured by such act, in treble damages. Any county auditor, clerk of court, member of the board of county commissioners, or other officer who refuses, or wilfully neglects to perform any of the duties imposed upon him by this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall also be liable to any person or corporation injured by said act, in treble damages. The county attorney of the proper county shall prosecute all criminal actions arising under this chapter.

Sec. 44. All orders and notices herein prescribed not otherwise provided for shall be issued by the auditor or by the judge, as the case may be, and the same shall be served by the sheriff or other disinterested person designated by the auditor or by the judge, as the case may be, and such sheriff or other person so designated shall be paid by the county for such services the same fees as are allowed by law for similar services.

Sec. 45. The engineer shall receive the sum of five dollars ($5.00) per day for every day he is necessarily engaged in performing the duties required of him by this act, and his actual and necessary expenses incurred in and about the same. The viewers shall each receive three dollars ($3.00) per day for every day they are necessarily engaged in viewing ditches and making up and filing their reports, and their actual and necessary expenses. Each rodman shall receive the sum of two dollars ($2.00) per day and may be allowed in addition thereto his board and lodging, for each and every day he is employed; and each chainman, axman and every other employe necessary to the prompt execution of the work of locating or inspecting a public ditch shall be allowed one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50) per day, and may be allowed in addition thereto his board and lodging for the time such person is thus actually employed. The county auditor of each county, and the clerk of the district court shall receive reasonable compensation for their services under this act, and such compensation shall be in addition to all sums allowed by law at the time of the passage of this act. The fees per diem, compensation and expenses provided for in this act shall be audited, examined, allowed and paid upon the order of the board of county commissioners. Provided, that in case of a judicial ditch the judge shall first approve of such fees per diem compensation and expenses.

Sec. 46. A majority of the viewers shall be competent to perform the duties required of them by this act.

Sec. 47. This act shall be liberally construed, so as to promote the public health, the construction and improvement of roads, and the drainage and reclamation of wet or overflowed lands.

Sec. 48. Every order of the county commissioners of any county, or the judge of the district court laying out and establishing any ditch or refusing to establish the same, under the provisions of this chapter, the record thereof, or a certified copy of such record, shall be prima facie evidence of the facts therein stated, and of the regularity of all the proceedings prior to the making of such order.

Sec. 49. For the purpose of making examinations and surveys, the viewers, county commissioners, and the engineer are authorized to enter upon any land and to do any act necessary for the proper performance of their duties; and any person attempting to prevent or interfere with them, in so doing, shall be punished upon conviction by the court as for a misdemeanor.

Sec. 50. No person or corporation shall be permitted to take advantage of any error committed in any proceedings under this chapter either by the board of county commissioners, engineer, viewers, county auditor, or other person or persons, nor of any informality, error or defect appearing in the record of such proceedings unless the party complaining thereof is directly affected thereby. If the court shall at any time modify any assessment or assessments or enjoin the collection thereof or release any person from liability thereon, it shall in no manner affect the rights or liability of any other person.

Sec. 51. Any aggrieved party, who claims damages or against whose property benefits are assessed, may appeal to the Supreme Court, as in civil actions, from any final order except an order establishing such ditch in proceedings under this chapter, made in district court, within thirty days after the filing of such order. The notice of appeal shall be served on the clerk of the district court and need not be served on any other person or corporation.

Sec. 52. None of the statutory provisions limiting the number of days that a county commissioner shall draw pay for or limiting the number of sessions, for attendance upon which such commissioner shall be entitled to mileage shall apply to any proceedings under this chapter.

Sec. 53. The word "ditch", as used in this act, shall be held to include any open, covered or tiled ditch and any drain, water course or creek, and any side lateral, spur or branch ditches and each and all of the constructions referred to in section one of this chapter, and the petition of any public ditch, may include any side lateral, spur or branch ditch necessary to secure the object of the improvement.

Sec. 54. Chapter 258 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1901, chapter 88 of the General Laws of Minnesota of 1902, and chapters 178, 188, 311, 315 and 386 of the General Laws of 1903, and all other acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter are hereby repealed save as to unfinished proceedings thereunder.

Sec. 55. In case the petitioner or petitioners shall offer to construct and maintain such county or judicial ditch at their [illegible]

Sec. 56. The petitioner or petitioners

shall also accompany said petition with a bond to the county, in case of a county ditch, and to the respective counties in case of a judicial ditch, for the benefit of such county or counties, and of all persons and corporations interested, in an amount to be fixed, and with securities to be approved by the county auditor in the case of a county ditch and by the court in case of a judicial ditch, conditioned to pay all damages that may be awarded or assessed, and all fees and expenses that may be paid or incurred in the proceeding under said petition.

Sec. 57. The county auditor in case of a county ditch and the clerk of the district court in case of a judicial ditch shall, upon the filing of such petition and bond, fix a time and place for the hearing of said petition, not more than forty (40) nor less than fifteen (15) days from said date of filing, and at least ten (10) days before said hearing, a copy of such petition preceded by a statement of the time and place set for such hearing thereon shall be posted in three (3) public places in each township where the proposed ditch is located and shall be served on all persons and corporations named in said petition, who are residents of the state, and upon the persons, if any, actually occupying any tract of land described in the petition, which belongs to persons or corporations that are non-residents of the state, in the manner provided by law for service of summons in district court, and shall be mailed to all persons and corporations named in said petition, who are non-residents of the state, and whose address can be obtained by inquiry at the office of the county auditor, or at the office of county treasurer of the respective county or counties.

Sec. 58. If, upon the hearing, the court or board of county commissioners, as the case may be, shall find the proposed ditch of general and public utility, or beneficial to the public health, it shall appoint three (3) disinterested persons as viewers, and shall fix a time and place for hearing the report of said viewers. Such viewers shall have the same qualifications, and shall take the same oath and shall receive the same compensation as the viewers provided for in section six (6) of this chapter, except that if any one of them is a civil engineer he need not be a freeholder. Said viewers, one of whom may be a civil engineer, shall file at least ten (10) days prior to the time set for hearing thereon, a report showing either by direct statement, or by reference to any maps, plats, specifications or other papers on file in said proceeding, the location and character of the proposed ditch over and across said lands, public highways and railroads; place of entrance, course through and exit from each tract of land; the size and depth of said ditch; when it shall be constructed; how kept in repair; what connections may be made therewith; what compensation, if any, shall be made to the owners of such tracts of land, or to any public or private corporations, or to any persons for damages by reason of such construction.

In locating a public ditch in a proceeding under such petition, the viewers shall vary from the starting points, routes and termini described in said petition no more than is necessary to enable said ditch to reasonably effectuate the purpose for which it is intended.

Sec. 59. At the time appointed for said hearing on such report, the board of county commissioners or the court, as the case may be, shall consider and pass upon any objections filed and any competent evidence offered and shall correct and change said report and the assessments therein contained, as justice may require, and may continue the hearing from day to day, not to exceed thirty (30) days, and to a different place. The board of county commissioners or the court, as the case may be, shall thereupon make its order laying out and establishing said ditch, and confirming such report as changed and permitting the construction of such work, upon the payment or tender of damages as finally assessed, but such order shall be void unless such damages are paid or tendered within one (1) year after the filing of the final order of the board of county commissioners or the final order of the district court on appeal in a county ditch proceeding, or within one (1) year after the filing of the final order of the district court in a judicial ditch proceeding.

If in any case there shall be doubt as to who is entitled to damages awarded or assessed, or if the person entitled thereto cannot be found, such damages may be paid into the office where the original petition was filed, for the person or persons showing themselves entitled thereto.

Sec. 60. Any aggrieved party may appeal from that part of such order of the board of county commissioners fixing the amount of his damages or the damages awarded to any person or corporation by filing the notice and bond required by section 12 of this chapter and the county auditor shall in such case make and file a transcript as required by section 12 of this chapter.

Sec. 61. The viewers shall have the right to enter on any lands for the purpose of estimating damages and of locating such ditch and after payment or tender of damages the petitioners may, in like manner enter upon such lands for the purpose of constructing, maintaining or repairing such work.

Sec. 62. The bondsmen for the petitioners may agree with any person claiming or entitled to damages as to the amount thereof; such agreement shall be filed in the office where the original petition was filed and in such case lands covered thereby shall not be considered by the viewers.

Sec. 63. Whenever any order of the board of county commissioners made and entered as herein provided drains in whole or in part any meandered lake, any person or corporation aggrieved by any such order, or any taxpayer residing within four miles of any meandered lake affected by any such order, may appeal to the district court from any such order and the procedure and manner of taking such appeal shall conform to the provisions herein set forth for other appeals. Such appeal shall bring before said court all questions and proceedings involved in such order. Provided that the party taking such appeal shall accompany the same with an appeal bond to the board of county commissioners with at least two freehold sureties in the sum of one thousand dollars, to be approved by the auditor of the county in which such appeal is taken, conditioned that said appellant will duly prosecute the appeal and pay all costs that may be adjudged against him, and to abide the order of the court.

Sec. 64. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 231—S. F. No. 32.

AN ACT relating to proceedings in criminal cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The district courts of this state shall possess and may exercise the same power and jurisdiction to hear, try and determine prosecutions upon informations for the crimes, misdemeanors and offenses, specified in section four of this act and to issue writs and process and do all other acts therein as they possess and may exercise in cases of like prosecutions upon indictment.

Sec. 2. The offense charged in any such information shall be stated in plain and concise language, without prolixity or unnecessary repetition, and all the provisions of law relating to indictments and for testing the validity thereof, shall apply to informations, and all provisions of law applying to prosecutions upon indictments, to writs and process thereon, and to the issuing and service thereof; to motions, pleadings, trials and punishments; or to the passing or execution of any sentence thereon, and to all other proceedings in cases of indictment, whether in the court of original or appellate jurisdiction, shall to the same extent and in the same manner, as near as may be, apply to informations and all prosecutions and proceedings thereon.

Sec. 3. No information shall be filed against any person for any offense, until such person shall have had a preliminary examination as provided by law, before a justice of the peace or other examining magistrate or officer, unless such person shall waive his right to such preliminary examination.

Sec. 4. That in all cases where a person charged with criminal offense, shall have been held to the district court for trial by any court or magistrate, and in all cases where any person shall have been committed for trial and is in actual confinement or in jail by virtue of any indictment or information pending against him, the court having trial jurisdiction of such offense or of such indictment or information shall have the power at any time, whether in term or in vacation, upon the application of the prisoner in writing, stating that he desires to plead guilty to the charge made against him by the complaint, indictment or information, to direct the county attorney to file an information against him for such offense, if an indictment or information has not been filed, and upon the filing of such information and of such application, the court may receive and record a plea of guilty to the offense charged in such indictment or information, and cause judgment to be entered thereon and pass sentence on such person pleading guilty and such proceedings may be had either in term time or vacation.

Provided that the provisions of this section shall apply only to cases where the punishment provided by law for such offense may be commitment to the reformatory or does not exceed five years in the state prison.

Sec. 5. Such information may be in the following form:

State of Minnesota, } ss. District Court,
County of ———, ——— Judicial District.
The State of Minnesota,
against
(The name of the accused.)

I, ———, county attorney for said county, hereby inform the court that on the ——— day of ———, in the year ———, at said county, A. B. (name or alias of accused) did (state the offense) against the peace and dignity of the State of Minnesota.

Dated, ———

———
County Attorney.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 232—S. F. 441.

AN ACT entitled "An act to provide for the creation of a 'board of court house commissioners' to contract for and superintend the erection, construction and furnishing of any new court house and to approve the selection of a site therefor in counties of this state having at any time a population of over seventy-five-thousand inhabitants when the need for such building and the limits of the expenditure to be made for the erection, construction and equipment thereof shall have been determined by the board of county commissioners of such county."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Whenever in any county of this state now or hereafter having a population of more than 75,000 inhabitants the county commissioners thereof shall by appropriate resolution declare that the existing court house of said county is inadequate for its needs and that a new structure is necessary for the purposes of a court house, for county offices and for jail purposes, or for any one or more of such uses, and fixing a sum in their judgment sufficient to cover the cost of a new building and equipment for such uses adequate to the needs of the county, then and thereupon the county auditor of such county shall immediately upon the passage of such resolution forward to the judge or judges of the district court in and for such county a certified copy thereof, and thereafter all the proceedings with reference to the choice of site for such building and the construction and equipment thereof shall be governed by the provisions of this act.

Sec. 2. Immediately upon receiving a certified copy of such resolution the judge or judges of the district court of the judicial district in which such county is situated shall proceed to appoint five men, legal voters of said county, three of whom shall be at the time of their appointment members of the board of county commissioners of such county, and not more than one of such members shall be resident within any one city or municipality, and not more than three of the persons appointed by such judge or judges shall be resident within any one city or municipality in such county, who shall constitute upon accepting their appointment and upon taking the oath hereinafter provided a "board of court house commissioners," whose duties and obligations shall be those fixed and imposed by the provisions of this act. Each commissioner before entering upon the duties of his office shall file with the county auditor a written acceptance of such appointment and shall take and subscribe an oath before one of the judges of the district court of the district in which such county is situated that he will faithfully and honestly perform the duties of his said office and will support the constitution of the United States and of the State of Minnesota, as one of said commissioners, and that he will not knowingly permit any fraud, dishonest practice or cheating by any contractor or other person doing work or performing in or about the erection or furnishing of any public building contemplated by this act, nor will he knowingly permit any such fraud, dishonest practice or cheating by any person or persons whomsoever.

Sec. 3. Such board shall organize at a meeting which may be called by any three members on five days' notice in writing to the remaining members. At such meeting such board shall adopt rules for their own government, shall elect a president from their own number and shall choose a clerk, whose duty it shall be to keep the records of such board, to conduct the correspondence and other clerical work of the board, and to carry out such directions as the board may from time to time give, and he shall be paid therefor a salary to be fixed by the board. The records of the meetings of such board shall be public records, which shall be preserved in the office of the county auditor after such board have discharged their duties. A majority of such board shall constitute a quorum, and three votes shall be necessary to authorize any contract requiring the expenditure of money. The members of such board shall receive no compensation for their services, but shall be reimbursed their expenses necessarily paid or incurred in the discharge of their duties.

Sec. 4. Each of said commissioners shall hold said office until a suitable building for the purposes above set forth shall have been built and fully completed and furnished as herein provided, and in case of a vacancy occurring in said board said vacancy shall be filled by appointment in the same manner as the original appointments were made.

Sec. 5. It shall be the exclusive duty of said board to superintend the erection and construction of the court house or county building so to be erected for the needs of such county, to furnish and equip the same, to choose the architect therefor and the superintendent of construction, if one is deemed necessary by them, to let all contracts for such erection or construction, to purchase all material and employ all workmen except where the work and material shall under the provisions of this act be let by contract, and in general to have full authority within the limits fixed by this act to bind the county in and about the construction, erection and furnishing of said building, but the price at which the contract for such construction shall be let by said board of court house commissioners shall not exceed the amount fixed by the board of county commissioners of such county in their said resolution as the proper cost of the same, and no steps shall be taken toward such erection and construction until the site for said building has been determined in the manner provided by this act.

Sec. 6. The site for such court house building shall be determined in the first instance by the board of county commissioners of such county, but no such determination shall be final until the same has been approved by said board of court house commissioners, and no proceedings shall be taken toward the acquisition of any site by said county, either by purchase or condemnation until the selection thereof has received the approval of such board of court house commissioners.

Sec. 7. The said board of court house commissioners shall let by contract to the lowest responsible and acceptable bidder the contract for the erection and construction of such building after notice given in such manner as said board may direct for the purpose of securing competitive bids, the board, however, to have power and discretion to reject any and all bids. Any work subsequently found necessary and not included in such general contract may be let by contract or completed by day labor under the direction of said board, and the furnishing and equipping of said building after completion may be contracted for in such manner as to such board of court house commissioners may seem best, but, where practicable, such board shall endeavor to procure competitive bids therefor.

Sec. 8. In no county of this state, having at the time a population of more than seventy-five thousand (75,000) inhabitants, shall there by any new structure or building for the purposes of a court house, county office or county jail, or for one or more of such purposes, erected or constructed or a site selected or acquired therefor, save and except in the manner provided.

Sec. 9. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 10. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 233—S. F. NO. 465.

AN ACT relating to the state training school for boys and girls, regulating commitments thereto and the management thereof, and repealing sections 2, 4, 5 and 6 of chapter 153, Laws of 1895, and chapter 156, Laws of 1899.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Who may be Committed.—Whenever any infant over the age of eight years and under the age of seventeen years shall hereafter be duly convicted in any of the courts of this state of any crime prescribed by any general law of the state, punishable by imprisonment, except the crime of murder, or when any such infant shall be found by any of said courts, after due trial, as herein provided, to be incorrigibly vicious or to be an habitual tramp or vagrant, said court may thereupon commit such infant to the Minnesota State Training School for Boys and Girls. Provided, that no child shall be so committed who is a proper subject for commitment to the state public school at Owatonna.

Sec. 2. Complaint.—No infant shall be committed to said training school as incorrigibly vicious or as an habitual tramp or vagrant, unless upon formal complaint in writing, signed and verified by the person making the same, and filed in the court, setting forth the name, age and place of residence, if known, of said infant, the name and residence of its parent or guardian, and of the person in whose custody such infant may be, and stating the conduct and habits of the child, and particularly the facts constituting the ground of complaint.

Sec. 3. Proceedings.—Upon the filing of the complaint, as provided in the preceding section, the court shall, if said infant is not already in custody, cause him to be apprehended and brought before the court, for which purpose the court shall issue a warrant to the proper officer, and shall also thereupon cause a summons to be issued to the parent or guardian of said infant or to the person in whose custody he may be, requiring such parent, guardian, or person to appear before the court at a time and place to be fixed by the court and stated in said summons, and show cause, if any, why such infant should not be so committed, which summons shall be served on such parent, guardian or person having the custody of said infant, at least twenty-four hours before such hearing, and shall also forthwith notify the probation officer of the county, if any, of the time and place of hearing. Until the hearing the court shall provide for the care and custody of the accused infant, but no child under twelve years of age shall be committed to jail, and in cases where committed, the child shall be subject to bail.

Sec. 4. Guardian ad Litem.—If such infant has no parent, or guardian, or person having his custody, living at the place, or if such parent, guardian or person, being so summoned, fails or neglects to appear at the hearing and act on behalf of the child, the court shall appoint some suitable person to appear at said hearing and protect the interest of the infant, and the person so appointed shall be given an opportunity to investigate the facts and show cause why such child should not be committed. Provided, that if the probation officer of the county is present, it shall be his duty to investigate the facts and defend the interest of said child at the hearing. All hearings under this act shall take place separate and apart from the trial of criminal cases.

Sec. 5. Evidence.—The same presumption of innocence and the same rules of evidence shall prevail at the hearing in behalf of such infant as in the trial of criminal causes, and no infant shall be so committed unless the charges alleged in the complaint are proven by the testimony of at least two disinterested witnesses, and the name, age and place of residence of all witnesses shall be given. All evidence shall be reduced to writing and a finding made thereon and entered in the record of the court.

In case of hearings before justices of the peace or municipal courts the record and all the evidence shall be forthwith transmitted, together with the complaint, to the judge of the district court of the county in which such hearing is had, who shall thereupon examine the same, and approve or disapprove the findings in writing thereon, and return the same to the justice of the peace or municipal court from whom received, and no commitment shall be made by said justice of the peace or municipal court until the proceedings have been so examined and approved by such district judge.

Sec. 6. Commitment.—With the commitment the court or justice shall transmit by the officer executing the same to the superintendent of the training school a copy of the record of the case, including all the evidence, and a written statement of such other particulars concerning the child as can be ascertained. Sentence of commitment may be stayed by the court, and the infant placed on probation in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 7. Duties of the Board.—It shall be the duty of the board of control of state institutions to receive, clothe, maintain and instruct, at the expense of the state, all infants duly committed, as herein provided, to said training school, and keep them in their custody until their arrival at the age of twenty-one (21) years, unless sooner discharged, apprenticed, paroled, or transferred, and said board may, in its discretion, place any of said children, until their arrival at eighteen (18) years of age, in suitable homes, or bind them out as apprentices to such persons at such places, and to learn such trades or employment as in the judgment of the board will be most conducive to their reformation and amendment, and will tend to the future benefit and advantage of said infants.

Provided, however, that whenever a similar separate institution for girls shall be established and opened by the state, girls between the ages aforesaid may be committed to and detained therein in like manner and upon the same conditions as herein provided. The board may discharge any child so committed, or may recall to the school at any time any child placed out, apprenticed, paroled or transferred, and upon such recall may resume the care and control thereof. The discharge of a child by the board shall be a complete release from all penalties and disabilities created by reason of the commitment or sentence.

Sec. 8. Transfer of Inmates.—Said board may transfer to the state reformatory inmates whose presence is deemed detrimental to the interests of the school, and who are proper subjects for the discipline of the reformatory; and it may transfer to the state public school any inmate whose interests, in its judgment, would be better subserved thereby.

Sec. 9. Sections 2, 4, 5 and 6 of chapter 153, Laws of 1895, and chapter 156, Laws of 1899, and all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 10. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after Aug. 1, 1905.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 234—S. F. No 186.

AN ACT to amend section one hundred and twenty-one (121) of chapter forty-six (46) of the General Laws of eighteen hundred and eight-nine (1889), being section 4528 of the General Statutes of 1894, relating to the payment of debts and legacies of deceased persons.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section one hundred and twenty-one (121) of chapter forty-six (46) of the General Laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-nine (1889), the same being section 4528 of the General Statutes of 1894, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 121. In case there is sufficient assets in the hands of the executor or administrator for that purpose he shall proceed to pay all the debts and legacies of the deceased in full. When a legacy is contingent on the event of the legatee living to a certain age and the testator has omitted to appoint any person or persons to receive and hold said legacy until the legatee arrives at the prescribed age, the probate court may appoint some discrete person to act as trustee, who, upon giving a bond, as hereinafter prescribed, shall receive, invest and control said legacy, and the income thereof until the legatee shall arrive at the age prescribed in the last will and testament of the testator, or in case of the death of said legatee before arriving at said age, said legacy shall be disposed of according to the provisions of the last will and testament of the testator.

Said trustee shall before entering upon the duties of his trust give a bond to the judge of probate with sufficient sureties in such sum as the judge of probate shall direct, conditioned that said trustee will faithfully execute the duties of his trust and will render a just and true account of his trusteeship to the probate court at any time when required by said court; that he will perform all orders and decrees of the probate court to be by him performed in the premises, and that when the legatee arrives at the prescribed age he will pay to said legatee the amount of said legacy and the income thereof, or in case of the death of said legatee before arriving at such age, that he will pay said legacy and the income thereof to the person or persons designated in the last will and testament of the testator as being entitled thereto.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 235—S. F. NO. 206.

AN ACT to amend the title, and sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12), thirteen (13), fifteen (15), nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-three (23), twenty-four (24), twenty-five (25), twenty-six (26), twenty-eight (28), twenty-nine (29), thirty-one (31), thirty-two (32), thirty-three (33), thirty-four (34), thirty-five (35), and thirty-eight (38), of chapter 178 of the Laws of 1901, entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation, reincorporation and regulation of life insurance companies on the stipulated premium plan."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the title of chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

An act to provide for the incorporation, reincorporation, and regulation of life insurance companies on the fixed premium plan.

Sec. 2. That section 1, chapter 178, Laws 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 1. Incorporation of Companies.—Any number of persons, not less than eleven, citizens of the State of Minnesota, hereafter desiring to form an organization, for the purpose of transacting the business of life insurance, may associate themselves together and effect such organization as hereinafter prescribed, and not otherwise. Such companies may be formed upon either the stock or purely mutual plan and shall be authorized to grant death indemnities or other benefits contingent upon the duration or cessation of human life, including endowments, or annuities. Provided that for all cotracts or policies issued for any of such purposes, such companies shall charge and collect a fixed premium of not less than the amount required to guarantee such undertaking according to the American experience table of mortality at 4 per cent interest or the actuaries' combined experience table of mortality at 4 per cent.

Every corporation organized or reorganized, and authorized under the provisions of this act, shall continue in existence until dissolved by the judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction.

Sec. 3. That section 2, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 2. Form of Articles—Contents.—Such persons shall associate themselves together by writen articles of incorporation, signed by each of the incorporators, and duly acknowledged by each before an officer authorized under the laws of this state to take acknowledgments of deeds, which articles shall specify the purpose for which the corporation is formed: The name by which it shall be known (which shall not be the same as, nor too closely resemble, the name of any other insurance company or society, organized or authorized under the laws of this state); the plan upon which the business is to be conducted (whether stock or mutual); the amount of capital stock, if any; the place where the principal office for the transaction of its business shall be located, which shall be at some place in this state; the names of the first board of directors or trustees, not less than eleven, and the length of time for which each shall hold office, no one term of office to be for a longer period than three years from and after the first annual meeting as provided for therein; the names of its principal officers, including president, vice president, secretary, and treasurer, all of whom must be members of the board of directors or trustees; the mode and manner in which directors or trustees and officers shall be elected; and the day and hour at which the regular annual meeting of the company shall be held at the home office of the company each year.

Sec. 4. That section 3, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 3. Filing and Recording of Articles.—Upon the filing in the office of the insurance commissioner of the said articles of incorporation, it shall be the duty of the insurance commissioner, if he approves same, to forthwith refer said articles to the attorney general of the state for examination, and if found by the attorney general to conform to the provisions of this act, and not inconsistent with the constitution of this state nor of the United States, it shall be his duty to certify same back to the insurance commissioner with his approval endorsed thereon, who shall forthwith record and file same in his office.

Sec. 5. That section 4, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 4. Qualifying for License to Transact Business.—If within six months from the date upon which the articles of incorporation are filed for record in the office of the insurance commissioner, the principal officers of such company, if it be organized upon the stock plan, file a sworn statement with the insurance commissioner to the effect that its entire capital stock has been taken and paid for in cash at not less than par value and that the same has been duly invested in such securities as are authorized by this act, and shall deposit with the insurance commissioner all of such securities of a value at least equal to the total par value of the company's authorized stock capital, it shall then be the duty of the insurance commissioner if he is satisfied that the incorporators are acting in good faith and shall approve of the securities so submitted, to receive same for deposit and issue to such company his authority to transact the business of life insurance as provided by this act. Such authority shall extend to the first day of May of the succeeding calendar year, unless sooner revoked, and shall be renewable annually thereafter. If within six months from the date upon which the articles of incorporation are filed for record in the office of the insurance commissioner, the principal officers, if it be a mutual company, file a sworn statement with the insurance commissioner to the effect that the proposed company has received from at least three hundred eligible insurants, applications for insurance in amounts of not more than one thousand dollars each upon which at least one full annual premium has been paid in cash, and shall deposit with him the sum of at least twenty-five thousand dollars in cash or such securities as are authorized by this act, it shall then be the duty of the insurance commissioner, if he is satisfied the incorporators are acting in good faith and shall approve of the deposit submitted, to receive same and to issue to such company his authority to transact the business of life insurance as provided by this act. Such authority shall extend to the first day of May of the succeeding calendar year, unless sooner revoked, and shall be renewable annually thereafter.

No company authorized by this act shall assume a greater risk than one thousnd dollars upon any one life until it shall have at least one thousand members in good standing and one million of insurance in force.

Sec. 6. That section 5, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 5. Capital Stock Limitations.—Stock companies organized under this act shall have not less than fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) nor more than one million dollars ($1,000,000) of capital stock, all of which shall be paid up in full and invested in securities authorized by this act and deposited with the insurance commissioner.

Sec. 7. That section 6, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 6. Mutual Companies. Deposits.—Mutual companies organized under this act shall be required to maintain on deposit with the insurance commissioner, approved securities of a value not less than the reserve liability upon all its outstanding policy contracts, not to exceed, however, a deposit of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($250,000).

Sec. 8. That section 7, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 7. Corporate Powers.—A corporation organized or doing business under the provisions of this act, shall, by its corporate name, be capable of suing or being sued; and may have power to make and enforce contracts in relation to the regular authorized business of such corporation; may have and use a common seal, and may change or alter the same at pleasure; it may in its corporate name be capable of taking, purchasing, holding and disposing of real and personal property, as authorized by this act, for carrying into effect the purposes of its organization. Such corporation may, if a stock company, by its board of directors or trustees, make by-laws and amendments thereto not inconsistent with the purposes for which the organization was created, nor with the constitution and laws of this state, or of the United States. And such corporation, if it be a mutual company, may by its board of directors or trustees, make by-laws and amendments thereto not inconsistent with the purposes for which it was created, nor with the constitution and laws of this state or of the United States; provided always, that such by-laws and amendments shall not be operative in a mutual company until duly approved by at least four-fifths of its members, who may be present or represented at the regular annual meeting at which same shall be considered; and further provided, that no amendment so adopted shall be retroactive nor in any way affect any policy contract previously made or issued.

Such by-laws may also define the qualifications and duties of the board of directors and officers, with terms of office and mode of succession; provided, that no such company shall have less than eleven members upon its board of directors or trustees. And no person shall qualify as an officer of any such corporation unless he shall be both a stockholder and a policy holder, if it be a stock company; or a policy holder, if it be a mutual company. Directors or trustees shall be elected only at the regular annual meeting of the stockholders, if it be a stock company, or at the regular annual meeting of the policy holders, if it be a mutual company; provided, that in case a vacancy shall occur upon the board of directors or trustees, the remaining directors or trustees, may fill such vacancy by appointment; and such appointee shall hold office until the next regular annual meeting only.

Any such corporation shall have all the powers, rights, privileges, immunities and franchises conferred by this act, together with all implied powers necessary or convenient for the execution and exercise thereof, and the ordinary and incidental powers of life insurance corporations.

Sec. 9. That section 10, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 10. Verification of Annual Report. Valuation of Policies. Deposit of Securities With Insurance Commissioner.—As soon as practicable after the filing of said annual statement of any company organized and doing business under the provisions of this act, the insurance commissioner shall proceed to verify such statement and to ascertain the net cash value of each policy in force on the 31st day of December immediately preceding, upon the basis of the American experience table of mortality and 4 per cent interest, or combined experience table and same rate of interest. For the purpose of making such valuation the insurance commissioner may employ a competent actuary to do the same, who shall be paid by the company for which the services are rendered at the rate of not to exceed one cent per thousand dollars of insurance so valued, but nothing herein shall prevent any company from making said valuation herein contemplated which may be received by the insurance commissioner upon such proof as he may determine.

The expense of verifying the report and of making the valuation shall in no case exceed the actual expenses thereof, including the cost of the clerical help employed in the conduct of same, and shall be charged to and collected from such company by the insurance commissioner. It shall be the duty of the commissioner to furnish such company with an itemized statement of such expenses, and to file and record in his office an exact copy thereof.

If it shall appear from the annual statement as filed, or from the verification and valuation herein authorized, that the net value of all policies in force on the 31st day of December immediately preceding is in excess of the amount on deposit in his office as required by section four, and less than the maximum deposit of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, he shall forthwith notify said company of the amount thereof; and within ninety days after the date of such notification the officers of said company shall deposit with the insurance commissioner for the security and benefit of its policy holders an amount of securities of the character described in section 23 of this act, the value of which, together with the sum already deposited with said insurance commissioner, shall not be less than the amount of such ascertained value of all policies in force, minus cash loans which may have been made by the company to its policy holders; provided that no company shall be required to deposit with the insurance commissioner a greater amount than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($250,000), if it be a mutual company; nor a greater amount than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($250,000), if it be a stock company, unless its stock capital shall exceed two hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($250,000), and in such event such stock company shall be required to deposit an amount equal to its entire capital stock.

The liabilities of all such companies shall be deemed to consist of all matured policy claims, whether due or not due, adjusted or unadjusted, and of all other claims, due or not due, for which it could be held liable, and of the net cash value of all policy contracts in force; but same shall not include the company's capital stock, nor the amount on deposit with the insurance commissioner of this state. And the sum total of all such liabilities shall not exceed the cash and approved invested assets of the company as herein provided.

Sec. 10. That section 11, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 11. Duty of Insurance Commissioner to Receive and Safely Keep Securities.—It shall be the duty of the insurance commissioner of this state to receive all moneys, bonds and securities offered or tendered to him by any insurance company in accordance with the provisions of this act, or for the purposes specified herein; and said insurance commissioner shall have charge of and safely keep the same when delivered to him, and shall not redeliver same, or any portion thereof, to the insurance company depositing them, except in accordance with the provisions of this act. The insurance commissioner shall, upon the receipt by him of any moneys, bonds or securities from any insurance company, issue and deliver to such depositing company a receipt stating in detail all moneys, bonds or securities then held by him, or received by him from such company, and a minute description thereof; and shall cause a copy of such receipt to be recorded and filed in his office.

Sec. 11. That section 12, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 12. Certificate of Insurance Commissioner.—Upon the filing and approval of the annual statement of any insurance company, as provided in the preceding sections, and if it shall appear that such company has also made the required deposit, it shall be the duty of the insurance commissioner to issue to such company a certificate authorizing it to transact its appropriate business; provided that such certificate shall expire upon the first day of May of the succeeding calendar year. The insurance commissioner shall also issue to such insurance company, upon request thereof, certificates as to the amount on deposit with him under the provisions of this act.

Sec. 12. That section 13, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 13. Failure of Company to Make Statement or Deposit.—Upon the failure of any company organized or doing business under this act to make the deposit or file the statement in the time stated herein, the insurance commissioner shall notify such company to issue no new policies until there shall have been compliance with said requirements.

Provided that the insurance commissioner may if good cause be shown, extend the time for filing such annual statement or for making the required deposit, to not later than April 1st, upon request of the company. But if no such request is made, or if full compliance is not made within the extended time granted, he shall immediately take charge of the company's affairs and proceed as provided in sections ten and fifteen of this act.

Sec. 13. That section 15 of chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 15. Impairment of Company's Solvency. Appointment of Receiver. Distribution of Assets. Charter Annulled and Dissolution Decreed.—If the insurance commissioner shall at any time find, upon any report, examination or otherwise, that the assets of any company organized or doing business under this act are less than its liabilities, including valuation of its policies as fixed by paragraph ten (10) hereof, and exclusive of its capital stock, he shall notify it to cease the issue of any insurance policies or the payment of dividends to stockholders or policy-holders, or both, until the deficiency be made good; and he may, and whenever it is ascertained by him that the assets of such company are less than eighty-five per cent. (85) of such liabilities exclusive of capital stock, he shall immediately communicate the facts to the attorney general, who shall, if deemed advisable by himself and the insurance commissioner, after a personal invstigation of the matter and a hearing of which both the insurance commissioner and the company shall have notice, and at which both may be present and have the right to be heard, at once apply to the district court of the county where the principal office of the said company is located, or to a judge of said court, for a receiver for said company, and said court or judge shall forthwith issue a citation to said company to appear at a day and place to be named therein and answer to said application, and if upon the hearing to such application said court or judge shall find the assets of said company to be less than its liabilities as aforesaid, said court or judge may, if practicable, and it is considered by him to be advisable and in the interest of the policyholders of such company, order and direct the reinsurance of its outstanding policies in some solvent company authorized to do business in this state, or said court or judge may, if deemed advisable for the interest of the policy-holders, appoint some disinterested person or persons to be receiver or receivers of said company, and said court or judge may provide a mode for proving claims against said company and may limit and extend the time for the presentation of such claims, and may make all necessary orders in reference to the delivery to and possession of such receiver or receivers of the assets and property of said company, and the sale and conveyance of the same by him, and may direct the application of the avails of such assets and property equitably in satisfaction of the claims proven against such company and the payment of the ascertained value of its outstanding policies to policy-holders, either in whole or in part; and said court or judge shall annul the charter and decree the dissolution of said company, and make all other orders and decrees necessary and proper in reference to winding up the affairs of said company and the disposition of its property. Provided, that no person shall be eligible to act as receiver of any such company who shall have been a director or trustee thereof at any time within two years prior to the application for such receivership.

Sec. 14. That section 19, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 19. Voluntary Dissolution—Notice to Insurance Commissioner.—If at any time any company organized under this act shows to the district court of the county where its principal offices are located that it wishes to retire from business, that it has reinsured all of its policies, and that it has no unpaid liabilities of any character, such court shall, if it finds such facts are true, enter an order directing the insurance commissioner to surrender to said company all funds or securities theretofore deposited with him by such company. No such order shall be made until the insurance commissioner shall have been notified of the pendency of such application at least ten days before the time set for the hearing thereof, and until after a full hearing by said court.

Sec. 15. That section 20, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 20. Company may collect interest on deposits. The insurance commissioner shall permit companies having on deposit with him stocks, bonds or other securities to collect the interest or income accruing on such deposits, delivering to their authorized agents, respectively, the coupons or other evidences of interest as the same becomes due; but upon default by any company to deposit additional security as called for by the insurance commissioner, or pending any proceedings to close up or enjoin it, the insurance commissioner shall collect the interest as it becomes due and add the same to the securities in his hands belonging to such company. Provided, that any deposit heretofore made by any such company with the state treasurer of this state shall be, upon written application of the company, duly signed by a majority of its directors or trustees, transferred to the custody of the insurance commissioner of this state, whose duty it shall be to receive and receipt for same in the manner as provided in section eleven of this act.

Sec. 16. That section 23, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 23. Investment of Funds.—The capital stock, funds and accumulations of any insurance company organized or reorganized under the provisions of this act shall be invested in bonds or treasury notes of the United States; or state or national bank stock; or interest-bearing bonds of this state, or any other state of the United States, or of any city, town, village, school district or county of this state, or any other state of the United States having legal authority to issue the same; or in mortgages of unincumbered and improved real estate in this or any other state of the United States worth at least twice the amount loaned thereon, exclusive of buildings, except when such buildings are insured and the policy duly assigned as additional security; or loaned on pledges of any of the securities above named, provided, always, that the current market value of such pledged securities shall be at all times during the continuance of such loans at least twenty per cent more than the sum loaned on them, and all such loans are subject to the power of the company to terminate the same in case of the depreciation of the securities below said limit; and provided that in all investments made upon mortgaged securities the evidence of the debt shall accompany the mortgage or deed of trust; provided, further, that none of the bonds, securities or investments above mentioned shall ever be bought, contracted for or received at a greater price than their known marked value; nor shall any such bonds, securities or investments be contracted for, bought or received when any interest has been defaulted and is unpaid thereon. Any such company may also make loans upon its policies, but in the computation of the value of the assets of such company, a loan upon a policy of such company shall never be valued at more than an amount equal to the net reserve against such policy; and whenever a cash loan is made thereon the policy must in all cases be assigned to and held by the company as security.

And provided further, that except loans on policies not to exceed the actual reserve held to the credit thereof, no such company shall, directly or indirectly, purchase any of such securities from, or loan money to any officer, director, trustee, agent or salaried employe thereof; and any violation of this provision shall be deemed to constitute embezzlement.

Provided, that until the same shall be sold or exchanged for other authorized securities, any securities acquired previous to the passage of this act, but not authorized hereby, shall be valued at their actual value in determining the assets of the company.

Sec. 17. That section 24, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 24. Right to Purchase, Hold and Convey Real Estate.—No company organized under this act shall be permitted to purchase, hold or convey real estate except for the purpose and in the manner herein set forth:

1. For the erection and maintenance of a home office building at least ample and adequate for the transaction of its own business.

2. Such as shall have been mortgaged to it in good faith by way of security for loans for money due, or

3. Such as shall have been conveyed to it in satisfaction of debts previously contracted in the course of its dealings, or

4. Such as shall have been purchased at sales upon judgments, decrees or mortgages obtained or made for such debts. And no company incorporated as aforesaid shall purchase, hold or convey real estate in any other cases or for any other purpose.

Sec. 18. That section 25, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 25. When Must Sell Real Estate.—All real estate acquired as aforesaid, except that occupied by the company in whole or in part as its home office building shall, except as hereinafter provided, be sold and disposed of within ten years after such company shall have acquired title to the same. No such company shall hold such real estate for a longer period than that above mentioned unless the said company shall procure a certificate from the insurance commissioner setting forth that the interests of the company will suffer materially by a forced sale of such real estate, in which event the time for the sale may be extended to such time as the said insurance commissioner shall direct in said certificate.

Provided, further, that if the home office building, owned and occupied by any such company, be occupied by it only in part, the remaining portion thereof shall be upon the same foundation and under the same roof, and be equipped for, and readily adapted to the company's use for office purposes.

Provided, further, that buildings for other than home office purposes erected by any such company prior to the passage of this act may be retained and disposed of in the same manner as provided in this act for the disposition of real estate acquired by foreclosure of mortgages.

Sec. 19. That section 26, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 26. Contracts for Reinsurance.—Any insurance company organized or doing business under this act may by contract of reinsurance assume the risks of any other company, society or association engaged in the business of life insurance, only on the following conditions:

First: That the company which proposes to retire shall be, upon the date of the reinsurance, authorized to transact business in this state; and that it shall have been legally transacting business in this state for at least one year prior thereto; and that all its members shall have actually been paying in cash a rate of premium at least equal to that required by the provisions of this act, exclusive of expense loading; and that it shall be possessed of sufficient assets to at least equal all liabilities, including the valuation of its policies according to the provisions of this act; and that such condition shall have been duly verified or ascertained by the insurance commissioner of this state by examination concluded within sixty days of the date of retirement, and shall have been duly certified to by that official.

Second: That the contract of transfer or reinsurance shall have been first submitted to and approved by the insurance commissioner of the State of Minnesota, and subsequently by a three-fourths vote of the stockholders or members of the company, society or association which proposes to retire, present in person or by proxy at any regualr meeting of such corporation, or at a special meeting thereof called to consider the same; and further provided that a written or printed notice setting forth the proposed reinsurance contract in detail shall have been mailed to each stockholder or member at least sixty days before the date fixed for such meeting.

Third. That the proposition to reinsure and assume the risks of such other company shall have in like manner been submitted to the stockholders or members of the company which proposes to so reinsure and assume such risks, and shall have been duly adopted by a three-fourths vote of such stockholders or members in regular or special meeting assembled, and after a written or printed notice setting forth the proposition in detail shall have been mailed to each of such stockholders or members at least sixty days before the date fixed for such meeting.

No mutual company organized under this act shall be permitted to reinsure its risks in any stock company of this or any other state; nor shall any company organized under this act, reinsure its risks in any company that is permitted by law to charge a less rate, or maintain a less reserve, than as required by the provisions of this act. Nothing in this section, however, shall prevent any insurance company from reinsuring any fractional part of any individual policy in other solvent companies of the same character authorized to do business in this state by paying therefor agreed premiums payable in such installments as are required of the assured under such policy by the terms and conditions thereof. In the case of the reinsurance of mutual companies all of the assets of the retiring company shall be turned over to, and become the absolute property of, the assuming or reinsuring company; and in case of the reinsurance of a stock company which has been issuing participating policies, and has such policies outstanding, all of the assets of the retiring company, except an amount not in excess of the face value of its capital stock, shall be turned over to and become the absolute property of the assuming or reinsuring company. Any officer, director, trustee, agent or salaried employe of either company becoming a party to such reinsurance contract, who shall give or take any commission, consideration, or benefit in connection with, or by reason of, such reinsurance shall be deemed guilty of embezzlement, [illegible] such commission, consideration or benefit be paid from the funds of either company; and if otherwise paid, such person or persons shall be deemed guilty of the crime of bribery.

Sec. 20. That section 28, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 28. Existing Companies May Reincorporate or Reorganize Hereunder—Certificate of Reincorporation—Any corporation, association or society organized under the laws of this state for the purpose of doing the business of life insurance upon any plan and now transacting such business, may at any time be reincorporated or reorganized, either as a stock or mutual company, under the provisions of this act, either under its then existing name or under any other name approved by the insurance commissioner.

To so incorporate or reorganize it shall be necessary:

1. That a resolution be passed by the board of directors, managers or trustees authorizing and directing such reinsurance or reincorporation.

2. That such resolution be adopted by a three-fourths vote of the members or majority of the stock represented and present at any regular meeting or at any special meeting called for that purpose, whereof a written or printed notice shall have been duly given not less than sixty days previously.

3. That a declaration be signed and acknowledged by two officers and by a majority of the remaining directors, showing

(a) The passage and adoption of such resolution as above prescribed.

(b) That there are sufficient lives insured to comply with the provisions of section four (4) of this act.

(c) All matters required to be set forth in articles of incorporation as provided by section two (2) of this act.

(d) That all its members are and have been paying in cash stated premiums at least equal to those required by the provisions of this act, exclusive of the expense loading.

(e) That its cash assets shall be at least equal to its total liabilities, including the value of its policies or certificates according to the standard adopted by this act.

And in addition thereto, the provisions of sections 2, 3 and 4 of this act must be complied with. When such a resolution shall have been so passed and adopted as above provided by any corporation now existing under the laws of the State of Minnesota, and such a declaration shall have been made and filed with the insurance commissioner, together with amended articles of incorporation and the required deposit of securities, he shall issue a certificate of reincorporation or reorganization under the seal of his office and attach thereto copies of all documents so filed with him and authorizing the company to do the business of life insurance upon the plan and basis set forth in such papers; and such corporation, association or society shall thereupon be deemed to be and shall be a company organized under the provisions of this act and shall have all the corporate rights and privileges of and be subject to like duties and liabilities as a similar company originally incorporated hereunder.

Sec. 21. That section 29, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 29. Effect of Reincorporation—Such reincorporation or reorganization shall not affect or change the corporate identity of such company, nor shall it affect in any manner its corporate rights or liabilities, all of which shall after such reincorporation or reorganization remain vested in or continue against the said company, as reincorporated or reorganized, as they would if there had been no reincorporation or reorganization. Provided, that nothing in this act shall be held to in any way validate or invalidate any lien heretofore lawfully imposed under the laws of this state.

Sec. 22. That section 31, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 31. Consolidation of Companies—No life insurance company organized and doing business under the provisions of this act shall consolidate with any other company except by reinsurance as provided in section 26 of this act.

Sec. 23. That section 32, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 32. Foreign Companies—Nothing in this act shall be construed as affecting life insurance companies organized under the laws of any other state or country, and companies organized or doing business under the provisions of this act shall be subject only to its provisions; provided, that any solvent foreign life insurance company possessing assets in excess of one hundred thousand dollars invested in accordance with the provisions of section 23 of this act and which shall have deposited with the insurance commissioner of this state or with the proper officer of some other state authorized to receive the same, securities invested as aforesaid to the extent, amount and value required to be deposited with the insurance commissioner by a domestic company under this act, of which deposit the certificate of such proper officer shall be evidence, and which shall have deposited with the insurance commissioner a certified copy of its articles of incorporation or charter and a statement of its financial condition and business in such form and detail as he may require, signed and sworn to by its president and secretary, may by paying the fees and charges herein designated and by filing such documents and statements as are required of domestic companies operating under the provisions hereof, and by filing a power of atorney, or certificate authorizing the insurance commissioner to accept service of process issued by any of the courts of this state for and in behalf of said company so long as a policy issued by said company is in force in said state, be licensed to transact the business of life insurance as if incorporated under the provisions hereof.

Before granting certificate of authority to an insurance company to issue policies or make contracts of insurance in the State of Minnesota, the insurance commissioner shall be satisfied by such examination and evidence that he sees fit to make and require, that such company is otherwise qualified under the laws of this state to transact business therein.

Sec. 24. That section 33, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 33. Fees to Be Charged and Collected by the Insurance Commissioner—For the Use and Benefit of the State.—From domestic life insurance companies organized under this act, the insurance commissioner shall charge and collect for the use and benefit of the state, the following fees:

For filing articles of incorporation, thirty dollars; for issuing a certificate of authority to do business, one dollar; for filing each annual statement, twenty dollars; for each copy of any document or statement on file in his office, twenty cents a folio, and one dollar for certifying the same. From any foreign life insurance company seeking admission to or authorized to transact business in this state, the insurance commissioner shall charge and collect the following fees: For filing articles of incorporation, thirty dollars; for filing financial statement, with application for admission, twenty dollars; for filing each annual statement after admission, twenty dollars; for issuing certificate of authority and each annual renewal thereof, one dollar; for each agent of such company licensed to transact business in this state, one dollar; for each copy of any document on file in his office, twenty cents a folo, and one dollar for certifying same.

Sec. 25. That section 34, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 34. Amendments to Articles.—Any insurance company organized or doing business under this act may at any annual meeting of its stockholders or members, or at any special meeting after sixty days' notice to all stockholders or members thereof of such proposed amendment, by a three-fourths vote of those represented and present, amend its articles of incorporation in any respect not in violation of the laws of this state or of the United States.

Such company shall cause a certificate of such amendment to be sworn to by the president or vice president and secretary or assistant secretary and thereupon such certificate shall be filed the same as original articles; upon such filing such amendment, (and upon the approval thereof as in the case of original articles) shall become a part of such original articles and supercede conflicting provisions thereof.

Sec. 26. That section 35, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 35. Restrictions, Fines and Penalties.—Every insurance company comply-

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ing with the provisions of this act shall on all policies issued by it subsequent to incorporation or reorganization under this act, as original policies or in exchange for or readjustment of any policies previously issued or assumed by it, charge and collect as a premium consideration for each of such policies a sum which shall not be less than the net premium required by the actuaries' combined experience table of mortality, and four per cent interest, or the American experience table of mortality, with the same rate of interest, together with a reasonable charge added thereto as an expense loading.

And no insurance company organized or authorized under this act shall own, operate or engage in any other business than that of life insurance, as herein specifically defined and authorized.

And it is further provided, to-wit:

1. Every such company organized or authorized to transact business under this act shall conduct its business in this state in its own corporate name, and the policies and contracts of insurance issued by it shall be headed, or entitled, only by its proper or corporate name. And when any such company publishes its assets, it shall in the same connection and with equal conspicuousness, publish its liabilities computed on the basis allowed for its annual statements; and in case of a stock company any publication purporting to show its capital shall exhibit only the amount of such capital as has actually been paid in cash. Any company or agent thereof, issuing or circulating advertisements in violation of this provision shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars, or more than five hundred dollars.

2. Any company that neglects to make and file its annual statement in the form and within the time as provided in this act shall forfeit one hundred dollars for each day's neglect, and upon notice by the insurance commissioner to that effect, its authority to do new business shall cease while such default continues.

For wilfully making a false annual, or other statement, which it is required by law to make, an insurance company and the persons making oath to, or subscribing, the same shall severally be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. And provided further, that any person making oath to such false statement shall be deemed guilty of the crime of perjury.

3. Any officer or agent of any life insurance company organized or authorized under the provisions of this act, who shall issue a new policy after notice has been issued by the insurance commissioner to cease business, or to the effect that its license has been revoked, shall for each offense forfeit a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars.

4. The insurance commissioner shall have power to examine under oath any person or persons who may have been employed by such company, or who may have sold securities to or purchased securities from any such company, or who may have obtained loans from, or negotiated loans for, any such company, or who may have sustained any other business relations with the company at any time within five years prior thereto, and relative to any such transaction; and any person who shall refuse to testify thereto shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars for each offense.

5. Whoever without justifiable cause neglects upon due summons to appear and testify before the commissioner as provided by this act, and whoever obstructs the commissioner, his deputy, or examiner, in making his examination of an insurance company, shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than one year.

6. Any employe or clerk of any such company who shall knowingly make any false entry or record upon the books or records of any such company shall be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars for each offense; and any such clerk or employe who shall knowingly contribute to the making of any false annual statement or other statement that such company is required by law to make under oath, and which statement shall subsequently be issued under oath, shall be deemed guilty of the crime of subornation of perjury.

7. For violating any provisions of this act, the nature of which violation is not defined by the laws of this state, or by this act, and the penalty whereof is not specifically provided for herein, the offender shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars.

Sec. 27. That section 38, chapter 178, Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 38. Annual Meetings.—Special Meetings.—Proxies.—There shall be held an annual meeting of the members or stockholders of any company organized or reorganized under the provisions of this act, of which annual meeting the members or stockholders shall have notice at least thirty days in advance, either by way of a written or printed notice. Provided that if it shall be proposed to amend the articles of incorporation or enter into any reinsurance contract, then such notices shall be mailed to the members or stockholders at least sixty days in advance, as provided by other sections of this act.

Special meetings of the members or stockholders of any such company may be called by order of the board of directors or trustees at any time provided that written or printed notice be given the members or stockholders at least thirty days in advance of the day upon which such meeting is to be held.

If, however, it be proposed to amend the articles of incorporation, or enter into any reinsurance contract, then the notices of such special meeting shall be mailed to the members or stockholders at least sixty days in advance, as provided by other sections of this act.

It shall be the duty of the directors or trustees, or president and secretary, of any such company to call a special meeting of members or stockholders whenever they may be required to do so by the insurance commissioner. And of such special meetings written or printed notice shall be given only in such form and under such restrictions as the insurance commissioner may require or approve.

Any member or stockholder of any such company may be represented by proxy at any such annual or special meeting, but no proxy shall be valid for a period of more than one year from date thereof. No person other than a member or stockholder of any such company shall be permitted to hold or vote a proxy; and no such person shall procure, hold, or vote proxies representing more than one-tenth of the capital stock, if it be a stock company, or more than one-tenth of the total membership, if it be a mutual company, except as hereafter provided. The board of directors or trustees may collectively hold and vote any number of proxies; provided, however, that any member of the board of directors or trustees shall have the right, upon demand, to vote, in addition to the proxies held by him individually, such a portion of all those held by the board of directors or trustees collectively, as shall equal an exact apportionment of same among those directors or trustees actually present and participating in such meeting.

Sec. 28. This act shall supercede all provisions of any existing law in conflict herewith.

Sec. 29. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after the date of its passage.

Approved April 17, 1905.

CHAPTER 236—S. F. NO. 242.

AN ACT authorizing physicians from other states to practice medicine in Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the state medical examining board, either with or without examination, may grant and license to any physician licensed to practice by a similar board of another state, and who holds a certificate of registration showing that an examination has been made by the proper board of any state in which an average grade of not less than seventy-five (75) per cent was awarded the holder thereof, the said applicant and holder of such certificate having been at the time of said examination the legal possessor of a diploma from a medical college in good standing in this state, which said diploma may be accepted in lieu of an examination as evidence of qualification. In case the scope of said examination was less than that prescribed by this state the applicant my be required to submit to an examination in such subjects as have not been covered. The fee for such examination shall be fifty ($50) dollars.

A certificate of registration or license issued by the proper board of any state may be accepted as evidence of qualification for registration in this state; provided, the holder thereof was at the time of such registration the legal possessor of a diploma issued by a medical college in good standing in this state and that the date thereof was prior to the legal requirements of the examination test in this state.

Sec. 2. If by the laws of any state or the rulings or decisions of the appropriate officers on boards thereof, any burden, obligation, requirement, disqualification or disability is put upon physicians registered in this state or holding diplomas from medical colleges in this state which are in good standing therein, affecting the right of said physicians to be registered or admitted to practice in said state, then the same or like burdens, obligations, requirements, disqualifications or disability shall be put upon the registration in this state of physicians registered in said state or holding diplomas from medical colleges situated therein.

Sec. 3. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 237—S. F. NO. 158.

AN ACT providing for certain refundments to and for the use of the state agricultural society.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. All funds appropriated by section 12 of chapter 381 of the Laws of 1901 for the purpose of laying water mains, both within and without the state fair grounds, connecting with the water works system of the city of St. Paul, which have been heretofore or may hereafter be repaid to said city, and thereupon pursuant to the terms of said act become due and payable to the State of Minnesota, are hereby appropriated to the use of, and made payable to the state agricultural society for the purpose of extending and completing its water main system upon the state fair grounds.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 238—S. F. No. 378.

AN ACT to authorize the board of county commissioners of any county in this state to change the name of such county.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The board of county commissioners of any county in this state may change the name of such county upon a petition signed by a number of the legal voters of said county, equal to fifty-five (55%) per cent. of the votes cast at the last preceding general election, and shall adopt the new name suggested in such petition as the official name of such county. Such petition shall be filed with the county auditor and it shall be the duty of the auditor thereupon to give public notice of the filing of such petition by publishing the same in the official newspaper of the county and said petition shall be taken up and considered at the next meeting of said board of county commissioners, held not less than thirty days after the date of such notice.

Sec. 2. The prayer of said petition being granted, the board shall make a formal order to that effect, which shall be filed with the auditor, and thereupon the official name of said county shall be the one so adopted.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Appproved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 239—S. F. NO. 239.

AN ACT to amend section 51, chapter 2 of the Laws of 1902, as amended by section 1, chapter 324 of the General Laws of 1903, relating to the distribution of penalties, costs and interest on real estate taxes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 51 of chapter 2 of the General Laws of 1902, as amended by section 1, of chapter 324 of the General Laws of 1903, be amended so as to read as follows:

"All penalties and interest accruing upon any tax levied by special assessment or otherwise, for local purposes, on real estate in any incorporated citi, borough or village shall be apportioned to the general revenue fund of the city, borough or village where the real estate is situated, and all other penalties, costs and interest collected on real estate taxes shall be apportioned one-half to the county revenue fund and the other half to school districts of the county in the manner provided for the distribution of other school funds by section 3763 of the General Statutes of 1894 as amended by chapter 49 of the General Laws of 1897.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 240—S. F. No. 372.

AN ACT to fix the salary of the members of the railroad and warehouse commission, and appropriating the necessary money therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Beginning with May 1st, 1905, the annual salary of each member of the railroad and warehouse commission shall be thirty-six hundred dollars, payable in the same manner as are salaries of other state officers. The necessary funds to pay the same are hereby annually appropriated out of any funds in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 241—S. F. No. 466.

AN ACT to amend section 1 of chapter 93 of the General Laws 1901, entitled "An act to authorize cities and villages having a population of less than fifty thousand (50,000) to accept proposed donations for public libraries, and authorizing such cities or villages to secure sites therefor and otherwise comply with the terms of said proposed donation, and to levy taxes therefor, and to pass control of such sites to the library board of such city or village."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section one (1) of chapter ninety-three (93) of the General Laws for the year 1901 be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. That whenever any incorporated city or village in this state having a population of less than fifty thousand (50,000) shall receive from any person, company or corporation a proposition to build, erect or construct a public library building, or to give or donate a sum of money for the purpose of the construction and erection of such public library building, the erection or construction of which public library building, or the donation of which sum of money for such purpose, is conditioned upon the securing by such city or village of a site for such public library building, as an annual tax or appropriation by such city or village for the maintenance of such library; that said city or village and the councils and governing bodies thereof be and they hereby are authorized to secure and take title to such tracts or parcels of land as they deem necessary and suitable for the site of such public library building, and by ordinance or ordinances, to be passed and enacted as other ordinances of said village or city are required to be passed and enacted, to pledge such city or village and the governing bodies thereof to annually thereafter levy and appropriate for the purpose of maintenance of such public library a sum not exceeding two mills on the dollar of and on all the taxable property of such city or village. All ordinances so enacted pledging such city or village to whom such proposition for the erection of a public library building, or the donation of money therefor shall be made to the annual appropriation of a sum of money not exceeding two mills on the dollar on the taxable property of such city or village, be and the same are hereby authorized, legalized and validated, anything in the laws or statutes of the State of Minnesota, or the special laws or statutes under which any of such cities or villages are incorporated, to the contrary nothwithstanding. And the city council or governing body of such incorporated city or village is hereby authorized and empowered to levy such tax for the support of such library property, not to exceed in any one year two mills on the dollar on all the taxable property of such city or village for the maintenance of such library.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 242—S. F. No. 382.

AN ACT giving courts of this state concurrent jurisdiction over certain waters forming a common boundary between this and other states.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That all courts and officers now having and exercising jurisdiction in any county or counties which are now formed or which may hereafter be formed in any part of this state bordering upon Big Stone Lake, Lake Traverse or the Red River of the North, shall have and exercise jurisdiction in all civil and criminal cases upon such waters concurrently with the courts and officers of other states bordering on such waters, so far and to such extent as the said bodies of waters or either of them shall form a common boundary between this state and any other state.

Sec. 2. The concurrent territorial jurisdiction of any such county and of all courts and officers exercising jurisdiction throughout the same, shall extend over such water area as would be included if the boundary lines of such county were produced in the direction of their approach and extended across said waters to the opposite shore.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 243—S. F. No. 273.

AN ACT to amend section nine hundred and twenty-eight (928) of the General Statutes of eighteen hundred and ninety-four (1894) as amended by section sixty-four (64) of the General Laws of nineteen hundred and three (1903), relating to the election of supervisors and other town officers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section nine hundred and twenty-eight (928) of the General Statutes of eighteen hundred and ninety-four (1894) as amended by chapter sixty-four (64) of the General Laws of nineteen hundred and three (1903), be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 928. There shall be elected at the annual town meeting in each town, three supervisors as hereinafter provided. The supervisors now in office shall hold their office for the full term for which they were elected according to the provisions of the Laws of 1903. One supervisor shall be elected in the year 1906, for a term of three years, and at each annual town meeting thereafter, there shall be one supervisor elected for a term of three years to fill the place of the one whose term expires at that time. After the expiration of the term for which any supervisor has been elected chairman under the provisions of said amended act of 1903, the supervisors shall at their first meeting after the annual town meeting thereafter, elect by ballot, one of their number chairman for a term of one year, and each year thereafter shall in the same manner elect their chairman for one year, but a vacancy may be filled by an election for the unexpired term at any meeting of the supervisors. There shall also be elected at the annual town meeting in each year, one town clerk, one treasurer, one assessor, each for a term of one year, and one overseer of highways for each road district in said town for one year, and there shall be elected, every two years, two justices of the peace and two constables, each to hold office for a term of two years, and until their successors are elected and qualified, except a vacancy may be filled by election at any annual town meeting.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 244—S. F. No. 494.

AN ACT to legalize certain bonds heretofore issued by organized towns for the purpose of building roads, bridges or town halls.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That in all cases where the bonds of any organized town in this state have been heretofore issued by such town for the purpose of building roads, bridges or town halls, and the proposition to issue such bonds has in fact been submitted to the electors of said town at any election therein held, and a majority of the votes cast at such election was in favor of such proposition, and the said bonds have been in fact issued and sold for not less than their par value, and the proceeds thereof have been actually paid to such township, and the said bonds upon their face contain a statement in substance that all acts and things required to be done, had or performed in reference to the issuance of such bonds have been done and performed and the said bonds so issued are hereby in all respects legalized and made binding and valid obligation of the town so issuing the same according to the terms in such bonds detailed.

Provided, that nothing in this act shall be held or construed to apply to any bonds issued before the passage of this act, the validity of which is in question in any action now pending in any court of this state, or of the United States, nor to any bond which on its face has matured and become payable or any interest coupon of which has matured and become payable, or bond, or any interest coupon whereof the payment of which on its face has been refused or contested by the town issuing the same.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 245—S. F. No. 473.

AN ACT to amend section 1883 of the General Statutes of 1894, as amended by chapter 47 of the General Laws of 1895, and chapter 213 of the General Laws of 1901, relating to laying out, altering or discontinuing judicial highways in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 1883 of the General Statutes of 1894, as amended by chapter 47 of the General Laws of 1895 and chapter 213 of the General Laws of 1901, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 1883. Whenever a petition praying for the location, alteration or vacation of any highway running into or through two or more counties, or on or partly on the line dividing two or more counties, in any judicial district in this state, signed by twenty legal voters and taxpayers resident in said counties, shall be presented to a judge of the district court in said district, or whenever a petition praying for the location, alteration or vacation of any highway running into or through two or more counties, or partly on the line dividing two or more counties in two or more judicial districts in this state, signed by twenty legal voters and taxpayers, resident in said counties, shall be presented to a judge of the district court of one of said districts, the said judge is hereby authorized to appoint three commissioners whose duty it shall be to meet at such times and places as may be necessary, and to immediately proceed to lay out, alter or vacate such road as directed by the judge in accordance with the prayer of the petition; provided, that no road shall be ordered by the judge to extend more than six miles outside of the judicial district in which the application is made, and such road shall be extended beyond the district only for the purpose of commencing or ending at some village or public road.

Provided, however, that in cases where said road, if a new road, or if an old road, the part thereof to be altered or vacated runs through or into two or more counties situated in two or more judicial districts, the judge to whom the petition was presented shall appoint commissioners from each of the counties affected by said road, not exceeding five in all, and to direct them to lay out, alter vacate said road accordingly; and it shall be the duty of said commissioners to meet at such times and places as may be necessary and to proceed to lay out, alter or vacate said road in like manner as provided herein in other cases."

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 246—S. F. No. 254.

AN ACT to amend section one (1) of chapter six (6) of the General Laws for the State of Minnesota for the year 1887, being paragraph 2026 of the Statutes for the year 1894, relating to the disposition and sale of intoxicating liquor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section one (1) of chapter six (6) of General Laws of State of Minnesota for the year eighteen hundred and eighty-seven (1887) being paragraph 2026 of the Statutes of eighteen hundred and ninety-four (1894) relating to the disposition and sale of intoxicating liquors, be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. Any person applying to the county commissioners of any county, or to the municipal authorities of any city, village, town or borough of this state for a license to sell intoxicating liquors shall, before the same is issued, file with the clerk of said board of commissioners or with the clerk or recorder of such city, village, town or borough, a bond, with two or more sureties who shall be freeholders of the county, and who shall justify in twice the amount of said bond, to be approved by said board of county commissioners or by the common council or other governing body of any town, village or borough, or the common council of any city, to which such application is made, in the penal sum of two thousand ($2,000) dollars conditioned that the said person so licensed will not sell or otherwise dispose of any intoxicating liquors at any place other than the room named in such license, nor on the Sabbath, nor on any general or special election day, and that he will keep a quiet and orderly house, and not permit gambling with cards or with any other means or device for money or its representative, or other thing of value, in the house or place of business of such person, and will not sell, barter, give away or otherwise furnish or dispose of such liquors to any minor person, or to any pupil or student in any public school, academy, seminary or other institution of learning, nor to any intemperate person nor habitual drunkard. Such licensee shall be liable upon his said bond whether his said license has been revoked or not.

The surety or sureties on any such bond shall be liable for any damage or injury caused by or resulting from the violation of any of the conditions thereof in any and all cases where the principal upon such bond may be liable. The amount specified in such bond is declared to be a penalty, the amount recoverable to be measured by the actual damages. No persons shall be accepted as sureties on any such bond who are already on any other bond given pursuant to the provisions of this section.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 247—S. F. No. 427.

AN ACT to legalize certain ditches, drains or water-courses which drain shallow, grassy or muddy meandered lakes which have been located and established, or attempted to be located and established, under and pursuant to the provisions of chapter 258 of the General Laws of 1901, and the several acts amendatory thereof, and to declare legal and valid all assessments and liens made and levied under and pursuant to said acts.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Where the board of county commissioners of any county in this state, under and pursuant to the provisions of chapter 258 of the General Laws of 1901, and the several acts amendatory thereof, have located and established, or attempted to locate and establish, any ditch, drain or water-course which drains in whole or in part any shallow, grassy or muddy meandered lake, and the said board of county commissioners in granting the petition for locating and establishing any such ditch, drain or water-course have found and determined that such ditch, drain or water-course will be conducive to the public health, convenience or welfare, and will be of public benefit or utility, and have made such findings and determinations part of the order locating and establishing any such ditch, drain or water-course, said ditch, drain or water-course is hereby in all things legalized and confirmed, and all proceedings had by any such board of county commissioners in locating and establishing any such ditch, drain or water-course are hereby in all things legalized and confirmed, and any such ditch, drain or water-course is hereby declared to be conducive to the public health, convenience and welfare, and of public benefit and utility; and any and all assessments or liens levied, or that may hereafter be levied, against the lands benefited by the construction of any such ditch, drain or water-course by the county auditor of the proper county for the cost of the location and establishment and construction of the same, pursuant to said acts, are hereby legalized and confirmed and declared to be valid and of full force and effect and a lien against said lands until paid, according to the provisions of said chapter 258 of the General Laws of 1901 and the several acts amendatory thereof. Provided, that the provisions of this act shall not apply unless the order of the board of county commissioners locating and establishing any such ditch, drain or water-course has been made and entered more than six months prior to the passage of this act.

Sec. 2. The provisions of this act shall not apply to any action or proceeding now pending in any court of this state directly attacking or bringing in question any such proceeding upon the ground that the same drains any meandered lake, nor to any appeal now pending in any court in this state bringing in question the amount of benefits to any tract of land, or the amount of damages allowed to any person, in any such proceeding locating and establishing any such ditch, drain or water-course.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 248—S. F. NO. 481.

AN ACT to amend chapter 327, General Laws 1903, entitled "An act to amend section seventy-four of chapter 175 of the Laws of 1895, entitled an act to revise and codify the insurance laws of the state." This amendment relates to the publication of the annual statement of insurance companies as required in said act.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 1 of chapter 327 of the General Laws of 1903, amending section 74 of chapter 175 of the General Laws of 1895 be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 74. Every insurance company doing business in this state must transmit to the insurance commissioner a statement of its condition and business for the year ending on the 31st day of December. Said statement must be published in the county of the company's home office, if within the state, otherwise in each of the two most populous counties of the state, and in all cases—for at least three successive weeks, once in each week, in a legal newspaper; and provided further, that when the said statement is published in each of the two most populous counties of the state under the provisions of this act such statement must be published in a daily newspaper conforming with the requirements of section 7002 of the General Statutes of 1894. All statements for publication shall be made out on blanks furnished by the insurance commissioner and under his direction, and the insurance commissioner's certificate of authority to do business in this state shall be published in connection with said statement of each company doing business in this state.

Proof of publication, to-wit, the printer's affidavit of the fact shall be filed with the insurance commissioner in all cases.

In case such statement is not published by the company, or its agent, and proof of publication filed as required within sixty days from the date of filing the statement with the insurance commissioner it shall be the duty of the insurance commissioner to have the same published as provided in this section, and collect the cost of said publication from the company.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, A. D. 1905.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 249—S. F. NO. 120.

AN ACT designating and directing the statue of Alexander Ramsey, deceased, to be placed in the National Statuary Hall in the capitol at Washington, appointing commissioners, for designing, making and installing such statue.

Whereas, by section number 1814 of the Revised Statutes of the United States the president of the United States is authorized to invite all the states to provide and furnish statues in marble or bronze, not exceeding two in number for each state, of deceased who have been citizens thereof and illustrious for their historic renown, or for distinguished civil or military services, such as each state may deem to be worthy of national commemoration, such statues when so furnished to be placed in the old hall of the house of representatives of the United States, which is thereby set apart, or so much thereof as is necessary, as a national statuary hall for the purpose so indicated; and, whereas, the president of the United States has invited all the states to provide and furnish statues; now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That as one of the citizens of the State of Minnesota, whose statue shall be placed in such national statuary hall in the capitol at Washington, there is hereby designated Alexander Ramsey, now deceased, illustrious for his public services as territorial and state governor of Minnesota, in negotiating treaties for the extinguishment of the Indian right to the occupancy of the soil over the fairest part of Minnesota, and so preparing it for the advancement of civilization; in laying broad and deep and well the foundation of civil government of the State of Minnesota; and in his patriotic and steadfast devotion and labors to throw the power of the state to the aid of the federal government in the suppression of the unhappy rebellion of 1861, and in the defense of the people of the state against savage foes in the Sioux Indian massacre of 1862; distinguished for his public services in the congress of the United States, in the house of representatives and later in the senate, and in the national councils, as secretary of war, and for other public services; and who, for such services, is deemed by the State of Minnesota worthy of national commemoration.

Sec. 2. James T. McCleary, James J. Hill and Thomas B. Walker, citizens of Minnesota, are hereby appointed commissioners for the State of Minnesota for the designing, making and installing in such national statuary hall, such statue of Alexander Ramsey.

Sec. 3. The said commissioners shall create no public liability under this chapter until after report to and approval by the legislature.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 250—S. F. NO. 391.

AN ACT empowering city councils in cities now or hereafter having a population of not less than 10,000 inhabitants and not more than 20,000 inhabitants to grant authority for the construction of street railway lines in such cities, and for the purpose of connecting said cities with surrounding territory and other cities and villages, and legalizing and confirming such authority heretofore granted by such city councils.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the city council of any city in this state now or hereafter having a population of not less than 10,000 inhabitants and not more than 20,000 inhabitants, according to the then last official state or national census, is hereby empowered to grant by ordinance to any person, persons or corporation the authority, right and privilege to construct, maintain and operate street railway lines by other than steam power upon the streets of any said city, and also authority to connect such street railway lines in any said city with other territory, cities and villages in the State of Minnesota for a period of not exceeding twenty-five years. Provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorize the making of any exclusive franchise.

Sec. 2. Where any city council of any said city has heretofore granted by ordinance or resolution to any person, persons or corporation the right and authority to use its streets for the construction and operation of street railway lines of the character described in section 1 hereof, for a period not to exceed twenty-five years, and where such ordinance or resolution has been accepted by such person, persons or corporation, every such ordinance or resolution is hereby legalized and declared to be valid, provided that nothing herein shall be construed to confirm or legalize the granting of any franchise to the extent of making the same exclusive.

Sec. 3. This act shall not include or apply to cities now governed under a charter adopted under and pursuant to section thirty-six (36), article four (4), of the constitution of this state, as amended, and chapter three hundred and fifty-one (351) of the General Laws of 1899 and the several acts amendatory thereof.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 251—S. F. No. 455.

AN ACT to fix the time for the election of superintendent of schools of special districts.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the superintendent of schools of every special district in this state in which it is provided that said superintendent shall be elected by the board of education of said special district may be elected at any time, notwithstanding any provision in the charter or special act under which such special district was created which requires the election of such superintendent to be had at the first meeting after the annual election of members of said board of education.

Sec. 2. This act shall apply to all school districts created under a special law of the State of Minnesota.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 252—S. F. No. 267.

AN ACT requiring railway companies, telegraph companies, express companies and other corporations doing the business of a common carrier in the State of Minnesota to use the same name for their stations as the name of the city or village in which such station is located.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Every railway company, telegraph company, express company or other company or corporation doing business as a common carrier which now has or shall hereafter have or maintain any station in any city or village within the State of Minnesota shall publish in its printed matter published for the public, and use as the name of such station only, the name of the city or village in which such station is located or by which such city or village is or may be incorporated.

Sec. 2. Every such railway company, telegraph company, express company or other common carrier is hereby prohibited from using or continuing to use within the State of Minnesota a different name for its station from that of the city or village within which such station is located or which is in use by the local government post-office, unless there is some village or postoffice on the same division of any railroad in this state the name of which is so similar as to be confusing in the dispatch of train orders.

Sec. 3. Any such railway company, telegraph company, express company or other common carrier failing to comply with the provisions of this act shall forfeit to the city or village where such station is located the sum of one hundred dollars ($100.00) for each day that such failure shall continue. Provided, that before any such company shall be deemed to be in default the council of the city or village within which such station is located shall notify such company to change the name of such station to the same name as that of such city or village within sixty (60) days after the service of such notice upon such company.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 1905.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 253—S. F. NO. 167.

AN ACT to amend chapter 238 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1903, entitled "An act relating to the framing of its own charter for its government as a city, by any city incorporated prior to the adoption of Article IV, section 36, Constitution of Minnesota, of any village desiring to be incorporated as a city, and to the amending of any charter already on or hereafter adopted by any city or any village, for its government as a city, under the provisions of section 6 of Article IV of the Constitution of Minnesota, and of any statutes enacted in pursuance thereof," approved April 17, 1903.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section six (6) of chapter 238 of the General Laws of Minnesota, for the year 1903, entitled "An act relating to the framing of its own charter for its government as a city, by any city incorporated prior to the adoption of Article IV, section 36, Constitution of Minnesota, of any village desiring to be incorporated as a city, and to the amending of any charter, already or hereafter adopted by any city or any village, for its government as a city, under the provisions of section 36, of Article IV of the Constitution of Minnesota, and of any statutes enacted in pursuance thereof, approved April 17, 1903, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 6. Such charter, so adopted, may be amended by a proposal therefor made by said board and accepted by the qualified voters of such city or village, in the manner herein provided. Or upon the application of five (5) per cent of the legal voters of such city or village, by written petition addressed to and filed with such board of fifteen (15) freeholders, such board shall submit to the vote of the people any amendments to such charter endorsed by such application and petition. Any such proposed amendment, whether the proposal therefor is made by the board itself or on application and petition, as aforesaid, shall, when drafted, be returned by said board to the chief magistrate of such city or village, within thirty days, signed by the members of said board, or a majority thereof, and the law-making authorities of such city or village shall forthwith on the return of such proposed amendment to the chief magistrate as aforesaid, make suitable provision for submitting to the qualified voters of such city or village the question of the adoption of such amendment at the next election. Such question may be submitted either at the next general election or at a special election to be held prior thereto; and whether such election be general or special, it shall be conducted in all respects in the manner provided for general or special elections by the general laws of this state. Said law-making authorities are hereby empowered to call a special election for the purpose of submitting such amendment or amendments, or they may be submitted at a special election called for any other purpose. Said law-making authorities in calling a special election for said purpose are hereby empowered to fix the date for said special election co-incident with the date of a general county or other election, and if this is done said special election shall be held at the same voting places as said general election, and the election officers for said general election shall act as the election officers for said special election. Such amendment may be as to separate particulars of said charter or by an entire re-draft thereof in the nature of a revision to be submitted for ratification as a single question. The proposal for such amendment or amendments shall be published once in three papers of general circulation in such city or village, or, if there are not three such papers, then in such less number as there may be, at least twenty days prior to such election. Provided, that in any such city now or hereafter having a population of ten thousand inhabitants or less and in any such village it shall be a sufficient compliance with the requirements of this section as to publication of such proposal, to publish the same once in the official newspaper of such city or village at least twenty days prior to such election, or if there be no such official newspaper, then in a newspaper of the county in which such city or village is situated, of general circulation.

The form of ballot to be used in submitting any such amendment or amendments shall be prepared as provided by the general election laws of this state. Except when an amendment in the nature of a revision of the charter is proposed, the general nature of the amendment or amendments shall be briefly indicated on the ballot. When amendments to the charter by a re-draft thereof, in the nature of a revision are to be submitted, the ballot shall have printed on it this question: "Shall the proposed amended charter of the city of .... be ratified?"

When only one amendment is to be submitted the ballot shall have printed on it this question: "Shall the proposed amendment to the charter of the city of .... be ratified?"

When more than one amendment is to be submitted such amendments shall be numbered separately, and the ballot shall have printed upon it as to each amendment, "Shall the proposed amendment to the charter of the city of............ numbered ...... be ratified?" Following and to the right of any such question shall be printed the words Yes, No, the one under the other. The voter shall indicate his choice by an "X" marked to the right of the "Yes" or the "No," according as he is in favor of or opposed to the ratification of any proposed amendment. If any such proposed amendment is accepted by three-fifths (3-5) of the qualified voters of such city or village voting at the election, whether general or special, next following the return thereof to the chief magistrate, it shall become a part of such charter at the end of thirty (30) days after the election, at which the same was accepted and ratified, unless the proposed amendment otherwise provides, in which event it shall take effect and be in force only from the date provided for in such proposed amendment. Any and all amendments to any such charter which have heretofore been adopted shall, within ninety (90) days from and after the passage of this act be duly certified, authenticated, recorded and filed in the same manner as herein provided for certifying, authenticating, recording and filing amendments hereafter made, ratified and accepted; and when so certified, authenticated, recorded and filed (and not otherwise) the same shall be received in evidence by any court of this state."

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 254—S. F. No. 408.

AN ACT to legalize certain proceedings in probate court.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That any hearing or proceeding heretofore had or held in any probate court in this state, under the provisions of the Probate Code relating to the probating of a will, the appointment of an executor or administrator, or the issuance of a final decree, where the notice of such hearing or proceeding was published the requisite number of times in a legal and proper newspaper, but such hearing or proceeding was prematurely held, and no action or proceeding has heretofore been instituted to set aside or invalidate the action of the Probate Court in such hearing or proceeding, is hereby legalized, validated and given the same force and effect as if proper notice thereof had been given and such hearing or proceeding had been held at the proper time; provided that nothing herein contained shall be construed to apply to any action or proceeding heretofore brought or which shall be brought within one year from the passage of this act to test the validity of any such probate hearing or proceeding, or in which a defense alleging the invalidity thereof has been interposed; or to any action heretofore brought or which shall be brought within one year from the date of the passage of this act involving any right, title or estate in lands situate within this state derived under said will.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 255—S. F. No. 151.

AN ACT to amend section five thousand five hundred thirty-two (5532) of the General Statutes of the year eighteen hundred ninety-four (1894), relating to contracts, torts and property rights and liabilities of married women.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section five thousand five hundred thirty-two (5532) of the General Statutes of the year eighteen hundred and ninety-four (1894) be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 5532. Contracts, Torts, Property Rights and Liabilities.—Every married woman is bound by her contracts and responsible for her torts, and her property shall be liable for her debts and torts to the same extent as if unmarried. She may make any contract which she could make if unmarried, and shall be bound thereby, except that no conveyance or contract for the sale of her homestead, or any interest therein, shall be valid unless her husband joins with her therein.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 256—S. F. No. 259.

AN ACT to amend section 4539 of the General Statutes of 1894, relating to the appointment of testamentary guardians.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 4539 of the General Statutes of Minnesota for the year 1894 be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4539. The father with the written consent of the mother, and the mother with the written consent of the father, may by will appoint a guardian of their minor children, whether born at the time of making the will or afterwards, to continue during their minority or a less time, and if either parent dies without having appointed a testamentary guardian, the survivor may by will appoint such guardian. Such guardian, within thirty days after probate of the will, or after he has knowledge of his appointment, and in case of appeal within thirty days after final determination of such appeal, shall file with the probate court his acceptance of the trust and give bond to be approved by the court. Thereupon a certificate shall be issued to him, under the hand and seal of the court, reciting his appointment by will, his acceptance and qualification. He shall then have the same powers and perform the same duties, with respect to the person and estate of the ward, as a guardian appointed by the probate court. Such guardian shall at all times be subject to the jurisdiction, direction and orders of the probate court, and may be removed by such court for good cause. If any guardian so appointed by will does not accept the trust and qualify within the time limited, he shall be deemed to have renounced the appointment, and the probate court may then appoint a guardian as in other cases.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 257—S. F. No. 349.

AN ACT to amend section 1 of chapter 173, Laws of 1903, entitled "An act to establish and provide for the maintenance of public libraries and reading rooms; to create a board of library directors and prescribe their powers and duties and to repeal certain acts inconsistent herewith.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 1 of chapter 173, Laws of 1903, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. That the city council of any incorporated city, or village council of any incorporated village, shall have power to establish and maintain a public library and reading room, or either of them, for the use and benefit of the inhabitants of such city or village, and by ordinance to set apart for the use and benefit of such library real estate or other public property belonging to the municipality, and may levy a tax not exceeding two (2) mills on the dollar annually, and in cities of over twenty thousand (20,000) inhabitants not to exceed one (1) mill on the dollar annually on all the taxable property in the city; such tax to be levied and collected in like manner with other general taxes of said city or village, and to be known as "library fund." And the board of directors in this chapter provided for shall have power to admit to the benefit of such library persons not residing within the corporate limits of the city or village under such regulations and conditions as it may prescribe. Said board may also contract with the board of county commissioners of the county in which the library is situated, or of adjacent counties, or with the village trustee or governing body of any neighboring town, city or village to loan the books of said library, either singly or in traveling libraries, to the residents of said county, town, city or village, upon such terms as shall be agreed upon in such contract. All such boards or officers are hereby empowered to make contracts for such purposes, and to pay the consideration agreed upon out of the county, town or village treasury. Upon petition of fifty freeholding citizens in any such city or village the council of any such city or village shall submit the question of the establishment of such public library or reading room to the legal voters of such city or village at the next annual election held therein, and if a two-thirds majority of the votes cast on such question at such election are in favor of the establishment of such public library or reading room, then the council of such city or village shall establish the same and shall annually thereafter levy for the maintenance of such public library or reading room a tax not to exceed the rate hereinbefore provided. Whenever any council has heretofore established a library or reading room, and by ordinance set apart property for its use and benefit, its action is hereby confirmed. That any public library or reading room or public library and reading room which has heretofore been established in any city or village under any law of this state, and is being maintained as such by any such city or village is hereby confirmed and continued in existence and shall hereafter be maintained and operated under the provision of this act.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 258—S. F. No. 399.

AN ACT legalizing sales of real estate under execution issued out of the district court upon judgment rendered by justices of the peace and transcripted to district courts before executions were issued by the justice.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That in all cases where judgment has been rendered in any justice court of this state and transcripted to the district court in the proper county and execution issued out of the district court on said judgment, and levies and sales of real estate made under and pursuant to said execution without first having an execution issued and returned unsatisfied in justice court as provided by law, such levies and sales made thereunder are hereby in all things legalized and said sales declared as valid and effective in all respects as if the execution had been duly issued and been returned unsatisfied in justice court before said transcript had been issued and filed in the district court, provided this act shall not appply to any action now pending.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after January 1, 1906.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 259—S. F. NO. 523.

AN ACT to authorize county commissioners to grant additional salary to county auditors for clerk hire in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That in counties having a population of not less than thirty-two thousand (32,000) and not more than forty thousand (40,000) inhabitants and an assessed valuation of not less than eleven million five hundred thousand dollars ($11,500,000) nor more than fifteen million dollars ($15,000,000), and where the auditor and the auditor's clerks' salaries are now governed by special law, the county commissioners may grant annually an additional sum not exceeding seven hundred dollars ($700) for clerk hire.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18th, 1905.

CHAPTER 260—S. F. No. 431.

AN ACT to amend section 3, chapter 333 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1903 entitled "An act fixing and regulating the collection and disposition of fees of clerks of the district court in counties having or which hereafter may have a population of 200,000 inhabitants or over."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 3 of chapter 333 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1903, entitled "An act fixing and regulating the collection and disposition of fees of clerks of the district court in counties having or which hereafter may have a population of 200,000 inhabitants or over," be amended so as to read as follows: When any such action or proceeding is dismissed by either party no further fee shall be paid, but on the continuance of the same to a succeeding general term, at the request of either party, a further fee of twenty-five cents shall be paid by the party requesting said continuance.

Sec. 2. That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 261—S. F. No. 460.

AN ACT to legalize newspapers in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. No newspaper in this state, which conforms in all respects to the statutes defining a legal newspaper, except that it was not published for two consecutive weeks at some time since it became a legal newspaper, shall be deprived of its standing as such legal newspaper by reason of such omission; but such newspaper shall be deemed to be a legal newspaper notwithstanding such omission of its publication for two (2) consecutive weeks.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 262—S. F. No. 442.

AN ACT entitled "An act to authorize boards of county commissioners to be represented at state conferences of charities and correction."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Every board of county commissioners shall have the power to designate annually one of its members to attend the state conference of charities and correction, and shall have the power to appropriate from the county funds to pay the reasonable expense incurred by such commissioner in attending such conference.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 263—S. F. No. 356.

AN ACT authorizing village councils to furnish musical entertainments for the public.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota.

Section 1. That the village council of any village of this state is hereby authorized to expend an amount not exceeding fifty dollars ($50) annually for free musical entertainment for the public. The said council is hereby authorized to audit the bills for such expenses and allow an order for the payment of the same.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 264—S. F. No. 448.

AN ACT entitled "An act to provide for the settlement and compromise of certain taxes and assessments in counties of this state having more than 75,000 inhabitants and less than 150,000 inhabitants."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. In any county in this state now or hereafter having a population of more than 75,000 inhabitants and less than 150,000 inhabitants according to the then next preceding state or national census, whenever any vacant or unimproved property in any city thereof has been forfeited to the state for the taxes of the year 1899 or for any prior year or years and not sold or assigned for such taxes to an actual purchaser before the passage of this act, all taxes against the property, together with all unpaid assessments, if any, levied prior to the year 1898, and for which the property covered thereby has not been sold to an actual purchaser, may be settled, compromised and adjusted in the manner and for the amounts in this act provided.

Sec. 2. In the case of any such property having against it no assessments, any owner or person otherwise interested therein may make to the board of county commissioners of such county a proposition in writing offering to pay in settlement of all taxes, penalties and costs against such property and still in the state a sum not less than the taxes levied and assessed against the same for the year 1904 multiplied by the number of years for which the same are outstanding and unpaid. In case of any such property having against it any assessments levied prior to the year 1898 for which no sale or assignment has been made to an actual purchaser, any owner or person otherwise interested therein may make a proposition to such board of county commissioners in writing offering to pay in settlement of all taxes and assessments against the property which have not been sold or assigned to an actual purchaser a sum equal to one-half the taxes thereon for the year 1904 multiplied by the number of years for which such taxes are outstanding and unpaid, together with all assessments, penalties and costs levied and assessed for the year 1898 and subsequent years in full and 20 per cent of all assessments levied and assessed prior to the year 1898 without penalties or interest. Any proposition made under the provisions of this section shall be, to entitle the same to consideration, accompanied with an amount of cash or a certified check equal to the amount of the offer.

Sec. 3. When any such offer is made to such board the board shall consider the same, and if in their judgment the amount of the offer is at least twenty per cent of the actual selling value of the property and the proposed settlement or compromise is for the best interests of such city and county of which facts the resolution of such board reciting the same and the endorsement of his approval by the county auditor of such county upon such offer shall be conclusive evidence, then the county treasurer shall accept the amount so offered in settlement of such taxes and assessments.

Sec. 4. Any sums realized from any such settlement shall be apportioned by the county auditor of such county in the following manner: After paying to the state the full amount of the state tax the remaining portion of all taxes paid shall be distributed between the county and its subdivisions in proportion to the amount of their respective levies and the portion realized of and from any assessments shall be paid to the city levying the same.

Sec. 5. Upon the request of the county auditor of any such county the comptroller of any city within the same shall furnish a list of the assessments unpaid against any such property not already certified to the office of such county auditor and showing the amount of each such assessment outstanding, the year in which the same was levied, and, in case such assessment was levied during the year 1898 or in any subsequent year, showing the amount required to redeem the same and showing what assessments, if any, have been sold to and are held by actual purchasers.

Sec. 6. The settlement provided for by the terms of this act may be made and accepted at any time within six months from the date of its passage.

Sec. 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 265—S. F. No. 344.

AN ACT to amend section 1 of chapter 220 of the Laws of 1899 relating to the education of children and providing for truant officers in ungraded schools.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section one (1) of chapter 220 of the Laws of 1899 be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. Every parent, guardian or other person who resides in any school district or city, and who has control of any child or children of or between the ages of eight and eighteen years, shall send such child or children to a public, parochial or private school in each year during the entire time the public schools of such district or city are in session.

Provided, however, that such child or children may be excused from such attendance for the whole or any part of such period by the school board or board of education of the school district or city in which such parent, guardian or person having control, resides, upon its being shown to the satisfaction of such board—

(1) That such parent, guardian or other person having control is not able by reason of poverty to clothe such child properly; or (2) that such child's bodily or mental condition is such as to prevent his attendance at school or application to study for the period required; or (3) that such child is taught at home in such branches of study as are usually taught in public schools, subject to the same examination as other pupils of such district or city; or (4) that such child has already acquired the ordinary branches required by law; or (5) that such child is actually engaged in some useful occupation, employment or service permitted by law.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 266—S. F. NO. 337.

AN ACT to amend section two (2) of chapter two hundred and seventy-one (271) of the Laws of Minnesota for the year nineteen hundred and one (1901), relating to a burial place for indigent and insane soldiers and sailors who may die in any of the hospitals or asylums for the insane of this state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section two (2) of chapter two hundred and seventy-one (271) of the Laws of Minnesota for the year nineteen hundred and one (1901) be, and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 2. That the fund so appropriated shall be disbursed by the state auditor in the manner and under the conditions following, and not otherwise, viz: That as soon as the citizens or any number of them of any town in the state in which an insane hospital or asylum is located, shall have procured a suitable lot, or plot of ground of sufficient size near such hospital or asylum, and such plot of ground shall be deeded to some responsible person or persons in said town or vicinity in trust for the burial of the persons heretofore named, and shall file a copy of the deed conveying such plot of ground with the state auditor, and such officer shall be satisfied that the ground so selected and deeded is sufficient and suitable for such purpose he shall thereupon draw an order upon the state treasurer for the payment of the sum of five hundred dollars ($500), payable to the Grand Army post nearest such hospital or asylum, and such order shall be paid by said treasurer, to the post quartermaster when endorsed by the commander of such post and by such quartermaster, and such fund shall be employed by such post in beautifying and caring for such ground, and in the erection of a suitable monument thereon; provided that a portion of such fund, not to exceed two hundred dollars ($200) may be used for the payment of a portion of the purchase price of such lot or plot of ground. Annual accounts of the disposition and condition of which said fund shall be furnished by the quartermaster of such post and filed in the office of said state auditor. Provided further, that it shall be no objection to said deed of trust if it shall also provide for the burial in said plot of ground of the bodies of indigent soldiers and sailors, their wives and widows as aforesaid who may die in the vicinity."

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18th, 1905.

CHAPTER 267—S. F. NO. 493.

AN ACT to authorize the use of voting machines at elections, and to authorize cities, villages and towns to issue bonds to defray the cost of the purchase thereof, and to repeal existing laws relating to voting machines.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The governing body of any city, village or town in this state may provide for the use of voting machines in all or one or more election districts thereof at all elections to be held therein, including primary elections; and at any such elections, the vote or ballot may be had and taken, and the votes cast thereat registered or recorded and counted, and the results of such election or elections ascertained by the use of voting machines instead of in the mode and manner now established by law, provided, however, that the adoption, examination, purchase and use of such machines and their use at such elections, shall be subject to the provisions hereinafter contained.

Sec. 2. Where voting machines are authorized and employed, the arrangement of the names of the candidates thereon for each office shall be substantially the same as that prescribed by law where printed ballots are used, except that the provision contained in the general election law requiring the rotation of the names of candidates where more than one is to be elected to the same office, need not be observed. In such case, the names of the candidates of the various political parties shall be arranged on the ballot form alphabetically according to surnames.

The machine adopted or employed must be so constructed as to insure to every elector an opportunity to vote in secret; to permit him to vote once and only once for all the candidates and upon all the propositions for whom or upon which he is legally entitled to vote; to permit him to vote by means of some device connected with the mechanism of the machine, for any person for any office elective by the voters of his election district at such election, although such person has not been regularly nominated for such office by any political party, and his name does not appear upon the ballot form on or in such machine as a candidate for such office; to prevent the elector from voting for more than one person for the same office, unless he is lawfully entitled to vote for more than one person therefor, and in that event to limit him to the number to be elected to that office; to prevent him at a primary election from voting for the nomination of candidates of more than one party, or for any person whose name is not on the official ballot at such election; to prevent him from voting for any office or upon any proposed amendment, question or proposition, for whom or upon which he is not lawfully entitled to vote; to permit him to change or retract any vote he has attempted to cast for any candidate for any office or upon any proposition up to the time his vote has been completed, and his vote in favor of such person or proposition has been registered thereon. No machine which does not comply with these requirements shall be approved, authorized or employed.

Sec. 3. There is hereby created a body to be known as "The Minnesota Voting Machine Commission," consisting of three members, including the attorney general, who shall be chairman.

Within thirty days after the passage of this act, there shall be appointed as members of said commission, two competent and responsible persons, who shall be master mechanics or graduates of a school of mechanical engineering.

The governor shall appoint one of said members and the attorney general the other.

None of the members of said commission shall, directly or indirectly, have any pecuniary interest in any voting machine. The said appointees shall serve for a term of four years from the date of appointment and until their successors are in like manner appointed. The appointing power may fill vacancies in said commission. The said members of said commission so appointed shall qualify without delay by taking and filing with the secretary of state an oath of office in writing in the usual form, and shall elect one of their members to be secretary and one to be treasurer.

Any person, company or corporation owning or being interested in any voting machine may apply to said commission to examine such machine and to report as to its compliance with the requirements of the law and on its accuracy, durability, efficiency and capacity to register the will of electors. The commission shall thereupon examine the machine so submitted, and make and file its report thereon. Said examination shall not be required as to each individual machine, but only as to each particular kind or type of machine before its adoption, use, or purchase as provided herein. The report of said commission shall be signed by the attorney general and at least one other member, and shall be filed with the secretary of state within ten days after the close of said examination.

If, from said report, it shall appear that, in the opinion of the commission, the kind of machine so examined complies with the requirements of this act and can be used safely at elections in this state, under the conditions prescribed by this act and by the laws of the state where the same do not conflict herewith, then said machine shall be deemed approved by said commission, and machines of its kind may be adopted and purchased for use, and may be used at elections in this state as herein provided. No form of voting machine not so approved may be used at any election in this state.

As the examination fee herein, said application shall be accompanied by the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars. After there has been deducted and paid out of said sum all expenses incurred by said commission in the discharge of its duties herein the balance shall, at such time as the commission may decide, be paid in equal parts to the members of said commission other than the attorney general, as full compensation for their services and expenses herein.

Sec. 4. Whenever the governing body of any city, village or town shall determine to use such machines, it shall by resolution or ordinance prescribe suitable rules and instructions not inconsistent with the provisions of this act for using the same, submit the same to the attorney general for his approval, and when approved by him, cause notices thereof to be given, as in the case of election notices.

Sec. 5. The governing body of each city, village and town in this state is hereby authorized to purchase for the use of each election district, in which it has authorized the use of voting machines, one or more such machines in complete working order, and to make suitable provision for the adjustment, custody and care thereof.

Sec. 6. No more than three judges of election and no more than two clerks of election shall be employed to officiate in any district wherein voting machines are used. The judges shall enforce the rules prescribed for the use of such machines, and carry out all the provisions of the election laws of this state relating to elections, except such as are rendered inapplicable by the use of such machines. The election districts in which voting machines are to be used may be enlarged or reformed in the manner prescribed in the general election law, so that each district shall, when so first formed, contain not to exceed six hundred male electors, as shown by the registration books used at the then next preceding general election.

Sec. 7. Payment for such machines may be provided for in such manner as is deemed for the best interests of the political division adopting and purchasing them, and each city, village and town is hereby authorized for said purpose, to appropriate money from the general fund, to levy a tax in the same manner as other taxes are levied, or to issue and sell bonds or other certificates of indebtedness, which shall be a charge upon such city, village or town so adopting and purchasing such voting machines, and to provide for the payment and redemption thereof, at maturity. Such bonds or other certificates of indebtedness when issued by a city having a population of more than fifty thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding state or national census, may be issued by a majority vote of its governing body, and when issued by a city of any other class or by a village or town, by vote of its governing body duly ratified by the electors of such city, village or town at the next election held therein.

The bonds or certificates of indebtedness so issued may bear interest at a rate not exceeding six per cent per annum and may be made payable at such time not exceeding twenty years from the date thereof, as may be determined by the resolution or ordinance authorizing the issuance thereof, and may be issued exclusive of and in addition to any limit of indebtedness fixed by the charter of such city or village, or by the laws of this state for such city, village or town, but such bonds or certificates shall not be issued or sold at less than par and accrued interest thereon.

Sec. 8. All laws and parts of laws now in force in this state relating to state, county, city, village and town elections, and defining the powers and duties of election officers so far as applicable to the use of voting machines, shall remain in full force and effect, and all laws and parts of laws inconsistent herewith shall be suspended in each city, village, town or election district wherein such voting machines are used, so long as the same shall be used therein.

Chapter 206, General Laws of 1897, and chapter 315, General Laws 1899, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 9. Any person who shall wilfully injure or attempt to injure or render ineffectual, any voting machine provided in accordance with the provisions of this act or who shall violate any of the provisions hereof, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and punished accordingly.

Sec. 10. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18th, 1905.

CHAPTER 268—S. F. NO. 440.

AN ACT entitled "An act empowering boards of education in incorporated cities having over fifty thousand (50,000) inhabitants and constituting special or independent school districts to make rules and regulations for the government and management of schools and for the employment and exannulation of teachers therein."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Boards of education in incorporated cities having over fifty thousand (50,000) inhabitants and constituting special or independent school districts may employ superintendents and teachers, and may make rules and regulations for the government of schools and for the employment and examination of teachers and prescribing their powers and duties; and prescribing the description, grading and classification of scholars and their management and the course of instruction and books to be used and other matters pertaining to the government and welfare of schools.

Sec. 2. This act shall not be construed as modifying or attempting to modify any charter adopted under and pursuant to section 36, article IV, of the Constitution of the State of Minnesota, as amended, and chapter 351 of the General Laws of 1899 and amendments thereto.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 269—S. F. NO. 470.

AN ACT to authorize cities in this state now or hereafter having a population of over fifty thousand inhabitants, to sell and dispose of unredeemed local improvement assessment certificates and the interest acquired by such cities in the lands described therein.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That any city in this state now or hereafter having a population of over fifty thousand inhabitants, now or hereafter holding or owning any sale certificates issued under and by virtue of any local improvement assessment, made by the proper authorities of such city, upon which the time for redemption has expired, may sell and dispose of the same or any part thereof and all interest acquired by such city thereunder in the lands therein described.

Sec. 2. Such sale shall be made by the treasurer of such city publishing a notice in the official paper of such city once in each week for three successive weeks that sealed proposals will be received therefor, the last publication to be at least ten days before the date set for receiving such proposals. The notice shall specify the date and the amount of each certificate, together with a description of the lands described therein, and any bidder may include in his proposal any one or more of such certificates. Any proposals received thereunder by such treasurer, shall be reported by him to the next regular meeting of the common council of such city, and if such bids or proposals or any of them are accepted and approved by the common council of such city, the proper city officers shall thereupon execute and deliver to such bidder all necessary assignments and deeds as may be necessary to transfer to said bidder all the right, title and interest in and to the certificates awarded to such bidder, and all lien, right, title and interest of the city in and to the lands described therein, held or acquired by the city, under and by virtue of such certificate, upon payment to the city treasurer of the purchase price designated in such bid or proposal.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 270—S. F. No. 386.

AN ACT for notice of expiration of redemption from all tax sales.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The time for redemption from any tax sale, whether made to the state or to a private person, shall not expire until notice of expiration of redemption as provided in section 47, chapter 2, Laws of 1902, shall have been given.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 271—S. F. No. 288.

AN ACT relating to tax judgment sale certificates and limiting the time within which notices of expiration of redemption may issue or be served upon such certificates, and limiting the time within which such certificates may be recorded, and declaring void all such certificates upon which such notice is not issued and served and such certificate recorded within the times so limited.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. No notice of the expiration of the time of redemption upon any certificate of tax judgment sale issued to an actual purchaser, or upon any state assignment certificate issued under the provisions of section 1601 of the General Statutes of 1894, shall issue or be served under the provisions of section 1654 of the General Statutes of 1894, or any other law in force at the time of the passage of this act, after the expiration of six years from the date of the tax judgment sale described in any such certificate; nor shall any such certificate be recorded in the office of any register of deeds after the expiration of seven years from the date of such sale. All such certificates upon which such notice of expiration of redemption shall not be issued and served, and such certificate recorded in the office of the proper register of deeds within the times limited by this act, shall be void and of no force or effect for any purpose whatever.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after the 1st day of January, 1906.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 272—S. F. No. 220.

AN ACT to amend section thirty-six hundred and eighty-eight (3688) of the General Statutes of eighteen hundred and ninety-four (1894), relating to and regulating the issuance of bonds by school districts in the State of Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section thirty-six hundred and eighty-eight (3688) of the General Statutes of eighteen hundred and ninety-four (1894), be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

Section 3688. The trustees or board of education of any school district in this state, whether such district be organized by or under any special law of this state, or otherwise, are hereby authorized and fully empowered to issue the orders or bonds of their respective districts, with coupons, in such amounts and at such periods as they may be directed by a vote of a majority in favor thereof of the legal voters present and voting at any annual meeting, or at any special meeting, called for the purpose, of the district; said orders or bonds to be payable in such amounts and at such times, not exceeding fifteen years, as the legal voters thereof at such meeting shall determine, with interest not to exceed seven per cent per annum, which orders or bonds and coupons shall be signed by the directors and countersigned by the clerk of said district, or by the president of (the) board of education and the clerk of the board of education.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 273—H. F. No. 576.

AN ACT to provide for the separation from villages of unplatted agricultural lands, included within the corporate limits of such villages in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The owner of an unplatted tract of land containing 80 acres or more, occupied and used by him solely for agricultural purposes, which tract is included within the corporate limits of a village, may petition the district court for a decree detaching the tract from the village. Upon the filing of the petition the court shall fix a time, not less than thirty (30) days, for the hearing thereon, and the petitioner shall serve notice of such hearing upon the president of the village council or upon the recorder, at least twenty (20) days before the hearing. The court upon hearing, if it finds that the tract is as hereinbefore described, and that it may be so detached without unreasonably affecting the symmetry of the settled portions of said village, and that it would be beneficial to all interested persons and to such village, may, in its discretion, grant such decree, and thereafter said tract shall take the status of, and be treated in all respects as, any other unplatted agricultural land.

Sec. 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 274—H. F. No. 556.

AN ACT to prevent wrongs to children and dumb animals and to establish a bureau of child and animal protection.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the Minnesota Society for the Prevention of Cruelty is constituted a state bureau of child and animal protection for the purposes hereinafter set forth; Provided, that the said Society for the Prevention of Cruelty shall accept and carry out the provisions of this act.

Sec. 2. The governor, the superintendent of public instruction and the attorney general shall be ex officio members of the board of directors of said state bureau.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the said bureau to secure the enforcement of the laws for the prevention of wrongs to children and dumb animals; to assist in the organization of district and county societies and the appointment of local and state agents, and give them representation in the state bureau; to aid such societies and agents in the enforcement of the laws for the prevention of wrongs to children and dumb animals which may now, or hereafter, exist; and to promote the growth of education and sentiment favorable to the protection of children and dumb animals.

Section 4. Said bureau shall hold its annual meetings on the second Monday in November in each year at the capitol of the state, for the transaction of its business and the election of its officers, at which meeting all questions relating to child and animal protection in the state may be considered.

Sec. 5. The said bureau shall make an annual report before the first day of January of each year to the secretary of state, embracing the proceedings of the bureau for the preceding year, and statistics showing the work of the bureau.

Sec. 6. If the said humane society shall accept the provisions of this act, they shall certify their acceptance of the same to the secretary of state and state auditor.

Sec. 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 275—H. F. No. 232.

AN ACT to legalize acknowledgments of conveyances and other instruments, and the record thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That all acknowledgments to any conveyances or other instruments heretofore taken, pending proceedings to determine the legality of any new county detached from another county, by a notary public residing in such new county, but using the seal of and laying the venue in such other county, be and the same are hereby legalized and made of the same validity as though taken in such other county before a notary public residing therein; and the record of such conveyances or other instruments are hereby declared to be legal and valid and effectual for all purposes; provided, that the provisions of this act shall not apply to any action or proceeding now pending in any court of this state.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 276—H. F. No. 468.

AN ACT entitled "An act to amend section 2903 of General Statutes of the State of Minnesota for the year 1894, providing for the organization of co-operative associations and defining their powers."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 2903 of the General Statutes of the State of Minnesota for the year 1894 be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Seven or more persons of lawful age, inhabitants of this state, may, by written articles of agreement, associate themselves together for the purposes of trade or for carrying on a lawful mercantile, manufacturing, agricultural or rural telephone business within this state; and when such articles of association shall have been executed and recorded in the office of the clerk of the city or town in which the business is to be carried on, such persons shall be and become a corporation, and enjoy all the powers and privileges, and can buy and hold stock in other corporations organized for the same general purpose, and be subject to all duties, restrictions and liabilities set forth in all general laws in relation to similar corporations; except so far as the same may be limited or enlarged by this act.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 277—H. F. NO. 538.

AN ACT to add certain lands to Itasca State Park.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The west one-half (W½) of the west one-half (W½) of section twenty (20), and the west one-half (W½) of the northwest one-quarter (NW¼) of section twenty-nine (29), all in township one hundred forty-three (143) north of range thirty-five (35) west, situated in Hubbard county, is hereby added to and made a part of Itasca State Park.

Sec. 2. Chapter 218 of the Laws of 1903 is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 278—H. F. No. 558.

AN ACT to make the University of Minnesota a depository of state publications.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The general library of the University of Minnesota is hereby made a depository of all books, pamphlets, documents, maps and other works published by or under the authority of the State of Minnesota.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the secretary of state, and of all other officials and boards having the custody or distribution of such publications, to deliver to the said library one copy of each so soon as ready for distribution; and thereafter whenever different works are bound up together, one copy of each bound volume; provided, that the said library shall be entitled to receive 5 copies of the Legislative Manual. The said officers may in their discretion issue to the said library additional copies as requested by the librarian.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 279—H. F. No. 807.

AN ACT authorizing the state railroad and warehouse commission to appear and prosecute proceedings before the United States interstate commerce commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Whenever a resident of this state shall file with the state railroad and warehouse commission a petition directed to the interstate commerce commission of the United States, charging any railroad company or other common carrier doing business in this state, engaged in interstate transportation of freight, with any violation of the interstate commerce act of the United States, setting forth in such petition the facts constituting such violation, said railway commission, if they deem the matter one of public interest, shall file said petition with said interstate commerce commission and thereupon shall appear in said matter in the place of said petitioner and thereafter prosecute the same at the expense of the state.

Sec. 2. Whenever any matter shall be pending before the interstate commerce commission of the United States, between a resident of this state as petitioner, and any railroad company or other common carrier doing business in this state and engaged in interstate transportation of freights, charging such carrier with any violation of said interstate commerce act, upon application of the petitioner in said matter the state railroad and warehouse commission, in case they deem the questions involved in said matter of public interest, may appear therein and be substituted as a party in place of such petitioner and thereafter such matter shall be prosecuted by such commission at the expense of the state in the same manner as though originally begun by it.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 280—H. F. No. 451.

AN ACT to compel railroad companies to establish and maintain gates, flagmen or other safety devices in villages or cities upon the order of the railroad and warehouse commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Upon written complaint authorized by a majority vote of all the members of the common council or city council, being filed with the railroad and warehouse commission of this state by the chief executive officer of any village or city in the state of Minnesota, on its behalf, that the crossing of any railroad company, naming it, with any street in said village or city, describing it as dangerous to life and property and giving the reason thereof, (of) said railroad and warehouse commission shall forthwith investigate the same and to that end shall have at least one (1) public hearing in the village or city making such complaint at a time to be fixed by said commission, and a place to be furnished by said village or city so complaining, said hearing shall be held upon notice to be given by said railroad and warehouse commission to all parties interested and shall be held in not less than thirty (30) nor more than sixty (60) days after the date of filing of such complaint.

Sec. 2. Within ten (10) days after such public hearing said commissioners, by a majority vote of the members thereof, shall decide the matter set forth in said complaint and shall make a report in writing in respect thereto which shall include the findings of fact which the conclusions of the commission are based upon together with the recommendation of said commission as to what kind of safety device, if any, should be installed at said crossing to make the same safe to life and property. Said findings shall be in writing and signed by the members of said commission in favor thereof and shall be filed with the secretary of said commission and entered for record in his office. If said commission shall find in favor of further protection for said crossing it shall issue an order to the railroad company named in said petition directing said railroad company within sixty (60) days after said order to establish and thereafter maintain at such crossings, such gates, flagmen or other safety devices as such commission may therein direct, and such as will render such crossing safe to life and property. Service of such order shall be made upon any railroad company in the same manner as a summons in a civil action is served.

Sec. 3. Whenever any such order is made such railroad company may appeal therefrom in the same manner as appeals are allowed to be taken from orders made by said commission fixing rates of railroad companies and where no appeal is taken the order of the commission may be enforced by the attorney general the same as orders relating to the control of railroads.

Sec. 4. In addition to the foregoing, any railroad company failing to comply with the order of said commission, if not appealed from as hereinbefore provided, or if appealed from and confirmed on appeal shall be liable to a penalty of $50.00 per day for each and every day that said railroad company does not so conform to said order, to be recovered as damages in a civil action by and for the benefit of the village or city making such complaint.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 281—H. F. No. 252.

AN ACT relating to the addition of territory to villages of less than one thousand (1,000) inhabitants in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Additional and adjacent territory, but not exceeding 320 acres, containing less than five legal voters, residing on such adjacent land, may be annexed to any village of less than one thousand (1,000) inhabitants on the concurrent petition of all such voters and of the owners of the land embraced in the territory. Upon the receipt of such petition, the village council by ordinance may declare such territory to be an addition to the village, and thereupon such territory shall become a part of said village as effectually as if it had been originally a part thereof. But no such ordinance shall take effect until a certified copy thereof is filed with the county auditor and the secretary of state.

Sec. 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 282—H. F. NO. 534.

AN ACT to amend chapter 53 of the General Laws of 1903, entitled "An act entitled an act relating to the duties of the county surveyor and the number and compensation of his deputies and assistants in counties having a population of at least one hundred and fifty thousand (150,000), and not over two hundred thousand (200,000) inhabitants."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 1 of chapter 53 of the Laws of 1903 be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. That in every county in the state which now has or that may hereafter have, according to the last completed state or national census, at least one hundred fifty thousand (150,000), and not over two hundred thousand (200,000) inhabitants the county surveyor shall receive from such county a salary of two thousand five hundred ($2,500) dollars per annum in full payment for all services performed; and in addition thereto the county surveyor shall be allowed and paid from the county treasury his actual traveling expenses, not to exceed five hundred dollars ($500) in any one year for himself and deputies necessarily incurred in the performance of his services, payable in equal monthly installments out of the county treasury.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in effect from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 283—H. F. No. 343.

AN ACT entitled, "An act proposing an amendment to article one (1) of the constitution of the State of Minnesota providing that any person may sell or peddle the products of the farm or garden occupied and cultivated by him, without obtaining a license therefor."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The following amendment to article one (1) of the constitution of the State of Minnesota is hereby proposed to the legal voters of said state for their approval or rejection, which amendment when so approved shall be known as section eighteen (18) of said article one (1) and shall read as follows:

Section 18. Any person may sell or peddle the products of the farm or garden occupied and cultivated by him without obtaining a license therefor.

Sec. 2. This proposed amendment shall be submitted to the electors of said state for their approval or rejection at the next general election for the year 1906, as is now provided by law for submission of amendments of the constitution of this state, and each of the legal voters of said state may at said election vote by ballot for or against said amendment, and if it shall appear therefrom that a majority of the voters voting at said election upon said amendment, "Yes" or "No," have voted in favor of the same, then within ten days after the result shall have been ascertained the governor shall make proclamation thereof and said amendment shall thereupon take effect and be in full force as part of the constitution of the State of Minnesota.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 284—H. F. NO. 507.

AN ACT to amend section 2 of chapter 83, of the General Laws of 1875, as amended by section 2 of chapter 164 of the General Laws for the year 1897, as amended by section 1 of chapter 172, of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1901, relating to the election of directors and officers of town insurance companies.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 2 of chapter 83 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1875, as amended by section 2 of chapter 164 of the General Laws of 1897, as amended by section 1 of chapter 172 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1901, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 2. Every company so formed shall choose of their number not less than five (5) nor more than nine (9) directors to manage the affairs of such company who shall hold their office for such period as may be fixed by the by-laws of the company, not exceeding three (3) years, and until their successors are elected and qualified, and such directors shall choose one of their number president, one vice president, and one secretary; they shall also choose a treasurer who may or may not be a member of said board, but shall be a member of the company. And the said treasurer shall give bonds to such company in such sum as the directors shall determine to be approved by said president and secretary, and such directors may authorize said treasurer to loan on first real estate securities such sums of money in his hands as they may determine, or authorize him to deposit any or all sums of money in his hands as such treasurer in such bank or banks as they may designate. Provided, that the articles of incorporation of such company may provide that the president, vice president, secretary and treasurer may be chosen by the direct vote of the members at the annual meeting. In such case the election of such persons as president, vice president and secretary shall constitute them members of said board of directors, and the remaining members of said board shall be elected as above provided.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 285—H. F. NO. 753.

AN ACT to regulate the treatment and control of dependent, neglected and delinquent children.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. This act shall apply only to children under the age of seventeen (17) years. For the purpose of this act the words "dependent child" and "neglected child" shall mean any child who for any reason is destitute or homeless or abandoned; or dependent upon the public for support; or has not proper parental care or guardianship; or who habitually begs or receives alms; or who is found living in any house of ill fame or with any vicious or disreputable persons, or whose home, by reason of neglect, cruelty or depravity on the part of its parents, guardian or other person in whose care it may be, is an unfit place for such a child; and any child under the age of ten (10) years who is found begging, peddling or selling any article or singing or playing any musical instrument upon the street, or giving any public entertainment, or who accompanies or is used in aid of any person so doing. The words "delinquent child" shall include any child under the age of seventeen (17) years who violates any law of this state or any city or village ordinance; or who is incorrigible; or who knowingly associates with thieves, vicious or immoral persons; or who without just cause and without the consent of its parents or custodian absents itself from its home or place of abode; or who is growing up in idleness or crime; or who knowingly frequents a house of ill fame; or who knowingly patronizes any policy shop or place where any gaming device is or shall be operated; or who frequents any saloon or dram shop where intoxicating liquors are sold; or who patronizes or visits any public pool room or bucket shop; or who wanders about the streets in the night time without being in any lawful business or occupation; or who habitually wanders about any railroad yards or tracks or jumps or hooks on to any moving train or enters any car or engine without lawful authority; or who habitually uses vile, obscene, vulgar, profane or indecent language; or who is guilty of immoral conduct in any public place or about any schoolhouse. Any child committing any of the acts herein mentioned shall be deemed a delinquent child, and shall be proceeded against as such in the manner hereinafter provided. A disposition of any child under this act or any evidence given in such cause shall not in any civil, criminal or other cause or proceeding whatever in any court be lawful or proper evidence against such child for any purpose whatever excepting subsequent cases against the same child under this act. The word "child" or "children" may mean one or more children, and the word "parent" or "parents" may be held to mean one or both parents, when consistent with the intent of this act. The word "association" shall include any corporation which includes in its purpose the care or disposition of children coming within the meaning of this act.

Sec. 2. The district court in counties having over 50,000 population shall have original and exclusive jurisdiction in all cases coming within the terms of this act. In all trials under this act except as hereinafter provided, any person interested therein may demand a jury, or a judge of his own motion may order a jury to try the case.

Sec. 3. In counties having over 50,000 population the judges of the district court shall, at such times as they shall determine, designate one or more of their number, whose duty it shall be to hear all cases arising under this act, and such designation shall be for a period of one year, or until otherwise ordered. A special court room, to be designated as the juvenile court room shall be provided for the hearing of such cases, and the finding of the court shall be entered in a book or books to be kept for that purpose, and known as the "Juvenile Record," and the court may, for convenience, be called the "Juvenile Court."

Sec. 4. Any reputable person resident in the county, having knowledge of a child in his county who appears to be either neglected, dependent or delinquent, may file with the clerk of a court having jurisdiction in the matter a petition in writing, setting forth the facts verified by affidavit. The petition shall set forth the name and residence of each parent, if known, and if both are dead or the residence unknown, then the name and residence of the legal guardian, if known, or if not known, then the name and residence of some near relative, if there be one, and his residence is known. It shall be sufficient that the affidavit is upon information and belief.

Sec. 5. Upon the filing of the petition a summons shall be issued by the clerk of the court requiring the person having custody or control of the child, or with whom the child may be, to appear with the child at a place and time stated in the summons, which time shall not be less than twenty-four (24) hours after service. Such summons shall be served as provided by law for the service of summons in civil actions. The parents of the child, if living, and their residence is known, or its legal guardian, if one there be, or if there is neither parent nor guardian, or if his or her residence is not known, then some relative, if there be one and his residence is known, shall be notified of the proceedings, and in any case the judge may appoint some suitable person to act in behalf of the child. Where the person to be notified resides within the county, service of notice shall be the same as service of the summons, but in any other case service of notice shall be made in such manner as the court may direct. If the person summoned as herein provided shall fail without reasonable cause to appear and abide the order of the court, or bring the child, he may be proceeded against as in case of contempt of court. In case the summons cannot be served or the party served fails to obey the same, and in any case when it shall be made to appear to the court that such summons will be ineffectual, a warrant may issue on the order of the court, either against the parent or guardian or the person having custody of the child or with whom the child may be or against the child itself. On the return of the summons or other process, or on the appearance of the child with or without summons or other process in person before the court, and on the return of the service of notice, if there be any person to be notified or a personal appearance or written consent to the proceedings of the person or persons, if any to be notified, or as soon thereafter as may be the court shall proceed to hear and dispose of the case in a summary manner. Pending the final disposition of any case, the child may be retained in the possession of the person having the charge of the same, or may be kept in some suitable place provided by the city or county authorities.

Sec. 6. The court shall have authority to appoint or designate one or more discreet persons of good character to serve as probation officers during the pleasure of the court; such probation officers shall act under the orders of the court in reference to any child or children committed to his care, and it shall be the duty of said probation officers to make such investigations with regard to any child or children as may be required by the court before or after trial and to furnish to the court such information and assistance as the judge may require, and to take charge of any child or children before or after trial, whenever he may be so directed by the court, and to keep such records and to make such reports to the court as the court may order or direct. Probation officers heretofore or hereafter appointed under the provision of chapter one hundred fifty-four (154) of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1899, and all laws amendatory thereof shall be subject to the orders of the court in reference to all matters covered by the provisions of this act. Probation officers appointed under authority of this act shall serve without compensation from the county, save only that the majority of the judges of the court may direct the payment of such salary to such probation officers as may be approved by the board of county commissioners of the county where such officers are appointed.

Sec. 7. When any child under the age of seventeen (17) years shall be found to be dependent or neglected, within the meaning of this act, the court may make an order committing the child to the care of some suitable state institution or to the care of some reputable citizen of good moral character, as provided by law, or to the care of some association willing to receive it, embracing in its objects the purpose of caring for or obtaining homes for dependent or neglected children, which association shall have been accredited as hereinafter provided. The court may, when the health or condition of the child shall require it, cause the child to be placed in a public hospital or institution for treatment or special care, or in a private hospital or institution, which will receive it for like purpose without charge.

Sec. 8. In any case where the court shall award a child to the care of any association or individual in accordance with the provisions of this act, the child shall, unless otherwise ordered, become a ward, and be subject to the guardianship of the association or individual to whose care it is committed. Such association or individual shall have authority to place such child in a family home, with or without indenture, and may be made party to any proceeding for the legal adoption of the child, and may by its or his attorney or agent appear in any court where such proceedings are pending and assent to such adoption. And such assent shall be sufficient to authorize the court to enter the proper order or decree of adoption. Provided, however, that when adoption proceedings for any such child or children are commenced in any other court than the court which originally committed such child, then a copy of the petition in such adoption proceedings shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the court which originally committed such child, at least thirty (30) days before any final decree of adoption shall be entered. Such guardianship shall not include the guardianship of any estate of the child.

Sec. 9. In the case of a delinquent child the court may continue the hearing from time to time, and may commit the child to the care or custody of a probation officer, and may allow said child to remain in its own home, subject to the visitation of the probation officer; such child to report to the probation officer as often as may be required, and subject to be returned to the court for further or other proceedings whenever such action may appear to be necessary; or the court may cause the child to be placed in a suitable family home, subject to the friendly supervision of a probation officer and the further order of the court; or it may authorize the child to be boarded out in some suitable family home, in case provision is made by voluntary contribution or otherwise for the payment of the board of such child, until suitable provisions may be made for the child in a home without such payment; or the court may commit such child to the state training school, or the court may commit the child to any institution incorporated under the laws in this state, that may care for delinquent children, or provided by a city or county suitable to the care of such children, or to any state institution which may be established for the care of delinquent children. In no case shall a child be committed beyond his or her minority. A child committed to such an institution shall be subject to the control of the board of managers thereof, and the said board shall have power to parole such child on such conditions as it may prescribe; and the court shall, on the recommendation of the board, have power to discharge such child from custody whenever, in the judgment of the court, his or her reformation is complete or the court may commit the child to the care and custody of some association that will receive it, embracing in its objects the care of neglected or dependent children, and that has been duly accredited as hereinafter provided. The district court may, in its discretion, cause any delinquent child to be proceeded against in accordance with the laws that may be in force governing the commission of crimes and misdemeanors, or the violation of municipal ordinance.

Sec. 10. In any case in which the court shall find a child neglected, dependent or delinquent, it may, in the same or subsequent proceeding, upon the parents of said child, or either of them being duly summoned, or voluntarily appearing, proceed to inquire into the ability of such parent or parents to support the child or contribute to its support, and if the court shall find such parent or parents able to support the child or contribute thereto, the court may enter such order or decree as shall be, according to equity in the premises, and may enforce the same execution, or in any way in which a court of equity may enforce its orders or decrees.

Sec. 11. All associations receiving children under this act shall be subject to the same visitation, inspection and supervision by the state board of control as are the public charitable institutions of this state, and it shall be the duty of the said board to pass annually upon the fitness of every such association as may receive, or desire to receive, children under the provisions of this act, and every such association shall annually, at such time as said board shall direct, make report thereto, showing its condition, management and competency to adequately care for such children as are, or may be committed to it, and such other facts as said board may require, and upon said board being satisfied that such association is competent and has adequate facilities to care for such children, it shall issue to the same a certificate to that effect, which certificate shall continue in force for one (1) year, unless sooner revoked by said board, and no child shall be committed to any such association, which shall not have received a certificate within fifteen (15) months next preceding the commitment. The court may, at any time, require from any association receiving or desiring to receive children under the provisions of this act, such reports, information and statements as the judge shall deem proper or necessary for his action, and the court shall in no case be required to commit a child to any association whose standing conduct or care of children or ability to care for the same, is not satisfactory to the court.

Sec. 12. It shall be lawful for the parents, parent, guardian or other person having the right to dispose of a dependent or neglected child to enter into an agreement with any association or institution incorporated under any public or private law of this state for the purpose of aiding, caring for or placing in home such children, and being approved as herein provided, for the surrender of such child to such association or institution, to be taken and cared for by such association or institution or put into a family home. Such agreement may contain any and all proper stipulations to that end, and may authorize the association or institution, by its attorney or agent, to appear in any proceeding for the legal adoption of such child, and consent to its adoption, and the order of the court made upon such consent shall be binding upon the child and its parents or guardian or other person the same as if such person were personally in court and consented thereto whether made party to the proceeding or not.

Sec. 13. The court in committing children shall place them, as far as it deems practicable in the care and custody of some individual holding the same religious belief as the parents of said child, or with some association which is controlled by persons of like religious faith of the parents of the said child.

Sec. 14. This act shall be liberally construed to the end that its purpose may be carried out, to-wit: That the care, custody and discipline of a child shall approximate as nearly as may be that which should be given by its parents, and in all cases where it can properly be done, the child to be placed in an approved family home and become a member of the family by legal adoption or otherwise.

Sec. 15. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after the 1st day of June, 1905.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 286—H. F. No. 750.

AN ACT to authorize the establishment of public wagon scales and to regulate weighing thereon.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That any city containing not to exceed ten thousand inhabitants, or any village or borough in this state, is hereby authorized and empowered to maintain a public wagon scales therein as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. The common council of any such municipality is hereby authorized and empowered to buy, establish and maintain public wagon scales in such municipality, and said council is hereby authorized and empowered to hire, buy and maintain scales already in use in said municipality, the same to be used and maintained as a public wagon scale in such municipality for the public use therein.

Sec. 3. The common council of such municipality wherein such public scales are maintained shall have control of such scales and shall make such rules or regulations in regard to the maintenance and use of the same as they shall deem proper, and said council shall annually appoint a public weighmaster, whose duty it shall be to have charge of such scales and properly weigh all articles and commodities thereon as hereafter provided and give a statement in writing of the weight of such articles or commodities weighed thereon to the person applying to have such article weighed, and such statement shall be prima facie the correct weight of said articles or commodities, and the common council shall fix the compensation of said weighmaster, which compensation shall be paid out of the treasury of such municipality, and shall, from time to time, fix the price to be charged for weighing any article or commodity thereon, and the weighmaster shall collect such charge at the time of weighing such article or commodity, and he shall at the end of each month pay all moneys collected by him for such charge into the treasury of the municipality and file with the recorder of such municipality a statement of the amount of such money collected.

Sec. 4. Such scales shall be tested, stamped and sealed by the sealer of weights and measures, before being used, and as often thereafter as may be necessary. Any person either buying or selling any article or commodity by weight to be delivered in such municipality wherein such public scales are maintained may have the same weighed upon such public scales by paying the fee charged for weighing thereon.

Sec. 5. Provided that this act shall not apply to any city having a charter which provides for a city weighmaster.

Sec. 6. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 287—H. F. No. 4.

AN ACT to provide for the bulletining of the time of the arrival of passenger trains.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That every corporation, company or person operating a railroad within this state, shall, immediately after the taking effect of this act, cause to be placed in a conspicuous place in each passenger depot of such company, located at any station in this state at which there is a telegraph office, a blackboard of suitable size, upon which such company or person shall cause to be written, at least twenty minutes before the schedule time for the arrival of each passenger train stopping upon such route at such station, the number of the train, the time each train is due and the fact whether such train is on schedule time or not, and if late, how much. But nothing in this act shall be so construed as to compel a railroad company to post the train number, schedule time, and lateness of such trains as arrive or depart from such stations aforesaid when there is not a telegraph operator regularly on duty at the schedule time of the arrival of such train. Provided also that any passenger train not more than ten minutes late shall be deemed to be on time as to the operation of this act.

Sec. 2. For each willful violation of the provisions of this act in failing to report or in making a false report, such corporation, company or person, so neglecting or so refusing to comply with the provisions of this act, shall forfeit and pay the sum of twenty-five ($25) dollars, together with all taxable costs, to be recovered in a civil action to be prosecuted by the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the neglect or refusal occurs, in the name of the state of Minnesota, which shall be paid over to the county in which such proceedings are had, and shall be a part of the road and bridge fund.

Sec. 3. All acts and parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 288—H. F. No. 273.

AN ACT providing for taxation of and fixing the rate of taxation on inheritances, devises, bequests, legacies and gifts, and providing for the manner of payment as well as the manner of enforcing payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. A tax shall be and is hereby imposed upon all inheritances, devises, bequests, legacies and gifts of every kind and description, of any and all persons and corporations, the value of which exceeds ten thousand dollars ($10,000), and upon such excess only.

Sec. 2. Such tax shall be computed upon the full and true value of such inheritance, devise, bequest, legacy or gift, above such excess, at the following rates, viz.:

1. When such valuation is over ten thousand dollars ($10,000) and less than fifty thousand dollars ($50,000), the rate shall be one and one-half (1½) per cent thereof.

2. When such valuation is fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or over and less than one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000), the rate shall be three (3) per cent thereof.

3. When such valuation is one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) or over, the rate shall be five (5) per cent thereof.

Sec. 3. All taxes imposed by this act shall take effect at and upon the death of the decedent or donor and shall be due and payable at the expiration of one (1) year from such death, except as otherwise provided in this act; provided, however, that taxes upon any devise, bequest, legacy or gift limited, conditioned, dependent or determinable upon the happening of any contingency or future event by reason of which the full and true value thereof cannot be ascertained at or before the time when the taxes become due and payable as aforesaid, shall accrue and become due and payable when the person or corporation beneficially entitled thereto shall come into actual possession or enjoyment thereof.

Sec. 4. Any administrator, executor or trustee having in charge or in trust any property for distribution embraced in or belonging to any inheritance, devise, bequest, legacy or gift, subject to the tax thereon as imposed by this act, shall deduct the tax therefrom, and within thirty days thereafter he shall pay over the same to the county treasurer as herein provided.

If such property be not in money, he shall collect the tax on such inheritance, devise, bequest, legacy or gift upon the appraised value thereof, from the person entitled thereto.

He shall not deliver, or be compelled to deliver, any property embraced in any inheritance, devise, bequest, legacy or gift, subject to tax under this act, to any person until he shall have collected the tax thereon.

Sec. 5. The tax imposed by this act upon inheritances, devises, bequests or legacies shall be paid to the treasurer of the county in which the probate court having jurisdiction, as herein provided, is located; and the tax so imposed upon gifts shall be payable to the state treasurer, and the treasurer to whom the tax is paid shall give the executor, administrator, trustee or person paying such tax, duplicate receipts therefor, one of which shall be immediately transmitted to the state auditor, whose duty it shall be to charge the treasurer so receiving the tax with the amount thereof; and where such tax is paid to the county treasurer he shall seal said receipt with the seal of his office and countersign the same and return it to the executor, administrator or trustee, whereupon it shall be a proper voucher in the settlement of his accounts.

No executor, administrator, or trustee shall be entitled to a final accounting of an estate, in the settlement of which a tax may become due under the provisions of this act, until he shall produce a receipt, so sealed and countersigned by the state auditor, or a certified copy of the same. All taxes paid into the county treasury under the provisions of this act shall immediately be paid into the state treasury upon the warrant of the state auditor and shall belong to and be a part of the revenue fund of the state.

Sec. 6. Every tax imposed by this act shall be a lien upon the property embraced in any inheritance, devise, bequest, legacy or gift until paid, and the person to whom such property is transferred and the administrators, executors and trustees of every estate embracing such property shall be personally liable for such tax, until its payment, to the extent of the value of such property.

Sec. 7. If such tax is not paid within one year from the accruing thereof, interest shall be charged and collected thereon at the rate of seven (7) per centum per annum from the time the tax is due, unless, by reason of claims upon the estate, necessary litigation or other unavoidable cause of delay, such tax cannot be determined as herein provided; in such case interest at the rate of six per centum, per annum shall be charged upon such tax from the accrual thereof until the cause of such delay is removed, after which seven (7) per centum shall be charged.

Sec. 8. Every executor, administrator or trustee shall have full power to sell so much of the property embraced in an inheritance, devise, bequest or legacy as will enable him to pay the tax imposed by this act, in the same manner as he might be entitled by law to do for the payment of the debts of a testator or intestate.

Sec. 9. If any bequest or legacy shall be charged upon or payable out of any property, the heir or devisee shall deduct such tax therefrom and pay such tax to the administrator, executor or trustee, and the tax shall remain a lien or charge on such property until paid; and the payment thereof shall be enforced by the executor, administrator or trustee in the same manner that payment of the bequest or legacy might be enforced, or by the county attorney under section 20 of this act. If any bequest or legacy shall be given in money to any person for a limited period, the administrator, executor or trustee shall retain the tax upon the whole amount; but if it be not in money, he shall make application to the court having jurisdiction of an accounting by him to make an apportionment, if the case requires, of the sum to be paid into his hands by such legatee or beneficiary, and for such further order relative thereto, as the case may require.

Sec. 10. When any tax imposed by this act shall have been erroneously paid, wholly or in part, the person paying the same shall be entitled to a refundment of the amount so erroneously paid, and the auditor of state shall, upon satisfactory proofs presented to him of the facts relating thereto, draw his warrant upon the state treasurer for the amount thereof, in favor of the person entitled thereto; provided, however, that all applications for such refunding of erroneous taxes shall be made within three years from the payment thereof.

Sec. 11. If a foreign executor, administrator or trustee shall assign or transfer any stock or obligations in this state, standing in the name of the decedent, or in trust for a decedent, liable to any such tax, the tax shall be paid to the treasurer of the proper county on the transfer thereof, and no such assignment or transfer shall be valid until such tax is paid.

Sec. 12. No safe deposit company, bank or other institution, person or persons holding securities or assets of a decedent, shall deliver or transfer the same to the executors, administrators or legal representatives of said decedent, or upon their order or request, unless notice of the time and place of such intended transfer be served upon the county treasurer, personally or by representative, to examine said securities at the time of such delivery or transfer. If upon such examination the county treasurer or his said representatives shall for any cause deem it advisable that such securities or assets should not be immediately delivered or transferred, he may forthwith notify in writing such company, bank, institution or person to defer delivery or transfer thereof for a period not to exceed ten days from the date of such notice, and thereupon it shall be the duty of the party notified to defer such delivery or transfer until the time stated in such notice or until the revocation thereof within such ten days. Failure to serve the notice first above mentioned, or to allow such examination, or to defer the delivery of such securities or assets for the time stated in the second of said notices, shall render said safe deposit company, trust company, bank or other institution, person or persons, liable to the payment of the tax due upon the said security or assets, pursuant to the provisions of this act.

Sec. 13. Upon the presentation of any petition to any probate court of this state for letters testamentary or of administration, or for ancillary letters, testamentary or of administration, the probate court shall cause a copy of the citation or order for the hearing of such petition to be served upon the county treasurer of his county not less than ten days prior to such hearing. The court shall thereupon, as soon as practicable after the granting of any such letters, proceed to ascertain and determine the value of every inheritance, devise, bequest or legacy embraced in or payable out of the estate in which such letters are granted and the tax due thereon.

The county treasurer shall have the same rights to apply for letters of administration as are conferred upon creditors by law.

Sec. 14. The probate court may, in any matter mentioned in the preceding section, either upon its own motion or upon the application of any interested party, including county treasurers, and as often as and when occasion requires, appoint one or more persons as appraisers to appraise the true and full value of the property embraced in any inheritance, devise, bequest or legacy subject to the payment of any tax imposed by this act.

Sec. 15. Every inheritance, devise, bequest, legacy or gift upon which a tax is imposed under this act shall be appraised at its full and true value immediately upon the death of decedent, or as soon thereafter as may be practicable.

Provided, however, that when such devise, bequest, legacy or gift shall be of such a nature that its full and true value cannot be ascertained at such time, it shall be appraised in like manner at the time such value first becomes ascertainable.

Sec. 16. The appraiser appointed under the provisions of this act shall forthwith give notice by mail to all persons known to have a claim or interest in the inheritance, devise, bequest, legacy or gift to be appraised, including the county treasurer and such persons as the probate court may by order direct, of the time and place when they will make such appraisal.

They shall at such time and place appraise the same at its full and true value, as herein prescribed, and for that purpose the said appraisers are authorized to issue subpoenas and compel the attendance of witnesses before them, and to take evidence of such witnesses, under oath, concerning such property and the value thereof, and they shall make report thereof, and of such value, in writing, to the said probate court, together with the testimony of the witnesses examined and such other facts in relation thereto and to the said matter as said probate court may order or require. Every appraiser shall be entitled to compensation at the rate of three dollars ($3) per day for each day actually and necessarily employed in such appraisal, and his actual and necessary traveling expenses, and such witnesses and the officer or person serving any such subpoena shall be entitled to the same fees as allowed witnesses or sheriffs for similar service in courts of record. The compensation and fees claimed by any person for services performed under this act shall be approved by the judge of probate, who shall certify the amount thereof, to the auditor of state, who shall examine the same, and, if found correct, he shall draw his warrant upon the state treasury for the amount therefor in favor of the person entitled thereto.

Sec. 17. The report of the appraisers shall be filed with the probate court, and from such report and other proof relating to any such estate before the probate court, the court shall forthwith, as of course, determine the true and full value of all such estate and the amount of tax to which the same are liable; or the probate court may so determine the full and true value of all such estates and the amount of tax to which the same are liable without appointing appraisers.

Sec. 18. The probate court shall immediately give notice, upon the determination of the value of any inheritance, devise, bequest, legacy or gift which is taxable under this act and of the tax to which it's liable, to all parties known to be interested therein, including the state auditor and county treasurer.

Sec. 19. Within thirty days after the assessment and determination by the probate court of any tax imposed by this act, the state auditor, county treasurer, or any person interested therein, may file with said court objections thereto, in writing, and praying for a reassessment and redetermination of such tax. Upon any objection being so filed, the probate court shall appoint a time for the hearing thereof and cause notice of such hearing to be given the state auditor, county treasurer and all parties interested, at least ten days before the hearing thereof. At the time appointed in such notice the court shall proceed to hear such objections and any evidence which may be offered in support thereof or in opposition thereto; and if, after such hearing, said court shall be of the opinion that a reassessment or redetermination of such tax should be made, it shall, by order, set aside the assessment and determination theretofore made and order a reassessment in the same manner as if no assessment had been made.

Sec. 20. If the treasurer of any county shall have reason to believe that any tax is due and unpaid under this act after the refusal or neglect of the persons liable therefor to pay the same, he shall notify, in writing, the county attorney of his county, of such failure or neglect, and such county attorney, if he have probable cause to believe that such tax is due and unpaid, shall apply to the probate court for a citation, citing the persons liable to pay such tax to appear before the court on a day specified, not more than three months from the date of such citation, and show cause why the tax should not be paid. The judge of the probate court, upon such application, and whenever it shall appear to him that any such tax accruing under this act has not been paid as required by law, shall issue such citation, and the service of such citation, and the time, manner and proof thereof, and the hearing and determination thereon, shall conform as near as may be to the provisions of the probate code of this state, and whenever it shall appear that any such tax is due and payble and the payment thereof cannot be enforced under the provisions of this act in said probate court, the person or corporation from whom the same is due is hereby made liable to the state for the amount of such tax, and it shall be the duty of the county attorney of the proper county to sue for in the name of the state and enforce the collection of such tax, and all taxes so collected shall be forthwith paid into the county treasury. It shall be the duty of said county attorney to appear for and represent the county treasurer on the hearing of such citation.

Sec. 21. The auditor of state shall furnish to each probate court a book which shall be a public record, and in which shall be entered by the judge of said court the name of every decedent upon whose estate an application has been made for the issue of letters of administration, or letters testamentary or ancillary letters, the date and place of death of such decedent, names and places of residence and relationship to decedent of the heirs at law of such decedent, the estimated value of the property of such decedent, names and places of residence and relationship to decedent of the heirs at law of such decedent, the names and places of residence of the legatees, devisees and other beneficiaries in any will of any such decedent, the amount of each legacy, and the estimated value of any property devised therein and to whom devised.

These entries shall be made from data contained in the papers filed on such application or in any proceeding relating to the estate of the decedent.

The judge of probate shall also enter in such book the amount of the property of any such decedent, as shown by the inventory thereof, when made and filed in his office, and the returns made by any appraisers appointed by him under this act, and the value of all inheritances, devises, bequests, legacies and gifts inherited from such decedent, or given by such decedent in his will or otherwise as fixed by the probate court, and the tax assessed thereon, and the amounts of any receipts for payment thereof filed with him.

The state auditor shall also furnish forms for the reports to be made by such judge of probate, which shall correspond with the entries to be made in such book.

Each judge of probate shall, on the first day of January, April, July and October of each year, make a report in duplicate upon the forms furnished by the state auditor containing all the data and matters required to be entered in such book, one of which shall be immediately delivered to the county treasurer, and the other transmitted to the auditor of state.

The register of deeds of each county shall, at the same time, make reports in duplicate to the auditor of state, containing a statement of any conveyance filed or recorded in his office of any property which appears to have been made or intended to take effect in possession or enjoyment after the death of the grantor or vendor, with the name and place of residence of the vendor or vendee, and the description of the property transferred, as shown by such instrument, one of which duplicates shall be immediately delivered to the county treasurer and the other transmitted to the auditor of state.

Sec. 22. All acts and parts of acts of this state relating to the taxation of inheritances, devises, bequests, legacies and gifts, so far as the same are inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 23. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 289—H. F. NO. 268.

AN ACT to legalize sheriffs' certificates, executed, proved or acknowledged and recorded after the expiration of twenty (20) days.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That no certificate heretofore executed under and by virtue of section eleven (11), chapter eighty-one (81), title one (1), Statutes of Minnesota, being section 6038 General Statutes of 1894, shall be deemed invalid by reason of the same not having been made, executed, proved or acknowledged and recorded within the twenty (20) days mentioned in said section; and the record of all such certificates heretofore executed, proved or acknowledged and recorded after the expiration of the said twenty (20) days is hereby legalized and made valid, and said record shall have the same force and effect as if said certificate had been executed, proved or acknowledged and recorded within the said twenty (20) days; provided, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to apply to cases now pending which involve the legality or validity of any such certificate of sale.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 290—H. F. No. 621.

AN ACT to provide for paying the expense incurred by the sheriff of any county of this state in executing a death warrant.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Whenever any person has been convicted of murder in the first degree and sentenced to death, and the warrant has been issued and delivered to the proper sheriff for the purpose of carrying such sentence into effect, such sheriff shall have authority to make the preparations provided by law for such execution, including the employment of necessary help, at the expense of the county, and upon rendering to the board of county commissioners an itemized and verified statement of such necessary and reasonable expense said board of county commissioners shall allow and pay the same with reasonable compensation to such sheriff out of the general revenue funds of said county, and in all cases where such duties have within three years heretofore been performed and the expenses herein provided for have been incurred but not paid, the board of county commissioners is hereby authorized and directed to allow and pay the same upon the presentation of such reasonable bill by the then sheriff.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 291—H. F. No. 493.

AN ACT prohibiting certain corporations from making contributions to political candidates or committees, or for political purposes.

Be it enacted by the legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That it shall be unlawful for any corporation organized for pecuniary profit and are the subjects of public supervision to make a contribution of moneys from its corporation funds to any political committee or to any person for the purpose of aiding in carrying on any political canvass for the nomination or election of any person or persons to any office whatever.

Any officer, stockholder, agent or employee of any such corporation who shall take part in or consent to the making of a contribution of moneys or of any other thing of value contrary to the provisions of this act, shall be deemed guilty of a felony and shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars or be imprisoned in the state prison not exceeding one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1905.

CHAPTER 292—H. F. NO. 887.

AN ACT to amend chapter 167 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1903, entitled "An act to approve, correct and legalize a copy of a certain plat of the city of Little Falls, Minnesota."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section one of chapter 167 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1903 be and the same hereby is amended to read as follows:

"Section 1. That whereas the original plat of the survey of the original townsite of the village now city of Little Falls, has been lost and destroyed, and whereas there exists and is recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in and for the said Morrison county, Minnesota, on page 17 of plat book, of said county, a true copy of said original plat and there is recorded also in the office of the register of deeds, in book A of plats, on page 32, the legal and necessary certifications to said plat.

And whereas by error and mistake the numbers of the lots in the blocks, as shown by said plat and certifications, has been inadvertently left off, of and from said copy of said plat.

And whereas in said original plat above referred to, the lots in the blocks thereof were numbered in consecutive order, beginning at the northwest corner of each and every block thereof, with lot one, and number consecutively southward to the end of said block, and thence north to the end of said block, each block containing eight lots, save and except therefrom, however, blocks 29 and 31 thereof, in which said blocks, the lots thereof were numbered in consecutive order, beginning at the northeast corner of said blocks 29 and 31 and numbered consecutively westerly, and thence southward, and thence eastward, each of said two blocks containing eight lots.

Now therefore, said copy of said plat is hereby declared to be, and is made the official plat of the original townsite of all of that part of the village, now city of Little Falls, lying and being east of First street, in said city, and also east half of blocks 5, 6 and 7, lying west of said First street, as shown on said plat.

Sec. 2. The register of deeds in and for Morrison county, Minnesota, is hereby authorized and empowered and directed to number the lots as shown on said copy of said plat above referred to, which is on file in his office, in the manner and in the way above indicated and set forth, the expense thereof to be borne by Morrison county, Minnesota.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 293—H. F. No. 600.

AN ACT to authorize any city in this state now or hereafter having a population of over 50,000 inhabitants to issue and sell its bonds for the purpose of constructing a bridge across a navigable stream forming a part of the boundary line of such city.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That any city in this state now or hereafter having a population of over fifty thousand inhabitants may by ordinance adopt by a three-fourths vote of all mebers-elect of its common council, issue and sell bonds of such city of the par value of not to exceed one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000) for the purpose of constructing a bridge over and across any navigable stream which forms a part of the boundary line of such city, and the bonds provided for in this act may be issued and sold notwithstanding any charter provision of such city or any law of this state limiting the amount of indebtedness of any such city.

Sec. 2. No bonds shall be issued by any such city for the purpose above mentioned to run for a longer term than thirty years nor bearing a higher rate of interest than four per cent per annum, but the place of payment of the principal and interest thereof and the denomination in which the same shall be issued shall be such as may be determined upon by the common council, and may be in the form of coupon bonds or registered certificates, so called; all such bonds shall, however, be signed by the mayor, attested by the city clerk and countersigned by the comptroller of such city, and shall be sealed with the seal of the city, except that the signatures to the coupons attached to such bonds, if any, may be lithographed thereon, and none of said bonds shall be sold at less than par value and accrued interest, and only to the highest responsible bidder therefor, upon at least ten days' published notice of invitation for bids therefor. The full faith and credit of any such city shall be pledged at all times for the payment of all bonds and the interest thereon issued under this act, and such city shall each year levy sufficient taxes to pay the annual interest on such bonds, and shall provide a sinking fund sufficient to insure the redemption and payment of said bonds at maturity.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 294—H. F. No. 467.

AN ACT to amend section four thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight (4778) of chapter sixty-one (61), of the General Statutes of 1894, relating to the recording of marriage certificates.

(Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:)

Section 1. That section four thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight (4778) of chapter sixty-one (61) of the General Statutes of 1894, relating to the record of marriage certificates, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 4778. Every person solemnizing a marriage shall make a record thereof, and within one month make and deliver to the clerk of the district court of the county where the marriage took place, or of the county to which said county is attached for judicial purposes, a certificate under his hand containing the particulars mentioned in the preceding section, which certificate shall be filed and recorded by said clerk in a book by him kept for that purpose, and said clerk shall be entitled to receive the sum of twenty-five cents for recording said certificate from the person offering the same for record.

And the clerk of said court shall execute a receipt to the person delivering said certificate, which said receipt shall be of even date with the delivery of said certificate, and shall contain substantially all of the facts set forth in said certificate; be signed by said clerk and have affixed thereto the seal of the said court."

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 295—H. F. No. 638.

AN ACT to provide for the renewal of certain records and for perfecting of certain records in the office of county auditor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Whenever it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the board of county commissioners of any county in this state that any book or books of record in the office of the county auditor of such county, through age, injury, use, or other cause, have become unfit for record purposes, and because of such condition are liable to destruction, it shall be the duty of the auditor of said county to make a transcript of such records in suitable books to be provided by the county for that purpose.

When such transcripts have been completed the same shall be compared with the original record, and the said auditor shall duly certify, under his hand and seal at the end of each book that the records therein contained to date of signature are true and correct transcripts of the original records. Such transcripts shall then have the same force and effect as the original records.

For the transcribing of such records the county auditor shall be allowed such amounts for extra help as to the board of county commissioners may seem just, proper and necessary, such extra help to be hired by him at his discretion as to their appointment and the rates of their compensation, respectively, and paid by his warrants on the county treasury.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 296—H. F. No. 339.

AN ACT to amend section twenty-three (23), of chapter three hundred fifty-two (352) of the General Laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-nine (1899), section twenty-five (25) of chapter three hundred and fifty-two (352) of the General Laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-nine (1899), as amended by chapter one hundred and eighty-nine (189) of the General Laws of nineteen hundred and one (1901) and by chapter three hundred and sixty-six (366) of the General Laws of nineteen hundred and three (1903), and section twenty-eight (28) of chapter three hundred and fifty-two (352) of the General Laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-nine (1899) as amended by chapter one hundred and eighty-nine (189) of the General Laws of nineteen hundred and one (1901) and by chapter one hundred and eighty-four (184) of the General Laws of nineteen hundred and three (1903), relating to state aid for rural schools, and the appropriation of money therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section twenty-three (23) of chapter three hundred and fifty-two (352) of the General Laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-nine (1899) be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

Section 23. In order to be entitled to aid as a state rural school, such school shall have first fully complied with the following conditions, viz.:

First—Such school shall have maintained during the school year next preceding that for which aid is granted at least eight (8) months school.

Second—It shall be taught by a teacher holding a first grade certificate, or a professional state certificate, or a diploma from one of the normal schools in the state, indorsed according to law, or a diploma from a normal school of another state which has been approved by the superintendent of public instruction, or by a teacher holding a second grade state certificate pursuant to the laws of the state.

Third—It shall have a suitable school building, outhouses, a library, and such other apparatus as is necessary for doing efficient work.

Sec. 2. That section twenty-five (25) of chapter three hundred and fifty-two (352) of the General Laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-nine (1899) as amended by chapter one hundred and eighty-nine (189) of the General Laws of nineteen hundred and one (1901), and by chapter three hundred and sixty-six (366) of the General Laws of nineteen hundred and three (1903), be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

Section 25. Said superintendent of public instruction shall apportion to each of said schools fully complying with the provisions of this act and such rules of a general nature as may be established by him in relation to state rural schools as follows, viz.: to those taught by teachers specified in section twenty-three (23) of this act, other than those holding second grade certificates, the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars ($125) in each year, and to those taught by teachers hold second grade state certificates, pursuant to the laws of the state, the sum of fifty dollars ($50) in each year; provided, however, that in case the amount appropriated and available under this act for the payment of aid to such schools shall in any year be insufficient to apportion to each of said state rural schools as are entitled thereto, the full amounts of one hundred and twenty-five dollars ($125) and fifty dollars ($50) respectively, then in such case such amount as is appropriated and available shall be apportioned pro rata among all the schools entitled thereto.

Sec. 3. That section twenty-eight (28) of chapter three hundred fifty-two (352) of the General Laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-nine (1899), as amended by chapter one hundred and eighty-nine (189) of the General Laws of nineteen hundred and one (1901), and by chapter one hundred and eighty-four (184) of the General Laws of nineteen hundred and three (1903), be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

Section 28. For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act the following sums are hereby appropriated annually, to be paid out of any moneys in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated, viz.: for aid to state high schools, the sum of two hundred and seventeen thousand ($217,000) dollars.

For aid to state graded schools, the sum of seventy-nine thousand ($79,000) dollars.

For the necessary expenses of the state high school board and the salaries and traveling expenses of the high school and graded school inspectors, in a sum not to exceed nine thousand five hundred ($9,500) dollars, shall be drawn from the annual appropriations herein made for high and graded schools in proportion to the respective amounts appropriated to each, which sum shall become available on the first (1st) day of August, one thousand nine hundred and five (1905).

For aid to state semi-graded schools, the sum of sixty-seven thousand ($67,000) dollars.

For aid to state rural schools, the sum of one hundred thousand ($100,000) dollars, which amounts or so much thereof as shall be necessary, shall be paid on the warrants of the superintendent of public instruction, drawn on the state auditor.

Provided, the first annual appropriation herein provided shall become available August first (1st) nineteen hundred and five (1905) for the school year ending July thirty-first (31st) nineteen hundred and five (1905).

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 297—H. F. No. 76.

AN ACT to establish and create a public park to be known and designated as the Minneopa State Park, and authorizing the purchase and condemnation of land for park purposes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section twenty (20), township one hundred and eight (108), range twenty-seven (27) in the county of Blue Earth and State of Minnesota, and the north fourteen acres of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of said section twenty (20) township one hundred and eight (108), range twenty-seven (27), or so much thereof as the State of Minnesota is now or may hereafter become seized, shall be and hereby is set apart and perpetually used as a public park.

Sec. 2. The name of said park shall be The Minneopa State Park, and the same is by this act dedicated to the perpetual use of the people of the State of Minnesota under the proper restrictions herein provided, or which may be hereafter provided by law.

Sec. 3. The general care and supervision of The Minneopa State Park, until otherwise provided for, shall be vested in the state auditor, acting as state land commissioner.

Sec. 4. The attorney general is hereby authorized and directed to take all reasonable necessary steps to procure from the parties owning land within limits of said park, concessions to the State of Minnesota or conveyances thereto for park purposes and for such reasonable consideration as may be agreed upon, subject to the approval of the governor. In case any tract or parcel of land within the limits of said park cannot be secured upon satisfactory terms, the attorney general is hereby authorized to institute for and in behalf of the state proceedings in condemnation, as now provided by law, for condemning and controverting private property within this state to public use. Whenever any proceedings in condemnation are had and taken for the condemnation and conversion of any of said lands, all of the provisions of an act approved March 9th, 1874, and entitled "An act to provide for obtaining title to land, by the State of Minnesota for the use of the state", and all amendments thereto shall be applicable to all such proceedings, and all other provisions of law properly applicable, shall also be applicable to such proceedings.

Sec. 5. Any person who shall willfully cut, destroy or mutilate, or cause to be willfully cut, destroyed or mutilated, any tree, shrub, timber, evergreen or plants of any kind, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof by any court having competent jurisdiction, shall be punished by a fine of not less than ten dollars, and not more than one hundred dollars for each offense, or be imprisoned in the county jail of Blue Earth county, Minnesota, for not less than ten days or more than ninety days for each and every such offense.

Sec. 6. For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act there is hereby appropriated out of the treasury of the State of Minnesota, payable out of any moneys not otherwise appropriated, the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary to acquire the property hereinbefore described and carry into effect the provisions of this act.

This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 298—H. F. No. 532.

AN ACT entitled "An act creating the office of county license inspector in counties which now or may hereafter have a population of one hundred and fifty thousand (150,000) inhabitants or over, but less than two hundred thousand (200,000) inhabitants, and defining his duties and compensation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The board of county commissioners of any county in this state which now or may hereafter have a population of one hundred and fifty thousand (150,000) inhabitants or over, but less than two hundred thousand (200,000) inhabitants, may, when they deem it expedient and necessary to the enforcement of the liquor license laws of this state, appoint one county license inspector, who shall hold his office during the pleasure of said board.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of such license inspector to use due and diligent effort in enforcing the laws in reference to the licensing and selling of intoxicating liquors in all parts of said county not within an incorporated city or village. It shall be his duty to procure evidence and make complaint to the proper magistrate or court of all persons selling liquors without being duly licensed under the laws of this state outside of incorporated cities and villages. He shall make report of all his doings when called upon to do so by the board of county commissioners. The said license inspector is hereby invested with all the powers of a constable under the statute as well as at common law, so far as proceedings in criminal actions are concerned.

Sec. 3. The said license inspector shall take the oath of office prescribed for officers of this state and give a bond with two (2) or more sureties running to the board of county commissioners to be approved by them, in the penal sum of five hundred dollars ($500), conditional for the faithful performance of the duties of said office.

Sec. 4. The salary of such license inspector shall be fixed by the board of county commissioners at the time of his appointment in such sum not exceeding seventy-five dollars ($75) per year, as such board shall elect, and such salary shall be payable out of the county treasury.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 299—H. F. NO. 837.

AN ACT prescribing terms, limitations and conditions on which lands granted to the state by the congress of the United States shall be sold.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Hereafter whenever any lands granted to the state, by the congress of the United States, shall be sold by this state, the purchaser shall in the first instance, be given a contract or certificate of sale, which instrument shall contain, among other things, the provisions herein set forth.

Sec. 2. The state auditor shall insert in every such contract or certificate of sale, a clause providing that the vendee, his heirs, administrators or assigns, shall within five years from the date of such instrument, perform at least one of the following requirements:

1. Fence at least twenty-five (25) per cent of said tract for pasture and convert such portion into pasture land.

2. Cultivate at least five (5) per cent of said tract, or;

3. Build a house and actually reside upon said tract for a period of twelve (12) months.

Sec. 3. Within five (5) years after the date of such contract or certificate of sale, the vendee, his heirs, administrators or assigns, shall furnish to the state auditor, satisfactory proof that at least one of said provisions has been complied with, said proof shall be attested by two members of the school board in the district wherein the land is located. And upon such proof, and the fulfillment of all the conditions of such contract or certificate of sale, a deed shall issue to the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, to the land in such contract or certificate described.

Sec. 4. Upon failure to make and furnish the proof mentioned, in the foregoing section, within five (5) years after the date of such contract or certificate, the state auditor shall cancel said contract or certificate and the land covered thereby shall revert to and become the property of the state, free and clear of any incumbrance or cloud arising out of said transaction or contract or attempted to be contracted, by said vendee, and all moneys paid on account of the purchase price, shall be forfeited to the state.

Sec. 5. Not more than three hundred and twenty (320) acres of such land shall be sold or contracted to be sold to any one purchaser.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 300—H. F. No. 602

AN ACT relating to appointments of inspectors under the state dairy and food commission, fixing the qualification of appointees and relating to their tenure of and removal from office.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Before any person shall be eligible to appointment as an inspector in the dairy and food department, he shall be required to pass a competitive examination touching his general qualifications and proficiency and such general knowledge of the trade and technical phases of the work required in such position as may be deemed necessary by a board of examiners to the proper discharge of the duties of such position. And no person shall be eligible to such appointment, unless in addition to the examination requirements herein specified he shall satisfy the board as to his moral, mental and physical fitness to hold such position. All applicants must be citizens of the United States, and must have resided in the State of Minnesota at least one (1) year before receiving an appointment under the provisions of this act. All appointments, and removals under the provisions of this act shall be made by the officer now authorized by law to make such appointments and removals. In case of the removal of any such inspector, a statement in writing giving the reasons for such removal shall be filed by the person making such removal with the secretary of state, which shall be open to public inspection, but the inspector against whom such statement has been filed shall, on written request, be given a hearing before the board of examiners within fifteen days from the filing of such request. The failure to make and file such statement within five (5) days after such removal shall operate to reinstate such official or employe. No removal of any inspector shall be made except for neglect of duty, incompetence, insubordination, or immorality.

Sec. 2. To carry out the provisions of this act a board of examiners is hereby created consisting of the state dairy and food commissioner, the dean of the Agricultural College and the attorney general. In case of death or inability to act as one of the three persons herein designated, the governor of the state shall appoint some person temporarily to act in his place. The state dairy and food commissioner shall be secretary of such board and shall keep all the records which shall contain all the proceedings of the board in reference to examinations and of its actions in carrying out the provisions of this act. The secretary of the board shall likewise keep and have open to the inspection of the public a list of the names of the persons who are eligible to appointment. Two (2) members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. A chairman shall be elected by the board from its number. None of the members of the board shall receive any compensation for their services herein required, except their reasonable and necessary expenses, which shall be paid out of the fund appropriated for the maintenance of the state dairy and food department in the same manner as other charges against such fund are paid.

Sec. 3. The board of examiners shall provide for such examinations, suitable lists of questions which shall be submitted to the applicants in such manner as the board may determine; and a list shall be made of the successful applicants, and from which list the state dairy and food commissioner shall make selections for the positions above named.

Sec. 4. The board of examiners shall convene for the purpose of holding the first examination the second Monday in January, 1907, and annually thereafter. Special examinations may be called by the board upon written request of the commissioner, provided that, except for extraordinary reasons, it shall not be necessary to call special examinations if there be a sufficient number of eligibles remaining from previous examinations. Any person who shall pass such examination shall be eligible to appointment at any time within one year from the date of his examination, provided he shall remain morally, mentally and physically fit. Thirty (30) days' notice, signed by the secretary of the board, of any examination held hereunder shall be given by one publication in two (2) St. Paul daily newspapers of opposite political faith, and such notice to state the time and place thereof and in general terms the subject matter upon which applicants will be examined. All examinations shall be held in the city of St. Paul at some suitable place therein to be fixed by the board. If more applicants than are necessary to fill vacancies shall have passed such examination, or series of examinations, the commissioner shall have authority to select from such entire list; but without reference to any political affiliation or belief those persons who in his judgment are best fitted to perform the duties of the position; and if at any time there be an insufficient number of eligibles, the commissioner shall have authority to temporarily fill a vacancy, such appointment to hold until such list of eligibles has been sufficiently replenished.

Sec. 5. All persons now holding positions in said department shall be deemed as having been appointed under the provisions of this act and shall hold office until their terms expire by operation of the laws as they exist prior to the passage of this act.

Section 6. All inconsistent provisions of any law are hereby repealed.

Sec. 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 301—H. F. NO. 711.

AN ACT to provide for fixing salaries for the mayor and the members of the common council of all cities having a population not to exceed ten thousand (10,000) inhabitants.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That in all cities in this state, having a population not to exceed ten thousand (10,000) inhabitants the common council of such cities may, prior to any annual city election, to be held therein hereafter, pass a resolution fixing the annual salaries of the mayor and the members of such common council; at not to exceed one hundred dollars ($100) per annum for each of said officers, and said common council shall cause notice thereof to be given to the voters of such city in the notice of the annual city election, and the recorder of such city shall place upon the official ballot of said city, to be used therein at said annual city election the proposition "in favor of paying the sum of $...... as salary to the mayor and each member of the common council," and also the proposition "against paying the sum of $...... as salary to the mayor and each member of the common council."

That said recorder shall place the amount of money in each of the above propositions on said ballots, as said common council shall determine by resolution, as aforesaid, but not to exceed one hundred dollars ($100). That the voters of said city at such annual city election shall vote for or against the proposition of paying the mayor and the respective members of the common council as salary the amount placed upon said ballot, as aforesaid; and if a majority of the voters of said city voting on said proposition shall vote in favor of the paying of said salary then said proposition shall be deemed carried, and said mayor and each member of said common council shall be entitled to be paid out of the city treasury the sum so voted for, as an annual salary for services to be rendered by them thereafter. That said amount voted for annual salary of said officers shall thereafter be paid to each of said officers as their annual salary until otherwise changed by a vote of the legal voters of said city as herein provided for fixing said salaries.

Sec. 2. That the voter wishing to vote for or against the proposition of paying said amount for salary to the said officer shall place a cross mark (X) opposite for the proposition for which he intends to vote. All the votes cast for or against said proposition shall be canvassed, counted and returned to the city recorder, the same as the votes are for city officers in said city.

Sec. 3. This act shall apply to all such cities herein mentioned, whether incorporated under a general or special law, but nothing herein contained shall be construed to apply to any municipality now operating under a home rule charter.

Sec. 4. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 302—S. F. No. 249.

AN ACT to regulate the issuance of warehouse receipts by public warehousemen in this state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Whenever any grain is delivered to a public warehouseman in this state he shall receive for storage or shipment, so far as the capacity of his warehouse or elevator will permit, all grain in suitable condition for storage tendered him in the usual course of business, without discrimination of any kind. A warehouse receipt in form prescribed by the railroad and warehouse commission shall be issued and delivered to the owner immediately upon receipt of each lot or parcel of grain, giving true and correct grade and weight thereof. Such warehouse receipts shall be consecutively numbered and no two receipts bearing the same number shall be issued from the same warehouse during any one year, except in case of a lost or destroyed receipt, in which case the new receipt shall bear the same date and number as the original, and shall be plainly marked on its face "Duplicate."

Sec. 2. Any owner of a public warehouse, or his agent, receiving said grain for storage in any public warehouse or elevator, who shall either fail to issue or deliver a warehouse receipt conforming to the provisions of section 1 of this act, or who shall purposely issue a receipt not stating said matters accurately, or who shall issue such warehouse receipt to any person who does not store the grain for which it calls, or who shall issue any kind of a slip, memoranda or any other form of receipt which does not conform to the provisions of section 1 of this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished for each offense by a fine not exceeding one hundred ($100) dollars or imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding ninety (90) days.

Sec. 3. Any person delivering grain for storage to any such public warehouse or elevator who shall knowingly accept any kind of a receipt, slip, memoranda, due bill or any other instrument which does not conform to the provisions of section 1 of this act, shall be guilty of collusion, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished for each offense by a fine not exceeding one hundred ($100) dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding ninety (90) days.

Sec. 4. No receipt, slip, memoranda, due bill or any other instrument than the one prescribed by section 1 of this act, shall be admissable in evidence in any civil action.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force on and after May 1, 1905.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 303—S. F. NO. 383.

AN ACT to regulate the consolidation and reinsurance of domestic insurance companies transacting the business of life, accident or health insurance.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. No company organized under the laws of this state to do the business of life, accident or health insurance, either on the stock, mutual, stipulated premium, assessment, or fraternal plan, shall consolidate with any other company, or reinsure its risks, or any part thereof with any other company, or assume or reinsure the whole of, or any portion of the risks of any other company, except as hereinafter provided; but nothing herein contained shall prevent any such company, organized on the stock or mutual plan, from reinsuring a fractional part of any single risk.

Sec. 2. When any such company shall propose to consolidate with any other company, or to enter into any contract of reinsurance, it shall present its petition to the insurance commissioner of this state, setting forth the terms and conditions of such proposed consolidation or reinsurance, and praying for the approval or of any modification thereof, which the commission hereinafter provided for may approve.

Sec. 3. The insurance commissioner shall thereupon issue an order of notice, requiring notice to be given by mail to each policy holder of such company, of the pending of such petition, and the time and place at which hearing thereon will be held, and shall publish the said order of notice and said petition in five daily newspapers, for at least two weeks before the time appointed for the hearing upon said petition.

Sec. 4. The governor, or in event of his inability to act, some competent person resident of the state to be appointed by him, the attorney general, and the insurance commissioner of the state, shall constitute a commission to hear and determine upon said petition. At the time and place fixed in said notice, or at such time and place as shall be fixed by adjournment, the commission shall proceed with the hearing, and may make or order such examination into the affairs and condition of said company as it may deem proper. The insurance commissioner shall have the power to summon and compel the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of books and papers before said commission. Any policy holder or stockholder of the company or companies so petitioning may appear before said commission and be heard in reference to said consolidation or reinsurance. Said commission, if satisfied that the interests of the policy holders of such company or companies are properly protected, and that no reasonable objection exists thereto, may approve and authorize the proposed consolidation or reinsurance or may modify or change the terms and conditions thereof as may seem best for the interests of the policyholders, and said commission may make such order with reference to the distribution and disposition of the surplus assets of any such company thereafter remaining, as shall be just and equitable to the policyholders. Such consolidation or reinsurance shall only be approved by the consent of all the members of said commission, and it shall be the duty of said commission to guard the interests of the policyholders of any such company or companies proposing to consolidate or reinsure.

Sec. 5. All actual expenses and costs incident to proceedings under the provisions of this act shall be paid by the company or companies bringing said petition, and an itemized statement of the expenses and costs shall be filed with the insurance commissioner with a certified copy of the decision of the commission. No officer of any such company or companies, nor member of said commission, or employe of the state, shall receive any compensation, gratuity or otherwise, directly or indirectly, for in any manner aiding, promoting or assisting in such consolidation or reinsurance.

Sec. 6. Any officer, director or stockholder of any such company or companies, or any member of such commission or employe of the state, violating or consenting to the violation of the provisions of this act shall be punished by a fine of not less than ten thousand dollars and by imprisonment for not less than one year.

Sec. 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 304—S. F. NO. 429.

AN ACT to amend chapter 59 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1897.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That chapter 59 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1897 be amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 1. That any corporation other than those for pecuniary profit heretofore or hereafter incorporated by virtue of any law of this state may, by resolution of its board of trustees adopted at any regular or called meeting by a majority vote thereof, increase or decrease the number of the trustees of such corporation and provide for their election; and a copy of such resolution, subscribed and sworn to by the president and secretary of such corporation, shall be recorded in the office of the register of deeds in the county where the corporation is located, and in the office of the secretary of state."

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 305—S. F. NO. 409.

AN ACT concerning the registration of land and the title thereto in counties of this state having more than seventy-five thousand inhabitants.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. In What Counties—Real estate situated in any county in this state having more than seventy-five thousand inhabitants may be registered under the provisions of this act in the manner herein provided.

Sec. 2. Registered Land Subject to Same Incidents as Unregistered, Except Adverse Possession—Registered land shall be subject to the same burdens and incidents which attach by law to unregistered land. This act shall not operate to relieve registered land or the owners thereof from any rights, duties or obligations incident to or growing out of the marriage relation, or from liability to attachment on mesne process, or levy on execution, or from liability to any lien or charge of any description whatever, created or established by law upon the land, or the buildings situated thereon, or the interest of the owner in such land or buildings. It shall not operate to change the laws of descent or the rights of partition between co-tenants, or the right to take the land by eminent domain. It shall not operate to relieve such land from liability to be taken or recovered by any assignee or receiver under any provision of law relative thereto, and shall not operate to change or affect any other rights, burdens, liabilities or obligations created by law and applicable to unregistered land except as otherwise expressly provided herein. No title to registered land in derogation of that of the registered owner shall be acquired by prescription or by adverse possession.

Sec. 3. Application, Who May Make—An application for registration may be made by any of the following persons:

First—The person or persons who singly or collectively own the land. Tenants in common shall join in the application.

Second—The person or persons who singly or collectively have the power of disposing of the land.

Third—Infants and other persons under disability, by their guardian duly appointed by the proper probate court in this state.

Fourth—A corporation, by its proper officer, or by an agent duly authorized by the board of directors.

Fifth—Any executor or administrator duly appointed by the proper probate court in this state.

The person in whose behalf the application is made shall be named as applicant.

Sec. 4. Applicant's Interest—No land, the title to which is derived from any tax or local assessment sale, shall be registered until such title has been adjudged to be valid by a court of competent jurisdiction, and a certified copy of the decree duly recorded with the register of deeds; provided, however, that any person may make the application when for at least fifteen years the land has been in the adverse possession of the applicant, or those through whom he claims title.

No lesser estate than a fee simple and no mortgage, lien or other charge upon land, shall be registered, unless the estate in fee simple therein is registered; but the fact that the estate or interest of the applicant is subject to any outstanding lesser estate or to a mortgage, or other charge or lien, shall not prevent its registration.

Sec. 5. The Application—The application shall be in writing, and shall be signed and verified by the applicant, or by his agent thereunto lawfully authorized in writing. If the application is signed and verified by any agent except an officer of a corporation, the authority of such agent shall be executed and acknowledged in the manner required for the execution and acknowledgment of a deed and shall be recorded with the register of deeds for the county wherein the land is situated, before the filing of the application.

If the application is made by a corporation, it shall be verified by some officer of the corporation.

If the applicant is married, the husband or wife of the applicant shall assent thereto in writing by a duly acknowledged indorsement thereon, or by a separate instrument duly acknowledged and filed with the application.

Sec. 6. Form of Application—The application shall set forth substantially:

A—The full name, age and residence of the applicant. If the application is made by any person acting in behalf of another, the application shall likewise state the full name and residence of the person so acting, and the capacity in which he acts.

B—Whether the applicant is or is not married, and if married the full name and residence of the husband or wife. It shall also state that the applicant is under no disability and whether the applicant has ever been divorced, and if so, when, where and by what court the divorce was granted.

C—A correct description of the land, together with the assessed value thereof, exclusive of improvements, according to the last official assessment.

D—The estate or interest of the applicant in the land, and whether or not, it is subject to an estate of homestead.

E—The names of all persons or parties, except the applicant, who appear of record, or who are known to the applicant to have or to claim any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the land.

F—Whether the land is occupied or unoccupied. If occupied by any other person than the applicant, it shall state the full name and address of each occupant, and the nature of the estate, interest, lien or charge which such occupant or occupants have, or claim to have, in the land.

G—Whether the land is subject to any lien or incumbrance, recorded or unrecorded, together with the character and amount of the same, and the name and postoffice address of each holder thereof. If recorded, it shall state the place, book and page of record.

H—Whether any person, other than the applicant, has or claims to have any estate or interest in the land, either in law or equity, in possession, remainder, reversion or expectancy, together with the full name and address of every such person, and the nature and character of such estate or interest.

I—If the application is on behalf of a minor, it shall state the age of such minor, and that a duly certified copy of the letters of guardianship has been recorded with the register of deeds in the county wherein the land is situated.

J—When the place of residence of any person whose residence is required to be given is unknown to the applicant, it may be so stated in the application, and also that after due and diligent search the applicant has been unable to ascertain the same.

K—If it is desired to fix and establish the boundary lines of the land, the full names and postoffice addresses of all owners of adjoining lands which are in any manner affected thereby shall be fully stated; otherwise the decree shall not have the effect to fix or determine the boundary lines.

Any person having or claiming any right, title, interest or estate in land or any lien or charge upon or against the same may assent in writing to the registration thereof, and the person thus assenting need not be named as a defendant in the registration proceeding, or, if already named as a defendant therein, need not be served with the summons therein. Such assent shall be executed and acknowledged in the manner now required by law for the execution and acknowledgment of a deed and shall be filed with the clerk of the court.

Sec. 7. Non-Resident Applicant—Agent—If the applicant is not a resident of the State of Minnesota, he shall file for record with the register of deeds a written agreement, duly executed and acknowledged, appointing an agent residing in the state. He shall state therein the full name and postoffice address of such agent, and shall therein agree that the service of any legal process in proceedings under or growing out of any application shall be of the same legal effect when made on said agent as if made on the applicant within the state. If the agent so appointed dies, or removes from the state, the applicant shall at once appoint another agent in like manner, and, if he fails so to do, the court may in its discretion dismiss the application. In any subsequent application made by the same applicant, he may refer to such written authority so recorded, provided the same is sufficiently comprehensive to include such subsequent application.

Sec. 8. May Include Several Pieces—Any number of adjoining tracts of land in the same county and owned by the same person and in the same right, or any number of tracts of land in the same county having the same chain of title, and belonging to the same person, may be included in one application.

Sec. 9. Amendment—Amendments to the application, including joinder, substitution or discontinuance as to parties, may be allowed by the court at any time upon terms that are just and reasonable, but all amendments shall be in writing and signed and verified like the original application.

Sec. 10. Application to What Court—Power of Court—An application for registration shall be addressed to the district court in and for the county wherein the land described therein is situated. The district court shall have original exclusive jurisdiction thereof, and of all proceedings thereunder, and shall have full power to inquire into the title of said land, and any right, title, interest or estate therein, and any lien, charge or incumbrance thereon. By its decree, it shall adjudge and determine the title to said land, the nature, character, extent and amount of all liens and incumbrances thereon, the priority as between the same, and shall remove all clouds from the title. The district court shall have full power and authority to make all necessary orders, judgments and decrees, and for these purposes the court shall be always open.

Sec. 11. Application to Be Filed With Clerk—Docket—Abstract—The application shall be filed with the clerk, who shall docket the same in a book to be known as the "Land Registration Docket." The application shall be entitled (here insert name of applicant), applicant to have registered the title to (here insert description of land), applicant against (here insert the names of all persons named in the application and in the order of the court directing the issuance of a summons as being in possession of the land, or having any lien, incumbrance, right, title, interest or estate therein), also "all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein," defendants. All orders, judgments and decrees of the court in said proceeding shall be minuted in such docket. All final orders or decrees shall be recorded by the clerk and proper reference made thereto in such docket. At the time of the filing of the application with the clerk, a copy thereof, duly certified by him, shall be filed for record with the register of deeds, and shall have the force and effect of a lis pendens.

The applicant shall file with the clerk, as soon after the filing of the application as is practicable, an abstract of title to the land described in the application, satisfactory to the examiner.

If required so to do by the examiner, the applicant shall likewise cause the land to be surveyed by some competent surveyor, and file with the clerk a plat of the land duly certified by such surveyor.

Sec. 12. Examiner of Titles—Salary—The judges of the district court shall appoint one or more competent attorneys in each county within their respective districts to be examiners of titles and legal advisers to the registrar in said county. The examiners of titles shall hold office subject to the will and discretion of the district court by which they are appointed. Their compensation shall be fixed and determined by the said court, and shall be paid in the same manner as the compensation of other county employes is paid.

Sec. 13. Reference to Examiner—Reports.—Immediately after the filing of the abstract of title, the court shall enter an order referring the application to an examiner of titles, who shall proceed to examine into the title of the land described in the application, and into the truth of all matters set forth therein. He shall ascertain whether or not the land is occupied, and, if occupied, he shall ascertain the nature thereof, and by what right the occupation is held. He shall also ascertain whether or not any judgments exist which may be a lien upon the land. He shall search all public records, and fully investigate all facts pertaining to the title which may be brought to his notice, and shall file in the case a full report thereof, together with his opinion upon the title. The court shall not be bound by any report of the examiner of titles, but may require further or other proof.

An examiner of titles shall have full power to administer oaths, and examine witnesses concerning any matter involved in his investigation of titles. In such matters he shall possess the same authority as is vested by law in referees appointed by the district court.

Whenever, in the opinion of the examiner, the state has any interest in, or lien upon, the land, he shall state the nature and character thereof in his report, and in such cases, the state shall be joined as a party, and named in the summons as a party thereto, in order that its interest, estate, or lien, may be defined and preserved.

The clerk shall give notice to the applicant of the filing of such report. If the report of the examiner is adverse to the applicant, he shall have a reasonable time in which to proceed further, or to withdraw his application. This election shall be made in writing and filed with the clerk.

Examiners shall, upon the request of the registrar, advise him upon any act or duty pertaining to the conduct of his office, or prepare the form of any memorial to be made or entered by the registrar.

Sec. 14. Order for Summons—If, in the opinion of the examiner, the applicant has a title to the land, proper for registration; or if the applicant, after an adverse opinion of the examiner, elects to proceed further, the applicant shall file with the clerk a verified petition praying that a summons may be issued in said proceeding. The court shall thereupon examine all the files and records of said proceeding, and shall, by its order, direct that a summons be issued therein. This order shall contain the name and address, so far as known, of every person who is to be joined as a party to said proceeding, including all persons named in the application, or found by the report of the examiner to be in possession of the land, or as having any right, title, interest or estate therein, or any lien or encumbrance upon or against the same, together with the name and address of all other persons or parties whom the court in said order may direct to be joined therein. The parties thus named in the order of the court shall be, and shall be known as, defendants.

Sec. 15. Summons, Form—Service—The summons shall be subscribed by the clerk, and shall be directed to the defendants, and require them to appear and answer the application of the applicant, within twenty (20) days after the service of the summons, exclusive of the day of such service. It shall be served in the manner now provided by law for the service of a summons in civil actions in the district court, except as herein otherwise provided. It shall be served upon the state by delivering a copy thereof to the attorney general, who shall transmit the same to the county attorney of the county in which the land described therein is situated, and thereupon such county attorney shall appear in said proceeding, and represent the state therein.

It shall be served upon all persons who are not residents of the state and upon all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein," by publishing the same in a newspaper printed and published in the county wherein the application is filed, once each week, for three consecutive weeks.

The clerk shall also, within twenty (20) days after the first publication of the summons, send a copy thereof by mail to all defendants who are not residents of the state, and whose place of address is known to applicant or stated in the application, or in the order directing the issuance of the summons. The certificate of the clerk that he has mailed the summons, as herein provided, shall be conclusive evidence thereof. Other or further notice of the application for registration may be given in such manner and to such persons as the court or any judge thereof may direct.

The summons shall be served at the expense of the applicant and proof of the service thereof shall be made in the same manner as in civil actions.

The summons shall be substantially in the following form, namely:

SUMMONS IN APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND.

State of Minnesota,
County of ——— ss.
District Court, ... Judicial District.

"In the matter of the application of (name of applicant) to register the title to the following described real estate situated in .... county, Minnesota, namely: (description of land). Applicant.

vs.

"(Names of defendants), and all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein," Defendants.

"The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

"You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant in the above entitled proceeding and to file your answer to the said application, in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and, if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant in this proceeding will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

"Witness, ... clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at .... in said county, this .... day of .... A. D. 19—
(Seal) .... "Clerk."

When the summons has been served as herein provided, the court shall be deemed to have acquired jurisdiction of the subject matter of the proceeding, and of all persons whatsoever, who have, or may have, any right, title, interest or estate in the real estate described in the application, or any lien or charge whatsoever upon or against the same.

By the phrase in the summons "all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein," all the world are made parties defendant, and shall be bound and concluded by the decree.

Sec. 16. Answer.—Any person claiming any right, title, estate or interest in or lien upon the land, whether named in the summons or not, may file an answer therein, within the time named in the summons, or within such further time as may be allowed by the court. The answer shall state all objections to the application, and shall set forth the right, title, estate, interest or lien claimed by the party filing the same, and shall be signed and verified by the defendant, or by some person in his behalf.

Sec. 17. Guardian ad litem for minors, etc.—Upon the petition of the applicant, or of any person interested in the proceeding, the court shall appoint a disinterested person to act as guardian ad litem for minors, and other persons under disability, and for all persons not in being who may appear to have any interest or lien upon the land. The compensation of the guardian shall be determined by the court, and paid by the applicant as part of the expenses of the proceeding.

Sec. 18. If no answer, court may decree.—If no person appears and answers within the time named in the summons, or allowed by the court, the court may, at once, upon the motion of the applicant, no reason to the contrary appearing, and upon satisfactory proof of the applicant's right thereto, make and file its order and decree confirming the title of the applicant and ordering the registration thereof.

Sec. 19. Trial—Reference.—When an answer is filed, the case shall be tried by the court in like manner as an ordinary civil action. The court may refer the case, or any part thereof, to one of the examiners, as referee, to hear the parties and their evidence, and make report thereon to the court. Any report of an examiner shall have the same weight as that of a referee appointed by the district court. After the filing of such report, the court may order such other further hearing of the cause before the court, or before the examiner, and may require such other or further proof by either or any of the parties to the cause as it shall deem proper.

Sec. 20. Dismissal.—If the court shall find after hearing that the applicant has not a title proper for registration, an order shall be entered dismissing the application which may be without prejudice.

The applicant may upon motion dismiss the application at any time before the final decree is entered, upon such terms as shall be fixed by the court.

Sec. 21. Decree of registration—Effect.—If, after hearing, the court finds that the applicant has a title proper for registration, whether as stated in his application or otherwise, it shall make and file its decree therein, confirming the title of the applicant and ordering the registration thereof. Except as herein otherwise provided, every decree of registration shall bind the land described therein, and shall forever quiet the title thereto, and shall be forever binding and conclusive upon all persons, whether mentioned by name in the summons, or included in the phrase, "all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein," and such decree shall not be opened, vacated or set aside by reason of the absence, infancy, or other disability of any person affected thereby, nor by any proceeding at law or in equity for opening, vacating, setting aside or reversing judgments and decrees, except as herein especially provided.

The decree shall forever determine, bind and conclude all the right, title, interest, estate or lien in the land described therein of the husband or wife of any defendant acquired or growing out of the marriage relation in like manner as if such husband or wife had been expressly named in said decree.

Sec. 22. Decree—Contents—Copy Filed—Every decree of registration shall bear the date, hour and minute of its entry and shall be signed by one of the judges of the district court. It shall state the age of the owner of the land, and whether married, or unmarried, and, if married, the name of the husband or wife; if the owner of the land is under disability, it shall state the nature thereof. It shall contain an accurate description of the land as finally determined by the court, and shall set forth the estate of the owner and also, in such manner as to show their relative priority, all particular estates, mortgages, easements, liens, attachments and other incumbrances, including rights of husband and wife, if any, to which the land or the owner's estate is subject, and shall contain any other facts properly to be determined by the court. Immediately upon the filing of the decree of registration, the clerk shall file a certified copy thereof with the registrar.

Sec. 23. Registration Runs With Land—The obtaining of a decree of registration, and the receiving of a certificate of title, shall be deemed as an agreement running with the land, and binding upon the applicant, and his successors in the title, that the land shall be and forever remain registered land, and subject to the provisions of this act, and to all acts amendatory thereof. All dealings with the land, or any estate or interest therein, and all liens, encumbrances and charges upon the same, after the land has been registered, shall be expressly subject to the terms and provisions of this act.

Sec. 24. Certificate of Title—What Survives—Every person receiving a certificate of title pursuant to a decree of registration, and every subsequent purchaser of registered land who receives a certificate of title in good faith and for a valuable consideration, shall hold the same free from all encumbrances, and adverse claims, excepting only such estates, mortgages, liens, charges and interests as may be noted in the last certificate of title in the office of the registrar, and also excepting any of the following rights or encumbrances subsisting against the same, if any, namely:

1. Liens, claims or rights arising or existing under the laws or the Constitution of the United States, which this state cannot require to appear of record.
2. The lien of any tax or special assessment for which the land has not been sold at the date of the certificate of title.
3. Any lease for a period not exceeding three years when there is actual occupation of the premises thereunder.
4. All rights in public highways upon the land.
5. Such right of appeal, or right to appear and contest the application as is allowed by this act.

Sec. 25. Opening Decree—Any person having any right, title, or interest in or lien upon the land upon whom the summons has not been actually served, and who had no notice or knowledge of the filing of the application or of the pendency of such proceeding prior to the entry of the decree therein, may at any time within sixty (60) days after the entry of such decree, and not afterwards, file his duly verified petition setting forth such facts and praying for leave to file his answer therein. If the court is satisfied of the truth of the matters set forth in such verified petition, it shall make an order permitting such petitioner to answer the application. Upon the filing of such answer, and upon not less than ten (10) days' notice to the applicant, and to such other persons or parties as the court may order, and in such manner as it may direct, the court shall proceed to review the case, and, if satisfied that its decision or decree ought to be opened, it shall so order. Thereupon the court shall proceed to hear and try the case de novo, and to make such further order, decision or decree therein as shall be according to equity.

Sec. 26. Title Acquired Pending Proceeding—Any person who shall acquire any right, title, interest or estate in the land subsequent to the filing of the copy of the application for registration with the register of deeds, and prior to the entry of the decree in the registration proceeding, shall at once appear and answer as a party defendant in such proceeding, and the right, title, interest, estate or lien of such person shall be subject to the order or decree of the court.

Sec. 27. Statute of Limitation—No decree of registration heretofore entered, and no original certificate of title heretofore issued pursuant thereto, shall be adjudged invalid or set aside unless the action in which the validity of such decree of registration, or original certificate of title issued pursuant thereto, is called in question, be commenced, or the defense alleging the invalidity thereof be interposed, within six (6) months from the date when this law takes effect. No decree of registration hereafter entered, and no original certificate of title hereafter issued pursuant thereto, shall be adjudged invalid or set aside, unless the action in which the validity of such decree, or of the original certificate of title issued pursuant thereto, is called in question, be commenced, or the defense alleging the invalidity thereof be interposed, within six (6) months from the date of such decree.

No action or proceeding either at law or in equity for the recovery of any right, title, interest or estate in registered land adverse to the title established and adjudicated by any original decree of registration heretofore entered shall be maintained unless such action is commenced within six months from the date when this law takes effect, and no action or proceeding for the recovery of any right, title, interest or estate in registered land adverse to the title established by any original decree of registration hereafter entered shall be maintained, unless such action is commenced within six months from the date of such original decree.

No action or proceeding for the enforcement or foreclosure of any lien or charge upon or against registered land, which existed at the date when any original decree of registration was heretofore entered and which was not recognized and established by such decree, shall be maintained, unless such action or proceeding is commenced within six months from the date when this law takes effect. No action or proceeding for the enforcement or foreclosure of any lien or charge upon or against registered land, in existence at the date of any original decree of registration hereafter entered, and which is not recognized and established by such decree, shall be maintained, unless such action or proceeding is commenced within six months from the date of such original decree.

No such action or proceeding shall be commenced by any person who is bound by the decree. Nothing herein shall apply to any action or proceeding now pending in the courts of this state or affect any rights already barred when this law takes effect.

Sec. 28. Appeals.—An appeal may be taken to the supreme court from any order or judgment of the district court under this act as follows:

First—From any final decree within six months from the date thereof. Upon appeal from such decree, the supreme court may review any intermediate order involving the merits or necessarily affecting the decree.

Second—From any order granting or denying an application to open, vacate or set aside such decree, within thirty days from the date of the filing of such order.

Third—From any order granting or refusing a new trial, or from any order involving the merits of the proceeding, or some part thereof, within thirty days from the filing of such order.

All appeals from any order or decree in any proceeding under this act shall be taken upon such notice, terms and conditions as are now provided by law for the taking of appeals in civil actions.

Sec. 29. Registrar of Titles—Registers of deeds shall be the registrars of titles in their respective counties.

Sec. 30. Registrar's Bond—Before entering upon the duties of his office, the registrar of titles shall execute a bond to the state for such amount and with such sureties as may be determined by the board of county commissioners. Such bond shall be approved by the district court, and filed in the office of the secretary of state, and shall be conditioned for the faithful discharge of his duties. A copy of said bond shall be filed and entered upon the records of the court.

Sec. 31. Control of Court—Seal—The registrar of titles shall be at all times under the control of the court, which may adopt such rules governing the conduct of his office as it may deem wise. Every registrar of titles shall have an official seal, and affix the same to all documents requiring his official signature.

Sec. 32. Deputies—The registrar of titles may, in his discretion, appoint one or more deputy registrars of titles, who may also be deputy registers of deeds, to act in his stead. Deputy registrars shall act in the name of the registrar, and their acts shall be his acts. The registrar shall be liable for any neglect or omission of a deputy, to the same extent as for his own neglect or omission. The registrar may, with the consent of the board of county commissioners, employ such clerks as may be required to properly perform the duties of his office. In all counties in which the register of deeds does not receive the fees of the office in lieu of a salary, the board of county commissioners shall fix the compensation of all deputy registrars and clerks appointed or employed by the registrar, which shall be paid out of any county funds not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 33. Title, How Registered—Register of Titles—Immediately upon the filing of the decree of registration with the registrar, he shall proceed to register the title pursuant to the terms of the decree in the manner herein provided.

He shall keep a book known as the "Register of Titles," wherein he shall enter all first and subsequent certificates of title by binding or entering them therein in the order of their numbers, beginning with number one. The entering of the certificate of title in the register of titles shall constitute the act of registration. The term "certificate of title" shall be deemed to include all memorials and notations thereon, and each certificate of title shall contain proper blanks for the entry of the memorials and notations thereon. Each certificate shall constitute a separate page of such book, and all memorials and notations that may be entered by the registrar shall be entered by him upon the page whereon the latest certificate of title is entered.

Sec. 34. Certificate of Registration—Form—The certificate of title shall contain the name and residence of the owner, a description of the land and of the estate of the owner therein, and shall by memorial contain a description of all encumbrances, liens and interests to which the estate of the owner is subject. It shall state his age, and if under disability the nature thereof. It shall also state whether or not the owner is married, and, if married, the name of the husband or wife. In case the land is held in trust or subject to any condition or limitation, it shall state the nature and character thereof. It shall be substantially in the following form:

CERTIFICATE OF TITLE.

NO. ......

First Certificate of Title, pursuant to the order of the District Court, ... Judicial District, County of ...... and State of Minnesota, dated ...... 190..

REGISTRATION.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of ...... }

This is to certify that ...... of the ...... of ...... county of ...... and state of ...... is now the owner of an estate, to-wit: ...... of and in the following described land situated in the county of ...... and State of Minnesota, to-wit: ......

Subject to the incumbrances, liens and interest noted by memorial underwritten or indorsed hereon; and subject to the following rights or incumbrances subsisting, as provided in the twenty-fourth section of "An act concerning the registration of land and the title thereto," of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the years 1905, namely:

1. Liens, claims or rights arising under the laws or the constitution of the United States, which the statutes of this state cannot require to appear of record.
2. Any tax or special assessment for which a sale of the land has not been had at the date of the certificate of title.
3. Any lease for a period not exceeding three years, when there is actual occupation of the premises under the lease.
4. All public highways embraced in the description of the lands included in the certificates shall be deemed to be excluded.
5. Such right of appeal or right to appear and contest the application as is allowed by law.

That the said ...... is of the age of ...... years, is ...... married ...... and is ...... under disability.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed the seal of my office, this ...... day of ...... 190..

...... Registrar of Titles,
In and for the county of ...... and State of Minnesota.

All certificates issued subsequent to the first certificate of title shall be in like form except that they shall be entitled "Transfer from number (here give the number of the next previous certificate relating to the same land)," and shall also contain the words "originally registered (date, volume and page of registartion)."

Sec. 35. Certificate, etc., as evidence.—The original certificate of title in the register of titles, any copy thereof duly certified by the registrar, or by his deputy, and authenticated by his seal, and likewise the owner's duplicate certificate of title shall be received in evidence in all the courts of this state, and shall be conclusive evidence of all matters and things contained therein. In case of variance between the owner's duplicate certificate and the original certificate of title, the original certificate shall prevail.

Deeds, mortgages, leases, or other conveyances of real estate, or letters of attorney authorizing the same, and all instruments in any manner affecting the title to registered land, together with any notations, indorsements or memorials upon the same made by the registrar of titles, as required by law, heretofore or hereafter filed with the registrar, shall be received in evidence in all the courts of this state without further or other proof, and shall be prima facie evidence of the contents thereof. Duly authenticated copies of said instruments, or any of them, may likewise be received in evidence in any court in this state with like force and effect as the original instruments.

Sec. 36. Tract Indexes—Reception Books.—The registrar shall likewise keep tract indexes, in which he shall enter an accurate description of all registered land, together with the names of the respective owners thereof, and a reference to the volume and page of the register of titles in which the same is registered. He shall also keep alphabetical indexes, in which he shall enter in alphabetical order the names of all owners of registered land, and the names of all persons having any interest in or lien upon the same, with reference to the volume and page of the register of titles in which the certificate of title is entered.

The registrar shall keep two books, to be known as the Grantors' and Grantees' Reception Books, respectively. These books shall be in the following form:

GRANTOR'S INDEX OF INSTRUMENTS. .... COUNTY, MINNESOTA.

GRANTOR.		GRANTEE.	Date of Registration.					Number of Instrument.	Register.		INSTRUMENT.	Description of Property.			
Surname	Given Name		Month.	Day.	Year.	Hour A. M.	Hour P. M.		Book	Page		Lot or Sec.	Block or Twp.	Range.	Addition. Etc.

GRANTEE'S INDEX OF INSTRUMENTS. .... COUNTY, MINNESOTA.

GRANTEE.		GRANTOR.	Date of Registration.					Number of Instrument.	Register.		INSTRUMENT.	Description of Property.			
Surname.	Given Name.		Month.	Day.	Year.	Hour A. M.	Hour P. M.		Book	Page		Lot or Sec.	Block or Twp.	Range.	Addition. Etc.

The registrar shall enter in each of said books in the order and manner aforesaid, and as soon as the same are received, all instruments affecting the title to land which are filed with him, and shall enter as far as may be the particulars of said instruments in the appropriate column of said books. The pages of each of the said reception books shall be lettered in alphabetical order, a convenient number of consecutive pages being allotted to each letter of the alphabet, and each entry shall be made in the grantors' reception book under the initial letter of the grantor's surname, and in the grantees' reception book, under the initial letter of the grantee's surname, and all the entries under each letter shall appear in the order as to time in which the instruments were filed.

Sec. 37. Indexes, Etc.—Court to Adopt Forms—Every instrument affecting the title of land filed with the registrar shall be numbered by him consecutively, and he shall indorse upon the same the number thereof, together with the date, hour and minute when the same is filed, and a reference to its proper certificate of title. Every such instrument shall be retained by him and shall be regarded as registered from the time of filing. When the memorial of any instrument is made upon any certificate, the date, number and time of filing thereof shall likewise be endorsed upon such certificate. All records and papers relating to registered land in the office of the registrar, shall be open to the inspection of the public at such times and under such conditions as the court may prescribe. Duplicates of all instruments, voluntary or involuntary, filed and registered with the registrar, may be presented with the originals, and shall thereupon be attested and sealed by him, and endorsed with the file number, and other memoranda on the originals, and returned to the person presenting the same. The registrar shall furnish certified copies of the instruments filed and registered in his office, upon payment of a fee of 10 cents per folio for each folio contained in such instrument.

The court shall adopt general forms of memorials and notations to be used by the registrars in registering the common forms of conveyance and other instruments.

37a. Notices After Registration—Service Of.—All notices required by this law, after the original registration, either by the registrar or by the court, shall be served on the persons to be notified in the following manner: The notice shall be served upon a resident of the state in the manner now provided by law for the service of a summons in a civil action, and the same proof of such service shall be made. It shall be served upon a person who is not a resident of the state by sending the same by mail to such person at his postoffice address, as stated in the certificate or in any registered instrument on file with the registrar. The certificate of the registrar or clerk that any notice has been mailed as aforesaid shall be conclusive proof of the service of such notice, but the court may, in any case, order different or other service thereof by publication, or otherwise.

Sec. 38. Owner's Duplicate—Receipt—At the time the original certificate of title is entered, the registrar shall make a duplicate thereof, endorsing across the face of such duplicate, the words "Owner's Duplicate Certificate" and shall deliver the same to the owner or his authorized attorney. The registrar shall, in every case, whenever it is practicable so to do, take from such owner, a receipt for such duplicate certificate, which shall be signed by the owner in person. Such receipt, when signed and delivered in the office of the registrar, shall be witnessed by him or his deputy. If such receipt is signed elsewhere, it shall be witnessed and acknowledged in the same manner as a deed. Such receipt shall be prima facie evidence of the genuineness of such signature.

Sec. 39. Duplicate, if Several Owners—Where two or more persons are owners of registered land, either as tenants in common or otherwise, one owner's duplicate certificate may be issued for the entire interest in the land or separate duplicate certificates may be issued to each owner for his undivided interest therein.

Sec. 40. Surrender of Certificate—New Certificate—The owner of registered land holding one duplicate certificate for two or more distinct parcels of land may surrender the same, and thereupon the registrar may issue to him one or more duplicate certificates therefor. An owner of registered land holding separate duplicate certificates for several parcels of land may surrender the same, and thereupon the registrar may issue to such owner a single duplicate certificate for all of said parcels, or may issue two or more certificates including in each certificate as many parcels as such owner may desire.

Sec. 41. The certificate of title, when entered in the register of titles, shall relate back to and take effect as of the date of the decree of registration.

Sec. 42. Loss of Owner's Duplicate—If any duplicate certificate is lost or destroyed or cannot be produced, a duly verified statement, setting forth the facts relating thereto, may be filed with the registrar by the registered owner, or other person in interest. Upon such application, after due notice and hearing, the court may direct the registrar to issue a new duplicate certificate, containing a memorandum of the fact that it is issued in place of a lost duplicate certificate, which shall be entitled to like faith and credit as the original duplicate.

Sec. 43. Court May Order Duplicate Certificate Produced—If the registrar of titles is requested to enter a new certificate, in pursuance of an instrument which purports to be executed by the registered owner, or by reason of any instrument or proceeding which divests the title of the registered owner against his consent, and the outstanding owner's duplicate certificate is not presented for cancellation when such request is made, the registrar of titles shall not enter a new certificate, until authorized so to do by order of the district court. The person who claims to be entitled thereto may make application therefor to the district court, and after due notice and hearing, the court may order the registered owner or any person withholding the duplicate certificate to surrender it, and direct the entry of a new certificate upon such surrender. If the person withholding the duplicate certificate is not amenable to the process of the court, or if for any reason the outstanding owner's duplicate certificate cannot be delivered up, the court may by decree annul it, and order a new certificate of title to be entered.

If an outstanding mortgagee's or lessee's duplicate certificate is not produced and surrendered when the mortgage or lease is discharged, assigned or extinguished, the same proceedings may be had to obtain registration as in the case of the non-production of an owner's duplicate.

Sec. 44. May Plat—The owner of registered land may plat the same and subdivide it into lots and blocks in like manner as in case of unregistered land. All laws with reference to the subdivision and platting of unregistered land shall apply with like force and effect to registered land excepting only that the surveyor's plat thereof shall be filed with the registrar.

Sec. 45. Conveyance, Etc.—An owner of registered land may convey, mortgage, lease, charge or otherwise deal with the same as fully as if it had not been registered. He may use any form of deed, mortgage, lease or other voluntary instrument sufficient in law for the purpose intended. No voluntary instrument of conveyance purporting to convey or affect registered land, except a will, and a lease for a term not exceeding three years, shall take effect as a conveyance, or bind or affect the land, but shall operate only as a contract between the parties, and as authority to the registrar to make registration. The act of registration shall be the operative act to convey or affect the land.

Sec. 46. Conveyances, Etc., Filed With Registrar — Notice — Every conveyance, lien, attachment, order, decree or judgment, or other instrument or proceeding, which would affect the title to unregistered land under existing laws, if recorded, or filed with the register of deeds, shall, in like manner, affect the title to registered land if filed and registered with the registrar in the county where the real estate is situated, and shall be notice to all persons from the time of such registering or filing.

Sec. 47. New Certificate—Interest Less Than Fee—No new certificate shall be issued upon any transfer of registered land which does not divest the title in fee simple of said land, or some part thereof. All interests in registered land, less than an estate in fee simple, shall be registered by filing with the registrar the instrument which creates, transfers or claims such interest, and by brief memorandum or memorial thereof made and signed by the registrar upon the certificate of title. A similar memorandum shall also be made on the owner's duplicate. The cancellation of such interests shall be registered in the same manner.

Sec. 48. Instruments to Have Name and Address—Every deed or other voluntary instrument which is presented for registration shall contain or have endorsed upon it the full name and postoffice address of the grantee, or other person, who acquires or claims an interest under such instrument. Any change in the postoffice address of such person shall be endorsed by the registrar upon the original instrument upon receiving a duly verified statement of such change. All names and addresses shall also be entered upon the certificates of title.

Sec. 49. Owner's Duplicate Must Be Presented, When—No new certificate of title shall be entered or issued, and no memorial shall be made upon any certificate of title in pursuance of any deed, or other voluntary instrument, unless the owner's duplicate is presented therewith, except in cases provided for in this law or upon the order of the court. Whenever such order is made, a memorial thereof shall be entered, or a new certificate issued as directed thereby. Whenever any voluntary instrument is presented for registration the production of the owner's duplicate certificate shall authorize the registrar to enter a new certificate, or to make a memorial of registration in accordance with such instrument, and the new certificate or memorial shall be binding upon the registered owner, and upon all persons claiming under him in favor of every purchaser for value and in good faith. In all cases of registration which are procured by fraud the owner may pursue all his legal and equitable remedies against the parties to such fraud, without prejudice, however, to the rights of any innocent holder for value of a certificate of title.

Sec. 50. Conveyance—Cancellation of Certificate—New Certificate—An owner of registered land who desires to convey the same, or any portion thereof, in fee, shall execute a deed of conveyance, and file the same, together with his owner's duplicate certificate, with the registrar. The registrar shall require an affidavit by the grantee, or some person in his behalf, which affidavit shall set forth the name, age and residence of the grantee, and whether the grantee is or is not married, and, if married, the name of the husband or wife. The owner's duplicate certificate and the original certificate of title shall be marked "Canceled" by the registrar, who shall thereupon enter in the register a new certificate of title to the grantee, and shall prepare and deliver to such grantee a new owner's duplicate certificate. All encumbrances, claims or interests adverse to the title of the registered owner shall be stated upon the new certificate, except so far as they may be simultaneously released or discharged. The deed of conveyance shall be filed and endorsed with the number and place of registration of the certificate. If a deed in fee is for a part only of the land described in the certificate of title, the registrar shall enter a new certificate of title and issue an owner's duplicate certificate to the grantor for that portion of the land not conveyed.

Sec. 51. Transfer and Payment of Taxes—All laws requiring deeds, plats or other instruments affecting unregistered land to bear the endorsement of the proper city or county officials showing that all taxes or assessments upon the same have been paid, shall be operative as to registered land, and all such laws shall be complied with before any deed, plat or other instrument affecting registered land shall be filed with the registrar.

Whenever, by the terms of any decree or registration, any tax or local assessment lien, or the title based upon the same, is either subordinated to the title adjudicated thereby or merged therein, all such liens and titles shall be described in detail, in the decree, and from and after the entry thereof such titles and liens shall be considered as having in law been paid. A certified copy of the decree shall be filed with the county auditor and shall also be filed with the city treasurer in all counties where local assessments are paid to such official. The county auditor and city treasurer shall thereafter treat the liens and titles described in such decree as having in law been paid, and shall make upon the books and records of their respective offices proper entries to that effect. If any deed, plat or other instrument affecting such land is thereafter presented to the county auditor or to the city treasurer upon which it is the duty of such officers to make any official endorsements, they shall regard all the titles and liens described in such decree as having been legally paid and satisfied, and shall make their official endorsement upon such deed, plat or other instrument without reference or regard thereto.

Sec. 52. Mortgage—The owner of registered land may mortgage the same by deed or other instrument sufficient in law for that purpose, and such mortgage or other instrument may be assigned, extended, discharged or released, either in whole or in part, or otherwise dealt with by the mortgagee by any form of deed or instrument sufficient in law for the purpose. But such deed, mortgage or other instrument, and all instruments assigning, extending, discharging, releasing or otherwise dealing with the same, shall be registered, and shall take effect upon the title only from the time of registration.

Sec. 53. Registration of Mortgage—The registration of a mortgage shall be made in the following manner: The owner's duplicate certificate shall be presented to the registrar together with the mortgage deed, or other instrument to be registered, and the registrar shall enter upon the original certificate of title and also upon the owner's duplicate certificate a memorial of the purport of the instrument registered, the exact time of filing, and the file number of same. He shall also note upon the registered instrument the time of filing and a reference to the volume and page where it is registered. The registrar shall also, at the request of the mortgagee, make and deliver to him a duplicate certificate of title like the owner's duplicate certificate, except that the words "Mortgagee's Duplicate" shall be written or printed diagonally across its face in large letters. A memorandum of the issuance of the mortgagee's duplicate shall be made upon the original certificate of title.

Sec. 54. Assignment and Discharge of Mortgage—When a mortgage, upon which a mortgagee's duplicate has been issued, is assigned, extended or otherwise dealt with, the mortgagee's duplicate shall be presented to the registrar together with the instrument dealing with the mortgage, and a memorial of the instrument shall be made upon the mortgagee's duplicate and upon the original certificate of title. When the mortgage is discharged or otherwise extinguished the mortgagee's duplicate shall be surrendered and stamped "Canceled." In case only a part of the mortgage upon the land is intended to be released, or discharged a memorial of such partial release shall be entered. The production of the mortgagee's duplicate certificate shall be conclusive authority to register the instrument therewith presented.

Sec. 55. Foreclosure, Etc.—Notice of Pendency—Mortgages upon registered land may be foreclosed in the same manner as mortgages upon unregistered land; provided, however, that where the mortgage is upon registered land it shall be sufficient to authorize the foreclosure thereof by advertisement, if such mortgage and all assignments thereof shall have been registered, and a memorial thereof duly entered upon the certificate of title; provided, further, that when a mortgage upon registered land is foreclosed by advertisement, the notice of foreclosure shall state the date of the mortgage, when and where registered, and the fact of registration. All laws relating to the foreclosure of mortgages upon unregistered land shall apply to mortgages upon registered land, or any estate or interest therein, except as herein provided, and except that a notice of the pendency of any suit or proceeding to enforce or foreclose the mortgage or other charge upon the land shall be filed with the registrar, and a memorial thereof entered on the register at the time of or prior to the commencement of such action or proceeding. A notice so filed and registered shall be notice to the registrar and to all persons thereafter dealing with the land or any part thereof. When a mortgagee's duplicate certificate has been issued it shall be presented to the registrar at the time of filing, and a memorial thereof entered therein. In all such foreclosures all certificates and affidavits permitted or required by law to be recorded with the register of deeds shall be filed with the registrar and registered by him.

Sec. 56. Registration After Foreclosure—New Certificate—Any person who has, by an action or other proceeding to enforce or foreclose a mortgage, lien or other charge upon registered land, become the owner in fee of the land or any part thereof may have his title registered. He shall apply by duly verified petition to the court for a new certificate of title to such land, and the court shall thereupon, after due notice to all parties in interest and upon such hearing as the court may direct, make an order or decree for the issuance of a new certificate of title to the person entitled thereto, and the registrar shall thereupon enter a new certificate of title to the land, or of the part thereof to which the applicant is entitled, and issue an owner's duplicate as in the case of a voluntary conveyance.

Sec. 57. Registration of Judgment or Final Decree—A judgment or decree affecting registered land shall be registered upon the presentation of a certified copy thereof to the registrar, who shall enter a memorial thereof upon the original certificate of title, and upon the owner's duplicate, and upon any outstanding mortgagee's or lessee's duplicate, if practicable so to do. When the registered owner of such land is by such judgment or decree divested of his estate in fee therein, or of any part thereof, the prevailing party shall be entitled to a new certificate of title for the land, or so much thereof as may be described in the judgment and decree, and the registrar shall enter such new certificate of title and issue a new owner's duplicate certificate as in the case of a voluntary conveyance; provided, however, that no such new certificate shall be entered except upon application to the court and upon filing with the registrar of an order of the court directing the entry of such new certificate.

Sec. 58. Leases—Leases of registered land for a term of three years or more shall be registered in lieu of recording the same. All the provisions of this law relating to the registration of mortgages shall apply to the registration of leases so far as the same are applicable thereto.

Sec. 59. Trust Deed, Etc.—If a deed or other instrument is filed with the registrar for the purpose of transferring registered land in trust, or upon any equitable condition or limitation expressed therein, or for the purpose of creating or declaring a trust or other equitable interest therein without the transfer thereof, the particulars of the trust, condition, limitation or other equitable interest need not be entered upon the certificate of title, but a memorial thereof may be entered by the words "in trust" or "upon condition," or other apt words, and by reference by number to the instrument authorizing or creating the same. A similar memorial shall be made upon the owner's duplicate certificate. If the instrument which creates or declares a trust or other equitable interest has already been recorded in any public office of this state, a certified copy thereof may be filed with the registrar and registered by him in lieu of the original. If the instrument which creates or declares a trust or other equitable interest contains an express power to sell, mortgage or otherwise deal with the land, such power shall be stated in the certificate of title by the words "with power to sell" or "power to mortgage" and by apt words of description in case of other powers. No instrument which transfers, mortgages, or in any manner purports to deal with registered land held in trust shall be registered unless the power thereto enabling is expressly conferred in the instrument of trust and the court has construed the instrument in favor of the power. In such case a certified copy of such decree may be filed with the registrar, who shall make registration in accordance therewith. No transfer of registered land held in trust, or of any estate or interest therein, or of any charge or lien upon the same, shall be registered except upon the order of the district court, filed with the registrar, adjudging and determining the true intent of the trust, condition or limitation, and directing such transfer, charge or dealing in accordance therewith. Such registration shall be conclusive evidence that such transfer, charge or other dealing is in accordance with the true intent and meaning of the trust, condition or limitation.

Sec. 60. New Trustee.—When a new trustee of registered land is appointed a new certificate of title shall be entered in his name upon presentation to the registrar of a certified copy of the decree or other instrument appointing him and the surrender of the duplicate certificate.

Sec. 61.—Judgments a Lien; When—Registration of Instruments Creating Liens.—No judgment requiring the payment of money shall be a lien upon registered land, except as herein provided. Any person claiming such lien shall file with the registrar a certified copy of the judgment together with a written statement containing a description of each parcel of land upon which the lien is claimed, and a proper reference to the certificate or certificates of title to such land. Upon filing such copy and statement, the registrar shall enter a memorial of such judgment upon each certificate designated in such statement, and the judgment shall thereupon be and become a lien upon the land described in such certificate or certificates. At any time after filing the certified copy of such judgment, any person claiming the lien may, by filing a written statement as herein provided, cause a memorial of such judgment to be entered upon any certificate of title to land not described in any previous statement and the judgment shall thereupon be and become a lien upon such land. The judgment shall survive and the lien thereof shall continue for a period of ten years from the date of said judgment and no longer.

In every case where an instrument of any description, or a copy of any writ, order or decree is required by law to be filed or recorded in order to create or preserve any lien, writ or attachment upon unregistered land, such instrument or copy, if intended to affect registered land, shall, in lieu of recording, be filed and registered with the registrar. In addition to any facts required by law to be stated in such instruments to entitle them to be filed or recorded they shall also contain a reference to the number of the certificate of title of the land to be affected, and, if the attachment, charge or lien is not claimed on all the land described in any certificate of title, such instrument shall contain a description sufficient to identify the land.

Sec. 62.—Attachments, Liens, Etc.—Attachments and liens of every description upon registered land shall be continued, reduced, discharged and dissolved by any method sufficient therefor in the case of unregistered land. All certificates, writings or other instruments permitted or required by law to be filed or recorded to give effect to the enforcement, continuance, reduction, discharge or dissolution of attachments or other liens upon unregistered land or to give notice of the same, shall in the case of like liens upon registered land be filed with the registrar.

Sec. 63. Plaintiff's Attorney.—The name and address of the plaintiff's attorney shall in all cases be endorsed upon the instrument which is registered, and he shall be deemed to be the attorney of the plaintiff until a written notice that he has ceased to be such attorney shall have been filed for registration by the plaintiff.

Sec. 64. Release of Judgment, Execution, Etc.—A certificate of the clerk of court in which any action or proceeding shall have been pending or in which any judgment or decree is of record, that such action has been dismissed, or otherwise disposed of, or that the judgment, decree or order has been assigned, satisfied, released or reversed, or the certificate of any sheriff, or other officer, that the levy of any execution, attachment or other process has been released, discharged or otherwise disposed of being duly filed and noted upon the register shall be sufficient to authorize the registrar to cancel, or otherwise treat the memorial thereof according to the purport of such certificate.

Sec. 65. Acquiring Title by Action—New Certificate.—Upon the expiration of the time allowed by law for redemption of registered land, after it has been set off, or sold on execution, or taken or sold for the enforcements of any lien, or charge of any nature, the person who claims under such execution, or under any certificate, deed or other instrument made in the course of proceedings to enforce such execution or lien, may apply to the court for an order directing the entry of a new certificate to him, and upon such notice as the court may require, the petition shall be heard, and a proper order or decree rendered therein.

Sec. 66. Upon Death of Owner.—When the owner of registered land, or of any estate or interest therein, dies, having devised the same by will, the persons entitled thereto may file with the registrar a certified copy of such will, together with a certified copy of the order of the probate court admitting it to probate, and of the final decree of the probate court assigning the same, together with the duplicate certificate issued to the testator, and thereupon the registrar shall cancel the duplicate certificate issued to the testator, and issue a new duplicate certificate or certificates to the persons designated in such final decree. When the owner of registered land or of any estate or interest therein dies, not having devised the same, the persons entitled thereto by law may file with the registrar a certified copy of the final decree of the probate court assigning the same, together with the duplicate certificate issued to the intestate, and thereupon the registrar shall cancel the duplicate certificate issued to the intestate, and issue a new duplicate certificate or certificates to the persons named in said final decree as being entitled thereto. If any executor or administrator with the will annexed is authorized by the terms of any will to grant, bargain, sell, convey or mortgage registered land, he may do so in the same manner as if the land were registered in his name as such executor or administrator, provided, however, that such executor or administrator shall first file with the registrar a certified copy of such will, together with a certified copy of the order of the probate court admitting the same to probate, and of the letters testamentary, or with the will annexed issued to him thereon.

Sec. 67. Jurisdiction of Probate Court, Not Impaired—Nothing contained in this act shall impair or affect the jurisdiction of the probate court to license any executor, administrator or guardian to sell or mortgage registered land. A purchaser or mortgagee receiving a deed or mortgage executed pursuant to such license shall be entitled to register his title and to the entry of a new certificate of title or memorial of registration in the same manner as upon any similar voluntary transfer of registered land; provided that no certificate shall be issued pursuant to the provisions of this section or of the preceding section except upon the order of the district court directing the issuance thereof.

Sec. 68. Subsequent Adverse Claim, How Registered—Costs—Any person claiming any right, title, or interest in registered land adverse to the registered owner thereof arising subsequent to the date of the original registration, may, if no other provision is made in this act for registering the same, file with the registrar his verified statement in writing, setting forth fully his alleged right or interest, and how or from whom it was acquired, and a reference to the volume and page of the certificate of title of the registered owner, together with a description of the land, the adverse claimant's residence, and designating a place at which all notices may be served upon him. Such statement shall be entitled to registration as an adverse claim, and the court, upon the petition of any party in interest, shall grant a speedy hearing upon the validity of such adverse claim, and shall enter such decision and decree therein as justice and equity may require. If the adverse claim is adjudged to be invalid, the registration thereof shall be canceled. The court may, in any case, award such costs and damages, including a reasonable attorney's fee, as it may deem just.

Sec. 69. Alterations on Register—Order of Court—No erasure, alteration or amendment shall be made upon the register of titles after the entry of a certificate of title, or of any memorial thereon, and the attestation of the same by the registrar, except by order of the court. A registered owner or other person in interest may, at any time, apply by petition to the court, upon the ground that registered interests of any description, whether vested, contingent, expectant or inchoate, have terminated and ceased; or that new interests have arisen or been created which do not appear upon the certificate; or that any error or omission was made in entering a certificate or any memorial thereon, or on any duplicate certificate; or that the name of any person on the certificate has been changed; or that the registered owner has married, or, if registered as married, that the marriage has been terminated; or that a corporation, which owned registered land and has been dissolved has not conveyed the same within three years after its dissolution; or upon any other reasonable ground; and the court may hear and determine the petition after notice to all parties in interest, and may order the entry of a new certificate, the entry or cancelation of a memorial upon a certificate, or grant any other relief upon such terms, requiring security if necessary, as it may consider proper; but the provisions of this section shall not give the court authority to open the original decree of registration, and nothing shall be done or ordered by the court which shall impair the title or other interest of a purchaser who holds a certificate for value and in good faith, or of his heirs or assigns, without his or their written consent.

Sec. 70. May Act by Agent—Power to Be Registered—Any act which may legally be done or performed by any person under this act may be done and performed by his agent thereto duly authorized in writing. Such instrument or power of attorney shall be executed and acknowledged as now required by law in the case of a deed, and shall be filed with the registrar and registered by him. Any instrument revoking such power of attorney shall be executed, acknowledged and registered in like manner.

Sec. 71. Eminent Domain—Reversion—If the land of a registered owner, or any right, title, interest or estate therein is taken by eminent domain, the state or body politic, or other authority which exercises such right, shall file for registration a written instrument containing a description of the land so taken, together with the name of each owner thereof, and referring to each certificate of title by its number and place of registration in the register of titles, and stating what estate or interest in the land is taken, and for what purpose. A memorial of the right, title, interest or estate thus taken shall be made upon each certificate of title by the registrar, and if the fee is taken, a new certificate shall be entered in the name of the owner for the land remaining to him after such taking. If the owner has a lien upon the land thus taken for his damages, this fact shall be stated in the memorial of registration. All fees on account of any memorial of registration or entry of new certificates for land thus taken shall be paid by the state or body politic or other authority which takes the land.

If land which was taken for public use reverts, by operation of law, to the owner or to his heirs or assigns, the district court, upon the application of the person entitled to the benefit of such reversion, and after due notice and hearing, may order the entry of a new certificate of title, to the person or persons entitled thereto.

Sec. 72. Charges on Registration—Upon the original registration of land, and also upon the registration of any land by the heirs or devisees of any deceased person, there shall be paid to the registrar one-tenth of one per cent of the assessed value of the land, exclusive of improvements, as determined by the last official assessment for general taxation.

Sec. 73. Assurance Fund—Investment—All money received by the registrar under the provisions of the preceding section shall immediately be paid by him to the county treasurer as an assurance fund. The county treasurer shall invest the same upon the order of the district court, and subject to its approval. The assurance fund shall only be invested in bonds of the United States, or of the State of Minnesota or of any county or municipality thereof. The county treasurer shall render to the district court, at least once each year, a full and detailed report, showing all receipts, disbursements and investments on account of such fund.

Sec. 74. Damages Through Erroneous Registration—Action—Any person who, without negligence on his part, sustains any loss or damage by reason of any omission, mistake or misfeasance of the registrar or his deputy, or of any examiner or of any clerk of court, or of his deputy, in the performance of their respective duties under this law, and any person who, without negligence on his part, is wrongfully deprived of any land or of any interest therein by the registration thereof, or by reason of the registration of any other person as the owner of such land, or by reason of any mistake, omission or misdescription in any certificate of title, or in any entry or memorial, or by any cancellation, in the register of titles, and who, by the provisions of this law, is precluded from bringing an action for the recovery of such land, or of any interest therein, or from enforcing any claim or lien upon the same, may institute an action in the district court to recover compensation out of the assurance fund for such loss or damage.

Sec. 75. Parties Defendant—Judgment—Execution—If such action is brought to recover any loss or damage occasioned solely by the registration of such land, or solely by the registration of any other person as the owner thereof, or if such action be brought for the recovery of any loss or damage occasioned solely by the omission, mistake or misfeasance of the registrar or his deputy, or of any examiner or of any clerk of court, or his deputy, in the performance of their respective duties, the county treasurer, in his official capacity, shall be the sole defendant. If such action be brought to recover for any loss or damage occasioned either wholly, or in part, by the fraud, or wrongful act of some person or persons other than the officers herein named, or to recover for any loss or damage caused jointly by the fraud or wrongful act, and by the omission, mistake or misfeasance of the officers above named, or any of them, and of some other person or persons, the county treasurer, in his official capacity, and such other person or persons shall be joined as defendants therein. In any action where there are defendants other than the county treasurer, no execution shall issue against such treasurer until execution against all other defendants against whom judgment has been recovered has been returned unsatisfied, either in whole or in part. An officer returning such execution shall certify thereon that the amount still due upon the execution cannot be collected from them. Thereupon the court, being satisfied as to the truth of said return, shall order the county treasurer to pay the amount due upon such execution out of the assurance fund. If the assurance fund is insufficient to pay the amount of any judgment in full, the unpaid balance thereof shall bear interest at the legal rate, and shall be paid out of the first moneys coming into said assurance fund. The county attorney shall defend the county treasurer in all such actions.

Sec. 76. Liability of Assurance Fund—No person shall recover from the assurance fund any sum whatsoever by reason of any loss, damage or deprivation occasioned solely by a breach of trust on the part of any registered owner who is trustee, or by the improper exercise of any power of sale in a mortgage, nor shall any person recover from the assurance fund any greater sum than the fair market value of the real estate at the time of the last payment into such fund, on account thereof.

Sec. 77. Limitation of Action—Any action or proceeding to recover damages, out of the assurance fund, shall be commenced within six years from the time when the right to commence the same accrued, and not afterwards. Provided, that if, at the time the right accrued, the person entitled to bring such action or proceeding is a minor, or insane, or imprisoned, or absent from the United States in its service or the service of the state, such person or any one claiming under him may commence such action or proceeding within two years after such disability is removed.

Sec. 78. Fraudulent Entry, Etc.—Penalty—Whoever fraudulently procures, or assists in fraudulently procuring, or is privy to the fraudulent procurement of, any certificate of title or other instrument, or of any entry in the register of titles, or other book kept in the office of any registrar, or of any erasure or alteration in any entry in any of said books, or in any instrument authorized by this act, or knowingly defrauds or is privy to defrauding any person by means of a false or fraudulent instrument, certificate, statement or affidavit affecting registered land shall be guilty of a felony punishable by a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or by imprisonment not exceeding five years, or by both.

Sec. 79. Clerk's Fees—Notices—On the filing of any application for registration, the applicant shall pay the clerk of the court the sum of three dollars, which shall be in full of all clerk's fees and charges in such proceeding on his behalf. Any defendant on entering his appearance shall pay a like sum, which shall be in full of all clerk's fees on his behalf.

When any number of defendants enter their appearance jointly but one fee shall be paid. Every publication in a newspaper required by this law shall be paid for by the party on whose application the publication is made. The party at whose request any notice is issued shall pay for the service of the same, except when sent by mail by the clerk or by the registrar.

Sec. 80. Registrar's Fees—The fees to be paid to the registrar shall be as follows:

A—At or before the time of filing the certified copy of the application for registration the applicant shall pay, if the land have an assessed value of one thousand dollars or less, the sum of three dollars; if assessed for more, the further sum of one dollar on each additional one thousand dollars of assessed valuation, or major fraction thereof.

B—For registering each original certificate of title, and issuing a duplicate thereof, two dollars.

C—For registering each transfer, including the filing of all instruments connected therewith, and the issuance and registration of the new certificate of title, three dollars.

D—For the entry of each memorial on the register, including the filing of all instruments and papers connected therewith, and endorsements upon duplicate certificates, one dollar.

E—For issuing each additional owner's, mortgagee's or lessee's duplicate certificate, two dollars.

F—For filing copy of will with letters testamentary, or filing copy of letters of administration and entering memorial thereof, two dollars.

G—For the cancellation of each memorial or charge, one dollar.

H—For each certificate showing condition of the register, one dollar.

I—For any certified copy of any instrument or writing on file in his office, the same fees allowed by law to registers of deeds for like service.

J—For any other service under this act, such fee as the court shall determine.

Sec. 81. Disposition of Fees—In all counties in which the register of deeds receives fees in lieu of a salary, all fees mentioned in Sec. 80 shall belong to him, except one-half of those provided for in subdivision A, which shall be paid to the county treasurer. In all other counties all of such fees shall be paid to the county treasurer for the use of the county.

Sec. 82. Chapter 237 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1901, chapter 11 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1902, chapter 87 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1903, and chapter 234 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1903, are hereby repealed; provided, however, that all rights which have accrued under and by virtue of said acts or any of them, and all proceedings pending thereunder shall be in no manner affected by such repeal. Provided, further, that all rules, orders, judgments, decrees and appointments of the district court heretofore made, entered or declared by virtue of or pursuant to said acts or any of them and not inconsistent with this act, shall be and remain in full force and virtue until the same are altered, modified or revoked.

Sec. 83. This act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 306—H. F. NO. 886.

AN ACT to provide for a levy of taxes for state purposes for the year ending July thirty-first (31st), one thousand nine hundred and six (1906), and July thirty-first (31st), one thousand nine hundred and seven (1907).

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. For the purpose of defraying the expenses of the state for the fiscal year ending July thirty-first (31st), one thousand nine hundred and six (1906), a tax of one million two hundred thousand dollars ($1,200,000), or as near that amount as practicable, shall be levied on all the taxable property of the state; provided that the tax hereby levied shall not exceed the rate of one and five-tenths (1 5-10) mills on each dollar of taxable property.

Sec. 2. For the purpose of defraying the expenses of the state for the fiscal year ending July thirty-first (31st), one thousand nine hundred and seven (1907), a tax of one million dollars ($1,000,000), or as near that amount as practicable, shall be levied on all taxable property of the state; provided that the tax hereby levied shall not exceed the rate of one and two-tenths (1 2-10) mills on each dollar of taxable property.

Sec. 3. All taxes levied under the provisions of this act, when collected and paid into the state treasury, shall be placed to the credit of the general revenue fund only.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 10, 1905.

CHAPTER 307—H. F. No. 506.

AN ACT to amend section three (3) of chapter one hundred and twenty-six (126) of the General Laws of Minnesota for the years nineteen hundred and three (1903), relating to the membership of the State Agricultural society.

Be it enacted by the legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section three (3) of chapter one hundred and twenty-six (126), of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year nineteen hundred and three (1903), be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 3. Its membership, except honorary, shall be confined to citizens of Minnesota and shall hereafter be composed as follows:

First—Three (3) delegates to be chosen annually by each of the county and district agricultural societies in this state; and in case any such society shall fail or neglect to appoint such delegates, then and in that event the president, secretary and treasurer of such society shall by virtue of their offices be members of the said State Agricultural society.

Provided, That if no county agricultural society exists in any county, or any such society shall fail to hold an annual fair, and any city therein shall maintain annually a street fair devoted to agricultural interests, then any three (3) delegates chosen by any such street fair association, or if such such street fair association fails or neglects to choose such delegates then the president, secretary and treasurer of said street fair association shall by virtue of their offices be members of the State Agricultural society; and provided further, that when there is in any county more than one such fair association, the senior association shall be entitled to such membership; and provided further, that all such societies and associations shall maintain an active existence and hold annual fairs and shall have paid out each year the sum of $300 in premiums and have an annual membership of twenty-five or more members.

Second—One (1) delegate from each county in the state, in which no agricultural society or street fair association exists, which delegate the county commissioners of each such county are authorized to appoint.

Third—Honorary members who by reason of eminent services in agriculture or horticulture, or in the arts and sciences connected therewith, or of long and faithful services in the society, or of benefits conferred upon it may, by a two-thirds (2-3) vote at any of its annual meetings be elected as such.

Fourth—Two delegates selected by, and the presidents ex-officio, of the following societies and associations: State Horticultural society, the State Amber Cane society, the State Dairymen's association, the State Forestry association, the State Poultry association, the State Beekeepers' association, and the Minnesota Stock Breeders' association, and any other state society or association within the state, having for its object the promotion of any branch of agriculture, horticulture, stock raising, or improvement or mechanics related to agriculture or horticulture.

Fifth—The members of the governing board of said society and its officers shall by virtue of their offices as such be and become members of said society.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 308—H. F. NO. 575.

AN ACT to provide for reimbursing persons who have by mistake paid taxes on railroad lands which were exempt from taxation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That whenever it shall be made to appear to the board of county commissioners of any county that any person has heretofore by mistake paid taxes on real estate of which he believed at the time of such payment that he was the owner of, which real estate he never owned any right, title or interest therein, and which real estate had never been sold to any person by such railroad company, but was at the time of the assessment and payment of such taxes owned by a railroad company and exempt from taxation, and that such person paid said taxes in good faith believing that he was the owner of such real estate, the said county commissioners shall certify the facts to the state auditor and the latter officer shall, if he is satisfied upon consultation with the attorney general that the facts stated by the petitioner requesting reimbursement are true, authorize the refunding to the person who has paid such taxes the full amount so paid, together with interest thereon from the date of such payment, and thereafter the county auditor shall draw an order for the sum so authorized to be refunded on the county treasurer of said county, to be countersigned and paid as other county orders; the several funds, state, county, town, city and village, school and other shall be charged with their several proportions of the amount so refunded.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 309—H. F. NO. 233.

AN ACT regulating all assignments, sales and transfers of wages or salary.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. No assignment, sale or transfer, however made or attempted to be made, of any wages or salary, earned or to be earned, shall give any right of action, either at law or in equity, to the assignee or transferee of such wages or salary, nor shall any action lie for the recovery of such wages or salary, or any part thereof, by any other person than the person to whom such wages or salary are due or to become due, unless a written notice, together with a true and complete copy of the instrument assigning or transferring such wages or salary, shall have been given within three days after the making of such instrument to the person, firm or corporation from whom such wages or salary have accrued or are accruing, or may accrue.

Sec. 2. No assignment, sale or transfer, however made or attempted, of any unearned wages or salary shall be in any manner valid or effectual for the transfer of any salary or wages to be earned or accruing after the making of such assignment, sale or transfer, unless the person, firm or corporation from whom such wages or salary are to accrue shall consent thereto in writing. Any employer or agent of such employer accepting or charging any fee or commission for collecting the amount due on any such assignment, sale or transfer shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 3. Every assignment, sale or transfer, however made or attempted, of wages or salary to be earned or to become due, in whole or in part, more than sixty (60) days from and after the day of the making of such transfer, sale or assignment, shall be absolutely void.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 310—H. F. NO. 250.

AN ACT entitled an act to fix the salary of the chief fire warden of the State of Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The chief fire warden of the State of Minnesota shall receive a salary of fifteen hundred ($1,500) dollars per year, to be paid out of the amount appropriated for forest preservation.

Sec. 2. So much of section two (2) of chapter three hundred and sixty-three (363) of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1903 as conflicts with this act is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 311—H. F. No. 272.

AN ACT to amend Section 1 of chapter 258, General Laws of 1901, entitled "An act providing for the drainage of lands in certain cases, prescribing the powers and duties of county commissioners and other officers in the premises, and appropriating funds for the payment of assessments against state lands affected thereby, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof and repealing certain acts therein mentioned and referred to."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 1 of chapter 258, General Laws of 1901, entitled "An act providing for the drainage of lands in certain cases, prescribing the powers and duties of county commissioners and other officers in the premises, and appropriating funds for the payment of assessments against state lands affected thereby, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, and repealing certain acts therein mentioned and referred to," be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. The board of county commissioners of any county shall have power, and it shall be their duty, at any session when they shall find the conditions stated in the second section of this act to exist, to cause to be constructed as hereinafter provided any ditch, drain, creek or other water course within said county, whether or not the same or any part thereof be located within the corporate limits of any city or village in said county, and such ditch, drain or creek or other water course may, in whole or in part, follow and consist of the bed of any stream, creek or river, whether navigable or not, and they may widen, deepen, straighten and change the channel of any creek, river or other natural water course, whether navigable and whether meandered or not, and may confine any such creek, river or other natural water course by means of dikes, levees or embankment to its natural or artificial bed as laid out.

Provided, that when in any such proceedings the waters of any creek, river, or other water course are diverted from their natural bed by such artificial ditch or drain, such ditch or drain shall, as nearly as practicable, follow the general direction of such river, creek or other water course and terminate therein.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 312—H. F. NO. 502.

AN ACT to provide for the consolidation of township mutual insurance companies in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That two or more township mutual fire insurance companies of the same county, which have been or may hereafter be authorized to transact the business of fire insurance exclusively upon farm property, within the same townships, or where one of said companies is authorized to and actually has transacted such insurance business in every town in which such other company is authorized to transact such business, may consolidate as a corporation in the manner provided in this act.

Sec. 2. To effect such consolidation it shall be necessary:

First—That the board of directors or managing body of each of said corporations pass a resolution to the effect that such consolidation is advisable and containing the proposed name of the corporation, as consolidated, its principal office, and the names of its first board of directors and officers.

Second—That a special meeting of the policy holders of each of said corporations shall be held, a notice of which meeting shall be mailed to each of the policy holders thereof at least thirty (30) days prior to the holding thereof, and which notice shall embody the resolution adopted by said board of directors, as provided for in subdivision one (1).

Third—That a majority of the policy holders of each of said corporations present or represented at said special meetings shall by resolution approve and ratify the action of said directors, as provided for in subdivision one (1) hereof.

Fourth—That said proceedings and resolutions be filed with the commissioner of insurance of this state and approved of by him.

Fifth—Complete copies of said proceedings, certified to by the president and secretary of said respective corporations, shall be filed with the town clerk in each of the towns in which said company proposes to transact business.

Sec. 3. When full copies of said proceedings have been filed with the commissioner of insurance, which copies shall be certified by the president and secretary of said respective corporations and duly verified by said officers, and approved of by him, the consolidation of said corporations shall be deemed to be complete, and the company so continuing said business shall be deemed to have fully assumed all of the obligations, liabilities and risks, and to be the owners of all the assets of the companies so consolidating. If such consolidation is made under any new name, the filing of said proceedings and the approval of same by the commissioner of insurance shall be sufficient to constitute said consolidated company a corporation, with all the powers, privileges and subject to all the limitations of a township mutual insurance company under the laws of this state.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 313—H. F. NO. 270.

AN ACT to amend section 2903 of the General Statutes of 1894 relating to the formation and incorporation of co-operative associations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Section 2903 of the General Statutes of 1894 is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 2903. A co-operative association may be formed for the purpose of engaging in any lawful mercantile, manufacturing, agricultural or rural telephone business. Its certificate of incorporation shall be filed for record with the register of deeds of the county of its principal place of business, and thereupon it shall become a corporation. A majority of the incorporators that reside in this state shall be residents of the county of its principal place of business, and its duration without renewal shall not exceed twenty (20) years.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 314—H. F. NO. 673.

AN ACT to provide for the establishment and maintenance of county schools of agriculture and domestic economy.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The board of county commissioners of any county is hereby authorized to appropriate money for the organization, equipment and maintenance of a county school of agriculture and domestic economy, and to levy and spread on the tax roll a sufficient sum to carry into effect the several provisions of this act, but not exceeding the sum of twenty thousand dollars (20,000) in any one year. The county commissioners of two or more counties may unite in establishing such a school, and may appropriate money for its organization, equipment and maintenance. Provided, that this act shall not apply to any county in this state unless the authority thereof shall be granted to such board of county commissioners by a vote of the electors of such county, which question shall be submitted to such electors at the general or special election to be held in such county. When submitted at a special election, such special election shall be called and held in the manner provided by law for calling and holding special county elections. The board of county commissioners may, of their own motion, submit such question to the electors of their county, and shall so submit the same whenever a petition is filed with such board, signed by legal voters of such county equal in number to fifteen per cent of the votes cast in such county at the last preceding general election held in such county. The votes cast at any such election shall be counted and canvassed in the manner provided by law for counting and canvassing votes cast at general elections in such county.

Sec. 2. A board to be known as the county school board is hereby created, which shall have charge and control of all matters pertaining to the organization, equipment and maintenance of such school, except as otherwise provided by law. Said board shall consist of three (3) members, one of whom shall be the county superintendent of schools of the county or district in which the school is located. The other members of the board shall be elected by the board of county commissioners for the term of three (3) years from the date of their election, but no member of the board of county commissioners shall be eligible. Vacancies existing in the board from whatever cause, except in the case of the county superintendent, shall be filled by appointment made by the board of county commissioners at their next regular or special meeting. Each person appointed or created a member of the county school board shall within ten (10) days after the notice of such appointment, take and subscribe an oath, to support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of Minnesota, and honestly, faithfully and impartially to discharge his duties as a member of said board, to the best of his ability, which oath shall be filed in the office of the county auditor. He shall also, within the same time, file a bond in such sum as may be fixed by the board of county commissioners, which bond shall be filed in the office of the county auditor. Within fifteen (15) days after the appointment of said school board, the members thereof shall meet and organize by electing one of their number as president. The county superintendent of schools shall be ex-officio secretary of said board. The said school board shall prescribe the duties of the several officers, except as fixed by law. The members of such school board shall receive no compensation except their actual expense while going to and from and while attending the meetings of the county school board.

Sec. 3. Whenever two or more counties unite in establishing such a school, the provisions of section two (2) of this act shall apply to the organization of the county school board, and to filling vacancies therein, provided that the county superintendent of the county in which the school is located shall be a member of the board and ex-officio its secretary, and two members shall also be elected from each county by the board of county commissioners thereof. But no member of the board of county commissioners shall be eligible.

Sec. 4. Whenever two or more counties unite in establishing and maintaining such a school, the county school board provided for in such cases shall determine the amount of money necessary for the equipment and maintenance of the school for the second year, and annually each year thereafter; they shall apportion the amount to be raised by taxation among the counties in proportion to the assessed valuation of each county, as last fixed by the state board of assessment, and shall report to the county auditor of each county the apportionment so made on or before the regular July meeting in each year. The amount so apportioned to each county shall be levied in the county tax for the ensuing year for the support of the school.

Sec. 5. The county treasurer shall be ex-officio treasurer of said board; and all moneys appropriated and expended under the provisions of this act shall be expended by the county school board, and shall be paid by the county treasurer or treasurers on orders issued by said school board and all moneys received as gifts or otherwise by said school board shall be paid to the county treasurer for the fund of the county school board.

Sec. 6. In all county schools of agriculture and domestic economy organized under the provisions of this act, instruction shall be given in the elements of agriculture, including instruction concerning the soil, the plant life, and the animal life of the farm; a system of farm accounts shall also be taught; instruction shall also be given in manual training and domestic economy, and such other subjects as may be prescribed.

Sec. 7. Each of such schools shall have connected with it a tract of land suitable for purposes of experiment and demonstration, and not less than ten (10) acres in area, but any donation of land or equipment shall be turned over to said school board for the benefit of such school, and shall thereafter be the property of the county in which such school is located, or in case two or more counties having contributed in establishing such schools and maintaining the same then in that case it shall belong to such counties jointly.

Sec. 8. The schools organized under the provisions of this act shall be free to inhabitants of the county or counties contributing to their support, who shall be qualified to pursue the course of study prescribed, provided they shall have at least the qualifications required for completion of the course of study for common schools. Whenever students of advanced age desire admission to the school during the winter months in sufficient number to warrant the organization of special classes for their instructions, such classes shall be organized and continued for such time as their attendance may make necessary.

Sec. 9. The state superintendent shall give such information and assistance and establish such requirements as may seem necessary for the proper organization and maintenance of such schools. With the advice of the dean of the college of agriculture of the state university, he shall prescribe the courses of study to be pursued, and determine the qualifications required of teachers employed in such schools. He shall have the general supervision of all schools established under this act; shall from time to time inspect the same, make such recommendations relating to their management as he may deem necessary, and make such report thereon as shall give full information concerning their number, character and efficiency.

Sec. 10. Whenever any county or counties have either severally or jointly decided to establish, equip and maintain a school as prescribed by this act, and have levied money for that purpose and have appointed a county school board, such school board or boards shall give notice of that fact to the state superintendent, and the first two school boards giving such notice shall have the first chance of obtaining for such school state aid, as herein provided, but on condition that any school established under the provisions of this act, whose courses of study and qualifications of whose teachers have been approved by the state superintendent and the dean of the college of agriculture may, upon application, be placed upon an approved list of county schools of agriculture and domestic economy. A school once entered upon such list may remain listed and be entitled to state aid so long as the scope and character of its work are maintained in such manner as to meet the approval of the state superintendent; provided that he shall not place upon said list more than two (2) schools. On the first day of July in each year, the secretary of each county school board maintaining a school on the approved list, shall report to the state superintendent, setting forth the facts relating to the cost of maintaining the school, the character of the work done, the number and names of teachers employed and such other matters as may be required by the county school board or the state superintendent. Upon receipt of such report, if it shall appear that the school has been maintained in a satisfactory manner for a period of not less than eight (8) months, during the year closing on or before the thirtieth (30) day of the preceding June, the state superintendent shall make a certificate to that effect and file it with the state auditor, and such county shall thereupon be entitled to such an amount of state aid as may be prescribed by law or which may be hereafter appropriated.

Sec. 11. All acts or parts of acts conflicting with any of the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 12. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 315—H. F. NO. 245.

AN ACT to pension citizen-soldiers of Minnesota who participated in the Indian massacre of 1862.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Any and all persons, citizens and residents of the State of Minnesota, who rendered active service, bore arms, or otherwise rendered efficient aid and suffered any disabilities in the Indian massacre of 1862, from August fifteenth to September fifteenth, in the year 1862, according to the reports and files of the adjutant general's office in this state, or upon due proof of services as aforesaid, shall be and is hereby declared to be entitled to a pension of not to exceed twelve dollars ($12) per month from the first day of January, 1905, during their natural lives, and upon their decease the said pension shall descend and be payable to the widow of such decedent whose marital relation has existed since the year 1885.

Sec. 2. Such proof thereof as may be required by the adjutant general of the State of Minnesota shall be presented to him, and upon his approval and certificate declaring such person to be entitled to a pension under this act, the state auditor shall draw orders for the payment of such pension, which orders shall be paid by the state treasurer of this state, from and out of any moneys not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 3. This act shall not apply to or affect persons drawing relief by pension or otherwise from the United States or the State of Minnesota.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 316—H. F. NO. 34.

AN ACT to establish a free public employment bureau in cities of fifty thousand (50,000) inhabitants, or over, and to provide for the conduct and maintenance of the same.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The commissioner of labor of the State of Minnesota is hereby directed to organize and establish in one city in this state containing fifty thousand (50,000) inhabitants or more, to be chosen by him, a free public employment bureau, for the purpose of receiving applications from persons seeking employment, and applications from employers desiring to employ labor.

There shall be no fee or compensation charged or received, directly or indirectly, from persons applying for employment, or from those desiring to employ labor through said bureau.

There shall be appointed by the commissioner of labor, for such bureau, one superintendent, who may be removed by the commissioner for good and sufficient cause, such appointment to be made immediately after this act becomes a law, and thereafter at the commencement of the biennial session of the legislature; the salary of such superintendent shall not exceed ($1,200) twelve hundred dollars per annum.

Sec. 2. The superintendent of such bureau shall receive and record in a book to be kept for that purpose, the names of all persons applying for employment, as well as the name and address of all persons, firms or corporations applying to employ labor, designating opposite the name and address of each applicant the character of employment desired or offered.

Such superintendent shall also perform such other duties in the collection of labor statistics, and in the keeping of books and accounts of his bureau as the commissioner may direct or require, and shall report monthly all business transacted by his bureau, to the office of the commissioner of labor, at the state capitol.

Sec. 3. Every application for employment by employer or employe which is made to the free employment bureau shall be void after thirty days from its receipt, unless the same be renewed by the applicant. When an applicant for labor has secured the same, he shall within ten days thereafter, notify the superintendent of the bureau upon a notification card provided for that purpose.

If any such applicant neglects to notify such superintendent, he or they shall be debarred from all future rights and privileges of such employment bureau at the discretion of the commissioner of labor, to whom the superintendent shall report such neglect.

Sec. 4. There is hereby annually appropriated out of any money in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of seventeen hundred fifty ($1,750) dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to carry out the provisions of this act.

Sec. 5. All acts or parts of acts that are in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 317—H. F. No. 187.

AN ACT to legalize the foreclosure of mortgages by advertisement where the power of attorney to foreclose the same has been acknowledged and witnessed by the person authorized to make the foreclosure.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Every foreclosure of mortgage by advertisement heretofore made where the power of attorney to foreclose the same, provided for by chapter 262 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1897, has been acknowledged before a notary public who is the same person named as the attorney authorized to make such foreclosure, and which attorney has signed as witness to the signature of the person who executed such power of attorney, if otherwise regular, shall be and is hereby declared to be as valid and effectual for all purposes, as if such power of attorney had been duly and properly executed.

Sec. 2. The provisions of this act shall not effect any action pending, in any court of the state.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 318—H. F. No. 517.

AN ACT entitled an act to provide for the compensation of County Commissioners in counties which now, or may hereafter have a population of 150,000 inhabitants or over, but less than 200,000 inhabitants.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That in any county of this state which now, or may hereafter have a population of 150,000 inhabitants or over but less than two hundred thousands (200,000) inhabitants, the county commissioners thereof shall receive as compensation seven hundred and fifty (750) dollars per annum, and no more payable in monthly installments out of the county treasury of such county upon warrants of the county auditor thereof, and which amount shall be in full for all services of every nature and in any capacity of such county commissioners.

Sec. 2. All acts and parts of acts, whether general or special, inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 319—H. F. NO. 518.

AN ACT requiring halls and theaters in all cities of Minnesota to be furnished with asbestos or other incombustible curtains, and providing for the enforcement thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the proscenium or curtain opening of all halls and theaters used for theatrical purposes and having a seating capacity of 600 or more in any city in the State of Minnesota shall have a fire resistant curtain of asbestos or some other approved incombustible material. Said curtain shall be properly constructed, shall be operated by proper mechanism and shall be raised at the commencement of each performance and lowered at the close of each performance.

Sec. 2. That it shall be the duty of the common council of every city in the State of Minnesota, to appoint some competent person as inspector of halls and theaters. It shall be his duty to inspect every hall and theater in his city at least once in each year to see that the provisions of section one (1) of this act have been complied with. He shall receive for each hall or theater inspected by him a fee of three (3) dollars to be paid by the owner or tenant of such hall or theater.

Sec. 3. That the certificate of such inspector shall be prima facie evidence of the compliance with the provisions of this act for the space of one (1) year from the date thereof.

Sec. 4. The owner or owners, tenant or tenants of any hall or theater in any city of this state failing or neglecting to comply with the provisions of section one (1) of this act shall be liable to a fine, of not more than three hundred ($300) dollars and not less than fifty ($50) dollars.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 320—H. F. NO. 823.

AN ACT to amend chapter 19 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1901, entitled an act to amend section ten (10) of chapter three hundred fifty-two (352) of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1899, entitled: "An act to encourage a better condition of the public schools and to appropriate money therefor, and repealing chapter one hundred forty-four (144) of the General Laws of 1881" and other acts amendatory thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section ten (10) of chapter three hundred fifty-two (352) of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1899, as amended by chapter nineteen (19) of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1901, being an act to encourage better condition of the public schools and to appropriate money therefor and to repeal certain former acts relating thereto, be and the same hereby is amended, so as to read as follows:

"Section 10. The high school board shall have full discretionary power to consider and act upon applications of high schools for state aid, and, subject to the provisions of this act, may prescribe the conditions upon which such aid will be granted; and it shall be its duty to accept and aid such high schools only as will, in its opinion, if aided, efficiently perform the services contemplated by law; but not more than nine (9) schools shall be aided in each county in any one year.

"Any school accepted and continuing to comply with the law and regulations of the board made in pursuance thereof shall be aided not less than two (2) years.

"In case any state graded school as hereinafter provided shall have attained such a degree of proficiency as to entitle it to promotion to a high school, and the state high schools in the county shall have already reached the number of nine (9), such graded school, in the discretion of the board, may be so promoted, and take the place of the high school in the county first receiving state aid for the period of at least two (2) years; that any state high school so deprived of state aid shall continue under the supervision of the board with all the privileges, except state aid, of a preparatory school for the University of Minnesota."

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 321—H. F. No. 803.

AN ACT for an act, entitled "An act amend sections one (1), and seven (7) of chapter 154 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1899, entitled 'an act establishing a probation system for juvenile delinquents,' as amended by chapter 270 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1903, and to amend section two (2) of said chapter 154 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1899, as amended by chapter 102 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1901 and by chapter 270 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1903."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section one (1) of chapter 154 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1899 as amended by chapter 270 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1903, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. In every county of more than fifty thousand inhabitants a probation officer shall be appointed by the district judge of such county. Such officer may appoint one or more deputies, subject to the approval of said judges. Each shall serve four years, unless sooner removed by said judges for cause. The county commissioners of said counties shall provide said probation officers and deputies suitably furnished office rooms, record books, blanks, stationery, postage and other actual expenses required for the proper execution of the purposes of this act, to be defrayed out of any moneys in the general fund of their respective counties not otherwise appropriated, upon bills duly authorized and allowed in the usual manner by said commissioners.

Section 2. That section two (2) of chapter 154 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1899 as amended by chapter 102 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1901, and by chapter 270 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1903, be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 2. Such officer or his deputy shall be present in the municipal court in the principal city in his county and in the district court whenever any person under twenty-one years of age is brought into either court for trial for any offense, and in the probate court when such person is brought in for the purpose of having it determined whether he should be committed to a state institution. He shall supervise and be responsible for the conveyance of all children committed by the court to the state public school for dependent children, and, when so directed by the court to the state training school, without compensation, except transportation and expenses actually incurred.

Sec. 3. That section seven (7) of said chapter 154 as amended by section six (6) of chapter 270 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1903, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 7. In counties having a population of more than fifty thousand and less than one hundred thousand, the probation officer shall receive as full compensation for his services six hundred dollars ($600.00) per annum, and in counties having a population of one hundred thousand or more he shall receive one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum, and each deputy seven hundred and twenty dollars ($720.00), which salaries shall be paid by the county treasurer in equal monthly installments, upon certificates issued by the clerk of the district court.

Sec. 4. Nothing in this act shall be understood to abridge or shorten the term of office of any probation officer heretofore appointed under the provisions of chapter 154 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1899, and acts amendatory thereof, but any such officer heretofore appointed shall continue in office until the expiration of the term for which he was appointed, subject, however, to removal by the district court for cause.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after the first day of June, 1905.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 322—H. F. NO. 832.

AN ACT to provide for an additional assistant county attorney in counties having a population of 75,000 and not more than 150,000 inhabitants.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. In every county of this state having a population of seventy-five thousand (75,000) and not more than one hundred and fifty thousand (150,000) inhabitants, the county commissioners of such county shall at the first regular meeting after the adoption of this act, and at the first meeting of said board after the election of a county attorney in said county, hereafter appoint an additional assistant county attorney, who shall be an attorney duly admitted to practice law in all courts of the State of Minnesota for the full period of time for which the county attorney under whom he is appointed has been elected.

The person so appointed shall take the usual oath of office and execute a bond in all respects the same as the county attorney is by law required to execute; and said additional assistant county attorney shall thereupon be fully authorized and empowered to do and perform, at the direction of the county attorney, any and all duties appertaining to the office of said county attorney, as fully and completely as the county attorney of said county himself may do and perform.

Sec. 2. Such additional assistant county attorney shall receive a salary of one thousand dollars ($1,000) per annum, payable in equal monthly installments out of the county treasury of said county, upon warrant of the county auditor of said county.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 323—H. F. NO. 406.

AN ACT to prevent the sale or offering for sale, the veal of calves killed when less than four (4) weeks old.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. No person, firm or corporation shall sell, offer or expose for sale, or have in possession with intent to sell, the veal of calves killed when less than four (4) weeks old.

Sec. 2. Any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than fifty ($50) dollars nor more than one hundred ($100) dollars, or by imprisonment for a period not to exceed ninety (90) days.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 324—H. F. NO. 847.

AN ACT to amend sections 1783, 1784 and 1785 of the General Statutes of 1894, relating to road taxes and road tax lists.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That sections 1783, 1784 and 1785, of the General Statutes of 1894, be and the same are hereby amend so as to read as follows:

Section 1783. Every male inhabitant, being above twenty-one years and under the age of fifty, excepting paupers, idiots, lunatics and such others as are exempt by law, shall be assessed not less than one nor more than four days in each year. Supervisors shall assess a road tax on all real estate and personal property liable to taxation in the town, to any amount they may deem necessary, not exceeding $1 on each $100 of value, as valued on the assessment roll of the preceding year.

Section 1784. The supervisors shall make lists for each road district in the town containing:

First. The name of each person in such district, liable to work on roads, with the number of days road labor assessed, set opposite thereto.

Second—The name of each person assessed for personal property, with the amount of such assessment set opposite thereto, in a separate column, which shall be subject to collection or commutation by labor the same as road taxes assessed on real estate.

Third—A description of all tracts of land in such district, the valuation of each, taken from the assessment roll of the preceding year, set opposite thereto, the name of the owner, if known; and the amount of road tax assessed thereon, all in separate columns.

Section 1785. Such lists shall be in book form and when completed shall be subscribed by the supervisors, and delivered by the town clerk to the respective overseer of each district, for which he shall receive a fee of 25 cents for each set of lists so delivered.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 325—H. F. NO. 612.

AN ACT to amend section 7999, General Statutes of 1894, relating to the protection of keepers of lodging houses, boarding houses and inns, and providing for a penalty for defrauding them.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec. 1. That section 7999 of the General Statutes of the State of Minnesota for the year 1894 be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 7999. A person who obtains any food or accommodation at any inn, hotel, lodging house or boarding house, without paying therefor, with intent to defraud the proprietor or manager thereof, or who obtains credit at any inn, hotel, lodging house or boarding house, by or through any false pretense, or who after obtaining credit and accommodation at an inn, hotel, lodging house or boarding house, absconds and surreptitiously removes his baggage therefrom without paying for his food and accommodation is guilty of a misdemeanor," and the proprietor or manager of any such inn, hotel, boarding or lodging house, shall have a lien on any baggage or effects of any such person, in his possession, for the amount due and unpaid for food or lodging so fraudulently obtained.

Sec. 3. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 326—H. F. NO. 309.

AN ACT to provide for an optional plan for counties to consolidate the rural schools, to provide for the organization and government of consolidated rural schools, and to provide for the transportation of pupils at public expense.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The board of county commissioners of any county in the state may, and upon petition of 25 per cent of the resident freeholders living on farms thereof shall organize a commission consisting of seven members as follows: Four members of the board of county commissioners chosen by said board, the county superintendent of schools, one member to be appointed by the county auditor and one member to be appointed by the state superintendent of public instruction, said commission to be known as the ——— county rural school consolidation commission. The board of county commissioners shall provide for the reasonable expenses of said consolidation commission.

Sec. 2. Said consolidation commission shall organize by selecting a chairman and a secretary from their number and shall proceed to formulate a plan for redistricting the school districts of the county so as to provide for the consolidation of rural schools into larger districts, approximating areas four to six miles square, and shall provide for publishing a map and statement showing the proposed plan to the people of the county; provided, that the said districts shall be formed in such a manner and the proposed consolidated school shall be located at such places as shall make it most convenient for the transportation of pupils to and from their homes.

Sec. 3. Said consolidation commission may recognize, or it may assist in making an agreement between, for the first part, any district under its jurisdiction, the boundaries of which it shall define; and for the second part, any adjacent county or any school district in an adjacent county, to the effect that the school district of the first part shall transport its pupils to the school supported by the farm school district of the second part, and shall pay said district of the second part for the actual cost of the instruction of the pupils from the district of the first part, and the district of the second part shall furnish instruction to pupils of the district of the first part, for an equitable and just consideration.

Sec. 4. Said consolidated commission shall call an election of all the electors in each district and every township in the county for the purpose of deciding whether the county redistricting plan as presented shall be adopted; the date for said election shall be the same for all townships and shall not be earlier than thirty (30) days after the call is issued and the plans are published in the leading newspapers of said county; said consolidation commission shall provide for the election to be held at the usual places for holding township elections in the respective townships; said consolidation commission shall cause notice of said election to be posted in ten of the most public places in each township at least ten days before said election; said election shall be by ballot marked, "For the consolidation of rural schools," or "Against the consolidation of rural schools," the voter to place a cross after the line which he chooses and said commission shall provide printed ballots and shall immediately make up the vote, for and against the proposed plan, and send the same sealed, to the county superintendent, who, upon receiving the vote from each and all townships of said county shall call the consolidation commission together to count the votes and announce the decision of the respective boards of rural schools.

Sec. 5. If it shall appear from these several reports that of the electors present and voting a majority voted in favor of the proposed redistricting plan, the said consolidation commission shall give to each consolidated district in the county a number and name, which, together with the name of the nearest postoffice, shall serve as a postal address, and shall certify to the county auditor that such plan has been adopted, with descriptions of the outlines of the new districts organized, and the numbers and names which have been given to the respective districts. These facts shall be made a part of the records of said auditor's office.

Sec. 6. In case the vote for consolidation carries, the county superintendent of schools shall, within thirty (30) days after the commission announces the decision, cause notices to be posted in ten (10) of the most public places in each newly organized district, and shall cause to be published at county expense in one or more newspapers in the county, notices requesting the electors thereof to assemble at some specified time and place for the purpose of electing a board of school trustees, and transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting. These notices shall be posted at least ten (10) days prior to the date of such meeting. The officers of the several original districts shall continue to exercise their respective rights and duties until the organization of the new boards of school trustees, as provided by law.

Section 7. Sections six (6) and seven (7) of chapter two hundred sixty-two (262) of the Laws of 1901, relating to the consolidation of districts and transportation of pupils, not inconsistent with this act, shall apply to all consolidated rural schools.

Sec. 8. Where old districts owning school property are so divided that the school property owned by said districts belongs in part to more than one new district, the chairman of said boards of directors of consolidated rural school districts shall constitute a board of appraisement to award the proportion of such value to each district and to provide for the sale or disposal of the same and to give to each district its just share, and where such old district has an indebtedness the board of appraisement shall be constituted in the same manner to determine the proportions of said debt which shall be assumed by each consolidated district. In case such board of appraisement cannot agree, it shall place the decision in the hands of the board of county commissioners, and the decision of said board shall be final.

Sec. 9. The board of directors of consolidated rural school districts shall have the power to sell or move any school building owned by the district, to sell any land or apparatus not needed, and to purchase not more than ten acres of land for said school site. The said board of directors of consolidated rural schools shall be empowered to erect such buildings and to furnish such equipments as are necessary for the proper operation of said school, and for purchases and other expenditures as provision may be made by them according to law.

Sec. 10. For the purpose of determining the salary of the county superintendent in any county, each district or part of a district united in forming the consolidated rural school shall be counted the same as before the consolidation was made.

Section 11. For the purpose of maintenance and support, the consolidated rural school shall be in the same class, governed by the same laws, not inconsistent with this act, and administered in the same way, as the state graded schools.

Sec. 12. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 327—H. F. NO. 819.

AN ACT to amend section 8 of chapter 170 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1889, entitled "An act to authorize counties to change their system for caring for the poor," the same being section 1979 of the General Statutes of Minnesota for the year 1894.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section 8 of chapter 170 of the Laws of 1889, being section 1979 of the General Statutes of 1894, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Whenever any relative chargeable with the support of any poor person fails or neglects, after being directed by any town, city, or village under the town system of poor relief, to furnish to such poor person support, maintenance, burial, and in case of non-resident, expenses of removal any such town, city or village furnishing the same may recover in any court of competent jurisdiction from such relation who is resident of this state, any such sum so furnished by it, whether such poor person is a resident of such town, city or village or not.

In the event that said poor person shall have no relative chargeable therewith such town, city or village so expending the same may after like notice recover from any town, city or village within this state, which is charged by law with the support of such poor person, any sum so expended.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 328—H. F. NO. 581.

AN ACT providing for liens on personal property in certain cases and for the enforcement thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Whoever, at the request of the owner or legal possessor of personal property, shall contribute in any of the modes mentioned in the next section to its preservation, or to the enhancement of its value, shall have a lien upon such property for the price or value of such contribution, and the right to retain the property in his possession until such lien is lawfully discharged; but a voluntary surrender of possession shall extinguish the lien herein given.

Sec. 2. Such lien and right of detainer shall exist for:

1. Transporting property from one place to another as a common carrier or otherwise.

2. Keeping or storing property as a warehouseman or other bailee for hire.

3. Keeping, feeding, pasturing or otherwise caring for domestic animals or other beasts, including medical or surgical treatment thereof and shoeing the same.

4. Making, altering, or repairing any article, or expending any labor, skill or material thereon.

Such liens shall embrace all reasonable disbursements occasioned by the detention and sale of the property.

Sec. 3. If any sum secured by such lien be not paid within ninety days after it becomes due, the lien holder may sell the property so held, in the manner hereinafter provided, and out of the proceeds of such sale there shall be paid, first, the disbursements aforesaid, and second the total indebtedness then secured by the lien. The remainder, if any, shall be paid on demand to the owner or other person entitled thereto.

Sec. 4. The sale herein provided for shall be made at public auction between nine o'clock in the morning and five o'clock in the afternoon, in the county where the property, or some part thereof, is situated. A notice stating the time and place of sale, the amount which will be due on the date of sale, exclusive of the expenses of advertising and sale, and the grounds of the lien, and briefly describing the property to be sold, shall be served upon the owner of said property, or the person entitled thereto, if he resides or can be found in the county where such sale is to take place, in the manner provided for services of summons in civil actions in the district court. In case the owner of said property, or the person entitled thereto, does not reside in the county where said sale is to take place, or cannot be found therein (of which the return of the sheriff of that county shall be prima facie evidence), then said notice shall be served by publishing the same once in each week for three successive weeks, in a newspaper printed and published in said county, the last publication of such notice to be at least one week prior to the date of sale; or, if there is no newspaper printed and published in the county, then said notice of sale shall be posted in three of the most public places in the county three weeks before the time of sale.

Sec. 5. The property sold as herein provided shall be in view at the time of the sale.

Under the power of sale hereby given enough of said property may be sold to satisfy the amount due at the time of sale, including expenses, and said property, if under cover, may be offered for sale and sold in the original packages in the form and condition that the same was received by the lien holder; but after sufficient property has been so sold to satisfy the amount so due no more shall be sold.

The lien holder, his representatives or assigns, may fairly and in good faith purchase any property sold under the provisions of this act, provided the sale is conducted by the sheriff, his deputy, or any constable of the county where such sale is made.

Sec. 6. Sections 6247 and 6248 of the General Statutes of Minnesota for 1894, and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 329—H. F. NO. 880.

AN ACT to authorize the transcribing of certain records in the office of the register of deeds in counties in this state and fixing the compensation therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The register of deeds in any county in the State of Minnesota is hereby authorized and directed to transcribe in appropriate records to be provided for such purpose all certificates now on file in his office, and which were filed prior to May 10, 1862, made by sheriffs upon sales of real estate on mortgage foreclosures, judgments and executions.

Sec. 2. The register of deeds shall receive as compensation therefor the sum of one dollar and seventy-five cents for transcribing each of such certificates, and twenty-five cents each for comparing and certifying all such certificates, filed prior to May 10, 1862, and not heretofore compared and certified, to be paid out of the county funds, and shall be allowed by the board of county commissioners of such county upon the completion of said work.

Sec. 3. The recording of such certificates shall have the effect of a record of the same from time to time when they were filed in such register of deeds' office and shall be prima facie evidence of the facts therein set forth.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 330—H. F. NO. 812.

AN ACT authorizing all villages incorporated under the General Laws of this state, and all cities having a population of ten thousands inhabitants or less, incorporated under the General Laws of this state, to construct boulevards and to assess the benefits thereof upon the lots or parcels of land adjoining the said boulevards, to make such assessments payable in three installments with interest, and authorizing such village or city to issue orders therefor bearing interest in accordance with said assessments.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Whenever the village council of any village, incorporated under the General Laws of this state, or the common council of any city having a population of ten thousand inhabitants or less, incorporated under the General Laws of this state, shall deem it necessary and expedient to construct or rebuild any boulevard in said village or city, they may, acting on their own motion, and if a majority of the owners of the property fronting on the street or streets where it is proposed to construct a boulevard, shall petition the village council or common council of any such city therefor, they shall adopt a resolution to that effect, which resolution shall specify the place or places where such boulevard shall be constructed, the width, the size and manner of construction thereof, and the time within which the same shall be completed, which shall not be less than forty days after the service of said resolution, as hereinafter provided.

Said resolution shall contain the names of the owners of all lots, parts of lots, and parcels of ground fronting the street or streets where such boulevard is to be constructed.

Sec. 2. Such resolution shall be served upon the persons named in said resolution at least forty days prior to the time therein named for the completion of said boulevard in the following manner:

First—By causing a copy thereof to be handed to, and left with, each of the persons therein named who are residents of and within said village or city, and are actually therein.

Second—If any of the persons so named in said resolution are not residents of said village or city, or cannot be found therein, then said resolution shall be published in one issue of a newspaper regularly published in said village or city, in the English language, and having a general circulation therein, or in the designated official paper of said village or city.

Third—If there be no such newspaper published in said village or city, then such service and publication may be made by posting a copy of said resolution in at least three public places in said village or city, at least forty days prior to the time named therein for the completion of said walk or sewer.

Affidavits shall be made by the person serving or posting said resolution of the manner, time and place of serving or posting the same, and by the foreman, editor or publisher of such newspaper of the time and manner of publishing the same, and such affidavits shall be attached to said resolution and, with it, filed with the village or city recorder. Any and all such services, when made in accordance with the provisions of this act, shall for the purposes thereof, be deemed personal services of such resolution upon the persons named therein.

Sec. 3. If such work shall not be fully done, and said boulevard shall not be fully constructed or rebuilt in the manner and within the time prescribed in said resolution, then the village council of said city may order the same to be done by the street commissioner, or commissioner of public works, or cause the same to be done by contract let to the lowest responsible bidder, the entire expense thereof to be paid out of the general revenue funds of said village or city.

At any time within thirty days after said village or city shall have completed the construction of said boulevard as aforesaid, the village council or common council of such city shall adopt a resolution fixing a time and place when and where they shall hear testimony of all persons interested or affected and ascertain the amount of benefits to property fronting such boulevard by reason of the construction thereof, and such resolution shall be served on all the persons named in the resolution adopted under section one (1) of this act, and in the manner therein provided.

At the time and place named in said resolution said village council, or the common council of said city, shall hear any and all testimony offered by or on behalf of all parties interested or affected by the construction of said boulevard and for said purpose the president of the council or other presiding officer is hereby authorized to administer oaths to witness. Thereupon by resolution, the village council, or common council of said city, shall determine the amount of benefits caused by said construction, to each lot, part of lot, or parcel of ground fronting the street or streets where such boulevard shall have been constructed or rebuilt as aforesaid; and a full and complete record thereof shall be made and kept by the village or city recorder in a separate book kept for that purpose, which record shall contain a description of the property benefited and charge with the construction of such boulevard, the amount of benefit determined in each case as aforesaid, and when so determined the amount of each annual installment thereof; when transmitted to the county auditor of the county for assessment; the amount paid thereon and when paid. Such record to be used in making each annual levy and assessment, as in this act provided.

The amount of the benefits to each lot, part of lot, or parcel of ground so determined as aforesaid, shall be and become a charge against the same and shall be assessed thereon, as in the case of county, city or state taxes in three annual installments.

Sec. 4. If such assessments for either or any of the purposes aforesaid be not fully paid to the street commissioner, village or city treasurer, or other officer authorized by law to collect the same, within twenty days after said boulevard has been fully constructed or rebuilt, as aforesaid, the village council, or common council of said city, may issue, or cause to be issued, the orders of said village or city, on the treasurer thereof for the aggregate amount of the unpaid balance of each of said assessments, payable in three annual installments, each of which installments shall be represented by a separate order, bearing interest at a rate to be determined by said village or city council, not exceeding 6 per cent per annum, from their date until maturity, and payable as follows:

One payable on or before the first day of June, of the year next following the issuing thereof; one payable on the first day of June of the second year next following; and one payable on the first day of June on the third year next following.

Said orders shall be made payable to bearer, and the same may be issued, negotiated and sold by said village or city for not less than their par or face value.

All said orders shall be in substantially the following form:

$................ Dated at................ ...., Minnesota, ... 19....

The treasurer of the (village or city) of................................ will pay to the bearer hereof the sum of................ .... dollars and................ .... cents on or before the first day of June, A. D. 19......., with interest thereon at the rate of........... per cent per annum from date hereof until maturity. This order represents one-third of the amount expended in the construction of a boulevard in said (village or city) in the year 19.......

A record of all said orders shall be made and kept by said village or city recorder, which record shall show the date same was issued, amount of order, date when due, to whom sold, amount sold for, and for what purpose the same was issued, when the same was paid, and the amount paid as shown by the treasurer's books.

Books shall be provided for said purpose.

Sec. 5. After the completion of said boulevard as aforesaid by said village council or common council of said city, said village council or common council of said city, shall annually, on or before the first day of October of each year, until the whole of said assessments have been levied as herein provided, cause a statement of the amount of one of the said three annual installments, with six per cent annual interest thereon computed from the time of completion of said work to the first day of June following the making of said levy added thereto, to be transmitted, with the village or city taxes for that year, to the auditor of the county, and the said auditor shall insert the same with the other taxes in the duplicate statement of taxes annually transmitted by him to the county treasurer for collection and payment thereof, and the same shall be enforced with, and in like manner, as city, county and state taxes are collected and payment thereof be enforced. After the completion of said boulevard the owner or owners of said land adjoining the same, or interested therein, shall have the privilege of paying all or any portion of the cost of construction thereof to said village or city at any time within twenty days thereof, and before said levy has been made, and the amount so paid shall be deducted from the amount of said assessment.

Sec. 6. Chapter forty-nine (49) of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1899, and all other acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Provided, however, that this act shall not apply to any city or village of this state having a population of less than ten thousand (10,000) operating under a special law or special charter.

Provided, further, that this act shall not in any way affect any assessments heretofore made by any city or village or any assessments hereafter to be made by any city or village upon any contract made prior to the time when this act shall take effect.

Sec. 7. This act shall take effect and be and remain in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 331—H. F. NO. 707.

AN ACT to prevent unjust discrimination in the fixing of fire insurance premiums, to provide for the appointment of a fire marshal and defining his duties, and to provide additional revenue for the enforcement of such act.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Unjust Discrimination Prohibited.—No fire insurance company shall charge or receive, directly or indirectly, a higher or greater rate or premium for insurance against destruction or damage by fire of any property within this state than it charges for other risks in this state of the same kind or class, taking into consideration the local fire loss record, the nature of the risk, the exposures and hazards thereof, and the means of fire prevention applicable thereto.

Sec. 2. Action for Violation—Penalty.—If any fire insurance company, or any of its officers or agents, shall violate any provisions of the preceding section, the attorney general, upon request of the insurance commissioner, may bring a civil action against the offender, in the name of the state and in any district court thereof, for the recovery of the penalty hereinafter prescribed. Such action shall be tried by the court unless a jury trial be demanded by the defendant. If the course of action be sustained, the defendant shall be adjudged guilty of unlawful discrimination, and the plaintiff shall recover in said action such sum as the court may deem proper, not exceeding five hundred ($500) dollars, with disbursements and costs. And for a second offense in respect to the same risk, the insurance commissioner shall revoke the license of the offending company to do business in this state.

Sec. 3. Fire Marshal—Bond, Salary, Etc.—The governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint a state fire marshal who shall hold office until the first Monday of January in the odd numbered year next ensuing, and until his successor qualifies. But such marshal may be suspended by the governor at pleasure, and any vacancy in the office may be filled by like appointment for the unexpired time. He shall give bond to the state in the penal sum of $25,000, conditioned for the faithful discharge of his official duties, and shall receive a salary of $2,500 per annum, payable monthly.

Sec. 4. Investigation of Fires—Upon the request of the mayor of any city or village, or of the chief of a fire department thereof, or of the clerk of any town, or of any fire insurance company or its general agent, the state fire marshal shall forthwith investigate the origin, cause and circumstances of any fire occurring within the state, whereby property has been destroyed or damaged, and shall ascertain if possible whether the same was the result of carelessness or design.

Sec. 5. Reports to Commissioner—The chief of every organized fire department shall immediately report to said fire marshal, upon blanks furnished by him for that purpose, the facts concerning the origin, cause and circumstances of any fire occurring within the district to which the duties of such chief relate. And said fire marshal shall keep in his office a record, open to public inspection, of all fires so reported and of all obtainable facts and statistics pertinent thereto, and such records and data concerning premiums collected by fire insurance companies as the commissioner of insurance may require.

Sec. 6. Buildings May Be Entered, Rates Investigated, Etc.—Said fire marshal shall have power to administer oaths, take testimony, compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents, and to enter, at any time, any buildings or premises where a fire is in progress, or any place contiguous thereto, for the purpose of investigating the origin and character of such fire. He shall upon request of the commissioner of insurance investigate any complaint of discrimination in premiums made against any fire insurance company, officer or general agent. And he may enter and examine any building for the purpose of ascertaining the fire risks to which it is exposed, and may require the owner or occupant to remove combustible material improperly placed therein, and to remedy any unnecessary exposure to fire risks found therein. If any such owner or occupant shall neglect for the space of ten days to comply with any lawful direction of the fire marshal, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 7. Prosecution, When Authorized—If upon investigation of any fire as herein provided, the fire marshal shall be satisfied that there is sufficient evidence to charge any person with the crime of arson, he shall cause such person to be arrested and charged with such crime, and shall furnish to the proper county attorney all the information and evidence obtained by him, including a copy of all pertinent testimony taken in the case.

Sec. 8. Investigation by Another—Expenses, How Paid—If, for any reason, the marshal is unable to make a particular investigation in person, he may designate some suitable person to act thereon in his place; but the compensation of such substitute shall be paid by the marshal. The necessary expenses of all investigations shall be paid as follows: If it be made.

1. At the request of a mayor, town clerk, or chief of fire department, by the city, village, or town in which the fire occurred;

2. At the request of an insurance company, by such company;

3. Without request, by the state.

The marshal shall report monthly to the insurance commissioner, a detailed account of all charges and collections made by him for expenses incurred under this act, with the names of the persons paying the several items of such charges. And a summary of such charges and collections shall be given in the annual report of the commissioner.

Sec. 9. Investigation not to Affect policies—No action taken by such marshal shall affect the rights of any policy holder in respect to his loss by reason of any fire so investigated, nor shall the result of any such investigation, or the fact that an investigation was requested or made, be given in evidence upon the trial of any civil action upon such policy.

Sec. 10. Additional Tax—Appropriation for Expenses—Every fire insurance company doing business in the state, except town mutual companies, shall hereafter pay to the state treasurer on or before the first Monday of April in each year, in addition to all other taxes and fees required of it by law, a tax equal to one-fourth of one per cent of the net premiums collected by it for insurance upon property within the state. So much of the proceeds of such tax as may be necessary for the purpose is hereby appropriated for the payment of the expenses incurred under the provisions of this act, and no such expenses shall be incurred in any year in excess of the gross receipts therefrom.

Sec. 11. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 332—H. F. No. 30.

AN ACT to amend section one (1) of chapter one hundred and ninety-five (195) of the General Laws of nineteen hundred and three (1903).

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section one (1) of chapter one hundred and ninety-five (195) of the General Laws of nineteen hundred and three (1903) be amended, so that it will read as follows.

Section 1. That whenever an executor or administrator shall have fully complied with all the terms and conditions of the final decree of distribution and of all other decrees and orders of the probate court appointing him, and shall have paid over to the distributees named in such final decree of distribution of the said court, all moneys and funds and property to them awarded by such final decree, and when such executor shall have in all other respects fully complied with the terms and conditions of said final decree, and have fully complied with all the orders and decrees of the said court, and when it shall appear to the court that the executor or administrator has paid over all moneys to the proper parties, and that he has in all things complied with the orders of the court and the terms of the final decree in said estate, and that he has in all things, well, faithfully and fully administered his trust as such executor or administrator, the court shall enter an order and decree fully discharging the said executor or administrator and the sureties on his bond from all further liability, and from all liability by reason of said trust and by reason of said administration.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 333—H. F. NO. 141.

AN ACT to legalize in certain cases the reconveyance of cemetery lots to a cemetery corporation by mesne conveyances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That in any case where cemetery lots have been reconveyed to a cemetery corporation, organized under the laws of this state, by mesne conveyances, including wills, instead of directly from the original lot owner, such reconveyance is hereby legalized and declared valid and effectual provided that no interments were made in such lots by the owner thereof prior to such reconveyance; and provided further that the provisions of this act shall not apply to any action or proceeding now pending in any (of) the courts of this state.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 334—H. F. No. 613.

AN ACT to authorize and empower all cities in this state, however organized, having a population of 10,000 inhabitants or less to issue bonds and dispose of the same, and to use the same or the proceeds thereof for the purpose of purchasing waterworks or light plans already in existence or for the purpose of constructing, extending, enlarging, improving, or purchasing municipal waterworks or light plants or either or all thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Whenever at any general or special elections, held in any city in the class hereinafter mentioned, the electors thereof by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the legal voters, voting thereat, so determine, each city in the State of Minnesota having ten thousand inhabitants or less, whether organized or existing under special or general law, or under and by virtue of the provisions of chapter three hundred and fifty-one (351) of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year eighteen hundred and ninety-nine (1899), as amended, is hereby authorized and empowered, in addition to all its other powers, to issue its bonds, in addition to all other bonds heretofore authorized to be issued by such city, in the aggregate amount hereinafter mentioned, to be determined as hereinafter set forth, and to dispose of the same as hereinafter provided, and to use the proceeds thereof for the purpose of purchasing waterworks or light plants already in existence or for the purpose of constructing, extending, enlarging, improving or purchasing municipal waterworks or light plants or either or all thereof, but in each case the said city may either acquire such existing waterworks system or electric light plant by purchase at such price, not exceeding its fair value, and on such terms as may be agreed on between said city and the owner thereof, or if such arrangement as to price and terms cannot be arrived at, may acquire such system by condemnation thereof. The procedure in the event of condemnation shall be that prescribed by chapter 264, General Laws of 1903, or that prescribed by such city's charter and the purchase price of said plant or system as so fixed by agreement or condemnation may be paid out of the proceeds of the bonds by this act authorized to be issued.

Sec. 2. Whenever the city council of any such city, at a regular called meeting thereof, determine, by resolution, duly adopted by a three-fourths majority vote of all the members thereof, entered upon the minutes of its proceedings, that it is necessary either to purchase waterworks or light plants already in existence, or construct, extend, enlarge or improve a municipal water or light plant or either or all thereof, as the case may be, and that the funds in the treasury of said city available therefor, are not sufficient for such purpose, and that it is necessary to issue the bonds of such city in an amount to be determined by such city council in such resolution, not exceeding in the aggregate seven (7 per cent) per cent of the assessed valuation of the taxable property of such city according to the last preceding assessment thereof, such city council may cause the proposition of issuing such bonds, in such an amount, to be submitted to the electors of such city at any general or special election to be held, therein. Such resolution shall fix the time of said voting, if the same be submitted at a special election, which shall be not less than ten (10) days after the date of the adoption of said resolution, and said special election shall be conducted as provided by law for general elections. The notice of such election at which said proposition is to be submitted, whether general or special, shall contain a statement, of the total amount of the principal of said bonds, and the purpose to which it is proposed to put the same.

Sec. 3. In voting upon such proposition, those in favor of issue of bonds, shall have written or printed, or partly written and partly printed on the ballots used, the words, "Issue of Bonds," "Yes," "No," and each elector voting on such proposition shall make a cross mark thus: (X), in one of the two spaces left for the purpose, upon the margin of the ballot used as provided in section twenty-eight (28), chapter four (4), General Laws of Minnesota for 1893. The elector desiring to vote in favor of issuing bonds shall make a cross mark thus: (X) in the place left opposite the word "Yes," and the elector desiring to vote against the issuing of bonds, shall mark a cross mark thus: (X) in the place so left opposite the word "No," and no ballot shall be counted on said proposition except those having said cross mark (X) opposite one (1) only of said words "Yes," "No." The voting shall be conducted in the same manner as provided by law for the election of city officers and shall be counted, returned and canvassed in the same manner as provided by law for the election of city officers, and if upon such canvass it appears that a three-fifths majority of all the votes cast upon said proposition, shall be in favor of issuing bonds, the same may thereafter be issued in accordance with the provisions of this act, but not otherwise.

Sec. 4. Whenever the electors of any such city at any such election shall declare in favor of issuing the bonds of such city hereunder, such city, and the city council thereof, is hereby authorized and empowered by an affirmative vote of three-fourths of the members of such city council, to issue the bonds of said city, in an amount to be determined by said city council, not exceeding in the aggregate the amount contained in the said proposition, adopted by the electors at said election, and such city council may dispose of the same, as hereinafter provided, and may use the same and the proceeds thereof for any of the purposes which the resolution provided for in section two (2) of this act shall specify, but not otherwise.

Sec. 5. Such bonds shall be of such denomination as the city council may determine; shall be payable at such place as the city council may designate; at such times, not less than ten (10) nor more than thirty (30) years from date of issue; shall be made payable to bearer, or to the order of the person or corporation to whom they may be delivered, as such city council may deem best, and shall draw, interest, payable semi-annually, at such place as the city council may determine, at a rate not exceeding four per cent (4 per cent) per annum, to be represented by coupons attached to said bonds. Said bonds and coupons shall be signed by the mayor and attested by the clerk, or similar officer, or recorder of such city, and the corporate seal of the city shall be imprinted upon said bonds.

Sec. 6. The city council of any such city shall have authority by a majority vote of all its members to dispose of such bonds in such manner as in the judgment of said city council shall best subserve the interest of the city, but it shall not negotiate the sale, dispose of, nor sell said bonds, nor any of them, at less than their par value and accrued interest, and neither the said bonds or the proceeds of the sale thereof shall be used for any other purpose than specified in said resolution contemplated by section two (2) hereof, and such purpose shall be again distinctly stated in said resolution of said council authorizing the issuance thereof.

Sec. 7. The principal and interest of any such bonds so issued is hereby declared to be a first lien upon the municipal water works or light plants respectively constructed or purchased by means of said bonds or the proceeds of the sale thereof, and the faith and credit of such city issuing the same is hereby irrevocably pledged to the payment thereof, any provision of the law of this state, whether general or special, or by virtue of said chapter three hundred and fifty-one (351), as amended, of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year eighteen hundred and ninety-nine (1899), to the contrary notwithstanding.

Sec. 8. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 335—H. F. NO. 230.

AN ACT to provide for the acquisition, improvement and maintenance of public parks and for the appointment of park boards in cities of not more than 10,000 inhabitants.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That any city of this state, now or hereafter having a population of not more than ten thousand (10,000) inhabitants, is hereby authorized and empowered, in addition to the other powers conferred upon it by law, to acquire by gift, purchase, devise, condemnation or lease, lands within its corporate limits, or lands contiguous to such city, and lying outside of its corporate limits, not exceeding fifty (50) acres in extent of area, for use by the public for a park, and for park purposes, and may provide for the improvement thereof by the planting and preservation of trees and shrubs, by inclosing, ornamenting and protecting the same, and in such other ways as may be necessary to make such lands suitable for the uses of a public park.

Sec. 2. That the city council of every such city may by a majority vote create a park board for such city, to be composed of three members, to be chosen by the council for terms of one, two and three years respectively, all of whom shall be free holders of such city, and who shall serve without compensation. Such park board shall be authorized and empowered, for and on behalf of and in the name of such city, to acquire by gift, purchase, devise, condemnation or lease, the land to be held and used for park purposes, and shall provide for the improvement thereof as specified in section one of this act. Said park board shall have general supervision, management and control of such park and may appoint a suitable person to care for and take charge of the same, and may prescribe his duties and fix his compensation therefor.

Sec. 3. That for the purposes of carrying out the provisions of this act the city council of every such city may appropriate annually out of any of the revenues, of the city received from taxes, saloon or other licenses and fines, a sum of money not exceeding ten per cent of such revenues, the money so received to be disbursed for the purposes herein mentioned, in such manner and subject to such rules and regulations as said city council or said park board shall direct.

Sec. 4. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. This act shall not include or apply to cities now or hereafter governed under a charter adopted under and pursuant to section thirty-six (36), article four (4) of the constitution of this state, as amended, and chapter three hundred and fifty-one (351) of the General Laws of 1899 and the several acts amendatory thereof.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 336—H. F. NO. 666.

AN ACT for the removal of the remains of certain persons killed in the Indian outbreak of 1862, and for the erection of a monument over the same.

That, whereas, on the twentieth day of August, 1862, John Voight, Andrew Kock, Mrs. Sophia Ireland and her two children, Julia and Sarah Jane, Maria Everett, John Eastlick and his two sons, Frederick and Giles, Mrs. Sophia Smith, William J. Duly, Jr., and Belle Duly were murdered by the Indians near Lake Shetek, Murray county, Minn.; and

Whereas, The remains of these several persons were rudely covered upon the prairie, where killed, until October, 1862, when they were taken up and buried under the direction of Capt. Starkey of the mounted rangers, on the shore of Lake Shetek, on private property; therefore

Be is enacted by the legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the sum of four hundred dollars ($400.00), or as much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated, to pay for the disinterment and reinterment of the foregoing bodies, and for the erection of a monument with suitable inscription on the same.

Sec. 2. That the selection of the place of reinterment and removal of said bodies and the erection of said monument shall be done under the authority and direction of the board of county commissioners of Murray county, who are hereby authorized to secure a place of reinterment by purchase or otherwise, and on whose certificate the state auditor shall draw his warrant for the payment of the same.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 337—H. F. No. 886.

AN ACT to appropriate money for the expenses of the state government and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. The sums hereinafter named, or so much thereof as may be necessary, are hereby appropriated from any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purposes specified in the following sections of this act, to be available, where not otherwise stated, for each of the fiscal years ending July 31, 1906, and July 31, 1907:

Sec. 2. For the Supreme Court—

1. For additional for contingent expenses for each of said years and annually thereafter, $750.00.

2. For payment of services and expense under disbarment act, chapter 63, Laws of 1901, to be available for the year ending July 31, 1906, $2,000.00.

3. For the same purpose for each of said years, $1,000.00.

Sec. 3. For the Governor's Office—

1. For additional for contingent expenses for each of said years and annually thereafter, $2,000.00.

2. For additional for salary of stenographer for each of said years and annually thereafter, $300.00.

3. For additional for salary of messenger for each of said years and annually thereafter, $200.00.

4. For additional stenographer, $1,000.00.

5. For repairs of old capitol, $1,000.00.

6. For fuel, lights, water, etc., old capitol, $8,800.00.

7. For telephone service, old capitol, $150.00.

Sec. 4. For the Secretary of State's Office—

For the purchase of Minnesota Reports, as provided by law, for each of said years and annually thereafter, $3,400.00.

Sec. 5. For the State Treasurer's Office—To be available for each of said years and annually thereafter, except as otherwise indicated:

1. For additional for contingent expense, $650.00.

2. For salary of check clerk made necessary by board of control, $1,200.00.

3. For additional clerk hire, $1,600.00 ($1,200.00.)

4. For payment of expressage on remittances received from county treasurers and expense of collecting coupons, $1,000.00.

5. For report of commercial agencies on sureties on state depositories' bonds, $200.00.

6. For adding machine and stand, to be available for the year ending July 31, 1905, only, $380.00.

Sec. 6. For the State Auditor's Office—

1. For additional for contingent expense for land commissioner's department, for each of said years and annually thereafter, $800.00.

2. For additional for extra land clerks, $3,900.00.

3. For additional for extra clerks, including clerical service for state board of equalization, $2,000.00.

4. For clerk for investment board to take care of applications for permanent school funds, loans of counties, cities, villages, townships and school districts, $1,500.00.

5. For new record books and transcribing agricultural land records therein, to be available for the year ending July 31, 1906, only, $3,500.00.

6. For expense examining, appraising and selling state lands, estimating and selling pine timber and detecting trespass upon and caring for state lands, $15,000.00.

7. For expense caring for, selecting and examining swamp lands for the grant of state institutions, and examining vacant government lands for indemnity school land selections, $5,000.00.

8. For expense of care and control of swamp lands for the year ending July 31, 1905, only, $1,500.00.

9. For fees of registers and receivers of United States land offices, for abstracts of final entries of public lands for taxation, as provided by law, $300.00.

10. For expense of examining and inspecting state mineral lands and mining operations thereon, $6,500.00.

Sec. 7. For Attorney General's Office—For additional for contingent expense, $3,500.00.

Sec. 8. For the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction—

1. For additional for contingent expense for each of said years and annually thereafter, $500.00.

2. For extra clerk hire for each of said years and annually thereafter, $1,000.00.

3. For additional for summer training schools, $10,000.00.

4. For expense of conducting teachers' examinations under chapter 101, Laws of 1899, $3,000.00.

5. For contingent fund for conducting examinations for state professional certificates by said department, $750.00.

6. For additional for public school libraries, $10,000.00.

7. For additional for salary of superintendent for each of said years and annually thereafter, $500.00.

Sec. 9. For the Public Examiner's Office—

1. For salary of assistant bank examiner for each of said years and annually thereafter, $1,800.00.

2. For additional for maintenance of office, $6,000.00.

Sec. 10. For Insurance Commissioner's Office—

For contingent expense, $700.00.

Sec. 11. For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners—

1. For expenses carrying out the laws under which they act, including expert assistance, $20,000.00.

2. For the purpose of inaugurating a system of weighing and inspecting hay, under the law, to be available for the year ending July 31, 1905, $500.00.

Sec. 12. For Game and Fish Commission—

For first state fish hatchery, to be available for the year ending July 31, 1905.

1. For piping and putting same place, $580.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:

For additional for maintenance, $800.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:

For additional for maintenance, $800.00.

2. For double dwelling for workmen, $2,000.00.

Second state fish hatchery at Glenwood, to be available for the year ending July 31, 1905:

1. For team, wagon, sleigh, double harness, etc., $500.00.

2. For ten ponds in creek, $2,000.00.

3. For reimbursement of standing appropriation of game and fish commission for sums expended at Glenwood $1,500.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:

1. For bass ponds, $15,000.00.

2. For current expenses, $4,500.00.

3. For repairs, sidewalks, driveways and sodding, $500.00

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:

1. For current expenses, $4,500.00.

2. For repairs, sidewalks, driveways and sodding, $500.00.

Sec. 13. For dairy and food commission:

1. For additional for salary for commissioner for each of said years and annually thereafter, $600.00.

2. For additional for salary of chemist, $300.00.

3. For additional for salary of secretary, $300.00.

4. For additional for carrying out the laws relating to the department, $20,000.00.

5. For additional for salary of deputy commissioner, $300.00.

Sec. 14. For bureau of labor:

For two additional inspectors and their traveling and incidental expenses, $4,000.00.

Sec. 15. For state board of health:

1. For additional for maintenance for the year ending July 31, 1905, only, $800.00.

2. For expense maintaining laboratory, $10,000.00.

3. For expense in additional for collection of vital statistics, $500.00.

4. For the purpose of paying the indebtedness of the State of Minnesota for caring for individuals who are now residents of the state afflicted with contagious or infectious diseases for which said State of Minnesota is liable, $2,500.00.

5. For carrying on chemical bacteriological examination of water supplies, $1,000.00.

6. For equipment of laboratory for the year ending July 31, 1906, only, $5,000.00.

Sec. 16. For live stock sanitary board:

For additional for purpose of paying claims against the state for diseased animals killed under supervision of said board for the year ending July 31, 1905, only, $80,000.00.

Sec. 17. For state librarian:

1. For additional for removal expenses to be available for the year ending July 31, 1905, only, $300.00.

2. For additional assistant, such appointment to have the approval of the supreme court, $1,000.00.

3. For additional for current expense and salary of additional assistant for the year ending July 31, 1905, $1,250.00.

Sec. 18. For Sundry Miscellaneous Purposes.—

1. For payment of referees' fees of district courts as provided by chapter 55, Laws 1885, $600.00.

2. For payment of expense of requisitions of fugitives from justice, and rewards for detecting criminals, $2,000.00.

3. For expense of sheriffs, conveying prisoners to state prison and reformatory, $12,000.00.

4. For mileage and per diem of state board of equalization, $3,500.00.

5. For printing, advertising and binding as may be provided by contract for the several state departments and offices, for the year ending July 31, 1905, $10,000.00; for the same purpose for the year ending July 31, 1906, $35,000.00; for the same purpose for the year ending July 31, 1907, $35,000.00.

6. For the board of regents of the university to provide for care and treatment of crippled and deformed children under chapter 280, Laws of 1897, $14,000.00.

7. For additional forestry preservation for the year ending July 31, 1905, only, $2,500.00.

8. For forest preservation, as provided by chapter 196, Laws of 1895, as amended, $5,000.00.

9. For completing the new park house in Itasca State Park, and improving the grounds, under the direction of the governor and the attorney general, to be available for the year ending July 31, 1905, only, $2,200.00.

The governor and attorney general are authorized as they deem best to sell the dead and down timber belonging to the state within said park, and use the proceeds in the improvement of the park.

10. For maintenance and improvement of Itasca State Park, including repairs, and for barn to be built out of lumber owned by the state, to be expended under the direction of the governor and attorney general, to be available for the year ending July 31, 1906, $900.00.

11. For cleaning out Mary Creek in park grounds, and the grounds, for the year ending July 31, 1906, $200.00.

12. For maintenance and improvement of Itasca State Park, repairs and work on houses, to be expended as stated in item 10 for year ending July 31, 1907, $1,000.00.

13. For additional for land within boundaries of Itasca State Park, held by private owners in sections 19 and 20 and lots one to four inclusive, in section 30, township 143, range 35, in Hubbard county, to be acquired by purchase or condemnation, under the direction of the governor and attorney general, as provided by chapter 100, Laws of 1895, as amended, $7,500.00.

14. For planting and caring for pine in Itasca State Park, to be expended under the direction of the attorney general, $50.00.

15. For improvement, care and maintenance of the State Park of Dalles of St. Croix, for the year ending July 31, 1905, $1,500.00; for the year ending July 31, 1906, $500.00; for the year ending July 31, 1907, $500.00.

Provided that not exceeding $1,500.00 of the amount above appropriated may be used to purchase a toll-bridge between the states of Minnesota and Wisconsin, upon condition that an appropriation of similar amount is made by the Legislature of the State of Wisconsin.

16. For surveying and permanently fixing the boundaries of Pillsbury donated reserve (three tracts) of one thousand acres of forestry land under the direction of the state forestry board, to be available for year ending July 31, 1905 only, $200.00.

17. For reimbursing the contingent fund of the state forestry board for fees paid to the United States land office accompanying selection of 20,000 acres of forestry land granted by congress, to be available for year ending July 31, 1905, only, $250.00.

18. For improving, beautifying and maintaining Camp Release park, Lac que Parle county, to be expended under the direction of L. R. Moyer, H. E. Hoard and C. S. Williams of Montevideo, Minnesota, $100.00.

19. For carrying out the provisions of chapter 353, Laws 1899, relating to system of traveling libraries, $7,500.00.

20. For printing the proceedings of the Minnesota Educational association, $800.00.

21. For the Olivia board of trade, for refundment of corporation fee not required to be paid by such corporation, to be available for year ending July 31, 1905, $50.00.

22. For the use and support of the State Art society, to be expended as provided by law, $2,000.00.

23. For additional salaries of judges of district court, $7,000.00.

24. For printing and binding legislative manual of 1905, to be available for year ending July 31, 1905, $22,000.00.

25. For publishing in the legal newspapers the Laws of 1905, except the Revised Laws, being H. F. No. 43, which are not to be so published, to be available for year ending July 31, 1905, only, $80,000.00.

26. For additional support of the State Historical Society, for each of the years ending July 31, 1906, and July 31, 1907, and annually thereafter, $5,000.00.

27. For the drainage of swamp and marshy lands of the state and for the alteration, improvement, and repair of state ditches heretofore established, to be expended under the supervision of the drainage commission as provided by law, $30,000.00.

28. For expenses of carrying out law providing for a survey for systematic drainage of state lands, $7,500.00.

29. For the maintenance and prosecution of the work of the state highway commission as provided by act of the present legislature, $6,000.00.

30. For child and animal protection, to be expended by state bureau created for that purpose, $1,000.00.

31. For advertising the sale of state lands and in securing, compiling and issuing statistics of the resources of the state which may be valuable or useful in securing desirable settlers to purchase and locate thereon, to be available for year ending July 31, 1905, $1,000.00; for the same purpose for each of the years ending July 31, 1906, and July 31, 1907, $7,000.00.

32. For expense incurred by Hon. John F. Pehler in contesting his right to a seat in the present legislature, to be available for the year ending July 31, 1905, $100.00.

33. For proper monument and markers in the Vicksburg National Military Park, under the direction of the commission appointed for that purpose, of which one-half shall be available for each of the years ending July 31, 1906, and July 31, 1907, $25,000.00.

34. For the purpose of completing the memorial on the university campus to the student soldiers who lost their lives during the Spanish-American war, to be available for year ending July 31, 1906, only, $500.00.

35. For removal of battle flags from old capitol building to new capitol building, and for payment of expense in connection therewith, to be expended under direction of the governor, to be available for year ending July 31, 1905, only, $1,500.00.

36. For carrying out the provisions of chapter 372, Laws of 1903, relating to the preparation of a digest of the decisions of the supreme court of this state, to be available during the year ending July 31, 1907, $6,000.00.

37. For additional for the state dairymen's association for printing report, to be available for year ending July 31, 1905, $500.00.

38. For the purpose of maintaining the Farmers' Club of Minnesota, to be expended under the supervision of the agricultural committee of the board of regents of the University, $1,000.00.

39. For salary and expenses of an inspector of apiaries, who shall be appointed by the governor, for the purpose of assisting the Minnesota State Beekeepers' association in the prosecution of its work of eradication of foul brood; and said inspector shall report to the governor annually, $1,000.00.

40. For additional state aid to county agricultural societies, to be expended under the provisions of chapter 86, laws of 1897, in addition to standing appropriations, for each of said years, and annually thereafter, $14,000.00.

41. For additional contingent fund for adjutant general for each of said years, and annually thereafter, $50.00.

42. For the purpose of completing the work of preservation of the original civil war records, as provided by chapter 211, Laws of 1901, and in full of all expenses therewith, to be available during the year ending July 31, 1906, only, $1,500.00.

43. For the relief of Emma Middlemist, by reason of the death of her minor son, Richard L. Farrington, in July, 1902, from injuries received while serving as a member of Company B, First National Guard of Minnesota, in full of all claims, the sum of $3,500.00; payable $500.00 at once, and $50.00 quarterly, beginning on May 1, 1905; provided, that if said Emma Middlemist dies before said balance is fully paid that said quarterly payments shall then cease, and the balance thereof be covered into the treasury; to be available for the year ending July 31, 1905, only.

44. For reimbursement of relief association of Owatonna fire department for moneys paid firemen, injured at fire in state public chool, in January, 1904.

45. For the purpose of reimbursing R. H. Johnston for cash expended and expenses incurred for handling and forwarding supplies to deputy state boiler inspectors and for postage, etc., in the years 1903 and 1904, in full of all claims, $127.00.

46. For the purpose of reimbursing students of the university for the loss of money deposited by them for the use of lockers, which money was burned at the time of the destruction of the main building, to be paid to President Cyrus Northrup and by him distributed to the students entitled thereto, $410.00.

47. For settlement in full of claim of heirs of Ham Wing Sing, deceased, for moneys due estate of deceased, $86.35.

48. For settlement in full of claim of Thomas H. Martin for moneys erroneously claimed by the state and paid into the treasury by said Martin for timber cut upon land to which the state had not title, $253.00.

49. For settlement in full of judgment in favor of Julia Selkirk, docketed in district court, Becker county, on February 5, 1903, $200.00.

50. For settlement in full of claim of William H. Merritt for amount due on contract for construction work performed in 1902 and 1903 at Moorhead normal school, $950.00.

51. For reimbursement of Sherman S. Smith for expenses of defending litigation affecting his nomination as a candidate for representative, $250.00.

52. For deficiency for expenses of legislative session, 1903, $3,200.00.

53. For additional for burial of soldiers and sailors, $2,000.00.

54. For additional for payments, as provided by chapter 184, Laws of 1903, to state high schools for such schools as have not received the sum of $1,500 for the school years of 1903 and 1904, $50,000.00.

55. For additional for payments to semi-graded and rural schools, which have not received the maximum state aid, for the school years of 1903 and 1904, $25,000.00.

56. For additional for legislative expenses for the legislative session of 1905, $20,000.00.

57. For fireproof store houses for National Guard at Camp Lakeview, $5,000.00.

58. For maintenance of the naval militia for the year ending July 31, 1906, and annually thereafter, $8,500.00.

Provided, that the amount above appropriated may be used to repair, equip and transfer to the Minnesota station the vessel furnished by the U. S. government for a training ship.

59. For printing and binding reports of Minnesota State Horticultural society, as provided by law, in lieu of all other appropriations for said purpose, for the year ending July 31, 1906, and annually thereafter, $3,000.00.

60. For maintenance of the Minnesota State Horticultural society, in lieu of all other appropriations for that purpose, for the year ending July 31, 1906, and annually thereafter, $2,500.00.

61. For reimbursement of John Quirk for moneys expended and services rendered by him in the care of his daughter, Anna E. Quirk, a nurse injured while in the performance of her duties at the state hospital for insane, 1898, to be available for the year ending July 31, 1905, only, $1,500.00.

62. For the erection of a monument at Shiloh for the commemoration of the First Minnesota battery, $5,000.00.

Sec. 19. For the Board of Control of State Institutions—

First—For the Anoka State Asylum—

To be available for the year ending July July 31, 1906:

1. For repairs and betterments, $1,500.00.

2. For water and fire protection and laundry equipment, $4,000.00.

3. For barn, granary and implement shed, $1,000.00.

4. For current expenses, $50,000.00.

5. For a new cottage and equipment, $40,000.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:

1. For betterment and repairs, $1,500.00.

2. For enlargement of administration building and assembly hall, $15,000.00.

3. For addition to root cellar, 1,500.00.

4. For greenhouse, $500.00.

5. For current expenses, $50,000.00.

Second—For Hastings State Asylum—

To be available for the year ending July 1905:

For tunnel to connect main building with heating and lighting plant, excavating for water mains, fire protection and equipment for laundry, $4,500.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:

1. For repairs and betterments, $1,500.00.

2. For enlargement of administration building and assembly hall, $15,000.00.

3. For farm cottage, $1,500.00.

4. For barn, granary and implement shed, $4,000.00.

5. For greenhouse, $500.00.

6. For current expenses, $51,000.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:

1. For repairs and betterments, $1,500.00.

2. For current expenses, $52,000.00.

3. For a new cottage and equipment, $40,000.00.

Third—For the Fergus Falls State Hospital:

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:

1. For repairs and betterments, $5,000.00.

2. For fire-proofing and repairs west detached ward, $5,000.00.

3. For piggery, $1,000.00.

4. For slaughter house, cooling room and equipments, $5,000.00.

5. For additional for current expenses, $178,000.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:

1. For repairs and betterments, $5,000.00.

2. For stock barn, $5,000.00.

3. For improvements of roads and grounds, $800.00.

4. For nurses' dormitory and equipment, 75,000.00.

5. For additional for current expenses, $178,000.00.

6. For the purpose of constructing and equipping contagious hospital, the unexpended appropriation of $5,000.00 made by section 20, chapter 381, Laws of 1901, for the constructing of a cottage for the superintendent, is hereby transferred and reappropriated.

7. For the completion of administration building, the unexpended appropriation of $5,000.00 made by section 20, chapter 381, Laws of 1901, for remodeling the administration building for hospital purposes, is hereby transferred and reappropriated.

Fourth—For the Rochester State Hospital—

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1905:

For electric motors, $2,500.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:

1. For repairs and betterments, $5,000.00.

2. For electric pump and air compressor, $3,500.00.

3. For addition to laundry and equipment, $4,500.00.

4. For new ice house, $2,000.00.

5. For additional for current expenses, $30,000.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:

1. For repairs and betterments, $5,000.00.

2. For contagious hospital and equipment, $5,000.00.

3. For extension of main building to connect with west detached ward, $10,000.00.

4. For additional for current expenses, $30,000.00.

For the St. Peter State Hospital—

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1905:

For completing and furnishing administration building, $15,700.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:

1. For repairs and betterments, $5,000.00.

2. For additional story to dining room, $5,000.00.

3. For granary, $1,500.00.

4. For corn crib, $500.00.

5. For painting and furniture for wards, $1,500.00.

6. For additional for current expenses, $30,000.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:

1. For repairs and betterments, $5,000.00.

2. For contagious hospital and equipments, $5,000.00.

3. For new dynamo, $1,500.00.

4. For plumbing and repairs, $1,500.00.

5. For improvement of steam and heating plant, $10,000.00.

6. For hospital for tubercular inmates, or for a nurse's dormitory, as the board of control of state institutions may determine, $40,000.00.

7. For additional for current expenses, $30,000.00.

Sixth—For School for the Blind—

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:

1. For repairs and betterments, $1,000.00.

2. For boiler and changes in heating plant, $4,000.00.

3. For musical instruments, library and supplies, $500.00.

4. For plumbing, fire protection and rearrangement of buildings, $4,000.00.
5. For additional for current expenses, $11,000.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:
1. For repairs and betterments, $1,000.00.
2. For typewriting room and equipment, $550.00.
3. For musical instruments, library and supplies, $500.00.
4. For steel fence in retaining wall, $500.00.
5. For additional for current expenses, $11,000.00.

Seventh—For the School for the Deaf—

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:
1. For repairs and betterments, $3,000.00.
2. For dynamo, $1,500.00.
3. For draining lawn and garden and improving grounds, $500.00.
4. For library, $250.00.
5. For needy pupils attending national college, $300.00.
6. For additional for current expenses, $25,000.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:
1. For repairs and betterments, $3,000.00.
2. For new boiler and connections, $6,000.00.
3. For draining lawn and improving grounds, $500.00.
4. For library, $250.00.
5. For needy pupils attending national college, $300.00.
6. For additional for current expenses, $27,000.00.

Eighth—For School for Feeble Minded—

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:
1. For repairs and betterments, $5,000.00.
2. For central kitchen and equipment, $15,000.00.
3. For enlargement of laundry and equipment, $5,000.00.
4. For bakery, $1,500.00.
5. For additional for current expenses, $121,000.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:
1. For repairs and betterments, $5,000.00.
2. For enlargement of shop, equipment, engineering department, $22,000.00.
3. For cistern and connections, $3,000.00.
4. For greenhouse, $1,500.00.
5. For additional for current expenses, $121,000.00.

Ninth—For the State Public School—

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1905:
1. For plumbing in old cottages, $2,000.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:
1. For repairs and betterments, $2,000.00.
2. For fire escapes, $1,200.00.
3. For laundry and equipment, $5,200.00.
4. For tunnel for steam and water pipes, $2,100.00.
5. For cement floor and fixtures in cow barn, $500.00.
6. For library, $250.00.
7. For state agency, $6,000.00.
8. For additional for current expenses, $28,000.00.
9. For farm cottage, $1,500.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:
1. For repairs and betterments, $2,000.00.
2. For new radiators and pipes in old cottages, $2,800.00.
3. For library, $250.00.
4. For rotary oven, $750.00.
5. For rewiring building, $800.00.
6. For state agency, $6,000.00.
7. For additional for current expenses, $29,000.00.

Tenth—For the State Training School—

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:
1. For repairs and betterments, $2,000.00.
2. For dynamo and motors, $2,000.00.
3. For addition to reservoir and connections, $1,000.00.
4. For tools and machinery, $1,000.00.
5. For water purifier, $2,000.00.
6. For piano for girls' cottage, $250.00.
7. For hospital and guardhouse, $5,000.00.
8. For additional for state agency, $3,000.00.
9. For manual and military training, $2,500.00.
10. For current expense in addition to standing appropriation, $33,000.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:
1. For repairs and betterments, $2,000.00.
2. For additional for state agency, $3,000.00.
3. For manual and military training, $2,500.00.
4. For additional for current expenses, $33,000.00.

Eleventh—For the State Reformatory.—

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:
1. For repairs and betterments, $2,000.00.
2. For replacing stockade with stone wall, $5,000.00.
3. For heating, plumbing, wiring and addition to power plant, $7,500.00.
4. For laundry and equipment, $1,200.00.
5. For silo, $350.00.
6. For administration building, $15,000.00.
7. For additional for current expenses, $71,000.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:
1. For repairs and betterments, $2,500.00.
2. For contagious ward, $5,000.00.
3. For silo, $350.00.
4. For root cellar, $500.00.
5. For replacing stockade with stone wall, $5,000.00.
6. For administration building, $15,000.00.
7. For additional for current expense, $76,000.00.

Provided, that if the present rapid increase in population of the state reformatory continues, and it becomes necessary to begin the construction of an additional cell wing prior to the convening of the Legislature of 1907, the board of control of state institutions, the governor consenting thereto, is hereby authorized to expend such sum as in its judgment may be necessary for carrying out such work, to be available for the year ending July 31, 1907, not exceeding $15,000.00.

Twelfth—For the State Prison—

To be available for each of the years ending July 31, 1906, and July 31, 1907:

For repairs, $2,000.00.

For purchase of not exceeding 160 acres of additional land as near said prison as practicable, build a suitable stockade around the same to prevent escapes and necessary buildings for accommodations of increased population of prison, and necessary additional shop and storage room, and install necessary power, plant and machinery to carry on the same and provide necessary heat, light, water and ventilation for all said buildings.

To be available as follows:

For year ending July 31, 1906, $45,000.00.

For year ending July 31, 1907, $30,000.00.

Provided, that for the years ending July 31, 1906, and 1907, respectively, the board of control is authorized, by and with the approval of the state auditor, to transfer in cases of necessity a portion of the funds appropriated for the current expenses of any one of the following institutions, namely: The St. Peter state hospital for the insane, the Rochester state hospital for the insane, the Fergus Falls state hospital for the insane, the Anoka asylum, the Hastings asylum, the school for the deaf, the school for the blind, the school for the feeble-minded, the state public school, the state training school, the state reformatory and the state prison, to the use of any other of the aforesaid institutions, and it is further authorized by and with the approval of the auditor to use the sums not exceeding in the aggregate $5,000.00 where necessary to supplement the appropriations for current expenses of any of the above named institutions; provided, that said board may, without such consent and approval of the auditor, use the balance of any appropriation made for a specific purpose at any institution for any other specific purpose in and about such institution, after the purpose for which such appropriation was made has been accomplished; and provided, further, that said board is hereby authorized and empowered to set aside a portion of the current expense fund of any such institution to be used as a diversified labor fund for the introduction and encouragement of such industries as in its judgment may be beneficial to the inmates of such institution; and provided further, that all state buildings shall be insured by the board having charge thereof in the name of the state, and in case of the damage or destruction of such buildings all money derived from the insurance thereon shall be paid into the state treasury to the credit of such institution, and the board having control of such institution shall have the right to expend such insurance money upon the repairs of such building if repairable, otherwise such money shall be used, with such sum as may be specially appropriated therefor by the legislature, for the reconstruction of the building so destroyed or injured. The board of control shall report in its next annual report such data concerning the insurance on the state property, and such suggestions as they may deem proper to provide for the state to insure the state property from state funds.

Thirteenth—For Additional Lands at State Institutions—

The board of control is authorized to expend, one-half to be available for each of the years ending July 31, 1906 and 1907, for the purchase of additional lands at such state institutions as in its judgment will be for the best interests of the state, a sum not exceeding $50,000.00.

Fourteenth—For enforcing the provisions of chapter 291, Laws of 1897, relating to the deportation of non-resident dependents, $5,500.00.

Fifteenth—For the Minnesota sanatorium for consumptives, for improvements, including cottages and equipments, one-half payable each of the years ending July 31, 1906, and July 31, 1907, $50,000.00.

Sec. 20. For the Duluth Normal School—

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:
1. For current expenses, $27,500.00.
2. For addition to president's salary, $500.00.
3. For repairs, $1,000.00.
4. For furniture and equipment, $500.00.
5. For library equipment and books, $750.00.
6. For improvement of grounds and walks, $2,000.00.
7. For standpipe and hose attachment, $1,000.00.
8. For ladies' dormitory and equipment, $40,000.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:
1. For current expenses, $27,500.00.
2. For addition to president's salary for said year and annually thereafter, $500.00.
3. For repairs, $1,000.00.
4. For library equipment and books, $750.00.

Sec. 21. For the Mankato Normal School—

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:
1. For additional for current expense, $11,000.00.
2. For addition to president's salary, $500.00.
3. For repairs and betterments, $1,500.00.
4. For furniture and equipment, $500.00.
5. For library equipment and books, $750.00.
6. For direct radiation and repairs to heating plant, $2,000.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:
1. For additional for current expense, $12,000.00.
2. For addition to president's salary for said year and annually thereafter, $500.00.
3. For repairs and betterments, $1,500.00.
4. For furniture and equipment, $500.00.
5. For library equipment and books, $750.00.
6. For addition for library and equipment, $15,000.00.

Sec. 22. For the Moorhead Normal School—

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1905:

For new boiler in main building and connection with dormitory and finishing attic in dormitory, $5,000.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:
1. For additional for current expense, $10,000.00.
2. For addition to president's salary, $500.00.
3. For repairs, $2,500.00.
4. For furniture and equipment, $1,500.00.
5. For library equipment and books, $750.00.
6. For repairs and furniture in dormitory, $500.00.
7. For painting interior and exterior, $1,200.00.
8. For walks, drives and grounds, $2,500.00.
9. For completion of attic in main building, $1,000.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:
1. For additional for current expense, $20,000.00.
2. For addition to president's salary for said year and annually thereafter, $500.00.
3. For repairs, $1,500.00.
4. For furniture and equipment, $1,500.00.
5. For library equipment and books, $750.00.
6. For repairs and furniture in dormitory, $500.00.

Sec. 23. For the St. Cloud Normal School—

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1905:
1. For books to replace those burned in fire in January, 1905, $250.00.
2. For salary of Miss Alice Ready, matron of ladies' home, $247.50.
3. For loss in stock and supplies in ladies' dormitory, $985.33.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:
1. For additional for current expenses, $13,000.00.
2. For addition to president's salary, $500.00.
3. For repairs, $1,500.00.
4. For furniture and equipment, $500.00.
5. For library equipment and books, $750.00.
6. For remodeling and repairing assembly hall and recitation rooms, $2,000.00.
7. For new boiler, $1,200.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:
1. For additional for current expense, $14,000.00.
2. For addition to president's salary for said year and annually thereafter, $500.00.
3. For repairs, $1,500.00.
4. For library and equipment, $750.00.
5. For furniture and equipment, $500.00.
6. For model school building and equipment, $25,000.00.

Sec. 24. For Winona Normal School—

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1905:
1. For heating plant and new roof on building, $35,000.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:
1. For additional for current expense, $11,000.00.
2. For addition to president's salary, $500.00.
3. For repairs, $1,500.00.
4. For furniture and equipment, $1,000.00.
5. For library equipment and books, $750.00.
6. For grounds and equipment to students' hall, $3,500.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:
1. For additional for current expense, $12,000.00.
2. For addition to president's salary for said year and annually thereafter, $500.00.
3. For repairs, $1,500.00.
4. For furniture and equipment, $500.00.
5. For library equipment and books, $750.00.

Sec. 25. For the University of Minnesota—

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:
1. For current expenses, $60,000.00.
2. For main building and construction, $200,000.00.
3. For powerhouse building and equipment, including electric lighting plant, $20,000.00.
4. For construction and equipment new plant plant building, $10,000.00.
5. For equipping bacteriological building complete, $20,000.00.
6. For repairs, $10,000.00.
7. For general library, $5,000.00.
8. For periodicals, rebinding and repair of books and miscellaneous expense of general library, $1,500.00.
9. For improvement of campus, $4,000.00.
10. For new animal house, $2,500.00.
11. For equipment officers' band corps, $600.00.
12. For school of mines, apparatus and machinery, $2,000.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:
1. For current expense, $60,000.00.
2. For completion of main building and equipment, $150,000.00.
3. For repairs and betterments, $10,000.00.
4. For library, $5,000.00.
5. For periodicals, rebinding and repair of books and miscellaneous expense for library, $1,500.00.
6. For improvement of campus, $4,000.00.
7. For school of mines, apparatus and machinery, $2,000.00.

Provided, that the money collected from insurance on the old main building destroyed by fire shall also be available for and in the construction of the new main building herein provided for.

Sec. 26. For the School of Agriculture—

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:
1. For steel water tower and tank, $3,500.00.
2. For reel and hose for fire protection, $1,000.00.
3. For construction and completion of main building, including an auditorium, in addition to money raised under provisions of chapter 206, Laws 1903, and for the purchase of additional land to be acquired by purchase or condemnation, $90,000.00.
4. For purchase of live stock for purpose of instruction, $4,500.00.
5. For repairs and improvements of campus, $500.00.
6. For plant breeding and experimentation therein, $4,000.00.
7. For soil investigation, $1,000.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:
1. For enlarging kitchen connected with dining hall and equipment, $10,000.00.
2. For purchase of live stock for purpose of instruction, $4,500.00.
3. For repairs and improvements on campus, $500.00.
4. For plant breeding and experimentation therein, $4,000.00.
5. For soil investigation, $1,000.00.
6. For insectary, $2,500.00.

Sec. 27. For Substation at Crookston—

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:
1. For current expense, $8,000.00.
2. For drainage of farm, including experiments in tile draining, $4,000.00.
3. For school building for Crookston School of Agriculture and equipment, $15,000.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:
1. For current expense, $8,000.00.
2. For dwelling house, machinery shed and barn, $5,000.00.

Sec. 28. For Sub-Station at Grand Rapids—

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:
1. For current expense, $4,000.00.
2. For dairy building, well, gasoline engine, silo and root cellar, $2,000.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:
1. For current expense, $4,000.00.

Sec. 29. For the Minnesota Soldiers' Home—

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1905:
1. For additional for the home support fund, $10,000.00
2. For renewing electric wiring of said home, $3,000.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1906:
1. For additional for home support fund, $20,000.00.
2. For repairs and improvements, $1,500.00.
3. For new building for accommodation of ex-soldiers, sailors and marines, admitted to said home with their wives and widows and mothers, as provided by law, including equipping and furnishing $75,000.00.

To be available for the year ending July 31, 1907:
1. For additional for home support fund, $30,000.00.
2. For repairs and improvements, $1,500.00.

Sec. 30. For the Ladies of the G. A. R. Home at Anoka—
1. For expense of caring for veterans of the Civil War and their wives and widows for the year ending July 31, 1905, $500.00.
2. For the same purpose for the year ending July 31, 1906, $1,500.00.
3. For the same purpose for the year ending July 31, 1907, $1,000.00.

Sec. 31. For the State Agricultural society:

For fire-proof live stock amphitheatre, on condition that the society shall add thereto at least an equal amount, one-half payable each of the years ending July 31, 1906, and July 31, 1907, $50,000.00.

Sec. 32. Whenever it becomes necessary, in order to meet the current demands upon the revenue fund for the payment of appropriations, the governor, auditor and treasurer may, at any time prior to July 31, 1907, make such agreement with banks or other corporations or persons, as they may deem advisable or necessary to pay warrants issued against said revenue fund pursuant to any such appropriation prior to the time when the money to meet such appropriation comes into the state treasury, and whenever any warrants so issued are so paid for the accommodation of the state the money necessary to pay interest upon the amount of such warrants from the time when such payment was made until the money to redeem such warrants comes into the state treasury, at the rate agreed upon by said governor, auditor and treasurer, is hereby appropriated.

Sec. 32½. For pensions of citizen soldiers of Minnesota, who participated in the Indian Massacre of 1862 under the direction of the adjutant general the sum of $10,000.00; one-half shall be available for each of the years ending July 31st, 1905 and July 31st, 1906.

Sec. 33. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 338—H. F. NO. 885.

AN ACT to appropriate money out of the internal improvement fund to aid in building bridges and constructing and draining roads, in certain townships, villages and counties in this state, repealing certain appropriations heretofore made, and giving certain townships, villages and counties the right to issue certificates of indebtedness.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the sums hereinafter named be, and the same hereby are appropriated out of any money in the state treasury belonging to the internal improvement fund, or out of the first moneys which shall come into the state treasury belonging to said fund not otherwise appropriated, to aid in building substantial bridges, and in constructing and draining roads, or other improvements as the case may be, at the locations in the townships, villages or counties hereinafter specified.

Sec. 2. Such money shall be expended and such work shall be done under the supervision of the persons or officers in each case designated. Where no such person or officer is designated, the money shall be expended and said work shall be done under the supervision of the county commissioners of the county where the work is being done.

Sec. 3. When the work in any location hereinafter described has been completed, the persons under whose supervision said work has been carried on, shall so certify to the state auditor, who shall thereupon draw his warrant on the state treasurer, payable to the county, city, village or township treasurer as the case may be, or such order may be made payable directly to the party having done the work. No such treasurer shall retain or be entitled to any portion of such appropriation as his fees or compensation for handling the same.

Sec. 4. No payment shall be made on any appropriation created by this act, unless certificate above required, executed by the proper officers, is filed with the state auditor on or before Dec. 31, 1909.

Any appropriation hereby made, for which said certificate shall not have been filed within the time herein specified, shall be cancelled, and is hereby repealed.

Aitkin County.

Sec. 5. The sum of three hundred (300) dollars to aid the town of Idun in building and repairing roads. The said amount to be expended under the supervision of the supervisors of said township.

The sum of two hundred and fifty (250) dollars to aid in improving the road on the town line between the towns of Farm Island and Nordland to Mud River bridge on said town line.

The sum of one hundred and fifty (150) dollars to aid in improving the road running from the town line road in the town of Farm Island to Hanging Kettle Lake in said town.

The sum of two hundred and fifty (250) dollars to aid in building a bridge across Snake river on township line between the towns of Plane and Williams.

The sum of one hundred and fifty (150) dollars to aid in repairing and improving roads in the town of Rice River.

Anoka County.

Sec. 6. The sum of one hundred (100) dollars to aid in the construction of the Central Avenue road, so-called. Said work shall be done under the direction of Berger Tilrood, Gust Soderberg and Patrick Lyons of said county.

The sum of four hundred (400) dollars to aid in the construction and improvement of the Anoka and Cambridge road, so-called, between Round Lake and Lake George, in said county. Said money shall be expended under the direction of L. J. Greenwald, James F. Staples and W. A. Gallagher of said county.

Becker County.

Sec. 7. The sum of two hundred (200) dollars to aid in building a wagon road and bridge across a swamp, said road commencing at the southeast corner of the southwest quarter (sw¼) of section four (4), running thence east following the section line, or as near thereto as practicable, to the southwest corner of section three (3) in township one hundred and forty (140), north of range forty-two (42), being in the township of Hawden.

The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in building a wagon bridge across the south branch of Wild Rice river, on the section line running north and south between sections eleven (11) and twelve (12), in the township of Atlanta.

The sum of two hundred (200) dollars to aid in building a wagon bridge across Otter Tail river, at that point in section twenty-three (23) where the main public road running between Detroit City and Ponsford crosses the same, being in the township of Erie.

The sum of four hundred (400) dollars to aid in building a bridge across Town lake near the line between sections thirty-four (34) and thirty-five (35), where the main traveled road running from Frazee to Pelican Rapids crosses the same, being in the township of Burlington. Said sums to be expended by the board of supervisors of the respective towns herein named.

Beltrami County.

Sec. 8. The sum of fifteen hundred (1500) dollars, to aid in building roads and bridges in said county.

Said money to be expended under the direction of the board of county commissioners of Beltrami county.

Benton County.

Sec. 9. The sum of three hundred (300) dollars, to aid in the repair of the Mississippi river bridge crossing the Mississippi river immediately west of the village of Rice in the township of Langola, in said Benton county.

Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the members of the village council of the said village of Rice in said county.

The sum of nine hundred (900) dollars to aid generally in the repair, improvement and betterment of roads and bridges in said Benton county.

Said sum to be expended under the direction of the board of county commissioners of said county.

Big Stone County.

Sec. 10. The sum of five hundred fifty (550) dollars, to be paid to the county treasurer, to be placed to the credit of the road and bridge fund of said county.

Said money to be expended by the county commissioners.

The sum of one hundred (100) dollars, to aid in improving the Ortonville road in the township of Ortonville.

Said sum to be expended by the board of supervisors of said township.

Blue Earth County.

Sec. 11. The sum of four hundred (400) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across the Watonwan river, at or near what is commonly known as Meservy Ford, in the township of Garden City, in said county.

The sum of four hundred (400) dollars to aid in building a bridge across Blue Earth river, in the northeast part of section twenty-six (26), township of Vernon Center.

Said sums to be expended under direction of the board of county commissioners of said county.

The sum of two hundred and fifty (250) dollars, to aid in paying for the new bridge recently constructed across the Minnesota river, between the township of Judson in Blue Earth county and the township of Nicollet in Nicollet county.

Said money to be paid out on an order of the chairman of said town.

Brown County.

Sec. 12. The sum of two hundred (200) dollars to aid in building or grading approaches to the bridge recently constructed across the Minnesota river, between the townships of Home in Brown county and the township of Ridgely in Nicollet county, at what is commonly known as Cumming's Ferry.

Said appropriation shall be expended under the direction of the chairman of the town board of supervisors of said towns of Home and Ridgely.

Brown and Nicollet.

Sec. 13. The sum of eighteen hundred (1,800) dollars to aid in building a bridge across the Minnesota river between the township of Ridgely in Nicollet county and the town of Home in Brown county, at or near what is known as Hinderman's Ferry.

Said appropriation shall be expended under the direction of Capt. Hinderman and William La Flamboy of Nicollet county, and Hans Moe of the village of Sleepy Eye.

Carlton County.

Sec. 14. The sum of four hundred and fifty (450) dollars to aid in building a road, commencing at quarter section post between sections twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22), in township forty-six (46), range twenty (20), proceeding thence north along the section line between said sections to the northwest corner of said section twenty-two (22); thence west along the southern boundary line of section sixteen (16) in said township to the southeast corner of lot four (4) in said section sixteen (16); thence northwesterly across said lot four (4) to the northwest corner of said lot four (4); thence north along the quarter section line running north and south though sections sixteen (16), nine (9), and four (4), in said township, to the center of said section four (4).

The sum of three hundred and fifty (350) dollars, to aid in building a road, commencing at the quarter section post between sections eight (8) and nine (9), in township forty-six (46), range nineteen (19), in said county, and running thence north along the section line between sections eight (8) and nine (9) and between sections four (4) and five (5) in said township to the northeast corner of said section five (5).

Said money to be expended under the supervision of L. M. Street, Fred Gay and C. J. Dodge.

Carver County.

Sec. 15. The sum of three hundred (300) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across Crow river, in the town of Camden.

Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the supervisors of said township.

The sum of three hundred (300) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across Carver creek, in the township of Dahlgren.

Said sum to be expended under the direction of the supervisors of said township.

Cass County.

Sec. 16. The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in building roads or bridges, as the case may be.

Said sums to be expended under the direction of the county commissioners.

Cass and Morrison.

Sec. 17. The sum of one thousand one hundred (1,100) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across Crow Wing river, between the counties of Cass and Morrison, at that point in lot fourteen (14), section eighteen (18), township one hundred thirty-three (133), range thirty-one (31) where the so-called Motley and Walker road crosses said river.

Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the chairman of the board of county commissioners of said counties, and the president of the village council of the village of Motley.

The sum of four hundred (400) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across Crow Wing river, at the point where the road on the line between sections twenty (20) and twenty-one (21), township one hundred thirty-three (133), range thirty (30), crosses said river.

Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the chairman of the county commissioners of Cass and Morrison counties, and the president of the village council of the village of Pillager.

The sum of five hundred (500) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge across Crow Wing river, between Cass and Morrison counties, at a point where the road on the line between sections thirteen (13) and fourteen (14), and twenty-three (23), and twenty-four (24), township one hundred thirty-three (133), range thirty (30) crosses said river.

Said money to be expended under the supervision of the chairman of the boards of county commissioners of said counties, and the chairman of the board of supervisors of the township of Rossing, Morrison county.

Chippewa County.

Sec. 18. The sum of two hundred and fifty (250) dollars, to be expended by the town board of Stoneham township in building a grade between sections ten (10) and fifteen (15), township one hundred and seventeen (117), range thirty-eight (38).

Chippewa County and Lac Qui Parle County.

Sec. 19. The sum of three hundred and fifty (350) dollars to be expended by the board of county commissioners of Lac Qui Parle county, and the board of county commissioners of Chippewa county, in repairing a bridge across the Lac Qui Parle lake in section twenty-four (24), township one hundred and nineteen (119), range forty-three (43).

Chisago County.

Sec. 20. The sum of two hundred (200) dollars to aid in repairing or building bridges over the Sunrise river, in the township of Wyoming. Said sum shall be expended under the direction of the supervisors of said township of Wyoming.

The sum of one hundred and fifty (150) dollars to aid in repairing or building bridges over the Sunrise river, in the township of Sunrise. Said sum shall be expended under the direction of the supervisors of the said township of Sunrise.

The sum of one hundred (100) dollars to aid in repairing or building roads and bridges in the township of Branch. Said sum shall be expended under the direction of the supervisors of said Branch township.

The sum of one hundred and fifty (150) dollars, to aid in repairing or building roads and bridges in the town of Lent. Said sum shall be expended under the direction of the supervisors of said Lent township.

Clay County.

Sec. 21. The sum of three hundred (300) dollars, to aid in the construction and repair of a highway on the section line between sections twenty (20) and twenty-nine (29) in township one hundred and thirty-seven (137) north, range forty-four (44) west.

The sum of two hundred and fifty (250) dollars to aid in the construction and repair of a highway on the section line between sections eighteen (18) and nineteen (19) in township one hundred and thirty-eight (138) north, range forty-four (44) west.

The sum of two hundred and fifty (250) dollars to aid in the construction and repair of a highway on the section lines running east and west between sections eight (8), nine (9) and ten (10) on the north, and seventeen (17), sixteen (16) and fifteen (15) on the south, in town one hundred and forty (140) north, range forty-six (46) west.

Said sums to be expended under the supervision of the town board of supervisors of the respective towns.

Clearwater County.

Sec. 22. The sum of one hundred and fifty (150) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge across Wild Rice river on the section line between sections two (2) and eleven (11) in township one hundred and forty-four (144), range thirty-seven (37).

Said amount to be expended by a committee of the following named residents of said Clearwater county: H. L. Stratton, D. R. Robbins and David E. Hire.

The sum of four hundred and fifty (450) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge across Clearwater river, in section five (5) in township one hundred and forty-nine (149) of range thirty-six (36) west of the fifth principal meridian.

Said sum shall be expended under the supervision of P. H. Pederson, Eric Erikson and H. J. Holst of said county.

Cook County.

Sec. 23. The sum of five hundred (500) dollars, to aid in the building of roads or bridges, as the case may be.

Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the county commissioners.

Cottonwood County.

Sec. 24. The sum of six hundred (600) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across Highwater creek on the line between sections eleven (11) and fourteen (14), in the town of Highwater.

Said sum to be expended under the direction of the supervisors of said township of Highwater.

Crow Wing County.

Sec. 25. The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge across the Pine river in section twenty-five (25), township one hundred and thirty-six (136), range twenty-seven (27.)

Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the county commissioners.

Crow Wing and Morrison Counties.

Sec. 26. The sum of one thousand (1,000) dollars to aid in building a bridge across Crow Wing river, between Cass and Morrison counties, between lot four (4), section thirty-two (32), township one hundred thirty-three (133), range twenty-nine (29), and lot three (3) of section thirty-three (33), township one hundred thirty-three (133), range twenty-nine (29.)

Said sum to be expended under the direction of the chairman of the board of county commissioners of Crow Wing and Morrison counties, and the chairman of the board of supervisors of the township of Rail Prairie.

Dakota County.

Sec. 27. The sum of five hundred (500) dollars to aid in building a bridge across the Vermillion slough near Etter Station in the township of Ravenna.

Said money to be expended by the board of supervisors of said town.

The sum of three hundred (300) dollars to aid in building a bridge across the Minnesota river, between Scott and Hennepin counties, or near what is known as Hamilton Ferry, but which said bridge will benefit the citizens of Burnesville township, Dakota county.

Said money to be expended by the board of supervisors of said town, or may be turned over by said board of supervisors to the township board of supervisors of the township of Glendale, Scott county, or the village council of the village of Savage in Scott county, which in that case shall have the expenditure of said funds.

The sum of two hundred and fifty (250) dollars is appropriated in aid of repairing the steel bridge across the Mississippi river, at the city of Hastings in the said county.

Said amount to be expended under the direction of the mayor and city council of said city of Hastings.

Dodge County.

Sec. 28. The sum of three hundred (300) dollars, to aid said county in building roads or bridges, in the township of Milton.

The sum of three hundred (300) dollars, to aid said county in building roads or bridges, as the case may be, in the township of Mantorville.

Said sums to be expected under the direction of the supervisors of said towns.

Douglas County.

Sec. 29. The sum of two hundred and twenty-five (225) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge across that certain stream connecting Lake Cawdry and Lake Darling in section eleven (11), township one hundred and twenty-eight (128), range thirty-eight (38), and on the road known as the Alexandria and Abercrombie State road.

Said money to be expended and the work done under the supervision of the board of supervisors of said township.

The sum of two hundred and twenty-five (225) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge across the Long Prairie River at the town of Belle River, between sections eight (8) and nine (9), township one hundred and twenty-nine (129), range thirty-six (36) west.

Said sum of money shall be expended under the direction of the supervisors of said town.

The sum of two hundred and twenty-five (225) dollars, to aid in the construction of bridges across certain lakes and sloughs on the road between the southeast quarter (se¼) of section twenty (20) and the southwest quarter (sw¼) of section twenty-one (21), in the town of Holmes City.

Said shall be expended under the direction of the supervisors of said town.

The sum of two hundred and twenty-five (225) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge across Long Prairie river in the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter (nw¼ of nw¼) of section fourteen (14), in the township of Belle River, where what is known as the "Alexandria and Long Prairie Road," crosses the same.

Said money shall be expended under the supervision of the supervisors of said town.

Faribault County.

Sec. 30. The sum of five hundred (500), to aid in building a bridge across Coon creek, on the section line between sections eleven (11) and twelve (12), where the highway crosses said streams in the township of Elmore.

Said money to be expended by the board of supervisors of said township.

The sum of one hundred (100) dollars to aid in grading a road between sections one (1), township of Brush Creek, and section thirty-six (36), township of Walnut lake.

Said money to be expended by the board of supervisors of the said township of Walnut lake.

Fillmore County.

Sec. 31. The sum of two hundred seventy-five (275) dollars to aid in constructing a bridge across Bear river at a point between sections five (5) and thirty-two (32), in the town of Sumner.

The sum of two hundred seventy-five (275) dollars to aid in building a bridge across the Root river, at a point in section sixteen (16), township one hundred and three (103), range nine (9), near the village of Whalen in the town of Holt, in said county.

Said money to be expended under the supervision of the board of supervisors of said town.

The sum of two hundred and seventy-five (275) dollars, to aid in reconstructing and rebuilding the approaches of the bridge over Camp Creek on the Preston and Lanesboro road in the town of Preston.

Said sum shall be expended under the supervision of a committee consisting of: H. Nupson and A. D. Gray.

Freeborn County.

Sec. 32. The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in the construction of a steel bridge across what is commonly known as Ellenberg creek, on the section line between sections thirty (30) and thirty-one (31), township one hundred and two (102), range twenty-three (23).

Said money shall be expended under the supervision of the board of supervisors of said township.

The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in the erection of a bridge across a creek running north and south through government lot two (2), section eight (8), township one hundred and one (101), range twenty-two (22), into Bear lake.

Said money shall be expended under the direction and supervision of the supervisors of said township.

The sum of two hundred (200) dollars to aid in building a bridge across the northwest inlet of Fountain lake, in section five (5) township one hundred and two (102) range twenty-one (21), on the Itasca and Albert Lea road.

Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the city council of the city of Albert Lea.

Goodhue County.

Sec. 33. The sum of three hundred (300) dollars, to aid in the construction of a public wagon bridge across the north Zumbro river, at the point where the "St. Paul road," so-called, crosses said river at the southeast corner of the northwest quarter (nw¼), of section twenty-three (23), township one hundred and ten (110), range sixteen (16).

The sum of three hundred (300) dollars, to aid in the construction of a public wagon bridge across the center Zumbro river, at the point where the "Roscoe Road" so-called, crosses said river at the southeast corner of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of section twenty-seven (27), township one hundred and nine (109), range sixteen (16).

Said sums shall be expended under the supervision of the supervisors of said townships.

Grant County.

Sec. 34. The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across the Pomme de Terre river, at a point where the public road crosses said river in section fifteen (15) of the township of Pelican Lake.

The sum of two hundred (200) dollars to aid in building a bridge on the section line between sections twenty-nine (29) and thirty (30) in the town of Logan.

The sum of one hundred (100) dollars to aid in building a bridge on section line between sections eighteen (18) and nineteen (19), in the town of Land.

Said sums to be expended under the direction of the supervisors of the respective towns.

Hennepin County.

Sec. 35. The sum of twelve hundred (1,200) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across the Minnesota river, between Scott and Hennepin counties, at or near what is commonly known as Hamilton Ferry.

Said money to be expended under the supervision of the town board of supervisors of the township of Bloomington.

The sum of three hundred (300) dollars to aid in building roads and bridges in the township of Minnetrista.

Said money to be expended under the supervision of the township supervisors.

The sum of one hundred (100) dollars, to aid in building roads in the township of Independence.

Said money to be expended under the supervision of the township supervisors.

Houston County.

Sec. 36. The sum of four hundred (400) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across Root river, where the public highway known as Hoffman Road, crosses said river in section thirty-four (34), in the township of Hokah.

Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the supervisors of said township.

The sum of four hundred (400) dollars, to aid in building stone piers for a steel bridge in section thirty (30), township one hundred and four (104), range six (6), town of Houston.

Said sum to be expended under the direction of D. Hempstead, K. Omodt and E. O. Laugen.

Hubbard County.

Sec. 37. The sum of one thousand (1,000) dollars to aid in building roads and bridges, as the case may be.

Isanti County.

Sec. 38. The sum of six hundred (600) dollars, to aid in building a bridge and the approaches thereto, across Rum river, in section twenty-seven (27), township thirty-six (36), of range twenty-four (24).

Said money to be expended under the supervision of Erick Becklin, Andrew Findell and Enoch Olson of said county.

Itasca County.

Sec. 39. The sum of fifteen hundred (1,500) dollars, to aid in building roads or bridges, as the case may be.

Jackson County.

Sec. 40. The sum of three hundred (300) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge and approaches across what is known as Taylor lake, between sections numbered twenty-five (25) and twenty-six (26), in Enterprise township; and the sum of two hundred ($200) dollars to aid in the construction of a bridge across the Des Moines river in the northeast quarter (ne 1-4) of section one (1), township one hundred four (104), range thirty-six (36), in Delafield township, Jackson county, Minnesota.

Said sums to be expended under the supervision of the supervisors of the respective townships.

Kanabec County.

Sec. 41. The sum of five hundred (500) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge across Snake river, where the said Snake river crosses the range line between ranges twenty-two (22) and twenty-three (23) west, it being the boundary line between Pine and Kanabec counties.

Kandiyohi County.

Sec. 42. The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge across Hawk creek in the township of Edwards, which runs north and south on quarter-section line through section eighteen (18), crosses said creek.

The sum of four hundred (400) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge across Crow river in the northeast quarter (ne¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼) of section thirty-six (36), township of Irving.

Said amounts to be expended under the supervision of the supervisors of said townships.

Kittson County.

Sec. 43. The sum of three hundred and fifty (350) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across Joe river at the point of intersection on the line between section thirty-four (34), township one hundred and sixty-four (164), range fifty (50), and section three (3), township one hundred and sixty-three (163), range fifty (50).

Said sum to be expended under the direction of the chairman of county commissioners, and the supervisors of the said town.

The sum of five hundred (500) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across the Two Rivers on the town line between section thirty-one (31) in the town of Percy, township one hundred and sixty-one (161), range forty-six (46), and section twenty-five (25) in the town of Hazelton, township one hundred and sixty-one (161), range forty-seven (47).

Said sum to be expended under the direction of the chairman of county commissioners and the supervisors of said town.

The sum of one hundred (100) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across Lake Stella in section one (1), township one hundred and sixty-three (163), range fifty-one (51), where the road intersects said lake in Kittson county.

Said sum to be expended under the direction of the chairman of the board of county commissioners and the supervisors of said town.

Lac qui Parle County.

Sec. 44. The sum of five hundred (500) dollars to aid in building a bridge across the Minnesota river, in section thirty-three (33), township one hundred twenty (120), range forty-three (43).

Lake County.

Sec. 45. The sum of eight hundred (800) dollars to aid in building roads or bridges, as the case may be.

Le Sueur County.

Sec. 46. The sum of two hundred and fifty (250) dollars to aid in cutting down, grading and draining the public highway on what is known as St. Paul Hill, at or near the southeast quarter (SE¼) of the southeast quarter (SE¼) of section twenty-four (24), and the northeast (NE¼) of the northeast quarter (NE¼) of section twenty-five (25), in the township of Le Sueur.

Said sum to be expended under the direction of the city council of the city of Le Sueur.

The sum of one hundred and fifty (150) dollars, to aid in improving a public highway on what is known as Healow Hill.

Said sum to be expended under the direction of the supervisors of the township of Tyrone.

The sum of two hundred and fifty (250) dollars to aid in building a bridge and improving roads across the Cannon river at the outlet of Lake Sakata, in section twenty-seven (27), township one hundred and nine (109) in said county.

Said amount to be expended under the supervision of John A. Timpane, F. C. Gibbs and Orange Durand, citizens of said county.

Sec. 47. Provided, that in case the last named appropriation together with the appropriations provided for in the last paragraph of section thirty-nine (39), chapter three hundred and nine (309), Laws of 1901 and the last paragraph of section forty-one (41), chapter two hundred and ninety (290), Laws of 1903, shall not have been expended prior to October 1, 1905, then and in that case the whole of the said appropriations unused on said date, shall go to and be used by the several townships in Le Sueur county, to-wit: The township of Waterville, two hundred (200) dollars.

The township of Kilkenney one hundred twenty-five (125) dollars.

The township of Elysian one hundred (100) dollars.

The township of Cordova seventy-five (75) dollars, and the township of Washington fifty (50) dollars.

Said sums to be expended for road and bridge purposes under the direction of the supervisors of the several townships.

In case said appropriations are expended under the provisions of this section, then and in that case only, the provisions of section thirty-nine (39), chapter three hundred and nine (309), Laws of 1901, and section forty-one (41), chapter two hundred and ninety (290), Laws of 1903, providing for building a bridge across Big Cannon river, in section twenty-seven (27), township one hundred and nine (109), range twenty-three (23), are specifically repealed.

Lincoln County.

Sec. 48. The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in building a road and bridge on the county line between Lincoln and Pipestone counties, being on the south line of Verdi township in Lincoln county, at that certain location known as "The Hole in the Mountain."

The sum of three hundred (300) dollars, to aid in building a road on the section line between sections twenty-six (26) and twenty-seven (27), township of Royal.

The sum of one hundred (100) dollars to aid in building a road, running east and west between sections thirty (30) and thirty-one (31), in the township of Marshfield.

Said sums to be expended under the direction of the board of township supervisors.

Lyon County.

Sec. 49. The sum of two hundred (200) dollars to aid the township of Eidsvold in building roads or bridges, as the case may be.

The sum of two hundred and fifty (250) dollars, to aid the township of Lake Marshall in building roads or bridges, as the case may be.

The sum of two hundred (200) dollars to aid the township of Sodus in building roads or bridges, as the case may be.

Said sums to be expended under the supervision of the supervisors of said townships.

McLeod County.

Sec. 50. The sum of one hundred and seventy-five (175) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across Buffalo creek, at the point where the public road crosses said creek, at or near the northeast corner of the southwest quarter (sw¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼) of section twenty-nine (29), township one hundred and fifteen (115), range twenty-nine (29.)

The sum of one hundred and seventy-five (175) dollars, to aid in constructing a bridge across Crow river at the point where the St. George road, between sections twenty-three (23), and twenty-four (24), township one hundred and sixteen (116), range twenty-eight (28), crosses said river.

Said sums to be expended under the supervision of the supervisors of said township.

The sum of one hundred and seventy-five (175) dollars, to aid in constructing a bridge across Otter lake, where the public road crosses said lake on the section line between sections two (2) and eleven (11), in the township of Lynn.

Said sum to be expended under the direction of the supervisors of said town.

The sum of one hundred and seventy-five (175) dollars, to aid in constructing a bridge across the south fork of Crow river, where the public road crosses said river in the section line between sections sixteen (16) and twenty-one (21), in the township of Hassan Valley.

Said sum to be expended under the direction of the supervisors of said town.

Marshall County.

Sec. 51. The sum of eight hundred (800) dollars, to aid in the construction of a road running along the section lines between sections nine (9) and sixteen (16), ten (10) and fifteen (15), across section eleven (11), and between sections one (1) and twelve (12), of township one hundred fifty-seven (157), north of range forty-two (42) west, and between sections six (6) and seven (7) in township one hundred fifty-seven (157), north of range forty-one (41) west.

Said sum shall be expended under the supervision of the board of supervisors of said township.

Martin County.

Sec. 52. The sum of four hundred (400) dollars, to aid in grading a road on the section line between sections twenty-six (26) and thirty-five (35) in the town of Lake Belt.

Said money to be expended under the direction of the town board of supervisors of the said town of Lake Belt.

The sum of four hundred (400) dollars, to aid in grading a road on the line between sections seven (7) and eighteen (18), and eight (8) and seventeen (17), township one hundred and four (104), range thirty (30), and also to aid in building bridges on said road.

Said money to be expended under the direction of the board of supervisors of said town.

Meeker County.

Sec. 53. The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across Collingwood creek, where the east Hutchinson road crosses said creek, in section ten (10), township one hundred and eighteen (118), range twenty-nine (29), in the town of Collingwood.

Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the board of supervisors of said town.

The sum of one hundred (100) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across the outlet of Lake Betsey in the township of Kingston.

Said money to be expended under the supervision of the board of supervisors of said town.

The sum of three hundred and fifty (350) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across the south fork of Crow river, where the same crosses the public highway between sections seven (7) and eighteen (18), in Cedar Mills township.

The sum of three hundred and fifty (350) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across the north fork of Crow river, in section eleven (11), Forest City township.

Said sum to be expended by the board of county commissioners.

Mille Lacs County.

Sec. 54. The sum of three hundred (300) dollars, in aid of building a bridge across Rum river in the public road in section sixteen (16) in the township of Bogus Brook.

Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the board of supervisors of said township.

The sum of seven hundred (700) dollars to aid in building a bridge across the Rum river in the town of Princeton, where the laid out road crosses said stream in the southwest quarter (sw¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼) of section three (3), township thirty-six (36), range twenty-six (26.)

Said amount to be expended under the supervision of the township board of supervisors of said township.

The sum of two hundred (200) dollars to aid in building a bridge across Rum river, at a point where the Judicial road crosses said stream, in section thirty-four (34), township thirty-six (36), range twenty-six (26.)

The sum of one hundred (100) dollars to aid in the construction or improvement of the public highway, extending along the section line between sections fourteen (14) and fifteen (15), twenty-two (22) and twenty-three (23), and twenty-six (26) and twenty-seven (27), in township forty-three (43), range twenty-five (25), in said county.

The sum of one hundred (100) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge across the Rum river, on the township line between sections two (2) of the town of Milaca, and section thirty-five (35) of the town of Page.

Said money to be expended under the direction of the board of supervisors of said town.

Morrison County.

Sec. 55. The sum of two hundred and fifty (250) dollars to aid in the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi river between sections thirty-two (32), township thirty-eight (38) of range thirty-one (31), and section eight (8), township one hundred and twenty-seven (127), range thirty (30.)

Mower County.

Sec. 56. The sum of four hundred (400) dollars to aid in building a bridge across the Little Iowa river, in Le Roy township, at the point where the highway, running between sections twenty-seven (27) and twenty-eight (28) in said township, crosses the said Little Iowa river.

The sum of four hundred (400) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge across the Cedar river on the section line between sections twenty-two (22) and twenty-seven (27), in the township of Udolpho.

Said work shall be done by and under the direction of the supervisors of said townships.

Murray County.

Sec. 57. The sum of three hundred (300) dollars to aid in building a bridge across the Des Moines river on the section line between sections one (1) and two (2), township one hundred and five (105), range thirty-nine (39), Belfast township.

Said sum shall be expended under the direction of the supervisors of said township.

The sum of three hundred (300) dollars, to aid in ditching and grading the county road, where said road crosses the arm of Lake Beauty on section twenty-seven (27), township one hundred and seven (107), range forty-one (41.)

Said sum to be expended under the direction of the board of town supervisors.

Nicollet County.

Sec. 58. The sum of three hundred and fifty (350) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across Rush river, on the north and south center line of section three (3), township one hundred and eleven (111), range twenty-nine (29), town of Bernadotte.

Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the supervisors of said township.

The sum of one hundred and fifty (150) dollars to aid in the construction of a bridge across Hanson Creek, at Hanson Crossing in section five (5), township of Travers.

Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the supervisors of said township.

The sum of two hundred and fifty (250) dollars, to aid in the payment of a bridge across the Minnesota river, at Judson, in the township of Nicollet. To be paid on the order of the chairman of the board of supervisors of said township.

Nobles County.

Sec. 59. The sum of six hundred (600) dollars, to aid in building a road on the line between sections nineteen (19) and thirty (30) township one hundred and one (101), range forty (40), and sections twenty-four (24) and twenty-five (25), township one hundred and one (101), range forty-one (41).

Said money to be expended under the supervision of the county commissioners of Nobles county.

Norman County.

Sec. 60. The sum of eight hundred (800) dollars, to aid in building a bridge at or near where the present highway crosses the Wild Rice river, on the township line between township one hundred forty-four (144), range forty-five (45), and township one hundred and forty-four (144), range forty-six (46).

Olmsted County.

Sec. 61. The sum of five hundred (500) dollars, to aid in building a substantial wagon bridge where the present highway crosses the Cascade creek, on the north line of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of section four (4), in town one hundred and six (106) north, range fourteen (14) west.

Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the board of supervisors of said township.

The sum of five hundred (500) dollars to aid in reconstructing and repairing a bridge across the Zumbro river where the public highway crosses said river on the northeast quarter (ne ¼) of the northeast quarter (ne ¼) of section eleven (11), town one hundred and eight (108), range fourteen (14).

Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the supervisors of said township.

Otter Tail County.

Sec. 62. The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across East Leaf Lake, at a point where the public highway crosses said lake—from a point in government lot two (2), to a point in government lot six (6), of section twenty-three (23), in said township of Leaf Lake.

The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across the Red River of the North, at a point where the public highway crosses said river—from a point in government lot No. seven (7), to a point in government lot No. eight (8) of section four (4), in said township of Otter Tail.

The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge, known as the Patterson bridge, across on arm of Lake Lizzie, on a public road running from a point on government lot seven (7) of section three (3) of the town of Lida, Otter Tail county, to a point on government lot six (6) of section three (3), in said town of Lida.

The sum of two hundred (200), to aid in building a bridge across Toad river at a point where the county road number 158, crosses said river, on the line between the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section twenty-nine (29), and government lot four (4) in the northwest quarter of section thirty-two (32), in the township of Corliss.

The sum of two hundred (200) dollars to aid in building a wagon bridge at or near the point where the county road, running east and west crosses the Red River of the North in the northwest (nw¼) of section thirty-three (33), township one hundred and thirty-three (133) north of range forty-two (42) west, being the township of Aurdale.

Said sums to be expended by the board of supervisors of the respective townships.

Pine County.

Sec. 63. The sum of fifty (50) dollars, to aid in constructing a bridge across Rock Creek on the Judicial road between Chisago and Pine counties, located between and on line of section two (2), township thirty-seven (37) range twenty-one (21), in Chisago county, and section thirty-five (35), township thirty-eight (38), range twenty-one (21) Pine county.

Said sum shall be expended under the supervision of the chairman of the board of county commissioners of Chisago county, and the chairman of the board of county commissioners of Pine county.

The sum of two hundred and fifty (250) dollars, to aid in building a bridge over Kettle river, in the township of Sturgeon Lake, Pine county, in section twenty-two (22), township forty-five (45), range twenty (20).

Said sum to be expended under the direction of the supervisors of said Sturgeon Lake township.

The sum of two hundred and fifty (250) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across Kettle river in the village of Rutledge.

Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the village council of said village.

The sum of four hundred and fifty (450) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across Kettle river in the village of Sandstone.

Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the village council of said village.

Pipestone County.

Sec. 64. The sum of three hundred (300) dollars, to aid in building a road and bridge on the north line of sections one (1) and two (2) in township 108, range 46, being on the north line of the township of Altoona. Said money to be expended by the board of supervisors of said township.

The sum of three hundred (300) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge across Pipestone creek, on the section line between the southeast quarter (se ¼) of section seven (7), and the northeast quarter (ne ¼) of section eighteen (18), in township one hundred and six (106), range forty seven (47). Said money to be expended under the direction of the supervisors of said town.

Polk County.

Sec. 65. The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in grading and improving a road on the section line running east and west, on the north side of sections five (5) and six (6), town of Brandsvold. Said sum to be expended under the supervision of S. H. Drew, H. L. Hanson and N. Zetterberg.

The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in grading and improving a road on the line between the townships of Badger and Knute in said county. Said sum to be expended under the supervision of O. K. Epeseth, A. F. Cronquist and E. O. Nelson.

The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in grading and improving the road running between sections 34 and 35, 26 and 27, 22 and 23, 15 and 14, 10 and 11, 2 and 3, in the town of Gully. Said sum to be expended under the supervision of Nels Balstad, Richard Ohm and C. O. Larson.

The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in grading and improving the road known as the Climax and Dakota road in the town of Vineland. Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the village council of the village of Climax.

The sum of one hundred (100) dollars to aid in the construction of a bridge across Burnham creek, in the town of Fisher, on section thirty-six (36), to be expended under the direction of the town supervisors of the town of Fisher.

The sum of one hundred (100) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge across the Marias on the section line between sections twenty-two (22) and fifteen (15) in the town of Bygland. Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the supervisors of said town.

Pope County.

Sec. 66. The sum of two hundred fifty (250) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across the Chippewa river, and the necessary approaches thereto, in the town of Gilchrist, where the road crosses the Chippewa river in section seven (7), town one hundred and twenty-three (123), range thirty-seven (37).

The sum of two hundred and fifty (250) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across the Chippewa river, and necessary approaches, in the town of Walden, where the road crosses the river between sections nine (9) and sixteen (16), in said town one hundred and twenty-four (124), range forty (40).

Said sums to be expended under the supervision of the township supervisors.

Ramsey County.

Sec. 67. The sum of six hundred (600) dollars in aid of building a bridge across the creek on the Centerville road in the northeast quarter (ne¼) of section six (6), near the line of section five (5), in the township of New Canada.

Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the township board of supervisors of said township.

Red Lake County.

Sec. 68. The sum of three hundred (300) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across Clearwater river, in section four (4) in the township of Emardsville.

Said sum to be expended under the direction of Julius Pleth, J. M. Reed and Knut Steen of said county.

The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across Lost river, between sections two (2) and three (3), Poplar River township.

Said money to be expended under the direction of Charles Hallas, William Vague and W. B. Cheshire of said county.

The sum of seven hundred (700) dollars to aid in building a bridge across Red Lake river on the southeast quarter (se¼) of section twenty-eight (28), in Louisville township.

Said money to be expended under the supervision of N. M. Watson and John A. Duffy, residents of Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Redwood County.

Sec. 69. The sum of six hundred (600) dollars to aid in building a bridge across the Minnesota river on the public road at that certain location known as Bell's ferry, in the township of Delhi, the exact location to be determined by the board of supervisors.

Said money to be expended by the town board of supervisors, of said township of Delhi.

Renville County.

Sec. 70. The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in building roads and bridges in the town of Winfield.

The sum of seventy-five (75) dollars to aid in building roads and bridges in the town of Martensburg.

The sum of one hundred and fifty (150) dollars to aid in building roads and bridges in the town of Henryville.

The sum of one hundred and twenty-five (125) dollars to aid in the building of roads and bridges in the town of Cairo.

The sum of seventy-five (75) dollars to aid in building roads and bridges in the town of Hawk Creek.

The sum of seventy-five (75) dollars to aid in building roads and bridges in the town of Wang.

The sum of fifty (50) dollars to aid in building roads and bridges in the town of Kingman.

Said sums to be expended under the supervision of the town board of supervisors of the respective towns.

Rice County.

Sec. 71. The sum of two hundred and fifty (250) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge across a creek running along the section line between sections five (5) township one hundred and twelve (112), and thirty-two (32), township one hundred and thirteen (113), range twenty-two (22), at a point about 179 rods east of the northwest corner of said section five, the same being in the town of Wheatland.

Said money shall be expended under the supervision of the board of supervisors of the said town.

The sum of three hundred (300) dollars, to aid the township of Cannon City, in building a bridge across Fall creek in the southwest quarter (sw¼) of section thirty-three (33), township one hundred and ten (110), range twenty (20).

Said money to be expended under the supervision of the board of supervisors of said town.

Rock County.

Sec. 72. The sum of two hundred and fifty (250) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge across Blood creek, in the town of Martin, at a point where the section line between sections twenty-nine (29) and thirty-two (32), is said town, crosses said creek.

The sum of two hundred and fifty (250) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge across Rock river at or near the point where the south line of section thirty-six (36) of Clinton township, crosses said river.

Said sums to be expended under the supervision of the supervisors of said townships.

Roseau County.

Sec. 73. The sum of five hundred (500) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across the Roseau river, at a point where the section line, running north and south, between sections twenty-eight (28), in the town of Dieter, crosses said river.

Said money shall be expended under the supervision of the board of supervisors of the said town of Dieter.

The sum of one thousand (1,000) dollars, to aid in building and improving a road between the villages of Roseau and Warroad, in Roseau county, said road being on the location known as the "Winter road" on the survey made by Joseph Baugh, county surveyor of Roseau county.

Said money to be expended on that part of the road within the townships in ranges thirty-seven (37) and thirty-eight (38), and on such part of the road in said townships passing through state swamp land. The said sum shall be expended under the supervision of Israel Sjaberg and Sam T. Holdahl of the village of Roseau, and John P. Ives of the village of Warroad.

St. Louis County.

Sec. 74. The sum of fourteen hundred (1,400) dollars, to aid in building a road from the city of Virginia northwest to the international boundary, known as the Virginia and International road.

Scott County.

Sec. 75. The sum of three hundred (300) dollars to aid in building a bridge across Raven Stream, at or near the township line between the township of Belle Plaine and Helena, Scott county.

Said sum to be expended by the board of township supervisors of the township of Belle Plaine.

The sum of seven hundred and fifty (750) dollars, to aid in the building of a bridge across the Minnesota river, at or near what is known as Hamilton Ferry.

Said sum to be expended under the direction of the village council of the village of Hamilton.

Scott and Sibley Counties.

Sec. 76. The sum of three hundred and fifty dollars, to aid in building a pontoon or other kind of bridge across the Minnesota river, between the township of Faxon in Sibley county and the village of Blakeley in Scott county.

Said money to be expended by the township board of Faxon in Sibley county, and the village council of the village of Blakeley in Scott county.

Sherburne County.

Sec. 77. The sum of one hundred and fifty (150) dollars, to aid in building bridges in the township of Orrock.

The sum of two hundred and fifty (250) dollars, to aid in building a road running north and south in the township of Santogo, between sections fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), at that place commonly known as the corduroy.

The sum of two hundred and fifty (250) dollars to aid in building a road running from Santogo to Becker, in the township of Santogo.

Said sums to be expended under the supervision of the township board of supervisors of said townships.

Sibley County.

Sec. 78. The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in building roads and bridges in the township of Cornish.

The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in building roads and bridges in the township of Alfburg.

The sum of three hundred (300) dollars, to aid in building roads and bridges in the township of Henderson.

All said sums to be expended under the supervision of the respective boards of township supervisors.

Stearns County.

Sec. 79. The sum of three hundred and fifty (350) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across Two rivers, in the town of Holding, between sections eight (8) and seventeen (17.)

Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the town board of supervisors of said town.

The sum of four hundred (400) dollars, to aid in building a bridge over Sauk river, between section thirty-one (31), in the town of Farming, and section six (6) in the town of Munson. One-half to be expended under the supervision of the town board of supervisors of the town of Farming, and one-half under the supervision of the town board of supervisors of Munson.

The sum of one hundred and fifty (150) dollars, to aid in the building and repairing of a road beginning in the village of New Paynesville and terminating at Koronis Park in section twenty-one (21), township one hundred and twenty-two (122), range thirty-two (32).

Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the town board of supervisors of the town of Paynesville.

The sum of one hundred (100) dollars to aid in repairing a road in section twenty-one (21), in the township of Lake George.

Said money to be expended under the direction of the board of supervisors of said town.

Steel County.

Sec. 80. The sum of three hundred (300) dollars, to aid the township of Somerset in constructing a bridge across Straight river at the point where said river is crossed by the quarter line between the southeast quarter (se¼) and the northeast quarter (ne¼) of section twenty-nine (29) of said township.

The sum of three hundred (300) dollars, to aid the town of Summit in building a bridge across Straight river where said river is crossed by the section line between sections nine (9) and sixteen (16) of said township.

Said amounts to be expended under the supervision of the supervisors of said townships.

Stevens County.

Sec. 81. The sum of six hundred (600) dollars, to aid the township of Frammas in building a bridge over the Pomme de Terre river, at a point in section eight (8), where the public highway crosses said river.

Said sum to be expended under the direction of the supervisors of Frammas township.

Swift County.

Sec. 82. The sum of six hundred (600) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge across the Minnesota river, where the public highway crosses said river in section twenty-two (33), township one hundred and twenty-one (120), range forty-three (43).

Todd County.

Sec. 83. The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid the town of Leslie in building a bridge across Long Prairie river.

The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid the town of Ward in building roads and bridges in said town.

The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid the town of Iona in building roads and bridges in said town.

Said sums to be expended by the town supervisors of the respective townships.

The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in the construction of a public highway where the same is now laid out and established on the line between sections three (3) and ten (10), township one hundred and thirty-two (132), range thirty-two (32), known as the Little Falls and Staples road. This appropriation shall be used exclusively in constructing a corduroy and suitable ditch or ditches where said road crosses the tamarack swamp on the line between said sections three (3) and ten (10).

Said sum shall be expended under the supervision of Hon. B. F. Hartshorn.

Traverse County.

Sec. 84. The sum of six hundred (600) dollars, to aid the township of Redpath in building a bridge across Mustinka river on the line between lot eleven (11) in section seven (7), and lot two (2) in section eighteen (18), township one hundred and twenty-eight (128), range forty-five (45).

Said money to be expended under the supervision of the supervisors of said township.

Wabasha County.

Sec. 85. The sum of one thousand (1,000) dollars to aid in the construction of a bridge across the Whitewater river at a point where the Plainview and St. Charles wagon road crosses the said river, near the center of section thirty-two (32), township one hundred and eight (108) north, range eleven (11) west. Said money to be expended under the supervision of the county commissioner of the first commissioner district and the township board of said township of Plainview.

Wadena County.

Sec. 86. The sum of six hundred (600) dollars, to aid said county in building roads or bridges, as the case may be.

Waseca County.

Sec. 87. The sum of one hundred and fifty (150) dollars, to aid in constructing a road beginning at that point on the section line between sections eighteen (18) and nineteen (19), in the township of Woodville in Waseca county, where the north and south public highway intersects the same; running thence westerly and to terminate at the northwest corner of section twenty-four (24), in the township of Alton.

The sum of one hundred and fifty (150) dollars, to aid in constructing a public highway running north and south and extending from the southeast corner of section six (6) in the township of Woodville to the northeast corner of section thirty-one in the township of Blooming Grove, in said county.

The sum of three hundred (300) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge across Lake Elysian outlet on the town line between the towns of Janesville and Alton in said Waseca county, where the public highway crosses the same.

Washington County.

Sec. 88. The sum of three hundred and fifty (350) dollars to aid in the construction of a bridge across Grey Cloud slough in section thirty (30), township of Cottage Grove.

Said sum shall be expended under the supervision of the supervisors of said township.

The sum of three hundred and fifty (350) dollars to aid in building a bridge over Rice creek, in the township of Forest Lake, at a point where the highway crosses the said Rice creek in the southeast quarter (se¼) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) of section thirty-three (33), township thirty-two (32) north of range twenty-one (21) west.

Watonwan County.

Sec. 89. The sum of four hundred (400) dollars to aid in constructing a bridge and approaches thereto across St. James creek, between sections eighteen (18) and nineteen (19), township one hundred and six (106), range thirty-one (31), town of Rosendale.

The sum of two hundred (200) dollars to aid in repairing a bridge where the old government road crosses the Watonwan river in section twenty-eight (28), township one hundred and seven (107), range thirty (30), town of Madelia.

Winona County.

Sec. 90. The sum of seven hundred and fifty (750) dollars, to be used in building roads or bridges, as the case may be.

The sum of two hundred and fifty (250) dollars, to aid in building a bridge in the northeast corner of the town of Home, on the road commonly called "the Winona cut-off."

Said sum to be expended under the direction of the supervisors of said township.

Wilkin County.

Sec. 91. The sum of six hundred (600) dollars to aid in building a bridge and approaches thereto across the Manston slough on the section line between sections nineteen (19) and thirty (30), in Manston township.

Said money to be expended under the direction of the board of supervisors of said township.

Wright County.

Sec. 92. The sum of six hundred (600) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across Crow river, in section thirty-one (31) in the township of French Lake. Said sum to be expended by the board of supervisors of said town.

Yellow Medicine County.

Sec. 93. The sum of three hundred (300) dollars to aid in the construction of a road running northwest from the city of Granite Falls in said Yellow Medicine county, through sections twenty-eight (28), twenty-nine (29), twenty (20) and nineteen (19), in the township of Otis. Said sum shall be expended under the supervision of the board of supervisors of said town of Otis.

The sum of two hundred (200) dollars, to aid in building a bridge across Yellow Medicine river, at or near the southeast corner of the township of Swede Prairie in Yellow Medicine county, and the northwest corner of the township of Vallers, in Lyon county. Said sum to be expended under the supervision of the supervisors of said township of Vallers.

The sum of one hundred (100) dollars, to aid in the construction of a bridge across the Lac qui Parle river, on the section line between sections two (2) and three (3) in the town of Oshkosh. Said money to be expended and the work done under the supervision of the board of supervisors of said township.

Sec. 94. All appropriations in aid of building roads, bridges or other road improvement made under the provisions of chapter 309, Laws of 1901, and chapter 290, Laws of 1903, and which have not heretofore been expended, and which have not been heretofore, or are not by this act expressly repealed, are hereby extended and are made available until December 31st, 1909.

Sec. 95. The several townships, villages or counties receiving appropriations under this act are hereby authorized and empowered to issue certificates of indebtedness in either bonds, warrants or orders, as the case may be, in addition to any other indebtedness they may now have, to enable them to raise sufficient funds to complete the work contemplated under the several sections of this act. Said certificates of indebtedness shall be issued by the township boards of supervisors, village councils or county commissioners, representing the townships, villages or counties receiving appropriations hereunder.

The county commissioners of any county are hereby expressly empowered to aid any township or village of such county, which said township or village is receiving an appropriation under this act, in building any road, bridge or other specific improvement herein contemplated, and such appropriation may be made directly to such township or village. Any county wishing to aid any such township or village may, in case insufficient funds are on hand to meet such appropriation, issue its county warrants which shall draw interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, and such commissioners are hereby authorized to levy, spread on the tax roll and collect sufficient funds to meet such indebtedness in addition to all other levies authorized by law.

Sec. 96. Section fifty-nine (59) of chapter three hundred and nine (309) of the Laws of 1901, and section twelve (12), section forty-eight (48), section sixty-eight and one-half (68½) of the Laws of 1903, are hereby specifically repealed.

Sec. 97. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 339—H. F. NO. 627.

AN ACT to amend section twenty-one (21) of chapter forty-three of the General Statutes of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight (1878), being section four thousand two hundred and ninety-four (4294) of the General Statutes of 1894, relating to uses and trusts.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section twenty-one (21) of chapter forty-three (43) of the General Statutes of Minnesota of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight (1878), being section four thousand two hundred and ninety-four (4294) of the General Statutes of 1894, relating to uses and trusts, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 21. When the trust is expressed in the instrument creating the estate, every sale, conveyance, or other act of the trustee, in contravention of the trust, shall be absolutely void. But the district court of the district wherein such property held in trust is situate, may by order, on such terms and conditions as seem just and proper, authorize any such trustee, whether he be beneficially interested in such trust property or not, to mortgage or sell such real property or any part thereof whenever it appears to the satisfaction of the court that it is for the best interest of such estate, or that it is necessary or for the benefit of the said estate or of the person or persons beneficially interested therein holding the first and present estate, interest or use, and that it will do no substantial injury to the heirs in tail, or others in expectancy, succession, reversion or remainder.

A trustee appointed to hold real property during the life of a beneficiary, and to pay or apply the rents, income and profits thereof to, or for, the use of such beneficiary, may execute and deliver a lease of such real property for a term not exceeding five years, without application to the court. The district court may, by order, on such terms and conditions as seem just and proper, in respect to rental and renewals, authorize such a trustee to lease such real property for a term exceeding five years, if it appears to the satisfaction of the court that it is for the best interest of the trust estate, and may authorize such trustee to covenant in the lease to pay at the end of the term, or renewal term, to the lessee the then fair and reasonable value of any building which may have been erected on the premises during such term.

The district court shall not grant an order to mortgage or sell such real property or lease the same for a term exceeding five (5) years, unless it appears to the satisfaction of such court that a written notice, stating the time and place of the application therefor, and the object thereof, has been served upon the beneficiary of such trust, and every other person in being having an estate vested or contingent in reversion or remainder in said real property at least eight days before the making thereof, if such beneficiary or other person is an adult within the state, or if a minor, lunatic, person of unsound mind, habitual drunkard, or absentee, until proof of the service, on such beneficiary or other person, of such notice as the court or a judge thereof prescribes. The court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for any minor and for any lunatic, person of unsound mind, or habitual drunkard who shall not be represented by a committee or guardian duly appointed. The application must be by petition duly verified, which shall set forth the condition of the trust estate and the particular facts which make it necessary or proper that the application be granted. Such petition shall contain a description of the estate to be sold, mortgaged, or leased, a clear statement of the interest of the petitioner therein, and a copy of the will, deed, or other instrument in writing by which the estate is created; all persons in being who are interested in the estate, or who may, by the terms of the will, deed or other instrument creating the estate, thereafter become interested therein as heir, reversioner or otherwise shall be made parties to the petition; and if the names of any persons who ought to be made parties are unknown to the petitioner, or if the residence of any such person is unknown to the petitioner, the fact shall be verified by the affidavit of the petitioner, then such notice shall be served upon such unknown person or persons whose residence is unknown, by publication for six successive weeks, once in each week in some newspaper published in the county in which said property is held in trust. After taking proof of the facts, either before the court or a referee, and hearing the parties and fully examining into the matter, the court must make a final order upon the application. In case the application is granted the final order must authorize the real property, affected by the trust or some portion thereof, to be mortgaged, sold or leased, upon such terms and conditions as the court may prescribe. In case a mortgage or sale of any portion of such real property is authorized, the final order must direct the disposition of the proceeds of such mortgage or sale and must require the trustee to give bond in such amount and with such sureties as the court directs, conditioned for the faithful discharge of his trust and for the due accounting for all moneys received by him pursuant to said order.

If the trustee elects not to give such bond, the final order must require the proceeds of such mortgage or sale to be paid into court to be disposed of or invested as the court shall specially direct. Before a mortgage sale, or lease can be made pursuant to the final order, the trustee must enter into an agreement therefor, subject to the approval of the court and must report the agreement to the court under oath. Upon the confirmation thereof, by order of the court he must execute as directed by the court a mortgage, deed or lease. A mortgage, deed or lease made pursuant to a final order granted as provided in this and the last two preceding sections shall be valid and effectual against all minors, lunatics, persons of unsound mind, habitual drunkards and persons not in being interested in the trust or having estates vested or contingent in reversion or remainder in said real property and against all other persons so interested or having such estates who shall consent to such order, or who having been made parties to such proceeding as herein provided, shall not appear therein and object to the granting of such order.

All parties in interest may appear voluntarily and consent in writing to such sale, mortgaging or leasing of such real property; and testamentary guardians and guardians appointed by the probate court, may assent thereto in the place of their wards.

A person who shall actually and in good faith pay a sum of money to a trustee, which the trustee is authorized to receive, shall not be responsible for the proper application of the money, according to the trust; and any right or title derived by him from the trustee in consideration of the payment shall not be impeached or called in question in consequence of a misapplication by the trustee of the money paid.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

CHAPTER 340—H. F. NO. 508.

AN ACT to protect the owners of receptacles used in the sale of soda waters, mineral or aerated waters, porter, ale, cider, ginger ale, small beer, lager beer, Weiss beer, beer, white beer, malt extracts, other beverages, milk, cream, ice cream and butter.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Any person engaged in manufacturing, bottling or selling soda waters, mineral or aerated waters, porter, ale, cider, ginger ale, small beer, lager beer, Weiss beer, beer, white beer, malt extract, other beverages, milk, cream, ice cream or butter in any kind of receptacle having the name of such person or other mark or device printed, stamped, engraved, etched, blown, impressed, riveted or otherwise produced or permanently fixed upon the same, may file in the office of the secretary of state for record a description of the name, mark or device so used and cause such description to be printed once in each week for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in the county in which the principal place of business of such person is located, or if the principal place of business of such person is located in another state, then in the county wherein the principal office or depot within the State of Minnesota is located. It shall be the duty of the secretary of state to issue to the person so filing for record a description of such name, mark or device in his office a duly attested certificate of the record of the same for which he shall receive a fee of one dollar. Such certificate in all prosecutions under this act shall be prima facie evidence of the adoption of such name, mark or device, and of the right of the person named therein to adopt and use the same.

Sec. 2. It shall be unlawful for any person other than the one named in the certificate issued by the secretary of state as provided in section one (1) of this act, without the written consent of the person named in such certificate to fill any receptacle bearing a name, mark or device recorded as provided in section one (1) of this act with soda water, mineral or aerated waters, porter, ale, cider, ginger ale, small beer, lager beer, Weiss beer, beer, white beer, malt extract, other beverages, milk, cream, ice cream or butter, or to deface, erase, obliterate, cover up or otherwise remove or conceal any such name, mark or device on any such receptacle, or to buy, sell, give, take, dispose of in any way, or traffic in any receptacle bearing any such name, mark or device. Any person offending against any provision of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than ten (10) days nor more than ninety (90) days, or by a fine of not less than ten ($10) dollars nor more than one hundred ($100) dollars, and each such receptacle so unlawfully dealt with as herein set out shall be deemed and held to be a separate offense.

Sec. 3. Any person having in possession or under control any receptacle bearing any name, mark or device recorded as provided in section one (1) of this act, and not holding a written transfer or bill of sale therefor from the person named in the certificate issued by the secretary of state as provided in section one (1) of this act or other authority in writing from such person, upon demand shall deliver such receptacle to the person named in such certificate or to the authorized agent of such person; and any person failing or refusing to so deliver the same when demanded shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than ten (10) days nor more than ninety (90) days, or by a fine of not less than ten ($10) dollars nor more than one hundred ($100) dollars.

Sec. 4. Whenever any person who has filed for record any such name, mark or device or who has acquired from such person in writing the ownership of such name, mark or device or the right to the exclusive use thereof, or any one representing such person, shall make oath before any magistrate that he has reason to believe and does believe that any receptacle bearing such name, mark or device is being unlawfully used or filled or had in possession by any person such magistrate shall thereupon issue a search warrant to discover and obtain such receptacle; and may also cause the person in whose possession such receptacle shall be found, to be brought before him and shall then inquire into the circumstances of such possession, and if it shall be found that such person is guilty of violation of any section of this act he shall be punished as therein prescribed and the possession of the property taken upon such warrant shall be awarded to the owner thereof; but the remedy given by this section shall not be held to be exclusive, and offenders against any provision of this act may also be prosecuted as in case of other misdemeanors.

Sec. 5. As used in this act, the term receptacle shall include not only bottles, siphons, tins, kegs, one-eighth barrels, quarter barrels, half barrels, barrels, boxes, cans and tubs, but all other receptacles used for holding any of the commodities in this act mentioned; the singular may include the plural and the plural may include the singular, the term person may include corporation; and the requirement for a written transfer, bill of sale, authority or consent means that it shall be signed by the person named in the certificate issued by the secretary of state as provided by section one (1) of this act, or by a transferee claiming under a written transfer signed by such person or by an agent whose authority is in writing signed by such person or such transferee.

Sec. 6. The requiring or taking of any deposit for any purpose upon such receptacle shall not be deemed nor held to be a sale either optional or otherwise in any proceeding under this act.

Sec. 7. Chapters 143 and 144 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1895 and Chapter 306 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1899 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 8. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19th, 1905.

CHAPTER 341—H. F. NO. 403.

AN ACT to amend section 2, chapter 212 of the General Laws of 1897, entitled "An act to provide for a second examination of all persons committed to the Minnesota State hospitals for the insane, by the probate courts or court commissioners."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section two (2) chapter two hundred and twelve (212) of the General Laws for 1897, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 2. If, upon the examination of said patient by said three physicians, it is found that said patient is not a proper subject for treatment in any insane hospital in the state, then such fact shall be distinctly embodied and stated in the report of said physicians to said board of control, whereupon, they, the said board of control, may, at their discretion, discharge such patient and return him to the county from which he was committed, and place him in the custody of the sheriff of said county, and in such case it is hereby made the duty of such sheriff to receive such patient so returned, and deliver him to his relatives or friends, if such can be found, or to the board of county commissioners of such county; and it is hereby made the duty of such county commissioners to provide for such person so returned. The sheriff shall be entitled to a fee of one (1) dollar for receiving such person, and the same mileage as he is entitled to by law for the service of a writ or summons, except in counties where sheriffs are paid salaries. The same to be allowed and paid in the same manner as other claims against the county.

Sec. 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 342—H. F. NO. 705.

AN ACT to legalize certain corporations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That every private corporation heretofore in good faith organized or attempted to be organized under the general laws of this state, but where an affidavit of proof of the publication of the articles of incorporation of such corporation was not filed in the office of the secretary of state until after said corporation commenced doing business, but such affidavit of proof has been heretofore filed in the office of the secretary of the state, and where the persons organizing such corporations have acted in good faith and corporate meetings have been held and business transacted, and such defective corporation has acted in all things as though there were no errors or omissions in its organization the same is hereby declared to be in law a valid and legal corporation de jure and shall be so deemed and held in all courts as to all transactions, past and future, the same as though there was no defect in its organization; provided this act shall not affect any action at law now pending.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 343—H. F. NO. 426.

AN ACT to amend chapter 301 of the general Laws of Minnesota for 1903, being an act to provide for the construction, equipment and regulation of hotels, inns and public lodging houses.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That chapter 301 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1903 be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. Every building or structure kept, used or maintained as, or advertised as, or held out to the public to be an inn, hotel or public lodging house, or place where sleeping accommodations are furnished to the public, whether with or without meals, shall have and be provided with, at each end of all halls from every story or floor higher than three stories, a suitable fire escape, reaching to within twelve (12) feet of the ground, and shall have and be provided with a way of egress to such fire escape, which way of egress and fire escape shall at all times be kept free and clear of any obstruction, and in good repair and ready and suitable for immediate use, or in lieu thereof in any and all buildings or structures kept, used or maintained as, or advertised as, or held out to the public to be an inn, hotel, public lodging house or place where sleeping accommodations are furnished to the public, whether with or without meals, there shall be supplied and kept at all times, in plain sight, and securely attached therein and thereto, in every bedroom or sleeping partment on the second floor or above the second floor a manilla rope, with knots not more than 15 inches apart, at least five-eights of an inch in diameter, and of sufficient strength to sustain a weight and strain of at least five hundred pounds; and every owner of any such building or structure, in this section described, who shall fail to comply with the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined not less than five dollars, nor more than twenty-five dollars, and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned for not less than ten days. Provided this act shall not apply to hotels or lodging houses which are already provided with ample outside iron fire escapes, or to fire proof buildings.

Sec. 2. Any person or persons keeping, maintaining, controlling or managing any building or structure kept, used or maintained as, or advertised as, or held out to the public to be an inn, hotel, public lodging house or place where sleeping accommodations are furnished to the public, whether with or without meals, shall supply and shall keep at all times, and in plain sight, and securely attached therein and thereto, in every bedroom or sleeping apartment on second floor or above second floor, a manilla rope, with knots not more than 15 inches apart, at least five-eighths of an inch in diameter, and of sufficient strength to sustain a weight and strain of at least five hundred pounds, and on failing to supply such ropes such person or persons shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be fined not less than five dollars, nor more than twenty-five dollars, and in default of payment thereof, may be imprisoned not less than ten days.

Sec. 3. All inns, hotels, public lodging houses and places of twelve sleeping rooms or more where sleeping accommodations are furnished to the public, whether with or without meals, in the State of Minnesota shall be subject to the provisions of this act, except as already herein provided.

Sec. 4. For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act, the governor shall appoint an inspector at a salary of $1,200 a year, who shall hold office for two years, and whose duty it shall be to visit and inspect annually, so far as possible, every building or structure kept, used or maintained as, or advertised as, or held out to the public to be an inn, a hotel, public lodging house or place where sleeping accommodations are furnished to the public, whether with or without meals. His necessary traveling expenses shall be paid on the filing of proper vouchers; said inspector is hereby granted police power to enter all hotels, inns, boarding or lodging houses in this state, at reasonable hours to inspect the sanitary condition thereof, and the fire escapes and their condition. He shall keep a complete set of books for public use and inspection showing the condition of said hotels, inns, or public lodging or boarding houses and places so inspected, together with the name or names of the owners, proprietors or managers thereof, and showing its sanitary condition, the number and condition of its fire escapes and any other information for the betterment of the public service.

Sec. 5. If the inspector shall find after examination of any inn, hotel, public lodging house or place where sleeping accommodations are furnished to the public, whether with or without meals, that this law has been fully complied with, and the inspection fee has been paid to the inspector, he shall issue a certificate to the person operating the same, and said certificate shall be kept posted up in a conspicuous place in said inspected building. It shall be the duty of the county attorney in the county wherein the building is located to bring and prosecute an action for the collection of the inspector's fees in cases where payment of the same is refused.

Sec. 6. Any inspector who shall wilfully certify falsely regarding any building inspected by him, and who shall issue a certificate to any person operating any inn, hotel, public lodging house or place where sleeping accommodations are furnished to the public, whether with or without meals, when such person has not complied with the provisions of this act, shall on conviction thereof be fined not less than fifty dollars, nor to exceed five hundred dollars, and may be imprisoned not to exceed one year in the state prison, or both, at the discretion of the court, and removed from office.

Sec. 7. For the purpose of inspecting them as provided for in this act, the inspector shall, during the hours from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m., have free access to all halls in any hotel, inn, public lodging or boarding house or place where sleeping accommodations are furnished to the public, whether with or without meals. Any person or persons operating the same, who shall refuse or hinder the inspector from entering any hall in any building that this law requires him to inspect shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than $5 nor more than $25 and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned for not less than ten days nor more than thirty days.

Sec. 8. All fees collected by the inspector shall be retained by him, provided, however, any amount collected by him in excess of twelve hundred dollars per annum for his services and not exceeding five dollars a day for traveling expenses while actually engaged in inspecting buildings, shall be turned into the state treasury. The inspector shall be authorized to charge and collect the following fees for official inspections of buildings as herein provided, viz., building of twelve and less than thirty rooms, 50 cents; thirty and less than sixty rooms, $1; sixty and less than one hundred rooms, $1.50; one hundred and less than two hundred rooms, $2, and all buildings two hundred rooms or more, $3.

Sec. 9. The inspector shall be authorized to appoint one or more deputy inspectors. The inspector and deputy inspector shall each give a bond in the sum of $5,000. The inspector shall be required to report all transactions to the state auditor every three months, and also make a report at the end of each year.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after it passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 344—H. F. NO. 704.

AN ACT for the preservation, propagation, protection, taking, use and transportation of game and fish, and certain harmless birds and animals.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Game and Fish Commission—Appointment—Terms—A state game and fish commission is hereby created, consisting of five (5) members to be appointed by the governor for a term of four (4) years each. Those heretofore appointed pursuant to chapter three hundred thirty-six (336) of the laws of 1903 shall continue in office until the expiration of their respective terms. Vacancies arising from any cause shall be filled by the governor. Members shall serve without compensation except for necessary expenses to be paid upon an itemized statement thereof duly audited by said commission.

Sec. 2. Office—Said commission shall have an office in the capitol and be supplied with suitable stationery, a seal and blanks and postage for the transaction of its business.

Sec. 3. General Powers—Duties—Said commission shall enforce the laws of this state involving the protection and propagation of all game animals, game birds, fish and harmless birds and animals.

Said commission shall have general charge of—

1. The propagation and preservation of such varieties of game and fish as it shall deem to be of public value.
2. The collection and diffusion of such statistics and information as shall be germane to the purpose of this act.
3. The construction, control and management of all state fish hatcheries, including the control of grounds owned or leased for such purposes.
4. The receiving from the United States commissioner of fisheries or other person, and the gathering, purchase and distribution to the waters of this state, of all fish spawn or fry.
5. The taking of fish from the public waters of the state for the propogation and stocking of other waters therein.
6. The seizure and disposition of all game birds, game animals and fish, either taken, killed, transported or possessed contrary to law, of all dogs, guns, seines, nets, boats, light, or other instrumentalities unlawfully used or held with intent to use, in pursuing, taking, attempting to take, concealing or disposing of the same.

Sec. 4. Reports—Records—said commission shall on or before December 1st of each year, submit to the governor a detailed report of its actions, including the amount of money received from all sources, an inventory of all game, fish; guns, dogs, seines, nets and other property seized and sold, with the names of the purchasers, and the amount received, and an itemized statement of its disbursements. The books and vouchers of said commission shall be subject to examination by the public examiner at all times.

Sec. 5. Executive agent—The commission shall appoint one of its members its executive agent, who shall devote all his time to the discharge of his duties, and shall receive compensation therefor to be fixed by the said commission, not exceeding two thousand ($2,000) dollars per year. He shall act as such executive agent during the pleasure of the commission and be subject to its direction. When the commission is not in session, he is hereby authorized to exercise in its name, all the rights, powers and authority vested in said commission. Before entering upon the discharge of his duties he shall give a bond to the State of Minnesota, with sureties or security to be approved by the commission, in the penal sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000), conditioned for the faithful accounting of all state property coming into his hands.

Sec. 6. Employes—The commission may appoint and remove at pleasure, a superintendent of fisheries, at a salary not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3,000) a year, and such assistants as may be necessary. It may also employ a sufficient number of game wardens, other persons, and office assistants, as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter, and fix their periods of service and compensation.

Sec. 7. Other Officials—Attorney—The county attorneys, sheriffs, constables and other peace officers, are hereby required, and it is made their duty, to enforce the provisions of this chapter and the commission may employ an attorney or attorneys to perform such legal services as said commission may require. He shall appear for said commission in all civil actions in which it or its wardens may be interested officially, and may assist the county attorney in the prosecution of criminal actions arising under this chapter, and when for any reason the county attorney does not prosecute such criminal actions, he may conduct such prosecutions on behalf of the state with the same authority as the county attorney. The compensation to be paid said attorney shall be fixed by the commission and paid out of the funds provided for the enforcement of this act.

Sec. 8. Execution of Writs—The executive agent of said commission, all members and all wardens appointed by said commission, shall have full power and authority to serve and execute all warrants and process of law issued by the court in enforcing the provisions of this act, or any other law of this state relating to the preservation and protection of game and fish, in the same manner as any constable or sheriff may serve, and execute the same and for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this chapter, they may call to their aid any sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable or police officer, or any other person, and it shall be the duty of all sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, constables or police officers and other persons, when called upon, to enforce and aid in enforcing the provisions of this chapter.

Sec. 9. Bonds—The following appointees shall give bonds to be approved by the commission and filed in the office of the secretary of state, conditioned for the faithful discharge of their respective duties, in the following amounts:

First—Superintendent of fisheries, one thousand dollars ($1,000).

Second—Each game warden five hundred dollars ($500).

Sec. 10. Terms Defined—Agency no excuse. The words "sell" and "sale" as used in this chapter shall be construed as meaning any sale of (or) offer to sell or having in possession with intent to sell, use or dispose of the same contrary to law. The word "person" shall be deemed to include partnerships, associations and corporations, and no violation of any provisions of this chapter shall be excused for the reason that the prohibited act was done as the agent or employe of another, nor that it was committed by or through an agent or employe of the person charged. The word "possession" shall be deemed to include both actual and constructive possession as well as the control of the article referred to. The terms "waters of this state" shall be held to include all the boundary waters of the state, and the provisions of this chapter shall be deemed to extend and be in force and effect over, upon and in all thereof. The terms "any part thereof" or "the parts thereof," whenever used in this chapter shall be deemed to include the hides, horns and hoofs of any animal so referred to, and the plumage and skin and every other part of any bird so referred to. The terms "fur bearing animals" shall not be deemed to include deer, moose or caribou.

Sec. 11. Inspection of Hotels, etc. The game and fish commission and all game wardens shall inspect from time to time hotels, restaurants, cold storage houses or plants and ice houses commonly used in storing meats, game or fish for private parties, including all buildings used for a like purpose, for the purpose of determining whether game or fish are kept therein in violation of the provisions of this chapter. Any person, in possession or control, or in charge of any hotel, restaurant, storage plant or building referred to, or any part thereof, who refuses or fails to permit any member of the game and fish commission or any warden appointed by said commission to enter any such building or any part thereof, or any receptacle therein, for the purpose of making such inspection, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty (50) or over one hundred (100) dollars, including costs of prosecution, or imprisonment in the county jail for a term of not less than thirty (30) or over ninety (90) days for the first offense, and upon conviction for a second offense shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not less than sixty (60) or over ninety (90) days.

Sec. 12. Contraband Game, Seizure and Search. Any bird, animal, fish or any part thereof, caught, killed, shipped or had in possession or under control contrary to any of the provisions of this chapter, is hereby declared to be contraband.

The game and fish commission, all game wardens, sheriffs and their deputies, constables and police officers, shall seize and take possession of any and all birds, animals, or fish or any part thereof which have been caught, taken, killed or had in possession or under control or shipped contrary to any of the provisions of this chapter. Any court having jurisdiction may upon complaint showing probable cause for believing that any bird, animal, fish or any part thereof caught, taken, killed or had in possession or under control by any person, or shipped or transported contrary to the provisions of this chapter, is concealed or illegally kept in any building, car or receptacle, shall issue a search warrant and cause a search to be made in any such place for any such birds, animals, fish or any part thereof, and may cause any building, inclosure or car to be entered, and any apartment, chest, box, locker, crate, basket, package, or any other receptacle whatever to be broken, opened and the contents thereof examined. All such officers taking or seizing any such birds, animals or fish, or any part thereof, shall at once report all the facts attending the same to the commission.

Sec. 13. Contraband Devices—All nets, seines, lanterns, snares, devices, contrivances and materials, while in use, or had, or maintained, for the purpose of catching, taking or killing, or attracting or deceiving any bird, animal, or fish contrary to any provision of this chapter, within this state or upon or in the boundary waters thereof, including fish houses, inclosures or other sheltering structures or appliances erected or maintained upon the ice or in any waters, or on the shore of any lake, pond or stream, is hereby declared to be and is a public nuisance. The commission, all game wardens, sheriffs and their deputies, constables and police officers shall without warrant or process, take, seize, abate and destroy any and all of the same while being used, had or maintained for such purpose and no liability shall be incurred therefore to any person.

Sec. 14. Witnesses—In any prosecution under the provisions of this chapter, a participant in the violation thereof may testify as a witness against any other persons violating the same, without incriminating himself in so doing. The evidence so given shall not be used in any criminal proceeding for such violation.

Sec. 15. Limitations—All prosecutions under this chapter shall be commenced within two years (2) from the time the offense was committed.

Sec. 16. Exchange Specimens—The commission may secure by purchase or otherwise, and exchange specimens of game birds, game animals or fish with the game commission or state game warden of other states for breeding purposes, and not otherwise; and may also grant permission under the seal of said commission, to any accredited representative of any incorporated society of natural history, to collect for scientific purposes only, nests, eggs, birds, animals or fish protected by this chapter. Such specimens shall not be sold or transferred.

Sec. 17. Fishways—Any person owning, erecting, managing or controlling any dam or other obstruction across any river, creek or stream, within or forming the boundary line of this state, shall construct in connection with such dam, durable and efficient fishways in such a manner and of such shape and size that the free passage of all fish inhabiting such waters shall not be obstructed. Such fishways shall be maintained in such condition and kept in good repair by the person so owning, controlling, managing, operating or using such dam or obstruction.

If any such person fails to construct or keep in good repair durable and efficient fishways as herein provided, for the space of ten (10) days after notice, the commission may construct or repair the same and the cost thereof may be recovered from the owners of any person managing or being in control thereof, in a civil action brought in the name of the State of Minnesota. Any money so recovered shall be credited to the game and fish commission.

All fishways heretofore or hereafter erected in any dam or obstruction across any of the streams of this state, shall at all times be under the supervision and control of the commission.

Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 18. Sawdust Deposits—Any person who deposits any sawdust or other refuse in any streams or water wherein the commission has deposited fish fry, or may deposit any such fry, or where any Brook trout naturally abound, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 19. Disposition of Fines—All fines collected under any of the provisions of this chapter shall be paid into the county treasury of the county wherein the conviction was had, to the credit of the general revenue fund.

Sec. 20. Dispositions of Other Moneys—All moneys collected by the commission upon licenses issued by it or bonds or contracts entered into with any person, including money received from all other sources, except fines, shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the game and fish commission fund to be used for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this chapter.

Section 21. Rewards—The commission is authorized to offer and pay out of the funds subject to its order, a reward of ten dollars ($10) for the arrest and conviction of any person violating any provision of this chapter, to the person making such complaint, upon proof that a fine amounting to ten dollars ($10) has been paid into the county treasury by the person so convicted, provided, further, this section shall not apply to game wardens regularly employed under pay by said commission.

Sec. 22. Domesticated game and fish; Complaint—Presumption. The commission may issue permits to breed or domesticate deer, moose, elk and caribou upon application to it which shall contain:

1. The name and address of applicant.
2. A description of the premises on which applicant will keep such domesticated animals.
3. The number and kinds of animals in possession at the time of making the application, and whether they are wild or domesticated.

The application shall be accompanied by a fee of fifty cents (.50) for each animal in possession. The commission may thereupon issue a permit to the applicant to keep such animals. Any person holding such permit shall annually on the first day of January report to the commission any increase or decrease had upon the original number applied for, together with a fee of 50 cents for each additional animal. The commission shall keep a record of all persons holding such permits and shall send to them numbered tags to be attached to each of the animals.

Any such animals may be sold or shipped within or without the state upon receipts of written permission to do so from the commission.

Persons desiring to maintain a private hatchery for the propagation of trout may do so upon application to said commission giving the name and address of the person owning or controlling the same and a mark used to designate it. Trout grown in such hatcheries may be sold and shipped within or without the state in boxes or packages upon which such mark is placed.

Provided, however, that in any prosecution for any violation of any of the provisions of this chapter it shall not be necessary for the prosecution to allege or prove that the birds or animals were not domesticated or that the trout were not grown in a private hatchery or that the birds, animals or fish were not taken for scientific purposes, but the person claiming that such birds, or animals were domesticated, or the trout grown in a private hatchery, or that the said birds or animals were taken for scientific purposes, as herein provided, shall prove on the hearing or trial that such birds or animals were domesticated, or that such trout were grown in a private hatchery or that such birds or fish were taken for scientific purposes as by law provided, or were not caught, taken, or killed outside this state, or had in possession without license or permit therefor.

GAME BIRDS AND ANIMALS.

Sec. 23. Ownership in State—No person shall at any time or in any manner acquire any property in, or subject to his dominion or control, any of the birds, animals or fish or any part thereof of the kinds herein mentioned, but they shall always and under all circumstances be and remain the property of this state; except, that by killing, catching or taking the same in the manner and for the purposes herein authorized, and during the periods when their killing is not herein prohibited, the same may be used by any person at the time, in the manner and for the purposes herein expressly authorized: and whenever any person kills, catches, takes, ships or has in possession, or under control, any of the birds, animals or fish, or any part thereof, mention in this chapter, at any time or in a manner prohibited by this chapter, such person shall thereby forfeit and lose all his right to the use and possession of such bird, animal or fish, or any part thereof, and the state shall be entitled to the sole possession thereof.

Sec. 24. Nests and Eggs—No person shall at any time take or have in possession or under control; break up or destroy or in any manner interfere with any nest, or the eggs of any of the kinds of birds, the killing of which is at any or all times prohibited.

Sec. 25. Manner of Taking—No person shall at any time, catch, take or kill any of the birds or animals mentioned in this chapter, in any other manner than by shooting them with a gun held to the shoulder of the person discharging the same.

Sec. 26. Traps, Snares, Lights, Etc.—No person shall at any time set, lay, prepare, or have in possession any trap, snare, artificial light, net, bird lime, swivel gun or set gun or any contrivance whatever, for the purpose of catching, taking or killing any of the game animals or birds in this chapter mentioned, except that decoys and stationary blinds may be used in hunting wild geese, brant and ducks.

Sec. 27. Shooting After Dark—Sink-Boats, Etc.—No person shall at any time, hunt with or shoot from any boat, canoe or contrivance or devise whatever on any of the waters in this state between dark and daylight, and no person shall at any time make use of, hunt with or shoot from any floating battery, sink boat, sunken barrels, boxes, tubs, floating blinds or any similar device whatever, on any of the waters of this state.

Sec. 28. Shooting With Dogs—No person shall hunt, pursue, catch, take or kill any of the animals in this chapter mentioned, with any dog or dogs. Any dog or dogs used or attempted to be used in violation of any of the provisions of this section is hereby declared to be and is a public nuisance, and it shall be lawful for any person to kill any dog or dogs so being used or attempted to be used. The use or running of either pointer or setter dogs in fields or upon lands frequented by or in which game birds may be found during the month of August, or at any time except during the open season for killing game birds, and the keeping and maintaining of any dog at or about any hunting camp, or lumber camp used by hunters, situated in any locality frequented by deer, moose or caribou, is hereby prohibited and made unlawful.

Sec. 29. Entering Growing Grain—No person shall at any time enter into any growing or standing grain not his own with intent to take, or kill any bird, or animal, nor permit any dog with which he shall be hunting to do so for such purpose, without permission from the owner or person in charge thereof. No person shall at any time enter upon any land not his own with intent to take or kill any birds or animals after being notified by the owner or occupant thereof not to do so. Such notice may be given orally or by posting, written or printed notices to that effect, in the English language, in conspicuous places on the land so protected.

Sec. 30. Game Killed in Another State—No person shall at any time have in his possession or under his control within this state any bird, animal or fish, or any part thereof, which has been caught, taken or killed outside of this state at a time when it is unlawful to have in possession or under control such birds, animals or fish, or parts thereof, if caught, taken or killed in this state, or which have been unlawfully taken or killed outside this state, or unlawfully shipped therefrom into this state.

Sec. 31. Possession of Game and Fish, Presumption—The possession or having under control by any person of any bird, animal or fish, or any part thereof, the killing of which is at any time herein prohibited, shall be prima facie evidence that it was the property of this state at the time it was caught, taken or killed, and that it was caught, taken or killed in this state, also that such possession or having under control at any time, when the killing, taking or possession thereof is by this chapter declared to be unlawful, shall be prima facie evidence that such taking and killing occurred during the closed season, unless there remains attached to such game bird or animal or any part thereof, the tag and seal of the state game and fish commission, provided for by this chapter to disprove which it shall be necessary for the party in possession thereof to show that at the time it was caught, taken or killed, it was lawfully caught, taken or killed outside, or within this state, or that it was lawfully caught, taken or killed within the state and that he was lawfully in possession thereof.

Sec. 31½. Nothing in this act shall be construed as prohibiting the buying, shipping or having in possession at any time the skins of furbearing animals killed within or without the state, or hides of moose, deer or caribou killed without the state upon proof that the hides were so taken. Provided, however, that raw hides of moose, deer or caribou taken or killed within this state out of season shall not be bought or sold at any time.

Sec. 32. Game Birds—Season for Killing. No person shall hunt, take, kill, ship, convey or cause to be shipped or transported by common or private carrier, to any person either within or without the state, expose for sale, sell to any one, have in possession with intent to sell or have in possession or under control, at any time, any turtle dove, snipe, prairie chicken, pinnated, white-breasted or sharp-tailed grouse, quail, partridge, ruffed grouse, Chinese, ring-neck or English pheasant, wild duck of any variety, wild goose of any variety, brant or any variety of aquatic fowl, whatever, or any part thereof, except: 1—That any turtle dove, snipe, prairie chicken, pinnated, white-breasted or sharp-tailed grouse, woodcock, upland plover and golden plover may be killed and had in possession between the first day of September and the first day of November following. 2nd—That any, quail, partridge, ruffed grouse or pheasant, other than Mongolian, Chinese, ringneck or English pheasant, may be killed or had in possession between the first day of October and the first day of December following. 3rd—That wild duck of any variety, wild goose of any variety, brant or any variety of aquatic fowl whatever, may be killed and had in possession between the first day of September and the first day of December following.

And when any of the birds mentioned in this section have been lawfully caught, taken, killed or had in possession within the time herein allowed, they may be had in possession for five (5) days thereafter. But no person shall in any one day take or kill more than fifteen (15) birds or have in his possession at any time more than forty-five (45) turtle dove, prairie chicken, white-breasted or sharp-tailed grouse, quail, partridge, ruffled grouse or pheasant, woodcock, upland plover, golden plover or any or all of the same combined, or fifty (50) snipe, wild duck, goose, brant, or any variety of aquatic fowl, whatever, or any or all of the same combined.

Sec. 33. Deer and Moose—Season for Killing—No person shall hunt, catch, take, kill, ship, convey or cause to be shipped or transported by common or private carrier, to any person, either within or without the state, or purchase expose for sale, have in possession with intent to sell, sell to any person, or have in possession or under control at any time, any elk, moose, caribou, deer or fawn, or any part thereof, including the hides and horns, except as hereinafter provided. Provided, that deer may be killed between Nov. 10 and Nov. 30 of the same year, and any deer or any part thereof, may be had in possession by any person during the same time; but no person shall kill or have in possession during said time more than two (2) deer, or parts thereof; and provided further, that any person who is lawfully in possession of any deer, or any part thereof, may ship or cause the same to be shipped in the manner provided for by this chapter, but not otherwise; and provided, further, that male antlered moose may be killed between Nov. 10 and Nov. 30 of the same year, and any such male moose, or part thereof, may be had in possession by any person during the time aforesaid, but no person shall kill or have in possession during said time more than one (1) male moose, or part thereof; and provided, further, that when any deer or such male moose or any part thereof, are lawfully in the possession of any person as provided for in this chapter, such person may continue in the possession of the same for five (5) days after the time herein limited for killing said animals; and provided, further that no cow or female moose can be killed or had in possession at any time.

Sec. 34. Resident License—Shipment of Game—Every resident of this state is prohibited from hunting, taking or killing any game birl or game animal, unless he shall have first procured a license therefor from the county auditor of the county in which he resides; except that any citizen of this state may hunt, take or kill any of the game birds mentioned in this chapter in the county in which he is a bona fide resident without having a license to so hunt. Said auditor shall upon application issue to such person under his seal, upon blanks to be furnished him by the game and fish commission, a license to hunt game animals and game birds, upon the payment to him of a license fee of one dollar ($1), which license shall expire on the 31st day of December following its issuance. Ten cents of the amount received for the issuance of said license shall be retained by the county auditor as his fee, and the balance remitted to the state treasurer, who shall credit the same to the game and fish commission fund to be used for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this chapter. Every such applicant shall prove to the satisfaction of the county auditor that he is a bona fide resident of this state, and shall state, under oath, his name, residence and postoffice address. Only one of such licenses shall be issued to any person and it shall not be transferable, and it is hereby made the duty of such licensee to exhibit the same to any person upon request. Such license shall describe the licensee, designate his place of residence, and shall have attached thereto three (3) coupons upon which shall be printed respectively the words, "moose," "deer" and "game birds." Each coupon, except the ones marked "deer" and "game birds," shall be divided into two (2) sections lettered respectively "A" and "B". The coupons marked "deer" and "game birds" shall be divided into four (4) sections, two (2) of which shall be lettered "A" and two (2) "B." Any resident who has paid said fee and procured such license to hunt game animals and game birds may during the open season, hunt, take and kill one (1) made antlered moose, two (2) deer and also game birds in the manner, and subject to the limitations and conditions prescribed by this chapter, and may ship by common carrier in the manner herein provided, and not otherwise, to any point in the county in which he resides, one (1) male antlered moose, and two (2) deer, or any part thereof, and fifty (50) game birds, in two shipments of not to exceed twenty-five (25) birds each; so lawfully shot or had in his possession. Said game animals and game birds may be shipped by said licensee to himself at his place of residence by common carrier, upon attaching to such game animals or any part thereof, or game birds, respectively, section "B" of said coupon. Upon receiving such game it is made the duty of said common carrier to detach from the license section "A" of said coupon and at once forward the same by mail to the game and fish commission.

Provided, however, that nothing in this chapter contained shall be deemed or construed to prevent any resident of this state from personally carrying with him, as baggage, on any train or conveyance, any game birds or fish which may be legally in his possession and any common carrier is hereby permitted to carry any such game birds or fish as baggage, when the same is so accompanied and carried on the same train or conveyance by the person who is legally in possession of the same.

Provided further, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to permit employes of a common carrier to carry any such game birds, animals or fish or parts thereof with them, whether as baggage or otherwise, while engaged in the performance of the duties of their said employment, and they are specifically prohibited from so doing.

Sec. 35. Non-resident License—Shipment of Game—Every person not a resident of this state is prohibited from hunting, taking or killing any game bird or game animal unless he shall have first procured a license therefor from the game and fish commission. Said commission shall upon application issue to any non-resident, a license to hunt game animals, upon the payment to it of a license fee of twenty-five dollars ($25) and to hunt game birds upon the payment to it of a license fee of ten dollars ($10), which license shall expire on the 31st day of December following its issuance.

Said license to hunt game animals shall describe the licensee, designate his place of residence, and shall have attached thereto two (2) coupons, divided into three (3) sections, lettered respectively "A," "B" and "C." The words "deer" and "moose" shall be printed upon the coupons attached thereto. Any non-resident who has paid said fee and procured such license to hunt game animals, may during the open season, kill in the manner authorized by this chapter, one (1) male antlered moose and one (1) deer, and also ship such deer so killed by him to his said place of residence outside the state, upon attaching to such game animal, or any part thereof, respectively, sections "B" and "C" of said coupon, and ship such moose to any place within the state by attaching section "B" of said coupon. Upon receiving said game, it is the duty of said common carrier to detach from the license section "A" of said coupon and at once forward the same by mail to the commission. Sections "B" and "C" of said coupons must remain on said deer, or part thereof, so shipped outside the state while in transit in this state, and section "C" of said coupon must be detached by said common carrier at the last station or place in this state where the train or other conveyance of such common carrier shall stop, and it shall be the duty of said common carrier to forward section "C" of said coupon to the game and fish commission immediately upon being detached.

Said license to hunt game birds shall describe the licensee, designate his place of residence and shall have attached thereto one (1) coupon divided into three (3) sections, lettered respectively, "A," "B" and "C." The words "game birds" shall be printed upon the coupon attached thereto. Any non-resident who has paid said fee and procured a license to hunt game birds, may hunt, take and kill game birds, in the manner authorized by this chapter, during the open season, subject to the limitations applicable, to residents of this state, and may ship to his place of residence outside this state twenty-five (25) game birds so lawfully shot and taken by him, upon attaching to such game birds sections "B" and "C" of said coupon. Upon receiving said game birds, it is the duty of said common carrier to detach from the license section "A" of said coupon, and at once forward the same by mail to the game and fish commission. Sections "B" and "C" of said coupon must remain on said game birds while in transit in this state, and section "C" of said coupon must be detached by said common carrier at the last station or place in this state where the train or conveyance of such common carrier shall stop, and it shall be the duty of said common carrier to forward section "C" of said coupon to the game and fish commission immediately upon being detached.

Said licenses shall not be transferable, and it is hereby made the duty of said licensee to exhibit the same to any person upon request.

Sec. 36. Forfeiture of License—Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this chapter and who is at the time of such violation in the possession of a license duly issued to him, shall, upon conviction thereof, forfeit such license to the State of Minnesota, and such person shall deliver to the court before whom he was tried any such license, and the court shall forward the same to the commission.

Sec. 37. Retaining Game—Tags—Penalty—Any person who is a resident of this state and legally in possession of any of the game birds or game animals, or any part thereof, which have been caught, taken or killed at a time or in a manner permitted by the provisions of this chapter, and who is desirous of retaining possession of the same for his own use after the time in this chapter limited, and who shall before such time make application to the commission for leave to retain the same, which application shall be in writing and signed or sworn to by the applicant, and shall state:

First—The name and residence of the person in possession of such birds or animals, or parts thereof.

Second—The number, kind and location of said birds or animals or parts thereof, which number shall not exceed forty-five (45) turtle dove, prairie chicken, pinnated, white breasted or sharp-tailed grouse, quail, partridge, ruffed grouse or pheasant, woodcock, upland plover or golden plover, or any or all of the same combined, or fifty (50) snipe, wild duck, goose, brant or any variety of aquatic fowl whatever, or any or all of the same combined, two (2) deer or the parts thereof, one (1) male moose or the parts thereof for each applicant.

Third—That if permitted to retain the same by said commission the applicant will retain possession of said birds or animals for his own use and will not ship, sell or dispose of the same.

If said commission is satisfied that said application is made in good faith and said applicant will keep said birds and animals and parts thereof for his own use and not for sale, the said commission shall cause tags or seals, which shall not be duplicated by others, and which shall not be removed, to be attached to each bird or animal, or parts thereof, not exceeding forty-five (45) turtle dove, prairie chicken, pinnated, white-breasted or sharp-tailed grouse, quail, partridge, ruffed grouse or pheasant, woodcock, upland plover or golden plover, or any or all of the same combined, or fifty (50) snipe, wild duck, goose or brant or any varieties of aquatic fowl whatever, or any or all of the same combined; two (2) deer or the parts thereof and one (1) male moose, or the parts thereof, for each applicant; or in lieu thereof, if any applicant therefor resides at a distance from any game warden, then the commission may issue to such applicant a written permit to keep and use such game.

The person making such application shall, before said tags or seals are attached, pay to the commission the reasonable expense of making and attaching such tags and seals.

After the tags and seals have been so attached, or such permit received, the person holding such permit may, while the tags or seals remain upon said birds and animals and parts thereof, retain possession of the same until consumed; provided, that nothing in this chapter contained shall prevent a person from disposing of as a gift any of the birds and animals mentioned herein. The having in possession of any game bird or animal of any part thereof which is not so tagged and sealed, or for which a retention permit has not been received, except during the open season and five (5) days thereafter, is hereby made unlawful. Any such game bird or game animal, or any part thereof, had or held in possession by any person during the season when it is unlawful to have the same in possession, is hereby declared contraband and the right of any such person to retain or use the same shall cease. Any person who shall destroy, imitate or duplicate any tag or seal attached to any bird or animal, or part thereof, or who shall ship, sell or dispose of any bird or animal, or any part thereof, which has been tagged, or sealed as aforesaid, or for which a permit to keep and use the same has been issued, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five ($25) nor more than fifty dollars ($50) and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) nor more than sixty (60) days for each and every bird or animal or part thereof, so shipped, sold or disposed of.

Sec. 38. Mink, Muskrat, Otter, Beaver—No person shall catch, take or kill any mink, muskrat, otter or beaver between the first day of May and the first day of November following. Provided, that when any of the animals mentioned in this section are doing damage to or destroying any property the persons whose property is being damaged or destroyed may kill them at any time.

Sec. 39. Harmless Birds—Game Birds Defined—No person shall catch, take, kill, ship or cause to be shipped to any person within or without the state, purchase, offer or expose for sale, sell to any one, have in possession with intent to sell, or have in possession or under control at any time, living or dead, any wild bird other than a game bird, nor any part thereof, and for the purposes of this chapter the following only shall be considered game birds. The Antidas, commonly known as swan, geese, brant, river and sea ducks, the limolae, commonly known as plover, snipe and woodcock, the gallinae, commonly known as grouse, prairie chickens, pheasants, partridges and quail; provided, that blackbirds, crows, English sparrows, sharp-shinned hawks, cooper hawks and greathorned owls, may be killed and had in possession at any time, but nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the keeping, and sale of song birds as domestic pets.

FISH.

Sec. 40. Fish May be Taken, When—No person shall catch, take, kill or have in possession or under control, for any purpose, whatever, any of the fish hereinafter mentioned within the periods herein limited, to wit: Any variety of trout, except lake trout, between the first day of September and the fifteenth day of April following; any black, grey or Oswego bass between the first day of March and the twenty-ninth day of May following; any variety of pike, muskallonge, croppie, perch, sunfish, sturgeon, catfish or any other variety of fish between the first day of March and the first day of May following.

Sec. 41. Manner of Taking—No person shall catch, take or kill more than twenty-five (25) fish, except sunfish, perch, pickerel or bullheads in any one day, nor in any other manner than by angling for them, with a hook and line held in the hand, or attached to a rod so held, nor with more than one line or with more than one hook attached thereto; and no person shall have in his possession any fish caught, taken or killed in any of the waters of this state, except as provided in this chapter.

Provided, that pickerel, suckers, redhorse, carp and bullheads may be taken with a spear without limit at any time and artificial lights may be used in so doing.

Provided, further, that in all of the inland lakes in this state, permission having been granted therefor, but not otherwise, a net may be used for the purpose of taking and catching whitefish or treliples from November tenth to December tenth of the same year. Said net shall not exceed two hundred (200) feet in length and four (4) feet in width, and the meshes of said net shall not be less than three and one-half (3½) inches in size of mesh when the same is extended.

Any person desiring to use any such net shall first make application for a permit therefor to the commission, in writing, and shall state that the said net is to be used by them for the purpose of obtaining fish for their own domestic use and not for the purpose of sale, which application shall be accompanied by a fee of one dollar ($1.00) for each net, but no person shall be permitted to use more than two (2) of such nets.

Sec. 42. Netting in Mississippi River Within State—Except in certain portions of the Mississippi river hereinafter defined, and in certain defined boundary waters of the state, a pound net, seine or dip net may be used in the Mississippi river from the Falls of St. Anthony to a point one thousand (1,000) feet above the mouth of the St. Croix river for catching sturgeon, red-horse, dogfish, buffalo fish, catfish, pickerel, carp and suckers, but no such net or seine shall be used within a distance of one thousand (1,000) feet from the mouth of any stream, and that the said pound net shall not exceed seventy-five feet in length, and the length of such seine shall not exceed one hundred and fifty (150) feet. The mesh in said net or seine shall not be less than two and one-half (2½) inches in the bar and five (5) inches when the same is extended, and before any such pound net or seine is used the person desiring to use the same shall first make application therefor to the game and fish commission of this state for permission to use such net or seine, which application shall state the name of the person and the place where the applicant desires to use the same, and which application shall be accompanied by a fee of five dollars ($5.00) for every net desired to be used.

The commission may issue such a permit for the use of such net or seine to such applicant, which permit shall be for one season only. The person to whom such permit or license is issued shall not change the location of such net or seine without first giving written notice of his intention to do so to the commission, and in such notice describing the place to which he intends to remove his or her net or seine.

Sec. 43. Netting in International Waters—Penalty—The game and fish commission is hereby authorized to license the use, in international waters, of pound nets of the character and subject to the regulations hereinafter contained, and to issue licenses therefor.

The size of the mesh of the pot or pound of the pound net shall not be less than one and three-quarters (1¾) inches, bar measure, or three and one half (3½) inches extension measure. Said pound nets may be set in strings, but no string of such nets shall exceed three (3) in number and the leads of such nets shall in no case exceed the following lengths: The shore lead eighty (80) rods and the leads between the pounds or pots fifty (50) rods in length. Said net or string of nets shall not be less than twenty-five hundred (2,500) feet apart, nor within five hundred (500) feet of the mouth of any stream; and for every ten (10) miles of net set there shall remain an open space of five (5) miles where no net shall be set, which five (5) miles space shall be in excess of the twenty-five hundred (2,500) feet above mentioned. Any one desiring to use such nets or string of nets shall, before so doing, make written application for such privilege to the commission, setting forth therein the name of the applicant, the number of nets, desired to be used with an accurate description in detail of each net, the waters in which it is desired to set in, and a statement of the location of all other nets then in use in such waters situated within five thousand (5,000) feet of the place where it is desired to set such nets, which application shall be accompanied by a license fee of twenty-five dollars (25) for each net. The commission may issue a license to the applicant who shall be a citizen of the United States. Said license shall not be transferable and shall be good for one (1) fishing season only. Said license shall premit the use of so many of said nets at the place indicated in said application as the commission shall deem for the best interest of the state. Said commission shall retain twenty-five dollars (25) for each net so licensed. The commission shall not issue to any one person for the use or benefit of such applicant a license to use more than fifty (50) nets during a single fishing season and, whenever more than one person shall apply for a license to fish in the same locality, the priority of such application shall be determined in such manner as the commission may designate. No such license shall be issued authorizing the use of any net or nets in international waters between the first day of April and the twentieth day of May following, and it shall be unlawful for any person to assist in placing or place any such net during such season.

Each applicant to whom a license is issued shall make a written report at the end of such fishing season to said commission, stating the number of nets used and where used by him, and the amount in number, kind and the pounds of each kind of fish taken by him in each net.

Any pound net, seine or dip net which is being used without a license or any pound net, seine or dip net which is being used in violation of a license, issued for its use, is hereby declared to be and is a public nuisance, and it shall be the duty of all the members of the commission, game wardens, sheriffs and their deputies, police officers and constables, without warrant, of process, to take, seize, abate and destroy any and all of the same.

The commission, game wardens, sheriffs, and their deputies, police officers and constables, shall seize any and all nets and seines when illegally used and all fish taken therewith, and at once report the seizure to the commission.

Every person using, aiding or abetting the use of any such net contrary to the provisions of this section, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of one hundred dollars ($100) or by imprisonment in the county jail for ninety (90) days for each and every net so illegally used.

Sec. 44. Fishing Near Fishways—No person shall catch, take or kill any fish in any lake or stream within four hundred (400) feet of any fishway, or have in his possession or under his control any fish so caught, taken or killed.

Sec. 45. Use of Drugs, Dynamite, Traps, Etc.—No person shall lay, set, use or prepare any drug, poison, lime, medicated bait, fish berries, dynamite, or any other deleterious substance whatever, or lay, stretch or place any tip-up, trap, snare, set or trot-line, or any wire string, rope or cable of any sort in any of the waters of this state with intent to thereby or therewith catch, take or kill any fish.

Sec. 46. Fish Houses—No person shall erect, have or maintain upon the ice in any of the waters of this state any fish house, structure, enclosure or shelter whatever to protect the person of the occupant while engaged in fishing through the ice.

Except, that on all inland lakes of this state, a fish house may be used for the purpose of taking pickerel, suckers and redhorse, from the fifteenth of December to the first of April following; Provided, further, that any person desiring to use such house shall first make application for a permit for such use to, and obtain such permit from, the game and fish commission, stating that the same is to be used by him for the purpose of obtaining fish for his domestic use and not for commercial purposes, which application shall be accompanied by a fee of one dollar, but no such person shall be permitted to use more than one fish house.

Sec. 47. Sale of Trout, Black and Grey Bass—No person shall have in possession for sale, or with intent to sell, expose or offer for sale or sell to any person, any brook trout, or grey, black or Oswego bass, at any time, or ship, cause to be shipped, or have in possession with intent to ship, to any person, either within or without the state, any such fish, or have any black, grey or Oswego bass in his possession during the season for taking the same, or any trout during the closed season, except they are caught in a private hatchery.

Sec. 48. Size of Fish to Be Taken—No person shall at any time catch, take, kill or have in possession or under control any fish for any purpose whatever, except minnows for bait, rock bass, sunfish and bullheads that are less than six inches in length. Any person catching such fish shall at once return same to the water from which they are taken with as little injury as possible.

No person shall take, kill, have in possession for sale or with intent to sell, offer or expose for sale, or have in possession or under control for any purpose whatever any lake trout or whitefish of less than two pounds, round or undressed weight, or one and one-half pounds, dressed weight, or any wall-eyed pike of less than fourteen inches in length or one pound round or undressed weight, or any muskalonge less than thirty inches in length, or any blue pike or sangers of less than ten inches in length. Measurement in each case to be made from the tip of the snout to the fork of the tail. Any such fish when caught shall be immediately returned to the water.

Sec. 49. Fishing in Lake Superior—Fish of any description shall not be caught with nets or seines in the waters of Lake Superior under the jurisdiction of the State of Minnesota, between the fifteenth day of October and the thirtieth day of November following. No person shall take, catch or have in possession or under his control for any purpose whatever, any sturgeon caught in Lake Superior prior to June 1st, 1910.

Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred (100) nor more than five hundred (500) dollars, and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) nor more than ninety (90) days for each and every net so used, had or maintained.

Sec. 50. Shipping Outside of State—No person shall ship, have in possession with intent to ship or cause to be shipped beyond the borders of this state any fish of the kinds mentioned in this chapter, except as herein provided, except that the commission may give a written permit to any responsible person (a bona fide resident of this state) to ship fish commonly known as bullheads, buffalo fish, carp, redhorse, suckers, sheephead, eel-pout, garfish, dogfish, sturgeon and catfish out of the state upon such reasonable conditions as it may adopt. Provided, further, that any non-resident of this state who is desirous of taking any fish beyond its boundaries for his personal use may carry with him on the same train or conveyance, not to exceed fifty pounds of fish caught by him. Provided further, that all boxes and packages containing fish, or all boxes, bags, or packages of any description used in shipping fish, either within or without this state, shall be plainly marked with the name and address of the consignor and consignee, and with the contents of the package.

Sec. 51. Sale of Fish Prohibited, When—No person shall sell, have in possession with intent to sell, or offer for sale any fish caught in any lake situated partly or wholly within a county in this state that has a population of one hundred and fifty thousand, or over.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

Sec. 52. Game and Fish Taken in One Day—No person shall wantonly waste or destroy any of the birds, animals or fish of the kinds mentioned in this chapter. The catching, taking or killing of more than fifteen birds by any one person in any one day, or the catching, taking or killing of more than twenty-five fish by any one person in any one day; except fish caught, taken or killed in the Mississippi river or international waters with nets or seines, as by this chapter permitted, shall be deemed a wanton waste, and destruction of all such birds or fish caught, taken or killed in excess of such number.

Sec. 53. State Parks—No person shall pursue, hunt, take, catch, or kill any wild bird or animal of any kind within the limits of any territory set apart, designated, used or maintained as a state public park, or within one-half mile of the outer limits thereof or have any such bird or animal or any part thereof in his possession or under his control within said park or within one-half mile of said outer limits.

No person shall have in his possession within any such park or within one-half mile of the outer limits thereof, any gun, revolver, or other firearm, unless the same is unloaded, and except after the same has been sealed by the park commissioner, or a deputy appointed by him, and except also such gun or other firearm at all times during which it may be lawfully had in such park remains so sealed and unloaded. Upon application to the park commissioner or any deputy appointed by him, it is hereby made his duty to securely seal any gun or firearm in such a manner that it cannot be loaded or discharged without breaking such seal. The provisions of this section shall apply to all persons including Indians.

Sec. 54. Sale of Game by Commission—The game and fish commission is hereby authorized to sell to residents of this state at the highest market price obtainable therefor, all furs, fish, game, game animals or game birds now or which may, hereafter come into its possession. The proceeds thereof shall be turned into the state treasury and credited to the game and fish commission funds. A record of such sales, including the name of the purchaser and the price paid, shall be kept by the commission. Said commission shall, before selling, tag the same in a manner to be determined by it.

Sec. 55. Game Shall Not be Resold—Fish, game, game animals and game birds, or any part thereof, sold pursuant to the terms of the foregoing section, shall not be resold, offered for sale or held for the purpose of sale, or otherwise disposed of, to any other person by said purchaser. Said game shall not be bought or taken into possession by any person other than said purchaser from the commission.

Sec. 56. Obstructing Commission—Gathering Spawn—No person shall obstruct the commission, its executive agent or any warden appointed by it while engaged in gathering fish spawn, nor shall any person place in any stream or river any logs or other debris at any time when said commission and its employes are gathering spawn, or about to gather spawn or catch fish for that purpose in any such stream or river. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor. The commission may institute a civil action in the name of the state to recover from any person or persons obstructing it in the performance of its duties, or who shall place logs or other debris in such stream, for all damages resulting therefrom, and in addition thereto may in such action enjoin such party or parties from doing the acts hereby prohibited.

Sec. 57. Appropriation—The sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated annually, commencing August 1, 1905, for the purpose of carrying on and enforcing the provisions of this chapter, to be paid for such purpose out of any moneys in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 58. Illegal Use of Coupons—Any person who uses any coupon described in this chapter other than those issued and delivered to him personally by the county auditor in the shipping or transporting of any game bird or animal or any part thereof, or uses such coupon for any purpose or in any manner other than in this chapter authorized shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 59. Coupons—Conspiracy.—Any person who solicits, or directly or indirectly procures the issuance and delivery of any such coupon to any fictitious person or persons other than himself and uses it in any manner, or who obtains possession of any such coupon and delivers it to any person, or who solicits or procures the shipment to himself or any third person, from another, of any game bird or game animal or any part thereof shall be guilty of a conspiracy to violate the game laws and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars for the first offense and confined in the county jail not less than sixty or over ninety days for the second offense, and confined in the state prison at Stillwater not less than sixty days for each subsequent offense.

Sec. 60. Cold Storage—The placing or receiving within or storage of any game bird or game animal, or any part thereof, in any cold storage plant is hereby prohibited and made unlawful.

PENALTIES.

Sec. 61. Resisting Commissioner or Warden—Whoever shall resist or obstruct the executive agent of said commission, or any member thereof, or any warden or other officers of this state, in the discharge of his duties under this chapter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof be punished by a fine of not less than fifty (50) nor more than one hundred (100) dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than sixty (60) nor more than ninety (90) days for each and every offense.

Sec. 62. Killing, Selling, Buying or Shipping Moose and Deer—Any person who takes or kills, has in possession, has in possession with intent to sell, sells, offers or exposes for sale, ships by common carrier, conveys or causes to be conveyed, has in possession with intent to so ship, or to convey in any manner, to any point within or without this state, any moose, deer, or any part thereof, including the hides and horns, or any person who buys any such game animal, or any part thereof, in violation of any of the provisions of this chapter, or any common carrier or agent thereof who ships or aids or abets any person in shipping any such game animal or any part thereof, or has possession of the same with intent to ship or transport or convey to any point either within or without this state, contrary to any of the provisions of this chapter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and be punished by a fine of not less than fifty (50) or more than one hundred (100) dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) nor more than ninety (90) days for each and every moose or deer, or any part thereof, including the hide and horns, taken, caught, killed, sold, offered or exposed for sale, had in possession, or had in possession with intent to sell, shipped by common carrier or conveyed in any manner, or had in possession with intent to so ship, or transport to any point within or without this state in violation of any provisions of this chapter; provided, however, that such fine shall not exceed two thousand (2,000) dollars, or such imprisonment exceed the term of one (1) year.

Sec. 63. Taking, Killing, Selling, or Shipping Game Birds and Fish—Any person who takes, catches, or kills, has in possession, or has in possession with intent to sell, sells, offers or exposes for sale, ships by common carrier, conveys or causes to be conveyed, has in possession with intent to so ship or convey to any point either within or without this state any game bird or fish or any part thereof, in violation of any of the provisions of this chapter, or any common carrier or agent thereof who aids or abets any person in shipping such game birds or fish, or has the same in possession with intent to ship or convey, to any point either within or without this state, contrary to any of the provisions of this chapter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof be punished by a fine of not less than ten (10) nor more than one hundred (100) dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than ten (10) nor more than sixty (60) days for each and every game bird or fish or part thereof, taken, caught, killed, sold, offered or exposed for sale, had in possession, or had in possession with intent to sell shipped by common carrier, or transported in any manner, or had in possession with intent to so ship or transport to any point within or without this state, in violation of any of the provisions of this chapter; provided, however, that such fine shall not exceed two thousand (2,000) dollars or such imprisonment exceed the term of one (1) year.

Sec. 64. Attempts—Any attempt to violate any of the provisions of any section of this chapter shall be deemed a violation of such provision, and any person attempting to violate any of the provisions of any section of this chapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof punished by a fine of not less than ten (10) nor more than fifty (50) dollars, and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than ten (10) nor more than sixty (60) days for each and every offense.

Sec. 65. Hunting Without License—Any person, either a resident or non-resident of this state who shall hunt, take or kill any of the game birds or game animals in this state, without having first procured a license therefor as provided by this chapter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five (25) nor more than one hundred (100) dollars, and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than ten (10) nor more than ninety (90) days for each and every offense.

Sec. 66. Harmless Birds—Any person who takes, catches, kills, ships or causes to be shipped to any person within or without this state, purchases, offers, or exposes for sale, sells, has in possession, has in possession with intent to sell, any harmless bird, either living or dead, or any part thereof, in violation of the terms of section thirty-nine (39) of this chapter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof punished by a fine of not less than ten (10) nor more than twenty-five (25) dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) days, for each and every bird or any part thereof so caught, taken, killed, shipped or caused to be shipped to any person, either within or without this state, purchased or sold to any one, had in possession with intent to sell, offered or exposed for sale, or had in possession or under his control. This section shall not be construed to apply to the keeping or selling of parrots or song birds as domestic pets.

Section 67. General Penalty. Any person who violates any provision of this chapter for which a penalty has not been heretofore specifically provided, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and be punished by a fine of not less than ten (10) nor more than fifty (50) dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) nor more than sixty (60) days.

Sec. 68. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 69. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 19, 1905.

CHAPTER 345—S. F. NO. 218.

AN ACT to amend chapter 261 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1903, entitled "An act abolishing days of grace and fixing the maturity of negotiable instruments and other evidences of indebtedness."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That chapter 261 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1903, entitled "An act abolishing days of grace and fixing the maturity of negotiable instruments and other evidences of indebtedness, except drafts drawn at sight," be and the same is hereby amended as follows:

That section one (1), of said chapter 261 be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 1. No promissory note, draft, check, acceptance, bill of exchange or other evidence of indebtedness, shall be entitled to days of grace, but the same shall be payable at the time fixed therein without grace.

That section two (2) of said chapter 261 be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 2. All promissory notes, drafts, checks, acceptances, bills of exchange, or other evidences of indebtedness, falling due or maturing on Good Friday, Thanksgiving Day, Sunday, or on any legal holiday, shall be deemed due or maturing on the next succeeding business day; and when Sunday and one or more legal holidays, or two or more legal holidays, fall on the same day, the following day shall be deemed a legal holiday, and when Sunday and one or more legal holidays, or two or more legal holidays, immediately succeed each other, then such insturment, paper or indebtedness shall be deemed as due or maturing on the day following the last of such days.

Sec. 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after June 30th, 1905.

Approved April 18, 1905.

CHAPTER 346—H. F. No. 839.

AN ACT prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors and for the granting of license for the sale of spirituous and vinous liquors and providing for a penalty for the violation thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That whoever on his own behalf or as an agent for others, without having a license so to do as provided for in this act, shall solicit any person or persons, firm or corporation or association not having a license to keep a dram shop or saloon under the laws of this state or to a licensed physician or druggist to buy or contract for the future delivery or to make order for any spirituous or vinous liquors in any less quantity than five (5) gallons or either on his own behalf or as said agent or as an agent for the purchaser make an order contracting for the future delivery of any such liquors to any said person, persons, firm, corporation or association shall be subject to a fine of not less than fifty ($50.00) dollars and not exceeding five hundred ($500.00) dollars and to imprisonment in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than ninety (90) days or both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 2. The board of county commissioners may grant license to persons to act on their own behalf or as agents for others in the sale of spirituous or vinous liquors for future delivery in quantities not less than five (5) gallons to others than those duly licensed to keep a dram shop or saloon under the laws of the state in their respective counties as they think for the public good requires. Upon the application by said patitioner of a hundred of the legal voters and residents of said county and before said license shall be issued, said applicant shall furnish good and sufficient bond in the sum of not less than one thousand ($1,000.00) dollars or more than three thousand dollars to be approved by the chairman of the board of county commissioners and the judge of the district court of said district, conditioned that the person so licensed will not violate the conditions of this act and that the fines assessed against the applicant or owner of said license for violation of this act will upon final judgment against him be fully paid and said license shall set forth the name of the licensee, his place of residence, the place where said agency is to be exercised and the length of time he is authorized to act. The name of his principal business, the place where his principal business is located and in case he is acting ac agent, the name of the sureties of his bond and such other information pertaining to the granting of said license as said board of county commissioners may require in a book provided for that purpose by the county clerk of the county in which such license shall be issued and said license shall be signed by the chairman of the county board and attested by the clerk of the court of said county. No such llmense shall issue for less than $500.00 per annum nor for a shorter time than one year and the payment of a license fee for the term of one year shall be conditioned precedent to the issuance of said license, such fee shall be collected by the clerk of the court of said county to be paid by him immediately into the county treasury of such county to become a part of the general school fund of said county. Provided, however, that nothing in this act shall prohibit an person, firm, corporation or association upon their own behalf of becoming an agent from soliciting for the sale of liquors herein enumerated within the limits of any city or village for which they have a city or village license for the sale of said liquors.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 20, 1905.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
Department of State.

I, P. E. Hanson, secretary of state of Minnesota, do hereby certify that the foregoing general laws, passed by the legislature of 1905 have been compared with the enrolled copies of said laws deposited in the office of the secretary of state, and they are true and correct copies of said enrolled laws.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand this 20th day of April, A. D. 1905.

(Seal.) P. E. HANSON,
Secretary of State.

A Bunch of Storyettes

Grave and Gay, Historical, Epigramatic and Otherwise.

In an English court, recently, a man was fined £2 for contempt of court. He offered a £5 note in payment, but was told by the clerk that he had no change. "Oh, keep the change," was the reply; "I'll take it out in contempt."

+ + +

An American lady living in Paris once had occasion to reprimand a parlor maid for shameful neglect of duty. "Marie," said she, "there's a month's dust on this table!" At this observation, the maid gave a toss of the head, saying: "Surely, madam cannot censure me for that, seeing that I have been in madam's employ but two weeks!"

+ + +

A Frenchwoman was complaining to her husband that he was too much of a bookworm; that he retired too often to his study, leaving her to spend many evenings alone. "I wish," she ended, plaintively, "that I were a book. Then I might always have your company." "In that case, my dear," the Frenchman answered, "I'd wish you were an almanac. Then I could change you once a year."

+ + +

Charles Battell Loomis, the author, has an extremely serious cast of countenance. One day he made a call on Henry Meyer at the latter's studio. While they were chatting, entered Ernest Haskell, the illustrator, whose general resemblance to Loomis is most striking. Meyer gazed at the two for a moment, and then exclaimed: "How much you fellows look alike. Oh, I beg your pardon—both your pardons, I mean."

+ + +

The German emperor, during one of his forest excursions on the occasion of the visit of the czar of Russia, was about to light his cigar, but found he had forgotten the knife that he used to cut off the end. The czar was no better provided, so one of the forest keepers stepped forward and proffered his own. The emperor used it, and then returned it, saying, impressively: "Take back your knife. It is now an historic relic."

+ + +

Senator Kittridge of South Dakota says that one of the greatest mining properties in the Black Hills country was named after the wife of the prospector. He and his wife had been digging together for some time, when one morning the man disturbed a huge boulder, and beneath it he discovered "pay dirt," which led to quartz. When the claim was entered, although the man had discovered the mine, his wife insisted upon having it named for her, and that is how it happened that the great mine was named "The Holy Terror."

+ + +

That new associations do not change the old trend of ideas was illustrated in New York recently, when P. Henry Roche, who used to be a political leader and a lawmaker, but now runs a hotel, climbed to the top of the tall tower of the Times building. With wondering eyes he gazed down upon the great city spread for miles in all directions. After taking in the immense panoramic view, he gasped: "Gee! What a lot of assembly districts you can see from here."

+ + +

A country clergyman called on Henry Ward Beecher and asked his advice about what to do with persons who go to sleep in church, something which had become quite prevalent in his congregation. Mr. Beecher listened very attentively, admitted that it was serious, and then said: "When I first came to Plymouth church I thought about this problem, and I will tell you the course I decided upon. I gave the sexton strict orders that if he saw any person asleep in my congregation he should go straight to the pulpit and wake up the minister."

+ + +

Rev. Silas Swallow tells that when he was a student at the Wyoming seminary, a farmer came to Kingston to visit his nephew, a student there. The uncle had some decidedly urban customs, including the habit of pouring his tea into his saucer. This greatly annoyed the nephew, who at last said: "Uncle, why do you pour your tea into the saucer?" The old farmer looked up in surprise. Then he said, in a loud, hearty voice: "To cool it," to be sure. The more air surface you give it the quicker it cools. These here modern seminaries don't teach much science, do they?"

+ + +

Senator La Follette of Wisconsin tells of a lady in Chicago, who was very unhappy over the marriage of her daughter to an official in Washington, and she told her griefs to all of her friends. They were all surprised when she returned from an extended visit to the national capital and announced that she had become reconciled to her son-in-law; and thus she explained it:

"We done no callin' together, until there come a White House reception; an' that I was 'bleeged to go with him as well as with Emily. So after we was there an' I saw how poplar he was an' how han'some he looked in his official garbage, my heart give way, an' I says to Emily: 'All right, Em., exit homo.'"

+ + +

Those who know J. Pierpont Morgan intimately know how intolerant he is of the man of vacillating mind. On one occasion he had been made very impatient by the president of an organization in which he was a director. An important matter was hanging fire, and for three consecutive days the board had gathered about the long, polished table in the director's room. At each meeting the president "wabbled" more and more, first this way, then that, and at each meeting Mr. Morgan grew more and more restive. Turning to a neighbor he suddenly exclaimed:

"Our president is either a very Machiavelli in his methods of fencing for time or else the finest specimen of a jelly-fish I ever saw." Then, rising and in a tone of great suavity, he asked:

"Mr. President, if you please, may we have your 5 o'clock opinion?"

+ + +

A distinguished Southern statesman tarried long with convivial friends a few afternoons ago. When it came time for him to go to dinner he was somewhat unsteady, but very dignified. He saw as soon as he sat down at his table in the dining room that it would be necessary for him to do something to divert his wife's suspicions, and he seized on the appearance of another and equally distinguished Southern statesman, who had been with him all the afternoon, as a topic of conversation. "Isn't it a shame," he said, as the other stateman made his way to his seat at the next table—"isn't it a shame that the judge drinks? I am very sorry to see it. It pains me much." His wife remarked: "Is it possible that the judge has been drinking?" "My dear," said the statesman, summoning all his will-power and drawing himself up in his chair, "is it possible that you cannot tell when a man has been drinking?"

+ + +

Isidor Raynor, the new senator from Maryland, has been a leading lawyer in that state for thirty years. He was in congress while the McKinley tariff bill was under discussion. One day, while arguing an amendment, he casually remarked that "everything is either a luxury or a necessity." Here he was interrupted with a question from a member who generally kept himself in most unkempt condition. "I understand you to say that everything is either a luxury or a necessity," said the disheveled member; "now, I have just taken a bath. Which would you call that?" Angered at such a trivial interruption, Mr. Raynor replied, icily: "In your case it is both a necessity and a luxury; a necessity because you need it so badly, and a luxury because you take it so rarely."

+ + +

A lecturer who has always flattered himself that he was in the front rank of public speakers felt a trifle indignant over his introduction to a Western audience by the chairman of the committee having charge of the town lecture course. It was the opening night of the course and the chairman said,

"Ladies and gentlemen: This is, as you know, the opening night of our town lecture course. I think that most of you know that our lecture course last winter was not a financial success and we ran behind nearly $100. To avoid a recurrence of this we have this year engaged cheaper talent, the first of which will now address you."

+ + +

The late Capt. Alfred Rice, the noted shad fisherman of the Delaware river, was no less remarkable for personal cleanliness than for his unequaled handling of the mile-long shad seine.

Capt. Rice was not only clean and neat himself; he insisted upon cleanliness and neatness in his men. If a new man proved to be a sloven, he very soon mended his ways under the captain's frank criticisms or else he sought another job.

There was a new man, one shad season, who always wore a dirty white shirt. In shad fishing it is best to wear a black jersey. If, however, a white shirt is chosen, there is no reason why it should not be a clean one. So, at least, Capt. Rice thought.

He stood his new man's dirty white shirts for a month. Then, calling the fisherman up to him, he said:

"Friend, who the deuce is it that you always get to wear your shirts the first week for you?"

Senator Teller of Colorado tells of an occurrence when he was secretary of the interior during the administration of President Arthur. You know, the secretary of interior has supervision over the Indians, public lands and other official bureaus. There had been a political meeting in New York which President Arthur and all of the members of his cabinet attended. They left New York on a midnight train, and were due in Washington at 8 o'clock the next morning. They were all awake and dressed for breakfast at 7 a. m., in Baltimore; all excepting Postmaster General Frank Hatton, whose entire suit of clothes had been stolen during the night, and with it his watch and considerable money.

Everybody sympathizd with the postmaster general; but they didn't know Frank Hatton. He was the editor of the Burlington Hawkeye, when that was a great humorous newspaper; and Frank Hatton never shed a tear after his boyhood, but always looked on the funny side of life. This he did on that occasion. He was swarthy as an Indian, and wore long black hair. Calling the Pullman porter, he asked for a feather dusting brush. When it was handed to him in his sleeper berth, he poked the handle down his back, which left the long feathers waving above his head. Then throwing a red blanket over his shoulders, he stepped out before President Arthur and cabinet, and said;

"Mr. President, I want you to make Secretary Teller send me back to the reservation. White man heap belly bad."

Quicksilver on Grappling Irons.

The use of mercury in the search for a body in the canal at Brentford this week is not altogether unprecedented.

The advantage of mercury is that it finds a lower level than any other substance that could be employed for weighting grappling irons, and is of advantage in searching through mud or sand into which a body has sunk beyond the reach of ordinary dragging implements.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Mrs. Wise—How do you like the new nurse girl? Mr. Wise—Great. Mrs. Wise—I thought so. That's why I fired her this morning.—Boston Globe.

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Common Causes of Dreams

"A most remarkable and puzzling affair has just happened in our family," said a young man to his physician a few days ago. "An old aunt of mine living in a town not far from here, dreamed for two or three nights in succession that she was being cut in two or had met with some other dreadful accident.

"She was very much disturbed over it, thinking it must be a bad omen, but, as she did not believe in fortune telling or anything of that sort, she made up her mind to consult an old friend of hers who was a specialist in nervous diseases. Some of her relatives smiled when they heard of her intention, and said her dreams were due to nothing worse than a slight attack of indigestion easily curable by some simple household remedy, and that she was making altogether too much fuss over the matter.

"Always extremely careful in her diet, and having none of the symptoms of indigestion, this explanation did not satisfy her. She went to the specialist, who prescribed for her, and she came home in a much more cheerful frame of mind. Now comes the part of the story that puzzles me. The specialist sent for her son, and warned him that perhaps his mother had not long to live, as persistent dreams of a bad kind in a woman of her age were sometimes a sign of impending death. That very night she had an apoplectic stroke, and died within a few hours. How do you explain an occurrence of this kind, doctor?"

"What do you think of it yourself?" asked the physician.

"I don't know. Like my aunt, I am not at all superstitious, and yet I cannot help thinking that now and again people do receive in dreams warning of impending calamity or approaching death."

"The whole subject of dreams," said the physician, "takes us into a region that has not yet been fully explored. In general, it may be said that dreams are the confused recollections of what we have seen and heard in our waking hours, of impressions and ideas lately received and of ideas more or less closely associated with them. Probably most dreams are caused by certain morbid or uncomfortable states of the body during sleep. The specialist who foretold the death of your aunt based his prophecy on this fact."

"But how could she tell him what state her body was in during sleep. Apparently she was not suffering from any disease."

"Such information is not always necessary. It is a well-known medical fact that often before the signs of disease appear, morbid dreams occur—prodromic dreams, as they are technically called—and in some cases each disease has its own peculiar dream. Thus heart disease is frequently accompanied by dreams of impending death; previous to attacks of cerebral hemorrhage patients dream of experiencing some frightful calamity as of being cut in two, which your aunt dreamed; intermittent fever may be announced by dreams of a terrifying character, and these are also among the signs of cerebral congestion. Dreams about fire have sometimes, in women, occurred just before hemorrhage; dreams about blood and red objects are common in inflammatory conditions. When a person dreams of distorted forms there is abdominal obstruction or his liver is not in good order. And so with many other diseases."

"But," said the young man, "what is it, precisely, that starts one dreaming in this fashion?"

"Some bodily sensation over which the imagination runs riot in that half-awake condition in which dreams commonly occur. The reflective faculties of the mind, judgment, reason, volition, the powers of choice and control, are all in abeyance, and so there is an unbridled sway of the imagination and an incoherent association of ideas.

"This has been proved by actual experiment. One scientist, practicing on another, found that when the lips were tickled there was a dream of pitch plaster being torn from the lips; when tweezers were made to vibrate near the ear, there was a dream of church bells, and so on. But such dreams are the common experience of us all. Who has not had a frightful nightmare because of an indigestible or heavy meal eaten late at night?

"The sense of suffocation in sleep is often due to imperfect ventilation of the bedroom. If the room is too hot, we dream of burning houses. The dreadful sensation of falling from a great height may be due to nothing more than the involuntary movement of the foot. The evolutionists, however, say that this common dream is an unpleasant legacy from our remote ancestors of the ape family, who were accustomed to sleep on the branches of trees, and when they lost their hold—as they did sometimes—the consequences were so serious as to make the incident a perpetual nightmare to them and their descendants ever afterward.

"Physicians are occasionally responsible for bad dreams. A man fell on his head, and to ward off inflammation of the brain his physicians put a strong plaster on his head, and this gave the patient considerable pain. Toward morning he fell asleep, and dreamed very distinctly that he had fallen into the hands of a party of Indians who were scalping him. Here is another instance of a more remarkable dream of the same kind. An English general in Hindustan was moving about from place to place with a regiment of soldiers, ridding the country of the native robbers and murderers called 'thugs.' His wife one morning urgently entreated him to move their tents from the spot—a lovely opening in a jungle—where they had been pitched the previous evening. She said she had been haunted all night by dreams of dead men. During the day, some time after this conversation had taken place, the general received information that made him give orders to have the whole of the ground where the tents had been pitched thoroughly dug up. This was done, and the bodies of fourteen human beings, who had been murdered by the thugs, were discovered.

"The odor of putrefaction from these corpses had suggested to the general's wife her horrible dream of seeing dead men all night. It is not difficult to see that not so very long ago, when faith in the supernatural was more vigorous than it is now, and no explanation of this kind would have occurred to any one, such a dream, with the subsequent discovery, might very well have been taken for a revelation from the other world.

"There was certainly nothing supernatural about the dream of your aunt. The diseased cerebral blood vessels, some of which were on the point of rupturing, disturbed the circulation of blood in the brain, causing certain subjective symptoms which gave rise to her dreadful dream. The nerve specialist worked backward from the dream to the diseased blood vessels; hence his prophecy of your aunt's death.

"Of course, it would be very foolish to imagine from anything I have said that every time a person has an unpleasant dream something dreadful is going to happen; on the contrary, it has been pointed out that the most frightful dreams may have a very trivial cause. But when for several nights in succession an elderly person has a terrifying dream of a particular kind it may be well to see if it does not depend on a morbid condition of the system. Is all this quite clear to you?"

"Quite. If a person, then, is in sound health and his body comfortably disposed during sleep, he ought not to dream at all?"

"No. At least not when he is sleeping deeply. When half awake he may have many dreams, but usually they are of no consequence. A quiet mind, a healthy body, no late, heavy meals, a moderately warmed, well ventilated bedroom, a fairly hard mattress, hours of sleep just long enough for mental and physical recuperation—these are the requirements of a sound, refreshing, dreamless sleep."—Newark News.

Meteorites ....and.... Mortgages

How Some Kansas Farmers Have Redeemed Their Farms From Foreclosure.

Dr. F. H. Snow of the University of Kansas has, in the past fifteen years, brought together an unusual collection of meteoric stones that have fallen in Kansas. Some of them have a historic as well as a scientific interest. The finding of more than one of the lot has saved a farmer from the man who held the mortgage. During some years of this period, meteor hunting became the popular pastime among the Kiowa county farmers, and Dr. Snow got with certain of the stones romantic stories of their discovery.

It was in 1890 that the attention of Dr. Snow was called to the existence of a collection of meteoric stones in the hands of a farmer named Kimberly. Some years before a shower of the stones had fallen. The cowboys knew where many of them were, and, knowing nothing of their value, readily told the farmer. Mrs. Kimberly, in the course of her reading, learned that meteorites were valuable. Her husband was skeptical and traded his collection, one by one, for whatever a neighbor would give. The wife promptly bought the stones and kept them. When Dr. Snow heard of the Kimberly hoard he bought it, paying a price large enough to lift the mortgage from the Kiowa county farm.

The Kansas collector bought for $500 a 218-pound stone that had been placed on exhibition by a farmer in a country grocery store. The bargain was made while the owner and Dr. Snow drove to the store. When they arrived a telegram from a New York jewelry firm was handed to the owner, in which $1,100 was offered for the prize. From a son of the farmer Kimberly already mentioned Dr. Snow bought one of his choicest specimens, and the money came, as had been the case with his father, in time to relieve a pressing need.

In Washington county, at the northern edge of the state, a tenant farmed named January was lucky enough to have a 188-pound stone fall almost at his feet. A 44-pound piece was broken from it when it struck and the canny finder drove a good trade in fragments chipped from the smaller piece. The large portion he mounted and exhibited, driving over a large portion of the state with his "meteorite show" and gathering in some hundreds of dollars in admission fees before Dr. Snow bought the stone.

A young woman school teacher, who saw this Washington county meteorite fall, described it in a letter to Dr. Snow: "I was driving along the road beside the cornfield in which January was plowing, when I heard a rumbling sound. I thought it was my parasol rubbing against the cart wheel. The sound frightened my horse. . . . Looking ahead, I saw a blue streak passing overhead. . . . Upon striking the ground it burst with great violence. . . . The meteor fell within fifty yards of where I was, and I drove to the place. It left a hole in the earth about three feet in diameter, two feet deep on the north side and three feet on the south side." The school teacher and the farmer dug the stone out—after quieting both the horse hitched to the cart and the plow team. Before the sale of this specimen was completed the owner of the farm, a New York woman, put in a claim for the stone on the ground that it belonged, like the soil, to the holder of the title.

During the time when meteorites were being found most often in Kiowa county, the farmers plowed their land deep and often. They illustrated the old fable of the poor man who prayed to the genii to show him the road to riches. In answer to his prayer the command to dig for the gold that was buried under his farm was given. Digging deep, and planting incidentally while searching for the gold, brought the riches he sought—from the markets. So the search for meteorites has, in one form or another, brought prosperity to the imaginative Kansas farmer.

Ancients and Lightning

Some Curious Superstitions of Classic Roman Writers.

As would naturally be anticipated, the popular superstitions and vagaries of imagination connected with death by lightning have assumed, in all primitive communities, the most grotesque forms, of which traces have survived in more enlightened times. Everything connected with lightning was uncanny, and no result was too inconceivable for belief. In that vast encyclopedia of human error, the "Natural History" of the elder Pliny, we find this fact copiously illustrated. We are there informed—in the quaint old English of Philemon Holland—that:

Vessels are drawne drie, and their sides, hoops and heads, never touchet therewith or hurt, nor any other shew and token thereof is left behinde. Gold, copper and silver money is melted in the bags, and yet the very bags no whit scorched; no, nor the wax of the seale hurt or defaced, or put out of order. Martia, a noble Ladie of Rome, being great with childe, was strucke with lightning; the childe she went withall was killed within her, and she without any harme at all lived still. Among the Cataline prodigies it is found upon Record, that M. Herennius (a Counselor and Statesman of the incorporate towns Pompeianum) was in a faire and cleare day smitten with lightning.

We are informed by the same authority that the "ancient Tuscanes" held that there were nine gods who possessed the power of sending forth lightning—of no less than eleven different varieties. The Romans attributed the lightnings of the daytime to Jupiter; those of the night to Pluto. Some of the more expert professed to have reason for their belief that the "burning lightning" came from the planet Mars, and the other variety from Saturn. Numa, the original legislator of the Roman republic, was credited with having been able to control the lightning; and when Tullius Hostillius tried to imitate his performances in that direction he was himself killed by a lightning stroke. Thunder and lightning were, of course, "auspicious," as all readers of Virgil know. "Those lightnings that are on the left hand, he supposed to be lucky and prosperous, for that the east is the left side of the world, but the coming thereof is not so much regarded as the return, whether the fire leaped back after the stroke given." Of all specimens of the vegetable kingdom, "lightning blasteth not the laurel tree." It is not without a special interest in the history of opinion and education to note the connections of this item of pagan superstitions through the laurel wreath of the Caesars, and the baccalaureatus of the Italian universities, with the bachelor—of university or of unmarried—life in our own scientific twentieth century). Of all the living inhabitants of the air, lightning never struck the eagle, on which account that bird was made the armor bearer of Jupiter; while among those of the sea, the seal (or sea-calf) enjoyed the privilege of corresponding immunity. The feelings with which some of the early Roman emperors regarded lightning have been placed on record by Luctorius. Of Augustus:

"Thunder and lightning he was much afraid of; insomuch as always and in every place he carried about him for a preservative remedy a seales skinne; yea, and whensoever he suspected there would be any extraordinarie storm of tempest, he would retire himself into a close secret roome under ground, and vaulted above head, which hee did, because once in time past, hee had been frightened with a flash of lightning."

We must illustrate the wisdom of this latter step by mentioning that Pliny informs his readers that lightning never penetrates the earth beyond a depth of five feet. The bodies of persons who had been struck by lightning were believed to be incorruptible, and even those persons who had been scorched, but not killed, were supposed to be distinguishable after death by the fact that they continued proof against the ravages of decomposition. Plutarch informs his readers (Holland's version) that:

"The dead bodies of those who have been killed by lightning continue above ground, and putrifie not; for many there be who will neither burn nor enterre such corses, but cast a trench or bank about, and so let them lie as within a rampart; so as such dead bodies are to be seen always above ground incorrupt, convincing Clymene in Eurypides of untruth, who, speaking of Phaethan, said thus:

"'Beloved mine, but see where dead he lies,
In vale below, and therewith petrifies.'"
—American Medicine.

JAPANESE WOMEN IN WAR.

Their Uppermost Thought Is Aid for the Soldiers.

Since the outbreak of war I have hardly had time to look after my household, so occupied has been my time, in connection with many societies and organizations directly concerned with this war. Of course, the foremost among them is the Red Cross society. In connection with this is the Ladies' Volunteer Nursing association, of which I am a director. The object of the society is implied in its name, but aside from that we make bandages and the "first aids" after the most approved methods. We have made tens of thousands of rolled bandages, and 15,000 of the first aids, and we are still making them. The society includes the ladies of our highest class downward—the imperial princesses, the women of our nobility, etc. You cannot realize how earnest the ladies of our upper classes are unless you know their life intimately. They who never dressed themselves without maids waiting on them, they who never held in their hands anything heavier than their handkerchiefs, they who never went outside of their houses without two or three attendants, all come alone to the hospital with their little lunch baskets and their bundles containing their nurse's uniforms.

My daughter was on the committee to get up New Year's presents for the soldiers at the front. Of course, it was impossible to send them to all, but it was better that even a few should have their hearts gladdened than none at all when they were doing so much for their country. The young people's plan was quite a novel one. They made bags of strong mulberry paper about six inches wide and twelve inches long, in which they asked people to put in anything they liked—anything they thought soldiers would like. For instance, in one bag I put a pair of woolen socks, a piece of Japanese towel, a cake of soap, a toothbrush and tooth powder; in another a pair of warm gloves, a package of cigarettes and a handkerchief; in another a package of silk wadding, postal cards, pencil, etc. When my daughter has time she sews on the little dresses for the children of the destitute families of soldiers.

All the girls' schools offered to make soldiers' underclothing during the hours of their sewing lesson, which is always a part of the regular curriculum for girls' schools. The offer was accepted by the war department, and even the youngest ones have been made happy, thinking they were doing something for the country.—Marchioness Oyama, in Collier's Weekly.

Teacher—Tommy, something has got to be done about your behavior. I think today after school I shall call and see your father. Tommy—It'll cost you two dollars if you do. Pop's a doctor; office hours, 5 to 7.—Puck.

Our Easter Not Pagan

Authority on Church History Points Out the Significant Steps in the History of a Purely Christian Festival—Two Easters at One Period—How the Date Was Fixed Under the Early Church.

"As many times as the origin of Easter has been told," said a professor of church history in a Western university, "I have never seen it correctly told in a newspaper. Those who write on this subject usually get together a few facts out of an encyclopedia, draw slightly upon their imaginations, and then proclaim that Easter is a 'pagan festival.' As a matter of fact our Easter has nothing in common with paganism except a certain similarity between Easter and Eoster, the goddess of spring, whose feast occurred at the beginning of the solar year. The Jewish passover, held at about the same time, gradually became confused in name with the ancient feast.

"The Jewish Passover is itself of very respectable age. It dates, you remember, from the time of Moses, and the feast was instituted at his command. Those who were converted from Judaism to Christianity continued to celebrate the feast, but with a double meaning. They remembered that the Passover was originally a form of petition that the youth of Egypt should be spared the wrath that fell upon the youth of Israel, but first in their hearts was obedience to the Biblical injunction: 'Christ our Passover is sacrificed for us, therefore, let us keep the feast.'

A Question of Propriety.

"One of the very oldest of church controversies concerns the exact time at which Easter should be observed. This controversy dates 'way back to the time when Jews and Christians were hardly distinguishable. As nearly as we can now discover, the original controversy arose over a mere question of propriety. Was it right and proper that Christians should commemorate the resurrection of Christ at the same time the people who had crucified him were holding one of the most important of their church festivals—the Passover?

"Eastern Christians wanted to celebrate the new Easter festival on the same day the Passover was observed, for in the East the bonds of tradition and family were much stronger than they were in the newer West. In the western strongholds of Christianity in the early days of our era radicalism prevailed, and anything that gave an opportunity to break with the crucifiers of Christ was welcomed. So far apart were the two ends of the church that at one time Eastern Christians feasted and fasted on one date and their Western brethren adopted others which did not fall in with any Jewish festival. In course of time the older element of Christianity—that which held to the old traditions—passed away and the new generation came into absolute control of the church and its calendar.

How the First Easter Days Were Fixed.

"The next question was as to the method of determining the date of the Easter festival. The lunar calendar had to be adopted, and it is on record that the ancient fame of the astronomers of Egypt was maintained by the manner in which they settled this problem of Christian theology. The bishops of Alexandria in direct succession had inherited the wisdom of which the earliest expression is found in the astronomical designs on the walls and ceilings of the temple at Thebes. On these bishops, therefore, fell the duty of calculating the date for the celebration of Easter, and of announcing it far enough in advance for the information to reach every member of the 'Christian world.' Special messengers were sent out immediately after the feast of Epiphany to all the towns and monasteries of the Western church and to the Roman and Syrian bishops, announcing the Easter day that the Alexandrian bishops had designated. Did you know that in this custom was the origin of the Festal or Paschal Letters of Athanasius?—documents which have been preserved down to the present time by a series of incidents which would make a romance in themselves.

"The present method of fixing Easter day was adopted nearly 800 years later. I need not tell you what the method is, for every prayer book is very explicit on this point.

"You may be able to see something pagan in the origin of Easter. I cannot. Probably all of our religious festivals match with those of antiquity, but that hardly justifies us in calling them pagan, according to my way of looking at it."

"Now, sir," said Willie's father, "don't be a little jackass." "I can't help bein' little, pa," replied the bright boy, "an' it ain't my fault that I'm your son."—Philadelphia Press.

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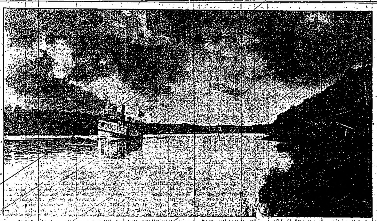


Scene on the Rainy River, a Few Miles Below Koochiching Falls.

The Koochiching falls water power is so widely known throughout the United States and Canada that it requires no lengthy description. Furthermore, no descriptive matter can do it justice, as it must be seen to be appreciated. The enormity of the inexhaustible water supply for this magnificent power can best be judged from the immense lakes and rivers constituting the Rainy Lake basin, some 18,000 square miles, all emptying into Rainy lake proper, covering an area of 400 square miles, thereby forming a great reservoir, from which Rainy river is the only outlet. Rainy river is an immense body of water, averaging 1,300 feet in width and very deep. Two miles from the outlet of Rainy lake is Koochiching falls, where this vast volume of water in Rainy river takes a drop of 34½ feet.

The reader will easily conceive that the water accumulated throughout this large drainage area into the vast reservoir immediately back of the falls must furnish an enormous flow over the falls, affording, when developed, tremendous uniform power the year round. Koochiching falls is greater than any other power on the North American continent, except Niagara, being four to five times greater than the power of St. Anthony falls, which enabled Minneapolis to become the greatest milling city in the world, and the principal manufacturing center of the Northwestern states. Furthermore, Koochiching falls, at the natural gateway of Western Canada, now has more advantages from a milling and manufacturing point of view than St. Anthony falls ever had. The harnessing of the great Koochiching falls is now well under way.

The erection of mills and manufacturing plants to utilize this power is well provided for by the Improvement association. The Power company is now constructing a concrete dam at the falls that will raise the water of Rainy river back of the falls at least ten feet, which will also materially raise Rainy lake itself. The company will also construct canals and build dams at various points throughout the Rainy lake basin to withhold the waters and regulate the flow. This work must all be completed within the year 1906, as stipulated in the agreement with the Canadian government, which agreement also stipulates that half of the power developed must be used within the city of Fort Frances, the town on the Canadian side of the falls.

The geographical location of this mighty power is a very important factor, located as it is at the point now most needed from a manufacturing point of view, owing to the speedy settlement of Western Canada and want of manufacturing plants there.

The vast capital now being expended in developing this power and the millions of dollars that must be spent in erecting and operating the mills and manuacturing plants at that point, will rapidly make Fort Frances a densely populated city, which will cause all property there to speedily advance, and the most preferable business property in a short time to become immensely valuable. No investor or homeseeker, looking for a safe investment or a choice location, can do better than to take advantage of the hundreds of opportunities now offered at Koochiching Falls and in the Rainy river country.

FORT FRANCES, ONT.

A Natural Site for a Great City.

The town of Fort Frances is located on the Canadian side at Koochiching falls, 250 miles due north of Minneapolis, 137 miles northwest of Duluth, 208 miles southeast of Winnipeg and 321 miles west of Port Arthur.

Fort Frances is most adaptedly situated for a big city. The townsite is boomed on the south by the Rainy river, on the north and east by Rainy lake, and on the west by the fertile Rainy river valley. It lies level, high and dry, permitting of excellent drainage to the river, especially below the falls. The greater portion of the town is lightly wooded, affording splendid opportunities for shade trees and parkways. From a sanitary point of view the site cannot be excelled.

Fort Frances at this writing has a population of fully 1,200.

In 1874 more than $500,000 was expended at Fort Frances in building a canal at Koochiching falls, but this work was never completed owing to change of government and railway opposition. The object of this big undertaking was to permit of through navigation from Lake Superior to Western Canada via Rainy lake and Rainy river waters. It was while this work was going on that the original townsite of Fort Frances was laid out by the Canadian government.

Koochiching falls was a familiar point to explorers fully 250 years ago, and Fort Frances for more than a century previous to 1874 was maintained as a Hudson Bay trading post. These references to the past history of Fort Frances only go to show that the location of that townsite is a natural point of concentration, and merely awaited the opening up of the country back of it to become a large city.

Previous to 1903 navigation on Rainy lake and Rainy river was practically the only means of transportation to Fort Frances and the Rainy river district. In that year the Canadian Northern railroad system connected the eastern and western divisions of its main line at Fort Frances by building from Winnipeg on the west and Port Arthur on the east to that point, giving the town its first railroad connections. It is since the completion of this railroad to Fort Frances and since the water power question was definitely settled, that this town and Koochiching falls have become generally known throughout the United States and Canada, and have become the objective point for thousands and tens of thousands, who now contemplate establishing themselves in that coming metropolis of the Northwest.

FORT FRANCES R. R. CENTER.

Also the Main Import and Export Point on the Boundary.

Fort Frances is one of the principal points on the main line of the Canadian Northern railway system. Two new Canadian railroads are now chartered to build from points on the main line of the Canadian Pacific system into Fort Frances, one from the northwest and one from the northeast. On the American side six railroads, heading for Koochiching falls, contemplate making Fort Frances their Canadian terminal, there to connect with the Canadian railroads. Two of these roads, the Minnesota & International, a branch of the Northern Pacific, from Brainerd, Minn., and the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake, from Virginia, Minn., will be completed within a short time. The other four incorporated American roads to terminate at Fort Frances are as follows: One from Hibbing, one from Deer River, one directly from Minneapolis and St. Paul, through Grand Rapids, and another from the West, said to be the Soo from Thief River Falls. It is also asserted that the Great Northern railroad will build to Koochiching falls from the west. The Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake railroad, when completed to Fort Frances, will shorten the present distance by rail from Duluth to Winnipeg over 100 miles. This railroad will, therefore, have an important bearing on the overland traffic, as the shortest route from Chicago and Eastern points to Winnipeg, and the Greater Northwest will then be via Duluth and Fort Frances. This overland traffic will be enormous, as the day is not far distant when the population of Western Canada will be many times that of Eastern Canada, and her trade, already large, will be increased accordingly. The Canadian Pacific is the only transcontinental line completed. Western Canada, owing to the heavy immigration and rapid increase in commerce, must provide beter transportation facilities, and the building of new railroads is the great question before the Canadian people.

This was the main issue of their last election, and the people voiced their sentiment in the matter, by continuing in power the party favoring strong government co-operation in the building of transcontinental lines.

The construction of the Grand Trunk Pacific railroad, making the present Canadian Grand Trunk system a transcontinental line, is practically assured; but whether the Canadian Northern, in itself a great system (principally throughout Western Canada), will be absorbed by the Grand Trunk Pacific or be likewise completed as a transcontinental line, is not yet known.

However, it is stated on high authority that the plan indorsed by parliament and the contract between the Grand Trunk Pacific and the government provide for the Grand Trunk system to be a new third transcontinental line from ocean to ocean. This precludes the possibility of any amalgamation of these two roads, and if true makes certain of three great transcontinental railway systems.

Any and all railroads in Canada, transcontinental or local, must eventually secure favorable connections with Fort Frances on account of the future great milling and manufacturing operations there, and because Fort Frances will be the nearest Canadian railroad point, having the shortest route from Duluth, Chicago and the Eastern shipping points on the American side and will be a leading distributing point and commercial center. Fort Frances will, therefore, become the principal import and export town, railroad center, industrial point and natural gateway for Western Canada with its constantly increasing population.

INVESTORS AND HOMESEEKERS.

Great Water Power Sure to Make a Great City.

Fort Frances will be the Minneapolis of Canada. The power of Koochiching falls at Fort Frances is four to five times greater than that of St. Anthony falls at Minneapolis, and the area of arable land back of and tributary to Fort Frances is many times that tributary to Minneapolis. The supply of marketable wood and timber in the Rainy lake and Rainy river district is almost inexhaustible. The land in the Rainy river valley, where Fort Frances is located, is far more productive than that surrounding Minneapolis, which is of great importance to the prospective land seeker. The climate at Fort Frances is even more pleasant than at Minneapolis.

Fort Frances, owing to her geographical location and the immense power of Koochiching falls, is the natural milling and manufacturing point of Western Canada, and the natural gateway for that vast country, as has heretofore been fully shown.

Fort Frances has an ideal site for a great city, without a sigle drawback.

KOOCHICHING DISTRICT

Developing Very Rapidly.

Fort Frances and the Koochiching district, since the completion to that point of the Canadian Northern railroad, nearly three years ago, has made wonderful progress. Those who engaged in business or acquired property there have succeeded far better than they ever anticipated. Many investors and merchants at Fort Frances during the past few years have become very wealthy, and are now well on the road to become millionaires, while their means to begin with were very limited.

CONTRACT LET.

Harnessing of Koochiching Falls a Tremendous Undertaking.

The Work on the Great Concrete Dam Has Started.

The past, or even the present status of Fort Frances, however, is of little importance as compared with the future. The water power question has been settled definitely, and settled to better advantage for the Canadian side than even those most interested had ever anticipated. The surveys and plans for the construction of the great concrete dam were completed last year, as well as inspected and accepted by the Canadian government.

THE ONTARIO & MINNESOTA POWER CO. HAS BEEN PERMITTED BY BOTH GOVERNMENTS TO ERECT THE DAM AND TO BUILD THE SAME UP TO THE 500 BENCH MARK, WHICH MEANS THAT THE WATER BACK OF THE FALLS WILL BE RAISED FULLY TEN FEET AND THEREBY ENORMOUSLY INCREASE THE POWER. THE CONTRACT FOR THE BUILDING OF THE DAM WAS LET LAST MONTH TO PENNIMAN & McGUIRE, THE GREAT CONTRACTING FIRM OF PROVIDENCE, R. I. THE CONTRACT FOR THE INSTALLATION OF THE POWER MACHINERY WAS ALSO LET TO A NEW YORK FIRM. THE CONTRACTORS, WITH THEIR SUPERINTENDENT, WERE ON THE GROUND A FEW DAYS AGO. GREAT PREPARATIONS ARE NOW BEING MADE FOR TAKING CARE OF THE CREWS OF LABORERS AND FOR THE MACHINERY AND MATERIALS, SOME OF WHICH IS ALREADY IN TRANSIT. THE ACTUAL WORK ON THE COFFER DAM WILL BE STARTED WITHIN TEN DAYS. NO LESS THAN 100,000 BARRELS OF CEMENT HAS ALREADY BEEN ORDERED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION WORK. THE SHIPMENT OF THAT STUPENDUOUS AMOUNT OF THAT MATERIAL ALONE WILL REQUIRE 1,600 CARS, WHICH MEANS 40 TRAINLOADS OF 40 CARS EACH TO COMPLETE THE BUILDING OF THIS IMMENSE DAM AND HAVE THE POWER MACHINERY INSTALLED AND BE READY TO DELIVER POWER BY THE END OF NEXT YEAR WILL REQUIRE CONTINUOUS WORK BY MANY HUNDREDS OF MEN FROM THIS TIME ON TILL FINISHED.

Great corporations have been capitalized to provide for general improvements, such as the building of flour mills, saw mills, pulp and paper mills, woodenware factories, furniture factories, and numerous other manufacturing plants.

This done, the work of harnessing the great Koochiching falls is well under way, and the utilization of its power provided for. All these improvements must be completed within the year 1906. The building of the concrete dam alone will incur an expenditure of more than $500,000. This, with other improvements, will mean an expenditure of $10,000,000 in general improvements at that point within the next two years. The mammoth undertaking is the foundation for the building up of the great City of Fort Frances.

That Fort Frances will become a great milling, manufacturing and commercial center is an acknowledged fact. The millions of dollars to be expended at that point in general improvements within the next two or thre years is bound to stimulate a great demand for real estate for various purposes at that point and rapidly increase the value of all property in that entire district.

PRESENT REAL ESTATE PRICES

But a Mere Fraction of Actual Value—Now is the Time to Invest.

The sections that will constitute the principal business, manufacturing and residence districts of Fort Frances have been established. Properties in the business district will, as a matter of course, be the most desirable from an investment point of view.

Business lots in the main center of Fort Frances now range in price from $300 to $1,000. These prices are only a small fraction of the values of such properties.

The Townsite company on the American side of Koochiching falls recently opened up the sale of lots in their designated business portion at prices ranging from $1,000 to $4,000 for lots in size and location corresponding to the properties offered at present at Fort Frances at from $300 to $1,000.

All who stop to consider the relative position of the two towns at Koochiching falls must concede that the Canadian town, owing to the present lack of mills and manufacturing plants in Western Canada, and in having the trade of that entire country back of her to supply with manufactured goods free from tariff and effective competition, has the advantage.

International Falls, however, has a great future before her. Prices of lots there at present are higher than at Fort Frances for the reason that the Townsite company and Improvement association owns practically all the land available for town lots and they can therefore name whatever prices they consider the conditions will warrant.

On the Canadian side the conditions are different, as a considerable portion of that town was laid out by the government and sold to the highest bidders years ago while there was little or no demand. The lots were therefore purchased at that time for little or nothing. The prevailing prices of lots at Fort Frances are now far too low when the importance of the townsite is considered, and especially so when compared with the prices established on the American side.

Buyers of Fort Frances real estate, taking advantage of the present low prices and investing there at this time, will have an opportunity to double their money over and over again within the next year.

First Drop of Falls, Showing International Falls in Background.

FORT FRANCES WILL BE

Canada's Greatest Industrial Point.

Great progress has been made of late in establishing new mills and manufacturing plants in Canada. The Canadian West has developed at a marvelous rate. The commerce of Western Canada is now tremendous. Her foreign trade immense. Progressive millers and manufacturers everywhere realize that Western Canada now affords the greatest opportunities ever offered, and new mills and factories of every size and description are being established throughout the dominion.

American brain, energy and capital are now attracted to Canada by the unlimited natural resources of the Western provinces and territories, and the greater portion of the new mills and manufacturing plants are therefore of American origin.

Fort Frances, at Koochiching falls and at the gateway of the rapidly developing Canadian West, is Canada's greatest industrial point.

THIS IS AN ELECTRICAL ERA,

And the Power of Koochiching Falls Must Inevitably Establish a Great Industrial Center at That Point.

The town of Fort Frances is not an ordinary-every-day-townsite proposition. What naturally makes Fort Frances of special interest and importance as a site for a large city is the great Koochiching falls, its geographical location and its development.

An electrical era has now dawned upon the civilized world. The rapid strides made during the last few years in the uses of electricity as a motive power have made water powers of much greater importance than ever before.

The cost of generating electric power under modern scientific methods by water power as compared with the cost of generating power by steam or otherwise, is insignificant and especially so where fuel is expensive.

The vast power of Koochiching falls, hitherto wasted, will from the present time ever hereafter be utilized. The great value of such a power from an industrial point of view to the Northwest and particularly to the Canadian West, is beyond conception.

What the development of this mighty power will do towards the building up of a large industrial city where Fort Frances is located, by the side of Koochiching falls, can best be judged by comparing the future of Fort Frances with the history of other points where water powers are developed and were the means of establishing cities. The immensity and uniformity of this great power should be kept in mind when such comparisons are made, as well as the important location of same for manufacturing purposes. The inexhaustible supply of natural resources tributary to Fort Frances must also be remembered, as well as the vast domain of rapidly developing country, all Western Canada included, where the products from Fort Frances' mills and factories will be shipped in exchange for cereals and other natural products.

Fort Frances can boast of possessing greater natural advantages than most any other city on the continent.

What is of the greatest importance, however, to the prospective investor and homeseeker is the immediate development of the great Koochiching falls, and the establishment of manufacturing plants there. Fort Frances in this respect is also very fortunate, as the Improvement association, consisting of energetic men with unlimited capital resources, which is now developing the great power, is also providing for the establishing of immense mills and factories at that point.

The concrete dam, now being built to harness this stupendous power, will be raised to the highest possible mark, which will increase the power to a much greater extent than it is now generally estimated to be.

An eminent statesman once said: "God made the land, but men made the cities." Nature has generously provided Fort Frances with all that could be desired, and she offers to men eager for success, a grand opportunity to there build a great city. Fort Frances has the greatest natural water power on the North American continent, except Niagara, and every other advantage essential to the building up of a great city. And it is a foregone conclusion that Fort Frances will become one of the largest and wealthiest cities west of the Great Lakes. It is destined to be the principal milling and manufacturing center, as well as the main import and export point for the whole Canadian West.

THE TOWN OF FORT FRANCES.

A Natural Point of Concentration—All Western Canada Tributary to Fort Frances.

Chicago, Minneapolis, St. Paul and other natural centers became great cities owing to the settlement of the Western states. Likewise, Winnipeg and Fort Frances are becoming respectively the main commercial and industrial centers of Western Canada owing to the present rapid development of that country, thus repeating the history of the growth and development of all new territories and their natural points of concentration.

For over sixty years great numbers of emigrants from all the countries of Europe and settlers from the overcrowded Eastern states have been attracted to that great country north and west of Chicago, because of the opening, from time to time, of vast areas of new lands there, lands of great promise, where the sturdy new settler was able to convert the virgin soil into fields of waving grain or turn to pasture thousands of cattle, thus to become prosperous and easily acquire wealth.

The stream of new settlers to our borders has been so long and steady that there is no great amount of desirable land left for the taking in the United States. This even swelling tide of newcomers is pressing on, crossing the boundary line into Western and Northwestern Canada, where there is room for all, and where better land the sun never shone upon. Hence, the course of civilization continues its ceaseless march, northwestward to the utmost limits of the confines of Canada's vast domain.

The magnitude of the great Koochiching falls and its geographical location establish the Canadian industrial center at Fort Frances. Her growth and greatness can only be measured by the development of the hundreds of millions of acres of rich land of Western Canada, all tributary to Fort Frances—the natural gateway to this vast rich domain.

THE RAINY RIVER DISTRICT.

The Rainy river valley is more productive and far more desirable for diversified farming than even the famous Red river valley or any other part of the state of Minnesota or any other Northwestern state.

The yield and quality of grain, hay and vegetables grown there is simply astonishing to every farmer who has visited that district.

The Rainy river valley on either side of the river is wooded; the land is all level, absolutely free from stone; the soil is black loam, with clay subsoil. The water is excellent and in abundance. The climate is splendid, owing to the land being a wooded valley.

The great manufacturing cities going in at the falls and the numerous mining and timber camps throughout that district will afford the most desirable markets for all farm and dairy products and the farmers of that district are therefore bound to be more prosperous than in any other district of this state.

The shipping facilities of that country will be excellent, as railroads from every direction will center at the great Koochiching falls.

The dairymen who establish themselves there will be able to make fortunes. The great flourmills to operate at the falls will furnish feed in abundance, in addition to the natural products of that district.

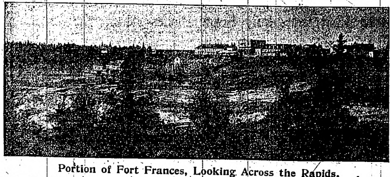
Wild and improved lands in that district, close to Fort Frances and International Falls at Koochiching falls, can be had now at but a mere fraction of the actual value of such land at this time.

That country, owing to the wooded and timbered condition of the land, furnishes employment at good wages at all times and especially through the winter months. The new settlers with limited means need not therefore depend entirely on their farm products for a living.

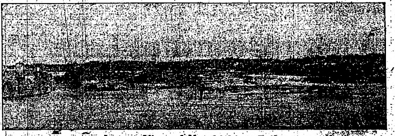
No one with the least bit of ambition can therefore help being prosperous in a country like the Rainy river valley.

That district, with its unlimited natural resources, is in a short time bound to be one of the wealthiest districts in the greater Northwest.

Everyone that contemplates moving or are looking for investment in a new district should therefore lose no time in going there to acquire some of the snaps that are always to be had in a new district.



Portion of Fort Frances, Looking Across the Rapids.



Latest View of Koochiching Falls.

This illustration, taken during low water, presents a view of the falls which will soon convert the village into a thriving manufacturing town. The view is from the west and is the most comprehensive one ever taken, as it not only pictures the falls, but shows International Falls on the south or right-hand bank of Rainy river and Fort Frances, Ont., on the north. In front of Fort Frances is to be seen the uncompleted canal, on which the Canadian government, in the early '60's, spent something like $500,000, and then abandoned it.

MARK THESE WORDS ABOUT KOOCHICHING FALLS

Actual work upon harnessing the greatest waterpower on the continent, except Niagara.

The expenditure of the enormous sum of $10,000,000 within the next two years has actually begun.

These facts assure the quickest upbuilding of a great commercial and manufacturing center that has ever occurred in any country.

Nothing can now prevent Koochiching Falls from becoming the principal industrial center of the Greater Northwest, owing to the immediate development of its tremendous waterpower, its geographical location, and the marvelous settlement and development of the Great Canadian West.

Fort Frances on the Canadian side of this mighty power will become the greatest Milling and Manufacturing center for all Canada. The Townsite of Fort Frances is a natural point of concentration, and it cannot fail to become the principal point of import and export upon the northwest boundary line between the United States and Canada.

The Rainy River Valley presents marvelous opportunities at this time. It is a New District with even Greater Agricultural Productiveness than the famous Red River valley. This entire Rainy River district has unlimited and diversified natural resources, which will assure wealth and prosperity to every one who desires to farm.

No man or woman who has either large or small means and who wishes to establish themselves and better their condition in this rich, new district, either in town or country, can afford to let the present opportunity go by to acquire lots or land that cannot possibly fail to gain in value with every day that passes.

There is no question whatever that any investment, from even a few dollars payment upon a single lot up to as many thousands of dollars as the capitalist can command will double and treble in value within a few months.

Every young man or woman starting out in life, who knows the importance of saving some portion of their earnings, is here offered the safest and best opportunity they will ever have for the beginning of a fortune.

Every individual who contemplates at some time engaging in business for himself should take the present opportunity to secure, at merely nominal prices, a location for that business in this future metropolis.

The great improvements to be made at Koochiching Falls and the vast expenditure of money there cannot fail to at once increase lot and land values at an unusual ratio.

There is no time to lose in making investigation of the condition of things here presented, and that investigation will result in your at once taking advantage of information which we alone can give you.

It is for your own advantage that you should immediately call upon or write to us for that information.

It will start even the small investor upon the road to fortune.

The capitalist cannot afford to miss consulting us.

Now and here is your opportunity to make your fortune. Call or write.

First Floor, Temple Court
Building, Minneapolis.

THE ENGER-NORD REALTY COMPANY

Canadian Office
Fort Frances, Ontario.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

SCENIC SURPRISES

ALL THE WAY TO THE

LEWIS AND CLARK EXPOSITION

PORTLAND, OREGON.

OPENS JUNE 1. CLOSES OCTOBER 15.

IF YOU TRAVEL VIA THE

Great Northern Railway

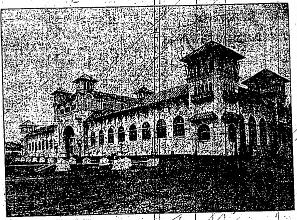
"THE COMFORTABLE WAY."

THE HEIGHT OF TRAVEL-COMFORT AFFORDED BY

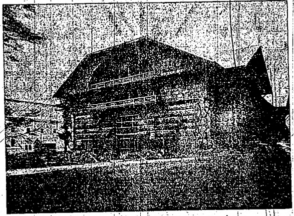
TWO THROUGH TRANSCONTINENTAL TRAINS DAILY.

Tourist Sleepers—Palace Sleepers—Buffet Library Cars—Dining Cars (Meals a la Carte.)

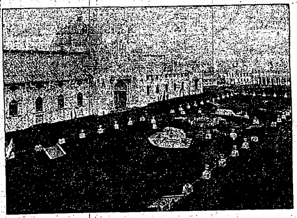
A TRIP ACROSS THE MOUNTAINS BY DAYLIGHT



EUROPEAN EXHIBITS.



FORESTRY BUILDING.



AGRICULTURE BUILDING.

Liberal Stop-Over Privileges Going or Returning Enable You to Visit the Many Show Places Along the Line.

Visit—Beautiful Lake Macdonald, Montana, "The Switzerland of America."

Visit—Lovely Lake Chelan, Washington, "The Lake Gem of the Cascade Mountains."

Visit—The Famous Puget Sound Country, "The Mediterranean of America."

Stop Off and See the Famous Agricultural Sections of the Northwest.

LOW ROUND TRIP RATES

Ask your local agent or write to any representative of the Great Northern Railway for full information, Rates, etc., and have your ticket read via "The Comfortable Way"—"The Great Northern Railway."

ADDRESS OR CALL AT

ST. PAUL, 4th and Robert Sts. CITY TICKET OFFICES MINNEAPOLIS, 3rd and Nicollet.

or F. I. WHITNEY, Passenger Traffic Manager, St. Paul, Minn.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON AND MAIL TO US.

F. I. WHITNEY, Passenger Traffic Manager, St. Paul, Minn.

Enclosed 2c postage for which please send me booklet, "A Camera Journey to the Lewis and Clark Exposition."

Name____________________

Address____________________

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MAY 6, 1905. NUMBER 42.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Resume of the News.

Fresh Reliable Brief

List of Casualties.

The Grant W. Kenny elevator at Argentine, Kan., was destroyed by fire. Loss, $130,000.

Fire at Camden, N. J., destroyed the grain elevator of Sutley & Sons, together with a large quantity of grain and several freight cars. Loss, $150,000.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Pfeil were burned to death in the destruction of their home at Riley, Kan. The police advance the idea that the couple was murdered and the house set on fire.

At Craik, Assiniboia, two brothers, Robert and Karl Freser, were practicing with a revolver, when the weapon was accidentally discharged, inflicting a wound in Robert's stomach from which he died thirty minutes later.

Three firemen were injured, six women were severely burned and seventy families were made homeless and property valued at $150,000 was destroyed by a fire in the thickly settled Hebrew center in the Brownsville section of Brooklyn.

A west-bound freight train on the Union Pacific was wrecked by a rock-slide at Edson tunnel, 125 miles west of Cheyenne, Wyo. The train was just emerging from the tunnel when the slide occurred and buried a portion of the train. Four men are said to have lost their lives.

Mrs. Noah Runyan, 73 years of age, was fatally burned, her husband perhaps fatally injured and their granddaughter, Miss Lamb, painfully injured, in a fire as the result of Mrs. Runyan's apron catching fire from a natural gas stove while she was preparing breakfast at her home, eight miles south of Muncie, Ind.

Resultant from an explosion of gasoline in the home of John E. Kunkle at Greensburg, Pa., three children were burned to death and a fourth is fatally injured. Three members of the fire department and two prominent citizens who attempted to rescue the children from the burning house were dangerously burned and are in a critical condition.

From Other Lands.

The French cruiser Racine ran down a schooner in Britsel channel. The schooner was cut in two and sank without a trace of her identity. It is supposed the crew drowned.

Bedouin marauders attacked a convoy escorting the holy carpet from Yambo to Medina. A fight ensued in which several of the Bedouins were killed.

The monument to Leon Gambetta was unveiled at Bordeaux, France. President Loubet was the chief figure at the ceremonies and received an ovation.

All the docks, warehouses and buildings of the German Nordsee Steamship company at Bremen were destroyed by fire. The vessels were towed out of danger. There was no loss of life.

A draft of the Transvaal constitution has been issued, providing a minimum of $500 capital as a qualification for the exercise of the franchise. The Boers say this violates the peace terms.

In response to a memorial of Wu Ting Fang, China's former representative at Washington, an imperial edict just issued abolishes the punishment of slicing to death, and substitutes immediate decapitation.

The eruption of Mount Vesuvius is increasing and frequent explosions are heard. Streams of lava are running down the mountain and the crater is emitting smoke, ashes and red-hot stones.

M. Paul Lessar, Russian minister to China, whose foot was recently amputated, died at Pekin. M. Lessar, who was councillor of the Russian embassy in London, was appointed Russian minister to China July 12, 1901.

M. Etienne, French minister of the interior, informed the deputies that M. Delcasse, minister of foreign relations, had withdrawn his resignation. It is officially announced that M. Delcasse will remain in the cabinet.

The Berlin Frankfurter Zeitung says that the Berlin Bank of Mendelssohn & Co. has advanced to Russia $50,000,000 for four months upon treasury notes bearing 5 per cent interest per annum, the issue to be distributed among the syndicate of bankers who bought the Russian loan placed in Germany last January.

Crimes and Criminals.

Mrs. Ursulla von Wahl, aged 60, of Dubuque, Iowa, committed suicide by asphyxiation. She retired early and was found dead in the morning.

United States District Judge Bellinger at Portland, Or., has decided adversely to the plea in abatement filed by United States Senator John H. Mitchell to the indictments returned against him by the federal grand jury in connection with the land frauds in that state.

Edward Hilton, aged 60, of Portland, Me., shot dead George Young, aged 45 years, slashed his wife about the head with a knife, inflicting fatal injuries, and then shot and killed himself. The tragedy is said by the police to have followed a quarrel between the men regarding Mrs. Hilton.

W. T. Sheets, aged 40, shot and killed his son Claude at Montgomery, Ala. The young man was foreman of a gang of laborers in which the father worked. Saturday the elder Sheets was discharged and blamed his son. The day before the boy had words with his father, who shot him dead.

W. D. F. Lappe was killed while trying to elude arrest by Policeman Ulam at Pittsburg. The dead youth and others were quarreling and refused to stop.

Twenty Hungarian laborers were chloroformed in a boarding house at Omrod, Pa., and robbed of their money, the amount stolen, it is said, being more than $3,000. The police suspect John Temke of the robbery. He is missing.

"Raffles" Walsh of Chicago, charged with robbery, was sentenced to an indeterminate term in the penitentiary. His companion, Mrs. Lottie Stewart, wife of a Wisconsin physician, is now an inmate of the house of correction.

An unknown man walked out into the rapids of the American channel above the Goat island bridge at Niagara Falls and was caught by the swift current and carried over the falls. His action was witnessed by a large number of people.

The Doukala, Chiadman and Mtouga tribes are in full revolution near Mogadr. The kaids of the Chiadma and Mtouga tribes have been killed. Mogadr, or Suir, is a port on the west coast of Morocco, some miles south of the Tesift river. It has a population of about 19,000, 8,000 of whom are Jews and 300 are Europeans.

Newton Walker and Dave Burton fought a pistol duel at Havilah, Cal., resulting in the death of Burton and a man named Bagsey, who was a bystander. Walker made his escape and is now hiding in the mountains. A feud has existed between the Walker and Burton families for years, and the Burton killed yesterday is the third member of the family to die a violent death.

Domestic.

A Boston buyer has just purchased 1,000,000 pounds of wool at Great Falls, Mont., at 23½ cents.

Charles M. Schwab took out a $5,000,000 fire policy on his new mansion in New York. It is said to be the largest ever written.

Gov. Vardaman of Mississippi formally announced that he would be a candidate for the United States senate in the event of Senator Mooney's retirement.

Milward Adams of Chicago has received a cablegram announcing that the king of Belgium has conferred upon him the decoration of the Order of Leopold.

Capt. Henry A. Mills, aged 68, secretary of the International Association of Fire Engineers, dropped dead at Cincinnati. He was known to every fire chief in America.

Mayor Tom L. Johnson praises municipal control of street railways by forming a company for the people, leasing lines and devoting the profits to public benefit.

The lower house of the Michigan legislature passed unanimously the Bland anti-trust bill. It is said to be the most sweeping anti-trust measure ever passed in the country.

Col. William Glazier, author, soldier and explorer, is dead at his home in Albany, N. Y., of heart disease. He was 64 years old. He served in the Northern army during the Civil war.

William C. Tiffany, well known in social and club circles of New York, was found dead in his rooms. Death was due to valvular disease of the heart. Mr. Tiffany was 63 years of age.

Reports from many counties of Nebraska indicate that the Hessian fly is busy, and many wheat fields will be devastated by the pest. Some grain men estimate the damage at 20 per cent.

Joseph Burtis Husted, once a wealthy Wall street broker, is dead at a city hospital on Ward island, New York. For a year past he had lived at a cheap hotel, maintaining himself by dealing in second-hand watches.

Mrs. Mary Stockdale, a pioneer, aged 91 years, died at Flint, Mich., leaving an estate of $250,000, with no relatives nearer than nieces and nephews to claim it. Buffalo and Detroit charitable institutions were left a considerable portion of the estate.

Amos Madden Thayer, United States circuit judge of the Eighth judicial court, who gained a national reputation by writing the opinion of the United States circuit court of appeals in the Northern Securities case, died at his residence in St. Louis after an illness of four months.

Easter contributions to the churches of New York city are estimated to have considerably exceeded $250,000. The sum total of the seven or eight churches classed as the wealthier congregations probably reached that figure alone. In some instances the gifts were as large as $25,000 from individuals. Grace church received one contribution of that sum, which will be used for the training schools for deaconesses.

The Church bill, giving the city of Chicago power to regulate gas and electricity rates, has been reported out favorably by the Chicago charter committee of the Illinois legislature. Attempts to amend it to include municipal ownership failed.

An Office Call.

Teacher—Tommy, something has got to be done about your behavior. I think to-day after school I shall call and see your father.

Tommy—It'll cost you $2 if you do. Pop's a doctor; office hours 5 to 7.—Puck.

MURDER AND RIOT IN CHICAGO

FURIOUS RIOTS OCCUR IN THE HEART OF THE BUSINESS DISTRICT.

ONE KILLED; MANY INJURED

FIGHTING IN STREETS, MORE FIERCE AND SAVAGE THAN ANY TIME YET.

WOMEN FLEE FOR THEIR LIVES

MEN WHO HAD NO CONNECTION WITH STRIKE WANTONLY ASSAULTED.

Chicago, May 4.—The death of one man and the injuring of scores of others was the immediate result of the conflicts between the striking teamsters and their sympathizers on the one side and the police and non-union men on the other. There was rioting in all parts of the city. One man was clubbed almost to death within a square of police headquarters, and four miles away men were shot down in the streets. At a hundred places between these two extremes of distance there were

Assaults and Fights

in the streets. Blood was shed on streets in the heart of the fashionable shopping district and furious riots took place almost in the doorways of the leading hotels of Chicago. Non-union men were pelted with stones, bricks and almost every other conceivable sort of missiles. They were dragged from their wagons, beaten, clubbed and stamped upon by the mobs that followed the wagons on which they rode, and but for the splendid service rendered by the police force, the list of dead would be twenty instead of one.

Employers and Allies at Outs.

Chicago, May 4.—The strike situation in Chicago assumed a peculiar aspect yesterday, and the interests which have been opposing the striking teamsters are not as united as heretofore. The cause of this slight dissension is the Team Owners' association, which has contracts with the railroads and many of the large firms throughout the city to transfer their merchandise. Until yesterday it was supposed that the employers' association and their allies were firmly bound together in the fight for supremacy against the teamsters. The Team Owners' association, which employs none but union teamsters,

Flatly Refused

yesterday afternoon to make deliveries to any firms now involved in the strike, when ordered to do so by the employers' association. When the employers received this ultimatum they notified the team owners that unless the request that no discrimination be made in deliveries was complied with an effort would be made to have all existing contracts between the team owners and the business houses and the railroads cancelled.

The Commission Team Owners and the Lake Transportation Team Owners' associations have also taken a similar stand as the Chicago Team Owners' association.

During the day the employers had informed Mayor Dunne and Chief of Police O'Neill that they

Intended to Move

to-day 1,885 wagons, owned by them and the different express companies, and manned by non-union men. This necessitated a call for the swearing in of 1,000 additional policemen, but after a conference the employers modified their plans and informed the city hall officials that they would only increase very slightly the number of wagons over that in service yesterday. Although the plans have been changed as to the moving of the wagons the new men will be added to the police force to-day and will be put on strike duty as rapidly as they are needed. The large retail establishments have announced that they will make deliveries. There have been numerous complaints of the

Interference by Strikers

with women shoppers, and the authorities have determined to put an effectual stop to all such practices.

Judge C. C. Kohlsaat of the United States circuit court, at the request of the attorneys representing the seven express companies, yesterday issued a temporary injunction restraining all persons from interfering with the wagons of the petitioners or the men employed upon them.

The fighting yesterday in the streets was even more fierce and savage than that of Wednesday. The strikers and their sympathizers attacked non-union men at every opportunity, assailing them with bricks, stones, clubs, knives and any and every other kind of an offensive weapon upon which they could lay their hands. The

Fighting Occurred

in the heart of the business section of the city, men being shot down within 200 feet of the retail store of Marshall Field & Co., clubbed nearly to death at the corner of the Auditorium hotel in plain view of hundreds of ladies who were compelled to run from the mob to save their own lives. In several instances men walking along the streets who had no active connection whatever with the strike were assaulted by hoodlums who beat them first and later accused them of being strike-breakers. A notable instance of this kind was that of Rev. W. K. Wheeler, pastor of the Ninth Presbyterian church, who, while passing the corner of Des Plaines and Adams streets on his way to the union depot, was attacked by three men, who knocked him down and beat him unmercifully until the timely arrival of the police saved him from critical injury. Mr. Wheeler managed to hold one of his assailants until the police could arrest him.

One Man Killed.

As far as known but one man was killed during the day, but about forty were more or less seriously injured.

Although it was announced Monday night that the teams of the express companies and the employers' association would be handled by men armed with rifles yesterday, nothing of the kind was attempted, save in the case of the fifteen drivers employed by the Scott Transfer company. Mayor Dunne and Chief of Police O'Neill made every effort to prevent the carrying of rifles.

The strike yesterday did not spread in any degree. No more men were called out, and from present appearances there is no immediate prospect that any more teamsters will strike.

POLAND AWED BY MILITARY.

Order Is Maintained Only by Strong Arm of Military Force.

St. Petersburg May 4. — Armed peace prevailed in Poland yesterday, following Monday's savage celebration of May day. Warsaw, Sosnowiec, Lodz, Kalisz and other industrial centers had no repetition of Monday's rioting and bloodshed, but order was maintained only by the strong hand of military force, which Monday's occurrences showed could be relentlessly employed.

The first fruits of Monday's sowing is a formidable strike of angered workmen, which is spreading widely, setting free thousands of employes and increasing the difficulty of the authorities in preserving order. Long continued industrial troubles, however, have impoverished the Polish workingmen and starvation will be an active ally of the government in bringing about a resumption of work.

Death Roll Totals Sixty-Two.

Warsaw, May 4. — The May day death roll totalled sixty-two, including ten persons who died in the hospitals during the night. Probably 200 were wounded.

Crowds gathered at the Tenth district police station yesterday morning where thirty victims, men and women and three children, were awaiting identification.

Some minor disturbances occurred yesterday in different sections of the city, but no casualties have yet been reported.

All day long infantry and cavalry patrolled the streets which were crowded with people who did not spare their criticism of what was generally termed unnecessary slaughter. The

Popular Irritation

could not be concealed. The soldiers evidently were nervous and open outbreaks resulting in a repetition of Monday's terrible scenes were only averted by the evident desire of the authorities to prevent a clash, coupled with the fear inspired by the soldiers' bullets. The population is most bitter against the military and the government officials expect many attempts at revenge upon the officers commanding the troops, all of whom are known.

The Nationalists have arranged the usual demonstrations for to-day, the 114th anniversary of the proclamation of the Polish constitution, and disturbances are highly probable. The workingmen are in an ugly and uncertain mood.

DID THOROUGH JOB.

Chicago Thugs Even Strip a Man of His Clothing.

Chicago, May 4.—Stripped of all his clothing save his trousers, his undershirt and hose, and shivering from cold, Fred Hacker went into the Des Plaines street police station at midnight and told the police that he had been robbed by three men at Halsted and Randolph streets of everything he had excepting the clothes he had on. "They took me into an alley," Hacker said, "made me take off all my clothes, divided my apparel among them, and then left me. They had left me my pants, my undershirt and hose."

CHAMPION JEFFRIES RETIRES.

Never Again Will James J. Enter Ring or Appear on Stage.

Cincinnati, May 4.—James J. Jeffries, champion heavy-weight pugilist, will retire from the prize ring and from the stage and go into business with his brother Jack in California, according to a statement made by him yesterday to the Times-Star. He will leave the stage on May 15, arrangements having been made to cancel all engagements. Jeffries takes this action at the request of his wife. In addition to this he says that pugilism does not pay.

SUCCESSOR TO CORTELYOU.

Dover May Be Postmaster General if Cortelyou Accepts Offer of Equitable.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 4. — Speculative politicians say that Elmer Dover, now secretary of the Republican national committee, may succeed Mr. Cortelyou as postmaster general if Cortelyou becomes president of the Equitable Life Assurance company.

WANT TROOPS TO KEEP PEACE

CHICAGO BUSINESS MEN WILL ASK GOVERNOR TO ORDER OUT MILITIA.

MOBS LARGER AND UGLIER

FIGHTING IN ALL SECTIONS OF THE DOWN-TOWN BUSINESS DISTRICT.

SEVENTY-FIVE ARE INJURED

GUARDS AND STRIKERS ASSAULT FRIEND AND FOE INDISCRIMINATELY.

Chicago, May 4. — Rioting in the streets yesterday was so prolonged and of so fierce a character that many of the leading business men have concluded that there will be neither peace in the city nor safety for its business interests until the state militia has been called out to restore order. A committee of members of the employers' association left for Springfield yesterday to confer with Gov. Deneen and to request him to give orders to the state troops.

The labor unions have several representatives at the state capitol, and it is likely that they will also be heard before any action is taken by the governor. Chief of Police O'Neill says he is confident that he has control of the situation and

Can Keep Peace

in the city. Mayor Dunne supports him in this view, and has declared that in his opinion the emergency has not arisen requiring the presence of troops. On the other hand the business men point to the long list of injured which marked the rioting on Tuesday and the great number who were hurt yesterday and declare that this alone is sufficient proof that the police are not sufficiently strong to cope with the situation. No complaint is made against the police department, for the officers have dispersed every mob with which they have come in contact, and have guarded wagons night and day with the greatest vigilance. But despite their utmost efforts the fighting continues in the streets and is, if possible, more vicious on each succeeding day.

Cannot Prevent Attacks.

While the police have been able to disperse mobs and guard wagons, they have not been able to prevent the many attacks that are made on non-union men in the business portion of the city alone. The situation, the business men claim, will be tenfold worse when express wagons and retail delivery wagons are sent to remote parts of the city.

Despite the orders of Mayor Dunne and the prohibition of the city council many wagons of the concerns against which strikes were declared, were handled yesterday by men armed with rifles and shotguns.

The first rifle shot fired during the strike went whizzing through a crowded thoroughfare yesterday. The

Shot Was Fired

by a guard on a wagon of the United States Express company while it was passing through a crowd of strike sympathizers at the intersection of State and Randolph streets. No person was hit. The request of the employers made yesterday that the police be allowed to ride on their wagons was declined by the chief of police. Positive orders were issued that under no circumstances must the officers mount the wagons, and they will continue to march abreast of the wagons on the street, or keep along with them while walking on the sidewalk.

Both sides made gains yesterday and the result leaves them about as evenly balanced as they were before.

Mobs Larger and Uglier.

The mobs that filled the streets in the business section yesterday were larger and uglier in disposition than those of Tuesday. There was fighting in all sections of the down-town district throughout the day and over a dozen times the police were compelled to use their clubs, and the wagon guards, who were armed with heavy canes, swung them whenever they were attacked or thought an assault was about to be made. In many cases these guards were not careful whom they hit, and there were a number of persons who were knocked down simply because they happened to be the nearest men to a stalwart guard carrying a hickory club.

Assault Friend and Foe.

On the other hand the strikers and their friends were equally indiscriminate in assaulting people.

Up to a late hour last night scores of men had been taken to hospitals with all sorts of injuries. One of these, T. C. Carlson, a superintendent employed by the Montgomery Ward company, may die.

A non-union driver was fatally injured in a serious riot last night. It is estimated that about seventy-five persons were injured yesterday.

SWEPT BY CYCLONE.

Twister Visits Round Lake and Demolishes Several Houses and Barns.

Worthington, Minn., May 4.—A cyclone at about 8 o'clock last night passed through the village of Round Lake. Although only about ten feet in width, it swept everything in its path. Four homes were destroyed, besides a blacksmith shop and several barns. One woman, Mrs. Meyers, was blown across the street and dangerously injured, and will probably die. The storm passed through the center of the village, tearing things up at the old Northrup farm. It caught Frank Horton's large blacksmith shop and demolished it completely, but left the anvil, crossed the street near the livery barn, and pulled the roof from that, struck the Meyers dwelling and tore it to pieces. Even the floor was carried across the street. Mrs. Meyers, the only occupant of the building, was blown some distance and had several ribs and her nose broken, and one side of her face smashed in The large lumber shed of the Coleman Lumber company was damaged. The storm passed from west to east, and so far as can be learned only reached the earth in spots in the vicinity of Round Lake, nine miles southeast of here.

BEEF PROBE GOES FAR.

New Devices of Railway Rebate System Said to Have Been Found.

Chicago, May 4.—It is believed that the federal grand jury may remain in session until June 1 and perhaps later. Many witnesses are being subpoenaed in the beef trust inquiry and new evidence on various phases of the situation are daily being gathered, until it appears that District Attorney Morrison does not know when the inquiry will be completed. The questions of railroad rebates and discrimination in charges for icing cars are now under consideration by the jury. One of the alleged devices of the railroad rebate system which the jury will investigate is in connection with the charges for stopping freight trains demanded by the railroad companies. Evidence has been gathered showing that the railroads instead of charging the larger packers for twenty to thirty stops of a train between two certain cities, have charged for only five stops.

RAINMAKER SUCCEEDS.

Produces Record-Breaking Amount of Moisture by Generating Gas.

Los Angeles, May 4.—Charles Hatfield, a "rainmaker," who has been working since Dec. 15 last to produce eighteen inches of rain for Southern California by May 1, on a pledge of a number of Los Angeles merchants to pay him $1,000 if he succeeded, has completed his demonstration and has been paid a large portion of the sum promised. The fall of rain in Los Angeles during the period ending May 1 has been 18.96 inches, which far exceeds the fall of last season. Hatfield's method is a generation of gas and its discharge into the atmosphere from a chimney, which has the result, he claims, of attracting forces of nature which compel moisture to form and be precipitated in the shape of rain.

PRESIDENT IS STORM-BOUND.

Rain and Snow Make Trails Dangerous for Horsemen.

Glenwood Springs, Colo., May 4. — For three days the president's hunting party has been storm-bound in the mountains. Rain and snow have fallen continuously and there is no sign of a break. The roads are muddy and the trails accordingly are dangerous for horsemen. Mountain streams are raging torrents, and most of them cannot be crossed. Grizzly bears are the only kind of game that will be hunted for from now on. Thus far this king of the Rocky mountain beasts has eluded the president and he is anxious to get one. Ten brown bears have fallen to the party, and some were of good size. President Roosevelt is expected here Saturday night.

WASHINGTON GETS BANKERS.

Annual Convention Will Be Held There in October.

New York, May 4.—The executive committee of the American Bankers' association yesterday decided upon Washington, D. C., as the place for holding the next annual convention of the association. The convention will be held next October, but the exact date has not yet been decided upon.

MRS. BRYAN'S FATHER DIES.

Nebraskan Pioneer Succumbs at the Home of Daughter.

Lincoln, Neb., May 4.—John Baird, father of Mrs. William J. Bryan, died at the Bryan home near this city yesterday. He was eighty-two years old and had been failing steadily for several years. Mr. Baird came to Nebraska about the time the Bryans came and was from Salem, Ill.

Cadets Explore Battleground.

West Point, N. Y., May 4.—The first class of cadets, including 114 members, started yesterday for a three-days' tour of the Gettysburg battlefield. The object of the visit is instruction in strategy and tactics.

Killed by Lightning.

Pipestone, Minn., May 4.—John E. Weltjes, a farmer living about ten miles south of this city, was struck by lightning while driving home from town and killed instantly.

GET TRACE OF RUSSIAN FLEET

SHIPS OF SQUADRON IN PORT DEIT, NORTH OF HONKHOE BAY.

LOADING UP WITH SUPPLIES

STEAMERS PLYING BETWEEN SAIGON AND THE RUSSIAN FLEET.

VLADIVOSTOK FLEET SAILS

GEN. OYAMA IS EXPECTED TO HASTEN INVESTMENT OF VLADIVOSTOK.

London, May 4.—Cabling from Tokio, the correspondent of the Daily Mail says that dense fogs continue to prevail on the China and Japan seas. The correspondent says it is definitely known in Japan that on May 2 ships of the Russian second Pacific squadron were in Port Deit, to the northward of Honkhoe bay, Annam.

The Daily Mail's Hongkong correspondent says that numerous steamers are constantly plying between Saigon and the Russian warships with full cargoes of provisions and cattle. He adds that it is reported that American and German newspaper correspondents at Shanghai have chartered the steamer Wuchang ostensibly to view the coming naval battle. The vessel, he reports, is flying the French flag, but it is believed she is really Russian property with a mission to locate Vice Admiral Togo.

Vladivostok Fleet Sails.

Paris, May 4. — A dispatch to the Temps from St. Petersburg says that dispatches received there through Russian channels confirm the previous reports that the Russian cruisers which have had their headquarters at Vladivostok since the outbreak of the war with Japan have left that port. Military circles at St. Petersburg, it is added, expect Gen. Oyama will hasten the investment of Vladivostok for the purpose of cutting off Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron from the Russian naval base. The officials do not expect a junction of the Russian warships before May 9, as Admiral Nebogatoff must take on coal before proceeding to the island of Hainan.

Disturbances Reported.

St. Petersburg, May 4.—Reports of slight disturbances in various places of European Russia during Easter Monday are now coming in. The gravest occurrences in that part of the empire was at Militopol, where a mob for several hours held high carnival and burned a portion of the town. At Nishni Novgorod a regular battle occurred between soldiers and the crowds. The soldiers fired, killing one person and wounding many.

The reports received by the embassies here substantially agree in saying that the number of persons killed at Warsaw Monday was 40 to 50. The figures given of the wounded vary from 60 to 200.

Strike Becomes General.

Reports from Warsaw, Lodz, Sosnowiec, Kalisz and other towns in Poland indicate that the strike has become almost general. Newspapers are not appearing. Agitators are constantly attacking policemen whenever they are found singly, and it is perilous for the latter to go about except in groups.

ROB BANK OF $2,000.

One Robber Stood Guard While the Other Rifled Cash Drawer.

Woodburn, Or., May 4.—The Bank of Woodburn was robbed of $2,000 late yesterday by two masked robbers who covered Cashier Tracy Poorman and the bookkeeper, Miss Gertrude Eddy, with revolvers. One robber stood guard while the other rifled the cash drawer. A large posse of citizens immediately started in pursuit and inside of an hour the two bandits were located in Lonney's swamp, just outside the town limits. The swamp is surrounded by large numbers of armed men. It is believed the robbers will be captured.

DIETZ UNDISTURBED.

Report That He Had Been Shot Proves to Be a Fake Story.

Ladysmith, Wis., May 4.—The report that John Dietz, the Thornapple river homesteader, had been shot by deputy United States marshals proves to be a fake. Dietz is undisturbed. When the deputies call on him to go with them to Madison it is very probable that he will go peaceably and without resistance.

Missing Boy Found.

Norfolk, Va., May 4.—Leo Fleischman, alias Farrell, a seventeen-year-old boy who has been missing from his home in New Yoork for nearly a year, and for whom there has been a standing reward of $10,000, was found yesterday aboard the United States receiving ship Franklin by Detective Connors of the local police.

Three Die in Hotel Fire.

Duluth, Minn., May 4.—Three men were burned to death in a hotel fire here early this morning.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Spectator.

ST. HILAIRE . . MINNESOTA.

The hour-glass figure will be convenient for a young man's arm.

A cargo of yeast cakes might help some of those flying machines to rise.

Mr. Carnegie now announces that "wealth is slavery." Watch us kiss our chains.

An Ohio man dropped dead while eating a piece of pie. Lucky fellow! He died happy.

Too often it is the cooks, rather than the children, that are the "destroyers of home life."

The telephone "hello!" in Japanese is "moshi, moshi!" The busy signal must be something jarring.

And now will Mr. Edward Atkinson kindly tell us how much a man ought to spend a year for clothes?

Any married man who thinks that the dressing-on-$65-a-year theory is all right has only to consult his wife.

An Ohio murderer spent his last hours on earth playing a guitar. He was probably anticipating his golden harp.

Vermont declares her maple sugar crop is short, but that is impossible while the supply of granulated sugar holds out.

"The School for Husbands" is the name of a new comedy by Stanislaus Stange. It probably means the breakfast table.

The Savannah Press says that 'Lily Langtry as a grandmother sounds better." But does the Jersey Lily look any better?

Ever since the first woman shook the first rolling pin at her husband woman's clubs have been a menace to married men.

Richmond, Va., has adopted an ordinance prohibiting the exhibition of artificial legs. How about the real articles, though?

A statistician has found that "only five of every business men succeed." But he hasn't figured in the get-rich-quick contingent.

A continuous bath is said to produce excellent results in insanity. To be sure. Continuous submersion, if deep enough, will cure any case of insanity.

Cassie Chadwick may have the consolation of knowing that Sophia Beck, her successor in the center of the stage, is not nearly so bright a financier.

The Rev. John Balcom Shaw advocates admitting women to the priesthood. The suggestion comes late. Women always has been a ministering angel.

Thank heaven, the Thaw-Nesbit "romance" will now stay out of the papers for a while. Here's hoping that it won't show up next in the divorce court.

Andrew Carnegie says that the wealthy man is a slave. So is the married man, and yet men continue to sigh, and always will, for wealth and marriage.

"Every young married woman should know how to make bread," said a writer on economics. Yes; and every young man should know how to furnish the dough.

That New York physician who is trying to start a crusade against long dresses may as well give it up. He will have no better success than the late Mrs. Bloomer had.

It is interesting to learn that no present danger confronts the Canadian falls at Niagara. The worst that is likely to happen soon is the stoppage of the cataract on the American side. That's all.

A Sioux City, Iowa, man has applied for an injunction to restrain a lady who lives next door to him from cooking onions. Now, here is a case for the champions of personal liberty to become aroused over.

"A rich, nice, young nobleman" advertises in a New York "Personal" that he would marry "a very beautiful, honest lady." And the doesn't say a word about requiring a fortune! He ought to get some mail.

A prominent New York business man is going to build a $12,000 pergola. If any ignorant person asks you what a pergola is, tell him you don't know, but you rather think it is a place to keep fine plants in.

A Mississippi postmaster is much vexed because the government will not permit him to resign. What will puzzle other postmasters throughout the country is that the man appears to be entirely sane in other respects.

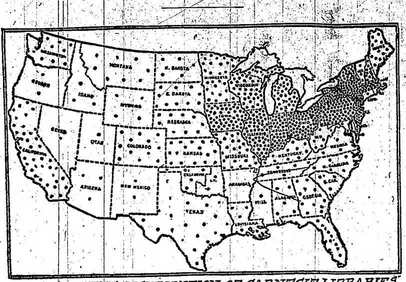
A "child philosopher" has disappeared from his home in Boston. President Eliot of Harvard has taken a great interest in him and Boston is all wrought up. We can't see why the loss of one child philosopher should cause much of a commotion in that town.

A young New York man was arrested on a charge of insanity. He wanted to get married, and the judge discharged him. The young man was kindly left to his own vindication.

A German province, which is described as "petty," proposes to tax pianos. People with that much sense should never be described as small.

A Buffalo bishop advises young preachers to beware of women. Can it be possible that he doesn't consider the old preachers worth saving?

CARNEGIE LIBRARY MAP OF THE UNITED STATES



MAP SHOWING DISTRIBUTION OF CARNEGIE LIBRARIES.

Because a generous man built a library which enabled him to read, Andrew Carnegie promised himself that, should he become rich, he would devote his lifetime to building libraries so that all might have the benefit of books.

He has built 1,352 libraries, scattered over every part of the earth, in every English speaking community, in New Zealand and New York and Scotland, wherever there was demand.

Only two states in the Union have no Carnegie libraries. They are Rhode Island and Arkansas. Illinois has sixty libraries; New York has 120, but this is because of the many branches built in New York city. Iowa has but fifty-four, California forty-six, Texas 20, Indian Territory 2, Arizona 3, New Mexico 2, Kansas 16, Nebraska 9, Indiana 39, Massachusetts 21, and Pennsylvania 34. These figures were made public by Mr. Carnegie.

The number of library buildings built by Mr. Carnegie in the United States is 671, and these when finished will serve more than 18 per cent of the population. They represent an expenditure of $29,807,980.

The amount given by Mr. Carnegie outside the United States is $10,603,540.

RESTORES SPANISH EMBLEM

Porto Rico Has Discarded American Shield for Its Former Coat of Arms—Action the Result of Spirited Controversy—Introducer of Legislation Leading to Change Explains His Action—Thinks Arms Never Should Have Been Changed.

Surprise is expressed in circles familiar with Porto Rican affairs at the news that the legislature of the island has rescinded the new coat-of-arms and gone back to the arms which the island had when it was under Spanish oppression.

The bill, which originally was introduced by Secretary Post, says the Washington Star, failed in the executive council, but was reconsidered and passed.

The announcement, coming close upon the arrival in Washington of the new Porto Rican resident commissioner in congress, who has intimated that he favors home rule for Porto Rico, causes some apprehension that the Americanization of the island is suffering a check.

The new coat-of-arms was adopted by Gov. Allen's administration six years ago and was designed by one of the best heraldic designers in New York, under the supervision of Gaillard Hunt of the state department, the historian of the great seal of the United States, and incorporated certain features of the old Porto Rican arms with the arms of the United States. The old coat-of-arms, for which it appears the Americanized coat-of-arms has been discarded, has as conspicuous features the emblem of the lamb of St. John, the initials of the old king and queen of Spain and a Spanish crown, which are regarded as remarkable combinations as emblems for United States territory, where there is no state church.

The restoration of the old coat-of-arms is the climax of a spirited controversy. The republican party in the island, which was dominant when the old coat-of-arms was abolished, but which is now the minority party in the legislature, has opposed the return to the Spanish arms and it is claimed that American local sentiment opposed the change. The Spaniards heartily favor the restoration of the supplanted Spanish emblem.

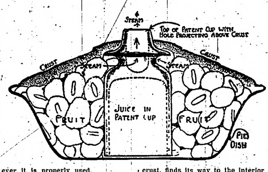
The old arms of Porto Rico consisted of a black-edged shield with a green background, around which were ranged in red and yellow royal emblems of Spain, the crowned lion rampant, the castle and the banner of Castile. In the center, designating Porto Rico, the Paschal lamb, with cross and banners, stands meekly on the book of law, all resting on a fertile green isle in the blue Caribbean sea. Over the lamb, in an azure sky, are the world famed crowned initials of Ferdinand and Isabella and still higher are the bow and arrow of the erstwhile hostile Caribs—all representing wealth, peace and submission and the spread of the church.

The new arms typify the new Porto Rico and her hopes. At the top of a golden shield appear the red, white and blue of the American union. On this shield, from an eagle-surmounted scepter, spring the coffee and tobacco which yield the island's great revenues. Porto Rico, green and fertile, still rests in the Caribbean, but over her seven golden rays from the rising sun flood land and sea with glorious waking light and a new motto, "Prospera Lux Oritur," replaces the "Johannes Est Nomen Eius" of four centuries ago. Over the shield in lasting recognition of the discovery by Columbus is a caravel bearing the Spanish colors and the cross. Under this caravel a bar of blue and gold separates the old from the new.

Mr. Post says in defense of the introduction of his bill:

"I am surprised that my bill has caused so much discussion, but I am not sorry, as it shows healthy, patriotic sentiment and commendable local pride. In introducing it I never for an instant considered politics or religion. I believe the arms never should have been changed. Our original American colonies did not change their arms when they became independent states. In Porto Rico the natives naturally cling to customs and traditions centuries old, and all past associations which are innocent should be remembered. I am opposed to the changing of the names of ancient streets and buildings. The new names mean nothing to the natives, who rarely accept them, and they destroy part of the charm of our beautiful island. I am confident that my bill is backed by the approval of many of the best and most intelligent, as well as the most loyal, people in Porto Rico."

Scientific Pie Dish for Making Digestible Pies



One of the famous tests of American housewifery is the character of her pie crusts. If they are soggy and indigestible she commits an offense against a great American institution and is found wanting; if they are light and flaky, melting in the mouth and welcomed by a grateful stomach, then her vocation is unquestioned.

But the most experienced of housewives know that pie crusts are uncertain quantities. In spite of all precautions they are occasionally mutinous, and that pie is a failure. To partly obviate this uncertainty there is a familiar expedient—the placing of a cup among the fruit or meat contents of the pie to collect moisture that might otherwise find its way to the crust, preventing its proper baking and rendering it soggy and indigestible.

The cup device was useful, but not perfect. There was difficulty about the escape of steam. It has remained for a physician—Dr. Adcock, evidently a stout champion of pie—to invent a pie cup that solves the whole problem. It has been tested by a number of pie makers, who declare that it insures a light, well-baked crust whenever it is properly used.

Dr. Adcock's device is constructed on thoroughly scientific lines. There is a cup with a small opening at the top, below which is a flange on which the center of the crust rests, the small opening projecting through it. In the contracted circumference of the cup just beneath the flange are small holes. As the fruit or meat cooks the steam rises up under the crust, finds its way to the interior of the cup through these holes, and thence out through the central opening.

The crust is therefore certain to be well baked, and, as the juice cannot boil over, the pie is not only more digestible than those made by the old method, but presents a nicer and more appetizing appearance.—Chicago American.

SHOT HIMSELF INTO FAME.

Experience of Delphin, the Mite, in Paris Streets.

A Paris correspondent of the London Sketch says the Ninth Correctional chamber was crowded to overflowing this week for the "Affaire Delphin." It was a humorous business altogether. Delphin is a tiny personage of about the size of Mlle. Chiquita, the woman midget who is appearing at the Hippodrome just now with Machnow, and has earned himself a deserved reputation as a singer of his own songs in the cabarets of Montmartre.

The little man was waylaid by some hoodlums on New Year's day, drew his revolver in self-defense and "fired in the air." As the judge put it to him, firing in the air is a most dangerous proceeding for a man of his inches, for he might easily have put somebody's eye out. As it was, a bullet the size of a pea penetrated a trouser leg and flattened itself against the victim's shin. There was no other wound and Delphin for "carriage of arms of a prohibitive size," it being an offense against the French law to carry weapons which are not easily visible, was sentenced to a fine of 4 shillings.

He paid up smilingly and his spirited description of the affray has made the little man quite the hero of the boulevards, for the Carillon, where he is performing, is now each night crowded as the courthouse was, and Delphin sings his prowess in undying verse.

Storage of Wind Power.

Professor Shaler expects that the cheapening of the method of the storage battery will enable us so to husband the energy afforded by windmills that it will serve for constant use. The reason why so little has been done with the winds as a power is that the speed varies and there are long periods in which the movement is too slight to afford power. The force which can be won from the winds for man's benefit "amounts to many times as much as is now won from all other sources which are utilized."

WILLED HANDY MAN $3,000.

Aged Woman Rewards Man Who Was Useful "Around the House."

Frank Lightner is a "handy man around the house" and his reward is $3,000, says a Reading (Pa.) special to the St. Louis Republic. Elmina Schlaseman, aged 80 years, died recently at Rehrersburg and she had drawn up a document in the form of a deed, giving Lightner, a much younger man, her estate, worth $3,000. Her relatives contested.

Judge Bland decided to admit the document as the will of Mrs. Schlaseman.

Mrs. Harry Brobst, one of the witnesses, testified that Mrs. Schlaseman had told her that Mr. Lightner tended her like a baby and that she thought she had to pay him.

In the morning he prepared breakfast.

He brought her downstairs, helped to dress her and comb her hair and put her at the table and attended to everything. He cleaned the house nicely—better than some women could do it.

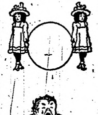
A Dilemma.

(With Apologies to T——e R——t.)

A new-born child is such a helpless thing—
Now why not get a puppy for a change,
To frisk and gambol with a leading-string
To somewhat limit his inquiring range

In this enlightened age no one as yet,
Though skilled in science, or of noted fame,
Fore-knows the profit of a child to come—
A pug dog's nose is always just the same.

What hours are spent in curling long straight hair,
The while some favorite child dissolves in tears;—
The poodle's coat needs no such weary care—
His kinky locks will last for years and years.



When in apartments of the present day,
Where rooms are small, and twins a thing of dread,
(The rules say that no children are allowed)
A good dachshund could sleep beneath the bed.

A bow-legged child is not a pleasing sight,
And people say, "Oh, what an ugly brat!"
But no one says such things about my dog,—
His crooked legs are meant to be like that.
—Frederic Colburn Clarke in New York Times.

HIP POCKET AND REVOLVER

Ex-Ranger Says Weapons Are Not Carried There by Cowboys.

"I have just been reading one of these books of Texas life, so-called," said an ex-ranger, who has had many dangerous experiences with "bad men," according to the San Antonio Express. "The hero was a Texas cowboy, who wore a pistol in his hip pocket. Now, anybody with a grain of sense would know that cowboys don't go into hip pockets for their shooting arms. It's clumsy and unsafe.

"When a man needs his gun he needs it bad and so he will keep it in handy reach. He isn't going to take any chances of throwing his coat back or having his pistol stick when he tries to pull it out. Besides, a pistol big enough to do the work, with a barrel long enough to insure accuracy of aim, wouldn't go into the hip pocket, anyway.

"Some fellows carry theirs in their holster, fixed on the right side of their belts and they let the belt swing loose, so that the pistol hangs well down on the hip. That's well enough; but I always preferred to carry mine in a holster under my left arm suspended from the shoulder and a little to the front.

"In this way there is no vulgar display of the weapon; yet when you need it, all you have to do is to let your right hand fall carelessly, as if you were going to take a lead pencil out of your vest pocket, and you are ready for any kind of argument."

Man Who Planned Washington.

Major Pierre Charles L'Infant's body has lain for eighty years in an unmarked grave on Green Hill, just outside the city of Washington, says the New York Sun. It was L'Infant's genius that made Washington the "City of Magnificent Distances." His reward from the government for his labors was less than $2,000, and in his later years he was dependent on charity. Now it is proposed to have the government erect a monument over his grave, the owners of the surrounding land having declared their willingness to grant a public way to the grave and dedicate it as a memorial to the distinguished engineer. All that congress is asked to appropriate to build the monument is $500. Thus the total reward of L'Infant will be not to exceed $2,500 for laying out the nation's capital, a sum that many architects and engineers today would not regard as sufficient compensation for planning a twenty-five-acre country place.

Good-by to the Chaperons.

With the development of the shopping luncheon, chaperonage—by day, of course—appears to be going out of fashion in New York. The metropolitan lass always has been more independent in that respect than her provincial sisters, and today her emancipation from the sway of the duenna is almost complete. One can see from 11 to 2 any fine day hundreds of young women at tables in Sherry's, Del.'s, the Breslin, the St. Regis or the Astor, unattended, unless by companions of their own average age. They take their luncheon in seeming unconsciousness of the fact that their grandmammas and even their mammas would have been regarded as exceptionally daring to dream of doing so in public without chaperons. Perhaps the doom of the duenna already is sounded for every phase of social life.—New York Press.

GHOST IN SALVATION ARMY

Barracks at Rhymney, South Wales, Said to Be Haunted.

"Not for £100 would I again go through the experience," is the declaration of a man living at Rhymney, South Wales, who, according to the London Mail, with companions this week set himself to lay a "ghost" which is said to haunt the local salvation army barracks.

The specter takes the form of a tall, stoutly built woman, clad in yellow, with a drawn face of ghastly hue and terrible gleaming eyes. The young lady captain of the barracks has been so unnerved that she will not enter the place.

"I have not actually seen the spirit, or whatever it may be," she said, "but a few months ago I heard a mysterious rustling sound, as if some woman were walking close past me. On Wednesday night I distinctly felt an arm placed across the bed."

Her female colleague, a lieutenant, has seen the specter and has in consequence received such a shock that she is now prostrate. This woman first saw the specter when she was sweeping the stairs at the barracks. Suddenly the tall woman in yellow walked with noiseless steps through the hall into the kitchen, where she seemed to melt into thin air.

Spring.

Now is the seed-time: God alone,
Beyond our vision, weak and dim,
Beholds the end of what is sown:
The harvest time is safe with Him.
Yet, unforgotten where it lies,
Though seeming on the desert cast,
The seed of generous sacrifice
Shall rise with bloom and fruit at last.
And he who blesses most is blest;
For God and man shall own his worth
Who toils to leave as his bequest
An added beauty to the earth.
—John Greenleaf Whittier.

RED LINE MADE BY AN UNSPEAKABLE QUIRT

The quirt hung from the catch of a "safety" pin on the fifth plank of the east side of Evan's shack. In the butt of the quirt were sixty steel-cased bullets. This gave the butt security. At the end of the quirt was a single strip of rawhide, thin, edged, water-soaked, salted; it had been torn one night when a cold rain came and a stampede from the flank of a maverick east of the Stinking river.

The wife of Evan was within the shack at the making of the noon meal of pancakes, canned peas and corn from an outer world of industry tumbled in, eggs addled by the thunder of the plains. She was lonesome. A man's lonesomeness may express itself through his love of liquor or his hotness for worry, or his disregard for his given word. A woman's lonesomeness seeks companionship.

Sterling, on a pinto, was coming up the Fawn trail. He leaned carelessly forward in the Dutch-cradle saddle, laughing to himself. The hinder hoofs of the pinto sent spurls of dust circling to the grazing sheep far below. Evan was with the sheep figuring the cost of the "dip," the price of the wool, the worth of the pelts, the rate of mutton—it is possible for a man to reckon these beyond the value of a woman's trust. Sterling knew this, and smiled.

He reined in at the shack and called. Evan's wife came out and took the hand he proffered. Between these two nothing had ever passed, but at this moment he was companionship—and Evan still lingered with his sheep—in the sheep was money.

Sterling bent far down from his saddle-horn, and still holding her hand whispered something, a devil-may-care smile at his lips. The yellowish pink of a tired woman swept over her face. Evan was yet with the sheep.

Now whether it be here or whether it be there—what matters the place to you or me—blood tells. Evan's wife had starved in the wilderness about her, starved for the touch of a kindly hand, the ring of a voice that cared, for the sight of hope itself—the angel of the peaks and of the green meadows over which the rain had swept—but the blood of those who never give up, who take faith, the cross of trust to the rough edge of a rude cut grave, was in her.

Perhaps it came from the mother, mayhap from the father; perchance from some royal ancestor of ages ago. Who knows?

The quirt leaped from its catch on the "safety" pin on the fifth plank of the east side of Evan's shack and in the hand of Evan's wife it cut across the smiling face of Sterling, the pinto rider, a long, blood-red, cruel mark. So he rode away blindly striking at the red that filled his eyes and marked his lips, and the woman, still alone in the heart, went back to the sizzling pan of cakes.

Evan, unknowing, yet halted below with the sheep and the possible profits in the pelts.—H. I. C., in Chicago Evening Post.

BEDROOM OF THE FUTURE.

When Human Life Is Guided by the Scientists.

Mr. H. G. Wells, that dreamer of fantastic dreams, has been imagining for us the bedroom of the future. It is to be a most wonderful and healthy affair, and will require no labor to keep it clean.

"There is no fireplace," says Mr. Wells, in the Fortnightly Review, "and I am perplexed by that until I find a thermometer beside six switches on the wall. One switch warms the floor, which is not carpeted, but covered by a substance like soft oilcloth; one warms the mattress; and the others warm the wall in various degrees.

"There is a recess dressing-room, equipped with a bath and all that is neccessary to one's toilet; and the water, one remarks, is warmed if one desires it warm, by passing it through an electrically-heated spiral of tubing. A cake of soap drops out of a store machine on the turn of a handle, and when you have done with it you drop that and your soiled towels, and so forth, which also are given you by machines, into a little box, through the bottom of which they drop at once, and sail down a smooth shaft.

"The room has no corners to gather dirt, wall meets floor with a gentle curve, and the apartment could be swept out effectually by a few strokes of a mechanical sweeper. You are politely requested to turn a handle at the foot of your bed before leaving the room, and forthwith the frame turns up into a vertical position, and the bedclothes hang airing. You stand at the doorway and realize that there remains not a minute's work for anyone to do."

Presumably you press another button to have the bed remade.—Answers.

Predicts Big Crops.

"Uncle Billy" Sumpter, who lives near Madison, looks for big crops this year. He bases his expectations on the number 5. He says that big crops were raised in '55, '65, '75, '85, 95, and now it's 1905's turn.—Kansas City Journal.

GOLD CATS AS BROOCHES.

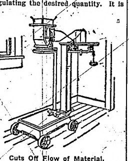
New Style of Presents Made at English Weddings.

Gold cats mounted as brooches were the novel gifts to the attendants at a recent English wedding. They were, however, for five children; had they been for older girls there might have seemed to be something a bit suspicious or ambiguous about such unusual souvenirs. The little girls who were the recipients of the cats, and who officiated as bridesmaids, wore frocks and accessories copied from Vandyke's paintings of the children of Charles I, and were in long white satin dresses, red shoes, white stockings and wore quaint little lace caps on their heads. Another feature of this wedding was the large number of children in scarlet and blue from the Guards' school. One of the little children in the bridal train was so tiny that she was literally concealed behind the draperies of the long train, and was revealed only when two larger girls bearing the train let it fall.—New York Times.

SCIENCE and INVENTION

Automatic Spout Cut-Off.

Labor-saving devices of all kinds are always in demand, as the manufacaurer and producer are continually on the lookout for machines that will increase the quantity of material produced and at the same time lessen the cost. Machines which can also do work more accurately and more quickly than can be performed by hand also find a ready sale. In the illustration is shown an apparatus of the type used for weighing predetermined quantities of granulated or other similar substances, an automatic spout cut-off regulating the desired quantity. It is adapted to be placed beneath the mouth of a thrasher, rice mill, flour mill or elevator and connected with the ordinary platform or scale. An electric mechanism is connected from the scales to the mouth of the hopper, and is so arranged that when the bag is full the circuit breaker closes the cut-off and automatically shuts off the flow of the material.



Cuts Off Flow of Material.

The construction is such that the parts will not readily get out of order, nor is skilled labor required to operate the device, the results obtained being accurate. A means for holding the bags in position while being filled is also provided. The scales naturally can be of any desired pattern, the detailed parts of the device being in the automatic circuit closer, which is actuated by the raising and lowering of the scale beam as the material is emptied in the bag.

Fred G. Dieterich of Washington is the inventor.

Lighter Motors for Cars.

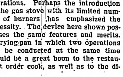
By the use of worm gearing between the motors and axles on the new motor cars on the Zurich-Oerlikon electric line in Germany the weight of the motors has been reduced over 50 per cent. The reduction ratio of the gearing is 12 to 1, the worm having a triple thread with a pitch of 120 millimeters and an angle of 29 minutes 55 seconds. The worms are coupled to the motor shaft by flexible couplings, so their whole weight is borne on springs, and are of hardened steel, while the worm wheels are of phosphor bronze. In trial tests the gear has shown an efficiency of 95 per cent in transmitting twenty-two horsepower, and a little less at higher and lower loads. The worm gearing weighs only 300 pounds, which, with motors wound for 500 volts and running at 1,200 revolutions per minute, is a substantial reduction from the weight of the ordinary spur gearing of equal capacity, 650 pounds.

Aid to Revolver Shooting.

Possibly as an aid to the man who is looking for trouble comes the invention of an electric light attachment to revolvers by means of which the user may illuminate the object at which he is pointing his revolver and at the same time screen himself in darkness. The inventor places a miniature dry coil in the handle of the revolver, while a hood provided with a reflecting surface and containing an incandescent bulb electrically connected with the cell is located at the under side of the barrel of the weapon.

Sectional Frying Pan.

The sectional cooker that made its appearance in various forms during the past few years shows that a demand exists in the household for economy of room and fuel in the culinary operations. Perhaps the introduction of the gas stove with its limited number of burners has emphasized the necessity. The device here shown possesses the same features and merits. A frying-pan in which two operations can be conducted at the same time should be a great boon to the restaurant order cook, as well as to the divinity that presides in the kitchen of the smallest household. It means that the meal can be hastened, that it can be amplified in variety without much additional labor, and besides saving time in the cooking, it means less fuel, when gas is used, and one less pan to be cleaned. In the modern household where the pots and pans are kept scrupulously bright and clean, the latter saving is by no means the least desirable feature of the device.



Uniform Setting of Concrete.

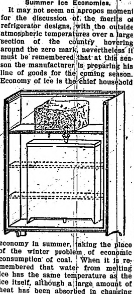
California has instituted a novel method of constructing concrete walls by which uniformity in strength, and set, and unusual freedom from cracks are obtained. Between the framing forming the outer and inner surfaces of the wall collapsible hollow cylinders, smaller in diameter than the thickness of the wall, are placed vertically at intervals, the cylinders having been previously perforated with several holes, with the idea of draining water from the fresh concrete as the latter is placed around the cylinder. The concrete is allowed to set during the night, and in the morning the water that has collected in the cylinder is pumped out. From two to six inches of clear water is withdrawn at the end of ten or twelve hours. The cylinder is then extracted and the space filled with concrete.

FOR THE KITCHEN

Recently Invented Conveniences and Some New Recipes

Summer Ice Economies.

It may not seem an apropos moment for the discussion of the merits of refrigerator designs, with the outside atmospheric temperatures over a large section of the country hovering around the zero mark, nevertheless it must be remembered that at this season the manufacturer is preparing his line of goods for the coming season. Economy of ice is the chief household economy in summer, taking the place of the winter problem of economic consumption of coal. When it is remembered that water from melting ice has the same temperature as the ice itself, although a large amount of heat has been absorbed in changing the physical form of the vapor, it will be seen that this water, which is just at the freezing point, is a good refrigerating medium itself, and should be utilized. The difficulty is that all refrigerator designs disregard this fact, and allow the cold water, derived from the melting of the ice, to flow away to a drain or waste pipe. By equipping the refrigerator compartment with a reservoir presenting a large surface area, and collecting the drip therein, the melting of ice is reduced to a minimum, the water absorbing a large amount of heat that would otherwise be consumed in transforming the ice into water. Means, of course, should be provided to carry the cold water to the bottom of the reservoir and to permit the surplus water to escape from the surface.



Beef a la Mode.

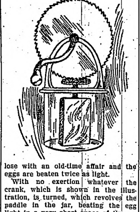
Make incisions through a round of beef and through these draw long strips of fat salt pork. Have the incisions about an inch apart. Stuff also into the holes with the salt pork a forcemeat made of minced crumbs, highly seasoned. Lay the meat in a pot, cover deep with chopped onion, carrot, turnip, celery, a sliced or chopped tomato, two bayleaves broken into bits and a dash of mace and paprica. Pour over all a half-pint of cold water, cover closely and cook very slowly—allowing fifteen minutes to the pound. Transfer the meat to a hot dish, strain the gravy, thicken it with browned flour and pour over the meat.

Pepper Pot.

Cut two pounds of cold boiled tripe into small bits and put it over the fire with a half-pound of cold boiled veal chopped fine and three quarts of veal stock skimmed free of fat. Bring to the boil, add a bunch of soup greens cut small, a chopped onion and a cupful of potato dice. Cover closely, simmer for an hour and a half, season to taste, thicken with a white roux and when thick and smooth drop in small dumplings. Serve as soon as these are done.

New Egg Beater.

The cook who uses this egg beater saves the time she would otherwise lose with an old-time affair and the eggs are beaten twice as light.



With no exertion whatever the crank, which is shown in the illustration, is turned, which revolves the paddle in the jar, beating the egg light in a very short space of time.

Baked Beans and Tomatoes.

Soak the beans and boil until tender. Drain and put into a deep dish with a large lump of salt pork that has been parboiled and pour over all a generous half-pint of seasoned and strained tomato sauce, into which a lump of butter has been stirred. The tomato sauce should not have been thickened. Cover closely and cook for three hours at least.

Caramel Cake.

Cream a half-cup of butter with two cups of powdered sugar. Beat the yolks of four eggs until thick. Stir the eggs into the butter-and-sugar mixture, add a cup of milk and then the stiffened whites of the eggs alternately with enough prepared flour to make a good cake batter. Bake in layer tins.

An Eggless Cake.

Now and then the egg supply run low, and a cake recipe that is eggless is a convenience. Here is one that has faced emergencies for a decade: Half a cupful of butter, a cupful of sugar, two cupfuls of flour, half a cupful of sour milk, a cupful of raisins, a teaspoonful of soda, a teaspoonful of cinnamon, half a teaspoonful of nutmeg. Cream together the butter and sugar. Turn in the milk and add the flour, sifted with soda. Add the spices and beat in all together. At the last stir in the raisins, well dredged with flour. Bake in a moderate hot oven.

LITTLE EXPLOSIONS

Improbable.

Editor (severely)—Don't you know enough to write facts instead of fiction in this paper?

Cub Reporter—Why, sir, my story tells just what happened.

Editor—Tells what happened? Why, here in the first paragraph you say that an automobile was going slowly down the street.

His Nasty Dig.

Mrs. Golswizzer—"Our new cook is a deaf and dumb old maid."

Mr. Goldwizzer—"What else is the matter with her besides being a deaf mute?"

Mrs. G.—"Nothing at all."

Mr. G.—"Then I can't understand why she's an old maid."

Caught in a Mis-Statement.

Homely Lecturer—Women, my friends, are invariably hard please.

Voice in the audience—One moment, please. Are you married?

Homely lecturer (irritably)—Yes, sir, I am.

Voice—Is your wife happy?

Lecturer (proudly and indignantly)—Yes, sir, she is!

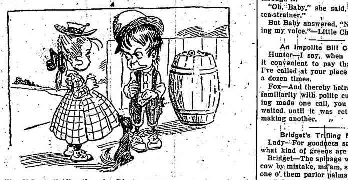
Voice—Then, sir, you are a liar.

Exchange of Confidences.

Husband (during the honeymoon)—I was awfully nervous when I proposed to you. I was afraid you would not accept me.

Wife—And I was awfully nervous for weeks before you proposed. I was afraid you wouldn't.

OUGHT TO BE SATISFIED.



Sallie—If I was dividing the cake I'd give you the big piece.

Tommy—Then what yer kickin' about? I've got it, ain't I?

Art and Geography.

Among the visitors at an art exhibition were two old ladies from the country. They were examining with great interest a bas-relief of a young Greek shepherd, beneath which were inscribed the words. "Executed in terra cotta."

"I wonder where Terra Cotta is?" ventured the elder of the two, turning to her companion.

"Well, now, I ought to know," hesitated the other, "but I can't seem to place it just now."

"Ah, well," rejoined the first speaker, as they passed on, "it must be a dreadful place if they execute harmless young boys like that there."—Youth's Companion.

Brotherly Advice.

"I wish I knew whether Tom really loves me or not," said the dear girl as she toyed with her engagement ring.

"I'll tell you how you can find out," said her big brother. "Next Thursday is his birthday; make him a present of a box of cigars like you gave me last Christmas."

"But how will that prove his love?" asked the innocent maid.

"If he smokes them himself he loves you," answered the wise b. b.; "and if he gives them to his friends he doesn't."

Sharp Rebuke From Cholly.

Cholly—I was weally seveah with a wude fellah on the street cah today.

Dolly—What did you do, Cholly?

Cholly—Well, y' see, the chap kept staring at me horribly. So I finally fixed my monocle upon him and said: "I say, me man, you must be dev'lish hahd up for something to look at, y' know!" I could see he was awf'ly cut up, for he said: "I guess that's right."

A Long-Felt Want.

"I've got a patentable idea that I expect to make a fortune out of," said the local inventor.

"What 'tis?" queried the party with the rubber habit.

"A scarfpin shield that will prevent a young man from getting tangled up in his best girl's hair," answered the genius.

It.

Cholly Sappey—"Such an odd girl, don't y' know. When she was introduced to me she burst out laughing."

Miss Peppery—"Yes, she's hysterical."

Cholly Sappey—"Aw—really?"

Miss Peppery—"Yes, she frequently laughs at nothing."

Further Information Wanted.

She—How did you spend your time while you were away?

Her Husband—I counted the minutes until I could see you again.

She—Um—that would not take long. What did you do with the minutes after they were counted?

After the Party.

The Sister—She was fishing for compliments, as usual.

The Brother—Well, I don't know what she was fishing for, but she seems to have landed that fellow who used to call on you.—Detroit Tribune.

One Secret She Keeps.

"She says she knows a few things about you, but she refuses to tell what they are."

"Yes; she's referring to a few truthful remarks I made about her."

Only One of Her Kind.

"She is a marvelous woman."

"What has she done—written a book?"

"No. She met a fellow with a cough and didn't tell him of a sure cure."—Illinois State Journal.

Common Complaint.

"How does he like his new job?"

"It only has one drawback."

"What's that?"

"The work connected with it."—Illinois State Journal.

Don't You Think That Jarred Him?

"Miss Sharpe—Vera," he began, "you must know why I've been calling here so much; why I sit here in the parlor with you night after night—"

"I suppose, Mr. Kloseman," the girl interrupted, "it's cheaper to do that than take me out anywhere."—Catholic Standard and Times.

Enterprise.

Nordy—"Gasberry is such an enterprising chap. Always first in the field!"

Butts—"What's he done now?"

Nordy—"Started a school of correspondence to teach people to conduct schools of correspondence."

He Was Satisfied.

Sister—What! You engaged to Miss Prettyun Why, she has no family tree!

Brother—Oh, I guess she has—and judging from her appearance it must be a peach!

Handicapped.

His Wife—The baby is awfully backward about learning to talk.

Her Husband—Perhaps you don't give him a chance, my dear.

She Is So Light-Headed.

"I wonder why Mamie will load her hat with such a lot of trimmings?"

"Probably to keep her head from blowing away."

At the Sewing Circle.

Mrs. Cutter—What do you do when you husband goes on a tear?

Mrs. Stitcher—Oh, I just let him rip!

Punctilious as to Good Form.

"Bah Jove, old fel, I was wanting to see you, you know. I had just had my man call you up at your apartments, but got no answer. Not home, I suppose?"

"Oh yes, deah boy. But, you know, my man doesn't like to answer the phone when I am there myself. He says it puts him too much in the light of a serving man, don't cher know. And, of course, I could not think of doing it myself when he's theah, old fel," replied Spendthrift.

Voice Culture.

Baby heard Leila say that one of the girls in the choir had strained her voice. A few days afterward Leila went into the kitchen and there on the floor sat Baby, holding the tea-strainer to her lips and singing through it.

"Oh, Baby," she said, "put up the tea-strainer."

But Baby answered, "No, I'm straining my voice."—Little Chronicle.

An Impolite Bill Collector.

Hunter—I say, when can you find it convenient to pay that little bill? I've called at your place at least half a dozen times.

Fox—And thereby betrayed your unfamiliarity with polite customs. Having made one call, you should have waited until it was returned before making another.

Bridget's Trifling Mistake.

Lady—For goodness sakes, Bridget, what kind of greens are these?

Bridget—The spinage was fed to the cow by mistake, ma'am, so I cooked up one o' them parlor palms. The guests won't know the difference.

Lady—But, Bridget! Those palms were artificial.—Detroit Free Press.

More Serious Than He Thought.

Dr. Wipe—No, you haven't got appendicitis. Booze is all that ails you—stop your drinking and you'll soon be well.

Lushington—Great heaven, doc, don't say that. Why I had no idea it was so serious. I thought that all I needed was an operation or two.

Practical Girl.

"Why do you waste so many hours on beautifying devices?" inquired the old-fashioned woman. "Why not deviate that time to thinking beautiful thoughts?"

"Oh, fudge!" retorted the modern damsel. "My beau isn't a mind-reader."

His Sense of Responsibility.

"You don't quote me exactly," said the statesman.

"Certainly not," answered the confident reporter. "If I had confined myself to your remarks the paper would not have considered the article worth printing."

Sounded Ominous.

Paw Hoptoad—I see this bigamist Hoch is liable to get a habeas corpus.

Maw Hoptoad—Well, I don't feel sorry if he does. There ain't nuthin' too bad fer a man like him.

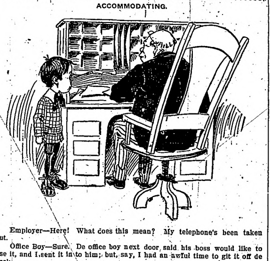
Whiffs of Spring.

"The scribe's pen has set the whole village agog."

"Is it so powerful?"

"Age! The villagers say that unless it be removed they will poison the hogs."

ACCOMMODATING.



Employer—Here! What does this mean? My telephone's been taken out.

Office Boy—Sure. De office boy next door said his boss would like to use it, and I sent it in to him; but, say, I had an awful time to git it off de desk.

Rightly Defined.

Teacher—What are the three personal pronouns?

Pupil—He, she, and it.

Teacher—Give an example of their use.

Pupil—Husband, wife, and baby.

The First Consideration.

"Where are you going to take your vacation?"

"I don't know. I want to be sure I'm going to get it before I decide where I'm going to take it."

Judging His Worth.

Old Man—How can you afford to smoke that 25-cent cigar?"

Young Man—Oh, to-day was pay day."

Old Man—And what did you do with the other quarter?

Clearer Way of Putting It.

"Father asked Mr. Binks out last evening."

"I thought he didn't like him."

"He doesn't. You don't understand. He asked him to get out."

Adoptions.

'Don't you think that some men make a mistake in adopting politics as a career?"

"Yes; but it isn't as serious as the mistake that politics makes in adopting some men as its representatives."

All Changed.

"How about Miss Sneering?" inquired the returned traveler. "I suppose you are still friends?"

"No, indeed," replied Snarley; "why, we've been married over a year."

Cultivated.

Mr. Blox—What a beautiful swan-like neck Mrs. Blank has!"

Mrs. Knox—No, wonder. Her kitchen is in the basement and she has to stretch it every time she looks out to see who's going by!"

Implicating Skaggs.

Baggs—I conceal nothing from my wife; I tell her everything.

Skaggs—Well, I wish you'd quit it. She runs right over and tells my wife, and I get a calling.

CURING BRAIN BY PROXY.

How Balance of Seat of Reason Can Be Restored.

With the surroundings of the brain proper there have been remarkable surgical achievements; some of them in operations performed half a body's length from the disturbed organ. Between the brain proper and its lining is a shallow sea of fluid which extends all the way down the hollow inside of the spine, around the spinal cord. If this fluid becomes deranged or compressed the brain is affected. Now, in one part of the head this liquid substance constitutes a little spirit level, like a carpenter's level, which serves to keep the human machine properly balanced. Sometimes the fluid in this level increases beyond the normal capacity. Then the patient is annoyed by constant ringing in the ears and presently becomes subject to severe and dangerous vertigo. This is because the unconscious sense of balance is disturbed. A few years ago the medical faculty were at a loss for a cure. Now they know that the brain fluids may be controlled from the spine. So they tap the victim of the deranged spirit level near the base of the spine, draw off the surplus fluid and send him on his way, relieved, balanced and rejoicing. This lumbar tapping is of inestimable value in the diagnosing of meningitis, abscesses and other cerebral diseases; the examination of the fluid drawn from the spine, in fact, affording diagnosis for all brain diseases other than the purely nervous affections.—McClure's Magazine.

HEEDS WARNING OF NATURE.

This Child Profits by It for Preservation of His Health.

"Joe," a little boy in West Philadelphia, seems to have solved the problem of conserving his energy a great deal better than a number of the elders. He is a remarkably bright boy and has gone through his classes in school with ease. His progress has been so phenomenal, says the Philadelphia Record, that his teachers have often feared he would break down in health, and he undoubtedly would have but that, from the time he was a little kindergarten child to his present age of 10, he seemed to have learned the secret of taking care of himself. He works steadily up to a certain point and then stops suddenly.

"Mother," he will call from his room in the morning, "I think I won't go to today."

"Why not?" asks the mother, as though she knows the answer in advance.

"Why, if you don't mind I think I'll take the rest cure," and he turns over in bed to lose his tired little brain in oblivion. There he stays for sometimes as long as two days. His meals are brought up to him and he actually takes the rest cure. Not even the enticements of play or mischief ever lure him from his bed, and when he decides to go back to school he goes and resumes his steady, hard work once more.

He Wasn't Worried.

The Great Ice Age came sweeping over the prehistoric world, wafting its icy warning from the line of glaciers that were crunching their way over the paleozoic rocks and driving herds of hairy mammoths, glyptodons and other affrighted creatures before them.

Just then the prehistoric Paul Revere came bounding along, mounted on the back of his faithful dinosaur and shouting guttural warnings to the Cave men.

"Fly!" he cried. "The glaciers are coming! Run for your lives or you will surely perish!"

"Tut, tut!" said Abou, the Cave man, emerging from his cavern and calmly munching the thigh bone of a mylodon.

"Man, are you mad?" cried the hero, rather nettled. "Don't you know that now approaches the Age of Ice?"

"Well, so long as it's not the age of Plumbing, the Age of Coal, or the Age of Graft, I care not!"

Whereat the prehistoric philosopher retired calmly to his cave and dressed himself in his glad raiment, so that his fossil remains would make a good appearance upon their debut in an American museum a million years later.—New York Sun.

No Weather There.

"I lived among the people of Japan for four years," said the Cincinnati man, "and I pledge you my word that not once in all that time did I hear one single person make any reference to the weather. You can judge what a relief it was. Here and elsewhere the weather is a constant topic.

"Was nothing said when it was hot or cold or stormy?" was asked.

"Not a word—not the slightest hint. No matter whether it was pouring rain or the sun was shining, nobody spoke of it. The nearest I ever heard any Japanese trench on the weather was when my valet one day asked me for half a day off. When I hesitated over it he said:

"'Your excellency, I have a —— corn on my —— toe and I want to get the —— thing fixed before next winter sets in and freezes the —— thing off!

Looked the Part.

Amps Allen, the successor in the House of the late Thomas B. Reed, relates how the former Speaker once called upon the head of one of the department on a matter of official business.

The secretary was out, but a new private secretary wearing his newly acquired honor somewhat haughtily was there. "Can you tell me when the Secretary will return?" asked Reed.

"Really," answered the private secretary, unaware of the identity of the distinguished caller, "really, you know, I have no idea."

"Well," drawled Reed, "you look it!"—Harper's Weekly.

Nemesis.

I came to the window where years ago
She kept the watch-light burning
To safely guide by its patient glow
Her prodigal returning.

I came to the window—'twas dark and lone!
The years had with honors crowned me;
I would have given them all to atone
Could she have come back and found me!

Protesting Against Rate Reduction.

Atlanta, Ga.—The recent proposition of J. Pope Brown, Chairman of the Georgia Railroad commission, to reduce the passenger rate in Georgia from three to two cents per mile was protested against by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, the Order of Railway Conductors, and unions of the blacksmiths, machinists and telegraphers, boilermakers, railway trainmen, carpenters and joiners, clerks and car men. These organizations employed an attorney especially to represent them, who urged that such a reduction would work against the prosperity of the state and lead to a reduction in the number of railroad employes, as well as of their wages. The Travelers' Protective Association also protested that a reduction, as proposed, would result in fewer trains and poorer service.

Willing to Work.

Weary Wraggles—Leddy, I'll saw some wood fer youse if youse'll gimme some hot grub.

Mrs. Firstflore—But, my good man, can't you see this is a flat? We burn only gas.

Weary Wraggles—Den, leddy, I'll turn on de gas fer youse.

He Was Safe.

A teacher in one of the public schools asked a little Irish boy why he had been absent a day, to which the youth replied:

"My mother had the mumps and I had to go and get the doctor."

"But don't you know that the mumps is catching, Johnny?"

"Yes, but this is my stepmother, and she never gives me anything."

Bristles Not Included.

One of the ablest lawyers and advocates New England ever produced was Roger Minott Sherman, who was also famous for the quickness of his wit.

A story which fully illustrates Sherman's powers of repartee is quoted by the late Senator Hoar in his book entitled "An Autobiography of Seventy Years."

On one occasion Sherman was arguing a case against Nathan Smith, a very able but rather coarse lawyer. Mr. Smith had discussed the question of law with the subtlety for which he was distinguished. Mr. Sherman said to the court that he thought his brother Smith's metaphysics were out of place in that discussion; that he was not averse to such refinement at a proper time, and would be willing, on a fit occasion, to chop logic and split hairs with him.

Smith immediately pulled a hair out of his own head, and, holding it up, said:

"Split that."

Sherman replied, quick as lightning: "May it please your honor, I didn't say bristles."

A Great Discovery.

Clayton, Tex., May 1st.—(Special).—That a genuine cure for Diabetes has been discovered is the opinion of Mr. J. H. Bailey of this place. Speaking of the matter, Mr. Bailey says:

"I believe Dodd's Kidney Pills is the best remedy for Diabetes and the only one that has ever been discovered that will cure Diabetes.

"I have a genuine case of Diabetes. I have taken seven boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and am still taking them. They have helped me so much that I am now up and able to work some. I believe that if I had conformed strictly to a Diabetes diet I would now have been completely cured."

Dodd's Kidney Pills have cured hundreds of cases of Diabetes and never once failed. It is an old saying that what will cure Diabetes will cure any form of Kidney Disease and that's just exactly what Dodd's Kidney Pills do. They cure all kidney diseases from Backache to Bright's Disease.

Not for Her.

Some enthusiastic ladies made a tour of a Northern manufacturing town in order to persuade the womenfolk to attend a meeting in favor of female suffrage, but met with a somewhat discouraging reception.

"Female suffrage indeed!" snorted one strong-minded old lady to whom they appealed. "As if we poor women didn't suffer enough already! You won't catch me votin' for any such daft thing. I ain't lived sixty years in the world, with a good-for-nothing husband to work and slave for, without having as much suffrage as would kill such dainty ladies as you stone dead in a week!"

And she banged to the door.

The Same Old Cow.

A man was once traveling by rail in the Transvaal when suddenly the train stopped. Putting his head out of the window he asked the guard what the cause of the delay was.

"Only a cow on the line," answered the guard.

The train soon started again on its journey, but, after a few hours, again came to a stop.

The same passenger, again putting his head out of the window, asked the guard the reason of the stoppage.

"Another cow on the line, guard?"

"No, sir," replied the guard, solemnly, "it's the same old cow."

Bullish.

Patient—But I thought your price for an appendicitis operation was only $300?

Specialist—Oh, that was yesterday's quotation. The market opened this morning at 325 and advanced briskly to 337½.

ECZEMA FOR TWO YEARS.

Little Girl's Awful Suffering With Terrible Skin Humor—Sleepless Nights for Mother—Speedy Cure by Cuticura.

"My little girl had been suffering for two years from eczema, and during that time I could not get a night's sleep, as her ailment was very severe. I had tried so many remedies, deriving no benefit, I had given up all hope. But as a last resort I was persuaded to try Cuticura, and one box of the Ointment and two bottles of the Resolvent, together with the Soap, effected a permanent cure.—Mrs. I. B. Jones, Addington, Ind. T."

Love covers sins, but it does not conceal them.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK
OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans ☞ A Specialty. ☜

ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

2nd ☞ STORE

(SECOND HAND STORE.)

Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.

C. A. SKEIE.

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

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ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

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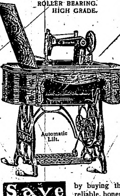
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Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.

STRONGEST GUARANTEE.

National Sewing Machine Co.
BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.

A STEIN of Hamm's Beer is a luxury everybody can afford
Supplied by Agents Everywhere, or
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
SAINT PAUL, MINN.

FRANK O'MEARA
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ST. PAUL, MINN.

Money to loan at all times in liberal amounts and at reasonable rates. Prompt service and perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Write for particulars.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn, as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, May 6, 1905.

The heavy rains this week will go a long way towards making a bumper crop this fall a certainty.

It does not look promising for a base ball team in St. Hilaire this season on account of lack of players. We might organize a foot ball team all right.

Editor Hunt in the Gully Sunbeam devotes considerable space to a mutual fire insurance company that does not pay its losses. Probably the man bought cheap insurance.

The pioneer settlers of Minnesota will assemble at St. Paul next week. The society has over three thousand members who were here before Minnesota was admitted as a state in 1858.

It would be a great saving if we could induce one of our district judges to locate in this county for the next three or four years. The county seat fight could then go on at reduced rates.

Professor Frederick Starr of the University of Chicago is of the opinion that men who give time or money to convert the heathen in foreign countries are "malicious meddlers," and do more harm than good, which is about the best thing the professor has said for some time.

Harry Ives of the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR has fallen into the habit of lecturing the ladies and the Crookston Times advises him to take unto himself a wife and he will find that what he doesn't know about women would make a bigger book than all the back numbers of the SPECTATOR bound in one volume. Good counsel.—Mary McFadden in Duluth News-Tribune.

Why don't you set us a good example, Mary?

A neighbor truthfully remarks that a town always prospers best when the people are all united to help each other. When merchants are willing to live and let live; when every man shows his faith in the city in which he resides by sticking to and helping all in his power every legitimate enterprise in the town and following the invariable rule of getting everything he needs at home, even though he can temporarily do better elsewhere. There is the greatest possible strength in union of sentiment and united action. If there are any circumstances in the world where reciprocity is valuable it is at home.

As a result of the recent decision that an Indian who has renounced his tribal customs and relations by taking an allotment of land is entitled to all the rights of citizenship, Poor Lo is now privileged to vote—and get drunk. For years the red man has been denied the right to indulge in drunken hilarity legally. Now he can get as drunk as he wants to providing he has taken an allotment. This without doubt will make the Indians who indulge as savage as many of them were before any attempt was made to civilize them, but as long as the booze vendor will have any chance to enlarge the field of operations no complaint should be made. It may raise the price of corn.—Crookston Times.

Found Indian Remains.

Thief River Falls News: While coming down river one day last week in a gasoline launch, Sam Cheeley and George Jarman saw the skeletons of a number of Indians on the bank of the river just above Kratka postoffice. The water had washed away a portion of the banks of the river at this point and exposed the skeletons to view. They brought three of the skulls to town with them, and one of them was a decidedly large one.

Just when these Indians were buried there it would be hard to tell, but it was long before the remembrance of any of the old Indians that lived in this section. It is said that for a hundred years at least the graves of all Indians on this portion of the reservation were kept track of and that, when the bodies were removed up river last summer, all that had been buried during the past century were removed.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

The Country Merchant Has a Snap.

"Yes," remarked the country merchant to a newspaper reporter, "I certainly have a snap. The wholesale houses send me duns every month and draw on me at sight, but if I send a bill to a farmer he comes in swearing mad and quits trading at my store. While I am hard up for ready money many of those who owe me are sending cash in advance to mail order houses. If I contribute money to any cause people say I am bidding for trade; if I don't, they say I am a hog. Every day I am expected to dig up for everything that comes along, from a raffle ticket to a church fund, by people who say I ought to do this because they do part of their trading here, but my friend Montgomery Ward neither buys raffle tickets nor helps the church fund and yet gets the cash in advance business; and if I were to circulate a subscription paper among the city wholesale houses where we trade I would get the horse-laugh proper. If I sell a pair of pants I must treat the family to candy and cigars; if I buy a load of potatoes I must do the same. Customers who are able to pay hang onto their money while I pay ten per cent at the bank to get ready cash. I have a big business during hard times and poor crops from people who are willing to trade with me providing I can duplicate catalog house prices and wait until after harvest for my money. My scales weigh too heavy when I sell sugar and too light when I buy butter. I am a thief, a liar and a grafter. If I smile I am a softsoapy hypocrite; if I don't I am a grump. Yes, this is certainly a snap." And then he looked over $10,000 worth of book accounts, all good, and wondered how he could raise $350 to pay a sight draft due tomorrow.

The Impecunious Turk.

Collecting money from Turkey is a heartbreaking enterprise. A distinguished American once went there to collect a debt of $500,000 owing to an English syndicate, which included two members of parliament and a cabinet minister. He expected to see the business through in two or three months. But a foreign ambassador undeceived him. "Say three or four months and then you will be as far off from obtaining your money as you are today," he remarked. Men had gone out there to prosecute claims, he added, whose hair had turned gray with the strain to which they were subjected and who had gone home thoroughly broken in health, unable to obtain a Turkish lira to show for years of fruitless labor. One victim of Turkish duplicity and procrastination died in a lunatic asylum. One of the embassies had been twenty-five years prosecuting claims without realizing a cent.

Was on Forbidden Ground.

"A debating society was formed in one of the counties of my district," said a Kentucky congressman, "and among the first questions debated was, 'Resolved, That the negroes have more cause for complaint than the Indians.'

"It was stipulated the arguments should be confined to the United States. The first disputant on the affirmative opened with a speech to sustain his position, every word of which was listened to with close attention by the chairman. The disputant for the negative made a few remarks in answer and then turned to the Bible and commenced reading passages for the purpose of proving that some of the points made by his opponent were not backed up by the good book.

"The chairman stopped him with: 'Halt right where you are, Jim. Don't go any further. You have gone out of the United States for argument.'"—Nashville Banner.

A Robust Babe.

Sir John Richard Robinson in his "Fifty Years of Fleet Street" tells of an amusing incident during the visit of the Swazi deputation from the Transvaal to England at the close of 1894: "The Swazi braves went to Windsor and had an audience of her majesty Queen Victoria. They were very graciously received. One of their number began to speak, and an interpreter followed him phrase by phrase. 'We come, O great mother,' he said, 'to bring to you our babe. Take him, O mother, to thy knees; fold him to thy breast.' Here the queen, half frightened, exclaimed: 'But where is the child? I don't see him. Where is he?' 'Here, O mother,' said the Swazi gravely, at the same time bringing forward a big black about six feet high and weighing well over 200 pounds. 'He is here.'"

Flogging.

The Jewish rabbis had a legend which carries corporal punishment back to the days of our first parents, which is quaintly reflected in that modern schoolboy's play upon names, "Adam Seth Eve Cain Abel."

Of course there is, too, the warning of Solomon, "He that spareth the rod hateth his son," or the old Egyptian proverb, "The back of a lad is made that he may hearken to him that beats it," but if we must go on history alone the earliest records belong to the Romans, who practiced flogging in several degrees of severity.

There were the ferula, a flat strip of leather, a comparatively mild persuader; the scutica, a harsher instrument of twisted parchment, and the flagellum, a cruel scourge of leather thongs.

Berlin a Fairy City.

Berlin is at its best at night. It has discovered the secret of electric lighting, and when people step out from their offices and shops at 8 and 9 o'clock at night it is into an enchanted city. The solid palaces, the monstrous statues, the enormous houses and wide spaces of the long and stately streets are then soft and gracious with a fairy radiance. It is a city not only of prosperity, but of pure delight. The heaviness of the buildings and the rigidity of their lines are blurred and softened. In this clear northern air the million lamps blazing from the walls of houses, shining across the interminable streets and glowing in a straight line down the whispering avenues, have something of the magic gentleness and sensuous inspiration of an Arabian story. You begin to think Berlin is the greatest city in the world.

FAIR! FAIR! FAIR!
WHERE? WHERE? WHERE?

IMPERIAL HALL
Friday, May 12.

A chance to see yourself as others see you. Your picture taken at the Fair. Only five cents.

A great saving of labor. Buy your Saturday baking at the Fair. None but the best.

Sweeten up at the Fair on the home-made sweets sold by the sweets.

A fine musical program rendered at the Fair. Come and listen.

Ladies' Home Journal Booth. What is it?

Madame Lavolle will fortell your past, present and future at the Fair.

ADMISSION 15 CENTS.

Order of Hearing on Petition for License to Sell Land.

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake }

In Probate Court,
Special term April 20, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of K. O. Gigstad as administrator of said estate, representing among other things that said Nels G. Otterness at the time of his death was seized of certain real estate which is described in the petition herein, and that it is necessary to sell all of said real estate to pay the debts and legacies, and expenses of administration of said estate, and that it is for the best interests of said estate and all persons interested therein that said real estate be sold; and it appearing by such petition that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of the administrator to pay the debts outstanding against said deceased, legacies and expenses of administration, and that it is necessary to sell all of said real estate, and that it will be for the best interests of said estate and of all persons interested therein that the real estate described in the petition herein should be sold;

It is ordered, that all persons interested in said estate be and appear before this court on Tuesday, the 23rd day of May, A. D. 1905, at one o'clock p. m. of said day, at the Probate Court room in the court house in Red Lake Falls in said county and state, then and there to show cause, if any there be, why license should not be granted to said administrator to sell said real estate according to the prayer of said petition.

It is further ordered, that this order be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county and state.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, this 20th day of April, A. D. 1905.

N. W. TARRANT,
(SEAL) Judge of Probate.

a29-4m20

Order to Examine Accounts.

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake }

In Probate Court.
Special term, April 20, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Alfred Dalnard, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Mrs. M. N. Dainard, executrix, of the estate of Alfred Dainard, deceased, representing, among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law;

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 15th day of May, A. D. 1905, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., at the probate office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, the 20th day of April, A. D. 1905.

By the court,
N. W. TARRANT,
[SEAL] Judge of Probate.

(ap22 m13)

Order for Hearing on Claims, Etc.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—SS.

In Probate Court,
Special Term, April 4, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased, late of the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, being granted to K. O. Gigstad;

It is ordered, that six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 4th day of October, 1905, at one o'clock p.m. at a special term of said probate court, to be held at the Probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 4th day of April, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
N. W. TARRANT,
[Seal] Judge of Probate.

(a8-4t-a29)

FREE!
Fountain Pen
14-Kt. Solid Gold
TO NEW
Pioneer Press
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Jewelers Sell it for $1.50.

This is a rich quality hard rubber, highly polished Fountain Pen; screw section, and fitted with an improved Feeding Device, allowing the ink to flow easily without blotting. The gold-nibbed pen is 14-Kt. fine, iridium pointed. The complete Fountain Pen is Fully Guaranteed by the manufacturers and will be exchanged by them if not entirely satisfactory. Each box contains a single pen and a guarantee. If the pen is not absolutely perfect, send it back to the factory and get one that is: It will not cost you a cent.

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St. Paul, Minn.—
Gentlemen: Send to me, absolutely free and postpaid, a guaranteed solid gold-nibbed Fountain Pen. Enclosed herewith find $1.50 in advance for subscription to the Daily and Sunday or Weekly Pioneer Press.

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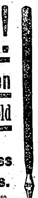

Damage Suits.

The Crookston Lumber company is having a hard time with damage suits for personal injuries to and death of its employees. There is one suit pending in the United States district court for the death of Frank Boutin of this city in the plant a year ago in which $5000 is asked by the widow, says Monday's Crookston Times. Two suits are pending in district court for damages because of injuries received by workmen in the St. Hilaire mill and today two additional suits were filed, one for $2,000 for the death of August Woelke in 1903 in the plant in this city and the other for $1575 for injuries sustained by Math Lilleseth through a runaway team belonging to the company. The heirs of Woelke maintain that the machinery was defective and the company officials negligent in their precautions for the safety of their workmen. Woelke was killed at the edger by being struck by a heavy slab in the stomach and knocked onto the rolling platform upon which timbers were constantly falling.

The accident occurred July 16, 1903, and Woelke died from the injuries received on the 21st of the same month. William Woelke, as administrator of the estate of his father, brings the action.

Dancing Birds.

Sailors visiting the island of Laysan, in the Hawaiian group, are greatly amused by the curious antics of the Laysan albatross, or gony. These birds sometimes perform in pairs a kind of dance, or, as the sailors call it, "cake-walk." Two albatrosses approach each other, nodding and making profound bows, cross their bills, produce snapping and groaning sounds, rise on their toes, puff out their breasts and finally part with more nodding and bowing, only to come together again and repeat the performance. Occasionally three engage at once in this singular amusement.

The Preacher's Closing Word.

The members of the Rev. Dr. Fourthly's congregation settled themselves resignedly in their seats.

He had just said, "One word more, and I have done."

The doctor looked keenly at them over his glasses for a moment.

Then he closed the book in front of him.

"Amen!" he said.—Chicago Tribune.

The Oliver Typewriter received the Gold Medal at the World's Fair, St. Louis. Send for handsomely illustrated art catalog which tells why.

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Farm Land Prices..

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H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

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SURGEON.

Graduate of Copenhagen University.

Department for Diseases of the Eye

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Seed flax for sale by Leonard Holmes.

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HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

Great Northern Time Table.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at St. Hilaire.

PASSENGER

8:00 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
9:25 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
9:55 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
10:20 am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30 pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10 am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz R. H. Duntley Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
J. J. SOLL, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3850 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

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and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE
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CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
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Agency for.......
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Be sure to see the school exhibit at the Fair. May 12.

Wm. Eickhoff was a county seat visitor last Tuesday.

G. B. Grace was a Thief River Falls visitor last Saturday.

Eugene Bray spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls visiting his parents.

Have you 15 cents? Take in the Fair at Imperial hall, May 12th.

Miss Clara Hoff was at Thief River Falls last Monday visiting friends.

K. R. Killand made a short business trip to Thief River Falls last Saturday.

FOR RENT.—Dwelling house on South Broadway. Inquire of Mrs. A. Dainard.

W. A. Murphy, of Thief River Falls, was a business visitor here last Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ross are the happy parents of a baby boy born yesterday.

J. P. Gonigam, the Red Lake Falls real estate man, was here on business yesterday.

Herm Adams has sold his team of horses to a farmer living near Red Lake Falls.

James Sutor, the Wylie county commissioner, was a business visitor here on Wednesday.

Ed. Enright, the well known Black River farmer, was a business visitor here on Monday.

The train was an hour and a half late on Thursday, caused by delay below Crookston.

There will be services at the Norwegian Synod church next Sunday evening at 8 o'clock.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. church will meet with Mrs. Riggs next Thursday afternoon.

Arthur F. Ittner, the SPECTATOR foreman, spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls visiting with his mother.

H. D. Pettibone is entertaining his uncle M. Pettibone, of Minneapolis, who will make an extended visit.

Miss Catherine Pirath entertained the Ladies' Whist Club at the Hotel Markham last Thursday evening.

Dr. J. E. Argue, of Red Lake Falls, has been here several days this week making his regular monthly visit.

E. M. Hoff has been selected by the I.O.O.F. Lodge as their representative to the Grand Lodge at St. Paul in June.

Don't forget the Fair! The best of everything will be there, so the best of the people must be there. The "best" means you.

V. M. Higinbotham and A. L. Reichert, two prominent Red Lake Falls business men, were here on business last Monday.

The schools enjoyed a half holiday yesterday on account of the teachers' meeting and the small boy was happy in consequence.

Chas. Fellman was around last Saturday with the cigars rejoicing over the arrival of a bran new girl at his house on Friday evening.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

We have had all kinds of weather the past week and it even tried to snow yesterday. The moisture, however, is good for the farmers and few complain.

H. D. Pettibone was up to Thief River Falls on Wednesday looking over the log supply in the river, which he says is ample to keep the mill at work.

Crookston is making extensive arrangements for a big celebration on the 17th of May, the Norwegian 4th of July. The railroads will sell tickets at reduced rates.

Misses Ila Ramstad, Mabel Evenson, Emily Anderson, Ida Nelson and Mr. Emil Evenson, of Thief River Falls, were here last Sunday visiting with the Misses Hoff.

The ladies of the M. E. church have been working hard and earnestly; now show your appreciation of their efforts by being present at their Fair, May 12, at Imperial hall.

Judge Watts has handed down a decision in the case of Peter Englestad vs. the board of county commissioners in which an injunction was asked restraining the county treasurer from paying the warrants issued for the court house. The injunction was denied and the transaction declared legal.

The Ladies' Sewing Society of the Scandinavian Mission church will meet with Mrs. Blomburgh Wednesday afternoon, May 10, at two o'clock. All the ladies are invited to attend.

The Great Northern cut at Red Lake Falls has commenced to give trouble again and since the rains this week has started to do some more sliding. So far, however, it is not serious.

The authorities of Beltrami county have caused the arrest of Fred Foote, of Spooner, for the murder of Matt Gannon. Foote was one of the men who notified Gannon to leave town and it is thought is the right man.

Miss Tessie L. Hughes has been appointed by State Librarian John King as his stenographer and will commence work on June 1st. The position carries a salary of $900 a year and Miss Hughes is entitled to the congratulations of her friends.

Hail is forty times greater than the fire hazard to farm property. For reliable protection insure in State Farmers Mutual Hail Insurance Co., of Waseca, Minn. Losses always paid in full. Responsible agents for 1905 wanted. Write today. m27

Bemidji Pioneer: Hon. J. M. Markham left this morning for Massachusetts and other eastern states, where he will spend about a month. Mr. Markham will go as far east as Poland Springs, Maine. He will spend several days in Washington on his way to the Atlantic coast.

The accidental overtuning of a kerosene lamp during the performance at Imperial hall last Friday evening nearly caused a stampede. Fortunately the fire was put out before any damage was done. Manager Nelson has had the lamps moved and the door at the outside entrance has been changed to swing out instead of in as before.

"Reddy" Simonson is laid up with a broken finger this week. He was trying to beat an automobile with his bicycle last Sunday and the wheel did not go fast enough so he left it and started on alone. He landed hard and broke his little finger on the left hand at the second joint. Dr. Blomburgh fixed him up and he will go slower for a while.

Lewis Larson has been spending several days here this week visiting with old friends. He expects to resume work on the big ditch at Neilsville in a few days and thinks that a month's work will finish the job. He and Wm. Eickhoff have taken a large grading contract on the farmers' railroad north of Devil's Lake, N. D., and will move their outfit as soon as the ditch work is done.

Last Sunday evening W. A. Crawford, a stranger, while fishing in the river at Thief River Falls, fell in and was drowned. He was using a dip net and in making a lift the pole broke. In attempting to recover the net he lost his balance and fell into the water. The swift current carried him to a whirlpool and he soon sank from sight. The body was not recovered until Tuesday.

Thief River Falls News: The saw mill is not running this week. The piston box on the carriage on the north side of the mill blew out Sunday evening, and in order to make this repair it was necessary to close down part of the mill. As logs are not coming down very fast it was also thought wise to close down the mill entirely and when the mill is again started up there will be no trouble in keeping it supplied.

Thursday of this week a deal was closed between R. J. McKercher, of St. Hilaire, and J. R. Delahunt and W. F. Finnegan, of Morris, Minn., whereby Mr. McKercher becomes the owner of a fine four-year-old Belgian stallion, weighing about 1800 pounds. This horse is claimed by several competent judges of draft horses to be one of the finest animals ever brought to Red Lake county and Mc is very proud of his pet.

Crookston Journal: The Wylie cheese factory will start about the tenth of this month for the season's run. Mr. Romsos, senior member of the firm of Romsos Bros., is in town today purchasing machinery for the factory. The capacity of the factory is large and the cheese is shipped to all points in the state and to North and South Dakota. It has been operated for several years by the Romsos Bros. and they have made a very successful institution of it. Both of the gentlemen are progressive business men and understand their work in all of its departments. Much of Wylie cheese is shipped here.

For Sale.

Two fresh milch cows; inquire at Riverside Farm. C. H. MARTZ.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.
tf G. H. SANDUM.

Mrs. E. L. Eickhoff
wishes to announce that her spring Stock of.....
MILLINERY
is ready for inspection.

A ticket will be given to each purchaser and the holder of the lucky number drawn will be given as a premium.....
A $5 HAT.

County Seat Fight.

The county seat controversy had another innings at Crookston last Wednesday before Judge Watts.

The action causing the proceedings was the application of John A. Duffy of Red Lake Falls for an injunction restraining County Auditor Ford from filing the petition for county seat removal prepared by Thief River Falls people or calling a meeting of the county commissioners to consider the matter.

Affidavits were submitted by both sides of the controversy, the Red Lake Falls people attempting to prove that cigars and liquor were employed by Thief Riverites in securing signers to the instruments, that the court house proposition wherein Thief River Falls gives the county the use of the city hall for $1 per year is illegal and that fraud was employed all through. Thief River Falls in its counter affidavits seeks to prove that no liquor and no cigars were employed but does not dwell upon the court house question.

Judge Watts held that the county commissioners were the proper persons to act on the legality of the petitions; that the county auditor exceeded his authority when he held up the petitions. He is in duty bound to receive them on their face and that the matter of legality is one for the commissioners in the first instance and the courts as a matter of appeal. He said he would deny the petition for an injunction. The Red Lake Falls attorneys asked for ten days in which to file a written argument. The case was continued until May 13.

Red Lake Falls was represented by Attorneys Chas. E. Boughton, F. A. Grady and Thos. Germo. Auditor Ford and J. A. Duffy were also present from Red Lake Falls. Attorneys Miller and Richardson represented Thief River Falls.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held at the village hall May 1, 1905, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the president.

All members present.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and on motion accepted.

On motion the Fire department was allowed $20 to send one delegate to the state firemen's tournament to be held at Litchfield June 13 and 14, 1905.

On motion the report of the road and bridge committee regarding the drain on Fifth street was left on the table until the next meeting.

On motion F. A. Grady was retained as the attorney for the village in the sidewalk case.

The following bills were allowed in full:

Crookston Lbr Co, three bills	$30 43
C Carpenter, work	11 40
N Shannon, "	5 25
Ed Tufth, "	11 10
A Satterberg, draying	1 00
C H Remington, salary	44 75
Wm Olson, blacksmithing	2 00
C Hall, salary	6 75
C Carpenter, work	12 25
Wilson & Hendrickson, mdse	5 73
A S Wilson, judge of election	2 00

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'BRIEN,
President.

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Recorder.

She Wasn't Here.

The following from the Crookston Times tells of the trouble the negro minstrel show, which gave a performance here on Tuesday evening, had before reaching here. The young white girl failed to show up here:

"Arthur L. Prince, manager of the stranded minstrel company down at Fertile, who was accused of absconding with the company's cash box and the pretty leading white girl, was at his hearing yesterday released, the justice deeming it better to let the man off than bring the support of the entire aggregation of colored artists directly upon the city of Fertile. Prince promised to take the troupe out on its itinerary and St. Hilaire will be played this evening.

"Lady Young, the pretty brunette who eloped with her dark manager, is the daughter of well known Pipestone people and it is understood has been sent to her home by the authorities. She is not an actress but through love of stage life and the colored manager joined in with the show at her home town and has since been with them. The authorities did all in their power to get her to turn from the path she had chosen and headed her homeward but it is thought that she retraced her steps and will be with the troupe and her manager again at St. Hilaire."

The World's Greatest Cities.

The relations of the world's five greatest cities is changing rapidly, but American cities seem to grow the fastest. Berlin is growing much faster than Paris so that either Chicago or Berlin will soon supplant Paris as the third largest city. New York will be second for about ten years when it is expeted to take first place away from London. In other words, America is growing in city population and will soon lead the world. Our golden grain belt beer already stands among the best if it is not the best home tonic ever brewed. This delicious beer is another testimonial to American skill and care in manufacturing. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Norwegians to Celebrate.

On account of the Norwegian Independence Day celebrations at Crookston and Minneapolis, the Great Northern will sell tickets to the above points at one and one-third fares for the round trip. Tickets good going May 16th and 17th, with return limit good until May 18th to Crookston and May 19th to Minneapolis. Consult local agent.

TEACHERS ARE HERE

Red Lake County Teachers' Protective Ass'n Holding Two-day Session Here.

ABOUT 50 PRESENT.

Spelling Contest Interesting.—Pres. Weld's Address Last Night Main Attraction.

County Superintendent McAnulty and about fifty of the county teachers arrived here yesterday and commenced a two-days' session at Imperial hall of the Red Lake County Teachers' Protective association.

Yesterday's morning session was purely a business affair but the afternoon session was enlivened by a spelling contest, the pupils from the rural schools being the only ones allowed to contest. Prof. J. B. O'Brien, Catherine Pirath and Huldah Gigstad were chosen as judges and President Weld pronounced the words. Miss Mary Miller, of Huot P. O., was declared the winner. The balance of the afternoon was given to a musical program indispersed with short speeches on various questions.

Last evening President Frank A. Weld, of the Moorhead Normal school, delivered an address entitled: "The Relation Our Rural Schools Bear to Higher Education." Mr. Weld is an educator of note and an interesting, able and convincing speaker, and held his large audience in a masterful manner.

The program will be concluded today at the school house and will include beside musical selections a general discussion on the questions of teachers' wages, rural school consolidation and ventilation. The school officials have been invited to take part in these discussions.

The meeting has been by far the largest and most enthusiastic ever held in the county and much credit is due Supt. McAnulty for his enterprise and energy displayed in perfecting the arrangements.

The following teachers are in attendance:

Katie McAnulty, Laura Lizee, Lorain Langtaine, Guy Willcuts, Elmeeda Gonigam, Lillian Swanson, Annie Fellman, Eugenia Perrault, M. Clare Allison, Rose Helm, Lena Tschirhart, Julia Toban, John O. Swanson, Dora Marchand, Clara Berg, Clara Richard, T. J. Krouse, Carl Schusser, Wm. J. Harlow, H. T. McAnulty, Chas. Moller, Florence Columbus, George Netteland, Maggie Rose, Emma Lonson, Marias Roland, Nannie Swanson, Charley Swanson, Esther Olson, Walter Johnson.

Board of Health Notice.

In order to improve the general sanitary condition of the village, the Board of Health of the village of St. Hilaire, Minn., have adopted the following rules at the request of the village council:

I

That owners of or occupants of lots within the village limits be required to remove from their respective premises before the 15th day of May, 1905, all manure, garbage and other refuse matter; manure must also be removed at frequent intervals during the summer months.

II

That the keeping of hogs within the village limits be prohibited except upon special permission from the board of health.

III

That the carcases of all dead animals, such as cattle, dogs, sheep, etc., must be properly buried by the owners.

IV

That slops and kitchen refuse must not be allowed to accumulate unless suitable receptacles be provided. The board requests every family to provide suitable barrels, convenient to be gotten at by some conveyance.

V

The board recommends that private wells be thoroughly cleansed in order to remove from them all decaying animal and vegetable matter, and it is also recommended that particular attention be given to cleaning and disinfecting all cellars, as these two are the main sources of all contagious diseases prevalent in this country.

VI

The annual inspection by the board of health will take place May 15, 1905, at which time all premises not found free from garbage, manure or other refuse and all outhouses in an unsanitary condition will be ordered cleaned according to the provisions of the village ordinance.

VII

Garbage and refuse should be burned, or mixed with a liberal amount of quick-lime or crude carbolic acid (5 per cent) and buried in a pit, or hauled to a suitable dumping ground where it is exposed to the sunlight.

VIII

Be it further resolved that the above resolutions be published in the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR, for two successive weeks.

Dated May 2, 1905, by order of the Board of Health.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"
and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of
THE FAMOUS
MATT. J. JOHNSON'S
6088
RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE
you are not satisfied with results.
This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.
For Sale and Guaranteed Only by
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St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

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—of Honor—
is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.
Ladies' Shoes
like ours are not to be found in every store.

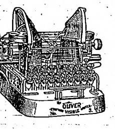
HAIL INSURANCE

DO you want to insure your crops against Hail in a first class Company that always pay their losses promptly? If you do, call and see us in regard to a policy in the old and reliable St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Company.

When you buy Insurance get the best

H. E. IVES, Agent, ST. HILAIRE Minnesota

Don't buy a Typewriter on a worn-out reputation......
Investigate the merits of the
Oliver



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MINNEAPOLIS AND MILWAUKEE BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.
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Short Orders a Specialty.
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No. 3. THE "FLYER"
ONLY MORNING TRAIN
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ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
FOR MONTANA and the PACIFIC COAST
Makes Immediate Connection with Limited and Fast Mail Trains from Chicago and the East.
EVERY DAY.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lanctot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

WINCHESTER

FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

FORWARD

Because you may not scale the mountain peak
To comrade with the thundercloud or star;
Because your single arm may be too weak
To break Fate's bar,
Shall you in sleepy indolence recline,
Or sigh for sterner souls to lead the way,
Until the sunlight blushes into wine
At your delay?
Because you fear to try the shoreless sea,
Alone, unpiloted across the night;
Because your camp unfortified may be
For final fight;
Despair not! For, if thou but do thy best,
With present weapons against real things,
Remember Heaven, for the final test,
Will lend thee wings!
—Ernest Neal Lyon.

FOR THE SAKE OF MILDRED

BY H. S. CANFIELD, JR

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Harry Daggett sat gazing with unseeing eyes, at the closely figured pages before him; his mind had trailed off into memories. He was thinking of Mildred Arnold as he had first seen her, her brown eyes, half-laughing, half-serious, peeping from 'neath the great, flimsy garden hat. She had flashed him a smile that had set his heart to wildly beating and blushing for his self-conscious awkwardness, he had stumbled past.

He saw her often after that, and they were introduced. One evening she playfully tossed him a rose as he passed the gate. With one stride he reached her, seized her hands and pressing them to his heart, held them there, while he poured out his hopes, ambitions and his love. She did not encourage him, neither did she discourage him, and he left her, alternately hoping and fearing.

It was only a short time after this that Jack Stayton came home from college; Jack was handsome, fascinating, worldly. Harry was none of these. It was at a ball that Mildred and Stayton met; Harry was present at the meeting and went home with a heavy heart. The wedding was announced within a year.

Obviously the union was a happy one, and, generous to a fault, Harry harbored no ill feeling; he sincerely rejoiced in Mildred's happiness. But the old love was smothered—not dead, and he would have given the best of his years of his life had Mildred never set eyes on Stayton's handsome face.

They were working side by side now, he and Jack, rivals in work, as they had been in love. What was deficient in Daggett's appearance was more than made up for in his ability, and he stood well up in the line of promotion.

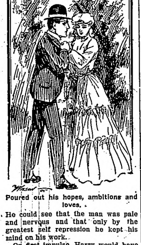
Mrs. Stayton came often to the bank and she and Jack lunched together or walked home in the cool of the evening. But the visits had become less frequent of late, and Daggett, when he chanced to meet her, noticed that the fair brow was drawn, and that the lips, and not the eyes smiled when she spoke. Had he taken serious notice of Stayton he would have noted the change there also, and read the whole story in the marks of dissipation and reckless living.

With a sigh he pulled himself together and brought his mind back to his work. His pencil ran rapidly across and down each page as he critically and surely scanned each item. Suddenly the pencil hesitated and then hovered over the red figures of a balance. He had detected an error almost by intuition and it took but a moment for the clear brain to verify it.

Half fearing, he scrutinized entry after entry, and found error after error. Overwhelmingly the truth burst upon him; the books had been tampered with and unmistakably the figures were Stayton's. He buried his face in his hands.

"Poor Mildred! Poor child!" he cried to himself.

When he looked up his eyes met those of Jack seated at a nearby desk, but the mask had been torn from the handsome face and Daggett saw only the weak chin, the blue encircled eyes and the lines about the mouth; to him it was the face of a criminal—a thief.



Poured out his hopes, ambitions and loves.

He could see that the man was pale and nervous and that only by the greatest self repression he kept his mind on his work.

On first impulse, Harry would have gone to his superiors and exposed all; he was young, he had made himself a strong candidate for promotion; it would be discovered sooner or later at any rate, as the falsification was a very clumsy attempt, to say the least. Yet, dearer to him than his ambition was his love for Mildred—give up her husband he could not.

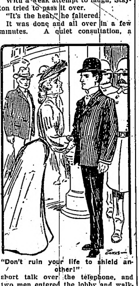
He passed a sleepless night and morning found him at the bank before the doors were open. His face was pale and drawn, but his step was firm and steady. During a lull in the busy day, he quietly slipped from his desk and walked to the president's office. Just as he stepped inside, Mildred Stayton, coming from the street, crossed to her husband's window, and reaching through the grating, tapped him lightly on the shoulder. He had been watching Harry with a terrible fear tugging at his heart; as he saw him calmly disappear behind the ground glass door, the wild desire to flee seized him, and he had to fight himself to remain in his place. As his wife touched him, he uttered a sharp cry and turned like a flash, his face twitching.

"Jack, dear, you're ill!" cried Mildred.

With a weak attempt to laugh, Stayton tried to pass it over.

"It's the heat," he faltered.

It was done and all over in a few minutes. A quiet consultation, a short talk over the telephone, and two men entered the lobby and walked straight to the president's office. They came out almost immediately and between them walked Daggett. His step was firm and he walked neither to the right nor to the left; it was so quiet and still that the footsteps of the men sounded to the echo.



"Don't ruin your life to shield another!"

As he saw Stayton standing with Mildred, the color swept to his face and for an instant only, his step faltered. He was suffering almost supreme martyrdom, and for a moment the thought angered him.

She had turned away her head, and was looking into her husband's face. The worried pucker between her brows had vanished, and from her eyes shone all the trust and confidence in a good woman's heart. Harry saw, and understanding, smiled straight into Stayton's working face.

The formality of a trial must be gone through with; Daggett asked for a speedy one and it was granted him. An embezzler usually gives the law a run for its money, and self-confessed criminals are rare, so the trial attracted attention. Daggett attempted no defense; on recommendation for leniency by the bank officials, he was sentenced to five years.

Leaving the court room, he saw Mildred and her hubband in the corridor. Fighting hard against it he felt the blood tingling in his face, and he pretended not to see them as he passed. Mildred divined his shame and with a little cry ran to him and caught one of his loosely hanging hands in both hers.

"Harry, don't ruin your life to shield another!" she cried, with a sob in her voice. "Tell them that you did not do it! Boy, I know you did not do it!"

For a moment he feared that she suspected the truth, but there was nothing but solicitude in her eyes. Her confidence warmed his heart as nothing else had done and he smiled into the pleading, upturned face.

"I did," he said, his voice trembling, and unclasping her hands, he was gone.

He had suffered a year of the living death, when they found Stayton in a cheap hotel one morning, a revolver clutched in his hand; there was one chamber empty; he had looked in vain for drink strong enough to kill the pangs of conscience. A closely written sheet of paper flutteredd from the table to the floor, as they opened the door.

Daggett had suffered, but—well, a woman's first love is not always her best.

China's Overestimated Population.

W. W. Rockhill, the newly appointed American minister to China and a well-known eastern traveler and author, says that the present population of China, instead of being, as it is usually given, nearly 450,000,000, is probably not much over 250,000,000. The census of 1741, which Mr. Rockhill considers more trustworthy than any other, shows 143,000,000. Considering the numerous devastating famines and wars of the succeeding 150 years, the natural annual increase would be small. Far from being overpopulated, many portions of China could support a greatly increased population.

PLAN TO RAISE INLAND SEA.

Level of Azov in Russia May Be Elevated by a Dam.

A French engineer has advanced the suggestion of permitting the Atlantic ocean, by means of a canal, to flow into the Sahara district and thereby change that desert country into a garden land. A great Russian engineering project has not for its object the creation of a new sea, like that dreamed of by the French, but to improve an old one. Their sea of Azov, lying back of the Crimea, is a body of water 220 miles in length by eighty in width, opening into the Black sea.

The Azov sea would better serve the purposes of trade were it not so extremely shallow. No ocean-going steamer can enter it. Even small craft have difficulty in navigating it. Consequently, the Russian government proposes to bring trade to the shores of the Azov by means of a dam built across the strait by which it communicates with the Black sea, and to let the rivers emptying into the shallow body of water fill it to a depth that shall make it navigable for large steamers.

It is calculated that a heavy dam about two miles long, with a great lock capable of taking in ocean steamers, would accomplish the desired result. Where the shores of the sea are high naturally there would be no difficulty when the waters rose, but where the shores are low artificial shores would be necessary. This would, indeed, be a gigantic undertaking, but it is said that the Russian government has been earnestly considering the scheme.

MINISTRY AS A PROFESSION.

Quality Rather Than Quantity the Crying Need of All Denominations.

A conference lately held in Boston to consider how a greater number of able young men could be induced to enter the ministry was attended by two bishops, five heads of theological schools and colleges, and by clergymen, editors and others—eighteen persons in all. They agreed unanimously that so far as numbers went there were ministers enough, but that what the church needed was abler and more effective men in the ministry. In its present state the Protestant ministry seems an extrahazardous profession, in which the peace of mind, as well as the maintenance of conscientious men is exposed to too many risks.

It does not surprise the thoughtful observer that in spite of its great attractions the ministry finds trouble in attracting the class of recruits it needs. One of the privileges that are dear to the American mind is that of amending the details of his theology whenever he thinks he has got enough new light to warrant it. A layman may do that without embarrassment, but if a minister does it he must carry his congregation with him or prepare to be charged with breach of contract.

Evolution.

Now a wise man, clever thinker, tells us we are doomed to perish,
And in some three million years we'll disappear—
That we have no chance to linger, that extinction is our portion,
Not one hope of staving off the fate that seems so drear.
And, he says, when we have faded, vanished off of all creation,
Intellectual birds will fill our vacant place—
Flying marvels, winged and brainy, will supplant the varied peoples
Who for many centuries past have formed the human race!
Still, this shouldn't much surprise us. Many of us are in training,
Learning to become real lively birds.
If you think this statement curious; hark to any pair of lovers.
Note with care and close attention all their words:
"Ducky, darling," "Little Birdie," "Precious lovey dovey," too—
They are calling bird names sweetly by the score.
Doubtless some day they'll develop wings and bills from so much cooing.
And they'll be the birds to take our place when we're no more!
—Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune.

Trackless Trolley.

The "trackless trolley" is the very latest European invention. The New York Globe describes this new space annihilator as "a cross between an electric railway and an automobile. Like the former, it draws an impelling force from an overhead wire; like the latter, mechanically driven, it rolls along over an ordinary highway. Its advantages are that it avoids the cost of rails and a special roadbed, and for this reason, it is claimed, it will be able to penetrate to remote hamlets whose traffic is not sufficient to attract either the steam or the electric railway. Between Dresden and Klotsche a line of trolley omnibuses is now in operation. The construction cost, including poles, wires (double because there is no rail return) and necessary road improvement, was about $13,500, or only about one-sixth of what an electric railway of the usual type would cost."

Choosing a Coat-of-Arms.

Senator Depew is telling with gusto of a young woman in Kansas City who recently filed an application for admission into the sacred circles of the Colonial Dames. In the course of her investigation into the lineage of her family, which originally came from the East, she encountered certain obstacles, to which she referred without in the least being conscious of the humor of the situation.

"Do you know?" she said to a friend, "after I had settled the matter of genealogy, I decided to have made a drawing of my great-grandfather's coat-of-arms, which I desired to have stamped on my stationery. But I discovered that on the door of his carriage he had one, on his family silver another, and on the seal-ring he always wore still another. So, it's a little puzzling to decide which coat-of-arms I want to use."—The Sunday Magazine.

Stork Shows Unfairness.

Sixteen thousand babies were born in New York the last few months. Figures compiled by the bureau of vital statistics show that Fifth avenue has the lowest birth rate of any street in the city. Less than ten births were reported in the wealthiest section of that thoroughfare. The heaviest birth rate is on the east side, near Division street, where the conditions are the reverse of those on Fifth avenue.

AGRICULTURE

Setting Out Strawberries.

Much depends upon this work of setting the plants, which should be thoroughly done and with the least exposure to the plants. For this reason procure a small, light box or basin to carry the plants in. Take a bunch of 25 or 30, as the case may be, and trim off about one-third of the long roots (some take off half). Provide yourself with a dibble (made of steel), or a wooden one will do if the planting is not to be a large one. A dibble is made like a medium-sized butcher knife with a handle across the end, the blade being about twice to three times as thick and provided with a double cutting edge, not so sharp as the knife. The wooden one can be made easily out of a piece of hard wood, osage orange being very suitable for this purpose. Take the dibble and push it into the soil (on the line), draw it toward you before withdrawing it, which will leave an opening for the roots of the plant to be set. Now, with your left hand take out one of the plants and place the roots about half way across the opening, and with the dibble in the right hand draw the blade of the dibble across the roots, and with the curved portion press the roots down into the opening in such a way that when the dibble reaches to the bottom the roots will not be doubled up, but be straight down in the hole. A little practice will soon show how easily it is done. Next take the dibble and push it down about two inches ahead of the plant and draw the soil toward the plant, firming it well, so as to cover the opening. Make another draw a little farther ahead and the plant is set, which should leave the crown just peeping out of the ground. Continue the planting at from 18 to 20 inches apart. Some set two feet, others three feet apart, depending on the variety or the manner of after culture. Where it is intended that the cultivation is to be both ways the plants are set three feet apart.—Henry N. Wild.

Harrowing Alfalfa.

Your letter asking for an opinion on a question asked by Mr. W. H. Carter, of Kerby, Ore., has been referred to me for reply. Alfalfa that is three years old will certainly be benefited by harrowing with the common spike-tooth harrow or by the disc harrow. The disc harrow may be set so as to not throw the soil a great deal and can be weighted so as to cut as deeply as desired. I have even disked alfalfa both ways with a disc harrow, arranged as above stated, and it appears that the treatment would certainly ruin the alfalfa, but it proved to be a great benefit. Such treatment loosens up the soil above the crowns of the alfalfa and may cut some of them open and thicken up the stand in that way. In the alfalfa districts of Kansas where I have had considerable experience they consider the spring disking as essential as the cultivation of any crop. I have also practiced disking alfalfa after the different cuttings and found it a profitable venture. The spring disking should be done, however, before the alfalfa has made much growth, though it would be better to disc it or harrow it even after it had started several inches. In the case of the gentleman who has written you it would perhaps be best now to let the disking go until he had cut the first crop, then if he takes the hay off it would certainly be a good thing for the alfalfa to loosen the ground up before it has started for the second crop.

J. G. Haney,
Assistant in Farm Crops, Iowa Agricultural College.
—Farmers' Review.

Anthracnose of Beans.

This disease should be guarded against at time of planting. Its presence on the bean pod is shown by the appearance of deep dark pits, which materially decrease the quantity of marketable beans. The spores of this disease are carried over from one season to the next in the bean itself. If infected seed is planted, the plants soon show it by not growing at all, or, if they do, the disease soon spreads to other plants. The infected seed is often discolored and shriveled and beans having that appearance should not be planted. Where the disease has existed on the farm it is best to soak the seed for an hour in a solution made by combining three ounces of copper carbonate, one quart of ammonia and 18 quarts of water.

Ashes.

Ashes are valuable for fertilizer on most lands, but on some lands have the opposite effect, on account of the lime in them combining with some of the mineral elements of the soil. The great value of ashes is due to both lime and potassium contained. Hardwood gives a richer ash than soft wood and the hardwood trees differ in the mineral contents of the ash. The elm tree is especially rich in potassium. On acid soils ashes are especially valuable on account of the lime, which neutralizes the acids.

It is evident that the yield of wheat in this country is to be greatly increased in the next few years. A great many stations and private individuals are working unceasingly to improve the possibilities of wheat yields, and the fruits are now becoming apparent.

The Right Way.

It is easy enough to succeed if we do things the right way, but we sometimes have trouble in finding out what is the right way. The right way to raise poultry must be learned in all kinds of ways, both by the use of books and by experience. Errors teach us quite as much as successes. We can at least learn by our mistakes how not to do things.

It is said that fowls more completely digest mixed rations than rations a single grain

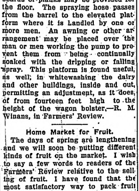
HORTICULTURE

Elevated Wagon Platform.

In spraying it is often impossible to reach the upper foliage of the tree. This is particularly in evidence with large trees, and trouble comes even with the medium sized ones. Spraying to be effective must necessarily cover every leaf and branch of the tree treated. To enable the men to get the spray over all the tree an elevated spraying outfit was built, a diagram of which is shown in the accompanying cut.

The bed pieces "a" should be of the best selected timber oak or ash, two inches thick by ten or twelve inches wide and either sixteen or eighteen feet long. The longer the better, except for short turning, as length prevents lifting up front when elevated platform is only half up and one or more men are working in the "cage." The end pieces are of the same material, long enough to fit in between side pieces so that frame is proper width for wagon standards. It is well to chain the frame to rear bolster. The upright pieces, "c," are of 2x4-inch hardwood, 14 feet long, fastened by ½ or ¾-inch bolts to the bed pieces as shown at "l," and by half-inch bolts to the bottom or floor frame of the elevated platform. These pieces "b" are of 2x4-inch stuff, or heavier, and the corner posts of 2x2-inch, and the railings of 1x2-inch stuff.

The adjustment is arranged for by the two pieces, "d," bolted to the bed frame, as are "c," "c," and extending to the forward part of the elevated platform. One-half inch holes, "f," are bored at convenient intervals in "d" to allow a graded adjustment by bolting to "c," as shown at "e." A rod run through from side to side at the point of adjustment, "e," has proven more serviceable than single bolts on each side, making the frame steadier. Cross pieces may be nailed on the front of forward uprights for man to mount platform. The barrel and pump are placed on the front end of the wagon platform. Any sort of boards or planks may be provided for the floor. The spraying hose passes from the barrel to the elevated platform where it is handled by one or more men. An awning or other arrangement may be placed over the man or men working the pump to prevent them from being continually soaked with the dripping or falling spray. This platform is found useful, as well, in whitewashing the dairy and other buildings, inside and out, permitting an adjustment, as it does, of from fourteen feet high to the height of the wagon bolster.—R. M. Winans, in Farmers' Review.



Home Market for Fruit.

The days of spring are lengthening and we will soon be putting different kinds of fruit on the market. I wish to say a few words to readers of the Farmers' Review relative to the selling of fruit. I have found that the most satisfactory way to pack fruit is to have it uniform throughout. This is a source of satisfaction to the seller as well as to the buyer.

I always try to watch my fruit and have it packed at the time it is just right for eating. As I am selling fruit in a small way, it is very easy to do this. Of course if I were shipping my fruit it would be impossible. Then the fruit, whether strawberries or other kinds, would have to be picked while partly green.

I find it very easy to hold a market against any outside fruit, as the latter has to be shipped in from a distance and thus always lacks the flavor of fruit ripened while still in contact with the vine or twig on which it grew. I think the surest way of making money out of fruit is to endeavor to compete with the shipped-in fruit. I can always get a considerable margin over that kind of fruit. This may not seem much of a matter, but it is really a great one. I get, say, five cents for a box of strawberries when the out-of-town berries are bringing but four. That is an advance of 25 per cent, and in the course of a season's sellings it becomes a big item. Besides, it is all profit.

I sort the fruit so that all of about the same size is in the same box or package. The smallest fruit is used for canning or disposed of in some way that will not injure the general market. No unsound fruit is ever allowed to get into the packages. Most of my selling is done through the local grocers. It does not pay me to try to carry on a retail business over their heads, and I treat all alike. They have to live.—Albert Bates, DuPage County, Ill., in Farmers' Review.

Soiling System.

There are any number of farms in America where the soiling system is the best to follow, and those farms are on high-priced lands. There are more farms where it still pays better to pasture than to cut, feed and carry to the cows in summer time, because the land is still low in price in most sections of the country. As the land increases in value the practice of soiling must increase.

System on the Dairy Farm.

Following a system is necessary on the dairy farm. One of our best creamery men says that he tries to follow exactly the same procedure every day, as by so doing time can be saved. There is no loss in debating if this or that shall be done first. Besides, the cows get used to a certain way of doing things and seem to give more milk when there is no change in the methods of caring for and feeding them.

Girls.

A girl is known by the solitaires she keeps.

It's a wise father who knows as much as his own daughter.

Once a girl always a girl.

Never look a chorus girl in the mouth.

One good summer girl deserves another.

Girls are not all born; some of them are made.

To love one girl exclusively is an insult to the rest of them—and they always resent it.

Every girl is as old as she doesn't dare to think she is.

An open secret is the shortest distance between two girls.

Time to Quit.

Doctor—I guess I'll have to give Slopay's case up.

Wife—Why? Is he incurable?

Doctor—No; but he's broke.

Innocence that is advertised usually hides some iniquity.

A VOICE FROM THE PULPIT.

Rev. Jacob D. Van Doren, of 57 Sixth street, Fond Du Lac, Wis., Presbyterian clergyman, says: "I had attacks of kidney disorders which kept me in the house for days at a time, unable to do anything. What I suffered can hardly be told. Complications set in, the particulars of which I will be pleased to give in a personal interview to any one who requires information. This I can conscientiously say, Doan's Kidney Pills caused a general improvement in my health. They brought great relief by lessening the pain and correcting the action of the kidney secretions."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

ALL ALONE

Stand Dr. Pierce's Family Medicines in a class by themselves, being the only proprietary medicines manufactured and preserved without the use of alcohol.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery do not contain opium or other harmful drugs. They are compounds of medicinal principles, scientifically extracted from indigenous roots that cure the diseases for which they are recommended. They are medicines which have enjoyed the public confidence for over a third of a century.

"ALL ALONE."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures women's ills when all other remedies fail. This is what Mrs. H. Harrison, a prominent woman, living at No. 112 West 2nd Street, Sioux City, Iowa, says about it:

"I suffered for more than seven years with a very complicated form of female trouble accompanied with nervous prostration, and after doctoring with six physicians (all bearing excellent reputations) was informed that unless an operation was performed I would be an invalid all my life. Hearing of the wonderful cures effected by Dr. R. V. Pierce's remedies and believing that there must be a cure for almost every ailment, I determined to make one more effort. I wrote to Dr. Pierce, and I will never forget his kindly advice, telling me to follow his instructions faithfully and not to submit to an operation. In five months my improvement was so noticeable to friends that they began to inquire about my method of treatment. I was pleased to tell them of the wonderful means of cure that I had most fortunately found, and, as so many ladies applied to me for information regarding Dr. Pierce's world-famed medicines and his plans of treatment, I felt in duty bound to give them the benefit of my experience, so, told them the facts. The large number of positive cures effected by Dr. Pierce's remedies alone, used by my recommendation, seemed, in one year's time, nothing short of a miracle. I couldn't have believed it had I not seen the parties and known the facts."

Weak women are made strong and sick women well by the use of Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is the one reliable regulator. It dries enfeebling drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. It nourishes the nerves, invigorates and regulates the entire womanly organism. It makes the baby's advent practically painless, and gives strength to nursing mothers. Accept no substitute.

If you want to know about your body, read Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, which can be had for the cost of mailing, 31 cents in one-cent stamps for the cloth-bound book; or 21 stamps for the paper-covered volume. 1008 pages. Address Doctor R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets clear the complexion and sweeten the breath, they cleanse and regulate the stomach, liver and bowels and produce permanent benefit and do not re-act on the system. One is a gentle laxative.

Trying to Be Kindly.

"Do you think that some of the modern novels cause people to adopt criminal careers?"

"No," answered Miss Cayenne. "They are pretty bad, but not bad enough to tempt anybody to desperation."

An Aggravated Case.

"Dustin Stax strikes me as being purse proud," said one citizen.

"No, he doesn't bother about anything as small as a purse. He's national-bank proud."

THE END OF THE GRIP

REACHED AFTER EIGHT YEARS OF COMPLICATED TROUBLES.

Deafness, Hissing Sounds in Head, Stomach Disorder, Palpitation of Heart and Debility Overcome at Last.

Mr. Newman certainly had a very tough time with the grip, and it is no wonder that he thinks that the remedy that cured him can't be beat. His case shows how profoundly grip poisons the system and how obstinately it resists all ordinary efforts to eradicate it.

Few cases can be worse than Mr. Newman's for he had head, heart and stomach troubles combined with great weakness. He recently said:

"The attack of grip which I had eight years ago left me in a very bad fix. I became nearly deaf and my head ached continually and was filled with hissing and roaring sounds. My heart fluttered and had regular running-away spells. My stomach was so sore that I could hardly bear a touch on that part of my body. I had a great deal of pain in the region of my liver and the doctor said that organ was enlarged. My kidneys ached so at times that I could hardly stand."

"Didn't you give up and go to bed?" he was asked.

"No, I simply wouldn't. My head and my back ached dreadfully, but I obstinately dragged myself about, kept growing worse and finally ran down to almost nothing."

"What did you do to get relief?"

"First I tried a doctor, but he did me no good. Then I took all kinds of advertised preparations but nothing proved helpful until I began to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. As soon as I got them I knew that I had at last hit the right remedy for my case. The very first box did more for me than anything else I had ever taken. They gave me relief right away and in three months they positively cured me. I think I was scarcely ever in better health in my life than I am at present."

Mr. William A. Newman is a well-known Camden county farmer, living at Sagrada, Missouri. His case was a severe test for any remedy, but Dr. Williams' Pink Pills met every requirement. Other remedies merely drive the poison of the grip into hiding, but Dr. Williams' Pink Pills drive it out of the system. They are sold by every druggist.

There Are Others.

"A clergyman has said that it is a disgrace to be rich."

"Well, I wish I weren't so darned respectable."

Many Children Are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, Cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, Break up Colds and Destroy Worms. At all Druggists', 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

After.

"Do you know any sure bets?"

"Yes—but they've all been settled."

Strange, if True.

Pat—Do yez ever git dispondint, Moike?

Mike—Only whin Oi'm feeling "blue." Oi always feel good as long as Oi'm feeling foine, be gobs.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Easy Cures.

Dr. Dosem—To what does Dr. Cutter owe his immense success?

Dr. Bleedham—He confines himself entirely to office practice.

Dr. Dosem—Well, I don't see—

Dr. Bleedham—People who are able to walk into the office aren't very sick—they just think they are.

Indian Head, N. W. T.,
Jan. 20th, 1904.

Immigration Branch, Department of the Interior, Ottawa, Canada:

Am sending you the return of two fields of wheat grown on my home farm yast year. These returns are perfectly accurate, and not over-estimated.

I summer-fallow about one-third of my farm every year, and afterward take off two crops and summer-fallow again. The summer-fallow is ploughed twice during the summer, first shallow, afterwards deep and no weed allowed to grow. The stubble is left as long as possible when cutting the first crop, and is burned the following spring, drilled directly afterwards, and harrowed after drilling. This gives much better result than fall-ploughing.

Field No. 1. Quarter-section fallowed 1903, yield 37 bushels per acre. This wheat is netting at present time 88c per bushel.

	Per acre.	
For 37 bushels, per acre		$32.56
Cost of summer-fallowing in 1903	$4.20	
Seed wheat and seeding	1.50	
Harvesting	.65	
Threshing (owner's machine), 2c per bush	.74	
Hauling to elevators at 2c per bush	.74	
	$7.63	
Profit after allowing expenses, per acre		$24.93

Field No. 2.—Stubble field, 80 acres. Have sold the wheat at 88c per bushel.

Cost:—	Per acre.	
Yield per acre 25 bushels, per acre		$22.00
Seed wheat and seeding	$1.50	
Cutting, stacking	.65	
Threshing (owner's machine), 2c per bush	.50	
Hauling to elevator, 2c per bush	.50	
	$3.15	
Profit after expense		$18.85
Profit from one plowing		$43.78

I am sending you the yield of these two fields which are both in my home farm. I thought they might be interesting reading for you. Had 19,500 bushels of wheat on my different farms, and between 5,000 and 6,000 of oats and barley.

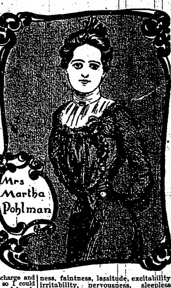
I remain,
Yours very truly,
(Sgd) Alfred Wilson.

Agents of the Government of Canada will be pleased to furnish full information as to rates.

Some people find the church a good place in which to shut out the needs of the world.

A TRAINED NURSE

After Years of Experience, Advises Women in Regard to Their Health.



Mrs. Martha Pohlman of 55 Chester Avenue, Newark, N. J., who is a graduate Nurse from the Blockley Training School, at Philadelphia, and for six years Chief Clinic Nurse at the Philadelphia Hospital, writes the letter printed below. She has the advantage of personal experience, besides her professional education, and what she has to say may be absolutely relied upon.

Many other women are afflicted as she was. They can regain health in the same way. It is prudent to heed such advice from such a source.

Mrs. Pohlman writes:

"I am firmly persuaded, after eight years of experience with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, that it is the safest and best medicine for any suffering woman to use.

"Immediately after my marriage I found that my health began to fail me. I became weak and pale, with severe bearing-down pains, fearful backaches and frequent dizzy spells. The doctors prescribed for me, yet I did not improve. I would bloat after eating and frequently become nauseated. I had an acrid discharge and pains down through my limbs so I could hardly walk. It was as bad a case of female trouble as I have ever known. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, however, cured me within four months. Since that time I have had occasion to recommend it to a number of patients suffering from all forms of female difficulties, and I find that while it is considered unprofessional to recommend a patent medicine, I can honestly recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, for I have found that it cures female ills, where all other medicine fails. It is a grand medicine for sick women."

Money cannot buy such testimony as this—merit alone can produce such results, and the ablest specialists now agree that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the most universally successful remedy for all female diseases known to medicine.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles.

No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles.

The needless suffering of women from diseases peculiar to their sex is terrible to see. The money which they pay to doctors who do not help them is an enormous waste. The pain is cured and the money is saved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Experience has proved this.

It is well for women who are ill to write Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. In her great experience, which covers many years, she has probably had to deal with dozens of cases just like yours. Her advice is free and confidential.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

Let Common Sense Decide

Do you honestly believe, that coffee sold loose (in bulk), exposed to dust, germs and insects, passing through many hands (some of them not over-clean), "blended," you don't know how or by whom, is fit for your use? Of course you don't. But

LION COFFEE

is another story. The green berries, selected by keen judges at the plantation, are skillfully roasted at our factories, where precautions you would not dream of are taken to secure perfect cleanliness, flavor, strength and uniformity.

From the time the coffee leaves the factory no hand touches it till it is opened in your kitchen.

This has made LION COFFEE the LEADER OF ALL PACKAGE COFFEES.

Millions of American Homes welcome LION COFFEE daily. There is no stronger proof of merit than continued and increasing popularity. "Quality survives all opposition."

(Sold only in 1 lb. packages. Lion-head on every package.)
(Save your Lion-heads for valuable premiums.)

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

DE LAVAL
CREAM SEPARATORS
Save $10.- Per Cow
EVERY YEAR OF USE
Over All Gravity Setting Systems
And $3. to $5. Per Cow
Over All Imitating Separators.

Now is the time to make this most important and profitable of dairy farm investments. Send at once for new 1905 catalogue and name of nearest agent.

THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.
Randolph & Canal Sts., CHICAGO | 74 Cortlandt Street, NEW YORK

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

THE FARMERS on the Free Homestead Lands of Western Canada Carry the banner for yields of wheat and other grains for 1904.

100,000 FARMERS

receive $55,000,000 as a result of their Wheat Crop alone.

—The returns from Oats, Barley and other grains, as well as cattle and horses, add considerably to this.

Secure a Free Homestead at once, or purchase from some reliable dealer while lands are selling at present low prices.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

Eggs, Eggs, Eggs,

How to get them when prices are high. Nothing on earth will make hens lay like

SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

Makes hens and pullets lay in fall and winter. Keeps them well and strong; economical to use. Commence now. One pack. 25 cts; five, $1.00. Two-lb. can, $1.20; six, $5.00, express paid. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

N W N U —NO. 18— 1905

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

Ready to Welcome Them.

Mrs. Jellers was peeping out through her lace curtains.

"These people that are moving in next door can't fool me by covering up their furniture with burlaps as if it was something fine," she said. "I've looked them up in the commercial directories."

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Morris Fuller, Tagus, N. D., rotary engine; Frederick Nash, Minneapolis, Minn., outing hat; Knudt Overland, Fertile, Minn., wrench; Anton Rokusek, Tabor, S. D., corn husker; William Smith, St. Paul, Minn., can opener; Halvor Torgerson, Kelvin, N. D., fishhook; George Walter, Prescott, Wis., tuyere iron.

A little smile will break up some mighty big clouds.

7% PREFERRED STOCK

of an established and prosperous corporation. We confidently recommend the above to investors of $100 upwards. Write for particulars.

THOS. COCHRAN, President.
410 Endicott Building,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

"All Signs Fail in a Dry Time"
THE SIGN OF THE FISH NEVER FAILS IN A WET TIME

In ordering Tower's Slickers, a customer writes: "I know they will be all right if they have the 'FISH' on them." This confidence is the outgrowth of sixty-nine years of careful manufacturing.

Highest Award World's Fair, 1904.

A. J. TOWER CO. Boston, U. S. A.
Tower Canadian Co. Limited Toronto, Canada
The Sign of the Fish TOWER'S FISH BRAND TRADE MARK
Makers of Warranted Wet Weather Clothing

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

THE MAN OF THE WEST

Hawk Jenkins said to me to-day:
"I'm feelin' weary that-o-way,
About this cowboy guff I reads,
Them eastern papers' wild West screeds.
In the first place I'm yere to tell,
Real western men don't go an' yell
To some news-sharp how they has killed
Whole tribes o' Injuns, how they's spilled
The blood o' forty men or more,
An' that their reg'ler feed is gore.

"Real western men don't give a dam
Fer paper praise, ner do they slam
Their jaws together an' look fierce,
Ner do their eyes git up an' pierce,
Ner do they gab in langwudge free
Long yarns o' what they uster be.
The truest men, the kind that stay,
Be them that has the least to say.
Such-like are kind an' to the end
You'll find 'em stickin' to a friend.
The papers don't ne'er hear o' these,
The mouthy kind is what they sees—
The kind that need six mules an' all
To simply pack around their gall.

"Jes' let me tell you of a man—
None beat his nerve, none ever can—
Won't give his name, 'cause he would kick,
But that won't stop me on this trick.
Call him Dakota, jes' fer fun,
You'll see the pint when I am done.
Dakota, small an' sort o' sad,
An' seems to me the feller had
Girl-eyes, an' freckles an' a smile
That kept you thinkin' all the while
That any little kid might tie
To him, an' that he'd ruther die
Afore he'd let one helpless know
Of pain or harm—you bet, that's so!
No bad man 'bout Dakota, tho'
I can't jes' say he was so slow
In any sort or kind o' fight,
Except his lips got thin an' white.
An' after it was done he'd say,
'I'm sorry, boys,' an' walk away.
An' it's a fact that right to-day,
Dakota, good an' kind an' gray,
Don't have a word to say to men,
When on the corner, now an' then,
Some paper man hog-ties him fast
To tell the world about his past.

"An' that's the game, real western men
Be the same now as they were then;
Don't wear long hair ner buckskin things,
Don't like the bluff that allers strings
The paper men an' never's stint
On seein' his full name in print.
True western men, the kind that stay,
Be them that has the least to say;
The true heart sort that ne'er discard
Yer friendship or yer true regard,
The kind a feller's free to love—
The kind the world hears nothin' of."

—Robert V. Carr in Whitewood, S. D., Plain Dealer.

The Throwers of Curves

"The unexpected is bound to happen in baseball," said Pat Tebeau recently. "No man knows this better than I. I was much interested in the training of the Pittsburg team during my visit to Hot Springs. It makes me smile to hear people say that such a world beating pitcher cannot give out all at once, that there must be a gradual decline, etc. George Cuppy was with me at Cleveland, and I brought him over to St. Louis when we moved the team over. I guess there was never a better pitcher in those days than Cuppy, yet his cunning left him one day while he was changing his shirt or something. The year we moved from Cleveland to St. Louis Cuppy seemed in his best shape at the spring training, but he was a joke when it came to pitching in the race. I never saw a man drop from a star to a dub in a day as did Cuppy, but he surely did do just that very thing.

"Talk about rules hurting pitchers—I don't believe it. I have never known a rule that was not made for the betterment of the game, and if it did not serve the purpose it was soon revealed. Amendments in pitching rules have saved or made more pitchers than they ever destroyed. There's Cy Young training here now for his annual stunt with Boston, and the chances are he will be as good as ever. What has saved Cy and made him fit to go the distance? Simple life, say you. Fudge, say I. It's nothing more or less than the foul strike rule. That's what saved Cy Young. Years ago he would have been back on the farm, but the foul strike rule came along and put a brace under him, and he is the boy who worked that rule for all it was worth.

"Without fear of successful contradiction, I say that Cy Young was and has been benefited more by the foul strike than any other six pitchers in both leagues. He was always a swift man, and used the outside corner whenever he could, and nine times out of ten when that ball was not met square before it came half way across the plate it was a foul. I have seen long fouls sent to the fence time and again on Young, efforts which would have counted for naught under the old rules, but under the new rule the first two count as strikes. Cy should thank his stars for the foul strike rule. It has kept him in the game."

Native Christians in China

According to William Greener, author of "A Secret Agent in Port Arthur," the status of a Christian convert in China is similar to that of many avowed atheists in this country. "His relatives plead with him and reproach him, the bulk of the people condemn him, the officials despise him and are not ready to help him. If persuasion will not win him back to the conventions of the public his family try threates; the rage of his ancestors at his apostasy, the dishonor he has brought upon them and upon his living relatives, such wickedness as the gods will not allow to go unpunished. If he remain obdurate they tell him of the fate of other Christian converts and ask him if he wishes to be a tortured martyr.

"Then they say there is a strong secret body of the orthodox faith, the old true believers of China, who mean to drive out the foreign devils and destroy all who believe as the foreigners believe, and have forsaken the sacred faith of their forefathers and mock the true religion. The Chinaman, timid by nature, is influenced at last; terrorized by these hints he goes to the missionary with a story of a secret society of blood-thirsty vegetarians, the fearful 'tsiliti,' who are plotting to murder the missionaries and other converts.

"This story in various forms comes from so many converts that the missionaries become alarmed and write to the consul. If the consul has many such communications he, too, takes fright and requests the presence of a gunboat, or some other drastic remedy, and at once you have all the ingredients of an ugly international incident."

Real Record for Laziness

In the shadow of the Sandwich mountains, in the peaceful valley under Quaker hill, lived Moses and Aaron, chums for eighty long years. I can still picture them sitting under the tamaracks, after they had made up their annual spring quarrel about the line fences. Then we knew the old stories would be forthcoming.

'Aaron," said Moses, "do you remember hearin' ole Deacon Taylor, him that lived up in Whiteface clearin', tell about the laziest man that ever settled in Sandwich?"

"'Pears as though I ought to, but I don't jes' seem to recklect," Aaron would answer, accommodatingly.

"Wal," Moses ould hasten to say, "this 'ere feller was so shif-less that his wife and children and all of his critters died off. He didn't raise any crops, and finally the neighbors made up their minds he must work or depart this earth.

"So they put him into a big hogshead, about seven foot deep, and they fixed it so that it could be filled with runnin' water, but by pumpin' hard the feller could jest keep his head above the water. They loaded the whole business on to a rack, and were starting for the millpond when the parson hollered out: 'Hold, brethren, I would fain give the erring man one more chance. I will give him a bushel of corn from my scanty store.'

"The feller managed to stick his head out fer enough to inquire, 'Is the corn shelled, parson?'

"'No, brother.'

"'Then drive on, boys,' sez he, and settled back into the hogshead."—Boston Herald.

Pen Picture of Fukushima

"No one who encountered Gen. Fukushima casually," says a writer, "without knowing his name, would ever dream that he was a personage of special importance in the world; the very shrewdest judge of character indeed, might pass him without detecting in him a single sign of unusual ability. For in appearance he is a most insignificant little gentleman, one of the sort who just amble through life doing nothing, excepting perhaps small acts of kindness. He is short and slight, the color of a mouse, with silver-gray hair and his voice is almost deprecatory in its gentleness. He has a singularly pleasing smile, it is true, but he smiles very rarely.

"Then his manner is as unassuming as his appearance is insignificant; he goes about his work quietly, silently, with a dreamy, heavy look in his eyes, as if he had neither hope, ambition nor care in life, and asked for nothing but to be left in peace. And this is Yasumata Fukushima, who rivals Ito himself in subtlety, Yamagata in war craft, and who has certainly sharper eyes and possibly keener wits than either.

"This man, with his dull, expressionless face, his listless, stolid bearing, and his meager frame, is renowned throughout the east alike for his cunning, his daring and his strength. Intellectually he is the most brilliant of all Japan's brilliant soldier-politicians, the most farsighted of her layers of plans, the most boundlessly ambitious, however, not for himself but only for his country."

Japs Recognize the Y. M. C. A.

Carlisle V. Hibbard was graduated with the class of 1900 at the University of Wisconsin. He is a member of the international committee of the Young Men's Christian association and as such has been with the Japanese armies throughout the present war in the east. Of his experiences at Fenghuangcheng he writes: "Our reception was more than could have been desired. We called first on the head of the local military government, then on the couple of other officials whom I had had the good fortune to meet at Antung. In the streets we met numbers of soldiers who recognized me as 'the soldier-comforting foreigner.' Everywhere the reputation of the Antung work secured us the most cordial treatment.

"The commandant of commissariat regretted that he could not furnish us with permanent quarters at once, but offered to do the best he could for us temporarily. A soldier guided us to a very good room in a Chinese house and set the Chinese to cleaning the same. When we returned from the station with the baggage a cart was at the door and a couple of soldiers who were carrying in a great wooden bucket of cooked rice, a parcel of fresh meat, canned fish, a firebox, charcoal, firewood and a lamp.

"Our work in Fenghuangcheng has opened with unexpected success. We have had from 200 to 300 every day and yesterday I spoke to 150, all the place would hold, and a good many standing outside."

Of Course He Could.

In a certain county court a short time ago, an action was raised for the payment of a sum of $125, the purchase price of a picture. The defendant refused payment on the ground that the picture was practically worthless, and paid $10 into court as its approximate value. Among other witnesses called for the complainant was the artist who had painted the canvas, and he was subjected to a very severe cross-examination.

"Do you really mean to say," asked the defendant's counsel, pointing to the canvas, which was prominently displayed in court, "that there is the least trace of artistic merit about that daub?"

"Yes, that is my opinion," was the quiet answer.

"And you consider that you could convince a skeptic as to its beauty?"

"Well, I might be able to do that."

"Do you fancy that you could make me—and I know something of art—see its merits?"

"Not now, perhaps; but a month ago I could have done so easily."

"Perhaps you will explain what you mean, sir," and the tone of the learned gentleman was supercilious in the extreme.

"Certainly. Had my lawyers retained you in this case you would have represented that 'daub,' as you call it, in the most glowing colors."

The shot told, and there was a verdict for the complainant for the amount claimed.

A Fine Variety.

"I was eating my supper the other evening in a little Kentucky hotel," said A. B. Conway, at the Willard hotel last night, "when a neatly dressed country girl, who was waiting on the table, came up and asked if I would have dessert. I inquired what kind of dessert she had, and she replied:

"'We have pie.'

"'You may bring me a piece of pie,' I said, and she inquired:

"'What kind do you want?'

"'What kinds have you?'

"'We have three kinds—open top, cross-barred and kivered, but they are all apple,' she said, apparently very proud of having so wide a variety for me to select from."

In Vaudeville.

"Had a great scare up at our house yesterday," says the sidewalk conversationalist to his obese partner.

"You don't say so. Rent collector? No?"

"Naw, the baby was playing around the piano and fell on one of the pedals."

"Jimminy. Is he hurt bad? Yes?"

"Oh, no. He was fortunate enough to strike the soft pedal."

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, the Great Kidney and Liver Cure: World Famous. Write Dr. Kennedy's Sons, Rondout, N. Y., for free sample bottle

Cautious Investor.

Farmer—How much fer a ride ter taown?

Cabby—Fifty cents with all that luggage.

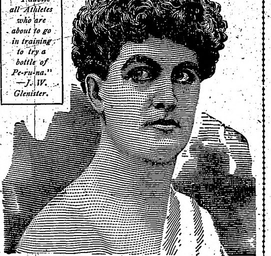
Farmer—Wa-al, the 50 cents ain't bad, but gosh ef I'll throw in the luggage.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

There is no service without a sense of the sacredness of things.

FAMOUS ATHLETES PAY GLOWING TRIBUTE TO PE-RU-NA

As a Spring Tonic to Get the System In Good Shape.



"I advise all Athletes who are about to go in training to try a bottle of Pe-ru-na."
—J. W. Glenister.

John Glenister, Champion Swimmer and Only Athlete to Successfully Swim Through the Michigan Whirlpool Rapids.

PE-RU-NA

Renovates, Regulates, Restores a System Depleted by Catarrh.

John W. Glenister, of Providence, R. I., champion long distance swimmer of America, has performed notable feats in this country and England. He has used Peruna as a tonic and gives his opinion of it in the following letter:

New York.
The Peruna Medicine Company,
Columbus, Ohio:

Gentlemen—"This spring for the first time I have taken two bottles of Peruna, and, as it has done me a great deal of good, I feel as if I ought to say a good word for its worth.

"During the springtime for the last few years, I have taken several kinds of spring tonics, and have never received any benefit whatever. This year, through the advice of a friend, I have tried Peruna and it has given satisfaction.

"I advise all athletes who are about to go in training to try a bottle, for it certainly gets the system in good shape." Yours truly,

JOHN W. GLENISTER.

ATHLETES realize the importance of keeping in good bodily trim.

The digestion must be good, the circulation perfect, sleep regular and enough of it.

If the slightest catarrhal condition of lungs or stomach is allowed to remain, neither digestion nor sleep will be strength-sustaining.

Those who lead very active lives, like athletes, with good muscular development, find the spring months especially trying.

Athletes everywhere praise Peruna because they, of all men, appreciate the value of a tonic that dispels physical depression.

The vocation of some men may allow them to endure the depressing feelings incident to spring weather, but the athlete must never allow himself to get "under the weather."

He must keep in the "pink of condition" all the time.

In order to do this he must avail himself of a spring tonic upon which he can rely.

Therefore athletes are especially friendly toward Peruna. Peruna never fails them.

Vanity has a place in the heart, no matter what the condition nor how humble the protestations.

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE. A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Worship with the heart results in work with the hand.

Love that can be measured is never worth measuring.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Every sorrow may be the seed of some great joy.

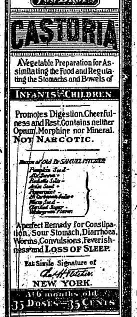
I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Nothing lifts one higher than love for the lowly.

What is Castoria.

CASTORIA is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.



900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed - Alx. Senna - Rochelle Salts - Anise Seed - Peppermint - Bi Carbonate Soda - Worm Seed - Clarified Sugar - Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. F. Gerald Blattner, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "Your Castoria is good for children and I frequently prescribe it, always obtaining the desired results."

Dr. Gustave A. Eisengraeber, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "I have used your Castoria repeatedly in my practice with good results, and can recommend it as an excellent, mild and harmless remedy for children."

Dr. E. J. Dennis, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have used and prescribed your Castoria in my sanitarium and outside practice for a number of years and find it to be an excellent remedy for children."

Dr. S. A. Buchanan, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have used your Castoria in the case of my own baby and find it pleasant to take, and have obtained excellent results from its use."

Dr. J. E. Simpson, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I have used your Castoria in cases of colic in children and have found it the best medicine of its kind on the market."

Dr. R. E. Eskildson, of Omaha, Neb., says: "I find your Castoria to be a standard family remedy. It is the best thing for infants and children I have ever known and I recommend it."

Dr. L. R. Robinson, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria certainly has merit. Is not its age, its continued use by mothers through all these years, and the many attempts to imitate it, sufficient recommendation? What can a physician add? Leave it to the mothers."

Dr. Albert J. Weston, of Cleveland, O., says: "I have used your Castoria in my practice for the past eighteen years with the utmost success."

Dr. Edwin F. Pardee, of New York City, says: "For several years I have recommended your Castoria and shall always continue to do so, as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

Dr. N. B. Sizer, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I object to what are called patent medicines, where maker alone knows what ingredients are put in them, but I know the formula of your Castoria and advise its use."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY ST, NEW YORK CITY.

DR. KOCH AGAIN ON TRIAL

Charged With the Murder of Dr. Gebhardt at New Ulm.

WOULD LIKE TO SEE KOCH HANG

MAYOR SILVERSON OF NEW ULM SPEAKS BITTERLY WHILE ON STAND.

DID KOCH SEND POISON BOX?

STATE MAKES STRONG EFFORT TO PROVE HE MAILED IT AT HANSKA.

Mankato, Minn., April 29. — With pale, worn face, which has begun to reveal its possessor's terrific mental strain, Dr. George R. Koch, handsome and youthful, the alleged murderer of Dr. Louis A. Gebhardt, sat stolidly in court yesterday afternoon and heard the accusation that he had attempted to employ a hireling to murder Dr. Gebhardt.

Ole Ulen, a farmer living near Hanska, was the witness who made the allegation. The significance of the words, "He asked me if I would kill Dr. Gebhardt," did not appear to agitate the defendant, who sat as if in meditation and only half-conscious of the proceedings.

Handkerchief Is Koch's.

Chief of Police Adolph Klause, on the witness stand just before noon, declared that Miss Ida Koch, sister of George R. Koch, had told him that the handkerchief found in Dr. Gebhardt's office on the night of the murder was "one of George's," and that "it was one she had marked with the initials 'G. R. K.'"

The testimony of the chief was a surprise and a sensation. At the first trial he did not quote Ida Koch as making any such statement. Counsel for the defense was dumbfounded.

Mankato, Minn., April 30.—Dr. G. R. Koch, the alleged murderer of Dr. Gebhardt, left the Blue Earth county court house last evening a jubilant man, his face wreathed in smiles. Mrs. Katherine Kaes, a state's witness, who was sworn to testify that the hammer found near the murdered dentist's body was one used about the office of Dr. Koch provoked the smiles.

Mrs. Kaes stated positively upon the witness stand that the hammer on exhibition was not the one she had seen in the parlors of Dr. Koch. Mrs. Kaes was to have been the star witness for the state yesterday, but the strange and unexpected tenor of her testimony startled even the staid and immovable Mr. Childs, who is in charge of the prosecution.

Rhinehold Dahms, a twenty-three-year-old man who lives on the road over which Dr. Koch was accustomed to go to and from his dental office, was on the witness stand a greater part of the day. Dahms testified that he was employed every winter to work at the Koch home. He testified that he saw the hammer exhibited in court as the one found near the body of Dr. Gebhard, at the Koch homestead every winter until two years ago.

Mankato, Minn., May 2. — "More than one of the witnesses for the state have told on the stand what's not true. I know this to be a fact, and my attorneys will prove it. Mark my word; before the close of this trial there will be a sensational exposure of the testimony of certain witnesses for the state, and this exposure will be of sufficient importance to arouse sudden respect, I tell you that."

Says He's Angry.

"Listen!" he said heatedly, leaning forward, his face aglow with earnestness. "I know it were much better for me if I did not speak too freely about this case, but I am angry, I am provoked, and I can't help it.

"A certain witness for the state swore, after he had raised his hand toward heaven and called God to bear witness to the truth of his words, he swore that my sister identified the handkerchief found near the body of the murdered dentist as one belonging to me. This is false. We will prove it. It is false—listen! This witness did not tell of that identification at the first trial. He is an officer of the law; why did he not tell it then? This witness was on the stand at that time. Why was his testimony on that point not brought out at the last trial? Tell me that will you?

Said It Wasn't His.

"What I tell you in this regard is true—as true as truth. That witness who swore that my sister identified the handkerchief came to our house as he said, but my sister told him then that the handkerchief in question was not mine. She told him this, and another who was present at that time will swear to it. This other witness is no relative of mine, and his evidence will be accepted anywhere as against the testimony of the witness of whom I speak."

At this Dr. Koch reassumed his wonted silence. Urge him as you might he would say no more.

Defense's Claim.

"Sheriff Julius will testify that the sister of the defendant did not identify the handkerchief as one of George's," said one of the attorneys for the defense yesterday.

Two Star Witnesses.

Saturday the state placed on the stand two of its star witnesses, Miss Lena Weidermann, who testified that she had seen Dr. Koch in his office one half-hour before the murder of Dr. Gebhardt was committed, wearing a slouch hat and apparently taking something from the wall and placing it in his pocket; and Mrs. Wilhelmina Dahms, who testified to hearing the sound of running feet, after she had gone to bed, and of finding bloodstains on her gate post the next morning.

Mr. Abbott put Mrs. Dahms through a severe cross-examination, but failed to weaken her testimony.

Mankato, Minn., May 3.—In view of the evidence presented in the Koch trial yesterday it is doubtful if the state will be able to prove conclusively that the hammer found near the murdered body of Dr. Louis A. Gebhardt was the one owned by the young dentist who is charged with the crime.

Heretofore, the evidence, with the exception of that of Mrs. Kars, has tended to prove that the hammer was one owned by the Koch family, but Dr. G. F. Renieke, whose office joined Dr. Gebhardt's admitted on the stand yesterday that he identified the hammer at the coroner's inquest as one belonging to Dr. Gebhardt. He said:

First Said It Was Gebhardt's.

"In my own mind I had connected the hammer found near the murdered man with one I had heard Dr. Gebhardt speak of long before this. As Asa Brooks said that the hammer found near the murdered man belonged to Dr. Gebhardt's office, I at last came to the conclusion that he was right and that it was Gebhardt's hammer. Because of this conclusion I told the coroner's jury the next morning that the hammer, which was then shown me, was a fixture of Dr. Gebhardt's office; that I had seen it there before."

Changes His Mind.

"But," Dr. Renieke said, "upon closer consideration, I now say that the hammer did not belong about the office of Dr. Gebhardt, so far as I know."

Mankato, Minn., May 4.—"I would not disgrace a flagpole by hanging such a man upon it," was the bitter statement of Charles Silverson, mayor of New Ulm, while on the witness stand yesterday afternoon, in reference to Dr. George R. Koch, the alleged murderer of Dr. Louis Gebhardt.

Silverson was called shortly after the noon recess, and while his testimony had no great bearing upon the evidence deduced at the trial itself, it showed the bitter feeling existing among a certain faction in the little city where the murder was committed. The witness testified that he went to the home of Dr. George Koch about ten days after the murder, and was accompanied by Andrew Eckstein, Mr. Hoffman, Dr. Weiser and Ferdinand Krone, members of the citizens' committee appointed to investigate the murder. At the house Miss Ida Koch, sister of the accused man, showed the company a collection of her brother's handkerchiefs, and to the best recollection of the witness all were marked "G. R. K."

After a statement of this evidence the witness, who had been mayor of New Ulm for some years prior to the murder of Dr. Gebhardt, was cross-examined by the defense and showed hisbitterness and strong feeling against Dr. Koch by saying he believed him guilty and would like to see him hanging as high as any mill chimney.

Beyond the testimony of Silverson, practically the whole day yesterday was spent by the state in an attempt to prove that Dr. Koch was the one who sent the bottle of poison to Dr. Gebhardt a week before the murder.

E. G. Hage, a Hanska banker, and J. N. Thompson, station agent for the Minneapolis & St. Louis road at Hanska, testified to seeing the mailing of a square box to Gebhardt at New Ulm the same day that Dr. Koch moved from his branch office at Hanska.

ASPHYXIATED IN HOTEL.

Nebraska Farmer Found Dead at Sioux City.

Sioux City, Iowa, May 2. — George Heffernan of Jackson, Neb., was found dead in his roo min a local hotel, having been accidentally asphyxiated during the night. He retired at a late hour and the proprietor lowered the light at his request. It is supposed Heffernan got up in the night to turn off the gas entirely and failed to shut it off. He was forty-two years old and a farmer.

Two Trainmen Killed.

Gilman Siding, Tex., May 2. — A double-header fast freight on the Santa Fe struck a wash-out near here yesterday, overturning both engines. Two trainmen were killed and two others fatally injured.

Chinaman Kills Himself.

Kansas City, May 2. — Joe Ott, a Chinese merchant, committed suicide last night by chewing gum opium, having become despondent over heavy losses as a result of betting on horse races.

ALLEGED SHORTAGE IS GROWING

$71,000 Missing in Treasury of Athens County, Ohio.

Columbus, Ohio, May 2.—According to Prosecuting Attorney I. M. Foster of Atohens county, the alleged shortage in the county treasury here has grown from $20,000 to $71,000 within a few days. Mr. Foster said the shortage occurred in the administrations of Treasurers Hickman and Biddison. He said the money was taken by persons other than the county officers themselves.

CHAMBERMAIDS ON STRIKE.

Lumpy Potatoes Cause Hotel Help to Walk Out.

Sioux City, Iowa, April 30. — Because the mashed potatoes said to have been fed to the help of a local hotel had lumps in them the entire force of chambermaids at the hotel went on a strike, and Manager Kent was compelled to hire new sheet manipulators. The strikers declared that the chef gave them bones and scraps and lumpy potatoes to eat and they grew tired of it.

NAN'S JURY DISAGREES.

Third Trial of Famous Actress Is Without Result.

New York, May 4.—Having failed to reach a verdict and declaring that they were hopelessly disagreed, the jury in the Nan Patterson case was formally discharged at 2:20 o'clock this morning. The jury was given the case at 1 o'clock yesterday and after deliberating twelve hours came into court at 1:30 o'clock this morning. When the twelve men were in their places and the court officials had all arrived, the recorder said:

"Gentlemen, have you been able to reach an agreement?"

"No, sir," replied the foreman.

"Is there any question of law or of evidence in which I can instruct you? Is there any way in which the court can help you?"

The foreman looked for an instant at his fellow members of the jury, then turned to the recorder and said:

"No, sir, I don't believe you can help us."

"Then you will retire to reconsider the matter."

At 2:20 o'clock the jury again entered the court room, and the foreman announced that they had failed to agree on a verdict. He added that their disagreement seemed hopeless of adjustment. Upon this announcement Recorder Goff formally discharged the twelve men composing the third jury that has considered this celebrated case.

It is understood that a majority of the jury was for acquittal, but in what proportion they stood cannot be ascertained.

Miss Patterson collapsed on the jury's announcement and fainted dead away.

STORM RAZES BUILDING.

Three Persons Killed and Seven Badly Injured.

Omaha, Neb., May 4—Three persons were killed and seven others badly injured by the collapse of a three-story building at Thirteenth and Grace streets yesterday. The building was occupied by the Omaha Casket company, and the killed and injured were, with one exception, employes of the concern. The collapse was due to a heavy windstorm, which, at a point near the factory, assumed the proportions and actions of a small tornado. The building was a substantial one of brick, three stories high. The collapse came without warning.

NO COAL FOR "MINNESOTA,"

But Uncle Sam Provides Fuel That Is Too Scarce to Buy in the Far East.

Washington, May 4. — Shortage of coal in the Far East, due to the great demand for it by Russian and Japanese fleets, is causing considerable inconvenience to merchant steamers. James J. Hill has made an urgent request of the navy department for permission to purchase from the American naval supply in the Far East enough to accommodate the steamship Minnesota on her return trip to the Pacific coast. Mr. Hill said he had found it impossible to get the coal in the East. The request was granted.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, May 4. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.00 7-8; No. 2 Northern, 98 7-8c; No. 3, 96@97c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 45 @ 45 1-2c. Oats — No. 3 white, 29@29 1-2c.

Minneapolis, May 4. — Wheat — No. 1 hard, $1.00 1-2; No. 1 Northern, 98 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 94@96c. Oats —No. 3 white, 28 1-2c.

Duluth, May 4. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 92 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 85 1-2@89c; flax, $1.40 3-8; rye, 74c.

Milwaukee, May 4. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1; No. 2 Northern, 95 1-2 @96 1-2c. Rye—No. 1, 79 1-4@79 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 51@52c. Oats—Standard, 31 1-2@32c. Corn—No. 3, 45 1-2@ 46 1-2c.

Chicago, May 4. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 93@95c; No. 3 red, 85@92c; No. 2 hard, 93@94 1-2c; No. 3 hard, 83@92c; No. 1 Northern, 93@95c; No. 2 Northern, 89@94 1-2c. Corn—No. 2, 46 1-2@ 46 3-4c. Oats—No. 2, 29 1-4@29 3-4c.

Sioux City, Iowa, May 4. — Cattle —Beeves, $4 @ 6; cows, bulls and mixed, $3@4.75; stockers and feeders, $3 @ 4; calves and yearlings, $2.75@3.80. Hogs—Bulk, $5.20@5.25.

Chicago, May 4. — Cattle—Good to prime steers, $6 @ 6.65; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.10; cows, $2.60@5.60; heifers, $3 @ 6; calves, $3@7. Hogs —Mixed and butchers, $5.40 @ 5.55; bulk, $5.40@5.50. Sheep — Good to choice wethers, $5.25 @ 5.60; native lambs, $4.50@6.50; Western lambs, $4.50@7.60.

South St. Paul, May 4. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $5.50 @ 6; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.75 @ 4.75; butcher bulls, $3.25 @ 4; veals, $3 @ 5; good to choice stock steers, $3.35@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs—Range price, $5.15 @ 5.37 1-2; bulk, $5.25. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $6.75@ 7; fair to good, $6@6.75; good to choice yearling wethers, $5.40@6.50; good to choice ewes, $4.75@5.25.

TWO KILLED IN WRECK.

Passenger and Freight Trains Collide on the Canadian Pacific.

Winnipeg, Man., May 4. — Advices received here tell of a collision between the transcontinental passenger train and a freight train on the Canadian Pacific near Downey, B. C., last night. The firemen of both locomotives were killed and seven passengers were injured. One train rolled down an embankment. Both engines wara completely wrecked.

Fell From Handcar.

Aitkin, Minn., May 3.—Herman Fulweller, a section man in the employ of the Northern Pacific, accidentally fell from a handcar and fractured his skull. He was removed to the hospital at Brainerd, He will die.

Two Killed by Cave-In.

Milwaukee, May 3.—Two men were instantly killed yesterday by the caving in of a brick kiln in the brickyards of Burnham Brothers in the southern part of the city. Both were married and leave families.

NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST

DOCTOR DRINKS ACID.

Stillwater Physician Takes Poison in Presence of Patient.

Stillwater, Minn., May 3.—The sudden death of Dr. George N. Watier at 4:30 yesterday afternoon from carbolic acid poisoning caused a great commotion in the business district.

"Accidental taking of carbolic acid is the clue so far," said Dr. T. C. Clark. "We must take that view until something turns up to change the declaration."

Mrs. William W. Gowan was in the office at the time he took the poison. According to her assertions the doctor took a drink out of a glass while sitting at his desk in the consultation room and remarked immediately upon swallowing it:

"There, I have taken some carbolic acid that was in the glass, after pouring some liquor into the glass.

"But it is not enough to hurt me," he continued, with a characteristic shrug of the shoulders and a toss of the head. "You see that even doctors are sometimes careless."

Immediately thereafter the doctor went into convulsions. Mrs. Gowan shrieked for help. Dr. G. E. Clark ran in from an adjoining office. Other persons soon followed. Dr. T. C. Clark and Dr. Stevens of Lake Elmo were among those early on the scene. Death came in less than a half hour.

"A quick death for even carbolic acid," remarked one physician.

PUPILS ON STRIKE.

Aversion to High School Principal the Cause.

Superior, Wis., May 3. — Two hundred and fifty pupils of the Blaine high school went on a strike yesterday because of their aversion for the principal, B. B. James, with whom they have not been on good terms for the past year. When the hour for assembling arrived the students formed in line, and, with a drummer in the lead, marched in a body down through the principal streets of the city to the city hall, where they informed members of the board of education that if Mr. James is to be again recognized by the board, they would not attend school. Supt. Jackson at this juncture appeared before the boys and expressed deep regret at the action they had taken, and appealed to them as his friends, hoping that they would all return to their studies. After considerable discussion the students yielded.

FORMER RECORDER IN JAIL.

Mayor of Hibbing Has Lindquist Arrested for $2,400 Shortage.

Duluth, Minn., May 3.—L. P. Lindquist, recorder for the village of Hibbing last year, was arrested on the charge of grand larceny in the first degree. He is said to be $2,400 short in his accounts with the village. Lindquist was arrested at the instance of Mayor Peter McHardy, who has had Experts Ralph Whegy and George Henry at work on the books five weeks, and their statements show there is a wide discrepancy.

Lindquist says: "I believe everything will come out all right." He has been prominent in local political and commercial affairs. He is thirty years old and has a wife and child.

BUCKMAN MAKES COMPLAINT.

Says Independent Lumbermen Are Excluded From Minnesota Reservations.

Washington, May 3.—Indian Agent Michelet has been called upon to submit a statement to Secretary Hitchcock on reports received at the interior department that there is a plan on foot to monopolize saw mill privileges by certain lumber interests. Representative Buckman recently filed complaint with the secretary of the interior against the monopolizing of saw mill privileges on the White Earth reservation by companies which would shut out the independent lumbermen.

TYPHOID INVADES CITY.

Water Supply, It Is Feared, Is Cause of Scores of Cases.

Milwaukee, May 3.—Typhoid fever is prevalent throughout Milwaukee. The statistics on hand at the city health office shows fifty-five cases, but it is believed by the health commissioner that there are many more cases that have not been reported. Three deaths were reported from the disease yesterday. Health Commissioner F. M. Schulz fears that the public water supply has been contaminated, and a thorough investigation to determine the truth in this regard is under way.

TRAIN IN THE DITCH.

Engineer of Passenger Train Killed in Wreck at Ottumwa.

Ottumwa, Iowa, May 3.—The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Southwest limited train, west-bound, was wrecked here. Engineer Harry T. Dikes was killed and Fireman Claude E. Warren injured. The engine climbed the rail on a curve and was ditched and two sleeping cars derailed. No passengers were hurt. The same engine figured in a wreck of the same kind years ago.

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LOSS BY FIRE IS $400,000.

Immense Beet Sugar Plant at St. Louis Park Is Devoured by Flames.

Minneapolis, May 4.—The immense plant of the Minnesota Beet Sugar company at St. Louis Park, a Minneapolis suburb, comprising nine buildings, was razed to the ground by a fire yesterday afternoon. The total loss entailed is about $400,000, and the insurance carried is about $230,000. What was once a finely equipped manufacturing plant is now a smoldering mass of ruins; where prosperity once reigned there is no wnothing but desolation. From the time the fire started as a small blaze in the laboratory in the west wing of the plant there was not the slightest chance of saving the property. The men about the establishment, together with the volunteer bucket brigade from the village of St. Louis Park, were totally unable to cope with the situation. The fire spread rapidly in spite of all their efforts. Even when four engine companies from Minneapolis reached the scene nothing whatever could be done to save the immense property.

GRAFT TO BE WIPED OUT.

Even Giving Tips to Bootblacks Is Prohibited in Wisconsin.

Madison, Wis., May 4.—The Stout anti-graft bill is now a law, the governor having affixed his signature to it yesterday. It is one of the most far-reaching measures against corruption ever passed, and many inquiries for copies of the bill are being received from merchants and others over the state. The measure is not aimed at corruption in politics, but at graft in business, and provides that whoever corruptly gives or offers any agent, servant or employe any gift or gratuity with intention to influence his actions in relation to his employer's business, or any employe who requests or accepts such a gift, shall be liable to a fine of from $10 to $500, or by fine and imprisonment for one year. It is claimed that this law, if enforced, will stop the giving of tips to porters, bootblacks or waiters.

DIETZ FALLS IN SKIRMISH.

Fight Between Sheriffs and Enemies of Logging Company Reported.

Ladysmith, Wis., May 4.—It is reported that John Dietz, who has guarded the Cameron dam on Thornapple river with a Winchester for the past year, was killed yesterday. Both Dietz and the Mississippi Logging company claim the ground on which the dam stands. Dietz was served with a summons to appear in Madison and show cause why the injunction to restrain him from preventing the company driving their logs over the dam should not be made permanent. Dietz failed to appear in Madison Monday. Last week it was reported that a marshal and six deputies had left for the grounds and if Dietz tried to interfere with the operation of the dam he would be in contempt and subject to arrest. It may be that a skirmish occurred yesterday, but no particulars are at hand.

AMOS SHEPHARD TO GET WELL.

Mining Man Recovers From Delirium Lasting a Month.

Duluth, May 4. — Amos Shephard, superintendent of the mines for Corrigan, McKinney & Co. of Cleveland, has had a most remarkable close call from death. His mind has been a blank for four weeks. Five weeks ago he fell in a faint at the Kitchi Gammi club in this city, fracturing his skull at the base of the brain. He since has been in a hospital here and his life was despaired of. His recovery now is assured. Mr. Shephard remembers nothing since the accident further back than occurrences a few days ago. He recalls that his brother from Wisconsin, who had been here several weeks, bade him good-bye.

MRS. CRAVENS DIES.

Insanity of Woman Who Sought Fair's Estate Leads to Death.

Washington, Iowa, May 4. — Mrs. Nettie Cravens, who claimed to be the common law wife of Senator Fair of California, is dead at Mount Pleasant hospital. She was brought to the hospital recently from Burlington, deranged mentally. Mrs. Cravens leaves several sisters and brothers.

KETTLE OF HOT SOAP KILLS.

Parker's Prairie Boy Falls Into Mess and Dies in Agony.

Parker's Prairie, Minn., May 4. — While watching his mother making soap five-year-old Harry Vogt yesterday fell into a kettle filled with the boiling material, and before he could be rescued was horribly burned. He died after terrible suffering.

FORTUNE IN CISTERN.

Contractor Discovers Wealth in Secret Crevice.

Fort Madison, Iowa, May 4.—J. G. Farley, contractor, in digging out an old cistern discovered a secret crevice in the wall which contained a keg with $11,500 in gold, which dates back over forty years ago. Two casks of wine were also stored away. The discovery is believed to be the cache of the river pirates who worked the Mississippi river and made headquarters at Fort Madison.

Make Pupils Pay for Jam.

Northfield, Minn., May 4. — The board of education is considering action in the case of the high school pupils who recently broke into the residence of C. A. Drew, where a reception was given to the senior class, abstracted a quantity of preserves and bound Mr. Drew with cords.

Carpenters on Strike.

Janesville, Wis., May 4. — All carpenters in the city went on strike yesterday. An increase of 5 cents an hour is demanded.

In and About the State

DULL TIME FOR POT HUNTER.

Commission Hopes to Put Them Out of Business.

The next two years will be dull times for poachers and pot hunters, if the expectations of the friends of game preservation are realized. S. F. Fullerton, executive agent of the state game and fish commission, says that owing to the passage of several bills by the recent legislature the game and fish laws are in excellent condition.

"It is necessary to do at least three things to protect game in any state, and Minnesota has done all of them," said Mr. Fullerton. "First, it is necessary to prohibit the selling of game. Minnesota did this two years ago. Second, it is necessary to do away with spring shooting. Minnesota has done away with this. Third, and probably most important of all, it is necessary to prohibit the placing of game in cold storage. Minnesota prohibited this in a law passed by the recent legislature.

"In providing that any game found in cold storage may be confiscated, the state has struck at the root of the evil. If pot hunters cannot preserve in cold storage the game they shoot they cannot carry on an extensive traffic in game."

Other laws were passed which will help the game and fish commission in the enforcement of the laws. The law providing for a small game license of $1 for resident hunters, where the hunter goes out of his own county, will add to the fund of the commission, thus enabling it to put a larger force of wardens into the field in busy seasons.

The legislature also cut down the game bag for birds from 25 to 15 and for deer from 3 to 2.

"BOOTLEGGERS'" PRIFITS WAX.

How Court's Decision Affects White Earth Reserve.

Large numbers of Indians of the White Earth and Red Lake reservations will be affected by the resent supreme court decision upholding the right of the reds who have renounced their tribal relations to purchase and drink as much "firewater" as they desire. There are some 2,500 Indians upon the White Earth, and in the neighborhood of 1,300 upon the Red Lake.

On the White Earth the majority have taken allotments, renounced their tribal relations and assumed as near as possible the civilized customs and manners of their white neighbors and brothers. Upon this reservation, therefore, the greatest harm will be done by the recent decision, for upon Red Lake the Indians are of a more wild and native character. The majority of them do not mingle with the whites, do not change their time honored customs of tribal relations, and will not take allotments.

At White Earth, where the civilized Indians are numerous, the result of the decision, if effective immediately, will not be long in leaving its mark. The reds have an insatiable thirst for liquor, and once the guarding hand of Uncle Sam is removed, poor Lo will go to pieces. Bootleggers and blindpiggers infest the neighborhood and will not stop at any unscrupulous means of adding to their ill-gotten wealth.

Unscrupulous speculators who have made fortunes throught purchasing Indian allotments after the death of the Indian holders gloat over the increased rate of mortality which will result from the bestowal to Lo of all the rights of freeholders.

STEAM POWER FOR TURNING SOD

Farmers of the Red River Valley Believe in It.

With the arrival at Crookston of a carload of improved steam plow machinery, including wide-tire traction engines of improved design and great power, a movement has been started in the Minnesota Red river valley which will, in time, disturb the usefulness of the horse as a means of turning over the virgin soil.

Heretofore farmers have been skeptical of the value of steam power as an agent for plowing, but recent tests have turned out so satisfactory and the saving over old methods has been so apparent that they understand the benefit which is derived from the steam system, both from a monetary standpoint and the quality of the work done.

The steam plow outfit consists of thirty-five-horsepower engines with tires nearly three feet wide. The wide tires are made necessary because of the unstable character of the average field, which would almost bury an engine of the ordinary type. The plow proper consists of sixteen 16-inch shires and at each trip across a two-mile field six acres of ground is turned over. Two two-mile stretches can be covered by the machine in an hour, making the result for the day's work of twelve hours 144 acres, or three weeks' work for one man with team.

Farmers are enthusiastic and it is likely that many outfits will be shipped to Crookston for use in the fall. The engines are so made that they can be used for threshing and other farm purposes.

TWINE SAVING $300,000.

Trust Puts Prices Nearly Two Cents Higher Than State.

State board of control prices on binding twine this year will save the farmers of Minnesota $300,000. The binding twine trust has announced its Minnesota prices on all grades to dealers at 1 3-4 cents a pound higher than the prison twine, and 2 3-4 cents higher on the price dealers will sell to consumers. The state will this year make nearly 12,000,000 pounds.

STATE SHORT OF FUNDS.

State Finances Causing Much Comment Among Officials.

For the first time in the history of the state Minnesota will begin a fiscal year, Aug. 1, 1905, with a deficit in the revenue fund of approximately $1,000,000. There have been deficits before, but never so large at the beginning of a fiscal year, according to the official records.

This condition of the state finances is causing a good deal of comment and speculation among the state officials. Some of them predict that there will be a deficit of nearly $2,000,000 by the first of January, 1906. The average monthly disbursements from the revenue fund are more than $300,000, and with the exception of the June and October tax settlements, there will be no heavy receipts until the railroad gross earnings taxes are paid in February, 1906. It is easily seen that the deficit will increase rapidly after Aug. 1, 1905.

State officials say that the revenue fund, from which the expenses of the state government are paid, has been dwindling from year to year. On Aug. 1, 1900, there was a balance in the revenue fund of $744,000.74. The next year the fund had fallen to $688,928.42. It took a little jump in 1902, reaching $799,633.02. The next year it fell to $538,044.78. On Aug. 1, 1904, it had dwindled to $355,169.40, and according to conservative estimates of state officials, instead of there being a balance in the fund Aug. 1, 1905, there will be a deficit of nearly $1,000,000.

One of the reasons for the large deficit this year is the action of the recent legislature in appropriating $645,000 to be available immediately. The 1904 and 1905 legislature added a further $645,000 and provided no additional source of revenue. The increased tax levies will not take effect until 1906 and 1907, and if the 4 per cent gross earnings tax should be contested there is doubt even then whether the 1.5-mill levy for 1906 and 1.2-mill levy for 1907 will be adequate. There is about $600,000 involved in the 4 per cent gross earnings tax.

Foreseeing that the state treasury would be hard up, the recent legislature incorporated in its omnibus appropriation bill an unusual and sweeping provision, giving the governor, the state auditor and the state treasurer authority at any time prior to Jan. 1, 1907, to borrow money from banks and other corporations for the payment of warrants issued against the revenue fund. Were it not for this clause, Minnesota might have to go out of business before the next legislature meets.

The condition of the state finances is seen from the following statement:

Amount in revenue fund April 1, 1905	$220,000
Add estimated receipts up to Aug. 1, 1905	686,000
Total	$906,000
Estimated disbursements to Aug. 1, 1905	$1,240,000
Extraordinary appropriations, 1905	645,000
Total	$1,885,000
Deficit in revenue fund Aug. 1, 1905	997,000

The total appropriations made by the 1905 legislature amount to about $4,275,000. In addition to this the annual standing appropriations amount to about $4,000,000. The receipts of the state treasury for the fiscal year ending July 31, 1904, were $8,257,325.09, and the disbursements $9,439,560.74.

CARLTON GETS TAXES.

State Auditor Decides Tax Contest Between St. Louis and Carlton Counties.

Carlton county has won in its contest with St. Louis county over the listing of the property of the Missabe — Southern railway and the Duluth & Northeastern railway. The state auditor has decided that the property, which consists of two logging railways, should be listed in the counties where the logging firms for which the roads are operated are located.

The Missabe & Southern railway, a separate corporation and owned entirely in St. Louis county, is owned by the stockholders of the Northern Lumber company of Cloquet, Carlton county. The property was assessed in St. Louis county to both the lumber company and the railroad.

The Duluth & Northeastern railway, owned by the stockholders of the Cloquet Lumber company at Cloquet, was assessed jointly to the lumber company and the railroad in St. Louis county, and to the lumber company in Carlton county. In both instances the officials of Carlton county insisted that the property should be listed in their county.

Following a decision by the supreme court in the case of Mitchell vs. McClure, in 1902, 86 Minn., the state auditor decided that inasmuch as the railroads are used exclusively for hauling logs for the lumber companies and have no earnings, they are a part of the lumber companies and should be assessed in the county where the lumber companies have their headquarters. In the case decided by the supreme court the logging railroad was not a separate corporation, but the state auditor decided that this is not material.

The assessed valuation of the two logging railroads is about $38,000, on which the taxes amount to about $1,000.

GUILTY O FLAND FRAUDS.

Portland, Or., May 3. — Henry S. Miller, indicted Jan. 10 by the federal grand jury in connection with Francis E. Kincart, Martin G. Hogue and Charles E. Nickell for conspiracy to defraud the government out of a portion of its public lands, pleaded guilty to the offense in the United States district court yesterday. Sentence was suspended by Judge Bellinger, bail being reduced in the meantime from $4,000 to $2,000, which was furnished.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MAY 13, 1905. NUMBER 43.

500 PEOPLE ARE KILLED BY TORNADO

TERRIBLE DISASTER OVERTAKES THE TOWN OF SNYDER IN OKLAHOMA.

ENTIRE TOWN IS WIPED OUT

ESTIMATES PLACE THE NUMBER OF KILLED AT FROM FOUR TO FIVE HUNDRED.

RELIEF TRAINS GO TO SCENE

TORNADO CARRIES DEATH AND DISASTER TO OTHER TOWNS IN TERRITORY.

Fort Worth, Tex., May 11.—Reports over railroad wires to Fort Worth say messages from Snyder, Okla., to the train dispatcher of the 'Frisco at Sapulpa, Ind. T., are to the effect that a tornado struck Snyder last night, wrecking the town and killing 500 people. Relief is asked for. A message to the train dispatcher by the Fort Worth Record asking for information was answered as follows:

"We have same report and are sending a relief train on the supposition that it is true. Wires all down."

Entire Town Destroyed.

Guthrie, Okla., May 11.—Telephone reports from Hobart indicate that the entire town of Snyder was destroyed by a tornado. A train of doctors, nurses and other assistants is said to have left Hobart for Snyder.

The wires are reported down between Snyder and other neighboring towns, and all news is being received from Hobart.

400 Persons Killed.

Oklahoma City, Okla., May 11.—Reports have reached here from Hobart and Anadarko confirming the news of a tornado at Snyder, but no details are known. The Frisco railroad is sending a relief train from Chickasha to Snyder. It is rumored that 400 people are killed and injured.

Another Town Swept.

Quinlan, Okla., May 11.—A tornado swept through this town last night. Two men were killed and property was damaged to a considerable extent.

All Wires Are Down.

Fort Worth, Tex., May 11.—The telegraph operator at Chickasaw, Ind. T., states that he talked over the telephone with Hobart, Okla., near Snyder, and that all wires in the vicinity of Snyder are down but relief trains are being sent from several directions. Snyder is a town of 1,000 people in Kiowa county, Okla., located on the Frisco railroad.

Victims Number 500.

Sapulpa, Ind. T., May 11.—At 11:40 o'clock last night the dispatchers for the Frisco line in this city received a report from Enid, Okla., advising that a tornado had struck Snyder, Okla., wrecking the town and killing 500 people, among whom was the station agent of the Frisco at that town. The request came also for assistance. On the strength of the report the dispatcher ordered a relief train with physicians to be sent from Chickasha, Ind. T., and Quanah, Tex. The wire between Snyder and Sapulpa went down at 10 p. m.

TO BUILD NEW BLOCK.

Clark Building in Duluth Is to Be Razed to Make Site.

Duluth, May 11.—The Clark block, 21 and 23 West Superior street, has been sold by the Clark estate of Philadelphia to D. B. McDonald of Duluth for $50,000. The real estate is 50x140 feet. The present building was erected in 1873, and was at the time the best building in Duluth. The new owner will tear it down and erect a new three-story modern brick and stone block, which already has been leased. The entire building will be occupied by a dry goods store.

FEARS FOR STEAMER.

Lake Vessel Injured by Grounding Is Encountering Heavy Seas.

Superior, Wis., May 11—On account of the gale that is blowing it is feared that the injured steamer Rend, which is on her way to Superior with a load of coal, may be wrecked before she reaches here. The Rend recently was grounded off Manitou island and suffered some injuries while being pulled off by the wrecking tug. A high wind is sending the Lake Superior rollers over Minnesota point and into the bay. The wind is blowing at a rate of nearly sixty miles an hour.

KILLED IN RAILROAD YARDS.

Is Brother of Man Who Met Similar Death Last Winter.

New Richmond, Wis., May 11.—Michael Kelly, Jr., son of Michael Kelly of this city, was killed in the Omaha yards at St. James, Minn., last night. He was thirty-two years old and is survived by a widow and family. He is a brother of James Kelly, who was killed in the Omaha yards in Itasca, Wis., Nov. 6 last.

PRESIDENT IN CHICAGO.

Is Guest of Democratic Club and Is Given Enthusiastic Reception.

Chicago, May 11.—President Roosevelt was in Chicago for twelve and one-half hours yesterday, and of that time eleven and one-half hours were given to the public. From 4:30 to 6 o'clock was alloted to him on the official program for rest. The remainder of his time from the moment that his train came into the Chicago & Northwestern depot at noon, until it drew out of the Pennsylvania depot at thirty minutes after midnight, was consumed by one luncheon, three receptions, one banquet and four carriage rides. From his arrival until his departure the program was carried out without delay and without an unpleasant feature or untoward incident. The chief feature of the president's visit was the magnificent banquet tendered to him by the Iroquois club, the leading Democratic organization of Illinois. Surrounded by men who have fought against him in two national campaigns, who deprecate many of his avowed policies, and who have frowned upon some of his political actions, the president was last night cheered to the echo as he entered and left the banquet hall, was applauded with enthusiasm throughout his address and at its close, and was given the most enthusiastic demonstration ever given to a speaker in this city. The banquet, which was from first to last an ovation, was given entirely by Democrats to the leader of their political opponents, and many of the kindly personal references made by the speakers of the evening, the majority of whom are men of Democratic faith, deeply touched the president.

At 12:10 promptly the president's train pulled out for Washington.

RIOTERS' DEATH OWN FAULT.

Grand Jury Blames No One for Killing But Roasts Hibbing.

Duluth, Minn., May 11. — The district grand jury, touching on the killing of two men during a strike riot at the Burt mine recently, holds that the men were engaged in active rioting and took their lives in their own hands. The jury lays blame on nobody. The village of Hibbing is criticised by the grand jury for lax methods of transacting business. The roast applies to the preceding administration, and more especially to the way the office of recorder was conducted. The jury says that the officials of the village seem to have conducted the village affairs with little regard to the taxpayers.

SIFTING THE POPULATION.

Argentina Is Expelling Undesirable Residents Under New Law.

Buenos Ayres, May 11.—The government now is applying with the utmost vigor the so-called law of residence, which enables it to expel from the country all undesirable elements. The measure is directed principally against socialist agitators. Seven Spaniards recently have been expelled.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, May 11. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 96 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 93 1-4@94 1-4c; No. 3, 86 1-4@89 1-4c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 45@45 1-2c. Oats —No. 3 white, 28 1-2@29c.

Minneapolis, May 11. — Wheat — No. 1 hard, $1.05; No. 1 Northern, $1.02 1-2@1.03; No. 2 Northern, 98c@$1. Oats—No. 3 white, 29c.

Duluth, May 11. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 93 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 86 3-4@90 1-4c; flax, $1.40 3-8; rye, 73c.

Milwaukee, May 11. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.01@1.02; No. 2 Northern, 95c@$1. Rye—No. 1, 78c. Barley—No. 2, 51c. Oats — Standard, 31 3-4@31c. Corn — No. 3, 47 1-2@48 1-2c.

Chicago, May 11. — Wheat—No. 2 red, 93@94c; No. 3 red, 85@92c; No. 2 hard, 92@93c; No. 3 hard, 85@91c; No. 1 Northern, 96@98c; No. 2 Northern, 94@96c. Corn—No. 2, 49 1-2@49 3-4c. Oats—No. 2, 29 1-4@29 3-4c.

Sioux City, Iowa, May 11. — Cattle —Beeves, $4 @ 6; cows, bulls and mixed, $3@4.75; stockers and feeders, $3 @ 4; calves and yearlings, $2.75@3.80. Hogs—Bulk, $5.20@5.25.

Chicago, May 11.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.60@6.75; stockers and feeders, $2.75@5; cows, $2.75@5.25; heifers, $2.50@5.50; calves, $3@6. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $5.40@5.65; bulk, $5.50@5.60. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $4.40@5; native lambs, $4@6; Western lambs, $5.75@7.10.

South St. Paul, May 11. — Cattle—Good to choice steers, $6.50 @ 6; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.75 @ 4.75; butcher bulls, $3.25 @ 4; veals, $3 @ 5; good to choice stock steers, $3.35@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs—Range price, $5.15 @ 5.37 1-2; bulk, $5.25. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $6.75@7; fair to good, $6@6.75; good to choice yearling wethers, $5.40@6.50; good to choice ewes, $4.75@5.25.

RAIN FLOODS CAPITOL.

Storm at Madison Also Wrecks Lake Monona Craft.

Madison, Wis., May 11. — Many boat houses on the shore of Lake Monona were wrecked yesterday by a furious windstorm. One steamer was blown ashore and wrecked. The assembly chamber of the state capitol was flooded by rain which poured in torrents through the temporary roof now over part of the building.

FRANCE AT LAST TAKES ACTION

WILL NOT PERMIT JUNCTION OF RUSSIAN FLEET IN FRENCH WATERS.

LOOK TO BRITAIN FOR AID

JAPANESE RESENTMENT TOWARD FRANCE CONTINUES TO RUN HIGH.

SLAVS TO EVACUATE HARBIN

RUSSIAN RED CROSS HOSPITALS ARE PREPARING TO LEAVE THE CITY.

Paris, May 11.—Orders have been sent to the civil and naval authorities in French Indo-China not to permit the junction within French waters of the Russian naval forces under Admiral Rojestvensky and Rear Admiral Nebogatoff. Instructions also have been sent to Admiral De Jonquieres, the French naval commander, to see that Rojestvensky fully observes the promise he has already given to leave French waters.

These orders resulted from the receipt of a detailed dispatch giving an account of Admiral De Jonquieres' meeting with Rojestvensky. The dispatch says the Russian squadron made a four days' cruise on the high sea outside the three-mile limit and then returned last Saturday, anchoring at Kong-Hai bay, coast of Annam, to take on provisions and fresh water. When Admiral De Jonquieres was informed of

The Russians' Return,

he proceeded to Kong-Hai and requested Admiral Rojestvensky to withdraw outside territorial waters. The Russian admiral gave De Jonquieres his word that he intended to leave his anchorage and take to the open sea. He also informed De Jonquieres that in his communications with the land he had not violated any of the neutrality regulations and that the stops of the Russian squadron along the Indo-China coast were for the purpose of resting the crews. The Russian admiral said he would depart the following day.

The French admiral returned from Konk-Hai to advise the French government of the interview. He returned to Kong-Hai yesterday to see whether Rojestvensky's promise to go to sea had been carried out, and found the Russian warships still at their anchorage, but preparing to depart. Admiral Rojestvensky assured him that the entire squadron would leave during the night.

Squadron Sails.

Nha-Trang, Annam, May 11. — Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron, which has been cruising for several days off Vanfong bay sailed this morning.

Nebogatoff Headed Off.

Paris, May 11. — A dispatch from Saigon to the Petit Journal says:

Nebogatoff's squadron appeared at daybreak on May 9 twenty miles off Cape St. James, preparing to ascend the river to Saigon, where the commander expected to find the necessary orders for effecting a junction with Rojestvensky and revictualing his fleet. He was hailed at sea by a scout belonging to the Russian second Pacific squadron, which communicated to him France's desire that the junction of the Russian squadrons should occur outside of Indo-China waters. Nebogatoff then disappeared on the open sea, sailing toward the second squadron, which doubtless is awaiting off the Annam coast.

Japs Show Resentment.

Tokio, May 11.—The feeling of resentment against France for the assistance given to the Russian second Pacific squadron continues to run high and is finding expression in a variety of ways. The nearness of the Russian squadron and the nature of the preparations which Admiral Rojestvensky is known to have made in French waters, seem suddenly to have convinced the people that it would have been impossible for Rojestvesky to come to the Far East without assistance, which has given a similar tone to the popular resentment.

In the crisis many eyes are turned toward Great Britain for assistance. It is argued that France rescued Rojestvensky from absolute failure to reach the China sea and that the final aid given him in Indo-China amounts to an act of belligerency, and there are many demands that Japan invoke the alliance with Great Britain.

French Denial "Hollow."

London, May 11.—France has reiterated its assurances to England that Rojestvensky shall not be permitted to abuse French neutrality in any way involving practical harm to Japan. These assurances sound rather hollow to Downing street, where it is admitted that France appears already to have given aid to the Russian squadrons, without which Rojestvensky probably could never have brought up his armada in shape to make an effective attack on Togo's fleet.

The situation could hardly be more serious.

To Evacuate Harbin.

London, May 11.—The correspondent at Moscow of the Times hears that the Russian Red Cross hospitals will be removed to Chita in preparation for the probable evacuation of Harbin.

Russians Lose Torpedo Boats.

Victoria, B. C., May 11.—Japanese advices received yesterday state that rumors are current that the Russian squadron has lost many torpedo craft during the voyage.

WILL INVOLVE OTHER UNIONS.

Strong Indications That the Teamsters' Strike Will Spread.

Chicago, May 11. — The large department stores and the express companies yesterday resumed business on almost normal basis. They sent their wagons into the extreme parts of the city, insome instances without police protection, and transacted their business without interruption or trouble of a serious character.

Sixteen hundred teams were at work yesterday and the number will be increased to-day. Notwithstanding this apparent gain in traffic there are strong indications that the strike will spread within the next few days not only among the teamsters, but will involve other unions as well. The drivers of the Weing Teaming company, a large concern, chiefly engaged in delivering flour, went out yesterday when one of their number was discharged for refusing to deliver flour to a boycotted house. In some quarters it was feared that the strike of the Weing company's drivers would

Produce a Shortage

in the supply of flour, but the officers of the company say they have a supply sufficient to last the city for a week, and that at the expiration of that time they will be able to make deliveries as before.

For some time yesterday afternoon it was reported that a strike of teamsters employed by the Crane company was imminent. This concern is an immense manufacturer of elevators and plumbing supplies, and its shutdown would be a serious detriment to many building operations now in progress. The threat to strike was caused by the discharge of two teamsters who refused to make deliveries as ordered. The officials of the union sanctioned the strike, but it did not occur as expected. An adjustment was reached but the statements of the Crane company and of the labor leaders differ as to its character. It is stated by the labor men that the two drivers were reinstated. This is denied by the Crane company.

Numerous Clashes.

There were numerous clashes in the street yesterday between the police and union teamsters who attempted to block the passage of the wagons of the Employers' Teaming company. There were also a number of attacks made on non-union men by workmen in buildings, who pelted them with all sorts of missiles from a safe distance. These fights were all in the character of rear guard attacks and bore no resemblance to the open violence committed during last week. The most serious fight of the day was at Lake and Clark streets, where teamsters formed a blockade and brought about a congestion of traffic and a series of fights that blocked the streets in that section of the city for the greater part of an hour. Nobody was seriously hurt. Numerous arrests were made.

The taking of evidence relative to the granting of the injunctions issued temporarily by the United States circuit court in favor of the Employers' association and the seven express companies commenced yesterday before Master in Chancery Sherman.

HAY INVITED TO CAPITALS.

European Statesmen All Are Anxious to See Him.

Bad Nauheim, May 11.—Spencer F. Eddy, first secretary of the American embassy at St. Petersburg, arrived here to see Secretary Hay. Most of the American ambassadors and ministers in Europe have written to inquire about Mr. Hay's health and to invite him to their capitals. Many American friends traveling in Europe have also written to Mr. Hay. Mrs. Hay attends largely to this correspondence. There is talk of Mr. Hay visiting Berlin, Paris and London and of his arranging to meet Chancellor von Buelow, Foreign Minister Delcasse and Foreign Secretary Lansdowne before he returns to America in June, but so far as can be learned nothing definite has been decided, and the suggestions remain only possibilities.

REFUSE TO DIG CANAL.

Colon, May 11.—Fifty Inagua island (Bahamas) contract laborers, who were brought here on the American steamer Advance last Friday and who were detailed to work at the Colon reservoir, two miles back of Monkey hill station, obstinately refuse to work, claiming that they have to work in mud swamps, that their huts are not fit to live in and that the food is unsatisfactory. The islanders marched in a body to the British consulate and laid complaints before the vice consul, who is looking into their alleged grievances.

Thousand See Men Hanged.

Bellefonte, Pa., May 11.—Ira Green and William Dillon were hanged here yesterday for the murder of Jerry Condo, a turnkey in the Center county jail. Fully 1,000 persons witnessed the execution and as many more were unable to gain admission to the jail yard. The trap was sprung at 10:45 o'clock, and in fifteen minutes the men were pronounced dead.

UNION MEN SEE THE PRESIDENT

PRESENT PROTEST AGAINST THE SENDING OF FEDERAL TROOPS TO CHICAGO.

HAS NOT BEEN ASKED TO ACT

PRESIDENT SAYS HE HAS NOT BEEN CALLED UPON TO INTERFERE.

MORE WAGONS ARE SENT OUT

EMPLOYERS STEADILY INCREASING THEIR FORCE OF NON-UNION MEN.

Chicago, May 11.—The committee of union men appointed to call upon President Roosevelt and lodge with him a protest against the employment of federal troops during the present teamsters' strike was granted an audience late yesterday afternoon. The committee consisted of Cornelius P. Shea, president of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters; Charles Dold, president of the Chicago Federation of Labor; Joseph O'Neil, vice president of the Chicago Federation of Labor; T. P. Quinn, a member of the Canvassers' union, and T. Rickert, president of the Garment Workers' International union. Outside of the members of the committee and President Roosevelt and Secretary Loeb, no one was present during the conference.

Present Their Protest.

After presenting the protest to the president, Mr. Shea, acting as spokesman, said:

"We are here as a committee to present to you a statement stating our position in this controversy between the employers' association and the teamsters' association. We have understood that they had asked your aid for bringing troops into Chicago. We want to present our position to you."

Mr. Quinn said: "It will take about ten minutes to read this; perhaps we had better leave it with you."

The president said he would read it at once, and after doing so, said:

President Replies.

"As yet no suggestion of any kind has come to me from any source that I should take any action. Of the merits of the case I am wholly ignorant. I have no knowledge of what the situation is or of what steps should properly be taken to end it. I feel, however, that in view of one statement, or series of statements in your letter, I ought to say this: I regret that you should in the letter have spoken at all of the use of the federal army as you have there spoken. No request has been made to me for action by the federal government, but at the same time, Mr. Shea, as you have in this communication to me brought up that fact, I want to say one thing with all the emphasis in my power. In upholding law and order, in doing what he is able to do to

Suppress Mob Violence

in any shape or way, the mayor of Chicago, Mayor Dunne, has my hearty support. I am glad to be able to say this to you, gentlemen, before I say it to any other body. I have not been called upon to interfere in any way, but you must not misunderstand my attitude. In every effort of Mayor Dunne to prevent violence by mobs or individuals, to see that the laws are obeyed and that order is preserved, he has the hearty support of the president of the United States, and in my judgment he should have that of every good citizen of the United States.

"Now, gentlemen, it has been a great pleasure to see you, and I am glad to have had the chance to say this to you."

Number of Outbreaks.

It was generally understood on both sides to the strike that there would be no disturbances while President Roosevelt was in the city. Notwithstanding this passive agreement, there were a number of outbreaks, one of them taking place on Michigan avenue, a short time after President Roosevelt had passed along, and in which a number of men were cut and shot.

There were numerous other instances of stone throwing, but compared to what has existed in the streets for a week past the situation was mild indeed.

The employers sent out more wagons yesterday with fewer guards than at any previous time since the strike began. The association is steadily increasing their force of non-union men, and last night it was said had fully 2,000 men ready to take charge of the wagons.

SQUADRON OF WARSHIPS

Asked by Loomis to Bring Home the Remains of John Paul Jones.

Washington, May 11.—Acting secretary of State Loomis yesterday made a formal request to the navy department in behalf of the state department for the dispatch of a squadron of American naval vessels to France to bring to this country the remains of John Paul Jones, recently exhumed in Paris by Ambassador Porter.

CRUISERS AT VLADIVOSTOK.

Two of Rojestvensky's Warships Said to Have Reached Destination.

St. Petersburg, May 11.—It is reported here that the Russian cruisers Almaz and Jemtchug, belonging to Rear Admiral Voelkersam's division of Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron, have eluded the Japanese warships and reached Vladivostok.

Jemtchug Sighted May 9.

Saigon, Cochin China, May 11—The Russian cruiser Jemtchug and the Russian auxiliary cruiser Rion, belonging to Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron, arrived off Cape St. James, near here, during the night of May 9, and left yesterday morning at the request of the governor of French Indo-China.

These cruisers, which brought instructions for Rear Admiral Nebogatoff, anchored three or four miles off shore. A heavy sea was running, exposing a good deal of the warships' hulls, which were quite free from barnacles or sea weed. The ships appeared to have unusually large crews and the men seemed in good health.

CLEVER RUSE OF RUSSIANS.

It Is Now Claimed That They Owned the Coal Depot Near Saigon.

Paris, May 11. — The Marquis de Barthelemy, who with Count de Pourtales operates the French concession at Kamranh Bay, Annam, in the course of an interview yesterday denies that his establishment furnished coal or provisions to the Russian second Pacific squadron. He said:

"Concerning the charge that the squadron secured coal at Saigon, the fact is that a small coaling depot exists on the Mekong river, not far from Saigon. At the outset of the war the Russians bought a large tract of land there, erected sheds and accumulated supplies, particularly coal, which was bought originally from Japan. It is to this depot that Admiral Rojestvensky sent his colliers, but no warship approached the depot.

"This was Russian coal, placed upon Russian land and loaded upon Russian transports. This was not a violation of neutrality. France could not prevent the Russians from taking their own coal on their own land."

Although the Marquis de Barthelemy gives the foregoing as a refutation of the charges, the statement concerning the Russian coal depot on the Mekong may open a new phase of the question.

CASSINI WILL LEAVE.

Russian Envoy Probably Will Go to Paris.

Washington, May 11.—Count Cassini, Russian ambassador to the United States, has been recalled by his government, and after an audience in St. Petersburg he will be sent to Madrid. His stay in Spain will not be permanent, but will be followed by a transfer to another European post, probably Paris. Thus has culminated definitely the career of Count Cassini as representative of his government in Washington. It will be news to the president and officials of the administration and will be received with keen regret. Some months ago Secretary Hay addressed a personal letter to the ambassador expressing his pleasure at his continued stay in the United States.

MARRIED A THIEF.

Woman Recovers Jewels and Then Marries Man Who Stole Them.

Ames, Iowa, May 11. — The city marshal rounded up a man in this city yesterday, and, when searched, he was found to have stolen diamonds on his person to the amount of $1,500. He gave his name as Fred Alyn. For several days a woman, claiming her home as Denver, Colo., has been here in waiting for his appearance, as she had learned that his mail had been forwarded to Ames from Denver. She claims that he robbed her of the diamonds at a hotel in Denver. After the return of her jewels, she agreed to withdraw the charges made against him if he would consent to marry her, which he did. She gave her name as Ray Charlton.

MORE STRIKES IN MILWAUKEE.

Higher Wages Demanded by Steamfitters and Lathers.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 11.—Eighty steamfitters and 125 lathers went on a strike in this city yesterday. The men in both instances demand an increase in wages. The coopers' strike, which has been on for several weeks, was settled yesterday, a four-year contract having been agreed to between the coopers and the Milwaukee Brewers' association. The keg repairers are granted an increase in wages, but this is offset by the brewers being allowed to employ unskilled labor on a certain class of work. The machine coopers are to receive the same wages as before the strike.

WILL FORFEIT BOND.

Exposition Company Declines to Restore Forest Park, in St. Louis.

St. Louis, May 11.—Controller Player intimates to the ways and means committee of the house of delegates that it is the intention of the management of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition company to make no attempt to restore Forest Park. It is understood that the company found the park could not be restored except at a great cost, and reached a conclusion to forfeit its $200,000 bond.

FIFTY KILLED IN A TRAIN WRECK

FAST EXPRESS COLLIDES WITH FREIGHT TRAIN CARRYING DYNAMITE.

THREE TERRIFIC EXPLOSIONS

BOTH TRAINS ARE PILED IN A MASS OF WRECKAGE WHICH TAKES FIRE.

PINNED IN BURNING DEBRIS

MANY OF THE VICTIMS ROASTED TO DEATH IN THE BLAZING MASS.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 11.—Fifty persons were killed and one hundred injured as the result of a train wreck according to the best information obtainable.

An express train of the Pennsylvania railroad ran into a freight train in which there were two cars loaded with dynamite at 1:10 o'clock this morning in South Harrisburg, near the plant of the Paxland Light, Heat and Power company.

Three terrific explosions that broke windows all over the city followed and the two trains were completely wrecked and took fire. It was estimated at 3 o'clock that fifty persons were killed and one hundred injured, though these figures may be too small.

Wreckage in Flames.

It is impossible to ascertain the exact number of fatalities because the wreckage is still ablaze and unapproachable, in which many of the passengers and some members of the train crews are pinned.

Many small explosions occurred continually.

When the first explosions occurred bodies were thrown clear out of the berths in the sleeping cars, many landing down the railroad embankment and some even having been hurled into the Susquehanna river, which parallels the railroad in that locality.

All the physicians of the city procurable were summoned to work with the injured.

Agonizing Cries of Victims.

A fire alarm sounded and the firemen arrived to find themselves practically helpless on the work of rescue. A police patrol wagon was commissioned as an ambulance. As many of the injured as possible were loaded into it on each trip and taken to the Harrisburg hospital, the capacity of which soon became taxed.

A special train was made up and brought injured and dying to the union station. Many of the injured were taken into private houses.

Immediately after the wreck all the passengers who could do so ran from the scenes of horror to safety from the incessant small explosions.

The agonizing cries of the unfortunates were heartrending.

FOUND DEAD IN BED.

Chief Clerk of the Treasury Department Expires in New Mexico.

Washington, May 11.—A telegram was received by Secretary Shaw announcing the death at Carizozo, N. M., of Wallace H. Hills, chief clerk of the treasury department. According to the advices, Mr. Hills was found dead in bed at the hotel where he was stopping. Mr. Hills left Washington May 2 on official business for a period of three weeks, and was apparently in good health. He was fifty-five years of age and had been an employe of the treasury department for forty-one years.

SWORD OF HONOR FOR OYAMA.

Hungarians May Send Committee to Make Presentation.

Vienna, May 11.—A movement is on foot at Budapest to send Field Marshal Oyama a sword of honor from the Hungarian people. It is proposed that a committee of prominent Hungarians go to Japan in the summer to make the presentation.

Boy Instantly Killed.

Grand Forks, N. D., May 11.—A telegram from Caron, N. W. T., brings information of the accidental shooting to death of the six-year-old son of Charles McPeek, who moved to Caron a year ago from Rugby, this state. The lad and his brother, Francis, two years his senior, were playing with a loaded revolver at the McPeek home, when the weapon was discharged, the bullet entering the heart of the boy, resulting in instant death.

MACHEN LOSES AGAIN.

Motion to Quash Warrant Denied — Order for Trial Stands.

Washington, May 11. — In the district criminal court Judge Wright overruled the motion of counsel for August W. Machen to quash the bench warrant issued against Machen to bring him to trial in the Crawford-Machen-Lorenz conspiracy case. The effect of Judge Wright's ruling will be to bring Machen to Washington for trial on the 22d inst.

The Spectator.

ST. HILAIRE, . . MINNESOTA.

King Alfonso, we are confident, could get a wife of the right kind by advertising.

Let the presses be stopped to announce the glad news from New York. The shad are running.

The sculptor who swallowed his false teeth had to submit finally to being carved by the surgeons.

From the way it is talking war just now, Peru must be getting jealous of the attention Venezuela is receiving.

Newspaper mention is about all the profit that comes to the average poor man who falls heir to a fabulous fortune.

That new antitoxin of laziness will have to be produced in enormous quantities if everybody is going to be cured.

If we did all the things that we intend to do, we'd soon find that we shouldn't have time to intend to do so many.—Puck.

We respectfully suggest that the baseball reporters ought to be a little more polite and refer to it in future as the "saliva" ball.

The prayer of a condemned murderer in Pennsylvania is that he may be permitted to return as a spook and haunt his enemies.

Bernard Shaw would better refrain from any sarcastic comment on Jim Corbett's ability as an actor of Shaw's or any one else's plays.

A woman who married a poet applied for a divorce asserting that there was enough dirt on his person to make ground for the action.

J. G. Phelps Stokes says his engagement to Miss Pastor was "inevitable." Own up, benedicts, all engagements are the same, aren't they, now?

Says the sarcastic Philadelphia Press: "It is easy to see that Philadelphia is going to win both of the big baseball championships this year."

A Croatian emigrant with a mustache a yard in length has settled down in Washington, D. C. He'll find Washington a town for his whiskers.

"Taste buds" have been discovered in the larynx like those on the tongue. A long neck is no beauty in a man, but it may add considerably to life's pleasures.

The Cincinnati Enquirer asks: "Was Hamlet really mad?" Probably not. He hadn't seen the performances of any of the people who were to try to play him.

There are fears that the frost may have hurt young tobacco plants in Kentucky. Did you ever have a friend who smoked what appeared to be frostbitten cigars?

Parisians who wish to score a century of life now breakfast on "yaghurt" exclusively. Yaghurt tastes like cream cheese "gone bad." Allow us to die young, please.

Alfred Austin is reported to be at work on a poem dealing with the Russo-Japanese war. That ought to make them agree to have peace without haggling over terms.

Of New York's 16,000 babies born in the last four months, less than ten came to the wealthiest section of Fifth avenue. Storks don't like to scrape their toenails on brownstone.

"Will you take the chair once occupied by Immanuel Kant?" said the German government to Prof. Munsterburg of Harvard, and Prof. Munsterburg responded promptly: "Can't."

Dr. Gladden says lawyers should not defend people whom they know to be guilty of wrongdoing. But did a lawyer for the defense ever believe it was possible for anybody to be guilty?

There ought to be joy among the college girls, now that the U. S. circuit court of appeals, considering the question of duty on pickled limes, has decided that they shall be admitted free.

John L. Sullivan now blesses the language with a new word. "Williwallapus" is intended to indicate the look of the man who boxes in the modern crouching position. And it goes.

It is not true that the revival of interest in suits of plate armor is due to the opening of the baseball season. It is merely a coincidence that it is synchronous with the beginning of the umpires' work.

The theatrical trust gentleman's statement that $30,000 is too slim a season's profit on one production isn't very cheering to those of us who had hoped to be able to afford to attend the theater a little more frequently next year.

M. Vignaud, secretary of the American embassy at Paris, announces, after forty years of study on the subject, that Columbus was a humbug. Luckily, America is now at a point where her feelings won't be hurt by the discovery.

It is reported that there is a widespread and growing desire among the young men of this country to rush away to Panama for the purpose of helping to dig the canal. We regard it as our duty to publicly announce that the walking on the way back from Panama is very poor in some spots.

The Boston Globe asks if the Princess Victoria Patricia of Connaught, a possible bride for King Alfonso, can speak Spanish. Love speaks all languages.—Louisville Herald.

My Garden

There is a garden in my soul,
A garden where I may not go.
Where all day the sun shines fair
And only softest zephyrs blow.

The winding pathways cross the turf
Through sunshine to the restful shade,
Under the low-arched chestnut trees
And elms, that throng the quiet glade.

Out in the noisy street I fare,
With all its dust and hideous cries,
Lonely, and slaving at my task
As long as daylight fills the skies.

But sometimes for an hour I steal
And by the gate, beneath the stars,
I lean and long and look within,
And cool my forehead on the bars.

—Harper's Magazine.

THE ONLY ONE

By NELLIE CRAVEY GILMORE

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Colin, Sherwick and myself were meeting again after six years.

Our first acquaintance dated back to Yale days. The three of us took our respective degrees the same year, and shortly afterward, when the war broke out—the Spanish-American war—we enlisted, by common consent, with Roosevelt. At the end of hostilities, Colin went home to California, Sherwick struck a government job in Porto Rico, and I made an ecstatic dash for my old quarters in New York. As luck would have it, we all came out without a scratch.

Colin was East on some legal business, and Sherwick, having thrown up his position in the West Indies, had come to New York on a prospecting tour.

I ran across them at the postoffice, and nothing would do but they must come home to luncheon with me. Colin was one of those distinctly amiable men you meet with occasionally—a fellow perfectly willing to make himself agreeable whatever the circumstances, situation or company. He went into instant raptures over my house, my servants, my pictures—everything. I told him just to wait until he saw my wife. Sherwick was less demonstrative, but I could see that he was impressed.

By the time the salad was served our conversation had somehow veered round from college days and Santiago nights, to the all-potent subject of matrimony. For some reason, the topic seemed to affect Colin unpleasantly. Once or twice, he opened his lips as though to speak, then closed them again—apparently reconsidering.

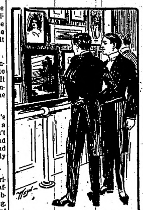
"Out with it!" I insisted, seeing that he had something to relate, and needed just a little encouragement. Sherwick, too, bent his forces upon him, and together we listened to his story.

"She was the only one in the world to me," he went on to say, waiving preliminaries, "and like a dem fool, I didn't have the common sense and decency to keep her love when I had it. I offended her, stupid jackass that I was, and would not apologize—not even when she threw the chance at my head. One thing led to another, till finally there wasn't anything left for her to do but let me go. And she did, notwithstanding the fact that she never loved anyone but me—and never would care for anyone again. Such was the substance of her last words to me. How well I remember them, and her, as she spoke them: 'You have been the One Man,' she said, her sweet lips quivering, her pearless eyes drowned in tears, 'but you have broken my heart, and I shall never be the same again. Good-bye. I have made my arrangements. Next week I enter the convent.' I did not see her again," he finished sadly.

Sherwick and I exchanged glances of compassion for our unhappy friend, seeing that he was deeply and terribly in earnest.

"So that is why you are a bachelor," I observed gravely. "Sherwick?" I turned to him interrogatively. "It's up to you."

Sherwick cleared his throat, flushed and tried to change the subject. Colin gave him a reproachful stare. "You'll have to do it," he said. "It's not fair for you to back out, you know. Remember the compact." He made a secret sign and we all laughed. Then Sherwick pulled his face straight and began:

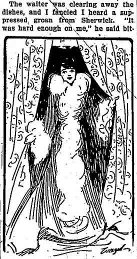


Went into raptures over my pictures.

"After all, there's not much to be said that's new. It's the same old story of a poor man's love and a rich man's money; a weak daughter and a stern father. We were—practically—engaged to be married, although there had not been any actual betrothal. You know how those things are. When he found it out, he rushed her off here, to New York, and despite the fact that I wrote her at least a dozen letters, there was never the shadow of a response. Six months later I learned of her marriage to a wealthy stock broker's son. It was her father's doing—every bit of it. He never had any use for me, and knowing that his daughter had irrevocably given her heart to me, was determined to end things between us with as little delay as possible."

Colin stretched an involuntary hand across the table and grasped that of our friend in a sympathetic pressure. "The wonder is that you've stood it," he said.

The waiter was clearing away the dishes, and I fancied I heard a suppressed groan from Sherwick. "It was hard enough on me," he said bitterly, "but think of the girl's position. Good Lord, think of the girl!"



She appeared.

We were a long time silent after that, sipping our benedictine and puffing purple towers of smoke ceilingward.

Presently Colin pulled out his watch.

"Oh, you mustn't think of leaving," I interposed briskly, "till you've met my wife. She'll be in any minute now. I want both of you to know her. I want her to know you!" I thought proudly of my peerless Dolores, wondering inwardly what my two friends would say then! Unutterably thankful that there had been no other for her—nor me; that we were, indeed, the Only Ones!

"We simply worship the air each other breathes," I went on fervently, "the things each other looks at——"

The musical swish of trailing silk cut in on my rhapsody, and the next instant she appeared, muffled up in furs to the aristocratic tips of her ears—priceless furs my doting old father, the Wall street veteran, had given her.

She came toward us with that perfect rhythmic grace that was a part of her, a hand outstretched to each of them as they rose to receive my introduction. On her lips was the adorable smile born of their matchlessness.

And then something very funny happened. My wife commenced to laugh in a very much amused fashion, while Colin and Sherwick outdid one another blushing. Dolores was the first to collect herself. "To think that we are old friends after all," she rippled. "I thought there was something familiar about your names when Dick told me you were here, although I couldn't exactly place you! But I'm delighted you're in New York, and I hope you are going to stay a long time—long enough for us to show you the best sort of a time and get better acquainted. All Dick's friends are mine," she added, with a quick glance in my direction. "Aren't they?" I nodded without speaking. When she looks at me that way, I shall always feel my heart go faster.

After a little desultory conversation, Colin and Sherwick took their departure, promising to call again on the following day.

When the door had closed behind them, I caught Dolores and pulled her down on my knee. "You made a great impression, old girl," I said, pinching the pink lobe of her ear. "I never saw Colin at such a loss for words in my life, and as for Sherwick——" I shook my head.

Dolores sealed my lips with one of her tiny, fleeting kisses. "They are both just lovely," she said, "and we must do everything—fix up all sorts of jolly larks and things; box parties—then there's the horse show too." She took me by the cheeks and looked down into my eyes with one of her glances. My arms went suddenly about her, and in the instant of transport that followed, how intense, how infinite was my joy that there had been no other for me—for her!

Dolores went to the matinee and I to my club. The next morning we sent notes to Colin and Sherwick, only to learn that both of them had been called away quite unexpectedly. This was a singular coincidence, and neither of us could understand it. But what seemed a still more singular coincidence—at least to me—was that we received invitations to the weddings of both within the year.

TASTE TELLS ONE LITTLE.

Unassisted by Sense of Smell, Onions and Potatoes Are Alike.

"Do you really think that you can distinguish the tastes of potatoes and onions?" was the unusual question that Prof. Burtis Burr Breese asked his psychology class at the University of Cincinnati the other morning.

"I have yet to see the individual who could tell them apart when they were reduced to the same consistency and when the sense of taste only was used."

At this point Miss Luella Latta, a member of the class, showed some evidences of doubting, and the professor asked her if she would not exhibit to the class exactly how discriminating her sense of taste was.

He explained that he did not have the potatoes and onions on hand, but that he had something far more decided in its taste and quite as familiar to most people.

Then Miss Latta was asked to step up to the rostrum and when she was seated Prof. Breese told her that she must not breathe through her nose—that is, she must rely altogether on the taste and that he was certain she would be unable to distinguish the three things that he then proceeded to give her separately.

She failed, quite as the professor predicted, and he then told the class that Miss Latta had not been able to tell wintergreen from peppermint or peppermint from cloves.

"In fact," he said, "none of you can tell the difference simply by the sense of taste. The taste is aided greatly by the sense of smell. All you really taste is sweet and sour, salt and bitter."—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

REWARD NOT GREAT ENOUGH.

Drummer Was a Real Hero, But for Once Only.

"Yes, the papers referred to me as a hero," said the drummer on crutches, "and I suppose I was and am one, but I don't care to go through it again. The cash reward is too small."

"So you were a hero for cash?" was asked.

"Well, I didn't set out to be, but it came to that. I was loafing around a town in Illinois when a horse ran away with two women. He was making for an open sewer when I jumped in and grabbed him and was dragged over a brick pile and through the mud and had a leg broken and a shoulder dislocated. I saved the women, one of whom was young, rich and handsome, and who ought to have been grateful and married me, but who visited me in the hospital and looked down upon my bed of pain to say:

"'Poor fellow! If it hadn't been for you we should surely have been killed and I want you to know how thankful we are and how much we admire your action.'"

"And then what happened?" was asked, as the drummer seemed to have got through.

"And then she left a 50-cent piece on the pillow and walked out and I don't suppose I shall ever see her again in my life!"

True to Her Promise.

"Josiah," said Mrs. Chugwater, "what do you do at those lodge meetings you attend twice a month?"

"You don't expect me to tell you that, do you? Our proceedings are secret."

"A man oughtn't to have any secrets from his wife. What is the password?"

"I have taken a solemn obligation never to communicate that to any outsider."

"I'm not an outsider. A man and his wife are one. You have a right to communicate it to me."

Mr. Chugwater reflected.

"Well," he said, "if I repeat the password to you once will you promise never to ask me to say it again?"

"Yes."

"And you'll never tell anybody else?"

"Never."

Whereupon he rapidly uttered the following astounding word:

"Magellinellikazenalottaruvistualizaillliwinkamanakalilooleroo."

Mrs. Chugwater kept her promise. She never repeated that password to a living soul.

World Full of Stoten Bottles.

Yet the business world is full of men who "stand still." It is full of men who have given up the struggle for success long before it really began. The road ahead looked hard, so they sat down where they were, and have remained there. Others have not "bothered" to improve themselves with a view to self advancement. Their duties are easy and they make money enough to live comfortably. Why should they trouble about the future?

But the most unfortunate of them all is the man who was "going to do something in a while." He is the most numerous, also of the men who are in a rut. Always he is going to strike out after something better than he has; always the future holds promises to him. But these promises, he soon discovers, are only valid to the man who acts.—Chicago Tribune.

The Angel at the Phone.

There is a strange, sweet, voice somewhere at the other end of our telephone. I don't know who is the owner thereof, but to paraphrase the poet, "when she speaks the air is still and the mute wonder lurketh in men's ears to catch her sweet and honeyed sentences." When I am at the receiver and she speaks the wires thrill and so do I. Sometimes I imagine that the siren has blonde hair and eyes of a soft, drooping hazel; then at other times her tresses are as black as a raven's wing, to my fancy, and her eyes like midnight stars. When our chief clerk goes to the 'phone he is generally gruff, but you can tell when that girl's voice is replying, for his tones will soften like ice in a thaw and become as gentle as the cooing of a dove. And when he puts up the receiver he sighs like a hot blast, and for just ten seconds you wouldn't think he was the same man.—New York Press.

JOKE
JOKE
JOKE
JOKE

LITTLE EXPLOSIONS

Hades Too Slow for Denverite.

"Where are you from?" demanded Mephisto.

"Denver," the man replied.

"Well, you can come in, but I don't want any kicking because this place isn't swift enough for you. We're doing the best we can."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

The Limit of Scorn.

Manager—You do not inject enough contempt, spite and venom into that word.

Actress—I can do no better.

Manager—Nonsense! Speak it just as you say "Plush!" when you meet a rival in an imitation sealskin.

How to Have Letters Saved.

"I'm glad you were long-headed enough to save his letter," says the lawyer.

"And so am I," replied the actress. "My first impulse was to destroy it, but when I read the postscript that told me to be sure and burn it, I knew at once that it was valuable and worth saving."

Still the Same Old Plays.

Miss Innit—You seemed bored at the theater last night, Mr. Knott. Don't you like Shakespeare?

Mr. Wyse Knott—Oh, Shakespeare's all right, I s'pose, but I wish he'd turn out somethin' new.

Fell Down.

"Id be willin' to work for a meal o' victuals, ma'am," said Eaton Jogalong, "only I ain't strong enough. I've been sunstruck."

"Sunstruck?" echoed the woman in the kitchen door. "What were you doing when that happened?"

"I was workin' outdoors in de blazin' sun."

"What kind of work?"

Here his imagination failed him and he blundered.

"I was cuttin' ice, ma'am."

Then the Boss Fainted.

Office Boy—"Gent wants to see you, sir."

Big Lawyer—"Tell him my time is very valuable and ask him what he wants."

Office Boy (two minutes later)—"He says he wants to hire about $1,000 worth of lawyer, sir, but that his time is valuable, too, and you've used up your allowance."

Ready for Him.

"Good morning, sir," began the long-haired visitor with the roll of manuscript, "I see you've got your window open; that's a sign that spring is here. Now——".

"No," interrupted the editor, glaring at him significantly, "it's a sign that the spring poet is here."

The Hurry-Ups.

Citiman—I guess you fellows living in the country are delighted to get a chance to run around in the fresh air these mornings.

Subbubs—Run around? Huh! Most of our running is right straight through the fresh air to the station.—Philadelphia Press.

A Changed Opinion.

"Vizzy says men are not born equal."

"Vizzy makes me tired. I've heard him say a dozen times that all men are born equal, but ever since he found out that my baby weighed only seven pounds, while his weighed ten, he's trying to crawfish."

One Request.

"Our society," said the prison visitor, "is anxious to help you. Is there anything you'd like us to secure for you?"

"Well," replied the convict, "I would like to have permission to invent a flying machine and use it."

How Does Your Garden Grow?

"Here is a good one, Jones. Why are the garden seeds my little daughter planted last week like saurkraut and limburger?"

"Give it up."

"Because they're German-atin'."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

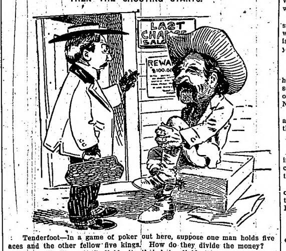
The End of the Trouble.

"I understand that Mrs. Jones has been cured of insomnia."

"How?"

"There was a fire in the street the other night and she failed to wake up. Jones says she hasn't said a word about insomnia since."

THEN THE SHOOTING STARTS.



Tenderfoot—In a game of poker out here, suppose one man holds five aces and the other fellow five kings. How do they divide the money?

Bad Bill—They don't divide it—their heirs divide it.

Familiarity Breeds Contempt.

"Those ladies," shouted the spieler from the top of the "Seeing New York" automobile, "are the wives of multimillionaires. Look well at them while you have the chance."

"Oh, we's seen 'em before," said Reuben Grassbinder. "They kim tew my place every year to git some sunburn, et $5 per week, and then go hum' and say they hez been 'yachtin'."—Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune.

The Elephantine Blewett.

Blewett—"What a wonderful thing an elephant's trunk is. It can pick up a pin or it can uproot a tree. It has both delicacy of touch and brute power."

Toppler—"Somehow reminds me of Blewett. The delicacy of your 'touch' is only equaled by the power with which you butt into this cozy corner when you are not wanted."

Awoke in the Nick of Time.

Mrs. Skynflynt—What are you chuckling about, Jonas?

Mr. Skynflynt—I dreamed I was going to give a Pullman porter a quarter.

Mrs. Skynflynt—Shouldn't think that would make you grin.

Mr. Skynflynt—Well, I woke up just as he was reaching for it.

Unpleasant Woman.

McCorkle—Well, thank goodness, I won't have to bother with this blamed old furnace much longer!

Mrs. McCorkle—No, the lawnmower will furnish about the only exercise you'll get now.

McCorkle—You have the meanest disposition of any woman I ever knew.

Honorable Work.

"Are you willing to work?"

"At any honorable work, lady."

"Well, beating a rug is honorable work, isn't it?"

"Youse don't understand, lady. Wot I mean is a term in congress, or de senate, or any place where youse can put honorable before your name."

Just Why He Listened.

"My daughter was practicing her new concert piece this afternoon," said the woman next door.

"Yes," replied Mr. Bittner, "I heard her."

"How was it?"

"Why, I simply couldn't get away; that's how it was."

The Exception.

Mignon—"Do you think honesty is always the best policy."

Adelle—"In everything except love. If I were to tell all my danglers what I honestly think of them I wouldn't have one left at the end of the week."—Detroit Free Press.

The Talking Part.

"I see a certain sewing machine manufacturer advertises that his machine will do the work of a dozen women."

"Yes? It must have a phonograph attachment."—Philadelphia Press.

A Vain Attempt.

O'Soaque—What was the matter with that boilermaker—was he drunk?

McGoaque—Was he drunk? Well, when I saw him last he was trying to make rivetholes with a milk punch.

Gallant.

May—"Really, I don't feel like walking. My feet bother me a good deal."

Jack—"My! you must be nervous."

May—"Nervous! Why?"

Jack—"Otherwise you wouldn't let such little things bother you."

Terror of Spring Days.

Judge—I'll give you thirty days in jail.

Prisoner—Good! My wife will be through cleaning house when I get out.—Kansas City Times.

Charming Hostess.

Charming Hostess—Do have some of my cake. I don't believe you've ever tasted my own make!

Delightful Foreigner (wishing to be polite)—Indeed—indeed, I have, and I assure you I did not wish to eat anything else for days after.—Punch.

Diagnosing It.

"Yes," said Alkali Ike, quietly, "he died very sudden while playin' poker."

"Heart disease?" queried the tourist.

"Well, how, reckon you might call it heart, spade, diamond and club disease. He had all four aces up his sleeve."

All Fixed.

Jess—He's such a strange fellow, I don't know how to take him.

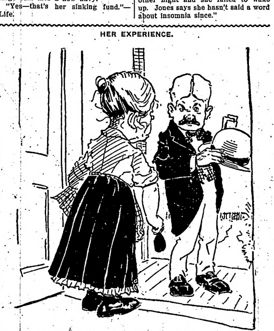
Bess—You're not going to take him at all, dear. I think I've got him.

Russia's Sinking Fund.

"I see that Russia is putting another large sum into a new navy."

"Yes—that's her sinking fund."—Life.

HER EXPERIENCE.



Book Agent—Lady, this book will tell you all about the habits of savage animals.

Mrs. Oldwed—I know more about them than that book could tell me. I've been married twenty years.

One View of It.

"But if she makes all her own dresses I should think she'd be a good wife for you. It shows she's industrious and sensible."

"Not for me, thank you. It simply shows how poor her father must be."

Getting Younger.

"I heard Mrs. Giddy say yesterday that she was only 32. You've known her for a long time, haven't you?"

"Yes. When I first knew her she was 34."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Why the Whistles Blow.

Susie—What makes the factory whistles blow so early in the morning, dad?

Dad—The engineer wishes to wake up everybody who doesn't have to go to work as soon as he does.

Anvil Duet.

Gladys—"If she thinks her young man is such a paragon of perfection, why does she watch him so closely?"

Esmeralda—"She is afraid he is too good to be true."

Different Facial Expression.

Bills—Did you notice the pleased expression on her face when I told her that she did not look any older than her daughter?

Wills—No, I was looking at the expression on the daughter's face.

Surer Thing.

The Doctor—"Doesn't this scheme for making gold out of sea water appeal to your cupidity?"

The Druggist—"Not a bit. I'm doing fairly well with mineral water."

Has Had Experience.

He—"How do you happen to know so much about political jobs?"

She—"Oh, they're very much like refractory admirers, you know; hard to get, and a good deal harder to hold!"—Detroit Free Press.

The Reason.

Jack—"So she is twenty-six summers old! She doesn't look it."

Her Chaperon—"No, luckily for her, every one of those summers was short."—Detroit Free Press.

WHAT SMART WOMEN ARE WEARING

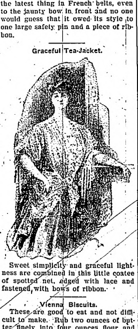
A Tied Girdle.

It is quite possible to have a different girdle for every gown and to have them look natty and nice with no trouble at all by adopting the following plan:

Take two yards and a half of ribbon, more or less, according to the waist measure. After skirt and waist are properly adjusted place the center of the ribbon at the center of the waist front. Run the ribbon around the waist, cross at the back and bring the ends in front again. Cross them in the middle and pin securely with a safety pin, through bodice and corset and tie the remaining ends in a smart little bow exactly over the pin, which is put in "blindly," that is, just under the edge of the ribbon; this edge is turned over and covers the fastening. The same applies to the piont in front.

When properly put on and fastened this girdle bears all the earmarks of the latest thing in French belts, even to the jaunty bow in front and no one would guess that it owed its style to one large safety pin and a piece of ribbon.

Graceful Tea-Jacket.



Sweet simplicity and graceful lightness are combined in this little coatee of spotted net, edged with lace and fastened with bows of ribbon.

Vienna Biscuits.

These are good to eat and not difficult to make. Rub two ounces of butter finely into four ounces flour and one ounce of sugar and a pinch of salt. Put the yolk of one egg in a cup, add a little milk to it, pour them among the dry ingredients, making them into a soft, but not sticky paste. Roll out about an eighth of an inch thick, cut it out into rounds about the size of the top of a claret glass; out of half of these remove a smaller round from the center. Put these cakes on to a buttered tin and bake in a slow oven till a pale brown color. Melt two ounces of good chocolate in a pan, it must not boil. Spread some of the melted chocolate on one of the cakes and press another that has the center out quickly on the top. Proceed like this with all. Just before serving put a piece of red jelly in the center.

Ornaments That Are New.

Brooches and pins offer a plethora of choice. Three little chicks, with diamond eyes and bills of pale yellow enamel, standing on a bar of gold, make a novel design. Very attractive brooches have the maidenhair fern, the lily-of-the-valley and the snowdrop treated with great delicacy and skill. Fine enamels are employed for the leaves and drop pearls for the flowers.

Endless are the devices for pendants and necklaces. The dainty, chains passing through a jeweled slide of dewdrop-like scroll work, with pendant pearls set tasselwise as a finish, gives a charming effect. The rope of pearls used as a necklace, with slide, and terminating in veritable tassels of pearls is also uncommon. Pendants in festoon effect and the matrix in gold and enamels are among the choice designs.

Waist Belts.

Waists for the most part are apparently composed of belt and bodice drapery and on the smartest frocks—those that have a boned lining—the belt is not detached, but is part of the bodice drapery cunningly arranged. This arrangement must be well done to be a success, and when accomplished it saves the fair owner of the gown much trouble and annoyance and "missing connections" are not likely to happen. Belts have changed somewhat in their outline. They are now extremely high at the back and all the front depth is below the waist line, which is so cleverly managed that there is no droop or dip.

The New Petticoat.

Women should be grateful to Lady Wheatman Pearson for bringing an innovation in petticoats. The new petticoat is made of white kid, about the thickness of a glove, and reaches just below the knees, where flounces of lace or silk are buttoned on. These ruffles can be taken off easily and changed to suit the wearer's pleasure. As Lady Pearson is the wife of an enormously wealthy contractor, she probably did not adopt this garment because of its economy, but rather for the smoothness of its fit. Probably it has been a potent factor in earning for her a reputation of having one of the most graceful figures in London.

How to Wash Table Linens.

A firm of linen manufacturers gives some useful hints for washing table and other linens. They advise the best of washing soaps, to begin with. Soaps full of alkali discolor linen. It is better to wring linen by hand, or at least have the rollers of the wringer fairly loose. Be sure that the rinsing process is thorough. A great improvement in doing up linen is this stock: Dissolve one ounce of gum arabic in half a pint of warm water. Add one tablespoonful of the solution to a quart of water and wring out the linens in the mixture. A point in the care of towels: Admonish the masculine members of the family never to wipe a razor on a towel. The damage done often does not show at the time, but is apparent after the towel is washed.

Reappearance of Black Satin.

Black satin is one of the vogues of the season—satin of the softest quality, that drapes as easily almost as washing silk. For many seasons past the black satin dress has been out of fashion, and we have seen little of this excellent material for the composition of complete gowns, so that, for this purpose at least, it reappears almost as a novelty. One of the smartest of black satin gowns is made with a flounced and gauged skirt, and the prettiest of pelerines, opening back and front over a blouse of guipure lace. Black satin blouse costumes and others with fashionable draped and cross-over bodices, with vests of lace, are other pretty styles that are creeping into favor.

Coffee Glace Icing.

Sift half a pound of confectioner's sugar into a pan over a gentle heat, add slowly enough warm water and coffee essence to make it thick enough to coat the back of a wooden spoon. Stir it over a slow fire, but on no account let it boil. If you add too much water or essence stir in more sugar till it is the right consistency. Pour quickly over the cakes; it should flow smoothly like a thick sauce. After a few minutes it sets and gets hard.

Blue Straw Hats.

The millinery world is gay with colored straw. A new shade of blue is evident—a blue that savors of the ultramarine in an artist's color box—and this is met with in soft, thick straw trimmed with foliage wreaths, a favorite hat shape being the new French sailor or American sailor. Very rich in coloring is the blue straw hat of a rather deeper shade than ultramarine, with a scarf of blue glace silk and a bunch of roses shading from old pink to purple, through gradations of crimson and magenta, placed on the crown near the left edge, more roses appearing at the back, where, according to the mandate of fashion, the brim must be very much upturned. Chip hats in Sevres blue, with bands of white chip let into the brims, are other pretty fashions of the moment.

Horseradish Sauce.

One tablespoonful of butter, two tablespoonfuls of flour, two heaping tablespoonfuls of grated horseradish, a teaspoonful of sugar; salt to taste; enough milk to make it of the right consistency. Melt the butter in a saucepan, stir in the flour, and milk gradually, stirring briskly, then put in the salt, the sugar and, finally, the horseradish.

Boudoir Confidences

The green hats are legion.

Coque de roche is heralded again.

Some bib effects suggest ecclesiastic robes.

Dolly Varden sleeves show snug, eight-inch cuffs.

Opalescent effects are as good in gauzes as in paillettes.

A realistic dead rose appears in most headgear clusters.

The last little piece of neck fur lingers, but more for looks than warmth.

A little more than twelve dollars buys a dainty robe gown of flowered net.

Those new silk blouses cut like a man's negligee shirt are having a tremendous go.

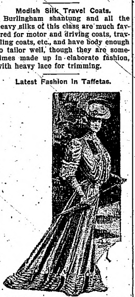
Proper Cooking of Onions.

Perhaps no vegetable is more abused by the careless or ignorant cook than the homely but particularly wholesome onion. The oil and rank flavor which are objectionable to many palates and stomachs may be dissipated by soaking an hour or so in warm water, after which rinse in cold water, wipe dry and put on to cook in boiling salted water. Salt tends to preserve the peculiar flavor which is the onion's life, and no amount of after salting can restore it.

Modish Silk Travel Coats.

Burlingham shantung and all the heavy silks of this class are much favored for motor and driving coats, traveling coats, etc., and have body enough to tailor well, though they are sometimes made up in elaborate fashion, with heavy lace for trimming.

Latest Fashion in Taffetas.



An afternoon gown in light-colored taffetas, with deep-shaped belt finished with embroidered buttons. The same handsome buttons fasten down the tabs on front and sleeves. Vest and lower sleeves in lace. Skirt trimmed with tucks overlaid with tabs fixed by buttons to match.

Another Novelty.

The smart little capes made by the Parisian modistes to match coat and skirt costumes or princess robes of cloth are not often worn here, although the Parisians favor them. They give just the needed bit of warmth at times, without spoiling the color scheme of the costume or the outlines of the figure.

Good Toilet Water.

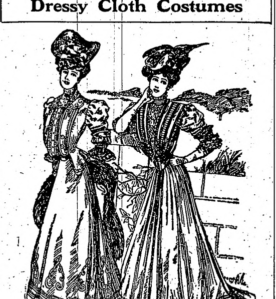
Oil of lavender, two drams; oil of lemon, two drams; oil of neroli, one dram; tincture of turmeric, one dram; oil of rose, ten drops; oil of balm, thirty drops; alcohol, three pints; rose water, one pint.

Mix the oils well with the alcohol and then add the other ingredients. Keep it bottled and use a little in the bath as needed.

Baked Tomatoes.

Peel and slice some large tomatoes, put a layer of tomatoes in a well-buttered dish, season with salt and paper and strew with breadcrumbs, then another layer of tomatoes and crumbs, until the dish is full, having some pieces of butter and crumbs at the top; cover closely and bake for half an hour. Remove the cover, brown and serve.

Dressy Cloth Costumes

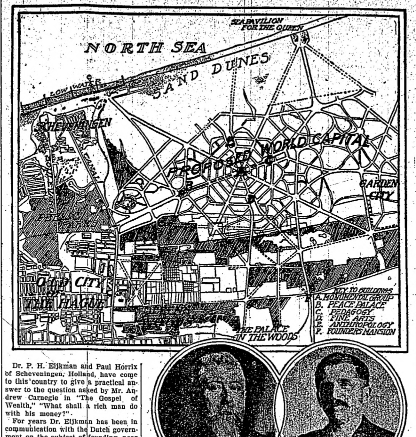


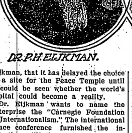
The gown at the left is of soft cloth trimmed with applications and bands of the same cloth. These trim the bottom of the skirt, also the jacket. The latter, with basque at the back and sides, is cut off in front in bolero fashion and finished around the neck with a shawl collar of light embroidered silk.

The other gown is of soft cloth or cashmere. The corsage is covered with two bretelles on each side meeting at the waist. These are bordered with cord or soutache and lace ruffles and ornamented with large fancy buttons. Between them are plaited insertions, or bands, of dotted tulle. The full shirred or gathered chemisette is of tulle trimmed with little lace ruffles, and the girdle is of kid.

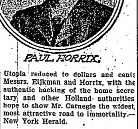
The sleeves are puffed and draped and finished at the elbows with bands of the material and frills of lace, the former trimmed with soutache, or cord, and buttons. The skirt is plaited over the hips and trimmed in front with two bands of the material bordered with the cord of soutache.

WORLD'S DIPLOMATIC CENTER





DR. P. H. EIJKMAN.



PAUL HORRIX.

Dr. P. H. Eijkman and Paul Horrix of Scheveningen, Holland, have come to this country to give a practical answer to the question asked by Mr. Andrew Carnegie in "The Gospel of Wealth," "What shall a rich man do with his money?"

For years Dr. Eijkman has been in communication with the Dutch government on the subject of founding, near The Hague, a sort of world's capital, which should stand for all time as the monument of the fraternalization of nations. The government was ready to listen if the funds could be found. Holland is obviously interested in welcoming all international movements at her capital. The more she becomes the meeting ground of nations the less hope Germany has of absorbing her territory, whether under the guise of a "zollverein" or of a political alliance.

When Mr. Carnegie gave $1,500,000 for a Temple of Peace at The Hague Dr. Eijkman saw in the gift a possible cornerstone of his cherished plans. He had plans drawn by a distinguished Dutch architect, Mr. K. P. C. de Bazel, showing how an ideal international city could be built devoted to peace, humanity, truth, and the arts on the sand dunes and woods of Waalsdorp, just east of the old city of The Hague. The Temple of Peace is given a site on an eminence overlooking both the old and the new cities, with a sweeping view of the North sea. The world's capital is laid out hexagonally, with its main avenues meeting at a central square, which is to contain a monumental group symbolic of the brotherhood of nations. At three prominent points buildings are to be erected, devoted to the fine arts, pedagogy and anthropology.

The avenues connecting these buildings and the main thoroughfare, which, by the way, already has a name—the Paradere—are to be the widest and most beautiful highways ever designed. The Paradere ascends from the central monument to the Carnegie Temple of Peace, very much as the Champs Elysees in Paris leads from the obelisk in the Place de la Concorde to the Arc de Triomphe.

This ideal city, which is to be the Mecca of all workers for the cause of humanity, is to be built and thoroughly equipped for $20,000,000. The promoters have prepared a pamphlet especially for Mr. Carnegie's perusal, showing to the minutest detail how each dollar is to be spent.

This $20,000,000 is not asked as a gift, but as a non-interest bearing loan. They estimate that most of the loan would be repaid to the treasury within twenty-five years by the sale of land for residences on the magnificent boulevards and connecting avenues of the world's capital. Much of the land upon which the proposed city would be built belongs to the municipality of The Hague or to the government. The government and the city have both assured Dr. Eijkman of their support should Mr. Carnegie give the necessary funds.

Dr. A. Kuyper, Minister of the Interior, and premier of Holland, indorses the site chosen for the Temple of Peace and has expressed his approval of the whole plan for the new city, though he cannot officially answer Mr. Carnegie's donation for the Peace Temple by asking him for a $20,000,000 loan.

So interested has the government of Holland been in the plan, says Dr. Eijkman, that it has delayed the choice of a site for the Peace Temple until it could be seen whether the world's capital could become a reality.

Dr. Eijkman wants to name the enterprise the "Carnegie Foundation of Internationalism." The international peace conference furnished the inspiration. "If the nations can meet to solve problems of diplomacy, why should they not unite in the solution of other questions of humanity?" he asks. It is proposed to establish international academies of pedagogy, hygiene and economy. The language of the world's capital is to be English, though a department of the academy of pedagogy is to be devoted to the creation of a universal language.

The department of hygiene is to include questions of sociology, as well as strictly scientific subjects.

Under economy Dr. Eijkman groups labor, militarism, life insurance, free trade and protection, trusts, alcoholism, paternal authority, marriage, feminism and other widely differing subjects.

To the southeast of the new capital is planned a "garden city," with six hundred model dwellings for the workmen employed. The design of each model street is to be by a different architect, chosen in open competition. A great club house, to cost $240,000, is to be the workingmen's place of meeting and recreation.

At the end of the avenue leading from the center of the city to the sea the promoters propose to build a pavilion for the Queen of Holland as a recognition of her interest in internationalism.

Between the garden city and the queen's summer palace, "the house in the woods," is to be the mansion of the founder, Mr. Carnegie. There is to be a "peace hotel" facing the temple of peace, designed for the comfort of the delegates to future peace or arbitration conventions. Every building in the model city will be surrounded by a good sized garden, but cafes, shops and restaurants are not to be excluded. The grounds would be particularly suitable for world expositions.

As to the government and the administration of this Carnegie dream city of the universe, the following plan is announced: Authority shall rest in a "council of curators," composed of honorary members. Ordinary members are to be appointed for life, partly by the founder. The limit of combined membership is twenty-two. The council is to appoint a general manager and a secretary. All legislative and executive authority rests in the general manager and the council. Another body, to consist of "delegated members," five named by each of the fifty-four principal nations, is to have certain rights and voting power not clearly defined.

With this vision of international Utopia reduced to dollars and cents Messrs. Eijkman and Horrix, with the authentic backing of the home secretary and other Holland authorities hope to show Mr. Carnegie the widest, most attractive road to immortality.—New York Herald.

CHIN BELTS NOW A FAD.

Still Another Idea in Eternal Quest for Beauty.

It would seem as if the limit had been reached in beauty culture now that chin belts have been placed on the market. The feminine inventor holds that "whether in the social or business world, it is to every woman's interest as well as her duty to look her best."

Hence she stands for the hard and fast sentiment that with the ideal twentieth century girl "there is no excuse for defects of either contour or complexion."

In the adoption of chin belts the proverbial last word prerogative of the perfect sex is in no wise waived, as the contrivance is applied only during sleeping hours. The announcement is made that this novel style bridle is a "practical and scientific device for the positive correction and prevention of double chin and lines around nose and mouth."

By the use of chin belts the lips are sealed, the tongue being temporarily out of commission. Thus by the wearer breathing through the nostrils and allowing of natural expansion of lungs, it is alleged that snoring is prevented.

No men's sizes.

His Mean Parent.

There is a young man in Chicago who thinks he has one of the meanest and most unnatural parents in the world. Recently the old man took a long vacation, leaving his son in charge of the business. In his absence the young fellow secured a large contract, worth thousands of dollars to the firm.

He hurriedly scribbled a triumphant note to his father, but waited in vain for a congratulatory telegram. The next week, however, the old man returned and took up his accustomed place without a word.

"I thought my letter would give you a bit of a shock, dad," the young man ventured to observe, after bearing the silence as long as he could.

"It did that," said the old man, sourly. "You forgot to stamp it and I had double postage to pay on it."

Plague in India.

The plague situation in India is becoming worse year by year; an English journal calls it one of the great catastrophies of modern times. In January, as well as in February, the deaths exceeded 100,000, and for the first fortnight in March the mortality was nearly 70,000.

KNEW GOOD USE FOR MONEY.

Priest's Scathing Rebuke for Man Who Tried to Bribe Him.

Father Nilan is rector of St. Joseph's Roman Catholic church in the old town of Amesbury, Mass. In any case of real need or sorrow, kindhearted and gentle as a woman, compassionate as the Master he serves, he has little consideration for the petty meanness of those among whom he labors.

During the carriage workers' strike a prominent manufacturer was very anxious to have Father Nilan take an active part in the strike, which the good father refused to do. Day after day the manufacturer's carriage was seen standing at the door of the parochial residence. Having tried without success to persuade Father Nilan, as a last resort he handed the priest a check for $50.

"What is this for?" asked the priest.

"For charity," replied the wily manufacturer.

"For charity? To use as I like?" queried the priest, giving his visitor a keen glance from eyes that read the inmost thoughts of the soul. "Very well, then, I'll take it down to the Point Shore and give it to your poor old aunt. I can't at this moment call to mind any one in the parish who needs it as much as she does."

Australia's Gold.

The gold production of Australia in 1904 was 4,194,822 fine ounces, valued at $86,760,000, against 4,296,237 fine ounces, of a value of $88,857,500 in 1903. There is thus a decrease of 101,415 fine ounces in quantity and $2,097,500 in value in 1904. The falling off has been principally in Western Australia, where a decrease of 81,571 ounces occurred, and in Queensland, where the decrease was 43,629 ounces.

New Way to Sell Magazine.

Pearson & Co., of London, have begun the publication of a new monthly magazine containing only novels. But the most novel thing about it is that all buyers of the first number—price eight cents—could have their money returned by writing to or calling at the office for it.

ROSEBERY AS AN ORATOR.

Admirer Appreciated, Though He Could Not Hear Him.

Lord Rosebery's popularity in Scotland is well known, and Scotsmen have unbounded faith in his ability and intense admiration for his oratory. This was once demonstrated in an amusing fashion, says the writer of some political reminiscences. His lordship was addressing a great Liberal gathering in Edinburgh. He was approaching his peroration, and was thundering forth his thrilling sentences with all his accustomed skill. The meeting was roused to a tremendous pitch of enthusiasm.

At the back of the hall stood an old man of farmer-like aspect. He was straining his ears to catch what his lordship was saying. But in vain. He could not hear. At last, when the audience again broke into a torrent of cheers and applause, the old man rapturously shouted:

"Man, it's graund, it's graund! I canna hear a word he's sayin', but it's graund, it's graund!"

"FITZ" WAS SCARED

FIGHTER TELLS OF HIS FIRST BATTLE WITH JEFFRIES.

Insists He Was "Doped" in Contest Which Lost Him the Championship—Thought Opponent Was an Immense Devil.

"The strangest experience I ever had in the ring was in my first fight with Jeffries," said Bob Fitzsimmons between acts in his show.

"I have not told this story many times for the reason that people would think I was crying baby after being beaten. But I still maintain that I was doped in that affair. You know all the press reports of the fight said that I appeared to be far from myself and that I had a dazed look in my face most of the time.

"It was true. I had been given some kind of a dope, and it began to act on me after the third round. Up to that time I had been doing well, but after the dope began to work I only saw Jeffries once or twice.

"And it was the funniest thing in the world. Now this is no kid. He looked to me like a great big devil. That was the thought that was running in my mind all the time. A great big devil. It seemed to me that he had big, curling, sharp-pointed horns, and that his eyes were as big as saucers, and they glared at me with a persistent fire in them that made me want to sleep.

"But the funniest thing was the fact that it seemed to me that he had the most beautiful hair I have ever seen. It looked to me as if it was long, black and curly; that it came clear down to his waist and that every time I tried to hit him—I still had that much sense—that his hair would get in my way and wind around my throat.

"It seemed as if it was alive and that the locks would grab for me when I got close. I couldn't take my eyes off it except to wonder what would happen if those horns ever got me.

"That was the one time in the ring that I was frightened. I was so scared at times that I didn't know what to do. It seemed to me that this big devil was trying to get me to go to sleep so that he could carry me off. I was fighting to keep awake. I would lunge out at him with both hands and sometimes he would be eight or ten feet away.

"My friends after the fight told me that often I struck at Jeffries when he was not within five feet of me. It was that dope working on me. Finally toward the end of what seemed to me then to be about ten hours of torture and fighting for life, I gave up and thought nothing else that would do me so much good as a few minutes' sleep, I was so tired. The idea entered my head that if I could get away for a few minutes where he couldn't see me and get some sleep I would be all right.

"Then it just seemed to me as if I was dropping off to sleep gradually. Just dropping away. This process of reasoning must have lasted through several rounds, and when I finally got the chance, when I thought the devil was not looking, I tried to sneak a few minutes' sleep so that I could fight him better. It seemed to me to be ages that I was sinking down when the devil's back was turned and going to sleep.

"That is all I knew during that fight. Sometimes now when I have eaten something that has disagreed with me and I have troubled dreams this one comes back to me. I just go through that fight with the big devil again and see those big eyes and long curls and then think I fall asleep. I have told Jeffries about that dream several times, and he laughs and says that his big fist caused the sleep."

The Oyster's Mother.

The story was told one night to me
At the Malacologic Society,
By an old professor in lore profound,
Anent the queen of the dredging ground.
For years he'd studied the mollusk class,
And his wise conclusion had been, alas!
That, whether the months had an R or not,
The oyster's ma doesn't care one jot.

"The oyster's ma," said the whiskered sage
"Is the laziest female in this swift age,
She has many children—she calls them 'spat.'
And is never concerned just where they're at;
Though they're her congenital flesh and blood—
So to speak—as a mother, her name is mud.
And she is, I am perfectly satisfied,
Precursor of all race suicide.

"The oyster's maternal relative
To a waiting world would have much to give,
If she raised her kin in the proper way,
Instead of letting them fall a prey,
To the cannibal fish that saunter by,
And love soft things when they don't come high,
For, of sixteen millions of bivalves small
A lonesome dozen is saved—that's all.

"And just to think of the stews and fries,
Of price and size to delight our eyes,
We miss because of this laziness—
'Tis tough on the human race, I guess,
But the oyster's mother, if she won't stir
And look after her brood—well, it's up to her."
I thought, from the story I heard that night,
My malacological friend was right.
—Eugene Geary in New York Sun.

"No English Need Apply."

"No English need apply," is the motto of the lawyers of Glasgow. An Englishman named Prescott, who was a candidate for the town clerkship of that city, has withdrawn on account of the opposition of the lawyers, based on the fact that he is not a Scot.

House of Lords Fun.

In the trial of "The Cingalee" case in London a witness remarked that in musical comedy a man was thrown into the river if any fun could be got out of it, or they sat on his hat. "Oh, they do that," said the judge, "in the house of lords."

Fashionable Disease.

So fashionable is appendicitis in British society circles that, says London Opinion, many women would rather have it than a three-quarter length photograph in a magazine.

Owns $10,000 Greenback.

There is only one $10,000 government greenback still in existence. It is owned by a Dickinson county farmer, and he refuses to let the government retire it.

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The "Redgeton"

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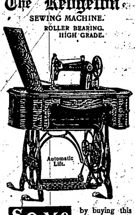
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The Spectator.

H. E. IVES, Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, May 13, 1905.

The president has finished his bear hunt and is back at Washington all ready to tackle the trusts again.

The city of Chicago is having all kinds of trouble with a teamsters' strike. Between the trusts and the labor unions the people of Chicago are having a hard time.

If you don't pay your real estate taxes before June 1st, it will cost you ten per cent extra. One-half can be paid and the balance run until fall without extra charge.

The Northwestern Editorial association will probably not make the trip to Warroad and International Falls the coming summer, as has been planned, owing to a lack of facilities to entertain so large a party.

Next Tuesday at Red Lake Falls will be seen the edifying spectacle of a man who has made his money out of his neighbors trying to compel the same neighbors to pay his taxes. However, that's the way to get rich.

Forage Crops and the Silo

Alfalfa may be sown in the early spring, or if the land contains enough moisture to germinate and develop the young plant it may be sown in the fall. If fall sowing is practiced it should be done in August or the first part of September, so that the plants will make sufficient growth in the fall to enable them to withstand the winter. Alfalfa is usually seeded at the rate of twenty pounds of seed to the acre.—Farmer's Advocate.

Rye a Milk Producer.

For fall and very early spring pasture rye is doubtless the best crop that can be used. Winter wheat is also useful for this purpose, but where pasturage alone is desired more can be obtained from rye, says T. M. Lyon of Nebraska experiment station. From the middle of September until the middle of May or even later cattle may be pastured on rye. Experiments have shown rye when pastured to induce a large flow of milk and butter fat. In this respect it is one of the best of the annual forage plants. Some think for this purpose rye is best seeded with a press drill at the rate of one and one-half bushels of seed per acre about the latter part of August or first part of September. For hay rye is not so desirable as many other crops.

Corn For Summer Feeding.

Among the varieties of corn best suited for supplementary feeding with pasture is the Thoroughbred White Flint, says Dr. Voorhees of the New Jersey experiment station. First, because it is a rapid grower and will be ready for feeding if planted early by the middle or latter part of July, and second, because it stools largely and does not make coarse, heavy stalk, thus permitting of its entire consumption by the cattle.

Silo For Ten Cows.

A silo for ten cows will be 12 by 25 or 30 feet. The height is not so important so it is above twenty feet, says a correspondent of Farmer's Advocate. The higher the silo is the more pressure can be obtained and the better the silage will keep. A silo of the size given will hold fifty tons if twenty-five feet deep and will feed ten cows ten months. In case there is any silage left when grass comes it will keep until fall or can be used in the summer for soiling purposes in case the grass becomes dry and short. I give the diameter twelve feet because the ensilage in a silo of less diameter does not keep so well.

Mixing Corn and Sorghum.

In answer to the query, What do you think of planting two rows of corn to one of sorghum for filling a silo? Hoard's Dairyman says: We do not know that there would be any gain in planting corn and sorghum in such a manner. Sorghum does not make as good silage, but in some localities and under some conditions, especially in dry seasons, sorghum will make the larger yield. It is therefore the custom of some farmers to plant more or less sorghum. Sometimes in harvesting they mix the corn and sorghum by cutting alternate loads into the silo, and at other times they put in the corn by itself and then the sorghum and finish out with more corn.

A Manly Man.

He—You say you like a manly man. What is your idea of a manly man?

She—Well, for instance, one who doesn't stay and stay and stay just because he knows the girl isn't strong enough to throw him out.

Whether or not a man succeeds in life sometimes depends on whether he spurs himself or spares himself.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Foote Confesses.

Fred Foote has made full confession. He murdered Gannon in cold blood. He had no accomplice and was not one of the 'Spooner crowd.' There had long been bad blood between the two men and Gannon had threatened Foote's life that day, says the Bemidji Pioneer.

Foote came to this conclusion yesterday afternoon, when Sheriff Bailey returned to Beaudette where he subpoenaed six witnesses on the case. The names of the witnesses subpoenaed are Thos. Cathcart Jr., John France, Wm. Young, John Evarts, J. B. Montague and John McAffery. Most of them are residents of Spooner.

Sheriff Bailey stated on his return from Beaudette and before the confession that there was every reason to believe Foote was the man who fired the fatal shot. While not wishing to give out the exact nature of the testimony that would be used against Foote at the trial, Mr. Bailey intimated that there would be ample proof to show that Foote's actions on the night of the killing were sufficient enough to warrant his arrest on the charge of murder.

"Since looking into the affair more closely," said Mr. Bailey, "I was more than ever convinced that we have the right man, and while the evidence must necessarily be circumstancial to a large extent, I believe that it would be strong enough to convict Foote of the crime."

The six witnesses that were subpoenaed will not be brought to Bemidji before the trial of Foote.

"Scorch" to Winnipeg.

According to Great Northern railroad men of Crookston the Great Northern will greatly improve the Winnipeg line north from that city. According to the official interviewed a speed of not less than sixty miles an hour, inclusive of stops, will be made from Winnipeg to St. Paul, and a great stretch of the territory will be traversed at a speed as high as seventy-five miles per hour.

"The St. Paul-Winnipeg track through Crookston eventually will be one of the speediest, if not the speediest, roadbed in the country," said the official, "and the reason for the improvements is the holding of the government mail contract, worth anywhere from $150,000 to $400,000 per annum, and eagerly being sought for by the Soo line."

Steel gangs have reached Euclid Junction, north of Euclid, with their shining bands of eighty-pound steel, which are to be laid to the metropolis of Western Canada, and the gravel trains are now at work between that point and Angus, where the pit recently was excavated. Eighteen inches of gravel will be put on the entire roadbed from Barnesville to Winnipeg, and after the work is completed a better piece of railroad will be hard to find in the country. The road has been down twenty-seven years, is thoroughly settled, and with new steel and eighteen inches of solid gravel it should make a superb speedway for the Winnipeg limited. New Shanghai engines of the most improved passenger type, the speediest engines made, have been ordered for the Winnipeg run and will cut the time now made.

A Little Fishy.

"Talk about fish," said a cruiser the other day, "these fellers that are telling the big fish stories to the city newspapers never see enough to make a decent meal, let alone catching 'em, says the Killiher Journal. Another man and I were cruising in the Shotley country a few years ago and we had to cross Shotley Brook which was rather high. We didn't want to get wet as it was pretty cold. 'A little ingenuity comes mighty handy in them cases. Each of us took a long pole and putting about 500 yards of the river between us began to strike the water and make as much noise as possible. The fish between us rushed toward the center, and meeting midway crowded each other until some of the fish were three feet above the water, and making a solid bridge. It was easy sailing after that."

An Aged Resident Gone.

Crookston Journal: Thos. Ralph, the aged father of State Ditch Engineer Ralph, breathed his last at St. Vincent hospital Sunday. Mr. Ralph has been in very poor health for several years and has during the past few months been confined constantly to the hospital with a bone trouble. A short time ago he underwent an operation for the removal of a lower limb and never fully recovered from the ordeal. Mrs. Ralph, wife of the deceased, died some time ago at Red Lake Falls.

The Story of a Famous Phrase.

All the world knows the remark of the governor of North Carolina to the governor of South Carolina, "It's a long time between drinks." The true history of this famous anecdote was told by a South Carolinian. It appears that the phrase was first heard at a political dinner when the governors of both North and South Carolina were present. The first governor had delivered a fiery political speech. The situation was intense when the turn came for the governor of South Carolina to speak. It seemed that any word the governor might say would complicate the situation. Even should he keep silent his opinion would seem clear. It was at this critical moment that the governor of the other Carolina rose and, inspired by a stroke of genius, remarked, "It's a long time between drinks." The absolutely noncommittal remark saved the situation.

Stable Cleanliness.

The cheesemaker can ask the patron, especially when building a new barn, to see that the cow stable is smoothly sheathed inside to prevent the accumulation of dust and the siftings of hay dust from overhead.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

Calumet Baking Powder

Perfect in quality.
Moderate in price.

THE CREAM SEPARATOR.

Reasons Why It Should Be Used on the Farm.

There are many reasons why the separation of the cream from the milk should be done on the farm, at the source of production, says W. F. McSparran in Dairy and Creamery.

I know of no way of improving the cow contingent but by the liberal and wise feeding of it year in and year out, and after this has been done long enough to ascertain the capacity of each individual go to weeding out. The rejected ones should be replaced by well bred heifers raised on the farm and always fed as good cows should be fed—enough. Intermittent good feeding is not enough to make good cows on.

Now, in this best feeding of the dairy cow as a calf there has nothing yet been discovered that approaches sweet, warm skim milk in the ration, and to get it so it becomes absolutely necessary to have the separation of the cream from the milk done on the farm. A safe estimate of the value of such milk over that of the skim milk received from the average creamery is 50 per cent and for feeding young, delicate animals 100 per cent.

At the creamery the skim milk from all the herds of all the patrons comes together. Some is naturally low in feeding value, some high, and all grades fill in between. Some of it is clean, some dirty and some dirtier, and some may have another "d" added to its dirtiness. This composite milk, even if it were all equally clean and equally fresh, could not be uniform in food constituents.

By the use of the farm separator the skim milk will be uniform in its solids after the fat is removed.

Milk changes rapidly, and there are some young stomachs so delicate that changes in this food are recorded at once. By fermentation the milk sugar, one of the most valuable nutrients, changes rapidly to acid, which frequently does not agree with the digestion of young animals, and, while there are generally calves so robust and thrifty that after they are accustomed to drinking sour milk and can do so without bowel disturbance or stomach disorder, yet every experienced and observant feeder knows that even this hardy calf will do better if fed its milk uniformly sweet and warm.

Abnormal Milk.

Although there are many Holstein-Friesian cows with official records that show an average above 4 per cent fat in the milk and at least three which have produced above sixteen pounds of butter in one week, showing an average of 5.32, 5.44 and 5.45 per cent fat in the milk, the breed as a breed has not been developed for the production of abnormal milk.

Abnormal milk is such as is too rich in fat content for the cow's own calf, for milk unsuitable for the calf is also unsuitable for human food. Animals are plastic both as to form and function in the hands of the skilled breeder, but there is a point in the abnormal development of any animal at which nature will rebel and deterioration will set in, and with milk cows that point is reached when a cow cannot be allowed to suckle her own calf.—Pacific Homestead.

Skim Milk For Calves.

The creamery and skim station systems have been the cause of much trouble with sour milk. Where the milk is hauled several miles in the hot sun, warmed to the proper temperature for separating and then sent home at just the right temperature to sour most rapidly, it results in the milk being sour much of the time when received by the owners, especially during the hot weather. This has been one common reason for poor success in raising calves, even where the creamery system is fairly well developed.—Missouri Experiment Station Bulletin.

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This is a rich quality hard rubber, highly polished Fountain Pen; screw section, and fitted with an improved Feeding Device, allowing the ink to flow easily without blotting. The gold-nibbed pen is 14-Kt. fine, iridium pointed. The complete Fountain Pen is Fully Guaranteed by the manufacturers and will be exchanged by them if not entirely satisfactory. Each box contains a single pen and a guarantee. If the pen is not absolutely perfect, send it back to the factory and get one that is. It will not cost you a cent.

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Gentlemen: Send to me, absolutely free and postpaid, a guaranteed solid gold-nibbed Fountain Pen. Enclosed herewith find $1.50 in advance for subscription to the Daily and Sunday or Weekly Pioneer Press.

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Can Collect Expenses.

A new law passed by the legislature will effect the office of county superintendent of schools in this county. It provides that in certain instances superintendents are allowed traveling expenses, and Attorney General Young has decided that the law effects all offcers who receive less than $1400 per year.

The salary of Supt. McAnulty is less than $1400, so under Mr. Young's ruling he will be allowed to collect not more than $250 per year for traveling expenses, and $50 extra for institute work. There is no good reason why a school superintendent should not be allowed his expenses when visiting district schools, and it is the general opinion that the law is a good one.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Order of Hearing on Petition for License to Sell Land.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court.
Special term April 20, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of K. O. Gigstad as administrator of said estate, representing among other things that said Nels G. Otterness at the time of his death was seized of certain real estate which is described in the petition herein, and that it is necessary to sell all of said real estate to pay the debts and legacies, and expenses of administration of said estate, and that it is for the best interests of said estate and all persons interested therein that said real estate be sold; and it appearing by such petition that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of the administrator to pay the debts outstanding against said deceased, legacies and expenses of administration, and that it is necessary to sell all of said real estate, and that it will be for the best interests of said estate and of all persons interested therein that the real estate described in the petition herein should be sold;

It is ordered, that all persons interested in said estate be and appear before this court on Tuesday, the 23rd day of May, A. D. 1905, at one o'clock p. m. of said day, at the Probate Court room in the court house in Red Lake Falls in said county and state, then and there to show cause, if any there be, why license should not be granted to said administrator to sell said real estate according to the prayer of said petition.

It is further ordered, that this order be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county and state.

Dated at Red Lake Falls this 20th day of April, A. D. 1905.

(SEAL) N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

a29-4m20

Order to Examine Accounts.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court.
Special term, April 20, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Alfred Dainard, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Mrs. M. N. Dainard, executrix, of the estate of Alfred Dainard, deceased, representing, among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law;

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 15th day of May, A. D. 1905, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., at the probate office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls the 20th day of April, A. D. 1905.

By the court,
[SEAL] N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

(ap22 m13)

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HOLMES BROS.
FOR
HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

Great Northern Time Table.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at St. Hilaire.

		PASSENGER		
8:00 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
9:25 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
9:55 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
10:20 am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30 pm
		LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.		
10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10 am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnson
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
J. J. SOLL, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
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Aug. Berglund, Sec.

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Agency for........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Henry J. Enderle was here from Plummer last Sunday.

Jake Thill, the Wylie wheat buyer, was a visitor here last Thursday.

Miss Clara Hoff was visiting friends at Thief River Falls last Tuesday.

FOR RENT.—Dwelling house on South Broadway. Inquire of Mrs. A. Dainard.

Lewis Larson returned last Saturday from a short trip to Deer River and Cass Lake.

C. W. Morley, of Crookston, came up yesterday to visit with friends and will remain a day or two.

The village council held a special meeting on Tuesday evening to consider some drainage matters.

For sale or trade, a four-horse steam power wood saw, complete. For particulars inquire of Dr. C. E. Higbie.

The threshing machine salesmen and the farmers' meeting on Wednesday made it fairly lively for a rainy day.

There has been quite a number of claims filed on this spring on the reservation and very little of the land is left.

We have had all kinds of weather the past week except the good kind and it is to be hoped that it will now let up for awhile.

The roads are almost impassable at present and it will take a couple of weeks of dry weather to put them in fair shape.

Superintendent McIntyre of the Crookston schools came up last Saturday and spent the day with the Red Lake county teachers.

Pat Sullivan, the East Grand Forks river foreman, was here yesterday. He anticipates no trouble on account of low water for some time.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Miss Selina Hoff entertained the Ladies' Whist club last Thursday evening and Miss Alice Hall carried off the honors for the highest score.

Hon. L. C. Simons was here from Red Lake Falls last Wednesday and spent the day looking over the business of the Merchants State Bank.

It is a relief to know that this spell of bad weather has been general and it was even worse over in North Dakota where they had over a foot of snow.

Sheriff Dan Linnihan was here yesterday from Red Lake Falls. He had some papers to serve out on the reservation and was trying to make it from here.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur and children came in last Saturday from their reservation claim, and will spend a short time here until the weather permits their return.

Clearwater county will now indulge in a county seat fight as the village of Shevlin is serving notice that they will circulate a petition to move the county seat from Bagley.

The much-heralded fair given by the ladies of the M. E. church took place at Imperial hall last evening. We close the forms too early to give an account of it until next week.

A. M. Edstrom, who is the local agent for the J. I. Case threshing machines, was here trying for farmers' contract. He says that thirteen carloads of the Case threshers passed through Hazel on the Soo this week for Winnipeg.

We understand that the village council have decided to postpone all matters pertaining to sidewalks until after the tax dodging cases have been decided. If they are against the village, when the old sidewalk wears out we will have to "mud it" and look pleasant.

Hail is forty times greater than the fire hazard to farm property. For reliable protection insure in State Farmers Mutual Hail Insurance Co., of Waseca, Minn. Losses always paid in full. Responsible agents for 1905 wanted. Write today. m27

God bless the man who scatters sunshine as he journeys through life. His hearty greeting, his genial laugh, his wonderful good nature, all tend to brighten up every one with whom he comes in contact. Thank goodness! I have met such kind and I wish the world contained many more of them. In this world of worry and work, his appearance is always welcome, and I'm glad he lives.—Anoka Union.

Sylvan Hall and Arthur Mercier drove up from Red Lake Falls last Sunday and Sylvan returned the same evening. Mr. Mercier, finding the atmosphere congenial, remained until Tuesday.

Owing to the heavy rain last Thursday night the saw mill shut down. The night crew reported for work with the exception of the platform men who refused to work, so the mill was shut down for the night.

The log drive between here and Thief River Falls arrived this week with about three million. The upper river is full of logs and the recent rains have given sufficient stage of water to insure plenty of logs for all this season.

Word has been received from Rainey River that Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Fritz have been called upon to mourn the death of their daughter Gertrude. The sympathy of their many friends here will be extended to them in their bereavement.

It was reported that some of the settlers living on the eleven towns would be arrested for dynamiting fish, but it is understood now that the matter is to be dropped, the deputy game warden not being able to secure any witnesses.

"Royal" Dahlin is making big preparation for the cultivation of his reservation farm. He has decided to plant five acres of horse radish, some potatoes and a garden. On the low land he will sow wild rice and on the high spots wild oats. He expects the boys here in town will come out and help him harvest the crop.

Thief River Falls News: A crew of men again commenced work yesterday to attempt to take the large tow boat built for the Beltrami County Lumber company up to the Red lake. It is thought that their efforts this time will be successful, as the rain Tuesday night and yesterday has resulted in raising the river.

H. D. Pettibone was up the river above Thief River Falls last Thursday helping the big tow boat to start up the river. It did not look promising for a ride home and the weather was bad so he started across country for home on foot. He did the trick in five and one-half hours, arriving here at eight o'clock in the evening.

We will take your butter, eggs and produce and at all times allow you the highest market prices for the same. We assure you that you'll get the right goods at the right prices at all times. The stock is new and fresh and has just arrived from the city markets.—L. M. ROLLAND & SONS, dealers in meats and groceries, St. Hilaire, Minn.

Attorneys Frank A. Grady and Chas. E. Boughton, of Red Lake Falls, were here on Thursday. Mr. Grady has been retained by the village council in the Hannay-Thompson tax dodging cases and he was here looking over the village books preparing for the cases which come before Judge Watts at Red Lake Falls next Tuesday. Mr. Boughton is the attorney for the men who want to dodge the taxes and was here looking for evidence.

While in Minneapolis last week Daniel Shaw, of Thief River Falls, was assured by the passenger department of the Soo road that a day passenger train will be put on the line in about a week or two. The train will leave Minneapolis at about eight o'clock in the morning and arrive in Thief River Falls at about five o'clock in the evening when it will remain over night, leaving again in the morning for Minneapolis. A mixed train will run from Thief River Falls north to Emerson.

The cheapness of modern travel, for those that desire to travel cheaply, is exemplified in the rates of steerage passage across the Pacific, announced by the Northern Pacific road, in connection with transportation from the Twin Cities to the coast. The new rate on this basis from St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and Superior, to Kobe and Yokohama, Japan, and Shanghai and Hong Kong, China, is $70, if the passenger sails on vessels of the Boston Steamship company, and $77.50 if he takes the vessels of the Great Northern Steamship company. This rate includes, of course, meals and berths—that is, such food and lodgings as Oriental steerage passengers demand—upon the ocean wave.

Concert Coming.

Daniel Aakhus, violinist, and Miss Bertha Lombness, pianist, will give a concert at Imperial hall next Tuesday evening, May 16, at 8 o'clock. After the concert music will be provided for a social dance. Mr. Aakhus is said to be a violinist of considerable ability.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.
tf G. H. SANDUM.

Mrs. E. L. Eickhoff
wishes to announce that her spring Stock of....
MILLINERY
is ready for inspection.
A ticket will be given to each purchaser and the holder of the lucky number drawn will be given as a premium......
A $5 HAT.

Inspection of Hotels.

Gov. John A. Johnson will soon name the man who is to be state hotel inspector at a salary of $1200 per annum and the inspector will put into immediate effect the provisions of the hotel inspection law, which was passed during the recent session of the legislature.

The inspector is to visit "every structure where sleeping accommodations are furnished the public." For this purpose he is clothed with police power, and is authorized to investigate sanitary conditions and provisions for escape in case of fire. The inspector is to issue a certificate to each place inspected, and this certificate must be posted in the building.

The inspector is authorized to charge fees as follows: Buildings of twelve rooms and less than thirty, 50 cents; of thirty and less than sixty rooms, $1; of sixty and less than one hundred rooms, $1.50; of one hundred and less than two hundred rooms, $2; of all larger buildings, $3. The inspector may appoint one or more deputies. He shall be allowed $5 a day traveling expenses, and must turn all fees above this amount and in excess of his salary, into the state treasury.

Under the provisions of the law, every hotel of three stories or over shall have a fire escape "at each end of all halls from every floor higher than the third story," and reaching to within twelve feet of the ground. Or in lieu of such fire escape, there shall be fire escape ropes kept in every room above the second floor. This rope must have knots every fifteen inches and be capable of sustaining a weight of 500 pounds.

Violation of this hotel fire escape law is made a misdemeanor and punishable by a fine of $5 to $25, or not less than ten days' imprisonment.

Tax Sale is Heavy.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: The annual sale of property on which taxes remain delinquent was held at the office of County Auditor Ford Monday, with that popular official in the role of auctioneer, and one of the most successful sales in the county's history resulted.

Every piece of farm property offered was eagerly snapped up, in several instances the bidding being spirited and the interest rate being cut as low as 7½ and 8 per cent. A good many of the city and village lots were also bid in, about $7000 worth of property being sold in all.

F. H. Wellcome, of Minneapolis, was the heaviest foreign bidder, while the local banks, Thief River banks and several individuals also secured choice bits of the land offered.

The sale lasted nearly all day, and Auditor Ford is of the opinion that there are more desirable jobs than acting as an auctioneer for eight or nine hours, even if the county strong box is replenished considerably as a result.

The list was nicely cleaned up, however, and the officers are well satisfied with the sale.

Suit for $5,000.

Attorney E. O. Hagen, of Crookston, has begun suit for the recovery of $5,000 damages from the Northwestern Telephone company of Minneapolis for the alleged suffering of his child through the wilful neglect of their representative. The story set forth in the complaint as brief is that J. L. Sletten, the Mentor liveryman, phoned to Erskine over the long distance phone for Dr. Olson. The druggist at Erskine, who is the company's local agent, was at outs with the doctor because he refused to patronize his drug store. He did not deliver the call but replied that Dr. Olson was not at home. Sletten alleges that his baby suffered $5,000 worth as the result of the wilful negligence of the operator at Erskine.

Base Ball Excursion Sunday.

Thief River Falls News: The first base ball game of the season will be played in Thief River Falls on Sunday afternoon.

Manager LaBree has secured the Crookston league team for a game Sunday and it is expected that it will be one of the best ever played in this city. A special excursion train which will leave Crookston at about nine o'clock Sunday morning is expected to bring many people from Crookston, Red Lake Falls and St. Hilaire to this city to witness the game. The local team is a decidedly strong one this year and the local players feel confident that it will keep the league team busy if they succeed in defeating the local club.

Fire Alarms by Wireless Telegraphy.

It may be that wireless telegraphy will enter almost every sphere of human activity. In railroading there will be small excuse for accident when an engineer can be overtaken between stations, or when he can hear from a fellow engineer on the track long before a collision could occur. London is already trying a wireless fire alarm system. In ten years you can order golden grain belt beer from almost any spot on the globe by wireless telegraphy and get your beer at once. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Norwegians to Celebrate.

On account of the Norwegian Independence Day celebrations at Crookston and Minneapolis, the Great Northern will sell tickets to the above points at one and one-third fares for the round trip. Tickets good going May 16th and 17th, with return limit good until May 18th to Crookston and May 19th to Minneapolis. Consult local agent.

For Sale.

A 5-room house with cistern and five lots on Water street for sale on easy terms. Good barn on premises. Inquire of P. N. Anderson. 4

FARMERS COMBINE.

Farmers Near St. Hilaire form a Company and Buy a Threshing Rig.

The Farmers' Threshing Machine Association Number One, of St. Hilaire, held a meeting at the village hall last Wednesday completing their organization and purchasing a threshing machine outfit. The officers of the new company are as follows: President, J. S. Roy; vice president, Albert Geske; secretary, N. E. Beebe; treasurer, Henry Randolph; trustee, Andrew Soderberg.

The company is composed of the following well known farmers: J. S. Roy, N. E. Beebe, Michael McAndress, E. A. Aubol, John Nelson, Ole Loeberg, Paul Olson, O. H. Skottem, H. J. Hanson, Henry Randolph, Chas. Gustafson, N. A. Nelson, W. A. Sorsoliel, G. W. Casbon, Albert Geske, Martin McAndress, Anton Aubol, Andrew Soderberg. A few other farmers in this vicinity will probably join the company in the near future.

The fact that the new company would pay cash for their rig seems to have been well advertised for some sixteen agents representing seven of the large threshing companies were present and submitted bids.

S. A. Swanson, of Red Lake Falls, and W. H. Higham, of Grand Forks, represented the "Waterloo."

J. C. McAndress and W. G. Bannerman, of Fargo, for "Nichols & Sheppard."

Messrs. Babcock, Murphy and Blanchard for the "Reeves."

James Liberty, of Grand Forks, for the "Minneapolis."

C. C. Thornberg, of Fargo, and A. M. Edstrom, of Hazel, for the "J. I. Case."

L. W. Larson, of Crookston, for the "Advance."

McAdams, Ryan and Stone, for the "Aultman & Taylor."

Each company was allowed thirty minutes to present arguments after which they submitted sealed bids. It was late in the evening before all the talking was done and the last bid submitted. The prize was awarded to the Nichols & Sheppard company, of Battle Creek, Michigan, who will supply a twenty-five horse-power engine and a 36x56 separator. The price usually paid for rigs of this kind is in the neighborhood of $3,700, but it is thought that owing to the number of companys competing and that cash would be paid the price was considerable less. We cannot state, however, how much was paid as the bids were not made public.

Board of Health Notice.

In order to improve the general sanitary condition of the village, the Board of Health of the village of St. Hilaire, Minn., have adopted the following rules at the request of the village council:

I

That owners of or occupants of lots within the village limits be required to remove from their respective premises before the 15th day of May, 1905, all manure, garbage and other refuse matter; manure must also be removed at frequent intervals during the summer months.

II

That the keeping of hogs within the village limits be prohibited except upon special permission from the board of health.

III

That the carcases of all dead animals, such as cattle, dogs, sheep, etc., must be properly buried by the owners.

IV

That slops and kitchen refuse must not be allowed to accumulate unless suitable receptacles be provided. The board requests every family to provide suitable barrels, convenient to be gotten at by some conveyance.

V

The board recommends that private wells be thoroughly cleansed in order to remove from them all decaying animal and vegetable matter, and it is also recommended that particular attention be given to cleaning and disinfecting all cellars, as these two are the main sources of all contagious diseases prevalent in this country.

VI

The annual inspection by the board of health will take place May 15, 1905, at which time all premises not found free from garbage, manure or other refuse and all outhouses in an unsanitary condition will be ordered cleaned according to the provisions of the village ordinance.

VII

Garbage and refuse should be burned, or mixed with a liberal amount of quick-lime or crude carbolic acid (5 per cent) and buried in a pit, or hauled to a suitable dumping ground where it is exposed to the sunlight.

VIII

Be it further resolved that the above resolutions be published in the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR, for two successive weeks.

Dated May 2, 1905, by order of the Board of Health.

The Oliver Typewriter received the Gold Medal at the World's Fair, St. Louis. Send for handsomely illustrated art catalog which tells why.
The Oliver Typewriter Co.,
332 Hennepin Ave.,
Minneapolis, Minn.
tf

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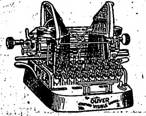

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WINCHESTER

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Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

Safe Home

Sun, moon and stars shall fade away,
And time and sense shall be no more;
The solid rocks shall melt one day,
And chaos reign as it hath of yore.
Then we shall be with the loved of earth
Far from these scenes of toil and pain;
Shall know a glorious second birth—
Immortal life, infinite gain!

And we rejoicing with the blest
Shall learn, what now seems so obscure,
Was truly and forever best
For those whose love could all endure.
Oh, loved in life, oh, loved and lost!
We shall be glad, with trials past,
In God's great city—whate'er the cost—
To shout with thee, "Safe home!" at last.

—Oscar B. Smith.

APPLE BLOSSOMS

BY JULIUS H. HERRMANN

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

It was in one of our city parks. The gray figure of the guard moved leisurely down the main gravel path, whistling softly to himself, as people are apt to do when at leisure. A glorious May sun was shedding its rays over the green lawns and the sprouting trees, with their various, colored buds. Birds were chirping their noisy little song of spring and happiness. A balmy wind played with the crowns of the trees and bushes, now and then shaking a cluster of pink and white blossoms from the mother stem.

McGrady, the park police, was just turning into one of the many side-paths, when a slight noise, as the breaking of twigs, arrested his foot and he turned, staring sharply at a cluster of bushes, from which the blossom-covered top of an apple tree gazed forth most conspicuous. Everything was quiet now, yet, McGrady, undaunted, approached and confronted a small woman in poor, yet tidy apparel, with a worn face, decidedly German. She had a frightened look in her eyes and endeavored to hide her right hand back of her.

"Drop that, Ma'am!" sternly came from McGrady's lips, whose clear eyes had detected a mutilated branch over his head.

The woman spoke not a word, but her eyes pleadingly sought the grizzled features before her.

"Don't ye know, that yer not ter mutilate any o' these trees? Now, come out o' this!" She followed him out into the sunny path, trembling violently. She had dropped the spray of velvety blossoms and her thin, horny hands clasped each other.

"Now, Ma'am, d'ye see thot there sign? An' can ye read it?" He bristled with a feeling of duty.

Yes, she could read, she said. A weak voice, but quivering with suppressed grief.

"What d'ye s'pose we plant them fur? What do ye s'pose I'm here fur? Don't ye know it's a crime to mutilate trees. No, we can't have it! Begone with ye, I say." Again she spoke.

"Undt vouldn't you lets me dake dat leedle tweeg mit me?"

"Yes, I know what ye intind to say. It's deshtroyed any way—it's deshtructed—but, ye can't have it! Let that be yer punishment, this toime. No, go—an' don't let me catch ye offinding again!"

Officer McGrady turned his back on the shame-faced culprit, when a few words caused him to halt. Words, that struck his ear like a sigh, words that brought back to the old man scenes of by-gone years.

"I haf a leedle child dying at home, Meester!" McGrady had lost his own little daughter many years ago, but these few words brought back a thousand recollections.

"Ye have a child dying, Ma'am?" She nodded, then—suddenly—she reeled and would have fallen, had not the muscular arm of the man supported her.

"Be seated, Ma'am, be seated!" He hurried her to a bench near by.

"Tank you, sir." With a great effort she seemed to recover, and now they were seated side by side. "I haf a sweed, leedle child dying—mine darling leedle Elsa."

"Tell me all about it. An' is there then no hope fur her?"

"No—she iz dying—going fast—undt soon I vill be left alone. She vas so preedy, midt her blondt curls undt blue eyes dat looked shust like leedle violets. The doctor has given her ub—mine Gott! She vas mine hope, mine joy. My life vas one of hart vork—of sorrow—but ven I returns home at night—ven mine pet's leedle white arms vas apoud mine neck, den I vas happy, for in dat baby's smile vas der gift to gif me strength. Now she has nod smiled for so many days, she has grown so thin—so leedle iz her face undt dose beeg eyes look so sad—undt I know dat soon dey vill close—undt I vill haf to lay her away"—the woman sobbed. McGrady felt queer, so he coughed several times.

"Drop that, ma'am!"

"I haf nod seen dat sweed angel smile so long—undt I long so to see id vonce—only once more! Dat smile had somedings in id, vhich could make von better—id vas like Heaven to me, I know. So sweed, so goodt, so shentle—id vas like a sunny landscabe—id vas Spring—id vas Gott! Id vas a poor voman's only bleasure! I know she iz going to die soon—undt von thought is unpearable—to tink, dat she vill leave me mit dat sad, leedle face. I vish, dat she vould smile vonce more—or die mit a last, sweed smile on her lips. Elsa, mine leedle blondt angle, alvays liked apple blossoms—undt dat made me tink, dat maype if I could bring her a leedle—shust a leedle sbray of apple plossoms—maype—dat smile vould come pack vonce more—maype"—

McGrady sat silent, his eyes with a far-away look in them. He was a stern man, yet he somehow felt as though he were the culprit. No one knew, or ever found out, that he had a vision then and there.

Wept.

A green country church-yard, 'neath the clear sun of old Ireland—a small grave, covered with green, where his own little darling had found her resting-place. He thought, he heard a thin, childish voice speaking to him, urging him on to one good, kind act. That this one act of gentleness might lessen his own grief, lighten the burden that rested upon him.

That grim, sordid, old heart melted within him. He arose and presently returned with that one, wonderful bough of sweet, pink blossoms.

"Ma'am!" he ventured to say, then he dropped the branch of perfume in the woman's lap. "Don't speak of thankin' me—I don't deserve it—an' hasten home to yer darlin'—an'—an' if ye should get home—Heaven grant, thot yer little angel may get well again! I—I wish though—thot ye'd come once more, jes' to let me know if thot child smiled again. I'm an old man—an' many a year has passed since I saw my baby's last smile." The woman hastily arose and hurried away.

And McGrady? One noisy sparrow told the other with wonder, that the old, grizzled fellow, whom they feared so much, wept. This may only be gossip, though, for—I saw the guard a moment later—and he walked erect and with a lighter step.

Philosophy vs. Observation.

When Bronson Alcott was teaching a private school in Common street, Boston, during the years 1829-30, among his pupils was one Samuel Adams. One day little Samuel's parents discovered that he had been playing truant, and had not been near the school for several days. They accordingly took him to Mr. Alcott to explain matters, expecting a severe reprimand.

The philosopher winked slowly, and, drawing his hand across his brow, said: "I am forced to confess that I have been so absorbed in the study of Samuel's mind that I have failed entirely to notice the absence of Samuel."

A Family Trust.

The other day, while a 7-year-old Lowell miss was having her hair combed, she said: "Mamma, what makes my hair crack so?"

Her mother explained that this crackling was caused by the electricity in her hair, whereupon the young lady assumed an attitude of deep thought.

Presently, when everybody had forgotten the incident, she caused a titter among the whole family by exclaiming, "Mamma, ain't it funny! I've got electricity in my hair and grandpa's got gas in his stomach!"—Boston Herald.

An Inquiry.

Chicagoan—It's grossly exaggerated There hasn't been a man sandbagged in Chicago in two months.

Friend—You don't say! How do they knock 'em out now?

NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH.

Once When Senator Warner's Daring Led Him Into Serious Danger.

Back in the early '70s Senator Warner's daring led him into an adventure, says the Kansas City Times, that nearly cut short his career then and there, according to George C. Hale, ex-chief of the fire department.

"Warner was mayor of Kansas City then," said Hale, "and the city offices occupied the upper floors of a building on Missouri avenue. The city's fire engine house was on the first floor of the same building. The department had just become the owner of a new Babcock extinguisher when a fire broke out one night in a frame building at Missouri avenue and Delaware street.

"We made the run to the fire, taking the Babcock with us, although none of us had yet learned how to work it. The fire made headway and Mayor Warner volunteered to see what effect the new-fangled apparatus would have on the flames. He strapped the Babcock on his back and climbed a ladder to the roof of the building and was soon near the fiercest of the flames. Suddenly there was a burst of smoke and flame and the crowd gave a shout as Mayor Warner was seen to stagger backward and then disappear from view. A second later we heard his body strike the ground and we rushed in the direction of the crash, expecting to find him dead. We found him lying on the edge of a cistern, where he had struck after a straight drop of twenty feet. To our surprise, and also his too, I guess, he was unhurt, but the Babcock, on which he had struck, was completely ruined."

RACE WAS NOT OVER.

Sam Had No Idea of Settling Down Permanently With Ghost.

A well known local character is Sam Wellington, a colored man, known as the "duke." The duke is a fine cook, and often accompanies camping parties.

Last fall a party of young men Sam was with decided to scare him with an apparition. Leaving the tent in his charge one night, on a pretense of going to the village, one of the party quietly returned enveloped from head to foot in a sheet with face well covered with flour. He took his stand in the doorway. Suddenly Sam looked up, and, emitting one horrible yell, dove through the rear of the tent and went down the road at a terrific pace. The ghost pursued.

After about a mile of running the duke was ready to drop, and sat down on a log, perspiring freely. The ghost came up and sat down on the same log, puffing and blowing.

Absolute quiet reigned for a minute, and then the ghost remarked in a dignified voice: "We went some, didn't we?"

Sam, whose teeth were chattering like castanets, replied: "Yes, we did go some, an' you jess wait till Ah gets mah breff an' we'll go some more."—Boston Herald.

A Portrait.

A man more kindly, in his careless way,
Than many who profess a higher creed:
Whose fickle love might change from day to day,
And yet be faithful to a friend in need;
Whose manners covered, through life's outs and ins,
Like charity, a multitude of sins.

A man of honor, too, as such things go:
Discreet and secret—qualities of use—
Selfish, but not self-conscious, generous, slow
To anger, but most ready in excuse.
His wit and cleverness consisted not
So much in what he said as what he got.

His principles one might not quite commend,
And they were much too simple to mistake:
Never to turn his back upon a friend,
Never to lie, but for a woman's sake,
To take the sweets that came within his way,
And pay the price if there were price to pay.

Idle, good-looking, negatively wise,
Lazy in action, plausible in speech;
Favor he found in many women's eyes,
And valued most that which was hard to reach.
Few are both true and tender, and he grew,
In time, a little tenderer than true.

Knowing much evil, half-regretting good,
As we regret a childish impulse—lost.
Wearied with knowledge best not understood,
Bored with the disenchantment that it cost;
But, in conclusion, with no failings hid;
A gentleman, no matter what he did.

—Caroline Duer.

A "Good Thing" Gone Wrong.

Little Harold was very shy before strangers; and when the hostess asked him questions he tucked his head down in his mother's lap and wouldn't answer.

"There is one good thing about our youngster," remarked Harold's father, who had been dragged unwillingly to the Sunday afternoon call. "He will never give away any family secrets. We can count on that."

But the hostess persisted in her questioning.

"What is your name, dear?"

No answer.

"What is your papa's name?"

No answer.

"What does papa call mama? Tell me that, and you shall have the prettiest cake on the dish."

The imp of greed overcame the imp of dumbness, and Harold spoke promptly and distinctly:

"He calls her every morning in the cold, he does, 'Marfa, get up and make the fire.' And he called her just to-day now, 'Marfa, go by your own self to see your fool folks.' He called mama that, he did."

Name Was Misleading.

The teacher—Now, scholars, I want you to tell me the uses of the various instruments of punishment employed by the Puritans. First, there was the ducking-stool. What was that for?

The class—For scolds.

The teacher—And the stocks—what were they for?

The class—For vagabonds.

The teacher—Yes. And now the pillory, who was punished in that? Jane, you may tell. Who was punished in the pillory?

Jane—Please, ma'am, I think it was the doctors.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Not Necessarily Including You.

When two girls spend the night together and tell you the next day that they didn't talk about anything in particular, you may be sure that they talked about everything in general.—Somerville Journal.

Investigation of the Packers.

Very general interest has been manifested in the government investigation now in progress into the mode of conducting business by the large packers located in Chicago and elsewhere. Much has been written upon the alleged illegal and improper modes of business procedure connected with the packing industry; but it seems that so far no definite charge of any kind has been sustained and no proof of illegal or inequitable methods has been disclosed to the public. While a wave of severe criticism of this great industrial interest is now passing over the country it might be well to remember that the packers have had as yet no opportunity to make specific denial, the many indefinite charges of wrongdoing having never been formulated so that a categorical answer could be made.

The recent report of Commissioner Garfield, which embodied the results of an official investigation undertaken by the Department of Commerce and Labor of the United States, was a vindication of the Western packers, but this result having been unexpected attempts in many quarters to discredit it were made.

In view of the situation as it now stands, however, attention may properly be called to a few facts that owing to popular clamor are now being apparently overlooked. Fair treatment in this country has heretofore been accorded to all citizens whose affairs assume prominence in the public eye and some of the facts that bear upon the relation of the packers to the commerce of the country may at this time be briefly alluded to. It would be difficult to estimate the benefits gained by the farmers of the country resulting from the energetic enterprise of the packers, for whatever is of benefit to the farmer is a gain to the entire commerce of the country. And connected with their continuous aggressive work no feature perhaps has been more important than their efforts in seeking outlets all over the world for the surplus products of the farmer. Our total exports of agricultural products have gained but little in the past twenty years, and leaving out corn, the total of all other farm products was far less in 1903 than in 1891. But in packing house products there was considerable gain during this period, because an organized and powerful force has been behind them seeking new and broader markets.

Besides the benefits reaped by farmers on account of the enterprise and energy exercised by the packers in attaining commercial results by foreign trade, the great development in the manufacture of packing house by-products has added enormously to the value of all live stock raised in the United States. The waste material of twenty years ago, then an expense to the packer, is now converted into articles of great value, and, as an economic fact, this must correspondingly increase the value to the farmer of every head of cattle marketed at the numerous stockyards of the country. Let these facts be remembered while now it is so popular to regard the great packing industry as deserving of condemnation. At least it must be admitted that, so far, there is no adequate reason for the almost unanimous howl that may be heard everywhere in the face of the Garfield report above alluded to which practically exonerates the packers from the obscure and indefinite charges that have been for some time past made the subject of popular comment. — *American Homestead.*

SORRY HE SAW HER FIRST.

Perils of Hide-and-Seek at a House Party.

It was not so very long ago that a jolly party of young men and women from the capital went on a week-end visit to Miss Dash, whose father has a country house not a day's journey away. It was not the sort of house party you read about in "smart" novels. They didn't play bridge nor hunt; they romped like a lot of children. Mr. and Mrs. Dash were away one evening, and if the house had not been very solidly built it would have been torn down. Nobody ever heard such rollicking laughter, such mad scamperings as went on. Somebody suggested hide-and-seek. The young people hid in the attic and the cellar and every possible place between. A normally sedate young man was the seeker. He galloped about madly, shouting and searching. He opened every door he saw, and in one room his keen eyes espied somebody trying to hide in a bed. He pounced forward and seized the figure.

"Get out of that!" he cried. "I've got you. You can't hide from me."

Wild shrieks and the noise of combat rent the air. Furious investive and stammered expostulation brought the rest of the party in no time at all. The usually sedate young man had found the cook, and nothing he could say had any weight with her. She was Irish and came of fighting stock. She blackened his eye and—well, that's why the Dash country house is now minus a cook.—Washington Post.

Cannot Reduce a Rate.

It is stated in Washington, that under the Townsend rate bill, if a rate is fixed by the Commission it cannot be lowered by a railroad. Should an emergency arise calling for a decreased rate, the railroads or shippers would have to appeal again to the Commission, there being no latitude allowed, whatever the circumstances. Hitherto a maximum rate has been the rule, but no such concession is made under the proposed legislation.

Poser For His Mother.

A New Thought mother who lives in Lakewood, N. J., was putting her precocious small boy to bed, and giving him his evening thought.

"Now, you must remember, Charlie, that all is love and harmony, all is love and harmony; that you are filled with harmony, and must be happy."

"Mamma," said the small boy, sleepily, "how can I be filled with hominy, when we didn't have any hominy for supper?"—Exchange.

Perishable Pearls.

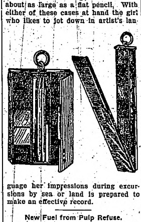
Pearls very easily become worthless. Fire transforms them into lime, and acids attack them as they do marble. Very acid perspiration even will effect them, and they, like opals and turquoises, are said to be affected by the physical condition of the people who wear them. Pearls, being made up of layers like the skin of an onion, may sometimes be restored to their natural beauty by being scaled, but it is very delicate work and is seldom attempted.

When a man thinks he is smart enough to outwit others he becomes a fit subject for schemers.

SCIENCE and INVENTION

For the Sketching Girl.

A clever addition to the list of chatelaine attachments with which the girl of to-day is familiar, if not the actual possessor, is the sketching case here illustrated. It is of foreign designing and in the larger case, which may be had either in gold or silver, pencil, brushes and eight or ten water color tablets may be carried, the receptacle being but a trifle larger than an ordinary match box. The second case—long and narrow—is about as large as a flat pencil. With either of these cases at hand the girl who likes to jot down in artist's language her impressions during excursions by sea or land is prepared to make an effective record.

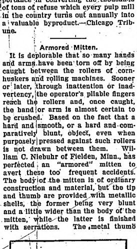


New Fuel from Pulp Refuse.

From the refuse of paper pulp mills an Indiana glass worker has invented a new fuel which is said to possess more heat units per pound than either coal or wood and which can be manufactured and sold at a profit at one-half the cost of coal. The refuse, a combination of soda and lime, is mixed with crude oil until the finished product has a consistency of putty, being manufactured much as a plasterer makes mortar. In this state it may be cut with a spade and thrown into the furnace or beneath the boiler, no kindling being necessary, as the material ignites readily from the flame of a match and burns with an intense heat and without smoke, except when under a strong draft. Its success as a fuel for domestic purposes was determined some time ago, but not until recently, when it was used beneath an engine boiler, has its value for manufacturing purposes been demonstrated. In this test a bushel basket of the fuel beneath a sixteen horse-power boiler kept steam up for eight hours, no clinkers and little ash remaining after the fire had burned down. Aside from the possibility of a cheaper fuel, the invention is of importance in converting the thousands of tons of refuse which every pulp mill in the country turns out annually into a valuable byproduct.—Chicago Tribune.

Armored Mitten.

It is deplorable that so many hands and arms have been torn off by being caught between the rollers of cornhuskers and rolling machines. Sooner or later, through inattention or inadvertency, the operator's pliable fingers reach the rollers and, once caught, the hand or arm is almost certain to be crushed. Based on the fact that a hard and smooth, or a hard and comparatively blunt, object, even when purposely pressed against such rollers is not drawn between them. William C. Niebuhr of Fielden, Minn., has perfected an "armored" mitten to avert these too frequent accidents. The body of the mitten is of ordinary construction and material, but the tip and thumb are provided with metallic shells, the former being very blunt and a little wider than the body of the mitten, while the latter is finished with serrations. The metal thumb cap is of peculiar shape, as shown, to afford clearance for the thumb joint when this is bent. The flexible body of the mitten enables the wearer to manipulate stalks or other material being fed to a husking or chopping machine with considerable dexterity, while at the same time the metal tips prevent accidents of the kind referred to. The inventor of course, expects to apply a modification of this principle to gloves, but for the most part a mitten is preferable.



Costliness of Turbines.

An enormous amount of care and labor and a great length of time are required in the making of the turbines of ocean-going vessels and it is this that renders the building of turbine steamships so expensive. The first ocean liner of the turbine type recently made its maiden trip across the ocean. There were no fewer than 1,500,000 separate pieces used in the building of the three turbines by which the vessels were driven.

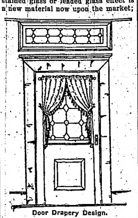
Leather Ties to Be Tested.

The authorities of the Russian railways are considering an odd proposal to replace the wooden sleepers under the rails with sleepers made of leather, and have decided to carry out experiments on the state railways. It is claimed for the curious project that neither air nor weather has special influence on leather sleepers, that they do not crack when nails are driven through them, and that they are less costly than wood, as they remain longer in use.

EFFECTIVE DRAPERY FOR DOOR.

Neat and Easily Removed When Necessary.

Much has been said about all kind of interior decorations, but little has been said about the treatment of outside doors and transoms. These two points are treated in many different ways. Some prefer one way and some another, but the most practical way is to use the "frame," which is finished the same color as the inside woodwork. It is the neatest and it can easily be taken off in order to clean the glass. The accompanying design shows a door and transom treatment which is well adapted to the colonial or bungalow style of architecture. The stained glass or leaded glass effect is a new material now upon the market; it comes in the original stained glass colorings and in the solid Arabian color. It is sold by the yard and in all sorts of art-glass patterns. When used for a door panel the material is stretched tight across the frame and overdraped with silk, as seen in the illustration. Door panels made up with center pieces in them are as popular as ever.—Will J. Rudesill in Los Angeles Times.



Door Drapery Design.

The Hanging Jars.

A very neat scheme, having for its object the utilization of all the space in the kitchen closet, has been recently placed on the market in the shape of hanging jars which are designed to occupy the space under the shelves and in this manner making use of both sides of the shelves available and nearly doubling their storage capacity. These are designed for such materials as rice, sugar, salt, coffee and similar commodities. The additional advantage of this scheme, besides the economy of space, is that the contents are protected from moisture, dust and insects.

There are several sizes of these jars and two styles of fixtures—one by one the jar is suspended from the under side of the shelf and the other by which it is hung on the wall. To fill them, the jars are removed and turned upside down which brings the mouth to the top. The metal head is then unscrewed in the same manner as that of a preserve jar, and thus it is filled. The top is fitted with a valve operated by a knob, and when the jar is replaced the contents will flow therefrom by their own weight, when the valve is manipulated by means of the handle. The work of filling one receptacle from such as a sugar bowl or saltceller is done without exposing the contents of the jar to the contaminating action of the air of the kitchen.

Double-Decked Clothes-Hanger.

Still another change has been wrung on the ever-present coat hanger, adapting it, in the opinion of the inventor, to a multiplicity of uses which in actual practice are never realized. In addition to the familiar hanger with shoulder pieces, there is a second shoulder piece depending from the first. This design has the merit of permitting the utilization of closet space to better advantage, as the height of the closet is rarely filled, while the depth is always crowded. Another feature is the wire support across the lower shoulder piece, intended for use as a trouser support.

Mint Jelly.

Prepare the mint juice by washing a cup of mint leaves, adding to them a cup of boiling water and letting them steep for one hour. Cover a bowl with cheese cloth, pour the leaves and water on this, then roll up the cloth tightly and press out all the juice. The resulting dark green mixture will give the jelly the desired color. Make a clear apple jelly in the usual way, and to each cup of the strained juice add, before adding the sugar, a tablespoonful of mint juice. Turn into glasses. It will be a lovely green color.

Scotch Cake.

Cream together a half-pound of saltless butter and a quarter-pound of sugar. When smooth work it with the hands into a pound of flour. This is a difficult task, but can be accomplished. Knead for a long time; turn out upon a pastry board and press into a flat sheet a half-inch thick. Cut into squares and bake until light brown and crisp.

Pickled Pumpkin Rind.

Peel the pumpkin, scraping out all the pulp and seeds. Cut into pieces of uniform size. Boil the rind in slightly salted water until tender, but not mushy. Drain and lay on a platter while you bring to a boil vinegar, adding sugar to suit the taste, and whole spices. Pack the rind in jars and pour over all the spiced vinegar. Seal.

All Is Not Lost.

"If this municipal ownership idea goes through," said one ward politician, "there won't be any use in being an alderman."

"You can't tell what may happen," answered the other. "Maybe we can get more out of running the railroad than we could by handling franchises."

Mistaken Idea.

"But, my dear," remonstrated Mr. Meekun, "there's a good deal to be said on both sides."

"No, there isn't," answered his spouse. "I've told you what I think about it, and that's all that is going to be said."

"IT SAVED MY LIFE"

PRAISE FOR A FAMOUS MEDICINE

Mrs. Willadsen Tells How She Tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Just In Time.

Mrs. T. C. Willadsen, of Manning, Iowa, writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I can truly say that you have saved my life, and I cannot express my gratitude to you in words.

Mrs T. C. Willadsen

"Before I wrote to you, telling you how I felt, I had doctored for over two years steady and spent lots of money on medicines besides, but it all failed to help me. My monthly periods had ceased and I suffered much pain, with fainting spells, headache, backache and bearing-down pains, and I was so weak I could hardly keep around. As a last resort I decided to write you and try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I am so thankful that I did, for after following your instructions, which you sent me free of all charge, my monthly periods started; I am regular and in perfect health. Had it not been for you I would be in my grave to-day.

"I sincerely trust that this letter may lead every suffering woman in the country to write you for help as I did."

When women are troubled with irregular or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, flatulence, general debility, indigestion and nervous prostration, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles.

No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. Refuse all substitutes.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Delivered Them "C. O. D."

"How did you get on with your written examinations?" inquired a Gentile friend of a young Hebrew who had been undergoing the ordeal prescribed for those who present themselves for the Jewish rite of confirmation.

"Pretty good," replied the boy. "But I don't feel quite sure of all my answers."

"What, for instance?"

"Why, that one, 'How did Moses deliever the children of Israel?'"

"Did you answer it?"

"Oh, yes, I answered it."

"What did you say?"

"C. O. D."—New York Times.

Ma Would Like to Know.

A teacher in the North end was trying to explain the meaning of the word "recuperate" to one of the pupils.

"Now, Willie," said she, "if your father worked hard all day he would be tired and worn out, wouldn't he?"

"Yes'm."

"Then when night comes and his work is over for the day, what does he do?"

"That's what ma wants to know."—Boston Traveler.

Merely Prudence.

Husband—You ought to know more than to order a pearl necklace when you know how I'm fixed.

Wife—Why, John, do you think I want everybody to know how you're fixed?—Puck.

NO MORE HEADACHE

GENERAL WEAKNESS AND FEVER DISAPPEAR TOO.

How a Woman Was Freed from Troubles That Had Made Life Wretched for Many Years.

The immediate causes of headaches vary, but most of them come from poor or poisoned blood. In anæmia the blood is scanty or thin; the nerves are imperfectly nourished and pain is the way in which they express their weakness. In colds the blood absorbs poison from the mucous surfaces, and the poison irritates the nerves and produces pain. In rheumatism, malaria and the grip, the poison in the blood produces like discomfort. In indigestion the gases from the impure matter kept in the system affect the blood in the same way.

The ordinary headache-cures at best give only temporary relief. They deaden the pain but do not drive the poison out of the blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills on the contrary thoroughly renew the blood and the pain disappears permanently. Women in particular have found these pills an unfailing relief in headaches caused by anæmia.

Miss Stella Blocker recently said: "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills did me a great deal of good. I had headache nearly all the time. After I had taken three boxes of these pills I became entirely well."

"How long had you suffered?" she was asked.

"For several years. I can't tell the exact date when my illness began for it came on by slow degrees. I had been going down hill for many years."

"Did you have any other ailments?"

"I was very weak and sometimes I had fever. My liver and kidneys were affected as well as my head."

"How did you come to take the remedy that cured you?"

"I saw in a southern newspaper a statement of some person who was cured of a like trouble by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. My physician hadn't done me any good, so I bought a box of these pills. After I had taken one box I felt so much better that I kept on until I became entirely well."

Miss Blocker's home is at Leander, Louisiana. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists. Besides headache they cure neuralgia, sciatica, nervous prostration, partial paralysis and rheumatism.

Cooling His Pipes.

"Mamma, what's that sizzing sound out in the kitchen?"

"Your papa was out till 12 o'clock last night, dear, and he just got out of bed and is taking a drink of water."—

HAPPY WOMEN.

Mrs. Pare, wife of C. B. Pare, a prominent resident of Glasgow, Ky, says: "I was suffering from a complication of kidney troubles. Besides a bad back, I had a great deal of trouble with the secretions, which were exceedingly variable, sometimes excessive and at other times scanty. The color was high, and passages were accompanied with a scalding sensation. Doan's Kidney Pills soon regulated the kidney secretions, making their color normal and banished the inflammation which caused the scalding sensation. I can rest well, my back is strong and sound and I feel much better in every way."

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents per box. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

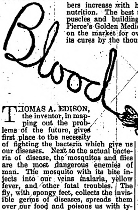
A King's New Palace.

King Leopold of Belgium has taken possession of the new Japanese palace in the Royal Park at Laeken. It is divided into several wings. Each of them contains half a dozen finely decorated drawing rooms. The furniture, the ornaments, the sculptures, the paintings, the screens and the roof were executed at Tokio, by the best Japanese artists. More than two thousand electric lights illuminate the palace, where the king intends giving some gorgeous receptions in honor of the shah of Persia next summer.—Leslie's Weekly.

Apologetic.

Mr. Johnson (indignantly)—Now, see here, yo'! Dat's twice yo' called me Jackson! If yo' don't know no moah dan to confuse me wif dat wall-eyed, knock-kneed, bandy-legged, flat-footed, paraletic nigger Jackson, we'll call dis game right here!

Mr. Persimmons—'Scuse me, Johnson—'scuse me; Don't draw a razor on me like Jackson did de other night when I called him Johnson. Yo' two fellahs ain't such a much alike 'cept i nyouah looks an' general characteristics. Dat's all.—Puck.



THOMAS A. EDISON, the inventor, in mapping out the problems of the future, gives first place to the necessity of fighting the bacteria which give us our diseases. Next to the actual bacteria of disease, the mosquitos and flies are the most dangerous enemies of man. The mosquito with its bite injects into our veins malaria, yellow fever, and other fatal troubles. The fly, with spongy feet, collects the invisible germs of diseases, spreads them over our food and poisons us with typhoid, cholera and other plagues of the human race.

GOOD RED BLOOD OUR AMMUNITION.

The blood which flows through our veins and arteries should contain healthy red blood corpuscles which are capable of warding off the attack of the disease germs if they get into the system.

Dr. Pierce, the eminent physician of Buffalo, N. Y., says, "if each person will consider his system as an army of men which he controls as a general, and will see to its proper provisioning and that it has plenty of ammunition in the shape of good red blood, he will be able to overcome the enemy in the shape of the germs of disease." Every healthy person has five million red blood cells or corpuscles to every square millimeter of blood. The number of red blood corpuscles in the average human being is so great that it is almost incomprehensible. However, their numbers increase with health or decrease with illness or malnutrition. The best tonic for increasing the red blood corpuscles and building up healthy tissue is no doubt Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. This medicine has been on the market for over a third of a century and numbers its cures by the thousand.

A tonic made up largely of alcohol will shrink the corpuscles of the blood and make them weaker for resistance. A cod liver oil makes the stomach groan because it is irritating. What is needed is an alterative extract made of roots and herbs, without the use of alcohol, that will assist the stomach in assimilating or taking up from the food such elements as are required for the blood, also an alterative that will assist the activity of the liver and cause it to throw off the poisons in the blood. When we have accomplished this we have put the system in a fortified condition so strong that it can repel the germs of disease which we find everywhere—in the street-cars, the shops, the factories, the bedrooms, wherever many people congregate, or where sunlight and good air does not penetrate.

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing "just as good" for diseases of the stomach, blood and lungs.

DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—Your "Golden Medical Discovery" is a sick man's friend. For the past seven years my health gradually failed. I lost my appetite, became nervous and debilitated, very despondent and unable to sleep. No medicine helped me until I tried Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It put new life into my veins and increased vitality until I could once more enjoy life and attend to my business. Eight bottles affected a complete cure and gladly do I recommend it.

Very sincerely yours,
GEO. N. TURNER,
2208 California St., Denver, Colo.
Ex. Financial Secretary International Brotherhood of Teamsters.

The bible of the body is the name given to Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, of which over two million copies have been sold. Send 21 cents in one-cent stamps, for this 1000-page book in paper covers, or 31 stamps for the cloth-bound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Harry Dingman, Kimball, Minn., combined potato cutter and planter; Charles Green, Wahpeton, N. D., wheel; Frank Hoeft, Latona, Minn., attachment for furnaces; Thomas Howard, Windom, Minn., gate; Louis Keller, Minneapolis, Minn., celery trimmer; Jules Kuehl, Iroquois, S. D., hay loader; Charles Mincks, Aberdeen, S. D., jewsharp.

Their Pedigree.

Ethel—Poor Jack! He is going to the dogs.

Edith—Yes, and the dogs he is going to now are the great grandpuppies of the dogs he originally went to.—Puck.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

His Idea.

Maw Hoptoad—Jabez, what's this here "Scarlet Letter" I see mentioned so often in print?

Paw Hoptoad—The one the senator's keerless law partner failed to burn, I reckon.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

MOST PROFITABLE FARM INVESTMENT.

This is what the Cream Separator has proved to be. Twenty years of experience upon the part of hundreds of thousands of users in every country of the world bear witness to the fact. No one disputes it.

There never was a better time to make this all-important farm investment than the present. Butter is unprecedentedly high in price. It is most desirable that none be left go to waste, and that the quality be such as to command top prices.

If you have cream to separate you cannot afford to delay this investment a single day. If you haven't the ready cash the machine will earn its cost while you are paying for it.

THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.
Randolph & Canal Sts. CHICAGO | 74 Cortlandt Street NEW YORK

A CLEAR, HEALTHY SKIN
Sandholm's Eczema and Skin Remedy
urifies, Then Heals
Positively cures Eczema, Pimples, Eruptions, Insect Bites and all diseases of the skin. An absolute cure for Dandruff or Scalp diseases.
Ask Druggist or Barber or send for FREE SAMPLE and BOOKLET. Write to-day.
Dept. 6, SANDHOLM DRUG CO., Des Moines, Ia.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS.
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

She Was Not an Adonis.

Miss Maud Adams was asked recently to assist in arranging for an evening of amateur theatricals which some ladies of a home missionary society were arranging to give. A very pretty little girl who lives in the neighborhood was described to Miss Adams as peculiarly fitted for a certain tableaux. Miss Adams called upon the mother of the child, and in explaining her mission, said:

"I hope you can let your daughter take part. Everybody says she is a remarkably pretty child."

"Oh, yes, replied the woman, much pleased, but evidently feeling that a display of modesty was in order; yes, in yoah looks an' general charactergood looking, but, Miss Adams, after all, she is not an Adonis."—Harper's Weekly.

CAPT. GRAHAM'S CURE.

Sores on Face and Back—Tried Many Doctors Without Success—Gives Thanks to Cuticura.

Captain W. S. Graham, 1321 Eoff St., Wheeling, W. Va., writing under date of June 14, '04, says: "I am so grateful I want to thank God that a friend recommended Cuticura Soap and Ointment to me. I suffered for a long time with sores on my face and back. Some doctors said I had blood poison, and others that I had barbers' itch. None of them did me any good, but they all took my money. My friends tell me my skin now looks as clear as a baby's, and I tell them all that Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment did it."

WHEN REED WAS THE HOUSE.

Men Who Sat at the Desks Were Only Speakers.

One day during the Fifty-first congress, when Mr. Reed was speaker of the house of representatives and when there had been applied to him, on account of his rulings, the name of "Czar" Reed, a gentleman and his precocious little son were in the gallery of the house.

"Who are those men down there, writing and reading newspapers?" asked the boy of his papa.

"Those are the speakers of the house of representatives, my son," answered the indulgent father.

After awhile the little boy asked: "Papa, who is that great big, stout man on the chair under the American flag?"

"That, my son," said the father, "is the house of representatives.—Boston Herald.

Beginning of the Trouble.

Howe had invented the sewing machine.

"Of course," he said, "plenty of other fellows will invent sewing machines after they have been shown Howe."

Chuckling at the whimsical conceit, he left to some other man the invention of the sewing machine agent.

Some fellows waste all their strength patting themselves on the back.

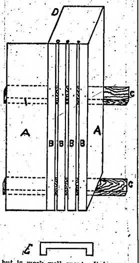
The woman who is without a grievance is disposed to regard herself as neglected.

LIVE STOCK

Handy Wool Tying Box.

While it is not proper to try to influence the appearance by such deceptive methods as putting the larger apples on the top of the barrel, the larger and riper berries on the top of the box, or the larger potatoes on the top of the load, work spent on the improvement of the appearance of the whole product is not only legitimate therefor.

The selling side of farming is, in many cases, as important as the producing side. After incurring the expense of time and labor in the production of an article it is very poor policy to give so little attention to the marketing of it that its full value will not be realized. One important factor in securing the full value of an article is its appearance. There are few if any articles of exchange in which the appearance will not materially affect the price that may be obtained but is work well spent. It increases the salability of the immediate product, and creates a favorable impression regarding the character of products to be had from such a farm.



In tying the wool clip into bundles having a neat and attractive appearance a tying box is quite a convenient aid, especially to an amateur. There are different styles of tying boxes, but the following is perhaps as good as any, is very simple and easily and cheaply constructed. All the material needed for the construction of this box is a sixteen foot dressed board twelve inches wide, two pieces of 2x4 three feet long, a few nails and four small hinges and screws to fasten them on with.

From the sixteen-foot board cut three pieces four and a half feet long. Two of these will serve as the leaves, A A in the illustration. The other is cut into four strips, B B B B and fastened to the two 2x4 cross pieces, C C, leaving a small crack between each two in which to place the twine. The two leaves, A A, are hinged to the two outside strips so they will open out flat or fold up against the head board, D.

This head board is made from the remainder of the sixteen-foot board, cutting two pieces one foot long, nailing together and fastening on top of the strips, B B, as shown in the illustration. Three holes, as shown, are bored in the lower edge of the headboard to carry the twine. A notched piece, E, can be made to hold the leaves togther when they are folded up or latches can be put on the headboard for this purpose.

To use the box, set it on some empty boxes or other support of convenient height, open the leaves out flat, pass the twine through each hole in the head-board and along the corresponding space between the strips. See that the twine is down in these cracks so that the wool will not misplace it and the board is ready to receive the fleece. The fleece should be laid on the board flesh side down and lengthwise of the board.

When the fleece has been put in proper shape and the leaves are folded up the sides will be folded in and the fleece is ready to roll. Roll snugly and tie with the twine from either side; loosen the leaves, turn the fleece and tie crosswise with the center string. If the fleece has been kept in proper shape while being taken off of the sheep this will be all the string necessary to hold it in good shape.—J. J. Edgerton in Farmers' Review.

Cleanliness.

To keep disease out of hog pens and yards preventive measures must be relied on, and the chief preventive measure is cleanliness. The hog quarters must be kept clean, and the hog houses must be dry and well-ventilated. It is a common assumption that hogs are dirty animals, but the facts do not bear out the assumption. In some things they are more cleanly than many other of our domestic animals. Unless compelled to do so a hog will not sleep in his own filth, and this is not true of the horse or the cow. The part of the pen that is well-bedded with straw is always kept clean if it is possible for the hog to keep it clean.

Loose or Tied Steers.

A problem attracting a good deal of attention is whether it is better to feed the steers in loose boxes or to tie them up in stalls. A number of experiments have been conducted along these lines with somewhat varying results. As a rule, steers which are fed in loose boxes have a better appetite, and are less likely to go "off-feed" than those which are tied up. It is doubtful, however, which method will give the cheaper gains, taking one year with another. One objection to feeding loose steers is that if they are not dehorned when purchased, the operation has to be performed afterwards, and sometimes it requires several weeks for a steer to fully recover from the operation.—Ontario Station.

DAIRY NOTES

A Hole in the Fence.

I think that more breachy cows have been made by a hole in the fence than by any other thing. I doubt if breachiness in cows is produced without it. On my own farm I keep up the fences in a first-class manner, and I have never had one of the cows reared on my farm develop breachiness. They are accustomed from the first to the idea that the fence is an impassable barrier. But I have owned cows so breachy that I had finally to get rid of them; they were from a neighboring farm where there is almost always a hole in the pasture fence, or the beginning of such a hole. This is frequently nothing more than a top board loosened at one end, which gives the cows an opportunity to reach over for grass on the other side. The pressure of their bodies against the lower boards results in loosening them in turn, and the breach is made. After a few experiences of this kind, an intelligent cow forms the opinion that it is easy enough to break down a fence, and she does not fail to attempt it.

One cow that I purchased from the neighbor mentioned was the breachiest animal I ever knew about. Our pasture is partly between two grass meadows, and of course the grass in the meadows is taller and more inviting to a cow than the grass in the pasture. This cow would ignore the grass in the pasture and start for the fence separating the pasture from the meadow. She would lean her whole weight against a panel of fence and if that did not yield she would try another spot. Meantime the other cows would be standing by and watching her, all ready to follow her into pastures new. She often succeeded in breaking the fence, and in the end we had to send her to the butcher.—John Stinson, Bureau Co., Ill., in Farmers' Review.

The Farm Cow.

The real butter maker of the country is the farm cow whose milk never goes to the creamery. This cow is least often heard from, because she is less in the light of public observation than the cow that is producing milk for the creamery. Yet, the total amount of butter made on farms in the United States is far greater than the amount made in creameries.

So our greatest hope still lies in the cow that gives milk for the making of farm butter. The spirit of improvement is abroad and there are multitudes of farms on which good cows are taking the place of poor ones. It is impossible to estimate how great this improvement is. A farmer that has thirty cows said to the writer last week, "My cows made 660 pounds of butter last month (March) and I think I am doing pretty well, as only 22 of them are giving milk that can be used for buttermaking. That is about a pound per day of the cows giving milk, and we have the by-products to help swell the profits."

That man's herd six years ago was doing only half as well as the above statement would indicate, but the man has been selling his poorest cows and replacing them with good ones right along.

Up to the present time the good farm cow has not been appreciated, and for this reason her price has not been much above that of the poor farm cow. But a change is going on, and the time is not far distant when so many farmers will be looking for profitable cows that the extra milker will bring a fancy price at any time of year.

Coloring Dairy Products.

Creamery men in Pennsylvania have been in a state of excitement recently on account of the discovery on the statute books of an old law forbidding the coloring of dairy products. They want the law repealed and the restriction allowed to remain only in the case of oleomargarine. An Illinois creamery man is out with a letter in favor of a national law prohibiting the coloring of butter and cheese, and this letter has further stirred up the men that believe in the use of coloring matter. We fail to see any good reason for the continued use of coloring matter in either butter or cheese. By its use neither flavor nor food value is added. In fact, much of our farm-made butter is without artificial coloring matter and it is fully as acceptable to the people that use it, as if it contained coloring matter.

In the interest of purity in dairy products we would like to see the entire abandonment of the use of artificial coloring matter. It is simply a fad, and must disappear sooner or later. Its abandonment would do away with one of the most annoying factors in farm butter making.

Pacific Coast Dairying.

At the recent convention in Fresno of the California Creamery Operators' Association, Geo. C. Knox of Sacramento, president of the association, said: "From the foot of Mt. Shasta in the north, to the Tehachapi mountains in the south, is the greatest dairy territory under the sun, where there is now produced annually 10,000,000 pounds of butter, while not many years ago the same territory purchased half this amount from outside territory. I am advised by the state dairy bureau that the production of butter in the state for 1904 will reach well nigh 40,000,000 pounds or almost thirty pounds per capita of our population."

Intensive Dairying.

In the vicinity of great cities intensive dairying must be followed. The cows must be kept in large numbers on small areas, and the product of these cows must be disposed of at a higher price than is obtainable for butter. The location must to a considerable degree determine the phase of dairying that is to receive the most attention. Cream selling is one of these phases that is most accentuated on high-priced land near cities.

An animal with a small "barrel" is generally an unprofitable animal to feed for the market.

AUTOCRACY VS. BRAINS.

How Russia Treats Those Who Are Daring Enough to Think.

Mr. Macbeth gives the following list of names as those of the greatest distinction in educational Russia: Milyoukov, Kovolevsky, De Roberty, Vunogradov, Menchikof and Mouronitsev.

"The first," observed the correspondent, "was exiled and is now lecturing in Harvard on contemporary Russia.

"The second was exiled and founded the Russian School of Social Science in Paris.

"The third was exiled and occupies a chair of the same school.

"The fourth has accepted a permanent chair at Oxford university.

"The fifth was associated in Paris with Dr. Pasteur, and is now one of the greatest bacteriologists in that city.

"The sixth was not formally exiled, but was 'requested' to resign his chair of law in the University of Moscow, and is now a practitioner in that city."—Reader Magazine.

Went Wrong.

A part of Americans touring in Montreal visited the Convent of Grey Nuns. They were conducted about the grounds and different apartments and at length reached the insane ward. As they entered the main hall, in which a group of harmless invalids were seated, one of the party glanced up at a great clock on the wall and was surprised at the lateness of the hour.

"Why," she exclaimed, "is that clock right?"

"You may be sure it is not right," spoke up one of the patients, "or it would never have been put in here."—

An Impossibility.

Biggs—Why do you think it impossible to obtain light without heat?

Diggs—Because it's impossible for a man to pay his light bills without getting hot. That's the answer.—Detroit Tribune.

Cart Before the Horse.

Old Friend—I want to give you a little advice on how to save money.

Young Chap—Delighted, sir. But would you mind prefacing it with a fe wremarks on how to make money?"

His Sequit.

Little Harry's affection for his old grandmother is all that the affection of a child should be for a grandparent. One morning when he was "snuggling" in her bed he put his plump little arms around her neck and said:

"Grandmamma, I'll tell you a big sequit if you won't tell anybody in all the world."

Having bound herself to secrecy and even "cross her heart," the old lady was made the recipient of the following confidence:

"Well, grandmamma, some day I'm going to get married to—you can't guess who."

"No, I'm afraid I cannot."

"To—you, grandmamma."—Lippincott's.

A Tale of Suffering.

Oakley, Mich., May 8th.—(Special)—"I could not sleep or rest in any place," says Florence Capen of this place in a recent interview. "I had a pain in my back and hips. If I sat down I could not get up out of my chair. I was in pain all the time. I got poor, for I did not eat enough to keep a small child. I could not rest nights.

"Then I sent for a box of Dodd's Kidney Pills and went to taking them and what do you think, that very night I went to bed and I slept till morning. I got up and thanked God for the night's rest and Dodd's Kidney Pills. I know that Dodd's Kidney Pills are all that is claimed for them."

This is only one of the numerous experiences that show the way to build up run down people is to cure the kidneys. Thousands of people in every state bear witness to the fact that Dodd's Kidney Pills never fail to cure the kidneys.

The Usual Way.

When you begin to tell your troubles to a man he nearly always interrupts you for the purpose of telling you his.

"I had Inflamatory Rheumatism, but I am well now, thanks to Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. It's my best friend." Garrett Lansing, Troy, N. Y.

Every woman likes to believe that money has no part in the choice of a husband.

When a woman can't succeed in stirring up any other kind of trouble she begins to clean house.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

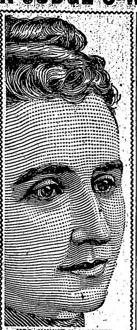
Many an actor who has played the First Gravedigger in "Hamlet" couldn't get a job digging a sewer.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Ave. N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

A woman never wants to be understood as being opposed to matrimony in real earnest.

THE GRAND PRIZE | TOWER'S FISH BRAND | THE GRAND PRIZE
WATERPROOF OILED CLOTHING
RECEIVED THE HIGHEST POSSIBLE AWARD AT THE ST. LOUIS WORLD'S FAIR.
Send us the names of dealers in your town who do not sell our goods, and we will send you a collection of pictures, in colors, of famous towers of the world.
A. J. TOWER CO. ESTABLISHED 1836.
BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO.
TOWER CANADIAN CO. Limited, TORONTO, CAN.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D.C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.



MRS. MINNIE McALLISTER.

A JUDGE'S WIFE

PAIN IN THE BACK AND SIDE

Quickly Cured by a Short Course of Pe-ru-na.

MRS. MINNIE E. McALLISTER, wife of Judge McAllister, writes from 1217 West 33rd street, Minneapolis, Minn., as follows:

"I suffered for years with a pain in the small of my back and right side. It interfered often with my domestic and social duties and I never supposed that I would be cured, as the doctor's medicine did not seem to help me any.

"Fortunately a member of our Order advisen me to try Peruna and gave it such high praise that I decided to try it. Although I started in with little faith, I felt so much better in a week that I felt encouraged.

"I took it faithfully for seven weeks and am happy indeed to be able to say that I am entirely cured.

"Words fail to express my gratitude. Perfect health once more is the best thing I could wish for, and thanks to Peruna, I enjoy that now."

Pain in the back, or on the right side. How often a physician hears this complaint!

Over and over we hear women say: "I have a paid in the small of my back. I have a pain in my right side, just below the ribs."

These symptoms indicate pelvic or abdominal catarrh.

They indicate that the bowels are not acting properly—that the liver is out of order—that the pelvic organs are congested.

Pelvic catarrh—that is the name for it. *Peruna cures pelvic catarrh, when all of these symptoms disappear.*

The catarrh may be all in the abdominal organs, when it would be properly called abdominal catarrh.

At any rate, it is one of those cases of internal catarrh which can be reached only by a course of treatment with Peruna.

We have on file thousands of testimonials similar to the above. It is impossible here to give our readers more than one or two specimens of the number of grateful and commendatory letters Dr. Hartman is constantly receiving in behalf of his famous catarrh remedy, Peruna.

Mrs. Carrie King, Darlington, Mo., writes:

"I have suffered for years with biliousness, and kidney and liver trouble.

"If I caught a little cold, the pains were increased, and backache and headache were of frequent occurrence.

"However, Peruna cured me—twelve bottles made me a healthy woman."

Alabastine Your Walls

Typhoid Fever, Diphtheria, Small Pox — the germs of these deadly diseases multiply in the decaying glue present in all kalsomines, and the decaying paste under wall paper.

ALABASTINE is a disinfectant; it destroys disease germs and vermin; is manufactured from a stone cement base, hardens on the walls, and is as enduring as the wall itself. ALABASTINE is mixed with cold water, and any one can apply it.

Ask for sample card of beautiful tints and information about decorating. Take no cheap substitute.

Buy only in 5 pound packages properly labeled.

ALABASTINE COMPANY
Grant Ave., Grand Rapids, Mich.
New York Office, 105 Water St.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

TWENTY BUSHELS OF WHEAT TO THE ACRE
160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE
is the record on the Free Homestead Lands of Western Canada for 1904.

The 150,000 farmers from the United States, who during the past seven years have gone to Canada participate in this prosperity.

The United States will soon become an importer of wheat. Get a free homestead or purchase a farm in Western Canada, and become one of those who will help produce it.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

Strains

They are often so slight that one is almost ashamed to call it a sprain, and yet the relation is close. Sometimes a strain is more dangerous, because neglected. Therefore, apply at once,

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

because serious results have come from a strain—stiff joints, water on the knee, white swelling, even amputation. Usually a few doses of Liniment cures. 25 cents, three times as much 50 cents. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

N W N U —NO. 19—. 1905

SORE SHOULDERS, SCRATCHES
And All Other Sores on Your Live Stock Are Easily Cured With
DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL
Heals All Hurts Without a Scar
OLNEY & McDAID, Mfrs., CLINTON, IOWA
At druggists in 50c, $1, $3 and $5 Sizes

The Secret of Good Coffee

Even the best housekeepers cannot make a good cup of coffee without good material. Dirty, adulterated and queerly blended coffee such as unscrupulous dealers shovel over their counters won't do. But take the pure, clean, natural flavored **LION COFFEE**, the leader of all package coffees—the coffee that for over a quarter of a century has been daily welcomed in millions of homes—and you will make a drink fit for a king in this way:

HOW TO MAKE GOOD COFFEE.

Use LION COFFEE, because to get best results you must use the best coffee.

Grind your LION COFFEE rather fine. Use "a tablespoonful to each cup, and one extra for the pot." First mix it with a little cold water, enough to make a thick paste, and add white of an egg (if egg is to be used as a settler), then follow one of the following rules:

1st. WITH BOILING WATER. Add boiling water, and let it boil THREE MINUTES ONLY. Add a little cold water and set aside five minutes to settle. Serve promptly.

2d. WITH COLD WATER. Add your cold water to the paste and bring it to a boil. Then set aside, add a little cold water, and in five minutes it's ready to serve.

3 DONT'S:
- Don't boil it too long.
- Don't let it stand more than ten minutes before serving.
- Don't use water that has been boiled before.

TWO WAYS TO SETTLE COFFEE.

1st. With Eggs. Use part of the white of an egg, mixing it with the ground LION COFFEE before boiling.

2d. With Cold Water instead of eggs. After boiling add a dash of cold water, and set aside for eight or ten minutes, then serve through a strainer.

Insist on getting a package of genuine LION COFFEE, prepare it according to this recipe and you will only use LION COFFEE in future. (Sold only in 1 lb. sealed packages.)
(Lion-head on every package.)
(Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.)

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE
WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

W. L. DOUGLAS
UNION MADE. $3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. They are just as good as those that cost from $5.00 to $7.00. The only difference is the price. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, hold their shape better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day. W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom of each shoe. Look for it. Take no substitute. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are sold through his own retail stores in the principal cities, and by shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, W. L. Douglas shoes are within your reach.

BETTER THAN OTHER MAKES AT ANY PRICE.

"For the last three years I have worn W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoe and found it not only as good, but better than any shoe that I ever had, regardless of price." Chas. L. Farrell, Asst. Cashier The Capital National Bank, Indianapolis, Ind.

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.50 and $2.00 shoes because they fit better, hold their shape, and wear longer than other makes.

W. L. DOUGLAS $4.00 SHOES CANNOT BE EQUALLED AT ANY PRICE.

W. L. Douglas uses Corona Coltskin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is considered to be the finest patent leather produced.

FAST COLOR EYELETS WILL NOT WEAR BRASSY

W. L. Douglas has the largest shoe mail order business in the world. No trouble to get a fit by mail. 25c. extra prepays delivery. If you desire further information, *write for Illustrated Catalogue of Spring Styles.*

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASSACHUSETTS

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more Men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world. $10,000 REWARD to any one who can disprove this statement.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors silk, wool and cotton equally well and is guaranteed to give perfect results. Ask dealer or we will send post paid at 10c a package. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri

DR. KOCH AGAIN ON TRIAL

Charged With the Murder of Dr. Gebhardt at New Ulm.

KOCH TRIAL IS NEAR THE END

CASE WILL PROBABLY GO TO THE JURY BEFORE CLOSE OF THE WEEK.

STATE'S NET IS BADLY TORN

DEFENSE STRONGLY ASSAILS MANY POINTS OF STATE'S TESTIMONY.

Mankato, Minn., May 5.—The prosecution has rested in the Koch murder trial. Asa P. Brooks, the New Ulm newspaper man, who was the only witness of the crime, was not called by the state, and Judge Cray yesterday afternoon ordered that if Brooks was to be called he must be called by the defense, which accordingly will do so. None of the sensations that, according to gossip, would reveal the identity of the murderer beyond a reasonable doubt yet have materialized.

The memorandum book of Dr. Louis Gebhardt was introduced by the state late yesterday afternoon, but, contrary to general expectation, its contents did not reveal a motive for the crime, or, so far as is yet known, the whereabouts of any one who could throw light upon the murder.

Childs Closes.

After the testimony of Prof. Carel was taken, Gen. Childs, for the prosecution, made his closing address to the court.

Mankato, Minn., May 6.—"The man I saw bending over the form of Dr. Gebhardt as I gazed through the transom on the night of Nov. 1, 1904—the night of the murder—was not the defendant, Dr. Koch."

Asa P. Brooks, the New Ulm newspaper man, who is the only direct witness in the Koch murder trial, made this statement yesterday afternoon while on the stand. Brooks took the stand shortly before noon yesterday, while 800 spectators closely followed his testimony. His face was pale, he apparently realizing the full importance of his testimony, but never for a moment showing the slightest sign of nervousness.

Brooks Tells All.

Brooks told of his actions on the night of the murder of Dr. Gebhardt, commencing with his first action after he had eaten supper, and ending with an expression of the wild fear that entered his heart as he gazed through the transom of the door leading to Dr. Gebhardt's office and beheld the murderer bending over his victim.

"Describe the murderer," was the request which led up to the dramatic statement of the witness when he said Dr. Koch was not the man.

"He was an undersized man with a small black mustache, and with either a bushy head of hair or a small slouch hat which fitted closely to his head," Brooks answered.

"Was the man you are speaking of the defendant, Dr. Koch?" Attorney Somerville asked.

Murderer Was Not Koch.

"The man I saw bending over Dr. Gebhardt as I gazed through the transom was not the defendant, Dr. Koch."

Mankato, Minn., May 7. — A sensation was created yesterday in connection with the Koch murder trial by a report that an attempt was made by certain interested persons to reach the jurors with a written argument in the corridors of the Blue Earth county court house.

This report gained credence immediately after the adjournment of court last evening, and it was fostered by instructions of Judge Cray to the jury a few minutes before the close, in which the court ordered that the jurors remain in their secluded room after the adjournment of court until all persons had left the corridors of the court house.

In Effort to Impeach.

The defense launched its heavy artillery yesterday, in the testimony of several witnesses put on the stand in an attempt to prove that the poison package mailed to Dr. Gebhardt was not sent from the village of Hanska on the day Dr. Koch visited that town. The two principal witnesses to this were L. Leech and Nels Nelson, railway mail clerks who have been running on the Minneapolis & St. Louis road between Hanska and New Ulm for several years. These men, according to their evidence yesterday, were the only two mail clerks on the run between these two stations the week

The Poison Package

was said to have been received by Dr. Gebhardt. Both declared that, in their opinions, the blue box produced by the state as the exhibit which contained the bottle of poison when it was sent to Dr. Gebhardt was not mailed from Hanska to New Ulm at the time alleged. They said the postmark on the blue box was not the impression left by the stamp of either clerk. As the box, were it mailed from Hanska to New Ulm, must have been stamped on the train, providing, as claimed by several witnesses of the state, it was mailed at the depot, the defense evidently could convince the jury through these witnesses that the state's testimony regarding the mailing of the poison package is impeached.

Mankato, Minn., May 9.—It is probable that in five days more the jury in the trial of Dr. George R. Koch, charged with the murder of Dr. L. A. Gebhardt at New Ulm, will receive the instructions of Judge Cray and retire to find a verdict. The defense has already introduced about forty of its witnesses, and as there are less than a hundred in all to be produced, it is very likely that the arguments will be made Thursday or Friday of this week.

Good Day for Koch.

Dr. Koch left the court house Saturday evening a happy man. Through the pushing crowd of curious, morbid men and women who had come to get a glance at him, he made his way with the elastic step of a man who had suddenly been relieved of tormenting cares.

For it was the defense's day in the murder trial. Witness after witness, twenty in all, were introduced by the defense and questioned in an apparently successful attempt to show that the accused man was not the owner of the hammer found in the office of the murdered man; that he wore the same clothes for many days after the murder that he had worn on the night it occurred; that he had never shown enmity for the murdered man, and that it would have been impossible for him to send the poison package.

Mankato, Minn., May 10. — Prof. Richard Fischer, state chemist of Wisconsin, and Dr. J. W. Andrews of Mankato, two experts on chemistry and poison, were on the witness stand for the defense in the Dr. Koch murder trial yesterday afternoon, to prove to the satisfaction of the jury that it is impossible to compute the exact proportion of poison which existed in the bottle sent to Dr. Gebhardt.

In the testimony of Prof. Fischer yesterday the defense hopes it has proven that it is impossible to say whether there was sufficient poison in the bottle to cause death, if thoroughly compounded with the effervescent salts and taken as directed. While Prof. Fischer did not say that an ordinary dose of the contents of the poison bottle would not be sufficient to cause death, provided the poison was equally compounded with the other mixture, he said that if only a few grains were analyzed it would be impossible to ascertain the general proportion of poison.

The chemist also said that strychnine was the most bitter substance known, and this point was brought out by the defense to show that a dentist, had he sent the bottle of poison to Dr. Gebhardt, should have known a more certain means of accomplishing his purpose, as he would have been aware that a dentise at once would recognize the taste of the poison.

Mankato, Minn., May 11.—"I never identified the handkerchief—I never did!"

With face pale and lips nervously quivering, but firmly and unhesitatingly, Miss Ida Koch, sister of Dr. George R. Koch, yesterday afternoon denied the story that she had told Chief Klause the handkerchief found near the body of the murdered man was her brother's.

The young woman was called to the witness stand to testify regarding the alibi the defense is endeavoring to establish. She told of her presence in the sitting room of the Koch home when her brother George arrived there on the night of the murder, and said there was nothing unusual in her brother's appearance.

According to the father and sister, Dr. Koch arrived home at 9:45 o'clock on the night of the murder, according to the clock in the home, which later was discovered to have been seven minutes fast, so that it was twenty-two minutes to 10 when the dentist entered the sitting room door.

DOLLIVER ROUGHLY HANDLED.

Washington, May 11.—Senator Dolliver of Iowa was roughly handled during his recent visit to Chicago, and is hobbling about covered with many bruises. According to the senator, while in Chicago, he became engulfed in a strike crowd and narrowly escaped being trodden down. He finally extricated himself from the crowd, after being severely jolted and bruised, and hastily departed for the East.

Killed by Cigarettes.

Cincinnati, May 11.—Death due to nicotine poisoning, caused by cigarette smoking, was the record of a certificate filed with the health department by Dr. A. B. Isham. The victim was seventeen years old.

Crooks Sent to Prison.

Prairie du Chien, Wis., May 11. — George Doherty and John Nolan, two Chicago crooks, charged with burglarizing the Milwaukee freight house, were sentenced to three years at the Waupun state prison.

HULK HIDES GREAT MYSTERY.

Tokio, May 11. — The Kokumin, a semi-official paper, publishes a report from Port Arthur that the Japanese training ship Tsukishima of the mercantile navigation school of Tokio, which disappeared six years ago with over 200 apprentices on board, has been found among the vessels at the bottom of Port Arthur harbor. She had been repainted and used by the Russians. Mystery still attaches to the fate of those who were on board.

Insane Over Theosophy.

Helena, Mont., May 11. — John M. Beaton, a recent arrival from California, has committed suicide at Columbia Falls by cutting his throat with a knife. It is believed he became insane over theosophy, his effects containing a large quantity of literature on that subject.

Clinton, Ind., May 11.—Following a hotly contested Republican primary the opposing factions clashed last night and ten men were seriously cut, two of whom will die.

Northwest News.

GOTTSCHALK SAYS GUILTY

MAN CHARGED WITH DOUBLE MURDER IN ST. PAUL SPRINGS SURPRISE.

LAYS BLAME ON ACCOMPLICE

WAS TOOL IN FIRST MURDER AND KILLED PARTNER IN SELF-DEFENSE.

St. Paul, May 10. — Cornered, baffled and with the visions of the hempen rope dangling before his frightened gaze, Edward Gottschalk, charged with the murder of Christian Shindeldecker, the West Seventh street butcher, and his partner in crime, Joseph Hartmann, stood before Judge Lewis yesterday and, in the presence of a crowded court room, pleaded guilty to the Hartmann indictment, after changing his former plea of not guilty.

His plea came as a surprise to all save Chief of Police O'Connor, who has frequently said that he had such overwhelming evidence against Gottschalk that he believed the prisoner would confess rather than stand trial.

Denies Schindeldecker Murder.

Gottchalk still denies the murder of Schindeldecker. He admits that he and Hartman planned to rob Schindeldecker, and went to the butcher shop at noon on Feb. 18, last, for this purpose, but says that Hartman murdered Schindeldecker.

Gottschalk says Hartman threatened to kill him with a razor while they were afterward fishing at Pike Island and that he killed Hartman to save his own life.

Sentence was deferred by Judge Lewis until Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

Gottschalk's plea does not save him from hanging if the court desires to impose the death penalty.

Before the murderer was taken back to jail, Stan Donnelly, for the defense, and T. R. Kane, for the state, presented to the court an abstract of the testimony which would have been introduced.

Was Planned by Hartman.

Briefly Mr. Donnelly, who spoke by authority of Gottschalk, stated that the crime of robbery of the butcher shop and the murder of Schindeldecker was planned by Hartman; he, Gottschalk, acting merely as a confederate.

That in defense of his own life at the hands of Hartman, Gottschalk slew the former and buried the evidence of his crime in the cold waters of the Mississippi.

According to the defense Hartman was the principal offender, Gottschalk a weak, though willing tool.

The state took a directly contrary view, according to the statement made by County Attorney Kane, who claimed that the evidence in his possession tended to show that Gottschalk did the original planning of the Schindeldecker murder and aided and abetted in carrying it out.

To Silence His Accomplice.

That Gottschalk took the life of Hartman in order to silence the voice of him whom he had reason to fear more than any other man.

Mr. Donnelly claimed that Gottschalk was never in the butcher shop.

Mr. Kane insisted that the evidence would tend to show that he was the last to quit the shop after Hartman had fled in terror from the place, his nerve deserting him at the trying moment.

Mr. Kane laid full stress on the fact that Gottschalk got the "booty," as tending to establish conclusively that he was the one that brutally dismembered the inoffensive and unoffending German butcher.

History of the Case.

Christian H. Schindeldecker was foully murdered and robbed in his butcher shop on West Seventh street on Feb. 18.

Joseph Hartman was murdered on Pike island and his body sunk in the river, weighted with heavy irons, on Feb. 21.

On Feb. 24 Edward Gottschalk was arrested, charged with the murder of Schindeldecker. On Feb. 27 the name of Hartman was given out by the police as the accomplice of Gottschalk in the Schindeldecker murder. The body of Hartman was discovered near where it was sunk on March 17, and on the same day Gottschalk was held to the grand jury, charged with both murders. The grand jury found a true bill in both cases on April 14.

NO LET UP IN SMELTING.

Furnaces Using Superior Ore Number Same as April 1.

Youngstown, Ohio, May 10. — J. G. Butler, Jr., chairman of the Bessemer Pig Iron association, states that the percentage of furnaces in operation using Lake Superior ores were exactly the same on May 1 as on April 1. The United States Steel corporation had in blast May 1 90 per cent of its total capacity. The Republic Iron and Steel company, 100 per cent, and the Bessemer Pig Iron association, 100

Woman a Good Boss.

Paterson, N. J., May 10. — Vittoria Luigi, aged thirty, an Italian woman, is in charge of thirty-five laborers who are laying pipes at Butler for the new water works there. Hundreds of persons stop to watch her directing the work. It is said she gets more out of the workmen than any of her male predecessors. Miss Luigi discusses her affairs reluctantly, but says there is nothing strange about her employment. She likes the work and the men would make objections if she were replaced.

"THE TALE OF THE KANGAROO."

That catchy musical number which contributed to assuring the success of "The Burgomaster," will be heard at the Metropolitan opera house in St. Paul for four nights, starting May 14, with a Wednesday matinee, and in Minneapolis the balance of the week, when Pixley and Luders' most successful musical comedy will be presented. Musically, "The Burgomaster" is perhaps the strongest musical comedy that has been through this entire country in a decade, and it is said that the company this year is the best that has ever been seen in the opera. The cast is headed by Oscar L. Figman, a comedian of the younger school. His methods are delightfully quaint, and in the character of the good-natured Burgomaster of New Amsterdam it is stated he has found a role which fits his personality perfectly. The character of Willie Van Astorbilt is portrayed by Miss Ruth White, who originated the role. She has a splendid soprano voice. Other prominent members of the cast are Oscar B. Ragland, Fred Bailey, George McKissock, Louis Brackett, R. J. Moye, Etta Lund, Kitty Aylward, Mac Franklin and the Lockart sisters.

The humor of "The Burgomaster" is diametrically opposed to that of the ordinary "slap-stick" musical comedy of to-day. Peter Stuyvesant, the "Burgomaster," appeals mainly on account of his quaint philosophy, which leads him to announce himself in favor of the pleasing dictum, "Never let yourself be worried; just keep cool." He is assisted by his secretary, Doodle von Kull, by a modern prize fighter, whose motto is, "I fight with words, not blows," and other characters that may possibly be met with in a great city like Greater New York.

TO VIEW HARVESTER MINES.

Officials of International Company on Trip to Range.

Duluth, Minn., May 10.—H. F. Perkins, general manager, and Samuel Hale, superintendent of the steel department of the International Harvester Company of Chicago, accompanied by Joseph Sellwood of Duluth, manager of mines for the company, left for the Mesaba range on a special train over the Great Northern late Sunday night. The company controls the Hawkins and Agnew mines on the Mesaba and the Illinois mine in the Baraboo, Wis., district. The company will require 400,000 tons of ore this year, of which 200,000 will be shipped from the Hawkins, 100,000 from the Agnew and 100,000 from the Illinois.

COOL AT THEATER FIRE.

Sioux Falls Audience Marches Out to Safety.

Sioux Falls, S. D., May 10. — The Booth theater, one of the leading playhouses of the city, last evening was seriously damaged by a fire which was started by the explosion of a moving picture machine. The performance had commenced and the building was well filled, but the audience kept cool and marched out without exhibiting the slightest sign of panic. The building is in the same block as the headquarters station of the fire department, and was saved by the promptness with which the firemen answered the alarm.

SAID LIFE WAS TOO HARD.

Wisconsin Man Kills Himself Beside Grave of His Child.

Watertown, Wis., May 10.—Sitting on a bench beside the graves of his child and his father and mother in the family lot in the Moravian cemetery yesterday, Herman J. Strauss, a prominent Republican politician, shot himself through the head with a revolver. He left a letter to his wife stating that life was too hard for him, that fates seemed against him. It is believed that his mind was deranged from worry over various matters. He was deputy United States revenue collector for Wisconsin.

FOUND IN THE RIVER.

Body of Missing Hospital Nurse of St. Peter.

St. Peter, Minn., May 10.—The body of J. Emil Lundberg, who mysteriously disappeared from the state hospital on April 30, was found yesterday morning in the Minnesota river about three-quarters of a mile below the railroad bridge. It is a clear case of suicide. It has not been decided whether an inquest will be held. Despondency over a chronic disease with which he was afflicted is supposed to have caused him to commit the deed.

Child Burned to Death.

Marquette, Mich., May 10. — Lighting a match while at play, the five-year-old daughter of Fred Knight set her dress afire, sustaining burns which caused her death a few hours later. The mother was badly burned.

Avalanche Kills Three.

Vienna, May 10. — Professors von Glanvell and Petritsch of Graz university and an official named Stopper were killed by an avalanche while they were climbing the Foelzstein, in the Syrian Alps.

DULUTH VESSEL LAUNCHED.

The Hoover and Mason Glides From Ways in Detroit.

Detroit, May 9. — A 9,000-ton iron freighter, christened by Mrs. Frank Hoover of Chicago the Hoover and Mason, and built for the Tomlinson line of Duluth, was launched here at the shipyard of the Great Lakes Engineering works. The new boat is 524 feet long, 30 feet deep and has 54 feet beam. She has been chartered by the United States Steel corporation.

PUPILS MAY RENEW STRIKE.

High School Students Say Principal James Must Go at Once.

Superior, Wis., May 11.—The indications are that there will be another school strike on in Superior. Although the Blaine high school students returned to school Monday morning, practically the winners of the strike, they still are expressing dissatisfaction and are threatening to go out again to-day unless the school board shows a disposition to make further concessions to the students. Yesterday afternoon a petition was drawn up by the leaders of the recent strike and signed by a large majority of the students of the school, asking that steps immediately be taken to discharge Principal James, and asking for an investigation of his record.

ATHLETE MAKES FORTUNE.

Alfred Wheeler, Formerly of Badger "U," Makes $600,000 in Mines.

Madison, Wis., May 11.—Word has reached here that Alfred Wheeler of Janesville, who won the pole vault at the first conference meet in Chicago and student manager of the '99 foot-ball eleven, has cleaned up a fortune of $600,000 in mining operations in the Bullfrog district, Nevada. He went West four years ago without a penny and struck it rich from the start. Several Eastern capitalists are interested with him. Wheeler's old 'varsity friends are highly pleased over his lucky strike.

NABS CHINK IN HILLS.

Immigration Inspector Looks Into Chinese Population.

Deadwood, S. D., May 11. — The United States authorities have placed under arrest here a Chinaman named Lee Jim Yuen for alleged violation of the Chinese exclusion act. A. W. Paine of Boston, a government Chinese inspector, has been here several days looking over the papers of the Chinese inhabitants of the Hills. The Chinaman claims to have been a merchant in New York before coming to the Hills six years ago. There are about 200 Chinese people in the Northern Hills.

GUESTS WERE FRIGHTENED.

Fire in a Hotel at Washington Causes a Lively Scramble.

Washington, May 11.—A fire which broke out in the kitchen of the Hotel Regent, at the corner of Fifteenth street and Pennsylvania avenue early yesterday, caused great alarm to the large number of guests in the house. They hurriedly rushed down stairs into the office and street, while some got out of the hotel by the fire escapes. The fire department promptly responded and the flames were extinguished without much difficulty. The loss was only nominal and no one was injured.

BLIND PIGGERS ARRESTED.

Man and Wife Pay Fines — Others Plead Not Guilty.

Fergus Falls, Minn., May 11.—A detective has been at work in Battle Lake for a few days past, and as a result of his labors, A. T. Carser, Emil Skogsal, Hans Berg and his wife were brought to this city and charged with running a blind pig. The Bergs pleaded guilty and arranged to pay fines of $25 each. Carser and Skogsal pleaded not guilty and will stand trial. A quantity of "supplies" were seized by the sheriff.

Must Go to Prison.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 11.—The supreme court of Iowa has affirmed the conviction of Frank Baird, the confessed partner of "Bill" Richards in the Sullivan robbery at Hamilton, Iowa. Baird was sentenced to eighteen years in the penitentiary and has been confined since March 2, 1903. Baird's case was appealed to the supreme court but his sentence was affirmed without discussion.

Woman Accidentally Killed.

Forman, N. D., May 11. — Teckla, aged seventeen, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Carlblom, while driving home from Guirnner was thrown from the buggy, one foot catching in the wheel, tearing her leg off at the knee. Medical aid was summoned at once, but from loss of blood and shock she lived but a few hours after the accident.

Rifle Costs Boy His Life.

Osakis, Minn., May 11. — Reports come in from Bell river that John Hedlund, sixteen years old, accidentally shot and killed himself with a rifle, the ball entering under the chin and coming out at the back of the head. The lad was getting into a boat to go fishing.

Big Fire in St. Paul.

St. Paul, May 11.—The C. E. Ward box factory, Eaton avenue and Morrison street, West side, was destroyed by fire at 1 o'clock this morning, causing a loss of nearly $50,000 and putting forty people out of employment.

Storm Deadly to Pioneer.

Deadwood, S. D., May 11.—Michael Kirby, an old prospector living in a cabin south of this city, is dead from the effects of exposure in the recent snow storm. He was eighty years old and a pioneer.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS MURDER.

Hammon and Kolb on Trial for the Murder of Freddie King.

Anoka, Minn., May 10. — The trial of Charles Hammon and John Kolb for the murder of Freddie King at Columbia Heights, Nov. 22, in a saloon hold-up, was begun yesterday morning. They will be tried together. Two jurors were secured yesterday. Kalderwit, who has been convicted, has been taken to St. Paul to await sentence.

In Minnesota.

State News of the Week Briefly Told.

Fire at Dumont, south of Wheaton, destroyed two elevators, lumber yard and wood and coal yard. Loss estimated at $3,500; insured.

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The Chatfield Canning company shipped four cars of last year's pack of corn, two to St. Paul and two to Minneapolis. Each car contained 1,600 cases.

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Arrangements have been completed for the next annual convention of the Minnesota Photographers' association, which will be held at Duluth, July 5, 6 and 7.

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Robbers went through the house of Frank Riffel at Pipestone, while the family was attending a wedding, and secured $325 in cash and $1,500 in certificates of deposit.

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Scott Oviatt of Chatfield was sentenced to sixty-five days in the county jail for furnishing his brother Charles with intoxicating liquor, contrary to the statutes, both being "posted."

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While watching his mother making soap, five-year-old Harry Vogt of Parker's Prairie fell into a kettle filled with the boiling material and died twenty-four hours later, after terrible suffering.

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The reallotment of additional land to Indians under the Steenerson bill closed at White Earth. The allotment of the land will resume again on Monday, May 15. About 1,000 allotments have been issued.

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Business men of Courtland have organized the State bank of Courtland, and it will open on May 15. It has been incorporated with a capital stock of $15,000, and the officers are: J. G. Lund, president; H. N. Dix, cashier.

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The Norwegian Lutheran Synod church, which was recently completed at Willmar, will be dedicated on Sunday, May 31. Several clergymen from outside points will take place in the ceremonies.

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Forty or more young business men of Elk River will form an athletic association. A temporary organization was effected and a committee named. It is proposed to lease a field and fence it, and build a grand stand.

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The eighty-sixth anniversary of Oddfellowship was celebrated in the Methodist church at Frazee on Sunday morning. About fifty members of the local lodge attended the service, which was conducted by Rev. J. T. Brabner Smith.

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The annual meeting of the town assessors was held at Hastings and a schedule of personal property agreed upon, as required by the state board of equalizers. One item, automobiles, was raised to $250, an increase of 50 per cent.

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An exchange has been established at the village of Cleveland, Le Sueur county, by the Nicollet county Telephone company, and about twenty-five miles of rural line will be built at once. This company has exchanges in eight towns.

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Sutherland Mansur, 30 years of age, of Elk River, was killed by a freight train at Herman. It is not known how the accident occurred. He was married about a year ago to a Miss Benton of Anoka, but has been separated from her for several months.

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Philip Dorion, formerly employed at the stripping work carried on by Butler Bros. at the Cypress and Lestonia mines at Two Harbors, has instituted a personal injury suit against the company for damages of $25,500 for injuries alleged to have been received in being rolled under an ore train.

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The Lutheran normal school of Madison has closed. The following received diplomas: Gunhild Anderson, Halvor Graven, Thea Hagestande, Ragna Haugen, Gilbert Holum, Lulu Larson, Mina Lee, Olaf Lokensgaard, Camilla Lakensgaard, Christine Pederson, Gyda Lee, Martin Rotnem, Sibert E. Siverson, Petra B. Sletta, Carrie Vale.

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Andrew X. Johnson, a former employe of the Duluth & Iron Range railway company, in its machine shops at Two Harbors, has brought suit against the corporation to recover damages of $6,300 for injuries alleged to have been received Oct. 1, 1904. He says he was engaged in testing a piece of rubber hose and had to hold it while the pressure was being applied; that the hose burst, and the end with a coupling and brass plug, recoiling with great force, struck and fractured his leg.

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The geological students from the University of Wisconsin, now making a trip through the Lake Superior region, commenced their investigations at the Pioneer mine at Ely. They went underground to study the iron ore formation. The party includes Prof. C. K. Leeth, who is in charge; Prof. R. T. Ely, Prof. N. M. Fenneman, R. E. Davis, R. J. Holden, F. B. Laney, C. H. Wegeman, J. H. Rodgers, E. C. Harder, C. E. Abbott and Guy Crane. They will go over the Mesaba range and then visit the copper country and the Marquette district.

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Citizens of Ortonville have subscribed a large fund for the entertainment of bands that will attend the tournament at that city on June 27, 28 and 29. The tournament will be open to all bands in Minnesota and the two Dakotas. The Milwaukee road will make special rates, and it is understood that between the company and the citizens all bands will be given free transportation. The railroad company will erect a large pavilion on the lake shore for the accommodation of summer guests.

Martin Brauley, a Meeker county resident since 1862, died at his home in Harvey, aged 78.

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The Appleton Gun club will hold its second annual tournament on June 14 and 15, in Appleton.

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The Willmar Milling company will install new machinery involving an expenditure of about $5,000.

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James Wirl, a baker, twenty-three years old, was fatally shot, by his father, Anthony Wirl, during a quarrel at their home in St. Paul.

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The United States Express company's safe at Wells was robbed of $200 in cash and about $600 in money orders. There is no clue so far.

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Roy, a little son of William Kleeberger of Randolph, fell over a wash tub while playing around the house, breaking his arm just above the wrist.

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John E. Wetjes, a farmer living about ten miles south of Pipestone, was struck by lightning while driving home from town and instantly killed.

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A negro, who says Fergus Falls is his home, was arrested at Battle Lake for drawing a revolver on a Northern Pacific brakeman who tried to put him off the train.

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The golden anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Elliott was celebrated at Staples. Of twelve children in their family, eight are living and were present at the celebration.

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The dead body of John Samuelson, a stonecutter in the employ of Gustaf Weidell, was found near the Klondike quarry at Mankato, where it had evidently lain a week. He had been ill for some months.

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The immense plant of the Minnesota Beet Sugar company at St. Louis Park, a Minneapolis suburb, comprising nine buildings, was razed to the ground by fire. The total loss entailed is about $400,000.

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At a special school election at Frazee it was decided to build two additional school rooms to accommodate the pupils. There are 410 pupils, and the Methodist church lecture room has been used for a class room. The district will bond for $2,000.

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Robbers went through the house of Frank Riffel at Pipestone while the family was attending a wedding and secured $325 in cash and $1,500 in certificates of deposit. The robbery was not discovered until several days later. There is no clue.

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The Northfield board of education is considering action in the case of the high school pupils who recently broke into the residence of C. A. Drew, where a reception was given to the senior class, extracted a quantity of preserves and bound Mr. Drew with cords.

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Judge Watts denied the motion for injunction on the part of Red Lake Falls in the Red Lake county seat fight. He alleges that the county auditor is not judge of the legality of the Thief River Falls petition of removal, but that the county commissioners must act.

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man, was shot by burglars he surprised soon after 3 o'clock one morning recently at work on the safe in the office of the W. W. Johnson Lumber company in St. Paul. He died in St. Joseph's hospital a few hours later. Two men suspected by the police of being the burglars were arrested.

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At a meeting of citizens of Willmar it was decided to hold another street fair and carnival some time in September. The following compose the board of directors: E. C. Wellin, O. R. Derkness, Ole Rogan, Alton Crosby, Peter Bonde, Peter Hong, Russell Spicer, E. T. Sandbo and E. Person.

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Two children of Gilbert Pourier of the town of Terrebonne were smothered to death in a straw stack. Three children were playing around the stack and set fire to it. Evidently becoming alarmed at what they had done, the two youngest crawled into a hole in the straw and burned to death.

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Fleeing from her little girl sister, Dorothy, the fifteen-months-old daughter of Thomas Hall of Kasota tripped across a threshold and fell upon the point of a pair of scissors that she carried in her hand. They penetrated deep into the neck, severing the jugular vein, and in three minutes the baby was dead.

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The Eveleth common council has voted a reward to the two homesteaders who aided in the capture of Frank Lenich and Louis Marinsell, implicated in the killing of Peter Kranovich. Isaac Nelson, at whose homestead they sought shelter, is to receive $50, and Fred Peterson, who conveyed the message that brought the deputy sheriffs will receive $25.

BLEW OPEN SAFE.

Burglars at Deronda Get Postoffice Funds.

Osceola, Wis., May 9.—Burglars entered the general store of L. P. Melbostad at Deronda, blowing the safe and getting about $1,000 which belonged to the Melbostad Northern Supply company and Frank Lagenback, also taking all of the postoffice funds. The stamps were mostly destroyed by the explosion. Melbostad also lost valuable papers.

ORLEANS OFF FOR ARCTIC.

Duke Will Embark at Bergen on Zeigler Relief Expedition.

Christiania, May 9. — The steamer Belgica, with the members of the duke of Orleans' Arctic expedition on board, left Sandefjord for Bergen yesterday, where the duke will embark with the intention of bringing back the members of the Zeigler exploration party from Shannon islands. The duke hopes to return to Ostend in September.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1905. NUMBER 44.

The News Of the Week

In the Capital.

John A. Boothy, the Oklahoma cowboy who made a wolf-catching record with President Roosevelt in the Indian pasture reserve, has been appointed by the president deputy United States marshal for Oklahoma.

Consul Hays of Iowa, who recently was appointed by President Roosevelt as representative of the United States at Puerto Plata, Santo Domingo, will not be given that post. Hays is a negro, and the state department has decided, in order not to cause offense to the Dominican people, it would be better to assign a white man to the Dominican port.

In the case of Ju Toy, the supreme court of the United States holds that the decision of the secretary of the department of commerce and labor is final in Chinese exclusion cases. Ju is the son of Chinese parents but claims to have been born in the United States. His exclusion was ordered after a temporary visit to China, and he took the case to the federal courts.

Crimes and Criminals.

Safe blowers secured $1,300 in cash and nearly $2,000 worth of merchandise at a store at Alexandria, Ky.

The motion to quash the bench warrant against August Machen to bring him to trail in the Machen-Crawford-Lorenz conspiracy case was pushed at Washington.

Henry G. Goll, the former assistant cashier of the First National bank of Milwaukee, charged with embezzling over $100,000 from the bank, has been admitted to bail in the sum of $10,000.

Norton F. Frank, said to be a deserter from the cruiser Galveston,, on which he was a petty officer, was found dead in the street at San Francisco. The police think it a case of suicide.

As a result of a quarrel in a saloon in Chicago with a negro, supposed to be a strike-breaker, John and Richard Fruen, brothers, are in a hospital, dying from terrible cuts in their abdomens.

Herbert H. Metzger was hanged at White Sulphur Springs, Mont., for the murder of Homer Ward last Thanksgiving day. The body of Ward was found burne din a cabin, with a bullet wound in the head.

Judge James Hargis, whose trial for the murder of James Cockrill resulted in a hung jury at Lexington, Ky., was granted bail by Circuit Judge Parker in the sum of $25,000 and released.

C. B. Andrews, representative from Nevada county in the Arkansas general assembly, and editor of the Prescott Picayune, is in the Pulaski county jail on the charge of having received a bribe and of offering a bribe in connection with legislation.

From Other Lands.

A congress of women will be held at Moscow in a fortnight to demand suffrage in considering reforms.

Prof. Emil Stengel, husband and teacher of Marcella Sembrich, the singer, is dead in Berlin as the result of an operation.

The profits of the Japanese government railroads for the fiscal year were $5,750,000, exceeding the estimates by about $1,000,000.

A riot took place in the great court of the royal palace at Madrid during the Intercentennial celebration of the anniversary of the publication of "Don Quixote."

It is reported from Szatmar, Hungary, that a rowboat containing 14 peasants was capsized while crossing the river with the result that 11 women were drowned.

There is marked activity in the volcano of Kilauea in Hawaii. The flow of lava is increasing, and a rising temperature gives indications that there may be an overflow.

A force of Herreros on April 27 fell upon a German column in German Southwest Africa, and in a lively fight which followed sixteen Germans were killed or wounded.

The Birmingham (Eng.) Post states that it has authority for saying that the proposals made by a syndicate of German bankers to certain American financiers to participate in a new Russian loan of $50,000,000 has been rejected.

Reports from the Island of Crete represent the situation there as extremely grave. Prince George, representing the powers, is unable to control events, and it is feared that the insurgents will attack the international troops.

According to reports, King Peter of Servia is anxious to undertake the task of preserving peace in the Balkans. It is said the king plans a visit to Constantinople in June to interview the sultan on a plan of co-operation to suppress disorders.

The recent earthquake was felt over a wide area of country in Central and Southern Mexico. In the State of Palisco many houses were damaged and the dome of the church in one town collapsed. The shock was severe, also, in Chilpancingo, capital of the State of Guterro, which a few years ago was nearly destroyed by an earthquake of exceptional violence. The shock was notable at Colima, where a vertical movement was felt, accompanied by subterranean roarings. The earthquake was felt to the borders of Guatemala.

Accidental Happenings.

The Aransas, an ocean passenger steamer, was sunk in a collision with a barge near Pollock Rip lightship, Mass. One woman passenger was lost.

Eight Cornell students had a narrow escape from drowning on Cayuga lake. They were sailing close-reefed in a thirty-mile wind when their boat capsized in the middle of the lake.

Spreading rails caused the wreck of a Galveston, Houston & Northern passenger train at Houston, Tex. Engineer Cox was burned to death, Fireman Conway is missing and many passengers were injured.

Professors Von Glanville and Petritsch of Graz university, and an official named Stopper were killed by an avalanche while they were climbing the Foetzstein, in the Hochschnab group of the Syrian Alps.

Lighting a match while at play, the five-year-old daughter of Fred Knight of Marquette, Mich., set her dress afire, sustaining burns which caused her death a few hours later. The mother was badly burned.

The British steamer Pilar del Arrigina, from Galveston for Manchester, passed Kinsdale and signaled that her cargo was afire. The fire was under control, however, and steam was being injected into the hold.

The worst forest fires ever known in the vicinity of Plymouth, Mass., are now raging. Residents of Plymouth, Varver, Plympton and Kingston have been fighting the flames for several days. The line of fire is estimated to be from seven to nine miles long.

Otherwise.

Archbishop Glennon addressed the Catholic Knights of America at St. Louis.

The International Anthracite Merchants' association was organized by retailers in New York.

The annual convention of the sovereign camp, Woodmen of the World, began at Chattanooga, Ten.

Wallace H. Hills, chief clerk of the treasury department, was found dead in his hotel at Carizozo, N. M.

The board of directors of the New York Players' club has elected John Drew president, to succeed the late Joseph Jefferson.

The Height & Freese company of Boston, stock brokers, went into the hands of receivers and all of their offices in the state are closed.

Nearly five hundred delegates are attending the twenty-fifth convention of the American Waterworks association at French Lick Springs, Ind.

The building of "Fraternal City," a sanitarium for consumptives in New Mexico covering 80,000 acres of land, was celebrated at a banquet in St. Louis.

The Illinois house passed the bill placing automobiles under state registration and setting the speed limit at twenty miles an hour on country roads.

James M. Sprague was appointed receiver for the contracting firm of W. H. Ellis & Co. of Cincinnati on application of Harry E. Kennedy, the silent partner in the business.

George H. Broderick, basso of the "Chinese Honeymoon" Co., is dead of pneumonia at Aurora, Ill. He was well known throughout the country in theatrical and musical circles.

The Fitzhugh Lee Monument association has been organized at Richmond, Va. Its object is to erect a monument of Mr. Lee in Richmond. Mrs. N. V. Randolph was elected president.

Private speculation by officers and members is responsible for the great majority of bank failures, according to Controller of the Currency William Barrot Ridgeley, who addressed the National Bank Cashiers' association of Massachusetts at a dinner in Boston. The tendency toward speculation, resulting frequently in defalcations, he said, had become much more common during the last eight or ten years.

F. A. Wing, United States assayer at Seattle states from information he has received from Alaska and the Northwest Territory this season that the output in gold from the Northern country this year will total $22,000,000, if not more. From the Klondike alone Mr. Wing predicts an output of from $10,000,000 to $12,000,000, the balance coming from the camps on the American side.

Articles of incorporation of the Beneficial Life Insurance company, organized by and under the direction of the leaders of the Mormon church, were filed at Salt Lake. Joseph F. Smith is president, Gov. John C. Cutler is first vice president, and the other officers are prominent in the church. The company, which will do an "old line" business, has a capital stock of $100,000, all paid in.

Reports from all sections of California tell of splendid crop conditions. The grain yield will be large, and from present indications the fruit season will show an improvement over last year.

Edorado Rubini Swinfin Jervis, better known as Edordo Rubini once a distinguished vocal music teacher, is dead in New York at the age of 63 years. The British royal princesses were his pupils in singing for several years. Among his pupils were Volpini, Scalisi, Paulina Lucca, Marimon, Cotogni, Joseph Mass and Campanni. He was born at Rome.

NO VERDICT IN KOCH TRIAL

DISAGREEMENT IS RESULT OF SECOND TRIAL OF NEW ULM DENTIST.

MAJORITY FOR ACQUITTAL

AFTER FORTY-SEVEN HOURS' CONSIDERATION JURY STOOD SEVEN TO FIVE.

KOCH WILL BE TRIED AGAIN

CHILDS WANTS DENTIST CONFINED UNTIL END OF THIRD TRIAL.

Mankato, Minn., May 17. — A disagreement is the result of the second trial of Dr. George R. Koch, accused of the murder of Dr. Louis A. Gebhardt at New Ulm on Nov. 1, 1904. At noon yesterday the jury was discharged by Judge Cray after a consideration of the case lasting forty-seven hours. The vote of the jurors was seven to five, and it is presumed that the majority stood for acquittal, but it is impossible to say positively as to the standing. One rumor was to the effect that the seven votes were for conviction.

Will Be Tried Again.

Dr. Koch will be tried again. This is the common understanding from statements made by Former Attorney General Childs of the prosecution, and it is expected by the attorneys for the defense. Judge Cray yesterday morning stated in open court that he would reconvene court on next Monday morning at 8 o'clock at Mankato and that he would hear at that time any arguments of the attorneys regarding bail for the defendant and also regarding the subject of a new trial.

May Remain in Jail.

Just before the adjournment of court yesterday Mr. Childs made a request to the court that Dr. Koch be kept in jail for one week, or until the prosecution had time to prepare an argument that the young dentist be confined until the conclusion of the third trial. This motion by Attorney Childs was bitterly opposed by the attorneys for Dr. Koch, but the court ruled that the bonds furnished in Judge Webber's court at New Ulm would not suffice in this instance and that he would not be able to hear the arguments regarding bail until next Monday morning. It was so arranged and the time for the opening of court was set at 8 o'clock.

Fix Date for Next Trial.

Judge Cray also stated that at that time he would be prepared to hear an argument from the attorneys of both sides relative to the date of the next trial and the place. Attorney Somerville, who is in charge of the defense, said shortly afterward that a change of venue would not be asked, and in all probability the case again will come up for trial at Mankato.

It is impossible to say at just what time the case will come to trial, but Attorney Somerville said that he would move the court to fix the date of May 25 as the opening for the third trial.

Disagreement Not Unexpected.

The disagreement of the jury seems to fulfill the expectation of the majority of those who have watched the trial closely from beginning to end. The attorneys for Dr. Koch of course expressed themselves as confident of an acquittal until the last moment, but a disagreement was commonly looked for.

With but a few of his relatives present Dr. Koch was in the court room when the disagreement was announced. He took the announcement with the coolest demeanor, never once showing the slightest sign of nervousness or unusual interest.

WOMAN IS HOTEL THIEF.

Jury Finds She Robbed a Duluth Hostelry of Gems and $250.

Duluth, Minn., May 17. — Rose Ettinger, formerly of Chicago, was convicted yesterday in the district court of grand larceny. The woman was charged with having robbed rooms in the Acme hotel on Lake avenue, Duluth, and was indicted on two counts by the grand jury. She says she is a cigarmaker by trade. After robbing the Acme hotel of jewelry and money she went to Superior, where she was arrested. According to report in police circles here, the woman is wanted in Cincinnati for robbing a hotel there of about $500. Her haul at the Acme hotel here was $250 and some jewelry. Her case in court occupied but twenty-three minutes. She has money deposited in six different banks in amounts ranging from $50 to $200.

RUNAWAY TRAM CAR DEADLY.

Owatonna Carpenter Is Knocked Into River and Drowns.

Ashland, Wis., May 17.—Frank Bartosh of Owatonna, Minn., was knocked from a tramway into White river yesterday afternoon and was drowned. A tram car loaded with cement ran away while being lowered and ran down the incline, partly demolishing the structure and knocking Bartosh off. He was a carpenter employed by the Wisconsin Central railroad.

BIG STRIKE IS NEAR THE END.

Almost Certain That It Will Be Called Off Before End of the Week.

Chicago, May 18.—That the present strike will be called off probably within forty-eight hours, and certainly by the end of the week, is the assertion made both by members of the employers association and the conservative element in the ranks of the teamsters.

Chief among the causes which led to this prediction are first, the firm stand taken by Mayor Dunne, when in conference with President Shea and officials of the local teamsters' union he assured them that any further spread of the strike would certainly make it necessary for him to call for troops, and, second, the hopeful view of the situation taken by President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor

Gompers Will Help.

President Gompers said: "I certainly shall do all in my power to end the strike, and I have great hopes of success."

The employers' association and the express companies increased their scope of delivery still further yesterday. Something over 2,000 wagons were in use and business for the most part was transacted without hindrance of any kind.

At the hearing before Master in Chancery Sherman, where evidence is being taken relative to the federal injunctions issued against the strikers, F. W. Buckmanster, superintendent of a private detective agency, cited fully two dozen instances where assaults had been committed on non-union men and the federal

Injunction Violated.

He gave names and localities and asserted the majority of the rioters were wearing the buttons of the teamsters' union. The attorneys for the defendants made vigorous objection to the admission of his testimony, but the master allowed it to go in.

At a meeting of the board of education held last evening warrants were sworn out for eight boys who have been leaders in the recent strikes at the schools in sympathy with the strike of the teamsters. It was announced by the superintendent of compulsory education that he had definite information to the effect that the majority of the strikes at the schools had been instigated by hoodlums, who had told the pupils that it was their duty to refuse to attend school because the schools were buying coal of the wrong firms.

The threat of arrest of parents whose children did not attend school had the effect of settling three of the strikes yesterday and a normal attendance of pupils is expected to-day.

DARING ROBBERY.

Thieves Get $3,000 Worth of Watches and Diamonds.

Chicago, May 18. — By one of the boldest robberies committed in this city in recent years four men last night secured from the jewelry store of T. D. Lande watches and diamonds valued in the aggregate at $3,000. One of the men entered the store and covered Lande with a revolver while the second watched at the side entrance to the place and the two others broke the front window with the handles of their revolvers and went off with the trays of watches and diamonds. The street was filled with passers-by at the time of the robbery, and when one man shouted for the police the robbers threatened to kill him. The thieves escaped with their plunder and without leaving the slightest clue to their identity.

NAN TO GO ON THE STAGE.

Signs a Contract at a Salary of $2,000 a Week.

Philadelphia, May 18.—The Inquirer says that Nan Patterson was in this city yesterday and signed a contract to appear on the stage of the Harlem Music hall, New York, at a salary of $2,000 a week. It is said she arrived here in the afternoon and returned to Washington immediately after the negotiations had been closed. Miss Patterson, it is understood, was represented by Attorney Daniel J. O'Reilly. According to the Inquirer she is to appear in an act at the head of six other chorus girls. The length of the engagement is not known.

FOR EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

Battle for Shorter Hours in Bakeries Is Begun by the Workmen.

New York, May 18.—Delegates of the Hebrew Bakers' union have begun to order strikes in the Hebrew bakeries to force an eight-hour work day. Since the United States supreme court rendered its decision declaring the ten-hour law unconstitutional, the employing bakers are said to have been working their men eleven and twelve hours a day. Strikes of 400 or 500 bakers already have been ordered in ten shops and about 1,000 more men will quit to-day. Some of the masters have acceded to the demands.

GOLL IS BOUND OVER.

Alleged Defaulting Cashier Waives Preliminary Examination.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 18. — Henry G. Goll, former assistant cashier of the First National bank, who is charged with embezzlement of $100,000 from that institution, yesterday waived examination and was bound over to the United States district court on a $10,000 bond. The complaint in Goll's case is identical with that of Frank G. Bigelow, former president of the bank.

BATTLES AT SEA AND ON LAND

ANXIOUSLY EXPECTED IN RUSSIAN MILITARY AND NAVAL CIRCLES.

OMINOUS QUIET MEANS MUCH

SUSPICIOUS STOPPAGE OF DISPATCHES FROM FORCES IN MANCHURIA.

ROJESTVENSKY CUTS LOOSE

SETS FORTH EITHER TO FIND ADMIRAL TOGO OR GO TO VLADIVOSTOK.

St. Petersburg, May 18. — With a suspicious stoppage of dispatches from Manchuria and a strong possibility that Vice Admiral Rojestvensky has cut his last communications with home and set forth on the final stage of his journey to his goal, either Togo or Vladivostok, keen interest is manifested in naval and military circles here in the two-fold field of war. Though the admiralty, which has been completely silent since the advent of Rojestvensky in the China sea, publishes no dispatches, the conviction is growing that the united squadrons, as indicated by the Associated Press on May 15, departed from the Annam coast immediately after their juncture, and naval officials are anxiously expecting news of the

First Skirmishes

between scouts of the hostile fleets.

On the military side the indications are that events are rapidly shaping for the preliminary stage of another great battle. The Russian army has been refitted and is ready for action, and it is asserted that Gen. Linevitch it not the man to waste days in inaction.

A further mobilization of cavalry in one or two districts was ordered yesterday; but no large draft is required, as reinforcements for the cavalry arm are at hand in the recently embodied Cossacks, whose departure for Manchuria was postponed in anticipation of May day troubles, the most of whom can now resume the trip Eastward. A small but important detachment will leave St. Petersburg to-day to join Gen. Linevitch's army.

TOGO GOES TO BATTLE.

Japanese Admiral Said to Have Taken a Position South of Formosa.

Amoy, China, May 18. — It is believed that part of the Japanese fleet is taking up a position below Formosa and that Admiral Togo has planned to fight the Russians south of Formosa. The Japanese get orders from this vicinity at night time.

The state of martial law first declared at Tamsui, Island of Formosa, and subsequently made general throughout the island, has been followed by the appointment of a military executive and the moving of the women and children from the Pescadore islands of Formosa.

CZAR SANCTIONS REFORM.

Cause of Discontent in Poland and Provinces Removed.

St. Petersburg, May 18. — There is little room for scepticism as to the genuineness of the broad policy of imperial reform after the remarkable steps sanctioned by Emperor Nicholas in the imperial rescripe issued yesterday. This rescript modifies the restrictive decrees in nine of the Western governments of Russia, gives the Poles greater freedom for acquiring farming lands and purchasing landed properties and industrial premises and gives permission to introduce Polish and Lithunian languages in the primary and secondary schools where the majority of the inhabitants are non-Russian.

Almost at one sweep the whole burden of the vexatious restrictive laws in Poland and the Baltic provinces have been removed, and the privileges for which the people have been fighting for years are restored, the assemblies of the Polish nobles are re-established and all the harsh administrative measures introduced at the time of the policy of reaction and Russification are abolished. As a natural sequence of freedom of religion, the oppressive prohibition of the purchase of land by Catholic peasants is abolished. In effect, the measures sanctioned amount to an entire reversal of Russian policy in ancient Poland and the Baltic provinces.

GOVERNORS OBEY ORDERS.

Zemstvos Are Established in Two Provinces of Siberia.

Irkutsk, Eastern Siberia, May 18.—The governors of Tobolsk and Tomsk in obedience to the imperial rescript of April 16, have proclaimed the establishment of zemstvos in those provinces. Count Kutaissoff, the new governor of Irkutsk, requests the cooperation of the inhabitants in the creation of the Irkutsk zemstvo.

Sergius' Assassin Dies.

London, May 18.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg says that Ivan Kaleieff, who assassinated Grand Duke Sergius at Moscow, was executed yesterday.

TRY TWO FOR MURDER.

"Mixing-in" of a Third Man is Alleged to Have Brought on Stabbing.

Duluth, Minn., May 18. — Peter Lenich and Luj Loujer, indicted on the charge of murdering Peter Korceran at Eveleth during a drunken row recently, were placed on trial here yesterday afternoon. The information in their case is that on Easter Sunday last the men had a celebration at one of the Austrian boarding houses near the Eveleth mines. Loujer and Korceran are said to have become involved in a fight, into which Lenich also became mixed. Korceran was getting the worst of the fight and started to run. Lenich is said to have chased him with a knife and plunged the weapon several times into the body of the fleeing man, causing his death on the street. Following the murder, Lenich and another Austrian who was wounded during the boarding house fight disappeared from Eveleth, but later were captured at a lonely cabin in the woods on information furnished by a settler.

MIND WRECKED; ENDS LIFE.

Young Minnesota Farmer Shoots Self in Neck.

Chatfield, Minn., May 18. — Albert Peka, residing about six miles southeast of this city, committed suicide Tuesday. He was twenty-eight years old and unmarried. He arose in the morning about 5 o'clock and left the house, taking his shotgun with him. Search was made and yesterday morning his body was found in a stone quarry, the gun resting against a log. He had shot himself in the neck and death must have been instantaneous. His father died last summer and Albert was manager of the farm, where he was living with his father's family. He had shown some symptoms of mental derangement for several weeks, but no violence to himself or others was apprehended, as he was of a quiet disposition.

TO TRY LO IN STATE COURT.

Under U. S. Supreme Court Ruling Sheriff Nabs Alleged Assaulter.

White Earth, Minn., May 18—In line with the recent decision of the supreme court as to Indians to whom allotment of land in severalty had been given, declaring that such Indians were to all intents and purposes citizens of the state and the United States, Sheriff Larson of Detroit, Becker county, has taken charge of George Fox, a member of the reservation, who, it is alleged, shot at and wounded Martin Bisson, about ten days ago, and who has been in the agency jail since that time. Should Fox be indicted by the grand jury he will be the first Indian who has been arrested and will be tried by the civil authorities of the county and state.

EXTEND CONTRACT GRADE.

Duluth Board of Trade Favors Rule Favoring No. 2 Northern.

Duluth, May 18.—With but two negative votes it was declared by the members of the Duluth board of trade that a rule making No. 2 Northern the contract grade in this market on September and all later contracts should be submitted for adoption by the board of directors. It is the belief of the members favoring the new rule that the business of the market will be greatly widened by the extension of the contract grade. Manipulation, they claim, will be more difficult and millers and others will be more ready and willing to hedge here than in markets where they will be subjected to congestion and cornering.

AIDS RED WING MAIL SERVICE.

Congressman Davis Gets Additional Carrier for City.

Washington, May 18. — Congressman Davis of Minnesota yesterday called on the fourth assistant postmaster general and induced that official to rescind an order affecting the mail service at Red Wing. It had been decided that the east and west portions of the residence district in Red Wing should be detached from city delivery and supplied by rural carriers. After a conference between Mr. Davis and the fourth assistant it was decided that the sections affected should remain within the city delivery limits, and an additional carrier should be allowed for the work.

IOWA G. A. R. BALLOTS.

D. H. Harper of Ottumwa Is Elected Commander.

Oskaloosa, Iowa, May 18.—The Iowa department of the Grand Army of the Republic yesterday elected the following officers: Commander, D. H. Harper, Ottumwa; vice commander, J. M. McNeil, Oskaloosa; junior vice commander, J. M. Classen, Marshalltown; medical director, S. M. King, Albia; chaplain, John Potter, Newton; council administration, George A. Lincoln, Cedar Rapids; B. J. Tung, Oelwein; S. L. Moore, Boone; J. G. Hutchinson, Ottumwa; Mr. Twomley, Des Moines. A parade of veterans was a feature in yesterday's program. There were some 2,500 veterans in line.

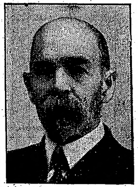
Gov. Toole's Brother Dies.

Helena, Mont., May 18. — After an illness of several months Edwin Warren Toole, brother of Gov. Toole, and for over forty years one of the foremost lawyers of the mountain region, died yesterday, aged sixty-six years.

Rich Chinaman Robbed.

Winnipeg, Man., May 18. — J. At Lim, a wealthy Chinese merchant, returning home from Trinidad, was robbed of $478 while sleeping in his berth in a Pullman on the Canadian Pacific.

LIEUTENANT BOWMAN.



IN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS PE-RU-NA CURED HIM.

Cold Affected Head and Throat —Attack Was Severe.

Chas. W. Bowman, 1st Lieut. and Adjt. 4th M. S. M. Cav. Vols., writes from Lanham, Md., as follows:

"Though somewhat averse to patent medicines, and still more averse to becoming a professional affidavit man, it seems only a plain duty in the present instance to add my experience to the columns already written concerning the curative powers of Peruna.

"I have been particularly benefited by its use for colds in the head and throat. I have been able to fully cure myself of a most severe attack in forty-eight hours by its use according to directions. I use it as a preventive whenever threatened with an attack.

"Members of my family also use it for like ailments. We are recommending it to our friends."—C. W. Bowman.

Pe-ru-na Contains No Narcotics.

One reason why Peruna has found permanent use in so many homes is that it contains no narcotic of any kind. It can be used any length of time without acquiring a drug habit.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio, for free medical advice. All correspondence held strictly confidential.

"Why don't you get your hair cut?"

"I will, some day."

"You'll have to take gas when you do, I'll bet."

"Naturally; I'll have to go to a barber."—Philadelphia Press.

Brilliant Enough for the Bar.

Clarkson, who fifty years ago was one of the cleverest counsel practicing at the law courts, was wont to tell of a humorous incident in which he figured on one occasion.

He had gone to Danby's, the wig maker of the Temple, to get his hair cut, and while the operation was going on noticed a boy of about twelve years of age playing in the shop. Clarkson asked Danby whether the boy was his.

"Yes, sir," was the reply.

"And what do you mean to make of him?" was the next question.

"Well, sir, as at present advised, and without prejudice, if he turns out a sharp, clever fellow, I mean to bring him up to my own business; but if he should prove to be, in the efflux of time, a dull, idle blockhead—as I think it is not unlikely he will—I shall send him to the bar."

Were Good for Both.

Paulding, Miss., May 15th.—(Special)—In this neighborhood men and women alike are telling of the great benefit they have received from the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and it frequently happens they are the means of curing members of both sexes in the same family. Take the case of Mr. and Mrs. F. Erby. The latter voices the sentiment of both when she says:

"My lips cannot express too much praise for Dodd's Kidney Pills. I suffered with Backache and Female weakness for four or five years and I feel that I have been wonderfully helped by Dodd's Kidney Pills. My husband, too, was a sufferer for five years from a weak bladder and they also cured him."

Dodd's Kidney Pills make healthy kidneys. Healthy kidneys mean pure blood and good health all over the body. No woman with healthy kidneys ever had female weakness.

It is poor religion that is always talking about a bigger church and never thinks about a better city.

HAVE YOU COWS?

If you have cream to separate a good Cream Separator is the most profitable investment you can possibly make. Delay means daily waste of time, labor and product. DE LAVAL CREAM SEPARATORS save $10.- per cow per year every year of use over all gravity setting systems and $5.- per cow over all imitating separators. They received the Grand Prize or Highest Award at St. Louis.

Buying trashy cash-in-advance separators is penny wise, dollar foolish. Such machines quickly *lose* their cost instead of *saving* it.

If you haven't the ready cash DE LAVAL machines may be bought on such liberal terms that they actually *pay for themselves.*

Send today for new catalogue and name of nearest local agent.

THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.
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MERCHANTS STATE BANK
OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President.
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Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS First Mortgage Farm Loans ☞ A Specialty. ☜

ABSTRACTS furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

2nd ☛ STORE

(SECOND HAND STORE.)

Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.

C. A. SKEIE.
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINNESOTA

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TAKEN BY
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THE
Photograper.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

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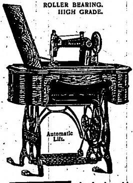
Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.

STRONGEST GUARANTEE.
National Sewing Machine Co.
BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.

New Brew
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The Best Beer
Supplied by Agents Everywhere, or
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
SAINT PAUL, MINN.

FRANK O'MEARA
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ST. PAUL, MINN.

Money to loan at all times in liberal amounts and at reasonable rates. Prompt service and perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Write for particulars.

Clover and timothy seed for sale by Leonard Holmes.

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, May 20, 1905.

A BANK ACCOUNT.

Have you a bank account? If not, why not? Get the habit. Savings are possible even on small salaries. The saving may be pitifully small at first, but it will be a beginning and it will grow. Here are several reasons why you should have a bank account, however modest it may be:

First of all, sickness, loss of work, a slight turn in the wheel of fortune—what would you do.

Another reason may be found in content and peace of mind.

Discontent and worry dog the footsteps of the man who lives up all his income.

But the big reason is this:

The saving habit is reflex in its action. It is an index of character. It is easy to spend money. It requires effort to save it.

The flabby-minded man spends his money recklessly. The strong man resists the temptation to spend more than he can afford and in resisting the temptation, grows stronger.

Nor need one grow stingy and hard hearted. There are many inducements, for a young man especially, to dispose of his money, but he who resists is laying the foundation for a strong business character.—Duluth News-Tribune.

PLAYING WITH POLITICAL FIRE.

There are a good many newspapers in the state that cannot forget the campaign of 1904 and that appear determined that no one else shall forget it.

Both parties to the late republican unpleasantness appear to be about equally guilty. It is pretty profitless to fight over a dead horse, but if we must do it we had far better wait until it is time to bury the horse. If the republican press of the state will absolutely close its pages to any rehash of the Dunn-Collins feud for the next twelve months it will greatly please the people of Minnesota and render the republican party an invaluable service. The democrats, who alone can profit by keeping the matter alive, have the decency to let the unsavory mess alone. If the republican press of the state lacks wisdom of its own, it might borrow a little from the democrats.

Undoubtedly a good deal of injustice was done during the campaign last fall, but it does no one any good to keep nursing the fact in public.—Bemidji Pioneer.

Although the legislature failed to pass the bill requiring private banks to incorporate under state or federal laws, it seems that the introduction of such a measure, and the discussion and wide publicity given to the subject has had a good effect. The public examiner reports twelve private banks having incorporated under state laws since the adjournment of the legislature, all of them, of course, voluntarily. We believe it is better for a bank to be under state or federal supervision and control than otherwise. It is certainly better for the bank itself. It thereby adds to its stability in the eyes of the public, and there should be no objection to both supervision and publicity in the affairs of any institution that invites public confidence. While there are failures even under the most rigorous laws, there is at least some satisfaction in knowing that such failures are a very small minority.—Roseau Region.

The Beltrami county investigation has caused a small panic among office holders. The county has gone $225,000 in debt in seven years which would indicate that the investigation was none too soon.

The Akeley Tribune declares that knockers and sore heads are more dangerous to a town than smallpox is to an individual. The man who cannot conscientiously boost his own town should move to another.

Geo. A. Ralph, of Crookston, has been re-appointed as engineer of the state drainage board.

President Roosevelt has nominated R. J. Montague to be receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston.

The Iroquois Club, the largest and most powerful democratic club in the west, entertained President Roosevelt at Chicago last week. The trusts and the bears, however, are still kicking.

Something will have to be done to regulate labor unions. The manner in which the strikers are conducting themselves in Chicago is altogether beyond the pale of law and order, and while we believe labor organizations properly and wisely conducted, are right, we can see no justification for a resort to force such as is common every time a strike takes place. Law is law, should be enforced, and strikers made to respect it.—Roseau Region.

A Hero by Accident.

"There's no telling what moment a man's fortune may turn or what may decide the turning," remarked the visitor, who had been listening to the interchange of stories.

"That's so," agreed one of the bystanders. "The only question is whether the man's got the wit to see the chance and the grit to make use of it."

"Well, even that isn't always necessary. I was out on the frontier some years back when a young fellow I knew to be a 'white head' was promoted in his regiment and paragraphed in all the eastern papers for his courage and coolness. He had been sent out to meet an attacking party of Indians. He didn't want to go a bit. He actually trembled when he confessed to me it was his first call to dangerous duty and he'd give anything on earth to be out of the affair. In less than twenty-four hours the station was ringing with the way he had held his ground, even when his men had beat a retreat. It was a miracle he wasn't captured or killed, staying there single handed to face and fire on the advancing foe"—

"Just one of those instances of a man finding his native courage in the presence of real danger?"

"Not a bit of it. He was riding a mule, and just at the critical moment the animal planted his feet and refused to budge."—Youth's Companion.

Long Winded Oratory.

It is no new thing for the house of commons to suffer from long winded oratory. As long ago as the sixteenth century Queen Bess soundly rated her lawmakers for not working more and talking less, and some years later Speaker Long actually succumbed to a succession of lengthy speeches. "The house is empty, and so be our stomachs," one impatient member declared. "I pray you, therefore, adjourn the debate for an hour." But the speaker declined to budge from the post of duty, with the result that he was taken ill and died shortly after. Brougham once spoke for six hours on end on law reform, Sheridan and Gladstone both have records of five hour speeches, Mr. Biggar tied their record, and Palmerston once held forth for four hours and a half on Don Pacifico.

This Girl Knew.

One of the infielders had made an error.

The rosy cheeked girl in the grand stand turned to the young man at her side.

"George," she said.

George instinctively braced himself to meet the question he foresaw as to what had happened and what all the fuss was about.

"Well," he said.

"Why don't they put a wooden Indian cigar sign on third in place of that moon faced duffer with the split cipher running gear and the glass arm? That fellow couldn't stop a toy balloon if it was lobbed right into his flippers."—Chicago Tribune.

Pearls Found in Cocoanuts.

"Pearls are not found in oysters alone. Sometimes," said a lapidary, "they are found in cocoanuts. I once cut a cocoanut pearl. It was the size of a pea, and its quality was good. It resembled an oyster pearl, only it was a little duller. Cocoanut pearls are found in the heart of the nut. It is thought that they are formed by the hardening of the nut's flesh. They are, so to speak, a kind of crystallized tumor or wart. These pearls are rare. They are rarer than oyster pearls. They are also cheaper than oyster pearls, being less hard and less transparent."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

The Bells of Davos.

The first thing that strikes the stranger in Davos, Switzerland, and strikes him unpleasantly is the bells. Not only does every cow, goat and sheep wear its bell, but when they are all shut up for the winter and we hope for a little rest then comes the infernal, eternal din from every cart, carriage, sleigh, omnibus and all other kinds of vehicle which ply for hire or otherwise. No doubt they become a necessity on the silent highways as winter progresses, but that does not render them one bit more palatable.

The Wisdom of Scroggins.

The wisdom of Scroggins, millionaire ex-stage driver, from John Uri Lloyd's novel, "Scroggins:"

"Et don't make no difference, Mr. Mayor, how rich and ign'rant a man is ef he only hes sense 'nough ter keep on workin' after gittin' rich. But ef he tries ter quit work an' enj'y himself by lookin' at things with his eyes an' thinkin' with his no 'count brain an' stuffin' his one stomach like et war a hogshead he air a fool. I've got my wind agin, and I'm goin' back ter the gulch."

"But, my good man, you are old. Your place is filled by some other man. Perhaps you cannot get it back."

"Pardner," said Scroggins, "there ain't no question 'bout my gittin' that place. Mr. Mayor, I owns the line. When I picks up them ribbons thar won't be no agent to say, 'Put 'em down, Scroggins.'"

CALUMET
Baking Powder

The only high grade Baking Powder sold at a moderate price. Complies with the pure food laws of all states.

Trust Baking Powders sell for 45 or 50 cents per pound and may be identified by this exorbitant price. They are a menace to public health, as food prepared from them contains large quantities of Rochelle salts, a dangerous cathartic drug.

Irrigation Is Ancient.

The practice of irrigation is very ancient, water having been stored and distributed in this way in Egypt as early as 2000 B. C. Persia, India, Ceylon, China, as well as Peru and Mexico, also had irrigation works ages ago. Even in Arizona remains of ancient irrigation works can be found, which suggest that that section of the desert may have been compelled by men to "blossom as the rose" many hundreds of years ago.

May Change Her Mind.

Little Ethel (laying down a book)—Do princes always dress in silk and velvet and wear a cap with a white feather and ride a sweet little white pony? Mother—Not now, my pet. They dress just like other boys. Little Ethel (sadly)—Then I don't think I'll ever marry.

Preaching and Practice.

Jinks—I'm ever so much obliged for this favor, and if I ever have a chance I'll do as much— Hello, here comes Bilkins! Let's dodge into an alleyway. Binks—Don't you like Bilkins? Jinks—He did me a favor once, and the fellow may want me to return it.

His Model.

Baron—Then the obstreperous beggar whom you turned out of doors was coarse and abusive. Valet—Abusive, my lord! He might have been your lordship himself!

Fame is the perfume of heroic deeds—Socrates.

Notice to the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given that a petition is now on file in my office signed by the legal voters of said county to the number of two thousand six (2006), praying that the county seat of said county be changed to the city of Thief River Falls, which is situated in township number one hundred fifty-four north, of range forty-three west of the fifth principal meridian, in Red Lake county, Minnesota, and that a special meeting of the Board of County Commissioners of said county will be held at the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the fifth day of June, A. D. 1905 at one o'clock in the afternoon, to consider and determine as to the genuineness of the signatures to said petition, and as to the number of legal voters of said county whose genuine signatures were attached thereto within sixty days preceding the filing of said petition and affidavits in the office of the said county auditor, at which time and place any legal voter in said county may appear in person or by counsel, and be heard respecting the matters so committed to the determination of the said board.

Given under my hand and seal this 16th day of May, A. D. 1905.

COUNTY AUDITOR
RED LAKE COUNTY
MINN.

JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor,
Red Lake County,
Minnesota.

Order of Hearing on Petition for License to Sell Land.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court,
Special term April 20, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of K. O. Gigstad as administrator of said estate, representing among other things that said Nels G. Otterness at the time of his death was seized of certain real estate which is described in the petition herein, and that it is necessary to sell all of said real estate to pay the debts and legacies, and expenses of administration of said estate, and that it is for the best interests of said estate and all persons interested therein that said real estate be sold; and it appearing by such petition that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of the administrator to pay the debts outstanding against said deceased, legacies and expenses of administration, and that it is necessary to sell all of said real estate, and that it will be for the best interests of said estate and of all persons interested therein that the real estate described in the petition herein should be sold;

It is ordered, that all persons interested in said estate be and appear before this court on Tuesday, the 23rd day of May, A. D. 1905, at one o'clock p. m. of said day, at the Probate Court room in the court house in Red Lake Falls in said county and state, then and there to show cause, if any there be, why license should not be granted to said administrator to sell said real estate according to the prayer of said petition.

It is further ordered, that this order be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county and state.

Dated at Red Lake Falls this 20th day of April, A. D. 1905.

(SEAL)

N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

a29-4m20

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Department for Diseases of the Eye

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Supplement to ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR, Saturday, May 20, 1905.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS MEET.

Proceeding of County Commissioners for May Term.

Pursuant to call dated March [illegible] 1905, the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, met in special session at 11 o'clock A. M.

Present, Commissioners Johnson, Sutor, Shaw and Falaradeau.

The minutes of the meeting of March 1, 2 and 3 were read and approved.

The petition of O. N. Olson et. al for the formation of a new School District was read and arguments for and against the granting of the same were heard by the Board.

On motion carried unanimously, the prayer of the petitioners was granted and the following order made:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Red Lake }

The petition of O. N. Olson and others, who constitute a majority of the freeholders who are legal voters residing in the district hereinafter described, asking that the same be formed into a School District, having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners of said Red Lake County, and the County Superintendent of Schools having endorsed on such petition his written approval thereof; and it appearing that there are within such Districts so to be formed the required number of residents between five and twenty-one years of age;

Now, said petition having been publicly read at a meeting of said Board of County Commissioners, held on the first day of May, 1905, and it having been duly considered by said Board,

It is by said Board ordered, that a School District be, and the same is hereby formed within the Towns of Rocksbury and Smiley in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

All of Sections one (1) and Twelve (12), the East one half of Section Two (2) and the north-east quarter of Section Eleven (11) in township One Hundred fifty-three (153), Range Forty-three (43).

All of Sections Seven (7) and Eighteen (18) and the West one half of Section Seventeen (17) in Township One Hundred fifty-three (153), Range Forty two (42).

The same to be School District No. "26" in said County.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, at a meeting held May 1, 1905.

O. J. JOHNSON,
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners.
[Seal] Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
Auditor, Red Lake County.

The petition of Ole L. Ottum and others, for the formation of a new School District was read, and arguments for and against granting the same were heard by the Board. On motion carried unanimously the prayer of the petitioners was granted and the following order was made:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

The petition of Ole L. Ottum and others, who constitute a majority of the freeholders who are legal voters residing in the district hereinafter described, asking that the same be formed into a School district, having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners of said Red Lake County, and the County Superintendent of Schools having endorsed on such petition his written approval thereof; and it appearing that there are within such District so to be formed the required number of residents between five and twenty-one years of age:

Now said petition having been publicly read at a meeting of said Board of County Commissioners, held on the 1st day of May, 1905 and it having been duly considered by said Board.

It is by said Board ordered, that a School District be, and the same is hereby formed within the Town of Silverton in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

All of Section Nineteen (19), Twenty (20), Twenty-one (21), Twenty-eight (28), Twenty-nine Thirty (30) and Thirty-one (31), the North one half of Sections Thirty-two (32) and Thirty-three (33) all in township One hundred fifty-four (154), Range Forty-two (42), the same to be School District No. "28" in said County.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, at a meeting held May 1st, 1905.

O. J. JOHNSON,
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners.
(Seal) Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor.

The petition of A. B. Newton and others for the formation of a new school district was read and arguments for and against the granting of same were heard by the Board, on motion carried unanimously, the prayer of the petitioners was granted and the following order was made:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

The petition of A. B. Newton and others, who constitute a majority of the freeholders who are legal voters residing in the District hereinafter described, asking that the same be formed into a School district, having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners of said Red Lake County, and County Superintendent of Schools having endorsed on such petition his written approval thereof; and it appearing that there are within such district so to be formed the required number of resident between five and twenty-one years of age: Now said petition having been publicly read at a meeting of said Board of County Commissioners, held on the 1st day of May, 1905, and it having been duly considered by said Board,

It is by said Board ordered, that a School district be, and the same is hereby formed within the Towns of Smiley and Silverton in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

The South one half of Section Thirty-two (32) the south one half of section thirty-three (33) in Township One Hundred fifty-four (154), Range Forty-two (42), and all of section Four (4), Five, (5), eight (8) and Nine (9) in township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) Range Forty-two (42), the same to be known and numbered as School District No. "30" in said County.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, at a meeting held May 1st, 1905.

O. J. JOHNSON,
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners.
(Seal)
Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor.

The petition of M. T. Wold and others for the formation of a new School district was read and no one appearing to be heard for or against the granting of the same, on motion carried unanimously the following order was made:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

The petition of M. T. Wold and others, who constitute a majority of freeholders who are legal voters residing in the District hereinafter described, asking that the same be formed into a School district, having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners of said Red Lake County and the County Superintendent of Schools having endorsed on such petition his approval thereof; and it appearing that there are within such District so to be formed the required numbered of residents between five and twenty-one years of age;

Now, said petition having been publicly read at a meeting of said Board of County Commissioners held on the 1st day of May, 1905, and it having been duly considered by said board,

It is by said board, ordered, That a School District be, and the same is hereby formed within the Town of North in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, bounded and decribed as follows, to-wit:

The east one half of the South-east quartr and lots Seven (7), Eight (8) and Nine (9) o Tection Nine (9), the South one half of Section lese(1c), the South one half of Section Eleven [11], the South one half of Section Twelve (12), All of Sections Thirteen (13), Fourteen (14) and Fifteen (15), the East one half of the North-east quarter and the East one half of the South-east quarter and the East one half of the South-east quarter and Lots Six (6), Seven (7), Eight (8) and Nine (9) of Section Sixteen (16), Lots Three (3) Four (4) and Five (5) of Section Twenty-one (21) and the East one half of Section Twenty-two (22) and the East one half of the North-east quarter and the East one half of the South-east quarter and Lots three [3], Four (4) Five (5) and Six (6) of Section Twenty-two (22) and all of Sections Twenty-three (23) and Twenty-four (24) in Township One hundred Fifty-four [154], Range Forty-three (43), the same to be school district No. "29" in said County.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota at a meeting held May 1st, 1905.

O. J. JOHNSON,
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners.
[Seal] Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor.

The petition of H. A. Helgeson and others for a new School District was read and no one appearing to be heard for or against the granting of the same on motion duly carried the following order was made:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

The petition of H. A. Helgeson and others who constitute a majority of the freeholders who are legal voters residing in the district hereinafter described, asking that the same be formed into a School District, having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners of said Red Lake County, and the County Superintendent of Schools having endorsed on such petition his written approval thereof; and it appearing that there are within such District so to be formed the required number of residents between five and twenty-one years of age:

Now, said petition having been publicly read at a meeting of said Board of County Commissioners on the 1st day of May, 1905, and it having been duly considered by said Board,

It is said board ordered, That a School District be, and the same is hereby formed within the Town of Smiley in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

All of section one [1], Two [2], Three [3], Eleven [11] and Twelve [12] all that portion of sections Ten [10], thirteen [13], Fourteen [14], Fifteen [15], Twenty-three (23) and Twenty-four (24) lying north of Red Lake River in Twp. 153, Range 42 in said County, the same to be School District No. "31" in said County.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, at a meeting held May 1st, 1905.

O. J. JOHNSON,
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners
[Seal] Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor.

On motion carried unanimously, the application of M. J. Ford for correction of assessment and real estate taxes for the year 1904, was granted subject to the approval of the State Auditor.

Commissioner Shaw offered the following resolution and moved its adoption:

Resolved, that the sum of $290 be and is hereby appropriated from the County Road & Bridge Fund to aid the Village of Plummer in the construction of a wooden bridge across the Clearwater River in said Village, the same to be paid to the Treasurer of said village out of any available funds in the County Treasury when the proper bond is filed with the County Auditor.

The foregoing resolution was adopted by unanimous vote.

On motion duly carried the application of Louisa F. Douglas for correction of assessment and abatement of real estate taxes for the year 1904 was granted subject to the approval of the State Auditor.

On motion duly carried the application of K. K. Kinslea, T. G. Kinslea and Lettie Kinslea for correction of assessment, and abatement of real estate taxes for the year 1904 was granted subject to the approval of the State Auditor.

On motion duly carried the application of C. A. Chelin for correction of assessment and abatement of taxes on real estate for the year 1904 granted subject to the approval of the State Auditor.

The application of Ingvald Husby for Auctioneer's license was read and on motion carried unanimously the same was granted.

The application of Patrick Moylan for abatement of Personal property taxes for the year 1904, was granted subject to approval of the State Auditor.

On motion duly carried the purchasing committee was instructed to purchase twelve Birth and Death Registers.

A recess was taken to May 2, 1905.

May 2, 1905; the Board reconvened with all members present.

The petition of Carl Magnell and others for a new School District was read and no one appearing to be heard for or against the granting of the same, on motion duly carried the same was granted and the following order was made:

STATE OF MINNESOLA, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

The petition of Carl Magnell and others, who constitute a majority of the freeholders who are legal voters residing in the District hereinafter described, asking that the same be formed into a School District, having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners of said Red Lake County, and the County Superintendent of Schools having endorsed on such petition his written approval thereof; and it appearing that there are within such District so to be formed the required number of residents between five and twenty-one years of age;

Now, said petition having been publicly read at a meeting of said Board of County Commissioners held on the 2nd day of May, 1905, and it having been duly considered by said Board.

It is by said Board ordered, that a school District be, and the same is hereby formed with Township 152, Range 41, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

All of sections Twenty-two (22), Twenty-three (23), Twenty-four (24), Twenty-five (25), Twenty-six (26) and Twenty-seven (27), the north one-half of Section Thirty-six (36), the North-west quarter of the South-east quarter and the North one-half of the South-west quarter and lots two (2), five (5), Six (6) and seven (7) of Section Thirty-six [36], the north one half of Section Thirty-five (35), the north-east quartet of the South-west quarter and lots one (1), five (5), Eight (8) and Eleven (11) of Section Thirty-five and the North-east quarter of the North-east quarter and lots two (2), Three (3), five (5), Six (6), Seven and Ten (10) of Section Thirty-four (34) all in township One Hundred Fifty-two (152), Range Forty-one (41), the same to be School District No. "32" in said County.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, at a meeting held May 2, 1905.

O. J. JOHNSON,
Chairman, Board County Commissioners.
(Seal) Attest, JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor, Red Lake County.

The application of H. A. Johnson for license to sell intoxicating liquors in the Town of Polk Centre was read and on motion carried, said license was ordered to be issued on the filing of Statutory bond.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Shaw was duly carried:

Be it resolved that the sum of $100 be and is hereby appropriated from the County Road & Bridge Fund to aid in grading the highway between Section 31 in Twp. 154, Range 43 and Sec. 6 in Twp. 153, Range 43 and between Sec. 36 in Twp. 154, Range 44 and Sec. 1 in Twp. 153, Range 44 and that said amount be paid to the Treasurer of the Town of North out of any funds in the County Treasury available for that purpose when the proper bond has been filed with County Auditor.

The petition of Peter Lefaivre and others for a new School District to be composed of the following territory, to-wit:

All of Section 13, 23, 24 and 25 and the South one-half of Section 14 in Twp. 150, Range 43, the South one half and the North-west quarter of Section 18, the north one-half of Section 19, the north-west quarter of Section 30 the South half of the Southwest quarter and the south half of the south-east quarter of section 17 and the north half of the north-west quarter and the north half of the north-east quarter of section 20 in Twp. 150, Range 42, was read and after hearing the arguments in the matter, on motion carried unanimously, the said petition was rejected.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Shaw, was adopted by unanimous vote:

Resolved, that the sum of $100 be and is hereby appropriated from the County Road and Bridge Fund to aid in grading the highway between sections 25 and 36, 26 and 35 and 27 and 34 in Twp. 154, Range 42 in Red Lake County.

The petition of R. A. Kromer and others for the organization of Township 154, North, of Range 41 West in Red Lake County, Minn., was read and on motion carried unanimously, the following order organizing said Town was made:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

Upon receiving the petition of a majority of the legal voters of Congressional Township No. 154 North of Range No. 41 West, in said County, asking that the same be organized as a Town under the Township organization law, be named "Clover Leaf", we the Board of County Commissioners of said County did, on the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1905, proceed to fix and determine the boundaries of such new Town and to name the same "Clover Leaf" in accordance with the expressed wishes of said petitioners, and designate the residence of Joseph Duchamp on the north-east quarter of section 15 in said Town as the place for holding the first Town meeting in such town, the same to be held on Monday the 22nd day of May, 1905 for the purpose of electing one Chairman of Supervisors, two Supervisors, one one Town Clerk; one Treasurer, one Assessor, two Justices of the Peace and two Constable to serve until the next annual town meeting, and designate, R. A. Kromer, Johan Engebritson and Joseph Duchamp as Judges of election.

The boundaries of said Town of Clover Leaf as fixed and established by us are as follows:

Beginning at the north-east corner of the south-east quarter of section 12 in township 154, North, of range 41 west, in said county, thence west on the quarter section line to the north-west corner of the south-west quarter of Section 7 in said town and range, thence south along the township line to the south-west corner of the south-west quarter of Section 31 in said town and range, thence east to the South-east corner of the south-east quarter of section 36 in said Town and range, thence north along the town line of the place of beginning.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota at a meeting held May 2nd, A. D. 1905.

O. J. JOHNSON,
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners.
(Seal) Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor, and Ex-officio Clerk of the Board

A petition asking that that portion of township 152 north, of Range 42 West in Red Lake County, be attached to and made a part of the Town of Wyandotte was presented to the Board and on motion carried unanimously the following order was made:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

Upon receiving a petition signed by a majority of the legal voters residing within the unorganized territory of Congressional Township 152 North, of Range 42 west, in said County, and a petition signed by a majority of the legal voters of the organized Town of Wyandotte in said County, accompanied by the proper affidavits as required by law, asking that the said unorganized territoey be annexed and attached to the said Town of Wyandotte, the same being and adjoining Town, we, the Board of County Commissioners of said County, did on the 2nd day of May, 1905, after careful consideration of the matter, grant the request contained in said petitions, and the said unorganized territory is hereby attached to and made a part of the said Town of Wyandotte.

The boundaries of said Town of Wyandotte as fixed and established by us are as follows:

Beginning at the south-east corner of the south-east quarter of section 36 in Township 152 north of range 42 West, in said County, running thence North to the north-east corner of the north-east quarter of section 1, Town and Range as aforesaid, thence west on the Town line to the north-west corner of the North-west quarter of section 6, Town and Range aforesaid, thence south along the Town line to the south-west corner of the south-west quarter of section 31, Town and Range aforesaid, thence east along the Town line to the place of beginning, being all the territory lying and being all the territory lying and being within said Red Lake County, in Township 152 North of Range 42 West.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota at a meeting held the 2nd day of May, 1905.

O. J. JOHNSON,
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners
Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and ex-officio Clerk of the Board.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Shaw and unanimously adopted.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Red Lake }

Whereas, It appears from a report from the State Auditor to the Auditor of said County, that, at the time of the organization of the Township of BIG BEND in said County, at the January, 1905, meeting of this Board, there was in this State another Township of that name.

Therefore be it resolved, that we, the board of County Commissioners of said County, hereby proceed to change and altar the name of said Township of Big Bend in said county, (the same being Township 153, north, of range 42, west,) to the name of Smiley and that said township is hereby designated and named Smiley.

Commissioner Sutor offered the following resolution and the same was unanimously adopted.

Resolved, that the sum of $50 be and is hereby appropriated out of the county road and bridge fund to aid the Town of Red Lake Falls in grading the highway between section 1 in township 151, range 36 and section 6 in township 151, range 44, the same to be paid out of any funds in the county treasury available for that purpose when the said grade is completed.

A petition signed by W. A. Swanson and others for the formation of a new school district to be composed of sections 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 16, 17 and 18 in township 152, range 40 was presented to the board and hearing on said was set for Tuesday, July 11, 1905 and notices issued accordingly.

The application of D. N. Winton for correction of assessment and abatement of taxes was on motion duly carried, rejected.

The application of Peter Ninnesgern for correction of assessment and abatement of taxes, was on motion rejected.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Sutor was unanimously adopted

Resolved, that the sum of $30 be and is hereby appropriated out of the county road and bridge fund to aid the town of Black River in grading the highway between sections 26 and 35 in said town, the same to be paid to the treasurer of said town out of any money in the county treasury available for that purpose, when the proper bond is filed with the county auditor.

The application of C. W. Nelson for license to operate a ferry across Red Lake River at a point on quarter section line, where said quarter section line intersects the said Red Lake river, between Govt. Lots 5 and 8 in section 21 in township 153, range 41 in Red Lake county, was placed before the board and on motion carried unanimously said license was granted for a term of five years, the fee for same to be $5 per annum. The fees authorized to be charged for the use of said ferry to be as follows:

For teams and single rigs 25 cts. For foot passengers 15 cts. where two trips are necessary, and 10 cts. for single trips.

The petitions of Martin Moylan, John Longren, Nils Myrin and W. O. Long asking that they with their lands be attached to Independent School District No. 18 in Red Lake County was placed before the board and on motion duly carried a day of hearing on said was set for July 11, 1905.

Commissioner Sutor offered the following resolution and moved its adoption:

Resolved, that the sum of $75 be and is hereby appropriated out of the County Road and Bridge Fund to aid the Town of Numedal in grading the highway running east and west on the north line of Sections 25, 26, 27, 28, 29 and 30 in said town, the same to be paid the said town of Numedal out of any funds in the county treasury available for such purposes, when the proper bond is filed by the treasurer of said town.

The foregoing resolution was adopted by unanimous vote.

The petition of George Singer and others asking for the organization of Township 152, Range 40 in Red Lake County was read and on motion carried unanimously the following order organizing said town was made:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Red Lake.

Upon receiving the petition of a majority of the legal voters of the Congressional Township 152 North, of Range 40 West, in said County, asking that the same be organized as a new town under the township organization law, to be named Deer Park, we the Board of County Commissioners of said county did on the second day of May, 1905, proceed to fix and determine the boundries of such new town and to name the same "Deer Park" in accordance with the expressed wishes of the petitioners and to designate the residence of George Singer in said township as the place of holding the first town meeting in said town, the same to be held on the 22nd day of May, A. D. 1905 for the purpose of electing one chairman of Supervisors, two Supervisors, one Town Clerk, one Treasurer, one Assessor, two Justices of the Peace and two Constables to serve until the next annual Town Meeting, and designate George Singer, William A Swanson and H. M. Lillo as Judges of said Election.

The boundaries of said Town of Deer Park as fixed and established by us are as follows:

Beginning at the North-east corner of the North-east quarter of Section 1, in Township 152 North of Range 40 West in said County, thence West to the North-west corner of the North-west quarter of Section 6 in said Town and Range thence South along the Town line to Clearwater River, thence in an easterly direction along the Clearwater River to the Township line at a point on the East one half of the North-east quarter of Section 35 in said Town and Range, thence North on the Town line to the place of beginning.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota at a meeting held May 2nd, 1905.

O. J. JOHNSON,
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners.
(SEAL) Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio Clerk of Board.

On motion duly carried a recess was taken to May 3.

May 3, 1905, the Board reconvened with all members present except Commissioner Falardeau

On motion duly carried, bills were audited and allowed as follows:

Harman & Dow Co., 2000 Del. Tax Statement and receipts, $52 allowed at	$ 26 00
Free Press Printing Co., Blanks & Doc. Envelopes	11 25
Geo. D. Barnard & Co., Assessment Books & blanks, & Gumed Leather Labels	87 85
C. F. Greenwood, Eyelets and Postal Scale	5 25
Miller-Davis Printing Co., Blanks	13 75
W. M. Welch & Co., Supplies for Co. Sup't $27, allowed at	20 20
Pioneer Press Co., Blanks and Mortgage Record	31 20
McGill-Warner Co., 1 Reg. fee Book	17 50
John E. King, Stationery and supplies for Co. Offices	75 50
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Stationery for Co. offices	63 00
Joseph Perrault, Clerk's fees, Del Real estate tax proc.	243 50
Joseph Perrault, Filing bonds and oaths of Town officers	4 90
Joseph Perrault, Misc. Fees of Clerk of Court	23 90
D. Linnihan, Sheriff's fees, State of Minn., vs Jalmer Carlson, Carl Engen, Cyrus Rockstad, Frank Gardner, Jas. Torgerson, Knut Torgerson and H. W. Lee	13 00
D. Linnihan, Sheriff's fees summoning Grand & Petit Jurors	117 65
D. Linnihan, Boarding Prisoners	39 33
Oscar Carlson, Constable fees, State vs. Knut and Jas. Torgerson	9 10
Geo. Jarman, Dpty. Sheriffs fee, State vs. Chas. Gardner	19 13
" " bringing witnesses before Grand Jury	12 00
" " " Dpty. Sheriffs fees Henry W. Lee and P. Engelstad, vs. Board of Co. Comr's	3 60
Geo Jarman Dpty. Sheriffs fees, State vs. Peter Rochefort	2 00
Joseph Belair, Coroners fees in the matter of the death of Norman Shanon and W. A. Crawford	24 05
Frank Jeffers, Recording bonds of Town Treasurers, County Surveyor and making list of real estate mortgages for assessment	40 45
Torrison Bros., Undertakers fees, in the matter of the death of W. A. Crawford	40 50
Red Lake Falls Elec. Lights in Court House and Jail Feb. and March, 1905	27 20
Swan Akenson, 15 cords Poplar Wood	41 25
Adam Zeh, Premium on $1500 insurance, on Court house	39 50
John Grady Premium on $500 insurance, on Jail	5 00
Red Lake Falls Telephone Exch. Rent of Telephones March and April, 1905	10 00
D. Linnhan, amount paid for long district Telephone calls	3 60
Frank Jeffers, Amt. paid for postage and Gov't Envelopes	14 15
K. M. Hansen, Co. Treas. amt. paid for postage and Gov't Envelopes	33 55
James E. Ford, do	21 20
Dr. J. C. Wilkinson, Med. attendance on Knut Torgerson a prisoner, $7 50 allowed at	5 00
Peter Nimesgern, Cleaning 5 chimneys in court house	2 00
H. E. Albue, services as Fire warden, Town of Numedal	1 50
Swan Englund, do	1 50
Emil Carlson, do	1 50
Selmer Olson, do	75
Fred Roesner, do	1 50
Louis Olson, do	75
Nils Berggren, do	2 00
Erick Olbue, do	1 50
Oscar Larson, do	1 50
Magnus Winberg, do	8 00
Theodore Syverson, do	75
Thorald Waslie, do	1 50
Thief River Press, Pub. notice teachers exam. $4, allowed, at	1 00
King & Chase, Publishing Commissioners proceedings and other official notices	37 80
L. Philion, cleaning county jail	3 00
James Sutor, Attending meeting of Board of County Commissioners and services on Co. Road and Bridge Committee 7 days 120 miles	32 00
Wm. C. L. Demann, do 5 days 88 miles	23 80
O. J. Johnson do 4 days 65 miles	18 50
Daniel Shaw, attending meeting of Board of County Comr's., 3 days, 40 miles	13 00
Daniel Shaw, Posting notices of hearing on School District petitions	4 50

The bill of McGill-Warner Co. for Classification Registers was on motion rejected.

The following bills were laid over:

Nick Helm, painting bridge sign	10 00
Free Press Printing Co., Deduction on bill	12 33
Erick Iverson, Meals for Knut and Jas. Torgerson	1 00
Ole Skarhaug, Guarding Knut and Jas. Torgerson	2 00
Oscar Carlson, livery hire for conveying Knut and Jas. Torgerson to Co. Jail	11 80
W. A. Schreiter, Medicine	2 30

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned sine die.

O. J. JOHNSON,
Chairman, Board, Co. Commissioners.
Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor.

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

Great Northern Time Table.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at St. Hilaire.

PASSENGER

8:00 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
9:25 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
9:55 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
10:20 am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30 pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10 am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	
Carl Johnson	
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James F. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

J. J. Soll, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.

Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE
Veterinary
Surgeon.
Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham
St. Hilaire, - Minn.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Miss Anna Hall made a short visit to Crookston last Tuesday.

H. D. Pettibone made a short business trip to Crookston last Wednesday.

County Supt. McAnulty was here yesterday on one of his inspection tours.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

The concert last Tuesday evening at Imperial hall was not very well patronized.

Marshal Remington has a crew of men at work fixing up the rickety sidewalks.

Mrs. P. Thune and Mrs. O. Torkelson went to Grand Forks Monday to visit relatives.

There will be services next Sunday evening at 8 o'clock at the Norwegian Synod church.

S. A. Swanson, the Red Lake Falls machine man, was a business visitor here on Tuesday.

George Frick, the well known representative of the Fosston Woolen Mills, was here yesterday.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls will be at his office in St. Hilaire on June 3rd and 4th.

Crookston had a high water scare last week and the saw mill was shut down for two shifts.

Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Quamen are here this week from Whynot, N. D., visiting relatives and friends.

J. B. Armstrong, the well known and popular Red Lake Falls merchant, was a caller here Thursday.

Miss Carrie Hoff went down to Crookston last Tuesday to take in the 17th of May celebration.

Miss Mabel Evenson, of Thief River Falls, was here last Sunday as the guest of the Misses Hoff.

Mrs. John Christie returned on Thursday from Crookston where she had made a short visit with friends.

A. Lord, of Bemidji, the Crookston Lumber company representative, was here a couple of days this week.

For sale or trade, a four-horse steam power wood saw, complete. For particulars inquire of Dr. C. E. Higbie.

Dr. J. P. Normann, oculist and optician, will be at Dr. Cummings' office in St. Hilaire on Thursday, June 1st.

Edward Mills, the Great Northern Master Carpenter, was here yesterday. He was inspecting the line with a new speeder.

L. M. Roland and wife went down to Crookston Tuesday evening to take in the celebration and visit with their daughter.

Wanted:—200 head of cattle and horses to pasture this season. Good grass and plenty of water. Inquire of R. J. McKercher.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Julius Pleth is offering prizes amounting to $82.50 to the patrons of the Plummer creamery who take the best care of their cows this summer.

Miss Tessie L. Hughes left last Thursday for St. Paul where she will at once commence her new duties as stenographer for the State Librarian, John E. King.

Henry Miller, who has been working on the Soo grade east of Warren, returned home yesterday. They have finished their work and will move into North Dakota.

The heavy rains last week have done little if any damage to the crops and the cool weather is bringing everything out fine. Prospects were never better at this time of the year for a big crop.

Hail is forty times greater than the fire hazard to farm property. For reliable protection insure in State Farmers Mutual Hail Insurance Co., of Waseca, Minn. Losses always paid in full. Responsible agents for 1905 wanted. Write today. m27

David Berger, the well known Rocksbury farmer, left last evening for St. Paul where he goes to see his mother who is one hundred and two years of age and in poor health. He has not seen or heard of her for nearly twenty years and recently learned of her whereabouts through an advertisement in a Scandinavian paper.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

The fair given by the ladies of the M. E. church last Friday evening was a decided success both social and financial. The enterprising ladies succeeded in taking in over one hundred dollars.

The White Earth Indians will come over and play a game of base ball next Sunday with the Thief River Falls team. It should prove an interesting game and quite a number from here will attend.

The many friends of Samuel M. Dainard, now of Monroe, Washington, will be pleased to learn that Sam has become a grandfather. It sounds rather strange, but "Here's looking at you, Grandpa."

For Rent:—320 acres with pasture for hay or grazing purposes, being the south half of section 1-152-44, adjoining St. Hilaire. For further particulars call on Peter Lundberg, K. O. Gigstad, or address H. C. L. Stoll, Joliet, Illinois.

The band boys are showing commendable enterprise in cleaning out the grove near the depot. They intend to fix it up in first class shape, put in a band stand, and a lot of benches and give open air concerts this summer. May they prosper.

Lewis Larson left last Tuesday for Devil's Lake, N. D., with a couple of cars of horses and fifteen men. On Wednesday Wm. Eikhoff took about a dozen men to Crookston and sent them out to join the crew. They have already started at work on their railroad grading contract.

At the annual meeting of the fire department last Tuesday evening the old officers were re-elected as follows: Chas. Fellman, chief; R. H. Duntley, assistant chief; A. F. Lang, secretary; B. E. Burkee, treasurer. Carl Johnson was chosen as a delegate to the state convention at Litchfield.

We will take your butter, eggs and produce and at all times allow you the highest market prices for the same. We assure you that you'll get the right goods at the right prices at all times. The stock is new and fresh and has just arrived from the city markets.—L. M. Rolland & Sons, dealers in meats and groceries, St. Hilaire, Minn.

Seargent Christ Wiste returned last Wednesday from Fort Columbus, Washington, where he has been stationed for the past three years. He has served his full three years in the artillery branch of the service and has three months to decide whether he will go back to the service or not. Christ is visiting with old friends and has not yet decided what he will do.

The first base ball excursion of the season occurred last Sunday. The Crookston league team together with the band and about one hundred and fifty citizens passed through here last Sunday morning for Thief River Falls where they played the local team. Red Lake Falls was represented by a large number and about sixty went up from here. The game was exciting and fairly well played and resulted in a victory for the Crookston team. Score, 7 to 3.

Miss Eva Johnson entertained about twenty ladies at her home last Wednesday evening in honor of Miss Tessie L. Hughes, who was departing for St. Paul. A pleasant evening was spent at entertaining games. Each guest was furnished with a large piece of cardboard and required to draw a picture of some animal. The Spectator was favored with some of these drawings and we can state without stuttering that the artistic spirit displayed was something remarkable.

The marriage of Andrew Larson to Miss Isabelle Kohmer occurred a week ago Wednesday at the home of the groom at Bemidji. Rev. John B. Smith performed the ceremony and Ernest Kohmer and Miss Isabelle Larson were the bridegroom and bridesmaid respectively. Both the contracting parties are well known here. The groom is a millwright at the plant of the Crookston Lumber company at Bemidji and the bride has been prominent in social circles in that city for several months past.

Alma (Kan.) Signal: If you send a package marked "Handle With Care" by freight, the railway employes will take every opportunity to tumble it around and dump it on the depot platform as though it were a bale of hay. We once saw a railroad employe so sick he could scarcely hold up his head, but when his wandering eye happened to fall on a package marked "Handle With Care," he arose with an expiring effort and threw the blamed thing the length of the depot platform, danced upon it, then shrieked and died.

Auction Social.

There will be an ice cream social and sewing society auction at the Mission church at 8 o'clock Saturday evening, May 27. All are cordially invited to attend.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

The 4th!

WILL ST. HILAIRE CELEBRATE the 4th of JULY THIS YEAR?

It is time the matter was considered and some action taken. Talk it over, and decide at once.

START A NEW LODGE

The Modern Brotherhood of America Will Install Here Next Month.

D. D. Horton, organizer for the Modern Brotherhood of America, has been here the past week in the interest of that order and has already secured sufficient signers to insure a lodge being instituted here in the near future. It is a fraternal order which has mutual life insurance for principal aim and although comparatively new is growing rapidly in favor. The accident and endowment features of the policies are new in mutual insurance together with the fact that ladies are admitted makes it popular, and about thirty have signified their intention of being members.

To Take the Census.

The following is a list of enumerators appointed to take the census of Red Lake county. They will commence work on the 1st of June and are expected to have their work completed in that month. The list is as follows:

Norden and Numedahl—H.E. Albue.
North—G. K. Haavi.
City of Thief River Falls—Alex Sweaas.
Sanders—N. K. Anderson.
Rocksbury—F. L. Sathre.
St. Hilaire Village and River Falls—A. F. Lang.
Wyandotte—H. R. Kolseth.
Louisville—J. F. Mathews.
Red Lake Falls tp.—J. H. Lasha.
Gervais and Emardville—A. J. Hempstad.
Garnes—Ole N. Skommedal.
Equality—H. C. Iverson.
Lake Pleasant—Moses Ducharme.
Terrebonne—J. L. Cossette.
Poplar River—Rock Fortier.
Lambert—Louis Falardeau.
Red Lake Falls city—Joseph Belair.
Townships 152-39, 152-40 and that part of 154-40 south of Clearwater river—Olaf Tande.
Townships 153-39, 153-40, 154-39 and 154-40—Peter C. Wold.
All of 153-41, 153-42, 154-41 and 154-42—Warren E. Wood.
Black River—Ed. Enright.
Polk Center—Gunnard Lindquist.
Bray—Emil Larson.

Old Settler Gone.

Died:—On Saturday, May 13, 1905, Johannes E. Hendrickson, aged 52 years.

Johannes E. Hendrickson was born at Holmestrand, Norway, on Sept. 10, 1853, where he lived until 1880 when he was married to Miss Trena Peterson, they emigrating to this country the same year and settling in Otter Tail county, where they lived two years. In 1882 Mr. Hendrickson took a homestead in section 30, of Rocksbury, and has made this section his home ever since. About five years ago he moved to this village and started a butcher shop. Later he became associated with A. S. Wilson and they also started a shop at Thief River Falls. Mr. Hendrickson had many warm friends who sincerely mourn his death. The funeral took place last Monday from the Norwegian Lutheran church, Rev. Lillehei officiating.

Fatigue Cause of Accidents.

That a tired man is much more apt to meet with accidents than one in full possession of his strength, physical and mental, has been shown conclusively by a series of statistics collected in Paris. These figures show that few accidents occur in the early hours of the day or right after the noon hour of rest, but that they increase enormously toward evening and when people are tired. This means but one thing—golden grain belt beer to keep the world fresh and strong. "Never let yourself grow weary" is more than an idle song. Use this delicious tonic and be healthy, strong and happy. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

The Tax Dodgers.

The Hannay-Thompson tax dodging cases came up before Judge Watts at Red Lake Falls last Tuesday evening. Recorder Gigstad, H. A. Johnson, of Wylie, and B. E. Burkee appeared as witnesses. The would-be tax dodgers made no claim whatever except that they were not legally notified. They have no justification whatever except that they hate to part with the money and want their neighbors to help. The court took the matter under advisement and a decision will be rendered in a few days.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

tf G. H. Sandum.

Stray Dog.

The undersigned has a brown and white pointer dog which the owner can have by paying for his keeping and this notice. Chas. Fellman.

For Sale.

A 5-room house with cistern and five lots on Water street for sale on easy terms. Good barn on premises. Inquire of P. N. Anderson. 4

The Oliver Typewriter received the Gold Medal at the World's Fair, St. Louis. Send for handsomely illustrated art catalog which tells why.

The Oliver Typewriter Co.,
332, Hennepin Ave.,
tf Minneapolis, Minn.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

DRAWS FIRST BLOOD

In County Seat Matter.—Thief River Falls Wins the Decision.

On last Monday Judge William Watts at Crookston handed down a decision denying the application of Red Lake Falls parties for a permanent injunction restraining the county auditor from calling a meeting of the county board to consider the county seat removal petition. The court held that the duties of the county auditor were not optional but mandatory and that the auditor must act whether the petition was legal or not or not prepared in legal manner. In other words the matter is for the county commissioners and not the auditor to decide.

The temporary injunction is vacated and the auditor compelled to call a special meeting of the board, which he has already done, for the 5th of June. This does not however, indicate that an election will soon follow or that the legal complications are at an end. In fact they have not fairly got started yet and the end is a long ways off.

Get Large Railroad Contract.

Contractors Eikhoff and Larson, the well known ditching and railroad contractors, have secured the contract for a large portion of the Starkweather branch of the Great Northern to be built this summer, says the Crookston Journal, and passed through the city this morning on their way west to arrange for the beginning of operations.

Messrs. Eikhoff and Larson came in from Neillsville where they have had their large crews at work on a big ditch during the past few weeks and the scene of their activity will be shifted to Dakota immediately. The contract secured is a large one and will keep the members of the firm and their employees busy during the next four months.

"The present weather if it continues will make the undertaking a very successful one" said Mr. Eikhoff at the depot "but more of last week's downpour will make any kind of railroad work nearly impossible for some little time to come."

June 14th—Flag Day.

June 14 will be Flag day and the 188th anniversary of the adoption of the stars and stripes as the flag of the United States. For several years the day has been observed as a national anniversary by many states and communities, and the custom has spread with great rapidity, until there is barely a town that does not give patriotic thought to Old Glory on the day.

Mayors and school officers are appealed to by the American Flag association an organization formed "to promote reverance for and prevent desecration of the flag of our country," to help make observance more general this year than ever before. It is desired that flags be displayed on all public buildings and upon private residences. Appropriate exercises in the public schools are requested, and these are outlined in a circular mailed by the Flag association.

Lewis & Clark Exposition.

It is a noteworthy fact that the Lewis and Clark exposition is the first world's fair to be held west of the Rocky Mountains which has secured the aid of the government.

And it is also surprising what an interest is manifested in the exposition by the people of the East. They see in the exposition an opportunity to visit the western country at a greatly reduced expenditure of money, and not only see the exposition itself, but view the wonders of our western scenery, and witness the great resources of the northwest and the opportunities afforded. The Great Northern Railway passenger department has been flooded with inquiries as to the exposition, and it augurs well for a big travel through the northwest this year.

How to Get Soft Water.

The following will no doubt be interesting to our farmer readers who have cream separators, says the Clara City Herald: John Gerken informed the writer last Saturday that he used his cream separator to obtain soft water. He pours the hard water into the machine just as he would milk, first running the machine at a high speed. The soft water comes out of the milk spout, while the rest comes out of the cream spout. It seems almost incredulous that this should be so, and the dealer who handles the machine was as much surprised as we were. Our readers who have a machine might try it and see how it works.

Crookston Times: I. I. Hillestad, the Fosston merchant who had a two-page ad. in the Thirteen Towns week before last, and a full page last week, in his last ad. told of a "package shower" which was held Monday. Over fifty packages containing shoes, dress patterns, gloves, hats, and all manner of merchandise were thrown from the top of his store after the crowd for his sale had collected, and the person catching a package was the gainer. The scheme was an original one. It is noted that the Thirteen Towns has no room for ads from the catalog houses.

Unimportant Man.

Many a man goes away from home for a week and imagines that he is missed by the whole community, and when he comes home he finds that there isn't a person in town that knew he had been away.

So work the honeybees, creatures that by a rule in nature teach the act of order to a peopled kingdom.—Shakespeare.

RAPP &
POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

The Pedestal of Honor

is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.

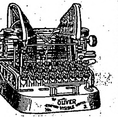
Ladies' Shoes
like ours are not to be found in every store.

HAIL INSURANCE

Do you want to insure your crops against Hail in a first class Company that always pay their losses promptly? If you do, call and see us in regard to a policy in the old and reliable St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Company.

When you buy Insurance get the best

H. E. IVES, Agent, ST. HILAIRE Minnesota



Don't buy a Typewriter on a worn-out reputation......

Investigate the merits of the

Oliver

THE STANDARD VISIBLE WRITER.

Send for a handsomely illustrated art Catalogue, free for the asking.

The Oliver Typewriter Co.
332 Hennepin Ave. :::::: Minneapolis, Minn.

Billiard and Sample Room
WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
Wines and Liquors
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
CIGARS.
BEER.
Minneapolis and Milwaukee Beer always on Tap.
"Corner Saloon" South of the Bank.

Headquarters Restaurant...
A. F. Lang Proprietor
Short Orders a Specialty.
Located in rear of J. J. Soll's Saloon.

Great Northern Railway.....
No. 3, THE "FLYER"
ONLY MORNING TRAIN
from
ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
FOR MONTANA and the PACIFIC COAST
Makes Immediate Connection with Limited and Fast Mail Trains from Chicago and the East.
EVERY DAY.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lanctot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

WINCHESTER
FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

QUICK RESULTS.

W. J. Hill, of Concord, N. C., Justice of the Peace, says: "Doan's Kidney Pills proved a very efficient remedy in my case. I used them for disordered kidneys and backache, from which I had experienced a great deal of trouble and pain. The kidney secretions were very irregular, dark colored and full of sediment. The Pills cleared it all up and I have not had an ache in my back since taking the last dose. My health generally is improved a great deal."

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents per box.

NATURE'S ESSENCE.

Extracted From Forest Plants

Nature's laws are perfect if we obey them, but disease follows disobedience. Go straight to nature for the cure, to the forest; there are mysteries here that we can fathom for you. Take the bark of the wild-cherry tree, the root of mandrake, stone root, queen's root, bloodroot and golden seal, make a scientific, non-alcoholic extract of them with just the right proportions and you have Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

It took Dr. Pierce, with the assistance of two learned chemists, eight years of hard work experimenting to make this vegetable extract and alterative of the greatest efficiency.

Just the sort of spring remedy you need to make rich, red blood, and cure that lassitude and feeling of nerve exhaustion. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery bears the stamp of PUBLIC APPROVAL and has sold more largely in the past forty years than any other blood purifier and stomach tonic. The refreshing influence of this extract is like Nature's influence—the blood is bathed in the tonic which gives life to the blood—the vital fires of the body burn brighter and their increased activity consumes the tissue rubbish which has accumulated during the winter. Doctor R. V. Pierce, the founder of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, and a physician of large experience and practice, was the first to make up an *alterative extract* of roots, herbs and barks, WITHOUT A PARTICLE OF ALCOHOL OR NARCOTICS, which purifies the blood and tones up the stomach and the entire system in Nature's own way. The "Golden Medical Discovery" is just the tissue builder and tonic you require when recovering from a hard cold, grip, or pneumonia. No matter how strong the constitution the stomach is apt to be "out of kilter" after a long, hard winter; in consequence the blood is disordered, for the stomach is the laboratory for the constant manufacture of blood. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery strengthens the stomach—puts it in shape to make pure, rich blood—helps the liver and kidneys to expel the poisons from the body. If you take this NATURAL BLOOD PURIFIER AND TONIC you will assist your system in manufacturing each day a pint of rich, arterial blood, that is stimulating to the brain and nerves. The weak, nervous, run-down, debilitated condition which so many people experience at this time of the year is usually the effect of poisons in the blood; it is often indicated by pimples or boils appearing on the skin, the face becomes thin—you feel "blue." Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery *cures* all blood humors as well as being a tonic that makes one vigorous, strong and forceful. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery STANDS ALONE as the one medicine for stomach, liver and blood disorders that has the ingredients printed upon the wrapper of every bottle leaving the great laboratory at Buffalo, N. Y., which *cures* in nature's own way; not only does it STAND ALONE in respect to its ingredients but also as the only spring tonic and reconstructive which absolutely contains *no alcohol*.

"I was taken with a severe cough, weakness in my back, a 'glimmer' over the eyes, had a bad breath, and stomach was out of order," writes H. Gaddis, of 1423 South Tanna Avenue, Tacoma, Wash. "I felt sluggish, did not care for anything, had no life, it was almost misery to move, appetite very poor. I read Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser and went right away and purchased two bottles of his 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and before I had taken all of one bottle I felt better. If any doubt the truth of this testimonial they may write to me."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets Cure Constipation.

A Leader.

Lady (engaging new cook)—And you understand that I can allow no followers?

The Candidate—Lor' bless you, ma'am, my young man ain't a follower. He's a leader. He leads the town band.

ITCHING SCALP HUMOR.

Lady Suffered Tortures Until Cured by Cuticura—Scratched Day and Night.

"My scalp was covered with little pimples and I suffered tortures from the itching. I was scratching all day and night, and I could get no rest. I washed my head with hot water and Cuticura Soap and then applied the Cuticura Ointment as a dressing. One box of the Ointment and one cake of Cuticura Soap cured me. Now my head is entirely clear and my hair is growing splendidly. I have used Cuticura Soap ever since, and shall never be without it. (Signed) Ada C. Smith, 309 Grand St., Jersey City, N. J."

He Filled the Bill.

Irate Employer—See here, you young Rip Van Winkle, I only hired you yesterday, and I believe you've been asleep ever since!

Sleepy Joe—That's what I thought you wished, sir. Here's your advertisement: "Wanted, an office boy, not over sixteen; must sleep on the premises."

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Under the Red Robe.

"Good morning, Nick."

"Good morning, Uncle Vlad. Sad times, eh?"

"Yes, indeed. But there's a silver lining to the cloud."

"How's that?"

"The life insurance agents don't come around any more."—Newark News.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Uncertainty.

"It is hard for a young man to tell just what he is fitted for."

"That is true,'" answered Mr. Stormington Barnes. "Those who see me play tragedy advise me to play comedy, and those who see me in comedy recommend tragedy."

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—MRS. THOS. ROBBINS, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

When people who are not very well acquainted begin to gossip, a boy on thin ice doesn't feel his way more carefully.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

If you have God's approval you can worry along without men's indorsement.

Most men secretly regret having resisted a temptation.

Only Once in a Lifetime.

It was a pitiful mistake, an error sad and grim. I waited for the railway train; the light was low and dim. It came at last, and from the car there stepped a dainty dame, and, looking up and down the place, she straight unto me came. "Oh, Jack!" she cried, "oh, dear old Jack!" and kissed me as she spake; then looked again, and, frightened, cried, "Oh, what a bad mistake!" I said, "Forgive me, maiden fair, for I am not your Jack; and as regards the kiss you gave, I'll straightway give it back." And since that night I've often stood upon that platform dim, but only once in a man's whole life do such things come to him.

Explained.

Why doesn't he call on her any more?

She was saying, poutingly, "I know I am not as beautiful as Gertie, but—"

When he interrupted her and said, "Well, never mind it, dear, for I—"

That's why.

Really Thrilling.

Lobbylounger—How was the play last night?

Firstniter—Wonderful! Most artistic and dramatic production seen for years. Held the audience spellbound from first to last. Why, sir, in some of the thrilling situations there were times when not a sound could be heard but the hard breathing of Othello, the suppressed sobs of Desdemona, and the conversation in the boxes.

A Burden Off His Mind.

(Scene in printing office in rural Texas.)

Printer's Devil (through a crack in the sanctum door)—Thar's a dog-gone cranky lookin' feller-citizen outside, Cunnel, that says he shore wants to see yo'.

The Editor (looking up wearily and apprehensively)—Dad burn it, what's up now, Leander?

The Devil—Says he shore bound to mop the flo' with yo', Cunnel!

The Editor (brightening and reaching for his pistol)—Ah! Is that all? I raik'n'd it was somethin' unpleasant, and was shiverin' fo' fear he was gwine to stop his paper! Tell the gentleman to step right in, Leander!

PAINFUL SCIATICA

EVERY SUFFERER WANTS THE VERY QUICKEST CURE.

Mr. Donovan Thinks the Remedy Used by Him with Such Remarkable Success the Best—Cured by Five Boxes.

"Men who have to do difficult and dangerous work on electric lines at any hour of day or night, can't afford to have anything the matter with their health," said Mr. Donovan. You can imagine, therefore, how much I was alarmed one winter's day in 1902, when I was seized by a pain just behind my right hip that made it difficult for me to walk home. It was so bad by the time I reached the house that I was obliged to go straight to bed."

"Did that relieve you?"

"No, the pain grew more severe and kept extending downward along my leg. I sent for a physician, and he soon decided that I had sciatica. In a few days the whole nerve was affected, and the least movement brought on terrible agony."

"Did your condition improve under the doctor's treatment?"

"Quite the contrary. At the end of two months I wasn't a bit better, and at times I feared that I would never be able to leave my bed."

"How did you get out again?"

"When I was lying in bed, unable to move and wasting away in flesh, a friend visited me and told me about the wonderful cures brought about by a great blood and nerve remedy, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He strongly urged me to try them, and I luckily had sense enough to take his advice."

"Did you mend quickly?"

"Yes, that was the astonishing thing. I noticed a slight improvement before I had quite finished the first box of the pills, I could get out of bed while I was on the third box, and I was entirely cured by the time I had taken five boxes."

Mr. Joseph A. Donovan is living at Plaistow, New Hampshire, and is line inspector for the Haverhill, Newton and Plaistow Electric Street Railway. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the remedy to use when the blood is thin, as in anæmia; or impure, as in rheumatism; or when the nerves are weak, as in neuralgia; or lifeless, as in partial paralysis; or when the body as a whole is ill-nourished, as in general debility. They are sold by all druggists.

AGRICULTURE

The Poorly Drained Pasture.

One has but to keep his eyes open to see that the number of pastures that are only partly drained are very numerous. Last summer we noticed one of these pastures not far from Chicago. There was an undrained pond in it and the cows were standing in the shallow water, which they had churned into a thick paste. As water, the liquid was a failure. It was simply a source of contamination to the milk supply.

We could point out pastures that for a generation have failed to provide the feed they should provide for the reason that too much water stands in them at all times of year. All around this wet area is a damp area on which grows blue flag and duck grass, neither of which is eaten or can be eaten by the cows. The land is doing its best to produce something, but the grasses that are valuable to man cannot grow in such a soil.

It is a small matter to drain such land. Usually the fall is sufficient to make it necessary only to dig a ditch through the wettest portion and draw off the water. Even the open pasture ditch is better than nothing, though this is not to be compared in serviceability to a pasture ditch that has tile in the bottom and is closed up and seeded over to grass.

Most of the poorly drained pastures have no drainage except that given them by nature. The draining that has been done on the farm has been given to the parts of the farm that are regarded as arable or that are kept in meadows and orchards. It will pay to drain the pasture as certainly as it will pay to drain the rest of the farm, though the profits from draining there may not be so great as in the case of the orchard land or the hay meadow.—Farmers' Review.

Putting in the Bean Crop.

The bean crop is always a profitable one if it is obtained in good condition and is cleaned properly. The time to plant beans is after most of the other crops have been put in. The bean will not stand frost and it is of no use to plant beans while there is still danger of even a light frost. For the same reason it is better to plant on ground that is not low and cold, for such land is affected by frosts at times when other lands escape.

Beans will grow on very poor land, but we have found that it pays to raise beans on good land also. The bean does not need a heavy application of manure. In fact, a heavy application of manure is likely to destroy the bean itself before it can develop into a plant.

Beans are planted either in the row or in the hill. Where they are planted in rows the application of manure in the row should be light. This should be tramped down and some dirt scattered over the manure to prevent the seed coming in direct contact with the manure. Then the beans should be sown and the dirt lightly scattered over them to less than a half inch in depth. This is necessary, as the bean pushes itself up through the soil, rather than remaining and sending up a sprout.

After the beans are up they should be cultivated as soon as the weeds begin to appear, but this should never be done while the dew is on the leaves. If care is not taken in this regard rust is likely to result.

Beans must be in early enough to be able to mature completely before the coming of the fall frosts. We have seen them sown after the fourth of July, make a fine growth, but get caught and be destroyed by a frost in September.

Mulching With Paper.

I have used paper for mulching to some extent and in a way find the practice is to be commended. Paper is made out of vegetable matter and there is no reason why it should not make as good a mulch as grass or straw. The principal objection is that it looks bad if it is within sight of the house, and then too if it is placed in the rows during a high wind it is hard to keep it from blowing about. Nothing looks more untidy than paper blowing about the farm.

I have a very large number of newspapers which cost me nothing. I pack them around the grape vines after I get done cultivating and this mulch stops the growth of weeds. After a rain I find the paper beaten close to the ground, and after that the wind cannot remove it. I have used it also between the rows of strawberries. When the paper is removed we find that it has not entirely stopped the growth of weeds, but they are yellow and sickly and evidently have not drawn much nourishment out of the ground. The best results have been obtained between the rows of currants. The currant bushes protect the paper from the wind till it gets packed close to the ground, and the green leaves of the bushes hide the paper from sight.—John Y. Smith, Alexander Co., Ill., in Farmers' Review.

Smut on Onions.

People that raise onions from seed sometimes notice dusty outbreak on the plants raised from seed. The fungus becomes established in the soil, and such soil should be avoided for the growing of onions from seed, though it may be used for the growing of transplanted onions. If it is necessary to continue to use the soil for the growing of onions from seed the following treatment is recommended: Mix 100 pounds of sulphur with 50 pounds of air-slaked lime. This should be the application for one acre of land and it should be sown in the drills at the time of planting the seed. The Connecticut station reports that one pound of formalin in 30 gallons of water makes a mixture that may be sprinkled over the seed before it is covered with the soil and that this will prevent the growth of the rust fungus. Some growers use a fertilizer drill and drill into the land per acre from 75 to 125 bushels per acre of ground lime. This helps to hold back the disease.

HORTICULTURE

Plant Breeding.

Plant breeding is a modern idea, though it has been practiced unscientifically for thousands of years. The breeding of plants is not exactly parallel with the breeding of animals, for crossing is not a very large factor in the work of the so-called plant breeder. Selection of the best plants for parentage is the main factor at the present time as it ever has been. Thus, the various kinds of celery that we have on our markets came from careful selection of the best in older varieties, and very seldom resulted from crossing except as nature made the crosses.

We are just at the beginning of the science of plant breeding, and will ultimately use the principle of crossing plants to get new varieties. Some remarkable things are sometimes done by means of this crossing. We have seen yellow tomatoes growing beside red tomatoes, and from the intermixing of the pollen, seed has been produced that the next year gave tomatoes the form of the yellow ones but with the rich color of the reds.

This is but an example that will illustrate the great possibilities in plant breeding. The slow progress we are making is due to the fact that we have left almost everything to nature, and nature is not interested in producing plants of unusual service to man. Nature is as much interested in a tomato as in a man, and her only plan is to preserve it on the earth.

Within the next twenty years the science of plant breeding will entirely revolutionize the conditions under which our gardening is being carried on. The vegetables that today are standard will have dropped behind and be little grown. Other varieties, better for eating or with a better appearance, will have come to the front, and we cannot but see that this change will go on indefinitely, as there seems to be no end to the possibilities in the science of plant breeding.

Barrels or Boxes.

In a communication to the Farmers' Review, David Ruble says: "Why don't the fruit dealers adopt the apple box in place of the apple barrel? The box is easier to handle, packs up in less space, does not bruise the fruit, sells better, and should not be so expensive. The lumber here (Oregon) costs but ten cents per box, and the cost of making is two cents. For holding a bushel of apples we make a box here of the following dimensions: 18 inches long, 13 inches wide and ten inches deep. We use boards cut as follows: Two boards three-fourths inch thick 13x10 inches; two boards one-half inch thick 14x19½ inches; two boards five-eighths inch thick 10x19½ inches."

We publish Mr. Ruble's figures as he gives them, but we do not quite understand the force of the last three sets of figures. The apple box is coming into use more and more, but it is evident that it will have to be made very cheap to drive out the barrel. According to the estimate of cost by Mr. Ruble, three boxes would cost 36 cents, which is about what barrels can be purchased for in some parts of the apple producing regions. The box will have to be made much cheaper than that unless barrels go still higher. Barrels have some advantages over boxes in the minds of the men that handle apples. They claim that less handling is required with barrels than with boxes, and that the barrel can be rolled while the box cannot. In loading and unloading barrels from trains and ships as well wagons many establishments have arrangements for rolling the barrels up or down inclines, which facilitate their handling. Mr. Ruble says that "the boxes pack closer," but this is used as one objection to the box by shippers of fruit, as they say there is then no room for the circulation of air around the fruit packages.—Farmers' Review.

Kerosene Emulsion.

To make kerosene emulsion use two gallons of kerosene, one-half pound common soap and one gallon of water. Dissolve the soap in hot water, add the kerosene, and churn all together until a white creamy mass is formed which thickens on cooling. This must be diluted before using by adding nine gallons of water to each one gallon of the emulsion.

Powdery Mildew of Cherry.

This disease is shown by the formation of a cobweb-like growth over the leaves, and in fall also forming numerous minute black bodies, especially on under surfaces. The disease is worst on young trees, especially in the nurseries. It is controlled by spraying with Bordeaux mixture or with Potassium Sulphide.

Hellebore.

This is one of our best insecticides for use in checking currant worm and asparagus beetle. It has the advantages of not being highly poisonous, though it is poisonous to some extent and should be kept away from children and animals. It can be scattered on the wet bushes or may be dissolved in water for sprinkling on dry bushes. This latter is probably the best way to use it and the way in which there will be least waste. It is so effective that it is a wonder that anyone will try to keep down the worms by hand-picking.

Winter or Summer Eggs.

We hear much about getting winter eggs, and yet many people make more money out of summer eggs than out of winter eggs. We visited a large poultry establishment in the latter part of the winter and found the hens not laying at all. The owner said that he was so feeding them that they would not lay till spring. He sold his eggs at several dollars per dozen to people that wanted fancy fowls and such people generally used the old hen to do their incubating. The old hen doesn't get to work until spring, and that is the time the producer of fancy eggs finds the greatest demand on him.

His One Redeeming Trait.

He was very rich, and, as is not so unusual as some think, he was successful in love. At last he had found his ideal. She was gay, frivolous and poor, and she loved the great world and its ways. Money was an object to her. There are many who do not differ from her very widely. The day for the wedding was set and he began to grow careless. She did not, because she had always been so. One day they quarreled and she said some things to him that set him to asking questions of his friends. Then he came to see her again. He was in a bad humor.

"So," he said, harshly, "you are like most women."

"I hope so," she replied.

He wasn't expecting that answer.

"You are like them in loving money," he continued.

"Well, and what of it?" she questioned, with scorn.

"Everything," he said, angrily. "You accepted me because I am rich, and are to marry me for my money."

It was a home thrust, and the girl blushed and hung her head.

"Answer me," he commanded. "Answer me, I say. Would you marry me if I had no money?"

The girl's wits returned on the instant.

"Good gracious, Mr. Cashinhand," she exclaimed, "you don't think I'd marry a man without one redeeming trait, do you?"

And Mr. C—— was sorry he hadn't stopped before he began.

Private Car Lines.

The railroads seem very willing to have the private car lines brought under the jurisdiction of the Interstate Commerce Commission. A railroad president is authority for the statement that lines are paid mileage, without discrimination, and the question of excessive charges is a matter for the shipper to settle with the car lines, so long as there is no law to govern their rates. Car mileage paying has been decided to be as legal as the payment of rental for property.

Thought He Knew Her.

Mrs. Minks—I don't want to make a scene, but that man over there is staring at me very offensively.

Mr. Minks—He is, eh? I'll speak to him.

Mrs. Minks (a few moments later)—Dod he apologize?

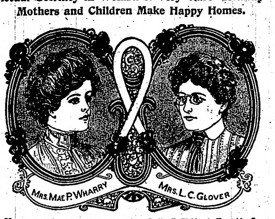
"Y-e-s; he said he was looking for his mother, and thought at first that you were she."

Many Children Are Sickly.
Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, Cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, Break up Colds and Destroy Worms. At all Druggists', 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

No intoxicant breeds such exhiliration as success.

MOTHERHOOD

Actual Sterility in Women Is Very Rare—Healthy Mothers and Children Make Happy Homes.



Many women long for a child to bless their homes, but because of some debility or displacement of the female organs they are barren.

Preparation for healthy maternity is accomplished by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound more successfully than by any other medicine, because it gives tone and strength to the entire female organism, curing all displacements, ulceration and inflammation.

A woman who is in good physical condition transmits to her children the blessings of a good constitution. Is not that an incentive to prepare for a healthy maternity?

If expectant mothers would fortify themselves with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which for thirty years has sustained thousands of women in this condition, there would be a great decrease in miscarriages, in suffering, and in disappointments at birth.

The following letters to Mrs. Pinkham demonstrate the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in such cases.

Mrs. L. C. Glover, Vice-President of Milwaukee Business Woman's Association, of 614 Grove Street, Milwaukee, Wis., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I was married for several years and no children blessed our home. The doctor said I had a complication of female troubles and I could not have any children unless I could be cured. For months I took his medicines, trying in vain for a cure, but at last my husband became disgusted and suggested that I try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; this I did, and I improved steadily in health, and in less than two years a beautiful child came to bless our home. Now we have something to live for, and all the credit is due to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

Mrs. Mae P. Wharry, Secretary of the North Shore Oratorical Society, The Norman, Milwaukee, Wis., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I was married for five years and gave birth to two premature children. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me, and I am so glad I took it, for it changed me from a weak, nervous woman to a strong, happy and healthy one within seven months. Within two years a lovely little girl was born, which is the pride and joy of our household. Every day I bless Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for the light, health and happiness it brought to our home."

If any woman thinks she is sterile, or has doubts about her ability to carry a child to a mature birth let her write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., whose advice is free to all expectant or would-be mothers. She has helped thousands of women through this anxious period.

Women suffering with irregular or painful menstruation, leucorrhœa, displacement, ulceration or inflammation of the womb, that bearing down feeling or ovarian trouble, backache, bloating or nervous prostration, should remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound holds the record for the greatest number of actual cures of woman's ills, and accept no substitute.

Many Women Have Been Benefited by Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Medicine.

Why, Indeed?

Nice Old Lady Visitor—And remember, Sissy, it is age that improves and perfects one.

Sissy—(four years old and ready to learn—Well, then, what has my baby brother got two teeth for and my gran'pa ain't got none?

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Edward Arsneau, Duluth, Minn., road grading apparatus; Axel Carlson, Ely, Minn., sash fastener; Benjamin Fowler, Minneapolis, Minn., lamp burner; Harvey Happer, Minneapolis, Minn., worm gearing; Ira Johnson, Sioux Falls, S. D., wrench; Thomas Lorenzen, Brookings, S. D., automatic feed regulator; Francis Wheaton, St. Paul, Minn., locomotive; Hubert Zins, Nicollet, Minn., valve.

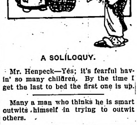
A Give Away.

"I have come," said the old subscriber, "to complain about your report of my daughter's wedding."

"What was the matter with it?" demanded the editor.

"Well, her name is Gratia, but you printed it 'Gratis.'"

"That's not so bad. She was given away, wasn't she?"



A SOLILOQUY.

Mr. Henpeck—Yes; it's fearful havin' so many children. By the time I get the last to bed the first one is up.

Many a man who thinks he is smart outwits himself in trying to outwit others.

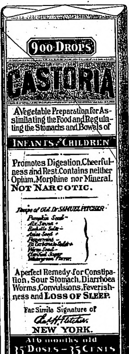
Mother's Mother's Mother
has handed down to the present generation the valuable knowledge that coughs, colds, croup, cholera-morbus, cramps, and many other common ills are promptly cured with
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
For Internal and External use.
Nothing like it to remove soreness and lameness, heal cuts, burns, bruises, etc. 25 cents, three times as much 50 cents.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE
MIXED FARMING
WHEAT RAISING
RANCHING
Three great pursuits have again shown wonderful results on the Free Homestead Lands of Western Canada this year.
Magnificent climate—farmers plowing in their shirt sleeves in the middle of November.
"All are bound to be more than pleased with the final results of the past season's harvests."—Extract.
Coal, wood, water, hay in abundance. Schools, churches, markets convenient.
Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.
Please say where you saw this advertisement.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
25 CTS.



900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES — 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Truths that Strike Home
Your grocer is honest and—if he cares to do so—can tell you that he knows very little about the bulk coffee he sells you. How *can* he know, where it originally came from, how it was blended—or with what—or when roasted? If you buy your coffee loose by the pound, how *can* you expect purity and uniform quality?

LION COFFEE, the LEADER OF ALL PACKAGE COFFEES, is of necessity uniform in quality, strength and flavor. For OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY, LION COFFEE has been the standard coffee in millions of homes.
LION COFFEE is carefully packed at our factories, and until opened in your home, has no chance of being adulterated, or of coming in contact with dust, dirt, germs, or unclean hands.
In each package of LION COFFEE you get one full pound of Pure Coffee. Insist upon getting the genuine. (Lion head on every package.)
(Save the Lion-heads for valuable premiums.)
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Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MAY 27, 1905. NUMBER 45.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

JAP SQUADRON MEETS DEFEAT

RUMOR REACHES MANILA THAT FLEETS MET SOUTH OF FORMOSA.

FORCE BATTLE IN OPEN SEA

ROJESTVENSKY STEAMS NORTHWARD, GIVING JAP ISLANDS WIDE BERTH.

BIG BATTLE AT THE FRONT

NEWS POINTS TO PROXIMITY OF FIGHTING ON A LARGE SCALE.

Manila, May 25.—There is an unconfirmed rumor here that the Russian and Japanese fleets have met south of Formosa and that the Japanese were defeated.

Give Japs a Wide Berth.

St. Petersburg, May 25.—In naval circles it is now generally assumed that Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's squadrons are in the Pacific steaming northward and giving the Pescadores, Formosa and the Luchu islands a wide berth in order to minimize the danger of a concentrated torpedo attack under cover of these islands, and to force Vice Admiral Togo, should he elect to accept battle.

To Meet Him in the Open.

All idea that the Russian admiral will attempt to force a passage of the Korean straits has been abandoned. Both the Perouse strait, between the islands of Hokkaido and Sakhalin, and the Tsugaru straits, between the islands of Hokkaido and Hondo, were reconnoitered by the cruisers and destroyers at Vladivostok and the results communicated to Admiral Rojestvensky before he left the coast of French Indo-China.

Roosevelt Told Togo May Lose.

Washington, May 25. — President Roosevelt within the last few days has had a conference with Capt. Seaton Schroeder, chief intelligence officer of the navy, on the size and efficiency of the Russian fleet in Far Eastern waters. While the exact facts communicated by Capt. Schroeder are not divulged, there is good authority for the statement that he disclosed surprising revelations to the president as to the strength of Rojestvensky's force.

It is asserted that the president was advised that the Russian fleet was 50 per cent stronger than the Japanese and that the reports of expert observers to the intelligence division here disclosed remarkable improvements in efficiency of the Russian crews through constant drilling and maneuvering. The vessels are said to be amply supplied with coal.

Fighting on a Large Scale.

St. Petersburg, May 25.—The news from the front continues to point to the proximity of fighting on a large scale. Lieut. Col. Linevitch sent Lieut. Gen. Rennenkampff's Cossacks on a darking expedition around Field Marshal Oyama's left. Rennenkampff succeeded in penetrating to the rear of the Japanese, but paid dearly, the Cossacks being badly cut up.

Many believe Gen. Linevitch is trying to take the offensive out of Field Marshal Oyama's hands.

Newspaper correspondents at the front are prevented by the censor from telegraphing any intelligent view of the situation, and this has always been the precursor of important developments.

Railroad Not Cut.

The Associated Press has been asked to deny the report telegraphed from Tokio to the London Daily Telegraph to the effect that the Japanese have cut the railroad to Vladivostok and isolated the fortress.

Asks Recall of Kuropatkin.

London, May 25.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times says that Lieut. Gen. Linevitch has demanded the recall of Gen. Kuropatkin.

M'KINLEY MONUMENT NEEDY.

Endowment of About $100,000 Is Required for Maintenance.

Washington, May 25. — Associate Justice Day of the supreme court announced yesterday that $100,000 is needed to insure the success of the movement for a McKinley monument. The funds for the erection of the monument have been raised and a contract has been let for its construction. It will cost $500,000 and the cornerstone will be laid in the fall, work on the foundation having already begun. Another $100,000 is needed as an endowment to insure the maintenance of the monument.

LOMBARDY IS UNDER WATER.

Houses Collapse and Hundreds Are Made Homeless.

Milan, May 25.—Floods created by the recent rains are causing incalculable damage and distress in the province of Vienza. Seven hundred persons are homeless and have taken refuge in a church and school at Meledo with their cattle and pigs. Many houses collapsed at Benozzo, in the province of Verona. The inhabitants were rescued.

BRIBERY IN WHITEMAN CASE.

Juror Said to Have Been Paid for Feigning Sickness.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 25. — Owing to the continued illness of a juror, the trial of Alonzo J. Whiteman has been put over for the term. After the case had been disposed of information that an attempt had been made to bribe a juror to remain away from the Whiteman trial was given out at the office of the district attorney. Assistant District Attorney Ryan said Juror Faling yesterday submitted to the district attorney's office a letter addressed to the juror's wife containing $50. The purport of the letter, according to Mr. Ryan, was that Faling was to accept the $50 for remaining away from the court as long as he had done, and that he would get $150 more if he would stay away another day. Justice Childs knew of the receipt of the letter and its contents by Mrs. Faling when he dismissed the jury in the case yesterday. Whiteman had been on trial on an indictment charging him with obtaining $750 from the Fidelity Trust company on a raised check.

LOANS BREAK A BANK.

Canton, Ohio, Has a Failure Involving Irregularities by Officers.

Canton, Ohio, May 25.—The Canton State bank, with individual deposits of more than $600,000, closed its doors yesterday. The directors state that the bank will not be able to resume business. The failure was brought by heavy loans to W. L. Davis, vice president of the bank, by the cashier, Corwin B. Bachtell, with the consent of the other directors of the bank. According to the statement made by counsel for the directors, more than $400,000 has been given to Davis, for which no adequate security has been furnished to the bank. Davis has deeded the bank property, valued at $200,000. The city of Canton has $76,000 on deposit in the bank. The Canton Y. M. C. A. and many schoolteachers were also depositors in the bank.

COL. TAYLOR MAY RECOVER.

Officer Shot by Leyte Brigands Is in Critical Condition.

Washington, May 25.—In answer to a cablegram from the insular bureau inquiring after the condition of Col. Wallace Taylor, the commander of the Philippines constabulary detachment in Leyte, who was wounded in a recent collision with the brigands, the following has been received by Gov. Wright:

"Wallace Taylor in the hospital at Taclohan shot through the right jaw. Chances even for recovery. Considerable loss of blood and, therefore, weakness."

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, May 25. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.13@1.14; No. 2 Northern, $1.03@1.10 1-2; No. 3, 99 1-2c@$1.05. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 45@46 1-2c. Oats—No. 3 white, 30@30 1-2c.

Minneapolis, May 25. — Wheat — No. 1 hard, $1 15 1-2; No. 1 Northern, $1.13 1-2; No. 2 Northern, $1.05@1.03. Oats—No. 3 white, 30 1-2c.

Duluth, May 25. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.05; No. 2 Northern, $1.00 1-2; flax, $1.44; rye, 74c.

Milwaukee, May 25. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.12@1.13; No. 2 Northern, $1.03@1.08. Rye—No. 1, 81 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 51c. Oats—Standard, 33@33 1-2c. Corn — No. 3, 52 1-2@53 1-2c.

Chicago, May 25. — Wheat—No. 2 red, $1.03@1.05; No. 3 red, 96c@$1; No. 2 hard, 96@97c; No. 3 hard, 90@95c; No. 1 Northern, $1.07; No. 2 Northern, 97c@$1. Corn — No. 2, 54 1-4@54 1-2c. Oats—No. 2, 30 1-4@30 3-4c.

Sioux City, Iowa, May 25. — Cattle —Beeves, $4 @ 5.35; cows, bulls and mixed, $3@4.35; stockers and feeders, $3@4.50; calves and yearlings, $3@4.40. Hogs—Bulk, $5.20@5.25.

Chicago, May 25.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.75@6.75; stockers and feeders, $2.75@5.20; cows, $2.75@5.25; heifers, $2.50@5.50; calves, $3@6. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.20@5.40; bulk, $5.30@5.37 1-2. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $4.80@5.25; native lambs, $4.50@6.50; Western lambs, $5.50@7.40.

South St. Paul, May 25. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $5.50 @ 6; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.75 @ 4.75; butcher bulls, $3.25 @ 4; veals, $3 @ 5; good to choice stock steers, $3.35@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs—Range price, $5.10@5.30; bulk, $5.20@5.30. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $5.25@6; fair to good, $4@5.25; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice ewes, $4@4.50.

Mail Clerk Killed in Wreck.

Hutchinson, Kan., May 25.—Santa Fe passenger train No. 550 collided with a bunch of freight cars here late yesterday afternoon on account of an open switch. Mail Clerk Wolf of Kansas City was killed. The engineer and fireman, who jumped, received probably fatal injuries. Five others were slightly hurt.

Ziegler Passes Away.

New York, May 26.—William Ziegler, the capitalist and promoter of Arctic exploration, died yesterday at his country home near Noroton, Conn. Mr. Ziegler had been an invalid since a runaway accident in which he was injured last October.

Swedish Baptists Meet.

Rockford, Ill., May 25.—The forty-ninth annual convention of the Swedish Baptist churches of Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin and Michigan met yesterday for a four-days' session.

FIRST MEMORIAL EXERCISES

Ceremonies on Gettysburg Field Marked Beginning of Beautiful Custom

On the field of Gettysburg there is a spot between the original cemetery laid out for Union dead and Round Top, marked with many monuments and mounted cannon, which is known as the "high water mark" of the battle. It is also appropriately known as the "high water mark of the rebellion." Here a few of Pickett's soldiers reached the Union line and pierced it. There they fell while their comrades or those left of them, slowly retreated through a fire which it was beyond human power to face and withstand. Back with them went the hope of the confederacy.

The news from Gettysburg and Vicksburg reached the country, North and South, on the same day, July 4, 1863, was to the North and South what that pause is to two wrestlers when one has secured the fatal hold which the other knows he cannot break. When Vicksburg fell and Lee set out on his bitter retreat from his second unsuccessful invasion of the North, the outcome of the civil war was decided. For this alone the stretch of fields and hills and woodland that lies between the sleepy little Pennsylvania town of Gettysburg will be memorable to the eyes of Americans for all time to come. It interests the student of history for the same reason. Gettysburg will have its place on the page with Marathon, Tours, Orleans, Lutzen, Yorktown and Waterloo, when Shiloh and Bull Run and Malvern Hill shall have been forgotten.

Many a battlefield that is of supreme importance to the historian, that is honored with reverence by the patriot, is of little or no interest to the soldier. Here again Gettysburg is fortunate in its attraction, in its claim to celebrity. It was the climax in the offensive operations of Robert E. Lee, and where military tactics are studied there will Lee's career be conned alike by the expert, the gray-haired tactician, the subaltern, ambitious of promotion and the cadet seeking his shoulder-straps. Gettysburg, like Waterloo, is impossible of repetition at the close ranges at which both were fought. But the general strategy of one field is still of as much importance as the other—the flanking, the massing of artillery, the protection of line of communication, the use or misuse of cavalry, the preparations of means for retreat.

But Gettysburg also appeals with the same strength to the average visitor who knows nothing of strategy, and whose familiarity with history has lapsed with the distance in years that lies between him and the dog-eared pages of his school books. It is all so plainly writ, in location, in natural outline of the smiling countryside, in monuments and marking guns, that he who runs may read.

Roughly, Gettysburg is a letter H, with opposing lines parallel and the course of Pickett's charge on the third day forming the crossbar. The Round Tops and Gettysburg town are at opposite ends. The Emmitsburg road, on which Buford with his cavalry came cautiously scouting along toward the town on the last day of June, lies between the bars of the letter and parallel with them. The Chambersburg road, along which the confederates were feeling their way at the same time, bends around what was afterward the confederate left to enter Gettysburg. Because those columns met there was a battle here, for each side hurried up its strength to meet the other when their leaders learned that the feeler columns had met and touched.

This was on July 1, and, because Gen. Lee's forces hurried up faster than did Gen. Meade's it was an unfortunate day for the Union troops. They had first occupied Seminary Ridge, which afterwards became the confederate position, and they retreated across the valley to Cemetery hill and a line parallel with it, which they continued to hold. Gen. Reynolds was killed in this first day's fighting, and was blamed for its failure until the circumstances were better understood. Gen. Hancock hurried forward for that purpose, took command on Reynolds' death, and rallied the retreating Union troops. During the night, while Meade's army was coming up, corps by corps, Gen. Warren, the engineer officer, from Little Round Top, laid out the line of defence for the Union forces that won the battle for them. In bronze Gen. Warren stands to-day overlooking, from Little Round Top, the scene of the great success for his plans and his planting of artillery.

Gettysburg can claim a place in every Memorial day observance, for it witnessed the first of them, the very fall of the year in which the battle took place. David Wills of Gettysburg originated the idea of the first battlefield national cemetery, out of which has grown the movement that preserves Antietam, Chickamauga and Missionary Ridge, and that will end in the parking of the Bull Run battlefield.

Gov. Curtin, soon after the fighting at Gettysburg, visited the field to make arrangements for the suitable burial of Pennsylvania's dead. He left the matter, when he left, in the hands of Wills. The latter soon suggested the purchase of ground adjoining Gettysburg cemetery and the admission to this field of the dead buried all over what is now the battlefield park. He explained that the soldiers who fell had been buried in what was arable farm land, and which would soon be made use of again for tillage. He pointed out, too, that the method of burial in many cases had been hasty and inefficient.

Pennsylvania therefore purchased seventeen acres of ground and set it aside for the burial of the Union dead. Other states whose soldiers had fought at Gettysburg were invited to make use of it. They responded cordially and also contributed toward the expense of preparing the cemetery.

General Philip H. Sheridan, great cavalry leader, who lives in that famous ride at Winchester, turning defeat into victory.

Old Soldier Not Forgotten.

We do not think that our people always sufficiently consider how much this nation has cost in blood and tears. Measured thus, it is precious beyond words. We all love it, though we sometimes fail to serve it unselfishly. The fact that we do thus fail makes it necessary that we should constantly recur to the examples of those who counted no sacrifice too great to make in behalf of their country. It is sometimes said that the Union soldier is forgotten, that he has done his work, and that the people no longer care about him. He has not been forgotten. People do still care about him. And his work will never be done. That work, indeed, grows in importance with the passing years. For what is it but to preach constantly righteousness, courage, patriotism, unselfish devotion to duty and heroic sacrifice? And this work can be, and is, done by the dead as well as the living. There is abundant use yet to be made of the old soldier. He stands and will ever stand for the ideal in life, for the doing of duty rather than the winning of personal success.

Milk Extinguishes Oil Fires.

Milk is suggested as a good extinguishing agent for burning petroleum. It forms an emulsion with the oil and by disturbing its cohesion attenuates the combustible element as water can not.

WORTH REMEMBERING.

There are three entirely different kinds of ingredients used in making the three different varieties of baking powders on the market, viz:—(1) Mineral-Acid or Alum, (2) Bone-Acid or Phosphate, and (3) Cream of Tartar made from grapes. It is important, from the standpoint of health, to know something about these ingredients, and which kind is used in your baking powder.

(1) Mineral-Acid, or Alum, is made from a kind of clay. This is mixed with diluted oil of vitriol and from this solution a product is obtained which is alum. Alum is cheap; costs about two cents a pound, and baking powder made with this Mineral-Acid sells from 10 to 25c. a pound.

(2) Bone-Acid, or Phosphate, is the basis of phosphate baking powders and the process is fully described in the patents issued to a large manufacturer of a phosphate powder. The U. S. Patent Office Report gives a full and exact description, but the following extract is enough:

"Burned bones, after being ground, are put into freshly diluted oil of vitriol and with continual stirring and in the following proportion," etc.

From this Bone-Acid phosphate baking powders are made; such powders sell from 20 to 30 cents a pound.

(3) Cream of Tartar exists in all ripe grapes, and flows with the juice from the press in the manufacture of wine. After the wine is drawn off the tartar is scraped from the cask, boiled with water, and crystals of Cream of Tartar, white and very pure, separate and are collected. It differs in no respect from the form in which it originally existed in the grape. Cream of Tartar, then, while the most expensive, is the only ingredient that should be used in a baking powder to act upon the soda, as its wholesomeness is beyond question. Cream of Tartar baking powders sell at about 40 to 50 cents a pound.

Such are the facts, and every one, careful of the health of the family, should remember this rule:—Baking powders selling from 10 to 25 cents a pound are made of Mineral-Acids; those selling from 20 to 30 cents of Bone-Acid; and those from 40 to 50 cents of Cream of Tartar made from grapes.

SMUGGLING BY AUTOMOBILE.

Automobiles are being used to smuggle goods across the frontiers of Europe. The trick is becoming more common as the popularity of the motor cars increases on the continent. The adaptability of the motor car to the purposes of the land smuggler has tempted many to "run gauntlet" with all kinds of dutiable goods, and now that a few cases have come to light the customs officials are devoting unusual attention to those folks who show a preference for traveling in their cars under cover of darkness.

On the French frontier recently suspicions were aroused by the frequent night excursions over the Berlin side by a particular motor car. An ambuscade was laid, and as a challenge only resulted in the speed of the car being increased, obstacles were placed in its way. The occupants of the car decamped, and when the vehicle was searched $275 worth of Moravian tobacco was seized. Both the car and its contents were confiscated.—Brooklyn Eagle.

GREAT CHANGE.

From Change in Food.

The brain depends much more on the stomach than we are apt to suppose until we take thought in the matter. Feed the stomach on proper food easy to digest and containing the proper amount of phosphates and the healthy brain will respond to all demands. A notable housewife in Buffalo writes:

"The doctor diagnosed my trouble as a 'nervous affection of the stomach.' I was actually so nervous that I could not sit still for five minutes to read the newspaper, and to attend to my household duties was simply impossible. I doctored all the time with remedies, but medicine did no good.

"My physician put me on all sorts of diet, and I tried many kinds of cereal foods but none of them agreed with me. I was almost discouraged, and when I tried Grape-Nuts I did so with many misgivings—I had no faith that it would succeed where everything else had failed.

"But it did succeed, and you don't know how glad I am that I tried it. I feel like a new person, I have gained in weight and I don't have that terrible burning sensation in my stomach any more. I feel so strong again that I am surprised at myself. The street noises that used to irritate me so, I never notice now, and my mind is so clear that my household duties are a real pleasure."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Now why was this great change made in this woman?

The stomach and the brain had not been supplied with the right kind of food to rebuild and strengthen the nerve centers in these organs. It is absolute folly to try to do this with medicine. There is but one sure way and that is to quit the old food that has failed and take on Grape-Nuts food which is more than half digested in the process of manufacture and is rich in the phosphate of potash contained in the natural grain, which unites with albumen and water—the only three substances that will make up the soft gray filling in the thousands of delicate nerve centers in the brain and body. Grape-Nuts food is a sure road back to health in all such cases.

HOURLY EXPECT CALL TO ARMS

STATE AND FEDERAL TROOPS READY TO TAKE CHARGE IN CHICAGO.

STRIKE SPREADS EACH HOUR

CHIEF OF POLICE AND SHERIFF SWEAR IN HUNDRERS OF SPECIALS.

ARMED SENTRIES ON GUARD

ARMORIES GUARDED AND 50,000 ROUNDS OF AMMUNITION ISSUED.

Chicago, May 25.—With the strike spreading each hour in the lumber district, and no signs of peace in sight, affairs in the teamsters' strike assumed a serious aspect last night.

Unable to meet the demands for police protection, Mayor Dunne last night issued a call for 1,000 able-bodied citizens to report at Chief O'Neil's office and be sworn in as policemen to do strike duty. Sheriff Barrett continued to swear in deputies all day yesterday. The number of deputies sworn in since the beginning of the strike now numbers 4,000, one-fourth of whom are active deputies assigned to protect non-union drivers and wagons.

Begs Citizens to Keep Cool.

The sheriff issued a proclamation last night begging citizens to keep cool, as the civil authorities were still able to handle the situation, and that should an emergency arise both the state and federal troops were available on short notice.

Armed sentries are guarding the various armories located in the city, and the officers expect a call to arms at any moment. Fifty-thousand rounds of ammunition have been distributed among the four regiments in the city and the naval militia.

No Hope for Peace.

There was no change in the position of the express companies yesterday, and they assert there will be none. Attorney Levy Mayer said that so determined were the express companies on the point of not reinstating their former drivers, that it would make no difference if the union disbanded, or every member withdrew from it, they could not get back in their former places.

Peace agencies were again at work in the afternoon, but neither side is giving them much attention.

At 10 o'clock to-day President Shea must appear before Judge Kohlsaat and answer a contempt charge. He refused to answer certain questions before Master in Chancery Sherman yesterday, after being ordered to do so by Judge Kohlsaat.

Expects Jail Sentence.

President Shea expects to be sent to jail, but asserts he will go there for contempt rather than answer questions that might tend to put him in jail for conspiracy, a charge on which he is indicted in the county courts.

While it will take probably a week before the full effects of the strike can be felt in the building industry, many contractors admitted yesterday that the situation was grave. Some of them fear that union carpenters will quit rather than handle lumber delivered by non-union teamsters, but the officers of the carpenters' union say there is little possibility of such an occurrence.

Under Police Protection.

Final rejection of union demands, especially those of the express drivers, was officially announced by the employers, who demanded practically unconditional surrender. Neither side in the strike made a direct step toward peace and each apparently was waiting the next move of its opponent. The employers sent their goods all over the city, under police protection, without encountering violence.

SAILORS IN FIERCE FIGHT.

Three Are Missing After a Battle With 'Longshoremen.

Bellingham, Wash., May 25.—Three sailors are missing and six wounded as the result of a pitched battle growing out of a dispute between the Sailors' union and the 'Longshoremen's union over jurisdiction in loading the lumber schooner Shasta at the E. K. Wood Lumber Company's dock in this city last night. Some of the wounded are shot and others are badly cut about the head, though none, it is believed, is fatally injured. The names of the missing are C. Eck, J. Hanson and A. Jackson. They are sailors belonging to the Shasta, and were thrown overboard during the melee, and, it is believed, drowned.

Fire in Timber.

Escanaba, Mich., May 25. — Fire, which started in the Northwestern Cooperage and Lumber company's railway ten-mile spur, twenty miles north, threatened over a million feet of lumber late yesterday.

Drowned in Sight of Friends.

Escanaba, Mich., May 25.—Within but a few feet of two companions, too frightened to aid him, Rudolph Barth fell from the breakwater into Ford river while fishing last night and was drowned.

THE MODERN FARMER.

How He Lives, as Compared With Fifty Years Ago.

The farming life of to-day, as contrasted with that of fifty years ago, is a paradise of comfort and convenience. The lonely loghouse, remote from market and devoid of advantages that a half cycle of time has made possible, would scarcely appeal to the present day farmer.

The twentieth-century soil tiller has practically all the modern comforts. His mail is delivered daily. He has telephonic connection with the buying and selling world, affording the best opportunities for marketing to advantage. His home is of recent architecture, constructed of wood, brick or stone, and well furnished. He has modern plumbing and modern heating, and with the advent of acetylene gas, he has modern lighting. At night his home is as attractively illuminated as that of his city brother, for it is a suggestive fact that "acetylene for country homes" has so appealed to the farmer, that of the 80,000 users of acetylene gas in the United States, the farmer is one of the largest of all classes. Ever seeking the best, he has not hesitated in availing himself of this new light.

The continued growth and progress of this great country, ever a cause of wonderment, has no greater exemplification than evolution on the farm. Already the farmer is becoming the most envied of men—the freest, the healthiest, the happiest!

Yankee Inventiveness.

In a little Massachusetts town lives a man who for two causes enjoys deathless local fame. For one thing, he is the only native of the place who has been to Europe; and he, moreover, performed while there the ensuing feat, which the neighbors still recount with breathless admiration:

While in Rome, the New Englander was shown a certain shrine before which burned a solitary taper.

"That taper," explained the guide in machine-built English, "that taper he has burned before this shrine seven hundred years. He a miraculous taper. Never he has been extinguish. For seven long century that taper has miraculously burn before our shrine, and not once has he been—what you call it—'put out.'"

The Yankee viewed the miracle candle in silence for a full minute. Then, leaning slowly forward, he extinguished the flame with one mighty "puff."

Turning with a triumphant chuckle to the scandalized and speechless guide, he announced calmly:

"Waal, it's aout now!"—Lippincott's.

Back at Work Again.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 22nd.—(Special.)—Crippled by Kidney Disease till he could not stand on his feet for the hours required at his trade, F. R. McLean, 90 East Ferry St., this city, had to quit work entirely. Now he's back at work again and he does not hesitate to give the credit to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"Yes," Mr. McLean says, "I was too bad, I had to quit. I could not stand on my feet for the necessary hours. It was Kidney Disease I had, and a friend advised me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. I did so, and after using six boxes am completely cured and am working as steadily as before I was sick. I recommend Dodds Pills to any one afflicted with Kidney trouble."

There is no form of Kidney Disease Dodd's Kidney Pills will not cure. They always cure Bright's Disease, the most advanced and deadly stage of Kidney Disease.

Quite Regular.

"The last time I say Gayley he wasn't very—er—regular in his habits."

"Oh! he's very regular now."

"Well, well, I didn't think he'd ever reform."

"He hasn't. His habits are all bad now."

BABY CAME NEAR DYING

From an Awful Skin Humor—Scratched Till Blood Ran—Wasted to a Skeleton—Speedily Cured by Cuticura.

"When three months old my boy broke out with an itching, watery rash all over his body, and he would scratch till the blood ran. We tried nearly everything, but he grew worse, wasting to a skeleton, and we feared he would die. He slept only when in our arms. The first application of Cuticura soothed him so that he slept in his cradle for the first time in many weeks. One set of Cuticura made a complete and permanent cure. (Signed) Mrs. M. C. Maitland, Jasper, Ontario."

Over our senses life's melodies roll, as rolls the sunlight through the hush of woodland moods, when in the gloaming the cloistered day sits and broods.

Patient—But I thought your price for an appendicitis operation was only $300?

Specialist—Oh, that was yesterday's quotation. The market opened this morning at 325 and advanced briskly to 337½.

A genius is a man who is able to unload his troubles at par.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK
OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS First Mortgage Farm Loans ☞ A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

2nd ☞ STORE
(SECOND HAND STORE.)

Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.

C. A. SKEIE.
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

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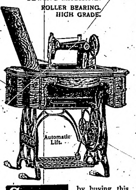
THE
Photograper.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

The "Redgeton"
SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING.
HIGH GRADE.


Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.
STRONGEST GUARANTEE.
National Sewing Machine Co.
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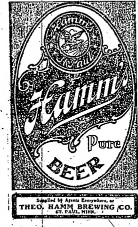

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The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, May 27, 1905.

The last soldier of the War of 1812 has just died in New York at the age of 105 years.

The big exposition at Portland will open its gates for the first time next Thursday, June 1st.

The Chicago strike has assumed alarming proportions and the end seems farther away than ever before.

You might as well pay your real estate taxes. We can't all dodge them and get rich just because some try it.

The Indian who has an allotment will now be enumerated by the census man. He can also get drunk and do a lot of other things.

Now that there is not much doing in politics the state papers are agitating good roads. May it lead to good results—and good roads.

The trusts seem anxious to have the newspapers give them an occasional good word but we don't see that many of the boys are responding in a liberal manner.

D. C. Lightbourn, the Norman County Index editor, will let a democrat have his job in the Insurance commissioner's office at St. Paul and some home to make the Index a household necessity.

Secretary Hitchcock, of the Interior department, has objected to Congressman Halvor Steenerson being adopted by the Chippewa Indians. The Indians don't like the decision and will appeal to the president.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., it seems, has broken down under the labor of reconciling his Sunday school didactics with Standard Oil practices. It takes a peculiar type of man to be a Jekyll and a Hyde and to enjoy both roles. It is to the credit of the junior Rockefeller that he is incapable of the sustained effort.—Minneapolis Journal.

The farmers are beginning to realize that about the only way to get in on the ground floor is to organize stock companies of their own. While it is true that there are a number of farmer companies that have gone "broke," it is also true that a greater number have been successful. At St. Hilaire several farmers recently got together and purchased a threshing rig on the co-operative plan. They paid spot cash for the outfit and this fact evidently accounts for the fact that sixteen companies put in bids.—Norman County Herald.

To what extent a state may pursue a man charged with crime is not a question of law entirely but one of expediency, tempered with justice and mercy. The old and time honored theory, that one is presumed to be innocent until proved guilty is fast losing its force upon the minds of public prosecutors who now seem to think that the accused must prove his innocense or be convicted. Half a century ago public prosecutors were not allowed to place a victim in the "sweat box" and badger and torture him until he had made a statement which could be distorted and by means of the aid of detectives so arranged that it becomes evidence; then such inhuman practices were not permitted by the courts. Now the courts are awed by the prosecutors and the detectives and when protection is ventured by the judge his conduct is recorded in the big book of events and arises to frighten him and defeat his candidacy if he dare to again ask for office.—Cass Lake Times.

Elks to Meet at Duluth.

On account of the meeting of the Elks at Duluth, June 8 and 9, the Great Northern will sell tickets to Duluth and return at one and one-third fares for the round trip, on the certificate plan. These tickets will be sold three days before the opening of the meeting. Consult local agent for full particulars.

Needn't Tell Age.

If a Crookston paper is to be believed, a new rule has been made by those in charge of the forthcoming state census to the effect that when an enumerator asks a woman her age and she declines to give it there is no remedy and he must drop the matter and pass on to the next question.

The equal suffragists have for years demanded absolute equality of the sexes before the law. We submit, therefore, that, if the women can with impunity refuse to tell their ages to the census enumerators, the men should be given the same privilege. There is no controverting the statement that the ladies are more or less sensitive regarding their ages, but it is likewise true that there are men who are somewhat touchy when the subject of age is brought home to them. The same rule should govern this matter in its application to both sexes.

Impromptu Surgery.

In one of the most fashionable restaurants in Paris a man's life was saved through the skill and quickness of one of the guests. It appears that a man, with three friends, was dining at one of the small tables when a piece of meat lodged in his throat and he found it impossible to get rid of it. His friends in alarm slapped him on the back, but the unfortunate man became black in the face and fell to the floor. A surgeon from the German hospital, who happened to be dining in the cafe, pushed his way through the crowd. He saw at once that the man was dying and that if prompt measures were not taken he would quickly succumb. He ordered one of the waiters to bring him a small funnel such as is used in bottling wine and then, without a moment's hesitation, took out a sharp knife, cut the man's throat, removed the piece of meat and—the waiter having returned—quickly inserted the funnel in the opening. The man was then hastily conveyed to the hospital, where a silver tube was inserted in the place of the funnel, and a few hours later he was pronounced out of danger.

The Enemies of Success.

Bright, cheerful hopeful thoughts and a strong belief in one's own ability to accomplish the thing undertaken are friends that will insure success. The ambitious person should learn as early in life as possible to pick out the friends and enemies of success, and in many cases it will be found that the greatest enemy resides within himself. Morbid thoughts, for example, are infinitely greater hindrances to success than opposition from outside, and no health, no beauty, no harmony, no real success can exist in the atmosphere of abnormal melancholy or morbid ideas. Overcome the enemies to success within yourself and you will have done much toward reaching the goal of your ambition.—London Answers.

Preservation of Meat.

Meat is commonly preserved by steeping it in brine. This method, however, has the undesirable effect of extracting from the meat much soluble nutritious matter besides rendering the meat harder and less digestible. Another way of preserving it is in airtight cases. The cases are packed with meat and filled up with gravy and are then hermetically sealed except at one point. They are then exposed to heat above that of boiling water for several hours, thus destroying all the existing germs and driving out all the air contained in them. The open part is then soldered over. If by any accident the tin is not hermetically sealed the meat will spoil.—American Queen.

Kneeling Horses.

In ancient times, before the invention of stirrups and luxurious saddles, horses were taught to kneel to permit their riders to mount. A beautiful Greek vase in one of the museums in St. Petersburg shows a war horse of many centuries ago kneeling low before an amazon. The riders in those days mounted from the "off" side in contradiction to the modern usage. Plutarch tells how in the first century of this era certain effeminate Roman riders found even the horse block of too little assistance and had their horses trained to kneel to them.

A Witty Diagnosis.

The object of the duel is said to be the healing of wounded honor. To try to cure a wound of the spirit, or, rather, the temper, by a scratch on the skin savors of homeopathy, but may perhaps be justified by the surgical principle of relieving tension by incision.—British Medical Journal.

We will take your butter, eggs and produce and at all times allow you the highest market prices for the same. We assure you that you'll get the right goods at the right prices at all times. The stock is new and fresh and has just arrived from the city markets.—L. M. ROLLAND & SONS, dealers in meats and groceries, St. Hilaire, Minn.

Notice to the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given that a petition is now on file in my office signed by the legal voters of said county to the number of two thousand six (2006), praying that the county seat of said county be changed to the city of Thief River Falls, which is situated in township number one hundred fifty-four north, of range forty-three west of the fifth principal meridian, in Red Lake county, Minnesota, and that a special meeting of the Board of County Commissioners of said county will be held at the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the fifth day of June, A. D. 1905 at one o'clock in the afternoon, to consider and determine as to the genuineness of the signatures to said petition, and as to the number of legal voters of said county whose genuine signatures were attached thereto within sixty days preceding the filing of said petition and affidavits in the office of the said county auditor, at which time and place any legal voter in said county may appear in person or by counsel, and be heard respecting the matters so committed to the determination of the said board.

Given under my hand and seal this 16th day of May, A. D. 1905.

COUNTY AUDITOR RED LAKE COUNTY MINN.

JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor,
Red Lake County,
Minnesota.

A friend of the home—
A foe of the Trust
Calumet Baking Powder
Complies with the Pure Food Laws of all States.

The Old Time Parlor.

The days of the parlor are fast going. There was once a time when every family, no matter how poor, had its parlor. And generally the parlor was a most useless place, but it was the pride of the housewife. The Observant Citizen remembers some time ago when the lady of the house insisted that he should see "her parlor." Her husband smiled good naturedly, and they both led the way to a big front room which was locked. The door was unlocked, and the parlor got its first fresh air in months. The little family had expended much money on the parlor. Everything was new but the stuffed birds under glass cases. The design of the carpet was wonderful in that it consisted of bright red roses. One felt like stepping into a bed of flames. A horseshoe sofa, very erect, was the principal article of furniture, while at the windows were the stiffest lace curtains you ever saw. The room had a musty smell due to long confined air. It was "luxury imprisoned" on a small scale and the finest example of the old time useless parlor.—Manchester Union.

Shaved While He Slept.

"My first day in India," said the tourist, "I was surprised when I awoke in the morning to feel how smooth my face was.

" 'By Jove,' I said, 'how slowly my beard grew yesterday!' I hardly need to shave today.'

"It is, however, a matter of religion with me to shave every morning, and so I bade the native servant, a man provided by my host, to fetch my shaving things. The native smiled.

" 'But you are already shaved, sir,' he said.

" 'Already shaved?' said I.

" 'Yes, sir,' he answered. 'I shaved you while you slept. That is the custom here.'

"I found that he was right. I found that in India these wonderful native servants shave their masters in bed every morning without waking them.

"All through my stay in India I was shaved like that. It was almost enough to keep me in that hot and torrid country forever."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

A Bottomless Pit.

There is a bottomless pit in the mountains of Hualalai, back of Kailua, in the Hawaiian Islands. It is about four feet in diameter. The pit is peculiar from the fact that it sucks in the air with remarkable force. Pieces of paper placed over the mouth do not float gently down, but are suddenly drawn in and disappear with startling rapidity. The air rushing into the pit can be distinctly felt by people standing on the edge. Strange sounds are heard also. Every night the inhabitants of the locality distinctly hear a noise similar to the blowing of a deep steamship whistle. The noise is heard for about five seconds and then subsides for a space of about ten minutes and then resumes for another five seconds.

Addresses In Persian.

The addresses in Persian upon letters which go through the postoffice at Calcutta are often quaint and puzzling. An Indian paper recently translated one as follows: "If the Almighty pleases—Let this envelope, having arrived at the city of Calcutta, in the neighborhood of Calootolah, at the counting house of Sirajodeen and Ilahded, merchants, be offered to and read by the happy light of my eyes, of virtuous manners and belover of the heart—Meean Shaikh Inayut Ally, may his life be long. Written on the tenth of the blessed Rumzan, Saturday, in the year 1266 of the Hegira of our Prophet, and dispatched at bearing."

The Postmark.

Great Britain, it is said, can, without fear of contradiction, claim the honor of having originated the postmark. The first one, which was used in London as long ago as 1660, was a very simple affair, consisting of a small circle divided into two parts. In the top portion were two letters indicating the month, while in the lower half the day of the month was shown. No endeavor was made to denote the year, and it is only by the dates of the letters on which the mark is impressed that it is possible to fix the date of its use.

Single and Double.

"This," said the man who was showing the stranger around the city, as he pointed to a broad stretch of beach, "belongs to old Bigspud. It's all made land. That's his house back there on the left."

"Is that on made land, too?" asked the stranger.

"No. That's on married land. He got it with his wife."—Chicago Tribune.

Needed More Explicit Directions.

P. McCann—I didn't take yer medicine, doctor. Dr. Dosebam—And why not? P. McCann—Th' d'rections said, "Wan pill t'ree tolmes a day." I've been waitin' to ask ye which pill? They all luk alike, sure. An' how'm I to take ut t'ree tolmes?—Cleveland Leader.

Power of the Eye.

An eye can threaten like a loaded and leveled gun or can insult like hissing or kicking, or, in its altered mood, by beams of kindness it can make the heart dance with joy.—Emerson's "Conduct of Life."

His Idea of It.

Auntie—You should ask to be excused when you leave the table. Little Nephew—Should I? I thought from the way you acted about that third piece of pie that you'd be glad to see me go.

A Different Growl.

Mrs. Brown—Jane, has Mr. Brown come home yet? I thought I heard him just now. Jane—No, mum; that was the dog that was growling.

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SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

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Great Northern Time Table.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at St. Hilaire.

PASSENGER

8:00 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
9:25 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
9:55 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
10:20 am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30 pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10 am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien........President
K. O. Gigstad........Recorder
C. H. Martz, R. H. Duntley, Carl Johnson........Councilmen
L. Holmes........Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor........James F. Ford
Treasurer........Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds........Frank Jeffers
Sheriff........Dan Linnihan
Attorney........Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate........N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court........Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools........H. T. McAnulty
Coroner........Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner........H. W. Lee
Surveyor........J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist........J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist........W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist........O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist........Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist........Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
J. J. Soll, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. Camp 3350 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers.—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
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Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

L. J. Stranahan was here yesterday and took time to go fishing.

Carl Steen's wife and children arrived last Tuesday from Norway.

Chas. N. Bourdon was here from Red Lake Falls last Saturday on business.

Dr. V. Pleth was here from Crookston yesterday on professional business.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

K. O. Gigstad was doing business at Red Lake Falls last Tuesday evening.

Wm. Eikhoff was doing business at Crookston a couple of days the first of the week.

Mrs. Chas. Fellman and children moved out to their claim on the reservation last Tuesday.

Mrs. J. C. Dahl and Mrs. Leonard Holmes were visitors at Thief River Falls last Thursday.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls will be at his office in St. Hilaire on June 3rd and 4th.

D. W. Conklin, of the Conklin Boiler Work of Thief River Falls, was here on business last Tuesday.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur has been confined to her room with a bad cold for the past two or three days.

Hon. L. C. Simons was here last Saturday looking over the affairs of the Merchants State Bank.

T. J. Thorkelson and family are on their way to California. They were at Portland, Oregon, May 15th.

The scholars at the schools will take the state examinations next week, which will close the school year.

R. H. Aimer returned last Monday from Western Canada where he has spent the past month on a claim.

Messrs. J. B. Armstrong and V. M. Higinbotham, of Red Lake Falls, were business visitors here yesterday.

Miss Mabel Kalbleich, of Crookston, visited with Mrs. R. H. Duntley a couple of days the first of this week.

Dr. J. P. Normann, oculist and optician, will be at Dr. Cummings' office in St. Hilaire on Thursday, June 1st.

Have you paid your real estate taxes yet? Next Wednesday is the last day before the ten-percent penalty is added.

Robert Gebott returned yesterday from Frazee where he had been to adjust a little difficulty at the saw mill.

Miss Gertrude Hennemuth, of Red Lake Falls, was here several days this week visiting with Mrs. Geo. L. Austin.

A. C. Mayfield was in from the reservation last Saturday and reports that the country is looking good out that way.

Next Tuesday is Decoration Day and a public holiday. Many of the neighboring towns will hold appropriate ceremonies.

WANTED:—200 head of cattle and horses to pasture this season. Good grass and plenty of water. Inquire of R. J. McKercher.

O. H. Peters went up to Middle River last Monday where he will buy wheat and sell flour for the Red Lake Falls Milling company.

Miss Selina Hoff, Miss Clara Hoff and Miss Huldah Gigstad were at Thief River Falls last Wednesday evening attending a party.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

FOR RENT—for hay or grazing purposes, NE¼ section 14-152-44, Red Lake county, Minn. Address, with offer, H.C.L. Stoll & Co., Joliet, Ill.

C. M. Brewer, a St. Paul attorney, was here last Monday with a view to locating here. He decided not to, however, and left on the evening train.

Rev. Aastad will hold confirmation services at the Norwegian Synod Lutheran church next Sunday morning. Nora Johnson, Esther Johnson, Elmer Burkee and Edwin Dahl comprise the class to be confirmed.

Gazette: Will Ittner, one of Red Lake Falls' favorite sons, won second place in a couple of events in the big track meet at the University last week. Billy is making an enviable record for himself at Minnesota's best institution of learning, and his success in his undertakings is learned of with pleasure by his admirers here.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

We have been having some more cold weather this week and on Wednesday night occurred quite a severe frost. So far as we have heard it did but little damage.

D. D. Horton, organizer for the Modern Brotherhood of America, has been here again this week getting more members and putting things in shape for the starting of the lodge the first part of next month.

FOR RENT:—320 acres with pasture for hay or grazing purposes, being the south half of section 1-152-44, adjoining St. Hilaire. For further particulars call on Peter Lundberg, K. O. Gigstad, or address H. C. L. Stoll, Joliet, Illinois.

The school board has decided to put in the Manuel-Smith system of heating and ventilating in each of the six rooms at the school and the work will be done during the vacation. The system is supposed to be one of the best on the market and has been highly recommended.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur entertained the Ladies Whist Club at the Hotel Markham last Tuesday evening. This completed the entertainments planned by the club and the whist season was officially declared to be ended. Mrs. Jens Nelson won the season prize for the highest score.

The tax-dodging cases are still in the hands of Judge Watts. The attorneys have yet to inform the Judge what law the village of St. Hilaire was incorporated under and the much discussed question will not be decided until they do. We will probably have a decision in the cases by another week.

The Red Lake Falls people are busy this week circulating their petition of remonstrance against the county seat removal petition and otherwise getting ready for the fight that will come before the county commissioners when they meet next Monday to consider the removal petition. The meeting will probably be both lively and interesting.

State Librarian John King, states that it is quite possible that the intended excursion of the State Editorial Association planned to Portland, will have to be abandoned because of the lack of railroad accommodations and the disposition of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern to turn a deaf ear to the editors. A trip to Cuba in the fall may take the place of the intended trip to the Portland big show.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Kellogg arrived last Saturday from Colfax, California; where they are now living, and will spend a couple of weeks here visiting with relatives and friends. Both Mr. and Mrs. Kellogg have hosts of friends here who are pleased to see them and will be glad to know that they are doing well in their western home. They will go from here to Wisconsin and later to New York before returning home.

Charley Fellman has invested in a "Joteback," which is Swede for an ordinary ornery-looking goat with whiskers. There has been considerable speculation about what Charley was going to do with it. Some say that he likes the odor, others that he bought the goat so that he would always have a cent about his clothes; again that he would use it to help start Dahlen's broncho. Anyway he has the goat, as you will probably find out if you get on the windward side.

Thief River Falls News; The matter of celebrating the Fourth of July in Thief River Falls has been under discussion during the past week and the unanimous sentiment is that there should be no celebration and that all of our energies should be spent in an endeavor to make the fair on the 9, 10 and 11th of August a success. So far as is known, no town in this section is going to celebrate, but it is quite likely that there will be something going on at St. Hilaire or Plummer and if there is our people will go down to these two towns.

From a country newspaper in Missouri comes the following helpful suggestions on how to prepare a boy for the penitentiary: "When he does not want to go to school let him loaf the street. When he gets into mischief and your neighbor reports it to you, curse your neighbor in the presence of your boy. When he gets a little larger and purloins something of value and you find it out, just laugh at him and let it go. When he does something that calls him into justice court and he is found guilty, pay the fine, curse the court, the jury and everyone connected with the matter, and pity the boy." By adhering to this policy on all occasions, you will, after a few years, have a splendid candidate for the penitentiary.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: J. B. Armstrong spent last Thursday evening at St. Hilaire and while there had the pleasure of listening to the newly organized band at rehearsal. Mr. Armstrong was greatly surprised and extremely pleased at the work being done by this organization, and says that the progress that has been made is something remarkable. The band now has twenty-four members, composed of all young men and boys, and every one of them plays his part in an excellent manner. The band is already handling some good grades of music, and within a year will be among the foremost musical organizations of the valley. The people of St. Hilaire are to be congratulated, and should use every means to insure the continuation of the organization now so nicely started.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

FOURTH of JULY MEETING!

There will be a meeting of the Citizens of St. Hilaire at the Village Hall on Monday Even'g, May 29th, for the purpose of determining whether we will celebrate the 4th and appoint committees in case we decide to celebrate :::::

LET EVERYONE INTERESTED IN A CELEBRATION TURN OUT : : : :

His View of County Seat Matter.

H. C. L. Stoll, of Joliet, Illinois, who has considerable Red Lake county land in this vicinity, writes us the following:

"I see by your paper the controversy between Red Lake Falls and Thief River Falls to remove the county seat and would suggest, since it will cause considerable expense and perhaps a long time before it is finished and more or less ill feeling arise, why can not these good citizens come together and say since you want it and we want it and we cannot very well agree, why not make it unanimous and locate the county seat at St. Hilaire, and admit that this is the best location, being more centrally located in the county and more convenient to all people concerned and the two towns would conclude it is in the right place after all and we are all friends. Don't you think so?

"Yours truly,
"H. C. L. STOLL."

Two New Towns.

Viking is to be the name of the first town on the Soo line west from Thief River Falls. The Soo people have purchased land in section 26 for a townsite and are having it surveyed into town lots. The new town will be about fifteen miles from Thief River Falls and is surrounded by a good territory. There is no reason why it should not become a substantial town. The second town between Thief River Falls and Warren will be located in the town of Comstock about eight miles east of Warren.

Fish are Biting.

We doubt if there can be found any better fishing in the state than can be had right here in the pond and river. The pike have been biting very freely the past week and thousands of them have been caught. It is very little trouble for a fisherman to catch all the law allows, twenty-five fish, in the forenoon. We are afraid our local sportsmen have not observed this law as closely as they should the past week. In fact the stories told, if published, would be likely to cause a game warden to visit us.

Low Rates to Fargo.

On account of the Norwegian celebration to be held at Fargo, June 6 to 8, the Great Northern will sell tickets at one fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale June 6, 7, and 8, with final limit June 9. For full particulars consult local agent.

Every time you get a nice letter from a Minneapolis or Chicago catalogue mercantile firm, telling you of the "great bargains" they have to offer you, just drop them a few lines and ask them to send you the goods for inspection, at their expense. Will they trust you, not on your life, but did you ever stop and think of the one-sided way they do business? You must send your money in advance and trust to luck for a square deal. Are these people more honest than you? Think of this. On the other hand your home merchant displays his goods for your inspection and doesn't ask you one cent in advance. Give the home dealer a fair chance.—Cambridge Independent.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Richards have returned from a six weeks' visit to Europe, where they have visited several points of interest, among them being Brussels, Antwerp, and The Hague. Mr. Richards returned to Bemidji, while Mrs. Richards will remain at Danbury, Iowa, for about ten days visiting friends and relatives. Mr. Richards states that the trip was very delightful and they enjoyed the journey to the fullest extent.—Crookston Times.

Thief River Falls News: After the mill closes down this fall, the Hotel Ogahmah will be run on the European plan. No more meals will be served in this institution which for years has been the leading hotel of the city and only rooms will be rented for the accommodation of the public. Landlord Robbecke and wife will spend the winter in Germany traveling.

Hail is forty times greater than the fire hazard to farm property. For reliable protection insure in State Farmers Mutual Hail Insurance Co., of Waseca, Minn. Losses always paid in full. Responsible agents for 1905 wanted. Write today. m27

For Sale.

A 5-room house with cistern and five lots on Water street for sale on easy terms. Good barn on premises. Inquire of P. N. Anderson. 4

Indians Will Get Gold Coin.

Major George Scott of the Leech Lake agency is on a paying trip to the Chippewa Indians of the Mississippi distributing $8 per capita, in the shape of reimbursement.

Many years ago the government was to pay the Indians a certain large sum of money in gold, but the money was in the form of greenbacks, and as the paper currency was at the time not equal to the gold in value the red men have long had something coming. Congress at last provided for reimbursing them.

Major Scott was asked recently what effect the decision of the United States court, which holds that Indians who have received their allotments are citizens of the state in which they reside, and that whites may sell intoxicating liquors to them. He said:

"I do not know just how significant this decision may be, but on the face of it I would thing that it is far-reaching. It is possible that there are provisions that confine the decision regarding the sale of liquor to Indians to that particular question, but if there are not then I cannot see by what right, for example, I am handling the funds derived from timber for many of the Indians in my jurisdiction.

"All of the Indians that I have anything to do with, with the exception of the Red Lake band, are allotted. Under the decision of the United States supreme court allotted Indians are citizens of the state and if they are citizens of the state it would seem that they are no longer wards of the government, and no longer subjects to the Indian department.

"Under the circumstances in the light of that decision, it would seem to me that I ought to have the consent of the allotted Indians or their power of attorney, to sell their pine and perform other business for them. The decision regarding the sale of liquor was important, but the questions that arise as a result of it are of still greater importance. There may be some saving clauses, however, which prevent the decision having such sweeping import as it would appear."

Major Scott estimates that the Chippewas of the Mississippi will receive between $5,000,000 and $6,000,000 for their pine. He does not know just how the Indian account of these lands stands with the government. It is said by some that the Indians now owe the government, while others say that the government owes the Indians. The ceded lands will bring a large sum of money, and he says the red men will be sure to receive in the aggregate a a substantial amount. There were 10,000 Chippewas of the Mississippi at the last census.

Postal Cards that Whistle.

A most novel postal card has been invented in Paris which contains a little gelatine disk like the record for a phonograph. This disk can be placed on a talking machine and the whistling and even the singing and talking of the sender can be reproduced. If we could talk to you for a few minutes personally, you would be convinced that golden grain belt beer is the kind of a tonic you need and your family needs. It's all in the brewing and the cleanliness and care put into it results in the most delicious and healthful beverage imaginable. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Thinking and Doing.

I have been a great deal happier since I have given up thinking about what is easy and pleasant and being discontented because I could not have my own way. Our life is determined for us, and it makes the mind very free when we give up wishing and only think of bearing what is laid upon us and doing what is given us to do.—George Eliot.

State Firemen's Convention.

The annual convention of the Minnesota State Firemen's association will be held at Litchfield, Minn., June 13 and 14. The Great Northern will sell tickets on June 12 and 13 to Litchfield and return for one fare plus 50 cents for the round trip, final return limit good until June 15th. Consult local agent for particulars.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

tf G. H. SANDUM.

Homemaking.

Men do not make their homes unhappy because they have genius, but because they have not enough genius. A mind and sentiments of a higher order would render them capable of seeing and feeling all the beauty of domestic ties.—Wordsworth.

Stray Dog.

The undersigned has a brown and white pointer dog which the owner can have by paying for his keeping and this notice. CHAS. FELLMAN.

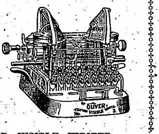
Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

CONKLIN
BOILER
WORKS
BOILER AND MACHINE
WORK A SPECIALTY
Repair work done on all kinds of Boilers, Engines and Machinery: : : : : :
Thief River Falls, - - - Minn.

RAPP &
POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

The Pedestal
of Honor
is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.
Ladies' Shoes
like ours are not to be found in every store.

HAIL INSURANCE
Do you want to insure your crops against Hail in a first class Company that always pay their losses promptly? If you do, call and see us in regard to a policy in the old and reliable St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Company.
When you buy Insurance get the best
H. E. IVES, Agent, ST. HILAIRE Minnesota



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Investigate the merits of the
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THE STANDARD VISIBLE WRITER.
Send for a handsomely illustrated art Catalogue, free for the asking.
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Billiard and Sample Room
WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
Wines and Liquors
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
CIGARS.
BEER.
MINNEAPOLIS AND MILWAUKEE BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.
"CORNER SALOON" South of the Bank.

Headquarters Restaurant...
A. F. Lang Proprietor
Short Orders a Specialty.
Located in rear of J. J. Soll's Saloon.

Great Northern Railway.....
No. 3, THE "FLYER"
ONLY MORNING TRAIN
from
ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
FOR MONTANA and the PACIFIC COAST
Makes Immediate Connection with Limited and Fast Mail Trains from Chicago and the East.
EVERY DAY.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lanctot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

WINCHESTER
FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration; their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

MISS.
MILDRED
KELLER.

RESTORED TO HEALTH. THANKS TO PE-RU-NA.

Friends Were Alarmed—Advised Change of Climate.

Miss Mildred Keller, 718 13th street, N. W., Washington, D. C., writes:

"I can safely recommend Peruna for catarrh. I had it for years and it would respond to no kind of treatment, or if it did it was only temporary, and on the slightest provocation the trouble would come back.

"I was in such a state that my friends were alarmed about me, and I was advised to leave this climate. Then I tried Peruna, and to my great joy found it helped me from the first dose I took, and a few bottles cured me.

"It built up my constitution, I regained my appetite, and I feel that I am perfectly well and strong."—Mildred Keller.

We have on file many thousand testimonials like the above. We can give our readers only a slight glimpse of the vast array of unsolicited endorsements Dr. Hartman is receiving.

Nerve.

"Say, boss," began the beggar, "I'm outer work an—"

"See here," interrupted Goodart, "I gave you 50 cents last week."

"Well, yer've earned more since, ain't yer?"—Philadelphia Ledger.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

"Oh, uncle, I'm so glad you've called. Baby's so cross, and it always amuses him and makes him laugh when he sees you."—Punch.

Thomas Regan of Deering, McHenry county, has been sent to the asylum the third time.

"Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy gave me prompt and complete relief from dyspepsia and liver derangement." R. T. Trowbridge, Harlem R.R., N.Y.

There is nothing seems so like an honest person as an artful knave.—C. Simmons.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Almost Human.

Montague McSosh—Great guns, Maria! don't expect so much of me! remember that I'm only human.

Mrs. McSosh—Well, I do try to remember it, but from your actions it's sometimes hard to believe.

Help Wanted.

Pompous Stranger—I heard you call for help when this young man tried to kiss you. Do you wish my assistance?

Blushing Girl—Yes. Will you please stand there on the corner and give us warning if any one comes along. Now, once more, Harold.

GRIP'S UGLY SEQUEL

KNEES STIFF, HANDS HELPLESS, RHEUMATISM NEAR HEART.

Mrs. Van Scoy Experiences Dangerous After-Effects from Grip and Learns Value of a Blood Remedy.

The grip leaves behind it weakened vital powers, thin blood, impaired digestion and over-sensitive nerves—a condition that makes the system an easy prey to pneumonia, bronchitis, rheumatism, nervous prostration, and even consumption.

The story told by scores of victims of the grip is substantially the same. One was tortured by terrible pains at the base of the skull; another was left tired, faint and in every way wretched from anæmia or scantiness of blood; another had horrible headaches, was nervous and couldn't sleep; another was left with weak lungs, difficulty in breathing and acute neuralgia. In every case relief was sought in vain until the great blood-builder and nerve-tonic, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, was used. For quickness and thoroughness of action nothing is known that will approach it.

Mrs. Van Scoy makes a statement that supports this claim. She says:

"I had a severe attack of grip and, before I had fully recovered, rheumatism set in and tormented me for three months. I was in a badly run-down state. Soon after it began I was so lame for a week that I could hardly walk. It kept growing steadily worse and at last I had to give up completely and for three weeks I was obliged to keep my bed. My knees were so stiff I couldn't bend them, and my hands were perfectly helpless. Then the pains began to threaten my heart and thoroughly alarmed me.

"While I was suffering in this way I chanced to run across a little book that told about the merits of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The statements in it impressed me and led me to buy a box. These pills proved the very thing I needed. Improvement set in as soon as I began to take them, and it was very marked by the time I had finished the first box. Four boxes made me a well woman."

Mrs. Laura M. Van Scoy lives at No. 20 Thorpe street, Danbury, Conn. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are equally well adapted for any other of the diseases that follow in the train of grip. They are sold by all druggists.

BRYAN UNDER FIRE ON STAND.

Also Appeals to Court Against Insinuations of Counsel.

New Haven, Conn., May 25.—William J. Bryan in the probate court here yesterday at a hearing on the accounts of the estate of the late Philo S. Bennett, of which Mr. Bryan is a director, submitted to a rapid fire of questions from Judge Henry Stoddard, counsel for Mrs. Grace I. Bennett, the widow. When Attorney White was first put on the stand as counsel for the administrator to explain the accounts Mr. Bryan interrupted so frequently that Judge Stoddard objected. Mr. Bryan then said:

"Your honor, I object to the insinuations thrown out by Judge Stoddard. For eighteen months I have heard these insinuation and I am tired of it. I am willing to testify. I want to testify."

PARDON FOR PRISONERS.

President Castro Celebrates Beginning of His New Term.

Caracas, May 25.—President Castro has signalized the opening of congress and the beginning of his constitutional presidency of six years by decreeing amnesty to all Venezuelans who for political reasons have been expatriated and they are permitted to return to their country. The amnesty also extends to political prisoners in Venezuela below the grade of colonel. There are about 1,500 political prisoners confined in the dungeons of Caracas, La Guayra, Puerto Cabello and Maracaibo. A national holiday has been declared on May 23 of every year, commemorating the beginning of Castro's revolution.

GUARD LOOTS STAGE.

In Hold-Up by Special Messenger $700 to Pay Road Workers Is Taken.

San Diego, Cal., May 25.—The Ensanada-San Quentin stage has been held up not far from Ensanada in Lower California, the driver was shot and $700 government funds stolen. A posse has started in pursuit. The hold-up occurred at La Gruella canyon, eighteen miles south of Ensanada. The stage carried $700 of government money, which was intended to pay men working on the road near San Quentin, and which was guarded by a special rural messenger, Estrada. Estrada, it is alleged, shot the driver in the neck; clubbed him until he apparently was dead, and then decamped with the funds.

NEGROES LAUD PRESIDENT.

Colored Women's Clubs Indorse the President's Stand on Race Question.

Muscatine, Iowa, May 25. — President Roosevelt's attitude on recent race troubles was indorsed yesterday by the Iowa Federation of Colored Women's clubs in session here. The state president, Mrs. Belle Graves of Des Moines, urged more thorough organization of colored people for the upbuilding of the race. State and national organizers present urged closer unity. Des Moines was chosen as the next meeting place.

STUDENTS CLEAN STREET.

High School Pupils Take Places of Striking Sweepers.

Stockholm, May 25—Students of the high schools are cleaning the city's streets in place of the regular street cleaners, who have struck for improved conditions. Plenty of volunteers seem ready to assist the municipal authorities and it is said that in the event of a continuance of the strike, military officials intend to form a street cleaning brigade and take turns in attending to the sanitary necessities of Stockholm.

TREASURER IS MISSING.

With Him Has Gone the Cash Belonging to Building Association.

Chicago, May 25. — Anton Pitra, treasurer of the American Building, Loan and Homestead association, is missing and an investigation of his books is said to have revealed a shortage of about $11,000. Counsel for the organization has laid the matter before the grand jury. Pitra was a prominent Bohemian resident of this city.

Four Killed at Warsaw.

Warsaw, May 25. — Four persons were killed and thirty wounded in a fight here last night between Jewish workmen and the Jewish keepers of disorderly houses. Both sides used knives. The dead and wounded were terribly mutilated. The quarrel is said to have originated at a wedding which took place yesterday.

Japs May Be Shot Down.

Honolulu, May 25.—A wireless telegram to the Advertiser from Lahina says that the police and militia are preparing to move on the camp of the striking Japanese laborers and that the situation is growing serious.

Boy Swimmer Drowned.

Blue Earth, Minn., May 25.—Elmer Cummings, ten years old, was drowned while swimming in the Blue Earth river, yesterday afternoon. The body has not yet been recovered.

Go to Break Strike.

Ashland, Wis., May 25. — Michael Girard, Harry Peterson and John O'Neil, all experienced drivers for the American Express company, left for Chicago yesterday to act as strikebreakers. Others left from Duluth and Superior.

New Jail to Be Built.

Ladysmith, Wis., May 25. — The board of supervisors of this country have voted to bond the county for $10,000 for the purpose of building a jail and sheriff's residence.

Fight With Turks.

Athens, May 23.—An encounter between Graeco-Macedonian bands and a strong Turkish detachment is reported to have occurred in the district of Langadina, in Macedonia. Eleven insurgents and fifty Turks are reported to have been killed.

Fire Sweeps Business Section.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 23. — Fire yesterday swept through the business section of this city, destroying several costly structures. The loss is estimated at $300,000.

Calumet Baking Powder

Health—Economy

Liquid Burden.

Myer—Did I understand you to say that Swiggs had a stroke of paralysis day before yesterday?

Guyer—I don't know what you understood me to say, but I merely said that he was badly paralyzed.—Columbus Dispatch.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{ SEAL } A. W. GLEASON, NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Preferred Some Other Maker.

A small cousin transgressed. The heinousness of her fault was explained to her, and she was warned: "God will not love you if you do wrong."

She listened seriously and then demanded: "Did God make me?"

"Yes."

"Well," with a sigh. "I wish some other man had made me that was not so particular."—Boston Herald.

LEWIS & CLARK EXPOSITION.

It is a noteworthy fact that the Lewis and Clark Exposition is the first world's fair to be held west of the Rocky Mountains which has secured the aid of the government.

"And it is also surprising what an interest is manifested in the exposition by the people of the East. They see in the exposition an opportunity to visit the Western country at a greatly reduced expenditure of money, and not only see the Exposition itself, but view the wonders of our Western scenery, and witness the great resources of the Northwest and the opportunities afforded. The Great Northern Railway passenger department has been flooded with inquiries as to the exposition, and it augurs well for a big travel through the Northwest this year.

The man arrested in Mandan on complaint of his wife was held to the district court.

Here is a chance for you to make a fortune. I have forty acres of valuable mineral land which assays from $10.00 to over $67.00 Gold to the ton. I will sell half of it at a sacrifice, $6,500, in order to get money to work the other half. Address P. O. Box 206, St. Paul, Minn.

With a dozen residents of Hankinson in jail, the citizens feel their property is more likely to remain at home.

LIVING TOO HASTILY

AMERICAN WOMEN BREAK DOWN

Irregularities and Female Derangements Result—Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Owing to our mode and manner of living, and the nervous haste of every woman to accomplish just so much each day, it is said that there is not one woman in twenty-five but what suffers with some derangement of the female organism, and this is the secret of so many unhappy homes.

Mrs. Chester Curry

No woman can be amiable, light-hearted and happy, a joy to her husband and children, and perform the duties incumbent upon her, when she is suffering with backache, headache, nervousness, sleeplessness, bearing-down pains, displacement of the womb, spinal weakness or ovarian troubles.

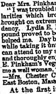
Irritability and snappy retorts take the place of pleasantness, and all sunshine is driven out of the home, and lives are wrecked by woman's great enemy—womb trouble.

Read this letter:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I was troubled for eight years with irregularities which broke down my health and brought on extreme nervousness and despondency. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound proved to be the only medicine which helped me. Day by day I improved in health while taking it until I was entirely cured. I can attend to my social and household duties and thoroughly enjoy life once more, as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has made me a well woman, without an ache or a pain."—Mrs. Chester Curry, 43 Saratoga Street, East Boston, Mass.

At the first indication of ill health, painful or irregular menstruation, pain in the side, headache, backache, bearing-down pains, nervousness or "the blues," secure at once a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and begin its use.



LEAVES NO SCAR

Cures—
Cuts,
Sprains,
Bruises,
Rheumatism,
And All Hurts of Man or Beast

DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL

The World's Greatest Healer

OLNEY & McDAID, Mfrs., Clinton, Ia.

At druggists in 50c, $1, $3 and $5 Sizes

Sent prepaid if your druggist cannot furnish.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS.
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

RAILROADS AND PROGRESS.

In his testimony before the senate committee on interstate commerce at Washington on May 4, Prof. Hugo R. Meyer of the Chicago university, an expert on railroad management, made this statement:

"Let us look at what might have happened if we had heeded the protests of the farmers of New York and Ohio and Pennsylvania (in the 70's, when grain from the west began pouring to the Atlantic seaboard), and acted upon the doctrine which the interstate commerce commission has enunciated time and again, that no man may be deprived of the advantages accruing to him by virtue of his geographical position. We could not have west of the Mississippi a population of millions of people who are prosperous and are great consumers. We never should have seen the years when we built 10,000 and 12,000 miles of railway, for there would have been no farmers west of the Mississippi river who could have used the land that would have been opened up by the building of those railways. And if we had not seen the years when we could build 10,000 and 12,000 miles of railway a year, we should not have to-day east of the Mississippi a steel and iron producing center, which is at once the marvel and the despair of Europe, because we could not have built up a steel and iron industry if there had been no market for its product.

We could not have in New England a great boot and shoe industry; we could not have in New England a great cotton milling industry; we could not have spread throughout New York and Pennsylvania and Ohio manufacturing industries of the most diversified kinds, because those industries would have no market among the farmers west of the Mississippi river.

And while the progress of this country, while the development of the agricultural west of this country, did mean the impairment of the agricultural value east of the Mississippi river, that ran up into hundreds of millions of dollars, it meant incidentally the building up of great manufacturing industries that added to the value of this land by thousands of millions of dollars. And, gentlemen, those things were not foreseen in the '70's. The statesmen and the public men of this country did not see what part the agricultural development of the west was going to play in the industrial development of the east. And you may read the decisions of the interstate commerce commission from the first to the last, and what is one of the greatest characteristics of those decisions? The continued inability to see the question in this large way.

The interstate commerce commission never can see anything more than that the farm land of some farmer is decreasing in value, or that some man who has a flour mill with a production of fifty barrels a day is being crowded out. It never can see that the destruction or impairment of farm values in this place means the building up of farm values in that place, and that that shifting of values is a necessary incident to the industrial and manufacturing development of this country. And if we shall give to the interstate commerce commission power to regulate rates, we shall no longer have our rates regulated on the statesmanlike basis on which they have been regulated in the past by the railway men, who really have been great statesmen, who really have been great builders of empires, who have had an imagination that rivals the imagination of the greatest poet and of the greatest inventor, and who have operated with a courage and daring that rivals the courage and daring of the greatest military general. But we shall have our rates regulated by a body of civil servants, bureaucrats, whose besetting sin the world over is that they never can grasp a situation in a large way and with the grasp of the statesman; that they never can see the fact that they are confronted with a small evil; that that evil is relatively small, and that it cannot be corrected except by the creation of evils and abuses which are infinitely greater than the one that is to be corrected."

Too Full to Swallow.

R. J. Wynne, the postmaster general, tells a story about a small boy who was invited to a party given by one of his little friends. After eating ice cream and cake three times somebody offered him some candy, but the little chap shook his head and said in a sorrowful tone, "I can chew, but I can't swallow."—New York Times.

SIMPLE WALL DECORATIONS.

New Material and New Ideas for the Decoration of Homes.

The styles of home decorations have completely changed in the last few years, and it is pleasant to say that they have changed for the better. Time was when we hung monstrous patterns printed on paper against our walls, and considered them more or less pleasantly. It would hardly be fair to say that we considered them beautiful or artistic. But they were the vogue and were put on. The time has come when, with our better methods for interior decoration, better effects can be secured.

In wall coverings, whether they be of paint, or of kalsomine, or of Alabastine—whatever the material used to cover the wall—the thing desired is that which has the greatest covering power, as well as permanency and beauty of color. Alabastine, a wall covering ground from Alabaster rock—which means a hard white rock—is the ideal covering for a wall.

The most beautiful wall decorations in the world are those which are laid on with the brush. The mural designs in our large public buildings, and the frescoed designs in the large cathedrals and churches, have a permanency and an art of which wall paper is but a cheap imitation. These mural schemes and frescoed designs can be brought within the reach of the every day home. They can be done with Alabastine, which is permanent in its coloring. It does not rub off, and it has the soft effect of pastelle.

A great many people defer the redecorating of their rooms not only because of the expense but because of the discomfort of it. With Alabastine there need be no discomfort and there can be no muss, for all that is needed is to lay a sheet or canvas on the floor, have your man come in with a pail, make the solution and simply brush it on the wall. That is all there is to it, and the room is perfectly clean and thoroughly renovated.

COURTS HELP GAS GRAFTERS

DISMISSED PHILADELPHIA OFFICIALS GET THEIR JOBS BACK.

FORCE GAS LEASE THROUGH

REPUBLICAN LEADERS SAY IT WILL BE PASSED OVER MAYOR'S VETO.

MAYOR CONSULTS WITH ROOT

WHAT THE NEXT MOVE WILL BE CANNOT BE FORESHADOWED.

Philadelphia, May 25. — The gas lease fight was carried into the courts yesterday and, in consequence, the two directors appointed by Mayor Weaver Tuesday evening are out of office and the directors who were dismissed have again taken up the duties of their positions. Late in the day Mayor Weaver, accompanied by Former Judge James Jay Gordon, went to New York for consultation with Elihu Root, the mayor's special counsel. What the next move will be cannot be foreshadowed.

The leaders of the Republican organization announced that their lines remain unbroken, that the gas lease will be passed over the mayor's veto next week and that the lease will be put in operation.

It was another exciting day at the city hall, the storm center of the controversy.

Events Moved Rapidly

and the great army of officeholders and citizens who were gathered on the political "rialto" seeking information were not kept long in suspense as to what would be the next move. The city employes felt much relieved as the day wore on to learn that the mayor had taken no further action with regard to the removal of other heads of departments or of bureau chiefs. The return to office of the ousted chiefs also gave them more confidence.

Mr. Weaver had little to say for publication. Regarding the injunction he said:

"I am still the mayor of the city, and I mean to exercise all the rights of my office. The injunction cannot prevent me doing my duty."

As an evidence of the view the mayor takes of the situation, he ordered yesterday afternoon that matters pertaining to the duties of the two departments requiring immediate action be brought to his office at once, thereby

Assuming Personal Charge

of those branches of the city department, pending the outcome of the legal complications.

The leaders of the organization were in conference all day and conferences were held last night. One of the most important gatherings of the day was that held in the office of United States Senator Penrose, where State Insurance Commissioner Israel W. Durham, the Republican organization leader, met all the ward leaders.

The committee of nine held a meeting yesterday and arranged for a mass meeting to be held in the Academy of Music Friday night. Among the speakers will be Former Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith and Bishop Coadjutor Mackay-Smith of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Pennsylvania.

CORN SHORTS STAMPEDED.

Sensational Upward Jump of Nearly 10 Cents in the May Option.

Chicago, May 25.—Corn for delivery during the month of May sold here yesterday for 67 cents a bushel, an advance of 9 1-4 cents fro mthe previous day's closing quotations. The sensational upward jump in the price of that option was due to a stampede among the shorts, who were filled with fresh alarm at the prospects of a continuance of an aggressive bull campaign in the May delivery. The market was comparatively quiet at the opening, but an advance of nearly 2 cents occurred early in the session on moderate buying by shorts. Toward the noon hour, however, the price made a violent leap upward, ending at 66 1-2 cents, after touching the top named.

CHINESE SUSPECTS GONE.

Men Accused of Selling Opium to Herbert Croker Disappear.

Kansas City, May 25.—Ah Lee and George Kee, accused of selling opium in the place Herbert Croker visited the night of his death, failed to appear in police court yesterday, and their bonds were forfeited and orders given for their rearrest. The Chinamen are supposed to have left town.

SAND STORM AT CROOKSTON.

Darkness Covers the City and the People Are Given a Fright.

Crookston, Minn., May 25.—A terrific sand storm occurred here yesterday. Darkness almost equal to night prevailed for several hours. As is rained throughout this section the previous night the sand must have come from the Canadian side of the line. All electric lights were turned on. The remarkable degree of darkness for the middle of the day caused apprehension on the part of the timid.

Empress Has Fall.

Wiesbaden, May 23.—Empress Augusta Victoria fell down stairs and was slightly injured on the forehead. Though the hurt is not serious, it has caused the postponement of the departure of the emperor and empress for Berlin.

Hunger Riot.

Madrid, May 23. — A hunger riot broke out at Alcazar de San Juan, in the province of Ciudad Real, yesterday, workmen attacking several flour mills.

An Attachment.

A Young Rector (in evident embarrassment)—My dear Miss Clara, I—" trying to leave the chair—"I believe I have formed an—attachment, and—"

Miss Clara (blushing furiously)—Oh, Arthur—I mean Mr. Greene—this is so unexpected! "I must—"

The Young Rector (frantically)—Beg pardon, Miss Clara, but I was about to say that I have formed an attachment to this chair, due to the presence there of a bit of cobbler's wax placed there by that unregenerate young brother of yours."

Intense delight of the small boy in ambush.

No Need of a Bakery.

Clapper—See that tow-headed young chap over yonder, with a glass in one eye, and struggling with a cigarette?

Snapper—Yes. He doesn't look half baked.

Clapper—Worse than that; he's all dough. Old man left him five millions!

ANOTHER LIFE SAVED.

Mrs. G. W. Fooks, of Salisbury, Md., wife of G. W. Fooks, Sheriff of Wicomico County, says: "I suffered with kidney complaint for eight years. It came on me gradually. I felt tired and weak, was short of breath and was troubled with bloating after eating, and my limbs were badly swollen. One doctor told me it would finally turn to Bright's disease. I was laid up at one time for three weeks. I had not taken Doan's Kidney Pills more than three days when the distressing aching across my back disappeared, and I was soon entirely cured."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Young Physician.

WHAT HIS EXPERIENCE PROVED.

In the early sixties it was usually the duty of a practicing physician to ride many miles every day on his regular round of visits upon his patients. In those days a young man who had received a splendid medical training in one of the best medical colleges of that day was accustomed to ride ten, twenty or thirty miles or more visiting the sick and afflicted. His success was soon phenomenal. Doctors and families called him for consultation to towns at considerable distances by rail. One of his specialties was the cure of those distressing diseases of women. He had early discovered that by combining the vegetable extract of the following medicinal plants in just the right proportion without the use of alcohol—his prescription invariably cured such cases. Later, in order to place this remedy before the public in a shape easily to be procured, he established a laboratory at Buffalo, N. Y., where regularly qualified chemists were put in charge to accurately prepare his prescription and put it in shape for shipment to all parts of the United States. This remedy, which he named Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, is not a "patent medicine" in the common acceptance of the term, but a tonic for women, and a regular physician's prescription, and contains the following non-alcoholic ingredients:

Lady's Slipper (*Cypripedium Pubescens*).
Black Cohosh (*Cimicifuga Racemosa*).
Unicorn root (*Chamælirium Luteum*).
Blue Cohosh (*Caulophyllum Thalictroides*)
Golden Seal (*Hydrastis Canadensis*).

Scientifically prepared by experienced chemists at the Laboratory of the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce does not claim for his "Favorite Prescription" that it is a "cure-all." It is recommended as a most perfect specific for woman's peculiar ailments. So uniform are the results which follow the use of this remarkable remedy, that it can be truly affirmed of "Favorite Prescription" that *it always helps and almost always cures*. Ninety-eight per cent. of the women who give this medicine a fair and faithful trial are cured and remain cured.

It is a powerful invigorating tonic, imparting health and strength in particular to the womb and its appendages. The local, womanly health is so intimately related to the general health that when diseases of the delicate womanly organs are cured the whole body gains in health and strength. For weak and sickly women who are "worn-out," "run-down" or debilitated, especially for women who work in store, office or schoolroom, who sit at the typewriter or sewing machine, or bear heavy household burdens, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will prove a priceless benefit because of its health-restoring and strength-giving power.

THE PROOF.

"I want to tell you of the great improvement in my health since taking your 'Favorite Prescription,'" says Mrs. H. S. Jones, of Forest, N. C. "When I began its use I was a physical wreck and had despaired of ever having good health again. Could not sit up all day. I noted a great improvement before the first bottle was all used. Was suffering with almost every pain that a woman is subject to; had inflammation of the ovaries, painful and suppressed periods, and other symptoms of female disease. After taking six bottles of 'Favorite Prescription,' I felt like a new person. Can ride horseback and take all kinds of exercise and not feel tired."

FEEL CRANKY?—Case of constipation. A man or woman who neglects constipation suffers from slow poisoning. Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Frank Baker, St. Cloud, Minn., magazine for firearms; Nils Garbo, Minneapolis, Minn., sorting cabinet; George Hastings, Pine Island, Minn., protecting pad; Peter McGrath, Hibbing, Minn., lemon squeezer; William Nead, Minneapolis, Minn., window shade and curtain bracket; John Wells, Carrington, N. D., wrench.

Love is the only thing that was old when Time was a baby.

Blessed is he who puts a line of wisdom in a line of type.

Rev. Mr. Johnson—De choir will now render dat beautiful hymn, "Oh, for a Thousand Tongues to Sing," an' while dey am rendering it de congregation will jine in grateful prayer dat de aforesaid choir hain't got but one tongue apiece.

Alabastine Your Walls

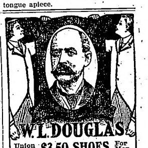
Alabastine produces exquisitely beautiful effects on walls and ceilings. Easy to apply, simply mix with cold water. Better than kalsomine, paint or wall paper. It is not a kalsomine, it is a sanitary, permanent, cement coating, which hardens on the walls, destroying disease germs and vermin, never rubbing or scaling. Kalsomines mixed with either hot or cold water soon rub and scale off, spoiling walls, clothing and furniture. They contain glue, which decays and nourishes the germs of deadly disease.

If your druggist or hardware dealer will not get Alabastine, refuse substitutes and imitations and order of us. Send for free sample of tints and information about decorating.

ALABASTINE COMPANY

Grant Ave., Grand Rapids, Mich.

New York Office, 105 Water St.



Union Made **$3.50 SHOES** For Men.

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more Men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world. $10,000 REWARD to any one who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. They are just as good as those that cost from $5.00 to $7.00. The only difference is the price. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make; hold their shape better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day. W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom of each shoe. Look for it. Take no substitute. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are sold through his own retail stores in the principal cities, and by shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, W. L. Douglas shoes are within your reach.

EQUAL $5.00 SHOES.

"I have worn W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes for years, and consider them equal to any $5.00 shoe now on the market. They have given entire satisfaction."—Wm. H. Anderson, Real Estate Agent, Kansas City, Mo.

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.50 and $2.00 shoes because they fit better, hold their shape and wear longer than other makes.

W. L. Douglas uses Corona Coltskin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is conceded to be the finest patent leather produced.

Fast Color Eyelets will not wear Brassy.

W. L. Douglas has the largest shoe mail order business in the world. No trouble to get a fit by mail. 25 cents extra prepays delivery. If you desire further information, *write for Illustrated Catalogue of Spring Styles.*

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

N W N U —NO. 21— 1905

Conviction Follows Trial

When buying loose coffee or anything your grocer happens to have in his bin, **how do you know what you are getting?** Some queer stories about coffee that is sold in bulk, could be told, if the people who handle it (grocers), cared to speak out.

Could any amount of mere talk have persuaded millions of housekeepers to use

Lion Coffee,

the leader of all package coffees for over a quarter of a century, if they had not found it superior to all other brands in **Purity, Strength, Flavor and Uniformity?**

This popular success of LION COFFEE can be due only to inherent merit. There is no stronger proof of merit than continued and increasing popularity.

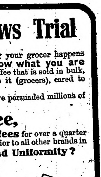
If the verdict of MILLIONS OF HOUSEKEEPERS does not convince you of the merits of LION COFFEE, it costs you but a trifle to buy a package. It is the easiest way to convince yourself, and to make you a PERMANENT PURCHASER.

LION COFFEE is sold only in 1 lb. sealed packages, and reaches you as pure and clean as when it left our factory.

Lion-head on every package.
Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.



Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1905. NUMBER 46.

TOGO ANNIHILATES RUSSIAN FLEET

Twenty-Two Ships of the Czar's Great Armada Are Sunk or Captured and Admiral Rojestvensky Is a Prisoner.

Russian Admiral's Wild Dash for Vladivostok Results in Almost Complete Disaster—Only Two Ships Reach the Port.

Togo Reports That None of His Big Fighting Ships Were Seriously Damaged—400 Casualties in First Division.

Every successive dispatch adds to the completeness of the annihilation of the Russian fleet that was sent to the Far East to wrest the supremacy of the sea from Japan. It will probably be days and weeks before the main facts of the greatest naval engagement of modern times are made known.

This much is known for a certainty, that Rojestvensky's attempt to force a passage of the Korean straits has resulted in almost complete disaster to the Russian fleet.

According to the latest reports from Vice Admiral Togo to his government the

Loss to the Russians

in ships sunk or captured now numbers twenty-two, while full particulars are not yet in. More than 3,000 prisoners have been taken.

The admiral says that none of his big fighting ships were seriously damaged. He places the casualties in his first division at 400.

Interesting news comes from Vladivostok, sent direct by the correspondent of the Associated Press, who reports the arrival there of the cruiser Almaz and the torpedo boat destroyer Grozny. The officers of the Almaz say they witnessed the sinking of two Japanese battleships and that two Japanese cruisers were listing badly and seemed about to sink when the fog obscured further view of the battle.

Fate of Rojestvensky.

There seems to be great confusion as to the fate of Vice Admiral Rojestvensky. It is reported that he arrived at Vladivostok on the torpedo boat Buiny, badly wounded and that his wife has received a telegram from him, while a report received from Tokio late last night at the Japanese legation at Washington, says he was captured on board a destroyer, with another admiral.

TOGO LAID A TRAP.

Outmaneuvered, Outfought and Outshot the Russians.

Tokio, June 1. — The proverb that Admiral Togo always fights and seldom reports is proving true in the case of his greatest battle. From the briefest and most fragmentary reports coming to Tokio it is impossible to gain an approximate conception or picture of the desperate and decisive combat.

Admiral Togo appears to have prepared and laid a trap which fitted Admiral Rojestvensky's action, and that the Japanese outmaneuvered, outfought and outshot the Russians, fearlessly taking their lightest cruisers against the heavy Russian armor-clad battleships and joining battleships with armored cruisers, smothering them with gun fire.

Submarines Used.

Tremendous interest attaches to the use of submarine vessels. The navy department is silent on this point, but it is confidently believed that submarines were effectively used for the first time in history.

Hundreds of Russian refugees who landed on the Tsu islands and neighboring provinces are coming to Sasebo and Maipsu. Many of them are wounded and otherwise suffering from the terrible ordeal of the long battle. It is believed that the fighting ended Monday. A search of the sea is in progress. The fate of Admiral Rojestvensky is still in doubt. The failure of tidings strengthens the belief that he has either reached Vladivostok or fled south.

TWO SHIPS GET AWAY.

Arrive at Vladivostok and Bring News of Dire Disaster.

Vladivostok, June 1.—The Russian protected cruiser Almaz and the torpedo boat Grozny have arrived here. Officers of the Almaz and the Grozny say that both fleets had already suffered terrible losses when the Almaz and Grozny broke through the hostile line.

Of the Japanese two battleships had gone down before their eyes and two cruisers, their sterns high out of water, seemed ready to plunge foremost to the bottom of the sea.

The Russian fleet, they say, was even in a sadder plight. Rojestvensky's flagship, the Prince Souvaroff, and her sister ship the Borodino, and the cruisers Osliabia and Orel, were

Utterly Destroyed;

and when the fog closed down and hid the scene of battle from sight northward of the speeding ships a third great Russian battleship, the Alexander III., seemed in sore distress, but limping northward, putting up a valiant fight against throngs of torpedo boats and still continuing her attacks on the cruisers of the island empire. Torpedo boats were also clinging round the other ships of the fleet like angered wasps, separate flotillas darting in again and again to launch their weapons.

These two ships alone of Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's powerful flotilla lie at anchor here in the harbor of Golden Horn, they having separated from the fleet in the early stage of the battle, which began in the Korea strait Saturday, and headed, in obedience to orders, with full speed to Vladivostok.

Bears Scars of Battle.

The swift cruiser Almaz, which arrived at her anchorage here Monday evening, bears scars of the battle. Her mizzenmast is shot away and one of her smokestacks is pierced by a cannon shot. But the Grozny, though engaged for several hours in a running fight at short range with a large Japanese destroyer, shows no signs of the fray. After her commander, Capt. Andriffski, had been wounded and an officer and three men had been killed the Grozny succeeded in sinking her opponent with a lucky-placed shot and reached Vladivostok without further adventire at 11 o'closy yesterday morning.

Mystery About Rojestvensky.

London, June 1.—The English newspapers are still without and but meager official news from Vladivostok given in a dispatch received by Emperor Nicholas from Gen. Linevitch, and therefore are completely mystified regarding the fate of Vice Admiral Rojestvensky.

The Associated Press' interesting Vladivostok dispatch shows that the reports that Mme. Rojestvensky received a telegram from her husband, dated Vladivostok, must be placed among other similar and numerous rumors current. It now seems practically certain that Rojestvensky is a prisoner.

Says Rojestvensky Escaped.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg to Reuter's Telegram company repeats the information sent by the Associated Press that Admiral Rojestvensky arrived at Vladivostok on board the torpedo boat destroyer Buiny at 6 p. m., May 29. It adds that the admiral is seriously wounded in the head, back and chest.

Gather In Captured Ships.

Tokio, June 1.—The captured Russian battleship Orel arrived at the Mazirui navy yard at noon yesterday. The battleships Nickolai I. and Admiral Seniavian and the coast defense ironclad Admiral Aprexine, reached Sasebo at 11 o'closk yesterday. It is reported that the Orel and Nikolai I. are slightly damaged.

MAKES IT A CLEAN SWEEP.

Correspondent Says All Russian Ships Were Sunk or Captured.

London, June 1.—The Daily Mail's Tokio correspondent, cabling under date of May 30, says:

"When the Prince Suvaroff was sunk Admiral Rojestvensky was transferred to another vessel, but was captured off Fumi to-day. He is said to be severely wounded in the arm. Admirals Nebogatoff and Voelkersam also are prisoners. All the ships of the Russian Fleet have been sunk or captured.

SINKS WITH 800 MEN.

Russian Cruiser Strikes a Mine and Goes Down With All Hands.

London, June 1.—The Tokio correspondent of the Daily Express reports that the cruiser Gromoboi of the Vladivostok squadron, with nearly 800 men on board, issued from Vladivostok in the hope of joining the remnant of Rojestvensky's fleet and that it struck a Japanese mine and sunk with all on board. It is believed that Vice Admiral Skrydloff was on board.

RUSSIANS ARE STUPEFIED.

Their Own Advices Paint Situation in Worse Colors Than Tokio Dispatches.

St. Petersburg, June 1.—The Russian admiralty is literally stupefied at the extent of the disaster suffered by Admiral Rojestvensky's fleet and its own advices paint the situation in even worse colors than the Tokio dispatches. A Vladivostok dispatch received early this morning accounts for only two ships of the great Russian fleet—the Almaz and Grozny.

ROJESTVENSKY A PRISONER.

Togo Says Admiral Was Taken When Flagship Sank.

Washington, June 1. — The official Japanese report on the latest details of the great naval battle in the Korean straits is made in a cablegram received by the Japanese legation here from the foreign office at Tokio, conveying Admiral Togo's latest dispatches. The report says that Admiral Rojestvensky and another admiral, together with staff officers, were taken prisoners on the sinking of Rojestvensky's flagship Saturday night. The total number of vessels lost to the Russians, according to Admiral Togo, now reaches twenty-two, and he adds that although the full particulars are not yet in, none of the Japanese ships were seriously injured, and the loss to the first division of the Japanese fleet was over 400.

WILL FIGHT DOGGEDLY ON.

Russian Ambassador Is More Emphatic Than Ever.

Washington, June 1.—"Until some word of peace comes out of Tsarskoe Selo, Nippon has but to fight on."

This epigrammatis remark of Mr. Takahira, the Japanese minister, made last night with the details of the victory of the Japanese fleet before him, accurately sets forth not only his opinion, but, it is believed, that of the Washington and other neutral governments represented here regarding the effect of the battle upon Russia's policy. Whether Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, will be the bearer of that fateful word when he sees the president to-day or Thursday remains to be seen, but the ambassador, in a conversation with a correspondent of the Associated Press last night,

Was More Emphatic

than at any time since the war in the declaration that the war would go on indefinitely. While admitting that he would see the president in the next few days and have a longe conference on the general situation, the ambassador strongly discouraged any hopes of an early peace.

"Perhaps after Liao Yank there was a possibility of peace. I will not say there was not an idea of peace at that time in certain quarters, but now, after this crushing defeat? Never. The Japanese talk of indemnity. Russia can better use this money in the building of another fleet. Certainly this is not the time when Russia can afford to take up the question of peace."

It is this apparent determination of Russia to continue in the face of disastrous defeats on land and sea which discourages the Washington government at this time from taking any positive steps toward offering assistance to the belligerents in coming to an understanding. It is believed here, however, that when Russia, through her own agents, has learned the full extent of her losses she may be approached regarding peace with some hope that overtures will be welcomed. It is such an opportunity for which this government is watching.

GREAT TRIUMPH FOR WEAVER.

Organization Unconditionally Surrenders to Philadelphia Mayor.

Philadelphia, June 1.—State Insurance Commissioner Israel W. Durham, boss of the Republican organization in Philadelphia for the past ten years, and whose influence reached far into the interior of Pennsylvania, unconditionally surrendered to Mayor Weaver, who opened the war on the organization last Tuesday. The action of Leader Durham was a great surprise, as all his lieutenants and the rank and file of the organization had been given to understand that the fight begun by Mayor Weaver over the gas lease would be fought to a finish. The injunction proceedings also have been abandoned.

DOWIE NETTLES MEXICO.

"Elijah" Loses Railroad Concession Because Survey Goes Too Far.

Galveston, Tex., June 1.—John Alexander Dowie of Zion City has imperiled his standing with the Mexican government after haveing obtained a 2,000,000-acre concession in the State of Tamasalipas, on the gulf coast. The discovery that surveys have been extended for nearly 100 miles beyond the grant caused the authorities to suspect that he is working with an American railroad syndicate. The railroad concession has been withdrawn and Dowie is threatened with charges of breach of contract.

FARIBAULT BANK DIVIDEND.

Depositors of First National Receive One-Fifth of Claims.

Faribault, Minn., June 1.—Receiver Baird of the First National bank began Monday the distribution of checks for the first dividend to depositors in the defunct institution. The checks number 908 and amount in all to nearly $100,000. They are for 20 per cent of the claims. These checks, as usual in such cases, were made out here and forwarded to Washington for the signature of the controller. The checks were mailed from Washington Thursday, and arrived for distribution Monday. They are similar to pension checks and can be cashed at any of the local banks.

An overworked conscience is apt to lose its voice.

GOVERNMENT LIGHT.

HISTORIC CHICKAMAUGA PARK ABLAZE WITH ILLUMINATION.

United States System of Lighting Military Post Pronounced Gratifyingly Successful—Six and One-Half Miles of Mains—Sixty-Five Street Lights.

Chickamauga Park, Ga., May 31.—The United States government has here in operation one of the largest acetylene gas plants in the world. The military post at the entrance of the historical Chickamauga battlefield where thirty thousand Union and Confederate soldiers were lost in the memorable battle of Sept. 19 and 20, 1863, contains about one hundred buildings, the seventy-five principal ones of which are lighted with acetylene. To accomplish this six and one-half miles of mains and two miles of service pipes are in use, while sixty-five street lamps brilliantly illuminate the avenues of the post.

In 1903 the War Department installed a test acetylene plant at Fort Meyer, Virginia. The results were so gratifying and the superiority of the illuminant so evident that the government, March 20, 1904, placed the contract for the Chickamauga plant, in which every citizen of the United States should have his pro rata of pride.

But the government has not confined its acceptance of acetylene to this military post. Since becoming satisfied of the efficiency, superiority and economical advantages of this particular illuminant, the United States has installed a number of plants in Indian schools and other government institutions.

Acetylene gas is one of the simplest as well as the most perfect of artificial lights. It is made by the contact of water and carbide, (a manufactured product for sale at a nominal price), is absolutely safe and gives a beautiful white light soothing to the eyes and nerves. It can be produced anywhere—in the farm home, the village store, the town hall, the church—and is so easily maintained as to be practical for all classes.

It is a matter for national congratulation that in beautifying so historic a spot as Chickamauga, nothing but the best, including the lighting system, has been deemed good enough for the American people.

Son's Vocal Talent.

I had been taking a horseback ride through the southern part of Missouri and one night, finding myself in a very sparsely settled district, I was forced to continue in the saddle until midnight before I saw the dark shadows of a village at the end of the road. Just outside this village I came to a miserable little cottage where a light still burned in the window; I knocked on the door to inquire for a place to put up for the night.

"Is that you, Tad?" came a gruff voice from within.

"No," said I. "Open the door a minute. I want to ask you something."

The bolt was drawn, and a man attired in a cotton undershirt and overalls looked out sleepily into the darkness.

"I thought you was my boy,' Tad." he explained, rubbing his eyes, "and, snip my ears, here he is now!"

A barefoot youth came panting out of the shadow with his arms full of shoes of various sizes and colors.

"Get any?" asked the man, expectantly.

"Yassir," replied the boy in a filial tone—"seven of 'em to-night, and two of 'e mis a pair."

"Good!" the man said, and then he turned to me with the manner of one who thinks an explanation would be polite. "You see, Tad can make a noise that sounds louder and has more worry to it and sounds more natural like a tom cat than any cat in this country can make. So he just goes into the village and yells under windows about this time in the fall. Then he picks up what is flung out."

"And you get shoes enough for winter," I finished.

"Stranger," said the man, solemnly, "I can see you ain't a fool."—Lippincott's.

Are the Packers Receiving Fair Play?

When the Garfield report on the business methods of the packers appeared, after eight months' investigation, it was severely criticised and roundly denounced. After three months of publicity it is significant that those who attempted to discredit it have failed to controvert the figures contained in that exhaustive document. The public is beginning to notice this omission, and the feeling is rapidly growing that the sensational charges out of which the "Beef Investigation" arose were without foundation. If the official statements of the report are susceptible of contradiction, a good many people are now asking why the facts and figures are not furnished to contradict them.

The truth seems to be that most of the charges contain unfounded sensational assertions. A flagrant example of this appeared in a recent article in an Eastern magazine, to the effect that "forty Iowa banks were forced to close their doors in 1903-4 by the Beef Trust's manipulation of cattle prices." Chief Clerk Cox, of the banking department of the Iowa State Auditor's office, has tabulated the list of banks given in the magazine article and has publicly denounced the statement as utterly untrue. He gives separately the reasons for each failure mentioned and officially states that they have been caused by unwise speculations and by reckless banking methods. It may be well to suspend judgment upon the packers until the charges against them are proved.

CZAR WILL KEEP UP THE FIGHT

FEARS THE EFFECTS OF THE DISASTER ON THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE.

ONLY FOUR RUSS SHIPS SAFE

LITTLE HOPE FOR RUSSIANS IN LATEST DISPATCHES ABOUT BATTLE.

JAP LOSS WAS VERY SMALL

THREE TORPEDO BOATS SUNK, THREE OFFICERS AND 200 MEN KILLED.

Little hope for the Russians can be found in the latest dispatches regarding the naval battle off Tsu island. Only four of the vessels of Rojestvensky's fleet are known to have arrived at Vladivostok, the cruiser Almaz and the torpedo boat destroyers Grozny, Brava and Terosiahty. The full extent of the Russian casualties in men and officers drowned, wounded or captured is not yet known. The Japanese losses, as reported from Tokio, are only three torpedo boats sunk, three officers killed and about 200 men killed or disabled.

Rojestvensky a Prisoner.

Not one of the big fighting ships of the Japanese navy was lost. It is now definitely known that Vice Admiral Rojestvensky is captured. He is seriously wounded, but it is stated from Tokio will recover. Interest now turns to the situation in Russia as the result of the naval disaster. The emperor Wednesday summoned to the palace at Tsarskoe Selo all the members of the imperial family and later called into extraordinary council Admiral Alexieff and all his ministers of state, and a series of conferences took place as to the course to be pursued. The result of these conferences is in doubt, the ministers on returning to St. Petersburg observing a

Cautious Reticence

as to what took place. It is believed, however, that the emperor is determined on a prosecution of the war, the government fearing the effects of the disaster on the Russian people. The army in Manchuria is not yet aware of the disaster to the navy, and, the dispatches say, is still praying for victory. The Russian press, with few exceptions, is openly indignant, and is attacking the bureaucracy, one paper saying that "those guilty of the Russian defeat should be overwhelmed with shame." Admiral Voelkersam is supposed to have perished.

ARMY HEARS OF VICTORY.

Japs Receive News Quietly Without Demonstrations.

Headquarters of Gen. Kuroki's Army in the field, June 1.—A detailed report showing the extent of the Japanese naval victory reached the army yesterday. The soldiers received the news as quietly as they always hear tidings of victory. There was no celebrations or demonstrations, but the deepest satisfaction prevailed. Since is was known that the Russian fleet had started north, the officers feared that some ships might succeed in reaching Vladivostok, from which base they might prove troublesome. It is evident to all observers that Gen. Kuroki's army has attained to a higher degree of efficiency than at any time since the beginning of the war.

TELLS STORY OF THE BATTLE.

Russian Captain Says Jap Attack Was Unexpected.

London, June 1.—The Daily Mail's Tokio correspondent says that the captain of the Russian cruiser Admiral Nakhimoff, who is now a prisoner, relates the following story of the battle between the Japanese and Russian fleets:

"We first saw the Japanese at 6 o'clock on the morning of May 27, when suddenly and unexpectedly we encountered the enemy's fleet as we were moving to the east of Tsu island. They steamed toward us and opened fire. Only ninety minutes after the firing began a sudden shock was felt under the Admiral Nakhimoff and she began to sink

With Great Rapidity.

My belief is that she either struck a mine or a torpedo. My crew numbered 600 men, a majority of whom went down in the ship, as there was no time to get the men on deck.

"In the engagement fought off Liancourt rocks the Russian battleships were surrounded by Japanese ships which circled about them, pouring in a terrible fire, and they almost immediately fell into hopeless confusion. Seeing their plight Vice Admiral Togo signalled from the battleship Mikasa a demand to know whether the Russians were ready to surrender. Our ships complied with the demand."

Thought It Was an Earthquake.

Other accounts of the battle describe the roar of the cannonade as so terrible that the houses were shaken at Yamaguchi, twenty-eight miles distant, and the people supposed it was an earthquake. Admiral Kamimur was sent southward with the deliberate purpose of beginning the battle with a small squadron. He, however, allowed the Russians to pass him. Then Rear Admiral Uriu broke in upon them from Iki island and passed across the head of the third line, raking them again and again.

Japanese submarine boats, the correspondent adds, proved most effective.

MOVE TO STOP THE WAR.

Concerted Effort on Part of Several Powers Is Looked Fof.

Washington, June 1. — While the president has discussed informally the subject of peace negotiations with members of his cabinet and with some representatives of foreign governments at this capital, and, in the near future, probably will take up the matter with others, it can be said authoritatively that no definite steps looking toward peace yet have been taken by this government. That a concerted effort on the part of several important powers, including the United States, to bring about a cessation of hostilities in the Far East may be made very soon is reasonably certain.

Sees No Prospect of Peace.

Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, expects to see the president some time to-day for a general talk, but he denied last night that he would carry any message from his government, and spoke discouragingly of the prospects of peace.

"Had the battle in the Korean straits been fairly even," he said, "peace at this time might be looked for. But why should Russia seek peace now if she cannot obtain reasonable terms? We have a large army in the field which is

Constantly Being Increased.

Russia is not threatened with a Japanese invasion. Her resources have not been at all exhausted by the war. Without a navy she is naturally handicapped, but that only means that it will take longer to defeat the Japanese on land. The idea that Russia will be forced to seek peace at this time or surrender to Japan is ridiculous. With the resources at her command Russia can continue the war for years. I do not say that this will be the final decision of the government, but my firm personal opinion is that in this moment Russia cannot think of suggesting peace to her adversary."

BRITISH YACHT IS THIRD.

Yachting Circles Are Greatly Pleased That Valhalla Did So Well.

London, June 1.—Yachting circles are greatly pleased that the British boat Valhalla managed to secure third place in the transatlantic yacht race for Emperor William's cup. There is some surprise expressed at the close finishes of the five yachts which crossed the line yesterday morning. With a moderate breeze from the west and all sails set the Valhalla came booming along at a fair pace, and on arriving at the line was saluted by several steamers which blew their whistles. The Endymion, Hildegarde, Sunbeam, Fleur de Lys and Ailsa then arrived in the order named at short intervals, leaving three others still to cross the line.

HAY IS SILENT.

Secretary Declines to Discuss Foreign Affairs While Abroad.

Paris, June 1.—Secretary Hay continues to observe a rigorous health regime which prevents him from making or receiving official or social calls. However, he takes occasional automobile rides and receives a few intimate friends. Owing to reports sent to America purporting to give views which he had expressed to friends concerning Russia, it can be stated with his authority that he has not alluded to public affairs and does not intend to do so while he remains in Paris or London, this being one of the strict requirements of the physicians who have been conducting his recent cure.

SEALERS ARE CAPTURED.

Russians Imprison Japs, Americans and British Columbians for One Year.

Victoria, B. C., June 1.—A letter has been received here from Habarovsk telling of the imprisonment of a Victoria sealer and two American hunters in common with a score of Japanese, who were captured by the Russians on the Japanese schooner Koyoichi, in Okholsk sea in August last. They were each sentenced to one year and four months' imprisonment for hunting fur seals though captured on the high seas. The sentences date from Feb. 8, and will be served at Habarovsk.

MINNESOTANS' STANDING.

Annapolis Naval Academy Record Determined for Three Classes.

Annapolis, Md., June 1.—The scholarship standing, covering the whole period of their connection with the naval academy, has been determined for the three classes, the first class having graduated last February. The following is the standing of the Minnesotans:

Second Class — Henry M. Jenson, Benson, 213.44; George B. Wright, Fergus Falls, 208.94; maximum, 240.

Third Class — Louis W. McKethan, Minneapolis, 149.82; maximum, 160.

VET SLAYS TWO COMRADES.

Old Soldier Angered Over Alleged Theft of Whisky.

Dodge City, Kan., June 1. — At the soldiers' home, near here, Daniel Truax shot and killed Herman Lutz and John Lee because the latter had taken a supply of whisky which Truax had brought from the city. Truax, who was intoxicated at the time of the shooting, was arrested. All three were old soldiers.

THINK OF IT!

This Pretty Matron Had Headache and Backache and Her Condition Was Serious.

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MRS. M. BRICKNER.

99 Eleventh Street,
Milwaukee, Wis.

"A short time ago I found my condition very serious. I had headaches, pains in the back, and frequent dizzy spells which grew worse every month. I tried two remedies before Peruna, and was discouraged when I took the first dose, but my courage soon returned. In less than two months my health was restored."—Mrs. M. Brickner.

The reason of so many failures to cure cases similar to the above is the fact that diseases peculiar to the female sex are not commonly recognized as being caused by catarrh.

FEMALE TROUBLE NOT RECOGNIZED AS CATARRH.

Catarrh of one organ is exactly the same as catarrh of any other organ. What will cure catarrh of the head will also cure catarrh of the pelvic organs. Peruna cures these cases simply because it cures the catarrh.

If you have catarrh write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Still Waiting.

"Have you ever contributed anything to the literary magazines, Mr. Wrymer?"

"Why—aw—I don't know yet, Miss Probus, I—er—hope so."—Chicago Journal.

WORTH KNOWING.

The average consumer of baking powder does not know that a reaction occurs in the process of baking. Food prepared with a cream of tartar baking powder does not contain any cream of tartar. A loaf of bread made from a quart of flour leavened with cream of tartar baking powder contains forty-five grains more of Rochelle Salts than is contained in one Seidlitz powder. Some eminent Boston physicians testified against the healthfulness of Rochelle Salts.

Therefore, why should the consumer pay forty-five or fifty cents per pound for the cream of tartar or Trust baking powders when the best baking powder in the world can be made to retail at twenty-five cents per pound (the price asked for Calumet Baking Powder) and leave a fair manufacturer's profit?

The manufacturers of Calumet Baking Powder have for years made a standing offer of One Thousand Dollars for any substance injurious to health found in food prepared from it. Bread made from Calumet Baking Powder is entirely free from Rochelle Salts, alum, lime or ammonia.

President for a Day.

In learning the list of presidents from Washington to Roosevelt one name is always omitted. Daniel Rice Atchison was at the head of the government between the terms of Polk and Taylor. Atchison was president of the senate, and when Polk's term expired, on March 4, 1849, it was Sunday noon. Zachary Taylor did not like to begin business on Sunday, so there were twenty-four hours to be taken care of by somebody. Mr. Atchison did it.

In Record Time.

Piney Flats, Tenn., May 29th.—(Special)—Cured in two days of Rheumatism that had made his life a torture for two years, D. S. Hilton of this place naturally wants every other sufferer from rheumatism to know what cured him. It was Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"Dodd's Kidney Pills are the grandest pill on earth," says Mr. Hilton. "I would not take any sum of money for what they did for me. For two years I had what the doctors called rheumatism. I could hardly walk around the house. It seemed to be in my back and hip and legs. I tried everything but nothing helped me till I got Dodd's Kidney Pills."

"Two days after I took the first dose all pain left me and it has never come back since. I can't praise Dodd's Kidney Pills too much."

Rheumatism is caused by uric acid in the blood. Healthy kidneys take all the Uric Acid out of the blood. Dodd's Kidney Pills make healthy kidneys.

Sometimes he who wears the laurel wreath is more deserving of the crown of thorns.

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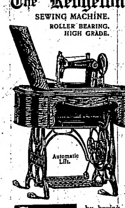
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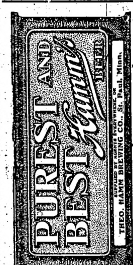
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Saturday, June 3, 1905.

St. Hilaire will celebrate the 4th of July and it becomes the duty of every citizen to put his shoulder to the wheel and push.

It is not all fun for the Indians who have taken allotments and become citizens. Now the census enumerator and the assessor will look them up and taxes will follow, unless he gets wise and dodges like some of his white brothers.

The good people of the city of Roseau will send their mail and freight over the Soo in the future. They claim the Great Northern promised to build to that town and now fail to make good, so they will no longer give it their patronage.

Will the representation at the next republican state convention be based on the vote for Roosevelt or the Dunn vote? This is the question some of last year's bolters are interested in lately and indicates that politics will be a live topic soon.

The great sea victory of Japan last Sunday will probably bring an end to the war. Russia cannot hope for another fleet, and without one her position in the far east will become untenatable. She should sue for peace and keep out of oriental affairs in the future.

Hibbing Mesaba Ore: Just why this great government of ours gets so busy with the unknown get-rich-quick fellows and allows the Rockefellers, Schwabs, Rogerses and that ilk to continue to plunder the unsophisticated natives is one of those things that belongs strictly to the higher branches of study.

Northome Record: This state has gone stark-mad over its educational institutions. To provide school house funds it has all along been robbing this section. And in doing this it is killing the goose that laid the golden eggs. A little of that money spent in roads would make this in a few years a section of the state whose ratio of taxes would provide for a system of schools, such as the narrow minded educators of today have never dreamed.

St. Paul Pioneer Press: It depends somewhat on the meaning of the phrase whether the Japanese victory in the straits of Korea is to be reckoned as one of the "decisive battles of the world." In a narrow sense, it is safe to say, it was decisive,—decisive of the ability of the Japanese to carry on its land campaign uninterrupted for some time longer if not throughout the war. Possibly also it will prove decisive of the war itself by inducing Russia to make peace.

Grand Rapids Independent: There is considerable of a stir already lest the Republican state central committee apportion the representation in the next Republican state convention on the vote cast for Dunn at the last election. The which would be a neat little bit of poetic justice too, for all of the counties where Dunn was knifed would suffer accordingly, and the coming home to roost of that particular political chicken would be a sight for gods and men.

Special Low Rates to St. Paul, Minn.

On account of the Grand Lodge, Patriarchs Militant and Rebekah Assembly I. O. O. F. of Minnesota, June 13-16, and the installation of Civil War flags and trophies at the new state capitol building June 14, the Great Northern will sell tickets to St. Paul and return at one fare plus 50 cents for the round trip, tickets on sale June 12 to 14, inclusive, with final return limit June 17. See local agent for further particulars. 2

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

tf G. H. SANDUM.

Stray Dog.

The undersigned has a brown and white pointer dog which the owner can have by paying for his keeping and this notice.

CHAS. FELLMAN.

WILL SWEDEN AND NORWAY PART OR FIGHT?

The other day King Oscar, who had withdrawn from the government several months ago on account of ill health, terminated the regency and resumed the reins of sovereign power. The situation which confronted him in connection with the question of separate consuls for Norway was extremely critical, but his first act indicates that he is prepared to face the ordeal.

He has just vetoed the law passed by the Norwegian parliament creating a distinct consular service for that country, notwithstanding the fact that the people of Norway, like their representatives in the storthing, are unanimous on the question, and contrary to the solemn advice and warnings of the ministers, who are represented as holding that the king's action is repudnant to the constitution of the united kingdoms, constituting, indeed, an assault on the independence and sovereinty of Norway.

It is not denied that the Norwegian constitution gives the king the power to veto legislation enacted by the storthing. Moreover, if the people of Norway are patient and willing to wait, they are bound to have their way in the long run, for a bill which passes three successive storthings becomes law without the assent of the king. But the controversy has assumed so acute a form that the people will not brook long delays, and passionate talk of dissolution is general.

King Oscar takes the position that there is a vital difference between a bill which affects Norway alone and one which concerns the relations between the two united countries. The existing common consular service, he says, was established by formal resolution of the mixed council of state, which is composed of Swedes and Norwegians, and can be abolished or modified only by mutual agreement reached by the same mixed council. The Norwegian ministers appeal to the act of union and find no warrant for this royal theory as to the effect of the original consular arrangement. The Norwegians, according to them, never surrendered their right to establish a separate service, and what was done in the remote past was done as a matter of convenience.

If the ministers persist in their tender of resignations, the king's position will be a difficult one, and the radicals will take advantage of the crisis to push the propaganda of dissolution. There is little doubt that the union has not been a happy or harmonious one, but, as Dr. Hedin, the Swedish explorer, has pointed out, separation would expose both countries to the dangers of aggression and invasion by the great neighboring powers. A defensive alliance has, however, been suggested by Norwegians as a desirable substitute for the union. A serious question at this juncture is whether the Swedes will demand the use of force as a last resort to keep Norway in the union.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Notice to the Legal Voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given that a petition is now on file in my office signed by the legal voters of said county to the number of two thousand six (2006), praying that the county seat of said county be changed to the city of Thief River Falls, which is situated in township number one hundred fifty-four north, of range forty-three west of the fifth principal meridian, in Red Lake county, Minnesota, and that a special meeting of the Board of County Commissioners of said county will be held at the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the fifth day of June, A. D. 1905 at one o'clock in the afternoon, to consider and determine as to the genuineness of the signatures to said petition, and as to the number of legal voters of said county whose genuine signatures were attached thereto within sixty days preceding the filing of said petition and affidavits in the office of the said county auditor, at which time and place any legal voter in said county may appear in person or by counsel, and be heard respecting the matters so committed to the determination of said board.

Given under my hand and seal this 18th day of May, A. D. 1905.

COUNTY AUDITOR RED LAKE COUNTY MINN.

JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.

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German Baby's Swaths.

Of all housewives in Europe probably the German is the hardest worked, and of all European mothers the German practices most completely the art of swathing and padding her baby and of putting it on the shelf. The German baby is swaddled in a long, narrow pillow, which is made to meet completely round him, being tucked up over his feet and turned under his solemn chin. Three bands of gay blue ribbons are then passed round the whole bundle and tied in large, florid bows about where his chest, his waist and his ankles may be supposed to be.

In this guise he can be deposited as an ornament either on the sumptuous best bed or on the kitchen dresser or on the drawing room table. How fond the Germans are of this presentment of baby may be guessed from the fact that it figures largely in their picture books, among their dolls and even in the bakers' shops at Easter time, made of dough and covered with sugar, to be devoured by greedily live babies.—Strand Magazine.

The Uncomfortable Collar.

"I don't know what is the matter with these collars," said Smartboy to the salesman. "They seemed all right when I bought them yesterday. But I had to use a button hook to connect them with my collar button this morning. They fit as though they were intended for my little brother."

"There are two ways to put on a collar," replied the salesman, "and you seem to have chosen the wrong way. I noticed it when you were here yesterday, but it was not up to me to tell you. I've been jumped on for volunteering that information more than once. Most men think it does not make any difference whether you button the right side or the left of a collar first. It makes all the difference in the world in the comfort and set of the collor, no matter what shape it is. Undo that collar you are wearing, button the right side first, and you'll be glad you're alive."—New York Press.

Frank English Servants.

The English servants, whether they prove better when engaged, are certainly franker than American servants in declaring their weaknesses in advertising for employment. The columns of a London paper disclose their amiable candidness. In the first advertisement the applicant confesses to "drink a temptation, but not an inebriate;" the next pleads as her recommendation that she is "faithful, but plain of speech;" a third requires a place where "manual work is light," but does not say of what intellectual work she is capable, while a fourth is described as a "dishonest girl of seventeen." Should the mistress be too hypercritical to engage any of the above attractive servants she has still another opportunity—perhaps "she will be willing to train for domestic service a rough coster girl desirous of redeeming character."

Lighting London In 1715.

The question of the lighting of London was settled in simple fashion in 1715. The common council "repealed, annulled and made void all the former acts concerning the lighting of London" as a preliminary measure and then proceeded to enact that "all housekeepers whose house, door or gateway fronts or lies next to any street, lane or public passage or place of the said city shall in every dark night—that is, every night between the second night after each full moon and the seventh night after each full moon—set or hang out one or more lights with sufficient cotton wicks that shall continue to burn from 6 o'clock at night till 11 o'clock of the same night on penalty of a shilling."

Good Horse, Good Rider.

Judging from the following story which Arthur J. Smythe tells in his biography of William Terriss, it is evident that the practice of betting on horse races was among the great dislikes of the popular actor.

When any one asked him what horse he was going to back he would say:

"I'm going to back a little filly I've often backed before. I've never won anything on it; yet, strange to say, I've never lost a penny."

"Oh, whatever horse is that?" might have been the inquiry.

"A little filly called Common Sense, ridden by Tommy Let-It Alone," was the invariable answer.—London Tele-

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St. Paul, Minn.—

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For rates and detailed information, call on or address H. M. SWANSON, Local Agent, Great Northern Ry.

Send this coupon and 2 cents for handsomely illustrated booklet, "A Camera Journey to the Lewis and Clark Exposition," to

F. I. WHITNEY,
Passenger Traffic Manager ST. PAUL, MINN.

Choice
Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE. Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

"THE ROAD WITH THE BIG BERTHS"

This is the title given by the Chicago Tribune to the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

This railway owns and operates its own sleeping cars and other equipment. The berths are wider, longer and higher than berths in similar cars of other lines.

The Pioneer Limited, The Fast Mail and three other daily trains from Minneaplis and St. Paul to Chicago. No extra charge to ride on these trains, but it is important that you name your route in purchasing tickets East.

W. B. DIXON
Northwestern Passenger Agent
365 Robert Street, St. Paul.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, - - - MINNESOTA

WANTED—Trustworthy man or woman to manage business in this county and adjoining territory for well established house of solid financial standing. $20 straight cash salary with all necessary expenses paid weekly by check from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Position permanent; previous experience not essential. No investment required. We furnish everything. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Address, Manager, 810 Como Block, Chicago, Ill. m6

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Seed flax for sale by Leonard Holmes.

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

Great Northern Time Table.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at St. Hilaire.

PASSENGER

8:00 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
9:25 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
9:55 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
10:20 am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30 pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10 am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

J. J. Soll, N. G.

J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

Carl Johnson, V. C.

J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.

Henry Olson, Pres.

Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH

Physician
and Surgeon...

Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.

Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE

Veterinary
Surgeon.

Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham

St. Hilaire, - Minn.

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Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.

ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

A. O. LETVIG

Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

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FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars

Call at....

DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

.. HALL'S ..

CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS

Agency for
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.

Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

A. R. Jones was a business visitor at Thief River Falls last Tuesday.

Henry Peterson is the happy father of a baby girl born last Tuesday.

W. T. Spillane, of Red Lake Falls, was here on business last Thursday.

The small boy will be very much in evidence now that school has closed.

Oscar Carlson, the Plummer constable, was here last Wednesday on business.

The advance agent for the Billy Bennett show was here on Wednesday billing the town.

A forest fire near Blackduck has been making things interesting for that village this week.

The Ladies Aid of the M. E. church will meet with Mrs. R. H. Aimer next Thursday afternoon.

A. Lord, the Crookston Lumber company superintendent, was here yesterday looking over the mill.

Miss Helen Makinson, of St. Paul, arrived yesterday and will visit with her sister Mrs. J. B. O'Brien.

Ben Penner came down from his Roseau county claim last Wednesday and will stay here a few days.

Leonard Peterson, the Thief River Falls electric light expert, was a business visitor here on Thursday evening.

Mrs. John McKinney, of Crookston was here several days the past week visiting with her sister Mrs. George Hughes.

Emil J. Holmes, of Cannon Falls, and John Stroudt, of Zumbrota, drove over from Plummer with Julius Pleth on Thursday evening.

Mike Anderson was around with cigars and one of those unwashable smiles last Sunday announcing the arrival of a new boy at his house.

For Rent—for hay or grazing purposes, NE¼ section 14-152-44. Red Lake county, Minn. Address, with offer, H. C. L. Stoll & Co., Joliet, Ill.

J. M. Richards, the general manager of the Crookston Lumber company, was here last Saturday for the first time since his return from his European vacation.

Fred Dahl returned last Saturday, from Minneapolis where he has spent the winter attending the State University. Mr. Dahl will spend his vacation at home.

The base ball game here last Sunday between the kid nine of Red Lake Falls and the youngsters of this place resulted in a victory for the home boys the score being: St. Hilaire, 26; Red Lake Falls, 13.

The Chippewa Indians will have a big time at White Earth June 14th and 15th, which is the 37th anniversary of their settlement at that place. The Thief River Falls base ball club will go over and play them a game.

Dr. V. Pleth, of Crookston, and Dr. Blomburgh, of this place, performed an operation for appendicitis upon Miss Anna Abrahamson last Tuesday. The operation was entirely successful and Miss Abrahamson is doing as well as could be expected.

St. Cloud Journal-Tribune: Bennett's show opened in their tent to a good crowd, and judging from the applause those present were well pleased both with the play presented and specialties introduced between acts.—Will be at St. Hilaire three nights commencing Monday, June 12.

Hokan A. Johnson has discontinued his saloon business at Wylie and has formed a partnership with John J. Soll. The new firm are both popular and should make a strong team. Other parties are figuring on the Wylie business and it is probable that they will open there some time this month.

A. F. Lang started at work last Thursday to take the census of this village and the township of River Falls. He should be given every possible assistance by our citizens. It don't pay to get gay with the enumerator for he has a right to call an officer and then you could tell your troubles to the court, and pay a good fine for their trouble.

Hail is forty times greater than the fire hazard to farm property. For reliable protection insure in State Farmers Mutual Hail Insurance Co., of Waseca, Minn. Losses always paid in full. Responsible agents for 1905 wanted. Write today. m27

Sheriff Dan Linnihan was a business visitor here a couple of times the past week.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Supt. Jenks, of the Great Northern, went over this line last Monday in his special car.

Crookston will have the Forepaugh-Sells circus on June 20th. It is one of the big ones.

The saw mill is doing good work these days and a large amount of lumber is being cut.

Steve Nelson was down from Thief River Falls last Monday greeting old friends and doing some business.

M. Hammer went up to Thief River Falls last Thursday to accept a position with A. S. Wilson in his meat market.

Prof. Onstad, the Red Lake Falls band leader, is on the sick list and did not come up here this week to give the boys instruction.

E. J. Kellogg and wife concluded their visit here last evening when they departed for Wisconsin where they will visit Mr. Kellogg's parents.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

They have a log famine down at Crookston and the big saw mill has shut down until the drive comes down. The delay will only be for a few days.

J. B. Armstrong and Sylvan Hall were here from Red Lake Falls a couple of days this week circulating a petition of remonstrance in the county seat matter.

Up at Thief River Falls the fats and the leans are going to play a game of base ball next Tuesday afternoon and John Morgan and George Williams will be the battery for the fats. It should be a great exhibition.

A church picnic for the benefit of the Swedish Lutheran church of St. Hilaire will be held at the farm of P. Swenson in section 27, of Black River township, next Sunday afternoon. Everybody welcome!

Alex Sand, Pastor.

Dread uncertainty still hangs like a pall of gloom over that nice little brick building on the corner, as Judge Watts has not yet handed down a decision in the tax dodging cases. This suspense is almost unbearable. What if the court says that those taxes must be paid? It would be sad, indeed.

L. M. Roland and wife and daughter, A. A. Odegaard and wife, Mrs. C. Sandmoen, Messrs. B. E. Burkee, K. O. Gigstad, H. O. Haugen, Tollef Thompson, Andrew Semondson, M. L. Hanson and K. O. Kolstad went down to Crookston on Thursday evening to attend the concert given by sixty students from the University of Christiana, Norway. They all report having had a very enjoyable time.

Suppose the newspaper man every time he hears any one criticise him or his paper, should retaliate by holding up to the public gaze all the faults and short-comings of his faultfinder, what would be the result? The editor may not know it all, but he does not live in a community long before he knows a darned sight more than he publishes.—DeKalb Tribune.

The women of Alexandria maintain what is known as a "rest room." 2,300 visitors were at the place from November until April. It's a place where ladies from the country can bring their children and care for them while shopping and it is also designed for a resting place for the weary. A great amount of trade has been drawn to the town by the maintenance of this resort.

A party of traveling men back from the Rainy River country report that things up north are generally overboomed and that all the property is in the hands of speculators; town lots on the outskirts of town, with 25 feet frontage, are held at $300 apiece. Living is high, eggs selling at 60 cents a dozen or 5 cents apiece, butter 50 cents a pound, oats 70 cents a bushel. Common board is $7.00 a week, day laborers are paid $2 and $2.25 a day and everything in like proportion. The town has a population of about 600 and all the appearance of a frontier village.

Bemidji Pioneer: Mrs. J. M. Richards returned yesterday from a visit to her parents in Iowa and from a trip across the Atlantic and the married members of the Crookston Lumber force took advantage of the opportunity to surprise her last evening with a spread at the Richards home on Lake Boulevard. Later in the evening the bachelor members of the office force of the company here put in an appearance and General Manager Richards of the company was presented with a handsome diamond ring. The ring was the gift of the office forces of the Bemidji, Crookston and St. Hilaire mills, of the Beltrami County Mercantile company at Kelliher and of the St. Hilaire Retail Lumber Co. at Crookston. The spread and the gift, both of which were complete surprises, attest the popularity of Mr. and Mrs. Richards with the numerous members of the office force of the big company.

Duluth News-Tribune: "A large crowd saw Billy Bennett's company—the performance pleased all. They gave one of the best popular priced entertainments ever produced in this city—repeated encores testified the approval of the audience." At St. Hilaire three nights commencing Monday, June 12.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Schools Close for the Summer.

The village schools closed yesterday after a very successful year's work. The enrollment was the largest in the history of the district being 280 pupils. The average daily attendance was 178 and the average number of days each pupil attended was 116.

The work throughout the year has been progressive; the teachers and pupils have labored in harmony and taking all matters into consideration this has been a year of good results.

The crowded condition of the rooms makes it necessary to put in a system of heating and ventilation which is to be installed this summer. The following teachers are hired for next year:

J. B. O'Brien, principal.
Ottila Westlund, 6th and 7th grades.
Dorothy I. Pettengill, 4th and 5th grades.
Catherine Pirath, 2nd and 3rd grades,
Hulda C. Gigstad, 1st grade.
Mabel Hannay, primary.

New Mail Route.

The postoffice department are advertising for bids for carrying the mail six times a week between Red Lake Falls and Dorothy by way of Wylie, mail to leave Dorothy at 6 a.m. daily except Sunday, arriving at Red Lake Falls at 11 a.m. and leaving on the return trip at 12, service to commence on July 1st. This without doubt means that the Great Northern will not run regular trains to Wylie after that date and the freight train which now carries the mail will stop going there or make irregular trips.

A Building Without Wood.

Two Baltimore architects have drawn the plans for a six story building entirely without wood. The entire structure will be of reinforced concrete and steel. Even the doors, trimmings, window sashes and door jams will be of metal. From the modern idea this will be a "perfect" building, just as golden grain belt beer is a "perfect" food drink. It contains the strength of purest barley malt and hops in a liquid form easy to digest. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Modern Woodmen of America Convention.

On account of the biennial meeting of the Modern Woodmen of America and auxiliary societies at Milwaukee, Wis., June 17-24, the Great Northern will sell tickets at one fare plus 50 cents for the round trip. Tickets on sale for trains arriving in St. Paul or Sioux City June 16-19 inclusive, with final return limit June 27. Consult local agent for full particulars. 3

State Firemen's Convention.

The annual convention of the Minnesota State Firemen's association will be held at Litchfield, Minn., June 13 and 14. The Great Northern will sell tickets on June 12 and 13 to Litchfield and return for one fare plus 50 cents for the round trip, final return limit good until June 16th. Consult local agent for particulars.

Roseau Region: The state drainage commission has ordered the work of deepening the channel of the Roseau river continued. Surveys were made last winter and with this season the first move is to carry out the plan of deepening the channel. Roseau lake will be lowered about four feet and when the work is finished thousands of acres of land belonging to the state will be reclaimed and rendered fit for cultivation and better still hundreds of acres of farm land, long settled upon will be made dry and among the best land for its purpose in the county. State Drainage Engineer Ralph was ordered to start on this important work at once, and will do so. The cost of the river job is expected to be from $12,000 to $15,000, and will be the best investment the state could make.

We will take your butter, eggs and produce and at all times allow you the highest market prices for the same. We assure you that you'll get the right goods at the right prices at all times. The stock is new and fresh and has just arrived from the city markets.—L. M. Rolland & Sons, dealers in meats and groceries, St. Hilaire, Minn.

The Oliver Typewriter received the Gold Medal at the World's Fair, St. Louis. Send for handsomely illustrated art catalog which tells why.

The Oliver Typewriter Co.,
332, Hennepin Ave.,
tf Minneapolis, Minn.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

For Sale.

A 5-room house with cistern and five lots on Water street for sale on easy terms. Good barn on premises. Inquire of P. N. Anderson. 4

WE WILL CELEBRATE

St. Hilaire will Celebrate the Glorious 4th of July in Old Fashioned Style.

WORK COMMENCED.

A Liberal Amount Raised and Committees Appointed to Prepare Celebration.

The meeting of citizens at the village hall last Monday evening to determine whether St. Hilaire should celebrate the 4th this year was well attended. J. B. O'Brien was chosen chairman and O. F. Post, secretary.

The sentiment was unanimous in favor of a celebration and Leonard Holmes, Chas. Fellman and W. A. Arthur were chosen as a finance committee to canvass the town and report to the adjourned meeting on Wednesday evening. This committee made a very favorable report at the meeting Wednesday evening and it was decided to at once make preparations for the celebration. Beyond the fact that there will be ample funds little can be said before the committees get at work. It can be safely stated that the celebration will be larger and better than ever before attempted. The following committees have been appointed:

Finance—Messrs. Holmes, Arthur, Fellman.

Arrangements—O'Brien, Post, Arthur, Holmes, Fellman.

Base Ball and Transportation—Ives, Ittner, Martin Hoff.

Music and Decorations—Lang, Collins, Nelson.

Sports—Holmes, Ives, Post.

Printing—Soll, C. Johnson, M. L. Hanson.

Speakers and Program—O'Brien, Nelson, Cummings.

Fireworks—Duntley, Wilson, Arthur.

President of the Day—J. B. O'Brien.

Marshal of the Day—Christ Hall.

The bowery will be in charge of the Fire department.

The Annihilation of Distance.

How much nearer to each other the nations of the world seem to be today and really are today than was the case a few decades ago! When weeks and months were required for communication between the United States and Europe the countries of the old world appeared to be a long way off. Now the circumference of old earth is belted with telegraph and cable lines in every possible direction. What happens today in Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia, South America and the great islands of the sea is made known to us to-morrow by great newspapers like The Chicago Record-Herald, whose foreign correspondents are located in every important city in the world outside of the United States. In addition to its own staff correspondents the Record-Herald enjoys the foreign news service of the New York Herald, famous for many years for the reliability of its foreign news; the New York World, and also of that great co-operative newsgathering association, the Associated Press. No other daily newspaper in America possesses facilities so varied and extensive for covering the news of all nations.

Changed His Name.

Fosston Thirteen Towns: Friday morning when he left for Crookston it was Oscar H. Olsen; Saturday morning it was Oscar Holden who returned, the same body and soul, but bearing a new name.

This somewhat unusual action upon the part of Mr. Holden was not brought about through any sentiment, likes or dislikes—or necessity, but was taken for purely business reasons and convenience. Prominently identified in trade as a member of the firm of Larsen, Carpenter & Co., he necessarily has a large personal correspondence and the fact of the name "Olsen," or "Olson," being as common as it is in this locality caused him much inconvenience and unpleasantness at times through accidental interchange of mail, and in other ways the mistakes that were sure to occur, added inducement for him to make the change.

He appeared before Judge Wm. Watts in district court chambers Friday and went through the formalities whereby he became legal possessor of the name "Oscar Holden," by which he will henceforth be known.

Elks to Meet at Duluth.

On account of the meeting of the Elks at Duluth, June 8 and 9, the Great Northern will sell tickets to Duluth and return at one and one-third fares for the round trip, on the certificate plan. These tickets will be sold three days before the opening of the meeting. Consult local agent for full particulars.

UNDER BIG TENT

Three Nights Commencing

Monday, June 12

BILLY - BENNETT'S - BIG - COMPANY

EVERYTHING NEW BUT THE NAME!
FOUR SHOWS IN ONE!

GRAND FREE STREET PARADE DAILY!!!

ADMISSION 25C. -- Children under 10 years, 10C.

RAPP &
POST....

St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

The Pedestal of Honor

is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.

Ladies' Shoes

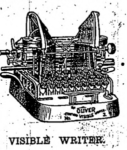
like ours are not to be found in every store.

HAIL INSURANCE

Do you want to insure your crops against Hail in a first class Company that always pay their losses promptly? If you do, call and see us in regard to a policy in the old and reliable St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Company.

When you buy Insurance get the best

H. E. IVES, Agent, ST. HILAIRE
Minnesota



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Investigate the merits of the

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THE STANDARD VISIBLE WRITER.

Send for a handsomely illustrated art Catalogue, free for the asking.

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OF EVERYTHING IN

Wines and Liquors

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC

CIGARS.

BEER.

Minneapolis and Milwaukee Beer always on Tap.

"Corner Saloon" South of the Bank.

Headquarters Restaurant...

A. F. Lang
Proprietor

Short Orders a Specialty.

Located in rear of J. J. Soll's Saloon.

Great Northern Railway.....

No. 3, THE "FLYER"

ONLY MORNING TRAIN

from

ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS

FOR MONTANA and the PACIFIC COAST

Makes Immediate Connection with Limited and Fast Mail Trains from Chicago and the East.

EVERY DAY.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lanctot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

WINCHESTER

FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS

Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

EVERY WALK IN LIFE.

A. A. Boyce, a farmer, living three and a half miles from Trenton, Mo., says: "A severe cold settled in my kidneys and developed so quickly that I was obliged to lay off work on account of the aching in my back and sides. For a time I was unable to walk at all, and every makeshift I tried and all the medicine I took had not the slightest effect. My back continued to grow weaker until I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills, and I must say I was more than surprised and gratified to notice the backache disappearing gradually until it finally stopped."

Doan's Kidney Pills sold by all dealers or by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

GOWN OF BEETLES' WINGS.

Many a woman is quite content to have her books, pictures and even her husband chosen for her, but when it comes to the selection of a gown, even such a one rises up and asserts herself. Lady Curzon is an example of just the opposite. Recipient of a veritable wonder gown—a present with the choosing of which she had naught to do—she has found double pleasure in it. It has satisfied her exacting fancy to the full, and has caused a stir in blase London. It was sent to her by an Indian rajah, and is composed of 15,000 wing cases of Indian beetles. They are sewn upon a silken robe and lend a shimmering irridescence to the flowing folds of the garment. No wonder she described it as a dream, for its coloring and texture is almost as elusive as the fabric that dreams are made of. Nearly every woman that has beheld the marvel has broken the commandment against coveteousness, and though many have tried to duplicate it, their efforts have been in vain. Both because of the rarity of the wings and of the difficulty of affixing them, such a gown can only be fashioned by years of work.

Do You Feel Chilly, Then Feverish and Ache all Over?

Feel Worn-out, Blue and Tired? Have You a Fresh Cold, With Frequent Hacking Cough? Sensation of Soreness in the Chest or Back?

Don't let your cold run into chronic bronchitis or pneumonia. The very best tonic alterative and body-builder at this time is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Made without alcohol or dangerous drugs, and it contains that rare combination of roots and herbs that will allay a cough (irons it out, as it were), restores the circulation, assists the appetite and digestion, and consequently restores tone to the entire system. That is the reason people look happy once more after taking it—they feel like living, because their liver is active, the blood in their arteries is full of that life-giving quality—rich, red blood. The blood in turn feeds the nerves.

Nervousness and neuralgia are only the indication that the nerves are not fed on invigorating blood. This "Medical Discovery" of Dr. Pierce is nature's own restorer. It tones up the organism and stimulates its functions, furnishing to the body one of its necessary constituent principles of which it is in need.

This preparation is of pleasant taste, agrees perfectly with rebellious and sensitive stomachs, and is extremely effective in restoring tone and vigor to the entire system. It cures gastric troubles of the stomach and at the same time the blood-vessels are given a stimulation which throws off a cold. One very good reason why it restores the health of run-down, pale and emaciated people is because it first throws out the poisons from the liver and kidneys. It then begins its reconstructive work in building up flesh and making good, rich, red blood.

"I have been a sufferer from indigestion for some thirty years, at times," writes Mr. S. W. Mullenax, of Circleville, W. Va., "and have used medicine from several of our best physicians, which gave me only a little temporary relief. They said I could never be cured. Last winter I was stricken with the worst spell that I ever had. I suffered with such severe pains in the pit of my stomach that I could neither work nor sleep, and my weight went down from one hundred and ninety-five pounds to one hundred and sixty pounds in about two months' time. I then concluded that I would try Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. By the time the first bottle was gone, I felt some relief from my severe suffering so continued until I had used four bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I am truly thankful for the great benefit which I have received from your medicine, and can cordially recommend it to others."

It Stands Alone not only in respect to its ingredients, but also as the only medicine for stomach, liver and blood disorders, which absolutely CONTAIN NO ALCOHOL.

It Stands Alone as the best alterative medicine, the makers of which take their patients fully into their confidence and tell them exactly what they are taking. This Dr. Pierce can afford to do, because his "GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY" is made of such ingredients and after a working formula that has hundreds of thousands of cures to its credit, placing its merits above criticism.

It Stands Alone as Nature's cure for almost all chronic diseases because the earth supplies the ingredients, which are as follows:

Golden Seal (*Hydrastis Canadensis*).
Queen's root (*Stillingia Sylvatica*).
Stone root (*Collinsonia Canadensis*).
Cherrybark (*Prunus Virginiana*).
Bloodroot (*Sanguinaria Canadensis*).
Mandrake (*Podophyllum Peltatum*).

Constipation although a little ill, begets big ones if neglected. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cures constipation.

Will Let Him Know Later.

"I have a question for you," said the bashful young man.

"Turn it loose?" replied the fair one, as she shifted her chocolate from one cheek to the other.

"If, said the B. Y. M., "you thought of another fellow what you think of me, would you marry him?"

"When the other fellow asks me," answered the fair chocolate chewer, "I'll let you know by post card."

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Only Way.

One from the Monumental:

"Do you know how to keep a fat man cool in the summer?"

"No. How can you keep a fat man cool in the summer?"

"Shoot him in the winter."—Baltimore Herald.

Symptoms.

Husband—The doctor told me I must go to a "rest cure."

Wife—Did he look at your tongue?

Husband—No. I told him about yours.—Puck.

MILLIONS Being made in Nevada's Gold Fields

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Send us 2c stamp for sample copies best papers and other literature. Consult us freely for reliable information. Address all business communications to our San Francisco office.

Nevada Miners Assn., 820 Kohl Bldg., San Francisco

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

N W N U —NO. 22— 1905

The Turkish army corps which will serve in Yemen province is embarking at Smyrna. It is believed that the troops will be able to put down the insurgents. A fleet of Turkish cruisers, including an American-built ship, is in the Red sea.

ULCERS FOR 30 YEARS.

Painful Eruptions From Knees to Feet Seemed Incurable—Cuticura Ends Misery.

Another of those remarkable cures by Cuticura, after doctors and all else had failed, is testified to by Mr. M. C. Moss of Gainesville, Texas, in the following letter: "For over thirty years I suffered from painful ulcers and an eruption from my knees to feet, and could find neither doctors nor medicine to help me, until I used Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills, which cured me in six months. They helped me the very first time I used them, and I am glad to write this so that others suffering as I did may be saved from misery."

As It Sometimes Happens.

"Yes, they were married in haste."

"And repented at leisure, eh?"

"No; they repented almost immediately."—Louisville Courier Journal.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Dope deferred maketh the "fiend" weary.

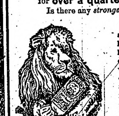
Say Plainly to Your Grocer

That you want LION COFFEE always, and he, being a square man, will not try to sell you anything else. You may not care for our opinion, but

What About the United Judgment of Millions

of housekeepers who have used LION COFFEE for **over a quarter of a century?**

Is there any *stronger proof of merit*, than the



Confidence of the People and ever increasing popularity? LION COFFEE is carefully selected at the plantation, shipped direct to our various factories, where it is skillfully roasted and carefully packed in sealed packages—unlike loose coffee, which is exposed to germs, dust, insects, etc. LION COFFEE reaches you as pure and clean as when it left the factory. Sold only in 1 lb. packages.

Lion-head on every package.
Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

ATAXIA IS CURABLE

REPORTED CURE STANDS TEST OF FULL INVESTIGATION.

A Former Victim of Locomotor Ataxia Now Free from Suffering and Actively at Work.

"Yes," said Mr. Watkins to a reporter, "it is true that I have been cured of ataxia by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

"Are you sure you had locomotor ataxia?"

"The doctors themselves told me so. Besides I recognized the symptoms."

"What were they?"

"Well, the first indications were a stiffness about the knee joints that came on about four years ago. A few months after that appeared, my walk got to be uncertain, shaky-like. I lost confidence in my power to control the movements of my legs. Once, when I was in the cellar, I started to pick up two scuttles of coal, and my legs gave way suddenly, and I tumbled all in a heap in a basket. I couldn't close my eyes and keep my balance to save my life. Then I had fearful pains over my whole body and I lost control over my kidneys and my bowels."

"How about your general health?"

"Sometimes I was so weak that I had to keep my bed and my weight fell off twenty pounds. Things looked pretty bad for me until I ran across a young man who had been cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and who advised me to try them."

"Did these pills help you right away?"

"I didn't see much improvement until I had used six boxes. The first benefit I noticed was a better circulation and a picking up in strength and weight. I gradually got confidence in my ability to direct the movements of my legs, and in the course of seven or eight months all the troubles had disappeared."

"Do you regard yourself as entirely well now?"

"I do the work of a well man at any rate. I can close my eyes and stand up all right and move about the same as other men. The pains are all gone except an occasional twitch in the calves of my legs."

Mr. James H. Watkins resides at No. 72 Westerlo street, Albany, N.Y. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can be obtained at any drug store. They should be used as soon as the first signs of locomotor ataxia appear in a peculiar numbness of the feet.

Of the Conventional Kind.

Mistress—Verna, what kind of meat have you in the pantry this morning?

Cook—There's some scraps of beef, ma'am, an' a little boiled hom, an' what's left of the roast pork we had yesterday.

Mistress—Well, work them up into a chicken salad for dinner.—Chicago Tribune.

The Local Wag.

Pointing to the distant peak, we ask of the native its name.

"That there mountain," he says. "That's Catfish mountain."

"An odd name," we comment. "And why is the mountain so called?"

"Because nobody can scale it," he responds.

Hurriedly seizing our sack of crackers and box of sardines, we walk from the corner store in high dudgeon.—Judge.

A Raft of Cocoanuts.

A curious picture in the Far Eastern Review, Manila, shows several cocoanut rafts in a still lagoon, apparently ready to go to market.

The cocoanuts are much lighter than water. They are simply thrown in by the thousand and then roped together by long strands of bark fiber into circular groups about twenty feet across, all the cocoanuts lying side by side. A single native boat can tow a number of these odd rafts down a sluggish steam where no road could be found for ordinary transit, to a steamer wharf. Cocoanuts thus rafted will bear quite a bit of wind and rough water without being scattered.

Cocoanut trees are best grown in orchards set out in rows thirty feet apart.

Four acres of trees should yield a million cocoanuts during their lifetime.

BOOK OF BOOKS.

Over 30,000,000 Published.

An Oakland lady who has a taste for good literature, tells what a happy time she had on "The Road to Wellville." She says:

"I drank coffee freely for eight years before I began to perceive any evil effects from it. Then I noticed that I was becoming very nervous, and that my stomach was gradually losing the power to properly assimilate my food. In time I got so weak that I dreaded to leave the house—for no reason whatever but because of the miserable condition of my nerves and stomach. I attributed the trouble to anything in the world but coffee, of course. I dosed myself with medicines, which in the end would leave me in a worse condition than at first. I was most wretched and discouraged—not 30 years old and feeling that life was a failure!

"I had given up all hope of ever enjoying myself like other people, till one day I read the little book "The Road to Wellville." It opened my eyes, and taught me a lesson I shall never forget and cannot value too highly. I immediately quit the use of the old kind of coffee and began to drink Postum Food Coffee. I noticed the beginning of an improvement in the whole tone of my system, after only two days' use of the new drink, and in a very short time realized that I could go about like other people without the least return of the nervous dread that formerly gave me so much trouble. In fact my nervousness disappeared entirely and has never returned, although it is now a year that I have been drinking Postum Food Coffee. And my stomach is now like iron—nothing can upset it!

"Last week, during the big Conclave in San Francisco, I was on the go day and night without the slightest fatigue; and as I stood in the immense crowd watching the great parade that lasted for hours, I thought to myself, 'This strength is what Postum Food Coffee has given me!'" Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

The little book "The Road to Wellville" may be found in every pkg.

ATTEMPT TO KILL ALFONSO AND LOUBET

KING OF ITALY AND PRESIDENT OF FRANCE NARROWLY ESCAPE DEATH.

ANARCHIST HURLS A BOMB.

EXPLODES WITH DEADLY EFFECT CLOSE TO THE ROYAL CARRIAGE.

BOTH ESCAPE UNINJURED

FRAGMENTS OF THE MISSILE BADLY INJURE FIVE PERSONS AND KILL HORSES.

Paris, June 1.—An attempt to assassinate King Alfonso was made at midnight. As his majesty drove with President Loubet from a gala performance at the Grand opera house a bomb, thrown by an anarchist, exploded with deadly effect near the royal carriage. As if by a miracle both the king and president escaped uninjured, but fragments of the missile seriously injured five persons, killed a number of cavalry horses forming the escort and knocked out a child's eye. Intense excitement followed the incident. The king and president retained their presence of mind, his majesty sending back a member of his suite to make inquiries as to the condition of the wounded. The person who is believed to have thrown the bomb has been arrested with two others who were thought to have been implicated in the plot.

Hurled a Deadly Bomb.

Just as the procession escorting the king and President Loubet reached the Rue Rivoli a man sprang forward with his arm raised in the air, and before the cordon of police could prevent him, without uttering a word, threw a projectile in the direction of the royal carriage.

The police immediately rushed toward him. At that moment a deafening explosion occurred. Cries from the crowd were heard and a scene of intense excitement began, the crowd surging to and fro. Soldiers were seen to fall, but as the flash from the bomb died out it was observed that the king and the president had not been struck, and their carriage proceeded on its way.

Very Narrow Escape.

The bomb had been thrown with too great force and passed over the royal carriage and struck the shoulder of a cuirassier and then fell to the ground, where it exploded, fragments of it striking the horses of the soldiers, causing them to bolt and throw their riders. Capt. Schneider, who was riding at the right side of the carriage, and Capt. Garnier, who was on the left, were both thrown. Fragments of the bomb also struck five persons—a sergeant, two policemen, a woman, who was seriously injured, and a child, who was struck in the eye. One horse of the escort was killed outright and six others lay about maimed and bleeding.

Force Was Terrific.

The force of the explosion was terrific and caused a derangement of the electric lights, which were all extinguished, adding darkness to the scene of confusion. Women and children screamed and a panic was for a time threatened in the vast throng until the police succeeded in restoring order.

In the meantime the remainder of the escort to the royal carriage had closed around the vehicle, which disappeared under the archway of the Louvre.

The young king was to be seen sitting beside the president. He was pale, but apparently calm. Just before the carriage disappeared the king called one of the attaches to the Spanish embassy and sent him back to make inquiries concerning the wounded. Then the carriage drove off to the Palais d'Orsay, hemmed in by troops and cavalry.

Police Clear the Streets.

The police immediately gathered in a strong force and cleared the surrounding streets and began attending the wounded, who were carried to a near-by hotel.

Immediately following the explosion an individual was seen to dash into the crowd, but men seized him before he could escape and turned him over to the police. He is believed to have been the author of the outrage.

Other persons arrested on suspicion of being accomplices in the deed refuse to give information regarding the man believed to be responsible for the outrage.

KING ENVIES PRESIDENT.

Emmanuel Tells Senator Bacon of the Woes of Royalty.

Rome, June 1.—King Victor Emmanuel yesterday received in private audience Senator A. O. Bacon of Georgia, with whom he conversed most cordially, showing perfect knowledge of American affairs. The king said a president of the United States enjoys more power than a king of Italy. Referring to emigration, Senator Bacon said Italians were welcomed in the Southern agricultural states.

Bullet Through his Heart.

Aberdeen, S. D., May 25.—The body of Walter Tracy, son of D. H. Tracy of Lien township, Roberts county, was found in a field near his home with a bullet through the heart and an empty revolver by his side. No cause known.

Sergius' Assassin Hanged.

St. Petersburg, May 25. — It was semi-officially announced yesterday that Ivan Kalejeff, who murdered the Grand Duke Sergius at Moscow on Feb. 17, was hanged at 3 o'clock yesterday morning.

FIXING RAILROAD RATES.

Making railroad rates is like playing a game of checkers or chess. Communities to be benefitted, producers, manufacturers or shippers to be aided represent the pieces used. Every possible move is studied for its effect on the general result by skilled traffic managers. A false move in the making of freight rates may mean the ruin of a city, of a great manufacturing interest, of an agricultural community. Railroads strive to build up all these so that each may have an equal chance in the sharp competition of business. So sensitive to this rivalry are the railroads that in order to build up business along their lines they frequently allow the shipper to practically dictate rates. Rate making has been a matter of development; of mutual concessions for mutual benefit. That is why the railroads of the United States have voluntarily made freight rates so much lower in this country than they are on the government-owned and operated railways of Europe and Australia that they are now the lowest transportation rates in the world.

Pay of a Rose Grower.

"A good rose grower—that is, one who can show good results," says a well known florist, receives as much pay as a college professor. As a rule his knowledge has cost him about as much.

"By a rose grower I mean a specialist who can produce heavy-headed beauties with strong, yard-long stems. Growing roses in pots or in the open is another matter. It requires skill to grow them well, but it requires something more to show cut flowers of the quality that has come to be considered first grade. That is a business by itself. Good rose growers get from $2,000 to $5,000 a year, and some of them receive much more, notably a few who cater to the New York market."—Philadelphia Record.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: James Colgrove, St. Cloud, Minn., potato digger; Benjamin Fowler, Minneapolis, Minn., rocking horse; Charles Miller, Minneapolis, Minn., store service apparatus; Orville Rice, Sioux Falls, S. D., mop head and wringer; Franklin Stout, Baltic, S. D., draft equalizer; Charles Wyman, Anoka, Minn., vehicle running gear; Nils Zetterlund, Duluth, Minn., cable hanger.

The Time.

Mrs. McLubberty—Phwat toime is ut, Murty? Dhe clock stopped dhe day.

McLubberty (looking at his watch) Noine o'clock, me dear.

"Whoy, Oi to'ught it was tin, at laste!"

"Ut's niver more dhon noine o'clock at dhis toime in dhe avenin'."—Puck.

Many Children Are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, Cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, Break up Colds and Destroy Worms. At all Druggists', 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

In running a scandal to earth, be careful or you will fall in its mire.

Backache, "The Blues"

Both Symptoms of Organic Derangement in Women—Thousands of Sufferers Find Relief.

Mrs. J. G. Holmes
Emma Cotrely

How often do we hear women say: "It seems as though my back would break," or "Don't speak to me, I am all out of sorts?" These significant remarks prove that the system requires attention.

Backache and "the blues" are direct symptoms of an inward trouble which will sooner or later declare itself. It may be caused by diseased kidneys or some uterine derangement. Nature requires assistance and at once, and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound instantly asserts its curative powers in all those peculiar ailments of women. It has been the standby of intelligent American women for twenty years, and the ablest specialists agree that it is the most universally successful remedy for woman's ills known to medicine.

The following letters from Mrs. Holmes and Mrs. Cotrely are among the many thousands which Mrs. Pinkham has received this year from those whom she has relieved.

Surely such testimony is convincing.

Mrs. J. G. Holmes, of Larimore, North Dakota, writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I have suffered everything with backache and womb trouble—I let the trouble run on until my system was in such a condition that I was unable to be about, and then it was I commenced to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. If I had only known how much suffering I would have saved; I should have taken it months sooner—for a few weeks' treatment made me well and strong. My backaches and headaches are all gone and I suffer no pain at my menstrual periods, whereas before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I suffered intense pain."

Mrs. Emma Cotrely, 109 East 12th Street, New York City, writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I feel it my duty to tell all suffering women of the relief I have found in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. When I commenced taking the Compound I suffered everything with backaches, headaches, menstrual and ovarian troubles. I am completely cured and enjoy the best of health, and I owe it all to you."

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles.

No other medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles. Refuse to buy any substitute.

FREE ADVICE TO WOMEN.

Remember, every woman is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about her symptoms she does not understand. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass., her advice is free and cheerfully given to every ailing woman who asks for it. Her advice and medicine have restored to health more than one hundred thousand women.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands a Woman's Ills.

You may sling mud enough to make some of it stick. But you cannot sling mud without first grasping it, and the mud grasper is himself befouled.

Maybe it was one of the "gray wolves of the senate" that ate up Red Riding Hood's grandma.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Water on the brain is calculated to quench the fire of genius.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is adapted to both sexes and all ages. Cures Kidney and Liver complaint, and purifies the blood. $1 all druggists.

Justice often becomes so drowsy that it nods upon the bench.

We seem now to be in the twilight of the day of jokes that father used to tell about the pies that mother used to make.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The surest harbinger of war is a peace congress.

Knowledge in the heads of most men is but the brains of others.

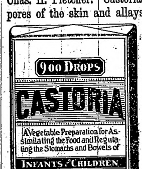
FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The broken shields we throw away are often the units of our woes.

Save the Babies.

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twentytwo per cent., or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirtyseven per cent., or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium, or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse, but you must see that it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Castoria causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the pores of the skin and allays fever.



900 DROPS

CASTORIA

AVegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES — 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. A. F. Peeler, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in many cases and have always found it an efficient and speedy remedy."

Dr. E. Down, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in my practice for many years with great satisfaction to myself and benefit to my patients."

Dr. J. E. Waggoner, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I can most heartily recommend your Castoria to the public as a remedy for children's complaints. I have tried it and found it of great value."

Dr. Edward Parrish, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I have used your Castoria in my own household with good results, and have advised several patients to use it for its mild laxative effect and freedom from harm."

Dr. J. B. Elliott, of New York City, says: "Having during the past six years prescribed your Castoria for infantile stomach disorders, I most heartily commend its use. The formula contains nothing deleterious to the most delicate of children."

Dr. C. G. Sprague, of Omaha, Neb., says: "Your Castoria is an ideal medicine for children, and I frequently prescribe it. While I do not advocate the indiscriminate use of proprietary medicines, yet Castoria is an exception for conditions which arise in the care of children."

Dr. J. A. Parker, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria holds the esteem of the medical profession in a manner held by no other proprietary preparation. It is a sure and reliable medicine for infants and children. In fact, it is the universal household remedy for infantile ailments."

Dr. H. F. Merrill, of Augusta, Me., says: "Castoria is one of the very finest and most remarkable remedies for infants and children. In my opinion your Castoria has saved thousands from an early grave. I can furnish hundreds of testimonials from this locality as to its efficiency and merits."

Dr. Norman M. Geer, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "During the last twelve years I have frequently recommended your Castoria as one of the best preparations of the kind, being safe in the hands of parents and very effective in relieving children's disorders, while the ease with which such a pleasant preparation can be administered is a great advantage."

Dr. F. H. Kyle, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "It affords me pleasure to add my name to the long list of those who have used and now endorse your Castoria. The fact of the ingredients being known through the printing of the formula on the wrapper is one good and sufficient reason for the recommendation of any physician. I know of its good qualities and recommend it cheerfully."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY ST., NEW YORK CITY.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1905. NUMBER 47.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

NORWAY BREAKS WITH SWEDEN

THE STORTHING DISSOLVES THE UNION AND DETHRONES KING OSCAR.

NOW INDEPENDENT STATE

STATE COUNCIL EMPOWERED TO GOVERN UNTIL NEW RULER IS CHOSEN.

SWEDES CHEER KING OSCAR

REMARKABLE DEMONSTRATION OF THEIR LOYALTY AND SYMPATHY.

Christiania, Norway, June 8.—"Norway from to-day is a fully independent and sovereign state."

This is the text of the editorials in the Norwegian newspapers and it reflects the spirit with which the people of Norway accept yesterday's action of the storthing, when it proclaimed King Oscar no longer king of Norway. Following is the resolution passed by the storthing unanimously and without debate:

"Whereas, all the members of the council of state have laid down their offices, and

"Whereas, his majesty, the king, has declared himself unable to establish a new government for the country, and

"Whereas, the constitutional regal power thus becomes inoperative, the storthing authorizes the members of the council of state who retired to-day, to exercise until further notice as the Norwegian government, the power appertaining to the king in accordance with Norway's constitution and existing law, with such changes which are necessitated by the fact that the union with Sweden under one king is dissolved in consequence of the king having ceased to act as a Norwegian king."

Proclaims New Regime.

At its meeting last evening the storthing adopted a proclamation to the Norwegian people in which is given a detailed account of the events preceding the passing of the resolution. This proclamation concludes:

"The storthing hopes that the Norwegian people will succeed in living in peace and on good terms with all, and not the least with the Swedish people, to whom we are linked by so many natural ties.

"The storthing is sure that the people will join with and aid the government in maintaining the full independence of Norway, and with firmness and dignified tranquility submit to the

Necessary Sacrifices;

and it is further sure that all subjects will fully respect all ordinances and prescriptions from the government.

"All officials, civil and military, must in every respect yield that obedience which the government has the right to claim according to the authority transferred to it by the storthing in the name of the people of Norway."

The proceedings throughout the momentous session of the storthing yesterday were marked by supreme good order and by the utmost dignity. The plans had been most carefully prepared and nothing had been omitted to secure the inauguration of a new government under the best auspices. That the feeling was intense was evidenced by the great

Gatherings of People

outside the storthing during the early session, and after the announcement of the result of the proceedings a quiet respect was shown the members as they left the building. There was not the slightest evidence of excitement, the people seeming to realize the responsibility placed upon them.

It has been arranged that the storthing will send a deputation to convey the address adopted by it to the king.

The storthing will, if necessary, defend the step taken yesterday by force of arms. If a prince of the house of Bernadotte should consent to occupy the throne of Norway he must give up all idea of succession to the Swedish throne.

Swedish Oration to Oscar.

Stockholm, June 8.—The Norwegian coup d'etat was answered here last night by a great patriotic demonstration of loyalty to and sympathy with King Oscar. A great procession, accompanied by bands, went to Rosedal castle, where the bands played the national anthem. In a few minutes the king and other members of the royal family appeared on a balcony of the castle and were enthusiastically cheered by the demonstrators, while a number of ladies advanced from the crowd and presented the king with a bouquet. Though greatly excited over the situation, the populace remains outwardly calm.

King Oscar held a council last evening at which the situation was considered.

The papers of Stockholm, commenting on the action of the Norwegian storthing, take an extremely serious view of the crisis.

King Oscar Sends Protest.

Stockholm, June 8—King Oscar sent a telegram to Premier Michelson as follows:

"Have received the communication of the council of state, and record the most decided protest against the method and action of the government."

Danes Approve.

Copenhagen, June 8—The announcement that the Norwegian storthing by a unanimous vote had decided that it could no longer acknowledge King Oscar as king of Norway was received here not with surprise, but with the same spirit of approval and determination that prevailed in Christiania. According to reports from that place the people of Norway expect that the king will accept the proposition to appoint a member of his family as king of Norway.

Refuses Crown for Son.

London, June 8—The Stockholm correspondent of the Standard says that King Oscar has refused the Norwegian crown for his son.

YOUNG BOYS CREMATED.

Two Young Lads Meet Horrible Death on the Beach at Atlantic City.

Atlantic City, N. J., June 8.—Two boys have met a horrible death by cremation on the beach here. They were Ardner J. Delaney and William Jeffries, both of this city, aged seven and five years, respectively. The two boys were inseparable companions. They went to a brush heap of pine trees on the beach front, dug a hole beneath the pile and crawled under. It is believed they had matches, for soon the brush was ablaze, and before the boys could crawl out they were cremated. Their charred bodies were scarcely recognizable.

DYNAMITE STICKS IN TRUNK.

Explosives Found in Baggage of Roumanian.

Indianapolis, June 8.—Fourteen sticks of dynamite were found in a trunk checked by Nick Toplanz, a Roumanian from Xenia, Ohio, to this city. The trunk was accidentally openedo at Xenia, and several of the dynamite sticks fell to the station platform, causing a panic among those who happened to be in the vicinity. Toplanz was arrested here, and at a hearing before a United States commissioner was committed to jail to await further action by the federal authorities.

TAPS TILL OF BIG MUSEUM.

Accountant of Smithsonian Institution Makes a Confession.

Washington, June 8.—William W. Karr, the accountant of the Smithsonian institution and disbursing agent for the government bureaus under it, was arrested here yesterday on the charge of embezzlement, which, according to his own confession, aggregates $46,000. His stealings, he confesses, have been going on for the last fifteen years. He is fifty years old. He came to Washington from Memphis and has been identified with the Smithsonian institution since 1880.

FAIRBANKS IS AT JUBILEE.

Speaks at Laying of Cornerstone at Flint, Mich.

Flint, Mich., June 8.—Vice President Fairbanks was the guest of honor yesterday among the 30,000 visitors who attended the city's golden jubilee and the laying of the cornerstone of the new federal building. The vice president delivered an address at the laying of the cornerstone, which followed a parade two miles in length. Vice President Fairbanks, while in the line of March, was accorded a continual ovation from the throngs along the streets.

SCHOONER GOES DOWN.

One Life, and Possibly More, Are Lost With the Vessel.

New York, June 8.—One life and possibly more are believed to have been lost near Sandy Hook yesterday, when an unidentified two-masted schooner struck on Homer shoal and was pounded to pieces by heavy seas. The schooner is thought to have been a fisherman, which usually carries a big crew. Only one man was seen on the wreck after the schooner struck the shoal, however, and he disappeared when the vessel went to pieces.

JOHN D., JR., REMAINS.

Elder Rockefeller Persuades Young Man to Retain Position.

New York, June 8.—When John D. Rockefeller, Jr., recently announced his purpose to retire from active participation in business because of failing health, it became known that pressure was brought to bear upon the young man by his father, John D. Rockefeller, with the result that the younger Mr. Rockefeller, yielding to parental persuasion, will stay at the wheel unless his health should fail to improve.

RELEASE BOY FROM NAVY.

Leo Fleischman, for Whom Parents Spent Much in Search, Goes Home.

Norfolk, Va., June 8.—Leo Fleischman, the New York city boy who was found enlisted as an hospital apprentice last month, after his parents had spent nearly $10,000 in an unsuccessful effort to locate him, yesterday was released from the navy, and left for his home, accompanied by his cousin, Miss Wilhelm.

ROB POSTMASTER IN OFFICE.

Crow Wing Official and Brother Held Up by Masked Men.

Brainerd, Minn., June 8.—The postoffice at Crow Wing was robbed. Two masked men held up Postmaster E. L. Guinn and his brother and secured $32 and two gold watches. The money taken belonged to the postoffice and express company.

FLOOD CLAIMS SEVEN VICTIMS

WISCONSIN CENTRAL PASSENGER TRAIN PLUNGES THROUGH A BRIDGE.

MANY FARMS UTTERLY RUINED

DAM DIETZ HOLDS GOES OUT AND MANY BRIDGES ARE SWEPT AWAY.

MICHIGAN FLOOD IS WORSE

SITUATION AT GRAND RAPIDS IS HOURLY BECOMING MORE SERIOUS.

Menomonie, Wis., June 8.—No. 1 passenger train on the Wisconsin Central, west-bound, plunged into Red Cedar river from the high steel bridge onoe mile west of Colfax at 11 o'clock yesterday.

Engineer George Phillips, Fireman Severns and five tramps who were riding on the blind baggage are missing and are believed to have been drowned.

The engine, tender, baggage and mail cars went down with the bridge and are buried in the flood. The baggageman climbed out of a window and the mail clerk crawled through a ventilator as the cars plunged into the water and both miraculously saved their lives. The smoke stands on one end in the river.

Damage Is Widespread.

Menomonie, Wis., June 8.—The present high water has wrought extensive and widespread destruction in this county. Red Cedar river raised to a point twenty inches above high water mark, registering nine feet above the normal stage yesterday.

Both wagon bridges and an old saw mill here, a wagon bridge at Irvington, three miles south, the long railroad bridge of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, a lumber yard at Downsville, eight miles down the river, and a wagon bridge at Dunnville, twelve miles south, were washed out. The total bridge loss on the Red Cedar in this county will reach $75,000. The river has changed its course in many places and destroyed much farm property.

Miles of Track Swept Away.

Several miles of track of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road between this city and Red Cedar have been swept away. Thirty-five farms are flooded on the Chippewa bottoms in this county, and sand washed over them, utterly destroying their usefulness for several years. A number of farmers were forced to abandon their homes and considerable stock has been drowned. The loss to farmers is estimated at $150,000. The waters now are receding and no further trouble is anticipated.

The communication and traffic west of the river is entirely cut off.

Flood Abates at Fond du Lac.

Fond du Lac, Wis., June 8.—Further danger from the flood is past and the damage will not exceed $100,000. The water is still flowing on several of the streets and avenues and boats, rafts and vehicles are being used for transporting supplies.

Many Bridges Swept Away.

Almena, Wis., June 8.—Every bridge between here and Cumberland and Barron went out. A Soo freight train broke through the culvert at Ackerman's pond, a mile east of Poskin. Jacobs' feed mill at Poskin left its foundation and lodged on the new steel bridge across Vermillion river, wrecking the bridge. The Barron flour mill's dam across Yellow river went out.

Dam Dietz Holds Goes Out.

Chetek, Wis., June 8.—Cameron dam, on the Thornapple river, over which the Dietz controversy with the Chippewa Logging and Boom company hinges, went out yesterday, and with it the destruction of many wagon bridges. Several towns in the county have been cut off and there has been no rural letter delivery since Monday. Only one steel bridge in the vicinity remains in place. No lives are reported lost.

Town of Hayton Flooded.

Chilton, Wis., June 8.—Manitowoc river is the highest on record, having risen four feet since last night. Reports from Hayton are that the large stone bridge there has been undermined and swept away. The town of Hayton is flooded and it is feared the opera house under construction will be destroyed.

Becoming More Serious.

Grand Rapids, Mich., June 8.—The flood situation in Grand Rapids is hourly becoming more serious and Grand river is rising at the rate of six inches an hour. Up to this time the west side of the city has been the principal sufferer, but now the water is backing out of the river into the basements of many of the business houses on Canal street on the east side. Great damage to merchandise through flooding basements is expected before the water recedes.

A large number of factories on the West side are closed on account of the high water interfering with machinery and over 3,000 men are temporarily out of employment.

The property loss cannot be estimated at this time, but it will be large, especially to residents whose household goods have been damaged.

The reports from the weather bureau show that the river may be expected to receive reinforcements of no less than three or more feet of flood waters, with the water already about three feet above the danger line. In North Park many houses are completely surrounded by water.

DRAGS BOY TO DEATH.

Earl Maxwell of Eveleth Has Halter Tied to Waist.

Eveleth, Minn., June 8.—Earl Maxwell, twelve years old, oldest son of Mayor Mike Maxwell, was dragged to death by his pony Dexter at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The body, warm and pulsating, was picked up in an open field filled with stumps and boulders. It was carried into the Spruce mine office and life was believed to exist. Mayor Maxwell then took his boy home, where two doctors pronounced the lad dead. Earl, with ten-year-old John Murto as a companion, took oats in order to catch a horse of Maxwell's. Unable to find him they caught Dexter. Earl had the halter rope tied around his waist, and he told Murto to take the oats from Dexter. The boy did so and hid behind a stump. The pony became frightened and dragged Earl 150 feet.

RAIN ENDS FOREST FIRES.

Loss in Northern Wisconsin Is Estimated at Over $100,000.

Superior, Wis., June 8.—Latest reports from the towns threatened by the forest fires that have been raging in Northern Wisconsin for the last few days are to the effect that the fires have nearly subsided and that the danger is past. The loss probably never will be fully ascertained, but it is estimated at more than $100,000, taking into account the large amount of timber burned. Several farmers, however, were wiped out and live stock in the fire zone suffered considerably. The large lumber companies were the heaviest losers. The fires were drowned out by the rain storm of the past two days.

BEEF JURY FREE TO INDICT.

Unlimited Authority Given Inquisitorial Body.

Chicago, June 8.—Instructions were received yesterday by the federal grand jury investigating the affairs of the beef industry to continue the investigation and return indictments if the jurors found that the testimony warranted such action. The instructions to the jury were received by Assistant District Attorney Godman from his chief, C. B. Morrison, who is still in Washington, where he went two weeks ago to consult with Attorney General Moody regarding the investigation. The jury will from now ono hold two sessions daily until they reach final conclusions.

SENT TO MARRY ALICE.

Insane Swede Says He Came to America to Wed Miss Roosevelt.

Bloomington, Ill., June 8.—Yesterday secret service men from Washington arrested John Johnson, a Swede, for writing letters to Alice Roosevelt. Johnson said that he was sent here from Sweden to marry Miss Roosevelt, and communicated his mission in letters to the president's daughter. The arrest followed. Johnson was at once taken to Jacksonville and committed to the asylum. He was a former inmate, but has been out for two years. He is regarded as harmless, and has been working in a grocery store here.

SOW SEEDS TO RAISE FOREST.

Nursery Method to Be Supplanted Near Custer Peak, S. D.

Washington, June 8.—A recent examination of the planting operations in the Black Hills forest reservation has revealed such favorable conditions that it has been decided not to use nursery stock extensively in restoring the denuded tracts. Instead, seeds will be sown directly on the land where trees are desired, but in order to compare the nursery method with that of direct sowing about 50,000 small trees will be set out. The region in which the operations are under way is in the vicinity of Custer Peak.

Child Killed.

Huron, S. D., June 8.—Earl, the fifteen-year-old son of Richard Ramsell and wife, was fatally hurt while assisting in dipping cattle at Clark's vat. He was driving a horse attached to a rope used to force cattle into the dipping liquid, when a tug to the harness broke, allowing the singletree to fly backward; the loose end striking young Ramsdell on the head. He died from its effects.

Guilty of Attempted Suicide.

Grand Forks, N. D., June 8.—Miss Katherine Tracy, the young woman who made an unsuccessful attempt two weeks ago to suicide by taking a draught of laudanum, was arraigned in the district court on a charge of attempted suicide. She pleaded guilty to the charge, and Judge Fisk suspended sentence upon her giving a personal recognizance bond in the sum of $500.

Child Is Drowned.

Brainerd, Minn., June 8.—Levetta Borden, three years old, was drowned in the Mille Lac, near Midland, yesterday. The body was recovered. She was the daughter of Mrs. Dave Borden, a widow.

Carleton Gets $100,000.

Winona, Minn., June 8.—W. H. Laird of this city yesterday gave $100,000 to Carleton college at Northfield.

NEGOTIATIONS FOR PEACE OPEN

PRELIMINARIES ARE NOW GENERALLY BELIEVED TO BE UNDER WAY.

TO ACT THROUGH ROOSEVELT

PRESIDENT WILL ACT AS "FRIENDLY CHANNEL OF COMMUNICATION."

CZAR ASKS JAPAN'S TERMS

REPORT STRENGTHENS HOPEFUL VIEW THAT PEACE IS NOT FAR OFF.

Washington, June 8.—Preliminary peace negotiations between Japan and Russia are generally believed to be under way, and it is conceded that President Roosevelt will in all probability act not as mediator, but as "the friendly channel of communication." There is as yet no official admission that Russia has accepted what Count Cassini, in his cablegram to Count Lamsdorff last week described as the "offer of good will of the president," although instructions to the ambassador are believed to have reached here last night

In a Long Cablegram

which was received at the Russian embassy quite late and was laid before the ambassador just before he retired.

All that can be authoritatively said regarding this cablegram is that it concerned Count Cassini's cablegram of last week. No appointment has yet been made for the ambassador to see the president, but by one close to Count Cassini, it was said last night that it was expected that some appointment might be made within the next day or two.

Immediately upon his return to his legation last night after a long conference with the president, Mr. Takahira, the Japanese minister, began the preparation of a dispatch to his government upon which he was occupied until quite late.

Will Say Nothing.

For the first time since the annihilation of the Russian fleet the minister did not feel at liberty to comment upon any phase of the situation.

It can be stated that the president, through Mr. Takahira, is endeavoring to get some definite idea regarding Japan's peace terms. Mr. Takahira is giving him all the assistence that he can, but the most he can do is to inform his government of the president's wishes and to emphasize his personal conviction that the president can be trusted absolutely to guard Japan's legitimate interests.

Wants to Know Japan's Terms.

Diplomatic Washington was last night aroused to a point of expectancy unequalled since the inception of the war in the Far East by the news from St. Petersburg of the czar's wish to know Japan's peace terms. This interest was heightened by a call which Mr. Takahira, the Japanese minister, made at the White House by appointment during the evening.

Strengthens Hope of Peace.

Paris, June 8.—The report that Russia had taken steps to learn through her ambassadors Japan's peace terms further strengthens the hopeful view prevailing for the last three days. The report was first circulated just as the bourse was closing and caused a sudden advance in values.

Meyer Sees the Czar.

St. Petersburg, June 8.—With Ambassador Meyer's delivery to the emperor yesterday afternoon of President Roosevelt's message tendering his good offices, the prospects of the president's efforts to bring the belligerents together in peace negotiations is believed to be distinctly brighter.

Ships to Stay at Manila.

Manila, June 8.—Rear Admiral Enquist received at 1 o'clock this morning the following cable from St. Petersburg:

"Remain at Manila at the disposition of the American government. Effect repairs as much as possible.

—"Nicholai."

Gov. Gen. Wright has requested Rear Admiral Train to arrange for the disposition of the Russian warships and their officers and crews.

Wedded Bliss Cut Short.

Chicago, June 8.—After less than two months of married life "Captain" George Wellington Streeter, who made himself famous by laying claim to a large tract of "made" land on the lake front, has been sued for divorce in the circuit court by Mrs. Mamie Collins Streeter. She charges her elderly husband with cruelty. Streeter married his eighteen-year-old bride in South Bend, Ind., on April 18.

Bryan's Gift to University.

Lincoln, Neb., June 8.—At Cotner university commencement last evening announcement was made of the donation to the university by W. J. Bryan of land valued at a thousand dollars. Cotner is the denominational university of the Christian church of Nebraska.

Fall From Wagon Is Fatal.

Brainerd, Minn., June 8.—Henry Arlin, forty years old, fell from a wagon and was almost instantly killed. He had no relatives in this country.

AFTER PAUL JONES' BODY.

Squadron of Warships Assemble for Their Journey to France.

New York, June 8.—The second squadron of the North Atlantic fleet, consisting of the armored cruiser Brooklyn and the protected cruisers Chattanooga, Galveston and Tacoma, selected by the navy department to bring the body of John Paul Jones from France, assembled off the naval anchorage at Tompkinsville, Staten Island, yesterday, and will proceed on Thursday to sea on the way to Cherbourg. Off that port the casket containing the body will be transferred to the Brooklyn. Admiral Sigsbee expects to make the voyage from Sandy Hook to Cherbourg breakwater in about thirteen days. On his arrival at Cherbourg the squadron will be met by the French warships that are to participate in the final tribute in French waters. Ten days after its arrival the squadron is expected to sail for Annapolis.

UNION TERMS BAR TO PEACE.

Employers Reject Proposals and Negotiations Again Are Suspended.

Chicago, June 8.—After a conference lasting five hours between the employers' association and the committee appointeod by the teamsters' joint council, with full power to settle the strike, all negotiations were declared off at 9 o'clock last night and there is no immediate probability of a settlement. The union submitted a number of propositions which the employers flatly refused to consider. Chief among these was that, if the strike was declared off, all the police and deputy sheriffs who are now protecting nonunion men should be withdrawn. The employers refused to consider such a proposition for an instant, declaring that they would maintain the guards as long as there was the slightest chance of violence.

PRESIDENT BUYS NEW HOME.

Beautiful Estate in the Mountains of Virginia Is Secured.

Richmond, Va., June 8.—It has just been learned that President Roosevelt has bought a summer home or camp about seven miles from Scottsville, in Albemarle county. There are 150 acres of land in the tract, and on an elevation stands a small frame house which it is expected will be used as a camp by Mr. Roosevelt, although it is reported that he has some idea of erecting a fine structure there. It is said that Mrs. Roosevelt, with some of her children and possibly a party of friends, will visit the place to-day and remain a few days.

ENVOYS TO SWEDEN SICK.

Consul General and Assistant Both Ill, Cables Graves.

Washington, June 8.—Charles H. Graves of Duluth, the American minister at Stockholm, cabled the state department yesterday that Edward L. Adams and Axel Georgii, the consul general and vice consul general there, are both ill, the former having been sent to a hospital, and he asks that a consular clerk be ordered immediately to Stockholm to take charge of the office.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, June 8.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.10@1.19; No. 2 Northern, $1.02@1.07 3-4; No. 3, 97c@$1.03. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 50@50 1-2c. Oats—No. 3 white, 31c.

Minneapolis, June 8.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.17 5-8; No. 1 Northern, $1.16 5-8; No. 2 Northern, $1.09 5-8 @ 1.12 5-8. Oats—No. 3 white, 30 1-2c.

Duluth, June 8.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.14; No. 2 Northern, $1.08; flax, $1.49; rye, 78c.

Milwaukee, June 8.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.12; No. 2 Northern, $1.05@1.09. Rye—No. 1, 83c. Barley—No. 2, 52 1-2c. Oats—Standard, 32 1-2c. Corn—No. 3, 53 1-2c.

Chicago, June 8.—Wheat—No. 2 red, $1.07; No. 3 red, $1.04; No. 2 hard, $1.01; No. 3 hard, 97@99c; No. 1 Northern, $1.09@1.13; No. 2 Northern, $1.04@1.07. Corn—No. 2, 52 1-4@53c. Oats—No. 2, 30 1-2@31c.

Sioux City, Iowa, June 8.—Cattle—Beeves, $4 @ 6; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.75@5; stockers and feeders, $3 @ 4; calves and yearlings, $3 @4.10. Hogs—Bulk, $5.10@5.20.

Chicago, June 8.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.60 @ 6.40; stockers and feeders, $2.75@5.20; cows, $2.75 @5.25; heifers, $2.50@5.50; calves, $3 @6. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.20 @5.37 1-2; bulk, $5.30@5.35. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $4.80@5.25; native lambs, $4.50 @ 6.50; Western lambs, $5.50@7.40.

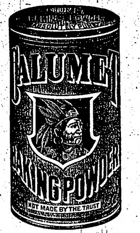
South St. Paul, June 8.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50 @ 6; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.75 @ 4.75; butcher bulls, $3.25 @ 4; veals, $3 @ 5; good to choice stock steers, $3.35@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs—Range price, $5 @ 5.25; bulk, $5.10 @ 5.25. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $5.25@ 6; fair to good, $4@5.25; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice ewes, $4@4.50.

Prominent Editor Dead.

Washington, June 8.—Beriah Wilkins, owner, editor and publisher of the Washington Post and formerly representative in congress from Ohio, died suddenly yesterday of heart failure at his residence in this city.

Convict Pardoned.

Minot, N. D., June 8.—Henry Duffy, sentenced in the district court in this city by Judge Paulda a year ago to a term of three years in the penitentiary for burglary, has been pardoned and arrived here yesterday.



Health

Calumet makes light, digestible wholesome food.

Economy

Only one heaping teaspoonful is needed for one quart of flour.

Franklin—Wonder why it is that a divorce fee costs so much more than a wedding fee?

Penn—It's harder work to untie a knot than to tie one, isn't it?—New

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Art at Albany.

Inquisitive—What is that picture supposed to represent?

Amateur Artist—State street during the street railway strike.

Inquisitive—Here, let me throw a few bricks through it and lend it local color.—Albany Journal.

McKINLEY'S BIRTHPLACE.

Old Homestead at Niles, Ohio, Now Site of a Savings Bank.

William Aubrey Thomas of Niles, Ohio, congressman from the Nineteenth district, says: "I come from the greatest Republican center in the United States as the city of Niles is located in the Mahoning valley, a section of Ohio famous for the fact that a Democrat was never elected to an office there. Niles is a pretty little town of 9,000 inhabitants, known chiefly for the fact that it was the birthplace of William McKinley, the martyr president. The former location of the old McKinley homestead is now the site of the Dollar Savings Bank, of which I am president, and we recently placed a bronze tablet on the front of the establishment which reads that McKinley first saw the light of day on this spot."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

HER WEAKNESS GONE

HOT FLASHES AND SINKING SPELLS CONQUERED AT LAST.

Mrs. Murphy Tells Her Fellow-Sufferers How She Got Rid of Serious Troubles by Simple Home Treatment.

"I had been bothered for several years," said Mrs. Murphy, "by stomach disorder, and finally I became very weak and nervous. Flashes of heat would pass over me, and I would feel as if I was sinking down. At such times I could not do any household work, but would have to lie down, and afterwards I would have very trying nervous spells."

"Didn't you have a doctor?" she was asked.

"Yes, I consulted several doctors but my health did not improve. One day a friend asked me why I did not try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She assured me that they had proved of the greatest benefit in the case of her daughter. In fact, she praised them so enthusiastically that my husband got me a box."

"And what was the result?"

"Before I had taken half of the first box my condition was greatly improved. The quickness with which they reached and relieved all my troubles was really surprising. After I had used only three boxes I had no more heat-flashes or weak spells. Thanks to them, I have become a well woman."

Mrs. Mary D. Murphy lives at No. 1903 Force street, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, the remedy which she found so satisfactory, furnish directly to the blood the elements that give vigor to every tissue of the body. They can be depended on to revive failing strength, and to banish nervousness. Their tonic properties are absolutely unsurpassed.

As soon as there is drag, or dizziness, or pallor, or poor circulation, or disordered digestion, or restlessness, or pains, or irregularities of any kind these famous pills should be used. They have cured the most obstinate cases of anæmia, dyspepsia, rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous prostration and even partial paralysis.

If you desire information specially suited to your own case write directly to the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N.Y. Every woman should have a copy of Dr. Williams' "Plain Talks to Women," which will be mailed free to any address on request. Any druggist can supply the pills.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
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Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

2nd STORE

(SECOND HAND STORE.)

Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.

C. A. SKEIE.

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

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TAKEN BY
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THE
Photograper.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

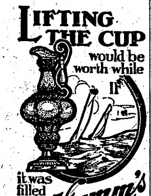
The "Redgeton"
SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING.
HIGH GRADE.

Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.

STRONGEST GUARANTEE.

National Sewing Machine Co.
BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.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Money to loan at all times in liberal amounts and at reasonable rates. Prompt service and perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Write for particulars.

Clover and timothy seed for sale by Leonard Holmes.

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, June 10, 1905.

It is thought that the state census now being taken will show that Minnesota has over two millions of people.

Russia has progressed far enough in her peace proposals to ask how much the licking she has had is going to cost.

The Anti-Profanity League of America will soon establish in this state with headquarters at St. Paul. A sub-station could find plenty to do here.

The Norwegians and Swedes seem to be at the parting point and the prospects seem good for the Norwegians to form a government of their own.

It is said that "Virtue has its own reward." Henry Roulette, son of the man who stole the bill making St. Peter the capital of the state, has been appointed a janitor for the new capitol.

John Wanamaker, referring recently to the advantage of advertising, says: "The good, sensible merchant sticks to his proposition throughout the year, never withdrawing his announcement but constantly pounding away at the public. There is only one way to advertise, and that is to hammer your name, your location, your business, so thoroughly into the people's heads that if they walked in their sleep they would constantly turn their faces toward your store. The newspaper is your best friend. It helps to build up your town or community that supports you."

Not to be egotistical, but better to bring out my point, let me say that I have visited every state and territory in the union. I have visited Mexico and other countries on this side of the Atlantic. I visited lands abroad, and everywhere I went I made a special study of agricultural conditions. As a result of these investigations, covering a period of years, I have come to the conclusion that there is not another state or land where conditions are so favorable to diversified farming as within the borders of the state of Minnesota.—S. M. Owen, editor Farm, Stock & Home.

Many men enter into business with erroneous ideas of what is right and what is honest. They pay no attention to the promptings of of their own consciences, but act upon the theory that any deed which is not by law expressly prohibited is right and proper, regardless of the far-reaching and detrimental effects it may have upon others. They assume that all others are out to do them and they make it their principle of action in life to always do the others first. Oftentimes, by a consistent pursuit of the course they have mapped out for themselves, they amass riches and sometimes attain to positions of fame. Occasionally, however, their greed overmasters, their prudence and the end is bankruptcy, if they have risked only their own money, or a prison cell, if in their speculations they have used funds entrusted to them by others. Honesty is the best policy, always has been and always will be. And honesty is honesty—it is not anything else. The man who is always out to do somebody, always intent upon getting a shade the best of every bargain, who is ever striving to gain an unfair advantage over his fellow, will bear watching. Men with high ideals are needed quite as much in the business world as they are in the professions, the church, the state or anywhere else.—Warren Register.

Special Low Rates to St. Paul, Minn.

On account of the Grand Lodge, Patriarchs Militant and Rebekah Assembly I.O.O.F. of Minnesota, June 13-16, and the installation of Civil War flags and trophies at the new state capitol building June 14, the Great Northern will sell tickets to St. Paul and return at one fare plus 50 cents for the round trip, tickets on sale June 12 to 14, inclusive, with final return limit June 17. See local agent for further particulars. 2

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held at the village hall June 5, 1905, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the president.

All members present.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and on motion accepted.

Motion made, seconded and carried that 10 inch tiling be put in on the east side of block 40 along Broadway.

On motion the street commissioner was instructed to investigate the road on the town line west of Opperud's house and report to Road & Bridge committee.

On motion the band was allowed $10 per month for two open air concerts each month for three months.

Motion made, seconded and carried that the village donate $75 for the celebration of the Fourth of July.

Motion made and carried that we get $1,000 insurance on the village hall and contents.

On motion Christ Hall was appointed marshal for the 4th of July at a salary of $5.

On motion Henry Miller was appointed night watchman for the night of the 3rd and 4th of July.

On motion the president was instructed to appoint six special police for the 4th of July.

Motion made and carried that the marshal be instructed to erect a place to light the gasoline lamps.

On motion the saloon license was fixed at $500 for the ensuing year.

On motion the dog license was fixed at $1 for males and $3 for females for the ensuing year.

On motion the marshal was instructed to repair the roof on the village hall and have it painted.

On motion the marshal was instructed to stop the dumping of manure or rubbish along the road east of the bridge.

The following bills were allowed in full:

Crookston Lumber Co, 4 bills	$119 46
E Tufth, work on street	3 00
C Carpenter " "	5 00
D Patterson " "	8 50
C H Martz, road work	3 50
Chas Carpenter, work on street	9 20
John Shannon, " "	12 50
H Adams, " "	4 50
E StMartin, " "	3 75
John Falstad, " "	3 75
C M Roland, " "	7 00
L Blondin, " "	3 75
C Clayton, " "	19 50
L Skorstad, " "	19 50
O Payment, " "	1 50
C H Remington, marshal and street commissioner salary	50 00
W S Booth & Son, order blank book	5 00
White Mfg Co, lamp supplies	21 13
M J Lindahl, 9 lamp caps and repairing	14 10
R H Aimer, blacksmithing	2 50
F A Grady attorney fees, sidewalk cases	25 00
St Hilaire Fire department	13 00

On motion meeting adjourned to June 30, 8 o'clock.

J. B. O'BRIEN,
President.

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Pecorder.

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of Merchants State Bank at St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on May 29, 1905.

Date of call by Supt., May 29, 1905.
Date of report by bank, June 5, 1905.

RESOURCES.			
Loans and discounts			$33,743 47
Overdrafts			8 57
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			3,842 23
Due from banks	7,530 96		
Checks and cash items		188 87	
Currency	996 00		
Gold	415 00		
Silver	317 00		
Fractional	5 72	1,733 72	
Total available assets	9,451 55		9,451 55
Total			47,037 25
LIABILITIES.			
Capital stock			$ 10,000 00
Surplus fund			100 00
Undivided profits, net			435 89
Dep. subject to check	18,429 36		
Demand certificates	1,380 94		
Total immed. liabilities	17,810 30		
Time certificates	18,691 06		
Total deposits	36,501 36		36,501 36
Total			47,037 25

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } ss.

I, K. O. Gigstad, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier.

Attest: (Two Directors:
Daniel Patterson,
H. E. Ives.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of June, 1905.

DANIEL PATTERSON,
(Seal) Notary Public,
Red Lake Co., Minn.

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of First State Bank at St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on the 29th day of May, 1905.

Date of call by Supt., May 29, 1905.
Date of report by bank, May 29, 1905.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$41,817 44
Overdrafts		246 06
Other bonds, stocks and securities		757 54
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		4,000 00
Other real estate		225 76
Due from banks	6,612 33	
Checks and cash items	242 54	
Currency	121 00	
Gold	1,495 00	
Silver	354 98	
Total Available Assets	8,825 85	8,825 85
Total		$55,872 65
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$10,000 00
Surplus fund		2,000 00
Undivided profits, net		508 11
Dep. subject to check	$10,177 84	
Demand certificates	1,297 03	
Total immediate liabili's	11,474 87	
Time certificates	31,890 17	
Total deposits	43,364 54	43,364 54
Total		$55,872 65

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Red Lake. } ss

I, B. E. Burkee, cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above Statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

B. E. BURKEE,
Cashier.

Attest: (Two) Directors:
J. K. Hannay,
L. Ellington.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of June, 1905.

O. F. POST,
[SEAL] Notary Public,
Red Lake Co., Minn.

Calumet Baking Powder

Perfect in quality.
Moderate in price.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Chas. J. Fellman, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1905.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: On the ground floor of the two-story building situate on lot fourteen (14) of block thirty-nine (39) of the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having three outside entrances, one in front, one in side and one in rear.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire this 5th day of June, 1905.

CHAS. J. FELLMAN.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Friday the 30th day of June, 1905, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

[SEAL] K. O. GIGSTAD, Recorder.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, John J. Soll and H. A. Johnson, under the firm name and style of Soll & Johnson, hereby make application for a license to be granted to them to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1905.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: On the ground floor of the two-story building situate on lot thirteen (13) of block thirty-nine (39) of the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having three outside entrances, one in front, and two in rear.

Said applicants pray that such license be granted to them pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire this 5th day of June, 1905.

JOHN J. SOLL.
H. A. JOHNSON.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Friday the 30th day of June, 1905, at eight o'clock p. m. at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

[SEAL] K. O. GIGSTAD, Recorder.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Mike Anderson and John Maakrud, under the firm name and style of Anderson & Maakrud, hereby make application for a license to be granted to them to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1905.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: On the ground floor of the two-story building situate on lot ten (10) of block forty (40) of the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having three outside entrances, one in front, one in side and one in rear.

Said applicants pray that such license be granted to them pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire this 5th day of June, 1905.

MIKE ANDERSON.
JOHN MAAKRUD.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Friday the 30th day of June, 1905, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

[SEAL] K. O. GIGSTAD, Recorder.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, M. E. Bjerk hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1905.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: On the ground floor of the two-story frame building situate on lot eleven (11) in block forty (40) of the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having three outside entrances, one in front, one in side and one in rear.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire this 5th day of June, 1905.

M. E. BJERK.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Friday the 30th day of June, 1905, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

[SEAL] K. O. GIGSTAD, Recorder.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, W. A. Arthur hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1905.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: On the ground floor of the three-story building situate on lot twenty (20) of block thirty-nine (39) of the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having two outside entrances, one in front and one in rear.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of the state of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire this 5th day of June, 1905.

W. A. ARTHUR.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Friday the 30th day of June, 1905, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

[SEAL] K. O. GIGSTAD, Recorder.

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THE McCALL CO.,
113-115-117 West 31st St., NEW YORK.

The Gloaming.

The "gloaming" is by origin akin to gloom. The root idea is to look covertly from beneath the brows not with full open eyes, and so the gloaming is that time of day when the sun, sinking below the horizon, shines obscurely under the advancing shades of night, as eyes may gleam dimly from lowering brows.

Byron, the poet, wrote, "As gloaming, the Scottish word for twilight, has been recommended by many literary men and particularly by Dr. Moore in his letters to Burns, I have ventured to use it on account of its harmony."

The evening star is called the "gloaming" star in Scotland, and Lowell's "The snow had begun in the gloaming" and Hogg's "'Twixt the gloaming and the mirk, when the kye come hame," are familiar instances of its use.

Rice as a Soporific.

"If people would eat plenty of rice they would not need drugs to make them sleep," said a New York drug clerk, pausing for a moment in putting up a sleeping potion for a woman. "There is much said about rice as a strengthening food, but few Americans know that it has soporific powers. If properly cooked it has. Rice should be washed many times until the water no longer appears milky. It should then be soaked a few hours, salted and boiled rapidly about thirty minutes. When cooked in this way it can be eaten each day with relish, and the person who eats it sleeps well and dreams not at all."

Gaston's Point of View.

"Ze American, ah, he iss a ver funny man. He know nothing but ze dollar. He have no love of beauty or art. He do not comprend."

"What's on your mind, Gaston?"

"Today I see a beautiful lady, clevair, distingue, magnifecent. She is with a man, an American. I go to him. I say, 'Pardon, monsieur, what iss ze lady's name?' The gentleman he say, 'That's my business.' Bah! Beesness, beesness, all de time. He was a rude man."—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

Plaint of a Bishop.

Of Bishop Bathurst, who was a great whist player, it is related that on hearing the name of a new appointment in the chapter there was wrung from him the passionate exclamation, "I have served the Whigs all my life, and now they send me down a canon who doesn't know clubs from spades!"—London Mail.

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"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"

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RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE

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Louisville, Ky.	Jacksonville, Fla.
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EAST, SOUTH, WEST NORTH.

Fast and Handsomely equipped Steam-Heated Trains—Dining Cars—Buffet Library Cars—Sleeping Cars—Free Reclining Chair Cars.

A. H. HANSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt
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CROOKSTON LUMBER Company.

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St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

LOW RATES
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ON SALE EVERY DAY FROM
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LEWIS AND CLARK EXPOSITION
VIA THE
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"THE COMFORTABLE WAY"

For rates and detailed information, call on or address H. M. SWANSON, Local Agent, Great Northern Ry.

Send this coupon and 2 cents for handsomely illustrated booklet, "A Camera Journey to the Lewis and Clark Exposition," to

F. I. WHITNEY,
Passenger Traffic Manager ST. PAUL, MINN.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

"THE ROAD WITH THE BIG BERTHS"

This is the title given by the Chicago Tribune to the

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This railway owns and operates its own sleeping cars and other equipment. The berths are wider, longer and higher than berths in similar cars of other lines.

The Pioneer Limited, The Fast Mail and three other daily trains from Minneaplis and St. Paul to Chicago. No extra charge to ride on these trains, but it is important that you name your route in purchasing tickets East.

W. B. DIXON
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365 Robert Street, St. Paul.

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Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

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ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

Modern Woodmen of America Convention.

On account of the biennial meeting of the Modern Woodmen of America and auxiliary societies at Milwaukee, Wis., June 17-24, the Great Northern will sell tickets at one fare plus 50 cents for the round trip. Tickets on sale for trains arriving in St. Paul or Sioux City June 16-19 inclusive, with final return limit June 27. Consult local agent for full particulars. 3

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.

Graduate of Copenhagen University.

Department for Diseases of the Eye

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Seed flax for sale by Leonard Holmes.

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

Great Northern Time Table.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at St. Hilaire.

PASSENGER.

8:00 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
9:25 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
9:55 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
10:20 am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30 pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10 am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz R. H. Duntley Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
J. J. Soll, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3550 Meets at Odd Fellows' Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE
Veterinary
Surgeon.
Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham
St. Hilaire, - Minn.

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CONFECTIONERY

.. **HALL'S** ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
....TOYS
Agency for
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Mrs. Gilbert Hanson, is visiting relatives and friends at Fertile this week.

E. J. Campbell, of Duluth, is here this week visiting with his son Fred Campbell.

W. B. Fuller, of Thief River Falls, was a business visitor here last Wednesday.

Ralph E. Wyer, the Red Lake Falls banker, was here on business last Tuesday.

W. A. Arthur and Chas. Fellman drove out to their reservation claims last Tuesday.

Frank A Grady, the Red Lake Falls attorney, was a business visitor here last Saturday.

The band turned out last Wednesday evening and serenaded Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Edstrom.

H. D. Pettibone went down to Minneapolis last Saturday for a short visit with his family.

H. O. Jackson is entertaining his father Mr. O. Jackson, of Grafton, N. D., this week.

G. T. Hultgren, of Chicago, arrived last Wednesday to attend the Edstrom-Gigstad wedding.

Julius Pleth, the hustling Plummer real estate dealer, made us a couple of visits the past week.

Mrs. O. Narveson and Miss Emma Narveson, of Erskine, were the guests of K. O. Gigstad this week.

H. E. Adams writes us that he has located at Lane, Idaho, and wishes The Spectator to follow him.

Crops will not suffer for moisture for some time as we have had more than enough rain the past week.

W. A. Arthur has rented the Hotel Markham for another year, having secured a new lease this week.

Mrs. J. E. Argue accompanied Dr. Argue on his regular monthly visit and they spent last Sunday here.

Miss Alma Remington treated about fifteen of the little ones of her Sunday school class to a picnic last Thursday.

Messrs. Brown and Iverson, two prominent Plummer business men, were business visitors here last Thursday.

Mrs. Ruth R. Brown, representing the Crookston liquor cure establishment, was a business caller here last Monday.

L.T. Bergh was in from his reservation claim on Wednesday and reports that crop prospects are looking fine out that way.

The Misses Agnes and Francis Edstrom, of Goodhue county, arrived last Wednesday to attend their brother's wedding.

I. Dahlen has concluded not to engage in the saloon business after the first of the month and will move out on his claim.

Miss Mary Hoff and Miss Josephine Gigstad returned on Wednesday from Grand Forks where they have been attending school.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Chas. N. Bourdon, of RedLake Falls, was here on Tuesday selling haying permits on state school lands. Mrs. Bourdon accompanied him.

A pick-up team played a game of ball last Sunday on the local grounds with a team from the country and de- their country cousins by a score of 48 to 6.

C. W. Peters writes us from Blaine, Washington, that Miss Elsie Harris, formerly well known here, was united in marriage on May 24th to Otto Gaines at the residence of J. H. Penno.

The kid nine from St. Hilaire came down to this city Sunday and beat our youngsters in a game of ball by a score of 8 to 9. In the language of one of the aforesaid youngsters "They can't do it again."—Red Lake Courier.

The many friends of Fred Dahl, whose home is in St. Hilaire, will be pleased to hear of his success in getting a position for the summer in the mines at Eveleth. He has been attending the mining department of the U. of Minnesota and now hopes to get some practical experience.—Crookston Journal.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

H. C. Clark, W. A. Gould and A. Lord, of the Crookston Lumber company, were here last Tuesday looking over the business here.

For Rent—for hay or grazing purposes, NE¼ section 14-152-44, Red Lake county, Minn. Address, with offer, H. C. L. Stoll & Co., Joliet, Ill.

The small boys went down to Red Lake Falls last Sunday and played the youngsters a game of base ball. They again were the victors, the score being 6 to 10 in their favor.

Mrs. Fred Case came down from their homestead in Northwestern Canada last Monday and will spend the summer here with her husband. They have already gone to housekeeping.

A. F. Lang has been busy the past week taking the census in the village and has the work nearly finished. It is thought that the village will show a population of about nine hundred.

Miss Clara Hoff left last Thursday evening for Tacoma, Washington, where she will visit her aunt Mrs. J. E. Burkee. She will also visit the Portland exposition and will not return for several months.

D. D. Horton writes us that the Modern Brotherhood of America lodge which was to be instituted here this evening will be put off until Saturday evening, June 17th, at which time a public dance will be given.

Red Lake Courier: The band of this place has been secured by St. Hilaire for July 4th. It is said the town to the north of us is to have a monster celebration and we assure our neighbor that Red Lake Falls will be represented by a large crowd.

The Oliver Typewriter received the Gold Medal at the World's Fair, St. Louis. Send for handsomely illustrated art catalog which tells why.

The Oliver Typewriter Co.,
332, Hennepin Ave.,
tf Minneapolis, Minn.

John Hedlund, the well known River Falls farmer, had the misfortune to lose his barn and six head of stock by fire last Saturday. The barn was struck by lightning and the horses and balance of the stock were only saved by hard work. He carried $250 insurance in the Bray Mutual on the building.

Mr. Carlsten Simonson and Miss Lucy Loe will be united in marriage at the residence of the bride's parents today. Both of the contracting parties are well and favorably known here and their many friends will wish them all kinds of happiness. The Spectator wishes to add its congratulations.

We will take your butter, eggs and produce and at all times allow you the highest market prices for the same. We assure you that you'll get the right goods at the right prices at all times. The stock is new and fresh and has just arrived from the city markets.—L. M. Rolland & Sons, dealers in meats and groceries, St. Hilaire, Minn.

Crookston Times (Tuesday): William Eikhoff, the St. Hilaire ditch contractor, in the city today on business, says the ditch business this summer is greatly handicapped by the rains of the past few weeks. The big Neilsville ditch, upon which Mr. Eikhoff now has his men at work, is filled up with water so that work is impossible and before the rain this morning work was about to be resumed after a lengthy delay. The rain today makes a still greater delay unavoidable.

A distinct innovation will be inaugurated this season by the Northern Steamship company which operates the magnificent steamships the 'Northwest' and 'Northland' on the Great Lakes and which sail between Duluth, Chicago and Buffalo. Heretofore the service on these boats has entirely been European plan but this year it has been arranged to place in effect an American plan service on both the 'Northwest' and 'Northland.' The first sailing of the 'Northwest' from Duluth will be June 27th and the 'Northland' from Chicago June 24th.

4th of July Committees to Meet.

A meeting is hereby called for all of the 4th of July committees appointed last week to meet at the village hall at 8 o'clock next Monday evening. It is very important that there should be a full attendance and all are requested to attend.

J. B. O'Brien, Chairman.

Peterson Secures a Divorce.

Crookstom Times: Nels Peterson, of St. Hilaire, was last evening granted a divorce from his aged wife by Judge William Watts and one of the most peculiar divorce conditions in history is wrapped up in the case. Both Mr. and Mrs. Peterson are in advanced years and both have children from former marriages. Although beyond the three score mile post Mrs. Peterson left her aged husband to live with her children by former marriage and Mr. Peterson in his complaint alleges desertion.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

tf G. H. Sandum.

For Sale.

A 5-room house with cistern and five lots on Water street for sale on easy terms. Good barn on premises. Inquire of P. N. Anderson. 4

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

A JUNE WEDDING.

Rosetta Beatrice Gigstad and Algot M. Edstrom United in Marriage.

On last Wednesday afternoon at the residence of K. O. Gigstad occurred one of the prettiest weddings that St. Hilaire has seen for a long time in the marriage of Rosetta Beatrice Gigstad to Algot M. Edstrom. The bride was charmingly attired in a cream colored crepe de chene gown and was attended by Huldah C. Gigstad and Agnes Edstrom as bridesmaids. The groom was attended by Mr. Fred Dahl and Mr. G. T. Hultgren, of Chicago.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. L. A. Aastad, and Miss Josephine Gigstad played the wedding march. About forty relatives and friends sat down to a six o'clock wedding supper at which time there were toasts and expressions of good will wishing health, happiness and prosperity to the happy couple. The bride is a young lady who has grown to womanhood in our village and has hosts of friends who admire her many virtues and kindly character. The groom has won many warm friends during his three years' residence here and we think all will unite with The Spectator in wishing the newly wedded pair an abundant prosperity.

Mr. and Mrs. Edstrom will take up their residence at Hazel and will be at home to their friends after June 15th.

THE FOURTH OF JULY

Arrangements Being Made for All Kinds of Fun Here that Day.

The committees appointed have been hard at work the past week making arrangements for the 4th of July celebration and are meeting with considerable success. Red Lake Falls will not celebrate but promise to come here strong and they will bring along their excellent band of 27 pieces.

Negotiations are now on with the Thief River Falls ball team for a game here, the principal trouble being the difficulty of finding a team strong enough to give them the right kind of a battle. It may be the White Earth Indian team if proper arrangements can be made. We hope to be able to make a more definite announcement next week.

Want Law Repealed.

Congressman Halvor Steenerson, in an interview, says that he will introduce a bill in the next session of congress to repeal the national bankruptcy law. Mr. Steenerson takes the position that the law has outlived its usefulness and that it is now taken advantage of by unscrupulous persons who wish to escape honest obligations.

Speaking of the national bankruptcy law and of other matters of interest to Minnesota that are likely to come up at the next session of congress, Mr. Steenerson says:

"The bankruptcy act has done good service, but there is no occasion for it now. I believe that it is being misused, and that its repeal would not work hardship on those who intend to pay their debts."

Mr. Steenerson is also of the opinion that there undoubtedly will be an attempt at the next session of congress to prohibit the payment of drawbacks on wheat shipped into the United States and exported in the form of flour, which has been made in accordance with a recent ruling of Secretary Shaw. The payment of these drawbacks amounts practically to free wheat, and if we have free wheat the agricultural interests of the country will demand the removal of the tariff from some of the articles that the farmers have to buy. If we are going to strip the tariff on one side we may as well strip it on the other. It is a poor rule that does not work both ways.

A Great Sporting News Journal.

The illustrated special sporting section of The Sunday Chicago Record-Herald thoroughly deserves the attention of everyone interested in sporting news. It is always beautifully illustrated and embraces four full pages, covering with the thoroughness that satisfies to the utmost the whole realm of sports. Baseball news, racing news, bowling news, cycling news, pugilistic news, golf news, yachting news—all the sporting news is given with the greatest degree of fullness and interest. The sporting page of the daily issues is also exceptionally popular—a self evident fact to those who have noted the general vogue of The Chicago Record-Herald among sporting men.

PETITION REJECTED!

The County Commissioners Refuse to Consider the County Seat Petition.

RED LAKE FALLS SCORES

Prospects for a Long, Hard Legal Fight.—The Courts to Decide.

The county commissioners of Red Lake county met in special session last Monday to consider the petition circulated by Thief River Falls for the removal of the county seat. After hearing the arguments on both sides of the case the board passed a resolution declaring the petition as not being in legal form. The vote on this resolution stood: Demann, Sutor and Falardeau in favor of the resolution and Johnson and Shaw against.

The Red Lake Falls Courier gives the following reason for the action of the board:

"It seems Thief River circulated 32 petitions instead of one, as they stated they would in their notice before the petitions were circulated. In their notice published at the beginning of proceedings they stated that eight persons would circulate a petition. It seems that sixty-four persons circulated the thirty-two petitions. It was also found that the notices in regard to the circulating of the petition were not posted in the three most prominent places of this city. For these and other good reasons the board refused to grant their request for an election."

The Thief River Falls News has the following:

"To cap the climax, by a prearranged agreement, W. A. McIntyre, a Red Lake Falls attorney, was in Crookston and secured from Judge Watts a mandamus to compel the county commissioners to meet on June 20 and consider the petition. This would give Red Lake Falls the attorneys on both sides of the case, and, as they well knew that Thief River Falls would commence mandamus proceedings, they made the first move in the case.

"Of course the Thief River Falls attorneys will take action to protect the petitioners in every way. How long the matter will be in litigation it, of course, will be hard to say, but the people of the county are patient and convinced that right will eventually triumph."

In the meantime it is up to the courts to decide and while our ambitious neighbors are doing the fighting it is up to the taxpayers to whistle and dig.

Savings Banks in Germany.

Most of the larger German cities conduct savings banks on a plan entirely different from any we are acquainted with. They are for the benefit of the poor and very small sums are accepted, a fair rate of interest being paid. The banks are run with the greatest economy and are not supposed to do more than be self supporting. Not all of the money can be drawn out at any time, so they force savings. The greatest economy in this country is in buying golden grain belt beer, for it gives good health and happiness and strength. Order a case of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

State Firemen's Convention.

The annual convention of the Minnesota State Firemen's association will be held at Litchfield, Minn., June 13 and 14. The Great Northern will sell tickets on June 12 and 13 to Litchfield and return for one fare plus 50 cents for the round trip, final return limit good until June 15th. Consult local agent for particulars.

Permanent Ideals.

To live in the presence of great truths and eternal laws, to be led by permanent ideals—that is what keeps a man patient when the world ignores him and calm and unspoiled when the world praises him.—Balzac.

Good Pasture.

Good pasture for rent. Apply to G. H. Sandum, Sec. 14, River Falls.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

UNDER BIG TENT
Three Nights Commencing
Monday, June 12
BILLY - BENNETT'S - BIG - COMPANY
EVERYTHING NEW BUT THE NAME!
FOUR SHOWS IN ONE!
GRAND FREE STREET PARADE DAILY!!!
ADMISSION 25C. -- Children under 10 years, 10C.

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POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

The Pedestal
of Honor
is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.

Ladies' Shoes
like ours are not to be found in every store.

HAIL INSURANCE

Do you want to insure your crops against Hail in a first class Company that always pay their losses promptly? If you do, call and see us in regard to a policy in the old and reliable St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Company.

When you buy Insurance get the best

H. E. IVES, Agent, ST. HILAIRE
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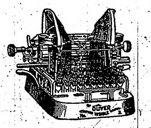

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Investigate the merits of the
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THE STANDARD VISIBLE WRITER.
Send for a handsomely illustrated art Catalogue, free for the asking.
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WE CARRY THE BEST
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IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
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BEER.
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Beer always on Tap.
"Corner Saloon" South of the Bank.

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A. F. Lang
Proprietor
Short Orders a Specialty.
Located in rear of J. J. Soll's Saloon.

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No. 3, THE "FLYER"
ONLY MORNING
TRAIN
from
ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
FOR MONTANA and
the PACIFIC COAST
Makes Immediate Connection with Limited and Fast Mail Trains from Chicago and the East.
EVERY DAY.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lunetot, Opthalmologist, Crookston. tf

WINCHESTER
FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS
POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

MISS MARIA DUCHARME.

Every Woman in America is Interested in This Young Girl's Experience.

PELVIC CATARRH WAS DESTROYING HER LIFE. PE-RU-NA SAVED HER.

Miss Maria Ducharme, 182 St. Elizabeth street, Montreal, Can., writes:

"I am satisfied that thousands of women suffer because they do not realize how bad they really need treatment and feel a natural delicacy in consulting a physician.

"I felt badly for years, had terrible pains, and at times was unable to attend to my daily duties. I tried to cure myself, but finally my attention was called to an advertisement of Peruna in a similar case to mine, and I decided to give it a trial.

"My improvement began as soon as I started to use Peruna and soon I was a well woman. I feel that I owe my life and my health to your wonderful medicine and gratefully acknowledge this fact."—Maria Ducharme.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio, for free medical advice.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

A Good Finish.

Blunderalong—Why, Miss Antike, this is a pleasure! I haven't seen you for a long time. You must pardon me, but you look fifty—

Miss Antike—Mr. Blunderalong!

Mr. Blunderalong— —— per cent better than you did the last time I met you.—Boston Transcript.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The First Time.

The confusion of tongues had just fallen on the Tower of Babel when a voice rose high and clear:

"Diddums want a pitty tiss, bess his heart?"

With a groan of anguish they turned and fled from the edifice.—Harper's

To Launder Delicate Muslins.

Many muslin dresses may be successfully laundered at home, which, if put in the ordinary wash, would be hopelessly ruined. Wash quickly through warm Ivory Soap suds; rinse, dip in rice water and dry indoors, as the air will frequently fade delicate colors. Iron with a moderately hot iron.—Eleanor R. Parker.

The ballot box is the palladium of our liberties, until a legislature gets hold of it.

The center of dramatic emotion is usually in the gallery.

Your Children's Health

IS OF VITAL IMPORTANCE.

A large part of their time is spent in the schoolroom and it becomes the duty of every parent and good citizen to see to it that the schoolrooms are free from disease breeding germs. Decorate the walls with

Alabastine

THE SANITARY WALL COATING

Cleanly, sanitary, durable, artistic, and safeguards health.

A Rock Cement in white and delicate tints. Does not rub or scale. Destroys disease germs and vermin. No washing of walls after once applied. Any one can brush it on—mix with cold water. The delicate tints are non-poisonous and are made with special reference to the protection of pupils' eyes. Beware of paper and germ-absorbing and disease-breeding kalsomines bearing fanciful names and mixed with hot water. Buy Alabastine only in five pound packages, properly labeled. Tint card, pretty wall and ceiling design, "Hints on Decorating," and our artists' services in making color plans, free.

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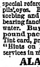

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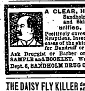
Sandholm's Eczema and Skin Remedy
Purifies, Then Heals
Positively cures Eczema, Pimples, Eruptions, Insect Bites and all diseases of the skin. An absolute cure for Dandruff or Scalp diseases.
Ask Druggist or Barber or send for FREE SAMPLE and BOOKLET. Write to-day.
Dept. 6, SANDHOLM DRUG CO., Des Moines, Ia.

THE DAISY FLY KILLER destroys all the flies and affords comfort to every home—in dining-room, sleeping-room and places where flies are troublesome. Clean, neat, will not soil or injure anything. Try them once, you will never be without them. If not kept by dealers, sent prepaid for 20c. Harold Somers, 149 DeKalb Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.



PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

N W N U —NO. 23— 1905

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS.
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

TWICE MET LAFAYETTE.

Aged San Antonio Woman Knew Many Noted Americans.

Mrs. Sarah Ann Mellen of San Antonio, Tex., who has just celebrated her ninety-seventh birthday, has known probably more great Americans than has any other person now living. She twice met the Marquis de Lafayette, the first time at the ceremony of laying the corner-stone of the Bunker Hill monument, and again at a reception given in his honor at the home of William Sawyer on Mount Vernon street, Charleston, Mass. At the Bunker Hill Monument dedication she met Kossuth, the Hungarian patriot, and Daniel Webster. At Hamilton, Canada, she met Albert Edward, then prince of Wales, now king of England. Among the presidents of the United States whom she met personally are John Quincy Adams, Andrew Jackson, Tyler, the elder Harrison, Martin Van Buren, Abraham Lincoln, Andrew Johnson, Grant, Hayes and Garfield. She was personally acquainted with Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes, knows his son, one of the present justices of the supreme court of the United States; Phillips Brooks, Ralph Waldo Emerson, Henry Ward Beecher, Edward Everett and the savant Agassiz.—Baltimore Herald.

Just Discrimination in Railway Rates.

All railroad men qualified to speak on the subject in a responsible way are likely to agree with President Samuel Spencer of the Southern Railway when he says: "There is no division of opinion as to the desirability of stopping all secret or unjustly discriminatory devices and practises of whatsoever character."

Mr. Spencer, in speaking of "unjustly discriminatory" rates and devices, makes a distinction which is at once apparent to common sense. There may be discrimination in freight rates which is just, reasonable and imperatively required by the complex commercial and geographical conditions with which expert rate makers have to deal. To abolish such open and honest discrimination might paralyze the industries of cities, states and whole sections of our national territory.

This distinction between just and unjust discrimination is clearly recognized in the conclusions of the International Railway Congress, published yesterday:

> "Tariffs should be based on commercial principles, taking into account the special conditions which bear upon the commercial value of the services rendered. With the reservation that rates shall be charged without arbitrary discrimination to all shippers alike under like conditions, the making of rates should as far as possible have all the elasticity necessary to permit the development of the traffic and to produce the greatest results to the public and to the railroads themselves."

The present proposal is, as Mr. Walker D. Hines of Louisville showed in his remarkable testimony the other day before the Senate Committee at Washington, to crystallize flexible and justly discriminatory rates into fixed government rates which cannot be changed except by the intervention of some government tribunal, and by this very process to increase "the temptation to depart from the published rate and the lawful rate in order to meet some overpowering and urgent commercial condition."—New York Sun.

TRIED IT ON RICHARD.

If Pink Image Didn't Kill Him Harold Would Eat One.

Miss Estelle Reel, the general superintendent of the government's Indian schools, was talking about cruelty.

"Cruelty," she said, "is a lack of imagination. It isn't true that only savages are cruel. All people without developed minds—capable of sympathy—are cruel. Children, till they have learned to think, are cruel invariably.

Miss Reel smiled.

"Let me tell you about a little boy," she said. "To this little boy there was given two images of plaster coated on the outside with pink sugar. He wanted to eat the images, but he was warned on no account to do so.

"'They are poison,' he was told. 'If you eat them, it will kill you.'

"However, the little boy was dubious. He had been cheated before by grown up people. Day after day he asked is he might not eat the images. Finally he had a young friend, Richard Howe, to spend the day with him, and that night it was discovered that one of the images had disappeared.

"His mother, nearly frantic, rushed to him.

"'Harold,' she said, 'where is that pink image?'

"Harold frowned, as he answered defiantly:

"'I gave it to Richard Howe, and if he's alive to-morrow I'm going to eat the other one myself.'"—

FEED YOU MONEY.

Feed Your Brain and It Will Feed You Money and Fame.

"Ever since boyhood I have been especially fond of meats, and I am convinced I ate too rapidly, and failed to masticate my food properly.

"The result was that I found myself, a few years ago, afflicted with ailments of the stomach and kidneys, which interfered seriously with my business.

"At last I took the advice of friends and began to eat Grape-Nuts instead of the heavy meats, etc., that had constituted my former diet.

"I found that I was at once benefited by the change, that I was soon relieved from the heart-burn and the indigestion that used to follow my meals, that the pains in my back from my kidney affection had ceased, showing that those organs had been healed, and that my nerves, which used to be unsteady, and my brain, which was slow and lethargic from a heavy diet of meats and greasy foods, had, not in a moment, but gradually, and none the less surely, been restored to normal efficiency. Now every nerve is steady and my brain and thinking faculties are quicker and more acute than for years past.

"After my old style breakfasts I used to suffer during the forenoon from a feeling of weakness which hindered me seriously in my work, but since I have begun to use Grape-Nuts food I can work till dinner time with all ease and comfort." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Read the Little Book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

TRICKY RIO GRANDE.

MINING MAN'S EXPERIENCE WITH THE RIVER.

Narrow Escape From Loss of Working Materials and Life Taught Him Two Lessons—Advice of Old-Timer Saved the Situation.

"To give you an idea of what sort of river the Rio Grande is I'll tell an experience that I had in getting across it with a derrick," said Raymond McDougall, a mining man from New Mexico. "I was a contractor in rock work in those days and was taking my derrick from the east side of the river to the Magdalenas. The derrick was on four wagon wheels and four mules were hauling it. I had my two helpers along and one of them drove two mules. He was an old-timer, which was lucky, and if I had trusted to my own judgment I might have made a mistake that would have cost me my mules and derrick, if not my life.

"We reached the Rio Grande an hour before sundown and I saw a wide river bed, but no water—only dry sand from one bank to the other. It was a new kind of river to me, but my driver said that it was all right—that it was a way the Rio Grande had. The water was there, only it was flowing through the sands under the channel instead of in it. I being a tenderfoot was for camping on the nearer bank where the grass was good, but McCartney, the driver, said that would never do unless I was willing to take my chances of staying there a week or two; that water sometimes came down the channel, a good deal of it, and it would be well to get across while we were sure that we could.

"We started across over the dry sands and I was thinking what an easy way it was of fording a river when of a sudden the two lead mules were floundering in a quicksand and the whole outfit came near being drawn in. We got the two leaders clear of the harness and the other two mules drew them out, one at a time. We hitched them up again and by making a long circuit got past the quicksand and to the other bank.

"By that time it was 10 o'clock and the moon had risen. The mules had just begun to climb the bank when we heard a roaring noise up the channel. It came from a wall of water that stretched from bank to bank and was traveling toward us fast. It looked in the moonlight to be four feet high, and there was high water behind sending it on. We didn't need to holler to the mules. They heard what was coming and clawed up the bank like cats.

"We got out all right, derrick and all—and there was not three minutes to spare. Before we had finished our supper the river was full, bank high, with a torrent that eddied and roared as it rushed past our camping place as if it had been sorry to miss us and would like to get up where we were. There was not a cloud in the sky or a sign of rain anywhere and the flood may have come from a cloudburst in Colorado 200 miles away. But it came near getting us.

"I had learned one lesson, and that was in traveling by wagon always to camp on the farther side of a stream. And I had learned to put no trust in the Rio Grande."

My Gentle Harp.

My gentle harp, once more I waken
  The sweetness of my slumbering strain;
In tears our last farewell was taken,
  And now in tears we meet again.
No light of joy hath o'er thee broken,
  But, like those harps whose heavenly skill
Of slavery, dark as thine, hath spoken
  Thou hang'st upon the willow still.

And yet, since last thy chord resounded,
  An hour of peace and triumph came,
And many an ardent bosom bounded
  With hopes—that now are turned to shame.
Yet even then, while Peace was singing
  Her halcyon son o'er land and sea,
Tho' joy and hope to others bringing,
  She only brought new tears to thee.

But come—if yet thy frame can borrow
  One breath of joy, oh, breathe for me,
And show the world, in chains and sorrow,
  How sweet thy music still can be;
How gayly, ev'en mid gloom surrounding,
  Thou yet canst wake at pleasure's thrill—
Like Memnon's broken image sounding,
  'Mid desolation tuneful still.
—Thomas Moore.

Missed Her Favorite Song.

Last summer a little girl living at Mt. Auburn, Cambridge, wanted to go to Sunday school with her sisters and brother. As she was not much over three years old, her mother was afraid she would not keep quiet; but the eldest sister promised to bring her home immediately in case there should be any trouble. But Annie, the little one, behaved very well, and when she came home with the others she could not tell her mother quickly enough what a fine time she had.

"What did the children do, Annie?" the mother asked.

"Oh, they sang hymns, and teacher told them stories."

"And what did you do, Annie?"

"I folded my hands nicely and kept very quiet, and when they sang I did, too; but, mamma, isn't it queer, they never sang 'Yankee Doodle.'"

Researches on Mount Vesuvius.

Prof. Janssen, an octogenarian scientist, recently made some interesting reseatches on Mount Vesuvius. He climbed to the very brink of the great crater and extracted gases from its depths as if he had been drawing water from a deep well with a chain pitcher. His receptacles were sunk to a great depth and then by an ingenious arrangement of valves were opened and closed after taking in gas.

Zola's Successor.

Since Zola's death, says a French contemporary, Anatole France seems to be the most prominent and most read author. Of some of his novels no less than from seventy-five to eighty-six editions have already appeared, and the demand for some of his stories is growing to such an extent that new editions are constantly being printed.

Big Cannery for Santa Clara.

A new fruit cannery is about to be established in Santa Clara, Cal., which will put up 3,000,000 cans a year. This season it expects to put up 3,000,000.

MINNESOTA FORESTRY.

Tenth Annual Report of the Chief Fire Warden of Minnesota.

The chief forest fire warden of Minnesota, who is now serving his eleventh year, has just issued his tenth annual report, which, like his previous reports, contains some general information on forestry and new illustrations of Minnesota forests. It appears that dry weather prevailed in the forest regions in much of April and May, 1904, and some territory had to be patroled. Also the month of November was very dry and there was not enough snowfall to prevent fires until Nov. 28. According to reports of fire wardens the damage done by forest fires was only $21,670, and by prairie fires only $8,305.

New Legislation.

The legislature of 1905 improved the law for preventing and extinguishing forest and prairie fires by enacting that the state shall pay for the service of fire wardens and of those who help prevent and extinguish fires, and collect half from the respective counties in which the expense occurs. This secures certainty of pay, which was not the case in a few counties. Accounts before being paid must be approved by the chief fire warden.

The legislature also raised the salary of the chief fire warden from $1,200 to $1,500 a year. The state is a great body politic, worth $800,000,000, and its servants should be on a respectable footing. It lessens the influence of an office if its pay is relatively so small that the public look down upon it. Besides, it is not sound policy to discriminate against forestry.

Grant by Congress to the State of Minnesota of 20,000 Acres of Land for Forestry Purposes.

By an act approved April 28, 1904, congress granted to Minnesota 20,000 acres of third or fourth-rate land for forestry purposes. The lands were duly selected in June, 1904, in St. Louis county, and distant about twelve miles west and northwest of Ely. They comprise a rugged forest region in a fine lake setting. Most of the surface is underlaid with granite, upon which the soil is thin. There are hills eighty feet above the lakes, commanding a handsome landscape. As a whole the lands are densely covered with thrifty forest from ten to thirty years of age, of which the prevailing kind is jack pine, though there are groups, but not extensive, of Norway and white pine; and good specimens of both Norway and white of merchantable size are found scattered through the woods. The legislature failed to appropriate any money, as urged by the forestry board, for a detailed examination and forestry working plan of these lands.

Nursery on the Pillsbury Reserve.

The report contains illustrations of the nursery of principally spruce seedlings which the forestry board made on the Pillsbury donation of a thousand acres, out of its small appropriation intended for office expenses, it being unable to procure money for the purpose from the legislature.

Pelican Lake Country.

Some of the richest bodies of pine forest remaining in Minnesota, and which are still standing in their primeval grandeur, are in the region of Pelican lake, in the northwestern part of St. Louis county. They are nature's masterpieces in vegetation.

Natural Reforestation.

The prevention of forest fires does much towards natural reforestation, but not enough. There are many bare places in the pine forest regions of Northern Minnesota that will never produce valuable timber without artificial help. Probably not more than 30 per cent of the cut over and waste lands will ever become well stocked with valuable timber if nature unaided is depended upon.

Why the State Should Own Forest.

Why should the state own forest? Because on light soil, unfit for agriculture, it takes on an average about eighty years for pine forest to grow to merchantable size, and individuals will not engage in the business on a large scale.

The area of land in Minnesota which has yielded pine is, in the aggregate, 18,000,000 acres, and it may be assumed there are at least within this area as many as 3,000,000 acres of rocky, hilly or sandy land that is unfit for agriculture, and which should be used for forestry. It may be asked if the state does not now own enough land? The State of Minnesota now owns about 2,500,000 acres of land, given by congress, which by law it must sell, and for not less than $5 an acre, for school and state institution funds. Besides the greater part of these lands is suitable for agriculture.

Planting Pine and Spruce on Farms.

Often there is a piece of land on a farm that can be utilized in growing pine and spruce timber. On fairly good soil and in sheltered situations the white pine (Pinus strobus), a favorite tree, will grow to merchantable size in from thirty to forty years. Such a piece of timber would not only yield a good money return, but would lend beauty to the farm.

To raise such timber on prairie land it is absolutely necessary to grow a windbreak on the south, west and north sides. On these sides a strip of land about ten feet wide should be cultivated two years, and then two rows, eight feet apart, of golden willow should be planted, which can be done either by planting small trees, which is preferable, or by planting cuttings.

When the trees composing the windbreak are two years old one can begin planting the pine and spruce. If the land on which the planting is to be done is not too rocky or hilly, it should first be plowed or cultivated, and even after planting is done cultivation should be continued long enough to keep down weeds until the plants reach such size that their shade will be sufficient to suppress weed growth. If the ground is level so that it can be furrowed, furrows will facilitate the planting. If the ground is so rocky and broken that it cannot be plowed, then the soil in the spots in which the plants are to be set should be loosened.

The best success is with small trees. As a rule it is not advisable to use plants over four or five years old, and the planting will generally be more successful if they are younger. Spruce seedlings can be imported from Germany in considerable quantities at $2 per thousand, but the farmer can economically raise them himself.

COMPLETELY RESTORED.

Mrs. P. Brunzel, wife of P. Brunzel, stock dealer, residence 3111 Grand Ave., Everett, Wash., says: "For fifteen years I suffered with terrible pain in my back. I did not know what it was to enjoy a night's rest and arose in the morning feeling tired and unrefreshed. My suffering sometimes was simply indescribable. When I finished the first box of Doan's Kidney Pills I felt like a different woman. I continued until I had taken five boxes. Doan's Kidney Pills act very effectively, very promptly, relieve the aching pains and all other annoying difficulties."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents per box.

THE RULING PASSION.

"That story about Ed Butcher, the noted old Iowa racehorse man, reminds me of a tale the boys used to tell of Butcher," said Morris Lynch the other day. "Butcher was a good fellow, as the men who follow the races go. His family were religious. One time Butcher got sick, very sick, in fact. His wife, fearing the end, sent for a minister. Butcher talked to the minister, who urged him that he should not stay away from his God. The road to salvation was not very plain to Butcher. He questioned the minister closely about what he thought would happen if he should reform just prior to his death.

"'Will I have wings just like they picture angels?' asked Butcher.

"'You most certainly will,' replied the minister.

"'Well, then, I'll bet you $5 I can beat you flying when I meet you in heaven,' retorted Butcher, his eye lighting up with the accustomed flash.

"The minister left in despair, and Butcher recovered and followed the races for many years afterwards.—Des Moines Register and Leader.

"IN LOVE" AND LOVING.

Two States of Being That Are Very Different.

Being "in love" is very different from loving, and may be only a selfish emotion which is the direct opposite of loving. Being in love without loving is bondage—sometimes pleasant and sometimes painful, but always bondage. True loving means freedom—freedom both for ourselves, and, as far as it is in our power to give it, for all whom we love; for when we truly love another human being we love him for the sake of his best strength, his best use, and his best happiness, and not at all for the sake of ourselves.—Leslie's Magazine.

Broke Even With Bill.

Some sailors were sitting in a saloon one evening recently and mathematics became the topic of conversation, when one of the company propounded the old-time problem: "If a herring and a half cost a penny and a half, what would three herring cost?" There was silence for several minutes while all sat smoking and thinking. At last one of the thinkers spoke, "Bill, did you say 'errin' or mackerel?"—Boston Traveler.

MILK CRUST ON BABY.

Lost All His Hair—Scratched Till Blood Ran — Grateful Mother Tells of His Cure by Cuticura for 75c.

"When our baby boy was three months old he had the milk crust very badly on his head, so that all the hair came out, and it itched so bad he would scratch until the blood ran. I got a cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment. I applied the Cuticura and put a thin cap on his head, and before I had used half of the box it was entirely cured. His hair commenced to grow out nicely again, and he has had no return of the trouble. (Signed) Mrs. H. P. Holmes, Ashland, Or."

Very Proper.

"Now, madam," said the photographer after expending about half an hour getting the lady to pose, "please look at me and smile sweetly."

"Sir, I am indignant with you! I didn't come here to engage in a flirtation, I'd have you know, but to have some photos taken.—Detroit Tribune.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Louis Cabalka, Lesterville, S. D., buckle; John Etiman, Mapleton, N. D., cultivator attachment; Sumner Johnston, Canton, S. D., currycomb; Gustav Koch, Fairmont, Minn., shelf bracket; Robert Mealey, Howard Lake, Minn., milk weighing apparatus; Kistel Osel, St. Paul, Minn., grain door for railway cars; Henry Wilberg, Nome, N. D., soil pulverizing attachment for plows.

A Problem.

"Yes, he actually tried to kiss me in the dark."

"But why couldn't he obtain the same result by merely closing his eyes?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The degree in which misery loves company is graded by the degree of the other fellow's troubles.

"Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy saved my life! I had dyspepsia and kidney disease." Ex-Senator Albert Merritt, Park Place, N. Y. $1 a bottle.

The law is only the guinea stamp—a trust's a trust for a' that (in the opinion of the magnate).

Sunday School Teacher—Johnny, can you tell me what caused the flood?

Johnny—Yes, ma'am; rain.—

Marrying a boarding house landlady is a lazy man's job.

Her Father Owned Eclipse.

The suicide, in loneliness and poverty, of Miss Mary Van Ranst, the last survivor of a once prosperous family of Dutch descent, recalls what was probably the greatest sporting event in the history of this country, namely, the four-mile race between the famous horses Eclipse and Henry. The father of Miss Van Ranst was the owner of Eclipse, and a painting of the horse was bequeathed by her to a friend. This historic race, which was run on Long Island in 1823 and was witnessed by 50,000 people, excited intense feeling between Northern and Southern men of sporting proclivities. Among the rest came the governor of Kentucky and his staff, who made the journey by coach in thirteen days. The race itself was, in a way, a precursor of the great contest between the North and the South which came about forty years later. Henry, the Southern horse, won the first heat, but Eclipse, the Northern horse, won the next two heats and the race. It was this contest, by the way, which Hiram Woodruff—he relates in his biography—attended as a very small boy, and got a sound thrashing for it on his return home.—Buffalo Times.

A Counter Irritant.

Farmer Missbacker—Since your nephew has graduated from the village academy—

Farmer Bentover—Well, I'll have to own up that I've felt a good deal better since that important event than I did for quite a spell before. You see, ever since then, Lester has set around and recited Greek and growed hair and settled the tariff question and plunked on a mandolin and invented a new way of runnin' the farm and the goverment and the solar system, and simultaneously, as it were, ett like a young dragon, and, with all of it, so far succeeded in makin' me forget my other troubles that I'm really feelin' as well as anybody possibly could under the circumstances.—Puck.

Thought She Couldn't Live.

Moravia, N. Y., June 5.—Mr. Benjamin Wilson, a highly respected resident of this place, came very near losing his wife, and now that she is cured and restored to good health his gratitude knows no bounds. He says:

"My wife has suffered everything with Sugar Diabetes. She has been sick four years. She doctored with two good doctors but kept growing worse. The doctors said she could not live. She failed from 200 pounds down to 130 pounds. This was her weight when she began to use Dodd's Kidney Pills, and now she weighs 190, is well and feeling stronger every day.

"She used to have rheumatism so bad that it would raise great bumps all over her body and this is all gone too.

Dodd's Kidney Pills are a God-send to those who suffer as my wife did. They are all that saved her. We can't praise them enough."

Suspicious.

The Maid—How smoothly your auto runs!

The Chauffeur—Yes; I think something's broke.—Puck.

Some men will dream of success though in the desert, a kind of ingrafted vanity of self-applause.

INTERESTING LETTER

WRITTEN BY A NOTABLE WOMAN

Mrs. Sarah Kellogg of Denver, Color Bearer of the Woman's Relief Corps, Sends Thanks to Mrs. Pinkham.

Mrs. Sarah Kellogg

The following letter was written by Mrs. Kellogg, of 1628 Lincoln Ave., Denver, Colo., to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"For five years I was troubled with a tumor, which kept growing, causing me intense agony and great mental depression. I was unable to attend to my house work, and life became a burden to me. I was confined for days to my bed, lost my appetite, my courage and all hope.

"I could not bear to think of an operation, and in my distress I tried every remedy which I thought would be of any use to me, and reading of the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to sick women decided to give it a trial. I felt so discouraged that I had little hope of recovery, and when I began to feel better, after the second week, thought it only meant temporary relief; but to my great surprise I found that I kept gaining, while the tumor lessened in size.

"The Compound continued to build up my general health and the tumor seemed to be absorbed, until, in seven months, the tumor was entirely gone and I a well woman. I am so thankful for my recovery that I ask you to publish my letter in newspapers, so other women may know of the wonderful curative powers of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

When women are troubled with irregular or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, flatulence, general debility, indigestion and nervous prostration, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such trouble.

No other medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Health is too valuable to risk in experiments with unknown and untried medicines or methods of treatment. Remember that it is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that is curing women, and don't allow any druggist to sell you anything else in its place.

Discriminating.

Youthful Junior—You're wanted at the telephone by a lady, sir.

Mudbank—Eh? Who is it—my wife?

Youthful Junior—No, sir, it's a lady.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

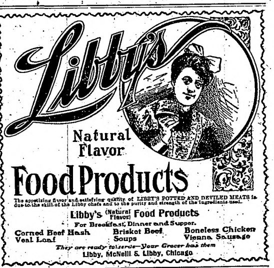
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

From Experience.

Russian Duke—I had to leave Russia. You don't know how you feel when thousands of people wait the chance to hit you with something.

Correspondent—Oh, yes, I do. I used to be a baseball umpire in America.—

Wherever there is a victory there must be a defeat.



Libby's
Natural Flavor
Food Products
The appetizing flavor and satisfying quality of LIBBY'S POTTED AND DEVILED MEATS is due to the skill of the Libby chefs and to the purity and strength of the ingredients used.
Libby's (Natural Flavor) Food Products
For Breakfast, Dinner and Supper.
Corned Beef Hash
Veal Loaf
Brisket Beef
Soups
Boneless Chicken
Vienna Sausage
They are ready to serve—Your Grocer has them
Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

Facts Are Stubborn Things

Uniform excellent quality for over a quarter of a century has steadily increased the sales of LION COFFEE, The leader of all package coffees.

Lion Coffee

is now used in millions of homes. Such popular success speaks for itself. It is a positive proof that LION COFFEE has the **Confidence of the people.**

The uniform quality of LION COFFEE survives all opposition.

LION COFFEE keeps its old friends and makes new ones every day.

LION COFFEE has even more than its Strength, Flavor and Quality to commend it. On arrival from the plantation, it is carefully roasted at our factories and securely packed in 1 lb. sealed packages, and not opened again until needed for use in the home. This precludes the possibility of adulteration or contact with germs, dirt, dust, insects or unclean hands. The absolute purity of LION COFFEE is therefore guaranteed to the consumer.

Sold only in 1 lb. packages. Lion-head on every package.
Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

LION
LION
COFFEE
WOOLSON SPICE CO.

BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES!
THE GENUINE
DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL
Cures All Hurts of Man or Beast
OLNEY & McDAID, Mfrs., CLINTON, IOWA
At druggists in 50c, $1, $3 and $5 Sizes

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1905. NUMBER 48.

BIG BATTLE MAY BE VERY NEAR

JAP DISPATCH SAYS GLAD TIDINGS MAY BE EXPECTED IN A FEW DAYS.

ENVOYS MUST ACT QUICKLY

LIMITED ARMISTICE NEEDED AT ONCE TO AVOID GENERAL ENGAGEMENT.

PEACE PLANS NEARING FOCUS

SELECTION OF PLACE FOR HOLDING CONFERENCE IS EXPECTED SOON.

London, June 16.—The Japanese correspondent of the Daily Telegraph at Moji, Japan, says:

"The rainy sason has started in Manchuria and the mud in the roads is knee deep, but this will not interfere with military operations, glad tidings of which may be expected within a few days."

Reassured by Lamsdorff.

St. Petersburg, June 16.—Every foreign minister and ambassador now in St. Petersburg attended a reception given by Foreign Minister Lamsdorff yesterday afternoon. Several diplomats who displayed some unnecessary nervousness earlier in the day over the concluding clause of the Russian foreign office's communication to the Gazette (saying the imperial government has "no objection in principle" to the meeting of plenipotentiaries proposed by President Roosevelt "if the Japanese government expresses a desire therefor"), were reassured after talking with the foreign minister and learning that the communication did not reproduce the exact text of the note.

Armistice Must Come Soon.

It is understood that the first task of the plenipotentiaries will be the conclusion of a limited armistice. This must come soon in order to avoid a general engagement, which reports from the front indicate that Field Marshal Oyama is already launching.

Peace Plans Nearing Focus.

Washington, June 16.—Gradually the negotiations for peace in the Far East are nearing a focus. The one point to which the energies of those directly concerned in them now are being directed is the choice of a place for the holding of the conference of the plenipotentiaries of the belligerent powers.

It is known officially that three cities are now under consideration by Russia and Japan. These cities, named in the order of the likelihood of their final selection, are Washington, The Hague and Geneva. Thus far no decision has been reached. Paris and London have been eliminated from the equation. It is understood that the Russian government objected to an Asiatic city, its preference being for a European capital.

As the situation now is, Washington appears to be the city most likely to be selected. It can be said on authority that if the conference is held in the United States it will be in Washington. No other place in this country has been considered seriously.

An announcement of the selection of the place of holding the conference is expected within a few days.

Wants to Use Grand Duke.

Berlin, June 16.—It is learned here to-day through a thoroughly reliable source that it is the czar's wish to appoint to the peace conference one of his relatives, preferably his granduncle, the Grand Duke Michael Nicolaievitch, renowned throughout Russia for his sagacity and moderation. The grand duke, who has been stopping at Baden Baden, passed through Berlin last night, in response to a hurried telegram from the czar summoning him to the imperial councils.

Your correspondent was told by a Russian financial magnate, who has just left St. Petersburg, that President Roosevelt's name is being blessed today in thousands of Russian homes.

Russian Cruiser Ordered Off.

Saignon, Cochin-China, June 16.—Russian auxiliary cruiser Kuban anchored off Cape Ste. James, near here, yesterday morning, and the governor ordered her to depart immediately and dispatched a French warship to enforce the neutrality of these waters.

Another Disaster Expected.

Peking, June 16.—In German and other circles here, the prospects of peace between Japan and Russia are considered remote. It is supposed that Japan intends to inflict a final and crushing blow upon the Russia army in Manchuria before considering any proposition for peace.

Boy Perfects Wireless Telegraph.

Sioux City, Iowa, June 16.—Roy W. Abel, fifteen-year-old son of State Senator E. L. Abel, of Bridgewater, S. D., has perfected a wireless telegraph system which operates between his house and his father's bank, a distance of four blocks.

Airship That Sails.

Berlin, June 16.—Count Spedelin has constructed a successful trip, sailing from Manzell, on the north shore of Lake Constance, to Romanshorn, on the south shore of the lake, in three hours.

CLEMENT TO BE TRIED JUNE 21.

Date of Trial of Faribault Banker Is Fixed.

St. Paul, June 16.—Thomas B. Clement, president of the First National bank of Faribault, which failed last February, will be placed on trial in the United States district court before Judge Lochren next Wednesday, June 21. Mr. Clement entered a plea of not guilty to each of the twenty-seven counts in the indictment yesterday and an effort was made to have the trial set for the December term of court, but Judge Lochren set the case for next Wednesday.

WOMAN MAD FROM READING.

Account of the Koch Trial Weakened Mind of Brown County Woman.

St. Peter, Minn., June 16.—Mrs. Ole Synsteby of Hanska was brought to this city and placed in the state hospital. Mrs. Synsteby, who is the wife of a prominent farmer, went insane as a direct result of reading newspaper accounts of the Koch murder trial. Her hallucination took a most peculiar form, she showing the most abject fear of H. N. Somsen and A. P. Brooks, imagining that the lawyer and the editor sought her life.

DOCTORS WANT PURE FOOD.

Tri-State Medical Men Assail congress for Not Passing Law.

Burlington, Iowa, June 16.—The Tri-State Medical association of Iowa, Illinois and Missouri yesterday put itself on record in favor of a stringent pure food law, severely censuring congress for failing to pass such a measure at its last session and advocating the passage of the strongest law possible against the adulteration of foods, drinks and medicines, compelling the placing of the formula on all bottles of patent medicines.

DIES ON WIFE'S GRAVE.

La Crosse Man Ends Life Because of Despondency.

La Crosse, Wis., June 16.—Brooding for more than a year over the death of his wife and despondent over ill health, H. Burrand, fifty-one years old, sent a bullet through his heart and fell over her grave just at dusk yesterday.

Sightseers found the lifeless form stretched over the lonely mound in Oak Grove cemetery a few minutes later.

TROOPERS AT FORT SNELLING

Third United States Cavalry Arrives in St. Paul.

St. Paul, June 16.—Troops G and H and H of the Third United States cavalry arrived at Fort Snelling from Fort Apache, Ariz., yesterday morning. There are 118 in the two troops. Capts. C. A. Hedekin and A. E. Williams are in command during the short leave of absence of Maj. E. P. Andrus, who will assume command of the troops in a day or so.

BIGELOW'S LIPS SEALED.

Banker Tells Deputy He Will Throw No Light on Graft.

Milwaukee, June, 16.—"Frank G. Bigelow told me on the way to Fort Leavenworth he would never reveal anything about political graft or First National bank affairs," yesterday said Deputy United States Marshal Albion Johnson, who escorted the $1,500,000 defaulter to Fort Leavenworth.

WIFE FOLLOWS HUSBAND.

La Crosse Woman Steals to Be Near Spouse in Jail.

La Crosse, Wis., June 16.—Mrs. Hattie Johnson, a pretty bride of eighteen, was sentenced to twenty days in jail for stealing. Her husband, aged twenty, is serving a sentence of ninety days for an assault upon Mrs. Johnson. When taken to jail he pleaded with his wife to visit him and it is thought that she stole only that she might be imprisoned near her husband.

CRACK SALOON SAFE.

Burglars Get Revenue Stamps and Some Papers.

Hudson, Wis., June 16.—Burglars forced an entrance through the rear door of the Hochstein saloon here and shattered the safe with nitroglycerin. They secured $62 worth of liquor revenue stamps and some valuable papers, but no money. The robbers escaped without arousing any one.

MAY HAVE A NEW BANK.

Ladysmith Institution May Be Reorganized or Superseded.

Ladysmith, Wis., June 16.—A number of capitalists are in communication with the receiver and officers of the First National bank of this city regarding the re-establishment of the bank on a sound footing or the organization of an entirely new bank.

Madison, Wis., June 16.—A parade of 2,000 Elks was the principal feature of the second day of the Elks' convention. The parade was reviewed by Gov. La Follette, who afterward delivered an address.

Lightning Kills Horses.

Sauk Center, Minn., June 16.—A wind and electric storm caused a great deal of damage in this vicinity. The residence of Ed Powers was struck. Two barns owned by Fred Rowe were totally destroyed and considerable stock, including three horses were killed.

Two Men Drowned.

Great Falls, Mont., June 16.—While four men and a woman were trying to cross the Missouri river at Judith on the ferry the boat capsized and two of the men were drowned.

FLAGS REST IN NEW CAPITOL

TATTERED EMBLEMS OF CIVIL WAR BORNE TO NEW RESTING PLACE.

VERY IMPOSING SPECTACLE

REGULAR ARMY AND MINNESOTA GUARD ACT AS ESCORT TO VETERANS.

EXERCISES ARE IMPRESSIVE

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND AND GOV. JOHNSON THE ORATORS OF THE DAY.

St. Paul, June 16.—Battle flags borne by Minnesota regiments in two wars were flung again to the breeze yesterday. The grizzled veterans who marched under them when following the flag was flirting with death, gathered once more beneath their tattered folds for a gala day. The old banners, which for nearly forty years have reposed in a glass case in the rotunda of the old state capitol, were escorted by their old regiments to the magnificent marble pile on the hill where the egis of statehood now rests. Once more they were lovingly deposited in the dustproof cases under the great dome, where they will rest for unnumbered years to come.

The day has been made a great ingathering of Minnesota soldiers. Never, perhaps, since, as dashing young fellows, they were first mustered in and sent to join Lincoln's armies have there been so many members of the Civil war regiments of Minnesota assembled in one place.

An Imposing Spectacle.

The Flag day parade, in which the Minnesota regiments and their colors were the central figure, was an impressive pageant. No less than 10,000 people marched in line, thousands of school children joining with the venerable men of a former generation to honor the torn and faded emblems of liberty and patriotic devotion.

The veterans of the Spanish war and the Philippines were not forgotten. Their battle flags, which heretofore have been kept by the regimental organizations, were also carried in the parade and deposited in a case of their own at the capitol. The government troops from Fort Snelling and the national guard organizations formed the division of escort. All along the line of march the streets were thronged and the greatest enthusiasm was manifested over the old flags waving so proudly over the gray heads, every one being roundly applauded.

Exercises at Old Building.

The exercises at the two ends of the route were impressive. At the old capitol, where the Civil war regiments formed in rendezvous, the program had been arranged by Col. C. T. Trowbridge, custodian of the building, who acted as personal representative of Gov. Johnson. At 1:30 the regiments filed from the building and took their positions on the lawn. The color-bearers selected for each regiment gathered in the rotunda of the building about the flag cases, where Col. Trowbridge opened the doors and drew forth the flags, presenting each to its guard, which reverently saluted.

The color guards then marched out and rejoined their respective regiments. Gen. J. W. Bishop, chairman of the committee of arrangements, spoke briefly from the steps of the building to his comrades, dwelling on the unsullied record of the flags once more committed to their hands.

Housed in the New Capitol.

The parade was then formed and marched through the principal streets to the Cedar front of the new capitol. In front of the steps a temporary stand had been erected. The Minnesota regiments massed around this.

Archbishop Ireland, once chaplain of the Fifth Minnesota, mounted the stand and on behalf of the veterans addressed Gov. Johnson, committing the flags to his care. The archbishop spoke briefly but eloquently, inspired by the occasion to pay tribute to American patriotism.

Gov. Johnson accepted the trust in a dignified address. At the conclusion of his speech the color guards, followed by the regimental organizations, marched up the steps and into the capitol rotunda, where the flags of both wars were deposited in the four cases arranged for their housing. The exercises were concluded by the benediction, pronounced by Rev. J. J. Lawler.

Killed by a Train.

St. Paul, June 16.—Louis Cutter was struck by an Omaha passenger train under the Bradley street bridge last night and killed instantly.

FAMINE IN MEXICO.

Shortage of Wheat May Compel a Suspension of Import Duties.

Mexico City, June 16.—There is a wheat famine in Mexico. Many of the flour mills in the country have already closed down, and those which are still running have only a limited supply of wheat on hand. The crop shortage augments the distressing situation. It is reported that the federal government will issue a decree suspending temporarily the import duty on wheat in order that a supply can be obtained from the United States.

CONFEDERATE REUNION.

Louisville Extends Warm Greeting to the Old Veterans.

Louisville, Ky., June 16.—For the second time in [illegible] years, the United Confederate Veterans and auxiliary organizations gathered in Louisville for their annual reunion yesterday. The decorations this year are on a lavish scale and it is remarked that the American flag predominates.

The function was officially opened shortly after the noon hour, when Gen. Bennett Young, commander of the Kentucky division called the perspiring mass of humanity to order.

A rousing reception was given Commander-in-Chief Gen. Stephen B. Lee when he arose to respond for the veterans to the addresses of welcome. The venerable Simon Bolivar Buckner, who is approaching his eightieth year, was heartily greeted and delivered a speech which would have done credit to a man half his years.

DRISCOLL DOES NOT MAKE GOOD.

Did Not Tell Startling Stories of Corruption Attributed to Him.

Chicago, June 16.—John C. Driscoll, the much-desired witness in the bribery probing conducted by the state's attorney and the grand jury in connection with strike troubles in Chicago, appeared before the inquisitors yesterday afternoon and for three hours was subjected to close questioning. The proceedings were kept secret, but it was said that Driscoll did not tell all the startling stories of corruption accredited to him Tuesday. At the jury's adjournment last night Assistant State's Attorney Wake said he was well pleased with the results thus far obtained from Driscoll. The latter is to be recalled this morning and he was cautioned against making any statements as to what transpired within the jury room or discussing the nature of his testimony.

TRAIN HITS AN AUTO.

Man and Wife Instantly Killed and Two Sons Fatally Injured.

Middletown, N. Y., June 16.—An automobile occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Richard S. Sayer of Englewood, N. J., and their two sons, was struck by an Erie train near Goshen yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. Sayer were instantly killed and their sons were hurled several feet, striking near the tracks. They are not expected to survive their injuries.

STRUCK BY TRAIN.

Two Boys at Reading, Pa., Are Run Down and Killed.

Reading, Pa., June 16.—Penrose Weidman and Raymond Freyberger, twelve-year-old boys living at Baumstown, this county, while walking along the tracks of the Reading Railway company at Birdsboro, were struck by a southbound passenger train and instantly killed.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

Northern, $1.10 1-2@1.15; No. 2 Northern, $1.07 1-2@ 1.09 1-2; No. 3, $1@ 1.05. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 49@50c. Oats—No. 3 white, 30@30 1-2c.

Minneapolis, June 16.— Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.12 1-4; No. 1 Northern, $1.10 1-4; No. 2 Northern, $1.05 3-4@ 1.07 3-4. Oats—No. 3 white, 30 3-4c.

Duluth, June 16.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.15 3-8; No. 2 Northern, $1.02 3-8; flax, $1.47; rye, 78c.

Milwauke, June 16.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.13; No. 2 Northern, $1.05@1.09. Rye—No. 1, 63c. Barley—No. 2, 51 1-2c. Oats—Standard, 32 @32 1-2c. Corn—No. 3, 54 1-2@ 55 1-4c.

Chicago, June 16.—Wheat—No. 2 red, 99 1-2@$1.01; No. 3 red, 95@98c; No. 2 hard, $1; No. 3 hard, 90@97c; No. 1 Northern, $1.12@1.12; No. 2 Northern, $1.09@1.11. Corn—No. 2, 54c. Oats—No. 2, 30 7-8c.

Sioux City, Iowa, June 16.—Cattle Beeves, $4@5.50; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.75@5; stockers and feeders, $3@4; calves and yearlings, $3@ 4.10. Hogs—Bulk, $5.12 1-2.

Chicago, June 16.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.50@6.35; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.85; cows, $2.75@ 5.25; heifers, $2.50@5.50; calves, $3@ 6. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.25@ 5.42 1-2; bulk, 5.30@5.37 1-2. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $4.80@5.25; native lambs, $4.50@6.50; Western lambs, $5.50@7.40.

South St. Paul, June 16.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.75@ 4.75; butcher bulls, $3.25@4; veals, $3@5; good to choice stock steers, $3.35@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs—Range price, $5.10@5.30; bulk, $5.15@5.20. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $5.25@6; fair to good, $4@5.25; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice ewes, $4@4.50.

Shelbyville, Ind., June 16.—Mary Hall, five years old, is in a dying condition as the result of being beaten by robbers who entered the Hill residence yesterday while the mother was asent on an errand.

HORSE TRADE COSTS PULPIT.

Dismissal of Rev. S. Koster of Hull, Iowa, Confirmed by Synod.

Asbury Park, N. Y., June 16.—The Reformed church synod yesterday confirmed the decision of dismissal in the case of Rev. S. Koster of Hull, Iowa, whose pastoral relations were severed owing to charges connected with a horse sale.

Copeland Chosen Commander.

La Crosse, Wis., June 16.—Fred Copland of La Crosse was today elected department commander of the Wisconsin G. A. R.

Northwest News.

COLONEL OF THE 'OLD FIRST' DEAD

REUNION OF THE REGIMENT SADDENED BY COL. COLVILL'S DEATH.

THE END CAME PEACEFULLY

GALLANT HERO SUCCUMBS TO HEART FAILURE AT SOLDIERS' HOME.

SAVED DAY AT GETTYSBURG

DESPERATE CHARGE AGAINST A WHOLE CONFEDERATE BRIGADE LED BY HIM.

Minneapolis, June 15.—On the eve of what was to be the greatest reunion of Minnesota's first and most famous regiment, Col. William Colvill, the Gettysburg commander of that intrepid body of men, entered peacefully into the long rest.

His body, scarred and maimed in the defense of the Union, was found this morning at the soldiers' home, where he arrived Monday for the reunion of the old First Minnesota volunteers and to participate in to-day's ceremonies attending the removal of the Minnesota battle flags to the new state capitol.

As the man who led that desperate charge of 262 Minnesotans against a whole Confederate brigade and checked a threatened disastrous advance, Col. Colvill was a man who has enjoyed a peculiar esteem in this state. Wounded thrice at Gettysburg and many times on other fields, he had been but the mere battered remnant of a man for forty years. But his spirit was indomitable and his pride in the glorious record of the regiment he commanded was unbounded.

The End Was Peaceful.

Bereaved and practically alone in the world, suffering and crippled physically, the old hero knew in the end that peace which sometimes leaves its ineffable imprint upon the face of the dead, but of which the living can know nothing. So marked was this evidence that the death angel had touched the old man kindly in his sleep, that the body was not disturbed for hours, but lay as it had been found while comrades of the Civil war passed through the chamber gazing reverently on their old commander in his rest.

Col. Colvill came to the city from his Red Wing farm Monday night and went directly to the soldiers' home. Never had he appeared in better spirits and his health seemed good. Monday evening he visited with old comrades until about 11 o'clock. He fought over again the old fights and the dear memories of the dead soldier days were recounted with accuracy and real pleasure.

Expected a Good Rest.

When he retired he bade Adjt. F. L. McKusick good night and said that he felt sure of a good night's rest. His friend slept in an adjoining room, with the door open between. He heard nothing at any time in the night.

Shortly after 6 a. m. the adjutant went to call the colonel. He entered the room and spoke to his friend. There was no answer. He approached the bed and was startled by the pallor that had spread over Col. Colvill's features. He looked closer and found that the gallant old soldier was dead.

The body lay naturally upon its left side, with the left hand under the cheek. The features were calm. The be clothes were unruffled. The old soldier had evidently gone to sleep to wake no more in this world, and had passed the great divide without a struggle and without pain.

Heart failure is believed to have caused his death. Col. Colvill had enjoyed fairly good health, considering his many old wounds, but he had been troubled some with his heart.

The Reunion Saddened.

Early yesterday morning the survivors of the "Old First," their wives, children and grandchildren, began to assemble at the home for the reunion. Few knew of the loss in their membership, and when they were met by comrades living at the home and learned of their bereavement, strong men wept and the spirit of the reunion was changed from joyousness to sorrow.

POSTOFFICE ROBBED.

Explosives Used by Cracksmen at Elk River—$125 Missing.

Elk River, Minn., June 15.—The postoffice safe was blown and robbed of $125, part of which belonged to a local lodge. The front door of the building was forced. Several strangers were in town last night and are suspected of doing the robbery. Sheriff E. L. Ward is scouring the country with his armed deputies, and has asked the Minneapolis police to aid him in his search.

BOUND TO GET MARRIED.

Washouts Had No Terror for Iowa Man.

Ottumwa, Iowa, June 14.—The railroads tied up by washouts, Elmer C. Coombs drove, swam, walked and pumped a handcar on a railroad track fifty-five miles, from Exline to this city, to reach here to be married to Miss Myra Moon. Coombs tried to charter a train, but was refused. He drove until the roads became impassable, then walked ten miles, swimming where bridges were washed away. With the aid of the handcar for the last part of the trip he reached here and was married.

STAY FOR BANKER JACKSON.

Alleged Wrecker of Clark Institution Wins in Supreme Court.

Pierre, S. D., June 14.—Attorney Carl Sherwood of Clark secured from the supreme court a writ of error and certificate of probable cause in the case of The State vs. Carl Jackson, who was charged with wrecking the First State bank of Clark and making a false report to the bank examiner as to the condition of that institution, and for which he was given a sentence of one year in the penitentiary. The certificate of possible cause acts as a stay of proceedings until the case can come before the supreme court at the October term.

TRAINS CRASH AT CROSSING.

Illinois Central Passenger Train Is Smashed Up by Milwaukee Freight

Mason City, Iowa, June 14.—A Chicago, Milwaukee, & St. Paul freight train crashed into an Illinois Central passenger train at Lyle, cutting the end out of the sleeper, pulling out both her trucks and damaging the Milwaukee engine. The passenger train was standing on the crossing when it was struck. Thirteen passengers were in the sleeper. None were killed, though several are reported hurt.

EVIDENCE BY CARLOAD.

Wisconsin Railways Have Vast Amount to Introduce.

Madison, Wis., June 14.—Three carloads of evidence will arrive here some time to-day to be used in the trial of cases against Wisconsin roads on the charge that they have not paid their full amount of taxes. The three car are needed to transport books, vouchers and schedules which will be used by the roads to show they have been fair with the state.

VINELESS POTATOES.

Montana Man Claims to Grow New "Spuds" Every Day in the Year.

Great Falls, Mont., June 14.—New potatoes every day in the year, raised without any vines or outward visible sign of their growth, is the accomplishment of a local inventor. He has been in correspondence with a Chicago man, who states that if the experimenter makes good his claim he will give $100,000 for the controlling interest in the invention.

TWO DROWNED.

Young Man and Woman Lose Lives in Pickerel Lake.

Webster, S. D., June 14.—At Pickerel lake two lives were lost by the capsizing of a rowboat. Oscar Smetstad, aged 12, and a young lady named Hustad were drowned. Boats from the shore rescued the other occupants of the boat. The bodies have been recovered.

FIRST MINNESOTA IN CAMP.

Regiment Has Largest Roster in Its History.

Lake City, Minn., June 14.—The First regiment, M. N. G., Col. Reeve commanding, arrived at Camp Lakeview yesterday. The work laid out for the annual encampment was commenced at once. The roster of the regiment now in camp is the largest in its history.

NEGRO SLAIN IN QUARREL.

Alleged Assailant in Fight Claims Self-Defense.

Yankton, S. D., June 14.—Sam Carr, colored, it is alleged, shot Granville Thornton, another negro, in a quarrel Sunday evening. Thornton died yesterday. Carr, who claims self-defense, was arrested.

SLEPT ON THE TRACK.

Chicagoans Lie Down Between Rails—Work Train Kills Them.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, June 14.—Alex. Alexander and Arthur Bingham of Chicago went to sleep on the tracks near Marion and were run over and killed by a Milwaukee work train.

Gives Columbia $50,000.

New York, June 14.—At the senior class day exercises of Columbia university It. Stuyvesant Pierrepont was referred to as the donor of the recent anonymous gift of $500,000.

GAS AND WATER

IS ONE AS NECESSARY AS THE OTHER?

Citizens of Large Cities Say It Is.

New York, June 13.—In the recent agitation here about the price of gas, the demand for lower rates was supported by the argument that every resident is as dependent upon a supply of gas as upon a supply of good water.

It has come to pass that the day laborer uses gas as his only fuel for cooking, because of economy, and the rich man uses gas on account of its convenience. Gas for lighting, with modern improvements in burners, is cheaper, better and more satisfactory than any other kind of light. Gas sells at $1.00 per thousand cubic feet in large cities and from that to as high as $3.00 in smaller towns.

The consumer of gas in the country uses Acetylene (pronounced a-set-a-lene), and each user makes his own gas and is independent of Gas and Electric Companies. Acetylene is a more perfect illuminant than the gas sold by the big gas companies in the cities, and the cost to the smallest user is about the equivalent of city gas at 85 cents per thousand.

Acetylene is the modern artificial light, the latest addition to the many inventions that have become daily necessities.

The light from an acetylene flame is soft, steady and brilliant, and in quality is only rivaled by the sun's rays. If water and a solid material known as Calcium Carbide are brought into contact, the immediate result is the making of this wonderful gas. The generation of acetylene is so simple that experience or even apparatus is not necessary to make it. If it is desired to make it for practical lighting, and to keep it for immediate use, then a small machine called an "Acetylene Generator" is employed. There are many responsible concerns making acetylene generators. In practice, this gas is distributed in small pipes throughout buildings; grounds, or entire cities and towns, in the same manner as ordinary city gas. Acetylene is the only satisfactory means of lighting isolated buildings located in the country or suburbs at a distance from city gas or electric plants.

Important Question.

The wasp was buzzing languidly around the house cat.

"You needn't come any nearer," said the cat.

"I won't hurt you," said the wasp. I'm half sick to-day, anyhow."

"Which half?" asked the cat, backing off.—Chicago Tribune.

Is Marriage a Disease?

Sometimes it seems as though the anti-divorce enthusiasts were not as scientific in their methods as they should be. The great, abounding cause of divorce is, of course, marriage, and marriage, therefore, is the thing to investigate. First, then, is marriage a germ disease? We have considered this question a long time, getting no further with it, but the scientific investigators will be able to tell us. And if it is a germ disease, they can catch the germ, and the germ once caught, they can get cultures and compose antitoxins which will strip this common and serious complaint of most of its terrors. And, of course, once we get marriage under control, we shall be in a position to regulate divorce with a precision absolutely scientific, if there is any divorce left to regulate.—Harper's Weekly.

FEED YOUNG GIRLS.

Must Have Right Food While Growing.

Great care should be taken at the critical period when the young girl is just merging into womanhood that the diet shall contain all that is upbuilding and nothing harmful.

At that age the structure is being formed, and if formed of a healthy, sturdy character, health and happiness will follow; on the other hand unhealthy cells may be built in and a sick condition slowly supervene which, if not checked, may ripen into a chronic disease and cause life-long suffering.

A young lady says:

"Coffee began to have such an effect on my stomach a few years ago, that I was compelled to quit using it. It brought on headaches, pains in my muscles and nervousness.

"I tried to use tea in its stead, but found its effects even worse than those I suffered from coffee. Then for a long time I drank milk alone at my meals, but it never helped me physically, and at last it palled on me. A friend came to the rescue with the suggestion that I try Postum Coffee.

"I did so, only to find at first that I didn't fancy it. But I had heard of so many persons who had been benefited by its use that I persevered, and when I had it brewed right found it grateful in flavor and soothing and strengthening to my stomach. I can find no words to express my feeling of what I owe to Postum Food Coffee!

"In every respect it has worked a wonderful improvement—the headaches, nervousness, the pains in my side and back, all the distressing symptoms yielded to the magic power of Postum. My brain seemed also to share in the betterment of my physical condition; it seems keener, more alert and brighter. I am, in short, in better health now than I ever was before, and I am sure I owe it to the use of your Postum Food Coffee." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

MERCHANTS STATE BANK
OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. Simons, President
D. Patterson, Vice-Pres.
K. O. Gigstad, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

2nd STORE
(Second Hand Store.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.

C. A. SKEIE.
St. Hilaire, Minnesota

GET YOUR PICTURE
TAKEN BY
D. COLLINS
THE
Photograper.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

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SEWING MACHINE.
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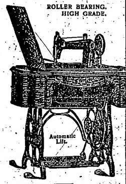
Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.
STRONGEST GUARANTEE.
National Sewing Machine Co.
BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.

A STEIN of Hamm's Beer is a luxury everybody can afford

Supplied by Agents Everywhere, of
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
SAINT PAUL, MINN.

FRANK O'MEARA
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ST. PAUL, MINN.

Money to loan at all times in liberal amounts and at reasonable rates. Prompt service and perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Write for particulars.

Clover and timothy seed for sale by Leonard Holmes.

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES, Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday, at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

Subscribers should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

Remittances should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, June 17, 1905.

Hunt & Singer will move the Gully Sunbeam to Highlanding July 1st. This will make seven newspapers in Red Lake county.

The representatives of Japan and Russia will meet at Washington and arrange terms of peace. Russia will find that war is a costly game.

It is intimated that Governor Johnson will investigate several other counties in Northern Minnesota somewhat after the manner of the Beltrami county investigation.

Northome is not a very large town but it has a commercial club that is in working order. They have issued a directory which reflects credit upon themselves and their town, all of which would indicate that there are "some live ones" at Northome.

The attorney general decides that the city of Thief River Falls has not the power to lease their city hall for county purposes. Now would be a good time for the up-river citizens to get together and make things lively by offering a bran new building to the county free of charge.

Next Tuesday the county commissioners are summoned to again appear in Red Lake Falls for the purpose of considering the county seat removal petition. What the outcome of this meeting will be it is hard to say, but it appears to be quite certain that the state supreme court and not the county commissioners will be the ones to settle the case. It may take a year or two before a vote is taken, and by that time there is quite likely to be a change in the make-up of the county board.—Thief River Falls News.

Merchants who advertise prices attract the eye of the reader and the buyer. That's what the big fellows in the city do and that's the reason the catalogue houses secure a big trade. People read these prices and imagine they are lower than those of the home merchants, simply because the latter do not persistently and everlastingly keep the price before the public. Our home merchants can sell goods exactly as cheap as the catalogue houses and will do it. But they should bear in mind the necessity of advertising prices.—Stillwater Gazette.

Chicago Record-Herald: Three miles in eighty-five seconds—a rate of 127.2 miles an hour. With this burst of speed while flying through Ohio, the west-bound Pennsylvania Special smashed all railroad records for fast travel. The speed was attained on the run from Crestline to Fort Wayne, when the train coursed over 131 miles of clear-away track in 114 minutes to make up lost time. Near Ada the train covered three miles at the rate of a mile in twenty-eight and one-third seconds. Between Crestline and Lima, seventy-two miles, was covered in sixty minutes flat, or at the rate of a mile in fifty seconds. The train made its phenomenal run in spite of a delay of twenty-five minutes at Crestline due to a hot box.

Whittiers of Danvers.

One day a stranger strolled into the old Berry tavern at Danvers. A number of men were seated in the office and were asked by the newcomer, "Will you kindly tell me where I may find the Whittier house?"

A young business man, not a native of the town, to be sure, but who had lived in it a number of years and belonged to New England, spoke up, saying: "You mean Joe Whittier, the contractor? He lives at Danversport."

"No, no; I refer to John G. Whittier."

"John G. Whittier? Never heard of him. The only other Whittier in this town is Clarence Whittier, janitor of the town house. He lives on Essex street."

The stranger became both amused and impatient and said: "I am talking about John G. Whittier, the poet. He's dead, you know. I want to find out where his home was."

"Oh, well," said the young business man, with a sigh of relief at his ability to impart information, "if it's anybody who's dead go right over to Will Crosby, the undertaker, across the street. He'll tell you all about it."—Boston Herald.

A HERO GONE.

Colonel William Colvill, of Red Wing, the brave leader of the famous charge of the First Minnesota at Gettysburg, is dead. He went from his home to attend a re-union of his regiment and spent the night at the Soldiers' Home and was found dead of heart disease on Tuesday morning, the morning of the re-union. A braver soldier or truer friend never lived than Colonel William Colvill. Peace to his ashes and honor to his memory.

The following is an epitome of his war record:

"Captain Company F, First regiment, Minnesota infantry, U. S. volunteers, April 29, 1861; major of same regiment Sept. 17, 1862; lieutenant colonel, November 1862; colonel, May 4, 1863; discharged with regiment, May 4, 1864. Colonel of First regiment, Minnesota heavy artillery, U. S. volunteers, Feb. 25, 1865. Discharged by special order on reduction of regiment, July 1865. Brevet brigadier general, U.S. volunteers, March 13, 1865. Commanded the First regiment, Minnesota infantry, at the first and second battles of Fredericksburg. Was engaged in the following battles and actions: Bull Run, Ball's Bluff, Berryville, Yorktown, Williamsburg, West Point, Hanover Court House, Chickahominy, Fair Oaks, Heach Orchard Station, Savage Nation, White Oak Swamp, Glendale, Malvern Hill, Centerville, Fairfax, Flint Hill, Vienna, South Mountain, Antietam, Charlestown, Ashby's Gap, first and second Fredericksburg, Salem Church, Manassas Gap, Haymarket and Gettysburg.

"Col. Colvill had a horse shot under him at Haymarket and was twice wounded at the battle of Gettysburgh."

The Man Eating Battas.

The man eating Battas of North Sumatra have a postal system. They make use of hollow tree trunks at cross roads, and these primitive letter boxes are largely patronized by young men and women, who read and write and correspond in a degraded native script, which is traced on palm leaves in vertical lines that run upward and from left to right. These Battas, though undoubted cannibals, are skilled in agriculture and in raising stock. They form large communities, have an organized government, hereditary chiefs, popular assemblies and a written civil and penal code. Their picturesque dwellings have been compared to Swiss chalets, and the ground floor is reserved for their live stock. For their skill in ironwork, pottery and weaving they are probably indebted to Hindoo teaching, and their repulsive habit is combined with a belief in a triune deity, Creator, Preserver and Destroyer.

Drinking Hot Water.

There are four classes of persons who should not drink large quantities of hot water. First, people who have irritability of the heart. Hot water will cause palpitation of the heart in such cases. Second, persons with dilated stomachs. Third, persons afflicted with sour stomachs. Fourth, persons who have soreness of the stomach or pain induced by light pressure. These rules are not for those who take hot water simply to relieve thirst, but as a means of washing out the stomach. Hot water will relieve thirst better than cold water and for that purpose is not to be condemned. But hot water is an excitant and in cases in which irritation of the stomach exists should be avoided.

Fourteenth Century Life.

In the fourteenth century people lived in mud huts, with a rough door and no chimney. It was not till a century later that the erection of a chimney was considered more than an indulgence in luxury, a fire commonly being built against the mud plastered wall of the hut and the smoke escaping through the roof. All furniture was of wood. Most persons slept on straw pallets, with a log of wood for a pillow. Even the nobility had no glass in the windows during this time. Cleanliness was not a characteristic of the people, and Thomas a'Becket was considered more than necessarily nice because he had the floor of his house strewn with fresh straw each day.

What Is the Meaning of "Vulgar?"

Sir Walter Scott's daughter once spoke in his hearing of something she could not endure because it was vulgar. "My dear," replied her father, "you speak like a very young lady. Do you know, after all, the meaning of this word 'vulgar?' It is only common. Nothing that is common, except wickedness, can deserve to be spoken of with contempt. When you have lived to my years you will be disposed to agree with me in thanking God that nothing really worth having or caring about in this world is uncommon."—Lockhart's "Life of Scott."

Strange Proverbs on Women.

ICELANDIC.

Woman's counsels, ever cruel,
Are the tonic in our gruel.

SERVIAN.

Behold, O man, there are times when 'tis right
To hear thy wife and mind her, yet make light
Of all her counsel, be she e'er so bright!

AFRICAN NEGRO.

Unto his mother e'en a hippo seems to be
A pretty, darling, blithe and dainty and care free.

Didn't Work.

A new soprano was needed to fill a vacancy in the church choir, and there were a lot of applicants. Each chose her own music, the idea being to allow the candidates to show off to best advantage. One young woman sang a "piece" which began, "Turn me not away." She was turned away notwithstanding.

False Alarm.

He—Clara, I want to ask you a question. She—This is so sudden! He—I know, but I can't stand it any longer. The fact is one of the legs of your chair is on my foot, and I was going to ask you if you would kindly remove it.

Recommended by
Prominent Physicians
and Chemists

CALUMET
Baking Powder

Perfect in Quality
Economical in Use
Moderate in Price

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Chas. J. Fellman, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1905.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: On the ground floor of the two-story building situate on lot fourteen (14) of block thirty-nine (39) of the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having three outside entrances, one in front, one in side and one in rear.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire this 5th day of June, 1905.

Chas. J. Fellman.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Friday the 30th day of June, 1905, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

[SEAL] K. O. Gigstad, Recorder.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, John J. Soll and H. A. Johnson, under the firm name and style of Soll & Johnson, hereby make application for a license to be granted to them to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1905.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: On the ground floor of the two-story building situate on lot thirteen (13) of block thirty-nine (39) of the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having three outside entrances, one in front, and two in rear.

Said applicants pray that such license be granted to them pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire this 5th day of June, 1905.

John J. Soll.
H. A. Johnson.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Friday the 30th day of June, 1905, at eight o'clock p. m. at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

[SEAL] K. O. Gigstad, Recorder.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Mike Anderson and John Maakrud, under the firm name and style of Anderson & Maakrud, hereby make application for a license to be granted to them to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1905.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: On the ground floor of the two-story building situate on lot ten (10) of block forty (40) of the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having three outside entrances, one in front, one in side and one in rear.

Said applicants pray that such license be granted to them pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire this 5th day of June, 1905.

Mike Anderson.
John Maakrud.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Friday the 30th day of June, 1905, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

[SEAL] K. O. Gigstad, Recorder.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, M. E. Bjerk hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1905.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: On the ground floor of the two-story frame building situate on lot eleven (11) in block forty (40) of the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having three outside entrances, one in front, one in side and one in rear.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire this 5th day of June, 1905.

M. E. Bjerk.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Friday the 30th day of June, 1905, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

[SEAL] K. O. Gigstad, Recorder.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota

The undersigned, W. A. Arthur hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1905.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: On the ground floor of the three-story building situate on lot twenty (20) of block thirty-nine (39) of the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having two outside entrances, one in front and one in rear.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of the state of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire this 5th day of June, 1905.

W. A. Arthur.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Friday the 30th day of June, 1905, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

[SEAL] K. O. Gigstad, Recorder.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

tf G. H. Sandum.

CONKLIN BOILER WORKS

BOILER AND MACHINE WORK A SPECIALTY

Repair work done on all kinds of Boilers, Engines and Machinery: : : : :

Thief River Falls, - - Minn.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"
and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of
THE FAMOUS
MATT J. JOHNSON'S 6088
RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE
you are not satisfied with results.
This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.
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ON SALE EVERY DAY FROM
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TO THE
LEWIS AND CLARK EXPOSITION
VIA THE
Great Northern Ry.
"THE COMFORTABLE WAY"

For rates and detailed information, call on or address H. M. Swanson, Local Agent, Great Northern Ry.

Send this coupon and 2 cents for handsomely illustrated booklet, "A Camera Journey to the Lewis and Clark Exposition," to
F. I. WHITNEY,
Passenger Traffic Manager ST. PAUL, MINN.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices.

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

"THE ROAD WITH THE BIG BERTHS"

This is the title given by the Chicago Tribune to the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

This railway owns and operates its own sleeping cars and other equipment. The berths are wider, longer and higher than berths in similar cars of other lines.

The Pioneer Limited, The Fast Mail and three other daily trains from Minneaplis and St. Paul to Chicago. No extra charge to ride on these trains, but it is important that you name your route in purchasing tickets East.

W. B. DIXON
Northwestern Passenger Agent
365 Robert Street, St. Paul.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, - - - - - - MINNESOTA

Modern Woodmen of America Convention.

On account of the biennial meeting of the Modern Woodmen of America and auxiliary societies at Milwaukee, Wis., June 17-24, the Great Northern will sell tickets at one fare plus 50 cents for the round trip. Tickets on sale for trains arriving in St. Paul or Sioux City June 16-19 inclusive, with final return limit June 27. Consult local agent for full particulars. 3

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Seed flax for sale by Leonard Holmes.

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

Great Northern Time Table.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at St. Hilaire.

PASSENGER

8:00 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
9:25 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
9:55 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
10:20 am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30 pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10 am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnson
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
J. J. SOLL, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3550 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE
Veterinary Surgeon.
Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

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CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Sheriff Linnihan was a business visitor here last Monday.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

W. A. Arthur went down to Crookston last night on business.

Cloudy weather and rain seems to be the prevailing thing lately.

Thief River Falls will have Gollmar Bro.'s circus on June 26th.

George Ossman, the veteran fur buyer, was here yesterday.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

Mrs. John Christie is visiting relatives near Thief River Falls this week.

A. S. Wilson was up at Thief River Falls on business last Wednesday.

Walter McAndress was here last Sunday from his reservation claim.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur and children left on Tuesday for their reservation claim.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Mrs. Fred Barholz, of Fertile, is here this week visiting her brother M. L. Hanson.

Arthur LaPlante, the RedLake Falls cigar man, was here on business last Thursday.

Hon. Marcus Johnson, the Red Lake Falls miller, was a business visitor here on Monday.

Supt. Jenks, of the Great Northern, passed through here in his special car last Tuesday.

Norman Aimer returned last Monday from Hamline, where he has been attending school.

Miss Carrie Dahl returned on Thursday from Minneapolis, where she spent the past winter.

Wm. Eikhoff made a short trip over to his railroad work near Devils Lake the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Sander Soll, of Park River, N. D., are visiting with their cousin J. J. Soll this week.

Earl Selves, who has worked in the saw mill here for the past year, left on Wednesday for Minneapolis.

Miss Edith Dahl returned from Moorhead last Saturday where she has been attending the state normal.

Billy Bennett's tent show was here for three nights the first of the week. They drew a fair sized audience each evening.

Miss Anna Abrahamson is recovering slowly from her recent operation but her friends hope to see her out in a short time.

The Misses Knutson and Evea, of Neilsville, Minn., will open dressmaking parlors in the Brannum building next week,

Sam S. Haislet, the good natured editor of the Red Lake Falls Gazette, drove up last Thursday and spent the evening here.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

E. M. Hoff left last Tuesday for St. Paul, where he represented the local I. O. O. F. Lodge as a delegate to the session of the Grand Lodge of the state.

Peter Sanderson came back last Saturday from his claim west of Minot, N. D. He speaks highly of the country and seems to be very well pleased with his claim.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Carlsten Simonson presented them with a very handsome bedroom set and other pieces of furniture after the wedding last Saturday.

Ray M. Wood, of Millbank, S.D., who was clerk at the Hotel Markham while E. J. Druecker had charge, came over yesterday and will visit here with friends for a couple of days.

Cooke & Clark, the new Thief River Falls attorneys, have a card in this issue. We do not hesitate to recommend these gentlemen to any of our readers who have legal business. Give them a call if you need legal advice.

We will take your butter, eggs and produce and at all times allow you the highest market prices for the same. We assure you that you'll get the right goods at the right prices at all times. The stock is new and fresh and has just arrived from the city markets.—L. M. ROLLAND & SONS, dealers in meats and groceries, St. Hilaire, Minn.

That dread uncertainty and fearful anxiety still prevails and the tax dodgers do not yet know whether they or their neighbors will have to pay those taxes.

The fire department have selected Chief Fellman, Carl Lund and K. R. Killand as representatives to the fireman's tournament at Blackduck June 20, 21, 22 and 23.

A. F. Laug brought us in a sample of oats which he took in River Falls that is fully two feet in length, which indicates that the crops are growing even if the weather is cold.

The semi-annual election of officers in the I.O.O.F. Lodge last week resulted in R. H. Duntley being chosen for N. G.; O. F. Post, V. G.; J. B. O'Brien, secretary, and Henry Peterson, trustee.

Lars Ofte, a reservation settler, fell out of Brannum's hay loft last Thursday night and dislocated his shoulder. Dr. Blomburgh fixed him up and he returned home. Evidently Lars had been there once too often.

The county commissioners are scheduled to meet again next Tuesday, June 20th, to reconsider the county seat petition, but it is thought that the board will not meet, but have the matter come up in court in July.

Manager Pettibone is feeling good over the fact that he has nearly enough logs now on hand to last the season. The logs have been coming in very rapidly lately and it is thought that there is nearly ten million here at present.

Mrs. Chas. Fellman had her horse run away from her last Wednesday while out on the reservation claim. Chas. Fellman and Al Swanson went out Thursday and found the animal after several hours' search. Very little damage was done.

Fred Dahl left last Monday for Eveleth, Minn., where he has secured a position in the big iron mine. A small number of state university students are selected out of the mining engineering classes each year and Fred was in luck to secure the position.

The Oliver Typewriter received the Gold Medal at the World's Fair, St. Louis. Send for handsomely illustrated art catalog which tells why.

The Oliver Typewriter Co.,
332, Hennepin Ave.,
tf Minneapolis, Minn.

The Neils saw mill at Cass Lake claims the biggest log of the season. It was a white pine, 16 feet long and produced 1140 feet of 1½ inch clear lumber. The log came from the Leech Lake reservation and is said to be the biggest yet found in that part of the country.

The Thief River Falls ball team, which is recognized as a good one, will play a game here the 4th of July with the White Earth Indians. The teams played at White Earth last Wednesday, the score being 4 to 2 in favor of Thief River, but the Indians are strengthening their team and are coming up here on the 4th with blood in their eye looking for scalps. It will be a great game. You can't afford to miss it. Come.

Norman County Index: F. S. Whirry returned last week from a trip to Harvey, N. D., where he purchased a creamery. The plant is one of the best in North Dakota, valued at about $4,400, and its success is assured, as Mr. Whirry's reputation as a buttermaker ranks among the best in the state. The board of directors will meet Friday to make arrangements for another buttermaker, but it will be hard to get one that will take the interest and do the work as Mr. Whirry has done during his stay in Ada. He evpects to leave for his new field of labor about July 12th, and his many Ada friends wish him the best of success.

Thief River Falls News: Special Agent Layman, of the Crookston land office, was in the city Monday examining homesteaders who were making final proof regarding their residence cultivation upon their lands. At present the land office officials are very strict in the matter of residence and cultivation, and, unless the law is in all ways complied with, no final receipt is issued. Mr. Layman examines the witnesses or visits the land, to find out if all the requirements are lived up to. Asked if the requirements would be as strictly enforced against residents living on the eleven towns as they are against those living on other government land. Mr. Layman said that he was not prepared to say. The law was the same, he said, and, unless the department of the Interior instructed that a more lenient course be adopted, the settlers on the eleven towns would be required to make as good a showing as do settlers on free government lands.

Are You Counted?

Did the census man miss you? If he did, look him up and have your name enumerated. It is important that we should make a good showing and there should be a full count. Let every one in town take an interest in the matter and help Mr. Lang secure a full count.

Old Landmark Gone.

In 1882 when St. Hilaire was scattered along the river for three or four miles and additions were platted in every direction, Christ Olson built a hotel and called it the "Central House." For a time it was "central" between the present townsite and Crocker, Cundy & Nelson's additions, but for the past twenty years it has been about a half mile from the business part of the village. It has long been one of the landmarks of the town but it has seen its day and served its purpose and is now being torn down for fire wood.

ORGANIZE TO-NIGHT

Modern Brotherhood Lodge Will Institute This Evening.

Organizer D. D. Horton, assisted by Director J. H. Miller, of Grand Forks, and lodge members from Crookston, Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls will institute a lodge of the Modern Brotherhood of America here this evening. About thirty members will be initiated, after which the members and their friends will indulge in a social dance to be followed by a supper at the Hotel St. Hilaire. The Red Lake Falls orchestra has been secured and a large number are expected from the neighboring towns. The lodge starts under favorable circumstances and should prove a success.

Walter Johnson Wins.

Crookston Journal: Attorney Rowe is feeling rather jubilant over the outcome of the case of Walter Johnson by his guardian Hoken Johnson vs. Crookston Lumber Co., in a decision handed down by the supreme court.

Walter Johnson, a young man employed in the Crookston Lumber Co.'s mill at St. Hilaire, lost some fingers through what was claimed was carelessness of the mill company, and suit for damages was brought by his father Hoken Johnson at the Red Lake county term of court for $2,000, Attorney Rowe handling his case. The case was tried at the October term in Red Lake Falls and a verdict rendered by the jury in favor of the plaintiff. The company made a motion to set aside the verdict and that judgment be given the company which was granted by Judge Watts.

The case was then appealed by Attorney Rowe to the supreme court with a result that Judge Lovely of the Supreme court reversed the verdict of the lower court and ordered judgment for the plaintiff.

Crop Outlook Bright.

Crookston Times: Grain men and crop experts of the Red River valley are enthusiastic over the condition of the '05 crop of grain now in the fields. "A wet June means a bumper crop, always," said W. L. Beaton, superintendent of the Duluth Elevator company. "Crops in the valley are twenty-five per cent better this year than they were the same time a year ago," said Tom Roberts, superintendent of the lumber department of the St. Anthony & Dakota Elevator company who returned to this city from a trip through the North Dakota and Minnesota valley. "Without any serious trouble there should be a bumper."

The feeling of delight at the present favorable crop outlook is not confined alone to crop experts and elevator men, but is shared by the actual farmers of the valley and scarcely one of the many well to do farmers from near this city ever comes to town without a smile over the prospect for a heavy harvest and successful return for his year's work.

Bought Boats.

The Thief River Falls, Grand Forks and Crookston Lumber companies last week purchased the two gasoline boats known as "Dan Patch" and the "Red Lake Flyer" at Thief River Falls. The boats will be run under the management of Ole Peterson from Thief River Falls to Oak Grove and return. One or more boats will leave Thief River Falls each Monday to take freight and passengers to points along Red Lake river. They have reduced the price of carrying freight from 35 to 25 cents per 100 and will carry passegers for 50 cents each, to any point as far as Little Oak Grove. Return trip will be made from Little Oak Grove on Wednesday and the boats will be at the disposal of pleasure parties or special trips the balance of the week.

Birds Cannot Smell.

It has always been known that if the sense of smell was present at all in birds, its development is but slight. Recent experiments tend to show that they cannot smell at all. This is exceedingly interesting, for it has always been supposed that persons who cannot smell, also lack, to a large degree, the sense of taste. The fact that the two senses are so closely allied explains another reason for the pleasure experienced in drinking golden grain belt beer. It looks good, smells good, tastes good and is good. Isn't it worth trying in your home? Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Going to Extend.

While no official announcement is made by the Great Northern, it is said that work will be commenced upon building the proposed extension of the road from Greenbush to Roseau in a month or two, and that work of securing the right-of-way has already been commenced, says the Thief River Falls News. The fact that the Soo or an independent line would build into Roseau is said to be the cause of the Great Northern's activity.

A Surprise in Store.

Sweet Innocence—Papa says that you can't afford to marry. Guileful Youth—Oh, how absurd! Why, it only costs a few dollars! Sweet Innocence—Is that so? How foolish papa is! I'll tell him.

Little Brains.

Biggs—To think that a man should put an enemy in his mouth to steal away his brains! Griggs—Yes, and think what a hunt it must be for the enemy sometimes!

Help thy brother's boat across, and, lo, thine own has reached the shore!—Hindoo Proverb.

Drainage Board at Bemidji.

Crookston Times: The outcome of the successful state drainage board meeting at Bemidji on Saturday will no doubt develop into the placing on the market of thousands of acres of lands which until drained are practically worthless and unsaleable, scattered throughout the northern part of Minnesota. With this end in view a drainage league meeting will be held in this city on the first Tuesday in August when a permanent organization will be affected. Governor Johnson, Auditor Iverson and Secretary Hanson have been invited to be present, invitations have also been sent to Senators Nelson and Clapp and the entire Minnesota House delegation. The secretary has also been requested to send an invitation to each board of county commissioners in the state and ask them to select one man from each commissioner district to represent their county in the league meeting. A most interesting program will be arranged for the meeting and entertainment provided for the visitors. The meeting will no doubt bring a large crowd to the city.

"What Shall We Eat?"

Every day the same old question. What shall we eat for breakfast, for luncheon, for dinner? assails with monotonous regularity the patient housewife who seeks to provide good living for the family in agreeable variety at a moderate cost. There is a daily department in The Chicago Record-Herald which is intended to answer this question satisfactorily every day in the year. It is entitled "Meals for a day," and provides menus for the three meals every day, with the necessary recipes. These menus and recipes are carefully selected by The Record-Herald's household editor, and cash prizes are awarded for the best that are received. Housewives everywhere are invited to participate in the competition. For full particulars see the "Meals for a Day" department in The Chicago Record-Herald.

Mental Effort.

"It is stated," we observe to the bald-headed man, "that the hair of mental workers falls out sooner than that of men in other lines of endeavor. Is your profession one of great mental effort?"

"It certainly is," he replied. "I compose the glowing advertisements of hair tonics."—Judge.

Curiosity Satisfied.

Mr. Oldboy (tentatively)—If a man were, say, fifty and the woman of his choice about twenty, do you think that would lead to an unhappy marriage? Miss Young—I think it would be more likely to lead to a rejected proposal.—Catholic Standard and Times.

Giving Figures to the Assessor.

Tax Assessor—Can you give me some idea of what your husband is worth? Lady—Really, I don't know, but I wouldn't take a million dollars for him.—City Journal.

Don't live to eat, but eat to live. Many of our ills are due to overeating, to eating the wrong things and to irregular eating.

Good Pasture.

Good pasture for rent. Apply to G. H. Sandum, Sec. 14, River Falls.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

RAPP &
POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

The Pedestal of Honor

is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.

Ladies' Shoes
like ours are not to be found in every store.

HAIL INSURANCE

DO you want to insure your crops against Hail in a first class Company that always pay their losses promptly? If you do, call and see us in regard to a policy in the old and reliable St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Company.

When you buy Insurance get the best

H. E. IVES, Agent, ST. HILAIRE
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Billiard AND Sample Room
WE CARRY THE BEST
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CIGARS.
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MINNEAPOLIS AND MILWAUKEE
BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.
"CORNER SALOON" South of the Bank.

Headquarters
Restaurant...
A. F. Lang
Proprietor
Short Orders a Specialty.
Located in rear of J. J. Soll's Saloon.

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No. 3, THE "FLYER"
ONLY MORNING
TRAIN
from
ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
FOR MONTANA and
the PACIFIC COAST
Makes Immediate Connection with Limited and Fast Mail Trains from Chicago and the East.
EVERY DAY.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lanctot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

FOURTH OF JULY
CELEBRATION
AT
ST. HILAIRE
RED LAKE FALLS BAND
ST. HILAIRE BAND
CHAMPIONSHIP BASE BALL GAME---
THIEF RIVER FALLS vs. WHITE EARTH INDIANS.
ALL KINDS OF RACES AND GAMES
INDUSTRIAL PARADE
BOWERY DANCE - - FIREWORKS
PLENTY OF NOISE---LOTS OF FUN!!!

His Health Was Wrecked
Pe-ru-na Gave New Life.

HON. JOHN TIGHE.

Assemblyman Tighe's letter should be read by every brain worker leading a strenuous life.

Hon. John Tighe, No. 98 Remsen St., Cohoes, N. Y., Member of Assembly from the Fourth district, Albany county, N. Y., writes as follows:

"Peruna has my hearty indorsement as a restorative tonic of superior merit. At times when I have been completely broken down from excess of work, so that my faculties seemed actually at a standstill, Peruna has acted as a healing restorer, starting the machinery of mind and body afresh with new life and energy.

"I recommend it to a man tired in mind and body as a tonic superior to anything I know of and well worthy serious consideration."—J. Tighe.

Excess of work so common in our country causes impaired nerves, leading to catarrh and catarrhal nervousness—a disease that is responsible for half of all nervous troubles.

Peruna cures this trouble because it cures catarrh wherever located.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

At the Stag Party.

Bilkins—Who's that jolly old chap who is doing a breakdown as if he didn't have a care in the world?

Wilkins—That's Stuffem, the millionaire broker.

Bilkins—And who is that solemn young chap, who looks as if the responsibilities of the nation rested on his shoulders?

Wilkins—That's his son, who is just out of college.—Council Bluffs Nonpareil.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Furnishing an Object Lesson.

The teacher of the class in biology, standing before the blackboard, crayon in hand, became impatient.

"I want your attention, children," he said sharply. "I am showing you the principal points in which the anthropoid ape differs from man. If you wish to understand it you will have to watch me closely."—Chicago Tribune.

"She Laughs Best —"

Bessie (meaningly)—And you didn't receive an invitation to the Swellington's ball?

Tessie (evasively)—Did you?

Bessie (triumphantly)—To be sure.

Tessie (sweetly)—And whom are you going to chaperon?—Cleveland Leader.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease. A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address, A S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Her Business.

"What business is Miss Gaddie in?"

"Oh, she's in everybody's business."

"Ah! Wholesale, eh?"

"Yes, except when it comes to a scandal. She retails that."—Philadelphia Press.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Not for Her.

"How does it feel to be a chorus girl? It must feel terrible to have hundreds of men gazing at one when one is dressed so scantily."

"It must be terrible for some, but I am not built that way."—Houston Post.

No Use.

Clapper—Are you living the simple life this summer?

Snapper—No! There's a fellow taking lessons on the flute next door.

A coat of arms has little value in the eyes of the second-hand clothing merchant.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Love is blind; but what's the difference? Most courtships are promulgated in the dark.

"Dyspepsia Tormented Me for Years. Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy cured me." Mrs. C. S. Dougherty, Millville, N. J. Used over 30 years. $1.00.

He moves no one who cannot be moved.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

AGRICULTURE

Shakespeare Plants.

The above term is a new one to us and is doubtless new to most of our readers. The writer was looking over some pot experiments being conducted at the University of Illinois by Professor Cyril G. Hopkins when he came to one pot in which was seen an unusual condition of plant growth. The pot contained soil in which was a large amount of alkali, so much so that plant life could make but little headway in it. While in other pots nearby where the soil was good the plants stood two feet high, in this pot most of the plants were of spindling growth and not over four inches in height. There were ten plants in each pot, that the results might be better compared.

But in this pot was one plant that towered above its fellows. Professor Hopkins remarked: "That is what the boys call a Shakespeare plant." The writer measured it and found the height to be 28 inches. Moreover it had stooled out and had three large stalks in addition to the principal stalk. The volume of the plant was at least thirty times that of the average plants in the pots.

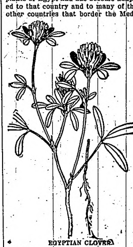
Now as to the cause of such a development in an unfriendly medium, Professor Hopkins did not wish to express his opinion as to the cause, for the true scientist does not like to get the reputation of being a guesser. He wishes to send out to the public only opinions that have a strong array of facts behind them, and in that he is right. But the ordinary mortal cannot help reaching for possible interpretations of unusual things.

It may be that this plant has the power to resist alkali to such a degree that it is able to develop in spite of it. If this is so, its seed may be saved and be planted in subsequent years to get a variety of wheat that cares nothing for alkali. The probability is that there is much in this plant that is of value to the world, for such plants have already been found among other economic plants, such as cotton. We have no doubt that the seed of this plant will be saved and further experiments made with it.

There are, of course, other possible, though not probable, explanations. One is that the alkali is not evenly distributed in the soil in which the plant is growing and another is that the water used in the pot has caused more leaching out of the alkali in one part of the pot than in other parts. Such explanations will not, however, receive much weight till they have something more than mere conjecture to back them. Doubtless the roots of this big plant ramify all over the pot.

Egyptian Clover.

Within the last few years there has been an important addition to our list of clovers in the form of Egyptian clover. It is one of the great forage plants of Egypt and has become adapted to that country and to many of the other countries that border the Mediterranean. There are many situations in this country where climatic conditions are similar to those of the Mediterranean lands, and much is hoped for from this plant. Its northern limit of growth in the United States has not yet been defined.



EGYPTIAN CLOVER.

Staking Tomatoes.

I think that it pays to stake tomatoes; though I have not made any experiments comparing staked with unstaked vines. I have, however, obtained such good results with the staking method that I can heartily recommend it to all, especially those that want to produce good ripe tomatoes in the shortest possible time.

I set the vines about four feet apart and train the vines to stakes, each of which is about five feet high. This is a good height, but not too great, as the vine should be trimmed to one or two stems. This permits the sun and air to get to all sides of the vines and the results are correspondingly good.

One thing that we avoid is rot, which results when the tomatoes are permitted to lie on the ground. Then, too, when the vines are thick and are not staked I find that tomatoes are frequently missed in the picking. This missing amounts to a considerable item when there are many vines. When the fruit is hanging on the stakes every individual fruit is in full sight and is picked when it is ripe enough.

The picking also is facilitated, and this I think will more than offset the cost and trouble of setting the stakes. I have more than once, when I was growing tomatoes by the old method, gone over the vines at picking time and here and there found half a dozen good fruits rotted on the under side and far beyond their prime for eating. The only thing that could be done with them was to throw them away.

I notice that where they grow tomatoes in the green houses they always stake them, as in that way only can they make the most out of the area planted to tomatoes. I do not see why the principle that is good in the green houses is not good in the fields.—Helen Jones, Calhoun Co. Ill., in Farmers' Review.

THREE YEARS AFTER.

Eugene E. Lario, of 751 Twentieth avenue, ticket seller in the Union Station, Denver, Col., says: "You are at liberty to repeat what I first stated through our Denver papers about Doan's Kidney Pills in the summer of 1899, for I have had no reason in the interim to change my opinion of the remedy. I was subject to severe attacks of backache, always aggravated if I sat long at a desk. Doan's Kidney Pills absolutely stopped my backache. I have never had a pain or a twinge since."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents per box.

As to Farmers.

The late Senator Quay, among his other varied pursuits, was somewhat of an agriculturist. One day there was a discussion among several of his colleagues regarding the definition of a gentleman farmer. Some contended that a farmer was a farmer, and the matter of his wealth could make no difference in the name. Presently one of the speakers appealed to Quay, and asked him if he would define the difference between an ordinary farmer and a gentleman farmer. The senator thought for a minute, and then said: "There's this difference between the two: One eats what he cannot sell, and the other sells what he cannot eat."—Harper's Weekly.

Here is Relief for Women.
Mother Gray, a nurse in New York, discovered a pleasant herb remedy for women's ills, called AUSTRALIAN-LEAF. Cures female weaknesses, Backache, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary troubles. At all Druggists or by mail 50c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

Not a Capitalist.

Lady—What? You've just come out of prison? I wonder you are not ashamed to own it.

Ne'er-do-Well—Well, I don't own it, lady—I wish I did. I was merely a lodger.—Chicago Journal.

Mixed Her Wagners.

It was after a Monday evening opera when the subscribers hear little Wagner. The usher swears it is true.

"Wasn't it beautiful?" the pale blue opera cloak trimmed with sable murmured as they came down the steps. "Splendid," answered the pale pink cloak trimmed with mink. "And how astonishing that a person who wrote 'The Simple Life' could compose such a lovely opera. Both are awfully good. But so different."—New York Sun.

A Lovely Errand.

He was a cherubic youth of four, with a beautiful, blue-eyed countenance and an angelic smile—the kind of boy that honest persons long instinctively to kidnap. He sat on the fence, swinging his heels and humming a kindergarten song.

"Oh, you darling!" cried an impulsive young woman, pouncing on him and giving him a hug. "Has your mother any more like you? Have you any little brothers?"

"Yop," replied the angelic boy, "got three. Me and Jack and Billy and Frank."

"Which one do you like best?"

"Jack, I guess," replied the youngster, after a moment of deep thought "Yop, I like Jack best."

And why," asked the young woman, "do you like Jack best?"

"'Cause he did such a lovely errand for me once."

"What was that lovely errand?"

"He bit Billy on the leg," replied the sweetly serious cherub.

"Why," pursued the young woman, "didn't you do your own biting?"

"'Cause I hate the taste of Billy's legs," was the calm reply.—Carrol Watson Rankin, in Lippincott's.

NAMES BEST DOCTOR

MR. BAYSSON PUBLISHES RESULTS OF VALUABLE EXPERIENCE.

A Former Pronounced Dyspeptic He Now Rejoices in Perfect Freedom from Miseries of Indigestion.

Thousands of sufferers know that the reason why they are irritable and depressed and nervous and sleepless is because their food does not digest, but how to get rid of the difficulty is the puzzling question.

Good digestion calls for strong digestive organs, and strength comes from a supply of good rich blood. For this reason Mr. Baysson took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for the cure of indigestion.

"They have been my best doctor," he says. "I was suffering from dyspepsia. The pains in my stomach after meals were almost unbearable. My sleep was very irregular and my complexion was sallow. As the result of using eight boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, about the merits of which I learned from friends in France, I have escaped all these troubles, and am able again to take pleasure in eating."

A very simple story, but if it had not been for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills it might have been a tragic one. When discomfort begins with eating, fills up the intervals between meals with pain, and prevents sleep at night, there certainly cannot be much pleasure in living. A dual general breaking down must be merely a question of time.

Mr. Joseph Baysson is a native of Aix-les-Bains, France, but now resides at No. 2439 Larkin street, San Francisco, Cal. He is one of a great number who can testify to the remarkable efficacy of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the treatment of obstinate disorders of the stomach.

If you would get rid of nausea, pain or burning in the stomach, vertigo, nervousness, insomnia, or any of the other miseries of a dyspeptic, get rid of the weakness of the digestive organs by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They are sold by druggists everywhere.

Proper diet is, of course, a great aid in forwarding recovery once begun, and a little book, "What to Eat and How to Eat," may be obtained by any one who makes a request for it by writing to the Dr. Williams Medical Co., Schenectady, N.Y. This valuable diet book contains an important chapter on the simplest means for the cure of constipation.

THEY HAD MET BEFORE.

When Arnold Daly and His Leading Lady Exchanged Reminiscences.

Arnold Daly, who has made such a good thing of Bernard Shaw and who speaks of bringing that lively Irishman to this side next winter, is involved in the following:

Miss Louise Closser, who played Prossey the typewriter in "Canada" last season, told the story at a well-known dramatic school the other day.

"When I resolved to go upon the stage," said Miss Closser, "being still a young thing, I went to Mr. Frohman's office, steadying my nerves at the door by repeating over and over again 'Perseverance is the price of success' and such-like bracing sentiments. In that way I got as far as the anteroom. There I saw an office boy sitting with his feet upon the desk and a newspaper before him.

"'Is Mr. Frohman in?' I asked.

"'Naw,' said the office boy, without changing his position or raising his eyes.

"'Then I'll wait,' said I. I waited an hour in silence. Then it occurred to me to put a simple question. I addressed the still absorbed office boy.

"'When will Mr. Frohman be in?'

"'He ain't goin' to be in,' he answered shortly. 'He's in Europe.'

"Naturally I retired after that. When I went into Mr. Daly's company last winter I told him the story.

"'Were you that girl?' he said. 'I was that office boy.'"—New York Times.

SNAPSHOT PRIZED BY ACTOR.

Camera Caught Sir Henry Irving in the Act of Sneezing.

Sir Henry Irving has in his possession a photograph taken many years ago, in which he is the center of a small group of people, which he says nothing would make him part with. The occasion on which the photograph was taken was the landing of Sir Henry Irving and some of the members of his company from an Atlantic liner, and a snap-shot artist who was there took a picture of the group just before they left the vessel.

The weather was cold and raw, and just as the camera was about to snap Sir Henry started to sneeze. The photograph represented him, well in the foreground of the group, with his face drawn and contorted, in the very act of sneezing.

In showing the photograph to some friends one day Sir Henry remarked: "I prize that photograph more than any I ever had in which I appear, because it represents me in an entirely unconventional light."—New York Times.

Dainties for the Invalid.

Simeon Ford tells of some amusing experiences of a lady he knows who is most charitably disposed toward the poor of the slums. One day this worthy woman in the goodness of her heart visited a small boy in whom she was interested and who was convalescing from a long illness. With her she carried some fine fruit for the lad; but to her surprise the mother received the offering rather dubiously, evincing little appreciation of or gratitude for what the charitable lady thought would be most acceptable to the little sufferer.

When next the good Samaritan called at the place she asked the mother how the boy had enjoyed the fruit.

"Very well," was the laconic answer.

"And did he eat all of it?"

"Oh, yes," responded the mother, carelessly; "he got away with it all right; but the boy is like me, he don't care much for frills; likes something substantial and tasty, f'r instance, pig's feet."—New York Times.

Choosing the Name.

"My dear, I have been reading up with in the last week, and I think I have a name for the baby," said Mrs. Greening one day.

"You have, eh? What is it?"

"I read that Phoebus, the God of Day, comes up bright and beautiful in the morning, that he lights the world, that without him——"

"Now, look here, madam; let's have no foolishness here. You can't call that child by any such name. Did Phoebus of history yell from 11 p. m. to 3 a. m., and intermittently from 3 to 7 o'clock? I myself am doing the god-of-day business in the matter of getting up, and I'm not going to divide the honors. If you want a mythological cognomen for that destroyer of rest, I have it."

"What is it?" asked Mrs. Greening, with considerable asperity.

"Aurora!" brutally yelled Mr. G. Then he left the house.—Washington Post.

Freedom and Love.

How delicious is the winning
Of a kiss at love's beginning,
When two mutual hearts are sighing
For the knot there's no untying!

Yet remember, 'mid your wooing,
Love has bliss, but love has ruing;
Others' smiles may make you fickle,
Tears for other charms may trickle.

Love he comes, and Love he tarries,
Just as fate or fancy carries;
Longest stays where sorest chidden,
Laughs and flies when pressed and bidden.

Bind the sea to slumber stilly,
Bind its odor to the lily,
Bind the aspen ne'er to quiver,
Then bind love to last forever.

Love's a fire that needs renewal
Of fresh beauty for its fuel.
Love's wing moults when caged and captured;
Only free, he soars enraptured.

Can you keep the bee from ranging,
Or the ring-dove's neck from changing?
No; nor fettered Love from dying
In the knot there's no untying.
—Thomas Campbell.

Enoch Arden Case.

Capt. John B. Aulin was employed as a pilot at Port Arthur when the war broke out and the Russians detained him. His wife, in Oakland, Cal., who did not hear from him for a year, believed he had deserted her and got a divorce. The other day he returned with $25,000 that he had earned piloting during the siege, and now there will be a remarriage.

Genoa's Vessel Tonnage.

During the year 1904 the number of vessels entering the port of Genoa was 6,151, with an aggregate tonnage register of 6,013,256. Not one of these vessels carried the American flag, although the freight and passenger traffic between Genoa and the United States is considerable.

RAILROAD RATE LEGISLATION.

Testifying before the Senate Committee at Washington, Inter-State Commerce Commissioner Prouty said in discussing the proposition to give to that Commission the power to regulate railway rates:

"I think the railways should make their own rates. I think they should be allowed to develop their own business. I have never advocated any law, and I am not now in favor of any law, which would put the rate making power into the hands of any commission or any court. While it may be necessary to do that some time, while that is done in some states at the present time, while it is done in some countries, I am opposed to it. * * * The railway rate is property. It is all the property that the railway has got. The rest of its property is not good for anything unless it can charge a rate. Now it has always seemed to me that when a rate was fixed, if that rate was an unreasonable rate, it deprives the railroad company of its property pro tanto. It is not necessary that you should confiscate the property of a railroad; it is not necessary that you should say that it shall not earn three per cent or four per cent. When you put in a rate that is inherently unreasonable, you have deprived that company of its rights, of its property, and the Circuit Court of the United States has jurisdiction under the fourteenth amendment to restrain that. * * * I have looked at these cases a great many times, and I can only come to the conclusion that a railroad company is entitled to charge a fair and reasonable rate, and if any order of a commission, if any statute of a state legislature takes away that rate, the fourteenth amendment protects the railway company."

Not Ready for Incineration.

He was evidently a stranger in Boston and he dashed to the New Haven ticket office window and gasped.

"Gimme—ticket—Forest Creamatory."

"Round trip?" queried the agent with great deliberateness.

"Well I'll be d—d!" shouted the traveler. "Do I look as if I was going out there to be fried?"—Boston Traveler.

Cattle Ship Etiquette.

Our foreman was a big, sharp-eyed, quick tempered, but generally good natured man. On a previous trip he had sent an awkward young chap forward for a pitchfork. The boy fell overboard and was drowned before the vessel could be stopped. The foreman swore for three days because he had taken the pitchfork with him. Another story was told of a dispute with a "stiff" because he could not work, being terribly sick. The foreman kicked him with such violence that two ribs were broken. Naturally, with such a reputation, the cattlemen obeyed him promptly.—National Magazine.

It Pays to Read Newspapers.

Cox, Wis., June 12.—Frank M. Russell of this place had Kidney Disease so bad that he could not walk. He tried doctors' treatment and many different remedies, but was getting worse. He was very low.

He read in a newspaper how Dodd's Kidney Pills were curing cases of Kidney Trouble, Bright's Disease and Rheumatism, and thought he would try them. He took two boxes, and now he is quite well. He says:

"I can now work all day, and not feel tired. Before using Dodd's Kidney Pills, I couldn't walk across the floor."

Mr. Russell's is the most wonderful case ever known in Chippewa county. This new remedy — Dodd's Kidney Pills — is making some miraculous cures in Wisconsin.

The Embittered Chauffeur.

Loafer—There was an awful crowd here in the street last night when it was rumored that the Palace hotel was on fire—crowd reached from curb to curb.

Chauffeur—Yes, but they'd all scattered an' gone before I could git steam up in th' boss' tonneau.

AN AWFUL SKIN HUMOR.

Covered Head, Neck and Shoulders—Suffered Agony for Twenty-five Years Until Cured by Cuticura.

"For twenty-five years I suffered agony from a terrible humor, completely covering my head, neck and shoulders, discharging matter of such offensiveness to sight and smell that I became an object of dread. I consulted the most able doctors far and near to no avail. Then I got Cuticura, and in a surprisingly short time I was completely cured. For this I thank Cuticura, and advise all those suffering from skin humors to get it and end their misery at once. S. P. Keyes, 149 Congress Street, Boston, Mass."

Totally Unfounded.

Rubber—Is that story of your building a house true?

Cumback—No; both the rumor and the house are utterly without foundation.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Scott Abbott, Watertown, Minn., heating drum; Alexander Algeo, Algeo, N. D., thresher tooth; Albert Allen, Ortonville, Minn., drafting instrument; Jacob Faust, Gladstone, Minn., bearing for disk drills; Edgar Hodgson, Minneapolis, Minn., speed indicator; Henry Roth, Minneapolis, Minn., display bin; Oliver Sheppard, Centerville, S. D., emasculator.

If you can read one of those framed "symphonies" before breakfast without scowling, dear reader, you have started in on a joyous, gladsome day.

ODDS AND ENDS OF TIME.

Results Worth While Attained by Utilizing Them.

With perseverance, the very odds and ends of time may be worked up into results of the greatest value. An hour in every day withdrawn from frivolous pursuits would, if profitably employed, enable a person of ordinary capacity to go far towards mastering a science. It would make an ignorant man a well informed one in less than ten years. Time should not be allowed to pass without yielding fruits, in the form of something learned worthy of being known, some good principle cultivated, or some good habit strengthened. Dr. Mason Good translated Lucretius while riding in his carriage in the streets of London, going the round of his patients. Dr. Darwin composed nearly all his works in the same way, while driving about in his sulky from house to house in the country; writing down his thoughts on little scraps of paper which he carried about him for the purpose. Hale wrote his "Contemplations" while traveling on circuit. Dr. Burney learned French and Italian while traveling on horseback from one musical pupil to another in the course of his profession. Kirke White learned Greek while walking to and from a lawyer's office; and a man of eminent position learned Latin and French while going messages as an errand boy in the streets.—Boston Traveler.

A Trifle Mixed.

"I have cooked a little surprise for you, dear," said young Mrs. Honeybride, "an almond souffle for after dinner. I got the receipt from that new cookery book that came as a wedding present, and the instructions are really most clear. Handy, isn't it, a book like that. I'm sure the thing will turn out a success."

Edwin smiled a dubious sort of Abyssinian gold smile, and temporized about the success as he looked at the souffle.

"Can't say I like it," he said, after the first mouthful. "Sure you got the instructions right, darling? It tastes very funny."

"Oh, yes," responded Angelina, with tears in her eyes. "I can say them by heart from the book—just hear me," and she reached down the volume.

"Take half a pound of grated almonds—"

"Quite right," interjected Edwin, following with his finger.

"One pound of caster sugar, mix well with the whites of three fresh eggs—"

"Correct," said her spouse, as she continued breathlessly:

"Add two ounces of white pepper—"

"Pepper! Great goodness!" said the unhappy man, as he turned over the leaf.

"Two large carrots chopped into dice, a spoonful of mustard, four chopped onions, and—"

"Stop, stop! You must be wrong, I'm sure. Why, my dear, I thought so. You are muddling up almond souffle with Irish stew. You've forgotten to cut the leaves of this blessed cookery book."

Reward of Merit.

An American correspondent had just been introduced to Admiral Togo "I'm very glad to meet you," he said simply.

"What!" exclaimed the admiral "you're not going to ask me 'Where I am going Togo?'"

"No," said the correspondent.

"You are not going to remark that it is better for the Russians Togo while they can?"

"Certainly not."

"You are not even going to say, 'Togo or not Togo?'"

"No, indeed."

"Glory," shouted the great admiral. "You're the first American I have met who hasn't."

Hastily pinning a medal on the breast of the visitor, he led him to the highball magazine.—Council Bluffs Nonpareil.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave. N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Let Him Wait.

"No," said the optimist, "I never take my troubles to bed with me."

"It's all right to say that now," said the pessimist, "but wait till you have a few ingrowing toenails."

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The selfish church has no saving power.

TWO OPEN LETTERS

IMPORTANT TO MARRIED WOMEN

Mrs. Mary Dimmick of Washington tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Made Her Well.

It is with great pleasure we publish the following letters, as they convincingly prove the claim we have so many times made in our columns that Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., is fully qualified to give helpful advice to sick women. Read Mrs. Dimmick's letters.

Mrs. Mary Dimmick

Her first letter:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I have been a sufferer for the past eight years with a trouble which first originated from painful menstruation—the pains were excruciating, with inflammation and ulceration of the womb. The doctor says I must have an operation or I cannot live. I do not want to submit to an operation if I can possibly avoid it. Please help me."—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, Washington, D. C.

Her second letter:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"You will remember my condition when I last wrote you, and that the doctor said I must have an operation or I could not live. I received your kind letter and followed your advice very carefully and am now entirely well. As my case was so serious it seems a miracle that I am cured. I know that I owe not only my health but my life to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and to your advice. I can walk miles without an ache or a pain, and I wish every suffering woman would read this letter and realize what you can do for them."—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, 59th and East Capitol Streets, Washington, D. C.

How easy it was for Mrs. Dimmick to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and how little it cost her—a two-cent stamp. Yet how valuable was the reply! As Mrs. Dimmick says—it saved her life.

Mrs. Pinkham has on file thousands of just such letters as the above, and offers ailing women helpful advice.

And What Will His Future Be?

The boarder who aspires to be a minstrel end man came in with a new one.

"Why is the first day of this month like dry mown grass?"

They all gave it up. He smiled a patronizing smile.

"Well," said he, "the reason why the first day of this month is like dry mown grass is because the first day of this month is May day, and so is dry mown grass."

He saw the blank look and scowl on the landlady's face.

'Yes, ma'am," he said, beaming, "First day of this month—May day. Dry mown grass—made hay. See?"

And he wonders why his board has been raised a dollar a week.

The State He Meant.

Cumback—After all, the number of hours a man works is determined by the state—

Rubber—No, it isn't. Didn't you see that supreme court decis—

Cumback—Won't you wait till I complete my remark? I was going to say that the number of hours a man worked was determined by the state of his finances and his ambition.

WANTED Competent men in the printing trades. San Francisco pays the highest wages in the United States. Permanent jobs given to good non-union men who can furnish satisfactory recommendations. This is not a strike-breaking proposition; the Pacific Coast Typothetae has decided to go to the OPEN SHOP and that means jobs for competent men and absolute protection. Address W. E. ALEXANDER, Secretary Citizens' Alliance, 601 Crossley Building, San Francisco.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC
FOR WOMEN
troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness, cures leucorrhoea and nasal catarrh.
Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all
TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES
For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.
Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.
THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

Let Common Sense Decide

Do you honestly believe, that coffee sold loose (in bulk), exposed to dust, germs and insects, passing through many hands (some of them not over-clean), "blended," you don't know how or by whom, is fit for your use? Of course you don't. But

LION COFFEE

is another story. The green berries, selected by keen judges at the plantation, are skillfully roasted at our factories, where precautions you would not dream of are taken to secure perfect cleanliness, flavor, strength and uniformity.

From the time the coffee leaves the factory no hand touches it till it is opened in your kitchen.

This has made LION COFFEE the LEADER OF ALL PACKAGE COFFEES.

Millions of American Homes welcome LION COFFEE daily. There is no stronger proof of merit than continued and increasing popularity. "Quality survives all opposition."

(Sold only in 1 lb. packages. Lion-head on every package.)
(Save your Lion-heads for valuable premiums.)

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

ESTABLISHED 1870.
MINNEAPOLIS. Woodward & Co., Grain Commission. DULUTH.
ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1905. NUMBER 49.

JAPS CONTINUE THEIR ADVANCE

RUSSIANS HAVE BEEN COMPLETELY OUTFLANKED ON BOTH WINGS.

HEAR NEWS OF VICTORY SOON

COSSACKS REPULSED WITH VERY HEAVY LOSSES NEAR LIAN HUABAO.

LULL IN THE PEACE TALK

PRESIDENT EXPECTS BY FRIDAY DEFINITE NEWS FROM TWO NATIONS.

London, June 22.—The correspondent of the Daily Telegraph at Tokio sends the following:

"The Japanese are continuing their victorious advances in Manchuria. The Russians have been completely outflanked on both wings, and news of Japanese victories may be expected shortly.

"The Japanese have considerably over half a million men in the field. Their preliminary operations began as far back as May 20. Two significant announcements have been made—the first that the Japanese consul general has informed the viceroy of Liang Kiang that Admiral Uriu's squadron intends to cruise in the Yangtse river,; and the second that the British squadron at Hongkong will proceed to Wei-hai-wei and begin gun practice off Shantung province on June 22.

Cossacks Are Repulsed.

"Your correspondent with the Japanese headquarters reports that Cossacks were repulsed with heavy losses near Lian Huabao June 16, but were considerably reinforced at Leikaton, and that another raid is expected. In the direction of Hailincheng the Russians have been reinforced by three divisions: Gen. Madelaroff commands the advance lines and is trying to check the Japanese northward advance. The Japanese expect good news shortly.

"The Russians have constructed three strong bridges across the Tumen river."

Oyama the Master.

London, June 22.—While undoubtedly the people of England would like to see a general battle in Manchuria before an armistice is declared, since it is felt certain that Field Marshal Oyama would score another victory, the Associated Press is assured that the British government has not given Japan any advice as to what course to pursue, as alleged by the Novoe Vremya of St. Petersburg. In fact the government has done nothing beyond supporting President Roosevelt's endeavor to secure the earliest meeting of the peace plenipotentiaries and the submission by Japan of terms likely to be acceptable to Russia. With overwhelming forces at his command it is felt in military circles that Oyama is in a position to deal a most crushing defeat to Gen. Linevitch.

President Leaves Capital.

Washington, June 22. — The president left for New England last night and until Friday there will be a lull in the peace talk, though the exchanges between Russia and Japan will continue through the state department and Ambassador Meyer. By the time he gets back to the White House, Mr. Roosevelt expects the two governments will be ready to announce their plenipotentiaries and the date of their meeting, which probably will be Aug. 1. Japan has assured the president that her commissioners can be in Washington by that time and unofficial advices from St. Petersburg say the date is satisfactory to Russia.

Little Hope for Armistice.

St. Petersburg, June 22.—The only hope for an armistice pending the meeting of the peace plenipotentiaries seems to rest with President Roosevelt, and even that is considered slender. So far as is known the president has not taken a positive step in this direction.

The impression here continues strong that Japan, only with great reluctance, would be induced to forego the advantages of her strategic position, which, despite the tone of the official advices from the front, is regarded as being altogether favorable to Field Marshal Oyama, and agree to a suspension of hostilities for at least six weeks, during which time thousands of reinforcements would reach Gen. Linevitch and Vladivostok would be strengthened with munitions and supplies to withstand a siege.

TALLEST ON EARTH.

Highest Skyscraper in the World Will Be Erected in New York.

New York, June 22.—The Metropolitan Life Insurance company will erect on the site of Dr. Parkhurst's church at Madison avenue and twenty-fourth street the tallest building in the world. It will be 560 feet, five feet higher than the Washington monument. This site of the Metropolitan's tall tower has a frontage of 75 feet on Madison avenue and 150 feet on Twenty-fourth street.

BIG FORGERIES ARE SHOWN UP.

Death of Philadelphia Financier Reveals Gigantic Swindle.

Philadelphia, June 22.—One of the most sensational cases of forgery that has ever been brought to light in financial circles of this city was disclosed yesterday when it was announced that certificates calling for small numbers of shares of stock had been fraudulently raised to hundreds of shares, causing a loss to certain banks and trust companies of this city of from $750,000 to $1,000,000. The forgery involves the name of Benjamin H. Gaskill, who went to his grave four weeks ago. Gaskill was the sole member of the banking and brokerage concern known as Benjamin H. Gaskill & Co. He had offices in the financial district, and his credit was considered gilt-edged.

Gaskill died about four weeks ago, and at the time of his death he was believed to be worth about a half million dollars. He left no will, and administrators began to

Close Up His Business.

A patron of the firm, whose name is not given, bought from the estate one hundred shares of stock of the United States Steel corporation. He turned his account over to E. C. Miller & Co., which firm sent the 100 shares to the company office to have the transfer recorded. The certificate did not agree with the company's books, and an investigation showed that the certificate had been raised from six shares to 100. The discovery was reported to E. C. Miller & Co., which firm immediately notified the stock exchange, of which Gaskill was a member, which in turn sent out notices to its members not to receive stock certificates from the Gaskill estate.

A further investigation brought to light a surprising state of affairs. It was found that Gaskill

Had Credited Himself

on his own books with 6,000 shares of Philadelphia Traction stock, valued at approximately $600,000, while the traction company's books showed he had only 400 shares. It was also discovered that he had raised stock certificates of various other corporations.

His method of operation was to obtain certificates of gilt-edged securities, calling for one, two, three or some other small number of shares, raise the figures, and give them as securities for large loans. At least six banks and trust companies of this city admit holding fraudulent securities for large loans. Not one of the institutions will make public the amount of money they advanced, but a financier who has been making an investigation, said that the amount of money loaned on the raised certificates will aggregate between $750,000 and $1,000,000. It is believed that very little will be recovered from the estate.

BOWEN FIRED OUT OF OFFICE.

Minister to Venezuela Is Dismissed by President Roosevelt.

Washington, June 22—The dismissal of Herbert W. Bowen, for some years United States minister to Venezuela, and the exonerating of Assistant Secretary of State Francis A. Loomis from the allegations brought against him, are the outcome of the Bowen-Loomis controversy, which has attracted wide spread attention for many months past. This disposition of the case is made by President Roosevelt in a letter addressed to Secretary Taft, made public last night, approving Mr. Taft's findings and conclusions in the case. The president scathingly arraigns Mr. Bowen, declaring that his conduct is especially reprehensible; that Mr. Bowen asked one of his witnesses to enter the employ of one corporation for the purpose, "in plain words of

Stealing Documents

which he hoped might incriminate Mr. Loomis, and Mr. Bowen has for many months, indeed for the last two years" devoted himself "to hunting up scandal and gossip until it became a monomania and caused him to show distinct disloyalty" to the country he represented.

The president says he had hoped to promote Mr. Bowen as during much of his service he had done good work, but that his usefulness in the diplomatic service is now at an end. The president adds that he would direct that Mr. Bowen's resignation be requested, but for his statement that he would consider a resignation as an admission of misconduct, and the dismissal is, therefore, ordered. The letter quotes correspondence and testimony. The president says it appears that Mr. Bowen, while minister secured publication of attacks upon Mr. Loomis and furnished the press documents pending before the state department for approval, and that his explanation is inexcusable and shows

His Entire "Unfitness"

for the service. Even if Mr. Loomis had been guilty, said the president, Mr. Bowen's conduct would have been unpardonable.

In his report Secretary Taft says that there was nothing dishonorable in the transactions in which Mr. Loomis figured, but that he was not discreet. The report says that Mr. Loomis was not justified in becoming personally interested in any of the schemes, either with a mere nominal interest or substantial interest. He holds, however, that Mr. Loomis has been "most cruelly slandered," commends him for the self-restraint with which he has met the charges, and points out that Mr. Loomis' bitter experience in this case makes it unnecessary to point out the moral that a minister cannot afford in the country to which he is accredited to make personal investments.

Spain to Build Defenses.

Madrid, June 22.—The Spanish cabinet has decided to begin at once to erect strong defenses on the Balearic and Canary islands, and along the Galician coast.

GREAT BATTLE IN MANCHURIA

DISPATCHES FROM BOTH SIDES SHOW THAT JAP MAIN ADVANCE IS ON.

RUSSIANS ARE FALLING BACK

BATTLE MORE BLOODY THAN MUKDEN IS LIKELY TO TAKE PLACE.

NELIDOFF IS CHOSEN ENVOY

CRAFTY DIPLOMAT APPOINTED ONE OF RUSSIA'S PLENIPOTENTIARIES.

St. Petersburg, June 22—The public, which has no idea that negotiations for an armistice are on foot, believes that a great battle in Manchuria is now beginning, and official dispatches from both sides bear out the idea that the Japanese have commenced their main advance, though as yet there have been no heavy collisions.

The Japanese, following the checking of the movement to the west, are now pushing forward in force along the railway and Mandarin and Mainaika roads, their front now stretching from Singlungchuan to a point fifteen miles north of Changtufu, and east through Shuanmiaotzu station to Yaona pass, on the Mandarin road.

Slavs Are Retiring.

The Russians retired their advance posts without serious resistance, and are evidently retiring to their first line of intrenchments, which is believed to cross the railroad at Sipinghai, fourteen miles further north.

Lieut. Gen. Linevitch evidently has imposed an embargo on press messages, indicating that hostilities have entered on a serious phase.

If negotiations for an armistice are on foot they must bear immediate fruit in order to prevent a battle perhaps greater in its casualties than that of Mukden.

Envoy Is Named.

M. Nelidoff, Russian ambassador to Paris, has been definitely appointed one of the Russian peace plenipotentiaries.

M. Nelidoff is a skillful Russian diplomat, who, as ambassador at Constantinople for a number of years, handled some of the most delicate problems connected with Russia's near Eastern policy.

New Step by Roosevelt.

President Roosevelt evidently has taken a new and important step in the negotiations between the belligerents. While there are collateral reasons for believing that it relates to an armistice which will prevent the impending battle in Manchuria, this cannot be positively affirmed. All that can be stated definitely is that Ambassador Meyer went suddenly to the foreign office late Tuesday night and had an interview with Foreign Minister Lamsdorff, at which it is believed the ambassador communicated an important message from President Roosevelt, but at neither the foreign office nor the American embassy is the slightest light thrown on what transpired.

From the extreme secrecy observed, the matter beyond doubt is one of the greatest delicacy, but as the statement is vouchsafed at the foreign office that the negotiations are proceeding without a hitch, the inference follows that it relates to a new phase in which the president has again taken the initiative.

Armistice Rumors Afloat.

Washington, June 22.—It is intimated in official circles here that negotiations are proceeding looking to an armistice between Japan and Russia.

The stumbling block in the way of armistice appears to be that neither belligerent is willing to take the initiative. The present negotiations, it is understood, consist of an effort to sound one or both governments as to their willingness to agree to an armistice.

There will be no official announcement here regarding the probabilities of an armistice before the president returns, nor is it certain that there will be anything to make public. The feeling in official circles here is strongly in favor of a cessation of hostilities, as it is believed that a clash before the convening of the peace conference would hamper the work of the plenipotentiaries and might prove a serious menace to their efforts for peace.

Russ to Pray for Victory.

Moscow, June 22.—A great open-air prayer service for a victory for the Russian arms will take place on the "Red Square" under the walls of the Kremlin June 23.

STRIKERS UP AGAINST IT.

Chance of Settlement by Mediation Seems Remote.

Chicago, June 22.—A settlement of the teamsters' strike by mediation appears to be as remote as it did a month ago. From yesterday's developments the indications are that the committee appointed by the teamsters' joint council with full power to act in bringing about an adjustment of the difficulty, will be unable to accomplish anything.

SCHOOLS BEFORE DITCHES.

Education Takes Precedence Over Drainage.

The state board of investment has started on a campaign of education. Until further notice it will devote its energies exclusively to approving and disapproving applications for loans from the permanent school fund for the erection of new school houses. It has so many applications from school districts that it decided to hold up applications for loans for other purposes—drainage ditches, court houses, city halls, bridges, roads and the like.

The board has approved applications for school loans aggregating $128,000. This sum will be expended in the erection or repair of school houses. This makes about $250,000 that the board has loaned for the purpose in the last few months, and there are applications amounting to $400,000 that have not been acted upon. There is about $169,000 in the permanent school fund, but practically all of thi will be taken up by the applications already approved. The board expects that $600,000 will be paid into the fund before Aug. 1, and most of this will be loaned to school districts.

The loans just approved follow:

Ind. 3, Marshall county	$27,000
Ind. 1, Redwood	23,000
Ind. 25, Otter Tail	16,000
Ind. 77, Goodhue	10,000
Dist. 13, St. Louis	5,000
Ind. 71, Wright	5,000
Dist. 1, Lyon	4,000
Dist. 82, Dakota	3,700
Dist. 11, Big Stone	3,000
Dist. 38, Le Sueur	3,000
Dist. 1, Clearwater	2,500
Ind. 8, Becker	2,000
Dist. 97, Otter Tail	1,700
Dist. 13, Yellow Medicine	1,600
Dist. 105, Lac qui Parle	1,500
Dist. 3, Lac qui Parle	1,400
Dist. 14, Clearwater	1,000
Dist. 44, Freeborn	1,300
Dist. 75, Redwood	1,200
Dist. 107, Clay	1,000
Dist. 21, Douglas	1,000
Dist. 92, Jackson	1,000
Dist. 52, St. Louis	1,000
Dist. 72, Lac qui Parle	900
Dist. 4, Cass	800
Dist. 97, Pope	800
Dist. 45, Lincoln	750
Dist. 81, Crow Wing	600
Dist. 80, Red Lake	600
Dist. 48, St. Louis	600
Dist. 52, Morrison	600
Dist. 81, Marshall	525
Dist. 36, Morrison	500
Dist. 93, Crow Wing	500
Dist. 94, Beltrami	500
Dist. 68, Pine	400
Dist. 85, Wabasha	400
Districts 281 and 21, Polk and Lake	350
Dist. 92, Crow Wing	300
Dist. 269, Otter Tail	250
Dist. 101, Marshall	200
Dist. 17, Hubbard	200

New Towns in North Dakota.

North Dakota is having somewhat of a boom in railroad building. There is now building from the main line of the Great Northern Railway, four extensions, which will tap an additional area of splendid agricultural land.

We refer to the Sarles, of the Edmore Branch, running from Munich to Sarles. The Thorne extension which will run from York through Bunson, Pierce, Rolette counties. The Benson, Pierce, Rolette counties. The Maxbass extension which will run form Towner northwest through McHenry and Bottineau counties, and a further extension of the Westhope line to Antler. The building of this branch will bring into view a number of smal towns.

On the Sarles extension, the new towns will be known as Clyde, Calvin and Sarles, and opportunities for almost every form of business will justify the prediction that these three new towns will become important in the near future.

On the Thorne extension the new towns are Wolford, Selden, McCumber and Thorne, which will also afford opportunity for the investment of capital.

The Maxbass extension new towns are Bantry, Upham, Deep, Newburg and Maxbass.

These towns will also offer an opportunity for the investment of capital, and the estblishment of business enterprises in almost every direction.

Mr. D. N. Tallman, President of the Dakota Development Co., of Willmar, Minn., informs us that the demand for lines in these new towns has been very good and predicts a bright future for every one of them.

A wind and electrical storm caused a great deal of damage in Sauk Center and vicinity. The residence of Ed Powers was struck. Two barns owned by Fred Rowe were totally destroyed and considerable stock, including three horses, were killed.

Scratch Causes Death.

Des Moines, Iowa, June 21.—A slight scratch made by a small chicken which she was petting caused the death of Mrs. Lettie Clark here. The wound became infected and before many days passed tetanus set in.

Convict Has Dog in Cell.

Anamosa, Iowa, June 21.—By special permission Frank Rainsbarger, a convict in the penitentiary, has been allowed permission to keep a dog in his cell. This is the first case of the kind on record.

"Oh, uncle, I'm so glad you've called. Baby's so cross, and it always amuses him and makes him laugh when he sees you."—Punch.

Falsehood is the product of environment and necessity.

WHY EYESIGHT FAILS

INFERIOR ARTIFICIAL LIGHT FREQUENTLY THE CAUSE.

Illuminants of the Past, One and All, Have Serious Defects—Acetylene Gas, with Its Clear, Unwavering, Yet Soft Flame Cannot Hurt the Eyes.

Chicago, June 20.—No one can go into our schools or meet a group of children on the street without noticing how large a number of them wear spectacles. The proportion seems to increase yearly, and there are many more who ought to wear glasses. The experience of one teacher might be duplicated by the score. She knew Alice was inattentive and she thought she was unusually stupid. She said so to the principal and sent a note to the mother, requesting that the child be helped at home if she wished her to keep up with her class. One day after a blackboard explanation, the teacher called upon the child and found that she had not seen what had been written. She was kept after school and by dint of much sympathetic questioning Miss C. found that Alice had never been able to see what was put on the board and that her head had ached so often and so hard that she frequently failed to hear what was said.

Such a condition may be caused by lack of proper food, but in our American homes it is usually due to the poor quality of the artificial light. The yellow, insufficient light of the ordinary kerosene lamp, with its smoky chimney, is about as bad for the eyes as can be imagined. The flickering light from a coal gas jet is but little better, and even the electric light, brilliant as it usually is, has an unsteadiness due to variations in power, and a glare peculiarly trying to the delicate nerves of sight. The comparatively new illuminant acetylene gas produces as nearly perfect an artificial light as has yet been found. It gives a clear white, unwavering light, very brilliant yet perfectly soft and so nearly like the rays of the sun that even colors appear as in daylight.

Fortunately, acetylene is very easily and cheaply produced, and the simple apparatus necessary can be purchased and installed in any home at a very moderate cost, and the acetylene can be piped to convenient points in the house where a light is needed. It is then lighted and extinguished and used exactly like common city gas.

Acetylene is rapidly coming into common use in homes, churches, schools and institutions of all kinds, and it is reasonable to expect that as its use in the home increases, there will be fewer defective eyes, particularly among children. Poor eyesight and the many ills resulting therefrom will undoubtedly be much reduced by the use of this new illuminant.

RAILWAY RATE LEGISLATION.

At the biennial convention of the Order of Railway Conductors recently held at Portland, Oregon, resolutions were unanimously adopted voicing their sentiments as to the effect of proposed railway rate legislation on the 1,300,000 railroad employes, whom they in part represented. These resolutions "indorse the attitude of President Roosevelt in condemning secret rebates and other illegalities, and commend the attitude of the heads of American Railways, who, with practical unanimity, have joined with the president on this question." They then respectfully point out to Congress the "inadvisability of legislation vesting in the hands of a commission power over railway rates, now lower by far in the United States than in any other country," because such regulation would "result in litigation and confusion and inevitably tend to an enforced reduction in rate, irrespective of the question of the ability of the railroads to stand the reduction, especially in view of the increased cost of their supplies and materials." They further protested against such power being given to the present Inter-State Commission because "the proposed legislation is not in harmony with our idea of American jurisprudence, inasmuch as it contemplates that a single body shall have the right to investigate, indict, try, condemn and then enforce its decisions at the cost of the carriers, pending appeal, which is manifestly inequitable."

The conductors base their demand for only such legislation, if any, as would "secure and insure justice and equity and preserve equal rights to all parties concerned," on the ground that the low cost of transportation "is the result of the efficiency of American railway management and operation which have built up the country through constant improvement and development of territory, while at the same time recognition has been given to the value of intelligence among employes in contrast to foreign methods, where high freight rates and lowest wages to employes obtain."

In pressing their claim against legislation adverse to their interests, they point out the fact that "the freight rates of this country average only two per cent of the cost of articles to the consumer, thus making the freight rate so insignificant a factor in the selling price that numerous standard articles are sold at the same price in all parts of the country."

Mean Fling at Marie.

There are exceptions to the rule that in this world one cannot get something for nothing. At a second-hand book shop the other day we exchanged Marie Corelli's latest for a copy of "Epictetus."—Puck.

A parson is always the best man at a wedding. He gets the coin and takes no chances.

SENATOR FACES A JURY.

Prosecuting Attorney's Arraignment of Mitchell Is Severe.

Portland, Or., June 22.—The trial of United States Senator John H. Mitchell, charged with using his office for private gain in connection with the land frauds in this state, began in Judge De Haven's court yesterday. For the first time in his life and at the age of three score and ten, Senator Mitchell faced a jury of his peers. United States District Attorney Henry's arraignment of Mitchell was most severe. Attorney A. S. Bennett, counsel for the defendant, denied the allegations of the prosecution, asserting that Senator Mitchell was guiltless in intent and that the only mistake the senator has made was in changing the agreement which had existed between himself and his law partner, Judge Tanner, the latter being one of the persons indicted at the instance of the government in connection with the land frauds.

DAMS RUN OVER.

Much Property Is Damaged Along the Upper Mississippi.

St. Paul, June 22.—Dispatches from Duluth last night state that owing to the heavy rains several government dams along the upper Mississippi river have overflowed, that hundreds of acres of land are inundated, that several factories along the river have been compelled to shut down, and a large amount of damage has been caused to the cities and villages along the river. It is reported that the situation is so alarming that Congressman Bede contemplates making a special report to the government at Washington, with a view, if possible, of securing legislative action to remedy the difficulty.

WATER OVERFLOWING LANDS.

Complaint Made About Dams in Minnesota Lakes.

Washington, June 22. — Overflowed land and damage to property from the basis of a complaint submitted to the war department through Congressman Bede. Maj. Derby, in charge of the upper Mississippi, has been storing a large volume of water in the dams at Leech and Winnibigoshish lakes to such an extent that thousands of acres are overflowed. Included in the tract is a large area of timber, which it is claimed will be ruined if the dams are not opened. A report has been called for from Maj. Derby of St. Paul.

DITCH SCHEME DEFEATED.

County Commissioners of Redwood Take Unfavorable Action.

Redwood Falls, Minn., June 22.—After nearly a year spent in preparation, the county commissioners yesterday turned down the proposition to construct ditch No. 1 in Redwood county. The benefits were estimated at $36,000 and the cost of the ditch at $25,000. Twelve hundred dollars have been expended in preliminaries, which the farmers along the proposed ditch will have to pay.

DESPERADOES IN JAIL.

Conroe and Lunderman Thought to Be Leaders of Rosebud Thieving Gang.

Butte, Neb., June 22.—Jim Conroe and Jack Lunderman, noted desperadoes of the plains, who have just been captured on the prairie south of here after a hard fight with guns, are in jail and will be tried at a special term of court next week on the charge of horse stealing and cattle rustling. They are believed to be ringleaders of the outlaws who have created a reign of terror throughout the Rosebud territory.

HOLDS 1,000 PERSONS AT BAY.

Maniac Shoots Nine People and Then Kills Himself.

San Francisco, June 22. — After holding 1,000 persons at bay for two hours in Eddy street early yesterday, shooting nine people and defying the police, Thomas Lobb, a maniac, killed himself. Lobb was a carpenter, who arrived here Tuesday night from Benson, Ariz., and barricaded himself in his room on the fourth floor of the United States hotel.

SPECTATOR MINE SOLD.

North Butte Company Takes Over Rich Property.

Butte, Mont., June 22.—The formal transfer of the Spectator mine to the North Butte company, and Eastern corporation, has occurred. The balance of the $2,000,000 which was still due was paid to Konantz Bros.' bank in New York and the deeds to the ground in this city were turned over to Joseph Cotton, attorney for the company.

Jackson Has New Bank.

Washington, June 22.—The Brown National Bank of Jackson, Minn., has been authorized to begin business; capital, $40,000; John K. Brown, president; J. A. Cowing, vice president; H. L. Strom, cashier; Joseph J. Pribyl, assistant cashier.

German Lutheran Synod Meets.

Sleepy Eye, Minn., June 22.—The annual meeting of the German Lutheran synod of Minnesota and other states opened here yesterday and will continue a week. Seventy pastors and teachers are in attendance.

Drowned in Millpond.

Ladysmith, Wis., June 22.—Claude Hurless, twenty-one years old, son of County Treasurer John M. Hurless of this city, was drowned in the pond of the Menasha Woodenware company here last evening.

Calumet Baking Powder

Perfect in quality. Moderate in price.

An Orthographical Barrier.

Gen. Oku was looking ruefully at the name of the new pass he had sighted. Time and again he spelled it.

"G-u-n-s-h-u; G-u-n-s-h-u; there's no other way to fix it. Now, if that third letter were only an 'm' instead of an 'n,' how easy it would be to sneak through it and surprise the Russians.

AGONY OF SORE HANDS.

Cracked and Peeled—Water and Heat Caused Intense Pain—Could Do No Housework—Grateful to Cuticura.

"My hands cracked and peeled, and were so sore it was impossible for me to do my housework. If I put them in water I was in agony for hours; and if I tried to cook, the heat caused intense pain. I consulted two doctors, but their prescriptions were utterly useless. And now after using one cake of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment my hands are entirely well, and I am very grateful. (Signed) Mrs. Minnie Drew, 18 Dana St., Roxbury, Mass."

Her Defiance.

"I'm going to kiss you."

"Sir!"

"Oh, you need not look that way, for I'm going to do it whether you struggle or not."

"Then I shall struggle to prevent it, sir!"—Houston Post.

Art at Albany.

Inquisitive—What is that picture supposed to represent?

Amateur Artist—State street during the street railway strike.

Inquisitive—Here, let me throw a few bricks through it and lend it local color.—Albany Journal.

Opportunities in Cuba.

Now is the time to secure land in La Gloria, the first and largest American Colony in Cuba. Easy terms. Money in fruit raising. Large profits on small investments. Write for free illustrated booklet. Cuban Land & Steamship Co., 32 Broadway, N. Y. City.

Details Suppressed.

"What was the most ecstatic sensation you ever experienced?"

"I'll tell you, but I won't tell you his name."—Houston Post.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Not Quite Clear.

"I am happy to say, old man," said Newed, "that I've got a model wife."

"What kind of a model?" queried Singleton, "cloak or artist's?"—Detroit Tribune.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

He who preaches economy to his wife by the yard is apt to practice it by the inch.

Nervous Women

Their Sufferings Are Usually Due to Uterine Disorders Perhaps Unsuspected

A MEDICINE THAT CURES

Mrs. M. E. Shotwell

Can we dispute the well-known fact that American women are nervous?

How often do we hear the expression, "I am so nervous, it seems as if I should fly;" or, "Don't speak to me." Little things annoy you and make you irritable; you can't sleep, you are unable to quietly and calmly perform your daily tasks or care for your children.

The relation of the nerves and generative organs in women is so close that nine-tenths of the nervous prostration, nervous debility, the blues, sleeplessness and nervous irritability arise from some derangement of the organism which makes her a woman. Fits of depression or restlessness and irritability. Spirits easily affected, so that one minute she laughs, the next minute weeps. Pain in the ovaries and between the shoulders. Loss of voice; nervous dyspepsia. A tendency to cry at the least provocation. All this points to nervous prostration.

Nothing will relieve this distressing condition and prevent months of prostration and suffering so surely as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. M. E. Shotwell, of 103 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y., writes:

"I cannot express the wonderful relief I have experienced by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I suffered for a long time with nervous prostration, backache, headache, loss of appetite. I could not sleep and would walk the floor almost every night.

"I had three doctors and got no better, and life was a burden. I was advised to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it has worked wonders for me.

"I am a well woman, my nervousness is all gone and my friends say I look ten years younger."

Will not the volumes of letters from women made strong by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound convince all women of its virtues? Surely you cannot wish to remain sick and weak and discouraged, exhausted each day, when you can be as easily cured as other women.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans ☞ A Specialty. ☜

ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

2nd ☞ STORE

(SECOND HAND STORE.)

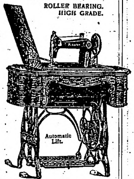
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.

C. A. SKEIE.

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

GET YOUR PICTURE
TAKEN BY
D. COLLINS
THE
Photograper.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

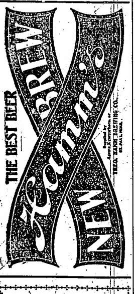
The "Redgeton"
SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING.
HIGH GRADE.


Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.

STRONGEST GUARANTEE.

National Sewing Machine Co.
BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.


THE BEST BEER
BREW
Hamm's
NEW
Supplied by Agents Everywhere, of THEO. HAMM BREWING CO. ST. PAUL, MINN.

FRANK O'MEARA
Nat. Germ. Amer. Bank Bldg.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Money to loan at all times in liberal amounts and at reasonable rates. Prompt service and perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Write for particulars.

Clover and timothy seed for sale by Leonard Holmes.

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, June 24, 1905.

Crop prospects are still good, provided, of course, it stops raining and lets the sun shine.

The prospects for peace between Russia and Japan are progressing slowly. Possibly Russia has not had enough.

Minnesota has 1,201 rural mail routes with 174 pending petitions. On the first of this month there were 31,796 routes in operation in the United States.

Nearly every mail brings us a communication from Curtis L. Mosher, of St. Paul, telling us how badly used and much abused the railroads are. Ain't it a shame?

Crookston is hostile at the Great Northern because they will not give a special train from Winnipeg for the 4th of July, and they are talking of raising a bonus to have the Soo build in there.

Reform seems to be in the air and nearly everybody wants some of it. Governor Johnson is receiving several letters a day from parties who want counties, villages, cities or townships investigated.

A careful perusal of the literature sent out by the trusts and railroads telling us how much they have done and how little they are making out of it, leads us to believe that the only real snap in this country is running a country newspaper.

A wise man once said: "When you fight or work, don't make a fuss. The hen cackles only after she has laid an egg. The noise and sizzle of the locomotive are not force. All force is silent. The hee-haw of a mule may startle, but is not so dangerous as his hind legs. Bear in mind it is an empty wagon that rattles most when in motion. The noise of a drum is due to the fact that there is nothing in it."

There are seventy-five life men in the Minnesota state prison. This is a large number, considering the smallness of the population. One of this number has been here a long time. He was received April 11, 1876. This is the longest time served by anyone since the prison was built. The next longest almost equals the foregoing one, there being only four years difference. He was received March 25, 1880.—Prison Mirror.

Sen. Lord announces that he will not be an active candidate for governor. He says the people should select the candidate the next time. This is the same position that Eddy takes, the view taken by every sensible man. A fight for the nomination will leave but an empty honor for the successful aspirant, for defeat at the election will be his as surely as there is a tussel for the nomination. In order for the republicans to succeed the people must pick the man, and nominate him without interference by bosses; and he must be a man not hampered by anything that will be remembered from the last campaign, as well as a worker and a vote getter. Such a man has been suggested in the person of Frank Eddy, who is by all odds the most available man yet mentioned, even if he has not been referred to by the politicians, for the place of standard-bearer. It is not the politicians, but the people, that elect the governor.—Warroad Plaindealer.

How It Was Pronounced.

Who was it who declared that a German in despair at the difficulties of English pronunciation said that we write "caoutchouc" and read it "gutta percha?" He was not driven to such desperation as one of his countrymen who gave up the study of the language on being told that the "Mikado" was pronounced "a decided success."—Chicago News.

His Course.

Farmer Cornrack—Mandy, I got a letter from our boy sayin' he was gettin' ready to take a preparatory session, Mandy—A three months' course, I presume? Farmer Cornrack—No, I think not. He said somethin' about a nine hole course, twice around.—

The Dog Spider.

The giant of the whole spider family is the "hound" or "dog" spider of Madagascar. Its body weighs almost a pound, and each of its eight legs is longer and larger in diameter than the common cedar pencil. Each of its mandibles is three-fourths of an inch in length and very strong. The dog spider does not spread a net and lie in wait for its prey, as do the gigantic bird spiders of Ceylon, but "follows the trail" in exact imitation of a hound. It will follow a faint scent to and fro through the weeds and underbrush until the course is ascertained and then suddenly dart off in a bee line and quickly overtake the lizard, rat, mole or other animal of which it is in pursuit. It has been known to capture and kill lizards a foot or more in length, and Professor Barnaby tells of one which pounced upon and killed a full grown rat. The dog spider is said to be the only variety among the larger species of spiders which is absolutely nonvenomous, there being no more danger in its bite than there is in that of a squirrel or a rabbit.

Carpenter's Strokes to Drive a Nail.

How many hammer strokes does a carpenter use in driving a nail?

Perhaps not one carpenter in a thousand or one layman in ten times that number can tell or ever think of it. The truth of the matter is this: The carpenter takes seven strokes in driving a nail into ordinary wood and twelve regular strokes and two finishing taps in driving nails into hard wood.

These figures are furnished by a man who works at night and sleeps—or tries to sleep—by day and whose bedroom window opens out upon a flat building in course of erection. He figured the average number of hammer strokes for nine mornings and, having learned them, moved to a hotel until the new building is completed.

He discovered that the carpenter drives an average of three nails a minute in soft wood and a fraction under three in hard wood. At this rate he would drive 1,440 nails a day in soft wood if he keeps up the gait steadily and 1,282 in hard wood. He would give 10,080 hammer strokes in soft wood and 20,160 in hard wood.—Chicago Tribune.

Popular Names Abroad.

Numerous as are the members of the Smith family, they do not occupy as prominent a place in European directories as they do in those of England or at home, though they take up much room in the Berlin directory, 5,000 Schmidts being registered. They have to give room, however, to the Schultzes and Mullers. In Brussels the Jansen family is the most numerously represented, while the greater space in the Paris directory is given over to the Martinets.

Morelli and Vitelli are the names most numerous in Naples, and here the Smiths sink into significance; but, like the word "hello," the name of Smith is heard around the world and is represented in practically every directory published, more than may be said of any other surname, whatever its nationality.

England's Round Tree.

The heart of England is a sturdy member that throbs responsive to every call of duty. That, indeed, is not common to England, but is a heritage of every land where the love of country is deep in the breast of man. But the real heart of England—its exact geographical center—is altogether another proposition. So far from being occupied by patriotic sentiment, a tree exactly fills the space. It is called Round Tree and is both a picturesque and distinguished growth. Cold stone might mark the spot, but this living monument which greens as the snow melts is much more fitting. This ancient oak typifies the national strength, and the associations attached to it thickly as leaves in midsummer make it a thing of affection and veneration.

False Dice.

The following passage explains the various methods of cheating at dice in the Elizabethan era so well that I transcribe it in full for the benefit of commentators on old plays, etc., says a correspondent of London Notes and Queries. "What false dise use they? as dise stopped up with quicksilver and heares, dise of vauntage, flattes, gourdes to chop and chaunge whan they lyste, to lette the trew dise fall under the table, and so take up the false, and if they be true dise, what shyfte will they make to set ye one of them with slyding, with cogging, with foysting, with coytinge, as they call it."—Ascham's "Toxophilus," 1545.

Didn't Have to Pay Rent.

This is said to be how William Waldorf Astor gave the order for the fine offices built for the Pall Mall Gazette: Mr. Astor was signing checks one morning and was informed that one of them was for office rent. He laid down his pen and remarked: "Well, I must pay taxes and other expenses, but I need not pay rent. If it pays another man to erect a building and rent it to me, then it will pay me. Now," turning to his right hand man, "make arrangements for new offices. I don't want to hear anything more about it for a year." And so the offices were built.

Concerning Reading.

Of course reading may become a mere indulgence and dissipation, a habit to be corrected; also it is very evident that many great, resolute natures have been built up with little reading or by much reading of a few books and much pondering—much reading of men, of opinions, of events, rather than of the printed page. Men like Cromwell and Lincoln and others who have changed the course of modern history have been so nurtured. We could even point to a very great and effective modern scientific genius who, with an apparent aversion to scientific literature, gets his learning not so much from books as from experiments and from the "twenty question" system intelligently applied to friendly experts.—Century.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week,

tf G. H. SANDUM.

A friend of the home—
A foe of the Trust

Calumet Baking Powder

Complies with the Pure Food Laws of all States.

Do You Know Mme. Qui Vive?

Probably you do, for Mme. Qui Vive has a national reputation as an aspiring friend of every woman with a beauty woe. Her "Woman Beautiful" department in the daily and Sunday issues of The Chicago Record-Herald is a personal source of joyous helpfulness to womankind. Her instructions on complexion ills are interlarded here and there with snappy little epigrams as "cheerers." The weapons she suggests to beauty seekers for the complete annihilation of beauty grievances do not include artificial methods—"factory" frizzes, rouge and other horrors being barred. She gives instructions on correct breathing, what to eat, how to bathe—in brief, how to become a healthy, wholesome woman. No wonder she is popularly known to many thousands of women.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Chas. J. Fellman, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1905.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: On the ground floor of the two-story building situate on lot fourteen (14) of block thirty-nine (39) of the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having three outside entrances, one in front, one in side and one in rear.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire this 5th day of June, 1905.

CHAS. J. FELLMAN.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Friday the 30th day of June, 1905, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

[SEAL] K. O. GIGSTAD, Recorder.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, John J. Soll and H. A. Johnson, under the firm name and style of Soll & Johnson, hereby make application for a license to be granted to them to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1905.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: On the ground floor of the two-story building situate on lot thirteen (13) of block thirty-nine (39) of the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having three outside entrances, one in front, and two in rear.

Said applicants pray that such license be granted to them pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire this 5th day of June, 1905.

JOHN J. SOLL,
H. A. JOHNSON.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Friday the 30th day of June, 1905, at eight o'clock p. m. at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

[SEAL] K. O. GIGSTAD, Recorder.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Mike Anderson and John Maakrud, under the firm name and style of Anderson & Maakrud, hereby make application for a license to be granted to them to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1905.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: On the ground floor of the two-story building situate on lot ten (10) of block forty (40) of the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having three outside entrances, one in front, one in side and one in rear.

Said applicants pray that such license be granted to them pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire this 5th day of June, 1905.

MIKE ANDERSON.
JOHN MAAKRUD.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Friday the 30th day of June, 1905, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

[SEAL] K. O. GIGSTAD, Recorder.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, M. E. Bjerk hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1905.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: On the ground floor of the two-story frame building situate on lot eleven (11) in block forty (40) of the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having three outside entrances, one in front, one in side and one in rear.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire this 5th day of June, 1905.

M. E. BJERK.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Friday the 30th day of June, 1905, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard

[SEAL] K. O. GIGSTAD, Recorder.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, W. A. Arthur hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1905.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: On the ground floor of the three-story building situate on lot twenty (20) of block thirty-nine (39) of the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having two outside entrances; one in front and one in rear.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of the state of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire this 5th day of June, 1905.

W. A. ARTHUR.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Friday the 30th day of June, 1905, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

[SEAL] K. O. GIGSTAD, Recorder.

The Hope of Misfortune.

Pain is a soul tonic. Sorrow often brings out the best there is in us. Happiness does not develop character. It gives it surface brightness and decks it with prismatic bubbles. It takes the deep reaching arm of misfortune to trouble the depths and bring out the pearls that lie there. The most magnetic faces are lined by thought and noble care. Strong, unselfish love, even if misplaced and unappreciated, ennobles the lover. It is the frivolous, vanity born emotions that fritter away character and make faces insignificant. To fail in high aim after earnest and honest effort is not failure. The gain it brings in strength and discipline will appear in other directions. Misfortune has often in the history of the world been the means of making a poet, orator, philanthropist, scientist or statesman out of a person whose career but for the misfortune or physical disability would have been commonplace and influence limited.—Medical Talk.

Worked at It.

Mrs. Goodthing—Here's some pie, but you got a dinner from me yesterday. Why don't you learn some trade? Tramp—I have learned one, ma'am. I'm a retoucher.

CONKLIN BOILER WORKS

BOILER AND MACHINE WORK A SPECIALTY

Repair work done on all kinds of Boilers, Engines and Machinery: : : : :

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and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of

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TO THE
LEWIS AND CLARK EXPOSITION
VIA THE
Great Northern Ry.
"THE COMFORTABLE WAY"

For rates and detailed information, call on or address H. M. SWANSON, Local Agent, Great Northern Ry.

Send this coupon and 2 cents for handsomely illustrated booklet, "A Camera Journey to the Lewis and Clark Exposition," to

F. I. WHITNEY,
Passenger Traffic Manager ST. PAUL, MINN.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President. H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Name Your Route East

In purchasing your ticket East, if you care for an excellence in service and equipment not obtainable elsewhere, name your route

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

No additional charge to ride on the Pioneer Limited or the Fast Mail, the two most popular trains between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago. But it is necessary to name your route.

W. B. DIXON
Northwestern Passenger Agent
365 Robert Street, St. Paul.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

Modern Woodmen of America Convention.

On account of the biennial meeting of the Modern Woodmen of America and auxiliary societies at Milwaukee, Wis., June 17-24, the Great Northern will sell tickets at one fare plus 50 cents for the round trip. Tickets on sale for trains arriving in St. Paul or Sioux City June 16-19 inclusive, with final return limit June 27. Consult local agent for full particulars. 3

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.

Graduate of Copenhagen University.

Department for Diseases of the Eye

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Seed flax for sale by Leonard Holmes.

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

Great Northern Time Table.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at St. Hilaire.

PASSENGER

8:00 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
9:25 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
9:55 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
10:20 am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30 pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10 am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
J. J. SOLL, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE
Veterinary
Surgeon.
Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

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ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

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Call at....
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CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Go to L. M. Rolland & Sons for flour. We sell the "Mascot."

Mrs. George Hughes was a Crookston visitor the first of the week.

Holmes Bros. received a carload of binders and mowers last Tuesday.

Miss Carrie Hoff was a circus visitor at Crookston the first of the week.

Holmes Bros. have put in a telephone line from their store to the elevator.

A. R. Jones is looking after some business matters at Warren this week.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

P. K. Olson, the well known Plummer citizen, was a business visitor here on Thursday.

P. G. Otterness, of Cannon Falls, was here last Tuesday looking over his real estate interests here.

Martin E. Bjerk went down to Crookston on Monday evening and took in the big circus.

Norman Aimer left for Crookston last Monday, where he will attend the teacher's training school.

Manager Sivertson, of the Red Lake Falls Milling company, was a business visitor here on Thursday.

Bank Examiner O'Hern was here a couple of days the first of the week inspecting the local banks.

If the past week would have been in April the weather would have been seasonable, but rather wet.

O. Jackson, who has been visiting his son H. O. Jackson, left last Saturday for his home at Grafton, N. D.

Dr. F. C. Grace, of Davenport, Iowa, arrived on Wednesday and will make his son G. B. Grace an extended visit.

Miss Emma Hoff left last Monday for Moorhead, where she will attend the teacher's training school at the Normal.

Anton Anderson went down to Crookston on Monday evening. He said it was on business but he might have seen the circus.

Will Ittner came up from Red Lake Falls on Wednesday and made his brother A. F. Ittner, the SPECTATOR foreman, a short visit.

Bert Bivens and M. L. Griffith, of Crookston, representing the New York Life Insurance company, were doing business here yesterday.

Mrs. Geo. L. Austin, Alma Remington and Mabel Aimer attended the Epworth League convention at Thief River Falls last Saturday.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

President L. C. Simons came up from Red Lake Falls last Monday to relieve Cashier Gigstad and has had charge of the bank for the past week.

Miss Edith Dahl left last Monday for Moorhead, where she will attend the teacher's training school at the Normal for a six weeks' term.

Emil J. Holmes, of Cannon Falls, and Julius Pleth, of Plummer, were here a couple of days the first of the week with a party of land seekers.

Henry Miller has invented and built a well-drilling machine which is doing good work west of here. It is quite a simple affair but appears to do good work.

Mrs. Fred Barholz, of Fertile, who was here visiting her brother M. L. Hanson, was joined by her husband last Saturday. They left for their home at Fertile on Wednesday.

We have just received 800 pounds of special roasted coffee worth 18c per pound which we will sell at 15c per pound as long as it lasts.
L. M. ROLLAND & SONS.

K. O. Gigstad left last Monday for Minneapolis where he will attend the Banker's convention. Mr. Gigstad will also visit his old home in Wisconsin and expects to be gone about ten days.

We have just received a new line of boys', ladies', misses' and children's shoes, misses' and children's slippers, and are selling them very reasonable. Don't buy until you have examined our line.
M. L. HANSON.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

Mrs. R. H. Duntley went down to Fertile last evening to attend the wedding of her niece.

There was a very light frost on Thursday morning, but from what we can learn very little damage was done.

Chas. Fellman, K. R. Killand and Carl Lund left on Monday for Blackduck where they are attending the fireman's tournament as representatives of the local department. They are expected to return home today.

W. A. Gould, the logging superintendent for the Crookston Lumber company, was here yesterday. Mr. Gould informed us that most of the driving was finished for the season and that all of the mills had a big supply of logs on hand.

A number of articles have disappeared in the village lately and it seems to be the general opinion that a gang of boys of the village are the thieves. If a few were sent to the reform school it would probably have a good effect on the others. Something should be done.

Miss Eva Johnson and Miss Huldah Gigstad went over to Grand Forks last Saturday to take in the commencement exercises at the Grand Forks College. Miss Johnson returned home on Wednesday and Miss Gigstad went down to Moorhead, where she will attend the teacher's training school.

Red Lake Courier: The Board of Audit, James E. Ford, Joseph Perrault and O. J. Johnson, have concluded their labors of checking up the county's money in the office of the county treasurer. They found the snug sum of $69,256.05 cash on hand and in banks. The board's figures correspond exactly with balance as shown by the treasurer's books.

The Modern Brotherhood of America Lodge was organized last Saturday evening with twenty-four members by Organizer D. D. Horton. H. O. Jackson was chosen president, H. E. Ives, vice-president; Jas. McAndress, secretary; Mrs. K. R. Killand, chaplain; Miss Eva Corno, conductor; A. S. Wilson, treasurer, and A. F. Blomburgh, physician.

Box car merchants will not have things all their own way in the future as the state dairy and food commissioner will investigate their methods. In the past they would take orders until they got a carload and then ship in and deliver inferior, adulterated and short weight goods. In the future if anyone will tell the commissioner when a delivery is to be made an inspector will be on hand to look the goods over and prevent swindling.

Red Lake Courier: A work train for the Great Northern Railroad arrived in this city Saturday and a large force of men were employed the first of the week taking dirt out of the new cut south of the depot. Twenty-five carloads were taken out each day for three or four days, but it is said the bank caved in about as fast as the dirt was taken out. The company has been to a great expense with this stretch of track and the end is not yet.

Pat Sullivan, river foreman for the Grand Forks Lumber company has a drive of about seven million feet of logs between here and Thief River Falls. A few have been sluiced through the dam here and the balance will follow as fast as possible. It is going to be a close call for him to get by here as every trail is full. Something over fifteen million feet of logs are being held here at present and the storage capacity is being taxed to its utmost to allow a free river for the down river logs.

Commencing next Monday a new train service will be inaugurated on this branch of the Great Northern. The passenger train will run from Crookston to Greenbush and return instead of laying over at Thief River Falls. So far it has not been announced that there will be a change of time. The freight will also run to Greenbush daily, going up one day and back the next, taking two crews. There has been no announcement in regard to the Wylie service. The Great Northern will not carry the mail there after July 1st, and it is not known what train service they will give the people.

Making a Record.

Everyone will be pleased to know that the St. Hilaire creamery is making a new record this year. At present they are making more butter, getting a higher premium on the New York market and are paying more to the farmers for butter fat than any creamery in Northern Minnesota. They have been turning out about 90 tubs of butter a week lately and on last Tuesday had the banner churning of the season. They had to churn four times that day and made 2600 pounds of butter. This is in the neighborhood of $500 worth made in a single day. Who says a creamery don't pay?

Norwegian School.

Commencing next Monday in the Norwegian Synod church, Oscar Spoonheim will start a six-weeks' term of school in the Norwegian language.

For Rent or Sale.

I will rent or sell the three-room cottage on Water street near the Swedish Lutheran church. Inquire of Andrew Soderberg. jl15

Chickens Wanted.

L. M. Rolland & Sons will buy 200 live chickens for cash. Bring them in immediately.

Good Pasture.

Good pasture for rent. Apply to G. H. Sandum, Sec. 14, River Falls.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Commits Suicide From Fear.

A homesteader near Huss, in Roseau county, who feared the result of an examination into his homestead rights and his residence upon his property by Special Agent Layman, of Crookston, was found hanging from a rafter in his barn Monday. Deputy Coroner Dr. Hubbard, of Greenbush, viewed the remains and, it being a clear case of suicide, no inquest was ordered. The man's name was Osten O. Braatrud, and he leaves a wife and two children. On the day of the suicide deceased, accompanied by his family and several neighbors, started for Greenbush to make final proof on his homestead. Before reaching town, however, he seems to have yielded to apprehensions about the government special agent's examination into his proof and drove back home, the rest of the party proceeding to Greenbush. When they returned in the evening, the man was found dead, as above stated. Evidently he had attempted to end his life by severing the arteries in his ankles with a razor and had gone to bed to await the end, but, getting impatient with the slowness of this method, procured a clothes line and completed the job.

Special Agent Layman, of the United States land office in Crookston, was in charge of the investigations at Greenbush, at which Braatrud was to prove up on his claim. The haste with which relatives of the dead man buried the remains has aroused considerable talk in the vicinity of the affair and the county attorney at the present time is investigating. The fact that the coroner approved of the course taken however, would lead to the belief that there was no crooked work connected with the affair.

Trains to Red Lake Agency.

Trains will be running on the new Wilton & Red Lake railway October 1, and the road will run directly into the present agency.

At Island Lake, seven miles south of the agency, a town will be platted which will probably be called Island Lake. It will be in the center of a very excellent country where there is already a large settlement of practical farmers. The country abounds in hardwood and considerable dairying is already carried on.

From Spaulding to Island Lake is a distance of 14 miles and a town will also be platted midway between these two points. The distance from Wilton to Island Lake is 31 miles and most of this has been graded. Some steel has been laid out of Wilton, the iron used being unusually heavy. Track laying now awaits the arrival of additional steel.

Major Scott is said to heartily approve of the entry of the road into the agency, being convinced that the railroad is one of the greatest factors in the civilization of the Indian.

Destroying Trapping.

Ole Dahlgren, of Roseau county, one of the oldest trappers in Northern Minnesota, says trapping as a trade in the wilds of the northern section of the state is being destroyed by the ravages of the foreign and domestic hunters and that before long the lone backwoods trapper will be a thing of the past.

Mr. Dahlgren, according to the Crookston Times, stated that the past winter has resulted in a fair amount of profit to him from his work in the big timber country. During the season of 1904-05 he secured 4 bears, 30 lynx and a large number of minks and muskrats. In all during the past twelve years Dahlgren has bagged 63 full grown bears. Last winter's catch was worth for the hides secured just $800 and that is the amount secured by Dahlgren for his work.

Installments on Red Lake Lands.

U. S. Land Office,
Crookston, Minn., June 16, 1905.

The installments on Red Lake lands are due one year after purchase, and must be paid within 60 days thereafter, or lands will be forfeited. In order to get the correct amount of the installment, multiply the number of acres by the price paid per acre, and from this amount deduct the 20 per cent paid at the time of purchase, and divide the balance by 3. This will give the exact amount of the five installments. Always give the description of the lands, and present postoffice address. No private checks will be accepted from anybody.
A. F. GEORGE,
Receiver.

(Other papers please copy.)

New Forms of Plant Life.

Mr. Luther Burbank has devoted his life to the production of new forms of fruits, trees, flowers, vegetables, grasses, and nuts with success that his productions are said to be more wonderful than the flowers and fruits of California. This man is the best known botanist in the world and his works will go down in history, and yet we believe his work is no more important than that of the men who have perfected golden grain belt beer from a mere table beverage to a tonic of wonderful strength and power. Its purity and healthfulness make it an invaluable addition to any home. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Holmes Bros. received a carload of binders and mowers last Tuesday.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 14, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 28th, 1905, viz:

Michael Ault Jr., H. E. No. 21320, for the SE¼ Sec. 8, T. 153 N., R. 45 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Swan Englund, of Tweet, Minn.
Emil Larson, of Wylie, Minn.
Andrew E. Anderson, of Wylie, Minn.
Gust Peterson, of Wylie, Minn.

A. F. GEORGE,
Receiver.

(Jun24Jul22)

A TRAINING SCHOOL

County Supt. McAnulty Gives Information About the Summer Training School.

The Red Lake county summer school will begin July 5th in the high school building in Red Lake Falls and will continue in session four weeks of six days each, making a total of 24 days of school, with the following corps of instructors: Prof. C. S. Yeager, of Fosston, as conductor, with Adolph Olson, of Brandon; Mrs. W. A. McIntyre, of Red Lake Falls, and Endell Everdell, of Moorhead, as assistants.

Mr. Yeager and Mrs. McIntyre are too well known to the teachers of Red Lake county to need any introduction. Mr. Olson is a specialist in the branches he will teach, having taken a special course in those studies at the Chicago University. Mrs. Everdell comes direct from the Moorhead Normal and will teach the same subjects at the summer school which she taught at the normal school.

All branches required by law for first and second grade state certificates, will be taught.

During the session evening lectures will be delivered by State Supt. J. W. Olson, Pres. Frank A. Weld and other prominent educators of the state.

A report of the school will be published in the county papers at the close of the session, which will contain the names of all teachers who receive certificates of perfect attendance, also the number of days each teacher attends, as well as the names of teachers who do not attend.

State teachers examinations will be held Aug. 3, 4 and 5.

You are requested to bring any text books you may have treating on any of the subjects required for second or first grade certificates.

All parties desiring my aid in securing board or rooms should write me as soon as possible or call at my office in the court house on arriving in the city.

The summer school affords a splendid opportunity for teachers to improve both in scholarships and methods of teaching and all teachers as well as those who expect to teach the coming year are expected to attend.

H. T. MCANULTY, Co. Supt.
Dated Red Lake Falls, June 22, 1905.

An Atlas for $1.00.

The Great Northern Railway has issued an Atlas of 56 pages containing up to date maps of Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, Alaska, Hawaii, Japan, Philippine Islands, China, the United States and of the World.

In addition to this, the Atlas contains valuable statistical information relative to the states named above, is printed on the very best quality of paper, shows the lines of the Great Northern Railway, and is in every way a commendable work.

This Atlas will be distributed at the actual cost of production and will be sent to any address upon receipt of $1.00. Address, F. I. Whitney, Passenger Traffic Manager, Great Northern Railway, St. Paul, Minn. jl29

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

RAPP &
POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

The Pedestal
of Honor

is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.

Ladies' Shoes
like ours are not to be found in every store.

HAIL INSURANCE

DO you want to insure your crops against Hail in a first class Company that always pay their losses promptly? If you do, call and see us in regard to a policy in the old and reliable St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Company.

When you buy Insurance get the best

H. E. IVES, Agent, ST. HILAIRE
Minnesota

Billiard and Sample Room
WE CARRY THE BEST
OF EVERYTHING IN
Wines and Liquors
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
CIGARS.
BEER.
MINNEAPOLIS AND MILWAUKEE
BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.
"CORNER SALOON" South of the Bank.

Headquarters
Restaurant...
A. F. Lang
Proprietor
Short Orders a Specialty.
Located in rear of J. J. Soll's Saloon.

Great
Northern
Railway.....
No. 3. THE "FLYER"
ONLY MORNING
TRAIN
from
ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS
FOR MONTANA and
the PACIFIC COAST
Makes Immediate Connection with Limited and Fast Mail Trains from Chicago and the East.
EVERY DAY.

So-called diseases of the eye or nerves, cross-eyes, fits, St. Vitus dance, stomach, liver or female complaints, cured by nature and the assistance of Dr. Lanctot, Ophthalmologist, Crookston. tf

FOURTH OF JULY
CELEBRATION
AT
ST. HILAIRE
RED LAKE FALLS BAND
ST. HILAIRE BAND
CHAMPIONSHIP BASE BALL GAME—
THIEF RIVER FALLS vs. WHITE EARTH INDIANS.
ALL KINDS OF RACES AND GAMES
INDUSTRIAL PARADE
BOWERY DANCE - - FIREWORKS
PLENTY OF NOISE—LOTS OF FUN!!!

SADIE ROBINSON.

Pretty Girl Suffered From Nervousness and Pelvic Catarrh—Found Quick Relief in a Few Days.

NERVOUSNESS AND WEAKNESS CURED BY PE-RU-NA.

Miss Sadie Robinson, 4 Rand street, Malden, Mass., writes:

"Peruna was recommended to me about a year ago as an excellent remedy for the troubles peculiar to our sex and as I found that all that was said of this medicine was true, I am pleased to endorse it.

"I began to use it about seven months ago for weakness and nervousness, caused from overwork and sleeplessness, and found that in a few days I began to grow strong, my appetite increased and I began to sleep better, consequently my nervousness passed away and the weakness in the pelvic organs soon disappeared and I have been well and strong ever since."

Address Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O., for free medical advice. All correspondence strictly confidential.

HOUSE FLIES CARRY GERMS.

As Full of Deleterious Microbes as a Dog Is of Fleas.

The house fly is, of itself, a great disseminator of disease, partaking and polluting as it does the food and drink of man. Military authorities have noticed that officers whose tents were fly-screened suffered proportionately less from the attacks of typhoid fever than did those whose tents were unprotected. The latter seems well nigh impossible, but one of the two must be done. The mosquito carries malaria and yellow fever, the rat carries the plague, the cat and the dog hydrophobia, the hog trichina, the sheep, cattle and horses anthrax and glanders, and they all carry tuberculosis.—Leslie's Magazine.

MADE NEW STRENGTH

QUICKER THAN DOCTOR'S TONICS, SAYS TYPHOID PATIENT.

Young Lady Left by Fever in Very Weak State Uses Dr. Williams' Pink Pills with Gratifying Results.

After a fever, such as typhoid or scarlet, has run its full course there remains the recovery of strength. The tonic that will most rapidly increase the red corpuscles in the blood is the one that will most quickly restore color to the pale cheeks, strength to the weak muscles, and elasticity to the sluggish nerves. So far nothing has ever been produced superior to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for this purpose.

Miss Midendorf had been ill with typhoid fever for fourteen weeks. She had a good physician who carried her safely through the critical stages. When he left, nothing remained to be done except to build up her strength, which was very feeble, and he gave her some prescriptions for that purpose. Here, however, she met with disappointment.

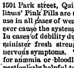
"I took the doctor's tonics," she says, "for two months after I had recovered from the fever, but they did not do me the good I looked for. My strength came back so slowly that I scarcely seemed to be making any progress at all. Just then I read in a book thrown in our yard some striking testimonials showing what wonderful blood-builders and strength-givers Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are. I got a box of them soon after this and after I had taken only about half of them I could see a very great improvement in my condition. When I had used up two boxes, I felt that I did not need any more medicine. I have remained strong ever since."

Miss E. B. Midendorf lives at No. 1501 Park street, Quincy, Ill. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best remedy to use in all cases of weakness, from whatever cause the system may be run down. In cases of debility due to overwork they minister fresh strength and overcome nervous symptoms. They are a specific for anæmia or bloodlessness. They are particularly helpful to girls on the verge of womanhood. They meet all the requirements of the period known as the change of life. They correct spring languor. They strengthen weak digestion and rouse up sluggish organs. No other tonic combines so many virtues. All druggists sell them.

It takes a lot of ice cream and candy to properly decorate love's young dream.

The fear of the Lord is a good foundation for any life.

THE DAISY FLY KILLER destroys all the flies and affords comfort to every home—in dining-room, sleeping-room and places where flies are troublesome. Clean, neat, will not soil or injure anything. Try them once, you will never be without them. If not kept by dealers, sent prepaid for 20c. Harold Somers, 149 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.



PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

POULTRY

Thoughts on Breeds.

Each breed of fowls has been bred for a particular purpose, and a man in purchasing a breed should make certain that he knows the purpose for which the breed he wants is adapted.

A breed of fowls that has been carefully nurtured for generations is less able to stand rough conditions than the scrub fowls that have come up under all kinds of adverse conditions.

The old breeds were at first developed no man knows how. The Mediterranean breeds have the capacity of laying a good many eggs and of not sitting, but it is not known that these characteristics were bred into them intentionally.

The Langshan breed is one of the oldest in the world and was bred in north China for centuries before being brought to this country. How it attained its form and color is not known. It is probable that the Chinaman of that country liked a black fowl, a big fowl and one that would lay many eggs in winter.

We have enough breeds now, but we are sure that many new ones will come in during the present generation. Men will not be satisfied without experimenting, even though there be no particular object in their experimentation.—Estella Harper, Carroll Co., Ill., in Farmers' Review.

Black Langshans.

The Langshan breed is one of the oldest in the world and has been evidently kept pure for centuries. It originated in north China centuries ago. It is the smallest of the Asiatic breeds and is more active than any of the others. Without doubt it is one of the best laying breeds we have, and probably exceeds in this respect, any of the other breeds from Asia. A good many poultry raisers in the United States are so much in love with the Langshans that they raise them entirely. The flesh of the Langshan is white, while the flesh of the other Asiatic breeds is yellow. The flesh of the Langshan is excellent for eating, being fine grained, tender and nicely flavored.

The Culls.

Most of our farmers never cull out their flocks and some that do, cull in the wrong direction. When the time comes for selling off the surplus stock the very best should be kept for foundation of the future flock. Too often this future flock must depend on the culls for its existence. The butcher or the traveling buyer will pay more for the well-formed well-developed fowls than he will for the other kind, and the owner instinctively feels that his poorest birds will develop into good ones in time. Therefore he will sell off the ones that bring the most money at that time. The culls should go first, and the best birds of the flock should not be let go of at any price.

Young Chicks.

This is the time of year when many broods of chicks are coming out of the shells to claim the attention of the farmer. The feeding of chicks is a matter that cannot be ignored. They cannot be fed at odd times like the old hens nor will they be satisfied with two or three feeds a day. They must have at least five feeds each day, and only a small quantity of food can be given at each feeding. No food must be allowed to sour, and much of the food must be given in a form that will make the chicks exercise to get it.

Scaly Legs.

When the fowls have scaly legs grease them, and if the greasing is thoroughly done the insects that are causing the scales to rise will be killed. All insects are killed by grease, which stops up the pores by which they breathe. If the cold lard does not get into the remote parts under the scales heat the lard and dip the legs of the fowls into it. This is a treatment that does not hurt the fowl, but is death to the insects that make the trouble.

An Egg Record.

At the Cornell station last year 250 hens laid an average of 129.7 eggs. The cost of feeding a hen a year was put at 99.6 cents. The average cost per dozen of eggs for the year was 9.2 cents. The returns for each hen over the cost of food was $1.31. That is a pretty good record considering the large number of hens being kept, as it is doubtless true that some of the hens laid very few eggs.

Flies on Cattle.

Last week I heard the owner of a pedigreed bull tell his men to put some fly exterminating preparation on the back of the bull, as the flies were collecting along his back in such numbers as to make him sore in a very short time. This bull was in a pen less than a quarter of an acre in size. It may be that he would have been less affected if he had had the run of the pasture.

I know that flies are hard things to fight and that the battle is not always a successful one. I think that many of our pastures are so shaped and so supplied with watering and feeding places as to encourage the flies. This is most certainly the case when the watering and feeding places are at the same end of the pasture as the shade that the cattle will seek in the middle of the day.

Last winter at an Illinois institute I heard one speaker tell how his pasture was planned, with the object of obviating this difficulty. He had his feeding and watering places near the barn, but the shade at the other end of the pasture. The flies, if they stay on the cattle, must stay with them while they are grazing out in the open pasture toward the shady place. Flies do not like the sun and wind and generally leave the cattle before they get far and return to the feeding troughs. In this way the cattle are secured from the attacks of the flies during most of the day. I have not tried the plan myself, but it looks feasible.—Frank Kidder, Cass Co., Ill., in Farmers' Review.

DAIRY NOTES

The Preservative Question.

The United States Department of Agriculture is coming in for a good deal of adverse comment for excluding from our ports a consignment of Australasian butter that contained a large amount of boron preservative. The critics are saying that the government should recognize the fact that preservatives are being used in the butter manufactured in this country as well as in the butter coming in from foreign parts. A London paper takes up the matter and says that during the last ten years the people of Great Britain have consumed two hundred thousand tons of butter with boracic acid in it and that not one case of injury can be proved against it. Well, how could such a case be proved? No mater how much injury may have been done to the consumers it is not possible to say for a certainty that such a result did ensue. On the other hand, it is the part of the preservative dealers to prove that the substance they sell is not harmful, and they have not done that. The United States Department of Agriculture does not take action like the above without having some good reason for its action. We are having too much preservative used in foods anyway, and any action of the government looking to the decreasing of the amount used will have the support of most of the people.

Testing Associations.

No matter how smart a nation is, it can learn something from almost any other nation. The Danes have given us a good object lesson in the establishing of testing associations, by which each farmer is enabled to know the performance of each cow, as to weight of milk produced daily and percentage of butter-fat in same. We have been a long time adopting the Danish method, as to organization. We have done a great deal of testing of individual cows and now and then a herd has been tested, but we have not tried very hard to get at the herds of the farmers not interested in scientific matters.

We are therefore doubly glad to learn that a testing association has been organized near Athens, Wis., and there the Danish method is to be given a chance to show what it will do under American methods. The association when formed this spring had twenty-six members, and each farmer will have his herd tested once a month. The man that is to do the testing travels from herd to herd, spending a day in each place, both weighing and testing the milk from each cow. The association pays the salary and incidental expenses of the man doing the testing, but he has free board at the home of each member while testing his herd.

Finances of the Creamery.

The way in which the finances of a creamery are handled will determine to a considerable degree the success of the creamery. I believe that it is a mistake for any creamery association to arrange for the declaring of big dividends on the capital stock, especially if the shares are not equally divided among the men that supply milk to the creamery. Anyway it is a safer plan to have most all of the profits go back to the milk producers in the shape of a better price on milk. I know a creamery where the capital stock really pays about 20 per cent, but I very much fear that when such a dividend is declared something about the creamery is being neglected. If any dividend is paid at all, it should be a small one, and the surplus should either go back to the farmers on milk or should go into improvements in the creamery.—James Garlinger, Berrien Co., Mich., in Farmers' Review.

Big Cheeses.

Now and then big cheeses are made for exhibition at great fairs and expositions. Canada sent a large one to the Columbian exposition and at one of the world's fairs held in England three English factories combined and made a ton cheese. Now the New Zealanders regard it as their turn and have made a ton cheese which has been sent to the Crystal Palace, London, where it is to be on exhibition this summer.

Our Butter.

The United States produces annually about 1,500,000,000 pounds of butter, which is made on about four million farms. The people that take part in the production of this butter number about 7,000,000. The estimated value is about $300,000,000, as it is approximately worth 20 cents per pound. About 96 per cent of this butter is used in the United States, and only 4 per cent goes to other countries. Of the butter that is exported very little is of high grade, the inferior qualities only being exported at a profit.

English Butter Imports.

The importation of butter into England last year amounted to a total of over 212,000 tons, received from foreign countries as follows (tons): Denmark, 85,430; Russia, 20,235; France, 18,553; New Zealand, 14,749; Canada, 13,430; Victoria, 12,785; Holland, 12,613; Sweden, 10,339; New South Wales, 7,981; United States, 3,437; Queensland, 2,873; Germany, 204; other countries, 9,315.

Overcrowding Chicks.

Overcrowding of chicks in brooders results in weakening the chicks that remain alive after a number have been killed. Some have said that it was a good way to kill off the weak ones in that way, but we doubt it. It is not a rare occurrence to have a weak child or a weak animal or bird develop into a strong being at maturity. When we overcrowd the chicks we give to them conditions that are injurious to life and health. It may be that the set-back will never be overcome by good conditions afterward.

ALL DONE OUT.

Veteran Joshua Heller, of 706 South Walnut Street, Urbana, Ill., says: "In the fall of 1899 after taking Doan's Kidney Pills I told the readers of this paper that they had relieved me of kidney trouble, disposed of a lame back with pain across my loins and beneath the shoulder blades. During the interval which has elapsed I have had occasion to resort to Doan's Kidney Pills when I noticed warnings of an attack. On each and every occasion the results obtained were just as satisfactory as when the pills were first brought to my notice. I just as emphatically endorse the preparation to-day as I did over two years ago."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. proprietors. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

Earnings.

Office Boy—Wy, cert, I want more pay; I'm only getting "four" a week, and give my mother all I earn.

Proprietor—What do you do with the other three and a half?—Puck.

Mistakes in Encyclopedias.

A man who has done a great deal of work in correcting some large dictionaries, encyclopedias and historical reference works, who has studied ten languages and who is well posted on a number of foreign lands, examined over 15,000 pages of an encyclopedia recently published in this country. Much of the work he did without the publishers' knowledge. Though this encyclopedia was considered to have been edited very carefully, he discovered over 1,000 mistakes in the first volume alone. In the following volumes he found many thousands.—Success Magazine.

Improbability's Limit.

"My boy," said the publisher, as the author approached with a bundle of manuscript, "don't take up my time unless you have something new and wildly improbable. Improbability is what the public wants."

"And I've got it," declared the author, triumphantly. "My hero earns a million dollars writing poetry."

Speechless with joy, the happy publisher fell upon his neck and wept silent but none the less real tears.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Why Touch-Me-Not.

The columbine, geranium and lockspur we think of together, because they are all named after birds—the dove, the crane and the "crane's bill," and if you notice the seed pods of a geranium you will notice that they do look like the long bill of a crane. The touch-me-not gets its name from a peculiarity of the seed pod, too, but not a peculiarity of appearance. It is the pod you must not touch, for if you do it will burst and out will fly the seeds.—St. Nicholas.

RIVALS TO PRECIOUS STONES.

Beautiful Semi-Gems Cause Slump in Diamond Sales.

Talk about a yellow peril! Jewelers face enemies that are green, brown, pink and blue, in the form of necklaces of semi-precious stones, which have become so popular they have caused a slump in the sale of diamonds. Many women who would scorn to wear imitation gems, no matter how attractive they were, are ready to adorn themselves with chains of kunzite, onyx and jade, for those minerals make no pretense of being other than they are and are wonderfully effective. Mrs. George Gould has a necklace of the water stones of Uruguay which she sometimes wears with white gowns. They are semi-transparent, and every one holds a drop of water in its center which moves with every motion. With simple attire, such ornaments are much more suitable than pearls.—New York Press.

FOOD IN SERMONS.

Feed the Dominie Right and the Sermons Are Brilliant.

A conscientious, hard-working and eminently successful clergyman writes: "I am glad to bear testimony to the pleasure and increased measure of efficiency and health that have come to me from adopting Grape-Nuts food as one of my article sof diet.

"For several years I was much distressed during the early part of each day by indigestion. My breakfast, usually consisting of oatmeal, milk and eggs, seemed to turn sour and failed to digest. After dinner the headache and other symptoms following the breakfast would wear away, only to return, however, next morning.

"Having heard of Grape-Nuts food, I finally concluded to give it a fair trial. I quit the use of oatmeal and eggs, and made my breakfast of Grape-Nuts, cream, toast and Postum. The result was surprising in improved health and total absence of the distress that had, for so long a time, followed the morning meal. My digestion became once more satisfactory, the headaches ceased, and the old feeling of energy returned. Since that time, four years ago, I have always had Grape-Nuts food on my breakfast table.

"I was delighted to find also, that whereas before I began to use Grape-Nuts food I was quite nervous and became easily wearied in the work of preparing sermons and in study, a marked improvement in this respect resulted from the change in my diet. I am convinced that Grape-Nuts food produced this result and helped me to a sturdy condition of mental and physical strength.

"I have known of several persons who were formerly troubled as I was, and who have been helped as I have been, by the use of Grape-Nuts food, on my recommendation, among whom may be mentioned the Rev. ——, now a missionary to China." Name given by Postum Company, Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason."

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

HANGED EITHER WAY.

Given His Choice of Either Texas or Arkansas Law.

A white man was arraigned before a colored justice of the peace during reconstruction times for killing a man and stealing a mule. It was in Arkansas, near the Texas border and there was some rivalry between the states, but the colored justice tried always to preserve an impartial frame of mind.

"We'se got two kinds ob law in dis yere co't," he said. "Texas law and Arkansas law. Which will you hab?"

The prisoner thought a minute and then guessed he would take the Arkansas law.

"Den I discharge you fo' stealin' de mule an' hang you fo' killin' de man."

"Hold on a minute, judge," said the prisoner. "Better make it Texas law."

"All right. Under de law ob Texas I fine yo' fo' killin' de man and hang yo' for stealin' de mule."—Chicago Chronicle.

Why He Smiled.

The Japanese emperor smiled upon the court.

"And what," he asked, "what news from the war?"

"There are, your majesty," answered the prime minister, "reports of a battle off the coast."

"I am convinced," observed the emperor, with a twinkle, "I am convinced that if there has been any trouble on the ocean the Russians are at the bottom of it."—Judge.

When Brown Looked Blue.

"Isn't Brown looking a little disturbed?"

"Well, maybe. You see, the hired girl is cleaning house, the twins have the measles, his bookkeeper has run off with his stenographer and his wife will return from a club expedition this afternoon and has to be told that the dog catcher has nabbed her poodle."—Grand Rapids Press.

SAVED CHILD'S LIFE.

Remarkable Cure of Dropsy by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Sedgwick, Ark., June 19.—The case of W. S. Taylor's little son is looked upon by those interested in medical matters as one of the most wonderful on record. In this connection his father makes the following statement:

"Last September my little boy had dropsy; his feet and limbs were swollen to such an extent that he could not walk or put his shoes on. The treatment that the doctors were giving him seemed to do him no good, and two or three people said his days were short, even the doctors, two of the best in the country, told me he would not get better. I stopped their medicine and at once sent for Dodd's Kidney Pills. I gave him three Pills a day, one morning, noon and night for eight days; at the end of the eighth day the swelling was all gone, but to give the medicine justice, I gave him eleven more pills. I used thirty-five Pills in all and he was entirely cured. I consider your medicine saved my child's life. When the thirty-five Pills were given him, he could run, dance and sing, whereas before he was an invalid in his mother's arms from morning until night."

Breakdowns.

"I was out with my automobile eight hours yesterday."

"You mean to say you were in the machine that long?"

"No. I was in it an hour and under it seven hours fixing the breaks."—Chicago News.

Good for Tolliver.

"They are in great luck up at Tolliver's house. They've got the dearest little—"

"No!"

"Dearest, cunningest—"

"Well, well!"

"Cutest little—"

"Good for Tolliver!"

"Sweetest little electric runabout you ever laid eyes on."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Uncongenial.

Mrs. Jenner Lee Ondego—What do you know about those people that have moved into the house next door to you?

Mrs. Seldome-Holme—They appear to be disagreeable, suspicious kind of people. They keep their window blind down all the time. I suspect the woman does her own housework.—

Chronic.

"Do you think that a man is useless to society when he is forty?"

"It isn't true of all men," answered Miss Cayenne. "But a great many are just as useless at forty as they were at twenty and thirty."—Chicago Journal.

"I Went Home to Die from Gravel Trouble. Doctors failed. Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy cured me." Mrs. C. W. Brown, Petersburg, N. Y.

A flow of language is not the same as a flood of love.

"Yes"
Churches
School Houses
and Homes
ought to be decorated and made beautiful and healthful by using
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THE SANITARY WALL COATING

A Rock Cement in white and beautiful tints. Does not rub or scale. Destroys disease germs and vermin. No washing of walls after once applied. Any one can brush it on—mix with cold water. Plain tinting and whitening, and the most elaborate relief, stencil work and frescoing may be done with it. Other finishes (bearing fanciful names and mixed with hot water) do not have the cementing property of Alabastine. They are stuck on with glue or other animal matter, which rots, feeding disease germs, rubbing, scaling and spoiling walls, clothing, etc. Such finishes must be washed off every year—costly, filthy work. Buy Alabastine only in five-pound packages, properly labeled. Tint card, pretty wall and ceiling design, "Hints on Decorating, and our artists' services in making color plans, free.

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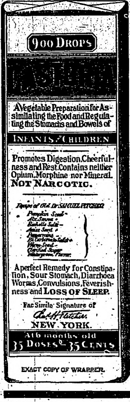

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INFANTS & CHILDREN
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Pumpkin Seed -
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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
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35 DOSES — 35 CENTS
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The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

HIS REWARD.

Balky Auto, Industrious Chauffeur and Grateful Stranger.

It stubbornly refused to throb internally.

A man wearing an oilskin cap, goggles and a long, light duster turned the crank handle with energy, like a man drawing water from a chain pump.

He paused for breath.

"Give it another twist!" "Turn it good!" "Say, where's your muscle?" These various gas explosions came, not from the refractory motor, but from sundry onlookers.

Once more the patient chauffeur hopefully seized the crank and ground it strenuously. No result. He paused again to remove his cap and catch his breath.

An elderly gentleman, observing the action, stepped forward and dropped a coin in the upturned cap. He said with calm appreciation:

"It's the only monkey organ I ever saw that wasn't a pesky nuisance. You deserve the nickel."

Then He Departed.

He (time 11:45 p. m.)—I hope your father doesn't object to my paying you visits?

She—No; but I think he would prefer having you pay them in instalments.—Detroit Tribune.

A parson is always the best man at a wedding. He gets the coin and takes no chances.

LEAVES NO SCAR
Cures—
Cuts,
Sprains,
Bruises,
Rheumatism,
And All Hurts of Man or Beast
DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL
The World's Greatest Healer
OLNEY & McDAID, Mfrs., Clinton, Ia.
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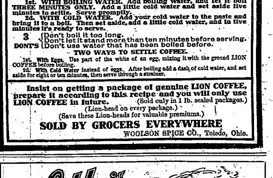
FOR WOMEN
troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness, cures leucorrhœa and nasal catarrh.
Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all
TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES
For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.
Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.
THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

The Secret of Good Coffee

Even the best housekeepers cannot make a good cup of coffee without good material. Dirty, adulterated and queerly blended coffee such as unscrupulous dealers shovel over their counters won't do. But take the pure, clean, natural flavored **LION COFFEE**, the leader of all package coffees—the coffee that for over a quarter of a century has been daily welcomed in millions of homes—and you will make a drink fit for a king in this way:

HOW TO MAKE GOOD COFFEE:
Use LION COFFEE, because to get best results you must use the best coffee.
Grind your LION COFFEE rather fine. Use "a tablespoonful to each cup, and one extra for the pot." First mix it with a little cold water, enough to make a thick paste, and add white of an egg (if egg is to be used as a settler), then follow one of the following rules:
1st. WITH BOILING WATER. Add boiling water, and let it boil THREE MINUTES ONLY. Add a little cold water and set aside five minutes to settle. Serve promptly.
2d. WITH COLD WATER. Add your cold water to the paste and bring it to a boil. Then set aside, add a little cold water, and in five minutes it's ready to serve.
3 DONT'S
Don't boil it too long.
Don't let it stand more than ten minutes before serving.
Don't use water that has been boiled before.
TWO WAYS TO SETTLE COFFEE.
1st. With Eggs. Use part of the white of an egg, mixing it with the ground LION COFFEE before boiling.
2d. With Cold Water instead of eggs. After boiling add a dash of cold water, and set aside for eight or ten minutes, then serve through a strainer.

Insist on getting a package of genuine LION COFFEE, prepare it according to this recipe and you will only use LION COFFEE in future. (Sold only in 1 lb. sealed packages.)
(Lion-head on every package.)
(Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.)
SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE
WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.



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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1905. NUMBER 50.

RUSS WARSHIP'S CREW REVOLTS

CAPTAIN AND MOST OF OFFICERS MURDERED AND THROWN OVERBOARD.

GUNS TRAINED ON ODESSA

SPECTACLE OF OPEN REVOLT ON WARSHIPS INFLUENCES POPULACE.

MILITARY UTTERLY HELPLESS

RIOTERS IN DEFIANT MOOD HAVE COMPLETE CONTROL OF CITY.

Odessa, June 29. — The red flag of revolution is hoisted at the masthead of the Kniaz Potemkine, Russia's most powerful battleship in the Black sea, which now lies in the harbor in the hands of mutineers.

The captain and most of the officers were murdered and thrown overboard in the open sea and the ship is completely in the possession of the crew and a few officers who have thrown in their lot with the mutineers.

The guns of the Kniaz Potemkine are trained on the city and in the streets masses of striking workmen who Tuesday fled before the volleys of the troops are now inflamed by the spectacle of open revolt on board an imperial warship, and are making a bold front against the military.

Firing All Over City.

All day long firing has been heard in many quarters of the city. A number of the barricades have been erected and tumult and disorder reign. The main squadron of the Black sea fleet is expected soon and a regular naval battle is in prospect.

The rioters are in a defiant mood and are not inclined to surrender without fighting.

Reports of the mutiny, which occurred while the battleship was at sea, are difficult to obtain, as the mutineers refuse to allow communication with the shore; but it is ascertained that it arose from the shooting of a sailor who was presenting on behalf of the crew a complaint against bad food. According to one version this sailor, whose name was Omiltchuk, objected to the quality of the "borchtch," or soup, and was immediately shot down by a mess officer. The crew then rose and

Seized the Ship

and the officers, eight of whom were spared on condition that they would join the mutineers. The officers were killed and their bodies thrown overboard.

After a period of vacillation the Kniaz Potemkine headed for Odessa and arrived here Tuesday night, accompanied by two torpedo boats.

During yesterday a red flag was hoisted on the Kniaz Potemkine and members of the crew rowed from ship to ship in the harbor forcing the stoppage of all work thereon. Food was supplied them by sympathizers on shore, who pillaged the maritime storehouses.

The strike is now general in the city and the rioters are growing in numbers and boldness. There were exchanges of shots all day, but the number of victims cannot be stated.

Worse Than All Defeats of War.

St. Petersburg, June 29.—More serious in its possible effects than all the defeats in Manchuria or the destruction of Rojestvensky's fleet was the news which reached St. Petersburg early last evening that the standard of open rebellion was floating on board one of the emperor's battleships in the harbor of Odessa, and that with shotted guns the mutinous crew, headed by eight officers, was holding the ship against all comers. The authorities are in almost a state of panic and at the admiralty consterndtion reigns.

The Black sea squadron, which left Sebastopol Tuesday under command of Vice Admiral Kruger, was due to arrive at Odessa last night and a battle with the mutineers may occur at any moment.

Four Other Ships in Revolt.

It is rumored, but the rumor is not confirmed, that the men of four other battleships mutinied at Sebastopol and that two of the ships are on the way to join the Potamkine.

Whole Harbor in Flames.

London, June 29.—A dispatch from Odessa to a news agency dated last night, says:

The whole of the quays and the buildings around the harbor, as well as much shipping, are in flames. Mobs of incendiaries by armed force prevented the fire brigade working. The troops are completely terrorized and are afraid to approach within range of the Kniaz Potemkine's guns, which threaten a disastrous bombardment. It is thought that it may become necessary to summon foreign warships for the protection of the foreign colonies.

Denies Kuropatkin's Death.

St. Petersburg, June 29.—The general staff announces that it has absolutely nothing to support the reports that Gen. Kuropatkin has been killed or has committed suicide and a portion of the Russian army surrounded.

ROOSEVELT'S BUSY DAY.

President Delivers Three Addresses at Harvard.

Cambridge, Mass., June 29. — Although nominally celebrating with his classmates the twenty-fifth anniversary of the class of '80 from Harvard university, President Roosevelt was yesterday the honored guest of America's most ancient seat of learning. No degrees of honor were conferred on him, as he already holds the highest degree the university is empowered to bestow, but the welcome accorded him by Cambridge citizens, alumni and college officials was most cordial. The president entered heartily into the spirit of commencement day and played a leading part in all the functions incident to the occasion. Following the commencement exercises the president made three public addresses, one at the Harvard union, a second, and the principal one of his tour, at the annual alumni dinner in Memorial hall, and a third from the steps of memorial hall to the members of the alumni who could not gain admittance to the Memorial hall exercises.

CORNELL REGAINS PRESTIGE.

Wins Varsity Eight-Oar and Freshman Eight-Oar Races.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., June 29.—Cornell regained her prestige in intercollegiate rowing affairs yesterday by winning with the utmost ease the varsity eight-oar and freshman eight-oar races in the intercollegiate regatta. Syracuse was given the decision in the varsity four-oar race. The three races were rowed under ideal conditions over the beautiful and historic Hudson river course, stretching four miles from Krum Elbow to a point one mile below the towering steel bridge which joins Poughkeepsie and the Highlands. Summaries:

Four oared varsity race, two miles—Syracuse first, Cornell second, Pennsylvania third, Columbia fourth, Wisconsin fifth.

Freshman eight-oared shells, two miles—Cornell first, Syracuse second, Columbia third, Pennsylvania fourth.

University eight-oared shells, four miles—Cornell first, Syracuse second, Georgetown third, Columbia fourth, Pennsylvania fifth, Wisconsin sixth.

MANY DEAD IN TORNADO.

Six Lose Lives at Phillipsburg, Kan., and Five Dead Carried Into Town.

Lincoln, Neb., June 29.—A Rock Island railway message from Fairbury, Neb., to Division Superintendent Wilson says the town of Phillipsburg, Kan., was wrecked by a tornado last evening. Six persons are dead, the dispatch says, and it is feared many others also are killed. Phillipsburg is a division point on the Rock Island in Northern Central Kansas, about twenty miles from the Nebraska line. A second dispatch from Fairbury confirms the killing of six persons at Phillipsburg. Many persons, it said, are dead in the country, and five bodies have already been brought to the town.

OILY LUCRE FOR YALE.

Rockefeller Gives University One Million Dollars.

New Haven, Conn., June 29.—President Hadley announced at the alumni dinner last evening that a gift of $1,000,000 had recently been made by John D. Rockefeller. President Hadley also said that $2,000,000 in all had been given to the university within a comparatively short time, the other million having been subscribed by graduates in sums varying from $50,000 to $250,000. The names of the latter donors were not made public. The gift is the largest single donation ever made to the university.

OH, SUCH A BAND!

Musician Kills Himself With Scissors When He Hears It.

St. Louis, June 29.—Frank Tice, a young musician who lay at his home suffering from a broken ankle yesterday, seized a pair of scissors and drove one of the blades into his heart, dying instantly, as a band heading a picnic, marched past his home playing "The Star-Spangled Banner." Tice was being attended by his physician when the band marched by. As soon as he heard the strains of music he seized the scissors, and before the physician could restrain him, he stabbed himself.

EXPLOSION KILLS NINE.

Ton of Dynamite Explodes in a Powder Plant.

Emporium, Pa., June 29.—Nine men were killed and twelve to fifteen injured by an explosion of dynamite last night at the plant of the Emporium Powder company, three miles wset of Emporium. The dead men were all employed at the works. Although some of the injured were seriously hurt, all are expected to recover. About a ton of dynamite exploded from some unknown cause and wrecked the mixing plant, the packing house and several other buildings belonging to the company.

POPE MAY QUIT VATICAN.

Likely to Be Guest of Prelate Formerly in America.

Rome, June 29.—The Messengero says that if the pope decides to leave the Vatican during the hot weather he is most likely to go to the famous Benedictine abbey of Monte Cassino, province of Caserta, Italy, and thus will be the guest of Rev. Fr. Boniface Krug, formerly of St. Vincent's archabbey, Beatty, Pennsylvania, who is abbot of Monte Cassino.

THOMAS JEFFERSON

Framer of the Declaration of Independence Spent One Anniversary of Historic Event in Massachusetts City in 1784.

In May, 1784, the American congress, then in session at Annapolis, Maryland, received the resignation of John Jay of New York from the American commercial commission abroad, Mr. Jay being the colleague of Benjamin Franklin and John Adams and Mr. Jefferson, then a member of the congress from Virginia, was elected to the vacancy.

It was at a time when Mr. Jefferson was emerging from the one great sorrow of his life, the loss of Mrs. Jefferson, and the stricken statesman gladly accepted a mission which would take him away from his desolated home and give him such engrossing public work as could not fail to prove beneficial in the end. So he speedily arranged his home matters by correspondence, drew a portion of his $9,000 salary in advance, and with his eldest daughter, Martha Jefferson, then a young girl of ten years, the future president proceeded leisurely eastward in quest of a ship that was bound for a French port.

From Annapolis to Philadelphia, then to New York, and by easy stages through Connecticut and Massachusetts to Boston, in the month of June, was undoubtedly a very delightful trip to a man who could derive so much pleasure as Jefferson could from nature's own unrivaled attractiveness at that season of the year, and the arrival of the distinguished stranger in Boston was not heralded by the local press until seven days after Mr. Jefferson had reached the town and was traveling further eastward as far as Portsmouth, N. H.

In fact, the first record of Mr. Jefferson's presence in Boston on this occasion appears in the journal of the house of representatives, under date of June 12, when the following order was passed:

"Ordered, That a chair be assigned for the Hon. Thomas Jefferson Esq., late governor of Virginia, and now one of the ministers of the United States for negotiating commercial treaties, if he is inclined to attend the debate of the house, and that Mr. Osgood (Samuel Osgood of Andover), Davis (Thomas Davis junior of Plymouth), and Swan (James Swan of Dorchester) be a committee to wait on the gentleman and inform him of this order, who reported that they had attended that service."

There is no evidence in the record of the subsequent proceedings of the house that Mr. Jefferson accepted the invitation. But on June 30 the senate sent down an order which read as follows:

"Ordered, That Caleb Strong and John Lowell Esquires, with such as the Hon. House may join, be a committee to confer with the Hon. Mr. Jefferson, one of the commissioners of the United States, for settling treaties of commerce, and give him such information relative to the territory and trade of this state, as he may wish to have and may be useful to this and the United States."

The order was concurred in and the speaker, Samuel Alleyne Otis of Boston, William Phillips and John Rowe of Boston, were appointed upon the part of the house to meet Mr. Jefferson for the purpose indicated. But the invited guest still keeping away from the chair that was assigned him, the Massachusetts house did not take kindly to this neglect of the famous Virginian to accept a courtesy so graciously and promptly extended, and on July 1 the senate sent Mr. Lowell to inform the house that the upper branch had passed a further order directing the senate part of the committee to "proceed with its business" and requested the house to pass a similar mandatory direction to its part of the committee.

Mr. Davis was instructed to notify the senate that the house had such business of importance under consideration that it could not attend to the matter. Jefferson all this time was studying the condition of the people as he found them on the way to Portsmouth and back, having no particular interest in the dry details of lawmaking, and filling his mind with the commercial needs of what he saw would be some time not many years ahead, a great and growing country.

In his issue of July 8, 1784, editor Isaiah Thomas of the Worcester Spy had this reference to Mr. Jefferson:

"Boston, July 1.

"Friday last the Hon. Thomas Jefferson, Esq., late governor of Virginia, arrived here by land from that state. He is shortly to embark for Europe as a minister plenipotentiary from the United States in the room of the Hon. John Jay, Esq., who is about to return to America. Gov. Jefferson, who has so eminently distinguished himself in the late glorious revolution, is a gentleman of a very amiable character, to which he has joined the most extensive knowledge. He is a mathematician and philosopher as well as a civilian and politician, and the memorable declaration of American independence is said to have been penned by him."

The Independent Chronicle of July 1, has this brief allusion to the presence of Mr. Jefferson in Boston:

"Since our last arrived in town from the southward His Excellency Thomas Jefferson, Esq., late governor or Virginia and member of congress, now one of the commissioners for negotiating treaties with foreign powers."

The Gazette did not condescend to give Mr. Jefferson any kind of notice, completely ignored him, and so far as there is any record to the contrary, Gov. John Hancock, then a sick man, it is fair to say, did not extend any official attention from the executive department. But Mr. Jefferson himself has left on record some evidence that he did receive a kindly greeting at the hands of Boston's social set of that day, his letter to his friend, Elbridge Gerry, found below, expressing his grateful acknowledgments of this pleasant feature of his Boston visit.

"Boston, July 2, 1784.

"Dear Sir:—Being to sail from this port to-morrow, I cannot deny myself the pleasure of recalling myself to your recollection for a moment. I have impatiently hoped your arrival here before I should depart, but I suspect that the belles of Philadelphia have exercised their power over you, for it is here, I understand, you make your principal delay. When I arrived here I found Mrs. Adams within thirty-six hours of sailing. I had determined to take my passage to France in the first instance, yet the wish to accompany Mrs. Adams would certainly have induced me to relinquish this, could I within so short a time have prepared for embarkation. I was unable on this account to attend her.

"Hearing of no vessel going from any eastern port to France, I had in contemplation to return to New York and take passage in the French packet, which was to sail the 15th instant; but it was suggested to me that I could with certainty get ashore on the coast of France somewhere from any vessel bound for London, and as Mr. Tracy had a vessel to sail from hence the third, which would save twelve days in the outset, and probably as many more in the run, I engaged my passage in her and with the more pleasure as he was to go himself in her.

"The intermediate time I have employed in a trip to Portsmouth, in order to gather in that state, as I had endeavored to do in the others through which I had passed, such information as to their commerce and other circumstances as might in some degree enably me to answer the purposes of my mission. No small part of the time, too, has been occupied by the hospitality and civilities of this place, which I have experienced in the highest degree. These, with the preparation for my voyage, have left me scarcely a spare moment; and receiving assurance from every quarter that I might derive from Mr. Tracy the fullest information as to the commerce of this state, I have referred much of the inquiries I wished to make to the vacant hours of our voyage.

"Pressed with the attentions necessary for the winding up of my affairs here and getting everything on board this forenoon, I have only time to bid you an affectionate adieu, to thank you for the many civilities to which you have assisted in introducing to me here. to assure you of the pleasure it will give me at all times to hear from you; leaving with Mrs. Cotton a token of my friendship for you.

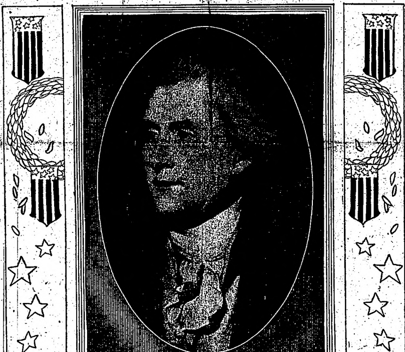
"From me you shall certainly receive frequent accounts of whatever I shall think worth your notice, and every other possible proof of the sincere esteem with which I am, dear sir, your affectionate friend and servant,

"Thomas Jefferson."

The anniversary of Independence day in 1784 fell on Sunday, and the program of exercises in Boston, as usual, was observed on Monday. The Old South church was the scene of the observances, which began at 12 o'clock.

Benjamin Hitchbourne, an old-time fervid orator, delivered the address, salutes were fired on the common, dinners were the order of the day throughout the town, the officials regaling themselves at Woart's tavern, others at the American coffee house, while the order of Cincinnati, composed of the ex-officers of the army and the organization of which body Jefferson opposed and won Washington to his way of thinking, dined at "Marston's."

The marine record shows high water at Boston on July 5, 1784, at 2 o'clock, and at about that hour, when all Boston was at the flood of its celebration of the day, the ship Ceres, Capt. St. Barbe, bound for London with Thomas Jefferson, the author of the Declaration of Independence, aboard, was beating its way out of the harbor.—Boston Globe.



THOMAS JEFFERSON

Author of the Declaration of Independence. Third President of the United States. Founder of Religious Liberty in Virginia. Founder of the University of Virginia. Father of the Democratic Party.

GRAFTERS ARE IN WILD PANIC

MILWAUKEE GRAND JURY HANDS IN FIRST BATCH OF INDICTMENTS.

MANY CAUGHT IN THE NET

NAMES NOT YET ANNOUNCED AND MANY PROMINENT MEN QUAKE.

WANTS FACTS OF BIG ONES

ATTEMPT MADE TO GET CONVICTED ALDERMAN TO TELL WHAT HE KNOWS.

Milwaukee, June 29—The first batch of indictments was voted by the grand jury late yesterday afternoon, and consternation reigns in the ranks of the grafters. Just how many indictments have been returned, or who has been caught in the net of the inquisition, is, of course, unknown, but it is this uncertainty that adds to the uneasy feeling throughout the city.

As nearly as can be learned, the indicted persons are mostly county officials, who have been implicated through the confessions that have been made by Otto Seidel and Edward F. Strauss. In these confessions the various deals pulled off during the last six years have been laid bare. They include the alleged grafting practiced in the building of the new county hospital addition, the new county morgue, the letting of the various county contracts and numerous other transactions. It is said that no less than twenty supervisors have been involved in the confessions. A number of county contractors are also said to be in the net.

Warrants Are Drafted.

The jury adjourned last night until Friday, by which time the district attorney will have had time to draw up the warrants. The sheriff will be handed the indictments on Friday, and the various defendants will appear in court on Saturday.

Strauss, the former supervisor, was the only witness examined yesterday, and to a large extent corroborated what Seidel had told the jury. The jurors and the district attorney then held a conference, after which the district attorney was excluded from the room and the vote on indictments was taken.

Special District Attorney Goff, who has charge of drawing up the indictments, was called before the jury and received his instructions. The fact that indictments had been voted soon spread through the city, and there was consternation, especially at the city hall and court house.

Convict Is Silent.

Every day brings out new stories about the investigation now under way. For a long time the district attorney has been at work trying to get ex-Ald. William Murphy to confess, but without success. McGovern has an idea that Murphy has information involving the "big ones" and has promised him immunity is he "peaches." Murphy has been convicted of grafting, sentenced to one year in the workhouse and has served part of his time. Recently he was released and a new trial was granted him, which he is now awaiting. During the last two days there have been persistent rumors that he has decided to confess, but Murphy denies that there is any truth in this statement.

It is believed that the grand jury soon will take up the charges of corruption made in connection with the passage of the barber bill at Madison.

OHIO DEMS IN CONVENTION.

John N. Pattison of Clermont Is Chosen as Candidate for Governor.

Columbus, Ohio, June 29.—The Democratic state convention met here yesterday and nominated J. N. Pattison of Clermont for governor. The platform declares for supervision of state and private banks; laws prohibiting public officials from traveling on passes; home rule for cities, especially in the matter of municipal ownership of public utilities; granting the interstate commerce commission power to regulate and fix railroad rates, and the passage of anti-rebate legislation by congress.

ALUMNI ELECT CHOATE.

Former Ambassador Is President of Harvard Organization.

Cambridge, Mass., June 29.—Joseph H. Choate of the class of '52, late ambassador to Great Britain, was elected president of the Association of the Alumni of Harvard college yesterday. The vice presidents chosen included President Roosevelt.

TWO MEN FALL 120 FEET.

Scaffold Rope Breaks, Hurling Workers From Chimney to Death.

Negaunee, Mich., June 29.—George H. Mode of Negaunee and David Grant of Chicago fell from a scaffolding at the top of a chimney 120 feet high and were instantly killed yesterday. The men were working on the chimney, which was being built for the Negaunee Electric Power company. The accident was caused by the breaking of the rope supporting the scaffold.

ADDS TO SPLENDOR

MEN OF BUSINESS RECOGNIZE ADVANTAGES OF ACETYLENE.

Famous Summer Hotel, the Grand Union of Saratoga, Has Installed This Best of All Artificial Lights—Means Increased Comfort and Health.

Saratoga, June 27.—The very name, "Saratoga," brings to every mind health-giving springs, unsurpassed hotels and beautiful drives. It has been for many years the Mecca for all who admire nature, enjoy good living, and are searching for health, or are simply taking a vacation.

The Grand Union, the largest summer hotel in the United States, set among green trees with its long wings enclosing a court with fountains and flowers, grass and trees, music and light, is throughout the season thronged with guests. With the progressive spirit always shown by its management, the Grand Union has again added to its attractiveness by introducing acetylene gas to make still more brilliant the evening hours. The genial proprietors believe in furnishing their guests with the best of everything, and now, after investigating and finding that Artificial Sunlight can be had, they have installed a complete acetylene gas plant to produce it, and have connected upward of six thousand acetylene burners in and about the house and grounds to this little gas plant.

Like many discoveries of recent years which are coming into popular favor, acetylene, one of the most recent, is very simply produced. It is adapted for use wherever artificial light is needed and the necessary apparatus can be understood and operated by anyone.

The generator in which Acetylene is produced by the automatic contact of carbide and water might be termed a gas plant, as it performs all of the functions of a city gas plant. The acetylene generator can be purchased for a few dollars and in any size, from one adapted to furnish acetylene to ten or a dozen burners for a cottage, up to the large but still simple machine such as is now furnishing Acetylene for six thousand burners in the Grand Union.

Outside of large cities the use of Acetylene is quite common. The owner of the country home now demands running water, gas and other conveniences which a few years ago were considered as luxuries, and acetylene gas has met his requirements, and gives him a better and cheaper light than is ordinarily furnished in cities.

It is well known that rooms lighted with Acetylene are more comfortable, because cooler, and more healthful because the air is not vitiated.

Her Wonderful Voice.

One day when the late Joseph Jefferson was attending a religious meeting at Greenacre, in the Maine woods, a New York young lady was singing a soprano solo. Jefferson, who was a little deaf, sat beside Miss Sarah Farmer, who originated the festival. As the soprano reached a high note the little steamer Queen City, as she came up the river, blew her whistle. The blast happened to have the same pitch as the young woman's voice.

Jefferson looked at Miss Farmer in wonder and exclaimed: "Good God! what a voice!" That was the end of the music festival.—Boston Traveler.

Hardworking Newspaper Men.

Mark Twain says that his average daily output of writing, when he works, is 1,800 words a day. That is about the average day's work of the newspaper writer on a large daily paper, day in and day out, seven days a week. In the course of a year this amounts to 657,000 words. The ordinary novel contains about 100,000 words. The newspaper man writes enough to make a novel of the best selling type every two months, with plenty left over at the end of the year to make a book of very respectable size. Let us suppose that he works at the business forty years; he has written 26,280,000 words, or 240 books. Not even Mrs. E. D. E. N. Southworth could beat that, and yet there are those who imagine that journalism is an easy job.—Portland Oregonian.

Of Wide Interest.

Breed, Wis., June 26.—Special.—Chas. Y. Peterson, Justice of the Peace for Oconto Co., has delivered a judgment that is of interest to the whole United States. Put briefly, that judgment is, "Dodd's Kidney Pills are the best Kidney medicine on the market to-day."

And Mr. Peterson gives his reason for this judgment. He says: "Last winter I had an aching pain in my back which troubled me very much. In the morning I could hardly straighten my back. I did not know what it was, but an advertisement led me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. After taking one box I can say that they have done more for me than I expected as I feel as well now as ever I did before."

Pain in the back is one of the first symptoms of Kidney disease. If not cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills it may develop into Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Rheumatism or some of the other deadly forms of Kidney Disease.

Important Question.

Mr. Ryeacre—Yeas, there certainly is lots in the papers these days about the electoral college.

Son Silas—Gosh! I never heard of that college before. What is the strength of the football team?—Chicago News.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK
OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

2nd STORE
(SECOND HAND STORE.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
C. A. SKEIE.
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

GET YOUR PICTURE
TAKEN BY
D. COLLINS
THE
Photograper.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

DON'T FORGET THE NUMBER—
488
WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
Wines and Liquors
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
CIGARS.
BEER.
MINNEAPOLIS AND MILWAUKEE BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.

Headquarters Restaurant...
A. F. Lang Proprietor
Short Orders a Specialty.
Located in rear of Number 488.

New Brew
Hamm's
The Best Beer
Supplied by Agents Everywhere, or THEO. HAMM BREWING CO. SAINT PAUL, MINN.

FRANK O'MEARA
Nat. Germ. Amer. Bank Bldg.
ST. PAUL, MINN.
Money to loan at all times in liberal amounts and at reasonable rates. Prompt service and perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Write for particulars.

The Spectator.
H. E. IVES Publisher.
Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.
Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.
TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.
SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.
REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes, postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, July 1, 1905.

Minneapolis is having trouble with the ice trust. No danger up here.

The state auditor will sell a half-milion acres of Minnesota school lands this fall.

The contest for the republican nomination for governor is developing into a free-for-all two-mile dash with hurdles, and the field will be large and there don't appear to be any favorites.

Look after your dogs. The people cannot afford to take any chances, and many will not. If the dog is not muzzled he will probably be shot. Farmers should not allow their dogs to follow to town.

Many are claiming that the state census will prove disappointing and that Minnesota will not show the gain she should. Western and Canadian immigration is the principal cause. People are, however, beginning to learn that we have opportunities at home. The west is now badly overdone and immigration in that direction will soon cease.

President Roosevelt has ordered that Chinese immigrants shall have a square deal. The immigration agent will no longer put Chinese princes in the cook's galley while a policeman guards his wife and a customs officer makes merry with his belongings. The Chinese prince or merchant entering the United States will have as good a show as the Englishman or the Frenchman whom we welcome with such lavish cordiality. The difficulty about letting in coolies in the guise of Chinese counts and earls will be attended to at the other end of the line. The president has instructed our cousuls to take care that no improper or fraudulent certificates are issued, and complementary orders to the immigration bureau that at this end of the line the certificate "goes." This will relieve the tension and, even if it does result in a few coolies making their way into this country under false pretenses, this is better than a ruction with China and a boycott against our goods. Besides it is common sense. The place to stop fraud is where it originates.—Minneapolis Journal.

New Towns in North Dakota.

The entensive railroad building now being done in North Dakota has brought tributary to railroad facilities an additional vast area of the rich agricultural sections of northern and western North Dakota. The Great Northern railway is building a number of new extensions from its main line northward notably that of the Sarles extension of the Edmore line, the Thorne extension running north from York, the Maxbass extension running northwestward from Towner, and a further extension of the Westhope line to Antler. The building of these new lines has brought into being a number of new towns which are fully described in a pamphlet recently issued by the Great Northern Railway. By application to Mr. F. I. Whitney, Passenger Traffic Manager, St. Paul, Minn., a copy of these pamphlets "New Extensions in North Dakota" or "New Towns in North Dakota" will be mailed to any address. 8-5

Valiant Volunteers.

During one of the frequent revolutions in Haiti the commander of the government forces at Port au Prince made a requisition on the authorities at Cape Haitien for men to aid in putting down the uprising.

After a somewhat rough experience of two or three days the authorities got together the required number of men and loaded them aboard ship. Then the following message was sent:

Commander Government Forces, Port au Prince:
Sir—I send you per steamer Saginaw today 100 volunteers. Please return the ropes with which they are bound.
COMMANDER AT PORT HAITIEN.

No Champagne For Prisoners.

At the breaking out of the Crimean war Eliza Rachel, the celebrated French tragedienne, was in St. Petersburg. Just before leaving the Russian capital some of the officials of the city gave a banquet in her honor. At the end of the feast one of the Russian officers, a nobleman of high rank, said to Rachel in a bantering sort of way:

"We will not bid you 'goodby,' but merely 'au revoir,' for we will soon be in Paris to drink your health in sparkling champagne."

"Monsieur," replied Rachel, "France is not rich enough to treat all her prisoners of war to champagne."

Insane over "Faith Cure."

James Kile, a prosperous farmer living three miles east of Warren, was taken by Sheriff Forsberg of Marshall county to Fergus Falls, where as a result of his recent attendance at an orgie of Christian Scientists, he will spend a goodly portion of his time in the future. His case has been pronounced one of the most violent and hopeless of any sent to the asylum from this section of the state in years and it is doubtful if he regains his mind.

Kile, some time ago, took a notion that Christian Science was about the only cure for human ills and following out his idea of the matter journeyed to Stephen to attend an orgy of Christian Scientists of that place. During the meetings he became quite fanatic over the new "creepy idea" and "faith cure all" proposition; and upon his return to his home it was noticed that he acted strangely and constantly had his mind on Christian Science. He even is reported as going so far as to try the effects of faith cure of ailments on his stock and is said to have lost several fine horses, because of his refusal to have a veterinary upon the farm. He insisted that faith would cure them and in his endeavors to show his faith to the Lord broke down his health. The result ended in a maniacal outburst and complete loss of mind. He is quite well to do and his position is all the more pitiful because of the fact that he leaves a large family.

Muzzle the Dogs.

The mad dog scare is spreading in the valley and the accident which befell Mr. Johnson, of Rocksbury, brings it closely to our attention. The farmers in Rocksbury are killing their dogs and it would be well for anyone who has a valuable dog that they don't want to lose to keep him chained up or put on a muzzle. There are a large number of dogs running at large in this vicinity and it is not safe. Regulations should be adopted by the village council at once. The following from the Crookston Times shows how they feel about the matter down there:

"The mad dog scare has progressed so far in the valley, particularly in Crookston and vicinity, that stringent regulations have been adopted by municipalities and all dogs caught without the regulation wire muzzle are immediately shot by the police. Several hundred animals have been killed already in enforcing the regulations, but the majority of the dogs were curs. A steer bit by a dog went mad here last week and was killed and a valuable driving horse owned by Dr. Langevin had to be shot for a similar reason. Several people have been bitten but Anderson's case is the only one in which serious results have occurred. The country is thoroughly aroused and all manner of precautions are being taken to prevent a spread of the disease."

Fearless and Independent.

The Chicago Record-Herald is a conspicuous example of the success with which the public rewards fearless nonpartisanship in the columns of a great metropolitan daily paper. It is an independent newspaper, in which men and measures are invariably viewed wholly from the standpoint of the public good, and not from that of the interests of any particular political party. It is the very reverse of neutral—fearless and outspoken on all the great questions of the day, but presenting its editorial opinion upon independent judgment and entirely regardless of political affiliations. Partisanship is barred as strictly from the news columns as from the editorial page. All political news is given without partisan coloring, thus enabling the reader to form correct conclusions for himself. In the ordinary partisan newspaper political news is usually colored to such an extent as to make it difficult if not impossible for the reader to secure a sound basis for intelligent judgment.

An Atlas for $1.00.

The Great Northern Railway has issued an Atlas of 56 pages containing up to date maps of Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, Alaska, Hawaii, Japan, Philippine Islands, China, the United States and of the World.

In addition to this, the Atlas contains valuable statistical information relative to the states named above, is printed on the very best quality of paper, shows the lines of the Great Northern Railway, and is in every way a commendable work.

This Atlas will be distributed at the actual cost of production and will be sent to any address upon receipt of $1.00. Address, F. I. Whitney, Passenger Traffic Manager, Great Northern Railway, St. Paul, Minn. jl29

A Chip.

Markley—That boy of your is very much like you. Borroughs—Do you think so? Markley—Yes. He asked me for a quarter today.

Diplomatic.

"Of course the earrings are quite pretty," she said, with just a tinge of disappointment, "but the stones are very small."

"But, my dear," replied Mr. Phoxy, "if they were any larger they'd be all out of proportion to the size of your ears."—Philadelphia Press.

The Baby's Way.

Friend—I suppose the baby is fond of you? Papa—Fond of me? Why, he sleeps all day when I'm not at home and stays up all night just to enjoy my society.—Town and Country.

The Snow Line.

Snow, even in the tropics, never melts, but remains continuously all the year round above the height of 10,000 feet. In colder climes the snow line is much lower than this.

There will be mistakes in divinity while men preach and error in government while men govern.—Carleton.

CALUMET
BAKING POWDER
NOT MADE BY THE TRUST

The Wonderful Growth of
Calumet Baking Powder
Is due to its
Perfect Quality
and
Moderate Price
Used in Millions of Homes

CROOKSTON LUMBER Company.
Lumber Manufacturers
St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

tf G. H. SANDUM.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 14, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 22th, 1905, viz:

Michael Ault Jr., H. E. No. 21320, for the SE¼ Sec. 8, T. 153 N., R. 45 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Swan Englund, of Tweet, Minn.
Emil Larson, of Wylie, Minn.
Andrew E. Anderson, of Wylie, Minn.
Gust Peterson, of Wylie, Minn.

A. F. GEORGE,
Receiver.

(Jun24Jul22)

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"
and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of
THE FAMOUS
MATT. J. JOHNSON'S
6088
RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE
you are not satisfied with results.
This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.
For Sale and Guaranteed Only by
Imperial Drug Co., St. Hilaire

Choice Bargains
We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at
Farm Land Prices..
Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.
St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

EASE,
ELEGANCE,
EXCELLENCE
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
IF YOU TRAVEL VIA THE
Great Northern Railway
"The Comfortable Way"
To the
Lewis and Clark Exposition
Send 2 cents for handsomely illustrated booklet "A Camera Journey to the Lewis & Clark Exposition" to
F. I. Whitney, Passenger Traffic Manager, St. Paul, Minn
ASK YOUR LOCAL AGENT ABOUT RATES

Name Your Route East
In purchasing your ticket East, if you care for an excellence in service and equipment not obtainable elsewhere, name your route
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway
No additional charge to ride on the Pioneer Limited or the Fast Mail, the two most popular trains between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago. But it is necessary to name your route.
W. B. DIXON
Northwestern Passenger Agent
365 Robert Street, St. Paul.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

CHEAP EXCURSIONS
TO WESTERN CANADA
$10.00 FOR ROUND TRIP TICKETS
TO THE FAMOUS CARROT RIVER VALLEY
During the month of July the Canadian Northern Railway will sell tickets on any day from EMERSON on the INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY to Melfort and return, good for thirty days, with stop over privileges, for **$10.00.** Regular trains for the Carrot River Valley leave Winnipeg every Monday and Wednesday at 1:15 p.m. Minnesota and Dakota landseekers should buy tickets to Emerson, the International Boundary, where they can then purchase the $10.00 excursion tickets to Melfort and return.
THE CARROT RIVER VALLEY which now has railway facilities for the first time, is the most fertile part of the great **Saskatchewan Valley.** Two-thirds of the country is open prairie. The soil is a rich loam varying from one to four feet in depth. The running streams in every township furnish an abundance of pure water. The praries are covered with richly luxuriant grass. There is absolutely no Alkali or stone and there is no section in Western Canada to-day that will produce the same enormous yields of **No. 1 Hard Wheat.** The country too being equally well adapted to diversified farming. With the splendid railway facilities now afforded by the building of the Canadian Northern Railway through this marvelously rich district, this section of Western Canada will be settled quickly and prices will advance rapidly. **Act Now,** and get land in the best part of all Canada at **First Prices.**
FIVE NEW TOWNSITES JUST PUT ON THE MARKET
TISDALE, STAR CITY, RIVERSIDE, KINISTINO and MELFORT
these new towns offer to the business and professional man in every line opportunities to get in on the ground floor in the most thriving, hustling towns in the most productive and prosperous sections of Western Canada.
FREE HOMESTEADS
Good Free Homesteads of 160 acres each, can still be had near railroad stations. This year will be the last chance to secure good free lands within reasonable distance of the railway. Write for maps, printed matter, price lists, etc.
SASKATCHEWAN VALLEY & MANITOBA LAND CO. Ltd.
Canadian Northern Building, WINNIPEG, MANITOBA
BB

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

Great Northern Time Table.

[illegible]rrival and Departure of Trains at St. Hilaire.

PASSENGER

8:00 am	Lv.......Crookston........Ar	6:45 pm
[illegible] am	Ar....Red Lake Falls....Lv	5:25 pm
[illegible] am	Ar.......St. Hilaire.......Lv	4:55 pm
[illegible] am	Ar...Thief River Falls...Lv	4:30 pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:[illegible] am	Lv.......St. Hilaire.......Ar	11:10 am
10:[illegible] am	Ar.........Wylie.........Lv	10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	
Carl Johnson	
[illegible] Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

[illegible]	James E. Ford
[illegible]rer	Karl M. Hansen
[illegible]ster of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
[illegible]heriff	Dan Linnihan
[illegible]ttorney	Thos. Germo
[illegible]dge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
[illegible] of Court	Joe Perrault
[illegible] of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
[illegible]	Jos. Belair
[illegible] Commissioner	H. W. Lee
[illegible]	J. K. Wood
[illegible]sioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
[illegible]sioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
[illegible]missioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
[illegible]missioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
[illegible]missioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

[illegible].O.F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
J. J. SOLL, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 2630 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets [illegible] and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
[illegible] Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE
Veterinary
Surgeon.
Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
.....TOYS
Agency for........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

For refreshments call at Number 488.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Joel G. Winkjer was here this week looking over the creamery.

Sheriff Linnihan was a business visitor here last Thursday.

J. C. Dahl and wife were visitors at Thief River Falls on Monday.

Oscar Carlson, the Plummer constable, was a visitor here on Thursday.

Crops are looking fine, say all who have been out in the country hereabouts.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

The band boys were out last Tuesday evening and gave a concert on the street.

Julius Pleth was here from Plummer last Thursday on his way to Ada on a business trip.

J. B. Armstrong, the popular Red Lake Falls merchant was a caller here last Thursday.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Miss Nora Johnson left on Wednesday for Twin Valley where she will visit with relatives.

Gen. Supt. Brown of the Great Northern passed through here Thursday in a special car.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on July 3rd and 4th.

Henry Olson and Mrs. O. F. Post were circus visitors at Thief River Falls last Monday.

Alex Thompson, the Minneapolis Brewing company agent, was doing business here yesterday.

W. A. Arthur and Chas. Fellman drove out to their claims on Tuesday evening and spent the night.

S. A. Swanson, the well known Red Lake Falls machine man, was a business visitor here on Thursday.

President McCall, of the GrandForks Lumber company, was here last Monday looking over the drive here.

Mrs. J. B. O'Brien left last Thursday evening for Red Lake Falls where she will visit relatives for a few days.

Manager J. M. Richards came over from Bemidji last Monday and found everything running nice and smooth here.

John Oslund, of Grand Forks, the representative of the Waterloo Threshing company, was a business visitor here Thursday.

Miss Helen Makinson, who has been visiting her sister Mrs. J. B. O'Brien, left last Thursday evening for her home at St. Paul.

A. A. Odegaard returned on Thursday from Minneapolis where he had been in attendance at the session of the Norwegian Synod church.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

John Maakrud informs us that he has purchased the Helma Halverson farm in Wyandotte for a cash consideration of four thousand dollars and that he will try farming as a side issue.

We have just received 800 pounds of special roasted coffee worth 18c per pound which we will sell at 15c per pound as long as it lasts.
L. M. ROLLAND & SONS.

The heavy rain and hail storm which we had here last Wednesday afternoon did little or no damage in this vicinity but was very severe at Grand Forks, where several thousand dollars' worth of damage was done.

Look over the new advertisement or E. M. Hoff in this issue. Mr. Hoff quotes prices and has the goods for your inspection. Try your home merchants before ordering away from home, thereby buying something you have not seen.

A man by the name of Sherlock who is supposed to be a resident of St. Hilaire, but is not known here, has been doing all kinds of stunts lately, according to the papers. Fargo papers claim he left his wife here which is not true, as far as we can find out. He is also charged with running away with a seventeen year old Fargo girl. No one here knows anything about the man and it is certain that no one of that name resides here.

Seed flax for sale by Leonard Holmes.

Go to L. M. Rolland & Sons for flour. We sell the "Mascot."

Leonard Holmes and wife went up to Thief River Falls last Monday to take in the circus.

Dr. J. E. Argue dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on July 3rd and 4th.

Mrs. R. H. Duntley returned on Tuesday from Fertile where she attended the wedding of a niece.

K. O. Gigstad returned on Thursday from Minneapolis where he has been attending the banker's convention.

The work of installing the new heating and ventilating plant at the school house was finished this week and accepted by the school board. It is said to be a very neat piece of work and the members of the school board are very well pleased with it.

A movement is on foot among the residents of Norman county, Minnesota, to secure one of the Carnegie hero medals for C. K. Semling, of Minneapolis, who saved Miss Sophia Authen, a domestic, from death by fire on June 11th. Mr. Semling was formerly the editor of the Halstad Reporter. For three years he has made his home in Minneapolis and attended the university law school. The accident was caused by the mistake of an oil wagon driver who delivered gasoline at the Semling home instead of kerosene. Miss Authen started the fire with it and the explosion that followed threw the burning liquid over her clothing. Mr. Semling who was in the next room heard her screams and ran to her assistance, smothering the flames with his coat. He was himself badly burned but the young woman's injuries were not serious.

Four of our young men concluded to take in the circus at Thief River Falls last Monday evening and hired a couple of rigs and each took a young lady. A late start and bad roads made them rather late and they got into the big tent just in time to invest in concert tickets. It was on the homeward trip, however, that the trouble commenced. The country may have looked different by moonlight, or the driver might have been otherwise engaged, or it might have been the horses, anyway, both rigs got lost. One party found themselves along the river bank and had to wake up a farmer and inquire the way. It is told, on the quiet of course, that they made the trip in the excellent time of 3 hours and 85 minutes. The other party went too far west and the first gray streaks of dawn found them out in the township of Sanders. There was a guideboard on the other side of a ditch and Fred said he would jump over and see where they were. He made it—in two jumps each way—but the last jump was where the real trouble commenced, as he got stuck on the country and it took the combined efforts of both of the ladies to keep him from settling there. He was finally induced to come out and tell them that the guideboard said "St. Hilaire, 3 miles."

Ball Game.

The "sawdust makers" played the regular nine here last Sunday and put up a fairly creditable game of ball. The score was 9 to 8 in favor of the regulars.

To Store the Logs.

This has been Manager Pettibone's busy week. Pat Sullivan is at the upper sorting works with a large drive for the Grand Forks Lumber company. In this drive there is also three or four million for this place and the booms are nearly full. Every available space is being filled and Mr. Pettibone now hopes to be able to take care of all the logs and let Sullivan pass. He was afraid the first of the week that he would be compelled to let several million go down to Crookston but it looks now as if all could be cared for here.

Bitten by Mad Dog.

Swan Johnson, who lives on section 34, of Rocksbury, came into town last Friday afternoon and reported to Dr. Blomburgh that he had been bitten by his dog which had been acting in a very strange and savage manner for several days. The dog, it seems, has been killing chickens and had also killed a cat on the farm. He had also bitten a horse. Mr. Johnson was severely bitten on the hand and Dr. Blomburgh advised him to go to the Pasteur Institute at Chicago at once for treatment, which he did, leaving here last Friday evening. Mr. Johnion has written to his wife since arriving at Chicago, stating that there are over thirty patients at the institute there taking a similar treatment. He sent her instructions to kill the horse which is known to have been bitten and watch all other animals on the farm closely. He also writes that they expect to pull him through safe but that he will be compelled to stay there at least three weeks.

Hot Weather Tempers.

It is much easier to keep good natured in cold weather than in hot. One may be uncomfortable in cold weather but there is seldom the irritability present that there is when the thermometer begins to soar. Sometimes it seems as if one's power of control has been entirely exhausted. The reason is often with the diet and you will find that by using golden grain belt beer regularly and eating less meat and heavy foods your temperature will be lower and you will feel more rested and comfortable. The theory of the thing is simple; meat and hearty foods create an over-supply of heat, while this delicious tonic contains the same nourishment, but in a liquid, cooling form, easy to digest. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

TO HAVE A BIG TIME

At St. Hilaire on July Fourth.

All Kinds of Fun—Come Early.

Arrangements are about completed for the big 4th of July celebration next Tuesday. It will be noisy in the early morning hours and you might as well get up early and commence to celebrate. The firemen will have one of the largest boweries ever built here. It will be used for the exercises in the morning and Hon. Ira C. Richardson's oration will be delivered there.

The celebrated Red Lake Falls band, twenty-seven strong, will come early and have sent word that there will be plenty of music of the right kind. Besides this our own boys can play some and they are preparing to surprise their friends on that day.

The big base ball game is going to be the feature of the day. The White Earth Indians have served notice on their Thief River Falls opponents that some of their best ball players have just returned from school and that there will surely be something doing in the ball playing line. It is going to be a great game and you can't afford to miss it.

As soon as the ball game is over we will have the races. The committee on sports have prepared for horse races, all kinds of foot races, potato, sack and wheelbarrow races, fireman's flag race and other amusements.

The bowery dance will start early and continue until the dawn of another day at least.

In the evening the committee on fireworks promise a rare treat as they claim the biggest and best assortment of fireworks on hand that ever came this way.

All of our friends are cordially invited to come and have a good time with us. It will be the business of every citizen of St. Hilaire to do everything in their power to make the day a pleasant one for the visitors.

Exit Wylie.

For the first time since 1883 the people of Wylie will today be without mail service by train, the Great Northern surrendering their mail contract and a star route commencing from Red Lake Falls. The railroad company has as yet made no announcement as to whether they will continue to run the freight train down there but it is thought that the service will be irregular, if at all. The property owners of Wylie have taken the matter up with the Great Northern officials, but no agreement has been reached. Legal authorities have been consulted and unless the company comes forward with damages the chances for a big legal fight are excellent. The railroad company seem determined to wipe Wylie off the map. They will no longer sell through tickets to that point and their new folders do not name it as a station.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

For refreshments call at Number 488.

At Imperial Hall,
JULY 5, 1905.

Harald Stormoen,
..of the..
NATIONAL THEATRE,
CHRISTIANA, NORWAY.

Mr. Stormoen is an actor of well known ability and gives, we learn, an excellent entertainment far above the average seen here.

DON'T MISS IT.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Petition is Denied.

Thief River Falls has lost out again in the Red Lake county seat removal fight, says Wednesday's Crookston Times: Last evening in this city Attorneys Richardson of Thief River Falls and Grady and Boughton of Red Lake Falls appeared before Judge Watts in an action in intervention which Thief River Falls petitioned for. Some time ago Wm. Erb a resident of Red Lake county secured a writ of mandamus compelling the action of the county board in regard to the Thief River removal petition or a showing of cause why action should not be taken in the matter. Thief River Falls people claim that Erb is plugging for Red Lake Falls and that his only intention in securing the mandamus was to prevent them from applying for the writ.

In proof of this contention, residents of the upper falls insist that the Red Lake Falls people bought up the telephone line from Red Lake Falls to Judge Watts' chambers in this city so as to prevent their rivals from getting to the judge with an application in advance of them. Immediately after the county board of commissioners adjourned, without considering the petition of the Thief River removalists, Erb who had his telephonic communications with the Judge's chambers ready, applied for and obtained a mandamus, thus forestalling Thief Riverites who had the same notion but reached the Judge's ear two minutes too late. Now Thief River comes forward and insists that she be made a party to the Erb mandamus and petitions for the right of an intervention. At court last evening Judge Watts refused such rights and the mandamus as now issued will have to stand with Erb the principal party to it.

As a result it is confidently stated by Red Lake Falls people that the board of county commissioners will refuse to act upon the Thief River petition and will upon July 11th, the date the writ was made returnable, show cause why such action is not taken. What Thief River Falls will do next is a matter of speculation, but unusual developments are expected. The fight so far has been a bitter legal battle between attorneys of this city, Red Lake Falls and Thief River Falls.

Teaching Agriculture in Rural Schools.

W. N. Hays, assistant secretary of agriculture, is enthusiastic over the new rural school consolidation law now in effect in Minnesota. In an interview in the Minneapolis Journal a few days ago he said:

"In establishing a farm school in the Red River Valley at Crookston and in passing the Anderegg rural school consolidation bill, the Minnesota legislature has inaugurated the most comprehensive plan for educating its farmers of any state in the union. Most important of the two is the Anderegg law, which permits of teaching agriculture and home economics in the consolidated schools. Each one of these schools should be located in the center of a ten acre farm, with a special cottage for the principal, who in turn should have such training as is provided at the agricultural high school at St. Anthony park. There should be a special trained teacher for home economics, and several assistants.

"The chances are that the farmers would hardly feel the extra cost of maintaining these schools and this extra expense would soon be more than offset by better crops and more profits from live stock."

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

RAPP &
POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

The Pedestal
of Honor

is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.

Ladies' Shoes
like ours are not to be found in every store.

HAIL INSURANCE

Do you want to insure your crops against Hail in a first class Company that always pay their losses promptly? If you do, call and see us in regard to a policy in the old and reliable St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Company.

When you buy Insurance get the best

H. E. IVES, Agent, ST. HILAIRE
Minnesota

Everyday Bargains
at
E. M. HOFF'S

Granulated Sugar, 16 lbs for....	$1	Evaporated Apples, fancy 3 pounds for....	25c
Coffees, good as ever, 15c per pound to....	40c	A good Corn, three cans for....	25c
Teas, extra value, 20c, 35c and....	50c	A good Tomato, 3 cans for....	25c
A good size and quality Prunes per pound....	4c	Small size Sour Pickles, per gallon....	30c
Large size and quality Prunes per pound....	6c	Sweet Pickles, very nice, per quart....	12½c
Extra size and quality Prunes per pound....	8c	Rolled Oats, five-pound package....	15c
Rice, extra good value, 28 pounds for....	$1	Full Cream Cheese, per pound....	13c
Tapioca, 6 pounds for....	25c	Full Cream Brick Cheese per pound....	15c
Sage, 6 pounds for....	25c	Soaps, good, forty bars for....	$1

We carry a full and complete line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Shoes of the best quality, also a big line of plain and fancy Dry Goods. We are here 365 days in the year, aim to please, will correct all errors and exchange all goods that do not please.

FOURTH OF JULY
CELEBRATION
AT
ST. HILAIRE
RED LAKE FALLS BAND
ST. HILAIRE BAND
CHAMPIONSHIP BASE BALL GAME—
THIEF RIVER FALLS vs. WHITE EARTH INDIANS.
ALL KINDS OF RACES AND GAMES
INDUSTRIAL PARADE
BOWERY DANCE - - FIREWORKS
PLENTY OF NOISE—LOTS OF FUN!!!

MISS GENEVIVE MAY.

CATARRH OF STOMACH CURED BY PE-RU-NA.

Miss Genevive May, 1317 S. Meridian St., Indianapolis, Ind., Member Second High School Alumni Ass'n, writes:

"Peruna is the finest regulator of a disordered stomach I have ever found. It certainly deserves high praise, for it is skillfully prepared.

"I was in a terrible condition from a neglected case of catarrh of the stomach. My food had long ceased to be of any good and only distressed me after eating. I was nauseated, had heartburn and headaches, and felt run down completely. But in two weeks after I took Peruna I was a changed person. A few bottles of the medicine made a great change, and in three months my stomach was cleared of catarrh, and my entire system in a better condition."—Genevive May.

Write Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio, for free medical advice. All correspondence held strictly confidential.

A Bad Habit.

"I thought," said the man to the ghost, "that the last time you came you said you would come no more?"

"I thought it would be," replied the ghost, with a wail; but I find that in life I contracted a habit that even death cannot break. I was a prima donna, and these are the ghosts of my farewell appearances."

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: John Anderson, Cloquet, Minn., car mover; William Compton, Fargo, N. D., post driver; Clarence Dawes, Minneapolis, Minn., boomerang gun; Emil Grubert, Le Sueur, Minn., rotary engine; Joseph Sutherland, Sioux Falls, S. D., fence; Erick Swedlund, Atwater, Minn., transmission gear; Charles Swenson, Minneapolis, Minn., Twyer iron.

No Matter How.

"Father made his fortune some years ago," she said, some time after she had accepted him. "I expect you'd like to know how?"

"No," he replied, absent-mindedly; "I'd only like to know if he's still got it!"

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address, A S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Not So Presumptious as That.

Pompous Waiter—Have you ordered, miss?

Timid Little Girl (taking her first meal at a restaurant)—N-no, sir; but I've requested.

Storekeepers, Hotel-men

and all householders will be interested in Acetylene Apparatus Mfg. Co. announcement in this paper.

The Duke.

"Oh, papa, the duke has proposed to me."

"He has?"

"Yes, papa. And he says I can wear a coronet! Here's the pawn ticket for it."—Cleveland Leader.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

When Beauty Is A Fatal Gift.

Crawford—It seems to be impossible to convict a pretty woman of a capital crime.

Crabshaw—It wouldn't be if they allowed women to serve on the jury.

"Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is excellent for the liver. Cured me after eight years of suffering." S. Peproo, Albany, N. Y. World famous. $1.

A Sufficient Guide.

"If a man will learn the Ten Commandments by heart," said Uncle Eben, "he don't need none of deshere $2 books about how to live right an' prosper."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Contradictory.

Jinks—I said it, and I stick to it!

Blinks—Oh, be honest, Jings, and confess you lied.—Translater for Tales From Fliegende Blatter.

We have all heard of the man who was killed by kindness, but the proof is lacking.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Rich men have coffers and poor men have coughs.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

KUROPATKIN HAS BEEN SLAIN

RUMOR REACHES ST. PETERSBURG THAT THE GENERAL IS DEAD.

70,000 RUSSIANS CUT OFF

GEN. NOGI'S ARMY, ACCORDING TO RUMOR, TURNS THE TRICK.

PEACE MEETING IN AUGUST

WAVE OF DISORDER ROLLING OVER RUSSIA HAS REACHED ODESSA.

St. Petersburg, June 29. — A rumor spread throughout the city last night that Gen. Kuropatkin had been killed. This rumor was connected sometimes with a report that 70,000 Russians had been cut off by Gen. Nogi's army, and that Kuropatkin had been taken prisoner.

Nothing confirmatory of these rumors has been received either by the general staff or in press dispatches.

The members of the general staff say that no report of special importance has been received.

A report received from Gen. Linevitch indicates that the Japanese advance continues steadily and the Russian van posts under pressure are retiring, fighting.

Peace Meeting in August.

The foreign office has issued a communication confirming the statement made in the Associated Press dispatches that Russia has accepted the first ten days in August as the time within which the first meeting of the peace plenipotentiaries will take place.

Sakhalin Seized Says Report.

London, June 28. — A private telegram states that Japanese forces already have seized the island of Sakhalin.

Cossacks Attack Socialists.

Warsaw, June 29.—A secret meeting of 200 Socialists in the forest of Zquarz (near Lodz) was surprised by Cossacks at noon yesterday. Eighteen of the Socialists were wounded and 180 arrested. The wounded were taken to hospitals at Lodz and the arrested were sent to the prison at Lenzyca, twenty miles distant.

All the restaurants and stores have been ordered closed.

All the prisons are full to overflowing, no less than 852 persons, mostly Jews, having been arrested during the last twenty-four hours. It is expected that a state of siegt will be proclaimed as great riots are articipated during the mobilization.

Disorder Reaches Odessa.

St. Petersburg, June 29.—The wave of disorder rolling over Russia has appeared at Odessa, where a general strike, accompanied by bloodshed and disorders, has broken out. There were several collisions between the military and the strikers Monday night and yesterday, in two of which volleys were fired by the troops. No report of the extent of the casualties has been received, the official statement dealing only with the initial encounter Monday night, declaring that two persons were killed therein.

There was another encounter yesterday afternoon and a number of attacks were made on individual policemen.

RUNAWAY CARS HIT TRAIN.

Many Passengers Are Badly Bruised and Fireman Is Killed.

Denver, June 29. — While climbing the steep grade into Castle Rock, Colo., a heavily laden freight train going south broke into two sections and thirty-three cars rushed down the hill and crashed into the head of a Colorado & Southern passenger train, demolishing the locomotive. Nearly all of the coaches of the passenger train were derailed and many passengers were badly injured. Frank McAdams of Denver, fireman of the passenger train, was killed.

EXPIRED AT A DANCE.

Woman Is Attacked by Apoplexy in a Ball Room.

New York, June 29.—Surrounded by groups of frightened men and women, whith the echoes of dance music still ringing in their ears, Mrs. James Kirwin has suddenly expired in the ball room of an Ulmer Park pavilion. The woman was fifty-five years old. She was attacked by apoplexy in the midst of a dance at an old fashioned barbecue given by a church society. A priest hastened to her side and administered the last rites of the church. The tragic scene quickly put an end to the festivities.

CURZON REPEATS THREAT.

Will Resign Viceroyalty Unless Lord Kitchener's Authority Is Modified.

Simla, June 29.—In spite of Indian Secretary Brodrick's denial, it is reiterated that Lord Curzon of Kedleston has informed the British cabinet that unless important modifications are made in the orders recently issued (giving Lord Kitchener supreme command of the forces of India) he will resign the viceroyalty. The possibility of the retirement of Lord Curzon has caused an immense sensation here.

Cheats the Gallows.

Lewiston, Pa., June 28. — Elwood Garman, convicted of murder in the first degree for the killing of William Murray, was found dead in his cell at Mifflingtown yesterday. He committed suicide by drinking carbolic acid.

Kills by Chance; Ends His Own Life.

Stamford, Conn., June 28.—Herbert Birdsall, aged eighteen years, accidentally shot and killed a companion, Edward Rush. He then ran into the woods and later was found dead. He had shot himself.

Yours for Health Lydia E. Pinkham

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

is a positive cure for all those painful ailments of women. It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation, and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements of the Womb and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the *Change of Life*. Every time it will cure

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Leucorrhœa than any other remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development. That

Bearing-down Feeling,

causing pain, weight and headache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the female system. It corrects

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruation, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't-care" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the Uterus. For

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of *either sex* the Vegetable Compound is unequaled.

You can write Mrs. Pinkham about yourself in strictest confidence.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., Lynn, Mass.

Relieved.

Bleeker—Say, old chap, I'm in beastly bad luck; need money badly and haven't the least idea where I can get it.

Baxter—Well, I'm glad to hear that. I thought perhaps you had an idea you could touch me for it.—Puck.

Farmers' Wives

should read advertisement of Acetylene Apparatus Mfg. Co. in another column of this paper.

Quite Hopeless.

"Dear Pop," wrote the boy from the art school, "don't send me any more money—I have saved half that which you sent me last month."

"Come home," wired the old man. "You'll never make an artist."—Puck.

Grateful to Grandma.

Mrs. Cummins—So you love your grandmamma, do you, Gracie? And why do you love her?

Gracie—Because she used to punish mamma when mamma was a little girl. I hope she used to spank mamma as hard as mamma spanks me.—Boston Transcript.

The Cruelties of Science.

The Anti-vivisectionist—And when you do lure a poor dog into your laboratory and cut him up, what do you gain by it?

The Surgeon—Millions—of fleas.

WHY THEY ARE HAPPY

TWO NOTABLE RECOVERIES FROM EXTREME DEBILITY.

Husband's Strength Had Been Waning for Three Years, Wife a Sufferer from Female Weakness.

"My strength had dwindled so that I couldn't apply myself to my business with any snap but was tired and listless all the time," said Mr. Goldstein.

"I went to bed completely used up by my day's work, and when I got up in the morning I didn't feel rested a bit. I had awful headaches too, and my kidneys got out of order and caused me to have severe pains in the back. At one time I became so feeble that I could not stir from bed for three weeks."

Mr. Goldstein is a young man and had then but recently established a home of his own. His anxieties were increased by the fact that his wife was far from being robust. Mrs. Goldstein says:

"For two years I had been ill most of the time. Sometimes I was confined to bed for weeks in succession under a physician's care. I had headaches, kidney trouble, pain about the heart and many more uncomfortable symptoms connected with that weakness to which my sex is peculiarly subject."

Trouble had invaded this household and settled in it in just the years that ought to be the very happiest. Physicians could not tell them how to get rid of it.

"I was utterly discouraged," said Mr. Goldstein. "Then the urgency of some friends led me to try a blood and nerve remedy which was said to be wonderfully successful. Within a month there were unmistakable signs of improvement in my condition, and within a year I was completely well. Through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I have now as good health as I ever had in my life."

Mrs. Goldstein adds: "The wonderful effect that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had in the case of my husband led me to try them and they helped me even more quickly than they did him. One box made me decidedly better and a few months' treatment cured me."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best tonic and regulator, they make pure, rich blood, and when there is general weakness and disorder that is what the system needs. Mr. and Mrs. H. Goldstein live at 33 Gove street, East Boston, Mass. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by druggists everywhere.

The Royal Road to Learning.

Freddy—What's an honorary degree, dad?

Johnson—That's a title a college confers on a man who would never be able to get it if he had to pass an examination.—Tom Watson's Magazine.

STIRS MITCHELL'S IRE.

Scathing Arraignment of Senator Is Closing Incident of Trial.

Portland, Or., June 29.—The case of United States Senator Mitchell will not go to the jury before to-night at the earliest, and probably not until some time Friday. Yesterday was consumed by District Attorney Heney in finishing his argument for the prosecution. Mr. Heney traced the transactions of the firm in relation to land matters from the time the senator asked for a copy of the firm's books, covering the period from November, 1901, until June, 1902. His arraignment of the defendant, who, he said, had been the cause of the perjury of Judge Tanner and his son, and whom he charged with an attempt to suborn his private secretary, Harry Robertson, to testify in accordance with the false defense outlined, was merciless and caused the face of the defendant to flame and pale with anger.

FOREST FIRE IN ALASKA.

Communication With Nome and St. Michaels Cut Off for Four Days.

Seattle, Wash., June 29. — Forest fires along the banks of the Yukon river, between the mouth of the Tanana river and Eagle City, have cut off all communication with Nome and St. Michaels and for four days the local cable office has been unable to establish any communication with these points on Bering Sea. Advices reaching here from points this side of the break, state that the fires are worse than for several years in the district affected. Miles of the wire and poles are believed to have been burned down. Fire is also raging on Prince of Wales island, and many of the residents have fled to Southeastern Alaska.

GEN. WOOD ON LEAVE.

Will Spend Most of Vacation With His Mother at Boston.

Washington, June 29.—It was stated at the war department that a two months' leave of absence had been granted to Maj. Gen. L. Wood, who has arrived at San Francisco from the Philippines. It is understood that Gen. Wood at once will go to Boston and will spend most of his vacation with his mother.

SECRETARY HAY BETTER.

He Grows Stronger and Is in Excellent Spirits.

Newbury, N. H., June 29.—From the bedside of Secretary of State John Hay, at his summer home, "The Fells," it was announced yesterday that the secretary passed a very comfortable night. He appeared much stronger and was in excellent spirits.

BOMB WAS THROWN.

Crowd on Barcelona's Most Popular Street Is Scattered.

Barcelona, June 29.—On the promenade of the Rambla de las Flores, the most popular of the city's gathering places, when crowded with people last night, the explosion of a bomb caused great consternation. A man immediately was arrested by the police and charged with the outrage.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, June 29. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.11@1.13 1-8; No. 2 Northern, $1.08 1-2@1.09 1-8; No. 3, $1.01 1-8@1.03 1-8. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 51 @ 52c. Oats—No. 3 white, 31 1-2@32c.

Minneapolis, June 29. — Wheat — No. 1 hard, $1.14; No. 1 Northern, $1.12; No. 2 Northern, $1.08 @ 1.09. Oats—No. 2 white, 29 7-8@30 3-8c.

Duluth, June 29. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.12 1-2; No. 2 Northern, $1.04 1-2; flax, $1.48; rye, 72c.

Chicago, June 29. — Wheat—No. 2 red, $1.05; No. 2 hard, $1.05; No. 3 hard, 96c@$1; No. 1 Northern, $1.18; No. 2 Northern, $1.12@1.15. Corn—No. 2, 54 1-2@54 3-4c. Oats — No. 2, 31c.

Milwaukee, June 29. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.13 1-2 @ 1.14; No. 2 Northern, $1.07@1.11. Rye — No. 1, 83c. Barley—No. 2, 51c. Oats—Standard, 33c. Corn—No. 3, 54 1-2@55c.

Sioux City, Iowa, June 29.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.75@5.25; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.75@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3@4; calves and yearlings, $2.75 @3.90. Hogs—Bulk, $5.12@5.15.

Chicago, June 29.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.25 @ 6; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.85; cows, $2.50@4.60; heifers, $2.50@5.; calves, $3@6. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.25@5.42 1-2; bulk, $5.30 @ 5.35. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $4.80@5.25; native lambs, $4.50@6.50; Western lambs, $5.50@7.40.

South St. Paul, June 29. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $5.50@6; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.75@4.75; butcher bulls, $3.25@4; veals, $3@5; good to choice stock steers, $3.35@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs—Range price, $5.10@5.25; bulk, $5.15@5.20. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $5.25@6; fair to good, $4@5.25; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice ewes, $4@4.50.

100 Germans Are Killed.

Cape Town, June 29.—Confirmation has been received here of Chief Marengo's reported victory over the Germans at Karasberg, German Southwest Africa, June 22. It is said that 100 Germans were killed.

Boycott Decided On.

London, June 29.—A dispatch from Penang, Straits Settlements, says the boycott against American goods has been decided upon in co-operation with Singapore and Shanghai merchants.

Bookmakers Arrested.

Indianapolis, June 28.—Carrying out the request of Gov. Hanley that he enforce the law against poolselling at the state fair grounds, Sheriff Edward Sourber and eleven deputies last evening arrested eight bookmakers.

Teamsters Refuse Terms.

Chicago, June 28.—By a practically unanimous vote last night the teamsters refused to accept the terms recently offered by the employers, and the latest peace prospect in the strike has vanished.

"IN LOVE" AND LOVING.

Two States of Being That Are Very Different.

Being "in love" is very different from loving, and may be only a selfish emotion which is the direct opposite of loving. Being in love without loving is bondage—sometimes pleasant and sometimes painful, but always bondage. True loving means freedom —freedom both for ourselves and, as far as it is in our power to give it, for all whom we love; for when we truly love another human being we love him for the sake of his best strength, his best use and his best happiness, and not at all for the sake of ourselves.—Leslie's Magazine.

The Uncle and the Ante.

Mrs. Newlywed (to her friend)—Mary, I want to ask you a question. The other day I missed Jack's watch and he said his uncle had it; this morning his diamond pin was missing and he said his uncle had that. Now, has your husband an uncle who gets all of this things?

Her Friend (a woman who knows a thing or two)—No, dear; my husband's ante does it for him.—Detroit Free Press.

Her Long Suit.

"Our landlady," said Appleton, ought to join the navy in case we have another war."

"What's the explanation?" queried his friend Pruneleigh.

"She would make a hit when it came to repelling boarders," replied Appleton.—Chicago Daily News.

UNSIGHTLY BALD SPOT.

Caused by Sores on Neck—Merciless Itching for Two Years Made Him Wild—Another Cure by Cuticura.

"For two years my neck was covered with sores, the humor spreading to my hair, which fell out, leaving an unsightly bald spot, and the soreness, inflammation and merciless itching made me wild. Friends advised Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and after a few applications the torment subsided, to my great joy. The sores soon disappeared, and my hair grew again, as thick and healthy as ever. I shall always recommend Cuticura. (Signed) H. J. Spalding, 104 W. 104th St., New York City."

An Unfair Revenge.

One diamond thief got his deserts. He stole gems valued at $1,500 from an actress in Denver; she trailed him to Ames and compelled him to return the goods and marry her to stop prosecution. This is administering the life sentence with due expedition.—Cedar Rapids Gazette.

A Sense of Humor.

Fritz (aged seven)—Oh, mamma, come quick. There's a stranger in the drawing room kissing the new maid!

Mamma walks to the door with a shocked expression. As she looks in Fritz claps his hands and cries: "April fool! It isn't a stranger at all; it's papa!"—Translated for Tales From Simplicissimus.

Here is Relief for Women.

Mother Gray, a nurse in New York, discovered a pleasant herb remedy for women's ills, called AUSTRALIAN-LEAF. Cures female weaknesses, Backache, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary troubles. At all Druggists or by mail 50c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

Satisfied.

Visitor—What, you got a life sentence?

Prisoner—Yes, thank heaven! I hate moving.—Translated for Tales From Fliegende Blatter.

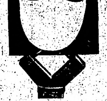
Church Trustees

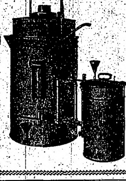
should investigate Acetylene Gas. See ad of Acetylene Apparatus Mfg. Co. in this paper.

Different.

"She told me in confidence that the way he makes lovo is absurd."

"Yes, but the way he makes money isn't."—Puck.





Make Your Own Gas

Any country home, store, hotel, church or building can be as brilliantly and conveniently lighted as a city house.

Acetylene Gas is cheaper than kerosene, brighter than electricity, safer than either.

PILOT

Automatic Generators

require little care, do the work perfectly and can be operated by anyone—anywhere.

Complete plant costs no more than a hot air furnace.

Send for booklet, "After Sunset." It gives full information regarding this wonderful light, and is sent free to anyone.

Acetylene Apparatus Mfg. Co.,
157 Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Truths that Strike Home

Your grocer is honest and—if he cares to do so—can tell you that he knows very little about the **bulk** coffee he sells you. How *can* he know, where it originally came from, how it was blended—**or with what**—or when roasted? If you buy your coffee loose by the pound, how *can* you expect purity and uniform quality?

LION COFFEE, the LEADER OF ALL PACKAGE COFFEES, is of necessity uniform in quality, strength and flavor. For OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY, LION COFFEE has been the standard coffee in millions of homes.

LION COFFEE is carefully packed at our factories, and until opened in your home, has no chance of being adulterated, or of coming in contact with dust, dirt, germs, or unclean hands.

In each package of LION COFFEE you get **one full pound** of Pure Coffee. Insist upon getting the genuine. (Lion head on every package.)

(Save the Lion-heads for valuable premiums.)

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

A Sure Test.

"Nathan Silverstein never buys a horse unless his wife is with him."

"What does she know about horses?"

"Nothing: but he knows they're safe if they don't run away when they see her."—Translated for Tales From Meggendorfer Blatter.

Strenuous Hint.

Husband—Let me see, how long has it been since Uncle John was here?

Wife—Oh, it must be several years. He was here the week after I got my last new bonnet.—Detroit Tribune.

For the Prodigal Son.

McFlub—My, but that's a beefy looking lot of burlesque queens.

Sleuth—Yes, the fatted calf is quite in evidence to-night.—Houston Chronicle.

A Habit of His.

"Isaac got nearly strangled to death by a thug the other night at the corner of Eleventh street and 'Steenth avenue."

"I'm not surbrised. Issacs always would have his leed'l choke!"

His Qualifications.

"Sir, you are too young to marry my daughter."

"But I am baldheaded and have the gout!"—Translated for Tales From Le Journal Amusant.

Fussiness is often mistaken for fruitfulness—by the fussy.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN

troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness, cures leucorrhœa and nasal catarrh.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES

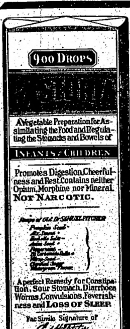
For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.

Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.

THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

N W N U —NO. 26— 1905



900 DROPS

AVegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

MINNEAPOLIS. **Woodward & Co., Grain Commission.** DULUTH.

ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JULY 8, 1905. NUMBER 51.

THREATEN TO BOMBARD TOWN

MUTINEERS DEMAND SUPPLIES AT THEODOSIA, CRIMEA, AND GET THEM.

FEAR ACTION BY THE POWERS

REBELS ISSUE MANIFEST TO SET FEARS OF THE POWERS AT REST.

JAPAN TAKES A FIRM STAND

NO ARMISTICE UNTIL RUSSIAN PEACE MISSION ACCEPTS PROPOSALS.

Theodosia, Crimea, July 6. — Summoned by the Kniaz Potemkine, representatives of the town council went on board the battleship and were received in the admiral's cabin by the commission commanding her. The commission demanded the delivery of 500 tons of coal and provisions of various kinds within twenty-four hours, and threatened that in the event of non-compliance, after the warning to the inhabitants, the

Town Would Be Bombarded.

The commission also proposed that the mayor should transmit to the population a proclamation demanding the termination of the war, a convocation of zemstvos, etc.

Learning of these demands many inhabitants fled the town. The workmen insisted that the demands be granted. A special meeting of the municipal council was called and the council consented to deliver the provisions but refused to comply with the demand for coal for the reason that the town had none.

At Large in Black Sea.

St. Petersburg, July 6.—While no official confirmation is obtainable, the Associated Press has been informed by an authority usually reliable that the admiralty has received news that the Kniaz Potemkine, after shipping coal, provisions and medicines, is again at large in the Black sea, and that her destination is unknown. Whether the report of the sailing of the battleship be true or not, the crew took a remarkable step yesterday when, with all the solemnity of a provisional government, it issued a manifesto addressed to the powers, announcing that civil war had been begun against the existing regime in Russia and pledging the inviolability of foreign shipping and foreign ports.

Quiet Fears of Powers.

This action doubtless was taken to quiet the apprehensions of foreign powers and to leave no excuse for the sending of warships through the Dardanelles to effect the capture of the battleship, which until now Russia's Black sea fleet has not dared to attempt. It is considered a shrewd move on the part of the mutineers and stamps the commander of the crew as a leader, far above the class of the ordinary sailor, and strengthens the opinion that he is not a member of the original crew, but one of the revolutionaries who went on board at Odessa.

Stir Up General Rising.

In circles closely in touch with the revolutionists it is regarded as a foregone conclusion that the commander of the Kniaz Potemkine, knowing the situation in the Caucasus, will head for Poti or Batoum, where the revolutionists are exceedingly strong, in the hope of producing a general rising. With the authorities in the Caucasus almost powerless to prevent it, such a contingency is by no means impossible.

Dispatches from Tiflis received last night say that reports of the rioting at Odessa and the action of the Kniaz Potemkine have aroused the most intense interest and the wildest joy among the revolutionists.

Powers Take Notice.

London, July 6. — It is understood that the movements of the Kniaz Potemkine are engaging the serious attention of the powers, who are exchanging views on the possible necessity of taking joint measures to protect neutral commerce in the Black sea.

Mutineers Will Be Shot.

Odessa, July 6.—Sixty-seven of the mutineers from the Georgi Pobiedonosetz, including the ringleaders, were imprisoned yesterday. It is expected all of them will be shot.

JAPAN TAKES FIRM STAND.

No Armistice Until Russian Peace Mission Accepts Proposals.

St. Petersburg, July 6.—It is ascertained from official sources that an armistice until the Russian peace mission has accepted formally the basis of her proposals, which will not be communicated till the peace conference has assembled. The situation regarding the armistice is as follows:

Russia has formally signified to President Roosevelt her desire for a lasting peace, not only by the appointment of plenipotentiaries, who will be accompanied by eminent experts fully empowered to conclude a treaty subject only to the ratification of the respective governments, but as a final step has indicated her readiness to suspend hostilities. She has avoided formally asking for an armistice as a matter of pride, but under the circumstances Russia could hardly go further than she has.

In diplomatic circles the most earnest hope is expressed that Japan will consent, both for the sake of avoiding further bloodshed in Manchuria, and perhaps in order to prevent a catastrophe in Russia which may shake the Romanoffs' throne and appal the world by its horrors.

MOB TO PRISONERS' RESCUE.

Released Man Hears Shots and Runs Back to Jail.

Russellville, Ky., July 6.—The crowd which overpowered the jailer and which was thought to be a mob intent upon hanging the four men under trial here for criminally assaulting Mary Gladder, is now generally believed to have been a rescue party made up of friends of the prisoners. Jim Lyon, who was carried out of the jail, was found yesterday in the residence portion of the jail. It is thought that when he heard the shots fired by the officers at Sacra, he became frightened and ran back to the jail. Excitement is intense.

JAPS MENACE GERMAN TRADE.

Government Asked to Check Islanders' Invasion of China.

Berlin, July 6. — An article in the semi-official Tsingtauer Neueste Nachrichten, reprinted here, calls upon Germany to take a firm and vigorous course in checking the trade invasion of the Shantung province by the Japanese, who, the paper affirms, are establishing themselves in the capital and lesser cities of the province where Japanese-made articles are in the shops in every place. The Japanese under secretary to the ministry of commerce himself, the article says, has visited Tsingtau recently.

COLLISION KILLS THREE.

Misunderstanding of Signals Causes Bad Wreck.

Fitchburg, Mass., July 6. — Three railway employes were killed and two injured and thousands of dollars' worth of property destroyed by a head-on collision late yesterday afternoon between an east-bound express freight train and a west-bound coal train. The accident was due to some misunderstanding regarding the signalling of the east-bound train.

CARBONDALE IS SAFE.

Report That the Town Was Destroyed by Fire Is Denied.

Carbondale, Colo., July 6. — The report circulated Tuesday night that this town had been destroyed by fire was erroneous. The conclusion arrived at was probably due to the fact that telephone communication was interrupted by the burning of several poles. One brick and several frame buildings were destroyed, the loss being about $5,000.

TWO BOYS BURNED TO DEATH.

Set Fire to House While Playing With Firecrackers.

Des Moines, Iowa, July 6.—The five-year-old son of Samuel Squillman of Seymour, Iowa, and the four-year-old son of a neighbor, George Billard, were burned to death yesterday in a fire which destroyed Squillman's home. The children had been playing with firecrackers left over from the Fourth, which are supposed to have caused the fire.

EXPLOSION IN A MINE.

Nine Miners Injured, Two of Whom Died in the Hospital.

Bluefield, W. Va., July 6.—By an explosion in the Tidewater coal mine at Vivian, twenty miles west of this city, yesterday, nine miners, all of whom were Italians, were injured and two of them died later in the hospital, while three more are in a precarious condition with slight chances of recovery. All of the men were burned badly.

KILLS FELLOW HUNTER.

In Handing Gun to Young Man It Goes Off and Shoots Him.

Rhinelander, Wis., July 6. — Christ Robertson, twenty years old, was accidentally shot and killed yesterday by Frank Rutledge, a companion with whom he was out shooting. Rutledge was handing the loaded rifle to Robertson when it was discharged and a bullet of 22-caliber pierced his companion's heart.

Brokerage Firm in Trouble.

Chicago, July 6. — The brokerage firm of Frazer & Co. here suspended business yesterday. The whereabouts of S. L. Frazer, the active member of the firm, is unknown. Thomas Medell, an associate, has secured a warrant for Frazer's arrest, charging embezzlement.

Friend of Lincoln Is Dead.

Los Angeles, July 6.—Gen. Amasa Cobb, brigadier general of volunteers during the Civil war, veteran of the Mexican, ex-congressman and ex-justice of the supreme court of Nebraska, died yesterday, 82 years old. Cobb was a personal friend of President Lincoln.

Boiler Explosion Kills Two.

Barboursville, Ky., July 6. — The boiler in the sawmill of Henley Fugate, near Big Branch exploded yesterday, killing two men and injuring several.

Young Man Drowned.

Dubuque, Iowa, July 6.—James Duncan, aged twenty-two, of Platteville, Wis., drowned in the Mississippi while bathing.

JOHN HAY IS LAID TO REST

SIMPLE CEREMONIES MARK FUNERAL OF THE DEAD SECRETARY.

PRESIDENT IS AT THE GRAVE

VICE PRESIDENT FAIRBANKS AND MEMBERS OF THE CABINET ALSO PRESENT.

NO HITCH IN THE SERVICES

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT LEAVES AT ONCE FOR HIS OYSTER BAY HOME.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 6.—The body of John Hay now rests in his family burying ground in a corner of Lakeview cemetery.

The services throughout were admirably conducted in most excellent taste, and from the arrival of President Roosevelt yesterday morning until his departure in the afternoon which brought the official day to a close not a single untoward incident was in evidence.

President Roosevelt's train rolled into the union depot exactly at the time set. A committee of twelve prominent citizens of Cleveland was in waiting to receive him, headed by Gov. Herrick. Vice President Fairbanks, Associate Justice William H. Day of the United States supreme court, and Samuel Mather, a brother-in-law of Mrs. Hay, were also present.

At the Chamber of Commerce.

The drive from the depot to the chamber of commerce was completed in twenty minutes. The president and Vice President Fairbanks entered the hall of the chamber of commerce and passed around to the head of the casket, while in a semi-circle around the hall stood members of the present and of former cabinets.

At just 10 o'clock the funeral left the chamber of commerce. The casket, carried by six non-commissioned officers of the cavalry troop, was borne to the hearse between two lines formed by the present and former cabinets, who acted as honorary pallbearers. The president, vice president and Gov. Herrick entered the first carriage, and the honorary pallbearers and members of the local committee occupied the remainder of them.

Simple Funeral Services.

None of the members of the Hay family was at the chamber of commerce, and in company with a few friends they awaited the arrival of the funeral cortege at Wade chapel, inside the cemetery grounds.

Exactly at 11 o'clock Capt. Schofield of Troop A brought his men to a halt opposite the chapel door. The casket, covered with the national colors and the beautiful wreaths sent by President and Mrs. Roosevelt, and by the members of the diplomatic corps, was carried in, the president, vice president and honorary pallbearers following with uncovered heads.

The services were opened by the Ionic quartet of male voices which sung "Still, still with thee," and then Rev. Dr. Hayden, pastor emeritus of the Old Stone church, delivered a brief prayer, after which Rev. A. B. Meldrum, active pastor, read the extracts from the scriptures.

Consigned to the Grave.

The pallbearers, at the conclusion of the scriptural reading, carried the casket to the hearse. The funeral, leaving the chapel, passed along the beautiful and winding driveways of the cemetery until the Hay burial lot was reached. The quartet sang two stanzas of the hymn "For all the Saints who from their labors rest," and then, while inch by inch the casket was lowered, Dr. Hayden recited the committal service. When he concluded the quartet sang the final stanza of the hymn, and the benediction by Dr. Meldrum brought the services to a close. There was a brief pause after Dr. Meldrum's voice had ceased, and the first move to leave the place was made by Mrs. Hay.

President Takes Her Hand.

She turned away from the grave, and as she passed the president, reached her hand to him. He took it in both of his, bowing deeply as he did so.

Mrs. Hay, with the members of her family, returned to the residence of Samuel Mather while the president and his party, in carriages, went at a rapid pace directly to his train, which he reached about 1 o'clock. After a short wait in the yards of the Pennsylvania railroad, the train started on, the entire party returning with him except Secretary Metcalf, who will remain in the West.

Three Scalded to Death.

Berlin, July 6.—The Kiel correspondent of the Lokal Anzeiger says that the battleship Woerth rammed torpedo boat S 124 in the harbor of Eckernfoerde Wednesday morning, cutting her completely in two and three firemen in the boiler room were scalded to death by escaping steam.

Killed by a Train.

Lincoln, Neb., July 6.—O. E. Terry, a prominent business man of Stoughton, Wis., was killed here last night by being run over by a Burlington train.

FLOOD'S CREST BEARS DEATH.

Two Are Drowned and Several Have Thrilling Days on Bad River.

Pierre, S. D., July 6.—The body of Arthur Austin, the young man who was drowned in a small tributary of Bad river, at Midland on Monday, was brought here yesterday and shipped to his old home at Clark for burial. The rescue party which went up Bad river Tuesday evening returned yesterday afternoon. They succeeded in rescuing J. N. Douglas and his wife from trees in which the couple had been for twenty-four hours, and H. A. Wheeler and his wife and son, from other trees where they had been for thirty-six hours. A younger son of the Wheeler family was drowned in sight of his parents. News of no other deaths is confirmed, although a number of persons are missing. As there yet has been no communication established across the stream nothing definite can be learned regarding connections on the other side.

The Anderson family, with Bert Merickle and A. Haugh, had a thrilling escape after being afloat for thirty-six hours in a house that crossed the stream a number of times, and for hours swung round in a circle.

TO PAY BIGELOW DEBT.

Receiver Given Authority to Hand Out $60,000 to a Bank.

Milwaukee, July 6.—Authority to advance $60,000 in payment of the claim for that amount held by the National Bank of Commerce of St. Louis against the F. G. Bigelow bankrupt estate, was given the Wisconsin Trust company, as receiver, yesterday. The claim is secured. Former President S. W. Watkins of the National Electric company, has been given permission to settle his indebtedness to the F. G. Bigelow trustee for 15 cents on the dollar. Bigelow had indorsed notes of Watkins to the amount of $30,000, the item being listed as unsecured.

TAKEN FOR ROBBER.

Farm Hand Is Victim of Store Clerk's Hasty Conclusion.

Fargo, N. D., July 6. —Nels Simonson, an employe on the Leech farm, southwest of Fargo, was badly shot through the body. He had been spending the day with others in a store at Horace and had made some purchases. He left at closing-up time and forgot to take his bundles. After getting part of the way home he started back and went to the rear door of the store. The clerk had retired, and hearing the noise, feared burglars. He fired through the door and struck Simonson.

MAN HUNT IS SUCCESSFUL.

Maniac Murderer Chased for Ten Days Through Wisconsin Forests.

Antigo, Wis., July 6.—After one of the most sensational man hunts in the history of Wisconsin, lasting for ten days, through the depths of the forest to the west of Antigo, James Weypender, the escaped inmate of the Oshkosh insane asylum who shot and instantly killed Chief of Police McArthur of this city, was yesterday captured single-handed by Sheriff Griggs, after a desperate hand-to-hand contest, the sheriff unarmed, the maniac with a loaded gun.

TRAIN WRECKER BLAMED.

Grain Cars Go Through Open Switch Into Ditch.

Almena, Wis., July 6. — The east-bound Soo freight train was wrecked here yesterday afternoon. The engine and tender and eight cars went into the ditch, scattering four carloads of grain on the ground, where it has been drenched by rain. The trainmen escaped without injury. The wreck was caused, it is believed, by the malicious opening of a switch.

MILWAUKEE'S CHIEF DEAD.

Nemenger Had Served Thirty Years in City's Fire Department.

Milwaukee, July 6.—Herman Nemenger, chief of the Milwaukee fire department, died yesterday from the effects of injuries sustained at a fire two months ago, when it was reported he inhaled acid fumes. He was chief about two years and assistant chief twenty years. He had been with the fire department thirty years and was fifty years of age.

Fall Results in Death.

Marshalltown, Iowa, July 6. — Sam Erickson of McCallsburg, was killed in this city Tuesday. He was found in an alley on First street, shortly after noon. His skull was fractured and he was unconscious. He died last night at a hospital. It is supposed Erickson was pushed from a stairway leading to a bawdy house, although he may have fallen. An investigation is being made.

May Be Murder.

Mason City, Iowa, July 6. — Ed Anderson of St. Ansgar, who fell or was pushed over an embankment of Willow creek yesterday, sustained injuries from which he died later. All sorts of rumors are current, the one most plausible being that he was pushed by a woman.

High Water Floods Crops.

Milbank, S. D., July 6.—A rainfall of 3.61 inches in twenty-four hours caused the highest water ever known in the Wheatstone and Yellow Banks rivers. Bridges are all down. Loss, $20,000. A quarter of the crop is under water.

Rain Delays Mine Work.

Two Harbors, Minn., July 6. — The excessive rains of the last two weeks have almost put a stop to open-pit mine work along the Mesaba range, and considerable damage at several of the mines has been done.

SCORES KILLED BY A TORNADO

TERRIBLE STORM SPREADS DEATH AND RUIN THROUGH PART OF TEXAS.

MORE THAN FORTY ARE DEAD

FULLER REPORTS MAY RUN DEATH LIST TO OVER A HUNDRED.

UNTOLD DAMAGE TO CROPS

FARMERS AND STOCK RAISERS ARE PRINCIPAL SUFFERERS FROM STORM.

Fort Worth, Tex., July 6.—A tornado which struck Texas in the upper edge of Montague county, coming from the northeast and swinging far to the southeast yesterday afternoon caused the loss, it is believed, of over forty lives, injured a large number of people, and did untold damage to growing crops and cattle.

Fortunately the tornado missed the small towns in the section through which it swept, but it seemed to take a fiendish delight in zigzagging its way so as to take in the homes of many farmers and stock raisers in the section.

Force of Wind Terrific.

At Jacksboro the force of the wind was terrific. The Baptist church and twenty other buildings were blown off their foundations and a number of buildings totally destroyed.

Mrs. Travis Calhoun was seriously injured and is not expected to live. Travis Calhoun, Mrs. Thomas Horton and Henry Vesser and family were also injured.

At Montague no lives were lost in the town, but in the country there was great loss of life reported.

Owing to the fact that wires are down in all directions it is difficult to get particulars. Ten persons are known to be dead in the neighborhood and unconfirmed reports are to the effect that the list of dead will

Go as High as Forty.

Most of the killed lived on Salt creek, along which the tornado swept with especial force.

At Nocona the tornado passed a few miles to the south, and latest lists give the dead at fourteen and the injured at forty-one.

A reliable man at Nocona who has been over the scene says that reports were being received of the dead when he left there, and he places the loss of life at sixty.

Owing to the widely separated homes and the fact that in many instances whole families were wiped out, details and names are hard to get.

FLOOD CAUSES GREAT DAMAGE.

Bridges, Houses, and Barns Washed Away Near Baltimore.

Baltimore, July 6. — An immense amount of damage, which cannot yet even be estimated, owing to interruption of communication by wire with the affected territory, was done in Baltimore city and county last night by heavy rains culminating in a cloudburst in the vicinity of Timonium, a small station on the Northern Central railway about ten miles from Baltimore. The Green Spring, Western Run and Gunpowder valleys sent torrents southward and through Jones' falls, a stream running through the central portion of this city, and which at one time constituted the dividing line between East and West Baltimore, poured a flood of water into this city, which was strongly suggestive of the memorable flood of 1868. Along the streams in the section of the county indicated, bridges, houses and barns have been washed away, livestock has been drowned, railroad tracks have been destroyed and telegraph and telephone wires have been broken. So far as can be learned there has been no loss of human life. At 3 o'clock this morning the waters are receding slowly and there is little likelihood of further damage being done. Estimates of what has already been done would be the merest guess work.

FEAR FOR STEAMER.

Huronic, From Duluth, Is Overdue at Port Arthur.

Port Arthur, Ont., July 6.—Fears are entertained for the steamer Huronic, which has been due from Duluth since Tuesday morning. For the last two days a dense fog has covered the lake and it is feared that the steamer has gone aground. The steamer Araban is aground at Welcome island, seven miles from here. She lost her course in a dense fog. The Gordon is now out lightering her.

Knockout Proves Fatal.

Aberdeen, Wash., July 6. — Fred Ross of Denver, who was knocked out by Jack Donnelly of St. Louis in the sixteenth round of a prize fight on Monday night, is dead. The coroner has ordered the arrest of Donnelly.

Legs Cut Off; Arm Crushed.

Ashland, Wis., July 6.—James Towers, a farmer living near Cedar, was run over by a North-Western train as he was returning from a Fourth of July celebration. Both legs were cut off and his arm crushed.

NORSE VESSELS TOTAL LOSS.

Shipwrecked Crews Are Landed at Honolulu.

Honolulu, July 6. — The schooner Matthew Turner, arriving from Newcastle, has on board the shipwrecked crews of two Norwegian barks. The wrecked vessels are the iron-bound Salamis and the wooden bark Victor. They were loading at Malden islands with guano, and during a gale on May 19 and 20 were driven ashore. The vessels are a total loss, but the crews were saved. The gale was of unprecedented force. The Victor was from Tasmania and was nearly empty. The Salamis was from Melbourne and had nearly finished loading her cargo. The Hatthew Turner passed Malden islands on June 11 and took the shipwrecked crews on board. The ships' boats also were saved.

COMPLAIN OF LOST MAIL.

Minnesota People Besiege Postoffice Department With Inquiries.

Washington, July 6.—Many inquiries are coming to the postoffice department from people in Minnesota who claim to have lost valuable mail in the railroad wreck two miles west of Colfax, Wis., last month. The mail car went through a bridge into the Cedar river, and owing to the high water which has prevailed, the mail car has never been recovered. The postoffice department fears that all matter in the car will be ruined. The mail in the car consisted principally of matter from Minnesota and Wisconsin, sent to Eastern points, and originated at St. Paul and Minneapolis and subsidiary points.

BROOK FARM HOUSE BURNS.

Mischievous Boys Destroy Historic Dwelling.

Boston, Mass., July 6.—Mischievous boys have destroyed with firecrackers the famous old Brook Farm house—the ancient dwelling in West Roxbury where sixty years ago Ralph Waldo Emerson, George William Curtis, Margaret Fuller, Frank B. Sanborn, the elder Parker, Charles A. Dana and a dozen more kindred spirits, set up their short lived idealistic social democracy. It was there that Hawthorne wrote at the beginning of his literary career. The old house had been vacant a long time.

PACKERS GIVE BONDS.

Indicted Men and Concerns Furnish Surety.

Chicago, July 6. — Bonds were furnished yesterday by three of the packing companies and thirteen of the individual packers indicted by the federal grand jury last Friday. Four of the indicted packers are still absent from Chicago, but United States District Attorney Morrison announced yesterday that the absentees would be given ample time in which to sign bonds. The bonds signed yesterday were for $5,000 each and were secured by security companies.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, July 6. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.11@1.12; No. 2 Northern, $1.05@1.09; No. 3, $1.04@1.05. Corn —No. 3 yellow, 52@53c. Oats—No. 3 white, 31 1-2@32c.

Minneapolis, July 6. — Wheat—No. No. 1 hard, $1.12; No. 1 Northern, $1.10; No. 2 Northern, $1.06 1-2 @ 1.07 1-2. Oats—No. 3 white, 31 5-8c.

Duluth, July 6. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.11; No. 2 Northern, $1.03; flax, $1.48; rye, 72c.

Chicago, July 6. — Wheat — No. 2 red, $1.04; No. 2 hard, $1.05; No. 3 hard, 96c@$1; No. 1 Northern, $1.20; No. 2 Northern; $1.10@1.15. Corn—No. 2, 56@56 1-4c. Oats—No. 2, 31 1-2 @31 3-4c.

Milwaukee, July 6. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.14; No. 2 Northern, $1.07@1.11. Rye—No. 1, 81@82c. Barley—No. 2, 52c. Oats — Standard, 34c. Corn—No. 3, 56@56 1-2c.

Sioux City, Iowa, July 6. — Cattle—Beeves, $3.85@5.40; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.75@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3@4; calves and yearlings, $2.75 @3.90. Hogs—Bulk, $5.17@5.20.

Chicago, July 6. — Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.25 @ 6.25; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.85; cows, $2.50@ 4.60; heifers, $2.50@5; calves, $3 @ 6. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.30@ 5.50; bulk, $5.40 @ 5.45. Sheep — Good to choice wethers, $4.80@5.25; native lambs, $4.50@6.50; Western lambs, $5.50@7.40.

South St. Paul, July 6. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $5 50@6; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.75@ 4.75; butcher bulls, $3.25@4; veals, $3@5; good to choice stock steers, $3.35@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs—Range price, $5.15@5.40; bulk, $5.25@5.35. Sheep —Good to choice lambs, $5.25@6; fair to good, $4@5.25; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice ewes, $4@4.50.

Chicago Has 2,272,760 Souls.

Chicago, July 6.—The population of Chicago is 2,272,760, according to the city directory for 1905, which has just been completed.

Child Drowned.

Norfolk, Neb., July 6. — The little two-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Schultz met death at Fairfax, S. D., by drowning in a little hole in the ground near home, which had been filled with water by the recent rains.

Permit for Fern.

Washington, July 6.—Permission has been given by the Canadian authorities to take the United States steamer Fern to Duluth via the St. Lawrence river. Congressman J. Adam Bede secured the permit yesterday.

Calumet Baking Powder

The only high grade Baking Powder sold at a moderate price. Complies with the pure food laws of all states.

Trust Baking Powders sell for 45 or 50 cents per pound and may be identified by this exorbitant price. They are a menace to public health, as food prepared from them contains large quantities of Rochelle salts, a dangerous cathartic drug.

Didn't Walk.

"How did he come to kiss you?"

"On the trolley, I think."—Houston Post.

Profits of the Packers.

There has been a great deal of disappointment because the Garfield report shows that the profits of the packing industry only amount to about two per cent of the volume of business transacted. There is no doubt, however, that the report is correct.

The census reports compiled by the government in 1900, before the agitation regarding the "beef trust" began, throw considerable light on this question. It appears from the census that the packing industry is conducted on a smaller margin of gross profit than any other industry in America. The gross margin of profit of 871 flour and grist mills in Illinois, in the census year, was nearly seven per cent on the volume of business. The gross margin of fifty-one wholesale slaughtering and meat packing establishments in Illinois was only about one-third as large, or a little more than two per cent on the volume of business.

The millers have not been accused of being in a "trust," and combinations would seem impossible in a business where there are several thousand mills in the United States competing actively for the flour trade, but it appears that the gross profits of the millers are larger than the gross profits of the packers. It may turn out that the agitation regarding the packing industry will show the same result as the devil found in shearing the pig: "All squeal and no wool."—*American Homestead.*

Partially a Mystery.

Sayitt—I notice that a woman in Philadelphia nearly burned to death the other day while the bystanders stood by and watched.

Thinkitt—That's remarkable. I can understand why the Philadelphians were slow in coming to the rescue, but how in thunder did a fire come to burn so fast there?

Love is blind; but what's the difference? Most courtships are promulgated in the dark.

IN COLONEL'S TOWN

Things Happen.

From the home of thefamous "Keyh-

From the home of the famous "Keyhdown South, comes an enthusiastic letter about Postum:

"I was in very delicate health, suffering from indigestion and a nervous trouble so severe that I could hardly sleep. The doctor ordered me to discontinue the use of the old kind of coffee, which was like poison to me, producing such extreme disturbance that I could not control myself. But such was my love for it that I could not get my own consent to give it up for some time, and continued to suffer, till my father one day brought home a package of Postum Food Coffee.

"I had the new food drink carefully prepared according to directions, and gave it a fair trial. It proved to have a rich flavor and made a healthy, wholesome and delightful drink. To my taste the addition of cream greatly improves it.

"My health began to improve as soon as the drug effect of the old coffee was removed and the Postum Coffee had time to make its influence felt. My nervous troubles were speedily relieved and the sleep which the old coffee drove from my pillow always came to soothe and strengthen me after I had drunk Postum—in a very short time I began to sleep better than I had for years before. I have now used Postum Coffee for several years and like it better and find it more beneficial than when I first began. It is an unspeakable joy to be relieved of the old distress and sickness." Name given by Postum Company, Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans ☞ A Specialty. ☜

ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

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(SECOND HAND STORE.)

Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.

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CIGARS.

BEER.

MINNEAPOLIS AND MILWAUKEE BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.

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Located in rear of Number 488.

New Brew
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The Best Beer
Supplied by Agents Everywhere, or
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ST. PAUL, MINN.

Money to loan at all times in liberal amounts, and at reasonable rates. Prompt service and perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Write for particulars.

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

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Saturday, July 8, 1905.

Dr. Koch is again on trial for the third time for the murder of Dr. Gebhardt. Many think that this third trial savors of persecution.

Things don't seem to be running smoothly down on the big Panama ditch. If they don't behave the President should take that "big stick" down there and use it.

All of the peace preliminaries are now arranged. Japan and Russia have each appointed two commissioners with full powers to act and they will meet at Washington in August.

In the death of Secretary of State John Hay, this country loses its foremost diplomat. No American in recent years has achieved so distinguished reputation in foreign countries.

The way in which Ex-congressman Frank Eddy continues to come up as a gubernatorial candidate is significant. He is easily the leading candidate for the republican nomination at present.

Elihu Root, formerly secretary of war under President McKinley, has accepted the appointment of secretary of state, Mr. Root is one of the strong men of the nation and should ably fill the position.

The state railroad and warehouse commission have lowered the fees on grain inspection ten per cent, to take effect for a year beginning July 1. The accumulated fees after defraying the expenses of inspection had reached $120,000, and it was thought justifiable to make a reduction until such a time as the expenses may again require a raise.

"President Roosevelt spent a brief twelve hours in Chicago, but during that time he was twice renominated for president of the United States by enthusiastic democrats. If Mr. Roosevelt is determined to evade another term in the white house he cannot afford to do much loafing in Chicago. Even if he dodged a republican nomination, the democrats would be sure to get him.—N. Y. World Dem.

A movement among Norwegians in the United States to petition President Roosevelt asking him to recognize the independence of Norway; has been started, and in Christiania is favorably commented upon. It will do no harm to petition, but it is very unlikely that President Roosevelt will take the initiative in the matter of recognition. It is better to wait until it is known what European nations will do in the premises.

Senator Knute Nelson: "It is impossible to predict with any degree of accuracy what the next congress will do on the question of tariff revision. The question is an intricate one, and there are so many senators and representatives who have different views on it that no one can tell in advance what will happen. All I can say is that I sincerely hope the tariff will be revised. I believe that some of the schedules are too high, and nothing would please me better than a readjustment."—Winona Republican-Herald.

The postoffice department pays a rental to railroads of $3,000 a year each for mail cars that cost about that sum to build, and they will easily last 20 years. Besides that, the department pays a higher rate per ton for matter hauled in the cars than any other shipper pays. Railroads pay the meat trust a cent a mile for the privilege of hauling them in the trust cars and carry freight in them cheaper than for any other shipper. And the government is making imposing and costly investigations to find evidences of railroad discrimination. Funny, isn't it?

Seed flax for sale by Leonard Holmes.

Does Not Like New Ruling.

The Roseau Region says there is considerable dissatisfaction over the new rule of the general land office requiring a special agent to be present at the time final proofs are made before local county officers. The objection is not to the presence of the special agent, but to the delay caused by the agent not making report upon the proof to the Crookston land office. We have been informed of several cases where final proof was completed May 8, and others June 3, in which no report has been made and the parties proving up have been notified that their proofs are suspended awaiting the report of the agent. In most of these cases the delay is a great inconvenience. The parties, most of them, have lived five years and over on their claims and earned a patent for which they have been striving, and it appears to us that there should be something done to require the special agent to make his report on cases where he is personally present at the taking of testimony, within a few days. We learn of cases where, rather than wait for this agent's report, parties have gone to Crookston and made proof over again without any trouble or any delay, receiving final receipt in a week. The homesteader is entitled to every consideration at the hands of the government agents and should not be embarrassed in the making of final proofs. If the agent can not attend to his business because his territory is so large, the government should send additional agents into the field. Whatever the reason for the annoying delay, it should be remedied and we intend to write the department on the subject, and see if something cannot be done to have homesteaders secure title within a reasonable time after submitting proof. Of course, if it is the government's intention to compel proofs to be made in Crookston, it can say so. Uncle Sam is big enough to make the order, and there is no need for subterfuge in the matter.

Big Business at Land Office.

Receiver George of the Crookston land office has forwarded to the General land office at Washington, D. C., his monthly report for June and also for the quarter ending June 30th which shows a very large amount of business transacted.

For the month ending June 30, 1905, report shows total receipts $35,021.31, or an average of close to $1350 for every working day of the month. There were 91 homestead entries representing 12,547.23 acres; 101 final homesteads reoresenting 14978.54 acres and 222 cash entries.

For the quarter ending June 30, 1905, the report shows 293 homestead entries covering a total of 41738.12 acres; 193 final homestead on 27398.43 acres and 339 cash entries. The total receipts of the office for the quarter were $54,022.24.

The receipts are very large and exceed those of any other office in the state by a large amount, Duluth coming second with $34,215.22. The receipts of the Crookston office for the next quarter however, will be at least $30,000 larger than for the quarter just ended, on account of the installments and commutation proofs on Red Lake lands.

An Atlas for $1.00.

The Great Northern Railway has issued an Atlas of 56 pages containing up to date maps of Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, Alaska, Hawaii, Japan, Philippine Islands, China, the United States and of the World.

In addition to this, the Atlas contains valuable statistical information relative to the states named above, is printed on the very best quality of paper, shows the lines of the Great Northern Railway, and is in every way a commendable work.

This Atlas will be distributed at the actual cost of production and will be sent to any address upon receipt of $1.00. Address, F. I. Whitney, Passenger Traffic Manager, Great Northern Railway, St. Paul, Minn. jl29

Life in the Open.

President Roosevelt's enthusiasm over what he calls "life in the open" has spread so rapidly in the last few years that it is recognized as one of the characteristics of Americans that they are keen for out of door sports. No one tendency could be more encouraging for us or any other nation. Combine this with a regular use of golden grain belt beer and we will soon win the reputation of being the healthiest and sanest nation in the world. The beer is unequalled as a tonic and table beverage and should be in every American home. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Wouldn't Be Reconciled.

Two of the most eminent lawyers at the Philadelphia bar were Benjamin Harris Brewster and his half brother, Frederick Carroll Brewster. Both had held the office of attorney general for the state, and the first had been attorney general of the United States. They had not been on friendly terms for many years. It is said that on one occasion a mutual friend tried to bring them together, and finally Frederick C. consented to bury the hatchet and sent Benjamin H. a card containing his name, with these words written underneath, "At home on Monday evening, May 1." By the same messenger Benjamin H. sent a card in return, which read, "Benjamin H. Brewster also at home Monday evening, May 1." This ended negotiations.

Her Advice.

"Yes, Laura, he said his heart was in my keeping."

"Take my advice, dear, and tell him you are not running a storage warehouse for damaged goods."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Calumet Baking Powder

Perfect in quality. Moderate in price.

A Peculiar Animal.

Regarding some of the peculiar characteristics of that strange link between birds and beasts, the duck billed platypus of Australia, a writer says: "It makes its home like an otter in a bank, tunneling up from the entrance under water some thirty or forty feet, which its powerful forearm muscles make nothing of, to a place where it can find a dry and well drained burrow. Its food consists chiefly of insects, crayfish or 'yabbess,' which it bolts, hard shell and all. It will stay from ten to fourteen minutes at a time under water, searching the mud and stones for these delicacies with its ducklike bill. It makes a most fascinating little pet, becoming very tame and squeaking with delight when fed. Its antics are a constant source of pleasure, though if care is not taken it will overeat itself, seeming to have in captivity difficulty in digesting the hard crayfish shells. Its coat is, like the mole's, of an unusually silken and glossy texture."

The Longest Day.

June 21 is the longest day of the year, the day when the sun reaches its northern limit, the tropic of Cancer. At points on the line of the arctic circle there is the wonder of the midnight sun, and many tourists go long distances to witness the sight. It is singular how accurately the semibarbarous nations were able to observe and reckon. On Salisbury plain, in England, may be seen a cromlech erected by the druids. It is a circle of huge stones which once formed a temple, but the most interesting part of the structure is the sacrificial stone, which is a broad, flat slab so placed that the rays of the rising sun strike full upon it only on the 21st of June. The old guide who shows the place to visitors tells the story that a young girl once said to him, "I suppose you have seen it hundreds of times, haven't you?"

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

tf G. H. SANDUM.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 14, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 23th, 1905, viz:

Michael Ault Jr., H. E. No. 21320, for the SE¼ Sec. 8, T. 153 N., R. 45 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Swan Englund, of Tweet, Minn.
Emil Larson, of Wylie, Minn.
Andrew E. Anderson, of Wylie, Minn.
Gust Peterson, of Wylie, Minn.

A. F. GEORGE,
Receiver.

(jun24jul22)

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and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of

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RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE

you are not satisfied with results.

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Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.

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All Seams Allowed and Perforations show the Basting and Sewing Lines.

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Weekly through service between Chicago and between Cincinnati

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Connections at these terminals for the

EAST, SOUTH,
WEST NORTH.

Fast and Handsomely equipped Steam-Heated Trains—Dining Cars—Buffet Library Cars—Sleeping Cars—Free Reclining Chair Cars.

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Chicago. Ill

CROOKSTON
LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Name Your Route East

In purchasing your ticket East, if you care for an excellence in service and equipment not obtainable elsewhere, name your route

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

No additional charge to ride on the Pioneer Limited or the Fast Mail, the two most popular trains between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago. But it is necessary to name your route.

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Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

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ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

CHEAP EXCURSIONS

TO WESTERN CANADA

$10.00 FOR ROUND TRIP TICKETS

TO THE FAMOUS CARROT RIVER VALLEY

During the month of July the Canadian Northern Railway will sell tickets on any day from EMERSON on the INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY to Melfort and return, good for thirty days, with stop over privileges, for **$10.00.** Regular trains for the Carrot River Valley leave Winnipeg every Monday and Wednesday at 1:15 p.m. Minnesota and Dakota landseekers should buy tickets to Emerson, the International Boundary, where they can then purchase the $10.00 excursion tickets to Melfort and return.

THE CARROT RIVER VALLEY which now has railway facilities for the first time, is the most fertile part of the great **Saskatchewan Valley.** Two-thirds of the country is open prairie. The soil is a rich loam varying from one to four feet in depth. The running streams in every township furnish an abundance of pure water. The praries are covered with richly luxuriant grass. There is absolutely no Alkali or stone and there is no section in Western Canada to-day that will produce the same enormous yields of **No. 1 Hard Wheat.** The country too being equally well adapted to diversified farming. With the splendid railway facilities now afforded by the building of the Canadian Northern Railway through this marvelously rich district, this section of Western Canada will be settled quickly and prices will advance rapidly. **Act Now,** and get land in the best part of all Canada at **First Prices.**

FIVE NEW TOWNSITES JUST PUT ON THE MARKET

TISDALE, STAR CITY, RIVERSIDE, KINISTINO and MELFORT

these new towns offer to the business and professional man in every line opportunities to get in on the ground floor in the most thriving, hustling towns in the most productive and prosperous sections of Western Canada.

FREE HOMESTEADS

Good Free Homesteads of 160 acres each, can still be had near railroad stations. This year will be the last chance to secure good free lands within reasonable distance of the railway. Write for maps, printed matter, price lists, etc.

SASKATCHEWAN VALLEY & MANITOBA LAND CO. Ltd.

Canadian Northern Building, WINNIPEG, MANITOBA

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CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

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HARDWARE AND FURNITURE.

Great Northern Time Table.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at St. Hilaire.

PASSENGER

8:00 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 8:45 pm
9:25 am Ar....Red Lake Falls....Lv 5:25 pm
9:55 am Ar......St. Hilaire......Lv 4:55 pm
10:20 am Ar...Thief River Falls...Lv 4:30 pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10 am
10:35 am Ar......Wylie......Lv 10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN,
Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	
Carl Johnson	
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hanson
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Porrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Domann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
J. J. SOLL, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE
Veterinary Surgeon.
Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
....TOYS
Agency for....
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

For refreshments call at Number 488.

Don't forget the school meeting next Saturday night.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad cashier, St. Hilaire.

Go to L. M. Rolland & Sons for flour. We sell the "Mascot."

Wm. Maynard spent the 4th at Crookston visiting friends.

O. H. Peters came down from Middle River and spent the 4th with his family.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Michael Fricker is rejoicing over the arrival of a baby girl at his place last Thursday.

Prof. Onstad returned home on Wednesday after having spent nearly a week with us.

Jesse LaBree, the well known Thief River Falls man, was doing business here yesterday.

Miss Ella Johnson came up from Minneapolis yesterday and will visit with her parents.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Victor Bergen, the night sawyer, made a short trip to Minneapolis, returning on Thursday.

Harold Eikhoff is the proud owner of a pair of goats, and the boys are having lots of fun with them.

The city of Crookston expects to show a population of over seven thousand by the new census.

The Norwegian actor Harald Stormoen played to a small audience here last Wednesday evening.

Wm. Eikhoff returned on Monday from Nellsville, where he had been looking over the big ditch.

Mrs. E. Johnson and three children, of Middle River, are here this week visiting with Mrs. J. J. Soll.

George Williams, of Thief River Falls, one of the old time residents here, was a visitor here the 4th.

Edward Mills, the Great Northern Master Carpenter, passed through here yesterday on his speeder inspecting the line.

Parties wishing to cut grass on SW¼ Sec. 18, River Falls, must have permit from Alston & Brosemer, Fairmont, Minn. 22

Mrs. H. D. Pettibone, Miss May and Heman, came up from Minneapolis last Monday and will make their home here in the future.

I. Dahlin closed up his business affairs here on Thursday and moved out onto his reservation claim where he expects to spend the summer.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Fred Stapleton came over town on the evening of the 3rd and reported that he had a new girl at his house that would help out the celebration.

There will be services in the Swedish Lutheran church at St. Hilaire next Sunday at 3:30 p. m.

Alex Sand, Pastor.

Leo Achenbach returned yesterday from Ortonville, where he has been spending the past week visiting friends. Leo wanted us to state that he was at Minneapolis, but we won't do it.

Sherlock, the man who the papers of the valley claimed had been into all kinds of trouble, was here last Saturday trying to find out how the story started and also to look for his wife. It was claimed that he abandoned his wife here and ran away with a Fargo girl.

Crookston Times: Efforts to learn anything at all about what has been done by the officials of the Crookston Lumber company in regard to the shortage of E. M. Bigelow, of this city, who was cashier of the company until recently, have proven futile. All of the officials of the company maintain stringent silence concerning the affair and no developments have been given out for publication. It has been rumored, however, that the shortage discovered by the experts is much greater than originally supposed. Bigelow is at Bemidji yet and is under $2,500 bail to appear at court when his case is taken up.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

For refreshments call at Number 488.

Put a muzzle on your dog at once or the marshal will get him. Farmers should see that their dogs do not follow them to town. The people don't like the looks of dogs these days.

L. T. Bergh came in from the reservation yesterday with some excellent grain samples and claims that crops are all looking fine out there. He had a particularly fine sample of flax.

Frank Jeffers, register of deeds; Karl M. Hansen, county treasurer; Joseph Perrault, clerk of court, and Supt. of Schools McAnulty were county officials who celebrated with us on the 4th.

Go to Leonard Holmes, for all kinds of farm machinery.

Miss Mabel Hannay has been suffering from a severe attack of appendicitis the past week, but was reported very much better yesterday. It has not yet been decided whether an operation will be necessary.

Frank E. Hunt and wife, of Red Lake Falls, were the guests of W. A. Sorsoleil on the 4th. Mr. Hunt is one of our regular visitors whenever we have a celebration and we are always glad to see him.

Julius Pleth was here from Plummer on Wednesday. Mr. Pleth is of the opinion that the prospects at present for a big crop are good and that if we have favorable weather from now on that a big crop is assured.

There will be confirmation in the Swedish Lutheran Clara church of River Falls next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. The members of the class are: Frank Peterson, Edwin Anderson, Anton Peterson, Oscar Johnson, Sigfrid Johnson, Albert Sandberg, Fred Sandberg, Anna Ahlberg, Hildur Konikson, Oscar Peterson, Elias Peterson, Annie Peterson and Emma Sandberg.

Alex Sand, Pastor.

The last of the Grand Forks drive went over the dam yesterday and the wannigan followed suit in the afternoon. Foreman Sullivan has been here for the past ten days sorting and sluicing the logs. He has about nine million in the drive and about a million of the logs intended for this mill will go down to the Crookston mill on account of lack of room. Manager Pettibone expected to care for them all but could not find a vacant space for the last million.

Social and Concert.

The band boys will give a concert and ice cream social at the bowery next Wednesday evening. All are cordially invited to attend. Prof. Onstad will be present to act as leader.

A Bowery Dance.

The St. Hilaire Fire Department will give a dance at the bowery on Saturday evening, July 15th. The Red Lake Falls orchestra has been secured and the firemen promise that it will be conducted in the best manner possible. Everybody cordially invited.

Annual School Meeting.

Notices have been posted calling the annual meeting of Independent School District number 102 to meet between the hours of 7 and 8 on Saturday evening, July 15th. The object of the meeting is to raise money for the coming year, to regulate the term of school and to elect six directors—two for a term of three years, two for a term of two years and two for a term of one year. Considering that there is a full board to elect, beside the routine business, there should be a full attendance at the meeting.

Over 900.

Census Enumerator Lang has completed his work and forwarded his returns to St. Paul. It is not known just what the count was in the village but that it will exceed nine hundred is certain. This is not a very flattering showing in one way. The census in 1900 was taken when the mill was at its largest capacity and there were nearly twice as many men employed here then as at present. The 1900 census gave us a population of 840, and while the present census will show only a slight gain, we are on a much better and sounder footing than before.

Assessment is Low.

Thief River Falls does not show indications of growth where it counts on the assessment books, says the Red Lake Courier. The taxable value of personal property this year is $28,000 less than last year, and the number of taxpayers is decreased from 299 to 202, a net loss of 97. Last year the assessment as revised by the state board of equalization was $187,273. This year as returned by the assessor the amount is $126,423, a decrease of $61,000.

And yet the Thief River papers tell us their city is growing apace, and that there are evidences on every side of substantial progress.

Either the up-river city is losing in population and wealth, or there is a crowd of artful tax-dodgers. Which?

"Laugh and Grow Fat."

Life is such a serious business with the average mortal that an opportunity for a hearty laugh is more than welcome to most people. "A merry laugh doeth good like a medicine," and so do the humorous features of that great metropolitan daily, the Chicago Record-Herald. The first thing that greets you on the first page of every issue is the humorous cartoon by Ralph Wilder, the well known artist, that frequently tells more at a glance than could be conceived in a column of reading matter. Every issue contains also a humorous small story on the editorial page, and the "Alternating Currents" column, written by S. E. Kiser, one of the most popular humorous writers in the country. In addition to all these, the Sunday issue always includes a comic section, guaranteed to produce laughter.

Council Proceedings.

Adjourned meeting of the village council held at village hall June 30, 1905, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the president.

All members present.

Moved and seconded that a license of $25 be imposed upon outside parties wishing to put in a lemonade or ice cream stand or any game for amusements on July 4, 1905. Carried.

Saloon license granted to the parties who made application—W. A. Arthur, M. E. Bjerk, Chas. Fellman, Anderson & Maakrud—as per published notices.

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'Brien,
President.

K. O. Gigstad,
Recorder.

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held at the village hall July 3, 1905, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the president.

All members present except Duntley and Martz.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and on motion accepted.

On motion the following resolution was unanimously adopted: "Resolved, that the board of health adopt the following order: 'That all dogs inside the village limits be muzzled during the months of July and August, 1805, and instruct the village marshal to shoot all dogs not muzzled found on the streets, this order to take effect upon the publication of this notice."

On motion the street commissioner was instructed to get gravel out of the river to gravel the streets.

The following bills were allowed in full:

Crookston Lbr Co, for lumber	8 30 98
Carl Johnson, 2 days on board of equalization	4 00
Victor Brink, team on grader 1½ days	5 25
R Skorstad, 10 days 3 hours work on streets	15 25
H E Bergland, 9 days 3 hours work with team	32 50
Herman Nelson, mowing streets	6 00
C Clayton, 13 days 2 hours work on streets	19 80
Ed Thompson, fix'g lamp wires	1 00
Christ Bjerk, " " "	1 00
D Patterson, livery hire for G Nelson	3 50
D Patterson, man and team on grader	3 50
D Patterson, mowing ball gr'ds	1 75
B E Burkee, assessing village	50 00
C H Remington, marshal salary month of June	50 00
J B O'Brien, 2 days board of equalization	4 00
K O Gigstad, recorder's salary April, May and June	25 00
K O Gigstad, 100 dog tags and postage	2 70
E J Bray, painting and repairing roof of village hall	10 00
K R Killand, lamp supplies	7 85
Rapp & Post, merchandise as per bill	27 31
L Holmes, chairman 4th July finance committee	75 00
Treasurer St Hilaire Band, for street concerts	10 00

On motion meeting.

J. B. O'BRIEN,
President.

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Recorder.

Lambert Postoffice Robbed.

Red Lake Courier: Last Thursday night the Lambert postoffice was robbed of about $150. The burglars forced an entrance to the building and blew open the safe in a manner that plainly indicated the job was done by professional cracksmen. No definite clew has been discovered as to who did the deed, but the officers are working on the case and the guilty parties may be landed in the near future.

Three strangers were arrested in this city last week, two of them proving conclusively that they were in St. Hilaire the night of the robbery so were discharged. The other suspect is still in jail in this city and will have his hearing today or to-morrow. It is the opinion of the authorities that the fellow knows something of the affair, as he was seen in the neighborhood of the robbery the day before it was committed. Some are of the opinion that he belonged to the gang that did the deed, acting as a "spotter" and giving the men who did the job the lay of the land.

Two men were in Brooks the morning following the robbery and passed a coin that was marked by acid, several of which were taken from the Lambert postoffice. No further clew to these men has been found. The government officials are working on the case and may be able to locate the perpetrators of the deed at a later date.

New Towns in North Dakota.

The extensive railroad building now being done in North Dakota has brought tributary to railroad facilities an additional vast area of the rich agricultural sections of northern and western North Dakota. The Great Northern railway is building a number of new extensions from its main line northward notably that of the Sarles extension of the Edmore line, the Thorne extension running north from York, the Maxbass extension running northwestward from Towner, and a further extension of the Westhope line to Antler. The building of these new lines has brought into being a number of new towns which are fully described in a pamphlet recently issued by the Great Northern Railway. By application to Mr. F. I. Whitney, Passenger Traffic Manager, St. Paul, Minn., a copy of these pamphlets "New Extensions in North Dakota" or "New Towns in North Dakota" will be mailed to any address. 8-5

Co-Partnership Dissolved.

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between Chas. J. Fellman and I. Dahlin is this day dissolved.

CHAS. J. FELLMAN.
I. DAHLIN.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., July 1st, 1905.

THE CELEBRATION

St. Hilaire Entertains a Large Crowd Between Showers on the 4th.

OUR USUAL LUCK

It Always Rains When We Celebrate the 4th at Home.

For the past fifteen years, whenever St. Hilaire has decided to celebrate the 4th of July it has rained, and last Tuesday was no exception to the rule. It rained in a dismal sort of a way all the morning and the exercises at the bowery were postponed until one o'clock, when Hon. Ira C. Richardson delivered an interesting oration which was well received by his large audience.

The Red Lake Falls Band accompanied by Mayor Duffy and two hundred and fifty citizens came up on the morning train and were met at the depot by the Boys' Band. The ball game in the afternoon between the Thief River Falls nine and the White Earth Indians was a close and interesting performance but was not a particularly brilliant game. Errors were numerous on both sides but they evened up and the score was 9 to 10 in favor of the Thief River nine. After the ball game followed the races and sports on the street, but after one horse race and the fireman's flag race it decided to rain again and the streets were unfit for a continuation of the program. The rain made dancing at the bowery out of the question so the firemen adjourned to the Imperial hall where about seventy couple enjoyed themselves until about daybreak. The fireworks were seen by a large crowd and day passed off without serious accident.

The Red Lake Falls Band had many nice things said about them and they deserve them all. They furnish a very high grade of music and are a gentlemanly lot of fellows.

A number of our citizens wish us to thank the people of Red Lake Falls for the large crowd that visited us. We are all very grateful and will surely return the visit upon the first opportunity.

Our own band made a good impression and was well received. They came out in a bunting uniform representing "Uncle Sam" and presented a very neat appearance.

Some day in the distant future when we are having a dry summer we may try it again, but it would be hard to make the people believe that it would not rain.

MUZZLE YOUR DOGS

Notice to Owners and Keepers of Dogs in the Village of St. Hilaire.

Be it resolved by the village board of health of the village of St. Hilaire, that every person residing or being within the limits of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, who is the owner or keeper of any dog or dogs therein, be required for a period of sixty days hereafter to keep the said dog or dogs properly and suitably muzzled with wire muzzle, to be approved by the said board of health, or in lieu thereof to keep the said dog or dogs at all times tied up or confined in a suitable enclosure.

Be it further resolved that any dog not so muzzled and found running at large within the limits of the said village of St. Hilaire within the months of July and August, be at once impounded and confined at the expense of the owner or keeper thereof, and, if not claimed and the said expense paid by the said owner or keeper within twenty-four hours, the said dog be shot and

Be it further resolved that the owner or keeper of any dog found running at large contrary to the provisions of this resolution, be prosecuted according to law.

The above resolution was passed by the said board of health at a meeting thereof held July 3rd, 1905, a. m.

A. F. BLOMBURGH,
Health Officer and Executive of said Board of Health.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, - MINN.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

RAPP & POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

The Pedestal of Honor

is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.

Ladies' Shoes

like ours are not to be found in every store.

HAIL INSURANCE

Do you want to insure your crops against Hail in a first class Company that always pay their losses promptly? If you do, call and see us in regard to a policy in the old and reliable St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Company.

When you buy Insurance get the best

H. E. IVES, Agent, ST. HILAIRE Minnesota

Everyday Bargains
at
E. M. HOFF'S

Granulated Sugar, 16 lbs for	$1	Evaporated Apples, fancy 3 pounds for	25c
Coffees, good as ever, 15c per pound to	40c	A good Corn, three cans for	25c
Teas, extra value, 20c, 35c and	50c	A good Tomato, 3 cans for	25c
A good size and quality Prunes per pound	4c	Small size Sour Pickles, per gallon	30c
Large size and quality Prunes per pound	6c	Sweet Pickles, very nice, per quart	12½c
Extra size and quality Prunes per pound	8c	Rolled Oats, five-pound package	15c
Rice, extra good value, 23 pounds for	$1	Full Cream Cheese, per pound	13c
Tapioca, 6 pounds for	25c	Full Cream Brick Cheese per pound	15c
Sage, 6 pounds for	25c	Soaps, good, forty bars for	$1

We carry a full and complete line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Shoes of the best quality, also a big line of plain and fancy Dry Goods. We are here 365 days in the year, aim to please, will correct all errors and exchange all goods that do not please.

SIDE TRIPS

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

Ask your local agent about the side trips to the many show places along the line of the

Great Northern Railway.
"The Comfortable Way"
To the
Lewis and Clark Exposition

For Rates and Further Information call on your Local Agent or address

F. I. Whitney, Passenger Traffic Manager, St. Paul, Minn

WINCHESTER

FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS

Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

IN STRICT CONFIDENCE.

Women Obtain Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Help.

She Has Guided Thousands to Health—How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cured Mrs. Fred Seydel.

Mrs F. Seydel

It is a great satisfaction for a woman to feel that she can write to another telling her the most private and confidential details about her illness, and know that her letter will be seen by a woman only, a woman full of sympathy for her sick sisters, and above all, a woman who has had more experience in treating female ills than any living person.

Over one hundred thousand cases of female diseases come before Mrs. Pinkham every year, some personally, others by mail, and this has been going on for twenty years, day after day.

Surely women are wise in seeking advice from a woman of such experience, especially when it is absolutely free.

Mrs. Pinkham never violates the confidence of women, and every testimonial letter published is done so with the written consent or request of the writer, in order that other sick women may be benefited as they have been.

Mrs. Fred Seydel, of 412 North 54th Street, West Philadelphia, Pa., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Over a year ago I wrote you a letter asking advice, as I had female ills and could not carry a child to maturity. I received your kind letter of instructions and followed your advice. I am not only a well woman in consequence, but have a beautiful baby girl. I wish every suffering woman in the land would write you for advice, as you have done so much for me."

Just as surely as Mrs. Seydel was cured, will Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cure every woman suffering from any form of female ills.

No other medicine in all the world has such a record of cures of female troubles as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Therefore no prudent woman will accept any substitute which a druggist may offer.

If you are sick, write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice. It is free and always helpful.

The balloon sleeve is coming back this summer—but there are some of us who still recall how they looked.

CUTICURA SOAP

The World's Greatest Skin Soap—The Standard of Every Nation of the Earth.

Millions of the world's best people use Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, the purest and sweetest of emolient skin cures, for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothing red, rough and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings and chafings, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery.

Matter of Choice.

Browne—My wife is inclined to be ill-tempered most of the time, I'm glad to say.

Green—What! Glad to say she is ill-tempered?

Brown—Yes; when she is good-natured she sings.—Chicago Daily News.

Very Likely.

Pearl—Now if the earth is really flat there must be four corners?

Ruby—Well, I bet if there is you will find a dude on each corner—Detroit Tribune.

THE MONTHLY TRIAL

HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, BEARING-DOWN PAINS.

A Woman Tells How She Has Become Well and Strong after Years of Misery Due to Irregular Functions.

The fact that one woman is bright-eyed, rosy-cheeked, strong and cheerful, while another is pale, weak and depressed, is due more often than otherwise to the regularity in the one case and the irregularity in the other of the functions that are peculiar to the sex. When these are disturbed everything goes wrong; pain and discomfort are felt all over the body; the sensations are often terrifying.

"For four years," said Mrs. Davis recently, "I suffered indescribable misery from sick headache every month, accompanied by fainting spells, shortness of breath and severe pain in my left side. There were also bearing-down pains, at times so acute that I could not stand up, and my head was full of ringing sounds. It seemed as if everything was going to hit me in the eyes. I was compelled to lie down with closed eyes for hours to get a little relief. When I attempted to arise everything would whirl around and it would grow so dark that I could scarcely see any object."

"Couldn't your doctor help you?"

"Five doctors in all treated me, but I got no lasting benefit. Besides I used a lot of advertised remedies. The only medicine, however, that had the desired effect was Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and they are truly a godsend to women. I did not have much faith in them when I began to take them. I found myself, however, so much better after using two boxes that I began to believe in them. They checked right away the decline into which I was going. My troubles kept lessening and finally disappeared altogether."

"How long did it take for a cure?"

"After I had used several boxes my health was all right. I had taken on flesh and was strong and hearty. I feel today in spirits more like a girl of sixteen than a woman of my years."

Mrs. O. H. Davis' address is Carmel, Maine, R. F. D., No. 2. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are confidently offered to women for the cure of anæmia, chlorosis, painful and irregular periods, and all forms of weakness. They are sold by every druggist.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

Northwest News.

MANY HOMES SWEPT AWAY

HALF THE CITIZENS OF FORT PIERRE, S. D., ARE WITHOUT SHELTER.

FLOOD CAUSES BIG DAMAGE

SEVERAL PERSONS ARE MISSING AND MAY HAVE BEEN DROWNED.

Pierre, S. D., July 6. — Practically half of the citizens of Fort Pierre are without homes to go to, and many are penniless as the result of the Bad river flood which drove most of the people out of their houses to places of safety Monday, and about midnight swept houses and contents into the yellow waters of the swollen Missouri.

All told fifteen buildings went down the stream, most of them residences with all their contents.

Other Houses Wrecked.

Besides the houses which were swept away, those of Dr. Lavery, Bogus Mathieson and several others were wrecked, so that they will have to be rebuilt. Their contents are ruined.

The steel bridge across Bad river was carried out and sunk in the main channel of the Missouri, about 100 yards below the mouth of the Bad river.

While it is not certain that any lives were lost, several persons are missing and have not been located, but as many are camped in tents on the bluffs south of the torrent, the missing may be among them, as there is no communication with them except by boat down the Missouri.

Couple Marooned in Tree.

One family drifted down the stream in a floating house for about ten miles before it lodged, and they were taken out in boats, just a short distance from the Missouri

A rescue party has gone up the stream to a point where two persons (supposed to be J. N. Douglas and his wife) have been in trees since yesterday morning, with rescue impossible because of the torrent.

Mayor C. J. Lavory of Fort Pierre has asked Warren Young and Anton Fischer to act with him, and they are soliciting contributions generally

While the waters are receding, much of the town is yet flooded.

Fear Missouri's Rising.

Chamberlain, S. D., July 6. — The Missouri river has risen four feet at this place during the last twenty-four hours, a total of eight feet in forty-eight hours. Much wreckage from up-river points is seen in the flood. Several large barges from Pierre have been picked up here. A large part of the Chamberlain pontoon bridge has been carried out, as well as about half the big dam constructed west of American island during the winter. The river continues to rise and a new high record is feared.

NIGHT RAID ON "PIGS."

Three Proprietors at Underwood Arrested and Fined.

Fergus Falls, Minn., July 6.—Blind pigs of Underwood were raided Monday night, Sheriff Albertson going out and seizing large quantities of beer and other drinks and arresting Gustav Schmitz, Stafford Leatch, Jr., and Julius Rackstad. Leatch and Rackstad paid fines of $25 and costs and Schmitz paid $50 and costs.

EIGHT CONVICTS ESCAPE.

Disable Government Launch, Making Pursuit Impossible.

Tacoma, Wash., July 6.—Eight convicts escaped from the federal penitentiary on McNeil's island yesterday, leaving the island in two government boats. Before starting away the convicts disabled the government launch by destroying the dynamo, and the officials were unable to take up the pursuit for several hours.

BAD BLAZE AT UNIVERSITY.

Young Men's Dormitory at South Dakota University Destroyed.

Vermillion, S. D., July 6.—West hall, the young men's dormitory on the university grounds, was totally destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss, $20,000; fully insured. It was the work of a fire bug. The loss to students on clothing and bedding stored for the summer is large.

Misunderstood Orders.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, July 6. — Through misunderstanding of orders two interurban trolley cars collided head-on on a curve near Swisher, twelve miles south of this city last night. One man was fatally hurt and several others were badly injured.

Goes Head First Into Well.

Des Moines, Iowa, July 6.—The two-year-old son of Allen Cunningham of South Des Moines fell head first into a well and was drowned. The well was forty feet deep.

Disappointed in Love.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, July 6.—Miss Emma Nelder, a beautiful young professional nurse, supposed to have been despondent over a disappointing love affair, committed suicide by taking morphine and atropine.

Child Swallows Acid.

Spring Valley, Minn., July 6. — The two-year-old son of F. Harris, living four miles south of this place, is dead from the effects of drinking acid from a bottle. The child found the bottle in the garden.

ANTONETTE ACQUITTED.

Jury Says She Is Not Guilty of the Murder of Herman Shipp.

Wheaton, Minn., July 6.—Less than an hour after it had retired to decide her fate, the jury returned a verdict, finding Antonette Seidensticker not guilty of the murder of Herman Shipp, the young man she was accused of having slain after he had betrayed and deserted her. The verdict is taken rather as the jury's vote that the crime was justifiable, than that she did not kill the young man, for it was repeatedly stated that she admitted the murder. Childish to the end, the thirteen-year-old girl rushed to her attorney, Mr. Murphy, and entwined her arms about his neck in her joy when she heard the verdict that meant freedom. The verdict is a very popular one.

TOURISTS STILL OUT IN THE WET

Rain Delays Party of Automobilists From Chicago to St. Paul.

St. Paul, July 6.—The continuation of the rain and the muddy roads prevented the main body of the Chicago automobile tourists from making much progress yesterday, and they will make their entry into St. Paul this afternoon, twenty-four hours later than the scheduled time. The weather predictions are showers to-day, but fair and warmer thursday. The delay of a day in the opening of the carnival will not make any material change in the program. A special automobile train left New York yesterday, bringing a lot of racing machines and the drivers.

BABY IS DROWNED.

Father's Fears for Children on Houseboat Are Realized.

Winona, Minn., July 6.—The eleytn-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Olson, who came here from Red Wing and were living in a houseboat at the levee, was drowned from the boat yesterday while the mother's attention was directed away from it. The father at the time was down town looking for a house, for he realized that the houseboat was a dangerous place for the children. A doctor could not be obtained at once or the baby's life might have been saved, for it was in the water only a short time.

SAFE DYNAMITED.

Robbers Get $300 From Postoffice at Georgetown.

Moorhead, Minn., July 6. — During safecrackers, who departed without leaving a single clew, wrecked the safe in the postoffice and general store of Weum & Dalens, at Georgetown, escaping with $300 in cash and stamps. Though the safe indicates that a terrific charge occurred, not a person in the town heard the noise, and the men crept away unmolested. Entrance was made through the front door with a key, the robbers escaping through the back door.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn: Owen Casey, Lawrence, Minn., portable grain elevating means; Frederick Fewings, Duluth, Minn., car or engine replacer; Amandus Heberg, Minneapolis, Minn., harvester; Louis Lacaille, Butte, Mont., fly trap; Martin Lindblad, Coggswell, N. D., transportation apparatus; John Loken, Windom, Minn., saw clamp; Ivar Olson, Minneapolis, Minn., wall lining; William Rettke, Niagara, N. D., threshing machine.

FLOODS AROUND HURON.

Many Fields of Corn and Small Grain Under Water.

Huron, S. D., July 6.—Heavy rains continue over this part of the state; many fields of corn and small grain are flooded, and low places are full of water. Not for years has there been so much water on the surface as at this time. Lake beds nearly dry for years are full of water and all have overflowed their banks. The James river is eight feet higher than in years and hundreds of acres of bottom lands are under water.

TYPHOID IN A HOSPITAL.

Four Deaths Reported in Wisconsin Insane Asylum at Mendota.

Madison, Wis., July 6. — Typhoid fever has made its appearance again at the state hospital at Mendota. The disease is supposed to be due to contaminated water supply, in spite of the fact that arrangements were made last year to keep the water pure. Four deaths have resulted.

Burglars Hold Up Cashier.

Excelsior, Minn., July 6.—While the Fourth of July program was being carried out at the pavilion yesterday afternoon two men robbed the rooms occupied by George Darsow above his bakery and secured $30 in cash and jewelry. The cashier of the restaurant discovered the men in the act of rifling a dresser and was held up while the burglars finished their ransacking. The robbers were well dressed and a good description of them has been furnished the Minneapolis police.

Burglars Routed by Girl.

La Crosse, Wis., July 6.—The home of John Pamperin was entered by burglars last night, the inmates probably drugged and a quantity of valuable jewelry, including a number of family heirlooms considered priceless by the family, and a small amount of cash were taken. All the family plate would doubtless have been stolen had not Miss Anna Pamperin been aroused and succeeded in frightening the burglars away. Mr. Pamperin is a wealthy manufacturer.

KEEP YOUR MIND ON THE DRAFT.

Then You Won't Catch Cold, Says a Doctor—Just a Matter of Nerves.

The trolley cold, which is the result of exercise followed by a ride in a street car, is just now easier to catch than at any other time. Then there is also the subway cold, produced by the same causes and just as violent in its uncomfortable effects.

Nobody need suffer from either sort of cold if the testimony of a physician is of any value.

"Nobody need catch cold, even in a draft," he told a patient the other day, "so long as he continues conscious of the fact that there is a draft blowing on him. Just keep that in mind and there is no danger.

"But forget it for a moment and there is gong to be trouble. Taking cold is largely a matter of nerves, and any man who follows my advice, sits tight and thinks of the draft all the time that it is blowing on him will escape taking cold."

Experts.

She—Some people can make themselves fearfully disagreeable if they try, can't them?

He—Yes; and some can do better than that; they don't even have to try.—Detroit Free Press.

Proved Beyond a Doubt.

Middlesex, N. Y., July 3.—(Special)—That Rheumatism can be cured has been proved beyond a doubt by Mrs. Betsy A. Clawson, well known here. That Mrs. Clawson had Rheumatism and had it bad, all her acquaintances know. They also know she is now cured. Dodd's Kidney Pills did it. Mrs. Clawson tells the story of her cure as follows:

"I was an invalid for most five years caused by Inflammatory Rheumatism, helpless two-thirds of the time. The first year I could not do as much as a baby could do, then I rallied a little bit and then a relapse. Then a year ago the gout set in my hands and feet. I suffered untold agony and in August, 1903, when my husband died I could not ride to the grave.

"I only took two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and in two weeks I could wait on myself and saw my own wood. I dug my own potatoes and gathered my own garden last fall. Dodd's Kidney Pils cured me!."

Rheumatism is caused by uric acid in the blood. Dodd's Kidney Pills put the Kidneys in shape to take all the uric acid out of the blood.

Too Much Thought for Food.

It is a reflection on our intelligence that we spend so much time on our food and so much more time in talking about it. It is the perversity of the human mind to occupy itself with the incidental. We must eat, of course, but what a needless bother there is about the dishes and the cookery and the garnish.—London Illustrated News.

One does not have to become an old woman in order to become a new man.

WANTED!

Millions

to know the great merits of Alabastine, the Sanitary Wall Coating—Not a hot or cold water disease-breeding kalsomine, bearing a fanciful name.

LET US HELP YOU.

Write for our artists' free color plans—different effects for different rooms—in white, delicate grays, greens, pinks, blues, and yellows, using

Alabastine
THE SANITARY WALL COATING

A Rock Cement Destroys disease germs and vermin; does not rub or scale. No washing of walls after once applied. You can brush it on—mix with cold water. Other finishes, mixed with either hot or cold water, **do not have the cementing property of Alabastine. They are stuck on with glue, or other animal matter which rots, feeding disease germs, rubbing, scaling, and spoiling walls, clothing, etc.** Such finishes must be washed off every year—costly, filthy work.

Buy Alabastine only in 5 lb. p'k'gs, properly labeled. Pretty wall and ceiling design, "Hints on Decorating" and tint card, free.

ALABASTINE CO.,
Grand Rapids, Mich., or 105 Water St., N. Y.

LASTING RELIEF.

J. W. Walls, Superintendent of streets of Lebanon, Ky., says:

"My nightly rest was broken, owing to irregular action of the kidneys. I was suffering intensely from severe pains in the small of my back and through the kidneys and annoyed by painful passages of abnormal secretions. No amount of doctoring relieved this condition. I took Doan's Kidney Pills and experienced quick and lasting relief. Doan's Kidney Pills will prove a blessing to all sufferers from kidney disorders who will give them a fair trial."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., proprietors. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

"I always had an idea that an 'interne' was a hospital doctor."

"Just what those Russian ships need, at that."—Cleveland Leader.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Sometimes we get so exasperated with others that we wish they might be left alone with our conscience.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Endsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Nothing amuses a crowd more than to see an obese man chasing his hat down a muddy street on a windy day.

"Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy cured me of Bright's Disease and Gravel. Able physicians failed." Mrs. E. F. Ulmer, Burghill, O. $1.00 a bottle.

The sunshine works as great reform as the thunder storm.

Hope is a nerve tonic for ambitious men.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

There are no buffet cars on a train of disasters.

Idle minds are scandal incubators.

Conviction Follows Trial

When buying loose coffee or anything your grocer happens to have in his bin, **how do you know what you are getting?** Some queer stories about coffee that is sold in bulk, could be told, if the people who handle it (grocers), cared to speak out.

Could any amount of mere talk have persuaded millions of housekeepers to use

Lion Coffee,

the leader of all package coffees for over a quarter of a century, if they had not found it superior to all other brands in

Purity, Strength, Flavor and Uniformity?

This popular success of LION COFFEE can be due only to inherent merit. There is no stronger proof of merit than continued and increasing popularity.

If the verdict of MILLIONS OF HOUSEKEEPERS does not convince you of the merits of LION COFFEE, it costs you but a trifle to buy a package. It is the easiest way to convince yourself, and to make you a PERMANENT PURCHASER.

LION COFFEE is sold only in 1 lb. sealed packages, and reaches you as pure and clean as when it left our factory.
Lion-head on every package.
Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

SORE SHOULDERS, SCRATCHES
And All Other Sores on Your Live Stock Are Easily Cured With
DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL
Heals All Hurts Without a Scar
OLNEY & McDAID, Mfrs., CLINTON, IOWA
At druggists in 50c, $1, $3 and $5 Sizes

Libby's
Natural Flavor
Food Products

Dainty—Delicious—Attractive to the Eye and satisfying to the appetite

Libby's (Natural Flavor) Food Products

Ox Tongue, Potted Chicken, Deviled Ham, Dried Beef, Brisket Beef, Lunch Tongues, Soups, Corned Beef Hash—all as good as they are wholesome. Easy to serve

The Booklet, "How to Make Good Things to Eat" sent free.

Address **Libby, McNeill & Libby** Chicago

MILLIONS USE

CUTICURA SOAP MEDICINAL AND TOILET PRICE 25 CENTS

THE WORLD'S FAVORITE

For Preserving, Purifying and Beautifying the Skin, Scalp, Hair, and Hands.

Cuticura Soap combines delicate medicinal and emollient properties derived from Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. Two Soaps in one at one price—namely, a Medicinal and Toilet Soap for 25c. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston. Mailed Free, "All About the Skin, Scalp, and Hair."

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES

For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.

Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.

THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

THE DAISY FLY KILLER destroys all the flies and affords comfort to every home—in dining-room, sleeping-room and places where flies are troublesome. Clean, neat, will not soil or injure anything. Try them once, you will never be without them. If not kept by dealers, sent prepaid for 20c. Harold Somers, 149 DeKalb Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

N W N U —NO. 27— 1905

Constipated All His Life

Wilbert Thompson never knew a well day—he had been constipated all his life—many doctors treated him, but all failed to even help him—his health failed rapidly and on January 21, 1903, Mrs. Thompson asked us to suggest a treatment for her husband. We thought the case too serious and recommended that a specialist be consulted—but he also failed to help the patient—NOW HE IS WELL.

MR. and MRS. WILBERT THOMPSON,
801 Main St., Peoria, Ill.
MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CURED HIM.

Mull's Grape Tonic Cured Him

Mrs. Thompson first wrote us as follows: "My husband, aged 23, suffers from sharp pains in his stomach and sometimes thinks it is his heart. Let me know by return mail what causes the pain, if you can. Mr. Thompson has been treated by several doctors, but they have given him up."

We promptly advised that a first-class specialist be consulted. We quote: "We want to sell Mull's Grape Tonic, because we know it will cure constipation, but 50c. a bottle is no object to us when a human life is at stake, and if your husband's case is as serious as you state, we suggest you consult a reliable specialist, not the advertising kind, promptly." At the same time, knowing that Mull's Grape Tonic could do no harm, we advised its use until a physician could be consulted. January 25th, Mrs. Thompson wrote that a physician had been consulted. He diagnosed the case as being chronic constipation and dyspepsia. His treatment was followed faithfully, but there was no perceptible improvement in Mr. Thompson's health. Then he began taking Mull's Grape Tonic and on September 3, 1903, we received the following letter from Mrs. Thompson:

"You will remember that I wrote to you last January in regard to my husband's health. It is four months since he quit taking Mull's Grape Tonic for constipation, which he suffered from since birth. He took just 24 bottles of it and is perfectly cured. He is much stronger and has gained considerably in flesh. I cannot thank you enough for Mull's Grape Tonic. 'It is worth its weight in gold.' Just $12 cured him and he has spent hundreds of dollars with doctors who did him no good. It did all you claimed it would."

Very respectfully yours, MRS. W. H. THOMPSON, 801 Main St., Peoria, Ill.

Mr. Thompson stopped taking Mull's Grape Tonic in June, 1903. He has been completely cured and has taken no other medicine since that date. Almost two years and no return of the disease, should prove a permanent cure.

LET US GIVE YOU A BOTTLE

For Hot Weather Ills

CONSTIPATION

Stomach Troubles, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Blood Poison, Skin Diseases, Sores, Sudden Bowel Trouble, Diarrhea, Cholera, Etc.

No one whose bowels are healthy and active contracts these complaints. Invariably they are the result of Constipation which means decayed, poisoned and dying bowels or intestines. Check diarrhea and you are liable to fatal blood poison—a physic makes you worse. There is only one right course and that is to treat the cause. Revive and strengthen the bowels and intestines. We will prove to you that Mull's Grape Tonic cures Constipation and all these terrible Stomach and Bowel troubles because it cleanses the Blood and makes the intestines practically new. It feeds the starved condition and brings them back to life—nothing else will.

WRITE FOR THIS FREE BOTTLE TODAY

Good for ailing children and nursing mothers.

FREE COUPON

Send this coupon to Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 147 3rd Ave., Rock Island, Ill., and receive an order on your druggist for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, Blood Tonic and Constipation Cure.

My Name ____________________

Address ____________________

City ______________ State ______________

Write yours and your druggist's name and address plainly on a separate piece of paper and mail at once with this coupon.

The $1.00 bottle contains nearly three times as much as the 50 cent size.

CAUTION: Do not accept MULL'S GRAPE TONIC unless it has a date and number stamped with indelible ink on the label

ESTABLISHED 1879.
MINNEAPOLIS. WOODWARD & CO., GRAIN COMMISSION. DULUTH.
ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXIV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1905. NUMBER 52.

The News Of the Week

Casualty.

Three persons were burned to death in a fire in a tenement house in Brooklyn.

Henry Baker, doorman employed in Keith's theater, New York, was suffocated while extinguishing a fire in the theater.

The two-year-old son of Allen Cunningham of South Des Moines fell head first into a well and was drowned. The well was forty feet deep.

In a collision at Vileh, Ky., between a Chesapeake & Ohio passenger train and a Louisville & Nashville passenger train, twenty-two persons were injured.

The Goderich Elevator and Transit Co.'s elevator at Goderich, Ont., has been destroyed by fire. The loss on the building and the grain in store will reach $200,000.

Three unknown men, and possibly a woman, were drowned from the upsetting of a row boat off Brighton Beach. Detectives are investigating the supposed drowning.

Through misunderstanding of orders two interurban trolley cars collided head-on on a curve near Swisher, Ia. One man was fatally hurt and several others were badly injured.

Four men were killed and seven injured by an explosion of a threshing machine engine near Axton, Henry county, Ill. It is reported that several of the injured will probably die.

Roy Abbott, an electrician of Hammond, Ind., accidentally received a charge of 6,600 volts of electricity and lives. His left arm was paralyzed. The current was strong enough to kill an elephant.

In a rush to escape a pending storm fifty persons were thrown into a lake at Celerol, N. Y., by the collapse of a bridge over which the crowd was hurrying. Ten of them were taken to the hospital. No one was drowned.

Frank C. Foote, chauffeur for James J. Hill, ran over and fatally injured an unknown woman when on his way to court to be tried on a charge of speeding the automobile. The police say Foote was running the machine carefully and that the woman's death was purely accidental.

Foreign.

Great damage has been caused in Samoa by a hurricane.

A commission has been appointed to examine the project for the reconstruction of the French chamber of deputies at a cost of $1,975,000.

A report says an earthquake in Eurchirein caused part of Kesnu mountain to fall in to the river, which overflowed and many were killed.

Cossacks dispersed with their whips a crowd which attempted to make a demonstration with red flags in front of the church of Bernardines, at Kalisz, Poland.

King Charles has ordered the importation of 75,000 tons of American wheat and 50 per cent reduction of the customs duties in view of the predicted famine.

The health authorities at Guayquil, Ecuador, have declared Panama to be infected with bubonic plague and have declared a quarantine against vessels from Panama ports.

The Japanese have opened to the Japanese merchants the following Manchuria towns: Pashikao, Old Newchwang, Haicheng, Anshantien, Lyaoncang, Kaiping, Seng Wang Cheny and Saimatchi.

The German battleship Woerth rammed torpedo boat S. 124 in the harbor of Eckernfoerde, cutting it completely in two, and three firemen in the boiler room were scalded to death by escaping steam.

The correspondent of the London Daily Mail at Vienna asserts that Arch Duke Francis Ferdinand has initiated military preparations with a view to the eventuality of Hungary seceding from the dual monarchy.

The Swedish government has issued a proclamation to become effective immediately declaring Stockholm, Karlskrona. Gothenburg and Farosund to be war ports and excluding all foreign warships from these ports.

A serious conflagration occurred in Rome through the explosion of naptha and benzine stored in an automobile garage in the center of the city. The rapid spread of the fire caused great alarm, especially as the flames reached the fifth floor of a modern hotel adjoining the garage. Several persons are reported to have lost their lives.

The bridge on the Mexican Central railway at Kilometer 317, between Irapua and Siloa, Mexico, fell as a south-bound passenger train was passing early Sunday morning. The baggage and third-class coach fell into the river. Seven passengers were killed and thirty-four injured. No first-class passengers were injured.

The final indemnity agreement has been signed at Pekin, the Russo-Chinese bank difficulty being removed. China will therefore liquidate on the basis originally proposed. The affair is regarded as satisfactorily settled, at least for the present, and is considered excellent for China.

Charles M. Thompson, prominent lumber merchant of the United States, and until a few months ago a resident of Chicago, has been found dead in his room at Toronto. Death was due to heart failure. He was a native of Concord, N. H.

A new Mad Mullah, named Gud Mullah, has proclaimed a holy war against the English and detailed 40 subordinates to go through the Mohammedan country and exhort the people to rise against the Britons and drive them from the country.

The heat which has now continued for days throughout Central Europe has caused, it is estimated from the reports now coming in, more than 100 deaths in Germany. At midday in the shade the temperature has reached as high as 107. On Sunday it had fallen in Berlin to 92. In the forest the ground is littered with fallen dried leaves.

Crimes.

The Bank of Balt, Mont., was broken into. The safe was blown and about $1,000 stolen.

Mrs. Gertrude Hodgson of Portland, Ore., shot and killed her husband, Thomas Hodgson, and then killed herself.

The body of J. M. Langley was found hanging from the rafters in the furnace room of the Methodist church in Whitefish bay, a suburb of Milwaukee.

Gustave Kihm, a native of Hamburg, Germany, committed suicide at Hollister, California, by taking morphine. He left a will in which he directed that his heart should be cut out and placed on his coffin outside of the body.

Miss Emma Neider, a beautiful young professional nurse of Cedar Rapids, Ia., supposed to have been despondent over a disappointing love affair, committed suicide by taking morphine and atropine.

Grieving over the death of her husband, who died last March, Mrs. Sarah E. Sage, forty-eight years old, took carbolic acid at Keokuk, Ia., and died an hour afterward. Eli Sage, the husband, was a well known citizen of Keokuk.

Seeing Catherine Cowan, thirty-five years old, leap into the North river at New York, two New York Central signal men set the signals in their tower stopping all trains while they went to her assistance in a rowboat. The woman was rescued but died later in a hospital.

"Doc" Peterson, the negro who shot and fatally wounded A. M. Watson, city marshal of Chibley, Fla., was found in a house near Cottondale. A posse surrounded the house and the negro come out and opened fire on it. His body was riddled with bullets, being shot no less than 100 times.

Eight convicts escaped from the federal penitentiary on McNeil's Island, near Tacoma, Wash., leaving the island in two government boats. Before starting away the convicts disabled the government launch by destroying the dynamo, and the officials were unable to take up the pursuit for several hours.

Domestic.

William J. Fielding, an actor, is dead at his home in Richmond Hill, L. I.

After deliberating eighteen hours at Coldwater, Mich., the jury disagreed in the suit brought by Mrs. Miller against Supt. Staley for $10,000 for the loss of her young son Philip, who is alleged to have died from a severe whipping administered by Staley for a trivial offense.

T. P. Shonts of Chicago, chairman of the Panama commissioners, was arrested at Stamford, Conn., for violation of the automobile speed law. He had a party of ladies with him and did an eighth of a mile in 22 seconds. He put up a bond for his appearance in court. He was en route to his summer home at Greenwich at the time.

Peter Revington, a prominent young man of Cedar Falls, Ia., fell dead after losing a foot race to get an early "turn" in a barber shop. He and several friends were going to the shop and started to run to see which would get his work done first. Revington lost the race and fell dead as he entered the shop. The exertion caused heart failure.

A combination of twenty-six coal companies of Indiana, controlling 29,000 acres of coal lands, has been formed under the name of the Vandalia Coa' company. The new concern has a capital of $7,000,000 and is said to be the largest coal company ever formed in the West. The annual output will be 3,000,000 tons. M. Ogle of Indianapolis is president.

The sewers of Zenia, Ohio, were recently flushed with hundreds of barrels of beer, notwithstanding this is a "dry" town and hydrant water plentiful. It was caused by the visit of a government inspector to the Brinkle & Reading brewery, where was formerly manufactured "Bishop beer," a dry town beverage, but which for several months has been in the hands of a receiver, and they preferred to forfeit the beer rather than pay the required government tax thereon.

John Moffet, known throughout the country as "Steeplejack," who had climbed many steeples and stacks without accident, is dead from a fall on a staircase in New York.

In order to save her father's crop of wheat from ruin by the rains which were threatening, pretty Mabel Huston, the eighteen-year-old daughter of a Saline county (Kan.) farmer, distributed kisses and hugs as prizes among the harvest hands who did the most work in the day. When night came the wheat was out of danger from the rains which shortly followed.

WITTE CHIEF RUSSIAN ENVOY

WILL SUCCEED MURAVIEFF, WHO HAS HANDED IN HIS RESIGNATION.

IS A WARM PEACE ADVOCATE

WITTE IS BELIEVED TO BE IN FAVOR OF A RUSSO-JAPANESE ALLIANCE.

MURAVIEFF IS NOT FITTED

CZAR CONVINCED THAT NEGOTIATIONS MIGHT BE JEOPARDIZED BY HIM.

St. Petersburg, July 13.—M. Muravieff has resigned his position as chief peace plenipotentiary. It may be regarded as practically certain that he will be replaced by M. Witte, president of the committee of ministers, who all along has been considered the Russian statesman pre-eminently qualified to undertake the difficult task of negotiating peace with Japan.

Though the emperor on two previous occasions has flatly declined to accept M. Witte, he has now indicated his readiness to make the appointment. The commission, however, will not be

Actually Signed

until Foreign Minister Lamsdorff, who throughout has been M. Witte's warm supporter, has had an audience with the emperor to-day.

To that extent only the matter may be regarded as unsettled, nothing being certain in Russia, as a prominent diplomat remarked last night, until the emperor's signature has been affixed. M. Witte's selection undoubtedly will be hailed as a practical assurance of peace. While it would be a mistake to denominate him as a "peace at any price" man, M. Witte earnestly believes that the struggle should be ended and should be succeeded by an understanding between Russia and Japan which

Would Insure Peace

in the Far East for half a century. Indeed, he is personally believed to be in favor of a Russo-Japanese alliance.

The conduct of negotiations by M. Witte, it is felt by the peace party here, would inspire instant confidence in Japan. The only handicap under which M. Witte labors is his lack of familiarity with the English language, as the only foreign languages he speaks are German and French.

M. Muravieff's retirement, ostensibly owing to reasons of ill health, is really due to the fact that the emperor became convinced that the negotiations might be jeopardized if he went to Washington. M. Muravieff himself, upon consideration, quite

Frankly Recognized

his lack of diplomatic training and his want of acquaintance with the questions involved, and with equal frankness expressed satisfaction that he had been relieved.

Neither the Washington nor Tokio governments has yet been officially advised of M. Muravieff's withdrawal, the foreign office probably preferring to announce the name of his successor at the same time. The change in the chief of the plenipotentiaries does not involve any postponement of the date of sailing of the peace mission for Washington.

Attitude of China.

It seems that China did not ask for actual representation at the Washington peace conference, but simply notified Russia and Japan that if she was not apprised of the conference and her consent secured to any stipulations to a treaty affecting Chinese territory, she would not consider herself bound by it.

GEN. STOESSEL ARRESTED.

Report Also Alleges That Admiral Kruger Will Be Ousted.

St. Petersburg, July 13—The Nashashish prints a report that Lieut. Gen. Stoessel has been placed under arrest at Tsarskoe Selo in consequence of the revelations made by the commission which has been investigating the defense and capitulation of Port Arthur, and that the sword of honor donated by a number of French admirers of Gen. Stoessel will not be presented.

The same paper says that Rear Admiral Kruger will leave the service on account of alleged incapacity in connection with his treatment of the situation created by the mutiny aboard the battleship Kniaz Potemkine at Odessa.

The admiral probably will be court-martialed. At the admiralty he is known as one of the "court admirals."

Will Rebuild Navy.

The announcement of the appointment of Vice Admiral Birileff as minister of marine in succession to Admiral Avalian, which is gazetted this morning, is coupled with a highly significant rescript in which the emperor charges the new minister not only with the task of rebuilding the navy, but also with that of reforming and reorganizing the whole system.

Will Let Mutineers Go.

Russia has abandoned the idea of trying to secure the extradition of the men of the battleship Kniaz Potemkine who mutinied.

Fear Another Mutiny.

Reval, European Russia, July 13.—Being apprehensive of a mutiny, the authorities here have ordered the sailors of the Russian cruisers Minine and Kreml to be relieved of their arms. Serious discontent has been manifested among the crews of the warships owing to the quality of the food supplied. The officer who is held responsible for this state of affairs has been placed under arrest.

SALARY LIST CUT DOWN.

Sweeping Reduction in the Equitable Pay Roll Has Been Ordered.

New York, July 13.—Sweeping reductions in the salaries of various officials and employes of the Equitable society were announced yesterday by Chairman Morton. The decrease will amount to 20 per cent on all salaries over $15,000 per annum; 15 per cent from all annual salaries between $9,000 and $15,000, both inclusive; and 10 per cent decrease from all salaries above $2,500 and below $9,000 per year. These changes become operative on Aug. 1, and effect a saving of from $150,000 to $200,000 a year. In the first, or 20 per cent, class may be included the chairman and Acting president Morton and Second Vice President Gage E. Tarbell.

MOROCCAN QUESTION

Is Deferred by French Chamber of Deputies Until September.

Paris, July 13.—The chamber of deputies yesterday, yielding to an urgent request of Premier Rouvier, deferred the discussion of the Moroccan and other foreign questions until after the summer recess. Prince von Radolin called on M. Rouvier and further discussed the arrangements of a program for the Moroccan conference. The premier's statement to the chamber indicates that the conference will assemble before the close of the parliamentary recess Sept. 15. Former Premier Delcasse says, in an interview, that it is a great mistake for France to go to a conference.

WORK FOR STATEHOOD.

Oklahoma and Indian Territory People Meet to Discuss Ways and Means.

Oklahoma City, Okla, July 13.—One thousand delegates from the Indian Territory and Oklahoma met in convention here to take some definite action looking to immediate statehood. In the early hours delegations paraded the streets, headed by bands with banners flying and cheering for immediate statehood. While there were contesting delegations especially for the Indian Territory, where it was alleged the Indians had not been given fair representation, the disagreements had been settled largely before the convention was called to order.

MOB SEEKS CRANK.

Armed Citizens of Iola Are Trying to Run Down a Dynamiter.

Iola, Kan., July 13.—Two hundred armed men, under the direction of Sheriff Richardson, started a search of the country around about Iola for C. L. Melvin, the temperance fanatic who has been in hiding since the destruction of the three Iola saloons by dynamite, and who is believed to still have in his possession a great quantity of dynamite, with which he has threatened to cause further destruction. Many citizens have joined in the chase, which soon developed into an excited man hunt.

CHILD BURNED TO DEATH.

Tries to Stamp Out Bonfire Embers and Dress Is Ignited.

Sioux City, Iowa, July 13.—Little Ella Wolfe of Walker's Island, Neb., is dead as a result of burns received while playing around a bonfire. The child, who was seven years old, jumped upon the burning embers and attempted to stamp them out. Her dress took fire in an instant, and while running to a water trough to put out the fire the child fell and broke her arm. Her body was terribly burned and her injuries proved fatal.

CHINAMEN ARE SINCERE.

Wealthy Celestials Take Means to Boycott American Goods.

Victoria, B. C., July 13.—Mail advices from Hongkong tell of the novel plan of the campaign adopted by the Chinese in Southern China to further the boycott on American goods. Wealthy Chinese in Tekhoi have imported thousands of Japanese fans, on one side of which is a rough sketch of Americans harshly treating Chinese.

WEALTHY MAN SUICIDES.

A. Keith Dargan Takes Own Life After Stealing $800,000.

Columbia, S. C., July 13.—A. Keith Dargan, until recently president of the Darlington Trust company and the South Carolina Independent Oil company, drank carbolic acid. He left a statement saying that he had appropriated the company's funds. Loss, $800,000.

JUMPS FAR TO SHIELD "MUG."

Alleged Firebug to Escape Police Camera Leaps From Sixth Floor.

New York, July 13.—To escape the camera of the rogues' gallery photographer, Sam Levine, accused of attempting arson, jumped from the sixth floor of police headquarters at Brooklyn yesterday, sustaining probably fatal injuries.

NEGRO SLAYS DOZEN PERSONS

MOST SHOCKING STORY OF MURDER IN THE ANNALS OF CRIME.

ROBBERY WAS THE MOTIVE

ONLY ONE OUT OF CREW AND PASSENGERS OF STEAMER ESCAPES.

ORDERS THE SHIP SCUTTLED

WOMAN WHO IS LEFT FOR DEAD SWIMS ASHORE AND TELLS OF CRIME.

New Orleans, July 13.—One of the most shocking stories of murder, with robbery as the motive, in the annals of crime was brought to this city yesterday by Capt. Hans Holman of the Norwegian fruiter Bratten, which plies between New Orleans and Honduras ports. It was separately confirmed by the officers of the fruit steamer Hosina, which came in later in the evening with additional details.

The little island of Utilla, lying off the Hondurean coast, and whose population is a mixture of whites, caymanites and caribs, was the scene of the tragedy in which twelve lives were sacrificed. The captain of the little trading schooner Olympia was about to make a trip to Ruatan, Truxillo and Belize. She had about 1,400 sols, and was to buy cattle at Truxillo to sell at Belize. She carried a crew of four and quite a

Number of Passengers,

making the total list of people aboard number, thirteen, among these being two women and two children. The vessel left the harbor of Utilla at 11 o'clock Friday night, June 30. After she had been under way less than an hour, everybody was aroused by a shot, and, rushing on deck, found a negro armed with a Winchester rifle shooting down the men, one after another. This negro was Robert McGill, and, as it afterward developed, had stowed himself away on board with the intention of robbing the captain and then swimming ashore. After he had killed all but one of the men he ordered the survivor to go below and scuttle the ship. When the unfortunate reappeared on deck and reported, the negro shot him dead. He then put the two women, Miss Elizabeth Morgan, and her sister, Mrs. Walter Rose, in the dury, with Mrs. Rose's six-weeks-old infant, steering for the mainland.

He Changed His Mind

about allowing the women to live, and killed Mrs. Rose and her infant. Then he began shooting at Miss Morgan, wounding her in the arms. He fired at her ineffectually, but his ammunition evidently gave out, for he promised her immunity from harm if she would come back to the dory. She started back, and when within an oar's length, McGill struck her on the head with an oar, stunning her. Believing she was dead, he rowed away toward the mainlanw. Miss Morgan swam back to the island, where she was thrown on the beach by the waves in an exhausted condition. She feared the negro would follow her, so she hid in the bushes, and for two days suffered from heat and exposure, when the women from the neighborhood rescued her from starvation. In the meantime the dory had washed ashore, and there was excitement on the island, as it was believed the Olympia had gone down with all hands. When Miss Morgan told her story an immediate

Search Was Instituted

for McGill, and the authorities on the mainland were notified. They caught him at Vinir, a little town on the road to Cebia, and there was quite a demonstration, but he was protected and his life was saved through the presence on the coast of President Bonilla, who was on an inspection tour. The Hondurean warship La Tumbla, which has figured in so many revolutions, was brought into service and the murderer placed on board and sent back to the island.

Up to last Sunday he was still alive, though it is generally believed he will be tortured to death. The laws of Honduras forbid the infliction of capital punishment, but the people will probably take the case into their own hands.

St. Paul P. O. Receipts Increase.

Washington, July 13.—Postal receipts at the St. Paul postoffice in June, 1904, were $59,282, as compared with $60,220 in June this year.

Yacht Sunk With Three Persons.

New York, July 13.—Three lives were lost by the sinking of the steam yacht Normandie, which was run down Tuesday night in the Hudson river off Dobbs Ferry by the Norwegian tramp steamer Volundad.

Norwegians Want Charles.

Christiania, July 13.—The proposal to make Prince Charles of Denmark king of Norway is supported by those in power and would be enthusiastically received by the majority of the Norwegian people.

FARMERS READ NEWSPAPERS.

Makes It Hard to Get Jury in the Koch Trial.

Mankato, Minn., July 13.—That the farmers are getting the daily paper habit is strikingly illustrated by what is brought out in the efforts to obtain a jury in the Koch case. Each of the 180 talesmen thus far examined, and they nearly all have been farmers, has been questioned as to the papers that he takes. Almost every one has been found to take one or two Twin City daily papers and some as many as three. These, with a Mankato daily and a village weekly, and perhaps a farm periodical or two, form the reading matter of the average Blue Earth county farm house, as brought out by the answers of men summoned from every part of the county for the Koch trial. The induction of the rural free delivery service is undoubtedly largely responsible for this. Only one juror was secured yesterday, Benjamin McGregor, cashier of the Mapleton State bank.

ALWAYS CHASED BY A MOB.

Negro Named White Thinks He Is Persecuted Because He Is Black.

Pierre, S. D., July 13.—"Bunk" White, a negro range rider who has been employed on ranches west of the river for years, is being held here awaiting an attendant from the insane hospital at Yankton. His hallucination is that he is being pursued by a mob which desires to lynch him just because he is a negro. He was at first taken to the hospital, but, after being there for several days he rushed into the street to escape the "mob" and was only captured after a long chase, since which time he has been confined in a cell.

IS KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

School Director Attending Meeting Is Struck.

Sturgis, S. D., July 13.—James Deacey, forty-five years old, was struck by lightning and killed in a school house on Spring creek last night during a severe storm. He and two other men, directors of that school district, were holding a meeting at the time. The lightning came down through the chimney, killing Deacey instantly. The other men were stunned.

PICKETING BAD AS LYNCHING.

Federal Court Judge in Iowa Utters the Phrase.

Des Moines, Iowa, July 13.—"Picketing is as bad as lynching," said Judge McPherson of the federal court in a decision rendered yesterday holding the Santa Fe railroad pickets guilty of contempt of court in violating a strike order issued a year ago at Fort Madison. No punishment was fixed.

BADGER BANKERS BALLOT.

William B. Banks of Superior Is Elected President.

Ashland, Wis., July 13.—The Wisconsin State Bankers' association met yesterday in Ashland, electing as its new officers William B. Banks of Superior, president; E. J. Perry of Fond du Lac, vice president; J. H. Puelicher of Milwaukee, secretary, and B. P. Eldred of Beloit, treasurer.

VALUES BABY AT $6,000.

Father Sues Railway for Damages Due to Death of Child.

La Crosse, Wis., July 13.—The value of a baby's life was set at $6,000 in a suit for damages now being tried here for Michael Abrahamson against the La Crosse City Railway company. The four-year-old daughter of Abrahamson was instantly killed while playing on the street car track.

FLOCK TO STREET CARNIVAL.

Spring Valley Entertains Large Crowds at Celebration.

Spring Valley, Minn., July 13.—The street carnival that began here Tuesday will close Saturday. Large numbers of people from neighboring villages and farming communities are in attendance. The blocks of Broadway are lined with show tents and other attractions.

Take Action to Get Land Titles.

Deadwood, S. D., July 13.—A meeting of reservation settlers that so far have not secured titles to their land will be held at Hill City on July 15, when the question of securing titles will be taken up. Congressman Martin will be present at this meeting and is expected to make some valuable suggestions regarding the future action of these settlers.

Killed by Lightning.

Janesville, Wis., July 13.—Larry McCuen, thirty-five years old, and James Brown, sixteen years old, were found dead yesterday under a tree near this city. The pair had been killed by lightning.

Depot Is Robbed.

Bertha, Minn., July 13.—The depot here was broken into and the till, containing 75 pennies, was carried away. The burglars also ransacked boxes in the freight depot and helped themselves to shoes and peaches.

Troops Rebel—Are Mustered Out.

Pierre, S. D., July 13.—The troops of Company I, Fourth regiment, at Madison, refusing to attend the encampment at Watertown when so ordered, has resulted in the mustering out of the company.

MARKETING POTATO CROPS.

In line with the classic case of the oyster shippers, cited by President Hadley of Yale University in his book on Railroad Transportation, is the case of the Aroostook potato growers brought by President Tuttle of the Boston and Maine Railroad before the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce. Nothing could better show how a railroad works for the interest of the localities which it serves.

A main dependence of the farmers of the Aroostook region is the potato crop, aggregating annually eight to ten million bushels, which find a market largely in Boston and the adjacent thickly settled regions of New England. The competition of cheap water transportation from Maine to all points along the New England coast keeps railroad freight rates on these potatoes always at a very low level.

Potatoes are also a considerable output of the truck farms of Michigan, their normal market being obtained in and through Detroit and Chicago and other communities of that region.

Not many years ago favoring sun and rains brought a tremendous yield of potatoes from the Michigan fields. At normal rates and prices there would have been a glut of the customary markets and the potatoes would have rotted on the farms. To help the potato growers the railroads from Michigan made unprecedentedly low rates on potatoes to every reachable market, even in carrying them in large quantities to a place so remote as Boston. The Aroostook growers had to reduce the price on their potatoes and even then could not dispose of them unless the Boston and Main Railroad reduced its already low rate, which it did. By means of these low rates, making possible low prices, the potato crops of both Michigan and Maine were finally marketed. Everybody eats potatoes, and that year everybody had all the potatoes he wanted.

While the Michigan railroads made rates that would have been ruinous to the railroads, had they been applied to the movement of all potatoes at all times, to all places, they helped their patrons to find markets then. The Boston and Maine Railroad suffered a decrease in its revenue from potatoes, but it enabled the Aroostook farmers to market their crops and thereby to obtain money which they spent for the varied supplies which the railroads brought to them. If the making of rates were subject to governmental adjustment such radical and prompt action could never have been taken, because it is well established that if a rate be once reduced by a railroad company it cannot be restored through the red tape of governmental procedure. If the Michigan railroads and the Boston and Maine Railroad had been subjected to governmental limitations they would have felt obliged to keep up their rates as do the railroads of France and England and Germany under governmental limitation and let the potatoes rot.—*Exchange.*

MAKING A NEW NOSE.

Modern Method Used in Constructive Surgery.

Suppose it is a nose that the surgeon must construct. He makes a pear-shaped incision in his patient's forehead, and with a chisel splits a thin plate of bone from the frontal bone, which plate he fractures at the base. To the raw side of this flap he grafts skin to form the lining of the nose. The plate of bone is broken down the middle to make the bridge of the nose, the flap trimmed to the desired shape, and then this new nose set into place and sutured there. Vertical slits are made in the scalp over the ears, which enables the edges of the forehead wound to be drawn together and sutured, so that only a thin scar remains. This operation, described in four sentences, requires weeks, even months, for its completion. The new nose will not attract artist or sculptor, and its owner will be wise to do his fighting by proxy, but it is far better than none at all.—Leslie's Magazine.

The Great Divide.

Freddie—What is a pedestrian, dad?

Cobwigger—He's a man who can't afford an auto.—Puck.

Arriving at a Verdict.

Kushequa, Pa., July 10.—(Special)—In this section of Pennsylvania there is a growing belief that for such Kidney Diseases as Rheumatism and Lame Back there is only one sure cure and that is Dodd's Kidney Pills. This belief grows from such cases as that of Mrs. M. L. Davison of this place. She tells the story herself as follows:

"I have suffered from Rheumatism for thirty years and find that Dodd's Kidney Pills have done me more good than any medicine I have ever taken. I was also bothered with Lame Back and I can only say that my back hasn't bothered me since I took Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Considering that Mrs. Davison only took two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills, the result would be considered wonderful if it were not that others are reporting similar results daily. Kushequa is fast arriving at a verdict that "Dodd's Kidney Pills are the one sure cure for Rheumatism."

A pupil in a Lynn, Mass., school was asked by his teacher to give the definition of a vacuum. "I can't just describe it," he said, "but I have it in my head."—Lippincott's.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease. A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address, A. S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The parting words of a barber are "Which side, please?"

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

2nd STORE

(SECOND HAND STORE.)

Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.

C. A. SKEIE.

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

GET YOUR PICTURE TAKEN BY

D. COLLINS

THE

Photograper.

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

DON'T FORGET THE NUMBER---

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WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN

Wines and Liquors

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC

CIGARS.

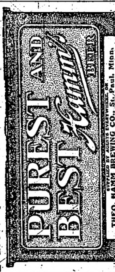
BEER.

MINNEAPOLIS AND MILWAUKEE BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.

Headquarters Restaurant...

A. F. Lang
Proprietor

Short Orders a Specialty.
Located in rear of Number 488.



PUREST AND BEST Hamm's BEER

SUPPLIED BY AGENTS EVERYWHERE, OR THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., St. Paul, Minn.

FRANK O'MEARA

Nat. Germ. Amer. Bank Bldg.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Money to loan at all times in liberal amounts and at reasonable rates. Prompt service and perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Write for particulars.

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn, as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, July 15, 1905.

W. B. Chamberlain, managing editor of the Minneapolis Journal, is on his way to Sweden and Norway to look over the trouble there.

Thos. B. Clements, the veteran Faribault banker, has been convicted by a federal court jury. It is actually getting to be dangerous to loot banks.

The crop prospects are good for a bumper crop although the harvest will be late. Favorable weather from now on will do a great deal for this part of the state.

Thomas W. Lawson, of "Frenzied Finance" fame, is making a tour of the west and is certainly making things lively for the trusts. His campaign will undoubtedly be productive of much good.

It is estimated that the new census will show Minnesota to have in the neighborhood of two million people. Most of this gain is in the cities and villages, the country districts showing very little gain except in new localities. This is not as it should be.

The big life insurance companies are having considerable trouble to explain to their policy holders lately. Insurance has been costing altogether too much and grafters have been eating up the surplus. Let the good work go on, there is plenty of room for reform.

St. Hilaire, according to the SPECTATOR, has made a very substantial gain in its population during the past five years. St. Hilaire is surrounded by the best farming land in Red Lake county and will continue to grow as the country around it developes. It will probably never make a large town, but it will always be one of the substantial villages of Northern Minnesota.—Thief River Falls News.

The Battle Ground of Modern Thought.

The Chicago Record-Herald has conceived the unique idea of assigning a page of its Sunday edition to the public for the free discussion of important questions of the day. Under the head "The Battle Ground of Modern Thought," an opportunity is offered to the public for the sane discussion of all problems engaging the attention of the American people. Writers of ability present their views on subjects not generally treated in the daily press, and Record-Herald readers generally are invited to join the debate. The fairest, most forceful and original contributions are published. The following are a few of the subjects which have been discussed since this department was first established:

"Is Blacklisting Within the Law?"

"Trusts and the Proper Way to Regulate Them."

"Great Peril that Besets Pagan China."

"Liquor Trade and its Evil Consequences."

"Are Free Books Wanted in Public Schools?"

"Inhumanity to Animals."

"New Struggles for the Negro."

The Record-Herald disclaims any responsibilities for the dogmas upheld, the theories advanced or the panaceas advocated. It reserves the right only to preserve order, to keep out personalities and rancor and to see that good temper and candor characterize the discussions.

Wanted a Ceremony.

Ethel—Ma, I want some water to christen my doll. Ethel's Ma—No, dear. It is wrong, you know. Ethel—Well, then, I want some wax to waxinate her. She's old enough now to have something done to her.

Saved Money.

"Has your husband had any luck with the races?"

"Yes," answered young Mrs. Turkins. "He has been feeling ill all the week and couldn't go out to the track."—Washington Post.

Patience is bitter, but its fruits are sweet.—Rousseau.

Hard to Get.

The Doctor—Queer saying that, about truth lying at the bottom of a well. The Lawyer—You wouldn't think so if you knew the amount of pumping we lawyers sometimes have to do to get at it.

More Than Engaged.

"I'd like to see your mistress. Is she engaged?"

"Why, sir, she's married; been married for twenty years!"

A New Language Method.

If a person has, as the Celts say, "only one side to his tongue" and wishes to add to his resources in the matter of language it might be well for him to apply to an old man in Scotland, whose methods of instruction are simple. They are described in "Scenes In Scotland" by Mr. Sinclair.

A lady visiting in the north of Scotland wished to get some idea of the Gaelic and employed an old native to give her a course of language lessons. The Scotsman took the Bible for the text book, and, opening it at the beginning of Genesis, he said:

"Now, ma'am, I'll read this to you in the Gaelic, and you'll see yourself how it will go."

With solemn intonation and an appealing, triumphant glance toward the lady at the end of every clause, he loudly read the first four verses and paused to watch the effect. Then he said in a tone of deep conviction:

"Now, ma'am, if you'll take your own Bible and turn to that chapter and read it in English you'll see it's just the selfsame thing."

The old man was much surprised that the lady did not continue her lessons.

Lew Wallace's Unwritten Novel.

General Lew Wallace had in mind an American novel. He once said that it was his intention to write this story after he had completed his memoirs. His theme was the striving of Americans to accomplish wonderful things in an incredibly short time. His hero was to be a restless American who lived for a few years in Europe, then in Australia, in Africa and in South America and who finally, after years of wandering, returns to his own country only to start again upon his journey, never satisfied, never happy, the spirit of an Indian within him and the childlike desire to see new scenes. In each of these countries his hero was to accomplish worthy deeds, and when he returns to his own country it is with the intention of leading the life of a son of the soil, but his hero finds he cannot do so. The story would have been suggestive of "The Wandering Jew," with the element of religious controversy eliminated.—Success.

A Stickler For Promptness.

A certain merchant in Boston is noted for being a stickler in the matter of promptness to the extent that he has been known to walk out of church because the services did not begin promptly and to leave his sister alone in a strange city because she was four minutes late in keeping an appointment. Not long ago he overheard a forceful exposition of his peculiarity.

He had walked out to his stable and was about to go in when he heard the new groom within say to the coachman, "Is it thrue, Dolan, that the boss is cracked about doing things on time and goes into a fit whin annybody is late?"

"Thrue? Thrue?" cried Dolan. "Let me tell you, Ryan, how thrue it is. If the boss had promised to mate himself at illiven o'clock and was late he'd find himself gone whin he got there. That's how thrue it is!"

An Atlas for $1.00.

The Great Northern Railway has issued an Atlas of 56 pages containing up to date maps of Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, Alaska, Hawaii, Japan, Philippine Islands, China, the United States and of the World.

In addition to this, the Atlas contains valuable statistical information relative to the states named above, is printed on the very best quality of paper, shows the lines of the Great Northern Railway, and is in every way a commendable work.

This Atlas will be distributed at the actual cost of production and will be sent to any address upon receipt of $1.00. Address, F. I. Whitney, Passenger Traffic Manager, Great Northern Railway, St. Paul, Minn. jl29

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., July 6, 1905.

To GRANT VANSANT,
New York Life Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minn.—

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 22541 for the purchase of the following land, viz: Northeast quarter of section No. 17, in township No. 152 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $640.00 principal, and $136.60 interest, amounting in all to $776.60; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $776.60, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., July 6, 1905.

To GRANT VANSANT,
New York Life Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minn.—

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 22542 for the purchase of the following land, viz: Northwest quarter of section No. 17, in township No. 152 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $640.00 principal, and $136.60 interest, amounting in all to $776.60; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $776.60, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

Great Northern Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., July 6, 1905.

To GRANT VANSANT,
New York Life Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minn.—

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 22544 for the purchase of the following land, viz: Southeast quarter of section No. 17, in township No. 152 N. of range No. 45 W, 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $640.00 principal, and $136.60 interest, amounting in all to $776.60; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $776.60, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract, and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

CALUMET
BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
NOT MADE BY THE TRUST

Health

Calumet makes light, digestible wholesome food.

Economy

Only one heaping teaspoonful is needed for one quart of flour.

MUZZLE YOUR DOGS

Notice to Owners and Keepers of Dogs in the Village of St. Hilaire.

Be it resolved by the village board of health of the village of St. Hilaire, that every person residing or being within the limits of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, who is the owner or keeper of any dog or dogs therein, be required for a period of sixty days hereafter to keep the said dog or dogs properly and suitably muzzled with wire muzzle, to be approved by the said board of health, or in lieu thereof to keep the said dog or dogs at all times tied up or confined in a suitable enclosure.

Be it further resolved that any dog not so muzzled and found running at large within the limits of the said village of St. Hilaire within the months of July and August, be at once impounded and confined at the expense of the owner or keeper thereof, and, if not claimed and the said expense paid by the said owner or keeper within twenty-four hours, the said dog be shot and

Be it further resolved that the owner or keeper of any dog found running at large contrary to the provisions of this resolution, be prosecuted according to law.

The above resolution was passed by the said board of health at a meeting thereof held July 3rd, 1905.

A. F. BLOMBURGH,
Health Officer and Executive of said Board of Health.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

tf G. H. SANDUM.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"

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This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.

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by through service to and from the following cities:

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Fast and Handsomely equipped Steam-Heated Trains—Dining Cars—Buffet Library Cars—Sleeping Cars—Free Reclining Chair Cars.

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Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Name Your Route East

In purchasing your ticket East, if you care for an excellence in service and equipment not obtainable elsewhere, name your route

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

No additional charge to ride on the Pioneer Limited or the Fast Mail, the two most popular trains between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago. But it is necessary to name your route.

W. B. DIXON
Northwestern Passenger Agent
365 Robert Street, St. Paul.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

CHEAP EXCURSIONS

TO WESTERN CANADA

$10.00 FOR ROUND TRIP TICKETS

TO THE FAMOUS CARROT RIVER VALLEY

During the month of July the Canadian Northern Railway will sell tickets on any day from EMERSON on the INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY to Melfort and return, good for thirty days, with stop over privileges, for **$10.00.** Regular trains for the Carrot River Valley leave Winnipeg every Monday and Wednesday at 1:15 p.m. Minnesota and Dakota landseekers should buy tickets to Emerson, the International Boundary, where they can then purchase the $10.00 excursion tickets to Melfort and return.

THE CARROT RIVER VALLEY which now has railway facilities for the first time, is the most fertile part of the great **Saskatchewan Valley.** Two thirds of the country is open prairie. The soil is a rich loam varying from one to four feet in depth. The running streams in every township furnish an abundance of pure water. The praries are covered with richly luxuriant grass. There is absolutely no Alkali or stone and there is no section in Western Canada to-day that will produce the same enormous yields of **No. 1 Hard Wheat.** The country too being equally well adapted to diversified farming. With the splendid railway facilities now afforded by the building of the Canadian Northern Railway through this marvelously rich district, this section of Western Canada will be settled quickly and prices will advance rapidly. **Act Now,** and get land in the best part of all Canada at **First Prices.**

FIVE NEW TOWNSITES JUST PUT ON THE MARKET

TISDALE, STAR CITY, RIVERSIDE, KINISTINO and MELFORT

these new towns offer to the business and professional man in every line opportunities to get in on the ground floor in the most thriving, hustling towns in the most productive and prosperous sections of Western Canada.

FREE HOMESTEADS

Good Free Homesteads of 160 acres each, can still be had near railroad stations. This year will be the last chance to secure good free lands within reasonable distance of the railway. Write for maps, printed matter, price lists, etc.

SASKATCHEWAN VALLEY & MANITOBA LAND CO. Ltd.

Canadian Northern Building, WINNIPEG, MANITOBA

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HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE AND FURNITURE.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

"The Comfortable Way"

TIME TABLE

Arrival and departure of trains at St. Hilaire.

PASSENGER

3:00 am	Lv......Crookston......	Ar	6:45 pm
9:25 am	Ar....Red Lake Falls....	Lv	5:25 pm
9:55 am	Ar......St. Hilaire......	Lv	4:55 pm
10:20 am	Ar...Thief River Falls...	Lv	4:30 pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv.......St. Hilaire.......	Ar	11:10 am
10:35 am	Ar..........Wylie..........	Lv	10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN, Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hanson
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

J. J. SOLL, N. G.

J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

CARL JOHNSON, V. C.

J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.

Henry Olson, Pres.

Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH

Physician and Surgeon...

Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.

Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE

Veterinary Surgeon.

Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham

ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

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ARCHITECT

Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.

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CROOKSTON, - MINN.

A. O. LETVIG

Tubular Well Contractor

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CONFECTIONERY,

STATIONERY,

FRUITS,

CIGARS,

TOBACCOS

......TOYS

Agency for......

Phillips' Steam Laundry,

of Crookston.

Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Bowery dance to-night.

For refreshments call at Number 488.

Postmaster Ai Edstrom was in from Hazel on Thursday.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Go to L. M. Rolland & Sons for flour. We sell the "Mascot."

W. A. Arthur and wife drove out to their claim last Sunday.

Wm. Eikhoff is down at Neilsville this week working on the big ditch.

L. J. Stranahan was doing business and visiting relatives here yesterday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

We have been having quite a nice line of summer weather the past week.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Barker were visiting at Crookston for several days this week.

John R. McKinnon the well known Crookston citizen, was a visitor here yesterday.

Mrs. Chas. Fellman and children were in from their claim a couple of days this week.

Mrs. J. B. Armstrong, of Red Lake Falls, is visiting with Mrs. M. McAndress this week.

Mrs. Patrick Sullivan, of Grand Forks came over Thursday and joined her husband here.

The dogs don't seem to take kindly to this muzzle business and but few are seen on our streets.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Street Commissioner Remington is putting in a box sewer along the alley west of block forty.

Neil Dahl went down to Red Lake Falls last Monday and will attend the teacher's training school.

Mrs. A. Lord came over from Bemidji yesterday and will be here most of the time for the next month.

Don't forget the school meeting at the village hall this evening. There is a full board of directors to elect.

J. P. Glemaker of Grand Forks, who was in the general store business here last fall, was here last Wednesday.

Miss Ella Lindahl left for Red Lake Falls last Saturday, where she will attend the teacher's training school.

Miss Mary Hoff and Miss Josephine Gigstad returned on Monday from Grand Forks, where they are attending school.

"David Harum" at Imperial hall Thursday night drew a fair sized crowd and was rather above the average production.

The Great Northern has made a round trip rate of $5.00 from here to Duluth for the 20th of this month, returning on the 24th.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

K. O. Gigstad had some trouble with a kerosene lamp at his residence last week and is wearing his left hand in a bandage, the result of a bad burn.

W. A. Sorsoleil went over to Devils Lake, N. D., last Saturday for a short vacation. He also took time to visit his daughters who are teaching school near Langdon.

Misses Selina Hoff, Alice Hall, Katherine Patterson and Eva Johnson went down to Red Lake Falls Wednesday evening for a short visit with Miss Catherine Pirath.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet at the home of Mrs. Andrew Soderberg, Wednesday, July 19, at 2 o'clock p. m. All are invited to attend.

Parties coming in from Rocksbury yesterday report having seen another mad dog out there, or at least one that was acting rather strange. People cannot be too careful these days and all dogs should be watched closely.

Manager H. D. Pettibone left last Thursday evening for Minneapolis where he prepares for an eastern trip of several weeks' duration in the interest of the company. A. Lord, of Bemidji, will have charge here during his absence.

Bowery dance to-night.

Bowery dance to-night.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

D. D. Daly, state agent for the St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance company, was a business visitor here on Thursday.

Thief River Falls lost several small buildings by fire last Thursday. Only prompt action saved the whole block from going up in smoke.

I. Dahlin stopped exterminating the mosquito crop long enough last Wednesday to come in and tell us how good it is to be a reservation farmer.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Ness, Miss Emma Gustafson, of Fertile, and A. Manserious, of Chicago, were here several days this week visiting with R. H. Duntley.

Edward H. Wells, of Wyandotte, had the misfortune to have three horses killed by a Soo train last Monday. It is claimed that the surfacing crew left the gate open and the horses entered and got on the track.

Sealed bids for the grubbing and cleaning of the school grounds will be considered by the school board on July 26. Parties wishing to get information about the work to be done, apply to J. B. O'Brien.

K. O. GIGSTAD, Clerk.

Swan Johnson, the Rocksbury farmer who was bitten by a mad dog three weeks ago, has written home from Chicago that he will finish his treatment this week and be home today or the first of next week. He has had no noticeable ill effect from the bite and the institute people claim that there will be none.

School Board Invests.

The school board at a meeting this week purchased ten lots from the Townsite company, making in all fourteen lots that the district owns. This makes a plot 175x300 feet and it will be fenced at once and otherwise improved.

Band Social.

The ice cream social given at the bowery last Wednesday evening by the band was a prodounced success in every way. A large number availed themselves of the opportunity to hear the boys play and they took in nearly $35.00 during the evening. The evening was fine, the music good and the refreshments all right, so the crowd were all well pleased. The boys should do it again.

Popular Excursion to Duluth & Superior.

On Friday, July 21st, the Great Northern Railway will run a popular excursion to Duluth. See the aerial bridge, the largest wheat elevators in the world, the iron ore and coal docks, the government piers and breakwater, take a ride on Lake Superior, the largest body of fresh water in the world. For rates, time of trains, etc., call on your local agent for full particulars.

Bridge Condemned.

The road and bridge committee of the village council held a meeting yesterday and condemned the north bridge as unsafe. Persons using it until fixed do so at their own risk. Some of the heavy stringers and supports have become so rotten as to render the bridge very dangerous. Notices have been posted at both ends of the bridge and it will be repaired as soon as possible. The bridge is owned and controlled by the village and has been in its present position since 1896.

Population 911.

According to the returns of Census Enumerator A. F. Lang, St. Hilaire has a population of 911. While this is only a gain of 71 for the past five years it is a fairly good showing considering that the saw mill has reduced its capacity fully one-half and not over one-half as many men are employed as five years ago.

If the addition north of town was in the village it would bring the total to about one thousand.

The township of River Falls has a population of 346 people.

New Rural Route.

Rural Route Inspector H. Harland was here last Tuesday and went over the proposed rural free delivery route which Nels K. Anderson has been working on for several months past. The proposed route runs northwest from here and covers most of the township of Sanders and part of Rocksbury. It will reach about one hundred farmers. Inspector Harland was not communicative and it is not known what his report on the question will be. The route seems feasable however, and will probably be granted.

Another County Seat Chapter.

They have been having some more trouble down at Crookston this week before Judge Watts in the county seat matter. William Erb, who is supposed to be in favor of Red Lake Falls, asked the court for a mandamus compelling the county commissioners to act. It was presumed by Thief River Falls parties that this was only a blind to keep them from making the same move so they asked to be made a party to the suit. This was objected to by the county seat attorneys but Judge Watts granted the request.

A motion was then made by the Red Lake Falls attorneys to dismiss the suit on the technical ground that County Auditor Ford was not made a party to the suit. This motion was denied by the court and it is said that the question will be carried to the supreme court. The chances for a long drawn out legal battle lasting several years seems to be better every day.

For refreshments call at Number 488.

Bowery dance to-night.

Another Road for Thief River.

Thief River Falls News: It has been an open secret for a year past that in the spring of 1906 work would be commenced of building a railroad from Duluth to Thief River Falls.

The Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic railroad, which is closely allied to the Soo (the Canadian Pacific being the parent road of both) is the one that will do the building.

For the past few days settlers have been coming in from the eleven towns bringing the report that a large surveying party working west towards Thief River Falls are in that country. As near as can be learned the survey is about four miles north of the Red Lake river at Highlanding, but is also said that a survey south of the river is being made.

Sheriff Thomas Bailey, of Beltrami, stated to the News Monday that he met the surveying party north of Blackduck last week, but could gain no information from them further than the fact that their destination was Thief River Falls.

It has been impossible to secure any positive information about the matter, but business men of Thief River Falls have had assurance time and again from people in a position to know that the Duluth and South Shore road would certainly build a line into Thief River Falls during the year 1906, and thus give the Canadian Northwest a direct line to Duluth.

In this connection it may also be stated that the Soo will continue to build railroads in this section next year and is going to construct several branch lines from its Thief River Falls line to Kenmare. It is also quite possible that a branch will be extended from this city to the country northeast of here.

May Lose all His Cattle.

John Peltier living on the Roberts farm four miles west of Crookston, will probably lose all of his cattle, says the Journal. Last Saturday he noticed that one of his horses was acting strangely. Upon further investigation he discovered that the horse's nose was swollen to an abnormal size and that from the manner in which it rubbed its nose against the trees and other objects that something must be wrong. The farmer went out into the pasture and after some difficulty succeeded in catching the animal. He led it to the barn but on entering the horse began to kick so furiously that the farmer had to beat a nasty retreat. He immediately summoned Dr. Langevin the veterinary surgeon who examined the horse and though it was suffering from hydrophobia. The animal died the same evening but it had done its work. The other cattle were in the pasture to the number of thirty except ten head had been bitten. In many cases it takes sixty days for the disease to develop so that it is not known how many of the animals were inoculated.

Dr. Langevin says he has had a number of these cases this year more than usual. The animal that suffers from the disease endures the most excrusiating kind of pain and every case is fatal.

New Towns in North Dakota.

The entensive railroad building now being done in North Dakota has brought tributary to railroad facilities an additional vast area of the rich agricultural sections of northern and western North Dakota. The Great Northern railway is building a number of new extensions from its main line northward notably that of the Sarles extension of the Edmore line; the Thorne extension running north from York, the Maxbass extension running northwestward from Towner, and a further extension of the Westhope line to Antler. The building of these new lines has brought into being a number of new towns which are fully described in a pamphlet recently issued by the Great Northern Railway. By application to Mr. F. I. Whitney, Passenger Traffic Manager, St. Paul, Minn., a copy of these pamphlets "New Extensions in North Dakota" or "New Towns in North Dakota" will be mailed to any address. 8-5

England Relies on Us.

The new naval policy of Great Britain seems to mean the withdrawal of all protection from her colonies on this side of the Atlantic. She trusts to us to interpret the Monroe Doctrine to mean that no foreign power can acquire more land on this continent and that we will follow this out to prevent any country from robbing her, as they would thus acquire more land on our continent. If England will also allow us to make her beer she would also be better off, for no English brew has ever equalled golden grain belt beer and this delightful tonic would do the nation good. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Winnipeg Exposition and Fair.

On account of the Winnipeg Exposition and Fair held at Winnipeg, Manitoba, July 20th to 28, the Great Northern Railway will sell tickets at one fare for the round trip to Winnipeg. Dates of sale are July 18th to 26th, returning limit July 31st. Ask your local agent for full particulars as to rates, etc.

For Sale at a Bargain.

A bargain for somebody if accepted soon. My farm of 240 acres in Rocksbury township—E½ SW¼, W½ SW¼ Sec. 26 and E½ SE¼ Sec. 27. Prices and terms right. Address,

W. J. OTT,
Walnut, Bureau Co.,
Illinois.

Co-Partnership Dissolved.

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between Chas. J. Fellman and I. Dahlin is this day dissolved.

CHAS. J. FELLMAN.
I. DAHLIN.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., July 1st, 1905.

The Holy Rollers.

The Red River Valley is threatened with an invasion from the "Holy Rollers" the famous Benton Harbor, Michigan, religious fanatics who have during recent months gained world renowned fame because of their peculiar beliefs and superstitions, says the Crookston Times. At Stephen missionaries of the "Holy Roller" and John and Mary faith recently organized a colony of Rollers and religious meetings, attended by the most unusual ceremonies are in progress at that time and from reports are now procuring converts to the faith constantly. One of the things believed by the "Holy Rollers" is that the time for departure of all mankind from this earth as predicted for some future date in the bible, has about arrived and great stress is laid by the missionaries of the faith at present in this section upon the "Ark" which is being built at Benton Harbor for the salvation of all those who believe in "John and Mary" at the time the great flood overtakes the wicked of the world.

As a result of the orgies of the sect at Stephen, James Kyle, a prosperous and well to do farmer living three miles east of Warren had been taken to the insane asylum at Fergus Falls. The case has been pronounced one of the most violent and hopeless religious fanatic cases of any sent to the asylum from this section of the state in years and it is doubtful if Kyle ever again regains his mind.

Kyle some time ago took a notion that the "Holy Roller" idea of Christianity was the thing, and immediately joined the Stephen colony of John and Mary thinkers. During the meetings he became quite a fanatic over the new religion and upon his return home it was noticed that his mind continually ran in religious channels. The climax was reached when he was called upon as a faithful member of the "Holy Roller" band to baptise a new convert, Mrs. Bailey of Stephen. The baptism ceremony according to the custom of the sect was held in the icy waters of the Tamarac river and while engaged with the work Kyle caught a cold which settled on his brain. Mrs. Bailey, the convert, is also reported as having been afflicted with fever as a result of her baptism. Kyle is well to do, has a large farm, well stocked and has recently lost several head of his valuable horses through his endeavors to cure by faith.

Joke on Steenerson.

Congressman Steenerson has been busy answering exciting questions from Norwegians of Crookston relative to the story which gained currency that men were being shipped to the old country to take part in the probable war with Sweden, and that $1,000 and all expenses was being paid every man who enlisted in the cause. It was hinted by the party of practical jokers who set the yarn afloat that Congressman Steenerson and other prominent Norwegians of this section of the country had contributed to a "war fund" with which to begin the enlistment of men for service in case of hostilities between the sister countries.

Congressman Steenerson when seen was endeavoring to explain to an excited fellow countryman that the story was a huge joke and that there was nothing whatever in it. The Norseman could not get it through his head, however, that the story was not true and insisted that his name be taken down and consideration given him in case any such arrangement as $1,000 and expenses for fighting in his country's cause could be made. The story of the generous manner in which wealthy Northern Minnesota Norwegians are assisting their country is a general topic of conversation, and the $1,000 proposition seems to be a peculiarly alluring one for Norwegians of the city.

Yale's Rockefeller Million.

New York Press: Far more in sorrow than in anger must the country look on the saddening spectacle of a great American university abasing itself by the acceptance of a million of hush money from an insidious enemy of this republic and glorying in its shame.

"Bring on your tainted money!" shouts a senator-elect of the United States, the product of this same commercial system which buys a whole handful of United States senators as cheerfully as it raids a life insurance treasury, stuffs the pockets of state legislators to smother a gas bill, floats a huge copper swindle, burns a rival's distillery, lies under oath, bribes judges and jurors, or claps its golden muzzles over the mouths of men whose mission it should be to preach the Ten Commandments.

Think what this gift to a semi-public seat of education means! It means that professors who must teach principles of morality, of law, of commerce, of religion, are to be paid with money taken from a man who has violated the cardinal rules for the conduct of a Christian and a gentleman, and whose money is given for the express purpose of distorting the views of the people so that they will believe all wealth, all success, all accomplishment to be justifiable by the mere fact of success!

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is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.

Ladies' Shoes

like ours are not to be found in every store.

HAIL INSURANCE

Do you want to insure your crops against Hail in a first class Company that always pay their losses promptly? If you do, call and see us in regard to a policy in the old and reliable St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Company.

When you buy Insurance get the best

H. E. IVES, Agent, ST. HILAIRE Minnesota

Everyday Bargains

at

E. M. HOFF'S

Granulated Sugar, 16 lbs for	$1	Evaporated Apples, fancy 3 pounds for	25c
Coffees, good as ever, 15c, per pound to	40c	A good Corn, three cans for	25c
Teas, extra value, 20c, 35c and	50c	A good Tomato, 3 cans for	25c
A good size and quality Prunes per pound	4c	Small size Sour Pickles, per gallon	30c
Large size and quality Prunes per pound	6c	Sweet Pickles, very nice, per quart	12½c
Extra size and quality Prunes per pound	8c	Rolled Oats, five pound package	15c
Rice, extra good value, 28 pounds for	$1	Full Cream Cheese, per pound	13c
Tapioca, 8 pounds for	25c	Full Cream Brick Cheese per pound	15c
Sage, 6 pounds for	25c	Soaps, good, forty bars for	$1

We carry a full and complete line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Shoes of the best quality, also a big line of plain and fancy Dry Goods. We are here 365 days in the year, aim to please, will correct all errors and exchange all goods that do not please.

Parties wishing to cut grass on SW¼ Sec. 18, River Falls, must have permit from Alston & Brosemer, Fairmont, Minn. 22

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 14, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 28th, 1905, viz:

Michael Ault Jr., H. E. No. 21820, for the SE¼ Sec. 8, T. 153 N., R. 45 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Swan Englund, of Tweet, Minn.
Emil Larson, of Wylie, Minn.
Andrew E. Anderson, of Wylie, Minn.
Gust Peterson, of Wylie, Minn.

A. F. GEORGE,
Receiver.

(jun24jul22)

COOKE & CLARK

Lawyers.

Office with K. J. Weeks

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

DR. V. PLETH,

SURGEON.

Graduate of Copenhagen University.

Department for Diseases of the Eye

CROOKSTON, MINN.

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Send 2 cents for handsomely illustrated booklet, "A Camera Journey" to the LEWIS & CLARK EXPOSITION to

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Passenger Traffic Manager, ST. PAUL, MINN.

ASK YOUR LOCAL AGENT ABOUT RATES.

Four Facts For Sick Women To Consider

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Has an Unequalled Record of Cures—Mrs. Pinkham's Advice Is Confidential, Free, and always Helpful

FIRST.—That almost every operation in our hospitals performed upon women becomes necessary through neglect of such symptoms as backache, irregular and painful menstruation, leucorrhœa, displacements of the uterus, pain in the side, burning sensation in the stomach, bearing-down pains, nervousness, dizziness and sleeplessness.

SECOND.—The medicine that holds the record for the largest number of absolute cures of female ills is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It regulates, strengthens and cures diseases of the female organism as nothing else can.

For thirty years it has been helping women to be strong, curing backache, nervousness, kidney troubles, all uterine and ovarian inflammation, weakness and displacements, regulating menstruation perfectly and overcoming its pains. It has also proved itself invaluable in preparing for childbirth and the change of life.

THIRD.—The great volume of unsolicited and grateful testimonials on file at the Pinkham Laboratory at Lynn, Mass., many of which are from time to time published by permission, give absolute evidence of the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Mrs. Pinkham's advice.

FOURTH.—Every ailing woman in the United States is asked to accept the following invitation. It is free, will bring you health and may save your life.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation to Women.—Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women only. From symptoms given, your trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Out of the vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Surely, any woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance.

Professional Advice.

The new doctor had been called in to see the lady with a swollen jaw.

"Does it hurt you to talk?" asked the pill dispenses.

"Yes," she replied.

"Then don't," said the M. D. "Two dollars, please."—Chicago Daily News

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address, A S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

No Humor for the Eagle.

I cannot imagine even a touch of humor in the life of the eagle. There was a pair of blue jays that nested near the eagles, and I imagine they came sneaking around at times when the parents were not at home, just to see what was going on. One day I was sitting on the edge of the nest with my feet dangling over, when one of the curious jays came up from behind. He didn't notice me till he alighted, squawking, close by. His squawking valve closed short off with a squeak of surprise; he threw up his wings in horror and fell backward. The bluejay himself would have chuckeld in enjoyment at the sight, if the joke had not been on him. I enjoyed it hugely, but it was all Greek to the eagles. Everything to them is serious. Life is a cruel, harsh reality; it is blood from birth to death.

ATAXIA FOUR YEARS

FOLLOWS MALARIA CONTRACTED IN SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR.

Victim Had Become Helpless When He Tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, but Was Cured in Four Months.

Because he did not know that there is a remedy for ataxia, Mr. Ariel endured four years of weakness, pain and the misery of thinking his case incurable.

"At the outbreak of the Spanish-American war," he says, "I went with Company B, Eighth Regiment, M.V.M., into camp at Chickamauga, and while there my system became thoroughly poisoned with malaria. When I was mustered out, I carried that disease home with me. After a while locomotor ataxia appeared."

"How did the ataxia begin?"

"I first noticed a pain in my ankles and knee joints. This was followed by a numb feeling in my legs. At times I had to drag myself around; my legs would shake or become perfectly dead. I had constant trouble in getting about in the dark. I kept a light burning in my room at night as I could not balance myself in the darkness. Even with the aid of a light I wobbled, and would reach out and catch hold of chairs to prevent myself from falling?"

"How long were you a sufferer?"

"Four years in all. During the last three years I was confined to bed, sometimes for a week, again for three or four weeks at a time. When I was lying down the pain in my back was frequently so severe that I had to be helped up and put in a chair to get a little relief. I had considerable pain in my bowels and no control over my kidneys. The worst of all was that the doctor could give me no hope of recovery."

"How were you cured?"

"I read that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had cured locomotor ataxia and one or two friends spoke to me about them. In the fall of 1903 I began to take them for myself and I had not used more than one box before I found that the pains in my knees and ankles were greatly relieved. Four months afterward I became a perfectly well man, and I am today enjoying the best of health."

Mr. Edward H. Ariel lives at No. 43 Powow street, Amesbury, Mass. Every sufferer from locomotor ataxia should try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills without delay. Any druggist can supply them.

He who is unable to collect his wits or his bills is in hard luck.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

Location of the Poultry House.

The best location for a poultry house is on a slight elevation which will insure good drainage. Many failures come from the use of low, wet locations. I know of several poultry raisers that have failed completely from the unfortunate location of their poultry houses. In one case at least hundreds of dollars had been invested in a brooder house. The drainage was so bad that the house was half overflowed in the winter just when it was to have been used for the development of broilers. Wet seems to be particularly injurious to barnyard fowls. Even ducks do not do well if compelled to live in damp quarters, though they like water to swim in. I have noticed that in the case of the poor location of the poultry house it has been almost always a matter of choice rather than of necessity. The location was made as it was simply because it seemed to be the only location near the house or that would meet the requirements of artistic arrangements. Of course it is not pleasant to have the poultry house located at a long distance from the residence, but that is better than failure where much money has been invested in a poultry raising outfit.—Sophia Belknap, Allan Co., Ind., in Farmers' Review.

Exhibition Games.

All game fowl are divided into two classes, the Pit games and the Exhibition games. Both have been popular for a long time, not particularly because of their fighting qualities but because of their laying qualities, their vigor and their plumage. It has taken many generations of breeding to bring them to their present high state of perfection. The beauty of the game is a first attraction at a poultry show, and it is doubtful if they have any superiors as ornamental fowls. To what extent they compare with other breeds as egg layers has not yet been demonstrated, though they are not considered to be a fowl suitable to general farm purposes. They are considered by their friends excellent table fowls, their meat being fine-grained, tender and juicy. They are good sitters and attentive mothers. They are divided into about ten general varieties.

Stick to the Standards.

To a man going into the breeding of fowls for farm use we would say, stick to the standard breeds and the oldest ones at that. The later varieties have been created by out-crosses to get the color or some particular shape and have not the staying power that we find in the older fowls. The farmer wants a fowl that will come true to breed each time and that will not be constantly throwing sports. There is a mania at this time for creating new breeds, and some of these are only crosses. By constantly crossing we get new breeds, but we rather impede the work of real improvement by introducing a multiplicity of factors into the breeding. The farmer that wants to breed up his flock would do better to take a male of some breed that has been established for a long time than to take a male of some breed that has just come to public notice.

Free Range.

Whatever the fancier may do or the professional chicken raiser may do, the farmer needs to give his poultry free range during as much of the year as he can. In this way he takes advantage of the conditions that favor him above the specialist in poultry culture. His fowls will thus be able to pick up a large part of their living. This is not all the advantage of free range. The fowls that have free range do not require the expenditure in labor that yarded fowls require. There is no necessity of having a regular system of feeding or of spading under polluted ground. The farmer may thus keep a large number of hens with little expenditure in labor in the spring, summer and fall. Free range is therefore to be used to its fullest possible extent. The fowls as bug catchers and as gleaners in the harvest fields are earning their living and paying for the privilege.

Poultry in Confinement.

While on the farm it is not desirable to keep poultry confined, yet it is possible to make a profit out of fowls confined, as has been demonstrated again and again. In fact some of the men that have made the most money out of fowls have followed no other method. When large numbers of fowls are raised, confinement becomes a necessity. A farmer could have a few hundred fowls ranging over his land, he could not have a few thousand thus ranging and keep in business. For a time fowls will do as well in confinement as on the range, but this cannot be continued indefinitely, as high feeding and no exercise leads to diseases of some of the organs that have a part in digestion and assimilation.

Draining Prevents Heaving.

There is always much complaint about wheat, clover and other plants being torn out of the ground by the action of frost. If the land is well drained this result will not follow the hardest winter. A railroad manager recently said that the railroads have no trouble with the frost heaving the road if the water is kept out. It is certainly learned that on land that is well drained so that the water table is below the roots of the plants even in winter no heaving results. The moisture that is drawn up by capillary attraction, though enough to glue the soil particles into a solid mass under the influence of cold, yet is not enough to cause heaving when it thaws. The heaving results only in saturated soil. Heaving of the soil is a notice to the farmer to drain his land. This work should be done before it is time to plow for the fall wheat crop.

Infertile eggs taken from the incubator need not be thrown away. They can be boiled and used for chick feed.

LIVE STOCK

Sheep Notes.

The old idea that sheep do not need water is a good one to get rid of. It has caused many sheep a good deal of discomfort. Give them all the pure water they can drink, and if they want to go without, the conscience of the owner will be no longer troubled.

Green feed is very important for sheep, and this should be given even when the pastures get dry in midsummer. It pays to cut some of the green forage for the sheep as well as for the cows.

When sheep are to be sold it pays to fatten them moderately to give them a good appearance. The sheep that has an unthrifty look is not likely to find a man anxious to purchase.

It is well to change the pasture of the sheep occasionally, as one pasture may become filthy, especially if the weather is dry for many weeks at a time.

Turnips are still one of the best feeds that can be given the sheep. English turnips can be sown at any time and will begin to produce food for the sheep early in the summer. The English get very good results in feeding turnips to sheep.

It is not very profitable to feed the sheep grain in summer, unless the pastures are very short. Grain is not particularly helpful to the young lambs that are developing into sheep. Their stomachs are more adapted to succulent feed.

Sheep like short grass better than long grass and so do better on short pastures than on long pastures. This is true in spite of the fact that sheep are great weed eaters.

Delaware Co., Pa. John Evans.

Jersey Cattle.

It is rather strange that a very little island in the English Channel should have produced a breed of cows that has become the leader as a specific dairy breed and that is now known the world around. It is also rather strange that the world has so taken to this breed that now there are hundreds of times more Jersey cows produced in other countries than in the Isle of Jersey. The secret of the influence of this breed is that in this island they have been selected and bred for a long time along lines that must result in the production of the very best possible dairy cow.

This little Island of Jersey formed part of the Duchy of Normandy in early times. It is about 11 miles long and not more than seven wide, not much larger than two townships in the United States. Its area is about 62 square miles and about 40,000 acres. It will thus be seen that its area is much less than that included in the city of Chicago. The climate is, however, very salubrious and people find it a delightful place in which to live. This is probably the reason why its population is 56,000 or thereabouts, more than 1,000 to the square mile.

The exact origin of the Jersey cattle is unknown, but it is believed that they came from Normandy. The constant selection of the finest types did the rest. The care they have received is responsible for the production of a cow that is a great milk producer but is not one suited to roughing it. The man that wants a cow that will stand all kinds of hardships should not select a Jersey.

Sleeping Places of Hogs.

The sleeping places of hogs should be under cover at all times of year.

Build the hog house so that the hogs cannot root under the walls and make way for rats and mice.

Cement floors, though expensive, are to be found very serviceable in the hog pen, as they prevent the hogs from rooting under the timbers. Such floors should be well covered with bedding.

More pigs die at farrowing time than at any other, and for this reason all useful appliances possible about the pens should be adopted.

The portable hog house is not being used extensively in many of our states, especially in those states where hog cholera prevails.

A portable hog house should be large enough for half a dozen full grown hogs.

The sides and roof of the portable hog house should be perfectly tight. A movable floor is a good thing to have, but it need not be used in summer.

By keeping a few hogs only in one house the chances of epidemics are lessened, though this should not be depended on to prevent such epidemics.—Isaac Rhems, Pike Co., Ill., in Farmers' Review.

The Hog in Summer.

In the summer time I try to give my young hogs all the range possible, so that I will not have to feed much corn. There is a good deal of clover in my pasture mixed with the grass, and this helps out. As the grass is blue grass, I get a good deal of that element that is called protein, and so the hogs do not come up very hard on the corn ration. I have two reasons for not wanting to feed corn to the young hogs; one is that they are growing, and corn does not supply a very large portion of the muscle-making elements they need at this time, and the other is the high price of corn, which makes it a very expensive food. In fact I figure out that I lose on every pound of corn that goes into my hogs, though I have to feed some of it on account of the necessity for putting a finish on them in the fall. The more clover and blue grass I can get them to eat the better.—Jerry Owen, Knox Co. Ind., in Farmers' Review.

The Octopus as Food.

In Italy the octopus is taken and eaten. It has to be caught at night, when it is attracted to the vicinity of the boat in which are the fishermen by a bright fire made in an iron cage in front of the boat. It is said to make good eating, and its tentacles when cooked are cut crosswise, forming rings.

CONSTANT ACHING.

Back aches all the time. Spoils your appetite, wearies the body, worries the mind. Kidneys cause it all and Doan's Kidney Pills relieve and cure it.

Woe With You All

H. B. McCarver, of 201 Cherry St., Portland, Ore., inspector of freight for the Trans-Continental Co., says: "I used Doan's Kidney Pills for back ache and other symptoms of kidney trouble which had annoyed me for months. I think a cold was responsible for the whole trouble. It seemed to settle in my kidneys. Doan's Kidney Pills rooted it out. It is several months since I used them, and up to date there has been no recurrence of the trouble."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Fickle Woman.

Museum Lecturer—The Bearded Lady's husband has been dead only two months, yet she's sprucing up again.

Manager—What are the symptoms?

Museum Lecturer—Why, this afternoon she appears on the platform with her whiskers trimmed Vandyke style.

Not a Good Example.

"I tell you, my boy, it pays to go to bed early. Look at me. Sixty-three years old, and in bed every night at 9 o'clock."

"Gee, when I'm as old as you are, I don't s'pose I'll be able to hold my eyes open after 4 o'clock.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Avoid the Cheap and "Big Can" Baking Powders.

The cheap baking powders have but one recommendation: they certainly give the purchaser plenty of powder for his mony. These powders are so carelessly made from inferior materials that they will not make light, wholesome food. Further, these cheap baking powders have a very small percentage of leavening gas; therefore it takes from two to three times as much of such powder to raise the cake or biscuit as it does of Calumet Baking Powder. Therefore, in the long run, the actual cost to the consumer of such powders is more than Calumet would be. Cheap baking powders leave the bread sometimes bleached and acid, sometimes yellow and alkaline, and always unpalatable. They are never of uniform strength and quality.

Why not buy a perfectly wholesome baking powder like Calumet, that is at the same time moderate in price and one which can be relied upon? Calumet is always the same, keeps indefinitely and gives the cook the least trouble.

Much Ado About Nothing.

An old woman who entered a country savings bank not long ago was asked whether she wanted to draw or deposit.

"Naythur; Oi wants to put some money in," was the reply.

The clerk entered the amount and pushed the slip toward her to sign,

"Sign on this line, please," he said.

"Above or below it?"

"Just above it."

"Me whole name?"

"Yes."

"Before Oi was married?"

"No; just as it is now."

"Oi can't write."—Harper's Weekly.

GREATEST NATURAL BRIDGE.

One in Wyoming Is 180 Feet From Butress to Butress.

"A great natural bridge is situated twenty miles southwest of Douglass, Wyo., where La Prele creek breaks through the foothills of the Laramie mountains," said Robert Jacobson of Butte, Mont. "In span of arch it exceeds anything of its kind in the known world. From buttress to buttress the bridge is 180 feet, and the highest part of the arch is about 75 feet above the water. The arch is almost as perfect as if built by man's hands instead of formed by the action of water. The stream here flows, or rather tumbles and pitches, through a narrow, ragged canyon about 1,000 feet in depth. Near the lower end of the gorge a ledge or wall of solid rock, about 150 feet in height, stretches right across the canyon. In time long past the water has plunged over the top of this rock wall, which was then a nautral dam, but finally the water found its way underneath, and the result is the bridge."—Milwaukee Free Press.

WANTED TO SLEEP

Curious That a Tired Preacher Should Have Such Desire.

A minister speaks of the curious effect of Grape Nuts food on him and how it has relieved him.

"You will doubtless understand how the suffering with indigestion with which I used to be troubled made my work an almost unendurable burden, and why it was that after my Sabbath duties had been performed, sleep was a stranger to my pillow till nearly daylight.

"I had to be very careful as to what I ate, and even with all my care I experienced poignant physical distress after meals, and my food never satisfied me.

"Six months have elapsed since I began to use Grape-Nuts food, and the benefits I have derived from it are very definite. I no longer suffer from indigestion, and I began to improve from the time Grape-Nuts appeared on our table. I find that by eating a dish of it after my Sabbath work is done (and I always do so now) my nerves are quieted and rest and refreshing sleep are ensured me. I feel that I could not possibly do without Grape-Nuts food, now that I know its value. It is invariably on our table—we feel that we need it to complete the meal—and our children will eat Grape-Nuts when they cannot be persuaded to touch anything else." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Read the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

GETTYSBURG THE BLOODY.

Confederate Loss 36 Per Cent of All Engaged, Federal 27.

"The bloodiest battle of the Civil war was the decisive one at Gettysburg, which turned the tide in favor of the North," said a G. A. R. man on his way to La Crosse. The losses were enormous on both sides. Though they nearly balanced each other in actual number, the Confederate loss was proportionately the larger, footing up the almost unprecedented total of 36 per cent, while the federal loss was 27 per cent. Official reports place the federal loss at 23,163 and the Confederate loss at 25,000. Next to Gettysburg, the hardest fought and bloodiest battle of the war was Chickamauga. A full report of the Confederate losses was never made, but they have been estimated at 20,950. The federal loss was 16,363."—Milwaukee Free Press.

Did Not Go Into Record.

A fruit grower of California was giving testimony before the senate interstate commerce committee, and mentioned a particular kind of orange.

"That is the best orange grown," remarked Senator Cullom.

"It is," responded the witness, "and, senator, you will get a box of oranges for saying that."

"You will find in this little book," remarked Senator Clapp, when the laugh subsided, "the names and addresses of every member of the committee."

"Don't let this go into the record," said Senator Kean, who was presiding, addressing the stenographer.—Washington Post.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 and 912 Pioneer Press Building, St. Paul, Minn.

Robert Cornell, Phillipsburg, Mont., spring wire catch; William Jones, Neenah, Wis., support for cooking utensils; Charles Knapp, Winona, Minn., sleigh; Robert Lindsay, Seattle, Wash., bookcase or display rack.

Her Retort.

"I notice, my dear, that the courts have decided that some Western man is only half married. I wonder which half it is, ha, ha, ha!"

"Well I hope it isn't the idiot's better half."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Surprised.

"Ella gets her beautiful complexion from her mother."

"Is her mother a chemist?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

BABY'S TERRIBLE SORE.

Body Raw With Humor—Caused Untold Agony—Doctor Did No Good—Cuticura Cured at Once.

"My child was a very delicate baby. A terrible sore and humor broke out on his body looking like raw flesh, and causing the child untold agony. My physician prescribed various remedies, none of which helped at all. I became discouraged and took the matter into my own hands and tried Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment with almost immediate success. Before the second week had passed the soreness was gone, not leaving a trace of anything. Mrs. Jeannette H. Block, 281 Rosedale St., Rochester, N. Y."

Conversion.

"Brethren," said the venerable clergyman at the conference, "they tell us this money is tainted. But why should not money be born again? Why should it not be converted? Shall we close upon it the door of hope? Shall we not rather say that while the light holds out to burn the vilest money may return? Should there not be more joy over one dollar that repents than over ninety-nine that need no repentance?"

And the resolution to accept the money was passed with enthusiasm.—Puck.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Spurred to Greater Effort.

Lawyer—I'll be frank with you. You can't break your father's will.

Clinet—I'll be frank with you. I can't pay you unless it can be broken.

Lawyer—We'll break that will if it takes a leg.—Cleveland Leader.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A Short Lecture.

"There's just one thing I wanted to say to you," began Mrs. Acid to her better half.

"Only one, M'ria?" queried he, solicitously. "Aren't you feeling well?"

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

A pawnbroker who is always advancing is naturally progressive.

Beware of the man whose charitable fits consist of sympathy only.

Catarrh of the Bladder and Kidney Trouble absolutely cured by Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. World famous for over 30 years. $1 a bottle.

If a man doesn't wind up his bad habits his health will soon run down.

Requires Diplomacy.

A man doesn't have to be married more than two years before he learns that when his wife asks him if he doesn't think another womn is pretty, it isn't well for him to be more enthusiastic than to say, "Oh, so-so!"—Somerville Journal.

Here is Relief for Women.

Mother Gray, a nurse in New York, discovered a pleasant herb remedy for women's ills, called AUSTRALIAN-LEAF. Cures female weaknesses, Backache, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary troubles. At all Druggists or by mail 50c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

The increased yields of durum wheat more than makes up for the difference in the price and the indications are that the acreage in North Dakota will be greatly increased this season.

A lady was at Bisbee and convinced all the baldheads that her new discovery would grow hair on billiard balls.

Never try to tan a dog's hide with his own bark.

For Hot Weather
A FREE BOTTLE OF
Mull's Grape Tonic
TO ANYONE WHO WILL WRITE FOR IT NOW

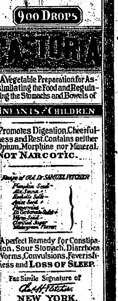
Have You Constipation, Stomach Trouble, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Blood Poison, Skin Diseases, Sores, Sudden Bowel Trouble, Diarrhea, Cholera, Etc.?

No one whose bowels are healthy and active contracts these complaints. Invariably they are the result of Constipation which means decayed, poisoned and dying bowels or intestines. Check diarrhea and you are liable to fatal blood poison—a physic makes you worse. There is only one right course and that is to treat the cause. Revive and strengthen the bowels and intestines. We will prove to you that Mull's Grape Tonic cures Constipation and all these terrible Bowel troubles because it cleanses the Blood and makes the intestines practically new. It feeds the starved condition and brings them back to life—nothing else will. For hot weather ills it has no equal.

WRITE FOR THIS FREE BOTTLE TODAY
Good for ailing children and nursing mothers.

FREE COUPON
Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, Stomach Tonic and Constipation Cure.
To Mull's Grape Tonic Co.,
148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.
Give Full Address and Write Plainly
The $1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size. At drug stores.

The genuine has a date and number stamped on the label—take no other from your druggist.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CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

SKIN HUMORS
Complete External and Internal Treatment
ONE DOLLAR
Consisting of warm baths with
Cuticura SOAP
to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA Ointment to instantly allay itching, irritation, and inflammation and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA Pills to cool and cleanse the blood.

A Single Set, costing but One Dollar, is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring skin, scalp, and blood humors, eczemas, rashes, itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, from infancy to age, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50c., Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60). Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props. Send for "How to Cure Torturing, Disfiguring Humors from Infancy to Age."

Say Plainly to Your Grocer

That you want LION COFFEE always, and he, being a square man, will not try to sell you anything else. You may not care for our opinion, but

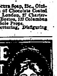
What About the United Judgment of Millions

of housekeepers who have used LION COFFEE for **over a quarter of a century?**

Is there any *stronger proof of merit,* than the

Confidence of the People and ever increasing popularity? LION COFFEE is carefully selected at the plantation, shipped direct to our various factories, where it is skillfully roasted and carefully packed in sealed packages—unlike loose coffee, which is exposed to germs, dust, insects, etc. LION COFFEE reaches you as pure and clean as when it left the factory. Sold only in 1 lb. packages.

Lion-head on every package.
Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.
SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE
WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.



PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC
FOR WOMEN
troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.
Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all
TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES
For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.
Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.
THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

N W N U —NO. 28— 1905

ESTABLISHED 1879.
MINNEAPOLIS. **Woodward & Co., Grain Commission.** DULUTH.
ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1905. NUMBER 1.

Resume of the News.

Fresh Reliable Brief

Washington.

W. J. Calhoun of Chicago has been selected special agent of the government to visit Venezuela and examine the claims of the New York & Bermudez Asphalt company.

Mr. Adee, second secretary of state, who has returned to the United States from France, in which country he made a tour on his bicycle, has assumed the duties of acting secretary of state.

Immigration Commissioner Sargent has returned to San Francisco from the Hawaiian Islands. In his speeches there he favored attracting such immigration to Honolulu as now comes to the Dakotas and Minnesota.

Although Secretary of Commerce and Labor Metcalf is reported to have denied that he contemplated resigning, there are many indications pointing toward a new head of that department. The statement is published that Metcalf is to be succeeded, and that the trades and labor unions all over the country are taking much interest in the appointment of the new secretary.

Postmaster General Cortelyou has issued an order which will bring joy to rural carriers. Hereafter the rural service will be suspended on New Year's day, Feb. 22, Decoration day, Fourth of July, Labor day and Thanksgiving day. The rural carriers have petitioned for holidays for two years, but have only now succeeded in securing them.

Edward S. Holmes, associate statistician of the agricultural department has been summarily dismissed by Secretary Wilson on the charge of furnishing advance information from the government cotton report to brokers and speculators and manipulating the reports in order to affect the market. Holmes is the only public official involved in the scandal.

Criminal.

Beverley Letcher prominent clubman of San Francisco, is dying from opium poison, self-administered with suicidal intent.

John L. Markle, a vaudeville actor, whose home was at Council Bluffs, Iowa, committed suicide at a New York hotel by shooting.

Paul Lorelle killed himself and his stepdaughter, Blanche Lorelle, at Cavour, Wis., because of jealousy of the girl, who wished to marry.

John W. Woten, a lawyer of New York, was sentenced to Sing Sing prison for grand larceny in the first degree for stealing a $1,000 check from David Rothschild.

To escape the camera of the rogue's gallery photographer, Sam Levine, accused of attempting arson, jumped from the sixth floor of police headquarters at Brooklyn, sustaining probably fatal injuries.

John Costello a merchant of New York, has been fatally stabbed at his summer home on Staten Island. He was entertaining a number of guests and, it is said, left the house to resent remarks made by passers-by, one of whom, it is believed, stabbed him.

After killing his wife with a butcher knife, cutting her throat and slashing her body in a most terrible manner, Edward H. Mitchell, a mining machinist, committed suicide at his home in Salt Lake City by hanging. He is believed to have been insane.

A. Keith Dargan, until recently president of the Darlington Trust company and the South Carolina Independent Oil company, drank carbolic acid at Columbus, S. C. He left a statement saying that he had appropriated the company's funds. Loss, $800,000.

Henry Weidmann and his brother John, living six miles from Waverly, Iowa, on a farm, had a quarrel. Henry stabbed John several times in the back and neck. Fearing he had killed his brother Henry committed suicide by hanging. Henry was thirty-five years old and John is twenty-five. John will recover.

After writing the following pitiful note to his wife, Gill Neal, a Moulton, Iowa, blacksmith, blew out his brains: "Tobacco has driven me to this. It has eaten out the walls of my stomach and made me a physical wreck. I could live only a short time. Tell my boys the cause of my fate and warn them never to use tobacco or intoxicants. Good-bye."

Foreign.

The furniture of the Korean legation at St. Petersburg is being sold and the legation is closed.

The German bark Aphrodite, 776 tons, was wrecked in the Nicoya gulf at Costa Rica, and Capt. Hauenstein was drowned.

More than 1,000,000 deaths from bubonic plague occurred in India last year, according to the latest reports from the marine hospital and public health services.

A duel with swords was fought at Panama by Rusebio Morales, a prominent attorney, and Julio Arjona, a well-known newspaper man. The trouble arose over the publication of an article by Arjona. Arjona was slightly wounded.

The house in which Juliet is said to have lived, and in which she is said to have received Romeo, has been sold at auction at Verona. The bidding was begun at $1,200 and the building was finally bid in by the city of Verona for $2,900.

August Schimpf, an American employe, is sick with yellow fever at Panama, and William Cox, an American employe of the Panama Railroad company, is dead.

The engagement is announced of Paul Nash, the American consul at Venice, and the Baroness Ina Mayneri of Piedmont. The baroness, who moves in the highest society, is at present residing in Venice.

The French senate passed the bill providing amnesty for those condemned in connection with the revolutionary conspiracy in 1899, and Paul de Roulede, former deputy, who is in political exile in Spain, will be permitted to return to France.

The cotton growers of Mexico are holding meetings for the purpose of formulating petitions to be presented to President Diaz asking that he issue a decree increasing the duty on cotton, as Mexico now imports about 40 per cent of her cotton from the United States.

Casualty.

Fire of supposed incendiary origin has destroyed the business portion of Gridley, Col. Loss $100,000.

Fire swept a large area of the business portion of Guntersville, Ala., and loss is estimated at $50,000 with about one-third insurance.

August Droes was instantly killed by lightning and his two daughters scarred for life during an electrical storm near Loganville, Wis.

Two blocks of Goldfield's (Nev.) business and residence section have been totally destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of $200,000.

Frank Hall, aged twelve years, and Charles Rice, eleven years of age, the sons of farmers, were drowned while bathing in Simon's creek, near Dover, Del.

Two brothers, Fred and Justin Finn, aged fifteen and twelve years respectively, were drowned in the Winnipesaukee river at Laconia, N. H., while swimming.

Nine persons were injured, one of them fatally, in Detroit when a Trumbull avenue car crashed into a wagon load of people returning from a drive about Belle Isle Park.

A score of firemen were seriously injured or overcome by smoke during a fire which destroyed the upper floors of a seven-story factory building in New York. The total loss is estimated at $250,000.

Fire in F. P. Wright's art and paint store on Riverside avenue, Spokane, Wash., caused losses estimated at $115,000, and for a time threatened widespread destruction in Spokane's business district.

While running at the rate of sixty miles an hour, east-bound New York fast mail train collided with a west-bound freight at Greencastle, Ind., Fireman Tippy was fatally, and Engineer Garner seriously injured.

Forest fires are threatening the Lick observatory, in which is located the famous Lick telescope. The corps of professors there have telephoned asking that the governor call out the militia of San Jose to fight the flames.

Mores Maul, a well-to-do mining man, lost his life in the Minnesota mine near Corbin, fifteen miles south of Helena, Mont. He descended into the shaft of the mine, carrying a candle, which ignited gas that had escaped from a gasoline tank. An explosion resulted, causing the shaft to cave in.

General.

Andrew Morrissey has resigned the presidency of Notre Dame university at South Bend, Ind.

A deal has been closed for the construction of a $2,000,000 hotel, ten stories high, in Detroit.

Mrs. Helen K. Johnson, mother of Mayor Johnson of Cleveland, Ohio, died at her home in Brooklyn.

William B. Lyons, former chief of police of Baltimore and one of the best known detectives in the country, is dead.

The 16,000 ton battleship Kansas will be launched at the yard of the New York Shipbuilding company at Camden, N. J., Aug. 8.

Sailing master W. H. Houghton of the Arctic exploring ship Roosevelt is authority for the statement that John D. Rockefeller is the mysterious millionaire who gave $10,000 to complete the fund necessary for the expedition.

That a 12-inch shell loaded with only a small charge of dunnite, the world's most effective explosive, will crumple in the side of the heaviest armor clad vessel, though the shell fall short of its mark by twenty feet, has just been demonstrated at the beginning of a series of tests at the government proving grounds at Sandy Hook.

"Picketing is as bad as lynching," said Judge McPherson of the federal court at Des Moines, in a decision rendered holding the Santa Fe railroad pickets guilty of contempt of court in violation of a strike order issued a year ago at Fort Madison. No punishment was fixed.

That the punishment for forgery meted out in court sentences is increasing is the opinion of the detectives of the American Bankers' association, in a report made by James R. Branch, secretary of the association, covering bank robberies and forgeries since Sept. 1, 1904.

WITTE IS NOT SURE OF PEACE

RUSSIAN ENVOY FEARS JAPANESE TERMS WILL EXACT TOO MUCH.

RUSSIA WILL FIGHT IT OUT

IF TERMS DO NOT SUIT THE WAR WILL GO ON TO THE BITTER END.

RUSSIA IS NOT YET CRUSHED

TRUE SIGNIFICANCE OF WHAT IS HAPPENING NOT UNDERSTOOD.

St. Petersburg, July 19.—M. Witte, the senior Russian peace plenipotentiary, received the correspondent of the Associated Press at his villa on Yelagin island yesterday.

After greetings, which were cordial, the conversation gravitated quickly to the high mission with which the Russian statesman is charged and the disposition of the foreign press to interpret his appointment as an indication that Russia had decided to make peace at any price.

"No, no," said he, straightening up in his chair and speaking slowly and distinctly, as if weighing the value of each word. "In the first place I have been designated by the emperor as his ambassador extraordinary for pourparleurs with the Japanese plenipotentiaries to ascertain whether it is possible to conclude

A Treaty of Peace.

My personal views are of secondary importance, but my ideas are in entire accord with those of my friend, Count Lamsdorff.

"In serving my emperor, I have received precise instructions from his majesty and shall follow them.

"The ultimate decision remains in the hands of the emperor, and it is for him to decide the destinies of Russia. The emperor is the friend of peace and desires peace, but I very much fear that the Japanese terms will be such that we will be unable to reach an accord.

"Secondly, the world should disabuse its mind of the idea that Russia wants peace at any price. There are two parties in Russia. One favors the continuation of the war a outrance—this is a large and influential party. The other, to which I belong, favors peace. I

Avow It Frankly,

because telling the truth has always been my rule in politics. I was for peace before hostilities broke out. When the war began the situation changed.

"Even though there are these two parties as to the advisability of ending the war in the present circumstances, both would be united if the Japanese demands wounded the amour propre of the Russian people or jeopardize our future as a nation.

"I am sure if I report that the conditions of Japan cannot be accepted, Russia will accept the verdict and the Russian people will be ready to continue the war for years if necessary.

"Thirdly, Russia is not crushed, as the foreign press has led the world to believe. The interior situation is very serious, I do not deny but in Europe and America the true significance of what is happening

Is Not Understood.

Correspondents come here and talk with a few hundred people in St. Petersburg and Moscow, misinterpret what is happening and fill the world with false impressions as to Russia's future.

"Russia is not on the verge of dissolution as a great power and is not obliged to accept any conditions offered in spite of the military reverses she has sustained.

"We are passing through an internal crisis which has been marked by many grave events, and which may have others still in store, but the crisis will pass, and in a few years Russia will again take her place as a preponderant power in the European concert."

RECEIVER IS DISCHARGED.

People's United States Bank Again in Hands of Officers.

St. Louis, July 19. — On motion of the attorneys for the People's United States bank, capitalized at $2,500,000, Judge McElhinny, of the St. Louis county circuit court, yesterday dissolved the receivership for that institution and discharged Receiver Selden P. Spencer, appointed by him several days ago on the request of Secretary of State Swanger of Missouri.

TWO MURDERERS DIE.

White Man and Negro Put to Death in Electric Chair.

Ossining, N. Y., July 19. — James Breen, (white) and Charles Jackson (colored) were put to death in the electric chair at Sing Sing prison yesterday. Breen shot Capt. William H. Keyes during a quarrel in the latter's saloon in New York city in September, 1903. Jackson killed Charles W. Roxbury with a club in July, 1903, in the Bronx in an attempt at highway robbery.

MAY DROP POISON CHARGE.

Prosecution in Koch Trial Is Silent on Matter.

Mankato, Minn., July 20.—There is some doubt whether the state will attempt to show at the present trial of Dr. Koch that Dr. Gebhardt, his alleged victim, received a blue box containing a bottle of strychnine mixed with bromo-caffaine a short time before the murder. County Attorney Wilson made no reference to this in opening the case for the state. It is learned that the state has subpoenaed all of the witnesses who would testify in support of the poison branch of the case, but it may be that they will not be called. If this testimony is cut out the trial will be shortened considerably.

Chief Klause of the New Ulm police force was on the stand the greater part of the forenoon, under a heavy fire of questions from the defense. He told of the wounds that he had found on the defendant's hands on Nov. 4 and 5. Regarding the handkerchief found at the Gebhardt office, Miss Ida Koch, sister of the defendant, the witness said, had told him she had seen it and that it was one she had marked; also that the defendant had said on the previous day, Nov. 4, that his sister had seen the handkerchief; that it was his, and that he had explained its presence in the office of Dr. Gebhardt by saying a cocaine fiend who had called on him might have taken it from the pocket of his coat which hung in the Koch dental rooms.

It was learned that the state has not subpoenaed several of the witnesses used at the second trial, their evidence not being considered essential.

EXPLOSION KILLS FIVE.

Lightning Strikes Powder House Where Miners Had Sought Shelter.

Des Moines, July 20.—Five miners were blown to pieces by the explosion of twenty-five pounds of dynamite in a storage powder house at the West Riverside coal mine, two miles west of the city at 6 o'clock yesterday morning. Heads, arms and legs were scattered around for a distance of 500 feet. Not a soul knew of the explosion until the appearance of the day shift at 6:30, when the horrible spectacle presented itself. The men, five in number, were engaged in sinking a new shaft, and during the early morning hour a severe rainstorm came up which compelled the men to stop work. They sought shelter from the storm in the powder house. While in the house the lightning struck a tree near the building, and from there ran to the house, igniting the dynamite as well as two kegs of powder. Not a piece of wood larger than a [illegible] remains of the building.

BUCK WILL BE TRIED.

Mapleton, Minn., Man Will Be Returned by Cubans.

Havana, July 20.—Alfred Buck, former president of the State Bank of Mapleton, Minn., whose alleged defalcations in the sum of $225,000 are said to have accomplished the financial ruin of his father, who died a short time ago, will be brought back to Blue Earth county, Minn., for trial. A man arrested at the Isle of Pines under the name of W. J. McGregor has been identified as the former Minnesota banker and will be returned to the United States, requisition papers having been requested by Gov. Johnson of Minnesota, and forwarded to the state department on the 12th inst. President Roosevelt has signed the warrant and Buck will be immediately returned to Minnesota.

BANKERS MUST STAND TRIAL.

Change of Venue Granted in Case of Officers of Scott County Bank.

Shakopee, Minn., July 20.—In court yesterday a change of venue was granted to H. Burton Strait, president, and Henry Schriner, cashier of the defunct Scott County bank, from Scott to Sibley county, and they will be tried at Henderson in December on two indictments, each charging them with wrecking the bank and causing a loss to depositors of about $160,000. When the bank failed in 1904 the indictments were returned. A motion was made to quash the indictments, but this was denied. An appeal was taken to the supreme court, and the action of the lower court was upheld. Both men are under bonds of $4,000 each.

OUSTS BOARD OF CONTROL.

New Wisconsin Statute, Attorney General Says, Ends Body.

Madison, Wis., July 20. — Attorney General Sturdevant yesterday gave it as his opinion that according to the new law the present state board of control is defunct, "having no existence in law, except as de facto members." This means that the whole matter of the board of control is thrown open and the governor will have an opportunity to appoint whom he pleases on the board. One of the new members of the board must be a woman, and it is altogether likely that Miss Almah J. Frisby of Milwaukee will get the appointment.

AUTOMOBILIST IS KILLED.

Duluth Attorney Instantly Killed and Companion Severely Injured.

Superior, Wis., July 20.—J. P. Morrow, a prominent Duluth attorney and son-in-law of Joseph Sellwood, a millionaire iron mine owner, was killed in an automobile accident in this city yesterday forenoon. C. A. Reubrecht, a rich lumberman, also in the machine at the time of the accident, was severely injured, but will recover. A third person escaped unhurt. The accident was caused by reckless driving.

WOULD DEPOSE THE EMPEROR

TWO STRONG ELEMENTS FAVOR ESTABLISHING REGENCY FOR CZAR'S SON.

FOUR GRAND DUKES TO RULE

NICHOLAS TRIES TO STOP MOVE THAT MAY COST HIM HIS THRONE.

VLADIVOSTOCK IS DOOMED

JAPS LAND NORTH OF CITY AND ENVELOPMENT OF FORTRESS IS IMMINENT.

St. Petersburg, July 20. — A sensational rumor is current here that a large party of the zemstvoists and doumaists at Moscow are in favor of the proclamation of the deposition of Emperor Nicholas and the establishment of a regency for the Grand Duke Alexis-Nikolaievitch, the infant son of the emperor, under four grand dukes.

It is alleged that for this reason the meeting of the all-Russian zemstvoist and doumaist congress has been prohibited.

Zemstvo Will Meet.

Moscow, July 20.—It is understood that the subjects to be considered at the congress of zemstvo representatives here include a perfected draft of the proposed constitution. It is said that it follows closely the main principles of the drafts already published, namely, two chambers, the upper to be elected on local government electorates which appoint the zemstvos and municipalities, and the lower to be elected by universal franchise.

The authorities refuse to sanction the assembly, but the representatives persist in meeting, taking their stand on the czar's speech of June 19.

Excitement Prevails.

Considerable excitement prevails among the peasants in several districts of Riazan province, who have risen against the land owners. The peasants, who demand bread, usually proceed in a body to the neighboring land owners and carry off all the rye, leaving the other grain.

The nervous tension throughout the agricultural regions is intense. The authorities are powerless except at those points that are within reach of the military stations.

Witte Leaves Russia.

St. Petersburg, July 20.—M. Witte had a final interview with Emperor Nicholas at Peterhoff yesterday. Foreign Minister Count Lamsdorff was present, showing the complete harmony of views between M. Witte and the foreign minister. M. Witte leaves St. Petersburg for Paris to-day, accompanied by Mme. Witte. At Paris they will meet their daughter, who is the wife of the secretary of the Russian legation at Brussels. Mme. Witte has no intention of joining her husband later in America.

Sincere Effort for Peace.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 20.—No advices, either from this country or from abroad, have reached President Roosevelt which would warrant, even by indirection, a pessimistic view of the result of the forthcoming peace conference between the plenipotentiaries of Japan and Russia. On the contrary, it can be said that such advices as the president has received indicate that a sincere effort on the part of the representatives of both belligerent nations will be made to reconcile their differences and negotiate a treaty of peace that will be permanent.

The terms that Japan will propose have not been made known, even to Mr. Roosevelt, and they probably will not be officially until the conferees assemble as a peace commission. That the terms will not be drastic is believed generally in administration circles.

Vladivostock Is Doomed.

London, July 20.—The Tokio correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says that a Japanese army has been landed north of Vladivostock and that a complete envelopment of the fortress is imminent.

WOOD LEAVES HOSPITAL.

Fully Recovers From Recent Surgical Operation.

Boston, Mass., July 20.—Gen. Leonard Wood, who recently underwent an operation at a private hospital in this city, left the institution yesterday. Accompanied by Mrs. Wood, a trained nurse and a physician, he has gone to the country for a few days. He expects to sail early next month for Manila.

SEIDEL LET OFF EASY.

State's Witness Fined $60 on Larceny Charges.

Milwaukee, July 20.—Fines amounting to $60 were levied upon Former Register of Deeds Otto Seidel, Jr., by Judge Neelen in the district court as a result of four charges of larceny brought against him by Arnold Wasslewski, fireman at the county court house. Seidel had been the grand jury's star witness, and his confessions have resulted in the jury returning 105 indictments.

FAREWELL TO STATES.

Chief Engineer Stevens Prepares for Long Absence on Isthmus.

Washington, July 20.—John F. Stevens, chief engineer of the Panama canal, is in Washington, making arrangements for leaving for his new post of duty. Engineer Stevens said: "When I leave the United States this evening I expect to be gone for a long time. I have taken this position fully realizing the magnitude of the task before us. It is a big job, but I expect to pull it through. There will be no failure through the lack of determination anyway.

"Will I reorganize the engineering staff?

"Well, I can't say yet. I have in mind the appointment of an assistant chief engineer, but the selection has not been made."

DUKE COMES TO HIS THRONE.

Charles Edward of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha Takes Up Reins.

Gotha, Duchy of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, July 20.—Duke Charles Edward of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha assumed the reins of government yesterday on attaining his majority. His entry into the capital was the occasion of much ceremonial. The formal ceremony of taking the oath of installation occurred in the throne room in the presence of representatives of Emperor William, King Edward and other rulers, the cabinet ministers and a brilliant assemblage of officials and deputations from various parts of the duchy.

PRISON FOR PREACHER.

Rev. Solem Is Sent to Stillwater to Pay Penalty of Misconduct.

Ada, Minn., July 20. — The district court for Norman county has been in session since the 10th of July, and a long calendar has been disposed of. The sensation of the term is the indictment of Rev. O. A. T. Solem, a prominent and well known Lutheran clergyman of this county. He is charged with certain misconduct toward a married woman in his parish. He pleaded guilty and a sentence was pronounced of one year and three months in the state prison at hard labor.

ASSAYERS IN MINING GRAFT.

Six Arrested at Cripple Creek on the Charge of Receiving Stolen Ore.

Cripple Creek, Colo., July 20. — Six assayers of this district have been arrested and placed under heavy bonds on the charge of receiving high-grade ore, knowing it to have been stolen. From a set of books examined in one assaying office it is known that about $30,000 profit was made by the assayers in the last six months. Other books lead the officers to believe that upward of one million dollars' worth of ore has been stolen in the district every year and disposed of to essay offices.

VETERANS MOURN BLACKMAR.

New Commander's First Order Is Tribute to Dead Chief.

Washington, July 20.—Capt. John R. King yesterday issued his first general order, assuming command of the Grand Army of the Republic. The order pays a tribute to the recently deceased commander-in-chief of the organization, William Blackmar, and directs that the colors be draped for ten days at every headquarters and every post of the G. A. R. A commission is appointed to draft suitable resolutions for the action of the organization at the next annual encampment at Denver.

PREPARE FOR BIG HARVEST.

Railroads Get Ready to Move Expected Bumper Crop.

New York, July 20. — The United States Steel corporation is beginning to receive large orders for material from railroad companies, which have made up their minds that large crops are assured and that they can safely contract ahead for requirements for next year. This indicates that the corporation's mills will continue to run day and night with the present big force of workmen. It also means continued prosperity throughout the iron mill districts.

NAB MAN AND WOMAN.

Richard Warwood of Minneapolis Gets in Mire at Winona.

Winona, Minn., July 20. — Richard Warwood of Minneapolis and Mrs. Mary Cook of Red Wing were arrested in the Merchants hotel in this city Tuesday evening on a statutory charge. It is said that Mrs. Cook has a husband living at Red Wing. Yesterday afternoon they were given a hearing in the municipal court and each pleaded not guilty. They were bound over to the next term of the district court and their bail fixed at $500 each.

Five Persons Drowned.

Sherbrooke, Que., July 20.—Rev. Fr. Cusick, active administrator of the diocese of Sherbrooke, and four young men were drowned in Lake Aylmer yesterday. Their sailboat capsized. Several others were saved.

Buddy Ryan Is Champion.

San Francisco, July 20.—Buddy Ryan of Chicago was awarded the welter weight championship in the twentieth round of a twenty-five-round fight with George Peterson of San Francisco last night.

TRY TO MURDER RUSSIAN POPE

CHIEF PROCURATOR OF HOLY SYNOD HAS NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH.

MAN'S QUICK WIT SAVES HIM

POLICE HAVE WOULD-BE ASSASSIN BUT DENY KNOWLEDGE OF EPISODE.

ZEMSTVO DEFIES THE CZAR

MEETING IS HELD IN SPITE OF THE PROHIBITION OF THE PREFECT.

St. Petersburg, July 20.—A circumstantial report of an attempt on the life of Constantine Petrovitch Pobiedonostzeff, chief procurator of the holy synod, is current in St. Petersburg, but the Associated Press is unable to obtain confirmation of it. The authorities, and even the police at the Tsarskoe Selo railway station here, where the attempt is reported to have been made, disclaim all knowledge of any such happening.

According to the report, as M. Pobiedonostzeff stepped from one of the coaches on the train from Tsarskoe Selo, where he is residing during the summer, to the platform, a man about twenty-eight years of age rushed up with a revolver in his hand, but he was seized by a quick-witted passenger before he could shoot and was turned over to the police.

Zemstvo Defies the Czar.

Moscow, July 20. — The zemstvo congress was attended by 225 delegates. Count Hayden, leader of the deputation representing the congress recently received by the emperor, presided.

M. Golovine, president of the organizing committee, had barely started a statement dealing with the obstacles placed in the way of the congress, announcing that Governor General Kozloff had promised that there would be no recourse to extreme measures, when the chief of police with numerous commissaries and officials, entered the room. The chief announced that the prefect had prohibited the meeting of the congress and ordered the seizure of the documents. Count Heyden protested against the proceedings, but the chief of police

Began Taking the Names

of the delegates. Then cries were raised of "write down the whole of Russia." Many persons present who were not delegates to the congress, requested that their names also be taken. The police then departed

The scheme of a national assembly on the basis outlined by the committee presided over by M. Bouligin, minister of the interior, was minutely and critically discussed and denounced as totally inadequate to remove Russia's internal grievances, because, including a property qualification and an electoral system by classes, it prevented the assembly from truly interpreting the will of the nation, while the exclusion of numerous categories of citizens from the the franchise was a contradiction of the principles of equity and reasonable state policy.

Escapes Finn's Bomb.

Helsingfors, Finland, July 20.—Late yesterday afternoon, two hours after Karl Leonard Hohenthal had been sentenced to imprisonment for life at hard labor for the assassination of Procurator General Solsalon Soininen on Feb. 6 last, an attempt was made to assassinate Vice Governor Deutrch as he was leaving the senate.

The vice governor had walked across the square when suddenly, as he neared the police master's office, a man on the curb threw a bomb from a distance of fifty paces. The bomb fell short, but the vice governor was blown off his feet by the terrific force of the explosion.

Vice Governor Deutrch was burned and otherwise injured about the legs and bled profusely, but his wounds are declared not to be fatal. The bomb-thrower was pursued by naval cadets but escaped.

Shelled by Russians.

Tokio, July 20.—Vice Admiral Kamimura reports that his flotilla of torpedo boat destroyers was shelled by the Russians at Yukiwan, the attacking force numbering about 200. The flotilla replied and silenced the Russians, after which cavalry was discovered retiring, and was shelled. The flotilla also discovered a Russian cavalry patrol at Sunshin and turned its fire upon them. The cruiser Chibaya shelled the Russian guard and signalmen posted on a hill north of Geka, in the western extremity of Lashinpao, in Northeastern Korea.

COMPENSATE HALF-BREEDS.

Uncle Sam to Pay Children for Land Lost by Parents.

Helena, Mont., July 20.—Justice is finally to be awarded a colony of half-breeds living in the vicinity of Lewiston, who have been poor for years because they were deprived of their lands in North Dakota for the benefit of the Sioux. The government by a recent treaty has agreed to give every child of half-breeds who lost land $500 and 160 acres of land.

The Spectator.

ST. HILAIRE, - - MINNESOTA.

With Nick and Mik both in favor of peace, it ought to come eventually.

Sarah Bernhardt says men's attire is ridiculous. It is, Sarah! Don't wear it again.

If you would have your last words widely circulated, spend your life in robbing banks.

It will be recalled that the heathen Chinee was peculiar, even in the time of Truthful James.

Bandit Raisuli may now point with pride to the time when he constituted the Morocco question.

Henry James says Americans say "Cubar," "vaniller" and "cigah." Does Henry think Boston is America?

An article in Harper's refers to Francis Drake as a pirate. The Spanish in the West Indies call him the devil.

A Philadelphia man made $1,000,000 through forgery, but died and had a fine funeral before anybody found it out.

Jim Corbett and Bob Fitzsimmons are going to fight for the championship of the world—the next world, we presume.

Women love to talk about the husband of the future, but they are pretty well satisfied with the husband with a present.

Still, when Henry James referred to some Americans' "untidy language" he may have been thinking of Admiral R. Evans.

Foreigners may be able to get along without American wheat, but how they can get along without American corn and rye we don't see.

But if Luther Burbank does evolve a cobless corn won't it seriously interfere with Missouri's justly celebrated meerschaum industry?

The king of Spain, it is stated, is a very early riser. Perhaps he realizes the great licks Admiral Dewey once put in before breakfast.

If these scientific bureau of agriculture chaps would only develop a method of training potato bugs to live solely on a weed diet, now!

Did you ever act as a dummy director? Of course, we don't mean to insinuate anything against your status in the domestic establishment.

The Pneumonia Commission wants to send a scientist to the polar regions to look for germs. What's the use of scaring those benighted Eskimos to death?

What you want to bear in mind all the time at this season of the year is that it really isn't so much as it seems—meaning, of course, the weather.

The wheat crop is going to be either 340,000,000 bushels or 425,000,000 bushels, according to which expert you patronize. Anyway there'll be enough.

The boy who stretched himself two inches to make himself eligible as a midshipman has the kind of stuff in him that may enable him to o'ertop his classmate.

It is reported that the man who first said that a woman could dress on $65 a year has gone into bankruptcy owing $15,000 for his wife's milliner's and dressmaker's bills.

Stop worrying about how fast the ice in the refrigerator melts, and cheer yourself up with the thought that there is nothing doing in the ash producer in the cellar.

How it must make the old-time schoolmaster roll in his grave to hear the modern professor planning to make the schoolroom as easy as possible for the boys and girls.

If Pharaoh's daughter could have foreseen that Alma Tadema was going to get £14,000 for his picture of "The Finding of Moses," she would have been differently dressed for the occasion.

"Sir Henry Irving read a poem by Alfred Austin," cables the foreign correspondent. Sir Henry is a wonderfully robust man, considering his age, but he really oughtn't to take chances like that.

A scientist says that the vital processes of the body are carried on by chemical substances called "hormones." Presently we shall have hormones controlled by a trust and sold in bottles at all drug stores.

The man who wrote to Uncle Sam, care treasury department, Washington, asking for a decision as to which was the head and which the tail on a nickel, has voiced a great public demand and should publish the answer, if he gets one.

The courts have decided that a young lady who is hit on the nose by a foul tip while watching a baseball game from the grandstand cannot recover damages, particularly if she is wearing one of those confounded picture hats when she is hit.

The North Carolina editors are not exactly in clover, but something just as good. The Wilmington Messenger says: "Some of our brother editors up the state are mighty happy just now. The blackberry crop, which is just coming on is said to be a very abundant one."

The courts have decided that a woman may wear a red stocking on one foot and a blue one on the other and still be considered sane. Of course! A woman can wear any fool thing she likes, but just let a man try it once!

Aged Custodian of Paine Monument Asks for Relief

Capt. George W. Lloyd, the aged custodian of the monument of Thomas Paine in North street, New Rochelle, is circulating a petition asking that the city of New Rochelle assume the task that he has been performing gratuitously for many years. Capt. Lloyd has reached his 86th year, and now that the infirmities of age are beginning to tell on his once rugged constitution he feels himself compelled to retire.

Yet he is unwilling to give up his self-imposed duty until he is assured that it shall be attended to by some other responsible party. His desire is that the municipality of New Rochelle shall accept the monument of the author of "The Age of Reason" as a public charge and care for it in perpetuity.

A great change has taken place in public opinion since Paine was buried in New Rochelle at the beginning of the last century. Then such a feeling prevailed against his teachings that the Episcopalians of the city would not allow a grave to be dug for him in the churchyard, and his followers buried his body near his old farm in North street. The funeral procession as it passed along the highway was derided by church people, and the church bells were rung in jubilation over his death.

Now all of this spirit has melted away. It is probable that the Board of Aldermen will accept the monument and see that it is properly preserved as one of the landmarks of the city.

Recently the city authorities, in improving North street and converting it into a boulevard, moved the monument to a better location and enclosed it with an iron fence, adding greatly to the appearance of the plot. The monument marks the supposed location of the grave in which Paine's remains were laid in 1809 and from which they were stolen by direction of Cobbett, the English radical, ten years later.

Tom Paine Monument At New Rochelle.

Capt. George W. Lloyd Custodian Of Paine Monument

If the petition of Capt. Lloyd prevails, it is proposed to have the ceremony of turning the monument over to the city take place on July 4.

For nearly forty years Capt. Lloyd has guarded the tomb and been the chief apostle of the doctrines of Paine in New Rochelle. There has never been any pay attached to his duties. Capt. Lloyd has visited the monument regularly during all these years to see that it was not desecrated by religious fanatics, and on holiday occasions he has decorated it with flowers.

Capt. Lloyd is an extremist on the subject of personal liberty and, like Paine, has risked his life in the defense of his convictions. In the days of the civil war he was so radical on the question of States' rights that he actually ran for office in New Rochelle on a ticket indorsing the Confederate Constitution, and so angered the citizens that a mob attempted to hang him, and failing in this, drove him out of town.

Horace Greeley, writing of the incident at the time, denounced Lloyd and said that he was "hungering for some of Jeff Davis' rations." The surmise proved to be correct, for Lloyd, after fleeing from New Rochelle, joined the Confederates and became a spy. Until this day he is accused by some of the veterans of New Rochelle of having been one of the keepers of Libby prison, but he has always vigorously denied this charge.

Capt. Lloyd's own account of his career is interesting. He says that he was born in Providence and attended school only two weeks, when he was turned out for kissing a girl in the classroom. His only subsequent education was obtained by reading the dictionary.

A few years later his radical spirit burst forth and he became one of the leaders of the Dorr rebellion against property qualifications in Rhode Island. For his prominence in this affair he was obliged to flee to New York.

Just previous to the outbreak of the civil war Lloyd went to New Rochelle and was appointed to an office in the New York Custom House under Buchanan. It was while holding this office that he ran for supervisor of New Rochelle on the platform indorsing the Confederacy.

The feeling against him became so intense that on Oct. 16, 1861, a band of citizens visited his home at night and told him that he would have to hoist the Stars and Stripes or they would hang him and burn the house. Lloyd refused to comply with the demand. Despite the assistance of his wife, who attempted to defend the house with a small ship's cannon, the mob broke in and dragged him out. Lloyd fought with his captors and managed to escape to New York.

This experience so enraged him that he decided to join the Confederate army as a spy. Hastening to Washington, he was introduced to John C. Breckenridge by a relative, and was told where he could join the Confederates.

Capt. Lloyd walked seven days and seven nights until he reached Green River, in Kentucky. When within twenty-five miles of Polk's camp he met a party of cavalrymen and saluted them. The cavalrymen at once suspected him of being a Yankee spy and demanded his pass.

Lloyd had forgotten to obtain a pass from Breckenridge and despite his protests he was arrested and taken into the rebel camp. There he was taken before Roger Hanson, commander of the Second Kentucky Cavalry, who, after hearing his story, asked him to prove his loyalty by swearing himself into the Confederate army.

This the prisoner declined to do, on the ground that Kentucky was not a Confederate state because she had not seceded. The cavalry leader was so angered by Lloyd's obstinacy that he threw him into the guard house. One of his companions in the guard house was W. P. Breckenridge, then a private, who had been court-martialed for sleeping while on sentry duty.

For several days before the Confederates received a telegram from their Secretary of War saying that Lloyd was all right he was kept busy helping the cook and playing the fife at guard mount. He then went to Richmond. On the way he stopped a week at Nashville, where he was the guest of the widow of President James K. Polk, whom Lloyd describes as one of the most accomplished women he ever met. In the siege of Richmond Lloyd did duty for various generals as a spy, often personating a peddler and going within the Union lines. He was arrested on several occasions, but was so successful in his role that he was released from custody.

In the great seven days fight he drove an ambulance and helped to bring in the wounded to the hospitals. It is during this period that Lloyd has been accused of having been a keeper in Libby prison, and there are old soldiers in New Rochelle who declare to this day that they saw him peering into the prison pen at them. Capt. Lloyd denies this, but it is certain that he knows more about the prison than he has ever told.

During his stay in Richmond Lloyd took a contract to make 10,000 crutches, for which he received $1,000 in Confederate money. With his earnings sewed in a belt he sent out for New York in 1864 in disguise, carrying also 500 letters from the Provost Marshal of Richmond to Northern sympathizers of the Confederacy. He remained in New York, making secret visits to his wife and family, until the war closed and it was safe for him to return to New Rochelle.

For many years Lloyd followed the sea for a living, running a fishing smack on Long Island Sound and renting boats. A few years ago his fishing boat was sunk by some mischievous boys, and the old man, "sick and torn to pieces," as he expressed it, gave up seafaring.

Capt. Lloyd is a well-read man. He has numbered among his acquaintances George Francis Train, Senator Tillman, Tom Watson and William Jennings Bryan.

When Capt. Lloyd appeared at the Populist convention in Cincinnati a few years ago he was so patriarchal in appearance that the delegates seized on him and attired him to represent Uncle Sam. Lloyd accepted the part with his characteristic good nature. He was so bitter against the gold standard at that time that he paid his fare to Cincinnati and return with silver dollars.—New York Sun.

SOME ADVICE ABOUT READING.

"When You Are Getting, Why Not Get the Best."

Let young men and women let other books alone, say, for five years, and feed on Shakespeare, Milton and the Bible—not nibble the choice parts—but thoroughly chew and digest, as they read, and the highest mental force and equipment will be the result.

By the way, it is not necessary even to go out of Georgia to point the moral of this little sketch.

Herschel V. Johnson was a great thinker and a great man. He said:

"I know nothing of fiction."

But he knew much of Shakespeare, Milton and the Bible!

Benjamin H. Hill was a great thinker and a great man.

He never read but one novel in his life, and was not conscious of deriving any benefit from that—I mean mental growth!

But he knew his Shakespeare, his Milton and his Bible. Why multiply illustrations. Herschel V. Johnson's state papers are models of the best English. Benjamin Hill played upon the English language like a harp—

Well, manner and matter is about all you can get out of literature.

When you're getting why not get the best?—Atlanta Journal.

Mr. Noble's Promise Given.

In the early stages of his ministry, the Rev. Mr. Noble preached for some time in a village in Maine. One day a committee called upon him to settle with him for his services, and after stammering a while signified to him that his further services were not desired.

"What does this mean, gentlemen?" asked the parson.

"Why," replied the spokesman, with some hesitation, "the people have got the impression that you are inclining to universal salvation."

"Gentleman," answered Mr. Noble, "I never preached that doctrine; but if I ever should, I promise to make the people of this town an exception."

Just Meandering.

A city girl writes: "It is a fond dream of mine to become a farmer's wife and meander with him down life's pathway.' Ah, yes, that is a nice thing; but when your husband meanders off and leaves you without wood and you have to meander up and down the lane pulling splinters off the fence to cook dinner, and when you meander along in the wet grass in search of the cows till your shoes are the color of rawhide and your stockings soaked, and when you meander out across twenty acres of plowed ground with a club to drive the hogs out of the corn field and tear your dress on the barb-wire fence, when you meander back home to the house, find that the billy goat has butted the stuffin' out of your child and find the old hen with forty chickens in the parlor, you'll put your hands on your hips and realize that meandering is not what it is cracked up to be.—Osborne (Kan.) News.

Practical Joke on a Minister.

Not a few preachers would be glad to be the victims of such a practical joke as was recently played upon the Rev. Mr. Hagerman of Oxford, Mich. At the annual meeting of the church of which he is pastor the question of hiring a preacher comes up for discussion.

At the last meeting of this society, when the subject was brought up, a good deacon arose and said: "All those in favor of retaining Brother Hageman for another year—at the same salary—will please rise."

Not a person rose, and the minister, who was present, felt as uncomfortable as possible, and heartily wished himself anywhere else. Then the good deacon who had put the question arose again and said, with a twinkle of the eye: "I see no one favors that motion, so I will put it again in this way: All those in favor of keeping the Rev. Mr. Hageman at an increased salary—will please rise."

Everyone got upon his feet. Then it dawned upon Mr. Hageman that he had been the victim of a joke, and a smile lighted his eyes and the color returned to his cheeks. Some of his best friends had planned the surprise, and the little scheme had worked to perfection.—The Ram's Horn.

His Prejudice Explained.

The man on the car looked around at his new acquaintance.

"I've just been reading," he said, "that yawning is good for the health. Some German doctor says so. He claims that a generous sized yawn fills the lungs and expands the chest and is an all round good exercise."

"I'm glad to hear this," said the new acquaintance. "It's quite a relief to me. The fact is, I've been a good deal prejudiced against the habit."

"May I ask your business?" the other man inquired.

"I'm a preacher," replied the new acquaintance.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Dies at Age of 114.

Piotr Kasrnieresak, who was born in Poland 114 years ago, is dead at his home in Detroit. He had been a lifelong abstainer from tobacco and liquor and had spent most of his life in the open air.

"Front."

In a Kansas City department store is a 17-year-old boy who is "smitten on" a girl about his age. The girl has another beau, of whom the department store youth is very jealous. While the jealous young man and the girl were walking down Main street a day or two ago they saw the "other fellow" approaching.

"Oh, there's George," said the girl. The young man with her was nettled.

"What of it?" he asked. "George ain't much. He used to be a bellboy in a cheap hotel."

The girl said she didn't believe him, and the jealous youth said he'd show her. George was looking in a window when they reached him.

"Front," called the department store youth sharply. George straightened up with a start. Then he recovered himself and took off his hat politely.

"Well," said the girl, when the test had been explained to her, "I don't care if he was a bellboy in a cheap hotel once. He ain't now. He's got a good job as a soda water artist."—Kansas City Times.

Catching Whales in Nets

Whales are captured in nets by the Japanese. The whalers put off from the shore as quietly as possible and when they come within the proper distance of their objective the boats, which have hitherto worked in couples, separate and, dropping their nets as they go, work round to the rear and flanks of their expected kill. The nets are made in large squares, each side being about forty feet long. One net is composed of six squares in line and the squares are fastened to each other lightly. When all is ready the boats which have worked round to the rear of the whale then commence to drive him gently toward the nets. Moving along lazily at first, the whale soon realizes that something untoward is happening, and, hurrying forward, dashes into one of the nets. This is the critical moment and when the fishermen see that the whale is well in the center of one of the squares they raise a great shout and charge in upon him.

When the whale is about spent a man chosen for his strength, activity, pluck, coolness and general fitness for his work then leaps upon his back and with a great triangular-shaped knife proceeds to cut two great gashes in his body just back of his head. Through the underlying blubber and these two gashes he passes a rope and, knotting it, makes a loop of it. He then repeats the same operation as far back on his body as he can. When the fight has been completely knocked out of the whale boats range alongside of him and by the help of the loops already mentioned the hapless cetacean is slung between them in such a manner as to minimize the danger of his carcass' sinking.

Then the boats form in procession, and, making for the shore, there commences the most curious part of the whole affair. The whalers, with real fervor and in the most solemn manner possible, begin a chanting prayer for the ease of the departing spirit by calling out, "Joraku! Joraku! Joraku!" in low, deep tones. Upon the third day after the kill a memorial service is held in the village temple and prayers are offered for the repose of the dead whale's soul.

An Apostrophe to Idleness

Ah, dear Idleness, how shall I bedeck thee?
Dear tired playmate, dreaming in the shade!
Soon upon the pool where the water lily closes
Split will be the moon with the planets in a braid.

Where the ripple witches her, a wide, white lily,
Whispering the osier to close his elfin net,
There, elbow deep, will I dip and lift and loop her,
Snaked in thy hair a-drip, jewel upon jet.

Faithful my comfort! Long, far, I haunted,
Following my days from a dream into a dream,
Where a-flake with emerald the mazy circle floated,
Swirled upon the eddy, swept adown the stream.

Then were it mine, could I grasp it, to crown me—
Mine alone the guerdon as mine alone the brow!
If at length it come to a tired hand captive,
Wear it of right, but ah, contemn not thou!

Brave men, my comrades, sought with me the jewel,
Each for his own to bear, bound upon his crest;
Some of them be dead; a-many have wandered;
But a few ride forthright, following the quest.

I alone renounced, and by renouncing won it;
I alone handselled it, and in the winning lost.
If at length it come to a tired hand captive,
Wear it of right—but mine remains the cost.

Far adown the valley, riding in manhood,
Gaunt go the men-at-arms; high upon the coast,
Shadows of lance, of pennon, wave and flicker,
Faint, yet the thin points lift aloft the Host.

Ah, longer thou than any shadow faithful;
Thou mayst not hear their summons, nor divine!
Only take back thy little hand—it kills me—
Thy dreaming hand, that trustful feels for mine!

Farewell, Idleness! Lo, I deck thee dreaming;
Diamond and emerald—wear them, and awake
To the lone stream's echo, and a far hoof sounding
Hollow, forlorn, yet fain to overtake.

—A. T. Quiller-Couch, in the Speaker.

Retain Activity of Interest

A distinguishing mark of the modern attitude has been a "decline in superannuation," says Scribner's. It is not that people live longer on the average than they once did—a disputed point of vital statistics—but that they live longer during a normal life in maintaining activity of interest up to the last. This is evident, despte an occasional and perhaps growing tendency to impose an age limit of forty in more strenuous physical service where, under pressure of competition, full bodily vigor is required for efficiency. In social life, notably, the peculiar badges and distinctions of age are increasingly discarded. The passing of a once familiar type of grandmother, at least, to the oldest of us, is an illustration—a lovely old lady in a black silk gown, wearing a cap with strings and a neckerchef, the inevitable book or work bag in her lap, conversation with her being supposed to be concerned principally with "what she did when she was a girl." It is this type a social chronicler pictures for us in an account of a reception given in New York about sixty years ago to the "venerable" widow of Chancellor Kent, a vigorous and alert woman of seventy, who "sat in a chair of state in one corner of the drawing room all the evening. The guests, including many notables of the day, paid their respects to her, exchanged a few words and then withdrew." This conformed to what was then the ritual of life, to pay ceremonious deference to age according to an arbitrary distinction of birthdays.

This change in social attitude toward age truly reflects, as is widely recognized, the changed actual attitude, the attitude of encouragement in continued activity in business, professional or political effort, regardless of conventional limit. That such a change contributes greatly to the promotion of individual happiness in the aggregate, however, it may handicap race efficiency in an industrial age, is hardly open to question.

A Vermonter's Round Barn

Waterford, Vt., a town containing many prosperous and enterprising farmers, is proud of Winfield S. Hastings, and Mr. Hastings is justly proud of his round barn, says the Boston Globe. Though built solely for use it has, nevertheless, attracted much attention, and over 2,500 persons have driven up the hilly road from the valley of the Passumpsic to the high ridge of land where his 400-acre farm lies. Mr. Hastings runs a dairy farm and the barn was built in this way, as he believed it would be more serviceable than any other kind.

It is eighty feet in diameter and the basement contains no posts, but is trussed with 10 by 10 timbers 31 feet long, radiating from the center like spokes in a wheel. Around the wall are the nests for a flock of 100 hens, which contribute twenty-five dozen of eggs to the weekly product of the farm. Eight octagonal sties, all connected, encircle the silo and furnish a home for forty pigs.

The silo occupies the center of the building and performs the double duty of storing 400 tons of ensilage and supporting the rafters that radiate from it on each floor. The silo itself is eighteen feet in diameter and fifty feet high.

The cows occupy the first floor of the barn and enter from the ground on an inclined plane. Arranged in a circle around the room are the stalls for eighty-four cows and thirteen stanchions for the calves. Mr. Hastings has at present a herd of fifty grade Jerseys, which give a weekly butter product of 200 pounds.

The big hayloft on the upper floor is entered from the ground through big doors. This room has a capacity of 175 tons of hay.

The building is well lighted on every floor, while ventilators extend through every part of the building to the eaves. The builders used 140,000 feet of timber in its construction, and 110,000 shingles on the octagonal roof and the sides.

To Fathom Stars' Secrets

Housed in a modest, unassuming brick structure standing just around the corner from Lake avenue, Profs. Barnard and Ritchey are just now beginning an important work in connection with the installation of the great Yerkes telescope on Mount Wilson, says the Los Angeles Times.

Six months ago the proposition was made to the board of trade that if that body would agree to furnish a suitable site the observatory people would put up a workshop and manufacture all their delicate instruments in Pasadena. The offer was accepted and a committee raised the funds and presented the company the present site on Santa Barbara street. The workshop buildings have just been completed and are now in occupancy, giving employment to several score of men.

By all odds the most interesting object in the workshop is the wonderful five-foot telescope lens, which has been received rough ground from Paris and will be finished and polished here. In order to complete this convex lens a block of glass eight inches in thickness is being ground to a minimum depth of three-quarters of an inch, and so great is the precision required that the finished lens must conform to within one 2,000,000th of an inch of its proper measurement. This measurement must be taken by means of light and complicated figures, it being obviously impossible to take the measurements in the regular way.

The great mirror will then be silvered and mounted. The mounting is perhaps the most tedious thing of all, for it will require twelve plates to back up the crystal mass, each plate supporting exactly one-twelfth of the total weight of one ton. This great five-foot lens will be used in photographing dim nebulae and will have a focal depth of twenty-five feet. The temperature of distant stars will also be measured by them.

Hearing Suddenly Restored.

I have often heard my father relate this story concerning a shoemaker of Ipswich, who deemed it advisable to be very hard of hearing on certain occasions, says a writer in the Boston Herald.

One day a customer, Mr. Caldwell, called and asked: "Mr. G——, are my shoes done."

"Mr. Lord's oxen hauled them up," replied the busy shoemaker.

Thinking his question had not been understood, his patron asked again: "Are my shoes done?"

"A fine day," quoth Mr. G——.

Finally, guessing the old fellow's foxiness, and growing impatient, the owner of the shoes put the question: "Mr G——, will you come out and have a drink?"

"I don't care if I do," came the prompt reply.

IN A NAVAL BATTLE

HOW RUSSIAN WARSHIP FARED AT PORT ARTHUR.

Deadly Accuracy of Japanese Gunners Left Vessel a Wreck in Few Minutes—Sailors See Their Comrades Slaughtered on All Sides.

Here is a fragment of a description of the sea battle last summer near Port Arthur, when the Russian squadron attempted to break out from the beleaguered port and escape into the open: "In a moment the bridge resounded with the strident voice of the admiral. The lethargy vanished. Even before the signal flag had left the yeoman's hand the squadron had passed the bugle call along. To fight now was imperative. It had already begun; the rattle of the Novik's quick-firers rolled across the summer sea; she was engaging the more enterprising of Togo's scouts. Back the little boats steamed to shelter under the guns of the battle squadron. The Russians would fight—the battle flags were bent. The great ship quivered and then quivered again. It was only the twelve-inch guns, but they made the conning tower rock. The Japanese had maneuvered and were now standing in on the starboard beam. The Russian admiral changed his course. Great projectiles were ricochetting overhead and raising geysers of salt spray all around them. But for the present the flagship could answer shot for shot. The admiral clinched the handrail. His face was still pale, but the fighting light was in his eyes. 'Make the fleet signal, "Close up—follow me!"'

"At the same moment there was a deafening crash and the vessel swung so that every one in the conning tower was thrown against the walls. 'What was that—mine?' The dread of mine and torpedo by this time was ingrained in every Russian sailor, and as the flag lieutenant sprang down the ladder the horrible nightmare of the Petropavlovsk leaped before his mental vision. A deck officer came hurrying forward. He reported that a large shell had hit the after thirteen-inch turret, glanced and in bursting wrecked the top above. 'Awful! Poor fellows! Flesh came down with the splinters on the deck like confetti in a carnival.'

"Then the vessel staggered from two terrific blows forward. The flag lieutenant stumbled ahead, drawing his hands mechanically to his ears, while the torn fragments of iron and splinter soughed past him. Biting, stinging smoke blinded him, while the force of the concussion flattened him against a ventilator. The first sight that he saw was the mangled frame of his comrade. The top of the poor wretch's head was gone, a half-burned cigarette was still between the clinched teeth. He threw his glance upward—the forward smokestack was rent from top to bottom and the flame and smoke were licking round the base. The twelve-inch guns in the forward battery solemnly fired and the ear-splitting crack of the discharge brought the youth to his senses. He made for the ladder. Great God! The conning tower and forward bridge were but torn, smoking and twisted wreck.

"A man jumped to the deck. His face was as black as an Ethiopian, his uniform and beard torn and discolored to a filthy yellow, his left arm, severed at the biceps, was dangling by a sinew. 'All are killed, admiral, all,' the figure gasped as it reeled and sunk fainting to the deck."

The End of the Trail.

'Tween the old time and the new,
I have sung heart-songs of you—
You, lean stranger to all fear,
Careless border cavalier.

Now, old pard, that you are gone,
And the gray and cheerless dawn
Of a day, called Progress, comes,
And the throaty engine hums
Down the trails where you and I
Made our camps, and watched the sky
Drop its crimson sunset bars
To a bunch of maverick stars—
Then, oh, then, I cry aloud,
Curses on the white-faced crowd;
On the heights of stone-and wood,
Standing where our sign-camps stood;
On the jangle of the street,
And each pale, worn face I meet.

On the coyote ways of men—
Sharp of fang beyond our ken—
Snapping o'er each other's bones,
For a pile of yellow stones.
Did we seek for gold or fame?
No, we played a careless game;
And on plunging ponies we
Shouted back in mocking glee
When in town the blue gun spoke
Thro' a smiling wreath of smoke.

Thus I dream and long and fret,
For my heart will not forget—
Not forget those old, red days
Of the trail—its careless ways;
Not forget—you know the sign—
Answer me, oh, pard of mine.

—Robert V. Carr.

Figuring Out 100 Sons-in-Law.

A few years ago, in the town of Littleton, N. H., lived a man named Ben Fiske, who was the typical New Englander. One day a visitor at his house asked him if he had a large family. "No," he replied, "I have only three girls, but I have 100 sonsinlaw."

"How is that?" asked the stranger, astonished.

"Well, stranger, it is this way. My oldest girl married a pretty good sort of a man. He counts one. The other two girls married good for nothing men. They are nothing but ciphers. As 1 and two ciphers make 100, you've got it."

A Fortunate Citizen.

"I won't pay any taxes on a house any more."

"Why not?"

"Cyclone blowed it clean into the next settlement."

"How about the land?"

"I don't know yet; but a man as fortunate as I am may confidently expect an earthquake to come along and swaller it; then I'll look for a big rain to fill the hole in the ground and start a fishing industry."—Atlanta Constitution.

Thirteen Is Lucky.

Seth Nation, father of James, the assistant state auditor of Kansas, has no fear for the number thirteen. He was born on April 13, enlisted in the war on August 13, was nominated treasurer of Neosho county on September 13 and was inaugurated on October 13, and has had thirteen children.

Bed for American Sailors.

Ambassador Whitelaw Reid has given $500 for the endowment of a bed for American sailors in the Union Jack Club, London.

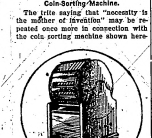
INVENTIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS

Plan Irrigation in Canada.

By means of irrigation Canadian railway officials propose to reclaim 2,000 farms of 100 acres each before the end of the present year. They have undertaken to irrigate between 2,000,000 and 3,000,000 acres between Calgary and Medicine Hat, utilizing the Bow and Red Deer rivers as the source of water supply. The work of making canals where the water is most needed has already begun, and the main channel, close to Calgary, partly cut last year, is to be carried twenty miles farther this year. This channel is sixty feet wide and carries ten feet of water, while the secondary canals, planned to be cut the coming season, will water something over 200,000 acres.

Coin-Sorting Machine.

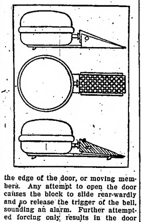
The trite saying that "necessity is the mother of invention" may be repeated once more in connection with the coin sorting machine shown here-



with, which is the subject of a recent patent. It is fitting that such a device should have originated, of all places on the globe, at Atlantic City, which vies with Coney Island in its numerous catch-penny amusements. While rather limited in its field of applications, a mechanical coin assorter is doubtless justified by the necessities of the amusement business, where a great number of small coins are handled daily. After a monotonous scooping in of innumerable nickels, dimes and pennies during the course of a long day. It must be a great relief to dump them into a hopper, turn a crank a few times and remove the coins sorted into denominations and possibly counted. The device is based on the simple principle of graded openings formed by bars arranged in tiers at right angles to the axis of the cylinder. As the only coins which will go through the openings travel successively through the larger size are retained, the smaller pieces traveling toward their tiers until they reach their proper place.

Tiny Burglar Alarm.

A portable, readily adjustable burglar alarm of miniature dimensions, which also acts as a safety latch to temporarily baffle the intruder, is a novelty disclosed by a recent patent. A wedgelike base plate of solid construction carries a spring-actuated alarm bell. The under surface of the base plate is furnished with sharp, strong studs, extending rear-wardly to prevent the alarm sliding when an attempt is made to open the door. In use the alarm is placed in close proximity to the door, window or the like, with the thin edge of the block under



the edge of the door, or moving members. Any attempt to open the door causes the block to slide rear-wardly and so release the trigger of the bell, sounding an alarm. Further attempted forcing only results in the door becoming firmly jammed, or wedged, the strong solid back effectively resisting opening of the door without actual destruction of the woodwork. So long as the door is being pushed the alarm continues to ring, and if firmly wedged it will not cease until released.

New Pin-Making Machine.

Statisticians who devote their leisure moments to figuring what becomes of all the pins will have a widened field for speculation when a recent invention for their manufacture, embodying many improvements over the present type, comes into commercial use. The inventor claims his machine will point and head 900 pins a minute, as compared with 60 for the present type of machine, while auxiliary machines will insert the pins in papers thirty at a time instead of singly, one machine turning out 108 packages a day, against the present output of ten. Whether the new machine will succeed in pointing a pin finely enough to meet commercial requirements remains to be determined by practical working. This is a fine point in more senses than one, since an oddity of the present conditions of the trade is that while the raw material used in the manufacture comes from America, far more pins are imported from England than are manufactured here, because up to the present American manufacturers have not been able to equal the British needle point on pins.

Deeper Yet.

Tom—I suppose he's deep in love's young dream.

Dick—No, he's past that stage. He's troubled with insomnia now.

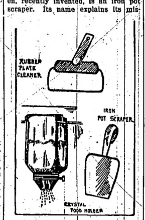
SAVE LABOR IN KITCHEN.

Inventions to Make Easier the Lot of Housewives.

Scraping particles of food from fine chinaware is not a process calculated to improve the dishes, and as an aid to the housewife, the rubber cleaner has been invented. It is satisfactory, inexpensive and a practical addition to the collection of minor utilities found in the modern household.

Cereals of various kinds are included in the dietary of most families and the safekeeping of these staple articles of food is a matter of special concern in well regulated households. For some time past jars and crocks have been pressed into service and recently a specific and desirable type of receptacle made its appearance. This holder, fashioned from crystal, is designed particularly for cereals, but it is available for other dry food stuffs, and one point especially in its favor is the arrangement whereby the desired quantity of cereal or other product may be extracted without exposing the contents of the jar to the air or to danger from dust or insects. Being transparent, it is possible to tell at a glance the amount of food stuff on hand, and as the accompanying illustration shows the holder is sightly as well as serviceable.

Another convenience for the kitchen, recently invented, is an iron pot scraper. Its name explains its mis-



sion, and it is one of the little aids that count for so much in expediting work in the cook's domain.

Treatment of Floors for Rugs.

The hygienic advantages of floors covered with removable rugs instead of dust-collecting carpets are so well known and realized that the tendency now is to have bare floors and rugs for the sake of comfort and convenience as well as to follow the trend of fashion. Good hard wood floors are blessings that certainly are anything but disguised, for they always look well, form a pleasing contrast to any kind of rugs and above all they are easy to keep clean. In case, however, one has an old floor of soft wood that is hard to treat satisfactorily and the laying of a hard wood floor is not possible or practical, a floor of hard pine put down on top of the old floor may be made to look almost as well as one of expensive hard wood. For this pine floor a stain, one of those especially prepared, should be used, a light or medium color being preferable to a dark one, and it should be remembered that several thin coats will wear much better than one thick one. After the stain is put on the floor may be oiled or varnished with good results.

Tea Table Furnishings.

A new idea in household furnishings is a tea table on which is spread a cloth having a white background with a graceful design in blue. As a setting for blue and white china or for use in a room done in Dresden colors this is very effective and a pleasing variation from the regulation tea table, with its fancy cover embroidered in white, or with plain white squares of damask. For summertime use, however, these blue and white covers will be found very satisfactory They are made of light weight material, something like Japanese crepe, are inexpensive and harmonize very well with the light, airy summer draperies. With a teaset of old blue china one of these covers is a pleasing accompaniment, but even without family heirlooms it makes an agreeable substitute for the everlasting white used during the rest of the year.

Sowing Flower Seed.

Those who have flower seeds to sow would find the sowing of them under glass satisfactory, should they have the convenience for it. Many of these seeds are very fine, and when sewed outdoors, heavy rains and many other things interfere with their germination. When under glass it is nearly always one's own fault if a crop of seedlings is not raised. Small boxes, of a depth of three inches, with holes in the bottom, to let drain of superfluous water, are the best to use. The soil should be fine, made so by sifting, if necessary, so that when the seedlings need transplanting each plant can be lifted out without great disturbance of the others.

Summer Stew.

Cut two pounds of the best end of neck of lamb into meat chops, melt one ounce of dripping in a pan, fry two sliced onions in it till of a pale brown color, add one ounce of flour, and a half pint of stock or water, stir till they boil, put in the chops three leaves of mint and a little salt and pepper. Cook them slowly for one hour then three pounds new potatoes scraped and sliced, cook for half an hour longer Serve hot with a thick border of cooked peas

His Privilege.

Creditor—What do you mean by sending me this draft? It has been protested—you have no account.

Poet—My dear sir, I have a big account, but it's purely imaginary.

Creditor—Well, of all the—what on earth——

Poet—Be calm. Is it not a poet's privilege to draw on his imagination?

A woman may induce her husband to give up a bad habit, but he is reasonably sure to acquire a worse one in its place.

GOWNS OF THE MOMENT

Girl in White Here Again.

A woman of fashion asks: "What is the white linen girl?" "Dear me," says she, "you just stirred us all up over Alice blue, watermelon pink, and such unheard-of things. Now it's the girl in white. Who is she."

"A girl who returns every year," said the woman who knows. "She is as perennial as May flowers or spring poems. She is a girl of taste."

This season the girl in smartest white chooses linen for her fabric.

The white linen girl is said to have originated in London, where the Princess Victoria set the fad of wearing white linen a year ago.

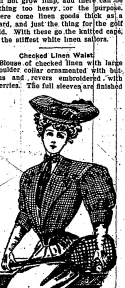
To be a white linen girl one must wear white linen exclusively. This applies not only to the very heavy white everyday suits, but to the delicately embroidered evening dresses as well and to the lovely piazza and garden party gowns. They can be made very sheer and as expensive as the most extravagant can desire.

White linen or white eyelet must extend to the parasol, hat, shoes, belt and stock. Some extremists even carry white linen bags.

White golf materials of the year are linen, cheviot, heavy white canvas suiting, pique and even denim. The object is to get a material that will not grow limp, and there can be nothing too heavy for the purpose. There come linen goods thick as a board, and just the thing for the golf field. With these go the knitted caps, or the stiffest white linen sailors.

Checked Linen Waist.

Blouse of checked linen with large shoulder collar ornamented with buttons and revers embroidered with cherries. The full sleeves are finished



at the elbows with turn-over cuffs, also embroidered with cherries.

The chemisette is of white linen with cravat of black silk, of which the girdle is also made.

Dyspeptics' Shortcake.

"Necessity is the mother of invention" we are told. Well, one day I wanted a strawberry shortcake for supper, but had no milk to use for the shortcake, which I like to be made the same as biscuit, only more butter, says a writer in the Boston Globe. I had been drying some bread for hubby. It had been in a slow oven two or three hours and, while perfectly dry and crispy, was not browned at all. So I took a couple slices of the toast, buttered it and covered with strawberries, which had been sweetened and slightly mashed with a fork, and it "filled the aching void." I have had it often since and never get enough. Hope some one will try it, especially those who cannot eat hot, fresh bread.

Tartines a la Casino.

Break one whole egg and one extra yolk into a basin, heat well, melt two ounces of butter, add it to the eggs, also three ounces of grated cheese and a dust of pepper and salt.

Roll out four ounces of puff pastry very thinly, stamp it out with a cutter the size of the top of a claret glass.

Spread a little of the mixture thinly over one round, not quite to the edge, brush the edge of a second round with beaten egg, lay it over the mixture, pressing the edges together, brush over with beaten egg, lay on a baking tin, and when all are made bake them in a quick oven for about ten minutes.

Serve with a little grated cheese.

With the Housewife

The flavor of fish which is apt to linger about the blades of knives and the prongs of forks may be easily removed by rubbing them with a piece of lemon.

When weighing molasses dredge the scale with flour before pouring in the molasses, and you will be able to pour it out again without leaving the least stickiness.

To clean oily cruet bottles put a few strips of blotting paper into the bottle with a little warm water and an equal quantity of vinegar and add a piece of washing soda. Shake a few times and then rinse in warm water.

A half-worn carpet may be made to last longer by ripping it apart and transposing the widths, so that the most worn parts will come under a piece of furniture and therefore be saved the wear and tear which they have borne hitherto.

Short Dancing Frocks.

It is becoming more and more the fashion—to speak correctly, the fad—to have all dancing frocks made short and for summer simple, inexpensive muslins and silks, spangled nets and gauzes all follow the trend of fashion. There is much that is practical in this. The long trains were absurdly inconvenient and hard to manage and did not even show to advantage in a crowded ballroom, whereas these short skirts are, if well made, extremely smart and becoming. The skirts are very full around the foot and the flare is most carefully calculated, so that around the hips there shall not be one inch of unnecessary material, while below almost the effect of crinoline is demanded—and so many ruffles and flounces of chiffon and lace as are displayed by the whisk of the skirts as the wearer moves about—well, fortunately, there is not so much difficulty in keeping the skirt looking fresh and neat as there was with the long skirt that after one wearing was a pitiful spectacle.

Lingerie Blouses.

Lingerie blouses are holding their own with a vengeance. Batiste and Persian lawn, swiss and a dozen other materials—white for the most part —are used. A few are made of exquisite pale-colored "all-over" batistes, the touch of white of the embroidery softening the color still more instead of accentuating it.

Simple blouses, for morning wear, with linen skirts or suits, are gaining in favor. One of the simplest of these simpler styles, just trimmed enough to keep it from being severely plain, is pictured—pattern 6554.

The yoke is trimmed with cross bands of insertion and the lower part is eased onto the yoke by clusters of little tucks. The blouse buttons down the center of the plain back with lace buttons.

And you can't have too many of such blouses in your summer outfit.

Colors Give Tone to Figure.

Nothing is Prettier and more becoming to a fair, slight woman, with a pretty complexion than white, but white gowns must be carefully avoided by her sister of two ample charms.

Black is the color for the stout woman, especially if she be of the black eyed and black-haired type. A black gown will make her look slighter than anything else, while pale blue, light gray and nearly every shade of red will make her "too, too solid flesh" most undesirably self-assertive.

A subdued shade of blue, heliotrope and olive green, with black, may all be advantageously worn by the stout woman.

Caramel Custards.

Put a cup of granulated sugar and a tablespoonful of water in a saucepan and stir over the fire until melted and brown. This is the caramel. Pour one-half of this into buttered custard cups, putting in each cup enough to cover the bottom. Pour in upon this a regular baked-custard mixture and set the cups in an outer pan of water and bake until well set. Turn upon a platter. Add to the caramel left in the pan a gill of boiling water, simmer for ten minutes, add a little vanilla and pour around the custards.

Rose Pinks and Reds.

For those to whom blue is unbecoming—and these be few, so wide is the range of tints and tintings in this delightful coloring—the rose pinks and reds are offered. These go better in the stuffs that have not naturally a very high luster. The silk-warp henriettas take those half-tones exquisitely; and the artistic colorings in these are really more than half the secret of their extreme popularity with the best houses in Paris.

Makes Her Outfit Chic.

Jaunty little coats of white serge and of white panama, made in reefer, sacque or close fitting form, are strictly tailored, are valuable additions to the summer girl's wardrobe, and a tailored linen coat of the same description is a desirable thing with thin morning frocks.

For the Afternoon.

For afternoon wear there is a charming design for frock of a light rose-pink silk, shot with white and made with a skirt trimmed in plaited frills and ruches of the silk. The bodice has a chemisette of fine embroidered cream batiste, edged with silk frills and trimmed with tiny gold buttons; the front is one the draped directoire order, very pointed at bottom. Narrow ruches of silk trim the little coat effect and turned cuffs on elbow sleeves. The hat is pink Neapolitan, with plume shading from white to pink, fastened in front with a large pink rose.

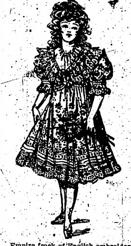
Summer Hats.

A smart negligee hat for summer frocks is a large, soft felt in pale gray or pale copper color, its crown slightly dented, its brim is rolled up across the front and fastened with a small wreath of roses in pastel shades, or in faded colors, and about the crown there is only a silk cord. More chic than any for tailored linens, or with a white serge yachting dress, is one of these large slouch felts in black, cocked up in front with a gold buckle and a twist of black velvet ribbon, and circled about the crown with a large wreath of small faded roses without leaves or of pale-blue silk poppies. The idea is that of the eighteenth century felt shepherdess hats that were worn by the ladies of Versailles.

Transparent Gowns.

The lace gowns are the smartest of all—not made entirely of lace, but of the many different transparent materials, of which there are such a number to choose from; lace by the yard or in figure and medallions is most exquisitely introduced. Two or three different kinds of lace will be combined in the one gown, and the effect be most exquisite.

Empire Frock for Little Girl.



Empire frock of English embroidery for little girl from 6 to 9 years old. It is made up over a foundation of soft silks, white or rose, and trimmed with bands and knots of rose ribbon.

Curtain Mending.

If when ironing a curtain you discover a hole in it, take a piece of the best part of an old curtain, a little larger than the hole, and dip the edges in cold starch. Then piece it over the hole, and afterward iron over it.

Boudoir Confidences

Mohair is a good choice for runabout skirt.

China silk proves wonderfully popular for slips.

Skirts go on swelling "visibly" in proportions.

Sleeves make up in width what they lack in length.

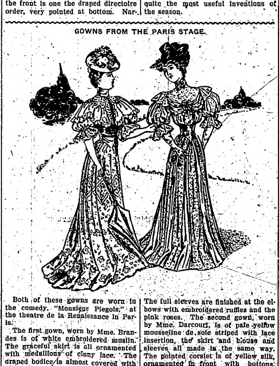
Every available spot and space is filled up with trimming.

Lots of velvet is used, of the light-weight panne variety.

Many gowns show a coat effect that takes the place of both coat and bodice.

Those white-embroidered belts are quite the most useful inventions of the season.

GOWNS FROM THE PARIS STAGE.



Both of these gowns are worn in the comedy, "Monsieur Piegois," at the theatre de la Renaissance in Paris.

The first gown, worn by Mme. Brandes is of white embroidered muslin. The graceful skirt is all ornamented with medallions of cluny lace. The draped bodice is almost covered with a deep shoulder collar of plain muslin bordered with a ruffle of the same and trimmed at the top with cluny lace, forming a yoke re-embroidered with pink roses and finished with a knot and long ends of pink velvet. The full sleeves are finished at the elbows with embroidered ruffles and the pink roses. The second gown, worn by Mme. Darcourt, is of pale yellow mousseline de soie striped with lace insertion, the skirt and blouse and sleeves all made in the same way. The pointed corslet is of yellow silk, ornamented in front with buttons. The yoke is of lace, bordered with a drapery of the mousseline de soie and of lace finished in front with a knot of the yellow silk, or ribbon, to match. Frills of lace fall over the sleeves at the top and finish them at the elbows.

DRINK MADE NULL AND VOID.

How Johnson Sides Was Vindicated by Nevada Legislature.

"With Indiana and Arkansas passing freak legislation, what can we expect next?" asks the chap that is always trying to dig up matters which are likely to disturb a fellow of the New Orleans Times-Democrat. "But did you ever hear of the act of the Nevada legislature? I do not think there ever was anything like it. It seems that one Johnson Sides, an Indian, educated at an eastern college, returned to his tribe to preach about the crime of drinking spirits of any kind. He proved to be a splendid temperance advocate of grand power and made many converts until——. Well, one day Johnson Sides was caught taking a drink. He said afterwards that it was because he had the stomach ache. Some people were so impolite as to doubt this and intimated that perhaps Mr. Johnson Sides had been in the habit of having attacks of stomach ache all the time that he was lecturing against intemperance. This made Mr. Sides feel bad. It not only took away his drawing power as a temperance advocate, but almost broke his heart. He thought about it deeply and he thought about it long. Suddenly he received an inspiration. He went to a friend, a members of the Nevada legislature, and had a long talk with him. As a result the following appears on the minutes of that body:

"'Senate joint concurrent resolution No. 11—Resolved by the senate, the people of the state of Nevada concurring, that the drink of whisky taken by Johnson Sides on the 17th day of September, in the city of Virginia, county of Story, be and is hereby declared null and void.'

"And thus was Johnson Sides vindicated."

Golden Calves.

"I was a good-sized boy," said Dr. Adolphus F. Schauffler, vice president of the New York City Mission and Tract Society, on a recent occasion, "before I had my first brand new pair of pants. They came down past No. 1, 2 and 3 before they got to me. I was taught that it didn't matter what I had on my legs, so long as I had something reasonably creditable in my head." As I look back over my classmates in college there's only one of the rich fellows that's ever amounted to anything. It was the poor boys that had to hustle that have been heard from. Many rich fathers who were poor themselves send their sons to college and lavish money upon them, and when they look at the result they feel like using the words of Aaron:

"I poured gold into the furnace, and there is come forth this calf."—New York Times.

Humane.

Mrs. Nuwife was vexed.

"You are always kicking about my cooking," she said, "and saying that my doughnuts are not fit for human beings to eat. And yet I notice that you have gobbled up every one of that last batch!"

The brute was staggered, but only for a moment.

"Yes, my dear," he answered, calmly, "but why? I knew that if I did not eat them our poor little baby would insist on having some. And, rather than have the child poisoned, I took the awful risk involved in devouring them myself. You evidently do not understand, my dear, that I am a self-sacrificing parent!"

The silence that ensued was only broken by a crashing sound as of an empty doughnut dish breaking upon a human head.—Cleveland Leader.

What Senator Frye's Note Lacked.

When Senator Frye was chairman of the school committee at Lewiston, Me., he and the other members of the committee were examining applicants to fill a vacancy in one of the schools. The following note was written on the blackboard:

"Lewiston, Me., Sept. 15, ——. Four months after date I promise to pay John Jones $100 at 6 per cent. interest. William P. Frye."

The young ladies were asked if the note were negotiable. Various opinions were expressed until one of the ladies very emphatically said it was not.

"What change is necessary?" asked the senator.

"The signature of another person," was the quick response.

His Labor and His Love.

Before the gateway of his life's demand
Sate Love and Toil, and Toil was worn and gray,
But Love was fair. Love called—he chose—and they
Passed through the happy portals hand in hand
"What one is this?" he asked; for ever planned
A handmaid their delight, and all their way
Bloomed with the flowers of an endless May,
The fragrant blossoms of their Eden-land.
Then answered Love: "Dear foolish heart and fond,
Who chooseth Love hath won her servant, too;
Toil, the eternal, ministers to you;
And thou—thou hast not known, dear heart and fond."
But he who chooses Toil shall find too late
That he has left Love weeping at the gate.
—Geo. H. Maritland, in Booklover's Magazine.

Astor's Idea of Farming.

John Jacob Astor thus forecasts in Collier's Weekly the homely service of the automobile: "The farmer whose horses have plowed all day, and who, with his family, naturally needs recreation when the work is done, will invoke his automobile that, as a stationary engine may have been cutting feed, sawing wood, or what not, switch the motive power to the driving wheels and with a joyful 'All aboard!' be off to the nearest town, though it may be miles away." Evidently what John Jacob doesn't know about farming isn't worth telling.—Boston Transcript.

New Incandescent Lamp.

A new incandescent lamp with a zirconium filament is announced in Germany. Prof. Weddin, a physicist, recently presented a lamp of this kind to the Electro-Technical Society of Cologne.

School for Dueling.

A school to teach dueling has been established in Paris. The school was a necessity, as many persons were being hurt in duels through carelessness and lack of skill.

IS ABSOLUTELY PURE

NATURE'S OWN RESTORATIVES IN FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION.

Dr. Pierce Announces the Ingredients of the Family Medicines Which Have Made His Name a Household Word in the World.

With all the recent talk about patent medicines and the determined effort in certain quarters to cast discredit upon all household remedies which come under that head, the fact remains that some of these medicines are so firmly established in popular favor and confidence, have so proved their worth and value, that all the denunciations of bigots cannot destroy the people's faith in them.

One of the best known of these remedies is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, a medicine which for years has been accepted by the people as a standard preparation for the cure of those ailments to which women alone are subject and which has proved to be a certain cure in nine cases out of ten and a sure relief in the other one.

There is nothing to conceal about the Favorite Prescription. It is an absolutely pure medicine—made of roots and herbs, Nature's own restoratives, Dr. Pierce is perfectly willing to let every one know that his Favorite Prescription contains Blue Cohosh (Caulophyllum Thalictroides), Black Cohosh (Cimicifuga Racemosa), Lady's Slipper (Cypripedium Pubescens) and Golden Seal (Hydrastis Canadensis). Every doctor knows that such a prescription is beneficial in the diseases of women and when properly compounded is certain to effect a cure in practically all cases when given a fair trial. Hereafter every bottle of the Favorite Prescription will plainly tell of what the medicine is composed. Thus Dr. Pierce will once more prove to the world his own confidence in the remedy which for forty years has borne his name and which is known all over the world as a sovereign cure for those diseases which, unchecked, make our women old before their time.

There is no alcohol in the Favorite Prescription. Dr. Pierce never believed in using alcohol in the preparation of his famous household remedies. For it he substituted chemically pure glycerine, which has wonderful properties for extracting the medicinal principles of roots and herbs and barks and preserving them at their full strength, without any deleterious effect whatever.

Your druggist sells the Favorite Prescription and also that famous alterative and blood purifier, the Golden Medical Discovery. Write to Dr. Pierce about your case. He is a well-qualified physician and will treat your case as confidential and without charge for correspondence. Address him at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., of which he is Chief Consulting Surgeon.

On Philadelphia—as Usual.

H. H. Rogers has added a good-humored contribution to the witticisms, deserved or otherwise, prevalent about the Quaker City.

On an iron grille around an elevator shaft at the ground floor, a dial with figures corresponding to the floors is traversed by an indicator which informs waiting passengers of the car's progress up or down.

"Look there," remarked Mr. Rogers, pointing as the hand began to move; "is it any wonder they jeer at the pace in Philadelphia?"

"Why the car is coming unusually fast," observed his companion, A. J. Cassatt.

"What did I say?" continued the magnate, pointing at the indicator insistently. "I started at twelve and didn't get here until six by the clock."

THE TEACHER'S FOE

A LIFE ALWAYS THREATENED BY NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

One Who Broke Down from Six Years of Overwork Tells How She Escaped Misery of Enforced Idleness.

"I had been teaching in the city schools steadily for six years," said Miss James, whose recent return to the work from which she was driven by nervous collapse has attracted attention. "They were greatly overcrowded, especially in the primary department of which I had charge, and I had been doing the work of two teachers. The strain was too much for my nerves and two years ago the crisis came.

"I was prostrated mentally and physically, sent in my resignation and never expected to be able to resume work. It seemed to me then that I was the most miserable woman on earth. I was tortured by nervous headaches, worn out by inability to sleep, and had so little blood that I was as white as chalk.

"After my active life, it was hard to bear idleness, and terribly discouraging to keep paying out the savings of years for medicines which did me no good."

"How did you get back your health?"

"A bare chance and a lot of faith led me to a cure. After I had suffered for many months, and when I was on the very verge of despair, I happened to read an account of some cures effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The statements were so convincing that I somehow felt assured that these pills would help me. Most people, I think, buy only one box for a trial, but I purchased six boxes at once, and when I had used them up, I was indeed well and had no need of more medicine.

"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills enriched my thin blood, gave me back my sleep, restored my appetite, gave me strength to walk long distances without fatigue, in fact freed me from all my numerous ailments. I have already taught for several months, and I cannot say enough in praise of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Miss Margaret M. James is now living at No. 123 Clay street, Dayton, Ohio. Many of her fellow teachers have also used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and are enthusiastic about their merits. Sound digestion, strength, ambition, and cheerful spirits quickly follow their use. They are sold in every drug store in the world.

Overlooking Important Matters.

Our news agencies seem to fall down wretchedly sometimes. The country is still uninformed as to who passes the plate in the Esopus meeting house since the judge moved to New York.

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RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

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Official Abstracter.

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(SECOND HAND STORE.)

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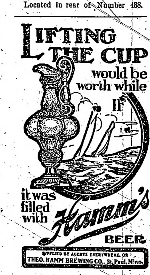
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The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, July 22, 1905.

The Sunbeam, from Sunbeam, Red Lake county, came to our exchange table this week. Its bright, spicy news columns evidently shows that it intends to keep pace with the developing of the fertile country in which it is located.

H. E. Ives left Saturday for his annual outing with the Northwestern Minnesota Editorial association for an extended trip. Any defects noted this week from the spicy editorial column will please be pardoned by the readers as he left no copy on hand.

The daily papers are noticeably fillled with accidental drownings the past week. So many people wish to save the expense of a bath in the bathrooms, but instead of saving time and trouble only create more, not knowing how to breathe through their gills.

Edward Gottschalk, the self-confessed murderer of Joseph Hartman and accused accomplice in the murder of Christian Schindeldecker, took a different route from the average criminal, in pleading guilty, saving Ramsey county the cost of a trial, and then to further economize finance hanged himself in hss cell during the absence of his death watch. The annual meeting of the Sheriffs' association will now be a tame affair in St. Paul.

The Banana.

The prohibitionist looks on with favor, for it does not mix with alcohol, and some think the habitual use blunts the longing for firewater. Thus Captain Parsons of the English-West Indian line says that since his seamen and stokers have been allowed to help themselves freely to the cargo of bananas they have not wished so much rum. There is a trace of copper in the banana, and deep thinkers believe this is beneficial to the human clockwork.

The taste for the banana is not acquired. As Mr. Crichton-Browne exclaims in a burst of Ciceronic eloquence: "An appreciation of it is not reached through slow stages of diminishing repulsion, but comes at the moment of first introduction. The infant absorbs it greedily; children devour it with delight; the adult does not despise it; and the edentulous octogenarian blesses its agreeable tenderness."—Boston Herald.

Costermongers In Morocco.

In Morocco the costermonger recommends his wares by pledging the credit of a saint: "In the name of Mulai Idriss! Roast chestnuts!" "In the name of our Lord Mohammed Al Hadj! Popcorn! Popcorn!" "In the name of Sidna Ali-bu-Rhaleh! Melons! Nice, sweet melons!" "God is gracious! Beans! Fried beans!" "There be no might nor majesty save in Allah! Water! Cool water!" These and the like are heard at every turn. Even the auctioneer who is calling out the price of a slave or the bids for a Rabat carpet is careful to interlard his professional talk freely with allusions to his Maker and the plethoric roll of Moorish saints.—London Times.

Overdue and Missing.

The word "missing" applied to a ship brings all hope of safety to an end and settles the loss of friends ashore and of the underwriters, says Mr. Joseph Conrad, writing in the London Mail. But the word "overdue" only strengthens the fears already born in many homes ashore and opens the door for speculation in the market of risks. Within the memory of the present generation a missing ship has never been known to turn up. But the name of an overdue vessel, trembling, as it were, on the edge of the fatal heading, has been known to appear as "arrived."

Nothing is more amiable than true modesty, and nothing is more contemptible than the false.—Addison.

New Towns in North Dakota.

The entensive railroad building now being done in North Dakota has brought tributary to railroad facilities an additional vast area of the rich agricultural sections of northern and western North Dakota. The Great Northern railway is building a number of new extensions from its main line northward notably that of the Sarles extension of the Edmore line, the Thorne extension running north from York, the Maxbass extension running northwestward from Towner, and a further extension of the Westhope line to Antler. The building of these new lines has brought into being a number of new towns which are fully described in a pamphlet recently issued by the Great Northern Railway. By application to Mr. F. I. Whitney, Passenger Traffic Manager, St. Paul, Minn., a copy of these pamphlets "New Extensions in North Dakota" or "New Towns in North Dakota" will be mailed to any address. 8-5

Cairo the Gambler's Paradise.

Modern Cairo must be a sort of gambler's paradise, judging from some facts which I recently had from a friend who has been investigating the subject. In one of the principal streets near Mohammed Ali square a gentleman who knows the town well pointed out over twenty first floors over the shops with the names of bars upon them, every one of which he knew to be a gambling hell, and a police official admitted to the investigator that the town was full of such places. The police do not seem to be at fault. They raid the places from time to time, but the offenders, nearly all foreigners and mostly Greeks, are protected by their consuls and let off lightly and return to the business the next day. I should guess that the business is chiefly carried on for foreigners as well as by them. There is a sort of cosmopolitanism about gambling, and its votaries are drawn from all corners of the earth by the scent of the game. But this seems to be one respect in which Egypt has not improved under British influence.—London Truth.

A Queen's Cold Cure.

"You have a cold, eh?" said the physician. "Well, suppose I give you the same prescription that Queen Elizabeth used?"

He took down an ancient folio.

"Dr. William Bulleyn's prescription for a cold, which Queen Elizabeth used all her life, was this," he said.

"Takes nutmegges, the root called dornike, which the apothecaries have; setwall, gatangall, mastike, long pepper, the bark of pomecitrone, of melon, of sage, hazel, marjorum, dill, spiknard, wood of aloes, cubebe, cardamon (called graynes of paradise), lavender, penlroyalls, the bone of a hart's heart grated, cut and stamped, and beat your spices grossly in a mortar. Put in ambergrice and musk, of each half a dram. Distil this in a simple aqua vitae, made with strong ale, in a serpentine. To tell the virtue of this water against cold, phlegme, dropsy, heaviness of mind, coming of melancholy, I cannot well at the present, for it is too great."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

The Exchequer.

In past times it was the custom for the king's justiciar and his subordinates to make up the royal accounts twice a year, at Easter and Michaelmas, on a table which was the most striking object in the chamber in which they assembled. This table was covered with dark russet cloth divided into squares, which gave it a checkered, chessboard-like appearance, and in the columns and spaces the accounts rendered by the sheriffs and great landowners who attended for that purpose, were entered and reckoned up. It was the checkered cloth, so conspicuous throughout the proceedings, that gave rise to the name exchequer, just as the stars painted on the ceiling of another historic room originated the name "star chamber."—London Globe.

The Doctor In the Duel.

A medical man in France was asked to be present at a duel in his professional capacity. He got up early, traveled some miles, "flamed" the swords and ministered to his client, who was slightly wounded. When both honor and wound were healed he looked for his fees and sent in a bill for $10. The patient replied through his wife, who wrote: "I am told that between men there is a question of delicacy which forbids even the slightest appearance of trade in such a matter. Neither the doctors nor the seconds are brought on the ground for money. If you persist in your claim I shall, to my great regret, be obliged to leave to others the duty of settling this fine point with you."

When Women Smoked.

In a copy of the Old Farmer's Almanac, printed about 1800, we find the following article on "the prevention and extinction of fires:" "Never read in bed by candlelight, especially if your bed be surrounded by curtains. Strictly forbid the use of cigars in your family at all times, but especially after night. There is good reason to suppose a house was lately set on fire by a half consumed cigar, which a woman suddenly threw away to prevent being detected in the unhealthy and offensive practice of smoking."

Discretion the Better Part.

"I'm perfectly convinced," said the ambitious young man, "that I can write the greatest novel of the period."

"Why don't you go ahead and do it then?"

"Oh, I wouldn't think of such a thing. I am happy now in my belief on the subject. Where's the good of my risking disappointment?'

His Compliment.

First Artist—Well, old man, how is business? Second Artist—Oh, splendid! Got a commission this morning from a millionaire. Wants his wife and children painted very badly. First Artist—Well, old man, you're the very man to do that for him.

Evidence.

First Lawyer—Think the old man was of unsound mind? Second Lawyer—Oh, yes. It runs in the family. Look at the way the relatives are spending money to break the will!—New York Press.

Had to Wait Events.

Alice—Ethel says she really doesn't know whether he will propose or not. Jack—Just like a novel, isn't it? Alice—Yes. But in a novel you could turn to the last chapter and find out.

Life.

A colored philosopher is reported to have said, "Life, my breddern, am mos'ly made up of prayin' for rain and then wishin' it would clear off."

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Come and see them, as this is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

G. H. SANDUM.

Her Figure.

Fred — She is anything but handsome, and she hasn't even got a good figure. Joe—I'll admit she isn't a prize beauty, but she is worth a half million in her own right, and if that isn't a handsome figure then I'm no mathematician.

The Tarantula Killing Wasps.

The tarantula killer is a bustling, unquiet creature. When running on the ground its wings vibrate continuously. When it sights its prey it flies in circles around it. The tarantula trembles violently; now runs and hides; now, rising rampant, shows signs of fight. The watchful huntress finds a favorable moment, darts upon its victim with curved body and thrusts in its sting if possible into the soft abdomen. Often the spider is at once paralyzed, but a second and even a third wound is sometimes necessary. The victor seizes its motionless prey with its jaws and drags it to a hole previously dug. She thrusts it in, deposits an egg upon it and covers it up. In this case the bulk of the tarantula insures sufficient food for the offspring, and one alone is provided, as seems to be the case with the cicada storing wasps. But the mud dauber and her ilk, which select smaller prey, garner many, rarely sealing a cell ere it is quite full.—H. C. McCook in Harper's Magazine.

How the Tibetans Dress.

Lay and cleric alike, the inhabitants of Lassa are entirely similar to those of the rest of Tibet. There is indeed but one difference even in the dress. In one province through which we passed the women use a turquoise studded halo as a headdress. In Lassa a fillet ornamented in the same way is bound close down over their hair, fluffed out on either side, and falls down over the shoulders. It is one of the most becoming ways of doing the hair that I have ever seen, and for a certain type the entire dress of a woman of Lassa would be a becoming costume for a fancy dress ball at home. The dress of the men and the women is very similar. There is a single undergarment and one heavy native cloth robe, dun or crimson in color, and usually patched, which both sexes pull in around the waist with a girdle, the men pouching it at the waist to form the only pocket that they use.—World's Work.

Earthquakes.

Earthquakes generally do their work with great rapidity, but there are exceptions. While Caracas and Lisbon were destroyed in a few minutes, the Calabrian earthquakes beginning in 1783 lasted four years. Earthquakes travel across the earth at velocities varying between several hundred and several thousand feet a second, the greater the intensity of the shock the greater being the velocity. The sea waves that frequently accompany earthquakes also travel at tremendous speeds. A submarine earthquake near the coast of Japan in 1854 gave rise to sea waves which traversed the whole breadth of the Pacific at the rate of 370 miles an hour. At Simoda, Japan, the waves from this earthquake were thirty feet high. At San Diego, Cal., they were only six inches high.

A Persistent Fighter.

The measures of Wilberforce in the British house of commons for the abolishing of the British slave trade had a hard struggle before they finally prevailed. On Feb. 15, 1805, Wilberforce moved "without entering into any argument" for a bill to abolish the slave trade after a limited time and for a committee to consider its propriety. He had been introducing such a bill almost every year for fifteen years, although his twelve resolutions against the traffic were carried in 1789 without a division. But year after year the bill came to wreck, either in the house of lords or the commons, suffering defeat in 1796 because several of its supporters had gone to see a new comic opera. It was doomed to disaster again in 1805, but finally triumphed in 1807.

The Mexican Bridegroom.

The bridegroom in Mexico finds marriage a very costly business. He is expected to buy the trousseau, and be is fortunate if he can satisfy the extravagance sanctioned by custom and prompted by ardent passion. Young men from the country are said to be often seen in the City of Mexico purchasing all sorts of finery for the ladies of their choice, and the spectacle they present as they consult the measurements, which they carry with them for all sorts of garments, is very amusing.

Odd Geographical Division.

The range of the Blue Ridge mountains in Pennsylvania is divided by a river every twenty-seven miles, as follows: From the Susquehanna to the Swatara, 27 miles; from the Swatara to the Schuylkill, 27 miles; from the Schuylkill to the Lehigh, 27 miles; from the Lehigh to the Delaware, 27 miles. At the next 27 miles is a hollow of New Jersey in which nestles a lake known as Culver's pond.

Had Read About Him.

"Now, boys," said the Sunday school teacher, addressing the juvenile class, "can any of you tell me anything about Good Friday?"

"Yes, ma'am, I can," replied the boy at the foot of the class. "He was the fellow what done the housework for Robinson Crusoe."

Good Reason.

Miss Ascum—I've often wondered, Mr. Rymes, why you poets always speak of the moon as "silver." Mr. Rymes—Well—er—I suppose it's because of the quarters and halves.—Philadelphia Press.

Polite.

Miss De Style—You say Golddust is an awfully polite fellow? Miss Gunbusta—Yes, indeed. Why, when he saw Miss Gotrox's standing in society he offered her his country seat.

There would not be so many open mouths if there were not so many open ears.—Bishop Hall.

Co-Partnership Dissolved.

Notice is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing between Chas. J. Fellman and I. Dahlin is this day dissolved.

CHAS. J. FELLMAN.
I. DAHLIN.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., July 1st, 1905.

Sealed bids for the grubbing and clearing of the school grounds will be considered by the school board on July 26. Parties wishing to get information about the work to be done, apply to J. B. O'Brien.

K. O. GIGSTAD, Clerk.

A friend of the home—
A foe of the Trust

Calumet Baking Powder

Complies with the Pure Food Laws of all States.

An Atlas for $1.00.

The Great Northern Railway has issued an Atlas of 56 pages containing up to date maps of Iowa, Wisconsin Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, Alaska, Hawaii, Japan, Philippine Islands, China, the United States and of the World.

In addition to this, the Atlas contains valuable statistical information relative to the states named above, is printed on the very best quality of paper, shows the lines of the Great Northern Railway, and is in every way a commendable work.

This Atlas will be distributed at the actual cost of production and will be sent to any address upon receipt of $1.00. Address, F. I. Whitney, Passenger Traffic Manager, Great Northern Railway, St. Paul, Minn. ♦ jl29

Winnipeg Exposition and Fair.

On account of the Winnipeg Exposition and Fair held at Winnipeg, Manitoba, July 20th to 28, the Great Northern Railway will sell tickets at one fare for the round trip to Winnipeg. Dates of sale are July 18th to 26th, returning limit July 31st. Ask your local agent for full particulars as to rates, etc.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

Bowery dance to-night.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 14, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 28th, 1905, viz:

Michael Ault Jr., H. E. No. 21820, for the SE¼ Sec. 8, T. 153 N., R. 45 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Swan Englund, of Tweet, Minn.
Emil Larson, of Wylie, Minn.
Andrew E. Anderson, of Wylie, Minn.
Gust Peterson, of Wylie, Minn.

A. F. GEORGE,
Receiver.

(jun21jul22)

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., July 6, 1905.

TO GRANT VANSANT,
New York Life Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minn.—

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 22541 for the purchase of the following land, viz: Northeast quarter of section No. 17, in township No. 152 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $640.00 principal, and $136.60 interest, amounting in all to $776.60; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $776.60, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., July 6, 1905.

TO GRANT VANSANT,
New York Life Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minn.—

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 22512 for the purchase of the following land, viz: Northwest quarter of section No. 17, in township No. 152 N. of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $640.00 principal, and $136.60 interest, amounting in all to $776.60; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $776.60, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

Great Northern Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., July 6, 1905.

TO GRANT VANSANT,
New York Life Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minn.—

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 22544 for the purchase of the following land, viz: Southeast quarter of section No. 17, in township No. 152 N., of range No. 45 W, 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $640.00 principal, and $136.60 interest, amounting in all to $776.60; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $776.60, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

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EFFICIENTLY SERVES A VAST TERRITORY

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EAST, SOUTH, WEST NORTH.

Fast and Handsomely equipped Steam-Heated Trains—Dining Cars—Buffet Library Cars—Sleeping Cars—Free Reclining Chair Cars.

A. H. HANSON. Gen'l Passenger Agt
Chicago, Ill.

TREASURER'S ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE SCHOOL YEAR ENDING JULY 15, 1905.

To the Clerk of District No. 102, County of Red Lake, Minn.:

SIR:—In accordance with law, I file with you, for presentation at the next Annual School Meeting, the following financial report for the year ending July 15th, 1905.

B. M. HOFF, District Treasurer.

RECEIPTS FOR THE YEAR—		
Cash on hand at the beginning of the year	$ 1845 60	
Received from apportionment (a) from state one mill tax	56 87	
" " " (b) from Int. on State school fund	550 90	
" " special tax collected	1232 51	
" " text book sales, fines, etc.	41 96	
" " all other sources	1 00	
" " license	1250 00	
Total receipts for the year		$ 4977 94
DISBURSEMENTS FOR THE YEAR—		
Paid for teachers' wages	$ 2790 00	
Paid for fuel and school supplies	279 92	
Paid for repairs and improving grounds	489 27	
Paid for text books	75 39	
Paid for janitor work, freight and drayage and scrubbing	370 35	
Cash on hand at end of the year	974 01	
Total		$ 4977 94

ACCOUNT BALANCED.

Cash on hand beginning of the year	$ 1845 60	Total disbursements for the year	$ 4003 93
Received from all other sources	3132 34	Cash on hand at end of the year	974 01
Total receipts for the year	4977 94	Total	4977 94

CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL.

THIS CERTIFIES, That we have examined the treasurer's records and vouchers, and that we find them and this report correct.

Dated this 12th day of July, 1905.

K. O. GIGSTAD, District Clerk.
DANIEL PATSERSON, President.

CROOKSTON
LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota. . . .

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices.

Apply to....

H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Name Your Route East

In purchasing your ticket East, if you care for an excellence in service and equipment not obtainable elsewhere, name your route

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

No additional charge to ride on the Pioneer Limited or the Fast Mail, the two most popular trains between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago. But it is necessary to name your route.

W. B. DIXON
Northwestern Passenger Agent
365 Robert Street, St. Paul.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

"The Comfortable Way"

TIME TABLE

Arrival and departure of trains at St. Hilaire.

PASSENGER

8:00 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
9:25 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
9:55 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
10:20 am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30 pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10 am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN, Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Comm'ssioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
J. J. Soll, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3550 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE
Veterinary
Surgeon.
Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham
St. Hilaire, - Minn.

BERT D. KECK
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Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
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A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

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FRUITS
Confectionery
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Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Fruit jars at M. L. Hanson's.

Adolph Soderberg was on the sick list this week.

Men's hats at bargain prices at M. L. Hanson's.

Otto Olson came up from Red Lake Falls Monday.

16 pounds granulated sugar for $1.00 at M. L. Hanson's.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Born, to Mr, and Mrs. Bruno Tuten, Sunday morning, a boy.

Martin McAndress, Jr., left for North Dakota points Monday.

Mrs. R. H. Gebott left for the Portland exposition Tuesday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Anton Anderson, Monday morning, a boy.

A. S. Wilson was a business visitor to Thief River Falls Tuesday.

L. J. Stranahan was looking after the hardware trade here Thursday.

Postmaster Edstrom, of Hazel, was a business caller here Wednesday.

Jas. F. McAndress transacted business at Thief River Falls Thursday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

D.D. Horton, organizer of the M.B.A. here, visited with the Lodge Monday evening.

K. R. Killand disposed of his interests in the saloon line to Bjerk & Dahlin Tuesday.

Sam Leppett, the Wylie hardware man, was a business caller in the village Saturday.

Vic Bergeron, night sawyer, returned from Minneapolis Monday to resume his duties.

J. A. Kinney left Tuesday evening for North Dakota on an extended business trip.

Mrs. J. B. Armstrong, who had been visiting at Mike McAndress' returned home Saturday.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Saturday morning the passenger train was two hours late, caused by a washout at Red Lake Falls.

Miss Esther Olson, of Fertile, was an over Sunday visitor, calling on her many friends in the village.

Parties wishing to cut grass on SW¼ Sec. 18, River Falls, must have permit from Alston & Brosemer, Fairmont, Minn. 22

Halverson Bros. shipped their grading outfit to North Dakota Monday, having taken a contract to grade for the Soo railroad.

Milton Whitmore, of Montevideo, and Miss Lillian Buse drove up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday for a visit with Jens Nelson and wife.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

An ice cream social will be held at the farm of A. S. Anderson, five miles southeast of St. Hilaire, on Sunday July 23, commencing at 3:00 p. m.

M. L. Griffiths and Bert Bivins, two Crookston representatives of life insurance companies, were looking after the interests of those desiring protection, Tuesday.

L. T. Bergh came in from his reservation home Tuesday and purchased a McCormick mower and rake from Holmes Bros. L. T. knows where to get goods at right prices.

The young ladies of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church gave an ice cream social Thursday evening. The affair was a financial success which speaks much for the young ladies.

I. Dahlin took leave of the mosquitoes, flies and high water Tuesday and came to town. He says there is no place to live like St. Hilaire, even though Uncle Sam says a claim is the right thing for a man to possess.

C. M. Reese, of Minneapolis, representing the A. E. Johnson Co., of Cunard & Scandinavian - American lines, was a caller in the village Wednesdry looking after the interest of his company and telling what cheap rates there are to the "old country" now if anyone desired to go and see the trouble settled between Norway and Sweden.

We now offer the balance of our 15c lawns at 10c a yard. M. L. Hanson.

Miss Etta Zaiser, of Red Lake Falls, came up Thursday to meet her class in music.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

John Maakrud drove to the county seat Wednesday to attend to business matters.

G. O. Hanson went to Crookston Monday evening on business, returning Tuesday.

Wm. Eikhoff came home for a short stay Thursday. He reports ditch work progressing nicely.

Hans Wilson came in from Wylie Saturday and reported that the rain was heavy there that morning.

We will close out the balance of our misses' and children's slippers, very cheap. Call and see them.
M. L. Hanson.

Miss Clara Wright, and Miss Ethel Fairchild, teachers in the Minneapolis schools, were here Tuesday. The young ladies are enjoying their vacation.

Jas. A. Kohmer, formerly a resident here, writes from Coeur D'Alene, Idaho, that he is well pleased with the western country and is yard foreman for a saw mill company.

A. H. Miller, of Grand Forks, one of the head directors of the M. B. A., visited with the local lodge Monday evening, giving it the necessary finish to doing good work.

H. J. Enderle, cashier of the First State Bank of Plummer, drove over Sunday expecting to meet his sister from Ada Monday, but was disappointed and had to drive home alone.

Albert Fellman went out to his claim Saturday and found that his house had been burned. By appearances the fire must have been some time ago as the grass had grown up where the house stood.

Walter Johnson, who is attending the training school in Red Lake Falls, came up for a visit between trains Monday. Walter reports the school as well attended and all the patrons much pleased with the results.

Theo. H. Johnson, of Washington, D. C., collecting statistics for the census bureau, called on us Tuesday and took an inventory of our stock and by working diligently got through in time to take the evening train for other points.

Myrtle Blaine was bitten by a dog Friday evening. The canine was quickly dispatched and Myrtle is getting along nicely. The dog was of a vicious nature and had threatened to do officious business before—but never again.

The new firm of Bjerk & Dahlin opened their doors to the public Tuesday p. m. and began to attend to the wants of the thirsty. The new firm is a popular one and undoubtedly will get their share of the business at the old stand.

Harold Arthur, youngest son of Landlord and Mrs. Arthur, tried chopping for a change Sunday and nearly severed the index finger of his right hand. After the scare was over he didn't seem to mind having his hand bandaged.

We are paying today the following prices for produce in exchange for goods, flour excepted: Butter, 12½c a pound; eggs, 12½c a dozen; wool, good quality, 25c a pound; seneca root, a pound, 50c.
M. L. Hanson.

The firemen are going to give a dance in their bowery Saturday evening, if the weather man permits. The laddies were disappointed last Saturday evening but expect better treatment this time. Everybody should turn out and give the occasion all the patronage possible.

James Brady, of Red Lake Falls, came up Friday to examine the north bridge. He reported the bridge as unsafe and suggested temporary repairing to prevent the structure from falling into the river. The street commissioner was instructed to do the temporary work.

James Foss, for several years yard foreman here for the Crookston Lumber Co., leaves today for Bemidji to assume charge of the yard at that place. Jim has made a host of friends while here that regret to see him leave but are glad to hear of his substantial raise in salary at his new field of labor.

Mrs. Peter Nelson died July 20th at her home in the town of Smiley, of appendicitis. Mrs. Nelson had been ailing for some time past but was not considered in a dangerous condition until a few days before she died. She was 34 years of age, a highly respected woman, and leaves one child, a boy eight years of age.

Daly's Ten Nights in a BarRoom Co. with their elegant concert band and orchestra will exhibit here under canvas on Tuesday evening, July 25. The Daly company present the great temperance drama in its entirety, with special scenery and stage effects. Every effort is made to please the public by a first class entertainment. Prof. Pitcher's superb orchestra will entertain during the evening with a choice musical program consisting of standard overtures and up to date melodies, making an enjoyable evening of mirth, music and melo-drama. Open air band concerts at noon and night. Don't forget to attend and bring the little ones. One night only, Tuesday, July 25th.

Very good machine oil, 30c a gallon at M. L. Hanson's.

Teachers' Examinations.

The regular semi-annual teachers examinations will be held at Red Lake Falls, August 3rd, 4th and 5th, in accordance with the following program:

Composition and Penmanship will be marked on the first question in grammar.

THURSDAY, AUG. 3.
(Second Grade Certificates.)

A.M.	8:00	Enrollment.
	8:30	Arithmetic.
	10:30	Physiology-Hygiene.
P.M.	1:30	English Grammar.
	3:00	Reading.
	4:15	Drawing.

FRIDAY, AUG. 4.
(Second Grade Studies, Continued, and Civics.)

A.M.	8:00	Professional Test.
	9:00	Spelling.
	9:30	Geography.
	11:00	Music.
P.M.	1:30	U. S. History.
	3:15	Civics.

SATURDAY, AUG. 5.
(First Grade Studies.)

A.M.	8:00	Geometry.
	10:00	Physics.
P.M.	1:30	Algebra.
	3:00	Physical Geography or General History.

A teacher desiring to obtain a mark in composition and penmadship, but not in grammar, will write on the first question in grammar only. Civics is not a second grade study.

H. T. McAnulty,
Co. Supt.

Roseau People Are Happy.

The people of Roseau are at last going to have a railroad, says the Thief River Falls News. The Great Northern will extend its line from Greenbush to Roseau and the work will be commenced in a short time. O. G. Clay, the right-of-way agent for the Great Northern is now up in Roseau county purchasing the land. So far as can be learned the road will be extended only as far as Roseau, but many state that it will be built through to Warroad and that the work will all be done before it freezes up this fall. For ten years the people of Roseau have been praying for a railroad ond now that their hopes are about to be realized they ere said to be very jubilant. The country is well settled and developed and there is no reason why the road should not be made to pay well from the start.

Old Board Re-Elected.

The annual school meeting Saturday evening passed off quietly. There was some opposition shown, calling out a heavy vote, but the result was never in doubt. The old board was re-elected for the following terms: E. M. Hoff and Daniel Patterson for three years; K. O. Gigstad and H. O. Jackson for two years; A. S. Wilson and B. E. Burkee for one year. It was voted to have nine months' school, beginning Sept. 4. Twenty-three hundred dollars was voted in to defray the running expenses for the coming year.

Heavy Rains.

The heavy rains Friday night and Saturday is only another indication that our farmers should go more extensively into the stock business. From reports coming in the grain is bound to suffer from excessive moisture and the intense heat of Sunday and Monday is likely to cause rust. On the other hand, the grass is doing nicely and an abundant crop of hay, especially tame grass, is assured. Having the advantages of a first class creamery as is here the time is surely ripe for extensive stack raising.

Leprosy.

Smallpox, or variola, was not known to the Romans before the sixth century. Leprosy is as different from it as palsy is from St. Vitus' dance. What is this awful disease? Something endemic, chronic, malignant, with cutaneous lesion. It is a scabious affliction of a dreadful character, attacking nations negligent of cleanliness and the decencies of life. All that France and England gained by engaging in the crusades was leprosy, and of all that they took leprosy was the only thing that remained with them. In olden times every man laboring under the disease was imprisoned like a thief or a robber. Moth holes and the mildew on walls were believed to be the effects of leprosy.—New York Press.

The Baldheaded Eagle.

The staid, dignified and homely baldheaded eagle, the glorious emblem of the American republic, mates but once and lives with his one mate until he or she dies. If left a widower—even a young widower—the baldheaded eagle never mates again. He remains alone and disconsolate in the nest on the rocky crag or in the branches of a tall pine that formed his domicile while his mate was alive. No other female eagle can tempt him to forsake his disconsolate life.

Drainage Meeting.

The Minnesota Drainage League will hold its first annual meeting at the city hall, Crookston, beginning on the first day of August, and an invitation is extended to all who are interested in the matter of drainage to be present.

Special railway rates are assured. Full particulars and programs will be sent on application to the secretary, H. G. Hays, Bemidji, Minn.

For Sale at a Bargain.

A bargain for somebody if accepted soon. My farm of 240 acres in Rocksbury township—E½ SW¼, W½ SW¼ Sec. 26 and E½ SE¼ Sec. 27. Prices and terms right. Address,

W. J. Ott,
Walnut, Bureau Co.,
Illinois.

For Sale.

I have a 1½-horse power Deere & Webber feed boiler which I will sell cheap for cash. Inquire of Jas. F. McAndress, St. Hilaire, Minn.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

Go to L. M. Rolland & Sons for flour. We sell the "Mascot."

Boys' canvas shoes, 85c a pair at M. L. Hanson's.

A Roseau Man's Views.

The editor of the Roseau Times is in receipt of the following interesting letter, which might well apply in other sections:

Mr Editor of the Times:

I live in Roseau village and pay a poll tax, I also pay three dollar dog licenses and am in favor of "public ownership." I believe in advertising religion and the 17th of May. I want to advertise the soil of Roseau county and the village council for sale. I think it would be better for the street commissioner to raise clover and timothy on the streets than dandelions, cows and thistles, because the soil will grow one just as good as the other and strangers will think we have streets flowing with milk and honey instead of manure water and slops. Some people who do not have three dogs and fleas, keep cows, goats and boys. The boys are kept to drive the cows to a pasture a quarter of a mile away. The boys ride ponies and they have a wild west show chasing the cows all over the village. When the boys get tired the cows go to the pasture themselves. It takes two boys and ponies three hours to drive three cows. Some boys who have no ponies drive their cows to the pasture without any trouble. Cattle should be led through the streets. A goat is good to eat the bark off the trees and tin cans. Cows are not made to walk on the sidewalks. The mud and gravel on the crossings should be cleaned off good and plenty and kept clean. A good street commissioner can keep the walks and street looking fine if he keeps an eye open and sees that the work is done.

A Dog Tax-Payer.

Insurance News.

Insurance men of the west who read the daily columns of insurance information in The Chicago Record-Herald keep pace with the times and are prepared for all emergencies and contingencies that have grown into the insurance business. The column "With Insurance Men" gives in compact form all the latest doings in the insurance world, and is conceded by insurance men everywhere to be the best and most up to date report published by any newspaper in the United States. The Record-Herald does not copy its information from insurance journals, but secures it first hand from managers, agents and companies, and by telegraph from its own special correspondents, by telephone and in special cable dispatches from abroad. The New York service of The Record-Herald's insurance department is equalled by no other paper. In fact, The Record-Herald is the only daily newspaper that gives insurance men the first information daily on every important event in the insurance business.

For Fishing Trips.

Almost every man you meet on the street has a fondness for fishing and is planning on a little outing. Two or three things are necessary to make this trip a success; first, the weather must be good; second, the friends must be congenial; third, the lunches must be hearty and appetizing; fourth, if possible there should be some fish to catch. But the most important of all is the lunch of which golden grain belt beer is absolutely necessary. You get unusually thirsty on a trout stream or lake and water won't quench the thirst; this delicious beer is just the thing. Try it. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Shed Her Teeth.

A passenger on an English railway train pulled the "communication cord" the other day and stopped the train. When the guard came to the compartment in which the cord had been pulled he found a distracted woman passenger. She had been looking out of the window and had dropped her false teeth. She wished to go back and find them.

How He Extricated Himself.

She—Would you have me believe I am the first girl you ever proposed to? He—Goodness, no! I suppose I've asked a dozen. She—And they all refused you? He—Of course. Every one of them knew I was head over heels in love with you. She—You dear boy!—Boston Transcript.

Out of His Line.

Miss Goitall—Did you attend the german last night? Mr. Fudge—No. I can't speak the language, and I knew I should not enjoy myself.—Success Magazine.

Educated.

Gayboy—Do you know anything about betting on horse races? Gayman—I know all about it. I've quit.—Chicago Tribune.

For refreshments call at Number 488.

Bowery dance to-night.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

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Everyday Bargains
at
E. M. HOFF'S

Granulated Sugar, 16 lbs for	$1	Evaporated Apples, fancy 3 pounds for	25c
Coffees, good as ever, 15c per pound to	40c	A good Corn, three cans for	25c
Teas, extra value, 20c, 35c and	50c	A good Tomato, 3 cans for	25c
A good size and quality Prunes per pound	4c	Small size Sour Pickles, per gallon	30c
Large size and quality Prunes per pound	6c	Sweet Pickles, very nice, per quart	12½c
Extra size and quality Prunes per pound	8c	Rolled Oats, five-pound package	15c
Rice, extra good value, 28 pounds for	$1	Full Cream Cheese, per pound	13c
Tapioca, 6 pounds for	25c	Full Cream Brick Cheese per pound	15c
Sage, 6 pounds for	25c	Soaps, good; forty bars for	$1

We carry a full and complete line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Shoes of the best quality, also a big line of plain and fancy Dry Goods. We are here 365 days in the year, aim to please, will correct all errors and exchange all goods that do not please.

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and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of
THE FAMOUS
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FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

A WOMAN'S MISERY.

Mrs. John La Rue, of 115 Paterson Avenue, Paterson, N. J., says: "I was troubled for about nine years, and what I suffered no one will ever know. I used about every known remedy that is said to be good for kidney complaint, but without deriving permanent relief. Often when alone in the house the back ache has been so bad that it brought tears to my eyes. The pain at times was so intense that I was compelled to give up my household duties and lie down. There were headaches, dizziness and blood rushing to my head to cause bleeding at the nose. The first box of Doan's Kidney Pills benefited me so much that I continued the treatment. The stinging pain in the small of my back, the rushes of blood to the head and other symptoms disappeared."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Just Like a Man.

He—How awfully mannish she is.

She—Isn't she, though?

He—Yes, and the funny part of it is that she thinks people admire her for being that way. I should think she'd realize that people are only laughing at her.

She—Well, she's mannish even to that extent.—Philadelphia Press.

CRUDE BELLS OF JAPAN.

Best Are Cast of Copper and Tin, but Hammers Are Too Light.

"The Japanese have the largest bells, but the crudest," said Joachim Perraro of San Francisco. "I went to Japan once as an agent for a bell foundry and gave the Japanese bells much attention. So unskilled are the Japanese that many of their bells will not ring, and so they are obliterated from the list of bells. The best bells are of a mixture of copper and tin, with a hammer one-twentieth the weight of the bell. Japanese bells, even if cast correctly, have too small hammers. Or they are cast to sound like tin and the hammer does not strike roundly. One of these, the Little Giant, has never been weighed. It is used to announce births and deaths in the royal family. Its clapper is a small, elongated affair that strikes with a double sound and the Little Giant is easily recognized when heard."—Milwaukee Free Press.

REAL LIVE BOOKWORMS.

Only Specimen Known to Science in the Lenox Library.

"Down at the Lenox library in New York," said Henry Dilke of Buffalo, "they have the only live bookworms at present known to science. They were found in a large vellum-bound book on canonical law printed in Antwerp in 1684, and they calculate their age to be in the neighborhood of 200 years. They are respectively one-eighth and one-sixteenth of an inch long. They are most rare. One often hears about bookworms, but invariably associates the name with spectacled persons who haunt old booksellers' and bury their noses in dusty volumes for the lore therein and not for the leaves. In old standard books, little used by readers, standing year in and year out on library shelves, the track of a bookworm extending through the thickness of the book as if made with a needle is often seen. The worms seem to like the taste of the glue or paste used in the binding. Attempts to breed bookworms have been a failure."—Milwaukee Free Press.

FROM SAME BOX

Where the Foods Come From.

"Look here, waiter, honest now, don't you dip every one of these flaked breakfast foods out of the same box?" "Well, yes, boss, we duz, all 'cept Grape-Nuts, cause they don't look like the others and people know 'zactly what Grap-Nuts looks like. But there's 'bout a dozen different ones named on the bill of fare and they are all thin rolled flakes so it don't make any difference which one a man calls for, we just take out the order from one box."

This talk led to an investigation. Dozens of factories sprung up about three years ago, making various kinds of breakfast foods, seeking to take the business of the original prepared breakfast food—Grape-Nuts. These concerns after a precarious existence nearly all failed, leaving thousands of boxes of their foods in mills and warehouses. These were in several instances bought up for a song by speculators and sold out to grocers and hotels for little or nothing. The process of working off this old stock has been slow. One will see the names on menus of flaked foods that went out of business a year and a half or two years ago. In a few cases where the abandoned factories have been bought up, there is an effort to resuscitate the defunct, and by copying the style of advertising of Grape-Nuts, seek to influence people to purchase. But the public has been educated to the fact that all these thin flaked foods are simply soaked wheat or oats rolled thin and dried out and packed. They are not prepared like Grape-Nuts, in which the thorough baking and other operations which turn the starch part of the wheat and barley into sugar, occupy many hours and result in a food so digestible that small infants thrive on it, while it also contains the selected elements of Phosphate of Potash and Albumen that unite in the body to produce the soft gray substance in brain and nerve centers. There's a reason for Grape-Nuts, and there have been many imitations, a few of the article itself, but many more of the kind and character of the advertising. Imitators are always counterfeiters and their printed and written statements cannot be expected to be different than their goods.

This article is published by the Postum Co. at Battle Creek. Additional evidence of the truth can be supplied in quantities.

A Silly Song

Two noblemen at breakfast,
  Once face to face were set;
And one of them was hungry,
And one was deep in debt.
The latter was the one who
  The bill for both would get,
Because this little breakfast was
  The payment of a bet.
"My stars and garters!" whispered
  The host, "I've never met
So terrible an appetite—
  Just see that fellow let
His belt out two more notches,
  And wolf that omelette!"

And I, who stood and watched them,
  Wept tear drops, big and wet,
Of laughter—for 'twas funny,
  And makes me giggle yet.
Oh! surely I shall never
  That joyous sight forget—
To see that worried viscount
  The eggs the baronet!
    —Cleveland Leader.

A SHATTERED IDOL

BY CHARLES W. CUNO

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

He was such a reckless dare devil of a man, this Jack Langdon, who wooed by main strength and would not take "No" for an answer.

"Meet me," he had written, "Meet me at the Suvesne reception. Afterwards we will go to the cotillion and from there—"

He had left the rest expressively blank.

Pearl Horton had read the note once, twice, and again many times. At first she was angry, what woman would not be, but then she could not help recalling the gay way other women of her set talked about their flirtations. Why not she?

"Why not?" she asked herself. "Why not?" she repeated so often as she dressed herself to go that she had questioned herself into consent. She was dressed and ready, when, why was it, that at the last moment her husband should say in his firm, quiet way that she feared to cross,—

"Pearl, I wish you to go with me to the opera to-night. Will you be pleased?"

"No I wont," she exclaimed, "I have made other engagements."

"Never mind," he said tenderly, "let the other engagements go. I do so wish you to go with me to-night."

Visions of Jack Langdon disappointment, came to her mind and she exclaimed petulantly, "You're the most exasperating, unaccountable man I ever met."

Dr. Horton was a man with a broad and liberal mind. He loved his wife and he studied her moods. He saw with what innocent pleasure she played with the fire and resolved that, if he could help her and stand between her and temptation, he would. In the club that day, he had heard something, a bit of Langdon's barroom bragadacio, probably, augmented by rumor. On the impulse of the moment his first thought was to seek out this man and give him a sound thrashing, but better council prevailed. Nor did he go home and raise a fuss with his wife. He was far too good a general for that.

"There, there, my dear," he said, with a touch of finality in his voice, "We shall go to the reception afterward, if you like. What do you say, sweetheart?"

Mrs. Norton accepted the inevitable with bad grace and bounced out of the room almost in tears. "There's no help for it, I suppose," she exclaimed and sat down to pen Jack a note. It read:

"Dear Jack;

"That dolt of a husband of mine, to-night of all nights in the world, wants me to go to the opera. There's no help for it. I guess I must go. You will forgive me, will you not? Write me when I will see you again.

"As ever, P."

Dr. Horton, waiting in the hallway below, heard the door slam on the hurrying maid that carried the note to Langdon and the deep furrows on his brow relaxed a little.

Perhaps, who knows, he knew also of another note that reached his enemy's hand at about the same time. It read:

"Dearest Jackie;

"Do come down to see me to-night. Meet me at the stage door at twelve and we will have a time. Yours ever,

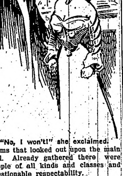
"Cissey.

"P. S. Shall we go to Vane's? Don't forget a bunch of flowers, now will you? That's a dear boy."

Nine o'clock saw the Hortons in their box and Pearl enjoyed herself in spite of her vexation. But Dr. Horton was waiting patiently for the close, and when they entered their carriage again he said to the driver, "Vane's."

Pearl lifted her eyebrows in surprise but said nothing.

When they reached that none too respectable cafe Horton piloted his wife to one of the private dining rooms that looked out upon the main hall. Already gathered there were people of all kinds and classes and questionable respectability.

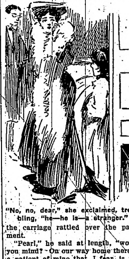


"No, I won't!" she exclaimed.

In a few moments another carriage arrived. Horton had placed his wife so that she could see into the dining hall, and Pearl gave a low, startled exclamation when she saw Jack Langdon enter with one of the chorus girls of the opera company.

Her husband ordered supper and attentively supplied all her wants, but she could not keep her eyes off of Langdon and the flashily dressed girl in his company. They had taken a table in the center of the hall and wine began to flow freely. Cissey talked loudly and finally, apparently at the suggestion of Langdon, leaped upon the table, displayed a very loud pair of hose and danced one of the rather vulgar dances then popular on the stage amid the applause of the crowd.

By that time, however, Dr. Horton had paid the bill, and, without apparently taking notice of the doings in the other room, led his wife out by a side entrance, where the carriage was waiting. He looked at his watch and sat musing for a moment, while the carriage rattled over the pavement.



"No, no, dear," she exclaimed, trembling, "he—he is—a stranger."

"Pearl," he said at length, "would you mind? On our way home there is a patient of mine that, I fear, is not long for this world. I must visit her and I wish you would come with me. Won't you say a few comforting words to her?"

Pearl's sympathetic heart was touched and from the gay dining room they went to the poor little room of the girl. She sat down by the girl's bedside and tried to comfort her, but nothing that she said seemed to soothe the sufferer. She took her hand and smoothed her hair.

"Won't you confide in me?" she asked kindly.

The girl shook her head. "I will not tell his name," she said.

The doctor stood behind his wife and made a sign that seemed to change her mind.

"His name is ——" the girl whispered. Pearl bent low to hear the whispered words, and then started back violently when she heard his name. She almost cried out.

"Do you know him?" the girl asked.

"No, no, dear," she exclaimed, trembling, "he—he is—a stranger to me."

He Got It.

On the day following the railroad wreck near Harrisburg, Pa., recently, while a party of newspaper men were waiting in one of the company's offices awaiting news, word came that some of the railroad claim agents had already settled with and secured releases from some of the injured passengers.

That called forth a story of the experience of a claim agent who had been sent to settle with a passenger injured in a wreck on a southern railroad, in which a coach had rolled down an embankment. The passenger had several ribs and a leg broken, a scalp wound and internal injuries, and the railroad man stood ready to have paid his $2,500 for a release.

When asked what he thought would be right, the injured passenger, an Arkansan, said:

"Wall, stranger, that was a pretty long fall. They tell me that that car must have rolled about sixty feet. I think I ought to get $1 a foot, anyway."

Charming.

While Prof. Henry Drummond was calling on a friend on his last visit here he was introduced to a party of American girls.

"How very formal you are here when you are introduced," he said. "Now, in England we always shake hands. What do you do here when you say good-by?"

"Oh, we kiss," said the youngest of the party, a charming girl of 16.

"Ah, that's charming," responded Prof. Drummond: "Suppose we say good-by right now."

Design for Tailor's Stationery.

A gentleman called last week at a large stationer's to order some notepaper with a heading. On being shown various designs, monograms, etc., "No," he said, "I want something simpler—just a flower, a forget-me-not."

"But, sir, that would surely be more suitable for a young lady."

"I know what I want," was the prompt reply; "I am a tailor, and the paper is for my customers."

TERROR OF FRENCH HEELS.

Doctors Tell of Harm Done by This Foolish Fashion in Shoes.

"You might as well turn the stream of a garden hose against the wind, in the hope of stopping the blow, as to attempt to convince the average woman that the high French heel is injurious," said a practitioner whose patients are women almost exclusively, to the New York Press, "but doctors see every day illustrations of the harm done by this absurd and, I may say, abominable following of a fashionable fad. The high heel, I mean the ridiculous high heel, which lifts the rear cushion of the foot four inches from the ground and pitches the body forward is in direct defiance of the laws of nature. No woman who wears these abominations can expect to maintain an erect carriage and when that becomes impossible she may as well prepare herself for a sunken, scrawny throat as she grows older. The women of early Greece who wore sandals and let the soles of their feet lie flat on the ground were noted for their beautiful throats and busts. Ugly as our Indian squaws are in facial contour, their bust development is perfect, because they breathe naturally and the healthful and natural expansion of the lungs gives them a fullness and beauty at the throat that their civilized sisters would give anything to possess, but they never will get it so long as they attempt to imitate the kangaroo and strain muscles never intended to have such a burden put on them."

He Found the Private Still.

My father is Dean Bowman, an old newspaper man, now living in retirement on his farm, The Points, and he tells this on himself:

"Once upon a time I was doing the exchanges on a Boston daily when I ran across this item in a small Granite state weekly: 'We are creditably informed that a private still exists out in the suburbs.'

"Visions of a good feature article, a great scoop and the $50 which the government offers for information of moonshining flashed through my mind and made me quickly decide to ask for a leave and hurry to the New Hampshire hills.

"On my arrival at the end of a 100 mile journey I hurried to make my errand known to the kindly editor, and after he got through laughing he said:

"'The item is literally true, but it was about a young fellow in the outskirts, belonging to Company A, who ran for corporal, got beaten and is a private still.'"—Boston Herald.

Burial of Napoleon.

Yes, bury me deep in the infinite sea,
Let my heart have a limitless grave;
For my spirit in life was as fierce and free
  As the course of the tempest-wave.

As far from the stretch of all earthly control
  Were the fathomless depths of my mind;
And the ebbs and flows of my single soul
  Were as tides to the rest of mankind.

Then my briny pall shall engirdle the world,
  As in life did the voice of my fame;
And each mutinous billow that's skyward curled
  Shall seem to re-echo my name.

That name shall be storied in annals of crime
  In the uttermost corners of earth;
Now breathed as a curse—now a spell word sublime,
  In the glorified land of my birth.

Ay, plunge my dark heart in the infinite sea,
  It would burst from a narrower tomb;
Shall less than ocean his sepulchre be
  Whose mandate to millions was doom?

Noted For Her Beauty.

The countess of Northbrook, until a short while ago better known as Viscountess Baring, is looked upon as one of the handsomest women in London society. During the life of the late earl, says the Tattler, she always spent much of her time with him at his country home in Hampshire, and there shone as the most brilliant hostess in the country, arranging the shooting parties entirely herself and superintending the very smallest detail as to the comfort of her father-in-law's guests. The earl was devoted to her and was never tired of showing off her portraits and pictures, of which he had no fewer than fifty different kinds, and always talked of her as his "beautiful daughter-in-law."

Sanitariums for Plants.

The latest in New York is sanitariums for plants. They are to be found in the uptown neighborhoods where families are in the habit of going away for the summer, boarding up their houses and dispensing with the services of a caretaker. Many of these families do not hesitate to leave the cats that have protected their houses from mice all winter to find either their living in the streets or strangulation in the pound when the house is closed for the summer; but they would never dream of leaving their pet plants to starve. Fashionable florists do not like the term "boarding places for plants." The signs in their windows read "sanitariums for plants."

Taken at His Word.

Once in a Massachusetts town Jacob A. Riis was asked by a gaunt, funeral sort of chap what he should say by way of introducing him to an assemblage. "Oh," replied Mr. Riis, in a spirit of levity, "say anything you like. Say I am the most distinguished man in the country. They generally do."

Whereupon his serious-minded friend marched upon the stage and calmly announced that he did not know this man Riis, whom he was charged to introduce, and had never heard of him.

"He tells," he went on, with never a wink, "that he is the most distinguished citizen in the country. You can judge for yourselves when you have heard him."

Patient, Indeed.

The old colored deacon accosted the parson on the roadside.

"Pahson," he began, "Ah want to ask yo' a question. Who was the most patient man on earf?"

"Why, bruddah," responded the parson, "Job was, ob cose."

"No, sah! Ah tell yo' Noah was."

"En how do yo' make dat out?"

"Why, Noah had two skeeters on de ark en carried dem around foh forty days en nights. Ef he cud resist slappin' et dem all dat time he was de most patient man on earf."—Chicago News.

The Master's Healing Touch

He touched her hand, and the fever left her;
  He touched her hand as He only can—
With the wondrous skill of the Great Physician
  With the tender touch of the Son of Man.

The fever pain in the throbbing temples
  Died out with the flush on brow and cheek,
The lips that had been so parched and burning
  Trembled with thanks she could not speak.

The eyes where the fever light had faded
  Looked up by her grateful tears made dim,
And she rose and ministered in her household,
  She rose and ministered unto Him.

He touched her hand and the fever left her;
  Oh, we need His touch on our fevered hands;
The still cool touch of the Man of Sorrows,
  Who knows us and loves us, and understands.

So many a life is one long fever,
  A fever of restless suspense and care,
A fever of getting, a fever of fretting,
  A fever of hurrying here and there.

Oh, what if in winning the praises of others
  We should miss at last the King's "Well done,"
If our self-wrought tasks in the Master's vineyard
  Yield nothing but leaves at the set of the sun.

He touched her hand and the fever left her.
Oh, blessed touch of the Man Divine,
So beautiful to arise and serve Him,
  When the fever is gone from your life, and mine.

It may be a fever of restless serving,
  With heart all thirsty for love and praise,
And eyes all aching and strained with yearnings
  Toward self-set goals in the future days.

Or it may be a fever of spirit anguish,
  Some tempest of sorrow that dies not down,
Till the cross at last is in meekness lifted
  And the head bows low for the thorny crown.

Or it may be a fever of pain and anger,
  When the wounded spirit is hard to bear,
And only the Lord can draw forth the arrows
  Left carelessly, cruelly, rankling there.

Whatever the fever, His touch can heal it;
  Whatever the tempest, His voice can still;
There is only joy as we do His pleasure,
  There is only rest as we choose His will.

And some day after life's fitful fever
  I think we shall say in the Home on high;
If the hands that He touched but did His bidding,
  It matters little what else went by.

Ah! Lord, Thou knowest us altogether—
  Each heart's sore sickness whatever it be.
Touch thou our hands, bid the fever leave us,
  So shall we minister unto Thee.

Fashions for Men's Coats

The modern cutaway sprang from the body-fitting justaucorps of the French, as known to the courtiers of Louis XIV and Louis XV, and the garment was in turn probably evolved from the frock, or tunic, worn in the fourteenth century, says the Sartorial Art Journal.

The first trace of a cutaway in anything like its present form is seen in old prints of French military uniforms, early in the eighteenth century. For civilian use it was worn in England about 1785 as a riding coat, the tails being very long. In 1793 it was adopted in France for walking as well as for riding and was then in shape and cut much nearer the modern cutaway than any of its predecessors, though it was usually double-breasted.

Early in the nineteenth century the cutaway had eight or nine buttons, only the fourth, fifth and sixth being used. This admitted of the wearer showing his neck-cloth, fancy waistcoat and frilled shirt to the best advantage. Not till 1840, or thereabouts, did the cutaway become almost identical with the modern garment, and since then the changes in its shape have been comparatively slight. In 1841 the word "cutaway" became a fixture in the language.

The old colonial uniform worn by Washington, with its flaps buttoned back; the coat worn by Nelson at the battle of St. Vincent, the Nile and Trafalgar, and the coat worn by Napoleon when on his way to St. Helena, were all in a general way similar to the cutaway frock.

The conventional dress coat of our time is a refined younger brother, so to speak, of the cutaway frock, and for it we are indebted to the French, who on the other hand credit the English with originating the coat that has evolved into our double-breasted frock. The coat last named was introduced into France by Montesquieu, in the year 1750.

Incidentally, we may add, the present black dress coat has, by the English-speaking nations, been restricted to evening wear little more than half a century. In some continental countries the dress coat is "proper form" for wear at court or other important formal assemblages held in the daytime.

The sack coat probably dates from the "Macaronies," who introduced it into England in 1172, though a garment somewhat similar was worn by the "Roundheads" of Cromwell's day.

Duel Averted by Strategy

Col. George W. Veale of Topeka, the well known Kansas politician, had a narrow escape from a duel one time, says the Kansas City Journal. V. J. Lane, the veteran Democratic editor of Wyandotte and one of the few survivors of the Wyandotte constitutional convention, tells the story. "It was in 1859," he says, "when Col. Veale was living at Quindaro that a long, tall Mississippian, Col. E. R. Smith, challenged him to fight a duel. Veale had been one of the leading spirits at a meeting which passed some resolutions which were rather derogatory to the character of Col. Smith and the Mississippian wanted vengeance. He wanted vengeance because he thought Veale wouldn't fight under any circumstances, so he sent him a challenge to fight a duel.

"Veale was scared almost to death when he received the challenge and he at once sent for some of his cronies to ask their advice in the matter. I was one of the number consulted and we advised him to accept, by all means.

"We told him he had every advantage and he should accept the challenge and demand that he be allowed the privilege of selecting the time, place and weapons to be used.

"The Mississippian promptly sent back work that any arrangements Veale might make would be satisfactory and he at once called his friends to arrange for the fight. Veale, at our direction, named pistols as the weapons to be used. The Mississippian told us he had never used a pistol and he wanted to practice. This just suited us and we told him we would arrange for target practice in an old barn, which we did. There was a small crowd of us went down to the target practice and Col. Smith said: 'Now, gentlemen, you do the loading and I will do the shooting.'

"The mark was fixed in place and Col. Smith began shooting, but he could not hit anything. He could not even find the mark of the bullet any place on the barn. He finally got frightened and declared he never would stand that sort of a thing and he left the barn the most nervous man you ever saw. That night he disappeared and the duel didn't come off. It might have been different if the Mississippian had discovered that in loading his pistol for that target practice we always carefully omitted to put a ball in the load."

Elephants at Their Work

"The elephants round us were dragging the logs to the mill to be sawn. They were harnessed for this with a broad breastband and heavy chains. A native looped the chains round the logs, and the elephant started off with them and deposited them on the trolley. Others were picking up the sawn planks with their trunks and carrying them across the yard to be piled.

"A mahout sat on the neck of every elephant, and if the animal picked up too small a plank the mahout would hint, with his iron spike, that two might go to that load. Then, grunting, the elephant would pick up the second, with infinite delicacy of balance, turn, march over, and deposit them beside the pile, always returning for another load so long as there were any planks ready. When there were none he would take his ease in the sun, and wait. Or perhaps there were heavy logs to be pushed from one place to another; and if pushing would do, with his trunk curled against the log, no elephant would give himself the trouble of picking it up, any more than a housemaid will pick up a chair on castors.

"More fascinating it was than I can tell to see the jungle patriarch kneel down to a heavy log, twist his trunk round it, place it on the top of the pile, and then calculate its position, and push and pull until it was square in its place. The oddest, because the most reasonable thing, was to see the elephant, pushing against the end of a very heavy log, stretch out one hind leg to give himself balance and purchase. That seemed to bring him, somehow, very near to us; he was not only doing our work, but he was doing it in our way.

"Presently, with one accord, all the elephants dropped work and moved in the direction of the sheds.

"'That means it's 11 o'clock,' said the foreman. 'Dinner hour. Not for King Edward himself could we get them to do a stroke of work from now till 3. It's their off time. At 3 they begin again, and work till dusk, and they start about 6 in the morning, but they don't understand "overtime."'"—Pall Mall Magazine.

Cowardice in Social Life

Just see how it is, in these respectable lives of ours; see how almost all our trivial shortcomings have their root back in this one shameful sin of cowardice. . . . Take extravagance, which means theft; take affectation, which means untruthfulness; take worry, which means distrust—and is not distrust an irreverence of the mind, if not of the lips? Take concern about small physical ills, which means selfish narrowness;—ah, well, the list grows as long as the Ten Commandments as we think it over. Indeed, it is a most disagreeable line of thought, and far pleasanter and easier to work out for other people, say, Mesdames X, Y and Z, than ourselves. For instance, we can see clearly enough Mrs. X.'s cowardice—in her extravagance. That woman, if you will believe it, buys a new carpet, though she hasn't paid her butcher for two months, because she is ashamed of the worn spot in front of the window! A rug would look queer in such a place, so she can't cover the spot, but she is afraid to have people see it, so she buys a new carpet. Of course she could perfectly well pull the old carpet up and have decent clean boards, but, heavens, no! she has not the courage for realities. Hence, Mr. X. sighs, and the butcher, when another month goes by and he is still unpaid, swears, and Mrs. X.'s forehead takes a new wrinkle. Coward! the thief, too, from the butcher's point of view; for, of course, the price of that carpet has come out of his pocket. (And fool, the Sinner adds, severely. For being a woman of more education than Mrs. X., she understands the dignity and refinement of economy.)—Margaret Deland, in Harper's Bazar.

The only high grade Baking Powder made at a moderate price.

Calumet Baking Powder

An Empty Title.

Friend of the Family—"Why do you always speak of your father as 'the governor?'"

Son—"It pleases him so much. He never really has a say in anything; mother is the real executive."—Detroit Free Press.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Not Explicit.

"You all time growlin' at the ice trust," said Brother Williams, "but dey ain't no ice trust whar you gwine."

"What does you mean by dat, suh?"

"Never min' 'bout dat, suh; des keep on—des keep on."—Atlanta Constitution.

Mrs. J. H. Giles, Everett, Pa., Suffered years with kidney and gravel trouble. Cured by Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, Rondout, N. Y. $1.00

Very Realistic.

"'And when the hero spoke,'" read the girl with the novel, "'there was a lump in the heroine's throat.'"

"Poor girl," sighed her chum, "I bet she felt bad."

"Not at all; she felt good."

"And how was that?"

"Why, it was a lump of ice cream."

Nothing.

"There, now," said Borem, after a long talk, "there's a little good advice for you for nothing."

"Yes," replied the long-suffering friend, "that's most what it's good for."

The Future Bargains.

"Yes," said the dry goods merchant, "it is true that we propose to establish a hospital as an adjunct to our store."

"To treat the victims of bargain rushes?" was asked.

"Yes, but that is merely a beginning. Later on I expect to see the business branch out and I dare say we shall treat all comers for all sorts of complaints at exceptionally low figures. In my mind's eye I can see our advertisements reading:

SPECIAL! THIS DAY ONLY!
Appendicitis operations at Cut Rates.
Positively One Operation to Each Customer!
Satisfaction Guaranteed or Appendix Replaced and Money Refunded!

Easy.

"She doesn't know which one to marry."

"How do you suppose she'll decide?"

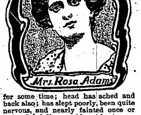
"By waiting until one proposes."—Houston Post.

Cure For The Blues

ONE MEDICINE THAT HAS NEVER FAILED

Health Fully Restored and the Joy of Life Regained

When a cheerful, brave, light-hearted woman is suddenly plunged into that perfection of misery, the BLUES, it is a sad picture. It is usually this way: She has been feeling "out of sorts"



for some time; head has ached and back also; has slept poorly, been quite nervous, and nearly fainted once or twice; head dizzy, and heart-beats very fast; then that bearing-down feeling, and during her menstrual period she is exceedingly despondent. Nothing pleases her. Her doctor says: "Cheer up: you have dyspepsia; you will be all right soon."

But she doesn't get "all right," and hope vanishes; then come the brooding, morbid, melancholy, everlasting BLUES.

Don't wait until your sufferings have driven you to despair, with your nerves all shattered and your courage gone, but take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. See what it did for Mrs. Rosa Adams, of 819 12th Street, Louisville, Ky., niece of the late General Roger Hanson, C.S.A. She writes: Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I cannot tell you with pen and ink what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I suffered with female troubles, extreme lassitude, 'the blues,' nervousness and that all-gone feeling. I was advised to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it not only cured my female derangement, but it has restored me to perfect health and strength. The buoyancy of my younger days has returned, and I do not suffer any longer with despondency, as I did before. I consider Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a boon to sick and suffering women."

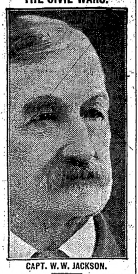
If you have some derangement of the female organism write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice.

LEAVES NO SCAR
Cures—
Cuts,
Sprains,
Bruises,
Rheumatism,
And All Hurts of Man or Beast
DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL
The World's Greatest Healer
OLNEY & McDAID, Mfrs., Clinton, Ia.
At druggists in 50c, $1, $3 and $5 Sizes
Sent prepaid if your druggist cannot furnish.

N W N U —NO. 29— 1905

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS.
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

A VETERAN OF THE BLACK HAWK, MEXICAN AND THE CIVIL WARS.



CAPT. W. W. JACKSON.

Sufferings were protracted and Severe—Tried Every Known Remedy Without Relief—Serious Stomach Trouble Cured by Three Bottles of Peruna!

Capt. W. W. Jackson, 705 G St., N.W., Washington, D. C., writes:

"I am eighty-three years old, a veteran of the Black Hawk, Mexican and the Civil Wars. I am by profession a physician, but abandoned the same.

"Some years ago I was seriously affected with catarrh of the stomach. My sufferings were protracted and severe. I tried every known remedy without obtaining relief.

"In desperation I began the use of your Peruna. I began to realize immediate though gradual improvement.

"After the use of three bottles every appearance of my complaint was removed, and I have no hesitation in recommending it as an infallible remedy for that disorder."—W. W. Jackson.

Address Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Egyptian Repartee.

Cleopatra was relating to Antony the wonderful story of how she swallowed the pearls.

"I only have one wish," said Antony.

"And what is that?" inquired the ancient queen.

"Why, that I could swallow the story as easily as you say you swallowed the pearls."

And even the sphinx smiled.—

DISFIGURING ULCER.

People Looked at Her in Amazement—Pronounced Incurable—Face Now Clear as Ever—Thank God for Cuticura.

Mrs. P. Hackett of 400 Van Buren St., Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I wish to give thanks for the marvelous cure of my mother by Cuticura. She had a severe ulcer, which physicians had pronounced incurable. It was a terrible disfigurement, and people would stand in amazement and look after her. After there was no hope from doctors she began using Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills, and now, thank God, she is completely cured, and her face is as smooth and clear as ever.

His First Trial.

He—The groom looked awfully green, didn't he?

She—He was; he'd never been married before.—Detroit Free Press.

INSECTS PESTS OF MILLERS.

Over Forty Varieties of Moths and Beetles Bother Them.

"Millers have a good deal to contend with in modern times," said A. H. Hull of Kansas City. "More than forty species of destructive moths and beetles infest granaries, some of which were only recently imported and some have been known as an enemy to stored grain ever since very ancient times. It takes a keen eye to detect in apparently sound wheat the presence of a 'granary weevil,' but if the grains have been stung by it incalculable injury may be done in a short time. Another destructive insect that infests mills is the flour moth, known as the scourge of the flour mill. These insects excel in web-spinning and sometimes mix up so much with the grain that the machinery is clogged and mills are stopped for long periods. The Indian meal moth excels in devouring the germs of wheat, injuring it for seed. A flat little beetle called the 'flour weevil' often makes its appearance in flour after it has been barreled or bagged. They are the worst pests in the milling world that I can think of now, and I sometimes wonder that the American public is blessed with such excellent flour in the face of all this insect opposition."—Milwaukee Free Press.

COMES A TIME

When Coffee Shows What It Has Been Doing.

"Of late years coffee has disagreed with me," writes a matron from Rome, N. Y.; "it's lightest punishment was to make me 'logy' and dizzy, and it seemed to thicken up my blood.

"The heaviest was when it upset my stomach completely, destroying my appetite and making me nervous and irritable, and sent me to my bed. After one of these attacks, in which I nearly lost my life, I concluded to quit and try Postum Food Coffee.

"It went right to the spot! I found it not only a most palatable and refreshing beverage, but a food as well.

"All my ailments, the 'loginess' and dizziness, the unsatisfactory condition of my blood, my nervousness and irritability disappeared in short order and my sorely afflicted stomach began quickly to recover. I began to rebuild and have steadily continued until now. Have a good appetite and am rejoicing in sound health, which I owe to the use of Postum Food Coffee." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," found in each pkg.

LIVE STOCK

Science of Cattle Feeding.

L. H. Kerrick, one of the best-known cattle feeders of Illinois, says:

I have had steers I was trying to fatten get such a habit of standing along the fence to watch what other cattle were doing, that we could hardly get them up to their feed at the proper time. They would rather rubber than eat. If we propose to give our cattle good care, we will need to look after their habits and try to have them form good habits instead of bad ones.

I think the habit of lying down a good part of the time can be encouraged and promoted in steers feeding for beef. I never feel that I have my steers coming just right until I find them lying down much of the time. And when a bunch of steers are found lying quietly, there ought to be very good reason to justify arousing them.

If it is at all convenient for your visitor to wait, have him do so until it is convenient for the steers to get up of their own accord. I have seen one claiming to be a cattleman—oh, yes, he "had fed steers before you were born"—ride to a bunch of nearly fat steers all lying down quietly, and with his buggy whip strike them smartly here and there, scarcely allowing a frightened steer half time to arise in a dignified and beef-making way. Such a man has very much to learn in cattle business and is not very likely to learn much more.

The whole proper care of cattle might be summed up in this: Make them comfortable and keep them comfortable, in mind and in body. It is so well worth your while. Cattle are easily frightened, and there are many things that frighten them and fill them with apprehension. They can not and will not thrive except they feel safe, satisfied and comfortable.

We have often been complimented on our success in gentling our cattle. We do not take much pains to gentle our cattle. We take great pains to do nothing to make them afraid or suspicious of us. It follows then that the cattle of themselves become gentle and confident that they are safe in our hands.

Thrifty Sheep.

I do not believe that it pays to half starve a sheep just because it is very difficult to starve a sheep to death. So much has been said about the little required for sheep, about the way they will grow fat on weeds and about the little attention they need receive, that people cannot be much blamed if, having never had sheep to care for, they get a bunch and let them rough it to the extent of becoming thriftless and unprofitable.

Now, the only thing in favor of letting sheep rough it is that they will consume weeds if they have to and will consume some of them anyway, even if they do not have to. But sheep made to live on a little grass and a good many weeds will never amount to much in the way of money-makers. They need to be kept thrifty and that means that they must have a good pasture, and when the pasture begins to fail must have additional feed. The farmer must keep in mind the fact that the same laws govern a sheep as govern other farm animals that are raised for their meat.

The sheep must be kept healthy if it is to be able to resist disease. I hear very little complaint about sick sheep on those farms where sheep have been raised so long that their owner knows what they need. My advice now is not to the old keeper of sheep but to the man that is going into sheep raising for the first time. I believe that the thriftless condition of sheep caused by poor feeding has been responsible for the bad repute in which sheep are held on many farms.

A thrifty sheep is one that will always be a satisfaction to the owner and an encouragement to others to go into the business of sheep raising.

Cass Co., Ill. Frank Kidder.

Home Instinct in Cattle.

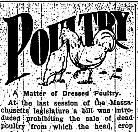
There are three thousand head of cattle running loose in the Pinal basin of Arizona and they are owned by twenty men. Each aimal has a brand on his hip as broad as a ham, and crops, bits and underhacks galore in his ears. Beyond these marks of ownership he is as free as a deer and should he so select could wander from the Mexican border to the Canadian line without running up against a barbed wire fence. Yet such is the simple nature of cattle that they "use" in the country where they are born and only the utmost stress of wind and weather will suffice to drive them away. They are "home folks" and stick to their barren canyons and water holes with all the devotion of untutored rural man. The calf runs with his mother and learns her ways, which become his ways. It is upon this home instinct that the practice of western cattle-raising rests.—Dave Coolidge in Sunset Magazine.

Good Grades.

Grades among horses and cattle are more easily produced than full bloods because the number of unregistered females is far greater than the number registered or that have the right to be registered. It requires the selection only of a good sire to insure a certain amount of quality, but to get the best quality it is necessary to have a good dam as well as a good sire. Good grades, whether of horses or cattle, are worth far more than poor grades. We have no standard of grades and can have none, though breeders from time to time have tried to put upon paper what they considered the points of good grades of different breeds. Some day we may have associations dealing with grades only, and when that time comes the characteristics of the good grades may be defined by rules tending toward a standard.

Knowledge on Tuberculosis.

Some of our stations should enter on tests to determine the contagiousness of tuberculosis and how to get rid of it, if it can be got rid of. We have little reliable data on the subject, but a great deal that is of doubtful value.



POULTRY

A Matter of Dressed Poultry.

At the last session of the Massachusetts legislature a bill was introduced prohibiting the sale of dead poultry from which the head, crop and entrails had not been removed. The bill was so vigorously fought by the sellers of poultry that it was finally killed. It had been introduced in the interest of public health, and it was sustained by a vote of 6 to 5 in the committee to which it was referred, which was the health committee. The majority of the committee declared it their belief that undrawn poultry was less healthful than drawn poultry and that in the main it was less salable. This latter point is not to be doubted. Certain it is that more poultry would be used if it were sold drawn; for a good many housewives object very strenuously to the drawing process and more often other meats are purchased in place of poultry for this reason. The people that have hired help in the kitchen are not affected by this consideration, but a great proportion of the consumers of poultry do not belong to this class. As to healthfulness, it is also clear that the entrails sometimes taint the meat. At a church fair in Massachusetts out of 130 people that partook of chicken, 35 were made very sick, and it was found that this sickness came from the eating of chicken meat that had been tainted by the decaying entrails.

The committee had another charge against the use of undrawn poultry which was that one-eighth of the chicken was waste and that this cost the consumers from $600 to $800 a ton. But this was a reason for the dealers fighting the bill, and we assume it was the only real reason. In some markets the dealers buy their fowls alive and stuff them with corn just before being killed. The crop then contains corn that has cost a cent a pound and for which the dealer gets all the way from 12 to 18 cents a pound. It does not count for much with one bird, but it does count for a good deal with hundreds of birds. A dealer that has a good run of trade can easily clear from $1 to $5 a day in this way, quite a comfortable "rake off" in the course of a year. Of the turkeys condemned in Boston last year 292,000 pounds were undrawn.

Try Ducks.

Try a few ducks, of almost any breed, and the result from a financial point of view will be so good that they will become a fixed factor of farm effort. The man that wishes to go into duck raising has ten standard breeds to choose from, any one of which will give satisfaction. The ten breeds are: White Pekin, White Aylesbury, Colored Rouen, White Muscovy, Gray Call, White Call, Black East Indian and Crested White. Of these the first six are quite generally raised and are considered profitable. The next three breeds are bantams and are bred more for the show room than for anything else, while the Crested White is a purely ornamental breed.

The beauty about ducks is their hardiness and freedom from disease. They have the further advantage over chickens of being to a larger extent grazers. A good lot of clover or other herbaceous growth will supply a large part of their food. Water is abundant enough in this country to furnish feeding grounds for ducks, which do better as a general thing when they have water than when they are confined to unnatural conditions, though we know there are people that dispute this.

The Daily Cow.

Some one has said that a "cow is partly born and partly made," and that will appeal to every one as being exactly true. We hear a good deal about feeding and we hear a good deal about breeding, and the advocates of each claim for them about all the virtues that are discoverable. The fact is, however, that it is a combination of the two that will produce the kind of cow we must have. It is the combination of the two that has produced the cow we now have whether she be good or bad.

A naturally poor dairy cow badly fed will prove continuously unprofitable. A poor dairy cow well fed may yield a small revenue. A good dairy cow badly fed will produce only a little revenue and it is probable that she will never have her full capacity developed. One of the things that has been brought out by good feeding is that many cows that were supposed to be poor cows were simply cows that had been always so poorly fed that they had never had their full capacities developed.

The man that is bright enough to study breeding till he can get a herd of highly bred cows, and study feeding till he can get every cow to giving milk to her full capacity, is the man that will make money out of his dairy herd.

Preventing Tuberculosis.

Tuberculosis may be prevented by keeping it out of the herd. If it gets in, it spreads with great rapidity. As a result of promiscuously adding animals to their herds, several of our experiment stations have had to slaughter almost all of their dairy animals. All animals should be purchased on the tuberculin test and then should be retested in three or six months. Also milk from the creamery should not be fed the calves unless it has been heated to a point where all germs of tuberculosis will be killed.

Irregular Feeding.

Irregular feeding is as bad for hogs as for any other animal or man. I do not refer to the feeding of pasturage, but the feeding of grain or milk. This should be given perhaps twice a day, but not three or four times a day at one time and twice a day at another, and then at irregular times of day. We should remember that animal life is the same whether it makes itself manifest in the human body or in the body of one of the creatures lower in the scale of life than man.—Albert Jones.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912, Pioneer Press Building, St. Paul, Minn.; Leroy Buffington, Minneapolis, Minn., acetylene gas generator; Elias Hanson, Garretson, S. D., train pipe coupling; James Loomis, St. Lawrence, S. D., bracket lamp; Martin Mahlen, Osakis, Minn., wrench for threshing cylinders; Ole Vold, Dawson, Minn., leveling attachment for seperators; Robert O'Hearn, Barnesville, Minn., boiler stay; Maurice Pendergast, Minneapolis, Minn., wire fence fabric.

UNIVERSE ALL ALIVE.

Creed of Man Who Gives His Life to Study of Plant Creation.

I asked Mr. Burbank this question:

"Has anything developed in your life-work, and in your study of the great elemental forces of nature to imperil true faith or render dead a belief in God or the immortality of the soul?"

He answered:

"My theory of the laws and underlying principles of plant creation is in many respects diametrically opposed to the theories of the materialists. I am a sincere believer in a higher power than that of man. All my investigations have led me away from the idea of a dead, material universe, tossed about by various forces, to that of a universe which is absolutely all force, life, soul, thought, or whatever name we may choose to call it. Every atom, molecule, plant, animal, or planet is only an aggregation of organized unit forces held in place by stronger forces, thus holding them for a time latent, though teeming with unconceivable power. All life in our planet is, so to speak, just on the outer fringe of this infinite ocean of force. The universe is not half dead, but all alive."—

Reads Like a Miracle.

Moravia, N. Y., July 17th.—(Special)—Bordering on the miraculous is the case of Mrs. Benj. Wilson, of this place. Suffering from Sugar Diabetes, she wasted away till from weighing 200 lbs. she barely tipped the scales at 130 lbs. Dodd's Kidney Pills cured her. Speaking of her cure her husband, says:

"My wife suffered everything from Sugar Diabetes. She was sick four years and doctored with two doctors, but received no benefit. She had so much pain all over that she could not rest day or night. The doctors said that she could not live.

"Then an advertisement led me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills, and they helped her right from the first. Five boxes of them cured her. Dodd's Kidney Pills were a God-sent remedy to us and we recommend them to all suffering from Kidney Disease."

Dodd's Kidney Pills cure all Kidney Diseases, including Bright's disease, and all Kidney aches, including Rheumatism.

Many a man wastes enough perspiration praying for dimes to earn ten times as many dollars.

Went Deep.

"Is Brown's wife one of those deep feeling women?"

"I guess so; he says he can never keep any change in his pockets."—

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave. N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

It is easy to call our impulses His inspiration.

Heaven has feasts for home coming wanderers but no so much as a hand-out for the tramp.

"That girl seems to have what the Bible calls itching ears."

"Why so?"

"Because she appears to be tickled to death at everything her beau says."

THE DAISY FLY KILLER destroys all the flies and affords comfort to every home—in dining-room, sleeping-room and places where flies are troublesome. Clean, neat, will not soil or injure anything. Try them once you will never be without them. If not kept by dealers, sent prepaid for 20c. Harold Somers, 149 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Facts Are Stubborn Things

Uniform excellent quality for over a quarter of a century has steadily increased the sales of LION COFFEE, The leader of all package coffees.

Lion Coffee is now used in millions of homes. Such popular success speaks for itself. It is a positive proof that LION COFFEE has the Confidence of the people.

The uniform quality of LION COFFEE survives all opposition.

LION COFFEE keeps its old friends and makes new ones every day.

LION COFFEE has even more than its Strength, Flavor and Quality to commend it. On arrival from the plantation, it is carefully roasted at our factories and securely packed in 1 lb. sealed packages, and not opened again until needed for use in the home. This precludes the possibility of adulteration or contact with germs, dirt, dust, insects or unclean hands. The absolute purity of LION COFFEE is therefore guaranteed to the consumer.

Sold only in 1 lb. packages. Lion-head on every package.
Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

FREE! FOR HOT WEATHER

A BOTTLE OF

Mull's Grape Tonic

TO ALL WHO WRITE FOR IT NOW

It will protect you against the dangers of heat.

Constipation or Decaying Bowels Cause Diarrhea, Cholera, Etc.

Blood Disorders, Skin Eruptions, Bad Complexion, Sun Stroke, Heat Prostration, Etc., Etc.

Diarrhea, Cholera, Bowel Trouble, Etc., are symptoms of Constipation. Constipation means practically dead intestines and poisoned blood. Constipation is most dangerous during hot weather on account of sun strokes—heat debility—prostration, etc. If you suddenly check dysentery—fatal blood poison may result—a physic weakens and does not remove the cause, makes you worse. Dysentery, Cholera, Bowel Troubles, Etc., disappear when Constipation is cured.

Revive and strengthen the intestines or bowels before they decay from inactivity and contact with rotting food. Until MULL'S GRAPE TONIC was put on the American market there was no cure for constipation.

We will now prove to you that MULL'S GRAPE TONIC will protect you against heat prostration and that it cures Blood Disorders, Constipation, Stomach and Bowel Trouble. It acts as food to the blood and intestines, cleanses and strengthens them and ejects the poison and decayed matter. MULL'S GRAPE TONIC is nearly 50 per cent grape which renders it a splendid tonic for the system during hot weather.

WRITE FOR THIS FREE BOTTLE TODAY

Good for Ailing Children and Nursing Mothers

FREE COUPON

Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, a Stomach Tonic and Constipation Cure, to

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO.,
148 Third Avenue, Rock Island, Illinois

Give Full Address and Write Plainly

The $1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size. At drug stores.

The genuine has a date and number stamped on the label—take no other from your druggist.

"Yes"
Churches
School Houses
and Homes

ought to be decorated and made beautiful and healthful by using

Alabastine
THE SANITARY WALL COATING

A Rock Cement in white and beautiful tints. Does not rub or scale. Destroys disease germs and vermin. No washing of walls after once applied. Any one can brush it on—mix with cold water. Plain tinting and whitening, and the most elaborate relief, stencil work and frescoing may be done with it. Other finishes (bearing fanciful names and mixed with hot water) do not have the cementing property of Alabastine. They are stuck on with glue or other animal matter, which rots, feeding disease germs, rubbing, scaling and spoiling walls, clothing, etc. Such finishes must be washed off every year—costly, filthy work. Buy Alabastine only in five-pound packages, properly labeled. Tint card, pretty wall and ceiling design, "Hints on Decorating," and our artists' services in making color plans, free.

ALABASTINE COMPANY,
Grand Rapids, Mich., or 105 Water St., N. Y.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

Libby's Natural Flavor Food Products

Don't Be Without Them in Your Home
They Are Always Ready to Serve

Lunch Tongues Veal Loaf
Boneless Chicken Dried Beef
Brisket Beef Soups
Jellied Hocks Baked Beans

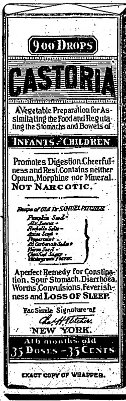
Ask Your Grocer

The Booklet "How to Make Good Things to Eat" sent free.

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

Don't Poison Baby.

FORTY YEARS AGO almost every mother thought her child must have PAREGORIC or laudanum to make it sleep. These drugs will produce sleep, and A FEW DROPS TOO MANY will produce the SLEEP FROM WHICH THERE IS NO WAKING. Many are the children who have been killed or whose health has been ruined for life by paregoric, laudanum and morphine, each of which is a narcotic product of opium. Druggists are prohibited from selling either of the narcotics named to children at all, or to anybody without labelling them "poison." The definition of "narcotic" is: *"A medicine which relieves pain and produces sleep, but which in poisonous doses produces stupor, coma, convulsions and death."* The taste and smell of medicines containing opium are disguised, and sold under the names of "Drops," "Cordials," "Soothing Syrups," etc. You should not permit any medicine to be given to your children without you or your physician know of what it is composed. CASTORIA DOES NOT CONTAIN NARCOTICS, if it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.



900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. J. W. Dinsdale, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I use your Castoria and advise its use in all families where there are children."

Dr. Alexander E. Mintie, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "I have frequently prescribed your Castoria and have found it a reliable and pleasant remedy for children."

Dr. J. S. Alexander, of Omaha, Neb., says: "A medicine so valuable and beneficial for children as your Castoria is, deserves the highest praise. I find it in use everywhere."

Dr. J. A. McClellan, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I have frequently prescribed your Castoria for children and always got good results. In fact I use Castoria for my own children."

Dr. J. W. Allen, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I heartily endorse your Castoria. I have frequently prescribed it in my medical practice, and have always found it to do all that is claimed for it."

Dr. C. H. Glidden, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "My experience as a practitioner with your Castoria has been highly satisfactory, and I consider it an excellent remedy for the young."

Dr. H. D. Benner, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have used your Castoria as a purgative in the cases of children for years past with the most happy effect, and fully endorse it as a safe remedy."

Dr. J. A. Boarman, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria is a splendid remedy for children, known the world over. I use it in my practice and have no hesitancy in recommending it for the complaints of infants and children."

Dr. J. J. Mackey, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I consider your Castoria an excellent preparation for children, being composed of reliable medicines and pleasant to the taste. A good remedy for all disturbances of the digestive organs."

Dr. Howard James, of New York City, says: "It is with great pleasure that I desire to testify to the medicinal virtue of your Castoria. I have used it with marked benefit in the case of my own daughter, and have obtained excellent results from its administration to other children in my practice."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.

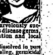
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY ST, NEW YORK CITY.

MILLIONS OF WOMEN USE

Cuticura SOAP

Assisted by Cuticura Ointment, the great Skin Cure, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations, or undue perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery.

Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp. Boston. Mailed Free, "A Book for Women."



PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN

troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES

For sale at druggists; 50 cents a box.

Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.

THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

MINNEAPOLIS. WOODWARD & CO., GRAIN COMMISSION. DULUTH.

ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS.

HEAT'S AWFUL WORK GOES ON

RECORD OF DEATHS AND PROSTRATIONS GREATLY INCREASED IN EAST.

DEATH LIST OVER A HUNDRED

IN NEW YORK ALONE SEVENTY-FIVE FALL VICTIMS TO TERRIBLE HEAT.

STORMS BRING SOME RELIEF

EASES UP CONDITIONS WHICH HAD BECOME ACTUALLY TERRIFYING.

New York, July 20.—While the record of deaths and prostrations greatly exceeded that of Tuesday there was a distinct dimunition yesterday of the temperature prevailing throughout the eastern section of the country. Although the midday heat was everywhere terrific, it was broken by scattered thunderstorms, many of a very violent character, and toward evening the temperature fell rapidly until normal summer conditions were reached. In New York the highest temperature recorded was 95, one degree lower than that of Tuesday. Philadelphia reported a slightly higher maximum range and in other cities the highest point of Tuesday was not touched, while everywhere a sharp fall was noticed.

Death's Awful Harvest.

Following are the maximum temperatures and the deaths and prostrations from the effects of the heat:

City.	Maximum Temperature.	Deaths.	Prostrations.
New York	95	75	167
Philadelphia	95.8	10	40
Baltimore	92.2	4	5
Washington	92	1	14
Boston	94	1	25
Pittsburg	87	5	6

As usual the maximum official temperatures were everywhere exceeded by those prevailing in the crowded streets, where the actual temperature frequently exceeded 100 degrees.

Reaches Appalling Total.

The cumulative effect of the continued torridity of these days was painfully evident in the enormous increase in the number of deaths in New York. While the death roll of Tuesday was only 26, that of yesterday reached the appalling total of 75, being nearly half of those prostrated.

This was almost entirely due to the collapse of young children and aged persons whose exhausted vitality was unequal to the strain of further suffering. After a night of sweltering heat spent by thousands in the streets, in the public parks, on piers along the river front and in every vacant place that promised a breath of air, the conditions that confronted the people of New York yesterday morning were terrifying. The sun rose in a cloudless sky and hour after hour the heat grew

More and More Intense.

Every ambulance was kept busy, and by noon the hospitals were crowded with sufferers.

At 3 o'clock in the afternoon came the long prayed-for relief when a terrific thunder storm and a deluge of rain burst over Brooklyn and the lower port of Manhattan and sections of New Jersey. In Brooklyn two men were struck by lightning and seriously hurt, and in Jersey City one man was killed. While the storm lasted only a few minutes and left the upper part of the city untouched, the relief was instantaneous, and from then the mercury fell steadily and a cool breezs springing up after sundown, gave assurances of a comfortable night.

Fifty Children Die in Detroit.

Detroit, Mich., July 20.—The maximum temperature in Detroit yesterday was 88 degrees. As near as can be learned from reports so far made to the health office, fifty children have died during the present hot spell from troubles brought on by the heat.

Deaths and Damage in Indiana.

Indianapolis, July 20.—Intense heat and a severe electric storm which swept over Northern Indiana yesterday, doing considerable damage in the agricultural districts, are responsible for six fatalities, according to dispatches received here up to a late hour.

FUNSTON IS FINED.

General's Father Penalized for Disturbing the Peace.

Iola, Kan., July 20.—E. H. Funston, former congressman from this district and father of Gen. Frederick Funston, was yesterday in police court found guilty of disturbing the peace and with having carried concealed weapons. He was fined $5 on each charge and the costs of the suit were charged against him, making a total of $31.55.

Woman Kills a Nuisance.

Ingersoll, Ont., July 20.—Because he persisted in coming to her home Mrs. Emiline Kell yesterday shot and killed David McGee and then went to the police headquarters and gave herself up. She said she was sorry, but she was forced to shoot McGee to protect herself.

Loses Son; Hangs Self.

Sioux City, Iowa, July 20.—Henry Ehrick, a prominent farmer, hearing news of the drowning of his scn William, committed suicide by hanging.

GA YLIFE IN PRISON.

Great Carnival of Merrymaking in Michigan Penitentiary.

Jackson, Mich., July 20.—When the circus came to town some time ago several convicts in the state penitentiary were set free for a day by Warden Vincent to see the show. At least Former Deputy Warden Foote and James Hazzard of Detroit, an ex-convict, tells Gov. Warner so. Foote and Hazzard, who have become angry at Vincent, say all the convicts came back when the circus was over, because they had a better time in prison than they could have anywher else. Gov. Warner has ordered an investigation. Foote and Hazzard declare the prison virtually is run by John Higgins, a murderer from Adrian, and James Burns, a "gentleman burglar" from Detroit. Vincent is represented as having taken part in the prisoners' revels. Another charge is that a large number of convicts are morphine eaters. It is said that several of the inmates have become so infatuated with prison life that they have stayed in jail several years after their terms expired.

CANNON IS ARRESTED.

Son of Former Mormon President Is Charged With Forgery.

Salt Lake City, Utah, July 20.—John Q. Cannon, formerly secretary of the Utah Louisiana Purchase fair commission, has been arrested at Lethbridge, Can., on the charge of forgery and uttering fraudulent papers. Cannon is a son of the late George Q. Cannon, for many years one of the first presidents of the Mormon church, and the brother-in-law of Former Gov. Heber M. Wells. When serving as secretary of the fair commission Cannon obtained several thousand dollars by fraudulent vouchers, it is alleged. The matter was investigated by the state legislature and Cannon left the state.

BLINDS HER FATHER.

Chicago Woman Throws Carbolic Acid in Parent's Eyes.

Chicago, July 20.—Esther Hacken, a young woman who acted as housekeeper for her father, who is seventy years of age, last night threw carbolic acid in her father's eyes, totally blinding him. She told the police after being arrested that her father had interfered so often in the management of the household affairs that she could no longer endure it, and that during a quarrel she picked up the bottle of acid and dashed it in his face.

KILLED IN RUNNING FIGHT.

Negro Who Had Participated in Shooting Scrape Is Killed by Posse.

Sumner, Miss., July 20.—Frank Allen and J. Barksdale were shot by two negroes, Will and Henry Harris, brothers, on the plantation of Tom James, at Sharkey, about fifteen miles from here, yesterday. Allen may die, but Barksdale is not so seriously wounded. In a running fight between a posse and the two negroes, one of the latter was killed and Martin Edwards, a member of the posse, was severely wounded.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, July 20. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.09 1-2; No. 2 Northern, $1.05 1-2@1.06 1-2; No. 3, $1.01@1.03 1-2. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 54 3-4@55 1-2c. Oats—No. 3 white, 30 1-2 @ 31 1-2c.

Minneapolis, July 20. —Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.09 1-2; No. 1 Northern, $1.07 1-2; No. 2 Northern, $1.03 1-2 @ 1.05 1-2. Oats—No. 3 white, 31 3-8c.

Duluth, July 20. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.07 1-2; No. 2 Northern, 99 1-2c; flax, $1.48; rye, 62 1-2c.

Chicago, July 20. — Wheat — No. 2 red, new, 90@90 1-2c; No. 2 hard, new, 92c; No. 3 hard, new, 90c; No. 1 Northern, $1.15; No. 2 Northern, $1.08 @1.12. Corn—No. 2, 57@57 1-2c. Oats —No. 2, 31@31 1-2c.

Milwaukee, July 20. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.12; No. 2 Northern, $1.06@1.10. Rye—No. 1, 79c. Barley —No. 2, 53c. Oats—Standard, 33 1-4 @34c. Corn—No. 3, 54 7-8@55c.

Sioux City, Iowa, July 20.—Cattle—Beeves, $4 @ 5.25; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.75@4.50; stockers and feeders, $2@4; calves and yearlings, $2.75 @3.90. Hogs—Bulk, $5.40@5.45.

Chicago, July 20. — Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.50 @ 6.10; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.85; cows, $2.50@4.60; heifers, $2.50@5; calves, $3 @ 6. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.40@5.80; bulk, $5.60 @ 5.75. Sheep — Good to choice wethers, $3.75@5.50; native lambs, $4.50@8; Western lambs, $4.50@6.40.

South St. Paul, July 20. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $5@5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4; butcher bulls, $2.75@3.50; veals, $2@4.50; good to choice stock steers, $2.50 @3.50; good to choice milch cows, $20 @35. Hogs—Range price, $5.20@5.60; bulk, $5.35@5.45. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $5@5.85; fair to good, $4@5; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice ewes, $3.75@4.40.

BRINGS FAMILY BACK.

Deserted Husband Secures Writ for Return of Wife and Children.

Springfield, Ill., July 20.—Upon application of J. W. Moore to the Sangamon circuit court, Judge Creighton ordered a writ of habeas corpus to issue against Mamie Moore, wife of the applicant, and their four children, ranging from 3 to 9 years. Moore alleges that his wife left Monday with another man, taking the children with her to Alton, where she intends to reside.

Boodlers to Get a Rest.

Philadelphia, July 20. — Former Judge James Jay Gordon, counsel for Mayor Weaver, announced yesterday that further arrests in connection with the frauds alleged to have been perpetrated against the city by contractors and others are off for the present.

Passenger Train Wrecked.

Phillipsburg, Kan., July 20.—While going at the rate of forty miles an hour a Rock Island passenger train was wrecked, severely injuring four passengers.

Northwest News.

GOTTSCHALK ROBS GALLOWS

THE SELF-CONFESSED MURDERER HANGS HIMSELF IN RAMSEY COUNTY JAIL.

WAS CAREFULLY PLANNED

TAKES ADVANTAGE OF ABSENCE OF DEATH WATCH TO COMMIT SUICIDE.

CONDEMNED TO DIE ON AUG. 8

MOST DEPRAVED CRIMINAL WHO EVER SHED BLOOD IN MINNESOTA.

St. Paul, July 20. — Edward Gottschalk, the self-confessed murderer of Joseph Hartmann and of Christian Schindeldecker, committed suicide in the county jail yesterday. He was sentenced to be hanged Aug. 8, and with no chance of reprieve, he evidently preferred death by his own hand to death on the gallows.

Gottschalk strangled himself to death between 11:30 in the morning and 1:30 in the afternoon—the exact time is not known, as he was alone practically two hours, the death watch having gone home to dinner and nobody having taken his place. The man was dead when his body was discovered.

Plans Carefully Made.

The manner of Gottschalk's suicide was simple and somewhat primitive, but the successful execution of the carefully laid plans showed that the murderer either had consummate nerve or was a physical coward, afraid to contemplate swinging from a gallows.

Stripping a piece of cloth from the ticking underneath the mattress of his cot, the murderer prepared for self-destruction. He took the piece of cloth, four feet two inches long, and climbed to the edge of his cot. Near the ceiling of the cell projects a narrow strip of steel, a half-inch deep and an inch wide.

With cunning he fastened an end of the improvised rope to this projection, and made the rest of it into a loop.

Slowly Strangled.

Putting this coil about his neck, tightening it, he pushed away the support on which he stood and slowly strangled to death.

Gottschalk's opportunity to take his own life was brought about either by one of the death watches disobeying the orders of Sheriff Meisen or by a lack of system in providing watchers at all times for the condemned man. Sheriff Miesen says the fault lies with Philip Martin, one of the death watches, but Martin says he did not disobey orders and he insists that he acted strictly in accordance with his instructions.

A Desperate Criminal.

Gottschalk was one of the most desperate and depraved criminals who ever shed blood in Minnesota. Feb. 18 St. Paul was horrified at the bloody murder of Christian Schindeldecker, a butcher, who was found hacked to pieces in his shop on a quiet street. There appeared to be no clue to this tragedy, and when, within a few days, the body of Joseph Hartman was taken from the river, bearing marks of violence, the community was doubly shocked.

By connecting these two crimes the police secured enough evidence to justify them in arresting Gottschalk, an itinerant tinker, who put in a great deal of his spare time fishing in the river. He had been Hartmann's friend.

Fiend Is Run Down.

After his arrest more evidence was secured and the police became convinced that they had captured a most fiendish criminal, but for two weeks Gottschalk denied his guilt and seemed to be much hurt to think that there should be such suspicion against him. He appeared in court May 9 and confessed to the murder of Hartmann, but said that he had struck him in a quarrel and had not intended to kill him. It was learned that he and Hartmann were companions on the day of the murder of Schindeldecker. Then Gottschalk declared that they were together when Schindeldecker was killed, but that Hartmann was the man who did it.

Root Takes Oath.

Washington, July 20.—Elihu Root of New York was sworn in as secretary of state yesterday. The oath was administered by William McNeir, assistant librarian of the state department. Secretary Root announced that he would remain here during the day, as he desired to look up some legal matters connected with the state department.

Groom's Age Is Eighty-Two.

Winona, Minn., July 20. — Hilkiah Lilly, a widower eighty-two years of age, and Miss Fanny Smith, aged forty-eight, both of Dakota village, yesterday secured a license to wed. Lilly has been a widower for five years.

Clark Still Improves.

New York, July 20.—The condition of Senator W. A. Clark, who is ill at his home in this city, is reported by the physician as satisfactory. The senator continues to improve and he is practically out of danger.

Her Retort.

"I notice, my dear, that the courts have decided that some Western man is only half married. I wonder which half it is, ha, ha, ha!"

"Well, I hope it isn't the idiot's better half."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

MINUTE MEANS MUCH TO KOCH.

Boy In Printing Office Makes Important Admission.

Mankato, Minn., July 20.—Herbert Baltrusch, a young printer employed at Asa P. Brooks' Review office, testified yesterday in the Koch murder trial to seeing Dr. Koch pass the office window in the evening and to hearing immediately afterward footsteps going up the stairs to the Gebhardt office, above the newspaper plant. Cross-examined, Baltrusch said that a minute or so elapsed from the time that Dr. Koch passed the office until the footsteps on the stairs were heard. Gen. Childs said that this statement on the part of the witness was surprising, as he had testified before that the footsteps on the stairs were heard immediately following the passage of Dr. Koch by the window. The attorneys for the defense maintained that the witness had never been asked as to the length of time before. Other witnesses examined were William Cavanagh, A. J. Vogel, Coroner Fritsche, Chief of Police Klause, Dr. G. B. Weiser, Eugene Pfefferle, Anton Simmet and Alfred Hinz. They repeated testimony given at former trials.

WAR FUND FORGOTTEN.

Orphans' Fund Provided in Civil War Days Recalled by Letter.

Madison, Wis., July 20.—A curious case recalling an episode of the Civil war has just been revealed here. John B. Sawislowsky and his sister Amelia have written Gov. La Follette asking him that the state pay them an amount of money supposedly due from a war fund for orphans. The fund has almost been forgotten, and it took weeks of delving into musty documents to disclose the facts in the case. The applicants live near Chicago. How they ever heard of the fund is a question. Mr. Sawislowsky claims that the state owes him $1,025 and his sister the sum of $1,850.

MONOPOLY IN BILL POSTING.

La Crosse Men Fight Proposal to Increase License Fee.

La Crosse, Wis., July 20.—An ordinance has been introduced in the La Crosse council by the Associated Billposters of the United States and Canada, providing high license fees and extraordinary bonds for licensed billposters. It is charged by independent concerns that the association is a trust and that efforts are being made to secure the passage of similar measures in every city where the association has members for the purpose of monopolizing the business. A strong fight is being put up by local independent concerns.

HURLED FROM FAST TRAIN.

Brakeman Nearly Killed by Tramps Stealing a Ride.

Duluth, July 20.—Fred Gormelly had an adventure which has laid him up ever since and caused a narrow escape from death. He is employed as a brakeman on the Northern Pacific. While at work on a freight he discovered near Deerwood some hoboes on board. Gormelly tried to put them off when they turned on him, and after beating him, threw him off the train while it was going at a high speed. The brakeman was severely injured, but may recover.

OIL KING'S FATHER DEAD.

Cousin of John D. Says Ida Tarbell Is Mistaken.

Sioux City, Iowa, July 20.—Richard Rockefeller, a cousin of John D. Rockefeller, says he has reason to believe that William Rockefeller, father of the Standard Oil magnate, is dead and that Ida Tarbell is mistaken when she says he lives in Iowa. Richard Rockefeller does not claim to have any first-hand information on the subject, but maintains it is wholly unreasonable to assume that his uncle is living in seclusion in Iowa. He firmly believes he is dead.

WILLIAMS GETS A STAY.

St. Paul, July 20. — William Williams, convicted on a charge of murdering John Keller and sentenced to be hanged Aug. 9, was granted a stay of execution by Chief Justice Start yesterday after he and Justices Brown and Lewis of the supreme court heard arguments for a stay of execution. The defense appeals for a new trial on the ground of alleged errors in the trial. The case will be heard at the October term of the supreme court.

Fire at Clinton, Iowa.

Clinton, Iowa, July 20.—Damage to the extent of $7,500 was caused by a fire in the Fifth Avenue livery stable of Hughes & Duley, the upper story of the building having been nearly destroyed by the flames. The fire is thought to have been of incendiary origin.

HONORS FOR M'CARDY.

St. Paul Man Appointed Chief of Staff of G. A. R.

Washington, July 20. — Capt J. J. McCardy of St. Paul, auditor of the treasury for the postoffice department, was yesterday officially advised of his selection as chief of staff of the new commander-in-chief of the Grand Army, Gen. John B. King, who succeeded to that office as a result of the vacancy created by the death of Gen. W. W. Blackmar.

Winona Girl Drowned.

Alma, Wis., July 20—Neoma Faulds, aged twelve, fell from a boom near the fire approach at Heafner's elevator and drowned. The body was recovered shortly after, but she could not be revived. Her home was at Winona, and she was spending the summer with relatives here.

Helena, Mont., July 20. — George Cresap of Helena and Rube Reilly, of Miles City were run over by a switch engine at Billings early yesterday and were cut to pieces.

SIX PERISH IN A HOTEL FIRE

EARLY MORNING FIRE CAUSES MOST TRAGIC EVENT IN HISTORY OF WABASHA.

TRAMP IS HERO OF THE HOUR

SAVES FOUR LIVES BY GOING TO RESCUE THROUGH FIRE AND SMOKE.

Wabasha, Minn., July 20.—With the charred bones of six persons recovered from the ruins of the Hoffman house, a hotel situated at the St. Paul railroad station, and with a seventh victim at the point of death in the hospital, the village of Wabasha has written in its annals the most tragic and awful occurrence in its history.

On this page of sorrow stands forth a dramatic incident in which a tramp, put off a train at a late hour Monday night, crawled up a stairway, amid suffocating smoke and flame, and breaking into four rooms, and rescued four persons that had been rendered unconscious by the smoke.

The dead: Mrs. Fred T. Hoffman and infant son; James Hunt, bus driver; Gertrude Stamschoir, dining room girl; Rebecca Hammond, domestic; Robert Johnson, express messenger on the Faribault division of the St. Paul road.

Engineer Cook is probably fatally injured.

Tramp Is Hero of Hour.

The tramp who proved a hero gave his name as McDevitt. On hands and knees he crept up the stairway of the hotel to the second floor, through smoke that threatened to suffocate him, and past tongues of flame that darted so close that they scorched his flesh. Making his way into a room, he crawled to the window, kicked out the panes with his foot, and as the smoke cleared away was able to discern a body lying on the bed. He picked up the prostrate form, staggered with it to the window, and holding the body by the hands, suspended it until the crowd below was prepared to catch it. To three other rooms the rescuer made his way, repeating his method of life-saving, and then came forth from the burning building almost at the point of collapsing.

Lamp Explosion Starts Flames.

The hotel and eating house was a three-story building. Shortly before 2 o'clock yesterday morning Fred T. Hoffman, the hotel proprietor, lay down in the little parlor off the dining room on the first floor, leaving a lighted lamp in the kitchen. The night man was in the lunch room attending to his duties there when the lamp exploded. The clerk did what he could to subdue the flames, and Hoffman, hearing the noise, came to the rescue. The fire spread to the gasoline tank on the kitchen range, and, scattered by the explosion that followed, began to shoot up the rear stairway. The hall and corridors were filled with smoke and gas that

To Inhale Meant Death.

Nine guests were on the second floor and on the third floor were located the apartments of the family and employes. The only means of escape for those on the second floor was through the windows to the porch roof, where the persons who fled that way were assisted to the street.

No assistance was received from the fire department until too late to be of any service. The depot hotel was about a mile away from the city and the fire cut off the telephone connection before an alarm could be sent in.

SEVEN BATHERS DIE.

Unable to Swim, They Get Into Deep Water and Are Helpless.

Plainfield, Wis., July 20.—Fred and Arden Herrick, aged respectively 12 and 15 years, were drowned while bathing in Lake Huron, near this city.

Ashland, Wis., July 20.—Mrs. Rush and daughter of Kansas City and Edward Ewing, of Cable, Wis., were drowned in Namakagon lake while bathing.

Cokato, Minn., July 20. — Reuben and Winfred Brown, aged 11 and 13 years, sons of Ben Brown, one of the oldest settlers here, were drowned in Collinwood lake, near here, while in bathing. They could not swim.

ANIWA NOT WIPED OUT.

Severe Storm in Shawano County but No Great Damage.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 20. — Dispatches from a number of towns in Shawano county report a severe wind and rain storm in that vicinity, but no extensive damage was wrought. While the wires to Aniwa are still down, a report has been received through train hands that there is no truth in the report of Aniwa being wiped out.

CHOKE SENTRY AND RUN AWAY.

Soldiers Make Daring Attempt to Escape.

St. Paul, July 20.—Privates Lewis M. Eder, Company F, Twenty-eighth infantry, and John A. McDonald of the artillery corps, prisoners at Fort Snelling, after choking their sentry, Ed. Downing, Company D, Twenty-eighth infantry, into unconsciousness, made a daring attempt to escape at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Both men were captured by soldiers after a few hours' hunt.

In and About the State

STATE RECEPTS RECREASE.

Falling Off in Income of Several Departments.

The fiscal year of the State of Minnesota, which will end July 31, from the point of view of dollars and cents, was not such a good year for several state departments as the previous year. Unless the July receipts are larger than is expected, the income of several of the departments will show a decrease.

The fines collected by the state dairy and food commission in the 1904 fiscal year were $16,050.95, and this year they will not be much more than $10,000. The officials of the dairy and food commission, however, are encouraged rather than discouraged at this showing, for they say it indicates that Minnesota merchants are learning that it does not pay to sell adulterated food. The dairy and food fines for the first eleven months of the present fiscal years amounted to $9,632.55.

There has also been a falling off in the receipts of the state game and fish commission, including hunters' licenses. Last year the receipts amounted to $19,499.17, and this year they probably will not exceed $17,000. Here again state officials say they are not discouraged. A falling off in fines means a decrease in the number of violations, on the supposition, of course, that the state officials are enforcing the law.

The oil inspection fees probably will show a falling off. Last year they amounted to $30,334.05, and this year they will not exceed $28,000. For the first eleven months of the present fiscal year they amounted to $26,969.85.

The secretary of state, on the other hand, has been doing a land office business. The incorporation fees for the first eleven months of this fiscal year are almost $2,000 more than in 1904, the exact figures being $47,390 so far this year, as against $45,780 last year. This indicates that there has been great activity in the organization of new companies the last year. An unusually large number of land companies has been formed and the activity has been equally great among telephone, mercantile and manufacturing companies.

The taxes received from railroads, insurance companies, sleeping car, freight line and other companies will be about the same as last year. The taxes on the gross earnings of railroads collected during the present fiscal year are $60,478.24 less than in 1904, but the increase in insurance taxes alone will be about $30,000. The insurance taxes for the first eleven months of this year amounted to $297,208.27, as against $270,788.37 in 1904.

Grocers Are to Learn Law.

Minnesota grocers are about to be coached on the requirements of the food laws and the necessity of keeping a clean stock of pure goods. The work has been undertaken by the state dairy and food commission, which will be represented by Commissioner E. K. Slater or some of the state inspectors at meetings of retail grocers' associations held in the various counties.

The movement is an innovation as far as the dairy and food commission is concerned, and is somewhat similar to the plan pursued by the commission in holding dairy and farmers' meetings in various sections of the state. The commission takes the position that grocers need help as much as dairymen and farmers.

One of the first meetings of this nature was held at Stewart where the grocers of McLeod and Renville counties held an annual convention. J. G. Fowler, inspector of the department, spoke at the meeting. He explained the effect of the new code, which will go into effect in March.

Commissioner Slater will perform a similar task at a meeting of Minneapolis retail grocers, and other meetings will be arranged later.

"This is an educational campaign that we are conducting among the grocers of the state," said Mr. Slater. "Heretofore the department has confined its attention largely to gatherings of farmers and dairymen. These meetings have been of vast benefit and there is no reason why they should not be extended to grocers.

"One of the reasons why adulterated food is sold is because many dealers do not know what the law requires. Sometimes they don't find out until they are fined or sent to jail. If there were a better understanding between the grocers of the state and the food inspectors there would be less adulteration.

"Some of the retail grocers' associations have requested us to appear at their meetings and we are more than glad to do so. In this way we can meet the dealers with but little expense to them or to us, and the meetings should certainly prove of mutual benefit."

BIG SUMMER SCHOOL ROLLS.

Over 5,000 Students and Teachers Attending Sessions.

Reports received by the state superintendent of public instruction show that over 5,000 students and teachers are enrolled in the teachers' summer training schools now being conducted throughout the state.

The university summer school leads, with over 900 students.

The normal schools have large attendances, Mankato leading with 580, while St. Cloud has 350, Moorhead 362. The five normal schools show a total attendance of 1,643 at the summer session, while the total attendance of summer schools outside the university is 4,315.

Negotiations are now under way by the International Harvester company to establish at Winona a flax fiber factory. It has been demonstrated that suitable flax can be grown with success in this section of the state and a factory will be erected. At present Winona is the most likely to secure this plant.

PROTECT LIVES AGAINST FIRE.

Many Devices Are Installed at State Institutions.

The protection of the lives of the inmates of state institutions from fire is the object of an investigation which the state board of control has had under consideration for several weeks and which has resulted in the installation of several fire protection devices.

A new fire alarm system will soon be installed in the hospital at Fergus Falls and the systems in other institutions that are out of working order will be repaired. The system at Fergus Falls will be the best that money can buy and will be so arranged that a person in any building or in any part of the grounds can report a fire with great promptness.

The board of control is also buying a large quantity of fire hose to replace hose in poor condition in several institutions and to add to the apparatus in other institutions. Practically every building in every institution will be equipped with fire hose with water connections, so that water can be turned on the flames as soon as a blaze breaks out. Chemical fire extinguishers are installed in all of the institutions two years ago.

Great precaution is taken in the construction of new buildings. The structures are erected with the especial object in view of reducing fires to the minimum. The new buildings are constructed of solid brick and stone, and the finishings inside are made as nearly as fireproof as possible. The floors in many instances are made of tile or cement, and the walls are invariably fire proof.

The board makes it a policy to keep the buildings well insured. With the exception of the state capitol and a few other buildings that are more nearly fire proof than usual the buildings are insured to the extent of two-thirds of their value. Some states carry their own insurance on state buildings, but Minnesota has found that it pays to let insurance companies carry the risk.

"We are erecting many new buildings, and in every instance we are making the structures as nearly fireproof as possible," said A. L. Rosing of the state board of control. "Among the buildings being constructed or on which work will begin soon are a bacteriological building at the state university, a ladies' dormitory at St. Cloud normal, a tuberculosis hospital at the school for feeble-minded at Faribault, an administration building for epileptics at Faribault, a ladies' dormitory at the Duluth normal school, a new cottage at Anoka and the enlargement of the administration building at Hastings."

TAKE INVENTORY OF MINES.

Officials Will Size Up State's Holdings on Range.

Gov. Johnson, Attorney General E. T. Young and Secretary of State F. E. Hanson left recently for the iron range for the purpose of examining the state's properties in that region.

The trip is of special significance, as it is taken in response to resolutions passed by the state legislature requesting the state officials to make a careful investigation of the conditions on the range for the purpose of reporting to the legislature. The trip is made with the hope that it may ultimately result in a greater revenue to the state.

One of the chief matters which will be investigated by the officials is the system the corporations have for reporting royalties to the state for the purpose of taxation. Of course no exact figures can be collected nor other data bearing on the matter obtained by the officials on the short visit contemplated, but it is the intention to get, in a general way, the real magnitude of the state's interests on the range.

"There has never in the history of the state been a trip of this kind," said Attorney General Young. "We are going up there to take stock, as it were, for the state. The state has vast properties of unlimited wealth there, and it will be our endeavor to ascertain, if possible, whether the state is getting out of them all it is entitled to. We want to see if the present system under which the state controls these properties is for the state's best interests.

"Another question which will be looked into is the extent of the developments on the range. This will be done to ascertain if it is desirable for the state to issue more mineral leases. The issuance of leases, if the state is to benefit by them, should keep pace with the actual depelopment. If they have fallen into the hands of persons who are holding them for the purpose of speculation and paying minimum royalties in hopes of a rise in value, why should not the state hold them and benefit thereby, instead of individuals?

"The state has never had an expert on the range to look after its interests in the way they should be looked after. The legislature has failed to make provisions for such an officer."

"We are just going up there," said Gov. Johnson, "to see what we have. I have been on the range several times, but do not know how things are operated there. It will be a good thing for the state to know just how vast are its interests along the northern border."

Fire destroyed the Northwestern Elevator company's big elevator at Maynard. Loss $5,000. The fire was evidently the work of an incendiary, being the third attempt. It was with difficulty adjoining property of the town was saved.

Hubert Sauerkuhl, a farmer of Spring Hill township, was drowned in the Sauk river. He lived about three miles east of Spring Hill postoffice on the bank of the river. The river is high, and while Mr. Sauerkuhl was trying to cross it in a rowboat the boat was capsized.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1905. NUMBER 2.

EXPLOSION ON WARSHIP KILLS MANY

TERRIBLE DISASTER OCCURS ON UNITED STATES GUNBOAT BENNINGTON.

THIRTY-NINE BODIES FOUND

A DOZEN MISSING AND THREE-SCORE INJURED, MANY OF WHOM WILL DIE.

TRIM LITTLE CRAFT A WRECK

BOILER BLOWS UP, TURNING WARSHIP INTO VERITABLE CHARNEL HOUSE.

San Diego, Cal., July 23. — Broken and blackened, with her flag flying at half-mast, her hold filled with fifteen feet of water, the United States ship Bennington lies beached on the shores of San Diego harbor. Thirty-nine of her crew lie dead at city morgues, the fate of a dozen more is as yet undetermined, and three-score are stretched upon beds of pain in various hospitals. This is the result of the explosion which wrecked the trim little naval craft and wrought such terrible havoc among her crew at 10:30 yesterday morning.

The placid waters of San Diego bay have never before been the scene of such a disaster, and San Diego city has never before been stirred by such scenes of

DEATH AND SUFFERING

as those witnessed last night. The face of every victim of the disaster is scarred and scalded, in many cases almost beyond recognition.

At Agnew hospital are many injured, suffering in almost every instance from scalded bodies. Several are expected to die inside of a few hours.

On board the Bennington the unharmed members of the crew are working under terrible difficulties to reach the boiler room and coal bunkers, where it is believed a dozen bodies are lying wedged in the wreckage or submerged in the water which fills that part of the vessel.

Was Ready to Sail.

The Bennington at the time of the accident was lying in the stream just off the commercial wharf at the foot of H street. The warship had received orders from the navy department at Washington to sail yesterday morning for Port Harford, where she was to meet the monitor Wyoming and convoy the vessel to the Mare Island navy yard. Steam was up and everything was in readiness for sailing when suddenly and without any warning whatever, the starboard forward boiler exploded with a deafening roar. The explosion was terrific. People standing on the shore saw a huge cloud of white steam above the Bennington. Columns of water were hurled a distance of nearly twice the height of the spars of the vessel.

Terrible Disaster.

It was immediately apparent that a terrible disaster had happened on the Bennington. The ferry boat Romona was coming across the bay at the time and hurried to the assistance of the stricken warship. The tug Santa Fe, which was tied up at the commercial wharf, the launch McKinley, the government launch Derussey, and a large number of launches and water craft which were near the scene at the time also rushed to the assistance of the Bennington. By the time the Ramona had arrived, many of the sailors of the Bennington, who had jumped into the bay to

Escape the Scalding Steam,

had been rescued, and the removal of the wounded, which had already been commenced, was being conducted in perfect order. Crews of the Santa Fe, Derussey, McKinley and the other boats lent yeoman aid in picking up the wounded sailors and transferring them to the shore. At the time of the accident Commander Lucien Young and Surgeon F. E. Peck were on shore. The two officers, as soon as they learned of the disaster, hurried to the water front, where Commander Young immediately took charge. On board the Bennington were presented terrible things. The force of the explosion had blown a great hole in the starboard side of the ship and the vessel was already

Commencing to List.

A section of the upper deck was carried away from stem to stern. Debris and wreckage were distributed over the entire ship, the forward cabin and deck in the vicinity of the boiler resembled a charnel house. The news of the explosion spread rapidly. Every physician who could be reached was carried to the water front, and within a comparatively short time nearly a dozen doctors were on the scene attending to the wounded. A dozen or fifteen persons were blown overboard by the force of the explosion. Capt. Wentworth said he saw human bodies hurled more than 150 feet upward. The air was black with smoke that

Enveloped the Ship.

When it cleared away only a few men could be seen on the ship while many were floundering in the water. A boat was lowered from the vessel's side and most of them were picked up.

The force of the explosion was terrific beyond conception. Human bodies were hurled into the air to a height probably not less than 200 feet.

Most of the men on board were assembled between decks above the boilers when the explosion occurred. Here is where the most frightful slaughter took place. No one living has been able to describe what happened there, but vivid witnesses exist in the blood-smeared walls. It is from between decks that most of the dead bodies have been taken.

Awful Sight Meets Gaze.

A most awful sight awaited those who hastened to the ill-fated ship. Everywhere was blood, and in all directions were bodies. The after cabin was smeared with blood and the walls, ceiling and floors spotted with red. In the depths below, from which heat and steam rolled in volumes too great to face, came the groans and wails of the dying and the shrieks of the wounded.

The explosion is believed to have been in a boiler which for many months has been regarded as weak, although an inspection a month ago resulted in a favorable report.

BENNINGTON'S DEAD AT REST.

Simple Impressiveness Marks Burial of Victims of the Explosion.

San Diego, Cal., July 25. — They buried the Bennington's dead yesterday—forty-seven of them—in a common grave. On the crest of the promontory of Lomax, high above the shimmering water of San Diego bay on the one side, and within sound of the booming surf of the Pacific on the other, they were laid to rest in the peaceful little military burying ground. Without the crash of drum or the sound of brass, without pomp or parade, yet with simple impressiveness, all honor was paid the nation's dead. They have honored dead to keep them company, these brave boys of the Bennington. All about them lie those who

Died in the Nation's Service

in more trying times. Gravestones yellow with age bear the names of men who died at Monterey, in the Mexican war, others who gave their lives in the conquest of California, and who followed Commodore Stockton at old San Pasqual. These are their neighbors in death.

Army and navy paid their last tributes, no more sincere than the simple grief of the representatives of peace, who made the long journey around or across the great bay. From Fort Rosecrans came the 115th company, coast heavy artillery; from the city of San Diego, the naval reserves; from the universal brotherhood's home on Point Lomax, a company of khaki-clad representatives, and from the government ship Fortune, a dozen of their sailors.

But the most impressive body of men were the sixty yeomen from the battered Bennington. Beside these there were hundreds of civilians who, unthoughtful of the fatiguing journey from the city, brought their offerings of flowers

To Lay Upon the Graves.

San Diego was a city of mourning yesterday. Although the people of this little city have taken in the Bennington catastrophe an interest that was personal to all from the moment that it happened, they set apart the beautiful Sabbath day to pay the last and loving tribute to the dead.

Thousands filed through the morgues yesterday morning with arms filled with flowers, dropping the blossoms here and ther upon some unfortunate's flag-draped coffin. Other thousands gathered in the plaza from which the procession was to start.

From noon the cortege toiled to the burying ground, and not until 6:30 o'clock was the last casket placed in the rock-ribbed trenches. The death trench in which the bodies were placed in two rows, feet to feet, is sixty feet long and fourteen feet wide. It was finished but a few minutes before the arrival of the first load of bodies.

Total Dead Sixty.

A careful compilation of casualties was made by the associated Press as follows:

Buried in military cemetery at Fort Rosecrans yesterday, 47; dead now in morgue, 11, awaiting shipment to relatives; dead in fire room of Bennington, still unrecovered, 2; total dead, 60.

Injured at hospital, 49.

Missing, 16.

Grand total, 125.

Of the injured at hospitals seven or eight are expected to die.

ARREST BADGER CASHIER.

Examiner Alleges Shortage of Cash in Gratiot Bank.

Darlington, Wis., July 25. — J. C. Johnson, cashier of the State Bank of Gratiot, has been placed under arrest on a charge of having embezzled $900 of the funds of the bank. The arrest was made on order of the bank examiner. Johnson is alleged to have invested the money in lands without making any entry in the books of the bank. He is out on $2,000 bonds.

VIOLATES GAME LAW IN OPEN.

Terrific Slaughter of Deer Going on in Douglas County.

Superior, Wis., July 25—The slaughter of game in the woods of Douglas county at this time of the year is something terrific. Deer are killed without any respect of the law, and the killing is done almost in the open. There seems to be no way to stop the slaughter. It goes on uninterrupted and the violations of the law are occurring in all the ways possible.

HAYS HAS BIG TASK ON HANDS

DIRECTS INVESTIGATION INTO METHODS OF DIVISION OF STATISTICS.

BIG SHAKE-UP IS PLANNED

REVISED JUNE REPORT TAKES SLAP AT FORMER STATISTICIAN.

HYDE AND HOLMES ARE GONE

WOMAN APPEARS IN CASE AND SUSPICIOUS DEALS ARE DISCLOSED.

Washington, July 27.—As a result of the present upheaval in the department of agriculture, a radical change will be made in the system now followed in the publication of government crop reports.

Authority for this statement is given by Prof. Willet M. Hays of Minnesota, assistant secretary of agriculture, who, on account of the illness of Secretary Wilson, is directing the present investigation into the methods and personnel of the division of statistics over which Satistician John Hyde formerly presided.

Department officials are very much incensed at the action of Former Chief Satistician John Hyde in going to Europe at a time when his presence was desirable before the grand jury which was called to consider the department of agriculture cases. Hyde's jaunt was unexpected at the department, and

Came as a Big Surprise

to Secretary Wilson, who is said to have been assured by the former statistician that he would give the authorities all possible aid in prosecuting the investigation now being made.

There is one report that Hyde was placed under surveillance last week, and that two special agents were directed to keep him in sight. The story goes that Hyde slipped away from the sleuths, who discovered that he was on the high seas twelve hours after he had embarked.

In the revised June report, made public yesterday under the supervision of Mr. Hays, the crop estimating board gave Hyde a rap when it said that "Mr. Hyde, with Mr. Holmes at his elbow, prompting him, made the estimate higher than the facts at his hand from the reports from the seven classes of reporters employed by the bureau warranted."

Assistant Secretary Hays is prosecuting the inquiry into the division of statistics with great vigor.

Holmes Gone, Too.

When John Hyde sailed for Europe on Saturday he was not the only man who eluded the eyes of the usually vigilant secret service. Edwin S. Holmes, the dismissed statistician, is also out of the city. He is supposed to be in Chicago, but efforts to locate him definitely have not been successful.

This is the condition at the very outset of the investigation by the grand jury. Hyde and Holmes are the two men above all others who would have been able to give the grand jury light.

Whether the resignation of Miss Bertha Burns, private secretary to Former Statistician Hyde, tendered and accepted yesterday has any direct connection with the scandal, was not disclosed at the department offices.

Secretary Wilson's investigation, which was interrupted by the dismissal of Holmes, has disclosed

A State of Affairs

which makes it more desirable than ever that the presence of Hyde and Holmes before the grand jury be had. The disclosure is the fact that a woman often anonymously mentioned in connection with the scandal borrowed large sums of money from Hyde on notes indorsed by Holmes. The sums are larger than one would expect a clerk receiving as small a salary as she to borrow unless she was in business much more heavily than it has ever been supposed she was.

The notes are for sums larger than those that appeared in checks that came into evidence during the postoffice fraud trials. In fact, the money transactions in the Machen conspiracy appear as comparatively small change in the transactions of those mentioned in connection with the cotton scandal.

Operation on Rojestvensky.

Tokio, July 27.—Rear Admiral Rojestvensky has undergone a successful operation. A wound on his forehead was opened and a small piece of bone was removed. His connection is considered satisfactory.

Forgery Is Charged.

Wahpeton, N. D., July 27. — George Fowler, who has been employed in the William H. White lumber yard for the last ten days, is alleged to have forged and passed nine checks drawn in the name of the lumber company and amounting to $100. The sheriff has been unable to find him.

Fire Causes $200,000 Loss.

Moberly, Mo., July 27.—Fire yesterday destroyed the Missouri Grain company's elevator, containing a large amount of grain. Loss, $200,000.

ENVOYS WILL MOVE QUICKLY.

Question of Peace or War Will Be Settled at First Meeting.

Washington, July 27. — Whether there is to be peace in the Far East or a continuance of the war will be practically decided at the first business meeting of the Washington conference which will convene at the navy yard, Portsmouth, N. H., about Aug. 6. Baron Komura will on that occasion communicate to M. Witte the essentials of Japan's peace terms for further negotiations.

This, it is declared, will not be done in a spirit of defiance, indeed there are many evidences in the possession of the neutral governments that Japan is coming to the Washington conference, not imbued with a desire to humiliate Russia, but only to exact terms which will insure lasting peace in the Far East, and which will in a measure compensate Japan for the financial losses in the present conflict. It is known that Japan will demand an indemnity that will approximately cover the cost of the war to date. It will not fall far short of a billion dollars, according to advices reaching here from well informed sources. Besides the indemnity, it is believed Japan's other essentials to the continuance of the negotiations are the cession to Japan of Saghalien; of the Liaotung peninsula, and of the railway as far as Harbin; the recognition of Japan's predominating influence in Korea, and the return of Manchuria to China.

If the Russian plenipotentiaries are prepared to accept these essentials, the officials here are confident that the basis will be laid for negotiations sure to lead to the signing of the treaty of Washington, bringing peace in the Far East.

TAFT LUNCHES WITH MIKADO.

Miss Roosevelt Entertained by Japanese Princesses.

Tokio, July 27. — The emperor and empress of Japan yesterday received in audience and entertained at luncheon the official members of the party of Secretary Taft. Shortly before noon Secretary Taft was driven to the imperial palace in the state carriage. Lloyd C. Griscom, the American minister to Japan, escorted Miss Alice Roosevelt to the palace. At the palace the imperial princess and princesses attended by the royal personages of the emperor's household, assisted in the reception of Secretary Taft and his party.

MAUD GONNE ASKS DIVORCE.

"Irish Joan of Arc" Brings Serious Charges Against Maj. McBride.

Paris, July 27.—The hearing of the suit for divorce brought by Maud Gonne, known as the "Irish Joan of Arc," against Maj. McBride, formerly of the Boer army, was opened before the civil tribune of the Seine. Maitre Cruppe represented the wife and Maitre Labori the husband. Maitre Cruppe severely denounced Maj. McBride's alleged unfaithfulness and denied the husband's charge that his wife was not of genuine Irish birth. The case attracts much attention, owing to the prominence of the parties in connection with Irish agitation.

MOB SURRENDERS PREY.

Police Rescue Man With Rope Already Around His Neck.

Erie, Pa., July 27. — Police officers rescued John Puskus last night from a mob that had already placed a rope around his neck and appeared ready to lynch him. The crowd was led by John Semple, father of a nine-year-old girl whom Puskus is said to have attempted to assault yesterday, but was driven away by the girl's mother and elder sister. The mob refused to give him up until convinced that he would be severely punished by due process of law.

LAMONT FUNERAL HELD.

Many Men High in Public Life Attend Services.

Millebrook, N. Y., July 27. — In the presence of his family and many men high in public and private life, simple funeral services were conducted over the body of Former Secretary of War Daniel S. Lamont here yesterday. Immediately after the ceremonies the body was transferred to a special funeral train for New York. Interment will be in Woodlawn cemetery.

Negro Hunted by Posse.

Roanoke, Va., July 27. — At Union Hall, Franklin county, United States Deputy Marshal Z. T. Wade was shot and killed by a negro named Zephas Poindexter, an alleged illicit whisky distiller. Wade went to arrest Poindexter and the negro fired on him with a shotgun. The negro then made his escape and is being hunted by a posse.

Falling House Kills Boys.

Chicago, July 26.—Three boys were killed and a number of others were severely injured by the collapse of a two-story cottage. The building was being torn down, and the boys were gathering wood for use at their homes when the crash came.

Fire at Woolstock, Iowa.

Webster City, Iowa, July 27.—Fire at Woolstock, a small town north of this city, wiped out three large buildings, entailing a loss of $25,000, with insurance amounting to about $12,000. The blaze started in a general store.

Burned to Death.

Menominee, Mich., July 27.—Daniel Long was burned to death at McMillan, his wife dangerously injured by jumping from a second story window, and a four-year-old child burned to death. Gasoline was the cause.

DR. KOCH'S THIRD TRIAL

IDENTIFIES HAMMER.

Witness Is Positive Hammer That Slew Gebhardt Hung in Koch's Office.

Mankato, Minn., July 22.—The state played a stronger card yesterday in the Koch case than it ever has before by introducing testimony to show that the bloodstained hammer found near Dr. Gebhardt's body the night of the murder previously hung upon the wall of Dr. Koch's laboratory. This is the testimony that the prosecution expected to get in at the second trial, but failed. Yesterday the witness without reserve identified the hammer and greatly strengthened the state's chain of circumstantial evidence. Mrs. August Berndt, a new witness, said that while she was picking up kindling wood in her lot at about 9:55 on the night of the murder, she heard some person run past in the road at a high speed toward the slough that lies between the city and the Koch residence. Ole Ulen of Hanska testified the same that he did at the second trial, and the defense was unable to shake him. He told of a conversation had with the defendant at his branch office at Hanska in June or July, 1903, in which he alleges Dr. Koch had asked him whether he could or would kill Gebhardt.

PUT HAMMER IN POCKET.

State Introduces Evidence to Show Koch Got Hammer From Office.

Mankato, Minn., July 23. — Miss Lena Weiderman, testifying in the Koch trial yesterday, not only repeated her former statement that from a porch she saw Dr. Koch in his office between 9 and 9:30 o'clock the night of the Gebhardt murder, but also said he stopped, reached out and with his right hand made a motion as if to put something in his pocket. The latter assertion was not made by her at the second trial. The state would show that Koch placed in his pocket the hammer that killed Gebhardt.

Unless the state goes into the poison phase of the case it is likely to rest to-day. If that is left out the defense expects to close in three days. It is expected that Asa P. Brooks will be put on as soon as the state rests.

Sheriff J. W. Julius of New Ulm gave the state much more help yesterday by his testimony than he did at either of the other trials. He proved to be one of the best witnesses for the prosecution, although much that he said in direct testimony was modified on cross-examination. The state was enabled to get one thing before the jury that it heretofore has failed to introduce, and that was testimony regarding a conference held at the law office of Holdale & Somsen on the afternoon of the second day after the murder.

The sheriff said he was refused permission to see Dr. Koch, who was in consultation in a rear office with Attorneys Somsen and Sommerville, Asa P. Brooks, who saw the murderer over the transom, Dr. Vogel, E. G. Koch, W. E. Koch and some of the defendant's sisters.

DEFENSE OPENS ITS CASE.

Accuses Childs of Suppressing Evidence in Effort to Convict Koch.

Mankato, Minn., July 25.—After the noon recess Saturday Gen. Childs said to the court that the state had subpoenaed Asa P. Brooks, but that it did not intend to use him as a witness. If the defense desired to have him he was here in court. The court ordered Mr. Brooks to remain until the defense had opened its case to the jury. Gen. Childs announced that the state now rested. L. L. Brown, for the defense, wanted the record changed so that he could offer several motions before the state rested. He had not thought that the state would close so soon. The court said that the record would have to stand. Mr. Brown then presented his motions, and the court overruled them. Three or four of the motions were to the effect that the state be ordered and compelled to call Mr. Brooks to the stand, and the last motion was that the court call him at its discretion. W. D. Abbot opened the case to the jury for the defense, speaking more than two hours. He said the defense expected that the state would consume a great deal more time than it had done. He said the defense would proceed as rapidly as possible under the circumstances. He outlined the evidence the defense intends to present, and among other things said that the defense would prove that Gen. Childs had suppressed evidence at this trial in order to secure the conviction of the defendant. Gen. Childs arose and characterized the statement as outrageous. Mr. Abbot asserted that the defense would prove this statement.

Murder Held Lawful.

Hinton, W. Va., July 23.—The coroner exonerated Carrie Dooley, fourteen years old, stepdaughter of B. D. Gibson, whom she killed after he had locked her in a room and threatened assault.

Prohibitionist Dies.

Ann Arbor, Mich., July 23. — Judge Noah W. Cheever, who has been prominent in the affairs of the national Prohibition party, died suddenly of apoplexy. He was sixty-five years of age.

KOCH REPEATS HIS TESTIMONY.

Asa P. Brooks Also on Stand in Murder Trial.

Mankato, Minn., July 26.—Dr. Geo. R. Koch yesterday took the stand in his own defense at his trial for the murder of Dr. L. A. Gebhardt of New Ulm, and Asa P. Brooks, the only eye witness of the crime also was called by the defense. Their testimony was largely a repetition of the testimony they gave in the two former trials. Mr. Brooks testified in the morning and Dr. Koch in the afternoon. The defendant answered promptly and with as few words as possible, in a pleasant, though low voice. The audience listened with close attention and the jurors seldom withdrew their glances from his face.

Twenty-two witnesses who testified for the state at the second trial were not called at the present trial.

DENIES HE OWNED HAMMER.

Koch Declares Mrs. Kasz Used Hatchet in His Office.

Mankato, Minn., July 27.—The examination of Dr. Koch in his trial for the murder of Dr. L. A. Gebhardt at New Ulm was concluded yesterday afternoon. He denied that he ever had a claw hammer in his office and said the one in evidence was never there. Mrs. Kasz, he declared, had used a hatchet and not an old hammer, as she had claimed, to pry off the window cleats. Dr. Koch said he saw her do it, and that the marks still were on the cleats. He never had seen the hammer in evidence until he had seen it in court. He had not seen his father's old hammer for a year previous to last fall.

MAN AND HORSE DROWN.

Horse Trader's Buggy Overturned in Minnesota River.

Appleton, Minn., July 25.—A horse trader named Walker was drowned in the Minnesota river four miles south of here. The bridge across the river is out of service pending repairs, and the horsemen have been camped on the Lac qui Parle side for some days. Two of them came to Appleton for groceries, crossing in a boat and swimming their horse and buggy. On returning, one of them walked across on the stringers, intending to get the boat for his companion, who, not caring to wait, drove into the river, which at this point is about fifteen feet deep, with a rapid current. The buggy was overturned and the man and horse both drowned.

PEACE ENVOY IN ST. PAUL.

Baron Komura and Party Entertained in Minnesota's Capital.

St. Paul, July 25.—Baron Jutaro Komura and party were in St. Paul six hours yesterday, while on the way to New York to confer with President Roosevelt concerning negotiations with Russia to terminate the war in the Orient. On the urgent request of the plenipotentiary his visit in St. Paul was not marked by any demonstration. He and the members of his party spent the time resting at the Hotel Aberdeen. Dinner was served at 6:30 o'clock at the hotel, and the party left on the 8:40 train over the Burlington in Mr. Hill's private car, which has conveyed the peace party from Seattle.

HAS SON NABBED; PAYS FINE.

Father, Who Alleges Assault, Also Gives Lad $25.

Sioux Falls, S. D., July 25.—A farmer named Johnson, who lives near Baltic, north of Sioux Falls, adopted a unique method of heaping coals of fire upon the head of his son. The son, it is alleged, pummeled his father, who made complaint to the sheriff's office in this city. The son was arrested, and as a result of his trial before a justice of the peace at Baltic, was convicted. At this juncture the father relented, and not only paid the fine of $25 which had been assessed against the undutiful son, but also presented the lad with $25 in cash.

GOPHERS MAY HEAR JOHN D.

Albert Lea Will Try to Secure Him for Next Chautauqua.

Albert Lea, Minn., July 25. — The second annual Chautauqua held here came to a close last night. It has been a great success from point of attendance and general interest. There have probably been 20,000 admissions during the ten days. Lawson, Bryan, La Follette and Hobson were the big attractions and each had a large following. Plans for next year are being talked of and an effort will be made to secure John D. Rockefeller, Grover Cleveland and other orators.

Nurenberger Secures $10,000 Bail.

Fargo, N. D., July 25.—Frederick W. Nurenberger, recently sentenced to the penitentiary at Sioux Falls on conviction in the United States court on a charge of subornation of perjury in land frauds, has secured $10,000 bail and his case will be appealed. Insufficiency of the indictment is alleged.

"But the railroad men say the interstate commerce commission has had very few complaints from shippers."

"I dare say the shippers know better than to complain."—Puck.

AN OLD MAN'S TRIBUTE.

An Ohio Fruit Raiser, 78 Years Old, Cured of a Terrible Case after Ten Years of Suffering.

Sidney Justus, fruit dealer, of Mentor, Ohio, says:

SIDNEY JUSTUS

"I was cured by Doan's Kidney Pills of a severe case of kidney trouble, of eight or ten years' standing. I suffered the most severe backache and other pains in the region of the kidneys. These were especially severe when stooping to lift anything and often I could hardly straighten my back. The aching was bad in the day time, but just as bad at night, and I was always lame in the morning. I was bothered with rheumatic pains and dropsical swelling of the feet. The urinary passages were painful and the secretions were discolored and so free that often I had to rise at night. I felt tired all day. Half a box served to relieve me, and three boxes effected a permanent cure."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents.

At the Minstrels.

Mr. Bones—Why is an exhausted stick of carbon like a dove.

Mr. Tambo—I give it up, sah.

Mr. Bones—Because they both came out of the arc.

Mr. Tambo—Ladies and gentlemen, with your kind permission we will now sing "I Wish I Was a Senator in a Nice, Cool Jail."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease. A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address, A S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

He Was One.

"What's a bibliomaniac?" asked Lightfingered Larry.

"A bibliomaniac," replied the intelligent crook, "is a fellow that's crazy for books."

"Dat's me, den. I'm dead crazy for pocketbooks."—Philadelphia Press.

WASTE OF FOOD IN NEW YORK.

Enough to Feed 1,000,000 Poor People Is Thrown Away.

The food supply of New York is so enormous that though the rich and well-to-do gorged from morning to night they simply could not eat it all. There would still remain an abundance for every one if some way could be found of distributing the fragments. Just consider the figures which I have on careful authority: New York receives every week 10,000,000 pounds of dressed beef, 12,000,000 pounds of pork, ham and pig's meat, 1,500,000 pounds of poultry, 1,000,000 pounds of sausages, 1,000,000 pounds of mutton and lamb, over 2,000,000 pounds of liver, heart, tripe, etc., over 1,000,000 pounds of canned meats, 500,000 pounds of game, and 1,000,000 pounds of fish.

The fragments of this food, tons and tons of it, are collected every day and carried off to fatten pigs in Jersey or load the fertilizer scows that ply down the bay. Every day of the year from 500 to 900 cartloads of food, much of it perfectly good, are taken from the homes and hotels of New York and simply thrown away. A million people could live and live well on this waste if the problem of collecting and distributing it could once be solved. And I suppose any kind-hearted individual could solve it in a small way himself—with a wagon and a little brains.—Success.

CHANGED HUSBAND.

Wife Made Wise Change in Food.

Change of diet is the only way to really cure stomach and bowel trouble.

A woman says:

"My husband had dyspepsia when we were married and had suffered from it for several years. It was almost impossible to find anything he could eat without bad results.

"I thought this was largely due to the use of coffee and persuaded him to discontinue it. He did so, and began to drink Postum Food Coffee. The change did him good from the beginning, his digestion improved; he suffered much less from his nervousness, and when he added Grape-Nuts food to his diet he was soon entirely cured.

"My friend, Mrs. — —, of Vicksburg (my former home) had become a nervous wreck also from dyspepsia. Medicines had no effect, neither did travel help her. On my last visit home, several months ago, I persuaded her to use Grape-Nuts food. She was in despair, and consented. She stuck to it until it restored her health so completely that she is now the most enthusiastic friend of Grape-Nuts that I ever knew. She eats it with cream or dry, just as it comes from the package—keeps it in her room and eats it whenever she feels like it.

"I began eating Grape-Nuts food, myself, when my baby was two months old, and I don't know what I should have done without it. My appetite was gone, I was weak and nervous and afforded but very little nourishment for the child. The Grape-Nuts food, of which I soon grew very fond, speedily set all this right again, and the baby grew healthful, rosy and beautiful as a mother could wish. He is two years old now and eats Grape-Nuts food himself. I wish every tired young mother knew of the good that Grape-Nuts would do her."

Names given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK.

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

2nd STORE

(SECOND HAND STORE.)

Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.

C. A. SKEIE.

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

GET YOUR PICTURE
TAKEN BY
D. COLLINS
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ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

DON'T FORGET THE NUMBER---

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Wines and Liquors

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC

CIGARS.

BEER.

MINNEAPOLIS AND MILWAUKEE BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.

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A. F. Lang
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Short Orders a Specialty.
Located in rear of Number 488.

A STEIN of Hamm's Beer is a luxury everybody can afford

Supplied by Agents Everywhere, or
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
SAINT PAUL, MINN.

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Office with K. J. Weeks.
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The Spectator.

H. E. IVES, Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn, as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, July 29, 1905.

Three weeks more and the story of the crop of 1905 will be about told.

The third trial of Dr. Koch will end this week. It has ceased in a measure to attract public attention.

Next week we will give our readers an account of the pilgrimage of the Northwestern Editorial Association.

The Red Lake County Fair will be on at Thief River Falls August 9, 10, 11, and will be well worth attending.

Japan, it is said, will ask Russia for a billion and the return of Manchuria. It comes high to get licked these days.

The new census will give Minnesota a few over the two million mark. Drain and boost and it will be more next time.

Drain the unproductive swamps and make them tillable and induce people to settle will be the burden of the song at Crookston next week.

The man who can unite all the warring elements in the republican ranks in Minnesota on the gubernatorial question does not appear to have arrived.

The black rust scare has passed and the farmers are still prosperous. Wonder how many of the "cubs" in Wall street got a squeeze during the raise in price of wheat?

No wonder LaFollette hesitates about resigning as governor of Wisconsin to take a seat in the senate. They may make a raid and "pull the bunch" next winter.

We have boomed the other fellow's land out west and in Canada long enough and there now seems to be a concerted disposition to do something for Minnesota. Help it along, it's a good thing.

Rockefeller is said to have worked a corner on flax and is credited with making twenty millions. And they are sending men to jail out west for stealing government land even if the piece is no larger than a quarter section.

The Koch trial grinds slowly on at Mankato. The state is not springing the grand surprise promised and the defendant is keeping up well under the strain of the third trial. The chances for acquittal are getting brighter with each trial.

The whitewash brush evidently did not work in the cotton leak as most all the officials implicated have tendered their resignation and gone on an extended vacation, some so far that it looks as if they do not intend to return, but the grand jury may have something to say about the matter.

Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, has been convicted of stealing government land and will have to serve a jail sentence. If Senator Depew, of New York, who filched several hundred thousand from the Equitable policy holders, would get a similar dose it would make the people feel some better.

The Minnesota Drainage League will hold its first annual meeting at Crookston next Tuesday, August 1. An invitation has been extended to all who are interested in drainage to attend. Many prominent people have signified their intention of attending and the meeting promises to be an important one.

The new census does not show as large a percentage of gain as many might wish, and no wonder. For the past five years the railroads and immigration agencies have worked this state as never before for settlers to locate in the far west and the Canadian northwest. We would have been lucky to have held our own. The western boom is about over so we may now look for a season of advancement and prosperity at home. There are few better places than Minnesota and many who have gone west know it better than they did.

Light and Sound.

Light travels so vastly much faster than sound that there is no comparison between their velocities. The velocity of light is about 190,000 miles a second. At this speed light will travel about eight times around the earth in a second, and light starting from the sun will traverse the 93,000,000 miles of space intervening between the sun and the earth in eight minutes. So it is seen light flashes from one part of the earth to another, even the most remote, instantaneously, or practically so. Sound travels worse than a snail's pace, as compared with light, going only about 1,100 feet in a second, or about a mile in five seconds, or twelve miles in a minute. These facts are noticed, though not always understood, by any one who sees a gun fired only a few hundred yards away. The flash and the puff of smoke are seen instantaneously; the report of the gun always comes perceptibly later, the time intervening being greater or less, according to the distance.

Catching the Early Spider.

One must be an early riser if he would photograph a spider's web, for the delicate fabric must be taken when the dew is yet on it, so that the outlines will be in sharp relief. The best success is obtained when the webs are on pine trees, and spiders seem to favor these trees because of the shelter they afford. Look on the least exposed side of the tree for your web, for instinct teaches the little creatures to make their homes where the strong winds do not strike. In taking the picture the lens should be brought very near the web, in order to make the threads as large as possible. I have photographed a spider's web with a 4 by 5 camera and with a 6½ by 8½ instrument, having equally good success in each case. It is well to have a rubber focusing cloth and to keep it over the camera all the time, for the person who hunts spiders' webs early in the morning must be prepared for dampness.—Suburban Life.

The Term "Greenhorn."

The term "greenhorn" originated in this way: The pioneers of the west were much given to hunting deer. It was a fact known to early settlers that when the horn of a fawn began to grow there was a ring of green hair around the spot. It was considered a disgraceful thing for a hunter to kill a fawn, a cruel act, and the killing time was regulated by the growth of the horn. There was a sort of unwritten law that no one should kill a male fawn before its horn could be seen. A person who was so unthoughtful as to kill a deer under the proper age was called a "greenhorn." He was so named because the young horn of the deer and the hair around it were still green. The use of the appellation gradually spread until it was applied to all raw or inexperienced youths or persons easily imposed upon.

Pepys and the Cook Maid.

There was a servant problem in the seventeenth century, but it was solved in a rough and ready fashion. Pepys records on April 12, 1667, that he came home, "saw my door and hatch open, left so by Luce, our cook maid, which so vexed me that I did give her a kick in our entry and offered a blow at her."

Two days afterward (Lord's day) Pepys writes this: "Took out my wife and the two Mercers and two of our maids, Barker and Jane, and over the water to the Jamaica House, where I never was before, and there the girls did run for wagers over the bowling green, and there with much pleasure spent little, and so home." Luce was not there, but the other maids were treated as members of the family.

Small Coins.

The natives of the Malay peninsula have in use the very smallest current coin in the world. It is a sort of wafer made from the resinous juice of a tree and is worth about one ten-thousandth of a penny. The smallest metal coin in circulation at the present day is the Portuguese three reis piece, worth twelve one-hundredths of a penny. The smallest coin circulating officially in any part of the British empire is the five millesima piece of Gibraltar, worth about half a farthing.

Saved His Own Name.

After a recent bank holiday in London one of the police courts the next morning had among its "drunk and disorderly" prisoners a man who said he was William Shakespeare. "Is that your real name," asked the judge, "or just your nom de guerre?" "Well, your honor," replied the prisoner, "it is true that I was not christened William Shakespeare, but, you see, I hated to bring dishonor and disgrace upon a respected name."

How She Guessed.

Landlady—That new boarder is either married or a widower. Daughter—Why, mamma, he says he is a bachelor. Landlady—Don't you believe it. When he opens his pocketbook to pay his bill he always turns his back to me.

Disappointed.

Newed—Alas, I am a disappointed man. My wife cannot sing. Oldwed—Can't sing! Why, man, that ought to be a cause for rejoicing! You are to be congratulated. Newed—Yes; but the trouble is she thinks she can.

The Dark Ages.

Soph—Why did they call the middle ages the dark ages? Junior—Because the women kept their ages dark? Soph—No; because there were so many knights.—Columbia Jester.

How He Saved Him.

Hewitt—That fellow saved me from bankruptcy. Jewitt—How was that? Hewitt—He married the extravagant girl I was engaged to.

Men's hats at bargain prices at M. L. Hanson's.

CALUMET Baking Powder

The only high grade Baking Powder sold at a moderate price. Complies with the pure food laws of all states.

Trust Baking Powders sell for 45 or 50 cents per pound and may be identified by this exorbitant price. They are a menace to public health, as food prepared from them contains large quantities of Rochelle salts, a dangerous cathartic drug.

How to Dose a Dog.

A dose of castor oil is as disagreeable to the ailing dog as to the ailing human being. He kicks against it, and does right, when he is grabbed by the back of the neck, and with his jaws yanked apart with a towel awaits the nasty dose. This is poured down his neck—on the outside. It is usually followed by a few more doses, all of which go the same way, which is the wrong way. The jaws are in a vise, the dog is in torture, and he is ready to condemn his very best friend for thus treating him shabbily. If they only were sensible enough to know how any dog, from the meanest cur to the bluest blooded canine on earth, was in the habit of taking his oil, it would be different, but they are all at sea on the subject, and poor doggie is about dead when a friend utters:

"Hump! All chumps on dogs, I see. Pour the stuff over the poor fellow's paws."

Lo, and behold! The wise few who thought they knew all about dogs and dog things learned something to their credit when they saw how carefully Towser licked his paws, cleaned them, and thus took his oil without fuss and in the proper way.—Outing.

That Painter.

The artist who had found Marshby full of "paintable" places and friendly people was much attracted by one of the young women of the village, whom he met at a social gathering. He asked and was accorded permission to escort her home from a little party one evening, and, as the evening was mild and the moon was shining, they lingered at her gate for a few minutes' conversation. Suddenly the stillness was broken by a hoarse shout which came from an open window of the little house:

"Cast off that painter! Cast off that painter!"

The artist started as if he had been shot, but the young woman gave him a reassuring smile and a becoming blush.

"It's—it's just father dreaming," she said softly. "He's a retired sea captain and often talks in his sleep."

Talked Just Like a Man.

Miss Florence Marryat, the novelist, daughter of Captain Marryat, had some mannerisms of her own. The following anecdote is told by William Downey: "'Here's a letter from Florence Marryat,' said Mr. Tinsley, the publisher, to me one morning. 'She wants me to buy a new three volume novel from her. If I'm out of the way when she calls you can talk to her.'

"I asked how I was to recognize her. 'You'll recognize her easy enough,' said Mr. Tinsley. 'She is a tall, striking looking woman, and she'll talk to you just like a man.' A few days later a tall lady called. I fancied she might be Miss Marryat. She looked around the office, and then, addressing me, she said, 'Is Bill in?'

"To this I replied that Mr. Tinsley was not in. Could I do anything for her? 'I must see Bill himself,' she said. 'Tell the old bounder I called.' 'You're Miss Marryat?' I ventured. 'Yes. But stop! How the dickens do you know I'm Miss Marryat? I never saw you before.'"

The Sword of a Knight.

The sword of a noble knight was mentioned almost as often as himself in the songs of the troubadours of the middle ages. In the olden time this trusty weapon was named and personified as accomplishing countless brilliant deeds. In the proverbs of all nations it is spoken of with reverence and trust. It represents the rank and renown, the heroism and honor, the glory and greatness, of nations in the past. One of the first weapons made by man, it became his most important arm and auxiliary of warfare. It has always been the visible badge of birth, bravery and freedom. To surrender it was to admit defeat and disgrace. So long has it been the constant companion of rank and valor that it has acquired a dignity of its own. Like no other weapon, it has a quality entirely distinct from its character as a blood shedder. In England even at the present day the sword alone is considered adequate to confer knighthood.

An Atlas for $1.00.

The Great Northern Railway has issued an Atlas of 56 pages containing up to date maps of Iowa, Wisconsin Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, Alaska, Hawaii, Japan, Philippine Islands, China, the United States and of the World.

In addition to this, the Atlas contains valuable statistical information relative to the states named above, is printed on the very best quality of paper, shows the lines of the Great Northern Railway, and is in every way a commendable work.

This Atlas will be distributed at the actual cost of production and will be sent to any address upon receipt of $1.00. Address, F. I. Whitney, Passenger Traffic Manager, Great Northern Railway, St. Paul, Minn. jl29

Teachers' Examinations.

The regular semi-annual teachers' examinations will be held at Red Lake Falls, August 3rd, 4th and 5th, in accordance with the following program:

Composition and Penmanship will be marked on the first question in grammar.

THURSDAY, AUG. 3.
(Second Grade Certificates.)

A. M.—8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Arithmetic.
10:30 Physiology-Hygiene.
P. M.—1:30 English Grammar.
3:00 Reading.
4:15 Drawing.

FRIDAY, AUG. 4.
(Second Grade Studies, Continued, and Civics.)

A. M.—8:00 Professional Test.
9:00 Spelling.
9:30 Geography.
11:00 Music.
P. M.—1:30 U. S. History.
3:15 Civics.

SATURDAY, AUG. 5.
(First Grade Studies.)

A. M.—8:00 Geometry.
10:00 Physics.
P. M.—1:30 Algebra.
3:00 Physical Geography or General History.

A teacher desiring to obtain a mark in composition and penmadship, but not in grammar, will write on the first question in grammar only. Civics is not a second grade study.

H. T. McANULTY,
Co. Supt.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

For refreshments call at Number 488.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., July 6, 1905.

TO GRANT VANSANT,
New York Life Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minn.—

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 22541 for the purchase of the following land, viz: Northeast quarter of section No. 17, in township No. 152 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $640.00 principal, and $135.60 interest, amounting in all to $776.60; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $776.60, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., July 6, 1905.

TO GRANT VANSANT,
New York Life Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minn.—

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 22512 for the purchase of the following land, viz: Northwest quarter of section No. 17, in township No. 152 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $640.00 principal, and $136.60 interest, amounting in all to $776.60; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $776.60, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

Great Northern Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., July 6, 1905.

TO GRANT VANSANT,
New York Life Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minn.—

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 22544 for the purchase of the following land, viz: Southeast quarter of section No. 17, in township No. 152 N., of range No. 45 W, 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum of $640.00 principal, and $136.60 interest, amounting in all to $776.60; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $776.60, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

CHAS. H. BABCOCK,
Land Commissioner.

Illinois Central R. R.

EFFICIENTLY SERVES A VAST TERRITORY

by through service to and from the following cities:

Omaha, Neb.	Chicago, Ill.
St. Paul, Minn.	St. Louiis, Mo.
Minneapolis,	Peoria, Ill.
Kansas City, Mo.	Evansville, Ind.
Memphis, Tenn.	Nashville, Tenn.
Cincinnati, Ohio.	Atlanta, Ga.
Louisville, Ky.	Jacksonville, Fla.
New Orleans, La.	Vicksburgh, Miss.

Weekly through service between Chicago and between Cincinnati

AND THE PACIFIC COAST.

Connections at these terminals for the

EAST, SOUTH, WEST NORTH.

Fast and Handsomely equipped Steam-Heated Trains—Dining Cars—Buffet Library Cars—Sleeping Cars—Free Reclining Chair Cars.

A. H. HANSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt
Chicago, Ill

TREASURER'S ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE SCHOOL YEAR ENDING JULY 15, 1905.

To the Clerk of District No. 102, County of Red Lake, Minn.;

SIR:—In accordance with law, I file with you, for presentation at the next Annual School Meeting, the following financial report for the year ending July 15th, 1905.

E. M. HOFF, District Treasurer.

RECEIPTS FOR THE YEAR—

Cash on hand at the beginning of the year	$ 1845 60	
Received from apportionment (a) from state one mill tax	56 87	
" " " (b) from Int. on State school fund	550 09	
" " special tax collected	1233 51	
" " text book sales, fines, etc.	41 95	
" " all other sources	1 90	
" " license	1250 00	
Total receipts for the year		$ 4977 94

DISBURSEMENTS FOR THE YEAR—

Paid for teachers' wages	$ 2790 00	
Paid for fuel and school supplies	278 92	
Paid for repairs and improving grounds	489 27	
Paid for text books	75 89	
Paid for janitor work, freight and drayage and scrubbing	370 85	
Cash on hand at end of the year	974 01	
Total		$ 4977 94

ACCOUNT BALANCED.

Cash on hand beginning of the year	$ 1845 60	Total disbursements for the year	$ 4003 93
Received from all other sources	3132 34	Cash on hand at end of the year	974 01
Total receipts for the year	4977 94	Total	4977 94

CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL.

THIS CERTIFIES, That we have examined the treasurer's records and vouchers, and that we find them and this report correct.

Dated this 12th day of July, 1905.

K. O. GIGSTAD, District Clerk.
DANIEL PATSERSON, President.

CROOKSTON
LUMBER Company.

Lumber
Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Name Your Route East

In purchasing your ticket East, if you care for an excellence in service and equipment not obtainable elsewhere, name your route

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

No additional charge to ride on the Pioneer Limited or the Fast Mail, the two most popular trains between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago. But it is necessary to name your route.

W. B. DIXON
Northwestern Passenger Agent
365 Robert Street, St. Paul.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

"The Comfortable Way"

TIME TABLE

Arrival and departure of trains at St. Hilaire.

PASSENGER.

8:00 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
9:25 am Ar....Red Lake Falls....Lv 5:25 pm
9:55 am Ar......St. Hilaire......Lv 4:55 pm
10:20 am Ar...Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30 pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10 am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN, Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien..........President
K. O. Gigstad..........Recorder
C. H. Martz, R. H. Duntley, Carl Johnson..........Councilmen
L. Holmes..........Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor..........James F. Ford
Treasurer..........Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds..........Frank Jeffers
Sheriff..........Dan Linnihan
Attorney..........Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate..........N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court..........Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools..........H. T. McAnulty
Coroner..........Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner..........H. W. Lee
Surveyor..........J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist..........J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist..........W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist..........O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist..........Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist..........Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

J. J. Soll, N. G.

J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

Carl Johnson, V. C.

J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

Henry Olson, Pres.

Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH

Physician and Surgeon...

Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE

Veterinary Surgeon.

Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham

St. Hilaire, - Minn.

BERT D. KECK

ARCHITECT

Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.

ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

A. O. LETVIG

Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

For CHOICEST

FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars

Call at....

DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

.. HALL'S ..

CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS

Agency for....
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.

Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

E. M. Hoff is building a new hay shed.

Sheriff Linnihan was a business caller Saturday.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Leave your orders for Banner Patterns at M. L. Hanson's.

Martin E. Hoff made a business visit to the upper Falls Thursday.

H. Monson, of Clarkfield, arrived Wednesday to visit with J. J. Soll.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Miss Etta Zaiser, of the lower Falls, came up Thursday to meet her class in music.

Otto Sandmoen, of Crookston, was a Sunday visitor here at the home of his mother.

Wm. Zaiser, the Red Lake Falls liveryman, was a business caller here Tuesday.

Mrs. Wm. Maynard came up from Minneapolis Saturday to visit with her husband.

Joseph Demars and family went to Red Lake Falls Saturday, returning Tuesday.

Daly's Ten Nights in a Bar Room played to a fair sized audience Tuesday evening.

Mike McGraw, an old time river man here, went through Tuesday with the Grand Forks drive.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Mrs. Andrew Palmgren presented her husband with a bouncing baby boy yesterday morning.

Mrs. Edstrom and Mrs. Wells drove in from Hazel Tuesday to call on relatives and friends.

Judge Grindeland passed through here Monday enroute to Roseau to open a term of court.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on August 3rd and 4th.

E. R. Evans, of Bemidji, was installed local manager of the Crookston Lumber company here Monday.

G. B. Grace is entertaining his mother and sister who arrived on Thursday from Davenport, Iowa.

Mrs. A. E. Higbie, of Ulen, came up Tuesday for an extended visit with her son Dr. C. E. Higbie.

Crookston is going to have a summer carnival, beginning August 8, with lots of amusements promised.

Eugene Smith, the Kuhles & Stocks cigar representative, was looking after the trade here Wednesday.

J. M. Richards, manager of the Crookston Lumber company, was looking over the plant here Monday.

There will be services in the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday at 3:30 p. m. Alex Sand, Pastor.

Chas. E. Boughton, the well known attorney of Red Lake Falls, was a business caller in the village Monday.

W. E. Rowe, of Crookston, passed through here Monday enroute to Roseau to attend the term of court held at that place.

Parties wishing to cut grass on SW¼ Sec. 18, River Falls, must have permit from Alston & Brosemer, Fairmont, Minn. 22

Neil Dahl came up Saturday from Red Lake Falls, where he is attending the teachers' training school, returning Monday.

Last Thursday's rain was certainly not needed, but farmers report that it did not do a great amount of harm to the crops.

Prof. Onstad came up from Red Lake Falls Thursday to help the band boys and note what improvement they are making.

At a special meeting of the village council July 26, James Brady, of Red Lake Falls, was given the contract to repair the North bridge.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

The band boys gave an open air concert Monday evening in the bowery. Many of the villagers were in attendance and expressed their delight at the progress the boys are making under the leadership of Prof. Onstad.

Leave your orders for Banner Patterns at M. L. Hanson's.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on August 3rd and 4th.

Miss Annie Fellman came home from the training school Saturday and before returning Monday engaged to teach a seven months' term in the Swenson district.

Henry Miller, the well digger, came in Tuesday for more supplies and reported striking a good flow of water on the farm of W. F. Schumacher at a depth of 149 feet.

The school board held a special meeting July 26 to consider bids for grubbing and cleaning the school grounds. The bids were all considered excessive so none were accepted.

The dance given by the firemen Saturday evening in the bowery was a success, netting them a neat sum. The weather man gave them a scare early in the evening, but after cooling down there was no more alarm from showers.

Boom Master Hughes loaded up a list of supplies and with a crew of drivers started for the upper sorting gap Tuesday evening. A. F. Lang will attend to arranging the bill of fare and see that the meals are properly prepared.

The Mission church picnic at the farm of A. S. Anderson in the town of River Falls, Sunday, was well attended. There were about two hundred people in attendance and report an excellent time. The proceeds were for the benefit of the church.

Paul C. Burrill, of Fergus Falls, representing the Columbia Lyceum Bureau, was a caller in the village Tuesday trying to put in a course of lectures for the season, but was unable to get any one to give him the necessary guarantee. The course of lectures would be a nice thing but the guarantee is another thing.

H. D. Pettibone, local manager of the Crookston Lumber company for the past three years, has been tendered the position as traveling salesman for the company with headquarters in Chicago. Mr. Pettibone has accepted the position and at present is in Pittsburg, where he will remain for a few weeks. The family will remain here for the present.

A special car car carrying the thirty-one editors of influential journals from five states under the auspices of the State Immigration Bureau, passed through here Wednesday morning attached to the regular train. The editors are seeing the country at the time of year that advertising should be an easy matter as the crops all over the northwest are reported as being in excellent condition.

The annual missionary meeting of the Swedish Lutheran church will be held next week as follows: On Tuesday at the Black River church; on Wednesday at the Clara church in River Falls; and on Wednesday evening and Thursday at St. Hilaire and Thief River Falls. Services begin at 10:30 a. m. each day. The following nine ministers are expected to be present: Rev. L. P. Lundgren, of Hallock; Rev. A. Noren, of Kennedy; Rev. O. J. Andrews, of Englund; Rev. J. A. Mattson, of Warren; Rev. L. E. Sjolinder, of Grand Forks; Rex, J. Alm, of Fosston; Rev. H. O. Hemming, of Roseau; Rev. P. Dahlquist, of Warren, and the local pastor. All are cordially invited to these and all our services.

ALEX SAND, Pastor.

A man who was too economical to subscribe for his home paper sent a little boy to borrow the one taken by his neighbor. In his haste the boy ran over a four dollar stand of bees and in ten minutes looked like a warty summer squash. His cries reached his father who ran to his assistance and failing to notice a barbed wire fence, ran into it, breaking it down, cutting a handful of flesh from his anatomy and ruining a five dollar pair of pants. The cow took advantage of the gap in the fence and got into the cornfield and killed herself eating green corn. Hearing the racket the wife ran and upset a four gallon churn of rich cream into a basket of kittens, drowning the whole flock. In her hurry she dropped a twenty-five dollar set of false teeth. The baby, left alone, crawled through the spilled cream and into the parlor, ruining a twenty-dollar carpet. During the excitement the oldest daughter ran away with the hired man, the dog broke up eleven setting hens, and the calves got out and chewed the tails off five shirts.—Kansas City Journal.

Drainage Meeting.

The Minnesota Drainage League will hold its first annual meeting at the city hall, Crookston, beginning on the first day of August, and an invitation is extended to all who are interested in the matter of drainage to be present.

Special railway rates are assured. Full particulars and programs will be sent on application to the secretary, H. G. Hays, Bemidji, Minn.

For Sale at a Bargain.

A bargain for somebody if accepted soon. My farm of 240 acres in Rocksbury township—E½ SW¼, W½ SW¼ Sec. 26 and E½ SE¼ Sec. 27. Prices and terms right. Address,

W. J. Ott,
Walnut, Bureau Co.,
Illinois.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

tf G. H. Sandum.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Go to L. M. Rolland & Sons for flour. We sell the "Mascot."

New Census.

The 1905 census returns have been announced and the following figures are authentic. While a few of the towns show a decrease the gain on the whole is a substantial one:

Towns and Cities	1905	1900	Gain	Loss
Black River	304	346		42
Bray	149	159		10
†Emardville	264	361		97
Equality	443	455		12
Garnes	349	367		18
Gervais	386	333	53	
Lake Pleasant	287	380		93
Lambert	522	494	28	
Louisville	411	490		79
Norden	459	441	18	
North	400	148	252	
Numedal	171	150	21	
†Plummer village	189		189	
Polk Center	371	371		
Poplar River	538	395	143	
Red Lake Falls Twp	345	391		54
Red Lake Falls City—				
First ward 475				
Second ward 369				
Third ward 938	1782	1885		103
River Falls	346	329	15	
Rocksbury	626	599	27	
Sanders	341	367		26
St. Hilaire village	911	840	71	
Terrebonne	581	579	2	
Thief River Falls City				
First ward 1520				
Second ward 782				
Third ward 1200	3502	1819	1693	
Wyandotte	312	311	1	
*152-39	61		61	
*152-40	162		162	
*152-41	245	87	158	
*153-39	27		27	
*153-40	201		201	
*153-41	301		301	
*Smiley	400	98	302	
*154-39	19		19	
*154-40	78		78	
*154-41	320		320	
*154-42	184		184	
Totals	15917	12195	4256	534

*Organized since 1900.

†Plummer village incorporated in Emardville township since 1900.

Deserves Explanation.

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN—One Wiley Tindolph, a good looking man of middle age, of pleasing address, good conversationalist, very popular with the fair sex. When last heard of he was looking for "Booze." Any information as to his whereabouts will be gladly received by his many friends in Thief River Falls.—Press.

The above, taken from The Press, is somewhat misleading about the person in question and is deserving of some explanation. The idea of any one living in the upper Falls having to go on a trip to get booze is absurd, as many northern end dwellers will testify. Mr. Tindolph has not many of the pleasures here below to cheer his lonely hours and in making up the deficit has a prize terrier that for convenience sake he calls "Booze," not to remind him of any of the hours he has spent under the influence of the cup that cheers, for on good authority we are informed he is not guilty of imbibing; but simply as a convenient name. Wiley passed through here Wednesday morning, Booze with him, so we know of what we speak.

Creamery is a Success.

Crookston Times: State Dairy and Food Inspector Joel Winkjer, of this city, has received from the manager of the St. Hilaire creamery a statement as to the profits accrued from the manufacture of butter at that plant during the past few weeks, and the report of N. A. Nelson, secretary and Geo. L. Austin, the buttermaker, is a very satisfactory one and indicative of what a good creamery well managed will do and can do for the farmers of the Red River Valley. The following items from the report for June are of special interest:

Total paid patrons, $4,118.21; which netted 20c per pound for fat.

Following is what some of the individual patrons received during the month of June:

L. A. Carlson, $84.24; Miller Peterson, $80.18; W. A. Sorsoliel, $71.50; C. C. Borgen, $66.31; O. L. Larson, $62.42; H. Haupt, $60.24.

Stole and Was Caught.

Thief River Falls News: Alfred P. Myrer, a young man about 22 years of age, stole some $32 from the trunk of Severin Helseth, a fellow boarder at the Cleveland hotel last Thursday morning and took the early morning Soo train for Karlstad. The authorities in towns north along the Soo line were notified, and the result was that he was arrested at Pelan on Friday and Deputy Sheriff Jarman went up and brought him to this city. Myrer had been spending his time drinking in the saloons in the north country and the result was that when arrested he had only 50 cents on his person. County Attorney Germo came up from Red Lake Falls Monday to prosecute, and as the man did not deny the charge, he was taken to Crookston and Judge Watts gave him a sentence to the reformatory at St. Cloud. Deputy Sheriff Jarman took the man to the St. Cloud institution.

Council Proceedings.

Special meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held at the village hall July 26, 1905, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the president.

All members present.

The president stated that the object of the meeting was to consider the repairing of the North bridge.

On motion the bid of James Brady for $175.00 to fix the bridge was accepted.

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'Brien,
President.

K. O. Gigstad,
Recorder.

Card of Thanks.

Mr. Peter Nelson, of Smiley township, wishes to express his sincere thanks to the many friends and neighbors who so kindly assisted during the illness and at the funeral of his wife.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

DR. V. PLETH,

SURGEON.

Graduate of Copenhagen University.

Department for Diseases of the Eye

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Found No Black Rust.

Crookston Times (Thursday): S. M. Sivertson, manager of the Red Lake Falls and Crookston flouring mills, who was in the city yesterday and asked about the rust scare said:

"So far as I have been able to learn there is no black rust in the country about this city or Red Lake Falls. I gathered samples and had them sent to the state entomologist, and he has reported an absence of any trace of black rust in that vicinity and that the conditions are not such this year as will result in its appearance. He is the closest student of grain that I have ever met in the Red River valley and year after year I have found his predictions regarding grain conditions correct. This farmer says that last year at this time, the north and northwest side of the grain stalks were spotted with rust, while now they are clear and free from any contamination of that character. The same authority claims that last year the heavy dews of the morning remained on the grain stalks till nearly noon, while this year, though the same heavy dew prevails, the grain stalks are dry early in the forenoon. He insists that there will be no serious damage from rust of the black variety this season."

Marcus Johnson, who accompanied Manager Sivertson, regarding the same subject said:

"There is some red rust this year as there has been nearly every year since I have been in the Red River valley, especially in the low places, but so far as I have been able to learn there has been no black rust and I do not apprehend any widespread damage from that source this year."

Panorama of Finance and the Markets.

As one would expect of a great metropolitan newspaper having the facilities of The Chicago Record-Herald, that paper always covers the markets and financial and commercial intelligence generally on a scale of exceptional fullness, covering two entire pages of each issue. The quotations on live stock, grain and provisions, stocks and bonds, and in fact every commercial and financial market in which the people of the northwest are interested, are thoroughly complete and satisfactory.

Special cables tell the story of finance abroad. The "Speculative Gossip," "Wall Street Talks" and "LaSalle Street Notes" are features of The Record-Herald market page that interest speculators from the Pacific to the Atlantic coast. They tell of the under-currents in the grain and security markets. They relate personal gossip of the pits, in its way as important as the humdrum and routine part of the day's story of speculation. The Wall street letter of John Chambers summarizes the daily hrstory of Gotham's money market in a most entertaining and instructive fashion. Examine the market page of any issue and see for yourself.

New Towns in North Dakota.

The extensive railroad building now being done in North Dakota has brought tributary to railroad facilities an additional vast area of the rich agricultural sections of northern and western North Dakota. The Great Northern railway is building a number of new extensions from its main line northward notably that of the Sarles extension of the Edmore line, the Thorne extension running north from York, the Maxbass extension running northwestward from Towner, and a further extension of the Westhope line to Antler. The building of these new lines has brought into being a number of new towns which are fully described in a pamphlet recently issued by the Great Northern Railway. By application to Mr. F. I. Whitney, Passenger Traffic Manager, St. Paul, Minn., a copy of these pamphlets "New Extensions in North Dakota" or "New Towns in North Dakota" will be mailed to any address. 8-5

Snapshots by Lamplight.

Instantaneous photographs, as every amateur knows, give the most lifelike and natural portrait effects. They usually require bright sunlight, which is apt to spoil the portrait by distorting the face, but a French invention is now reported by which they may be taken in a studio by artificial light. Anyone, however, may at any time take golden grain belt beer with equal benefit to the system. It builds up mental and physical strength and is a very delicious and refreshing drink. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Followed.

A servant girl had been sent on an errand. On returning she said to her mistress, "Oh, ma'am, there's been a young man following me." Mistress—Oh, indeed! Servant Girl—Yes, ma'am. I know he was a-following me, because he kept looking around to see if I was coming.

Tart Answer.

"A woman's bonnet would not cost much if it wasn't for the trimming," said the miserly husband.

"Neither would a man's whiskers," answered his wife.—Chicago News.

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A good size and quality Prunes per pound	4c	Small size Sour Pickles, per gallon	30c
Large size and quality Prunes per pound	6c	Sweet Pickles, very nice, per quart	12½c
Extra size and quality Prunes per pound	8c	Rolled Oats, five-pound package	15c
Rice, extra good value, 28 pounds for	$1	Full Cream Cheese, per pound	13c
Tapioca, 6 pounds for	25c	Full Cream Brick Cheese per pound	15c
Sage, 6 pounds for	25c	Soaps, good, forty bars for	$1

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Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

AIDS NATURE'S WORK

EFFECT OF ACETYLENE RAYS ON GROWTH OF PLANTS.

Crow to Twice Actual Weight of Those Exposed to Sunlight Only—Latest Victory for This New and Beautiful Illuminant.

The experiments recently made at Cornell University prove that the beautiful rays from the gas, acetylene, are as effective as sunlight on the growth of plants, and this may soon become a subject for serious consideration by all progressive cultivators of the soil.

The results of the experiments are astonishing, inasmuch as they show conclusively the great increase of growth attained by supplementing "The Light of Nature" with "The Light of Acetylene" during the hours in which the plants would otherwise be in darkness. For instance, a certain number of radish plants subjected to acetylene light during the night, grew to twice the actual weight of the same number of radishes given daylight only, all other conditions being equal, and peas had blossomed and partially matured pods with the help of acetylene light, while without the added light not even buds were apparent.

Acetylene is already taking its place as an illuminant for towns from a central plant, for lighting houses, churches, schools and isolated buildings of all kinds, and it is being used successfully for many other purposes.

A striking and important feature of acetylene is the ease and small expense with which it can be made available compared with the great advantages derived from its use. The machine in which the gas is generated is easily installed.

When They Laugh.

"What took best at your amateur minstrel show?"

"The mistakes."—Puck.

DEMAND FACTS

About What You Eat.

When it comes to food, demand to know the facts about what goes into your stomach.

Not only that it is pure, but that you are not deceived in the description of its contents and condition. Some flaked breakfast foods that have thus far failed are now being advertised in close imitation of the Grape-Nuts advertising, thinking in that way to finally make a success of the failure.

But false statements of the merits of human food will never on earth build up a business. These flaked foods are not pre-digested. They are not fully cooked and the starch in them is starch still, and has not been turned to sugar as claimed.

Chemical analysis tells the truth and the analysis of the famous chemists of the world show Grape-Nuts the only prepared breakfast food in which the starch part of the wheat and barley has been transformed into sugar and therefore ready for immediate digestion. Why is this true? All the thin rolled flake foods are made by soaking the grains of wheat or oats in water, then rolling, drying and packing. These operations do not cook or pre-digest the starch.

Contrasted with this pretense, observe the care, method and skill in making Grape-Nuts.

The barley is soaked about one hundred hours, then it is slowly warmed for some days and sprouted, the diastase being developed and part of the starch turned to sugar (and later on all of it), then the grains are baked and the sprouts stripped off. Then comes grinding, sifting and mixing with the creamy colored flour made from white and maccaroni wheat. This mixture must be skillfully made in right proportions. This blended flour contains just the ingredients demanded by nature to rebuild the soft gray substance in the nerve centers and brain, but how to make the food easy to digest, that was the question.

It certainly would not do to mix in drugs, for there is a certain failure sure to come to the person depending on drugs to digest food. They may do for a temporary expedient, but pure food and digestible food is the only final resort and safe way. So to change the remaining starch part and prepare the other elements in this blended flour it is made up into massive loaves like bread, the inside being dark cream color and quite sticky to the touch. These loaves are sliced and again go through long cooking at certain temperatures. Then the rock hard slices are each one carefully inspected and ground ready for packing and use, having gone through 10 or 12 hours in the different operations.

When finished, each little granule will show a sparkling substance on its surface. A magnifying glass will bring it out clearer and develop little pieces of pure dextrose sugar, not put on "or poured over" (as the head of a large Sanitarium once stated in his paper, thus exposing his appalling ignorance of food processes), but, this sugar exudes from the interior of each as the starch is slowly turned to sugar in the process of manufacture. This kind of sugar is exactly like what is found in the human intestines, provided the starch of the grains, potatoes, bread, rice, cake, etc., etc., has been perfectly digested. But many are weak in that form of digestion, and yet need the starches, so Grape-Nuts supplies them pre-digested and ready to go quickly into the blood.

Visitors are shown freely through the works and can follow the steps of making Grape-Nuts from the grain to the finished product. The proportions of different kinds of flour, and the temperatures are not disclosed and it seems impossible for others to steal these secrets of the makers. But purity, cleanliness and skill are shown in every corner of the immense pure food factories. People who care for results from choicely selected food, those who want the food to rebuild the soft gray substance in brain and nerves that give the go, the vigor, the life, will understand why the imitators who try to copy the announcements about Grape-Nuts have failed in the past.

There's a reason for Grape-Nuts and a profound one.

AGRICULTURE

Sweet Clover (Melilotus).

There is one plant that is scattering itself over the country as a weed that deserves more than passing mention. In most of the country where it has appeared only during last years it is found chiefly along the railroads. In riding over the Illinois Central from Chicago to Cairo, a distance of 923 miles, one sees sweet clover on the sides of the railroad all the way. Sometimes the patches by the roadside extend into the fields and form great thickets six and seven feet high. One gets the impression that the plant is all over the state, which is not the case. A few miles away from the railroads will be found people that have never seen sweet clover. Just how it spread so along the railroad it is at first hard to understand, as sweet clover is not transported as a commercial product. The only conclusion possible is that the soil, being constantly torn by the section men in grading and making repairs has left the road soil in a condition where the sweet clover seed could take hold and develop into a plant. This was the more readily done as most seeds will not take hold of such soil. The seed of most of the grasses need to be protected by a nurse plant to get hold of the earth. If they fall on bare soil exposed to the sun they do not germinate, or if they do the germ dies. Many of the seeds of grasses are so light that the little rootlet that starts pushes up the seed rather than finds a weight above it that permits it to force its way into the soil. The mellilotus seed, however, finds in the bare soil just the place it needs. The hot sun favors it, and its seed is heavy enough to hold itself down while the rootlet is making its way into the baked crust. This doubtless explains why it has followed the hard roadside.

Our farmers have not yet learned the great value of sweet clover. This may be said of those in the North more than of the farmers in the South, for the latter have raised this plant as a field crop and have fed it extensively. In the North its greatest use may be found in helping to make hard land soft and mellow. Bare spots in the pastures could be made to grow grass if mellilotus seed were first sown on them. If the land is limey the plant will make a good growth and will send up big stalks while its roots go deep into the soil, pushing aside the soil particles. When these roots die they leave innumerable channels in the soil through which soil drainage is facilitated and air can the more readily enter.

Sweet clover loves lime, and where lime is provided it will grow to perfection. Land that is sour is not suited to sweet clover, and this is a reason why in Southern Illinois it is found on the railroads and not in the fields. The soil on the railroads has been hauled in from a distance and is evidently rich in lime, while the soil on the farms in some of the counties is so acidy that sweet clover would not grow if it did germinate.

The Spread of Intelligence.

The student of agriculture is often amazed at the rapidity with which agricultural information spreads with one class of people and the great slowness with which it spreads with another class. Every new discovery in the agricultural world is known very quickly to the progressive, thinking, studying agriculturist; while the farmer that cares nothing for what he calls scientific farming sometimes does not find out most important truths till they are almost aged. This thought is induced by a talk with a man who has spent most of his life on a farm and is now living in the shadow of an agricultural college. The simplest truths, known to the scientific farming world for twenty years, were new thoughts to him a week ago. One of the great obstacles to the spreading of the knowledge of better methods in farming is the almost insuperable difficulty of getting that class of farmers away from worthless reading matter long enough to fix their thoughts on the dry but momentous facts connected with the principles of farming. Some seem to need a special development in the direction of deep thinking. The situation is not improved by the great mass of literary trash that is being daily thrown into the home of the farmer.

Finding the Use of Land.

Much effort has been wasted trying to produce certain crops on land entirely unsuited to such crops. It sometimes happens that a swamp will be reclaimed and for some years the farmer will waste seed and labor trying to grow wheat, especially in the localities where wheat growing is the fashion. Muck and swamp lands may be well used for the growing of corn, potatoes, onions, celery, millet, buckwheat and even sugar beets. The drainage of such lands should be deep, for the drying out of wet soil causes it to compact considerably, and the bottom of the drain will be found above the frost line, if the tile is not down deep. An application of potassium will often mean the making of land of this character. The wise farmer will investigate his land so thoroughly that he will know the crop that it will produce in the greatest quantity and in the greatest perfection.

The Hopper Dozer.

Every year grasshoppers or locusts appear in large numbers in some localities. One of the best means of destroying them is the hopper dozer, illustrated here. It is simply a kerosene pan on runners, and having a high back to prevent the insects flying over it when stirred up by it as it is drawn through the grass. The pan is partly filled with water and some kerosene is added. This floats on top of the water and kills the locusts that fall into it. The hopper-dozer may be made as long as desired, it sometimes being 16 to 18 feet long, when drawn by horses. The runners may be two to eight inches high, according to the size of the grasshoppers to be caught.

HORTICULTURE

Using Dynamite in the Orchard.

From time to time instances come to our notice of the use of dynamite in the orchard. Sometimes it is a stump of a tree that is taken out by this means and sometimes it is the hole for the tree that is being prepared by the use of dynamite. The men that use it say it is easy to use in either case and performs its work thoroughly. So it is, but the danger is great, and many a man has lost his life trying to use this agent. In the case of quarrying rock it is quite necessary to use powder and dynamite, but in orchard work it is not necessary. The trouble is that many a careless man imagines that he is very careful, and as a consequence of this misplaced confidence in himself he either loses his own life or injures some other person. The digging of holes in which to set trees is not such a great task, anyway. The users of dynamite claim that a stick of dynamite placed in a hole in the earth and exploded will loosen the earth for five feet around and for two feet in depth. That may be true, but we see no great advantage in loosening the dirt to a greater depth than is stirred up by the plows that were used in the preparation of the orchard soil. If the soil is of the clayey texture the loosening of it below the depth to which the rest is loosened will simply make a place in which water can settle and become stagnant. If the soil is sandy it will need no such general stirring up to permit the passage of roots.

Careful Pruning.

Pruning is not a thing that can be done recklessly, although a great many farmers do not seem to realize the fact. Too much pruning will injure the vitality of the tree, and this injury will be most apparent if a severe drought comes on. If the weather is wet through the growing season, sometimes the tree that has been pruned too much will recover itself. If the tree is pruned too little much of its strength will go to the development of wood, and this means the limiting of fruit production. As a general thing, unpruned trees bear but little fruit. Pruning is a science that must be studied. No rule can be given in a single sentence that will be of much value. The man that makes a study of pruning will be able to increase the production of his orchard without increasing the expense, and without increasing the amount of plant food taken out of the soil.

Stirring Orchard Soils.

The depth of stirring orchard soils depends on the condition existing in the orchard. If the trees are large, and the roots numerous in the ground, the soil should not be stirred deeply, the main object being to keep the surface soil disturbed so that capillarity cannot take place. With old orchards that have never been cultivated the stirring will have to be very shallow, because the roots of old orchard trees lie close to the surface, and if they are disturbed the tree cannot readily form enough new ones to off-set the losses. The only orchard soil that may be stirred deeply is the soil in the young orchard previous to its coming into bearing. Deep stirring of the soil will then pulverize it in advance of the growing roots and so encourage its root extension.

Profit in Protein.

Protein is the most expensive element of food we can use for dairy cows, and for this reason there is a strong tendency to feed very little protein and a good deal of the starchy matter. But it is quite conclusively proved that if the protein is properly compounded with the other elements of the food it will render the whole ration cheaper than if the protein had not been used. This is because in the usual ration, out of proportion as it is, the waste of the fat-forming materials is great. At the Storrs Experiment Station recently tests have been made to see if a ration could be increased in protein and decreased in cost. This was proved to be possible. The protein was increased, and enough fat-forming material taken off to more than equal the value of the protein put in. The result was a slight increase in the milk production at a slightly lessened cost.

The principle is an important one, and it is one to which the Farmers' Review has frequently called attention. Every keeper of cows can well afford to get down to the study of the components of feeds, by which he will be able to save money on his feeds, while not decreasing the production of milk from his herd. The animals, too, are left in better condition than they would be if fed what is known as a "wide" ration.

Drainage Laws.

The drainage laws of the different states vary greatly, and some of them are very far from being perfect. More than that, a good many states have no well-defined laws regulating the building of outlets for drainage waters. The laws that have been enacted are mostly laws that have been suggested by some circumstance that has arisen. They are not the result of intelligent effort to get a whole system of just laws enacted. This was discovered when Iowa farmers had a drainage convention called and began to get together to discuss the laws. A convention of such men is far more able and likely to suggest needed laws of this kind than is a politician working for some particular interest. Every state in the Union should hold a drainage convention like the two that have been held in Iowa.

Feed for Chickens.

A city lady that had just purchased some chickens asked the farmer what they would eat. He replied that it would take him all his days to tell her what they would eat, but that if she would not feed salt fish and cobble stones they would get along all right.

LEAN TOWARD THE NORTH.

Peculiarity of Walls and Chimneys in New Orleans French Quarter.

"There are many strange and peculiar things about the French quarter of New Orleans," said the man who observes things, "but I know of none stranger than the fact that the chimneys and walls of the older buildings all have a tendency to lean toward the north. I have puzzled over this fact for a long time, but have been unable to arrive at any sensible solution of the peculiarity. Across Canal street the chimneys are either erect or if they are inclined to be out of plumb are just as likely to lean in one direction as another, while in French town they invariably tilt to the north. On Charles street this anomaly is particularly apparent. Some of the chimneys closely resemble the leaning tower of Pisa, and it would seem that the slightest jar would send them toppling over. However, the old builders were good workmen. They put up walls and chimneys to stand and many of the other buildings which are now apparently crumbling to decay would last for many years if some care were taken of them. Speaking of the chimneys again, I have asked many people for an explanation. Few had noticed the tendency and none could suggest a reasonable cause."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Why He Paid the Fare.

Three small boys who were in a crowded car going to a suburban ball game were discussing the effect the cost of the trip would have on their supply of pocket money, and had reached the point where they were deciding if they wouldn't have to walk home if they paid to get into the grounds.

"I won't," declared one of the boys.

"Why not?" asked his incredulous companions.

The boy with the 5-cent surplus jerked his head in the direction of a young man on the end of the seat and exclaimed, "He paid my fare."

"Oh, I know what he did that for," commented one of the youthful cynics. "He's after your sister."—New York Press.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

PORCUPINES AND SALT.

Experience That Would Seem to Prove Salt a Natural Need.

Some men who were camping in the Adirondacks several years ago, on breaking camp in the autumn, left an old tub which was saturated with salt brine. On returning to the same camp the next year, they found the tub had been gnawed until little of it was left. They were not long in finding out what animal had done this work, for the camp was overrun with Canadian porcupines. At night they became such a nuisance that the campers were obliged to kill them to protect their property. The handle of a paddle was gnawed half through.

The explanation of their presence in such numbers during that year, when they had not been noticeably abundant in the previous year, is that they had made a rendezvous of the camp, being attracted by the old brine tub. On this they feasted all winter, and for that reason were greatly pleased with the locality.

An interesting query is this: Is the liking of salt an acquired or a natural taste? Were they ever able to gratify that taste to any extent before man gave them a chance to do so?

It Sounds Simple.

Do you wish to test a coin? Don't bite it, but pass a good coin around it edgeways. If it grates it is all right; should it glide smoothly on, it is all wrong. Simple enough.—Boston Herald.

Ah, yes, it sounds simple. But where do you get the good coin?—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Woe Was Mutual.

"Young man," said the president of the bank, calling a young man to account, "I am sorry to hear that you have been betting on the ball games. It is a corrupt practice. What have you to say about it?"

"Well," replied the clerk, after a moment's hesitation, "I'm sorry you heard it, too."—Duluth News-Tribune.

A Social Battle Royal.

This season, more than ever, a desperate attempt has been made to revive the chaperon, and an equally firm stand is made against her by the young married hostess, who want all the room at their command for their young guests. I hope the chaperons will win the day. The decline of the chaperon has certainly been synonymous with the decline of manners, and one might also go so far as to say of morals.—London Lady's Pictorial.

A Mean Inference.

"When I was out West a fellow took a notion to me and gave me a room and rent free all winter."

"That was nice. By the way, do they keep jails warm in that country?"

Pinched.

"A string of pearls! You can't have them! Good heavens! with your penchant for pearls you should have married an oyster."

"Yes, I should have known I could not get them from a lobster."—Houston Post.

Loopholes.

Crawford—How many residences does a rich man have?

Crabshaw—Usualy three. A city one when he votes, a country one when he swears off his taxes, and a western one when he sues for a divorce.—Puck.

Practical.

"Psychology is a great thing," mused the dreamer.

"Yes," said Busyman, "but the trouble with it is you can't cash it."—Detroit Free Press.

NAMES BEST DOCTOR

MR. BAYSSON PUBLISHES RESULTS OF VALUABLE EXPERIENCE.

A Former Pronounced Dyspeptic He Now Rejoices in Perfect Freedom from Miseries of Indigestion.

Thousands of sufferers know that the reason why they are irritable and depressed and nervous and sleepless is because their food does not digest, but how to get rid of the difficulty is the puzzling question.

Good digestion calls for strong digestive organs, and strength comes from a supply of good rich blood. For this reason Mr. Baysson took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for the cure of indigestion.

"They have been my best doctor," he says. "I was suffering from dyspepsia. The pains in my stomach after meals were almost unbearable. My sleep was very irregular and my complexion was sallow. As the result of using eight boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, about the merits of which I learned from friends in France, I have escaped all these troubles, and am able again to take pleasure in eating."

A very simple story, but if it had not been for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills it might have been a tragic one. When discomfort begins with eating, fills up the intervals between meals with pain, and prevents sleep at night, there certainly cannot be much pleasure in living. A final general breaking down must be merely a question of time.

Mr. Joseph Baysson is a native of Aix-les-Bains, France, but now resides at No. 2439 Larkin street, San Francisco, Cal. He is one of a great number who can testify to the remarkable efficacy of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the treatment of obstinate disorders of the stomach.

If you would get rid of nausea, pain or burning in the stomach, vertigo, nervousness, insomnia, or any of the other miseries of a dyspeptic, get rid of the weakness of the digestive organs by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They are sold by druggists everywhere.

Proper diet is, of course, a great aid in forwarding recovery once begun, and a little book, "What to Eat and How to Eat;" may be obtained by any one who makes a request for it by writing to the Dr. Williams Medical Co., Schenectady, N.Y. This valuable diet book contains an important chapter on the simplest means for the cure of constipation.

Lamb-Raising in Virginia.

Sheep, or more properly speaking, lamb raising, is an industry of great importance in Virginia. Statistics for 1904 give 574,913 sheep in Virginia, valued at $1,705,611. This industry is not developed in proportion to the opportunities offered by the natural conditions existing in the state. The entire Shenandoah valley, the Appalachian region, as well as the Piedmont section, offer excellent facilities for sheep raising.—Southern Farm Magazine.

After the Heart Has Stopped Beating.

The restoration of life after the heart has actually stopped beating is another miracle of modern surgery, though the claim cannot be made that this accomplishment is of much general value. In cases where the patient has collapsed while under an anesthetic, the chest has been hastily opened, a hand thrust in, the still heart grasped and manipulated, and circulation thus artificially kept up till life flutters slowly back.—Leslie's Monthly Magazine.

Especially for Women.

Champion, Mich., July 24th.—(Special)—A case of especial interest to women is that of Mrs. A. Wellett, wife of a well known photographer here. It is best given in her own words.

"I could not sleep, my feet were cold and my limbs cramped," Mrs. Wellett states. "I had an awful hard pain across my kidneys. I had to get up three or four times in the night. I was very nervous and fearfully despondent.

"I had been troubled in this way for five years when I commenced to use Dodd's Kidney Pills, and what they caused to come from my kidneys will hardly stand description.

"By the time I had finished one box of Dodd's Kidney Pills I was cured. Now I can sleep well, my limbs do not cramp, I do not get up in the night and I feel better than I have in years. I owe my health to Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Women's ills are caused by Diseased Kidneys; that's why Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure them.

At the Minstrels.

Mr. Bones—Why is an exhausted stick of carbon like a dove.

Mr. Tambo—I give it up, sah.

Mr. Bones—Because they both came out of the arc.

Mr. Tambo—Ladies and gentlemen, with your kind permission we will now sing "I Wish I Was a Senator in a Nice, Cool Jail."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Here is Relief for Women.

Mother Gray, a nurse in New York, discovered a pleasant herb remedy for women's ills, called AUSTRALIAN-LEAF. Cures female weaknesses, Backache, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary troubles. At all Druggists or by mail 50c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

A woman seldom talks to herself, but she more than makes up for it when she has a one-man audience.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN

troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES

For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.

Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.

THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

Beats Arithmetic.

Teacher—If you had a suit of clothes and somebody should give you another, how many would you have?

Willie—One.

Teacher—Now, Willie, how do you make that out?

Willie—My little brother Bobby would have the other.—Pick-Me-Up.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 and 912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: William Daly, Walhalla, N. D., farm implement; John Erickson, St. Paul, Minn., self-feed for box trimming machines; Henry J. Gille, St. Paul, Minn., electric display lamp; Charles Maples, Duluth, Minn., unloading mechanism; Mathies Schmidt, Austin, Minn., weed exterminator; Nicholas Smith, Minneapolis, Minn., bung; Knudt Springen, Zumbrota, Minn., insulator bracket for telephone poles, etc.

Unchanged Japanese.

Because the Jap wears a white collar while the Chinese sticks to his queue, it is no reason at all for supposing there is any essential change in the Japanese character. There is not.—The Argonaut.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A Natural Conclusion.

"I suppose hush money always consists of gold, doesn't it?"

"I don't know that it does. Why do you think so?"

"Because they say that 'silence is golden.'"—Dallas News.

"Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, Rondout, N. Y., cured my serious kidney trouble. I gained 39 pounds." S. Wardell, Burnsville, N. J. Bottles $1.00.

He who has hopes for to-morrow seldom worries about the failures of yesterday.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Religion by compulsion results in repulsion.

KIDNEY TROUBLES

Increasing Among Women, But Sufferers Need Not Despair

THE BEST ADVICE IS FREE

Of all the diseases known, with which the female organism is afflicted, kidney disease is the most fatal, and statistics show that this disease is on the increase among women.

Mrs. Emma Sawyer.

Unless early and correct treatment is applied the patient seldom survives when once the disease is fastened upon her. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the most efficient treatment for kidney troubles of women, and is the only medicine especially prepared for this purpose.

When a woman is troubled with pain or weight in loins, backache, frequent, painful or scalding urination, swelling of limbs or feet, swelling under the eyes, an uneasy, tired feeling in the region of the kidneys or notices a brick-dust sediment in the urine, she should lose no time in commencing treatment with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as it may be the means of saving her life.

For proof, read what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Sawyer.

"I cannot express the terrible suffering I had to endure. A derangement of the female organs developed nervous prostration and a serious kidney trouble. The doctor attended me for a year, but I kept getting worse, until I was unable to do anything, and I made up my mind I could not live. I finally decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a last resort, and I am to-day a well woman. I cannot praise it too highly, and I tell every suffering woman about my case." Mrs. Emma Sawyer, Conyers, Ga.

Mrs. Pinkham gives free advice to women; address in confidence, Lynn, Mass.

Let Common Sense Decide

Do you honestly believe, that coffee sold loose (in bulk), exposed to dust, germs and insects, passing through many hands (some of them not over-clean), "blended," you don't know how or by whom, is fit for your use? Of course you don't. But

LION COFFEE

is another story. The green berries, selected by keen judges at the plantation, are skillfully roasted at our factories, where precautions you would not dream of are taken to secure perfect cleanliness, flavor, strength and uniformity.

From the time the coffee leaves the factory no hand touches it till it is opened in your kitchen.

This has made LION COFFEE the LEADER OF ALL PACKAGE COFFEES.

Millions of American Homes welcome LION COFFEE daily. There is no stronger proof of merit than continued and increasing popularity. "Quality survives all opposition."

(Sold only in 1 lb. packages. Lion-head on every package.)
(Save your Lion-heads for valuable premiums.)

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Mull's Grape Tonic

(FREE)

FOR

Hot Weather Dangers

CONSTIPATION
STOMACH AND BOWEL TROUBLE

No one with regular bowels and healthy stomach can contract disease. A person with Constipation and Stomach Trouble is always the first to succumb to Sun Stroke, Heat Debility and Prostration. Cholera, Colic and Diarrhea are more fatal in Hot Weather because vitality is lower—they are the direct result of Constipation. It is a mistake to suddenly check diarrhea, the danger is Blood Poison. A physic is also dangerous as it weakens the patient and reduces vitality. Treat the cause with Mull's Grape Tonic. Constipation and its attending ills are caused by decaying or dying bowels and intestines—Mull's Grape Tonic revives and strengthens the Bowels so that they are enabled to act naturally and eject the poison from the system, everybody should take it during hot weather. It wards off disease, builds up the system and purifies the blood. Typhoid Fever and Appendicitis are unknown in families where Mull's Grape Tonic is employed. As a Stomach Tonic it is unequalled.

SUFFERED ALL HIS LIFE.

The endorsement of E. B. McCurdy of Troy, Ohio, proves that the severest forms of Constipation are promptly cured by Mull's Grape Tonic—He says:

"I gave your Tonic a thorough trial. It is the only remedy that will cure constipation. I do not believe anyone suffered more therefrom than I, as I had been afflicted with it all my life. For days my bowels would not act and then only by the use of strong cathartics that were fast ruining my health. My Stomach and Liver were deranged and I suffered with inward piles, the pains of which would at times raise me off my chair. I spent much money with various doctors and medicines to no avail.

"Soon after I started Mull's Grape Tonic my bowels began to move regularly—the pain left me and my general health built up rapidly.

"I heartily recommend it as an absolute cure to which I am a living witness."

Until Mull's Grape Tonic was put on the American market there was no cure for Constipation. Let us send you a bottle free to-day to show you that it will do all we claim.

Good for Ailing Children and Nursing Mothers.

FREE BOTTLE COUPON

Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, Stomach Tonic, Constipation Cure and Blood Purifier, to MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill. Give full address and write plainly. The $1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c. size. At drug stores. The genuine has a date and number stamped on the label—take no other from your druggist.

Puzzled.

"Is this sure enough a camel's hair brush, mamma?"

"Yes, dear."

"Gee! I don't see how a camel can ever brush its hair with that thing."—Fort Worth Record.

WANTED Agent in your locality to sell our stock. Safe, permanent, profitable. Will sell on sight. Apply promptly, giving references, to STOCKS, Box B, BAYONNE, NEW JERSEY.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

MEN WITH RIGS Can make from $100 to $200 a month the year round, previous experience in agency business not necessary. Business permanent and pleasant, write for terms.
JOSEPH SKINNER & CO., La Crosse, Wis.

N. W. N. U. —NO. 30— 1905

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

ESTABLISHED 1879

MINNEAPOLIS. **Woodward & Co., Grain Commission.** DULUTH.

ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 5, 1905. NUMBER 3.

INCREASE IN FEVER DEATHS

ELEVEN IS DAY'S RECORD AT NEW ORLEANS WITH 32 NEW CASES.

WILL BE NO ARMED CONFLICT

GOVERNOR OF MISSISSIPPI RIDICULES POSSIBILITY OF SUCH A THING.

LOUISIANA HAS ARMED FLEET

WILL PATROL LOUISIANA WATERS AND PREVENT AN INVASION.

New Orleans, Aug. 3.—The record up to 6 p. m. is as follows:

New cases, 32; total cases to date, 378; deaths yesterday, 11; total deaths to date, 79; new subfoci, 4; total subfoci, 54.

The fever situation showed no material change during the day and the few new foci shows that it is not spreading with the rapidity of former years. Of the deaths four were in the emergency hospital: four in the original districts, and three in the charity hospital.

The controversy between the states of Louisiana and Mississippi over the invasion by Gov. Vardaman's quarantine mosquito fleet and the armed guards stationed at Pearl river, is now improved by the statement given out by Gov. Vardamah yesterday in Jackson after his return from the coast, where he went to investigate the situation.

Armed Boats Will Patrol.

Gov. Blanchard has ordered Capt. Bostick of the naval brigade to impress the fleet of patrol boats of the oyster commission into service and arm them and patrol the waters now in possession of the Mississippi boats. One of these boats has already been dispatched to the Rigolets, the neck of water connecting Lake Pontchartrain with Lake Borgne, and this morning a launch armed with Colts rapid-fire guns from the naval brigade armory and manned by officers and crew from the brigade, left for the scene.

Both Capt. Bostick and Gen. Perilliat submitted reports as to the result of their investigations. Both dispatched officers to the scene yesterday and they learned enough to confirm the first reports of the invasion and the action of the Mississippi patrol boats in closing Louisiana waters to Louisiana fishermen.

Much Ado About Nothing.

Jackson, Miss., Aug. 3. — When asked for a statement regarding the reported invasion of Louisiana soil by Mississippi troops doing quarantine duty on the gulf coast and a complaint received from Gov. Blanchard to this effect, Gov. Vardaman declared that the whole affair was much ado about nothing. He said:

"The much talked-of conflict between the states of Mississippi and Louisiana, so far as I know, is without justification of fact. If the quarantine guards of Mississippi have been guilty of indiscretion it has not been reported to me by the officer in charge of the guards, and I cannot believe they have done anything wrong. I have

Instructed the Guards

to remain on Mississippi soil and to be careful in the enforcement of the quarantine regulations promulgated by the Mississippi state board of health and not to do anything improper. The intimation of an armed conflict between the states of Mississippi and Louisiana, whose friendship has been so cordial and of such long standing, is ridiculous to me. I shall not permit the quarantine guards or any other Mississippian to violate the rights of Louisiana or her people, and I am sure the honorable governor of Louisiana reciprocates that sentiment."

No New Cases at Montgomery.

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 3.—Montgomery feels reassured over the yellow fever situation. No new cases developed yesterday.

Illinois Puts Up Bars.

Cairo, Ill., Aug. 3.—The portion of Illinois lying south of the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern railway, which extends from St. Louis to Vincennes, Ind., was yesterday afternoon declared quarantined against all fever infected points.

Try to Dynamite Dam.

Janesville, Wis., Aug. 3. — An attempt was made yesterday to dynamite the Indian Ford dam, which furnishes power for Janesville and Edgerton. The charge failed to explode.

Mob Auto Chauffeur.

New York, Aug. 3.—A six-year-old girl was run down and probably fatally hurt last night in Brooklyn by an automobile. A mob attacked the chauffeur, Nils Brolin, who was saved from serious injury by a policeman.

Fatally Injured in Runaway.

Lafayette, Ind., Aug. 3.—Mrs. John B. Gagon, a wealthy widow, and her sister, Mrs. William Turner, were fatally injured yesterday in a runaway accident caused by the breaking of the front axle of their surrey.

KAISER FOR DANISH PRINCE.

Becomes Advocate of Charles as King of Norway.

Copenhagen, Aug. 3.—Since his arrival at the Danish court, Emperor William appears to have become convinced that there is no hope of a prince of the house of Bernadotte becoming king of Norway. His majesty now favors Prince Charles of Denmark, and he is quoted as saying:

"If Prince Charles does not become king, Norway will be a republic. Of course I prefer a monarchy and therefore shall hereafter support the candidacy of Prince Charles."

King Christian and some of the Danish princes had luncheon with Emperor William on the Hohenzollern yesterday. The emperor invited Prince Haraldson and the Crown Prince Frederick to attend the German maneuvers. After luncheon the king bade farewell to the emperor, who sailed early this morning.

New Swedish Ministry.

Stockholm, Aug. 3. — A German squadron consisting of seven battleships, eight cruisers and eleven torpedo boats arrived here last night.

A coalition ministry was formed yesterday as follows:

Minister of state, Christian Lundberg; minister of foreign affairs, count A. F. Wachtmeister; minister of justice, Judge C. A. Berg; minister of war, Col. L. H. Tingsten; minister of marine, S. A. M. Lindman; minister of the interior, J. Widen; minister of finance, Herr Biesert; minister of education and ecclesiastical affairs, Herr Hammarskjold; minister of agriculture, A. D. Peterson; ministers without portfolio, Herren Peterson and Staaf.

BACK TO THE PHILIPPINES.

Gen. Wood Soon to Return to His Post in the Islands.

Boston, Aug. 3.—Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, U. S. A., who returned from his command in the Philippines a few weeks ago for a slight operation on his head, said yesterday that he expected to resume his duties in the Far East in about a month. Gen. Wood said:

"I understand there have been rumors in Washington of my intention not to return to the Philippines. I want to say to the Associated Press that I sincerely wish to go back and intend to start in about a month. I expect to spend two more years in the islands and shall be disappointed if I do not. My family is now there, and I am only waiting here now at the suggestion of my physician, who wishes me to be in perfect condition before taking up the journey."

DISASTER DUE TO BAD FLAW.

Bennington Boiler Bolts Holding Crown Sheet Worn Out.

San Diego, Cal., Aug. 3. — It has just become known what in substance will be the report of the court of inquiry now investigating the Bennington disaster. The court, it is reported, will find that boiler B of the Bennington exploded not because of unusually high pressure, but because the metal of the crown sheet and the bolts holding that crown sheet in place had become "dead," had lost all life and nearly all tensile strength, by reason of constant use and failure to renew the weakened place. The court will not censure the officers of the Bennington, but will pass up the matter and the responsibility to higher authority.

BIG TIME AT THE SOO.

Celebration of the Fiftieth Anniversary of Opening of Canal.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Aug. 3.—An elaborate display of fireworks, participated in jointly by Canadians and Americans, last night concluded the first day of the exercises in celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the opening of the Sault Ste. Marie ship canal. The Canadian government contributed liberally to the exhibition and Canadians showed great enthusiasm. Previous to the fireworks display Gov. Warner of Michigan received in the government park Vice President Fairbanks, who took part in the exercises yesterday and will be the principal speaker to-day.

TROOPS FIRE ON STRIKERS.

Fatal Rioting in Fight of 'Longshoremen for Higher Wages.

San Juan, P. R., Aug. 3.—Rioting occurred yesterday in connection with the strike of 'longshoremen. Two were killed and forty injured, some seriously. The strike was directed against the Porto Rican Steamship company, which refused to grant the demand of the 'longshoremen for an increase of 10 cents an hour.

Heavy Rain in Nebraska.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 3. — More than two inches of rain fell here during the night, the greatest precipitation for the same length of time this season. The rain was general over the state, and almost equally heavy rains are reported from Northeastern Kansas.

700 Families Lose Furniture.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 3.—The D. A. Moore Storage company's four-story brick building was destroyed by fire last night, causing a loss estimated at $100,000. About 700 families had furniture stored with the company and it is difficult to estimate the extent of the loss.

Sentenced to Prison.

Barron, Wis., Aug. 3.—C. J. Holmstrand of Maple Grove, was sentenced to eighteen months at Waupun for forgery.

TRAINS MOVE ON BOTH LINES

TELEGRAPHERS FAIL TO TIE UP GREAT NORTHERN OR THE NORTHERN PACIFIC.

STRIKE ORDER IS OBEYED

LARGE MAJORITY OF OPERATORS OBEY THE ORDER OF THEIR PRESIDENT.

TAMPER WITH AND CUT WIRES

COMPANY IS KEPT BUSY REPAIRING THE DAMAGE DONE BY STRIKERS.

St. Paul, Aug. 3.—The first day of the strike of the telegraph operators on the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific systems has resulted in the failure of the strikers to tie up either line, or to blockade or congest their traffic. The day was marked by great activity both on the part of the general strike committee and the operating officials of the two transcontinental lines, but closed without a decisive advantage to either side.

The Great Northern is handling its passenger trains without serious interruption of service, and its through trains between St. Paul and the Pacific coast are moving with no more serious delays than frequently occur during the busy seasons. The Northern Pacific's North Coast Limited reached St. Paul from the Pacific coast yesterday afternoon only one hour and twenty minutes late,

In Spite of the Strike.

Its Duluth Short Line trains reached destination on time during the day, and over the entire system freight was moving. Reports received late last night from the Yellowstone division showed a considerable improvement in operating conditions, and stated that the company will begin loading 300 cars of live stock at once. In addition to handling the trains which were in motion when the strike was called at midnight Tuesday, new trains have started from terminals and reports received at headquarters indicate that freight traffic is handled without serious trouble.

Strike Order Obeyed.

The strike order was very generally obeyed both on the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific systems. Within an hour after receiving orders from President Perham's offices at the Hotel Foley the operators left their posts, and at the opening of business yesterday a large majority of the men were on strike. No strike order ever issued in Western country was more generally observed. President Perham was hopeful during the morning and predicted a complete tie-up of freight traffic on both systems.

At noon reports from all points on the two systems showed that in the face of the walk-out of a majority of the operators, traffic was

Moving Satisfactorily.

An official of the Great Northern said: "We are experiencing considerable annoyance and many obstructions have been placed in the way of the prompt handling of trains. The strike order necessitates a rearrangement of our methods of handling traffic to meet our difficulty in transmitting orders by wire, yet both freight and passenger trains are moving and traffic has not been blockaded or tied up at any point."

In a statement issued at noon, General Manager H. J. Horn of the Northern Pacific said:

"This situation has not tied up traffic or prevented the movement of freight or passenger trains. Freight trains are somewhat slow, but are moving just the same. Passenger trains are close to their schedule."

During the day both the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific experienced a considerable improvement in the situation at division points and along the line. At midnight trains were moving on both systems with reasonable promptness.

Violate Their Contracts.

Officials of both coast lines were considerably surprised to find yesterday morning that many of the operators who had previously signed to remain in the service had violated their contracts and had gone on strike with the operators who were locked out on instructions from the operating chiefs of the two systems. In striking the men created confusion at many points in the middle of the night, tampering with and cutting company wires and interfering with block system wires. Linemen were put at work at once and by 6 o'clock last night had succeeded in straightening out the tangles and repairing the damage done by the strikers.

Child Killed by Train.

Aberdeen, S. D., Aug. 3.—The two-year-old son of William Williams of Langford wandered away from home and fell asleep on the St. Paul railroad track. The afternoon train on the Harlem branch ran over the child, killing it. The head and one foot were completely severed from the body.

Twelve Perish in Floods.

Milan, Aug. 3. — Disastrous floods are ravaging the Aosta valley and twelve persons have been drowned.

LAWS NEED REVISION.

Attorney General Declares Federal Statutes Should Be Overhauled.

Oyster Bay, Aug. 3. — The entire criminal law of the United States is in bad need of revision, declared Attorney General William H. Moody, who spent the whole of Tuesday as the guest of President Roosevelt at Sagamore Hill, as he was leaving Oyster Bay by an early train yesterday.

"And I frankly told the president so, too."

This statement was elicited by a question as to whether he had discussed with the president the practicability of framing new legislation that would apply to such cases as those that have developed in the department of agriculture. Mr. Moody replied that he had advised the president that the statutes bearing upon criminal law were sadly defective and required the most earnest and comprehensive revision and amendment.

HAYS LOOMS ON HORIZON.

If Secretary Wilson Should Retire the Minnesota Man May Get Portfolio.

Washington, Aug. 3. — Secretary Wilson and Assistant Secretary Hays of the department of agriculture yesterday took the first step in the direction of reforming the methods of preparing the government crop reports. In accordance with the plan to name a new board of crop estimators to succeed the old one, Secretary Wilson announced the appointment of P. L. Hutchinson of Louisiana. The names of other men are under consideration, and appointments are expected to be announced this week. Prof. Hays has made an excellent impression since the scandal broke out in the department. The disclosures have brought him in the public eye, and, should Secretary Wilson retire for any reason, there is no doubt that the Minnesota man would become a formidable candidate for the portfolio.

OLEO TAX IS VALID.

Judge Grosscup Decides Case in Government's Favor.

Chicago, Aug. 3.—The anti-oleomargarine bill won another victory in the federal courts yesterday. Judge Grosscup gave a decision adverse to William J. Moxley in his latest attempt to get around the law, and ruled he must pay the full 10-cent tax on all colored oleomargarine. In this case Mr. Moxley had paid the tax, amounting to $36,000, under protest, and brought suit to recover it. Mr. Moxley will take the case to the United States Court of appeals.

DRANK 12 GOBLETS OF WHISKY.

Ohio Man Then Lay Down by the Roadside and Died.

Coshocton, Ohio, Aug. 3.—William C. Senton, forty-three years old, drank twelve goblets of whisky while calling in the afternoon on a friend in the hills, and while on his way home laid down under an old apple tree by the roadside to sleep. He was found there dead the next morning. He leaves a widow and five children.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Aug. 3. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.11@1.12; No. 2 Northern, $1.08@1.09; No. 3, 95c@$1.06. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 53 1-2@54c. Oats—No. 3 white, 30 1-2@31c.

Minneapolis, Aug. 3. — Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.10 1-2; No. 1 Northern, $1.08 1-2; No. 2 Northern, $1.04 1-2@1.05 1-2. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 7-8c.

Duluth, Aug. 3. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.08; No. 2 Northern, $1.01 1-2; flax, $1.48; rye, 58c.

Chicago, Aug. 3. — Wheat — No. 2 red, new, 88 1-2@90c; No. 2 hard, new, 86 1-2@88c; No. 3 hard, new, 85 1-2@87c; No. 1 Northern, $1.10@1.15; No. 2 Northern, $1.05@1.10. Corn—No. 2, 55 1-2c. Oats—No. 2, 28 3-4@29c.

Milwaukee, Aug. 3. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.11 1-2; No. 2 Northern, $1.06@1.09 1-4. Rye—No. 1, 68c. Barley—No. 2, 53c. Oats—Standard, 33c. Corn—No. 3, 55 1-2@56 1-2c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Aug. 3.—Cattle — Beeves, $3.75 @ 5.70; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.25@4.15; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.75; calves and yearlings, $2.50@3.50. Hogs—Bulk, $5.35@5.42.

Chicago, Aug. 3. — Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.25 @ 5.90; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.25; cows, $2.50@4.50; heifers, $2.20@4.80; calves, $3@7. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.40@6; bulk, $5.70@5.90. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $4.60@4.85; native lambs, $5@7; Western lambs, $5@6.75.

South St. Paul, Aug. 3. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4.50@5; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50 @ 4; butcher bulls, $2.75@3.50; veals, $2@4.50; good to choice stock steers, $2.50@3.50; good to choice milch cows, $20@35. Hogs—Range price, $5.40@5.75; bulk, $5.50@5.60. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $5@5.85; fair to good, $4@5; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice ewes, $3.75@4.40.

Want Mayor to Return.

Paterson, N. J., Aug. 3. — After a meeting of business men in Mayor Belcher's office yesterday a statement was given out that the mayor's friends will put up $1,000,000 if necessary to relieve his financial strain on condition that he return to Paterson.

Wreck Injures Three.

Barron, Wis., Aug. 3.—A bad wreck seven miles south of here on the Soo short line, caused by a loose brake bar, severely injured Conductor Geo. Weymier and two others.

NOT FOR PIECE AT ANY PRICE

BUT WITTE HAS POWER TO END WAR IF JAP TERMS ARE REASONABLE.

RUSSIAN ENVOY ARRIVES

WITTE IS GIVEN A TREMENDOUS OVATION ON HIS ARRIVAL AT NEW YORK.

HAS CZAR'S INSTRUCTIONS

HIS POWERS ARE IN EVERY WAY EQUAL TO THOSE OF THE JAP ENVOYS.

New York, Aug. 3. — Clothed with plenary powers, personally prepared and signed by his sovereign, Sergius Witte, Russia's ranking plenipotentiary to the Washington conference, landed here yesterday from the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse as quietly and democratically as the most humble of his fellow passengers.

Awaiting Mr. Witte at the dock was Baron Rosen, Russian ambassador at Washington, with his first secretary of embassy, Mr. Hansen. Baron Rosen came on board as soon as the ship reached the dock and cordially greeted his conferee. After ten minutes conversation, during which the majority of the passengers landed, Mr. Witte came down the gangplank on the arm of Baron Rosen, followed by his suite, but soon found his passage impeded by

A Tremendous Crowd

which cheered him, and whose greetings Mr. Witte smilingly ackowledged by repeatedly lifting his hat. Several policemen soon came to his rescue and cleared a passage to the automobile which was awaiting the party outside the dock.

Soon after the ship left quarantine Mr. Witte, surrounded by a large crowd of newspaper men who came down the harbor on the revenue cutter, and by as many of the passengers as could crowd around him, called to his side Prof. de Martens, a member of his suite, and handed to him a statement with the direction that he deliver it in English as the greeting of Mr. Witte upon his arrival in this country. Prof. de Martens read the greeting in a clear voice, and at its conclusion Mr. Witte received

A Hearty Ovation,

which evidently pleased him and which he acknowledged by several bows, and then walked away to another side of the ship to look at the statue of liberty.

As Mr. Witte does not speak English he was not pressed for an interview, but the members of his party were each approached for their views about the negotiations. Naturally, on a subject of such delicacy they were reticent, but this much was ascertained beyond a doubt:

In scope the powers of Mr. Witte, who comes as plenipotentiary of Russia to discuss with the Japanese plenipotentiary means of ending the war and, provided a basis acceptable to Russia is obtained, to sign the treaty of Washington, equal in every way the powers handed to Baron Komura by the Japanese emperor. Mr. Witte brings with him instructions

Prepared by His Emperor

which outline the general policy which he is authorized to pursue. They are in many respects elastic and will aid rather than hamper Mr. Witte, provided the terms submitted by Japan, in his opinion, appear reasonable. It is also made plain by several of Mr. Witte's suite that he had not come to the Washington conference to obtain peace at any price.

Mr. Wilenkine, Russian financial agent in Washington, speaking for Mr. Witte, said there had been an unfortunate misunderstanding regarding utterances said to have been made by Mr. Witte, in that the plenipotentiary had not declared Japan's terms to be intolerable, for the reason that he does not know what Japan's terms are.

NEW NOTE PRESENTED.

Premier Rouvier Tries to Clear Up Misunderstanding With Germany.

Paris, Aug. 3.—Premier Rouvier, in the course of a reception to the diplomatic corps yesterday, handed to Prince von Radolin, the German ambassador, a further note explaining the French point of view regarding the program for the Moroccan conference. The note is designed to clear up misunderstandings concerning the scope of the conference and to allay the renewed agitation resulting from the delay in the negotiations.

MINISTER WITH MONEY.

Gives Large Sum to Wesleyan Methodists for Educational Purposes.

San Jose, Cal., Aug. 3.—The Rev. H. T. Besse, a retired minister of this city, yesterday donated $50,000 to the Wesleyan Methodist church for educating ministers and missionaries at the Wesleyan seminary at Houghton, N. Y. Ten years ago he gave $40,000 for similar purposes. A university in Kansas and Iowa may be founded with part of the money.

Northwest News.

JURY ACQUITS KOCH OF MURDER

THIRD TRIAL OF FAMOUS CASE ENDS IN VERDICT OF NOT GUILTY.

JURY CASTS BUT ONE BALLOT

UNANIMOUSLY DECLARES THAT KOCH DID NOT KILL GEBHARDT.

Mankato, Minn., Aug. 3.—Acquitted of the charge of murdering Louis A. Gebhardt at New Ulm, Dr. George R. Koch, at the close of his third trial under the indictment of the Brown county grand jury, walked forth from the court house here yesterday afternoon a free man and proved innocent in the eyes of the law. As became a man relieved of the terrible accusation hanging over him, and of the care and anxiety it had caused for eight long, bitter months, the young dentist revealed his happiness in every feature.

Only one ballot was taken by the jury. It was cast immediately after the jurors returned from dinner to which they were called within a few minutes after they had left the court room to deliberate. Promptly Judge Cray was notified and soon the words "not guilty," the two words pre-eminent in the brief answer of the jury to the court's question, were heard in the court room, and lifted a great weight of care from the defendant and his friends.

Surrounded by a laughing, happy group of relatives and friends after his discharge, Dr. Koch seemed like any other care-free youth, yet there was a simple dignity about his bearing as he acknowledged the greetings and congratulations of those who approached to offer them.

The jury retired at 11:40 a. m., and soon went to dinner. A large crowd gathered in the courtroom, evidently expecting an early agreement. After returning from dinner a ballot was immediately taken. It proved to be unanimous for acquittal.

It was a few minutes before 3 o'clock when the court was informed that the jury had agreed, and at 3:07 p. m. the twelve men filed into the courtroom and announced the verdict.

Instantly the spectators burst into applause which lasted for a full minute until the court rapped for order.

When she heard the verdict, Miss Ida Koch, the defendant's sister, who had sat by him through the three trials, showing him loving attentions put her arms about the doctor and kissed him.

Dr. Koch for a moment appeared overcome with the emotions caused by the verdict. When order had been restored, Judge Cray discharged the jury, thanking it for its long and confining service. He also made an order discharging the defendant.

As the jurors filed from their box Dr. Koch and his relatives and attorneys shook them by the hand and thanked them. The judge tilted back in his chair, his face beaming a benign expression, and he seemed to be one of the most pleased men in the court room.

Dr. Koch, when seen after his discharge, was in a happy frame of mind He said that he felt that he had had a fair trial and had received the vindication that he so much had desired His name was cleared, and he wanted to thank all of the court officers who had participated in the trial, from Judge Cray down, and also his attorneys and friends who had stood by him in his troubles.

Dr. Koch stated that he would remain over night in Mankato and then return to his home in New Ulm. As to the future, he was not decided, but thought that he might take a vacation He intimated that he might not reopen his dental office in New Ulm, but might seek a new location, although he was reticent in his statement on this point.

Juror Heinzeman, seen after the discharge of the jury, said the jurors had gone into the case with differing opinions, but as the evidence had been given they had talked it over among themselves and had come to be of one mind, so that it was a foregone conclusion what the result would be when the jury retired. He said the jurors not only felt that the charge had not been proved against Dr. Koch, but they were unanimous in their belief of his innocence. Juror Schaeffer, who was with Mr. Heinzeman, corroborated everything that the latter had said about the sentiment of the jury.

Falls 175 Feet, Will Live.

Springfield, Mass., Aug. 3.—John W Johnson fell 175 feet from a mast of a wireless telegraph plant yesterday and is expected to live. He was foreman of the gang which has been erecting the plant, and went up the mast to make repairs, refusing to allow any of his men to take the risk. A break in the rigging caused the fall, Johnson landing on his hands and knees in the soft sand. His right leg is broken in three places and there are injuries about the back.

OPERATORS ON STRIKE.

Telegraphers on the Great Northern and Northern Pacific Ordered Out.

St. Paul, Aug. 3.—After two weeks of conferences with the grievance committees of the operators employed on their lines, the Great Northern and Northern Pacific Railway companies yesterday took the initial step in bringing the points at issue to a close. The conferences with the general managers of both roads were terminated last Friday night, when both General Manager H. J. Horn of the Northern Pacific and General Manager F. E. Ward of the Great Northern submitted to the representatives of the telegraph operators new schedules in which very liberal concessions were made to the men. Yesterday probably one-half or more of the telegraphers on both roads were approached by railroad officials, and, according to the statement of the latter, approximately 80 per cent are entirely satisfied with the new rules and rates. This, it is said, amounts to a virtual repudiation by the men of the grievance committees of each road. President H. B. Perham of the Order of Railway Telegraphers issued a strike order to the operators of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific at 11 o'clock last night. The strike order does not include the station agents at St. Paul, Minneapolis, Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and nine other of the larger offices. All operators, however, are included with the exception of train dispatchers.

MERGE VAST INTERESTS.

Two Lumber Companies and a Railroad Are Combined in One Concern.

Duluth, Minn., Aug. 3.—One of the biggest deals that has ever been transacted in Duluth was completed yesterday after a four days' session of the parties in interest when the Virginia & Rainy Lake company, which was organized a couple of months ago and of which William O'Brien of St. Paul is president, purchased for a consideration of nearly $5,000,000 the properties of the Rainy Lake company, the Virginia Lumber company and the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake railroad The Rainy Lake company carries with it the Minnesota Land and Construction company. The deal that has just been consummated carries with it one billion feet of timber that is tributary to the road. It is said that it will be the policy of the new parties in control to extend the road next year to the Rainy river.

PAL OF FAY'S BREAKS JAIL.

Earl Trainer of Famous Safe-Blowing Gang is at Large.

La Crosse, Wis., Aug. 3. — Earl Trainer, member of the famous Eddie Fay gang of alleged postoffice robbers and safeblowers, who was arrested recently at the head of a gang of thieves on the charge of burglary of a dozen postoffices in Wisconsin, Minnesota and Iowa, broke jail, leaving his companions in the lurch. Trainer was wanted also at Scottsburg, Ind., and other places, and the postoffice inspectors who caused his arrest considered it one of the most important in the Northwest since Eddie Fay himself was arrested. Fay also broke jail at Janesville and is still at large.

DEATH ON THE RANGE.

Two Bodies Found on the Shore of Bear Island River.

Two Harbors, Minn., Aug. 3—Parties coming in from the Birch lake country, in northern St. Louis county, report the finding of two bodies in the Bear Island river, near the White Iron road. The bodies were later identified to be the remains of John Beargrease, aged seventeen, and Sam Courier, aged fourteen, two Indian boys, who, from all appearances, had lain in the water for several days. Their canoe, containing packsacks and guns, was found right side up and partly pulled up on shore near where the bodies lay. No marks were found to indicate foul play.

O. C. BERG PASSES AWAY.

Former Secretary of State of South Dakota Succumbs to Long Illness.

Redfield, S. D., Aug. 3.—O. C. Berg, former secretary of state of South Dakota, died at his home here yesterday afternoon. He had been seriously ill for the last six months. The immediate cause of death was paralysis. He had served three terms as clerk of court of Spink county, and from that office was promoted to the position of secretary of state. Last year he was a candidate for the Republican nomination of governor.

Fatally Injured.

Osceola, Wis., Aug. 3.—Henry Gerkin, aged about sixty-five, was seriously, if not fatally, injured in attempting to stop his team from running away while hitched to a binder, the machine running over him.

Prisoner Escapes Jail.

Winona, Minn., Aug. 3.—Winona officials have been advised that Homer E. Trainor, leader of the trio who burglarized the Stoddard postoffice and were arrested here, broke jail at La Crosse.

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S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

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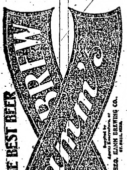
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Saturday, August 5, 1905.

It is about time to make inquiries about the prairie chicken crop.

Minnesota has 1210 rural routes already established with 193 petitions awaiting action.

The new census will show that Minnesota lacks 45,000 people of reaching the two million mark.

E. A. Nelson, of Hallock, who was formerly state librarian, is said to be a candidate for secretary of state on the republican ticket.

Dr. Koch has been declared innocent by a jury of his peers after three trials which have cost his father over thirty thousand dollars.

If the republican politicians want to find a man who could beat Governor Johnson they might look over the dimensions of our own congressman, Halvor Steenerson.

The meeting of the state drainage league at Crookston last Tuesday was by far the largest and most enthusiastic meeting in the interest of drainage ever held in the state. The meeting was attended by a large number of distinguished citizens of the state, all of whom now stand pledged to aid the drainage cause.

It is suggested that Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls harmonize on the county seat fight until the issue is brought to a vote, which will be after all the legal trimmings are exhausted and that time will be at least five years hence. Our experience in Roseau county is such that it is safe to advise our brother newspaper men in Red Lake county to drop the subject until the real fight comes up.—Roseau County Times.

AN EDITORIAL JAUNT.

The ninth annual outing of the Northwestern Editorial association met at the Merchants Hotel at St. Paul on July 20th. While the attendance was not large, the party assembled was thoroughly congenial and were out for a good time—and had it. The itinerary of the trip included a visit to Alexandria, Winnipeg and Detroit, with the transportation furnished by the Soo line. We left St. Paul on the morning train in a special car under the supervision of L. P. Greene of the passenger department and we didn't miss anything on the trip that he knew anything about, and he is fairly well posted.

At Alexandria.

Our first stop was at the beautiful village of Alexandria. We write it village because it is one of their boasts that they have the largest village in the state, having over three thousand people. They also tell you that the surrounding country is the finest farming land in the state, and it looked reasonable. Douglas county, of which Alexandria is the county seat, is about one-third lakes and if they are all as beautiful as the ones we saw it must indeed be a delightful place to live. We were met at the station by citizens and given a drive about town. They have an enterprising, up-to-date town, with wide, well kept streets and many beautiful homes and neat lawns. We were next treated to a boat ride through a chain of lakes that for a summer's outing are hard to beat. Just to prove to us that there were fish in the lakes they gave us a fish supper at a camp out under the trees and the men who cooked those fish are friends of ours henceforth. After supper Senator Knute Nelson made us a speech of welcome and the band gave an unique concert, playing from a gasoline launch on the lake. The ride back to town was as enjoyable as the rest and we left with regrets that our stay could not be longer.

At Winnipeg.

After a night's ride we arrived at the city of Winnipeg which is the wonder and marvel of western Canada. The party took the street cars for Hotel Corona, one of the new hotels, where we were very comfortably quartered. We were very pleasantly entertained by our Canadian cousins, who gave us a trolley ride around the town, pointing out all the items of interest, gave us a theatre party followed by a dance and the next day took us out to their great exposition and gave us a banquet. The new census gives Winnipeg nearly eighty thousand people and she is making great strides in every way. It is destined to be one of the big cities of the continent. For nearly one thousand miles to the west it monopolizes the trade. It is growing each year more like our own cities but there is still considerable difference which makes it an interesting place to visit. The party are under obligations to the Red Lake Falls band for a pleasant serenade at the hotel. We left Winnipeg Sunday evening and the Soo landed us

At Detroit

very early Monday morning, where we put up at the popular and well known Hotel Minnesota. Detroit has long been celebrated as the finest summer resort in northern Minnesota and we are of the opinion that she came by her reputation honestly. They have a navigation company which has dug channels and put in locks so that all the lakes in that vicinity can be visited by boat. Fishing is good and thousands of anglers visit there each year. The chain of beautiful lakes makes boating a pleasure and there are a large number of different kinds of pleasure craft. We took a trip down the lakes and had supper at the Pleasant Point House on beautiful Lake Melissa, the place where the Fargo people spend their vacation. They have erected a couple of hundred cottages and have found an ideal place for recreation and comfort. The people of Detroit are hospitable and treated us in a royal manner. In a carriage drive around their beautiful little city the large number of handsome residences convinced us that the town was inhabited by progressive people and that they were in a prosperous condition: Success to the people of Detroit; "May they live long and prosper."

The success of the trip was due to the energy of President G. S. Pease, so on Monday evening when the Detroit people gave us a dance we got even with "Old Pease" by presenting him with a handsome cut glass water pitcher.

At the business meeting held at Detroit the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—H. E. Ives, Spectator, St. Hilaire.

Vive president—Mrs. P. Schafer, Miner, Ely.

Secretary—A. G. Bernard, Voice, Cass Lake.

Treasurer—George D. Hamilton, Record, Detroit.

On Tuesday morning we again took our car and started for St. Paul where we arrived at eight o'clock that evening, completing one of the most enjoyable outings in the history of the association.

The committee on resolutions offered the following which were unanimously adopted:

"Resolved, That we hereby thank the good people of Alexandria, Winnipeg and Detroit for the hearty welcome and magnificent entertainment extended us, and especially to United States Senator Nelson, Senator Ward and E. E. McCrea of Alexandria, the exposition officials, Hon. Henry Fry, Hon. J. W. Defoe of the Manitoba Free Press, Hon. E. Sanford Evans of the Winnipeg Telegram, Geo. D. Hamilton and John West of Detroit. To each and all these gentlemen the association is under deep obligation for numerous favors and courtesies.

"Be it further resolved, That we appreciate the kindness of W. R. Callaway, general passenger agent of the Soo railway, in placing a special car at the disposal of the members of the association, and we also are sensible of obligation to L. P. Green and A. L. Preston of the Soo passenger department for many acts of courtesy in looking after the welfare and comfort of the members of the party.

"Be it further resolved, That to the retiring president, Granville S. Pease of the Anoka Union, we are indebted for the success of this splendid outing, and that we approve of his course in defining the eligibility for participation in the excursion to bona fide newspaper men and their ladies.

"Be it further resolved, That we are in thorough sympathy with the resolution passed by the legislature of this state, condemning the forest reserve that has been created out of the late Chippewa Indian reservation. We deem it a great injustice to the residents of that part of the state, that they should be surrounded by a forest reserve of 225,000 acres of land, which debars them from further development and progress. If this immense tract of good agricultural land was thrown open to settlement it would afford homes to 1,500 farmers which would mean an addition to the population of the northern part of the state of about 7,500 people. Locking up this immense tract of land for experimentation in reforestry is working an untold and incalculable damage to the northern part of the state and we firmly believe that the relief the people have asked for should be granted. Therefore, we further resolve that it is the duty of the Northwestern Editorial association to raise its voice in protest against this great injustice and that we ask our delegation in congress to endeavor to assist in opening the forest reserve to settlement."

Miss Minerva Barker, associate editor of the Cambridge Press, and vice president of the association, composed the following, which she called "The Northwestern Editors' A B C Book:"

A is for Alex., first pause on our trip,
Where Senator Nelson gave us the grip.
B is the Bands that cannot be beat
Their music in every town was a treat.
C is our Car so shining and bright
With Lewis and Green, Soo officials polite.
D is for Darling, a lake where we sailed
And Davee with Goatee, whose wit never failed.
E is for Eating, where we always shone
At picnics or fish frys, in crowds and alone.
F stands for Foxy, our grandpa so kind,
Who tends to the babies and makes us all mind.
G is for Grandy, our great President,
From Anoka he came, to Anoka he went.
H is for Harry, the flirt of the bunch,
Who carried the money and tested the punch;
'Tis for Hotel Corona, we would not forget,
And the Hamilton too, whom we left with regret.
I is for Ives, our elephant wide,
(For we had quite a wonderful show on the side.)
With an angelic serpent and slender giraffe,
St. Bernard and Barkers,—they oft made us laugh.
J is Jack Syrup, the sweetest of all,
He answered to most any name you might call.
K is our King, his Highnesses eye
Was hit by a small rubber ball on the fly.
L is the Long Way with short one along,
In the city of Braham is where they belong.
M, Minnesota, grand state, whence we come,
An also the name of our Detroit home.
N is the Nelsons of whom we lost track,
They many times left us but always came back.
O is for Ole, a most thrilling song,
When the "Old Apple Tree" or the "Jones Boys" went wrong.
P is the Pictures that Currie man took,
Who always was showing the views in his book.
Q is for Quiet, which we never knew,
For the rules said distinctly, "Don't snore before two."
R is our Rides—on water and shore,
In carriages, launches and trolleys galore.
S, Mrs. Schaefer elected our vice,
And the Soo line of railway with green plush so nice.
T is the two-step we had at the hop,
When we circled around with never a stop.
U is for U kids, our Helen and Bess,
V other valuable visitors, I guess.
W is Winnipeg, who welcomed us well
With the "Belles of New York" and a banquet so swell.
X is unknown to the girls and the boys
Who gave up the trip and missed all our joys.
Y is for youthful, the way we all feel.
Z is the Zenith, we reached by our zeal.

An Atlas for $1.00.

The Great Northern Railway has issued an Atlas of 56 pages containing up to date maps of Iowa, Wisconsin Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, Alaska, Hawaii, Japan, Philippine Islands, China, the United States and of the World.

In addition to this, the Atlas contains valuable statistical information relative to the states named above, is printed on the very best quality of paper, shows the lines of the Great Northern Railway, and is in every way a commendable work.

This Atlas will be distributed at the actual cost of production and will be sent to any address upon receipt of $1.00. Address, F. I. Whitney, Passenger Traffic Manager, Great Northern Railway, St. Paul, Minn. jl29

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tf G. H. SANDUM.

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Perfect in quality. Moderate in price.

Why He Wanted a Tenner.

Application was made at half a dozen stores before the man could get one ten dollar bill for his roll of ones.

"I don't see," said the man's companion, "why you went to all that trouble. You are going to pay the money right over to your tailor. Why didn't you give him the one dollar bills?"

"Because it would make a bad impression," was the reply. "I am broke, but I don't want him to know it. Whenever you get in that fix pay your debts in the largest bills that you can get hold of. It enhances your value in the estimation of tradesmen and paves the way for further credit. A fellow will think a heap more of you if you pay with one five dollar bill than with five ones. A handful of chicken feed indicates that you have had to hustle around pretty lively to get the money and that there isn't much left where that came from. A man who really has money can afford to pay in pennies if he feels like it, but he who has little can keep up his credit only by using large bills."—New York Press.

Handel's Appetite.

Handel was blessed with a wonderful appetite, and many are the amusing accounts, true or otherwise, as to the means taken by its owner for its indulgence. His gastronomic propensities were frequently the object of satires, and in one caricature the composer is represented as sitting on a beer barrel. A ham and a pair of fowls are attached to the pipes of an organ, a turbot lies upon a pile of books, and the floor of the apartment is strewn with oyster shells. It is more likely that his adversaries invented and propagated many of the wild stories concerning his eating and drinking powers than that they had any foundation in literal fact. No one would probably order a dinner for three persons for instance, and because it was being kept back for the company to arrive blurt out to the astonished waiter: "I am de gompany. Bring up de tinner bretissimo."

Sniping In Warfare.

The method of sniping in warfare is as follows: Three men set out, two in one direction and one in another. The single man, when he believes he is in the neighborhood of the enemy, lets off his rifle no matter in what direction, and thus draws the fire of the sentry. Immediately the two other stalkers fire into the space lit up by the discharge. When this goes on, all round the camp the result is constant alarm at night time. Soldiers are warned not to reply to a sniper, but the temptation is well nigh irresistible. Their exertions, however, meet with little success, for snipers generally stalk the sentries from behind stones.—London Globe.

Lola Montes.

At one time there was much commercial and social intercourse between Ireland and Spain. Galway and Waterford were the chief Irish ports engaged in this trade. To this day the Spanish type of beauty is discernible among the Galway girls. Probably the most famous result of the blending of Spanish and Irish blood was the actress and dancer Lola Montez. Her true name was Marie Dolores Eliza Rosanna Gilbert. She captivated European monarchs as well as popular audiences and was for a year or so practically the ruler of Bavaria until a revolution compelled her to flee.

Spelled With a "V."

Frank Millet's baby was christened in London when Hutton and Lawrence Barrett were present. The child was to be named Lawrence, and Barrett spelled it out "Lawrence," as his name was spelled. Hutton immediately corrected him with "Laurence," as his own name is spelled. And they shouted this at each other, to the amazement of the parish clerk, till Mr. Millet stopped them, with the remark that the father ought to have something to say and, turning to the clerk, said, "Spell him with a 'v.'" And Lavrence Millet he was made by law.—Christian Register.

Civilization and the Kaffir.

On bare feet, of which the skin grew so tough as to enable him to run over the sharpest rocks without flinching, the old Kaffir could easily walk, as fast as a horse trots, fifty miles a day. The Kaffir who still goes barefoot can do so today. He used likewise to be able to get a light—the "boy" who is constantly bothering one now for matches—by rubbing two sticks together. Now he is as helpless in the dark as ourselves.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Doubly Embarrassing.

Suitor—Beg pardon for interrupting, but—I—er—have just come—er—that is, I have just been speaking to your daughter, and she referred me to you.

Old Gentleman—Gee crickets! I wonder if that girl thinks I am made of money. You are about the fortieth bill collector she has sent in today. If she doesn't marry pretty soon I'll be bankrupt.—New York Weekly.

In the Beginning.

"I tell you, Singleton, you don't know the joys and felicities of a contented married life, the happy flight of years, the long, restful calm of"—

"How long have you been married?"

"Just a month."

Odd Coincidence.

Mrs. Janson said to Mrs. Lammis in perfect confidence, "Do you know mine is the prettiest baby in the world?"

"Well, really, now, what a coincidence!" said Mrs. Lammis. "So is mine!"

Much prudence does not always keep one from committing follies, nor much sense from thinking them, nor much wit from uttering them.

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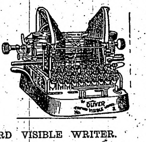

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ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

Supplement to St. HILAIRE SPECTATOR, Saturday, Aug. 5, 1905.

COMMISSIONER'S DOINGS

Proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners at the June and July Meetings.

Red Lake Falls, Minn., June 5, 1905.

Pursuant to the call of the County Auditor dated May 16, 1905, the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota met in special session at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls at 1 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of considering a petition for the removal of the county seat to the City of Thief River Falls in said county.

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Johnson.

Present, Commissioners Johnson, Sutor, Demann, Shaw and Falardeau.

The Board proceeded to examine and consider the petition for the removal of the County Seat.

At 6 p. m., on motion duly carried a recess was taken until June 6.

June 6, 1905, the Board reconvened at 9 o'clock a. m. with all members present.

The examination of the petition for the removal of the County Seat was continued.

After hearing the arguments of F. A. Grady, Chas. E. Boughton and Ira C. Richardson and the testimony of witnesses introduced in the matter, the following resolution was offered by Commissioner Demann who moved its adoption which was duly seconded by Commissioner Falardeau:

Whereas, F. A. Grady and Chas. E. Boughton, two legal voters of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, have duly appeared before this Board and objected to the consideration by this Board for a change of the County Seat of said County to the City of Thief River Falls which petition is now on file in the office of the County Auditor of said County, or to any action thereon by this Board on the ground that the Board has no jurisdiction to consider and act on the same; and the Board having duly heard the evidence of A. P. Toupin, John A. Duffy and Theo. Garceau, witnesses produced and sworn in behalf of said objectors, and other evidence together with the files and records in the office of the County Auditor relating to said petition and the proceedings thereon, and having duly considered the same:

Now, Therefore Be It Resolved, that we do find as facts and do hereby certify, that no notice of the intention to circulate the thirty-two petitions for said change of county seat, which were presented for filing to said county Auditor was ever made, given, posted or published in said County prior to the circulation of said petitions;

That said thirty-two petitions were circulated by sixty-four persons, only eight of whom ever signed or made, or gave any notice whatever of intention to circulate any such petition, and that the only notice given by said eight persons was notice of intention to circulate only one petition and that such notice was not posted at three of the most public places at the county seat of said Red Lake County prior to the circulation of said petition or any of them;

That the time set by the County Auditor for this special meeting of this Board to consider said petitions was more than twenty days after said petitions and affidavits thereon were presented to him for filing.

That this Board has no jurisdiction to act upon, consider, or determine said petitions, and hereby rejects the same and the whole therof.

On the call of Ayes and Noes on the foregoing resolution the vote stood as follows:

Aye, Commissioners Sutor, Demann and Falardeau.

No, Commissioners Johnson and Shaw.

The Chairman declared the resolution adopted and the said petition rejected.

On motion carried unanimously the Board adjourned sine die.

O. J. JOHNSON,
Chairman Board County Commissioners.
Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and ex-officio Clerk of Board.

Red Lake Falls, Minn., June 20, 1905.

Pursuant to the order of the Dist. Court of the 14th Judicial District, dated June 6, 1905, requiring the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, to meet at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County on June 20, 1905, to act on and consider the petition for the removal of the County Seat of said county to the City of Thief River Falls, or show cause before the Court in the City of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, on the 11th day of July, 1905 at 10 o'clock a. m., why such action was not taken, Commissioners Shaw and Johnson appeared at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at one o'clock p. m.

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Johnson.

On roll call the following members were present: O. J. Johnson, Commissioner 3d district, and Daniel Shaw, Commissioner 4th district.

No quorum being present, the Chairman declared the meeting adjourned.

(SEAL) JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor, Red Lake Co., Minn.

Red Lake Falls, Minn., July 10, 1905.

Pursuant to law, the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County met in regular session at the court house at one o'clock p. m.

Present, Commissioners Johnson, Sutor, Demann, Falardeau and Shaw.

Minutes of Commissioners meetings of May, 1, 2 and 3 and July 5 and 6 were read and approved.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Falardeau was adopted by unanimous vote:

Resolved, that the sum of One Hundred Dollars be and is hereby appropriated from the County Road and Bridge Fund to aid the Town of Poplar River in grading the highway between Sections 2 and 3 and 10 and 11 in said Town.

On motion carried unanimously, the application of J. G. Prior for license to sell intoxicating liquors in the Town of Polk Centre and the application of Remia Lafaivre for license to sell intoxicating liquors in the Townsite of Brooks in said County was granted.

The petitions of W. G. Hunt and others and that of E. Miller and others for the organization of new school districts was presented to the Board and on motion carried unanimously a day of hearing on same was set for September 5, 1905 and notices of such hearing were ordered to be issued accordingly.

On motion a recess was taken to July 11, 1905.

July 11, 1905, the Board reconvened at 9 o'clock a. m. with all members present.

The petition of William A. Swanson and others for the oaganization of a new school district was read and arguments for and against the granting of same were heard.

On motion duly carried the prayer of the petitioners was granted and the following order forming a new school district was made:

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake, }

The petition of William A. Swanson and others who constitute a majority of the freeholders who are legal voters residing in the district hereinafter described, asking that the same be formed into a school district, having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners of said Red Lake County, and the County Superintendent of Schools having endorsed on such petition his written approval thereof, and it appearing that there are in such district so to be formed, the required number of residents between five and twenty-one years of age.

NOW, SAID PETITION Having been publicly read at a meeting of said Board of County Commissioners held on the eleventh day of July, 1905, and it having been duly considered by said Board,

IT IS BY SAID BOARD ORDERED, That a School District be, and the same is hereby formed within the Town of Deer Park in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, bounded and and described as follows to-wit:

All of Sections Four (4,) Five (5,) Six (6.) Seven (7,) Eight (8,) Nine (9,) Seventeen (17,) and Eighteen (18) in Township One Hundred and Fifty-two (152) North of Range Forty (40) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian in Red Lake County, Minnesota, the same to be known and numbered as School District No. "34" in said County.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, at a meeting held July 11, 1905.

(Seal) O. J. JOHNSON,
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners.
Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
Auditor of Red Lake County.

The petition of A. R. Jorris, Casser Falk and others asking that the unorganized portion of Congressional Township No. 153 North, of Range 43 West in the County of Red Lake, be attached to the Town of Rocksbury was presented to the Board and on motion carried unanimously the petition was granted and the following order was made:

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake, }

Upon receiving a petition of a majority of the legal voters residing within the unorganized territory of congressional Township 153 North, of Range 43 West in said County, and a petition signed by a majority of the legal voters of the organized Town of Rocksbury in said County, accompanied by the proper affidavits as required by law, asking that the said unorganized territory be annexed and attached to the said Town of Rocksbury, the same being an adjoining town, we, the Board of County Commissioners of said County did on the 11th day of July, 1905, after a careful consideration of the matter, grant the request contained in said petition, and the said unorganized territory is hereby attached to and made part of the said Town of Rockbury.

The boundaries of the said Town of Rocksburo as hereby fixed and established by us are as follows:

Beginning at the northeast corner of Section 1 in Township 153 North of Range 43 West of the Fifth Principal Meridian in said County and State, running thence west to the northwest corner of Section 6 in said Town and Range, thence south to the southwest corner of Section 31 in said Town and Range, thence east to the southeast corner of Section 36 in said Town and Range, thence north to the place of beginning, being all the territory lying and being within the limits of Township 153 North, of Range 43 West in said County.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Dated July 11, 1905.

(Seal) O. J. JOHNSON,
Chairman, Board County Commissioners.
Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.

The petition of G. C. Gulard and others asking that Township 153 North, of Range 40 West in the County of Red Lake be organized as a Town under the Township organization law, was presented to the Board and on motion carried unanimously the prayer of the petitioners was granted and the following order was made:

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake, }

Upon receiving the petition of a majority of the legal voters of congressional townshp No. 153 north, of range 49 west of the fifth principal meridian in said county and state, asking that the same be organized as a new town under the township organization law, to be named Highlanding, we, the board of county commissioners of said county, did on the 11th day of July, 1905, proceed to fix and determine the boundries of such town and to name the same Highlanding in accordance with said petition and designate Highlanding postoffice in said town as the place for holding the first town meeting in such town, to be held on the 29th day of July, 1905 for the purpose of electing one chairman of the board of supervisors, two supervisors, one town clerk, one assessor, two justices of the peace and two constables, to serve until the next annual town meeting and hereby desienate Peter c. Wold, A. E. Abraham and Alfred Eve and judges of election.

The boundaries of said Town of Highlanding as fixed and established by us are as follows:

Beginning at the north-east quarter of section 1 in township No. 153 North, of Range 40 west in said county, thence west to the northwest corner of section 6 in said town and range, thence south to the south-west corner of section 31 in said town town and range, thence east to the south-east corner of section 36 in said town and range, thenee north to the place of beginning.

By order of the Board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota.

Dated July 11, 1905.

(Seal) O. J. JOHNSON,
chairman, Board county commissioners.
Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
county Auditor and Ex-officio clerk of the Board.

The petition of R. E. Sotheran and others, asking that township 154 north, of range 40 west, in Red Lake county, Minnesota be organized as a town, was placed before the board and on motion duly carried the prayer of the petitioners was granted and the following order was made:

State of Minnesota, } ss
county of Red Lake. }

Upon receiving the petition of a majority of the legal voters of congressional township No. 154 north, of range 40 west of the 5th principal meridian in said county and state, asking that the same be organized as a new town under the new town organization law to be named Park, we the Board of county commissioners of said county, did on the 12th day of July, 1905, proceed to fix and determine the boundaries of such town and to name the same Park, in accordance with said petition and designate the residence of John O'Reilly on section 29 in said town as the place for holding the first town meeting in such town to be held on Saturday, the 29th day of July, 1905, for the purpose of electing one chairman of supervisors, two supervisors, one town clerk, one treasurer, one assessor, two justices of the peace and two constables to serve until the next annual town meeting, and do hereby designate John O'Reilly, Margan Vaughn and Osten Ardahl as judges of election.

The boundaries of said town of Park, as fixed and established by us are as follows;

Beginning at the north-east corner of Section 1 in township 154 north, of range 40 west in said county, thence west to the north-west corner of section 6 in said town and range, thence south to the south-west corner of section 31 in said town and range, thence east to the south-east corner of section 36 in said town and range, thence north to the place of beginning.

By order of the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota.

Dated July 11, 1905.

(Seal) O. J. JOHNSON,
chairman Board county commissioners.
Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
county Auditor and Ex-officio clerk of the Board

The petition of carl Jensen and others asking that township 153 north, of range 41 west in Red Lake county, Minnesota be organized as a town, was placed before the Board and on motion carried unanimously the prayer of the petitioners was granted and the following order was made:

State of Minnesota, } ss
county of Red Lake }

Upon receiving the petition of a majority of the legal voters of congressional township No. 154 North, of range 41 west of the 5th principal meridian in said county and state, asking that the same be organized under the township organization law, to be named "Kratka," we the Board of county commissioners of said county did on the 11th day of July, 1905, proceed to fix and determine the boundaries of such town and to name the same "Kratka." In accordance with said petition, and designate Kratka postoffice in said town as the place for holding the first town meeting in such town, to be held on Saturday, the 29th day of July, 1905, for the purpose of electing one chairman of the board of supervisors, two supervisors, one town clerk, one treasurer, one assessor, two justices of the peace and two constables to serve until the next annual Town meeting, and do hereby designate Carl Jenson, Ed. Emerson as judges of election.

The boundaries of said town of Kratka as fixed and established by us are as follows:

Beginning at the northeast corner of section 1 in township 153 north, of range 41 west, in said county and state, thence west to the northwest corner of section 6 in said town and range, thence south to the south-west corner of section 31 in said town and range, thence east to the south-east corner of section 36 in said town and range, thence north to the place of beginning, being all of congressional township No. 153 north, of range 41 west of the 5th principal meridian in Red Lake county, Minnesota.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota,

Dated July 11, 1905.

(Seal) O. J. JOHNSON,
Chairman, Board of county commissioners.
Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and Ex-officio clerk of the Board.

On motion duly carried an auctioneer's license was granted to H. K. Homme.

The following report was submitted by the Board of Audit:

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota:

Gentlemen:

We, undersigned Board of Audit of said Red Lake County convened at the office of the County Treasurer of said County on the twenty-first day of June A. D. 1905 for the purpose of examining and auditing the accounts, books and vouchers of K. M. Hansen County Treasurer of said County, and to count and ascertain the kind, description and amount of funds in the treasury and belonging thereto.

We respectfully report that we found said Treasurer indebted to the several funds at the beginning of business on June 21, 1905, in the aggregate sum of $59,256.05, and we find the Treasurer in possession of funds covering said indebtedness in kind and amounts as follows:

Cash in safe	47 08
Cash items, money orders and checks	141 16
Town orders	55 50
Deposited in First State Bank of Red Lake Falls	24338 61
Deposited in Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	17705 98
Deposited with First State Bank of Thief River Falls	5075 23
Deposited with First State Bank of St. Hillare	3007 29
Deposited with First National Bank of Thief River Falls	7690 25
Deposited with Bank of Red Lak Falls	3070 71
Deposited with Citizens Bank of Thief River Falls	1045 82
Deposited with Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire	4238 33
Total funds on hand June 21, 1905	$59256 05

Respectfully submitted.

JAMES E. FORD, County Auditor, } Board of
JOSEPH PERRAULT, Clerk of } Audit, Red
District Court, } Lake
O. J. JOHNSON, Chm. Board of } County
County Commissioners.

On motion duly carried the foregoing report was approved.

On motion duly carried the application of the M. E. Church of Thief River Falls for abatement of taxes on Lots 35, 36, 37 and 38 in Knox Re-arrangement of Block 21, in Red Lake Rapids, was recommended for approval by the State Auditor.

On motion duly carried the applications of Leoit Laurent and Joseph Tschirhart for abatement of taxes for the year 1903, were rejected.

Commissioner Falardeau offered the following resolution and moved its adoption.

Resolved, that the sum of $75 be and is hereby appropriated out of the County Road & Bridge fund to aid the Towns of Emardville and Poplar River in the construction of a bridge across Lost River between Sections 35 and 36 in Twp. 151, Range 32 and Sections 1 and 2 in Twp. 150, Range 42 the same to be paid, to the Treasurer of the Town of Emardville upon the completion of the bridge, out of any moneys in said fund not otherwise appropriated.

Be it further resolved that the sum of $100 be and is hereby appropriated from the County Road and Bridge Fund to aid the Town of Lambert in the construction of a bridge across Hill River between Sections 23 and 35 in said Town of Lambert, the same to be paid to the Treasurer of said Town on completion of said work out of any money remaining in said fund not otherwise appropriated.

Which motion was declared by unanimous vote and the resolution was declared adopted.

The petition of the Village Council of the Village of Plummer for the establishing of a county drainage ditch commencing at a point about 50 rods west of the northeast corner of Section 13 in twp. 151, Range 42, running thence in a westerly direction parallel with and one rod south of the section line between Sections 12 and 13; 11 and 14, 10 and 15, 9 and 16, in said township to a point about 30 rods west of the northeast corner of the northwest quarter of Section 16 in Twp. 151, Range 42 and emptying into what is known as the Scheldrup Creek, was read to the Board and on motion made by Commissioner Shaw carried unanimously the following resolution appointing an engineer was adopted:

In the matter of the petition of the Village Council of the Village of Plummer for locating and constructing County Ditch No. 22, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

State of Minnesota } ss
County of Red Lake }

Whereas, a petition hearing date the twenty-fourth day of May, 1905, signed by John M. Reed, President, Julius Plete, J. E. Buskirk and H. H. Finrow, Trustees, and Chas. W. Latta, Village Recorder of the Village of Plummer in said County, praying for the establishment of a certain drainage ditch in said County, designated and numbered by the County Auditor as County Ditch No. 22, the route of which is more fully described in said petition, and a proper bond accompanying the same, has been filed with the County Auditor of said County as by law required:

AND WHEREAS, It appears by satisfactory proof to the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, that due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the time and place at which the same would be heard has been given as required by law;

NOW, THEREFORE, We, the Board of County County Commissioners of said County at a regular session held this day, do hereby appoint J. K. Wood as a competent and experienced engineer to make an accurate survey of the line of said ditch from its source to its outlet as provided and provided and specified in and by Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905, and after completing his duties as such engineer to make and file his report with the County Auditor of said County on or before the first day of July, 1905.

Dated July 11, 1905.

By the Board:

(Seal) O. J. JOHNSON,
Chairman Board Co. Com. of Red Lake Co.
Attest: JAMES E. FORD, Co. Auditor.

On motion made by Commissioner Shaw and carried unanimously, the following order appointing viewers on County Ditch No. 22 was made.

In the matter of the petition of the Village Council of the Village of Plummer for County Ditch No. 52 in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake, }

Whereas, a petition bearing date the twenty-fourth day of May, A. D. 1905, signed by Jno. M. Reed, President, Julius Pleth, J. E. Buskirk and H. H. Finrow, Trustees and Chas. W. Latta, Village Recorder of the Village of Plummer in said County praying for the establishment of a ditch in said County, designated and numbered by the County Auditor as County Ditch No. 22 the route of which is fully described in said petition, together with a proper bond accompanying the same, has been filed with the County Auditor of said County; and said County Auditor has given due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the said notice has been published and served as by law required; and having had on said petition pursuant to said notice; and said Commissioners have heretofore duly appointed a competent engineer, to-wit J. K. Wood to make a survey of said ditch:

Now, therefore, we, the Board of County Commissioners of said County, at a regular session held this day, do hereby appoint Adam Zeh, and Wm. Erb and W. E. Wood three resident freeholders of said County, who are not interested in the construction of said proposed work, and not of kin to any of the parties known to be interested therein, to be viewers of said proposed work and of the route thereof. The said viewers shall first take an oath to faithfully perform their duties as such viewers; and thereafter having received a certified copy of the petition for said ditch and of the order appointing them such viewers and of the order of the County Auditor of said County designating the time and place of the first meeting of said viewers, shall meet at the time and place specified, in the order of the County Auditor aforesaid and shall proceed to view said proposed work, and the land damaged or benefitted thereby; and having completed said view and examination of said work, shall make and file their report thereof with said County Auditor of said County within thirty days after the date of their first meeting. In their first report they shall in tabular form give the names of the owners of each tract of land so benefitted or damaged by said proposed work, the description of each tract of land so benefitted or damaged (said names of owners to be the same as appear on the County tax duplicates of said County, and the description to be given in legal form), and the total number of acres in each of said tracts, the estimated number of acres in each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged (as the case may be), the number of acres added to any tract by the total or partial drainage of any meandered lake, or the change of any water course and the location and value of such added land, the damage, if any, to riparian rights pertaining to any tract, and the amount that each tract of land will be benefitted or damaged by the construction of such work. In case said ditch drains, either in whole or in part, any public or corporate road or railroad, or benefits any such road so that the roadbed or traveled track of any such road will be made better by the construction of said ditch, said viewers shall estimate the benefits arising therefrom to said road, roadbeds or railroads, and report said benefits together with the names of roads and other particulars necessary to identify the corporations, private or public to be benefitted thereby and and amounts of benefits of each; they shall report as part of such tabular statement the damages awarded to each municipal or other corporation for injury to any road or roadbed, and from the necessary construction and maintenance of any bridge, culverts or other works rendered necessary by the establishment of such ditch, stating the same separately. They shall also report the total estimated benefits in respects to said ditch entire, and branches thereof, if any, and also whether or not, in their opinion, the estimated expense of the construction of said ditch including the damages assessed therefor, is greater than the utility of said proposed ditch; and whether or not said proposed ditch is impracticable for any reason, and, if so, stating the reason why it should not be constructed. In making said view and survey of said proposed work and their report thereon, the said viewers shall proceed according to Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905.

The Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

(Seal) By O. J. JOHNSON, Chairman.

Dated this 11th day of July, A. D. 1905.

JAMES E. FORD, County Auditor.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Johnson was adopted by unanimous vote:

Resolved, that the sum of $250 be and is hereby appropriated from the County Revenue Fund to the Incidental Expense Fund of this County; and the County Auditor and County Treasurer are authorized to make such transfer on their books.

The petition of John Longren asking that he with his lands be attached to Independent School District No. 18 was read and no one appearing to be heard for or against the granting of same, on motion carried unanimously the same was granted and the following order was made:

Whereas, the petition of John Longren, a legal voter, freeholder and resident of this county, representing that he is the owner of the lands hereinafter described which adjoin Independent School District No. 18 and asking that he with his said lands may be attached to said adjoining School District No. 18 for the following reasons:

That the petitioner and lands herein described lie in no organized school district. Convenience of location with reference to schools in Independent School District No. 18 and to be a resident of a district where a complete and full graded school in in existence, was presented to the Board of Commissioners of this County at a session of said Board held on the second day of May, 1905 for the action of said Board thereon: And whereas, it was thereupon ordered by said Board that a hearing should been had on said petition at a session of said Board commencing on the 11th day of July, 1905 at the County Auditor's office in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County; And whereas, it was further orderad in and by said order that notice of the time and place of such hearing be given by posting a copy of said order in one public place in each of the the school districts to be effected by said petition, and by handing to and leaving with the clerk of each of said school districts affected, personally a copy of said order at least ten days before the time appointed for such hearing; and whereas, at the said session of the said Board of County Commissioners commencing the 11th day of July, due proof of the posting and service of said order of hearing as therein directed and required, more than ten days prior to the said last named date having been made and filed, said petition was publicly read and considered by the Board with everything which was said by said interested parties for or against granting the prayer of the petitioner, and said Board being of the opinion that said petition should be granted, it is hereby ordered and determined that the said petitioner and the following described lands owned by him to-wit.

The South-east quarter of Section 27 in Township 154 North, of Range 43 West, be and the same are hereby attached to said adjoining school district No. 18 and said lands are hereby made a part of said last named school district for all purposes whatever.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners:

Dated the 11th day of July, 1905.

(Seal) O. J. JOHNSON,
Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners
Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.

The petition of Nils Myrin, asking that he with his land be attached to Independent School District No. 18, was read, and no one appearing to be heard against the granting of the prayer of the petitioner, on motion carried unanimously the same was granted and the following order was made:

Whereas, the petition of Nils Myrin a legal voter, freeholder and resident of this county, representing that he is the owner of the lands hereinafter described, which adjoin Indepenndent School District No. 18, and asking that he with his said lands may be attached to said adjoining School District No. 18 for the following reasons:

Because petitioner and his said lands are in no organized school district, convenience of location with reference to the schools in said Independent School District No. 18 and to be in a school district where a complete and full graded school is existence, was presented to the Board of County Commissioners of this County at a session of said Board held on the second day of May, 1905, for the action of the said Board thereon; and

WHEREAS, It was thereupon ordered by said Board that a hearing should be had on said petition at a session of said Board, commencing on the 11th day of July A. D. 1905, at the County Auditor's office in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County; and

WHEREAS, It was further ordered in and by said order that notice of the time and place of such hearing be given by posting a copy of said order in one public place in each of the school districts to be affected by said petition, and by handing to and leaving with the Clerk of each of said school districts, personally, a copy of said order at least ten days before the time appointed for such hearing; and

WHEREAS, at the said session of the said Board of County Commissioners commencing on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1905 due proof of the posting and service of said order of hearing as therein directed and required, more than ten days prior to the last named date having been made and filed, said petition was publicly read and considered by the Board with everything which was said by said interested parties for or against the granting of the prayer of the petitioner and said Board being of the opinion that said petition should be granted, it is hereby ordered and determined; that the said petitioner and the following lands owned by him to wit:

Lots 8, 9 and 10 in Section 27 in Township 154 North, of Range 43 West in said County, be and the same are hereby attached to said adjoining Independent School District No. 18, and said lands are hereby made a part of said, last named School District for all purposes whatever.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners.

Dated the 11th day of July, A. D. 1905.

(Seal) O. J. JOHNSON,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners. Red Lake County.
Attest: JAMES E. FORD.
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.

The petition of W. O. Long to be attached with his land to Independent School District No. 18 was read and no one appearing to be heard against granting the same, on motion duly carried the prayer of the petitioner was granted and the following order was made:

WHEREAS, The petition of W. O. Long, a legal voter, freeholder and resident of this county, representing that he is the owner of the lands hereinafter described, which adjoin Independent School District No. 18 and asking that he with his said lands be attached to said adjoining Independent School District No. 18 for the following reasons:

Because the petitioner and his above described lands are in no organized school district.

Convenience of location with reference to the schools in Independent School District No. 18 and

To be in a school district where a complete and full graded school is in existence,

Was presented to the Board of County Commissioners of this County at a session of said Board held on the second day of May, A. D. 1905 for the action of said Board thereon: and

WHEREAS, It was thereupon ordered by said Board that a hearing should be had on said petition at a session of the said Board commencing on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1905 at the County Auditor's office in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County; and

WHEREAS, It was further ordered in and by said order that notice of the time and place of such hearing be given by posting a copy of said order in one public place in each of the School Districts to be affected by said petition, and by handing to and leaving with the Clerk of each of the School Districts to be affected by said petition, personally, a copy of said order at least ten days before the time appointed for such hearing; and

WHEREAS, At the said session of the said Board of County Commissioners, commencing on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1905, due proof of the posting and service of said order of hearing as therein directed and required, more than ten days prior to said last named date, having been made and filed, said petition was publicly read, and considered by the Board with everything which was said by said interested parties for or against granting the prayer of the petitioner, the said Board being of opinion that said petition should be granted, it is hereby ordered and determined that said petitioner and the following described lands owned by him to-wit:

Lots 6 and 7 and the east one-half of the north-west quarter of Section 27 in Township 154 north, of Range 43 West in said County be and the same are hereby attached to said adjoining Independent School District No. 18 and said lands are hereby made a part of said last named School District for all purposes whatever.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners.

Dated the 11th day of July, A. D. 1905.

(Seal) O. J. JOHNSON.
Chairman of Board of County Commissioners.
Attest: JAMES E. FORD.
County Auditor and Ex-officio Clerk of Board.

The petition of Martin Moylan asking that he with his lands be attached to the Independent School District No. 18 was read and no one appearing to be heard against the granting of the same, on motion duly carried the prayer of the petitioner was granted and the following ordee was made.

WHEREAS, The petition of Martin Moylan a legal voter, freeholder and resident of this county representing that he is the owner of lands hereinafter described, which adjoin Independent School District No. 18 and asking that he with his said lands may be attached to said adjoining Independent School District No. 18 for the following reasons:

That the petitioner and the lands herein described are in no organized School District.

The convenience of location with reference to the schools in said Independent School District No. 18, and

That he desires to be in a district where a complete and full graded school is in existence.

Was presented to the Board of County Commissioners of this County at a session of said Board held on the second day of May, 1905 for the action of said Board thereon; and

WHEREAS, It was thereupon ordered by said Board that a hearing should be had on said petition at a session of said Board commencing on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1905 at the County Auditor's Office in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County; and

WHEREAS, It was further ordered in and by said order that notice of the time and place of such hearing be given by posting a copy of said order in one public place of each of the School Districts to be affected by said petition and by handing to and leaving with the Clerk of each of said school districts, personally a copy of said order at least ten days before the time appointed for such hearing; and

WHEREAS, At the said session of the said Board of County Commissioners commencing on said 11th day of July, 1905, due proof of the service and posting of said order of hearing as therein directed and required, more than ten days prior to said last named date, having been made and filed, said petition was publicly read and considered by said Board with everything which was said by said interested parties for or against granting the prayer of the petitioner, and said Board being of opinion that said petition should be granted, it is hereby ordered and determined that the said petition, and the following described lands owned by him to wit:

The North-east quarter of Section 27 in Township 154 North, of Range 43 West in said County be and the same are hereby attached to the said adjoining Independent School District No. 18 and said lands are hereby made a part of last named School District for all purposes whatever.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners.

Dated July 11th, A. D. 1905.

(Seal) O. J. JOHNSON,
Chm. Board Co. Commissioners of Red Lake Co,
Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and Ex-officio Clerk of the Board

On motion a recess was taken until July 12.

July 12, 1905, the Board convened with all members present.

The petition of Otto L. Bakken asking that he with his land be set from School District No. 18 to School District No. 135 was presented to the Board and on motion carried unanimously a day of hearing was set for same for Sept. 5, 1905.

The Board proceeded to make a supplementary list of names to be drawn for Grand and Petit Jurors, which list was duly certified and filed with the Clerk of the Dist. Court.

The petition of W. J. Polbrook and others for a County Road in Townships 152 and 153 North, of Range 40 West, was placed before the Board and on motion carried unanimously said petition was laid over till the next meeting of the Board.

Commissioner Demann offered the following resolution and moved its adoption:

Whereas, after due consideration, this Board has estimated that the necessary expenses for the ensuing year will be as follows;

For County purposes	$ 16000
For County roads and bridges	3500
For interest and principal on bonds	3500
For maintaining Court House and Jail	1000
Local 1 mill school tax	3500
Total estimated expenses	$27500

Therefore Be It Resolved that to meet such expenses, the following sums be levied as a basis of taxation in said County for the year 1905.

For County purposes, (County revenue fund)	$ 16000
For County Roads and bridges. (County road and bridge fund)	3500
For interest and principal on bonds (bond and interest fund)	3500
For maintaining Court House and Jail (court house and jail fund)	1000
Local 1 mill school tax	3500

Which resolution was seconded by Commissioner Falardeau by the following vote:

Aye Commissioners Demann, Falardeau and Sutor.

No Comissioner Shaw.

The Chairman declared the resolution adopted.

The Board proceed to examine the books and accounts of the County Treasurer, found same correct and fixed a certificate of their findings in the office of the County Auditor.

Commissioner Shaw offer the following resolution and moved its adoption.

Resolved, that the sum of $150 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the County revenue fund to be paid to the Red Lake Agricultural Society to aid in holding an Agricultural Fair in the City of Thief River Falls in 1905.

Which resolution was duly carried and the Chairman declared the same adopted.

On motion carried unanimously the following bills were allowed:

St. Hiliare Spectator, publishing notice to leagal voters ....$5.80 allowdd at$	4 40
Plummer Pioneer, publishing notice to legal voters	4 40
Plummer Pioneer, publishing notice teachers examination	4 40
Red Lake Falls Gazette, publishing notice to legal voters	4 40
Red Lake Courier, publishing commissioners proceedings and other legal notice	62 84
W. A. Schriefer, medecine for prisoner and 1 dozen erasers	2 30
School Education company, 1 ream examination paper	2 40
McGill-Warner company, blanks and office supplies	11 65
Miller Davis Printing company, blanks, bills	24 27
C. F. Greenwood, office supplies	9 89
Free Press Printing company, blanks and deed record	25 95
W. M. Welsh company, certificates of award for county superintendent	20 00
Pioneer Press company, blank books and blanks	79 70
Red Lake Falls Gazette, stationery for county offices	15 50
King & chase, office supplies	5 25
Joseph Perrault, Misc. fees clerk court	6 00
" " certified copy of Judge Stroberg et al vs board of county commissioners	1 35
Joseph Perrault, services on county board of audit days	6 00
James E. Ford, services on county board of audit 3 days	9 00
James E. Ford, witness fees 1 day and mileage	3 98
S. L. Lewis, insurance premium on court house, $1000	27 50
A. P. Toupin, insurance premium on furniture and fixtures, $1500	39 00
W. A. Schreiter, wall paper for court house	3 30
Nick Helm, painting bridge signs	10 00
B. H. castello, assessing personal property in Twp. 152, Range 37	1 00
W. E. Wood, assessing personal property in assessment Dist. No. 3	37 50
Peter c. Wold, assessing personal property in assessment Dist. No. 4	63 00
B. Puschinsky, repairing office chairs	1 35
D. Linnihan, Sheriff, amount paid for long distance telephone calls	2 75
James E. Ford, county auditor, amount paid for long distance telephone calls	1 00
Red Lake Falls Telephone Exchange, rent of telephones in court house and jail, May and June, 1905	10 00
Joseph Belair, coroners fees, viewing remains of Mrs. Joseph Falardeau	17 90
D. Linnihan, sheriff, sheriff's misc. fees state cases	133 50
D. Linnihan, sheriff, posting notices of pendency or petition for county ditch No. 22	7 90
Geo. Jarman, deputy sheriff, fees in state cases	75 50
Red Lake Falls Electric Light company, lights in court house, April, May and June, 1905	39 65
Alcide Perusse, services as fire warden in town of Terrebonne	2 00
Louis Parenteau, services as fire warden in town of Terrebonne	2 00
Thomas Moreeu, services as fire warden in town of Poplar River	5 00
S. L. Lewis, justice fees, State vs John Baown	6 45
S. L. Lewis, justice fees State vs John Brown end Napoleon Miller	5 90
Victor Nord, witness fees, State vs W. G. Brown	2 68
Nels A. Nelson, witness fees, State vs. W. G. Brown	1 68
Olaf Brekke, constable fees, State vs Jas. and Knut Torgerson	2 00
N. J. Burgquist, constable fees, State vs. Jas. and Knut Torgerson	2 00
Ole A. Skavguag, constable fees, State vs. Jas. and Knut Torgerson	2 00
Christ Christianson, constable fees, State vs Jas. and Knut Torgerson	4 85
Oscar carlson, constable fees, State vs Jas. and Knut Torgerson	7 85
Erick Iverson, meals and rooms for prisoners	1 50
chas. W. Latta, costs State vs. Knut Torgerson	7 80
chas. W. Latta, costs State vs. Jas. Torgerson	7 80
James Sutor, attending commissioners meeting 5 days, 50 miles	20 00
Wm. c. L. Demann attending commissioners meeting 5 days, 28 miles	17 80
O. J. Johnson, attending commissioners meeting 6 days, 90 miles	27 00
Daniel J Shaw, attending commissioners meeting, 120 miles	30 00
Louis Falardeau, attending commissioners meeting, 144 miles	35 40
O. J. Johnson, services on board of audit 2 days	6 00
Thos. Germo, amount paid for long distance telephone call, in criminal matters	7 88
K. M. Hansen, county treasurer, amount paid for postage, county treasurers office	40 18
Alex Johnson, engineers services on county ditches	44 00
A. F. Anderson extra work on Gervais Ditch No. 1	91 06
F. L. Hagen, board and lodging of pauper	3 00
Bethany Hospital, hospital fees, care of Geo. Dorty	92 80
Dr. H. Grundy, medical attendynce of Geo. Dorty	119 00
A. Sinvik, board and care of Martea Amundson	79 00

The following bills were laid over:

Free Press Printing Co., summer school records	3 10
H. A. Johnson, witness fees	3 40
Miller Davis Printing co., blanks and blank books	60 50
Dr. I. Lemiex, medical attendance on Mrs. Knut Flage	15 25

The following bills were rejected;

F. Jetters, long distance telephone calls	6 25
Pioneer Press co. copy holder	2 00
Thief River Press, stationery for county surveyor	3 25
chas. Brady, care of A. Romier	2 00
E. E. Fletcher, care of A. Romier	2 00
Arthur Lafontaine, care of A. Romier	2 00

On motion carried unaninously the board adjourned to July 07, 1905.

(Seal) JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and Ex-officio clerk of the Board.

Magical Scenes in California.

If you contemplate a trip to California with its lovely seaside, resorts, orange groves, beautiful groves and quaint old Missions, the pleasantest, shortest and quickest way to the magical scenes is over the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific lines. Every day from March 1st to May 15, tickets will be sold via this route at $25 from Missouri river good in tourist sleepers. Double berths $5 75. Fast trains, short line, no delays. Inquire of E. L. Lomax, G. A. & T. A., Union Pacific, Omaha, Neb.

The Diamond Cure.

The latest news from Paris, is, that they have discovered a diamond cure for consumption. If you fear consumption or pneumonia, it will, however, be best for you to take that great remedy mentioned by W. T. McGee, of Vanleer, Tenn. "I had a cough for fourteen years. Nothing helped me until I took Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, which gave instant relief, and affected a permanent cure. "Unequalled quick cure, for Throat and Lung Troubles. At all druggists; price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

DAMES AND DAUGHTERS.

It is said Mrs. Astor wore nearly $300,000 worth of diamonds at the ball recently given by her.

Mme. Patti will sing at a concert in St. Petersburg for the benefit of the Russian wounded. She made her first great success in that city.

Miss Jessie A. Voorhees, daughter of Dr. Edward B. Voorhees, director of the New Jersey horticulture experiment station, holds the position of horticulturist and is doing very efficient work.

Mrs. Alfred Chapin of New York is believed to own the finest collection of black diamonds in the country. Most of Mrs. Chapin's sable gems came from the province of Bahia, Brazil, and nearly all are of exceptional beauty.

Miss Mary Gillette of Stowe, Vt., is the possessor of an heirloom that is deserving of mention. It is a sampler that was worked in the year 1700 by Mary Kingston, who afterward became the mother of General Greene of Revolutionary fame.

Lady Rachel Byng, daughter of the Earl of Stratford, conducts a school for millinery for gentlewomen, where a training is given both for those who wish to start in business for themselves and others whose only interest is to make their own hats.

Mrs. Ingeborg Nelson, mother of United States Senator Knute Nelson of Minneapolis, is over ninety years old, but is still in good health and spirits and passes much of her time carding and spinning wool, an art which she learned as a child in the mountains of Norway.

INDUSTRIAL ITEMS.

Peru exported last year 8,000 tons of cotton, while Brazil produced nearly 300,000 bales.

The lumber output of the mills in the Minneapolis district alone last year was 718,239,481 feet.

Mexico and the United States together furnish about 72 per cent of the silver output of the world.

The art of coloring wood has made great progress in Sweden. The dye is forced under heavy pressure into the wood and replaces the sap to a length of thirteen feet.

The deepest working coal mine in Great Britain is at Pendleton, Manchester. Here coal is now being got at a depth of 3,483 feet below the surface. The deepest mine in the world is in Belgium, coal being got at a depth of 3,773 feet below the surface.

LEWIS-CLARK FEATURES.

"Hit the trail" is to be the slogan of the Pacific northwest in connection with the Lewis and Clark centennial.

The American inn at the Lewis and Clark centennial, which will be erected on the exposition grounds, will contain more than 600 guest rooms.

The new building for the Lewis and Clark centennial, made necessary by the demands for exhibit space, will contain 90,000 feet of floor space.

The project of a camping ground, to be located on the hills behind the Lewis and Clark exposition, is being agitated. Those favoring the project argue that farmers and ranchers will want to drive to Portland during the fair and camp out and that eastern people will enjoy the novelty of a few days of tent life.

TRAIN AND TRACK.

The American Mechanic says that in railroad building the crossties now cost twice as much as the rails.

The guards of the London, Tilbury and South End railway have received orders to refuse in future to accept tips from passengers.

In 1834 one of the leading railroads of the United States printed on its time table, "The locomotive will leave the depot every day at 10 o'clock if the weather is fair."

At last the Prince of Montenegro has ordered that a railroad be built throughout the principality to connect with the trunk line of the Servian state railways. The line will be one meter gauge, and work will be commenced in the early spring.

THE ROYAL BOX.

The king of the Belgians is one of the largest landed proprietors in the world. In addition to his thousands of acres in Africa and in Belgium, he owns two estates of considerable extent in France.

Queen Wilhelmina, in appointing a Roman Catholic, the Jonkherr Van Green, as her private secretary, puts one of that faith in a responsible position in the royal household for the first time since the reformation.

The kaiser, it is said, is himself his son's riding master. In the riding school the emperor takes off his coat and stands in the middle of the ring, armed with a long whip. He is a severe instructor, with no mercy for either horse or rider.

JEWELRY JOTTINGS.

Bonbon baskets in colonial design of pierced silver come in larger sizes for fruit.

Green and rose gold are combined in a signet ring set with a diamond on either side.

Flower pins with fancy beads of gold or gold and precious stones are a convenient device for fastening flowers to the dress.

More dignified in effect than the delicate chains de la reine, or necklaces, are the strikingly beautiful collars in which bars of large stones connect strands, network or elaborate designs of small stones closely set.—Jewelers' Circular-Weekly.

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INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

"The Comfortable Way"

TIME TABLE

Arrival and departure of trains at St. Hilaire.

PASSENGER

8:00 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
9:25 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
9:55 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
10:20 am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30 pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10 am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN, Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz R. H. Duntley Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James F. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
J. J. SOLL, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3850 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE
Veterinary
Surgeon.
Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
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Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Miss Mary Hoff is at work at the Merchants State Bank this week.

Prof. Onstad came up Wednesday to give the band boys instructions.

Rev. Fr. Fayolle, of Red Lake Falls, was a caller in the village Tuesday.

Theodore Roy has accepted the Tweet school for the coming term.

S. A. Swanson, of Red Lake Falls, was a business visitor here Tuesday.

Miss Annie Fellman returned home from the training school Wednesday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Ovide Moreau, of Terrebonne, was a business caller in the village Tuesday.

Mrs. M. E. Bjerk was visiting friends at Thief River Falls the first of the week.

J. J. Soll and H. Monson were up in Marshall county a couple of days this week.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Martin McAndress, Sr., went to Crookston Monday evening, returning Tuesday.

The weather this week has been about as unfavorable for the crops as it could be.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

W. A. Gould, the Crookston Lumber company's logging superintendent, was here last Saturday.

Miss Alice Hall left on Tuesday for a two weeks' visit with friends at Crookston and Fertile.

Miss Nora Johnson returned Monday from Twin Valley, after a six weeks' visit with relatives there.

Mrs. Chas. Larson, of Watertown, S. D., was the guest of her cousin Mrs. Dr. Blomburgh this week.

We are having altogether too much rain and unless it stops soon there will be trouble during harvest.

Miss Annie Anderson, of Devils Lake, came for a visit with her aunt Mrs. H. O. Jackson, Wednesday.

Martin Hoff and Chet Gebott went out to the reservation last Sunday with W. A. Arthur and Chas. Fellman.

Miss Emma Hoff, who has been attending the summer training school at Moorhead, arrived home Monday.

Mike McAndress was in on Thursday with a sample of wheat from his fields which he claims has the black rust.

Miss Edith Dahl, who has been attending the summer training school at Moorhead, arrived home Monday.

J. D. Hawes, of Waterloo, Iowa, representing a threshing machine company, was doing business here Tuesday.

Miss Ella Lindahl, who has been attending the training school at Red Lake Falls, arrived home Wednesday.

Miss Blanche Christenson, of Mankato, who has been visiting Miss Eva Johnson, returned to her home Tuesday.

Miss Mabel Hannay left last Wednesday for Seattle where she will visit her brother and also take in the Portland fair.

Miss Mary Anderson came home Wednesday from Red Lake Falls where she was attending the training school.

Mrs. Geo. Hughes returned home Tuesday from Thief River Falls, where she has been visiting relatives and friends.

Mrs. Wm. Warner and children came down from Thief River Falls Tuesday for a visit with her sister Mrs. Geo. Hughes.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Supt. A. Lord of the Crookston Lumber company, who has been spending a week or more here, was called to Minneapolis last Monday evening.

Don't forget the Progressive Entertainers at the opera house on Monday, August 7th. A good mixture of sense, music and merriment. Seats on sale at the drug store. Prices 15, 25, and 35c.

L. T. Bergh was in the village Monday and informed us that a party of Soo surveyors crossed his claim—actually walked across—which, considering reports from that neighborhood, is very remarkable, as high water is reported from that vicinity.

Frank Hughes, proprietor of the Windsor hotel of Park River, N. D., is here this week visiting with his brother George Hughes.

Mrs. J. H. Johnson, nee Katie Bergland, and daughter Ollie, of Christine, N. D., are here for an extended visit with relatives and friends.

Pete Sanderson shipped a carload of stock and farm implements to his North Dakota home Tuesday where he intends to reside permanently.

Herman Anderson, a former St. Hilaire boy, but for the past ten years a resident of Devils Lake, arrived Wednesday for an extended visit with his aunt Mrs. H. O. Jackson.

Joel G. Winkjer was here last Saturday and took time to call at the creamery and congratulate them on the fact that they are paying more for cream than any creamery in northern Minnesota.

James Cunningham and wife, of Great Falls, Montana, are here this week visiting with their sister Mrs. A. R. Jones. Mr. Cunningham is an old Crookston boy and is visiting this section for the first time in fourteen years.

August A. Erickson, the well known River Falls farmer, was in town yesterday and reports that crops out his way are looking fine—no signs of black rust. He looks for a big crop with wheat harvest to commence in about two weeks.

The Progressive Entertainers, who are billed to play in the Imperial hall on the 7th of August, are presenting flattering testimonials regarding their work from people whose judgment must be respected, and they deserve an accordingly good patronage.

Fred Gebott left last Saturday for Frazee where he has taken the position of head filer in the saw mill. The mill is the same size as the one here and the position is a responsible and lucrative one for so young a man to fill. His friends however claim that he is well qualified to fill the position. David Bridge, who has been filing for the lath mill here, also went along to be first assistant.

The editors of the Red River valley met at Crookston last Tuesday evening and perfected an organization. R. D. V. Carr, of the Middle River Pioneer, was chosen president; R. H. Medicraft, of the Roseau Region, vice president; W. E. McKenzie, of the Crookston Times, secretary, and C. L. Stevens, of the Warren Register, treasurer. Another meeting will probably be held some time this fall.

George Turville, of Thief River Falls, was at Oslo last Saturday to attend the opening sale of business lots in the new town to be built where the Soo crosses the Red river, says the News. He reports that a large number were present and that all were of the opinion that Oslo is going to make one of the best towns in Marshall county. Just thirty business lots were sold, the prices ranging from $665 to $325. Another sale will be held later at which time an excursion will be run down the Red river in a steamboat from Grand Forks to Oslo.

From an authentic source it is reported that owing to lack of transportation and storage facilities in Russia, the grain shipping situation is in a precarious condition. This spring transportation at St. Petersburg was blocked. At all times tens of thousands of cars were at a standstill. Recently a large number of cars were received at St. Petersburg in a fermented condition and were condemned to be burned. This blockade not only affects the grain now in storage and in transportation, whereby thousands of carloads will be lost, but the safety of the present crop is also jeopardized, as the outlook at present is that the way cannot be cleared to handle the new crop.

Strike is On.

The station agents and operators on the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern lines have ordered a strike and they commenced going out last Thursday. There does not seem to be a great deal of difference between the companies and the men. An overtime allowance for Sunday work seems to be the main point of difference. The railroads however do not want to deal with the men as a body and refuse to meet their committee. Locally, our agent H. M. Swenson is still at his post but no telegrams are taken or sent. The passenger trains are generally running on time but the freight service is somewhat demoralized. It is impossible at present to tell what the result will be or how the strike will end.

A News Service Without Parallel.

There is ample justification for the claim made by The Chicago Record-Herald that its readers enjoy every day in the week, Sundays included, a news service that is without parallel in range and completeness. In addition to the independent news facilities of The Record-Herald, that paper receives the complete news service of the New York Herald, the New York World and the Associated Press, and when it is considered that its news columns are supplemented by all the special features so popular with its thousands of readers, it will be seen that The Record-Herald holds a unique place among the great newspapers of the United States.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Go to L. M. Rolland & Sons for flour. We sell the "Mascot."

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

For refreshments call at Number 488.

Certificates Received.

The returns from the state examinations were received this week and are very gratifying, showing the standard of work being done in our schools. The whole number of certificates received are not so many as last year on account of some of the pupils being unable to take the examinations, but on the whole the results are good. The seventy-eight certificates were received by the following pupils:

Hilda Rud: Arithmetic, Senior Grammar, Physiology, Geography, Senior History, Civil Government.

Mabel Holen: U. S. History, Physiology, Geography, Senior History, English Grammar, Senior Geography.

Inez Patterson: Senior Geography, English Grammar, Geography, U. S. History, Arithmetic.

Julia Selberg: Arithmetic, English Grammar, Geography, U. S. History, Senior Geography.

Philip Jacobson: Senior Geography, Senior History, Physiology, English Grammar.

Nora Johnson: Senior Geography, English Grammar, Geography, U. S. History.

Emma Hoff: Elementary Algebra, Civil Government, Senior Geography.

Caroline Skeie: Physiology, Senior Geography, Senior Grammar.

Lilly Johnson: Geography, U. S. History, Arithmetic.

Edwin Dahl: U. S. History, Senior Grammar, Arithmetic.

Alma Remington: Arithmetic, U. S. History, Geography.

Mabel Patterson: Geography, Physiology, Arithmetic.

Ole Lund: Senior Geography; Elementary Algebra.

Marguerite McAndress: U.S. History, Senior Geography.

James Dahl: Geography, Arithmetic.

Albin Hellberg: Geography, English Grammar.

Christine Skeie: Geography, Arithmetic.

Mabel Almer: Geography, U. S. History.

Neil Dahl: Geography, Arithmetic.

Esther Johnson: Geography, Arithmetic.

Anna Hawkinson: Geography, Arithmetic.

Nellie Palmgren: Geography.

Selma Hoff: Geography.

Agnes Lindahl: Elementary Algebra.

George Netteland: Plane Geometry.

Theodore Roy: Senior History.

Gilman Jones: Geography.

Robert Jackson: U. S. History.

Oscar Johnson: Geography.

Alton Jackson: Elementary Algebra.

Permanent Writ Denied.

Crookston Times (Wednesday): Thief River Falls, represented by Attorneys Sam Clark, Richardson and E. M. Stanton, last evening attempted to have Judge Watts make the temporary writ of mandamus issued to Red Lake Falls people some time ago, compelling the county board to meet and call an election, made permanent but failed. Attorneys Grady, Boughton and McIntyre, for the defendant, Red Lake Falls set forth an answer in which it was alleged that the parties applying for the original writ were not citizens of the United States and notices of meetings of the board were not posted in the proper places. Upon the answer of the Red Lake Falls people Judge Watts denied to make the writ permanent and the temporary injunction mandamus was dissolved.

The Thief River attorneys served notice of their intention to present a motion to have the answer of the Red Lake Falls people stricken out and a hearing will be had the latter portion of the month to permit such procedure.

The Thief Riverites claim that the answer of the Red Lake Falls people is largely falsehood and will endeavor to show it up in that light. Should the answer be stricken out, the case will at once go to the supreme court and if it is not the case will come up before the fall term of court in Red Lake county.

New Towns in North Dakota.

The entensive railroad building now being done in North Dakota has brought tributary to railroad facilities an additional vast area of the rich agricultural sections of northern and western North Dakota. The Great Northern railway is building a number of new extensions from its main line northward notably that of the Sarles extension of the Edmore line, the Thorne extension running north from York, the Maxbass extension running northwestward from Towner, and a further extension of the Westhope line to Antler. The building of these new lines has brought into being a number of new towns which are fully described in a pamphlet recently issued by the Great Northern Railway. By application to Mr. F. I. Whitney, Passenger Traffic Manager, St. Paul, Minn., a copy of these pamphlets "New Extensions in North Dakota" or "New Towns in North Dakota" will be mailed to any address. 8-5

Burning Molasses and Coal.

Although it may seem tremendously funny, it is true that molasses is being mixed with common coal dust to make a form of briquette which is said to be a splendid form of fuel. A little linseed oil is also mixed in to prevent the brixuette from absorbing water. It may also seem odd to take golden grain belt-beer as a medicine for few medicines are so delicious. However, the best medicine, like golden grain belt beer, is the kind to keep you from getting sick rather than that which is taken after it is too late. Oorder of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Chief Moosedung Dead.

Moosedung, chief of the Indians at the Red Lake reservation, died last week due to a cold which he caught while attending the celebration at Devils Lake on the Fourth. The old chief was the eldest of six children. It was his father who received the large grant of land near Thief River Falls. On his father's death there was a law suit over the property left. Moosedung thought that according to Indian custom being the oldest son he was entitled to all the property. The case was taken to the U. S. supreme court which rendered a decision against him and as a result the property was divided among the children of the deceased. Moosedung was fifty years of age and was highly honored and respected by the members of his tribe.—Crookston Journal.

They Have the Money.

Thief River Falls News: That the Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic railroad is going to be built from Thief River Falls to Duluth next year there can be little doubt. A prominent man in railroad circles last week told a Thief River Falls business man that the Duluth and South Shore road had provided against circumstances that might develop, and that would stop them. Not knowing what the condition of the money market would be next year, the Duluth and South Shore recently floated a loan in New York City for an amount sufficient to build and put the road in running order. The money is now in a New York bank and will remain there until next spring.

Koran and Bible.

Concerning the alleged resemblance between Christianity and Mohammedanism Rev. Napier Malcolm, in "Five Years In a Persian Town," says: "There are really not many resemblances to note. An officer of Indian troops replied to a Mussulman's suggestion that there were resemblances between the two religions, 'There is hardly a single practical point where Mussulmans and Christians are not entirely at issue,' whereupon the Mussulman said: 'Sahib, you have read your Bible and have also read the Koran. I always make that remark to Christians. I made it to a padre the other day, and they almost always say: "Very true. Mohammedanism has a great deal in common with Christianity." Well, sahib, when they say that, I know that they have not read the Koran and that they have not read their Bibles.'"

From Jail to the Bench.

Francis Pemberton (1625-97) was imprisoned in the Fleet for debts contracted during a period of youthful extravagance. While in jail he applied himself to the study of law and came to be regarded as a kind of legal oracle by his fellow prisoners, who nicknamed him Counselor. With the fees they gave him for legal advice he bought books to continue his studies. He then prevailed upon his creditors to grant his release from prison that he might the sooner earn money to pay off his debts. Called to the bar in 1654, after a brilliant career in the palace court at Westminster and subsequently in the house of lords, he became a puisne judge. He was knighted in 1675 and ultimately, on the dismissal of Scroggs, was made lord chief justice in 1681.

The Oldest Paper Books.

What is believed by antiquaries to be the oldest paper book in existence is the "Red Book of Lynn," an ancient register belonging to the corporation of King's Lynn, England. This volume is known as the "Red Book" from its original binding having been of that color. The first entry is a transcript of the will of Peter de Thorndon, burgess of Lynn, dated 1309. The latest entry is dated in the fifteenth year of King Richard II. Fifty years ago the book was repaired and rebound, and the leaves, which age had reduced to a loose, fibrous substance, were carefully resized as an aid to preservation.

Turn About.

An Irish doctor was asked to attend a patient on Tory Island, off the Irish mainland. The doctor said that he was willing to go, but that the fee would be £2 ($10), payable in advance. The Tory islander paid the money and ferried the doctor over from the mainland himself. The physician finished his duties and wished to start back. The only way to get back was to be rowed back by the same man who had carried him over. The doctor asked what the charge was. "Two pounds," said the Tory island man, "payable in advance." It was paid.

The Pursuit of Man.

Directly or indirectly we are all interested in the pursuit of the desirable male, for whom every function is really arranged whatever be the ostensible reason. When one sees on all sides how eligible men are run after, fawned upon, flattered, cajoled and humbugged, can the truth of it be denied?—Ladies' Field.

An Unfair Fling.

Mrs. Wickwire—If woman were given the credit she deserves, I don't think man would be quite so prominent in the world's history. Mr. Wickwire—I expect you are right. If she could get all the credit she wanted, he'd be in the poorhouse.

A Funny Will.

Comforting Friend—Has your husband made his will? Prospective Widow—Yes, the wretch. He's left everything to the doctor if he cures 'im, an' not a blessed farthin' to his widder an' orphans.

Painless Sometimes.

Sufferer—Do you extract teeth without pain? Dentist—Not always. I sprained my wrist on one a couple of days ago and it hurts yet.

Indulgent.

"Katherine, you will always find me an indulgent husband."

"Do you mean indulgent to me or indulgent to yourself?"

Discussing the merits of a man's opponents gives him a decided ascendancy over them.—Goethe.

The Pedestal of Honor

is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.

Ladies' Shoes

like ours are not to be found in every store.

RAPP &
POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

HAIL INSURANCE

Do you want to insure your crops against Hail in a first class Company that always pay their losses promptly? If you do, call and see us in regard to a policy in the old and reliable St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Company.

When you buy Insurance get the best

H. E. IVES, Agent, ST. HILAIRE
Minnesota

Everyday Bargains
at
E. M. HOFF'S

Granulated Sugar, 16 lbs for	$1	Evaporated Apples, fancy 3 pounds for	25c
Coffees, good as ever, 15c per pound to	40c	A good Corn, three cans for	25c
Teas, extra value, 20c, 35c and	50c	A good Tomato, 3 cans for	25c
A good size and quality Prunes per pound	4c	Small size Sour Pickles, per gallon	30c
Large size and quality Prunes per pound	6c	Sweet Pickles, very nice, per quart	12½c
Extra size and quality Prunes per pound	8c	Rolled Oats, five-pound package	15c
Rice, extra good value, 28 pounds for	$1	Full Cream Cheese, per pound	13c
Tapioca, 6 pounds for	25c	Full Cream Brick Cheese per pound	15c
Sage, 6 pounds for	25c	Soaps, good, forty bars for	$1

We carry a full and complete line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Shoes of the best quality, also a big line of plain and fancy Dry Goods. We are here 365 days in the year, aim to please, will correct all errors and exchange all goods that do not please.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"
and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of
THE FAMOUS
MATT. J. JOHNSONS
6088
RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE
you are not satisfied with results.
This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.
For Sale and Guaranteed Only by
Imperial Drug Co., St. Hilaire

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

A FREE PATTERN
(your own selection) to every subscriber. Only 50 cents a year.
McCALL'S MAGAZINE 50c A YEAR
A LADIES' MAGAZINE.
A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe to-day, or, send 5c. for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.
Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.
McCALL BAZAR PATTERNS 10c AND 15c
All Seams Allowed and Perforations show the Basting and Sewing Lines.
Only 10 and 15 cents each—none higher. Ask for them. Sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail from
THE McCALL CO.,
113-115-117 West 31st St., NEW YORK.

WINCHESTER
FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

MISS ELLA OFF, INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

SUFFERED FOR MONTHS

Pe-ru-na, the Remedy That Cured.

Miss Ella Off, 1127 Linden St., Indianapolis, Ind., writes:

"I suffered with a run-down constitution for several months, and feared that I would have to give up my work.

"On seeking the advice of a physician, he prescribed a tonic. I found, however, that it did me no good. On seeking the advice of our druggist, he asked me to try Peruna. In a few weeks I began to feel and act like a different person. My appetite increased, I did not have that worn-out feeling, and I could sleep splendidly. In a couple of months I was entirely recovered. I thank you for what your medicine has done for me."---Ella Off.

Write Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio, for free medical advice. All correspondence is held strictly confidential.

Cuticura SOAP

MAY BE USED FROM THE HOUR OF BIRTH

Weighing the Baby.

Physicians, nurses, pharmacists, and chemists throughout the world endorse Cuticura Soap because of its delicate, medicinal, emollient, sanative, and antiseptic properties derived from Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, united with the purest of cleansing ingredients and most refreshing of flower odors. For preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet and bath, Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, the great Skin Cure, is priceless. Guaranteed absolutely pure, and may be used from the hour of birth.

Two Soaps in one at one price—namely, a Medicinal and Toilet Soap for 25c. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston. Mailed Free, "How to Care for Baby's Skin, Scalp, and Hair."

Do You Know

That death may lurk in your walls? In the rotting paste under wall paper; in the decaying glue or other animal matter in hot water kalsomines (bearing fanciful names)? Use nothing but

Alabastine

THE SANITARY WALL COATING.

Destroys disease germs and vermin.

A Rock Cement in white and delicate tints. Does not rub or scale. You can brush it on—mix with cold water. Exquisitely beautiful effects produced. Other finishes, mixed with either hot or cold water, do not have the cementing property of Alabastine. They are stuck on with glue, or other animal matter which rots, feeding disease germs, rubbing, scaling, and spoiling walls, clothing, etc. Buy Alabastine only in five pound packages, properly labeled. Tint card, pretty wall and ceiling design, "Hints on Decorating" and our artists' services in making color plans, free.

ALABASTINE CO.,
Grand Rapids, Mich., or 105 Water St., N. Y.

THE DAISY FLY KILLER destroys all the flies and affords comfort to every home—in dining-room, sleeping-room and places where flies are troublesome. Clean, neat, will not soil or injure anything. Try them once, you will never be without them. If not kept by dealers, sent prepaid for 20c. Harold Somers, 149 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

LIVE STOCK

Size of the Grain Ration.

In the feeding of steers in the western United States, our farmers have become altogether too free in the use of corn. It has become a habit on some farms to feed 20 or 30 pounds of corn per day. This is equivalent to half a bushel. This habit was formed in the days when the commercial demand for corn was small. It was being raised on all the farms, and there were few railroads to haul it to market, and the markets themselves were limited to population. The great starch factories had not yet come into existence, glucose works were not known, and the whisky stills, while many, were small. There were no such establishments as we have now, using thousands of bushels of corn every day in the making of whisky. Corn had to be hauled 25 or 30 miles to market and sold for twenty cents a bushel. It was worth only half that on some of the farms from which it was drawn. The most useful way of disposing of it was to feed it to beef steers, and a half bushel of corn so fed represented only a few cents.

It is very different now, when railroads are numerous and commercial enterprises that use corn everywhere established in districts, and the roads for hauling to market much better than they were in the old days. Corn is now worth about as much on the farm as it is at the railroad station, and in many cases it brings more on the farm than it does in the great market centers, like Chicago. Corn, for a long time, has been around 50 cents in price. To feed a half bushel of it per steer per day means putting 25 cents per day into the grain ration. The absurdity of this will appear when it is recognized that a steer will gain only from one to two pounds a day in weight, and that the increased gain will sell for not more than six cents a pound.

It therefore becomes necessary to ascertain what is the exact amount of grain the steer can use to advantage. Experiments made at some of our stations show that 12 to 15 pounds of corn a day is all that can be fed properly to the steer. Any amount over that is thrown away. The conclusion is that we have been throwing away grain by feeding it in too large quantities.

The stomach of the steer is adapted to the use of a large quantity of roughage, and a small quantity of concentrated food. To reverse this order means loss of money both in the waste of grain and in detriment to the steer itself.

Ants in the Fields.

We used to think the ant was our friend and pointed to him as a creature to be emulated. But it is now recognized that he is sometimes perniciously active. He is so much of an enemy to the farmer that the latter is justified in destroying the ant hills wherever they are found. Few realize the extent to which attacks of plant lice are due to ants. It has been supposed that the dairy business of the ants was a side issue, but if one will follow the habit of the little fellows he will be surprised to find how numerous are the colonies of ants that help along the spread of plant lice. Ants are especially objectionable in the corn field, where they tunnel down to the tender corn roots and transport to them the plant lice.

Bury Dead Hogs Deep.

Hogs that have died of cholera should be buried deep in a place that will not be used as feeding ground by other hogs. The pit if possible should be near the place where they expired, as it is not desirable to haul them about the farm in wagons. By this latter method, the disease is spread. Putting quicklime about the body before it is covered helps to lessen the danger of the disease germs getting from the body to the surface. But even then it is possible that after the lime has taken in enough water to neutralize it there will be some germs left to pass into the soil with the soil water. The more superficial the burial the greater the danger.

Build an Icehouse.

Summer is the time to get ready for winter, and now is when the icehouse should be constructed. There are a few things that must be carefully looked after in the construction of this house. One of these is drainage. Good drainage is necessary, for if the water rises with the melting of the ice the loss to the ice supply will be very great. Ice melts many times faster in water than in air, and faster in moving air than in air that is held in place by the sawdust or other isolating material.

The walls of the icehouse should be firmly built, as there is danger that they will bulge out if they are not strong. The lateral pressure is not as great as with silage, but is considerable if the ice is not carefully packed. Sometimes the ice falls apart and lurches to the side of the house, and then the strain is very great. We have seen small ice houses on farms that were only two-thirds filled with ice, because the sides of the house had bulged so the owners were afraid to put in a full supply. Sometimes permanent props may be made, as with the large commercial icehouses. A double air space will help to keep the temperature low and prevent wasting the ice. The house should be as near the cube as possible, as this will give the largest possible space for the least possible material.

Every farmer should acquire some knowledge of blacksmithing, enough at least to enable him to know when his horses are properly shod.

In most of our states no less than 150 distinct varieties of native grasses have been described, of which little has as yet been learned in farm practice. Some of them have in them great possibilities.

Even in the states where the winters are not long or severe the fowls need good warm houses for winter. These should be built during summer when conditions are favorable for such work.

DAIRY NOTES

The Dairyman Not a Beefmaker.

It is not the business of the dairyman to make beef, though some of them seem to think that beef is a by-product of the dairy. It has been shown by figures again and again that the man that tries to produce cows that will be good dairy cows and at the same time furnish a good carcass of beef is sure to make less out of his dairy operations than he would if the opposite course were followed. The men that talk about having a good carcass to the cow, so that it can be sold for beef, must remember that the cow is not likely to be sold for beef till she has finished her career as a dairy cow, and perhaps at the end of ten or fifteen years, and then her flesh would be too tough for good beef no matter what kind of a frame she might have.

Is it to be supposed that any buyer of beef cattle would pay very much for an old tough cow? Would he pay much for a steer that was ten years or more old? The tender beef is what brings a good price, and the tender beef is made on a young carcass. The time element is an important consideration in the making of beef, and the constant practice of beef-makers is to reduce it, putting the beef animal on the market at as young an age as possible. The high price of corn makes the fattening of the old cow too expensive to be much of an inducement. Corn now can hardly be bought at any time of year for less than 50 cents per bushel, and that will only make five pounds of beef gain on a steer that is bred from a long line of meat-making ancestors. He will make far more gain than will the old cow. Yet with him every pound of gain made on corn costs ten cents and will have to be sold for half of that. The average old cow would probably make not more than four pounds of gain on a bushel of corn, which would mean a cost of twelve cents per pound, and she would not bring more than four cents per pound in the market, and often not over three.

The disadvantage of trying to make beef from a dairy cow is apparent, and when we consider that a man has paid a good sum every year to carry along the extra weight of carcass, we see that he is sure to lose money in the attempt.

Steam to Put Out Creamery Fires.

W. S. Furnas, secretary of the Dairymen's Mutual Insurance company, sends out a circular of advice to creamery operators in which he says: Arrange your factory so that you can turn steam into all the rooms, and if your factory has an attic be sure and run one pipe up through the ceiling, so you can turn live steam in that part in case the roof catches fire. Fix it so you can turn it on with a valve from below. In case the factory is discovered on fire, keep all the doors and windows closed and do not try to get anything out. It cannot burn, for the steam will keep out all the oxygen and the fire will go out. If the fire is on the roof, fill the rooms just the same and turn the valve so as to let the live steam into the upper part. You should have a ladder so that you can get upon the roof after turning on the steam and closing up all the doors and windows. Arrange so all of the windows can be closed from the outside if necessary.

Of course the fire on the roof needs attention and a few buckets of water handled carefully will soon get the fire under control if used in time. The best way is to have one or two steam pipes on the outside of the building so that you can at any time attach a steam hose long enough to reach any roof on the creamery. The end of the hose needs a nozzle on it so you can turn the steam on as needed. Take the end of the hose, get upon the roof and use the steam the same as a stream of water. The small expense this involves will be worth many times its cost on account of the great protection it will throw around your factory.

Value of the Currant.

The value of the currant is not yet appreciated by the American people. Greece is every year making fortunes out of it, for the people there have learned how cheaply it can be produced. Currants have become a great feature in Greek exports, and the United States is importing large quantities of them every year. Those that travel about the northern states can not fail to have noticed with what luxuriance the currant grows as they go north. The currant, as we know it, delights in cold weather and hard conditions. The international boundary line between the United States and Canada is not by any means the northern limit of its growth. It grows certainly 200 miles north of the British line, thriving well in Northern Alberta. In Saskatchewan and Athabasca provinces the currant is found growing luxuriantly. The writer has seen it growing and loaded with fruit where the earth was frozen solid two feet below it. The inhabitants of these provinces say: "We can beat the world in raising currants." The currant is, however, not a tropical fruit, nor does it do well in even the lower part of the temperate zone. The fact that it grows well through a region quite generally bare of pomaceous fruits shows its value, as it can be made a profitable fruit producer in sections of country where other fruits are lacking. Some day horticulturists will find time to experiment with currants, and the possibilities locked up in this fruit will be brought out.

The fifty-second Indiana State Fair will be held at Indianapolis September 11-15, 1905. The general program of the exhibition promises an interesting time. In accordance with the custom for some years past the Purdue University school of agriculture will have a working dairy in operation in the dairy building from Tuesday morning until the close of the fair. A list of premiums and rules governing the exhibits may be had by addressing Charles Downing, secretary, Indianapolis, Ind.

Men who intend to be good to-morrow always die to-day.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Grievous Error.

"Say," exclaimed the irate councilman, as he confronted the editor in his den, "what do you mean by referring to me as a 'political jobber' in your paper this morning?"

"I beg your pardon," replied the editor, "but it was the compositor's fault. Here's the original copy; you can see for yourself that I wrote it 'robber' plain enough."—Detroit Tribune.

Peril of the Handshake.

Dr. Valentine Nalpasse, a French doctor living in Constantinople, has started a crusade with the object of abolishing the handshake, and substituting in its place the "Temenah," which is the Oriental form of salutation. According to Dr. Nalpasse, the hand contains over 80,000 microbes to the square inch, and in shaking hands these microbes are conveyed from one person to another. He suggests in place of the ordinary form of greeting that the "Temenah" be universally employed, which consists in placing the right hand on the heart, on the lips, and on the forehead, signifying, Thou has a place in my heart, on my lips, and thou art always in my thoughts.—London Chronicle.

Voice From Arkansas.

Cleveland, Ark., July 31st.—(Special)—Nearly every newspaper tells of some wonderful cure of some form of Kidney Disease by the Great American Remedy, Dodd's Kidney Pills, and this part of Arkansas is not without its share of evidence that no case is too deeply rooted for Dodd's Kidney Pills to cure.

Mr. A. E. Carlile, well known and highly respected here, tells of his cure after nearly a quarter of a century's suffering. Mr. Carlile says:

"I want to let the public know what I think of Dodd's Kidney Pills. I think they are the best remedy for sick kidneys ever made.

"I had kidney trouble for 23 years and never found anything that did me so much good as Dodd's Kidney Pills. I recommend them to all sufferers."

There is no uncertain sound about Mr. Carlile's statement. He knows that Dodd's Kidney Pills rescued him from a life of suffering and he wants the public to know it. Dodd's Kidney Pills cure all Kidney ills from Backache to Bright's Disease.

Women never get over the sense of dislike they feel for a man who once laughs at them.

Thousands of Women

ARE MADE WELL AND STRONG

Success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Rests Upon the Fact that it Really Does Make Sick Women Well

Thousands upon thousands of American women have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Their letters are on file in Mrs. Pinkham's office, and prove this statement to be a fact and not a mere boast.

Overshadowing indeed is the success of this great medicine, and compared with it all other medicines and treatment for women are experiments.

Why has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound accomplished its widespread results for good?

Why has it lived and thrived and done its glorious work for a quarter of a century?

Simply and surely because of its sterling worth. The reason no other medicine has even approached its success is plainly and positively because there is no other medicine in the world so good for women's ills.

The wonderful power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound over the diseases of womankind is not because it is a stimulant—not because it is a palliative, but simply because it is the most wonderful tonic and reconstructor ever discovered to act directly upon the uterine system, positively CURING disease and displacements, and restoring health and vigor.

Marvelous cures are reported from all parts of the country by women who have been cured, trained nurses who have witnessed cures, and physicians who have recognized the virtue in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and are fair enough to give credit where it is due. If physicians dared to be frank and open, hundreds of them would acknowledge that they constantly prescribe Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in severe cases of female ills, as they know by experience that it will effect a cure.

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular menstruation, backache, bloating (or flatulence), leucorrhœa, falling, inflammation or ulceration of the uterus, ovarian troubles, that "bearing-down" feeling, dizziness, faintness, indigestion, nervous prostration, or the blues, should take immediate action to ward off the serious consequences and be restored to health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Anyway, write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice. It's free and always helpful.

Life is all song when one lives in harmony with the infinite.

The heart gains no rest through the gold cross carried on the breast.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Obesity is the mother of abstention.

Blaine's Friend Was Still.

Blaine had a personal friend in the custom house at Portland. Cleveland had been elected and inaugurated, and federal officeholders were hanging to their jobs by their eyelids. Blaine called at the custom house one day, and seemed surprised to meet his old friend, saying, "What, Bill; you here still?" "Yes," whispered Bill, "d—still."—Boston Herald.

Just Resentment.

"You say your beard began to grow when you were sixteen," remarked the visitor at the dime museum. "May I ask how long it has taken you to bring it to its present magnificent proportions?"

"Sir," said the Bearded Lady, justly incensed, "you are the first man that has ever dared to ask my age."—Chicago Tribune.

"Well, I'm feeling fine to-day; not a thing on my mind."

"I noticed you had your hair cut."—Fort Worth Record.

HEAVES CAN BE CURED.
We have a guaranteed cure for HEAVES, COUGHS and COLDS. Guaranteed to cure or money refunded. One package by mail, 60c; 12 pkgs. by express with written guarantee to cure, $5.00.
Wilbur Stock Food Co., 113 2d Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

The slave's ideal is a good master.

Your Druggist should handle the world's greatest healer—

DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL

If he cannot supply you we will send a 20-ounce bottle prepaid on receipt of **$1.00**

Send for free copy of our paper—the "Farmer's Reliance."

OLNEY & McDAID,
Clinton, Iowa.

THE PLAYWRIGHT-STAR.

Odette Tyler, Famous Actress, Values Doan's Kidney Pills.

Miss Odette Tyler is not only one of the best known dramatic stars in America, but has written and produced a successful play of her own. Miss Tyler has written the following grateful note, expressing her appreciation of Doan's Kidney Pills:

Odette Tyler

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—My experience with your valuable remedy has been equally gratifying to both myself and friends.

(Signed) ODETTE TYLER.

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents per box.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

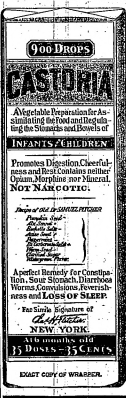
FOR WOMEN troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES
For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.
Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.
THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

N W N U —NO. 31— 1905



900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

The Secret of Good Coffee

Even the best housekeepers cannot make a good cup of coffee without good material. Dirty, adulterated and queerly blended coffee such as unscrupulous dealers shovel over their counters won't do. But take the pure, clean, natural flavored **LION COFFEE,** the leader of all package coffees—the coffee that for over a quarter of a century has been daily welcomed in millions of homes—and you will make a drink fit for a king in this way:

HOW TO MAKE GOOD COFFEE.

Use LION COFFEE, because to get best results you must use the best coffee.

Grind your LION COFFEE rather fine. Use "a tablespoonful to each cup, and one extra for the pot." First mix it with a little cold water, enough to make a thick paste, and add white of an egg (if egg is to be used as a settler), then follow one of the following rules:

1st. WITH BOILING WATER. Add boiling water, and let it boil THREE MINUTES ONLY. Add a little cold water and set aside five minutes to settle. Serve promptly.

2d. WITH COLD WATER. Add your cold water to the paste and bring it to a boil. Then set aside, add a little cold water, and in five minutes it's ready to serve.

3 DONT'S
- Don't boil it too long.
- Don't let it stand more than ten minutes before serving.
- Don't use water that has been boiled before.

TWO WAYS TO SETTLE COFFEE.

1st. With Eggs. Use part of the white of an egg, mixing it with the ground LION COFFEE before boiling.

2d. With Cold Water instead of eggs. After boiling add a dash of cold water, and set aside for eight or ten minutes, then serve through a strainer.

Insist on getting a package of genuine LION COFFEE, prepare it according to this recipe and you will only use LION COFFEE in future. (Sold only in 1 lb. sealed packages.)
(Lion-head on every package.)
(Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.)

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE
WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

At Last--Don't Miss It

A CURE FOR

Stomach Trouble

Science declares it to be the only way

A New Method By Absorption No Drugs . . . .

A FREE BOX to all who are tortured by Stomach Troubles

Mull's Anti Belch Wafers

50 CTS. A BOX Sold at Your Druggist's. If not Send to us at once.

Do You Belch?

It means a diseased Stomach. Are you afflicted with Short Breath, Gas, Sour Eructations, Heart Pains, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Burning Pains and Lead Weight in Pit of Stomach, Acid Stomach, Distended Abdomen, Dizziness,

Bad Breath?

Let us send you a box free to convince you that it cures.

Nothing else like it known. It's sure and very pleasant. Cures by absorption. Harmless. No drugs. Stomach Trouble can't be cured otherwise—so says Medical Science. Drugs won't do—they eat up the Stomach and make you worse.

We know Mull's Anti Belch Wafers cure and we want you to know it, hence this offer.

THIS IS GOOD FOR A FREE BOX

Send this ad. with your name and address and the name of a druggist who does NOT sell it for a FREE box of Mull's Anti Belch Wafers to MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill. Give full address and write plainly. Write to-day as this offer may not appear again. SOLD AT DRUG STORES, 50 cents per box.

Libby's Natural Flavor Food Products

When you are at a loss to know what to serve for luncheon, dinner or supper—when you crave something both appetizing and satisfying—try

Libby's (Natural Flavor) Food Products

Once tried, you will always have a supply on hand

Ox Tongues Chili Con Carne
Veal Loaf Brisket Beef
Ham Loaf Soups

Your Grocer has them

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

MANUFACTURERS OF

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American Sectional Furniture Co.

515 First Ave. N. E. Minneapolis, Minn.

WRITE US OR CALL——IT WILL PAY YOU.

SEE STATE FAIR EXHIBIT—SEPT. 4-9.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

MINNEAPOLIS. **WOODWARD & CO., GRAIN COMMISSION.** DULUTH.

ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 12, 1905. NUMBER 4.

STRIKERS ARE OPTIMISTIC

PRESIDENT PERHAM SAYS THAT FREIGHT IS SERIOUSLY DELAYED.

GET OFFERS OF ASSISTANCE

VARIOUS FORMS OF HELP ARE PROFFERED TO THE STRIKERS.

HILL WILL NOT INTERVENE

SAYS MEN WHO HAVE BEEN ACTIVE IN STRIKE ARE OUT TO STAY.

St. Paul, Aug. 10.—Offers of assistance in the various forms of money contributions, legal proceedings, arbitration, and refusal to co-operate with the companies' strike measures, were reported yesterday by the telegraphers striking on the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railroads, But the companies announced defections from the strikers, a few of which losses were admitted by the strikers themselves; pointed to a continued free movement of perishable freight from St. Paul; commented upon the absence of serious accidents, and insisted that the movement of passenger traffic compared favorably with that accomplished under normal conditions.

Differently Explained.

The accident at or near Brainerd yesterday was differently explained by the telegraphers and the Northern Pacific. According to the strikers the cause was a failure of train orders; according to the company the accident was strictly a "yard" mishap, in which train orders were not involved.

President Perham said yesterday:

"To-day, at the beginning of the second week of the strike, the general outlook continues satisfactory. Our reports still indicate that freight traffic is seriously delayed on both roads. No more new me nare being secured by the companies so far as we are aware."

Advised to Bring Suit.

By a dispatch from Helena, Mont., Mr. Perham was informed yesterday that Lobor Commissioner Ferguson of Montana advises the operators there to bring civil or criminal actions against the Northern Pacific road for violation of the labor laws.

To this suggestion General Manager Horn, of the Northern Pacific, said later:

"We're quite willing for them to bring us into court if they desire. Our company has violated no laws."

From Helena also came this telegram to Mr. Perham:

"Conductors' committee notified superintendent they could take no more train orders over the telephone, or do any more reckless flagging, i. e., with men stationed an the locomotive pilots, or do any other work which should he done by telegraphers."

Break in Ranks.

A slight break in the ranks was announced from Fargo. "We gained a few men Tuesday," Mr. Perham's correspondent wires, "but lost two. On the main line our boys are all right, but the men on branches are not so patriotic."

"We are well satisfied with the situation," said General Manager Horn of the Northern Pacific. "It is infinitely better than we had any idea it would be.

"The only stations where we are not now supplied with agents and operators are some small points along the main line."

Great Northern's Record.

"The Great Northern," said Mr. Horn, "has certainly made a wonderful record with its passenger service during the strike. Hardly one of its transcontinental trains have failed to arrive on time.

"Our through trains have been more delayed; but this is something which often happened before the strike began. Our heavy traffic and 2,000 miles of road often caused a series of small delays that counted up before the end of the run."

Hill Will Not Intervene.

New York, Aug. 10.—James J. Hill set at rest yesterday the reports said to have been spread among the striking telegraphers of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific roads that he would intervene in their behalf in the contention with the operating officers of the road. Mr. Hill said in regard to the case of the strikers that the men had been dismissed because they would not obey orders.

"Men," continued Mr. Hill, "who will plot to embroil a railroad and its employes just at the beginning of a season when they know a heavy movement of traffic is expected, as at present, with the approach of crop moving, do not deserve to be on the payrolls of any road. Theirs are positions of trust and the plotters are not fit to hold them. I will see to it that any oof those who have been active in bringing about this strike will never again enter the employ of the road."

Odessa Mayor Ousted.

Odessa, Aug. 10.—M. Yaroschenko, the newly elected mayor of Odessa, a professor in the university and a Liberal leader, has been exiled by the governor general. The reason for this action has not been explained.

FIRE SWEEPS WATER FRONT.

Half a Million Dollars Damage From Flames at Hoboken, N. J.

New York, Aug 9.—Inside of three-quarters of an hour late last night fire swept away the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad company's terminal in Hoboken, seized two ferryboats and practically ruined them, and for half an hour threatened the destruction of the entire water front in the vicinity, including the Hamburg-American and North German Lloyd steamship docks at which several big ships were lying. So far as known no lives were lost. For over an hour huge tongues of flame leaped from the wooden structures on the Lackawanna docks, lighting the New Jersey water fronts. For a time it threatened a loss larger than that of the big dock fire of several years ago when the North German Lloyd piers were destroyed with a great loss of life. Blazing ferryboats, cut from their docks, floated in the river, wandering fireships which for a time endangered shipping in the river. At 1 o'clock this morning the fire was under control. The big steamship piers had been saved and a rough estimate placed the damage at between $400,000 and $500,000. The flames started from an unknown cause on the old wooden ferryboat Hepatcong, which had been tied up in the open slip between the Hamburg docks and the Christopher street ferry slips.

RUSSIA'S CROP IN DANGER.

Transportation Blockade and Famine Have Disastrous Effect.

London, Aug. 9.—From an authentic source it is reported that owing to lack of transportation and storage facilities in Russia, the grain shipping situation is in a precarious condition. This spring transportation at St. Petersburg was blocked. At all times tens of thousands of cars were at a standstill. Recently a large number of cars were received at St. Petersburg in a fermented condition and were condemned to be burned. This blockade not only affects the grain now in storage and in transportation, whereby thousands of car loads will be lost, but the safety of the present crop is also jeopardized, as the outlook at present is that the way cannot be cleared to handle the new crop.

EXPLOSION OF TANK FATAL.

Young Drug Clerk Meets Terrible Death.

Minneapolis, Aug. 9.—By the explosion of a soda water tank W. L. Hughes, an eighteen-year-old clerk in A. B. Crowell's drug store, was so badly injured last evening that he died before it was possible to get him to a hospital. His body was terribly lacerated by broken pieces of metal, and almost dismembered by the force of the explosion, and it is believed that he must have been standing directly over the tank when it burst. The exact manner of the accident is not known.

A Possible State Fair Attraction.

St. Paul, Aug. 9.—If present plans go through it is probable that an interesting and unique feature will be added to the attractions of the Minnesota state fair this year. This will consist of a race between the horses of the "Ben Hur" production, coming to the Metropolitan opera house, and the horses of "In Old Kentucky," coming to the Grand.

The project started as the result of long-standing rivalry between Charles F. Towle, manager of "Ben Hur," and A. W. Dingwall, manager of "In Old Kentucky," each of whom has long claimed to have the best horses on the stage in their respective productions. The "Ben Hur" horses are thoroughbred runners that have been broken to break into a gallop the moment they start in the chariot race. The "In Old Kentucky" horses are pure runners, broken exclusively to the saddle. Often the two managers spoke of the possibility of matching the horses in a race.

The two plays being in the Twin Cities this year at the same time, and the state fair being in progress during the week, it was thought a good plan to pull off the long deferred race. At present the only dispute is as to whether the "In Old Kentucky" shall race in chariots, or the "Ben Hur" horses race under the saddle, but this point will undoubtedly be amicably settled. All the horses may be matched in a free-for-all race, eight of the "Ben Hur" horses to be driven to the chariots.

Inga Hanson in the Cell.

Chicago, Aug. 9.—Inga Hanson, the former Salvation Army girl convicted of perjury in connection with a personal injury suit brought by her against the Chicago City railway, was taken to the penitentiary at Joliet yesterday to begin an indeterminate sentence. Since her trial several months ago, Miss Hanson has been confined in the Cook county jail hospital claiming to be still suffering from the effects of a paralytic stroke resulting from her injuries.

Prince Taken as Spy.

Berlin, Aug. 9. — Prince Friedrich Henry, eldest son of Prince Albrecht of Prussia, was arrested as a spy by the guards at the East battery in Swinemunde Pomerania, Saturday. The prince was in ordinary dress and was photographing the environs of the fort. When apprehended he said he was Prince Friedrich Henry, but the guards told him they were "not to be fooled." The prince went quietly with one of the guards to the commander of the fort, who recognized him and ordered his release.

JAP TERMS MAY BE TOO STIFF

OPINION AS TO OUTCOME OF PEACE CONFERENCE IS PESSIMISTIC.

WITTE AGAINST INDEMNITY

ON THIS POINT RUSSIAN INSTRUCTIONS ADMIT OF NO CONCESSIONS.

FIRST MEETING IS INFORMAL

BARON KOMURA WILL PRESENT JAPANESE DEMANDS AT NEXT SESSION.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 10.—With the probability that Baron Komura will to-day reveal to the Russian plenipotentiaries the terms upon which Japan is willing to conclude peace, opinion as to the outcome among those who are congregated here to watch the proceedings has become decidedly pessimistic. This is due to the growing conviction that Japan's conditions will not prove as moderate as were at one time anticipated, and, especially in the matter of indemnity, may preclude the possibility of their acceptance by the Russian envoys as a basis of negotiation.

The firm attitude of Mr. Witte in private conversation against the payment of an indemnity and the insistent reports emanating from Japanese quarters that a stiff war contribution approximating

The Cost of the War,

variously stated at from six hundred to eight hundred millions, constitutes one of Japan's demands, indicates a wide, if not irreconcilable, difference between Japan's irreducible minimum and what Russia is prepared to accept. Upon the question of the payment of a large indemnity the instructions of the Russian plenipotentiaries are believed to admit of no concessions, although it is possible a certain compensation in kind might be arranged.

Gloomy forebodings, however, may be premature at this juncture, as everything indicates the plenipotentiaries upon both sides are sincerely desirous of concluding a treaty of peace.

First Meeting Informal.

The first meeting of the plenipotentiaries yesterday was of an entirely informal character, so informal, in fact, that Baron Komura did not bring his letter of credence to the Portsmouth navy yard, whereas Mr. Witte was armed with the original document in Russian setting forth the powers conferred upon him, and also with a translation of the document. The latter he read. Baron Komura was embarrassed and offered to send back to the hotel for his communication, but Mr. Witte expressed his faith that the credentials were full and ample and it was arranged that official exchange of credentials would be made to-day.

Later in the afternoon, however, copies of the credentials were informally exchanged in order that they might be examined before the meeting to-day. It is known that the credentials

Differ Slightly.

In exactly what regard could not be ascertained, but the Associated Press correspondent is assured both by the Japanese and Russian emissaries that the difference is not essential and constitutes no obstacle to the official opening of negotiations. Indeed, the president was officially informed last night that the credentials were full, ample and satisfactory to both sides.

It was decided to hold two sessions, one in the morning, beginning at 9:30, and one in the afternoon, beginning at 3 o'clock.

The official versions of yesterday's meeting given out by each side described it as "satisfactory," and other accounts indicate that while everything passed off amicably, considerable reserve was displayed upon both sides.

HAPPY FATHER DIES

While on Train on Way to Wedding of Daughter.

Columbus, Ohio, Aug. 10. — Joseph Hussey of Philadelphia and his bride arrived here yesterday from Wheeling with the body of John J. Evans, a bricklayer who died from a hemorrhage on a Baltimore & Ohio train while en route to the wedding of his daughter, now Mrs. Hussey. The young couple being informed of the death of Mr. Evans, determined not to postpone the wedding, and they were married at Wheeling and then started for Columbus, meeting the body en route and bringing it home.

TYPHOID IS EPIDEMIC.

Fever Outbreak Is Unusually Severe in Washington.

Washington, Aug. 10. — Typhoid fever is epidemic here. The unusually serious outbreak of fever is generally attributed to the use of river water. The cases are scattered throughout Washington and the surrounding section, and each hospital has its quota of patients. Since July 1, 196 cases have been reported in the District of Columbia and 21 deaths have occurred.

STRIKERS ARE RIOTOUS.

New York [illegible] ...ard Fights

New Yo[illegible] ...equent outbreaks of [illegible] for drastic action b[illegible] ...arked the course of [illegible] ...e Hebrew bakers on [illegible] ...sterday. In an attack [illegible] Allen street fifty riote[illegible] the place, complete[illegible] upset barrels of flo[illegible] the street. The police [illegible] ...o be called out before [illegible] ...uld be dispersed. [illegible] 100 sent from stri[illegible] last night to a bake[illegible] street to induce non-[illegible] to quit, attacked th[illegible] of which, hundreds [illegible] from the meeting t[illegible] conflict. One policeman [illegible] to defend the non-[illegible] severely beaten, bu[illegible] until rescued. Th[illegible] bringing a squad of [illegible] furiously assailed by [illegible] stopped the horses an[illegible] some of the men from [illegible] rest quickly alighte[illegible] the mob through a[illegible] and bricks that poure[illegible] windows. After ten[illegible] fighting the mob was [illegible] men, both severely i[illegible] ...ested. The shop in w[illegible] began was completel[illegible]

HANDS [illegible] ...ARD ONE.

Cortelyou [illegible] ...orm of Pos-[illegible] ...r.

Washin[illegible] Before leaving for hi[illegible] master General Cort[illegible] the issuance of a new form of money order which, it is believed, will be proof against forgers. The department has been greatly annoyed by the operations of persons who purchase orders for small amounts and raise them, passing them upon merchants after office hours. Although the direct loss falls entirely on those who accept the orders, there has been a heavy indirect expense involved in the pursuit, arrest and conviction of the offenders. The form adopted will be issued as soon as the new plates can be prepared and other necessary preliminaries in the way of arrangements can be made.

KING EDWARD CELEBRATES.

Anniversary of His Coronation Is Observed by Brilliant Naval Display.

Portsmouth, Eng. Aug. 10. — King Edward celebrated the anniversary of his coronation yesterday by reviewing the combined [illegible] and British fleets, aggregating some seventy ships. As a spectacle, the event was somewhat marred by gloomy and showery weather, but the enthusiasm of the crowds was undiminished. Enormous masses of people thronged both shores and there was a fleet of excursion boats filled to capacity.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Aug. 10. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.10@1.10 1-4; No. 2 Northern, $1.03@1.04; No. 3, 96c@1.01. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 52@53c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 1-2@29c.

Minneapolis, Aug. 10. —Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.09 1-2; No. 1 Northern, $1.07 1-2; No. 2 Northern, $1.04@1.05. Oats—No. 3 white, 26 7-8c.

Duluth, Aug. 10. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.08; No. 2 Northern, $1; flax, $1.45; rye, 57 1-2c.

Chicago, Aug. 10. — Wheat — No. 2 red, new, 86 1-2@87 1-2c; No. 2 hard, new, 85@86 1-2c; No. 3 hard, new, 84@85 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, $1.10@1.15; No. 2 Northern, $1.05@1.10. Corn—No. 2, 55 3-4@56c. Oats—No. 2, 28c.

Milwaukee, Aug. 10. — Wheat —No. 1 Northern, $1.09@1.12; No. 2 Northern, $1.04@1.08. Rye—No. 1, 60 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 51c. Oats—Standard, 31 1-2@32c. Corn — No. 3, 55 1-2 @ 56 1-2c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Aug. 10.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.75 @ 5; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.50@4.35; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.25; calves and yearlings, $2.50@3.50. Hogs—Bulk, $5.55@5.65.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.25 @ 5.90; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.25; cows, $2.50@4.50; heifers, $2.20@4.80; calves, $3@7. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.50@6.10; bulk, $5.60@5.80. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $4.60@4.85; native lambs, $5@7; Western lambs, $5@6.75.

South St. Paul, Aug. 10. — Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50 @ 4; butcher bulls, $2.75@3.50; veals, $2@4.50; good to choice stock steers, $2.50@3.50; good to choice milch cows, $20@35. Hogs—Range price, $5.40@5.80; bulk, $5.55@5.65. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $5@5.85; fair to good, $4@5; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice ewes, $3.75@4.40.

Skip Falls on Miner.

Bessemer, Mich., Aug. 10.—Andrew Ashlund, a miner, was instantly killed at the Yale mine, a skip hitting him on the head. He was an old resident here.

Russ Deserter Meets Death.

Charleston, W. Va., Aug. 10.—Paulett Tasauky, a Pole who served in the Russian army at Port Arthur and deserted, was killed in the machinery at the Kelly ax plant yesterday while shifting a belt.

Pope Has Gout.

New York, Aug. 10.—The pope was reported, according to the Rome correspondent of the Herald, to be suffering from the gout. His physician, Dr. Lapponi, has ordered him to take complete rest.

CHAPPELLE IS PLAGUE VICTIM

ARCHBISHOP OF NEW ORLEANS SUCCUMBS TO YELLOW FEVER.

DEPRESSES THE COMMUNITY

FEARED BELIEF WILL SPREAD THAT CONDITIONS ARE WORSE THAN THEY ARE.

TEXAS FEARS AN INVASION

HEALTH OFFICER SAYS THERE IS LITTLE HOPE THAT STATE CAN ESCAPE.

New Orleans, Aug. 10.—Report of board of health to 6 p. m. yesterday:

New cases	63
Total cases to date	679
Deaths yesterday	7
Total deaths to date	119
New sub-foci	12
Total sub-foci to date	130
Cases under treatment	265

This was the first day sinse the fever appeared here in which there was any apparent depression in the community, and there were two reasons for it. One was the death of Archbishop Chappelle, who succumbed to an attack of the prevailing illness, and the other was the general closing of stores in accordance with the mayor's proclamation urging everybody in the city to devote the day to a general home cleaning-up. While the death of the

Distinguished Prelate

is deplored because of the loss which the community sustains, it is also regretted because of the effect it will have upon the outside world. It is feared that it will cause the belief to spread that conditions here are really much worse than they are.

The body of Archbishop Chappelle was transferred from his residence at Esplanade avenue to St. John's cathedral, where it is lying in state. The obsequies will take place Saturday at the cathedral. There will be a Gregorian requiem high mass sung, every member of the Catholic clergy in the city participating.

Federal Officials in Charge.

The records are now being issued under the auspices of the marine hospital service, which vouches for their correctness.

Quite a number of the new cases are in close proximity to existing subfoci, indicating secondary infection. The new sub-foci are evenly divided, six being above and six below Canal street. One is in a hotel and the patient is a well known citizen. In the death list all but one of the names indicate foreign origin, showing no variation from the preceding records.

News outside of the city shows that there are only two new cases at Patterson, and one case in a new locality in St. Charles parish.

Texas Fears Infection.

Austin, Tex., Aug. 10.—State Health Officer Tabor yesterday in a report to Gov. Lanham concerning the yellow fever situation in the South, says:

"Yellow fever exists now in Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama and Florida and the republic of Mexico. Texas is sandwiched between the infected districts with very little hope of escaping invasion by the scourge with the long summer before us."

KIDNAPPERS HAUNT HIM.

Third Attempt Made to Abduct Son of Gov. Otero.

Santa Fe, N. Mex., Aug. 10. — The third attempt within a few months to kidnap Miguel A. Otero, son of Gov. Otero of New Mexico, has been defeated by the temporary absence of the boy from the summer home of Mrs. W. B. Childers, where he had been a guest. Six heavily armed men rode up to the Childers cottage yesterday and demanded the boy. Mrs. Childers informed the men that young Otero was not on the premises, but they searched the buildings and then rode away.

BRIBERY CHARGE IS MADE.

Ohio Senatorial Convention Has Sensational Phase.

Columbus, Ohio, Aug. 10.—The bitterness that has developed in the Republican convention which adjourned its session without breaking the long deadlock yesterday, has culminated in open charges of attempted bribery. Secretary George H. Hamilton declares that a member of the Licking county delegation offered him a check for $500 if Licking's vote were cast for Charles Cochran of Dresden, who seeks the nomination at the expense of A. T. Atwell's withdrawal.

Father and Two Sons Drowned.

Pittsburg, Kan., Aug. 10. — John Walters and his two sons were drowned in Hickory creek, near McCune, Kan., while trying to ford the creek with a load of hay. Recent rains had raised the stream.

Street Car Strike Ends.

Saginaw, Mich., Aug. 10—The street car strike in Saginaw, which has been on since June 4, was officially declared off yesterday. The railway will take the striking employes back on individual application.

FIX BLAME FOR COLLAPSE.

Accident Which Resulted in Death of Thirteen Persons to Be Investigated.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 10. — The collapse of the John G. Myers company department store Tuesday, which resulted in the death of thirteen persons, and probably the fatal injury of two others, will be investigated by a special commission. Yesterday afternoon, when the searchers announced their belief that no more bodies were in the ruins, Mayor Gaus called a meeting of the heads of city departments and decided to appoint three non-residents, two building contractors and one civil engineer or architect, to inquire into the cause of the disaster and report where to place the blame.

BLOW CAUSES SUICIDE.

Doctor Strikes Man on Head and Makes Him Insane.

Wheeling, W. Va., Aug. 10. — Dr. George W. Kinsey, a veterinary surgeon, was arrested on information that he was responsible for the death of Harry Williams, a barber. Williams entered the office of Dr. Kinsey in a drunken condition. He attacked the doctor and the latter struck him with a dipper. Later Williams committed suicide. His friends alleged that the blow rendered him insane and prompted him to take his life.

MARTIN COMES FROM CHINA.

Will Discuss Exclusion Laws With the President and Secretary Root.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 10.—Dr. W. H. Martin, who for abont forty years has been preaching and teaching in China, is in this city on his way to New York and Washington. He will call on President Roosevelt and Secretary Root relative to the Chinese exclusion laws, at the request of Chang Chih Tung, viceroy of two central provinces near Hankow, for whom he acted as instructor for the last three years.

GEN. DANA'S WILL.

Leaves Painting of Old Fort Snelling to His Nephew.

Washington, Aug. 10.—In the probate court yesterday the will of the late Napoleon J. T. Dana was filed. Several heirlooms, including a painting of Fort Snelling during its first years of existence are bequeathed to his nephew. One of the executors is Wheeler H. Peckham, who resided in St. Paul fifty-five years ago, when Gen. Dana was stationed at Snelling.

GOODNOW IS BLAMED.

J. H. Brown Says Minneapolis Man Evolved Chinese Boycott.

Portland, Or., Aug. 10.—That John Goodnow, former American consul general to Shanghai, is directing the Chinese boycott of American goods and is on the pay of Wu Ting-fang, former Chinese minister to Washington, is the declaration of J. H. Brown, an American citizen who has just returned from China, after five years spent in that country.

JOCKEY'S RUN MAY BE FATAL.

Davis Exhausts Himself in Efforts to Reduce Weight.

Saratoga, Aug. 10.—While reducing his weight by running on the country road near the race track yesterday, Jockey Willie Davis, employed by the Paget-Haggin stable, was overcome by exhaustion. He was removed to the Saratoga hospital, where he is believed to be dying. He is nineteen years old and has made $60,000 out of riding.

PHIPPS BOYS INDICTED

For Firing Upon Poachers Who Were Taking Fish From Their Estate.

Edinburg, Aug. 10.—An indictment was found against H. C. and J. S. Phipps, sons of Henry Phipps of Pittsburg, charged with firing with loaded guns upon men who were fishing on a lake at Castle Beaufort, destroying the right and permanently injuring the left eye of John Frazer.

REFORMERS WIN IN FRISCO.

Primary Election of Delegates Indicates Sweeping Victories.

San Francisco, Aug. 10.—The primary election to choose delegates to the various municipal nominating conventions was the most exciting event of the kind ever known in this city. The issue was clean cut. The result was a sweeping victory for the forces of reform.

Lord Curzon May Resign.

London, Aug. 10.—The Daily Telegraph, which in this matter may be regarded as semi-official, says that the reports of the forthcoming resignation of Lord Curzon are at least premature, but it says it has reason to believe that that contingency is not improbably.

Aged Woman Pioneer Dead.

Osceola, Wis., Aug. 10.—Mrs. John L. Enk, aged eighty-six, died yesterday of old age. She had resided in Polk county for over sixty years.

Blackleg in Massachusetts.

Brookfield, Mass., Aug. 10. — The dread cattle plague, known as blackleg, a form of murrain, has broken out in Brookfield at the farm of John A. Terry, and as a result Mr. Terry has lost three young cows.

Autoist Killed in Clash With Wagon.

Houston, Tex., Aug. 10.—James L. Darraugh, a wealthy real estate man, while speeding his automobile, ran into a milk wagon. The car was overturned and Mr. Darraugh was killed, his neck being broken.

FEAR FOR NIAGARA

IMMENSE VOLUME OF WATER DIVERTED FROM FALLS.

Commercial Enterprises are Making Heavy Drains on This Famous Show-Place—Its Tremendous Electrical Power the Inducement.

Niagara Falls, August 7:—The volume of water being diverted from the historic Niagara Falls is reaching such proportions that the people of the State are trying to pass laws which will prevent the possibility of a practical wiping out of this sublime natural spectacle.

Water sufficient to develop nearly five hundred thousand horse-power continuously, twenty-four hours per day, for industrial purposes, is now being taken from the river above the Falls, and further developments requiring more water are contemplated.

Probably the largest user of the electricity produced by the waters of the mighty river is the concern which by the five or six thousand degree heat of the electric furnace brings lime and coke into unwilling union, thereby producing what is known as Calcium Carbide.

Dry calcium carbide is lifeless as so much broken rock, but in contact with water it springs into activity and begets abundantly the gas Acetylene. The light resulting from the ignition of acetylene is the nearest approach to sunlight known.

These facts, though of comparatively recent discovery, were soon seized by men with an eye to the commercial possibilities and to-day calcium carbide is being shipped everywhere and used for dispelling darkness in buildings of all descriptions, from the ordinary barn of the farmer to the country villa of the wealthy, as well as for lighting the streets of a large number of towns. Acetylene can be easily and cheaply installed, and the manufacture and sale of acetylene generators has become a business of recognized standing, has assumed large proportions and is steadily growing.

You can't tell from the way a man dresses how much he is worth. Some of the most gorgeous flowers haven't got a scent.

NO SLEEP FOR MOTHER.

Baby Covered With Sores and Scales—Could Not Tell What She Looked Like—Marvelous Cure by Cuticura.

"At four months old my baby's face and body were so covered with sores and large scales you could not tell what she looked like. No child ever had a worse case. Her face was being eaten away, and even her finger nails fell off. It itched so she could not sleep, and for many weary nights we could get no rest. At last we got Cuticura Soap and Ointment. The sores began to heal at once and she could sleep at night, and in one month she had not one sore on her face or body.—Mrs. Mary Sanders, 709 Spring St., Camden, N. J."

BERRIES FOR RHEUMATISM.

Despite the Tradition, Some Say That They Are Curative.

That "strawberries are injurious to rheumatic persons" is as old a tradition as that tomatoes (love apples) are conducive to love. But against science no tradition is safe. It is now asserted that strawberries are really the "real thing" in food for rheumatics. Linnaeus, it is said, kept himself free from rheumatism by eating strawberries. Fontenelli, another naturalist, attributed his longevity to strawberries. He resorted to them as a medicine and would frequently say: "If I can but reach the season of strawberries!"

Borheave is said to have classed the strawberry with the principal red fruit remedies, containing iron as well as phosphorous, salt, sulphur and sugar.

It has long been a tradition that the chief demand for horse chestnuts has come from persons who believe in their efficacy as a cure for rheumatism, or at least a palliative in rheumatic affections. Strawberries have heretofore been barred, but if they now have all the merits claimed for them, or indeed any of the merits, the bars will be down and stay down permanently.

BABY'S INSTINCT

Shows He Knew What Food to Stick To.

Forwarding a photo of a splendidly handsome and healthy young boy, a happy mother writes from an Ohio town:

"The enclosed picture shows my 4-year-old Grape-Nuts boy.

"Since he was two years old he has eaten nothing but Grape-Nuts. He demands and gets this fod three times a day. This may seem rather unusual, but he does not care for anything else after he has eaten his Grape-Nuts, which he uses with milk or cream, and then he is through with his meal. Even on Thanksgiving day he refused turkey and all the good things that make up that great dinner, and ate his dish of Grape-Nuts and cream with the best results and none of the evils that the other foolish members of the family experienced.

"He is never sick, has a beautiful complexion, and is considered a very handsome boy. May the Postum Company prosper and long continue to furnish their wholesome food!" Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville, in every pkg.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 12, 1905. NUMBER 4.

STRIKERS ARE OPTIMISTIC

PRESIDENT PERHAM SAYS THAT FREIGHT IS SERIOUSLY DELAYED.

GET OFFERS OF ASSISTANCE

VARIOUS FORMS OF HELP ARE PROFFERED TO THE STRIKERS.

HILL WILL NOT INTERVENE.

SAYS MEN WHO HAVE BEEN ACTIVE IN STRIKE ARE OUT TO STAY.

St. Paul, Aug. 10.—Offers of assistance in the various forms of money contributions, legal proceedings, arbitration, and refusal to co-operate with the companies' strike measures, were reported yesterday by the telegraphers striking on the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railroads. But the companies announced defections from the strikers, a few of which losses were admitted by the strikers themselves; pointed to a continued free movement of perishable freight from St. Paul; commented upon the absence of serious accidents, and insisted that the movement of passenger traffic compared favorably with that accomplished under normal conditions.

Differently Explained.

The accident at or near Brainerd yesterday was differently explained by the telegraphers and the Northern Pacific. According to the strikers the cause was a failure of train orders; according to the company the accident was strictly a "yard" mishap, in which train orders were not involved.

President Perham said yesterday:

"To-day, at the beginning of the second week of the strike, the general outlook continues satisfactory. Our reports still indicate that freight traffic is seriously delayed on both roads. No more new men are being secured by the companies so far as we are aware."

Advised to Bring Suit.

By a dispatch from Helena, Mont., Mr. Perham was informed yesterday that Labor Commissioner Ferguson of Montana advises the operators there to bring civil or criminal actions against the Northern Pacific road for violation of the labor laws.

To this suggestion General Manager Horn, of the Northern Pacific, said later:

"We're quite willing for them to bring us into court if they desire. Our company has violated no laws."

From Helena also came this telegram to Mr. Perham:

"Conductors' committee notified superintendent they could take no more train orders over the telephone, or do any more reckless flagging, i. e., with men stationed on the locomotive pilots, or do any other work which should be done by telegraphers."

Break in Ranks.

A slight break in the ranks was announced from Fargo. "We gained a few men Tuesday," Mr. Perham's correspondent wires, "but lost two. On the main line our boys are all right, but the men on branches are not so patriotic."

"We are well satisfied with the situation," said General Manager Horn of the Northern Pacific. "It is infinitely better than we had any idea it would be.

"The only stations where we are not now supplied with agents and operators are some small points along the main line."

Great Northern's Record.

"The Great Northern," said Mr. Horn, "has certainly made a wonderful record with its passenger service during the strike. Hardly one of its transcontinental trains have failed to arrive on time.

"Our through trains have been more delayed; but this is something which often happened before the strike began. Our heavy traffic and 2,000 miles of road often caused a series of small delays that counted up before the end of the run."

Hill Will Not Intervene.

New York, Aug. 10.—James J. Hill set at rest yesterday the reports said to have been spread among the striking telegraphers of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific roads that he would intervene in their behalf in the contention with the operating officers of the road. Mr. Hill said in regard to the case of the strikers that the men had been dismissed because they would not obey orders.

"Men," continued Mr. Hill, "who will plot to embroil a railroad and its employes just at the beginning of a season when they know a heavy movement of traffic is expected, as at present, with the approach of crop moving, do not deserve to be on the payrolls of any road. Theirs are positions of trust and the plotters are not fit to hold them. I will see to it that any of those who have been active in bringing about this strike will never again enter the employ of the road."

Odessa Mayor Ousted.

Odessa, Aug. 10.—M. Yaroschenko, the newly elected mayor of Odessa, a professor in the university and a Liberal leader, has been exiled by the governor general. The reason for this action has not been explained.

FIRE SWEEPS WATER FRONT.

Half a Million Dollars Damage From Flames at Hoboken, N. J.

New York, Aug 9.—Inside of three-quarters of an hour late last night fire swept away the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad company's terminal in Hoboken, seized two ferryboats and practically ruined them, and for half an hour threatened the destruction of the entire water front in the vicinity, including the Hamburg-American and North German Lloyd steamship docks at which several big ships were lying. So far as known no lives were lost. For over an hour huge tongues of flame leaped from the wooden structures on the Lackawanna docks, lighting the New Jersey water fronts. For a time it threatened a loss larger than that of the big dock fire of several years ago when the North German Lloyd piers were destroyed with a great loss of life. Blazing ferryboats, cut from their docks, floated in the river, wandering fireships which for a time endangered shipping in the river. At 1 o'clock this morning the fire was under control. The big steamship piers had been saved and a rough estimate placed the damage at between $400,000 and $500,000. The flames started from an unknown cause on the old wooden ferryboat Hepatcong, which had been tied up in the open slip between the Hamburg docks and the Christopher street ferry slips.

RUSSIA'S CROP IN DANGER.

Transportation Blockade and Famine Have Disastrous Effect.

London, Aug. 9.—From an authentic source it is reported that owing to lack of transportation and storage facilities in Russia, the grain shipping situation is in a precarious condition. This spring transportation at St. Petersburg was blocked. At all times tens of thousands of cars were at a standstill. Recently a large number of cars were received at St. Petersburg in a fermented condition and were condemned to be burned. This blockade not only affects the grain now in storage and in transportation, whereby thousands of car loads will be lost, but the safety of the present crop is also jeopardized, as the outlook at present is that the way cannot be cleared to handle the new crop.

EXPLOSION OF TANK FATAL.

Young Drug Clerk Meets Terrible Death.

Minneapolis, Aug. 9.—By the explosion of a soda water tank W. L. Hughes, an eighteen-year-old clerk in A. B. Crowell's drug store, was so badly injured last evening that he died before it was possible to get him to a hospital. His body was terribly lacerated by broken pieces of metal, and almost dismembered by the force of the explosion, and it is believed that he must have been standing directly over the tank when it burst. The exact manner of the accident is not known.

A Possible State Fair Attraction.

St. Paul, Aug. 9.—If present plans go through it is probable that an interesting and unique feature will be added to the attractions of the Minnesota state fair this year. This will consist of a race between the horses of the "Ben Hur" production, coming to the Metropolitan opera house, and the horses of "In Old Kentucky," coming to the Grand.

The project started as the result of long-standing rivalry between Charles F. Towle, manager of "Ben Hur," and A. W. Dingwall, manager of "In Old Kentucky," each of whom has long claimed to have the best horses on the stage in their respective productions. The "Ben Hur" horses are thoroughbred runners that have been broken to break into a gallop the moment they start in the chariot race. The "In Old Kentucky" horses are pure runners, broken exclusively to the saddle. Often the two managers spoke of the possibility of matching the horses in a race.

The two plays being in the Twin Cities this year at the same time, and the state fair being in progress during the week, it was thought a good plan to pull off the long deferred race. At present the only dispute is as to whether the "In Old Kentucky" shall race in chariots, or the "Ben Hur" horses race under the saddle, but this point will undoubtedly be amicably settled. All the horses may be matched in a free-for-all race, eight of the "Ben Hur" horses to be driven to the chariots.

Inga Hanson in the Cell.

Chicago, Aug. 9.—Inga Hanson, the former Salvation Army girl convicted of perjury in connection with a personal injury suit brought by her against the Chicago City railway, was taken to the penitentiary at Joliet yesterday to begin an indeterminate sentence. Since her trial several months ago, Miss Hanson has been confined in the Cook county jail hospital, claiming to be still suffering from the effects of a paralytic stroke resulting from her injuries.

Prince Taken as Spy.

Berlin, Aug. 9. — Prince Friedrich Henry, eldest son of Prince Albrecht of Prussia, was arrested as a spy by the guards at the East battery in Swinemunde Pomerania, Saturday. The prince was in ordinary dress and was photographing the environs of the fort. When apprehended he said he was Prince Friedrich Henry, but the guards told him they were "not to be fooled." The prince went quietly with one of the guards to the commander of the fort, who recognized him and ordered his release.

JAP TERMS MAY BE TOO STIFF

OPINION AS TO OUTCOME OF PEACE CONFERENCE IS PESSIMISTIC.

WITTE AGAINST INDEMNITY

ON THIS POINT RUSSIAN INSTRUCTIONS ADMIT OF NO CONCESSIONS.

FIRST MEETING IS INFORMAL

BARON KOMURA WILL PRESENT JAPANESE DEMANDS AT NEXT SESSION.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 10.—With the probability that Baron Komura will to-day reveal to the Russian plenipotentiaries the terms upon which Japan is willing to conclude peace, opinion as to the outcome among those who are congregated here to watch the proceedings has become decidedly pessimistic. This is due to the growing conviction that Japan's conditions will not prove as moderate as were at one time anticipated, and, especially in the matter of indemnity, may preclude the possibility of their acceptance by the Russian envoys as a basis of negotiation.

The firm attitude of Mr. Witte in private conversation against the payment of an indemnity and the insistent reports emanating from Japanese quarters that a stiff war contribution approximating

The Cost of the War,

variously stated at from six hundred to eight hundred millions, constitutes one of Japan's demands, indicates a wide, if not irreconcilable, difference between Japan's irreducible minimum and what Russia is prepared to accept. Upon the question of the payment of a large indemnity the instructions of the Russian plenipotentiaries are believed to admit of no concessions, although it is possible a certain compensation in kind might be arranged.

Gloomy forebodings, however, may be premature at this juncture, as everything indicates the plenipotentiaries upon both sides are sincerely desirous of concluding a treaty of peace.

First Meeting Informal.

The first meeting of the plenipotentiaries yesterday was of an entirely informal character, so informal, in fact, that Baron Komura did not bring his letter of credence to the Portsmouth navy yard, whereas Mr. Witte was armed with the original document in Russian setting forth the powers conferred upon him, and also with a translation of the document. The latter he read. Baron Komura was embarrassed and offered to send back to the hotel for his communication, but Mr. Witte expressed his faith that the credentials were full and ample and it was arranged that official exchange of credentials would be made to-day.

Later in the afternoon, however, copies of the credentials were informally exchanged in order that they might be examined before the meeting to-day. It is known that the credentials

Differ Slightly.

In exactly what regard could not be ascertained, but the Associated Press correspondent is assured both by the Japanese and Russian emissaries that the difference is not essential and constitutes no obstacle to the official opening of negotiations. Indeed, the president was officially informed last night that the credentials were full, ample and satisfactory to both sides.

It was decided to hold two sessions, one in the morning, beginning at 9:30, and one in the afternoon, beginning at 3 o'clock.

The official versions of yesterday's meeting given out by each side described it as "satisfactory," and other accounts indicate that while everything passed off amicably, considerable reserve was displayed upon both sides.

HAPPY FATHER DIES

While on Train on Way to Wedding of Daughter.

Columbus, Ohio, Aug. 10. — Joseph Hussey of Philadelphia and his bride arrived here yesterday from Wheeling with the body of John J. Evans, a bricklayer who died from a hemorrhage on a Baltimore & Ohio train while en route to the wedding of his daughter, now Mrs. Hussey. The young couple being informed of the death of Mr. Evans, determined not to postpone the wedding, and they were married at Wheeling and then started for Columbus, meeting the body en route and bringing it home.

TYPHOID IS EPIDEMIC.

Fever Outbreak Is Unusually Severe in Washington.

Washington, Aug. 10. — Typhoid fever is epidemic here. The unusually serious outbreak of fever is generally attributed to the use of river water. The cases are scattered throughout Washington and the surrounding section, and each hospital has its quota of patients. Since July 1, 196 cases have been reported in the District of Columbia and 21 deaths have occurred.

STRIKERS ARE RIOTOUS.

New York [illegible] lard Fights

New Yo[illegible] sequent outbreaks of [illegible] for drastic action b[illegible] arked the course of [illegible] e Hebrew bakers on [illegible] sterday. In an attack [illegible] Allen street fifty riote[illegible] the place, completely [illegible] upset barrels of flo[illegible] the street. The police [illegible] o be called out before [illegible] uld be dispersed. [illegible] 100 sent from stri[illegible] last night to a bake[illegible] treet to induce non-[illegible] to quit, attacked th[illegible] of which, hundreds [illegible] d from the meeting t[illegible] nflict. One policeman [illegible] to defend the non-[illegible] s severely beaten, bu[illegible] d until rescued. Th[illegible] bringing a squad of [illegible] uriously assailed by [illegible] stopped the horses an[illegible] some of the men from [illegible] rest quickly alighte[illegible] the mob through a [illegible] and bricks that poure[illegible] d windows. After ten [illegible] fighting the mob was [illegible] o men, both severely i[illegible] ested. The shop in w[illegible] began was completely [illegible]

HANDS [illegible] ARD ONE.

Cortelyou [illegible] orm of Pos[illegible] r.

Washing[illegible] Before leaving for hi[illegible] master General Cortelyou directed the issuance of a new form of money order which, it is believed, will be proof against forgers. The department has been greatly annoyed by the operations of persons who purchase orders for small amounts and raise them, passing them upon merchants after office hours. Although the direct loss falls entirely on those who accept the orders, there has been a heavy indirect expense involved in the pursuit, arrest and conviction of the offenders. The form adopted will be issued as soon as the new plates can be prepared and other necessary preliminaries in the way of arrangements can be made.

KING EDWARD CELEBRATES.

Anniversary of His Coronation Is Observed by Brilliant Naval Display.

Portsmouth, Eng., Aug. 10. — King Edward celebrated the anniversary of his coronation yesterday by reviewing the combined French and British fleets, aggregating some seventy ships. As a spectacle, the event was somewhat marred by gloomy and showery weather, but the enthusiasm of the crowds was undiminished. Enormous masses of people thronged both shores and there was a fleet of excursion boats filled to capacity.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Aug. 10. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.10@1.10 1-4; No. 2 Northern, $1.03@1.04; No. 3, 96c@1.01. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 52@53c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 1-2@29c.

Minneapolis, Aug. 10. —Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.09 1-2; No. 1 Northern, $1.07 1-2; No. 2 Northern, $1.04@1.05. Oats—No. 3 white, 26 7-8c.

Duluth, Aug. 10. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.08; No. 2 Northern, $1; flax, $1.45; rye, 57 1-2c.

Chicago, Aug. 10. — Wheat — No. 2 red, new, 86 1-2@87 1-2c; No. 2 hard, new, 85@86 1-2c; No. 3 hard, new, 84@85 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, $1.10@1.16; No. 2 Northern, $1.05@1.10. Corn—No. 2, 55 3-4@56c. Oats—No. 2, 28c.

Milwaukee, Aug. 10. — Wheat —No. 1 Northern, $1.09@1.12; No. 2 Northern, $1.04@1.08. Rye—No. 1, 60 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 51c. Oats—Standard, 31 1-2@32c. Corn — No. 3, 55 1-2 @ 56 1-2c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Aug. 10.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.75 @ 5; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.50@4.35; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.25; calves and yearlings, $2.50@3.50. Hogs—Bulk, $5.55@5.65.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.25 @ 5.90; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.25; cows, $2.50@4.50; heifers, $2.20@4.80; calves, $3@7. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.50@6.10; bulk, $5.60@5.80. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $4.60@4.85; native lambs, $5@7; Western lambs, $5@6.75.

South St. Paul, Aug. 10. — Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50 @ 4; butcher bulls, $2.75@3.50; veals, $2@4.50; good to choice stock steers, $2.50@3.50; good to choice milch cows, $20@35. Hogs—Range price, $5.40@5.80; bulk, $5.55@5.65. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $5@5.85; fair to good, $4@5; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice ewes, $3.75@4.40.

Skip Falls on Miner.

Bessemer, Mich., Aug. 10.—Andrew Ashlund, a miner, was instantly killed at the Yale mine, a skip hitting him on the head. He was an old resident here.

Russ Deserter Meets Death.

Charleston, W. Va., Aug. 10.—Paulett Tasauky, a Pole who served in the Russian army at Port Arthur and deserted, was killed in the machinery at the Kelly ax plant yesterday while shifting a belt.

Pope Has Gout.

New York, Aug. 10.—The pope was reported, according to the Rome correspondent of the Herald, to be suffering from the gout. His physician, Dr. Lapponi, has ordered him to take complete rest.

CHAPPELLE IS PLAGUE VICTIM

ARCHBISHOP OF NEW ORLEANS SUCCUMBS TO YELLOW FEVER.

DEPRESSES THE COMMUNITY

FEARED BELIEF WILL SPREAD THAT CONDITIONS ARE WORSE THAN THEY ARE.

TEXAS FEARS AN INVASION

HEALTH OFFICER SAYS THERE IS LITTLE HOPE THAT STATE CAN ESCAPE.

New Orleans, Aug. 10.—Report of board of health to 6 p. m. yesterday:

New cases	63
Total cases to date	679
Deaths yesterday	7
Total deaths to date	119
New sub-foci	12
Total sub-foci to date	130
Cases under treatment	265

This was the first day since the fever appeared here in which there was any apparent depression in the community, and there were two reasons for it. One was the death of Archbishop Chappelle, who succumbed to an attack of the prevailing illness, and the other was the general closing of stores in accordance with the mayor's proclamation urging everybody in the city to devote the day to a general home cleaning-up. While the death of the

Distinguished Prelate

is deplored because of the loss which the community sustains, it is also regretted because of the effect it will have upon the outside world. It is feared that it will cause the belief to spread that conditions here are really much worse than they are.

The body of Archbishop Chappelle was transferred from his residence at Esplanade avenue to St. John's cathedral, where it is lying in state. The obsequies will take place Saturday at the cathedral. There will be a Gregorian requiem high mass sung, every member of the Catholic clergy in the city participating.

Federal Officials in Charge.

The records are now being issued under the auspices of the marine hospital service, which vouches for their correctness.

Quite a number of the new cases are in close proximity to existing sub-foci, indicating secondary infection. The new sub-foci are evenly divided, six being above and six below Canal street. One is in a hotel and the patient is a well known citizen. In the death list all but one of the names indicate foreign origin, showing no variation from the preceding records.

News outside of the city shows that there are only two new cases at Patterson, and one case in a new locality in St. Charles parish.

Texas Fears Infection.

Austin, Tex., Aug. 10.—State Health Officer Tabor yesterday in a report to Gov. Lanham concerning the yellow fever situation in the South, says: "Yellow fever exists now in Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama and Florida and the republic of Mexico. Texas is sandwiched between the infected districts with very little hope of escaping invasion by the scourge with the long summer before us."

KIDNAPPERS HAUNT HIM.

Third Attempt Made to Abduct Son of Gov. Otero.

Santa Fe, N. Mex., Aug. 10. — The third attempt within a few months to kidnap Miguel A. Otero, son of Gov. Otero of New Mexico, has been defeated by the temporary absence of the boy from the summer home of Mrs. W. B. Childers, where he had been a guest. Six heavily armed men rode up to the Childers cottage yesterday and demanded the boy. Mrs. Childers informed the men that young Otero was not on the premises, but they searched the buildings and then rode away.

BRIBERY CHARGE IS MADE.

Ohio Senatorial Convention Has Sensational Phase.

Columbus, Ohio, Aug. 10.—The bitterness that has developed in the Republican convention which adjourned its session without breaking the long deadlock yesterday, has culminated in open charges of attempted bribery. Secretary George H. Hamilton declares that a member of the Licking county delegation offered him a check for $500 if Licking's vote were cast for Charles Cochran of Dresden, who seeks the nomination at the expense of A. T. Atwell's withdrawal.

Father and Two Sons Drowned.

Pittsburg, Kan., Aug. 10. — John Walters and his two sons were drowned in Hickory creek, near McCune, Kan., while trying to ford the creek with a load of hay. Recent rains had raised the stream.

Street Car Strike Ends.

Saginaw, Mich., Aug. 10.—The street car strike in Saginaw, which has been on since June 4, was officially declared off yesterday. The railway will take the striking employes back on individual application.

FIX BLAME FOR COLLAPSE.

Accident Which Resulted in Death of Thirteen Persons to Be Investigated.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 10. — The collapse of the John G. Myers company department store Tuesday, which resulted in the death of thirteen persons, and probably the fatal injury of two others, will be investigated by a special commission. Yesterday afternoon, when the searchers announced their belief that no more bodies were in the ruins, Mayor Gaus called a meeting of the heads of city departments and decided to appoint three non-residents, two building contractors and one civil engineer or architect, to inquire into the cause of the disaster and report where to place the blame.

BLOW CAUSES SUICIDE.

Doctor Strikes Man on Head and Makes Him Insane.

Wheeling, W. Va., Aug. 10. — Dr. George W. Kinsey, a veterinary surgeon, was arrested on information that he was responsible for the death of Harry Williams, a barber. Williams entered the office of Dr. Kinsey in a drunken condition. He attacked the doctor and the latter struck him with a dipper. Later Williams committed suicide. His friends alleged that the blow rendered him insane and prompted him to take his life.

MARTIN COMES FROM CHINA.

Will Discuss Exclusion Laws With the President and Secretary Root.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 10.—Dr. W. H. Martin, who for about forty years has been preaching and teaching in China, is in this city on his way to New York and Washington. He will call on President Roosevelt and Secretary Root relative to the Chinese exclusion laws, at the request of Chang Chih Tung, viceroy of two central provinces near Hankow, for whom he acted as instructor for the last three years.

GEN. DANA'S WILL.

Leaves Painting of Old Fort Snelling to His Nephew.

Washington, Aug. 10.—In the probate court yesterday the will of the late Napoleon J. T. Dana was filed. Several heirlooms, including a painting of Fort Snelling during its first years of existence are bequeathed to his nephew. One of the executors is Wheeler H. Peckham, who resided in St. Paul fifty-five years ago, when Gen. Dana was stationed at Snelling.

GOODNOW IS BLAMED.

J. H. Brown Says Minneapolis Man Evolved Chinese Boycott.

Portland, Or., Aug. 10.—That John Goodnow, former American consul general to Shanghai, is directing the Chinese boycott of American goods and is on the pay of Wu Ting-fang, former Chinese minister to Washington, is the declaration of J. H. Brown, an American citizen who has just returned from China, after five years spent in that country.

JOCKEY'S RUN MAY BE FATAL.

Davis Exhausts Himself in Efforts to Reduce Weight.

Saratoga, Aug. 10.—While reducing his weight by running on the country road near the race track yesterday, Jockey Willie Davis, employed by the Paget-Haggin stable, was overcome by exhaustion. He was removed to the Saratoga hospital, where he is believed to be dying. He is nineteen years old and has made $60,000 out of riding.

PHIPPS BOYS INDICTED

For Firing Upon Poachers Who Were Taking Fish From Their Estate.

Edinburg, Aug. 10.—An indictment was found against H. C. and J. S. Phipps, sons of Henry Phipps of Pittsburg, charged with firing with loaded guns upon men who were fishing on a lake at Castle Beaufort, destroying the right and permanently injuring the left eye of John Frazer.

REFORMERS WIN IN FRISCO.

Primary Election of Delegates Indicates Sweeping Victories.

San Francisco, Aug. 10.—The primary election to choose delegates to the various municipal nominating conventions was the most exciting event of the kind ever known in this city. The issue was clean cut. The result was a sweeping victory for the forces of reform.

Lord Curzon May Resign.

London, Aug. 10.—The Daily Telegraph, which in this matter may be regarded as semi-official, says that the reports of the forthcoming resignation of Lord Curzon are at least premature, but it says it has reason to believe that that contingency is not improbably.

Aged Woman Pioneer Dead.

Osceola, Wis., Aug. 10.—Mrs. John L. Enk, aged eighty-six, died yesterday of old age. She had resided in Polk county for over sixty years.

Blackleg in Massachusetts.

Brookfield, Mass., Aug. 10. — The dread cattle plague, known as blackleg, a form of murrain, has broken out in Brookfield at the farm of John A. Terry, and as a result Mr. Terry has lost three young cows.

Autoist Killed in Clash With Wagon.

Houston, Tex., Aug. 10.—James L. Darraugh, a wealthy real estate man, while speeding his automobile, ran into a milk wagon. The car was overturned and Mr. Darraugh was killed, his neck being broken.

FEAR FOR NIAGARA

IMMENSE VOLUME OF WATER DIVERTED FROM FALLS.

Commercial Enterprises are Making Heavy Drains on This Famous Show-Place—Its Tremendous Electrical Power the Inducement.

Niagara Falls, August 7.—The volume of water being diverted from the historic Niagara Falls is reaching such proportions that the people of the State are trying to pass laws which will prevent the possibility of a practical wiping out of this sublime natural spectacle.

Water sufficient to develop nearly five hundred thousand horse-power continuously, twenty-four hours per day, for industrial purposes, is now being taken from the river above the Falls, and further developments requiring more water are contemplated.

Probably the largest user of the electricity produced by the waters of the mighty river is the concern which by the five or six thousand degree heat of the electric furnace brings lime and coke into unwilling union, thereby producing what is known as Calcium Carbide.

Dry calcium carbide is lifeless as so much broken rock, but in contact with water it springs into activity and begets abundantly the gas Acetylene. The light resulting from the ignition of acetylene is the nearest approach to sunlight known.

These facts, though of comparatively recent discovery, were soon seized by men with an eye to the commercial possibilities and to-day calcium carbide is being shipped everywhere and used for dispelling darkness in buildings of all descriptions, from the ordinary barn of the farmer to the country villa of the wealthy, as well as for lighting the streets of a large number of towns. Acetylene can be easily and cheaply installed, and the manufacture and sale of acetylene generators has become a business of recognized standing, has assumed large proportions and is steadily growing.

You can't tell from the way a man dresses how much he is worth. Some of the most gorgeous flowers haven't got a scent.

NO SLEEP FOR MOTHER.

Baby Covered With Sores and Scales —Could Not Tell What She Looked Like—Marvelous Cure by Cuticura.

"At four months old my baby's face and body were so covered with sores and large scales you could not tell what she looked like. No child ever had a worse case. Her face was being eaten away, and even her finger nails fell off. It itched so she could not sleep, and for many weary nights we could get no rest. At last we got Cuticura Soap and Ointment. The sores began to heal at once and she could sleep at night, and in one month she had not one sore on her face or body.—Mrs. Mary Sanders, 709 Spring St., Camden, N. J."

BERRIES FOR RHEUMATISM.

Despite the Tradition, Some Say That They Are Curative.

That "strawberries are injurious to rheumatic persons" is as old a tradition as that tomatoes (love apples) are conducive to love. But against science no tradition is safe. It is now asserted that strawberries are really the "real thing" in food for rheumatics. Linnaeus, it is said, kept himself free from rheumatism by eating strawberries. Fontenelli, another naturalist, attributed his longevity to strawberries. He resorted to them as a medicine and would frequently say: "If I can but reach the season of strawberries!"

Borheave is said to have classed the strawberry with the principal red fruit remedies, containing iron as well as phosphorous, salt, sulphur and sugar.

It has long been a tradition that the chief demand for horse chestnuts has come from persons who believe in their efficacy as a cure for rheumatism, or at least a palliative in rheumatic affections. Strawberries have heretofore been barred, but if they now have all the merits claimed for them, or indeed any of the merits, the bars will be down and stay down permanently.

BABY'S INSTINCT

Shows He Knew What Food to Stick To.

Forwarding a photo of a splendidly handsome and healthy young boy, a happy mother writes from an Ohio town:

"The enclosed picture shows my 4-year-old Grape-Nuts boy.

"Since he was two years old he has eaten nothing but Grape-Nuts. He demands and gets this fod three times a day. This may seem rather unusual, but he does not care for anything else after he has eaten his Grape-Nuts, which he uses with milk or cream, and then he is through with his meal. Even on Thanksgiving day he refused turkey and all the good things that make up that great dinner, and ate his dish of Grape-Nuts and cream with the best results and none of the evils that the other foolish members of the family experienced.

"He is never sick, has a beautiful complexion, and is considered a very handsome boy. May the Postum Company prosper and long continue to furnish their wholesome food!" Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in every pkg.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans ☞ A Specialty. ☜

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S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

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THE
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ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

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The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

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Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, August 12, 1905.

Both sides claim to be confident of victory in the telegraphers' strike. In the meantime the public will get poor service.

The federal government has taken charge of the sanitary affairs at New Orleans and will try and stop the yellow fever epidemic.

The great peace treaty between Japan and Russia will in all probabilities be made and signed at Portsmouth, N.H., where the peace congress is now assembled.

It is stated the Equitable Life Insurance fight has cost that corporation about fifteen million so far. Senator Depew and his crowd have not, however, "dug up" any of the loot.

The Japs are not going to be as easy to deal with as we were in 1898. We gave Spain a good thrashing, took the Philippines and then gave them twenty millions just to be generous. But it is different with the little Japs. They want all of the country they have taken and a billion to bind the bargain.

The stingy immigration policy of Minnesota reminds us of the man who talked through his nose to save his throat. With its millions of vacant land the state is not willing to spend as much money to attract settlers as some of our smallest private land companies are paying annually for advertising.—Ripple Compass.

Here's a business man who can hold his own with catalogue houses. A merchant at Humbolt, Ia., has a two-page advertisement in his home paper and says he can outsell, outbid and outdo any catalogue house in Chicago, and he is doing it, too. Why not? His rent is less, insurance less, clerk hire far less, goods come in large quantities with freight less. A man who goes into his store and buys knows what he is getting and the ad tells just what he has to sell. Catalogue houses can't compete with the live country merchant.—Stillwater Gazette.

The state school fund owns about two million dollars' worth of State of Virginia bonds which were bought at a discount and are now worth nearly par. They draw interest at 3 per cent. State Treasurer Block wants to sell and invest in Minnesota securities at 4 per cent. Without a question he is right. We need and can use the money at home. Minnesota wants to invest her money and keep her sons and daughters at home. Besides drawing more interest this money can be safely invested at home and make needed improvements within the state.

WITH A BIG STICK.

Governor Robert LaFollette, of Wisconsin, the man who is after graft and corrupt corporations with a big stick, had the following to say in a speech at St Paul:

"I wish to state that in my opinion John Rockefeller has done more to poison and corrupt the business life of America than all other men who have ever lived. He it was who taught the railroads the trick of the rebate."

The governor went on to tell the audience how Rockefeller, through the agency of the railroads, had; by raising the rates of transportation, gradually got control of the great iron and coal fields of America. He proceeded:

"If Jesse James were alive today and he suddenly appeared here and in the old-fashioned way held up this conference and secured the receipts, his act would not be any more unblushingly open and bold than the manner of the Rockefellers and those like them in practically confiscating the iron and coal properties."

Poor Polish.

"So he said I was a polished gentleman, did he?"

"Well—yes. It was the same thing."

"Ah! What was the exact word?"

"He said you were a slippery fellow."—Cleveland Leader.

Adventures of a Bank Note.

A lady passing down the Rue Richelieu had the misfortune to lose a pocketbook containing, among other valuables, a 1,000-franc note. The pocketbook was picked up by a chair mender named Renaud, who lives at Montreux. He placed it very carefully in his pocket and proceeded home. It is not often that a chair mender has occasion to change a note for that amount, and Renaud, recognizing the impossibility of turning it into gold without detection, agreed with a friend to do the business for the consideration of 100 francs. This friend, Lucien Mathern, also a chair mender, was in his turn filled with apprehension. The difficulty was solved with the aid of a horticulturist named Simonnet, who kindly consented to buy himself a horse for 300 francs and return the change. Renaud was thus richer by 600 francs. All might then have gone well if, two days later, it had not been discovered that the horse had been stolen from a dealer at Meaux. This led to the arrest of the trio, and later in the day the police put their hands on the horse thieves.—Paris Messenger.

A Dark Dungeon.

About the middle of February, 1862, while in winter quarters, General Naglee of Pennsylvania, who was a strict disciplinarian, was in command of the First brigade, of which the Second New Hampshire was a part. He thought the guardhouse of the Second regiment too comfortable quarters for prisoners and ordered Colonel Marston, who later won fame as a soldier, lawyer and statesman, to build a dungeon without so much as a crack or opening anywhere, so that it should be perfectly dark. The dungeon was built with four solid walls, and one day General Naglee came over to inspect it. He was accompanied by Colonel Marston. "Where is the entrance," said the general, "and how do you get anybody into it?" "Oh," said Colonel Marston, "that is not my lookout. I simply obeyed your orders."

The Possibilities.

A Richmond (Va.) judge tells a story which illustrates the difficulty met in trying to stop the carrying of pistols. A tough youth was brought before the judge, charged with firing a revolver in the street. The testimony in the case was to the effect that the young hoodlum had filled himself with whisky and had discharged his weapon in a crowded street. "Twenty dollars and costs," said the magistrate. "But, your honor," interposed counsel for the prisoner, "my client did not hit anybody." "Why, you admit that he fired the gun?" "Yes, but he fired in the air," explained the lawyer. "Twenty dollars and costs," repeated the judge. "He might have shot an angel." And the riotous fellow went to jail, not having the money to pay his fine.

A Curious Custom.

In Byfield, a small Northamptonshire village in England, a curious old custom is still observed in connection with the letting of certain land. The ceremony is held in different licensed houses in the vicinity, and the clergyman presides over the proceedings. The company, chiefly consisting of local farmers, is seated round a large table. Presently one of them rises and bids a certain amount, immediately walking round the table and out of the door. If this can be done before the next bid is made, the land is his for the season; if not, bidder No. 2 commences the walk, and so on. This curious auction occupies some considerable time and causes great excitement.

Polo Is Ancient.

Polo was played from the backs of horses in Persia during the tenth and eleventh centuries. At that time the Persians in a great contest, Iran versus Turan, found their match in the Turks, greatly to the disgust of King Afrasiab. The Byzantine poet Nizami sung of polo in the twelfth century. Then polo spread from Persia into central Asia, India and Tibet in the sixteenth century, when the great Emperor Akbar patronized it. In Japan the game is at least 1,000 years old and is still popular under the name of da-kin, or "ball match."

Interested.

An English magazine tells a court story. A counsel in the middle of his cross examination was handed a telegram. "Hello," he said, as he read it, "So-and-so has won the Derby." "Mr. A.," said the judge severely, "it is very unseemly that in the course of solemn judicial proceedings, where a man's liberty and reputation are at stake, you should be talking of the winner of a horse race. Er—by the way, does the telegram say which were second and third?"

The Weight of the World.

A cubic foot of earth weighs about five and a half times as much as a cubic foot of water. A cubic mile of earth then weighs 25,649,300,000 tons. The volume of the earth is 259,880,000,000 cubic miles. The weight of the world without its atmosphere is 6,666,250,000,000,000,000,000 tons. If we add to this the weight of the atmosphere given above, we get a grand total—6,666,255,810,600,000,000,000 tons.

Thin Plaster.

Paper Hanger—We'll have to paper right over the old paper. We can't get this paper off without taking the plaster along with it. Owner (modern cottage)—Because the paper sticks to the plaster? Paper Hanger—No, because the plaster sticks to the paper.

Two of Many Differences.

A woman tells most when she is sad, and a man tells all when he is scared. You can jolly anything out of a woman; you can bluff a man out of his breeches.—Richmond Missourian.

The Clerk Was Right.

"Well," said Wymsat, as he vainly tried to get into a No. 12 shoe with the aid of four shoe horns, "the clerk that sold me these shoes was right. I should have worn the box."

Mushrooms.

Tommy—Papa, is it always damp where they raise mushrooms? Papa—Yes, my son. Tommy—Is that why they look like umbrellas?

Measured Him.

Brown—Did the tailor take your measure? Jones—I should think he did. He said I'd have to pay in advance.

Calumet
is the only
High Grade Powder
offered to the consumer at a
Moderate Price
It should not be confused with the cheap, low grade powders on the one hand, nor the high priced trust powders on the other.

Wylie is Still on the Map.

Crookston Journal (Monday): Peter Romsos of Wylie, one of the prominent business men of that place, came in this morning from Minneapolis and other points in the southern portion of the state at which he transacted business and visited friends during the past few days. Mr. Romsos says Wylie is still on the map despite the action of James Hill's road in refusing to continue road service there or maintain a station at the depot, and will continue to be on the map for a great many years to come, always increasing in size, strength and population. No finer farming land is to be found in the state than that around Wylie according to Mr. Romsos.

Paley on Private Property.

Archdeacon Paley, who died on May 25, 1805, wrote "Evidences of Christianity." The archdeacon likened "the divine right of kings" to "the divine right of constables" and satirized the institution of private property by the simile of a hundred pigeons in a field of corn. If, "instead of each picking where and what it liked, taking just as much as it wanted and no more," ninety-nine of them were to reserve only the chaff and refuse for themselves and heap up the rest for "the weakest, perhaps worst, pigeon of the flock," that, said Paley, would be just like human private property.

Four White Fetlocks.

In France in former times a horse that possessed four white stockings had the privilege of being free from toll. There is a passage in one of the works of Frederick Mistral, the famous poet of Provence, to the following effect: "By the rule of the road there was an old custom which was respected by all, that the carter whose leader had four white stockings, whether going uphill or downhill, had the right not to leave the road—that is, the narrow paved part when the rest was in a bad state—and thus arose the proverb, 'Who has four white feet can pass everywhere.'"

How to Eat German Carp.

The Clifton Hill (Mo.) Rustler gives the following directions for eating German carp: When fishing, if you catch a German carp clean it and hang it out in the sun six weeks to dry, then nail it to a pine board and cover it thoroughly with salt or mud. Let it stand for two months longer, and then bake it two days. Remove the nails, throw the carp over the back fence and eat the board, but never eat the carp.

The Artist's Industry.

Bacon—You say your artist friend is industrious? Egbert—Very. Why, I've known him to work over four years on one picture. Bacon—Is that possible? Egbert—It is. He was a month painting it and four years trying to sell it!—Yonkers Statesman.

More Appropriate.

Rita—Did you say, "This is so sudden!" when Jack proposed?

"No. I intended to, you know, but I was so flustered that I forgot and cried, 'At last!' instead."

Proved.

"Do fishes grow fast, Jimmie?"

"Some of them do. My father caught one last year that grows an inch every time he tells about it."—Cassell's.

The understanding is more relieved by change of study than by total inactivity.—Giulon.

Buggies Very Cheap.
I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.
G. H. SANDUM.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
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Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
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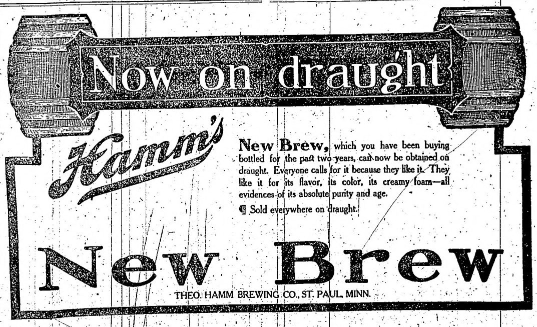

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HARDWARE AND FURNITURE.

TIME TABLE

Arrival and departure of trains at St. Hilaire.

"The Comfortable Way"

PASSENGER

8:00 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
9:25 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
9:55 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
10:20 am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30 pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10 am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN, Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Porrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

R. H. DUNTLEY, N. G.

J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3550 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

CARL JOHNSON, V. C.

J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

Henry Olson, Pres.

Aug. Berglund, Sec.

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Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Smoke Lagora Cigars. s30

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Joe Wessel, the well known candy salesman, was here yesterday.

Mrs. A. R. Jones is visiting with friends at Crookston this week.

A. F. Ittner made a short trip to Red Lake Falls last Monday evening.

Louis Roy has been engaged to teach the Wylie school the coming year.

Supt. Lord, who has been here the past week, left last evening for Bemidji.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Master Carpenter Mills, of the Great Northern, was a visitor here Thursday.

A. M. Edstrom and wife were in from Hazel last Sunday visiting with friends.

Mrs. Gust Fellman, of Cass Lake, is here this week and will visit with relatives.

O. H. Peters came down from Middle River last Saturday and spent Sunday with his family.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Mrs. Sever Hoff was called to Mower county last Monday by the serious illness of her mother.

There will be an eclipse of the sun on August 30, but you will have to get up at sunrise to see it.

Chas. Newcomb, traveling freight agent for the Great Northern, was a visitor here Wednesday.

Henry J. Enderle rode over from Plummer last Sunday and spent several hours here visiting with friends.

Emil Ahlen, of Fergus Falls, was here a couple of days this week visiting with his cousin Henry Peterson.

Mrs. W. A. Sorsoliel went down to Red Lake Falls on Thursday evening where she will visit with friends.

I. Dahlin and J. J. Soll spent a couple of days out on the reservation prospecting and visiting Dahlin's claim.

Mrs. O. F. Post went down to Crookston Thursday evening where she will visit friends and take in the street fair.

The moving picture show in the hall last Monday was rather better than the average and drew a fair sized audience.

Albert Nelson, of Minneapolis, was here last Wednesday looking over the town with a view of locating here as an attorney.

Mrs. E. R. Evans came over from Bemidji last Saturday and made her husband a short visit, returning on Tuesday.

Miss Huldah C. Gigstad returned last Monday from Moorhead where she has been attending the teachers' training school.

Miss Olga Hoff and Miss Lilly Gebott entertained the "J. R." girls at a "sleeping party" at the Gebott residence last Saturday night.

Miss Beatrice Gunnes, of Barnesville, and Miss Hattie Turville, of Thief River Falls, are spending the week with Mabel Aimer.

H. Monson, who has been visiting his son-in-law J. J. Soll for the past two weeks, left on Thursday for his home at Clarkfield.

There will be work in the initiatory degree in the Modern Woodmen next Tuesday evening and all members are requested to be present.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Dear Gus:—I have solved the mother-in-law problem; just give her regularly Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It will make her healthy, happy and docile as a lamb. 35 cents, tea or tablets.

—Imperial Drug Co.

At the meeting of the school board Saturday evening, Daniel Patterson was elected president, K. O. Gigstad clerk and E. M. Hoff treasurer. The board adopted a resolution not to admit to school children under six years of age.

Button's Business College, Crookston and Wadena, Minn., will take you through a complete business and short hand course and allow you to pay your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after we secure you a situation. Fall term begins Sept. 4th. Send for catalog.

For refreshments call at Number 488.

A. S. Wilson returned the first of the week from Grand Forks, where he had been to attend the funeral of a twelve-year-old niece, who was accidently burned to death last Saturday.

Miss Emily Guttormson, formerly of St. Hilaire, now of Portland, Oregon, was united in marriage to Mr. Herbert Tracy on the 27th of July, at 8 o'clock p. m., in the parlors of Portland Hotel, Portland, Oregon.

James Brady, of Red Lake Falls, and A. A. Glenn, of Crookston, are at work this week fixing the north bridge. The timbers that the bridge rested on were in very bad shape and are being removed and new ones put in. They expect to have the bridge ready for travel some time today.

It will wash and not rub off
This complexion all envy me,
It's no secret so I'll tell
Take thou Rocky Mountain Tea.
—Imperial Drug Co.

M. J. Lindahl is having good success this year with his bees and informs us that he will have in the neighborhood of two thousand pounds of honey this season. He informs us that bees do very well here in the summer time, but that the winter season is too long and that many of them die.

Hokan Johnson concluded to attend the fair at Thief River Falls on Thursday. In company with about fifty more he was at the depot when the train arrived. The two coaches were full and it did not look good for Hokan but in some way he made it. The rear platform appeared crowded however.

Button's Business College, Crookston and Wadena, Minn., offers $100 to any one who can name a graduate of these schools who was not given a good paying position when their course was completed. Fall term begins Sept. 4th. Send for catalogue.

W. A. Gould, of the Crookston Lumber company, was here on Thursday. Mr. Gould had just returned from Red lake and states that the lake is higher than it has been for years and that the meadows this si. e are covered with several feet of water. He was fully three miles from the river in a gasoline launch.

Auditor James E. Ford has completed and forwarded to the State Auditor a complete list of the lands to be sold at the forfeited tax sale this fall. The list comprised some 8,500 descriptions and is all lots in Red Lake Falls, St. Hilaire and Thief River Falls. A great deal of it is land along the river bank and it is questionable whether it can be sold at any price.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

If you are troubled with dizzy spells, headache, indigestion, constipation, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well and keep you well. If it fails, get your money back. That's fair. 35 cents. —Imperial Drug Co.

Thief River Falls News: John J. Soll, of St. Hilaire, was in the city last week, having been up to Lund, on the Soo line. Mr. Soll was making arrangements for the opening of the hunting season and has secured the exclusive right to hunt upon about 1,700 acres of land near Lund, about 1,000 acres of this land being the property of his father-in-law. Charles Tedford and others from Cass Lake and St. Hilaire will form the party that will hunt with Mr. Soll.

Sunbeam: There was a sad accident on the farm of Walt McAndress last week. James O'Brien's man was mowing hay in the heavy pea vine when little Pat, who had followed him to the field, as children sometimes will, in some way got in front of the sickle and one of his legs was entirely severed from his body, and he bled to death. Funeral services were held in the McAndress grove and the remains laid to rest on the bank of the river, beside which he loved to play during life. We believe we forgot to mention the fact that Pat was a fine pug dog and the pet of the O'Brien household.

Strike Still On.

The strike situation remains unchanged. The railroads are moving trains but the shipment of freight is irregular. They claim to have the situation well in hand and claim a victory. The men, however, claim that victory will in the end be with them and that the railroads cannot get along without them. It is stated that President Hill has refused to arbitrate the matter.

County Fair Visitors.

About fifty of our citizens went up to Thief River Falls on Thursday to attend the county fair. Among those in attendance we noticed the following: Geo. Hanson and wife, John Gilbertson and wife, Mrs. Jens Nelson, Miss May Pettibone, Elmer Burkee, Norman Aimer, Mrs. W. A. Arthur, Daniel Patterson and wife, O. F. Post, M. E. Hoff, Jas. McAndress, Theo. Holmes, C. Simonson, Chas. Fellman, Fred Campbell, Leo Achenbach, Miss Selina Hoff, Miss Annie Hall, Hans Roland, Mrs. L. M. Roland.

Fall Meetings, Merchant's Excursions to Duluth.

On account of the fall meetings of the Merchant's Association to be held at Duluth, August 17 to 24, August 31 to September 7, and October 26 to November 2, the Great Northern Railway is making reduced rates. This will enable you to see the city at the head of the Great Lakes, view the immense grain elevators, the aerial bridge, the coal docks and other places of interest at the head of the famous inland sea. For rates and detailed information, call on your local agent.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held at the village hall Aug. 7, 1905, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the president.

All members present except Duntley and Martz.

Minutes of last regular and special meetings read and on motion accepted.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That all saloons and barrooms in the village of St. Hilaire be closed at eleven o'clock p. m. on week days and all day Sunday, and election days. That all curtains be raised or lowered from the windows and doors on saloons and barrooms, thereby making the interior of the said rooms visible from the street. This resolution to go into effect upon publication of the same, violators punished according to the state law.

Motion made and seconded that the village give $25.00 towards grading the road running east and west through Black River township, by sections 4 and 5, and when the work is completed the recorder is instructed to issue an order to the town treasurer for same.

The following bills were allowed in full:

Crookston L [illegible] er	$106 11
St Hilaire Sp [illegible]	32 65
A E Berglun [illegible]	26 25
H C Adams, [illegible] shal	2 00
Christ Hall, [illegible] shal	5 00
H Miller, 2 d [illegible] al and putt [illegible]	4 50
C H Reming [illegible] shal for [illegible]	50 00
St Hilaire F [illegible] d fare to [illegible] ll	49 40
C H Martz, [illegible] of equaliza [illegible]	4 00
C Clayton, w [illegible]	1 50
R Skorstad, [illegible]	1 50
Ole Finn, wo [illegible]	50
Herman Ne [illegible]	3 50
O Brink, wo [illegible]	5 25
John Gunsta [illegible]	22 98
L Selberg, w [illegible]	7 00
A Satterberg [illegible]	7 50
Imperial Dr [illegible] er bill	8 00
St Hilaire F [illegible] es to state [illegible]	20 00
M J Lindahl [illegible]	3 30
A Anderson, work	12 00

The bill of C. H. Martz on motion was laid on the table.

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'BRIEN,
President.

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Recorder.

Married Tuesday.

On last Tuesday afternoon at four o'clock at the residence of Mrs. John Peterson on Water street occurred the marriage of her daughter Mary Josephine to Mr. James Kinney, Mr. Martin E. Hoff and Miss Ellen Johnson attending and Rev. Alex Sand, officiating. A large number of the friends and relatives of the contracting parties were in attendance and enjoyed a bounteous supper, at which time the future health and happiness of the bride and groom was heartily proposed by all present. The happy couple were in receipt of many expressions of good will and there were a large number of useful and valuable presents which testified to the esteem in which they were held by their neighbors and friends. The bride is a daughter of one of the pioneer settlers of Red Lake county and has spent most of her life in this community. She has hosts of friends who wish all kinds of happiness and prosperity. The groom has resided in this vicinity only since last fall but has made many warm friends. The SPECTATOR wishes to extend its hearty congratulations and good wishes.

A Great Sunday Magazine.

Not only is the news of the whole world covered with unexampled fullness in the Sunday issues of The Chicago Record-Herald, but every edition embraces also an exceedingly choice assortment of illustrated special articles ranking with the highest products of our best magazines. Such well known and popular writers as William E. Curtis and Walter Wellman and Frank G. Carpenter are regular contributors to The Chicago Sunday Record-Herald. There are many special articles in each issue of particular interest to women, including the latest fashions, household economy, art, music, and the drama, etc. There is a beautifully illustrated special sporting section, which not only covers all the news of the sporting world with a thoroughness that satisfies to the utmost, but includes also entertaining departments by such sporting experts as Tim Murnane, who writes of baseball matters; Malachy Hogan, noted for his "Talks on Pugilism," and J. L. Hervey, who conducts the department of harness horses." The comic section and other entertaining departments round out this mammoth Sunday magazine to the entire satisfaction of its readers.

Lepperts Will Move.

The Red Lake Falls Gazette learns that Leppert Bros., the popular hardware merchants at Wylie, will move their stock to one of the new towns on the Great Northern's new extension in North Dakota in the near future and that Romsos Bros., general merchants, are contemplating a like move. Both of these firms have been very successful since going to Wylie, but now that the railroad company has abandoned that line, they feel that they can do better elsewhere. They have been very popular with the people of their community, who will regret to learn of their decision to leave.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

Go to L. M. Rolland & Sons for flour. We sell the "Mascot."

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

Prompt Payment Must be Made.

There is a great deal of interest manifested on the part of people who bid in lands from the Indian reservations sold last year as to whether payments cannot be deferred in certain cases without the purchaser jeopardizing his rights. This has been attempted by many, and in every case where payments have been neglected, the land will have to be sold over again and all payments made previously are thereby forfeited. Covering the subject fully, Congressman Steenerson in answering a letter making inquiries along that line said:

"I have your favor of the 24th inst., inquiring if I can not possibly secure a ninety days further extension upon the first payment of the lands opened last June under the act of February 20, 1904.

"Replying to this I have the honor to say that I should take great pleasure in appealing to the Department in behalf of the settlers if such an appeal would do them any good, but under the law it would be utterly beyond the power of the Department to extend the time of payment. Section 8 of the Act of February 20, 1904, is very specific in regard to payment for the land and leaves no discretion whatever in the Secretary of the Interior. It provides:

"In case any purchaser fails to make said annual payments promptly when due, or within sixty days thereafter, all rights in and to said lands covered by his or her purchase, shall at once cease and any payments thereupon be forfeited and the Secretary of the Interior shall thereupon declare such forfeiture by re-offering such lands for sale.

"From which you will see that the law itself gives you sixty days in which to make your payments, but if you allow it to run a single day beyond this sixty days there is no power whatever in the Interior Department to extend the payment, or to accept the money after that time, but they are compelled to re-offer the land and you will lose all prior payments. These are the terms upon which the land was sold and is a law of Congress and there is no power to change it, and I might add that this provision was inserted in compliance with an agreement with the Indians upon the faith of which they parted with their lands. It is well for all the settlers to understand this plainly, for otherwise they might subject themselves to a forfeiture of their lands."

Yours sincerely,
H. STEENERSON.

To Calm Waves by Bombardment.

Shells filled with oil, intended to calm a stormy sea when fired into it, have been invented in France. The effect of a film of oil in reducing the size of waves is well known, but in the case of a moving vessel it is difficult to reach those in front, among which the ship's progress will soon bring it. Wooden shells are now used, which break when they strike the water, allowing the oil to distribute evenly over the surface and guard the ship's progress. Golden grain belt beer will calm your nerves and guard you against ill health. You can't afford to be without it. Order a case of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Strange Reward For Life Savers.

"I have seen a good many drowning accidents," said an old sea captain, "and I have seen a good many queer rewards. Once a young man rescued a young widow's little son from the sea. The widow, in her gratitude, asked for the young man's photograph. He sent it to her, and two months later he received a magnificent painting, by Smith, that showed the scene of the rescue accurately, with the little boy, and him, both perfect likenesses, struggling like mad in the water.

"A farmer, one of the Pinkertons told me, came from the west to meet a gold brick man. As the farmer and the swindler crossed on the ferry the swindler fell overboard, and the farmer rescued him. He was so grateful that he gave the farmer a brick of solid silver.

"I saved a pretty girl from drowning in my youth," the captain ended. "She gave me a present that weighed 130 pounds. She gave me herself, and I've still got her. She may not be in as good condition now as she was then, but in my eyes somehow she is as sweet and pretty as she ever was."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

He Knew His Man.

"You seem depressed."

"Yes, I've got to ask my girl's father tonight for her hand."

"Bosh! Don't be alarmed. The stern father exists only in the comic papers."

"Maybe so, but the borrowing father is a painful reality. He'll land me for a fifty to a dead moral certainty."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Her Tremolo.

"Ah, how I love to hear your daughter sing!" said Archie as he waited in the parlor. "She's practicing her exercises now, isn't she? What a beautiful tremolo."

"No," replied the mamma scornfully. "She has had the sore throat for three days. She's taking a gargle."—Indianapolis Star.

A Human Rattler.

The baby had swallowed two buttons a dime and three marbles.

For a moment his optimistic father seemed a trifle disheartened. But presently he regained his equanimity.

"It saves me the expense of buying a rattle for him," he chuckled as he dandled the infant on his knee.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Mrs. D. B. Ferguson and daughter, of Mallory, is visiting with her sister Mrs. R. H. Aimer.

DR. V. PLETH,

SURGEON.

Graduate of Copenhagen University.

Department for Diseases of the Eye

CROOKSTON, MINN.

The Pedestal of Honor

is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary, that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.

Ladies' Shoes

like ours are not to be found in every store.

RAPP & POST....

St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

HAIL INSURANCE

Do you want to insure your crops against Hail in a first class Company that always pay their losses promptly? If you do, call and see us in regard to a policy in the old and reliable St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Company.

When you buy Insurance get the best

H. E. IVES, Agent, ST. HILAIRE Minnesota

Everyday Bargains

at

E. M. HOFF'S

Granulated Sugar, 16 lbs. for	$1	Evaporated Apples, fancy 3 pounds for	25c
Coffees, good as ever, 15c per pound to	40c	A good Corn, three cans for	25c
Teas, extra value, 20c, 35c and	50c	A good Tomato, 3 cans for	25c
A good size and quality Prunes per pound	4c	Small size Sour Pickles, per gallon	30c
Large size and quality Prunes per pound	6c	Sweet Pickles, very nice, per quart	12½c
Extra size and quality Prunes per pound	8c	Rolled Oats, five-pound package	15c
Rice, extra good value, 28 pounds for	$1	Full Cream Cheese, per pound	13c
Tapioca, 6 pounds for	25c	Full Cream Brick Cheese per pound	15c
Sage, 6 pounds for	25c	Soaps, good, forty bars for	$1

We carry a full and complete line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Shoes of the best quality, also a big line of plain and fancy Dry Goods. We are here 365 days in the year, aim to please, will correct all errors and exchange all goods that do not please.

Name Your Route East

In purchasing your ticket East, if you care for an excellence in service and equipment not obtainable elsewhere, name your route

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

No additional charge to ride on the Pioneer Limited or the Fast Mail, the two most popular trains between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago. But it is necessary to name your route.

W. B. DIXON
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365 Robert Street, St. Paul.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, - - - - MINNESOTA

DEFECTIVE PAGE

A WOMAN'S ORDEAL

DREADS DOCTOR'S QUESTIONS

Thousands Write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., and Receive Valuable Advice Absolutely Confidential and Free

There can be no more terrible ordeal to a delicate, sensitive, refined woman than to be obliged to answer certain questions in regard to her private ills, even when those questions are asked by her family physician, and many

Mrs. T. C. Willadsen

continue to suffer rather than submit to examinations which so many physicians propose in order to intelligently treat the disease; and this is the reason why so many physicians fail to cure female disease.

This is also the reason why thousands upon thousands of women are corresponding with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. To her they can confide every detail of their illness, and from her great knowledge, obtained from years of experience in treating female ills, Mrs. Pinkham can advise women more wisely than the local physician.

Read how Mrs. Pinkham helped Mrs. T. C. Willadsen, of Manning, Ia. She writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I can truly say that you have saved my life, and I cannot express my gratitude in words. Before I wrote to you telling you how I felt, I had doctored for over two years steady, and spent lots of money in medicines besides, but it all failed to do me any good. I had female trouble and would daily have fainting spells, backache, bearing-down pains, and my monthly periods were very irregular and finally ceased. I wrote to you for your advice and received a letter full of instructions just what to do, and also commenced to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I have been restored to perfect health. Had it not been for you I would have been in my grave to-day."

Mountains of proof establish the fact that no medicine in the world equals Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for restoring women's health.

Opens Her Eyes.

"Mamma, does a girl have to get married to learn what love means?"

"No; when she gets married she learns what it doesn't mean."—Houston Post.

Here is Relief for Women.

Mother Gray, a nurse in New York, discovered a pleasant herb remedy for women's ills, called AUSTRALIAN-LEAF. It is the only certain monthly regulator. Cures female weaknesses, Backache, Kidney and Urinary troubles. At all Druggists or by mail 50 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

AMERICA'S FIRST FIRE ENGINE.

Still Preserved in a Bethlehem, Pa., Museum.

It is a well authenticated historical fact that Bethlehem had the first hand fire engine in the United States. This claim has often been disputed, but never disproved.

It was brought to this country from London in 1698, on the good ship Hope, having been purchased at second-hand there for 43 pounds 12 shillings. It had a flow of seventy-eight gallons per minute, and was used continuously up to 1848. The Perseverance fire company, now out of existence, which was organized in 1762, had charge of the machine. Prior to that time it was the property of the citizens generally, for up to 1762 the town had no organized firemen. There were "emergency men," and when a fire occurred every man in town turned out to fight it.

This famous relic is harbored intact in the museum of the Young Men's Missionary Society of the Moravian church, which body is the oldest of its kind in America.—Philadelphia Record.

Missed His Calling.

"Snoozem missed his calling."

"How so?"

"A porter in the hotel where he's stopping made a mistake and called the man in the next room."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Knew From Experience.

"Say, Sam, mah wife is in de congregation somewhere."

"Why, how kin yo' tell?"

"'Cause, I jist seen mah suspender button on de plate."—Judge.

Compound Interest

comes to life when the body feels the delicious glow of health, vigor and energy.

That Certain Sense

of vigor in the brain and easy poise of the nerves comes when the improper foods are cut out and predigested

Grape-Nuts

take their place.

If it has taken you years to run down don't expect one mouthful of this great food to bring you back (for it is not a stimulant but a **Rebuilder.**)

10 days' trial shows such big results that one sticks to it.

"There's a Reason."

Get the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

Courthouse To Be Preserved

The historic old Cahokia courthouse was offered to the city council of East St. Louis as a gift to the city by its owner, A. Cella, of East St. Louis, provided the city would remove the structure and place it in a public park, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. The offer was referred to the committee on public buildings, who recommended the acceptance of the building.

The courthouse was built in 1716, five miles south of East St. Louis, in what afterwards became known as the old village of Cahokia. It stood on the banks of the Mississippi river, which later changed its channel and left the building a mile from the stream.

Court was held in the building from 1716 to 1809, after which the land upon which the structure stood changed hands several times, and in 1903 Mr. Cella, who lives at 435 Collinsville avenue, purchased the building and moved it to the world's fair in St. Louis, where it was exhibited as one of the historic features of the Mississippi valley. After the fair the Chicago Historical society offered Mr. Cella a substantial sum for the courthouse, but he refused to sell.

The land upon which the courthouse was built was first explored by Louis Joliet and Father Marquette in 1673 and remained under the control of France until 1765. The first trading posts and forts were located at various places on or near the Mississippi river and later became five villages, extending from Kaskaskia on the south to Cahokia on the north.

The courthouse remained the seat of government for the French, the Northwestern Territory and the new state of Illinois until 1809, when the seat was moved from Cahokia to Belleville.

The original government as a county was established in 1809 by Gov. St. Clair and was called St. Clair county.

Cahokia, being located in the great American bottoms, attracted different tribes of Indians, and the government commissioners met at the house of Col. Whiteside and adjourned to the home of George Blair, where they determined that it was to the best interests of the public to change the place of holding court and recommended that a new county seat be located in a corner of George Blair's cornfield, which was done, and the foundation of Belleville, which has since remained the county seat, was laid.

Several incidents and skirmishes between the Indians and French occurred near the courthouse and have added to its historical interest. The great Chief Pontiac, one of the greatest Indian generals known, laid conspiracies for massacres near the place and assembled his Indian tribes to attack the French at this point.

"Unlucky" Name Is Changed

The decision to change the name of the training ship Chesapeake to Severn because of the bad luck which befell the first ship of the former name shows that even in an age of enlightenment superstition survives among seamen, says the Philadelphia Inquirer. The reason assigned is that the original Chesapeake was "unlucky" because of the ill-fortune that befell her some years before the breaking out of the second war with Great Britain and the lowering of her flag to the Shannon during that war.

While we have no desire to question the motive in changing the name, we think it well to remember that, although the old frigate struck her colors twice, there was no dishonor in either case. In the first instance the assault upon the Chesapeake was unwarranted and brought the country to the verge of a war that might never have occurred but for that incident. The Chesapeake was alleged to have on her four deserters from the British navy, and the Leopard, in our own waters, followed her and wantonly "blew her up," in sailor's language, and took off the men forcibly. Impressment was the evil that brought on the war, and this was the most arrogant exercise of the alleged right. It turned out that there was only one man who could be claimed by any stretch of technicalities to be a Briton. There is no disgrace in that event, for the American commander was not prepared to fight and had no idea that he would be attacked. He was court-martialed more to appease public sentiment than for any other cause.

It is agreed on all sides that the fight between the Chesapeake and Shannon was an unequal combat, due to one of those accidents which so often decide events. At the opening of the fight the rudder of the Chesapeake was damaged so that she became helpless, most of her officers were killed and wounded, and the end was never even by the British claimed to be anything to our discredit. Lawrence was bold and too rash, and was not provided with a properly trained crew. He paid the penalty for his rashness, and his dying words, "Don't give up the ship," have been worth since then a dozen frigates. We do not look upon the name as unlucky, but rather as significant; but since sailors must have their pet superstitions all must acquiesce in the change.

What Children Fear Most

A well-known professor has recently made some interesting studies with regard to the causes of fear in the infantile mind.

A study of fear in the youthful subjects was made by distributing hundreds of lists containing all manner of cases such as might excite that emotion. Parents, teachers and other persons—even the little ones themselves—marked off such items as the latter really feared.

After reducing all of the replies to a table, it was found the highest number feared thunderstorms, the next highest reptiles. Then followed, in order, according to the number fearing them, strangers, darkness, fire, death, domestic animals, disease, wild animals, water, insects, ghosts and others.

A comparison of an equal number of boys and girls showed that the girls feared 1,765 things on the list, and the boys 1,106 things. The girls exceeded the boys in the fear of everything except water, high places and strangers. The ratio of girls to boys in the fear of rats and mice was 75 to 13, as might be expected.

It was also ascertained that fear in the boys increases from the seventh to the fifteenth year, and then declines, while in the girls it increases more steadily from the fourth to the eighteenth year before diminishing. The fear of thunder and lightning, reptiles, robbers and machinery was found to increase with age.

Another novel inquiry enlarged upon the fear of ghosts in children. By questioning the little ones and tabulating their answers it was discovered that the most frequent source of their knowledge of ghosts was in stories told by other children.

Stories read by them ranked second in frequency. Of all the other sources servants had been the most active. Some had derived their first knowledge from pictures, a fewer number, less than one per cent, had first heard of ghosts from their parents. It was discovered that fear almost universally accompanied belief in such spectres.

Old-Time Naval Equipment

Very strange to modern eyes would be the armament of Great Britain's medieval navy. The very names of many of the implements of attack and defense sound queer. According to the books, in the year 1337 the vessels of the navy were furnished with "espringalds," ancient spring guns; "haubergeons," coats of mail; "bacinets," small helmets; bows, arrows, doublets, targets; "pavises," large shields placed at the sides, and serving the double purpose of protection against the sea and against the enemy; lances and "firing barrels." As early as 1338 cannon formed part of the armament of ships, and about 1372 guns and gunpowder were commonly used. Among the stores belonging to one vessel of that time were three iron cannon with five chambers, a hand gun and three old stone bags, probably for shot. Another ship had an iron cannon with two chambers and one brass cannon with one chamber.

Among other implements of war used at that time were "cannon-paviors" or stone shot throwers and "murtherers," which were smaller and threw any kind of shot. There were also "basilisks," "port pieces," "stock fowlers" "sakers" and "bombards." The bombards were of hammered iron, made of bars welded and bound together with iron bands. They threw stone shot weighing between 140 pounds and 195 pounds. A battery of these erected on a slip of land at the naval battle of Chioggia (1380) between the Venetians and the Genoese did great damage. They were loaded over night and were fired in the morning.

Froissart tells of a bombard used at one of these ancient sieges that "might be heard five leagues off in the daytime and ten at night. The report of it was so loud that it seemed as if all the devils in hell had broken loose." Brass ordnance was first cast in England in the year 1535. The pieces had various names. Many of the different caliber were mounted on the same deck, which must have caused great confusion in action in finding for each its proper shot.

Dawson Citizens Enjoy Life

John Scudder McLain of Minneapolis, in his recent book, "Alaska and the Klondike," says of a famous arctic city: "Dawson has a good theater, an athletic clubhouse for winter sports and athletic grounds well prepared for baseball, cricket and tennis. 'A peculiar institution is the town crier, known as 'Uncle John,' who parades the streets with a megaphone, an improvement on a bell, and announces the hour and place of forthcoming events. The long summer days simplify arrangements of this character materially. The baseball crank and the office boy are not compelled to devise excuses for the neglect of their business in the middle of the afternoon to witness a baseball game. The game does not begin until 8 o'clock in the evening, and the theater, recognizing it as a stiff competitor, does not ring up its curtain until 10 o'clock. This means, of course, that the play is not over until 12:30 or 1 o'clock in the morning, but inasmuch as the night is nearly as light as the day no inconvenience is suffered on that account.

"Dawson lies north of the 64th degree north latitude and experiences as wide differences of temperature, probably, as are known in any inhabited portion of the globe. The thermometer registered 90 degrees above zero a few days before our arrival and two days of our stay were uncomfortably hot at midday. In winter 60 or 70 below is not a very rare experience.

"And yet the 'sour doughs' (well seasoned residents)," Mr. McLain continues, "speak with real enthusiasm of the winter climate. 'It is all right here in winter,' said one, 'except when it moderates sometimes and the temperature rises to 25 or 30 below. You see, it feels so much like spring that our people foolishly expose themselves and catch cold.'"

LIVE STOCK

Unsound Brood Mares.

Driving through the country, in a well-known horse breeding county, the writer recently was surprised to see many unsound mares going at pasture with foals at foot. In one instance the mare was affected with stringhalt and had also a markedly unsound hock joint. Another mare with nursing foal was so badly foundered that she could scarcely walk. Her feet were badly deformed and examination showed that the soles were "dropped." We have also seen of late brood mares afflicted with side bones, ringbones, spavins and curbs, and yet they have been bred when thus unsound. It seems strange indeed after all that has been said on this subject that farmers should still persist in using unsound mares for breeding purposes. The stallion usually receives the blame for bad conformation and unsoundness in his colts, but the more the subject is studied the more apparent will it become that the brood mare is even more commonly at fault. When it is remembered that one stallion serves from fifty to one hundred mares it should be apparent that there is great likelihood of many of these mares being unsound, whereas much greater care is taken as regards the soundness of the sire. There are too many unsound stallions, to be sure, but they are less common than unsound mares, and while farmers go on breeding to unsound stock it will be simply impossible to improve our horse stock at the rate possible under intelligent supervision and practice.

It is quite impossible to explain the fact that unsound stock is still so commonly employed in the breeding operations of the farmer. Common sense would seem sufficient to prevent farmers from following such ruinous policy. Lack of success in selling unsound horses should surely have told each breeder that it does not pay to breed unsound animals. Farmers' institutes, stock and farm papers, teachers in agricultural colleges, judges at fairs—all have waged warfare against unsound breeding stock and all have failed equally in duly impressing the average farmer with the seriousness of the matter. What more can be said to arouse his interest and focus his attention so strongly that he will give heed to what he has heard preached and what he has read hundreds of times? Will it impress him to learn that thousands of horses each year prove practically a drug upon the market for the reason that they are unsound; that such horses sell at prices that do not pay for the expense of raising and shipping them; that they would if sound have sold for prices giving a fine profit; that such trashy beasts and the host of misfits and mongrels bred in an equally careless way go south as "chunks" at not over $64 a head. Most of these horses are four or five years old, many of them older. Evidently it is impossible for any owner of good farm land of average value to market a horse at these ages at the figure mentioned. Yet the farmer proceeds year after year to raise unsound, worthless horses, and seems to be perfectly unconcerned as to the inevitable results. On the contrary, he might just as easily breed and raise horses that will return good profits in the market and it is high time that he should make an effort in this direction.

Many men have long been breeding the right sort and reaping the consequent profit. They are few comparatively speaking and the breeder of scrubs and unsound animals still depresses the entire trade and by his patronage of cheap sires makes it well nigh impossible to free the country of grade, cross-bred and mongrel, unsound stallions. A strange feature of this business is that the very farmer who pays no intelligent attention to horse-breeding gives great care to the matter of hog-breeding and seed selection. He could not be persuaded into changing the blood of his hogs by an alien cross of blood nor would he readily change his seed corn experimentally, but he will mate his mare, sound or unsound, to the nearest stallion that stands at a cheap fee no matter what he may be as regards pedigree, breed or soundness. These are plain statements, but they are true. Many of our readers do not belong in the category outlined, but we hope this article will hit the "other fellow" good and hard.—A. S. Alexander in Farmers' Review.

Standard of the Show Yard.

It is unfortunate for our live stock interests that the standards set up in the show yards are not the same that are profitable on the farm. Even a draft horse, to win a prize, must be fat. If he is put to work on a farm, the surplus fat must be worked off before he is of much value for hard labor. The Ayrshire cow must have horns that stand up straight, or she will be debarred from winning a premium. When she goes into the herd for practical milk production, her horns are cut off, as she is more useful that way. The hogs must be very fat, or else stand no chance of winning a prize. The standards of the farm are those that relate to utility. The standards of the show yard largely to fancy. All stockmen understand this, but no man has yet been able to evolve a standard that would suit equally well the show yard and the farm. It is evident, however, that in the development of new standards, the ones in vogue in the show yard will have to conform to the standards of the farm.—James Williams, Cass Co., Neb., in Farmers' Review.

Dangerous Garbage.

Reports from various parts of the country have from time to time told of strange diseases appearing among the pigs. When such a report comes to hand we always feel that the chances are that the "disease" is some very simple trouble, the cause for which could be easily removed. In one town in the state of New York where such a "mysterious" disease appeared an investigation showed that the hogs had been receiving daily considerable quantities of washing powder, that had come in the garbage gathered from hotels.

AGAIN ENSLAVED.

The Man of Little Nerve Falls a Victim to the Brush Boy.

"I had thought to be free, but I am again enslaved," said the man of little nerve.

"Lately," he explained, "I changed my barber shop and I had made up my mind that under no circumstances whatever, except maybe a little something at Christmas, would I ever, ever give a cent to the brush boy.

"It was a good barber, and I rose from the chair pleased with him and with myself and all the world—to see, standing there back of the chair in which I had been so serenely sitting, the shop's brush boy brushing my hat. As I stood there he brushed and brushed it, and then he didn't hand it to me, but carefully held it further away, with one hand, while with the other he proceeded to brush me.

"And too timid to seize my hat and flee, I stood for it, and turned around for him and let him brush, and—in short, I fell.

"So now my fond dreams are over and I am again enslaved to the brush boy."

Sound as a Dollar.

Monticello, Minn., Aug. 7th.—Mr. J. W. Moore of this place stands as a living proof of the fact that Bright's Disease, even in the last stages, may be perfectly and permanently cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Mr. Moore says: "In 1898 three reputable physicians after a careful examination told me that I would die with Bright's Disease inside of a year. My feet and ankles and legs were badly swollen; I could hardly stand on my feet and had given up all hopes of getting cured when a traveling salesman told me that he himself had been cured of Bright's Disease two years before.

He said he had taken to his bed and expected to die with it, but that he had been cured by a remedy called Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I commenced taking them at once and I am thankful to say that they saved my life. After a short treatment I was completely restored to good health and I am now as sound as a dollar."

It is human nature to take all the credit to ourselves for our virtues, and to blame our vices on the influences of heredity.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Time may be money, but it's much easier to make up for lost time than lost money.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Endsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Many a woman has washed away her matrimonial prospects with salt tears.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

War is the first thought, peace the last.

TWENTY YEARS OF IT.

Emaciated by Diabetes; Tortured with Gravel and Kidney Pains.

Henry Soule, cobbler, of Hammondsport, N. Y., says: "Since Doan's Kidney Pills cured me eight years ago, I've reached 70 and hope to live many years longer. But twenty years ago I had kidney trouble so bad I could not work. Backache was persistent and it was agony to lift anything. Gravel, whirling headaches, dizziness and terrible urinary disorders ran me down from 168 to 100 pounds. Doctors told me I had diabetes and could not live. I was wretched and hopeless when I began using Doan's Kidney Pills, but they cured me eight years ago and I've been well ever since."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents per box.

Nordy—I see they've now discovered a worm that infests paper money.

Butts—What sort of a worm is it?

Nordy—A long, green affair.—

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 and 912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Charles Cox, Carlton, Minn., manufacturing brick, etc.; Eli Forrester, Bonesteel, S. D., garment supporter; Harry Herrick, Owatonna, Minn., self-indexing ledger; Jesse Holmes, Butte, Mont., dam; Raymond Kimball, Millbank, S. D., governor for engines; William Moran, Hopkins, Minn., return flue boiler; Charles Nebinger, St. Paul, Minn., combined tea and coffee pot.

A woman may be as old as she looks but she isn't always as young as she thinks she looks.

HEAVES CAN BE CURED.

We have a guaranteed cure for HEAVES, COUGHS and COLDS. Guaranteed to cure or money refunded. One package by mail, 60c; 12 pkgs. by express with written guarantee to cure, $5.00. Wilbur Stock Food Co., 113 2d Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

That charity which begins at home seldom has occasion to call on poor relations.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, the Great Kidney and Liver Cure. World Famous. Write Dr. Kennedy's Sons, Rondout, N. Y., for free sample bottle.

Modesty is the mark of might.

Mull's Grape Tonic

(FREE)

FOR

Hot Weather Dangers

CONSTIPATION

STOMACH AND BOWEL TROUBLE

No one with regular bowels and healthy stomach can contract disease. A person with Constipation and Stomach Trouble is always the first to succumb to Sun Stroke, Heat Debility and Prostration. Cholera, Colic and Diarrhea are more fatal in Hot Weather because vitality is lower—they are the direct result of Constipation. It is a mistake to suddenly check diarrhea, the danger is Blood Poison. A physic is also dangerous as it weakens the patient and reduces vitality. Treat the cause with Mull's Grape Tonic. Constipation and its attending ills are caused by decaying or dying bowels and intestines—Mull's Grape Tonic revives and strengthens the Bowels so that they are enabled to act naturally and eject the poison from the system, everybody should take it during hot weather. It wards off disease, builds up the system and purifies the blood. Typhoid Fever and Appendicitis are unknown in families where Mull's Grape Tonic is employed. As a Stomach Tonic it is unequalled.

SUFFERED ALL HIS LIFE.

The endorsement of E. B. McCurdy of Troy, Ohio, proves that the severest forms of Constipation are promptly cured by Mull's Grape Tonic—He says:

"I gave your Tonic a thorough trial. It is the only remedy that will cure constipation. I do not believe anyone suffered more therefrom than I, as I had been afflicted with it all my life. For days my bowels would not act and then only by the use of strong cathartics that were fast ruining my health. My Stomach and Liver were deranged and I suffered with inward piles, the pains of which would at times raise me off my chair. I spent much money with various doctors and medicines to no avail.

"Soon after I started Mull's Grape Tonic my bowels began to move regularly—the pain left me and my general health built up rapidly...

"I heartily recommend it as an absolute cure to which I am a living witness."

Until Mull's Grape Tonic was put on the American market there was no cure for Constipation. Let us send you a bottle free to-day to show you that it will do all we claim.

Good for Ailing Children and Nursing Mothers.

FREE BOTTLE COUPON

Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, Stomach Tonic, Constipation Cure and Blood Purifier, to MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill. Give full address and write plainly. The $1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c. size. At drug stores. The genuine has a date and number stamped on the label—take no other from your druggist.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

N W N U —NO. 32— 1905.

Truths that Strike Home

Your grocer is honest and—if he cares to do so—can tell you that he knows very little about the **bulk** coffee he sells you. How *can* he know, where it originally came from, how it was blended—**or with what**—or when roasted? If you buy your coffee loose by the pound, how *can* you expect purity and uniform quality?

LION COFFEE, the LEADER OF ALL PACKAGE COFFEES, is of necessity uniform in quality, strength and flavor. For OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY, LION COFFEE has been the standard coffee in millions of homes.

LION COFFEE is carefully packed at our factories, and until opened in your home, has no chance of being adulterated, or of coming in contact with dust, dirt, germs, or unclean hands.

In each package of LION COFFEE you get **one full pound** of Pure Coffee. Insist upon getting the genuine. (Lion head on every package.)

(Save the Lion-heads for valuable premiums.)

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Sectional Bookcases

and

Vertical Letter Files

American Sectional Furniture Co.

515 First Ave. N. E.

Minneapolis, Minn.

WRITE US OR CALL—IT WILL PAY YOU.

SEE STATE FAIR EXHIBIT—SEPT. 4–9.

PIMPLES BLACKHEADS

Cuticura SOAP

To treat Pimples and Blackheads, Red, Rough, Oily Complexions, gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment, the great Skin Cure, but do not rub. Wash off the Ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water, and bathe freely for some minutes. Repeat morning and evening. At other times use Cuticura Soap for bathing the face as often as agreeable. No other Skin Soap so pure, so sweet, so speedily effective.

Cuticura Soap combines delicate medicinal and emollient properties derived from Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. Two Soaps in one at one price—namely, a Medicinal and Toilet Soap for 25c. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston. Mailed Free, "How to Preserve, Purify, and Beautify."

PAXTINE
TOILET
ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN

troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES

For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.

Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.

THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

ESTABLISHED 1879

MINNEAPOLIS. **Woodward & Co., Grain Commission.** DULUTH.

ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 19, 1905. NUMBER 5.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

HOPES OF PEACE MUCH BRIGHTER

ENVOYS SHOW THAT THEY ARE ANXIOUS TO CONCLUDE A TREATY OF PEACE.

CRISIS WILL COME MONDAY

CRUCIAL POINTS IN JAPANESE TERMS WILL THEN BE BEFORE THE ENVOYS.

TWO MORE ARTICLES SETTLED

THEY DEAL WITH THE FATE OF THE CHINESE EASTERN RAILWAY.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 17. — The prospects of peace are distinctly brighter. The plenipotentiaries are laboring with a seriousness and earnestness which leaves not the slightest doubt that both are anxious to conclude a treaty. Though the main points remain to be contested, and the plenipotentiaries of each side speak as though the conference would go to pieces unless the other side gave way, the spirit of compromise is in the air. When he returned to the hotel last night, Mr. Witte, who was tired out with his hard day's work, said:

Witte Working for Peace.

"I am doing all I can do for peace. Of the eight articles we have considered I have yielded seven. No other statesman in Russia would have dared to do so much, and I have done what I have done upon my own responsibility."

From an authoritative source it is now possible to forecast with a fair degree of accuracy that the crisis will come next Monday.

The exchange of views on the five remaining articles is expected to be completed Friday, or Saturday morning at the latest. The plenipotentiaries will then adjourn until Monday, and the interim will probably be used by the plenipotentiaries to consult their respective governments. When they meet on Monday

Their Last Cards

will be thrown upon the table. If there is to be bargaining, it will come then, and suddenly the conference will be over or peace will be assured.

The plenipotentiaries will come together with protocols drawn up to sign and part or remain for the elaboration of the "Treaty of Washington."

Articles 7 and 8 were disposed of yesterday, the former "in principle," the latter "unanimously," according to the official bulletins. Article 7 provides for the cession to China of the branch of the Chinese Eastern railroad, running south from Harbin to Port Arthur and Dalny, and with a branch line connecting at Niuchwang with the Shan-Hai-Kwan-Tien-tsin road.

Retained by Russia.

Article 8 provides for the retention by Russia of the line through Northern Manchuria, which forms the connecting link of the main line of the trans-Siberian and the Ussuri railroad with its termini at Vladivostok and Harborovsk.

From both sides the Associated Press is informed that the acceptance "in principle" of article 7 only means that certain points remain to be elaborated, not that a dispute still exists.

Japan will make a stiff fight for the possession of the interned Russian warships.

Mr. Denison, the American legal adviser of the Japanese mission, spent most of the day in his office looking up the precedents on the subject. Japan is exceedingly

Anxious to Obtain These Ships,

and in her argument will quote several international precedents in support of her demand. One reason why the Japanese are so insistent upon this article is because of their intention to apply the indemnity, in case one shall be obtained, to the increase of the navy. The indemnity will be used first in paying off financial obligations incurred during the war, the granting of pensions and the development of the Japanese educational system. To replace the losses to the fleet, incurred in the war, and to maintain the fleet up to a standard of strength and efficiency sufficient to defend her interests Japan needs additional battleships and cruisers. If she obtains all of the Russian ships now interned in neutral harbors, and succeeds in raising a number of those sunk in battle, she will be saved the necessity, for the present at least, of a large naval budget for new construction.

THOUSANDS ARE REPEATERS.

Sixty Thousand Names Stricken From Philadelphia Poll Lists.

Philadelphia, Aug. 17.—According to a statement made yesterday by the director of the department of public safety and based on a canvass made by the police, there are 60,083 names on the voting lists of this city which, under the law, have no right to be there. The assessors in all the voting divisions of the city will be asked to strike the fraudulent names from the lists.

DEATHS ARE FEWER.

No Material Change in Yellow Fever Situation.

New Orleans, Aug. 17.—Following is the official record to 6 p. m. yesterday:

New cases	66
Total cases to date	1,146
Deaths yesterday	6
Total deaths to date	176
New disease centers	19
Total disease centers to date	218
Cases under treatment	414

No material change in the situation is looked for in the immediate future. The small number of deaths indicates the type of the disease is not as malignant as first supposed. The death rate is about 11 per cent.

There were no prominent people among the new cases, but the majority of them are among the people of comfortable circumstances. Only six of the new disease centers are above Canal street.

CANAL MERCHANTS HOWL.

Object to Establishment of Commissariates Along Strip.

Panama, Aug. 17. — The establishment of commissariates in the canal zone by the Isthmian commission is causing a feeling of great dissatisfaction among Panama and Colon merchants. An indignation meeting was held here last evening to protest against this action and an appeal will be made to President Amador to intervene in the merchants' behalf. It is claimed that Secretary Taft, while here last November, agreed not to establish commissariates in the zone. The basis of the canal commission's action is said to be excessive charges by the local merchants. The merchants have asked for a hearing and the appointment of a committee to inquire into the matter.

IN MEMORY OF ETHAN ALLEN.

Tower of Vermont Granite Dedicated at Burlington.

Burlington, Vt., Aug. 17.—A massive battlemented tower of Vermont granite, erected in memory of Vermont's Revolutionary patriot, Ethan Allen, on the farm where he spent much of his life, was dedicated in this city yesterday. The orator of the day was Chas. W. Fairbanks, vice president of the United States. Thousands of visitors from all over the state tendered the vice president an ovation when he arose to speak. President Roosevelt was represented by Secretary of the Interior Ethan Allen Hitchcock, a great grandson of the Vermont hero. Yesterday was chosen for the dedicatory exercises because it marked the 128th anniversary of the battle of Bennington.

PARTY LINES FADE AWAY.

Republican Nominated for First Time by Pennsylvania Democrats.

Harrisburg, Pa., Aug. 17. — Judge John Stewart of Chambersburg was nominated for associate justice of the state supreme court yesterday by the so-called Democratic state convention. Judge Stewart is the Republican nominee for the office and this is the first time the Democratic party in Pennsylvania has nominated a Republican candidate for a state office. The leaders express the hope that to-day's action will attract independent votes to Berry, the Democratic candidate for treasurer.

WARNED AGAINST BOYCOTT.

Canton's Viceroy Calls on Chinese to Behave Themselves.

Washington, Aug. 17.—Consul General Lay, at Canton, China, has cabled the state department that the viceroy of that province has issued a proclamation warning the people not to intimidate any persons who desire to purchase American goods and not to commit any acts of violence. So far it does not appear that the proclamation has effect.

DECORATED BY THE KAISER.

Order of Red Eagle Conferred on Louisville Editor.

Berlin, Aug. 17.—It is gazetted that Emperor William has conferred the Order of the Red Eagle of the fourth grade upon the editor of the Louisville Anzeiger, Waldemar von Nostiz, of Louisville, Ky., and the Order of the Crown of the fourth class upon Dr. Junn of Washington.

Storm Causes Much Damage.

Kansas City, Aug. 17. — A severe wind and rain storm, accompanied by much electricity, struck here late yesterday afternoon, doing considerable damage to property. Trees and awnings were blown down, plate glass windows broken and the wind and lightning interfered with telephone and street car service.

Collision Injures Nine.

Los Angeles, Aug. 17. — Nine persons were injured last night in a collision between Pasadena and Monrovia electric cars near Oneonta Park, east of the city.

Clock for Ship "Dakota."

Bismarck, N. D., Aug. 17.—Tiffany & Co., New York, have shipped the ship's clock bought by the citizens of North Dakota for the steamship Dakota. The clock is a counterpart of that bought by the citizens of St. Paul for the Minnesota.

Thieves Rob Depot.

Superior, Wis., Aug. 17. — Thieves broke into the Omaha depot at this city and made away with the contents of the cash till, about $30. No arrests have yet been made.

HAS CLOSE UPON TWO MILLIONS

POPULATION OF MINNESOTA OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED AS 1,964,453.

SHOWS SPLENDID INCREASE

224,059 MORE PERSONS THAN WHEN THE CENSUS WAS TAKEN IN 1900.

FINAL FIGURES COMPARED

ENTIRE COMPILATION OF CENSUS STATISTICS WILL SOON BE FINISHED.

St. Paul, Aug. 17.—The total population of Minnesota is close upon 2,000,000.

Official figures, just completed, give Minnesota a total of 1,964,453 inhabitants.

To this must be added the state's Indian population, which the state supervisor thinks will bring the grand total to 1,975,453.

The count by the federal bureau in 1900 gave Minnesota 1,751,394. In 1895 the count by the state showed 1,574,619. The increase in 1905 over 1900 is 224,059.

The count in the various counties, as checked by Supt Wright and his clerical force, and noted as final, is as follows:

Counties—	1905.	1900.
Aitkin	9,537	6,743
Anoka	12,113	11,313
Becker	16,224	14,375
Beltrami	14,314	11,030
Benton	11,256	9,912
Big Stone	9,574	8,731
Blue Earth	31,228	32,263
Brown	20,323	19,787
Carlton	15,287	10,017
Carver	17,713	17,544
Cass	9,521	7,777
Chippewa	13,356	12,499
Chisago	13,311	13,248
Clay	19,457	17,942
Clearwater	6,250	......
Cook	1,100	810
Cottonwood	12,570	12,069
Crow Wing	16,652	14,250
Dakota	23,471	21,733
Dodge	12,757	13,340
Douglas	18,780	17,964
Faribault	26,448	22,055
Fillmore	27,226	28,238
Freeborn	22,135	21,838
Goodhue	31,028	31,137
Grant	9,652	8,935
Hennepin	256,859	228,340
Houston	15,092	15,400
Hubbard	9,568	6,578
Isanti	12,941	11,675
Itasca	11,400	4,573
Jackson	14,888	14,793
Kanabec	6,191	4,614
Kandiyohi	19,338	18,416
Kittson	9,878	7,889
Lac qui Parle	15,152	14,289
Lake	6,273	4,654
Le Sueur	20,175	20,234
Lincoln	9,988	8,966
Lyon	16,171	14,591
McLeod	19,315	19,595
Marshall	17,650	15,698
Martin	17,600	16,936
Meeker	17,955	17,753
Mille Lacs	9,576	8,066
Morrison	24,584	22,891
Mower	22,346	22,335
Murray	11,715	11,911
Nicollet	14,941	14,774
Nobles	15,036	14,932
Norman	15,944	15,045
Olmsted	22,409	23,119
Otter Tail	48,223	45,375
Pine	14,869	11,546
Pipestone	9,662	9,264
Polk	37,390	35,429
Pope	13,304	12,577
Ramsey	200,330	170,554
Red Lake	15,955	12,195
Redwood	18,878	17,261
Renville	24,032	23,693
Rice	26,247	26,080
Rock	9,720	9,668
Roseau	11,091	6,994
St. Louis	117,520	82,932
Scott	14,967	15,147
Sherburne	7,061	7,281
Sibley	16,354	16,862
Stearns	47,119	44,464
Steele	16,861	16,524
Stevens	9,214	8,721
Swift	13,573	13,503
Todd	24,023	22,214
Traverse	7,985	7,573
Wabasha	18,710	18,924
Wadena	9,317	7,921
Waseca	13,633	14,760
Washington	28,884	27,808
Watonwan	11,546	11,496
Wilkin	9,278	8,080
Winona	35,890	35,686
Wright	29,139	29,157
Yellow Medicine	15,899	14,602
Totals	1,964,453	1,751,394

The bureau is now engaged in tabulating sex, nationalities and color, together with other statistics. It is expected that the entire compilation will be completed by the close of the month.

Hit by Passenger Train.

Luverne, Minn., Aug. 17. — Irving Smoottell, a well-to-do farmer, living north-east of this city, was probably fatally injured last night by being struck by a Rock Island passenger train while driving over a crossing near Hardwick. A companion with him when the wagon was struck miraculously escaped uninjured.

Insane Men in Fatal Fight.

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 17.—As the result of a quarrel between two insane men over whether the world was coming to an end in the near future, Henry C. Bryant, an aged patient at the Riverside sanitarium, was assaulted by Frank Larschied, another patient, and died last night.

Probably Fatally Injured.

Pierre, S. D., Aug. 17.—Frank Canton, a workman on the government building, fell about thirty feet yesterday, striking a steel beam, breaking an arm and being injured internally. His recovery is doubtful.

Escape From Training School.

Red Wing, Minn., Aug. 17.—Eight boys escaped from the training school here last night. They secured a key in some manner and walked out. Two were captured at Frontenac. The other six are still free.

REPUBLIC IN SIGHT.

Bjornson Predicts That Outcome Under Certain Probable Conditions.

Christiania, Aug. 17.—Discussing the maintenance of the forts on the Norwegian frontier, Bjornstjerne Bjornson said that he believed the forts would contribute to the security of Sweden, as, after dissolution, Norway and Sweden might assist each other in times of danger. He opposed the action of the storthing whereby Norway was put in the position of remaining a monarchy in order to appease the European monarchies, instead of being free to establish a republic. Despite the fact that a majority of the people favor a republic, the government has asked a prince of the house of Bernadotte to accept the throne. If he does not accept, it will make a similar offer to a Danish prince, and if Sweden prevents this plan from being carried out, said Mr. Bjornson, Norway will become a republic.

RIVAL WAR DEMON.

American Railroads' Death Total for Year 1904 is 10,046.

Washington, Aug. 17.—The annual report of the interstate commerce committee, giving the railroad statistics for the year 1904, shows that the total number of casualties to persons on railways in the United States was 94,201, of which 10,046 represented the number of persons killed and 84,155 the number injured. Of the persons killed 441 were passengers, and the number of wounded was 9,111, or one person killed out of every 1,622,267 carried, and one injured out of every 78,523 carried.

HOUSES WASHED AWAY.

Severe Storm in Farming District of West Virginia.

Huntington, W. Va., Aug. 17. — A record-breaking thunderstorm prevailed in this section during the night, five inches of rain falling in two and one-half hours, according to the record of the government observer. Bridges and culverts were washed out on the country roads and the railroads suffered from landslides. Growing crops were ruined and in many instances farm houses were washed away by the flood, their occupants barely escaping.

HANGED AT SCENE OF CRIME.

Negro Is Taken From Officers and Lynched.

Lake Cormorant, Miss., Aug. 17. — Henry Young, the negro who shot and killed Edward E. Perry on the Base plantation near here last Sunday, was taken from Sheriff Withers and a deputy last night and at the scene of his crime hanged by an armed mob. The negro confessed his guilt.

AMBITIOUS FILIPINOS.

Moro Inhabitants Want to Be Made a Separate Territory.

Manila, Aug. 17.—The chamber of commerce has petitioned the members of the Taft party that the Moro provinces be not controlled by the Philippines assembly, but should be created, through an act of congress, a territory of the United States.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Aug. 17. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.08; No. 2 Northern, $1.03 @1.06; No. 3, 97c@$1.02. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 52@53c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28@28 1-2c.

Minneapolis, Aug. 17.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.11; No. 1 Northern, $1.09; No. 2 Northern, $1.07@1.07 1-2. Oats—No. 3 white, 26c.

Duluth, Aug. 17. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.08; No. 2 Northern, $1; flax, $1.48; rye, 57c.

Chicago, Aug. 17. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 84@84 1-2c; No. 2 hard, 82 1-2@90 1-2c; No. 3 hard, 82 @ 87c; No. 1 Northern, $1.10@1.15; No. 2 Northern, $1.05@1.10. Corn—No. 2, 55 1-2@56c. Oats—No. 2, 25 1-2c.

Milwaukee, Aug. 17. — Wheat—No 1 Northern, $1.10@1.11; No. 2 Northern, $1.04@1.08. Rye — No. 1, 60@60 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 50c. Oats — Standard, 28@29c. Corn—No. 3, 55 1-2 @56 1-2c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Aug. 17.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.75 @ 5; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.25 @ 4; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.65; calves and yearlings, $2.50@3.50. Hogs—Bulk, $5.80@5.90.

Chicago, Aug. 17.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.25 @ 5.95; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.25; cows, $2.50@4.40; heifers, $2.20@4.80; calves, $3@7. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.10@6.20; bulk, $5.85@6.20. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $4.60@5; native lambs, $5.25@7.25; Western lambs, $5.75@7.

South St. Paul, Aug. 17. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4.50@5; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50 @ 4; butcher bulls, $2.75@3.50; veals, $2@4.50; good to choice stock steers, $2.50 @3.60; good to choice milch cows, $20 @35. Hogs—Range price, $5.60@5.95; bulk, $5.75@5.80. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $5@5.85; fair to good, $4@5; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice ewes, $3.75@4.40.

KLAWITTER WAS DROWNED.

Dead Body of Missing Contractor Found at La Crosse.

La Crosse, Wis., Aug. 17.—The body of William Klawitter, a well known contractor who mysteriously disappeared from a fishing party after complaining of feeling ill, has been found in a few feet of water near a bunch of willows. It is believed he was attacked with a fainting spell and fell into the water, being carried off in the swift current. He was fifty-two and an old resident.

TWELVE LIVES CRUSHED OUT

MASS OF LIMESTONE WEIGHING THOUSANDS OF TONS FALLS ON WORKMEN.

ONLY NINE MEN GET AWAY

TWENTY-SEVEN AT WORK IN QUARRY WHEN THE ACCIDENT HAPPENS.

WARNING IS MISUNDERSTOOD

MOURNING AND ANGUISH OF THE RELATIVES OF VICTIMS IS PITIABLE.

Allentown, Pa., Aug. 17.—A mass of limestone, weighing thousands of tons, slid from a side of the quarry of Mill A of the Lehigh Portland Cement company at Ormrod at noon yesterday, just five minutes before time to quit work. Twenty-seven men were at work in the quarry, which is a thousand feet long, 150 feet across and 100 feet deep. The heavy rains of the last two days had softened the earth and caused a slide of rock. Where the fallen mass slipped away a smooth, nearly perpendicular wall was left, rising sheer 100 feet above the bottom of the quarry, while the entire quarry floor was covered with broken, jagged rock. Only nine of the men got away safe, four of whom escaped by running up on a mass of rock at the opposite side of the quarry. The remaining eighteen were huddled in a space ten feet square.

Twelve Were Killed

and six injured. Two of the latter may die. All of the men are Slavonians who lived in shanties close to the quarry.

Two men who saw the side of the quarry quiver shouted a warning to the men. The men misinterpreted the calls and failed to move out of the zone of danger until it was too late. With a thunderous roar the mountain of rock fell, pinning the men fast.

All the men from the company's five neighboring quarries set to work at once to extricate the unfortunates, and at 5:30 got out the last live man. Eight bodies were recovered before dark, at which time two more were exposed to view and two others buried deep in the pit.

Most of the men killed or injured are single. Others had families in the old country. A number of women from the foreign colony ran to the quarry when the news of the accident reached them, and their moaning and anguish was pitiable.

THREE KILLED IN CRASH.

Fast Express Train Collides With a Trolley Car.

Cincinnati, Aug. 17. — Through the mistake or negligence of some one a fast running through express crashed into a Winten Place trolley car on the grade crossing at Mitchell avenue, Winten Place, a suburb of this city, and three people were killed and ten others injured. According to eye-witnesses of the wreck John Driscoll, the gate tender at the crossing, had let the gates down to allow a freight train to pass the crossing. The engine of the freight emitted heavy clouds of smoke, and after it passed the gate tender did not notice the passenger train bearing down at a high rate of speed toward the crossing. He raised the gate and gave the signal for the car to proceed across the tracks. With a frightful crash the engine struck the back part of the car and it was tossed a wreck in all directions.

SHOOTS HIS FATHER.

Thomas Higgins, a Chicago Man, Is Pursued by Posse.

Iowa City, Iowa, Aug. 17.—Thomas Higgins of Chicago shot his father, John Higgins, custodian of the court house here. The bullet entered the head under the eye and issued near the ear. The man will recover. The son fired several more shots but they went wild. He then fled down the Iowa river. A sheriff's posse is pursuing him. Domestic trouble is behind the attempted murder.

CORPSES IN FREIGHT CAR.

Bruised Bodies of Two Boys Arouse Suspicion.

Chicago, Aug. 17.—The Chicago police have been asked to look for the parents of two boys found dead in a freight car on the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroad at Watseca, Ill. It is believed the boys lived in Chicago. Some mystery surrounds the death of the boys. When found the bodies were bruised.

SIX KILLED IN COLLISION.

Six or Seven Others Receive Fatal Injuries.

San Bernardino, Cal., Aug. 17.—Six Mexican track laborers were killed and six or seven fatally injured as a result of a rear-end collision between a Santa Fe work train and an extra south-bound freight at Horseshoe Bend, twelve miles south of Corona. The work train crew had just finished work for the day and was preparing to run to San Bernardino when the freight crashed into the caboose.

CLAIM OUT FOR SILVER LEASE.

P. H. Smith Seeks to Intervene in State Suit.

Complications are arising in the litigation of the State of Minnesota against Mabel Evans, holder of the famous Virginia silver mineral lease, in which Attorney General E. T. Young will attack the validity of the state mineral lease law.

P. H. Smith of Superior, Wis., who claims to have applied for the lease before it was granted to Mabel Evans, has applied to the district court of St. Louis county for right to intervene in the suit. Judge Dibell of Duluth denied the application, and Smith served notice on Attorney General Young of an appeal to the state supreme court.

It is possible that the district court of St. Louis county will grant a stay of proceedings in the original suit, which was to come up for hearing Aug. 28, that the supreme court may act on the appeal of Smith before the case goes to trial at Duluth.

"I am not convinced yet whether the appeal of Smith will necessitate a postponement of the case at Duluth or not," said Attorney General Young. "There is some doubt whether the order of Judge Dibell is appealable. If it is not appealable, the supreme court will dismiss the case."

Smith asked to intervene in the case on the ground that the mineral lease should have been issued to him instead of to Mabel Evans. If the court allowed him to intervene he would be in the attitude of a person suing the state, and under the Constitution of the United States a state cannot be sued without its consent. On this ground Judge Dibell denied the application for permission to intervene.

To make the litigation still more complicated Smith has brought suit in the United States circuit court to compel the state to cancel the Mabel Evans lease and grant it to him. This case is pending in the circuit court for the district of Minnesota.

The entire litigation is watched with great interest for the reason that it involves the validity of state mineral leases on the Vermillion and Mesabe ranges.

WILL INSPECT EVERY FACTORY.

State Labor Bureau Will Make Thorough Inquiry.

Within the next few months practically every factory, workshop, and laundry in Minnesota will be visited by an inspector of the state labor bureau. The bureau has just begun its annual inspection, which will include an investigation of factory conditions in the smaller cities and villages immediately and an inspection of the establishments in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth later in the fall and in the winter.

The state has been divided into six districts, and an inspector has been placed in charge of each district. He will secure complete data regarding the number of men, women and children employed at the factories, whether they work nights and Sundays, the wages of each class of workers, whether the machinery has the safeguards required by law, whether the factory is kept in sanitary condition and much information regarding the comfort and well-being of the employes.

Popular State Fair Offering.

Increased interest is centered in the Minnesota State Fair this year through the booking of Klaw & Erlanger's stupendous and picturesque production of Gen. Lew Wallace's impressive romance "Ben Hur" at St. Paul the week of Aug. 28 and in Minneapolis the week of Sept. 4, by Manager L. N. Scott. "Ben Hur" has been presented in the Twin Cities on two former occasions, and the big Metropolitan theaters were found entirely too small to accommodate the thousands who clamored for admission. It will be advisable, therefore, for those who intend witnessing it this time to order their seats through the mail well in advance.

"Ben Hur" is a drama that can be seen many times with ever increasing interest, so captivating is its story. It is not solely an amusement—it is an instruction. It translates into the Twentieth century a fragment of the romantic life of the old world, and treats of a period pregnant with events which have influenced and shaped, to a great extent, the entire subsequent history of the human race.

George A. Pitman, a young farmer of Kilkenny, was arraigned before Court Commissioner Eberhart at Mankato charged with an attempt to bribe a rural carrier examining board by offering it $25 to get a mail route for him. He waived examination and was bound over to the United States grand jury on Oct. 24, and released on a $500 bond.

Frank Cable, while feeding some corundum ore into a crusher at the Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing company's plant, at Crystal Bay, had his left hand caught by the jaws of the machine, crushing that member to a pulp. He is at the Budd hospital at Two Harbors.

The five-year-old son of Edward Carlson, foreman for Winston Brothers & Dear, stripping contractors, was fatally scalded in a vat of boiling water at the bathroom of the Mahoning mine near Hibbing.

Disenchantment After Marriage.

"Did Chumpleigh marry the widow that he couldn't live without?"

"Yes, and now he's wondering how her first husband managed to live with her."

WOMEN AS POLE HUNTERS.

Need Less Oxygen Than Men and Already Have Cold Feet.

Thre women are going with Peary on his polar exploration trip. But they are only booked for a part of the way. When the real difficulties may be expected they will turn back to warmth and civilization.

This is disappointing. If women want to put a stop to such accusations as that recently made by Labouchere, that they cannot fight and therefore should not vote, they ought not to back out of such expeditions as that of Peary.

By nature, women are adapted to discovering the poles. The scientists tell us that women breathe with the upper part of their lungs and need less oxygen than men. That is why they can stand corsets and keep warm in diaphanous garments when a man wants a summer overcoat. That is why they are so partial to ices. That is why they seldom complain of cold feet after tripping through the slush in slippers. What is needed, in order to speedily find the North pole, is an expedition whose members won't get cold feet.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Gratitude Well Expressed.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Aug. 14th.—Mr. C. L. Smith, painter and decorator, whose home is at 309 Anne street, this city, makes the following statement:

"I was laid up with some kind of pains. Some said it was Lumbago, other Sciatica and others again Rheumatism. A few of my friends suggested that it was lead poison, but whatever it was it gave me a great deal of pain; in fact, almost completely crippled me. I had to use two canes to walk about, and even then it was a very painful task.

"A friend advised me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills and I began the treatment. After I had used the first box I was able to throw away one of the canes and was considerably improved. The second box straightened me up so that I could go about free from pain without any assistance, and very soon after I was completely cured, well and happy, without a pain or an ache. Dodd's Kidney Pills seemed to go right to the spot in my case and they will always have my greatest praise."

The little girl who picks her doll to pieces will do the same for her female acquaintances later on.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—John F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

A Battle of Wits.

Tom Sheridan and his father had many a passage of wit. One night, as they were supping together, just when Tom expected to get into parliament, the latter remarked:

"I think, father, that many men who are thought to be great patriots in the house of commons are great humbugs. For my own part, if I get into parliament I will pledge myself to no party, but write upon my forehead, in legible characters 'To be let.'"

"And under that, Tom," replied the elder Sheridan, "write 'Unfurnished.'"

Tom took the joke, but soon repaid it.

Mr. Sheridan, senior, had a cottage bordering on Hounslow Heath. Tom one day asked his father for a supply of cash.

"Money I have none," was the reply.

"But money I must have," said Tom.

"If that be the case," said the affectionate parent, "you will find a case of loaded pistols upstairs and a horse ready saddled in the stables. The night is dark and you are within half a mile of Hounslow Heath."

"I understand what you mean," said Tom, "but I tried that last night. I unluckily stopped Peake, your treasurer, who told me that you had been beforehand with him, and had robbed him of every sixpence in the world."

HEART RIGHT

When He Quit Coffee.

Life Insurance Companies will not insure a man suffering from heart trouble. The reason is obvious.

This is a serious matter to the husband or father who is solicitous for the future of his dear ones. Often the heart trouble is caused by an unexpected thing and can be corrected if taken in time and properly treated. A man in Colorado writes:

"I was a great coffee drinker for many years, and was not aware of the injurious effects of the habit till I became a practical invalid, suffering from heart trouble, indigestion and nervousness to an extent that made me wretchedly miserable myself and a nuisance to those who witnessed my sufferings.

"I continued to drink Coffee, however, not suspecting that it was the cause of my ill-health, till, on applying for life insurance I was rejected on account of the trouble with my heart. Then I became alarmed. I found that leaving off coffee helped me quickly, so I quit it altogether and having been attracted by the advertisements of Postum Food Coffee I began its use.

"The change in my condition was remarkable, and it was not long till I was completely cured. All my ailments vanished. My digestion was completely restored, my nervousness disappeared, and, most important of all, my heart steadied down and became normal, and on a second examination I was accepted by the life insurance Co. Quitting Coffee and using Postum worked the cure." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason, and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

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H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn, as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, August 19, 1905.

The life insurance companies are making frantic efforts to regain their old business but the majority of the people will demand lower rates and better methods before they again freely invest.

Peace negotiations at Portsmouth are not progressing as favorable as was expected. The Japs evidently want everything in sight and the Russians are not disposed to be generous. Many predict that the conference will end in a failure.

Red Lake Courier: It is rumored that John Eastman, editor of the Thief River Falls News, will announce himself soon as a candidate for the Republican nomination for representative from this district. John has many friends in this section and, will no doubt make a strong fight for the place.

The St. Hilaire creamery is again entitled to congratulations for their excellent showing for July. In amount of butter made and price paid we have the best creamery in northern Minnesota. It is bringing our farmers out of their financial troubles and is making our land valuable. May it continue to grow and prosper.

For the past year or more a number of our exchanges have been so solicitous of our welfare as to repeatedly urge that the SPECTATOR editor get married. It is with pleasure that we are now able to state that their solicitations and good advice have not been altogether in vain, and we take pleasure in making the announcement that the SPECTATOR'S foreman, Arthur F. Ittner, will heed the advice and will be married next Monday to Miss Christine Torreson.

Howard Lake Herald: The man who is possessor of a piece of land has the game in his own hands. There is no promoter or stock gambler who can jeopardize his investment. Where it is purchased with judgment, land is worth the money paid for it and it is bound to increase in value. It cannot be destroyed or carried away. It requires only industry to make it profitable and productive. It constitutes a source of independence in any condition of the money market and amid all mutations of speculative enterprise.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: A certain Thief River citizen made the statement the other day that Thief River Falls would have a candidate for every office on the ticket next year, from state senator down to coroner. Asked what he thought the rest of the county would say to such a move, he said that the people up there didn't care a snap what the rest of the county thought, as they had votes enough there to carry the election any way they wanted to. This may be a good plan for the up-river town to pursue but it would seem that the people generally would have a little say in the matter and would resent the attempt of the up-river crowd to be the whole business.

Roseau Region: Minnesota is a great state. The northern section of Minnesota is, to our mind, the most prolific of wealth in its many and varied natural resources. We are led to think so from our observations while on a tour to Duluth and the Iron Range country tributary to that city. We have believed the northern part of the state to be a veritable mine of wealth in agriculture, mining, lumbering and other things, but a visit to the great mining and lumbering districts of St. Louis, Itasca and Cass counties opened our eyes. We are more contented than ever to be a unit among the two million people of Minnesota, and well satisfied that in northern Minnesota the state has unlimited wealth, which it will some day realize to a far greater extent than is yet realized.

Chicago Record-Herald: An Iowa judge has issued an injunction restraining a young man from courting a girl. Some day some judge will get mad and issue an injunction restraining women from having any but boy babies, and then there will be an uprising, after which this injunction business will be re-established on a new basis.

Not What the Lawyers Wanted.

"Lawyers have some queer experiences," said the judge. "One of them was telling of a case heard before me. A young man had been arrested for larceny, and he sent for this lawyer.

"The young fellow told the attorney that he was innocent, but that he had no friends in the city and no money. His mother, however, was in fair circumstances, and he knew that she would help him. What he wanted the lawyer to do was to defend him and also send a telegram to his mother telling of his fix and asking for aid. The lawyer agreed to this and made such a good defense that the young man was acquitted.

"He and the attorney went direct to the telegraph office to which the message had been ordered sent and found it. The young man was so grateful to the lawyer that he handed him the unopened envelope, telling him that he must take all the money ◆ his mother had telegraphed him. The lawyer tore open the yellow cover, and his eyes were greeted with these words:

"Put your trust in God. I am praying for you. MOTHER."

"Aging" a Rug.

A good deal of fraud is practiced in selling antique "Kazaks," "Daghestans" and similar rugs, for there are hardly any of these which are more than fifteen years old. They are "aged" artificially, but you must understand nevertheless that these rugs are well made of the very finest wools, and the native dyes used are pure and good. When they have been made they are lent in the village to "the butcher, the baker and the candlestick maker"—to any one, in fact, in whose house there is plenty of traffic. Here the carpets are trampled upon and made to look old. They are afterward washed in a running stream and then dried in the sun. And by these means the rugs get an antique complexion and a certain gloss which are much appreciated. What may be called a genuine "antique" is thus manufactured and sold in the bazaar for ten times or twenty times the price for which it could be bought in London.—Constantinople Letter.

A Poor Man of Mutton.

A "poor man of mutton" is a term applied to a shoulder of mutton in Scotland after it has been served as a roast at dinner and appears as a broiled bone at supper or at the dinner next day. One of the former earls of B., popularly known as "Old Rag," was indisposed at a hotel in London. When one morning the landlord came to enumerate the good things in his larder and to prevail on his guest to eat something, his lordship replied, "Landlord, I think I could eat a morsel of a poor man." This, together with the extremely unprepossessing appearance of his lordship's countenance, is said to have so terrified poor Boniface that he fled incontinently from the room and tumbled headlong downstairs.

Names of Guns on Men-of-war.

"In the olden days," remarked a veteran sea captain the other day, "the custom obtained of giving names to the guns on men-of-war.

"In the case of the United States frigate Chesapeake the principal guns bore distinctive names, as follows: Brother Jonathan, True Blue, Yankee Protection, Putnam, Raging Eagle, Viper, General Warren, Mad Anthony, America, Washington, Liberty Forever, Dreadnaught, Defiance, Liberty or Death, United Tars, Jumping Billy, Rattler, Bulldog, Spitfire, Nancy Dawson, Revenge, Bunker's Hill, Pocahontas, Towser, Willful Murder. These names were engraved on small squares of copper plate."—Washington Star.

Sincerity is the face of the soul, as dissimulation is the mask.—Dubay.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

tf G. H. SANDUM.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Hamm's
The Best Beer
Supplied by Adonis Everywhere, or
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
SAINT PAUL, MINN.

The Duck and The Orator.

Some day, my child, I will take you out into the wide, green country and show you a young Pekin duck. He is an active little tyke, is the Pekin duckling, even when he doesn't date back farther than day before yesterday. When it comes to swimming he is a sight reader, and he is more destructive to tender grass than a young Nebuchadnezzar. But unfortunately he is so constructed and flat of back that if by any chance he gets turned wrong side up he cannot turn over again unaided, and unless help comes he lies there and paddles the air with his little feet until he fans himself to death. He is cheerful about it, though, and makes no outcry, apparently thinking that because his legs are working he is swimming along according to Hoyle.

My child, a little duck on his back and the average after dinner orator on his feet are both deserving of the sympathy which we should be ever ready to bestow on the unfortunate, and therefore we should sign all petitions that are presented to us looking to the establishment of a commission to turn little ducks over and loquacious gentlemen down in the hope that if they are prevented from paddling and gabbling themselves to death they may be of some use hereafter.—Tom Watson's Magazine.

Heredity Mysteries.

"If there is much virtue in the doctrine of inherited qualities, why is there such a vast difference, as we see in a multitude of instances, between brothers or between sisters?" said an observer of men and things. "Years ago I began to make a study of this matter, and I have a book at home filled with cases bearing on fraternal disparities. I know of a learned jurist, and a most excellent man from every point of view, who has a brother in the penitentiary. I knew of a family of six brothers, three of whom were men of the highest social and business standing, while the other three were knaves and vagabonds, outcasts from society. They had the same father and mother, the same moral and intellectual training. Whence the difference? I know of two sisters, one of whom is an angel and the other a totally depraved creature. Inherited qualities often exist and are influential in the formation of character, but the law of their transmission is wholly uncertain."—Washington Post.

Motley's First London Dinner.

When Mr. Motley, the historian, was American minister to London he had trouble at his first dinner party. Mr. Leveson-Gower says: "At that time couples were sent in to dinner in pairs, but nobody's place was fixed. Unfortunately the Turkish ambassador was allotted to Lady Waldegrave, who did not care to have him as her neighbor. She consequently told him that his place was at the other side of the table. He, with oriental politeness, did as she bade him and sat down opposite to her. This upset the whole arrangement. The couples wandered about the room like sheep that were being driven out of a field. Mr. Motley, who had every merit except a good temper, went into a passion, and I nearly died of laughing."

The Dance of the Gods.

At the great festival of the New Year held in Lassa the "dance of the gods" is performed in the presence of the grand lama. A long cable of twisted leather thongs is stretched from a high point in the battlements of the lama's palace to the plain below, and two men slide from top to bottom, lying on their chests and spreading out their arms as if to swim. The tremendous rapidity of the descent is frequently fatal to the dancers, but there are never wanting fanatics who will undertake it in the hope of a happy transmigration or adventurers attracted by the value of the reward offered by the court.

Father of Electric Railways.

The honor of first suggesting an electric railway must be accorded to Thomas Davenport of Brandon, Vt., blacksmith and electrician, inventor and scientist. In 1834 he ran a toy motor mounted on wheels on a small circular railway, and a year later he exhibited it at Springfield and at Boston. Then it gave up the ghost, and for more than twoscore years various inventors, in utter ignorance of the principles of the modern dynamo and with no source of power except the zinc burning primary battery, labored with small reward.—Century.

Proving His Love.

Bride—I know you don't l-love me! Groom—Why, child, what makes you say that? Bride—Because you're not jealous. Why, Mayme Gray's been married nearly a year, and her husband's so jealous that he's shot at her twice and tried to kill himself three times!

Garibaldi's Ashes.

It is generally known that Garibaldi left directions in his will for the cremation of his body and that through the intermediary of the Italian government his wishes were overruled. Few, however, are probably aware of the minutiae of detail into which Garibaldi entered upon the subject or of the extent of self consciousness which is evident at every line of the direction. "Facing the sea you shall erect a pyre two meters high, built of acacia wood, myrtle and other aromatic trees and plants growing at Caprera. On this lay a sheet of iron, on which shall be placed my body, dressed in the red shirt. A handful of the ashes place near the coffins of my daughters Rosa and Anita." The rest were to be blown away by the wind as seeds of liberty for other parts of the world.—London Globe.

Fall Meetings, Merchant's Excursions to Duluth.

On account of the fall meetings of the Merchant's Association to be held at Duluth, August 17 to 24, August 31 to September 7, and October 26 to November 2, the Great Northern Railway is making reduced rates. This will enable you to see the city at the head of the Great Lakes, view the immense grain elevators, the aerial bridge, the coal docks and other places of interest at the head of the famous inland sea. For rates and detailed information, call on your local agent.

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A foe of the Trust
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A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.
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(SECOND HAND STORE.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
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Memphis, Tenn.	Nashville, Tenn.
Cincinnati, Ohio.	Atlanta, Ga.
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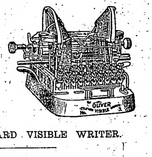

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Apply to.....
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ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

I have a line of the Stillwater, Minn., and Grand Forks, N. D. Woolen Mills'
MACKINAW PANTS AND WOOLEN UNDERWEAR
WHICH ARE HERE FOR YOUR INSPECTION.

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AT PRICES AS CHEAP AS POSSIBLE

DRESS GOODS
Fit to wear at any time of the year, will be sold at cost

Come and see what is what, and see for yourself what you can get for your money.
You can buy at The Farmers' Store as cheap as at either St. Paul or Chicago.

I PAY CASH FOR HIDES AND WOOL
BUTTER AND EGGS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE
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GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
"The Comfortable Way"

TIME TABLE

Arrival and departure of trains at St. Hilaire.

PASSENGER

8:00 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
9:25 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
9:55 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
10:20 am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30 pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10 am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN, Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hanson
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. DUNTLEY, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

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Agency for
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Smoke Lagora Cigars. 830

Rev. Barker was a Thief River Falls visitor last Monday.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Eugene Bray made a business trip to Crookston the first of this week.

Pat Sullivan, the Grand Forks river foreman, was here last Thursday.

Miss Huldah C. Gigstad is visiting with relatives at Erskine this week.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Chas. Fellman spent a couple of days out on his reservation claim this week.

A lot of new furniture for the schools arrived this week and is being put in place.

A Gaar-Scott threshing rig was unloaded here this week for parties east of here.

Ten tons of butter in one month is not a bad showing for the St. Hilaire creamery.

S. A. Swanson, the Red Lake Falls machine man, was doing business here last Tuesday.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Mrs. O. F. Post returned last Monday from Crookston where she spent several days visiting friends.

Rev. Alex Sand returned yesterday from Kenmare, N. D., where he has visited for several days.

W. A. Arthur and wife and Wm. Maynard and wife drove up to Thief River Falls last Sunday.

Morgan R. Hussey, the Crookston real estate man was looking over some real estate here last Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Kenney made a short trip to Minneapolis last Tuesday evening, returning yesterday.

Don't fail to look over the big ad. of Henry Goergen in this issue. It will pay you to read what he has to say.

Miss Alice Hall returned last Wednesday from Crookston, where she has been visiting for the past two weeks.

They say there was a performing bear at the train Thursday night. For further particulars you might inquire of Leonard Holmes.

The country roads are about the worst they have been this year and a large number of farmers are coming to town on horseback.

Mrs. Wm. Maynard, who has been visiting with her husband for the past month, returned last Thursday to her home in Minneapolis.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Call at the Corner Saloon (No. 488) and try a bottle of the famous "Natural Process" bottled beer, known throughout America as the $1,000 beer.

Wm. Hines, the man who was going to start a Zion city in Beltrami county last winter, is now confined in an insane asylum at Tacoma, Washington.

It will wash and not rub off
This complexion all envy me,
It's no secret so I'll tell
Take thou Rocky Mountain Tea.
—Imperial Drug Co.

The game wardens are getting busy these days trying to prevent chicken-hunting before the season. Wet weather and bad roads however are doing more to keep the hunters at home.

The sidewalk that the Great Northern is responsible for between the depot and town is about the muddiest place in town. There are cinders underneath but on the surface it is pure mud.

Crookston Journal (Tuesday): Dr. Pleth and wife left this morning for Duluth where they expect to be for a time. While away the doctor will develop his skill as a fisherman. The doctor's arduous duties here demanded the rest and he expects to return to the city thoroughly recuperated in health to assume his professional duties.

A payment of $25,000 will be made at Red Lake some time early in September, no definite date having been set as yet. The payment will be one of a series which is being made to the Indians for the dead and down timber which has been logged on the reservation under the administration of Major Scott.

For refreshments call at Number 488.

It was dry in town last Sunday, extremely dry, and about the only resort that was working was the village well and it did a big business.

Mrs. F. C. Grace and daughter, who have been visiting G. B. Grace for the past month, returned last Monday to their home at Davenport, Iowa.

We have not been receiving any favors from the weather lately. While we have a good crop in sight, unless we have a radical change in the weather it will be almost impossible to harvest it.

A. R. Jones came home last Saturday for a short visit with his family. He has been working building elevators along the Soo line and will buy wheat this fall at Rollette, N. D., a new station on the Soo.

Last Wednesday morning at Plummer fire destroyed the harness shop and dwelling of A. J. Reibe and the meat market and dwelling of A. J. Rothsten. The fire was started by a lamp exploding.

H.D. Pettibone came up over the Soo last Sunday morning, driving down from Thief River Falls. He spent a couple of days with his family, returning on Tuesday. He is located at present at Chicago.

Five of the J. R. girls enjoyed a marsh mellow roast in the picnic grounds last Sunday. While in the midst of their fun three hooligans, who happened to be J. R. boys, came and helped enjoy the roast.

If you are troubled with dizzy spells, headache, indigestion, constipation, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well and keep you well. If it fails, get your money back. That's fair. 35 cents. —Imperial Drug Co.

Orders have been coming in thick and fast at the planer lately and they are now working a twelve hour shift. The planer crew and some of the teamsters now start at work at six o'clock in the morning and work until seven at night.

The striking telegraphers on the Great Northern and Northern Pacific seem to have the losing side of the battle at present. Many of them have returned to work and new men have been put on. The railroads are now running their trains on time.

Button's Business College, Crookston and Wadena, Minn., will take you through a complete business and short hand course and allow you to pay your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after we secure you a situation. Fall term begins Sept. 4th. Send for catalog.

A crew of Great Northern carpenters are at work this week lowering the depot and platform. This was one of the few high platforms on the line, being about four feet higher than the track. Both platform and depot will be lowered to be only one foot above the tracks.

The salary of the Probate Judge of Red Lake county was raised recently, the new amount being allowed from July 1st. The recent census returns entitled Judge Tarrant to an increase of salary and he is receiving the congratulations of his numerous friends.—Red Lake Courier.

The creamery statement for July is not out yet but enough has been finished to know that it will compare favorably with the June statement. About twenty thousand pounds of butter was made and they will pay twenty cents a pound for butter fat. Considering that some of the creameries in this part of the state only pay seventeen cents, the creamery officials can well be proud of this record.

Dear Gus:—I have solved the mother in-law problem; just give her regularly Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It will make her healthy, happy and docile as a lamb. 35 cents, tea or tablets.
—Imperial Drug Co.

Norman County Index: Inspector Joel G. Winkjer brought complaint against a creamery patron at Twin Valley, Minn., one day last week and was fined $25 and costs for delivering stale cream to a creamery. This sort of education will materially assist in solving the bad cream problem. Let the good work proceed.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: A party of St. Hilaire people drove down from that place Saturday evening to attend the social dance held in the K. of P. hall that evening. The following people composed the party: Misses Hannay, Grace, Cotton, Pettibone, Mrs. Pettibone, Mrs. Jens Nelson and Messrs. Jens Nelson, Hannay, Pettibone and Grace.

Thief River Falls News: John G. Ballard, who formerly had charge of the lumber sales for the Thief River Falls Lumber company, but is now engaged in the retail business, having a line of yards at different points in the northwest, was in the city last Saturday visiting old friends. He was on his way home to Minneapolis from a trip to the Pacific coast, where he had been looking after business affairs.

An eclipse of the sun which will be nearly total here, is scheduled to occur on Aug. 30, the sun rising eclipsed. The eclipse will be total at Winnipeg, and will appear as a partial eclipse over the greater part of North America, and a little later over portions of Europe, Asia and Africa. Astronomers are making great preparations to observe it, as total eclipses are very rare occurrences. There has been no total eclipse of the sun visible in the British Isles since 1720 and there will be none until 1927.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Wylie on War Path.

Crookston Times (Wednesday): From a reliable source it is learned this afternoon that the farmers in the vicinity of Wylie and the business men of Wylie are raising funds by the circulation of a subscription list for the purpose of endeavoring to compel the Great Northern to continue train service on the Wylie line.

It will be remembered that some months ago the Great Northern discontinued passenger service to Wylie and sent its trains through Red Lake Falls and Greenbush via Tilden and the Northern Pacific. The change in conditions was a great blow to Wylie as the train service since that time has been of the freight variety and very irregular, according to people from that place. A session of the railroad and warehouse commission was held here to discuss the matter last spring but no change in the railroad's plans resulted.

A thousand dollars or more will be raised to pay attorney's fees in the action against the company, according to the reading on the lists which are being circulated and literally signed. Congressman Steenerson of this city it is said is to be retained to fight the case for the farmers and people of Wylie. Mr. Steenerson is out of the city, being away on his summer vacation in the west and no news of a definite nature in regard to the proceedings to be taken is available from his office. The information relative to the lists and subscriptions however comes direct from Wylie.

The people of Wylie held a mass meeting last Thursday and elected Peter Hansel, J. G. Prior and C. B. Cruzen a committee to go to St. Paul and lay their grievances before the state railroad and warehouse commissioners. The committee were here Thursday afternoon and state that the town and country are greatly excited over the later developments. It seems that orders have been issued to tear down the two elevators and that the work will commence in a few days. It is stated that Romsos Bros., who conduct a general merchandise store, and Leppert Bros., who run a hardware store, have made a settlement with the Great Northern and will move to North Dakota. The other business men at Wylie and a number of farmers in the surrounding country now propose to fight, and the sending of the committee to St. Paul is the first gun in the campaign. One hundred farmers and business men will each contribute ten dollars to start the ball rolling and it is intimated that an action will be brought in the courts at once.

Council Proceedings.

Special meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held at the village hall Aug. 14, 1905, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the president.

All members present except Duntley.

The president stated that the object of the meeting was to accept the contract for fixing the bridge.

Motion made, seconded and carried that the contract for fixing the bridge be accepted and the recorder was instructed to issue order for same.

On motion it was ordered to have two signs painted and hung on the bridge, stating that there is a fine of $10.00 for riding or driving on this bridge faster than a walk.

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'BRIEN,
President.

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Recorder.

Editors Will Cruise on Flagship.

Edin Halden, of Duluth, writes the executive committee of the Minnesota Editorial association that "Our own gunboat, the Fern, turned over by the United States government to the Minnesota National Guard, will arrive at Duluth from Newport News Saturday afternoon, and Commander Guy Eaton will christen the boat with an excursion about Duluth harbor Sunday afternoon for the Minnesota editors. It is Minnesota's own man-of-war, manned by Minnesota boys, waiting for a chance to entertain the editors." Governor John A. Johnson and Adjutant General Wood will go to Duluth Saturday to enjoy the Sunday trip on the Fern.

Railroad Tracks Creep.

The rails on a track that appears to be well laid often begin to move lengthwise, so slowly that their motion is imperceptible, until its results have accumulated, but with such great force that nothing will stop it. The onward movement of the rail tears up spikes and shears off steel bolts. The motion is always in the direction of traffic and is due to the moving trains. To prevent this is still a question unanswered, but golden grain belt beer will prevent ill health. Get a case for home use. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Old Case in Court Again.

Thief River Falls News: Papers have been filed in the district court this week in a suit brought by F. A. Grady, of Red Lake Falls, against Frank H. Kratka, John Morgan, James Martin, Andy Erickson, George Williams and Robert Sathern. The suit is $500.00, alleged attorney's fees, for defending Mr. Kratka in the election contest case against him by Ira C. Richardson for the mayorship of Thief River Falls some two years ago. Kratka refused to fight the case at first, but later on Grady was hired, but, it is claimed, he was to have nothing unless he won the case.

A New Line of Shoes.

Henry Goergen has just received a full and complete line of ladies', boys' and gentlemen's shoes. Call and look them over.

Go to L. M. Rolland & Sons for flour. We sell the "Mascot."

Sabbath School Institute at Red Lake Falls.

A two days convention of Sabbath school teachers and officers will be held in the Presbyterian church at Red Lake Falls on August 30th and 31st. This gathering will be in charge of two of the leading experts in this work in the northwest, Mr. John Orchard, of Fargo, the general secretary of the North Dakota Sabbath School association, and Mrs. Jean E. Hobart, of Minneapolis, the primary secretary of the Minnesota State association. They are constantly engaged in this institute work in Minnesota and the Dakotas. They will be present through the entire session and will be assisted by local workers.

This will be the first meeting of this character ever held in Red Lake county. It is a union gathering of all denominations—Lutheran, Methodist, Presbyterian and all others represented in the county. A cordial invitation is extended to Sabbath school workers in adjoining counties to take advantage of this training school for religious work. Entertainment will be provided for all who come to attend this gathering.

A provisional program is printed below, which may be slightly changed, as it has not been possible to communicate with all the local workers in advance.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 30:

FORENOON—		
9:30	Prayer and Praise Service	L. C. Simons
10:00	Basic Principles of Sunday School Work	John Orchard
10:30	The Cradle Roll	Mrs. Jean E. Hobart
11:00	"Decision Day"	D. K. Daurie
11:30	Grading the School	Mr. Orchard
AFTERNOON—		
2:30	Bible study and Prayer.	
3:00	The Primary Work	Mrs. Hobart
3:30	Talk to Children	Mr. Orchard
4:00	A Primary Lesson	Mrs. Hobart
4:30	Relation of Sunday School to Church	Rev. Flesher
EVENING—		
7:30	Song Service	Albert Nauman
8:00	God's Boys and Girls	Mrs. Hobart
8:30	The Value of a Child	Mr. Orchard

THURSDAY, AUGUST 31.

FORENOON—		
9:30	Bible Study and Prayer	Rev. Barker
10:00	Art of Questioning	Mrs. Hobart
10:30	Next Sunday's Lesson	Mr. Orchard
11:00	Blackboard Work	Mrs. Hobart
11:30	Teacher Training	Mr. Orchard
AFTERNOON—		
2:30	Bible Study and Prayer	Rev. Flesher
3:00	Sunday School Management	Mr. Orchard
3:30	Primary Work in Country Sunday Schools	Mrs. Hobart
4:00	Organization for Evangelization	Mr. Orchard
4:30	Sabbath School Missionary Work	D. K. Daurie

NOTE.—Those planning to attend will please send their names at once to Rev. H. W. Knox, Red Lake Falls.

Marion Harland.

A very interesting feature of the Sunday edition of the Chicago Record-Herald and one looked for by every woman reader of that paper is the page devoted to Marion Harland. Under the heading "The Housewives' Exchange" queries and answers appear on subjects which conscientious housewives enjoy discussing. Wholesome advice is given about the care of children and how to make a home beautiful and attractive.

On the same page are also to be found some of Marion Harland's famous recipes. She is considered an authority on this subject, many people making it a practice to preserve her recipes whenever they are published.

A word about Marion Harland herself. Thousands of people who have read her articles are desirous of knowing more about her. Her real name is Mary Virginia Terhune. She was born in Amelia county, Virginia, Dec. 21, 1831; received a good education; began to write for the press at 14, and in 1856 married Rev. Edward Payson Terhune. Besides writing for the press, she is the author of a large number of books. She has a summer home called Sunnybrook, at Pompton, N.J., but at present is living in New York City.

Don't Put It in the Paper.

The Dodge Center Star is worried by people who want the editor to "cut it out." Some one recently offered to double his subscription if only the editor would leave out the base ball news. Another party complained that it was waste of time to report sermons even in brief. Still another, who had no sympathy for the ladies, threatened to stop the paper if "Society News" were not curtailed. "A Sanctimonious looking cadaver came up to the editor's desk," says the Star, "and wanted to know if we did not know that we were injuring the morality of the town when we published elopments, criminal assault, etc." Another did not care for "corn cob" locals. He didn't care whether Tom Smith lost a pig yesterday or whether Mary Jones called on neighbor Severson." What he wanted was to have more about the Pope. And so it went on. About the only way you can satisfy the people is to do as the St. Paul Globe did the other day and decently quit.—Princeton Union.

The Red Lake Falls visitors to the Thief River Fair returned home Friday and Saturday well pleased with the time they had had, and pronounced the fair the best that has been held in the county. The horse races were exceptionally good, and the amusement features were better than formerly. The general opinion was, however, that the Thief River authorities allowed too many grafters to work in and about the city and at the grounds, the visitors saying that anywhere you went skin games of all descriptions were encountered. This is not a desirable feature to the average person and if Thief River Falls wants their future fairs to be successful they should make it a point to cut out this part of the show.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

The Pedestal of Honor

is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.

Ladies' Shoes

like ours are not to be found in every store.

RAPP &
POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

HAIL INSURANCE

Do you want to insure your crops against Hail in a first class Company that always pay their losses promptly? If you do, call and see us in regard to a policy in the old and reliable St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Company.

When you buy Insurance get the best

H. E. IVES, Agent, ST. HILAIRE
Minnesota

Everyday Bargains
at
E. M. HOFF'S

Granulated Sugar, 16 lbs for	$1	Evaporated Apples, fancy 3 pounds for	25c
Coffees, good as ever, 15c per pound to	40c	A good Corn, three cans for	25c
Teas, extra value, 20c, 35c and	50c	A good Tomato, 3 cans for	25c
A good size and quality Prunes per pound	4c	Small size Sour Pickles, per gallon	30c
Large size and quality Prunes per pound	6c	Sweet Pickles, very nice, per quart	12½c
Extra size and quality Prunes per pound	8c	Rolled Oats, five-pound package	15c
Rice, extra good value, 28 pounds for	$1	Full Cream Cheese, per pound	13c
Tapioca, 6 pounds for	25c	Full Cream Brick Cheese per pound	15c
Sage, 6 pounds for	25c	Soaps, good, forty bars for	$1

We carry a full and complete line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Shoes of the best quality, also a big line of plain and fancy Dry Goods. We are here 365 days in the year, aim to please, will correct all errors and exchange all goods that do not please.

Name Your Route East

In purchasing your ticket East, if you care for an excellence in service and equipment, not obtainable elsewhere, name your route

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul
Railway

No additional charge to ride on the Pioneer Limited or the Fast Mail, the two most popular trains between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago. But it is necessary to name your route.

W. B. DIXON
Northwestern Passenger Agent
365 Robert Street, St. Paul.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, - - - MINNESOTA

AMERICA'S BRIGHTEST WOMAN.

Mary E. Lease Feels It Her Duty to Recommend Doan's Kidney Pills.

Mary E. Lease, formerly political leader and orator of Kansas, now author and lecturer—the only woman ever voted on for United States Senator, writes:

Dear Sirs: As many of my friends have used Doan's Kidney Pills and have been cured of bladder and kidney troubles, I feel it my duty to recommend the medicine to those who suffer from such diseases. From personal experience I thoroughly endorse your remedy, and am glad of the opportunity for saying so.

Yours truly,
(Signed) MARY ELIZABETH LEASE.

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sold by all dealers. Price, 50 cents per box.

Of Doubtful Voice.

Hostess—Mr. Sinnick, can't you induce Miss Screechly, over yonder, to oblige us with a song?

Sinnick—I can, but I'm afraid that after you've hear her you won't think she's obliged you.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 and 912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: William Brueske, Wimbledon, N. D., whiffletree hook; Oliver Crosby, St. Paul, lubricating device; Gustavus Duncan, Deadwood, S. D., filtering cell; Charles Higgins, Aberdeen, S. D., milk pail attachment; Nels Lofstan, Detroit City, Minn., vegetable sacking device; John L. McKay, Minneapolis, Minn., cigar holder; William Smith, LaCrescent, Minn., snatch block.

In a Roundabout Way.

"Did you ever spend any money on champagne suppers?"

"Well, I'm insured in the Equitable."—Houston Post.

What to Do if Constipated.

Summer Bowel and Stomach Trouble.

Q. What is the beginning of sickness?

A. Constipation.

Q. What is Constipation?

A. Failure of the bowels to carry off the waste matter which lies in the alimentary canal where it decays and poisons the entire system. Eventually the results are death under the name of some other disease. Note the deaths from typhoid fever and appendicitis, stomach and bowel trouble at the present time.

Q. What causes Constipation?

A. Neglect to respond to the call of nature promptly. Lack of exercise. Excessive brain work. Mental emotion and improper diet.

Q. What are the results of neglected Constipation?

A. Constipation causes more suffering than any other disease. It causes rheumatism, colds, fevers, stomach, bowel, kidney, lung and heart troubles, etc. It is the one disease that starts all others. Indigestion, dyspepsia, diarrhea, loss of sleep and strength are its symptoms—piles, appendicitis and fistula, are caused by Constipation. Its consequences are known to all physicians, but few sufferers realize their condition until it is too late. Women become confirmed invalids as a result of Constipation.

Q. Do physicians recognize this?

A. Yes. The first question your doctor asks you is "are you constipated?" That is the secret.

Q. Can it be cured?

A. Yes, with proper treatment. The common error is to resort to physics, such as pills, salts, mineral water, castor oil, injections, etc., every one of which is injurious. They weaken and increase the malady. You know this by your own experience.

Q. What then should be done to cure it?

A. Use the free coupon below at once. Mull's Grape Tonic will positively cure Constipation and in the shortest space of time. No other remedy has before been known to cure Constipation positively and permanently.

Q. What is Mull's Grape Tonic?

A. It is a Grape Compound that exerts a peculiar healing influence upon the intestines, strengthening the muscles of the alimentary canal so that they can do their work unaided. The process is gradual but sure. It is not a physic. It is unlike anything else you have ever used, but it cures Constipation, Dysentery and Bowel Trouble. Having a rich, fruity grape flavor, it is pleasant to take. As a hot weather tonic it is unequalled, insuring the system against diseases so fatal in hot weather.

Q. Where can Mull's Grape Tonic be had?

A. Your druggist sells it. The dollar bottle contains nearly three times the 50-cent size, but if you write to-day you will receive the first bottle free with instructions. This test will prove its worth.

WRITE FOR THIS FREE BOTTLE TODAY

Good for Ailing Children and Nursing Mothers

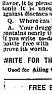
FREE BOTTLE COUPON.

Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic for Stomach and Bowels, to

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO.,
148 Third Avenue, Rock Island, Illinois
Give Full Address and Write Plainly

The $1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size. At drug stores.

The genuine has a date and number stamped on the label—take no other from your druggist.



For $1.00

we will send you a 2-ounce bottle of

Dean's King Cactus Oil

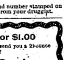
providing your druggist cannot supply you.

It cures all hurts of man or beast and

Heals Without a Scar.

Take no substitute.

OLNEY & McDAID,
Clinton, Iowa.



PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC FOR WOMEN

troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES

For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.

Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.

THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

The Mosquito

He comes, a-singing in the night—
A thing of terror; yet so small!
'Tis useless to attempt to fight,
And all in vain for help you call.
He scorns so slight a thing as wealth,
When his dread visits make you wince;
His quest demands your rest and health,
Of graft he is the very prince.

He takes the public for his prey;
And not content with fattening,
He leaves before he goes away
Mementos that will smart and sting.
He has been caught. But oftener far
In safty he has fled and laughed,
To hear you curse your luckless star—
He is the very prince of graft!

—Washington Star.

THE JOURNEY'S END

BY R. B. SHELTON

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Yale had given an A. B., Heidelberg had made him a Ph. D., The World, the flesh and the devil had done the rest.

In the course of many wanderings and as many diverse experiences he had come to the province of Fan-Chau with a legend of a deserted gold mine of wonderful richness ringing in his ears and a parchment map very yellow and apparently of great age in the inside pocket of his khaki coat. But just outside Fu-Chang he encountered one of the many bands of highwaymen that infest the region. Being averse to trouble in any form, his two coolies had left him to face the music alone; and while they fled howling with terror he put up a single-handed but unavailing resistance, which, while it lasted, was a joy to his wild, reckless soul.

When darkness had fallen and there were only the great, silent stars to see, the two coolies came creeping back. They found him lying in the mud, his clothing torn, his face a mass of blood, and one arm broken where he had shielded his head from the blow of a cudgel. Near him lay two limp, silent figures, their yellow features livid and distorted.

The coolies held a whispered consultation. Then they lifted him between them and bore him down the slough, which was called a road, toward the distant lights of Fu-Chang. But first they rifled his clothes, and in an inner pocket they came across a map and a gold coin that the highwaymen had overlooked. The map, having no intrinsic value, they replaced.

They left him at the mission in Fu-Chang, and went their way, for the potentialities of that golden coin were strong upon them.

Another man would have died; but Robert Barlow had a grip on life that was almost uncanny. After weeks of unconsciousness, during which it seemed that each hour must be his last, he opened his eyes; slowly, painfully collected his wandering senses; then fell to roundly cursing the highwaymen for misbegotten vandals, and his coolies for equally misbegotten cowards. After which he sank back on the cool pillows utterly exhausted, and fell into a deep, refreshing sleep.

The old missionary smiled knowingly. "He will live," he said grimly, and he went to the kitchen to get some strengthening broth for his patient.

When Barlow awoke it was early evening. He could hear sandals clattering by on the uneven pavements of the street. The odor of some strange, sweet flower floated in through the open window. He stirred uneasily and sat up. He was quite alone in the room.

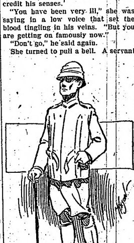
"I say, somebody," he called lustily.

There was a sound of light footfalls, the soft rustle of skirts. In the doorway was a gleam of white. He looked up to see a young woman standing there—such a woman as Barlow had not beheld for many months; the kind of a woman he had well-nigh forgotten existed in this world of disappointment and trouble. He felt his heart jump to his throat. The color crept into his sunburned face. He stared at her, scarce daring to credit his senses.

"You have been very ill," she was saying in a low voice that set the blood tingling in his veins. "But you are getting on famously now."

"Don't go," he said again.

She turned to pull a bell. A servant came tripping in noiselessly with a steaming bowl.



Barlow.

"Don't go," he said again.

She sat down in a bamboo chair by the window. She was smiling as one smiles at a wilful child.

"Where am I?" Barlow asked.

"This is the Fu-Chang Mission," said she.

"And you?" he inquired.

"I am the daughter of Father Raymond, as they call him here."

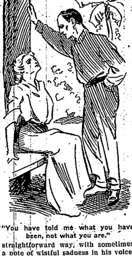
"How long have I been here?"

"Four weeks nearly," she said. "Two coolies bought you in at night. They said you had been beaten by highwaymen on the Sheng-li road. You mustn't talk yet," she went on as he was about to speak. "Shan't I read to you?"

Barlow nodded and closed his eyes, while she read him news from a London paper six weeks old.

He gained rapidly after that. In a week's time he was able to hobble about the mud walled garden of the mission. The girl was with him constantly, reading to him on the little veranda, or singing to him in the soft glow of the September twilights.

Gradually he told her of his life—of his aimless wanderings, of his wasted opportunities. He neither softened his past nor excused it. There were many parts of it, of course, that he did not mention; but what he did tell her of it he told in a plain, straightforward way, with sometimes a note of wistful sadness in his voice. And she was always grave and sympathetic and eminently lovable.



"You have told me what you have been, not what you are."

So the days flew past—very happy days they were for Barlow, until there came a bitter night when he walked the narrow, crooked streets of Fu-Chang alone and had it out with himself. What was he that he should dare to love a woman like this? He cursed himself for a blind fool. That past of his own making rose before him like a grim gate, shutting him forever from paradise.

The gray morning light was breaking over the crooked, dirty streets of Fu-Chang when he returned to the mission and threw himself on his bed utterly exhausted; but sleep he could not, and after tossing restlessly for awhile, he arose and stood at the window, watching the sun creep up above the mud-walled huts.

All these wasted years and nothing to show for it but the bitterness of his heart and an ancient yellow map. In his despair he caught the map from his pocket and tore it into small bits. Perhaps it was best after all, he reflected. He doubted his ability to remain silent had his assets been otherwise.

It was evening before he could trust himself to see her. He found her in the garden and went to her smiling bravely.

"I am going away to-night," said he. "I must somehow earn enough to repay the kindness that has been shown me here."

He saw her face pale a little.

"You are not able to go yet," she said.

"I am better able now than I shall be later," he returned almost roughly.

She looked up suddenly and saw he was trembling. His face was white.

"Don't—don't go," she urged. "Stay until you are stronger. Stay until—until——"

He drew himself up.

"It means too much if I stay," said he.

"You must, anyway," she said in a low voice.

"Good God, child!" he burst out, "haven't I told you what I am?"

She smiled up at him—a smile of perfect faith and perfect understanding.

"You have told me what you have been, not what you are," she said gently.

With an inarticulate cry he sprang towards her, his face transformed by love and hope. The perfume of the garden came to him like a breath of Elysium fields. The bells of a distant temple were tinkling musically.

Surprise For the Husband.

A truly economical woman has been discovered at Wilton, N. H. Her husband was so unfortunate as to have his hand badly mangled by contact with a buzz saw, and a portion of it was amputated by Dr. George W. Hatch. While he was under anaesthetic influence his better half remembered that he had discussed having his remaining teeth extracted, preparatory to having an artificial set fitted, and inquired of the doctor if her husband would remain under the influence of the ether long enough to extract the teeth, and if it would cost any more to have this done also. Receiving favorable replies, she instructed Dr. Hatch to proceed, and her husband, when he regained his senses, found that his wife had "killed two birds with one stone."

BOY OVERLOOKED A POINT.

Had Selected a Turtle Not Sufficiently Venerable.

Speaking of the turtles that were recently found in Jersey, bearing dates of fifty and sixty years ago, recalls an incident that once occurred on the farm of the late Henry I. Deacon, a well-to-do and influential resident of the land beyond the Delaware.

A youngster, who was fond of roaming over the fine, well kept farm, found a turtle one day and it occurred to him to make it one of the ancient date.

Nothing short of the George Washington era would do. So, taking out his penknife, the boy inscribed, "G. W. 1776," on the reptile's shell. The cutting, of course, looked very modern, but this was easily remedied by rubbing in it mud and polishing it on the grass.

This done to the satisfaction of the boy, rushed to the jolly-faced farmer, exclaiming:

"Look, Mr. Deacon, I just found a turtle more than 100 years old with George Washington's initials on the shell!"

"Thee has?" said Dr. Deacon, holding out his hand for the turtle.

"Yes, sir," returned the youngster with a very straight face.

The good old farmer glanced at the reptile just one second, and then burst out into a merry laugh.

"Willie, thee darned fool," said he, "that turtle isn't half grown."—Philadelphia Record.

STILL HAD $5 COMING.

Creditor Rejoiced Too Soon Over Liquidation of Debt.

The late Rev. Benjamin Eastwood of Pawtucket, R. I., for many years rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd in that city, related the following incident, which occurred in his parish:

Tom Fararady, tinsmith, had loaned Tim Marks, his neighbor, $5, and Tim had fallen into dissolute habits which so curtailed his income and impaired his credit that Tom's prospect of recovering his money seemed dubious.

One morning, however, Tom dunned his debtor with unusual severity and later in the day Tom came to him and paid the debt. Tom, elated, rushed to his telephone, a crude affair of his own construction, connecting his shop and house, and signaled his wife.

"Jane, are ye there?" he called.

"Ay, John, but ye'll wake the babe wi' yer thumpin'; what is't ye want, John?"

"Ye know Tim Marks, Jane, that's owed me $5 a long time; e's paid me!"

"Eh, neighbor Tim, did ye say; did he owe ye, John?"

"Ay, $5, and a long time, but e's paid up now."

"Well, I'm glad ye've got yer money, John, and it's good to know e's honest, too, for e's borrowed $5 off me this morning."

A Lounging Room.

On the first floor of many houses there is an unnecessary little room, called through courtesy a den, a library or a reception room. As a matter of fact, it is without purpose, and I have never yet been able to understand why an architect should add this superfluous touch; but, since the room is there, it must be considered fittingly furnished. This little room can well be done in bamboo, suggests Vogue. Procure the kind of curtains that are used on piazzas to protect one from the sun and have the room covered in these with strips of bamboo portioning off three-foot spaces and covering the seams; a strip of bamboo is also run at the top, close to the cove of the ceiling, and another finishes the matting at the bottom. High bookcases painted a deep cream stretch along the walls and natural color wicker furniture is effective in such a room. A square table, a lounging chair and a small high backed settle comprise the furnishing. Very coarse mesh curtains are dyed a golden brown, and brown and yellow pottery in quaint shapes is placed on top of the bookcases—a box of flaming red geraniums are the one touch of vivid color in the room. On the table are the latest magazines and periodicals. The little room can thus be used as a restful lounging or waiting room.

A Tale of Horror.

Not many years ago I took
A baby boy to raise
And bring him up as best I could
In strictly proper ways.

I hired a homely girl as nurse,
Who said her greatest joy
Would be to show her constant care
And service to the boy.

She said she'd had experience
With baby boys, and she
Assured me that for several years
She'd bossed a nursery.

So in the guileless manner of
Old bachelor confidence
I left the baby boy to her
And ended my suspense.

But not for long; that evening when
I came back home there was
A household filled with dire dismay;
And truly there was cause.

The baby boy was missing—lost;
The nurse girl tore her hair;
And like a loose detective she
Went searching everywhere.

The wretched creature said she'd bathed
Our darling little Jim;
But after that she didn't know
What had become of him.

No baby boy; O, Rachel's grief!
I rushed around in dread,
The meantime using language which
Were better left unsaid.

At last I found the precious lamb,
Down by the sink forlorn,
Attired exactly as he was
The day that he was born.

How did it happen? Well, that girl,
The low browed, careless cub,
Had simply poured the baby out
In emptying the tub.

—William J. Lampton.

Fickleness of Woman.

Gray—Hello, Smith, old boy! And so you are married, eh?

Smith—That's what the parson told me.

Gray—And of course, you are happy?

Smith—Well, I don't know about that. To tell the plain, unvarnished truth I'm just a little bit disappointed.

Gray—I'm sorry to hear that. What's the trouble?

Smith—Well, you see, during the courtship she used to tell me how strenuously she loved me, but we had no sooner got spliced than she gave up her $10 a week job as typewriter thumper. That goes to show you how much you can bank on a woman's love.—Chicago News.

Doctor Brigham Says

MANY PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

The wonderful power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound over the diseases of womankind is not because it is a stimulant, not because it is a palliative, but simply because it is the most wonderful tonic and reconstructor ever discovered to act directly upon the generative organs, positively curing disease and restoring health and vigor.

Marvelous cures are reported from all parts of the country by women who have been cured, trained nurses who have witnessed cures and physicians who have recognized the virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and are fair enough to give credit where it is due.

If physicians dared to be frank and open, hundreds of them would acknowledge that they constantly prescribe Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in severe cases of female ills, as they know by experience it can be relied upon to effect a cure. The following letter proves it.

Dr. S. C. Brigham, of 4 Brigham Park, Fitchburg, Mass., writes:

"It gives me great pleasure to say that I have found Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound very efficacious, and often prescribe it in my practice for female difficulties.

"My oldest daughter found it very beneficial for uterine trouble some time ago, and my youngest daughter is now taking it for a female weakness, and is surely gaining in health and strength.

"I freely advocate it as a most reliable specific in all diseases to which women are subject, and give it honest endorsement."

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular menstruation, bloating (or flatulence), leucorrhœa, falling, inflammation or ulceration of the uterus, ovarian troubles, that bearing-down feeling, dizziness, faintness, indigestion, nervous prostration or the blues, should take immediate action to ward off the serious consequences, and be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and then write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for further free advice. No living person has had the benefit of a wider experience in treating female ills. She has guided thousands to health. Every suffering woman should ask for and follow her advice if she wants to be strong and well.

And a Fine One!

Charley Boldlad (to Miss De Murely)—Yes, indeed. I never neglected the embracing of an opportunity.

Miss De Murely (with a sigh)—I'm not an opportunity, but—

(Perhaps she was not, but Charley Boldlad forthwith acted as if she were.)

TORTURED BY ECZEMA.

Body Mass of Sores—Could Not Sleep—Spent Hundreds of Dollars on Doctors, but Grew Worse—Cured by Cuticura for $8.

"Cuticura saved the life of my mother, Mrs. Wm. F. Davis, of Stony Creek, Conn. Hers was the worst eczema I ever saw. She was hardly able to eat or sleep. Her head and body was a mass of sores, and she despaired of recovery. Finally, after spending hundreds of dollars on doctors, growing worse all the time, living in misery for years, with hair whitened from suffering and body terribly disfigured, she was completely cured by two cakes of Cuticura Soap, five boxes of Cuticura, and three bottles of Cuticura Resolvent.—Geo. C. Davis, 161 W. 36th St., N. Y."

Time 1850—Barefoot Boy (solus)—Gee! I only jest wisht I was a millionaire wunst!

Time 1905—Millionaire (formerly Barefoot Boy)—I'd give my millions if I was a barefooted boy again!

Cleanliness in the Dairy.

To have healthful milk and butter, absolute cleanliness in caring for it is necessary, as nothing will absorb impurities so quickly as milk. Many housekeepers who are otherwise careful, overlook this when they wash milk utensils with cheap soap, made from filthy fats. Use Ivory Soap and thoroughly scald and air all pans and buckets. ELEANOR R. PARKER.

Never tell people things they do not want to know.

His Wisest Pupil.

As a teacher Carlyle was a strict and gloomy disciplinarian, whose large, glowing eyes constantly shot forth wrath. His mere scowl, writes a Scottish lawyer in some reminiscences of the days when he was one of Carlyle's pupils in Kirkcaldy, would hush the whole school, while he often made us writhe under his sarcasm.

One morning just as we were entering the schoolroom, a donkey appeared on the playground, and one of the scholars, named Bill Hood, rushed to mount the animal, and attempted to ride it into the classroom. The donkey was induced to carry its rider over the threshold amid shout of laughter and cheers from the boys. Just as Bill was spurring the donkey into the master's desk Carlyle appeared.

We expected a tremendous explosion of wrath, but instead the Chelsea sage burst into a roar of laughter. Finally, the master spoke.

"That," he said, "is the wisest and best scholar Kirkcaldy has yet sent me; he is fit to be your teacher." He tapped the donkey's head, as he was wont to do ours, and continued: "There's something here, far more than in the skulls of any of his brethern before me."

The Duke's Little Joke.

The late Duke of Buccleuch possessed a fund of genuine humor.

One day his grace called at the manse of a parish where he was the sole heritor.

"Now," said the duke to the minister, "you're not to bring any business before me to-day. I have just come in a friendly way to pay my respects to you."

After getting his grace some refreshment the minister said:

"You must excuse me, your grace, but I want you to take a look at the church for a few minutes. I won't detain you."

They went to the church, where the minister pointed to a decided dampness on the wall facing the pulpit, and asked that it might be remedied.

"I'll tell you, Mr. ——, how we'll easily cure that. We'll remove the pulpit to that wall, and then it will soon be dry enough."

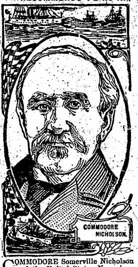
HEAVES CAN BE CURED.

We have a guaranteed cure for HEAVES, COUGHS and COLDS. Guaranteed to cure or money refunded. One package by mail, 60c; 12 pkgs. by express with written guarantee to cure, $5.00. Wilbur Stock Food Co., 113 2d Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Love is an excellent diet for young men who have too much avoirdupois.

"I had Inflammatory Rheumatism, but I am well now, thanks to Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. It's my best friend." Garrett Lansing, Troy, N. Y.

A storm is better than a calm.



COMMODORE NICHOLSON RECOMMENDS PE-RU-NA.

COMMODORE NICHOLSON.

COMMODORE Somerville Nicholson of the United States Navy, in a letter from 1837 R. Street, Northwest, Washington, D. C., says:

"Your Peruna has been and is now used by so many of my friends and acquaintances as a sure cure for catarrh that I am convinced of its curative qualities and I unhesitatingly recommend it to all persons suffering from that complaint."

Our army and our navy are the natural protection of our country.

Peruna is the natural protection of the army and navy in the vicissitudes of climate and exposure.

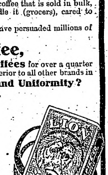
We have on file thousands of testimonials from prominent people in the army and navy.

We can give our readers only a slight glimpse of the vast array of unsolicited endorsements Dr. Hartman is constantly receiving for his widely known and efficient remedy, Peruna.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

THE DAISY FLY KILLER destroys all the flies and affords comfort to every home—in dining-room, sleeping-room and places where flies are troublesome. Clean, neat, will not soil or injure anything. Try them once, you will never be without them. If not kept by dealers, sent prepaid for 20c. Harold Somers, 149 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

N W N U —NO. 33— 1905



Conviction Follows Trial

When buying loose coffee or anything your grocer happens to have in his bin, **how do you know what you are getting?** Some queer stories about coffee that is sold in bulk, could be told, if the people who handle it (grocers), cared to speak out.

Could any amount of mere talk have persuaded millions of housekeepers to use

Lion Coffee,

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Purity, Strength, Flavor and Uniformity?

This popular success of LION COFFEE can be due only to inherent merit. There is no stronger proof of merit than continued and increasing popularity.

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LION COFFEE is sold only in 1 lb. sealed packages, and reaches you as pure and clean as when it left our factory.

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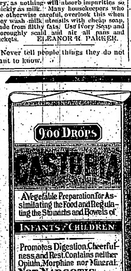

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Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
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35 DOSES—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

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Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1905. NUMBER 6.

OUTLOOK FOR PEACE IS BLACK

RUSSIANS REJECT COMPROMISE SUGGESTED BY PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

MR. WITTE CALLS IT A SHAM

SAYS IT ASKS RUSSIA TO PAY TRIBUTE TO JAPAN UNDER ANOTHER NAME.

ONLY HOPE IS IN PRESIDENT

HE SENDS AMBASSADOR MEYER TO CZAR AND THEY CONFER FOR THREE HOURS.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 24. — The Japanese plenipotentiaries at the conclusion of the afternoon session yesterday of the peace conference threw the card upon the table. It was the dramatic moment — the moment to which all the previous proceedings of the conference had led. The protocols involving agreement upon eight of the twelve conditions originally presented by Japan had been signed. One side or the other must make a move or the plenipotentiaries had reached the parting of the ways. Figuratively, President Roosevelt suddenly entered the conference room. Mr. Witte sat silent and the move in the

Great Diplomatic Game

passed to Japan. Baron Komura in a few words explained that Japan, in her great desire for peace, was ready to make certain "modifications" of the original articles in the hope that Russia, could find it possible to accept them. He then presented in writing to Mr. Witte the compromise proposition which President Roosevelt had suggested.

It offered to withdraw article 9, providing for the payment by Russia of Japan's bill for the cost of the war, on condition that Russia would accept article 5, which provides for the cession of the island of Sakhalin, so modified as to include an arrangement for the repurchase by Russia of the Northern half of the island for 1,200,000,000 yen. In addition it offered to withdraw entirely articles 11 and 12—surrender of the interned warships and limitation upon Russia's sea power in the Far East.

Witte Calls It a Sham.

Without a moment's hesitation Mr. Witte explained that the modification proposed was merely a sham, a change of phraseology, a diplomatic attempt to "dorer la pilule," and ask Russia to pay war tribute under another name. He could not accept it. He told Baron Komura Russia wanted peace. She had given the proofs in accepting every article involving the issues upon which the war was fought, but she could fight, and money for tribute she would not pay, not a kopek.

He asked Baron Komura to withdraw all demands for tribute. And so the plenipotentiaries separated, to meet again on Saturday, ostensibly to permit Mr. Witte to place in writing, as the rules of the conference require, his reply to the

Japanese Compromise

proposition. In reality the adjournment over the two days was to give each side an opportunity to consult its government for the last time.

The outlook is black; many believe it was never so black as now. The Japanese are not talking. Indeed, they appear to be more taciturn and more resolute than ever. The only possible line of further Japanese concession is considered to lie in the diminution of the amount of the purchase money demanded for the north half of Sakhalin. The decision rests, therefore, with Russia. Unless the emperor agrees to yield between now and Saturday, the end is likely to come on that day. And the indications from Peterhof, instead of raising the chances of a change of heart on the part of the emperor, seem to indicate even a

Firmer Determination

to yield neither territory nor indemnity, sugar-coated though the latter may be. Slack as the prospect appears, however, the failure of the negotiations is not certain. The Russian camp is pessimistic to a man, but they all know the quick and startling changes of front that sometimes take place at Peterhof. And there are factors in the situation which might effect one of those sudden and inexplicable changes in the emperor's attitude which has frequently astonished Russia.

Private advices from St. Petersburg say that sentiment there, in Moscow and in large centers, favors acceptance of the compromise. This may mean much. But the real hope still

Rests With the President.

He is resourceful He has made another move. He has sent Ambassador Meyer direct to the emperor, and they were together, according to advices received here, for three hours yesterday.

Mr. Roosevelt himself may know more about how the emperor feels than Mr. Witte, and be able to act upon the information conveyed to him by his ambassador. The report is industriously circulated here that Emperor William is responsible for the attitude of Emperor Nicholas, and everything is traced back to the meeting of the two emperors on board the Hohenzollern in the Finnish gulf. In support of this, it is positively stated that after the interview Mr. Witte's instructions were made stronger and more unyielding.

BELMONT IN TRACTION POOL.

Ten-Million-Dollar Concern Has Thirty Railways.

New York, Aug. 24.—Announcement that August Belmont, Myron T. Herrick, Murray Vernon and others have formed a combination of gas and electric lighting and electric traction companies in Western Pennsylvania and Eastern Ohio was made yesterday. The capital stock of the new concern, known as the Mahoning & Shenandoah Railway and Light company, is $10,000,000. It is a consolidation of about thirty street railway companies and the lighting plants of twenty small cities. The railways are also small, owning in all 175 miles of track.

FIALA SAILS FOR AMERICA.

North Pole Seeker Leaves Liverpool for New York.

Liverpool, Aug. 24.—The Oceanic sailed for New York at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, according to schedule. Her passengers include Anthony Fiala of Brooklyn, leader of the Zeigler polar expedition, the members of which were recently rescued by the relief ship Terra Nova, and Chief Justice Fuller of the supreme court of the United States. Fire broke out during the afternoon in the steerage of the Oceanic, but it was promptly extinguished by the crew. The damage was trifling.

HELP STRANDED FOLK.

Two Hundred McFadden Circus People in France in Bad Fix.

Washington, Aug. 24.—The state department has received a cable dispatch stating that 200 Americans who belonged to the McFadden circus are stranded at Greoble, France. They have no means and cannot get home The receiver has offered to send them to London and give them $4 each, but that will not help them very much The state department has no funds for assisting any Americans except American seamen who may become stranded abroad.

HONOR CAME TOO LATE.

Lester McLean Died Three Hours Before Japanese Appointment Came.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Aug. 24. — Lester McLean, formerly assistant secretary of the international committee in the Bible study department of the Young Men's Christian association, traveling among the colleges of the United States, died last night from typhoid fever after a month's illness Three hours after his death his family received news of his appointment to a fellowship in the imperial university at Tokio, Japan.

COAL BREAKER BURNS.

Five Hundred Men and boys Thrown Out of Work.

Shamokin, Pa., Aug. 24. — The big breaker of the Greenough Red Ash Coal company at Marion Heights, near here, was destroyed yesterday. The breaker was built five years ago at a cost of $87,000; insurance, $12,000 Five hundred men and boys are thrown out of employment. The corporation is owned by local and Pittston capitalists, and is one of the most valuable in the region.

REVIVAL FOR QUAKER CITY.

Alexander and Torrey to Extend Campaign Over Entire Country.

New York, Aug. 24.—Simultaneous with the sailing for Europe yesterday of Charles Alexander, the evangelist, the announcement was made that in February Mr. Alexander would return with Dr. Torrey and open a singing revival in Philadelphia. John Wanamaker, was said to be prepared to furnish the expenses for this campaign, which it was planned to extend across the entire United States.

WIFE SAYS BANKER IS MAD.

Guardian Appointed for President of Michigan Institution.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Aug. 24. — Mrs. Nina Page, wife of Elbert Page, president of the defunct Bank of Michigan, has filed a petition asking that her husband be declared mentally incompetent and requesting that an executor be named. The court has ordered that Edwin Vosberg be named as a guardian of Page. Page is now in an asylum in this city.

ENTIRE BLOCK BURNED.

California Town Suffers Heavy Loss From Fire.

Oroville, Cal., Aug. 24—A fire, which for a time threatened to wipe out the entire city, broke out here early yesterday. Before it was under control an entire block was destroyed. Several firemen were seriously injured, three of them fatally, it is believed. A number of persons are reported missing. The loss is estimated at $150,000; insurance, one-third.

Fire at Indian School.

Chamberlain, S. D., Aug. 24.—Fire totally destroyed the large barn at the Indian school here. Five horses were burned, and the loss is about $10,000. Only a drenching rain saved the entire group of buildings from destruction.

Minneapolis Boy Drowns.

Minneapolis, Aug. 24.—George Lyon, son of Mrs. Sarah Lyon, was drowned yesterday afternoon in Bush lake, Wilmington township. He was wading and apparently got beyond his depth.

MAY POSTPONE TIMBER SALE

GOVERNMENT CONSIDERS REQUEST FOR SQUARE DEAL AT TIMBER SALE.

SECRETARY HITCHCOCK ACTS

INDIAN COMMISSIONER ASKED TO GRANT MINNESOTA'S REQUEST.

INDIANS STRONGLY OBJECT

THEY CLAIM THAT THEIR RIGHTS ARE NOT PROPERLY SAFEGUARDED.

St. Paul, Aug. 24. — The proposed sale of approximately 275,000,000 feet of timber on the White Earth Indian reservation, valued at several million dollars, will probably be postponed, so that all who are interested in the sale may have an opportunity to bid, and the Indians may reap the benefits of competition.

Members of the Minnesota delegation in congress yesterday received telegrams from Secretary Hitchcock of the department of the interior stating that he has requested Indian Commissioner Leupp and Assistant Commissioner Ryan to make a thorough investigation of the facts, and, if possible, to grant the request of the Minnesota delegation that the sale be postponed, that new and more adequate notices be given, and that all persons interested be given an opportunity

To Bid on the Timber.

Mr. Hitchcock is at his country home at Dublin, N. H., and the telegrams yesterday came from that point. It is said that Mr. Hitchcock practically all day yesterday received protests from other members of the Minnesota delegation and from residents of Northern Minnesota, petitioning against the sale.

The action of Mr. Hitchcock in requesting Indian Commissioner Leupp to grant the request of the Minnesota delegation if possible is considered an almost certain indication that the sale will be postponed. Advices received from other persons in Washington are that it is an almost foregone conclusion that the request of the Minnesotans will be granted.

Indians Object.

Indians on the reservation object to the proposed sale because the time between the first publication of the notice, Aug. 14, and the proposed date of sale, Sept. 5, is so short that lumbermen generally will not have an opportunity to ascertain the quantity and quality of the timber, so as to make an intelligent bid. It is maintained that the proposed sale would prove to be to the advantage of a Wisconsin corporation, which has inspected the timber in question and is in a position to bid. It is also maintained that the $2,500 deposit required of the bidders is not sufficient to protect the Indians against froud and violation of contract, and that the rights of the Indians are not properly safeguarded in other respects.

WHOLE FAMILY DROWNED.

Father, Mother and Five Children Go Down With Shanty Boat.

Maysville, Ky., Aug. 24.—News has reached here of the probable drowning of a man named Gates and his wife and five children in the river between here and Dover. Gates left here in a shanty boat intending going south, and tied up for the night at a point below Ripley, on the Kentucky side. The rising river caused the boat to break loose and float to mid-stream. A towboat coming up with empties struck the shanty boat, demolishing it, and the whole family drowned, being asleep when the accident occurred. No one has seen the shanty boat since then or heard from any of the family.

STABLES' BURNED.

Five Blooded Horses Lost at the Butler Fair Grounds.

Butler, Pa., Aug. 24—Fifteen stables and five blooded horses were burned at the Butler fair grounds yesterday. The horses were the property of Trainer De Marest of Kingston, N. Y. Two employes of the stables were slightly burned while trying to rescue the animals. The De Marest horses were all fancy trick animals, and very valuable.

Presents His Credentials.

Caracas, Aug. 24.—William A. Russell, the new American minister, yesterday presented his credentials to President Castro, by whom he was cordially received.

Alleged Slayer Captured.

Helena, Mont., Aug. 24.—Charles E. Bloom was arrested at Bozeman yesterday on the charge of killing John Strom at Junction, Idaho, on July 1. A large reward was offered for his arrest and he will be held for the officials.

Hastings Asylum Inmate Dead.

Hastings, Minn., Aug. 24. — Isaac Silverstein, an inmate of the Hastings state asylum, died yesterday from tuberculosis, aged thirty-three years. The remains will be shipped to St. Paul for interment.

RACE WAR IN ALASKA.

One Hundred Chinese Besieged in Bunk House for Days.

San Francisco, Aug. 24.—News of a race war that broke out in the salmon packing camp at Nshagak, Alaska, between the Chinese and Italian workmen last Monday was brought down by the salmon packer Salvator, which arrived here yesterday. A petty dispute between an Italian and a Chinese brought on a general engagement, and for days 100 Chinese were besieged in the bunk house by a mob of enraged Italians who swore they would exterminate the last Mongolian in the camp. The riot was finally quelled by troops summoned by the superintendent from the nearest military point after several men had been killed and injured on both sides.

ATTEMPT TO KILL GENERAL?

Bullet Barely Misses Baldwin During Fort Logan Maneuvers.

Denver, Aug. 24. — Because some soldier fired a Krag-Jorgensen bullet that just missed Gen. Frank Baldwin during the maneuvers at Fort Logan some time ago, it is announced there will be no more firing, even of blank cartridges, until further notice. The bullet whizzed so close to Gen. Baldwin that he could hear it sing. An immediate investigation was started, and, while the culprit was not identified, it generally is believed by the officers that the shot was fired by a private soldier with the intention of killing Baldwin.

MAY IMPEACH TOM JOHNSON.

Republican City Council to Involve Him in Corruption Charges.

Cleveland, Aug. 24.—Mayor Tom L. Johnson may be impeached by the city council, according to the statement made last night by Councilman Wilke. The Republicans control the body, and all year they have been fighting the mayor and his measures. The council is charged with corruption in the passage of the ordinance granting franchises to the proposed belt line railroad, and, as the mayor signed it, the Republican councilmen think he, too, should undergo an investigation.

FAREWELL BANQUET FOR BRYAN

Prominent Democrats Will Honor the Nebraskan.

Chicago, Aug. 24. — Arrangements have been made by the Jefferson club for a farewell banquet here Sept. 15 to William J. Bryan, previous to his departure for an extended tour around the world. Besides Mr. Bryan, Gov. Douglas of Massachusetts, ex-Gov. Hogg of Texas and ex-Senator Pettigrew of South Dakota have been invited to take part in the program.

PRESIDENT TO KEEP DATES.

Has Made No Change in Plans for Southern Trip.

Mobile, Ala., Aug. 24.—A telegram to the editor of the Daily Item from President Roosevelt at Oyster Bay says he has as yet made no change in his plans for his proposed Southern trip. This is construed as meaning that the president will keep his appointments as far south as Mobile.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Aug. 24. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, $1.07; No. 2 Northern, 98c @$1.05; No. 3, 98c@$1.03. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 54@55c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28@28 1-2c.

Minneapolis, Aug. 24.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.09; No. 1 Northern, $1.07; No. 2 Northern, $1.04@1.05. Oats — No. 3 white, 24 3-4c.

Duluth, Aug. 24. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 87 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 83 1-2c; flax, $1.48; rye, 57c.

Chicago, Aug. 24. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 83 3-4@84 1-4c; No. 2 hard, 84 1-4 @91c; No. 3 hard, 80 3-4@88c; No. 1 Northern, $1.05; No. 2 Northern, $1. Corn—No. 2, 54 3-4@55c. Oats—No. 2, 25 1-2c.

Milwaukee, Aug. 24. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.02@1.10; No. 2 Northern, 97c. Rye—No. 1, 59 3-4c. Barley —No. 2, 50c. Oats—Standard, 28 @ 28 1-2c. Corn—No. 3, 55 1-2@56 1-2c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Aug. 24.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.50 @ 5; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.25 @ 4; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.65; calves and yearlings, $2.50@3.50. Hogs—Bulk, $5.80@5.90.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.50 @ 6.10; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.25; cows, $2.50@ 4.40; heifers, $2.20@4.80; calves, $3@ 7. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.85@ $6.35; bulk, $5.95@6.25. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $4.60@5; native lambs, $5.25@7.25; Western lambs, $5.75@7.

South St. Paul, Aug. 24. — Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50 @ 4; butcher bulls, $2.75@3.50; veals, $2@ 4.50; good to choice stock steers, $2.50 @3.50; good to choice milch cows, $20 @35. Hogs—Range price, $5.60@6.05; bulk, $5.75@5.85. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $5@5.85; fair to good, $4@5; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice ewes, $3.75@4.40.

Rumored That Eighteen Drown.

Buenos Ayres, Aug. 24. — A report has been received here of the foundering of the British bark Bidston Hill. The report states that eighteen of the crew were drowned. The remainder will arrive by an Argentina steamer.

Ready for the Chicks.

Moorhead, Minn., Aug. 24.—Preparations for chicken shooting are now at their height, and while it is believed that the heavy rains have drowned out a good many of the birds, good coveys are reported back from the river.

KOCH IN MINNEAPOLIS.

Says It Is His Intention to Remove to That City.

Minneapolis, Aug. 24.—Dr. George R. Koch of New Ulm, who was accused of the murder of Dr. L. A. Gebhardt, and after two juries had disagreed on the question of his guilt or innocence was acquitted at a third trial, arrived in Minneapolis yesterday. In conversation with acquaintances he confirmed the reports that have come from other sources stating that it was his intention to remove to Minneapolis and open an office for the practice of dentistry. In fact, he said that his present visit was with that idea in view.

PARSON GLAD HE IS CONVICT.

Rev. O. A. Th. Solem Hopes to "Reform" State Prison.

Ada, Minn., Aug. 24.—Rev. O. A. Th. Solem, the preacher from Halstad who is serving a term in Stillwater for assault, has been visited by C. K. Semling. Mr. Solem expressed himself as glad that he has been sent to prison, as he finds there is great need of many reforms which he hopes to accomplish during his term of servitude.

CRAZED B YDRINKING CIDER.

Takes Two Drinks and Smashes Windows and Furniture.

Larimore, N. D., Aug. 24.—William Millhouse, the negro who terrorized the people at McCanna, was tried yesterday and sentenced to thirty days. Millhouse smashed all the windows in the depot, broke into the office and got a shotgun, and then smashed the furniture. He says he had drank only two glasses of cider.

SHORT IN HIS ACCOUNTS.

Cashier Arrested for Embezzlement of $1,875.

Council Bluffs, Iowa, Aug. 24. — David T. Stubbs, cashier of the Citizens' Gas and Electric company, has been found short in his accounts and was arrested yesterday afternoon on a charge of embezzling $1,875. Stubbs admits that a discrepancy of at least $1,500 will be shown in his accounts.

RUST SPECIALIST.

St. Paul Man Given Special Employment by the Government.

Washington, Aug. 24.—The bureau of plant industry of the department of agriculture has employed E. M. Freeman, of the University of Minnesota to devote his entire time to the study of rusts of the cereal crops and grasses. He will have headquarters in Washington. Mr. Freeman is a St Paul man.

Death Rather Than Disgrace.

Marshalltown, Iowa, Aug. 24.—Tom Reid, a young man aged twenty-five, committed suicide in a sensational manner at Goldfield. He had been arrested for forging a note for $75 and attempting to pass it. When arrested he asked permission to go to his room at the hotel for a minute, which the constable granted. Five minutes later his lifeless body was found on his bed He had cut his throat from ear to ear.

She's 100 Years Old.

Des Moines, Iowa, Aug. 24. — Miss Margaret Scanlon, one hundred years old, walked three miles to a justice's office yesterday morning to sue out a writ of attachment for landlord's rent. When asked why she subjected herself to so much fatigue when friends and neighbors would be glad to help her, she remarked: "I'm but little over a century old, and propose to run my own affairs until I die."

Woman Freed of Murder Charge.

Ottumwa, Iowa, Aug. 24.—Mrs. Mary Harris, charged with the murder of her husband, James Harris, who was found dead at his home near Kirkville Saturday morning, Aug. 5, with a bullet wound in his head, was discharged at the preliminary hearing yesterday on motion for dismissal. No evidence was introduced by the defense.

Davis Gets New Routes.

Washington, Aug. 24. — Representative Davis of Minnesota has left for New York, but will return here early next week. He succeeded yesterday in getting the rural free delivery in Goodhue county readjusted so as to provide two or three additional routes running from Red Wing.

Hope to Find Oil Field.

Ada, Minn., Aug. 24. — Excitement prevails in Lockhart, Minn., over the discovery of what appears to be crude oil floating on pools of water. As some coal has been found along the banks of the Wild Rice river, it is not unlikely that oil will be discovered in paying quantities.

Bond Proposition Vetoed.

Fertile, Minn., Aug. 24.—At a special election held here yesterday for the purpose of voting on the bonding of the village for the sum of $7,600 to purchase an electric light plant the proposition was turned down by a vote of 63 to 31.

Death Is Accidental.

Fox Lake, Wis., Aug. 24.—Richard Koltz, twenty-eight years old and unmarried, who lived north of Fox Lake, shot himself in the head with a shotgun. The coroner's jury found a verdict of accidental death.

Hill to Address Farmers.

Willmar, Minn., Aug. 24.—James J. Hill has promised to be here one day during the street fair, Sept. 20-24, and deliver an address. He will speak on subjects especially interesting to farmers.

Northwest News.

WANT SQUARE DEAL AT SALE

INDIANS AND PEOPLE IN NORTHERN MINNESOTA ARE UP IN ARMS.

WANT TIMBER SALE DELAYED

STRONG PROTEST IS SENT TO WASHINGTON BY MINNESOTA DELEGATION.

St. Paul, Aug. 24.—The Indians on the White Earth reservation as well as people of Northern Minnesota generally and the members of the Minnesota delegation in congress are up in arms over the proposed sale in one lump of approximately 275,000,000 feet of timber, variously estimated in value at from $2,000,000 to $5,000,000.

Congressman F. C. Stevens of St. Paul yesterday addressed letters to Secretary Hitchcock of the department of the interior and Indian Commissioner Leupp, vigorously protesting against the proposed sale on the ground that the interval between the first publication of the notice, Aug. 14, and the date of the sale, Sept. 5, is too short to afford lumbermen generally an opportunity to ascertain the quantity and quality of timber with a view of making an intelligent bid, and on the further ground that the rights of the Indians, who own the land, are not properly safeguarded.

Send Protest.

It is understood that Senators M. E. Clapp of St. Paul, Knute Nelson of Alexandria and other members of the Minnesota delegation in congress joined with Congressman Stevens in asking that the proposed sale by cancelled, that longer and more adequate notice be given and that the proposed regulations under which the timber is to be sold be changed materially in several respects so that the Indians will get the best price possible for their timber.

One Has Inside Track.

The most serious objection is to the short time in which lumbermen have to examine the timber. It is said that only one concern has any detailed information regarding the quality and quantity of timber, and that if the sale is held on the date proposed, this firm will have practically a monopoly. Since such a vast amount of timber is to be sold in one lump, lumbermen who do not know what the timber is worth or what will be the expense of cutting and shipping it, will hesitate to bid, and the firm which has already collected this information will get the contract at its own price. As a rule the more timber there is on a given tract, the more it is worth per thousand feet, since the cost of getting it out is less.

Estimate Wrong.

It is also said that the government's estimate of the amount of timber as described in the notice of sale is grossly incorrect. Those who are familiar with affairs on the reservation say that the government has grossly underestimated the amount of white and Norway pine and overestimated the quantity of cheap timber. The estimates contained in the notice of sale follow: White pine, 90,000,000 feet; Norway pine, 80,000,000 feet; jack pine, 20,000,000 feet; oak, 35,000,000 feet; elm, 20,000,000 feet; basswood, 15,000,000 feet; maple, 10,000,000 feet; ash, 5,000,000 feet.

It is understood that the department has made practically no examination of the timber.

WILLIAM JACOBSON IS DEAD.

Banker and Leading Citizen of Luverne Succumbs to Operation.

Luverne, Minn., Aug. 24. — William Jacobson, president of the First National Bank of Luverne, died at the Mayo hospital in Rochester, following an operation for stomach trouble. He was sixty years old and had resided in this city for thirty-two years, and was one of the best known business men in Southern Minnesota.

CANNED BEANS KILL CHILD.

Member of Berrying Party Meets Death From Food Eaten.

Rapid City, S. D., Aug. 24.—James Wyrick, the two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Dee Wyrick, died here from poisoning caused by eating canned beans. The family was berrying and had taken canned goods with them. No one else in the party suffered any serious illness from eating the beans.

Minstrels Are Injured.

Newburg, N. Y., Aug. 24. — While the private car Bernice, en route from Paterson to Saratoga, was being switched from the Erie to the West Shore road here, yesterday it collided with six cars standing on the westbound track. The Bernice, which was occupied by the members of the West minstrel troupe was badly damaged, and ten members of the company were injured. The most seriously injured was G. L. Wade, who was injured in the hip and stomach.

"BEN HUR."

The Most Impressive Play of the Century.

The Klaw & Erlanger company have, in their time, made many notable productions in St. Paul and Minneapolis and thereby earned for themselves an enviable reputation. The most ambitious effort of their career in this vicinity will occur in St. Paul the week of Aug. 28, at the Metropolitan Opera House, and in Minneapolis the week of Sept. 4, at the Metropolitan, wher they will present on a colossal scale General Lew Wallace's stirring dramatic romance "Ben Hur," with the same scenic equipment used in the staging of the play in London at the Drury Lane theater four years ago. These effects were imported for the engagements at the World's Fair, St. Louis, last year, and created a sensation. They are admitted to be the most brilliant and elaborate ever used in connection with this world-famous drama.

In order to accommodate out of town patrons Mr. L. N. Scott will give his personal attention to all orders for seats through the mails for St. Paul and Minneapolis, when accompanied by remittance and self-addressed stamped envelope for reply.

OTHER ROADS CUT RATES, TOO.

Northern Pacific and Soo Follow Great Northern.

St. Paul, Aug. 23. — The announcement by the Great Northern railroad of a sweeping reduction in grain rates has resulted in a similar reduction by the Northern Pacific and the Soo. The three roads yesterday filed with the railroad and warehouse commission official notice of the reduction. The rates are reduced on the three railroads from practically every station in Minnesota to the Twin Cities and Duluth. The reduction on each of the roads is from 1-2 to 2 cents per hundred. The new tariffs take effect on Sept. 1. It is expected that the other railroads that enter a part of the Great Northern territory will follow with similar reductions in that territory. Officials of the state railroad and warehouse commission estimate that Minnesota farmers will save several millions annually through the action of the Great Northern, the Northern Pacific and the Soo railroads in reducing grain rates.

GET JUDGMENT FOR $195,000.

Big Mining Case is Appealed on Denial of Motion for New Trial.

Helena, Mont., Aug. 23. — Judge Hunt, in the United States court yesterday denied the motion of the defendant for a new trial in the case of the St. Louis Mining and Milling company against the Montana Mining company, and the case will go to the circuit court of appeals. The St. Louis company recently secured judgment for $195,000 for the alleged extraction of ore from its mine in Marysville in one of the longest mining cases ever tried in Montana.

COLORED SOLDIER GUILTY.

Admith Murder of Fellow Trooper and Is Sent to Prison.

Helena, Mont., Aug. 23. — Robert Mudd, the negro trooper at Fort Assinniboine who killed R. L. Hardaway, another soldier, in a road house near Havre three months ago, pleaded guilty to manslaughter at Fort Benton and was sentenced to six years in the penitentiary. Extenuating circumstances prompted a mild sentence.

LAKE ELMO CLAIMS ANOTHER.

Ellendale, N. D., Youth Drowned While Out for a Swim.

Stillwater, Minn., Aug. 23.—Harold Bergendahl of Ellendale, N. D., was drowned in Lake Elmo. He visited a camp there and started out early in a rowboat for a swim. He jumped in and the boat drifted away. He was twenty-one, a student of the state university and boarded at Minneapolis. His body has not been recovered.

MARRIAGE IS POSTPONED

Because Bridegroom Has Been Arrested at Deserter From Army.

Johnson City, Ill., Aug. 23.—Paul Inman, who is alleged to have deserted from the regular army at Fort Casey, Wash., in order to come here and marry his sweetheart, was arrested yesterday. He was taken to Evansville, Ind., and turned over to the recruiting officers. He will be returned to Fort Casey.

Fell From Launch and Drowned.

Houghton, Mich., Aug. 23. — Harry Weaton, assistant treasurer of the Houghton County Electric Light and Street Railway company, was drowned in Lake Superior while en route to Bet Gris in a launch. He was seated in the back of the boat and was seen to fall backward.

President's Son to Hunt.

Deadwood, S. D., Aug. 23.—Kermit Roosevelt, second son of the president, will arrive here in a few days to visit Capt. Seth Bullock. The captain and Kermit will spend several weeks in hunting and fishing.

Horse Frightened to Death.

Webster City, Iowa, Aug. 23. — A horse driven by James Miller fell dead north of this city yesterday just as F. A. Sackett came behind in his automobile to pass. It was probably frightened to death.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. Simons, President
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K. O. Gigstad, Cashier

Capital Fully Paid, $10,000.00

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RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

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LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

Red Lake Falls, Minn.

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THE
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Saturday, August 26, 1905.

EZRA G. VALENTINE.

The death of Ezra G. Valentine removes from northern Minnesota one of its foremost men, a man to whom this section of the country owes no small portion of its rapid development. Mr. Valentine was a lawyer of ability and became well known in his profession before he entered political life. In fact Mr. Valentine's political life was but an incident in his career. Early in his experience in northern Minnesota he saw the need of drainage and set himself to accomplish something along this line. He gave his best efforts freely and spent his money liberally; in this he had no thought of political reward; he was but a private citizen giving his best for the permanent upbuilding of the country in which he lived. Mr. Valentine's efforts gave the drainage movement a vigorous forward movement and when that movement seemed about to die out for lack of a little money, he gave of his money. Probably no one man, except it be James J. Hill, has given so much money to the cause of drainage in Minnesota as Mr. Valentine. When the state drainage ditches were about to become utterly useless because of the lack of funds to keep them in order Mr. Valentine gave a thousand dollars to have them put in condition again, and later this gift was repeated. While Mr. Valentine has not been lately much in public eye his death, nevertheless, removes a valued citizen from the state.—Crookston Times.

H. E. Ives is taking in the outing of the Minnesota editors and will be absent for a few days from his usual place at the desk. He will undoubtedly visit the state capitol, be shown through the magnificent structure by a thoroughly competent guide, be told just where all the marble was quarried, have all the beautiful paintings explained to him and be left in the basement where souvenirs are sold and the cafe ready to take orders.

With the editor on an excursion this week and the printer getting married it is somewhat lonesome in the sanctum of the SPECTATOR office.

A Birth Watch.

When a child is born in certain English towns there is a race for the health department, especially if the event has occurred in the poorer district. The reason for the haste is not a desire to see that the record of vital statistics is properly kept, but because there is a reward of a shilling to the one who is first to notify the health officer, provided this notification is given within forty-eight hours. As soon as the tip is received the mother is visited and given a printed slip with directions as to the best means of caring for the child, and the officer who makes the visit is expected to see that the directions are clearly understood.

A Whip In the Pulpit.

A writer in an English review tells a reminiscence of a brother of a famous dean of Christchurch. The brother was rector of a small parish. His eccentricity was somewhat remarkable. He was a famous whip and drove a splendid team, of which he was very proud. He was fond of showing off how he could flick a fly from either of his leaders' ears without touching the horse. This accomplishment he transferred to a rather unexpected locality, for he always carried his whip up into the pulpit with him, and woe to the unfortunate member of his congregation whom he detected nodding.

The Stork's Balancing.

No one has really seen a stork until he has watched him stand on one leg beside his nest. After one has seen this feat he is sure it was a stork. Nothing in the animal kingdom is more marvelous than the way this great bird can balance his long body on a piece of bone which is no thicker than a wheat stalk and to behold also the perfect ease with which he goes to sleep while still poised in this critical position.

Not Interested.

Father—Robert, is it not about time that little boys were in bed? Robert (aged six, carelessly glancing at his watch)—Really, father, I must be excused from venturing an opinion. It is a subject in which I have little interest. I have no little boys, you know.

Fashionable Term.

"McBluff is suffering with rheumatism, I hear."

"No, he isn't suffering. He's got it, but he's quite proud and happy. His doctor calls it 'gout.'"—Philadelphia Press.

A Street Scene, Bombay.

A man clad only in a yellow scarf and turban opens a mouth stained with the vivid vermilion of betel juice to show that the mango seed just swallowed has already become a small tree with green leaves pushing toward the light. A woman appears next upon the scene, bringing a crying baby in a closed hamper of bamboo. A dozen swords are instantly thrust through the interstices amid the ear piercing yells of the supposed victim, but as soon as the formidable blades are withdrawn the nine lived infant tumbles out of the basket and salaams to the assembled audience, holding out her tiny brown hand for the well deserved backsheesh.

As the fun waxes fast and furious sundry quarrels and recriminations between the rival magicians attract the intervention of the native police, who, "dressed in a little brief authority," symbolized by red turban and blue tunic, soon disperse the performers, bag and baggage, hastening the enforced departure with unlimited kicks and thumps, submissively received.

Peter the Great and Lawyers.

In Russia during the reign of Peter the Great private litigants might have their suits prosecuted free of cost by lawyers paid by the state. The emperor, discovering that his subjects were being imposed upon by their legal agents, who contrived to delay trials until they had sucked their clients dry, enacted that sufficient solicitors and attorneys should be employed at handsome yearly salaries to officiate for the public in every matter of law. He ordered further that these men should insert in a register written up daily the dates of applications to them and should proceed with the suits in the order in which they were received without respect of persons. If they failed to do so, if they accepted any bribe or fee or if they were dilatory these lawyers were to be knouted and sent to Siberia.

The Surgeon's Nightmare.

Two patients who called in company upon a noted surgeon found him bemoaning a twinge of pain in his right forefinger. The callers smiled.

"Great Scott, doctor," exclaimed one, "you don't mean to say that a pain in the finger bothers a man so used to scenes of suffering as yourself!"

"It certainly does," the surgeon answered, with a worried look. "How do I know that it isn't the first symptom of blood poisoning? That is the nightmare of the surgeon. No matter how careful he may be, he is liable to contract poisoning in operating, and that kind of poisoning is of the most virulent type. Any time a surgeon is complaining about a pain in the hand sympathize with him, for he is doing some hard guessing."—Philadelphia Record.

A Bored Princess.

F. Leveson-Gower, long prominent in England, published a volume of reminiscences, in which he tells the story of Princess Lieven: "What the princess chiefly suffered from was intense boredom, which amounted almost to a disease. If nobody called during the afternoon, she would roll on the floor from ennui. On one occasion, when on her way from England, she got so much alarmed at the prospect of traveling from Calais to Paris alone that she offered a seat in her carriage to a respectable looking clergyman on board the steamer, which he joyfully accepted. When seated beside her, he talked so incessantly as to drive her wild. She could only relieve her feelings by putting her head out of the window and screaming out to the wind, 'Il m'ennuie—il m'ennuie!' (He fatigues me.)"

A Clever Ruse.

When Thurlow was lord chancellor of England he was much at outs with the bishop of London. The latter was visited one day by a clergyman, who sought appointment to a fat living then vacant. He wanted a letter of recommendation to Lord Thurlow, but the bishop said such a letter was likely to do more harm than good. Nevertheless he wrote it. When Thurlow read the missive he said, "Well, as that scoundrel, the bishop of London, has introduced you, you won't get the living." "So the bishop said, my lord," was the meek reply. "Did the bishop say so?" roared Thurlow. "Then I'll prove him a liar, for you shall have the living." And he was as good as his word.

Good Both Ways.

Bishop Wilson of Calcutta, whose speeches are often quoted, had the happy faculty of saying the right thing at all times.

On one occasion two young people whose fathers were famous for their diverse and peculiar views on Biblical subjects came to see the bishop.

"Ah," said he as he greeted one, "your father wrote a great work on the Apocalypse. I congratulate you on being the daughter of such a man."

Then, turning to his other guest, he said: "And your father forbore to write about the Apocalypse—a wise forbearance. You are to be congratulated on having so wise a father."

A Bishop's Pun.

Henry Niles Pierce, Episcopal bishop of Arkansas, was as inveterate and clever a punster as the noted English divine, Sydney Smith. On one occasion a lady in expressing her admiration of his erudition exclaimed:

"Why, bishop, you are a perfect ocean of learning."

"No, madam," was the modest rejoinder, "I'm only a part of the see of Arkansas."

Worse Than East Africa.

The worst climate I have ever experienced is that of New York, which presents all the disadvantages of the arctic and torrid zones.—From "The East African Protectorate," by Sir Charles Eliot.

Wise Daughter.

Father—If you paid more attention to cooking and less to dress, my dear, you would make a much better wife. Daughter—Yes, father. But who would marry me?

She Remembered.

"Come back for something you've forgotten, as usual?" said the husband.

"No," replied his wife sweetly, "I've come back for something I remembered."

He who expresses his willingness to die for a woman always reserves the right to fix the date of his demise.

Recommended by Prominent Physicians and Chemists

CALUMET Baking Powder

Perfect in Quality
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Moderate in Price

How Dew Forms.

Dew was formerly supposed to fall softly from the heavens, and to this belief may be ascribed many current and poetical phrases; but dew does not fall in the exact meaning of the term. The condensation of watery vapor follows upon the chilling of the air. This is seen as the earth cools toward night, and it takes place most rapidly near the ground. Grass and other vegetation cools more rapidly than the air above it. The air in contact with plants is thus chilled and deposits its moisture upon the leaves of the plants in dew. When the chilling of the air proceeds further, the moisture may be precipitated to a considerable height above the earth's surface, and it then becomes what we call fog.

The Muff.

In many of the portraits of the sixteenth century one often sees a strip of rich, soft fur wound around the wrist of a noble dame. This was used to cover the neck or fulfill the function of the muff, and to it was often attached a small animal's head, or a skull cunningly wrought in metal and adorned with precious stones. The first Venetian muffs were small, made of a single piece of velvet, brocade or silk lined with fur, the opening enriched with gold or silver buttons set with stones. By 1662 the muff seems to have been recognized as the necessary adjunct of the wardrobe of a woman of fashion.

His Last Wish.

"What are you doing with that sheet of paper, Orville?" sharply asked his wife.

"I am making a wish," answered Mr. Meekun.

"A wish?"

"Yes, my dear. In your presence I shall not presume to call it a will."—Chicago Tribune.

A Cuckoo That Stutters.

Even the cuckoo, which has no home, is strangely faithful to locality. In an Essex district an old cuckoo, known to the whole place by a distinctive stammer in his speech, was seen and heard regularly in the same parish for seven consecutive years.—London Outlook.

Fall Meetings, Merchant's Excursions to Duluth.

On account of the fall meetings of the Merchant's Association to be held at Duluth, August 17 to 24, August 31 to September 7, and October 26 to November 2, the Great Northern Railway is making reduced rates. This will enable you to see the city at the head of the Great Lakes, view the immense grain elevators, the aerial bridge, the coal docks and other places of interest at the head of the famous inland sea. For rates and detailed information, call on your local agent.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

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Department for Diseases of the Eye
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A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
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VIA THE
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From Saturday Sept. 2nd to Saturday Sept. 9th, THE GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY will sell tickets to the Twin Cities including admission to the Fair, at one fare plus 50 cents for the round trip.

See DAN PATCH Monday

When the famous peer of Racers will start against his world's record of 1:56 in an attempt to make a new one. He will appear on Monday, the opening day only

For full information about tickets, time of trains, call on the agent of the GREAT NORTHERN Railway

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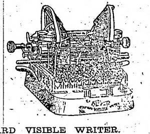

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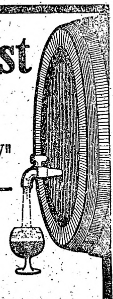

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ST. PAUL, MINN.

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HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

TIME TABLE

Arrival and departure of trains at St. Hilaire.

"The Comfortable Way!"

PASSENGER

8:00 am	Lv......Crookston......Ar	6:45 pm
9:25 am	Ar....Red Lake Falls....Lv	5:25 pm
9:55 am	Ar......St. Hilaire......Lv	4:55 pm
10:20 am	Ar...Thief River Falls...Lv	4:30 pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv.......St. Hilaire.......Ar	11:10 am
10:35 am	Ar...........Wylie..........Lv	10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN, Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Marts	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	
Carl Johnson	
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3850 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

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CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
....TOYS
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of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Smoke Lagora Cigars. —s30

Wm. Olson was a Thief River caller Thursday.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

A boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Gunderson Wednesday.

Mrs. R. H. Duntley made a business trip to Red Lake Falls Wednesday.

Sheriff Linnihan was a caller in the village Saturday on official business.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

O. H. Peters, of Middle River, was an over Sunday visitor with his family.

Mrs. O. F. Post and son Curtis visited at Thief River Falls Tuesday between trains.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Mrs. Herman Bischoff of Thief River Falls, is visiting with Mrs. Elizabeth Eickhoff.

Wm. Zaiser, the well known liveryman, drove up from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

James McAndress went to Middle River Tuesday on a business call, returning Wednesday.

A. F. Lang returned Tuesday from Crookston having gone from here with the drive taken down by McCarty..

Mrs. P. A. Blixt, Miss Sophia Larson and John Larson were Sunday visitors with N. A. Nelson, south of town.

Dr. J. E. Argue, Dentist, of RedLake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 4 and 5.

Picnic parties were much in evidence Sunday. All parties report enjoying their outings during the pleasant weather.

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church will meet with Mrs. George Austin Thursday, Aug. 31. All are cordially invited to attend.

Miss Caroline Skeie has been employed to teach a five months' term of school in district number two, commencing October 16.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Miss Tessie McCaffrey, who attended the state normal school at Mankato the past year, arrived Wednesday for a visit with her many friends.

Mrs. George Pettibone, who has been having an extended visit at the home of H. D. Pettibone, returned to her home in Minneapolis Saturday.

Six of the B.P.O.E. girls entertained five of the B.P.O.E. boys Sunday at a fudge party at the home of Leona Gebott. All report a good time.

On Monday Mrs. Fred Sandmoen gave birth to twins, a boy and a girl. The census enumerator should be allowed to make the rounds again.

Jens Nelson disposed of the old drug store fixtures Wednesday to a Mr. Kingman who starts a new store at Oslo, to which place they were shipped.

A. R. Jones departed Friday morning for Edmore, N. D., where he is to install a gasoline engine in a new elevator built by the Spaulding company.

If you are troubled with dizzy spells, headache, indigestion, constipation, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well and keep you well. If it fails, get your money back. That's fair. 35 cents. —Imperial Drug Co.

A destructive hail and rain storm is reported from Ottertail county under date of Aug. 24. Shocks were scattered and uncut grain badly twisted and blown down.

Parties from Tweet were in the village Monday making arrangements with our creamery association to have a skimming station started in that neighborhood.

Harvest is progressing nicely and if present conditions of the weather continue for a few days longer the 1905 crop will be ready for the market, in good condition.

The ice cream social given on the M. E. church lawn by the Epworth League last Friday evening was a very enjoyable and financial affair, having netted $19.38. The band boys did the entertaining and their efforts were duly appreciated.

Go to L. M. Rolland & Sons for flour. We sell the "Mascot."

C. E. Higbie was a business visitor at Thief River Falls Monday.

R. H. Duntley went to Thief River Falls Tuesday on a business trip.

Jens Nelson went to Thief River Falls Wednesday on business matters.

Wm. Eickhoff, came home Saturday from North Dakota points and returned Monday.

A. P. Toupin, of Red Lake Falls, was in the village Tuesday on a business mission.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Miss Tessie McCaffrey went to Red Lake Falls Thursday evening, returning Friday morning.

The new threshing rig ordered by the farmers' association formed here last spring arrived Thursday.

Walter McAndress came in from his claim Thursday and left the same evening for North Dakota points.

O. F. Post went to Greenbush Tuesday to take in that railroad terminus and attend to business matters.

Miss Alice E. Cotton, of Minneapolis, who has been visiting with Miss Helen Hannay, returned to her home Monday.

James Kenney returned from Oslo Thursday and is confined to the house with a lame foot, having stepped on a nail.

The depot and platform have been lowered to the required grade and now the structure is receiving a much needed coat of paint.

J. M. Richards, manager of the Crookston Lumber company, came up Thursday to confer with the local superintendent E. R. Evans.

Call at the Corner Saloon (No. 488) and try a bottle of the famous "Natural Process" bottled beer, known throughout America as the $1,000 beer.

Algot M. Edstrom the genial Hazel postmaster and general merchant, came to town Tuesday and reported that times were prosperous in his hamlet.

Peter Hensel, the Wylie blacksmith, returned from St. Paul Tuesday, where he went as a representative to see the railroad and warehouse commissioners.

James McCaffrey, formerly of this village, now living at Rainy River, came down Wednesday evening by way of the Soo, for a business and friendly call.

It will wash and not rub off
This complexion all envy me,
It's no secret so I'll tell
Take thou Rocky Mountain Tea.
—Imperial Drug Co.

C. E. Higbie has accepted a position with the St. Anthony & Dakota Elevator company as grain buyer at Hixon, west of Crookston, to begin work Sept. 1st.

Chas. Fellman went to Crookston Tuesday evening, returning Wednesday morning, having gone to confer about matters of importance relative to his reservation claim.

The past week has made a wonderful change in the crop prospects and with continued favorable conditions this part of the country will have a fine crop harvested and saved.

The "J. R." boys entertained the "J. R." girls to a hay rack party Sunday afternoon. The girls report that they had an enjoyable time and credit the boys as good entertainers.

The third annual ball of the St. Hilaire Fire department was given at Imperial opera house last evening. The usual enjoyable time was had when the fire boys entertain.

Button's Business College, Crookston and Wadena, Minn., will take you through a complete business and short hand course and allow you to pay your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after we secure you a situation. Fall term begins Sept. 4th. Send for catalog.

Prof. Onstad made his regular weekly visit to note the progress of the band boys Thursday. The professor remained until today, to take part in furnishing the music for the Fireman's ball last evening.

The application for divorce made by Anna Lee vs. Philip Lee on the grounds of cruel treatment, came up before Judge Watts Tuesday and the court granted the divorce. The parties are well known here.

A train crew blocked the crossing at Detroit for an unreasonable length of time recently and when remonstrated with informed the people that if they did not like it they could go around. A warrant was issued and the conductor paid a good fine. This may be a good object lesson to others.—Breckenridge Telegram.

A very pretty home wedding occurred Monday, August 21st at 4 p. m., at the home of the bride's parents on Wall street when Christine Torreson was united in marriage to Arthur F. Ittner, Judge Wilson officiating, only immediate relatives and friends of the family being present. Many valuable and useful presents were received, showing the high esteem in which the young couple are regarded. The groom is the well known foreman of the SPECTATOR where he has proven his ability and good fellowship for the past four years and needs no introduction to the denizens of the village. The bride is the daughter of Mrs. Peter Simonson and has lived here since childhood, being highly esteemed by her acquaintances. The young couple starts out in life with the best wishes of their numerous friends and the congratulations of the SPECTATOR.

The Great Northern at Thief River Falls does not maintain a suitable unloading platform, consequently the company is now a defendant in a $5,000 damage suit brought by John Ulvid because he had his leg broken last spring when unloading farm machinery.

Plummer Pioneer: Attorney Frank A. Gredy was out from Red Lake Falls on Wednesday on business connected with the perfecting of the title of Mrs. Marit Hannem to a quarter section of choice land in Wyandotte. Mrs. Hannem has been the owner of the land for years but the title has been the subject of legal proceedings which are now ended.

It is learned on good authority that Congressman Steenerson has been employed by the Wylie committee to look after their troubles and prevent the Great Northern from discontinuing train service on that branch. Mr. Steenerson is not back yet from his western trip, but before leaving it is reported he edited a letter to the railroad and warehouse commissioners and new developments are expected when he returns.

Dear Gus:—I have solved the mother-in-law problem; just give her regularly Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It will make her healthy, happy and docile as a lamb. 35 cents, tea or tablets.
—Imperial Drug Co.

John Johnson, a farm hand about 30 years of age, was drowned in Thief river about a mile north of Thief River Falls, August 18th. Johnson constructed a temporary raft to cross the river at Harold Oen's to get the boat which some one had left on the opposite side of the river. When in mid stream his raft went to pieces and the unfortunate man was drowned. His remains were shipped to Clarkfield for burial.

During the month of July the St. Hilaire creamery received 70,683 pounds of cream from which 21,115 pounds of butter were made. Of this amount 20,689 pounds were shipped to Fitch, Cornell & Co., of New York, and on account of the fine quality it brought 1½c over New York extra. 363 pounds were sold in St. Hilaire and 54 pounds sold to creamery patrons. The total amount paid to the 129 patrons was $4021.84, being 20 cents per pound for butter fat.

Want New Carrier.

H. P. Anderson, the carrier on rural route No. 1 out of Wylie, has sent in his resignation to the postoffice department, and advertisements have been posted for a new carrier to take his place. The examination of the new applicants will be held Sept. 16 and all applications must be sent in and be at Washington before Sept. 6. Blanks and general information may be had by application to Postmaster Ole T. Romsos at Wylie.—Gazette.

Ant as a Medicine.

Having thoroughly exploited the curative powers of the bee, writers have now apparently turned to the ant. The latter like the former, owes its medical virtues to the formic acid that it contains. But while the living bee is able to administer a hypodermic injection of the drug, the ant must be killed in order to get it. If we are to judge from some recent French investigations formic acid is likely to prove valuable as a stimulant and tonic, but nothing equals golden grain belt beer as a refreshing and toning drink. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Jury Work Postponed.

Judge Watts sent word to County Attorney Germo the first of the week not to call the grand and petit jurors until Nov. 13, giving as his reason that he wanted the farmers of this section to have all the time possible in which to do their fall work. The term is set to meet October 30, and the judge will be on hand at that time to transact any necessary business, but work for the juries will be postponed until Nov. 13, giving the farmers two weeks more in which to get their fall work out of the way.

The action of Judge Watts will be greatly appreciated by the farmers of Red Lake county and the citizens at large. It is a foresight and commendable spirit characteristic of the Judge and his many friends in this county will appreciate his action.—Red Lake Courier.

School Begins Sept. 5.

The village schools will open Tuesday, Sept. 5, (Monday being Labor Day) for the fall term. The coming year promises to be the most successful in the history of the school. The new grounds purchased adjacent to the building are all grubbed off and cleaned up, giving a neat appearance, and will be a much needed playground for the children. The new Manuel-Smith heat retention and ventilating plant has been installed, insuring the rooms being thoroughly ventilated, and one room fitted with new furniture, thus all the rooms have the latest improved desks. Gongs have been put in to sound for fire alarm and the interior of the building has been thoroughly cleaned and repaired.

The corps of teachers are: J. B. O'Brien, principal; Ottila Westlund, seventh and eighth grades; Dorothy Pettengill, fifth and sixth grades; Hulda C. Gigstad, first and second grades; Mabel P. Hannay, primary.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.
tf G. H. SANDUM.

For refreshments call at Number 488.

Sabbath School Institute at Red Lake Falls.

A two-days' convention of Sabbath school teachers and officers will be held in the Presbyterian church at Red Lake Falls on August 30th and 31st. This gathering will be in charge of two of the leading experts in this work in the northwest, Mr. John Orchard, of Fargo, the general secretary of the North Dakota Sabbath School association, and Mrs. Jean E. Hobart, of Minneapolis, the primary secretary of the Minnesota State association. They are constantly engaged in this institute work in Minnesota and the Dakotas. They will be present through the entire session and will be assisted by local workers.

This will be the first meeting of this character ever held in RedLake county. It is a union gathering of all denominations—Lutheran, Methodist, Presbyterian and all others represented in the county. A cordial invitation is extended to Sabbath school workers in adjoining counties to take advantage of this training school for religious work. Entertainment will be provided for all who come to attend this gathering.

A provisional program is printed below, which may be slightly changed, as it has not been possible to communicate with all the local workers in advance.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 30:

FORENOON—
9:30 Prayer and Praise Service.................L. C. Simons
10:00 Basic Principles of Sunday School Work..........John Orchard
10:30 The Cradle Roll...Mrs. Jean E. Hobart
11:00 "Decision Day"..........D. K. Daurie
11:30 Grading the School........Mr. Orchard
AFTERNOON—
2:30 Bible study and Prayer.
3:00 The Primary Work..........Mrs. Hobart
3:30 Talk to Children..........Mr. Orchard
4:00 A Primary Lesson..........Mrs. Hobart
4:30 Relation of Sunday School to Church..........Rev. Flesher
EVENING—
7:30 Song Service..........Albert Nauman
8:00 God's Boys and Girls....Mrs. Hobart
8:30 The Value of a Child....Mr. Orchard

THURSDAY, AUGUST 31

FORENOON—
9:30 Bible Study and Prayer...Rev. Barker
10:00 Art of Questioning..........Mrs. Hobart
10:30 Next Sunday's Lesson...Mr. Orchard
11:00 Blackboard Work..........Mrs. Hobart
11:30 Teacher Training..........Mr. Orchard
AFTERNOON—
2:30 Bible Study and Prayer..Rev. Flesher
3:00 Sunday School Management..........Mr. Orchard
3:30 Primary Work in Country Sunday Schools..........Mrs. Hobart
4:00 Organization for Evangelization..........Mr. Orchard
4:30 Sabbath School Missionary Work..........D. K. Daurie

Provokingly Funny.

Have you ever had a long, weary Sunday before you—apparently a never-ending day when nothing imaginable would provoke one of those full, hearty, whole-souled laughs from which is derived the old, favorite adage, "Laugh and grow fat?" If such a day comes to you again and you want a merry laugh for the pleasure it gives turn to the comic colored supplement of the Chicago Record-Herald's Sunday edition. It is certainly an exterminator of the "blues." Filled completely with fresh, breezy jokes and irresistibly comic illustrations in colors, sparkling with wit and humor of an enterprising as well as instructive nature, it is a paper to amuse all who see it. Four pages in colors and four pages in black and white, this—the best colored supplement issued by any metropolitan newspaper—makes of that newspaper a combination of a modern Sunday newspaper and a humorous weekly periodical in colors.

The mechanical work involved in the making of this colored supplement is a marvel of skill. The harmonious arrangements and perfect blending of the many colors used in its make-up portray artistic taste of the highest order.

Answers For Napier.

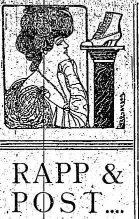
Sir Charles Napier hated a man who had not an answer ready for him. He once asked Richard Burton, the explorer, how many bricks there were in a newly built bridge. Richard, knowing his foible, answered, without hesitation, "Two hundred and twenty-nine thousand and ten, Sir Charles." He turned away and smiled. Another time he ordered a review on a grand scale to impress certain chiefs. "Lieutenant Burton, be pleased to inform these gentlemen that I propose to form these men into line, then to break into echelon by the right and to form square on the center battalion," and so on, for about five minutes, in military technical terms for which there were no equivalents in these men's dialects. "Yes, sir," said Richard, saluting. Turning to the chiefs, Richard said, "Oh, chiefs, our great man is going to show you the way we fight, and you must be attentive to the rules!" He then touched his cap to Sir Charles. "Have you explained all?" he asked. "Everything, sir," answered Richard. "A most concentrated language that must be," said Sir Charles, riding off with his nose in the air.

The Strongest King.

The strongest king on record, so the story goes, appears to have been Caius Julius Verus Maximus, the son of a Thracian peasant and emperor of Rome. It is related that with one of his fingers he stopped a chariot dashing by at full speed, that he could draw a loaded wagon, by a blow of his fist could break the hardest stones between his fingers and split trees with his hand. This redoubtable sovereign was eight feet high, and his wife's bracelets served him for finger rings. We have passed over Og, the king of Bashan, who, as the rabbis say, was nearly six miles high, drank water from the clouds and toasted fish by holding them up to the sun and who, when Noah refused him shelter in the ark, survived those troublous times by wading through the flood, which only reached to his knees, and of Atlas, king of Mauritania, who is said to have supported the world upon his shoulders.

Not Quite Clear.

Green—Jones was run over by a trolley car yesterday. They say he cannot recover. Brown—Who said he couldn't recover, his doctor or his lawyer?—Chicago News.



RAPP &
POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

The Pedestal
of Honor

is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.

Ladies' Shoes

like ours are not to be found in every store.

HAIL INSURANCE

Do you want to insure your crops against Hail in a first class Company that always pay their losses promptly? If you do, call and see us in regard to a policy in the old and reliable St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Company.

When you buy Insurance get the best

H. E. IVES, Agent, ST. HILAIRE
Minnesota

Everyday Bargains
at
E. M. HOFF'S

Granulated Sugar, 16 lbs for	$1	Evaporated Apples, fancy 3 pounds for	25c
Coffees, good as ever, 15c per pound to	40c	A good Corn, three cans for	25c
Teas, extra value, 20c, 35c and	50c	A good Tomato, 3 cans for	25c
A good size and quality Prunes per pound	4c	Small size Sour Pickles, per gallon	30c
Large size and quality Prunes per pound	6c	Sweet Pickles, very nice, per quart	12½c
Extra size and quality Prunes per pound	8c	Rolled Oats, five pound package	15c
Rice, extra good value, 28 pounds for	$1	Full Cream Cheese, per pound	13c
Tapioca, 6 pounds for	25c	Full Cream Brick Cheese per pound	15c
Sage, 6 pounds for	25c	Soaps, good, forty bars for	$1

We carry a full and complete line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Shoes of the best quality, also a big line of plain and fancy Dry Goods. We are here 365 days in the year, aim to please, will correct all errors and exchange all goods that do not please.

Name Your
Route East

In purchasing your ticket East, if you care for an excellence in service and equipment not obtainable elsewhere, name your route

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul
Railway

No additional charge to ride on the Pioneer Limited or the Fast Mail, the two most popular trains between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago. But it is necessary to name your route.

W. B. DIXON
Northwestern Passenger Agent
365 Robert Street, St. Paul.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

SALT RHEUM ON HANDS.

Suffered Agony and Had to Wear Bandages All the Time—Another Cure by Cuticura.

Another cure by Cuticura is told of by Mrs. Caroline Cable, of Waupaca, Wis., in the following grateful letter: "My husband suffered agony salt rheum on his hands and I had to keep them bandaged all the time. We tried everything we could get, but nothing helped him until he used Cuticura. One set of Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills cured him entirely, and his hands have been as smooth as possible ever since. I do hope this letter will be the means of helping some other sufferer."

ALFALFA VS. CLOVER.

Deadly Parallel Drawn Between the Two Forage Crops.

Alfalfa is ready for cutting a full month before red clover. There is a strong advantage in dairy farming, since green crops are needed at the earliest possible moment in the spring. After cutting, alfalfa springs into growth more promptly than clover and a second crop is produced within six to eight weeks. Clover lasts two years and alfalfa ten to thirty years. In New Jersey the average yield of green forage per acre was 36,540 pounds for alfalfa and 14,000 pounds for red clover. The weights of dry hay were 8,258 pounds and 4,088 pounds, and of protein 2,214 pounds and 616 pounds per acre, respectively. In the same state alfalfa was found to contain 1,809 pounds of dry matter and 265 pounds of protein per ton, as compared with 1,694 pounds and 246 pounds for clover. In other words alfalfa not only yields two and one-half times as much as red clover, but its feeding value is much greater pound for pound.—Country Life in America.

The Reason Why.

Drummond, Wis., Aug. 21st (Special)—Whole families in Bayfield County are singing the praises of Dodd's Kidney Pills and the reason why is given in experiences such as that of Mr. T. T. Wold, a well-known citizen here.

"I had such pains in my back that I did not know what to do," says Mr. Wold, "and as I came across an advertisement of Dodd's Kidney Pills, I sent for a box. That one box relieved me of all my pains. My wife also used them and found them just what she needed. I recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills as a sure cure for Backache and other Kidney Troubles."

Backache is one of the earliest symptoms of Kidney Disease. Dodd's Kidney Pills cure it promptly and permanently and prevent it developing into Rheumatism, Dropsy, Diabetes or Bright's Disease.

The Important Joke.

Our jokes, since they are all that remain to us of the old popular oral arts, since they have taken the place of ballads and folk-song, have a deep significance. The saying should now run: "Let who will make my country's laws, provided I may make its jokes."—London Speaker.

A Little Mixed.

After a meeting of the parish council in a New England town the chairman rose to sum up.

"You keep us here," he said "till 10 o'clock at night, and then you cast the town drains in our teeth. You keep us here plowing the sands, and then when all decent people are asleep you go into the public drains, causing unnecessary friction. It won't do—it's too barefaced to hold water."—Harper's Weekly.

Never Tired.

One day several years ago a Yankee told a farmer that he was never tired.

"Well, my man," said the farmer, "I think you will just suit me. I don't like men who are always getting tired."

Then he set the Yankee hoeing weeds in a field. After a while the farmer came along to see how he was getting on, but was surprised to see the Yankee lying on the ground, fast asleep under a hedge. The farmer gave him a push and said:

"I thought you told me you never got tired."

The Yankee was scarcely awake, and after rubbing his eyes he said:

"Well, boss, I never am tired, but if I did not lay down several times every day and have a good sleep I should get tired, like the rest of folks."

WRONG SORT

Perhaps Plain Old Meat, Potatoes and Bread May Be Against You for a Time.

A change to the right kind of food can lift one from a sick bed. A lady in Welden, Ill., says:

"Last Spring I became bed-fast with severe stomach trouble accompanied by sick headache. I got worse and worse until I became so low I could scarcely retain any food at all, although I tried every kind. I had become completely discouraged, had given up all hope and thought I was doomed to starve to death, till one day my husband trying to find something I could retain brought home some Grape-Nuts.

"To my surprise the food agreed with me, digested perfectly and without distress. I began to gain strength at once, my flesh (which had been flabby) grew firmer, my health improved in every way and every day, and in a very few weeks I gained 20 pounds in weight. I liked Grape-Nuts so well that for 4 months I ate no other food, and always felt as well satisfied after eating as if I had sat down to a fine banquet.

"I had no return of the miserable sick stomach nor of the headaches, that I used to have when I ate other food. I am now a well woman, doing all my own work again, and feel that life is worth living.

"Grape-Nuts food has been a godsend to my family; it surely saved my life and my two little boys have thriven on it wonderfully." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Get the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

He Knows, of Course

"No, love," she said, "I do not say
That I will give you all the space
In closet, bureau, trunk—I may
Ask for myself a little space.
But you shall have your very own,
The thing that you have languished for;
Yes, you, because I love you, love,
Shall have the lowest bureau drawer."

He thanked her. What else could he do?
For well he knew her fond intent
To prove her love was wondrous true,
Of sacrifice and yearning blent.
"Oh, love," he said, "full well I know
The wondrous love, affection sweet,
That prompts you now to promise me
A bureau drawer as mine, complete."

'Twas almost ten sweet years ago,
And ever since when he has gone
Unto that drawer he's found, you know,
Satins and laces, silks and lawn;
And women's gloves, and bric-a-brac,
And things no man would e'er disclose;
But still he minds it not at all,
For he is married and—he knows.

—Sunset Magazine.

A MINE ROMANCE

BY FRANK H. SWEET

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"That is all, I believe," said Battlesea, as he rose and buttoned his coat across his breast. "I saw the Englishman in New York, and he will be on here next week. Have the report very specific, this and that vein outcropping at the surface, so much ore to the ton, and so many tons excavated with but a minimum of expense. He has unlimited money to squander, and is wild to throw it into mine holes; but he likes details. Give it to him in the way of veins and promising indications and computations. And, oh, yes, while about it you might take a peep in Faxon's mine adjoining. Make a few golden notes about that also. After purchasing from me, the Englishman may as well buy out Faxon. The two mines could be operated as one. We will impress that on him—after we have sold. Old Faxon can't afford to hire a mine expert himself and I shall be glad to help him a little. Make the reports all right. The Englishman has heard of you and will accept the report without question. You understand?"

Yes, Clint Bayland understood, and he understood the significance of a small roll which Battlesea's hand dropped carelessly upon his desk as he turned and went out. It was a first installment for his reputation. And Clara Faxon, the most beautiful girl in twenty miles round, was the daughter of the old man whom Battlesea would be glad to help.

He walked irritably to the window of the office and looked out, not daring to trust his eyes with a second glance at the small roll on his desk. He did need the money, sorely, more than he would care to have any one know. And it was only an indication of what would come. With Battlesea, who owned more mine and town property than any ten men in the country, as his friend, his prosperity would be assured.

But somehow, the thought of the prosperity did not give him the pleasure that it ought. Oddly enough his mind went over the snow-clad peaks to the mother he had left in the East, and from her to—Clara Faxon. What would they think?

A smart runabout swung up to the office door, and a handsome young fellow of about his own age raised a beckoning finger. The other occupant of the runabout was Clara Faxon. Clint left the window and went to the door.

"Hello, Bayland," the man called affably; "be busy to-morrow?"

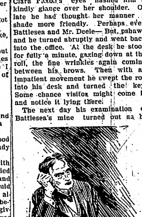
"In the morning, yes. But I can spare you part of the afternoon, Mr. Deele, if that will do."

"Nicely. I want you to take a run through my mine and make a report of its general characteristics. I haven't opened it much yet, but the indications I think point to a good thing. However, there's a rumor of a big syndicate's buyer approaching and any of us will sell if we can get our price. Say two sharp, and I will be there to go through with you."

"Very well. You may look for me."

As the runabout whirled away, Clara Faxon's eyes flashed him a kindly glance over her shoulder. Of late he had thought her manner a shade more friendly. Perhaps even Battlesea and Mr. Deele—But, pshaw! and he turned abruptly and went back into the office. At the desk he stood for fully a minute, gazing down at the roll, the fine wrinkles again coming between his brows. Then with an impatient movement he swept the roll into his desk and turned the key. Some chance visitor might come in and notice it lying there.

The next day his examination of Battlesea's mine turned out as he

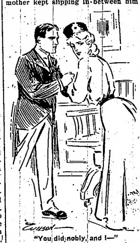


It was a first installment for his reputation.

feared—the property was absolutely worthless as an investment. And Faxon's was no better. The only difference was that old Faxon believed implicitly in his mine, while Battlesea did not. So in selling, at whatever price, one would be honest and the other a self-conscious swindler.

From Faxon's mine, Clint went straight to Deele's, a quarter of a mile away, expecting the same result. But when he left it, late in the afternoon, there was a strange look on his face. He had examined many mines, some of them very rich, but none had been like Deele's. If he made a conscientious report this would be the mine sold, at a fabulous price, and Deele, from being merely a prosperous man, would become an immensely rich one. Moreover, it would make Battlesea his bitter enemy, and practically would mean his ruin at this place. And ruin, of course, meant losing whatever chance he had of winning Clara Faxon.

The wrinkles were deep in his forehead when he entered the office and dropped down at his desk, his head upon his arms. He wanted to think, to reason the thing out in a sensible, practical manner, but could not. His mother kept slipping in between him



"You did nobly, and I—"

and his thoughts, and with her came Clara Faxon. He knew what his mother's searching eyes meant, and he fancied there was something in the girl's straight gaze that looked out upon life in much the same way. But she was on the other side of the black gulf, and he must step across to reach her. Once there, by her side, with those eyes as inspiration, he felt there could be no heights too great, no plains too broad, for them to compass together.

It was a long, bitter fight, lasting through the night and into the gray dawn of the next day; but in the end his mother won, and with haggard face he made the small roll into a secure package and returned it to Battlesea by his office boy, stating it was something that had been left in his office by mistake. Then from his notes he made out the reports for the three mines.

One afternoon, a week later, while writing to the management of a mining company in another state in regard to a position, he heard someone enter, but, thinking it the office boy, did not turn. Then:

"I—I beg your pardon, Mr. Bayland. Can I speak with you a moment?"

He whirled in his chair, to find Clara Faxon standing before him, her face a little pale, but her eyes glowing.

"Oh, Mr. Bayland," she cried impetuously, before he could speak: "Papa, and Mr. Battlesea are so angry with you. I thought you must have done something dreadful from the way they have been talking; but this morning I learned just how it was, and hurried here thinking you might feel bad at their being angry. You did nobly, and I—everybody ought to be proud of you. I—I—" She stopped suddenly, confusedly, for he had caught both her hands and was gazing into her eyes in a way that could not be misunderstood. Her breath quickened a little, then the eyes met his squarely, and the hands were not withdrawn.

Carries His Own Glass.

"Give me a glass of orange phosphate," said the red-faced man.

Then he took a tall, thin glass from his coat pocket and passed it over to the clerk.

"What's that for?" asked the clerk.

"To put the phosphate in," said the man. "I can't drink out of your glasses. I sat in a place once where I could see you fellows dabble your spoons and glasses in that little pool under the counter. That was enough for me. Since then, when I go out for a soda or phosphate, I take my own glass along. You needn't be afraid of it. It is regulation size. It won't hold a drop more than your own glasses. The only difference is it is clean. Hurry up, please."

The clerk seemed in doubt, but he mixed the phosphate. The fastidious man sipped it with appreciative smacks and glared contemptuously the while upon the common herd who took their refreshments from drug store glasses.

Ministered to His Enjoyment.

"Tommy, for the land's sake, where have you been for the last two hours?"

"Been havin' a good time with an automobile."

"You don't mean to say you've been taking a ride in one?"

"Naw! Standin' off an' hollerin' 'get a horse!' at a feller that was tryin' to make a busted machine go."—Chicago Tribune.

PAT RAFFERTY AND THE TELLER

Doubt as to His Identity Worried This Irishman.

There is a rule in one at least of the savings banks in Massachusetts that when a passbook is presented with an order for payment from the depositor the identification of the payee is required for amounts exceeding $100.

One day an Irishman, evidently not long in this country, appeared at the paying teller's window for a draft of $123, presenting a passbook and an order from the owner of the book to pay Patrick Rafferty the amount.

The order was in proper form, but the payee was not known to the teller.

"Do you know any of the officers here?" he asked of Pat.

"No, sor," replied Pat.

"Well, then, you will have to be identified to us in some way."

"What's that?" asked the now confused Irishman.

"Why," explained the teller, "you will have to get some one whom we know and who knows you to come in here and identify you. You might be anybody, and we want to be sure that we are paying Patrick Rafferty."

Pat looked dazed and went over to a seat and for ten or fifteen minutes looked stupidly at the passbook and order.

Finally he approached the window again, with the most dubious look imaginable on his face, and said, "Say, young feller, if I'm not Pat Rafferty, who the divil am I?"

HIS CLIENT WON THE CASE.

Impressive Appeal Backed Up by Defendant's Appearance.

The late Charles P. Thompson of the Massachusetts supreme court at one time in his practice had a client named Michael Dougherty, who had been arrested for the illegal sale of liquor. The police had no evidence except one pint of whisky, which their search of his alleged kitchen bar room revealed.

In the superior court this evidence was produced and a somewhat vivid claim made of prima facie evidence of guilt by the prosecuting attorney. During all this Mr. Thompson was silent. When his turn came for the defense he arose and said:

"Michael Dougherty, take the stand." And "Mike," with big red nose, unshaven face, bleared eyes and a general appearance of dilapidation and dejection, took the stand.

"Michael Dougherty, look upon the jury. Gentlemen of the jury, look on Michael Dougherty," said Mr. Thompson. All complied. Mr. Thompson himself, silently and steadily gazing at "Mike" for a moment, slowly and with solemnity, turned to the jury and said: "Gentlemen of the jury, do you mean to say to this court and to me that you honestly and truly believe that Michael Dougherty, if he had a pint of whisky, would sell it?"

It is needless to say "Mike" was acquitted.

Dead or Not, He Was Buried.

Over twenty years ago S. P. Ives, a well-known legal light of Essex county, and Charles P. Thompson of the superior court were pitted against each other in an important life insurance case at Salem, Mr. Ives for the company and Mr. Thompson for the plaintiff. Mr. Thompson was very anxious to put into the case certain affidavits, and Mr. Ives was equally strenuous in opposition.

After lengthy arguments the judge decided in Mr. Thompson's favor, and he proceeded to read, with much emphasis, depositions relating to surgical treatment, death, funeral and last the interment of the insured.

As Mr. Thompson finished reading this, which was from a sexton of the cemetery, giving name, date, number of burial lot, etc., he threw the papers upon the table and, addressing the judge, said, with a bit of impediment in speech which sometimes bothered him: "There, your honor. P-perhaps Bro. Ives don't be-believe this man is dead! B-but we've b-buried him, anyway."—Boston Herald.

Why He Hadn't Kissed Her.

On Sixth avenue yesterday afternoon a handsomely dressed woman with a profusion of blonde hair was walking by the side of her husband. As the couple passed a department store the woman's attention was attracted by a tailor-made gown, and she left her husband to examine it more closely. When she returned she seemed annoyed. "You never look at anything that interests me any more," she complained. "You don't care how I dress. You don't care for me any more. Why, you haven't even kissed me for a month."

"Indeed, I am sorry, but it is not my fault," said the man to whom she had just been speaking.

Turning the woman looked at him, gasped and mumbled out an apology. She had taken the arm of a stranger.—New York Press.

A Modern Convenience.

When Albert Bigelow Paine, the experienced author of "The Van Dwellers," was looking about him for a home in suburban New York before he found his nest on Long Island, he was interviewed by a farmer who had a house to sell somewhere up the country. He described the place in sunset and sunrise and green field and yellow grain colors, and Mr. Paine listened.

"Has the house any of the modern conveniences?" he asked.

"You bet it has," replied the farmer with enthusiasm.

"Is that so?"

"Yes, siree; it's got the very latest—there's a trolley car runs within a half mile of the front door."

Good Night!

"Good night!" so low and sweet
The homely phrase resounds
With far re-echoed beat
Beyond the garden bounds,
"Good night!" the jasmine sighs,
"Good night!" the rose replies.

"Good night!" as sad and clear
As song of nightingale
The two brief words I hear,
While west the moon doth sail.
"Good night! Alas we part!"
"Good night! O dearest heart!"

"Good night!" The moon does wane;
More purple grows the sky,
And duskier the plain
Where sleeping farmsteads lie,
"Good night! and dreams of peace
Till darkness have surcease!"

Ah, long have gone their way
Fair Venus and red Mars;
Yet for us shine for aye
Love's everlasting stars!
So, whilst time taketh flight,
"Good night!"—and then "Good night!"
—William Struthers in Boston Transcript.

LOST 72 POUNDS.

Was Fast Drifting Into the Fatal Stages of Kidney Sickness.

Dr. Melvin M. Page, Page Optical Co., Erie, Pa., writes:

"Taking too many iced drinks in New York in 1895 sent me home with a terrible attack of kidney trouble. I had acute congestion, sharp pain in the back, headaches and attacks of dizziness. My eyes gave out, and with the languor and sleeplessness of the disease upon me I wasted from 194 to 122 pounds. At the time I started using Doan's Kidney Pills an abscess was forming on my right kidney. The trouble was quickly checked, however, and the treatment cured me, so that I have been well since 1896 and weigh 188 pounds."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price, 50 cents per box.

Defined.

Little Wilberforce de Quincy (of the Common, at the baseball game)—Is the agile player who is projecting the spheroid with such velocity and curvilinear manipulation toward the player, who is poising the bat in evident expectancy of forceful contact with it, projecting it with what I have referred to as the—er—expectoration movement?

Tommy Tuff (of the Bowery environment)—Aw, wat yer givin' us? Dat's Muggsy, de pitcher, puttin de spit ball over d' plate de corkin-est kind!

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 and 912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Tracy Campbell, Aberdeen, S. D., telephone call mechanism; John Crowley, Duluth, Minn., railway track rail gage holder and brace therefor; Gustavus Duncan, Deadwood, S. D., apparatus for treating slimes in ore production; Marshall Lloyd, Minneapolis, Minn., tree guard.

He Saw It.

An American touring in the country with an English friend stopped to point out to him a sign post on which some wag had printed this sign:

"This way to Squedunk. Those who cannot read apply at the Blacksmith's opposite."

The American roared with laughter, but the Englishman looked puzzled. After they had returned home that night the Englishman came into his host's room roaring with laughter.

"Ah," he said, "I see the joke now—suppose the blacksmith were out."—Harper's Weekly.

Here Is Relief for Women.

Mother Gray, a nurse in New York, discovered a pleasant herb remedy for women's ills, called AUSTRALIAN-LEAF. It is the only certain monthly regulator. Cures female weaknesses, Backache, Kidney and Urinary troubles. At all Druggists or by mail 50 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

Flattery is only a loan, and always at a high rate of interest.

If we could only live up to our epitaphs!

Ominous.

"Oh!" he exclaimed as she accepted him, "this is heaven!"

"What?" cried the girl suspiciously. "Do you mean there is to be no marrying or giving in marriage?"—Philadelphia Press.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease

A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

They Don't Count.

"But there is much opposition to your proposed bill."

"Does Senator Graball oppose it?"

"Oh, no."

"Is Leader Grenhter against it?"

"Not at all."

"Then who does oppose it?"

"The people."

"Oh, shucks!"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

"Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy cured my wife of a terrible disease. With pleasure I testify to its marvelous efficacy." J. Sweet, Albany, N. Y.

Can't Escape.

She—Why do they talk so much about the kitchen troubles of brides? Most of them don't ever attempt to cook.

He—Oh, yes, they do, in one way or another. They all have to do a good deal of roasting and toasting.—Detroit Free Press.

HEAVES CAN BE CURED.

We have a guaranteed cure for HEAVES, COUGHS and COLDS. Guaranteed to cure or money refunded. One package by mail, 60c; 12 pkgs. by express with written guarantee to cure, $5.00. Wilbur Stock Food Co., 113 2d Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

What They Said.

At last, after a courtship extending over two years and ten months and seventeen days, he had proposed and she had handed him the answer.

"Darling," he gurgled, "you are worth your weight in gold."

"Then I must be very valuable," she replied, "for it has been an awful long wait."—Detroit Tribune.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave. N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Too Much of a Sameness.

She—That Mr. Boorish is a man of pronounced taste, is he not?

He—Monotonously so. He makes the same sounds over his soup that he does over his pie.—Philadelphia Press.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Wouldn't Do.

"Rolling pin? Yes, sir; here's one made of glass; the latest thing out."

"But, good Lord, man! that thing would probably break and cut my head all to pieces."

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Our opinion of a person's judgment and good sense rises in proportion to his interest in us.

A man loves a woman for what she is; a woman, a man for what he isn't.

Skeptical.

"I don't see how you can help being convinced by what Mr. Blank says," she observed, "he's such a fine orator!"

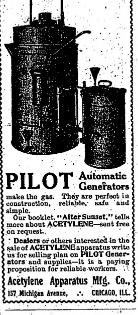
"That's just the trouble," replied her matter of fact husband. "The things he says are too good to be true."—Detroit Free Press.

Gas Light for Country Homes.

Small country homes, as well as large ones, may be lighted by the best light known.—ACETYLENE GAS—it is easier on the eyes than any other illuminant, cheaper than kerosene, as convenient as city gas, brighter than electricity and safer than any.

No ill-smelling lamps to clean, and no chimneys or mantels to break. For light cooking it is convenient and cheap.

ACETYLENE is made in the basement and piped to all rooms and outbuildings. Complete plant costs no more than a hot air furnace.



PILOT Automatic Generators make the gas. They are perfect in construction, reliable, safe and simple.

Our booklet, "After Sunset," tells more about ACETYLENE—sent free on request.

Dealers or others interested in the sale of ACETYLENE apparatus write us for selling plan on PILOT Generators and supplies—it is a paying proposition for reliable workers.

Acetylene Apparatus Mfg. Co.,
157 Michigan Avenue, CHICAGO, ILL.

TORTURING HUMORS

Instantly Relieved and Speedily Cured by Baths with

CUTICURA

Soap to cleanse the skin, gentle applications of Cuticura Ointment to soothe and heal, and mild doses of Cuticura Pills to cool the blood. A single Set, costing but One Dollar often cures.

Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug and Chem. Corp., Boston, Sole Props. Send for "The Great Humor Cure." Mailed Free.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC FOR WOMEN

troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES

For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.

Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.

THE R. PAXTON COMPANY — BOSTON, MASS.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

N W N U —NO. 34— 1905

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

THE TURN OF LIFE

A Time When Women Are Susceptible to Many Dread Diseases—Intelligent Women Prepare for It. Two Relate their Experience.

Mrs. A.E.G. Hyland

The "change of life" is the most critical period of a woman's existence, and the anxiety felt by women as it draws near is not without reason.

Every woman who neglects the care of her health at this time invites disease and pain.

When her system is in a deranged condition, or she is predisposed to apoplexy, or congestion of any organ, the tendency is at this period likely to become active—and with a host of nervous irritations, make life a burden. At this time, also, cancers and tumors are more liable to form and begin their destructive work.

Such warning symptoms as sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches backaches, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and inquietude, and dizziness, are promptly heeded by intelligent women who are approaching the period in life when woman's great change may be expected.

These symptoms are all just so many calls from nature for help. The nerves are crying out for assistance and the cry should be heeded in time.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was prepared to meet the needs of woman's system at this trying period of her life. It invigorates and strengthens the female organism and builds up the weakened nervous system. It has carried thousands of women safely through this crisis.

For special advice regarding this important period women are invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and it will be furnished absolutely free of charge.

Read what Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound did for Mrs. Hyland and Mrs. Hinkle:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I had been suffering with falling of the womb for years and was passing through the Change of Life. My womb was badly swollen; my stomach was sore; I had dizzy spells, sick headaches, and was very nervous.

"I wrote you for advice and commenced treatment with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as you directed, and I am happy to say that all those distressing symptoms left me and I have passed safely through the Change of Life, a well woman. I am recommending your medicine to all my friends."—Mrs. Annie E. G. Hyland, Chestertown, Md.

Another Woman's Case.

"During change of life words cannot express what I suffered. My physician said I had a cancerous condition of the womb. One day I read some of the testimonials of women who had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I decided to try it and to write you for advice. Your medicine made me a well woman, and all my bad symptoms soon disappeared.

"I advise every woman at this period of life to take your medicine and write you for advice."—Mrs. Lizzie Hinkle, Salem, Ind.

What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Hyland and Mrs. Hinkle it will do for any woman at this time of life.

It has conquered pain, restored health, and prolonged life in cases that utterly baffled physicians.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

ESTABLISHED 1879

MINNEAPOLIS. **Woodward & Co., Grain Commission.** DULUTH.

ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1905. NUMBER 7.

LONG, BLOODY WAR IS ENDED

TERMS OF PEACE ARE SETTLED BY MR. WITTE AND BARON KOMURA.

JAPS YIELD POINTS IN ISSUE

WITH MAGNANIMITY OF VICTORS THEY GIVE UP EVERYTHING FOR PEACE.

RUSSIANS WILDLY JUBILANT

CLAIM DIPLOMATIC TRIUMPH, BUT MORAL TRIUMPH IS JAPAN'S.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 31. — The long and bloody war between Japan and Russia is ended. The terms of peace were settled by Mr. Witte and Baron Komura at the session of the conference yesterday morning, and yesterday afternoon preliminary arrangements for an armistice were concluded and the actual work of framing the "Treaty of Portsmouth" was by mutual agreement turned over to Mr. De Maartens, Russia's great international lawyer, and Mr. Dennison, who for twenty-five years has acted as the legal advisor of the Japanese foreign office. The treaty is expected to be completed by the end of the week.

End Sudden and Dramatic.

This happy conclusion of the conference, which a week ago would have been shipwrecked had it not been for the heroic intercession of President Roosevelt, was sudden and dramatic. For the sake of peace Japan, with the magnanimity of a victor, at the last moment yielded everything still in issue. Russia refused to budge from the ultimatum Emperor Nicholas had given to President Roosevelt through Ambassador Meyer. No indemnity under any guise, but an agreement to divide Sakhalin and reimburse Japan for the maintenance of the Russian prisoners were his last words. They had been repeatedly reiterated in Mr. Witte's instructions and in the form of a reply to the

Japanese Compromise

proposal of last Wednesday they were delivered to Baron Komura yesterday morning. Mr. Witte went to the conference declaring he was powerless to change the dot of an i, or the cross of a t in his instructions. Emperor Nicholas' word had been given not only to him but to President Roosevelt, the head of a foreign state.

When Baron Komura, therefore, first offered the new basis of compromise, the complete renunciation of indemnity, coupled with a proposition for the redemption of Sakhalin at a price to be fixed by a mixed tribunal consisting of representatives of the neutral powers, in fact if not in words, the solution offered by President Roosevelt, Mr. Witte again

Returned a Non-Possumus.

It was what Mr. Witte termed in his interview with the Associated Press the "pschylogical moment." Mr. Witte did not flinch. He expected a rupture and as he expressed it afterward, he was stunned by what happened. Baron Komura gave way on all the disputed points. With the prescience that has enabled the Japanese to gauge the mental processes of their adversaries on the field of battle and upon the sea, they had realized in advance that peace could be obtained in no other way. They had warned their government. President Roosevelt had also, it is believed, advised Japan that it was better to meet the Russian position than to take the responsibility of continuing the war for the purpose of

Collecting Tribute.

The mikado at the session of the cabinet and elder statesmen Sunday had sanctioned the final concession. When Baron Komura yielded the rest was mere child's play.

Articles 10 and 11, interned warships and the limitation of Russia's sea power in the Far East, were withdrawn. Japan agreed that only that portion of the Chinese Eastern railroad south of Chantfu, the position occupied by Oyama, should be ceded to Japan. Both sides, once the deadlock was broken, wanted a "just and lasting" peace, and in that spirit it was decided to practically neutralize Sakhalin, each country binding itself not to fortify its half of the island, and Japan assuming an obligation not to fortify the La Perouse strait, between Sakhalin and Hokkaido, which would bar Russia's commercial route to the Pacific.

Mutual Privileges.

The plenipotentiaries went further. They decided to add a new clause in the nature of a broad provision for mutual commercial privileges by which each country will secure for the other the benefit of the "most favored nation" clause and the "open door."

The new treaty, therefore, will be a wonderfully friendly document, of character almost to raise the suspicion that the two countries have not negotiated peace, but have concluded the basis for a future alliance. There is, however, no evidence, as rumored, that secret clauses are to be appended to the present treaty.

Glory Given to Roosevelt.

Before leaving the conference building felicitations were exchanged with the president at Oyster Bay. Both Baron Komura and Mr. Witte telegraphed. The former confined himself to apprising Mr. Roosevelt of the conditions upon which peace had been concluded. Mr. Witte frankly laid his tribute at the president's feet. In his message he said:

"History will ascribe to you the glory," and added the expression of Russia's hearty appreciation of the president's "generous initiative." Mr. Roosevelt replied with words of thanks and congratulation.

Then came the jubilation. Mr. Witte and Baron de Rosen returned to the hotel for luncheon. The Japanese had remained at the conference hall to lunch with Mr. Peirce.

Scenes of Wild Rejoicing.

The news that peace had been concluded had preceded the Russian plenipotentiaries and such scenes of wild rejoicing have never before been witnessed in the State of New Hampshire as greeted them upon their arrival at the hotel. Mr. Witte, dazed at the sudden and happy termination of the conference, was fairly overpowered by the tremendous ovation he received. He could only express his gratitude by shaking the hands of everybody, and in response to the volley of questions fired at him as to the terms, murmured: "We pay not a kopec and we get half of Sakhalin."

Later, in his room, when he had partially recovered himself, he declared that he could not have dreamed of such a victory—for that he regards it as

A Diplomatic Triumph

of the first magnitude he makes no attempt to conceal. And that is the general verdict here. The Russians are overjoyed at the result.

"We have had our Liao-Yangs and Mukdens on land," they say, "and our Tsushimas on sea, but the Japanese have their Portsmouth."

Although Mr. Witte is not a diplomatist, they declare that he has outmaneuvered the Japanese, yielding one by one to the conditions until he forced them into a corner on the main issue of indemnity and left them no escape, except surrender or to convert the war into a war to collect tribute. The Russians declared that diplomatically the Japanese made their colossal blunder when they agreed to consider the conditions seriatum.

Japanese Are Silent.

The Japanese correspondents, although they said little, plainly showed their dissatisfaction with the terms during the afternoon. They stood aloof, silent in the midst of the general jubilation, for as the afternoon advanced, the air was filled with the sounds of rejoicing. Bells were ringing in Portsmouth and Newcastle and the fleet in the harbor was adding to the din with their sirens and bells.

Baron Komura, following the rule he has set himself, declined to make any statement, and Mr. Takahira would only say, when asked by the Associated Press to make a statement:

"For the sake of humanity and civilization and, as we believe, in the interest of both countries and the world, we have made peace."

PRESIDENT IS GRATIFIED.

Feels It Is Great Triumph for Humanity and Civilization.

Oyster Bay, Aug. 31.—In his library at Sagamore Hill President Roosevelt, shortly before 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon, received the announcement that the Russian and Japanese plenipotentiaries at Portsmouth had reached an agreement and would proceed at once to conclude the terms of a treaty of peace.

"That is fine, splendid," exclaimed the president.

The joyful tidings soon spread through the Roosevelt household. The president did not conceal his profound gratification at this successful issue of the peace conference, the initiative of which had come from him, and his feeling of satisfaction at the outcome permeated the entire entourage of Sagamore Hill. It was a joyful family party that assembled a few minutes afterward around the hospitable board of President Roosevelt.

While the president did not seek to conceal his profound gratification that the conference has reached an agreement, he said he was obliged, in the circumstances, to refrain from any formal expression regarding the work accomplished until he should have been informed fully as to the details. It can be said, however, that he feels that the successful issue of the conference is a great triumph for humanity and civilization.

ROOSEVELT THE VICTOR.

French Newspapers Are Highly Eulogistic.

Paris, Aug. 31.—The French newspapers this morning devote lengthy and eulogistic editorials to President Roosevelt. The president is the hero of the hour—indeed, little mention is made of Emperor Nicholas.

The Matin says: "Roosevelt is the great victor. He forced two belligerents who were strangling one another to meet on neutral ground with the same tranquility that he displayed on the eve of battle at the head of his rough riders. He tackled the respective delegates of the belligerent parties, facing Japanese cupidity and Russian infatuation with the same disdain for diplomatic usages as when he was charging the trenches with his slouch hat on the ground and a white handkerchief around his neck. He is the great victor of this battle of giants."

NOW WORKING ON THE TREATY

CONSIDERABLE DETAIL TO BE WORKED OUT IN ELABORATING ARTICLES.

DISAPPOINTMENT IN JAPAN

EVEN RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT RECEIVES PEACE TERMS COLDLY.

ARMISTICE NOT ARRANGED

MAY BE CONCLUDED DIRECTLY BY GENERALS ON FIELD OF BATTLE.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 31.—Actual work of drafting the "Treaty of Portsmouth" began yesterday. It is being done by Mr. De Maartens and Mr. Dennison, acting as legal advisers for the respective sides. While the "bases" of peace have been accepted by the plenipotentiaries, considerable detail remains to be worked out in the elaboration of the articles of the treaty. This is especially true in regard to the articles dealing with the Chinese Eastern railway, and the surrender of the leases of the Liaotung peninsula and Port Arthur and Talienwan (Dalny). Mr. Pokotiloff, the Russian minister to Pekin, who was formerly manager of the Russo-Chinese bank at Pekin and who has intimate knowledge of all the details relating to those matters, is assisting Mr. De Maartens.

Anomalous Situation.

A very anomalous situation exists as to the impression created by the conclusion of peace. While the outside world applauds, in Japan there is evidently great disappointment in the terms, and in Russia, where it would seem that there should be universal rejoicing over the great diplomatic victory Mr. Witte has won, the government seems to have received it coldly.

With the people it will make Mr. Witte a great and popular figure and add to his laurels, but at court evidently the very victory that Mr. Witte has achieved makes it all the more bitterly resented.

It is an open secret that when the emperor appointed Mr. Witte chief plenipotentiary, the "military party"

Expected Him to Fail.

They did not want peace, and it was freely predicted in St. Petersburg when Mr. Witte left that he had been given an impossible mission. They expected him to fail in the negotiations or to make a "bad peace" and either would have spelled political ruin. Instead, upon the very terms upon which the emperor told Mr. Meyer he would make peace and upon which the military party did not believe it possible for peace to be negotiated, Mr. Witte succeeded in securing a treaty honorable and, under the circumstances, favorable to Russia. This has evidently only exasperated his enemies the more, and intrigue is again at work to discredit him. Since Japan was in a conciliatory mood they now say he made a mistake in surrendering half of Sakhalin. Yet he did so by the czar's orders and himself insists that personally he would have

Stuck to the End

to his original declaration not to cede territory or give indemnity.

Not a word or line about the receipt of the news comes out of Japan. In view of the situation both Tokio and St. Petersburg alarmists are inclined to make much of the facts that the minutes of Tuesday's fateful meeting have not been signed by the plenipotentiaries of the two powers. It is pointed out that either side could still repudiate the agreement, but both plenipotentiaries refuse to admit even the possibility of such a happening.

The armistice was not arranged yesterday and it is not improbable that the armistice will be concluded directly by the generals on the field of battle.

NOT YET OUT OF THE WOODS.

"Whistle Softly" Is President's Homely Admonition.

Oyster Bay, Aug. 31.—"Whistle softly, we are getting into the thin timber, but we are not yet out of the woods."

This homely admonition represents accurately President Roosevelt's view of the situation at Portsmouth. Peace is in sight, but yet is not an accomplished fact. Profoundly as he is gratified at the results already achieved by the plenipotentiaries, the president realizes fully that the most important work remains yet to be done. Until that is accomplished, it is scarcely the part of wisdom, he thinks, to do more than "whistle softly."

The president has no definite idea how long the plenipotentiaries may be engaged in the negotiations of the treaty of peace.

ALL WORLD ACCLAIMS HIM.

President Roosevelt Is Flooded With Congratulatory Dispatches.

Oyster Bay, Aug. 31.—All the world seemed to be sending one unending message of gratitude and commendation to President Roosevelt yesterday, in which the glory of the conclusion of peace was given from many lands, in many languages and from admirers in every walk of life. Crowned heads, great statesmen, ambassadors, distinguished prelates, leading representatives of all professions, miners, cowboys, deputy sheriffs, guides, philosophers and friends of every station, sent glowing messages to the summer executive office in this sleepy little village for transmission to Sagamore Hill, until the official staff of clerks were overwhelmed with the task of answering them.

Peace Prize for President.

Carlsbad, Aug. 31.—The Associated Press has the highest authority for stating that there is a strong probability that President Roosevelt will receive the Noble peace prize next year.

RUSSIANS ARE COLD.

No Notable Expressions of Satisfaction or Dissatisfaction.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 31.—The news of the successful completion of the preliminary negotiations for peace at Portsmouth has been received here without marked or even notable expressions either of satisfaction or dissatisfaction. Tranquility is perhaps the best term with which to convey the sentiment of practically all classes, including the officials.

The general and pervading sentiment among the thinking element is that Japan arrived at a recognition of the fact that it was really impossible for Russia to make any further concessions for she desired to avoid arousing among the people at home sentiments which would constitute a most serious menace to the future.

PEACE, THEN QUAKE.

Severe Series of Shocks Make World-Famous Portsmouth Tremble.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 31—A series of earthquake shocks, the most severe ever felt in this section, occurred here late yesterday afternoon. Buildings trembled perceptibly, dishes were shaken from the shelves, and in many cases people rushed in terror from their houses into the street. There were three distinct shocks, and in each instance the tremor was accompanied by a sound like a distant explosion. The first impression was that the powder magazine at the navy yard had exploded. There had been no explosion; however, and the shocks were felt along the entire New Hampshire coast line. The first shock was felt a little before 5:05 p. m., and the other followed soon after. In the business section of the city shoppers and employes of the stores rushed into the street, believing the buildings were about to collapse. Each of the three shocks continued for several seconds.

KILLED BY HER FIANCE.

Girl Breaks Promise to Man Who Brought Her From Norway.

New York, Aug. 31.—Rene Sanne, a Norwegian girl, was killed yesterday by her fiance, Rudolph Williamson, who had paid her passage from Norway in order to make her his wife, and to whom she had broken her promise to marry him. Immediately after the murder Williamson shot himself. He will die. The tragedy occurred in a Brooklyn apartment.

SKY WAS CLOUDED.

Eclipse was not in Evidence in Western Canada.

Winnipeg, Man., Aug. 31. — The eclipse was a disappointment here. The sky was clouded in Winnipeg, also at Lake Winnipeg and Selkirk. Hundreds of citizens who were up early in the morning simply had a view of the darkness following the light, which indicated the eclipse was on, though, they could not see the cause of the obscurity.

DISPEL HUBBARD MYSTERY.

Physicians Say Death Was Due to Heart Disease.

Chicago, Aug. 31.—Coroner Hoffman yesterday held an inquiry into the death of Rensselaer D. Hubbard of Mankato, grain merchant, who died suddenly in the rooming house of Mrs. Nellie White. The verdict of the coroner's jury was heart disease. Hubbard was a guest at a fashionable down town hotel, arriving there Tuesday.

COACH TURNED OVER.

One Man Killed and Three Injured in Railroad Accident at Augusta, Ga.

Washington, Aug. 31. — A dispatch was received at the offices of the Southern railway in this city stating that local train No. 18 had met with an accident, and that while crossing Reynolds street, in Augusta, the rear coach turned over, one man being killed and three others injured. No other details were given.

FIGHT NIAGARA FALLS GRAB.

Roosevelt Asked to Prevent Destruction of Scenery.

Washington, Aug. 31. — President Roosevelt is being deluged with letters by individuals in all parts of the country praying him to do whatever lies in his power to prevent the further destruction of the natural beauties of Niagara falls by the development power plants on both sides of the river.

Stepping on Nail Fatal.

La Crosse, Wis., Aug. 31.—Ida Caroline Huse, sixteen years old, is dead as the result of stepping on a nail a week ago. Blood poisoning set in and death resulted from lockjaw yesterday.

Attorney Kills Himself.

St. Louis, Aug. 31.—T. E. Ralston, a prominent attorney, for years chief counsel of the Wiggins Ferry company, committed suicide last night by shooting himself in the stomach.

OHIO GETS THE FEVER SCARE

NEW ORLEANS BALL PLAYER UNDER SURVEILLANCE IN CLEVELAND.

BREAKS OUT IN NEW SPOTS

OUTBREAK OF PLAGUE AT PENSACOLA, FLA., OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED.

DR. WHITE PLEASED WITH WORK

PLAGUE-FIGHTING CAMPAIGN IN NEW ORLEANS IS WELL CONDUCTED.

Cleveland, Aug. 31.—The health department placed Gus Warner, a New Orleans baseball player, under surveillance yesterday. He had just arrived in Cleveland from New Orleans, and had no health certificate. He claimed, however, that he had not been exposed to yellow fever. The health department officials said he would be kept under guard until Saturday. He is accompanied by his wife and child.

Vicksburg Has Two Cases.

Vicksburg, Miss., Aug. 31.—Dr. John Guiteras of the public health and marine hospital service reported two positive cases of yellow fever in Vicksburg. The sickness is of a very mild type. The origin of the fever has not yet been fixed. Both patients are white, and neither has been out of town for months.

No Change at Natchez.

Natchez, Miss., Aug. 31. — After 6 o'clock last evening one new case of yellow fever, which was considered convalescent, was discovered. Otherwise there has been no change in the local situation.

Fever in Pensacola.

Washington, Aug. 31.—The surgeon general of the army yesterday received a telegram from Barrancas stating that the mayor of Pensacola, Fla., has officially announced that yellow fever has broken out in Pensacola. Alabama has placed a quarantine against Pensacola.

Forty-Six New Cases.

New Orleans, Aug. 31.—Official report to 6 p. m. last night shows that there were then 46 new cases and 4 deaths during the 24 hours. The number of new cases has hovered around the same figure for three days.

The new feature of the situation outside of the city was the development of two cases at Vicksburg. Other country reports are:

Patterson, seven new cases and one death.

St. Rose, four new cases.

Pecan Grove, two cases, one death.

Amelia, four cases.

Hanson City, five new cases.

Gulfport, two new cases.

Natchez, one new case.

Pleased With Work.

Returning from an automobile ride through many of the wards of the city, Dr. White said yesterday he was much pleased with the evidences he saw on every side of the excellent work done by the forces working under the direction of the federal authorities as well as by citizens in general.

JOHN D. TO BE LAVISH.

Charitable Work Will Be Conducted Under Son's Supervision.

New York, Aug. 31.—John D. Rockefeller is planning gifts of money for educational and charitable purposes which, it is said, will so far surpass contributions he has hitherto made that announcement of them will astonish the country. His method of selecting objects for his benefactions have changed, however, and hereafter they will be made largely upon the advice of his son, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and according to systems learned by the younger man when he was in Europe a few months ago. Mr. Rockefeller, Jr., left the Adirondacks yesterday for Cleveland, where he will confer with his father upon some of the gifts to be made this coming autumn.

ALLOWED TO RESIGN.

Immigration Agent Who Coached the Chinese for Admission.

Washington, Aug. 31.—Acting Secretary Murray of the department of commerce and labor, yesterday permitted Thomas Quinn, interpreter of the Chinese language for the bureau of immigration in Arizona courts, to resign from the service. Charges were made that Quinn had coached Chinese witnesses for a consideration. He denies the charge, and an order of dismissal was under consideration when he resigned.

Wife Kills Husband.

Chicago, Aug. 31.—William Van Vorhees was killed by his wife in a restaurant here. The two were quarreling, and Mrs. Van Vorhees fired three shots at her husband. When the police arrived he was dead.

Tries to Pacify France.

Tangier, Aug. 31.—A special courier from Fez announces that the French-Algerian merchant has been set at liberty. According to later advices he is ill as the result of bad treatment received while in prison.

KERMIT'S AMBITION REALIZED.

Young Roosevelt Kills a Bear and Two Wildcats.

Deadwood, S. D., Aug. 31.—Kermit Roosevelt has realized his ambition. A small brown bear and two wildcats hang as scalps to his belt. A hunting party consisting of Capt. Bullock, his son Stanley, Kermit Roosevelt and Paul Martin, son of Congressman Martin, returned yesterday from a trip through the mountains and plains of the north. Three hundred and fifty miles were traversed in ten days by the lads on horseback. Plucky little riders they proved, never noticing the hardships, and of untiring energy. The great event took place on the fifth day out, when Capt. Bullock and Kermit stalked a small brown bear, who was peacefully raspberrying on a mountain side. Kermit's skill with his rifle stood him in good stead and his nerve never flagged for a minute. The wildcats were easy prey.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

Man on Farm Near Winona Dies Instantly.

Winona, Minn., Aug. 31. — Albert Caston, a workman on the Challers' farm a few miles south of this city, was instantly killed by lightning. He had been driven from the field with his team by the approaching storm and had unhitched the horses. They had started for the barn and he was following when he was struck by lightning. He died instantly. Caston had come to this farm from a small Wisconsin town near Milwaukee about two months ago. The remains have been brought to this city and relatives notified.

STREET CAR MEN ARRESTED.

Manslaughter Charges Grow Out of Fox Point Accident.

Milwaukee, Aug. 31. — Warrants of arrest yesterday were served on M. W. Austin, superintendent of transportation of the Milwaukee Street railway; Inspector Bell of the South side service, and R. Aarmack, a motorman employed by the company, charging them with manslaughter in connection with the street car accident at Fox Point ten days ago, in which Henry Altpass was killed and many were injured. The three men were released on bail of $1,000 each.

FRATICIDE LAID TO INDIAN.

Half-Breed Says He Killed Brother in Self-Defense.

Montana, Aug. 31. — John Cobbell, Blackfoot half-breed, has been brought here from Cut Bank to await action of the United States grand jury for killing his brother, Thomas Cobbell. Cobbell pleaded guilty at the preliminary hearing and said he killed his brother to protect himself and family, as his brother, heavily armed, was about to carry out an alleged threat to kill them all. Before dying, Thomas Cobbell made a statement exonerating his brother.

MONTANA MINERS ADOPT SCALE.

No Radical Change Made From Last Year's Agreement.

Helena, Mont., Aug. 31. — Montana coal mine operators and miners, after a three days' conference here, reached an agreement yesterday upon the scale to be paid for one year after Oct. 1, when the present agreement expires. The conference found some difficulty in agreeing upon certain points, but eventually reached common ground. The new scale will not be materially changed from the present.

BUGGY HIT AND BOY KILLED.

Girl Also Is Injured When Train Hits Vehicle.

Sioux City, Iowa, Aug. 31. — While on the way to Sioux City from Akron with a can of cream, a buggy in which rode Elmer Putnam, aged fifteen, and Alma Putnam, his sister, aged thirteen years, was struck by a Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul train. The children were thrown from the buggy, the boy being instantly killed and the girl seriously injured.

AGED BREWER IS HERO.

John Michel of La Crosse Stops Runaway Team to Save Boy.

La Crosse, Wis., Aug. 31. — John Michel, Sr., a wealthy brewer seventy-five years old, last evening saved the life of a lad of twelve years by risking his life to stop a runaway team. The old man was dragged several yards by the runaways, but was uninjured. The child scrambled from the heap of milk pails badly scared but unhurt.

ROBS SWEETHEART'S BANK.

Farmer Uses Ax to Open Girl's Money Till.

La Crosse, Wis., Aug. 31.—Because he cracked open his sweetheart's savings bank with an ax and purloined the $36 which had been saved by Daisy Lamar, Ole Hanson must serve a jail sentence. When arrested Hanson, who is a farmer, broke down and confessed his odd crime.

Young Woman a Suicide.

Winnipeg, Aug. 31. — The mystery surrounding the disappearance of a servant girl named Clara Debl from her employer's residence last Thursday was cleared up when the body of a young woman was found in the river. The girl left a note stating she intended doing away with herself.

Killed by Lightning.

Winona, Minn., Aug. 31.—Albert Caston of Milwaukee was struck by lightning and killed last night on William Chalmers' farm on Homer Ridge.

NORWAY WILL NOT CONSENT

SWEDISH DEMAND THAT FORTS BE RAZED MAY CAUSE A HITCH.

NORWAY DELEGATES TIED UP

DECISION OF STORTHING LIMITS THE SCOPE OF THEIR WORK.

PORTSMOUTH SETS EXAMPLE

COMMISSIONERS ARE URGED TO COME TO AN AMICABLE AGREEMENT.

Karlsbad, Aug. 31.—The opening of the negotiations here to-day between the Swedish and Norwegian commissioners on the question of the dissolution of the union is awaited with intense interest. The Scandinavian newspapers are largely represented.

The question mostly discussed is as to what fortress Sweden will call upon Norway to abolish. The Associated Press has reason to believe that these will be the fortresses of Fredriksten, Kongsvinger, Orje and Dingsrud. It is also understood that the Norwegians will refuse to abolish the former two.

The Norwegian delegates arrived last night. Their hands are tied by the decision of the storthing that nothing shall be decided by them without consent.

The Swedish delegates arrived this morning.

Leave for Karlsbad.

Christiania, Aug. 31. — The Norwegian commissioners appointed to confer with commissioners from Sweden on the question of dissolution of the union left for Karlsbad last evening.

All the evening papers expressed a conciliatory sentiment and the best wishes for the result of the conference of the representatives of the two countries, referring to the examples set by the peace conference at Portsmouth, and urge the commissioners to come to an amicable agreement.

The first meeting of the commissioners will be held to-day.

WORKMEN IN REBELLION.

Mobilization of Troops Causes a General Strike at Libau.

Libau, Russia, Aug. 31.—A general strike has been brought about here by the order for the mobilization of troops. No factories are running, port loading has been discontinued, and the street railroads have stopped operating. Steam railroad communication has been interrupted and there are no newspapers issued. The arrival of reservists from the neighboring country districts has added to the confusion as well as to the possibilities of disorder. The situation is growing tense, and many soldiers are patrolling the streets.

WITTE TO VISIT THE WEST.

Diplomat to See Chicago and Other Cities.

Chicago, Aug. 31. — Sergius Witte, the man whom many hail as one of the greatest diplomats of the age, is to visit Chicago soon, according to Prince Engalitcheff of the Russian consulate in Chicago. "The end of the week, I think, will see M. Witte in Chicago," he said last night. "Both myself and Baron Schlippenbach, the Chicago consul, met M. Witte on his arrival in New York from Russia, and he said he would visit Chicago and other Western cities when the negotiations were ended."

VILLAGE SWEPT BY FIRE.

Extent of Loss Not Known Because Communication Is Cut Off.

Petoskey, Mich., Aug. 31.—The village of Levering suffered a great fire last night, the extent of which is not known because telegraph and telephone communication is cut off. It is known, however, that the Grand Rapids & Indiana railroad depot, several sawmills and many thousand feet of lumber have been devoured by the flames. Appeal has been made for aid from the Petoskey fire department. Levering is the county seat of Emmett county. It has a population of 350.

Big Lake Freighter Ordered.

Detroit, Aug. 31. — An order was placed here yesterday with the American shipbuilding company by Herbert H. Oates of Detroit, representing Buffalo and Detroit interests, for another big lake carrier, to be delivered April 1, 1906. The steamer will have a length of 545 feet, beam 55 and depth 31, with a capacity of 10,000 tons. The contract price is $400,000.

Soda Tank Lets Go.

Bloomington, Ill., Aug. 31.—An explosion of a soda tank at Hopedale tore off R. Sellerman's right arm at the shoulder, injured two other persons and caused Mrs. John Ichelberger to die shortly after the accident of heart failure superinduced by the shock.

La Crosse to Have a Carnival.

La Crosse, Wis., Aug. 31—North side merchants will have a street carnival next week. A carnival company's shows will occupy five of the business streets.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

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S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

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THE
Photograper.
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Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Sept. 2, 1905.

It will pay to look over your real estate holdings carefully and see if you have paid all of the taxes every year.

Old settlers claim that this is the wettest season we have had since the country was settled, twenty-five years ago.

President Roosevelt is given almost the whole credit for the successful conclusion of the Peace conference and stands today as the most prominent man in the world.

There is not a county in Minnesota in which the female population exceeds the male population, and in some parts of the state there are nearly twice as many males as females. According to the new census Red Lake county has a population of 8,651 males and 7,304 females. In the state the males preeominate by over 150,000.

Anoka Union: The Union has no hesitancy in saying that it would prefer Theodore Roosevelt for president in preference to any man so far mentioned, and is constrained to say that thousands are of the same opinion. Unless something unforseen should happen then people are likely to take the bits in their teeth and re-nominate him in spite of everything.

Sam H. Clark and Greeley Carr the first of this week purchased the Thief River Falls Press of McDonald Brothers. Both gentlemen are live and bright and have a thorough knowledge of their undertaking. We predict an unqualified success for The Press under so able a management. Mr. Clark, who formerly ran the Marshall county Leader, will have editorial charge.

Roseau Times: It now develops that Gov. Johnson gave his pledge not to be a candidate for re-election and in return therefor he received the support of certain elements within the republican ranks. This was why Gov. Johnson announced that he would not again be a candidate for re-election. There is not much being said about this pledge now, but just wait until Gov. Johnson is re-nominated and you will hear a great howl go up. There is no prominent republican who desires to run against Johnson, nor is there a well-advised politician who would advise any man, however popular he may be, to enter the field against the present incumbent, should he ask a re-election.

The Dog Has No Mechanics.

In no well attested case has a dog shown any sense as to the nature of any mechanical contrivance. Dogs will learn which way a door opens, and rarely if ever do they undiscerningly close it when it is slightly ajar when they wish to pass through the opening, but I have never been able to observe or obtain evidence to show that they would pull down the latch in the way in which a cat readily learns to do. Much as dogs have had to do with guns, they display no kind of interest in the arms except so far as they are tokens of sport to come. They connect the explosion with the capture of the game and will search for it in the direction in which the barrel was pointed. I have not, however, been able to find that they know, as they might readily do, when the weapon was loaded and when empty. They show no interest in it, such as monkeys readily display toward any mechanical contrivance to which their attention has been directed. All these negative features indicate that the mechanical side of the canine mind is entirely undeveloped.—London Standard.

Men Who Make Clubs.

As to social clubs of men, there are two classes of members—the positive and the negative. In an organization of a thousand members you will find, probably, nine hundred and ninety-nine negatives and one positive. This one positive is seldom the president, but nearly always the treasurer or secretary. It is he who regards the club as his home, his family, his wife and children. His whole heart is wrapped up in its success. He brings in the new members and is always on hand to shoulder burdens which the negatives willingly impose upon him. He never rebels, never protests, never complains. A club is a community of selfish interests, as a rule, and every selfish negative agrees with every other selfish negative that such and such a man is the ideal secretary, treasurer or manager. A good secretary or treasurer is seldom promoted; he is too useful.—New York Press.

One of the Cluster.

A man is but a cluster on the great human grapevine. He begins to dry up the moment he is cut off from his fellows. There is something in the solidarity of the human race which cannot be accounted for in the sum total of all the individuals. Separation from the mass involves a mighty loss of power in the individual, just as there is a loss of cohesion and adhesion involved in the separation of the molecules and atoms of the diamond. The value of the gem is in the close contact, the compactness and the concentration of the particles which compose it. The moment they are separated its value is gone. So a strong, effective man gets a large part of his strength from the vital connection with his fellows.—Success Magazine.

Founded on Herring Bones.

Dutch monopoly of the North sea fishing grounds during the seventeenth century brought such wealth and prosperity to Amsterdam that the capital of Holland was popularly said to be founded on herring bones. No less than 50,000 Hollanders were directly engaged in fishing the coasts from near Yarmouth to as far north as the Shetlands, and 150,000 more were employed, indirectly, in the distribution and sale of the fish. Sir Walter Raleigh pointed out to James I. how the Dutch sold to the Yarmouth herring mongers fish caught in their own seas for English gold, with which they built annually a thousand ships and fishing boats.

The Voice of Sincerity.

Children are said to be good, although unconscious, judges of human nature, and most of them do at least recognize sincerity and detect pretense.

"Come here, my little darling," said the book agent. She had a face which belied her words, but she was trying to cultivate the little daughter of the woman who had not yet come downstairs. "I do so love children," she added, in a clear tone, as she heard footsteps on the stairs, "but you seem to like the kitty better than me. Why are you so fond of her?"

"'Cause she purs as if she meant it," said the little girl calmly.

Where He Drew the Line.

M. de Sainte-Beuve, the popular French writer, once fought a duel. When the principals took their positions, it was raining hard. Sainte-Beuve had his pistol in one hand; with his other hand he held up his umbrella. The seconds protested.

"I have no objection to being killed," said he, "but as to being wet—no, no!"

No Plagiarism There.

"I challenge you," said the young poet, "to find a single line that I have borrowed or stolen from any one."

"There's no doubt," replied the critic, "that it's all yours. But if I were you I wouldn't let it happen in my next book."—Chicago Record-Herald.

A Perfect Gentleman.

Little Elmer—Papa, what is a perfect gentleman? Mr. Broadhead—A perfect gentleman, my son, is a man who, when you start to tell him your troubles, does not break in and try to tell you his.

A Little Ambiguous.

"Beg pardon," said the missionary, "but will you translate his majesty's remarks again? Did he tell his daughter that he was to have guests to dinner or for dinner?"

In Doubt.

Farmer Blake (at New York restaurant)—Waal, Miranda, here's spinach 60 cents. I wonder naow if that's a peck or bushel.—Life.

Continual Opportunity.

Great opportunities seldom present themselves, but every moment of every hour of thy conscious life is an opportunity to improve thyself, which for thee is the best and most necessary thing.—Ruskin.

A Smart Woman.

"Biggins' wife thinks he is the smartest man on earth."

"No," answered Miss Cayenne; "she doesn't think so. She merely makes Biggins think she thinks so."

Gentleness and cheerfulness, these come before all morality; they are the perfect duties.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

Her Idea.

Mr. Settledown—I'd prefer to stay at home once in awhile. My idea of domestic bliss was to have a home of our own. Mrs. Settledown—Exactly, and some place else to go to.

Admiration is the daughter of ignorance.—Franklin.

Still Worse.

Penelope—It's dreadful! Papa wants me to marry a man I have never seen. Perdita—That's nothing. My father wants me to marry a man I have seen.

Sincerity is the face of the soul, as dissimulation is the mask.—Dubay.

Curing Hay.

Since rough feed is usually much cheaper than grain, too much importance cannot be placed on securing hay and fodder in the best possible condition, says W. J. Fraser of the Illinois Agricultural college. If hay is unduly exposed to dew and rain during the time of curing, it loses much, both in nutrition and palatability. It is also important that hay and fodder be cut at the proper stage, before becoming too ripe and the stems woody.

Grain For Dairy Cattle.

Grain feed should not usually compose over half the ration of dairy cows and from that to nothing, according to the character of the roughage available and amount of milk given by the cow. In general it is a safe rule to feed liberally roughage and vary the grain feed to suit the requirements of the individual.—Illinois Agricultural College Bulletin.

Value of Silage.

Silage is especially valuable on farms or in communities where rough feed is scarce, for more stock can be kept on a given area of land where the crops are made into silage than in any other way with the same amount of labor expended. No farmer keeping ten or more cows can afford to be without a silo.—Wilbur J. Fraser.

Calumet Baking Powder
Perfect in quality.
Moderate in price.

Why the Mystery Tale Succeeds.

The mystery element enters to a greater or less degree into fiction of every kind. Indeed, it is the base of all literary interest. Primarily we read a story "to see how it comes out," and, other things being equal, the story in which the element of suspense by deft construction and subtle shaping is most successfully maintained will be the most universally satisfying and popular. The mystery tale of today is a story in which the element of suspense is deliberately enlarged and emphasized until it dominates every other consideration in the story. Characterization, atmosphere, emotional values—all become subordinated to the great business of plot development. The marshaling of incident, the succession of climaxes in crescendo order, the cumulative sweep of the narrative while the secret of the outcome is carefully withheld, is the affair here. Like a periodic sentence of titanic size, the tale is unrolled until with the concluding paragraphs the meaning of all that has gone before is made clear.—Lee F. Hartman in Harper's Weekly.

Facts About Bananas.

Under very favorable circumstances a banana plant may give a stem of fruit in nine months, but it generally takes from fifteen to eighteen months for the average plantations to be in full bearing. The life of a plantation varies according to the fertility of its soil and topographical situation. Some soils may need a rest in six or seven years, while others may last practically forever, as in cases where periodically enriched by alluvial deposits. Sandy loam, through which water or rain will freely percolate, is the best soil for bananas. The stalk needs a large amount of rainfall for its successful development, but water must not be allowed to remain on the surface or immediately under the surface of the soil surrounding it, lest the water be heated by the tropical sun and become stagnant, in which case it will kill the plant.—Chicago Journal.

Toothbrushes.

"In the straight toothbrush one thigh bone of a beef twelve inches long and four in diameter will cut four perfect blanks. The same bone will cut only two of these fancy curved pieces. That's one thing that makes the difference in cost between plain and fancy," said a manufacturer. "When the bone is cut to length and shaped, bristles are hand drawn by wire or thread through the brush part, each group of bristles having its own leader. Then they are securely fastened, and the work is finished. When the bristles first go in they are fully three inches long. After being firmly secured they are cut down to the size required. What bristle is best? Well, in some respects that's a matter of taste. It is all hog bristle, but whether soft or hard depends on the user."

Diplomat and Philosopher.

A story is told in Paris of a diplomatist who represented a South American republic a few years ago. There had been so many revolutions at home that the financiers there had no time to send him his salary, but he took this misfortune philosophically, sold all the furniture of the legation except a bed, a table and some chairs and occupied one room with his principal attache, who cooked the meals. Any one who called early on the minister would probably find him cleaning the boots. "What would you have?" he would say, waving a boot expressively. "My poor country is in another crisis and has forgotten us again, but when I go back I shall make a revolution and appoint myself president. Then we shall have our reward for all this self denial."

A Domestic Tragedy.

Divorces are frequently pronounced in America on the ground of incompatibility of temper. In England we do not go so far as that, but I have just heard of a case where an old family servant who married the gardener separated from her husband on exceedingly slight grounds. She said that he would insist on the glasses being turned upside down on the sideboard and that there should be antimacassars on the dining room chairs. And so, as they could not agree, the unhappy pair separated.—London News.

A Friendly Suggestion.

An old man in a Scotch village had a big eight day clock which needed repair, so he took it on his back to carry it to the watchmaker's. As he went along the village street an acquaintance met him, glanced at him and passed on. After he had got about fifty yards away his friend called out to him, "Hi!" Back went the old man laboriously to where the other stood. "Man," said his friend, "would it not be far handier if ye carried a watch?"

A Little Tale From Fairyland.

"Just by way of experiment," said the first fairy, "I appeared to ten men at random and asked them to make a wish, and seven of them wanted to know how to play the races."

"Ah!" said the other elf. "Only seven? But, I presume, the others thought they knew."—Punch.

His Weak Point.

A man was killed by a circular saw, and in his obituary notice it was stated that he was "a good citizen, an upright man, and an ardent patriot, but of limited information regarding circular saws."

Gave the Bride Away.

Stella—Who gave the bride away—her father? Bella—No, her little brother. During the ceremony he told everything he knew about her.

Let us watch our beginnings and results will manage themselves.—Clark.

Watering Cows.

It is true that the cow can live and be watered only once a day, sometimes once in two days. But that is not her nature nor the way to make her give most profit, says J. S. Woodward in Rural New Yorker. The cow is a ruminant and as such never drinks because she is thirsty. No one ever saw a cow drinking on an empty stomach provided she could get water at will. They first take in the feed; then they take a sip of water and commence to "eat" (chew the cud). In a little time they sip more water, and so on continually. Now, the cow knows a heap more than nine-tenths of the men who care for her, and she says clearly by her actions that she wants it often instead of a half barrel once or twice a day. We have a cow now in our stable that drinks not less than 75 quarts, about 150 pounds of water, every day, for which she is giving at least 25 quarts of milk, about 54 pounds. She could not do that only watered once or even twice a day.

Corn in the Silo.

I do not think there is anything else yet found that makes as good and cheap feed as corn put in the silo, said J. Patterson before the Missouri Dairy association. An acre of corn that turns out forty bushels per acre, if cut when it comes out of the roasting ear and is quite green, will make ten tons per acre. You know that good land well fertilized and well tended can double that and will make twenty tons per acre. Four tons is sufficient to feed a cow through the winter, that making an acre maintain five cows. But it would not be good to feed any stock on ensilage alone. The addition of ten to fifteen pounds of good clover hay for cows giving milk and three to six pounds of bran per day, or in place of some of the bran two pounds of linseed or cottonseed meal makes a good mixture.

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Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.
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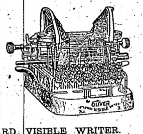

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From Saturday Sept. 2nd to Saturday Sept. 9th, THE GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY will sell tickets to the Twin Cities including admission to the Fair, at one fare plus 50 cents for the round trip.
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When the famous peer of Racers will start against his world's record of 1:56 in an attempt to make a new one. He will appear on Monday, the opening day only
For full information about tickets, time of trains, call on the agent of the GREAT NORTHERN Ralway
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"The Comfortable Way"

TIME TABLE

Arrival and departure of trains at St. Hilaire.

PASSENGER

8:00 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
9:25 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
9:55 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
10:20 am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30 pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10 am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN, Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James F. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. DUNTLEY, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE
Veterinary Surgeon.
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TOBACCOS
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Agency for......
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Smoke Lagora Cigars. s30

School starts Tuesday.

Sheriff Linnihan was an official visitor Monday.

Mrs. Geo. Hughes went to Thief River Falls Friday.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

James McCaffrey went to Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Dr. Blomburgh was a professional caller at Thief River Falls Saturday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

F. A. Grady of Red Lake Falls, was a business caller in the village Wednesday.

Wm. Olds, of Crookston, was in the village Wednesday—and busy all the time.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

The stock yards have been repaired and now made secure, an improvement much needed.

The board of county commissioners meet Sept. 8 for the transaction of general business.

Wm. Eickhoff returned from North Dakota Saturday for an over Sunday visit with his family.

Christ Bjerk left for North Dakota points Monday to remain until after the threshing is finished.

C. E. Higbie left Wednesday evening for Hixon to buy grain for the St. Anthony & Dakota company.

H. D. Pettibone departed for Chicago Thursday evening, where he has an office for the lumber company.

Miss Katherine L. Patterson went to Bemidji Saturday to visit with Mrs. E. R. Evans, returning Tuesday.

L. T. Bergh came in from Grand Forks Wednesday and will spend a few days with his family on the claim.

Alfred and Harry Twing came up from Crookston Saturday for a visit with their aunt Mrs. W. A. Arthur.

C.H. Martz and son Joe left Tuesday evening for Grand Forks to attend the state fair and see North Dakota sights

Mr. and Mrs. John Gunderson lost their infant son Wednesday and it was buried Thursday in the cemetery east of town.

Miss Carrie Pirath and George Hennings drove up from Red Lake Falls Sunday to visit with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Austin.

J. J. Soll started Wednesday evening for Fosston where he intends meeting several nimrods and all will engage in a few days' hunting.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Ray Collins left Tuesday evening for Virginia, Minn., where he has accepted a position as setter in the mill there, having had a like position here.

Rev. Byron A. Barker went to Red Lake Falls Wednesday to attend the union gathering of the Red Lake county Sabbath school institute.

Mrs. Dr. Blomburgh went to Thief River Falls Friday and from there will take the Soo to Minneapolis to visit relatives and attend the state fair.

Good advice to women. If you want a beautiful complexion, clear skin, bright eyes, red lips, good health, take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. There is nothing like it. 35 cents, tea or tablets. —Imperial Drug Co.

The herd of broncos here furnishes much amusement for the small boy. Sales are frequent and the catching and leading of the colts attract much attention.

John McAndress, block man for the Nicols & Shepard Threshing Machine company, from Grand Forks, was here between trains Monday making final settlement with the farmers who purchased the big threshing rig last spring.

Fred Dahl and Ole Hoas are two of the graduates of Crookston high school who are doing well on the Iron range this summer and are picking up a remarkable fund of knowledge bearing on mining engineering which both intend to adopt as a profession for life. The Minnesota Iron range and its myriad of mines provide an excellent school of experience for the boys and they are taking in all the features of the work.—Crookston Times.

Go to L. M. Rolland & Sons for flour. We sell the "Mascot."

Jens Nelson made a business trip to Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Ole Johnson, of River Falls, on Monday, a girl.

Grandma Hughes came back from Duluth Monday to visit with her son George.

F. A. Grady was an over night visitor Wednesday, driving home Thursday morning.

H. E. Ives returned from the editorial trip Tuesday and will now give his auto more attention.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Andrew Erickson left for North Dakota Wednesday to help the farmers get their threshing done.

Mrs. H.D. Pettibone went to Bemidji Saturday, returning home Wednesday accompanied by Mr. Pettibone.

A. S. Wilson and son went to Grand Forks Monday evening to attend the state fair and visit with relatives.

K. O. Gigstad went to Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening on a business call, returning Wednesday morning.

Mrs. David Collins and children drove to Thief River Falls Saturday to visit with relatives, returning Monday.

Dr. J. E. Argue, Dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 4 and 5.

A.F. Lang left for Langdon Tuesday evening intending to remain until most of the North Dakota threshing is finished.

Al. Potvin went to Middle River Tuesday expecting to make a stay of a few days, but not liking the prospects returned the same day.

Christ Wiste, a former St. Hilaire boy, now a business man of Thief River Falls, came down Saturday evening to greet old acquaintances.

There will be services at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. All are welcome.
Alex Sand, Pastor.

The rain Saturday morning delayed harvesting for a few days, in fact the showers we have had recently have delayed most everything in the way of farming.

The eclipse of the sun Wednesday morning was observed by some of our early risers. Not being the above mentioned class we did not participate in the great phenomenon.

Rheumatism, gout, backache, acid poison, are results of kidney trouble. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, goes directly to the seat of the disease and cures when all else fails. 35 cents.
—Imperial Drug Co.

Ole J. Tweet, of the town of Norden, has been appointed by Gov. Johnson as a delegate to the annual meeting of the National farmer's congress, at Richmond, Virginia, to be held in September.

Thief River Falls News: Upon the complaint of Chief E. O. Erickson, three saloon keepers were arrested Monday charged with having violated the Sunday closing ordinance. They were each fined $35 and costs. Those fined were John Anderson, O. Carlson and W. H. Wood.

Thursday morning the weather man got busy again and the rain came down in the same fashion it has all summer, putting the farmers to rest, delaying harvesting and making the threshing mechine men feel as if they would need the assistance of a house-moving outfit in order to keep their outfits above ground.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: A large crowd of young people from this city went up to St. Hilaire last Friday evening to attend the annual ball given by the St. Hilaire fire department that evening. A large crowd of people attended the dance and as usual the St. Hilaire people proved themselves excellent entertainers.

Are you lacking in strength and vigor? Are you weak? Are you in pain? Do you feel all run down? The blessing of health and strength come to all who use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents.
—Imperial Drug Co.

Crookston Times: Attorney Sam Clarke, of Thief River Falls, arrived in the city last evening on his way home from Stephen, where he was called a week or more ago on a very sad mission. Mr. Clarke was called upon at that time to mourn the death of his mother and last week the funeral services were held at Argyle, the old Clarke home. Mr. Clarke has the sympathy of his many Crookston and Red River valley friends in his sad bereavement.

Tuesday evening a lawn party was given by Miss Ella Johnson and Mrs. H. R. Hanson on the lawn at the Hanson residence. All kinds of games were in progress and merrymaking was at its height when a young lady sat on a bee hive and began tapping it with her heels to let the inmates know that they were alive. Soon the bees answered the summons and came out to swarm. The young lady gave a scream and the gallants who responded to the call participated in the welcome of the bees, leaving evidence of their defense. The party then thought it best to stay in the house, but so persistent were the bees that they followed and later the seekers of pleasure abandoned the place and assembled at the home of Miss Ella Johnson where the evening was joyously passed in dancing.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Chas. Fellman moved his family from the claim to the village Monday that his children may attend school, thus taking advantage of the law permitting a homesteader to live during the school year where the children can attend school.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: Mr. and Mrs. Lew Adams, of Grand Forks, are the happy parents of a fine new girl baby which came to their home Saturday morning of last week. The Red Lake Falls friends of this young couple will join in extending best wishes to the young lady and her happy parents.

The opening of the hunting season was not very bright. None of the local sportsmen were missed from their places of business and all of them had a tired expression in their faces, not so much from business cares but from the fact that to go hunting was impossible on account of the continuous raining.

Some pedestrians more bent on mischier than the welfare of the village seem to take particular pleasure in breaking all the boards possible in the sidewalk. Such vandalism usually occurs in the evening and when the guilty parties are caught, as they certainly will, an object lesson should be made of them.

Northome Record: A curious incident, relating to the physical geographical conditions of the country is the fact that at the present time the continent of North America is cut in twain by a continuous stream of water between the Gulf of Mexico and Hudson bay. The conditions, however, are not natural that make this, but are due to the government dam at Leech Lake which has backed up water until the overflow has finally crossed over the narrow (three mile) divide between Cut Foot Sioux and Big Sand lakes. The Indians say that this never happened but once before, and that was caused by a cloud burst.

RIVER FALLS ITEMS.

Guss Konikson and wife visited N. A. Nelson's last Sunday.

Mrs. Blomqvist, of Ironwood, Wisconsin, is visiting with P.O. Konikson's.

Miss Inga Faustad, of St. Hilaire, has been visiting Olivea Nelson and Theresa Cuno the past week, returning home Monday.

The marriage of Mr. Gust Konikson and Miss Johanna Eugenia Johnson occurred on August 25th at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. O. Konikson, in River Falls, Rev. Alex Sand officiating. The groom is a prosperous farmer of River Falls and the bride is a young lady who arrived in America from Sweden about half a year ago.

Mind vs. Digestion.

That a mental image may have a real and immediate effect on the secretory glands is known to everyone who has felt his mouth "water" at the thought of food when hungry. In several recent investigations of this subject it has been shown that the sight of food may provoke even a more abundant flow of saliva than when it is actually taken into the mouth, and that the secretion is adapted to the kind of food perceived. We should therefore train our minds to aid digestion and with the aid of golden grain belt beer you will insure health and happiness. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

The Tax Sale this Fall.

State Auditor Samuel G. Iverson has issued a circular letter to the county auditors throughout the state in which he urges that the county officials, as far as it is possible for them to do so, call the attention of real estate owners to the forfeited tax lists on file at the offices of the state auditor and county auditors that they may examine the lists to see whether there has been neglect in the matter of payment of the back taxes in the years gone by. The state tax sale will be held about Nov. 1, next, and it is believed that in nearly all cases the taxes will be paid or redeemed when the personal notice of expiration of redemption is served upon the owners. This will, however, impose quite an expense on the property owners.

An examination of the lists of real estate forfeited to the state for the nonpayment of taxes under the old law and under the law of 1902, discloses the fact that a great many people have been exceedingly careless in the matter of taxes. Thousands of cases have been noted where one year's taxes and hundreds of cases where half-year's taxes are delinquent on farms, village and city property.

These omissions may not have occurred in the last two or even three years, but may have as far back as four, five or even ten years ago. The amount may be very small, but under the law the tract is forfeited to the state and being forfeited it is subject to sale in November.

The state and county officials are not directed by law to bring this tax forfeiture to the personal attention of the owners, and the publicity that is now being given the matter by those officials has been given with a view of saving the real estate owners considerable expense and, in some cases, much annoyance.—Thief River Falls News.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.
tf G. H. SANDUM.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

For refreshments call at Number 488.

Should be Remedied.

Congressman Halvor Steenerson has been importuned by a number of homesteaders who purchased claims at the Thief River land sale of Red Lake lands last year, to prepare a bill extending the length of time for payment of the installments. Several very valuable claims have been forfeited during the past few days because of the negligence of owners in failing to appear at the land office here with their second installment on the purchase "within sixty days after the expiration of the first year" as is required by law. G. J. Woods of Red Lake county who has $1,000 worth of improvements on his claim, today tendered his second payment of $225 which was due on the 24th of June and the local land officials refused, on the grounds that today is the 62st day from June 24th, and that under existing federal laws, the land would have to be forfeited and re-sold. Woods computed his time according to months and failed to reckon with the 31 days in July. He is likely to lose his claim entirely as a result. Tom Nesbit of Grand Forks did a similar trick on the 22nd and had his homestead forfeited as a result of his negligence, or failure to construe the rules correctly.

Receiver George of the Crookston office says he or any of the land office officials either here or at Washington are powerless to intervene in the matter with the act reading as it now does, and that an act of congress will have to be passed, covering the matter before those homesteaders who have defaulted will be able to reinstate themselves. The loss to homesteaders in many instances will amount to thousands of dollars, unless Congressman Steenerson drafts a bill for their relief and it is quite probable that he will.—Crookston Times.

A Man Eating Tiger.

In 1891 one of the Hagenbecks and Herman Boger, a hunter in the family's employ, went to India for tigers. Hearing of a savage man eater in a certain district, they organized a party and sallied forth to find him.

Crouching like a cat, with back up and whiskers bristling, it waited its chance for a spring. One of the natives, more venturesome than the rest, boldly charged it. With a sudden blood curdling growl it was upon him and he was brushed from his horse like a man of straw. And then, though he was a man of fully 145 pounds weight, the great beast seized him as a cat seizes a kitten and started off with him toward the jungle. It was impossible to shoot for fear of killing the man, and so we had to make the chase one of strategy. Finally, near the edge of the undergrowth, we cornered the tiger, and it dropped its luckless burden. Then a bullet from an express rifle ended its days of pillage. It had carried the man half a mile, and, strange to say, he was little injured.—Leslie's.

Corsica and England.

It is an almost forgotten fact that for a period of a little more than two years during the Napoleonic wars Corsica was a British possession. After the evacuation of Toulon the British government felt it necessary to take the island, and Lord Hood, with Nelson as brigadier, was sent to drive out the French. With the capture of Calvi, July 12, 1794, where Nelson lost his eye, the island fell into British hands, and George III. formally accepted the crown of Corsica, appointing Sir George Elliot as British viceroy and allowing the Corsicans to retain their legislative assembly. In 1796 the activity of the French navy in other parts of the Mediterranean resulted in a sudden decision of the British government to withdraw from the island. The evacuation was completed on Oct. 20 of that year, and Corsica reverted to France.

Cooking In Naples.

In Naples cooking is done anywhere and anyhow—inside and outside, on sheet iron stoves, on tin boxes, in stone jars or in clay baked earth. Here a cobbler sits from early to late out on a corner of a sidewalk near a public "Latrina," to which he attends whenever necessary; when not, he mends; also makes shoes. Near him is a granite arrangement where he cooks his meals. It is about one foot high, square and open at the top, with space deep enough for some charcoal. Below the coal is a grate. On one side at the bottom is an opening for draft, and a savory smell always arises from a little black pot if one passes there at noon or toward the evening. I saw a stove and a woman busy cooking out on a balcony, with about six feet of stovepipe braced against the railing.—Chicago Tribune.

The Pain Part.

"Do you take pains with your eating?" asked the doctor.

"No," sadly replied the dyspeptic. "The pains don't come till afterward."
—Philadelphia Record.

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(SECOND HAND STORE.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
C. A. SKEIE.
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Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
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is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.
Ladies' Shoes
like ours are not to be found in every store.

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Do you want to insure your crops against Hail in a first class Company that always pay their losses promptly? If you do, call and see us in regard to a policy in the old and reliable St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Company.
When you buy Insurance get the best
H. E. IVES, Agent, ST. HILAIRE Minnesota

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We are getting in daily our Fall and Winter Stock of....
Dry Goods :: Dress Goods
Boots and Shoes
and Heavy Winter Goods
AND INVITE YOUR INSPECTION
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Call early and see our Stock of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods
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In purchasing your ticket East, if you care for an excellence in service and equipment not obtainable elsewhere name your route
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No additional charge to ride on the Pioneer Limited or the Fast Mail, the two most popular trains between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago. But it is necessary to name your route.
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**Calumet
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"Best by Test"

Used in Millions
of Homes

GOOD HOT WEATHER READING.

Some Wayback Winters That Were Corkers for Cold.

"Weather talk is always harmless, if monotonous," said Daniel O'Connor, Buffalo, "but the cold winter of 1709 was a corker in Europe. All the rivers and lakes were frozen, and even the sea for several miles from shore. The frost in the ground was nine feet deep. Birds and beasts were struck dead in the fields, and men perished by thousands in their houses. My ancestors lived in Galway then. In the south of France the vine plantations were almost destroyed, and it took a century to repair the damages. The Adriatic sea was frozen, and so was the Mediterranean about Geneva. The winter of 1744 was cold, and snow fell in Portugal to the depth of twenty-three feet on the level. In 1754 and 1755 the climate in England was so severe that the strongest ale exposed to the air in a glass was frozen an eighth of an inch thick. I find the other extreme winters in the eighteenth century were 1716, 1726, 1740, 1771, 1774, 1775 and 1776."—

Righteous Indignation.

Here the promoter whispered something in his ear.

"Would that induce you to look more favorably on our scheme?" he asked.

"Sir," answered the alderman from the 'Steenth ward, quivering with wrath, "if you think I am to be swerved from my duty by a bribe—like that—you sadly underestimate me."—Chicago Tribune.

Good Soul!

"I'm so disappointed in baby's weight. I was sure he would weigh ten pounds, but the scales said only seven."

"She looks heavier than that," said the caller. "Where did you weigh her?"

"On my husband's scales," answered the iceman's wife.—Chicago Tribune.

STOP, WOMAN!

AND CONSIDER
THE ALL-
IMPORTANT FACT

That in addressing Mrs. Pinkham you are confiding your private ills to a woman—a woman whose experience with women's diseases covers a great many years.

You can talk freely to a woman when it is revolting to relate your private troubles to a man—besides a man does not understand—simply because he is a man.

Many women suffer in silence and drift along from bad to worse, knowing full well that they ought to have immediate assistance, but a natural modesty impels them to shrink from exposing themselves to the questions and probably examinations of even their family physician. It is unnecessary. Without money or price you can consult a woman whose knowledge from actual experience is great.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation.

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women only. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established the eternal confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Out of the vast volume of experience which she has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge that will help your case. She asks nothing in return except your good-will, and her advice has relieved thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance.

If you are ill, don't hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice.

When a medicine has been successful in restoring to health so many women, you cannot well say, without trying it, "I do not believe it will help me."

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS.
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

DIFFER ON HEREDITY

TWO SCHOOLS OF MEDICINE IN CONFLICT.

Long-Accepted Idea of the Direct Transmission of Disease Largely Abandoned, but Predisposition to Maladies May Be Inherited.

Opinions have changed considerably with reference to the connection between heredity and disease, says the Medical Record. The belief was once universally current that most diseases could be transmitted directly to children, notably tuberculosis diathesis. Clement Lucas, in the Wightman lecture delivered in London a short time ago, considered the question of hereditary bias and early environment in their relation to the disease and defects of children. The lecturer, while, on the whole, inclined to agree with the new views as to the transmission of disease, thought perhaps that the pendulum had swung somewhat too far in that direction and that scarcely sufficient attention was paid at the present time to the influence of heredity in the causation of some diseases. For instance, he does not think that the old observations as to the tuberculosis types of patients are quite valueless, and is of the opinion that the pearly sclerotics, the sharp, refined features that may be seen in any wasting disease, may be produced by the tuberculosis process. This may be transmitted to the offspring, so that after a few generations sufferers from the disease would have the type occurring in a healthy individual, and merely indicating a diminution of resisting powers, perhaps to all diseases.

Malaria, again, formerly described as a climatic diathesis, is now known to be due to an organism conveyed by the agency of mosquitoes. In the case of cancer Lucas holds the view that there are distinct grounds for doubting the belief in the hereditary transmission of the disease.

There is, however, in the affections and abnormalities of the nervous system the clearest evidence of the influence of heredity in disease. Fletcher Beach has stated that of idiots 51 per cent have a history of mental defects in the family, 20 per cent of epilepsy and 16 per cent of alcoholism. Gerrish has recorded an instance in which, through five generations, paresis of the anterior tibial muscle appeared between the ages of 2 and 26. Deaf mutism, judging from statistics, would also appear to be hereditary.

Notwithstanding the fact that heredity is regarded, and rightly so, as not having the preponderating influence in the causation of disease which it was once thought to exert, it may be questioned whether hereditary influence is not now too lightly regarded as a factor in disease. Tuberculosis is not directly transmitted, but the predisposition to disease is inherited, and the descendants of tuberculosis forbears are more prone to contract the disease than those whose ancestors were free from the malady. Of course, the discovery that many diseases are caused by microbes and the likelihood that most organic affections originate in the same way, has unduly shaken our belief in the influence of heredity in disease. As yet, however, the proofs that heredity exerts no influence in this direction are not sufficiently convincing to overthrow completely the old views. The theory of heredity has been modified, not overturned entirely.

Megaphone in London.

About midnight fearsome cries arose from Carlton House Terrace. First it was a sound of surprise and horror, then it became a frenzied appeal; then it rose to a prolonged wail of agony, as if all hope were lost. A foreign gentleman walking down Pall Mall was much agitated. He rushed up to a constable and said: "Don't you hear that? Somebody is being murdered. He has been suddenly attacked from behind by a robber. He has shrieked for mercy; there is none. He fills the skies with his despair. And you stand there like a block of wood! No one to help this poor victim! And this a city where you are so proud of your law and order, and your peaceful West End!" But the constable smiled a placid smile and answered: "Don't you take on like that. This isn't murder. It's only a voice callin' Lady Smithereen's carriage!"—London Chronicle.

No Other Cotton Fields.

The attempt in this country, or the talk of it, to restrict the cotton acreage because of a heavy crop following several short years, has naturally given new impetus to the movement set on foot several years ago by European cotton mill owners to find a new source of supply that would render them less dependent than at present upon the American supply. Encouraging reports have been received from time to time of this or that corner of the earth, but on the whole the prospect of a considerable increase from new fields, is not encouraging and American growers apparently will not have to worry for several years over the matter of foreign competition.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Train Fatalities in Britain.

During 1904, according to a parliamentary report just submitted, 1,073 persons were killed by accidents connected with running of trains and movement of railway vehicles, or eighty-six less than in the year before. Casualties from train accidents show a very marked decrease.

Earns Title of Baron.

The late Sir D. M. Petiti, a parsee of Bombay, who founded numerous cotton mills in India, gave $2,500,000 to benevolent projects and was created a baron, an honor conferred on only one other native.

Japs Replace Chinese.

Before Formosa passed into Japanese hands, 20,000 Chinese coolies were imported every year during the tea picking season. The number now is less than 6,000, the Japanese employing their own coolies.

Popular Italian Novelist.

Mathilde Serao, wife of a Naples editor, is one of the most popular Italian novelists.

WHY NOT "PUT A SMILE"?

New Expression, and Odd One, but Helpful.

It is an odd expression, but it sticks in the memory.

Put a smile.

Who coined it? you ask. Not any one that you know. It came from a bright-eyed, happy-hearted little tenement lad as an injunction to some of his playmates.

A reporter and a newspaper artist were visiting the densely crowded tenement district in search of a story and some pictures. They found at last a number of children who were boiling over with happiness because some godly-minded woman were to send them to the country for a two-weeks' outing. Preparation for the picture was watched by the group of children who were about to enjoy the new experience of sitting before a camera.

One little lad was particularly gleeful. His eyes danced. He was not one of those in the picture, and he was not going to the country, but he was happy for all that. His joy was uncontrollable. It broke out at the critical moment, and in an ecstacy of delight he shouted the injunction, "Put a smile."

The smile was "put." Could you have helped it?

It is pretty good advice, though, isn't it?

If the weather man continues perverse and the hot days sap your strength and warp your character—put a smile and endure as best you can. The smile will help wonderfully.

If worries overtake you and sorrows come to you and your heart seems breaking with the load—

Put a smile.—Chicago Journal.

Lesson for Women.

Jersey Shore, Pa., Aug. 28th (Special)—"Dodd's Kidney Pills have done worlds of good for me." That's what Mrs. C. B. Earnest of this place has to say of the Great American Kidney Remedy.

"I was laid up sick," Mrs. Earnest continues, "and had not been out of bed for five weeks. Then I began to use Dodd's Kidney Pills and now I am so I can work and go down town without suffering any. I would not be without Dodd's Kidney Pills. I have good reason to praise them everywhere."

Women who suffer should learn a lesson from this, and that lesson is "cure the kidneys with Dodd's Kidney Pills and your suffering will cease." Woman's health depends almost entirely on her kidneys. Dodd's Kidney Pills have never yet failed to make healthy kidneys.

VANDERBILT EGGS $1 A DOZEN.

Baltimore Hennery Not Proving a Financial Success.

It has taken a long time for the prediction to be fulfilled—it was made seven years ago—that George W. Vanderbilt would abandon his Biltmore farm. The family told him he never could make a success of it, and they spoke truly, for the farm was really so dreadfully and fearfully scientific that it was overcapitalized with with knowledge. There is no doubt the Vanderbilt piggery with its buttermilk fed hogs and the hennery with its specially dieted hens were the finest things of the sort in North Carolina, but the ham was not much superior in flavor to the ordinary sugar-cured product, and the eggs were no fuller of meat than the eggs laid by the common barnyard fowl. A dollar a dozen to produce eggs was just a trifle too scientific. The superintendent of the hens got a bigger salary than most bank clerks, but he couldn't keep the hens from striking in midwinter. The farm will be sublet.—New York Press.

CUTICURA GROWS HAIR.

Scalp Cleared of Dandruff and Hair Restored by One Box of Cuticura and One Cake of Cuticura Soap.

A. W. Taft of Independence, Va., writing under date of Sept. 15, 1904, says: "I have had falling hair and dandruff for twelve years and could get nothing to help me. Finally I bought one box of Cuticura Ointment and one cake of Cuticura Soap, and they cleared my scalp of the dandruff and stopped the hair falling. Now my hair is growing as well as ever. I am highly pleased with Cuticura Soap as a toilet soap. (Signed) A. W. Taft, Independence, Va."

At the Village Election.

Squire Woolsey—Well, Sam, I hope you are going to vote for me to-morrow?

Sam Scrubbin—I hope so, too, sah; I needs two dollahs mighty bad sah.—Punch.

Needless.

Landlord (at summer resort)—You are out early this morning. Did you have an alarm clock in your room?

Guest—No. Didn't need one. There was a *mosquito.

*Indicating were strong adjective was edited out.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 and 912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Peter Conklin and R. P., Gayville, S. D., loader; Peter Dahl, Clarkfield, Minn., rotary engine; Thomas Freeman, Sioux Falls, S. D., ballot box; S. F. Pierce, St. Paul, Minn., rail joint; Bruno Kippels, Moorhead, Minn., merry-go-round; Arthur Padmore, Lead, S. D., clothes drier; Martin Wallum, Binford, N. D., floor jack.

Sure Enough.

Little Amzi (who has an inquiring mind)—Do you s'pose, Uncle Bill, that a hen knows the difference between a real egg and a wooden one?

Uncle Bill Bilderback—Sartin she does, Amzi. Ye never heard of a hen layin' a wooden egg, did ye?—Town Topics.

High Finance.

Cobwigger—I presume he lives beyond his income?

Merritt—Why, man, he lives beyond other people's incomes.—Puck.

LIVE STOCK

Grubs in Cattle.

Last winter a good many of our readers wrote to us complaining that tumor-like bunches had appeared upon the backs of their cattle and they were at a loss to know what was the cause, while others on squeezing the lumps had found them to contain large grubs. We explained that these grubs came from the eggs of the ox-warble fly, which are deposited under the skin during fly time in summer. That time is at hand, and we are writing this article to remind our readers that warbles can be prevented by attention to the cattle when flies are most annoying. When the warble fly comes along the cattle show every sign of terror and often stampede or run to water, where they stand all day rather than graze where flies can get at them. It seems that the fly does not care to cross water and we presume that this is true of some other insect pests of cattle. Despite the partial protection given by water and in all places where ponds can not be utilized by cattle warbles will be found on the backs of cattle during the early months of winter and the bunches grow rapidly until in spring they are of full size and the grub or maggot escapes, burrows into the ground, and after a time emerges as a full fledged fly to carry on the pestiferous work of its kind, writes A. S. Alexander in Farmers' Review.

When it is seen that flies are most troublesome to cattle on grass we think it will surely pay to spray their backs with any one of the commercial fly repellers. These applications afford but temporary relief, but may be used two or three times a week, and will then have an appreciable effect in preventing warble fly attacks. To the same end it is well to provide shade for cattle away from barn yards and feeding yards where manure is always an attraction to flies. Left to themselves it will be observed that cattle get as far away from these places as possible during fly time, and seek the shade at a distant part of the pasture where water is to be had. A lesson should be learned from this habit of cattle and the owner will do well to provide a shady place for his stock away from the farm yard. In addition to using fly repellers daily or several times a week, if the bunch of cattle is large it has been found a good plan to wash the backs of the cattle a couple of times in late fall, using a strong brine for the purpose. This is supposed to kill the young grubs before they have attained great size and it seems to be quite effective for this purpose. Some scientists claim that the eggs of the ox-warble fly are not deposited on or under the skin of the backs of cattle, but are laid upon the skin of the fore legs and breast, where they may be easily licked off by the animal. From this source the eggs are said to be taken into the stomach, where they hatch out and penetrate the walls of the stomach or gullet, gain access to the blood and finally work their way through the flesh and other tissues until they arrive under the skin. We do not take any stock in this alleged life-history of the ox-warble fly. We believe that the eggs are deposited under the skin and there hatch out into maggots which irritate the surrounding tissues with the prickles upon their bodies and so give rise to an inflammatory liquid in which they live and from which they derive their nourishment. They cause great suffering to their hosts when numerous and so retard growth or fattening, while it has been found by investigation that hides are seriously damaged for the purposes of the tanner and consumer of leather to the extent of many thousands of dollars annually. It is well, then, to allay the suffering of the animals as far as possible, and at the same time to prevent the loss of flesh or milk certain to follow the irritation due to numbers of large grubs under the skin of the backs of cattle. A solution of any one of the commercial coal tar dips will prove fairly effective in repelling warble flies and will last longer if mixed with oil, tar water or oil of tar in the form of an emulsion. Some have had fairly good results from kerosene emulsion, but thus far no perfect fly repeller has been hit upon that does not contain tar products such as carbolic acid, creosote, etc.

Soil Stimulants.

A man is sometimes deceived as to the value of a fertilizer, or a so-called fertilizer, by merely putting it on the land and getting a large crop from it. Some of the things that are thus applied to the land and have obtained popularity among the farmers, are mere stimulants. A real fertilizer is a substance that adds plant food to the soil. A stimulant is something that causes the plant food in the soil to become more quickly available. It is therefore taking out of the soil the latent plant food, and by so much is impoverishing it. When it does give out, it will give out all at once, because the plant food will be exhausted. Such soil stimulants include in their number freshly-burned lime, gypsum or land plaster, and salt in moderate quantities. There was a long period of time when gypsum was sold as a fertilizer. Farmers applied it to their lands and believed that it was adding a great deal of fertility to them because they found that after its use they were able to get larger crops for some years than they had previously done. In the end, however, farmers learned that gypsum did not really add anything to the soil. It merely helped them get out of the soil what was there. Gypsum and lime not only liberate plant food, but in doing so destroy the humus, which makes the land less able to sustain drouth. I do not advocate the use of soil stimulants when they are to be used as stimulants. Both land plaster and lime have a place in our agriculture, but they are as correctives to the soil, rather than stimulants. Lime, either in the form of burned rock, or in the form of ground unburned rock, corrects the acidity of the soil and permits the soil organisms to flourish. The caustic lime rather destroys the humus and doubtless also has a tendency to destroy soil organisms.—I. Y. Hudson.

SENATOR SULLIVAN.

Says He Has Found Doan's Kidney Pills Invaluable in Treating Sick Kidneys.

Hon. Timothy D. Sullivan of New York, Member of Congress from the Eighth New York District, and one of the Democratic leaders of New York State, strongly recommends Doan's Kidney Pills.

Senator Sullivan writes:

"It is a pleasure to endorse a remedy like Doan's Kidney Pills, having found them of greatest value in eliminating the distress caused by sick kidneys, and in restoring those organs to a condition of health. My experience with your valuable remedy was equally as gratifying as that of several of my friends.

Yours truly,
(Signed) TIMOTHY D. SULLIVAN.

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price, 50 cents per box.

On the Audience.

"Was Westinghouse's new comedy funny?"

"I guess so. The audience treated the whole thing as a huge practical joke."—Cleveland Leader.

Figuratively Speaking.

"The pastor said last Sunday that we should each of us try to put a little sunshine into our neighbors' lives."

"The pastor is talking poetry. A little of last week's sunshine would have been as bad as coals of fire."—Cleveland Plaindealer.

"Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy gave me prompt and complete relief from dyspepsia and liver derangement." B. T. Trowbridge, Harlem R.R., N.Y.

A Good Turn.

"Here! wake up!" cried Subbubs, appearing on his front porch in his pajamas. "You've got a nerve to be sleeping in our hammock."

"Nerve?" asked Weary Willie, sleepily, "why, I'm a benefactor; if it wasn't fur me a holdin' this hammock down de mosquitoes would 'a' lugged it off long ago."—Philadelphia Press.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Concerning McPherson.

First Scot—What kin' o' man is McPherson?

Second Scot—A gey queer kin' o' man. I went to his hoose and he askit me to tak some whusky. When he began to pour it oot I said, "Stop! stop! and he stoppit! That's the kin' o' man he is.—Chicago Chronicle.

EVELYN WALSH, CHAUFFEUSE.

Millionaire Miner's Daughter Drives $20,000 Automobile.

Blase Newport has been awakened into a semblance of interest by Miss Evelyn Walsh, the beautiful daughter of Thomas F. Walsh, millionaire miner, of Colorado. Miss Walsh is the "boss" of a $20,000 automobile, which she drives herself without the aid of a chauffeur. She knows the mechanical make-up of the machine as perfectly as the manufacturer, and it is a treat for the enervated Newporters to watch her make ready for a spin, which she does by a close examination of all the working parts of the car. She is a cool and careful driver, and while fond of high speed has a lively appreciation of the rights of pedestrians and of horse-drawn vehicles. She has never had an accident or a break-down, and can put many of the professional chauffeurs to blush when it comes to skillful handling and turning sharp corners.—New York Press.

WOKE THE WRONG MAN.

So Peddler With Blackened Face Thought When He Looked in Glass.

Frank Bush, down at Brighton Beach, tells of a Jew peddler who arrived at a country hotel one night in a blizzard. The storm was so bad that he could not proceed farther, yet the landlord had no room for him, unless he was willing to occupy a bed with a negro. The peddler balked at this for some time, but finally became so sleepy that he accepted the situation and turned in with the black man, leaving an order to be called early. Then the boy about the hotel got in his funny work and blackened the peddler's face while he slept. In the morning the boy called the Jew at the appointed time, but when the guest had arisen and looked at himself in the mirror, he returned to bed, saying: "Vell, I go back to sleep. Dey haf woke de wrong man."—Brooklyn Eagle.

For 17 Years
the standard remedy for cuts, burns, bruises, sores, galls and all hurts of man or beast—
Dean's
King Cactus Oil
the only liniment that heals without a scar.
50c., $1, $3 and $5 sizes at your druggist's or sent prepaid if he cannot supply you.
OLNEY & McDAID,
Clinton, Iowa.

PAXTINE
TOILET
ANTISEPTIC
FOR WOMEN
troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.
Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all
TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES
For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.
Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.
THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL.

Things Not Known at Telephone Central Hardly Worth Knowing.

"Talk about Col. Mann's safe full of scandals," said the telephone girl; "he doesn't know what scandal is. He ought to be a telephone girl for a little while if he wants to know what people are doing. I tell you it is amazing what grown people trust to telephone girls' ears. There isn't a day that we do not hear appointments and discussions of things done the night before that would turn things upside down if we ever told them. Men and women talk as freely over the 'phone as though they were marooned on an uninhabitable island. They use their own names, and the names of others interested with the most startling freedom and frankness."—New York Sun.

A Slight Improvement.

"No," said Low Comedy, "Stormer and his company didn't fare well in Jaytown. The people rotten-egged them."

"Yes," replied High Tragedy, "but I hear they received better treatment at Honkville."

"That's so; I believe the people used fresh eggs there."—Philadelphia Press.

Needed Investigating.

"Why are you going back to town in such a hurry?"

"I just received a letter from my husband."

"Is he ill?"

"No; he sent me a big check and told me to stay as long as I wished."—Fort Worth Record.

An Analytical Mind.

"I see that th' government has bought thirty-eight tons of insect powder to send to the Panyma canal."

"What do you suppose that's fer, Amzi?"

"I s'pose it's fer insecks, Sairy."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Qualified.

Visitor—I have here an article on the rearing of children and duties of parents.

Editor—Are you married?

"No, indeed!"

"Well, then, you may leave the article and we will look it over."—Baltimore American.

It is difficult to follow an obscure allusion, but still more so to follow good advice.

CLEMENTINA GONZALES,
OF CENTRAL AMERICA,
RESTORED TO HEALTH.
PE-RU-NA THE REMEDY.

Miss Clementina Gonzales, Hotel Provincia, Guatemala, C. A., in a recent letter from 247 Cleveland Ave., Chicago, Ill., writes:

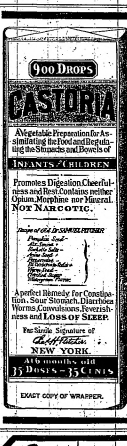
"I took Peruna for a worn-out condition. I was so run down that I could not sleep at night, had no appetite and felt tired in the morning.

"I tried many tonics, but Peruna was the only thing which helped me in the least. After I had taken but a half bottle I felt much better. I continued its use for three weeks and I was completely restored to health, and was able to take up my studies which I had been forced to drop. There is nothing better than Peruna to build up the system."—Clementina Gonzales.

Address The Peruna Medicine Co., of Columbus, Ohio, for instructive free literature on catarrh.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

N W N U —NO. 35— 1905



900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed–
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts–
Anise Seed +
Peppermint–
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed–
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES–35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
In Use For Over Thirty Years
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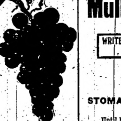
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



Mull's Grape Tonic
WRITE FOR THIS FREE BOTTLE TO-DAY
SEE COUPONS BELOW
A positive cure for
CONSTIPATION
STOMACH AND BOWEL TROUBLE

Until Mull's Grape Tonic came upon the American market there was no cure for Constipation.

We believe the best way to convince you that Mull's Grape Tonic is a positive cure is to give you a bottle and prove it. Constipation indicates that your Bowels or Intestines are in a state of decay and death. Beware of physics—Pills, etc., they make you worse.

If you are afflicted use these free coupons at once while the offer is open for yourself and give one each to your friends or neighbors who need it.

112 FREE COUPON, No. 1.
Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, Stomach Tonic and Constipation Cure.
Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.
Give Full Address and Write Plainly.
The $1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size. At drug stores.

112 FREE COUPON, No. 2.
Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, Stomach Tonic and Constipation Cure.
Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.
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112 FREE COUPON, No. 3.
Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, Stomach Tonic and Constipation Cure.
Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.
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The $1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size. At drug stores.

112 FREE COUPON, No. 4.
Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, Stomach Tonic and Constipation Cure.
Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.
Give Full Address and Write Plainly.
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MINNEAPOLIS. Woodward & Co., Grain Commission. DULUTH.
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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1905. NUMBER 8.

CAUCASUS IN REBELS' HANDS

RIOTING ARMENIANS AND TARTARS COMPLETELY BEYOND CONTROL.

ANARCHY REIGNS SUPREME

TROOPS ARE ENTIRELY INADEQUATE TO COPE WITH THE SITUATION.

MANY PEOPLE ARE BUTCHERED

REBELS SET FIRE TO OIL WORKS AND MASSACRE THE INHABITANTS.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 7.—The news from Baku received up to the time of the filing of this dispatch is of the gloomiest character. The Armenian and Tartar warring factions are now said to be entirely beyond control.

The streets of Baku seem to be unsafe for the inhabitants. The force of troops is inadequate to resist anarchial tendencies of the combatants. According to reliable reports the troops have been forced to withdraw from the suburb of Bakhailan, where on Tuesday the rioters set fire to the oil works, and that place is now in the hands of the Tartars, who have completed the work of destruction, and who, it is said, massacred the inhabitants who did not accompany the troops in their retirement.

All Wires Cut.

Telegraphic and telephonic communication with the disturbed region is cut off.

The governor of the Caucasus has dispatched reinforcements of troops to Tiflis, but, even with these reinforcements, it is thought the troops will be inadequate to cope with the situation.

Representatives of the oil industry here are utterly despondent, and they declare that, on the basis of the telegrams so far received, more than half of the industry in the Baku region has been wiped out, and the fire is making rapid inroads into the remainder of the oil territory.

The Baku representative of a prominent oil company has telegraphed to his St. Petersburg headquarters as follows:

Flee for Lives.

"It is no longer a question of saving our property, but one of getting out alive."

A press dispatch from Baku, approved by the censor, says:

"The rival organizations are concentrating secretly in their own quarters. The situation is exceedingly tense. Cannonading is heard from time to time. In the Moslem the patrols have been fired upon. Bakhailan is on fire and the ruins are surrounded by armed villagers, apparently Tartars. Cannonading there is unceasing. The fire continues in "The Black Town" quarter and in Bibielat. Energetic measures and heavy reinforcements of troops are immediately necessary."

Other advices state that a hot fight is going on between Armenians and Tartars at Bibieat and that great fires are still raging at Sabunto and Nomani, fed by immense tanks of naphtha, of which there are 1,600 in that region, and that the conflagration at Baku is steadily increasing. Under these conditions, with fighting going on in the streets and with a hurricane blowing, the advices say, it will be almost impossible to extinguish the fires.

Fighting in Kishineff.

Private advices from Kishineff say that street fighting continues there. Roughs are sacking the Jewish shops, killing or wounding many of the inmates. It is said that over a score of soldiers have been killed. The Jews are active in organizing resistance.

Villagers Massacred.

Tiflis, Caucasia, Sept. 7—A dispatch from Elizabethpol says that all the inhabitants of the Armenian village of Makend, in the district of Zangesurek, have been massacred by Tartar nomads. Other villages of the district are surrounded by Tartars, and the governor is urgently sending for reinforcements.

SENTENCED TO DEATH.

Naturalized American Who Murdered an Armenian Must Die.

Constantinople, Sept. 7.—The criminal court at Stamboul has condemned to death the Armenian Ghirkis Vartanian, a naturalized American citizen, for the murder of the Armenian merchant Apik Undjian, Aug. 26, who was shot by Vartanian in the Galatea quarter of this city.

WITTE'S NEPHEW SUICIDES

After Shooting to Death a Moscow Woman With Whom He Quarreled.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 7. — A sensation has been caused at Moscow by the suicide of Madame Witte's nephew, M. Kholinsky, who shot a girl through the heart and then turned the revolver on himself, inflicting a wound from which he died after he had been taken to the hospital. Kholinsky was a volunteer in a dragoon regiment. Four of his brothers died under somewhat tragic circumstances.

MEN OF '61 IN MARCHING LINE.

Grizzled Warriors in Grand Parade at Denver.

Denver, Sept. 7.—The main event of the Grand Army encampment yesterday was the grand parade. To the veteran the privilege of again treading in step with comrades of the bivouac of '61 is one of for which no hardship seems too great to undergo, no ordeal too severe to undertake. Many who marched the two miles yesterday were exhausted when the end was reached, and many others, weakened by age, fell out of the line long before the journey was completed.

The only serious consequences of the strain of marching was the case of John Donaldson of St. Louis, who was stricken with heart failure and was carried to a hospital in an ambulance. His recovery is doubtful.

There were many interesting features connected with the parade, but perhaps the most impressive was the appearance of an ex-Confederate soldier in the gray uniform of his fighting days. A great cheer rent the air as he stood alone in a carriage, waving the Stars and Stripes and bowing to the multitude. This was repeated when later he appeared marching arm in arm with an aged veteran of the Union army.

The ovation given the marchers was unstinted. The streets were packed with people and the windows and roofs of the buildings along the line of march swarmed with humanity.

READY TO FIGHT POLAR ICE.

Peary Says the Roosevelt Is in Splendid Condition.

New York, Sept. 7. — What is believed to be the final word from Commander Robert E. Peary before he returns from his attempt to reach the North Pole was received yesterday by Herbert L. Bridgman of Brooklyn, secretary of the Peary Arctic club. The message came from Etah, North Greenland, and in it Commander Peary stated his ship, the Roosevelt, would leave that port on Aug. 16. He added that the machinery of the Roosevelt had been overhauled and that all was in readiness for ice fighting. All on board were well.

LABOR FOR FREE TRADE.

London Congress Takes Action on Chamberlain Policy.

London, Sept. 7. — The attitude of labor towards Joseph Chamberlain's fiscal policy was emphatically attested by a vote at yesterday's session of the trade's union congress, which is holding its annual meeting at Hanley. By a vote representing 1,253,000 members against 26,000, the congress declared for free trade, asserting that "any departure therefrom would be detrimental to the interests of the working classes upon whom the burden of protection would press the most heavily.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Sept. 7. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 95c@$1.04; No. 2 Northern, 91@98c; No. 3, 88@94c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 51 1-2@52c. Oats—No. 3 white, 25 1-5@26c.

Minneapolis, Sept. 7. — Wheat—No. 1 hard, 86 1-8c; No. 1 Northern, 84 1-8c; No. 2 Northern, 83 1-8c. Oats—No. 3 white, 24 3-4c.

Duluth, Sept. 7. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 84 3-8c; No. 2 Northern, 80 3-4c; flax, $1.30; rye, 57c.

Chicago, Sept. 7. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 81 @ 81 1-4c; No. 2 hard, 80 @ 87 1-4c; No. 3 hard, 78 3-4@85c; No. 1 Northern, $1.03@1.05; No. 2 Northern, 92@96c. Corn—No. 2, 53 3-4c. Oats—No. 2, 25c.

Milwaukee, Sept. 7. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 90c; No. 2 Northern, 85@89c. Rye—No. 1, 61@62c. Barley — No. 2, 52c. Oats—Standard, 28c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Sept. 7.—Cattle — Beeves, $3.40@5.25; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.25@4; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.65; calves and yearlings, $2.50@3.50. Hogs—Bulk, $5.55@5.65.

Chicago, Sept. 7. — Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.50 @ 6.50; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.30; cows, $2.50@4.50; heifers, $2.20@4.80; calves, $3@7. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.65@6.20; bulk, $5.70 @ 6.10. Sheep — Good to choice wethers, $4.60@5; native lambs, $5.25@7.25; Western lambs, $5.75@7.

South St. Paul, Sept. 7. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4.50 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50 @4; butcher bulls, $2.75@3.50; veals, $2@4.50; good to choice stock steers, $2.50@3.50; good to choice milch cows, $20@35. Hogs—Range price, $5.60 @ 5.95; bulk, $5.65@5.75. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $5@5.85; fair to good, $4@5; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice ewes $3.75@4.40.

Convent Is Burned.

Rome, Sept. 7.—A violent incendiary fire broke out in the convent attached to the Basilica of Saint Cecelia, in the Trastevere quarter. The roof fell in and a number of the nuns' cells were destroyed, but there was no loss of life.

Set Fire to Rome Convent.

Rome, Sept. 7.—A violent incendiary fire broke out in the convent attached to the Basilica of St. Cecelia in the Trastevere quarter. The roof fell in and a number of nuns' cells were destroyed.

Kills Wife and Father.

Evergreen, Ala., Sept. 7. — John Thompson, a prominent citizen, shot and instantly killed his wife and his father-in-law, J. D. Cooper, yesterday. There is no reason assigned for the affair.

ENVOYS SIGN PEACE TREATY

GREAT HISTORIC EVENT IS CONSUMMATED AT PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

ENDS WAR IN THE FAR EAST

SIGNING OF TREATY IS SIGNALLED BY SALUTE FROM NAVY YARD.

RUSSIANS ATTEND CHURCH

THANKSGIVING SERVICE BY RUSSIAN AND AMERICAN CLERGYMEN.

Portsmouth, N. H., Sept. 7. — The treaty of peace between Russia and Japan was signed yesterday by the representatives of the two empires at 3:47 p. m. On the instant of the consummation of the great historical event a salute was fired at the United States navy yard at Kittery Point. Mr. Witte, accompanied by Baron de Rosen and Mr. Plancon, left the hotel for the navy yard at 2:30. The rain which had been falling in torrents for half an hour previously to this time, suddenly ceased and the sun, which had not been visible for three days, shone forth.

Baron Komura, Minister Takahira and Mr. Dennison, the legal advisor of the Japanese envoys, left at 2:48 in an automobile for the navy yard. They were

Greeted by the Guests

of the hotel gathered on the veranda to witness their departure. Bishop Henry C. Potter of New York was among the number. Baron Komura, pointing at the sun, said, smilingly:

"It is a good omen for peace."

Baron Komura had been preceded by another motor car which carried Mr. Sato and the Japanese secretaries, taking their copy of the peace treaty in a large black leather portfolio. Both Russian and Japanese missions on their arrival at the navy yard were received at the entrance of the building by Admiral Mead, while two companies of marines, commanded by Maj. Moses, rendered military honors. The copies of the treaty of peace brought to the navy yard had been

Carefully compared

by the secretaries of the two missions in order to avoid the necessity of reading them before the signing, as which personages extraneous to the negotiations assisted.

When the secretaries had attested the perfect exactness of the two copies of the treaty, the plenipotentiaries and the other members of the missions entered the council chamber, preceded by Assistant Secretary Peirce, Gov. McLane and the mayor of Portsmouth. Mr. Witte was the first to sign his name to the treaty. After the ceremony of signing the treaty, Baron de Rosen delivered a short speech, pointing out the importance of the event and the influence it will have in the relations

Between the Two Countries.

He ended by expressing the satisfaction he felt at the good relations which have characterized the work of the plenipotentiaries. Baron Komura replied paraphrasing Baron de Rosen's speech and expressing his thanks for the kind words addressed to himself and to the members of his mission. The entire Russian mission, headed by Mr. Witte, attended a thanksgiving service celebrated in Christ Episcopal church by both American and Russian clergymen. Re-entering the hotel, one of the chief members of the Japanese mission said:

"The treaty signed to-day may be the most important historical feature of the twentieth century."

Apathy in Russia.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 7. — The news of the signing at Portsmouth of the treaty of peace was received here quietly and even with the same apathy that has marked the attitude of the Russian people throughout the war. There was no demonstration and no special means were adopted to make the news known.

JEALOUSY CAUSES MURDER.

Negro Fires Murderous Shot Through a Window.

Bloomington, Ill., Sept. 7.—Thomas Watters, colored barber of Clinton, last evening went to the home of John Girard in Clinton, and fired a shot through the window, killing Lydia Grant of Kenny, Ill., and fatally wounding Mrs. Alex Jackson, daughter of Girard. Both women are white. Jealousy is supposed to be the motive. Watters escaped.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

Bolt Strikes in Midst of a Crowd of 1,200 Persons.

Richfield, Utah, Sept. 7.—Atlas Bean was killed, his cousin, Dwight Dean, was perhaps fatally injured and a score of others were most seriously hurt by a bolt of lightning which struck in the center of a crowd of 1,200 persons who were watching the horse races at the Richfield fair. More than 200 persons were thrown to the ground and most of them were insensible for several seconds.

KILLED AT STATE FAIR.

Accident at Ferris Wheel Kills Woman and Seriously Injures a Man.

St. Paul, Sept. 7.—The only unfortunate incident of the day was the accident at one of the Ferris wheels, where a woman was killed and a man seriously injured. This is the first accident of its kind to happen on the grounds, and the fair management is much concerned over the unfortunate affair.

Another record-breaking crowd for Wednesday was at the fair yesterday. There were 44,000 people on the grounds, as compared with 30,624 on Wednesday, 1904, and 37,905 on the same day in 1903. The turnstile count at 6 o'clock yesterday showed that 37,024 people had passed through. The four carriage gates on which no count will be made until this morning and the evening attendance should add 4,000 more to these figures, making a total of 41,000 to pass through the gates during the day. It is estimated that 3,000 people sleep on the grounds, and, adding that number to the gate records gives a grand total of 44,000.

Yesterday's attendance was remarkable for a mid-week day with no special attractions to induce people to select that day for visiting the fair.

It was state and territorial day at the fair, and while there was no special program the increased number of older residents of Minnesota who were there was noticeable.

THROW LIGHT ON JAIL BREAK.

Three Prisoners Are to Testify in La Crosse Case.

La Crosse, Wis., Sept. 7. — Three witnesses, prisoners in the La Crosse county jail at the time of the sensational escape of J. E. Trainor and Andy Cunningham, desperate postoffice robbers, are held in $200 bond by the postoffice authorities to appear in the trial of "Merch" Childers, charged with permitting the escape of his prisoners. Childers yesterday afternoon waived examination before United States Court Commissioner Alfred Harrison, and his case will be one of the first considered by the grand jury, which begins its deliberations here on Sept. 26. The authorities refuse to divulge the nature of their evidence, but it is understood the three prisoners allege they heard dickering over the release of the postoffice robbers.

YOUNG MAN VANISHED.

Woods and Rivers Searched for Seventeen-Year-Old Boy.

Madelia, Minn., Sept. 7. — Byron Johnson, seventeen years of age, living with his parents ten miles east of here on the Watonwan river, has been missing since last Friday evening. He left an unfinished letter in which he said he had to go to work and would finish it in the evening. The letter was of a cheerful nature and spoke of his ambitions in the oratorical line and of the coming contest. The river has been dragged in the vicinity and the neighborhood and woods have been searched. All the near-by towns have been notified, but thus far the search has been fruitless.

NOT TOIL DURING FAIR.

Indians Take Three Weeks' Vacation in Order to Go to Huron.

Miller, S. D., Sept. 7.—Already the Indians are on the road to the state fair at Huron, although it does not begin until next week. Work on the new buildings at the mission southwest of here is dragging because the contractor was counting on Indian labor, and the red men refuse to drive a nail until after the fair. The schoolteachers have little to do, as the children also are going in force. Time is no object to the Indians, so three weeks will be used up by them in taking in the fair—one in going to it, another there and one to return home.

PROBE BIG BOUNTY FRAUD.

Montana Courts Hold Two Prominent Men for Trial.

Helena, Mont., Sept. 7.—The preliminary hearing at Forsythe of C. W. Bailey, Harry G. Wright, Luther Turret and J. W. Zividge, well known citizens of Rosebud county, on charge of defrauding the state by a system of fraudulent bounty warrants, has resulted in Bailey and Zividge being held for trial. The state claims the men were implicated in one of the most gigantic bounty frauds ever unearthed in Montana.

HUNTERS' "BAGS" LIGHT.

Cheyenne River Country Seems to Be Best for Shooting.

Pierre, S. D., Sept. 7.—Hunters who went out from this city to hunt at different points in the state did not come back overloaded with game. While all found a few grouse and some ducks, they are reported as being more scarce than usual. One party that went into the Cheyenne river country appears to have found more game than any of the others, and they report that quail are becoming numerous there.

New Democratic Chairman.

Waukesha, Wis., Sept. 7—A. F. Warden, chairman of the Democratic state committee has resigned because of his removal to Oklahoma. A meeting of the committee has been called for Sept. 14 to choose his successor.

Killed by Train.

Eagle Grove, Iowa, Sept. 7—Harry Cooley, a member of the section crew in the Northwestern railroad yards of this city, was struck and almost instantly killed by the southbound passenger train.

CROWDS CHEER PEACE ENVOYS.

Boston Bids Adieu and New York Welcomes.

Boston, Sept. 7.—Both the Russian and Japanese plenipotentiaries, together with the members of their respective missions, left Boston yesterday in special trains bound for New York. Crowds of people had assembled at the South station, and as the trains passed out, that bearing the Russians about 1 o'clock and that of the Japanese two hours later, enthusiastic demonstrations occurred. Mr. Witte responded to the cheers by appearing on the rear platform and making a brief speech through Mr. Rojestvensky. He gave expression of the pleasure which his journey had accorded, his thanks at the cordiality of the greeting, and his regret that he must leave so soon.

Gotham Is Cordial.

New York, Sept. 7.—Thousands of persons greeted the Russian peace envoys when they arrived at the Grand Central depot at 5:30 p. m. from Boston. There was a great demonstration when they left the train and hurried to their hotel.

The Japanese envoys arrived last night at 8 o'clock on a special train from Boston. Another great crowd was on hand to cheer the returning plenipotentiaries.

FEVER SPREADS IN MISSISSIPPI.

Several Cities Report New Cases of Plague.

Jackson, Miss., Sept. 7.—Mississippi yellow fever record for the last twenty-four hours is as follows:

Vicksburg, two new cases, one death.

Gulfport, two new cases.

Mississippi City, two new cases, discovered during convalescent period.

Pearlington, one new case.

Reports More Favorable.

New Orleans, Sept. 7. — With the exception of Lake Province and Tallulah, near each other in Northern Louisiana, yellow fever reports both from city and country appear favorable in character. Energetic work in the matter of disinfection and the eradication of mosquitoes has been done, and, while the infection has not been entirely wiped out, a day's freedom from new cases indicates that the disease has been shorn of much of its power.

28 YEARS IN CELL NOT LOST.

Convict Comes Out as an Expert Engineer.

Jackson, Mich., Sept. 7. — "I came here an ignorant man; I leave an expert electrical engineer," said George Hardy, as he walked out of the Michigan state prison here yesterday on parole after spending twenty-eight years behind the bars for murder.

"The time I have spent here has not been lost to me. I have learned a good many moral lessons for the things that have come under my notice here and I believe I am every way a better man than the George Hardy who came here twenty-eight years ago."

PAT CROWE HEARD FROM.

Shoots Officer in a Running Fight at Omaha.

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 7—During a running fight between police officers and a man believed to be Pat Crowe, the alleged kidnapper of Eddie Cudahy, and a companion, just before midnight, Patrolman Albert Jackson was shot through the leg and the two men made their escape. A large detail of officers was immediately sent to the spot to try to locate the fugitive. The fight occurred on lower Sixteenth street where the men were discovered by Officer Jackson in a saloon.

RUSSIANS WHIPPED AGAIN.

Remnant of Their Forces on Sakhalin Island Badly Beaten by Japs.

Tokio, Sept. 7. — An official report announces the complete crushing defeat of the remnant of the Russian forces after five hours of severe fighting at Nai Butu, on the west coast of the island of Sakhalin. The Russians killed numbered 130. The casualties of the Japanese were slight.

Postoffice Robbed.

Cartersville, Iowa, Sept. 7—The postoffice at this place, located in the general store of J. M. Suter & Co., was burglarized. One hundred and fifty dollars' worth of stamps was taken. The money was in the safe and it was unlocked. The burglars smashed the tills inside the safe and got away without being discovered.

Wilson Taken to Shenandoah.

Chicago, Sept. 7. — D. R. Wilson, charged with forgeries amounting to $40,000 was yesterday taken to Shenandoah, Iowa, where the crime is alleged to have been committed. Following his sensational capture several days ago, he has been held here awaiting the arrival of an officer from Shenandoah.

Child Killed by Wagon.

River Falls, Wis., Sept. 7.—Carmen Bennett, the two-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey O. Bennett of this city, while playing in the street last evening, was run over by a delivery wagon and instantly killed.

Woman Gets Life Sentence.

Paducah, Ky., Sept. 7.—Mrs. Mary Brockwell, who killed her three children by poisoning, was sentenced yesterday to life imprisonment. "It's too long a term," was the woman's comment.

JAPS ENRAGED OVER TREATY

SERIOUS RIOTING BREAKS OUT IN TOKIO AND OTHER PLACES.

SAY NATION IS HUMILIATED

PEOPLE IN MASS MEETING DENOUNCE TERMS OF PEACE TREATY.

STONES HURLED BY THE MOB

ATTACK BUILDING OWNED BY GOVERNMENT ORGAN AT TOKIO.

Tokio, Sept. 7.—Rioting broke out here last Tuesday night in connection with the dissatisfaction over the results of the peace settlement.

There were several clashes with the police, and it is estimated that two persons were killed and 500 wounded.

The rioting ceased at midnight. Police stations were the only property destroyed.

Nation Humiliated.

A mass meeting to protest against the action of the government was called to take place at Hibiya Park, but the metropolitan police closed the gates and attempted to prevent the assemblage of the people. The municipality protested against the action of the police, and finally the gates were thrown open and a large crowd gathered and voted in favor of resolutions declaring the nation humiliated, and denouncing the terms on which the treaty of peace was arranged. The crowd was serious in its conduct, rather than angry, and the police handled it discreetly. The gathering eventually dispersed in an orderly manner.

Stones Are Thrown.

Later on, however, a crowd attempted to hold a meeting in the Shintomi theater and the police dispersed it. A portion of the crowd then proceeded to the office of the Kokumin Shiabun, the government organ, and began hooting. Three employes of the paper, armed with swords, appeared at the door of the building and checked the attack. The police again dispersed the crowd. It was thought that the trouble had passed, but suddenly a portion of the crowd made a rush at the building, hurled stones and damaged some of the machinery.

Several Are Injured.

Several persons were injured during the attac, but the police eventually cleared the streets of the crowd and arrested a number of the rioters. The disorder is not general and the situation is not serious.

Similar meetings have been held at Osaka and Nagoya which in round terms denounced the government and asked the cabinet to resign.

The general sentiment throughout the country seems to favor reactionary measures, but it appears clear that the majority of the people will eventually accept the result of the peace conference, however disappointing it may be.

Defends Terms of Peace.

The Kokumin is the only metropolitan daily paper that defends the terms of the peace settlement. The paper declares that the purpose of the war has been accomplished.

The Nippon pronounces the peace which has been concluded the bitterest dose the nation has ever been compelled to take.

EXPECT TO AGREE.

Commissioners of Norway and Sweden Are Making Steady Progress.

Karlstadt, Sweden, Sept. 7. — Although no formal announcement has been issued, steady progress is understood to have been made by the commissioners of Norway and Sweden, who yesterday held two sessions for the consideration of questions involved in the dissolution of the union. It may be stated that there is every reason to believe an agreement between the commissioners will be arrived at. It is definitely understood that the Norwegians have requested Sweden's acquiescence in a program calling for the negotiation of an arbitration treaty to serve as the basis for future negotiations. After the two meetings yesterday it was learned unofficially that the Swedish commissioners were favorable to the plan. Premier Michelsen of Norway said that the delay in announcing the details of the conference must not be considered as evidence of lack of progress, and that an agreement was probable.

GERMANS CRY ALOUD FOR MEAT.

Convention of Butchers at Berlin Asks Razing of Barriers.

Berlin, Sept. 7. — A convention of 2,000 butchers from all parts of Germany met here yesterday and adopted resolutions declaring that a great and increasing scarcity of live animals exists in the German empire and petitioning the imperial government speedily to abolish the meat famine by opening the frontiers for the admission of animals from other countries.

PREVENT WASTE OF DISHES.

One Man on Liner Keeps Tab on the Saloon Stewards.

A man who returned recently from Europe said the other day:

"There is a man employed on every trans-Atlantic liner whose duties but one in a thousand travelers knows about.

"I tried to find out on the trip out, but only succeeded in satisfying my curiosity on the last day of the homeward trip.

"He never does any work, and yet he is always to be seen quietly walking about the dining saloon. Travelers note that he never loses sight of the saloon stewards, and the funny part of it all is that all he has to do on every trip is to see that these same stewards do not throw the dirty dishes overboard, to save washing them, when no one is looking."—New York Sun.

Bride Was a Little Mixed.

Rev. Samuel Wilson, the pastor of Eutaw Street Methodist Episcopal church, has officiated at more than 800 marriages in the thirty years since he was ordained to the ministry.

"I always prefer what we call the repeating service," he said the other day. "But I had an experience at one time that made me decide it was not always wise to urge people to use that form of service. I was in the midst of the ceremony and we had gotten as far as 'I, Mary, take theee, John, for richer, for poorer, for better, for worse.' 'Mary, repeated the words, but imagine how startled I was when I heard her pledge herself to take 'John,' from richer to poor, from better to worse.' "—Baltimore Sun.

Sure Cure at Last.

Monticello, Miss., Sept. 4. (Special) —Lawrence county is almost daily in receipt of fresh evidence that a sure cure for all Kidney Troubles has at last been found, and that the cure is Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Among those who have reason to bless the Great American Kidney Remedy is Mrs. L. E. Baggett of this place. Mrs. Baggett had dropsy. Dodd's Kidney Pills cured her.

"I was troubled with my kidneys," Mrs. Baggett says in recommending Dodd's Kidney Pills to her friends, "my urine would hardly pass. The Doctors said I had Dropsy. I have taken Dodd's Kidney Pills as directed and am now a well woman."

Dodd's Kidney Pills cure the kidneys. Cured Kidneys strain all the impurities out of the blood. That means pure blood and a sound, energetic body. Dodd's Kidney Pills are the greatest tonic the world has ever known.

A Legal Retort.

"The learned counsel for the defense," said the plaintiff's attorney, "Appears to be afraid of losing his case. Otherwise why isn't he ready to go on?"

"I've got a good excuse," replied counsel for the defense.

"Nonsense! Ignorance of the law excuses no noe."—Philadelphia Press.

Fastidious.

"And why didn't Miss De Snipp go into the water with the other bathers at the beach?"

"She said she couldn't bear to think of coming into contact with water that had been used by so many ordinary people."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Real Receiver.

Receiver in Bankruptcy (drawing up inventory, to his clerk)—Item: One bottle of cheap claret.

Clerk (drawing the cork and tasting the wine)—But this is prime burgundy.

(Ten minutes later.)

Receiver—Item: One empty bottle.

OUST THE DEMON.

A Tussle with Coffee.

There is something fairly demoniacal in the way coffee sometimes wreaks its fiendish malice on those who use it.

A lady writing from Calif. says:—

"My husband and I, both lovers of coffee, suffered for some time from a very annoying form of nervousness, accompanied by most frightful headaches. In my own case there was eventually developed some sort of affection of the nerves leading from the spine to the head.

"I was unable to hold my head up straight, the tension of the nerves drew it to one side, causing me the most intense pain. We got no relief from medicine, and were puzzled as to what caused the trouble, until a friend suggested that possibly the coffee we drank had something to do with it and advised that we quit it and try Postum Coffee.

"We followed this advice, and from the day that we began to use Postum we both began to improve, and in a very short time both of us were entirely relieved. The nerves became steady once more, the headaches ceased, the muscles in the back of my neck relaxed, my head straightened up and the dreadful pain that had so punished me while I used the old kind of coffee vanished.

"We have never resumed the use of the old coffee, but relish our Postum every day as well as we did the former beverage. And we are delighted to find that we can give it freely to our children also, something we never dared to do with the old kind of coffee." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Postum Coffee contains absolutely no drugs of any kind, but relieves the coffee drinker from the old drug poison.

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The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Sept. 9, 1905.

The split-log drag and the drainage ditch are popular topics even for politicians this off-year.

The Minnesota state fair has been on this week and seems to draw more people and be more popular than ever.

The fighting men of Japan don't seem to take kindly to the peace plans and are making considerable of a demonstration.

Several would-be candidates for governor have already been killed off, but our Halvor is the first to say that he won't have it.

Princeton Union: Drainage ditches and good roads will do more to fetch settlers into a state than all the immigration bureaus extand.

Fertile Journal: The average editor knows of many things that are occurring weekly in town that he does not put in his paper—news that would set the town on fire and cause all tongues to wag. People who complain of things the editor prints should be thankful for things he don't print.

Ada Herald: The newspaper boys of this county are in a quandry over the questinn of electing Brother Lightbourn, of the Index, as the next republican governor or give him the berth as state insurance commissioner. Why not let him take his pick? He is good enough looking to be governor and his past experience fits him for the position of insurance commissioner.

Congressman Halvor Steenerson is out with a letter stating that he is not a candidate for governor, but that he is a candidate for re-election as congressman. Mr. Steenerson has made an enviable reputation as a congressman and a large number of his friends seem to think he would be the right kind of a standard-bearer to lead the republican party back to victory as their nominee for governor. It is possible that they may not listen to his present refusal.

Crookston Times: United States District attorney Haupt was not to be found in St. Paul when an interview was sought relative to the Cass Lake pipe dream but one of his assistants denied that any orders had been issued to the United States marshal to seize liquor and close saloons in the so-called "Indian country" of Northern Minnesota. To the string fiend who started the yarn about saloons closing in Cass Lake, Bemidji, Crookston and other northern Minnesota towns, the "Hogag" of Cass Lake is respectfully referred. There are two or three phases of that monster that have not been elaborated upon, his ancestry for instance. A story gained currency here yesterday to the effect that the author of the saloon closing yarn is the agent for a big brewing company who thought all the old "soakers" would put in overtime if there was any danger of future lack of opportunity. The scheme, it is further reported, worked well as orders for beer have been doubled every day since.

Alexandria Post-News: In view of the time extension granted the St. Paul enumerators, and the customary practice in Minneapolis of counting the thousands of students attending the colleges and seminaries of that city, one receives little satisfaction in contemplating the state returns of 1,968,804. The census department could well have afforded to drop the last figure 4. The evident purpose of the constitutional requirement demanding a state census is that it shall constitute a basis upon which to make legislative reapportionment; but these re-apportionments come so seldom in the history of our legislature that the federal census would fully answer the needs of the state. A state census is less accurate, not nearly as comprehensive as a federal census, and carries little weight. About the only good the late census accomplished was to reveal the need of greater activity in securing immigration, but that was a need apparent to all.

Ada Herald: If dissatisfied with the country or the surroundings, do not make the common mistake of selling out on the impulse of the moment and then look around for something better. Several cases have come to our observation where temporary detection would occasion a hasty sale. The seller would cast about for a year or more in quest of something better and eventually come back and buy his farm at a higher price than that received for his own. Do not be too hasty in disposing of your home. If you dream of fairer lands take a lay-off and investigate the conditions elsewhere and in nine cases out of ten you will conclude you are in a state of the grandest opportunities under God's green canopy.

Medicine and Ceremonial.

The physicians of mediaeval England, who were for the most part monks, friars or Jews, possessed a large assortment of remedies, some of them borrowed from the Byzantine physicians, others from the traditional practice of the people. Christian physicians, however, called religion to their aid. None of their remedies was administered without ceremonial. While the medicine was being compounded the patient would say twelve times over one of the psalms, beginning "Miserere mei, Deus," then several paternosters, "then drink the dose and wrap thyself up warm," or he would sing the psalm, "Salvum Me Fac, Deus," then drink the draft out of a church bell, the priest finishing the cure with prayer.

Dr. Creighton remarks that, as the maladies of the middle ages contained an unusual element of hysteria, the ceremonial may not have come amiss as an aid to the treatment. Physicians gained considerable fees by their practice, which the people appear to have grudged them. The satirical writers constantly accuse them of greed, but these charges were probably owing to the prevalence of the idea, not yet extinct, that as "medicine is from the Lord God," the leech was not entitled to a money payment.—London Spectator.

The Scornful Caddie.

A very pompous, self sufficient and very bad golfer was once playing over an Irish course. He had as his caddie a battered old Irish peasant, with a very knowing twinkle in the corner of his eye. After each stroke—and each stroke was cruel hard on the green turf of Ould Oirelaud—the vainglorious one said to his caddie in the most lordly fashion, "Replace the turf, caddie!" Quietly and patiently the caddie went through the performance, thinking volumes and saying nothing at all until the eighteenth was reached. Then, as the last duffed shot stumbled its way to the putting green and "Replace the turf, caddie!" rang in his ears for the last time, he turned with a look of ineffable scorn upon his august employer and said: "Arrah, is it replacing the turf you'll be bidding me to do? By the holy fly, it'll be returning the place we'll be all doing when you're gone!"—London King.

Bees as Acrobats.

When wax is needed a certain number of self elected citizens gorge with honey and hang up in chains or curtains, each bee clinging by her front feet to the hind feet of the one above her, like Japanese acrobats, and there they remain, sometimes for two days, until the wax scales appear pushed out from every pocket. It is not hard to understand that, since much honey is needed for the manufacture of wax, a bee after filling with the raw material would produce much more wax by keeping quiet than by using any of the gorged honey for energy in moving about and working. But the necessity of "holding hands" while this work goes on must ever remain to us another occult evidence of the close relations in the bee commune.—Country Life In America.

Sober England.

In nothing have the habits of English gentlemen more changed than in the use of wine. Time was when each plate and table was enfiladed, almost surrounded, by an escort of wineglasses, ranging from sherry to champagne and tapering thence to madeira and brandy—port, claret, burgundy, the red alternating with the white—and he was no good man and true who did not go through the list and survive it. Today at the great houses you may have what you want, but rarely more than three glasses are visible, for white wine, for red wine and for champagne. Apollinaris is largely in evidence. The fine old English gentleman who made it a merit to get drunk on port and to sober up on claret has disappeared.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Nothing Is a Trifle!

The half inch United States standard screw thread has thirteen turns per inch. Mr. Welsh, the original superintendent of the Westinghouse Air Brake works, used for the half inch bolt twelve threads instead of thirteen. This decision has proved to be a mistake, and the company would be glad to change it, but the immense number of brake equipments which are out all over the world, the constant call for repairs and extensions make it impossible.

Doubled Initials For Plurals.

Under the rule that the initial letter of a word is sometimes doubled to signify the plural, bb would be a proper abbreviation for barrels. Probably some one, unfamiliar with the rule and thinking the abbreviation too concise, as it might be mistaken for an abbreviation for boxes, bundles, bags or butts, made it bbl. for one barrel, and then, still ignorant of the rule, added an s for the plural, making it bbls. for more than one.—Boston Transcript.

Stables in Trees.

In the Bahama islands there flourishes a tree the roots of which attain to enormous proportions, often reaching to a height of fifteen or twenty feet above the surface of the earth, spreading in all directions, underground as well, in order to obtain sustenance and give support to the trunk and branches. On the tree grow innumerable balls of silky cotton, presenting an almost fairylike appearance as they glisten in the sunlight. They are in great demand for stuffing pillows, being soft as down. The spaces formed by the roots are often quite as large as fair sized rooms, and if roofed over one tree would form a commodious dwelling place for a family. In fact, it would be infinitely superior to the average native hut. Holes could be cut in the roots to allow of internal communication. Up to the present, however, the natives have not utilized them as houses, though they are frequently in request as stables for horses.

An Offer Declined.

Persons who are envious of those whom they are pleased to call the fortunate rarely count the cost of success. Apropos of this, an amusing story is told of General Lefevre, duke of Dantzic. One day the general had a visit from a friend of his youth, who commented, not without feelings of envy, on the dignities and riches which the duke, who was born in a peasant's cottage, had acquired in many battles and by his faithful services.

"Oh, I am prepared," was the rejoinder, "to hand them over to you at the very price I paid for them. We will proceed together into my garden. There you shall walk up and down for the space of half an hour while I command a company of infantry to fire on you. There were more in my case, but you shall have the benefit of altered circumstances. If you are not shot in thirty minutes all that is mine shall be yours."

An Arab In the Rain.

"Those who are not accustomed to rain are frightened by it," says a writer. "I once saw an Arab rained upon for the first time. He was abjectly terrified and demanded to have his passage paid from the country—Sicily—in which the dread phenomenon occurred. He had been conveyed from the Sahara, I think, by a European, whose servant he was, and he evidently thought his master was behaving abominably to him in permitting him to get wet. By the first steamer he returned to his native desert, abandoning excellent wages, and shaking the raindrops furiously from his slippered feet."

The Hope of Rascals.

Our newspapers might be much better. They could easily be made more to the taste of the people of taste. But their unlovely crying of crime, disagreeable as it is, is an exceedingly important public duty, and in their faithfulness and veracious fortitude in keeping it up lies really the biggest part of our hope of a higher standard of honesty in public and private life. There is hope for any kind of rascality as long as it can be kept out of the papers.—Harper's Weekly.

Seaweed Sauces.

The Japanese have many curious recipes for cooking seaweed, which, with fern, is almost a staple article of diet in China, Japan and the Asiatic archipelago. A number of species of seaweed are eaten. Some are soaked, others are dried. Many of the Japanese and Chinese sauces are made from seaweed. Under the name of "asakusa-nori," one variety is put up in neat tin boxes and largely sold in the Tokyo markets.

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A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
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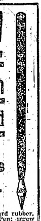

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This is a rich quality hard rubber, highly polished Fountain Pen; screw section, and fitted with an improved Feeding Device, allowing the ink to flow easily without blotting. The gold-nibbed pen is 14-Kt. fine, iridium pointed. The complete Fountain Pen is Fully Guaranteed by the manufacturers and will be exchanged by them if not entirely satisfactory. Each box contains a single pen and a guarantee. If the pen is not absolutely perfect, send it back to the factory and get one that is. It will not cost you a cent.

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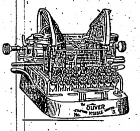

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TIME TABLE

Arrival and departure of trains at St. Hilaire.

PASSENGER

8:00 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm	
9:25 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm	
9:55 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm	
10:20 am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30 pm	

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10 am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45 am

H. M. SWENSEN, Agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hanson
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 103. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

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and Surgeon...
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Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

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Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Smoke Lagora Cigars. s30

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Mrs. W. A. Sorsoliel spent Sunday at Crookston visiting with friends.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur spent a couple of days out on the claim this week.

Miss Ella Johnson left over the Soo last Sunday night for Minneapolis.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Miss Lydia Anderson left for the Moorhead Normal last Monday evening.

Bergen & Johnson were unloading their new Garr-Scott separator yesterday.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Christ Hall drove down to Red Lake Falls last Thursday to attend to some business.

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church will meet next Thursday afternoon with Mrs. J. K. Hannay.

Miss Clara Hoff, who has been spending the summer at Tacoma and Portland, is expected home today.

R. Swenson was down from the Germantown country this week visiting with his son H. M. Swenson.

John J. Soll returned on Tuesday from Fosston where he had been hunting for several days with fair luck.

There will be services in the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. Alex Sand, Pastor.

Miss Edith Dahl departed last Monday evening for Moorhead where she will continue her studies at the Normal.

Fred Gebott returned last Tuesday from Frazee and has taken his old position in the filing room at the saw mill.

Miss Helma Nelson came up from Fergus Falls last Saturday and is spending the week here visiting with relatives.

Mrs. E. R. Evans and children came over from Bemidji last Monday and they will make this place their home for the future.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Isaac Sorsoleil and son who have been visiting relatives here for the past two weeks, left on Wednesday for their home at Stillwater.

There is still a large amount of grain left uncut, particularly west of here, and it will take at least a week more of dry weather before they can get on the fields with binders.

Miss Mabel Hannay, who has been visiting her brother and seeing the Portland fair for the past month, returned on Tuesday to take her position as primary teacher in the village schools.

The hunters have not been having very good luck the past week and prairie chickens are reported to be very scarce. The roads are bad and many of the fields uncut which also helped to discourage the hunters.

Good advice to women. If you want a beautiful complexion, clear skin, bright eyes, red lips, good health, take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. There is nothing like it. 35 cents, tea or tablets. —Imperial Drug Co.

The business men of Wylie and the farmers of the surrounding country will meet the state railroad and warehouse commissioners and the Great Northern officials at St. Paul on Sept. 18th, and the future destiny of that village will be made a special order.

Wm. Eickhoff and wife, B.E. Burkee and wife, K. O. Gigstad and Miss Josie Gigstad drove over to Hazel last Monday morning and took the train for Erskine where they spent the day visiting friends, returning the same evening.

George L. Austin received a telegram the first part of the week stating that the tub of butter which he had sent to the state fair had scored 94 per cent. Mr. Austin is well pleased with the showing as the tub sent was out of a churning of several hundred pounds and some of the cream was several days old. All who received a score over 92 are entitled to a cash prize, but as there were over 400 entries it will not amount to much.

Miss Olga Hoff made a short visit to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Dr. V. Pleth, of Crookston, was a south bound passenger here last evening.

Miss Louise Torreson visited Thief River Falls friends the first of the week.

Miss Catherine Pirath went down to Red Lake Falls last evening to visit her parents.

Mrs. E. L. Eickhoff went down to Crookston on Wednesday evening for a short visit.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Miss Emma Hoff left last Monday for Moorhead where she will enter the state normal school.

L. T. Bergh came in from his reservation claim on Thursday and made a business trip to Crookston.

Wm. Eickhoff went down to Neilsville last Wednesday evening to look over the work on the big ditch.

Mrs. W. H. Amos, formerly a resident of this place but now of St. Paul, was a visitor here last Tuesday.

Miss Theresa McCaffrey left last Monday for Moorhead where she will attend the normal the coming year.

James Kenney and wife left last Monday for North Dakota where he has secured a position as wheat buyer.

Chief Engineer Kemp is a bachelor these days, his wife being at Minneapolis visiting friends and attending the state fair.

Philip Lee left yesterday with a carload of horses for North Dakota, where he will join Eickhoff & Larson at railroad work.

It is given out that the operators who did not obey the strike order will be given double pay for August by the Great Northern.

Leonard Holmes was showing some new wheat the first of the week which he had received. It was of fair quality, grading number two.

Red Lake has at last rail connections with the outside world, the new line from Bemidji having been finished to the Agency last week.

Dr. Blomburgh has one of those lonely, disconsolate looks this week and all because Mrs. Blomburgh is down to the cities attending the fair.

President O'Brien and Recorder Gigstad went down to Red Lake Falls last evening to confer with the county board in regard to getting help for fixing the North bridge.

Rheumatism, gout, backache, acid poison, are results of kidney trouble. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, goes directly to the seat of the disease and cures when all else fails. 35 cents.
—Imperial Drug Co.

Miss Helen Hannay is now an ex-school teacher, having taught for nearly two hours last Tuesday. She seemed to think, however, that the term was plenty long enough and was well pleased to be relieved.

The wheels and pilot of the engine was liberally smeared with sticky mud and each car wheel had all it could hold. The conductor looked the train over for a minute and said "We just came from Mud Lake Falls."

C. H. Martz returned last Monday from the North Dakota fair at Grand Forks. Mr. Martz while over there purchased a couple of very fine young Jersey bulls. He also bought some fancy bred hogs at Crookston. Mr. Martz is steadily stocking his farm with nothing but the best breeds and will soon have a stock farm that will be a credit to Red Lake county.

The creamery officials have not yet issued their statement for August, but it will be nearly as flattering as were those for June and July. It is almost certain that the twenty-cent price will be maintained but the volume of business will be a little smaller, less than 20,000 pounds being made. Considering the condition of the country roads and the busy season of the year, the showing is quite remarkable.

Are you lacking in strength and vigor? Are you weak? Are you in pain? Do you feel all run down? The blessing of health and strength come to all who use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents.
—Imperial Drug Co.

The village schools started Tuesday with the largest attendance ever recorded on the opening week. The seating room is now almost all taken and some provision must evidently be made if the usual increase in previous years in attendance continues. The enrollment in grades is as follows: Miss Hannay, 39; Miss Gigstad, 38; Miss Pirath, 44; Miss Pettengill, 39; Miss Westlund, 26, and Mr. O'Brien, 26, making a total of 212 pupils. The teachers and pupils started to work with their usual push and vigor and this school year promises to be the best in attendance and results obtained of all previous years.

W.C.T.U. Convention at Minneapolis.

On account of the W.C.T.U. convention to be held at Minneapolis Sept. 19 to 21, tickets will be sold by the Great Northern Railway at the rate of one and one third fares for the round trip on the certificate plan. See your local agent for particulars.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held at the village hall Sept. 4, 1905, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the president.

All members present except Duntley and Gigstad.

On motion meeting adjourned to Tuesday evening, Sept. 5, at 8 o'clock.

Adjourned meeting convened at 8 o'clock p. m. Sept. 5th.

Meeting called to order by the president.

All members present except Duntley.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and on motion accepted.

The report of the marshal and street commissioner read and on motion accepted.

The following bills were allowed in full:

Crookston Lumber Co., lumber	$ 62 37
Ed Thompson, work	1 00
Wm Olson, work	4 30
C H Remington, salary	50 00
John Gunderson, work	1 50
Henry Miller, work	1 50
Christ Bjerk, work	8 75
R H Aimer, work	3 00
K Bjerkness, special marshal	2 00
E J Bray, signs on bridge	5 00

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'Brien,
President.

K. O. Gigstad,
Recorder.

New Agricultural School.

Crookston Times (Tuesday): Prof. Robertson, superintendent of the State Experiment Farm, who will also be at the head of the Agricultural school, this morning received the ground plans for the new building and expects that the complete plans and specifications for the new proposed structure will be in the market for bids before the end of the week.

As soon as the contract is let, which will be within a period of a few days only, the work of construction will be rushed through as rapidly as possible and the building prepared for occupancy with celerity.

The building will be 45 by 60 feet on the ground floor and three stories in height, and will be ample for the accommodation of 32 students. A number of applications have already been received for enrollment, and it is expected that a full complement of students will be booked by the time the building is ready for occupancy.

No project has been launched in this section of the state for many years in which there has been such lively interest displayed as in the new agricultural school at the Experiment farm, and the staunch friends of the idea will be pleased to know that the school will soon be a reality and in active operation. It means a great deal to the agricultural interests of the valley, as it will tend to better methods in every department of farming.

Will they Do as John Says?

The Thief River Falls News is responsible for the following:

"A rumor is in circulation to the effect that the Great Northern is going to abandon its line from Dugdale to St. Hilaire, and instead of running trains by way of Red Lake Falls to this city will again put the Wylie track in service.

"The reason assigned for this change is that the cost of maintaining the track through the city of Red Lake Falls is so great that the company finds it very expensive business and there is no way of fixing the track in a permanent condition without expending thousands of dollars. After every rain storm large crews of men have to be employed, and it is said to be the most expensive piece of road to maintain on the whole Great Northern system.

"The rumor which is in circulation is to the effect that the Great Northern will abandon Red Lake Falls entirely, and let the Northern Pacific, which is in fact owned by the Great Northern, do the business of that town in the future. This hardly seems possible, and no doubt the branch from St. Hilaire to Red Lake Falls will continue to be operated."

Pointer on Personal Beauty.

There is a saying that "every time a sheep bleats it loses a mouthful of hay." Every time a woman worries she loses a little of her attractiveness and takes on marks of old age. You cannot afford to worry. If you fret and worry and nag, you may make up your mind to lose some of your beauty and let go some of your magnetism. If you meet with the bitterest disappointment, don't fret, do not grieve—cheer up and have a glass of golden grain belt beer to quiet your nerves and strengthen your mental and physical powers. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Universalists' Convention at Minneapolis

On account of the Universalist General convention at Minneapolis, to be held October 19-25, the Great Northern will sell tickets at one and one third fares for the round trip on the certificate plan. See your local agent for particulars. 6t-o14

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

tf G. H. Sandum.

For refreshments call at Number 488.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Personal Property Assessment.

The abstract of the personal property assessment for Red Lake county for 1905 shows a nice gain over the assessment of former years. The total amount of personal property as left by the county board is $644,064, or a little better than $40 for each man, woman and child in the county. The following is the assessment by subdivisions:

Twp.	By Assessor	By Co. Board
Asst. Dist. No. 3	$ 9,498	$ 9,532
Asst. Dist. No. 5	20,758	20,777
Black River	12,129	12,756
Bray	6,389	6,797
Emardville	5,426	5,611
Equality	18,868	19,320
Garnes	11,706	11,806
Gervais	12,492	12,773
Lake Pleasant	12,945	13 114
Lambert	16,088	17,066
Louisville	16,739	17,847
Norden	13,376	13,709
North	11,368	11,928
Numedal	4,978	5,009
Polk Centre	15,419	16,594
Poplar River	27,474	26,478
Red Lake Falls	10,578	11,747
River Falls	10,932	11,807
Rocksbury	16,166	17,068
Sanders	10,117	10,281
Silverton	11,486	11,238
Smiley	14,160	14,367
Terrebonne	20,378	21,061
Wyandotte	10,273	11.249
Plummer Village	18,053	17,879
St. Hilaire Village	66,524	67.781
Red L Falls City	88,893	96,563
Thief R Falls City	120,423	131,916
Totals	$619,617	$644,064

RIVER FALLS.

Grain stacks have been going up fast the past week.

Hulda Johnson came up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday.

Annie Hanson, of Grand Forks, came up last week and returned home Monday.

Farmers are busy and you can hear the "Come boss, come boss" at the break of day.

The party given at H. Haupt's last Saturday was well attended and a good time reported by those present.

The wedding party given by Mr. Konikson last Sunday was a pleasant one. A number of friends were present and a joyous time was had.

Cut at Red Lake Falls Expensive.

Crookston Times (Saturday): Roadmaster Ed. Regan, who has charge of the Greenbush line of the Great Northern, while here last evening attending to business matters stated that the work on the Red Lake Falls sink hole which has been in progress during the summer, had been quite successful and that the prospects are bright for a permanent remedy of the trouble. The particular one mile of track which is troublesome to the road has cost a tidy sum of money for repairs and work this summer however, and gravel trains are being worked now hauling gravel into the roadbed.

Cloth Dyed With Cobalt.

Cloth changes color with a change of weather if it is dyed with chloride of cobalt. In clear weather it is a blue, when a change is near it turns to violet and for rain to bright pink. The change is due to moisture, and it can be produced by breathing upon the cloth. This property of cobalt salts has been applied to the construction of floral hygrometers. The petals of artificial flowers are tinted with cobalt salts and vary in color from blue to pink according to the weather. Their action is different from that of a barometer, which indicates a change of pressure of the atmosphere and is also usually behind the change of weather. The barometer indicates the cause of the storm, and the colored cloth shows its effect.

Clean Spectacles.

Oculists will agree that many persons who wear spectacles, although the lenses may be perfectly adapted to the needs of the eye, suffer much inconvenience and possibly ultimate damage simply through not keeping their glasses clean. Students and writers, lawyers and clergymen, business men and school children who use glasses rarely keep them clean, and from their cloudy and grimy state serious injury results to the eyesight. The glasses should be frequently cleaned with alcohol, which is preferable to water, and either tissue paper or chamois leather is better than the usual handkerchief.

First Use of "Magazine."

"Magazine," properly a storehouse (Arabian), has been annexed by literature, but it is interesting to assist at the birth of its now common literary use—in that venerable periodical, the Gentleman's Magazine. In the introduction to its number (1731) we read, "This consideration has induced several gentlemen to treasure up, as in a magazine, the most remarkable pieces on the subjects above mentioned."—London Times.

Mere Thing.

"No," said Miss Passay, "I don't like the photos Kamrer made for me. They make me look like a woman of forty."

"Well," replied Miss Peppery, "you should have told him not to touch them up if you didn't want them to look so youthful."—Philadelphia Press.

A Hard Cut.

Mr. Jawback—Why are you not wearing your wedding ring? Mrs. Jawback—I wore it out doing housework!
—Cleveland Leader.

2nd ☞ **STORE**
(Second Hand Store.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
C. A. SKEIE.
St. Hilaire, Minnesota

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

RAPP &
POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

The Pedestal of Honor
is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.
Ladies' Shoes
like ours are not to be found in every store.

FIRE INSURANCE
— is a —
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you Invest, Why not get the... **Best?** All of my Companies are First-Class
— FOR RATES CALL ON —
HARRY E. IVES.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS
NOW ARRIVING.
We are getting in daily our Fall and Winter Stock of.....
Dry Goods :: Dress Goods
Boots and Shoes
and Heavy Winter Goods
AND INVITE YOUR INSPECTION
WE CAN QUOTE YOU PRICES EQUAL TO THE LOWEST
Call early and see our Stock of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods
E. M. HOFF.

Name Your Route East
In purchasing your ticket East, if you care for an excellence in service and equipment not obtainable elsewhere, name your route
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway
No additional charge to ride on the Pioneer Limited or the Fast Mail, the two most popular trains between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago. But it is necessary to name your route.
W. B. DIXON.
Northwestern Passenger Agent
365 Robert Street, St. Paul.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, - - - MINNESOTA

SENATOR SULLIVAN

Says He Has Found Doan's Kidney Pills Invaluable in Treating Sick Kidneys.

Hon. Timothy D. Sullivan of New York, Member of Congress from the Eighth New York District, and one of the Democratic leaders of New York State, strongly recommends Doan's Kidney Pills.

Senator Sullivan writes:

"It is a pleasure to endorse a remedy like Doan's Kidney Pills, having found them of greatest value in eliminating the distress caused by sick kidneys, and in restoring those organs to a condition of health. My experience with your valuable remedy was equally as gratifying as that of several of my friends.

Yours truly,

(Signed) TIMOTHY D. SULLIVAN.

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price, 50 cents per box.

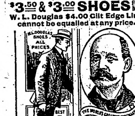
Working Extra Time.

Mrs. Gabfest—I want it understood, sir, that I am a woman of very few words.

Mr. Gabfest—Yes, I know, my dear, but don't you think you are overworking them?—Milwaukee Sentinel.

A husband is sometimes landed by a maiden effort—and sometimes by the effort of the maiden's mother.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN
W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.



W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
ALL STYLES
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
Established July 6, 1876.

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES AND SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any $3.50 shoe in the world. They are just as good as those that cost you $5.00 to $7.00—the only difference is the price. If I could take you into my factory at Brockton, Mass., the largest in the world under one roof making men's fine shoes, and show you the care with which every pair of Douglas shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the best shoes produced in the world.

If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes, you would understand why Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

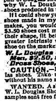
CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

WANTED. A shoe dealer in every town where W. L. Douglas Shoes are not sold. Full line of samples sent free for inspection upon request.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

WET WEATHER WISDOM!



THE ORIGINAL TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKER 132
TRADE MARK
BLACK OR YELLOW
WILL KEEP YOU DRY
NOTHING ELSE WILL
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES
CATALOGUES FREE
SHOWING FULL LINE OF GARMENTS AND HATS.
A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS., U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO., LTD., TORONTO, CANADA.

HAVE YOU COWS?

If you have cream to separate a good Cream Separator is the most profitable investment you can possibly make. Delay means daily waste of time, labor and product. DE LAVAL CREAM SEPARATORS save $10.- per cow per year every year of use over all gravity setting systems and $5.- per cow over all imitating separators. They received the Grand Prize or Highest Award at St. Louis.

Buying trashy cash-in-advance separators is penny wise, dollar foolish. Such machines quickly *lose* their cost instead of *saving* it.

If you haven't the ready cash DE LAVAL machines may be bought on such liberal terms that they actually *pay for themselves*.

Send today for new catalogue and name of nearest local agent.

THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.
Randolph & Canal Sts. CHICAGO | 74 Cortlandt Street NEW YORK

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN

troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES

For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.

Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.

THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

N W N U —NO. 36— 1905

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

SAVED BY TICK-TACK

WARNING STOPPED ENGINEER JUST IN TIME.

Bad Accident Averted by Railroad Man's Knowledge of the Morse Characters and the Fact That the Night Was a Warm One.

"The other evenin'," said the engineer, in the New York Sun, "I was called to make a particularly fast run. We weren't to run on any schedule, 'cause when you're goin' to make a fast run a schedule is just about as much use as a water tax in Hoboken. They ran us extra—extra fast.

"Leavin' the yards I moved careful, but after we got clear I just let her out.

"When I first began to carve out my railroad career I intended to be a telegraph operator, and a smattering of the Morse characters still cling to me, so I can read words of four letters or under if they come slow over a wire.

"Right aroun' the end of Miller's Ten Degree curve there's a facin' sidin', which is protected by a semaphore signal at the beginning of a curve. The semaphore showed a white light when we whizzed by it, lettin' me know everything was all right down at the switch.

"Just as we were takin' the curve I thought I heard the faint tickin' of a telegraph instrument. At first I thought it was imagination, but listenin' more intently I found that I was not mistaken. Some one with a not too steady hand was tryin' to make Morse characters.

"I could get the first two letters all right. They were 's-t.' After that it was a jumble. Finally the word came to me like a flash, complete. It was 's-t-o-p.' After I made out what the word was it was repeated again and again. Finally that 's-t-o-p' business grated so on my nerves that I just shut off, and as we came out on the straight track at the end of the curve we had slowed down to about fifteen miles an hour.

"Just as I got the sight again we came on the switch, 'n' there was the switch ball showin' red. Well, I sanded her, 'n' we came to a stop right at the point of the sidin'. If we'd a come aroun' there at full speed we'd a been into the string of cars on that switch before you could have winked.

"I started up once more feelin' about as limp as a man with a wooden leg, 'n' we'd no more'n got shakin' 'em up when the tickin' started again. The sound seemed to come from inside the cab, so I looked there. What do you suppose it was? When we started out it was so warm that I took off my jumper 'n' hung it up on a peg in the cab. It swung loose 'n' when we got goin' fast on the turns one of the metal buttons would tap against the window pane. Mebbe I imagined that 's-t-o-p' business, but anyway it saved my life.

"The company investigated the white light in the semaphore 'n' found that the heat had expanded a wire just enough to make the mistake in the signal."

"The Good Old Days."

The North American doesn't take much stock in the "good old days" idea. It believes that, on the whole, the "good old days" were no better than the bad young ones. In a good many aspects they were very much worse.

But occasionally the past forces concession of its superiority.

An instance in point is to be found in a case recorded in the North American of Aug. 1, 1805. According to English advices then published, three persons had been "convicted for polling fictitious votes for Sir Francis Burdett at the late Middlesex election."

The members of this interesting trio were sentenced to one month "in his majesty's gaol of Newgate," at the expiration of which time they were banished from Great Britain for seven years.

On June 27, 1905, three men were convicted of "polling fictitious votes" at a late Philadelphia election. They were sentenced, two of them to five months in jail and to pay a fine of $500, the other to four months in jail and to pay a fine of $250.

Whatever may be the comparative merits of the places and times in other respects, it must be admitted that there was a clearer conception of the enormity of the crime against the ballot in London in 1805 than there appears to be in Philadelphia in 1905.

To that extent a sigh for the "good old days" is justified.

Scientific Rearing of Children.

Luther Burbank, the noted California horticulturist, says his one great ambition is to apply to the rearing of children the scientific principles through which he has wrought such wonders with plants. He believes man could become physically, spiritually and morally perfect, if subjugated to the same care and training that he (Burbank) is giving to plants.

War Balloon Factory.

The British government is building a new war balloon factory at Aldershot. When completed the new factory will be large enough to contain side by side three fully-inflated balloons. From the factory complete balloon equipments will be sent out to India and to all the colonial and foreign stations of the British army.

Wire Wheels for Autos.

English automobile manufacturers are experimenting with wire wheels in the belief that, weight for weight, they are stronger than those of wood of the artillery variety. This would be a practical return to first principles, as all the early types of self-propelled vehicles were equipped with wire wheels.

Women Cultivate Flowers.

The women of Wenatchee, Wash., have formed a local floral association and introduced plant and flower culture into many homes. The success has been so great that a midwinter fair is planned to properly exhibit flowers produced.

DON'T MISS THIS.

A Cure for Stomach Trouble—A New Method by Absorption—No Drugs.

DO YOU BELCH? It means a diseased stomach. Are you afflicted with short breath, gas, sour eructations, heart pains, indigestion, dyspepsia, burning pains and lead weight in pit of stomach, acid stomach, distended abdomen, dizziness, BAD BREATH, or any other stomach torture? Let us send you a box of Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers free to convince you that it cures.

Nothing else like it known. It's sure and very pleasant. Cures by absorption. Harmless. No drugs. Stomach trouble can't be cured otherwise—so says medical science. Drugs won't do—they eat up the stomach and make you worse.

We know Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers cure and we want you to know it, hence this offer.

SPECIAL OFFER.—The regular price of Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers is 50c. a box; but to introduce it to thousands of sufferers we will send two (2) boxes upon receipt of 75c. and this advertisement, or we will send you a sample free for this coupon.

FREE BOX 114

Send this coupon with your name and address and druggist's name who does NOT sell it, for a free box of Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers to Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill. Give full address and write plainly.

Sold at all druggists, 50c. per box.

His Juleps Safe.

"I understand that the Philadelphia mint has been closed."

"That's too far away for us to feel the effects of it, an dbesides I have a mint bed of my own."—Houston Post.

YELLOW CRUST ON BABY.

Would Crack Open and Scab Causing Terrible Itching—Cured by Cuticura.

"Our baby had a yellow crust on his head which I could not keep away. When I thought I had succeeded in getting his head clear, it would start again by the crown of his head, crack and scale, and cause terrible itching. I then got Cuticura Soap and Ointment, washing the scalp with the soap and then applying the Ointment. A few treatments made a complete cure. I have advised a number of mothers to use Cuticura when I have been asked about the same ailment of their babies. Mrs. John Boyce, Pine Bush, N. Y."

No Fear of the Men.

"I'd go to the ball, but I have no chaperon," said Miss Hoamley.

"Why, it isn't a masked ball," said Miss Pepprey. "If you don't wear a mask you won't need a chaperon."—

Sensitive.

"Have you calves' brains?" asked the customer in the cheap restaurant.

"Aw, now, quitcherkiddin'," said the waitress. "Another feller wanted to know if I had frog's legs. You fellers are gettin' too fresh."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

FEVER'S AFTER EFFECTS

Did Not Disappear Until the Blood Was Renewed by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Typhoid fever is sometimes called nervous fever. During the course of the fever the nerves are always profoundly disturbed, and when it is over they are left so sensitive that the patient has to be guarded against all excitement. In the tonic treatment then demanded, regard must be paid not only to building up flesh but also to strengthening the nerves. A remedy that will do both, make sound flesh to repair waste and give new vigor to feeble nerves, is the most convenient and economical. Such a remedy is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

One proof of this is the experience of Mr. Charles Worth, of East Vassalboro, Maine. He says: "I had a severe attack of typhoid fever late in the fall which left me very weak and debilitated. My heart palpitated; my breathing became difficult after the least exertion and there was numbness in both hands. I suffered in that way for fully six months. As I did not grow out of it, did not in fact see the slightest improvement as time passed, I decided to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as I knew of some cures they had effected in cases like mine.

"Almost as soon as I began taking them I could see decided improvement and after keeping on with them for several weeks I was completely well. I consider Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a most valuable remedy, and I am in the habit of recommending them to others afflicted as I was."

When the nerves ache and tremble it means that they are starving. The only way to feed them is through the blood, and the best food is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They are absolutely guaranteed to be free from opiates or other harmful drugs. They are sold by all druggists, or may be obtained directly from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

We are not so much incensed against folks who create fashions as we are against those who make things go out of style.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease

A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Misery loves company, and usually gets it.

Beautify Your Walls and Ceilings!

Alabastine
THE SANITARY WALL COATING

A Rock Cement in white and beautiful tints. Does not rub or scale. Destroys disease germs and vermin. No washing of walls after once applied. Any one can brush it on—mix with cold water. Other finishes, bearing fanciful names and mixed with either hot or cold water, do not have the cementing property of Alabastine. They are stuck on with glue, or other animal matter, which rots, feeding disease germs, rubbing, scaling and spoiling walls, clothing, etc. Such Finishes must be washed off every year—expensive, filthy work. Buy Alabastine only in five pound packages, properly labeled. Tint card, pretty wall and ceiling design, "Hints on Decorating" and our artists' services in making color plans, free.

ALABASTINE CO.,
Grand Rapids, Mich., or 105 Water St., N. Y.

GOT GOOD INTEREST

ONE CHARITABLE DEED THAT WAS WELL REWARDED.

Twenty Dollar "Grub Stake" Advanced to Man Trying to Reach the Klondike Repaid by Diamond Worth Many Times the Amount Loaned.

Bread cast upon the waters has returned, not a hundredfold, but almost equal to that, to Fred W. Bender, a telegraph operator for the Southern railway.

A loan of $20 which he made in 1899 to Howard Thompson in San Francisco has been repaid so many times over that Mr. Bender is not quite certain just how much he has.

The payment was not in cash. It came last week in the form of a diamond of the first water, weighing almost 5 karats, and estimated to be worth about $900.

The diamond was received from Dawson City, where Mr. Thompson is mining gold. He has been successful, and, feeling that his success was largely due to the loan made him years ago, he returned it fiftyfold.

Mr. Bender was in the Philippines with the United States army for two years, going over just after the war with Spain. He returned to the United States the latter part of 1899, with money in his pocket. He had drawn back pay and allowance for clothing and equipment, and had several hundred dollars.

"I am broke, old man, and am trying to get to the Klondike," said Thompson, when he was thrown with Mr. Bender during the few days the latter remained in San Francisco. "I need about $20, and with that I could get to Seattle, and from there I can work my way up to Dawson or somewhere in the gold country. I can make my strike once I am up there, I know."

"Sure, I can let you have the twenty," said Mr. Bender, who was feeling good over getting back to his home country, and who did not care much for money anyhow. "Here, take it and welcome. I hope you will hit a big mine, like Cripple Creek. Wish I could go with you, but I have to hit for home."

The two separated. Mr. Bender came to Louisville, tired of the army, and went to work for the Southern railway. He had enough of the Philippines and wanted no further fighting.

He forgot the loan which he had made and really did not expect to hear from Thompson again. The years passed and nothing was heard in any way from the Klondike. Mr. Bender did not know even whether or not he had reached Dawson City.

The other day a package was received from the Klondike. Mr. Bender opened it and found inside a big diamond, glittering and glistening like a ball of fire. It was a beautiful specimen. With the diamond came a letter from Thompson. He said he had just struck a good paying vein of ore, and had bought the stone as a souvenir and a slight expression of his high appreciation of what had been done for him by Mr. Bender.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Left-Handed Artists.

To that list of left-handed artists may be added Mr. F. H. Townsend, the deft draughtsman in black and white, who has lately become art editor of Punch. But Mr. Townsend is one of the "semi-left-handed." And of these there are more than you might suppose. Many of us, on watching ourselves, will find that on this or that occasion we use the left hand when the right would be expected. Mr. Townsend draws with his left hand but he deals cards with his right. This writer, being in all other respects right-handed, deals cards with the left. The real quality between the hands would probably be established from many experiences.—London Chronicle.

Remembering.

And ever in the moonlight,
As the trumpet blossom swings,
Comes a time of sweet rememb'ring
Of old, unforgotten things;
Of old, name carved spreading beeches,
Of old, moonlit sandy reaches,
Of half whispered, half thought speeches,
Like a rustle of white wings.
Comes the moonpath on the water
Gilding the seas dread abyss;
Comes the lapping of the ripples,
Comes the memory of this;
That, through all the years may measure,
Yet my lips have drained the pleasure
Of life's greatest, grandest treasure,
Of first love and love's first kiss.

When the moon lights up the prairie,
Comes life's memories to me;
When the rolling, the far-reaching
Stirs and ripples like a sea,
She may think life's dark and fretting,
As life's orb grows near its setting,
Crowds my soul to her forgetting.
But forgetting may not be.
—Houston Post.

Wolf-Dingo Puppy.

In the London Zoo is a puppy bred between a wolf and a dingo. It has the fawn color usually found in the Australian wild dog, to which it at present bears more resemblance than it does to the wolf. Although not more than five months old, it seems uneasy in its cage and possesses that keen, at the same time wild, yet intelligent look observed in the wild dogs generally.

Specialists Narrow Professions.

Dr. G. C. Franklin, the new president of the British Medical Association at Leicester, pointed out the danger of overspecialization in medicine. The development of the specialist, he said, was inevitable, and he feared might tend to produce a narrower type of medical man, but on the whole the development had so far been beneficial both for the public and the profession.

Crown Prince Rescues Woman.

The other day the crown prince and princess of Germany, while riding in a motor car, came suddenly on an equestrian, whose horse reared and became unmanageable. The prince leaped out, seized the horse and quieted it, while the princess snapshotted the incident with her camera.

Champion Questioner.

Swift MacNeill, who is regarded as the champion questioner of the House of Commons, is a barrister by profession. Parliament is his hobby, but he also has a mania for collecting old plate and china.

PAT SAVED THE PENNIES.

Mailed the Letters When No One Was Looking.

There is a good story told of old Patrick Green, who has worked at the Bush stores in Brooklyn for years. Green's inability to keep up-to-date is nothing against him. He is a watchman and not a poet. So when Foreman Reilly last week gave Green four pennies and two letters and told the old man to buy two stamps and paste one on each letter, he knew that Green had to have explicit orders, and would follow them explicitly. He also admonished the old man to be careful about putting the two letters in the box at the corner after the stamps had been affixed. Green came back in about ten minutes, his face aglow. He placed the four pennies in Reilly's hand and exclaimed:

"There wusn't no one lookin'. Faith an' Oi wuz moighty sure of it, too, and so I just put them in the box an' took it on a run as fast as me ould legs would carry me!"—New York Globe.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Parisian Examples.

Each arrondissement of Paris is compelled by law to wash, scrub, polish and generally renovate the exterior of its buildings, and all must be completed by Oct. 1. Two arrondissements are washed every year, and in ten years the whole city has been cleansed and beautified. If the same law were adopted and enforced in London and our great cities, what a striking contrast it would make! Imagine Liverpool washed! — House Beautiful.

WANTED—An energetic person to represent a wholesale house either locally or on the road; can use one energetic party in this locality at once. Steady work at $15 to $20 per week; rapid advancement to hustler. Address at once with stamped envelope, stating age and when you can begin work. F. W. Potts, Sykes Block, Minneapolis, Minn.

Word From Br'er Williams.

Don't think de world's gwine ter turn roun' ter look at you. De best thing you kin do is ter keep up wid de world.

Try ez yer will, you can't take up all de sunshine, an' you won't find no happiness in standin' in anybody's light.—Atlanta Constitution.

Here is Relief for Women.

Mother Gray, a nurse in New York, discovered a pleasant herb remedy for women's ills, called AUSTRALIAN-LEAF. It is the only certain monthly regulator. Cures female weaknesses, Backache, Kidney and Urinary troubles. At all Druggists or by mail 50 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

Didn't Fail.

"Can you let me have a five-spot till pay day?"

"I've only got a two-spot."

"The deuce!"—Fort Worth Record.

THE IDEAL WIFE

Shapes the Destiny of Men—The Influence of a Healthy Woman Cannot Be Overestimated.

Mrs. Bessie Ainsley

Seven-eighths of the men in this world marry a woman because she is beautiful in their eyes—because she has the qualities which inspire admiration, respect and love.

There is a beauty in health which is more attractive to men than mere regularity of feature. The influence of women glorious in the possession of perfect physical health upon men and upon the civilization of the world could never be measured. Because of them men have attained the very heights of ambition; because of them even thrones have been established and destroyed.

What a disappointment, then, to see the fair young wife's beauty fading away before a year passes over her head! A sickly, half-dead-and-alive woman, especially when she is the mother of a family, is a damper to all joyousness in the home, and a drag upon her husband.

The cost of a wife's constant illness is a serious drain upon the funds of a household, and too often all the doctoring does no good.

If a woman finds her energies are flagging, and that everything tires her, dark shadows appear under her eyes, her sleep is disturbed by horrible dreams; if she has backache, headaches, bearing-down pains, nervousness, whites, irregularities, or despondency, she should take means to build her system up at once by a tonic with specific powers, such as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

This great remedy for women has done more in the way of restoring health to the women of America than all other medicines put together. It is the safeguard of woman's health.

Following we publish, by request, a letter from a young wife.

Mrs. Bessie Ainsley of 611 South 10th Street, Tacoma, Wash., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Ever since my child was born I have suffered, as I hope few women ever have, with inflammation, female weakness, bearing-down pains, backache and wretched headaches. It affected my stomach so that I could not enjoy my meals, and half my time was spent in bed.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me a well woman, and I feel so grateful that I am glad to write and tell you of my marvelous recovery. It brought me health, new life and vitality."

What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Ainsley it will do for every woman who is in poor health and ailing.

Its benefits begin when its use begins. It gives strength and vigor from the start, and surely makes sick women well and robust.

Remember Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound holds the record for the greatest number of actual cures of woman's ills. This fact is attested to by the thousands of letters from grateful women which are on file in the Pinkham laboratory. Merit alone can produce such results.

Women should remember that a cure for all female diseases actually exists, and that cure is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Take no substitute.

If you have symptoms you don't understand write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice—it is free and always helpful.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

His Example.

"Robert," said a teacher in one of the public schools to her brightest pupil, "give me an example of the use of the word damper in a sentence."

Robert thought a moment and then delivered himself as follows:

"Teacher is damper-ticular about our English."

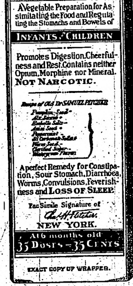
An ex-bachelor calls his wife "Birdie" because she is always associated in his mind with a bill.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

A man feels that his life is a failure as soon as he receives a severe rebuff.

Physicians Recommend Castoria

CASTORIA has met with pronounced favor on the part of physicians, pharmaceutical societies and medical authorities. It is used by physicians with results most gratifying. The extended use of Castoria is unquestionably the result of three facts: *First*—The indisputable evidence that it is harmless: *Second*—That it not only allays stomach pains and quiets the nerves, but assimilates the food: *Third*—It is an agreeable and perfect substitute for Castor Oil. It is absolutely safe. It does not contain any Opium, Morphine, or other narcotic and does not stupefy. It is unlike Soothing Syrups, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, etc. This is a good deal for a Medical Journal to say. Our duty, however, is to expose danger and record the means of advancing health. The day for poisoning innocent children through greed or ignorance ought to end. To our knowledge, Castoria is a remedy which produces composure and health, by regulating the system—not by stupefying it—and our readers are entitled to the information.—*Hall's Journal of Health.*



900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna -
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda -
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES — 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Letters from Prominent Physicians Addressed to Charles H. Fletcher.

Dr. B. Halstead Scott, of Chicago, Ills., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria often for infants during my practice, and find it very satisfactory."

Dr. William Belmont, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "Your Castoria stands first in its class. In my thirty years of practice I can say I never have found anything that so filled the place."

Dr. J. H. Taft, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I have used your Castoria and found it an excellent remedy in my household and private practice for many years. The formula is excellent."

Dr. Wm. L. Bosserman, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I am pleased to speak a good word for your Castoria. I think so highly of it that I not only recommend it to others, but have used it in my own family."

Dr. R. J. Hamlen, of Detroit, Mich., says: "I prescribe your Castoria extensively, as I have never found anything to equal it for children's troubles. I am aware that there are imitations in the field, but I always see that my patients get Fletcher's."

Dr. Wm. J. McCann, of Omaha, Neb., says: "As the father of thirteen children I certainly know something about your great medicine, and aside from my own family experience I have in my years of practice found Castoria a popular and efficient remedy in almost every home."

Dr. J. R. Clausen, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "The name that your Castoria has made for itself in the tens of thousands of homes blessed by the presence of children, scarcely needs to be supplemented by the endorsement of the medical profession, but I, for one, most heartily endorse it and believe it an excellent remedy."

Dr. Channing H. Cook, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have used your Castoria for several years past in my own family and have always found it thoroughly efficient and never objected to by children, which is a great consideration in view of the fact that most medicines of this character are obnoxious and therefore difficult of administration. As a laxative, I consider it the peer of anything that I ever prescribed."

Dr. R. M. Ward, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Physicians generally do not prescribe proprietary preparations, but in the case of Castoria my experience, like that of many other physicians, has taught me to make an exception. I prescribe your Castoria in my practice because I have found it to be a thoroughly reliable remedy for children's complaints. Any physician who has raised a family, as I have, will join me in heartiest recommendation of Castoria."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY ST, NEW YORK CITY.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors silk, wool and cotton equally well and is guaranteed to give perfect results. Ask dealer or we will send post paid at 10c a package. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri

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Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1905. NUMBER 9.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

STATE EDITORS' OUTING

Delightful Visit to the Mines of the Iron Ranges and the Large Cities of the Great Lakes—Cordial Receptions at Duluth, Hibbing, Eveleth, Port Arthur, Fort William, Sault Ste. Marie, Sarnia and Port Huron.

Imagine a series of drawing rooms filled with a happy, informal party of jolly visitors gliding along through an ever-changing panorama of typical Minnesota scenery, and you have a mental picture of the Minnesota editorial party on its way from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Duluth, in the first part of the outing of 1905. Just at what moment the "ice was broken" no one would be able to say—in fact, there seems to have been no social "ice." There are no very formal introductions required between members on these editorial outings. Everybody seems to begin sociability at once, and no one ever faded into a wall-flower on any editorial trip.

The coaches containing the outing party were attached to the Great Northern train leaving St. Paul at nine o'clock Sunday morning, Aug. 20. To make doubly sure that none of the excellent arrangements for the comfort and enjoyment of the editorial party should miscarry in any particular, Mr. F. I. Whitney, general traffic manager of the Great Northern railway company, had provided a personal representative in Mr. Kellar, of the advertising department, who left nothing to be wished for.

The daylight ride between the Twin Cities and Duluth is always enjoyable on this line, and now the hours rushed by all too quickly in the infectious sociability of the outing party. Nor was the scenery slighted. Soon the end of the delightful trip approached. The Great Northern railway, as it enters Duluth, affords excellent opportunity for viewing many of the interesting features of that city of tall elevators, monster docks, great steamers, immense shipping, magnificent harbor, an aerial bridge, picturesque scenery and unlimited vitality. The editorial party missed none of the attractive sights—it never does—and promptly at two o'clock, Sunday afternoon, the train rolled into the Duluth depot. Within a few minutes thereafter, the excursionists had been assigned the rooms in the St. Louis and Lenox hotels selected by the executive committee and were soon busy at lunch.

Only the day before there had arrived in Duluth the United States training ship "Fern," which had been stationed there for the use of the naval reserves of that city, an auxiliary of the national guard of Minnesota. Commander Guy A. Eaton at once placed it at the disposal of the editorial party. A hurried lunch at the hotel was followed by a cruise on the "Fern" around the Horn. It was certainly a charming trip and was voted a delightful experience. The weather was perfect and the many little attentions showered upon the party not only by Commander Eaton but also by Assistant Adjutant General Whitney, and by every member of the gallant crew, will make the afternoon treasured as one of the brightest stages of the outing. A number of citizens of Duluth had also been invited and these added materially to the pleasure of the trip. Fruit and cigars were served in lavish abundance, through the thoughtfulness of County Auditor Odin Halden, and every group had a ready "guide" to point out the many interesting features of the rapidly changing view. By six o'clock the party was back at the hotels with good appetites. Then came sight seeing in small groups, and the preparations for an early start the next morning.

At 7:30 a. m. all were aboard the special train of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway for the iron range trip which had been made possible through the efforts of Messrs. Kellogg, Cotton and other officials. The train was in charge of Supt. John W. Kretter, who certainly "saw us through" a trip that was keenly enjoyed and left the editors with a much clearer understanding of the wonderful and important part the iron mines play in the state's resources and riches.

The first stop was at Hibbing. Very evidently that wide-awake burg was bent on giving a correct conception of the situation, for its council had given carte blanche to its committee of arrangements, consisting of Claude W. Atkinson of the Messabe Ore and A. E. Pfremmer of the Hibbing Tribune. To many of the party it was their first visit into this wonderland of the great iron riches of Minnesota and it proved an astonishing lesson in the enormous wealth of that section. The special train was met by a large reception committee of citizens who did the honors like veterans. The train was first taken up to the Mahoning mine, where the iron ore seems found practically from the top of the surface down indefinitely. Standing at the edges of the vast pits that covered blocks and blocks of ground, one could see and hear the great steam shovels in every direction busily digging up the valuable ore and loading it into long strings of ore cars holding 51 tons each. As fast as a train of these cars was filled it was drawn out of the great pits, zigzagging its way up the sides, and then off to be made up into trains for the Duluth iron docks for reshipment over the great lakes.

The party was next taken by train to the Burt-Pool mines of the Steel Trust, another interesting scene near Hibbing. To the uninitiated these two separate mines at Hibbing looked not unlike great quarries, only instead of immense rocks a sort of red sand was taken out.

Now came an excellent dinner provided at the hotels by the good citizens of Hibbing, and then at 1:30 p. m. the special train went to Eveleth. Here also were reception committees of the Business Men's association, under the guidance of Secretary Perham, also editor of the Eveleth News. The train was taken to the Adams mine, which was found to be what is called a "milling proposition"—underground work—and afforded another delightful and instructive treat.

Back again to Duluth the party was now taken. Here they were conducted to the elegant rooms of the Commercial club for a "hand out," as the committee had expressed it—but in reality a veritable banquet. Odin Halden, county auditor of St. Louis county, and chairman of the committee, which also included Former Mayor Hugo, Milie Bunnell and A. C. Weiss, added to his already great popularity with the state editors by the big hearted and active manner in which he had planned for their comfort and watched over every detail in the entire Duluth and Iron Range program.

From the Commercial club banquet the party was hastened aboard the palatial steamer "Huronic" of the Northern Navigation Co. of Ontario, and at 9 p. m. Monday, Aug. 21, started on its trip over the great lakes.

Once aboard the "Huronic" the first thing to do was to set back the watches an hour and make the first day only 23 hours long. This was in accordance with the master clock on the "Huronic," which uses Eastern Standard time. To those who regretted the loss of 60 minutes of enjoyment it was explained that the last day of the trip would be 25 hours, and thus there would be just that much more time for the farewells.

The steamer "Huronic" proved a most delightful pleasure boat. Fully a block long, it completely destroys all ideas as to cramped quarters. The staterooms are roomy, light and airy, and no better means for enjoying the manifold delights of a fresh water sea voyage could very well be imagined. The berths are extra long and wide, with spring mattresses and down pillows. The ventilation is perfection itself, and the invigorating air reaches you in all its purity at night as well as during the day. The entire trip was one grand succession of flawless weather, and the keen enjoyment of a promenade on the decks of the "Huronic," inhaling deep draughts of the bracing ozone, completely free from the dust and cinders of a rail trip, will long be remembered by the excursionists.

However, the Northern Navigation company takes pains to add to the natural pleasures of the trip and looks after its passengers most delightfully. Capt. Robert Foote, Steward Inglis and Purser Ronan carried out their parts in this idea most satisfactorily. Harry Hurdon, western agent at Duluth, who had been especially obliging and valuable in arranging the details of the preliminaries of the trip, accompanied the party to Port Arthur, and added still further favors. Hon. F. O. Lett, one of the directors of the company, was also a passenger, and vied with the others in looking after the comforts of the party. The orchestra of the Sarnia Citizens' band had been engaged specially for this trip, and Bandmaster F. E. Corrison, the leader, was unusually obliging in answering many calls for the excellent music his organization rendered so well.

But to Capt. C. H. Nicholson, of Sarnia, Ont., traffic manager of the Northern Navigation company, must be given the palm as the master wizard of the occasion. There was nothing above water that he was not continually planning for the extra comfort and pleasure of the outing party. He was everywhere, all the time, and took the keenest enjoyment and interest in everything that might add to the delights of this charming trip on the unsalted seas. And this did not end with the time spent on the great steamer "Huronic." Whenever a stop was made Capt. Nicholson was either planning, or had arranged for or promoted some special feature, as prearranged with the executive committee—a matter in which his large acquaintance and great popularity along the route made him particularly successful and valuable.

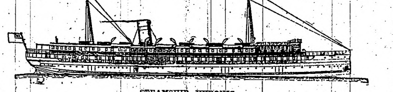
The first evening upon the palatial steamer sped quickly in the party getting its bearings, enjoying the promenades, and in general sociability. Tuesday forenoon, Port Arthur was reached and an opportunity was given for a short visit ashore. In the evening a special impromptu program of music, song, speeches and dancing was given in the grand salon, and then bright and early Wednesday morning, Aug. 23, the passengers were at breakfast so as to be on deck while the "Huronic" passed through the great locks of the Canadian canal at the "Soo."

During the stay of about three hours at Sault Ste. Marie, Wednesday noon, the editorial party formed into smaller groups and indulged in various diversions on shore, including a walk around the Canadian Soo, a trip across the ferry to the American side, a visit to the American canal and locks just in time to see a large freighter locked through, a ramble in the neighboring government park, visits to the newspaper offices, and for some the experience of "shooting the rapids" in canoes in charge of Indians who had learned all too well the white man's trick of "high wages."

Sarnia, Ont., on Lake Huron, was the "end of the line," and this was reached Thursday, Aug. 24, at 7 a. m. A hurried breakfast, and the party was soon ashore and quartered in Hotel Vendome for a day and a half of land pleasures. Here they were received by Messrs. Thos. H. Cook, J. Ross Geddes, A. J. Johnston, H. W. Mills, W. B. Collins, Dr. Bently, John Hamilton, A. J. McLean, Editors H. Gorman and W. J. Williams, and other citizens of Sarnia.

The Grand Trunk railway was the first in the varied program of the stay. At 10 a. m. the editorial party was taken in charge by John Boyd, the local representative of the company, and J. F. Jones, superintendent of terminals. A special train of observation cars was quickly filled with the excursionists and the reception committee of Sarnia, and then off for a trip through the famous St. Claire tunnel connecting Sarnia, Ont., with Port Huron, Mich. It was a unique experience, this ride in open cars pushed by a giant 100-ton engine at top speed down an incline plane into the dark bowels of the earth, 110 feet under the water line in the channel—through a $2,700,000 iron hole, 19 feet in diameter and over a mile long. The trip required about five minutes and was certainly enjoyed, as was the ride through the Port Huron terminals of the Grand Trunk railway. The party was then taken through the Imperial oil refinery, the headquarters of the Standard Oil Co. in Canada. Then came the return trip through the tunnel in closed cars with lighted lamps.

Dinner at Hotel Vendome followed and then a short interval for rambling around pretty Sarnia and purchasing souvenirs. At 3:30 p. m., the committee of Sarnia citizens and Manager Mills of the street railway company took possession of the party for a trolley ride to Lake Huron Park, two miles from the city. Here was nature in all its grandeur—a scene that will be remembered by the excursionists for years to come. The route lay through Sarnia's picturesque, well-paved streets, lined with beautiful trees, and with the buildings and residences gay with bunting, and then into a dale surrounded by hills; wild flowers and pleasant walks were everywhere, till the stop was made at the beautiful pavilion. Here the party was grouped for the annual photograph, and then ushered into the pavilion.



STEAMSHIP HURONIC.

One glance through the great windows that lined its farther side, and then came a rush outside to the beach below. Who could resist a walk along that beach, to gather the queer-shaped pebbles crusted with petrified shells? On, on, with the entrancing music of the waves ringing in one's ears and the ever-changing picture stretched before you, as far as the eye could reach, as the breakers rolled incessantly upon the broad expanse of the beach!

Almost before the party was aware of it the hour of the banquet at Wees Beach hotel in the park had arrived. Here again hospitality was at flood tide. The toothsome repast being thoroughly discussed, Former Mayor Thos. H. Cook, in the absence of Mayor Barr, who was seriously ill, took up the duties of toastmaster and extended a royal Canadian welcome. His toast was to the health of President Theodore Roosevelt, not less than second, as a ruler, to King Edward VII., in the esteem of the Canadian people. Gov. John A. Johnson of Minnesota, who was in the party as editor of the St. Peter Herald, responded in a brief speech replete with wit and humor, but also filled with high appreciation of the hearty Canadian hospitality experienced by the Minnesota pilgrims. Reciprocity was his soocerer theme, and the applause from all the banqueters showed plainly enough that the Americans on both sides of the border line favored closer business relations just as they showed deeper friendship whenever thrown together. His toast was to King Edward VII. of England, who held the great respect of the people of "the States"—the very ruler who with President Roosevelt could draw these two great Anglo-Saxon nations into a bond that would last forever for the common good.

Now the Sarnia Citizens' band, stationed on the hotel piazza, and conducted by Leader Corrison, delighted the banqueters with a medley of American airs, beginning and ending with portions of the Star Spangled Banner, and rendered in a manner that fully justified the high reputation of this organization.

Toastmaster Cook then called upon F. F. Pardee, a leading barrister of Sarnia, to respond to the toast to King Edward. Mr. Pardee's speech was a magnificent effort and won repeated and well-merited applause. Brimming with wit and welcome, it ran the gamut from pleasantries to eloquence and wound up with a hearty invitation to "come again next year."

Capt. C. H. Nicholson was also called out and accorded the enthusiastic reception he so richly deserved. His response was clever, though brief, and then Editor W. C. Whiteman, president of the Minnesota Editorial association, took occasion to express the thanks with which the hearts of the outing party were overflowing. Now everybody joined in Auld Lang Syne, and then came the Minnesota editors' yell:

"Gopher, Gopher, Gopher State!
Editors, editors, wise and great!
Boom-a-laca, boom-a-laca,
Rah! Rah! Rah!
Editors, editors, Minne-sota!"

The ladies now passed from the banquet hall into the reception room adjoining, and then came the cigars. Soon, however, all were on their way back to the pavilion, where the London Harpers discoursed excellent music during the reception and dance that followed, in which many citizens of Sarnia took part. At 10:30 the return was made by trolley to the hotel in the city.

Friday forenoon the entire editorial party was the guest of one of nature's noblemen, L. A. Sherman, editor of the Port Huron Daily Times. From Sarnia to Port Huron, Mich., the trip was by ferry. Then a brief visit to the great printing house of the big-hearted host, with its perfection in all things. Now came a train of trolley cars and off the party sped in charge of Editor Sherman, assisted by his son, Fred W. Sherman. No wonder they were proud of their city! Down long well-paved and boulevarded avenues, lined with double rows of magnificent shade trees and handsome residences, and presenting most charming vistas everywhere, the party was carried. Port Huron prides itself upon having more and better paving than any city of its size in the Union, and one could easily believe it after a ride in charge of L. A. Sherman of the Times—for he certainly understood the art of showing visitors his city. Out to Lakeside Park the party was frisked, past long stretches of summer homes, lining the beach for miles, and all supplied with city light and water.

A short stop at the Park, during which all took a delightful ride on the great roller coaster, and then back to the cars and a spin to Mr. Sherman's charming home on Military street. Here a reception was extended the party on the beautiful and shady lawn and then light refreshments under the great umbrella trees that ornamented it. Friday forenoon was certainly one of the pleasantest experiences of the entire trip, and the thanks expressed to Mr. and Mrs. Sherman by Capt. C. C. Whitney were echoed heartily by every member of the party. Editor Sherman responded briefly, that he had tasted a Minnesota welcome some years ago, and wanted to show his appreciation. "What's the matter with Sherman," came the cry spontaneously, and everybody expressed the conviction that "He's all right!"

By trolley and ferry the party was now escorted by Mr. Sherman back to Sarnia, where dinner was had. In the meantime it had been discovered Port Huron could always be depended upon to have a "time" to offer. The party had come at 10 o'clock by steamer time, which is Eastern Standard. But Port Huron was under Central Standard, which was 9 o'clock, while the local time used very generally was 9:30!

The early afternoon of Friday, Aug. 25, was spent in strolls about picturesque Sarnia, with a last opportunity for purchasing the handsome souvenirs to be found everywhere. By 3:30 p. m. the party was boarding the "Huronic" for the return trip, with plain regrets, and hundreds of Sarnia citizens were at the dock for the farewells. Capt. C. H. Nicholson, who had been such a delightful and tireless traveling companion, was compelled by pressure of business to remain at Sarnia, and the good byes to him showed plainly enough how popular he had become with the excursionists and how reluctant were the partings.

At 4:15 the oft-repeated farewells had been finally spoken, and now the comfortable "Huronic," bearing upon its port side a mammoth streamer with the illuminated words: "Headquarters of Minnesota Editorial Association," glided majestically away amid the flutter of banners and kerchiefs and the hail and salute of parting, till little by little Sarnia and Port Huron faded from view.

Soon it was time for the evening meal and the usual rush for the dining room took place. The Northern Navigation company is famous for its table, and certainly shows a commendable desire to make it one of the features of the fresh-water sea voyage. The service also was all that could be desired, and the whole left a very pleasant "taste." Meal time was always the opportunity for new groupings around the appetizing tables of the great and airy saloon, and many pleasant recollections cluster around these various rendezvous.

Saturday noon, Aug. 26, the "Huronic" reached the Soo on its return trip. Now came another series of entertainments, even though the time was briefer than had been expected. Waiting street cars on the American side, provided by Mr. Knox of the enterprising Sault Ste. Marie News, spun the party about the city and out to the power canal, and then back to the 45,000 horse power plant of the Michigan Lake Superior Power Co., with its building a quarter of a mile long filled with dynamos, which the party inspected.

Then by ferry to the Canadian Soo, in charge of John A. Wilde, chief engineer of the Lake Superior Corporation, after which special street cars took the entire party several miles to the great steel rail plant and blast furnaces of the Algoma Steel Co., a subsidiary corporation. It was a wonderful sight, indeed. Great traveling cranes, controlled by unseen hands, rolled back and forth under the vast ceilings; arms at the ends of chains seized immense ingots of red-hot steel as if they were mere bales of straw and placed them with almost human intelligence and accuracy here and there upon rollers to be taken to monster machines and drawn into shape. Huge hands reached out, picked up glowing beams on all sides and moved them about like toothpicks, or thrust them into white hot furnaces that opened their doors to receive them. It seemed almost as if great steel giants were the only workmen, for the hands that controlled the wonderful machinery were away up among the steel rafters of the enormous building.

In the meantime the "Huronic" had come over to the Canadian side near the lock, and here the party boarded it. The steamer then entered the lock at the lowest water mark, the water was turned in, and the great boat, laden with its human freight rose quickly, up, up, as the lock filled, until nearly 20 feet higher in air, while the passengers watched the interesting sight from the decks of the monster. Then the gates were opened in front and the "Huronic" passed on and began its trip to Port Arthur.

That Saturday evening, an announcement on the door of the dining salon proclaimed a musicale for the evening. These came often, for there was an abundance of good talent on board. It was a typical program and brought out the "full company of artists," in their varied accomplishments. The orchestra, under the able direction of F. E. Corrison, led off. Then came Editor A. J. Schaller of the Hastings Democrat, accompanied by Mrs. Schaller, in an enjoyable bass solo. Miss Edna Zenzius, of St. Paul, rendered a piano solo in her inimitable style, and kindly officiated as accompanist during the remainder of the evening. The "London Old Boys" of Winnipeg and the west were also on the steamer, returning from their reunion, and several members of that organization took a highly appreciated part, including Mr. Ryan in two baritone solos, Mrs. Dr. Peake in clever readings, and Mr. Tambling in a vocal number. Miss Jane Everington, soprano soloist in the leading Episcopal church of Duluth, had also taken the "Huronic" at Sarnia on her return from a vacation trip. Her talent had been discovered very quickly and she completely captivated the audience with the beautiful soprano solos she rendered and her generous responses to encores. Mr. Gust Zenzius of St. Paul was also a favorite for vocal numbers, as was Frank J. Meyst of the A. N. Kellogg Newspaper Co., Minneapolis, while Minnie Brandtjen of St. Paul was popular in mezzo-soprano.

During the program President W. C. Whiteman was called to the front and in a facetious speech by C. S. Edwards of the Albert Lea Enterprise was presented with a handsome diamond ring as a testimonial from the members of the party. Editor Whiteman proved himself equal to the occasion, in spite of the handicap of surprise and attack.

S. Edward Wrigley of the Winnipeg Grain Dealers' Journal, who was with the "London Old Boys," was called upon for a speech and responded very happily. Gov. John A. Johnson, who had "done his duty" manfully with speeches on various occasions during the trip, and had upheld the honor and glory of Minnesota, had been promised immunity for that evening by Messrs. Meyst and Whitney, the latter of whom was master of ceremonies. However, the "London Old Boys" had not been made parties to the "armistice" and one of them expressed the desire to hear from the popular governor. Everybody "seconded the motion" and soon Gov. Johnson was in the midst of another of his entertaining speeches. During these remarks the governor related how having heard of growing peaches at Sarnia he had happened to remark that he had never seen a peach orchard. The mayor had come to him later in the day with an invitation from an old Sarnia couple to visit them and eat peaches from the tree. His reception there had been most open hearted and a great pleasure to him. Now he was treasuring the recollection of how these two old courteous residents of Sarnia had come down to bid him and Mrs. Johnson good bye when the "Huronic" was about to leave the dock. They had thanked him for the honor of the visit—but to him it meant that they had considered it even an honor to be allowed to bring pleasure to a stranger. This indeed was true hospitality, and Gov. Johnson dwelt upon it very happily in his remarks, that Saturday evening, and stated that he would treasure as one of his sweetest recollections this old Sarnia couple who had given such a beautiful picture of the pleasure in doing good.

From Sarnia to the Soo it had been 276 miles; from the Soo to Port Arthur was 275, and thence to Duluth 200 miles. Thus the trip down had been 751 miles and the total fresh-water sea voyage of this trip would be 1,502 miles.

Sunday at 10:30 a. m. the "Huronic" reached Port Arthur, the terminus of the Canadian Northern railway, and was met by Mayor R. Vigars, J. J. O'Connor and Geo. P. Marks. A trolley ride to Grand river was first on the program. Here a unique sight presented itself. It was the source of the water power and belonged to the city. But the bed of the river was empty at the time, and the falls were bare. It was of a dark volcanic rock and rose by gradual steps to the top of the falls, where the water had been dammed. The party made the ascent with evident enjoyment. The river was now being run through the power canal and was generating electricity for the street railway and the lighting. All the public franchises at Port Arthur are owned and operated by the city; the street railway, which also supplies the neighboring city of Ft. William; the telephones, 600 in the city of 7,500 people; the light and water plants. Municipal ownership of public utilities was proving very satisfactory to Port Arthur. The earnings had reduced taxation about 40 per cent, and the business was improving.

After a hearty dinner on the "Huronic," the party accepted the invitation of Supt. W. A. Brown of the Canadian Northern railway and took a 20-mile trip in a special train of parlor cars to the wonderfully magnificent Kakabeka Falls. It was a smaller Niagara, with its great volume of water rushing to a drop of 120 feet over a ledge of the volcanic rock of that vicinity. Already it is being "harnessed" and 30,000 horse power for Ft. William, 20 miles distant, is the expectation. This visit was easily one of the most pleasing on the trip, and the editorial party took no pains to conceal their intense satisfaction as they clambered down the rocks among the shrubbery for a closer and better view of the beautifully grand Kakabeka Falls—"Take Care," in the Indian language.

The return trip by the same elegant train brought the party to West Ft. William, five miles from the mouth of the great Kaministiquia river. Here a steamer was boarded and the committees representing the Board of Trade and town council of Ft. William, headed by Mayor E. S. Rutledge, J. R. Lumby, vice-president of the Board of Trade, and Patrick Manion, took direct charge. The Kaministiquia river is a wonderful natural harbor and even at this point was accessible to steamers drawing 22 feet of water. The terminals of the Canadian Pacific are at Ft. William, and the Grand Trunk will soon be there with 1,600 acres of terminals. As the steamer proceeded down the river to the mouth emptying into Lake Superior, the many interesting signs of prosperity and a bright future for Ft. William were easily apparent.

A wonderful sight on this trip was Mt. McKay, some four miles distant, rising nearly 1,200 feet into the clear air and bearing on its top a lake nine miles in length and nearly four in width. Nestling on its brow could be seen the quaint chapel where the Indians on their annual pilgrimage gather for divine worship. A swing out towards the harbor, and then the delightful afternoon ended at the side of the "Huronic."

That evening Supt. J. C. Hunter, of the Attikokan Iron Co., and Messrs. Aspin, Scott and Whelan took several members of the editorial for a charming yacht trip to Port Arthur, where its docks and blast furnaces are being constructed through Minnesota energy. At 10 p. m. the "Huronic" began its last 200 miles to Duluth, where it arrived Monday noon. Previous to arrival the party gathered in the grand salon to hear the report of the committee on resolutions, which was adopted as follows:

Regretfully nearing the close of a most delightful series of trips into the wonderful Iron Ranges of Minnesota, and over the Great Lakes, during which time, railways, steamship companies, municipalities, public officials, boards of trade and citizens in general, have vied with each other in whole-souled welcoming and lavish entertainment, we, the members of the Minnesota Editorial Association taking part in the annual excursion of 1905, desire to express our highest appreciation of the tireless efforts of all those who have contributed towards making this outing the unqualified success that it has proven;

Therefore be it resolved, that the sincere thanks of our association be hereby extended to F. I. Whitney, general traffic manager of the Great Northern Ry. Co., and also to the officials of the Northern Pacific Ry. Co. for courtesies extended during the trips from St. Paul to Duluth and return; to Odin Haldin, chairman of the Duluth entertainment committee, as well as the Commercial Club of that city, for the very elegant banquet tendered the party; to Capt. Guy A. Eaton, commander of the United States Training Ship "Fern," for the delightful trip around the horn; to the Duluth, Missabe & Northern Ry. Co. and the citizens of Hibbing and Eveleth, as well as Claude Atkinson, editor of the Mesabe Ore, A. E. Pfremmer, editor of the Hibbing Tribune, and Geo. A. Perham, secretary of the Businessmen's Association committee, for the interesting trip through the Iron Ranges and the many courtesies received; to the Northern Navigation Co. for the many attentions showered upon our party while making the trip from Duluth to Sarnia and return on their palatial steamer "Huronic;" to Capt. C. H. Nicholson, traffic manager of the Northern Navigation Company for the special care with which he arranged the many details of the lake trip, as well as for the countless attentions he bestowed upon our party, both on the steamship and at Sarnia; to Capt. Robt. Foote, Purser Ronan and Steward Inglis of the Huronic, for their untiring efforts in looking after our comforts while on the steamer; to Harry Hurdon, western agent of the Northern Navigation Co. at Duluth, for his successful attention to the many preliminary details in that city; to ex-Mayor T. H. Cooke, John Hamilton and A. J. McLean, of the citizens' committee, and Editor H. Gorman, John McAdams and W. B. J. William, for the excellent entertainment and banquet at Lake Huron Park during our stay at Sarnia; to John Boyd and J. F. Jones, of the Grand Trunk Ry. Co., for the unique ride through the St. Claire tunnel and also points of interest on their line; to Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Sherman, of the Port Huron Times, for the pleasant and invigorating trolley ride around their beautiful and thriving city and for the elegant reception at their charming home; to Mr. Knox, of the Sault Ste. Marie News, for his efforts in making our short stay at his city both entertaining and enjoyable; to John A. Wilde, chief engineer of the Lake Superior Corporation, for the trolley ride and visit to the wonderful steel rail plant of the Algoma Steel Company; to Mayor R. Vigars, Geo. P. Marks and J. J. O'Connor for the courtesies of the day at Port Arthur; to Supt. Wm. Brown of the Canadian Northern Ry. Co. for the trip to the magnificent Kakabeka falls and return, including the interesting trip down the Kaministiqua river, and to Mayor Rutlege, J. R. Lumby and Patrick Marion, of Ft. William, for their assistance and entertainment during the afternoon; to Supt. J. C. Harter, of the Attikokan Iron Co., and Messrs. Aspin, Scott and Whelan for the enjoyable yacht ride in the evening from Ft. William to Port Arthur and return; to Dr. McNamara, of the St. Paul Broad Axe, who sacrificed a large part of his time and pleasure as a member of the party in gratuitously rendering professional services when needed by members of the association; to President W. C. Whiteman for his careful attention to the duties of his office and to the comfort of the members of the party.

Finally, we desire to especially express our grateful thanks to Messrs. C. C. Whitney and Frank J. Meyst, of the excursion committee; also to David Ramaley, our efficient treasurer, who ably assisted the committee. These gentlemen have, by their untiring efforts in planning and successfully carrying out the annual outing of 1905, made the trip one of unusual joy and comfort. The association shall always hold them in pleasant remembrance as the best committee the Minnesota Editorial Association ever elected.

W. R. HODGES,
E. S. EDWARDS,
HENRY RINES,
Committee on Resolutions.

A surprise awaited the excursionists on their arrival at Duluth, for a launch came alongside in the harbor and ordered "drop anchor." Three health officers boarded the steamer and, while most of the passengers were unaware of the cause until afterwards, it seems that the harbor officials had been misinformed that there was a case of smallpox on board. It turned out to be an old lady recovering from typhoid fever—but the outing party shivered a little at the thought of a possible quarantine of a month or so. Anyway the delay left barely time to catch the 1:55 Northern Pacific train for the Twin Cities, and there was some quick scampering.

A few farewells were said at Duluth, but the major portion of the party went on to Minneapolis and St. Paul and drank the cup of congeniality to the last moment. The concensus of opinion was that the outing of 1905 was a complete success, and the executive committee of the association came in for some hearty compliments at the excellent way in which they had handled the army of details during the varied trip.

F. G. Sjoblom.

SIX HUNDRED LIVES LOST ON JAP FLAGSHIP

BATTLESHIP MIKASA CATCHES FIRE AND HER MAGAZINES EXPLODE.

RESCUERS RUSH TO DEATH

OFFICERS AND MEN OF CREW AND RESCUERS GO DOWN WITH HER.

FLAGSHIP OF ADMIRAL TOGO

GREAT RELIEF IN JAPAN WHEN IT WAS LEARNED TOGO WAS NOT ON BOARD.

Tokio, Sept. 14.—The navy department announces that the battleship Mikasa has been destroyed by fire and the explosion of her magazine, causing the loss of 599 lives, including men of other ships who went to the rescue.

Admiral Togo was not on board when the disaster occurred.

The fire started from an unknown cause at midnight on Sunday night, Sept. 10. Before the men could be rescued the fire reached the aft magazine, which exploded, blowing a hole in the port side of the vessel below the water line and sinking the ship.

The disaster has cast a gloom everywhere. The Mikasa was Togo's flagship and was endeared to the hearts of the people. The ship was at anchor in Sasebo harbor when the fire started at the base of the mainmast. It spread with great rapidity, exploding the after magazine an hour after the fire had been discovered. The Mikasa sank in shallow water and it is believed the ship can be repaired.

Rescuers Rush to Death.

Rescuing parties were sent from the various warships in the harbor and there was heavy casualties among them.

Various conjectures are current as to the cause of the fire. Some attribute it to an overcharge of electricity.

Great relief was felt throughout Japan when it was learned that Admiral Togo was not on board the ship at the time of the fire.

The Mikasa was the flagship of the Japanese navy, flying the flag of Vice Admiral Togo, the commander-in-chief. She was present at all the principal engagements during the war and was on several occasions reported severely damaged in action. In the battle of the Sea of Japan she led the fleet into action and her name was mentioned in connection with some of the most stirring events of the famous sea fight.

Is the Heaviest Loser.

In this battle Mikasa was the heaviest loser of all the Japanese ships, having sixty-three killed and wounded. She approached nearer to the Russians than any other battleship.

The Mikasa was also the flagship of Admiral Togo at the great naval battle fought off Port Arthur on Aug. 10, 1904, on which occasion the Japanese flagship also suffered the most, but continued in the fighting line. On that occasion the Mikasa had four officers and twenty-nine men killed, six officers and twenty-nine men severely wounded, and four officers and twenty-nine men slightly wounded.

Komura's Family Murdered?

Rome, Sept. 14.—The Tribuna yesterday published a rumor from Tien-tsin to the effect that the family of Baron Komura, the Japanese peace plenipotentiary now in New York city, had been assassinated.

In view of the fact that recent detailed dispatches describing the disturbances in Tokio have apparently been uncensored, it is not believed the above rumor is well founded.

The fact that it originated in Tien-tsin would also tend to discredit the report, as Tien-tsin is not favorably located for the receipt of important news from Japan at first hand.

HAYS TALKS TO BAKERS.

Gives National Association Some Pointers on Wheat Production.

Washington, Sept. 14.—The eighth annual convention of the National Association of Master Bakers opened here yesterday. Willet M. Hays, assistant secretary of agriculture, made an address on the subject of the production of wheat and the importance to bakers of experiments by the department in improving varieties. President Simon was detained at his home at Cincinnati by breaking a bone in his left foot. The sessions will be presided over by Vice President Boettle of St. Louis.

TODD COUNTY FAIR OPENS.

Attractive Program of Horse Races Arranged.

Long Prairie, Minn., Sept. 14.—The Todd county fair opens here to-day. In connection with the fair there will be a four-days' street carnival. The association offers between $3,000 and $4,000 in premiums and prizes. Some splendid horse races have been arranged between some of the fastest horses in the state. The exhibits in stock and agricultural products are unusually good.

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The Spectator.
H. E. IVES Publisher.
Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.
Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.
TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.
SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued
REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Sept. 16, 1905.

The wheat crop will prove very much of a disappointment as the final returns will show we have a crop much below the average.

They still continue to dig up more scandal in the big life insurance companies. These mutual companies seem to be lop-sided.

The Crookston Journal is being sued for libel by a Crookston land man. It is possible that they deserve it—not for what they have said, but for the sin of omission.

The Norwegians and Swedes are making faces at one another again and it begins to look serious and war may result. It is freely predicted that the Karlstad conference will result in a failure to agree.

The drainage ditches which have been put in the past few years have all more than paid for themselves this year. There is many a farmer who has opposed drainage in Red Lake county who is a sorry man today.

Brother Sullivan, of the Halstad Reporter, was married recently to Miss Grace Plowman and is entitled to the congratulations of the craft. Now we understand the reason of all that good advice he has been giving to his brother bachelors.

The state investment board has received applications for over five hundred thousand dollars which it cannot loan for lack of money. All of this money is wanted and needed in our own state to build buildings, dig ditches and make other needed improvements. The people will be compelled to go elsewhere and pay more interest, and at the same time the state is holding State of Virginia bonds that only draw three per cent and the security not one bit better than that offered at home. Moral: Keep our men and money at home.

It is given out now that Hon. L. C. Simons, of Red Lake, will essay the task of breaking into the state senate next fall. Mr. Simons made good in the house, is ambitious, has money and knows the game. He would like the senatorial job—first rate—and then would like to go to congress; is not the worst fellow in the world and while he has some views on public questions that do not jibe he always wants to be right and always treats these questions honestly and fearlessly. An honest man wrong is a lot better than a dishonest man right for the reason that a dishonest man can be reached by anyone with the proper intent while an honest man can only be reached with logic and facts.—Bemidji Sentinel.

Gossip is a humming bird with eagle wings and a voice like a fog horn on a windy night. It can be heard from Dan to Beersheba and has caused more trouble than all the bed bugs, ticks, fleas, mosquitoes, coyotes, grass hoppers, cinch bugs, rattlesnakes, earthquakes, blizzards, smallpox, yellow fever, gout, tape worms, indigestion or drouth than these great United States have ever known or ever will know when the universe shuts up and begins the final inventory. In other words Gossip has war and hell backed up in a corner yelling for ice water. Hibbing has them from the neophyte to the thirty-third degree graduate, but one is as bad as the other, for the reason that each peddles all he can carry.—Mesaba Ore.

Universalists' Convention at Minneapolis

On account of the Universalist General convention at Minneapolis, to be held October 19-25, the Great Northern will sell tickets at one and one third fares for the round trip on the certificate plan. See your local agent for particulars. 6t-o14

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

tf G. H. SANDUM.

Whistler and the Amateur.

When James MacNeill Whistler went to Venice to make those fourteen famous etchings of his he became so intoxicated with its beauty that he made seventy pastels first, leaving his etchings till the last few days. These pastels made a tremendous sensation. All the art world of Venice was carried away with enthusiasm, excepting a Russian painter, who declared them tricks, betting a basket of champagne he could paint six not to be distinguished from them. Mr. Whistler amiably gave some of his paper and six pastels, which were finally mixed up with those by the Russian and submitted to a jury who had seen none of them. Mr. Whistler's pastels were unmistakable, and the Russian lost the wine. A few days later the two met on the Rialto, and Mr. Whistler laughed a little about the wine and the bet. The Russian was furious. "You forget, sir," he said, "that I'm a Russian, and if you scratch one you find a Tartar underneath." "Oh, no, you have it wrong," said Mr. Whistler, "you have it wrong. I scratched an artist and found an amateur."

The Interpreter.

The famous Alpine climber who at the solicitation of the vicar had consented to give a short lecture in the Little Slushborough parish room was relating one of his most thrilling experiences, according to the Dundee Advertiser. "Suddenly," he said, "I felt my feet slip from under me, and next moment I was hanging over a yawning precipice. Had the rope which held me broken I should have found a grave midst the everlasting snows." He paused, and old Mrs. Wurzletop, who was as deaf as a gatepost, seized the opportunity to put a question to her husband, who could hear fairly well on one side of his head. "Wot weer 'ee a-sayin' of, John?" she queried. "So fur as Oi can make owt, M'riar," replied her good man, "'ee were darred near 'anged for pawning summit as didn't belong to 'im, an' if the rope 'adn't broke 'ee'd 'ave bin in 'is grave afore 'ee cud blow 'is nose. The perleece in them furrin parts must be orful strict."

Insect That Sits on Eggs.

A remarkable case of an insect sitting on its eggs is recorded by F. P. Dodd in the "Transactions of the Entomological Society of London." This strange departure from the normal habits of the insect race is exhibited by a species of bug. The female sits in a brooding attitude over her eggs for a period of three weeks. When the young begin to break through she retires an inch or so from the eggs and remains there for some hours until the last egg is hatched. She then departs, leaving the young ones to take care of themselves. During the whole time of brooding and till all the young are hatched the mother eats nothing. It is thought that this brooding habit may be a means of protection against the attacks of ichneumon flies.—London Globe.

Moroccan Slave Markets.

The sale of slaves in Morocco is a very remarkable ceremony. When the buyers have taken their seats in the market place the auctioneers advance in line to the center of the market and offer up a prayer. They appeal for divine favor on behalf of buyers and sellers and anathematize Satan and all his works. The buyers interpolate "amen" at the proper moments. When the last word of prayer has been said the slaves are brought forward, parcelled out among the auctioneers and led around the circle of buyers, who raise the prices of the men, women and children they desire to purchase.

Rossini's Criticism.

Very cruel, says an author, was Rossini's silent criticism of a score sent to him by a young musician. Rossini was fond of macaroni. The musician, knowing this, sent him along with his score a packet of macaroni of unusual excellence. In a humble little note he asked the composer to point out the merits of his work if he found any there. Rossini's reply ran like this: "Thanks for your score and the macaroni. The latter was excellent."

A Vegetarian Danger.

In some respects vegetarians suffer more than meat eaters from uric acid poisoning, seeing that beans, peas, lentils and peanuts contain twice as much of the poison as meat. The natives of India suffer greatly from uric acid diseases owing to the quantity of dahl (lentils) they eat. Other natives who avoid dahl are almost entirely free.—Dr. Haig in London Mail.

His Ambition.

Uncle Horace (who is something of a sage and philosopher)—My boy, it is time for you to begin to think seriously of the kind of future you intend to map out for yourself. To sum it up in a word, what epitaph are you ambitious to have engraved upon your tombstone? Nephew (just beginning his career)—He got his share.—Chicago Tribune.

No Prevaricator.

"Jack Ardupp tried to borrow a dollar from me just now, but he didn't get it. I told him I hadn't a sou."

"Wasn't that stretching the truth considerably?"

"Not at all. I never saw one, in fact. It's a French coin, isn't it?"—Pittsburg Post.

A Subtle Distinction.

Mother of Parvenu Financier (to visitor)—All these are photographs of my son. Here you see him as a child, there as a man and there as a baron.—Journal Amusant.

Cleverness.

"What's a clever joke?"

"One that makes you laugh when you know absolutely there is nothing to it.—Judge.

What Happened.

Counsel — Well, after the prisoner gave you the blow what happened? Prosecutor—He gave me a third one. Counsel—You mean a second one. Prosecutor—No, sir. I landed him the second one.

It is the girl who marries a rough diamond who often gets the most real diamonds to wear.—Life.

An old Chinese proverb says, "Be very appreciative, and the people you admire will spit in your face."

A friend of the home—
A foe of the Trust
Calumet Baking Powder
Complies with the Pure Food Laws of all States.

Shall We All Die of Thirst?

After telling of the gradual drying up of the great lakes and rivers all over the world in an article in Chambers' Journal, J. T. Whitby continues: "Everywhere in our own country, as in others, water springs are giving out and water beds drying up, slowly perhaps, but surely. The increase of population and the modern system of drainage have of course a great deal to answer for, but much of the drought is undoubtedly caused by the rapid destruction of timber on all sides, for trees not only attract rain clouds, but preserve the moisture of the soil. While it is impossible for puny man to control the geological period through which we are passing and whose characteristics would be, according to some, the gradual disappearance of water, it may be inquired whether it would not be advisable to postpone that disagreeable moment of a world without water as far as possible by the better preservation of our woods and forests and the persistent replanting of trees."

Raw White Potato For Inflamed Eye.

The writer wishes to testify, from his own experience, to the efficacy of the raw white potato when used for irritated and inflamed eyes. It is used as follows, but care must be exercised not to let the juice of the potato come into contact with any cloth or clothing, which it will ruin by turning black. The potato to be used should be pared and then scraped with a spoon into small fragments and a little water added. This should be laid upon a cloth which has been placed over the eyes, and then the patient should open and close his eyes as much as possible so as to allow the liquid to have its effect directly upon the eyeball. The patient will find great relief in this effective but inexpensive treatment. Of course the patient must be and remain in a reclining position.—Stanley R. Walbridge in Detroit News-Tribune.

Softening the Blow.

A young Virginia woman who was very ill was approached by her colored servant, who said, "Miss May, mah mothah dun had a cousin what had de same ailments what you dun got." "Is that so, Cora?" replied the lady. "Yes-sum," responded Cora, encouraged, "but mah mothah's cousin she died, 'deed she did." "Well, Cora," said her mistress, angry that she should tell her such a tale at such an inopportune time, "if that's all you have to say to me you can leave the room and don't come in again. I don't want to hear such stories." Cora was thoroughly frightened at what she had done and wished to ameliorate her ill chosen story, so she thought for a moment and, turning to go, said, "Well, Miss May, mah mothah tole me she died mighty easy."

Points About Pins.

Thorns were originally used in fastening garments together. Pins did not immediately succeed thorns as fasteners, but different appliances were used, such as hooks, buckles and laces. It was the latter half of the fifteenth century before pins were used in Great Britain. When first manufactured in England the iron wire of the proper length was filed to a point and the other extremity twisted into a head. This was a slow process, and 400 or 500 pins was a good day's work for an expert hand. The United States has the credit of inventing the first machine for making pins. This was in 1824. The inventor was one Lemuel Wellman Wright.

May She Ever!

Figure it out on a rose leaf and write with the brew of a lily that nowhere under the great blue dome is there a creature half so pretty as a Kentucky woman. She's prettier than an evening star in the shadow of a summer sunset, more inspiring than a thousand songs and as bewitching as a fawn tangled in the vines of a wilderness of roses. She's our hope, our romance, our vine and fig tree—the light which enables us to see a million miles beyond the north star.—Springfield (Ky.) Sun.

The Pity of It!

A certain lady of wealth living in the north of Ireland was recovering from a serious illness and one morning called for an egg, which she ate with much enjoyment. As she passed back the cup and plate to her nurse she said, "An egg is a delicious thing." Then, with much melancholy, "What a pity," she added, "it is so common among the poor."—London Globe.

A Poultry Mill.

Mary's father was making the experiment of raising chickens with an incubator in his barn. The neighbors were much interested in this experiment, and, meeting Mary, one of them asked, "Mary, have you any little chickens at your house yet?"

"No, but we're makin' some," replied the little maiden.—Lippincott's Magazine.

Optimistic.

"Billy Bliven asked Miss Parseigh how old she was," said one girl to another.

"Did she get angry?"

"No. She was flattered. She thought she must look very young or he'd never have dared."

Accepted the Inevitable.

She—My horse was quite difficult to manage at first, but he isn't now. Papa—Well, he isn't the only one that has found out that he might as well let you have your own way.

Cheaper.

Nodd—I thought you were going to get up a fair to pay off your church debt. Todd—We were, but the congregation heard of it and made up the amount at once.

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SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
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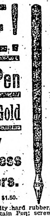

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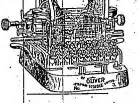

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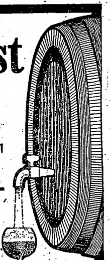

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TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

8:00 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
9:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
9:55 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
10:20am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar	Wylie	Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
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J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	
Carl Johnson	
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Domann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnson
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. DUNTLEY, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3550 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
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THE LOCAL NEWS

Smoke Lagora Cigars. s30

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

The first frost of the season occurred on Tuesday morning, Sept. 12.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Mrs. A. F. Blomburgh returned last Tuesday from a short visit to Minneapolis.

A blind man and woman gave a street concert here last Wednesday evening.

John Maakrud left last evening for a short visit to his old home at LaCrosse, Wisconsin.

Prof. Onstad was here on Thursday giving the band boys their weekly instruction.

Mrs. A. W. Kemp returned last Monday from Minneapolis where she had been visiting.

Pastor Barker was out at Norman Beebe's the first of the week assisting the threshers.

R. H. Aimer has been nursing a pet in the shape of a felon on his thumb the past week.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Mrs. W. A. Sorsoleil returned last Monday from a week's visit with friends at Stillwater.

Fred Campbell, who had his thumb cut in the shingle saw last week, is still unable to resume work.

Mrs. Herman Adams was called over to Grand Forks last Monday by the serious illness of Mrs. Lew Adams.

Manager J. M. Richards of the Crookston Lumber company was here last Monday on a short business visit.

Prof. O'Brien and Daniel Patterson were at Thief River Falls last Monday evening attending a meeting of the Masonic lodge.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

We have now had two days of fine weather and many have hopes that we are not going to have a flood. Still it might be well to own a boat.

The Great Northern have commenced surveying from Roseau to Warroad and it is probable that another year will see this line completed to the Lake of the Woods.

Oscar Brink, a former well known resident here, was a caller last Monday. He has secured a position as fireman with the Great Northern and is now on the freight run.

Rev. L. Dodds, presiding elder of the M. E. church, will deliver an address at the M. E. chusch next Thursday evening, Sept. 21st. All are cordially invited to attend.

S. J. Swenson, the well known Wylie elevator man, was a caller here last Monday. Mr. Swenson has resigned his position at Wylie and has accepted a similar position at Warren.

E. M. Hoff went up to Mike McAndress' last Saturday and spent the day in the field pitching bundles just to show the boys that he had not forgotten how to work on a farm.

For the next 30 days I will close out my entire stock of watches, clocks and jewelry at bargain prices. Do not forget to look over my line of spectacles.
M. J. LINDAHL.

Over one-half of the steel is already laid on the new Soo line from Thief River Falls to Kenmare and they expect to finish the job before it freezes. Steel gangs are wording on both ends of the line.

Good advice to women. If you want a beautiful complexion, clear skin, bright eyes, red lips, good health, take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. There is nothing like it. 35 cents, tea or tablets. —Imperial Drug Co.

Thief River Falls News: H. E. Mussey this week has been presenting his friends with some fall apples grown at his home on the East side, and proves beyond a doubt that this section is sure to become a great fruit country in the course of time. The apples Mr. Mussey raises are of the Oldenberg variety, and the winter frosts have not killed the trees. If every farmer would raise a small amount of tame fruit each year, this section would soon develop into quite a fruit country.

Mrs. P. S. Stranahan and Mrs. Jens Nelson left last evening for Grand Forks, where they will spend several days, after which they will visit at Fargo.

Henry Jackson is the proud owner of a new dog which has just been sent to him. The dog is small yet, is a pointer, and of course is bred in the purple and will do great things—in the future. All dogs do.

Peter Lindblom, the well known Bray farmer, was in town yesterday and states that out of three hundred acres in grain he has only been able to cut one-half and has one hundred and fifty acres of fine grain standing, none of which he expects to save.

The Plummer Pioneer complains that young men in that village are buying liquor in the saloons and becoming intoxicated. The editor of the Pioneer happens to be both village recorder and justice of the peace and he should act on his own informotion.

Are you lacking in strength and vigor? Are you weak? Are you in pain? Do you feel all run down? The blessing of health and strength come to all who use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents.
—Imperial Drug Co.

Messrs. Hensel and Prior, of Wylie, were here on Monday on their way home from St. Paul. They claim that the Wylie people will fight to the finish and if there is any way possible to compel the Great Northern to run trains there they will see that it is done.

They are doing a whole lot of grumbling down at the saw mill these days. The order hook is full of orders for lumber, in fact the demand is good, but there is a car famine on and when they order a dozen cars they are lucky if they receive a couple. That is why Manager Evans looks worried at times.

If all years were as wet as this one, there is no use to deny the fact that a large number of the settlers who bought land on the Red Lake river, paid $4.00 and upwards per acre for water instead of land, says the Sunbeam. River bottom land is liable to overflow at times but it goes away again soon and the land can be used, but this river has stayed over the bottom land all summer and made it absolutely worthless, either for pasture or meadow lands. A large number of the farmers are of the opinion that if that six-mile log jam on this side of Thief River Falls was shortened up for about five miles it would allow the water to get out and the river would go down.

The heavy rain last Wednesday was a most disastrous one for the farmer. There is still a large amount of grain uncut and very little of it can now be saved. West of here there is a very large portion still standing and the fields are so wet that it will be practically impossible to save any part of it. Besides the grain the potato crop is nearly a failure. Not one farmer in ten has as yet put up enough feed for his cattle and hay is very hard to get. It is feared that they will be compelled to sell a large amount of stock because there is nothing to feed them. Farm work of all kinds is delayed and very little plowing will be done this fall. In fact, to be brief, this will prove to be about the worst season for the farmer since the country was settled twenty odd years ago.

The St. Hilaire creamery received during the month of August 60,713 pounds of cream, from which 18,269 pounds of butter was made; 17,695 pounds was shipped to New York and and 574 pounds sold in St. Hilaire. The amount paid out to the 143 patrons was $3,470.00. The prices paid for butter is 1905 was as follows: For January, February and March, 27c per pound; for April, 26c; for May, June, July and August, 20c per pound. This creamery was built in the spring of 1902 and paid cash for by the shareholders and by donations from people in St. Hilaire. The creamery has been doing a good business from the start and paid more for butter than any other creamery in this part of the state. The creamery directors have showed their good judgment by employing first class buttermakers like Joel G. Winkjer and G. L. Austin. Samples of the butter have been sent to different state fairs and credited with high scores. It shows that this part of the state is well adapted for dairying, and if all the vacant land was taken up for cultivation we would be making some wonderful showings.

RIVER FALLS.

Another good washing last Thursday.

Last week you could see all kinds of farm work going on at the same time, such as cutting grass, raking and stacking hay, harvesting and stacking grain; while the threshing machine was turning out the golden grain.

Last Monday the horse power threshing company gave their machine a trial and found it as capable of threshing grain as it was ten years ago. They expect to do a big business this fall.

W.C.T.U. Convention at Minneapolis.

On account of the W.C.T.U. convention to be held at Minneapolis Sept. 19 to 21, tickets will be sold by the Great Northern Railway at the rate of one and one third fares for the round trip on the certificate plan. See your local agent for particulars.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

Fight Will be Bitter.

Crookston Times (Tuesday): The Great Northern will fight bitterly the proceedings begun last week by Congressman Halvor Steenerson of this city to compel the road to maintain its road from this city to Wylie and to that end now has a large number of lawyers, surveyors and officials of the company at Wylie and in that vicinity taking notes of actual conditions, and preparing arguments for the defense which will be submitted to the state railroad and warehouse commission before the end of this week.

An imposing array of counsel appeared in the offices of the state railroad and warehouse commission last Saturday at St. Paul to argue the proposed abandonment.

General Manager F. E. Ward of the Great Northern, General Traffic Manager W. W. Broughton and Assistant General Superintendent A. G. Costello were on hand, while the legal department was represented by General Solicitor R. A. Wilkinson. The protesting Wylieites were represented by Congressman Halvor Steenerson of Crookston and the state was represented by Attorney General E. T. Young.

The track which the Great Northern proposes to abandon touches the towns of St. Hilaire, Wylie, Ives and Shirley. The first and the last named are on other lines of the Great Northern, while Ives is on the Northern Pacific. Wylie is the only town on the branch which will be without railroad communication.

James G. Prior, O. T. Romsos, F. C. Leppert and Peter Hansel, residents of Wylie, testified that the Great Northern had offered to move mercantile stocks and business concerns, free of charge, to other localities. The abandonment of the line will mean the disappearance of Wylie. The town has two general stores, a cheese factory, bank, hardware store, three elevators, and several smaller establishments.

Congressman Steenerson of this city who has arrived home from the session of the state railroad and warehouse commission called expressly for the purpose of hearing the Wylie claim, stated to a Times man yesterday that the Wylie people, should they fail through the commission to secure redress, he will take the matter into the courts for final settlement. "We will bring a mandamus suit against the road to compel the maintenance of the line to Wylie if the commission acts in favor of the road" said Mr. Steenerson "and we believe that we have a case."

The party of railroad officials mentioned in the fore portion of this article came up Sunday morning and proceeded by team to the scene of the present trouble where investigations will be conducted during the next few days.

Brutally Murdered.

Crookston, Minn., Sept. 12.—One of the most brutal murders ever committed in Northern Minnesota was committed late Saturday afternoon in the town of Parnell, when Fred Wilde beat out the brains of his father-in-law, John Kismann, with a pitchfork handle.

Wilde was working in a field near the house and his horses became mired. He took a pitchfork and was prodding them when his father-in-law, Kismann, remonstrated, whereupon Wilde struck him over the head and arm viciously with the handle of the fork. The old man, over 60 years of age, who is a cripple, went to the house, bathed his head in a watering trough, and then, assisted by his daughter, went upstairs to his room, where he died at 1 o'clock Sunday morning, alone with his daughter.

The old man suffered intense agony until the end came, but no physician was called, his daughter Mrs. Wilde being fearful that her husband would fly into a rage if she made any fuss over her father's injuries.

Coroner Chesterman yesterday discovered that Kisman's skull was fractured in two places, one eye was blacked and one arm bruised badly.

When death came Mrs. Wilde was fearful of appraising her husband of the fact and remained upstairs in a room with a school teacher, Miss Agnes Montague, of this city, both fearing that Wilde might kill them also to hide his crime if he knew Kismann was dead. At the break of day Sunday they crept out of the house and fled to a neighbors to give the alarm. Wilde is under arrest.

Cure for "Longwindedness."

In the Center of Africa lives a tribe whose governing assembly has adopted a strict rule that no member engaged in a debate is allowed to speak longer than he can stand on one foot. This might also apply to some of the "long-winded" members that we find so tiresome; but as we have no remedy for this weakness, the best thing we can do is to calm our nerves with a glass of golden grain belt beer. It is sure to comfort you and build up stronger nerves. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Rheumatism, gout, backache, acid poison, are results of kidney trouble. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, goes directly to the seat of the disease and cures when all else fails. 35 cents.
—Imperial Drug Co.

Farmers Losing Money.

E. K. Slater, state dairy and food commissioner, reckons that the farmers of Minnesota are losing approximately $30,000,000 a year just because they do not take proper care of their cows.

In a series of tests conducted by the state department it was learned that one Minnesota cow in 1903 produced 476.2 pounds of butter, as compared with 166 pounds produced by the average cow. If the 435,740 cows which furnished milk to Minnesota creameries in 1903 produced as much butter as the best cow, the total would have been 207,412,240 pounds, instead of 72,266,348. This was a loss of 135,145,892 pounds, or butter worth $27,029,178.40.

Mr. Slater estimates that the total production of butter this year will approximate 80,000,000 pounds, so that if all cows produce as much this year as the best cow did in 1903, the saving to Minnesota farmers will be about $30,000,000.

These facts are emphasized by the dairy and food commissioner to illustrate the importance of taking proper care of cows. If every cow in Minnesota were given the same care as to feed, shelter, sanitation, etc., as that received by the prize winning cow of 1903, and if the same care were taken in the manufacture of butter, Mr. Slater says 476.2 pounds would be the average production of Minnesota cows, the output of the best cow.

The cow which produced 476.2 pounds of butter in 1903 is a Jersey Shorthorn cross aged 8 years, weighing 1,000 pounds.

Will Not Close Saloons.

St. Paul Dispatch: There is not the least probability of the government confiscating stocks of liquors or closing saloons in any Minnesota towns or cities. Wherever there is a municipal charter and city authorities who fix a rate of liquor license under the state law, the federal government will not intervene.

The old act of 1855, defining Indian country, is regarded as obsolete and void. Conditions have entirely changed since then. The state, by its police power, controls the liquor traffic in all incorporated cities and towns and villages. In some cases county authorities control it.

In individual cases, like that of Funk, who tried to start a saloon at Ball Club Lake, the complaint is based on selling liquor to an Indian or to Indians.

There are both federal and state laws against selling liquor to Indians, hence the cases have been decided adversely. Years ago, before the state of Minnesota had passed laws regarding the sale of liquor to Indians, the federal government did seize quantities of liquors in the Indian country. But in each case the consignee of the liquors had paid no state or municipal license. This is the opinion of an old government employe who has handled details in several cases like that in Minnesota.

A Present for Town of Smiley.

Thief River Falls News: W. C. Smiley, the former well known resident of this city but now connected with the engineering department of the Great Northern railroad, has presented the town of Smiley, which was named after him, with a plat of the township and the government field notes of the survey. Daniel Shaw yesterday received the plat and the book containing the field notes and it will be presented to the board of supervisors and become the property of the town. It will make a valuable record for the town and one which will be of much service to every resident.

An Old Master.

Mrs. Parvenue—That picture in the corner is by an old master. Mrs. Swartleigh—Indeed! I would never have guessed it. Mrs. Parvenue—Yes. The man I bought it from gave me a written guarantee that the painter was past seventy-five before he did a stroke on it.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

For refreshments call at Number 488.

Order of Hearing on Petition for License to Sell Land.

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake }
In Probate Court,
Special term Sept. 11, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of K. O. Gigstad as administrator of said estate, representing among other things that said Nels G. Otterness at the time of his death was seized of certain real estate which is described in the petition herein, and that it is necessary to sell all of said real estate to pay the debts and legacies, and expenses of administration of said estate, and that it is for the best interests of said estate and all persons interested therein that said real estate be sold; and it appearing by such petition that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of the administrator to pay the debts outstanding against said deceased, legacies and expenses of administration, and that it is necessary to sell all of said real estate, and that it will be for the best interests of said estate and of all persons interested therein that the real estate described in the petition herein should be sold:

It is ordered, that all persons interested in said estate be and appear before this court on Monday, the 9th day of October, A. D. 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the Probate Court room in the court house in Red Lake Falls in said county and state, then and there to show cause, if any there be, why license should not be granted to said K. O. Gigstad to sell said real estate according to the prayer of said petition.

It is further ordered, that this order be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county and state.

Dated at Red Lake Falls this 11th day of September, A. D. 1905.

N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

(SEAL) s16-4-07

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LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, - - - - MINNESO

Calumet Baking Powder

A wonderful powder of rare merit and unrivaled strength.

Addition or Subtraction.

"If you can't get along better with your work I will have to get another girl."

"Shure, mom, an' I wish that you would; there is enough work here for two."—Technical World.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

APPENDICITIS FROM RUBBER.

Moral, Says Dr. Pond, Is Don't Chew a Lot of Things.

Don't chew lead pencils.

Don't teeth on rubber rings.

Don't drink beer out of bottles corked with rubber-washer stoppers. If you do you are likely to be picked up and hustled off to a hospital and cut open for appendicitis.

This you may learn by reading London Lancet. But, of course, you won't read it, for it is a purely medical publication. Dr. Pond writes for it.

He has discovered that in most cases of appendicitis, including those in which the operation is successful but the patient dies, antimonial poisoning is found. This he traces largely to the general use these latter days of bottles corked with rubber-washered stoppers and fruit cans sealed with rubber rings.

DISFIGURED BY ECZEMA.

Wonderful Change in a Night—In a Month Face Was Clear as Ever—Another Cure by Cuticura.

"I had eczema on the face for five months, during which time I was in the care of physicians. My face was so disfigured I could not go out, and it was going from bad to worse. A friend recommended Cuticura. The first night after I washed my face with Cuticura Soap, and used Cuticura Ointment and Resolvent, it changed wonderfully. From that day I was able to go out, and in a month the treatment had removed all scales and scabs, and my face was as clear as ever. (Signed) T. J. Soth, 317 Stagg Street, Brooklyn, N. Y."

Howlers.

In his "Comic School Tales" H. J. Barker gives some amusing answers by children technically known in England as "Howlers." "A teacher was giving a lesson on the circulation of the blood. Trying to make the matter clearer, he said: 'Now boys, if I stood on my head, the blood, as you know, would run into it, and I should turn red in the face.' 'Yes, sir,' said the boys. 'Now,' continued the teacher, 'what I want to know is this: How is it that while I am standing upright in the ordinary position the blood doesn't run into my feet?' And a little fellow shouted: 'Why, sir, because your feet ain't empty.'"—Technical World.

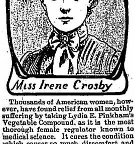
The modern sireen is the lady on the dollar.

PAINFUL PERIODS

AMERICAN WOMEN FIND RELIEF

The Case of Miss Irene Crosby Is One of Thousands of Cures Made by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

How many women realize that menstruation is the balance wheel of a woman's life, and while no woman is entirely free from periodical suffering, it is not the plan of nature that women should suffer so severely.



Miss Irene Crosby

Thousands of American women, however, have found relief from all monthly suffering by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as it is the most thorough female regulator known to medical science. It cures the condition which causes so much discomfort and robs menstruation of its terrors.

Miss Irene Crosby, of 313 Charlton Street East Savannah, Ga., writes:

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a true friend to woman. It has been of great benefit to me, curing me of irregular and painful menstruation when everything else had failed, and I gladly recommend it to other suffering women."

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular menstruation, backache, bloating (or flatulence), leucorrhœa, falling, inflammation or ulceration of the uterus, ovarian troubles, that "bearing-down" feeling, dizziness, faintness, indigestion, nervous prostration or the blues, should take immediate action to ward off the serious consequences, and be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and then write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for further free advice. Thousands have been cured by so doing.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

SWEDES HOPE TO AVOID WAR

DISPATCHES FROM STOCKHOLM ARE LESS PESSIMISTIC THAN THEY WERE.

LOOK FOR MODUS VIVENDI

SEEMS TO BE DISPOSITION ON BOTH SIDES TO YIELD ON SOME POINTS.

NORWAY MAY ACCEPT TERMS

AND SWEDEN WILL AGREE TO ARBITRATION TREATY—SOME FORTS TO GO.

London, Sept. 14.—Dispatches from Christiania represent the situation between Sweden and Norway as serious owing to the determined attitude of the Swedish commissioners. Dispatches from Stockholm, however, are less pessimistic and express the hope that a modus vivendi will be drawn up. Apparently nothing definite will be known until after to-day's conference at Karlstad.

Much interest has been aroused by the presence in London during the last few days of Fritzjof Nansen, the Arctic explorer, who in February last was considered to be a likely candidate for the premiership of Norway, and who since the dissolution of the union has been spoken of as the probable first minister of Norway to Great Britain.

Norway May Accept.

According to a dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Gothenberg, Sweden, it is believed that Norway will accept the Swedish terms and that Sweden will agree to an arbitration treaty.

The correspondent of the Times at Karlstad says he believes there is a disposition on both sides to yield on questions of the demolition of the fortifications and arbitration treaty. Sweden, he says, does not want the historical fortresses demolished, and if Norway is willing to demolish the modern forts Sweden will be ready to conclude an arbitration treaty for the settlement of all future differences, but not those affecting the questions now under discussion.

Only the Modern Forts.

Baron von Bildt, the minister of Sweden and Norway to Great Britain, writes to the Times in confirmation of the report that Sweden asks only for the demolition of the modern forts.

Semi-official denial was given out at Christiania last night to the statement printed in the Dagblad of Stockholm that the second to the sixth years classes of the Norwegian conscription have been mobilized. It was said that only a few guards of the Norwegian army near the frontier have been called to arms.

Will Not Oppose Arbitration.

Political circles at Stockholm disavow any desire on the part of Sweden to oppose the arbitration treaty demanded by Norway, but they point out that only the preliminary negotiations in regard to the form and contents of such a treaty can be discussed at present, as the conclusion of a treaty is impossible until Norway has accepted Sweden's consitions and the latter has recognized Norway as an independent sovereigan state. The Swedish intentions, it is declared, are wholly pacific.

Resume Negotiations.

Karlstad, Sept. 14.—The Norwegian and Swedish delegates have all arrived here to resume negotiations.

A two hours' session was held before luncheon, when the delegates adjourned for the afternoon. After a brief joint session in the afternoon the delegates adjourned to their private conference rooms and without again reassembling adjournment was taken until Sept. 15. The same secrecy was observed as at the previous meetings.

TO PROBE AMERICAN'S CASE.

Sultan Orders Investigation of Ghirkis Vartanian.

Paris, Sept. 14.—A dispatch to the Temps from Constantinople says the sultan has ordered a ministerial inquiry as the result of energetic protests made by Mr. Leishmann, the American minister, relative to the sentencing to death of Ghirkis Vartanian, who professes to be a naturalized American, for the killing of Apik Undjian, a prominent Armenian, on Aug. 26. The dispatch says that Minister Leishmann did not deliver an ultimatum, but complained that the Turkish government had disregarded international law and that the minister insisted on the verification of the American passports produced by Vartanian.

DENIES HE IS A TRAITOR.

Baron Banffy Says He Is Not Implicated in Conspiracy.

Budapest, Sept. 14.—Baron Desiderius Banffy, formerly Hungarian prime minister, yesterday issued an emphatic denial that he had any connection with the treasonable pamphlet written by a Budapest journalist, Julius Arpad Zigany, calling on Hungarians to depose the Hungarian dynasty and to elect as king the German emperor's second son, Prince Eitel Frederick.

Tip Over Grave Stones.

Dodge Center, Minn., Special.—Some person or persons entered the cemetery on Claremont street last night and tipped over twenty-three gravestones and monuments, many being badly damaged.

New Scaler Named.

Washington, D. C., Special.—Senator Clapp yesterday filed a petition for the appointment of Julius H. Brown of White Earth as scaler of logs under the provisions of the Morris act. The petition is signed by the Indians.

LIEUT. F. S. DAVIDSON.

PE-RU-NA STRENGTHENS THE ENTIRE SYSTEM.

F. S. Davidson, Ex-Lieut. U. S. Army, Washington, D. C., care U. S. Pension Office, writes:

"To my mind there is no remedy for catarrh comparable to Peruna. It not only strikes at the root of the malady, but it tones and strengthens the system in a truly wonderful way. That has been its history in my case. I cheerfully and unhesitatingly recommend it to those afflicted as I have been."—F. S. Davidson.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

A Quid Pro Co.

"If I give you some money," said Mrs. Goodly, will you promise not to spend it in the nearest saloon?"

"Sure!" replied thirsty Tim, "if yer gimme enough ter make de delay an' de exter walk wort' while."—Philadelphia Press.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 and 912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Peter Caesar and E. Schell, St. Paul, Minn., wheel; Christopher Carll, Stillwater, Minn., animal blanket; Charles Chapman, Berlin, N. D., wire stretcher; Fred Cooley, Minneapolis, Minn., pipe stem cleaner; Charles Jewett, Blackduck, Minn., fire box and grate; August Johnson, Alcester, S. D., hoof plane; Tolef Solberg, Crookston, Minn., manure spreader; Edwin M. Wheelock, Watertown, S. D., tender.

Fear.

Farmer Jonas—Is your hoss afraid of autos?

Farmer Heckbin—Wal, yes—he's had th' job of haulin' 'em to town so durned often when they break down that he fairly shudders when he sees one a-comin'.—Puck.

MARRIAGE MADE EASY.

Bostonian Relieves Brides' Families of All Responsibilities.

It appears that a wide-awake Bostonian is in a fair way to win wealth, if not fame, by a novel idea which she has in development. She undertakes, in consideration of a substantial sum, to supervise weddings and relieve the bride's family of all the responsibilities involved on such occasions, thus insuring them from nervous break down. Everything from the decoration of the house to the bridal trousseau is intrusted to her care, nor does the bride-to-be have to worry about even the packing of her trunks, for the wedding director sees that everything is put carefully in her trunks and a complete inventory is taken in a little book, so that every article may be easily located. Now that weddings are to be made easy, there no longer will be any excuse for a bride to look worried and worn, as so many do at the ceremony, for by this woman's scheme brides may rival the lilies of the field in idleness and step to the altar as fresh and brightly blushing as possible.—New York Press.

STRONGER THAN MEAT.

A Judge's Opinion of Grape-Nuts.

A gentleman who has acquired a judicial turn of mind from experience on the bench out in the Sunflower State, writes a carefully considered opinion as to the value of Grape-Nuts as food. He says:

"For the past 5 years Grape-Nuts has been a prominent feature in our bill of fare.

"The crisp food with the delicious, nutty flavor has become an indispensable necessity in my family's everyday life.

"It has proved to be most healthful and beneficial, and has enabled us to practically abolish pastry and pies from our table, for the children prefer Grape-Nuts and do not crave rich and unwholesome food.

"Grape-Nuts keeps us all in perfect physical condition—as a preventive of disease it is beyond value. I have been particularly impressed by the beneficial effects of Grape-Nuts when used by ladies who are troubled with face blemishes, skin eruptions, etc. It clears up the complexion wonderfully.

"As to its nutritive qualities, my experience is that one small dish of Grape-Nuts is superior to a pound of meat for breakfast, which is an important consideration for anyone. It satisfies the appetite and strengthens the power of resisting fatigue, while it involves none of the disagreeable consequences that sometimes follow a meat breakfast." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

WARSHIP GOES TO NICARAGUA

UNDER SHADOW OF BIG STICK AS RESULT OF AMERICANS' ARREST.

MINISTER MERRY TO THEIR AID

WARSHIP WILL CONVEY HIM TO COAST NEAR WHERE ALBERS ARE HELD.

SEE ALBERS GET FAIR TRIAL

STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS GIVE MATTER SERIOUS ATTENTION.

Washington, Sept. 14.—After consultation between the state and navy departments, it has been decided that a warship shall be sent to one of the Costa Rican ports to convey Minister Merry, at last accounts in San Jose, northward to the nearest point on the coast of Nicaragua or Honduras to the place where William S. Albers, an American citizen, and his brother, are confined, pending a trial on the charge of resisting legal process and of insulting the president of Nicaragua.

The officials of the state and navy departments decline to make any statement whatever on this subject just now, but it is known that it has received serious attention, and that the lack of information as to the exact nature of the offense charged against Albers, and the possibility of his not receiving a fair trial, have caused an effort to be made to get in closer touch with the prisoner.

Prison Town Is Remote.

The gunboat Princeton, now at Panama, is the nearest warship to Ocotal, in the province of Segovia, where the Albers brothers are imprisoned, but Ocotal is seventy miles inland, over a rough mountain range from the coast, and the trail is not passable by any vehicle. Amapala, on the Gulf of Fonseca, on the southern boundary of Honduras, appears to be the nearest port to Ocotal. The Port Limon company, whose agent Albers was, has sent a lawyer named Burbaker from Philadelphia to Ocotal to assist in his defense.

FINNS ARE ATTACKED.

Kursk Is Reported Besieged by Gangs of Roughs.

Helsingfors, Sept. 14.—Troops with fixed bayonets yesterday dispersed a meeting of delegates from all towns of Finland called for the purpose of discussing the political situation. The police had previously ordered the delegates to disperse, but the order was ignored.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 14. — It is reported from Kursk that gangs of roughs are attacking the city.

Tiflis, Sept. 14. — The mayor and members of the town council have resigned as a protest against the killing and wounding of Social Democrats by Cossacks at the town hall Monday night.

According to a report received from Elizabethpol, a temporary peace has been declared between the Mussulmans and Armenians as the result of intervention by the clergy.

Both the administration and the Christian population are surprised that the Tartars should be so well armed. In many districts the ammunition of the troops has been exhausted, while the Tartars still have ample supply.

SIXTY HURT IN WRECK.

Trolley Train Runs Away on a Steep Grade in Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 14.—Sixty passengers were injured, nine seriously, by the overturning of a trailer attached to a traction car on the Pittsburg Railway company's line near the Glenwood bridge early yesterday. It is said the accident was caused by the failure of the brakes to work properly while the cars were descending a steep grade from Glenwood Bridge to Hay's Junction. At Hay's Junction there is a sharp curve. The first car managed to round the curve, but the trailer was thrown from the track on its side.

THREE WOMEN ARE DROWNED.

Boat Capsizes While Berrypickers Are Crossing Bay in Northern Michigan.

Newberry, Mich., Sept. 14.—A party of seven women and children who started out to pick blueberries, were tipped out of a small boat while crossing the bay near Grand Marais, Alger county, and two women and one little girl were drowned. The responsibility for the accident has not yet been fixed.

WATER WORKS ENGINEERS

Will Meet and Discuss Means of Eradicating Typhoid Germs From Water.

New York, Sept. 14.—Five hundred engineers from various parts of the country who are interested in water works will gather at the annual convention of the New England Water Works association in this city to-day. The convention will last four days. A number of important papers on chemicals to guard against typhoid fever germs arising from unfiltered water will be read.

GREAT FAIR AT WAHPETON.

Fine Stock and Grain Exhibits Expected.

Wahpeton, N. D., Sept. 12.—Wahpeton is making great preparations for the Richland county fair and horse races, which will be held here Oct. 4, 5 and 6. Some fine exhibits of stock, grain, vegetables, etc., are expected, and the $1,200 in purses for the horse races will bring a good string of horses.

FRUITFUL FURNACES

INTENSE HEAT PRODUCES PRECIOUS STONES.

Scientists Have Succeeded in Plucking Real Diamonds and Rubies from the Crucible of the Furnace.

Recent advices from France state that Prof. Moissan, the eminent scientist and inventor, has actually succeeded in making genuine diamonds and rubies. He employs for this purpose the electric furnace, which has been so improved that a degree of heat can be produced, approaching the extreme temperatures, which were undoubtedly a factor in the formation of minerals and gems in the interior of the earth.

The rubies obtained are of large size, weighing 10 or 15 carats, and in quality and color equal and even surpass those found in the earth. The natural forces attending the formation of diamonds seem to have been more complicated, and so far the diamonds resulting from the efforts of the scientists have been very small, but still they are positively identified as the carbon crystal—the diamond. They are remarkably clear and bright, and on a small scale as fine specimens as nature's own product.

The electric furnace has enriched chemistry with a whole series of new compounds. Probably the one of most value to mankind at large is Calcium Carbide. The simple application of water-to-Calcium Carbide generates the gas Acetylene, which is now being commonly used for lighting.

The peculiar merits of Acetylene light are its brilliance and high candle power, ease of installation, economy and its adaptability for lighting buildings of every description, regardless of their location.

MAN STILL HAS THE CIGAR.

Woman Has Usurped Most of His Other Vices and Privileges.

The advancement of woman by leaps and bounds continues. First, we had the women's clubs; then the women's hotel, with bell girls and "lady" porters, and later the Woman's Down-town Lunching club. There is one young woman living in the vicinity of Madison square who is still ages ahead the rest of her sex in the race for equality with man. She wear's men's shoes, a four-in-hand tie, and a dress that is as near an approach to a suit of clothes as the laws of dressmaking will permit. She carries her umbrella as a man would his cane, and her walk is a close imitation of the Harvard strut. The other day one who passes constantly through the park on her way down town saw this concrete example of advanced womanhood sitting on a bench writing a letter instead of reading the paper, while she had her shoes shined. The passer-by looked by instinct, as it were, for the cigar in her left hand, but that, fortunately was reserved for a still more remote period of feminine development.—New York Post.

Cure to Stay Cured.

Wapello, Iowa, Sept. 11th (Special) —One of the most remarkable cures ever recorded in Louisa County is that of Mrs. Minnie Hart of this place. Mrs. Hart was in bed for eight months and when she was able to sit up she was all drawn up on one side and could not walk across the room. Dodd's Kidney Pills cured her. Speaking of her cure, Mrs. Hart says:

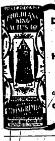
"Yes, Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me after I was in bed for eight months and I know the cure was complete for that was three years ago and I have not been down since. In four weeks from the time I started taking them I was able to make my garden. Nobody can know how thankful I am to be cured or how much I feel I owe to Dodd's Kidney Pills."

This case again points out how much the general health depends on the Kidneys. Cure the Kidneys with Dodd's Kidney Pills and nine-tenths of the suffering the human family is heir to will disappear.

"Well, sir, aren't there times when you get so sorry for folks about six thousand miles away that you forget about the poor family down the alley?

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Endsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

All the wise men in the world will become important now in trying to see that Peace gives good measure.



DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL

HEALS WITHOUT A SCAR

Sent prepaid for $1 if your druggist cannot supply you.

OLNEY & McDAID,
Clinton, Iowa.

The World's Standard

DE LAVAL CREAM SEPARATORS

600,000 In Use.
Ten Times All Others Combined.

Save $10.- per Cow Every Year of Use over all Gravity Setting Systems and $5.- per Cow over all Imitating Separators.

Send for new Catalogue.

THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.

Canal & Randolph Sts., CHICAGO

74 Cortlandt Street, NEW YORK

OVER 400 BRANCHES AND LOCAL AGENCIES.

SONGBIRDS IN BERMUDAS.

Impression That They Are Tuneless Is a Mistake.

"There is a general impression that there are no song birds in the Bermudas," said Frank A. Meade of Los Angeles. "I spent an autumn there, and can give a few facts about some of the native birds. The native birds of Bermuda are the red bird (Cardinalis pubra), bluebird, mocking bird, ground dove, kingfisher and chick of the village. The redbird's song is between a warble and a shrill whistle. The chick of the village reminds one of the English wren. Its sprightly note may be heard at intervals through the year. The melody of the blue and mocking birds are too familiar in Wisconsin to need introduction. About fifty kinds of birds, including migrants, have been observed. The migrant birds leave the coast of America early in the autumn in large flocks to seek southern latitudes, and stop at islands on the way to rest. The most frequent visitors are golden plover, sandpipers, snipes, owls and eagles."—Milwaukee Free Press.

NOISES IN HER HEAD

Mrs. Reagan was a Nervous Wreck, But Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Brought Sound Health.

"Before I began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills," said Mrs. Mary Reagan, of No. 86 Kilburn street, Fall River, Mass., recently, "I was in and out of bed all the time, but now I stay up all day and do all my own work.

"I was badly run down from overwork. One day noises began in my head and almost made me crazy. My head felt as if a tight band had been put around it, and the pressure and the sounds made me so uneasy that I often had to walk the floor all night.

"My stomach was in bad shape, and I had smothering sensations. At such times my body seemed bloodless, my hands were like chalk and my face turned yellow. The doctor said I had dyspepsia in the worst form. Then my nerves gave way and I was completely prostrated. I frequently suffered from smothering sensations.

"The first box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills that I used quieted my nerves so that I could get a good night's sleep, which was a new experience for me. Before I began to use them I was a nervous wreck and trembled at the slightest sound. I was so weak that I had to sit down and rest every few steps when I went up stairs. Now I can run up a whole flight at once. The smothering sensations have gone and the noises in my head have stopped entirely. My appearance has greatly improved, for friends who were alarmed on my account before, now say: 'How well you are looking!' My husband spent over a hundred dollars on treatment for me that was worthless, but a few boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills brought me sound health."

Sold by all druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50 by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

To a woman there is sweet satisfaction in outdressing a rival.

Positive, Comparative, Superlative.

"I have used one of your Fish Brand Slickers for five years, and now want a new one, also one for a friend. I would not be without one for twice the cost. They are just as far ahead of a common coat as a common one is ahead of nothing."

(Name on application.)

HIGHEST AWARD WORLD'S FAIR, 1904.

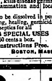
Be sure you don't get one of the common kind—this is the mark of excellence.

TOWER'S FISH BRAND

A. J. TOWER CO.,
BOSTON, U.S.A.

TOWER CANADIAN CO., LIMITED,
TORONTO, CANADA.

Makers of Wet Weather Clothing & Hats.



PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN

troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES

For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.

Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.

THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

A WOMAN'S SUFFERINGS.

Weak, Irregular, Racked with Pains—Made Well and 36 Pounds Heavier.

Mrs. E. W. Wright of 172 Main St., Haverhill, Mass., says: "In 1898 I was suffering so with sharp pains in the small of the back and had such frequent dizzy spells that I could scarcely get about the house. The urinary passages were also quite irregular. Monthly periods were so distressing I dreaded their approach. This was my condition for four years. Doan's Kidney Pills helped me right away when I began with them, and three boxes cured me permanently."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents per box.

One of His Lucid Intervals.

A visitor at a lunatic asylum noticed one of the inmates walking about the grounds pushing in front of him a wheelbarrow turned upside down.

The visitor stopped him and asked him the reason of the unusual performance.

"Why, you see," said the demented one, "if I turned it right side up they'd put bricks in it."—Harper's Weekly.

A FEW CUTTING REMARKS

The purpose of a saw is to cut. It should cut easily, cut cleanly, and cut with every movement.

I prefer an Atkins Saw. Its blade is "Silver Steel", recognized the world over as the finest crucible steel ever made in ancient or modern times. It is hard, close-grained and tough. It holds a sharp cutting edge longer than any other Saw. Its blade tapers perfectly from thick to thin, from handle to tip. Thus it makes leeway for itself, runs easily and does not buckle. Its temper is perfect. When bent by a crooked thrust, it springs into shape without kinking. The Atkins Saw cuts—and does it best of any. We make all types and sizes of saws, but only one grade—the best.

Atkins Saws, Corn Knives, Perfection Floor Scrapers, etc., are sold by all good hardware dealers. Catalogue on request.

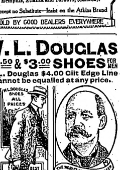
E. C. ATKINS & CO., Inc.
Largest Saw Manufacturers in the World.

Factory and Executive Offices, Indianapolis, Indiana.

BRANCHES: New York, Chicago, Minneapolis, Portland, (Oregon), Seattle, San Francisco, Memphis, Atlanta and Toronto, (Canada).

Accept no Substitute—Insist on the Atkins Brand

SOLD BY GOOD DEALERS EVERYWHERE



W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
ALL STYLES
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES
Established July 6, 1876.

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN

W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES AND SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any $3.50 shoe in the world. They are just as good as those that cost you $5.00 to $7.00—the only difference is the price. If I could take you into my factory at Brockton, Mass., the largest in the world under one roof making men's fine shoes, and show you the care with which every pair of Douglas shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the best shoes produced in the world.

If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes, you would understand why Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

WANTED. A shoe dealer in every town where W. L. Douglas Shoes are not sold. Full line of samples sent free for inspection upon request.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Constipation

Endangers Life

Deal With the Honest Druggist

When you ask your druggist for Mull's Grape Tonic, a cure for Constipation, Stomach and Bowel Trouble, and he tries to sell you something else which he claims is just as good, that is substitution or dishonesty. It is an insult to your intelligence. He does it for profit, and not because he cares about your health. No honest druggist will do it.

Stop a moment and reflect before you permit him to mislead you. He is willing to endanger your life and health for the sake of a few pennies. Is he a safe man to trade with? Deal with the Honest druggist who will promptly supply you with what you know you want, and that which you call for.

Until Mull's Grape Tonic was put on the American market there was no cure for Constipation and Stomach trouble. Your Doctor will tell you as much. He knows that a physic won't cure Constipation. Some remedies may act as laxatives and physics, but you and I know from experience that physics are dangerous, that they weaken, that they not only fail to cure but make us worse until finally they lose effect entirely, which means paralysis of the Bowels and death by Typhoid Fever, Appendicitis, Stomach, Heart, and Lung Trouble, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Kidney and Bright's Disease, etc.

There are honorable druggists in most every locality, men who will promptly supply you with Mull's Grape Tonic and not try to sell you something else; but should there be no such druggist there, we will send you the Tonic direct from this factory without additional expense to you.

If you have Constipation and want to try Mull's Grape Tonic and have never used it, we will send you, or any of your friends who suffer with this affliction, a free bottle. Send us name and address at once, while we are giving the first bottle free; we want to prove to you, at our expense, the truth of the claims we make for this valuable remedy. Use the coupon below at once while we are giving the remedy away. Free to all who have never used it.

FREE GRAPE TONIC COUPON 113

Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, Stomach Tonic, Constipation Cure and Blood Purifier, to MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill. Give full address and write plainly. The $1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c. size. At drug stores. The genuine has a date and number stamped on the label—take no other from your druggist.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

MINNEAPOLIS. Woodward & Co., Grain Commission. DULUTH.

ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1905. NUMBER 10.

HUNTING FOR FEVER GERM

NEW ORLEANS AUTHORITIES CONTINUE EXPERIMENTS ON DISEASE.

MAY SHUT ROOSEVELT OUT

ARKANSAS AUTHORITIES DO NOT FEEL JUSTIFIED IN GIVING ANSWER.

CONDITIONS BAD IN FLORIDA

YELLOW FEVER SITUATION IS NOT SO ENCOURAGING—MORE NEW CASES.

New Orleans, Sept. 21. — Investigation with a view to the discovery of the germ of yellow fever continues at the emergency hospital. Within the past week eight autopsies have been held at the hospital in connection with the investigations, the results of which are to be published when the fever is over.

Yesterday the fever situation was regarded as encouraging. In the country there are a large number of cases, but now that experienced yellow fever fighters are in charge at each point of infection the fatalities are few.

The woman's league, which has had much to do with the educational campaign during the existence of the fever, desires an opportunity to especially thank President Roosevelt for his services to the city in its great crisis.

Is Under Control.

Another increase in the number of new cases was reported to the health authorities, who regard the situation as definitely under control. One death was in the emergency hospital and four down town. Only nine of the fifty cases were above Canal street. Three were in Algiers and one in Milneberg.

Report to 6 p. m. yesterday: New cases, 50; total to date, 2,689; deaths yesterday, 6; total deaths, 351.

There is no material change in the country situation except at Patterson, where the shortage of funds has necessitated a general reorganization of the campaign. The governor has decided to allow a fixed sum for weekly expenses, and the campaign will be placed entirely in the hands of a local committee. Dr. Rudolf, who has been conducting the work, will remain, as will also the nurses.

Other country reports were: Kenner, 11 cases, 1 death; Bayou Natchez, 2 deaths; Natchitoches, 1 death.

May Shut Roosevelt Out.

Little Rock, Ark., Sept. 21.—Dr. J. P. Runyon, president of the Arkansas state board of health, has sent to Dr. White at New Orleans this message:

"Impracticable to answer satisfactorily until about Oct. 1."

Dr. Runyon says that so far in advance, and not knowin what the yellow fever conditions may be at that time, he does not feel justified in giving a definite answer as to admitting even the president of the United States through quarantines that are being so jealously guarded.

No Cases at Vicksburg.

Vicksburg, Miss., Sept. 21.—Advices from Lake Providence report an outbreak of fever at Milligan, a small settlement near Lake Providence, where six cases have been found. There were eight new cases and one death at Lake Providence yesterday.

At At Natches yesterday was a record day, four new cases having been reported. Three patients were discharged, leaving twelve under treatment.

There were no new cases here yesterday.

Conditions Look Bad.

Pensacola, Fla., Sept. 21.—The yellow fever situation last night was not so encouraging. Five new cases were reported and there are a large number of doubtful cases.

RUIN 200 MONUMENTS.

Attacks on Burial Place Results in $4,000 Damage.

Escanaba, Mich., Sept. 21.—Following similar attacks on the Roman Catholic cemeteries at Oconto Mills, Peshtigo and Birch Creek, vadals last night went through St. Joseph's and St. Anne's cemeteries here and demolished the crosses on over 200 monuments, causing damage estimated at $4,000. Every marble and granite cross in the two cemeteries was either broken or dislodged, and the wooden crosses were taken from the graves and piled up in heaps. There is no clue to the perpetrators of the outrage.

CALABRIA IS AGAIN SHAKEN.

Earthquake and Violent Storms Add to Distress of People.

Monteleone, Italy, Sept. 21.—Further slight shocks of earthquake and violent storms yesterday, extending over the whole of Calabria, added to the distress of the stricken population. Lightning caused a fire at Olivadi which destroyed the remaining property belonging to survivors of the earthquake. Panics occurred at Cantanzaro and Reggio, where several buildings were struck by lightning.

GOVERNMENT LOSES BY FRAUD.

Perjury Charged Against Land Office Official and Others.

Denver, Colo., Sept. 21. — Charged with perjuring themselves to defraud the government out of lands in the eastern part of Colorado, warrants have been issued by the United States district attorney's office for the arrest of Peter Campbell, former register of the United States land office at Akron; Perry C. Beeney, county treasurer of Washington county, and D. W. Irwin, a real estate dealer of Akron. Through these men it is said that the government has been defrauded out of thousands of dollars' worth of lands in Washington and Yuma counties. By various subterfuges, it is stated, Campbell, Beeney and Irwin obtained possession of land which had been abandoned by previous settlers and sold it to other settlers. So far Irwin is the only man arrested.

PRINTERS ARE LOYAL.

President Lynch Says Union Is Winning in Eight-Hour Fight.

Indianapolis, Sept. 21.—At the headquarters of the International Typographical union last night the following statement was issued:

"Strikes for the eight-hour day are on in thirty-three cities, and in most of these many of the employing printers have 'signed up.' In 216 cities we have the eight-hour now or to become effective Jan. 1, 1906. In 56 of these, where strikes have been declared or threatened, all offices where union men had been employed have signed the new contract."

"Things could not be in better shape," National President Lynch said last night. "As the bulletin which we are preparing to send broadcast over the country puts it, 'we are winning because our members are loyal.'"

COMPLIMENT TO PRESIDENT.

Exchange of Ratifications of Peace Treaty to Take Place in Washington.

Washington, Sept. 21.—It can now be stated definitely that the exchange of the ratification of the treaty of peace between Japan and Russia will take place in Washington shortly after the treaty has been ratified by the respective sovereigns. It is probable that this will be done in the White House as a compliment to President Roosevelt, but no definite arrangements have been made nor has it been decided by whom the treaties will be exchanged.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Sept. 21. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 82 1-2@83 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 76@81c; No. 3, 75@78c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 50 1-2@51c. Oats—No. 3 white, 26@26 1-2c.

Minneapolis, Sept. 21.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 85c; No. 1 Northern, 84c; No. 2 Northern, 81c. Oats—No. 3 white, 23 1-2@23 3-4c.

Duluth, Sept. 21. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 84 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 81c; flax, $1.10; rye, 59c.

Chicago, Sept. 21. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 84 1-2@85 1-8c; No. 2 hard, 83@89c; No. 3 hard, 82@85c; No. 1 Northern, 90c; No. 2 Northern, 86@88c. Corn—No. 2, 54 1-4c. Oats — No. 2, 27c.

Milwaukee, Sept. 21. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 87c; No. 2 Northern, 85c. Rye—No. 1, 63c. Barley—No. 2, 58c. Oats—Standard, 28@29c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Sept. 21.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.60@3.65; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.25@3.70; stockers and feeders, $3@4; calves and yearlings, $2.50@3.25. Hogs—Bulk, $5.10@5.15.

Chicago, Sept. 21.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $3.75 @ 6.35; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.45; cows, $2.50@4.50; heifers, $2.20@4.80; calves, $3@7. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.05@5.70; bulk, $5.25@5.55. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $4.60 @ 5; native lambs, $5.25@7.25; Western lambs, $5.75@7.

South St. Paul, Sept. 21. — Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4; butcher bulls, $2.75@3.50; veals, $2@4.50; good to choice stock steers, $2.50@3.50; good to choice milch cows, $20@35. Hogs—Range price, $5.15 @ 5.40; bulk, $5.20@5.30. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $5@5.85; fair to good, $4@5; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice ewes, $3.75@4.40.

Box Car Thieves Sentenced.

La Crosse, Wis., Sept. 21.—William Harden, alias Frank Jones, was sentenced to three years in Waupun for breaking into a box car in the Burlington yards. He has served two years at Joliet for a hold-up in Chicago. Bernard Does, his companion, was given a reformatory sentence.

Alleged Bigamist.

Anoka, Minn., Sept. 21.—Dr. W. C. Aarons, the alleged bigamist, was yesterday bound over to the Hennepin county grand jury. He waived examination, and his bail was fixed at $1,500, which as yet the doctor has been unable to procure.

Norwegians Want Instructions.

Karlstad, Sept. 21.— The Swedish and Norwegian commissioners were in joint session for some hours yesterday and again adjourned. The Norwegians are awaiting instructions from their government on certain points.

Dixon Out in Second.

Philadelphia, Sept. 21. — George Dixon, the former featherweight champion, was last night knocked out in the second round of what was to have been a six-round bout, by Tommy Murphy of New York.

Northwest News.

FARMER SHOOTS AT AUTOIST.

Bullet Pierces Hat of Man Whose Machine Scared Horses.

Darlington, Wis., Sept. 20. — Frank Trego, a mine owner of Platteville, Wis., was shot at by a farmer and a bullet pierced his hat while driving his automobile through the country near Cuba City. The farmer, who is said to be a wealthy and well known man living near here, was driving along the road when the machine came up in the rear. The horses were scared, it is alleged, and Trego did not stop. Then the horses dashed into the fence, and the farmer, trembling with fright and anger, drew a 38-caliber revolver. Had the bullet struck two inches lower it would probably have killed Trego. The hat was torn from his head.

HORSES ARE KILLED.

Larimore, N. D., Visited by Storm That Does Damage.

Larimore, N. D., Sept. 20.—A severe wind, rain and thunder storm struck this vicinity last night, damaging the wheat in shocks and delaying threshing for several days. The barn of Owen Ashbrook was struck by lightning and completely destroyed, with three horses, ten mules, harnesses and machinery. The loss is $2,500, with partial insurance. The barn of John Gavesky was also struck by lightning and three horses were killed, but the barn was not materially damaged. The loss is $1,000, partly insured. In the city over half the telephones were burned out and there was no long distance service until late in the afternoon.

RAIN-IN-THE-FACE DEAD.

Murderous Redskin Goes to Happy Hunting Grounds.

Aberdeen, S. D., Sept. 20. — Word reached Aberdeen yesterday of the death at Bullhead Station, Standing Rock reservation, of old Rain-in-the-Face, the Sioux Chieftain who was a conspicuous figure in the Custer massacre in 1876. He was about sixty-two years of age. Rain-in-the-Face was for years one of the most conspicuous of the Sioux chiefs. He was arrested in 1870, when a young man, by Custer, for the murder of two white men, serving a long time in confinement for the crime. He made his escape in time to take a leading part in the Custer massacre.

ECHO OF KOCH TRIAL.

Member of Jury Which Acquitted the Dentist Loses Valuable Barn.

St. Peter, Minn., Sept. 20.—A crime that many people believe is directly traceable to the Koch murder trial at Mankato was committed in Lime township, Blue Earth county, when incendiaries fired a barn belonging to Henry Heinzman, who was a member of the jury that acquitted the New Ulm dentist, now practicing in Minneapolis. Mr. Heinzman's loss will reach fully $3,000, not including forty tons of hay and several hundred bushels of grain. Had he not succeeded in driving out his stock the loss would have been much greater.

EXCITING BATTLE FOR LOGS.

Injunction Stops Fight Between Rival Companies.

Ashland, Wis., Sept. 20—An exciting water battle, lasting three days, for the possession of 15,000,000 feet of logs, ended yesterday by Judge Parish signing temporary injunctions against both parties, the Edward Hines Lumber company and Baker & Stewart. It is the second contest of the kind between the parties within a month. Both had chartered every tug that they could get. The engagement was bitterly fought and spectacular, and was witnessed by thousands from the shore.

BIRD SHOT FOR BIG GAME.

Ranchman Wounds Montana Lion and Kills It With an Axe.

Helena, Mont., Sept. 20. — Edward Rodgers, a Flathead county ranchman who located on a piece of land near the shores of Flathead lake recently, is the hero of that section. Although armed with a shotgun, charged only with small bird shot, he attacked a large mountain lion which his dogs had treed. The first shot brought the animal, a huge cat, to the ground, and Rodgers dispatched it with an axe as it rushed at him. It weighed 150 pounds.

TRAMPS IDLE; GRAIN ROTS.

North Dakota Hoboes Refuse to Hire Out at $3 a Day.

Larimore, N. D., Sept. 20.—Assistant General Superintendent J. M. Davis of the Great Northern road, who is in this city, states that in the western part of the state, especially in Deep River country, considerable grain remains uncut for want of harvest hands. There are plenty of men camped in pot gangs along the railroad, but they refuse to work, even when offered $3 a day.

SEVEN NAMED IN TRUE BILLS.

Grand Jury Indicts Three Chisholm Officials.

Duluth, Minn., Sept. 21.—President William Grant and Trustees W. J. Smart and Oscar Wilberg of the village of Chisholm, Minn.; W. A. Kelley, manager of a street carnival recently held at that place, and M. McLain of the carnival company, are charged in indictments returned in the district court before Judge Carnt here yesterday with crimes connected with the carnival. The village officials are also charged with malfeasance in office. The charges in connection with the carnival embrace indecent exhibitions and operation of gambling devices. E. J. Matheson and James Crowley are also named, charged with selling liquor without a license. Grant, Smart and McLain appeared in court and pleaded not guilty. Matheson furnished $200 bail and will plead today. The others have not yet been apprehended. Grant's bail amounted in all to $2,950 on the four different charges.

GUEST DIES OVER NIGHT.

Stranger Asks for Shelter and Is Found Dead Next Morning.

Hudson, Wis., Sept. 21. — An unknown man died Saturday night at the home of James Chesbro, ten miles south of Hudson. He appeared at the door early in the evening and asked for shelter. He talked freely during the evening and seemed in good healthh. Upon his failing to respond to calls Sunday morning Mr. Chesbro entered the room which the stranger occupied and found him dead. It is not known what caused his death and no clue to his identity has been found.

FAIR'S SUCCESS SURPRISES.

South Dakota State Exhibition Has Bright Future.

Huron, S. D., Sept. 21.—All exhibits have been removed from the state fair grounds and the buildings have been closed. The total attendance for the four days is placed at 32,000; the total receipts up to the close, with a few items yet to be sent-in, was $12,237.68. These figures are a surprise to the board and to the general public and will be helpful in making the next fair even a greater success than the one just closed.

LIVED TOGETHER 95 YEARS.

Death Parts Oldest Twins in the United States.

New Hampton, Iowa, Sept. 21.—Miss Emeline Perrin, one of the oldest living twins in the United States, died here yesterday, aged ninety-five years. Her sister, Mrs. Emily Tilton, is still alive and hearty. They were born in New York and have lived together almost their entire lives. Their parents, two brothers and a sister died at early ages of consumption, but neither of the twins ever exhibited any symptom of the disease.

KILLED BY WEED-BURNER.

Railroad Machine Hits Laborer and Crushes Skull.

Wahpeton, N. D., Sept. 21.—Roderick J. Campbell, a laborer, was killed last night near the Fairview farm, west of here, by a weed-burning machine on the Northern Pacific road. Campbell evidently had been working along the track and was struck by the engine. One leg was ground to pieces and his skull was broken.

NEW PLACE FOR GOODNOW.

Former Consul General to Be Employed by Chinese Government.

Washington, Sept. 21.—It is reported here that former Consul General John Goodnow will be given a position by the Chinese government in connection with the management of the Hankow railroad recently purchased by that government from J. P. Morgan & Co. Goodnow has been connected with the road since last March, and it is understood that he reported in favor of its acquirement by China.

BIG PLANT IS BURNED.

St. Paul Has Fire Involving a Loss of $112,000.

St. Paul, Sept. 21. — The plant of the Anchor Silver Plate company on West Water street, West side, was entirely destroyed by fire last night, causing a loss of $112,000. At 2 o'clock this morning the flames were still raging in the debris, only the four walls of the building remaining. Not a vestige of the stock or machinery escaped the fire.

Farmer Hit by Lightning.

St. Peter, Minn., Sept. 21.—Martin Rinkel, a wealthy farmer of Oshawa township, was struck by lightning during an electrical storm last night. He had been in St. Peter and was driving home when the bolt descended. The shock completely paralyzed him and when his team turned into a neighboring farmhouse he was found lying unconscious in the bottom of his buggy. Physicians believe that he will recover.

NEWS OF THE STATE.

STATE MAKES LOANS.

Amount Let Out for the Year Now Amounts to $700,000.

The state board of investment, consisting of the governor, the state auditor and the state treasurer, at their monthly meeting approved loans to the amount of 173,960. Most of these were to school districts and a few villages, counties and townships. This makes a total of nearly $700,000 loaned by the state during the year.

Regarding the funds available for making the loans, the state auditor said that there is now on hand in the trust fund $192,000 available for this purpose, and in seven or eight weeks there will be $250,000 or $300,000 more.

The applications for loans which were approved are:

School Districts—District No. 30, St. Louis, $50,000; No. 12, St. Louis, $3,500; No. 107, Murray, $900; No. 15, Roseau, $1,000; No. 3, Swift, $4,500; No. 73, Kittson, $1,500; No. 1, Mille Lacs, $2,000; No. 44, Nobles, $600; No. 35, Roseau, $800; No. 76, Red Lake, $800; No. 94, Norman, $600; No. 88, Faribault, $4,000; No. 40, Pine, $300; No. 83, Beltrami, $500; No. 43, Wilkin, $700; No. 97, Douglas, $1,400; No. 55, Roseau, $600; No. 46, Kanabec, $600; No. 5, Wadena, $6,000; No. 15, Waseca, $750; No. 9, Kittson, $2,500; No. 20, St. Louis, $1,000; No. 7, Aitkin, $50; No. 119, Morrison, $350; No. 123, Jackson, $1,000; No. 117, Stevens, $1,000; No. 83, Murray, $700; No. 9, Jackson, $800; No. 68, Roseau, $450; No. 99, Wright, $6,000; No. 112 Yellow Medicine, $800; No. 64, Sibley, $6,000; No. 14, Wright, $800; No. 43, Hubbard, $3,000; No. 12, Kittson, $3,500.

Villages—International Falls, Itasca county, $1,600.

Counties—Sibley, for ditches, $15,000; McLeod, for ditches, $13,100.

Townships — Lambert, Red Lake county, $3,000; Hougen, Aitkin, $3,000; Anthony, Norman, $500; Danforth, Pine, $2,000; Leota, Nobles, $1,200; Elkton, Clay, $1,000; Little Pine, Crow Wing, $3,000; Grand Forks, Polk, $1,000; Hillman, Morrison, $4,000; Hersey, Nobles, $3,500; Kalevale, Carlton, $3,000.

Three applications were turned down by the board, being those of District No. 5, Lake county, $3,000; Emily township, Crow Wing county, $2,000; Richardson township, Morrison county, $4,000.

COMPLETE RAILROAD SURVEY.

Crews Finish Work Between Detroit and Bemidji.

The mysterious railroad survey which has been carried on by Engineer E. T. Abbott of Minneapolis with two crews of surveyors, one working out of Detroit and the other out of Bemidji, is now complete.

The two crews met south of Itasca Park in Clearwater county Saturday night, and Engineer Abbott is now in Minneapolis conferring with the officials of the company which sent him out, and a statement of which road this is with its intentions may be expected in a few days.

The survey has been made in nearly an air line from Detroit to Bemidji, and its total length is sixty-nine miles. Which road has caused the survey to be made is as much a mystery as ever. A prominent railroad conductor, who is at present making Bemidji his headquarters, declares, however, that the road is the Soo.

He claims that the specifications for the survey, which he has seen, are identical with those invariably sent out by the Soo. There is a popular belief that the road is the Soo, also, by reason of the fact that the Minneapolis, Red Lake & Manitoba railway, which is now almost completed from Bemidji to Red lake, a distance of thirty-four miles, is known to have been financed by men who are friendly to the Soo, and it is generally accepted that this road will ultimately become a part of the Soo line which must some day be built across Northern Minnesota to Duluth.

SHEEP RAISING PAYS.

L. W. Orr of Afton Says Industry in State Has Future.

Sheep raising is a profitable industry in Minnesota. Although not considered a sheep state, Minnesota breeders who have undertaken the raising of the woolly animal have become prosperous. Among the Minnesota exhibitors at the state fair was L. W. Orr of Afton, who captured many prizes.

"Sheep raising is a profitable industry," said Mr. Orr. "There is a great demand at present for pure breeding stock. At my sale here, the Oxfords brought better prices this year than ever before, and the outlook for good prices is exceedingly bright. I consider the Oxfords, for mutton and medium wool, the best type for Minnesota. At present the packers and breeders have to go to Canada to get what they want. There is in the West a greater demand for Oxfords than can be supplied."

Mrs. Orr has 136 pure-bred sheep on his farm at Afton, and from his flock he won the following prizes: First, two-year-old ram; first and second, yearling ram; first, ram lamb; first and second, two-year-old ewe; first and second, yearling ewe; first and second, ewe lamb; first, pen of lambs; first, flock; and five third prizes in the free-for-all show.

CUT MORE THAN WAS PAID FOR.

Attorney General Investigates Timber Deal.

Attorney General E. T. Young suspects that more timber was cut from a tract than it was supposed to contain when the timber was sold by the state some time ago, and the attorney general and C. S. Jelly, assistant attorney general, are making an investigation to ascertain the exact amount of timber on the tract, and who got it without paying the state its due.

It is asserted that when the timber was sold it was represented that it contained 1,500 feet of timber and was sold at $50, and afterwards it was found to contain 650,000 feet of pine and 350,000 feet of tamarack, spruce and balsam, which were cut from the tract.

The pine is valued at $6,000, and suits may be brought for treble this amount. The other timber is valued at $7 per thousand. It is said that a Minneapolis firm got the pine and that a Duluth man cut it and turned it over to the Minneapolis concern. The attorney general will also try and find out who got the other timber.

It is said also that there has been considerable timber cut from the land adjoining the tract in question, which has never been sold by the state.

CROWDED OUT BY COWS.

Fewer Sheep and Swine in State Than a Year Ago.

While Minnesota is becoming more of a dairy state it is losing ground on the production of beef and other meat producing animals, according to the returns in the hands of the state board of equalization. The number of cows in the state has increased from 839,368 to 861,046 between the assessments of 1904 and 1905. The number of cows in the state has increased about 25 per cent, but beef cattle, sheep and hogs show a falling off in numbers.

The values of cows were lowered in several counties and raised in a few. Benton and Red Lake came in for increases of 50 per cent; Becker, Polk and Pine, 25 per cent; McLeod and Renville, 20 per cent; Norman, 15 per cent; Chisago, Isanti and Kanabec, 10 per cent. Scott was lowered 20 per cent; Steel and Meeker, 15 per cent; Rock, Rouseau, Sherburn, Traverse, Washington, Winona, Wright, Bog Sotne, Carlton, Dodge, Grant, Hubbard, Itasca, Lincoln, Mille Lacs, Mower and Pine, 10 per cent; Dodge, Kittson and Le Sueur, 5 per cent.

STATE MINES ENJOY PROSPERITY

Inspectors Report That Ore Business Is Good.

The year 1905 will be remembered as one of the best years on the Vermillion and Mesaba ranges, according to the inspectors who spent several months on the range.

These inspectors say that the output of iron ore so far this year already has exceeded the output of any year in the history of the state and that there are at least two months before the close of navigation.

Last year the output of the mines was about 20,000,000 tons, according to the estimates of the state officials.

The state mines, five of which have been in operation during the summer, are sharing in the prosperity. The Pool mine already has shipped over 200,000 tons, on which the state received a royalty of $50,000. This is as much as the mine shipped during all last year.

"Shipments from the Pool mine have run as high as 32,000 tons a week," said an inspector. "This coming week will probably be the heaviest the mine has had."

STATE TO LOAN FOOD DISPLAY.

Many Requests Are Received From County Fair Officials.

The educational exhibit of the state dairy and food commision at the fair, attracted wide attention, and the officials of the several conuty and town fairs have requested the department to give them the benefit of the exhibit. Blue Earth City, Albert Lea, Fairmont and Faribault have made application, and in consequence E. B. Helberg will take the exhibit to those places in order to give the farmers as well as the merchants an opportunity to secure information regarding what brands of goods to buy and what to avoid.

So great has been the call for the exhibit that Milton Trenham, assistant dairy and food commissioner, will get together a similar line of products and will go to Alexandria on Sept. 20, where a street fair will be held. He plans also to go to several other fairs.

Mangled Under Railway Train.

St. Paul, Special — Samuel Peterson was ground to pieces yesterday morning under the wheels of a Minneapolis & St. Louis train in the Northern Pacific yards. The head was severed from the body.

Wind and Hale Create Havoc.

Tyler, Minn., Special—A terrific hailstorm struck this region yesterday. The large horse barn on the fair grounds was destroyed, the grandstand blown over and the exhibit hall unroofed.

U. S. SENATOR TOWNE

Credits Doan's Kidney Pills with a Gratifying Cure.

Hon. Charles A. Towne, ex-U. S. Senator from Minnesota, brilliant orator, clever business man, brainy lawyer, whose national prominence made him a formidable candidate for the presidential nomination in 1904, writes us the following:

Gentlemen: I am glad to endorse Doan's Kidney Pills. The remedy was recommended to me a few months ago when I was feeling miserable; had severe pains in the back; was restless and languid; had a dull headache and neuralgic pains in the limbs and was otherwise distressed. A few boxes of the pills effectually routed my ailment and I am glad to acknowledge the benefit I derived.

(Signed) CHARLES A. TOWNE.

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents per box.

CANADA'S MOST NOTED SHRINE.

Rheumatic Patients Go to Ste. Anne de Beaupre.

"The most famous shrine in Canada," said J. H. Bell, of Toronto, "is Ste. Anne de Beaupre, on the river twenty-two miles below Quebec, opposite the summer resort Island of Orleans. The old church there was built in 1657, and the cures have been almost innumerable, the first recorded being a rheumatic stonemason, who was cured while working at the foundations of the church. It is an undoubted fact that many who have gone there cripples have come away cured. Previous to 1889 pilgrimages to Ste. Anne were made by steamer, except in a few cases where the pilgrim toiled there on foot. That year a railroad was opened, and during the first three months of its operation 35,000 passengers were carried to the shrine."—Milwaukee Free Press.

DISFIGURING HUMOR.

Brushed Scales From Face Like Powder—Doctor Said Lady Would Be Disfigured for Life—Cuticura Works Wonders.

"I suffered with eczema all over my body. My face was covered; my eyebrows came out. I had tried three doctors, but did not get any better. I then went to another doctor. He thought my face would be marked for life, but my brother-in-law told me to get Cuticura. I washed with Cuticura Soap, applied Cuticura Ointment, and took Cuticura Resolvent as directed. I could brush the scales off my face like powder. Now my face is just as clean as it ever was.—Mrs. Emma White, 641 Cherrier Place, Camden, N. J., April 25, '05."

Post-Mortem.

It is asserted by a London exchange that a methodical and businesslike bank clerk in a country branch forwarded a letter to the following effect to the read office: "Greatly regret to inform you I died this morning of pneumonia. John Smith, per James Browh."

Useless Exertion.

Doctor—So, you, haven't, coughed much to-day?

Patient—No; what was the use? There was nobody in the house to hear me.

Choice of Evils.

Singleton—Just as soon as a woman can manage a man her love begins to cool.

Wedderly—Yes; and just as soon as she discovers she can't manage him she begins to make it hot for him.—

GOOD BLOOD FOR BAD

Rheumatism and Other Blood Diseases are Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

"In the lead mines I was at work on my knees with my elbows pressed against rock walls, in dampness and extremes of cold," said Mr. J. G. Menkel, of 2075 Jackson avenue, Dubuque, Iowa, in describing his experience to a reporter, "and it is not surprising that I contracted rheumatism. For three years I had attacks affecting the joints of my ankles, knees and elbows. My ankles and knees became so swollen I could scarcely walk on uneven ground and a little pressure from a stone under my feet would cause me so much pain that I would nearly sink down. I was often obliged to lie in bed for several days at a time. My friends who were similarly troubled were getting no relief from doctors and I did not feel encouraged to throw money away for nothing. By chance I read the story of Robert Yates, of the Klauer Manufacturing Co., of Dubuque, who had a very bad case of rheumatism. I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, the remedy he had used. In three or four weeks after beginning to use the pills, I was much better and in three months I was well. The swelling of the joints and the tenderness disappeared, I could work steadily and for eight years I have had no return of the trouble. My whole family believe in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Both my sons use them. We consider them a household remedy that we are sure about."

What Dr. Williams' Pink Pills did for Mr. Menkel they are doing for hundreds of others. Every dose sends galloping through the veins pure, strong, rich, red blood that strikes straight at the cause of all ill health. The new blood restores regularity, and braces all the organs for their special tasks. Get the genuine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills at your druggists' or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y.

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Saturday, Sept. 23, 1905.

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES.

Duluth News-Tribune: Omitting consideration of Mr. Roosevelt, there is no dearth of good Republican timber for a candidate in 1908. Popular demand for the president may have to be reckoned with. It is true he is not a candidate, and has so declared, but if he maintains his present standing may not a popular demand, if spontaneous, hearty and unanimous, bring him before the people a second time? That is only conjecture, however.

There is Mr. Root, who certainly is one of the ablest men of the day. A great lawyer, a brilliant debater, a capable organizer. He has always been public spirited and connected with reform movements. It is easily probable that he will be the choice of the administration. True, it is announced that the administration will be neutral, but after all there must be preference.

Judge Taft is another man who is highly thought of. His close connection with the administration makes it improbable that he will be a candidate if Mr. Root should be one. In any event, he has many friends and well does he deserve them.

Secretary Shaw, of Iowa, is an avowed candidate. His course is manly and his views on all public questions well known. He is a westerner, and once before the people would be popular with the masses.

Another active Republican aspirant is Vice-president Fairbanks. Some one some time dubbed this gentleman "iceberg," and the term stuck. The fact is, he has a most genial personality—magnetic and agreeable. He is a fine orator of the old school and very attractive and forceful on the platform. In a free-for-all race he would have to be reckoned with.

Then Senator Foraker of Ohio looms up. Judge Taft would have to reckon with him for the support of the Ohio delegation.

There are good men in plenty to choose from, and in this the Republican party has an advantage over the Democracy.

Red Lake Courier: The newspapers are already talking about the legislative re-apportionment by the 1907 session. Our own district—the 61st—has made the largest gain in population, and on the basis of representation established ten years ago is entitled to twice the number of legislators it has at present. The district as at present constituted is too large and diversified interests are represented. A better plan would be to detach Red Lake and Marshall from their present districts and combine them in a new district. Both are agricultural counties, and have common needs and interests.

The Sauk Center Herald remarks as follows: "Marshall Field, aged 70, worth $120,050;000 recently married Delia Spencer Caton, aged 55, worth $70,000,000. How glad they would be if they could change places with Swan Olson and Hilda Peterson, aged 24 and 20, who were married last week and who had to pay the preacher with eggs because they had no money.

The large interests will probably have some one at the state board of equalization and their taxes will not be raised. But the little fellows, why "soak 'em."

The old theory that the cutting of the timber would make this state dry up by decreasing the rain fall, is not in good working order this year.

The Red River Valley Editorial association will meet at Crookston on Friday evening, Oct. 6.

The big life insurance companies seem to have all been tarred with the same stick.

The farmers who did the draining are the ones who are saving their crops this year.

President Roosevelt tells the canal commissioners that they must formulate a plan and get at work and have the canal dug in the shortest possible time.

Does anyone know what has become of our county seat fight? Respectfully referred to Brothers Eastman and Haislet.

The Swedes and Norwegians seem to be getting along fine and the chances for an amiable settlement are not very bright.

Merger Much Alive.

The St. Paul Dispatch says: There is no merger, so the officials of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific have declared.

It died when the supreme court of appeals decided the amalgamation to be illegal.

In the minds of those living along the branch of the Great Northern running from Shirley to St. Hilaire, however, the merger is very much alive. It is enough to them to know that the branch is soon to be abandoned and the territory adjacent to it served through the medium of the N. P.

In the Journal of last week was reported the hearing before the railway commission on a demand by Wylieites for a better train service and a subsequent order by the commission granting the request. A foot note in the order, however, stated that the company had announced its intention of abandoning a part of the branch from Shirley to Wylie and the commission wanted it understood that on this point it had no jurisdiction. The courts alone, it stated, had jurisdiction.

It now develops that in the abandonment of the branch the Great Northern has in mind the use of the Northern Pacific track from Tilden to Red Lake Falls. There the Great Northern has transfer to its own tracks and back in from St. Hilaire to Wylie.

This plan is what those along the portion of the branch claim is to be followed, and it is not disputed by the railway commission. They say, as long as the branch is maintained those along it will be given proper service, but if it is abandoned they can do nothing.

Gifts at Baptisms.

Gifts to infants at their baptism are of ancient origin. Formerly the sponsors generally offered gilt spoons to the child. These spoons were called apostle spoons because the figures of the twelve apostles were carved at the top of the handles. Rich sponsors gave the complete set of twelve, while for those who were not so opulent four was considered the proper number, and poor sponsors would content themselves with offering one. In the latter case the handle of the spoon generally exhibited the figure of any saint in honor of whom the child received its name. It is in allusion to this custom that when Cranmer professed to be unworthy of being sponsor to the young princess Shakespeare makes the king reply:

Come, come, my lord;
You'd spare your spoons.

The mug or spoon and fork offering of the present day appears as a very debased survival of a really beautiful christening offering.

Origin of Dog Days.

According to the generally accepted doctrine the dog days begin on July 3 and end on Aug. 11, but there have been disputes as to every possible point about them. It was universally agreed that they were connected with the dog star, but which one? The real dog star, Sirius, or Procyon, the Little Dog? Then there were disagreements as to the particular astronomical performance of the star that fixed the dog days; as to their number, which varied in different estimates between thirty and fifty-four, and whether they were to be reckoned before, after or around the star's performances. The forty settled on precede the rising of Sirius with the sun. A belief grew up that in these days dogs went mad, but terrestrial dogs have really nothing to do with it. The original belief was that the star and sun together brought intense heat and all sorts of plagues.—London Chronicle.

Death's Euphemisms.

I cannot tell when the custom arose, but I know that it was customary in New England less than a century ago to announce a suicide in the list of deaths by euphemism—as, "In this city, 1st inst., A. B. suddenly." It was so common that on seeing such a notice any one would understand at once that the deceased had taken his own life. Those were the days when newspapers understood and respected a certain degree of reserve in regard to personal feeling, whether of joy or sorrow. Individuals had some privacy.

Another euphemism in regard to death is the phrase, "If anything should happen." Persons speak of making their will or making any definite arrangement concerning their possessions, "In case anything should happen to them." The phrase is almost invariably used where death is hourly expected, certain things are to be done or certain persons called, "if anything should happen," meaning that one thing is sure to happen.—Journal of American Folk Lore.

An Awful Dig.

"Oh, dear, I'm going on the stage next month. Aren't you surprised?"

"Why, no. I'm sure you will have no trouble in getting a position."

"Why do you think so?"

"Because there are very few women who are willing to take the grandmother parts."—Dallas News.

Ceremonies.

A very ceremonious Spaniard when asked why he was not present at the funeral of a certain personage replied: "Because he owed me a call."—Humor o' Spain.

Economy is in itself a source of great revenue.—Seneca.

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Health

Calumet makes light, digestible wholesome food.

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A Judge and a Pistol.

A correspondent of Law Notes writes of the administration of justice in a certain insular possession of the United States when the island was under Spanish rule. Judge Z. had had a quarrel with an editor. The judge arranged with a hoodlum to insult the editor in order to provoke him to a breach of peace. A policeman to arrest the editor was a part of the "plant." The plot was carried out, but the editor kept his temper. The officer arrested him, none the less. He was haled before Judge Z., who found there was no case. The judge took from a drawer of his desk a revolver, silver plated and beautifully inlaid with gold and mother of pearl, showed it to the prisoner and informed him that the policeman had delivered the weapon to him as one taken from the person of the defendant and asked him what he had to say to the charge of carrying arms. The editor examined the weapon, put it in his pocket, admitted that he had had it in his possession, produced a permit from the Spanish authorities to carry arms and, with true Castilian politeness, bowed himself out and off with the judge's beautiful pistol.

Cicero's Wives.

Cicero had a shrew named Terentia, who made him do as she pleased. He was under great obligations to Clodius, but when the divorce suit of Caesar against Pompilia came up for trial Terentia compelled Cicero to appear against Clodius. Tired of Terentia, Cicero got a divorce and married a rich girl named Publilia, left her and lived alone until his death.

Pity the Widower.

From the Cork Constitution: "The friends of a respectable young widow want to get her housekeeping in a respectable widower's family. Understands her business." There seems a certain want of finesse in this latter statement.—London Punch.

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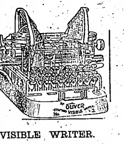

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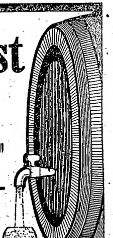

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TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

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8:00 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
9:25 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
9:55 am Ar....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
10:20am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

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Carl Johnson	Councilmen
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SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. DUNTLEY, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
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Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Smoke Lagora Cigars. s30

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

We have actually had several days of dry weather this week.

Mrs. E. L. Eickhoff spent several days at Crookston this week.

Henry J. Enderle, the Plummer cashier, was here last Sunday.

Ed. Whaley returned yesterday from a short business trip to Crookston.

Heman Pettibone made a short trip to Thief River Falls last Wednesday.

John Larson made a business trip to Red Lake Falls on Tuesday evening.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

O. F. Post made a short business trip to Crookston last Monday evening.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Mrs. Carl Olson and Mrs. N. Lindahl were visiting friends at Thief River Falls yesterday.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls will be at his office in St. Hilaire on October 3 and 4.

Rev. Lafayette Dodds, presiding elder of the M. E. church, held services here last Thursday evening.

August Benson went over to Grand Forks last Saturday and spent a couple of days with his family.

Mrs. S. M. Hoff and Mrs. Martin S. Hoff returned last Saturday from the southern part of the state.

Mr. and Mrs. M. McAndress made a short visit with friends at Red Lake Falls last Monday evening.

A. C. Mayfield braved the bad roads and drove in from his reservation home the first of the week.

A freight wreck at Red Lake Falls last Wednesday evening delayed the passenger here about an hour.

A one-legged man with a striking machine has been doing considerable business here for several days.

A. M. Edstrom let the town of Hazel take care of itself last Tuesday and came over to greet his old friends.

Miss Mary Hoff and Miss Josephine Gigstad went up to Steinert last Saturday and spent a couple of days visiting friends.

A crew of men were here yesterday loading a car of lumber for the Thief River Falls company which had spilled while coming this far.

Mrs. Robert Gebott returned last Tuesday from Portland and other coast points where she has been spending a couple of months.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Mrs. Herman Adams returned from Grand Forks last Monday and reported that Mrs. Lewis Adams who has been very sick is recovering rapidly.

All members of the I. O. O. F. lodge are urgently requested to attend the meeting next Thursday night as business of importance demands attention.

Edward Peterson came in from his reservation claim and has been spending several days in town. He has a claim near Kratka and appears well pleased with it.

For the next 30 days I will close out my entire stock of watches, clocks and jewelry at bargain prices. Do not forget to look over my line of spectacles.
M. J. LINDAHL.

We neglected to mention last week the marriage of Anton Anderson to Miss Ellen Whilhelmia Carlson which occurred Sept. 9th at the residence of Ossian Carlson in this village, Rev. Alex Sand officiating.

The state board of equalization now in session at St. Paul has raised household goods 100 per cent, office furniture 50, and farm machinery 75 per cent in this county. No one there to look after it is probably the reason.

Are you lacking in strength and vigor? Are you weak? Are you in pain? Do you feel all run down? The blessing of health and strength come to all who use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents.
—Imperial Drug Co.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

The rain last Monday seemed entirely uncalled for and did an immense amount of damage. The farmers are all hard at work trying to save some of their crop but the season is bound to be a very discouraging one at the best.

Julius Pleth and Oscar Carlson were over from Plummer last Tuesday. Mr. Pleth informed us that notwithstanding the wet season that there has been considerable activity in farm lands and that quite a number of transfers have taken place recently.

Good advice to women. If you want a beautiful complexion, clear skin, bright eyes, red lips, good health, take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. There is nothing like it. 35 cents, tea or tablets. —Imperial Drug Co.

O. T. Romsos, the Wylie merchant, was here yesterday. Mr. Romsos was returning from Sarles, N. D., where he and his brother are building a store. He seems well pleased with his new location and thinks that the future of Wylie is considerable of a problem.

On Wednesday Julius Pleth completed a deal whereby he became the owner of the building and confectionery stock of G. W. Casbon, Mr. Pleth sold both building and stock to Oscar Carlson. Mr. Carlson, although a resident of Plummer for the past year, is well and favorably known here and should do well in his new business.

William Maynard, head sawyer at the saw mill, had quite a serious accident last Tuesday morning. He was cleaning up around the carriage when Foreman Christie accidentally stepped upon the trip and threw a log which jammed his right hand against another log. The accident was a painful one and Mr. Maynard will not do any sawing this week. He hopes to be able to go to work on Monday however.

Sunbeam: The reservation settlers who bought land at the Thief River sale in 1904 made a remarkably good showing in making their second payment, as there was only about twenty out of the entire number who bought land at that sale that lost it by not making their second payment, and some of these were only one day behind, owing to a mistake in dates. The payment of the Crookston sale comes due next month and those who bought at that sale should prepare to meet their second payment within sixty days after it is due if they expect to keep their land.

Crookston Times: The big steam plow sold by A. J. and A. McKinnon to H. A. Carnahan for work on the latter's large farm three miles east of the city this fall arrived this morning over the Northern Pacific and is being put together ready for operation at once. It consists of 10 16-inch plows which will be pulled by a 25 horsepower Reeves engine which is specially equipped with wheels 3 feet wide. The operation of the monster stubble turner will be watched with great interest by valley farmers. Charles Babcock, representing the Reeves Co. in this city, is superintending operations.

Rheumatism, gout, backache, acid poison, are results of kidney trouble. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, goes directly to the seat of the disease and cures when all else fails. 35 cents.
—Imperial Drug Co.

Red Lake Courier: C. L. Hansen arrived from Crookston Monday to assume his new duties as assistant cashier at the First State Bank, with which institution he has recently become interested by the purchase of a handsome bunch of stock. Mr. Hansen is known by practically everyone in Red Lake county, having for a number of years canvassed for the Watkins Medicine company. He is a good business man, upright, honorable and aggressive, and will prove a valuable addition to the commercial life of the city. Mr. Hansen takes Ralph Wyer's position, and while we are all sorry to hear of Ralph's prospective removal, it is a consolation to know that his place is to be filled by so good a man as Mr. Hansen.

The Faribault Journal gives this good advice: A business college advertises to young folks that if they attend business college they can wear neat clothes all the year around. It seems as if this was not a wholesome way to advertise. If there are young men who wish to work in offices rather than on the farm or shops, that is their own concern. But to endeavor to make them think that overalls and soft shirts are not so genteel as a $12 suit and a linen collar is another matter. The first outfit has nothing to be ashamed of in comparison with the latter. It represents manly toil, and it usually means that the man who wears it, has another suit at home that beats anything the man in the office possesses. There is room for both kinds of toilers in this country, but it is preaching dangerous doctrine to cast any sort of odium on the costume of the laborer.

Cash Register for Sale.

A "National" cash register, cost $250, used only one year, in good condition; has two rows keys, total adder, registers from 5 cents up to $7.00; will be sold at a bargain. Call at the office of ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.
tf G. H. SANDUM.

For refreshments call at Number 488.

No Miracles.

We do not deem it expedient to mention the names of those who have the past week gone from here to Grand Forks to consult Rev. Chrismas. It is sufficient to state that fully thirty people from this vicinity have made the journey the past week. Reverend Chrismas, now of Grand Forks but recently from Grafton, was formerly a Canadian and he has been widely advertised as a "Divine healer." By invoking divine assistance and laying his hands on the patient, all mental and bodily ills would at once disappear.

It is perhaps needless to state that among the thirty odd patients from here there have been no miracles performed. Many who have been there are frank in stating that it is a purely comical transaction and that Reverend Chrismas is "out for the coin" like any other fakir. While he does not demand a charge for his services, he does take all that is given and besides he appears to have a side door keeper who receives a fee from all who do not care to stand in line for several hours.

List of Petit Jurors.

The petit jury for the October term of the district court was drawn Tuesday. The court commences October 23, but only the court cases will be heard the first week. Adjournment will be taken until November 13, on which date the jurors are summoned to appear. The petit jury will be composed as follows:

Gusten Jorgenson, Equality;
Adolph Zutz, Louisville;
Chris Christianson, Gervais;
Ed. Garceau, Polk Center;
Theo. LaBissoniere, Red L. Falls city;
Ernest Akerlund, Bray;
Chas. N. Bourdon, Red L. Falls city;
W. J. Potts, Smiley;
Hans Frederickson, Rocksbury;
Geo. Marchildon, Lake Pleasant;
C. F. Stenhemmer, Gervais;
Lawrence Hanson, Sanders;
W. T. Spillane, Red Lake Falls city;
Louis Toulouse, Lambert;
Henry Williams, North;
L. J. Parbst. Norden;
Paul I. D. Ostby, Emardville;
Michael Kees, Red Lake Falls twp.;
A. St. Michel, Louisville;
H. Hennemuth, Red L. Falls city;
A. H. Hebert, Poplar River;
Alcide Perusse, Terrehonne.

Harvesting the Hemp Crop.

Crookston Times: Farmers living southwest of the city who have put in large fields of hemp during the past season are now busily engaged with the fall harvest of the peculiar product and from reports the stand of tall fibrous Kentucky rope material is about as good es the best stands of the Kentucky fields. The hemp is cut with big mowers and allowed to stand upon the fields during the enrire winter, during which it undergoes the rotting process and becomes ready for the brakes at the tow mill south of the city where the big roller and crushers separate the fibre from the chive and bale up the rope-making material for shipment to the eastern hemp factories. Work in the hemp mill has not been pursued during the latter portion of the summer, on account of the wet weather.

Court House Improvements.

Red Lake Courier: The county commissioners were in town yesterday for the purpose of arranging for a number of needed improvements to the court house. The contract for a vault for the use of the auditor, treasurer and probate judge was let to James Brady for $342. This price is for the vault complete, except the iron door and lock, which will cost about $65 additional. The roof over the auditor's office will be re-shingled, and the roof over the balance of the structure will be repaired. New double chimneys will be built on the court house and the jail re-painted.

A Cousin of Prof. Andre.

Thief River Falls News: Otto Andre the section boss for the Soo road, who has charge of the track north from this city, is a cousin of Prof. Andre, the noted Swedish explorer who a few years ago attempted to reach the north pole in a balloon. Otto says that he had made several trips with his cousin in the balloon before the attempt to reach the north pole was made. One trip was made from Sweden to a point in Russia, it taking some eight hours to make the trip.

Married.

Miss Emma Engh, of Wyandotte, to Mr. John Maakrud, of St. Hilaire, on Friday evening, September 15th, 1905, at the Lutheran parsonage at Crookston, Reverend Krogstad officiating.

The newly wedded pair were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Mateson, of Crookston, at a wedding supper. They arrived here on Monday and received the congratulations of their many friends. THE SPECTATOR wishes to unite with others in extending congratulations and best wishes to the happy couple.

Universalists' Convention at Minneapolis

On account of the Universalist General convention at Minneapolis, to be held October 19-25, the Great Northern will sell tickets at one and one third fares for the round trip on the certificate plan. See your local agent for particulars. 6t-o14

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Wylie Gets Service.

Crookston Times (Saturday): Congressman Halvor Steenerson of this city, attorney for Wylie and the people of that vicinity in the recent contest against the Great Northern Railway for service over the branch line from St. Hilaire to Wylie, this morning received the decision of the railroad and warehouse commission on the matter.

The commission decides that the people of Wylie and vicinity are entitled to the service asked for, from St. Hilaire to that place daily except Sunday in the form of a mixed train.

The decision is as follows:

"That at the present it is unnecessary in the opinion of the Commission to furnish over the entire line from Shirley to St. Hilaire, but that the people of Wylie and vicinity are reasonably entitled to service that said railway company is now furnishing.

"It is therefore ordered that the Great Northern Railway Co. operate a mixed train, both ways, daily except Sunday between St. Hilaire and Wylie, so as to make reasonable connections with the regular freight and passenger service on their line between Crookston and Greenbush, until the further order of the commission.

"Dated this 13th day of September, 1905, St. Paul, Minn.

" By the Commission,

A. C. CLAUSEN,
(SEAL) Secretary."

The abandonment of the line is a matter over which the commission has no jurisdiction, the same having been conferred by the statutes on the district court of the state. The commission did not express any opinion upon the right of the defendant to abandon the line.

One Man's Idea.

C. H. Casey, an enterprising hardware dealer of Jordan, Minnesota, has the right idea of advertising. He read a paper before a recent meeting of which we copy below:

This subject of advertising is, I believe, one of the most important of all which a business man must consider for in many ways it involves the vital interests of his business. It is a selling agency and in a retail business it is probably the most important of all the selling agencies of your business. The first question is 'does it pay to advertise in a small town?' The answer to this may be found in the methods of the mail order houses. They do not advertise in the large cities; they strike the small towns. They describe their goods not to the city people, but to the people in the small town and country, and they get results. If the retail hardware man will take his cue from this and go at the people, mean business of it, he will succeed. When the city graft houses stop advertising through the territory covered by your home paper, you may conclude that local advertising does not pay. The same people that are willing to follow their ads, will read yours if you give them something worth reading. Put in something that means something, keep it fresh, and the result will justify the statement that advertising pays in towns large or small.

A Motor Sleigh.

A novel 4-horse power, high speed motor is being mounted on sleighs with pushers instead of wheels in such a way that the machine will travel at a good speed over either ice or snow. As yet none of these machines have been used in the west but the coming winter will probably see several of this type in the Twin Cities. An improvement of this kind in autos excites comment while an improvement in beer such as is represented by golden grain belt creates little comment. Just think how important this beer is, that it means health, strength and happiness to thousands and you in particular. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

If thou art a master, be sometimes blind; if a servant, sometimes deaf.—Fuller.

Order of Hearing on Petition for License to Sell Land.

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake }

In Probate Court,
Special term Sept. 11, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of K. O. Gigstad as administrator of said estate, representing among other things that said Nels G. Otterness at the time of his death was seized of certain real estate which is described in the petition herein, and that it is necessary to sell all of said real estate to pay the debts and legacies, and expenses of administration of said estate, and that it is for the best interests of said estate and all persons interested therein that said real estate be sold: and it appearing by such petition that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of the administrator to pay the debts outstanding against said deceased, legacies and expenses of administration, and that it is necessary to sell all of said real estate, and that it will be for the best interests of said estate and of all persons interested therein that the real estate described in the petition herein should be sold;

It is ordered, that all persons interested in said estate be and appear before this court on Monday, the 9th day of October, A. D. 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the Probate Court room in the court house in Red Lake Falls in said county and state, then and there to show cause, if any there be, why license should not be granted to said K. O. Gigstad to sell said real estate according to the prayer of said petition.

It is further ordered, that this order be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county and state.

Dated at Red Lake Falls this 11th day of September, A. D. 1905.

N. W. TARRANT,
(SEAL) Judge of Probate.
s16-4-o7

TRY PEERLESS
Bjerk & Dahlin
—Dealers in—
Wines, Liquors and Cigars
Gund's Beer on Draught
TRY PEERLESS

RAPP &
POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

The Pedestal
of Honor

is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.

Ladies' Shoes
like ours are not to be found in every store.

FIRE INSURANCE
— is a —
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.

When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class

— FOR RATES CALL ON —
HARRY E. IVES.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS
NOW ARRIVING.

We are getting in daily our Fall and Winter Stock of.....

Dry Goods :: Dress Goods
Boots and Shoes
and Heavy Winter Goods

AND INVITE YOUR INSPECTION

WE CAN QUOTE YOU PRICES EQUAL TO THE LOWEST

Call early and see our Stock of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods

E. M. HOFF.

$34.90 To California ......
DAILY UNTIL OCTOBER 31ST

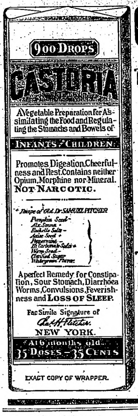
Through tourist cars every Tuesday morning 8:20 a. m., arriving Los Angeles 8:25 a. m., San Francisco 6:35 p. m., following Saturday. Double berth $6:75 via

THE SUNSHINE ROUTE

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway and Santa Fe Route

TICKETS: 365 Robert Street, St. Paul.
328 Nicollet Avenue, Minneapolis.
W. B. DIXON, N. W. P. A., ST. PAUL, MINN.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, - - - - - MINNESOTA



900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN.

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed –
Alx. Senna –
Rochelle Salts –
Anise Seed –
Peppermint –
Bi Carbonate Soda –
Worm Seed –
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Two of them.

A man while wandering in the village cemetery saw a monument and read with surprise the inscription on it:

"A Lawyer and an Honest Man."

The man scratched his head and looked at the monument again. He read the inscription over and over. Then he walked all around the monument and examined the grave closely. Another man in the cemetery approached and asked him:

"Have you found the grave of an old friend?"

"No," said the first man; "but I was wondering how they came to bury those two fellows in one grave."

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 and 912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Alfred Hovey, Cass Lake, Minn., mechanical fan; James Jessen, Minneapolis, Minn., register; John Le Duc, Mankato, Minn., steam boiler furnace; Claude Mentzer, Albert Lea, Minn., locomotive draw bar; Oscar Osmondson, Grand Forks, N. D., measuring tool; Charles Smith, Minneapolis, Minn., spirit level; Edwin Washburn, Minneapolis, Minn., car coupling.

Truer Politeness, Perhaps.

"Why don't you get up and give that lady your seat?"

"Because she's elderly, but dresses like a girl. I'm afraid it would offend her."

Here Is Relief for Women.

Mother Gray, a nurse in New York, discovered a pleasant herb remedy for women's ills, called AUSTRALIAN-LEAF. It is the only certain monthly regulator. Cures female weaknesses, Backache, Kidney and Urinary troubles. At all Druggists or by mail 50 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

Still Useful.

"Father," said an inquiring youth, "when a hen sits on an egg for three weeks and it don't hatch, is the egg spoiled?"

"As an article of diet, my son, it is henceforth a failure; but for political purposes it has its uses."

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Baby Gets Second Choice.

"What did they name the baby?"

"They call him Rojestvensky."

"My! Why did they do that? Why didn't they call him Togo?"

"Because they wanted to name the dog Togo."—Dallas News.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Made a Difference.

Young Actor—How do you like my Hamlet?

Old Stager—Oh, it was your Hamlet, was it? I thought I did not recognize it as Shakespeare's.

We Can Help You

In getting beautiful and harmonious tints on your walls with

Alabastine
THE SANITARY WALL COATING

Write for sample card of handsome tints. Tell us just what work you have to do, and see how we can help you in getting beautiful effects. Alabastine is not a disease breeding hot or cold water glue kalsomine, not a covering stuck on with paste like wall paper, but a **natural cement rock base coating.** Anyone can apply it. Mix with cold water. Alabastine does not rub or scale. Destroys disease germs and vermin. No washing of walls after once applied. Buy only in packages properly labeled. "Hints on Decorating" and pretty wall and ceiling design free.

ALABASTINE CO.,
Grand Rapids, Mich. New York City.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

No man can do himself any good by criticising others; but any man can accomplish something by criticising himself.

WON'T BUY BONI A PAPER.

Anna Gould Can Burn Her Money in Other Ways.

All in vain have been Count Boni de Castelline's pleadings for the purchase of the Paris Press. His wife, formerly Miss Anna Gould, still positively refuses to buy it for him and set him up as an editor. The countess is reported to have said that Boni has had too many expensive playthings to weary of and throw aside, and that she doesn't propose to risk any more of her money in what she feels is nothing more than a passing whim. The count, much upset by this direful state of things, will make no overtures to end the serious family quarrels it has caused. His wife, he says, is not only withholding shekels but immortal fame, for the Paris Press is a historic paper, which was founded by Emil Girardin, and many of Balzac's novels first appeared in it in serial form. The paper is to be sold because of the failure of its owner, who was caught in a recent sugar crash.—New York Press.

PLAINLY HE WAS AN AMATEUR

Real Golfer Would Never Have Said, "Shoot!"

Two little street arabs had been pressed into service as caddies at the Northland Country club links during the recent sessions of the Minnesota Golf association. They toiled wearily over the course in the rear of their respective principals for the greater part of a day. As the sun wore westward looks of disgust settled darker and darker upon the small unwashed faces. Finally they met at a putting green. Each looked at the other as if something which he could in nowise comprehend was clouding his mind.

One of the players, after an elaborate preparation, let drive at the whited spheroid which lay upon the tiny anthill. He not only missed the ball, but his club was demolished. He stood perfectly still for a moment, regarding the havoc he had wrought with deep displeasure. Then he hissed, "Shoot!"

The lads could stand no more. "Aw, come on, Bill," said one. "Let's go down town where the men is!" And they went.—Duluth News-Tribune.

HONEST PHYSICIAN.

Works With Himself First.

It is a mistake to believe that physicians are always skeptical as to the curative properties of anything else than drugs.

Indeed, the best doctors are those who seek to heal with as little use of drugs as possible and by the use of correct food and drink. A physician writes from Calif. to tell how he made a well man of himself with Nature's remedy:

"Before I came from Europe, where I was born," he says, "it was my custom to take coffee with milk (cafe au lait) with my morning meal, a small cup (cafe noir) after my dinner and two or three additional small cups at my club during the evening.

"In time nervous symptoms developed, with pains in the cardiac region, and accompanied by great depression of spirits, despondency—in brief, 'the blues!' I at first tried medicines, but got no relief and at last realized that all my troubles were caused by coffee. I thereupon quit its use forthwith, substituting English Breakfast Tea.

"The tea seemed to help me at first, but in time the old distressing symptoms returned, and I quit it also, and tried to use milk for my table beverage. This I was compelled, however, to abandon speedily, for, while it relieved the nervousness somewhat, it brought on constipation. Then by a happy inspiration I was led to try the Postum Food Coffee. This was some months ago and I still use it. I am no longer nervous, nor do I suffer from the pains about the heart, while my 'blues' have left me and life is bright to me once more. I know that leaving off coffee and using Postum healed me, and I make it a rule to advise my patients to use it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

CLERK HAD NO JURISDICTION.

Haughty Hotel Magnate Unable to Regulate Temperature.

In most up-to-date hotels all rooms are provided with thermostats—little instruments which permit the occupants to regulate the temperature automatically. Of course the usefulness of these contrivances is limited to the cold season when artificial heat is produced.

Some days ago, in the midst of the hot spell, a woman from Dubuque, Iowa, registered at the Hotel Astor. While seated at her window fanning herself frantically, she espied the thermostat on the wall. She had heard of the invention and pressed the button until the marker was opposite the 59 point, believing that a breath of real cold air would revive her at once.

Instead of growing cooler the room grew distinctly hotter. The marker, instead of remaining at 59, soared to 97. After three more ineffectual attempts to make the machine work, she went to the office and asked for the clerk.

"See here, that thing in my room is out of kilter," she snapped. "It says, 'Press down until marker is opposite the desired temperature figure, and the air in the room will change accordingly.' The machine doesn't work right. I'm hot. I want cold air, I do. I fixed it for 59, and instead of that I get 97."

"Why, my dear madame, I am not to blame," replied the clerk. "You should not come to me with objections of that kind."

"Well, who should I go to?" she retorted.

"I think you had best consult the Almighty about it," sighed the clerk. "He regulates the temperature during the summer time."—New York Globe.

WAS ONE ON HIM.

President Forgets His Purse and Cannot Pay Check.

When President Roosevelt made his western trip, while running for vice-president, he arose early one morning, according to his habit, and went into the dining car for a cup of coffee. The train had stopped at a little cross-road station. While Col. Roosevelt was waiting for his coffee one of the newspaper reporters from New York entered the dining car for breakfast.

"Sit down here, governor," said Col. Roosevelt, "and have a cup of coffee with me."

"Never mind governor," replied the reporter, as he took out his notebook and began a dispatch to his paper. "I've got just twenty minutes to write this yarn while they are switching about the yards, and, besides, I'm going to take something more than coffee."

"That's all right," replied Col. Roosevelt, "take whatever you like."

After the colonel had finished his cup of coffee he asked for the waiters check including what the reporter had ordered, but found that he had left his purse in the private car and had only 25 cents with him. The private car had been switched away off in the yards, and Col. Roosevelt, beaming with good humor over the joke on himself, said: "Remember, John, that the coffee is on me," and gave the waiter a dime.—Success.

Smoking a Bad Habit.

In Kalamazoo United States Senator Julius Caesar Burrows is regarded with an awe commensurate with the lenth of his name, titles, and Washington experience.

Julius Caesar, so the story goes, drops into a cigar stand in one of the hotels and buys a bunch of cigars with great regularity. He is an inveterate smoker. As he stood by the cigar lighter and proceeded to pay the dealer, light his cigar, and stuff the bunch of all day smokers into his pocket at the same time, he chanced to see two old men wearing G. A. R. buttons, who were sitting near by. He nodded his recognition at them.

"John——" Puff! puff! "How are you to-day?" Puff! puff! "Do you smoke?"

Yes, John smoked.

"Jim," to the other veteran, "do you——" Puff! puff! "Do you smoke?"

Yes, Jim smoked, too. The two vets wet their lips with their tongues expectantly.

Puff! puff!

The senator turned to the clerk with a sad look on his face.

"Smoking is a very bad habit," he observed sagely. Then he grabbed his change, and, puffing vigorously, made for the street.—Detroit Tribune.

Secretary Hay and Truth.

Secretary Hay detested all unnecessary and wanton falsehood. For the sort of diplomacy that rests essentially upon tergiversation he had a most hearty contempt. One of his sayings is famous in the diplomatic world. It was used of a certain titled European, not now a member of the corps at Washington. "When the count comes to talk to me," said Mr. Hay, "I do not use my wits trying to ascertain whether or not the man is lying. I know he is lying. What I try to find out is why he is telling that particular lie."

Queen Surprises Them.

The surprise visit which the queen of England paid the other day to the new military hospital at Millbank has had an interesting sequel. The king has directed that, in consequence of the interest felt by her majesty in the institution it shall in future be known as the "Queen Alexandria Military hospital," and the queen has presented twenty-four armchairs for the use of the patients.

Happened Around Too Late.

Diogenes had wandered into a cemetery.

"I understand now," he said, as he went from tombstone to tombstone, deciphering the inscriptions with the aid of his lantern, "why I don't find any honest men. They are all dead."

Company Will Educate Mechanics.

The Southern Pacific company is to begin the experiment of educating its own mechanics. Orders have been received from headquarters to begin the erection of a building on the railroad grounds at Sparks, Nev., for the purpose.

REMEDIES USED BY MILLIONS.

Truth About the Popular "Proprietary Medicines."

The recent campaign against the use of proprietary medicines, conducted in the columns of the Ladies' Home Journal and Collier's Weekly, has evoked an answer from the Committee on Legislation of the Proprietary Association. The committee says:

"In considering the question raised by recent attacks upon proprietary medicines every reasonable man will admit that there is a wide and legitimate field for the manufacture and sale of medicines already prepared for general use and easily obtainable at all times and everywhere. As a matter of fact these medicines are not patented at all, and the popular use of the word 'patent' in connection with them is a misnomer. Any pharmacist will tell you that practically the only 'patent' medicines in use to-day are those which are manufactured either by foreign or domestic pharmaceutical houses, and which are now almost exclusively dispensed by physicians or designated by them in their prescriptions.

"The medicines which are now the subject of wholesale attack by Mr. Bok and Editor Hapgood are the old-fashioned family remedies properly described as 'proprietary medicines.' They are the favorite remedies among millions of people all over the country; and, notwithstanding the constant effort of some physicians to create prejudice against them, no one ever yet heard of any of the millions of users of such remedies asking for legislation or other action averse to them."

Fine for the Chauffeur, Anyway.

The following incident occurred before Judge Tyler, judge of the municipal court, Norwich, Conn.: A chauffeur being brought before the judge on a charge of overspeeding his auto, swore that at the time of his arrest the machine was not traveling faster than three miles an hour.

"Very well," replied the judge, calmly. But rather than be beaten by the accused, he said: "I then charge you with obstructing the traffic."—Boston Herald.

Blow.

Mr. Freshman—I am told that the wind blows quite strongly here at times.

Prominent Citizen—Well, yes; that is so. I've knowed it to blow for twelve days and nights on a stretch, an' hold a sheep up against the side of a barn fourteen feet from the ground all that time, an' never once let him fall. And another time it blew so hard that the crows in Farmer Tatercrop's cornfield couldn't fly back tothe rookery, but they had to walk home. And another time it blew so hard that when young Spoonamore was crossed in love and tried to kill himself by jumping over a precipice, the wind blew him back again every time. I assure you, stranger, the wind can blow in these parts.

Could Get No Rest.

Freeborn, Minn., Sept. 18th (Special)—Mr. R. E. Goward, a well known man here, is rejoicing in the relief from suffering he has obtained through using Dodd's Kidney Pills. His experience is well worth repeating, as it should point the road to health to many another in a similar condition.

"I had an aggravating case of Kidney Trouble," says Mr. Goward, "that gave me no rest day or night but using a few boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills put new life in me and I feel like a new man.

"I am happy to state I have received great and wonderful benefit from Dodd's Kidney Pills. I would heartily recommend all sufferers from Kidney Trouble to give Dodd's Kidney Pills a fair trial as I have every reason to believe it would never be regretted."

Dodd's Kidney Pills make you feel like a new man or woman because they cure the Kidneys. Cured kidneys mean pure blood and pure blood means bounding health and energy in every part of the body.

Father—But I am afraid he is a young man of fickle character.

Daughter—Oh, no, he isn't papa. Why he has smoked the same brand of cigarettes for nearly six months.

Tumors Conquered Without Operations

Unqualified Success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in Cases of Mrs. Fox and Miss Adams.

Fannie Fox
Miss Luella Adams

One of the greatest triumphs of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the conquering of woman's dread enemy, Tumor.

So-called "wandering pains" may come from its early stages, or the presence of danger may be made manifest by excessive menstruation accompanied by unusual pain extending from the ovaries down the groin and thighs.

If you have mysterious pains, if there are indications of inflammation ulceration or displacement, don't wait for time to confirm your fears and go through the horrors of a hospital operation; secure Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound right away and begin its use and write Mrs. Pinkham of Lynn, Mass., for advice.

Read these strong letters from grateful women who have been cured:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— (First Letter.)

"In looking over your book I see that your medicine cures Tumor of the Uterus. I have been to a doctor and he tells me I have a tumor. I will be more than grateful if you can help me, as I do so dread an operation."—Fannie D. Fox, 7 Chestnut St., Bradford, Pa.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— (Second Letter.)

"I take the liberty to congratulate you on the success I have had with your wonderful medicine.

"Eighteen months ago my monthlies stopped. Shortly after I felt so badly I submitted to a thorough examination by a physician, and was told that I had a tumor on the uterus and would have to undergo an operation.

"I soon after read one of your advertisements and decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. After taking five bottles as directed, the tumor is entirely gone. I have again been examined by the physician and he says I have no sign of a tumor now. It has also brought my monthlies around once more; and I am entirely well. I shall never be without a bottle of Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in the house."—Fannie D. Fox, Bradford, Pa.

Another Case of Tumor Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"About three years ago I had intense pain in my stomach, with cramps and raging headaches. The doctor prescribed for me, but finding that I did not get any better he examined me and, to my surprise, declared I had a tumor in the uterus.

"I felt sure that it meant my death warrant, and was very disheartened. I spent hundreds of dollars in doctoring, but the tumor kept growing, till the doctor said that nothing but an operation would save me. Fortunately I corresponded with my aunt in the New England States, who advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before submitting to an operation, and I at once started taking a regular treatment, finding to my great relief that my general health began to improve, and after three months I noticed that the tumor had reduced in size. I kept on taking the Compound, and in ten months it had entirely disappeared without an operation, and using no medicine but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and words fail to express how grateful I am for the good it has done me."—Miss Luella Adams, Colonnade Hotel, Seattle, Wash.

Such unquestionable testimony proves the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and should give confidence and hope to every sick woman.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all ailing women to write to her at Lynn, Mass., for advice.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound: a Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills.

He'd Want a Harp.

The craze for giving and accepting coupons for the purchases of merchandise, to be redeemed by prizes, was given a more or less merited rebuke by Nat C. Goodwin. He bought a bill of goods and the salesman offered him the coupons that the amount of the purchase called for. Mr. Goodwin shook his head. "I don't want 'em," he said. "You had better take them, sir," persisted the clerk; "we redeem them with very handsome prizes. If you can save up a thousand coupons we give you a grand piano." "Say, look here," replied Mr. Goodwin, "if I ever drank enough of your whisky or smoked enough of your cigars to get a thousand of those coupons I wouldn't want a piano. I'd want a harp."

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease

A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Guess What.

"Now, Mabel," cautioned her mother, "you mustn't sit out on that damp beach to-night without anything around you."

"I won't, mother," promised the dutiful daughter. "George will attend to that all right."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Women show wonderful fortitude in pushing along a charity that sheds luster on themselves.

The man who believes he is free from delusions doesn't know how others look at him.

WET WEATHER COMFORT

"I have used your FISH BRAND Slicker for five years and can truthfully say that I never have had anything give me so much comfort and satisfaction. Enclosed find my order for another one."
(NAME AND ADDRESS ON APPLICATION)

You can defy the hardest storm with Tower's Waterproof Oiled Clothing and Hats.
Highest Award World's Fair, 1904.

OUR GUARANTEE IS BACK OF THIS SIGN OF THE FISH
A. J. TOWER CO.
Boston, U. S. A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO.
Limited
TORONTO, CANADA.
TOWER'S FISH BRAND

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC FOR WOMEN

troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES
For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.
Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.
THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

Of Course.

"Are there any published rules for girls choosing husbands?"

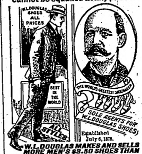
"Girls shouldn't choose husbands; they should stick to single men."—Houston Post.

WHEAT

The undertone of strength which has been noted in the Wheat market has led many otherwise well-informed persons to reach apparently false conclusions with regard to the course of the market. The fact that bull operators have emphasized the importance of disappointing yields in certain small localities is given a fictitious value by many country traders. On the basis of the latest government crop estimate, our former figures of an exportable surplus from the United States of at least 200 million bushels is supported and verified. When this one fact is taken into consideration in connection with the big Canadian yield and fair crops abroad, it will be seen that a tremendous supply of American Wheat must be marketed at the world's level. The best informed section of the trade believes that it will be difficult to maintain prices even at their present level when the new crop really begins to move to market. The foreigners watch our news very closely, and naturally enough are disposed to reduce bids when big supplies are available.

Edwards-Wood Co.
(Incorporated)—Dealers In
STOCKS GRAIN PROVISIONS
Main Office—5th and Robert Sts.—St. Paul.

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3.50 & \$3.00 SHOES FOR MEN
W. L. Douglas \$4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.


W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
ALL STYLES
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
Established July 6, 1876.

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES AND SELLS MORE MEN'S \$3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER.

\$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any \$3.50 shoe in the world. They are just as good as those that cost you \$5.00 to \$7.00—the only difference is the price. If I could take you into my factory at Brockton, Mass., the largest in the world under one roof making men's fine shoes, and show you the care with which every pair of Douglas shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes are the best shoes produced in the world.

If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes, you would understand why Douglas \$3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other \$3.50 shoe on the market to-day.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, \$2.50, \$2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, \$2.50, \$2, \$1.75, \$1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

WANTED. A shoe dealer in every town where W. L. Douglas Shoes are not sold. Full line of samples sent free for inspection upon request.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

IMPORTANT FACTS FOR COW OWNERS

The mechanical Cream Separator has become a vital feature of every home dairy just as of every butter factory.

Its use means much more and much better cream and butter, as well as saving of water, ice, time and room.

The difference in results is not small but big. Few cows now pay without a separator. Dairying is the most profitable kind of farming with one.

98% of the creamery butter of the world is now made with De Laval machines, and there are over 500,000 farm users besides.

Send for catalogue and name of nearest local agent.

THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.
Randolph & Canal Sts. CHICAGO | 74 Cortlandt Street NEW YORK

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

N W N U —NO. 38— 1905

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors silk, wool and cotton equally well and is guaranteed to give perfect results. Ask dealer or we will send post paid at 10c a package. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. *MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri*

Suffered 23 Years From Constipation and Stomach Trouble

Wilbert Thompson never knew a well day—he had been constipated all his life—many doctors treated him, but all failed to even help him—his health failed rapidly and on January 21, 1903, Mrs. Thompson asked us to suggest a treatment for her husband. We thought the case too serious and recommended that a specialist be consulted—but he also failed to help the patient—NOW HE IS WELL.

MR. and MRS. WILBERT THOMPSON,
801 Main St., Peoria, Ill:
MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CURED HIM.

Mull's Grape Tonic Cured Him

Mrs. Thompson first wrote us as follows: "My husband, aged 23, suffers from sharp pains in his stomach and sometimes thinks it is his heart. Let me know by return mail what causes the pain, if you can. Mr. Thompson has been treated by several doctors, but they have given him up."

We promptly advised that a first-class specialist be consulted. We quote: "We want to sell Mull's Grape Tonic, because we know it will cure constipation, but 50c. a bottle is no object to us when a human life is at stake, and if your husband's case is as serious as you state, we suggest you consult a reliable specialist, not the advertising kind, promptly." At the same time knowing that Mull's Grape Tonic could do no harm, we advised its use until a physician could be consulted. January 25th, Mrs. Thompson wrote that a physician had been consulted. He diagnosed the case as being chronic constipation and dyspepsia. His treatment was followed faithfully, but there was no perceptible improvement in Mr. Thompson's health. Then he began taking Mull's Grape Tonic and on September 3, 1903, we received the following letter from Mrs. Thompson:

"You will remember that I wrote to you last January in regard to my husband's health. It is four months since he quit taking Mull's Grape Tonic for constipation, which he suffered from since birth. He took just 24 bottles of it and is perfectly cured. He is much stronger and has gained considerably in flesh. I cannot thank you enough for Mull's Grape Tonic. 'It is worth its weight in gold.' Just \$12 cured him and he has spent hundreds of dollars with doctors who did him no good. It did all you claimed it would."

Very respectfully yours, MRS. W. H. THOMPSON, 801 Main St., Peoria, Ill.

Mr. Thompson stopped taking Mull's Grape Tonic in June, 1903. He has been completely cured and has taken no other medicine since that date. Over two years and no return of the disease, should prove a permanent cure.

IT WILL CURE YOU—BEGIN TO-DAY

CONSTIPATION

Stomach Troubles, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Blood Poison, Skin Diseases, Sores, Sudden Bowel Trouble, Diarrhea, Cholera, Etc.

No one whose bowels are healthy and active contracts these complaints. Invariably they are the result of Constipation which means decayed, poisoned and dying bowels or intestines. Check diarrhea and you are liable to fatal blood poison—a physic makes you worse. There is only one right course and that is to treat the cause. Revive and strengthen the bowels and intestines. We will prove to you that Mull's Grape Tonic cures Constipation and all these terrible Stomach and Bowel troubles because it cleanses the Blood and makes the intestines practically new. It feeds the starved condition and brings them back to life—nothing else will.

WRITE FOR THIS FREE BOTTLE TO-DAY

Good for ailing children and nursing mothers.

121 FREE COUPON 923

Send this coupon to Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 148 3rd Ave., Rock Island, Ill., and receive an order on your druggist for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, Blood Tonic and Constipation Cure.

My Name ____________________

Address ____________________

City ____________________ State ____________________

Write yours and your druggist's name and address plainly on a separate piece of paper and mail at once with this coupon.

The \$1.00 bottle contains nearly three times as much as the 50 cent size.

CAUTION: Do not accept MULL'S GRAPE TONIC unless it has a date and number stamped with indelible ink on the label.

ESTABLISHED 1870.
MINNEAPOLIS. **WOODWARD & CO., GRAIN COMMISSION.** DULUTH.
ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1905. NUMBER 11.

J. J. HILL'S NOTABLE ADDRESS

He Discusses Agriculture, National and World Affairs at a County Fair.

James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern railroad, delivered an address at the Fillmore county fair at Preston, Minn., on Sept. 20, which is perhaps the most notable public utterance of the many he has made. It is of national, even world-wide scope, and is attracting great attention. He began by expressing his pleasure at meeting a strictly agricultural community and then made this contrast between Southern Minnesota and Northern Iowa:

In your state here, and you will pardon me for making some comparisons, that may seem, as comparisons often are, a little odious, comparing Southern Minnesota with Northern Iowa, the tier of counties on the line of each state, with nothing but the conventional boundary between them, they have advanced a little beyond you. Curious enough your farms average exactly the same in acreage. You have about 180,000 acres more than they have and they have the advantage in the one item of live stock. Now, they have no advantage in soil or climate over you. But they probably gave up the raising of wheat a little earlier than you did. They probably took up the care of live stock, of cattle and hogs earlier than you did, and for that reason their yield per acre, and I am speaking from the United States census, the records show that they are $1 an acre ahead of you.

Comparing Southern Iowa with Northern Minnesota he said the Southern farms realized $2 an acre more than the northern and added:

There is no calling in the world where a man can be more independent or happier than he who cultivates the soil—a man on a farm is an independent prince and he ought to succeed. Your future will depend more upon the cultivation of the land in an intelligent way and the restoration of the qualities of the soil that give good returns. Live stock on the farm is worth more than the price you can get for the live stock because the manure as a fertilizer is worth one-third of the market value of the feed you give the animal.

Following along this line, Mr. Hill proceeded to say that if they could sell their grain, hay or roots, feed them to their live stock and they would get one-third more than the market price of the feed.

I want to say to you, cultivate your land. Take good care of it. Nothing will pay you as well. Stock raising means more to you and to the country.

Keep the Farm.

Keep your farms. Cultivate them; cultivate them well. Stand by your state agricultural farm. To-day I want to call your attention to this. I have taken ever since it was started the greatest interest in the state farm. There is but one change that I would make if I could, and I would make that in the interest of the school. I would separate it from the state university, because to-day it is only an attachment. It is strong enough and it is of more importance that the boys and girls of the State of Minnesota shall be educated to take advantage of and to intelligently cultivate the soil.

Everything that is of value in the world comes from four sources. The sea,—we have not got it. The forest,—our trees are counted, and in a very few years Minnesota will have no forests that are of any value. Theoretically we have twelve years of standing timber. Of course they won't cut it all in twelve years, but that will be because they reduce the rate at which it is cut each year.

Proceeding, he said the mines were next to the forest, but the farm in Minnesota produces more value, more gold every year than the mines of any state in the Union. When mines are dug out they cannot be reproduced, but crops can be reproduced indefinitely. The mines will not grow again, but the crops will. He urged them not to sell their farms, but keep them for their boys and girls.

He then related the circumstances of the great drouth in the northern part of the state in 1883, and how to encourage diversified farming he bought between 800 and 900 thoroughbred bulls and between 6,000 and 7,000 Berkshire pigs and scattered them throughout the northern part of the state and Dakota. Speaking of his recent visit to the North Dakota state fair, he said:

Practical Example.

I saw as fine cattle there as I ever saw in my life and I brought them over from Great Britain and had paid as much as $5,000 for a cow. I had more pride in seeing these cattle, because among the lot there was one animal that took the sweepstakes last year in the Dominion of Canada; in July he took the sweepstakes in Winnipeg in the province of Manitoba; in Grand Forks he took second prize, was beaten to a standstill by a North Dakota bull. I had a little feeling of pride creeping up my throat when the owner told me that he was a descendant of one of the animals I sent up there. They will get along prosperously together or will be poor together.

Mr. Hill continued at some length to expatiate upon the importance, advantages and independence of the farm life, and then took up general matters which might be termed national. Along this line he said in part:

Government Policies.

There are two main essentials to all successful and happy effort; industry and character in the man as a private individual, and honesty and intelligence in his acts and in the acts of those who are chosen to represent him in the life of the state. You cannot get along without either the one or the other. You are all affected, directly and permanently, by the quality and the acts and the policies of the government under which you live. If that is low or dishonest it will react upon you eventually just as surely as if you received into the intimacy of your family life some man of bad conversation and corrupt example. If that is unintelligent, mistaken or wilfully misdirected, it will affect you just as certainly as if you continue to use a plough that merely scratches the surface of the soil instead of turning it over, or carry your products to the lowest instead of to the highest market. It is your place to keep just as sharp a guard set upon these public issues and the way in which they are met as you do upon your own personal expenses and the actions of those who work under your personal orders.

Are your representatives—I speak in the broadest and most general way, for your representatives will compare well with those of other states—of the highest moral quality and fiber, and are they doing those things which are most clearly conceived to benefit you, the people, and not some interest aside from and antagonistic to your own? It will profit us all to think seriously about these matters, for the responsibility for them cannot be evaded or shuffled off.

War on Graft.

And first as to honesty, which is the main thing. You all read the papers; and it is a chief stay and hope of this country that the diffusion of intelligence and an intimate acquaintance with what is happening elsewhere has become so general. For that reason the extension of the rural mail service is to be classed as one of the real achievements of our time; one fit to rank with the spread of education in our schools. As thus familiar with events, it is scarcely necessary that I should remind you that the effort of patriotic men almost everywhere is to establish and maintain a standard of honesty and decency in public life. There is no word more familiar, as there is none more ominous in America to-day, than the word "graft." It shoots from the mouth like the spit of a rifle ball, and it is doing as deadly work as that weapon in the hands of a murderer. Great commonwealths are to-day as comparatively in the hands of mercenaries as a captive in the power of brigands holding him for ransom.

Real Men in Office.

You can have, perhaps, no higher duty than that of stamping out every tendency toward this evil. Have you always tested the sincerity and the honor of the men who appealed to you for public support? Have you never given your aid to a man because he was supposed to be "smart" as a candidate for a place whom you would not for a moment trust to represent you in a business transaction? Have you never sent to office a man whose record was not what it should be? And have you never given your representatives, in state or nation, to understand that they would win your approval and a continuance of the honors they covet by getting the most numerous and the largest appropriations for unnecessary undertakings in your city or town or district? If you have, then remember that reform must begin at the fountain head, the people. And as a state or a city or a nation has no revenue, has no money except that which is taken out of the pockets of individuals through taxation, if you have winked at or tacitly rewarded this practice, then you have encouraged and promoted graft. No man and no nation ever was or ever will be rich enough to withstand the continuous attack of unrebuked peculation; and no national or individual character can be pure enough to remain unsullied by a toleration of a low standard of honesty.

Now we come to another particular in which it becomes you to test these gentlemen who serve you and to ask every politician for his credentials. Let us see what they have done for you. You, by your unaided efforts, by unremitting toil and saving and the brave venture to wrest a living from nature, have accumulated certain resources of which all these varied forms of wealth that we see about us to-day are typical. To what extent, if any, have you been hindered by the various measures that will be quoted, as they have been quoted, in evidence of the care that has been taken of your interests?

Two Main Needs.

Your main needs are two: an adequate market in which your products may be sold at a fair price, and an opportunity to purchase those things that you need which the farm does not supply. To what extent have these been furnished to you, and in what condition do you stand with reference to them?

As far as your grain is concerned, you must sell in the markets of the world. There is no escape from that. The wheat of Southern Minnesota and the wheat of every other country on the face of the earth will bring to the farmer the price that is fixed in the world's markets. The great consuming nations, with Great Britain at their head, must have bread. They purchase it where they can, seeking all who have wheat and flour to sell. And by the competition of all these sellers, India and Russia and the Argentine and Australia as well as the United States, the price is settled. Have you been helped there? Of a truth it is impossible to help you in any way but one, to which we will come presently. The average politician, who does not give you credit for the intelligence that you possess, will tell you that you have been helped, have been "protected," as he will call it, by placing a tariff on wheat and other products of the farm. But you know better. You know that a tariff on imports of an article which you do not wish to import, but which you have for sale in vast quantities, is as useless as a steam heating plant in August. In the year ended June 30, 1904, there were imported into the United States just 6,852 bushels of wheat in all. How did the protective tariff protect this? This last year there were imported 3,102,585 bushels. Either figure is totally insignificant in a country whose own wheat crop runs from 600,000,000 to 800,000,000 bushels. But the fluctuation itself shows, since the tariff remained unaltered, that the latter has nothing whatever to do with the matter. Your grain and your dairy products and your live stock are beyond the reach of all such assistance. The market in which your grain, cattle and hogs are sold is not affected by them at all. And consequently, whatever you may think or may say to the gentlemen who tell you that a tariff has been enacted for your benefit, you may reply with great confidence that, as far as sales of your products are concerned, it profits you no more than an edict against immigration from the moon.

There is one way, however, in which you may be helped, and that is by lessening the cost of transportation. What you get for the yield of your farms is the price where the consumer lives, less the cost of carrying the article from you to him. That cost you have to bear. Anything that diminishes it is money in your pocket: and when any one advises you that you are vitally interested in decreasing the cost of transportation he is telling you the truth. But how is this to be brought about?

No one can arbitrarily send out a proclamation that such a service shall be performed at such and such a charge. The business of transportation is like all other business in this: it must be conducted on a business basis. The cost of it can be lessened only by economies growing out of increased volume. So he does most for you in this respect who opens new markets, secures new customers and helps to swell the volume of products and of purchases. This is the way in which the diminution of the cost of carriage has been effected, and the change is greater than has occurred in the price of almost any other commodity. The average receipts per ton per one hundred miles of all the railroads in the United States were $1.99 in 1870, $1.17 in 1880, 91 cents in 1890, 74 cents in 1903, while in Great Britain it is $2.35 and on the continent of Europe from $2.10 to $1.70. The Great Northern railroad has been reducing its rates progressively for the last twenty-five years. The records of the company and of the state railway commission show that, if its freight tariffs had not been altered in that time, if it had charged throughout until to-day the rates that were then in force, it would have received more than $676,000,000 more than it has received during the twenty-five years, an average of over $27,000,000, and this a reduction on one road, and I am as proud of that as I am of being here with you. That is a measure of what has taken place as rapidly as the growth of the business permitted and made prudent. And I need not tell any of you who read the papers and keep in touch with the events of the day that this work is still going on, and that the crops raised this year in the Northwest will be sent to market on the lowest freight rate ever made in the whole history of the Northwest.

Railroad Rates.

How has this been accomplished? By seeking to build up the country, by studying how to develop its resources and its prosperity, by inducing settlers to come and till the vacant land and by taking care of those already here. By careful business management and by recognizing the essential partnership between the man on the soil and the railway which serves him. And I want to ask you as you study these figures to say whether these results, so beneficial to yourselves, could ever have been reached through a policy of antagonism and force. Some of the politicians will tell you that railroad rates must be fixed by order of the government, and that this is the reason why they must be kept in public life. It is an easy prophecy, because it is an obvious fact, that railroad rates in this country would decline more slowly under government control than if fixed by those who have intelligently managed the railways. No public body would dare to make reductions so sweeping as those that have been made voluntarily by the railways. Unless the people on its lines are prosperous the railway must be poor. They suffer together or prosper together, and this condition will always remain. Those who make the rates with full knowledge of all the facts entering into them will make them as low as possible because that means more people, more acres under cultivation, more business for the railroad company to carry, more earnings and more profits. It is the right and the duty of the government to secure fair treatment and to prevent discriminations, but when any man says that he is anxious to have political place in order that he may help place the rate-making power in the hands of the government, and subject the fortunes of thirteen billions of capital, of millions of employes and tens of millions of customers to the caprice or the self-interest of politicians, then the history of railroad rates in this country as compared with those charged anywhere else in the world, and the history of rate reductions down to the present time, constitute a sufficient contradiction.

Mileage Tariff.

The government cannot discriminate between ports or places. It must deal with an absolutely equal and impartial hand with all. Therefore, it would be obliged, sooner or later, to ordain a strict distance tariff; that is, the charge for carrying commodities would have to be apportioned to the number of miles in the haul. The low charge for the long haul would disappear, and freight would pay a mileage tariff. Now to some that would make little difference; but you here in Minnesota, in the center of the continent, distant from 1,500 to 2,000 miles from all the great markets, about whom a big circle might be described and have its circumference sweep along the coasts of the Atlantic and the Pacific and the gulf of Mexico—you would be the most heavily tariffed people in the world. When men ask for your support or demand your praise on any such grounds as these, it will be well for you to bring them to the challenge of the facts and of common sense.

Then, as to the markets in which you buy. How are you situated there, and what advantage do you owe to those who have settled your conditions? It would seem evident to most people that a system which permits the same article that you must have for your household or your farm to be carried abroad over thousands of miles of ocean and sold in distant markets at a price anywhere frm 5 to 50 per cent less than the price that is charged to you is not in your interest. It is because of that system that we pay annually an unknown amount of unearned profit on a total of some twenty-five billions of dollars which is the estimated volume of our domestic trade; that is, the buying and selling that goes on among ourselves. It is because of that and in order that it may not be changed by the fraction of a hair that the treasury deficit grows and promises now to reach $50,000,000 annually, and to require the imposition of other taxes, such as you have never heretofore consented to pay save in time of war and as a part of the sacrifices that it imposes. Is this to your satisfaction, and is this the form of service that will call forth your gratitude and receive your continuing indorsement?

Panama Canal.

Mr. Hill took up the subject of the Panama canal, treating it at considerable length. He argued that it could not be relied on to supply new markets. He cited the opinion of an expert, Mr. Harold Boice of the treasury department, who had written an elaborate article taking the same view. His argument was fortified by statistics showing how small an amount of our products the South American states could possibly use. He quoted Mr. Boice as saying that if we could secure one-half the imports of Asia, that traffic in one year would pay the cost of the canal and leave a balance of $300,000,000. He expected the canal would be made, but it would not bring market results.

Scarcity of Lands and Irrigation.

He considered the growing scarcity of agricultural lands and the defects in our land laws which allowed speculators and great combinations to secure millions of acres, to the exclusion of farmers. He highly commended the national irrigation movement, saying the work now under way would redeem 60,000,000 acres, and he had no doubt in the end many times that amount.

Markets.

The final question of all was securing markets for our products, he said.

Our exports of commodities the product of agriculture for the year 1904 were valued at $853,643,073, and were 59.48 per cent of all our exports. Our exports of manufactured articles were valued at $452,415,921, or 31.52 per cent of the whole. The ratio is very nearly two to one. Moreover, the tendency is for the former to increase while the latter decreases. In the commercial war upon us which has already heard the firing of the first gun, it is the manufactured article that will be banned by the severest prohibition. But upon all that we have to sell the disadvantage will fall. Our statesmen assumed that we alone could use a protective tariff to advantage, overlooking the very simple process of other nations meeting one tariff with another. The rest of the world has been wonderfully patient. It has taken no notice until we began to be thought of not exactly as a dangerous competitor in manufactured commodities, for we are not yet, but as a possible one. Then it took counsel, and the new German tariff is the first step in a league where we shall find all Europe commercially banded against us. What are we going to do about it? Where are we going to find our markets; and especially the market for the immense product of our soil that will continue to be our main resource and dependence

There are enough people within direct reach of us in Asia to require our entire annual wheat crop if each person consumed only the trifling amount of two bushels per annum. We have studied that trade and prepared for it. We have helped to build it up, and put millions of money into the greatest steamships that ever sailed the seas to serve it. We did these things in order that we might be able to make a rate under which this Oriental trade could live. For these people cannot pay high transportation charges; they will buy in some other market; and you cannot send wheat from the interior of the United States across half the continent and the whole breadth of the Pacific ocean if you have a big or even a reasonable mileage charge.

Well, we have met with obstacles at every step; not the obstacles that busy men have a right to expect and know how to meet, such as the shrewdness of competitors or the difficulty of conquering material things, but interference with plans and regulations and rules and orders that can serve no purpose except to make impossible the maintenance of this new market. These customers are outraged by a policy that insults their national dignity and their personal self-respect until they determine to buy no more of us. These ships, instead of meeting with reasonable encouragement, are hampered and tied down by regulations which make it as costly as possible to operate them. These rates, which are the essential parts of the whole affair, are destroyed by laws that put us at the mercy of every foreign tramp that floats the seas. And this, mind you, not in behalf of any home interest that might suffer, for these ocean rates do not concern the domestic producer more than they must be low enough to admit him to outside markets, but only to the annoyance and detriment and discouragement of American foreign trade in the great staples that you help to produce and that must continue to enter increasingly into our dealings with other peoples. The total foreign commerce of Japan and China amounts to $750,000,000 a year in round numbers. It is destined to increase and multiply at a rate that will astonish the world, and we might have the lion's share of it if we only exercised common sense and business prudence and patriotic foresight.

Open Market.

This problem of the market is your problem. This fallacy that the United States is getting control of the markets of the world needs to be studied into and honestly answered. Because our highly protected manufacturers are able, by reason of the big prices they charge you, to send a certain portion of their output abroad and sell it for half what you pay, we are not conquering the commercial world. The market belongs to the man who makes the lowest price; and in the United States, where it is a matter of both pride and principle to pay labor well, the high wage rate stands like a wall across the way of ultimately successful competition with countries where hours are long and wages low, and prices correspondingly reduced. With the new adjustments and policies now in favor among the nations, we shall presently see this market severely restricted. It is for you to take care that you do not lose, at the same time, your markets abroad for the breadstuffs and provisions, the raw cotton, the great products of the soil out of which your wealth must come. It is for you to see that other markets, instead, are opened for the enterprise of yourselves and your children.

Mr. Hill concluded with another appeal to stand by the agricultural school and not continue it as an annex to the state university in order to secure appropriation to educate the sons and daughters of people who are able to pay for their education.

LAWSON TO WAGE INSURANCE WAR

AUTHOR OF "FRENZIED FINANCE" LEADS BIG ARMY OF POLICYHOLDERS.

PUT GRAFTERS IN PRISON

LAWSON SAYS $150,000,000 HAS BEEN STOLEN FORM POLICYHOLDERS.

WANT DEPEW ON THE STAND

WILL BE ASKED TO EXPLAIN PARTICIPATION IN EUITABLE SYNDICATE.

Boston, Sept. 28.—The end of the insurance scandal is in sight, declares Thomas W. Lawson. Through a great convention of policyholders which he intends to call, Mr. Lawson will lead a war on the life insurance grafters, and, as he says, land them in the penitentiary.

Mr. Lawson asserts that $150,000,000 has been stolen from life insurance policyholders in the United States.

Mr. Lawson holds the proxies of 16,000 policyholders. He says he has received more than 50,000 letters, among them letters from governors, members of congress, bishops, presidents of great industrial enterprises, doctors, editors, officials of foreign governments and sources so powerful that it would astonish the world were the names published.

Money Kings in Cells.

"But the end is in sight," declared Mr. Lawson.

"I make the solemn and positive assertion that, before all the investigations are finished, before the sworn evidence of the financiers of the leading insurance companies in this country which have been plundered is finished, there will be anywhere from 100 to 150 men now posing as men of affairs, Wall street magnates and manipulators of insurance funds, doing time in state prisons for terms varying from eight years to life.

"The first thing to be accomplished is to demand and secure restitution of the millions that have been stolen. There are certain men that must be detained and placed on the witness stand before they can get out of the country with their millions.

Hyde Works Frantically.

"James H. Hyde is working night and day to dispose of all his property and get out of the United States before the law can reach him. James H. Hyde must be placed on the witness stand and forced to tell what he knows.

"I propose to the policyholders of this country that they organize and then appoint delegates, one delegate to every five, or ten or fifty policyholders in a town or county. Let this delegate come to New York and there meet 10,000 delegates from other parts of the Union.

"I am prepared to bear the preliminary expense of such a movement; we will engage Madison Square Garden, in New York, and hold daily meetings.

"By such a show of strength we can command the respect of any legislative investigating committee. Such a committee would investigate along the lines desired by such an influential and intelligent body of men.

Where Are the Stealings?

"At that time I will present to that convention of policyholders — not a convention of life insurance agents sitting down to feasts provided by McCall and Hyde rivaling the feasts of Lucullus and paid for with policyholders' money—a diagram of the buildings in New York where the stolen funds are secreted, the homes of men built by plundering insurance policyholders, and then in red letters on that diagram I will mark '26 Broadway,' the home of the Standard Oil, the chief criminal on the list."

Want Depew on the Stand.

New York, Sept. 28. — The special legislative committee investigating life insurance companies reconvened yesterday. It was announced that Jacob H. Schiff, head of the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., bankers, has been subpoenaed.

Yesterday morning's session developed a great mass of technical testimony as to the syndicate profits of the Equitable Life Assurance society. The witness who was questioned on this subject was Henry Rogers Winthrop, assistant secretary and financial manager of the society.

Mr. Winthrop testified that in one of the Equitable's syndicate operations Senator Depew was a participant to the amount of $100,000. Senator Depew and Senator Dryden of New Jersey have been requested to appear before the committee.

W. S. ALBERS IS SENTENCED.

American in Nicaragua Given a Three-Year Term.

Washington, Sept. 28. — Minister Merry, at San Jose, Costa Rica, cabled the state department yesterday that William S. Albers had been sentenced to three years in prison; but that an appeal had been taken to the supreme court. Minister Merry also stated that Attorney Brubaker of Philadelphia, who went to Nicaragua as the Port Liman company's representative, would arrive at Ocotal to-day.

FORM STILL UNDETERMINED.

Norway May Not Chose Government Before 1906.

Christiania, Norway, Sept. 28. — A resolution signed by twelve deputies was introduced in the storthing at yesterday's session proposing, firstly, the summoning of a constituent storthing before the middle of November to decide on the future form of the Norwegian government; and, secondly, that a final decision of the matter be postponed until after the election of 1906. M. Loveland, minister of foreign affairs of Norway, gave an authorized statement in which he said Norway would take steps to secure an early recognition by the powers. This recognition would cover Norway's independent sovereignty without reference to the question of the government's status as a monarchy or a republic, which would be subsequently determined.

SECRETARY TAFT RETURNS.

Tells of Sincerity of Welcome Accorded by Japanese.

San Francisco, Sept. 28. — William H. Taft, secretary of war, with about sixty members of the party which sailed with him from here July 8 for a tour of the Philippines, returned yesterday on the Pacific Mail Steamship company's liner Korea. The Korea sailed on Sept. 17 from Yokohama and beat the trans-Pacific record of ten days and fifteen hours, made by the same vessel, by three hours and fifty-five minutes. In an interview Secretary Taft recounted the events of the party's journey and made special mention of the enthusiasm and sincerity of the welcome accorded the visitors by the Japanese.

SCARED BY FRAUD SUITS.

Dummy Locaters of Land in Oregon Abandon Twenty Thousand Acres.

Portland, Or., Sept. 29.—A dispatch to the Oregonian from Salem, Or., says that as a result of the vigorous prosecutions of land fraud cases in this state about 20,000 acres of school land situated in the Blue Mountain forest reserve in Eastern Oregon have been abandoned by locators, who forfeited in the neighborhood of $10,000. It is assumed that in most of these instances the land had been located by "dummies," and that the persons who provided the money became frightened and quietly abandoned all the claims at the same time, making no effort to recover the money invested.

RUSSIANS ARE JEALOUS.

His Rivals Call M. Witte a "Self-Advertiser."

St. Petersburg, Sept. 28.—M. Witte is expected to arrive here to-day. His progress through France and Germany has been watched with interest, but none the less it has added to the jealousy toward him in certain quarters, which was freely manifested after his success at Portsmouth. The fact that he went to see Emperor William enabled his enemies to characterize him as a "self-advertiser." Emperor William's gift to M. Witte of the Order of the Black Eagle has had a gratifying effect, much more than when his majesty conferred the order on Gen. Stoessel.

EARTH YAWNS IN SWEDEN.

Lundby, on Hisingen, Shaken by Severe Tremors.

Gothenberg, Sweden, Sept. 28—A severe earthquake was felt at Lundby, Hisingen island, six miles north of Gothenberg. It cracked the walls of houses and fissured the surface of the ground. Subterranean rumblings were quickly followed by the violent rocking of houses, the splitting of inner and outer walls, driving the inmates to seek safety in the open air. In many places fissures a foot wide were opened up, while the level of the ground in the eastern part of the island sank appreciably. The disturbance lasted a minute.

HEBREWS TO HAVE CHURCH.

Synagogue and Cemetery Are Projected.

Winona, Minn., Sept. 28.—A number of the Hebrew residents of this city have filed with the register of deeds articles of incorporation and will organize a Hebrew church. All the members by the articles will be taxed 40 cents a month and it is expected that considerable money will be contributed. It is intended later to erect a synagogue and to purchase a small tract of land for a cemetery.

SISTER SWORE FALSELY.

Brother Sent to Prison for Crime of Which He Was Innocent.

St. Louis, Sept. 28. — It became known yesterday that Adelina Elizabeth Knobel, aged eighteen years, made affidavit last Monday that at the instance of her sweetheart she swore falsely against her brother, Joseph Knobel, two years ago, and he was sent to the penitentiary for ten years on conviction of manslaughter, of which he was innocent. The girl made the confession, she said, because she was overwhelmed with remorse.

Five Injured in Collision.

Connersville, Ind., Sept. 28. — In a rear-end collision near Glenwood late yesterday afternoon, a passenger train crashed into a freight train. Five were injured, one fatally, two seriously and one slightly.

Takes Acid for Medicine.

Winona, Minn., Sept. 28. — Johann Weyer, a prominent farmer near Lewiston, in this county, took a dose of carbolic acid by mistake for medicine yesterday afternoon and died within an hour.

MEAT PACKERS ARE SCORED ON

DISTRICT ATTORNEY UPHELD BY THE COURT ON IMPORTANT POINT.

SUBPOENA OUT FOR MEAT MEN

AUTHORITIES CALL UPON "S. & S." REBATERS TO TELL WHAT THEY KNOW.

TO TESTIFY UNDER PROTEST

GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS FIND IMPORTANT WITNESSES AFTER LONG SEARCH.

Chicago, Sept. 28. — A victory was scored yesterday by United States District Attorney C. B. Morrison in his struggle to bring to a successful finish the prosecution of the meat packers.

During the argument against a demurrer filed by Attorney Morrison against the plea in abatement filed some time ago by the defending attorneys, contesting the indictment which charges the various packers and their associates with conspiracy in restraint of trade, the question of the right of the packers to appear in court at the time of the impaneling of the federal grand jury to challenge jurors as they were impaneled was raised, and Judge J. Otis Humphrey decided in favor of the government.

Subpoenae Meat Men.

An attempt on the part of the government to secure evidence from the Schwarzschild & Sulzberger company in the prosecution of the other packers is said to be a move District Attorney Morrison has under way.

The four officials of the Schwarzschild & Sulzberger company who pleaded guilty last week to the charge of accepting rebates, and who were fined $25,000, declared at the time that they would not become federal witnesses in any of the beef cases. Their attorneys asserted that no official of the concern would take the stand. It became known yesterday, however, that Max Sulzberger and E. B. Fish have been subpoenaed by the government to appear in court in October.

An Ordeal in Sight.

Whether these and other officers of the company choose to become voluntary witnesses or not, it seems certain that they will be called and will be questioned closely by the prosecution concerning any possible knowledge of the violation of the Sherman anti-trust act by the packers under indictment.

Traffic Manager E. B. Fish, who has been subpoenaed, is the witness whom, it was charged in an indictment, Attorney Joseph Weissenbach and three other men spirited away to Canada. Government secret service men worked on the case for a long time and finally reported that Sulzberger and the other three attaches of the company are in possession of facts concerning a meeting of packing officials held within the past year, almost within the time of the grand jury investigation.

May Have Attended Meetings.

It was learned, it is declared, that a representative of the "S. & S." company was seated at the table about which the packers gathered. The details of this meeting will, it is hoped by the prosecution, be exposed before the jury which tries the packers.

Attorney Weissenbach yesterday strenuously denied that the Schwarzschild & Sulzberger company is turning state's evidence in order to "get even" with the other packing companies. He declared that the witnesses will testify under protest.

After a search of many weeks the government officials have succeeded in finding an important witness, Geo. T. Coffin, manager for Hammond & Co. at the stock yards. He has been out of the city for some time and was subponeaed yesterday.

Dog Shoots Master.

Norfolk, Neb., Sept. 28. — Altha Saltz, a young farmer of Meadow Grove, aged twenty-five, was shot and killed by his dog three miles north of this place. Starting for a hunt, he sat in the wagon with the barrel of his shotgun against his left side. He called the dog, and the animal leaped into the wagon, tripping the trigger and sending a load of shot into Saltz's heart.

Jacob Litt Dead.

New York, Sept. 28.—Jacob Litt, the well known theatrical manager and owner of theaters in New York, Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Minneapolis, died yesterday at Yonkers, N. Y. Mr. Litt had been suffering from a nervous ailment for a long time past, and his friends have feared for the worst for some time.

Bryan Sails for Orient.

San Francisco, Sept. 28.—Among the passengers on the steamer Manchuria which sailed yesterday for China and Japan, via Honolulu, were W. J. Bryan and family and D. J. Pokotiloff, Russian minister to China.

Sank With All Hands.

Adelaide, Australia, Sept. 28. — Wreckage washed ashore on Kangaroo island points to the loss of all hands of the ship Lach Vennachar, which left The Clyde June 14, bound to Adelaide and Melbourne.

GRAIN MAN FIGHTS COMMISSION.

Secures Temporary Injunction Against Wisconsin Board.

Superior, Wis., Sept. 28.—Last evening A. D. Thompson of Duluth, lessee of the Great Northern elevator in Superior, secured a temporary injunction and a restraining order enjoining the Wisconsin grain commission from in any way interfering with his elevators and the grain therein or in any cars consigned to him or any of his agents or employes. The order is returnable before Judge Vinje on Monday. The principal point in the case seems to be the question of whether the elevators mentioned are private or public warehouses. Late yesterday afternoon another of the Minnesota inspectors was arrested and is to appear in the municipal court to-day.

HEIR TO HAMILTON ESTATE.

Deadwood Woman Goes to Scotland to Claim Property.

Deadwood, S. D., Sept. 28. — Mrs. Phillip Newitt of this city has gone to Scotland, where she will take steps to establish her claim to a share of the old Hamilton estate of that country. Mrs. Newitt is related to the distinguished house of Hamilton to which Alexander Hamilton belonged, and a large estate was distributed a few years ago to minor heirs. Eminent lawyers have assured the lady that her claim is well founded, and she will lose no time in endeavoring to prove it so.

"BARKEEP" SHOOTS MAN.

Lumberjack Armed With Billiard Cue Is Fatally Wounded.

Rockford, S. D., Sept. 28.—A workman at the McLaughlin tie camp, known only as "The Big Swede," was shot here by a bartender who was acting in self-defense. The Swede, who is a young man, and had been here but a short time, ran amuck after a long period of drinking, and with a billiard cue drove every one out of the saloon. He then made an attack upon the bartender. The ball from the pistol passed through his neck and he is in a dying condition.

ONE INDICTMENT FAILS.

President Grant of Chisholm Found Not Guilty by Jury.

Duluth, Sept. 28. — William Grant, president of the village of Chisholm, who was indicted for subornation of perjury, was yesterday acquitted by the jury after fifteen minutes deliberation. Mr. Grant has several other indictments hanging over him, and all the cases will be tried at this term. The next case to be taken up will be the charge that he was concerned in keeping fraudulent accounts of the village.

EIGHT YEARS IN PRISON.

Sentence Meted Out to Wisconsin Lad Who Assaulted Young Girl.

Hudson, Wis., Sept. 28.—Oscar Martenson pleaded guilty in the circuit court to the charge of assault with intent to commit rape, and was sentenced by Judge E. W. Helms to eight years in the penitentiary at Waupun. He is seventeen years old and his victim is only twelve. He committed the crime in North Hudson in July last.

IS NOT MURDERER.

Jack Wilson Acquitted of Charge of Killing O'Brien.

Sioux City, Iowa, Sept. 28. — Jack Wilson walked forth from the court house yesterday acquitted of the charge of murdering Joseph O'Brien, alias Charles Lafey, in the railroad yards here on Jan. 12, 1905. The prisoner had spent the last nine months in the murderer's cage in the county jail. He was tried last spring and the jury disagreed.

ARRESTED FOR ABDUCTION.

Thresher Hands Accused of Persuading Employer's Sisters to Elope.

Fargo, N. D., Sept. 28. — Henry Brown and Fred George are held on the charge of abduction. They are employed on a threshing outfit near Hunter, and are charged with inducing the young sisters of their employer, one of the girls being only fifteen, to leave home. The girls were located at Blanchard and the men at Mayville.

Burglars Neatly Caught.

Oakes, N. D., Sept. 28. — Bittman's store at this place was burglarized last evening by four men. A lady returning from church heard a window break in the rear of the store, and called to her husband, who was standing across the street, and he summoned a crowd and the burglars were caught. They were given a hearing and waived examination and were bound over to await the action of the district court.

Woman Burned to Death.

Superior, Wis., Sept. 28. — Viola Rochester, an inmate of a resort here, was burned so seriously that she died at a hospital here. Her flimsy gown was ignited by a spark from a bunch of matches with which she was doing a trick. In an instant she was a mass of flames. She lived but two hours.

Le Sueur Banker Convicted.

Le Sueur, Minn., Sept. 28.—Livingston Quackenbush of Le Sueur was yesterday convicted by a jury of the crime of receiving money into an insolvent bank. The bank closed in March, 1904.

Killed in Sand Pit.

Minneapolis, Sept. 28—Percy Loutit, seven-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs James H. Loutit, was instantly killed by the caving in of a sand pit at Twelfth avenue north and Fifth street yesterday.

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H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Sept. 30, 1905.

The treaty is concluded and Norway will henceforth be an independent nation. Too bad they did not make it a republic.

A number of our exchanges persist in claiming that we have harvested a big crop this year. They must be trying to lower the price of wheat.

Now that peace prospects are good all over the world, the Republic of Cuba commences to look for trouble, and they won't be happy until they get it.

This year will have fifty-three Sundays. It will be one hundred and ten years before it will occur again. The year began on Sunday and ends on Sunday.

"Turn your thoughts on the higher things of life," says John D. Rockefeller. In other words, keep your eyes in the air while we go through your pockets.

The Minneapolis Times after sixteen years of work has suspended, the Minneapolis Tribune taking the subscription lists. The Times never did know exactly where it was at.

Theodore Roosevelt has been elected president but once and there can be no objection to electing him again, says the Anoka Union. No objection certainly, but the president has said he would not be a candidate again and his word has always been good.

Crookston Journal: The creameries of Wadena county, Minn., paid the farmers of that county $93,000 in cash in four months for milk and cream. The dairy industry should be encouraged in every county in northern Minnesota. There is more money in cows than wheat or any other crop that can be raised and pay day comes oftener and is a sure thing.

Ada Index: Two items appeared in last week's St. Hilaire SPECTATOR one following the other, that are significant. One is on the failure of the wheat and potato crop in that locality on account of wet fields. The other is a report of the local creamery, showing the large amount paid to farmers and how business is increasing. The last item shows the farmer one way to prosperity.

When we take into consideration the fact that the submerged lands of Minnesota which could be reclaimed by drainage are equal in area to the state of Massachusetts and would be capable of sustaining at least 3,000,000 people if rendered fertile by such reclamation, it is surely to the interest of every one to give all the assistance possible in an effort to bring about such result. Concerted action has many a time overcome vastly more stupendous obstacles than this.—Princeton Union.

Some of you fellows who never had a million dollars like we editors, do not know of course, of what the big pile consists. We will put you on. When you have a million dollar bills and pile them up flat on one another, and want to take one of them off the top, you will have to reach up 275 feet. If you laid them end to end you would have to walk 11⅓ miles. If you had that amount in silver dollars the pile would be 1½ miles high. And so on. We know, because we tried the other night, but the blamed bed slat broke and we woke up.—Ex.

Alcohol as Medicine.

"Alcohol has a certain position as a medicine," said Sir Frederick Treves recently, "but in the last twenty-five years its use by the medical profession has steadily diminished. It is often said that alcohol is an excellent appetizer, but the appetite does not need artificial stimulation. If the body wants feeding, it demands food."

When It Grew Tiresome.

"I never thought," said the conceited lecturer, "that my voice would fill that hall."

"No," replied the candid man, "I thought at one time it would empty it."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Love and Friendship.

Love is the shadow of the morning, which decreases as the day advances. Friendship is the shadow of the evening, which strengthens with the setting sun of life.

Duck Hunter Killed.

Thief River Press: While hunting ducks on Elm Lake yesterday morning (Sept. 21) in company with John Phillips, Herman Teigen accidentally shot and killed himself. The details of the accident as told to The Press by Mr. Phillips are as follows:

Phillips and Teigen crossed the lake in a boat and on arriving at the opposite side, Phillips stationed himself in the rushes, and Teigen started back to scare up a bunch of geese that were out in the lake. Shortly after the two men were separated, Phillips heard a shot. He could not see Teigen, so he called to him and asked what he was shooting at; not receiving any answer Phillips made his way through the rushes to where the boat had been left and found Teigen lying face downward in the bottom of the boat. A hurried investigation showed that Teigen had been shot in the head, the charge entering just below and a little back of the left ear. The ear was practically torn away and pushed upward. Phillips immediately started across the lake to Nels Johnson's which was the nearest house to the place of accident. Teigen was still breathing but expired just before reaching shore, this being about twenty minutes after he received the fatal shot. The remains were immediately brought to Thief River Falls and taken to Hick's undertaking rooms. The Marshall county coroner has been communicated with, but will probably decide that an inquest is unnecessary.

Mr. Phillips believes that the accident occurred just as Teigen was pushing the boat away from shore. He had a habit of carrying his gun by the muzzle and on stepping into the boat the hammer evidently struck the boat and discharged the gun.

The deceased was a married man about 33 years of age. He lived near Elm Lake. A wife and one child survive him.

The Raven.

Many birds seek the protection which the presence of man affords against furred and feathered foes when the breeding season approaches. Not so the raven. Its distrust of us is profound, and its nest is placed in some wild spot far out of reach of our possible attack or succor. But there are other enemies. I know of a pair that built on one side of a projecting crag high up on the cliffs of Rathlin island. Some fierce peregrine falcons occupied the other side of the crag, and when one day their eggs were taken by an adventurous collector they, sharing the popular opinion of a raven's blackness, concluded that their neighbors were the offenders and wreaked their grief and vengeance upon them. When, on their return from a foraging expedition, the falcons found their nest despoiled they were seen to hold a consultation, and after much deliberation they suddenly arose and both with one accord flew at the ravens' nest and sacked it, tearing it in their rage and indignation until not one stick was left upon another.—London Standard.

Stop Smoking to Enjoy It Better.

An excellent plan for smokers is to abstain from time to time—that is, fast from all tobacco, say, for weeks or a month at a time. This method enables the smoker to enjoy his smoke more when he goes back to it and is less harmful to his health.

"It is a fine scheme," said one man. "When I stop for a month I am equipped with the keenest relish and liking for a good cigar at the end of that month. I am rested, refreshed, recuperated—in pocket too. Thus I show that I am master of my habit, and not mastered by it. I have been doing this way for a long time now and I heartily recommend my plan to all smokers. I do not limit myself to any number of cigars while in one of my smoking months, but simply smoke at will, and then absolutely quit until another month is through."—Baltimore American.

Laughter and Health.

A physician in search of remedies for human ills finds that laughter stands very high in the list of prophylactics. The effect of mere cheerfulness as a health promoter is well known, but an occasional outburst of downright laughter is the heroic remedy. It is a matter of everyday experience, says the authority in question, that one feels the better for a good laugh, an explosion of laughter being in truth a "nerve storm, comparable in its effect to a thunderstorm in nature, doing good by dissipating those oppressive clouds of care which sometimes darken the mental horizon." This authority assures us that the memorable adage, "Laugh and grow fat," rests on a sound philosophical basis. Portly people are not given to laughter because they are fat. They are fat because they laugh.

Burglars and Chloroform.

Doctors agree that the public is wrong in the popular conception that burglars sometimes chloroform the inmates of a house before committing a robbery. The usual story is that the anaesthetic was squirted into the sleeping room through keyholes. A Kansas City surgeon who has had occasion to administer chloroform or ether 500 times says that chloroform administered in this manner would put a quietus on the burglar as well as the inmates of a home. Physicians have tried many times to administer chloroform to sleeping persons and have met with very poor results. The first effect of an anaesthetic is not to lull to insensibility, but to arouse all the mental and physical vigor of the person to whom it is given.—Kansas City Journal.

Railway Wheels.

Did you ever notice that the wheels of a locomotive engine are beveled? The reason for this is that in rounding a curve the outer rail is, of course, a little longer than the inner one. The difference is very little, but it would be enough to make an engine "skid" unless it were reckoned for. In the beveled wheel the higher part, with its greater circumference, is forced against the outer rail by the very tendency of the engine to drive straight ahead, and with the other wheel the smaller circumference rests on the rail, thus overcoming the difference in the lengths of the lines.

Calumet Baking Powder
Perfect in quality.
Moderate in price.

An Artist's Mistake.

Danton, the celebrated caricaturist, had a wonderful power of modeling from memory. After one long look at his subject he could go to his studio and make a bust quite perfect in its resemblance.

One day a young man came to him, saying that his sister was ill and about to die and that, although the family wished her bust modeled, they dared not excite her by mentioning it. Would he undertake to reproduce her features after seeing her once? Danton agreed, and next day the brother informed his sister that he intended to present her with some jewels and that a young man would bring some specimens for her approval.

Danton brought in the jewels and, going home, modeled a bust of striking resemblance. Next year an old gentleman, the father of the young woman, came to order a bust of the brother, who also had died. This, too, was a marvelous success.

The result of such planning, however, was not always as satisfactory to his patrons as in these cases. A gentleman who could not persuade his wife to sit asked Danton to enter a certain omnibus one day and fix in his memory the features of the lady opposite him.

He did so, modeled a beautiful bust and sent it home. It proved, however, to be not the mistress, but the maid, who had also taken the trip in the omnibus.

Strength of Insects and Animals.

A series of experiments made to test the jaw force and pulling and lifting strength of various kinds of insects gives some curious points for study. It has been found that a cockchafer can draw fourteen times his own weight and the common honeybee thirty times. From this it may be argued that, weight for weight, each of the above named insects is twenty-one and thirty times respectively stronger than the horse, whose strength, as a rule, is taxed to its utmost in drawing its own weight as a "dead load." A scientist once experimented with a small hard shelled beetle by putting him under a common table tumbler. The little creature, not more than one-third of an inch in length, was able to move the glass in any direction. After the experiment had been satisfactorily made both the tumbler and the bug were weighed, whereupon it was found that the little Hercules had lifted 960 times its own weight! He did not carry the weight, of course, but caused it to make some lively motions.

Fly Wheel Insurance.

Fly wheel insurance is almost pure mathematics. When a wheel is revolved at a high enough speed the centrifugal force exceeds the centripetal and the wheel flies apart. Solid cast iron explodes when the speed at the rim is roughly three miles a minute. A thick rim explodes just as easily as a thin one of the same material. Wood explodes at a greater speed, jointed iron at a less. The underwriter allows a rim speed of a mile a minute, one-third the explosion rate, as a safe limit for solid iron wheels. This permits a two foot pulley wheel sixteen revolutions a second, while it keeps a sixteen foot fly wheel down to two. A jointed wheel is allowed still less. The underwriter has only to name the number of revolutions he authorizes and to proportion his premium to the size of the wheel. The larger the wheel, of course, the more destructive its explosion.—Leslie's Magazine.

A Meerschaum Mine.

"Meerschaum is mined like coal," said a pipe dealer. "It is a soft, soaplike stone, and in Asia Minor its mining is an important industry. The crude meerschaum is called hamtash. It is yellowish white in color and a red clay coat or skin envelops it. The blocks cost from $25 to $200 a cart load. They are soft enough to cut with a knife. These blocks in summer are dried by exposure to the sun. In winter a heated room is necessary. Finally the meerschaum blocks are sorted into twelve grades, wrapped in cotton and packed in cases with the greatest care. The bulk of all this meerschaum goes to Vienna. There the best pipe makers in the world live."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Lamb's Quaint Humor.

Charles Lamb once said that he hated a certain man.

"Do you know him?" Lamb was asked.

"No," he answered.

"Let me introduce you to him," said Lamb's friend.

"No," responded Lamb humorously, "for if I shall know him I am sure I shall stop hating him."—Philadelphia North American.

A Crash.

"Bragley's down and out financially, you say? Well, well! That's strange," remarked Dumley. "Why, the last time I saw him he told me he was rapidly ascending the ladder of success, and"—

"Yes?" said Wiseman. "Perhaps in his haste he stepped off the top rung."—Catholic Standard and Times.

Fatal Thirteen.

Bill the Brute—Thirteen's my unlucky number. Pete the Dip—Wot makes yer t'ink so? Bill—W'enever I sees twelve men in de box and one on de bench I know I'm goin' ter take a trip over de road.—Cleveland Leader.

On His Last Legs.

"Do you buy rags and bones?"

"Yes, certainly."

"Then put me in the scales, will you?"—Papagallo.

The glory of ancestors sheds a light around posterity. It allows neither their good nor bad qualities to remain in obscurity.—Sallust.

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SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
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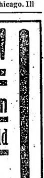

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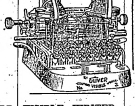

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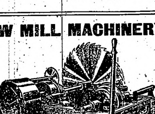

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8:00 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
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9:55 am Ar......St. Hilaire......Lv 4:55 pm
10:20am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

Minnesota Baptist State Convention.

On account of the Minnesota Baptist State convention to be held at Duluth, October 10-13, the Great Northern Railway will sell tickets at reduced rates. For full information regarding trains and rates, call on your local agent.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.

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THE LOCAL NEWS

Smoke Lagora Cigars. s30

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

James McAndress has sold his barber shop at Middle River.

Sheriff Dan Linnihan was a business visitor here last Monday.

Hon. L.C. Simons was here from Red Lake Falls last Saturday on business,

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Supt. Jenks, of the Great Northern, was over the line last Saturday in his private car.

Arthur Hendrickson returned the first of the week to the Faribault school for the blind.

Mrs. Dr. Blomburgh spent a couple of days visiting friends at Thief River Falls this week.

C. N. Bourdon, the Red Lake Falls real estate dealer, was here on business last Wednesday.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on October 3 and 4.

Mrs. P. S. Stranahan and Mrs. Jens Nelson returned last Saturday from their visit at Fargo.

Mrs. George Hughes returned on Tuesday from Crookston where she made a short visit.

A. T. Anderson, the Red Lake Falls furniture dealer, was a business visitor here last Saturday.

Miss Selina Hoff spent several days at Thief River Falls the first of the week, visiting friends.

Miss Pauline Neijand, of Red Lake Falls, was here last Saturday visiting with Miss Catherine Pirath.

Wm. Eickhoff left last Saturday evening for Neilsville, where they are still at work on the big ditch.

Messrs. Bivins and Griffiths, the New York Life agents of Crookston, were doing business here last Monday.

Landlord Coleman and wife, of the new Coleman House of Thief River Falls, were visitors here on Monday.

Editor Latta of the Plummer Pioneer feels considerably elated over performing his first marriage as Justice of the Peace.

The Wylie elevators are being torn down this week and, it looks now more than ever as if the village of Wylie was doomed.

Very few farmers have been in town the past week, all being at work utilizing the fine weather to save the crops and do fall work.

Agent H. M. Swenson is feeling good over the receipt of double wages for the month of August on account of the telegraphers' strike.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Rheumatism, gout, backache, acid poison, are results of kidney trouble. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, goes directly to the seat of the disease and cures when all else fails. 35 cents.

—Imperial Drug Co.

The weather has been the best the past week and we are now enjoying fine warm and dry weather which we should have had a couple of months ago. However it is welcome, and here's hoping it will last.

Mrs. M. McAndress and Mrs. Fred Case entertained about ten ladies at the McAndress farm last Thursday at a quilting party. The afternoon and evening were spent there and an enjoyable time is reported.

Jens Nelson, J. J. Soll and Chas. Fellman were out north of Goose lake last Saturday after ducks. They had poor luck going out and the dog ate up all of their meat, so it was bread and pickles for breakfast the next morning.

Willard Lee Eastman, the youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Eastman, of Rocksbury township, died on September 21st at the age of one year, one month and nineteen days. The funeral was held on September 22nd and was conducted by Rev. Alex Sand.

Are you lacking in strength and vigor? Are you weak? Are you in pain? Do you feel all run down? The blessing of health and strength come to all who use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents.

—Imperial Drug Co.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

M. E. Hoff and I. Dahlen drove out to the latter's claim last Saturday and bagged a fair amount of game on the way.

Mesdames Ramstad and Nelson, of Thief River Falls, were the guests of Mrs. E. M. Hoff a couple of days this week.

L. L. Remington was selected by the school board at their meeting last Monday evening as janitor for the coming year.

The Plummer Pioneer intimates that Oscar Carlson will soon have a partner in the confectionery business he has purchased here.

There will be services at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. All are welcome.

Alex Sand, Pastor.

The Crookston saw mill broke a big pulley last Wednesday and an extra one which had been here for years was sent down by team the same evening.

Rev. Barker expects to leave here the coming week to attend the M. E. conference at Eveleth, Minn. He does not expect to be stationed here the coming year.

Leonard Holmes was in yesterday with some fine crab apples. He set the trees out only two years ago and will have at least two bushels of fine apples this year.

Word was received here on Thursday that Sam Fangstrom, a River Falls boy, had been accidently killed at some point in North Dakota. We failed to learn any of the particulars.

Good advice to women. If you want a beautiful complexion, clear skin, bright eyes, red lips, good health, take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. There is nothing like it. 35 cents, tea or tablets.

—Imperial Drug Co.

The following young people from Thief River Falls formed a "jolly bunch" who made things lively here last Tuesday evening: Misses Gert Labbitt, Pauline Day, Agnes Kelley, Flora McNiven, Esther Kretzschmar, Alice Kratka and Messrs. Walter Robbecke, Homer Mussey, Ernest Richards, Orbin Eberhart, Staff Curran, Ole Berg, Chas. Kratka.

C. C. Elliott, the Minneapolis land man, was here a couple of days this week showing a couple of prospective purchasers some land in this vicinity. Mr. Elliott informs us that he intends to open a branch office at St. Hilaire in the near future. He will be in the market for land at the right price and expects to have a large number of Iowa and Illinois people here this fall.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: Contractor James Brady is busy this week tearing up the floor in the auditor's office and getting ready to build the new vault ordered by the court house committee last week. The vault will be in the northwest corner of Auditor Ford's office and will be about 12x15, extending clear to the ceiling. When finished it will furnish ample room and protection for all the books and records of the office. The large safes in the auditor's office will be used in some of the other offices, and just now Nick and Happy are in the midst of a discussion as to their disposition.

Cash Register for Sale.

A "National" cash register, cost $250, used only one year, in good condition; has two rows keys, total adder, registers from 5 cents up to $7.00; will be sold at a bargain. Call at the office of St. Hilaire Spectator.

Markham Dead.

Hon. J. M. Markham, of Bemidji, the builder of the Markham Hotel of this village, died last Saturday at Hot Springs, Arkansas, of Bright's disease. Mr. Markham had been critically ill for several weeks and has been in poor health for over a year. He had been a resident of the state since 1877 and has held many positions of honor and trust. He was about fifty years of age and leaves a large number of warm friends. The funeral took place at Bemidji yesterday, being under the auspices of the I. O. O. F. Lodge.

Old Veteran Dead.

On last Wednesday forenoon occurred the death of Knute Halgremson Savre, of old age at his home in section eight, Sanders. Deceased has been a resident of Sanders for the past twenty-three years and was well and favorably known by a large circle of friends. He emigrated to this country from Norway about fifty years ago and served with distinction in the Civil war as a private in Company G, 13th Wisconsin infantry. He responded to the first call in 1861 and served through the war although he was several times wounded and was an invalid ever since. Mr. Savre was 86 years of age last April. He leaves a wife and three sons to mourn his loss.

The Jolly Pulls.

The Pulls are to come here for one night, Thursday, October 5. This is the best opportunity that our readers will have to shake off the blues, and thoroughly enjoy a hearty laugh. Every one who comes away from an entertainment given by the Pulls do so completely satisfied, for the laughter is genuine and there is no trace of anything coarse or low in it. The experiments are chaste and delicate, and the work of Joseph N. Pull alone is a marvel of good taste. We gladly welcome them. The reality of hypnotism is today as well established as that of electricity, hence Prof. Theo. Pull takes no pains to prove its existence. Every one of intelligence who reads good literature concedes that, therefore all lectures and experiments are given to furnish a higher light upon the subject, and at the same time provoking laughter and amusement.

Builds Good Road at Small Cost.

Thief River Falls News: Chas. Elgsten, the farmer living south of town on the east side of the river who has successfully demonstrated the merits of the split log drag as a road builder, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Elgsten took one of the worst pieces of road in this section, from his farm two miles and a half from town to Greenwood cemetery, and has converted it into as fine a road as anyone could wish to travel over. Figuring a man and team at the rate of $3 per day, Mr. Elgston says that it has cost him just $20 this year to put this two miles and a half of road in its present good condition, and the numerous rains of this summer have made the work more expensive than it would be in an ordinary year. Next year he figures that it will not cost him more than $10 in labor to keep the road in its present good condition, and every year the work will grow less.

Mr. Elgsten is doing great work and it is hoped that other farmers will see the benefits and join in the road making. The split log drags are easily made and cost but little. In Missouri where they have been used for years the farmers all operate one after every rain storm from their own front gate to their neighbor's front gate towards town. If the farmers around here would adopt the Missouri habit they would soon have the best of roads and the value of their lands would be increased double.

Tearing Up Wylie Road.

Crookston Times: Crews of Great Northern workmen and work trains are at work at the present time tearing up the track between Shirley Junction and Wylie. The rails will be used in siding operations on other sections of the road and the ties will be burned. Trains will be backed down to Wylie from St. Hilaire every day and will carry a coach for the accommodation of passengers. The work will put an end to the controversy being waged between Red Lake Falls and Thief River papers as to whether or not Red Lake Falls was to be again put on a spur track by the road. An official of the road here, today stated that the train service of Thief River and Greenbush via Tilden had been very satisfactory and would be continued.

The beginning of the "end" on the old time road will be heard of with peculiar regret by the people of this section who remember when the line was built and the important part it has played in the life of Northern Minnesota and the development of the section of the state that it tapped.

"Steenerson Corn."

Sunbeam: We are fully satisfied that this is a good corn country, not from the observations of others but by corn growing. This spring we received with some other garden seeds sent out by Congressman Steenerson, a package of sweet corn which we planted on a well prepared piece of ground about May 15th. That corn soon came up and it kept a coming with a vigor that astonished the natives. By August 15th it had grown so tall that it obstructed the view of the steamboats on the river and we cut the tops off as far down as where the ear was formed. It did not get fit for use until this week, and two or three ears will make a meal for a large family. We have named it the "Steenerson corn" and shall save some seed from it for next year. We have not decided if it is the quality of the corn or the land that is responsible for the remarkable growth of this corn, but shall make inquiry of others who got seed from the same source, and endeavor to find out.

Foote Gets 15 Years.

Crookston Journal (Tuesday): Sheriff Bailey of Bemidji passed through the city last evening on his way to Stillwater with Fred Foote, who was sentenced at Bemidji Saturday to fifteen years of hard labor at the State prison for the murder of Matt Gannon.

Gannon it will be remembered was shot in a saloon at Beaudette last spring and the evidence went to show that Foote committed the crime, although men in this city who were there at the time and who knew both parties claim that Foote instead of reciving fifteen years should have been rewarded for the act.

Dr. Earl Marcum of Bemidji accompanied Sheriff Bailey on the trip as guard.

Universalists' Convention at Minneapolis

On account of the Universalist General convention at Minneapolis, to be held October 19-25, the Great Northern will sell tickets at one and one third fares for the round trip on the certificate plan. See your local agent for particulars. 6t-o14

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

tf G. H. Sandum.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Don't Be a Kicker.

There are some people who as soon as they see their neighbor getting along in the world, begin to kick at his success and to complain loudly that he connot be honest. Have you noticed this? Take some farmers who have made a success of their business, while on either side of them, maybe, are neighbors who have trouble in making ends meet. These men will idle away precious moments gossiping about the ways and means of the successful farmer, and express pity for him that he does not farm right, that he works his land too much, that his cattle are not profitable because he takes too much care of them, that there is no money in stock because the market is too low, and a lot more such stuff. In the meanwhile the successful neighbor is clearly showing them the falsity of their contention and is working hard to place himself in a position where, in a few years more, he can sit by his own fireside and take life easy, depending upon a competency which he has earned honestly and by means of many years of real hard work. A farmer can be the most independent man in creation. He ought to be the peer of any other class of business men, for the world grows rich or poor just in proportion as the products of the soil are plentiful or small. What your neighbor has done you can do. Just cease kicking and take the successful neighbor as your pattern, and in a few years you will be surprised to find, not only how much happier you are, but how much richer you are.

The Plaindealer Rises to Remark.

We rise to remark, that it is about time the press of this part of the state got through speaking of the Thief River Falls-Warroad branch of the Great Northern as the "Roseau extension." It is not our wish to claim anything that belongs to Roseau, nor to detract from its glory as one of the best towns along the branch; but the end of the road is not at Roseau, and will not be. The survey is completed to Warroad and the terminals at this place have been selected and determined and the ground for the same is being secured as rapidly as the owners of the various properties can be located. The Plaindealer has not been saying much about railroad matters, because it wasn't building any railroad; but we think there is no reason for any doubt that the Great Northern will be building this side of Roseau within a very few months and we may as well adopt at once a term that expresses the whole situation as to continue the use of a bobtailed one that conveys an erroneous impression.—Warroad Plaindealer.

To Change Inauguration Day.

After almost half a century of talk and agitation the movement to change the date of the presidential inauguration has at length assumed definite form, and is now making substantial headway. Forty-one governors have signified their willingness to serve on the committee which Commissioner MacFarland has organized to induce congress to draw up and submit to the states the constitutional amendment which is necessary to be adopted before a change can be made. It is expected that the date will be changed from March 4 to April 30, to add to the length of the short session of congress.

If we add golden grain belt beer to our regular diet there is but little danger of ill-health. Order a case for home use. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Custom.

Be not so bigoted to any custom as to worship it at the expense of truth. All is custom that goes on in continuity. All customs are not alike beneficial to us.

Matrimonial Music.

Trix—Is his married life one grand, sweet song? Tom—No, it's a "plaintiff" melody just now. He's the defendant in divorce proceedings.—Puck.

For refreshments call at Number 488.

Order of Hearing on Petition for License to Sell Land.

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake }

In Probate Court,
Special term Sept. 11, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of K. O. Gigstad as administrator of said estate, representing among other things that said Nels G. Otterness at the time of his death was seized of certain real estate which is described in the petition herein, and that it is necessary to sell all of said real estate to pay the debts and legacies, and expenses of administration of said estate, and that it is for the best interests of said estate and all persons interested therein that said real estate be sold; and it appearing by such petition that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of the administrator to pay the debts outstanding against said deceased, legacies and expenses of administration, and that it is necessary to sell all of said real estate, and that it will be for the best interests of said estate and of all persons interested therein that the real estate described in the petition herein should be sold;

It is ordered, that all persons interested in said estate be and appear before this court on Monday, the 9th day of October, A. D. 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the Probate Court room in the court house in Red Lake Falls in said county and state, then and there to show cause, if any there be, why license should not be granted to said K. O. Gigstad to sell said real estate according to the prayer of said petition.

It is further ordered, that this order be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county and state.

Dated at Red Lake Falls this 11th day of September, A. D. 1905.

N. W. TARRANT,
(Seal) Judge of Probate.
s16-4-07

TRY PEERLESS

Bjerk & Dahlin
—Dealers in—
Wines, Liquors and Cigars

Gund's Beer on Draught

TRY PEERLESS

RAPP &
POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

The Pedestal
of Honor

is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.

Ladies' Shoes

like ours are not to be found in every store.

FIRE INSURANCE
— is a —
BUSINESS PRECAUTION

That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.

When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class

— FOR RATES CALL ON —
HARRY E. IVES.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS
NOW ARRIVING.

We are getting in daily our Fall and Winter Stock of.....

Dry Goods :: Dress Goods
Boots and Shoes
and Heavy Winter Goods

AND INVITE YOUR INSPECTION

WE CAN QUOTE YOU PRICES EQUAL TO THE LOWEST

Call early and see our Stock of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods

E. M. HOFF.

$34.90 To California ......

DAILY UNTIL OCTOBER 31st

Through tourist cars every Tuesday morning 8:20 a. m., arriving Los Angeles 8:25 a.m., San Francisco 6:35 p. m., following Saturday. Double berth $6.75 via

THE SUNSHINE ROUTE

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway and Santa Fe Route

TICKETS: 365 Robert Street, St. Paul.
328 Nicollet Avenue, Minneapolis.
W. B. DIXON, N. W. P. A., ST. PAUL, MINN.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

IN THE BEST OF HEALTH SINCE TAKING PE-RU-NA.

MRS LENA SMITH

IN POOR HEALTH.
PAINS IN BACK.
SICK HEADACHES.
PE-RU-NA CURED.

Mrs. Lena Smith, N. Cherry street, cor. Line, Nashville, Tenn., writes:

"I have had poor health for the past four years, pains in the back and groins, and dull, sick headache, with bearing down pains.

"A friend, who was very enthusiastic about Peruna insisted that I try it.

"I took it for ten days and was surprised to find that I had so little pain.

"I therefore continued to use it and at the end of two months my pains had totally disappeared.

"I have been in the best of health since and feel ten years younger. I am very grateful to you."

Catarrh of the internal organs gradually saps away the strength, undermines the vitality and causes nervousness. Peruna is the remedy.

No Two Ways About It.

"That's the Widow Clingly. Her husband couldn't live with her."

"Nonsense! They were a most devoted couple."

"He couldn't live with her, I tell you. If he could, he wouldn't be dead, would he?"

RESTORED HIS HAIR.

Scalp Humor Cured by Cuticura Soap and Ointment—After All Else Had Failed.

"I was troubled with a severe scalp humor and loss of hair that gave me a great deal of annoyance and inconvenience. After unsuccessful efforts with many remedies and so-called hair tonics, a friend induced me to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. The humor was cured in a short time, my hair was restored as healthy as ever, and I can gladly say I have since been entirely free from any further annoyance. I shall always use Cuticura Soap, and I keep the Ointment on hand to use as a dressing for the hair and scalp. (Signed) Fred'k Busche, 213 East 57th St., New York City."

Cotton Assets.

Whitney has just invented the cotton gin.

"No," he sighed, "there's more money in the cotton leak."

WHEAT

The movement of spring wheat to market is now in full swing and materially exceeds that of last year. The Canadian crop is being shipped in large quantities and exerts a heavy pressure on the absorbing power of foreign markets. Under these circumstances one would naturally look for a lower price level, but in spite of the free movement buying by outsiders has been of sufficient strength to give the market a rather stiff undertone.

We are looking for, and for some time have expected, that the pressure of new wheat would cause some decline, and with this idea in view we believe traders should be prepared to take advantage of bulges and hard spots to make sales for moderate turns.

The Canadian wheat crop, while large, is not so great an item as to dominate the permanent course of prices, but before its influence is spent it will probably prove of enough importance to depress prices in American markets to a point where good purchases may be made for a long pull. Our idea in counseling the selling side lately is based merely on temporary conditions.

Edwards-Wood Co.
(Incorporated)—Dealers In
STOCKS GRAIN PROVISIONS
Main Office—5th and Robert Sts.—St. Paul.

BEST BY TEST

"I have tried all kinds of waterproof clothing and have never found anything at any price to compare with your Fish Brand for protection from all kinds of weather."

(The name and address of the writer of this unsolicited letter may be had upon application)

Highest Award World's Fair, 1904.

A. J. TOWER CO.
Boston, U.S.A.

The Sign of the Fish
TOWER'S FISH BRAND

TOWER CANADIAN CO., LIMITED
Toronto, Canada

Makers of Warranted Wet Weather Clothing

331

DE LAVAL
CREAM SEPARATORS
Save $10.- Per Cow
EVERY YEAR OF USE
Over All Gravity Setting Systems
And $3. to $5. Per Cow
Over All Imitating Separators.

Now is the time to make this most important and profitable of dairy farm investments. Send at once for new 1905 catalogue and name of nearest agent.

THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.
Randolph & Canal Sts. CHICAGO
74 Cortlandt Street NEW YORK

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS.
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

NEWS OF THE STATE.

STATE'S WEALTH INCREASED.

Personal Property Valuation Is $9,000,000 Higher.

According to the returns from the county board of equalization now in the hands of the state board, the assessed valuation of personal property in the state has increased nearly $9,000,000 during the year. The valuation in 1904 was $149,684,181 and the returns for 1905 show $158,307,416. As more increases than decreases are made by the board, the increase for the year will be greater than the present figures show.

Te board is about half through with its work, having finished most of the items of cattle, farm machinery and household goods. Manufacturers and dealers' goods, bank and other stocks and credits still remain to be considered.

The returns show a considerable falling off in the values of household furniture of different kinds. For furniture and wearing apparel there is a decrease from $17,771,259 last year to $13,925,313 this year. Gold and silverware shows a decrease of nearly a third, the valuation last year being $272,956 and this year $184,517. Diamonds and jewelry also show a decrease, the returns being $241,561, as compared with $379,473 last year. Office furniture, on the other hand, shows an increase from $1,262,198 last year to $1,443,132 in 1905.

Threshing machinery has increased during the year. The return this year is $1,451,959, and the valuation last year was $1,384,124. Other agricultural tools show a decrease, $4,548,246 this year, as against $5,272,602 a year ago.—M.

WITHDRAW TO SAVE TROUBLE.

Minnesota Grain Inspectors Quit Superior.

The state railroad and warehouse commission, in order to remove any ground for complaint and out of desire to prevent any possibility of violating the laws of Wisconsin, have decided to withdraw all grain inspectors at Wisconsin wharves or elevators. Commissioner C. F. Staples, while on a trip inspecting a crossing at State Line, near Duluth, took occasion to look into the grain inspection at Duluth, and the commission has sent a letter to Gov. Johnson, informing him of the complete withdrawal of inspection from the Superior wharves.

The governor had referred the matter to the commissioners when he received the letter from Gov. La Follette complaining of the action of the Minnesota inspectors. The commissioner states that he has looked up all the cases cited by the Wisconsin governor and found that they were on board vessels where he believed the Minnesota inspectors had jurisdiction, but since the Wisconsin authorities feel it a violation of the law he has instructed the Minnesota inspectors to see that grain loaded in Superior shall be steamed either into Duluth harbor or into neutral waters, where the inspectors may take samples of the grain.

TAKE FOODS ABOUT STATE.

Dairy Commission State Fair Exhibit to Be Shown at County Fairs.

The exhibit which the state dairy and food commission had at the dairy building of the state fair will be exhibited at several of the the county fairs this month. The exhibit will be shown at Blue Earth, Albert Lea, and Fairmount this month. Several other counties have applied for the exhibit, but as there are conflicting dates it has not been decided which of them will get it.

Inspector E. B. Heilberg will have charge of the exhibit and will explain to the fair visitors what the department is doing for pure food. Commissioner E. K. Slater will accompany him part of the time.

The exhibit attracted much attention at the state fair. It consisted of about 100 samples of food which had been found illegal by the department. Many of the samples shown were found to contain matter dangerous to health and others were fraudulent because improperly labeled.

The exhibit to be shown at the county fairs will be practically the same as that shown at the state fair.

Railways Make Money.

Gross earnings of $55,745,273.17 for the entire system, and $2,843,441.48 for Minnesota were reported in the annual statement of the Chicago & North-Western Railway company to the state railway and warehouse commission. The operating expenses in the state amounted to $2,189,871.89 and over the system $36,561,234.83, giving gross earnings of $2,843,441.48 for Minnesota and $653,569.59 net income, while for the entire system the net earnings were $19,184,040.34.

The Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake Railway company, a logging road, showed gross earnings of $14,509.01, operating expenses of $6,315.36, and a net income of $8,193.65.

The Minneapolis Railway Transfer company of Minneapolis gave its gross earnings as $150,757.45; operating expenses $135,069.16 and net income $15,688.29.

The movement to increase the saloon licenses at Fond du Lac from $200 to $500 was defeated at the special election. Complete returns give 1,802 for the $200 license, 1,106 for $500, and 89 for $350.

Lake Captain Dies.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 26.—Capt. David B. Cadotte, a well-known master of lake vessels, died at his home here from a paralytic stroke sustained aboard his ship Sept. 14. He was born at Algonac, Mich., in 1851.

Crew Is Rescued.

Dunkirk, N. Y., Sept. 26. — Dredge No. 4, owned by the Lake Erie Dredging company of Buffalo, doundered in a gale off Dunkirk yesterday. Capt. Miller and crew were rescued. The dredge was valued at $50,000.

STATE FAIR MADE BIG PROFIT.

Figures Are $39,643.33 Ahead of Fair of 1904.

This year's state fair has come out $39,643.33 ahead of the fair of 1904.

This is demonstrated by the financial statement made up at the meeting of the state fair directors at the fair grounds at Hamline. This year's total receipts were $238,200.05—$32,390.38 more than the receipts of 1904. The total disbursements this year were $149,876.62, which is $7,252.95 less than last year.

The following statement may be subject to slight changes in the auditing of $28,000 in unpaid accounts, but is otherwise right in every detail.

The treasurer's statement of the 1905 fair finances is as follows:

RECEIPTS.

Balance Dec. 10, 1904	$48,680.10
State appropriation	4,000.00
Stall rent	1,129.75
Forage	1,627.27
Privileges	22,433.25
Races	15,763.90
Tickets	125,380.20
Rents	938.15
St. Louis expense refunded	322.88
State Breeders' association	188.50
Expense refunded	155.00
Street Railway company, repairs on barn	160.00
Checks returned	21.25
Berman judgment	34.35
Interest	672.91
Fruit sold	7.15
Cloth and evergreen sold	32.10
Desk sold	12.50
Sand and nails	1.85
Coal sold	28.75
Lumber sold	21.00
Allemania bank div.	.52
Special premium by Yorkshire club	40.00
Shorthorn Breeders' association	2,112.50
Butter sold	576.00
Cheese sold	194.17
Official program	2,704.25
Advertisements in premium list	530.00
Fines	614.00
Miscellaneous receipts	87.35
Total credits to date	$228,818.55
Railway tickets out for collection	9,381.50
Total	$238,200.05
1904 receipts	205,809.67
Excess receipts, 1905 over 1904	$32,390.38

DISBURSEMENTS.

Accounts of former years		$456.54
Attractions		19,834.74
Advertising		3,403.91
Forage, fuel, etc.		527.91
Labor, material		5,332.61
Officers		5,900.00
Postage, telegrams, etc.		662.80
Premiums		18,076.79
Races, suspensions, etc.		22,645.75
Superintendent's assistants, etc.		16,348.86
Permanent improvements		22,117.37
Expense		6,569.34
Unpaid accounts		28,000.00
	$149,876.62	$149,876.62
Balance	88,323.43	
1904 disbursements		$157,129.57
Excess of 1904 disbursements over 1905		7,252.95
Present ticket account		$125,380.20
Add railway tickets		9,381.50
		$134,761.70

The directors in the afternoon were occupied nearly the entire time with the consideration of propositions for plans of the new live stock pavilion which is to be erected before next year. The last legislature appropriated $50,000 for this building on the condition that the fair management expend from their funds $50,000 more, making $100,000 in all. The directors have practically decided to select the site near where the live stock judging tent stood during the last fair. The building will be brick, with steel frame, and have a seating capacity of 7,500.

The directors authorized Secretary Randall to next season employ two men, instead of one as was the case this year, in beautifying the grounds with flower beds and general park improvements. The secretary was also authorized to employ men for making general repairs on the various buildings which needed attention.

New Uniforms for Guardsmen.

Adjt. Gen. F. B. Wood will advertise for bids Oct. 2 for the new dress uniforms for the national guard, and the uniforms will be distributed to the guardsmen before the beginning of the new year.

This is the new dress uniform, patterned after the new dress uniforms of the regulars. The blouses have stand-up collars instead of the turn-down collars of the old uniforms, and will have the insignia of the rank and detail of the wearer. The infantry uniforms will be piped with blue trimmings, the artillery with red and the engineer corps with red and white. The caps have the bell crown instead of the straight-up on the old style.

The problem of providing shoes will be taken up soon. Each member must purchase his own shoes, but they are purchased through the department. The shoes which the department will purchase are of two kinds, one a heavy shoe at $3.50 and the other lighter at $2.50, both tans.

BLIND PIGS WIPED OUT.

Itasca County Attorney's Report to the Governor.

Gov. Johnson recently wired County Attorney George H. Spears of Itasca county regarding alleged blind pigs in the county, and received a reply that the blind pigs had been practically exterminated. The governor had received numerous complaints that blind pigs were run in the vicinity of the logging camps and that they were to blame for many crimes.

TO OUST INSPECTOR.

E. T. Young, attorney general, has received notice that an action has been begun in the Rice county district court for the removal of William H. Cody, state boiler inspector for Rice county. The suit is brought by A. B. Childers, attorney for the International Union of Steam Engineers. It is alleged that Cody does not qualify under the state law, which requires ten years' experience in the operation of boilers and some experience in their construction.

USES OF THE MESQUITE.

Shade and Fuel and Bulwark Against Drifting Desert Sands.

"The mesquite tree is the boon of the Western American desert, and it is the only sign of apology nature has yet given for making certain parts of the earth wellnigh uninhabitable," said G. A. Long of Pueblo, Colo. "The white people first learned from the Indians that the mesquite affords the coolest shade of any tree, and the sight of the low husky growth is hailed with a shout of joy by the traveler. It also furnishes the only fuel of those regions, and lately still another use has been found for it.

"But cultivating a row of musquite in much the same way as willows are used in low and swampy places to keep the soil from washing, the sands of the desert are held in check from the action of the shifting winds, and thus great tracts of otherwise barren lands will in time be reclaimed for the use of mankind. Even the desert can be made to yield to the cunning hand and brain of man."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Blow.

Mr. Freshman—I am told that the wind blows quite strongly here at times.

Prominent Citizen—Well, yes; that is so. I've knowed it to blow for twelve days and nights on a stretch, an' hold a sheep up against the side of a barn fourteen feet from the ground all that time, an' never once let him fall. And another time it blew so hard that the crows in Farmer Tatercrop's cornfield couldn't fly back tothe rookery, but they had to walk home. And another time it blew so hard that when young Spoonamore was crossed in love and tried to kill himself by jumping over a precipice, the wind blew him back again every time. I assure you, stranger, the wind can blow in these parts.

DON'T MISS THIS.

A Cure for Stomach Trouble—A New Method by Absorption—No Drugs.

DO YOU BELCH? It means a diseased stomach. Are you afflicted with short breath, gas, sour eructations, heart pains, indigestion, dyspepsia, burning pains and lead weight in pit of stomach, acid stomach, distended abdomen, dizziness, BAD BREATH, or any other stomach torture? Let us send you a box of Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers free to convince you that it cures.

Nothing else like it known. It's sure and very pleasant. Cures by absorption. Harmless. No drugs. Stomach trouble can't be cured otherwise—so says medical science. Drugs won't do—they eat up the stomach and make you worse.

We know Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers cure and we want you to know it, hence this offer.

SPECIAL OFFER.—The regular price of Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers is 50c. a box, but to introduce it to thousands of sufferers we will send two (2) boxes upon receipt of 75c. and this advertisement, or we will send you a sample free for this coupon.

9305 FREE BOX 114

Send this coupon with your name and address and druggist's name who does NOT sell it, for a free box of Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers to Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill. Give full address and write plainly.

Sold at all druggists, 50c. per box.

A Parker Anecdote.

Judge Parker is said to tell as a favorite story the tale of a young man in Savannah named Du Bose, who invited his sweetheart to take a buggy ride with him. The young woman had a very fetching lisp. When they reached a rather bit of lonesome road the young man announced:

"This is where you have to pay toll. The toll is either a kiss or a squeeze."

"Oh, Mr. Du Both!" exclaimed his companion.

Her Fate.

Tess—You'll be all right if you can only cook. You know, they say the best way to reach a man's heart is through his stomach.

Jess (pessimistically)—Yes, it will just be my luck to reach it with heartburn or some other phase of dyspepsia.—Philadelphia Press.

"But you are not always bothered with poor light, are you?" inquired the complaint clerk at the gas office.

"Oh, no, not always," replied the quiet citizen.

"Ah! I thought so; it's only at certain times that you notice it, eh?"

"Yes; only after dark."—Philadelphia Ledger.

CHRONIC ERYSIPELAS

Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, Although Whole Body was Affected.

Erysipelas or St. Anthony's fire is a most uncomfortable disease on account of the burning, the pain and the disfigurement; it is also a very grave disorder, attended always by the danger of involving vital organs in its spread.

The case which follows will be read with great interest by all sufferers as it affected the whole body, and refused to yield to the remedies prescribed by the physician employed. Mrs. Ida A. Colbath, who was the victim of the attack, residing at No. 10 Winter street, Newburyport, Mass., says:

"In June of 1903 I was taken ill with what at first appeared to be a fever. I sent for a physician who pronounced my disease chronic erysipelas and said it would be a long time before I got well.

"Inflammation began on my face and spread all over my body. My eyes were swollen and seemed bulging out of their sockets. I was in a terrible plight and suffered the most intense pain throughout my body. The doctor said my case was a very severe one. Under his treatment, however, the inflammation did not diminish and the pains which shot through my body increased in severity. After being two months under his care, without any improvement, I dismissed him.

"Shortly after this, on the advice of a friend, I began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, two at a dose three times a day. After the second box had been used I was surprised to notice that the inflammation was going down and that the pains which used to cause me so much agony had disappeared. After using six boxes of the pills I was up and around the house attending to my household duties, as well as ever."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers in medicine or may be obtained direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y.

DEATH SEEMED NEAR.

How a Chicago Woman Found Help When Hope Was Fast Fading Away.

Mrs. E. T. Gould, 914 W. Lake St., Chicago, Ill., says: "Doan's Kidney Pills are all that saved me from death of Bright's Disease, that I know. I had eye trouble, backache, catches when lying abed or when bending over, was languid and often dizzy and had sick headaches and bearing-down pains. The kidney secretions were too copious and frequent, and very bad in appearance. It was in 1903 that Doan's Kidney Pills helped me so quickly and cured me of these troubles and I've been well ever since."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price, 50 cents per box.

That Photograph.

"What's the matter with my watch? It won't shut up!" said the customer.

"There's probably a woman in the case," was the jeweler's reply.—Detroit Free Press.

THOUSANDS OF LIVES SAVED

By "Mother's Medicine Chest" and Patent Prescriptions.

Commenting on attacks made by certain Eastern publications on some of the best known and most valuable of the world's proprietary medicines, the Committee on Legislation of the Proprietary Association says:

"All through the country districts, in every state of the Union, you will find in the farm houses the old family remedies, sometimes called 'patent medicines,' many of which have been in use in the same household for generations. Among such people the old-fashioned proprietary medicine, always at hand with full printed instructions for use, is one of the necessities of life.

"To families in the country many miles from a doctor such remedies are invaluable. 'Mother's medicine chest' has saved many a life and met many a threatening sickness at the threshhold and turned it out of doors. So far from constituting self-prescription, as is often pretended, acquaintance with a 'patent medicine' often obviates the necessity of such a step; for here is a prescription already made up, the effect of which is well known. One of the greatest advantages of such medicine is that its constant formula gives it the character of a single drug, so far as uniformity of result is concerned, and the people who use it know from experience just what they can count on—which is more than can be said of many physician's prescriptions frequently obtained at a far greater cost and trouble."

Her Object.

Mrs. A.—Do you know Mrs. B.? Why, they say she treats her children like cats and dogs.

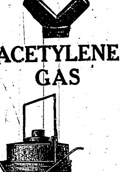
Mrs. Z.—Yes. I understand she is trying to rent a flat in an apartment house.

Mrs. A.—What has that to do with it?

Mrs. Z.—Why, you know they allow cats and dogs and apartment houses in preference to children.—Chicago News.

ARTIFICIAL
SUNLIGHT

ACETYLENE
GAS



PILOT Automatic Generators

can be installed at small cost in any home, large or small, anywhere. Acetylene Gas is cheaper than kerosene, brighter than electricity, safer than either.

Full particulars FREE for the asking.

Acetylene Apparatus Mfg. Co.,
157 Michigan Ave., ∴ Chicago

OLD WOOD FOR VIOLINS.

Manufacturers Buy Wreckage From the Lippincott Mansion.

The old wood in the Lippincott mansion has been secured by musical instrument makers, who claim that they have found a treasure in that the wood is not only seasoned, but is of a kind that it is almost impossible to get nowadays. One of the foremost violin makers of this country made the discovery that the joists in the yellow mansion were of a quality of spruce wood, now extinct, that is of rare quality for the rim and back of violins. He got a monopoly on the old wood, and while the wreckers were tearing down the house he employed detectives to watch his prize. Other violin makers soon learned of the fine quality of the wood, and they endeavored to get some of it, only to learn that their alert competitor had purchased it all. The violin makers say that the joists are unusually thick and that the spruce is of the finest quality that has been found in this country. They claim that nothing to equal it for violin making has been found in America, and that with proper skill some high-priced instruments will be made of it.—Philadelphia Record.

The Great Prerequisite.

"I'm afraid I haven't more than half enough money to see me through on this European trip. Yes; I've got plenty for first cabin passage both ways, for first-class hotel bills, railroad fare, hack hire, guide fees and all the necessary incidentals."

"What on earth do you lack for, then, that will take so much more?"

"Tips."

Auction Sale—Farm Lands.

20,000 acres, the best selection in Otter Tail County, Minnesota, of the Saint Paul & Chicago Railway Company's land grant, will be sold at auction in 40-acre tracts to the highest bidders, at Perham, October 25th, and at Parker's Prairie, October 28th, on better terms than those offered by the State of Minnesota. For lists and terms send to

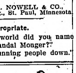
J. A. NOWELL & CO.,
200-205 Globe Bldg., St. Paul, Minnesota.

Appropriate.

"Why in the world did you name your car the Scandal Monger?"

"It's always running people down."

THE MAN
BEHIND THE SAW



Has easy work if it's an Atkins. The keen, clean cutting edge and perfect taper of the blade make it run easily without buckling. No "humping" to do with the Perfection Handle.

But there are other men behind the Atkins Saw. The originator of SILVER STEEL, the finest crucible steel made, was a good deal of a man. The discoverer of the Atkins secret tempering process was likewise a man of brains and genius.

And there are high-class workmen behind this saw, masters of their craft, whose skill and pride of workmanship have helped to make the Atkins Trade Mark an assurance of quality as reliable as the Government assay stamp.

We make all types and sizes of Saws, but only one grade—the best.

Atkins Saws, Corn Knives, Perfection Floor Scrapers, etc., are sold by all good hardware dealers. Catalogue on request.

E. C. ATKINS & CO., Inc.
Largest Saw Manufacturers in the World.
Factory and Executive Offices, Indianapolis, Indiana.
BRANCHES: New York, Chicago, Minneapolis, Portland, (Oregon), Seattle, San Francisco, Memphis, Atlanta and Toronto, (Canada).
Accept no Substitute—Insist on the Atkins Brand
SOLD BY GOOD DEALERS EVERYWHERE

PAXTINE
TOILET
ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN

troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES
For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.
Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.
THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

PRINTERS WANTED.

Non-union Job Compositors to work in Chicago. Wages $19.50 per week of 54 hours. Permanent positions for first-class, reliable men. Strike on. Address, stating age, experience and full particulars,

POOLE BROTHERS,
Railway Printers, - - CHICAGO.

Mothers Are Helped
THEIR HEALTH RESTORED

Happiness of Thousands of Homes Due to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Mrs. Pinkham's Advice.

A devoted mother seems to listen to every call of duty excepting the supreme one that tells her to guard her health, and before she realizes it some derangement of the female organs has manifested itself, and nervousness and irritability take the place of happiness and amiability.

Mrs. Ph. Hoffman

Tired, nervous and irritable, the mother is unfit to care for her children, and her condition ruins the child's disposition and reacts upon herself.

The mother should not be blamed, as she no doubt is suffering with backache, headache, bearing-down pains or displacement, making life a burden.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the unfailing cure for this condition. It strengthens the female organs and permanently cures all displacements and irregularities.

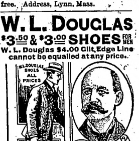
Such testimony as the following should convince women of its value:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:

"I want to tell you how much good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me. I suffered for eight years with ovarian troubles. I was nervous, tired and irritable, and it did not seem as though I could stand it any longer, as I had five children to care for. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended and it has entirely cured me. I cannot thank you enough for your letter of advice and for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me.—Mrs. Ph. Hoffman, 100 Himrod Street, Brooklyn, N. Y."

Mrs. Pinkham advises sick women free. Address, Lynn, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN
W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.


W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
ALL STYLES
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES
Established July 6, 1876.

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES AND SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any $3.50 shoe in the world. They are just as good as those that cost you $5.00 to $7.00 — the only difference is the price. If I could take you into my factory at Brockton, Mass., the largest in the world under one roof making men's fine shoes, and show you the care with which every pair of Douglas shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the best shoes produced in the world.

If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes, you would understand why Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

WANTED. A shoe dealer in every town where W. L. Douglas Shoes are not sold. Full line of samples sent free for inspection upon request.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D.C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC
WONDERFUL
Blood, Stomach and Bowel Remedy
FREE.
Will You Accept It and Be Cured or Reject It and Be Miserable Unto Death.

Until Mull's Grape Tonic was brought to America there was no cure for Constipation and Stomach Troubles.

It is now the internationally famous remedy for these ills. The world's greatest cure for Constipation and Stomach Troubles, Impure Blood, run down, and bad health generally. The Blood, Stomach and Bowels, are strangely subject to the curative power of Mull's Grape Tonic.

Mull's Grape Tonic has cured thousands, not hundreds, my reader, but thousands of fellow sufferers who now know the pleasures of perfect health.

Men, women and children in every state and neighborhood throughout the whole country bear willing witness to the marvelous curing qualities of this sovereign remedy, Mull's Grape Tonic.

Mull's Grape Tonic is in truth a boon to mankind. Mull's Grape Tonic is peculiarly the relief and cure for decaying intestines and Bowels, Impure Blood, Diseased Stomach and digestive organs which afflict nine-tenths of the human race.

Constipation and its attending ills: A run down system and general bad health, Rheumatism, Colds, Fevers, Stomach, Bowel, Kidney, Lung and Heart Troubles, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Diarrhea, loss of sleep and strength, Piles, Fistula, Appendicitis, Womanly Troubles, Dizziness, Impure Blood, Bad Complexion, etc., yield at once to the wondrous cure of Mull's Grape Tonic.

This free bottle offer is made alike to one and all, Fathers, Mothers, Brothers, Sisters, Wives and Children, and to every one, to you my suffering reader, and to the ailing ones of your friends and acquaintances, who will even try, to be well and strong again.

Nowhere now in all the world can any sufferer say, "I have no hope, no help, no friend to aid me in my silent misery." There is a help. There is a cure. There is a friend. There is a way. The help is Mull's Grape Tonic. Mankind's best friend, and the way is free. Mull's Grape Tonic is free, nothing to pay, nothing asked, only that you be willing to try to be yourself again and test for yourself at our cost, free, the marvelous merit of this sovereign cure. When you send your name and address, tell us simply that you want a bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, the great Stomach and Bowel remedy, free. You will receive the bottle without one cent of cost. Every penny of the expense is ours. Simply fill out and mail this coupon at once.

The genuine has a date and number stamped on the label—take no other from your druggist.

122 FREE COUPON 9305

Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, Stomach Tonic and Constipation Cure.

Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

Give Full Address and Write Plainly.

The $1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size. At drug stores.

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Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1905. NUMBER 12.

HOW THE FARMERS CAN MAKE MONEY

J. J. Hill Proves by Census Reports That Farmers Must Diversify Their Interests and Raise Live Stock to Compete With Earnings in the Older States.

It is remarkable that every time J. J. Hill, president of the Great Northern road delivers an address he produces some facts of startling significance which are worth considering and reflecting upon. He spoke at a fair at Willmar, Kandiyohi county, a few days ago and as usual his remarks were pregnant with food for thought. A large portion of his address was devoted to showing the farmers of Minnesota and the Northwest how much more profitable they could make their labor and investment. He drew largely upon the late United States census report to show how much larger per acre earnings are in other states than in Minnesota asserting that the other states did not have any more if as many natural advantages as Minnesota. The contrast with the neighboring state of Iowa substantiated his argument with great force. Iowa was actually forced to abandon wheat raising and go into live stock with the result that she was acording to census report producing $8.20 per acre against Minnesota's $4.67. Thirty years ago the great reliance of Iowa farmers was raising a grade of wheat known as Amber Iowa and now only the older people remember that there ever was such a thing as Amber Iowa.

If the farmers of Minnesota realized the same per acre in dollars and cents as the farmers of Iowa, it would make a difference every year of over $75,000,000; and that is too much money to pass idly by and too large an amount not to be considered and to make an effort to redeem it.

Acre for acre, Minnesota farm lands are capable of producing as much or more wealth than the farm lands in any other division of the country; yet acre for acre, they are, with inconsequential exceptions, producing less, less in volume, less in value.

Agricultural states like Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania and Wisconsin, are producing from $5.83 to $8.20 on each acre of their farm lands under cultivation. Minnesota is producing only $4.87.

Yet in walking from the hall where we had our lunch, Mr. Eddy, whom many of you know, told me that on a farm out here of about 500 acres he got an average of $10 an acre and he got it from his cattle. I know when he told me he got it from his cattle, he told the truth, because in no other way under the sun could he get $10 per acre profit.

Minnesota Shy.

The agricultural workers of states like Kansas, Nebraska, New York, Illinois, North Dakota, Iowa, South Dakota, Montana, Wyoming, Washington and Oregon, are producing yearly from $656 to $1,013 each. Now, I speak of the agricultural workers, whether it is the man who owns the farm or the man who pays wages. The agricultural workers of Minnesota are producing only $625.

Illinois harvests a crop of grain and hay worth $155,000,000, with an expenditure of $9,700,000 for labor and the use of $21,000,000 worth of machinery. The other states in the agricultural column do approximately as well; some better. Minnesota expends $13,200,000 for hired labor, and uses machinery worth $22,600,000 to harvest a hay and grain crop worth only $119,000,000.

Labor in the United States averages 7.7 per cent of the value of the crop. In Minnesota it is 10.3 per cent, or almost 50 per cent more.

Minnesota Cattle.

The average value per head of cattle in Minnesota is only $19.37; the average for the United States is $21.77, and the average for the important agricultural states ranges from $27 to $24.05. Bulls in Minnesota have an average value of only $28.25. In the United States the average value of bulls is $34.40, and in the leading agricultural states the value runs from $47.32 in Iowa to $38.25 in Illinois.

For each agricultural worker within her borders Iowa is marketing live stock and meat products to the value of $328, as against an average of only $81 in Minnesota. In the other states the figures run from two and one-half times to four times as high as Minnesota's, acre for acre and man for man.

The value of live stock for each acre of farm land is $3.39 in Minnesota. In Iowa it is $8.06, and from this figure it runs down to $4.85 in the other important agricultural states.

With most exceptional advantages for sheep raising, Minnesota has only 594,000 sheep as against Michigan's 2,700,000.

In producing values the average in Minnesota is $22.05 per acre. In the other important agricultural states it averages about $30. In the dairy states, like New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, with which Minnesota has come to pit herself, the value of production averages over $35 per cow.

In Minnesota the average yearly production of milk for each cow is 403 gallons; in Michigan it is 549 gallons; in the United States it is 424 gallons; this general average including the product of all the low-grade and non-dairying states.

The dairy farms of Minnesota produced only $5.25 per acre. In the United States the average production on dairy farms was $6.50, or 25 per cent greater. In the important agricultural states the production per acre ran as high as $10.34. And your own neighbor, Mr. Eddy, makes $10 an acre here and every man who will do the same as he does can make the same revenue.

Hay and Forage.

In hay and forage Minnesota is producing at the rate of $4.62 per acre on 3,157,690 acres of her farm area devoted to these crops. The average in the United States is $7.85, or almost twice as great as Minnesota. The total value of her hay and forage crop is $14,585,281. Illinois, on practically the same area, raises a crop worth over $25,000,000, and Ohio, also on practically the same area, raises a crop worth $20,000,000. Michigan harvests a crop worth $21,000,000, or $7,000,000 greater than Minnesota, on an acreage less by three-quarters of a million. The strength of these figures lies in the fact that, with equal cultivation, Minnesota has demonstrated her capacity to produce more value per acre in hay and forage than almost any other state in the Union.

He told of his own Minnesota stock farm and how year after year he sent cattle to the Chicago fat stock show and won a hatful of gold medals. One steer from his farm competed with 70 head of cattle at Chicago and took seven prizes, including the sweepstakes.

Illinois, he said, took first rank as a wheat state in 1880. In 1900 she had dropped to fourteenth place. Ohio held third place in 1880, producing 10 per cent of the wheat of the country, while now she produces only 7.6 per cent of wheat. She has so thoroughly diversified her crops that she ranks well up in every class. As a result she produces $8.20 to the acre, as against $4.87 for Minnesota.

The net value of products per acre was $5.83 in Wisconsin for 1900, or about 20 per cent above Minnesota.

Wisconsin farmers reduced their wheat average from 1,900,000 in 1880 to 550,000 acres in 1900, while Minnesota increased hers from 3,500,000 to 6,500,000. Wisconsin fell from ninth place in the wheat row, with 5.4 per cent of the whole crop, to twenty-eighth place, with only 1.4 per cent. By intelligent diversification she now manages to extract $10.41 from every acre of improved land she farms, as against only $6.95 of improved land in Minnesota.

Of the farms in Minnesota 13.3 per cent range in area from 200 to 500 acres. Throughout the United States the average expended for hired labor on farms of this area is $166 per farm; in Minnesota it is $240 per farm, or 44.5 per cent greater.

Minnesota ranks only twenty-second among the states in the average production of milk per cow, with a record of 403 gallons per annum.

The states ahead of her are: California, 500 gallons; Connecticut, 545; District of Columbia, 680; Illinois, 454; Indiana, 459; Kentucky, 438; Maine, 474; Maryland, 435; Massachusetts, 572; Michigan, 549; New Hampshire, 582; New Jersey, 494; New York, 515; Ohio, 520; Pennsylvania, 516; Rhode Island, 546; Tennessee, 458; Vermont, 526; Washington, 468; West Virginia, 408; and finally, Wisconsin, 473.

The average value of dairy cows in the United States, which includes all the poor stock of Texas and the South, is $29.68, while the average value of the dairy cows of Minnesota is only $28.55.

In Illinois the average value is $34.02; in Iowa, $32.56; in New York, $32.43; in Indiana, $31.84; in Michigan, $30.65; in Missouri, $30.72; in North Dakota, $32.50; in Ohio, $30.22; in Pennsylvania, $30.88; in South Dakota, $31.04; in Wisconsin, $29.69; in Washington, $38.01, etc. It will be seen from these figures that Minnesota holds the lowest rank as to average value in the entire agricultural column. And this fact is traceable, of course, directly to the lack of care that has been exercised in breeding, as reflected in the average value of Minnesota bulls, which is $28.25, as against such average values of $44.77 in South Dakota, $46.10 in North Dakota, $44.29 in Missouri, $38 in Illinois and Indiana, etc.

The figures show that the Minnesota farmer gets an average of only $22.05 per year out of each cow.

Now, I want you to pay close attention to this because it means everything to you and it means everything to me, who wishes you well.

He cited the case of W. A. Brooks of Freeborn, who cleared an average of $58 per cow against the general average of $22, and A. L. Monen of Bancroft, who had a herd of Shorthorns producing an average of 765 gallons of milk per cow per year, or 85 gallons above the highest general average in the United States. These results showed what could be accomplished in Minnesota.

In the Wheat Counties.

For hired labor the wheat counties of Northern Minnesota show an expenditure of $1.14 for each acre of improved land, against only 75 cents in the southern counties. In live stock the northern counties show a valuation of only $78.59 per capita and $2.49 an acre, as against $98.11 per capita and $4.40 per acre in the southern section. The wheat growers of the Red river valley sold live stock to the value of $6.82 per capita, while the farmers in the southern tier realized $27.85 per capita.

The total dairy products in the wheat section were valued at $904,987, or an average of $9.04 for each inhabitant. In the southern tier the dairy products were worth $2,915,069, or an average of $11.54 per capita. The wheat farmers have only 47,795 cows, against 131,100 in the southern tier. The northern cows produced only 384.4 gallons each per annum, against 410.0. In value each cow in the north yielded only $18.03, as against $22.22 in the south.

He said they might wonder why he urged the raising of wheat when the railroad would get so much more tonnage in freight if wheat was raised. To this he replied that the railroad would get freight enough any way, and he wanted to see the farmers prosper. Besides if they continued raising wheat without diversification they would exhaust the soil and have only small crops for the railroad to carry. The prosperity of the railroad depended on the prosperity of the people.

Lower Freight Rates.

I want to call your attention to what has been done in twenty-five years in the way of railroad rates on the Great Northern railway. I want to show you that greater reductions have been made in the average rate on the Great Northern than have ever been made on any railroad in the United States. In 1881—or twenty-five years ago—our average rate, paid by the people who used the railroad, for hauling a ton of freight 100 miles was $2.88. For the year ending June 30 last it was 79 cents and 2 mills, less than one-third of what it was twenty-five years ago.

During that time, if we had made no reduction, if we had collected the rate of twenty-five years ago, we would have collected $677,000,000 more than we did collect. Think of it! The amount is appalling. We would have collected more than three times as much as we did collect. The average reduction for twenty-five years is $27,000,000,—and that is from the railroad and warehouse commission's report. These figures are correct.

The year closing June 30 at the rate of twenty-five years ago would have give us $87,000,000 more than we collected.

During that time we have had our dividends,—we have not gone without any; we have had our dividends regularly, and I have tried to give you your dividends. I want you to prosper with us. I want you to realize that your prosperity is ours, and if you are poor we will suffer with you.

With your great distance from the ultimate markets you would pay the highest rates of any people in the Union, and whomever else it might suit, whomever else it might benefit, it will never benefit the people of the West or the Northwest. You would be bearing the burdens of older and more populous states and you would be crushed into the earth. When any one urges that upon you, ask him the question how he will discriminate in your favor. If there was not discrimination in your favor these prairies would lose their population.

Railroad Taxes.

Now take our own road. We pay about $600,000 a year in taxes, or about what we get for hauling 12,000,000 bushels of wheat. That is about what we pay in taxes. Ours is not all profit, remember. After we have paid our men, after we have maintained the road, then the next charge is the tax. But that tax is not alone upon what is shipped from stations in the State of Minnesota. Every ton that passes through the state going to a neighboring or distant state, every ton that passes through going to a foreign country, swells the earnings and helps to form the sum upon which the percentage of taxation is based.

Possibly you may feel that you have no interest in the railroad's business beyond the rate that we charge. Now, you have, because every dollar of expense that we are at comes out of your pocket in proportion as you use the transportation of the railroad. If there is a loss, a wreck, a personal injury, or if we get before a jury and those on the jury feel that they want to be a little generous because the railroad has to pay it, they simply deceive themselves. You pay it. We are only the medium through which you pay it.

All we want is fair play. We want just the same measure of justice and the same measure of protection that you want for your property. If we have to pay $1,000 or $5,000 or $10,000 more than we ought to, it is simply charged up to expense,—we have no other account to charge it to; it is part of the cost of running the railroad, and you pay it.

Land Is Good.

I have seen the time when the company was glad to get $5 an acre for the land. Well, they hadn't any business holding land to speculate upon it, at even that price; as long as anybody wanted it, better let them open up a farm. But I suppose that land here is worth $40 or $50, at least will bring $40 or $50, but let me say to you that if you will get stock and summer fallow and fertilize your land you can get 4 per cent or 5 per cent on $100 an acre in clear profit from every acre you cultivate. If that is the case, your land is worth $100 an acre, and you won't have to live very long before you will find people who are willing to pay you $100 an acre.

There is no better land in the entire West or in the Union for diversified farming than Minnesota. You can raise every animal that is raised with a profit in any state in the Union. You can make better butter and more of it, if you know how and will follow it up and have the right kind of cattle.

And for the reason that I desire to help every one of you and to help every man on land in the State of Minnesota, I have undertaken to call your attention to-day to some things which may not flatter us but at the same time are true.

M'CALL GETS CHEAP MONEY

BORROWS FROM METROPOLITAN LIFE AT 1 1-2 PER CENT INTEREST.

CANCELLED CHECKS MISSING

SENSATION IN THE LIFE INSURANCE INVESTIGATION IN NEW YORK.

M'CALLS GET CHEAP RENT

OCCUPY NEW YORK LIFE BUILDING THAT PAYS BUT .023 ON INVESTMENT.

New York, Oct. 5. — That John R. Hegeman, president of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company, borrowed fifty thousand dollars from the New York Life Insurance company at 1 1-2 per cent interest, a rate below the market rate, was brought out in the insurance investigation last week; but yesterday President John A. McCall of the New York Life Insurance company, testified that he in turn borrowed $75,000 from the Metropolitan at the same rate.

Mr. McCall testified that he was a director of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company, but not a stockholder.

Somewhat of a sensation was caused in the late hours of yesterday's session of the legislative committee which is

Investigating the Methods

of life insurance companies when Neil F. Towner of Albany, law partner of Judge Hamilton, was called to the stand and disclaimed any knowledge of the whereabouts of cancelled checks of Judge Andrew Hamilton of Albany. Mr. Towner testified that he made deposits for Judge Hamilton, but not while the latter was in Europe. He had taken some cancelled checks from the Albany Trust company early in September and thrown them into a drawer in Judge Hamilton's desk. He had had no occasion to look at them again until last week, when he received the subpoena to appear before the committee. He was asked to bring these checks with him, but when he looked for them they were gone. He had no knowledge, he declared, of where they could have gone or who could have taken them.

Hamilton Gets Tax Money.

McCall, resuming, was asked about a deposit to the credit of Judge Hamilton of $162,041 on Sept. 1, 1905. Mr. McCall said the New York Life Insurance company had paid Mr. Hamilton no money, but suggested that part of it might have come from the state controller's office by reason of an assignment of tax moneys which would come to the judge by reason of his securing the repeal of the tax law which relieved the New York Life from payment of taxes.

Another interesting point was brought out by Mr. Hughes just before the committee adjourned for the day. Edward F. Devlin, the real estate manager for the New York Life Insurance company, testified that the New York life had acquired by foreclosure an apartment house in one of the most desirable residential sections of this city, and the cost, with the improvements deemed necessary, was $203,056.

Used by McCall's Family.

The net income from this property was found to be .023 per cent on the investment. It then developed that four of the tenants were the immediate family of President McCall, three sons and a son-in-law. Mr. Devlin was asked who fixed the rental of these properties, and said he discussed with Mr. McCall.

Mr. McCall enlivened the day's proceedings further when he said that there was no record on the books of the New York Life Insurance company of the $150,000 paid the Republican national committee for contributions to presidential campaigns. While he

Had No Personal Knowledge

that the money was paid, he assumed it was, because he had told the treasurer to make these payments.

Earlier in the day Mr. McCall, in detailing the general legislation work of Judge Hamilton and the counsel he employed, denied any knowledge of the legislative pool which was disclosed in the examination of Alfred W. Maine, auditor of the Equitable life Assurance society, last week.

Mr. McCall on this question made the startling assertion that "three-quarters of the bills affecting life insurance companies were in the nature of blackmail. The officers of the companies were worried at the beginning of each year, he said, by the proposal of laws that would hamper their companies, and these officers "really trembled at what they would have to endure the first six months of each year."

No Hope for Jerry Simpson.

Wichita, Kan., Oct. 5.—Ex-Congressman Jerry Simpson, who is ill here, is not improved. Blood vessels extending from the heart to the chest are enlarged and it is only a question of time when death will result.

Taggart Reports for Duty.

Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 5.—Capt. E. F. Taggart, whose divorce case in Wooster attracted the attention of the entire country for weeks, arrived at the Columbus barracks yesterday and promptly reported for duty.

ASSURED DANGER IS PAST.

Southern Delegation Calls on President Roosevelt.

Washington, Oct. 5. — Representative Meyer of Louisiana called at the White House yesterday, accompanied by a delegation from New Orleans, to assure the president that he will not run the slightest risk of contracting yellow fever while in New Orleans. Mr. Roosevelt was told that every precaution would be taken to protect his health.

Rains Prove Hindrance.

New Orleans, Oct. 5. — Difficulties which the doctors and others have to contend with in fighting the fever in the inerior of Jefferson parish were disclosed yesterday in a report made by fumigators and sreeners, who returned from a tour of the Barataria district. The excessive rains of the past thirty days have filled up the swamps, and together with adverse winds have put mush land ordinarily dry, under water. These overflowed lands are largely responsible for the increase of the number of cases which are reported from the bayou section of Jefferson county, the inundations making it impossible for the physicians to treat the sick and maintain their precautions against the breeding of the disease. The report of new casese in New Orleans was again moderate.

TAFT WOULD SHIFT JOB.

Wants President to Give Root Inspection of Canal.

Washington, Oct. 5. — Secretary Taft is strongly in favor of transferring the Panama canal commission and the work of the construction of the canal to Secretary of State Root, but Mr. Root is far from anxious to assume the responsibility. When Secretary Taft reached San Francisco on his return from the Orient he just learned that Mr. Root would again enter the cabinet. He then wired President Roosevelt that he recognized the superior executive ability of Mr. Root; that Mr. Root had also great constructive ability, and in addition had done considerable work in connection with the canal, and suggested that the president turn this work over to Mr. Root. President Roosevelt took up the question with Mr. Root, but Mr. Root declared he had no insular division to assist him in doning the work. The matter rests with the president, and the question of the transfer will be decided soon.

METEOR SINKS IN OCEAN.

Is Seen by Residents of Long Island as Huge Ball.

Brooklyn, Oct. 5.—A meteor, enormous in size and gorgeous in color, was seen by residents of Center Moriches, Long Island, late last night. It appeared to be a huge ball of fire which had tumbled from its perch in the sky, to go skidding along the horizon for a distance of ten miles. It traveled with remarkable velocity, leaving a train of light in its wake. As suddenly as it had burst into view it disappeared, seemingly having dodged behind a bank of black clouds. The meteor, it is believed, traveled behind the cloud bank until it reached a section over the ocean, gradually descending until it sank from view in the sea.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Oct. 5. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 84 1-8@86 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 80@83 1-2c; No. 3, 78@81c. Corn — No. 3 yellow, 51@51 1-2c. Oats — No. 3 white, 27@27 1-2c.

Duluth, Oct. 5. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 81 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 78 3-4c; flax, 98 1-4c; rye, 64c.

Minneapolis, Oct. 5. — Wheat—No. 1 hard, 83 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, 82 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 80c. Oats—No. 3 white, 26c.

Milwaukee, Oct. 5. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 87@88c; No. 2 Northern, 83@86c. Rye—No. 1, 68@69c. Barley —No. 2, 54c. Oats—Standard, 28 1-4 @29 1-4c.

Chicago, Oct. 5. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 86@86 1-2c; No. 2 hard, 84 1-2@ 89c; No. 3 hard, 83 1-4@86c; No. 1 Northern, 90c; No. 2 Northern, 86@ 89c. Corn—No. 2, 51 3-4@52c. Oats—No. 2, 27@27 1-2c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Oct. 5. — Cattue—Beeves, $4.50 @ 5.70; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.25@3.70; stockers and feeders, $3@4; calves and yearlings, $2.50 @3.25. Hogs—Bulk, $5.15@5.20.

Chicago, Oct. 5. — Cattle—Good to prime steers, $3.60 @ 6.15; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.45; cows, $2.50@ 4.50; heifers, $2.20@4.80; calves, $3@ 7. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.15@ 5.85; bulk, $4.40@5.75. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $4.60 @ 5; native lambs, $5.25@7.25; Western lambs, $5.75@7.

South St. Paul, Oct. 5. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4.50 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50 @4; butcher bulls, $2.75@3.50; veals, $2@4.50; good to choice stock steers, $2.50@3.50; good to choice milch cows, $20@35. Hogs—Range price, $5.25 @ 5.50; bulk, $5.30@5.40. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $5@5.85; fair to good, $4@5; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice ewes, $3.75@4.40.

Hearst Named for Mayor.

New York, Oct. 5. — William Randolph Hearst was named as a candidate for mayor at a municipal ownership mass meeting last night in Grand Central palace, and a committee will select the remainder of the ticket.

Captured by Yaquis.

El Paso, Tex., Oct. 5.—A report has been received from Sonora, Mexico, that a train of freight teams was captured by Yaqui Indians recently. A posse of miners has gone to the scene.

FIGHT A DUEL TO THE DEATH

TIMBER CRUISER AND HOMESTEADER FIGHT WITH DOG AS WITNESS.

STRUGGLE WAS FIERCE ONE

DETAILS OF BATTLE MAY NEVER BE KNOWN AS BOTH MEN ARE DEAD.

BODIES ARE BADLY MANGLED

GROUND AT SCENE OF STRUGGLE TORN UP OVER WIDE SURFACE.

Duluth, Minn., Oct. 5. — With no other witnesses than a vicious dog, two men, James Canty, a timber cruiser, and Gus Lahti, a homesteader, fought a duel to the death Saturday afternoon at Taber, seventeen miles north of Hibbing. The details of the battle may never be known, but from the appearance of the scene the struggle must have been fierce, the ground being torn up over a wide surface. Both men realized that it was a case of the survival of the fittest, and both of the bodies were found badly mangled. Canty left Welsh's camp, near Taber, Saturday afternoon, and it is supposed that he was either attacked by Lehti's dog or had angered Lahti by crossing the line of his homestead. A quarrel ensued and Lahti attacked Canty with a knife, giving him several deep cuts about the head and body. Lahti also carried a short-barreled gun, with which he

Shot His Opponent

in the breast. Canty must have wrenched the knife away, as Lahti was badly cut. The former was also chewed about the legs by the dog. When the men were nearly dead, they had evidently called the fight off and taken different directions, the the bodies were found 900 feet apart, equal distance from the scene of the battle. Canty had fallen over dead, and Lahti's position indicated that he had sat down on a log, and, probably realizing that death was sure, fired a shot into his own abdomen, disemboweling himself. Canty was missed at the camp in the evening and was found by a searching party the next day. Lahti's body was not found until Tuesday, and both were taken to Hibbing yesterday. Canty's remains are being held awaiting inquiry regarding relatives. The two men had never met before.

THREE ARE BURNED TO DEATH.

Bodies of Three Children Found After Fire Is Extinguished.

New York, Oct. 5. — Fire started last night in the cellar of a four-story apartment house in Brooklyn, spread so rapidly that the escape of Charles Donnelly, his wife and three children on the top floor was cut off. Firemen rescued the father and mother, both of whom were seriously burned, and after the fire was extinguished the charred bodies of the three children were found in their apartments.

RETURN FROM ISLANDS.

Gov. Wright Will Conduct Opening of Railroad Bids.

Washington, Oct. 5. — It was announced at the war department yesterday that Gov. Wright will come to the United States from the Philippines, and will be present in Washington by Dec. 15 at the opening of the bids for the construction of railways in the Philippines. The date for the opening of the bids has been postponed from Dec. 1 to Dec. 15, so that Gov. Wright can be present.

BOATLOAD OF INDIANS GONE.

Started From Charlevoix Sept. 26 and Has Not Been Seen.

Charlevoix, Mich., Oct. 5.—A fishing boat with four families of Indians from Garden Island left here Sept. 26 for Beaver Island. The boat has not yet reached the island and it has about been given up as lost. There are supposed to have been about twenty Indians in the boat, probably half of whom were women and children.

DIES OF A BROKEN HEART.

Mother Mourns for Dead Daughter for Two Years.

New York, Oct. 5.—After grieving two years over the death of her daughter Ray, Mrs. Hinda Kramer, wife of Hillel Kramer, and mother of Former Judge Julius G. Kramer, died yesterday of a broken heart. Doctors were called to attend her, but said that there was nothing the matter but the grief they could not cure.

TEARS OUT MAN'S STOMACH.

Dynamite Explodes in Farmer's Hand and Causes Death.

Greenwood, Wis., Oct. 5.—William Eggert was killed yesterday by a stick of dynamite which he was fusing ready to blow out stumps. The dynamite exploded prematurely, and Eggart's stomach was torn out and his left had blown away. He retained consciousness for several minutes, during which he offered a touching prayer for himself and family. He then quickly passed away.

CROWE VOICES A REPUDIATION.

Now Denies That He Accused Eddie Cudahy.

Butte, Mont., Oct. 5. — Pat Crowe yesterday admitted that he was in Omaha six weeks ago and engaged in a pistol duel with the police, during which an officer was shot. He says the police fired sixteen shots at him before he replied, and that he opened fire to save his own life. He says his sole object in coming here was to surrender, believing that he had better give himself up at a distance from home so that in yielding to extradition he might make terms favorable to himself with the Nebraskan officers. He denies absolutely the alleged confession published in Butte Tuesday night and repudiates the statement that he had said young Cudahy had plotted with him to extort money from Cudahy, Sr.

JAIL IS HIS BEST HOME.

La Crosse Prisoner Does Not Want Freedom.

La Crosse, Wis., Oct. 5.—Like the prisoner of Chalons, August Klien, whose term of imprisonment ended yesterday, went out a free man, and in a few hours returned to the county jail and asked to be imprisoned again. Klien said the county jail was the best home he had ever known, and that he had spent so much time there he did not care to form new associations. He warned the jail officials that he would return by sentence if necessary. While the case is being investigated by the county attorney Sheriff Haugen permitted Klien to remain in jail. He is said to be despondent over the loss of his sweetheart, who forsook him when he was implicated the first time.

FRAUD IS CHARGED.

Elevators and Milling Interests Are Charged With Conspiracy.

Duluth, Minn., Oct. 5.—In the hearing of the application of A. D. Thomson for the granting of a temporary injunction against the Wisconsin grain commission yesterday at Superior, fraud on the part of railroad people in leasing the Great Northern elevators to the Thomson and conspiracy on the part of both the elevators and milling interests in endeavoring to evade the Wisconsin law for the benefit of Minnesota inspection, were prominent features of the deliberations which consumed the entire day. Further arguments of both the plaintiffs will be made to-day, when the defendants will take up their side of the case.

YOUNG ROUGHS ARE MERRY.

Laugh Boisterously When Arraigned for Assault.

La Crosse, Wis., Oct. 5. — Joseph Martineau, aged sixteen, of St. Paul; William Craig, eighteen, of Winnipeg, and Frank Knoblock, twenty, of Decatur, Ill., are held here under $1,000 bonds each on charges of slugging and robbing Ole Amundson, sixty-three years old, and Peter Url, aged seventy. Both of the victims are in a dangerous condition as a result of being struck over the heads with heavy weapons. The trio laughed boisterously throughout the examination in court. They were held to the circuit court for trial.

GREETS FRIEND; IS KILLED.

Brakeman on Last Trip Is Dashed to His Death.

La Crosse, Wis., Oct. 5.—Clinging to the side ladder of a box car of a Burlington freight train yesterday, waving to a friend as the train rushed past Trempealeau station William Schmuck, brakeman, aged twenty, was hurled against a water tank pipe and instantly killed. His skull was crushed by the blow. The trip was the third made by the young man, whose parents objected strongly to his taking up hazardous railroad work. He had promised them the trip should be his last.

TO OUST TREASURER.

Sherburne County Official Refuses to Resign.

Elk River, Minn., Oct. 5.—Gov. John A. Johnson to-day will summarily remove County Treasurer George F. Putnam, it is said. Yesterday the board of county commissioners called upon Putnam to resign as a result of his admission that he had used hundreds of dollars of county funds in his private enterprises. Putnam refused and a resolution was adopted asking Gov. Johnson to remove the treasurer from office. The governor sent word that the official will be removed to-day.

PEOPLE SEE EARLY MIRAGE.

South Dakota Spectacle Appears Just After Sunrise.

Miller, S. D., Oct. 5.—No mirage of the early days presented so grand a spectacle as one that appeared southward from Miller on Tuesday morning. Groves, stacks, buildings and roads seemed to be drawn up in the sky in plain view though many miles away. In fact, the mirage now is an improvement over the one of years ago, because there is more, on the ground to be carried up into the sky by nature for early risers to gaze at.

ICE FAMINE IN RIVER TOWNS.

Cities in Western Wisconsin and Eastern Minnesota Suffer.

La Crosse, Wis., Oct. 5. — Nearly every city in Western Wisconsin and Eastern Minnesota, especially those bordering on the Mississippi river, are suffering from an ice famine. Orders have been received here from all directions for ice. They cannot be filled. Hospitals and meat establishments are suffering heavily. Continued warm weather, coupled with a small harvest last winter, is the cause.

400 PERSONS ARE HOMLESS

FIRE SWEEPS THROUGH LUMBER DISTRICT OF RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN.

LOSS IS PLACED AT $600,000

GREATER PORTION OF EIGHT BLOCKS ARE SWEPT BY THE FLAMES.

BURNS TWENTY-FIVE HOUSES

HOMELESS PEOPLE ARE BEING CARED FOR IN THE PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Rhinelander, Wis., Oct. 5.—Fire in the lumber district of this town last evening destroyed property valued at $600,000 and rendered 400 people homeless. The fire started in the lumber yard of the Brown Bros. Lumber company, and after sweeping that yard clean it spread to the Robbins Lumber company yards, which were entirely destroyed. A high wind was blowing, which carried the fire into the residence district adjoining the lumber yards, destroying about seventy-five small dwelling houses. About 40,000,000 feet of lumber was destroyed. After burning over the greater portion of eight blocks the fire was got under control late last evening. The homeless people are being cared for in the city hall and other public buildings. The total insurance is about $400,000. The principal losers are:

Brown Bros.' Lumber company, $250,000, insurance $175,000; Robbins Lumber company, $225,000, insurance $165,000; two school houses and engine house, $25,000. The loss on dwellings is about $75,000.

SCHOOLS ARE RICH.

North Dakota Apportionment Grows Rapidly.

Grand Forks, N. D., Oct. 5.—"It will be interesting to all engaged in educational work in the state," State Superintendent W. L. Stockwell says, "to know of the rapid increase in the apportionment of the state tuition fund. The total amount per capita for the year 1904 was $2.57, and the total amount apportioned aggregated $296,639.46. The amount apportioned per capita for the year 1905 for the three-quarters is $2.86, the total amount being apportioned $346,940.74. This amount exceeds the total amount of last year by a little over $50,000, and it may be confidently expected that the fourth quarter will be in the neighborhood of $50,000, an increase of $100,000 in the apportionment for the year.

MAYOR IS INJURED.

Runaway Strikes Him and Internal Injuries Are Sustained.

Minot, N. D., Oct. 5.—Mayor Joseph Roach was seriously if not fatally injured in a runaway accident in this city about 5 o'clock last evening. While standing near the Roach elevator he was struck by a runaway team and crushed under the weight of a heavily loaded wagon. He was picked up unconscious and taken to his residence. It is thought that he is internally injured.

HELD TO GRAND JURY.

Men Who Beat Up John Schwann to Be Tried.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Oct. 5.—James White, John Quinn and Fred Witter were bound over to the grand jury yesterday on charges of assault and robbery. The trio used knock-out drops and robbed John Schwann in the outskirts of the city. They also beat him brutally, and were captured after an exciting chase.

Victim of the Flying Switch.

St. Paul, Oct. 5.—Frederick Rhody was injured in the Chicago Great Western yards yesterday morning and died three hours later at St. Joseph's hospital. Rhody was foreman of the switching crew that was making what is called a "flying switch." While figing the couplings of cars Rhody ran along with the moving train and stumbled. The wheels passed over his legs.

Drowned in a Cistern.

St. Paul, Oct. 5—Florence, the eight-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Miles, was drowned yesterday afternoon in a cistern. The cover of the cistern apparently had not been put on firmly, for when Florence entered the kitchen she steppen on the cover and fell into the water, which is said to be six feet deep.

Slugged and Robbed.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Oct. 5.—Peter Schwamm of Battle Lake was inveigled to the outskirts of the city by four men who pounded him severely and robbed him of his gold watch and money. Three were captured.

Sentenced for Swindling.

Barron, Wis., Oct. 5. — Mrs. Elizabeth Mohr was yesterday sentenced to eight months in the county jail, and Charles Tesch to ten years at Waupun. Mrs. Mohr was convicted of swindling.

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OF ST. HILAIRE

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Official Abstracter.

Red Lake Falls, Minn.

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Saturday, Oct. 7, 1905.

It does not take a diagram this year to show the farmers the advantages of a creamery.

Look out for trouble in Cuba. The Cuban's idea of liberty is to get an office and do up the other fellow.

President Roosevelt will visit New Orleans this month despite the yellow fever. He will return by steamer to avoid quarantine.

It is "bad news" for a prominent republican of Minnesota to be mentioned for governor just at present as nearly everybody at once takes a "slam" at him.

Sauk Center Herald: Look on those business concerns that advertise and then upon those that do not. Note the volume of business done by each and the question, "does it pay to advertise?" will be easy to answer.

Ada Herald: There is no doubt a number of the republican politicians who would do all in their power to help Joel Heatwole secure the appointment of public printer at Washington. He is a thorn in the flesh to many of the ambitious ones who would give a sigh of relief on his departure from Minnesota. It would be a mistake on his part to accept such appointment. Heatwole is needed right here at home.

Ada Index: This senatorial district consists of Norman, Beltrami, Red Lake and Clearwater counties, and when re-apportionment is made, it will be divided or we will be given more members. This district has grown more than any other in the state. The Red Lake Courier wants to have Red Lake taken out and joined with Marshall county, as they have "common needs and interests." We have no objections to that plan, but when a division is made Norman should be separated from Beltrami. For convenience in getting over there, we are as far away as the Twin Cities.

Named For His Satanic Majesty.

The unfortunate disaster by which a life has been lost on the Welsh mountain known as the Devil's Kitchen has drawn attention, says the Dundee Advertiser, to the curious but seemingly universal practice of past times in naming peculiar natural formations after his Satanic majesty. It is scarcely an exaggeration to say that hardly a county in the British isles is without some place or thing with the designation Devil, all of which prompts the thought that his Satanic majesty must be a holder of a considerable amount of property on this terrestrial globe. The Devil's Punch Bowl, the Devil's Bellows, the Devil's Beef Tub, the Devil's Frying Pan, the Devil's Lake, the Devil's Dike, the Devil's Caldron, are a few instances which occur at random, scattered about in various parts of the country.

Made Red Hair Fashionable.

The French painter who won attention for his red headed girls cannot be classed among the great masters, but he made red hair fashionable and is said to have been responsible for the peroxide blond. Not until Henner introduced his sweetly brown and red women to the art world did pink and white beauty find it was insipid to be fair. Red heads extinguished the blond cendree, and even the dark haired "washed" their locks until they were of the desired Henner colorings and acquired "tones" that were so warm they improved the dullest skin. Henner's pictures may be said to have apotheosized the much derided "carrot head." He saw red and made it "heavenly brown."

The Mustache.

The home of the mustache is in Spain, and here is the history of its origin: After the Moors first invaded the country the Christian and Moslem population became so mixed that it was difficult to say which were Moors and which Spaniards. The Spaniards then hit upon a means by which they could at once distinguish their brethren. They did not shave their lips any longer and they allowed a tuft of hair to grow below their under lips, so that their beards formed the rude outline of a cross. Thus the mustache became a symbol of liberty and fraternity.

Have a Purpose.

Have a purpose in life and stick to it. Be sure you're right, that the purpose is worth your effort, that to win is just the thing, and then stick. Live plain, be honest and work hard. Steady work and plain food will keep a man in the path of rectitude when sermons fail and contribute not a little to his success. The brain cannot do its best work when sprinkled with the ashes of a dissolute, ill directed life. Be sure you're right, then stick.—Dr. Abbott.

Shakespeare a Bad Sleeper.

Personally I should say, writes F. F. Montague in the London Saturday Review, that Shakespeare was a bad sleeper. The well known lines in "Henry IV." suggest the passionate longing for sleep which only those who have experienced the long drawn misery of a "white night" can feel. Again, what is more suggestive of a lie awake night in London in August than

> O comfort killing night, image of hell!

or

> O hateful, vaporous and foggy night!

in "The Rape of Lucrece."

Or, again, take the twenty-seventh sonnet:

> Weary with toil, I haste me to my bed,
> The dear repose for limbs with travel tired,
> But then begins a journey in my head
> To work my mind when body's work's expired.

This seems to me the true wail of the insomnolent, and the sonnets are supposed to be autobiographical, I believe.

Compromising a Tenor.

Czar Nicholas I. used to walk the streets of St. Petersburg alone wrapped in a large gray cloak. It was forbidden to speak to him, but the czar sometimes forgot that a subject could not obey the prohibition if the emperor addressed him.

Once the czar met in a park the tenor singer of the Italian opera and exchanged a few words with him. The moment the czar was out of sight the police arrested the tenor. That evening the czar attended the opera, where, after a long delay, the manager announced that the tenor could not be found. Nicholas guessed what had happened and sent an aid-de-camp to release the singer.

A few days after the czar again met the tenor and began with an apology:

"I was very sorry"—

"May I implore your majesty," the Italian exclaimed, "not to speak to me? Your majesty will compromise me with the police."

Measures.

A gallon is exactly ten pounds of distilled water, so when housewives say "a pint's a pound the world around" they are mistaken.

The imperial standard yard, which is the same as our own, is the distance between two fine lines on a bar of bronze, measured at 62 degrees F. The bar is kept mounted on eight rollers in a special steel safe in London.

The standard pound is kept in a silver gilt box contained in a bronze box, the top of which is securely screwed down and the whole placed in a special compartment of the same safe.

The German metric system took the place of more than twenty local measures. The Hesse-Darmstadt foot was less than ten inches, the Schwarzburg-Rudolstadt foot more than fifteen.

London Sunday Closing Riots.

London had its troubles with Sunday closing laws when in 1855 there were riots caused by Lord Robert Grosvenor's bill to put down Sunday trading. A crowd hostile to the measure went to Hyde park "to see how the aristocrats kept the Sabbath," as a newspaper of that time put it. Carriages taking the afternoon drive were greeted with yells of "Go to church!" and with hooting that scared many horses into running away. A week later the police prohibited a meeting that was announced, but tens of thousands of people appeared, and there were vigorous struggles with the police. On the third Sunday pure rowdyism supervened, footmen were assaulted, and windows were smashed wholesale through the aristocratic districts. Then the trouble died out, and so did the bill.

The St. Bernard Pass.

The examinations made at the Great St. Bernard show that the pass was not only used by foot passengers, but by horsemen in Roman times. It seems that it was a safer route in the time of Vitellius than until the last few years. Excavations demonstrate that there were two buildings, much farther apart than is the present road. There was a temple there, and some fifty votive tablets have been found. It must always have been a place of refuge, though often subjected to attack. Signs of violence are demonstrated by the fact that votive tablets have been discovered broken and thrown into the swamp below. It was in the eleventh century that St. Bernard of Menthon founded the modern hospice.

Day Dreaming.

It is much easier to fancy what we should like to have, what position we should like to fill and how we should act if different circumstances surrounded us than it is to put forth the efforts and self denial necessary to make such attainments. A proportion of life is consumed in this manner. This habit is justly called day dreaming, for as in sleep the brain, deprived of the power of will to direct it, weaves cobwebs that the first breath of consciousness dispels, so in this listless condition the mind, uncontrolled and unguided, brings forth specious fallacies that reason, when fully aroused, will utterly dissipate. These day dreams are sometimes defended on the ground that if useless they are at least harmless; that if they confer no benefit they inflict no injury. This, however, cannot be the case. Nothing occupies so neutral a position. Uselessness is of itself an injury, but besides this habit of idle reverie produces positive evils. Valuable time is wasted, energy is frittered away, the mind is enfeebled, the activities are discouraged, the present active life is rendered tame and insipid.

Needless.

The good fairy called her assistant and showed her a golden box.

"Take this box," she said, "and lock it carefully in the safe. It contains good advice."

"My mistress," replied the assistant, "why should we lock up good advice? No one will ever take it."—Puck.

The Boy and His Pa.

"I make a chum of my father."

"I could never do that with mine."

"Wouldn't he like it?"

"He might, but ma wouldn't. I'm usually out till after midnight."—Houston Post.

CALUMET Baking Powder

The only high grade Baking Powder sold at a moderate price. Complies with the pure food laws of all states.

Trust Baking Powders sell for 45 or 50 cents per pound and may be identified by this exorbitant price. They are a menace to public health, as food prepared from them contains large quantities of Rochelle salts, a dangerous cathartic drug.

Cash Register for Sale.

A "National" cash register, cost $250, used only one year, in good condition; has two rows keys, total adder, registers from 5 cents up to $7.00; will be sold at a bargain. Call at the office of St. Hilaire Spectator.

Order of Hearing on Petition for License to Sell Land.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } ss
In Probate Court,
Special term Sept. 11, 1905.

In the matter of the estate of Nels G. Otterness, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of K. O. Gigstad as administrator of said estate, representing among other things that said Nels G. Otterness at the time of his death was seized of certain real estate which is described in the petition herein, and that it is necessary to sell all of said real estate to pay the debts and legacies, and expenses of administration of said estate, and that it is for the best interests of said estate and all persons interested therein that said real estate be sold; and it appearing by such petition that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of the administrator to pay the debts outstanding against said deceased, legacies and expenses of administration, and that it is necessary to sell all of said real estate, and that it will be for the best interests of said estate and of all persons interested therein that the real estate described in the petition herein should be sold;

It is ordered, that all persons interested in said estate be and appear before this court on Monday, the 9th day of October, A. D. 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the Probate Court room in the court house in Red Lake Falls in said county and state, then and there to show cause, if any there be, why license should not be granted to said K. O. Gigstad to sell said real estate according to the prayer of said petition.

It is further ordered, that this order be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county and state.

Dated at Red Lake Falls this 11th day of September, A. D. 1905.

N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal)

s16-4-o7

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.

Graduate of Copenhagen University.

Department for Diseases of the Eye

CROOKSTON, MINN.

DR. C. E. HIGBIE
Veterinary Surgeon.

Office: 1st door north of Hotel Markham

St. Hilaire, - Minn.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.

Office with K. J. Weeks

THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

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Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.

A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.

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Illinois Central R. R.

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Weekly through service between Chicago and between Cincinnati

AND THE PACIFIC COAST.

Connections at these terminals for the

EAST, SOUTH,
WEST NORTH.

Fast and Handsomely equipped Steam-Heated Trains—Dining Cars—Buffet Library Cars—Sleeping Cars—Free Reclining Chair Cars.

A. H. HANSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt
Chicago, Ill

FREE!

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14-Kt. Solid Gold

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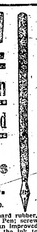
Pioneer Press Subscribers.



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This is a rich quality hard rubber, highly polished Fountain Pen; screw section, and fitted with an improved Feeding Device, allowing the ink to flow easily without blotting. The gold-nibbed pen is 14-Kt. fine, iridium pointed. The complete Fountain Pen is Fully Guaranteed by the manufacturers and will be exchanged by them if not entirely satisfactory. Each box contains a single pen and a guarantee. If the pen is not absolutely perfect, send it back to the factory and get one that is. It will not cost you a cent.

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St. Paul, Minn.—

Gentlemen: Send to me, absolutely free and postpaid, a guaranteed solid gold-nibbed Fountain Pen. Enclosed herewith find $1.50 in advance for subscription to the Daily and Sunday or Weekly Pioneer Press.

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Two Through Trains to the Coast Daily.
Close Connections at all Terminals.

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F. I. WHITNEY, Passenger Traffic Mgr., St. Paul, Minn.
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St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. S. Minnesota sails from Seattle for the Orient Nov. 5

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Lumber Manufacturers

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Don't buy a Typewriter on a worn-out reputation.......

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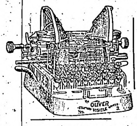

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We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

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FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS

Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.

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Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

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(Second Hand Store.)

Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.

C. A. SKEIE.

St. Hilaire, Minnesota

New Brew

The Best Beer
Supplied by Agents Everywhere, or
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
SAINT PAUL, MINN.

Hamm's

CALL ON
HOLMES BROS.
FOR
HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

8:00 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
9:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
9:55 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
10:20am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar	Wylie	Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James F. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 :Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

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Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
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FRUITS
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Call at....
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CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for......
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Martin E. Hoff spent last Sunday at Crookston visiting friends.

George L. Austin was a Red Lake Falls visitor last Wednesday evening.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

James McAndress made a business trip to Thief River Falls last Monday.

Oscar Carlson went over to Plummer yesterday, having sold his business here.

R. H. Aimer left last Thursday evening for St. Paul on a business mission.

O. H. Peters came down from Middle River and spent Sunday with his family.

Miss Annie Sandberg, of Crookston, was visiting friends here last Wednesday.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

K. O. Gigstad was a business visitor at Red Lake Falls last Wednesday night.

W. A. Arthur and wife were at Crookston last Sunday visiting with relatives.

S. L. Lewis and County Attorney Germo were business visitors here on Thursday.

Mrs. R. H. Duntley made a short business trip to Red Lake Falls last Wednesday.

Dr. J. E. Argue was here on professional business several days the first of the week.

Heman Pettibone left on Thursday evening for Minneapolis where he will attend school.

Wm. A. Murphy, the Thief River Falls machine man, was a visitor here last Thursday.

Christ Bjerk returned on Thursday from North Dakota points where he has been threshing.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

W. A. Arthur, Chas. Fellman and J. J. Soll spent a couple of days on the reservation this week.

Rev. Barker left last Monday for Eveleth where he is attending the M.E. conference this week.

Sam Lee and wife came over from Blackduck last Monday and will visit relatives for a few days.

Miss Clara Lund, who has been at Minneapolis for a year or more, returned home last Monday.

Pull, the hypnotist and mind reader, entertained a fair sized audience at the hall last Thursday evening.

Mrs. J. M. Makinson arrived from St. Paul Monday for a visit with her daughter, Mrs. J. B. O Brien.

Foreman Wilcox of the Crookston Lumber company at Bemidji, is here this week looking over the mill.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

The lumber company have changed their pay days and in the future the employees will receive their pay on the 2nd and 4th Saturday in each month.

John Corrigan, who has been driving team for the lumber company this season, left on Thursday for North Dakota where he will assist James Kenney in an elevator.

Girls, if you want red lips, laughing eyes, sweet breath and good looks, use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. The greatest beautifier known. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Jens Nelson, J. J. Soll, Chas. Fellman and M. E. Bjerk went out to Goose lake for a duck hunt last Saturday. They failed to find much game but report having had a lively time during the storm keeping hold of their tent.

Manager Evans is not feeling good these days. Orders for lumber are plentiful and cars are scarce and hard to get. In fact they don't come at all, and the planer was forced to shut down last Thursday. It commenced work again yesterday and they hope for better luck.

The school library received a valuable addition this week, the district having purchased through the State Library board a Chamber's Encyclopaedia, ten volumes, half Russian binding, 1905 edition. This addition gives our school a good working library and is much appreciated by pupils and teachers.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Julius Pleth and wife came over from Plummer on Wednesday and returned home yesterday.

O. F. Post was circulating a petition this week among the business men and farmers asking that a State Farmers' Institute be held here some time before the holidays and after the fall work is done.

Indigestion, constipation, dyspepsia; kidney and liver disorders, and all stomach troubles positively cures by using Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Company.

The Red Lake Falls Gazette, in writing up a wedding which was held at Judge Tarrant's office, informs it readers that the "office was handsomely decorated with climax." We were under the impression that "spear head" was the Judge's favorite brand.

Charles Carlson and Albert Fellman have purchased the confectionery business of Oscar Carlson and will run the place in the future The boys tell us that they will put in a first-class stock of goods at once and will aim to run an up to date confectionery store. They are popular and deserve a good patronage.

It makes no difference how long you have been sick, if you are troubled with indigestion, constipation, liver and kidney troubles, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

J. Hogquist, the tailor, had a narrow escape from fire last Wednesday night about midnight. His gasoline stove had not been shut off enough and when he went to the shop and struck a match there was an explosion. His hands were quite seriously burned putting out the fire that ensued and it is doubtful if he would have succeeded if help had not arrived. The fire would have been a serious one if it had gained headway. Very little damage was done.

Grygla Eagle: A large number of cattle are being shipped out this year as a result of excessive rains in haymaking time. The prices most of these cattle bring at the market are such that the farmers are not getting the cost of keeping. Good breed of cattle command a much better price and are always in demand. Why it is that so many insist on raising scrubby stock when, in fact, it would not cost them but a little more to raise stock that bring better prices.

Here are a few well defined words, and it may do you good to remember them: Appendicitis—a modern pain costing $200 more than the old fashioned stomach ache. Collector—A man whom few care to see, but many ask to call again. Echo—the only thing that can cheat a woman out of the last word. Evolution—a clever trick performed by one Darwin who made a monkey out of Adam. Hug—a round about way of expressing affection. Jury—twelve men chosen to decide who is the best lawyer. Love—a man's insane desire to become a woman's meal ticket.

Detroit Record: The hundreds of farmers who went to Dakota for harvest work will soon pass eastward on their homeward journey. Many of them will have played-out horses, broken wagons, and little cash in their pockets. The work upon their own farms has been neglected, and from every standpoint they will be the losers. There is hardly a timber farmer in this county who could not spend his time more profitably in opening up new acres for cultivation and otherwise improving his own farm, than in taking these long jaunts to the Dakota prairies for a few weeks' work with uncertain wages and more uncertain weather. The two weeks' time and the money spent on the road, if expended upon the home farm, would put two or three acres each year upon a permanent revenue producing basis, add to the value of the farm and insure more of the comforts of life to the family than these jaunts to the west can possibly do.

Apprentice Wanted.

Wanted, a good bright boy to learn the barber's trade. Apply to James McAndress.

Basket Social.

There will be a basket social at the Norwegian Synod Lutheran church this evening, Saturday Oct. 7th, at 8 o'clock. Lunch will also be served to all not having baskets. All are cordially invited to attend.

Smashed His Hand.

J. B. Hart, a brakeman on the south bound freight, had the misfortune to get his right hand between the bumpers while switching here last Wednesday. He had his hand dressed here and took the passenger for Crookston. The hurt was a very bad one and it is thought that he will lose at least four of his fingers.

A Broken Arm.

Lewis Troy, who operates one of the machines at the planing mill, had a curious and unfortunate accident last Saturday. He had thrown the machine out of gear and was making some repairs when the wind blew the belt onto the pulley and started the machine. His left arm was drawn around the pulley, breaking it below the elbow. This seems to be an unfortunate season for Mr. Troy as he lost the little finger of his right hand last June and had just commenced work after the accident.

Universalists' Convention at Minneapolis

On account of the Universalist General convention at Minneapolis, to be held October 19-25, the Great Northern will sell tickets at one and one third fares for the round trip on the certificate plan. See your local agent for particulars. 6t-o14

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held at the village hall Oct. 2, 1905, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the president.

All members present except Duntley and Johnson.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and on motion accepted.

The report of the marshal and street commissioner read and on motion accepted.

On motion the band boys were allowed $10.00 for two open air concerts during September.

Motion made, seconded and carried that we levy a tax of $2,500 on the real and personal property of the village for running expenses during the ensuing year.

Motion made and seconded that the office of R. H. Duntley as member of the council be declared vacant for the reason that he has left the village.

The following bills were allowed in full:

Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	$ 31 80
White Mfg Co, lamp supplies	33 45
K O Gigstad, ¼ yr. salary and trip to Red Lake Falls	27 00
J B O'Brien, trip to Red Lake Falls	2 00
D Patterson, work	2 00
C H Remington, salary for Sept and killing dog	51.00

On motion meeting adjourned.
J. B. O'Brien,
President.
K. O. Gigstad,
Recorder.

Miss Isabel Latta Dies at Duluth.

Duluth News-Tribune (Oct. 3): Chas. W. Latta, publisher of the Plummer Pioneer, is in the city on a sad errand. He raced against death to reach the side of his sister, who died yesterday at St. Luke's hospital, but arrived too late to take her last message. He is the only member of a widely scattered family to attend her funeral today.

The funeral of Miss Isabel Latta, a nurse, who died at St. Luke's hospital Sunday, will be held at 3 o'clock this afternoon from the lecture room of the First Presbyterian church, where the service will be conducted by Rev. T. H. Cleland. She has been a nurse since October, 1893, but has lived in Las Vegas, New Mexico, the last two years. She returned to this city last summer. Her brother, Charles W. Latta, editor of the Plummer, (Minn.) Pioneer is in the city to take charge of the remains.

Miss Latta was born in Londonderry, Ireland, where one of her brothers still lives. Another brother lives in Edmonton, Alberta, and a third in Whitemouth, Manitoba. One of the sisters lives at Las Vegas, N. M., and another in Melbourne, Australia.

Japanese Getting Boastful.

Ely Miner: D. H. Moon a well known lumberman of this county who has just returned from an 18 months' tour of the world, speaking from personal experience, says:

"The Japanese people do not need any sympathy and they don't deserve any. That nation needs a sound licking more than any that I discovered while going round the world. They had the sublime nerve to tell me that Japan could, if it chose, whip the United States and take the Philippines as a trophy of conquest.

"They declare that they can vanquish any nation on earth. The Japanese have a bad case of the swelled head. I know something about them. I visited Japan a few years ago and have just come from there for a second time.

"The Japs have undergone a radical change. Two years ago they were polite and considerate. Now they are arrogant and boastful. Instead of seeking to please strangers they seem disposed to oppose them."

Need of Rubber.

Cultivation seems to offer the best prospect for keeping up the supply of rubber in the future. It is true that there have been some unfortunate undertakings in cultivating rubber, but that this can be accomplished has been pretty well demonstrated, and it is to be hoped that the work will be taken up energetically and in a sound business way at once. There is a greater need for this, as it appears that the production of rubber has passed its limit and is now decreasing. We all need golden grain belt beer to keep ourselves in the most healthy condition. Serve it regularly with your meals. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

RAPP & POST'S
QUOTATIONS

17 pounds Sugar	$1.00
Kerosine Oil, per gallon	15 c
Tomatoes, per can	10 c
Corn, 3 cans for	25 c
Evaporated Apricots, per lb	12½c
" Apples per lb	10 c
" Peaches per lb	12½c
" Pears per lb	15 c
Best Plums, per pound	8 c
Cleaned Currants, 3 lbs for	25 c
Gloss Starch, per package	10 c
Celluloid Starch, 3 pkgs for	25 c
Three 10c boxes Snuff for	25 c
25 pounds Corn meal for	60 c
Rice, per pound	5 c
Soda Crackers, by the pound	8 c
" " by the box per lb	7 c
Fine Cookies, by the pound	10 c
" " by the box per lb	9 c
No. 1 Lipton's Tea, per lb	60 c
No. 3 Lipton's Tea, per lb	45 c

Japan Teas, 20c, 35c and 50c per lb.
Try our 15c, 18c and 20c Chase & Sanborn Coffees.
Other goods at prices in proportion.
RAPP & POST

Impressive Services.

Bemidji Pioneer (Monday): The funeral over the remains of Joseph M. Markham, who died at Hot Springs, Ark., Saturday, September 23, was held yesterday afternoon from the city hall. The services were quite simple, but impressive.

Shortly before 2 o'clock the remains were taken from the Hotel Markham, where they had been held since their arrival in Bemidji, to the city hall, and placed at the front end of the hall. The services began immediately with a funeral sermon delivered by Rev. Thomas Broomfield of the First Baptist church. This was followed with a hymn sung by the Bemidji quartette, after which Hon. W. S. McClenahan of Brainerd made a short address. In his speech Judge McClenahan told of the friendship that had existed between himself and the deceased, and expressed deep sorrow at the untimely death of a man who had for years been so prominently identified with the growth and development of northern Minnesota. Another hymn by the quartette and a short prayer by Rev. Broomfield concluded the services. The floral decorations were excellent, and the casket was literally strewn with beautiful and costly flowers.

After those in attendance had been given an opportunity to take a farewell glance at the features of Mr. Markham, the remains were taken to the hearse by the pallbearers, who were: J. W. Irwin, W. A. Gould, J. F. Gibbons, Judge M. A. Spooner, C. M. Bacon and Thos. Bailey, Sr.

The funeral was one of the most largely attended ever held in Bemidji. Long before the services had commenced every seat in the city hall had been taken and before they had ended standing room was at a premium and a large number of people could not gain admittance to the hall.

The funeral procession to Greenwood cemetery was headed by the Bemidji band, and hundreds of people in carriages escorted the remains to their last resting place. A short service at the grave concluded the exercises, and the remains were consigned to the tomb.

Joseph M. Markham was born at Chester, Mass., Jan. 24, 1858, his age thus being 47 years. He came to Minnesota in 1877 and worked on a farm, subsequently going to the woods for employment. He worked as a woodsman for a number of years, but in 1882 he was elected sheriff of Aitkin county. He served in this capacity for 10 years and was afterwards elected to the state legislature, serving two years as a member of that body. At the conclusion of his term of office Mr. Markham built the Foley hotel at Aitkin, but at the end of two years he disposed of the establishment and went to St. Hilaire, where he erected the Markham hotel. On Sept. 15, 1898, he came to Bemidji and established the Hotel Markham in this city. Except for one year he has conducted the hotel here ever since. He was married to his present wife in Aitkin in the year 1883. Mrs. Markham's maiden name being Miss Belle Brandon of Barron, Wis.

Land Office Doing Big Business.

With $130,775.58 worth of business to its credit for the past three months of business, the Crookston United States Land office is entering upon another quarter of the year which promises to be as large or nearly so in volume of business done as the one just past.

The reports of the office for the quarter just past as prepared by Chief Clerk Malone, show the number of entries made during the quarter as 189, 188 final proofs were filed and accepted and the number of cash entries of commutation proofs was 495, an enormous number, and nearly double the number received during the same quarter a year ago.

The enormous growth of the Government's land business in this section is shown by the comparison of last year's receipts for the same quarter with those of the present three months. In 1904 for the quarter ending October 1st, the total cash receipts of the office were $46,766 while for this year the sum total of the business done in cash by the office is $130,775, nearly $100,000 in advance of the business of one year ago.

Register Montague and Receiver George are very well satisfied with the showing made by the office and give the reason for the immense volume of business during the quarter just closed as the large number of cash settlements which have been made on Red Lake Indian lands opened for settlement a year ago. A large number of the homesteaders have taken advantage of the fourteen months residence and commutation privileges and have paid up entirely for the property, thus swelling the cash receipts for the quarter.

The statement is as follows:

1904		1905
407	Homestead entries	189
293	Final homesteads	188
237	Cash entries	470
$46,766.46	Total Receipts	$130,775.58

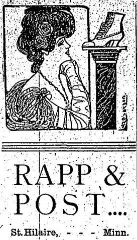
Tongs.

Tongs were said to have been invented in China B. C. 1122, but representations of them have been found on the Egyptian monuments B. C. 2200. In India they are claimed as in use since B. C. 900, and their principal employment in that country, where fires during the most of the year are superfluous, was to facilitate the handling of dead bodies in the funeral pyres. Seventy pairs of tongs, some bronze, some iron, have been taken from the ruins of Pompeii.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.
tf G. H. Sandum.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.



RAPP &
POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

The Pedestal
of Honor
is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.
Ladies' Shoes
like ours are not to be found in every store.

FIRE INSURANCE
— is a —
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class
— FOR RATES CALL ON —
HARRY E. IVES.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS
NOW ARRIVING.
We are getting in daily our Fall and Winter Stock of.....
Dry Goods :: Dress Goods
Boots and Shoes
and Heavy Winter Goods
AND INVITE YOUR INSPECTION
WE CAN QUOTE YOU PRICES EQUAL TO THE LOWEST
Call early and see our Stock of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods
E. M. HOFF.

$34.90 To California ......
DAILY UNTIL OCTOBER 31st
Through tourist cars every Tuesday morning 8:20 a. m., arriving Los Angeles 8:25 a.m., San Francisco 6:35 p. m., following Saturday. Double berth $6.75. via
THE SUNSHINE ROUTE
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway
and Santa Fe Route
TICKETS: 365 Robert Street, St. Paul. 328 Nicollet Avenue, Minneapolis.
W. B. DIXON, N. W. P. A., ST. PAUL, MINN.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, - - - - - MINNESO

LOSS OF APPETITE

Cold Sweats, Twitching Nerves and Weakness Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Nature punishes every infraction of her laws, and careless habits easily lead to the condition described by Mr. William Browne, of No. 1019 Lincoln street, St. Joseph, Mo. Mr. Browne is an expert tinner in the employ of the National Biscuit Co. He gives the following account of a trying experience:

"In the spring of 1902," he says, "while I was regularly working at my trade, I grew somewhat careless in my habits of eating and drinking, and finally found that my appetite was fickle, a bad taste lingered in my mouth, my nerves twitched and were beyond my control, my kidneys were out of order and cold sweats would break out over my body at odd times. Perhaps, while I stood talking with some one, this trembling of the limbs, and profuse sweating, and a severe chill would seize me. I became alarmed at my condition and, having read an endorsement of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, I got a box and began to use them. They helped me at once. After I had used one box the twitching of the nerves, the trouble with the stomach and the cold sweats stopped and have not reappeared, and my appetite is good. I have told all my friends that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured me and I recommend them to everybody."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured Mr. Browne because nothing can strengthen the nerves except good rich red blood—and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood. They don't act on the bowels. They don't bother with mere symptoms. They drive from the blood the cause of anæmia, indigestion, nervous disorders, general weakness and the troubles of growing girls and women. The pills are guaranteed to be free from opiates or harmful drugs. Sold by all druggists, or by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

What Happened Afterward.

Tam O'Shanter tied his mare in the stable and went wearily up to the house to meet his sulky, sullen dame.

"Well," she said in a shrill, angry voice, "what tale hae ye noo?"

"Nane!" he said, taking her out to the stable and showing her poor Maggie's bleeding stump.

Then he told her a fairy story about his having been attacked by desperate highwaymen on the north shore, who had fired a volley at him that had missed him by a narrow margin and taken effect on the mare.—

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 and 912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. Placide Cote, Willow City, N. D., battleship; John Erickson, St. Paul, Minn., journal box; Harry Johnston, Detroit, Minn., saw set; Edward Mundale, Frost, Minn., corn harvester; Harry Reed, Minneapolis, Minn., weather strip; Rudolph C. Pleins, St. Paul, Minn., seal.

Called Down.

The Chief—You are charged with conduct unbecoming an officer.

The Policeman—How's that, sir?

The Chief—You were seen entering the front door a saloon last night instead of the "family entrance."—Chicago News.

Don't ask your friend to tell you his troubles, for if he does he will think you should do something to relieve them.

Out of the Mouths of Babes.

Nan—Call that a cow you are drawing? It don't look like a cow.

Fred—Huh! This ain't a photograph. It's a work of art.—Chicago News.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

A Sidesplitting Joke.

"That was a silesplitting joke on Adam, wasn't it?"

"Which was that?"

"The making of Eve."—Dallas News.

WHEAT

Weather conditions this fall have been ideal so far for shock threshing and movement of wheat to market. The occasional showers which have been experienced have helped rather than hurt the wheat itself, as in each case they were followed by clear, sunny weather. Country elevators all over the Northwest are jammed full of new wheat, and the volume of the crop is causing real embarrassment in many sections. Farmers are building cribs for temporary accommodation of their grain in several important districts, and instances are pointed out where the new wheat is allowed to remain on the ground just as it comes from the thresher, because of the impossibility of handling it with present equipment. Providentially, the weather has been beautifully clear and no damage has resulted from this action. The shock threshing has been generally completed. While the country elevators are taxed to their capacity, the big grain storage houses at market centers are still able to handle all the grain the railroads can haul, but the roads are all swamped with the flood of grain, and miles of cars now loaded and ready are waiting power to pull them to market. We think, that before all this grain is moved, prices will decline enough to make free purchases profitable.

Edwards-Wood Co.

(Incorporated)—Dealers In

STOCKS GRAIN PROVISIONS

Main Office—5th and Robert Sts.—St. Paul.

AGAINST THE STORM

THERE IS NO PROTECTION IN THE WORLD LIKE

TOWER'S SLICKERS

FOR SALE BY ALL THE BEST DEALERS

TOWER'S FISH BRAND

A. J. TOWER CO. ESTABLISHED 1836

BOSTON NEW YORK CHICAGO

TOWER CANADIAN CO. Limited, TORONTO, CAN.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS.

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION

SEA SERPENT IN NEVADA.

Well Preserved Skeleton Dug Up in Humboldt County.

The well preserved remains of a deep-sea serpent forty feet in length have been found in South American canyon, on the desert of Humboldt county, in Nevada. The find was made by University of California scientists.

With the skeleton is the complete head, including even the big proboscis of the monster that at one time swam the waters that covered what is now a barren desert waste.—Salt Lake Tribune.

Medicines Have Stood Test of Time.

"The leading proprietary medicines that have stood the test of time are of known therapeutic value," says a medical authority. "They are prepared in laboratories of the highest grade, under the care of skilled pharmacists, and they are made from approved formulas which, in many instances, have been the especial pride and specific of some successful physician. They have been tried in the crucible of public opinion and they have been found satisfactory by the people, for otherwise the people would discontinue using them."

Good Cause.

"Mary," said a lady to her new maid, "I must insist that you keep better hours and that you have less company in the kitchen in the evening. Last night I was kept awake by the uproarious laughter of one of your friends."

"Yes, mum, I know," Mary replied cheerfully, "but she couldn't help it. I was telling her how you tried to make a cake yesterday morning."

They Took It in Turns.

Lady Broome, who in her youthful days in New Zealand used to teach the shepherds reading and writing, tells in her "Colonial Memories" of two men living in a lonely and distant river gorge who used to attend Sunday afternoon service.

But they never came together, and their brand new suit of shepherd's plaid always had a strange effect.

"Why can you two not come together," she asked one day, "either to the lessons or the service?"

"There's difficulty about the clothes, mem."

"In what way?"

"Well, it's this way, mem. We've only got one suit, and we got it a between size on purpose. Joe, he's too tall, and I'm too short, so I turns it up, an' Joe he wears leggin's an' such like, an' so we makes it do till after shearin'."

Cured Her Rheumatism.

Deep Valley, Pa., Oct. 2d.—(Special.)—There is deep interest in Green county over the cure of the little daughter of I. N. Whipkey of Rheumatism. She was a great sufferer for five or six years and nothing seemed to do her any good till she tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. She began to improve almost at once and now she is cured and can run and play as other children do. Mr. Whipkey says:

"I am indeed thankful for what Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for my daughter; they saved her from being a cripple perhaps for life."

Dodd's Kidney Pills have proved that Rheumatism is one of the results of diseased Kidneys. Rheumatism is caused by Uric Acid in the blood. If the Kidneys are right there can be no Uric Acid in the blood and consequently no rheumatism. Dodd's Kidney Pills make the Kidneys right.

Modern Social Demands.

One curious phase of taking ourselves so seriously is the enormously increased importance of the interesting. Society fairly bristles with the interesting. Sometimes one wonders where the uninteresting do. Modern society demands that you should be something or do something, or say something, or at least pretend to. It is understood that you must be celebrated or notorious, or well advertised, or cheeky, and even dishonest, if it is on a magnificent scale. At any rate, you must take yourself seriously and get a swelled head.—Rortnightly Review.

Dolly More to Her Than Life.

Snatched by a timely bystander from instant death beneath the wheels of a trolley car in Trenton, N. J., little eight-year-old Alice Carlton, heedless of her own injuries and the fearful fate from which she had been rescued, begged piteously for her doll to be rescued, too. A car bound down town was approaching, and she waited for it to pass. A car going in the opposite direction struck the child, and still holding tightly to the doll, she was rolled intothe wire net in front of the car. The fender dragged and the little girl rolled out of it, directly in front of the car. John Elkins snatched her, just in time to save her life, but she was cut in several places, and her first words were: "Is dolly hurt?"—Boston Post.

NOTICED IT.

A Young Lady From New Jersey Put Her Wits to Work.

"Coffee gave me terrible spells of indigestion which, coming on every week or so, made my life wretched until someone told me that the coffee I drank was to blame. That seemed nonsense, but I noticed these attacks used to come on shortly after eating and were accompanied by such excruciating pains in the pit of the stomach that I could only find relief by loosening my clothing and lying down.

"If circumstances made it impossible for me to lie down I spent hours in great misery.

"I refused to really believe it was the coffee until finally I thought a trial would at least do no harm, so I quit coffee in 1901 and began on Postum. My troubles left entirely and convinced me of the cause.

"Postum brought no discomfort, nor did indigestion follow its use. I have had no return of the trouble since I began to drink Postum. It has built me up, restored my health and given me a new interest in life. It certainly is a joy to be well again." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

DAIRY NOTES

Color in Butter.

The oleomargarine manufacturers are said to be planning a campaign to prevent the use of color in butter as well as in oleomargarine. In making this attempt they know that they have the support of a very large proportion of the American people, even with those that are opposed to the use of color in oleomargarine. There is a strong sentiment existing against the use of color in butter, as well as in oleomargarine. There are several reasons for this. One is that many people do not like to eat butter that they know contains coloring matter, which coloring matter frequently consists of some one of the coal tar dyes. Although laws have been passed in some states prohibiting the use of these dyes in butter, yet most of the states have no such laws and apparently never will have. The people would like to have such laws passed, but find it too much trouble to get them enacted. They would therefore like to see a national law prohibiting all kinds of coloring matter in butter. There are other people that are also opposed to the use of coloring matter who think they see in the present law an unjust discrimination. They think they see the oleomargarine people prohibited from using the coloring matter, and the butter makers permitted to use it. As a matter of fact there is no such discrimination, as the butter color in oleomargarine was put there to help perpetrate a fraud, but is not put into the butter for the same purpose. Nevertheless this is a fine point that many people refuse to see. We may be sure that all people who think this way will support a law prohibiting all kinds of coloring matter in butter. It is practically impossible to control the kind of butter color that is to be used. When it can be carried around in such small quantities that an ounce bottle will contain enough to color the butter for several weeks on an ordinary farm, it is practically impossible to detect the sale of the coal tar dyes even in the few states where they are prohibited. After the butter is made and shipped from one state into another, it is impossible for the inspectors to examine the butter and find what kind of coloring matter was used. This could be done in a few cases, but no state has inspectors enough to visibly affect the situation. About the only people that would feel aggrieved at such a law would be the men who are now making a living in the manufacture of butter color.

Goats and Sheep as Cheesemakers.

Some of the most noted cheeses of Europe are made from the milk of sheep and goats. Notable among these cheeses are Rocquefort, Brie, Camembert, and Limburger. In some parts of the United States, cheeses under these same names are being produced, but they are not the same kind of cheese at all. At a farmers' meeting in Wisconsin, one man asserted that they were making just as fine Rocquefort cheese in Wisconsin as they were making in Europe. A man who knew all about the European manufacture said, "Show me your sheep that are producing the milk." Everyone knew that the Wisconsin Rocquefort cheese was being made out of cow's milk, where the real Rocquefort cheese was made from the milk of sheep. Up to this time there has been a small importation of milch goats in the United States. This is due largely to the fact that a disease known as foot-and-mouth disease prevails in all the European countries where milch goats are raised, but it is so desirable to introduce these goats into the United States that the United States government is about to establish a quarantine station on an island off the Jersey coast at which all goats will be examined and retained until all danger of the development of this disease is past. It is believed that this will result in the transference to American soil of the cheese making industries that have made European localities famous. If Americans can manufacture the same kind of cheese, and get 25 or 30 cents a pound for it, they can afford to handle even the goat and sheep for the production of milk.—John Stinson, Bureau Co., Ill., in Farmers' Review.

It Pays to Raise Good Calves.

Many milk producers that sell their milk whole to the bottling plants or to the city milk dealers say that it does not pay to raise their own calves. They will therefore not scruple to send to the butcher the calves from their best cows. Some milk producers do, however, raise their own calves, even though they have to sacrifice something for that purpose. They manage it by not selling all of their milk, but skim part of it, make butter out of the cream or sell the cream and feed the skim-milk to the calves. After all, they do not lose so much as one might think and are enabled to raise some of their best calves. These are the men that have set their standard high. They do not feel satisfied to milk cows giving five or even six thousand pounds of milk a year. They know of cows like the Holstein cow Aggie that give 18,000 pounds of milk a year and that is the kind of cow they are working to get. They have to raise that kind of a cow if they get her at all, for after she is raised and developed it costs too much to buy her.

Learn to Run the Separator.

The people that buy cream separators too often fail to inform themselves fully as to the speed at which they should be run. There is one best degree of speed, and the manufacturers generally know what it is. They publish implicit directions, and their agents also give instructions, and both of these are frequently neglected by the people that purchase the machines. There is always a great loss of cream when the machine is run too slowly, and if it is run too rapidly too much milk is incorporated with the cream. The speed of the machine should always be regular. Constantly changing the speed does not help the separation.

A DESPAIRING WOMAN.

Weak, Nervous and Wretched from Wasting Kidney Troubles.

Mrs. Henry A. Reamer, Main and Garst sts., South Bend, Ind., says:

"When I began using Doan's Kidney Pills I was so weak I could hardly drag myself across the room. I was wretched and nervous, and had backache, bearing-down pain, headache, dizziness and weak eyes. Dropsy set in and bloating of the chest choked me and threatened the heart. I had little hope, but to my untold surprise, Doan's Kidney Pills brought me relief and saved my life. I shall never forget it."

Sold by dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

A Ducal Practical Joke.

Duke Carl of Wurtemberg was very fond of practical jokes in his younger days. Once he called at a farmhouse and asked the farmer's wife, who was churning, for a glass of milk. She did not know her visitor, but went away to fetch the milk, when the duke seized a cat which was lying near and threw it, with a ducat into the churn. When the old woman returned he drank the milk and walked away.

A year later the same prince entered the house in a different dress, and again asked for a glass of milk, and inquired whether some one hadn't once secreted a cat in her churn. The farmer's wife laughed and said:

"Oh, yes and I wouldn't mind him doing it again at the same price."

"What did you do with the butter you were churning then?"

"Oh, I sent it to the palace, where they take all my stuff!"

BABY ONE SOLID SORE.

Could Not Shut Eyes to Sleep—Spent $100 on Doctors—Baby Grew Worse—Cured by Cuticura for $5.

"A scab formed on my baby's face, spreading until it completely covered her from head to foot, followed by boils, having forty on her head at one time, and more on her body. Then her skin started to dry up and it became so bad she could not shut her eyes to sleep. One month's treatment with Cuticura Soap and Ointment made a complete cure. Doctors and medicines had cost over $100, with baby growing worse. Then we spent less than $5 for Cuticura and cured her. (Signed) Mrs. G. H. Tucker, Jr., 335 Greenfield Ave., Milwaukee, Wis."

All of a Class.

"He isn't qualified to sit in the senate," asserted the reformer.

"Oh, yes, he is," declared the pessimist.

"Nonsense. When and how did he qualify?"

"When he bought his seat."—Portland telegram.

His Chance.

"Now," said the old doctor to the student, "I have a difficult operation to perform on a young stenographer this afternoon and you may come in as my assistant, and you'll get an opportunity to make some valuable notes."

"I have long wanted to take lessons on a typewriter," replied the flippant youth.—Fort Worth Record.

Auction Sale—Farm Lands.

20,000 acres, the best selection in Otter Tail County, Minnesota, of the Saint Paul & Chicago Railway Company's land grant, will be sold at auction in 40-acre tracts to the highest bidders, at Perham, October 25th, and at Parker's Prairie, October 28th, on better terms than those offered by the State of Minnesota. For lists and terms send to

J. A. NOWELL & CO., 200-205 Globe Bldg., St. Paul, Minnesota.

Vegetables a Modern Luxury.

It is curious to think how comparatively modern is the use of most of our vegetables. When Good Queen Bess came to the throne, her lieges only ate two—cabbages and onions; and when the potato was introduced it was not much to boast of, being small and full of "eyes."—Sketch.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease

A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Too Sober for Second Sight.

Bounder—What are you talking about? There wasn't any moon last night.

Rounder—Oh, yes. I'm sure I saw one.

Rounder—Nonsense! You must have been drunk.

Rounder—Nonsense yourself! If I'd been drunk I would have seen two.—Catholic Standard.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Really Staggered.

McJigger—You look weary this morning, old man.

Thingumbob—Yes, I made a discovery last night that staggered me.

McJiggers—Gracious! What was it?

Thingumbob—A quart bottle of ten-year-old that I didn't know I had.—

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. THOS. ROBBINS, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Sorry Now He Spoke.

The Departing Guest (after paying his bill, sarcastically)—I sincerely hope your conscience won't trouble you!

The Summer Hotel Proprietor (blandly)—Don't worry, sir; we don't care how you got the money!—Puck.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Not a Star Performer.

"Are you alone in the soup?" said the man, peering into his plate.

"No," piped the oyster, "there's a measlie little red crab in here with me."—Dallas News.

RAILROAD TIE PROBLEM.

Not Enough Oak in Country to Replace Them in 1920.

"The railroads of North America will have a new problem confronting them about 1920," sad an old contractor, who has built many miles of road. "It will be the difficulty of getting new ties. The life of an oak tree is fifteen years, and in 1920 all the ties in the country must be replaced. There is not enough material in North America to do it. An authority has figured out that the number of railroad ties employed in the railroad service amounts up to eighteen figures. Iron ties will not do. They are too rigid. It will be either import from Africa or South America, or invent some substitute for wood. The need of restoration will strike the railroads when it is too late."—Milwaukee Free Press.

A Hen On.

It was not Lord Curzon of Kedleston, but an earlier viceroy of India, who found himself at a city banquet next to a portly alderman.

"My grandfather knew Napoleon," said the latter to the distinguished guest. "The emperor gave him a lovely snuff-box. There is a hen on the lid."

"Dear me!" replied the viceroy. "It is probably an eagle, not a hen."

"No; it is a hen," persisted the alderman, producing the box from his pocket, and proudly displaying the initial "N" of the emperor's name in brilliants on the lid.

It Usually Does.

"They're both thinking of a divorce now."

"Why, I didn't even know they were married."

"Oh! yes, they were married under the rose, you know!" "Aha! that accounts for the thorns."—Philadelphia Press.

DENVER AND RETURN, $25.70. Oklahoma City, $18.20; Fort Worth, $21.50; Galveston, $28.15. Round-trip tickets on sale via the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad. Liberal limits and stop-over privileges. Correspondingly low rates to other points in the West and Southwest.

Call on W. E. Witherspoon, City Ticket Agent, No. 398 Robert street.

Must Stick Together.

Young Mother—Now, Harold, whom do you love most, papa or me?

Little Harold—Papa.

Young Mother—But yesterday you said you loved me most.

Little Harold—Yes; but I've thought it over since and decided that we men must stick together.

It Needed It.

He—That's your new hat, eh?

She—Oh! my, it isn't trimmed yet.

He—Trimmed? Oh! I see, you've got to cut it down a bit. That's a good scheme.—Philadelphia Press.

Here is Relief for Women.

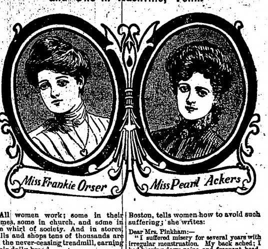
Mother Gray, a nurse in New York, discovered a pleasant herb remedy for women's ills, called AUSTRALIAN-LEAF. It is the only certain monthly regulator. Cures female weaknesses, Backache, Kidney and Urinary troubles. At all Druggists or by mail 50 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

It is always better to take things as they come than to attempt to catch them as they go.

It is easier to start a rumor than it is to head it off.

WORKING WOMEN

Their Hard Struggle Made Easier—Interesting Statements by a Young Lady in Boston and One in Nashville, Tenn.



Miss Frankie Orser

Miss Pearl Ackers

All women work; some in their homes, some in church, and some in the whirl of society. And in stores, mills and shops tens of thousands are on the never-ceasing treadmill, earning their daily bread.

All are subject to the same physical laws; all suffer alike from the same physical disturbance, and the nature of their duties, in many cases, quickly drifts them into the horrors of all kinds of female complaints, ovarian troubles, ulceration, falling and displacements of the womb, leucorrhœa, or perhaps irregularity or suppression of "monthly periods," causing backache, nervousness, irritability and lassitude.

Women who stand on their feet all day are more susceptible to these troubles than others.

They especially require an invigorating, sustaining medicine which will strengthen the female organism and enable them to bear easily the fatigues of the day, to sleep well at night, and to rise refreshed and cheerful.

How distressing to see a woman struggling to earn a livelihood or perform her household duties when her back and head are aching, she is so tired she can hardly drag about or stand up, and every movement causes pain, the origin of which is due to some derangement of the female organism.

Miss F. Orser of 14 Warrenton Street, Boston, tells women how to avoid such suffering; she writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I suffered misery for several years with irregular menstruation. My back ached; I had bearing down pains, and frequent headaches; I could not sleep and could hardly drag around. I consulted two physicians without relief, and as a last resort, I tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and to my surprise, every ache and pain left me. I gained ten pounds and am in perfect health."

Miss Pearl Ackers of 327 North Summer Street, Nashville, Tenn., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I suffered with painful periods, severe backache, bearing-down pains, pains across the abdomen; was very nervous and irritable, and my trouble grew worse every month.

"My physician failed to help me and I decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I soon found it was doing me good. All my pains and aches disappeared, and I no longer fear my monthly periods."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the unfailing cure for all these troubles. It strengthens the proper muscles, and displacement with all its horrors will no more crush you.

Backache, dizziness, fainting, bearing down pains, disordered stomach, moodiness, dislike of friends and society—all symptoms of the one cause—will be quickly dispelled, and it will make you strong and well.

You can tell the story of your sufferings to a woman, and receive helpful advice free of cost. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

A Horse on Him.

A father going into his stable one day found his little son, with a slate and pencil in his hand, astride one of the horses.

"Why, Harry," he exclaimed, "what are you doing?"

"Writing a composition," was the reply.

"Well, why don't you write it in the house?" asked the father.

"Because," answered the little fellow, "the master told me to write a composition on horse."

Different Views.

"Didn't you think there was a little too much brandy in the pudding sauce at that dinner?" said Mrs. Fussleigh.

"No," replied her husband. "I thought there was a little too much pudding in the brandy sauce."—Dallas News.

YOU NEED SUCH A TONIC

Until Mull's Grape Tonic Was Brought to America, the Following Was Incurable.

READ THESE STATISTICS—WE CAN VERIFY THEM:

90,000 people die yearly from the results of Constipation and Stomach Troubles and their attending ills. Nine in every ten have it. Many don't know it, and a good many who do know it neglect it until it is too late. Some get so bad they think it is incurable, and then they resort to the physic or pill habit, where the real trouble begins. You and I know that Pills and Physic make us worse, we become a slave to them, and finally they lose their power and paralysis of the intestines occurs, and then slow death.

Now Constipation and Stomach Trouble are just as curable as any other disease; we have proved this fully by curing over 10,000 the last two years. Many of these were the most chronic, serious, complicated kind in which all other remedies and doctors had failed and hope dispaired of, but our treatment cured them quickly and to stay cured.

Mr. Thompson, of Peoria, who had suffered all his life and had given up hope, was cured by 24 bottles. Dr. Dill, of St. Louis, whose health had been broken down, claims that several bottles cured him, that it is a splendid medicine for Stomach and Bowels, and the best general tonic he ever saw. Dr. Hedrick, of Kansas City, who had constipation so badly that he verged upon nervous collapse, says to his great surprise after trying everything else was cured by Mull's Grape Tonic, he says it is the best thing for Stomach and Bowels and kindred ills, that has come to his attention in his professional career. Mrs. Alcoba, of Chicago, who was a confirmed invalid for years, after taking a thorough course of Mull's Grape Tonic says she was able to leave her bed after the third bottle, and is now enjoying good health. She had tried everything that came to her notice. Mr. Crow, of St. Louis, had dyspepsia, liver and bowel trouble for 85 years, which he contracted during the Civil War. He said he never could get anything that even afforded him relief, but that a short treatment of Mull's Grape Tonic completely cured him. He recommended it to old soldiers so many of whom suffer with the same complaint. Mr. McCurdy, of Troy, Ohio, was one of the greatest sufferers that ever came to our attention. There apparently wasn't an organ of his body free from disease: Liver Trouble, Stomach and Kidney Trouble, terrible piles that kept him in agony. Bowels would not act for days, heart action bad, emaciated, run down and completely discouraged. He resorted to every known means, doctors, remedies, baths, etc., all to no avail. He says: "Soon after I started Mull's Grape Tonic my bowels began to act regularly, the pain left me, and my general health built up rapidly. I heartily recommend it as an absolute cure to which I am a living witness."

These are only a few of the very worst cases of the thousands cured by Mull's Grape Tonic.

We can cure you, no matter how bad off and to prove it we will send you without cost a bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic and instructions how to use it. The digestive organs are strangely subject to the curative power of Mull's Grape Tonic.

There is no scheme about this, but a fair, square chance for you to test this grand treatment for yourself, in your own home without cost.

If you have Rheumatism, Stomach, Bowel, Kidney, Lung and Heart Trouble, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, cold, fever, diarrhœa, loss of sleep and strength, run down, Piles, appendicitis, fistula, bad blood, dizziness, bad complexion, etc., remember they are the result of Constipation and Mull's Grape Tonic will cure you. It is a splendid Tonic just as Dr. Dill states. Everybody should use it. Typhoid fever and appendicitis are unknown in families where Mull's Grape Tonic is used. You need such a Tonic, begin to-day.

Don't wait but send now for this free offer and get well. Good for ailing children and nursing mothers.

123 FREE COUPON. 1075

Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, Stomach Tonic and Constipation Cure.

Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

Give Full Address and Write Plainly.

The $1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size. At drug stores.

The genuine has a date and number stamped on the label—take no other from your druggist.

Your Druggist should handle the world's greatest healer—

DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL

If he cannot supply you we will send a 20-ounce bottle prepaid on receipt of

$1.00

Send for free copy of our paper—the "Farmer's Reliance."

OLNEY & McDAID, Clinton, Iowa.

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN

W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
ALL STYLES
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

Established July 4, 1876.

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES AND SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any $3.50 shoe in the world. They are just as good as those that cost you $5.00 to $7.00—the only difference is the price. If I could take you into my factory at Brockton, Mass., the largest in the world under one roof making men's fine shoes, and show you the care with which every pair of Douglas shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the best shoes produced in the world.

If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes, you would understand why Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

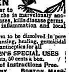
CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

WANTED. A shoe dealer in every town where W. L. Douglas Shoes are not sold. Full line of samples sent free for inspection upon request.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC



FOR WOMEN

troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES

For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.
Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.
THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

PRICE, 25 Cts.

TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE
25 CTS CURES COUGHS COLDS

ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE

GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.
F. W. Diemer, M. D., Manufacturer, *Springfield, Mo.*

N W N U —NO. 40— 1905

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. *MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri.*

ESTABLISHED 1879.

MINNEAPOLIS. **Woodward & Co., Grain Commission.** DULUTH.

ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1905. NUMBER 13.

RESUME OF THE NEWS

Fresh——Reliable——Brief

Washington.

A. J. Fleming of Brayme, Mo., one of the earliest advocates of Mr. Roosevelt as a presidential candidate, has been appointed consul at Stanbridge, Ont.

Capt. Hebbinghaus, naval attache of the German embassy, called by appointment at the White House and presented to the president a valuable collection of engravings illustrative of the life of Frederick the Great.

Gov. Gen. Wright of the Philippines sails for San Francisco Nov. 7. He will remain in the United States about six months and will be present in Washington when the bids on the railroad system for the islands are opened.

Fourth Assistant Postmaster General De Graw has reported that there were 1,431 free delivery routes established throughout the country during September, making a total of 33,486 routes existing. There are 4,655 petitions for such routes pending.

The record of the case of First Lieut. Louis M. Hamilton of the Fourteenth infantry, who was tried by general court-martial at Vancouver barracks, Wash., for alleged violation of army regulations, has been received at the war department and will be reviewed by Judge Advocate General Davis. Lieut. Hamilton is a grandson of Alexander Hamilton.

Foreign.

A tidal wave struck the village of Campechuela, Mansanillo, Cuba. Forty houses were destroyed, but no lives were lost.

It is reported that the notorious Cuban bandit, Chino Oreill, has been killed by rural guards. Oreill had been condemned to death for several murders.

A tornado struck Malmesbury, a town of 3,000 inhabitants, situated thirty-five miles from Cape Town, South Africa, and reduced it to ruins. A number of persons were killed.

It is officially announced that the damage done by the fire at the army stores at Hiroshima, Japan, Oct. 1, amounts to $942,553, including the cost of the buildings, provisions and clothes.

A national convention of the Cuban Liberal party has decided not to abandon the presidential campaign, and refused to accept the resignation of Jose Miguel Gomez, the party's candidate for the presidency.

The French and Colombian colonies at Colon are increasing rapidly. The steamer Versailles, which has just arrived, brought 700 laborers from the Island of Martinique, French West Indies, and 300 from Cartagena, Colombia.

The French authorities do not expect definite action relative to Venezuela until the receipt at Washington of the report of former Judge W. J. Calhoun, who went to Venezuela on a special mission for the government of the United States.

As a sequel of the breaking of diplomatic relations between Roumania and Greece it is semi-officially announced that Roumania will denounce the commercial convention with Greece and tax property held by Greeks in Roumania.

The fore part of the wreck of the British steamer Chatham, which was blown up in the Suez canal, has entirely disappeared, but the stern must be further demolished by dynamite. There is a hole 110 feet dep at the spot where the wreck rested.

Mr. De Thal, second secretary of the Russian embassy, has been temporarily transferred to Mexico as charge d'affaires of the Russian legation there. Prince Kudaeheff, who was with Baron Rosen at Tokio, has been attached to the Washington embassy.

Casualty.

William McGregor, a Canadian Pacific road engineer, was killed in a collision while shunting in the yards at Winnipeg. He was horribly scalded by escaping steam.

The second section of Big Four freight No. 96 ran into a derail at the crossing of the Southern Indiana Belt line at Terra Haute. The engineer was killed and three men injured.

One man was burned to death and two were fatally burned in a fire in a lodging house on West street, in New York. It is thought there are still others whose bodies have not yet been found.

William Bowle, a lineman employed by a telephone company, fell from a pole while stringing wires on Main street, Winnipeg. He sustained injuries from which he died shortly afterwards.

Six persons, two women and four children, were burned to death in a cabin home at Edington, W. Va. The two husbands of the women escaped. Those burned were Mrs. J. Alco and her three children and Mrs. Joseph Cardelli and one child.

By the explosion of a large quantity of nitro-glycerine at the Aetna Powder mills at Crown Point, Ind., two men were killed. The explosion occurred in the packing house, which was blown to atoms, and only parts of the two men were found in the debris.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Sackett of Des Moines were horror-stricken upon awakening to find that their six-months-old baby girl, lying between them, was dead. The coroner was summoned and after an investigation declared that the child had simply got tangled in the bed clothing and smothered to death.

Criminal.

Robbers made a raid on the First National bank of Howard, S. D., but were scared away before they secured any booty.

J. Walker Franklin was arrested at Birmingham, Ala., by detectives while taking part in the services of the Salvation Army, on the charge of bigamy.

Enraged by jealousy, James G. Clayton, a negro, shot and instantly killed his wife and James Hannon, also a negro, who boarded with the Clayton family in New York.

While awaiting the arrival of a patrol wagon, after his arrest in St. Louis on a forgery charge, Thomas G. Connor, forty years old, committed suicide by drinking carbolic acid.

Mrs. Mary A. O'Hare walked into Olney's pond in the rear of her home at Leicester, Mass., with her eleven-months old baby boy in her arms. Both were drowned. No cause is ascribed.

Peter McIntyre, a private in the coast artillery, was stabbed and killed in the barracks at Fort Totten, Whitestone, L. I., by Private William Snyder. The murder was the result of a quarrel.

Herbert McCartney committed suicide by taking poison, after administering a fatal dose of the drug to his seven-year-old son. Despondency over being separated from his wife is the only cause given.

In an effort to put a stop to the epidemic of crime which has been a source of terror to Des Moines all summer, Judge McVey sentenced Alonzo Watson to prison for twelve years for highway robbery.

Ralph Anderson of Cherokee, Iowa, has filed an information charging Mrs. George Filer with abducting Bessie, his eleven-year-old daughter. The two left for Sioux City. The motive is not stated, but it may be blackmail.

Samuel Beaver, for many years paying teller of the Bank of California, shot and killed himself in San Francisco. Mr. Beaver had been ill for a long time and was placed on the retired list of the bank on account of his sickness. This is supposed to be the cause of his committing suicide.

Although her bondsmen have made good the claim of the government, the case against Miss Nellie Woodley, who was formerly postmistress at Hansel, in Franklin county, Iowa, will be probed by the federal grand jury. She is charged with a discrepancy of more than $1,000 in the postoffice money order funds.

Angered because his wife refused to become reconciled after their separation two weeks ago, August Fielders went to the home of his mother-in-law in St. Louis, and, after arguing some time with his wife, shot her in the hip with a revolver, fired an ineffectual shot at her mother, and then committed suicide on the doorstep.

A young Armenian woman was shot on the street at Brantford, Ont., by her father, who then shot himself. Both will die. The woman came here from Hamilton and was married. The father, who opposed the marriage, followed his daughter here, and meeting her and her husband on the street began shooting with the above result. He fired at the husband, but missed him.

The skeleton of a woman with a bullet hole through the skull was found by laborers digging a cellar in St. George, on Staten Island, New York. Coroner Schaefer reported to the police and ordered an investigation. The body had been buried a foot and a half deep, which, the police argue, shows it was a hurried burial. The coroner believes the woman was shot more than two years ago.

Mrs. Clarence Markham of Cambridge, near Rock Island, Ill., in a fit of temporary insanity killed her seven children with an axe, after which she placed their bodies on a bed, saturated it with coal oil and set fire to it. She then hacked her throat with a knife and threw herself on the burning bed. Neighbors rescued her, but she was so badly burned that she died soon after she had made a confession.

General.

In his address at the opening of Cornell university President Schurman announced an increase of 146 students over the number enrolled at this time last year.

Representatives of twenty-eight Central Michigan breweries met at Grand Rapids and formed a co-operative brewing company, representing about $6,000 capital.

Because he said the devil was after him, William Myers, a painter of New Haven, made three attempts to take his life. At the hospital it is stated that he has a chance of recovery.

"David Harum," the novel written by the late Edward Noyes Westcot, netted the author's estate about $125,000, according to a statement made in surrogate's court at Syracuse, N. Y., when the final accounting of the estate was filed.

It is reported that W. J. Black, general passenger agent of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad, is to be appointed passenger traffic manager to succeed George T. Nicholson, who was appointed to the second vice presidency of the road.

After grieving two years over the death of her daughter Ray, Mrs. Hinda Kramer, wife of Hillel Kramer, and mother of former Judge Julius G. Kramer, died in New York of a broken heart. Doctors were called to attend her, but said that there was nothing the matter but the grief they could not cure.

HOSTILE SOLONS WIN AT POKER

NEW YORK LEGISLATORS, HOSTILE TO INSURANCE COMPANIES, ARE LUCKY.

MUTUAL KEEPS OPEN HOUSE

INVESTIGATORS WANT TO KNOW ABOUT ALBANY ESTABLISHMENT.

MAN IS VERY MUCH WANTED

IS BELIEVED TO BE CUSTODIAN OF SECRETS OF A STARTLING NATURE.

New York, Oct. 12.—In the Wall street district the appearance of George G. Haven on the witness stand before the Armstrong investigating committee is looked forward to with the keenest interest. Mr. Haven is one of the trustees of the Mutual Life Insurance company, and is credited with knowing more about the inside facts of the underwriting syndicates in which the Mutual Life Insurance company and certain of its officers participated than anybody else. Mr. Haven is also credited with having intimate knowledge of other financial transactions of the Mutual Life which have indirectly enriched officers and trustees of the company.

In this connection the banking and brokerage house of Strong, Sturgis & Co. is said to have played an important part. Mr. Haven's son, George G. Haven, Jr., is a member of Strong, Sturgis & Co., and another member of the firm is S. L. Cromwell, son of Frederick Cromwell, treasurer of the Mutual Life, and one of its most active officers.

Seek Interesting Information.

All the energies of the committee, its counsel and subpoena servers, are now being concentrated upon Andrew G. Fields, head of the supply department of the Mutual Life, and reputed "legislative commissioner" at Albany. It is the opinion of the committee that if it can get possession of all the secrets of which Mr. Fields is custodian, a state of affairs will be found to have existed for years of an unparalleled kind. The committee, however, is not sure that it will be able to get Mr. Fields on the witness stand. No help, however, is expected from the mutual Life, whose attorney, J. M Beck, publicly announced that the only way that the committee could get Mr. Fields as a witness was through a subpoena.

Mr. Fields is a peculiar man. It was stated yesterday that he has three country homes, one at Dobbs Ferry, one at Asbury Park and another at the Thousand Islands. It was learned yesterday that he has a fourth country home just outside of Nyack, and that during the legislative sessions he maintains a winter home at Albany.

Reported to Be Ill.

Whether Mr. Fields also has a home in this city could not be learned. His name does not appear in the city directory.

The last information that the Armstrong committee had as to the whereabouts of Mr. Fields was that he was ill in bed at his Dobbs Ferry home. This place is now rented by Percy Rockefeller, a nephew of John D. Rockefeller.

It has been hinted that money charged for printing and stationery never went for purposes of that kind, but to a "yellow dog" fund devoted to legislative purposes at Albany. A third "yellow dog" fund is believed to exist and to have been supplied with moneys charged to the account of advertising.

Winning at Poker.

It was declared yesterday that the Mutual Life maintained an elaborate establishment at Albany for the entertainment of the assemblymen and senators. It was also said that the company sent a New York chef to Albany, and that his culinary achievement were a delight to the legislators entertained at the house. The guests who were most eagerly sought after, it is said, were those legislators who opposed the bills introduced by the insurance companies or favored those measures which the insurance companies were anxious to kill. It was also said that a gentleman's game of poker not infrequently took place in the Albany house and that by some strange coincidence or freak of fate, those legislators who were regarded as hostile by the insurance companies, and who took a hand in the game, invariably quit large winners.

CARRIES HEAD IN HANDS.

Italian Walks Home With a Broken Neck.

Cincinnati, Oct. 12.—After falling into a Big Four gravel pit near Lawrenceburg, Ind., yesterday and breaking his neck, an Italian laborer, assisted by a friend, walked nearly a mile to his tent, holding his head in his hands the whole distance. Physicians found that the man's neck had been fractured at the fifth vertebrae and declared that the injuries will undoubtedly prove fatal.

TWO LIVES WIPED OUT.

Great Western Train Runs Down Mother and Son.

St. Paul, Oct. 12.—Mrs. Benjamin Pattengill and her son David were run down and instantly killed by a Chicago Great Western train near Inver Grove yesterday morning. Mrs. Pattengill and the boy were walking on the Great Western track toward Inver Grove. H. Hall, the engineer, saw them and whistled, but did not at first attempt to stop his train, as he supposed they would cross to the Rock Island track, which runs parallel with the Great Western at that place. Mrs. Pattengill and her son, however, saw a Rock Island train approaching and evidently connected the whistling with this train, for they stood looking at the Rock Island train without seeing the other train bearing down upon them. It was too late to stop his train when the engineer of the Great Western train saw they were not going to leave the track, and the engine struck mother and son squarely, throwing their bodies ten yards in the air. The train passed over the bodies, mangling them almost beyond recognition.

MADMAN IS MYSTERY.

Evidently Is Former Indianapolis Sleuth and Y. M. C. A. Secretary.

Yankton, S. D., Oct. 12.—An unidentified man about twenty-four years of age is in the city jail here awaiting identification by friends if possible. He appears to be unbalanced mentally. When placed in a cell and left to himself, he climbed to the top of the bars and hanged himself, using a four-in-hand necktie. He was discovered in time to save his life. The stranger frequently refers to his alleged duties as detective during a four-year service under Mayor Bookwalter of Indianapolis, during which time he appears to have been secretary of the Y. M. C. A. of the same city. A good deal of mystery surrounding the young man's antecedents but he evidently is well connected and is a college man. If he soon is not identified he will be taken before the county insanity bord for commitment to the state hospital.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

William Hartman of Le Sueur Fatally Shot by His Companion.

Le Sueur, Minn., Oct. 12.—William Hartman, a young man of Le Sueur whose parents are prominent citizens of New Ulm, was accidentally shot and killed near here by his companion, Adolph Ipsen, while the two were out in a boat hunting ducks. The young men were eating lunch when some ducks flew by, and both attempted to get a shot. Ipsen, who was in the rear of the boat, stumbled and accidentally discharged his gun, the load of heavy shot taking effect in the back of Hartman's head and neck. Ipsen is prostrated with grief at the terrible calamity.

WINTER IS HERALDED.

Many Points in Wisconsin Report Slight Falls of Snow.

Milwaukee, Oct. 12.—Milwaukee experienced the first snow flurry of the season yesterday. The flakes melted as rapidly as they fell. Following a cold and drizzling rain snow fell for half an hour yesterday evening in Superior and on Lake Superior. The snow was light and melted as it fell. Incoming vessels report light flurries on the lake. At Madison a small snowstorm whitened the ground and the mercury fell to 34. At La Crosse there was a slight fall of snow and the thermometer fell from 80 to 35, a drop of 45 degrees in twenty-four hours.

PAPER MILLS ARE BURNED.

Marinette Plant Is Destroyed With $150,000 Loss.

Marinette, Wis., Oct. 12.—The Marinette and Menominee paper mills were nearly destroyed by fire last night, only the sulphite plant being saved. The fire spread rapidly through the entire structure, and though the entire fire departments of both Menominee and Marinette and the fire tug maintained on the river by the lumber mills worked on the flames the efforts to save the main building were in vain. The value of the plant was about $250,000. The loss probably will be over $150,000.

BANKER HELD FOR TRIAL.

Charged With Receiving Horses, Knowing Them to Have Been Stolen.

Fargo, N. D., Oct. 12.—W. H. Denny, cashier of the First National Bank of Williston, N. D., was arrested and placed under bonds for his appearance at the next term of the district court. The charge preferred is that of receiving horses known to have been stolen.

Caught by Revolving Shaft.

Millbank, S. D., Oct. 12.—E. E. Ingold, manager of the Ingold elevator, was caught in a revolving shaft yesterday and carried around several times. He was seriously injured.

Won't Work; Are Jailed.

Bemidji, Minn., Oct. 12.—Six Finlanders, hired for the woods by a local employment office, and shipped from Grand Forks, refused to go to work after they reached Blackduck. They were fined $10 and in lieu of paying the money are now in jail.

Old Resident Drowns Himself.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Oct. 12.—The body of Gotlieb Schaeffler, an old resident, was found in Jewett lake yesterday. He had filled his pockets with stones and drowned himself.

ROBBER NOT YET CAUGHT

NO DEFINITE CLUE TO WHEREABOUTS OF MAN WHO STOLE $100,000.

SEE MAN CUT HIS OWN HAIR

FISHERMAN TELLS OF SUSPICIOUS ACTIONS OF MAN WHO MAY BE CUNLIFFE.

DETECTIVES ARE HOPEFUL

EXPECT TO LAND MISSING ADAMS EXPRESS CLERK IN FEW DAYS.

Pittsburg, Oct. 12.—Up to midnight nothing definite had developed in the big Adams express robbery of Monday evening.

What may prove an important clue as to the actions of Cunliffe was given to the detectives yesterday by C. G. Hoover, a reputable merchant of Allegheny. Hoover, who is an ardent fisherman, says that on Tuesday evening while he was fishing along the banks of the Ohio river near Emsworth he saw a man who answers to the description of Cunliffe, with a small mirror fixed upon a bush and was industriously cutting his hair with a pair of clippers. Mr. Hoover, of course, had heard nothing of the express robbery at that time and had no incentive to question the right of the man to

Be His Own Barber

at such an unusual place and paid no more attention to him. The detectives think that Cunliffe might be expected to do the most unusual thing, and it would not be surprising if the man Mr. Hoover saw should turn out to be the fugitive. According to the detectives, he could easily carry $100,000 on his person without attracting attention. The package contained 1,900 bills, and this number could easily be distributed through the man's pockets and about his person. The numbers of the bills are not known. The officers think the robber will be captured within a few days. Many rumors have been circulated concerning Cunliffe's whereabouts, but nothing definite has developed. Much speculation has been indulged in as to whether or not Cunliffe had an accomplice, but nothing has developed to make it appear that any other person was in the secret.

LOST SUM IS REPAID.

Hundred Thousand Dollars Stolen in Pittsburg.

Cincinnati, Oct. 12.—The First National bank of this city yesterday received by telegraph from Pittsburg the $100,000 which was to have been brought by express, but disappeared in Pittsburg. The express company directed the payment to the bank immediately on finding that it had been actually in their possession at the time of its loss. Suspicion of the theft of the money had been directed against a money clerk in the Pittsburg office of the Adams Express company.

ST. LOUIS IS GRATEFUL.

Allied Organizations Thank Roosevelt for Bridge Action.

St. Louis, Oct. 12.—The joint committee of the twenty-five allied organizations working for the proposed bond issue to erect a free bridge over the Mississippi here, met yesterday and adopted a resolution thanking President Roosevelt for ordering action on the alleged combination that monopolizes the bridge and ferry here and exacts an arbitrary toll, and thanking Attorney General Moody for beginning the investigation.

POLICE RAID PRINT SHOP.

Russian Officers Find Where Revolutionary Pamphlets Were Printed.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 12.—The police yesterday discovered in the outskirts of St. Petersburg a number of secret printing establishments which have been engaged in issuing revolutionary proclamations. As a result of the discovery forty arrests have been made.

ROBBED TWELVE TIMES.

Banker Held Up So Often That Worry Kills Him.

Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 12.—Dr. J. W. Ordway, a wealthy farmer and banker of Onawa, Iowa, died here as the result of worry over frequent attempts to rob him. During the last eight years he had been held up twelve times.

SEIZE NEGRO AS A FORGER.

Ex-Congressman Is Arrested and Released on Bond.

Columbia, S. C., Oct. 12.—George M. Murray, colored, a former member of congress, was yesterday sentenced to serve three years in the penitentiary for forgery. Murray, who is reported to be quite wealthy, was charged with forging the name of an old negro to certain notes for land. At the time of his arrest Murray was released on $3,000 bond, which it is thought will be forfeited.

GREEKS IN LABOR RIOT.

Kill Foreman's Wife and Put Up Fight Against Sheriff.

Riddles, Or., Oct. 12.—At Glenbrook Crossing, near here, last night eighty Greek laborers fought with their foreman, named Petersteim, and in a shooting that followed, Mrs. Petersteim was killed and one of the laborers was wounded. The crew of a freight train came to the foreman's assistance and held the Greeks in check until a special carrying Deputy Sheriff Bogard and fifty armed men could reach the scene from Roseburg. When Bogard arrived he sent word to the Greeks that they must surrender the men who shot Mrs. Petersteim or he would open fire on them. After some parleying and an exchange of shots that did no damage the Greeks surrendered and were placed on board the special train and taken to Roseburg. Upon the arrival at that place it became evident that the sheriff's officers could not adequately care for so many prisoners, and the local militia company was pressed into service, the Greeks being herded in a vacant warehouse, where they are now closely guarded.

LIFE'S ROMANCE SHATTERED.

Man Soon to Wed Is Charged With Robbery.

Chicago, Oct. 12.—Passengers on a train which arrived in Chicago yesterday from New York were searched before being allowed to alight, and one of them, J. J. Croake, was arrested, charged with robbery. By his arrest, he says, his life's romance was shattered. Croake was on his way to visit relatives in Chicago, he said, and expected to go back to Newark, N. J., Nov. 1, to be wedded to a young woman whose name he refused to disclose. The victim of the robbery was Samuel M. Hamm, a national bank examiner. His gold watch and his purse containing $153 were found in the prisoner's suit case. The prisoner protested his innocense and declared that the plunder was placed in his valise by some one other than himself.

TROOPS ARE ORDERED HOME.

Sweden Withdraws Her Soldiers From the Frontier of Norway.

Stockholm, Oct. 12.—Orders were issued yesterday calling home the troops and naval reserve men. This marks the end of the Norwegian-Swedish dispute. The troops detailed for duty on the western frontier have been ordered to be sent home immediately, while the naval reserve men are to be disbanded as speedily as possible and not later than Oct. 18. The Swedish coast squadron left Gothenburg yesterday for Karlstrona, whence the ships will depart for their different stations.

WORK OF "BLACK HAND."

Italian Butcher Found Murdered in His Shop.

New York, Oct. 12.—Gaetano Costa, a butcher forty years old, was murdered at 10 o'clock last night in his shop on Fourth avenue, Brooklyn. Costa was alone in his shop when the murderers entered and no witnesses to the killing can be found. The murder is believed by officers to be the work of the "Black Hand." No arrests have been made.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Oct. 12. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 84 1-2@86c; No. 2 Northern, 81 1-4@83c; No. 3, 77@81 1-2c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 50@51c. Oats—No. 3 white, 26@26 1-2c.

Duluth, Oct. 12. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 82 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 80 1-4c; flax, 99c; rye, 64c.

Minneapolis, Oct. 12. — Wheat—No. 1 hard, 83 1-4c; No. 1 Northern, 82 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 80c. Oats — No. 3 white, 26 1-8c.

Milwaukee, Oct. 12. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 85@87c; No. 2 Northern, 81@84 1-2c. Rye—No. 1, 68@69 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 54c. Oats—Standard, 29@29 1-2c.

Chicago, Oct. 12. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 86@87c; No. 2 hard, 84@88c; No. 3 hard, 82@86c; No. 1 Northern, 87@88c; No. 2 Northern, 85@87c. Corn—No. 2, 51 3-4s. Oats—No. 2, 27 3-4@28c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Oct. 12.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.40 @ 5.75, cows, bulls and mixed, $2.25@3.70; stockers and feeders, $3@4; calves and yearlings, $2.50 @3.25. Hogs—Bulk, $5@5.05.

Chicago, Oct. 12. — Cattle—Good to prime steers, $3.65 @ 6.35; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.45; cows, $2.50@4.50; heifers, $2.20@4.30; calves, $3@7. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.10@5 77 1-2; bulk, $5.20@5.65. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $4.60@5; native lambs, $5.25 @ 7.25; Western lambs, $5.75@7.

South St. Paul, Oct. 12. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4.50 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50 @4; butcher bulls, $2.75@3.50; veals, $2@4.50; good to choice stock steers, $2.50@3.50; good to choice milch cows, $20@35. Hogs — Range price, $5@5.40; bulk, $5.20@5.30. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $5@5.85; fair to good, $4@5; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice ewes, $3.75@4.40.

"Glad Hand" May Be Fatal.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Oct. 12.—As the result of too much handshaking, during which his ring cut his finger, G. L. Campbell, Republican nominee for county clerk, is suffering blood poisoning and his condition is serious.

Fatal Fight With Razors.

Evansville, Ind., Oct. 12.—During a fight over a woman, in which both men used razors, Henderson Carter, a negro, was killed by James Battles, another negro. Battles is thought to be fatally wounded.

PACKERS MUST STAND TRIAL

INDICTMENTS CHARGING CONSPIRACY WILL NOT BE VACATED.

SOME COUNTS ARE RULED OUT

THOSE ALLEGING MONOPOLY MAY BE HELD TO BE INSUFFICIENT.

NEW WITNESS IS SUMMONED

PACKING OFFICIAL IS ADDED TO GOVERNMENT LIST OF WITNESSES.

Chicago, Oct. 12.—The hearing of arguments on the demurrers to the indictment returned by the federal grand jury against five of the big packing concerns and seventeen of their employes was closed late yesterday afternoon, and if Judge Humphrey, before whom the arguments have been made, retains his present impression of the case one-half of the indictments charging the packers with conspiracy in restraint of trade will be sustained and the remaining counts overruled. When it was announced that the case had been closed Judge Humphrey said:

"As it now looks to the court, the odd numbered counts are sufficient and the even numbered counts insufficient. The argument has been so clear that such is my present impression, but there may be a change in my mind before I give my decision.

Conspiracy and Monopoly.

"I will faithfully read the authorities cited by the attorneys on either side. When I am ready to render my decision I will notify the district attorney and the attorneys for the defendants."

The odd numbered indictments, which may be considered sufficient by the court, charge conspiracy among the defendants in restraint of trade. The even numbered counts charge monopoly. The first count in the indictment is not to be considered in the decision of Judge Humphrey, as to this count the packers are to plead not guilty and go to trial immediately.

Tilden to Testify.

One more packing company official was added to the government's list of witnesses in the beef conspiracy case yesterday, when it became known that Edward Tilden, president of the board of education and head of the National Packing company, and Libby, McNeill & Libby, had been served with a subpoena. Mr. Tilden was ordered to produce books and papers pertaining to the packing company Nov. 19.

President Tilden was one of the hundreds of witnesses who appeared before the grand jury. His testimony, it is said, was of great value to the government in pushing the inquiry but the fact that he had been subpoenaed as a witness at the trial was kept a secret.

CARRIES 4,000 PASSENGERS.

"Amerika" Sets Sail for New York on Maiden Trip.

Hamburg, Oct. 12. — With her full capacity of passengers on board, the Hamburg-American line's new steamer Amerika sailed for New York yesterday. Herr Ballin, director of the line, was among the passengers. The America, the world's largest ship, is of about 22,500 tons register and is intended for the service between Hamburg and New York. She can carry 16,000 tons of cargo and about 4,000 passengers and crew. She is 687 feet long, is 74 feet 6 inches wide and 53 feet deep.

KICKED OUT BY WOMAN.

Negro Then Kills Her and Attempts Suicide.

Bellevernon, Pa., Oct. 12. — Mrs. Anna Dorry, colored, was shot and killed yesterday by Wilbur Minney, also a negro, because the woman, with whom he had been living, put him out of the shanty they occupied. Minney then attempted suicide by shooting himself in the forehead. He will likely recover.

ROBBED OF $5,000 IN A ROOM.

Australian Horseman Loses Money at Berkeley, Cal.

Berkeley, Cal., Oct. 12. — William Ellis, an Australian horseman who arrived recently on the steamer Sierra, was struck over the head with a blunt instrument in a room in the heart of the residence district yesterday and robbed of $5,000 in English bank notes. The robber escaped.

LAKE STEAMER IS WRECKED.

The Charles H. Burton Sinks in Seventeen Feet of Water.

Buffalo, Oct. 12. — The steamer Charles H. Burton went ashore at Barcelona yesterday. Barcelona is the port of entry at Westfield. The Burton carried a cargo of coal from Buffalo to Toledo. A crew of eighteen men was rescued by Westfield men who went to their assistance in small boats. The steamer now lies in seventeen feet of water. Tugs will start working on her to-day.

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Saturday, Oct. 14, 1905.

Don't forget that delinquent tax sale next month. Some of your property may be listed for sale.

Japan now finds that she is in debt to the tune of $1,250,000,000. This will keep the little yellow boys busy for a while.

One by one the lies that helped to defeat Bob Dunn last year are being disproved and many are talking of running him again.

A Wall street dispatch says that they fear money may soon be too plentiful. Well, we are a long way from Wall street, and it will probably be some time coming.

The Red River Valley editors met at Crookston last week and completed their organization. They also were entertained by Senator A. D. Stephens. As an entertainer Andy is a Prince.

The insurance investigation now on in New York is showing up a worse condition of affairs than anyone even imagined. One of the big mutual presidents whose salary was over one hundred thousand dollars a year, besides what his family got, is said to have spent $12,000 of the policy holders' money for one office rug. Now if you were a policy holder, wouldn't it make you mad?

A correspondent of the Fort Dodge, Iowa, Messenger, makes a plea for a "faster" variety of corn. Now then gentlemen, he says, here comes the problem: When will our agricultural scientists get us a fast trotting breed of corn that will do a mile in sixty days? We can then go to bed in peace all September and allow the stars and moon to attend to their own business, frost or no frost. They used to think a three minute horse was fine a few years ago. Now they keep working until they clip better than two minutes and the men who staid up nights thinking how to do it, never benefited a soul on earth. If some good young man would stay up all night at the agricultural college figuring out how he could make an ear of corn do as they make horses do—cut the mile in two—he would confer a real genuine blessing on us for which all mankind would raise up and forever call him blessed.

Thief River Press: A prominent business man (?) wrote the publisher of the Press a note yesterday, asking us to discontinue his paper, giving as his reason for so doing that he has "too many papers." It has ever been the policy of the Press to promote the interests of the city of Thief River Falls and protect the business men by showing the advantages in passing up outside concerns and dealing with the home merchant. We have been protecting this man's interests and he shows his appreciation by refusing to continue his one dollar a year patronage. He is getting too many papers. He is evidently patronizing outside industries and letting the home man get along as best he can. He takes the outside papers but the home paper that is doing much to build up the town and advance the interests of the community, will receive none of his patronage. It would only take a handfull of such men as this to kill a good town. Thank the Lord you only find about one of them in a community.

The Undesirable Simple Life.

Cheese and a cottage complicate life if your digestion is weak and your desire urban. So poverty is a less simple state than the possession of an income, because you are forced, if not into envy, the chief deficiency from simplicity, into struggle with unessential details, with the effort to get hold of something which is of no matter.—London Outlook.

A Theory.

"Why don't sailors say 'right' and 'left' instead of starboard and larboard?"

"Oh, I don't know. I suppose they'd hate to make things too easy for landlubbers."

It is a fine thing to know when to let go. Many a man holds on too long. It is better to jump overboard than to go down with the sinking ship.

The Case of Adam and Eve.

"In a certain church in Colorado Springs," said an Oregon clergyman, "there used to be a queer old, crusty character, a Scot who was noted for his profound knowledge of the Scriptures. I lectured in that church one evening, and after the lecture the Scot and I and some few others fell into conversation.

"I was urged to put the old man's Scriptural knowledge to the test. I was urged to question him and to let him question me. He would get the better of me—that, every one said, was certain—but I had my doubts and, turning to the Scot, said confidently:

"'I will try you, my friend, with the grand, leading, insurmountable question, How long did Adam remain in a state of innocence?'

"The Scot answered:

"'Till he got a wife.'

"Then, with a grim chuckle, he went on:

"'But can you tell me, sir, how long he remained after?'"

Ringer and Wind.

Making a ringer in the pitching of quoits must have been a part of the training which made the English longbowmen so terrible in siege, that by gauging the distance and taking the lay of the wind they could send up a deadly volley at the exact angle to drop their arrows with destructive force into the heart of a beleaguered city. Getting the lay of the wind is the first thing to be learned in the noble art of pitching horseshoes. If the wind be contrary, the nicest calculations as to everything else will be in vain. It is only a supreme master of the game, a dazzling genius in its mathematics, who can play against the wind—that is to say, one who, if the wind be from the east, can, by throwing at exactly that degree of an oblique angle needed to make it meet the wind full at the point opposite the goal, may hope to have it carried to the right spot.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Exact Obedience.

Native servants in India have the generally desirable, though sometimes inconvenient, virtue of the Chinese—doing exactly as they are told. The trouble is that they seldom use judgment.

Lord Roberts during a campaign in India had ordered his man to prepare his bath at a certain hour. One day a fierce engagement was going on, but the servant made his way through a storm of bullets and appeared at his commander's side.

"Sahib," said he, "your bath is ready."

Even a better story comes from an unknown soldier who was awakened one morning by feeling the servant of a brother officer pulling at his foot.

"Sahib," whispered the man, "sahib, what am I to do? My master told me to wake him at half past 6, but he did not go to bed till 7."

Bathers Who Sleep Floating.

"To fall asleep floating on the waves is not an impossibility," said an Atlantic City life guard. "On the sun warmed billows on an August afternoon I once floated off to sleep, and when I awoke I was nearly half a mile out at sea. I know a Camden man who often takes a floating nap off Chelsea.

"A good many people can't float even though they can swim. They can't float because they keep the line of the body, from head to heels, stiff and straight. The line should be kept curved a little—it should resemble a very broad V—and all the muscles should be loose, relaxed. It is easy to float. I have taught many children of six and seven years to do it."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Branding Criminals.

Until the end of the eighteenth century the prisoners' dock in most important English law courts was furnished with an iron upright and collar fixed in front of the person who was being tried. If a conviction followed and the judge elected to include a decree of branding in the sentence that portion of it was carried out upon the spot. The criminal's hand was put through the collar, which was effectually screwed round the wrist and, the necessary branding irons having been previously heated in the courthouse fire, was forthwith marked upon the thumb with the letters which the judge directed to be burned upon it.

One Way to Win Sleep.

A writer in a medical journal suggests a new way of juggling with insomnia. His sleep inducer is a chain of magic words so associated in sound or meaning that each suggests the next subsequent—for instance: Ice, slippery; smooth, rough; ruffian, tramp, etc. When sleep is coy recite the list mentally. This is said to be a sure cure. It keeps the mind from rambling from subject to subject, as the mind tends to do in sleeplessness.

Jumping.

Jumping to the ground from a height, jumping from the ground over a height and long jumping may be either harmless or highly injurious, according to the way in which one alights. The human brain cannot stand jars. When it receives them it is injured, although the injury may not be felt for years. Headache, giddiness, sleeplessness, neuralgia and a whole host of other departures from health may be set up by jarring the brain. In jumping the great danger is not to the legs. The part chiefly risked is the head. When the feet touch the ground the shock passes up the limbs and spinal column, the parts above serving as buffers and so preventing the parts below being thrown too greatly in the upward direction. But the head has nothing above it; hence the shock may dislocate the neck or fracture the skull. One should always alight on the toes and with the legs slightly bent. This position greatly helps to prevent jarring.

He Knew Too Much.

A curious Malayan legend says that in olden times the waters surrounding Singapore were so infested with swordfish as to make it impossible for the fishermen to pursue their daily task. A boy advised the rajah to let down into the water freshly peeled stems of the banana plant, and, this being done, the fish imbedded their swords in the stems and were easily killed. The boy genius was considered a danger to the throne, and he was executed lest he grow up and become a conspirator.

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Love.

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"Love," replied the old bachelor, "is a kind of insanity that makes a man call a 200 pound female his little turtledove."

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Hundreds of thousands of American women are born, live their lives and die in boarding houses or hotels without ever finding time to create a home for themselves or without even feeling a desire to do so.—House Beautiful.

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Without earnestness there is nothing to be done in life.—Goethe.

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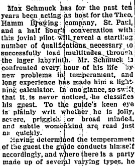
MAX SCHMUCK BREWERY GUIDE

An Interesting Character in the Role of Guide for the Hamm Brewing Co.

At first thought being a guide in a brewery would hardly appeal to any one as being an occupation affording a field for mental exercise. The duties of a guide to the casual glance appear to be simple in the extreme, utterly devoid of problem and depending more upon sturdiness of limb than keenness of intellect. First thought is notoriously fallible, and in no case more so than in the present instance

To be a competent guide one must needs be an artist. Thousands of persons, from every walk in life and from every section of the country must be met and made to feel at home. The trials which confront the hostess who entertains occasionally are the routine of the guide, and he who would reach success in this field must have tact, evenness of temper and character reading ability to the superlative degree.



MAX SCHMUCK

Max Schmuck has for the past ten years been acting as host for the Theo. Hamm Brewing company, St. Paul, and a half hour's conversation with this jovial pilot will reveal a startling number of qualifications necessary to successfully lead multitudes through the lager labyrinth. Mr. Schmuck is confronted every hour of his life by new problems in temperament, and long experience has made him a lightning calculator. In one glance, so swift that it is never noticed, he classifies his guest. To the guide's keen eye is plainly writ whether he is jolly, severe, priggish or broad minded, and subtle womenkind are read just as quickly.

Having determined the temperament of the guest the guide conducts himself accordingly, and where there is a party made up of several varying types, he averages them to strike a happy medium. The hospitality of the brewery is unlimited, and as the temperaments frequently vary in transit from one department to the other, the guide must ever be on the alert. He has a joke for the humorously inclined, a scrap of scientific comment for the learned, and a delicate bit of flattery for the vain.

To this must be added a store of patience and a temper that never ruffles, no matter how strong the wind of irritation blows. Questions answered endlessly and explanations go on forever, and still the guide smiles on as if it were his first trip instead of his thousandth, and when the guests depart they feel that the whole thing was arranged for their special benefit.

"It is a source of never ending delight to me," said Mr. Schmuck. "I enjoy my work perhaps more than the guests do their experience, and, strange as it may appear, I am sorry when it is time to quit at night. I enjoy their company and I try to make them enjoy mine, and between us we have some very pleasant experiences, I assure you. I don't seem to be able to ever get enough. The more work I have the happier I am."

Mr. Schmuck is a veteran of the German and American armies. He is all military and never tires praising the American army officer. He concedes merit to the officers of the German army, but the friendly feeling of the West Pointer for the men in his command appeals to the veteran sergeant, and he is positive that they are the best on earth. Mr. Schmuck has traveled widely and speaks four languages fluently, being always ready to converse in German, French, English or Polish.

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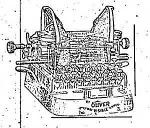

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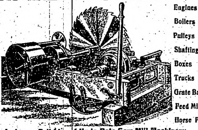

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9:55 am Ar....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
10:20am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

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R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
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Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Henry J. Enderle was over from Plummer last Sunday on a visit.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

J. J. Soll had the misfortune to badly smash one of his fingers last Thursday.

Miss Clara Hoff visited with friends at Thief River Falls several days this week.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Dr. Morley and wife, of Crookston, drove through here last Sunday in their automobile.

Big bargains in everything at the Bargain Store, Thief River Falls, near G. N. depot.

Just to remind us that we had something coming it snowed a little last Tuesday morning.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Andrew Letvig came back from St. Thomas, N. D., on Thursday, where he has been threshing.

R. H. Aimer returned last Wednesday from St. Paul where he had been spending a few days.

Miss Mabel Evenson, of Thief River Falls, was here last Sunday visiting with the Misses Hoff.

Joel G. Winkjer was here last Thursday inspecting the creamery, which he found in first class condition.

Mrs. Robert Monroe, of Thief River Falls, is here this week visiting with her cousin, Mrs. Jens Nelson.

R. J. McKercher came back last Wednesday from North Dakota where he has been spending the summer.

Mrs. Andrew Soderberg, of Rocksbury, entertained a party of ladies from here last Wednesday afternoon.

Louis Albers, of Red Lake Falls, deputy state boiler inspector, was a business visitor here last Wednesday.

Mrs. J. M. Makinson returned to her home in St. Paul, Tuesday, having visited at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. B. O'Brien.

Hon. L. C. Simons, of Red Lake Falls, was a business visitor here last Thursday looking over the affairs of the Merchants Stats Bank,

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

You save money if you buy your winter clothing at the Eagle Clothing Co., Thief River Falls, next door to city hall. The bargain givers.

Mrs. Henry O. Jackson and two daughters went over to Grafton, N. D., last Monday, where they will spend a couple of weeks visiting relatives.

Miss Caroline Skeie left today for district number two, in the town of Norden, where she commences a five-months' term of school next week.

Mrs. Fred Case left last Thursday evening for the homestead in the Canadian northwest. Mr. Case will join her after the mill shuts down.

County Superintendent McAnulty made this place his headquarters for several days this week while he was visiting the country schools in this vicinity.

The Great Northern is not progressing very fast and only have four miles of road graded between Greenbush and Roseau. They claim, however, it will be finished this fall.

Girls, if you want red lips, laughing eyes, sweet breath and good looks, use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. The greatest beautifier known. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

"Royal" Dahlen insists that the mosquitoes were as thick out at Goose lake last Sunday, Oct. 8, as they have been any time this summer. This is rather a late date for the mosquito to get in his work but the past week has given them a crimp that will last them until next May.

Miss Olga Hoff and the Misses Blanche and Lulu Gebott entertained the "Bon Ami" club of Red Lake Falls at a picnic dinner last Saturday. The following young ladies from Red Lake Falls attended: Stella Hennemuth, Mabel Zaiser, Jessie Carver, Mabel Rue, Ina Linnihan, Clara Marchand, Elsie Mead and Lucy Hunt.

2,000 pairs of fine shoes at big bargains at the Bargain Store, next door to city hall, Thief River Falls.

W. B. Martin, who has had charge of the planing mill here this year, has resigned his position and will leave today for St. Paul where he has secured a similar position.

An infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sandmoen died last Monday, the funeral taking place on Tuesday. Their many friends will regret to learn of their bereavement.

Indigestion, constipation, dyspepsia; kidney and liver disorders, and all stomach troubles positively cures by using Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Company.

A jolly party composed of Messrs. M. E. Hoff, Fred Campbell, George Swift and Leo Achenbach and the Misses Clara Lund, Anna Hall, Eva Johnson and Selina Hoff drove over to Plummer last Sunday.

Rev. C. A. Gilman and wife, the newly appointed minister for the M. E. church here, arrived last Tuesday. Rev. Gilman appears to be a bright and enterprising young man and we predict will make a success here.

Word was received here Monday that Miss Edna Makinson, sister of Mrs. J. B. O'Brien, was chosen superintendent of the hospital of the Odd Fellows' Home by the board of directors at their meeting Monday afternoon.

Charles Hughes, a former well known employee of the lumber company, was here last Saturday. He has been spending the summer on Red lake and will make his headquarters at Kelliher the coming winter.

The Swiss Entertainers have appeared for the past two evenings at the Imperial hall and have drawn fair-sized audiences. They finish their engagement here this evening. They give a very fair performance.

It makes no difference how long you have been sick, if you are troubled with indigestion, constipation, liver and kidney troubles, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

Rev. B. A. Barker returned on Tuesday from Eveleth where he had been in attendance at the M. E. conference. Rev. Barker has been assigned for the coming year to the charge at Menahga, near Park Rapids, and he and Mrs. Barker will leave for there some time next week. They have many warm friends here who regret their departure.

The Wright-Gridley Concert Co. will give their entertainment at the Imperial opera hall Wednesday evening, Oct. 18, under the auspices of the school. The company comes highly recommended by the pulpit and press and the people of the village should turn out and enjoy an evening's entertainment of innocent merriment. The program is an interesting and instructive one.

Red Lake Courier: The Great Northern have had a crew of men at work every day and on Sundays getting track in shape for the fall work, but the slippery condition of the ground owing to the wet weather all summer makes it almost impossible for them to make much headway with their work. In places its about all they can do to keep the track clear of the land slides.

Northome Record: No one is responsible for the statement that H. J. Zigenfuss on the upper Big Fork has bought a steam launch and a mowing machine. Zig attaches the mowing machine to his launch and steams back and forth across his meadow, the hay rising to the top as fast as it is cut, until it reaches a boom arranged for the purpose of arresting its downward course. At this point he has a clothes line upon which the hay is cured. Anybody can see on the face of things that the scheme is a success.

If you are interested it may pay you to examine the forfeited tax list at the county auditor's office and see whether you have neglected to pay taxes on any of your property in years gone by. The state sale of all such lands which occurs November 8, gives absolute title after the time for redemption has expired. The costs attached are heavy, and in case of redemption the price the land was bid in at must be refunded, no matter if it is twice the sum that the delinquent taxes amount to. A stitch in time saves nine.—Red Lake Courier.

The Misses Helen and Mabel Hannay entertained eighteen of their young lady friends at a fancy dress party last Monday evening. The state census informs us that the men predominate greatly in Minnesota, but it don't work out right in St. Hilaire. There being a dearth of men nine of the young ladies appeared at the party in masculine attire. Local clothing stocks were called on and it is said that they were a very "gentlemanly" crowd. Among those present were: Buster, Jim, Eddie, Harry, Billy, Sam, Jack and Elmer. Can you pick them out?

H. E. Boen published the following item in the Fergus Falls Globe last week: "The weather is this fall so far like the weather of 1877. That fall and winter of 1878 the weather was so mild that plowing could be done in every month. I finished my plowing by Dec. 26, 1877, and in January and February I built the second story of my log house. Edward S. Erickson now of Twin Valley worked for me much of the winter of 1878 and we never used mittens and seldom coats. I hope this fall and coming winter may be as mild as then."

Ladies' cloaks for $1.29 at the Bargain Store, Thief River Falls, next door to city hall.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Call at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire for Farm Loans.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

Anderson Ditch Case.

Crookston Journal (Monday): Today Attorney W. E. Black of this city commenced proceedings against Anton Anderson and his bondsmen of St. Hilaire, Minnesota, the drainage ditch contractor on No. 48 near the town of Fosston and commissioners board of Polk county. This will make the sixth time that the case has been brought up before the board and it is thought that under Mr. Black's management it will be the last.

The case has been brought up against Anton Anderson on certain claims against the county which he had previously assigned to L. C. Simons, a Red Lake Falls banker. But the claims for Fosston creditors amounting to $1,000 were made against monies that were due to Mr. Anderson as soon as the ditch was completed for the contract that he had taken. However at all previous actions the commissioners did not take any action as the papers in the ditch were not all filed and they were not allowed by law to approve under these circumstances.

As a result of their inability to secure results otherwise the creditors have assigned all their claims to Mr. Black and have authorized him to commence the suit in his name. Under this arrangement he will be the handler of all the monies. This is quite a compliment to the Crookston attorney.

There is now only $900 due to Mr. Anderson from the county for the construction of the ditch. The debts were accumulated during his presence in the neighborhood of Fosston and there is where most of his creditors are.

The ditch was completed by Mr. Simons and it is understood in return for certain claims against the county which contractor Anderson made over to him. The case is peculiar inasmuch as all the parties want the thing settled but are unable to do so owing to the red tape that the law requires of all of them.

Secured a Diploma.

The St. Hilaire creamery this week received a diploma signed by Governor Johnson for the excellent display made at the recent September scoring contest for butter at St. Paul. The butter displayed was given a mark of 94 per cent. The creamery is still doing a good business and no week so far has fallen under 40 tubs, or about 2,500 pounds a week. This is a busy time of the year and farmers do not like to come in with cream, but still they are doing remarkably well.

Open to Traffic.

A new extension from Munich to Sarles, which is an extension of the Lakota line northward to the international boundary has been opened for service. This new extension will serve the towns of Clyde, Calvin and Sarles, recently established, and bring into direct railway communication an additional vast area of the rich land in the northern part of North Dakota.

Concert and Dance.

The Loftus Quartette, a musical company with a first class reputation as good entertainers and musicians, will appear at Imperial hall next Monday evening for one night only. After the concert we understand they will give a dance, furnishing first class music.

Get a Life Scholarship Free.

Have a disinterested bookkeeper and stenographer examine the different business colleges in our field, and if he does not find that ours is by far the best, we will give you a life scholarship for nothing. Catalog for the asking.

QUEEN CITY BUSINESS COLLEGE,
Crookston, Minn.

Universalists' Convention at Minneapolis

On account of the Universalist General convention at Minneapolis, to be held October 19-25, the Great Northern will sell tickets at one and one third fares for the round trip on the certificate plan. See your local agent for particulars. 6t-o14

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.
tf G. H. SANDUM.

Auction Sale.

The Swedish Mission Sewing Society will hold an auction sale at the church this (Saturday) evening, at 8 o'clock. Coffee and cake will be served. All are welcome. COMMITTEE.

For refreshments call at Number 488

RAPP & POST'S
QUOTATIONS

17 pounds Sugar	$1.00
Kerosine Oil, per gallon	15 c
Tomatoes, per can	10 c
Corn, 3 cans for	25 c
Evaporated Apricots, per lb	12½c
" Apples per lb	10 c
" Peaches per lb	12½c
" Pears per lb	15 c
Best Plums, per pound	8 c
Cleaned Currants, 3 lbs for	25 c
Gloss Starch, per package	10 c
Celluloid Starch, 3 pkgs for	25 c
Three 10c boxes Snuff for	25 c
25 pounds Corn meal for	60 c
Rice, per pound	5 c
Soda Crackers, by the pound	8 c
" " by the box per lb	7 c
Fine Cookies, by the pound	10 c
" " by the box per lb	9 c
No. 1 Lipton's Tea, per lb	60 c
No. 3 Lipton's Tea, per lb	45 c

Japan Teas, 20c, 35c and 50c per lb.
Try our 15c, 18c and 20c Chase & Sanborn Coffees.
Other goods at prices in proportion.

RAPP & POST

A SUDDEN DEATH.

This community was decidedly shocked last Tuesday to learn that James F. McAndress was dead. He had been suffering for some time past with an attack of asthma but continued at his work until the night before his death. He had a very bad attack about midnight which grew rapidly worse, the end coming just before 8 a. m. Tuesday, the disease causing heart failure.

James F. McAndress was born in Lewis county, New York, on November 20, 1876. He was a resident of St. Hilaire for the past five years, the last two of which he conducted a barber shop. In November, 1903, he was united in marriage to Miss Mary Campbell, who survives him, one child being the result of the union. He was a member of the local lodge of the Modern Brotherhood of America, and carried two thousand dollars of insurance in that order.

The funeral took place on Thursday from the Catholic church, Rev. Fr. Ansgar officiating, the interment being made in St. Bernard's cemetery at Thief River Falls. The following members of the Modern Brotherhood acted as pall bearers: A. S. Wilson, H. O. Jackson, K. R. Killand, Albert Fellman, John Peet and Adolph Brouillard.

The following are the non-resident relatives who were here to attend the funeral: John McAndress and wife, Fargo; William McAndress and daughter, Spring Valley, Minn., Walter McAndress and wife, Dan'l Sullivan and wife, Simon O'Toole and wife, High Landing; Martin McAndress, Joseph McAndress, Crystal, N. D.; Peter McAndress, Bemidji.

From Country to Cities.

That the population of Minnesota is shifting from the rural districts to the cities and villages is conclusively proved by figures just compiled in the state census bureau. The census of 1900 shows 1,048,922 people living in cities and villages or 53 per cent of all the population of the entire state. Ten years ago cities and villages held only 49 per cent of the population or 761,377. The census records show 25 counties out of the 83 in the state in which the rural population has materially decreased while the population of the cities and villages has steadily gained. Supt. Geo. F. Wright is making an exhaustive study of the census figures regarding the change in population and the published report of the department will contain much interesting matter relating to the population movements.

The Hemp Crop.

Manager Jerome of the hemp factory in South Crookston reports the hemp crop this year as a great success, especially with the farmers who planted it as a side line. All these crops have been harvested in a profitable manner and have proved money makers for those who handled them. The crop, however, which was planted by the Hemp company has not been harvested yet owing to the wet weather but Mr. Jerome hopes to get at it in a few days. This is one of Crookston's new industries which is yet in its infancy but which promises to develop into one of the best things which has located in the city.—Crookston Journal:

Deserting From the Navy.

Nearly 4,000 men deserted from the American navy last year. It is true that many of those were cooks, engineers and laborers of one kind and another, but the fact remains that the small pay, strict discipline and monotony of naval life during times of peace are not attractive to an American of ambition and energy. The kind of men that use golden grain belt beer are energetic, strong, sturdy fellows who feel like working with mind and body. This tonic produces good health and strength; it's what most of us need every day in the year to keep us "up to snuff." Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

California or Florida.

It is time to plan your winter vacation. Early arrangements secure the best accommodations. Choice of routes via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway to California or to Florida, combined with low rates, make the trip to either resort a most attractive one. A postal will bring complete information about rates, train service and resorts, free and by return mail. Address W. B. Dixon, N. W. P. A., St. Paul, Minn. n11

Cash Register for Sale.

A "National" cash register, cost $250, used only one year, in good condition; has two rows keys, total adder, registers from 5 cents up to $7.00; will be sold at a bargain. Call at the office of ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

Order

Hamm's
Pure
BEER

Supplied by Agents Everywhere, or
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

RAPP &
POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

The Pedestal
of Honor

is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.

Ladies' Shoes
like ours are not to be found in every store.

FIRE INSURANCE
is a
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.

When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class

FOR RATES CALL ON
HARRY E. IVES.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS
NOW ARRIVING.

We are getting in daily our Fall and Winter Stock of.....

Dry Goods :: Dress Goods
Boots and Shoes
and Heavy Winter Goods

AND INVITE YOUR INSPECTION

WE CAN QUOTE YOU PRICES EQUAL TO THE LOWEST

Call early and see our Stock of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods

E. M. HOFF.

$34.90 To California......

DAILY UNTIL OCTOBER 31st

Through tourist cars every Tuesday morning 8:20 a. m., arriving Los Angeles 8:25 a. m., San Francisco 6:35 p. m., following Saturday, Double berth $6:75 via

THE SUNSHINE ROUTE

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway and Santa Fe Route

TICKETS: 365 Robert Street, St. Paul.
328 Nicollet Avenue, Minneapolis.
W. B. DIXON, N. W. P. A., ST. PAUL, MINN.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, - - - - MINNESOTA

KIDNEY TROUBLE DUE TO CATARRH.

KIDNEY
N. J. HERTZ.

The Curative Power of PE-RU-NA in Kidney Disease the Talk of the Continent.

Nicholas J. Hertz, Member of Ancient Order of Workmen, Capitol Lodge, No. 140, Pearl Street Hotel, Albany, N. Y., writes:

"A few months ago I contracted a heavy cold which settled in my kidneys, and each time I was exposed to inclement weather the trouble was aggravated until finally I was unable to work.

"After trying many of the advertised remedies for kidney trouble, I finally took Peruna.

"In a week the intense pains in my back were much relieved and in four weeks I was able to take up my work again.

"I still continued to use Peruna for another month and at the end of that time I was perfectly well.

"I now take a dose or two when I have been exposed and find that it is splendid to keep me well."

Hundreds of Cures.

Dr. Hartman is constantly in receipt of testimonials from people who have been cured of chronic and complicated kidney disease by Peruna. For free medical advice, address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

UNSEEN IN A SAW

There are unseen things about this Saw. You cannot see the fine texture of the Steel; takes a sharp, cutting edge and holds it longer than any other Saw. You cannot see the toughness of fibre; bends without a break or a kink. SILVER STEEL, the finest crucible steel in the world, is made on the Atkins formula, tempered and hardened by the Atkins secret process, and used only in Atkins Saws. You cannot see the perfectly graduated taper of the blade; runs easily, without buckling.

But you can see the Atkins trade-mark and it is your protection when you buy a Saw. We are saw-makers and our trade-mark on a Saw means that it is our own make and that we are justly proud of it. We make all types and sizes of Saws for all purposes.

Atkins Saws, Corn Knives, Perfection Floor Scrapers, etc., are sold by all good hardware dealers. Catalogue on request.

E. C. ATKINS & CO., Inc.
Largest Saw Manufacturers in the World.
Factory and Executive Offices, Indianapolis, Indiana.
BRANCHES: New York, Chicago, Minneapolis, Portland, (Oregon), Seattle, San Francisco, Memphis, Atlanta and Toronto, (Canada).

Accept no Substitute—Insist on the Atkins Brand

SOLD BY GOOD DEALERS EVERYWHERE

I Must Have It

Refuse Substitutes and Imitations

You will know them, despite their fanciful names—they are usually mixed with hot water and do not have the cementing property of

Alabastine

THE SANITARY WALL COATING

Mix with cold water, any one can brush it on;

A Rock Cement in white and tints.

Kills vermin and disease germs; does not rub or scale. No washing of walls after once applied. Other wall finishes must be washed off every year—expensive, filthy work. They rub and scale, and the glue or other animal matter in them rots and feeds disease germs. Buy Alabastine only in five pound packages, properly labeled. Tint card, pretty wall and ceiling design, "Hints on Decorating" and our artists' services in making color plans, free.

ALABASTINE CO.,
Grand Rapids, Mich., or 105 Water St., N. Y.

Don't Get Wet!

TOWER'S SLICKERS will keep you dry as nothing else will, because they are the product of the best materials and seventy years' experience in manufacturing.

TOWER'S FISH BRAND

A. J. TOWER CO.
Boston, U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO., Ltd.
Toronto, Can.

231

MIXED FARMING

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

WHEAT RAISING RANCHING

three great pursuits have again shown wonderful results on the

FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS OF WESTERN CANADA.

Magnificent climate—farmers plowing in their shirt sleeves in the middle of November.

"All are bound to be more than pleased with the final results of the past season's harvest."—Extract.

Coal, wood, water, hay in abundance—schools, churches, markets convenient.

This is the era of $1.00 wheat.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota. (Mention this paper.)

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Stated His Reason.

A well known actor tells the following amusing yarn:

In his early, struggling days, before he attained fame and fortune, he once found himself in a small country place with a fifth-rate company. Wandering idly round the morning after their arrival, he was passing a church entrance just as a wedding was about to be celebrated. To kill the time he went in. The ground floor of the church was pretty full, but a low, dark gallery near the roof was apparently deserted.

The ceremony proceeded on the even tenor of its way until the minister inquired if anyone present knew any reason why the couple before him should not be united together in the holy bonds of matrimony.

There was silence for a moment and then a small, thin voice in the gallery was heard to say, "Yes, I do."

All eyes were turned to the gallery, where the figure of a small, milk-and-watery-looking individual was barely discernible in the gloom.

"State your reason!" said the minister, fixing the protester with a steely eye.

A fit of uncontrollable mirth seized all present when there came from the gallery the diffident reply:

"Please, sir, I—I want the gal myself!"

And the Next Day It Snowed.

They were telling a story to-day of a conversation a friend of H. H. Rogers had with the Amalgated's president. The friend wanted to know whether the "system" was going to let Lawson make any serious impression upon the price of Amalgamated this trip.

"Oh, pshaw," Mr. Rogers was reported to have replied, "what's the use of sweeping the snow off until it has stopped snowing?"—New York Mail.

A Good Baron Munchausen Story.

In connection with old Admiral Jaureguiberry, a writer remembers a curious incident. At the fight of St. Jean-sur-Erve, during the retreat on Laval, the admiral was galloping along the front, his tall, bony figure erect, his long gray side whiskers streaming in the wind, when some fragments of an exploding shell absolutely decapitated his horse, which, nevertheless, galloped on quite forty yards before it fell, the admiral meanwhile retaining his seat unmoved, though he profited by the respite to free his feet from the stirrups in such a way that as the horse collapsed he easily alighted. His only comment, in response to the congratulations he received on his escape was very characteristic. "Some people imagine," said he, "that sailors cannot ride."—Dundee Advertiser.

Best in the World.

Cream, Ark., Oct. 9th.—(Special.)—After eighteen months' suffering from Epilepsy, Backache and Kidney Complaint, Mr. W. H. Smith of this place is a well man again and those who have watched his return to health unhesitatingly give all the credit to Dodd's Kidney Pills. In an interview regarding his cure, Mr. Smith says:

"I had been low for eighteen months with my back and kidneys, and also Epilepsy. I had taken everything I knew of and nothing seemed to do me any good till a friend of mine got me to send for Dodd's Kidney Pills. I find that they are the greatest medicine in the world, for now I am able to work and am in fact as stout and strong as before I took sick."

Dodd's Kidney Pills cure the Kidneys. Cured Kidneys cleanse the blood of all impurities. Pure blood means good health.

Tact.

"You're an authority on tact, Turveydrop, aren't you?" said Miggs.

"I have some reputation in that direction."

"Well, what would you do under these circumstances? I took a lady friend to a matinee a few weeks back, and of course after the performance I offered her tea. She accepted; but to my horror I found I had only a quarter and she ate at least fifty cents' worth."

"Under those circumstances," replied Turvey-drop, "you should have explained that you would have to send an important telegram, and as soon as you got outside you should have left your watch with a friendly pawnbroker."

"Couldn't. He'd got it already."

"Then, of course, there was nothing for it but an explanation and a hint that enough to pay the bill would be treated as a debt of honor."

"Couldn't do that either. There was an old gentleman sitting at the table, and one can't explain a thing like that before strangers."

"Perhaps not. But what did you do?"

"Well, I watched an opportunity and took that old gentleman's check and left him mine. His was only fifteen cents."

"Mr. Miggs," said Turveydrop, "you need no instruction in that beautiful accomplishment—tact."

"GOLD GOLD."

"Good," He Says, "But Comfort Better."

"Food that fits is better than a gold mine," says a grateful man.

"Before I commenced to use Grape-Nuts food no man on earth ever had a worse infliction from catarrh of the stomach than I had for years.

"I could eat nothing but the very lightest food and even that gave me great distress.

"I went through the catalogue of prepared foods but found them all (except Grape-Nuts) more or less indigestible, generating gas in the stomach (which in turn produced headache and various other pains and aches) and otherwise unavailable for my use.

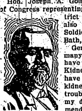
"Grape-Nuts food I have found easily digested and assimilated, and it has renewed my health and vigor and made me a well man again. The catarrh of the stomach has disappeared entirely with all its attendant ills, thanks to Grape-Nuts, which now is my almost sole food. I want no other." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Ten days' trial tells the story.

There's a reason.

CONGRESSMAN GOULDEN

Finds Quick Relief from Bladder Troubles Through Doan's Kidney Pills.



Hon. Joseph A. Goulden, Member of Congress representing the 18th District of New York, also trustee of the Soldiers' Home at Bath, N. Y., writes: Gentlemen: As many of my friends have used Doan's Kidney Pills and have been cured of kidney and bladder troubles, I feel it my duty to recommend the medicine. From personal experience I know Doan's Kidney Pills will cure inflammation of the bladder, having experienced relief the second day of using the medicine.

(Signed) J. A. GOULDEN.

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

A Perfect Clod.

"Have you really broken your engagement to him?" asker the first summer girl.

"Yes," replied the other, "he was no fun at all. I simply couldn't make him jealous no matter how I tried."—Philadelphia Press.

AGAINST THE PUBLIC INTEREST.

Overzealous Reformers Work for Law Against Proprietary Medicines.

Schemes to diminish or destroy the sale of proprietary medicines are constantly being devised by interested parties. Every now and then some zealous reformer comes to the front with the demand for a law to require every package of proprietary medicine to be labeled with a printed statement of the "formula," showing just how it is manufactured. The millions of people who use proprietary medicines seem to be satisfied; but the man with a mania for regulating the affairs of other people or who has some personal interest to serve is the one who agitates the proposition. To a person who has never taken time to consider it, such a proposition may seem reasonable enough, yet it is in fact nothing more nor less than a scheme to compel the manufacturers to put their trade throughout the entire country at the mercy of every commercial pirate who might choose to flood the market with imitations of their goods.

"Under such conditions the incentive for the original manufacturer to advertise his goods would be practically destroyed, for the money spent on advertising would inure mainly to the benefit of the pirates and imitators. Without advertising, the public would receive little information in regard to the medicine, and all future sales would be greatly impaired if not wholly destroyed. It is mainly by judicious advertising that the knowledge of proprietary medicines is brought to the public. Nothing is more certain than that millions of people have found relief at a comparatively small expense by the use of some remedy first called to their notice through newspaper advertising. Why, then, should the manufacturer of a meritorious proprietary remedy be compelled by law to practically destroy his business as a condition of being allowed to carry it on? Yet that is exactly what these formula bills mean.—Exchange.

Where the Lines Were.

"When he proposed," said Miss Passay, coyly, "I tried hard not to let him see what my feeling towards him was."

"But you couldn't deceive him, eh?" asked Miss Pepprey.

"No; he said he saw his answer in my face."

"Ah! He read between the lines, I suppose."—Catholic Standard.

Advancing the Farmers' Interests.

Traveling agents and salesmen are now sent from the home offices of the Chicago packers into all South American and Asiatic countries. They are going into every land, no matter what language may be spoken or what money be used. They will exchange their goods for cowries or elephant tusks—anything to sell the product and get something in return convertible into money. It may seem odd to some folks, but traveling men, carrying cases with samples of American meat products, can be seen in the desert of Sahara, the sands of Zanzibar, or in Brazil, "where the nuts come from." Great is the enterprise of the Yankee merchant. The greater the market, the greater the price and stability of the price of the product and all that goes to make it in its various stages.

Reversing Things.

They had just finished breakfast and the woman of the future was about to start down town, when her husband arose from the table, placed his arms about her neck and kissed her.

"Dearest," he murmured softly, "I love you more than words can tell."

"Oh, you do, eh?" she rejoined, suspiciously. "What is it now—a new silk hat or a pair of trousers?"—Chicago News.

NO TONGUE CAN TELL

How I Suffered With Itching and Bleeding Eczema Until Cured by Cuticura.

"No tongue can tell how I suffered for five years with a terribly painful, itching and bleeding eczema, my body and face being covered with sores. Never in my life did I experience such awful suffering, and I longed for death, which I felt was near. I had tried doctors and medicines without success, but my mother insisted that I try Cuticura. I felt better after the first bath with Cuticura Soap and one application of Cuticura Ointment, and was soon entirely well. (Signed) Mrs. A. Etson, Bellevue, Mich."

Point of Resemblance.

Askitt—Ever shaved by a woman barber?

Knott—Yes; once.

Askitt—How did you enjoy it?

Knott—Oh, she had just as much to say as the other kind.—Chicago News.

RUSSIAN CROWN LANDS.

Altai Estates Alone Three Times as Large as England and Wales.

So much is being written of the internal economy of Russia lately that the extent of crown lands has escaped attention, says I. H. James, Cleveland. "The czar's Altai estates alone cover an area of over 170,000 square miles, being about three times the size of England and Wales. The Nertchisak estates in Eastern Siberia are estimated at about 76,600 square miles. In the Altai estates are situated the gold and silver mines of Barnaul, Paulov, Sinijov and Laktjepp, the copper foundry of Gavrilov, in the Salagirov district. The receipts from these enormous estates are not commensurate with their size, but this is largely owing to a deficit in working the mines. The ore from the mines is transported 300 or 400 miles to the smelting works, which are built in districts where wood abounds."—Milwaukee Free Press.

THE BUMPER WHEAT CROP OF CANADA.

100,000,000 Bushels of Wheat from 4,000,000 Acres of Land.

In order to secure the attention of the reader to any special article that is brought before the public, it is often the custom to lead the reader on by the introduction of an interesting story until by one bold jump, he is introduced to the subject that it is desired shall be brought to his notice. This is not fair to the reader, and it is not the intention to do that in this article. It will discuss in the briefest way "Western Canada" and its possibilities for settlement. For the past six or seven years the Government of the Dominion of Canada has talked of the resources of Western Canada to the readers of this and thousands of other papers throughout the United States. The quality of the soil was spoken of, the large area of fertile lands was discussed the possibilities of the country as a grain-growing district were talked of, and the story of the success of farmers from the United States was told. The story is not yet an old one. The two hundred thousand from the United States, who have made Western Canada their home, who have taken advantage of the 160 acres of land that the Government gives free to actual settlers are telling the story to-day to their friends. They have proven the statements made through these columns and by the Government Agents. They have produced from their lands, twenty, thirty, forty and more bushels of wheat to the acre, and netted profits ranging from three to ten and more dollars on every acre tilled. They have found the climate fully as good as they were told it would be, schools were convenient and easily organized, railways were not far distant, and markets close at hand. The social conditions were such as they chose to make them, and law and order were observed. Many of them bought land, because it was low-priced and good, and hundreds of cases could be cited where the purchase price of the land was paid out of the first crop. The writer knows of cases this year where the farmer, as a result of the yield on his farm, was put in a position that would enable him to increase his holdings three extra acres for every acre cropped and pay cash for it. Is it any wonder that one grows enthusiastic when speaking about Western Canada.

But what may be said of this year. We are now in a position to speak regarding it. The conditions throughout Manitoba and the new provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan have been remarkably favorable. Had conditions been no better than in past years there would have been every cause for congratulation. We find though all previous records broken, and that from a four million acre crop of wheat there will be one hundred million bushels of a yield—or 25 bushels to the acre. Could anything better be desired? Covering the entire country the same splendid reports are being received. The following dispatch was sent by Mr. F. W. Thompson, Vice President of the Ogilvie Milling Co., one of the most careful grain men in America:

"Have just returned from covering several hundred miles of the crop district. I never saw anything like it in this country before. The average yield and quality far exceeds our earlier expectations. It is an immense crop. The weather is extremely favorable."

Up to three weeks ago it was Mr. Thompson's opinion that the crop would not reach general expectations.

"F. W. Thompson sends another telegram from Winnipeg to-night, saying that his estimate of the wheat crop is now one hundred millions bushels. Before he went west he thought it would fall considerably short of that figure."

The moral of this story is that there should be no hesitation in making a decision if you wish to better your condition; or, if you have a family of boys that you wish to become settled on farms, it is a safe proposition to call upon the nearest authorized Canadian Government Agent, and get particulars as to most suitable districts and railway rates.

Renunciation.

Bessie—I simply refused to give him up, so papa stepped in and dragged me off to Europe.

Tessie—So you had to give him up after all?

Bessie—Mercy, yes; On the third day out I gave up everything.—Cleveland Leader.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. Gaylord Beebe, Minneapolis, Minn., check protector; William Clifford, Duluth, Minn., dredge anchor; Edward Forkey, Minneapolis, Minn., horseshoe calk; Frank Higgins, Fargo, N. D., stamp case; Louis Marchessault, Minneapolis, Minn., boiler; Andrew Neudecker, Clements, Minn., horse whipping mechanism; Henry Spaulding, Canastota, S. D., corn planter.

This is going to be another bad year for lazy farmers.

AWFUL NEURALGIA

Mr. Porter Thought He Should Go Mad But Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Cured Him.

"It seems like a miracle that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills should have cured my neuralgia," said Mr. Porter. "They are certainly a marvelous medicine and I am always glad to recommend them.

"For two years," he continued, "I had suffered almost unendurable pains in my head. They would start over my eyes and shoot upward most frequently, but they often spread over my face, and at times every part of my head and face would be full of agony. Sometimes the pains were so intense that I actually feared they would drive me mad.

"My eyes ached constantly and there was always a burning sensation over my forehead, but the other pains varied, sometimes they were acute, and again they were dull and lingering. I could not sleep. My temper was irritable and I got no pleasure out of life.

"I tried remedy after remedy, but finding no help in any of them, I became a despairing man. Even when I began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I had no great hope of a cure.

"That was in December of 1903. To my surprise, a change in my condition took place right away. The pains grew less intense and the acute attacks were further apart, as I kept on using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The improvement began with the first box, and when I had used six boxes I stopped. My cure was complete and has lasted ever since."

Mr. Charles H. Porter lives at Raymond, N. H. He is one of many grateful people who have found that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will cure diseases of the nerves that have stubbornly resisted every other remedy tried. Not only neuralgia, but sciatica, partial paralysis and locomotor ataxia yield to them. They are sold by all druggists, or may be obtained directly from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Something in a Name.

First Butterfly—I wonder how we got our name. Did we ever have anything to do with butter?

Second Butterfly—Oh, stop grumbling. Suppose they had called us oleomargarine flies?—New York Press.

To Launder Colored Embroidered Linens.

To launder colored, embroidered linens with good results, the work should be done quickly and carefully. Wash through warm, Ivory Soap suds, rubbing with the hands; rinse through a clear water, then through another which is slightly blue. Dry in-doors; to iron, have the piece very damp and place it, right side down, on a soft blanket. Press with a hot iron.

ELEANOR R. PARKER.

That Was Different.

Nell—Madge has a dozen engagements.

Belle—She must be quite a flirt.

Nell—No, she's an actress.

Belle—Oh!—Dallas News.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

He Told Her Why.

Peckem—I have been asked to join the Married Men's club, my dear.

Mrs. Peckem—Indeed! And what do married men want a club for, pray?

Peckem—Why, misery loves company, you know.—Chicago News.

TO SOUTHERN TEXAS AND RETURN, $28.15.

To Mexico City, $53.55. Round-trip tickets on sale via the Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad. Liberal limits and stop-over privileges. Call on W. E. Witherspoon, City Ticket Agent, No. 398 Robert street.

The Trouble in the Case.

"I thought it was a case of love at first sight."

"Yes, but he had three days' grace and changed his mind."—New York Press.

A woman always thinks a man is afraid to argue with her.

Referred Lord to the Papers.

"It's no end of fun," said a jolly looking young fellow to his companions in the subway, "to go to church in the summer when this philanthropic pulpit exchange business is on.

"Our pastor is way off on Long Island and somewhere and the preacher in whose church he is conducting services for the summer has been sent on here.

"This country parson has been a circus right along with his original remarks, but he reached the limit on Sunday when he began his prayer by saying: 'O Lord, thou didst see by the morning papers.'"—New York Sun.

RAILWAY ACCIDENTS.

It is the policy of the railway managements to weed out drunkenness whenever it develops among employes, and this policy no doubt accounts for the small percentage of accidents nowadays resulting from intoxication. The Keeley Institute has permanently cured a large number of railway employes who were discharged because of drunkenness, but are now reinstated because they availed themselves of the Keeley cure.

Mr. Pennington of the Soo road will not reinstate a man who cannot show a Keeley certificate. Most of the roads of the country are doing likewise. This action is based upon experience with so-called "institutes." A Keeley certificate means Reliability. Write Keeley Institute, Minneapolis, 621 Tenth street south.

Matter of Habit.

Sir Walter Raleigh threw down the cloak.

"Very pretty," murmured Elizabeth absently, "but I'd like to see the one on the top shelf."

Suddenly, remembering that she wasn't shopping, she had to be content with what was shown.—Lippincott's Magazine.

Exceptional.

"Is he a really good violinist?"

"Yes, and an exceedingly remarkable one."

"In what respect?"

"His instrument is not 'a genuine Stradivarius.'"—Philadelphia Press.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

You say you don't want to be missed when you are gone? Well, you won't be.

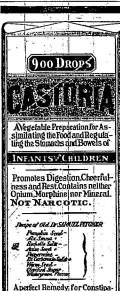
We'd like to be as cool and clean as a woman looks in a white dress.

St. Jacobs Oil

for many, many years has cured and continues to cure

RHEUMATISM
NEURALGIA
LUMBAGO
BACKACHE
SCIATICA
SPRAINS
BRUISES
SORENESS
STIFFNESS
FROST-BITES

Price, 25c. and 50c.



900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

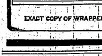
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.


TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE

PRICE, 25 Cts.

ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee it. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE. F. W. Diemer, M.D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

WOMEN'S NEGLECT

SUFFERING THE SURE PENALTY

Health Thus Lost Is Restored by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

How many women do you know who are perfectly well and strong? We hear every day the same story over and over again. "I do not feel well; I am so tired all the time!"

Miss Kate McDonald

More than likely you speak the same words yourself, and no doubt you feel far from well. The cause may be easily traced to some derangement of the female organs which manifests itself in depression of spirits, reluctance to go anywhere or do anything, backache, bearing-down pains, flatulency, nervousness, sleeplessness, leucorrhœa.

These symptoms are but warnings that there is danger ahead, and unless heeded a life of suffering or a serious operation is the inevitable result.

The never-failing remedy for all these symptoms is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Miss Kate McDonald, of Woodbridge, N. J., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:

"I think that a woman naturally dislikes to make her troubles known to the public, but restored health has meant so much to me that I cannot help from telling mine for the sake of other suffering women.

"For a long time I suffered untold agony with a uterine trouble and irregularities, which made me a physical wreck, and no one thought I would recover, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has entirely cured me, and made me well and strong, and I feel it my duty to tell other suffering women what a splendid medicine it is."

If you are ill, don't hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice—it is free and always helpful.

A man who pronounces marriage a failure either has had too much experience or else none at all.

HAVE YOU COWS?

If you have cream to separate a good Cream Separator is the most profitable investment you can possibly make. Delay means daily waste of time, labor and product.

DE LAVAL CREAM SEPARATORS save $10.- per cow per year every year of use over all gravity setting systems and $5.- per cow over all imitating separators. They received the Grand Prize or Highest Award at St. Louis.

Buying trashy cash-in-advance separators is penny wise, dollar foolish. Such machines quickly *lose* their cost instead of *saving* it.

If you haven't the ready cash DE LAVAL machines may be bought on such liberal terms that they actually *pay for themselves.*

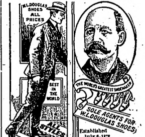
Send today for new catalogue and name of nearest local agent.

THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.
Randolph & Canal Sts. CHICAGO | 74 Cortlandt Street NEW YORK

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN

W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.


W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
ALL STYLES
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES
Established July 6, 1876.

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES AND SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any $3.50 shoe in the world. They are just as good as those that cost you $5.00 to $7.00—the only difference is the price. If I could take you into my factory at Brockton, Mass., the largest in the world under one roof making men's fine shoes, and show you the care with which every pair of Douglas shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the best shoes produced in the world.

If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes, you would understand why Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day.

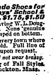
W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

WANTED. A shoe dealer in every town where W. L. Douglas Shoes are not sold. Full line of samples sent free for inspection upon request.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.



PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN

troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES
For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.
Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.
THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

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Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1905. NUMBER 14.

The News of the Week

Washington.

Marlin J. Carter, United States consul at Yarmouth, N. S., died suddenly. He was 46 years old. His home was at Minersville, Pa.

It was decided at a cabinet meeting that the control of the Panama canal would continue to remain in the war department instead of being transferred to the state department.

The census bureau has issued a bulletin showing the production and distribution of the cotton of the United States available between Sept. 1, 1904, and Sept. 1, 1905, to be 13,597,782 bales.

The president has appointed Edward B. Kelley of South Dakota to be agent at the Rosebud Indian agency in that state, to succeed Charles E. McChesney, who has been appointed special agent of the Indian bureau.

Having reached the age limit of 64 years, Maj. Gen. George Morton Randall, commander of the northern division of the United States army, with headquarters in St. Louis, has retired from the command. He will be succeeded by Brig. Gen. John F. Weston.

Foreign.

Admiral Togo, with a squadron of the best ships in the Japanese navy, will visit European and American waters some time next year.

The Bourse Gazette of St. Petersburg announces that negotiations are in progress with American bankers to float a 500,000,000 rouble loan.

The Russian foreign office is engaged in drawing up the program for the second peace conference at The Hague. It is said that it will be eminently practical.

Several leases of houses on ground belonging to the crown recently have fallen in and been relet on terms showing the increasing value of property in London.

Prof. Behring will not even consider the reported American offer to pay him a large sum of money if he will make public his consumption cure. He will in no way be diverted from his chosen path.

There is an unprecedented boom in mushrooms this year in England. So abundant is the crop in some parts of East Norfolk that they are being mowed down with scythes to save the labor of hand picking.

The kaiser has ordered the preparation of a comprehensive work, richly illustrated, which will describe all those artistic objects for the existence of which he is directly responsible in architecture and painting.

The Japanese Times publishes news of a number of cases of embezzlement by Japanese naval officers, among which that of Paymaster Commander Takenouchi, financing naval constructor in England, has fled after embezzling $165,000.

The St. Petersburg police discovered in the outskirts of St. Petersburg a number of secret printing establishments which have been engaged in issuing revolutionary proclamations. As a result of the discovery forty arrests have been made.

Lord Inverclyde, chairman of the Cunard Steamship company, died at Castle Wemyss, Scotland. He had been ill for a month with pleuro-pneumonia. Lord Inverclyde's brother, James Cleland Burns, succeeds to the title. Lord Inverclyde was 44 years old.

Criminal.

Albert Lynn shot and fatally wounded his cousin, James Lynn, at Kalimazoo, Mich., after a quarrel, over a young woman.

Judge A. G. Bradner committed suicide at his home in Kansas City by inhaling illuminating gas. He grieved over the death of his wife.

Frank Woods, alias "St. Louis Frank," was executed in the state prison at San Quentin, Cal., for the murder of Policeman Eugene Robinson in San Francisco three years ago.

During a fight over a woman at Evansville, Ind., in which both men used razors, Henderson Carter, a negro, was killed by James Battles, another negro. Battles is thought to be fatally wounded.

News has just reached Bainbridge, Ga., of the lynching of a negro, eight miles west, by a mob of his own race. The negro had assaulted a negro girl, and had attempted to assault another, who cut him in the breast.

Daniel J. Donnelly, a member of the Boston city council and formerly a member of the legislature, has been arrested on a charge of manslaughter. It is alleged that Patrick J. Grinley, a laborer, met his death as the result of an encounter with Donnelly.

A shortage of $250,000 has been found on the books of the Alamoosa, Cal., bank. Abraham Schiffer, part owner of the bank, whose disappearance caused an investigation, has not been located. Mr. Schiffer was last seen when he left that city, ostensibly for New York, a week ago.

John Carmody of Sioux City was fatally shot in the abdomen by Policeman Robert Carraher, who, with other officers, was called to quell a disturbance. The men put up a fierce fight and three policemen were hurt.

George M. Murray, colored, a former member of congress, was sentenced at Columbia, S. C., to serve three years in the penitentiary for forgery. Murray, who is reported to be quite wealthy, was charged with forging the name of an old negro to certain notes for land. At the time of his arrest Murray was released on $3,000 bond, which it is thought will be forfeited.

Casualty.

Fireman George C. Krahmer fell from a Northwestern engine near Tama, Iowa, and was killed.

As a result of an attempt to light a fire with a can of coal oil, Mrs. Amanda Carlson, and Miss Esta Lawson, living a few miles out of Austin, Tex., were burned to death.

A west-bound freight train on the Rock Island was wrecked in the western part of Davenport, Iowa. Ray McCullough of Davenport, who was riding on the engine, was killed.

In a runaway accident near Ackley, Iowa, Agnes Ranz, daughter of a prominent farmer, jumped fro mthe buggy and broke her neck. Two brothers escaped with slight injuries. A dog scared the team.

A street car accident occurred near the village of Winooski, Vt., in which thirteen persons were injured, some of them seriously. A car carrying about fifty passengers crashed into a waiting car on a siding.

Ten men met instant death at the quarry of the Vermont Slate Co. at Granville, N. Y., when about 100 feet of the west bank crashed down without warning, burying the victims under hundreds of tons of slate and loose earth.

One workman was killed and five were perhaps fatally injured in an accident that occurred at the old county building at Chicago. A girder which was being raised to the roof was at the third floor when it gave way and fell to the ground, crushing the men beneath it.

Walter Palmer of Athens, Mich., was instantly killed, Chauffeur Blake of Kalamazoo was fatally injured and Mrs. Walter Palmer and her daughter Frances were badly bruised in an automobile accident. The automobile, while traveling at good speed, swerved out of the road into a marsh and capsized.

After falling into a Big Four gravel pit near Lawrenceburg, Ind., and breaking his neck, an Italian laborer, assisted by a friend, walked nearly a mile to his tent, holding his head in his hands the whole distance. Physicians found that the man's neck had been fractured at the fifth vertebrae and declared that the injuries will undoubtedly prove fatal.

Falling out of a second-story window at the home of Adam Luscavage at Minersville, Pa., a six-months-old baby escaped death as if by a miracle. A washerwoman was passing with a basket on her head. The baby tumbled into the basket and was unhurt, though the washerwoman was knocked down and driven almost into spasms by her fright.

Fire of unknown origin at Eldora, Iowa, destroyed the building and stock of the Koenman Drug company, and the building of Mrs. S. Lang, and badly damaged the new brick building of the Bank of Whitten at Whitten. There was no insurance on the bank or the Lang building. The insurance of the Koenman drug stock is $2,500. The total loss is about $5,000.

General.

With only one voice raised in opposition, the Republicans of Massachusetts in convention declared for a revision of the tariff.

Intense excitement exists in Lorain, Wis. over the discovery of gold. While digging a well on his farm in section 21, Charles Eggers discovered gold.

Maj. Gen. John R. Brooke, retired, was chosen commander-in-chief of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion by the members of the commandery-in-chief, at its annual meeting.

Suspended from all college privileges, even to visiting the grounds, for one year is the punishment dealt out to three sophomores at Columbia who have been convicted of hazing.

Dr. Abisha S. Hudson, aged 86 years, died at Mount Vernon, Ohio. He choked to death on a fig. He founded Keokuk Medical college and has contributed much to medical science.

Isadore Wormser, the millionaire banker of New York, offered $100,000 reward for the conviction of a gang of men who recently assaulted Annie Thornton, a domestic employed in his household.

United States District Attorney Sullivan rendered an opinion holding that Annie Ballen, alias Nejdley, arrested at Cleveland by federal officials on the charge that she was a notorious anarchist, will be deported.

Dr. J. W. Ordway, a wealthy farmer and banker of Onawa, Iowa, died at Los Angeles as the result of worry over frequent attempts to rob him. During the last eight years he had been held up twelve times.

United States Marshal Flinn sold, on the $45,000 judgment of Charles S. Hinchman of Camden, N. J., the one-half interest of J. Edward Addicks in the personal property on his Riverside farm, two miles below Newcastle, Del. The sale netted only $510.

Mrs. Annie E. McKinley, widow of the late Abner McKinley, was married at Baltimore very privately to Capt. J. B. Allen of Tampa, Fla. So quietly was the ceremony performed that it was impossible to learn either where it took place or who was the officiating minister.

Skins of twenty-two frogs have been successfully grafted on the body of Ethel Teague, ten years old, of Salem, Mass., who was severely burned two weeks ago while playing with matches. The child's right thigh, right arm and side were badly burned. She is rapidly recovering.

BOY WITNESS IN A BAD FIX

INSURANCE INVESTIGATORS TURN CASE OVER TO DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

MAY FACE PERJURY CHARGE

PASSAGE AT ARMS BETWEEN HUGHES, CHAIRMAN ARMSTRONG AND BECK.

MAINTAIN HOUSE IN ALBANY

MUTUAL LIFE SUPPORTS ESTABLISHMENT IN WHICH SOLONS LIVE.

New York, Oct. 19.—The district attorney's assistance was called upon yesterday by the legislative insurance investigating committee because of the testimony of one witness, and the question of an arrest for perjury is now being considered by Assistant District Attorney Rand. The witness in question is George J. Plunkitt, an eighteen-year-old telephone operator in the employ of the stationery firm of L. W. Lawrence & Co., from whom the Mutual Life Insurance company purchased a great deal of its supplies of this nature. It was brought out in Tuesday's testimony that among the vouchers for money charged to legal expenses was one for $901 signed by George J. Plunkitt. His identity was not disclosed until yesterday, when Plunkitt was called to the stand. He testified as to his employment, and when shown the voucher denied that he had ever signed it.

He Further Denied

that he had received that amount of money from the Mutual Life Insurance company or that he had rendered the company any service.

Mr. Hughes asked Plunkitt to write his name in ink on a piece of paper, which he did. This and the voucher were then offered in evidence and the similarity of the signatures was called to the attention of the committee.

Shortly after this incident the sergeant-at-arms was sent to communicate with the district attorney's office, and soon Mr. Rand appeared. He was escorted to a seat beside Chairman armstrong, and for a time he critically examined the signatures. All that Mr. Rand would say was that he had been summoned by Chairman Armstrong, and when the chairman was questioned he said the matter was now out of the hands of the committee and "was up to the district attorney's office."

Wordy Passage at Arms.

Another feature of the day's hearing was the passage at arms between Chairman Armstrong, Counsed Hughes and James Beck, counsel for President R. A. McCurdy. Mr. Beck accused Mr. Hughes of misleading the public by not following out his lines of interrogations to the end, and asserted that he dropped a subject before the witness was allowed to explain. Chairman Armstrong then said that the committe wanted all the information it could get that would be helpful, and the witness had placed himself in the position he found himself by his continual evasive answers. Mr. Armstrong said further that every witness will be treated with all possible courtesy. Mr. Hughes then said if he had erred it was by showing courtesies when circumstances justified an entirely different course, adding that evasion would be held up to the contempt it has always received. There was a spontaneous outburst of applause when Mr. Hughes concluded, which was stopped only by a threat to clear the room.

Kept a House at Albany.

William M. Carpenter, a clerk in the supply department of the Mutual Life Insurance company, of which A. C. Fields is superintendent, told of how a house has been maintained in Albany for several years at the expense of the Mutual Life Insurance company. Mr. Fields occupied it only during the legislative session, and on several occasions two members of the insurance committee of the legislature lived at the house with Mr. Fields. Mr. Carpenter leased the house and paid for the servants and supplies with money furnished him by the Mutual Life.

Later in the day, when Mr. McCurdy was recalled, the president said he did not know that the Mutual Life's funds had been maintaining this house.

Witness is Missing.

An attempt was made by Mr. Hughes yesterday to get trace of Thomas D. Jordan, former controller of the Equitable. Frank E. Jordan was called under a subpoena and said he did not know whether his father or his mother were living or dead.

Toward the close of the day's session Mr. McCurdy was being interrogater on the trust companies with which the Mutual Life company is connected, and the subsidiary companies of the Mutual Life, and was still on the stand when adjournment was taken.

Asphyxiation is Fatal.

San Francisco, Oct. 19.—M. Perusch, a miner of Chisholm, Minn., was killed by gas asphyxiation in a Third street lodging house last night.

TRAIN STOPPED BY RAIN STORM.

Track Walker Discovers Washout Few Minutes Before Train Arrives.

St. Louis, Oct. 19.—The Missouri Pacific's Colorado and California express, which left St. Louis at 10:10 Tuesday night returned to the city last night with its list of 158 passengers. A few miles west of Washington, Mo., the train encountered a rain storm which amounted, the passengers say, to a cloudburst. The passengers had a most trying experience and were much excited when the train was brought to a sudden stop at Dundee, where the road crosses a small stream. The cloudburst had converted this into a torrent, which swept away the supports of the bridge, leaving it suspended. A track walker discovered the washout but a few minutes before the train bore in sight.

FEELS YOUNG AT 111 YEARS.

Mrs. Betsy Freeman Laughs When Told of Dr. Osler's Doctrine.

Red Bank, Pa., Oct. 19.—Mrs. Betsy Freeman of this place never heard of Dr. William Osler until yesterday. When her friends, who had assembled to celebrate the 111th anniversary of her birth, told her of him she laughed until the rafters fairly shook, and then declared that she was only sorry she did not know of him before; that she would have sent an invitation to Osler to attend. Then, just to show her guests that she is still a young woman, she called her youngest son, William, to her side. She informed "Willie" that he had been a naughty boy and forthwith proceeded to lay him across her knee and administer a sound spanking. "Willie" is 82 years old.

PAY DUTY ON ALICE'S PRESENTS.

South Plans Subscription as Mark of Appreciation of President.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 19.—A movement has been started here to raise by popular subscription in the South $60,000 or a sum sufficient to pay the duty on the presents bestowed upon Miss Alice Roosevelt, daughter of the president, during her trip through the Orient. The plan is intended to show the appreciation of the South for the president's recent efforts in behalf of peace between Russia and Japan, in inaugurating the construction of the isthmian canal and other acts of his administration which have endeared him to the people of all sections without regard to political affiliations.

GREAT DEAL IN TIMBER.

Forty Thousand Acres on Eastern Shore of Vancouver Island Bought.

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 19.—The largest timber deal in the history of British Columbia has just been completed by the sale to a syndicate of Minneapolis lumbermen of 43,000 acres of timber lands on the eastern coast of Vancouver island. The tract, which is said to contain one billion feet of standing fir and cedar of the best quality, is located between Salmon river and Campbell river. The purchasers are planning the erection in Vancouver of the largest sawmill on the Pacific coast, with an estimated annual output of 70,000,000 feet per annum.

JUMPS INTO THE OCEAN.

Young Bank Teller Commits Suicide at Honolulu.

Honolulu, Oct. 19.—Edward B. Giffard, paying teller of the banking house of Claus Spreckels & Co., who was a passenger on the steamer Sonoma, which arrived here yesterday from San Francisco, jumped overboard last night. An alarm was sounded, life preservers were thrown over and the vessel hove to for two hours, but no trace could be found of Giffard. He was unmarried and had been spending his vacation on the Pacific coast. He was well known here and connected with a prominent family.

BALEFUL WORK OF TORNADO.

Wide Swath Is Cut Through Town of Sorrento, Northeast of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Oct. 19.—A tornado struck the village of Sorrento, thirty-two miles northeast of St. Louis, last night, killing four persons, injuring thirty-five others, of whom three will probably die, and doing a great amount of damage to property. Forty houses were blown to atoms or carried from their foundations. A complete swath was cut through the town. Everything in the track of the tornado was reduced to debris or blown away.

Swedish Editor Is Dead.

Chicago, Oct. 19.—While waiting for a train at the union station to carry him to his home in Glenview, Andrew L. Gyllenhaal, editor of a Swedish newspaper, was stricken with heart failure and dropped dead. He was born in Sweden and was educated at Upsala university. In 1886 he emigrated to America. One of his sons is a professor in the Swedenborgian college in Philadelphia.

Rhode Island Stands Pat.

Providence, R. I., Oct. 19.—Gov. George H. Utter and all the other present state officers were renominated by acclamation at the Republican state convention yesterday. The platform paid high tribute to President Roosevelt and reaffirmed the principles of protection.

Lightning Starts Fire.

Ashmore, Ill., Oct. 19.—Lightning, which set fire to the lumber yard of C. A. Brown early yesterday morning, caused a loss of $50,000.

PRIVATE CAR BATTLE IS ON

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION BEGINS HEARING AT WASHINGTON.

APPEARS TO BE PROMISING

CHIEF CONTEST EXPECTED TO DEVELOP QUESTION OF JURISDICTION.

RATES UNDER DISCUSSION

RAILROADS OPERATING OWN CARS GIVE SHIPPERS LOWER RATES.

Washington, Oct. 19.—What promises to develop into a government legal battle against private car lines was precipitated before the interstate commerce commission by the course taken yesterday at the beginning of the hearing instituted to show the connection between refrigerator cars and the railroads. Counsel for the commission directed every effort to bring out the fact that great railroad systems operating their own refrigerator car lines give to their shippers a much lower rate for refrigeration than is obtained on roads that are compelled to operate in connection with private car lines.

In this the railroads, notably the Illinois Central and the Pennsylvania, through their traffic freight managers, who were on the stand the greater part of the day, apparently aided the commission. As a result, there were many sharp tilts between the counsel for the commission and the attorneys for the Armour car lines and other private car companies.

Jurisdiction Is Involved.

The action of the commission in initiating and probing the complaints has the double purpose of establishing its jurisdiction over private car lines and correcting the evils complained of. The chief contest is expected to develop on the point of jurisdiction.

Chairman Knapp opened the hearing by reviewing the proceedings instituted and calling up the first case, which was directed against practically all of the roads of the Southeastern United States and the Armour car lines.

Contracts Not Filed.

Frank Barry, who represented the interstate commerce commission in bringing out the evidence and examining witnesses, stated that several roads had not filed contracts existing with car lines, and these were called for by Chairman Knapp.

Mr. Urion, for the Armour car lines, objected to proceeding until the commission had announced the general scope and purpose of the inquiry and indicated whether there is to be a concrete finding on which some subsequent proceedings could be had.

The commission, after consultation, announced that formal complaints had been filed against specified companies to ascertain whether their charges are reasonable or if discriminations are made against any persons, and that it was not prepared to say what its subsequent course would be. Chairman Knapp said he presumed it would be the duty of the commission to make a definite order against the defendants found guilty of violating the regulations or to dismiss proceedings in specific cases where the proofs sustain the denial of any one or more railroad or car lines.

JAPS LIKE BRYAN'S TALK.

Silver-Tongued Orator Makes a Hit in the Orient.

Tokio, Oct. 19.—William J. Bryan yesterday addressed an audience of about 1,000 persons, with Count Okuma, the former foreign minister and leader of the Progressive party, in the chair. His simple style and clear pronunciation made his speech, which lasted forty minutes, intelligible even to the younger students, and called forth appreciative remarks. Later Mr. Bryan lunched with Count Okuma. The municipality of Tokio has invited Mr. Bryan to attend a public reception, but his time here will not permit him to accept the invitation.

MAY OUST NEW YORK LIFE.

Missouri Insurance Commissioner Calls on Company to Show Him.

Jefferson City, Mo., Oct. 19.—State Superintendent of Insurance Vandiver announced yesterday that on Oct. 25 he will give a hearing here to attorneys for the New York Life Insurance company regarding his proposed ouster of the company from doing business in the state.

Bank Cashier a Suicide.

Pittsburg, Oct. 19.—S. Lee Clark, cashier of the Enterprise National bank, Allegheny, Pa., fatally shot himself yesterday while despondent, due, it is said, to illness. It is said that Mr. Clark's accounts are correct.

Twenty-Seven Buildings Burned.

Alturas, Cal., Oct. 19.—The entire business section of Alturas was destroyed by fire last night, twenty-seven business houses and two residences being consumed. Loss, $100,000; insurance light.

KING OSCAR IS MOVED TO TEARS.

Dismisses Parliament After a Tender Address.

Stockholm, Sweden, Oct. 19.—The extraordinary session of the Swedish parliament was closed yesterday, King Oscar in a short speech expressing regret at the separation of Norway and Sweden, and hoping for lasting peace and a good understanding between the two nations. During the delivery of his speech King Oscar's voice broke several times, tears filled his eyes and the audience was greatly moved at the old king's evident distress. The scene of the closing of this, the most important session of the riksdag in centuries, was very brilliant. The entire royal family, the duke and duchess of Connaught and Princess Patricia of Connaught, were present, as well as the American minister, Charles H. Graves, and all the other members of the diplomatic corps.

PLAGUE NOT STAMPED OUT.

Though There Is Steady Improvement in Situation at New Orleans.

New Orleans, Oct. 19.—The steady improvement in the fever situation was maintained yesterday with an exceedingly low record, the death column again indicating that very little actual yellow fever is prevailing in New Orleans and that of an extraordinary mild type. Dr. O. White, however, does not desire the impression to go abroad that any claim is yet made that the fever has been completely eradicated. While the marine hospital service has discontinued the general fumigation which was in effect for so many weeks, disinfection is being carried on by the forces employed wherever there are squares containing cases of fever.

FRANCIS IS FOUND GUILTY.

Was Member of Company Charged With Fraud in the Mails.

Philadelphia, Oct. 19.—Stanley Francis, who has been on trial in the United States district court since Oct. 9, charged with using the mails to defraud in connection with the defunct Story Cotton company, was yesterday found guilty on every count in the indictment. Francis, who was known under several aliases, was charged by the government with being a principal in the Story Cotton company, which, when closed by the postal authorities, owed $2,926,578 to "customers" throughout the country. Application was made for a new trial.

MAN AND WOMAN IN DUEL.

Both Killed in Revolver Fight In Woman's House.

Portland, Or., Oct. 19.—News has arrived here of the killing at Marshfield yesterday of Mrs. O. J. Stoops by J. A. Armitage. Both were married and had families. Armitage seems to have been infatuated with the woman and, when she repulsed him, went to her home and broke into the house. She shot him in the forehead as he was ascending the stairs, but he used his revolver with fatal effect and returned to his own home before he died. Mrs. Stoops' family, with the exception of her husband, witnessed the tragedy.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Oct. 19.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 83@83 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 79@81c; No. 3, 76@79c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 49@50c. Oats—No. 3 white, 26 1-2@27c.

Duluth, Oct. 19.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 83 1-4c; No. 2 Northern, 80c; flax, 98 1-4c; rye, 64c.

Minneapolis, Oct. 19.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 83 7-8c; No. 1 Northern, 83 3-8c; No. 2 Northern, 80 7-8c. Oats—No. 3 white, 26 1-2c.

Milwaukee, Oct. 19.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 86@88c; No. 2 Northern, 82 1-2@86c. Rye—No. 1, 69 @ 70c. Barley—No. 2, 54c. Oats—Standard, 29@30c.

Chicago, Oct. 19.—Wheat—No. 2 red, 87@88c; No. 2 hard, 85@87 1-2c; No. 3 hard, 83@86c; No. 1 Northern, 88@90c; No. 2 Northern, 85 @ 87c. Corn—No. 2, 53@53 1-2c. Oats—No. 2, 78@78 1-4c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Oct. 19.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.40 @ 5.75; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.25@3.70; stockers and feeders, $3@4; calves and yearlings, $2.50 @3.25. Hogs—Bulk, $5@5.05.

Chicago, Oct. 19.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $3.70 @ 6.30; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.45; cows, $2.50@4:50; heifers, $2.20@4.80; calves, $3@7. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.05@5.52 1-2; bulk, $5.10 @ 5.50. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $4.60@5; native lambs, $5.25 @ 7.35; Western lumbs, $5.75@7.

South St. Paul, Oct. 19.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50 @4; butcher bulls, $2.75@3.50; veals, $2@4.50; good to choice stock steers, $2.50@3.50; good to choice milch cows, $20@35. Hogs—Range price, $4.80 @5.25; bulk, $5@5.10. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $5@5.85; fair to good, $4@5; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice ewes, $3.75@4.40.

Verdict Against Leiter.

Chicago, Oct. 19.—Justice Greenbaum, of the supreme court, has directed a verdict for $69,767 against Joseph Leiter in favor of William E. Zeeler, on account of Leiter's attempts to corner wheat in 1898.

Forger Gets Five Years.

Shenandoah, Iowa, Oct. 19.—Last night Judge Wheeler, holding court at Clarinda, sentenced D. R. Wilson, indicted on eight counts for forgery, to five years in the penitentiary. Wilson pleaded guilty.

ROOSEVELT ON SOUTHERN TOUR

WILD DEMONSTRATION GREETS THE PRESIDENT AT RICHMOND, VA.

WELCOME IS MOST SINCERE

DURING SEVEN HOURS OF HIS STAY HE IS MADE TO FEEL AT HOME.

MAKES SEVERAL ADDRESSES

PAYS TRIBUTE TO CONFEDERATE VETERANS AND PRAISES THE SOUTH.

Richmond, Va., Oct. 19.—Richmond yesterday threw open her gates to President Roosevelt, and during the seven hours of his stay, state and city officials and citizens accorded him a welcome, hearty and sincere. The presidential train arrived a few minutes after noon, and from that moment until 7 o'clock last night when he departed, he was given a novation. His entry into the city was the signal for a wild demonstration from a multitude, and the welcoming enthusiasm only ceased when his train continued on its journey through the South. Mrs. Roosevelt shared in the honors and Mrs. Montague, the wife of the governor, gave a reception at the executive mansion in her honor.

Makes Several Speeches.

The president made several addresses, one at the capitol square before one of the largest crowds ever assembled in Virginia's capital; another at a banquet in Masonic temple, where 400 of the representative people of the Old Dominion were gathered about the board; again at the Lee monument, where he spoke to a large number of Confederate veterans, and once more at a gathering of negroes.

His speeches paid tribute to the Confederate veteran, voiced appreciation of the economic political progress of the South since the Civil war,

Pointed to His Ancestry

in which Southern and Northern blood are mingled, and to his birth in the East and his life in the West, declaring he believed himself a middling good American; spoke of the preponderance of Southern blood in his regiment in Cuba; referred to the aid, through advice, that this government can give the peoples in the coasts and islands of the Caribbean sea; reiterated the principle of equal justice to all, and his talk to the negroes congratulated them on their progress as a race.

The president will speak to-day at Raleigh, N. C.

Will Make Extended Trip.

Washington, Oct. 19.—In redemption of a promise given more than a year ago, President Roosevelt started yesterday on an extended trip through the states of the south. He will visit in the course of his tour all of the Atlantic coast states, Alabama, Arkansas and Louisiana. On the completion of his trip he will have visited, during his administration as president, every state in the Union.

STEVENS FITS JOB.

Shonts Praises Canal Engineer for His Methods and Personality.

Washington, Oct. 19.—Chairman Shonts of the isthmian canal commission made the following statement of his observations on the Isthmus of Panama during his recent visit:

"The most encouraging feature of affairs on the isthmus, observed by every person who has been there previously during the last six or eight months, was the improvement in the feeling among the men. Chief Engineer Stevens' methods and personality are making a strong impression and creating confidence in his measures. We heard nothing but good things from the men as to their present surroundings and future prospects. This esprit de corps, which seems to be taking possession of the men, is the result of the splendid co-operative efforts of Gov. Magoon and Mr. Stevens."

FALLING CHAMPION.

Painter Falls a Hundred Feet, but Is Uninjured.

Chicago, Oct. 19.—John Dorsey of South Chicago, fell from the top of the Irondale elevator, 105 feet, to the Calumet river. He suffered no ill effects from his fall. A few weeks ago, when Dorsey was painting a chimney, the platform on which he was standing broke and he fell fifty feet, but escaped uninjured.

BEEF TRUST DECISION.

Judge Humphrey Overrules Demurrers In Part, as Expected.

Chicago, Oct. 19.—Federal Judge J. Otis Humphrey yesterday gave a divided decision on the demurrer of the meat packers charged with illgal conspiracy. He overruled the portion of the demurrer in which the packers attacked the odd-numbered counts, charging conspiracy in restraint of trade. The demurrer to the even numbered counts, charging monopoly, was sustained.

The Spectator.

ST. HILAIRE, . . . MINNESOTA.

President Castro's motto seems to be: "Lot your debts go and buy guns."

Many a homeless wanderer would like to change places with a scented society dog.

Holland is in financial difficulties. Evidently Queen Wilhelmina hasn't the softest of schnapps.

If this hoopskirt foolishness goes much further, every woman will be her own airship next winter.

When people are fond of airing other people's faults it generally means that their own need deodorizing.

A Virginian who is 99 years old and has forty-four children is going to marry again. He has already done his part.

O. C. Barber, the match magnate, is to build a $500,000 church. Sulphur may be well enough in this world, but——

Partially to offset the loss occasioned by the removal of young Mr. Hyde, New York City has imported a live gorilla.

A Chicago tailor says that there are nearly 200 men in that city who wear corsets. There are some who ought to wear strait jackets.

Sim Dipp is again in our midst. Sim would cut more ice among the ladies if he would disguise himself in a clean shirt.—Enid (Ore.) Echo.

A New Jersey man of 70 has been sued for alienating the affections of another man's wife. The love of money is the root of all evil.

A California paper says bad water kills as many people as bad whisky does. Well, we don't have to buy the water by the glassful, anyway.

A plot to assassinate King Peter of Servia was recently discovered. But why should Peter permit himself to be worried over one plot more or less?

A Connecticut poker player drew four aces and dropped dead. Five aces have had the same effect, only the death was not due to heart failure.

London theaters are accused of cruelty to lower animals. What about the cruelty to their patrons involved in the production of so many modern plays?

Cincinnati women now go shopping without wearing their hats. This will make it easier for the ones who get in late to see what is on the bargain counters.

When the new rule for slim waists and long skirts goes into effect the physical culture movement will learn just how much of a pull it really has with the sex.

Ex-Senator Stewart, who has lost his fortune, is a man of nerve. He is going to try to jerk another fortune out of the rugged and inhospitable rocks of Nevada.

That Jersey City pastor who protests that hatless women distract the men's attention may not have noticed what effect hats have on the women members of his flock.

Senator Martin of Virginia reports that it cost him $11,542.02 to be reelected. The 2 cents probably went for a postage stamp and the rest for drinks, cigars and cabs.

Hall Caine says that he would rather be the author of a great book than President of the United States. The Constitution alone would keep him from ever being President.

If the ordinary man, as Marshall Field did, gave $25,000 wedding fees, he would think twice before beginning divorce proceedings and losing the results of such an investment.

If for no other reason, we should like to live about fifty years longer so as to be able to remind some mild mannered, gray headed grandmother that we remember when she used slang.

One of the college professors declares that the self-made man clogs progress. It might be added that the self-made man doesn't stand very high in the estimation of his sophomore son, either.

T. F. Hogan of North Tarrytown, N. Y., who weighs nearly 500 pounds, has married 100-pound Helen E. Fitzgerald of Jersey City. He must be prepared for more or less levity when he refers to her as his better half.

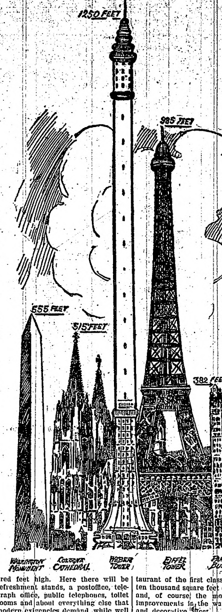
"Nothing but bombs," said a professor of the University of Finland, "makes an impression on the Russian bureaucrats." "Impression" certainly is a mild word to use, particularly if the bomb explodes under the carriage of the victim.

A man of the name of Hans Mo has resigned from the board of equalization at Sleepy Eye, Minn., just as James J. Pappatheodorkoumountourgeotoupoulos rises to prominence in Chicago. Thus do the fates manage to keep things happily balanced.

It is said that the men of New York no longer dance. The younger ones have not learned how and the older ones do not care for either the waltz or the two-step. This fact should go a long way toward upsetting the theory which some ministers have held concerning the demoralizing tendencies of dancing.

One effective way to get the office boy to sweep out the corners is to tell him that you have put a 10-cent piece away back out of sight in one of them and that he can have it if he finds it.

Highest Tower in the World Soon to Be Built for Amusement of New Yorkers



Original always and in all things, New York is soon to have the oddest amusement enterprise on the face of the earth, in the shape of a tower taller than any structure in the world and equipped with a larger variety of combined entertainments and utilities than anything that has ever existed for the edification of the millions who are constantly and hungrily seeking new pleasures, says the Montreal Herald.

Called "The Weber Tower," after its designer, Carl Weber, one of the best known experts in the matter of tall steel concrete constructions, the building will be unique in many ways, and when it has been erected, either in one of the parks of Manhattan, or in some equally prominent spot, it will unquestionably be one of the foremost attractions of the metropolis.

In the first place, it will reach the enormous height of 1,250 feet, just 258 feet taller than the Eiffel tower in Paris, and more than twice as tall as the Washington monument, which, with 555 feet, is at present the highest permanent structure in the world. It will so far overtop everything in New York that comparison is idle, the Park Row building, which now holds pre-eminence being only 382 feet high, and the St. Paul building ranking second, having but 308 feet. In Europe, after the Eiffel tower, there is only the Ulm cathedral, with 528 feet, but this is excelled by the city hall in Philadelphia with 548 feet.

Height alone, however, will not be the chief recommendation of the Weber tower. It will be a skyscraper of universal invitation. If you are a business man you will be able to rent offices inside its lean but lofty stretches. If you want an evening's frolic you will be escorted to the highest roof garden in the world, eleven hundred feet above the sidewalk, which is so high that every other roof garden will look like a pigmy patch of light without form or substance. If you are an astronomer you will find all the paraphernalia for the study of the heavens at such close range that you will hardly need a telescope. And above all, there will be the necessary precautions to prevent you jumping off if you are one of those persons who get that impulse whenever they reach the top of a high place.

Although virtually nothing has been known of this remarkable project except by those most intimately associated with it, the plans have so far progressed that in all likelihood it will be an accomplished fact in a reasonably short time. Several of the most influential capitalists in New York have taken it up and have been so much impressed with it that the vast sum required for it is practically ready and actual work will probably begin before the winter sets in. So thoroughly has the scheme been worked out that the whole structure can be completed and ready for use within a year after the beginning of the operation.

In design the tower will be entirely novel. Its main part is to be cylindrical in the form of a shaft of thirty-five feet inside diameter, the lower 300 feet reinforced by a system of ribs, while the largest outside diameter will be 140 feet. Balconies for the accommodation of visitors will be provided at various heights, and the highest platform accessible to the public will be twelve hundred feet above the street level, where there will be space for as many as sixteen hundred persons at one time.

According to present plans, eight elevators will run in the main shaft, with a capacity of about 1,250 persons every hour. The main platform, however, where there will be a roof garden that can be inclosed when the necessity arises, will be eleven hundred feet high. Here there will be refreshment stands, a postoffice, telegraph office, public telephones, toilet rooms and about everything else that modern exigencies demand, while well informed guides will be in attendance to point out and explain the wonderful views from every side and to furnish field glasses when required. Another novel feature will be provision for a United States weather observatory, which will be higher than any now in use, as well as several rooms applicable to private scientific research.

From the base of the tower up to the 300 foot balcony there will be eighteen stories, some of which will be utilized for office purposes and some for entertainment. There will be ample room for a theater, as well as for a museum and other exhibitions. As a matter of fact, half a dozen distinct entertainment enterprinses may be included in this great space without conflict. The second floor, however, will be reserved for a restaurant of the first class, with about ten thousand square feet of floor space and, of course, the most up-to-date improvements in the way of comfort and decorative effect.

On the lower floor there will be stores, but only such as will be in harmony with the purposes of the entire edifice, and here also will be located the electric machinery for the operation of the elevators and the power for the light, heat, ventilation, apparatus and so on, although this will be of such a magnitude that a part of it will go below the main stairway.

Although details of the architectural ornamentation have not yet been perfected, it is promised that the entrances especially will be extraordinarily elaborate, with marble columns, spacious stairways, promenades, reception rooms and other features of luxury and splendor. So far as may be possible this effect of richness will be striven for from the base of the building to the top of the tower.

Whatever other attractions the building may contain, the top of it will be the greatest, by reason of the immense height and the magnificent view to be had there, to say nothing of the quality of the air in any kind of weather. Before the eyes of the spectator there will lie the whole city of New York, the Atlantic ocean as far as the sight can reach, the Hudson river and the surrounding country to a distance of 250 miles. It has been estimated that the view will take in a territory of 20,000 square miles.

All the year around the tower will be open and the elevators will begin to run one hour before sunrise and continue until midnight. The upper floors, however, probably will be utilized as club rooms, in which case, of course, members will have access at all times.

It is estimated that the cost of the new tower will be about two million dollars, including electric equipment, interior decoration and fixtures, and a reserve fund for emergencies. It is believed that the tower, when finally in operation, will be capable of accommodating easily 15,000 persons a day.

Mont Pelee Tower a Natural Wonder

Result of the Memorable Eruption of May, 1902—Prof. Heilprin Deeply Impressed by Its Appearance.

Prof. Angelo Heilprin has written a monograph on that remarkable freak of nature, the "tower" which appeared on Mont Pelee after the famous eruption of that volcano. The outbreak of Mont Pelee and the obliteration of St. Pierre, Martinique, occurred in May 1902. In a little more than a year thereafter the volcano had formed a new cone, through the apex of which it had pushed what Mr. Heilprin calls a tower. This was "a gigantic core of rock, nearly 1,000 feet in height at the time of its greatest development and 350 to 500 feet thick at its base." The cone and the tower were about 2,350 feet high and the apex of the latter was 5,020 feet above the sea. Of its appearance Mr. Heilprin writes:

"None of the grand scenes of nature which I had seen before—the Matterhorn, the domes of the Yosemite, the colossus of Popocatepetl soaring above the shoulder of Ixtaccihuatl, or the Grand canyon of the Colorado—impressed me to the extent that did the view of Pelee's tower from the crater rim."

The tower was first seen by Mr. Heilprin as simply a "needle" about Aug. 24, 1902; in May, 1903, it had grown until it reached 5,200 feet above the sea; but on May 31 it lost 180 feet of its summit. It grew up again at a rate of from twenty to thirty feet a day, but from time to time lost further portions of its apex. Mr. Heilprin believes that the tower was "merely the ancient core of the volcano that had been forced from the position of rest in which solidification had left it."

Its "burnt-out," "scraggy" and "slaggy" appearance makes the scientist doubt that it was a recent growth. After reaching its minimum recorded height in May, 1903, the tower, despite frequent regrowths, began to disappear in July, 1903; by the middle of that month it had lost permanently 400 feet and in August another 100 feet.

"Gods" Were With Her.

Miss Mary Anderson (Mme. Navarro), from her very first appearance, as a girl of 16, found that her beauty lifted her above the ordinary crowd of strivers for success on the stage. As experience came she added talent to beauty—a gift of pathos, an appealing voice, and graceful movements. That the combination was irresistible will be evident if we recall the story of that appearance of hers in Mr. Gilbert's play, "Pygmalion and Galatea." As Galatea, in her Grecian robes, Miss Anderson turned with outstretched arms toward the audience. She was supposed to be appealing to heaven. "The gods will help me!" she cried. At once, with one accord, the "gods" of the gallery roared response, "We will."

Stories of the Great Tamagno.

The death of Signor Tamagno has brought forth some curious stories of the great tenor, vouched for by his impresario. It would appear that, despite the enormous sums he earned by his voice, the singer was particularly miserly. On one occasion, while living in a hotel in Moscow, he noticed that fresh candles were supplied to him daily, whether the old ones were burned down or not. Inquiring the reason for this, he learnt that the candle ends were the perquisites of the waiters. Thereupon he himself began to collect the candles, and on leaving the hotel he distributed the ends in lieu of tips. An another occasion, this time in Berlin, he had two poached eggs and a bottle of mineral water for supper, and added to the latter a bottle of wine, produced from his pocket, which he had contrived to annex at a banquet given in his honor in Prague two days before.

Dams Soften Water.

J. H. Richardson of Anthony, Kas., has discovered that the water below a dam is much softer than that above it. He claims that falling over the dam breaks the water.

Stoutest Monarch.

King Charles of Portugal has the reputation of being the stoutest monarch alive. He weighs 300 pounds, yet is wonderfully active.

Signs of Unknown Import.

"Two strange signs have always puzzled me," said a globe trotter, "in France and Italy.

"One is the sign to be seen in front of every barber's. This is a brass saucer with a semi-circular nick in one side. Why should a nicked saucer signify a barber pole? I have asked many people, but none could answer me."

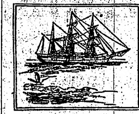
"The other sign waves before the shops of dyers and scourers. It is two long, slim curtains of cloth, one on each side of the door. The curtains may be of any color—red or blue or yellow—and they are eight or nine feet long and about four feet wide. What do they mean, I wonder? Does anybody know?"

The globe trotter had a large and intelligent audience, but no one could tell him the significance of the European barbers' and dyers' signs.

Gen. Booth's Long Trip.

Gen. Booth, head of the Salvation Army, is back in London, none the worse for his recent trip of 30,000 miles.

Duke of Orleans Adds 100 Miles to the Known Shore Line of Greenland



The Belgica.

Capt. Koldewey, the famous leader of the German arctic expedition of 1869-70, wrote nearly thirty-five years ago, after he had planted his flag on the east coast of Greenland, at Cape Bismarck:

"I am fully convinced that perhaps never, or at least only in very particularly favorable years, can any ship advance along this coast. The heavy sea ice, closely joined to the land ice, gives one the impression of a rampart built for eternity."

The present year has been one of those "very particularly favorable years." If early in July we had been on the deck of the exploring ship Belgica, we should have witnessed the unusual spectacle of open water stretching far to the north along the eastern shores of Greenland. The Duke of Orleans had chartered the Belgica for a cruise in the arctic between Spitzbergen and Greenland. He did not expect to go very far north or to make great discoveries, though he hoped that his soundings and other oceanographic work might add interesting facts to our knowledge of the Arctic ocean; but the greatest chance an explorer has had for a decade came to him, and he improved it.

It was the splendid luck of this princely traveler that he happened to be in the right place with a good ship when the time came to make a dash for the north. The management of the Ziegler arctic enterprise heard that the duke was going to cruise in the Greenland sea and asked him if he would be kind enough to call at Shannon island and see if Fiala and his party might have reached that spot, where supplies had been sent by Mr. Baldwin, the leader of the first Ziegler expedition.

The duke said he would call at Shannon island. We know now that he found the Baldwin caches undisturbed, for no explorer had been near them. But there was open water to the north! The Duke of Orleans did what any man of sense would do with such an opportunity in his grasp. He got up steam without an hour's delay and set out for the unknown.

He crossed its threshold and sailed in waters where no ship has ever been before. We have, as yet, only a few details of his remarkable journey, but we may rely upon their accuracy. They were written by Lieut. Bergendahl, a Swedish officer and a member of the Duke's expedition. Returning from the north he had an opportunity to mail a letter in Iceland, and it was received by Prof. Nathorst of Sweden, a geographer of the first rank and brilliant explorer who gave us our present exact knowledge of the remarkable Franz Jozef Fiord in East Greenland.

Prof. Nathorst made the letter public, and it is easy, by referring to the accompanying map, to see just what the duke has accomplished.

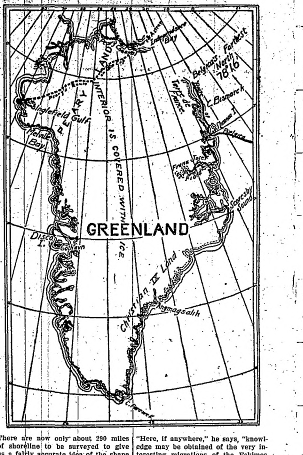
The map shows Cape Bismarck in about 76 degrees 40 minutes north latitude. Up to this summer it was the highest point that had been attained by ship in Greenland waters and also the northern limit of sledge journeys along that coast.

Thirty-five years ago Capt. Koldewey, with eight men and a heavily laden sledge, left his winter quarters on the ship Germania at Sabine island. Amid baffling winds and deep snows the party plowed their way northward, suffering bitterly from the cold, though they tugged very hard at the sledge ropes. When they discovered and named Cape Bismarck their supplies were so reduced that they were forced to retrace their steps to the ship.

This same point is said to have been reached two years ago by Capt. Ole Brandal and his steam sealer from Norway. The ice conditions were not unfavorable there that year, and it is believed that he reached the neighborhood of Cape Bismarck.

Between Cape Bismack and Independence bay, discovered by Peary on his journey across the inland ice, still stretched an unknown coast about 400 miles in length. It was the only part of Greenland's periphery that was entirely unknown. It will be necessary to determine the trend of all this coast before we can accurately outline on our maps the greatest islands of the world.

The Duke of Orleans has reduced the length of the unknown coast line by 110 miles by steaming that distance to the north of Cape Bismarck.



There are now only about 290 miles of shoreline to be surveyed to give us a fairly accurate idea of the shape of the island.

The Belgica party made a rough survey of the unknown coast from Cape Bismarck to the parallel of 78 degrees 16 minutes north latitude and gave the name of Terre de France to the new shores of Greenland they had discovered. They report that Cape Bismarck is not a cape, as Koldewey believed it to be, but is an island. It is not strange that the German sailor should have made this mistake, for he wrote that his party climbed to the top of this landmark during a violent snowstorm, "which effectually prevented any great geographical acquisition."

The Belgica then turned back to more southerly waters. To reveal 110 miles of unknown shore line is given to very few explorers nowadays, and the fact that the work was done in a few weeks shows that luck is a very important element in polar exploration.

The east coast of Greenland has now been explored from Cape Farewell at the southern end of the island to the Belgica's farthest, a distance of over 1,400 miles in a straight line and far greater following the shoreline.

What is needed now is a careful exploration of the shore itself between Shannon island and Independence bay, with a special view to the discovery of Eskimo relics, if there are any on the northeast coast of Greenland. It was not known that Eskimos ever lived on the east coast until about eighty years ago, when Scoresby found numerous huts and fireplaces near Scoresby sound. Other relics have since been found along the coast, but the east Greenland natives were never seen by explorers till Holm discovered them in the fall of 1884 and lived with them for about a year.

He found them in little settlements at Angmagsalik and near it, and they numbered about 500 souls. They had never heard of their relatives on the west coast or of the great world beyond. How did they reach the east coast? It must have been ages ago, for they have no tradition of their migration or of natives of their own blood whom they left behind.

The prevailing opinion is that they reached their present habitat by traveling around the north end of Greenland. If this is true the ruins of their houses and other evidences of their travels will doubtless be revealed when the northeast coast is carefully explored.

A well known Danish explorer named Erichsen, who lived among the Smith sound natives of the west coast for ten months, is now trying to organize an expedition to explore this east coast. His plan is to cross the inland ice cap with a party of Smith sound natives and thoroughly study the northeast coast from the land side. "Here, if anywhere," he says, "knowledge may be obtained of the very interesting migrations of the Eskimos and large mammals from west to east."

The only Danish station on the east coast is at Angmagsalik, where a trading post was opened in 1894. The material condition of the isolated natives has been much improved, and they have also been beneficially influenced by the Danish mission established among them several years ago. In 1899 seven persons were baptized, the first converts to the Christian religion on the east coast of Greenland.

In later years the ice conditions along the east coast have been more favorable for navigation than they were known to be before. The Danish vessel that leaves Copenhagen once a year for the new colony has never failed to reach her destination. The success of the Duke of Orleans this year cannot fail to stimulate exploration on this side of Greenland, and it will not be surprising if the east coast is thoroughly well mapped within the next few years.—Cyrus C. Adams in New York Times.

ELABORATE MENUS IN RUSSIA.

Succession of Solid Courses Make Up Formal Dinner.

With the Russians of the higher class living is an elaborate function.

When you are invited to dine with a nobleman you first stroll to a sideboard whereon are anchovies, smoked salmon, pickles, sardines, radishes, cold sausage, caviar and olives.

The guests eat freely of these and wash them down with fiery vodka, taking about an hour to do it amid animated conversation.

Some of the appetizers you would like. Salmon in jelly, for instance, is not bad. But salmon in custard is a little too much for the average Yankee stomach.

The company takes seats at the table and the real business of the dinner begins. First, there is a great thick soup. Next comes a huge pike or a salmon, cooked to perfection and stuffed with cracked wheat.

After fish comes on a huge loin of roast pork, or maybe veal; sometimes beef, but not often—generally it is pork cooked in a mysterious way which has added all sorts of strange and pronounced flavors to it.

Roast or boiled fowl is the next course, and with it come pickled cauliflower, gherkins and vegetables.

Then comes a cold pie of meat, fish and vegetables. This is cut into slices and served with mustard dressing. After this you will, if you have survived so far, be expected to toy with a peculiar Russian salad, and to end up with a rich desert and black coffee.

After a Russian dinner one can say with particular fervor, "Fate cannot harm me; I have dined."—What to Eat.

Calculating.

A west Philadelphia grocer relates that some few days ago a little girl entered his store, and, laying down a dime, asked for ten cents' worth of candy.

"It's for papa," she explained. "I want to 'spise him when he comes home."

The grocer displayed several kinds, but none seemed to strike the fancy of his young customer, who finally said:

"Give me caramels; I just love caramels.'

"But I thought you wanted them for papa," said the grocer.

"I know," assented the little girl, "but when I give them to papa he'll just kiss me and say 'cause I'm such a generous little girl he'll give them all back to me,' so you'd better give me caramels."

More Than a Hint.

Judge McConnell, chairman of sessions, tells an amusing story against himself of a rebuke that was administered to him by a famous judge in the early days of his practice at the bar. In the course of a speech he was continually interrupted by the occupant of the bench, and at last he ventured to remark, in reply to an observation from the judge: "If that is your lordship's opinion, I have nothing more to say."

"Then, if you have nothing more to say," responded the judge, "why don't you sit down?"

In conclusion, Mr. McConnell says that he took the hint and promptly sat down.—London Tit-Bits.

Who Could Ask More?

In a certain saloon in the center of the city there is a bartender whose knowledge of things not strictly in the line of his profession is just a trifle limited. One day the proprietor of the saloon said, noticing his poor methods:

"Joe, you have no system."

The bartender slipped around to one of his colleagues and whispered:

"Pat, loan me your system—the old man wants one."—Philadelphia Ledger

Properties of Tantalum.

The success of tantalum as a material for electric lamp filaments has drawn attention to the remarkable properties of the metal, and may lead to many demands if the supply can be sufficiently increased. Chief of these properties, as Dr. Mollwo Perkin points out, is extreme ductility, combined with extraordinary hardness. A diamond drill, rotating 5,000 times a minute for three days and three nights penetrated only a quarter through a sheet of tantalum one-twenty-fifth of an inch thick, and the diamond was much worn. This hardness suggests the use of the metal for drills in place of the diamond.

Experienced Traveler.

"Look here," demanded the irate hotel proprietor, "what did you say to that last guest?"

"Why," replied the waiter, "he didn't pass over a tip, so I said, 'I think you have forgotten something, sir.'"

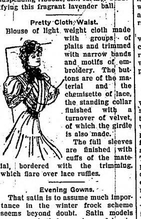
"That's just it. After you said that he returned to the table and took three oranges and six pears."

FOIBLES OF FASHION

Lavender Ball.

Stalks and flowers of the old-time sweet herb, lavender, have been made into something very charming, by the artistic woman of to-day. To do it, she gathers the flowers on stalks about ten inches long, drying them carefully. Then, taking a bunch of stalks an inch in diameter and pressing them closely together, she turns the flowers inward at the top, forming a ball and weaving narrow green satin ribbon in and out between the stemlets, a dainty basketlike top is formed. The ends of ribbon are then wound closely at intervals around the stems until their ends are reached. A length of ribbon at this point and one at the flower end is used to suspend the "stick," and long loops of ribbon, forming two tassels, are hung on these suspending ribbons, still further beautifying this fragrant lavender ball.

Pretty Cloth Waist.



Blouse of light weight cloth made with groups of plaits and trimmed with narrow bands and motifs of embroidery. The buttons are of the material and the chemisette of lace, the standing collar finished with a turnover of velvet, of which the girdle is also made.

The full sleeves are finished with cuffs of the matelal, bordered with the trimming, which flare over lace ruffles.

Evening Gowns.

That satin is to assume much importance in the winter frock scheme seems beyond doubt. Satin models are many, both in evening and in visiting gowns, and nothing lovelier is shown than some of the satin evening gowns in princesse or in Empire form.

The Empire lines are being accepted enthusiastically in coats and in street or visiting costumes made with coats, but whether the Empire gowns for house and evening wear will find cordial acceptance remains to be seen. Some beautiful gowns of the kind have been worn in Paris during the past year, and it is said that several of the great dressmakers intend to push the Empire evening gown this winter, but we shall see what we shall see. The lines need very skilful making and graceful wearing.

Meanwhile the princesse evening gown is a thing established. It, too, is successful only in skilful hands and on a good figure, but, given this combination, the result is altogether charming.—New York Sun.

Color Schemes for Little Ones.

Judging from late Parisian confections for youngsters, the popular color schemes this fall show that youthful mixtures of black and white set off by velvet collar and cuffs in bright colors, and a peculiar shade of bluish gray have taken precedence over the many shades of brown worn last year. Dark blue, always such a satisfactory color, has a brilliant rather than a dead hue in this season's model coats. Bright olive green is also a favorite, particularly with collar and cuffs of fur, and for the child who takes care of her clothes, there is no color better suited to youth and beauty than a light shade of tan.

No Season at All.

This is the time of year above all others for weird clothes combinations. The woman who owns a new fall suit insists on wearing it even if the sun is hotter than midsummer, while she who has not yet arranged her fall outfit clings to her white linen in spite of the cool breezes that sweep the town in the late afternoon. New fall hats in the riotous wine reds, purples and mulberry shades are worn with lawn frocks of last July, and white canvas shoes peep out from a new plaid wool skirt in a shamefaced manner. Some women wear white linen frocks under long ulsters of fall weight and others sport their summer coats of white duck or linen over dark cloth skirts. Sartorially the season is betwixt hay and grass, and the American woman's reputation as the best dressed in the world is having a pretty close shave.

Hats to Be Smaller.

The coming hats are gradually growing more and more elaborate, and the quality of the material, whatever it may be, whether velvet or lace, is becoming more and more important. This year the hats are unusually handsome, though they are not so extreme as they were last year in some particulars. The big hats are not so big, at all events they are not so exaggerated as they were. In fact, the small hats are still popular, although milliners are rebelling against them and loading them down with plumes and trimming to give the effect of large hats.

Picture hats will no doubt continue to be worn this year, though they are certainly smaller than they have been.

Boudoir Confidences

Fashion declares we must array ourselves in stripes.

Satin seems to be especially dear to the dressmaker's heart.

White shoes will not be called in until the first frost comes.

Observe the preponderance of the chenille hat in the milliner's window?

Black broadcloth is the dressiest choice possible for the autumn tailor-made.

The blouse coat is out of it. Not one specimen appears among the first fall suits.

Waistcoats of plain pique will be worn with short coats until cold weather makes them incongruous.

A couple of lace blouses in your wardrobe will be certain to carry you through no end of difficulties.

HINTS TO HOUSEWIVES

Cooked meat simmered gently in a good curry sauce is quite digestible, and much more tasty than cold meat.

To make boiled potatoes white let them lie (pared) in cold water for two or three house previous to cooking.

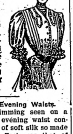
It is wise to purchase towels rather large. Laundries charge no more for washing large articles than small ones and large towels do not wear out so rapidly.

A strong solution of vinegar and water is efficacious in restoring the color of black lace that has grown rusty. Rinse in coffee, then iron while damp with a piece of flannel placed over it.

When Deciding on a Costume.

Among the new skirt models is one which is on lines similar to the old skirt of kilted sides and back joined to an emplecement which was in one with the front width. The new model practically is the same skirt with a front width modified by introducing an inverted plait in the center of it. To revert to a choice of models the plan in view for procuring the fall outfit should influence the style chosen. She who is going to pick up a ready made one of the shop costumes, wanting it for long service and conventional wear, cannot do better than to choose a circular skirt and bolero, and if the price does not admit of trimmings which get away from the cheap and shoppy look, to replace them with braids and gulmps which are a little better, and which are carefully selected. The home costume is also most likely to be successful when made along these lines, while the women who can afford a really good tailor can give him full scope in one of the long redingotes, which have plain strappings as their sole trimmings, or in the newer little, basque-like coat, which is shorter and which is often decidely upon the cutaway order.

Outing Waist.



Blouse of heavy linen or flannel with fronts draped and crossed, and ornamented with straps of the material, fastened with buttons.

The sleeves are full at the top, plaited at the bottom and trimmed with straps of the material. The large cravat and the girdle are of foulard.

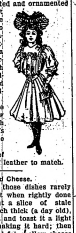
Trimming for Evening Waists.

An excellent trimming seen on a recently imported evening waist consisted of wee bows of soft silk so made that the general effect was that of fluffy butterflies. The bows are made with the double loops and long ends which suggest the moth and both loops and ends were edged with the narrowest of Valenciennes—not, of course, the insertion. One of the bows was poised at the collar of the blouse, another at the line of the corsage and another came just above the high girdle where it held in place a barbe of exquisite lace. The butterflies were not tightly sewed, but stitched airily onto the goods so as to convey an idea of potential flight.

Princesse Wedding Gowns.

The princesse gown is always new and always a favorite model for a wedding gown, and this season in particular, when it is modish to have the front of the bodice draped, it is far more becoming than heretofore. No trimming is necessary on either silk or satin—that is, on the skirt, while a lace yoke and dainty, cobwebby lace ruffles on the sleeves are all-sufficient. If a more elaborate effect is desired, then an embroidered design is worked out in silk and seed pearls; but somehow the plain, rather severe style, that relies only upon the beauty of the material and the graceful draping, seems smarter and more effective.

Frock of Green Linen.



The skirt is plaited and ornamented at the top in front with buttons. The blouse is also plaited and ornamented with buttons, and has a scalloped yoke ornamented with motifs of embroidery and bordered with a ruffle of valenciennes lace.

The sleeves are finished just below the elbows with turn-over cuffs edged with the lace.

The girdle is of the material or of leather to match.

Toasted Cheese.

This is one of those dishes rarely well prepared, but when rightly done is very nice. Cut a slice of stale bread about an inch thick (a day old), pare off the crust and toast it a light brown, without making it hard; then cut a slice of good fat, mellow cheese (English, Glosier or Cheshire is the best), a quarter of an inch in thickness, but not as large as the bread by half an inch on each side, cut off the rind and lay it on the toast in a cheese toaster; carefully watch it that it does not burn and stir with a spoon to prevent a pellicle or thin skin forming. Have ready some good mustard, cayenne and salt. This is a "rare-bit." It must be eaten as it is prepared.

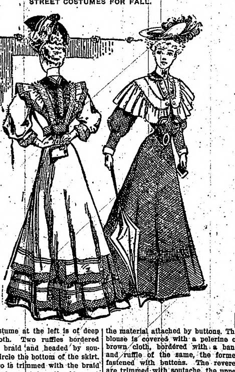
Velvet Suit Still a Favorite.

The velvet suit promises to be as much a favorite this year as last and its new suppleness renders it extremely desirable for autumn wear. A model which is suited to stout and thin alike has a coat of slightly blousing bolero effect, entering a deep pointed girdle of satin. At the center of the back the seam of the bolero lengthens over the girdle into a plaited postilion tha reaches nearly halfway down the skirt. Light-colored broadcloth embroidered in French knots and soutache braid forms the vest and also the wristband for a turnback cuff. Cordings of satin encircle the neck and make a heading for the hem of the skirt.

Pretty Hats For Children.

No matter what its fate in the fashions of grown-ups, the large hat will always remain the most artistic for the child's face. There is no lovelier simple hat than a large white felt with huge Alsatian bow of wide ribbon directly across the front. One model trimmed in this manner has the bow held at the center by large braid rings, and the hat is shaded to the face by a narrow facing of velvet underneath the brim. Ribbon streamers both in velvet and silk are also seen on these large hats at the back.

STREET COSTUMES FOR FALL.



The costume at the left is of deep velvet cloth. Two ruffles bordered with silk braid and headed by soutache encircle the bottom of the skirt. The bolero is trimmed with the braid and soutache, and has shoulder ruffles, also bordered with the braid. The collar and wide girdle are of velvet. The full sleeves are finished with flare cuffs, bordered with the braid. The other costume is of biege and white checked wool. The bell skirt is trimmed at the bottom with straps of the material attached by buttons. The blouse is covered with a pelerine of brown cloth, bordered with a band and ruffle of the same, the former fastened with buttons. The reveres are trimmed with soutache, the upper ones also ornamented with buttons. The turn-over collar is of brown velvet, bordered with a lace ruffle; the girdle is also of brown velvet fastened in front with a gold buckle. The sleeves are full at the top, then finished with deep tight cuffs, ornamented with buttons.

LITTLE EXPLOSIONS

Carried Out.

Police Magistrate—With what instrument or article did your wife inflict these wounds on your face and head?

Michael—Wid a motty, Yer Anner."

"A-what?"

"A motty—wan o' these frames wid 'Happy Be Our Home' in it."—Cassell's.

How the Trouble Arose

"I suppose he clasped you in his arms when the canoe upset?"

"No; quite the opposite."

"Quite the opposite?"

"Yes; the canoe upset when he clasped me in his arms."—Houston, Tex., Post.

Painful Reminder.

Miss Scraper (amateur violinst)—Did you notice that old man crying while I was playing my sonata?

Friend—Yes, and I spoke to him. He said your playing reminded him of the old days when he was happy.

"Was he a violinist?"

"No; he was a piano tuner."

Busy.

Hyker—I hear you have left the bank in which you were formerly employed.

Pyker—Yes; three weeks ago. I'm in business for myself now.

Hyker—So? What are you doing?

Pyker—Looking for another job.

She Was Gloomy, Too.

Cecil (sentimentally)—Don't you feel gloomy when the sky is overcast with gray, when the rhythmic rain sounds a dirge upon the roof, and the landscape's beauties are hid by the weeping mist?

Hazel (sweetly)—Yes; it's dreadfully annoying. It does make one's hair come out of curl so."

The Poetry of Motion.

"This is the poetry of motion," said the sentimental young woman in the rapidly moving automobile.

"Th-the meter seems a little irregular," remarked her companion, who was not entirely familiar with the controlling levers.

And just then the car skipped several feet and seemed averse to go any farther.

Impossible.

"People do not take the interest in science that they ought to," said the professor regretfully.

"No," said the man who always seems apprehensive. "It is impossible to make the average person take as much interest in a solar eclipse as he does in the threat to turn off the gas if the bill isn't paid."

A Bid for Favor.

"Well," said the office seeker, "if you can see your way to give me the place I assure you I'll administer the office with temperate honesty."

"What do you mean by 'temperate honesty?'" asked the political boss.

"I mean," said the other, with a wink, "I wouldn't carry honesty to excess."

To Break It Gently.

Mike had been appointed a committee of one to break the sad news to the widow.

"Here," said Pat, "where are you goin'?"

"To the tilegrapht office. I'll sind her a dispatch, and whin she gets it she'll faint and the terrible shock'll be painless."

Quite Essential.

Towne—"I believe Subbubs has bought a houseboat."

Browne—"The idea! I didn't think he could afford such a luxury."

Towne—"Oh, it isn't a luxury, but a necessity. I believe he has to have it to get from his house to the Swamphurst station."

No Match This Time.

"No," she declared, "I will never marry any man who hasn't grit enough to go and ask papa for me."

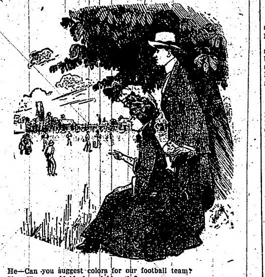
"That's all right, but you must remember that your father has a weak heart, and sudden joy has often been known to prove fatal in such cases."—Stray Stories.

Coast Ready-Made.

Prospective tenant—But this floor slopes fearfully toward that side. A person could fairly slide from one wall to the other.

Agent—Yes, sir: think what an amusement it will furnish to the children. You could make this the nursery, you know.

VERY APPROPRIATE.



He—Can you suggest colors for our football team?
She—How would black and blue do?

Don't Believe It.

"It's strange how the mere intonation of the voice can change the entire meaning of a sentence."

"Yes, but no matter what tone of voice you use there's one sentence that can never express anything but doubt."

"What's that?"

"When one man says to another: 'Of course you know your business better than I do.'"

Saintly Economy.

"Dar's great economy in religion," says Brother Dickey, "ef you only know how to practice it."

"How come?"

"Well, in de winter time, ef dey ain't enough coal ter keep de meetin' house stove hot, a good, warm sermon on hell will keep de congregation perspirin' lak' July, 'twel you gits ter de benediction."—Atlanta Constitution.

Clever With His Pen.

"He's very clever with his pen."

"Is he a poet?"

"No."

"He writes prose, eh?"

"No."

"Well, what in blazes does he write, then?"

"He can't write. He's a juggler and he tosses a pen up in the air and catches it behind his ear nine times out of ten."

What's the Use?

"Do you ever get discouraged?" asked the intimate friend.

"No," answered Mr. Comstock, "I don't. I know that if it comes to the worst I can let my hair grow long, show a band of religious enthusiasts the only true path to Heaven and live without work in the finest house in the colony."—Detroit News.

What He Was Painting.

"Yes," said D'Auber, with an important air, "I've just got home. I've been painting up in the backwoods of Maine for the past month."

"Well, well," remarked Crittick, "what's the sense of putting up advertising signs there where there are so few people to see them?"

The Practice of Medicine.

Friend—I suppose you're always glad to get a patient who's never had any bad habits?

Doctor—Indeed I'm not.

Friend—How's that?

Doctor—Why, man, I can't order him to stop anything.

Why Automobile Goggles Are Worn.

Rodney—Why do you automobile men wear goggles?

Sidney—If I tell you you'll tell.

Rodney—Never, honor bright!

Sidney—Well it's to hide that scared look in our eyes.—Harper's Bazar.

An Indication of It.

"Bliggans must have money. He bought an automobile two month ago."

"That," answered the man who exhales sadness and gasoline, "merely means that he used to have money."

Wanted a "Smart" Lawyer.

"I can recommend you to a good lawyer."

"All right; but don't let him be too good. I am trying to conduct my business so as to keep out of jail, not so as to go to heaven."

Already the Limit.

"What will I do if my bathing suit happens to shrink?" asked the fair girl.

"Then," said her chum, "you will probably have to resort to a barrel.

Higher Qualifications.

Cutten—Jorgins is always bragging about his wife's cookery. Is she such a famous cook.

Dryde—No; she's more than that. She's a hynotist. She has Jorgins under such perfect control that he'll eat anything she cooks, not matter how bad it is.

Buried the Guinea.

Bessie, on being questioned as to what she had done with the dead guinea, replied:

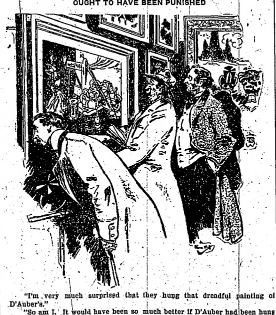
"Oh, us and Connell's kids marched single file and sang, 'Where'll you spend 'ternity!' and buried it down deep on Grandma's grave."—Magazine of Fun.

Slow Progress.

Nell—Miss Ann Teek says she has just reached her marriageable age.

Bell—Indeed! I wonder what delayed her.

OUGHT TO HAVE BEEN PUNISHED



"I'm very much surprised that they hung that dreadful painting of D'Auber's."

"So am I. It would have been so much better if D'Auber had been hung instead."

She Balked at the Hyphen.

"I thought she was such an advanced woman because she always insisted she would not give up her name when she married, but would hyphenate it with her husband's."

"She did say so."

"But she hasn't done it."

"No. You see, things sometimes happen very queerly in this world."

"How is that?"

"Her name was black and her husband's name is Hart. She didn't like the combination."—Judge.

Apparently They Did.

Friend—"Did the lawyers get you confused?"

Ex-witness—"Did they get me confused? Why, I testified that Jones lived next door to me, but I couldn't remember the street number."—Puck.

The Landlord Miscalculated.

Departing guest—Do you permit your servants to accept a little—er—presents?

Summer landlord—Great Scott! You haven't any money left, have you?

Pa's Little Joke.

"Pa," said Willie, "an equine means a horse, doesn't it?"

"Yes."

"And an ox is a kind of a cow, isn't it?"

"Yes, one kind."

"Well, what kind of a blamed thing is this equine ox everybody's talking about?"

Pa thought a minute, looked sheepish, and then said, as he backed ut of the room, "Oh, that's a wether."—Kansas City Telegram.

Inference.

Grayce—I know something about Mabel.

Gladys—What is it?

Grayce—I will never, never tell.

Gladys—O, you know something good about her, eh?

Suggesting Harmonious Costume.

Miss Kairless—You've seen that best dress of mine. Now, I want to get a hat to go with it. What would you suggest?

Miss Sharp—Why not get a slouch?

SHOWING THE WORLD'S PROGRESS

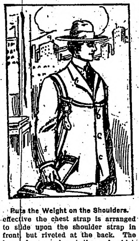
Odorous Substances Lose Weight.

A French scientist has submitted to the Paris Academie des Sciences some instructive measurements of the loss of weight which odorous substances sustain in giving out their characteristic smells. He determined that a grain of iodoform lost in an hour one-millionth part of its weight. At this rate the substance would lose in one year 8,760 millionths, or less than one-hundredth part of a milligram. Therefore, it would require more than 114 years for a single milligram to be used up in odorous emanations alone. When one remembers the pungent efficacy of that odor one cannot but be astounded at the fact. These remarkable figures are, however, far surpassed in the case of musk, which in using up a milligram of its substance for scenting purposes would occupy something approaching 100,000 years.

Luggage Carrier.

The novelty of some of the devices pattented appeals at once to the eye and immediately the wonder is that it had not been thought of before. In this class is the luggage carrier shown in the illustration here, for the use of porters, traveling men, and others, to assist in carrying heavy articles, such as grips, suit cases and the like. Its parts are few and simple, consisting of a harness arrangement for suspension from the shoulder of the user, to which is connected a brace or stay which also bears against the hip and is utilized to support the luggage to be carried and holding it spaced from the body.

At each end of the strap are hooks which are connected with loops in the brace. A chest strap is also provided, which is connected with the shoulder strap and passes around the wearer beneath the arm to retain the shoulder strap in position, both straps having adjusting means consisting of buckles. To render the adjustment effective the chest strap is arranged to slide upon the shoulder strap in front but riveted at the back. The brace has a yoke at the end which bears against the wearer. At the other end is an attachment having a hand grip on one side and a socket on the other to receive the handle of the luggage to be carried. By this arrangement a valise, grip or other article of a similar form can be suspended from the handle of the device and easily carried, the wearer not being annoyed or having his progress retarded by the luggage coming in contact with his limbs. A comparatively heavy article can thus be carried without inconvenience.



Puts the Weight on the Shoulders.

Auto Bank to Collect Deposits.

The scampering cashier hereafter can flee Canadaward in a bank of his own. This motor bank, for which patents have been issued, is an electric car to be built of chilled steel, with double walls, with one-half inch space between. In one corner is located a burglar proof safe, while desk and working room for several clerks are also provided. The car has a touring radius of fifty miles and will cost over $5,000. It is to be used by the bank in collecting from depositors, especially from shopkeepers at night, and is to be sent to various parts of the city to receive deposits of commercial and savings accounts. This can be done with perfect safety since the automobile bank is to be absolutely burglar proof.

Coal Output of India.

India's coral strands are not without their coal, as is evidenced by the outputs of the Bengal mines. While in 1880 only 1,020,000 tons were mined, in 1903 7,374,000 tons, valued at $4,524,832, were mined, the industry employing nearly 88,000 persons daily. The shelter of the Indian laborer, it is said, ought invariably to be ready before he arrives at the scene of his future work, so that his first impression may be of the best. Another point brought into prominent relief is that working hours should be divided so as to give him his accustomed rest in the middle of the day, and to exact in its fair equivalent at dawn or dusk.

Death to Field Mice.

The Pasteur institute of Paris has again done a valuable service to the community in devising a remedy for the field mice, which in the Charentes have multiplied at a terrific rate, and done enormous harm. The Danysz virus, as it is called, if properly distributed, kills 98 per cent of the mice in two weeks. It causes a contagious disease resembling typhoid, which is innocuous to all living beings except mice and rats.

Canada to Own Telephone System.

The board of commissioners of the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario railway will establish a government-owned telephone system from North Bay to New Liskeard, Canada, a distance of 113 miles, and as the railway is extended northward the telephone system will also be extended the full length. The line will likely be built next summer.

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Saturday, Oct. 21, 1905.

The University of Minnesota now has 3,759 students enrolled and ranks third in the United States in point of attendance.

A number of our exchanges were telling last week about picking strawberries in October, and the next day it snowed.

The Walker Pilot was mean enough to say that when the democratic party died the republican party got the insurance money.

Some of the boys in the northern part of the state are talking of Senator A. D. Stephens for governor. Well, Andy could do the work.

The life insurance investigation in New York has already proved that the McCurdy family of the Mutual, the McCall family of the New York Life, and Alexander and Hyde of the Equitable are thieves of the worst sort. They have stolen millions and should all be sent to prison like any other thief. If a man steals a sack of flour, a horse or a few dollars, he is bustled to jail in a hurry. Why not try it on the big thieves?

They have already commenced to talk about a re-apportionment of this senatorial district which comprises Red Lake, Norman, Clearwater and Beltrami counties and is now big enough for two districts. It is not probable that the question will come up for four more years as the senate which will be elected next year would legislate themselves out of office if they passed a reapportionment bill and Minnesota legislators are not that kind.

Give Minnesota a square deal Mr. Railroad President and instead of advertising to the world that her soil is inferior and her farmers stupid as compared with Iowa, state the true reason why her lands produce so much less income per acre. Let the world know that Minnesota pays such exorbitant freight rates that the net earnings of her railroads are $35,750,203.00 while those in Iowa are $16,433,235.00; that the railroads of Minnesota take from the farmers of Minnesota revenues that pay them net $4,900 per mile while the farmers of Iowa pay but $1,730 per mile.—Northfield News.

Even a blind man can now see the significance of the attitude of the jobbers and merchants of the Twin Cities at the election last year, with the action of the state board of equalization, appointed by Governor Johnson before him. The valuation of goods and merchandise in Minneapolis and St. Paul has been fixed at $1,760,774 less than it was a year ago, and the reason for the activity of the traveling men last year is now apparent to the most dense intellect. From these figures one is compelled to the conviction that the growth of population in the Twin Cities does not extend to business conditions, inasmuch as the stocks carried are nearly two million dollars less than last year. A democratic administration seems to cost the public cash as well as other things.—Elk River Star-News.

Rats.

A plan that will sometimes destroy a large number of rats is to fill a barrel partly full of water and cover it with an inch or so of meal. A hole is bored in the barrel a little above the meal, and the rats enter, sink through the meal and find a watery grave. In catching rats in steel traps great care is required to deceive the rodents. Traps need to be well covered and everything done to avoid raising the suspicions of the "varmints." Often when rats refuse to eat poisoned bread and butter they may be baited with poisoned crackers, cheese or meat. Rats are shy and gamy creatures, but it is possible to "make game of them."

Whistler's Idea of Hands.

Whistler, the artist, said: "I always use Irish models for hands, with their long, slender fingers and delightful articulations, the most beautiful hands in the world. I think Irish eyes are also the most beautiful. American girls' hands come next. English girls have red, coarse hands; the German girl has broad, flat hands, and the Spanish hand is full of big veins."

New Brand is Needed.

Crookston Times: According to potato experts of this section, including Frank T. Hazeltine of this city, the entire seed stock of Northern Minnesota and particularly the Red River Valley must be changed before the crop can again be profitable. "Seed must be imported from some locality or localities in which the rot and blight which have been so disastrous to the crop in this section this year, is not apparent," said Mr. Hazeltine recently. "Otherwise the rot will continue year by year to devastate the fields of the tubers and farmers who plant the vines will have their trouble for their pains."

"The rot this year is wide spread and leaves hardly a potato in the valley which is fit for either the table or for use another year as seed. Montana and southern districts in which the tuber is grown have not been affected by the trouble to such a great extent but the crop is nevertheless short all around." Importation from foreign potato districts will be the only hope of again raising a successful potato crop in the Red River valley.

Potatoes in Northern Minnesota this year are very nearly as costly as apples. Farmers who planted quarter sections of the tubers are not receiving a sufficiently large yield to warrant digging and thousands of acres will be allowed to rot in the ground rather than create expense through digging operations. The rot is a peculiar affliction of the potato and is compared to the blight which spread over all of Ireland years ago. The tubers rotted suddenly when the famine in that potato country was so severe. The tubers after reaching partial muturity in the ground, suddenly turn in to a soft mushy substance and later on dry out into dust, the appearance when being dug being that the vine did not produce anything. Farmers who sold their crop early in the season are rejoicing at their good fortune while those who hung out to allow their fields to mature and now have no crop are arranging for some means of procuring both seed for the coming year and a supply for the winter season. Shipments from Montana are being made in large numbers. Prices around the valley range as high as 60 cents per bushel and an even dollar is predicted before Xmas.

An experienced potato dealer says potato growers would get better prices, and help themselves and dealers more, if they took more pains with the product. In the first place, if they consulted buyers, they would learn something about the kinds demanded by the market. After that comes the question of appearance. A better price is obtained for even grades. How the potatoes will taste or keep, will not be of as much importance to the buyer, when he deals with the producer, as the looks of the potatoes at the time. The man who works in the small potatoes, or puts a few red and white in each sack because the hills are close together, or stovepipes the sacks, who in general, mines the grades and varieties, is not going to get the price he otherwise would. Potato dealers have preached this doctrine over and over again, but it seems to take time for potato growers to realize its truth and value. Sort your potatoes, attend to higher grades, and prosper.

Mistakes Attract Attention.

The average person takes pleasure in calling attention to errors in spelling or grammar in signs. The mistakes furnish them a temptation to display their knowledge that is hard to resist. "Every now and then," said a local haberdasher, "I fix up a window sign with a misspelled word or an error in grammar in it. Dozens of people drop in to tell me where it's wrong. Of course I act surprised and thank them. Then the chances are I sell them something." At a Kansas City theater there used to be an advertising curtain which bore the word "versus" spelled "verses." The word attracted more comment than many of the acts did. It made people talk about the theater, and in the theatrical business to get the public to talking about things is the first step toward money making. So many people began to bother the house manager about the misspelled word, however, that he finally had to have it changed.—Kansas City Times.

"Weak Hearts."

It is a harmful thing for any one to coddle his heart when there is no disease, and I think we (the medical profession) are far too instrumental in aiding and abetting this. We do far more good by pronouncing people sound, even if out of health, and thus sending them forth with renewed hope, than by keeping them in the chains of uncertainty and nervous dread, than which nothing can be more crushing to the utility of a life or more harmful to the chance of regaining health.

I know of no symptoms of a "weak heart." Yet the use of the term leads either to a state of nervous dread from which recovery is most difficult or else to a life of luxurious idleness, which, by the enervation it causes, is likely sooner or later to be precedent to the end it would seek to avoid.—Dr. James Goodheart of London.

To Break It Gently.

Mike had been appointed a committee of one to break the sad news to the widow.

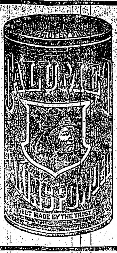
"Here," said Pat, "where are yez goin'?"

"To the tillegraph office. I'll sind her a dispatch, and whin she gets it she'll faint and the turrable shock'll be painless."—Chicago Record-Herald.

The reason why lovers are never weary of one another is this—they are ever talking of themselves.—Rochefoucauld.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.
tf G. H. SANDUM.



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Ancient Indian Observatory.

At Jeypore, the pleasant, healthy capital of one of the most prosperous independent states of Rajputana, India, is the famous Jantra or observatory, the largest of the five built by the celebrated royal astronomer, Jey Sing, the founder of Jeypore, who succeeded the rajas of Amber in 1693.

Chosen by Muhammad Shah to reform the calendar, his astronomical observations were formulated in tables which corrected those of De la Hire. He built five observatories, at Delhi, Benares, Muttra, Ujjain and Jeypore.

It is not under cover, but is an open courtyard, full of curious and fantastic instruments invented and designed by him. They have been allowed to go out of repair, and many of them are now quite useless, it being impossible even to guess what purpose they served in the wonderfully accurate calculations and observations of their inventor, but the dial, gnomons, quadrants, etc., still remain of great interest to astronomers.—Scientific American.

Real Elixir of Life.

Contentment is the real elixir of life. It is the real fountain from which flow the waters of perennial youth. Sometimes it costs an effort, a tremendous effort, to say it is all right, but the man or woman who can say it is much better off for thus looking at the sunny side of the world than the person who harbors a grievance against all mankind and walks through the world burdened with the somber thoughts of his disappointments. The discontented perhaps never stop to think how much worse off they could be; that, no matter how few their pleasures, there are those in the world who have fewer or none at all; that, given health and strength and the full possession of the senses, they are advantaged and blessed in the race of existence.

The Tempering of Copper.

The expression "the tempering of copper" arises from a thirteenth century misunderstanding of the Greek word baphe—a word used by the Greco-Egyptian alchemistic writers of the third century. Berthelot, the eminent authority on alchemy, has shown that this word may mean tempering, coloring (of cloth, glass and metals), the coloring materials or the coloring bath. Egyptian alchemy was busied originally in producing brilliant bronzes on copper and the copper alloys, and this expression "the tempering of copper" means, and always has meant, bronzing copper so that it may simulate silver or gold.—Arthur Jones Hopkins in New York Times.

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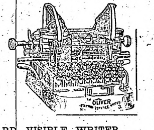

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FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
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Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

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THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., St. Paul, Minn.

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HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

8:00 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
9:25 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
9:55 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
10:20am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James F. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

R. H. DUNTLEY, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.

Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence opposite M. E. Church on Water street. St. Hilaire, Minn.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Hokan A. Johnson made a business trip to Wylie last Monday.

E. M. Hoff went down to Crookston last evening on a business matter.

Sheriff Linnihan was here from Red Lake Falls on business last Monday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

M. L. Hanson made a short business trip to Crookston the first of the week.

Miss Caroline Hoff left last Thursday for a visit with relatives at Blackduck.

J. P. Foote, the Crookston banker, was a business visitor here last Thursday.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Miss Freda Ittner, of RedLake Falls, visited relatives and friends here last Monday.

L. M. Rolland & Sons are presenting their customers a very handsome 1906 calendar.

O. F. Post took the passenger last evening for a short business trip to Crookston.

C. N. Bourdon, the Red Lake Falls real estate man was here on business last Thursday.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

E. M. Hoff has been at work this week putting in a new foundation and a new front in his store.

Miss Josie Gigstad and Miss Mary Hoff were visiting friends at Thief River Falls last Saturday.

Mrs. James McAndress went down to Fargo last Saturday where she will visit with John McAndress.

C. H. Martz got after a flock of wild geese near his place last Tuesday and had the good luck to bag six of them.

Hon. L.C. Simons, of Red Lake Falls, was attending to business at the Merchants State Bank last Thursday.

The sale of state school lands in Red Lake county will take place at Red Lake Falls next Thursday, October 26.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on Friday and Saturday, Nov. 3 and 4.

We had quite a respectable sized snow storm last Monday night and the weather has been rather cold ever since.

John Konikson and Gust Nelson returned on Thursday from North Dakota, where they have been threshing.

Mrs. M. P. Wilson and children, of Grand Forks, arrived yesterday and will visit with A. S. Wilson for a few days.

Miss Annie Hakinson gave a "hard times" party to her young friends at the residence of Dr. Blomburgh last evening.

Miss Eva Johnson was an easy winner of the diamond ring given to the most popular young lady by the Swiss Entertainers.

Wm. Williamson, the lumber company blacksmith, made a short business trip to Fargo the first of the week, returning on Thursday.

Leonard Holmes is building a good sized building in the rear of his dwelling in which he will store coal and other articles.

Patrick Meehan, of Milwaukee, formerly well known as the owner of the Thief River Falls saw mill, was a caller here last Thursday.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Daniel Patterson and wife went down to Crookston last Monday evening, Mr. Patterson returning the next morning and Mrs. Patterson on Wednesday.

Girls, if you want red lips, laughing eyes, sweet breath and good looks, use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. The greatest beautifier known. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Lew Adams came over from Grand Forks last Tuesday. He may conclude to again open a barber shop here. He informed us that Mrs. Adams who has been very sick is greatly improved.

A. O. Davison, cashier of the Bank of Wylie, was here last Monday looking for a dwelling. The Wylie bank will go out of business November 1st and Mr. Davison has accepted a position with the Merchants State Bank.

The saw mill will run until it freezes up, says Manager Evans. The demand for lumber is very good and as long as the river keeps open the mill will keep at work.

The men on the sorting platform got wet during the snow storm last Tuesday morning and quit at 4 a. m. and the balance of the crew also quit, losing a couple of hours.

Manager J. M. Richards came over from Bemidji yesterday and gave the plant here a hurried examination, he and Supt. Evans going to Thief River Falls in the afternoon.

Indigestion, constipation, dyspepsia, kidney and liver disorders, and all stomach troubles positively cures by using Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Company.

Mrs. H. D. and Miss May Pettibone left last Tuesday for Minneapolis. They expect to make their home in the near future at Chicago. Their many friends here exceedingly regret their departure.

Rev. and Mrs. B. A. Barker left last Tuesday for Menahga, Minn., where Mr. Barker will have charge of the M. E. church for the coming year. His many friends here wish him success in his new home.

Norman County Index: F.S. Whirry the well known creamery man, formerly of Ada, is again back in the county, and located at Perley. That business proposition at Harvey, N. D., did not pan out.

A. S. Wilson and wife were called over to Grand Forks last Saturday by the serious illness of Mr. Wilson's brother, who died on Monday. Mrs. Wilson returned home Thursday and Mr. Wilson, yesterday.

A. R. Jones came over last Sunday and spent a couple of days with his family. He has been doing construction work for an elevator company on the Soo and later will buy wheat at some North Dakota point.

It makes no difference how long you have been sick, if you are troubled with indigestion, constipation, liver and kidney troubles, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

A.M. Hanson, formerly a well known Black River farmer but for the past four years a homesteader on the Rainy River, was a caller here last Thursday. Mr. Hanson has a fine claim on the banks of the river some twenty odd miles from International Falls and seems very well pleased with the country.

The regular annuity payments for the Chippewa Indians on the Red Lake reservation will occur directly after Oct. 20. Annuities will be given to all Indians on the reservation, but in addition to this $25,000 will be distributed among the members of the tribe, this amount coming from the money derived from the sale of timber last winter.

The St. Hilaire creamery received the month of September 52,178 pounds of cream from which it made 15,797½ pounds of butter, the amount paid being $3,029.02 to be divided among 135 patrons. 14,734 pounds was shipped to New York and 1,063½ pounds sold at the home market. This is what Fitch, Cornell & Co., of New York, say about St. Hilaire butter: "Your man makes uniformly fine butter and we are going to make your price 1¼c over New York extra." Well, the grass is getting yellow, the creamery accounts are getting smaller and the dairyman is thinking about the silo.

This is the time of the year when the oldest inhabitant prepareth to forecast the winter. He watcheth the fog in the morn and scrutinizeth the moon in the night. He measureth the length of the corn tassel and pryeth open the bark of the birch. He examineth the eye of the murphy and cheweth the ear of the malt plant. The home of the muskrat he carefully surveyeth and examineth the bloom of the plum. He scrapeth the rind from the pumpkin, and hulleth the brown hazel nut, the husk of the acorn he vieweth and—bringeth in his forecast for the waste basket.—Princeton Union.

When any of our readers are ready to send away for goods of any description to the catalogue houses let them first make up their list and take it to the local merchant and ask him if he cannot duplicate the prices. Take our word for it he will be glad to do so and it will be much more satisfactory for the buyer. There will be no misunderstanding as the goods are in plain sight and the purchaser knows exactly what he is getting. When he sends to Chicago or elsewhere he is at the mercy of a stranger who wants his cash and who never exchanges goods. Try it a few times and see how it works.—Breckenridge Telegram.

One of the jolliest crowds that has struck St. Hilaire in a long time came up from Red Lake Falls last Monday evening. The Lotus Quartette furnished the music for the dance and all seemed to enjoy themselves. Among those present from Red Lake Falls were: J. B. Armstrong and wife, Mrs. E.F. Marshall, Misses Pauline Nieland, Melvina Allard, Lillian Buse, Ida Lemieux, Etta Garceau, Henrietta Zaiser, Effie Hamry, Iza Tibbetts, Margaret Kaus, Eliza Trudeau, Stella and Gertrude Hennemuth, and Messrs. H. H. Zaiser, J. L. Tracy, Omer Hall, John E. King, Harry, Leland, Verne and Ralph Healy, Roy Blake, Sullivan Hall, Albert LaFreniere and Orson Doe. We hope they will favor us soon with another visit as their visit was appreciated by all. They will be welcome any time.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

Death of M. P. Wilson.

Grand Forks Herald (Tuesday): The death of Mr. M. P. Wilson occurred at 10 a. m. yesterday after an illness of several weeks of heart failure resulting from rheumatism. The circumstances are peculiarly sad and pathetic. Mr. Wilson, who was a contracting plasterer, has been engaged during the past spring and summer in the construction of three dwelling houses for himself and rental, in addition to looking after the details of his business and working early and late and probably overtaxed his strength. Some two months ago, as will be remembered, his eldest daughter, Huldah, aged fourteen, was accidentally burned in a gasoline explosion, sustaining injuries resulting in her death a few hours later and Mrs. Wilson in an effort to extinguish her daughter's burning clothing was so seriously burned that she was helpless for some time and has been unable to use one of her hands since. Then one of the younger children was taken seriously ill. A few days after the death of his daughter Mr. Wilson was taken sick with rheumatism, which from the first took the form of a collapse, affecting the action of the heart, and on several occasions since his life has been almost despaired of. Then he has rallied and has been able to be out. Less than a week ago he was able to be down town, but on Thursday he suffered a similar attack and sank rapidly, despite all that medical skill could do.

Mr. Wilson was born in Denmark in 1869 and came to this country 21 years ago, locating at first in St. Paul. He came to Grand Forks in 1890 and has bean a resident of the city ever since. He was a man of retiring disposition, quiet and unassuming and was highly esteemed by all who knew him. He was a member of the Independent Order of Foresters, the Modern Woodmen and the Yeomen. He leaves a widow and four children, Ethel, aged 11, Edgar, 8, Evelyn, 5, and Arthur, 3. A sister, Mrs. O. J. Stearns, lives at Emerado, and a brother, A. S. Wilson, at St. Hilaire. The funeral will take place this afternoon from the house at 2 o'clock, and from the First Methodist church at 2:30, Revs. M. P. Burns and F. E. R. Miller officiating.

Thursday: The last will and testament of M. P. Wilson, whose death occurred Monday, was filed for probate yesterday. A. S. Wilson, a brother of the deceased, and J. B. Wineman are named as executors of the will. In addition to a property valued at from $5,000 to $10,444, Mr. Wilson left life insurance of $5,000. All of the property, real and personal, is bequeathed to the widow, Mrs. Anna M. Wilson.

Lumber Goes East.

When the mill was built here in 1897 it was thought that all of the lumber cut would have to be sold in northwestern Minnesota and North Dakota. Previous to that time nearly all of the lumber used here was shipped from Minneapolis and it was not considered probable that lumber would go from here in that direction. Times, however, have changed and the greater part of the lumber shipped from here goes to Minneapolis or beyond. Quite a large shipment was recently made to Pittsburgh, Pa., and orders from Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City are common. Shipments are made where the freight rate is nearly ten dollars a thousand feet. It will only be a few years more when the lumber business will be a thing of the past in Minnesota and it will all have to be shipped from the coast.

A Great Pitcher.

Dispatches telling of the world's championship series of games played between the New York and Philadelphia league baseball teams, contain glowing accounts of the marvelous work of Charles Bender in the pitcher's box, for the Philadelphias.

Charley, whose home is but a few miles south of Fosston on White Earth reserve, has frequently played upon the local diamond. He is only 21 years of age, yet he bids fair to acquire the honor of being the champion baseball pitcher of the world at the close of the season. He receives a salary of $4,500 for this summer's work.—Fosston Thirteen Towns.

For Sale.

Two-chair barber outfit, complete with bath tub, at a bargain. Inquire of M. McAndress, St. Hilaire, Minn.

For refreshments call at Number 488

RAPP & POST'S QUOTATIONS

18 pounds Sugar	$1.00
Sugar, per 100 pounds	$5.35
Kerosine Oil, per gallon	15 c
Tomatoes, per can	10 c
Corn, 3 cans for	25 c
Evaporated Apricots, per lb	12½c
" Apples per lb	10 c
" Peaches per lb	12½c
" Pears per lb	15 c
Best Plums, per pound	8 c
Cleaned Currants, 3 lbs for	25 c
Gloss Starch, per package	10 c
Celluloid Starch, 3 pkgs for	25 c
Three 10c boxes Snuff for	25 c
25 pounds Corn meal for	60 c
Rice, per pound	5 c
Soda Crackers, by the pound	8 c
" " by the box per lb	7 c
Fine Cookies, by the pound	10 c
" " by the box per lb	9 c
No. 1 Lipton's Tea, per lb	60 c
No. 3 Lipton's Tea, per lb	45 c

Japan Teas, 20c, 35c and 50c per lb.
Try our 15c, 18c and 20c Chase & Sanborn Coffees.
Other goods at prices in proportion.

RAPP & POST

Christmas at Red Lake Falls.

Courier: Father Christmas, the Grafton "divine" healer, was in the city Sunday afternoon and all day Monday. He made headquarters at the Kaufer building on south Main street, and it is not putting it too high to say that at least two hundred and fifty people were treated. The halt, the lame, the blind, and all manner of afflicted mortals took advantage of the opportunity to consult the much advertised healer, stories of whose remarkable cures have been sent all over the northwest. So far no reports of marvelous healings have come in, although a number profess to believe that the treatment has been of benefit to them. All day Monday a large crowd was in line in front of the building to secure tickets of admission. They were in turn given a numbered card, and were allowed to see the healer in the order of their numbers. Father Christmas makes no charge for his professional services, but takes whatever sum the patient chooses to give. Of course many are profoundly grateful for a promised cure and make liberal contributions to the healer's exchequerer.

The average person has little faith in the divine power claimed by Father Christmas, but nevertheless there is a general belief in his power to relieve certain kinds of afflictions. The rational view is that the healer is endowed with personal magnetism to an unusual degree, and this, combined with the gift of hypnotism, can relieve pain and physical disorders where the imagination has greatly magnified the trouble.

In Chicago.

According to the Ohio State Journal, there is something doing in Chicago. The Journal says that a Chicago newspaper publishes the following interesting catalog of events transpiring in the city by the lake:

A death every fifteen minutes.

A birth every eight minutes and twenty-seven seconds.

A murder every seventy hours.

A suicide every eighteen hours.

A serious accident, necessitating nurse's or physician's care, every four minutes.

A fatal accident every five hours.

A case of assault and battery every twenty-six minutes.

A burglary every three hours.

A hold up every six hours.

A disturbance of the peace, to attract attention, every six seconds.

A larceny every twenty minutes.

An arrest every seven minutes and thirty seconds.

A fire every hour.

An arrest for drunkenness every fifteen minutes.

A marriage every twenty minutes.

A case for the coroner every three hours.

A new building completed every one hour and fifteen minutes.

A railroad passenger train arrives every fifty-six seconds.

Sixty passengers, suburban and through, arrive every second at railway stations.

Seventeen thousand gallons of water a minute pass through the 1900 miles of city water mains.

L. A. Dautremont is Dead.

Louis A. Dautremont died at his home in Red Lake Falls last Thursday afternoon at 4:30 after a ten days' illness with cancer of the stomach.

Mr. Dautremont was born in France in 1838, being about 67 years of age. Until about ten years ago he lived in Iowa, locating first near Washington, then moving successively to Riverside and Matlock. In 1895 he went to Adrian, Minn., living there until the fall of 1901, when he moved to Red Lake Falls. He has been a farmer all his life until the past two years. Since 1902 he has been proprietor of the Red Lake Falls Gazette, and he also owned several farms in the county.

The deceased leaves, besides the widow, nine children, five sons and four daughters. They are: Mrs. M. McLaughlin, of Rock Rapids, Iowa; Charles Arthur, Victor and Bert, of Lewiston, Montana; Mrs. S. S. Haislet, Rose, Florence and Raymond, of Red Lake Falls.

The funeral will probably be held today and the remains shipped to the southern part of the state for interment. The SPECTATOR in common with the many friends of Red Lake county, extends its sympathy to the bereaved family in this dark hour of their affliction.

Milk in Tea.

The use of plenty of milk with Tea is a wise precaution and must be regarded as a sound physiological proceeding, since the proteids of milk destroy astringency and probably prevent the otherwise injurious action of tannin on the mucous membrane of the stomach. In the intestinal juice the proteids are separated and the tannin probably combines with the sodium salts. The immoderate drinking of tea is an unquestionable evil, but the regular use of golden grain belt beer will improve your health. Order a case and serve it regularly with your meals. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Cattle Sale, Fargo.

The Great Northern railway will sell tickets at one and one-third fares for the round trip on account of sale of blooded cattle and swine to be held at Fargo under the auspices of the North Dakota Agricultural College. Tickets will be on sale Nov. 7th, final return limit November 9th.

Get a Life Scholarship Free.

Have a disinterested bookkeeper and stenographer examine the different business colleges in our field, and if he does not find that ours is by far the best, we will give you a life scholarship for nothing. Catalog for the asking.

QUEEN CITY BUSINESS COLLEGE,
Crookston, Minn.

RAPP &
POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

The Pedestal of Honor
is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.
Ladies' Shoes
like ours are not to be found in every store.

FIRE INSURANCE
—is a—
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class
— FOR RATES CALL ON —
HARRY E. IVES.

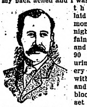
FALL AND WINTER GOODS
NOW ARRIVING.
We are getting in daily our Fall and Winter Stock of.....
Dry Goods :: Dress Goods
Boots and Shoes
and Heavy Winter Goods
AND INVITE YOUR INSPECTION
WE CAN QUOTE YOU PRICES EQUAL TO THE LOWEST
Call early and see our Stock of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods
E. M. HOFF.

$34.90 To California .....
DAILY UNTIL OCTOBER 31st
Through tourist cars every Tuesday morning 8:20 a. m., arriving Los Angeles 8:25 a. m., San Francisco 6:35 p. m., following Saturday. Double berth $6.75 via
THE SUNSHINE ROUTE
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway and Santa Fe Route
TICKETS: 365 Robert Street, St. Paul.
328 Nicollet Avenue, Minneapolis.
W. B. DIXON, N. W. P. A., ST. PAUL, MINN.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, - - - - - MINNESOTA

RAISED FROM A DEATH-BED.

Mr. Pitts, Once Pronounced Incurable, Has Been Well Three Years.



E. E. Pitts, 60 Hathaway st., Skowhegan, Me., says: "Seven years ago my back ached and I was so run down that I was laid up four months. I had night sweats and fainting spells and dropped to 90 pounds. The urine passed every few minutes with intense pain and looked like blood. Dropsy set in and the doctors decided I could not live. My wife got me using Doan's Kidney Pills, and as they helped me I took heart, kept on and was cured so thoroughly that I've been well three years."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

NOT UP ON CHOCOLATE.

Mr. and Mrs. Billtops Both Surprised by a Question Put by Mr. B.

"What is chocolate made of?" asked Mr. Billtops of Mrs. B., who was at the moment engaged in sawing up a block of chocolate, preparing to make fudge.

"Why," said Mrs. Billtops, "it's made of some—of some—I don't know what it's made of. It grows."

And Mr. Billtops didn't say anything but it dawned upon him suddenly that that was about as near as he could have come to telling what chocolate is made of himself, and no nearer. What he didn't know about chocolate, as he now realized, would fill a nice little booklet, if not a great big book.

BABY'S AWFUL ECZEMA.

Face Like Raw Beef—Thought She Would Lose Her Ear—Healed Without a Blemish—Mother Thanks Cuticura.

"My little girl had eczema very bad when she was ten months old. I thought she would lose her right ear. It had turned black and her face was like a piece of raw meat, and very sore. It would bleed when I washed her, and I had to keep cloths on it day and night. There was not a clear spot on her face when I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and now it is completely healed, without scar or blemish, which is more than I had hoped for. (Signed) Mrs. Rose Ether, 291 Eckford St., Brooklyn, N. Y."

A Neglected Opportunity.

Dr. Cutler—So you made a wrong diagnosis of the case of that patient?

Dr. McSawley—Yes. I thought he was an ordinary business man, but he turned out to be a millionaire.—Puck.

Storekeepers and Hotelkeepers Should investigate acetylene gas. Write "Acetylene Jones" to-day.

It often happens that general good comes out of a motive inspired by revenge.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{ SEAL } A. W. GLEASON,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Coming Events.

Benedict is a New Haven man, who has been eight times the father of a bouncing bounder. In the outskirts of the university city is a little town among the hills named prospect, and last year four of the children were sent there for the summer.

One day Benedict and his wife entertained at dinner a new acquaintance, Professor B. The professor is a bachelor, and, like many scholarly men, ill at ease in society.

"What a fine little family of children you have," he began with an admiring glance at the four stay-at-homes.

"Yes, indeed," replied Benedict, proudly, "and we have four more in Prospect."

The professor blushed his astonishment.—Lippincott's.

THIN BLOOD—WEAK NERVES

One Follows the Other, but Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Quickly Cure Both.

The steady use of a particular set of muscles tends to chronic fatigue, which produces faulty or difficult motion, trembling, cramps and even paralysis. Writers, telegraphers, tailors and seamstresses are among the classes most threatened in this way with the loss of their power to earn a living. The following instance shows that nerve power may be recovered after it seems entirely lost, if the right means are taken. Mrs. O. S. Blacksten, of No. 584 North Bowman street, Mansfield, Ohio, says:

"For years my hands would become so numb at times that I would drop anything I attempted to lift. Later they became so bad that I could not sew any longer, and at last I could scarcely do anything at all with my hands. At night the pricking sensations would come on worse than ever, and my hands and arms would pain so that I dreaded to go to bed. My family doctor gave me some nerve tablets. They helped me a little, but only for a short time after I had taken them and if I happened to be without them for a day or two I would be as bad as ever or even worse. Finally I got a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and began to take them.

"The result was surprising. By the time I had taken the last pill in my first box I could see a gain. Thanks to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, I am now all right. I can sleep undisturbed by pain, and for two years I have been as well as ever."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills feed the nerves by making new, rich blood and in this way have cured nervous diseases of every description from simple restlessness to paralysis. They have banished the tortures of neuralgia, the weakness of nervous prostration, the disability and awful pain of locomotor ataxia. They are sold by all druggists or direct by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Pays for the Advice

"Let's see your tongue," the doctor said,
"You feel run down, I see;
Just sleep eight hours of every day—
Ten dollars is my fee."

"You may be right," the lawyer said,
"But juries disagree;
"You better settle out of court—
A Hundred is my fee."

"Would you be good," the preacher said,
With pious zeal elate,
"Just love your neighbor as yourself"—
And then he passed the plate.

And thus is human nature made,
For in these cases three
Jones gladly paid for good advice
He would have scorned if free.
—New York Life.

FINDING HER HEART

BY PAUL BLAKE

(Copyright 1905 by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

He had poured forth his soul in passionate sentences which left him weak and trembling as he waited for her reply.

Her voice was full of sympathy and kindness as she answered him, but it was firm and there was no trace of passion.

"No, Arthur," she said, "it is impossible. I like you very much as a friend and I respect you and admire you, but I do not love you—and I cannot marry you."

The color left his face and the lines drew tight about his mouth.

"You must, Nellie," he exclaimed fiercely. "I love you so much—you were made for me—I—I cannot give you up."

"But I do not love you," she said gently. "And you surely would not want a wife whose heart you did not have."

"Yes I would," he rejoined, "I want you on any terms. I will make you love me. I will find a way. Only marry me, that's all."

"Now be reasonable, Arthur," she urged. "You have so much sense generally that it is most distressing to see you go on in such a ridiculous manner. You will get over this notion of yours in a little while and will find some other girl just suited for you—and I will be a good friend, a sister to you always."

"Oh, Lordy, not that," he broke in, making a comical grimace in spite of his distress. "It's too horribly trite and commonplace. Be a niece or an aunt or a grandmother—anything but a sister. It makes me feel like the hero of a short story. The girls to whom they propose always become sisters to them."

She blushed a bit and then smiled. "See," she said, "you are joking about it already. You'll forget all about it in a fortnight."

"No, not in a fortnight," he replied gravely. "Nor in a lifetime."

"Yes, you will," she replied smiling. "You are no judge, yet. Men always think their first love affair very tragic. This is your first affair, is it not? You—you never were in love—that is, thought yourself in love with any other girl, did you?"

He shot a quick, sharp glance at her and the sadness in his face was replaced for an instant by an expression of mixed shrewdness and determination well known to his business associates. But this was only a flash and the sadness returned to his face.

"Yes, there was another," he replied softly, gazing reminiscently into the fire.

She started imperceptibly and looked at him searchingly. His eyes were still on the fire and she bit her lip in vexation at the involuntary feeling she had displayed.

"Was—was it long ago?" she asked in a disinterested tone. "You never spoke of her to me."

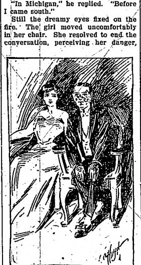
"Yes, it was some years ago—before I came here," he replied, "I never spoke of it because it is a closed chapter—a sacred chapter, and I never cared to resurrect it."

His eyes were still soft and dreamy.

"Where was it," she asked as indifferently as possible after some moments of rather awkward silence.

"In Michigan," he replied. "Before I came south."

Still the dreamy eyes fixed on the fire. The girl moved uncomfortably in her chair. She resolved to end the conversation, perceiving her danger, but curiosity or whatnot was too strong.



"She—she must have been very beautiful," whispered Nellie.

"Was she tall or short?" she asked.

"Short," he answered with something like enthusiasm. Nellie was tall and willowy. "Short, and, soft and clinging."

The color faded from Nellie's face. She felt unreasonably hurt and angry at the man and the northern girl.

"Was she light or dark?" she asked as though possessed to drink the very dregs.

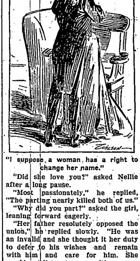
"Light," he replied with fine enthusiasm, gazing into the coals as though he saw her. "Fair and dainty as Dresden china, with hair like liquid gold and eyes like a summer sky. Her cheeks wore a perpetual flush like a rose and her lips were like the rarest coral." Nellie was dark with flashing black eyes and an olive skin.

"She—she must have been very beautiful," whispered Nellie, her lips quivering.

"She was," he answered, "and as good and true and sweet as she was beautiful."

"You must have loved her very much," faltered Nellie, fascinated by the light, which shone in his eyes as he contemplated the vision in the fireplace.

"I did love her very, very tenderly," he replied.



"I suppose a woman has a right to change her name."

"Did she love you?" asked Nellie after a long pause.

"Most passionately," he replied, "The parting nearly killed both of us."

"Why did you part?" asked the girl, leaning forward eagerly.

"Her father resolutely opposed the union," he replied slowly. "He was an invalid and she thought it her duty to defer to his wishes and remain with him and care for him. She would not listen to any waiting or my part, but renounced our happiness once and for all."

Nellie had risen and now stood close to Arthur with pale face and frightened eyes.

"Is her father still alive?" she asked.

"No," he replied, "I read of his death only the other day."

"Why do you not go back to her?" she faltered.

"You ought to know," he replied, rising and looking down at her tenderly. "The old love is dead and a new one lives in its place."

The color swept back to her face as she asked hysterically: "Are you sure you love me as much as you did her?"

"More," he exclaimed passionately, as he held out his arms appealingly.

She nestled herself within them and sobbed hysterically, as she flung her arms about his neck: "I suppose a woman has a right to change her mind."

"Once, but no more," he answered.

And the girl did not dream that the perfidious wretch was saying to himself: "First prize to me as a scientific romancer."

And she never knew that the girl in Michigan was a myth born of the necessities of Arthur's courtship.

The Age of Slang.

"The way you New Yorkers address one another is still strange to me, although I have been coming here for years," said a visiting New Englander. "One would judge that you had no Christian names. I seldom hear one used, except formally. It's 'old man,' or 'old fellow,' and even in speaking to your wives it's 'little one,' 'little woman,' or some other silly diminutive. The women don't seem to be much better, with such terms as 'boy,' and 'hubby.' The children are likewise misnamed and seem to understand only such appellations as 'kid' and 'little rascal.' My daughter came here with the good old New England name of Priscilla, but I hear her called 'Prissy,' and some even make it 'Cilly.' This is certainly an age of slang."—New York Sun.

Repaired Wrong Covering.

A man went into a chemist's shop and bought a bottle of some patent stuff, which was advertised thus:

NO MORE COUGHS.
NO MORE COLDS.
1S. 1½D. THE BOTTLE.

Three days later he went to the chemist, complaining that his throat was stopped up and that he could scarcely breathe. "I've drunk all that patent cough mixture," he said.

"Drunk it?" yelled the chemist. "Why, that's an india rubber solution to put on the soles of your boots!"—London Tit-Bits.

Good for All.

"They say that automobiling is a cure for consumption."

"Well, what good does that do a poor man?"

"Oh, he gets in front of the automobile."

NOT ADAPTED FOR THE PART.

Richard Carle's "Find" Turned Out of Little Value.

Shortly before "The Maid and the Mummy" company opened its season, Richard Carle was looking for an actor to play the part of a wild man with the musical comedy. He wanted a big, blustering fellow with a bad man's face and the voice of a steam calliope.

After examining several applicants for the part Mr. Carle finally selected a man who filled all the requirements save that of voice. Orlando Wilson was the giant's name, but like many big fellows he was modest and retiring in manner and speech. In fact, his voice was only a few notes removed from an infant's treble.

"Why don't you shout?" exclaimed Mr. Carle, after listening to a 2x4 voice exuding from a man who stood 6 feet 5 inches in his stockings. "Yell! Give your lungs a chance! Imitate a tipsy cowboy—like this!" To illustrate, Mr. Carle cut loose with a cowboy yell, "Y-i-i-i-ip!"

"Go home and practice that," he said to the big chap, "and come back to rehearsal to-morrow prepared to make a noise."

Next morning, when the giant put in his appearance, Mr. Carle said, "Well, are you all right?"

"Yes," he replied, "almost perfect; but I'm going to give up my part."

"Why?"

"I live in a flat."

"What has that to do with it?"

"Everything. I started to rehearse that cowboy yell last night, and the neighbors thought I was murdering my mother. I nearly got lynched."

"Why don't you move?"

"Well, my parents have always supplied me with good board and lodging and if I move they might get out of the habit. I don't believe I'm cut out for that part. You'd better engage some other kind of a person."

"I will," said Mr. Carle; "I'll engage a man."

REASON FOR CHOOSING PASTOR.

Woman of Experience Had Studied the Subject.

A West Side congregation was called upon not long ago to choose a new pastor. The last three ministers had been personae non gratae with most of the parishioners, and before selecting another the congregation did some pretty tall thinking. There was one woman of experience whose advice carried particular weight. Preacher after preacher was invited to the pulpit for a trial sermon, and all, in the final analysis, were rejected by the female arbiter. At last there came along a possible incumbent who met with her approval.

"The reason I am sure he will give satisfaction," she said, "is because he has the right kind of a wife for a minister. She allows him to rant around all he wants to at home, and doesn't sass back. I found out long ago that a man who hasn't that privilege at home works off his spleen elsewhere. A minister vents it on his congregation. That was why we couldn't stand the last preacher. This one will be all right. We won't hear a peep out of him."

And upon that unique recommendation the congregation actually did give the man a call. According to last accounts both he and the parishioners were doing well. The wife has not been heard from.—New York Press.

Diving Bell of 200 Years Ago.

It was nearly 200 years ago that Edmund Halley constructed what is often referred to as the first diving bell, although the apparatus must have been much like that which was used in the presence of Charles V.

The principle of the diving bell is simple. An inverted jar sunk in the water retains air at its top, and if there is enough air men may live and breathe and work there, and keep dry.

Dr. Halley's diving bell was a large wooden chamber, open at the bottom and loaded there with lead to prevent it from turning in the water. Pieces of glass set in the roof furnished light. Air was supplied by an ingenious method; for leaded casks full of air were sent down, bung downward. Tipping the barrel, water would rush into it and drive out the air to the man in the bell chamber.

At the depth of thirty-three feet the air is compressed to half its former bulk, and the bell is therefore at the depth filled full with water; and as the depth increases, so do the compression and the pressure.—Technical World Magazine.

"Still Sweeter Sings My Darling."

The bell-bird fills Australian shades
With songs like bubbling fountains;
The redstart thrills the river glades
Beneath Virginian mountains.

The oriole, that soul afire,
Pours forth a storm of singing
To the rapt mate of his desire,
In soft gray hammock swinging.

By night, by day, on topmost spray,
Or where the covert hushes,
Plays Nature's weirdest orchestra—
The mock bird, king of thrushes.

But all the words of all the birds—
Ay, e'en the songs, magician—
All sweetest notes from singing throats,
Fade, as at dawn a vision.

When, be it catch or lullaby,
Or songs of battle ringing,
Love lays or hymns of liberty,
I hear my darling singing.

For song each bird hath times preferred—
When winter winds are gnarling
Each tender tree the chickadee
Outsings the housed starling.

But whether blows the summer's rose,
Or winter's winds be snarling,
Be spring abloom, or fall in gloom
Still sweeter sings my darling.
—Henry Austin in Century.

Good Reason.

Representative Adamson, of Georgia, says that when he was judge of his county court a fellow was before him charged with having stolen a pair of pantaloons—they call them "britches" in Georgia. There were several witnesses, but the evidence was rather meagre, and the accused was acquitted. He was told that he could go but he remained in his seat. His lawyer, to whose successful defense he owed his liberty, hinted to him that he was free to depart, but he didn't budge.

"I don't want to go," said the fellow.

"And why not?" asked the lawyer.

"Let the witnesses go first."

"Why?"

"Why, sir, I've got on the 'britches' I stole."

WHEN HIS WIFE CAME HOME.

Saw Husband Bid Farewell to Bachelorhood.

The Harlem resident emerged from the city hall subway exit. He was plainly dejected.

"Why, hello, Jimson," cried a comrad of the night before. "You look as blue as an undertaker at a health resort. Cheer up. I feel just as sick as you this morning."

"Oh, it isn't that," groaned the dejected man.

"But you were the life and soul of our jolly party last night. You even insisted on waltzing with the dignified head waiter."

"I remember."

"Then we took a hack to your house and we all cheered when you got up on your front steps and made a neat little speech to the effect that your wife would return from the mountains on the morrow, and you were glad to let loose at least once before you settled down. It was a large night."

"Bah! My wife returned a day earlier and was in the window watching my performance. Please kick me down these subway steps and back up again, will you?"—New York Globe.

Analysis of Medicines Open to All.

"There is no public demand and there is not the slightest public necessity for a law compelling the publication of the formula of proprietary medicines," says the Committee on Legislation of the Proprietary Association. "Every Health Commissioner and every Pure Food Commissioner in the country, as well as every private physician or chemist, if he pleases, has the right to make an analysis of any proprietary medicine and to publish the result and to tell the public what he thinks, and there is nothing in the world to prevent such action. But that is not what the agitators for such legislation want. Their object is to destroy the sale of such remedies entirely."

His Opinion of Him.

"Do you think I could get an audience with the boss?" asked the political hanger-on, going in.

"Yes," snapped the disappointed office-seeker, coming out, "if you featured him in a dime museum as the Two-faced man."—Philadelphia Press.

HOT SPRINGS AND RETURN, $47.80. Via the old reliable St. Louis Short Line (M. & St. L. R. R.). On sale daily with ninety-day limit. Only one change of cars, in St. Louis union depot, by taking the famous "North Star Limited."

Call on W. E. Witherspoon, City Ticket Agent, No. 398 Robert street.

Not That Kind of Stage.

"Yes, when I was younger I was importuned to go on the stage."

"I suppose that was before they had any street cars."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. Fredrik Anderson, Red Wing, Minn., dental matrix; Henry G. Becker, Grand Rapids, Minn., pen guide; Adam Bishman, Otisco, Minn., traction gang plow; Clarence W. Carter, Minneapolis, Minn., concrete building block; George Curtis, Big Timber, Mont., hay stacker; Charles Grosser, Minneapolis, Minn., level; Joseph Lambrix, Minneapolis, Minn., boiler.

Asserting Her Supremacy.

"Yes, she's ordered all the papers made over again."

"What was the trouble?"

"Why, her husband, by mistake, signed his name on the top line and she had to sign under him."—

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Very Kind.

Papa (severely)—I hear you have been a naughty little girl to-day. What have you to say for yourself?

Daughter (aged five, brightly)—Oh, I'm not insulted!—Judge.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

As Represented.

Boarder—Look here, you told me if I took that room I'd sleep like a top. I was turning all night.

Landlady—Well, don't tops turn?—

The religion that cannot stand camping out had better be left at home in the ice box.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Of course the chigger has a good appetite, but so would others have if they fed on sixteen-year-old girls.

Treat a man well in a little town, and he flatters himself that he can do better in a city.

"Acetylene Jones."

See his advertisement in this paper and write him to-day for free booklet.

If you want to know what a man's weakness is, let him do the talking and he will mention it.

Tired, Nervous Mothers

Make Unhappy Homes—Their Condition Irritates Both Husband and Children—How Thousands of Mothers Have Been Saved From Nervous Prostration and Made Strong and Well.

Mrs. Chester Curry — Mrs. Chas. F. Brown

A nervous, irritable mother, often on the verge of hysterics, is unfit to care for children; it ruins a child's disposition and reacts upon herself. The trouble between children and their mothers too often is due to the fact that the mother has some female weakness, and she is entirely unfit to bear the strain upon her nerves that governing children involves; it is impossible for her to do anything calmly.

The ills of women act like a firebrand upon the nerves, consequently nine-tenths of the nervous prostration, nervous despondency, "the blues," sleeplessness, and nervous irritability of women arise from some derangement of the female organism.

Do you experience fits of depression with restlessness, alternating with extreme irritability? Are your spirits easily affected, so that one minute you laugh, and the next minute you feel like crying?

Do you feel something like a ball rising in your throat and threatening to choke you; all the senses perverted, morbidly sensitive to light and sound; pain in the ovaries, and especially between the shoulders; bearing down pains; nervous dyspepsia, and almost continually cross and snappy?

If so, your nerves are in a shattered condition, and you are threatened with nervous prostration.

Proof is monumental that nothing in the world is better for nervous prostration than Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; thousands and thousands of women testify to this fact.

Mrs. Chester Curry, Leader of the Ladies' Symphony Orchestra, 42 Saratoga Street, East Boston, Mass., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"For eight years I was troubled with extreme nervousness and hysteria, brought on by irregularities. I could neither enjoy life nor sleep nights; I was very irritable, nervous and despondent.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended and proved to be the only remedy that helped me. I have daily improved in health until I am now strong and well, and all nervousness has disappeared."

Mrs. Charles F. Brown, Vice-President of the Mothers' Club, 21 Cedar Terrace, Hot Springs, Ark., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I dragged through nine years of miserable existence, worn out with pain and nervousness, until it seemed as though I should fly. I then noticed a statement of a woman troubled as I was, and the wonderful results she derived from Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I decided to try it. I did so, and at the end of three months I was a different woman. My nervousness was all gone, I was no longer irritable, and my husband fell in love with me all over again."

Women should remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the medicine that holds the record for the greatest number of actual cures of female ills, and take no substitute.

Free Advice to Women.

Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write to her for advice. Mrs. Pinkham's vast experience with female troubles enables her to tell you just what is best for you, and she will charge you nothing for her advice.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands a Woman's Ills.

Beyond Him.

Casey—Oi hear yer wife has twins agin, Pat. How many childer does that mek?

Murtagh—Dom'd if Oi know; Oi'm no add'n machape.—Puck.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

There Are Many.

Gunner—There goes a man who has taken crowds of people off their feet.

Guyer—Ah, a great orator, I presume?

Gunner—No, a reckless motorman.—Columbus Dispatch.

Here Is Relief for Women.

Mother Gray, a nurse in New York, discovered a pleasant herb remedy for women's ills, called AUSTRALIAN-LEAF. It is the only certain monthly regulator. Cures female weaknesses, Backache, Kidney and Urinary troubles. At all Druggists or by mail 50 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

After you get married, young lady, it is just as well to remember that cooking is a greater art than thumping a piano.

All is not gold that glitters, and all is not guilt that seems to be.

WHEAT

The wheat markets of the world have been very strong throughout the past week. Prices have not risen materially in American markets on account of the restraining influence exerted by the leading bull operators, who do not seem to be ready at this time to head a sharp campaign. While the domestic levels have been only maintained, Liverpool and the continental markets have seen a series of sharp upward jumps that have brought the foreign markets practically to a basis upon which our Wheat may be shipped.

The advisability of marketing any of our Wheat abroad in the shape of raw grain has been seriously called in question, and the peculiar action of our markets may be the logical answer to this query. It is a known fact that the Minneapolis mills are booked months ahead with capacity orders. The largest of these mills has orders for six months which will tax its productive power and has been grinding on the same character of business for a month. It is announced that not a pound of this Flour is for domestic delivery.

The question immediately arises: - Is it worth while to export any Wheat as long as we can export Flour instead, thus giving American labor profitable employment?

The underlying conditions in Wheat are so strong that we cannot advise selling operations except of a scalping character.

Edwards-Wood Co.
(Incorporated)—Dealers In
STOCKS GRAIN PROVISIONS
Main Office—5th and Robert Sts.—St. Paul.

Young Chicks

grow faster, are stronger, get to laying period earlier, if you use daily a small quantity of

SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

Used by poultrymen 40 years. One pk. 25c.; five $1; 2¼-lb. can $1.20; six $5. Exp. paid. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Easy.

She—How do you know that you want to marry me?

He—Because I love you.

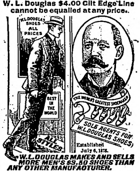
She—How do you know that you love me?

He—Because I want to marry you.—

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN

W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.


W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES
ALL STYLES
Established July 6, 1876.

W.L.DOUGLAS MAKES AND SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any $3.50 shoe in the world. They are just as good as those that cost you $5.00 to $7.00—the only difference is the price. If I could take you into my factory at Brockton, Mass., the largest in the world under one roof making men's fine shoes, and show you the care with which every pair of Douglas shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the best shoes produced in the world.

If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes, you would understand why Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

WANTED. A shoe dealer in every town where W. L. Douglas Shoes are not sold. Full line of samples sent free for inspection upon request.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

$16 AN ACRE

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

in Western Canada is the amount many farmers will realize from their wheat crop this year.

25 Bushels to the Acre Will be the Average Yield of Wheat.

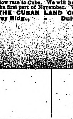
The land that this was grown on cost many of the farmers absolutely nothing, while those who wished to add to the 160 acres the Government grants, can buy land adjoining at from $6 to $10 an acre.

Climate splendid, school convenient, railways close at hand, taxes low.

Send for pamphlet "20th Century Canada" and full particulars regarding rates, etc., to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the following authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

HE ATTENDS TO BUSINESS
who goes straight to work
to cure
Hurts, Sprains, Bruises
by the use of



St. Jacobs Oil
and saves time, money and gets out of misery quickly.
Price, 25c. and 50c.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use } **Thompson's Eye Water**

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

ALL ABOUT CUBA.
Reliable information about Cuba sent free. We can get you a low rate to Cuba. We will have an excursion to Cuba first part of November. Write at once.
THE CUBAN LAND CO.,
200 Torrey Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

HOW A FRIENDSHIP GREW

The Story

Whether Hand Sapolio got a more enthusiastic welcome in homes where Sapolio was an old and tried friend, or where it was a stranger, is a question. Where women had come to rely on Sapolio for rapid, thorough cleaning in every part of the house except the laundry, they commenced without loss of time, to avail of this new prize. Grubby little hands, and stained, work-worn older ones, whitened, softened, and smoothed out as if by magic, callous spots disappeared, and complexions cleared. Children ceased their strenuous objections to the scrubbing up process, because it became a pleasure. It freshened up the hands after dish-washing, removing the most disagreeable feature of that necessary task. It was found to keep delicate baby skins from chafing better than salve or powder, and the crowning note in the song of delight came when an adult member of the family used it in a full bath, and realized that a Turkish Bath at a cost of one dollar was outdone by a small fraction of the little, ten-cent, velvety cake.

Do you want a clear and healthy skin?

But, strange though it may seem, there were people who had not learned to prize Sapolio. To these the advertising of Hand Sapolio came as a surprise. Sapolio, a scouring soap, adapted for the hands, the face, the general toilet? Impossible, it would be horrid. Who ever heard of such a use? Finally a bold shopper carried home a cake. Does it look like kitchen Sapolio? No one is sure, and a cake of that is bought, and comparison made. Behold a family using both the Sapolios for every conceivable purpose, and comparing notes! After easily and quickly cleansing a greasy pan with Sapolio, Jane thought the other would be gritty, and was astonished at the smooth, dainty lather. Another was certain it would harden the hands and could scarcely realize how soft and "comfy" they felt after the washing.

THE FIRST STEP away from self-respect is lack of care in personal cleanliness: the first move in building up a proper pride in man, woman, or child is a visit to the bathtub. You can't be healthy, or pretty, or even good, unless you are clean. Use HAND SAPOLIO. It pleases everyone.

THE DISTRICT SCHOOL
OF SPOTLESS TOWN
CLASS IN ALGEBRA

Let housewife equal X plus E; X+E
Let E the sign for Sapolio be; E
For dirt let minus X be had; —X
Then all these symbols we will add.
The X and minus X drop out EE
(As anyone can see no doubt)
And leave what must the housewife please—
The happy symbol we call ease.

Then began the excitement of adventure; what would the new soap NOT do? A girl tried a shampoo. Her hair, pretty, soft and silky "went up" perfectly, with none of the unmanageableness that generally exists for a full week after the usual process. A man used the delightful lather for shaving, and felt no need for cold cream afterwards. A pimply face was treated to a daily bathing with the full suds, and promptly became clear. Tartar on the teeth yielded to it, and feet that had a tendency towards hardening of the skin regained their natural condition, till another family had joined the chorus of friendly acclaim. And so it is everywhere, those who know the "elder brother" welcome the newcomer, for the sake of the first known, and those who meet both for the first time are plunged into a whimsical worry as to which they could better spare if they had to make a choice.

WHY TAKE DAINTY CARE of your mouth and neglect your pores, the myriad mouths of your skin? HAND SAPOLIO does not gloss them over, or chemically dissolve their health-giving oils, yet clears them thoroughly by a method of its own.

TRY HAND SAPOLIO.
Its steady use will keep the hands of any busy woman as white, untanned and pretty as if she was under the constant care of a city manicure. It is truly "The Dainty Woman's Friend," in the suburbs or on the farm.
Those ugly dark brown streaks on the neck, arising from tight collars, and the line where the sunburn stops, can be wiped out by the velvety lather of HAND SAPOLIO. It is, indeed, "The Dainty Woman's Friend."

Tell a woman that her letters sound just like her, and she believes you have said they are interesting.

The average woman can hit the nail on the head more successfully with an argument than with a hammer.

Farmers and Merchants will be interested in announcement of "Acetylene Jones" in this paper.

THE SANITARY ONION.

Good for Most Everything From Deafness to Gumboils.

"I have implicit faith in the sanitary properties of an onion," said a trained nurse. "It is my custom to introduce an onion into every sick room where I am called in, hanging it up somewhere. I believe it attracts all maladies and infections to itself. Violets and roses and lillies are very pretty in a sick room, and the patient is doubtless cheered when his friends think enough of him to send them, but practical friendship would dictate that a basket of onions be sent. There is something about them hostile to disease. The juice of an onion is a cure for deafness, a roasted onion remedies earache and gumboils, and onions and holly berries bruised together are a certain cure for chillblains. A poultice of onions and cream is also good for bunions. Beau Brummel was opposed to onions, but Shiry Gamp upheld them, and I always considered her a more useful member of the community than the dandy."—Milwaukee Press.

An Honest Opinion.

Mineral, Idaho, Oct. 16th.—(Special.)—That a sure cure has been discovered for those sciatic pains that make so many lives miserable is the firm opinion of Mr. D. S. Colson, a well-known resident of this place, and he does not hesitate to say that cure is Dodd's Kidney Pills. The reason Mr. Colson is so firm in his opinion is that he had those terrible pains and is cured. Speaking of the matter he says:

"I am only too happy to say Dodd's Kidney Pills have done me lots of good. I had awful pains in my hip so I could hardly walk. Dodd's Kidney Pills stopped it entirely. I think they are a grand medicine."

All Sciatic and Rheumatic Pains are caused by Uric Acid in the blood. Dodd's Kidney Pills make healthy kidneys and healthy kidneys strain all the Uric acid out of the blood. With the cause removed there can be no Rheumatism or Sciatica.

HAVE YOU TRIED PEPPER POT?

Something Doing in the Eating Line if You've Not.

"No gourmand can afford to hang up his hat until he has been to Barbados and partakes of the 'pepper pot,' said J. W. Smith of Havana. "It is the culinary piece de resistance of the West Indies. Like the olla podrida of Spain, the Scotch haggis, the polenta of Italy, and other national dishes, it deserves special consideration, for it is in every way an excellent and savory dish. It is a stew, the basis of which is a vegetable preparation called casaripe, a thick black syrup prepared from the casava root. This stew has for its foundation a fowl and a piece of pickled pork. But it becomes the daily recipient of any stray pieces of meat which might otherwise be wasted, and the earthen pot which contains it is always kept simmering on the hearth. It is, in fact, the 'pot au feu' of France, with a delicious flavor peculiarly its own, due to casarope and the large African pepper. You needn't expect any fish at Barbados, for nature omitted rivers when it constructed this one of the Windward island, and the sea fish (barracoutas, snappers, etc.), are not of the best quality, but the pepper pot is worth a voyage over the Caribbean. I was there in February.—Milwaukee Free Press.

COFFEE NEURALGIA.

Leaves When You Quit and Use Postum.

A lady who unconsciously drifted into nervous prostration brought on by coffee says:

"I have been a coffee drinker all my life, and used it regularly, three times a day.

"A year or two ago I became subject to nervous neuralgia, attacks of nervous headache and general nervous prostration which not only incapacitaed me for doing my housework, but frequently made it necessary for me to remain in a dark room for two or three days at a time.

"I employed several good doctors, one after the other, but none of them was able to give me permanent relief.

"Eight months ago a friend suggested that perhaps coffee was the cause of my troubles and that I try Postum Food Coffee and give up the old kind. I am glad I took her advice for my health has been entirely restored. I have no more neuralgia, nor have I had one solitary headache in all these eight months. No more of my days are wasted in solitary confinement in a dark room. I do all my own work with ease. The flesh that I lost during the years of my nervous prostration has come back to me during these months, and I am once more a happy, healthy woman. I enclose a list of names of friends who can vouch for the truth of the statement." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Ten days' trial leaving off coffee and using Postum is sufficient. All grocers.

POULTRY

Cause of Failure in Poultry Raising.

The man that generally fails in poultry raising is the novice, who begins the raising of poultry on account of the glowing accounts he has seen of the ease with which it is done, and the enormous profits to be made. Millions of men have figured themselves rich on chickens. It merely requires a knowledge of the science of numbers. If a hen lays a hundred eggs a year and fifty of the chickens are pullets, and they in turn lay a hundred eggs a year, it takes but a little while to figure out enormous returns from a small investment. The unfortunate thing about the problem is that things do not work out in practice as they do on paper. With the beginner in poultry raising ignorance is the first obstacle, but with many it proves to be so large an obstacle that the attempt to raise poultry is not continued. To successfully raise poultry requires a large amount of knowledge, which must be acquired partly by experience.—Julia Smith, Cook Co., Ill.

Winter Eggs Profitable.

Winter eggs are far more profitable than eggs produced in the spring or summer. This is due to several reasons. One is that there are fewer eggs produced in the winter, and they are higher on that account. Another factor is that eggs are more uniformly good in the winter, and there is a larger demand for them, especially in hotels, restaurants and railroad trains. People that travel more generally call for eggs in the winter than in the summer. The cost of producing the winter egg is not much greater than the cost of producing the summer egg, because in the winter the hens have to be kept and fed whether they are laying or not; and this winter cost of keeping has to be charged against the production of the summer egg if the hen produces eggs only in the summer. Every farmer should therefore try to secure most of his eggs in the winter season.—Mary Pickering, Elkhart Co., Ind., in Farmers' Review.

Culls.

Culls are birds that are taken out of the flock for various reasons. The cull is not always a poor bird. It depends on the reason for the culling. One man that is breeding birds for exhibition culls out all that lack symmetry of form. In so doing he takes out all the birds that have been laying for a long time, especially if they are large producers of eggs. Laying to a large extent destroys the symmetry of the body of the bird. In this case the culls may be first-class layers. They may be more valuable to the general farmer than the show birds that take large prizes. Another man culls out the hens that are poor layers, though sometimes some of these culls are birds of fine form and feather. The farmer that lives near a fancier can pick out a fowl now and then at a low price, yet of high quality for his purposes.

Tonic for Exhibition Fowls.

Whether or not it is profitable to feed tonics to fowls at any time may be doubted, but we know that some exhibitors of fowls do feed them these tonics to keep up their stamina during their long days of confinement while on the road for exhibition purposes. There are many combinations that are made, but some of them use the following: Two ounces of carbonate of iron, some pulverized gentian root, a little black antimony, some mandrake, ginger, flower of sulphur and powdered charcoal, with half a pound of bicarbonate of soda. These are mixed thoroughly, and one teaspoonful of the mixture is stirred into each quart of soft food given the fowls. We cannot recommend this from personal use, but it may be as valuable as the users think it is.

Teaching Poultry Judging.

We notice that in a publication devoted to poultry the author says that there is no school that teaches poultry judging. We are certain that the author is mistaken, because in the colleges where poultry science is taught, poultry judging is also taught. It is inconcelvable that there should exist a course in poultry raising without some instruction being given on judging fowls. It is fortunate, too, that our colleges are taking up this matter, because many of the present poultry judges are incapable of rendering correct decisions. One has but to visit a great poultry show and talk with the exhibitors of birds to be convinced that the judges are in many cases poorly trained for their work.—Farmers' Review.

Time to Buy Young Stock.

October and November are the best months in which to buy stock, especially for the purchase of birds that are to be used in exhibitions. At this time of year most of the spring birds are becoming mature, and they have not lost their plumage through laying nor the beauty of their plumage through moulting. With a little judicious feeding these birds may be made successful exhibition birds, but another year they would be sadly out of form and feather.

Exhibition Coops.

Many of our readers at this time of year are making coops for the exhibition of fowls. The usual size now in favor is 28 inches long, 18 inches wide, and 30 inches high. The length extends from the front of the coop to the back, rather than from side to side. This makes it possible to place a larger number of fowls in the same row, and makes it easier to keep drafts off the birds.

Confining Fattening Birds.

The American farmer generally does not like to think of his birds being confined at any time of the season when they could be out of doors. Yet if birds are to be fattened for any purpose that end can be obtained far better by confining them than by allowing them to run.

HORTICULTURE

The Keiffer Pear.

The Keiffer pear is the most prominent pear being grown east of the Rocky Mountains. While it is not so highly recommended as the Bartlett, yet it is to-day more widely grown than even that famous pear. The Keiffer occupies the place among pears that the Ben Davis does among apples. Like the Ben Davis, its quality is fair to poor, yet the tree is such a heavy bearer and can be so depended upon to produce a crop, that we find orchardists planting it more extensively than any of the other pears. It may be that its poor quality comes largely from our ignorance of how it should be handled. An orchardist tells the writer that the Keiffer is a very good pear if allowed to hang on the tree until fully matured and then laid away in a dark place to mellow. In such a place it should be kept for six weeks, and when taken out will have a good flavor and a proper texture for eating. He says that usually they are picked while immature, although apparently of good size, and that that accounts for the very pronounceable lack of flavor in this pear. I am not at all sure that his opinion is correct, but certainly now and then we do find some Keiffer pears that are very good for eating raw. The principal growers of Keiffers say that they do not consider it as a dessert pear, but as a cooking pear; but for a cooking pear we need as high a flavor as for any other purpose. If there is any flavor in the Keiffer pear that ordinary treatment does not bring out, it should be secured through a better treatment.

When large orchards of Keiffer pears are planted, they should in no case be planted by themselves. Some other pear that blooms at the same time should be planted with them. The Garber is regarded as the best for this purpose. The Keiffer pear, more than any other of which we know, requires to be cross-pollenized. When left to the pollenization with its own pollen, it is a very uncertain bearer, and more than one great orchard has been cut down because the owner did not know what to do to insure fruitfulness. Where an orchard of Keiffer pears has been brought to bearing age, and no trees for cross pollenizing it have been planted, years of time will be saved by grafting the branches with the varieties that should have been used for pollenization.—Farmers' Review.

Expensive Mulching.

Professor Green of Ohio some years ago carried on a number of experiments relative to the mulching of orchards. He took orchards growing in natural sod and mulched them with straw that cost $8 per ton on the farm where it was raised. In addition to this cost, there was a cost for hauling. The grass in the orchard was mowed and left on the ground. The test was a comparative one, half of the orchard being mulched, and the other half kept cultivated during the growing season. There was severe drouth that year, and the fruit of the mulched trees withstood the drouth much better than the fruit on the cultivated ground. At the end of the season the results were so much in favor of the mulched orchard that the professor declared his belief that mulching material would pay even at $8 per ton. We would not, however, recommend our readers to undertake mulching experiments when the mulching material costs as much as it did in that experiment in Ohio. Usually straw suitable for mulching can be purchased at $3 or $4 a ton. Even this is unnecessary on many farms where there is a very large amount of material going to waste in the form of swamp grass, sedges, cat-tails and weeds. Some of our great growths of sweet clover, stretching for miles along the highway, could be mowed and used for mulching purposes, after a slight drying to prevent their too rapid decomposition. If mulching paid Professor Green, when the raw material at a distance cost $8 per ton, it certainly should pay on the farm where it costs only the trouble of hauling it.

Acid Strength of Vinegar.

In some of our states the pure food laws regulate the strength of vinegar, and it is quite generally required that cider vinegar shall have at least 4.5 per cent of acetic acid. It is assumed that if the vinegar does not come up to this requirement the product has been adulterated by the adding of water. Yet it is a fact that can be demonstrated that some of the cider made from apples will not produce vinegar that has the required amount of acetic acid. This seems never to have been considered by the legislators. If partly ripe apples are used or if the apples have passed beyond their prime they sometimes do not contain enough sugar to produce 4.5 per cent of acetic acid in the vinegar. We do not say that the law should be changed, but warn farmers to use fully matured apples. It is also the part of wisdom to avoid the soaking of the pomace with water and squeezing it a second time to get out more of the juice. It is true that if the vinegar is to be used at home this may make no difference, but it may if the vinegar is to be sold on the market. If cider has been made from unripe apples or soaked pomace the water content may be reduced by giving it an opportunity to evaporate a certain per cent of water while it is undergoing the chemical changes required to make it into vinegar.

Rice Paper.

Most of our readers have seen rice paper, which is quite largely imported from China. This is made from a plant botanically known as "fatsia papyrifera." The part used is the pulp, which is split open and pressed flat, after which it is dried. It is used for painting on and also for pen work. An attempt is to be made to grow it in this country, and it has been imported into Florida. The plant belongs to the same family as ginseng.

To make Cheap Gas-light for Country Homes

TAKE a common Clay Pipe.

Put a simple "Acetylene" Gasburner on its stem.

Bind the two in position with a tight-fitting piece of Rubber Hose.

Then fill the bowl of the pipe with fine-ground Calcium Carbide.

Next tie a rag over head of the bowl to keep in the Carbide.

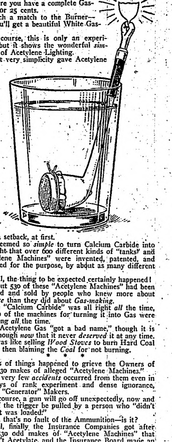
Now put the pipe into a Glass of Water, as in picture.

There you have a complete Gas-plant for 25 cents.

Touch a match to the Burner—and you'll get a beautiful White Gas-light.

Of course, this is only an experiment, but it shows the wonderful *simplicity* of Acetylene Lighting.

That very simplicity gave Acetylene Light a setback, at first.



It seemed so *simple* to turn Calcium Carbide into Gas-light that over 600 different kinds of "tanks" and "Acetylene Machines" were invented, patented, and marketed for the purpose, by about as many different people.

Well, the thing to be expected certainly happened!

About 530 of these "Acetylene Machines" had been invented and sold by people who knew more about *Tinware* than they did about *Gas-making*.

The "Calcium Carbide" was all right *all* the time, but 530 of the machines for turning it into Gas were all wrong *all* the time.

So Acetylene Gas "got a bad name," though it is clear enough *now* that it never *deserved* it at any time.

It was like selling *Wood Stoves* to burn Hard Coal in, and then blaming the *Coal* for not burning.

* * *

Lots of things happened to grieve the Owners of these 530 makes of alleged "Acetylene Machines."

But very few *accidents* occurred from them even in the days of rank experiment and dense ignorance, among, "Generator" Makers.

Of course, a gun will go off unexpectedly, now and then, if the trigger be pulled by a person who "didn't know it was loaded."

But, that's no fault of the Ammunition—is it?

Well, finally the Insurance Companies got after these 530 odd makes of "Acetylene Machines" that wouldn't Acetylate, and the Insurance Board made an investigation of all Generators that were submitted to them.

Then, out of the 600 odd "Machines" patented, only about 70 were "permitted" by the Insurance Board to be used.

Oh, what a howl was there!

By "permitted" I mean that the Insurance Board was willing that any building should be Insured, without extra charge, which used any one of these 70 Acetylene Generators it had found safe, and effective, just as it permitted houses to be piped for City Gas, or wired for Electricity, under proper conditions.

Now, the Insurance Companies *ought* to know whether or not these 70 different makes of Acetylene Generators were absolutely Safe to use.

Because, *they* have to pay the bills, if Fire or Explosion occurs, from any one of the Acetylene Generators they authorize.

And, here's a proof of their good judgment.

Though there are now Two Million people using Acetylene Light in America, there have only been *four* Fires from it in one year, against *8865* Fires from Kerosene and Gasoline.

There have also been 4691 Fires from Electricity, 1707 Fires from City Gas, and 520 Fires from Candles.

Besides these there have been 26 Fires from the Sun's rays, But,—only *four* Fires from Acetylene.

That shows how *careful* the Insurance Board was in its examination of Acetylene Generators, and in "permitting" only the 70 makes that were *above suspicion*, out of the 600 experiments that were once on the market.

* * *

Well,—the boom in Acetylene Lighting made *lower prices* possible on the material it is derived from, viz., Calcium Carbide, a material that looks like Granite but acts like Magic.

Today, Acetylene Light is a full *third cheaper* than Kerosene Light, or Gasoline Light, per Candle Power.

It is not more than *half* the price of Electric Light, nor *three-fourths* that of City Gas.

If I can't *prove* these statements to your full satisfaction my name is not "Acetylene Jones."

But Acetylene is *more* than the *safest* and *cheapest* Light of the year 1905.

It is also the *Whitest* Light—the nearest to natural Sunlight in health-giving Blue and Violet rays, and because of this, with its freedom from flicker, it is the easiest of all Artificial Light on the *Eyes*.

It is so much like *real* Sunlight that it has made plants grow 24 hours per day in dark cellars where no ray of Sunlight could reach them. It made them grow *twice as fast* as similar plants that had only the Sunlight of day-time, viz., half the time.

That was proven by Cornell University in a three-months' experiment made this very year.

* * *

Now, I've saved up for the last a point more important to you than all the others about Acetylene Light.

It consumes only *one-fourth* as much of the vital *Oxygen* from the Air of Living rooms or bed-rooms, as either Kerosene or City Gas-Light consumes.

That's a *tremendous* difference in a lifetime, mark you—three-fourths of a difference.

Because,—*Oxygen* is *Life*.

And every bit of Oxygen stolen from the lungs of Women, Children and Men, through Lighting, is a loss that can never be made good again.

A 24 Candle-Power Acetylene Light costs you only *two-fifths* of a cent per hour.

That's about $5.85 per year, if burned every night in the year for four steady hours.

A Kerosene Lamp of equal capacity would cost you a third more, viz.: *three-fifths* of a cent per hour *for Kerosene alone*, or $8.75 per year.

That's exclusive of broken lamp chimneys, new wicks, and the everlasting drudgery and danger of cleaning, filling and trimming daily.

I want to *prove* these figures to you, Reader, if you are a house-owner or storekeeper.

Tell me how many rooms you've got and I'll tell you what it will cost to light them with brilliant, beautiful, Sanitary, eye-saving Acetylene.

Write me today for my Free Book about "Sunlight on Tap."

Just address me here as—

"Acetylene Jones,"
8 Adams St.,
Chicago, Ills.

Throwing Away Good Money.

"I see that a comparatively rich New Yorker recently sold his wife to a wealthy banker for $5,000."

"Of course that was an exorbitant price for a wife of the salable sort."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease
A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

In some Hindoo temples the collection is made by an elephant, who goes round with a basket. No one, it is said, has ever ventured to feign unconsciousness when the basket came in his vicinity.

Acetylene Gas.

All country people will be interested in reading about it in another part of this paper.

Regret is something we feel for the mistakes of our friends.

Wherever a lie alights its progeny arise.

Vanity is the kindest of weaknesses.

On the Trail with a Fish Brand Pommel Slicker

"I followed the trail from Texas to Montana with a FISH BRAND Slicker, used for an overcoat when cold, a wind coat when windy, a rain coat when it rained, and for a cover at night if we got to bed, and I will say that I have gotten more comfort out of your slicker than any other one article that I ever owned."
(The name and address of the writer of this unsolicited letter may be had on application.)

Wet Weather Garments for Riding, Walking, Working or Sporting.

HIGHEST AWARD WORLD'S FAIR, 1904.

A. J. TOWER CO.
BOSTON, U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO., Limited
TORONTO, CANADA

The Sign of the Fish
TOWER'S FISH BRAND

Some fellows are like sponges, except that sponges will take water.

Faith does not fatten on fog.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC
FOR WOMEN
troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.
Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all
TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES
For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.
Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.
THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

PRICE, 25 Cts.
TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE
25 CTS CURES COUGHS & COLDS

ANTI-GRIPINE
IS GUARANTEED TO CURE
GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.
I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.
F. W. Diemer, M. D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

CONSTIPATION AND STOMACH TROUBLE ABSOLUTELY CURED

"I consider Mull's Grape Tonic the very best medicine I have ever taken. My stomach was in such a bad condition that nothing tasted right and the small amount of food that I was able to eat didn't seem to do any good. I became so nervous that sleep was impossible. My strength gave out and I became exhausted and completely run down. I then commenced to take Mull's Grape Tonic and by the time I had finished two bottles my health returned. I now relish my food and can sleep as well as ever. THIS IS MY VOLUNTARY TESTIMONY."
MRS. D. GIANELLI, 401 S. Joliet St., Joliet, Ill.

Continual constipation will inevitably result seriously for the sufferer. No one can let this affliction go unnoticed without losing his health. It brings on
Blood Poison, Skin Disease, Sores, Pimples, Stomach Trouble, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Sudden Bowel Trouble, Diarrhea, Cholera, Etc., Nervousness, Insomnia, and Kindred Diseases.

You have no right to suffer from constipation or any of these diseases. There is no necessity or excuse for it. There is one positive, natural, harmless cure—and only one—for these troubles and we are going to give you enough free to prove it.

Cut out the coupon below and we will give you absolutely free of charge a bottle of

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC

the only permanent, natural cure for constipation and all bowel troubles and indigestion and all stomach troubles.

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC cures by strengthening and restoring the tissues and muscles of all the digestive organs, and by putting the whole digestive system in a perfect, strong, healthy condition. It does not shock and weaken the organs as purgatives and physics do and thus aggravate the trouble and make a bad matter worse. Its effect is to build up and restore, and not tear down and destroy. It cures the disease by putting the digestive organs in a condition to overcome it. Such a cure amounts to something—it is perfect and permanent.

You feel better and stronger all the time you use it—not weakened and run down as in the case of drugs and physics.

You feel the wonderful and beneficial effects of Mull's Grape Tonic at once. You will know that it will cure you as soon as you begin its use. That is why we let you try it free.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON

10215 FREE 125
Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, Constipation Cure and Blood Purifier
to—MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO.,
148 Third Avenue, Rock Island, Ill.
Give Full Address and Write Plainly.
The $1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c. size. At drug stores. The genuine has a date and number stamped on the label—take no other from your druggist.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES
Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri

ESTABLISHED 1879.
MINNEAPOLIS. Woodward & Co., Grain Commission. DULUTH.
ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS.

CROWD JEERS AT MR. M'CURDY

VIOLENT DEMONSTRATIONS OF DISAPPROBATION OF MUTUAL PRESIDENT.

HE EVADES SOME QUESTIONS

SAVES HIMSELF FROM INDICTMENT BY PROFFERING ANOTHER WITNESS.

EMPLOYS LITERARY BUREAU

TO SEND OUT TO THE PRESS NEWS MATTER OF BENEFIT TO COMPANY.

New York, Oct. 19.—Testimony in the insurance investigation, which was resumed yesterday, was most exciting throughout the entire day, and only the repeated threats of Senator Armstrong, chairman of the committee, to clear the room prevented violent demonstrations of disapprobation of the witness, who was Richard A. McCurdy, president of the Mutual Life Insurance company.

As it was, however, there were jeers at several periods of the day's testimony that temporarily interrupted the testimony. These came when Mr. Hughes, the counsel for the committee, asked questions that Mr. McCurdy was reluctant to answer, or evaded.

Where Will It End?

Where this important investigation is going to lead, or where it will end, has caused no small amount of conjecture, and, doubtless in some quarters, an anxiety. With the many threads that have been taken up and dropped before they have been followed to their ends, in order that some new lead may be taken up, and with the additional features that are disclosed with almost every day's hearing, the interest grows more intense.

In Mr. McCurdy's testimony yesterday a feature entirely new was disclosed, and this was that the Mutual Life Insurance company employed a literary bureau to send out to the press of the country news matter that was of benefit to the company.

This information was elicited during the probing of the "legal expenses" account.

McCurdy Could Not Explain.

During the earlier session of the day an attempt was made to obtain from Mr. McCurdy the reason for reducing the dividends on policies as the business increased and the assets piled up. The question was prompted by the large number of letters received from policyholders by the committee, and cited facts and examples.

To all the questions on this matter the witness said he was not fortified with the information required; that these were actuarial matters, and, when pressed for his opinion, replied that he refused to discuss the question or to enter any discussion. He would proffer a witness, his actuary, whose business it was to know these things, but as for himself, he "would not discuss the question." Mr. McCurdy's demeanor was so insistent, and

At Times Defiant,

that the spectators bent forward to catch every word and stood on tiptoe, expecting every moment to hear him directed by counsel to answer the question. His proffer of another witness was all that prevented steps being taken toward his indictment.

Mr. McCurdy, also during the effort to induce him to answer the questions as to the reduction of dividends, launched forth into a protest as to the manner in which the investigation was being conducted. He said the committee was going beyond the scope intended when it was appointed by the legislature, and that the investigation had assumed the proportions of an inquisition.

Legal Expenses Recurred To.

The legal expenses were again recurred to and a number of vouchers for the payment of various sums were read. It was brought out that William Barnes, Sr., of Albany, had appeared before the committee in Albany last winter and had received $1,000 from the New York Life Insurance company, as well as the same amount from the Mutual Life Insurance company. Later it was brought out in a letter to Mr. McCurdy from William Barnes, Jr., that Mr. Barnes, Sr., was under an annual retainer to the mutual Life Insurance company.

Lynch Negro Murderer.

London, Ky., Oct. 19. — Virgil Bowers, a negro, was taken out of the county jail here late last night and hanged to an apple tree on the road leading to Barboursville. The negro shot and killed George Ferris, a prominent and wealthy Knox county lumber dealer, on the night of Aug. 26. He has been serving a life sentence for the crime. All of the mob were masked and armed with guns, pistols, sledges, picks, axes and dynamite. They forced the jailer to deliver the prisoner.

Schoolboys Are on Strike.

York, Pa., Oct. 19—One hundred and five students of the high school went on strike yesterday. The boys refused to obey the order not to wear colors. They are satisfied to do away with class fights, but refused to lay off their colors.

Plainfield, Wis., Oct. 19.—The large farm barn of Charles H. Stevens, six miles north of here, burned last night, together with sixty tons of hay, two cows, wagon, two buggies, cutter, sleighs and harnesses. Loss, $1,200.

OUST WEAVER FROM INQUIRY.

Philadelphia Mayor and His Directors Ordered Out of the Room.

Philadelphia, Oct. 19. — The special committee of seven of select council, appointed last August to investigate the affairs of the various departments of the city as conducted by Mayor Weaver and his directors, began the taking of testimony yesterday. The meeting of the committee was not without its sensations, chief of which were the request to Mayor Weaver and three of his directors to leave the hearing room and the statement of John B. Taylor, superintendent of police, that David J. Smythe, former director of public safety, had told him not to molest election repeaters. Supt. Taylor's statement was made despite the vigorous efforts of Milton C. Work, the chairman of the committee, to confine him to the questions propounded by the committee's attorney.

Police Attend Club Meetings.

The committee brought out statements from witnesses that policemen attended a meeting of a political club when they should have been on duty.

Unusual precautions had been taken to exclude from the room where the meeting was held all persons except a limited number of newspaper men and witnesses. Mayor Weaver sent a letter by messenger to the committee asking permission for himself and his directors to be present for the purpose of hearing what may take place and to give the committee such aid as he could.

The committee did not make a reply, and on the minute of 3 o'clock Mayor Weaver, accompanied by three of his directors, walked into the committee room before the committee had assembled.

Mayor Told to Get Out.

A few minutes later the sergeant-at-arms politely informed the mayor that he and the directors would have to retire. Mr. Weaver asked the sergeant to notify the committee that the mayor of Philadelphia and three of his directors desired to remain during the hearing. When Chairman Work appeared he notified the mayor that the committee would not change its rules and that he and the directors must leave the room.

When the excitement incident to the ordering out of the mayor had subsided, the committee convened.

Supt. Taylor, the first witness, was pressed so hard by counsel regarding police in politics that he became angry and started to make statements that startled the committeemen. He said if the committee wanted

To Know the Whole Truth

about the police business he could tell them how Former Director Smythe told him to take care of repeaters, and how he had to take from the rogues' gallery the photographs of men who were on the police force.

In vain the chairman tried to check him and threatened to eject him, but Supt. Taylor kept right on. One of the attorneys said the committee did not want to know anything about that, but wanted to know how the homes of the people were protected.

"I'll tell you," exclaimed the witness. "By men who have spent three and four years in the penitentiary, and whose pictures were taken from the rogues' gallery by Director Smythe."

After the hearing Supt. Taylor, in explanation of his statement on the witness stand regarding repeaters, said that Director Smythe, when in office, told him not to let the policemen molest repeaters on election day.

NEW TRIAL FOR BURTON.

Judge Decides Indictment of Kansas Senator Was Faulty.

St. Louis, Oct. 19.—Judge Van Deventer, in the United States court of appeals, late yesterday announced that he had sustained the demurrer to the indictment of United States Senator Burton of Kansas on the ground that the indictment was faulty. He ordered that onather indictment be returned at once. Before announcing his decision Judge Van Deventer explained his position, discussing the indictment in part and pointing out its faults. He coincided with the attorneys for the defense in their contentions that if their client had entered into an agreement to appear before the postoffice department for compensation he was entitled to know who he had entered into this alleged compact with. Judge VanDeventer then set Nov. 9 as the date for a special grand jury to meet to hear witnesses for the government against Senator Burton.

FRANCE WILL SEND FLEET.

Hopes Display of Force Will Be Effective.

Washington, Oct. 19.—An agreement has been reached between the French and American governments whereby French war vessels will be allowed to visit Venezuela to protect the interests of the Frenchmen which have been jeopardized since the seizure of the property of the French Cable company. There will be no co-operation between the two governments, as the United States is confident it can settle its claims through diplomatic channels.

EX-REBELS TO GREET BRYAN.

Elaborate Banquet to Be Given by the Former Insurgents.

Manila, Oct. 19. — Preparations are being made for an elaborate reception and banquet to be tendered to William J. Bryan on his arrival in Manila by native Filipinos, principal among whom are the former insurgents, Gomez and Lucbans, and the famous Lopez family. The American admirers of Mr. Bryan are holding aloof from the Filipinos and will give him a separate banquet.

Deer Hunter Is Shot.

Stanley, Wis., Oct. 19.—While hunting in the woods north of here, Lloyd Rickerd of this city was shot by a fellow hunter, a half-breed named Hart. Hart fired at a deer, the bullet hitting Rickerd, who may die.

Mill City Man Is Killed.

Sioux City, Iowa, Oct. 19. — Albert Amberg of Minneapolis, a carpenter, while riding on a freight train to Onaway to see a brother, was thrown under the wheels and instantly killed in this city yesterday.

News of the Northwest.

INFATUATION LEADS TO DEED.

Jealousy or Poverty Cause of Sioux City Tragedy.

Sioux City, Iowa, Oct. 18. — It developed yesterday that E. H. Darrow of Lead, S. D., who shot and killed Mrs. W. E. Darrow, his daughter-in-law, and then killed himself, had for some time been insanely jealous of the woman, and that he killed her because he feared another suitor for her affections might win her from him. The verdict of the coroner's jury was that the woman had died at the hands of Darrow and that Darrow had committed suicide. George E. Darrow, who is studying dentistry in Omaha, and who is a son of the murderer, testified, but professed no knowledge as to the illicit relations between his father and Mrs. W. E. Darrow. The theory of the police is that Darrow was insanely jealous of the woman, or that he had decided, because of his financial condition, that he and the woman should die together. Strength is given to the latter theory by certain sentiments found written in the notebooks of the couple. They had little money, $3 being the total found in the man's pockets and 75 cents in the woman's.

DIETZ DODGES SHERIFF.

The Thornapple Dam Owner Is "Out Fishing."

Eau Claire, Wis., Oct. 18.—William W. Dietz of Rice Lake, brother of John F. Dietz, the famous owner of Thornapple dam, is here in relation to the case of the state vs. Weisenbach, which comes on at Chippewa Falls in the circuit court next week. Sheriff Ackley of Chippewa county, who went to the Thornapple region with a subpoena for John F. Dietz as a witness in this case, was unable to find him, as he was "out fishing" at the time. William does not expect John will be in court, inasmuch as no subpoena was served on him. If John appeared other papers might be served on him.

LETTERS FURNISH CLUE.

Shooting of Horsethief Bring Officers Down on Alleged Leader of Gang.

Helena, Mont., Oct. 18.—As a result of incriminating letters found upon a notorious horsethief recently killed in Valley City by deputy sheriffs and Stock Inspectors Hall and Teal, Geo. Case, for many years employed by Northern Montana cattlemen, is under arrest at Glasgow. He is alleged to have been the ringleader of a gang of horse thieves that have stolen at least 1,000 horses. Letters found on the dead horsethief also led to a recent arrest of parties for robbing Mayor Dennison of Williston, N. D., and Arthur McGahey of the same place.

CLERGY TO HONOR LENEHAN.

Giving Vicar General's Title of Monsignor to Be Solemnized.

Iowa Falls, Iowa, Oct. 18.—A notable gathering of the Catholic clergy of the Northwest will take place on Wednesday of this week when the conferring of the title of monsignor on Very Rev. B. C. Lenehan will be solemnized. This title recently was given Dean Lenehan by Pope Pius. Archbishop Keane of this diocese will preach the sermon on this occasion and many well known priests of the Northwest will participate in the services. Dean Lenehan is vicar general of the Sioux City diocese.

REWARD FOR FIREBUG.

Torch Is Applied to Five Buildings and Town Is Aroused.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Oct. 18.—Aroused by the activity of a firebug who recently set fire to five different buildings at Geddes, some of which were destroyed, the city council and business men of that place have raised a purse of $400, which is offered as a standing reward for information which will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party responsible for setting the fires. The night following the firing of the five buildings a man whose identity is a mystery was detected skulking in an alley near a number of buildings.

LEAPS TO HIS DEATH.

Delirious From Typhoid, a Patient Hurls From Hospital Window.

Helena, Mont., Oct. 18.—Frank Taylor, twenty years old, employed in the Great Northern machine shops at Havre, while delirious from typhoid fever, broke away from a nurse in Columbus hospital at Great Falls yesterday and leaped through a window, striking a porch thirty feet below. He was instantly killed. His mother lives in New Jersey. Taylor recently graduated from the Montana State agricultural college.

FREIGHT TRAIN ON FIRE.

Gasoline and Kerosene Explode as Train Is Dragged Out of Yards.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Oct. 18. — A car loaded with gasoline and kerosene took fire in the center of a freight train at the freight depot here Saturday night. The engine was hastily attached to the train and the blazing car was hurried through the city, explosion after explosion occurring as it passed. Three cars were totally destroyed and traffic was suspended throughout the night.

London, Oct. 18.—The dean of Westminster, Very Rev. Joseph Armitage Robinson, announced last evening that having received a request signed by leading members of the dramatic profession and other persons of distinction, he had consented to the interment of the body of Sir Henry Irving in Westminster abbey.

Pierre, S. D., Oct. 18. — Snow and rain has been falling here all day. The snow melted as fast as it came. It was the first snowstorm of the season.

FOUND DEAD IN HOSPITAL.

Police Think Disappearance of Doctor Has Connection With Death.

Minneapolis, Oct. 19.—In the finding of the dead body of a young woman at Dr. W. Wheeler's private hospital in Minneapolis at 610 Sixth street southeast, and the disappearance of Dr. Wheeler from his home and his hospital the police are confronted by a mystery that is causing them a great deal of trouble, and one that they are already convinced will disclose a crime no less serious in its character than murder. The identity of the dead woman has not yet been discovered, but an autopsy held last night at the county morgue convinced the operating physicians and the coroner that she had been dead several days and that the cause of her death was a surgical operation of a criminal nature, probably performed four or five days ago. Although both the coroner and the police have made earnest efforts to locate Dr. Wheeler, he had not been found at a late hour last night.

CHINAMAN MAY ENTER.

President Gives Decision Favoring Chinaman Born in America.

Washington, Oct. 19. — The president yesterday ordered the admission into the United States of Pang Hong, a twenty-five-year-old American-born born Chinaman, who has been detained at Portal, N. D., for the past month. The action was taken upon the representations of Rev. T. H. Kuhn of Richmond, Ind., who told the president that Pang Hong had embraced Christianity under his ministrations and that he knew his representations as to nativity to be correct. The young man went to China a year ago to visit relatives, and notwithstanding he carried a passport, his admission was refused by the treasury officials.

SINGS UNDER THE GALLOWS.

North Dakota Murderer Is Calm to the Last.

Bismarck, N. D., Oct. 19. — John Rooney was hanged yesterday morning at the state penitentiary for the murder of Harold Sweet of White Earth, Minn., three years ago. Without a tremor and with a strong voice he talked for ten minutes on the gallows, sang a song of his own composition, and finally said he was ready for the end. One minute later he was ushered into eternity, talking as he dropped. His neck was broken and there was not even a quiver of the muscles apparent. In eleven minutes he was pronounced dead, though death was instantaneous. He protested his innocence to the last.

FAT PURSE IN DEPOT.

Pocketbook Containing Notes for $2,260 Left by Somebody.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Oct. 19.—A recent visitor to Sioux Falls, whose identity has not yet been established, doubtless thinks himself the loser to the amount of over $2,000, for in a pocketbook found on a seat in the men's waiting room in the Milwaukee railroad depot in this city were two notes, one for $2,200 and the other for $60, in addition to a small sum in cash. The property was turned over to Agent Cummins of the Milwaukee Railroad company, who is endeavoring to locate the owner.

SMITH IS FOUND GUILTY.

Pole Is Convicted of Manslaughter at Anoka.

Anoka, Minn., Oct. 19.—Nick Smith, the Pole whose trial on a charge of stabbing Fred Matthews opened in this city Monday, was yesterday found guilty of manslaughter in the first degree. The testimony in the case showed that the two men were in a saloon where they had been drinking, and that they quarreled and fought. The affair occurred in this city last April.

WOULD CURE THE OIL KING.

Standard Oil Employe Sends a Favorite Dyspepsia Remedy.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Oct. 19.—It developed yesterday that the mysterious package addressed to John D. Rockefeller and left at the express office at Vinton two weeks ago contained a remedy for dyspepsia, and was left there by a driver of a Standard Oil company wagon who had faith in the cure and wanted Rockefeller to try it.

Thirty-Four Hurt in Wreck.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Oct. 19. — Thirty-four persons were injured, three perhaps fatally, in an accident to a passenger train yesterday near Horse Creek. The train was rounding a curve when the smoker and day coach left the rails and rolled down an embankment, a distance of about twenty feet.

Aged Woman a Suicide.

Eldora, Iowa, Oct. 19—Mrs. Cynthia Palmer, living on a farm near here, killed herself yesterday morning by hanging in an outbuilding. She was 81 years old. Her husband died many years ago.

Rains Hold Up Threshing.

Sauk Center, Minn., Oct. 19. — The weather during the past week has greatly hindered farm work. Threshing, which is about half done, has been brought to a standstill by the heavy rains.

Burglars Fled From Bank.

Sioux City, Iowa, Oct. 19. — Three robbers entered the Jefferson bank of Jefferson, S. D., and engaged in a sharp exchange of shots with Night Watchman Broulett, who was sleeping in the building. They fled, leaving dark lanterns and nitroglycerin.

Perham, Minn., Oct. 19. — Michael Rebuck, aged nine, was killed yesterday by a target rifle in the hands of his cousin, a boy of twelve. They were shooting at a mark and the gun was accidentally discharged.

KNOW IDENTITY OF DEAD WOMAN

Mrs. Minnie Kosander Is Name of Victim of Operation.

Minneapolis, Oct. 19.—Mrs. Minnie Kosander was the young woman whose body, far advanced in decomposition, was found on Tuesday at Dr. Warren Wheeler's private hospital in Minneapolis. She lived at 617 Twenty-second avenue south, and was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Ryberg, 537 Fairview avenue, Morriam Park. The young woman was taken to the Wheeler hospital on Sunday last by her mother, and was then suffering from the effects of a criminal operation, which she said had been performed by Dr. Wheeler. It was some time Sunday night or early Monday morning that she died, and so far as can be learned Dr. Wheeler was with her at the time of her death, and no other person was present at her bedside. Mr. and Mrs. Ryberg conferred with County Attorney Al J. Smith and Chief of Police Doyle yesterday, and it is expected that a warrant will be issued today for Dr. Wheeler's arrest.

SNOWS IN MONTANA.

Stockmen and Farmers Are Worried by Early Cold.

Helena, Mont., Oct. 19. — Not in years has such a cold spell as that of the present time visited Montana in October. For three days the weather has been unusually cold, and in the central part of the state there have been several inches of snow. The local United States weather bureau thermometer registered 8 degrees above zero at 6 a. m. yesterday, the coldest reported in the United States, with the exception of Marysville, a mining camp eighteen miles from here, where 2 degrees above zero was reported. Sheep and cattle men are solicitous and will be worried until warmer weather comes. In many places farmers have not finished putting up their crops of alfalfa and hay.

A special from Salt Lake City says snow fell there yesterday morning, the precipitation being a tenth of an inch.

THINK MAN IS MURDERER.

Father of Dead Man Believes Frenchman Is Guilty.

Helena, Mont., Oct. 19. — County Commissioner W. M. Oliver of Beaver Head county, father of Wasson J. Oliver, who was foully murdered thirty-five miles north of Helena, near Wolf Creek Sept. 23, returned yesterday from Fernie, B. C., whence with officers he followed an unknown Frenchman, supposed to have committed the crime and now under arrest at Vancouver, B. C. He says he believes the right man is in custody. It will require two weeks to procure the necessary extradition papers from Washington.

INDIANS AS FOREST GUARDS.

Commissioner Leupp Announces Plan for Forest Reserve.

Washington, Oct. 19.—Commissioner Leupp of the Indian bureau has issued a circular to Indian agents asking them to designate Indians capable of acting as forest reserve guards. He suggests that eight or ten of the most capable Indians be selected from each reservation, and says that an arrangement for their employment when feasible has been made with the United States forester. The especial duty involved is to protect the forest reservations against fire.

DENOUNCE GEN. SMITH.

Catholic Conference Will Ask President to Recall Commissioner.

Burlington, Iowa, Oct. 19.—A sensation developed at the Iowa Catholic congress in session here yesterday. In a speech, Celestine J. Sullivan, late of the Philippines, denounced James T. Smith, a Catholic member of the Philippine commission, accusing Mr. Smith of working against Catholic educational interests in the islands. The congress adopted resolutions asking President Roosevelt to recall Smith. Over 2,000 Catholics were present at the meeting.

WED FOR COMPANIONSHIP.

Aged Couple Join in Third Matrimonial Venture.

Appleton, Wis., Oct. 19. — In the presence of great grandchildren of each of the contracting parties, Henry Heiman, a wealthy farmer seventy-four years old, and Katherine Jaekles, a widow sixty-seven years old, were married here yesterday. A son of the groom is the husband of the daughter of the bride. Henry Heiman's former wife has been dead six months.

JEALOUSY CAUSES MURDER.

Frakerville Man, Kills Three of His Family, Then Commits Suicide.

Oskaloosa, Iowa, Oct. 19. — Harry McGlasson, who conducted a boarding house at Frakerville, near this city, shot and killed his wife, a five-year-old daughter and his son-in-law, last night. He then attempted to find his two stepsons, but failing in this, he shot himself, dying a few hours afterward. Jealousy is said to have been the cause of the deed.

Free Supposed Bandit.

Helena, Mont., Oct. 19.—T. Jones, who was under arrest at Billings on suspicion of being implicated in the Northern Pacific hold-up at Tacoma on June 22, has been released, having proved an alibi.

Gives Up His Presidency.

Beloit, Wis., Oct. 19. — Dr. Edward Eaton has resigned the presidency of Beloit college after a successful service of many years. He will probably accept a call from a church at St. Johnsbury, Vt.

He Told Her Why.

Peckem—I have been asked to join the Married Men's club, my dear.

Mrs. Peckem—Indeed! And what do married men want a club for, pray?

Peckem—Why, misery loves company, you know.—Chicago News.

The State Day by Day

NEWS OF INTEREST.

PROMISES CASH NOT ON HAND

Investment Board Approves Applications for Loans.

Applications from school districts for loans aggregating $28,745 and applications from counties and villages aggregating $26,266 were granted by the state investment board at its last meeting. The total of the loans granted at the meeting was $5,011.

The total of loans that were allowed by the board at previous meetings is larger than the money available for the purpose; the applications which have been granted and not paid aggregate a half million. The members of the board believe, however, that money is coming in so that before the end of the year there will be enough to pay the applicants.

The state auditor said that the total applications approved by the investment board exceed the money in the trust funds by $205,416, or $90,000 for the school districts, $31,200 for the townships, and $84,216 for the counties. To meet this the receipts from the sales of mineral lands, timber lands and sales of agricultural lands within the next two months will amount to nearly $300,000. The auditor estimates that the mineral lands to be sold will bring $70,000; state agricultural lands, $75,000; state timber sales, $110,000, and collections on former land sales, $40,000.

The applications granted are: The village of Starbuck (from permanent university fund), $5,000; Wadena county, for county ditch, $7,450; Kittson county, for county ditch, $13,816; School District No. 80, Aitkin county, $750; No. 42, Blue Earth, $800; No. 110, Clay, $700; No. 95, Douglas, $2,500; No. 6, Fillmore, $2,000; No. 64, Grant, $800; No. 123, Jackson, $1,000; No. 74, Kittson, $3,500; No. 10, Kittson, $5,000; No. 114, Morrison, $450; No. 34, Norman, $1,000; No. 272, Otter Tail, $3,400; No. 44, Polk, $2,500; No. 26, Ramsey, $1,345; No. 126, Red Lake, $1,800; No. 51, Redwood, $2,000; No. 28, Roseau, $1,000; Browns Valley Traverse, $2,000; No. 36, Wadena, $1,500; No. 37, Wadena, $400.

CAPT. R. H. L. JEWETT QUITS.

Was Oldest Employe in State Auditor's Office.

Capt. R. H. L. Jewett, who has been connected with the land department of the state auditor's office for the greater part of the last twenty years, has resigned and will go to California to spend the winter. He will be accompanied by his wife and son. His son has a permanent location and will remain in California, but Mr. Jewett expects to return in the spring.

The state auditor has appointed as Capt. Jewett's successor as assistant land clerk, Ed H. Walden of Rochester. Mr. Walden was county auditor of Olmsted county for six years. The salary of the assistant land clerk is $1,200.

Mr. Jewett was the oldest employe in the office. He was appointed by Auditor Braden in February, 1885. He was out part of the time during Auditor Biermann's term, but was reappointed when R. C. Dunn became auditor, and since then has held the office continuously.

Mr. Jewett came to the state in 1865 and lived at Faribault, where he was employed at engineering and public surveys until his appointment by Auditor Braden. He earned his title of captain as commander of a company of the Fifty-fourth Massachusetts volunteers during the Civil war.

A handsome gold watch, chain and Masonic charm were presented to Capt. Jewett by the other members of the staff.

TOWNSITE PATENT HID IN BOX.

Lost Paper Found After Search of Forty Years.

After forty long years the lost townsite patent of Clearwater has been discovered in an old soap box among a lot of waste paper, and was in excellent condition.

The patent was issued May 1, 1860, to Simon Stevens as president of the village council, and bears the signature of James Buchanan, president of the United States. Instead of having it recorded with the register of deeds of Wright county, Mr. Stevens mislaid the document, and search for it as they did for forty years, the paper could not be found. Owing to the loss of the patent considerable annoyance had been experienced of late years in making transfers of village property.

While the government patent was on file at Washington, there was nothing of record in Wright county. Clearwater townsite comprises between 200 and 300 acres.

NEW GOVERNOR'S CLERK.

Harvey W. Grimmer Succeeds Cleve W. Van Dyke.

Harvey W. Grimmer of St. Cloud has been appointed as the governor's executive clerk to succeed Cleve W. Van Dyke, who resigned.

Mr. Grimmer's appointment, it is said, is a recognition of his assistance to the Democratic state central committee in the campaign last year. Mr. Grimmer was political writer on the St. Paul Globe until that paper suspended. Recently he has been connected with the St. Cloud Journal-Press. Mr. Grimmer has a wide acquaintance throughout the state, especially with men of both parties in public life, and the appointment is expected to prove popular. The regular salary of the position is $1,800.

The resignation of Mr. Van Dyke was made public Saturday afternoon. Mr. Van Dyke will remain in St. Paul about a month. Then he will leave for Frisbie, Ariz., where he has a position with a mining company.

MINNESOTA IN THIRD PLACE.

Only Michigan and Harvard Have Larger Attendance.

Minnesota university ranks third among American colleges for attendance this fall, with Michigan first and Harvard second.

According to statistics compiled by Frank B. Tracy in the Boston Transcript it is shown that Minnesota has increased 4 per cent this year and has distanced Columbia, which was in second place last year. Michigan has increased 11 per cent and has gone up from third to first place, while Harvard has come down from first, which place she had held for over ten years, to second place.

The work of Frank Tracy was compiled last week and has all the latest figures from the leading universities in the country. He was induced to secure the information by a recent article by Merritt Butler in which the statistics for last year were given and the total registration in each college shown. In that list Harvard led with 4,559 students, Columbia was second with 4,056, Michigan third with 3,742, Minnesota fourth with 3,633, and Illinois, Wisconsin, Cornell, California, Yale and Chicago following in order.

For ten years previous to the school year of 1904-5 Minnesota gained 62 per cent, a greater increase than was shown by any college except Columbia, and among the state universities was only equaled by the remarkable growth of Illinois from 607 students in 1894 to 3,391 in 1905. That increase was explained by the rapid growth of the new university at Champaign.

According to the records of the colleges for the opening of this year the ranking is as follows: Michigan, 4,049, a gain of 11 per cent over last year; Harvard, 3,865, a loss of 3 per cent; Minnesota, 3,759, a gain of 4 per cent; Columbia, 3,725, a loss of 8 per cent; Pennsylvania, 3,250, a gain of 11 per cent.

An interesting feature of the work of Mr. Tracy is the fact that in nearly all the universities where an increase has been noted that increase has come in the engineering department. The great majority of students, in the Western and Middle states, especially, are turning to engineering subjects, while the law schools are usually ranked second in point of increase. The increase of the universities in the Middle and Western states is especially noted. The rankings for the total registration last spring, which have been slightly altered by the records this fall, show the ratio of Western and Eastern attendance. That list in order of rank is as follows: Harvard, Columbia, Michigan, Minnesota, Illinois, Wisconsin, Cornell, California, Yale and Chicago. In that list of the first ten universities in the country six are west of the Allegheny mountains, and the fact that the Western schools have been increasing with a greater degree of rapidity than the Eastern ones during the past ten years is still apparent in the figures for this fall.

In closing his article on the increase in the West Mr. Tracy says: "Nothing is more evident from these figures than that the seat of educational empire is moving to the Middle West. It is not a rapid growth, but it is sure. Take the twelve universities of this table west of the Alleghanies and east of the Rockies and the average percentage of growth is 12, while the average of the seven Eastern universities is 4."

The fact that Minnesota has gained one point in the ranking of the universities since last year was received with considerable gratification at the office of the registrar at the university. Although the registration for the year in all the colleges is by no means completed, many students always coming in during the middle winter, there is little doubt but that Minnesota will be able to hold the new position and remain among the first three.

STATE FUNDS DEPLETED.

School Apportionment Leaves a Big Deficit in Revenue Fund.

State funds in city and country banks to the amount of $802,000 have been called in by State Treasurer Block to provide for the October apportionment of the current school fund. The revenue fund is now greatly overdrawn, and will not be much relieved until the railroad taxes come in next February.

There are applications pending for loans from the permanent school fund amounting to $400,000, but there are no funds to meet them. The coming state land sales will bring in some funds, possibly as much as $100,000, but it will be several months before the fund will be able to take care of pending applications. Many school buildings and other local improvements are held back waiting for these loans.

The special election at Owatonna for the purpose of authorizing a bond issue of $15,000 to be used in the construction of a new city and fire hall resulted in favor of the bonds, 323 to 208. The Owatonna fire company was the main promoter of the idea. With the new hall Owatonna will rank with the other cities of Minnesota in fire equipment.

Louis Gersting, a cable splicer for the Tri-State Telephone company, fell forty-five feet from a pole at Faribault and was seriously injured. His home is in Minneapolis.

After going through two rooms in the Forsythe hotel in St. James for the purpose of robbery and then attempting to burn the building by setting fire to a bed in one of the rooms, a young man, a stranger in St. James, going under several names, was placed under arrest and taken to Mankato to await the action of the grand jury during the next term of the district court.

Judge Buckham has denied a new trial in the case of Cormack McCall against the city of Faribault. In the former trial McCall was awarded $600 for personal injuries, but wanted more.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1905. NUMBER 15.

RESUME OF THE NEWS

Fresh——Reliable——Brief

Washington.

Reports having reached the war department through Manila papers of an outbreak of cholera in the Philippine islands, Secretary Taft cabled Gov. Wright for a statement of conditions and received the following reply: "Cholera has practically disappeared. From Aug. 23 to date there have been 713 cases and 553 deaths."

Secretary of the Treasury Shaw, in his coming annual report, will recommend that bonds be issued to the amount of $60,000,000, running for a period of thirty years, covering the outlay already made on the Panama canal. Before the canal is completed not less than $200,000,000 will have been expended. By issuing bonds for the money already expended, the hole which has been eaten into the treasury will be filled up again and the talk of a threatened deficit will disappear for a number of years.

Accidental Happenings.

While hunting in the woods north of Stanley, Wis., Lloyd Rickerd was shot by a fellow hunter, a half-breed named Hart. Hart fired at a deer, the bullet hitting Rickerd, who may die.

Albert Amberg of Minneapolis, a carpenter, while riding on a freight train to Onaway, Iowa, to see a brother, was thrown under the wheels and instantly killed in Sioux City.

Five firemen were injured, none fatally, and property valued at 130,000 was destroyed by a fire that demolished the five-story brick building at 75 and 77 Lake street, Chicago.

While on her way to the funeral of Fred. Schurch, who committed suicide recently two days after his marriage, Mrs. Charles Wittwer of Louisville was killed by being thrown from a buggy.

Thirty-four persons were injured, three perhaps fatally, in an accident to a passenger train near Horse Creek, Wyo. The train was rounding a curve when the smoker and day coach left the rails and rolled down an embankment, a distance of about twenty feet.

Milton D. Stone, a prominent and wealthy lumberman of Jamestown, N. Y., was instantly killed while hunting near Westfield. The gun of Frank Sears, a companion of Stone, was accidentally discharged, the entire charge of shot taking effect in Stone's body in the region of the heart.

Charles Fisher, nineteen years old, was killed, and Harold Miller, the same age, was fatally injured, at a railroad crossing at West Lafayette, Ohio. Fisher was thrown 150 feet. He was the son of Rev. Dr. Stockley Fisher, a prominent Methodist minister, recently elected president of West Lafayette college.

The First Presbyterian church at McKees Rocks, a West end suburb of Pittsburg, was blown up by natural gas and the entire building was demolished. The explosion is said to have been the result of a leak in the basement of the building, which was sought by the janitor with a lighted candle. David Leader, the janitor, was badly burned by the flash of flame, and was caught under the crumbling walls, but was not fatally hurt. The loss is about $5,000.

Crimes and Criminals.

Policeman John E. Gilligan of New York was fatally stabbed twice while arresting Emil Schaeffer.

Mrs. Cynthia Palmer, living on a farm near Eldora, Iowa, killed herself by hanging in an outbuilding. She was 81 years old. Her husband died many years ago.

Judge Wheeler, holding court at Clarinda, Iowa, sentenced D. R. Wilson, indicted on eight counts for forgery, to five years in the penitentiary. Wilson pleaded guilty.

S. Lee Clark, cashier of the Enterprise National bank, Allegheny, Pa., fatally shot himself while despondent, due, it is said, to illness. It is said that Mr. Clark's accounts are correct.

Martin Paulsgrove, charged with the murder of Miss Mary Newman, his sweetheart, a school teacher in Andrew county, Mo., last January, was convicted of murder in the first degree.

William Tubbs, proprietor of the Farmers' hotel at Coshocton, Ohio, shot and probably fatally wounded his wife, and then put a bullet in his own head, dying instantly. The couple were recently divorced.

George and Edward Carter were killed and several others injured at Moultre, near St. Augustine, Fla., after a dance, as a result of a feud between the Osteens and Carters.

During the week just closed there have been twenty-six homicides in Mississippi, which equals the worst weekly record of the year. Sunflower county gets the credit or discredit of six of these killings, which occurred within a period of two days.

Three robbers entered the Jefferson bank of Jefferson, S. D., and engaged in a sharp exchange of shots with Night Watchman Broulett, who was sleeping in the building. They fled, leaving dark lanterns and nitroglycerine.

Harry McGlasson, who conducted a boarding house at Frakerville, Iowa, shot and killed his wife, a five-year-old daughter and his son-in-law. He then attempted to find his two stepsons, but failing in this, he shot himself, dying a few hours afterward. Jealousy is said to have been the cause of the deed.

Foreign.

The sum of $10,000 has been received in Rome from J. P. Morgan for the benefit of the sufferers from the recent earthquakes in the province of Calabria.

A Bahia, Brazil, dispatch says that a man fired two revolver shots at the governor of the state, Senor Jose Marcelino de Souzaz, wounding him slightly in the head.

The correspondent of the London Daily Mail at Madrid says that, fearing an attack by a British torpedo boat, the bandits of the Anjera tribe released the two British officers, who have arrived at Ceuta.

Over a thousand farm laborers, made desperate by the existing famine, invaded the market place at Ecija, forty-eight miles from Seville, Spain, seized the entire stock of food and money, destroyed the market and threw the town into a panic.

The correspondent of the London Times at Wellington, New Zealand, says he thinks the opposition of the farmers and the country members will prevent any legislation during the present session of the New Zealand parliament against the American harvester "trust."

A dispatch to the Paris Gil Blas from Madrid announces that the police of Barcelona have found a number of packages of dynamite concealed in flowers. The investigations made indicate that there was a plot to use dynamite during President Loubet's approaching visit to King Alfonso.

A terrific northwest storm, accompanied by rain and hail, raged in the North sea for four days. Many vessels have foundered or been damaged, and twenty-five sailors are known to have been lost. The harbor is filled to overflowing with vessels seeking shelter. The coasting trade has been completely suspended.

Datto Ali, with his followers in the province of Mindanao, has taken the aggressive and is killing many Moros friendly to the government. Ali has informed dattos who are assisting federal troops to effect his capture that he is now preparing to meet and kill them. Provisional companies of troops are now taking the field for a vigorous campaign, aided by friendly dattos who are being armed by the government.

Otherwise.

The New York Municipal Ownership league has nominated Clarence J. Shearn for district attorney.

Senator George T. Fulford of Brockville, Ont., died at the hospital at Newton, Mass., as the result of injuries received in an automobile accident.

The Western National bank at Louisville, which was closed several weeks ago on orders issued from the controller's office, reopened for business under favorable auspices.

Hirini Whaang, formerly chief of the most powerful Maori tribe on the eastern coast of New Zealand, died in a hospital at Salt Lake City of appendicitis, aged 77 years. He became a Mormon convert in 1882.

Mrs. Duncan McGregor of Menominee, Mich., has offered a reward of $1,000 for the return of her husband, dead or alive. McGregor's hat was found recently in the river, but no trace of him can be found.

The biennial report of the board of regents at the Iowa state university has been made public. It asks for $260,- more than the annual endowment and the need of a new wing for the university hospital is emphasized.

Fredericka Vanderbilt Webb, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Seward Webb of Shelburn and New York, and Ralph Pulitzer, son of Joseph Pulitzer, the owner of the New York World, were married in Trinity Episcopal church, New York.

The American Royal Live Stock show closed at Kansas City, having paid out $26,000 in prizes. There were 665 head of pure bred cattle on exhibition, 130 more than last year. After the prize winners were paraded in the arena, there was a sale of fancy stock and several high prices were recorded.

John Yount, aged 12 years, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Yount of Anamosa, Iowa, is dead from the effects of a small cold sore on his lip. The sore broke out last week and on Friday it was evident that blood poisoning was setting in and a physician was called. The poison spread rapidly through the body and the boy's sufferings were great.

Gen. William T. Clark of Washington, D. C., died in St. Luke's hospital, New York, of cancer of the throat. He was 74 years old and was born in Norwalk, Conn. Gen Clark was a member of congress from Galveston, Tex., from 1869 to 1873. He was the last surviving adjutant and chief of staff of Gen. Grant's army of Tennessee.

The control of the State Savings bank of Butte, one of the most prominent banking institutions of the Northwest, passed into the hands of F. Augustus Heinze and M. Sellers Largey. No definite statement is to be had as to the amount of money involved in the transaction.

Gov. Beckham of Kentucky addressed a letter to Thomas W. Lawson of Boston, Mass., in which he expresses the belief that his declared purpose to protect policy holders against the officials of the life insurance companies is praiseworthy, but declines to act on the committee suggested.

LITTLE DANGER FOR PRESIDENT

NEW ORLEANS WILL KEEP HIM TOO BUSY FOR MOSQUITOS TO GET CHANCE.

VERY BUSY DAY IN ARKANSAS

PRESIDENT KEEPS BUSY ACKNOWLEDGING GREETINGS OF THE PEOPLE.

HE DENOUNCES LYNCHING

AND THE SENTIMENT ELICITS HEARTY APPLAUSE FROM SOUTHERNERS.

Little Rock, Ark., Oct. 26. — President Roosevelt spent seven crowded hours in and around Little Rock yesterday, and his journey from Fort Logan H. Root, on the north side of the Arkansas river, to the City park in Little Rock was marked by enthusiastic demonstrations of welcome on the part of the thousands of people appearing on the streets for the occasion. While in Little Rock the president delivered two speeches, in one of which he denounced lynching, and in doing so elicited hearty applause. After inspecting Fort Logan H. Root, whence the party was escorted to the special train, which arrived from Memphis at 9:05 a. m., the president and his traveling companions were taken in carriages through the city of Argenta, where he

Was Liberally Cheered

along the route. Crossing the river, the party proceeded through the heart of Little Rock, on Main street. The president, standing in his carriage, was kept busy acknowledging the cordial greetings from the great throngs of people. At the City park the crowd was gathered to participate in the formal welcome and was conservatively estimated at 40,000. After the exercises and the president's speech the party was taken to the Albert Pike Scottish Rite consistory, where a luncheon was given to the president. This function concluded at 3:30 p. m. and the visitors then repaired to the special train in waiting at the Rock Island station to convey the party to Memphis. To-day the president will visit New Orleans.

Memphis Demands Speech.

Memphis, Oct. 26.—President Roosevelt and his party arrived here last night at 8:30. The president's itinerary did not include a stop here longer than was necessary to switch his cars to the Illinois Central, the original program being that he proceed at once to New Orleans. These plans were somewhat modified when a large crowd of citizens appeared at the Calhoun street depot and loudly cheered the president and called upon him for a speech. The president acknowledged these greetings and proceeded to a hastily improvised stand, from which he made a short address, dwelling upon what constitutes good citizenship.

New Orleans Is Ready.

New Orleans, Oct. 26. — While the eve of the president's visit did not find yellow fever stamped out in New Orleans, it is the conviction of all federal and other scientists gathered here that the risk he runs in coming to New Orleans for a day is infinitely small. The program as arranged will keep him on the move, and if there are any infected stegomyia still at large they will have difficulty in attacking him. But while the fever is not entirely stamped out, it is so nearly eradicated that there is considered to be little danger, either for natives or visitors. The number of deaths continues insignificant.

Report to 6 p. m. last night: New cases, 9; total, 3,378; deaths, 2; total, 439; new foci, 4; cases under treatment, 54; cases discharged, 2,885.

WEST POINT IS TOO EASY.

Visitors Recommend Harder Terms of Entrance.

Washington, Oct. 26.—The board of visitors to the military academy, in their report to the secretary of war, recommend that greater limitations be placed upon admission to the academy and suggest that the minimum height of the cadet necessary for admission to the academy be increased. The report says that the management of the academy, both in discipline and efficiency, is all that could be desired.

FIGHT WITH BANK ROBBERS.

Bold Attempt at Daylight Robbery Is a Success.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Oct. 26.—The private bank of Harvey Hoag at Barker, Niagara county, was robbed early yesterday by three men who cut all the telephone wires entering the village and blew open the safe of the bank. They got away with about $3,000 in gold after an exchange of shots with citizens. Hoag later recovered $2,800 in bills which he found in a hat lying in front of the bank.

POLICE AND STUDENTS CLASH.

Dental College Class Rush Results in Riot Call.

Chicago, Oct. 26. — Twenty-five policemen and 200 students of the Chicago College of Dental Surgery engaged in a fierce fight yesterday afternoon, and before order had been restored fifteen of the students had been arrested. At one point during the police were forced to fire shots over the heads of the students to scare them back. The freshmen and junior classes of the institution met in their annual class rush yesterday and the battle became so desperate that a riot call was sent in to the two police stations in the vicinity. When the police arrived the battle between the students had been in progress for half an hour and had blocked all street car and wagon traffic in nearby streets. The battling students joined force as soon as they saw the approach of the patrol wagons and the blue coats were pelted from all sides with stones, vegetables, while water was poured on them by students from the upper floors of the college. After this state of affairs had been going on for some time and the police were getting decidedly the worst of the battle, the bluecoats drew their revolvers and fired several shots. This brought the students to a halt, and before they could collect themselves the police were upon them with their clubs and fifteen of the students were arrested.

KILLED BY FALLING LOAD.

Farmer Driving in Dark Meets With Fatal Accident.

Prairie du Chien, Wis., Oct. 26. — James Crawford, aged thirty-two years, a prosperous farmer, was killed last night near Gay's Mills by the turning over of a load of lumber with which he started home after dark. his body was found under the load and the team, tangled in the harness, lay close by. Crawford had run over the edge of a dump on a short hill. He had recently been married.

TWENTIETH CHILD BORN.

Mr. and Mrs. Heise Do Not Believe in Race Suicide.

Owosso, Mich., Oct. 26.—Strenuous opponents of race suicide are Mr. and Mrs. Fred Heise, whose twentieth child was born yesterday. All the score of youngsters, from Fred, Jr., who is 21, and the oldest, down to the last little girl who has just opened her eyes on the world, are healthy and happy. Heise has the contract for coaling the Grand Trunk engines here and is a respected German citizen.

ABUSE OF MAIL IS CHARGED.

Wisconsin Man Who Sent Postal to Winona Girl Is Arrested.

Winona, Minn., Oct. 26. — Because Gilbert St. John of Beloit sent to a young lady in this city a postal card on which it is alleged he had written some statements of a questionable nature, he has been taken in charge by Deputy United States Marshal Jones of Madison, Wis., and is now in jail at that place to await trial.

LIFE TERM FOR PURCELL.

Montana Murderer Is Convicted and Limit Sentence Is Looked For.

Helena, Mont., Oct. 26.—Fred Purcell, alias Dick Frame, was convicted in the district court at Bozeman yesterday of murder in the second degree for killing Jack Kinnan at Manhattan Sept. 12 by stabbing him during a saloon row. He is expected to get the limit of sentence for the crime, which in this state is life imprisonment.

JAIL BREAKER CAUGHT.

Took French Leave After Writing Thanks to Sheriff.

Medora, N. D., Oct. 26. — Otto Chenelworth, who is alleged to have stolen $10,000 worth of horses from C. Huidekoper, this county, in 1901, and who afterward broke jail, after writing a letter of thanks to the sheriff, has been captured in Wyoming. Sheriff Reid left yesterday with a requisition for his return.

Crippled for Life.

Hudson, Wis., Oct. 25. — It develops that Thomas McMahon, a student in the Hudson high school, who was injured in a foot ball game at River Falls Saturday, is apt to be crippled for life. His leg was broken between the ankle and the knee and the bone was badly fractured. The injury is so serious that the physician attending the young man fears that he will never be able to use the limb again. Mr. McMahon is captain of the Hudson high school team.

Boy Hunter Killed.

Spearfish, S. D., Oct. 26. — Hassel Graham, the thirteen-year-old son of Charles Graham, of the fish hatchery, was killed here while out hunting.

Crushed Between Cars.

Thief River Falls, Minn., Oct. 26. — Frank Burjan, a brakeman on the Soo railroad, was killed while coupling cars. He was twenty-seven years old and had been working for the company but a short time.

Postoffice Safe Is Blown; Is Empty.

Aberdeen, S. D., Oct. 26.—Burglars entered the postoffice at Northville last night. The safe was blown open, but it contained no money and no stamps were taken. There is no clue to the thieves.

AT THE MERCY OF STRIKERS

RUSSIAN CITIES AS CLOSELY BELEAGURED AS IF INVADED BY ARMIES.

WITTE IS SEEKING WAY OUT

CONFERS WITH MINISTERS TO FIND SOME PLAN TO END THE CRISIS.

OFFERING OPEN RESISTANCE

TURBULENT ELEMENTS IN SOME SECTIONS MEET TROOPS WITH ARMED FORCE.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 26.—Confronted by a situation more crucial than any since the beginning of the political and social upheaval of Russia, and which, at the time this dispatch is filed, shows no sign of amelioration, the emperor's ministers, under the leadership of Count Witte, spent almost all of yesterday in conferences in the hope of finding some way out of the crisis into which the revolutionists and the socialists have cast the country.

The general strike on the railroads is complete except in a few border provinces and St. Petersburg. Moscow and other large cities are almost as closely beleagured as if they were invested

By Besieging Armies.

At the same time the industrial strike has assumed large dimensions and the turbulent elements in several localities are offering open resistance to the troops.

The ministers continued their deliberations until long after midnight. The result of these deliberations is not known.

The ministers were summoned to meet, not as the committee of ministers of which Count Witte was president, but as the council of ministers of which Count Solsky is properly the chairman, and the selection of Count Witte to preside, which was done by direction of the emperor, shows that the ministerial cabinet is actually, though not formally, an accomplished fact.

Refuse to Handle Mail.

The Finland railroad to Helsingfors and the steamers constitute St. Petersburg's only means of communication with the outer world this morning. The postal authorities are now refusing to accept ordinary mail and commercial correspondence is at a standstill.

The strike is complete in the great factory region on both banks of the Neva above the city and in several other industrial quarters. Forty thousand men are out, but they are conducting themselves in a most orderly manner. The store clerks' union last night proclaimed a two weeks' sympathetic strike for political reasons, but it is probable that it will be only partially obeyed. Prudent inhabitants are laying in stocks of provisions so as to prepare for emergencies. As a consequence prices of provisions have risen sharply.

Urge Armed Resistance.

Large meetings, mainly of workmen, were held last night in the university and the high schools at which the sentiment was unanimous for continuing the strike on the railways to the bitter end. The proceedings at several of the meetings were of a strongly revolutionary character, the orators calling on their auditors to rise and slay all "Chinovnoks" and the police, and to meet the troops with armed force. The speeches were received with enthusiastic cheers. The police were powerless to interfere, the precincts of the university being forbidden ground to them under an imperial ukase.

WEDS "UNSIGHT-UNSEEN."

Grand Master of Chinese Masons to Take Bride.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 26.—E. Lung, one of the best known Chinese among his countrymen in the United States because of his position as grand master of the Chinese Masons, is to be married on the evening of Oct. 30 to Soo See of Chicago. E. Lung has never seen the young woman and he will not see her until the hour of the ceremony. This is in accordance with the Chinese customs. Soo See is the daughter of H. Sling, one of the wealthiest Chinese in America.

Killed by Train.

Hastings, Minn., Oct. 26. — John Hollen, living near Dennison, was run over and killed by a Chicago Great Western train at Randolph last night. He was thirty-seven years old and is survived by a wife and daughter.

Explosion Kills Two.

St. Louis, Oct. 26.—Two men were killed and three injured by the explosion of a boiler on the sand dredge Colorado last night while the boat was tied to the wharf at the foot of Market street.

IOWA BLUEBEARD IN FOR LIFE.

Supreme Court Affirms Sentence of Blydenberg.

Des Moines, Iowa, Oct. 26. — E. S. Blydenberg, Iowa's modern "Bluebeard" Sunday school teacher and philanthropist, must serve a life sentence for the murder of his third wife. The supreme court yesterday decided that his conviction was legal and affirmed the sentence of life imprisonment, with two judges dissenting. Two years ago at Eldora, Blydenberg was convicted for murdering his third wife by giving her arsenic in the Sunday dinner he had prepared while the rest of the family was at church. Two other wives had also died mysteriously some years ago, and Blydenberg, it was alleged, had obtained their property.

FREED TO FACE NEW CHARGE.

Bank Cashier's Imprisonment May Be Renewed.

Iowa Falls, Iowa, Oct. 26. — News reached here last night to the effect that Edward O. Soule, formerly cashier of the Home Savings bank of this city, was indicted yesterday for the misappropriation of funds. Soule is now serving an eighteen months' sentence in the penitentiary, having been convicted of falsification of the books of the bank. The shortage was estimated at $50,000. This indictment is reported to have grown out of the Sherwood case, which the bank was called on to defend after Soule's shortage was discovered.

IOWAN SHOT FROM AMBUSH.

Driver of Standard Oil Wagon Victim of Mysterious Affair.

Des Moines, Iowa, Oct. 26.—Perry Sutton of Osceola is lying in a critical condition here as a result of a mysterious shooting while returning from Murray. A stranger stepped from an ambush along the highway and fired upon him, the bullet passing through his body, entering one side near the shoulder. Sutton is the driver of a Standard Oil wagon and was being accompanied home by his brother. It was dark and neither of the men were able to recognize the assailant, whose only motive seemed to be to wound Sutton.

FARMER ATTACKS FAMILY.

Marshalltown Man Driven Insane by Use of Morphine.

Marshalltown, Iowa, Oct. 26.—Driven violently insane by the use of morphine, Albert Johnson, a young farmer living near this city, stripped all the clothing from his body and then attacked his mother and sister, driving them from their home. At first it was thought he would regain his reason when the effects of the drug had worn off, but he did not improve and he was arrested. Last night the insanity commissioners examined the man and adjudged him insane. He will be taken to the hospital at Independence.

WILL CHANGE TIMBER ORDER.

Senator Clapp Wins in His Opposition to White Earth Sale.

Washington, Oct. 26. — The interior department has granted substantially all that Senator Clapp contends for in relation to the White Earth timber sale. In other words the Indian office admits that the advertisement of sale says one thing and that the department means another. The rules and regulations will be changed, but it is a mighty safe wager that there will be no sale as originally contemplated, and that there will be no logging operations on reservations this coming winter.

FALLS UNDER FREIGHT CAR.

Hastings Man Is Killed by Train Near Glyndon.

Fargo, N. D., Oct. 26.—Joseph Majeska of Hastings, Minn., was killed by an east-bound Northern Pacific freight train at noon yesterday one mile east of Glyndon. His body was badly mangled. Majeska was stealing a ride on the train, it is said, and is supposed to have fallen off under the wheels. His head was crushed.

OLDEST CITIZEN DIES.

Tyler, Minn., Loses One of Its Best Known Men.

Tyler, Minn., Oct. 26.—Tyler's oldest citizen and the senior member of the firm of H. P. Lauritsen & Son, died yesterday at the home of his son in this village, at the age of eighty-two. He was a native of Denmark, where he figured prominently in politics. He is the father of Representative Marcus Lauritsen and Mayor Hans Lauritsen of this city.

To Dedicate Courthouse.

Windom, Minn., Oct. 26. — Cottonwood county will dedicate the new $100,000 courthouse Nov. 3. Gov. Johnson has promised to be present and several district judges and former judges, as well as prominent attorneys are expected.

Holden Found Guilty.

Sparta, Wis., Oct. 25.—P. M. Holden, formerly freight agent for the Milwaukee railroad at Tomah, was found guilty of embezzling the company's funds and sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

Train Kills Girl.

Iowa City, Iowa, Oct. 26. — Stella Dreyer, sixteen years old, a messenger of the Postal Telegraph company, was instantly killed on the Rock Island tracks by being run over by a switch engine.

MUTUAL WILL PROBE ITSELF

STARTLING ANNOUNCEMENT IS MADE BY PRESIDENT RICHARD A. McCURDY.

WILL BEGIN WORK AT ONCE

COMMITTEE OF TRUSTEES WILL INVESTIGATE THE COMPANY'S METHODS.

ACTUARY GIVES FIGURES

ENTIRE DAY OF EXAMINATION TAKEN UP BY OFFICIAL OF THE MUTUAL.

New York, Oct. 26.—More startling than the testimony before the legislative committee investigating the methods of insurance companies yesterday was the announcement by President Richard A. McCurdy of the Mutual Life Insurance company that a committee of the board of trustees of his company had been appointed to investigate the company and its methods.

The members of the committee are William H. Truesdale, Effingham B. Morris and John W. Auchincloss, all prominent in the financial and business world. This action was taken at a meeting of the board and was the result of the insurance investigation. The matter was brought before the board by President McCurdy.

The committee will begin its work at once.

Morton Makes Statement.

Still another interesting development in insurance matters was the statement issued by President Morton of the Equitable Life showing that the receipts of that company for the nine months of this year exceeded the expenditures by $16,723,197, an increase of over $500,000 as compared with the same period last year. Receipts from premiums on policies for the third quarter this year were over $1,000,000 less than in 1904. The expenses of the third quarter of this year were $839,913 less than last year, but for the first six months there was an increase over last year of $424,943.

After an entire day given over to the examination of Emory McClintock, actuary of the Mutual, and to the reading of column after column of figures, the legislative committee adjourned until Nov. 8, the day after the municipal elections. This extended adjournment was taken to enable the members of the committee who are candidates for re-election to the assembly to meet their constituencies and conduct their campaigns.

Testimony Is Technical.

The testimony of Mr. McClintock was of a technical nature. A number of his explanations brought out the fact that his ideas were in many respects at variance with the established methods of insurance companies, and that of his own in particular. This was especially apparent when the subject of deferred dividend policies was inquired into.

He said the word "deferred" was ambiguous and misleading, as it implied that dividends were accumulating or were paid at the end of each year. The company, he said, reserved the right, when it wrote a policy to say what amount should be apportioned at the end of each dividend period.

Mr. McClintock also said he was strongly in favor of limiting the amount of business a company should write. He also thought that a law compelling the declaration of dividends at stated periods would be unwise.

OUT OF THE RUNNING.

Marquette High School Team Forced to Cancel Football Games.

Marquette, Mich., Oct. 26.—The members of the Marquette High school foot ball team suspended for truancy have been allowed to resume their studies, but have been recorded as having failed in their work for a month. This serves to cancel scheduled games and puts the team out of the running for peninsular championship.

KILLED BY TREES.

Three Victims of Falling Timber Slain Within a Week.

Marquette, Mich., Oct. 26.—While engaged in cutting timber, M. H. Low, aged 18, living at Hessel, Chippewa county, was instantly killed by a falling tree. It was the third similar fatality in the upper peninsula within a week. The other victims were John Schriber of Harbor Beach, killed in Luce county, and Mrs. B. C. Bartlett of Daggett, killed in Menominee county.

Nine Men Injured.

Ironton, Ohio, Oct. 26.—Nine men were seriously injured in an explosion at the Martin Iron and Steel company's plant last evening. The explosion was caused by gas accumulating under the iron in the cupola.

No Birds on Bay State Hats.

Boston, Oct. 26.—The Massachusetts game commissioners have sent warnings to local milliners against the use of plumage of any birds in decorating hats. The commission declares its intention of enforcing the law.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

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S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

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Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Oct. 28, 1905.

Unfortunate Russia is now called on to put down a small revolution and a few strikes.

So far this week no new man has been brought out as a republican candidate for governor.

Federal aid for draining the big swamps seems to be the cry just now and it may lead to the northern part of the state being drained and then settled.

Thief River Falls, East Grand Forks and Bemidji are having troubles of their own this fall as each town will pull off a city election next month.

Dr. A. A. Ames announces that he has a notion to run for mayor of Minneapolis again. The Doctor is making a mistake, it is the life insurance business that he is qualified for, not politics.

President Roosevelt is touring in the south this week with a special train and it is stated that he paid six thousand dollars for his railroad accommodations. This is a precedent that the politicians will not like to follow.

Thomas W. Lawson is trying to secure enough proxies from policyholders to secure control of the N. Y. Life and N. Y. Mutual. He certainly could not do any worse and might do a lot of good. The old gang ought to get out—and go to jail.

Northome Record: The Itasca county poor farm, which is said to have been purchased in the interest of private interests, rather than that of the county, shows signs of becoming valuable iron property. A prospecting firm has already offered the county $40,000.00 for the property. If a few more valuable blunders like this can be stirred up out of the corruptness of old boards, perhaps we will be able to macadamize all of our country roads and leave a little velvet at the county seat.

Roseau Region: The wholesale prosecutions of retail dealers in the Twin Cities for violation of the pure food law, where the really guilty parties are the wholesalers, is not encouraged by Municipal Judge Smith of Minneapolis. The Judge has declared from the bench that he would not countenance such prosecutions. He quietly enquired why it was that the wholesalers were not prosecuted. Not receiving any satisfactory reply, he was led to make a few remarks, among others what is above stated. The Judge shows commendable common sense in the position he takes, but it might be suggested, pertinently we think, that these wholesalers are the particular friends of Governor Johnson, had a very great deal to do with his success, and it is hardly expected that the governor's subordinates would dare to prosecute the governor's friends. The wholesalers should be prosecuted vigorously for selling to retailers adulterated or impure foods, but it is manifestly unfair to prosecute the retailer, and let free the actually guilty parties.

Antarctic Penguins.

Some of the penguins in the antarctic regions weigh as much as eighty pounds and are about four feet high, with a splendid orange patch on the neck. The young take three years to develop fully, and even then the plumage is distinctly less brilliant than in the older birds. Both the movements and migration of the penguins are remarkable. When first followed the bird prefers to walk, but when in danger of being caught it drops on to its abdomen and with the help of the wings glissades at a pace too great to be overtaken by a man walking. They seem aware of the movements of the great ice fields and use them to help their migration to the pack ice in the north. They take trouble to collect stones, which they delight to steal from one another's piles, for nests.

Many of the ways of the penguins are suggestive of preserved instincts. Their attitude when sleeping is modeled on that of birds with fully developed wings. But the penguin has to be content with reaching the shelter of his wing with no more than the tip of his beak.

—Buy your winter clothing at the Eagle Clothing Co., next door to city hall, Thief River Falls.

A Vegetable Caterpillar.

In New Zealand and Australia they have an animal vegetable oddity which cannot be equaled by any other animate or inanimate object upon the earth's surface. It is the queerest of the many antipodean wonders and paradoxes and for the want of a better name has been called the "bulrush caterpillar" or "vegetable worm." The native Tasmanian name for the oddity is aweto-hotete. The aboveground portion of this vegetable worm is a fungus of the order sphaeria, which grows to a height of six or eight inches. When pulled up by the root this fungus is found to consist of a large caterpillar, showing head, segments and breathing holes—every detail of the grub being perfectly preserved. On examination the interior of the caterpillar is found to be composed of a "punky" looking substance, really the root of the fungus, which has cremated every fiber of what was once a living, breathing creature's anatomy. In all the instances which Buckland records, the sphaeria had made its attack in the fold of skin between the second and third segments of the caterpillar and had replaced all the animal substance of the creature's body with a hard brown vegetable growth resembling the fungoid growths on blackberry and other vines.

Veils In Churches.

During the tenth century no woman was allowed to appear at church without a veil. It had to be a real veil, too, covering and concealing the features in order that the prayers and meditations of the men might not be disturbed by the contemplation of feminine loveliness. There was a tradition that the origin of the custom was in an order from a great French saint. When a young man he met a little girl with features so noble and beautiful that, although he was many years her senior, he immediately fell in love with her because she resembled a young lady to whom he had been engaged years before, but who died in his arms. The man and the child separated, and he became a priest. Many years later he saw her in the congregation just as he was entering the pulpit to preach, and the sight disturbed him to such an extent that his sermon was a failure, and he ordered all the women thenceforth to wear veils.

Birds In Attack.

Birds display great skill and cunning in the chase, the attack and in guarding themselves from injury during the struggle for supremacy. The secretary bird is the inveterate enemy and untiring pursuer of the snake. All sorts, even the most venomous, he hunts with a zest that is at once interesting and amusing. The snake flees from its foe, who follows, watching every opportunity for a blow. When the reptile turns the bird uses one of his wings as a shield and strikes with his foot. The snake buries its fangs in the wing, but leaves the poison in the plumage, and the bird escapes unhurt. Repeated blows from the powerful claw confuse and disable the snake, and at last it falls, to be at once dispatched by thrusts of the sharp beak into its head. The bird then tosses his victim into the air and, catching it as it falls, swallows it.

England's First Organ.

Elfeg, bishop of Winchester during the reign of Alfred the Great, is reputed to have procured an organ for his cathedral. It was the largest instrument then known, having 400 pipes divided among ten keys, supplied by wind from twenty-six pairs of bellows and requiring the services of no fewer than seventy blowers. Judging from this, the Winchester organ either came from Germany or was built upon a German model, for in that country, until much later, the wind was provided by a species of treadmill arrangement whereon the blowers gripped a bar, each working two pairs of bellows, like those of our smiths, with their feet.—London Queen.

Splitting Paper.

Very often it is worth knowing how to split a sheet of paper. Suppose you had an article which was printed on both sides and you desired to paste it in your scrapbook. You would paste it between two sheets of stout paper and, when nearly dry, draw these apart. You will have half of the printed sheet on each, and by the use of moisture you can readily detach them.

Three of Them.

One word in the English language in which the vowels occur in regular sequence is "facetious." Is there another?—Rochester Post-Express.

Ever hear of the word "abstemious?"—Cleveland Leader.

What is the matter with "arsenious?"—New York Tribune.

Autobiographies.

All autobiographies are lies. No man is bad enough to tell the truth about himself during his lifetime, and no man is good enough to tell the truth to posterity in a document which he suppresses until there is nobody left alive to contradict him.—George Bernard Shaw.

Woke Him Up.

Bashful Beaumont—Er—I—er—dreamt I—er—kissed you last night. What's that a sign of?

Modest Maiden—Well, it's a sign that you're more sensible asleep than awake.

They Fall Short.

Foreigner—Are the earnings of your household servants large as a rule?

American—No; not nearly so large as their pay.—Pittsburg Post.

He who knows only his own side of the case knows little of that.—Mill.

Cattle Sale, Fargo.

The Great Northern railway will sell tickets at one and one-third fares for the round trip on account of sale of blooded cattle and swine to be held at Fargo under the auspices of the North Dakota Agricultural College. Tickets will be on sale Nov. 7th, final return limit November 9th.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

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Perfect in quality.
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Creamery is Paying Proposition.

Crookston Times (Wednesday): G. L. Austin, manager and buttermaker of the St. Hilaire creamery, famous throughout the northwest for the excellence of its product, came in last evening on his way to Fergus Falls, his old home, where he will be the guest of friends during the coming week or more. Mr. Austin reports the business done in his plant at St. Hilaire during the past summer as most satisfactory. $25,000 has been paid out to the farmers of that section in hard cash for cream and the product of the creamery has commanded a premium of 1 and 1-4 cents in the New York market to which the greater portion has been shipped. 2,500 pounds was the largest day's churning and that amount was turned out by the machines upon several occasions during the twelve hours. An enlargement to the plant is under consideration at this time.

Steenerson Back From South.

Crookston Journal (Monday): Hon. Halvor Steenerson returned yesterday morning from the long jaunt, which a party composed of several members of Congress took through the southwest. The object of the trip was to look into the statehood rights of the territories of Arizona and New Mexico so as to be able to act intelligently when the statehood bill comes up at the next session of the house. Mr. Steenerson reports a very delightful as well as instructive trip. The party was composed of about twenty congressmen from different parts of the country and they learned a great deal about conditions in that section. Mr. Steenerson left this morning for Red Lake Falls where he will attend the Buse vs. First State Bank case at that place.

A New Bicycle.

A novel bicycle has been built in London which has been pronounced as comfortable "as a rocking chair," and which shows remarkable mechanical ingenuity. It has a chair-like antivibration saddle which affords wonderful relief to a tired back. The rear wheel is about the standard size, but the front is about half this size, and the handle bars are almost directly under the saddle. The steering gear is under perfect control and allows a low diamond-frame wheel that ladies may mount and ride with ease. We are not trying to induce you to order one of these wheels, but to urge you to order a case of golden grain belt beer. It is the ideal family beverage. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

California or Florida.

It is time to plan your winter vacation. Early arrangements secure the best accommodations. Choice of routes via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway to California or to Florida, combined with low rates, make the trip to either resort a most attractive one. A postal will bring complete information about rates, train service and resorts, free and by return mail. Address W. B. Dixon, N. W. P. A., St. Paul, Minn. n11

Cash Register for Sale.

A "National" cash register, cost $250, used only one year, in good condition; has two rows keys, total adder, registers from 5 cents up to $7.00; will be sold at a bargain. Call at the office of ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

—Men's $10.00 and $12.00 overcoats for $5.00 at Eagle Clothing Co., next door to city hall, Thief River Falls.

—Ladies' winter jackets for $1.29 at Eagle Clothing Co., Thief River Falls, next door to city hall.

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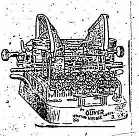

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9:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
9:55 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
10:20am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar	Wylie	Lv 10:45am

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K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
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Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. DUNTLEY, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
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THE LOCAL NEWS

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

It has tried hard to snow this week but has not succeeded very well.

Geo. L. Austin returned yesterday from a short trip to Fergus Falls.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Mrs. O. F. Post, who has been ill for the past week, is greatly improved in health.

Reuben Sargent came up from Crookston and spent Sunday with his mother.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Dr. V. Pleth, of Crookston, was a visitor here yesterday on professional business.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur has been suffering from a severe attack of quinsy the past week.

Mrs. George Hughes went up to Thief River Falls last Wednesday for a short visit.

Mrs. R. H. Duntley made a short business trip to Red Lake Falls last Monday evening.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

We learn that A. F. Lang has started a restaurant at Calvin, one of the new North Dakota towns.

The Ladies Aid of the M. E. church will meet next Thursday at the home of Mrs. R. H. Aimer.

—Shoes at ½ regular cost at the Eagle Clothing Co., next door to city hall, Thief River Falls.

Some fool weather prophet predicted that October would be a stormy month, and, well, it made good.

E. M. Hoff is adding to his improvements on his store this week by putting in new doors in the front.

A Hallowe'en social will be held at the M. E. church next Tuesday evening. Everybody cordially invited.

Wiley Tindolph, the hustling real estate man of Thief River Falls, was a visitor here last Wednesday.

Mrs. C. E. Higbie returned from Crookston on Wednesday, where she had been to see her husband.

Andrew Letvig and J. J. Soll were down Wylie way the first of the week looking up the duck question.

There will be services at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Alex Sand, pastor.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on Friday and Saturday, Nov. 3 and 4.

Services in the Swedish Mission church Sunday at 10:30 a.m. All are cordially invited. L. W. Nordhus, pastor.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Pleth came over from Plummer last Tuesday and spent the day calling on their many friends here.

Nearly one-half of the threshing in this vicinity is yet to be done, is what those who are posted on the situation claim.

Manager E. R. Evans and family have moved into the company house on Water street, recently occupied by the Pettibone's.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Mrs. H. O. Jackson and Mrs. Herman Nelson returned last Wednesday from Grafton, N. D., where they had been spending a couple of weeks visiting relatives.

Girls, if you want red lips, laughing eyes, sweet breath and good looks, use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. The greatest beautifier known. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Miss Mabel Aimer and Alton Jackson were the prize winners for the most appropriate costumes at the "hard times" party given by Miss Annie Haakinson last Friday evening.

Coming, Nov. 1st, the famous comedians, singers and dancers, Bob & Eva McGinley's New Comedy Co., that has pleased thousands annually (well known here) and Miss Lezette Hoskins, the Chicago vaudeville singer and dancer, will be an extra attraction this season. The young lady is also a novelty trick pianist and Mr. Claude Woods, musical artist and vocalist. Secure your seats now.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

I. Dahlen went out to his reservation claim last Tuesday with a load of material and will fix up his house for winter. He took John Winkler along to sing while he did the work.

There will be a Farmers Institute in St. Hilaire on November 24. We have not further particulars at present but will publish the program later. Farmers should make point of attending.

Miss Catharine Whaley entertained a number of her friends last Saturday evening with a cape party. Miss Olga Hoff carried home head prize and Miss Blanche Gebott the booby prize.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the United Norwegian Lutheran church will have an auction to-night in their church on Water street, after which a supper will be served. All are cordially invited to attend.

A chimney on John Forseen's shoe store building commenced to burn out yesterday morning about eight o'clock. Some one rang the fire bell and the department turned out but were not needed.

Indigestion, constipation, dyspepsia; kidney and liver disorders, and all stomach troubles positively cures by using Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Company.

The Thief River Falls football eleven were here last Sunday on their way home from Red Lake Falls, where they played a game on Saturday and got the wrong end of an 85 to 0 game. Bro. Sam Clark had better take that bunch in charge.

Rev. Gliman wishes us to announce that the quarterly meeting of the M. E. church will be held this evening at 7:30 and that the presiding elder, Dr. Doods will occupy the pulpit on Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, when communion service will be held.

The farmer's threshing rig passed through town yesterday to finish up some work south of town. They have had a very successful season and all but three of the owners have finished their threshing. They all appear to be well pleased with their investment.

M. J. Lindahl has sold his jewelry business to Robert Swenson and will leave here next Tuesday for Eugene, Oregon. Mr. Lindahl has not decided where he will locate but expects to find a place somewhere in Oregon. His family will stay here until he finds a location.

It makes no difference how long you have been sick, if you are troubled with indigestion, constipation, liver and kidney troubles, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

While nothing definite has been announced it is persistently rumored that extensive improvements will be made at the saw mill this winter. It is claimed that the re-saw is not giving the satisfaction that was expected and that it be replaced by either a pony gang or another band.

Daniel Patterson went down to Red Lake Falls last Monday to join Otto Zaiser and Gilbert Haavi who were appointed as viewers for a couple of proposed county ditches in Gervais and Black River. They finished their work late Thursday evening, Mr. Patterson returning home yesterday.

The freight engine struck a bad piece of track on the planer spur last Saturday night and the rails spread, throwing the engine off the track. The passenger engine tried to pull it on but did not have weight enough and the engine that lays over at Greenbush was sent for. They got away about midnight.

DIED:—On Friday morning, October 27th, 1905, Catherine Susan, only child of Mr. and Mrs. Norman E. Beebe, aged 4 years, 1 month and 8 days. The sympathy of the entire community is extended to Mr. and Mrs. Beebe in this their hour of bereavement. The funeral will take place at Crookston to-morrow.

James Sutor, county commissioner of the first district will, it is rumored, soon resign his office as he intends moving west. Mr. Sutor has been a commissioner since the county was organized. His successor will be chosen by the chairmen of the townships of Black River, Polk Centre, Louisville, Bray and Numedal.

Carl Fredrik Anderson, one of the first settlers in Bray township, died of pneumonia at his home on Oct. 13th, at the age of 49 years, 5 months and 14 days. Mr. Anderson was born in Ljusnarsberg, Sweden, in 1856, came to America in 1880, and to Red Lake county in 1882. He leaves a wife and ten children. The funeral was conducted last Sunday by Rev. Alex Sand.

Coming, the famous comedians, Bob & Eva McGinley's Comedy company and Miss Lezette Hoskins the Chicago vaudeville star, singer and dances. Illustrated songs. The young lady is an extra attraction and Mr. Claude Woods, the young Indiana musical artist and vocalist, actor, etc., and Bob & Eva McGinley are well known from Maine to California and will be here Nov. 1st.

Elsa Mathilda Carlson, aged 5 years, 9 months, 4 days, the only girl of Mr. and Mrs. John Carlson, residing on Water street, died on Oct. 23rd, after having been sick with kidney trouble since Oct. 6th. The funeral was conducted from the Swedish Lutheran church by Rev. Alex Sand on Oct. 24th. Mr. and Mrs. Carlson wish to express their hearty thanks through the SPECTATOR to all those who kindly assisted them during the sickness and after the death of their beloved child.

—Buy your winter clothing at the Eagle Clothing Co., next door to city hall, Thief River Falls.

For refreshments call at Number 488

Schools Get State Money.

The school apportionment fund has been received by County Treasurer Hansen this week. The regular per capita apportionment amounts to $8,070.70, being $2.30 for each pupil in the county attending schools an average of forty days during the past year. Out of this fund the city of Red Lake Falls gets $1,251.80, Thief River Falls, $1,903.40 and St. Hilaire, $549.70.

There are also several sums apportioned to the various high and graded schools of the county. Red Lake Falls city gets $1,495, Thief River Falls, $1,375, and St. Hilaire, $525. District 79, Terrebonne township, a semi-graded school, gets $240. Of the first class rural school districts, No. 1, Wylie, will receive $114, and district 81, Terrebonne, $81. Three second class rural schools get $37 each, as follows: District No. 27, Lake Pleasant; district No. 62, Red Lake Falls township, and district No. 112, Gervais. Owing to the appropriation being insufficient the full amounts to which these districts are entitled, but the deficiency will be taken care of by the next appropriation.

Meehan is Now Landlord.

James Meehan, Jr., last week assumed control of the Coleman House at Thief River Falls and is now the landlord of that institution, says the News. Landlord Coleman, who had been proprietor of the house since its opening, did not have a sufficient amount of capital to run an institution of this kind and it early became apparent that he could not make a success of it. Mr. Meehan owns the building and is now building an addition which will double the size of the hotel. He is undecided as to whether he will continue to conduct the hotel or lease it to some responsible party and has had several good offers. The hotel, however, is a good paying proposition and Mr. Meehan says he is in no rush to dispose of it.

For a man without funds, Mr. Coleman ran a swell hotel for the short time he conducted it, but has left quite a small army of creditors. It is said that all the capital he had was $100, which he borrowed from a local business man.

Minnesota-Wisconsin Football Game.

On account of the Minnesota-Wisconsin football game at Minneapolis, November 4th, the Great Northern Railway will sell tickets at the rate of one fare plus 50 cents for the round trip. Tickets on sale Nov. 3rd and for all trains arriving in the twin cities not later than 3 p. m. November 4th, final return limit, Nov. 6th. Ask your local agent for further particulars.

District Court.

District court convened at Red Lake Falls last Monday, Judge William Watts presiding. Only one case was tried, that of Ernest Buse vs. the First State Bank of Red Lake Falls. The court adjourned on Tuesday to meet November 13, when a grand and petit jury will be called. It is not thought that the term will be a long one.

Notice to Shareholders.

A special meeting of the shareholders of St. Hilaire Creamery association will be held in the village hall at St. Hilaire on Monday, the 6th day of November, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of deciding whether or not to enlarge the creamery plant, etc. Be sure to attend. This is a matter of great importance to you.

N. A. NELSON, Secretary.

Auction Social.

There will be an auction and social at the residence of H. J. Hanson, in Rocksbury, on Saturday evening, Nov. 11th. Proceeds for the benefit of the Mission church. All are cordially invited to attend.

For Sale.

Two-chair barber outfit, complete with bath tub, at a bargain. Inquire of M. McAndress, St. Hilaire, Minn.

Crookston Journal: L. P. Stranahan, formerly of this city, is engaged in the hotel business at Bisbee, N. D., and from reports is doing nicely over west. He was out on the road for a long period and made this city his home for several years. From reports brought in by his friends he is doing nicely at Bisbee a hustling town in the midst of a fertile grain country and likes his location very much.

—Shoes at half regular cost at the Eagle Clothing Co., next door to city hall, Thief River Falls.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

RAPP & POST'S QUOTATIONS

18 pounds Sugar	$1.00
Sugar, per 100 pounds	$5.35
Kerosine Oil, per gallon	15 c
Tomatoes, per can	10 c
Corn, 3 cans for	25 c
Evaporated Apricots, per lb	12½c
" Apples per lb	10 c
" Peaches per lb	12½c
" Pears per lb	15 c
Best Plums, per pound	8 c
Cleaned Currants, 3 lbs for	25 c
Gloss Starch, per package	10 c
Celluloid Starch, 3 pkgs for	25 c
Three 10c boxes Snuff for	25 c
25 pounds Corn meal for	60 c
Rice, per pound	5 c
Soda Crackers, by the pound	8 c
" " by the box per lb	7 c
Fine Cookies, by the pound	10 c
" " by the box per lb	9 c
No. 1 Lipton's Tea, per lb	60 c
No. 3 Lipton's Tea, per lb	45 c

Japan Teas, 20c, 35c and 50c per lb.
Try our 15c, 18c and 20c Chase & Sanborn Coffees.
Other goods at prices in proportion.

RAPP & POST

McMURRAY'S VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

Wylie Putting up Game Fight.

Crookston Times: Attorney General E. Young has commenced proceedings in district court to restrain the Great Northern Railway company from tearing up its lines between Shirley and St. Hilaire, and County Attorney Germo, of Red Lake county, has been instructed to secure the necessary affidavits and serve subpoenas on the officials of the road.

It is the Attorney General's intention to have the hearing at the October term but it is doubtful if the service of the papers can be arranged by that time. However, if Judge Watts, of this city is of the opinion that the case has merit, a temporary restraining order can be issued and the work of tearing up the ten mile stretch of track which is now in progress, be stopped. The action of the Attorney General follows the demand made by the people of Wylie some time ago to the State Railroad and Warehouse commission that the Wylie road be maintained, and that the issuance of an order by that body requiring the railroad to maintain train service, but not compelling them to maintain the road from Shirley to Wylie. The road proposes to tear up the track and back its trains down from St. Hilaire, in order to comply with the warehouse commission order. This Wylie people believe is but a slow and sure means of killing the town and country, as the railroad and warehouse commission will not have the power to compel the road to keep open train service after such time as it ceases to be profitable. Wylie people maintain that the one object of the road is to kill the town and cut out the track entirely.

The questions of law involved in the action started by Attorney General Douglas are very peculiar and might be considered as "fine points" of railroad law. At the hearing in St. Paul some weeks ago, one of the members of the railroad and warehouse commission ruled that the railroad could be made to maintain train service so long as the track was in place, but that the board had no power to prevent the road from tearing up the rails if it saw fit. The points raised in the case will determine a number of much "mooted" questions in railroad law, and will be watched with interest by people of Northern Minnesota, and in fact the entire state. The Wylie line is one of the oldest in this section, having been built some twenty years ago, and at that time tapping one of the most fertile sections of the Red River valley. Recently the Great Northern changed its route to Thief River Falls via Tilden and the Northern Pacific road and has been endeavoring since that time to shut off the old line, despite the opposition of the farmers and residents of Wylie and vicinity who have fought the matter at every hand's turn.

Congressman Steenerson of this city is the direct legal representative of the protesting farmers and people of Wylie and the case in the court during the October term promises to be a most interesting legal battle.

State Land Sale.

Red Lake Courier (Oct. 28): State Auditor Samuel G. Iverson and C. H. Warner, state immigration agent, assisted by County Auditor Ford and Treasurer Hansen, conducted a sale of the state school lands in Red Lake county at the court house this morning.

Out of about 10,000 acres offered, approximately 4,000 acres were sold, the average price being close to $9.00. The highest price paid was $15 for a forty in section 16, Garnes, Samuel Varstad being the purchaser. John Peterson paid $14.25 for a quarter in Lambert. None was sold at less than $6.00. The cash proceeds of the sale were $3,500.

Messrs. Iverson and Warner left for Roseau, where they hold another sale Saturday.

Indians Get Money.

Major Scott, of Onigum, is at Red Lake this week where the regular annuity payment commenced last Monday.

In addition to the regular annuity payment the Indians will receive part pay for the stumpage sold at a sale conducted by the government in 1903. In all there will be about $40,000 distributed among the Indians. Of this amount $7,875 is the regular annuity and approximately $31,000 is the partial stumpage payment. Each man, woman and child on the reservation will receive as their regular annuity $5.25 and a little over $20 for the stumpage sale. Thus, the total for each Indian will be between $25 and $27.

Rates for Foot Ball Game.

On account of the foot ball game between North Dakota Agricultural College and the University of North Dakota on November 18th at Fargo, the Great Northern Railway will make a rate of one and one-third fares for the round trip. Date of sale Nov. 17th and for trains arriving in Fargo before noon of the 18th, final return limit Nov. 20th. Ask your local agent for full particulars.

Get a Life Scholarship Free.

Have a disinterested bookkeeper and stenographer examine the different business colleges in our field, and if he does not find that ours is by far the best, we will give you a life scholarship for nothing. Catalog for the asking.

QUEEN CITY BUSINESS COLLEGE,
Crookston, Minn.

—Ladies' winter jackets for $1.29 at Eagle Clothing Co., Thief River Falls, next door to city hall.

RAPP & POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

The Pedestal of Honor

is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.

Ladies' Shoes

like ours are not to be found in every store.

FIRE INSURANCE
—is a—
BUSINESS PRECAUTION

That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.

When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class.

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HARRY E. IVES.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS
NOW ARRIVING.

We are getting in daily our Fall and Winter Stock of.....

Dry Goods :: Dress Goods
Boots and Shoes
and Heavy Winter Goods

AND INVITE YOUR INSPECTION

WE CAN QUOTE YOU PRICES EQUAL TO THE LOWEST

Call early and see our Stock of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods

E. M. HOFF.

$34.90 To California ......

DAILY UNTIL OCTOBER 31ST

Through tourist cars every Tuesday morning 8:20 a. m., arriving Los Angeles 8:25 a.m., San Francisco 6:35 p. m., following Saturday. Double berth $6.75 via

THE SUNSHINE ROUTE

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway and Santa Fe Route

TICKETS: 365 Robert Street, St. Paul.
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W. B. DIXON, N. W. P. A., ST. PAUL, MINN.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, - - - - MINNESOTA

MRS. EMMA FLEISSNER

Suffered Over Two Years—Health Was in a Precarious Condition—Caused By Pelvic Catarrh.

HEALTH AND STRENGTH RESTORED BY PE-RU-NA.

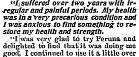
Mrs. Emma Fleissner, 1412 Sixth Ave., Seattle, Wash., Worthy Treasurer Sons of Temperance, writes:

"I suffered over two years with irregular and painful periods. My health was in a very precarious condition and I was anxious to find something to restore my health and strength.

"I was very glad to try Peruna and delighted to find that it was doing me good. I continued to use it a little over three months and found my troubles removed.

"I consider it a splendid medicine and shall never be without it, taking a dose occasionally when I feel run-down and tired."

Our files contain thousands of testimonials which Dr. Hartman has received from grateful, happy women who have been restored to health by his remedy, Peruna.



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Two centuries of patient and conscientious effort to produce the best Saws in the world.

Ten generations of blood and brains.

The largest plant in the world exclusively devoted to saw-making, employing many hundreds of high-class, high-priced craftsmen and equipped with costly special machinery.

A world-wide business aggregating many millions of dollars every year.

A reputation built up through two centuries of steady growth, valued more highly than any other asset of this great institution.

The guaranty of this Company, which is respected the world over.

We make all types and sizes of saws, but only one grade—the best.

Atkins Saws, Corn Knives, Perfection Floor Scrapers, etc., are sold by all good hardware dealers. Catalogue on request.

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Largest Saw Manufacturers in the World.

Factory and Executive Offices, Indianapolis, Indiana. BRANCHES: New York, Chicago, Minneapolis, Portland, (Oregon), Seattle, San Francisco, Memphis, Atlanta and Toronto, (Canada).

Accept no Substitute—Insist on the Atkins Brand

SOLD BY GOOD DEALERS EVERYWHERE

Western Life Indemnity Co.

The Policy Holders' Committee at No. 67 Jackson Blvd., Chicago, will give complete information about the expenditure of $200,000 of company funds as commissions to Mr. Rosenfeld for the purchase of Life Insurance Company of Pennsylvania business made on or about February 20th, 1905, and the expenditure of $200,000 on September 20th, 1905, to purchase 3,000 shares of stock in the Security Life and Annuity Company, (par value $10 per share.) Mr. Moulton, Mr. Rosenfeld and Mr. Moore, the Executive Committee, are now cited by Judge Kohlsaat to show cause why they should not be punished for contempt in making the last transaction. Make inquiry at once. HERVEY B. HICKS. Chairman.

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THE SANITARY WALL COATING

A Rock Cement in white and beautiful tints. Does not rub or scale. Destroys disease germs and vermin. No washing of walls after once applied. Any one can brush it on—mix with cold water. Other finishes, bearing fanciful names and mixed with either hot or cold water, do not have the cementing property of Alabastine. They are stuck on with glue, or other animal matter, which rots, feeding disease germs, rubbing, scaling and spoiling walls, clothing, etc. Such Finishes must be washed off every year—expensive, filthy work. Buy Alabastine only in five pound packages, properly labeled. Tint card, pretty wall and ceiling design, "Hints on Decorating" and our artists' services in making color plans, free.

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Ten Times All Others Combined.

Save $10.- per Cow Every Year of Use over all Gravity Setting Systems and $5.- per Cow over all Imitating Separators.

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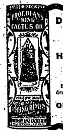


DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL

HEALS WITHOUT A SCAR

Sent prepaid for $1.17 if your druggist cannot supply you.

OLNEY & McDAID, Clinton, Iowa.

MEET END WITH JEST

PATIENTS IN CONSUMPTION CAMP LAUGH AT DEATH.

Inmate Cured by the Treatment Declares His Associates Were the Most Hilarious Crowd He Ever Mixed With.

At Liberty Falls, in Sullivan county, is an outdoor station for "lungers," which is patronized by several hundred persons. The patients, when under cover at all, are beneath canvas, and each one has a small tent to which he retreats in case of rain or snow, or when, as more frequently happens, his condition renders it impossible for him to arise. When this stage arrives they go to bed in the tent awaiting death.

A racing writer of international reputation has been a patient there for nearly a year. He went at a time that consumption had not fully developed in his case, and the other day he returned to the city on a visit, looking like an Indian, the sun having burned his skin to a deep copper color. He said the community was the most hilarious he had ever associated with, and that while more than fifty per cent of the people there were marked for death, having come too late to receive any benefit for the outdoor treatment they were the happiest body of men and women in the world. They find cause for laughter in everything, and the ludicrous side of any subject always appeals to them first, and their appreciation of it is hung on a hair trigger.

"Even death itself furnishes the subject for a pathetic jest," said the returned patient. "The reason is that the outdoor life awakens their spirits, even when it cannot restore the health that is wrecked beyond all help. A case happened the other day. A fellow died in his tent, which was the last one in the row. In accordance with custom, the body was left till night, so that its removal might not be witnessed by the community. In the opposite tent was another poor fellow in the last stages of the disease. When the attendants came to remove the body of the dead man they entered the wrong tent and began to dispose of the living.

"'Wait a little,' he whispered; 'it doesn't matter much—only a few hours. First come, first served. The chap across the way is the dead one. Lay him out—then come back. I'll be ready for you. Good joke on you! Good night.'

"When they came in the morning he, too, was dead, with a smile on his lips, and the whole colony was finding mirth in the gruesome story.

What He Meant.

Mr. Griggsfield was a man who meant well, but was unfortunately addicted to the habit of saying the wrong thing at all times and in all circumstances. An acquaintance of his had suffered severe injuries in a railway wreck, including a broken nose, the loss of three or four teeth, and a gash across one of his cheeks; but his hurts were not serious, and he was soon on the street again, somewhat disfigured, but in good working order.

One of the first men to greet him after his recovery was Mr. Griggsfield, who grasped him cordially by the hand and exclaimed:

"Hello, Williams! I understand you have been pretty badly hurt. I am glad to see you so much improved."

Later, when he reflected upon it, he understood why Mr. Williams responded to this greeting with such a queer smile.—Youth's Companion.

Some of John Bull's Expenses.

An idea of the cost of running a great nation may be gained from the statement that England's balance sheet for the last fiscal year shows an expenditure of considerably more than three-quarters of a billion dollars. The exact amount was £151,769,000. To meet this revenues were raised amounting to £153,707,000, leaving a surplus on hand of £1,938,000. Of this vast expenditure £66,200,000 went to the army and navy, £924,000 for dispensing justice and £15,161,000 was spent on education. There is one entry under expenditures which reveals the magnitude of the empire's business. It is that for "stationery and printing," and shows that three-quarters of a million pounds was expended on this item alone during the past year.—Leslie's Weekly.

Death.

So come we all of us at last to sleep
Like children wearied of their play.
Within our narrow beds of earth we creep
Unmindful of the garish day.

The night is long and rest is dear and sweet,
When all our troubled ways are run.
The chains of slumber bind us, hands and feet,
When life's brief comedy is done.

Oh, dusk and dark; oh, night and endless sleep
And quiet after all the noise;
And there they make us neither smile nor weep,
These paltry little earthly toys.

So come we all of us at last to lie
Where daisied grasses softly wave,
Where death sings life a soothing lullaby
And we find rest within the grave.
—Chicago Chronicle.

British Fox-Hunters Gloomy.

Old-time hunters in Great Britain complain that fox hunting is no longer the sport it was because the foxes are treated too artificially. Instead of being allowed to roam at will in search of food Reynard is fed and fastened in a covert for months. When he comes to be hunted he knows little or nothing of the surrounding country and is too easily "pulled down."

Soldier's Medal for Professor.

The sultan of Turkey has conferred on Prof. Herman V. Hilprecht of Philadelphia the Order of the Golden Liakkat. The order was founded by Abdul Hamid in 1890 and the degree is usually conferred upon victorious Turkish generals for "valor and loyalty."

New Lens Is Superior.

A new glass described by Emile Touchet is very transparent to invisible chemical rays. In simultaneous photographs of part of the constellation Syra, a lens of this glass showed 619 stars, while one of ordinary Jena glass showed but 351.

Recommended by Prominent Physicians and Chemists

Calumet Baking Powder

Perfect in Quality
Economical in Use
Moderate in Price

Masculine Perversity.

Men are funny creatures to cater for. A woman will buy the things she wants, but a man will only buy the things he needs.—Tailor and Cutter.

TORTURING HUMOR.

Body a Mass of Sores—Treated by Three Doctors but Grew Worse —Cured by Cuticura for 75c.

"My little daughter was a mass of sores all over her body. Her face was eaten away and her ears looked as if they would drop off. I called in three doctors, but she grew worse. Neighbors advised Cuticura, and before I had used half of the cake of soap and the box of ointment the sores had all healed, and my little one's skin was as clear as a new-born babe's. I would not be without Cuticura again if it cost five dollars, instead of seventy-five cents, which is all it cost us to cure our baby. Mrs. G. J. Steese, 701 Coburn St., Akron, Ohio."

A woman generally gains her point, except when she tries to sharpen a pencil.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Joke on Jacob Riis.

Once in a Massachusetts town Jacob A. Riis was asked by a gaunt, funeral sort of a chap what he should say by way of introducing him to an assemblage. "Oh," replied Mr. Riis in a spirit of levity, "say anything you like. Say I am the most distinguished man in the country. They generally do." Whereupon his serious-minded friend marched upon the stage and calmly announced that he did not know this man Riis whom he was charged to introduce, and had never heard of him. "He tells," he went on with never a wink, "that he is the most distinguished citizen in the country. You can judge for yourselves when you have heard him."—Kansas City Journal.

THE BOSTON BAG EVIL.

Even the Men at the Hub Are Carrying Them Now.

"The Boston bag is a growing evil," said a man who has just returned from the Hub. "Formerly it was only the women who carried them, but now no Boston man is correctly equipped for the street who does not carry a bag. Every day in Boston I saw scores of business men carrying large green or blue broadcloth bags, exactly like those the women affect. They contain their books, papers, small packages, and on one occasion I saw a man dive into his bag for street car fare.

"Do you think you could hire a Kansas City man to do that?"

THE SECRET OF YOUTH.

De Soto looked for the secret of youth in a spring of gushing, life-giving waters, which he was sure he would find in the New World. Alchemists and sages (thousands of them), have spent their lives in quest for it, but it is only found by those happy people who can digest and assimilate the right food which keeps the physical body perfect that peace and comfort are the sure results.

A remarkable man of 94 says: "For many long years I suffered more or less with chronic costiveness and painful indigestion. This condition made life a great burden to me, as you may well imagine.

"Two years ago I began to use Grape-Nuts as food, and am thankful that I did. It has been a blessing to me in every way. I first noticed that it had restored my digestion. This was a great gain, but was nothing to compare in importance with the fact that in a short time my bowels were restored to free and normal action.

"The cure seemed to be complete; for two years I have had none of the old trouble. I use the Grape-Nuts food every morning for breakfast and frequently eat nothing else. The use has made me comfortable and happy, and although I will be 94 years old next fall, I have become strong and supple again, erect in figure and can walk with anybody, and enjoy it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. "There's a Reason."

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in every pkg.

DAIRY NOTES

Creamery Sewage.

We frequently notice in creamery papers reports of creameries having trouble with sewage. This sewage consists largely of refuse from milk vats and washings from the floors of the creamery. This contains a large amount of casein. When this putrifies it produces an odor that is as offensive as decaying animal matter. It is no wonder, therefore, that when this sewage is run off in almost open ditches through a settled community, it has been the cause of suits and injunctions against the creameries. There is no reason why the matter of sewage should make trouble if the latest scientific methods are known to the creamery manager. What is known as the septic tank system is proving a complete success everywhere. This consists in conveying the sewage through a perfectly tight pipe some hundreds of feet to a closed tank or vat, in which the material is almost stagnant for some hours. The capacity of the tank must be great enough so that the flow of water through it will be very slow. Cross planks are put in to impede the progress of the sewage. At the further end of this tank, at the bottom, is an orifice permitting the outflow of the clear water. If this tank is tight, what is known as anaerobic bacteria, that is, bacteria living without air, operate upon the scum that forms in the tank and entirely destroy the organic matter, changing it into gas. In this way everything is destroyed except the ash. Nothing putrifies, for the putrifactive bacteria are not present. Therefore no offensive smells are engendered. This sysetm is now being used in the sewage systems of 500 cities in Europe and America. It is equally suitable to creameries, cheese factories and farms. The procedure of its operation is so well known that any state experiment station can supply the required information. Every farmer that reads this paper, and every creamery manager, can make himself the possessor of the theories in practice in this matter, for the process itself is not patented, although some companies have been formed that claim to have patented certain methods in connection with it. It is safe to say, however, that none of these patents are essential to the operation of the system.—Elmer Ashton, Bureau Co., Ill., in Farmers' Review.

Best Pasture for Milch Cows.

By long experiment it has been learned that the best pasture for milch cows is that containing 8 or 10 varieties of grass. It is desirable that the grasses be of such a character that they will mature at different times from late spring to late fall. By having mixed grasses in the pasture a greater weight of herbage is obtained than when one kind of grass is used. When one kind only is used there is a flush period when it is approaching maturity, and after that the grass declines in succulence and does not thereafter produce the same luxuriant growth that it did at the first of the season. The practice of sowing timothy, clover and blue grass in the pasture is not to be commended. The clover soon dies out and very little of it remains after the third year. This applies, of course, to the permanent pasture. In the system of rotation, of which the pasture forms part, clover and timothy may well be used. In some parts of the country several varieties of blue grass are used as a foundation for pasturage. Kentucky blue grass and Canadian blue grass, though similar in name, are dissimilar in looks and habits of growth. These do not ripen at the same time. At the Missouri station are to be seen large pastures of blue grass in all their luxuriance, and in these pastures the Canadian and Kentucky varieties are the most prominent. The best pasture for milch cows is that pasture that produces a large amount of succulent feed throughout the growing season. Cows should not be compelled to wander over large areas to secure the food necessary to sustain themselves and manufacture milk.

The Weight of Milk.

Professor Van Norman of the Indiana Experiment Station says that one gallon of milk of average density weighs 8 pounds 9½ ounces. This will vary slightly according to the amount of cream in it. The greater the proportion of cream the less will be the weight, as cream is lighter than the milk. In the weighing of cream, the percentage of fat counts largely. If the cream contains 15 per cent of butter fat, it will weigh 8 pounds and 6 ounces. If it contains 35 per cent of fat, it will weigh 8 pounds 3 ounces; 40 per cent, 8 pounds and 1 ounce.

Milk for the City.

Any farmer engaged in supplying milk for the city should be as conscientious about it as he is about the milk produced for his own family. He should not use any kind of preservative, and should see that the milk is fresh when it leaves the farm. Mixing old milk and new milk results in a great increase of the bacterial content, as the temperature of the old milk is raised by the new. If the morning's milk and the night's milk are to be poured together for one delivery, the mixing should not be until after the temperature of the last milking has been reduced as low as possible.

The Old Breeds of Fowls.

Other things being equal, the old breeds of fowls are generally superior to the new ones, for the very reason that their characteristics are well fixed. Thus, the Dorking, the oldest fowl known to the western world, has its domestic instincts thoroughly established, though it lacks a little in the egg-producing power. The Langshans, centuries old, can be depended upon to give black birds of great hardiness, and of ability to produce larger numbers of eggs. The same is true of the original forms of the Brahmas and Leghorns. We should demand more in new breeds than mere changes in color of feather.

THE CHANGE OF LIFE

INTELLIGENTWOMEN PREPARE

Dangers and Pain of This Critical Period Avoided by the Use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. A. E. G. Hyland

How many women realize that the most critical period in a woman's existence is the change of life, and that the anxiety felt by women as this time draws near is not without reason?

If her system is in a deranged condition, or she is predisposed to apoplexy or congestion of any organ, it is at this time likely to become active and, with a host of nervous irritations, make life a burden.

At this time, also, cancers and tumors are more liable to begin their destructive work. Such warning symptoms as a sense of suffocation, hot flashes, dizziness, headache, dread of impending evil, sounds in the ears, timidity, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and inquietude are promptly heeded by intelligent women who are approaching the period of life when woman's great change may be expected.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the world's greatest remedy for women at this trying period, and may be relied upon to overcome all distressing symptoms and carry them safely through to a healthy and happy old age.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound invigorates and strengthens the female organism, and builds up the weakened nervous system as no other medicine can.

Mrs. A. E. G. Hyland, of Chestertown, Md., in a letter to Mrs. Pinkham, says:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I had been suffering with falling of the womb for years and was passing through the change of life. My womb was badly swollen. I had a good deal of soreness, dizzy spells, headaches, and was very nervous. I wrote you for advice and commenced treatment with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as you directed, and I am happy to say that all those distressing symptoms left me, and I have passed safely through the change of life a well woman."

For special advice regarding this important period, women are invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham for advice. It is free and always helpful.

A WATCH HIS ONLY WEAPON.

Alton B. Parker was talking at Esopus about graft.

"And the worst of it is," he said "that the typical grafter has, on detection, an injured air—an air of injured and reproachful innocence. He reminds me of the man who was accused of stealing a watch.

"The man pleaded not guilty; he even brought against the complainant a counter charge of assault. The latter, he declared, had assaulted him with a frying pan.

"Well, the case came into court and in the heat of cross-examination the man lost his head a little,

"'You dare to say,' shouted the cross-examiner, 'that my client attacked you with a frying pan?'

"'Yes, sir,' said the man, gulping nervously.

"Came at you with a frying pan, eh? And you—a big, strong fellow like you—had you nothing in your hand to defend yourself with?'

"'Only the watch, sir,' said the witness 'And what'—his voice was hurt, reproachful—'what's a watch against a frying pan?'"

Good News for All.

Bradford, Tenn., Oct. 23d.—(Special.)—Scientific research shows Kidney Trouble to be the father of so many diseases that news of a discovery of a sure cure for it cannot fail to be welcomed all over the country. And according to Mr. J. A. Davis of this place just such a cure is found in Dodd's Kidney Pills. Mr. Davis says:

"Dodd's Kidney Pills are all that is claimed for them. They have done me more good than anything I have ever taken. I had Kidney Trouble very bad and after taking a few boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills I am completely cured. I cannot praise them too much."

Kidney complaint develops into Bright's Disease, Dropsy, Diabetes, Rheumatism and other painful and fatal diseases. The safeguard is to cure your kidneys with Dodd's Kidney Pills when they show the first symptom of disease.

The professional humorist has no use for an editor who can't take a joke.

Brazil's Prize for Cancer Cure.

The Brazilian chamber of commerce has devoted the handsome sum of £400,000 as a prize to be given to the scientist who shall discover a really enduring method for the cure of cancer. An international committee is to be formed, consisting of two members of the Medical Academy in Rio Janeiro and of four eminent pathologists chosen from London, Paris and Rome. These six gentlemen will act as the jury in the case of awarding the prize.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c. per bottle. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Word Hunt.

Towne—You don't like Mr. and Mrs. Woodby Kulchert to call on you, eh? What's the matter? Do they stay too late?

Browne—It isn't that they stay so late, but they keep us up so late.

Towne—What? I don't understand—

Browne—Well, you see, after they leave it keeps us busy for an hour looking through the dictionary.—Philadelphia Press.

MANY KNOW THIS—DO YOU?

The following very interesting conversation between Mr. White, banker, and Mr. Walter Wellman, retired, two prominent citizens of the town, was recently overheard:

"I never buy patent medicine," said Mr. White. "When I feel the need of medical assistance I call our physician. I don't believe in taking a lot of stuff that I know nothing about. I know, however, that a great many do use it, and apparently with good results, but I am for getting a doctor every time."

"Your circumstances render this possible," replied Mr. Wellman, "but the majority of people must consider the expense. My experience is that some patent medicines frequently cure when the doctor's skill is baffled. Take, for instance an affliction; say like constipation and stomach trouble. Did you ever hear of your family physician curing a case like that? If constipated, he gives you a physic, but a physic cannot cure constipation, and he will tell you so. It is a temporary relief and before long you need more physic or pills. The doctor charges you $2 every time you call on him and you have to pay 50c or 75c to have his prescription filled. Pretty soon you have the 'Pill' or 'Physic' habit and your doctor has a steady customer. You cannot read the doctor's prescriptions. You know no more about what he gives you than you do about the ingredients of a patent medicine. No reliable company will put a lot of money into a patent medicine unless they are convinced that it will do all that is claimed for it. Usually it is the prescription of some specialist who has devoted his life to the study of a certain disease and has mastered it.

I mention constipation and stomach trouble because I suffered from that affliction for years. It is the beginning of nearly all disease. Once it gets a grip on you, it is serious, stubborn and hard to overcome. I never knew a case that was cured by an ordinary practicing physician, but I do know of a number of bad cases that were permanently cured by a remedy called Mull's Grape Tonic. I have used it in my family with satisfactory results. It cured me, and I know a great many more persons it has cured. It costs 50 cents for a small or $1.00 for a large bottle. I don't know exactly all that is in it, but I do know it cures constipation and stomach trouble and that is more than my family doctor could do for me.

I was first attracted to the remedy by the company's offer to give the first bottle free to any one who would write to them giving their druggist's name. I am thankful for the benefit it has given and advise every sufferer from constipation to write to the Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 148 4th Ave., Rock Island, Ill., giving them their druggist's address, so that they can procure a bottle free of expense."

When a woman works to hard for her church, it is terribly hard for her husband to care if he saves his soul or loses it.

TWENTY-FIVE BUSHELS OF WHEAT TO THE ACRE

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Means a productive capacity in dollars of over $16 per acre.

This on land which has cost the farmer nothing but the price of tilling it, tells its own story.

The Canadian Government gives absolutely free to every settler 160 acres of such land.

Lands adjoining can be purchased at from $6 to $10 per acre from railroad and other corporations.

Already 175,000 farmers from the United States have made their homes in Canada.

For pamphlet "Twentieth Century Canada" and all information apply to Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to following authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

Coney Island Souvenir Post Cards.

Six beautiful colored scenes for 25c. Coney Island Postal Card Co., Coney Island, N. Y.

STRENGTHEN THE STOMACH

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Really Cure Indigestion Instead of Merely Relieving Symptoms.

There are plenty of remedies by which you can relieve for the time heartburn, pain and gas on the stomach and can smother nervous sensations and induce artificial sleep. You can humor your stomach by giving it predigested food. But when you take your next meal all your trouble begins afresh.

There is only one sensible thing to do. Strengthen the stomach and do away with the necessity for drugs and artificial foods. The best remedy ever found for this purpose is the one that was used by E. E. Strong, of Capleville, Shelby county, Tenn.

"For years," he states, "I suffered greatly from indigestion. I tried many different remedies and some of them would relieve me for a time, but the trouble always came back. About six months ago I had an unusually severe attack, and while I tried everything I had ever heard of, I found that none of the ordinary remedies would reach the difficulty this time.

"One day I read in a Memphis paper how Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had cured a Michigan woman, a sufferer from chronic dyspepsia of a most stubborn type. I then tried the same remedy and it proved just as successful in my case. I took only three boxes, and was cured. I have not had the slightest symptoms of indigestion since."

The tonic treatment has a sound principle as its basis, and abundant success in actual use. Multitudes of cases that had defied all other remedies have been cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The pills actually make new blood and strike at the root of all diseases caused by bad blood. They contain no harmful stimulants or opiates. Every dyspeptic should read, "What to Eat and How to Eat." Write the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y., for a free copy.

Misunderstood.

"I didn't know young Snobberly really took any interest in politics."

"Nonsense! He doesn't."

"But I just heard him talking for the past ten minutes about 'party ties.'

"Oh, he means white lawn bows."—

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Consideration for others is the noblest courtesy.

THE GRAND PRIZE

A. J. Tower Co.

TOWER'S FISH BRAND

MAKERS OF WATERPROOF OILED CLOTHING, SLICKERS, POMMEL SLICKERS AND HATS.

FOLLOWING OUR SUCCESSES AT PHILADELPHIA CHICAGO AND OTHER EXPOSITIONS WE WON THE HIGHEST POSSIBLE AWARD AT THE ST. LOUIS WORLD'S FAIR.

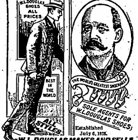
A. J. TOWER CO. ESTABLISHED 1836 BOSTON, CHICAGO NEW YORK TOWER CANADIAN CO. LIMITED, TORONTO, CAN.

TOWER'S FISH BRAND

THE GRAND PRIZE

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN

W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.



W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
ALL STYLES
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES
Established July 6, 1876.

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES AND SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any $3.50 shoe in the world. They are just as good as those that cost you $5.00 to $7.00—the only difference is the price. If I could take you into my factory at Brockton, Mass., the largest in the world under one roof making men's fine shoes, and show you the care with which every pair of Douglas shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the best shoes produced in the world.

If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes, you would understand why Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

WANTED. A shoe dealer in every town where W. L. Douglas Shoes are not sold. Full line of samples sent free for inspection upon request.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Medicine Made for Mothers use

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

For Internal and External use. Cures croup, colic, cramps, coughs, sore throat, burns, bruises, bites and any soreness. 25 and 50 cts. At all druggists.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN

troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES

For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.

Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.

THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

Mayer School Shoes

are made extra strong. The soles are seasoned and tough, and every seam is sewed to hold.

Two pair of Mayer School Shoes are equal in wearing quality to three pair of the usual kind. You save one-third. They are the strongest school shoes made and

Wear Like Iron.

Any reliable shoe dealer will supply you. If not, write to us. Look for the Mayer trade-mark on the sole.

We make "Honorbilt" shoes for men and "Western Lady" and "Martha Washington Comfort" shoes for women.

F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Co. Milwaukee, Wis.

PRICE, 25 Cts.

TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY ANTI-GRIPINE HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE

ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee it. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.

F. W. Diemer, M.D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

N W N U —NO. 43— 1905

ESTABLISHED 1879.

MINNEAPOLIS. Woodward & Co., Grain Commission. DULUTH.

ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1905. NUMBER 16.

DOWNFALL OF AUTOCRACY IS COMPLETE

CZAR SIGNS MANIFESTO WHICH ENDS RULE OF ABSOLUTISM IN RUSSIA.

LIBERTY AT LAST REALIZED

DISCONTENT AND AGITATION DRIVE CZAR TO YIELD EVERYTHING.

COUNT WITTE TAKES REINS

ALL DEPENDS ON HOW FAR PREMIER WILL BE ABLE TO EXECUTE HEAVY TASK.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 1.—"I am sure the American people, who understand what freedom is, and the American press, which voices the wishes of the people, will rejoice with the friendly Russian nation at this moment when the Russian people have received from his imperial majesty the promises and the guarantees of freedom, and will join in the hope that the Russian people will wisely aid in the realization of those liberties by co-operating with the government. Only thus will it be possible to insure the full benefits of the freedom conferred upon the people."

Ends Rule of Absolutism.

Count Witte, Russia's first premier, last night sent the above message to the American people through the Associated Press. He had just arrived at his residence from Peterhof, where the emperor two hours before had given his final approval to a manifesto and to a program which will forever end the rule of absolutism exercised by him and his Romanoff ancestors for 300 years.

A simple perusal of the manifesto shows how complete is the emperor's abdication of his autocratic power. The very style of the document

Is Clear and Direct.

and devoid of the verbose, vague and bombastic phraseology which heretofore has characterized his majesty's manifestos. It not only betrays real authorship, but shows that the emperor at last has irrevocably bowed to the inevitable. He does not even conceal the fact that the discontent and agitation of his subjects has driven him to take the step, and practically yields everything—civil liberty, the inviolability of person and liberty of conscience, speech and assembly.

He not only converts the farcical imperial douma, with only consultative power, to an absolute

Legislative Assembly,

without the assent of which no measure shall become law and before which all governmental authorities must answer, but promises eventually universal suffrage.

The title "autocrat of all the Russias" with which the manifesto begins, now takes its place with the title of "King of Jerusalem," borne by the king of Spain and the emperor of Austria, and with other obsolete titles of European sovereigns.

J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., and George W. Perkins were with Finance Minister Kokovsoff when the latter received the news. It was a dramatic moment. The minister was called to the telephone, and when he returned he was greatly agitated, and said:

Old Order Is Changed.

"Gentlemen, the old order of things has changed. Russia has a constitution."

The news spread like wildfire throughout the city. The revolutionists and active agitators generally declared loudly that the government's promises would no longer suffice, and that the strike must be continued.

In fact, an hour after the news became known, the revolutionists took occasion to throw the first bomb in St. Petersburg used since the strike began. The incident occurred near the Polytechnic school, but there was no fatality.

Is Read With Delight.

Practically all classes, except the socialists and the extreme radicals, however, read the document with delight and amazement, declaring that it could not fail to rally the moderates to the support of Count Witte.

The effect throughout Russia is expected to be instantaneous. While the extremists threaten an attempt to keep up the present struggle the best of opinion is that the back of the strike is broken, but in the final analysis the effect will depend on how far Count Witte will be able to

Execute the Heavy Task

which he has assumed. Some persons high in the government believe it still will be necessary to use ball cartridges to suppress the present movement, but Count Witte appears confident. He has become the bridge whereby the people are to cross to constitutionalism.

The count already has tentatively selected the members of his cabinet.

Late last night after the news got abroad, crowds began marching up and down the Nevsky Prospect, singing the national hymn and hurrahing for liberty.

ALL RUSSIA IS WILD WITH JOY.

Emperor's Gift of Freedom Is Enthusiastically Celebrated.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 2.—All Russia yesterday celebrated enthusiastically the emperor's gift of freedom, which the greater part of the people received with deepest joy, though in St. Petersburg, Moscow and other cities socialists and revolutionaries organized anti-government demonstrations and red flag parades, which, with the patriotic manifestations, led to numerous conflicts between the "reds" and "whites," as the anti-government and royalist factions are respectively termed. On the whole the day passed more quietly in Russia than had been expected, though collisions between the people and the troops are reported from Polgava, Kazan and Klanineff.

Such a Day Never Seen Before.

In each of the two capitals, St. Petersburg and Moscow, the day was one such as the Russians never before have seen. The Slavic people, which, during the long war just closed and the anxious period preceding the announcement of the new era of constitutionalism, seemed self-restrained and apathetic, gave itself up fully to the exuberance of the moment and spent the entire day in parades and assemblies, which for the first time in the history of Russia were freely permitted. Under the orders of Count Witte and Gen. Trepoff the troops generally were withdrawn from the streets of the cities and the fullest rein given the people to let out their enthusiasm in demonstrations, which, so long as they were not destructive, were not interfered with.

Socialists Want More.

From early morning the streets of the capital were filled with a mass of demonstrators who paraded up and down the Havsky Prospect, and, constantly augmenting, reached a grand total of fully 200,000 persons, while down the Nevsky Prospect late in the afternoon socialist agitators jumped into the forefront and converted the celebration into a great revolutionary demonstration. Socialist orators delivered fiery orations declaring that the concessions of the emperor's manifesto were insufficient, and that they must have the freedom of all political prisoners, the formation of a national militia and the banishment of Gen. Trepoff and all the troops under his command twenty miles from the capital.

Want Trepoff Killed.

A feature of the day was the intense enmity displayed by the orators against Gen. Trepoff, the agitators universally demanding his removal, and at a great meeting in the university last night one orator openly called for a volunteer to kill him. Count Witte, however, does not seem inclined to throw him overboard, at least for the present, and has also refused the proposals for the removal of the troops as sheer folly.

During the afternoon Count Witte announced to a friend that he was not without hope that universal suffrage would be introduced before the elections for the state douma took place.

This announcement, when it spreads among the Liberals will enroll many of the latter among the friends of the new government against the socialists, who announce that they will be satisfied with nothing less than a democratic republic on the basis of state socialism.

Head of the Church Resigns.

The dawn of a constitutional era marks also the passing of Constantine Petrovitch Pobiedonostseff, the aged chief procurator of the holy synod and the servant and advisor of three emperors, who all during his life has been the strongest defender of the autocracy. He was unwilling to remain in office under a parliamentary government, and last night presented his resignation, which was accepted by the emperor, who at the same time nominated him to the senate, th reesting place of retired statesmen.

Concessions to Finland.

Helsingfors, Nov. 2.—The proclamation of civil liberty in Russia was followed yesterday by the announcement of a return to a constitutional regime in Finland and the abolition of the arbitrary conditions under which Finland has been governed since the accession as governor general of Count Bobrikoff, who in June of last year was killed by Schaumann.

After a meeting of constitutionalists yesterday at which an address was drawn up for presentation to the government demanding the administration of Finland in accordance with the terms of the constitution of the grand duchy, Prince Obolensky, the governor general, announcer to a deputation sent by the meeting that he had been informed from St. Petersburg that the diet be immediately called in extraordinary session to legislate for Finland.

SLAUGHTERED BY HUNDREDS

INNOCENT RUSSIANS ARE SHOT DOWN BY COSSACKS AND POLICE.

DEATH TOTAL WILL BE HEAVY

LOWER ELEMENTS GIVE THEMSELVES UP TO PILLAGE AND DESTRUCTION.

WITTE'S TASK IS DIFFICULT

DISAPPOINTED IN NOT SECURING SUPPORT OF THE LIBERALS.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 2.—Although yesterday passed in comparative quiet in St. Petersburg and Moscow, a flood of dispatches from all parts of the empire report disorders in many cities with a heavy total of dead and wounded. The people while celebrating their new found freedom were in many instances set upon by Cossacks and police, while sometimes the spirit of mob violence broke forth and the lower elements of the population gave themselves to pillage and destruction.

The most serious disorders apparently occurred at Odessa, where hundreds of persons are reported to have been killed or wounded, and where the rioting is momentarily expected to flare out into a repetition of the slaughter of last July, and at Kazan, where a three-days' reign of terror was ended only by the retirement of all Cossacks to their barracks.

Anti-Jewish Uprisings.

A deplorable feature of the news from the interior is that anti-Jewish uprisings have occurred in many places, especially in South Russia, where the populace vented its hatred of the Jews by sacking their stores and clubbing the members of the race, in some cases resorting to the torch.

The attacks on the crowds are reported to be in most cases the work of Cossacks who many times were apparently let loose upon the people without direction or authority.

In St. Petersburg yesterday Gen. Trepoff, in accordance with his announcement, prevented the resumption of revolutionary demonstrations by having the crowds dispersed whenever and wherever they gathered. Kazan Place and the Nevsky Prospect were several times

Cleared by Cossacks

and police, and the crowds were driven from the vicinity of the university with whips and the flats of sabers.

Count Witte's task in securing a fair trial for the new experiment in constitutionalism is a most difficult one. He is disappointed at not securing the support of, the Liberals, on whose co-operation he counted. Many of these are holding aloof, and seem rather to enjoy the predicament in which the new premier finds himself.

Meanwhile the Socialists and Revolutionaries, who believe they have the government stampeded, are bringing every effort to keep the movement going and to precipitate a catastrophe from which they hope a socialistic republic will emerge.

Liberty of the Press.

Count Witte is doing his utmost to meet the chief objections against the new regime. In addition to the promised amnesty for political prisoners, liberty of the press has been granted, Count Witte offering to a deputation of editors who called on him to demand the abolition of the censorship reign the amusing explanation that in the hurry of writing the manifesto the words "liberty of the press" were inadvertantly omitted and that the omission had not been noted until the complaint was made.

Against the demand for the removal of Gen. Trepoff Count Witte, however, is inflexible.

Hundreds Killed.

Odessa, Nov. 2—There was firing all night in the outskirts of the town, resulting in the killing or wounding of hundreds of persons. Mobs composed of thousands took possession of the principal streets, and it is feared that everything has been looted. All the stores are closed and business is completely suspended. Extreme tension prevails.

The greatest animosity is displayed against the Jews, and it is reported that the secret police are inciting the mobs.

Twenty Killed at Warsaw.

Warsaw, Nov. 2.—Twenty persons were killed and upward of a hundred wounded in the encounters last night between the mobs and the troops.

CANADIAN LEGAL LIGHT DIES.

Christopher Robinson Succumbs to Pneumonia.

Toronto, Ont., Nov. 2.—Christopher Robinson, Canada's great constitutional lawyer, died last night of pneumonia. Mr. Robinson was entrusted with most of Canada's cases before the privy council. In the Bering sea arbitration it was said that it was his presentation of the case that brought a Canadian victory. Knighthood was proffered him several times, but it was refused.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY IN HOTEL.

Man Kills a Woman and Then Turns On the Gas.

New York, Nov. 2.—A man and woman whose identity the police are endeavoring to establish, were found dead last night in a hotel in Lexington avenue. The room was full of gas and all the crevices of the doors and windows were stuffed with paper. From the fact that the woman's jaw was broken and her body was covered with recently inflicted bruises the police are disposed to believe that she was killed by the man, who afterward committed suicide by turning on the gas. The couple registered at the hotel Sunday night as "Mr. and Mrs. Johnson." Yesterday sounds of a struggle were heard in the room but no attention was paid to this. Some hours later the odor of gas was noticed and the door of the room was forced, when the bodies were discovered.

GRAFT IN PAVILIONS.

Dishonest Construction of Buildings for Philadelphia Consumptives.

Philadelphia, Nov. 2.—According to a report made to Mayor Weaver yesterday by W. Bleddyn Powell, the city architect, the city of Philadelphia has been defrauded out of thousands of dollars in the construction of six pavilions for consumptives on the grounds of the Philadelphia hospital. "The pavilions," he says, "are not constructed according to the plans and specifications upon which the work was bid for and the contract awarded. Numerous and substantial changes were made after the award, and numerous substantial omissions in the course of construction—all of which favored the contractors financially at the expense of the city and the fitness of the buildings."

WAR VETERAN MANGLED.

Col. T. J. Jackson, a leading Kansas G. A. R. Man, Receives Fatal Injuries.

Kansas City, Nov. 2.—Col. T. J. Jackson of Newton, Kan., chief of staff of the Kansas G. A. R., is dying at Agnew hospital in this city, the result of an accident last night at the union depot. Col. Jackson attempted to board a moving train. He fell on his face, and his right arm was severed by the wheels of the car. His clothing then caught in the car trucks and his body was swung around so that the rear wheels cut off both legs below the knee. At the hospital it was stated he could not survive. Col. Jackson had bid his son, Cooper Jackson, Washington correspondent of the Mexican Herald, good-by as the latter departed for the East.

SHIPS ARE FROZEN IN.

Eleven Vessels Are Caught by Ice in the Arctic Ocean.

San Francisco, Nov. 2.—Eleven whaling vessels, comprising almost the entire fleet which sailed from this city, have been caught in the Arctic ocean. They will not be able to get out until next July or August, and in the meantime their crews of 440 men must face the hardships of a winter in the North. This startling news is conveyed in a telegram to Lewis Anderson and Ford company of this port. The telegram comes from Capt. H. H. Bodish of the steamer William Baylies, and states that only this vessel and the schooner Monterey were able to escape.

JUDGE'S REQUEST IS VOID.

Will Is Not Drawn According to Provision of Laws.

Philadelphia, Nov. 2.—The omission of the names of subscribing witnesses from the will of Chief Justice Edward M. Paxson of the supreme court of Pennsylvania, who devised a large portion of his landed property for the establishment of an agricultural school for poor boys, makes null and void the provision for such an institution. Under the law all wills containing charitable bequests must contain the signatures of subscribing witnesses. The omission, however, will not affect the other provisions of the will.

IS FROZEN TO DEATH.

Woman Becomes Bewildered in Woods While After Cranberries.

Blackduck, Minn., Nov. 2.—Mrs. Greely, mother of A. M. Greely, the Ripple publisher, was frozen to death four miles from the village. She had gone in search of cranberries, and had become bewildered in the forest. Her body was found yesterday. Mrs. Greely formerly lived in Minneapolis, having left there a short tome ago to take a government claim. She was sixty-two years old and leaves nine children.

Kansas After Pullman Company.

Topeka, Kan., Nov. 2.—Because the Pullman Car company, a corporation of Illinois, with a capital stock of $74,000,000, has not paid to the treasurer of the State of Kansas a charter fee of $14,800 for the permanent school fund, Attorney General Coleman has brought quo warranto proceedings against the company asking them by what authority they have a right to do business in the state.

Jointkeepers Go to Jail.

Independence, Kan., Nov. 2.—Seventeen jointkeepers of this county were fined and sentenced to the county jail yesterday for violating the state prohibitory law. Ten of the men operated in Coffeyville and seven in Caney.

Fire Loss Is $100,000.

Baltimore, Nov. 2.—Fire last night totally destroyed the Mount Clare sawmill of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, with contents. The loss is estimated at $100,000. Eighty-five men were employed.

PRINCE LOUIS IS WELCOMED

KING EDWARD'S ENVOY AND HIS SQUADRON ARRIVE AT ANNAPOLIS.

GREETING IS SINCERE ONE

PRIDE OF THE AMERICAN NAVY ASSEMBLED TO DO THE HONORS.

CANNONS ROAR OUT SALUTES

ADMIRAL EVANS AND GOV. WARFIELD EXTEND OFFICIAL GREETINGS.

Annapolis, Md., Nov. 2.—Greeted by the commander-in-chief of the North Atlantic fleet, the superintendent of the naval academy and the governor of Maryland, Rear Admiral Prince Louis of Battenberg and the armored cruiser squadron under his command, on the day of their arrival in Chesapeake bay, were made to know and feel that they are heartily welcomed to American waters and American soil. Strictly according to regulations as the several official welcomes have been, each has been characterized by a genuine note of sincerity and hospitality that rang true.

Twenty-one guns from the drake announced the approach up Chesapeake bay yesterday morning shortly after 9 o'clock of Prince Louis' squadron.

Pride of American Navy.

Stretched out across the bay to welcome him was the strong right arm of the American navy, the eight battleships of the first and second divisions of the North Atlantic fleet, the Maine at the head of the column flying the pennant of Rear Admiral Evans, the commander-in-chief, and the Missouri, Kentucky, Kearsarge, Alabama, Illinois, Iowa and Massachusetts in the order named. As the last shot of the salute rang out, there boomed from the Maine the first gun of the return salute. Rear Admiral Evans was then saluted by the Drake with thirteen guns, and thirteen guns from his flagship immediately carried back

His Official Salute

to the British rear admiral. A salute of thirteen guns was later exchanged between the Drake and the shore batteries.

The British squadron steamed past Admiral Evans' squadron to positions about 600 yards inside and came to anchor in single column parallel with the American battleships. Straightway a boarding officer put out from the Maine for the Drake and presented to Prince Louis Admiral Evans' respects.

Soon after the officer had returned aboard the Maine Prince Louis and his flag lieutenant were seen going over the side of the Drake, and immediately all was activity on board the Maine in preparation for his welcome.

Greeted by Fighting Bob.

As Prince Louis' barge came alongside the seaboard gangway of the Maine Admiral Evans and Capt. Miles, commanding the Maine, were at the gangway to greet him, and assembled on the quarter-deck were the fleet officers and Admiral Evans' staff.

The reception of Prince Louis on board the Maine was made the more cordial by the very graceful and courteous words of Admiral Evans, which was accompanied by a hearty handshake. As Prince Louis went over the side shortly afterward he was again saluted with thirteen guns.

From the Maine Prince Louis repaired aboard the Alabama, flagship of Rear Admiral Davis, where he was similarly received.

Calls on Gov. Warfield.

Later Prince Louis, accompanied by his flag lieutenant, started up the harbor for Annapolis to pay his respects to Admiral Sands and Gov. Warfield. Awaiting him was Gov. Warfield's carriage, in which the prince and Admiral Sands drove to the latter's residence, whence, after a few minutes, the prince drove to the governor's mansion and paid his official call upon Gov. Warfield. The prince was exceedingly felicitious in the cordial democratic manner in which he greeted the governor and his staff.

Return the Calls.

The prince's health was then drunk informally and he returned to the Drake, where at 1:30 he received the return calls of Admiral Evans and the other officers.

The armored cruiser squadron, commanded by Rear Admiral Brownson, anchored shortly after noon outside the column of battleships. Admiral Brownson and Prince Louis later exchanged visits.

Annapolis last evening was alive with British and American officers, and at the officers' club occurred many reunions, some between classmates, others between Americans and Britishers who have met before in other parts.

Killed by Falling Tree.

Danville, Ohio, Nov. 2.—Mrs. Mary K. Motz, aged 55, wife of one of the most prominent citizens of Knox county, was instantly killed and her son was fatally injured near here yesterday afternoon by a tree which was being cut down falling on them.

NEW SWEDISH FLAG UNFURLED.

Great Demonstration Upon Display of New National Ensign.

Stockholm, Sweden, Nov. 2.—The old union flag was struck throughout Sweden yesterday morning and the new Swedish ensign was hoisted to the accompaniment of salutes, the ringing of church bells and parades of troops. In Stockholm the whole garrison paraded and most of the population thronged the streets. At 9 o'clock the flag flown by Sweden before the union with Norway, nearly a century ago, was again broken out over the palaces, from church steeples, public and private buildings, and steamers and sailing vessels. King Oscar witnessed the spectacle from the roof of the palace, and tens of thousands of citizens gathered in the vicinity and demonstratively greeted him.

GERMANS MEET REBELS.

Commander-in-Chief With Detachment Attacks Intrenchments.

Berlin, Nov. 2.—An official dispatch from German Southwest Africa says that Lieut. Gen. von Trocha, the commander-in-chief of the forces, in personal command of a detachment, recently attacked an intrenched force of rebellious natives on the Orange river, east of Hartebeestmund, under command of Morengo, Morris and Christian. The fighting lasted several hours, until nightfall. Three German officers and thirteen men were killed and three officers and thirty-one men were wounded and five are missing. The rebels, who lost heavily, drew off during the night. The troops were too exhausted to follow them.

CHINESE KILL MISSIONARIES.

Five Americans Are Done to Death in a Disturbance at Lienchow Mission.

Hongkong, Nov. 2.—Five American missionaries have, it is believed, been murdered at Lienchow. Details of the affair have not yet been received. Lienchow is a town of 12,000 people, situated in the western portion of the province of Kwang-tung, at the head of the Gulf of Tong-king, not far from the treaty port of Pakhoi. Dr. Eleanor Chestnut, Mrs. E. C. Machle and child and Mr. and Mrs. Peale are the victims of the disturbance of the Lienchow mission.

MORGAN IS NEAR TO DEATH.

Financier Gets in the Path of a Trolley Car.

New York, Nov. 2.—J. Pierpont Morgan, the banker, had a narrow escape from death yesterday morning while on his way down town. He was saved from being ground to death under the wheels of a Madison avenue trolley car only by the extreme exertions of the motorman, who threw off the current just as he was about to strike the banker and brought the car to a standstill with such suddenness that passengers were thrown from their seats.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Nov. 2.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 84 3-4@86c; No. 2 Northern, 82 1-2@84c; No. 3, 80@81 1-2c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 53@53 1-2c. Oats—No. 3 white, 27 1-2@28c.

Duluth, Nov. 2.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 88 1-4c; No. 2 Northern, 86 1-4c; flax, 97 1-2c; rye, 65c.

Minneapolis, Nov. 2.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 89 1-8c; No. 1 Northern, 88 5-8c; No. 2 Northern, 86 1-8c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 3-8c.

Milwaukee, Nov. 2.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 90@90 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 87 1-2@88 1-2c. Rye—No. 1, 71 1-2@72c. Barley—No. 2, 54c. Oats—Standard, 31c.

Chicago, Nov. 2.—Wheat—No. 2 red, 89 @ 90 1-2c; No. 2 hard, 88@90 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, 89 1-2@91c; No. 2 Northern, 88@89c. Corn—No. 2, 53c. Oats—No. 2, 30c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Nov. 2.—Cattle—Beeves, $4 @ 5.65; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.20 @ 3; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.85; calves and yearlings, $2.50@3.40. Hogs—Bulk, $4.80@4.85.

Chicago, Nov. 2.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $3.60 @ 6.30; stockers and feeders, $2.10@4.30; cows, $2.50@4.50; heifers, $2.20@4.80; calves, $3@7. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $4.70@5.20; bulk, $4.80 @ 5.10. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, $4@5.30; native lambs, $4.75@7.65.

South St. Paul, Nov. 2.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4; butcher bulls, $2.75@3.50; veals, $2@4.50; good to choice stock steers, $2.50@3.50; good to choice milch cows, $20@35. Hogs—Range price, $4.50@4.95; bulk, $4.70@4.80. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $5@5.85; fair to good, $4@5; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice ewes, $3.75@4.40.

Hangs Self to Bedpost.

Chicago, Nov. 2.—Mrs. Henry J. Evans, wife of a director in the National Biscuit company, and also a director in several Chicago banks, committed suicide last night by hanging herself to a bedpost. Poor health is supposed to have been the cause.

Killed in Auto Accident.

Philadelphia, Nov. 2.—J. H. Brooke, of the firm of McNeely, Brooke & Price, was seriously injured yesterday in an automobile accident near Absecon, N. J. He was going at a rapid rate when a tire burst, upsetting the automobile.

Henrik Ibsen Is Sick.

Copenhagen, Nov. 2.—Henrik Ibsen, the Norwegian dramatist, is pronounced to be suffering from arterial sclerosis. He is very feeble and unable to move, but is mentally bright.

TO BE DECIDED BY PRESIDENT

WHITE EARTH TIMBER PLAN IS PLACED BEFORE THE EXECUTIVE.

TAKEN UNDER ADVISEMENT

PRESIDENT WILL DECIDE WHAT COURSE IS TO BE TAKEN IN MATTER.

SENATOR CLAPP STATES CASE

GIVES IDEAS OF MINNESOTA DELEGATION REGARDING TIMBER SALE.

Washington, Nov. 2.—The question as to what changes, if any, shall be made in the plans for disposing of the timber on the White Earth reservation in Minnesota is before President Roosevelt for final decision. Whether the president will order changes in the system to make it comport more fully with the opinions entertained by the Minnesota people, as indicated by their senators and representatives, will not be known for some days perhaps.

A conference on the subject was held at the White House yesterday. Secretary Hitchcock and Indian Commissioner Leupp of the department were present to state their views of the matter, and Senator Clapp gave to the executive his ideas of how the plan proposed by the department

Would Work Out,

and also what he and his colleagues in congress had to suggest as a better way to dispose of the timber to make certain that the Indian allottees, owners of the timber, shall receive all possible advantage, especially from rises in the values of stumpage, and that the sale of the timber shall in no sense operate to give purchasers anything in the nature of a monopoly, either in the purchase or in the milling of the timber on the reservation.

President Roosevelt heard both sides and took the subject under advisement. He will decide what course shall be taken and whether any modifications shall be made in the plans already adopted by the interior department.

Satisfies Senator Clapp.

Senator Clapp expressed himself at the close of the conference as satisfied with the manner in which President Roosevelt had received the representations made to him of the situation. The senator has no opinion to express regarding the probable outcome of the controversy. He realizes that it will require only the best kind of a case, with the points clearly demonstrable as being on the side of exact justice to the Indians, to induce the president to overturn a policy mapped out by one of his cabinet, the head of the department having the matter directly in charge and responsible for the success of the operations.

ECHO OF LUETGERT CASE.

Accused Man's Son Believes His Stepmother Is Alive.

Denver, Nov. 2.—A. C. Luetgart, son of the Chicago sausagemaker convicted of the murder of his wife some years ago and who later died in prison, is in Denver following a forlorn clew in an attempt to locate his stepmother, the woman whom his father was convicted of killing. The son firmly believes that Mrs. Luetgart No. 2 still lives and that his father was innocent. "I have but one ambition in life," Mr. Luetgert said, "and that is to find my stepmother and to clear the family name of one of the most revolting crimes in the criminal annals of this country. I spent my father's large fortune in trying to establish his innocence before his death, and since have spent what I have been able to earn, over $50,000, in establishing my theory that the woman is not dead."

HURLED UP TO THE ROOF.

Explosion in Electric Power House in Washington Results Fatally.

Washington, Nov. 2.—An explosion occurred in the power house of the Potomac Electric company yesterday afternoon. Two employes were thrown from the first floor to the roof. One of these was killed instantly and the other appeared to be dying when taken out. A number of others are believed to have been killed or injured. William White and Abraham Whiteley, the latter a negro, were killed. George Tramble, William Hall and Luther Butler, all white, were injured. The accident was caused by the blowing out of the head of the main steam pipe running the full length of the building.

POWDER MILL EXPLODES.

Foreman Is Killed in Accident at Cartridge Factory.

Alton, Ill., Nov. 2.—An explosion occurred late yesterday in the primer dry house of the Union Cap and Chemical company, causing the death of Foreman Anthone Bechy, who was terribly mangled. The explosion set off 10,000,000 gun and cartridge primers and blew the stone dry house to pieces. The cause is unknown. A year ago a similar explosion killed Harry Mills.

The Motor a Boon to Ireland.

In no country has the coming of the motor made greater changes than in Ireland. For one thing, it has now become the fashion for those who are entrusted with high official positions in the country to travel throughout its length and breadth and see for themselves the land whose destinies they are helping to rule for the time being. Lord Dudley has been all over Ireland, possibly not leaving a county unvisited. He has the distinction of being the first Irish viceroy for many years who has realized that the sphere of his work lay in Ireland.—London Truth.

Short Weight.

"I must compliment you one the remarkable lightness of your bread," said the woman customer.

"Thank you," rejoined the baker. "It is my aim to turn out the lightest bread in the city."

"Yes," continued the customer, "and if you get it much lighter it will take two of your pound loaves to weigh sixteen ounces."—Chicago Journal.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

OF ST. HILAIRE

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Nov. 4, 1905.

The river froze over in October this year, the earliest in years.

If present weather conditions prevail the year 1905 will go out under a cloud.

Andrew R. McGill, ex-governor of Minnesota and postmaster of St. Paul, died at his home at St. Paul last Tuesday.

The Czar of Russia has promised his people several governmental reforms but the revolutions keep on, the people claiming that they are not sufficient.

Anoka Union: When the great American people unite and demand something, they always get it, and they are mighty liable to say: "We'll have Roosevelt for another term."

Loren Fletcher, the Minneapolis congressman, is the latest to tell his friends that he might be induced to run for governor if the pressure was strong enough. The announcement don't seem to have filled a long felt want.

"If the republicans can only agree they can elect the next governor," is what the average republican newspaper man says, and then he gives the other fellows' candidate a hammering and his own candidate a boost.

The sentiment seems to be growing into a certainty that a man is not worth one hundred thousand dollars a year in any capacity and the big insurance presidents are going to have trouble getting it in the future.

Would it not be a good plan for some one to start an investigation to find out why cattle are only worth from 1½ to 2 cents a pound while beef is worth from ten to twenty cents a pound. Is it another case of graft?

The St. Hilaire creamery has paid out $25,000 to the farmers living in the vicinity of that village. That is the reason that the farmers living near St. Hilaire are among the most prosperous in the Red River valley.—Thief River Falls News.

Mayor Jones of Minneapolis has served notice on the saloons of that place that they must keep closed tight on Sunday in the future. Minneapolis seems to have a reformer and a wide open mayor alternately. No wonder Dr. Ames wants to run the next time.

Sunbeam: A large number of our exchanges are complaining about the lack of advertising patronage by the local merchants. The trouble is with the merchants in the small towns is they have the cart in front of the horse. They expect the newspaper to support the town, instead of the town supporting the newspaper.

The key-note of American politics, municipal, state and national, in the approaching elections is going to be war on graft. This issue is greater than any party and party lines will be ignored. It means the retirement of old party leaders and the placing in power of new men who are able and willing to fight corporate greed and official graft.—International Falls Press.

Good Reason.

Marie, who never knew her lessons, was speaking of one of her little schoolmates, who always stood at the head of her classes. "I should like to be the father of such a little girl," said Marie's papa, wishing to point a moral. "No, you wouldn't, papa," said Marie. "Why not?" asked papa. "Because her father has been dead two years," said Marie.

One Sided.

Mr. T.—I think I shall give up my business, my dear. I might as well have some enjoyment out of my money. Mrs. T.—Oh, not yet, Samuel! But when one of us dies I intend to give up housekeeping and see a little of the world.—Illustrated Bits.

A Reflection.

Daisy—Why was Maude Oldgirl so angry about her photographs? Didn't they flatter her? Maisie—Oh, they were as pretty as the artist could make them, but on the back of each one it said, "The original of this picture is carefully preserved."

Sport at Thief Lake.

Middle River Pioneer: Richard and Orie Sjoberg had some rare sport and novel experiences out at Thief lake last Sunday. They were hunting and running down geese and ducks on skates. The lake was completely frozen over and the birds, being unable to find any open water anywhere, would light and sit in big bunches on the clear ice in the middle of the lake. The wind was blowing strongly and by skating with it the boys were able to get close to the birds before the latter could make much headway against the wind. One big, fat goose was captured alive by Richard. It attempted to raise against the wind but its feet slipped on the ice and Richard swooped down on it and captured it. A duck was caught in the same manner by Orie. The boys got in all seven geese and thirteen ducks. Orie had one experience that was not so funny. He skated onto a place where some geese had been sitting, and the warmth and excresence from the birds having thawed the ice until it was brittle it broke through, letting Orie into water six feet deep. He threw his gun and reaching out his arms, broke the rotton ice until he got to the edge of the birds' roosting place where the ice was solid when he crawled out. It is safe to say that he lost no time in skating to the part of the lake nearest Ware and getting home and exchanging his ice-water-drenched clothes for dry ones. He was soon back and into the exciting sport again, none the worse for his cold plunge.

The boys say the whole lake is splendid skating and they and others are going to have some rare sport. The geese and ducks all departed southward Monday, being unable to find any water.

Pet Loving and Loving Pets.

The Grand Rapids, (Minn.) Magnet tells the following story on Bob McGinley, who was at the opera house here this week:

"Our readers have all doubtless read of Bob Fitzsimmon's pet lion, the way he plays with the tamed king of the forests, and how attentive and sympathetic he was when the poor thing had the tooth ache and the molar had to be extracted. Even your heart goes out in sympathy for the big dumb beast, the same as it would to any animal or being in distress or trouble, but how does the "pet" receive your sympathy? Down at the McGinley home they have a pet deer and the little fellow is very fond of the women folks, and will eat unhesitatingly from the hand of its mistress. This makes Bob sore because he can't get near the thing. Actors as a rule are of a very jealous disposition and when our friend sees the lady of the foot-lights feeding the pet no make-up is necessary to fit him for the role of McDuff, or King Edward the Third. The other day Mrs. McGinley and Miss Hoskins were away from home to spend the afternoon and it was up to Bob to take care of the live stock about the place. He experienced no difficulty in feeding the porkers, chickens, and the like, but when the deer had to be given the staff of life the pet steered clear of the "villain." Bob tried in vain to get the food near enough to Connie to take nourishment, but every effort failed until he devised the scheme of doning one of the mistress' dresses and a sunbonnet, then the conquered pet came forward and ate from his hand. The ladies about the place returned home in time to see Bob in his make-up of Aunt Samantha, but would not promise to keep the affair a secret, hence the story would out."

Dan Patch.

Dan Patch, with a wind shield and a running mate to pace him, has succeeded in lowering his own mile record from 1:56 to 1:55¼, and he is now, as he was before, the champion harness of the world. Thousands of people threw up their hats in wild acclaim when the performance was announced. They didn't know it until they were told from the grand stand. Men hugged one another in the delirium of their joy and danced the can-can in their mad ecstacy. Yet the performance was absolutely without value to the world. It did not add an iota to its productiveness. It did not increase the wages of the workingmen a single cent. It was of no more value to the masses of men than the fact that our "Jim" horse when thoroughly scared by an auto can make a mile in five minutes. The Iowa professor who added, by scientific experimentation, a single additional row of kernels to an ear of corn, conferred a thousand times more benefit to the people than the developer of Dan Patch; but a thousand men can tell of Dan's performance that never heard of him. The inventor of the split log drag for the improvement of highways has conferred more benefit on the agriculturists of the nation than Dan Patch would if he made a mile in three quarters of a minute, yet Dan Patch's owner makes more out of a single performance of his horse than the split drag man will make in a life time. It is curious, but it is a fact, that the men who make the most money and acquire the most fame are those who return absolutely no benefits upon humanity for the flood of honors they receive and the golden stream of wealth that an undiscriminating public pour into their coffers.—Sauk Centre Herald.

California or Florida.

It is time to plan your winter vacation. Early arrangements secure the best accommodations. Choice of routes via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway to California or to Florida, combined with low rates, make the trip to either resort a most attractive one. A postal will bring complete information about rates, train service and resorts, free and by return mail. Address W. B. Dixon, N. W. P. A., St. Paul, Minn. n11

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CALUMET
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Moderate in Price

Honey in the East.

In ancient Egypt honey was employed as an embalming material, and in the east to this day it is largely used for the preservation of fruit and the making of cakes, sweetmeats and other articles of food. In India a host will offer to his guest a dish composed of honey and milk or of equal parts of curds, honey and clarified butter. It is given to a bridegroom on his arrival at the door of the bride's father. In the east, also, when grafts, seeds and birds' eggs are to be transported a great distance they are often packed in honey.

Another Victim.

"Poor Mrs. Boozer suffers terribly from the liquor habit," said Mrs. Gabb.

"How is that?" inquired Mrs. Clinn, scenting gossip.

"When her husband comes home at night is he is too far gone to pay attention to her remonstrances and the next morning he has such a headache he can't listen to her."—Portland Telegram.

Unlike Fishing Lines.

"That fishing song in the new opera is clever, don't you think?" asked the critic.

"No," replied the hard luck angler; "it isn't at all natural."

"No?"

"No; the lines are too catchy."

She Quotes an Authority.

Elsie—When I grow up, mamma, I'm going to be extravagant like you. Mamma—What makes you think I'm extravagant? Elsie—Well, I'm sure I've heard papa say so lots of times.

Now They Don't Speak.

Clara—I always tell my real age. Estelle—Well, you can afford to. You see, you're not as old as you look.—Detroit Free Press.

Notice to Shareholders.

A special meeting of the shareholders of St. Hilaire Creamery association will be held in the village hall at St. Hilaire on Monday, the 6th day of November, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of deciding whether or not to enlarge the creamery plant, etc. Be sure to attend. This is a matter of great importance to you.

N. A. NELSON, Secretary.

Cattle Sale, Fargo.

The Great Northern railway will sell tickets at one and one-third fares for the round trip on account of sale of blooded cattle and swine to be held at Fargo under the auspices of the North Dakota Agricultural College. Tickets will be on sale Nov. 7th, final return limit November 9th.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

tf G. H. SANDUM.

Auction Social.

There will be an auction and social at the residence of H. J. Hanson, in Rocksbury, on Saturday evening, Nov. 11th. Proceeds for the benefit of the Mission church. All are cordially invited to attend.

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Have a disinterested bookkeeper and stenographer examine the different business colleges in our field, and if he does not find that ours is by far the best, we will give you a life scholarship for nothing. Catalog for the asking.

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Cash Register for Sale.

A "National" cash register, cost $250, used only one year, in good condition; has two rows keys, total adder, registers from 5 cents up to $7.00; will be sold at a bargain. Call at the office of ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

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SURGEON.

Graduate of Copenhagen University.

Department for Diseases of the Eye

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Cincinnati, Ohio.	Atlanta, Ga.
Louisville, Ky.	Jacksonville, Fla.
New Orleans, La.	Vicksburgh, Miss.

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St. Hilaire, Minn.

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Don't buy a Typewriter on a worn-out reputation.......

Investigate the merits of the

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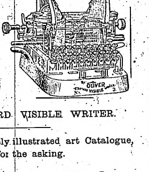

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NEW BREW
BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

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Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.

A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.

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FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS

Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

CALL ON
HOLMES BROS.
FOR
HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER
8:00 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
9:25 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
9:55 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
10:20am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.
10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3850 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon..
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

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Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
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CROOKSTON, - MINN.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
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CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
.....TOYS
Agency for.......
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Henry J. Endecle, of Plummer, was a visitor here last Sunday.

A. M. Edstrom, of Hazel, was here last Saturday on business.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

S. O. Quamen came over from Whynot, N.D., yesterday and will visit with relatives.

Mrs. David Collins and children are visiting friends at Thief River Falls this week.

Miss Lillian Brady, of Red Lake Falls, is here this week visiting with Prof. J. B. O'Brien.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

C. H. Martz returned from St. Paul last Wednesday, where he had been with a car of cattle.

"Duffy's 1842 Cider," prize winner at the St. Louis Fair, sold exclusively at Duntley's confectionery.

The McGinleys played to fair sized audiences at Imperial hall on Wednesday and Thursday evenings.

Dr. J. E. Argue came up from Red Lake Falls and will remain here several days on professional business.

There will be services at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday at 3 p.m. All are welcome. Alex Sand, Pastor.

A. M. Dean, who has been working in the shingle mill the past season, departed for Minneapolis last Thursday.

The skating has been fine on the pond the past week and a large number of young folks have enjoyed the sport.

Miss Mary Spoonheim, of Thief River Falls, was here several days this week, visiting with Miss Mary Hoff and Miss Josie Gigstad.

Dr. Dodds, of Crookston, presiding elder of the M. E. church, occupied the pulpit at the M. E. church here last Sunday morning.

The ladies of the M. E. church gave a peanut party at the church last Tuesday, hallowe'en evening, at which all had a pleasant time.

Last night's south bound passenger train killed a dog just as it pulled in to the depot. We did not learn who was the owner of the dog.

A. R. Jones left last Wednesday for Rollette, N. D., where he has been engaged to run an elevator for the Spaulding Elevator company.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

The sympathy of the community is extended to Mr. and Mrs. Knute Bjerkness on the death of their infant son which occurred last Thursday.

Sheriff Dan Linnihan was here yesterday subpoening grand and petit jurors for the adjourned term of court which will convene week after next.

W. B. Martin writes us from St. Paul stating that they are comfortably located and that he is well pleased with his new position as foreman in a planing mill.

Lost:—A sack containing cylinder teeth, on the road between the L. M. Roland farm and St. Hilaire. Finder please return to H. A. Johnson and receive reward.

Miss Annie Haakinson and Miss Lillian Johnson went down to Red Lake Falls last evening where they will be over Sunday, guests of Miss Henrietta Zaiser.

The ladies of the Norwegian Synod church will serve a warm supper in their church on Minnesota avenue, on Thursday, Nov. 16th, from 6 o'clock until 9 o'clock. Everybody invited.

If you are troubled with indigestion, constipation, sour stomach, or any other pain, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well and keep you well. 35c, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Messrs. Dahlin and Winkler returned from the reservation last Wednesday. It is said that the reason for the early return was that Winkler ran out of songs and came in for more inspiration and a new supply.

The season for killing deer and other big game opens on November 10th and a number of the boys are making preparations for a big hunt. Put in your orders for venison early as each hunter is only allowed to kill two deer.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

The weather was cold last Tuesday night and besides the council put on four or five special police so the small boy did not have as much fun on Hallowe'en as usual. Very little mischief was done.

A. O. Davison, who has been the cashier of the bank at Wylie, closed up that institution last Wednesday and has moved here with his family. He will assist Cashier Gigstad at the Merchant's State Bank.

Many children inherit constitutions weak and feeble, others due to childhood troubles. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will positively cure children and make them strong. 35cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

M. J. Lindahl left for southern Oregon last Tuesday where he expects to make his permanent home. Mr. Lindahl has promised to inform his friends through the SPECTATOR of his impressions of that part of the country.

The Great Northern has given up their plan of extending this line to Roseau this fall and gives as the reason that it is impossible to obtain steel rails. They still continue the work of grading and the rails will be laid some time next season.

Prof. A. Onstad, who has been the leader of the Red Lake Falls band for the past two years, has resigned. For the past year Prof. Onstad has been the instructor for the band here and has given universal satisfaction. We have not been informed but it is not probable that he will continue as instructor here.

Pain may go by the name of rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, pleurisy. No matter what name the pains are called, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will drive them away. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Farmers' Institute.

We expected to have the program for the farmers' institute which will be held here on November 24th, but for some reason it failed to arrive. It is safe to state that it will be an interesting and instructive one from the farmers' standpoint and every farmer in this section should be sure to attend.

A Pleasant Surprise.

Last Monday was K. O. Gigstad's 47th birthday anniversary and when he went home for supper he found his home in the hands of his friends to the number of about twenty who informed him that they had come to help him celebrate. An excellent supper was served and a good time was enjoyed by all.

A Sunday Lecture.

Hon. Oliver W. Stewart, of Illinois, one of the most prominent of the prohibition orators of the country, will deliver a lecture on the temperance question at the Imperial hall to-morrow (Sunday) afternoon at 3 o'clock. It is not often that a man of Mr. Stewart's ability comes here and he should be greeted by a full house.

Mrs. Lewis Adams Dead.

The many friends of Mrs. Lewis Adams were deeply pained yesterday to learn of her death at Grand Forks on Thursday night. She had been ill for several months but her friends had hopes of her recovery. Further particulars are not at hand. The funeral will occur at Red Lake Falls, the date not yet being announced.

Hotel Markham Sold.

Alex Thompson and C. A. Hitchcock, of Crookston, were here last Thursday and concluded a deal with J. K. Hannay whereby Mr. Thompson becomes the owner of the Hotel Markham. The deal was concluded but Mr. Hannay, who is taking a piece of land near Northome, reserves the right to inspect the land before the deeds are made. He will look the land up the coming week when the deal will be concluded.

Rag Ball Social.

The St. Hilaire Band will give a rag ball social at Imperial hall next Wednesday evening, Nov. 8th. Don't know what a rag ball social is, do you say? Well its this way. The ladies bring a lunch basket built for two. Then she writes her name on a slip of paper and ties it up in a rag ball. The balls are sold to the highest bidder and the purchaser takes the lady to supper. The band will play and they will try and make you have a good time. Everybody come. Admission free.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

RAPP & POST'S
QUOTATIONS

18 pounds Sugar	$1.00
Sugar, per 100 pounds	$5.35
Kerosine Oil, per gallon	15 c
Tomatoes, per can	10 c
Corn, 3 cans for	25 c
Evaporated Apricots, per lb	12½c
" Apples per lb	10 c
" Peaches per lb	12½c
" Pears per lb	15 c
Best Plums, per pound	8 c
Cleaned Currants, 3 lbs for	25 c
Gloss Starch, per package	10 c
Celluloid Starch, 3 pkgs for	25 c
Three 10c boxes Snuff for	25 c
25 pounds Corn meal for	60 c
Rice, per pound	5 c
Soda Crackers, by the pound	8 c
" " by the box per lb	7 c
Fine Cookies, by the pound	10 c
" " by the box per lb	9 c
No. 1 Lipton's Tea, per lb.	60 c
No. 3 Lipton's Tea, per lb.	45 c

Japan Teas, 20c, 35c and 50c per lb.
Try our 15c, 18c and 20c Chase & Sanborn Coffees.
Other goods at prices in proportion
RAPP & POST

Wylie Case Comes up the 7th.

Judge William Watts of the district court has set the hearing on the Wylie versus Great Northern injunction case for Nov. 7th, says the Crookston Times, and on that date Attorney General Young and Assistant General Stone, of St. Paul, in conjunction with County Attorney Thomas Germo, of Red Lake Falls, will appear here to submit arguments, in behalf of the Wylie people, and to set forth why the Great Northern, a semi-public service corporation, should be restrained from tearing up the rails between Wylie and St. Hilaire.

Some fine points of law, which have never been brought up in this state, will come out during the case, and from the standpoint of peculiar principles involved, the controversy will undoubtedly be a record breaker.

The decision of the district court in the matter is likely to be appealed from no matter which way the scales of justice tip, by the railroad company if against the corporation, and by the Wylie people if in favor of the railroad.

The application for a temporary injunction submits many things, among which is the fact that the line has been established for twenty years and that the people of Wylie and vicinity contributed to the road's financial coffers at the time it was built; that the railroad is a semi-public service corporation and has not the right, as such, to arbitrarily remove an established piece of road, to the inconvenience of the traveling public simply because the line does not pay.

Put-up Job on John E. King.

The Crookston Times says: It is alleged that a prominent and well known Great Northern railroad conductor was responsible last Saturday evening for a huge joke which was played on State Librarian John E. King while the latter was on his way through this city to St. Paul with a large bunch of mallard ducks. Mr. King managed to elude the vigilance of Game Warden Jones at the Falls depot and got aboard the moving train safely as the last car pulled out, with his game. On the way to this city, however, the aforesaid conductor fixed up a phony game warden and the fun which resulted from his introduction to Mr. King is said to have been immense. Game Warden Jones, pro tem, with a serious face and authoritative accent informed Mr. King that he was violating the game laws and would have to turn over the birds. Mr. King surrendered and not until late in the evening while waiting here did he learn of the true status of the affair.

Saw Mill Still Running.

Manager Evens is a Welchman and they don't let go easily as a rule and he is not proving to be the exception. All of the saw mills in this part of the state have shut down but the one here. With four or five inches of ice on the pond it has been the hardest kind of work to keep the mill running, but it is running and may continue for some time yet. It has taken a lot of chopping and a good deal of dynamite to get the logs loose. The yard is short of timbers, is the principal reason why they have made so determined an effort to keep the mill at work. One of the big belts broke on Thursday morning but it was fixed and they will continue as long as the weather will permit. Last year the mill ran until November 21st, but this season is much earlier.

The Wisdom of Youth.

It is said that a certain wisdom is born of age which leads one into a gentler, more peaceful life and teaches him to avoid mistakes. But there is also a wisdom of youth which is founded on confidence of success and intense enthusiasm, which of themselves will often bring success and happiness. But this intense wisdom is exhausting, and the man who overworks when young grows old before his time. That's why golden grain belt beer is needed to build up strong constitutions and keep men well and happy. Its the kind of a tonic that should be in every home. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Postoffice Robbed at Terrebonne.

Last Monday night the postoffice in the little town of Terrebonne was broken into and one hundred and eighty dollars in currency and a fifty-dollar gold certificate stolen from the cash drawer. It is believed that the party is bound westward and authorities are warned to be on the lookout all over the country. United States specials will be put on the track of the robber who has been committing his depredations in many places elsewhere in the north country.

It is understood that the Terrebonne officers have a clue to the crime and the specials are to be kept on the trail until they bring the man to justice.

Married Wednesday.

Thief River Falls News: Miss Josie Quande and Edward Korstad were united in marriage yesterday afternoon, the Rev. Krockstad, of Crookston, officiating. Both are popular young people of the city and have a large circle of friends here. They will at once commence housekeeping on the East Side.

Auction Social.

There will be an auction social at the Swedish Lutheran church on Friday evening, Nov. 10th, for the benefit of the church. All are cordially invited to attend. Alex Sand, Pastor.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

For refreshments call at Number 488

McMURRAY'S
VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

ELI BLAIR IS KILLED

Edgerman at Saw Mill Killed by Timber Thrown from Saws.

HIT DIRECTLY OVER THE HEART

The First Fatal Accident in the Mill Since it was Built in 1897.

The first fatal accident at the saw mill occurred last Saturday night about ten o'clock when Eli Blair, night edgerman, was struck over the heart by a timber which knocked him over twenty feet. He had just put a timber into the edger which was twelve inches wide, two inches thick and sixteen feet long when the companion piece was thrown against it, cramping the saws and lifting the timber clear of the spiked rolls, when it shot back with terrific force. Everything that was possible was done for the injured man and he was taken home where he died after a great deal of suffering at 4 a.m., Sunday morning.

Mr. Blair was well and favorably known by all in St. Hilaire. He has been an employe of the lumber company almost continuously since the mill was built. He was born and raised at Little Falls, Minn., and was 29 years of age. He leaves a wife and five children to mourn his loss, the eldest being ten years and the youngest only three months.

Mr. Blair was the owner of a claim northeast of Thief River Falls, where he has considerable improvements and a large number of cattle. He was a member in good standing in the local lodge of Modern Woodmen and carried $2,000 of insurance.

Mrs. Blair and children left here on Monday, with the remains for Little Falls, where the funeral was held.

Felix Basken, a brother of Mrs. Blair, was killed on Friday, Oct. 27, at Madelia by the caving in of a sewer trench in which he was working. Truly disasters seldom come singly.

To Raise Dead Head Logs.

Peter Eberhardt, who has the contract for raising the dead head logs belonging to the Thief River Falls, St. Hilaire, Crookston and East Grand Forks Lumber companies that are at the bottom of the Red lake and Red Lake river, has commenced work of building a large steamboat to aid him in his work, says the Thief River Falls News. The boat will be built in that city and Mr. Eberhardt will employ a large crew of men all winter in constructing it. It will be 90 feet long and 20 feet wide. A 40 horse power engine will furnish the motive power and there will also be another independent engine of 20 horse power that will be used to hoist the logs from the bottom of the river or lake into the boat.

There are many thousand feet of logs in the bottom of the river and lake that are the property of the lumber companies and Mr. Eberhardt feels certain that with his new boat he can locate most of them and transport them to convenient points, where they will be hauled out upon the banks and allowed to dry out, and then again placed in the river and floated down to the saw mills.

Another Courier Change.

The latest in newspaper circles in Red Lake Falls is the transferring of the management of the Courier to Messrs. Lewis & Higinbotham the land and insurance agents, who will pilot that sheet for the next month or so at least, says the Gazette. Editor King has had difficulty in finding an experienced newspaper man to take hold of his plant, and as he could not be here to devote his own time to the work, it was necessary to put it in the hands of someone who would look after it, even though not a practical newspaper man. The new managers are good business rustlers and good fellows, and will undoubtedly keep the paper up to its standard.

Rates for Foot Ball Game.

On account of the foot ball game between North Dakota Agricultural College and the University of North Dakota on November 18th at Fargo, the Great Northern Railway will make a rate of one and one-third fares for the round trip. Date of sale Nov. 17th and for trains arriving in Fargo before noon of the 18th, final return limit Nov. 20th. Ask your local agent for full particulars.

Carlson & Fellman
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
CIGARS
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

RAPP &
POST....
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

The Pedestal of Honor
is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.
Ladies' Shoes
like ours are not to be found in every store.

FIRE INSURANCE
is a
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class
FOR RATES CALL ON
HARRY E. IVES.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS
NOW ARRIVING.
We are getting in daily our Fall and Winter Stock of....
Dry Goods :: Dress Goods
Boots and Shoes
and Heavy Winter Goods
AND INVITE YOUR INSPECTION
WE CAN QUOTE YOU PRICES EQUAL TO THE LOWEST
Call early and see our Stock of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods
E. M. HOFF.

$34.90 To California ......
DAILY UNTIL OCTOBER 31ST
Through tourist cars every Tuesday morning 8:20 a. m., arriving Los Angeles 8:25 a.m., San Francisco 6:35 p. m., following Saturday. Double berth $6:75 via
THE SUNSHINE ROUTE
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway and Santa Fe Route
TICKETS: 365 Robert Street, St. Paul. 328 Nicollet Avenue, Minneapolis.
W. B. DIXON, N. W. P. A., ST. PAUL, MINN.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, - - - - MINNESOTA

You Have No Right to Suffer

From Constipation, Bowel and Stomach Trouble.

Q. What is the beginning of sickness?

A. Constipation.

Q. What is Constipation?

A. Failure of the bowels to carry off the waste matter which lies in the alimentary canal where it decays and poisons the entire system. Eventually the results are death under the name of some other disease. Note the deaths from typhoid fever and appendicitis, stomach and bowel trouble at the present time.

Q. What causes Constipation?

A. Neglect to respond to the call of nature promptly. Lack of exercise. Excessive brain work. Mental emotion and improper diet.

Q. What are the results of neglected Constipation?

A. Constipation causes more suffering than any other disease. It causes rheumatism, colds, fevers, stomach, bowel, kidney, lung and heart troubles, etc. It is the one disease that starts all others. Indigestion, dyspepsia, diarrhea, loss of sleep and strength are its symptoms—piles, appendicitis and fistula, are caused by Constipation. Its consequences are known to all physicians, but few sufferers realize their condition until it is too late. Women become confirmed invalids as a result of Constipation.

Q. Do physicians recognize this?

A. Yes. The first question your doctor asks you is "are you constipated?" That is the secret.

Q. Can it be cured?

A. Yes, with proper treatment. The common error is to resort to physics, such as pills, salts, mineral water, castor oil, injections, etc., every one of which is injurious. They weaken and increase the malady. You know this by your own experience.

Q. What then should be done to cure it?

A. Get a bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic at once. Mull's Grape Tonic will positively cure Constipation and Stomach Trouble in the shortest space of time. No other remedy has before been known to cure Constipation positively and permanently.

Q. What is Mull's Grape Tonic?

A. It is a Compound with 40 per cent of the juice of Concord Grapes. It exerts a peculiar strengthening, healing influence upon the intestines, so that they can do their work unaided. The process is gradual but sure. It is not a physic, but it cures Constipation, Dysentery, Stomach and Bowel Trouble. Having a rich, fruity grape flavor, it is pleasant to take. As a tonic it is unequalled, insuring the system against disease. It strengthens and builds up waste tissue.

Q. Where can Mull's Grape Tonic be had?

A. Your druggist sells it. The dollar bottle contains nearly three times the 50-cent size.

Good for Ailing Children and Nursing Mothers.

A free bottle to all who have never used it because we know it will cure you.

124 FREE BOTTLE. 11405

Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic for Stomach and Bowels, to

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO.,
148 Third Avenue, Rock Island, Illinois

Give Full Address and Write Plainly.

The $1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size. At drug stores.

The genuine has a date and number stamped on the label—take no other from your druggist.

Not Quite the Same.

Nell—He said I looked lovely in that gown, didn't he?

Belle—Not exactly, dear. He said that gown looked lovely on you.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease
A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

"Ehyah!" said Constable Slackputter, telling of the affair. "He was so blamed drunk that he fell over his own feet and nearly fractured his skull by butting against a barber pole.—Puck.

WHEAT

The wheat markets of the world have advanced sharply this week. The impetus for the rise was furnished by Europe and our response was a reflection of the strength of Liverpool and the continental markets, aided by a wild scramble of shorts to get to cover.

Red revolution is only thinly disguised under the mask of labor troubles in the land of the czar. The railroad strike has tied up transportation lines so that no wheat is available for export, and, as a direct result the demand of the world is centered on the United States and Canadian supplies of wheat.

We advised buying when the market was at a somewhat lower level and there is nothing in prospect to cause us to change our views in the slightest, unless it is to make our conviction as to the value of wheat as an investment even stronger.

Edwards-Wood Co.
(Incorporated.)
— DEALERS IN —
Stocks—Grain—Provisions.

The Genuine TOWER'S
POMMEL SLICKER
HAS BEEN ADVERTISED AND SOLD FOR A QUARTER OF A CENTURY.
LIKE ALL TOWER'S FISH BRAND WATERPROOF CLOTHING.
It is made of the best materials, in black or yellow, fully guaranteed, and sold by reliable dealers everywhere.
STICK TO THE SIGN OF THE FISH.
TOWER CANADIAN CO. LIMITED, TORONTO, CAN. A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS., U.S.A.

Make 'Em Lay
When eggs are highest
By using
SHERIDAN'S Condition POWDER
the great poultry tonic in use 40 years.
One pack 25 cents; five $1; two-lb. can $1.20; six $5. Express paid.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO.
Boston, Mass.

LAW URGED BY SELF-SEEKERS.

Real Animus of Movement Against Remedies Deservedly Popular.

An adroit but plausible scheme by which it is hoped to prejudice the sale of proprietary medicines is the proposition to prohibit the sale of any remedy which "contains poison" unless each package or bottle is expressly labeled "Poison." Such bills are also well designed to impose upon men who have no familiarity with the subject matter. The pretense of protecting the public health put forth in support of such bills is generally the merest subterfuge; and when ever you hear a demand for a law of this kind it originates with those who have a direct pecuniary interest to serve by destroying the sale of proprietary remedies.

Some of the best and most widely used remedies in the world contain some one ingredient which, if taken in sufficient quantities, might be poisonous, and yet the preparation as a whole is not poisonous at all. Opium, for instance, is used in small quantities in many of the best cures for coughs, colic, diarrhea, etc., in toothache drops and in almost all liniments. To require such medicines to be falsely labeled "poison" would be merely a cunning device to alarm the public and thus bring about the destruction of the sale of those remedies, and indirectly to compel people to procure the medicine they want by the more expensive method of consulting a physician and getting his prescription. In other words, it is an effort to prevent them from getting cheaply the remedies which they and their fathers before them have used for many years.—Medical exchange.

Busy and Versatile Writer.

One of the busiest and most versatile of European writers is Spiridion Gopcevic, who lives in Lussinpiccolo, and who has written newspaper articles and books in nine languages—German, French, Italian, English, Servian, Danish, Spanish, Portuguese and Swedish. In thirty years he has contributed 8,363 articles to newspapers in those languages.

ECZEMA FOR TWO YEARS.

Little Girl's Awful Suffering With Terrible Skin Humor—Sleepless Nights for Mother—Speedy Cure by Cuticura.

"My little girl had been suffering for two years from eczema, and during that time I could not get a night's sleep, as her ailment was very severe. I had tried so many remedies, deriving no benefit, I had given up all hope. But as a last resort I was persuaded to try Cuticura, and one box of the Ointment and two bottles of the Resolvent, together with the Soap, effected a permanent cure.—Mrs. I. B. Jones, Addington, Ind. T."

Parish School of Domestic Science.

Rev. Thomas J. Gillen, rector of St. Mary's church, Pawtucket, R. I., has established a school of domestic arts in which the girls of his parish are fitted for the practical duties of the house. It has proved one of the most successful experiments ever made in a parish and the results have been remarkably satisfactory.

A Shocking Confession.

Benedict is a New Haven man who has been eight times the father of a bouncing bounder. In the outskirts of the university city is a little town among the hills named Prospect, and last year four of the children were sent there for the summer.

One day Benedict and his wife entertained at dinner a new acquaintance, Prof. B. The professor is a bachelor, and like many scholarly men, rather ill at ease in society.

"What a fine little family of children you have," he began with an admiring glance at the four stay-at-homes.

"Yes, indeed," replied Benedict proudly, "and we have four more in Prospect."

The professor blushed his astonishment.—Lippincott's.

A Teacher's Testimony.

Hinton, Ky., Oct. 30th.—(Special.)—It has long been claimed that Diabetes is incurable, but Mr. E. J. Thompson, teacher in the Hinton school, has pleasing evidence to the contrary. Mr. Thompson had Diabetes. He took Dodd's Kidney Pills and is cured. In a statement he makes regarding the cure Mr. Thompson says:

"I was troubled with my kidneys for more than two years and was treated by two of the best doctors in this part of the state. They claimed I had Diabetes and there was little to be done for me. Then I started to use Dodd's Kidney Pills and what they did for me was wonderful. It is entirely owing to Dodd's Kidney Pills that I am now enjoying good health."

Many doctors still maintain that Diabetes is incurable. But Diabetes is a kidney disease and the kidney disease that Dodd's Kidney Pills will not cure has yet to be discovered.

Strangers Now.

Edith—Percy de Smythe asked me to tell him the difference between pretty and handsome.

Mayme—I suppose he thought the opinion of a disinterested person would be best.—Chicago News.

THE COMFORTER
A congested vein pressing on a nerve accounts for the swelling, throbbing ache of
Neuralgia
St. Jacobs Oil
frees the circulation, allays the pressure and soothes away the pain.
Price, 25c. and 50c.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

Protecting Fowls from Lice.

Fowls are hard to protect from lice largely on account of the number of fowls that must be kept by any one man who expects to make much money out of them. If a thousand-pound steer or horse has lice the treatment of that animal for the parasites is not a great task; but it is far different if a thousand pounds of chickens have to be treated. That might mean as many as 200 fowls to be washed, dipped, or otherwise handled and cared for.

There are several ways of killing lice, but the most thorough way is to wash the fowl with soap and water. A poultry exhibitor said to the writer, "If the man that has lousy hens will wash them as the showman does his birds he will have no trouble with lice, provided he does not again permit them to come into contact with other birds that are lousy." His method of washing was to make a strong lather of soap and water and scrub the birds thoroughly. The lather was worked into the feathers and under all of them and was again and again washed off. This kind of treatment gets rid of the lice and leaves the birds absolutely clean.

The next best thing is perhaps grease put under the wings, under the tail feathers, and on top of the head. Sooner or later the lice on the bird will take refuge in the places mentioned and will become covered with grease, which will in turn cause the stoppage of the breathing pores of the insects and hence strangulation. This is the current opinion, but whether all the lice do thus commit suicide is a question that is hard to settle. Certain it is that the application of grease does greatly reduce the number of lice infesting the fowls.

Fattening Fowls.

It is time to begin thinking of fattening fowls for the fall market and for the Thanksgiving table. When we are getting them ready for market we give them a thorough cleaning, to get rid of all vermin, and then confine where they will have plenty of fresh air, but very little exercise. We pay special attention to see that they are kept free from vermin now, for they have not a fair chance to look out for themselves when confined. Pure air in great abundance is very essential, but exercise will work off the flesh you are trying to lay on them. Corn is one of our best fattening foods, with some oats and buckwheat. A variety in the food tempts their appetite and gives better results. During the last ten days we feed nothing but soft foods and these we feed in great quantities. In confining the fowls for fattening, we separate the cocks and hens, and in case any individual fowl is inclined to be "scrappy" and persists in bothering his neighbors and worrying himself about them, we put him in a coop by himself. Anything which tends to worry the fowls or to work off flesh must be watched for and avoided.—Cora H. Porter, Grant Co., Ind., in Farmers' Review.

Cost of Raising Fowls.

The cost of raising fowls is hard to estimate, because the farmer feeds his fowls with material that would be wasted if he did not give it to the poultry. Where men live in the villages and keep poultry, they roughly estimate that it costs one dollar per head to raise a chick and bring it to the laying period. This is about the cost estimated to keep a fowl a year. In making the estimate of one dollar per fowl, one might say that the estimate is too large, but it must be remembered that when the chickens are growing there are invariably losses, and these must be averaged up as part of the cost of raising the ones that survive. It is not a hard matter to make a fowl, after she has begun laying, produce a dollar's worth of eggs a year, or even half a dollar more than that. We doubt if the cost of raising a fowl on the farm is more than a half dollar, and our farm fowls, if rightly handled, should in a year pay for themselves, and pay an extra dollar in the way of profit. We are certain that on many farms they do this, but the owner does not appreciate this because he keeps no account either of receipts or expenditures. More care in the raising of poultry will reduce the cost per head.—Warren Wilson, Union Co., O.

The Marketing of Chickens.

The marketing of chickens requires that all the best methods should be observed, if profit is to be expected from the consignments. It is surprising how much weight people put upon the appearance that goes with any food product. Some commission men, too, make it a point to deduct from the price if the package is not up-to-date in appearances, declaring that they are unable to sell at a certain figure on account of poor appearance of the chickens or the package in which they were sent forward. Sometimes this is based on actual facts. It is often the case that the men that report that they have not been able to make sales at going prices have really repacked the chickens and sold them at the market price for the best goods, but they do not care to give the result of their work to the original consigner. Perhaps they are not to be blamed. Certain it is that the man or woman that goes into the production of poultry with the expectation of making money out of it will have to accept conditions as they are and try to conform to the requirements of the market.

Meat Cracklings for Fowls.

The butchers take the fattest parts of animals, especially hogs, and boil them to get the fat out of them. After the fat is taken out the remainder goes under the name of cracklings. How much value these have as a poultry feed it is hard to tell. It is doubtful, however, if they are worth paying a very high price for, as fat seems to be their principal component.

The permanent pasture may be made one of the most profitable pieces of land on the farm.

SUFFERINGS UNTOLD.

Kansas City Woman's Terrible Experience with Kidney Sickness.

Mrs. Mary Cogin, 20th st. and Cleveland ave., Kansas City, Mo., says: "For years I was run down, weak, lame and sore. The kidney secretions were too frequent. Then dropsy puffed up my ankles until they were a sight to behold. Doctors gave me up, but I began using Doan's Kidney Pills, and the remedy cured me so that I have been well ever since, and have had a fine baby, the first in five that was not prematurely born."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

How She Helped Him to Propose.

After a woman is happily married she is usually willing to admit that she had a good deal to do with the "proposing." A pretty young Atchison married woman confesses that she managed her only proposal in this way: One evening the man she afterward married attempted to kiss her. She drew back, saying, "The only man who can ever kiss me is the man I expect to marry." The young man laughed and said: "Well, Miss Alice, is that a hint?" The girl replied: "Well, that is the only condition under which you can kiss me." The man kissed her, and she began the next day working on her trousseau.—Atchison Globe.

PARALYSIS CURED

Case Seemed Hopeless but Yielded to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Mr. Kenney has actually escaped from the paralytic's fate to which he seemed a short time ago hopelessly doomed. The surprising report has been fully verified and some important details secured in a personal interview with the recent sufferer.

"The doctor," said Mr. Kenney, "told me that if I wanted to live any length of time I would have to give up work altogether, and he told my friends that the paralysis which had begun would in time involve my whole body."

"Just how were you afflicted at this time?" Mr. Kenney was asked.

"Well, I had first hot, and then cold and clammy feelings, and at times my body felt as if needles were being stuck into it. These sensations were followed by terrible pains, and again I would have no feeling at all, but a numbness would come over me, and I would not be able to move. The most agonizing tortures came from headaches and a pain in the spine.

"Night after night I could not get my natural sleep and my system was wrecked by the strain of torturing pains and the effect of the opiates I was forced to take to induce sleep. As I look back on the terrible suffering I endured during this period I often wonder how I retained my reason through it all.

"But relief came quickly when I was induced to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. The very first box seemed to help me, and seven boxes made me entirely well. There can be no doubt about the thoroughness of my cure, for I have worked steadily ever since and that is nearly four years."

Mr. Kenney is at present employed by the Merrimac Hat Company and resides at 101 Aubin street, Amesbury, Mass. The remedy which he used with such satisfactory results, is sold by all druggists, or direct by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

The Male Novelist's Absurdities.

One of the most infallible signs of an average man's work is an entrancingly beautiful heroine, who generally also contrives to be beautifully dressed, at least as her creator fondly imagines. At any rate, a woman does not make a penniless or nearly penniless girl dress as if she had a hundred pounds a year to spend on her wardrobe. A man in drawing a very young girl almost invariably makes out that she has eaten far too much of the fruit of the tree of the knowledge of good and evil, as much as he himself would have eaten at a similar age, for instance, which is altogether absurd.—Outlook.

The Champion Officeholder.

E. W. Sweeley, a justice of the peace in Loyalsock, Lycoming county, Pa., claims the record for officeholding in that state. Altogether he has held various township and county offices whose terms aggregate 109 years, during his life of 68 years, and he is still adding to his record. Mr. Sweeley is a Democrat, and that he is popular is shown by his record, as follows: Justice of the peace, thirty-five years; assessor, twenty-six years; supervisor, eight years; school director, fifteen years; overseer of the poor, six years; township auditor, twelve years; county auditor, four years; jury commissioner, three years.—Kansas City Journal.

FUNNY

People Will Drink Coffee When It "Does Such Things."

"I began to use Postum because the old kind of coffee had so poisoned my whole system that I was on the point of breaking down and the doctor warned me that I must quit it.

My chief ailment was nervousness and heart trouble.

Any unexpected noise would cause me the most painful palpitation, make me faint and weak.

"I had heard of Postum and began to drink it when I left off the old coffee. It began to help me just as soon as the old effects of the other kind of coffee passed away. It did not stimulate me for a while, and then leave me weak and nervous as coffee used to do. Instead of that it built up my strength and supplied a constant vigor to my system which I can always rely on. It enables me to do the biggest kind of a day's work without getting tired. All the heart trouble, etc., has passed away.

"I give it freely to all my children, from the youngest to the oldest, and it keeps them all healthy and hearty." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

The Bugle of the Six Hundred.

A military relic of undying interest will be disposed of next month in a West End salesroom. This is the very bugle which belonged to the Earl of Cardigan's bugler when the order was given for the charge of the Light Brigade at Balaclava. It is surely a relic which should be acquired by the nation. It is now fifty-one years since Balaclava, yet the Countess of Cardigan, widow of Lord Cardigan, is still with us and resides at Deene Park, Northants, a seat which her husband left her for life. The earldom of Cardigan is now merged in the marquisate of Ailesbury, and is borne by Lord Ailesbury's eldest son.—Sheffield Telegraph.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. Albert Behnke, St. Paul, Minn., lubricator; Kennedy Dougan, Minneapolis, Minn., T-square clamp; Julius Heilbron, St. Paul, Minn., vapor burning lamp; Howard McLeod, Great Falls, Mont., head motion; Charles Miller, Minneapolis, Minn., store service apparatus; Louis Olson, Minneapolis, Minn., ice shave; John Patty, St. Paul, Minn., wrench.

Mrs. Gould's Diary of Travels.

During her recent travels abroad Mrs. George Gould kept a journal, which she is now planning to have printed and distributed among her intimate friends. Mrs. Gould has been spoken of as being "in the distinguished list of automobile survivors."

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Groundless Accusation.

Kloseman—Well, of all things! The idea of his accusing me of making a lie out of whole cloth—

Peppery—Yes, the idea!

Kloseman—Ridiculous, isn't it?

Peppery—Oh, very. Evidently he doesn't know how economical you are.

Here is Relief for Women.
Mother Gray, a nurse in New York, discovered a pleasant herb remedy for women's ills, called AUSTRALIAN-LEAF. It is the only certain monthly regulator. Cures female weaknesses, Backache, Kidney and Urinary troubles. At all Druggists or by mail 50 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

The future tense of the verb "to love" is "to get married—so says a school girl.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Ave. N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

It's queer how two men can accidentally exchange umbrellas and both get the worst of it.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The things of life are likely to get in the way of life itself.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

God never calls a man to command until he has learned to obey.

OPERATIONS AVOIDED

Two Grateful Letters from Women Who Avoided Serious Operations.—Many Women Suffering from Like Conditions Will Be Interested.

Margrite Ryan
Margret Merkley

When a physician tells a woman, suffering from ovarian or womb trouble, that an operation is necessary it, of course, frightens her.

The very thought of the operating table and the knife strikes terror to her heart. As one woman expressed it, when told by her physician that she must undergo an operation, she felt that her death knell had sounded.

Our hospitals are full of women who are there for ovarian or womb operations!

It is quite true that these troubles may reach a stage where an operation is the only resource, but such cases are much rarer than is generally supposed, because a great many women have been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound after the doctors had said an operation must be performed. In fact, up to the point where the knife must be used to secure instant relief, this medicine is certain to help.

The strongest and most grateful statements possible to make come from women who, by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, have escaped serious operations.

Margrite Ryan, Treasurer of St. Andrew's Society, Hotel English, Indianapolis, Ind., writes of her cure as follows:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I cannot find words to express my thanks for the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did me. The doctor said I could not get well unless I had an operation for ovarian and female troubles. I knew I could not stand the strain of an operation and made up my mind I would be an invalid for life. Hearing how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had saved other women from serious operations I decided to try it, and in less than four months I was entirely cured; and words fail to express my thankfulness."

Miss Margret Merkley of 275 3d Street, Milwaukee, Wis., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Loss of strength, extreme nervousness, severe shooting pains through the pelvic organs, cramps, bearing down pains, and extreme irritation compelled me to seek medical advice. The doctor, after making an examination, said that I had ovarian trouble and ulceration, and advised an operation as my only hope. To this I strongly objected—and I decided as a last resort to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"To my surprise the ulceration healed, all the bad symptoms disappeared, and I am once more strong, vigorous and well; and I cannot express my thanks for what it has done for me."

Ovarian and womb troubles are steadily on the increase among women—and before submitting to an operation every woman should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and write Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. for advice.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been curing the worst forms of female complaints, all ovarian troubles, inflammation, ulceration, falling and displacement of the womb, leucorrhœa, irregularities, indigestion and nervous prostration. Any woman who could read the many grateful letters on file in Mrs. Pinkham's office would be convinced of the efficiency of her advice and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands a Woman's Ills.

No man should start a fight with his wife unless he is prepared to pay an indemnity.

The Government of Canada

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Gives absolutely FREE to every settler one hundred and sixty acres of land in Western Canada.

Land adjoining this can be purchased from railway and land companies at from $6 to $10 per acre.

On this land this year has been produced upwards of twenty-five bushels of wheat to the acre.

It is also the best of grazing land and for mixed farming it has no superior on the continent.

Splendid climate, low taxes, railways convenient, schools and churches close at hand.

Write for "Twentieth Century Canada" and low railway rates to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada; or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN
W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
ESTABLISHED JULY 6, 1876.

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES AND SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any $3.50 shoe in the world. They are just as good as those that cost you $5.00 to $7.00—the only difference is the price. If I could take you into my factory at Brockton, Mass., the largest in the world under one roof making men's fine shoes, and show you the care with which every pair of Douglas shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the best shoes produced in the world.

If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes, you would understand why Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day.

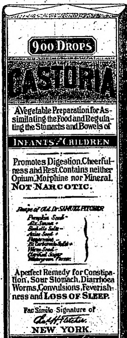
W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

WANTED. A shoe dealer in every town where W. L. Douglas Shoes are not sold. Full line of samples sent free for inspection upon request.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

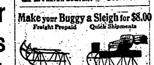


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 Doses—35 Cents
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC
FOR WOMEN
troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.
Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all
TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES
For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.
Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.
THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

Make your Buggy a Sleigh for $8.00
Freight Prepaid Quick Shipments



As we ship it Ready for use

Write for CIRCULAR describing the simple, but reliable, inexpensive invention; also our Sleigh Catalog (30 styles) The Tony Pony Line Catalog of Ponies and Pony Rigs for boys and girls. (We buy, sell and raise Shetland Ponies.) Our new, large, illustrated, 1906 vehicle catalog, showing 150 Modern Styles, Popular Priced, High Grade Vehicles, now ready. All Free.
MICHIGAN BUGGY CO., Manufacturers
No. 100 Office Bldg. KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN

Coney Island Souvenir Post Cards.
Six beautiful colored scenes for 25c. Coney Island Postal Card Co., Coney Island, N. Y.

PRICE, 25 Cts.
TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE

ANTI-GRIPINE
IS GUARANTEED TO CURE GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.
I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.
F. W. Diemer, M.D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES
Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri.

ESTABLISHED 1879.
MINNEAPOLIS. **Woodward & Co., Grain Commission.** DULUTH.
ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1905. NUMBER 17.

TAMMANY HALL MEETS DEFEAT

JEROME IS ELECTED DESPITE STRENUOUS OPPOSITION OF THE BOSSES.

M'CLELLAN ELECTED MAYOR

HEARST CHARGES ILLEGAL VOTING AND WILL CONTEST THE ELECTION.

REFORM IN PHILADELPHIA

LANDSLIDE IN CITY AND STATE — OHIO RESULT IS STILL IN DOUBT.

New York, Nov. 9. — After a campaign, unusual in its public interest and excitement, Tammany Hall met defeat yesterday in its hard fought efforts to elect James W. Osborne to the district attorneyship of the city by probably only a few thousand votes.

Returns to midnight indicate that George B. McClellan, Dem., is re-elected mayor of New York by between 3,000 and 4,000 plurality over W. R. Hearst, Municipal Ownership, and that William T. Jerome, Ind., is re-elected district attorney by about 8,000 over James W. Osborne, Dem.

Hearst Will Contest.

At midnight Mr. Hearst declined to admit his defeat, and declared his intention to contest the election. At that time returns from 184 election districts had not been received. McClellan had 205,598, Hearst 203,370 and Ivins 130,326 votes.

The following statement was issued by W. R. Hearst:

"We have won this election. All Tammany's frauds, all Tammany's corruption, all Tammany's intimidation and violence, all Tammany's false registration, illegal voting and dishonest count, have not been able to overcome a great popular majority. The recount will show that we have won the election by many thousands of votes.

Will Fight to the End.

"I shall fight this battle to the end in behalf of the people who have cast their votes for me and who shall not be disfranchised by any effort of criminal bosses."

The chairman of the Municipal Ownership party declares that he has evidence that 50,000 illegal votes were cast.

Tammany Badly Shaken.

The extent to which the Tammany organization was shaken may be judged from the fact that there was no fusion of the opposition parties, the means by which the organization has been combatted heretofore, but that Jerome, running as a candidate of no party and with his record in office as his platform, succeeded in overcoming the former prestige of the Democratic organization, and William R. Hearst, standing as the nominee of the Municipal Ownership League, a new element in New York politics, came within a fe wthousand votes of being elected mayor.

Triumph for Jerome.

Jerome's triumph was almost entirely a personal one, and showed that an appeal may be made successfully to voters on the strength of personal honesty and persistent, systematic denunciation of graft.

Violence at the Polls.

From many parts of Manhattan reports poured in of the greatest violence and crimes at the polls that New York has ever known. The actions of John McKane in his stronghold in Gravesend were declared to be mild compared to the deeds committed in the Tammany districts led by Thomas Foley, "Big Tim" Sullivan, "Little Tim" Sullivan, Joseph F. Oakley and Charles F. Murphy.

Murphy refrained from appearing in person during these attacks, but Oakley, commissioner of water, gas and electricity, led his own band through the Fourteenth assembly district, and with clubs and fists beat the Hearst and Jerome men without mercy.

IN MARYLAND.

Constitutional Amendment Disfranchising Negroes Is Defeated.

Baltimore, Nov. 9.—The election in Maryland yesterday was for a state controller, legislature and county officers, and in Baltimore for a judge of the supreme court, sheriff, city clerk and surveyor. The issue which engrossed popular attention was a proposed constitutional amendmen, the avowed purpose of which was to disfranchise negro voters. Owing to the extreme length of the ballot the count has been slow, and at a late hour the votes in some of the city precincts and remote county districts have not been counted. The returns so far received, however, make certain the defeat of the proposed constitutional amendment by a decisive majority, and very probable the election of McCullough, Rep., state controller. The political complexion of the next legislature is uncertain, and will not be known until the official count has been completed.

REFORM SWEEPS PHILADELPHIA.

Republican Ticket Is Defeated by From 60,000 to 75,000 Plurality.

Philadelphia, Nov. 9. — Philadelphia has been swept by the reform movement, the City party ticket winning by a surprisingly large plurality.

While returns from only six of the 42 wards in this city had been counted up to midnight, enough is known of the results in the remaining wards to indicate the defeat of the Republican local ticket by from 60,000 to 75,000 plurality.

The victory of the City party carries with it the election of William H. Berry, Democratic and reform candidate for state treasurer. J. Lee Plummer, the Republican candidate for that office, was badly cut throughout the city and state and he has lost his own county, which is usually Republican. The result has every appearance of a landslide for reform, not only in Philadelphia, but throughout the state.

OHIO IS DOUBTFUL.

Democrats Claim Election of State Ticket.

Columbus, Ohio, Nov. 9. — The result of the election in Ohio is still considered doubtful, although the Democratic leaders claim the election of Pattison and the entire Democratic ticket by good majorities, while the Republicans failed to concede such a claim, stating the returns were insufficient to show anything except that the vote had been very heavy and the amount of scratching had made the counting very slow. In the cities the Republican loss exceeded 100 to the precinct, but as the loss per precinct outside the large cities was, so far as reported, only about thirty, there was no certainty that the loss would run high enough to wipe out the 230,000 Republican plurality with which comparisons were made.

The State Journal has estimated pluralities from 63 out of the 80 counties in the state showing a net plurality of 800 for Herrick for governor.

IN MASSACHUSETTS.

Republican Candidate for Governor Is Elected.

Boston, Nov. 9.—Lieut. Gov. Curtis Guild, Jr., of Boston, the Republican candidate, was elected governor of Massachusetts in the state election yesterday by a plurality of 29,435. The Republicans also elected seven of the eight members of the executive council and the usual large majority in both branches of the legislature.

CLEAN SWEEP IN CHICAGO.

Only One Democrat Reaches the Promised Land.

Chicago, Nov. 9. — The Republicans made a clean sweep of the election in Chicago and Cook county yesterday, electing all of their candidates with the exception of one man. The sole Democrat to reach the promised land was Webb, a candidate for trustee of the sanitary district. The Republicans elected four judges of the superior court, one judge to fill a vacancy on the bench of the superior court, a judge of the circuit court and eight out of nine members of the board of sanitary trustees.

Gov. Utter Re-Elected.

Providence, R. I., Nov. 9.—A heavy poll for the Republican candidate for the executive chair, Gov. George H. Utter, which is expected to give him a plurality of at least 3,000 over the Democratic nominee, Lucius F. Garvin, was the feature of the state election yesterday. Republican gains were made in each branch of the legislature.

Republicans Gain in New Jersey.

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 9.—The election in New Jersey yesterday increased the Republican hold upon the state legislature and makes it impossible that a Democrat should succeed United States Senator John F. Dryden in 1907. In the state senate the Republicans made a gain of three.

Labor Candidate Re-Elected.

San Francisco, Nov. 9. — For the third consecutive time Eugene E. Schmitz, the Union Labor candidate, was re-elected mayor by a majority of at least 15,000 over John S. Partridge, the joint nominee of the Republican and Democratic parties.

Elect Democratic Governor.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 8.—Claude E. Swanson, Dem., was yesterday elected governor of Virginia by about 20,000 plurality. The Republicans gained a vew members of the legislature.

Man and Bride Found Dead.

Newburg, Or., Nov. 9.—Carl Hurford and his wife, a bride of six weeks, were found dead in their home here by neighbors attracted to the house by the firing of shots. More or less mystery surrounds their death.

Lucky Ghost.

And it came to pass that the Hamlet troupe was stranded at a water tank twenty miles from the nearest farmhouse. A roving tramp crept out of the shadows and, approaching the leading man, said:

"Mister, are you really Hamlet?"

"Yes," replied the barnstormer, "but I wish I was the ghost."

"Why so?"

"Ghosts don't get hungry."—Columbus Dispatch.

Long-Felt Want.

Customer—I want a book that will do for hot-weather reading.

Bookseller—All right, sir. Here is a ghost story that is warranaed to make your blood run cold.—Columbus Dispatch.

Had Been a Train Caller.

Diner—Give me a plate o' pork and beans, and hurry 'em up.

Waiter (shouting)—Chicago & Boston express!—Cleveland Leader.

WILL FIGHT IT OUT IN COURTS

HEARST WILL APPEAL TO THE COURTS TO CONTEST M'CLELLAN'S ELECTION.

EVIDENCE OF ILLEGAL ACTS

30,000 HEARST MEN FIND THAT THEIR NAMES WERE ALREADY VOTED.

OHIO SWEPT BY DEMOCRATS

PATTISON HAS OVER 50,000 PLURALITY — LEGISLATURE IS DEMOCRATIC.

New York, Nov. 9. — That a bitter fight will be waged in the courts to decide whether George B. McClellan or, William Randolph Hearst is to be mayor of New York for the next four years is now assured. The complete returns give McClellan a plurality of 3,485 votes, the smallest ever recorded for a successful mayoralty candidate, and a result which might readily be reversed by a recount of the ballots.

Mr. Hearst yesterday announced his intention to take an immediate appeal to the supreme court, his managers having declared they had secured

Evidence of Illegal Acts

against 1,000 inspectors of election and that 30,000 Hearst men who went to the polls to vote for Mr. Hearst had found that their names had already been voted.

Most of this fraudulent voting is said to have been done in East side assembly districts, especially in the Eighteenth, Charles F. Murphy's home district, and in the Sixth, of which Timothy D. Sullivan is the leader.

Mr. Hearst's proposed action met with warm approval in many quarters, even among those who opposed his election, and he received many assurances of support. District Attorney Jerome expressed himself in terms of

Strong Approval

of Mr. Hearst's program, and declared that he would immediately institute a searching investigation of the alleged frauds. He also ordered the returns from the Eighteenth and Sixth districts to be carefully guarded.

Ira G. Darrin, the newly elected district attorney of Queen's county on the Republican ticket, made a similar statement. William M. Ivins, the defeated Republican candidate for mayor, also commended Mr. Hearst's action, and expressed the belief that a recount would show that Mr. Hearst had been elected.

Tammany Protests.

After a secret session of the executive committee of Tammany Hall, held yesterday afternoon, the following statement was issued:

"The executive committee of the Democratic organization protests against the outrageous published threat of the defeated candidate of the Municipal Ownership league to overthrow the will of the people as expressed by the vote on election day, and directs its law committee to exert its best efforts and take such steps and institute such proceedings as will safeguard the election of George B. McClellan as mayor of New York.

"We also call on the commissioner of police and the custodian of the ballot to preserve the same intact from all interference by any one from any unauthorized source."

Serve Order From Court.

Col. Alexander Bacon and F. B. Brown, of counsel for William Randolph Hearst and the Municipal Ownership league, called at police headquarters late last night and served an order from Justice W. Gaynor on Capt. Cruise, in charge of the headquarters at night. The order was actually for Commissioner McAdoo, and the captain was served as his representative. He immediately telephoned the order to Commissioner McAdoo. The court's order directed that Commissioner McAdoo have every ballot box in the city of New York sent to the bureau of elections.

JOY IN PHILADELPHIA.

Great Demonstration by the City Party Leaders and Workers.

Philadelphia, Nov. 9. — There was a great demonstration at the mayor's office yesterday by the victorious City party leaders and others. Scores of leaders and hundreds of workers of the reform organization, who had assembled at City party headquarters to offer congratulations to successful candidates, formed in line and, headed by two brass bands, marched through the streets to the city hall. In the line were some of Philadelphia's best known citizens. Each carried a flag and the enthusiasm was so great that hundreds of persons caught the spirit and joined the marchers. The men marched into Mayor Weaver's large reception room and cheered him while the bands played patriotic airs. Mayor Weaver was lifted upon a table and made a stirring speech in which he paid a warm tribute to the police for their loyalty to duty. He gave the people credit for the victory and said it was the cleanest election held in Philadelphia in many years.

A staff of attorneys employed by the reform leaders is at work preparing to bring about 200 prosecutions for offenses against the ballot laws. Judge Biddle, in common pleas court, yesterday ordered the arrest of the entire election boards of eleven districts for neglecting to make returns to the prothonotary's office.

OHIO GOES DEMOCRATIC.

Capture State Ticket and Both Houses of Legislature.

Columbus, Ohio, Nov. 9. — That John M. Pattison has been elected governor for the next three years by a plurality running well above 40,000 is now well established, as also is the Democratic working majority in both houses of the legislature. Republican estimates give the Democrats two to five majority in the next senate and from ten to fifteen in the house. The Democrats claim a majority of five in the senate and twenty-seven in the house.

The state officers and legislators chosen Tuesday will serve three years instead of two, as heretofore, a constitutional amendment providing that the terms of officials elected at this time shall expire on Jan. 1, 1909, at which time the state officers and legislators chosen in November, 1908, will assume office. The legislature chosen in 1908 will choose a United States senator in succession to Senator Foraker.

FRAUD IN LOUISVILLE.

Election Paraphernalia Disappears in Fourteen Precincts.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 9. — The managers of the Fusion party met yesterday afternoon and announced that they had decided to contest in the courts the election of the Democratic ticket for municipal offices and members of the legislature. It is alleged that in fourteen precincts no election was held at all owing to the disappearance of the election paraphernalia, that in fourteen additional precincts the ballot boxes were confiscated by Democratic workers before the returns were certified to, thus allowing the results to be falsified, and finally that in a large number of other precincts gangs of armed thugs and repeaters, abetted in some instances by the police, cast many fraudulent ballots, besides preventing lawful voters from voting.

IN MARYLAND.

Suffrage Amendment Defeated—Democrats Carry State.

Baltimore, Nov. 9. — Late returns dissipate much of the doubt as to the result of Tuesday's election in this city and state. With a few precincts of the usual Democratic cities yet to hear from, the defeat of the suffrage amendment to the constitution by 28,000 to 29,000 is conceded. Atkinson, Dem., is conceded the state controllership and his majority will probably run over $6,500. That the state legislature will be Democratic is conceded by the Republicans.

MINISTER TO NORWAY.

Third Assistant Secretary of State Is in Line for Promotion.

Washington, Nov. 9. — H. H. D. Peirce, third assistant secretary of state, will, it is understood, be appointed United States minister to Norway when the organization of that country's diplomatic service is perfected. He served as secretary of the United States embassy at St. Petersburg, and was recalled from that post to succeed Thomas Criddler as third assistant secretary of state. Since he entered the state department he has visited several foreign nations for the purpose of making an inspection of the American consular service. During the peace conference between Russia and Japan at Portsmouth, Mr. Peirce acted as the representative of the department of state.

MAKE FORCIBLE ARGUMENT.

Powder Manufacturers Touch Off 2,000 Kegs Before Jury.

Uniontown, Pa., Nov. 9. — For the sake of illustrating a contested point to a coroner's jury here yesterday, 2,000 kegs of powder, representing a value of $10,000, was exploded by the Rand Powder company. The shock of the explosion was felt in several surrounding townships, and there was great excitement throughout this end of the county, as it has been but a few weeks since a similar powder explosion at this same point wiped out eighteen lives, and but a small portion of the nervous public had been informed that the coroner's jury was having touched off "just for fun" 2,000 kegs yesterday.

TWO HURT IN STREET DUEL.

City Marshal Reprimands Postmaster and Shooting Is the Result.

Carmo, Ill., Nov. 9. — In a duel fought on the streets of Norris City last night between Postmaster Henry Wakeford and Marshal Jesse Buttrey both were wounded and physicians say they cannot recover. Marshal Buttrey was called into the Central hotel yesterday afternoon to remove Wakeford, who was raising a disturbance. After sharply criticising Buttrey for interfering, Wakeford departed. Last night they met on the street and the duel ensued.

Prince Louis a Printer.

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 9.—At a meeting of the chapel of printers in the composing room of the News office yesterday, Prince Louis of Battenberg was elected a member, it having been developed during his visit to the office of that newspaper Tuesday night that his highness learned the printing art when he was a young man.

STEAD CALLS IT HELL LET LOOSE

DESCRIBES GHASTLY WELTER INTO WHICH RUSSIAN SOCIETY HAS DRIFTED.

SAYS 100,000 LIVES MAY FALL

THE COOLEST MAN IN RUSSIA TO-DAY IS EMPEROR NICHOLAS.

COUNT WITTE MAKES PLEDGE

IF ONE DELEGATE DEMANDS CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY HE WILL BACK HIM.

Berlin, Nov. 9. — William Sead, fresh from Russia, by way of Finland and Copenhagen, stopped over in Berlin yesterday on his way to Paris. For an hour and a half he poured forth his vivid impressions of "hell pretty well let loose," as he called it, of the things that he had seen and heard and of the ghastly welter into which Russian society has drifted.

"The coolest man in Russia is the emperor," said Mr. Stead. "God grant that he may keep his seat; that the Liberals may gather about him and that they may resist the forces of dissolution. His authority is shaken, passions are loose and things are likely to be worse. There may be fearful slaughterings. As an optimist, I think a hundred thousand lives may fall. If I were pessimistic, I would say two millions. The situation is something like this:

Police Are Indifferent.

"The police, gendarmes and Cossacks have been suppressing a revolution in the name of the emperor. Suddenly, they say, the emperor goes over to the Liberal side, and that he thinks more of those who want to vote and who are doing everything in the way of meeting and agitation which the police were taught to believe was unlawful, than he does of them. Simply human nature; the police and gendarmes say:

"'Oh, very well, if the emperor's new friends act like this, it is no concern of ours.'

"And when the police are indifferent the 'hooligans' break loose and toryism in society also breaks loose. That mass of ignorant conservatives which only thinks of killing—the black hundred in Moscow—are Conservatives who are offended by the Liberals.

Getting the Upper Hand.

All through the Russian empire authority, as represented by the police, Cossacks and gendarmes, is shaken, as I have said, and the forces that tend to tear society apart are at work."

Mr. Stead added that the army could no longer be depended upon. Several officers at Helsingfors had sent word to the Liberals while holding a meeting that they need not be afraid as the troops would not fire.

"The Liberals," he continued, "are unfortunately holding back from support of the crown at a time when every man who has a good coat on his back or a rouble in his pocket should stand by the emperor, who has placed himself on the Liberal side. The Liberals are unable at once to overcome their distrust. The fuller liberties have been granted too late."

Witte Gives Pledge.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 9. — Count Witte has definitely pledged himself to support the plan for the convocation of a constituent assembly when the douma meets if a single delegate raises the question. He is extremely desirous of winning the support of the zemstvoist party, which he does not hesitate to declare stands nearest to his political ideal, and which he evidently regards as the strongest, safest and most influential factor in the future political life of the country.

Count Witte continues to complain bitterly of the lack of confidence manifested toward him by all the elements of the opposition, at a time when he stands so much in need of the support of the Liberals.

Would Not Believe Christ.

The count added that he believed "if Christ himself were at the head of the government, the opposition would not believe in him," and said that at the present juncture the only person who was seconding his endeavor to introduce the new regime in a completely loyal spirit was Gen. Trepoff.

Now that the crisis in Finland is virtually over it develops that the revolutionary socialist had complete control of the situation. The militia in possession of Helsingfors and other towns kept a firm grip on all means of communication and prevented the news of what was happening reaching the Russian authorities.

Horrors at Odessa Leak Out.

Odessa, Nov. 8.—Four hundred and twelve Jews, victims of the massacres of last week, were buried yesterday. A majority of the shops were closed, including many of those belonging to Christians.

The mobs completely devastated, plundered and burned all the Jewish houses in the suburb of Dalnik. In the large villages of Severinovka and Anatolievka, and the towns of Ovidopol, Malaka, Akkerman, Attki, Olvipol and Winitza many hundred persons are reported to have been killed and thousands wounded.

CHINA HOTBED OF REVOLUTION.

Existing Dynasty Is Threatened With Destruction.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 9. — Telegrams from Pekin to Japanese papers say that movements to overthrow the present Chinese dynasty are developing with incredible rapidity. On Oct. 10 a portion of Pekin was closed. Foreigners were allowed to pass their guarded gates, but natives were closely scrutinized. Great activity of revolutionaries is reported from several sections. A Shanghai paper says a panic exists at Tien-tsin among native servants, many of whom are leaving foreign employ owing to the trouble that is expected.

Advices from Pekin published by Japanese vernacular papers received by the Empress of China state that when the empress dowager of China returned hastily from her summer palace because of the bomb outrage at Pekin she summoned the emperor and asked him what he knew of the outrage, whereupon the emperor showed great confusion. At a signal from the empress a party of guards appeared and led the emperor to a hall, where he has since been confined, no one having access to him and food is thrust in through a window. The Hochi Shimbun says the emperor occasionally raises shrieks like those of a lunatic.

STRIKE PLAN UNIQUE.

Discontents Will Cripple Service by Strict Observance of Rules.

Vienna, Nov. 9. — Railroad switchmen from Upper and Lower Austria, Salzburg, the Tyrol and Styria met here last night and practically decided to strike for a 20 per cent increase in wages and shorter hours. The strike will take the peculiar form of "passive resistance" borrowed from the Italian strikers. This consists of the strict observance of all the existing regulations for traffic imposed by the ministry of communications, which are so complex and absurd that traffic is only possible by virtually ignoring them. The observance to the letter of the regulations will so hamper or delay traffic as to seriously cripple commerce.

HONOR KING'S BIRTHDAY.

Combined British and American Fleets Will Fire National Salute.

New York, Nov. 9.—Eighteen American and British warships from their anchorage in the North river will fire in unison at noon to-day a national salute of twenty-one guns in honor of King Edward's birthday. Each ship will be in full dress. Rear Admiral Prince Louis of Battenberg, with his squadron of six armored cruisers arrived from Annapolis early this morning. Awaiting his arrival were eight battleships and four cruisers of the North Atlantic fleet at anchor in the North river. No fixed program has been announced for Prince Louis' first day in New York. Every day of the prince's six days' visit here will be filled with elaborate entertainments.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Nov. 9. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 88@89c; No. 2 Northern, 85 1-4@86c; No. 3, 83@85c. Corn — No. 3 yellow, 54@55c. Oats—No. 3 white, 29@29 1-2c.

Duluth, Nov. 9. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 86 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 84 3-4c; flax, 95 5-8c; rye, 66c.

Minneapolis, Nov. 9. — Wheat—No. 1 hard, 87c; No. 1 Northern, 86 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 84c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 3-8c.

Milwaukee, Nov. 9. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 88 1-2@89 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 85 1-2@87 1-2c. Rye—No. 1, 73@73 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 55c. Oats—Standard, 31@31 1-2c.

Chicago, Nov. 9. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 90@90 1-2c; No. 2 hard, 87 1-2 @ 90c; No. 1 Northern, 90@91c; No. 2 Northern, 87@89c. Corn—No. 2, 53c. Oats—No. 2, 30c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Nov. 9.—Cattle—Beeves, $4 @ 5.65; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.20 @ 3; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.85; calves and yearlings, $2.50 @ 3.40. Hogs—Bulk, $4.80 @ 4.82 1-2.

Chicago, Nov. 9. — Cattle—Good to prime beeves, $3.60 @ 6.30; stockers and feeders, $2.10@4.30; cows, $2.50@ 4.50; heifers, $2.20@4.80; calves, $3@ 7. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $4.70@ 5.20; bulk, $4.80 @ 5.10. Sheep — Good to choice wethers, $4@5.30; native lambs, $4.75@7.65.

South St. Paul, Nov. 9. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4.50 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50 $2.50@3.50; good to choice milch cows, $20@35. Hogs — Range price, $4.60 @4.90; bulk, $4.70@4.80. Sheep—Good @4; butcher bulls, $2.75@3.50; veals, $2@4.50; good to choice stock steers, to choice lambs, $5@5.85; fair to good, $4@5; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice ewes, $3.75@4.40.

Rules New York Life Out.

Jefferson City, Mo., Nov. 9. — W. D. Vandiver, state superintendent of insurance, last night suspended the certificate of authority of the New York Life Insurance company to do business in this state.

Favors Single Statehood.

Washington, Nov. 9. — President Roosevelt yesterday informed a delegation of residents of Oklahoma that he would recommend in his forthcoming message to congress single statehood for Oklahoma and Indian Territory.

Freight Wreck Occurs.

Wykoff, Minn., Nov. 9. — An extra freight train was wrecked here by a broken flange. Seven cars were ditched and several rods of track were torn up.

BURNED ALIVE BY HUNDREDS

STORY OF BLOODSHED AND TERROR IN RUSSIA GROWS MORE REVOLTING.

CHILDREN TORN TO PIECES

BLACK HUNDRED SLAUGHTERS A PROCESSION OF SCHOOL CHILDREN.

ANARCHY RULES IN CAUCASUS

THE AUTHORITIES ARE POWERLESS TO COPE WITH THE SITUATION.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 9. — The Society of Engineers has addressed an open letter to Count Witte demanding the immediate removal of the officials responsible for the recent bloodshed and terror in the interior, especially in the Caucasus.

The Russ and other radical papers are keeping up the campaign for the removal of Gen. Trepoff.

The revolutionary wave continues to subside except in the Caucasus.

As details of what happened throughout European Russia during the upheaval arrive the story grows more revolting.

In the Baltic provinces revolt and incendiarism prevailed.

In Poland even the clergy—Catholic and Protestant—participated in the manifestations in favor of the autonomy of the ancient kingdom.

Hardly a City Escaped.

In Southwestern Russia hardly a city or town escaped Jewish massacres.

At Tomsk, Siberia, the whole population of 40,000 and the military stood by while 600 men, women and children were burned in a theater. The court house at Tomsk and the mayor's residence, where the students and revolutionists took refuge from the mob, were burned, and those who tried to flee were killed in the streets.

In Moscow the social revolutionists and the Black Hundred and the Cossacks and police fought bloody battles.

The descent of the butchers of Moscow with their knives and axes upon the students was one of the most horrible chapters, but was not as pitiful as the attack of the Black Hundred on a procession of school children carrying red flags.

School Children Beaten.

When the children sought to escape a cordon of police barred the way and the youthful martyrs were beaten into insensibility and in some cases actually were torn to pieces.

In the Alexander Garden at Moscow Cossacks lay in ambush in the shrubbery and set upon their victims with whips. Many men, women and children were beaten to death and others were hardly able to crawl away.

Reports from the Caucasus show there is no immediate prospect of suppressing the present state of anarchy. Battles between the Tartars and Armenians continue and the destruction of the railroads and lack of troops make it impossible for the authorities to cope with the situation.

Anti-Jewish Lies Current.

Odessa, Nov. 9. — Outward calm has returned here, but the tension is still great. Reports that the Jews are preparing for terrible vengeance upon the Christians are being industriously circulated among the lower and most ignorant classes, and it is feared they may lead to a recrudescence of anarchy. These reports declare that the Jews intend to blow up the churches and distribute poisoned foodstuffs to Christians.

Prefect Neidhardt, to whom much of the responsibility of last week's occurrences is attributed, is still in office despite urgent demands for his removal. The prosecutor general has invited all eye-witnesses of the outrages to give testimony at the forthcoming investigation.

Witte Making Progress.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 9. — Count Witte is continuing negotiations with the zemstvo constitutionalist party, with brighter prospects of at least partial success. He makes no concealment of the fact that he regards their support as being almost vital to the achievement of the task which he is undertaking.

The conservative wing of the party is becoming less intransigent in its attitude toward Count Witte, although demanding the fulfillment of certain conditions before giving him open support. The members insist primarily on the

Removal of the "Wolves"

of the old regime, as they term the governors and police officials of many provinces and cities who are not in sympathy with the new order of things and who are charged with deliberately inciting the worst element of the population, with the full connivance of the police and troops under their control, to make the attacks upon the "intellectuals" and Jews which have filled the country with tales of horror and bloodshed for the last ten days.

This condition Count Witte is anxious personally to meet, as he fully realizes that the obnoxious officials are obstacles in his path.

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Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Nov. 11, 1905.

On our last page is an article entitled, "Buy at Home." Rad it—look it over carefully.

Political bosses, life insurance presidents and other grafters are not feeling good these crisp, autumn days.

Ex-senator O. H. Myron, who represented this district in the senate several years ago, is dead in California.

Doctor Henry Grundy was elected mayor of Thief River Falls last Tuesday. Both the doctor and the city are entitled to congratulations.

This week another of our ex-governors received his final call, Ex-governor Horace Austin dying at Minneapolis. He was governor from 1870 to 1874.

President Roosevelt has designated Thursday, November 30th, as Thanksgiving day. Everybody should give thanks, except the grafters and the turkeys.

Mayor John Duffy was re-elected as mayor of Red Lake Falls last Tuesday without opposition. No one ever accused the mayor of not working for his home town.

The congressman or senator who does not harken to the tariff reform and railroad rate rumblings will be looking for a job soon. The people are beginning to mean business.

The election returns indicate that the political grafter, no matter what party he claims, is going to have all kinds of trouble in the future and the party which allows the bosses to rule will surely suffer defeat.

The census returns show that Red Lake county is decidedly mixed as to nationality. Here are the figures: Native born, 10,938; foreign born, 5,017; Germany, 371; Sweden, 884; Norway, 2,252; Canada, 1,157; Ireland, 47; Denmarv, 85; England, 30; Bohemia, 23; Finland, 41; Scotland, 21; Austria, 57; Poland, 21; France, 10; Russia, 5; Wales, 3. This makes a total of 15,955.

Geo. B. McClellan, the Tammany cadidate, was on the face of the returns elected mayor of New York last Tuesday by less than four thousand plurality, out of a total of over one-half million of votes. W. R. Hearst, the municipal ownership candidate, will contest, claiming fraud of all kinds. Here's hoping that he will show up and punish the most corrupt gang that ever disgraced our country, and win.

Duluth News-Tribune: The railroads are as strongly opposed as ever to any extension of governmental control, and as the opening of congress approaches, evidences of their activity are more apparent than ever in the public prints. President Roosevelt has not given up his intention of presenting the subject to congress and it is apparent from his recent speeches that federal supervision is still uppermost in his thoughts. There will be a pretty struggle in Washington this winter.

The Crucifix in the Banana.

The increasing popularity of the banana in this country recalls a curious reference to the fruit to be found in an old volume entitled "The Glasse of Time In the First Age," divinely handled by Thomas Peyton (1620). In the eighty-first stanza occurs the following:

A cucumber much like it is in shew,
Of pleasing taste and sweet delightful
hue;
If with a knife the fruit in two you reave,
A perfect cross you shall therein perceive.

In the Canary islands and in Brazil it was regarded as an affront to the Saviour to cut the banana with a knife, as it revealed the crucifix. But in order to see this clearly it is necessary to cut the fruit when it first commences to ripen or, if ripe, immediately after it is taken from the plant.—London Standard.

Strategy.

The minister who had difficulty in keeping his parishioners' eyes fixed on him during the sermon solved the difficulty by placing a large clock directly behind him.—Liverpool Mercury.

The Difference.

Freddie—What's the difference between being sick and an invalid?
Cobwigger—An invalid, my boy, is one who makes those around him sick.—Harper's Bazar.

Change of Venue.

(Duluth News Tribune (Nov. 7): On a change of venue taken from Ramsey county by the defendants, the state's suit against the Shevlin-Carpenter company of Minneapolis for judgment for $51,334.42 for alleged thefts of timber from the school lands in the county, was yesterday entered in the district court.

The defendants are accused of unlawfully trespassing on 26-59-21 during the winter of 1903-4, cutting 2,444,020 feet of timber worth $17,108.14. For the alleged loss the state demands treble judgment.

Attorney General Edward T. Young, who is waging a crusade against the lumber companies of the state suspected of stealing the timber on public land, begun the suit in Ramsey county, but as the alleged thefts are cited on lands in St. Louis county, Judge Oscar Hallman of St. Paul transferred the case on a motion Nov. 4.

C. S. Jelley is associated with Attorney General Young in the case while Merrill & Clapp and R. J. Powell have been retained by the defendants.

Big, Big Words.

"Those who are accustomed to ridicule present day scientists because of their fondness for big words," said the etymologist, "will find them much more moderate in the concoction of words than the old timers.

"For instance, I have just come across the account of a scientific treatise published in the seventeenth century that contains words even much more cumbersome than its title, which, by the way, is 'Panzoologicomineralogia;' a good mouthful surely, yet the meaning is easily ascertained when the word is reduced to its component parts.

"The list of long titles that were then favorites would cause the modern book clerk a spasm, yet the list could be gone into indefinitely. A play in blank verse published in the latter part of the seventeenth century had as its alluring title 'Chrononhotonthologos,' and this was the opening sentence:

"'Aldeborontiphoscophornio, where left you Chrononhotonthologos?'

"If the modern mouthing actor can hardly get simple Anglo-Saxon words over the footlights, how could he get along with that morsel?"—New York Herald.

Great Writers Not Correct Writers.

There is not a single great author in our literature in whose works numerous errors have not been pointed out or thought to be pointed out. They are charged with violating rules involving the purity if not the permanence of the language. A somewhat depressing inference follows from the situation thus revealed. The ability to write English correctly does not belong to the great masters of our speech. It is limited to the obscure men who have devoted themselves to the task of showing how far these vaunted writers have fallen short of the ideas of linguistic propriety entertained by their unrecognized betters. As a result of these critical crusades there is no escape from the dismal conclusion that the correct use of the language is not to be found in the authors whom every one reads with pleasure, but is an accomplishment reserved exclusively for those whom nobody can succeed in reading at all.—Professor Thomas R. Lounsbury in Harper's Magazine.

Squirrels Are "Handy."

The handiness of the squirrel is something extraordinary in the animal world. He sits up on his hind paws and uses the fore paws in many ways just as a man does. He strikes with it and wards off a blow from another, and squirrel quarrels rarely go further than attempts to cuff each other like children. A lady who lives in our county and who is the protector of squirrels in that region told me that she had contrived a little rack to be filled with nuts, so that they came to the opening singly, one dropping into the place as another was taken out, and this was fixed by her window so that she could watch the squirrels come. One day a squirrel took the last nut and was quietly eating it on the window bench when another came and, finding none in the rack, went up to the eating squirrel and gave him a deliberate box on the ear and went away.—W. J. Stillman in Century.

Eyeglasses and Romance.

It is curious to observe that even the greatest realists do not venture to bestow eyeglasses on their heroines. It is rather odd, too, seeing how many charming women do in real life wear them and are not debarred by them from the most dramatic careers and the most poignant emotions, but while the modern novelist has bestowed eyeglasses on everybody else he has not yet had the hardihood to put them on the nose of his heroine. Why?—Mrs. John Lane in London Outlook.

Incarnate Umbrellas.

We English, of course, get what we call hardened to horrible climatic changes. Nevertheless I am convinced that our solemnity of demeanor is generated by our gray skies, our piercing east winds, our heavy, yellow fogs and our slushy roads and pavements. The waterproof face is the direct result of a firmament of lead. Many of us English people look like incarnate umbrellas.—London Queen.

Probably.

"Kind words cost nothing."

"Exactly. I think some folk distribute them freely on that account."

High Wages in America.

A unique testimonial to the high wages paid in this country is the fact that artificial diamonds are all made in Europe as the cost of labor here makes their manufacture practically impossible. Think of it—diamonds, the most costly luxury known to modern civilization can't be made in America because labor is so well paid. No wonder we can all enjoy the good things in life. Hardly a man or woman in Minnesota who can't afford golden grain belt beer in his or her home regularly and of all necessary luxuries this is the most desired by those who know good living. It is more than a delicacy for it's the best tonic ever produced. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Build up Your Town.

An exchange gives the following very substantial reasons to show why the local merchants should be given the patronage of the country in which he does business, and why the catalog houses should be shunned:

The catalog house is an unmixed evil to any community that patronizes it. It is a mistake to suppose that these houses can furnish the same grade and quality of goods cheaper than the local dealers. There is a good reason why they cannot. In the first place nearly all the leading wholesale houses refuse to sell their goods to the catalog houses for the obvious reason that it is not fair treatment of their regular patrons. The result is that most of their goods are bought of other retail merchants who have dead stocks to dispose of. The catalog houses therefore sell goods that the regular retail merchants will not handle. That means inferior goods. It is plan to be seen that the catalog houses must pay at least the ordinary wholesale prices for the most of their goods, because other retailers will not dispose of dead stocks for less.

In cities and country towns most merchants have "clearance" sales from time to time. Instead of the public getting the benefit of these sales, the city merchants often dispose of large quantities of shelf worn or out of date goods to the catalog houses, who afterwards sell them to their customers at a profit. The catalog houses are the scavangers of the trade.

The catalog houses do not buy the farmers' produce. They do not put one cent into circulation. They are simply parasites. They pay no taxes. They do nothing to support the community. Cheap goods are not always cheap in the long run. The catalog houses take money out of circulation. If everyone patronized them it would not be long before there would be little money in circulation. They are breeders of high times. They destroy local markets. Carried to its logical conclusion it means a few large cities distributive centers and abandoned towns and villages. The man who patronizes catalog houses is like the man who "bit off his nose to spite his face."

He helps to destroy his local market for a little temporary imaginative saving. When a customer wants credit he must go to his local merchant. The mail order houses will not give it. It is a pretty mean man who will give his money to the latter, and expect to receive credit from the former. Probably the smallest specimen of the lot is the business man who receives the patronage of his neighbors and gives his own to the catalog houses. Such men are no benefit to a community. They are better out of it than in it.

Married at Middle River.

Albert Torstvet, who was in the barber business here two years ago, was married at Middle River, Nov. 1st. The Pioneer says:

At the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Kuehl, five miles southeast of Middle River, on Wednesday, Nov. 1st, at two o'clock p.m., Mr. Albert Torstvet was married to Miss Lydia Kuehl, Rev. P. Ross officiating.

The bride is well and favorably known in the town of Cedar and a large number of the neighbors of the Kuehl family were witnesses of the happy event.

Mr. Oscar Johnson and Miss Nanna Erickson served as best man and bridesmaid. The groom is a barber in Thief River and on Thursday the newly married couple departed for that city where they will make their home.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

tf G. H. SANDUM.

Auction Social.

There will be an auction and social at the residence of H. J. Hanson, in Rocksbury, on Saturday evening, Nov. 11th. Proceeds for the benefit of the Mission church. All are cordially invited to attend.

A friend of the home—A foe of the Trust.

Calumet Baking Powder

Complies with the Pure Food Laws of all States.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

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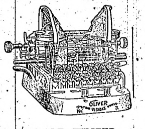

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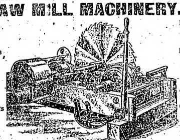

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Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.

A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.

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TIME TABLE

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

8:00 am	Lv......Crookston.....	..Ar	6:45 pm
9:25 am	Ar..Red Lake Falls..	Lv	5:25 pm
9:55 am	Ar.....St. Hilaire.....	Lv	4:55 pm
10:20am	Ar..Thief River Falls..	Lv	4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv......St. Hilaire......	Ar	11:10am
10:35 am	Ar..........Wylie..........	Lv	10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recordor
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	
Carl Johnson	
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

R. H. Duntley, N. G.

J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. Camp 3550.—Meets at Odd Fellows' Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

Carl Johnson, V. C.

J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

Henry Olson, Pres.

Aug. Berglund, Sec.

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Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.

Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Hon. L. C. Simons was a business visitor here last Tuesday.

Christ Bjerk made a business trip to Thief River Falls last Monday.

W. A. Arthur made his reservation claim a short visit last Sunday.

Cashier H. J. Enderle, of Plummer, made a short visit here last Sunday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

K. O. Gigstad made a business trip to Red Lake Falls last Monday evening.

Christ Bjerk, of Marshall county, is visiting his son M. E. Bjerk this week.

John Rolland left last Monday for Roseau county to pay a visit to his claim.

Miss Mary Anderson commenced a term of school last Monday at Black River.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

The temperance lecture at Imperial hall last Sunday afternoon was well attended.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

A. M. Edstrom came in from Hazel and went down to Red Lake Falls on business last Monday.

Miss Helen Hannay returned from Minneapolis last Monday, where she had been for a short visit.

Mrs. John J. Soll received the sad news by wire last Thursday that a sister had died at Clarkfield, Minn.

Martin M. Andress returned yesterday from Grand Forks and Crookston, where he had spent several days.

R. J. McKercher returned on Thursday from Iowa, where he has been spending several weeks at his old home.

The Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. church will meet with Mrs. E. L. Eickhoff next Thursday afternoon. All are invited.

Ray Collins, who was one of the setters at the mill for several months this year, was here a short time last Wednesday.

P. G. Otterness came up from Goodhue county last Saturday and spent a couple of days here looking after his business interests.

Lewis Adams visited with his brother Herman Adams a couple of days the first of this week. He expects to leave for the west in a few weeks.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Services in the Swedish Mission church Sunday evening, at 8 o'clock. All are cordially invited.

L. W. Nordhus, Pastor.

If you are troubled with indigestion, constipation, sour stomach, or any other pain, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well and keep you well. 35c, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Martin E. Egan, one of the scalers at the saw mill, left last Wednesday for his home at Eau Claire, where he will spend a few weeks before going to the woods.

The ladies of the Lutheran Synod church will give a "Lutefisk" supper at their church on Thursday, Nov. 16. Supper will be served from 6 to 9 p.m. All are welcome.

Buy Lipton's Ceylon and India teas from us. No. 1, one-pound can at 50c; No. 2, one-pound can at 45c; No. 1, ½-pound can at 25c; No. 1, ¼-pound can at 15c. M. L. Hanson.

Albert Brink, a son of O. W. Brink, had the misfortune last Saturday to fall, while driving cattle, into the county ditch and dislocate his elbow. Dr. Blomburgh set the injured member and he is doing as well as could be expected.

Joel G. Winkjer, the dairy and food inspector, was here last Monday to attend the stockholders' meeting of the creamery. Mr. Winkjer can't help being around when there is anything doing at the creamery of which he did so much to make a success.

Pain may go by the name of rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, pleurisy. No matter what name the pains are called, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will drive them away. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

District court with a grand and petit jury will convene at Red Lake Falls next Monday. The calendar is not a large one.

The ladies of the M.E. church worked a very successful pound party surprise on Rev. and Mrs. Gilman, last Thursday evening.

Jens Nelson, Chas. Fellman and J. J. Soll went out to the reservation last Thursday and will spend several days hunting deer.

Pat Sullivan, river foreman for the Grand Forks Lumber company, and daughter Miss Myrtle were visitors here last Thursday.

E. J. Holmes came up from Cannon Falls last Saturday on a real estate deal and spent a couple of days here greeting old friends.

Alton and Ella Jackson, who have been ill of lung fever for the past two weeks, are recovering nicely under the care of Dr. Blomburgh.

Harold Arthur, youngest son of W. A. Arthur, was thrown out of a delivery wagon last Tuesday. A few bruises was the only damage done.

The south bound freight last Wednesday had a badly burned caboose which had caught fire at Thief River Falls in some way unknown.

Just in, a car load of first quality Washington apples, very fine stock. Now is the time to lay in your winter's supply. Call early as they will go fast.

M. L. Hanson.

It is not often that harvest extends into November, but it did this year, and quite a number of farmers have been at work lately cutting the grain that was standing on account of wet ground. Very little if any of the grain so saved will have a market value but it is thought that it will make good feed.

Many children inherit constitutions weak and feeble, others due to childhood troubles. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will positively cure children and make them strong. 35cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Prof. Onstad informs us that although he has resigned at Red Lake Falls, he has decided for the present, at least, to continue as instructor of the band here. Prof. Onstad is a musician of ability and has excellent success as an instructor and the band boys are fortunate in retaining him as their teacher and leader.

Miss Josephine Guttormson, second daughter of Mr. Ole Guttormson of this village, was united in marriage at Crookston on Saturday, November 4, to Mr. F. M. Perry, of Scanlon, Minn., Rev. Satterlee officiating. The newly wedded couple will make their home at Scanlon, and have the best wishes of their St. Hilaire friends.

Julius Pleth, of Plummer, last week purchased of Alphonse Lacombe, of St. Hilaire, his farm in section 31-152-41, also the SE¼ 19-153-42, east of Rocksbury township, known as the Freeman farm, and the Evan Hanson quarter (SE¼-83) same township and range, and not satisfied with that he also bought at the sale of school lands held in Red Lake Falls six quarter-sections in River Falls and Garnes townships. It is very evident that Mr. Pleth is still very much in the land business and has unlimited faith in Red Lake county lands. Mr. Pleth has done much good for this county and in him St. Hilaire lost a good citizen and business man.

Still Making Lumber.

There are no signs of a let-up down at the saw mill and Manager Evans claims they will run the mill as long as they can get logs into the mill. On Monday afternoon the piston rod that runs the carriage was broken but it was fixed Monday night and work was resumed Tuesday morning. The weather seems to be getting better every day, and it looks now as if the mill would run all of next week at least.

California or Florida.

It is time to plan your winter vacation. Early arrangements secure the best accommodations. Choice of routes via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway to California or to Florida, combined with low rates, make the trip to either resort a most attractive one. A postal will bring complete information about rates, train service and resorts, free and by return mail. Address W. B. Dixon, N. W. P. A., St. Paul, Minn. n11

RAPP & POST'S
QUOTATIONS

18 pounds Sugar	$1.00
Sugar, per 100 pounds	$5.35
Kerosine Oil, per gallon	15 c
Tomatoes, per can	10 c
Corn, 3 cans for	25 c
Evaporated Apricots, per lb	12½c
" Apples per lb	10 c
" Peaches per lb	12½c
" Pears per lb	15 c
Best Plums, per pound	8 c
Cleaned Currants, 3 lbs for	25 c
Gloss Starch, per package	10 c
Celluloid Starch, 3 pkgs for	25 c
Three 10c boxes Snuff for	25 c
25 pounds Corn meal for	60 c
Rice, per pound	5 c
Soda Crackers, by the pound	8 c
" " by the box per lb	7 c
Fine Cookies, by the pound	10 c
" by the box per lb	9 c
No. 1 Lipton's Tea, per lb	60 c
No. 3 Lipton's Tea, per lb	45 c

Japan Teas, 20c, 35c and 50c per lb.
Try our 15c, 18c and 20c Chase & Sanborn Coffees.
Other goods at prices in proportion.

RAPP & POST

CREAMERY ADDITION

Stockholders of Local Creamery Vote to Double the Capacity of Plant.

The stockholders' meeting of the St. Hilaire Creamery association held a special meeting at the village hall last Monday. The meeting was well attended and the sentiment unanimous that it was necessary to enlarge the plant.

It was determined to build an addition to the creamery proper, and also build an ice house and refrigerator. A new churn, vats and other machinery will also be put in. It is expected that work will soon start.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held at the village hall Nov. 6, 1905, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the president.

All members present except Gigstad.

Moved and seconded that Carl Johnson act as recorder in the absence of K. O. Gigstad.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and on motion accepted.

The report of the marshal and street commissioner read and on motion accepted.

The following bills were allowed in full:

Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	$ 9 45
D Patterson, coal and draying	31 70
C H Martz, work and timbers for bridge	3 63
Mike Olson, cleaning well	75
K A Kolstad, " "	75
Ole Brink, work on road	6 50
Peter Lindberg, fixing bridge and hauling dirt	2 00
John Gunderson, labor	5 60
Christ Bjerk, labor	3 50
StHilaire Spectator, publishing proceedings	18 75
CH Remington, marshal salary	50 00
AlbertFellman, special police	2 00
A F Ittner, special police	2 00
Hans Rolland, special police	2 00

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'Brien,
President.

Carl Johnson,
Recorder pro tem.

The Sage of Sauk Centre.

Frank M. Eddy in Sauk Centre Herald: What is the use of holding any republican state convention this year? Why not let the legislative combine meet and name the candidates?

A man always knows just the kind of a woman he is going to marry before he gets married. It is after marriage that doubts arise.

Money can be tainted in the spending as well as in the making.

There is as much fraud in a padded woman as there is in padded election returns.

In certain parts of South America young men lasso their brides. If this were a custom in this country the girls would save all their pocket money to buy ropes for their lovers.

The whisky bill and the tobacco bill of the world amounts to twenty times the bread and meat bill and women do not pay 1 per cent of it; yet men sneer at woman's financial ability.

The only person that a woman enjoys seeing make a greater social success than herself is her daughter.

Nine times out of ten a man is fooling himself when he thinks he is fooling his wife.

A woman never goes back on a man after she gets him into trouble.

If men would pay church assessments as willingly as they do political assessments, a preacher's job would be better than that of a life insurance president.

Adjourned Till the 21st.

The Wylie branch line case in which the town of Wylie endeavors to restrain the proposed action of the G. N. railroad company from tearing up the rails that are laid into the city of Wylie and thus entirely destroy the value of the place as a trading point was brought up in district court before Judge Watts Saturday afternoon; says the Crookston Journal. By the joint agreement of the parties involved the case has been set off until the 22st of this month when it will again be brought up before Judge Watts and probably settled one way or another. Meanwhile the restraining order that prevents the railroad company from tearing up the tracks and stopping transportation on the line will be in effect. This order remains in effect until the case is brought to an end.

The attorneys in the matter came to an agreement for the postponement of the case last Saturday afternoon and the Judge granted move for adjournment.

Better than Expected.

The following letter from Oliver W. Stewart, who delivered the lecture on temperance at Imperial hall last Sunday afternoon will explain itself:

Twin Valley, Minn.,
Nov. 7, 1905.

Dear Bro. Gilman:—

Cash and pledges at your place amounted to $141.35. That was fine, better than we expected. You have a right to feel proud of what your people did. Thanking you again for your kind help, I am,

Yours truly,
Oliver W. Stewart.

Mc MURRAY'S
VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

FARMERS INSTITUTE

Plans Completed for Interesting Meeting Here on November 24.

The plans are about completed for an interesting and instructive farmers' institute to be held at the village hall in St. Hilaire on Friday, November 24th, at 10 a. m. Advertising matter has been circulated the past week and farmers can depend that it will be well worth attending. The institute will be under the direction of Hon. W. W. P. McConnell, formerly state dairy commissioner, and he will be assisted by an able and competent corps of assistants. Not a farmer in this section can afford to miss this meeting.

Gone to Her Final Reward.

Red Lake Courier: Bertha, the beloved wife of Louis R. Adams, died last Thursday night at Grand Forks after an illness of six weeks' duration.

Bertha was the eldest child of Mr. and Mrs. William Zaiser of this city. She was born near Red Lake Falls 22 years ago last March and resided at this city up to three years ago when she was married. She lived at St. Hilaire for a time and then moved to Grand Forks.

The funeral services were held at St. Mary's church Sunday afternoon, Rev. Fr. Ansgar officiating, and the remains were interred in the cemetery at this place. Bertha was loved by a wide circle of friends, who deeply deplore the sudden severing of life's tiny chord. Besides the husband, father, mother, and other relations, two little children, a boy two years old and a baby girl two months old are left to mourn her untimely demise. The Courier extends its condolences to the bereaved relatives.

Plummer Creamery Closed.

Pioneer (Nov. 4): Yesterday was the last day on which the Plummer creamery will receive cream this season. The plant is closed for the reason that just at present the farmers are too busy with their delayed work and threshing operations to haul cream, hence the supply available is not sufficient to make the running of the creamery pay. The milk yield throughout this territory is pretty small just at present because of the early freeze-up killing off all outside feed and as practically no threshing has been done, the farmers are almost without feed for their stock. It will remain closed until early in January when it will be started again. In the meantima the machinery will be re-arranged and other improvements made which will materially increase the capacity of the creamery. This is absolutely necessary as the present capacity will be inadequate for the volume of business promised for next year.

Inspect the Ditch.

County Commissioners Shaw, Sutor, and Demann will meet at St. Hilaire next Monday and from there go out and make final examination of ditch No. 21. This ditch drains a portion of the town of Rocksbury east of the Red Lake river and also runs out into the town of Smiley. When the ditch was first talked of, there was considerable opposition upon the part of many of the farmers living in the town of Rocksbury, but now that the ditch is completed there is said to be little or no opposition, and it is proving a great benefit to many of the farmers.—Thief River Falls News.

Band Concert and Social.

The band boys were greeted by a full house at Imperial hall last Wednesday evening when they gave their concert and rag ball social. The selections rendered by the band were well received and the violin solo by Prof. Onstad being particularly appreciated. The rag balls sold well and the boys cleared in the neighborhood of twenty dollars. All agree that it was a decided success and the boys should give another in the near future.

Rates for Foot Ball Game.

On account of the foot ball game between North Dakota Agricultural College and the University of North Dakota on November 18th at Fargo, the Great Northern Railway will make a rate of one and one-third fares for the round trip. Date of sale Nov. 17th and for trains arriving in Fargo before noon of the 18th, final return limit Nov. 20th. Ask your local agent for full particulars.

Get a Life Scholarship Free.

Have a disinterested bookkeeper and stenographer examine the different business colleges in our field, and if he does not find that ours is by far the best, we will give you a life scholarship for nothing. Catalog for the asking.

Queen City Business College,
Crookston, Minn.

Carlson & Fellman

ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.

CONFECTIONERY

FRUITS, CANDIES
CIGARS
and STATIONERY

Agency Thief River Falls Laundry.

RAPP &
POST....

St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

The Pedestal
of Honor

is a fitting place for our Ladies' Footwear. Shoes such as shown here are so far above the ordinary that you must see to appreciate them at their full value. May we expect you to honor us with a visit of inspection? We are sure you will enjoy it as much as we.

Ladies' Shoes

like ours are not to be found in every store.

FIRE INSURANCE

— is a —

BUSINESS PRECAUTION

That all Good Business Men take Advantage of..

When you Invest,
Why not get the.... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class

— FOR RATES CALL ON —

HARRY E. IVES.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

NOW ARRIVING.

We are getting in daily our Fall and Winter Stock of....

Dry Goods :: Dress Goods
Boots and Shoes
and Heavy Winter Goods

AND INVITE YOUR INSPECTION

WE CAN QUOTE YOU PRICES EQUAL TO THE LOWEST

Call early and see our Stock of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods

E. M. HOFF.

$34.90 To California ......

DAILY UNTIL OCTOBER 31ST

Through tourist cars every Tuesday morning 8:20 a. m., arriving Los Angeles 8:25 a.m., San Francisco 6:35 p. m., following Saturday. Double berth $6:75 via

THE SUNSHINE ROUTE

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway
and Santa Fe Route

TICKETS: 365 Robert Street, St. Paul.
328 Nicollet Avenue, Minneapolis.

W. B. DIXON, N. W. P. A., ST. PAUL, MINN.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY.

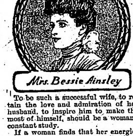
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

A TRULY IDEAL WIFE

HER HUSBAND'S BEST HELPER

Vigorous Health Is the Great Source of the Power to Inspire and Encourage —All Women Should Seek It.

One of the most noted, successful and richest men of this century, in a recent article, has said, "Whatever I am and whatever success I have attained in this world I owe all to my wife. From the day I first knew her she has been an inspiration, and the greatest helpmate of my life."



Mrs. Bessie Ainsley

To be such a successful wife, to retain the love and admiration of her husband, to inspire him to make the most of himself, should be a woman's constant study.

If a woman finds that her energies are flagging, that she gets easily tired, dark shadows appear under her eyes, she has backache, headaches, bearing-down pains, nervousness, whites, irregularities or the blues, she should start at once to build up her system by a tonic with specific powers; such as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Following we publish by request a letter from a young wife:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:

"Ever since my child was born I have suffered, as I hope few women ever have, with inflammation, female weakness, bearing-down pains, backache and wretched headaches. It affected my stomach so I could not enjoy my meals, and half my time was spent in bed.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me a well woman, and I feel so grateful that I am glad to write and tell you of my marvelous recovery. It brought me health, new life and vitality."—Mrs. Bessie Ainsley, 611 South 10th Street, Tacoma, Wash.

What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Ainsley it will do for every sick and ailing woman.

If you have symptoms you don't understand write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free and always helpful.

An Unfriendly Feeling.

A philanthropist of Louisville was talking about the late Dr. Barnardo, whose whole life was devoted to the helping of slum children.

"Dr. Barnardo," he said, "was as interesting as he was good. To converse with him was a rare privilege.

"Certain of his ideas were once attacked by a philanthropic young nobleman; a youth with many millions and much enthusiasm, but very little modesty or tact.

"Dr. Bernardo naturally felt rather bitter toward this rich and inexperienced and presumptious intruder.

"'I feel toward him,' he said to me, 'as the barber feels toward the man who shaves himself. You know what that feeling is, don't you?'

"'The man who shaves himself,' says the barber, 'ought to be compelled to cut his own hair.'"

Having one's way does not always bring as much satisfaction as was anticipated.

CONSTIPATION
AND STOMACH TROUBLE
CAN BE CURED

J. S. Janssen, President of the Milwaukee Retail Druggists' Association,

Talks on the Dangers of Constipation and Stomach Trouble.

"Have you noticed the large number of cases of typhoid fever lately?" said Mr. J. S. Janssen to a Daily News representative. "To my notion typhoid fever, malarial fever, appendicitis and many kindred complaints are the result of constipation, which in many cases is allowed by the patient to run along without proper treatment. You will remember when you were a child and the doctor was called, his first prescription was a dose of castor oil! All physicians know the value of having the bowels thoroughly opened. People, when they grow up, allow constipation to become chronic through lack of attention. Constipation is the failure of the bowels to carry off the undigested food, which collects in the alimentary canal and there decays, generating poisonous disease germs. These germs find their way into the blood by means of which they are carried to every tissue. The fever thus created affects not only the lungs, kidneys, stomach, heart and nervous system, but in fact any organ of the body is liable to break down as a result. The blood becomes thin and watery. The sufferer loses in flesh and strength. Castor oil and pills will not cure an affliction like this. Something more than a laxative is needed. There are many physics on the market and we sell a great many, having probably the most popular store of the kind in the city. I do not often talk about manufactured medicine, but the high esteem in which Mull's Grape Tonic is held by the drug and medical fraternities has impressed me and I know from actual experience right here in our store that Mull's Grape Tonic cures constipation and stomach trouble positively and permanently. Mull's Grape Tonic is not a physic, but it immediately clears the bowels of the decaying food because of the peculiarly strengthening effects it exerts over the organs of the digestive system. As a tonic it is superior to the nauseating cod liver oil compounds. It builds flesh faster and creates strength quicker than any other preparation known to medical science. The ingredients are positively harmless, made mainly from crushed grapes and fruits. Although a full bottle might be taken at once, no inconvenience would result. I only wish that people paid more attention to these little details, which in themselves in the beginning are of so slight importance, but which grow in magnitude until the most serious trouble and some deadly disease fastens itself on the constitution. There is really nothing easier to take than Mull's Grape Tonic. I hope you, through the influence of your paper, can bring the readers to a sense of the gravity of allowing constipation to become chronic."

WRITE FOR THIS FREE BOTTLE TO-DAY.

Good for ailing children and nursing mothers.

132 FREE BOTTLE COUPON. 11115

Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, for Stomach and Bowels to

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

Give Full Address and Write Plainly.

The $1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size. At drug stores.

The genuine has a date and number stamped on the label—take no other from your druggist.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS.
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

BUY AT HOME

The Difference Between Ordering by Mail From a Catalogue House and Buying at Your Home Store.

There is much difference between buying goods at a home place of business and ordering them by mail from a catalogue house from a mere picture or description.

We want to point out to you a few facts that you may never have even thought of. Here you go into a store and make your wants known. The salesman shows you the desired article and if necessary helps select or suggests to you the article best suited to you. Right there you have a chance to examine the quality, to see the style, to select the size and color, as the case may be; you can compare the different qualities, etc., and then if all is satisfactory, and in your judgment the price right, you will make the purchase. When you get home and upon a rigid examination you find a flaw or crack in your purchase, or maybe in size too large or small, or blue instead of black, then the next day or a week after you go to town to your Mr. Dealer, who will gladly exchange the item or refund you the money.

Then how many times does your home dealer extend you credit? Has he not waited on you until your crops matured or until your produce is ready for market or until pay day? All these are accommodations you can get only at home, and are, at times, of much help.

Pictures Lie.

On the other hand, you order an article by mail. You look through the catalogue. The item is there (that is, a picture and a smoothly written description). We know that the picture of a $5.00 suit looks as good as the one for $20.00. You read the description; it seems to be what you want, and you send the money, because they want the money with your order. You can order the goods on inspection by sending part in money, balance C. O. D., but there is usually so much inconvenience in refusing a shipment that nine times out of ten you will accept the goods though they are not what you expected to get.

When the article comes it is not what you expected, it may not fit, or something is broken or has a flaw in it. If Mr. Catalogue man was right there you would not accept it, but he is so far away, he has your money. He says he will send money back, but rather than go to all that trouble you would accept the shipment. We know of one particular instance where a good fellow ordered a heating stove, think it was $8.95. When the stove came he was very much disappointed. It was a very small size. He told us he never got any use of it. Now if this same man had gone to one of our dealers and seen this same stove at $8.95 he would never have bought it; he would have selected one at $12 or $14 and obtained the right kind for his use and been satisfied.

More Illustrations.

Another case came under our notice recently. A certain young man needed a suit of clothes. Our home dealers had them, but after reading the glowing description in these catalogues, he thought we were entirely too high priced. He ordered—the suit came. It was to have been all wool (we know it wasn't). Then the style of the coat was from a few years back. It was a misfit, being fully a size too large, but he had sent the money.

Another time a good farmer ordered five rolls of barb wire. When it came and he had paid the freight, he found he could have saved $1 and a good deal of time and trouble by buying at home. Also this came to our notice: A man ordered wire fencing. The picture looked so good he desired to put it up around his home. When it came it was so different that he stored it away in his smoke house, as it was not suited for his use at all. We know of scores of other instances where goods received were not up to expectations.

We know it to be a fact that vehicles and farm machinery bought from some of these concerns which looked cheap at the time of purchase, but after a few years' usage proved that had these people bought from their home dealer, although at a higher price, they would actually have received more for their money—and so it is all through the line.

Harness Poor Grades.

Take harness and saddlery; there are several good reasons why you should buy of your home dealer. First, all the harness is made right here at home in a careful manner out of the best quality oak tanned leather—not like Mr. Catalogue Man does—who simply goes to a manufacturer and says, at what price can you make so many sets of harness, something that I can give a good description of, but caring not how it is made or how long it will last? He does not expect to sell more than one set to a customer, for experience has proved that when some one had a set sent they did not desire a second one. Another thing. If you have an old set of harness or collar to repair, does Mr. Catalogue Man repair them for you? No! If you want a new set of harness you can bring your catalogue with you to the home dealer and he will be glad to figure with you and save you from $1 to $3 a set. Then here you can examine the goods, have changes made if you like, and your money will stay at home and do this community some good.

The Way They Do It.

The mail order house will take a well-known brand of shotgun, say the Smith Hammerless, and offer it at $25. This gun they describe with a few lines and send a small cut or picture of it.

Next page they will use a large cut of their own brand of gun, and what they do not say about this gun is not worth saying. This wonderful gun they price at $19.87, and according to description this gun is worth a great deal more.

The reader orders the $19.87 gun, on which the supply house makes a profit of 50 per cent, while if he had ordered the $25 gun they would not have made 5 per cent. But listing a well-known brand at a cheap price establishes confidence and helps them gain their point to sell their own brand at a big profit.

It would set city people wild if these supply houses actually had values with style and quality. They would not need to leave their own large cities to sell at the prices they quote, as the city people would go wild over the bargains. But with style and value lacking they dare not show their goods in the city where the prospective customer would have the opportunity for comparison, but by cleverly worded and exaggerated description they make the country people believe they are offering more desirable wares than the country merchant keeps at a less price, and having no opportunity for comparison before buying, many people are actually duped.

Baits of Leaders.

We know it is a fact that many articles are priced in these catalogues cheaper than you can find them in your home stores. Have you ever thought of the reason why that is? It is not because he cannot get these goods and sell them to you at just as low prices, but it is because he is afraid to sell you articles that have no merit and because you can reach him daily and expect him to make it good. You expect to get goods of satisfactory quality or he may lose your trade. He is your personal friend and is afraid to sell you goods he cannot recommend. If he had never seen you nor expected to, and is several hundred miles away and could get the money first, he would be in a different position.

Remember we don't want to say that you can't get good goods from these concerns, for we know that you can, but these better grades cost you as much and more than they do at home, with the exception of a few baits and leaders.

There is still one more thing to bear in mind and which we think a serious one. Supposing the mail order houses could sell goods cheaper and everybody would order their goods from them—the local stores would soon be no more and you would then be obliged to send for everything. Remember a store cannot be kept up with the small purchases if the money is sent away for the big things. You have then succeeded in ruining your home trade and you have helped to build up an enormous corporation in some faraway city. Your home consumption and market would decrease, the value of your farms and houses would become less valuable, for you well know if a town goes back the value of it and its surroundings decrease. Sending your money away you get nothing but the goods; spending it at home it will come back to you in better towns, better stores, better schools, better churches and better social advantages.

Home Industries.

Is not the building up of your small town more to you than the building up of some faraway city? Is it not a fact that if our town had 10,000 population instead of 1,000 it would be better for us all? Would there not be much more employment; would not these people consume more products and consequently make a better market; would not the small homes with one lot be doubled in value and every farm within a radius of ten miles be worth $10 to $50 an acre more? Therefore is it only a good thing for the merchant or tradesman if you buy of him? Is it not just as good a thing for you?

Another thing. You probably have a family and some time one of your sons may think of going into business for himself. Where is there a chance for the young man with a limited capital to ever become a merchant when the people send their money to build up these gigantic corporations to compete with your son or your son's son?

Home Interests First.

True citizenship is not all in rallying around the 'Star-Spangled Banner' of our country and singing "Hail Columbia." The spirit of true patriotism is shown by the man who patronizes home industry first, last and all the time.

It is quite amusing to read the smooth talk used in catalogues to deceive readers into sending their orders. They say that goods are sent in plain packages because many merchants who buy of them to sell again object to having their name appear on boxes, etc. We want to tell you we honestly believe not a single merchant in this United States orders any goods from these concerns. He cannot buy from them and stay in business. A good merchant buys from the manufacturers. The statement is made to make you, Mr. Reader, believe that you can buy as cheap as your merchant.

PRESIDENT HEARS RETURNS.

Returns to Washington After Voting at Oyster Bay.

Washington, Nov. 9. — President Roosevelt spent the greater part of the evening in the executive offices receiving the election returns. With him were Mrs. Roosevelt, Secretary Root and Assistant Secretary Bacon of the state department. President Roosevelt reached Washington from Oyster Bay at 4:40 o'clock yesterday afternoon, having been on the road since 12:30 Monday night with the exception of the twenty minutes he spent at Oyster Bay casting his vote and chatting with his neighbors.

Clarence Darrow Quits Dunne.

Chicago, Nov. 9.—Clarence Darrow, special traction counsel for the city of Chicago, resigned yesterday, declaring in a letter to Mayor Dunne, that he had no desire to continue in the employ of the city inasmuch as municipal ownership cannot, in his opinion, be effected until the spring election.

GRATIFYING PRAISE.

Letter from Marcus Mayer, the Great Patron of Music and Drama.

Marcus R. Mayer, who brought to America Mme. Patti, Duse, Salvini, Coquelin and other famous singers and actors, writes:

Gentlemen: I wish as many suffering men and women as I can reach to know the excellence of Doan's Kidney Pills. I was greatly benefited by this remedy and know it cured several who had kidney trouble so badly they were agonized with pain in the back, head and loins, rheumatic attacks and urinary disorders. I am glad to recommend such a deserving remedy.

(Signed) MARCUS R. MAYER.

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

His Own Fault.

"Green says he hasn't a confident on earth."

"There's a reason for that."

"What is it?"

"He can't get any one to listen to him; he's full of nothing but troubles." —Detroit Free Press.

What Was in Him.

"Children," said the teacher, instructing the class in composition, "you should not attempt any flights of fancy; simply be yourselves and write what is in you. Do not imitate any other person's writings or draw inspiration from outside sources."

As a result of this advice Tommy Wise turned out the following composition:

"We should not attempt any flights of fancy, but write what is in us. In me there is my stummick, lungs, heart, liver, two apples, one piece of pie, one stick of lemon candy, and my dinner."

POWDER MILL'S AVERAGE LIFE.

Most of Them Do Not Last More Than Six Years.

Senator A. W. Sanborn of Ashland declined to talk politics, but was willing to talk about powder mills. "I do not hear anything regarding politics about the state," he said. "I guess it is too early to discuss politics. It is all railway extension and business."

Speaking of powder mills, he said: "The average life of a mill is figured at six years. There is a tremendous profit in the business. It is a good thing that there is, because no company will insure them. Recently a manufacturer told me that his factory had been immune from accidents for several years. This year, he said, he had made a profit of 60 per cent, and he was about ready for an explosion." —Milwaukee Free Press.

BOILING WATER KILLS IT.

Life Energy and Natural Carbonating Are Lost.

"There is a vast amount of ignorance at large on the important subject of water," said ex-Congressman Thad Pound of Chippewa Falls. Many are satisfied with the knowledge that it consists of two parts of hydrogen and one of oxygen. Pure water (that least impregnated with foreign matter) is the most powerful solvent in nature, and to this quality is due its highest office. Boiling impure water precipitates some of the foreign matter held in solution, but fails to remove much of the most harmful elements, while boiling it the oxygen, which constitutes the life energy of water, is almost exhausted. It is significant that fish will not survive in boiled water. The life is gone from it. Filters remove solids in form, but leave an indefinite quantity of harmful salts and deleterious foreign matter in solution. From the start they begin and continue by their own process to become corrupted, until soon rendered hatching places for imprisoned disease germs. Distillation absolutely destroys the life energy of water, and the natural carbonic acid, so essential as a preservative, is lost. These elements cannot be restored artificially.—Milwaukee Free Press.

OLD FASHIONED FARE.

Hot Biscuits, Griddle-Cakes, Pies and Puddings.

The food that made the fathers strong is sometimes unfit for the children under the new conditions that our changing civilization is constantly bringing in. One of Mr. Bryan's neighbors in the great state of Nebraska writes:

"I was raised in the South, where hot biscuits, griddle-cakes, pies and puddings are eaten at almost every meal, and by the time I located in Nebraska I found myself a sufferer from indigestion and its attendant ills—distress and pains after meals, an almost constant headache, dull, heavy sleepiness by day and sleeplessness by night, loss of flesh, impaired memory, etc., etc.

"I was rapidly becoming incapacitated for business when a valued friend suggested a change in my diet, the abandonment of heavy, rich stuff, and the use of Grape-Nuts food. I followed the good advice and shall always be thankful that I did so.

"Whatever may be the experience of others, the beneficial effects of the change were apparent in my case almost immediately. My stomach, which had rejected other food for so long, took to Grape-Nuts most kindly; in a day or two my headache was gone, I began to sleep healthfully and before a week was out the scales showed that my lost weight was coming back. My memory was restored with the renewed vigor that I felt in body and mind. For three years now Grape-Nuts food has kept me in prime condition, and I propose it shall for the rest of my days.

"And by the way, my 2½ year old baby is as fond of Grape-Nuts as I am, always insists on having it. It keeps her as healthy and hearty as they make them." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. There's a reason.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

SHERMAN WOULDN'T AGREE.

"Drop Your Title of General and I'll Drop the Private."

One time Gen. Sherman, who was a warm friend of Private Dalzell, said to him:

"Don't you think you make too much of that Private business? Your friends tell me it has handicapped you greatly in Ohio politics, and I believe it, or you'd been in congress long ago. If I were you I'd drop that title."

"Agreed," Dalzell responded at once, "and so I will if you'll drop yours."

The grim old fellow, who loved a joke, grinned and dropped the subject and never mentioned it again.

The Thing to Be.

A Lincoln reporter interviewed William Jennings Bryan a few days before he set out on his year's tour of the world.

Mr. Bryan said that he was taking his family with him; that if he had children of only seven or eight years, he would take them, too, because he found that little children were often more observant than older people.

"Why," said Mr. Bryan, "I was talking to a little chap of only eight the other day, and when I asked him what he was going to be when he grew up he showed a fairly intimate acquaintance with the insurance situation in New York.

"'What are you going to be, Jim?' said I.

"And the youngster answered:

"'I am going to be a syndicate. They make all the money nowadays.'"

Ask Your Neighbors.

Gelatt, Pa., Nov. 6th.—(Special)—Mrs. H. W. Sterns, a well respected resident of Gelatt, tells in convincing words what Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for her. She says:

"I was a great sufferer from Rheumatism, caused through my Kidneys being out of order. I was subject to it for years. It would take me without warning, and while the attack lasted I was so lame I could not get around. So I had to send for Dodd's Kidney Pills. I took them for three days, but didn't feel much benefit, but on the fourth day I noticed a great change, the lameness in my back was gone, and the pains I used to suffer were less. I kept on with Dodd's Kidney Pills and now I am glad to say I have no lameness nor pain of any kind. I feel as if I didn't know what Rheumatism was. I shall never be without Dodd's Kidney Pills in the house and I bless the day I first heard of them."

The German Kaiser's Fad.

Speaking of Emperor William, it is interesting to note that he has again posed for a set of official portraits of himself, this time in full regimentals. Something like two dozen attitudes were assumed by the ruler of the Germans when he graciously loaned his presence the other day for the delectation of posterity and the purse of the imperial kodaker. Hoch the kaiser and hoch the camera!—Metropolitan Magazine.

CAPT. GRAHAM'S CURE.

Sores on Face and Back—Tried Many Doctors Without Success—Gives Thanks to Cuticura.

Captain W. S. Graham, 1321 Eoff St., Wheeling, W. Va., writing under date of June 14, '04, says: "I am so grateful I want to thank God that a friend recommended Cuticura Soap and Ointment to me. I suffered for a long time with sores on my face and back. Some doctors said I had blood poison and others that I had barbers' itch. None of them did me any good, but they all took my money. My friends tell me my skin now looks as clear as a baby's, and I tell them all that Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment did it."

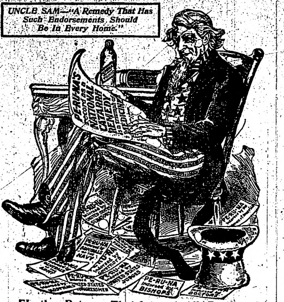
A man from whom nothing is ever demanded that he cannot do never does all he can.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—MRS. THOS. ROBBINS, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

The depth of a woman's love isn't so important as the length.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Dazzling prospects don't always set the world on fire.



PE-RU-NA'S record as a NATIONAL CATARRH REMEDY is a triumph of MEDICINE
PE-RU-NA Indorsed by ADMIRALS of the NAVY
PE-RU-NA Indorsed by GOVERNORS
PE-RU-NA Indorsed by UNITED STATES JUDGES
UNITED STATES CONGRESSMEN
PE-RU-NA Indorsed by BISHOPS
DOCTORS

UNCLE SAM—"A Remedy That Has Such Endorsements Should Be In Every Home."

Election Returns That Interest All Parties.

Brain Food Snares.

Patent brain foods are a delusion and a snare. A man may cram himself with fish and phosphates until he becomes luminous in the dark (if that be possible), and yet remain to the end of time as incapable of comprehending the first problem of Euclid or the last joke in Punch as he was on his first birthday.—Dr. Wallace, in the Young Man.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Went the Limit.

"My wife went shopping to-day, and she had exactly $32.19 when she started out."

"How are you so sure she had just that much?"

"Because, when she came back, she told me that was the amount she had spent."—Philadelphia Press.

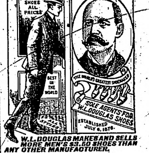
Good Teeth & Good Temper
Are characteristic of the Atkins Saws always.
That is because they are made of the best steel in the world—Silver Steel—by men that know how.
Atkins Saws, Corn Knives, Perfection Floor Scrapers, etc., are sold by all good hardware dealers. Catalogue on request.
E. C. ATKINS & CO. Inc
Largest Saw Manufacturers in the World
Factory and Executive Offices, Indianapolis
BRANCHES—New York, Chicago, Minneapolis Portland (Oregon), Seattle, San Francisco Memphis, Atlanta and Toronto (Canada)
Accept no substitute—insist on the Atkins Brand
SOLD BY GOOD DEALERS EVERYWHERE

Around the World
"I have used your Fish Brand Slickers for years in the Hawaiian Islands and found them the only article that suited. I am now in this country (Africa) and think a great deal of your coats."
(NAME ON APPLICATION)
HIGHEST AWARD WORLD'S FAIR, 1904.
The world-wide reputation of Tower's Waterproof Oiled Clothing assures the buyer of the positive worth of all garments bearing this Sign of the Fish.
TOWER'S FISH BRAND
A. J. TOWER CO., Boston, U. S. A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO., LIMITED, Toronto, Canada.
353

Open to Argument.

Still, it is often impossible to tell whether the life insurance director or the life insurance policy holder is the greater dummy.—Atlanta Journal.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN
W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.



W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
ALL STYLES
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES
ESTABLISHED JULY 6, 1876.

W.L.DOUGLAS MAKES AND SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER.
$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.
W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any $3.50 shoe in the world. They are just as good as those that cost you $5.00 to $7.00—the only difference is the price. If I could take you into my factory at Brockton, Mass., the largest in the world under one roof making men's fine shoes; and show you the care with which every pair of Douglas shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the best shoes produced in the world.
If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes, you would understand why Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day.
W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50
CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.
WANTED. A shoe dealer in every town where W. L. Douglas Shoes are not sold. Full line of samples sent free for inspection upon request.
Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.
Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

MIXED FARMING
160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE
WHEAT RAISING RANCHING
three great pursuits have again shown wonderful results on the
FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS OF WESTERN CANADA.
Magnificent climate—farmers plowing in their shirt sleeves in the middle of November.
"All are bound to be more than pleased with the final results of the past season's harvest."—Extract.
Coal, wood, water, hay in abundance—schools, churches, markets convenient.
This is the era of $1.00 wheat.
Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.
(Mention this paper.)

Athletes Know and use
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
for a rub down after exercising. It soothes and heals sore and inflamed muscles. Cures sprains, strains and bruises. For Internal and External use. Try it when you have a cough or cold. 25 and 50 cents. At druggists.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC
FOR WOMEN
troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.
Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all
TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES
For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.
Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.
THE R. PAXTON COMPANY — BOSTON, MASS.

$$$ CUBA The J. L. HEAD CO. Real Estate; Loans. All classes lands, each Province. Offices, O'Reilly 30a. Head Havana Cuba

Coney Island Souvenir Post Cards. Six beautiful colored scenes for 25c. Coney Island Postal Card Co., Coney Island, N. Y.

FARMS and other property for sale. Send for free catalog of bargains. O. G. SHEPARD, Bank of Commerce Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

N W N U —NO 45— 1905

Mayer
"Western Lady" Shoes
embody the latest and most approved styles for women. They are so perfectly designed that they fit every curve of the foot gracefully and with ease and comfort. Nothing better made no matter what you pay. Ask your dealer for Mayer
Western Lady
Shoes next time you need shoes and get the best wearing, dressiest and most comfortable shoes you ever wore.
Any reliable shoe dealer will supply you. If not, write to us. Look for the Mayer trade-mark on the sole. We also make the "Martha Washington" Comfort shoes.
F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

PRICE, 25 Cts.
TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY ANTI-GRIPINE HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE
ANTI-GRIPINE
IS GUARANTEED TO CURE
GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.
I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.
F. W. Diemer, M. D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

ESTABLISHED 1870.
MINNEAPOLIS. Woodward & Co., Grain Commission. DULUTH.
ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1905. NUMBER 18.

News of the Week

Foreign.

Lady Florence Dix, the well-known writer, explorer and champion of woman's rights, who acted as war correspondent for a London paper during the Boer war, is dead at her home in Glen Stuart, Scotland.

M. Taigny, the French charge d'affaires, is said to be preparing to leave Venezuela. Should this be the case, the archives of the French legation will be placed in charge of the British ministry there.

The news of the promotion of Sir Claude MacDonald, representing Great Britain at Tokio, to the rank of ambassador has been received at Tokio with delight by the British representatives and the Japanese.

The celebrations at Panama ended with a reception given by President Amador in honor of Secretary Taft. Prominent residents of Panama, zone officials and members of diplomatic and consular corps were present.

The future king and queen of Norway, Prince and Princess Charles of Denmark, will, it is anticipated, arrive in Christiania on Nov. 25 or 26, the king taking the oath before the storthing immediately after his arrival.

Gov. Gen. Wright sailed last week from Manila for San Francisco. All classes bade him bon voyage. Gov. Wright was much affected by the outburst of loyalty to him, and he declared that he would positively return.

Prince Nicholas of Montenegro has issued a manifesto announcing that he has decided on his own initiative to grant to the people a representative assembly, and therefore orders the holding of an election for deputies on Nov. 27. The first session of the new assembly will be held Dec. 19.

The exchanges of communications going on between the powers have reached a stage where a joint naval demonstration against Turkey is practically assured unless the sultan promptly accepts the plan of the powers for financial reforms in Macedonia.

It is stated on good authority that Emperor Francis Joseph has decided to grant universal suffrage to Austria, and has instructed the premier, Baron Gautch von Frankenthurn, to draft a measure on a comprehensive basis. The decision is attributed to the emperor's desire to satisfy the Socialists and to at the same time impress the Hungarian coalition.

The Swedish cabinet underwent some changes at the last moment before the names were submitted to King Oscar, who now has approved the new ministers as follows: Premier and minister of justice, M. Staaf; minister of foreign affairs, M. Trolle (minister at Copenhagen); minister of war, Col. L. B. Tingsten; minister of finance, M. J. Ebiesert; minister of marine, Rear Admiral Hidner; minister of education, Fridtjuf Berg; minister of the interior, M. Schotte; minister of agriculture, Goeste Tamm; ministers without portfolio, Dr. David Bergstroem, M. Hellner and M. Marks.

Casualty.

Four fireproof floors of a new six-story building being constructed at Omaha collapsed, killing two men.

Luke Howard of Columbus, Ohio, was fatally injured at Sellsville while "looping the gap" in an automobile.

John Vaughan, a prominent Bedford (Va.) county farmer, his wife and their 12-year-old niece, met almost instant death in a runaway.

By the explosion of a boiler in a sawmill at Petersburg, Ind., William Casey, the proprietor, and Jacob Dedman, an employe, were instantly killed.

By the collision of a Grand Trunk passenger train and a street car which was crossing the tracks, in Chicago, two persons were killed and three seriously injured.

Clarence von Bockelen, a young student of the Santa Clara (Cal.) high school, died at a sanitarium from the effects of injuries he received during a football game.

Verney Wise, 12 years old, was fatally injured in a football game between two high school teams in Chicago. Death resulted from an injury to the spinal cord.

An Illinois Central passenger train was wrecked at the Iowa Central crossing at Ackley, Iowa. No lives were lost, though the passengers were shaken up and bruised.

Leonard Snyder, a brakeman on the Rock Island, was probably fatally injured by having his hip crushed and being hurt internally while switching in the yards at Dows, Iowa.

Seven miners are dead and a number of others seriously injured as the result of an explosion in one of the Tidewater Coal and Coke company's mines at Vivian, W. Va. This is the second explosion that has occurred in these mines within the last four months, the previous one killing ten men on July 5 last.

Louis Fitzgerald, son of Gen. Louis Fitzgerald, was killed by a train at the station at Great Neck, L. I. He stepped in front of the locomotive of a train and was ground to pieces.

Thomas Gallagher crawled into an ash-pit under the railroad tracks of the Port Reading yards at Elizabeth, N. J., and went to sleep there. An engine backed down to the pit early next morning, and, stopping directly over the spot where Gallagher lay, dumped burning coals and redhot ashes upon him that the sleeping man was completely covered and was burned to death.

The Miar opera house was totally destroyed by fire at El Paso, Tex. Besides the opera house, a hotel and a number of stores were located in the building. The guests of the hotel were unable to save anything.

The dairy barn of Schaefer & Boecke, near Evansville, Ind., was destroyed by fire. Philip Wilks, aged 68, was burned to death. Seventy milch cows and ten horses were cremated. The origin of the fire is not known.

In an unprecedented series of automobile accidents in Los Angeles, one person has been killed, two perhaps fatally injured and six others more or less seriously hurt. Mrs. T. H. Austin, 30 years old, was instantly killed when a street car crashed into her automobile.

Margaret McIlvane, 35 years old, employed as charwoman in the state, war and navy building in Washington, was instantly killed in an elevator at the door of the office of the secretary of the navy. The elevator was in charge of a watchman instead of the regular conductor.

Crimes and Criminals.

In a quarrel over a game of cards in a saloon in Cleveland, William Watkins shot and killed G. M. Gregory, colored. Watkins was arrested.

During a quarrel over politics in a saloon at Evansville, Ind., Joe Steele, a politician, was shot three times and fatally wounded by Charles Stone, who has been arrested.

Carl Hurford and his wife, a bride of six weeks, were found dead in their home at Newburg, Or., by neighbors attracted to the house by the firing of shots. More or less, mystery surrounds their death.

In a fight among 200 Turks and Syrians at a picnic at Michigan City, Ind., Barney Hipp was probably fatally injured and half a dozen others were wounded. Twenty participants have been arrested.

Theodore Klinker night watchman at the Canton, Ohio, postoffice, has been arrested on a charge of taking money from chain letters sent to Justice Day, who is chairman of the McKinley National Memorial association, for the monument fund. The amount is not known.

With her skull crushed by a blow with an iron bar, the still warm body of Gussie Leicher, a frequenter of tenderloin resorts, was found in the room in which she lived in New York. The police believe that she was killed by a man with whom she lived in a quarrel caused by her refusal to account to him for all her earnings.

A reward of $1,000 for the arrest of Oscar A. Baker has been offered by Edward G. Sorbler, sheriff of Marion county, Ind. Baker is wanted on a charge of bribery, having been indicted by the Marion county grand jury after an investigation into the methods by which the defeat of the anti-cigarette bill was attempted at the last general assembly.

General.

Former Gov. Francis of Missouri has denied the report so widely published that he is about ready to announce himself as a Democratic candidate for president.

Adolph Moses, one of the best known members of the Chicago bar, and at one time president of the Illinois State Bar association, died at Asheville, N. C.

About fifty representative business men of Atlanta met and decided that an industrial exposition of the resources of the South shall be held at Atlanta in 1910.

Mrs. Sarah A. Shock, aged 107, died at Winthrop, Mo. She was born in Winthrop, Ky., in 1798. She was married twice, first when 14 years old, and was the mother of seven children.

The sale of 25,000 acres of coal land was closed at Uniontown, Pa. The property is located in Monongahela and Marion counties, W. Va., and the price paid by a syndicate is said to be $2,500,000.

Booker T. Washington, impressed with the industrial and educational systems built up by John Alexander Dowie at Zion City, has, after a visit there, decided to send several Tuskegee workers for a two months' sojourn at the city of the Reincarnated Elijah.

William J. Le Moyne, the veteran actor, died at Inwood-on-the-Hudson, near New York, of Bright's disease. Present at the bedside were his wife, Sarah Cowell Le Moyne, and a few intimate friends of the family. Mr. Le Moyne was 75 years of age and 60 years of his life were spent on the stage.

An organization to superintend class elections and investigate graft on the part of students at the head of college publications or social functions has been formed at the University of Michigan. All departments of the college elected members to the body, which is to be called the senior council.

William Astor, son of William Waldorf Astor, was called upon to pay a $2 tax as an alien before being admitted to the United States on his arrival in New York recently on the steamer Cedric from Liverpool.

Many leading representatives of the hierar by the Roman Catholic church in the United States attended the presentation at Washington of the scholarship fund of $10,000 to Trinity college, the first Catholic institution founded in this country for the higher education of women by the ladies auxiliary of the Ancient Order of Hibernians in America.

CZAR GIVES UP VAST DOMAIN

IN GREATEST PERIL, NICHOLAS THROWS SOP TO THE PEASANTS.

STORM PREVENTS BLOODSHED

MORE EFFECTIVE THAN COSSACKS IN FORCING STRIKERS TO STAY IN.

ARE FLEEING BY HUNDREDS

SITUATION CAUSES RENEWAL OF PANICKYFEELING AMONG THE PEOPLE.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 16.—The Associated Press is informed from a high source that a ukase will be issued whereby a large portion of the imperial domain, which covers almost a third of European Russia, and which at present is the property of the emperor and grand dukes, will be given to the peasants.

Storm Prevents Bloodshed.

A fierce northeast blizzard and snow which blew down on St. Petersburg last night prevented bloodshed in the Russian capital. The bitter cold, by forcing the strikers to remain indoors, did more to preserve order than all the Cossack cavalry patrolling the streets. Heavy military reserves are stationed in all the industrial districts, but up to midnight there was no rioting. There were rumors of collisions in various parts of the city, but upon investigation they turned out to be false.

The social democrats had an impressive response on the part of the organizations of workmen to their summons for a

General Political Strike

to demonstrate their solidarity with the struggle of their Polish comrades for autonomy and to protest against the execution of the mutinous sailors at Cronstadt. The men walked out of all the big mills and factories.

No dispatches have arrived from the interior, however, to show that the workmen in other cities are responding to the demand for co-operation, and dissension has broken out among the leaders, some of whom believe the strike to be hasty and ill-advised, and who say that if it does not succeed the result will be loss of prestige. At meetings last night this faction urged the leaders to announce to-day that the strike was only intended as a demonstration, but the radicals, whose aim is to keep up the revolutionary agitation at all hazards, refused to listen to such counsels.

Hundreds Are Fleeing.

The situation has caused a renewal of the panicky feeling among the inhabitants whose nerves were already shattered by the events of the last fortnight, and hundreds of persons who had just returned are again leaving for Finland. The foreign residents are becoming more and more alarmed and many of them are hastily preparing to go abroad for the winter.

There are all sorts of wild rumors about interference by the foreign powers in circulation, and the Bourse Gazette prints a report that all the great powers have joined in a notification to Russia that they intend to interfere and prevent anarchy. This is as false as the story circulated that Mr. Eddy, the American charge d'affaires, has

Telegraphed for a Warship,

and that the cruiser Minneapolis was now proceeding hither. The American embassy has not asked for a warship and has not been advised by the state department that one is coming.

In government circles it is recognized that the situation in Poland requires a skillful hand at the helm. Gov. Gen. Scalon probably will be replaced by a man of Count Witte's choice.

In response to inquiries, Count Witte is said to have reiterated his assurances that the Jewish question will be referred to the douma for settlement, and he is also said to have declared that the emperor's will for the realization of the reforms announced in the manifesto of Oct. 30 is inflexible.

Lynch Forty-Two.

Saratoff, Russia, Nov. 16. — A band of pillagers drove a herd of cattle into a church in the village of Malinovka yesterday. The peasants, resenting this sacrilege, attacked the pillagers and lynched forty-two of them in the square outside the church.

PURSUED BY DISASTER.

Albany Company Suffers First by Crash, Then by Fire.

Albany, N. Y., Nov. 16.—Fire yesterday destroyed the stock in one of the temporary stores opened by the John G. Myers company after the collapse of their building last August, when thirteen persons were killed and thirty injured. The Myers people say their loss will probably exceed $250,000. The stock is believed to have been fully insured.

HYDE STARTLES INQUISITORS.

Former Equitable Official Gives Sensational Testimony.

New York, Nov. 16.—James Hazen Hyde, in the last half hour of the Armstrong insurance investigating committee session yesterday practically accused Former Gov. B. B. Odell, Jr., of blackmail in threatening, through E. H. Harriman, to have the charter of the Mercantile Trust company repealed unless Odell's suit to recover on bonds of the United States Shipbuilding company was settled. Mr. Hyde created further sensations by accusing the Frick committee of unfairness in its report, charging Mr. Frick and Mr. Harriman with conspiracy to get him out of the country by inspiring him with the ambition to become ambassador to France, and with endeavoring to overthrow his position in the Equitable Life Assurance society.

Means Every Word of It.

Mr. Hyde's attention was called to the seriousness of these charges on several occasions by Charles E. Hughes, counsel to the committee, but he said he made the statement after many sleepless nights and long sad days of reflection.

Mr. Hyde was called to the stand shortly after the session opened and was under examination all day until a few minutes before adjournment was taken.

Mr. Hyde cleared up the matter of the $685,000 loan of the Mercantile Trust company, which appeared on the books of the Equitable Life under the caption of the "J. W. Alexander No. 3 account."

Tells About Loan.

Mr. Hyde first heard of this account in the fall of 1902, when it was called to his attention by President Alexander, who said that he and Mr. Jordan had incurred the loan to take up stock that was being bid up to fictitious values, to the detriment of the company, to settle suits that were hampering the business of the society, and for campaign contributions. This contribution was the one to the last campaign, and was asked by Mr. Frick, who suggested it for the benefit of the society. To procure this money Mr. Alexander had Mr. Hyde write a letter to the president of the Mercantile Trust company and this letter practically placed him in the position of a guarantor.

Hyde Had to Dig Up.

Later, when the settlement of the loan was forced, Mr. Alexander and Mr. Jordan raised all they could toward it. The stock purchased with part of the loan was sold to Thomas F. Ryan for $212,000, and the balance, $212,500, Mr. Hyde paid personally. He did this because he understood that Mr. Alexander was financially embarrassed, and in a bitter tone said: "Notwithstanding the strained relations with these two men (Alexander and Jordan) I felt bound to see that the debt was liquidated by reason of the letter Mr. Alexander extracted from me."

Mr. Hyde said that he first received a salary of $30,000, seven years ago. In 1902, when he became chairman of the finance committee, this was advanced to $75,000, and in 1903 it was advanced to $100,000, at which it remained until he resigned as vice president of the society.

Losses in Syndicates.

Mr. Hyde presented a statement showing that in the seven years of his connection with the Equitable Life and the allied corporations his average income had only been a little more than $38,000 a year. This was figured as seven years salary from the Equitable, amounting to $435,000, from which he deducted his losses in syndicate transactions, amounting to $28,615, and the $212,500 paid on the $685,000 loan, which left a balance of $193,884, or an average annual income of $28,697, to which he added the average income from his offices in the trust companies of $10,500. Witness said he presented this statement to show that he had been misrepresented.

Of the $50,000,000 Union Pacific pool, Mr. Hyde said, Mr. Harriman instigated it, and explained it was to be a holding syndicate for five years. It was understood this was for the purpose of controlling the Union Pacific. Mr. Hyde signed the syndicate agreement at Mr. Harriman's suggestion, and talked only with Mr. Harriman on the subject. The executive committee was not informed of this operation, as Mr. Hyde said that Mr. Alexander did not think it necessary, and that Mr. Harriman requested that the committee be not informed of it. He said that Mr. Harriman even refused to give a statement of the purposes of the pool to the superintendent of insurance when he was "clamoring for it" last spring.

Most Sensational of All.

Eclipsing all this sensational testimony, however, were the statements of Mr. Hyde concerning Former Gov. Odell and Mr. Harriman, relative to the settlement of the shipbuilding company suit against the Mercantile Trust company. Mr. Hyde said that Mr. Harriman came to him and advised the settlement of Odell's suit as he feared that powerful influence at Albany would be invoked in retaliatory measures. Mr. Harriman suggested as one of these measures the revocation of the charter of the Mercantile Trust company.

Charges of conspiracy to get him out of the country were made by Mr. Hyde against Henry C. Frick and E. H. Harriman, in connection with the reported aspirations of Mr. Hyde to become ambassador to France.

Would Profit by His Absence.

He said he thought their idea was "that they would acquit themselves of their friendly stewardship with great profit to themselves," and added that the nature of their interest had since become very obvious.

IS ALL DENIED BY HARRIMAN

CAPITALIST'S TESTIMONY IS SERIES OF DENIALS OF HYDE'S CHARGES.

WAS HYDE'S SCHEME, NOT HIS

HARRIMAN SAYS HYDE ASKED FOR HIS INFLUENCE TO GET FOREIGN JOB.

NOT THE AGENT OF GOV. ODELL

HYDE, AFTER HEARING HARRIMAN, REAFFIRMS PREVIOUS TESTIMONY.

New York, Nov. 16. — E. H. Harriman, chairman of the board of directors of the Union Pacific railroad, former member of the board of directors of the Equitable Assurance society, and connected with many railroads and financial institutions, the former friend of James Hazen Hyde, against whom the latter charged acts of an unfriendly nature in his testimony Tuesday, was one of the chief witnesses before the Armstrong committee yesterday.

Mr. Harriman was called immediately after recess and his testimony was

A Series of Denials

of the charges made by Mr. Hyde. Contrary to Mr. Hyde's statement, Mr. Harriman said Mr. Hyde came to him about a year ago and asked him to use his influence to have him appointed ambassador to France. Mr. Harriman said he would speak to President Roosevelt when he saw him, but added that he did not recommend Mr. Hyde for the post.

Upon Mr. Hyde's testimony relative to the settlement of the Odell suit being read to him, Mr. Harriman denied that he had suggested to Mr. Hyde any danger of a repeal of the charter of the Mercantile Trust company directly or indirectly, and stated that Mr.

Hyde Came to Him

and asked him to use his influence with Mr. Odell toward a settlement of the suit.

Mr. Harriman explained that he wanted Mr. Hyde's individual signature to the syndicate agreement of the $50,000,000 Union Pacific pool because no syndicate wants a corporation as a member.

He denied that he ever advised Mr. Hyde to sell his stock until after the report of the Frick committee, and said he had offered to subscribe $500,000 to assist Mr. Hyde in retaining his stock.

Does Not Remember.

Witness also denied that he had requested that the executive committee be not informed of the Union Pacific deal, and when Mr. Hyde's testimony on this point was read to him, he replied that he "did not remember."

Mr. Hyde was the first witness of the day. He told of four offers for his stock besides that of Mr. Ryan, to whom he sold. These offers were made by Mr. Frick and Mr. Harriman, by George Gould, by Gage E. Tarbell, representing a syndicate, and by Geo. W. Young.

Hyde Sticks to Charges.

After Mr. Harriman had testified, Mr. Hyde was called again and asked if he heard Mr. Harriman testify. He replied that he had. He reaffirmed his previous testimony and supplied data about several questions concerning which Mr. Harriman was uncertain.

Late in the day Mr. Hyde threw the room into an uproar by an answer to Assemblyman Rogers, who asked Mr. Hyde why Mr. Odell was feared when there was no legislature in session and the governor was soon to retire.

Mr. Hyde replied that some men are more influential and powerful out of office than in.

With yesterday's session the examination of both Mr. Hyde and Mr. Harriman was completed, and the next witness who is awaited with much interest is Mr. Odell, who has requested that he be examined.

Two Found Dead in Launch.

Atlantic City, N. J., Nov. 16.—John Sour and A. Dietrich of Egg Harbor City, aged respectively fifty-five and sixty years, were found yesterday in a launch. The men left Egg Harbor on Sunday for a cruise. Yesterday three fishermen saw the boat floating in the tide with lights burning, and boarding the boat the found the bodies of the two men in the cabin. They had been overcome by fumes of gasoline.

Chinese Emperor Will Travel.

London, Nov. 16.—According to the Paris correspondent of a news agency here, Mr. Soueng, the Chinese minister there, says that the Chinese emperor contemplates a round of visits to European courts in 1906, and that his first visit will be made to Paris.

Killed by Hold-Up Men.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Nov. 16.—Josephine Oom was instantly killed and her sister probably fatally wounded by hold-up men last night a quarter of a mile outside of the city limits.

EX-PRESIDENT'S SON IN FIGHT.

Col. Russell B. Harrison Is Reported Badly Hurt.

Indianapolis, Nov. 16.—Harmon Hubon, adjutant general of the Spanish War Veterans, and Col. Russell B. Harrison, ex-adjutant general of that organization, now department commander for Indiana and the son of Former President Benjamin Harrison, engaged in a rough-and-tumble fight in the latter's office, in which it is said Harrison was badly and painfully injured. It is said the fight was the outcome of differences between the two extending over several weeks in regard to financial settlements in connection with the position when Hubon took charge of the office.

CARL ACCEPTS CROWN.

New King of Norway Will Take Title of Carl V.

Christiania, Nov. 16. — The government will present the rusult of the plebiscite to the storthing to-day. The official figures show that 257,710 votes were cast in favor of Prince Charles of Denmark as king of Norway and 68,852 against him. The results in seven small constituencies have not yet been reported. A telegram was received yesterday from Prince Charles accepting the offer of the throne. According to the Aftenposten the prince will take the title of Carl V., and the royal flag will be a golden lion on a purple field.

FRATRICIDE AND SUICIDE.

Double Tragedy Because the Two Were Burden on Father.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 16. — Fritz Kafitz, 29 years of age, a real estate dealer, last night shot his brother, Ludwig, 22 years of age, twice through the head and once through the heart, instantly killing him, and then turned his pistol against himself and fired a bullet through the temple, dying on the spot. Fitz left a note addressed to his father saying he had killed his brother and taken his own life because he believed the two were a burden to their father and they were better off dead.

DOG SET TO GUARD HIS WIFE.

J. W. Gerheart of York, Pa., Is Divorced by the Woman.

York, Pa., Nov. 16.—Because it was shown in court here yesterday that her husband, Jacob W. Gerheart, was in the habit of placing a ferocious bulldog as a guard over his wife when he was not at home, an absolute divorce was promptly granted to Nina May Gerheart on the grounds of cruelty. Witnesses testified that Gerheart, who was jealous, would, upon leaving home, compel his wife to enter a small building, which had but one door, and would chain the bulldog at the entrance.

STANDARD OIL PAYS $10.

Quarterly Dividend Raises Year's Payments to $40 a Share.

New York, Nov. 16.—The Standard Oil company has declared a quarterly dividend of $10 a share. The previous dividend was $6 a share and the dividend at this time last year was $7 a share. Yesterday's declaration brings the total dividend of the year to $40 a share. Last year it was $36.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Nov. 16. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 85@86c; No. 2 Northern, 82 1-2@83 1-4c; No. 3, 78@83c. Corn —No. 3 yellow, 52 1-2@53c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 1-2@29c.

Duluth, Nov. 16. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 85 1-8c; No. 2 Northern, 83 1-8c; flax, 99 7-8c; rye, 66c.

Minneapolis, Nov. 16.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 86c; No. 1 Northern, 85 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 83c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 5-8c.

Milwaukee, Nov. 16. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 88@89c; No. 2 Northern, 84@87c. Rye—No. 1, 72 1-2@73c. Barley—No. 2, 55c. Oats—Standard, 31 1-2@32c.

Chicago, Nov. 16. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 89 1-2c; No. 2 hard, 87@89c; No. 1 Northern, 89c; No. 2 Northern, 87@89c. Corn—No. 3, 47c. Oats—No. 2, 30 1-4c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Nov. 16.—Cattle—Beeves, $4 @ 5.75; cows, bulls and mixed, $2 @ 3.75; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.75; calves and yearlings, $2.50@3.40. Hogs—Bulk, $4.72 1-2 @ 4.77 1-2.

Chicago, Nov. 16. — Cattle—Good to prime beeves, $3.75@6.40; stockers and feeders, $2.10@4.30; cows, $2.50@4.50; heifers, $2.20@4.80; calves, $3@7. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $4.70@5.10; bulk, $4.75@5.05. Sheep, $4.25@5.80; lambs, $4.75@7.65.

South St. Paul, Nov. 16. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4.50 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50 @3.75; good to choice milch cows, $20@35. Hogs — Range price, $4.60 @4.90; bulk, $4.70@4.80. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $5@5.85; fair to good, $4@5; good to choice yearling wethers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice ewes, $3.75@4.40.

REGRETS HE HAS NO WIFE.

Sir Thomas Classes Luck With His Cup Failures.

London, Nov. 16. — "There are two great regrets in my life. One that I have not yet lifted the America's cup and the other that I have not been married secretly or otherwise," is Sir Thomas Lipton's reply to the statement published in the United States that he years ago was secretly wedded to a Scotch girl. Sir Thomas received cable inquiries from New York on the subject.

ISLE OF PINES IS IN REVOLT

DECLARE THEIR INDEPENDENCE OF CUBA AND FORM GOVERNMENT.

SEEK AMERICAN ANNEXATION

SECESSION WILL DELAY TREATY BETWEEN UNITED STATES AND CUBA.

GET NO HELP AT WASHINGTON

UNCLE SAM WILL DO NO MORE THAN INSURE AMERICANS SQUARE DEAL.

Washington, Nov. 16. — American citizens in the Isle of Pines who have set up a new government will not receive any assistance from the United States government.

If the government of Cuba attempts to punish them for revolting against the regularly organized Cuban government the United States will be placed in a peculiar position in the matter of giving them protection.

The officials of the department of state have been greatly embarrassed in their dealings with the Cuban government by the action of the Americans in the Isle of Pines. They express the hope that there will be

No Bloodshed or Violence

of any character that will complicate the situation, which is an extremely delicate one. This government is strongly committed to the policy that the Isle of Pines belongs to Cuba. A declaration of this kind is made in the treaty ceding the island to Cuba, which is now pending before the senate.

While Secretary Root will not discuss the situation, the government takes the ground that the situation in the Isle of Pines is Cuba's domestic affair, and must be dealt with by President Palma in his own way. If he proposed to punish the revolutionists, this government will do nothing more than to see that they are given fair and impartial trials.

Will Delay Treaty Action.

The new development in the Cuban situation will cause a long delay in the ratification of the treaty ceding the Isle of Pines to Cuba, as there are a large number of senators who are opposed to it, not because of any promise this government made that the island would remain under American control, but because huge American interests are involved.

Cuban Officials Are Firm.

Havana, Nov. 16.—President Palma said yesterday that the Cuban government had no definite information about what has occurred on the Isle of Pines, and he was not willing to discuss the matter until officially informed. The fact that the Isle of Pines officials have not reported any movement incline the government officers here to believe the reports are exaggerated.

Islanders Form Government.

The residents of the Isle of Pines are reported to have issued a proclamation of independence from Cuba and organized a new government as a United States territory. A delegate to congress will be sent to Washington in order to have questions affecting the future of the island discussed before the house of representatives, ignoring Cuban authority.

Mass meetings were held under the name of territorial conventions, and officials were appointed to fill all positions except those that must be named by the president under the Constitution of the United States.

Are Mostly Americans.

Fully one-third of those now living on the island are American citizens. There has been a steady immigration from the United States, while many natives have left there since the Spanish war, coming to Cuba.

The movement to sever relations with Cuba was formed by the American club, an organization including most of the substantial citizens of the island.

The contention of the American residents of the island is that as they own in fee simple five-sixths of the ground and as the remaining one-sixth is in the hands of one or two Spanish families, the 1,200 native residents being non-property owners, they have a right to be heard by this government.

Says It Is False.

Washington, Nov. 16.—The Cuban minister has received the following cablegram from the secretary of state of Cuba, Senor O'Farrill:

"The news as to coup d'etat absolutely false; complete tranquility in all the island. There is no fear of public order being disturbed."

MADE FATAL ERROR.

Drunken Man Goes to Sleep in Stable and Is Stepped on by Horse.

Houghton, Mich., Nov. 16. — Henry Pippo, a farm hand employed four miles south of here, went to sleep in a barn while intoxicated and was stepped on by a horse, sustaining a fractured skull and other serious injuries. He was taken to St. Joseph's hospital, where it is not thought he will recover.

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Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Nov. 18, 1905.

When it comes to creamery records all the other towns look like skim milk beside St. Hilaire.—Walker Pilot.

This is the season when the hunters shoot one another instead of the deer they are after. It is proving a dangerous sport.

So far this week J. J. Hill has not been reported as buying a single railroad. He must be saving his money for Christmas presents.

Revival experts to the number of seventy are trying to reform the city of Minneapolis and are making things lively down there for the poor sinner.

The Americans who have bought land and settled on the Isle of Pines have met and declared that they belong to the United States. Cuba is supposed to own the island and there may be trouble.

Young Hyde, who was formerly vice-president of the Equitable Life Insurance company, created a sensation by telling all about the "yellow dog" fund. The "yellow dog" fund mostly contained juicy bones for hungry politicians.

Norway can now go ahead and do business, having elected a king who has accepted the honor. He will be known as Carl V. If the American Norwegians had a vote in the matter it is safe to say that the country would have been a republic.

Under the caption "Minnesota Set the Pace" some of the alleged republican papers of the state are pointing to the result of the state election in Minnesota a year ago as a case parallel with the elections in Ohio and Pennsylvania this year, where the candidates of the party machines were snowed under. There are absolutely no grounds for any such comparison. The defeat of the republican candidate for governor last year in Minnesota was not due to any desire, or necessity for a "cleaning up." It was not because R. C. Dunn was the "machine" candidate. It was solely for the reason that sore heads who were defeated fairly in convention vented their spite by flocking to the support of the democratic candidate. Their methods savored more of ring rule and bad faith than those of the rotten party machine. Either that or the deserters put themselves in the ridiculous light of political kids who "wouldn't play" if they couldn't have their own way.—Crookston Times.

A Hint For Lovers.

Being "in love" is very different from loving and may be only a selfish emotion, which is the direct opposite of loving. Being in love without loving is bondage—sometimes pleasant and sometimes painful, but always bondage, says Leslie's Monthly. True loving means freedom—freedom both for ourselves and, as far as it is in our power to give it, for all whom we love, for when we truly love another human being we love him for the sake of his best strength, his best use and his best happiness, and not at all for the sake of ourselves.

Costly Cards.

The Empress Catherine, noticing that the beautiful Mlle. Potocka, who had lately come to court, had no pearls, immediately commanded a fancy dress ball, to which the girl was bidden to come as a milkmaid. Then while Mlle. Potocka was dancing the empress slipped a superb necklace of pearls into the pail she carried and at her exclamation of wonder said, "It is only the milk which has curdled."

Sydney Smith's Wit.

"By Jove," said a country squire who had got the worst of an argument with Sydney Smith, "if I had a son who was a donkey I'd make a parson of him straight away."

"Possibly," returned the wit, "but your father was evidently of a different mind."

Could Tell In a Moment.

Mr. Munn E. Baggs—Now, then, you know what kind of a house I want. What will it cost to build it? Architect—Why—um—what was the amount you originally intended to put into the building?—Chicago Tribune.

Sisters-in-law.

Jinks—What tender care your wife takes of you—always worrying about your health. Blinks—Yes; I have my life insured in favor of my sister.—New York Weekly.

The truly sublime is always easy and always natural.—Burke.

Jewish Sabbath and the Romans.

The disdain of the Romans for the Jewish Sabbath because it was not accompanied by any tumult or noisy and joyful demonstrations perpetuated itself throughout all ages. Rutelius, who was the prefect of Rome under Honorium, says in speaking of the Jews: "They are very much attached to the cold Sabbath, but their heart is colder than their religion. The seventh day of every week is consecrated to a shameful idleness, in memory of the rest to which their God gave himself up after he was harassed by fatigue."

Juvenal does not love the Sabbath, which, according to him, is also a sad feast, for he relates that the kings of Palestine celebrate that day barefooted. Juvenal meant perhaps to designate here by "festa Sabbata" the day of Atonement and the fast of the ninth of Ab—anniversary of the destruction of the temple at Jerusalem. During these two days the Jews remained in fact barefooted.

Juvenal has no great affection for the Jews. He has an aversion for those who observe the Sabbath, that live isolated and who do not mingle with the Romans. He dislikes them because they have a peculiar religion and special laws, and he reproaches them for despising the Roman laws.—Menora.

The Hindoo Strong Man.

The Hindoos tell wonderful stories of the feats of Bhima, who was their strong man. Among the wonders credited to Bhima are the following: Pursued by a tiger, his mother when nursing Bhima let him drop. The force of the impact shattered in a thousand pieces the rock on which he had fallen, but the boy was none the worse. When he quarreled with other boys he gathered them up, ten or fifteen at a time, and plumped them into the nearest pond. His cousins hid themselves in a tall banyan to jeer at him, but he tore it from the ground without effort. He snapped his bonds like Samson, and a hungry cobra's fangs could not penetrate his skin. His triumph, however, was the defeat of Bakasura, who "consumed a cart load of food at a sitting and used palmyra trees for toothbrushes."

How the Condor Is Caught.

Many birds cannot fly straight up. They must rise at a very gentle incline. They must get onward motion before their wings can get full effect of the air. It is said that the mode of taking the condor is to build a pen, say, forty or fifty feet in diameter and six feet high and put a carcass in the middle of it. The condor alights, but cannot again rise at an angle which will take him over the fence. Many heavy bodied, short winged ducks rise from the water at so small an angle that they must use both feet and wings for thirty or forty feet in order to get onward motion enough to give effectiveness to their wings by coming in contact with larger masses of still air.

Oxford Examinations.

When John Scott, the future Lord Chancellor Eldon, took his B. A. at Oxford in 1770 he was examined in Hebrew and in history. His own pen has recorded this noteworthy "exam." It consisted of two questions, one in each subject. The Hebrew question ran, "What's the Hebrew for 'place of a skull?'"—the history, "Who founded the University of Oxford?" The candidate, of course, replied, "Golgotha" and "Alfred the Great," though he had his misgivings touching the truth of the second answer, a fiction which has since been scattered to the winds by those two highly distinguished Oxonians, Professor Freeman and J. R. Green.

The Gallows Plant.

During the middle ages the botanists, or old "herbalists," gave currency to many curious stories concerning the growth, form, etc., of mandrake or May apple, which finally resulted in its being given the name of "gallows plant." The pseudo scientists of that time declared that mandrake would grow in no other place except upon which some terrible crime had been committed. The roots were formerly supposed to bear a strong resemblance to the human form.

Mind Reading.

"Perhaps smoking is offensive to you, Miss Smith?"

"On the contrary, I like the smell of a good cigar."

Without a moment's hesitation he threw away the weed he was smoking. Something in her manner rather than her words led him to suspect that she was a judge of cigars.—Chicago Tribune.

Time Had Passed.

"I always forget how times flies when I'm enjoying myself," said Mr. Staylate. "I hope you won't hesitate to tell me when it's time to go."

"Gracious!" replied Miss Patience. "It's too late now. You should have mentioned that several hours ago."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

No Further Delay.

Abner Slopoak (desperately)—M-may I name the day? Jemima Jones (decisively)—No! Abner Slopoak (in alarm)—Why? Jemima Jones (frankly)—Because, if you put it off as long you did your proposal, we never will be married. I'll name the day myself!—Cleveland Leader.

Raw Animals.

With a heart attuned to "nature study" a little Hungarian girl in the Canadian northwest exclaimed: "Yah, teacher. It's certain beautiful on our prairie, where the birds and the small sheep run about raw."

Decision of character will often give an inferior mind command over a superior.—Wirt.

California or Florida.

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"Steal Not This Book."

Students of sociology who are fond of tracing back the customs of latter day man to the practices of his remote ancestry will note with interest the fact that there is authority at least 600 years old for the entry, "Steal not this book for fear of shame," by which schoolboys proclaim their ownership of a work.

In a curious volume in the Bodleian library, formerly belonging to the monastery of Robertsbridge in Sussex, is the following inscription: "This book belongs to St. Mary of Robertsbridge. Whoever shall steal it or sell it or in any way alienate it, let him be anathema maranatha."

In the course of the fourteenth century the book came into the possession of John, bishop of Exeter, who seems to have been somewhat troubled by the inscription as being likely to give rise to injurious suspicions with regard to himself. Accordingly he wrote underneath it under date 1327, "I, John, bishop of Exeter, know not where the aforesaid house is, nor did I steal this book, but acquired it in a lawful way."—London Advertiser.

The "Tale of a Tub."

One of the most ancient of all sea "yarns" is one that ships have escaped from the fearsome monsters of the deep by throwing them a tub to divert their attention, in much the same way that a landsman might sacrifice a garment in order to escape a bull. In Munster's "Cosmography," published in 1544, there is a picture of a vessel escaping from a whale by this stratagem, while the earlier editions of Swift's "Tale of a Tub" have a similar one. These stories were usually told in such an incoherent way that people became skeptical of their truth, and when a pleader named Tubb put a cause before Sir Thomas More in outrageously rambling language that chancellor jocularly remarked, "Here is a tale of a tub." Thereafter the expression became part of the slang of the period until much later it was raised to a higher rank by becoming the title of Swift's famous work.

Styles In Africa.

The women bore a hole in their top lip and gradually increase this until it is able to inclose a disk of wood two and even three inches in diameter. A Mubira woman came to call on us whose disk measured two and five-eighths inches across. The size of the wood inserted proclaims the rank of the person. Peasants are only allowed to wear pieces of stick of the same dimensions as a match.

The weight of the wood causes the lip to fall down over the mouth, and in order to eat it is necessary to lift up this shutter with one hand while the other conveys the food to the mouth. Frequently the lip breaks under the strain put upon it, in which case the disconnected ends are carried back and tied to the ear.—"On the Borders of Pygmy Land."

The Catamaran.

The catamaran, made of a hollowed log, shares the popularity of the Massoola boat with the fishermen of Madras. The rickety looking contrivance can weather any storm in the skillful native hands, and letters are sent by this means to ships in the offing when other communication with the shore is impossible. The catamaran requires steering with a paddle through the raging surf, and, though the boatman may be frequently dashed out of the rude skiff by the violence of the waves, he leaps into his frail bark again with the efficiency of long practice, and the catamaran, flying over the crest of the great billows which threaten instant destruction, accomplishes the perilous voyage in safety.

She Told Him.

De Bore—Is Miss Lilliwhite in? Truthful Domestic—She's out. De Bore—Hum! Whom is she out with? Truthful Domestic—Out with you.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.

Graduate of Copenhagen University.

Department for Diseases of the Eye

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Great Grief and Head Shaving.

Among the ancients shaving the head was a very common mode of expressing great grief or sorrow. Sometimes it was done by the priest or some other religious functionary formally cutting off the hair, sometimes by violently plucking it out by the roots. In extreme cases among men the beard as well as the hair was either cut off or plucked out. The idea seems to have been that mourners should divest themselves of that which under ordinary circumstances was considered most beautiful, ornamental and becoming. Lucian—and he is not the only one of the ancient writers by any means who gives points on this queer mourning custom—says that the Egyptians expressed their intense sorrow by cutting off the hair upon the death of their god Apis and that the Syrians acted in the same manner at the death of Adonis.

Olympiodorus remarks concerning Job i, 20, that the ancients, among whom long hair was regarded as an ornament, cut it off in times of mourning, but that those who commonly wore it short suffered it upon such occasions to grow long.

Irish Surnames.

There is a magnificent sonority in the names of MacGiollamoholmoge, MacGuishenan, MacOiraghty, O'Dooyarma, O'Howley, O'Quigley, O'Mulclohy and O'Mulmoghery. Many of the names are extinct, but a large proportion are still in evidence, and, what is more, in nearly every case the families bearing them are to be found in the same localities formerly inhabited by them—Dohertys in Donegal, Driscolls in Cork, Macdermotts in Connaught, Meaghers in Tipperary and O'Sullivans in Cork and Kerry. It is a notorious fact that many of the families which have come to be regarded as typically Irish are of alien extraction. Thus the Plunketts are of Danish origin, the Burkes, Dillons, Roches, Husseys and all the tribe of Fitz are Anglo-Norman, while the Mitchells are English.—London Spectator.

A Tooth.

A tooth is a living structure. Inside of each tooth is a cavity filled with pulp, which gives it life. Nerves and blood vessels connect this pulp with the general system and circulation of the body. The ivory surrounding the pulp is covered over by a surface of enamel. Both ivory and enamel are harder than any other bones, because they contain a greater quantity of bone earth. Enamel on the tops of the teeth is one-sixteenth of an inch thick. It consists of little six sided prisms placed side by side and held together by an exquisitely fine cement. The pulp of the tooth becomes diseased and toothache follows. Tartar is a secretion made by three glands in the mouth, full of small, living organisms, which assimilate matter in the saliva and deposit it on the teeth in the shape of phosphate of lime.

Living Mummies.

Living mummies exist in Tibet, near Gyangtse, at a spot the name of which in English may be rendered as "the Cave of Happy Misery." There are about twenty small caves in the solid rock, each built up in front with stones and mortar. They have padlocked doors, tiny drains and small holes just sufficient for a man to pass his hand through. In these cells men are buried for life with the idea of thus "attaining merit." Once interned they are, in extreme cases, never seen again by mortal eye. Even the hand which they stretch forth from the small hole for their daily dole of food is covered by a glove. They speak to no one and no one speaks to them. Even their death is only made known when they fail for several days to stretch out the hand for food.

Persian Way of Eating Watermelon.

"The ordinary Persian bill of fare sounds something like the banquets described in fairy tales," said a man who has spent some time in the orient. "While traveling in that country I found that the best overture to a wayside repast is a watermelon, not cut in slices, as is done in this country, but eaten like an egg, one end being cut off and the contents eaten with a wooden spoon, the roseate fluid trickling all the time to the bottom and affording a fragrant drink when the first course is over."

The Potato.

The potato is one of the most valuable plants we have. Besides being one of the most necessary articles of food, it has a variety of other uses. A great quantity of the starch used in our laundries is made from it, and after the starch has all been separated from the pulp what is left is used in the manufacture of boxes. From the stems and leaves of the plant a fluid that produces sleep is made. In many places bread, cake and puddings are made of potato flour.

Enlightened.

Mother—Why aren't you and George as good boys as your little brother? Young Hopeful—I s'pose it's 'cause you'd had more experience bringin' up boys when you commenced on him.—Home Notes.

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St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Don't buy a Typewriter on a worn-out reputation.......

Investigate the merits of the

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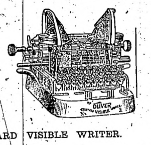

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Send for a handsomely illustrated art Catalogue, free for the asking.

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332 Hennepin Ave. :::::: Minneapolis, Minn.

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We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at.....

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

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EFFICIENTLY SERVES A VAST TERRITORY

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EAST, SOUTH, WEST NORTH.

Fast and Handsomely equipped Steam-Heated Trains—Dining Cars—Buffet Library Cars—Sleeping Cars—Free Reclining Chair Cars.

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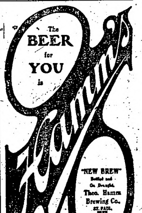

For refreshments call at Number 488

WINCHESTER

FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS

Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

8:00 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
9:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
9:55 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
10:20am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar	Wylie	Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St Hi aire, Minn.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James F. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. R. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Domann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

R. H. DUNTLEY, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.

Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

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ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings, Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

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FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
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CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Miss Clara Lund was a Thief River Falls visitor last Wednesday.

M. L. Hanson was a Sunday visitor at Fertile, returning home on Monday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Miss Selina Hoff was at Thief River Falls last Wednesday visiting with friends.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

The passenger train will arrive one hour and ten minutes later, commencing next Monday.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

S. M. Sivertson, of the Red Lake Falls Milling Co., was a business visitor here Wednesday.

Wm. Eickhoff came over from North Dakota last Tuesday and has been spending the week at home.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur came in from the reservation claim on Thursday, where she had been spending a week.

John and Gust Konikson, J. J. Soll and John Winkler went out to the reservation last Wednesday after big game.

Services in the Swedish Mission church next Sunday at 10:30 a.m. All are cordially invited. L. W. Nordhus, Pastor.

Hon. L. C. Simons was up from Red Lake Falls last Wednesday to attend the Merchants State Bank annual meeting.

Mr. Ole Thorson and Miss Mabel Evenson, of Thief River Falls, were here last Sunday, visiting with the Misses Hoff.

Miss Henrietta Hennemuth, one of the Red Lake Falls teachers, was here last Monday visiting with Miss Catherine Pirath.

Julius Pleth, the Plummer real estate hustler, was a caller here on Monday. Mr. Pleth has been making some big real estate deals lately.

Miss Blanche and Chet Gebott left on Monday for their old home at Ludington, Michigan, where they will make an extended visit.

The members of the Modern Woodmen are requested to meet at their lodge room next Tuesday, Nov. 31, for the election of officers.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Jens Nelson, Chas. Fellman and J. J. Soll returned on Monday from their hunting trip with one deer which fell to the gun of Chas. Fellman.

Albert Fellman is out on the reservation this week visiting his claim. It is hinted in a quiet way that Albert may find a bride before he returns.

Buy Lipton's Ceylon and India teas from us. No. 1, one-pound can at 50c; No. 2, one-pound can at 45c; No. 1, ½-pound can at 25c; No. 1, ¼-pound can at 15c. M. L. HANSON.

E. J. Holmes, of Cannon Falls, and Julius Pleth, of Plummer, were here yesterday with several landseekers from the southern part of the state who were looking over this part of the country.

If you are troubled with indigestion, constipation, sour stomach, or any other pain, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well and keep you well. 35c, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

The annual stockholders' meeting of the Merchants State Bank was held at the bank last Wednesday. All of the old directors were re-elected for the ensuing year. The bank was found to be in a flourishing condition.

Pain may go by the name of rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, pleursy. No matter what name the pains are called, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will drive them away. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Charley Fellman was out hunting the other day looking for big game and he found it in a big moose. The moose was only a few rods away and Charley had a gun which he must have taken for a dice box. Anyway the moose got away and Charley has been busy ever since telling that it was not the buck fever that bothered him.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

We were favored with a nice rain last Wednesday for a couple of hours. Further north it was a snow storm and Roseau county got several inches of the beautiful.

Dr. C. E. Higbie returned last Saturday from Crookston where he had been buying wheat near there, and on Tuesday he and Mrs. Higbie went down to Ulen to visit relatives.

Button's Business College offers a course in telegraphy for $25.00 to all who enroll during the next ten days. The regular price is $60.00 and this offer will not appear again.

Just in, a car load of first quality Washington apples, very fine stock, Now is the time to lay in your winter's supply. Call early as they will go fast.

M. L. HANSON.

The "lutefisk" supper at the Norwegian Synod church last Thursday evening was very well attended and the ladies made a nice sum for the church fund, the receipts being $41.45.

Many children inherit constitutions weak and feeble, others due to childhood troubles. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will positively cure children and make them strong. 35cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

The boys down at the saw mill have commenced to think that they are on a winter's job as there are no signs of quitting. The logs are now coming into the mill in fine condition, free from ice, and a large amount of lumber is being manufactured. The demand for lumber still continues to be big and the management will keep the mill at work as long as the weather will permit. The latest the mill ever run was last fall, Nov. 21st, and it looks now as if this record would be broken.

This man knows what he is talking about and is evidently no tenderfoot in the newspaper business: "Send your items of news when they are fresh. We don't like to publish a birth after the child is weaned, a marriage after the honeymoon is over, a death after the widow is married again nor the notice of an entertainment when the job work is done elsewhere and the editor charged with admission.—Stillwater Gazette.

Card of Thanks.

Mrs. Eli Blair wishes to thank the people of St. Hilaire who so kindly assisted her, and for courtesies shown, during her late bereavement.

Auction Social.

There will be an auction social for the benefit of the Swedish Lutheran Clara church at the home of Anton Peterson, in section 7 of Wyandotte, on Saturday evening, Nov. 25. All are invited. Alex Sand, Pastor.

Important Change of Time.

The Great Northern Railway announces that on and after November 19th new passenger service will be inaugurated between Crookston and Greenbush, daily except Sunday, as follows: Leave north bound St. Hilaire at 11:05 a.m., leave south bound St. Hilaire at 4:55 p.m.

The Peddler Again.

Roseau Region: It is often said that the farmers are the ones taken in by peddlers with their cheap goods, but they are not the only ones. Town people are sometimes as ready to be "caught" as the farmer household. This was demonstrated in Roseau this week by a "specialty man" who was selling waists. He succeeded in selling a goodly quantity of patterns at $3.00 apiece, the ladies buying readily what appeared to be a bargain. Having "done" the town he left a supply of these waists at a local store for sale at $2.00 apiece, and the storekeeper displayed them marked $2.25, a reduction of 25 per cent what the peddler was selling at.

Speaking of the matter, a merchant relates a joke on himself. At dinner the day the peddler had been around this merchant's wife asked him for $3.00 which it turned out was in payment for one of these waists, which are offered to local dealers at $2.00 and are offered for sale at $2.25 with no takers.

It is strange that people are so "easy" when dealing with strangers while with the home merchant they will often haggle and grumble over prices.

District Court Convenes.

Red Lake Courier (Thursday): District court convened Monday, the 13th, for the adjourned October term, Hon. Wm. Watts, judge, and Chas. M. Lohn stenographer. Adam Zeh was appointed deputy clerk; J. Kivel and Fred Zaiser were appointed court bailiffs. The grand jury were sworn Monday morning and under charge of Joseph Bergeron, foreman, retired to their work. Chas. Fellman, of St. Hilaire, was appointed bailiff in charge of the grand jury. Joseph Bergeron was excused on Wednesday and the court named Louis Doucet foreman. They have brought in three indictments, one against Casper Weiner for violation of game laws and two against Chas. McKenzie, one charging forgery, the other larceny. They are considering other matters and it is expected they will complete their labors today.

There are no criminal cases on the calendar, although there are some offenders bound over to the grand jury. The civil calendar is quite large, there being 13 cases continued from last term and 49 new cases, making a total of 62 cases on the calendar. The jury cases will be finished today and it is probable that court will adjourn the latter part of the week.

FOR SALE.

A Complete bowling alley outfit and fixtures; cheap and on terms to suit. Inquire or address C.E. Higbie, St. Hilaire.

Stay on Your Homestead.

Special Agent Layman of the Crookston land office, had the following to say last week regarding the homestead laws:

"I am fearful that the future will deprive many of the homesteaders throughout the north country of the claims that they have in the government lands. There has certainly been much laxity of attention to the law on the subject by those that have filed on land in the Crookston district. The law is very pointed as regards the residence on the land and it is in only half the instances that the law is followed to the letter. This of course leaves the defective place in the title to the land.

"In the previous years the attention of land owners has been directed toward other lands, but now that the value of the soil of Northern Minnesota is gradually becoming so well known there is a fight for the best and most fertile locations. This will mean that the grounds for the claim to any piece of land by any homesteader will be strenuously examined and put to the test of law if there appears to be the least chance of getting the land.

"That clause in the law which is most passed over and neglected by the homesteader is that which refers to the residence on the land and cultivation thereof. On this contention alone it is believed that over half the claims in northern Minnesota may be successfully contested. In some cases men have been known not to go to their land at all and in many other cases only make occasional visits. In some of these cases the land is not even broken, let alone cultivated and improved under the meaning of the law."

Indians Had to Pay.

Crookston Times: The delegation of Red Lake Indians who came to this city to intercede with Congressman Steenerson in regard to the minor payments of allotments, were forced to pay their own board while in the city and it is probable that they will remain on the reservation and their tepees in the future. Heretofore Congressman Steenerson has taken care of the Red Men upon their visits to this city and has been to considerable expense thereby. The last trip however, the Indians came down without any cause or reasoning whatever except to rehash statements made by former braves in regard to the payment of the money to the minor children, while they are yet under age, a proceeding which the secretary of the Interior has thus far refused to sanction. The result was the displeasure of Mr. Steenerson and a refusal to pay the board bill.

The Reds skirmished around among their friends here and managed to get enough money together to get out of town with.

Volcano Discovered.

A volcano throwing off molten lava has been discovered in Nevada by McClure, Wheeler and Somers, cattlemen at lovelock. The volcano is in Rye Patch, Humbolt county. Although that section has been traversed for years, the crater has just been found. The men were in search of cattle when they came on the stream of lava, and, tracing it to its source, found the volcano. When tired, a glass of golden grain belt beer will be found very refreshing and nourishing. To serve it regularly with meals means health and strength. Get a case. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Thanksgiving Excursions.

The Great Northern Railway will sell round trip tickets at the rate of one fare and one-third, on account of Thanksgiving day, to all points on the system, east of Montana. Tickets will be on sale November 29th and 30th with final return limit December 4th, 1905. Ask your local agent for further information.

Get a Life Scholarship Free.

Have a disinterested bookkeeper and stenographer examine the different business colleges in our field, and if he does not find that ours is by far the best. we will give you a life scholarship for nothing. Catalog for the asking.

QUEEN CITY BUSINESS COLLEGE,
Crookston, Minn.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

tf G. H. SANDUM.

Estray.

Came to the premises of the undersigned in section 3, Wyandotte, on November 5th, 1905, a cow, color: red with white legs. Owner can have same by proving property and paying charges. J. R. LARSON.

Estray.

A yearling steer came to my premises in Sec. 29, of River Falls, on or about Oct. 26th. Owner can have same by proving its his and paying for this notice. ANDREW MORTENSON.

To Buy Hides and Pelts.

I will be at the W.A. Sorsoliel elevator in St. Hilaire every Friday to buy hides and pelts. OLE MATHSON.

Minnesota-Northwestern Foot Ball Game.

The Great Northern Railway Makes Special Rates to the Minnesota-Northwestern Foot Ball Game, Minneapolis, November 25th.

On account of the Minnesota-Northwestern Football game, the Great Northern Railway will sell round trip tickets at the rate of one fare plus 50 cents for the round trip, date of sale November 24th and good on all trains arriving in St. Paul or Minneapolis not later than 3:00 p. m., November 25th, final return limit Nov. 27th. For further particulars ask your local agent.

NEXT FRIDAY

Farmers' Institute to be Held Here on November 24th.

Much Interest Being Shown and a Large Crowd Expected.

The State farmers' institute will at the village hall in St. Hilaire at 10 a. m. next Friday, November 24th. There will be two sessions, one in the morning at 10 a.m., and one at 1:30 p.m. There will be no fixed program but work will be taken up that will conform to the needs of the country.

Every farmer in this vicinity is invited to be present and ask as many questions as he may desire. There will be a question box and questions may be written at home if desired.

The instruction will be free and there will be no charge whatever. In addition at the close of the forenoon session a very valuable book of over 350 pages (The Institute Annual) will be presented free to all who attend. Don't miss it, farmers, it will pay you to attend.

Satisfied With Land Sales.

State Auditor Iverson has returned to St. Paul after an absence of three weeks duridg which he has held sixteen land sales in an many counties. The amount of land sold approximates 68,000 acres, and $55,000 was realized for the state schools, university and state institutions funds. More than $80,000 was paid in cash as first payments. The prices paid averaged close to $6 per acre. Mr. Iverson is very well satisfied with the sales. He was assisted at each one by C. H. Warner, state immigration agent. He found a number of buyers at each sale from outside of the state, indicating that the advertising the state has been doing attracted additional homeseekers. These buyers exercised a good effect on values. Many buyers took only forty or eighty acres to add to their farms or to start for themselves on a small scale.

The weather was bad for the sales during the first two weeks and kept many away but last week they were well attended and there was not room in the courtrooms at Detroit, Wadena and Long Prairie for the crowds that wanted to attend. Mr. Iverson says:

"We noticed great activity in land matters in the northern part of the state. Many tracts are being developed, cleared of timber and brush, and many buildings are being put up. In fact the northern part of the state is going to show a wonderful advance during the next few years. Cheese factories and dairies are being established. Good roads are being built."

Something For Him to Do.

"I am willing to do anything," said the applicant for work.

"All right," said the hard hearted merchant. "Please close the door behind you when you go out."

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of Merchants State Bank at St.Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on Nov. 9, 1905.

Date of call by Supt., Nov. 9, 1905.
Date of report by bank, Nov. 17, 1905.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$33,516 87
Overdrafts		183 82
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		3,970 99
Due from banks	18,476 12	
Checks and cash items	62 28	
Currency	1,495 00	
Gold	745 00	
Silver	230 75	
Other	11 66	
Total cash assets	2,482 41	
		21,020 81
Total		58,508 47
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$10,000 00
Surplus fund		100 00
Undivided profits, net		782 73
Dep. subject to check	21,311 35	
Demand certificates	4,039 40	
Total immed. liabilities	25,350 75	
Time certificates	22,274 99	
Total deposits	47,625 74	47,625 74
Total		58,508 47

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake }

I, K. O. Gigstad, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier.

Attest: (Two Directors:
Daniel Patterson.
H. E. Ives.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of Nov., 1905.

A. O. DAVISON,
(Seal) Notary Public,
Red Lake Co., Minn.

McMURRAY'S
VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

Carlson & Fellman
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

... Go to ...
Rapp & Post
... for your ...
Winter Wear

FIRE INSURANCE
— is a —
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class
— FOR RATES CALL ON —
HARRY E. IVES.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS
NOW ARRIVING.
We are getting in daily our Fall and Winter Stock of.....
Dry Goods :: Dress Goods
Boots and Shoes
and Heavy Winter Goods
AND INVITE YOUR INSPECTION
WE CAN QUOTE YOU PRICES EQUAL TO THE LOWEST
Call early and see our Stock of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods
E. M. HOFF.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year: four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
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TRY PEERLESS
Bjerk & Dahlin
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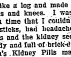
Wines, Liquors and Cigars
Gund's Beer on Draught
TRY PEERLESS

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, - - - - - MINNESOTA

A GIANT LAID LOW.

Crippled and Made Ill by Awful Kidney Disorders.

John Fernaays, fruit raiser, Webster, N. Y., says: "I used to lift railroad ties easily but wrenched my back and began to suffer with backache and kidney trouble. I neglected it until one day a twinge felled me like a log and made me crawl on hands and knees. I was so crippled for a time that I couldn't walk without sticks, had headaches and dizzy spells and the kidney secretions were muddy and full of brick-dust sediment. Doan's Kidney Pills made the pain disappear and corrected the urinary trouble. I have felt better ever since."



Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Going Some.

"Lightning sure acts strange."

"Yes?"

"Yes; a streak of it came in our kitchen door yesterday, struck two chairs and the table, ran around the dining room, up the stairs, tore through every upstairs room and finally went out of the window. I near died laughing."

"You must have thought it was funny?"

"Yes. It reminded me of how pa acts when grandma is after him."—Houston Post.

The Gospel of the Links.

The bishop of Manchester declares that of the people will not come to the church the church must go to the people, and follow them to their week-end resorts. It is, we hear, proposed to make a start by supplying golf links with missionaries, who will sing a short hymn after each drive. In the event of a 'foozle, the hymn will be sung with extraordinary vigor, in order to drown any lay remarks that may be made.—Punch.

Authority for It.

"He's a lazy sort of man to be running for governor. He delivered a speech the other night, and, do you know, instead of memorizing it he simply read it."

"Well?"

"Well, that's positively unheard of."

"Why so? You know the old saying, 'He who runs may read.'"—Philadelphia Press.

What Is Was.

"Oh, John!" she exclaimed, "now that you've seen my new bonnet, you simply can't regret that I got it. Isn't is just a poem?"

"Well, if it is," replied John, "I guess a proper title for it would be 'Owed to a Milliner.'"—Philadelphia Press.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

It is as difficult for a young woman to learn that she is plain as it is for her to be ignorant when she is pretty.

Begin your work betimes. It is sad to be sowing your seed when you should be reaping your harvest.

STIFF AND SORE
from head to foot? Can't work today, but tomorrow you can, as the Old-Monk-Cure

St. Jacobs Oil
will soften and heal the muscles while you sleep.
It Conquers Pain
Price, 25c. and 50c.

$16 AN ACRE
160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE
in Western Canada is the amount many farmers will realize from their wheat crop this year.

25 Bushels to the Acre Will be the Average Yield of Wheat.

The land that this was grown on cost many of the farmers absolutely nothing, while those who wished to add to the 160 acres the Government grants, can buy land adjoining at from $6 to $10 an acre.

Climate splendid, school convenient, railways close at hand, taxes low.

Send for pamphlet "20th Century Canada" and full particulars regarding rates, etc., to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the following authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota. (Mention this paper.)

DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL
HEALS WITHOUT A SCAR
Sent prepaid for $1 if your druggist cannot supply you.
OLNEY & McDAID, Clinton, Iowa.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

NOT A TRACE LEFT

Rheumatism Thoroughly Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

There is one remedy that will cure rheumatism in any of its forms and so thoroughly eradicate the disease from the system that the cure is permanent. This remedy is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and the proof of the statement is found in the experience of Mr. T. S. Wagar, of No. 72 Academy street, Watertown, N.Y. He says:

"The pain was in my joints and my sufferings for over two years was beyond description. There was an intense pain in my shoulders that prevented me from sleeping and I would get up and walk the floor at night. When I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills the improvement was gradual, but by the time I had taken four boxes I was entirely cured and I have not had the slightest touch of rheumatism since that time."

Mr. Wagar's wife is also enthusiastic in her endorsement of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She says: "I have tried the pills myself for stomach trouble and have experienced great relief from their use. My daughter, Mrs. Atwood, of Gill street, Watertown, has used them for female weakness and was much benefited by them. I regard Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People as an extremely valuable family medicine."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured the worst cases of bloodlessness, indigestion, influenza, headaches, backaches, lumbago, sciatica, neuralgia, nervousness, spinal weakness, and the special ailments of girls and women whose blood supply becomes weak, scanty or irregular. The genuine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are guaranteed to be free from opiates or any harmful drugs and cannot injure the most delicate system. At all druggists or from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50.

Starleigh's Support.

"Who is supporting Starleigh this season?"

"His wife."

"His wife! Why, I never knew she was on the stage."

"She isn't; but she takes in washing."—Baltimore American.

A Real Wonder.

"So your ancestors were Revolutionary heroes, Mr. McBluff?" said Mrs. Blugore.

"Oh, sure," replied the Westerner, "particularly my great-grandfather. Washington commended him."

"For gallantry in action?"

"Yes. He practically won the battle of Chicago."—Philadelphia Ledger.

ITCHING SCALP HUMOR.

Lady Suffered Tortures Until Cured by Cuticura—Scratched Day and Night.

"My scalp was covered with little pimples and I suffered tortures from the itching. I was scratching all day and night, and I could get no rest. I washed my head with hot water and Cuticura Soap and then applied the Cuticura Ointment as a dressing. One box of the ointment and one cake of Cuticura Soap cured me. Now my head is entirely clear and my hair is growing splendidly. I have used Cuticura Soap ever since, and shall never be without it. (Signed) Ada C. Smith, 309 Grand St., Jersey City, N. J."

No Exaggeration.

"See here!" snapped the landlord, who had responded to the tenant's hurry call for a plumber. "I thought you said the water in your cellar was two feet deep. It's only a few inches."

"Well, that's as deep as my two feet," retorted the tenant, "and that's too much."—Philadelphia Ledger.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

At the Show.

Horse Fancier (with enthusiasm)—Isn't Vandersluke's Lodemia a beauty?

His Fair Daughter—Where? Where? What has she got on? Whose box is she in?—Chicago Tribune.

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

No Strong Ones There.

"Well," said D'Auber, whose masterpiece had been rejected. "I never realized the truth of the old proverb until I saw this exhibit."

"What proverb?" inquired the friend.

"'The weakest must go to the Wall.'"—Philadelphia Ledger.

Here Is Relief for Women.
Mother Gray, a nurse in New York, discovered a pleasant herb remedy for women's ills, called AUSTRALIAN-LEAF. It is the only certain monthly regulator. Cures female weaknesses, Backache, Kidney and Urinary troubles. At all Druggists or by mail 50 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

Agreed.

Minister—Well, Pat, Bridget is dead; but after all, she's better off.

Pat (a little deaf)—Eh—eh—what's that, sor—betther off—sure I am thot, thanky.—Houston Post.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The Unexpected.

"Things don't always turn out as we expect."

"That's a fact. I expected that automobile to turn out to the right and it turned out to the left, and here I am in the hospital."—Houston Post.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. Samuel, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

The woman who likes to have a little joke at the expense of some one else finds the most fault when it comes her way.

DAIRY NOTES

Where Creameries Should Be Built.

The creamery business has been greatly injured in the past by the erection of co-operative creameries in localities unsuited to the support of such institutions. Two things of importance must be considered when such a project is to be entered upon. The first of these is the number of cows within a radius of a few miles of the creamery. The other is the facilities for getting the butter to market. Creameries without number have been established and have proved failures because enough milk could not be obtained to make it possible to manufacture butter at a profit. It is estimated that at least 300 cows must contribute their milk throughout the year if the creamery is to be run at a fair profit. Too often the agents of the creamery building companies have gone into communities and induced the farmers to put up expensive creameries merely that they might make a profit out of the equipments sold and on the building itself. These agents have gone before the farmers with the assurance that, if the creamery were erected, the cows would quickly appear in the community. They have said that under such conditions the farmers could not afford not to keep cows. The farmers have believed them, and have raised three and four thousand dollars among themselves to pay the cost of the creamery plant. The business of such creameries, however, has not grown as the farmers have been led to expect. Starting in with the milk of 100 cows, or thereabouts, the creamery has been run at a loss from the first day it opened its doors. The inevitable result has been that only a low price could be paid for the milk used, and no dividends were declared. This fact in itself has been a discourager for the purchase of new cows. Nothing succeeds like success, and the farmers around such creameries, fearing the ultimate collapse of the enterprise, have declined to make investments on their own account. There could be no surer road to failure than this. Even under the best of conditions the number of milch cows in a community cannot be rapidly increased. More cows mean more milkers, and many of our farmers cannot put on an additional hired man just for the purpose of milking three or four extra cows. It will therefore be seen that the creamery that is established in a community inadequately supplied with cows is almost sure to be a failure. The matter of transportation of products, while of secondary importance, is yet one to be considered. The creamery many miles from the railroad can hardly expect to ship its goods under proper conditions, which include refrigerator service.

Cheap Feeds Not Cheap.

We have frequently called attention to the fact that feeds that are cheap in the markets are not always cheap in reality. The amount of trash that a food contains has a very large bearing on its value. It is impossible to estimate the value of foods by the prices per ton. One of our experiment station directors, in speaking of cottonseed meal, tells of a certain brand that was guaranteed to carry 25 per cent protein, and to sell at $4 less per ton than the regular meals. It was found on investigation to be a mixture of meal and hulls, and actually contained less than two-thirds the amount of protein advertised. This food was really very costly. It will be seen that the value of food in the eastern United States must be judged according to the amount of protein it contains. If one food carries 25 per cent protein and sells at $25 a ton, another carrying two-thirds that amount of protein should sell at not more than $16 per ton. According to the figures reported, this food would sell at about $21 a ton, and the buyers were paying $5 a ton more than it was worth when standard grades were worth $25 a ton. Farmers thus often cheat themselves in trying to get a bargain. In estimating the value of food the first thing is to find out its protein content.—Farmers' Review.

Cheap Protein Foods.

Professor A. M. Soule of Tennessee has been for a long time experimenting with the question of substituting protein feeds in the form of alfalfa and cow pea vines for a more condensed form of food, like wheat bran. He has found that alfalfa hay could be frequently substituted for bran without materially decreasing the amount of milk and butter produced. He has also found that cow pea hay can be used in the place of condensed feed with good results. Under one set of experiments in which cow pea hay was fed the milk cost 5.2 cents per gallon, and butter 9.4 cents per pound. Where alfalfa hay was fed under the same circumstances, the cost per gallon of milk was 5.7 cents and per pound of butter 10.4 cents. It will thus be seen that in many sections of the south and east cow pea hay is even a better substitute than alfalfa; but that further west, where alfalfa can be extensively grown, it may be used as economically as the cow pea hay.

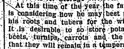
Making Butter or Shipping Milk.

A reader of the Farmers' Review recently found it difficult to haul his milk to the railroad station for shipping to the city, and proceeded to make butter out of the cream. At the end of the month he found that he was making a little more money than he had been making the other way, and was saved the daily trip of two and a half miles to the railroad. This saving in labor more than equalled the labor of making butter and selling it. He expresses the belief that many farmers that are hauling milk to the railroads and shipping it to the city are losing money by so doing.—Farmers' Review.

Training His Memory.

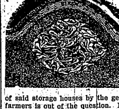
When David Livingston, afterward famous as a missionary traveler, was only nine years old he repeated the one hundred and nineteenth psalm on two successive nights, and his memory failed him only five times in the two recitations.

AGRICULTURE

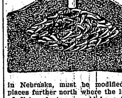


Pits for Storage of Roots.

At this time of the year the farmer is considering how he may best store his roots and tubers for the winter. It is desirable to so store potatoes, beets, turnips, carrots and the like that they will remain in a temperature just above the freezing point. In the cellar it is frequently so warm that the different roots lose much moisture and in some cases begin to grow. A regular cold storage house in which the temperature is kept at about the freezing point is the desirable thing, but to most of our farmers this is an impossibility. Most of our farms are situated at a considerable distance from such houses, and the hauling would be so much trouble that the use of said storage houses by the general farmers is out of the question. Moreover the farmer wants to use these roots during the winter and cannot afford to make a trip frequently to a cold storage house.



The men in charge of the sugar beet factories have found pits to be the most economical method of storing beets. In our first cut is shown the style of pit used in Nebraska. The cut shows the transverse section of a long row of beets stored in a long pit. This section represents, as to the beets, about four feet in width and height. The layer of dirt over them is six inches thick. Above the first layer of beets is a layer of straw, and above that is a layer of two inches of dirt. This last layer is put on only on the approach of cold weather. At V there is a ventilating hole about one foot in diameter. It must be remembered that this method, though successful in Nebraska, must be modified for places further north where the layers of dirt and straw would have to be thicker.



Our second illustration shows the pits used for the storage of sugar beets in Wisconsin. A greater degree of cold and otherwise adverse conditions must be provided against. The beets are placed in a deep and wide furrow, which may be as long as needed. The pile here shown is six feet wide and three feet high. Above the beets are piled eighteen inches of earth. At V is shown a piece of ventilating tile. These tile are placed in the row every six feet. This tile is left open while the beets are sweating, but can be closed after that process is completed.

Temperature of Soils.

One great field of experimentation is as yet almost untouched, and this is the field of soil temperatures. In some of the experiment stations of the world an apparatus is in use for determining soil temperatures and it proves very valuable in giving data from which the experimenters can determine the effect of cold and heat on plant production. Any farmer can make such an apparatus by using a thermometer and attaching to it any instrument that will permit it to be inserted to any desirable depth. The farmer who studies his soil will find it to his advantage to know the different temperatures of the different fields of his farm. He will be surprised to find out how greatly these temperatures vary. The temperature controls to a very great extent the germination of seed in the soil. If the seed is put into a cold soil it will, in many cases, rot before sprouting. This is especially true of the corn seed. Many a farmer has planted valuable seed corn in soil that was yet too cold to allow of germination and has afterwards had to replant the field at great loss to himself.

Generally cold soils are damp soils or wet soils. But this is not always the case, as sometimes the cold soils are simply heavy clay soils. The farmer who has the wet soil is deceived by the drying out of the surface. The water present keeps down the temperature immediately under the surface, and when the seed is put in the result is that it is lost. The matter of soil temperature is one that has, up to this time, been considered generally the work of the scientists; but the time is coming when every progressive farmer will make this study for himself.

Calcium and Magnesium.

Calcium and magnesium are both soil elements which enter into the composition of plants. They are, however, so generally distributed in the soil that they are little considered by the students of plant nutrition. One German expressed a theory that there must be a certain ratio maintained between the calcium and magnesium in the soil or plants would not grow. Some German scientists have recently completed some experiments to determine the truth of this expressed opinion, and it was found that there was no needed relation between the presence of calcium and magnesium. Hence what is known as the "Loew hypothesis" is discredited.

In the northern part of Illinois many of the farmers are turning to seedling peaches as being the only kind that will stand the winter conditions.

HE WAS A BOY ALL RIGHT.

Made a Vast Difference in Him When a Bonfire Was Mentioned.

Hall Caine was praising the American autumn. "I visited in October," he said, "the country house of a New York man. It was in New England, on a mountain side, and the splendid colors of the foliage—the scarlets and golds and innumerable flamelike tints—gave to the still forests an indescribable magnificence.

"And the leaves fell in a rain of color through the transparent air. In the garden, one afternoon, I heard a gardener say to his little son:

"'I wish you would rake up these dead leaves in a pile.'

"'Oh, I don't feel like it,' whined the boy. 'My back's sore and I've got a cramp in my wrist and there's growing pains in my leg.'

"'After you get 'em raked up,' went on the gardener, calmly, 'you can make a nice big bonfire out of them and jump over it.'

"The boy began to jump and leap.

"'Hurrah!' he shouted. 'Where's the rake?'"

Have Proved Their Worth.

The campaign undertaken by interested publications to undermine the faith of the people in proprietary medicines has drawn forth the following from a high medical authority: "It must never be forgotten that the interest of the manufacturer is to put out a remedy which is not only meritorious but safe. With a small army of enemies constantly on the alert, ready to seize upon and magnify every unfavorable circumstance, how few are the cases of accident or injury from the use of proprietary medicines! Complaints in regard to the use of such remedies are exceedingly rare and utterly insignificant, in comparison with the amount sold and the millions of people who avail themselves of these remedies."

Beauty Threatened by the Auto.

Unless the inventors come to woman's rescue, it looks as if, in the near future—for, of course, motor vehicles will become the chief means of locomotion—we shall become a rough-skinned, blear-eyed, lashless, wrinkled and snorting race, since among other things motoring is said to cause people to breathe heavily with their mouths open. What is to save us from the "automobile expression?" There is enough alarming material here to furnish forth quite a goodly silly season correspondence on the "Decline of English beauty."—World.

The Sensation.

Jay Green—I had a ride in my cousin's automobile while I was up t' the city.

Aaron Allred—Ye did? How'd it seem?

Jay Green—Wa'al, it felt a good deal like fallin' into a mighty deep well, only ye dropped straight ahead instead o' down'ards.—Puck.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease
A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Location Still Unknown.

Noah Fentz—I beg pardon, but where have I seen you before?

Adam Sawfox—You have the advantage of me. I don't remember ever having seen you anywhere before.—

FROM GIRLHOOD TO WOMANHOOD

Mothers Should Watch the Development of Their Daughters—Interesting Experiences of Misses Borman and Mills.

MATILDA BORMAN
MYRTLE MILLS

Every mother possesses information which is of vital interest to her young daughter.

Too often this is never imparted or is withheld until serious harm has resulted to the growing girl through her ignorance of nature's mysterious and wonderful laws and penalties.

Girls' over-sensitiveness and modesty often puzzle their mothers and baffle physicians, as they so often withhold their confidence from their mothers and conceal the symptoms which ought to be told to their physician at this critical period.

When a girl's thoughts become sluggish, with headache, dizziness or a disposition to sleep, pains in back or lower limbs, eyes dim, desire for solitude; when she is a mystery to herself and friends, her mother should come to her aid, and remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will at this time prepare the system for the coming change, and start the menstrual period in a young girl's life without pain or irregularities.

Hundreds of letters from young girls and from mothers, expressing their gratitude for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished for them, have been received by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., at Lynn, Mass.

Miss Mills has written the two following letters to Mrs. Pinkham, which will be read with interest:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— (First Letter.)

"I am but fifteen years of age, am depressed, have dizzy spells, chills, headache and backache, and as I have heard that you can give helpful advice to girls in my condition, I am writing you."—Myrtle Mills, Oquawka, Ill.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— (Second Letter.)

"It is with the feeling of utmost gratitude that I write to you to tell you what your valuable medicine has done for me. When I wrote you in regard to my condition I had consulted several doctors, but they failed to understand my case and I did not receive any benefit from their treatment. I followed your advice, and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and am now healthy and well, and all the distressing symptoms which I had at that time have disappeared."—Myrtle Mills, Oquawka, Ill.

Miss Matilda Borman writes Mrs. Pinkham as follows:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Before taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound my monthlies were irregular and painful, and I always had such dreadful headaches.

"But since taking the Compound my headaches have entirely left me, my monthlies are regular, and I am getting strong and well. I am telling all my girl friends what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—Matilda Borman, Farmington, Iowa.

If you know of any young girl who is sick and needs motherly advice, ask her to address Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and tell her every detail of her symptoms, and to keep nothing back. She will receive advice absolutely free, from a source that has no rival in the experience of woman's ills, and it will, if followed, put her on the right road to a strong, healthy and happy womanhood.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound holds the record for the greatest number of cures of female ills of any medicine that the world has ever known. Why don't you try it?

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Makes Sick Women Well

The chronic borrower is apt to be touchy about it.

THERE IS NO SLICKER LIKE TOWER'S FISH BRAND
Forty years ago and after many years of use on the eastern coast, Tower's Waterproof Oiled Coats were introduced in the West and were called Slickers by the pioneers and cowboys. This graphic name has come into such general use that it is frequently though wrongfully applied to many substitutes. You want the genuine. Look for the Sign of the Fish and the name Tower on the buttons.
MADE IN BLACK AND YELLOW AND SOLD BY REPRESENTATIVE TRADE THE WORLD OVER.
A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS. U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO. Limited TORONTO, CAN.

"They Say It Cures Where All Others Fail"
—JUDGE & DOLPH DRUG CO.

"From present indications, it won't be very long before Mull's Grape Tonic is the only remedy sold for constipation and stomach trouble. It is the only one now in our store that is selling to amount to anything. Our customers are actually enthusiastic about it.

"They say that it cures constipation and stomach trouble where all others fail. That it builds up and strengthens the digestive organs and the whole general system. In fact, we hear more good words about this remarkable remedy than anything that we carry in stock.

"Those who have used Mull's Grape Tonic not only tell us that it is a certain cure for stomach trouble and constipation, but they tell others. We have new customers calling for it constantly who have been sent to the store by those who have been cured."

JUDGE & DOLPH DRUG CO., 515 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

This reliable drug firm is in close touch with its customers and the above words should be sufficient to warrant a trial of this great remedy.

There is nothing so good for young and old as MULL'S GRAPE TONIC. It builds up and puts the stomach, the bowels, the whole digestive system in perfect condition to do its natural work. It is indeed nature's own true tonic, made from the products of nature's own storehouse. It does not shock or weaken the delicate organs and thus make a bad matter worse. It is healing, soothing, strengthening and pleasant to take.

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CURES
Constipation and Stomach Trouble

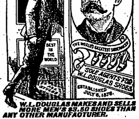
and all the diseases which they cause. Your own physician will tell you that nearly every case of piles, biliousness, typhoid fever, sick headache, blood and skin diseases, appendicitis, nervous affections and every kind of female trouble are directly caused by indigestion and constipation. By removing the cause and curing the parent disease—MULL'S GRAPE TONIC cures these dangerous complication. 25 cents, 50 cents and $1.00 size bottles, at all druggists. The $1.00 size contains about 5 times as much as the 25 cent size and about 3 times as much as the 50 cent size. It pays to buy the largest size.

FREE Upon receipt of your address, your druggist's name and 10c. to pay postage we will mail you a sample free. If you have never used Mull's Grape Tonic, and will also send you a certificate good for $1.00 toward the purchase of more Tonic from your druggist.

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

PRICE, 25 Cts.
TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY ANTI-GRIPINE HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE
ANTI-GRIPINE
IS GUARANTEED TO CURE
GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.
I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.
F. W. Diemer, M. D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN
W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.


W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES
ESTABLISHED JULY 6, 1876.

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES AND SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any $3.50 shoe in the world. They are just as good as those that cost you $5.00 to $7.00—the only difference is the price. If I could take you into my factory at Brockton, Mass., the largest in the world under one roof making men's fine shoes, and show you the care with which every pair of Douglas shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the best shoes produced in the world.

If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes, you would understand why Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

WANTED. A shoe dealer in every town where W. L. Douglas Shoes are not sold. Full line of samples sent free for inspection upon request.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

WHEN Eggs are Highest
the wise poultry keeper who has brought his hens to proper laying condition by giving daily in the feed a small quantity of
SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER
will have an abundance of eggs to sell. A word to the "wise" is sufficient. One pk. 25c.; five $1; two-lb. can $1.20; six $5. Exp. paid. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC
FOR WOMEN
troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all
TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES
For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.
Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.
THE R. PAXTON COMPANY —— BOSTON, MASS.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use } Thompson's Eye Water

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES
Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri.

ESTABLISHED 1870.
MINNEAPOLIS. Woodward & Co., Grain Commission. DULUTH.
ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1905. NUMBER 19.

RESUME OF THE NEWS

Fresh—Reliable—Brief

Washington.

Rear Admiral Bradford has informed the navy department of his arrival at Santa Domingo City on the flagship Olympia.

Secretary Shaw said that he saw nothing in the situation of the New York money market to warrant any action by the treasury department.

It has been learned that Representative James A. Tawney of Minnesota will be named by Speaker Cannon as chairman of the house committee on appropriations.

The government-owned railroads in Australia, according to Consul General Bray, for the year ending June, 1905, were run in such a way as to secure net earnings of more than $22,000,000.

A petition asking President Roosevelt to use his influence to stop the atrocities in Russia, even though there is no diplomatic precedent for his interference, was adopted by the New York board of aldermen.

The court-martial which has been in session at Mare island trying Ensign Wade for his connection with the fatal explosion on the gunboat Bennington, has completed its work and has dispatched its record and proceedings to Washington.

At the convention of the Association of American Agricultural Colleges and Experimental Stations, S. M. Reed of Minnesota presented a resolution recommending that the national government provide for the teaching of forestry in the agricultural colleges.

Foreign.

The funeral of Sir George Williams, founder of the Y. M. C. A., was held in London from St. Paul's cathedral. Messages were received from all parts of the world.

The American residents of the Isle of Pines have elected representatives to go to Washington and try to prevent ratification by the senate of the treaty conceding the sovereignty of the island to Cuba.

Sgr. Guillerotti, Italian minister of posts and telegraphs, has appointed a committee to study the development of wireless telegraphy with a view to the establishment of ten wireless stations in the principal commercial points of Italy.

It is estimated that increasing the size of the battleships of the German navy and the addition of six large cruisers to the program, as the government is about to ask the reichstag to do, will add to the naval budgets during the next eleven years $200,000,000.

The Mexican Herald prints a story claiming it has information that the governments of Great Britain and Japan have practically decided to construct a canal of their own across Nicaragua on the lines of the plan rejected by the American government, Great Britain to furnish the capital and Japan the labor.

Mme. Sarah Bernhardt will shortly be a plaintiff in a libel suit against a group of American papers that published a dispatch from Paris to the effect that the actress was short of funds, and that "unless she brings back a very large sum of money it is probable her theater in Paris will never be opened." She declares the statement untrue.

Criminal.

T. J. Newman, convicted in the district court at Miles City, Mont., of forgery in connection with bounty frauds, was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary.

Judge Quarles, in the United States district court in Milwaukee, sustained the demurrer on only two counts against Henry G. Goll, former assistant cashier of the First National bank of Milwaukee. The other ten counts still stand.

James Sinko, aged 11, because he was promoted in his classes in the Homestead, Pa., public school, was assaulted by his classmates and had three ribs fractured and was internally injured. He died from the effects of his injuries.

Mrs. S. H. Britton visited the county jail at Marion, Ohio, and it was through her curiosity that she discovered a plot for a jail delivery. She peered through the hole of the jail through which food is passed and saw Ernest Smith and Harry Green, convicted train robbers, boring through the wall of the prison.

George B. Reed committed suicide in an unusual manner at his home near Hollandsville, Del. Securing a shotgun, he sat in bed and discharged the weapon with a broomstick. The full charge entered his head, killing him instantly. The suicide was a relative of the late Senator Reed, and he ended his life as the funeral services were being read over the body of Senator Reed.

Sidney Woodey, Jr., confessed at Wheeling, W. Va., that he murdered Con Conley, a crime of which his father was recently convicted. Judge Wilkinson will have the father pardoned if the young man's story is true and indictments drawn against the son. The killing was the result of an old feud.

R. A. Roth, a wealthy business man of Cody, Wyo., died from poisoning soon after returning from a drive with two women. The women were arrested, but refused to make any statement bearing on the mystery concerning the death of Roth.

Accidental Happenings.

A boiler explosion in a flour mill at Guttenberg, Iowa, killed Joel Baumgartner, owner, and Benjamin Walter, engineer, and wrecked the building.

An east-bound Union Pacific passenger train collided with a work train near Bonner Springs, Kan., and a number of persons were injured, but none killed.

Seven girls were injured and damage amounting to about $50,000 was caused by a fire which destroyed the five-story factory building at Leonard and Meserole streets, Brooklyn.

An explosion of gas in the Taylor coal mine near Searight, Pa., resulted in the death of F. C. Smyers. Seven other men employed in the mine were seriously but not fatally burned.

Randall McLeod, left end of the Hampton, Iowa high school football team, was probably fatally injured in a game with Marshalltown high school. His intestines were ruptured.

Spreading rails caused the derailment of the tender and two mail cars of a west-bound train near Kirkwood, Mo., killing Fireman James McDaniels, who was thrown under the tender.

Five persons were injured, three seriously, in a collision between Denver & Rio Grande passenger train No. 4 and Rock Island Passenger train No. 40, in the Rio Grande yards at Pueblo, Colo.

A motor handcar driven by Allison R. Hines, roadmaster of the Big Four railway, and William Bennett, were run down by a fast freight at Anderson, Ind. Hines received injuries which resulted in his death a few hours later.

While walking along the railroad track at Anderson, Ind., Lewis Muncie, 17 years old, and Mollie Tinkle, aged 17, were run dawn by an inbound passenger train. The body of the girl was so badly mangled as to make identification difficult.

Fire destroyed the Macon county, Mo., infirmary, an institution for paupers and insane persons. Mrs. A. M. Decker, one of the patients, was frightfuly burned about the face and arms, but probably will recover. The other patients were safely removed from the building.

While driving across the railroad tracks near Galt, Mo., Mrs. George Greene and her mother-in-law, Mrs. Rachael Greene, were killed by a Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul passenger train, which splintered the body to atoms. Both bodies were mangled almost beyond recognition.

General.

George Kaiser died at the city hospital at Dallas, Tex., after having slept more than 120 hours.

In a certificate filed in the county clerk's office in New York, Mayor George B. McClellan asserts that he spent nothing in the recent campaign.

Miss Jessie H. McPherson, a society girl of Racine, Wis., has brought suit for $10,000 against Walter A. Wood, son of Lyman Wood, manufacturer, for breach of promise.

A peculiar strike went into effect in Philadelphia at a shirt-making establishment when 500 girls decided to quit work because the firm had virtually discharged 300 male employes.

Horace Lewis Smith, well known as an actor by the stage name of Horace Lewis, died at his home at Brookline, Mass., of heart trouble. He was 51 years old and had been on the stage thirty years.

A petition in involuntary bankruptcy against the Brown-Corliss Engine company of Corliss, Wis., has been filed in the office of the clerk of the United States court by Robert Rom company of Milwaukee.

Notwithstanding the reduction of duty on wheat from the United States, none is going into Mexico and complaints are heard frequently that a trust operating in both countries is holding back the supply in the United States.

One of the most complete tuberculosis camps in the country is to be established near Blue Island, near Chicago, through the munificence of Mrs. Edward L. Gaylord, who has donated 160 acres of land and will supply the entire fund necessary to equip and maintain the settlement. The proposed camp is to be used for the treatment of the poor only. Only incipient and curable cases will be received.

James L. Ord of Chicago, who claims to be the great grandson of George IV. of England, and Mrs. Maria Smyth Fitzherbert, whose marriage was shown to be valid by papers which were opened in London recently, declared that he would take steps to claim a share in the estate which it is claimed was left by King George and Mrs. Fitzherbert. Mr. Ord estimates the value of the estate at $125,000,000.

Suit for $66,700 was brought against Joseph S. Leiter et al. by Willard H. Jones and Alexander J. Houston, stock brokers. The plaintiffs claim that they lost the amount sued for in operations in the International Power company's stock in 1902, when this stock fell nearly $100 a share in one day.

Ex-Judge F. G. Wing, counsel for Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick has announced that an application for a writ of certiorari is now being prepared and will be submitted to the supreme court of the United States with a view to obtaining a review of Mrs. Chadwick's case.

NAVAL COURT TRIES CADET

MIDSHIPMAN MERIWETHER IS CHARGED WITH MANSLAUGHTER.

"CODE" PUT ABOVE THE LAW

TESTIMONY DISCLOSES FACT THAT STUDENTS IGNORE REGULATIONS.

FIST FIGHTS WINKED AT?

DEFENSE TRIES TO SHOW THAT THE AUTHORITIES TOLERATE BATTLES.

Annapolis, Md., Nov. 23.—Midshipman Minor Meriwether, Jr., of Lafayette, La., a member of the third class of the naval academy, was put on trial here yesterday before a naval court-martial on charges that include that of manslaughter in having caused the death of Midshipman James R. Branch, Jr., of New York, a member of the class above him as a result of a prearranged fist fight which took place on the evening of Sunday, Nov. 5 last. An operation was performed on Midshipman Branch the next night, but he died on the following Tuesday morning. The first and gravest

Charge Is Manslaughter,

in having caused the death of Midshipman Branch, but there are two other charges, the second supported by two specifications, and the third by one. The second charge is violation of the third clause of the eighth article of the rules for the government of the navy. The firse specification is that Meriwether applied to Branch the names of sneak and coward, and the second that he assaulted him. The third charge of conduct to the prejudice of good order and discipline specifies that Meriwether engaged in a fight with Branch.

The sad incident of the death of young Branch under unusual circumstances has been widely told and has called attention to the existence in the naval academy of

An Unwritten Code

governing the student body, but quite outside the authoritative regulations and generally in violation of them. Under the "code" every detail of these fights is fixed, the midshipmen on duty abstaining from reporting them and excusing from formation those connected with them. These facts were very clearly brought out both by the judge advocate and in the cross-examination by Lieut. Commander Robison for the defense. The witnesses yesterday included Branch's roommate, the referee and timekeeper of the contest, and all four seconds. They were all examined in a greater or less degree about all the circumstances of the fight, the connection of the "code" and their ideas of their duty under the regulations.

Witnesses Are Frank.

To the credit of the midshipmen it should be said that every one of them gave indication of being perfectly frank and showing that there was nothing about the system that they need not conceal, and if there was they would tell it notwithstanding.

Midshipman Fitch, who refereed the fight that resulted in Branch's death, testified that he had refereed nineteen fights, and Midshipman Mc Kittrick testified that he had taken part in nine. Details were given of how midshipmen on duty acquiesced in absence from duty and other derelictions, in order that the

Fights Might Go On.

The testimony also showed that although frequently severe injuries resulted from the fights and the participants often had to be taken to the hospital nothing further was ever heard of them. This the defense brought out on cross-examination, it being evidently intended to show that the authorities also winked at the "code" and the prearranged fights. An interesting sidelight to hazing or "running," as it is called at the academy developed from the testimony of one of the midshipmen. Meriwether had been generally disliked, it was said, because he was too "ratty," that is it was alleged that he

Did Not Abide by the Rules

laid down for the government of the lower classmen. Some of these were that he had never gone to "Lover's Lane" an academy walk, that he should turn all corners at right angles, should not look at an upper class man and should answer most respectfully when addressed by one o fthem; that he must never touch the table nor ask for anything during a meal, and under no circumstances "fuss," that is to be in the society of young women. These rules and many others are contained in that part of the "code" relating to the government of under classmen. Branch had been one of the midshipmen, who, according to the testimony, determined to make life "not worth living" for Meriwether because he would not abide by these rules, and from that the enmity arose.

WIFE SLAYER GETS MINIMUM.

Superior Murderer Must Serve Fourteen Years.

Duluth, Nov. 23.—Edward Douthy, charged with killing his wife at Superior, Wis., a few weeks ago, was found guilty by a jury in the superior court last evening of murder in the second degree. The penalty for the crime is from fourteen to twenty-five years in the state penitentiary, but the court stated that out of deference to the wishes of the jurymen the minimum sentence would be imposed. Douthy, believing his wife was faithless, had planned a triple murder, and coming suddenly into his wife's presence, deliberately shot her dead. He then sought the man in the case, but he escaped. Douthy said that it was his intention after killing them to turn the weapon upon himself.

FIREWORKS BLOWN UP.

Employes, Both White and Chinese, Are Hurt.

Seattle, Nov. 23.—The building in Grant street in which fireworks were manufactured for the Wa Chong company, Chinese merchants, was wrecked by a terrific explosion yesterday afternoon. One white girl and two Chinese boys were taken from the ruins badly hurt. Other bodies may be pinned under the debris. Mabel Niverson, a white girl, was taken out with face and hands badly burned and suffering from internal injuries. Chin Toy had his right shoulder broken and was also severely burned. Tin Foy was blind when rescued. The sight of both eyes was destroyed by the flames. The cause of the explosion is not known. The force of the explosion was terrific, and parts of the building were blown for a block.

AMERICANS TO BE SHOT.

Noted Insurance Conspiracy Has Dramatic Sequel.

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 23.—In Chihuahua last evening Judge Riose sentenced C. T. Richardson, C. S. Harle and William Mason, Americans, to be shot. The prisoners murdered two men for life insurance money. Richardson was an insurance agent, and Mason, his brother-in-law, acted as assistant agent. Harle was the examining physician. They murdered a man named Devers, whom they decoyed from El Paso, and another man named Mitchell, a half-brother of Mason. The case is one of the most noted in the history of American manipulations in Mexico, and is declared one of the largest life insurance swindles in the world.

DROPS DEAD; KILLS BOY.

Horse Falls on Child and Crushes Out Lad's Life.

Pierre, S. D., Nov. 23.—Residents of Sully county, who came in yesterday, announce the death of Charles Hays, a ten-year-old son of Frank Hays, who lives on Okobojo creek, near the old Clifton townsite. The boy was on the prairie herding. When he did not return, a search was made, and he was found dead, his body lying under the body of his horse. There was no evidence that the horse stumbled, and it is believed that the animal dropped dead and fell upon the boy. He was lying full length under the horse, and it is believed that he was crushed and smothered.

TURK REJECTS PROPOSALS.

No International Control of Macedonian Finances.

Constantinople, Nov. 23.—The porte has rejected the proposals of the powers for the international control of the finances of Macedonia. The reply of the porte, which was handed Baron von Calice, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador, rejects the proposals on all points and declares that the public opinion of Turkey would not countenance their acceptance. The porte agrees to extend to two years the terms of the civil agents of the powers in Macedonia.

Athens, Nov. 23.—The warships of the powers which propose to make a demonstration against Turkey arrived at Piraeus yesterday and exchanged salutes and official visits. The commanders of the vessels are awaiting instructions.

EX-ALDERMAN FINED $350.

Milwaukee Man Pleads Guilty to the Charge of Bribery.

Milwaukee, Nov. 23. — Ex-Ald. Arthur A. McCormick yesterday pleaded guilty before Judge Tarrant on the charge of bribery and was fined $350. McCormick was indicted on the charge of having accepted a bribe in connection with a coal deal. The alternative offered him was a sentence of six months in the house of correction.

To Christen the Idaho.

Boise, Idaho, Nov. 23. — Gov. Gooding will designate his daughter, who is fifteen years old, to christen the battleship Idaho, when the latter is launched Dec. 9.

Killed by Train.

Marshalltown, Iowa, Nov. 23.—John F. Merriman, an employe of the Chicago & North-Western railroad, was struck by the Chicago limited and instantly killed. Merriman leaves a wife. He was 65 years old.

Instantly Killed.

Red Wing, Minn., Nov. 23. — Frank Jackson, thirty-five years old, was instantly killed yesterday afternoon when driving from Red Wing to his home. The wagon struck a stone, throwing Jackson out.

IN GRIP OF RED HAND OF REVOLT

TROOPS UNABLE TO COPE WITH PEASANTS AND UPRISING SPREADS.

PILLAGE AND PANIC PREVAIL

FEARED THAT IT WILL BE IMPOSSIBLE TO SUPPRESS MOVEMENT.

WITTE WINS ZEMSTVOISTS

RESOLUTIONS FAVORING SUPPORT OF GOVERNMENT ARE CONSIDERED.

Kursk, Russia, Nov. 23.—The agrarian disorders in the district of Subzah have assumed such violence that the troops are unable to cope with them. The whole northern half of the district is in the hands of peasant rioters who are pillaging villages and burning harvested crops. At one estate a company of cossacks looked on unable to interfere.

Torch Is Menace.

Vladimir, Nov. 23.—In the Juraleff and Alexandrov districts of this section peasants are demanding a surrender of the stocks of provisions and are threatening to set the torch to them and to storm the treasury.

Panic in Church.

Pernau, Nov. 23.—During a prayer meeting in the Esthonian church yesterday a crowd of socialists entered the church and threw the pastor from the pulpit. The congregation fled in panic.

Untold Horrors Feared.

Moscow, Nov. 23.—The excitement among the peasants in the central and southeastern provinces is spreading rapidly and it is feared that it will be impossible to suppress the movement, which promises to develop into a general uprising, bringing devastation and untold horrors to the whole country. The revolutionists among the peasants are industriously spreading the story that the imperial reform manifesto really decreed a division of the lands, but that the nobles, intelligencia and

Jews Distorted It

and took all the freedom for themselves, and the peasants therefore have the right to possess themselves of the lands which the emperor granted them.

The peasant congress will assemble here to-day. It is largely under the domination of men from the villages who during residence in the cities have become imbued with socialistic ideas.

These men are preaching the expulsion of the landlords and the division of the estates, are advocating the refusal of the peasants to pay taxes until a constituent assembly is called. Some of the radical members of the zemstvo congress are in negotiation with the leading members of the peasant congress.

Would Support Witte.

Moscow, Nov. 23.—A resolution outlining the proposed program of the zemstvoists favoring the support of the government in its efforts to establish the liberties promised by the imperial manifesto of Oct 30, but asking for the transformation of the first douma into a constituent assembly to be elected on the basis of direct and universal suffrage, which was introduced by the executive committee in the zemstvo congress yesterday, was the subject of a prolonged debate in which nearly forty speakers participated, and at the end of a long evening session the resolution was referred back to the committee for the incorporation of any modifications made necessary by the criticism of it, and it will be voted on to-day.

Ends Riots; Face Famine.

Tokio, Nov. 23. — An eye witness who left Vladivostok on Nov. 18 reports at Nagasaki that food is scanty there owing to the destruction of the storehouses, and that only sufficient barley remains to support the people for twenty days.

Another person who has arrived at Moji, having left Vladivostok on Nov. 20, reports that rioting has ceased there. The streets, he says, are a mass of debris, and bloodstains are in evidence everywhere. Many corpses are still lying exposed, forming a gruesome sight.

Diphtheria Epidemic.

Washburn, Wis., Nov. 23. — The schools at Iron River, this county, were closed during the week owing to the number of cases of diphtheria in the city. Two deaths have thus far resulted.

Boy of Nine Composes Opera.

Springfield, Ohio, Nov. 23.—A comic opera, "The Little Rescuer," has been composed by Master Robert Brain, aged nine years, son of Prof. R. D. Brain, a musician. It is planned to give the opera in a short time.

Boy Shoots Man for Deer.

Marquette, Mich., Nov. 23.—William Brown, Jr., was mistaken for a deer by Herman Allen, aged fourteen, of Ishpeming, while hunting near Big Bay, and was shot and probably fatally wounded.

FAINTED OVER LIGHTED STOVE.

Aged Woman Is Found Dead With Head Upon a Gas Stove Burner.

Chicago, Nov. 23. — Mrs. Panette Clark, seventy-four years old, died at her home, alone and helpless, yesterday, her head resting on the burner of a gas stove. She was a well known charity worker and one of the founders and charter members of the Chicago Commons Women's club. The supposition is that Mrs. Clark, while preparing her supper, fainted, falling across the stove. Whether death was caused by severe burns or by asphyxiation is unknown. When a neighbor found the body the stove was cold and gas was escaping.

JUMP FROM THIRD STORY.

Twenty-Five Girls Make a Perilous Leap From Burning Building.

Lawrence, Mass., Nov. 23. — Four hundred school girls had a narrow escape yesterday from a fire which broke out in a French parochial school. Twenty-five girls dropped from the third-story and all but one were caught without injury. Rena Drouin, twelve years old, was taken to a hospital, suffering from the effects of fright and inhaling smoke, and it is thought that she will recover. After the last child had been cared for Sister Mary herself reached the street by means of a ladder. The damage to the building was slight.

HAVE COLONY OF FAMILY.

Man and Five Children Each to Enter 160 Acres.

Doland, S. D., Nov. 23.—Conductor Ryan of this place, accompanied by his son Edward, has been looking over the country between the Missouri river and the Black Hills with a view to securing a tract of government land in that region. Ryan has five children, each of whom is entitled to make entry of 160 acres of government land under the homestead law, and an effort will be made to secure the six farms in one body, so the members of the Ryan family may establish a colony of their own.

ARRESTED AS A REPEATER.

Tammany Lieutenant Is in Jail on That Charge.

New York, Nov. 23.—James A. Maguire, chairman of the election board in the Ninth election district, was arrested late yesterday on a charge of violating the election laws. He is accused of leaving the poling place in his district at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon of election, and of going to the Twentieth election district polling place and voting there under the name of Harry W. Jennings. Maguire was held in $5,000 bail. He is a Tammany lieutenant.

TRY CARR FOR MURDER.

Negro Charged With Killing of Granville Thornton Last June.

Yankton, S. D., Nov. 23.—The murder trial of Sam Carr, a negro, for the shooting and killing of Granville Thornton, also colored, last June, in a Sunday afternoon brawl, is in progress. The jury list was exhausted yesterday and the court has ordered a special venire to be drawn by the coroner. The sheriff is a witness in the case.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Nov. 23. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 83 3-4@84 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 81 1-2@82 1-2c; No. 3, 79@80 1-2c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 49 1-2@50c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 1-2@29c.

Duluth, Nov. 23. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 81c; No. 2 Northern, 78 3-4c; flax, 98 1-2c; rye, 66c.

Minneapolis, Nov. 23.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 82c; No. 1 Northern, 81 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 79c; durum, 71@72c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 1-2c.

Milwaukee, Nov. 23. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 86@87 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 83@85 1-2c. Rye—No. 1, 69 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 55c. Oats—Standard, 31c.

Chicago, Nov. 23. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 85@87c; No. 2 hard, 83 1-2@86c; No. 1 Northern, 86@88 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 83@86 1-2c. Corn — No. 3, 43c. Oats—No. 2, 30 1-2c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Nov. 23.—Cattle—Beeves, $4 @ 5.60; cows, bulls and mixed, $2 @ 2.40; stockers and feeders, $2 @ 3.70; calves and yearlings, $2.50@3.40. Hogs — Bulk, $4.62 1-2@4.65.

Chicago, Nov. 23. — Beeves, $3 @ 6.50; stockers and feeders, $3.25 @ 4.15; cows and heifers, $1.25 @ 4.50. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $4.50 @ 4.95; bulk, $4.65@4.85. Sheep, $4 @ 5.60; lambs, $4.50@7.35.

South St. Paul, Nov. 23. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4.50 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.25 @ 4.25; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs — Range price, $4.60 @4.75; bulk, $4.50@4.60. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $6.25 @ 6.75; fair to good, $4.50@6.25; yearling wethers, $5@5.50; good to choice ewes, $4.50@4.75.

STUDENT SANDBAGGED.

Thought It Was Part of a Greek Letter Initiation.

Carlisle, Pa., Nov. 23. — George A. Weaver of Altoona, a first-year law student in Dickinson college, while on his way to a rendezvous to be initiated into a Greek letter fraternity, was attacked by toughs, who sandbagged and robbed him. Weaver thought the attack was a part of the Greek letter society's ceremony, and made a vigorous but unavailing protest.

PUBLICITY IS BEST REMEDY

TARBELL MAKES SUGGESTIONS FOR REMEDY OF INSURANCE ABUSES.

GIVE THE STATE CONTROL

HOPES THAT CROOKED OFFICIALS WILL RECEIVE PUNISHMENT.

VERY THRIFTY IS MR. TARBELL

COLLECTS THE COMMISSIONS ON HIS OWN INSURANCE POLICIES.

New York, Nov. 23.—After being on the witness stand before the Armstrong legislative committee on insurance investigation for the greater part of three days, Gage E. Tarbell, second vice president of the Equitable Life Assurance society, finished his testimony yesterday, and just before adjournment submitted a list of suggestions for the remedy of existing abuses in the management of insurance companies and for legislation designed to give the state proper control over the companies and to insure the confidence of the policyholders. Prominent among these suggestions was absolute publicity. While admitting that wrong had been done by life insurance officials, Mr. Tarbell said he had no apologies to make for any of them, and that he hoped they would be punished.

Got Commissions Himself.

Mr. Tarbell was on the stand the entire day and was questioned as to the system of agencies and the commissions and other compensations allowed them for getting business. Just before recess the fact was brought out that Mr. Tarbell had taken out insurance on his own life and on members of his family and had received the agent's commission on the premiums as well as renewal commissions. He said that since he became an officer he had taken out $200,000 on his own life in the Equitable. Besides his policies in the Equitable he had taken insurance in the New York Life, the arrangement being made with George W. Perkins, and on this, too, he received the commission on the premiums. He had also a policy in the Aetna and the Travelers, on all of which he collected the commissions. He said he carried $400,000 on his own life and $100,000 on members of his family.

Denounces Rebating.

Mr. Tarbell was emphatic in denouncing the system of rebating by agents, and stated that any agent of the Equitable who gave rebates to get business was dismissed. When he told of getting the commissions, Assemblyman Cox asked if that was not rebating, and Mr. Tarbell said it was not, that he thought he was entitled to it.

When Mr. Hughes took up this same subject with the witness the latter justified the taking of the commissions as being similar to the case of a merchant who purchased goods of a fellow merchant in the same line, perhaps to fill an order, and got those goods at cost, or of a professional man treating another—and charging less than the regular fees. Witness said further that the commissions were paid

To Get the Business,

and that when the business was done without soliciting there was no expense, and that therefore he was entitled to these commissions. Mr. Tarbell further said if he had done wrong he was sorry, but that he had acted in good faith.

Mr. Tarbell bore out in a measure the statement of James Hazen Hyde on the stand relative to the fairness of the Frick report. The subject of advances to agents was under investigation, and Mr. Hughes read some figures of the amount of advances to one agent in this city. Mr. Hughes asked where the Frick committee got the figures, and Mr. Tarbell replied with marked asperity that he did not know. "They did not get them from my department or the auditor's; they made their report without ever making an investigation of the department," he said.

Fireman Is Killed.

St. Paul, Nov. 23.—Robert Brown, a fireman in the employ of the Omaha railway, was instantly killed at noon yesterday in the company's yards. His neck was broken and his right arm severed. He was riding on the platform of a switch engine and fell off in front.

Burglar's Small Reward.

Baraboo, Wis., Nov. 23.—Last night a burglar entered the home of Roy Littlejohn in his absence, gagged Mrs. Littlejohn and made her get the pocketbook. She dashed through the door with the baby after giving him a purse containing $1.

Farmer Commits Suicide.

Litchfield, Minn., Nov. 23.—Ako Anderson, a farmer, committed suicide by hanging himself in a barn. A daughter found his body suspended from a beam.

The Spectator.

ST. HILAIRE, - - MINNESOTA.

There is as much kicking done in a baseball game as in a football battle.

Man's superstition refuses to work when he is offered thirteen oysters for a dozen.

Ewing, N. J., has a $5,000 pigsty! The natural supposition is that it also has a fool with money.

Hall Caine says that he can think best in church. Apparently the ministers do not disturb him.

That fiery agitator, old Vesuvius, has shot off his mouth again, and incidentally blown his head off.

Mrs. Russell Sage says that women smoke and drink too much. About how much would be just enough?

A Cleveland man after being dead four hours was revived and will get well. There is hope for Philadelphia.

Socker football is open to the objection that it brings less fame and gives less employment to the surgeons.

Allow your imagination to dwell for a moment upon "The Marseillaise" as it probably sounds when done into Russian.

"Marriage with us is an irksome institution," declares the London World. The editor's wife evidently takes some other paper.

People who endeavor to enlist sympathy for a chauffeur who "hogged" the road have a job that is likely to last a long time.

Prize fighting wasn't brutal enough to satisfy one pugilist, so he has taken to writing popular songs. Is there no law against it?

When friends urge you to come and see them "any time," it requires some figuring to find out just when that time is.—Atchison Globe.

The man who fell under a freight train and did not break his flask of whisky probably had taken a course in first aid to the injured.

Mayor Boyle of Newport, R. I., has been nominated for his fourteenth term. He must be to Newport what President Diaz is to Mexico.

There is some fear lest the nihilism in Russia has so increased the quicksands that a good foundation for government will be hard to find.

"Kid" McCoy, the prize fighter, has married a widow with three young children. This thoroughly disproves the charge that Mr. McCoy lacks grit.

Russia exchanged 1,866 Japanese prisoners for 64,000 Russians. Japan may not mean it that way, but it looks a good deal like adding insult to injury.

The Boston Globe says in some advice to sportsmen that they should be sure what they shoot has four legs. Does this legalize a shot at the farmer's cow?

A New York man got married in the Tower of London, which is called "the saddest spot on earth." Not the first man to lose his head there.—New York Herald.

A Pittsburg physician who sued a widow for breach of promise is now married to her. This is a new method of going to court a wife by first taking a wife to court.

The proposition to limit salaries to $10,000 a year would get more general support if it were amended to make it a proposition to increase all salaries to $10,000 a year.

One learned antiquarian explains that Westminster abbey "was once the abbey of a monastery," but he unfortunately neglects to give the name of the monastery's abbess.

Only $6,000,000 of the sum Philadelphia's filtration system cost her was got away with by the politicians. That is very moderate, considering that the total sum was $18,000,000.

It is now shown that the late Secretary Hay died a comparatively wealthy man. He abandoned the ambition to become a poet early enough in life to appreciate the value of money.

An Iowa man while cutting corn unearthed a pot of gold. Let the youth of the land observe that the man was working when this bit of luck struck him, not loafing around a livery stable.

The United States produces 98 per cent of the world's known output of natural gas. Now who will be the first to rise up and say that congress and other legislative bodies furnish 98 per cent of the natural gas output of the United States?

A Pennsylvania man who made a journey to Spain to get a mythical fortune offered to him by a Spanish letter writing swindler has come back without the fortune, but as his health is greatly improved by the trip he isn't altogether a loser, after all.

William Volker of Elmira, N. Y., fell downstairs and broke his neck. Two policemen lifted his body onto an ambulance stretcher and failed to support his head, which dropped into such a position as to "reset" his spine. It was a fine feat, but Volker is not betting he can do it again.

An American lady who has been painting a portrait of the dowager empress of China says Tsi An has the most beautiful smile in the world. There is a general suspicion, however, that she doesn't exercise it much.

Watching the Turkeys on a French Farm

A Confused Thanksgiving

The week before Thanksgiving Mr. and Mrs. Bennett were obliged to leave home suddenly on business. The last thing Mrs. Bennett said to Janet was:

"Invite some girls to take dinner with you on Thanksgiving day. Any mother will spare her daughter under the circumstances." And poor Janet, under her heartache, took comfort.

Now in Janet's heart there was a wrong rankling. Her best friend had accepted an invitation some time before—an invitation that had not been extended to her! Janet had hoped her friend would decline because of loyalty to her, but no, she had gone to the party, had a good time and Janet resented it.

"I will leave Helen out," thought Janet with a hardening of her heart, "and I'll invite some fashionable girls, just to show her that I can form a circle outside our own. It may teach her a lesson."

It was odd how heavy hearted Janet was after this decision, but with a grim setting of the lips she went to work at the desk.

Jack sat by the window munching candy. He was going to play football later on; he had an appointment with his chum and he held his big silver watch in his hand.

"All done," cried Janet, suddenly, "but not a stamp. Here, Jack, mail these for me at the corner. There's a quarter; you may keep the change for sodas. I've invited the three nicest girls in town to dinner on Thanksgiving day and will ask Ted for you. How's that?"

Jack's eyes glistened. He snatched the dainty white notes and the money, then rushed from the room, shouting, "Thanks, Janet; you're all right."

At the corner drug store Jack came in violent contact with a sturdy body that nearly knocked him down. It proved to be his chum, Ted, red in the face and panting with anger and exertion.

"Game's off," he screamed in Jack's face. "Moguls are quitters. Wouldn't it jar you?"

Something had jarred Jack, so he sat down on the store step to consider.

"They're scared," he said, gloomily; "scared to death. They're meanies."

With that Jack arose slowly, went to the letter box on the lamp post and dropped in the invitations; then he resumed his seat by Ted and began more observations regarding the Moguls, while he flipped the shining quarter deftly. Suddenly a look of horror spread over his freckled face.

"Great guns," he exclaimed.

"What's up?" asked Ted, sympathetically.

"I've put those letters in without stamps!"

"Gee!" whistled Ted.

Then Jack thought of Janet's generosity and faith in him, and a great wave of remorse swept over his soul.

"They were invitations to dinner," he sighed.

"Who to?" questioned Ted, a gleam of hope rising.

"I'm blessed if I know—but they're the three nicest girls. Mother said Janet could invite them, and she's going to ask you, too."

At this Ted's interest heightened, but his hope faltered.

"If you only knew their names," he sighed, "we could go and ask them and beg them not to tell, but we'll just have to guess."

"Helen's pretty good," mused Jack, "and of course Janet will have her."

"Course!" agreed Ted, "but she's awful stuck up."

"And there's Barbara Dale, sure. I heard Janet tell mother once that Barbara was one of the best girls in school, only she was unfashionable and poor, and the girls dare not take her up."

"Sillies," snapped Ted. "I told you that Barbara was nice. Now the third one. Then we can begin."

The third one was a poser until at last Jack had an inspiration.

"I know!" he cried, "it's Margaret Dow. Her mother's dead, and her father travels, and she lives in a horrid boarding house, and once mother asked Jane why she didn't do something for Margaret, and Janet laughed and said that Margaret was nice, but queer, but when she had a chance she would invite her to a good square meal. I'll bet it's Margaret all right."

"Sure!" agreed Ted. "Now let's hurry."

They went to Margaret's first. A frowsy maid opened the door and let them standing on the stoop while she called Margaret.

Poor little Margaret, pale and dressed in black, soon appeared.

"Won't you come in?" she smiled.

"No, thank you!" blurted Jack, "my sister sent me—least she wants to invite you to——"

"A good sq—," Ted broke in wildly. "Squiet dinner!" groaned Jack, trying to save the day, and glaring at hapless Ted. "It's for Thanksgiving, and she wants you very much, and please when you answer—" here Jack pleaded awkwardly:

"Please don't mention us—just answer as if you had got a note!"

Margaret laughed, promised merrily, and the boys went gratefully on their way.

Next came Helen. She opened the door herself.

"Hey ho; Jackie and Ted," she said, familiarly, "glad to see you."

"Janet wants you to come to Thanksgiving dinner," began Jack, seating himself in the hall on the same chair Ted had chosen.

"Wants me?" cried Helen, dimpling. "I thought she was angry." This was a surprise to Jack and he paused, but Ted ably plunged in.

"She was," he said, promptly, "but she's ashamed of herself. She wants to make up, and it's lonely—and it's Thanksgiving—and—she hopes you'll say yes."

"And please," here Jack cleared his throat; "when you answer, just make believe you got a stunning note and not mention us!"

Helen burst into laughter.

"I'll beg mother to let me go," she gasped, "and Jackie, here's some fudge; fill your pockets. Oh! dear, but this joke is delicious!"

"Joke!" glared Jack.

"Fudge!" laughed Helen, "excuse me, boys." So that was settled. Now there was only Barbara. She lived in an unfashionable part of the town and was slighted by the girls of the school every place.

"Hello!" they greeted. Barbara looked up surprised. She had few callers. "Why, it's Janet's brother!" she smiled, "come in." So they went in.

"We've come to invite you to Thanksgiving dinner," Jack began the formula, "mother and father are away."

"So are mine," Barbara interrupted, "grandmother is sick."

"Well, Janet wants you, she's asked some others. We're going to have fun." Barbara was dimpling prettily as Helen had done.

"It's odd that Janet thought of me," she mused.

"She's going to take you up," began Ted, determined to do his share of the business. He got so far when Jack turned a strong stare upon him.

"This isn't your party!" he warned. "He means," Jack continued to Barbara, "that Janet's sorry she hasn't invited you before. She's asking you to something special now, to make up."

"Oh!" smiled Barbara, "she's a dear."

"She was in an awful hurry," Jack went on, "and so when you answer just do it as if—as if——"

"We were a note!" nodded Ted, rising above Jack's snub.

Barbara was laughing helplessly. "All right!" she gasped.

"Well, I tell you!" groaned Jack as he and Ted scampered away, "I'm glad that's over! Now we can have an ice cream soda."

The next day Jack sat in his sister's room reading the last Henty book and Janet was sewing by the further window, when the maid brought in three letters.

Jack, innocent and happy, read his book. At last he was roused by Janet's cry:

"What—does—this—mean?" He looked up.

"What?" he asked.

"Just read them!" Janet had to confide in some one, and Jack was near at hand.

The three notes were happy acceptances, and not one word about the boys.

"Well," sighed Jack with relief, "what's the matter? Didn't you want them to come?"

"Want them?" sobbed Janet. "I never asked them. This—this—is an impudent trick."

It was Jack's turn to grow amazed. "You said the three nicest girls," he wailed. "And Ted and I—"

"Ted and you!" Janet had him by the shoulders, "now—tell—me—all! I dare you!"

Jack never took a dare, and out the story came.

Janet listened, then she turned to the notes so sweetly filled with faith in her and her kindness. As she thought, a shame for herself and a thankfulness that Jack had saved her rose high and strong.

"I—I—do want them!" she cried. "Oh! Jack, this is going to be a real Thanksgiving day, and you made it, you dear, old chap. I can never thank you enough."

Jack was very much surprised, but dignity upheld him.

And such a dinner as that was! Four happy girls, and two radiant boys laughed and chatted around the chrysanthemums and dishes of good things which Mammy Loo, the cook, had provided. Jack and Ted reveled in as many "helps" as they wanted, and no one kept count. After dinner came games in the library, with nuts and cider to help along the fun, and the day ended in a halo of bliss.

That night Janet wrote the whole story to her mother, finishing with, "and now I know what a real Thanksgiving means. It means making others thankful."—Brooklyn Eagle.

A THANKSGIVING FANCY.

Christmas Gifts

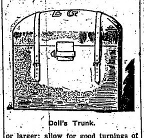
Home-Made Presents for the Holidays

No. 1.—Doll's Trunk.

Pad the lid of a strong cardboard box with cotton wool, and cover with black cloth, using glue to make it adhere; fit with small straps cut from an old brown shoe or kid glove, and sew into place with the strongest thread; paint initials on lid in oil paint; line the box with silk, satin or paper, neatly cut, fitted, and glued into place. This is an inexpensive little gift, which gives the greatest delight to a little girl.

No. 2.—A Blotting-Book.

Brown flax or linen for cover and lining; 2 cardboards, 9 in. by 12 in., or larger; allow for good turnings of the linen; enlarge and trace the design here given, or use one of the many suitable transfers; paint or work the design; have the limp back one-half inch wide; edge with plain flat gold, silver, or bronze braid, or with an ornamental galoon. If preferred, a larger blotter may be made, in which case 16 in. by 11 in. is a convenient size. Cover the outer sides of each piece of card with the linen, which has been embroidered and pressed, keeping it in place by means of large lacing stitches of strong thread. A better effect is gained if six or seven thicknesses of newspaper are used as padding. Then cut the lining, turn it into the required size, pin it into place, and then seam it neatly with brown cotton or silk. The two boards, neatly covered, make a double strip of linen for the back, and seam it to the covered boards. If the design is to be painted, it should be done last of all. In the sketch the border of braid or galoon is omitted, but it is an improvement. Handsome blotting-books may be made of velveteen or brocade in the same manner.



Doll's Trunk.

No. 3.—Doll's Dinner.

Paste colored illustrations of plates and dishes on pieces of fairly stiff cardboard; when dry, cut out carefully, and keep. Make a dough of flour and water, and of it model various edibles, such as a cut of salmon, a fowl, round of beef, tartlets, apples, bread and butter, and so forth; leave for a few minutes; attach to plates by drop of gum; paint in water-colors thickened with Chinese white, or in oils; legs and skewers can be cut from matches and inserted while the dough is soft. The colored illustrations of plates in stores' catalogues can be used for this purpose, or, if not available, the cardboard may be painted.

No. 4.—Toilet Cover.

Required, linen for drawn-thread work, flourishing thread and a design. Draw threads for two rows of drawn-thread work as design; embroider design also in flourishing thread; Briggs' "La Valliere" and "Tudor Rose" are suitable designs; use strong linen thread for the drawn work; be careful not to pull the thread too tight in the embroidery, and press carefully on the wrong side when finished; edge with fine torchon lace.

Tray sideboard and early-tea cloths can be made in the same manner.

The Story of Christmas.

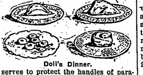
A beautiful gift for the one who would appreciate it is made with a number of unmounted photographs of the pictures of famous artists, illustrating step by step the story of Christmas. Make them either into a little book or else paste them on cards joined together, so as to open screen fashion. They may be enriched by suitable borders, lettering and other devices. Texts of scripture or appropriate lines of verse should be written beneath them, and the embellishments made as simple, artistic and suggestive as possible. The cards on which the photographs are mounted must be thick enough not to wrinkle when they are laid on.

A simple almanac is suitable to send to a friend from whom one is separated, for being used day by day and month by month it is a constant reminder of the absent one.

Take a dozen and one pieces of rough water-color paper. The word calendar and the date of the year with perhaps a ribbon device may go on the front sheet. The names of the month are written across the top of each successive leaf in a reddish brown color, and the register of the days and weeks marked lower down, legibly, but in a free manner with old-fashioned lettering and figuring. A suitable spray is painted for each month, the tints blotted in clearly and firmly, not aiming for high finish but for effective color effects. January, snowdrops; February, crocus; March, daffodils; April, violets; May, apple blossoms; June, roses; July, water lilies; August, poppies; September, goldenrod; October, grapes; November, chrysanthemums; December, holly.

Novelties in Presents.

A bag of chamois or silk, prettily decorated and daintily perfumed, serves to protect the handles of parasols. These are drawn up with a shirr string.



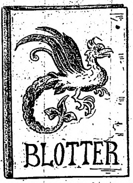
Doll's Dinner.

A novel idea for a photograph frame is to frame your favorite author with leaves from his own writings, picturesquely adjusted to make a pleasing effect.

Useful footstools may conceal under elaborate drapery convenient receptacles for holding one's chamber slippers.

A pocket letter case may please a man. An ordinary flat common leather one is taken to pieces, carefully covered and lined, a stamp pocket added, and a design embroidered on the front cover with the initials inside.

In making gifts for brothers at college effective and happy results are usually obtained by the use of the university colors. In that way trifles acquire individual interest and value.



Dolly Pincushion.

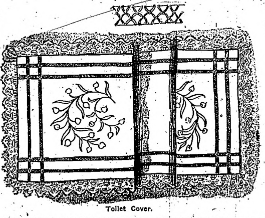
A baby could make one of these useful little ball pincushions—they are so simple. It is a splendid idea for a child who wishes to make her own Christmas gifts.

Purchase a small Japanese dolly and a small piece of ribbon just a little wider than the doll is long. Gather one edge of this tightly around the doll's neck and join the two ends; then fill with bran till it is as round and hard as a ball and gather in the other edge around the little feet.

Choose material the color of your friend's room or work basket. Tie a piece of ribbon from each side of the neck and in a pretty bow and the dainty gift is complete.

Of course there are many other ways of improving this—for instance, a little ruffle collar of lace may be added around the neck of the doll and tiny buttons sewed down the front to represent a coat. If the cushion is made of plain instead of flowered ribbon these little touches are most effective.

The idea may also be used for sachet bags to put among your clothes. If you put longer ribbons at the neck and hang them on the hooks of your cupboard, having sprinkled in the bran some of your favorite sachet powder, it will impart a faint fragrance to all your clothes.



Toilet Cover.

Loubet Popular With All Classes.

Emile Loubet is the most popular president ever elected in France. There have been more sudden examples of popularity, but none so enduring. M. Loubet has grown year by year. The president of the republic owes his popularity, in the first place, to his perfect simplicity. The provinces, which are neither abtuse nor ungrateful, are infinitely pleased to find that M. Loubet has remained a provincial in the best sense of the word. He has never denied either his modest origin or the memories and ties of his youth. Honors have not turned his head; they have not made him proud or distant or arrogant. He thinks only of accepting honors with good grace, and in vacation time he gladly lays them aside.

Marriage Safeguards.

No parent should permit a child to marry until the prospective bride or bridegroom can produce from a reputable insurance company an acceptance of her or his life at ordinary rates. Here is a ready means to hand of determining fitness; its adoption would no doubt increase the number of runaway matches to some extent, but it would help to give pause to hasty and emotional people.—The Hospital.

Hawk Carries Away Family Cat.

Mrs. G. W. Longwell, who lives on a claim in Lyman county, S. D., reports hawks and eagles so numerous in that section that it is almost impossible to keep poultry.

A few days ago a large hawk swooped down on the family cat as it was sunning itself in the dooryard and carried it away.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Pope Pius on Bicycle.

At the recent athletic tournament in the Vatican the pope took special interest in the bicycle contests and remarked that if the bicycle had existed when he was a boy it would have saved him great hardship, as he had every day to walk seven miles in all weathers to school.

Water of No Avail.

While a dispute was going on in London as to whether Admiral Togo, while a cadet at Gravesend, was baptized a Catholic or Protestant, Togo was visiting the temple at Ise to thank the spirits of his ancestors for his success in the war

Ira Neverton's Careful Niece.

Ira Neverton is one of the best known traveling men in the state of Maine. He has a little niece, three years old, who is very bright. She has been punished for tearing magazines and books about the house.

Having never had a ride on the cars, her uncle recently took her on a train. When the conductor came along he handed out his mileage book and the conductor proceeded to rip out leaves with the usual celerity. The little girl watched him closely and then said: "Look here, mister! What are you tearing up Uncle Ira's book for?"

Prayed for What Was Best.

Some sixty years ago there lived in Gorham, Me., a quaint character, Parson Bradley. He was an itinerant preacher of the Methodist church, and was noted for his original and familiar expressions in prayers.

Upon one occasion he was preaching in North Yarmouth, a township near Gorham, but not its equal as a farming community. There had been dry weather and some one requested the parson to pray for rain.

In his prayer he said: "Oh, Lord, these people say they need rain. I say they need manure. Give them what they need most."

Veteran Educator Honored.

A great feature of the Founder's day exercises at Lafayette college, Easton, Pa., was the honor paid to Dr. F. A. March, Sr., the "grand old man of Lafayette," who on that day celebrated his eightieth birthday anniversary and the fiftieth anniversary of his connection with the college. He was born on Oct. 25, 1825, at Millbury, Mass., and his wife has been devoted to educational work. In 1885 he became connected with Lafayette.

Australia's State Journalist.

Australia has a "state journalist." A Sydney newspaper man, John Plummer, has been engaged at a salary of $2,000 a year to write articles in the British, American and continental papers in defense of the commonwealth, its legislation and its administration.

No Room to Pass.

"Was I scared?" exclaimed Miss Lacer. "Well I should say! My heart simply sunk down into my boots!"

"Impossible!" retorted her candid friend; "it couldn't possibly get past your waist."

Mirror Also Fractured.

Col. L. M. Buchanan writes that his youngest son served in the South African campaign as a trooper in the Rhodesian horse. Aug. 21, 1900, the young man was reported as severely wounded at Hammam's karaal and his wound was described by the surgeon in attendance as a "comminuted fracture of the left humerus," out of which twenty-one splinters were subsequently discharged or extracted. On the same day in his bedroom in Ireland the mirror fell to the floor and was smashed into many pieces, receiving what the colonel thinks might be called a "comminuted fracture." The mirror had been in its usual place on the dressing table and the room was vacant at the time.

Even Here.

Charon was just about to push his ferry out on the dark, silent bosom of the Styx when he noticed a soul lagging behind on the rocky shore.

"Step lively!" called the ancient ferryman. "What are you stopping here for?"

The soul smiled.

"I thought perhaps I could buy a souvenir postal card," it replied, "to mail to the folks at home."

Charon bowed and handed him an asbestos postcard with views of the Styx in red and black.

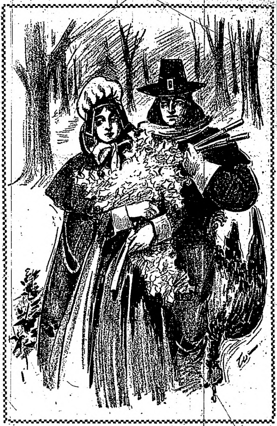
World Owes Debt to Brazza.

Count Savorgnan de Brazza, a Frenchman by adoption though not by birth, whose death occurred the other day, ranks as one of the great French explorers and colonial organizers. In twenty years he explored the vast region in West Africa, now know as the French Congo, founded and maintained twenty-one stations among 5,000,000 natives living there, organized a large part of the territory as a French colony, stopped wars between the tribes, established friendly relations with them and did all this without shedding blood. Violence played no part in his policy and he never shot a native.

For Official Vatican News.

Pope Pius X contemplates founding an official press news office in the Cancelleria palace for supplying vatican news to correspondents. The idea was suggested to him by Cardinal Merry Del Val and is likely to save the holy father from much of the annoyance he experiences now through the circulation of unfounded rumors and the presentation of views inimical to vatican interests.

THANKSGIVING OF YE OLDEN TIMES



THE DAY IN HISTORY

Significant in the United States with Turkey and Football—Began with Lincoln

Thanksgiving day, coming with the regularity of a movable feast, is peculiar to the United States. Other countries now and again, as in Great Britain upon the occasion of the jubilee of the late Queen, have a day of thanksgiving, but here, by an unwritten law, almost by the general will of the people, and certainly by the power of custom, Thanksgiving day comes each year as regularly as Christmas.

As a generally observed national holiday, Thanksgiving day is only forty-one years old this year, yet its history is in a measure of much greater antiquity. Like many another custom, we owe this to those stern Puritans who "separated" and came to Massachusetts bay to make a lasting impression upon the social life of the New World. The history of the first Thanksgiving day in the Massachusetts plantation has been variously given. In 1621, it is said, a day of thanksgiving was observed in acknowledgment of the Pilgrims' first harvest in America.

Those were trying days for the colonists. The winter was one of great severity and scarcity. The people, we are quaintly told, "were necessitated to live upon clams and mussels and ground-nuts and acorns, and these got with much difficulty in the winter time. People were very much tired and discouraged, especially with the last batch of bread in the oven." Winthrop had early in the preceding July sent the ship Lion to England for a cargo of provisions, but after an interval of many months the ship was not forthcoming. On the 5th of February, 1631, while the governor was giving "the last handful of meal in the barrel unto a poor man distressed by the wolf at the door, at that instant they espied a ship arrived at the harbor's mouth, laden with provisions for them all."

A general fast day had been previously appointed, but the arrival of the Lion, bearing this sorely needed relief, changed their mourning into joy, and, as Winthrop records in his journal, a day of thanksgiving was held in "all the plantations."

Franklin has left an interesting account of the origin of Thanksgiving in America, which is not without his humorous touch, and which, like most of his similar writings, is perhaps not as veracious as it might have been. "There is a tradition," he wrote, "that in the plantations of New England the first settlers met with many difficulties and hardships, as is generally the case when a civilized people attempt establishing themselves in a wilderness country.

"Being piously disposed, they sought relief from Heaven by laying their wants and distresses before the Lord in frequent set days of fasting and prayer. Constant meditation and discourse on these subjects kept their minds gloomy and discontented; and, like the children of Israel, there were many disposed to return to that Egypt which persecution had induced them to abandon.

"At length, when it was proposed in the assembly to proclaim another fast, a farmer of plain sense rose and remarked that the inconvenience they suffered, and concerning which they had so often wearied Heaven with their complaints, were not so great as they might have expected, and were diminishing every day as the colony strengthened; that the earth began to reward their labor and to furnish liberally for their substance; that the seas and rivers were found full of fish, the air sweet, the climate healthy, and, above all, that they were there in the full enjoyment of liberty, civil and religious; he, therefore, thought that, reflecting and conversing on these subjects would be more comfortable, as tending more to make them contented with their situation, and that it would be more becoming the gratitude they owed the Divine Being if, instead of a fast, they should proclaim a thanksgiving.

"His advice was taken, and from that day to this they have, in every year, observed circumstances of felicity sufficient to furnish employment for a thanksgiving day, which is, therefore, constantly ordered and religiously observed."

While Thanksgiving day prospered in New England, it was not until the time of the Revolution that it became general. Then a day of national thanksgiving was annually recommended by Congress.

As we now have it, the festival dates from 1864, when President Lincoln issued a proclamation for setting apart the last Thursday in November of that year as a day of national thanksgiving.

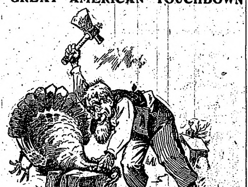
In his proclamation, Lincoln says: "It has pleased Almighty God to prolong our national life another year, defending us with His guardian care against unfriendly designs from abroad and vouchsafing to us in His mercy many and signal victories over the enemy who is in our household."

Each succeeding president of the United States has annually proclaimed a thanksgiving day, and this is generally followed by similar proclamations by the governors of the various states. The day, however, is not observed in every state, for in Arkansas, Colorado, Delaware, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, Oklahoma and Utah, Thanksgiving day finds no place in the list of holidays by proclamation of their respective governors.

Thanksgiving Thought.

Of all the days, Thanksgiving is
The one of greatest cheer;
It brings to mind the blessings
Of the past and present year.
—J. A. Veale.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TOUCHDOWN



SCRAPPLE MADE BY A TRUST

Former Pennsylvania Dish Now in Very General Use.

"Scrapple used to be made altogether by the Pennsylvania farmers, but it is now made practically altogether by a trust, the Philadelphia Scrapple trust, which turns out thousands of pounds daily from the first frost till the spring thaw."

The speaker, a Philadelphia butcher, knew his subject. He resumed:

"Our scrapple plant is uptotwn. Trains of cars containing live pigs come in at one end of it. Out at the other end pass trains of cars containing pale scrapple in silver colored tins.

"This delectable stuff is made of pig's heads, livers, pork, sage, thyme, and a dozen other ingredients. The meat is first boiled on the bone in vats as large as swimming pools. Then it is cut up into chunks the size of your fist by rows of bare-armed experts with scimiters. Then it is ground to a gray powder in steam power grinding machines.

"The gray powder is taken to a secret room. There, under the direction of the mixer, a high salaried official, it is seasoned and touched up in many unknown ways. Afterward it is boiled in enormous boilers.

"Still hot and soft from the boiling, it is put in new, bright tins. It cools and is a firm substance of a pearl gray hue—the world famed Philadelphia scrapple of song and story.

"Philadelphia scrapple is eaten all over America. If it were a summer as well as a cold weather food it would perhaps supplant pie as the national dish."

SAVED HALF MILLION DOLLARS

When Looked Into, Occurrence Is Not So Remarkable.

The accumulation of half a million dollars from a grammar school principal's salary, ranging from $1,500 to $3,000 a year, for fifty years, is the remarkable achievement of Prof. Alpheus Du Bois of New York.

It is an achievement as mysterious to the ordinary mind as is the rapid accumulation of millions by some public officials whose salaries are less than their cost of living.

Three thousand dollars for fifty years aggregates $150,000—$350,000 less than a half-million.

Yet reference to the interest table will show that the feat which seems so extraordinary, if not impossible, may be accomplished very easily.

Nothing accumulates faster than money at compound interest.

Ten dollars saved every year and invested at 5 per cent will amount to $1,000 in thirty-five years, and $2,000 laid aside from a salary of $3,000 and allowed to accumulate for forty years will grow to about $250,000. Another ten years will put it very near the half-million mark. Du Bois had the advantage for many years of 7 per cent legal interest.

So the wonder is, not that his modest salary proved the seed of a big fortune, but that any one well paid for years should come to old age with empty hands.

Harvest Song.

Farther to the south the sun
Droops his falling head,
Now the summer's course is run
And her pride is dead;
Rich along the weeded roads
Goldenrod stands tall,
And the purple thistle mist
Plumes the summer's pall.

Now in drowsy autumn dreams
Locked the landscape lies,
While a chastened glory streams
From the azure skies;
Like the harmony of bloom
On ripe fruit, the day's
Morning's blush and evening's dyes
Blur in mist-blue haze.

Deep the mellow languor falls
On the silent noon;
No bird save the blue-jay calls.
Woods and meadows swoon;
Ghostlier than on summer nights
Winds sound from afar,
Weak the sun pales as the moon,
Or the evening star.

So the tide of life endures,
Waxes, wanes, and falls,
While earth's mystery immures
Souls in mortal walls;
Still to joy my heart will cling,
What though winter come,
I have heard the throstle sing
And the brown bees hum.

Sweetest season of the mist,
When the summer wanes,
Skies of tender amethyst,
Fields of golden grains;
Blessed days of ripened joy,
With the harvest crowned—
Nourisher of Nature's pains
As roll the seasons round.
—Edward O. Jackson in Boston Transcript.

Made New Theatrical Rule.

Jacob Litt, who died the other day after having acquired a large fortune in a short time, made one rule unique in the theatrical business. He never paid a royalty to an author. Playwrights commonly received a percentage of receipts for the use of their work. Mr. Litt would only agree to pay a fixed sum every time a play was acted. This was usually $25. He believed the arrangement more equitable to him and to the dramatist. It certainly enabled both to make a great deal of money when success was genuine. The writer of "In Old Kentucky," which did more to make Mr. Litt's fortune than any other play, drew for ten years $25 for every performance. Sometimes three companies were acting the piece simultaneously.

Only the Goffstown Muster.

Many years ago the Goffstown muster was the great annual event in southern New Hampshire, and the people turned out from far and near to attend it.

Early one morning a young countryman filled himself with hard cider and doughnuts and started for the muster. It was a misty morning, which made things rather indistinct. An aged couple on their way to the muster took a short cut through the graveyard, and were just climbing over the fence when the young farmer saw them through the fog.

He stopped and looked at them, and then shouted: "Go back, old man, go back; this isn't the final resurrection; it's only the Goffstown muster."

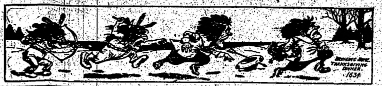
Doubts.

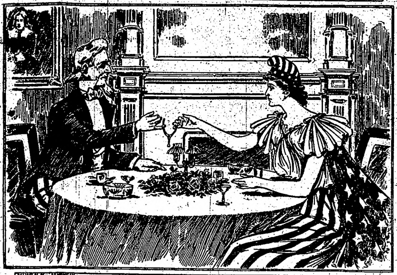
"Wealth does not bring happiness," said the ready-made philosopher."

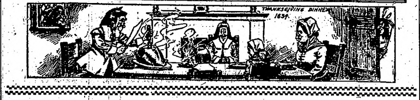
"Maybe not," answered the man who frequents the race track, "but when I compare the facial expression of a person who has won with that of a person who has lost I have my doubts."

BREAKING THE WISHBONE

"Another Year of Prosperity"







FRONTIER THANKSGIVING

Only One Gobbler for Forty Hungry Troopers to Make a Feast Of

"Boots and saddles!"

What stirring strains were those bugle notes as they echoed and reechoed up the canons and through the tall tamaracks at Camp Watson, a typical frontier post whose barrack buildings were of solid logs, located in the part of the beautiful Blue mountains where the hostile Snake Indians ranged and disputed with gory hand the advances of the white man.

The little garrison at Camp Watson had had hard work all the fall hunting hostiles far and away even to the Owyhee, and now looked forward with keen appreciation to Thanksgiving day, which the next sun-up would bring, and the frontier feasting it would bring with it.

"It will be to all the boys at least a taste of home and mother," said Major W. V. Rinehart, post commander, as he instructed Lieutenant Tom Hand to lighten labor and give his men all possible liberty.

So the company game hunters had been out on the near-by ridges and brought in dozens of big, fat grouse, three deer and an elk, and the company cooks had given it out that they would try their hands on mince pies provided some commissary fire-water were rustled up for flavoring.

Everything looked promising for a fine feast.

But the two hunters who had brought in the elk also brought the news that half a mile away they had found the fresh tracks of an Indian pony, and the telltale sign showed that his rider had been spying about Camp Watson. The tracks, two miles away, joined the trail of a large party which had headed southwest. In the trail were the familiar footprints of many mules.

Then dashed into camp young Fred Wilmarth, whose tough cayuse had brought him from Fort Dalles, more than a hundred miles away, with the news that the hostile Snakes had raided down the John Day and captured horses at the Maupin and Clarno ranches, and burned Jim Clarke's house.

The rough-riding raid of the Snakes had been very successful, for at Muddy Creek they had captured Henry Heppner's entire train of pack mules, and that energetic pioneer had to fort up in the rocks, and after escaping with his scalp and reaching The Dalles, had to begin business all over again.

"Boots and saddles!" soon sounded at Camp Watson. Such news always brought that stirring call.

Thanksgiving thoughts were laid aside; they would have to keep for another year. Capt. Boutelle's troopers were quickly mounted. Their trailer was Donald McKay, whose grandfather was John Jacob Astor's partner, and his grandmother a princess of Concomly's Chinook tribe.

Away went the troopers just as the westering sun went behind a cloud which broadened and blackened and soon began to patter down in rapid raindrops.

It was to be a swift pursuit and a sudden striking of the enemy, and so every trooper traveled light, except as to ammunition, which was 150 rounds to the man. And big 50-caliber cartrides they were in those days.

Not a superfluous ounce was carried on the horses; there was no pack train, no impediments; merely a few hardtacks stuck into saddle pockets comprised the commissary; the enemy had food—capture it.

A good trailer was Donald McKay, and the footfalls of his trained cayuse told him in the dark the kind of tracks he was stepping in. Where a small party of the hostiles had branched off to the northwest Donald knew their number and guessed their object.

Silently the pursuit continued. Daylight could not be much further away than over the next divide. Suddenly in the darkness just ahead, what was that? The yelp of a coyote? If so, it would soon be followed by a chorus. No. It was the bark of the coyote's close cousin, an Indian dog.

Soon it was followed by another bark, and bang! A bullet zipped past the troopers.

Then came the defiant war whoop, telling that the Indians had put none but Americans on guard that night, and that the warriors were stirring and ready to meet the United States, the great nation with whom they were at war.

Quickly the troopers accommodated them. There were volleys from both sides, a dashing cavalry charge through the camp, a reassembling by bugle call on the other side, and another rush through.

It was blind business in the dark, but the Indians gave shot for shot as they scattered around in the sage brush and posted themselves in ravines.

As daylight came, the troopers closed in on the camp, and what warriors remained in it died defiant.

The camp was a medley of willow-pole wickiups and tule-matting windbreaks shaped like the modern hats worn by women. When the soldiers got full possession they rather ignored the scattering shots that came from the ravines, for they would rather hive the bees that were left than kill them. And they knew that the bulk of the women and pappooses had escaped to the ravines. The firing showed that the hostiles' strength had been reduced. So had the number of troopers, and the wounded horses, unable to respond to the bugle call, neighed pitifully from where they had gone down in the charge.

The wounded were being looked after and their misery eased where that seemed possible, when Donald McKay took the floor, and, in stentorian tones and Snake dialect, told the hostiles they had better cease firing and surrender; otherwise the soldiers would kill the last one of them.

A defiant answer came rolling back, and just then an Indian woman holding up a baby rushed toward the soldiers, saying she would surrender to save her child. A shot followed from the gulch she had left, and her own husband became her murderer. He was stalking out to secure the baby when a bullet from McKay's carbine ended his career. This baby boy was afterward raised by a pioneer cattleman named Altnow, and became the most expert vaquero on the great Pine Creek Range.

After a twenty-minute parley the hostiles were given their choice of extermination or surrender, and finally chose the latter. Sulkily they came into camp, what was left of them, thirty warriors with guns, while as many more lay dead and dying around the camp. Dead soldiers were there, too, six of them, and ten wounded. Strapping fellows in the very flower of youth, laid low on that Thanksgiving morning, a sad sacrifice to the cruel war waged in the winning of the West.

A sorry-looking camp it was, but there was meat in it, for the Indians had killed and dried most of Henry Heppner's mules, and they had several sacks of dried crickets and cowse and camas, and a little flour stolen at Antelope. And this was all they had to offer the guests who had intruded on them.

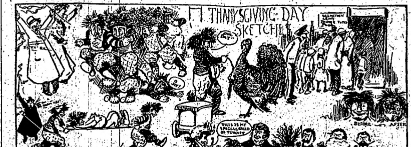
But where Indians can live, soldiers can exist, and the late Thanksgiving breakfast was nearly over when—

"Gobble! Gobble! Gobble!"

Those were the words which came from the adjoining sage brush, and quickly Capt. Waters had surrounded the sound and brought in a big gobbler that the Indians had staked out. One of his tail feathers, painted white, caused him to be recognized as a former resident of the Clarno ranch, which nestled under the shadows of the high Cold Camp country. The boy Frank Clarno had painted the feather, and soldiers passing there had noticed it.

That turkey furnished a feast for those forty troopers that Thanksgiving morning. There were no cranberries, but a sage hen was inserted into his interior for flavoring, and he was browned on the embers, and there was a taste for several and a whiff of the fragrance for all. There was one wishbone, which the mule meat had not.—Los Angeles Times.

A THANKSGIVING MEDLEY


A THANKSGIVING DAY SKETCHES
O JOY!
THIS IS MY SPECIAL BREED OF TURKEY
BEFORE
AFTER

SOME LIKE TOBACCO

NOT ALL ANIMALS AVERSE TO FRAGRANT WEED.

Known Instances of Dogs Enjoying Their Smoke Much as Does a Man Addicted to the Habit—Parrot That Was Fond of Chewing Tobacco.

Most animals have an utter abhorrence of tobacco in any shape or form, says the proprietor of a menagerie. I have myself made even a really ferocious dog turn tail simply by puffing smoke in its face, but I do not recommend the means as one to be always relied on.

But to this rule, as to all others, there are exceptions, and numerous instances are known of animals possessing a positive love for the fragrant weed. Dogs, it is well known, can be taught to do almost everything but talk, and in my early days I was connected with a circus which possessed the unique attraction of a terrier which, among other tricks, had been instructed in the art of smoking a clay pipe. The curious point was that the animal actually got to enjoy its pipe and would insist on having it at the usual time every Sunday, as in the performance on week days.

The parrot is perhaps of all birds the most apt to take up bad habits. A friend of mine has one which is passionately fond of eating and chewing tobacco. If given a sufficient quantity the bird will make itself positively drunk with the nicotine, and will stagger about its cage in exact imitation of the actions of an intoxicated human being. Long practice has made the bird somewhat of a connoisseur respecting its favorite luxury, and it now treats fine cut tobaccos with contempt. Its particular delight is the rum-soaked plug affected by sailors.

It is among the simian tribes that tobacco-loving quadrupeds are most frequent. This is probably owing to the monkey's overpowering faculty for imitation, which sometimes gets it into trouble. I remember an amusing instance. A man after puffing at a cigarette for a time threw it down near a monkey which had been watching the proceedings intently. The animal snatched it up and puffed gravely for a few minutes. Then a look of intense bewilderment stole over its face, and throwing the cigarette down, it retired into a corner, evidently very ill.

A gentleman in the north of England has a monkey which is addicted to snuff. The animal has been taught to take a pinch from the box of a visitor with all the courtly air so prevalent in the days when snuff taking was the fashion.—Tit-Bits.

Earliest Typesetting Machines.

In answer to the query, "How old are typsetting machines?" the London Chronicle prints an extract from a copy of the local Herald of 1823: "Dr. Church is now at Birmingham preparing his new printing machine. The compositor has only to sit down at this curious mechanism as he would at a pianoforte, and as he strikes the keys the types all fall from the case into their proper places with a velocity that keeps pace with the most rapid speaker. The form having been worked off, the type moves into the melting pot, from which it is returned, recast into its original state, without any diminution of material, and thence distributed into the case quite new. One of these machines placed at the bar of the house of commons would always insure a correct report of the debate. Dr. Church, the inventor, is a native of Boston, in New England."

Justin McCarthy in Retirement.

Since retiring from politics some seven or eight years ago Justin McCarthy has made his home at Westgate-on-Sea, on the Kentish coast. Working leisurely in his beautiful home called Herdholt, he has finished his great "History of Our Own Times." A friend who has recently seen him says of the gifted historian: "Where can you find so charming a talker, one who has seen so much, knows so much, met so many famous people and who by a word or a phrase can make the past live, laugh and cry again?" The years since he left politics have been kind to Mr. McCarthy His outlook is the bright outlook of youth and his health is perfect. His single burden is a weakened eyesight which does not permit him to read, but, as he says, means the pleasure of being read to by others. His daughter, Miss Charlotte McCarthy, is his constant companion.

Somewhat Different.

The scanty-haired bachelor at the pedal extremity of the mahogany was sawing away at his steak.

"You remind me of a picture I once saw," remarked the ribbon counter clerk. "It was entitled 'An Imitation of a Man at Work.'"

"You've turned to the wrong page in the art catalogue, young man," growled the old bachelor. "The picture I represent is a war chromo entitled 'The Battle of Bull Run.'"

Gen. Booth Works Hard.

Gen. Booth of the Salvation Army, who is in his 77th year, is back in London after a tour of 34,400 miles. Here is his record in England and Scotland: Period of travel, five weeks and four days; towns visited, 121; addresses averaging one hour and twenty minutes, 95; shorter addresses, 26; sinners at penitent form, 200; people addressed, 250,000.

Weather Office Errors.

Fifteen per cent. of error, says Chief Willis L. Moore, is the record of the weather bureau. Not only is this proportion lower than in any foreign bureau, but in ten years not a criticism of its work has come from any commercial, maritime or scientific organization.

Italian King Gives Prizes.

Prizes amounting to $8,000, offered by the king of Italy to exhibitors at the Milian exhibition next year, include one of $2,000 for the best type of popular dwelling house adapted to the climate of northern Italy, and one of $1,000 for motor boats.

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K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

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H. E. IVES Publisher.

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Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Nov. 25, 1905.

The foot ball season closes next Thursday and congress convenes next Monday so newspaper men will still have something to write about.

The new Norwegian King will draw a salary of two hundred thousand dollars a year. This looks almost as good as being president of a life insurance company.

The coming session of congress will be an interesting one, Railroad rates, tariff revision and the Panama canal will be the three big subjects for debate and legislation.

Minnesota has six ex-governors living, as follows: Lucius F. Hubbard, William R. Merriam, Knute Nelson, David M. Clough, John Lind and Samuel R. VanSant.

The Agricultural department has thirty-eight million packages of seeds to be distributed for next year. Congressman Steenerson will probably send you your share before spring.

If our brother editors don't stop springing candidates for the republican nomination for governor we fear some of them will have to use the "split-log drag" before a good clear road can be made.

Down at Panama the board of engineers have decided that a sea-level canal is the practical one to build. It will take a lot more money and several years more time to build it than under the old plan of a lock system.

Next Thursday is Thanksgiving day, a day set apart by the president and our governor as a day of thanksgiving for the good things we have received. While to many the past year has not been as good as they might have wished there are still abundant reasons why we should all give thanks.

With the price of cattle so low that it don't pay to raise them and meat so high in the cities that many poor people are going hungry, would strongly indicate that some grafter is getting more than his share, all of which leads us to remark that all the thieves did not go into the insurance business.

While there is no person who will admit he is an active candidate for the republican gubernatorial nomination next year there are four names who are constantly mentioned. They are Secretary of State Hansen, Treasurer Block, Senator Lord and Frank M. Eddy. The plum is likely to fall to one of these men, but as there is a determination on the part of the people to name the man most acceptable to the voters to defer to the will of the majority, most of the leaders are waiting to ascertain who "the most acceptable man is."—Norman County Index.

The lumbermen have made another advance in prices—the fifth within the year. The Minneapolis Journal announces that practically every product of the saw mills, except finish lumber, white pine flooring and siding, has been advanced in price. Dimension lumber is raised $1.00, and rough boards from 50c to $1.00, and lath 25 cents. Prices were advanced last November, and again February, July, September, and now for the fifth time within twelve months. The lumbermen appear to have a complete control of the situation, and to be able to put prices just where they want them.

Wind Superstitions.

The Finns of Norway long entertained a traditional belief in the power of controlling the winds by a small rope with three knots tied in it. This popular superstition gave rise to the curious industry of making and selling these wind controlling ropes with magical knots to mariners and fishermen. It was believed that by unloosing the first knot a favorable breeze was secured, the second raised a strong gale and if the third knot was untied it would prove the prelude to a tempest. According to Ranulph Higden, the witches of the Isle of Man had a similar ancient practice of selling winds to sailors.

Sow Macaroni.

Norman County Index: Ex-County Treasurer Mitthun was in from Flom last Saturday. Speaking of macaroni wheat he says he had in several acres which yielded about 18 bushels per acre by weight. It averaged nearly twice as much as other varieties he had in, and he intends to put in quite a field next year. He believes that farmers will reap much larger profits raising this wheat. Erick Flom had in a field of macaroni that averaged 20 bushels and Knut Thompson threshed an average of 21 bushels. In both of these cases the crop was double what these men raised of ordinary wheat. In our opinion every farmer should put in some of this wheat next year. We believe the seed of the old varieties have to a certain extent run out, and this new seed is apt to do well. Even on old land this macaroni does well; in fact is said to do its best. It takes different ingredients from the soil than ordinary varieties and a field that is even run down may yield a large crop of this wheat. Every bushel of this grain in local sands should be used for seed and none sold for shipment.

Homesteaders Want Extension.

Crookston Times (Thursday): A. N. Johnson, of Thief River Falls, arrived today with a petition signed by 500 homesteaders who purchased land on the eleven townships a year ago. The petition asks Congressman Steenerson to procure an extension of the time of payment of next year's installment on the purchase price of the land for one year.

Failure of crops this year is given as reason for the shortage of money among the settlers and Congressman Steenerson stated to Mr. Johnson that he would see what could be done.

The recent ruling of the department that all homesteaders who had missed a payment might be reinstated at any time by the payment of the money due may cover the extension of time asked by the settlers and may permit the settlers to skip one year and pay up entirely at the next pay day.

Spend Christmas at Home.

A rate of $40.00 for the round trip to Eastern Canadian points has been made by the Great Northern Railway. These tickets are good to Montreal and points west thereof in Ontario and will be on sale from December 4th to 31st inclusive, tickets being good for three months and an extension of time can be secured at a small additional cost. Liberal stopover privileges will be allowed going and returning. See your local agent for full information.

Corks For Bottle Stoppers.

The application of cork as a bottle stopper for liquid vessels is said to be of great antiquity. The earliest record extant of its use in Europe is that mentioned by Horace, who asserts that the Romans had cork as stoppers for their wine amphorae. Certain of the uses of cork were known to the ancient Greeks and Egyptians, but whether they used cork for stopping the mouths of their liquid vessels history does not say. It was not, however, until the year 1760 that the Spaniards first commenced to work their cork woods with some degree of regularity for the making of corks. Although perhaps corks were more or less in use from the time glass bottles were first invented, which Beckmann asserts to have been in the fifteenth century, yet it was not until two and a half centuries later that the Spaniards began to prepare cork for bottle stoppers, which they did in a forest situated at the northeast of the Tigueras, on the Muge. The cork industry has since gradually risen to be one of the first magnitude, its chief center in Spain being in Catalonia.

What the Teacher Must Do.

Knowledge is good, but wisdom is better. The college valedictorian, trained to take knowledge in rather than to impart it, may have much of it with but little wisdom. He may be able, as a teacher, to drill boys and girls in Greek and Latin declensions and cram them with facts, useful or valueless, but if he cannot produce in them what Spencer calls "pleasurable excitement" and interest he is a failure. His would be the sort of teaching that harps upon obedience and discipline and endeavors by force of rule and rod to oblige the pupil to study and learn. The will cannot be forced, but the real teacher knows well that it can be led. He remembers the remark of Rousseau that "the teacher's province is less to instruct than to guide;" that "he must not lay down precepts, but teach his pupils to discover them." This was the way of that great teacher, Agassiz, certainly.—Arthur Gilman in Atlantic.

Thanksgiving Excursions.

The Great Northern Railway will sell round trip tickets at the rate of one fare and one-third, on account of Thanksgiving day, to all points on the system, east of Montana. Tickets will be on sale November 29th and 30th with final return limit December 4th, 1905. Ask your local agent for further information.

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Estray.

Came to the premises of the undersigned in section 3, Wyandotte, on November 5th, 1905, a cow, color red with white legs. Owner can have same by proving property and paying charges.

J. R. LARSON.

Estray.

A yearling steer came to my premises in Sec. 29, of River Falls, on or about Oct. 26th. Owner can have same by proving its his and paying for this notice.

ANDREW MORTENSON.

Calumet Baking Powder
Perfect in quality.
Moderate in price.

Contrasted Types.

The outspoken romance of the German is sometimes trying to those of a different habit. The author of the traveling notes called "From a Holiday Journal" describes a young girl whom she met at a German bath, a pretty, doll-like creature, named Marie, who knew how to sit still and do nothing all day long.

Presently it was discovered that Marie had a lover. She disclosed the fact boldly.

"My brautigam is young, handsome, rich," she said proudly, looking up to a tall English girl of seventeen. "And have you not a bridegroom too? Or did you never have one?"

The English girl had never before felt the humiliation caused by the lack of a bridegroom. So she shamefacedly confessed that some one liked her, only this spring, but—

"But you do not love him," interrupted the German girl in loud but very bad English. "Oh, I love my treasure so! I love him so!"

The English girl shuddered and blushed to the roots of her hair. The words had been distinctly spoken and had evidently proved very amusing to a party of English in the vicinity.

"Oh," she implored, "would you mind saying 'like' instead of 'love' next time? We never say 'love' in English. We have no such thing!"

How She Died.

A minor poet who talked of his lady's person being "curiously mix'd" would not be enthusiastically reviewed nowadays. But so startlingly beautiful was the lady in question, one Susanna Perwich, who died of rheumatic fever at Hackney on July 3, 1661, "in the flower of her age," that these lines in praise of her have not only been preserved, but they have even escaped classification with nonsense verse. This explanation is, perhaps, necessary before quoting the inspired account of her death:

> Behold, damp sheets
> Cling close about her in the bed,
> At which she, waking, said, "I'm dead!"
> Shall I the careless maid go blame
> And tell her what a horrid shame
> It is that by her negligence
> So choice a one is lost from hence?
>
> —London Chronicle.

Dancing.

It is quite usual after a ball to find that the action of the heart shows traces of fatigue, particularly in delicate young women, who complain of a vague sensation of uneasiness, sadness and even of pain and are, in a word, in a peculiar condition that is not yet disease, nor is it health—much nearer the former than the latter. Diseases caused by dancing are commoner in women than in men. The most frequent are laryngitis, particularly in women who talk a great deal while dancing; colds, bronchitis and sometimes pneumonia and pleurisy. Dancing should be absolutely forbidden in all cases of consumption, which may assume a very rapid form from this cause. It is counter indicated as well in all cases of heart trouble.

The Self Possessed Bride.

One is in the habit nowadays of seeing brides absolutely self possessed, almost jocose, laughing and smiling and nodding to their friends. Mothers and sisters never cry nowadays at parting.—Lady Violet Greville in Graphic.

Oddities.

Because a man cannot hear a dew drop is no sign that he is deaf; nor is it a sign of blindness because he never saw a horse fly, a board walk, a stone fence, a dog's pants, a rope walk or a clam bake.

Her Abilities.

"Do you believe there is anything in mind reading?"

"If there isn't, my wife's an awful good guesser. She never has to wait for me to do any confessing."—Chicago Record-Herald.

The Kiss Feminine.

Brother—Which one of those Penton girls is it that you don't like? Sister—Ssshh! Some one might hear you. When the crowd comes up I'll kiss her twice.—Illustrated Bits

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EFFICIENTLY SERVES A VAST TERRITORY
by through service to and from the following cities:

Omaha, Neb.	Chicago, Ill.
St. Paul, Minn.	St. Louis, Mo.
Minneapolis,	Peoria, Ill.
Kansas City, Mo.	Evansville, Ind.
Memphis, Tenn.	Nashville, Tenn.
Cincinnati, Ohio.	Atlanta, Ga.
Louisville, Ky.	Jacksonville, Fla.
New Orleans, La.	Vicksburgh, Miss.

Weekly through service between Chicago and between Cincinnati
AND THE PACIFIC COAST.
Connections at these terminals for the
EAST, SOUTH, WEST NORTH.
Fast and Handsomely equipped Steam-Heated Trains—Dining Cars—Buffet Library Cars—Sleeping Cars—Free Reclining Chair Cars.
A. H. HANSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt
Chicago, Ill

CROOKSTON LUMBER Company.
Lumber Manufacturers
St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Don't buy a Typewriter on a worn-out reputation.......
Investigate the merits of the
Oliver
THE STANDARD VISIBLE WRITER.
Send for a handsomely illustrated art Catalogue, free for the asking.
The Oliver Typewriter Co.
332 Hennepin Ave. Minneapolis, Minn.

Choice Bargains
We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at
Farm Land Prices..
Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.
St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

ORIENTAL LIMITED
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY "The Comfortable Way"
The New Train of
EASE, ELEGANCE AND EXCELLENCE.
Daily between St. Paul, Minneapolis, Seattle, Everett, Spokane, Bellingham, Vancouver and Intermediate Points, via the
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
"THE COMFORTABLE WAY"
New Compartment-Library-Observation Cars.
For detailed information, rates, etc., call on
H. M. SWENSON, Agent,
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.
S. S. DAKOTA SAILS FOR THE ORIENT DEC. 16

$40 TO EASTERN CANADA AND BACK
December 4 to December 31. Excursion tickets to all points in ONTARIO. Low rates to points in QUEBEC east of and including Montreal. Five daily trains, St. Paul to Chicago, via the
CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY
Direct connections at St. Paul Union Depot with all trains from the Northwest. Route of the Daylight Express, The Fast Mail and The Pioneer Limited. Request your nearest railroad agent to ticket you via The Milwaukee Road between St. Paul and Chicago.
For complete information write to
W. B. DIXON, N.W.P.A., 365 Robert St., ST. PAUL

A case of necessity is a case of Hamm's
NEW BREW
Bottled and on draught.
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co. St. Paul, Minn.

SAW MILL MACHINERY.
Saw Mills
Gang Edgers
Lumber Trimmers
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Planer & Matchers
Drag Saws
Wood Saws
Engines
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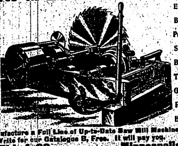
Trucks
Grate Bars
Feed Mills
Horse Powers



We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

WINCHESTER
FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

8:00 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
9:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
9:55 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
10:20am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar	Wylie	Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St Hilaire, Minn.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. DUNTLEY, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3850 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

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ARCHITECT.
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
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CROOKSTON, MINN.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for..........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Go to L. M. Rolland & Sons for fresh oysters.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Sheriff Dan Linnihan was a business visitor here yesterday.

W. A. Arthur made a short trip out to his claim last Sunday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Hitchcock, of Crookston, were visitors here last Tuesday.

Misses Eva and Nora Johnson were Thief River Falls visitors last Wednesday.

K. R. Killand was a business visitor at Thief River Falls the first of the week.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Misses Clara and Matilda Lund made a short trip to Thief River Falls last Wednesday.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on December 3 and 4.

Joseph Bourdon, one of the pioneers of Red Lake Falls, was a business visitor here last Tuesday.

Martin McAndress went up to Thief River Falls last Wednesday to spend a few days on his claim there.

County Attorney Thomas Germo was up from Red Lake Falls last Monday on professional business.

Daniel Patterson drove down to Red Lake Falls yesterday to attend a meeting of the county commissioners.

Mrs. Oliver Larson, of Green Lake, Kandiyohi county, Minn., is here this week visiting with Mrs. Daniel Patterson.

Dr. H. Grundy, the newly elected mayor of Thief River Falls, was here last Wednesday on professional business.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Mrs. John Jackson and son Bennie left last Thursday for Eveleth, Minn., where she will visit her daughter, Mrs. J. Field, for a month or more.

The night crew at the saw mill missed their Sunday rest this week as Manager Evans, afraid of a freeze-up, started the mill on Sunday evening.

Ed. Peet went over to Bemidji last Saturday with six horses for the lumber company. He returned on Wednesday, making the trip in four days.

A considerable amount of plowing has been done by the farmers the past week. It is not often that plowing can be done in this section the latter part of November.

Buy Lipton's Ceylon and India teas from us. No. 1, one-pound can at 50c; No. 2, one-pound can at 45c; No. 1, ½-pound can at 25c; No. 1, ¼-pound can at 15c. M. L. HANSON.

There will be services in the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday afternoon at three o'clock, and also on Thanksgiving day at 3 p. m. All are welcome. Alex Sand, Pastor.

If you are troubled with indigestion, constipation, sour stomach, or any other pain, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well and keep you well. 35c, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

The hunting party composed of J. J. Soll, John Winkler, Gust and John Konikson, are still out in the woods and have not yet reported progress. Later.—Came back last evening with three deer.

Sunbeam: Mr. and Mrs. Walter McAndress are rejoicing over the arrival of a nine-pound boy, which came to make his home with them for twenty-one years, his time commencing on last Monday morning.

Many children inherit constitutions weak and feeble, others due to childhood troubles. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will positively cure children and make them strong. 35cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Lewis Adams and two children came over from Grand Forks last Monday and he has taken charge at the barber shop, which he intends to run for some time. Mrs. A. C. Adams, who has been at Bellingham, Wash., for the past four years, accompanied him and will visit here for several weeks.

The school board have had to put in new seats at the school house. There is a larger attendance at the schools this fall than ever before and another teacher may have to be hired before the winter is over.

John Richards, the popular manager of the Crookston Lumber company, was here last Tuesday. He feels good over the fact that he has the only mills in the northern part of the state that are still sawing lumber.

Wylie people are said to be fairly well pleased at the outcome of the suit at Crookston last Tuesday. The Great Northern has promised not to tear up the track, and will continue to run trains down there from here.

Pain may go by the name of rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, pleurey. No matter what name the pains are called, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will drive them away. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Mrs. O. F. Post, Mrs. Jens Nelson and Misses Katherine Patterson, Mabel Hannay and Alice Hall went down to Crookston last Saturday evening to attend a performance of "The Tenderfoot." They all returned on Monday except Mrs. Post who came back Tuesday morning.

We have been having a fine lot of weather the past week, until Thursday when it rained all day, ending up in the evening with a couple of inches of snow and a cold snap. It seems to be the prevailing opinion that we are going to have an open winter but it would be well to order fuel just the same.

Hon. W. W. P. McConnell, ex-dairy commissioner and the conductor of the farmers' institute held here yesterday, is an enthusiastic exponent of co-operative creameries. He informed us that at present there are about eight hundred creameries in Minnesota and that nearly six hundred of them are co-operative. Nearly all have been built up in the past ten years and they are adding millions of dollars annually to the wealth of the state.

Married, at the residence of J. P. Fellman, on Thursday, November 23rd, Mr. Albert Fellman to Miss Valborg Petterson, Rev. Lillehei officiating. The groom was attended by Charles Carlson and Edward Thompson and the bride by Miss Annie Fellman and Asta Petterson. Both of the contracting parties have hosts of friends here who wish them all kinds of good luck in their new venture. The SPECTATOR wishes to add congratulations and best wishes.

With the mosquito disseminating yellow fever; the sand fly giving brain fever; fleas carrying bubonic plague; rats transmitting scarlet fever; bacilli in our water; microbes in the air and everything we eat; trichina in the pork; water in the whiskey, and the devil in us, what is this old world coming to, anyhow? Oh, for an age of ignorance like that in which our forefathers lived, and died of old age. It is so infernally dangerous to think about living that we are almost dead.—Exchange.

D. N. Winton, the genial manager of the Thief River Falls Lumber company, was a passenger on the north bound passenger last Wednesday. Dave stood on the rear platform watching the cloud of steam and smoke from the saw mill and looked sorry. He shut their mill down about a month ago when the weather turned cold. The fine weather we have had since has had a depressing effect on Dave, particularly when he sees the diminishing lumber piles and thinks of the lively lumber demand.

A western editor has come to the conclusion that the people who desire "puffs" in his paper must pay the following prices: For telling the public that a man is a successful citizen when everybody knows he is as lazy as a government mule, $2.75; referring to a deceased citizen as one who is mourned by the entire community, when he knows he will only be missed by the poker circles, $1.08; referring to some gallivanting female as an estimable lady whom it is a pleasure to meet, when every business man in town would rather see the devil coming horns, hoofs and all, than to see her coming towards them, $3.10; calling an ordinary pulpit pounder an eminent divine, 60c; sending a tough sinner to heaven with poetry, $5.00.

Holiday Excursions.

The Great Northern Railway will sell tickets at the rate of $40.00 to Montreal and points west thereof in Ontario. These tickets will be on sale from December 4th to 31st inclusive and will be good for three months with an extension of time at a small additional cost. See your local agent for full particulars.

Stray Dog.

O. F. Post has taken up a stray cocker spaniel, color black, weight about 45 pounds. Owner can have same by proving property and paying charges.

To Buy Hides and Pelts.

I will be at the W. A. Sorsoliel elevator in St. Hilaire every Friday to buy hides and pelts. OLE MATHSON.

Turkeys Wanted.

We want 75 turkeys for Thanksgiving. Bring them at once.
L. M. Rolland & Sons.

Oats Wanted.

500 bushels of oats wanted; will pay one cent above market price. C. H. Martz, Riverside Farm.

McMURRAY'S
VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

Wylie Still Has Train Service.

Crookston Times (Wednesday): Today before Judge Watts the hearing on the application by the people of Wylie for the Great Northern to show cause why an injunction should not be issued forbidding that company from tearing up the tracks between St. Hilaire and Wylie and discontinuing the present train service, was on and resulted in an amicable adjustment of the matter.

In answer Col. R. A. Wilkinson stated that there was no intention to tear up the tracks either at present or in the future and that the present train service would be continued indefinitely. As the railroad and warehouse commission had already ruled that the present train service was adequate for the present needs of Wylie and the surrounding country there was nothing else to contend for and action was dropped, the attitude of the Great Northern being satisfactory to the petitioners. Asst. Attorney General Royal A. Stone, of St. Paul, and County Attorney Germo, of Red Lake county, represented the petitioners for the injunction, and Col. Wilkinson appeared for the railroad company.

Successful Institute.

Notwithstanding the cold, disagreeable weather and the bad roads the farmers' institute held at the village hall here yesterday was well attended and the hall was filled during both morning and afternoon sessions. The institute was conducted by W. W. P. McConnell, who had charge of the meeting and gave several interesting talks in answering questions. Andrew Elliout, of Ontario, Canada, spoke entertainingly on the subject of "Beef and Swine," and S. A. Sweet, of Fairmount, Minn., handled the subject of "Dairy Cattle and the Silo" in an able manner. R. Shulz, of LeRoy, Minn., gave the farmers valuable pointers on horticulture. The meeting was a decided success in every way and the farmers seemed well pleased with the information they received. The institute instructors left in the afternoon for Thief River Falls where they hold a meeting today.

The Season Ends.

It is more than probable that the saw mill will close for the season some time today. If the weather should suddenly turn warmer they may decide to run next week but it is thought that tonight will see the finish. The season has been the longest in the history of the mill. Work was commenced on April 10th and the mill has run 197 days this season. Very few accidents have occurred and the cut has been a big one, considering the size of the plant. The exact figures are not yet known but the total will come very near the twenty-five million mark. Besides a new record for late running has been made, beating all previous records by four days. Manager Evans feels good over the result and is entitled to congratulations.

Since writing the above the mill closed down yesterday afternoon on account of a broken piston on the carriage.

Durum Sells Well.

"Durum," or macaroni wheat, is getting into the game all right and farmers who feared it would not sell may rest easy. A good deal has already been sold and advices from Duluth tell of the sale of another cargo to go to a Mediterranean port. It is figured by a prominent exporter that sales of new crop durum wheat for export to date aggregate six million bushels. As the northwest is estimated to have raised about twelve million bushels this season, half of the crop is already disposed of.

The remarkable thing about it is that durum wheat is selling in Europe at practically the same prices as No. 1 northern spring wheat shipped from Manitoba, and only a shade higher than No. 2 Kansas wheat. This disposes of the last great argument against the production of durum wheat—the contention that there would be no market for it.

Under False Pretense.

The following from the Middle River Pioneer tells the old, old story of human greed. Evidently Albina needed the money and Father failed to connect with his share:

"It having come to my knowledge that my daughter, Albina Fjeldt, did on Saturday evening, November 15th, hold a basket social at the residence of Theo. Jacobson, alleged to be for the benefit of her poor aunt, whom the said Albina Fjeldt declared to be poor and in needy circumstances, I hereby declare:

"That the said Albina Fjeldt has no poor aunt and that the obtainance of money by her in this manner was a fraud. Joseph Balek."

$40 for the Round Trip
To Eastern Canada and Return.

A rate of $40.00 for the round trip has been made by the Great Northern Railway to Montreal and points west thereof in Ontario. These tickets will be on sale from December 4th to 31st inclusive and will be good for three months. Liberal stopover privileges will be allowed going and returning, giving you an opportunity of visiting many points enroute, making your holiday outing a pleasurable one. See your local agent for full information.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.
tf G. H. SANDUM.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

For refreshments call at Number 488

Indicted by Grand Jury.

Thief River Press: Just as we go to Press, we learn that the grand jury has found an indictment against Frank Cernousek, for the killing of John Danielson, which occurred while Cernousek was policeman in this city city about two years ago. While on duty as night watchman, Cernousek attempted to arrest Danielson, who was intoxicated and had gone to sleep in an alley at the rear of the Oyster Bay restaurant. Danielson was a powerful man and resisted arrest; a scuffle ensued during which Danielson succeeded in getting the better of Cernousek, the latter losing his billy, Cernousek drew his revolver and Danielson all but succeeded in securing possession of this. In the scuffle Cernousek pulled the trigger, the ball striking Danielson in the forehead, killing him. There were no witnesses to the affair. Public sentiment has been universally to the effect that the killing was justifiable and that Cernousek was entirely blameless and was but discharging his duty. The killing was more a matter of self defense than anything else. An attempt was made to indict Cernousek last spring, but the grand jury refused to indict at that time.

Accidentally Shot.

Plummer Pioneer: Bennie, the 11 year-old son of Sever Maaren, was accidentally shot in the abdomen by a bullet from a 22-calibre revolver in the hands of his brother, aged 14, on Tuesday afternoon. It seems that the boys were playing around the table after dinner the older one having the revolver in his hand. Of course, he didn't know it was loaded, and he playfully pulled the trigger. The weapon was discharged and the bullet striking a plate, glanced off and pierced the little fellows' abdomen.

Dr. Gambell was summoned from Thief River Falls and arrived early Wednesday morning. He made a careful examination and located the bullet, but as there was no evidence of perforation of the intestines he decided that it was best not to operate for the removal of the bullet. He dressed the wound carefully and the little fellow is resting easy and seems not to be very much inconvenienced by the leaded pill which he took so unexpectedly.

World's Most Powerful Horses.

Argentina boasts the strongest, wildest and most powerful horses in the world. They are of a dun color with a dark band on the back and stripe on the legs and shoulders. While it is hard to manage these animals, their powers of endurance are wonderful. Like the man who takes care of himself and uses golden grain belt beer regularly as a tonic, their capacity for work is nearly double that of the ordinary individual. This beer, by its purity and healthfulness, is revolutionizing the customs of thousands of families where too much water was used to the detriment of health. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of First State Bank at St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on Nov. 9, 1905.
Date of call by Supt., Nov. 9, 1905.
Date of report by bank, Nov. 15, 1905.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts			$37,508 26
Overdrafts			291 83
Other bonds, stocks and securities			855 85
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			3,000 00
Other real estate			225 76
Due from banks		13,754 15	
Checks and cash items		5,554 46	
Currency	3,917 00		
Gold	345 00		
Silver	755 25		
Total Cash Assets		5,017 25	
			24,325 86
Total			$67,207 26

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$10,000 00
Surplus fund		2,000 00
Undivided profits, net		1,119 14
Dep. subject to check	$24,251 13	
Demand certificates	2,457 33	
Total immediate liabili's	26,708 46	
Time certificates	27,379 66	
Total deposits	54,088 12	54,088 12
Total		$67,207 26

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Red Lake. } ss

I, B. E. Burkee, cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above Statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

B. E. BURKEE,
Cashier.

Attest: (Two) Directors:
J. K. Hannay,
L. Ellington.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of November, 1905.

O. F. POST.
Notary Public,
[SEAL] Red Lake Co., Minn.

Carlson & Fellman
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
--- CIGARS ---
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry.

A 1st Prize Winner

Mr. C. H. Martz has decided to offer to the farmers of this vicinity for a limited time the services of "ELMS JIM," Register No. 99,901, a full-blooded Poland China Boar.

This is probably the Finest Bred Hog in Red Lake County.

For particulars inquire of
C. H. Martz, Riverside Farm.

... Go to ...
Rapp & Post
... for your ...
Winter Wear

FIRE INSURANCE
—— is a ——
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class
— FOR RATES CALL ON —
HARRY E. IVES.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS
NOW ARRIVING.
We are getting in daily our Fall and Winter Stock of.....
Dry Goods :: Dress Goods
Boots and Shoes
and Heavy Winter Goods
AND INVITE YOUR INSPECTION
WE CAN QUOTE YOU PRICES EQUAL TO THE LOWEST
Call early and see our Stock of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods
E. M. HOFF.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
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Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows,
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

Calumet Baking Powder

A perfectly healthful powder made by improved chemical methods and of accurately proportioned materials

Trust Baking Powders sell for 45 or 50 cents per pound and may be identified by this exorbitant price. They are a menace to public health, as food prepared from them contains large quantities of Rochelle salts, a dangerous cathartic drug.

In His Place.

"How is it that you are always in debt? You should be ashamed of yourself."

"Come, now, don't be too hard on a fellow. You would perhaps be in debt too, if you were in my place."

"What place?"

"Able to get credit."

First Best.

Cholly—Charming widow, isn't she? They say she is going to marry again.

Algy—I wouldn't want to be a widow's second husband.

Cholly—Well, I'd rather be a widow's second husband than her first husband, doncherknow.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers; 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. Peter Brandt, Chisago, Minn., poison distributor; Andrew Cleland, Minneapolis, Minn., fanning mill; Andrew Kammerloher, Minneapolis, Minn., grain cleaner; Kistel Osel, St. Paul, Minn., grain door for railway cars; William Porten, St. Paul, Minn., mold for building block; Casper Spiess, Norwood, Minn., concrete fence post; Ida Thompson, Jamestown, N. D., window kitchen.

A Mistake.

Fair Visitor—Here, my poor man, are some roses for you. What can I do to make you comfortable?

Prisoner—Guess you're making a mistake, lady.

Fair Visitor—Mistake—how?

Prisoner—I'm only here for porch-climbin'. Yer'll find the guy that killed his wife in th' nex' cell.

The Meanest Man.

A well-to-do Chicago real estate owner came into a hardware store in that city and asked the proprietor for a pound of nails. The small package was made up and the price, a nickel, handed to the merchant, when the customer asked if the purchase could be sent to his house, which was in a distant part of the city. The merchant assented, and calling a boy, handed him the parcel with a dime and said: "Here, Johnny, take this parcel out to Mr. Blank's house." "What!" said the customer, "are you going to give the boy a dime to take the parcel out?" "Why, certainly," said the merchant; "I wouldn't think of asking him to go so far for nothing." "Well," said the meanest man in Chicago, "If you would just as soon give me my nickel I will take it out myself and you'll save five cents."

PASSING OF PORRIDGE

Makes Way for the Better Food of a Better Day.

"Porridge is no longer used for breakfast in my home," writes a loyal Britain from Huntsville, Ont. This was an admission of no small significance to one "brought up" on the time-honored stand-by.

"One month ago," she continues, "I bought a package of Grape-Nuts food for my husband, who had been an invalid for over a year. He had passed through a severe attack of pneumonia and la grippe combined, and was left in a very bad condition when they passed away.

"I tried everything for his benefit, but nothing seemed to do him any good. Month followed month and he still remained as weak as ever. I was almost discouraged about him when I got the Grape-Nuts, but the result has compensated me for my anxiety.

"In the one month that he has eaten Grape-Nuts he has gained 10 pounds in weight, his strength is rapidly returning to him and he feels like a new man. Now we all eat Grape-Nuts food, and are the better for it. Our little 5 year old boy, who used to suffer from pains in the stomach after eating the old-fashioned porridge, has no more trouble since he began to use Grape-Nuts, and I have no more doctor's bills to pay for him.

"We use Grape-Nuts with only sweet cream, and find it the most tasty dish in our bill of fare.

"Last Monday I ate 4 teaspoonfuls of Grape-Nuts and cream for breakfast, nothing else can set to work and got my morning's work done by 9 o'clock, and felt less tired, much stronger, than if I had made my breakfast on meat, potatoes, etc., as I used to. I wouldn't be without Grope-Nuts in the house for any money." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. There's a reason.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

A Violin

Music of shadow, blown from twilit lands,
Where never burns the fierce white light of day;
Where never laughter breaks their sadnesses;
Only a sapphire dusk and somber sky,
And wandering mourning winds that blow across
The everlasting sorrowing of the sea.
The sobbing cadences aspire and sink,
And in their gliding poignant beauty speaks
Anguish of all the ages. Shadowed forms,
Figures of tragedy, who lift pale hands and cry
Against the ruthless trampling of the years,
Keen from the strings, until the listening
Becomes a very rapier thrust of pain.
—F. O'Neill Gallagher.

AN INTERNATIONAL AFFAIR

BY J. C. PLUMMER

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"A feckless country," murmured Mr. McDougall, mate of the British tramp steamer Triton as he looked disparagingly at the thickly wooded shores on either side of the river and then at the white abode town about a quarter of a mile above, "and na a Christian one either," he added.

There was reason for Mr. McDougall's disgust for the Triton had been swinging to her anchors in the little Central American harbor for five days with a prospect of so swinging for fifty days more. The motive power of the steamer was represented by Mr. Daniel Watts, at the time being both first and second engineer, for the second engineer had been left sick in hospital at Maracaibo, and Mr. Watts was not at his post. The Triton had entered the port for the purpose of making some repairs to her machinery and when Mr. Watts had accomplished this he went ashore. There he filled himself with the most villainous aguadiente and smote on the head a peaceable citizen, so that his life was endangered. Mr. Watts, in company with another law breaker and many fleas, now languished in the adobe calabozo and as no one aboard the steamer was capable of running the engine she lay at anchor.

"A veesitor," exclaimed McDougall to the Captain on the bridge. A boat had put out from the town and was bearing for the steamer, the man rowing presenting an odd spectacle as his huge sombrero bobbed in union with the motions of his body.

The boat came alongside and, flinging a line aboard, which Mr. McDougall listlessly fastened, the man climbed on the steamer with the agility of a monkey. He was a lithe fellow with a red sash about his waist and his unbuttoned calzoneros flapping his legs.

"Captain?" he said, interrogatively to McDougall.

The mate pointed out the officer on the bridge and slouched behind the man as he mounted the ladder.

"No ingineer," remarked the man to the captain.

It was well that his knowledge of English did not permit his grasping Captain Bennett's reply. Evidently he did not grasp it for he went on.

"In calabozo," he continued, "man he strike he die soon, you want him?"

"Want who?" growled the skipper.

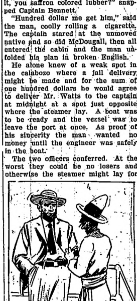
"Ingineer?" replied the man.

"Of course I want him, the drunken swine, but what have you to do with it, you saffron colored lubber?" snapped Captain Bennett.

"Hundred dollar me get him," said the man, coolly rolling a cigarette. The captain stared at the unmoved native and so did McDougall, then all entered the cabin and the man unfolded his plan in broken English.

He alone knew of a weak spot in the calabozo where a jail delivery might be made and for the sum of one hundred dollars he would agree to deliver Mr. Watts to the captain at midnight at a spot just opposite where the steamer lay. A boat was to be ready and the vessel was to leave the port at once. As proof of his sincerity the man wanted no money until the engineer was safely in the boat.

The two officers conferred. At the worst they could be no losers and otherwise the steamer might lay for days in that stewing harbor. True, the abduction of a criminal was a fracture of international law, but then it would be difficult to prove the steamer's complicity in the deed and the state was a small one, etc.



"What have you to do with it, you saffron colored lubber?"

The agreement was accordingly made and the man departed. Mr. McDougall went up to the town and secured the papers for departure that day and the stokers were ordered to make up the fires.

The night came on dark and heavy. There was no moon and the stars had that subdued brilliancy of a hot night.

Finally the hour came and a boat was quietly dropped from the davits the captain, mate and two seamen occupying it and a course was laid for the shore.

"Aw hope it's na a fool's errand we're on," said McDougall.

"Or a trap we're walking into," suggested the skipper, nervously.

"Mon, it's brekking the law we are," grumbled the mate, "wha's that?" A noise like a muffled groan came from the banks and the men stopped rowing.

"It's only some bloody frog," said the skipper wiping the sweat from his forehead, "everything that can make a noise seems to be shouting in this woods to-night."

A few more pulls and the low-lying branches of the chapparal brushed the skipper's head causing him to start.

Apart from the nocturnal concert there was no sound. The darkness was intense, the air clammy and tepid.

"He'll na be here," said McDougall. "Let's go back to the steamer."

Just then a low whistle sounded through the gloom.

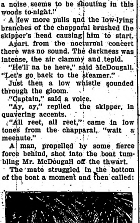
"Captain," said a voice.

"Ay, ay," replied the skipper, in quavering accents.

"All reet, all reet," came in low tones from the chapparal, "wait a meenute."

A man, propelled by some fierce force behind, shot into the boat tumbling Mr. McDougall off the thwart.

The mate struggled in the bottom of the boat a moment and then called:



A man, propelled by some fierce force behind, shot into the boat.

"It's na heem, it's na heem. Dinna pay, Captain," then he arose to his knees and repeated, "it's na heem, this mon has a beard."

Another man came tumbling into the boat.

"Ingineer," announced a voice, "gib money, captain."

"It's me," exclaimed the unmistakable voice of Mr. Watts," make for the steamer, for God's sake, Captain, or they'll be after me."

The captain reached out the bag of money which was grasped by an unseen hand. A voice muttered "gracias," a pistol rang out and with a shout of "caramba," the boat was pushed from the banks.

"The alcalde 's after 'em," exclaimed the skipper, "pull your bloodiest, boys, for the steamer."

The men strained at the oars and even Mr. McDougall grasped an oar. The boat clove the water and speedily reached the Triton. It was quick work to secure the boat and then Mr. Watts dove into the engine room. When dawn flashed over the waters the Triton was on the Caribean sea and two officers were staring at a ruffianly looking Spaniard sitting on the deck.

"Eet's the mon who knocked me off the thwart," said McDougall, "who is he?"

Watts then came on deck and recoiled when he saw the man.

"It's Pedro," he exclaimed, gazing at the man as if he was a loathsome reptile, "he murdered two men and was to be executed to-day."

"Ye war in nice company, Mr. Watts," remarked Mr. McDougall.

"What shall we do with him?" asked the skipper.

"Aw hate to send a mon to his judgment wha's na got a certificate of the free kirk o' Scotland," said McDougall, "but aw whould dump him overboard, Captain."

The object of this drastic suggestion smiled benignantly on the mate, his white teeth gleaming through his black moustache, and rolled a cigarette.

"No," replied the skipper, "I've broken international law but that's as far as I'll go. We'll set this dago ashore in Cuba and then he'll either kill some more people and be hung or be a better man. The world 'll be benefited either way."

When Cape Maysi was sighted the steamer bore into the land and the uninvited guest was landed. He took his departure gracefully with a sweeping bow to the skipper, doubtless appreciating any sort of country as a good exchange for the gallows. After the boat had returned and the steamer was under way the captain remarked to the mate:

"I was thinking that this whole scheme of jail delivery was to get this fellow we've just put ashore free. If I'd held back I'd have gotten my engineer without spending a cent. That infernal dago has gotten his friend off, with all the blame on us for breaking into the jail and possibly a lot of international trouble ahead and he's a hundred dollars in.

"Aw've thought that ever since the nicht we took him off," said McDougall.

And the skipper, with no good reason, damned McDougall.

SHARE PROFITS OF THE FARMS

Depopulation of English Villages Prevented by This Means.

With a view to placing a check upon the depopulation of Kentish villages, which is reaching alarming proportions, several large land owners have decided upon a system of profit sharing with their agricultural laborers, hoping by this means to stimulate "Hodge" to take a greater interest in his employment.

The system of sharing farm profits large estate owner of Scotney Castle. Every year the hands are called together and each receives a share of was initiated by E. W. Hussey, a the profits made on the year's working of the farms. On the last occasion of the profit-sharing each man received $13.13, while a youth's share amounted to $8.75. In cases where several members of a family are engaged on a farm sums approaching $48.66 have been taken home.

The system has had such successful results that Mr. Hussey has received numerous inquiries asking for details as to the working of the scheme, with the consequence that other farmers in the county have expressed their intention of working on similar lines.

All the employes on Mr. Hussey's Lamberhurst estate now take such a keen interest in their work that they exhibit no inclination whatever to migrate to the towns. Lamberhurst, though a very small place, has long been looked upon as a model village, everything being done to encourage the inhabitants to remain within its boundaries. The wealthy residents in the neighborhood have established a number of up-to-date recreative institutions and the village is unaffected by the problem of the unemployed.

BOTH SAILORS QUICK OF WIT

Sparkling Exchange of Repartee Makes Good Story.

Miss Harriet Mellon, the English actress, who married Mr. Coutts, the banker, and after his death became the wife of the ninth Duke of St. Albans, ultimately leaving her large fortune to the present Baroness Burdett-Couts of England, was fond of relating the following anecdote:

The eccentric Sir John Duckworth was port admiral at Plymouth when Miss Mellon appeared at the theater there with great success. A numerous party were invited to a dejeuner at the admiral's house to admire the produce of his fruit garden, of which he was very proud, and Miss Mellon accompanied one of the officers' wives by the host's request. As may be supposed, the handsome young actress was a great attraction for the young officers, and when the party broke up the admiral observed that the midshipman who had been her most assiduous beau was secreting a small pineapple gathered from the admiral's garden.

Guessing that it would be an offering of gallantry to the actress, he asked what was to become of it.

"Sir," the culprit replied, with ready assurance, "our melancholy mess are inclined to pine."

"While you, I perceive, only pine for Mellon," stuttered the admiral, and taking away the "apple of discord" presented it himself to the actress.

Arditi's Admirer.

Like many other musical geniuses, Signor Arditi was apt to be somewhat absent-minded at times, and, in connection with this little weakness on his part, he tells the following story in his "Reminiscences."

In 1873 Arditi wrote an ode, which was performed at the Crystal palace, to signalize the twentieth birthday of that institution. He conducted the performance himself, and was strolling through one of the lobbies between the parts when a ladylike person, clad in black, suddenly confronted the composer and his wife. She curtised very low, while the signor held out his hand, which she cordially grasped.

The lady was exceedingly effusive in her compliments with regard to the music, and after she had left the eminent conductor asked his wife if she knew who his admirer was.

"Good gracious, Luigi!" sair Mrs. Arditi, "can't you see it's our cook!"

Just Holler Out "Amen!"

When trouble falls around you an' the sky is lookin' dim,
If you cannot feel like raisin' of a hallelujah hymn,
Just pull yourself together in the happy way—an' then,
When the other feller sings it, you jest holler out "Amen!"
It's hard to do. I reckon—with the mist around your eyes,
An' not a star a-shinin' in the midnight of the skies!
But—think, the light is somewhere on the hills of life—an' then,
When the other feller's singin', you jest holler out "Amen!"
Trouble jest can't stand it—that hallelujah song!
It ripples out a rainbow all the stormy way along!
You listen to the music—if you cannot sing—an' then,
Jest thank some brother fer the tune an' holler out "Amen!"
—Atlanta Constitution.

Hunting for Jones.

Commenting on the number of Joneses in Wales, a writer says: "It is inconvenient if, when a foreman calls 'Jones!' forty or fifty men came running to him." It recalls the old story told of a certain Oxford college much resorted to by the Welshmen. A man from another college went into their quad in search of a friend, and called "Jones!" All the windows looking on the quad flew open. "I want John Jones," said the man. Half the windows closed. "I mean the John Jones who has got a toothbrush." All the windows closed but one.—London Globe.

Got Even With the Teller.

"You must be identified," said a paying teller of a Boston bank to Smith, the prominent colored caterer, who presented a check to be cashed. Smith at that time catered for the elite of Boston.

"Don't you know me?" asked Smith.

"No," responded the teller.

"Then you don't move in good society," replied Smith.

Oldest British Cabinet Minister.

The Earl of Cranbrook, the oldest surviving British ex-Cabinet minister, is ninety-one, and was better known under his name of Gathorne-Hardy.

AGRICULTURE

The Study of Soils.

There is no study that will prove more profitable to the farmer than the study of soils. Everywhere agriculturists are coming to realize the importance of this study and are giving to it the attention that it deserves. In nearly every state in the Union the state government has taken up the matter as has also the National Government. When the soil survey work of the United States Goverment was begun on its present large scale there were many who believed that this expenditure of money was in part unnecessary. They could not see how the mere knowing about the soils should improve its condition. They could not see why drawing maps of states and representing thereon the various kinds of soils could prove of any financial value to the agriculturists of such states. It was only after a year's work and after the soil survey of some states had been partly completed that the real results began to be seen. The first states in which the work has been partly completed is Illinois. Investigations of the different soil surveys has brought to light the condition of the soils in whole counties, and has shown what is needed in these soils to make them valuable. This could not be foreseen by the critics of the soil surveys.

The knowing of the condition of the soils has resulted in the finding out of a way to greatly increase their value. The soil survey in Illinois has demonstrated the fact that there are millions of acres of land only partly productive because of the large amount of acid in the soil. Having learned this fact it was an easy matter for the scientists to find a remedy. They know that it merely requires an application of lime to make these soils double in value. The increased value of Illinois soils alone, due to this discovery, and the application of a remedy, will be greater than the entire expense of all soil surveys and soil studies in the United States.

Weston Sinclair.

Buffalo Co., Wis.

Film Moisture.

Film moisture is the moisture in the soil that just surrounds each particle of sand or soil with a thin coat of water. The film around one particle touches the films of adjacent particles. The attraction of the particle draws the film tight around it and each new particle above that one does the same. When a film of water touches a soil particle above it that dry particle draws the water with great force to cover itself. The film of water is drawn from the soil particle below, but in turn pulls up the next particle film below it, or, rather, the soil particle does that by its attraction. So the water films work up toward the surface of the ground. We call that capillary attraction. When the films covering the particles reach the surface of the soil they become exposed to the air and the moisture on the top of the film is evaporated or turned into gas. The films below push up to supply the need caused by the vacancy in a part of the water film collection. When these films are disturbed by the cultivator, the upward movement of the film moisture is stopped till the soil particles have settled back in place and new films have worked around the soil particles once more brought into touch with the film water below. This is why we cultivate ground to prevent the loss of soil water.

Mixed Grasses for Pasture.

I am certain that by the use of mixed grasses in the pastures we can double the yield of our pastures in a few years. I had a pasture that was filled with the wild grasses that have been growing on this continent for ages. I decided to plow around the stumps and put in mixed grasses, and did so. I put in a few acres at a time. In some places the sod was so thin that all I had to do was to run over it with the harrow and sow the seed. The result has been most gratifying. The mixed grasses make a thicker sod than any one single grass will and thus stands the trampling of cattle and other farm stock better. Also the grasses mature at different times and thus when one kind is in decadence some other kind is approaching maturity. The thickness of the grass protects the roots and keeps the ground from drying out. I find that I can pasture a large number of farm animals on a pasture of this kind and not have the sod get thin. The animals do better and require less extra feeding. My red clover, however, only remained in the pasture for three years, and after that time gradually disappeared. I am told by others that have had red clover in the mixture that this is the result. For all of that I would advise to sow red clover in the mixture.—Adolphus Perry, Blackhawk county, Iowa, in Farmers' Review.

Sulphuric Acid and Plants.

Some recent experiments in Europe have opened up an entirely new field in relation to the effect of sulphuric acid on the soil. It has been almost universally conceded and believed that sulphuric acid in the soil reduces many of the soil elements to compounds that could not be used by the plants. The recent experiments referred to consisted in the application of sulphuric acid in the form of sodium sulphate, and plants were treated with varying quantities of these ingredients. The experiment was carried on for two years, during which time the sulphuric acid actually increased the yield of the plants, according to the belief of the experimenters. One of the great arguments against acidulated fertilizers is that after a few years this sulphuric acid affects the soil very disadvantageously. If it can be shown that sulphuric acid is of value to the soil it will entirely change the opinion of agriculturists on the matter of the use of the acidulated fertilizers.—James Titcomb.

Some of us have to backslide occasionally to get any attention at all.

HORTICULTURE

Storing Home-Grown Celery.

For a number of years we have been enjoying home-grown celery. Most farmers that I know do not think they can raise celery, but they leave it to the specialists who make goodly sums every year out of their neighbors and others, and all the while those neighbors might just as well be growing their own. The celery should be now about ready to go into the cellar. This is our plan for caring for it:

We take a long box, say fourteen inches wide and about the same in depth and raise it an inch or two above the bottom of the cellar by putting two or three pieces of flat stone under it. Then we cover the bottom of the box with a layer of earth about two inches thick. We now lift the celery plants from their ridges in the garden with a crowbar, taking pains to drive the bar well down under the roots of the plant and keeping as much of the soil on the bottom as we can. As the plants one after another are thus taken up, they are set into a large basket to be carried down cellar. They are now ready for packing.

Beginning at one end of the narrow box, we stand the plants on end, close together, so that there shall be as little space between the stalks as possible. When a dozen plants have been packed this way we fill in close up to the roots with earth from the garden, and proceed with another dozen, and so on until the box is as full as it will hold. Then a blanket of old bran sacks is thrown over the whole to shut out the light and help to blanch any stalks that have not already been whitened. Stored in this way we have kept celery until February and had it come out as crisp and nice as when it was put in. When the box is empty, carry out the earth and all stray bits of stalks that may remain to prevent bad smells in the cellar.—E. L. Vincent in Farmers' Review.

Fall Work in the Orchard.

In our part of the country some of the leading orchardists long since adopted the practice of cleaning up their orchards in the fall of the year. Last fall was the first time I ever gave much attention to the matter, but the apparent results pleased me so much that I shall continue the practice indefinitely. The leaves that fall and dry under the trees are the means of carrying through the winter some of our tree pests in the form of fungous diseases. I therefore rake them into piles and put them in the barnyard, where they are trampled under the feet of the stock and soon rendered impotent to blow about and carry spores. Leaves would make good bedding, but they are so loose when they are piled up that it requires a good deal of work to get them together and a good deal of space in which to contain them when they are gathered. I thus dispose of them in the most satisfactory way. The leaves that are the farthest from the barnyard I collect and burn with all the other rubbish that can be found lying about. Among this rubbish is the mass of weeds that has matured and died in the fence corners. I think this is the means, if left, of conveying the disease to other parts of the orchard. Every protected place harbors disease and insects.

Another piece of fall work that we have found it necessary to do in our locality is to protect the young trees against mice and rabbits. Before the ground freezes I put on a lath shield around each of the apple trees that has soft smooth bark. This keeps the mice from them as well as the rabbits. I am not afraid of the rodents injuring the trees above a foot from the ground unless the snow comes very deep.—Peter Smith, Illinois, in Farmers' Review.

Danger in Winter Mulches.

While a mulch on the orchard is generally good, it is sometimes destructive. There is, sometimes, an overdoing of the matter. A mulch that is spread six inches deep, or even a foot deep, may be of great value, as it will prevent the frost from striking as deep as it otherwise would. But if the mulch is put on, as it frequently is, after the frost has entered the ground, and if around some trees the mulch is carelessly left, say two feet deep, the tendency will be to hold the frost in the ground too long in the spring. The result will be the killing of the tree, as the warm air will start the sap into motion in the upper part of the tree, while the roots are still frozen. Such a condition inevitably causes a loss of trees. It is better to lay only a thin mulch in the fall, as it is not likely to be taken off in the spring. If, however, a mulch is spread very deeply around any tree and left there throughout the winter, it should be taken off very early in the spring to allow the frost to disappear.

Short Trunks on Fruit Trees.

The old-style fruit tree had a long trunk, sometimes seven or eight feet long, and a high head and long branches. The modern fruit tree is the reverse of this. Many of the best orchards are filled with trees with short trunks. The dwarf pears have branches going from the trunk of the tree not more than a foot from the ground, and this is true or some kinds of cherries and peaches. Many of the standard apple trees have trunks only 2½ feet in length. The advantage of this is, that the trunks do not crack, as in the case of the high-headed trees, while in pruning and spraying it has been found an immense advantage. Spraying especially requires a low-headed tree, both for the saving of time in doing the work and for preventing the waste of material. These short trunks are also a very great advantage when the fruit on the tree must be thinned. A further advantage is found in the saving of time at the fruit harvest.

The farmer's cow is the animal that is producing the most of the world's butter. The special dairy cow is great in her locality, but she is not found in many localities.

HOSPITALS CROWDED

MAJORITY OF PATIENTS WOMEN

Mrs. Pinkham's Advice Saves Many From this Sad and Costly Experience.

Miss Luella Adams

It is a sad but true fact that every year brings an increase in the number of operations performed upon women in our hospitals. More than three-fourths of the patients lying on those snow white beds are women and girls who are awaiting or recovering from operations made necessary by neglect.

Every one of these patients had plenty of warning in that bearing down feeling, pain at the left or right of the womb, nervous exhaustion, pain in the small of the back, leucorrhœa, dizziness, flatulency, displacements of the womb or irregularities. All of these symptoms are indications of an unhealthy condition of the ovaries or womb, and if not heeded the trouble will make headway until the penalty has to be paid by a dangerous operation, and a lifetime of impaired usefulness at best, while in many cases the results are fatal.

The following letter should bring hope to suffering women. Miss Luella Adams, of the Colonnade Hotel, Seattle, Wash., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"About two years ago I was a great sufferer from a severe female trouble, pains and headaches. The doctor prescribed for me and finally told me that I had a tumor on the womb and must undergo an operation if I wanted to get well. I felt that this was my death warrant, but I spent hundreds of dollars for medical help, but the tumor kept growing. Fortunately I corresponded with an aunt in the New England States, and she advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as it was said to cure tumors. I did so and immediately began to improve in health, and I was entirely cured, the tumor disappearing entirely, without an operation. I wish every suffering woman would try this great preparation."

Just as surely as Miss Adams was cured of the troubles enumerated in her letter, just so surely will Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cure every woman in the land who suffers from womb troubles, inflammation of the ovaries, kidney troubles, nervous excitability and nervous prostration.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all young women who are ill to write her for free advice. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Not on the Steps.

"Maria Jane," said a fond mother the other morning to her daughter, "did Daniel Jamieson kiss you on the steps last night?"

"No, mamma, he did not."

If the fond parent had said "lips" instead of "steps," it would have troubled Maria Jane to reply.

BABY CAME NEAR DYING

From an Awful Skin Humor—Scratched Till Blood Ran—Wasted to a Skeleton—Speedily Cured by Cuticura.

"When three months old my boy broke out with an itching, watery rash all over his body, and he would scratch till the blood ran. We tried nearly everything, but he grew worse, wasting to a skeleton, and we feared he would die. He slept only when in our arms. The first application of Cuticura soothed him so that he slept in his cradle for the first time in many weeks. One set of Cuticura made a complete and permanent cure. (Signed) Mrs. M. C. Maitland, Jasper, Ontario."

Didn't Have to.

"Why don't you go to work?" demanded the housekeeper.

"Well, yer see," began the gray-haired old loafer, "I've got a wife an' three children to support—"

"But if you don't work how can you support—"

"As I was a-sayin', lady, I've got a wife an' three children to support me."

How He Lost Command of Himself.

Mrs. Henpex—What a violent temper Mr. Hasty has! Why, he lost all command of himself the other evening.

Henpex—The confounded idiot! Has he been getting married, too?

READ AND YOU WILL LEARN

That the leading medical writers and teachers of all the several schools of practice endorse and recommend, in the strongest terms possible, each and every ingredient entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for the cure of weak stomach, dyspepsia, catarrh of stomach, "liver complaint," torpid liver, or biliousness, chronic bowel affections, and all catarrhal diseases of whatever region, name or nature. It is also a specific remedy for all such chronic or long standing cases of catarrhal affections and their resultants, as bronchial, throat and lung diseases (except consumption) accompanied with severe coughs. It is not so good for acute colds and coughs, but for lingering, or chronic cases it is especially efficacious in producing perfect cures. It contains Black Cherrybark, Golden Seal root, Bloodroot, Stone root, Mandrake root and Queen's root—all of which are highly praised as remedies for all the above mentioned affections by such eminent medical writers and teachers as Prof. Bartholow, of Jefferson Med. College; Prof. Hare, of the Univ. of Pa.; Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Med. College, Chicago; Prof. John King, M. D., late of Cincinnati; Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., late of Cincinnati; Prof. Edwin M. Hale, M. D., of Hahnemann Med. College, Chicago, and scores of others equally eminent in their several schools of practice.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is the only medicine put up for sale through druggists for like purposes, that has any such *professional* endorsement—worth more than any number of ordinary testimonials. Open publicity of its formula on the bottle wrapper is the best possible guaranty of its merits. A glance at this published formula will show that "Golden Medical Discovery" contains no poisonous or harmful agents and no alcohol—chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine being used instead. Glycerine is entirely unobjectionable and besides is a most useful ingredient in the cure of all stomach as well as bronchial, throat and lung affections. There is the highest medical authority for its use in all such cases. The "Discovery" is a concentrated glyceric extract of native, medicinal roots and is safe and reliable.

A booklet of extracts from eminent, medical authorities, endorsing its ingredients mailed *free* on request. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Some people will swipe anything they can lay their hands on, and yet they won't take a joke.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS.
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

FOR CATARRH OF
HEAD THROAT LUNGS STOMACH
KIDNEYS BLADDER FEMALE ORGANS

Colonel Arthur L. Hamilton, of the 7th Ohio Volunteers, 259 Goodale street, Columbus, O., writes: "As a remedy for catarrh and stomach trouble I can fully recommend Peruna." Mrs. Hamilton, wife of the gallant Colonel, is an ardent friend of Peruna also.

PERUNA THE GREAT TONIC
HALF ACTUAL SIZE.

Cut Your Work in Two

Atkins Saws cut not only wood, iron and other materials better than any other, but they cut *work*.

That is because they are made of the best steel in the world by men that know how.

Atkins Saws, Corn Knives, Perfection Floor Scrapers, etc., are sold by all good hardware dealers. Catalogue on request.

E. C. ATKINS & CO. Inc.
Largest Saw Manufacturers in the World
Factory and Executive Offices, Indianapolis
BRANCHES—New York, Chicago, Minneapolis Portland (Oregon), Seattle, San Francisco Memphis, Atlanta and Toronto (Canada)
Accept no substitute—Insist on the Atkins Brand
SOLD BY GOOD DEALERS EVERYWHERE

A Souvenir.

Aunt Jane—Edith, didn't I see Mr. Sweetser kissing you in the hall last night?

Edith—Yes; but it was only in remembrance of former days.

"A sort of souvenir spoon, I suppose you mean."

Not Dangerous.

"An' how's yer wolfe, Pat?"

"Sure, she do be awful sick."

"Is ut dangerous she is?"

"No, she's too weak t' be dangerous anny more."

AGAINST THE STORM
THERE IS NO PROTECTION IN THE WORLD LIKE
TOWER'S SLICKERS
FOR SALE BY ALL THE BEST DEALERS
TOWER'S FISH BRAND
A. J. TOWER CO. ESTABLISHED 1836
BOSTON NEW YORK CHICAGO
TOWER CANADIAN CO. Limited, TORONTO, CAN.

Too Businesslike.

"I really believe in being businesslike," said Jack Rattleby to Tom Easy at the club. "Now, I have an engagement with a young lady this evening to take her to the theater. At 11, when we return to the house, I shall propose to her. At 11:20 I am going to meet half a dozen fellows up here at the club who will congratulate me. At 12 I shall go to bed and dream of her. At 9 in the morning I shall meet her father going down to town and ask his blessing. At 10 I shall go and see her mother and tell her all about it. At 11 I shall be at the jeweler's, selecting the engagement ring. So you see how systematic I am."

"Well, I should say you were," rejoined Tom Easy, bewildered by the string he had just listened to. "I wish you luck, old man. Good-bye."

The next day Tom Easy met Jack walking slowly along and stopped him.

"Well, old chap, did you manage to keep all those appointments and engagements you were telling me about?"

"No," replied Rattleby, sadly. "I kept the 11 o'clock one. The others were not necessary."

Lucky.

A story that comes from Ireland relates to the custom among farmers there of depositing money in the bank in the joint names of husband and wife, so that when one dies the survivor can draw out the money without any legal formalities. To a farmer who recently made application for money deposited for himself and his wife, the manager of the bank asked: "Why Pat, how can this be? It is not much more than a year since you came with an application on the death of your wife." "Well, your honor," was the reply, "I'm a bit lucky wid wimmen."

Salary and Wages.

"And what will be my salary?" asked the actress, who had just been divorced for the third time. "Your salary will be two thousand dollars a week," replied the manager. "But how much will I get?" "You will get $50 a week and expenses."

Convincing Evidence.

Winthrop, Cal., Nov. 20th (Special)—A plain and straightforward story is always the most convincing. And that is what has impressed us most in reading the testimonials in regard to Dodd's Kidney Pills. The experience told by Davis Lewis of this place bears the ring and stamp of truth upon it. He says:—

"I was troubled for six months with dull, heavy pains in the small of my back, sometimes it passed into my stomach, at other times up between my shoulders. When it was in my stomach I was doubled up, and hardly knew what to do for the pain. I was advised to take all kinds of remedies, and did so, but without getting any relief. Then some one told me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. I got a box and began taking them. The first few doses gave me relief, by the time I had finished them all the pain was gone and I have been well ever since."

High Airs.

Miss Romanz—You don't appear to care much for music. Don't you even like the popular airs?"

Miss Hunter—No. The only popular air with me is the millionaire.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

After that little Garden of Eden episode it is doubtful if Adam ever told Eve she was the apple of his eye.

If you are wise to-day you cannot afford to risk being otherwise to-morrow.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

A practical joker is one who possesses the ability to turn his jokes into cash.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed-
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts-
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed-
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chat H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chat H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

DAIRY NOTES

Is a Silo Expensive?

Some farmers have conceived the idea that the silo is too expensive a structure for them to have on the farm. The men that hold such an opinion have not investigated the matter. A well-built, permanent silo can be put up for about $1.50 per ton of capacity. That is a cost of $300 for a silo that will hold 200 tons of feed. This amount of feed will supply 20 cows with all the silage they should have, even if they are big cows and are fed the year around. If the farmer is to build a barn that will hold hay for twenty cows, even for a winter, can he build it for $300? Not at all. He would have to invest very much more than that sum in a barn to hold the hay for that number of cows. So we see that silage is the cheapest thing possible to feed if we are to consider the cost of the structure that contains it.

The farmer that intends to largely increase the number of his cows will have to put thousands of dollars into a barn structure if he intends to confine himself to the feeding of hay for roughage. It will be far easier for him to extend his stables and build a silo than to construct a stable sufficiently high to hold the hay. When a man is freed from the necessity of providing for bulky feed he can then construct his dairy stable with the one object of getting cleanliness and light. He can build his stable long and low and secure a flood of light from three sides. His structure does not have to be heavy, as it must be if it is to sustain a heavy superstructure.

A silo is thus not expensive, and moreover it is a great encourager of the development of dairying. It solves the problem of how a dairyman can make a living off from 50 to 100 acres of land. That is going to be the great question in the not-distant future, for the farms are already being cut up into smaller ones.

If any man doubts whether or not it will pay him to build a silo let him look into the cost and benefits, by actually getting estimates on the cost of construction.

To Cure a Sucking Cow.

A writer in an unidentified exchange says: "As all dairymen know, there is probably no greater nuisance on a dairy farm than a cow or a heifer addicted to the habit of sucking herself and other animals in the herd. It is not only the loss of the milk that is sustained, but it would seem that one such animal would induce others to contract the habit. We have had our share of trouble with heifers sucking themselves and others of the dairy herd. The fact of our having trouble in this respect has perhaps been 'for the best,' since in endeavoring to cope with it we have finally been enabled to hit upon a very practical means of breaking the habit in every instance. The method is so simple and easy of application as to put in the shade a number of devices on the market, and what is better, it is entirely satisfactory. Proceed this way, and you will have fixed for good the most persistent sucker on the farm. Insert in the sucking heifer's nose an ordinary bull ring. Just before inserting the ring, slip on it two common iron harness rings—of course, the harness rings are to suspend loosely after the bull ring has been inserted. This is the trick of it. By adding more than one loose ring, the animal can in no way prevent them from dropping in the mouth when it attempts to suck. Brass bull rings can be purchased in almost any hardware store for twenty-five cents each, and the common iron harness rings cost but a few cents per dozen."

Building a Milk House.

The milk house is the product of the modern farm and especially of the modern dairy farm. Fifty years ago the man who built a milk house was looked upon as an aristocrat. It was thought that he wished to imitate the princes of Europe who have their own dairies and their own milk houses. In later years it has become recognized that the milk house is a very great help and that it costs little. We have some milk houses which could not have cost more than $50 and yet are neat, serviceable and even ornamental in appearance. The location of the milk house should be away from the barn and away from the house, that the air may be pure around it. If there is a living spring on the farm through which cool water flows all the summer, it should be located near the spring or should have the water piped to it. The building of such a house is the equivalent of adding a room to the cellar of the house, for it takes out of the cellar all the milk and leaves that place for other uses. There is no reason why the milk house cannot be kept perfectly clean all the time. This does away with the great objection to farm butter, which objection is that it has the flavors of all the vegetables which have been stored in the cellar.—John Stinson, Bureau Co., Ill.

Making Butter on the Farm.

We hear a great deal about creamery butter making. Nearly all the articles that appear in the agricultural papers have to do with creamery butter making. At nearly all of the great dairy conventions where butter making is discussed it is the butter making of the creamery. This is because the butter-makers in the creameries are students of their business and are always eager to discuss it. It is exceedingly rare that we hear a discussion of farm butter-making. We would like to take up the matter in these columns and have our readers who are making butter on the farm give us their experience. We know that to-day more butter is being made on the farm than in the creamery and that there is more need of instruction in farm butter making than in creamery butter making.

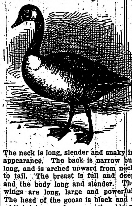
In Colorado the laying down of peach trees in winter has been practiced for some years with complete success.

POULTRY

Gray Wild Geese.

Gray wild geese are now quite extensively raised in about all parts of the United States. They are considered among the most practical of all the goose breeds for farm use. The flesh of these geese is fine in texture and has a rich flavor. This makes it most acceptable for table purposes. The geese are good layers compared with most other geese. One thing that strongly favors this breed is that the birds are hardy. This is doubtless due to the fact that they have not been under the conditions of domestication long enough to have become non-resistent to disease. Their old wild habits enabled them to live under the severest of conditions. Those that have them say they are very easy to rear.

The gray wild goose has a small head and small bill, sharp at the point.



The neck is long, slender and snaky in appearance. The back is narrow but long, and is arched upward from neck to tail. The breast is full and deep and the body long and slender. The wings are long, large and powerful. The head of the goose is black and a white stripe nearly covers the side of the face. The breast is gray, and the under part of the body is white. The wings are dark gray. The tail feathers are glossy black and the thighs are gray. The shanks, toes and webs are black. The eyes are black.

The standard weight of the full-grown gander is 16 pounds; that of the adult goose 14 pounds; young gander, 12 pounds; young goose, 10 pounds.

New breeds of turkeys are not as frequent as new breeds of common fowls, yet there is more need of new breeds of turkeys than of any other kind of farm fowl.

Unknown Poultry Diseases.

I used to think that all poultry diseases were known to our scientists and that all one had to do was to go to a center of information, as to a medical college, a veterinary college, a doctor or a veterinarian, to be instantly told what a certain disease might be. But after having tried a few times to find out things I did not know, I am convinced that there are among our poultry at least numerous diseases that no one knows about—so far as being able to name and accurately describe is concerned. I recently saw a paragraph in a paper to the effect that the poultry of England is so badly affected with tuberculosis that a commission has been appointed to investigate. Now, it may be that tuberculosis does exist largely in the fowls of England, but it is more likely that it exists to a limited degree and that many of the unknown diseases are counted tuberculosis, just as is the case with hog cholera.

I frequently hear of mysterious diseases existing in the flocks of my neighbors. A few years ago they used to say that cholera had broken out in their flock. That was the easiest way to explain something that was not easily accounted for. Generally the causes lying at the foundation of the trouble were bad feeding and exposure. In the future we shall know more about poultry diseases, but it will be after the men with the microscopes have made a study of all poultry diseases and have located and named the germs that cause the contagious and infectious ones.

Some of the unknown diseases are simply troubles arising from the interference with the respiration of the fowls or with the perspiration. The latter is certainly the cause of many evils. If we will build our poultry houses on dry situations and keep them dry and clean, with no drafts permitted in the sleeping places of the fowls, we will have less trouble with unknown diseases.—Sylvanus Banks, Champaign Co., Ill., in Farmers' Review.

Eggs Good or Bad.

Mrs. J. S. Martin, a South Carolina reader of the Farmers' Review, writes to ask how to tell good from bad eggs. There is but one method that need be used and that is candling. This is practiced in all the great egg-buying establishments of the country. The candling is done by placing the egg between the eye and a bright light. Candles were first used to give the light for this work, hence the name. Now electric lights are used and the work is done with great rapidity. Light must be allowed to reach the eye only through the egg. This leaves the whole inside of the egg clear to the vision. If the egg is transparent it is good. If a cloud has begun to appear in one part of it, it is not bad but stale. The larger and thicker the cloud the farther is the egg from being fresh. A common lamp can be used for candling. It can be placed in a box from which a stream of light is permitted to emerge just the size of an egg or a little smaller. The eggs can be placed over this hole one at a time and inspected. Of course, the rest of the room should be dark at the time, or the eyes of the one looking at the egg should be protected from all light on the sides. The better the eye is protected from such light the better able will it be to tell what is the condition of the inside of the egg. A little practice in this matter will give a good deal of skill.—Farmers' Review.

Strawberry plants should not be covered till the ground is frozen.

WASTED TO A SHADOW.

But Found a Cure After Fifteen Years of Suffering.

A. H. Stotts, messenger at the State Capitol, Columbus, O., says: "For fifteen years I had kidney troubles, and though I doctored faithfully, could not find a cure. I had heavy backaches, dizzy headaches and terrible urinary disorders. One day I collapsed, fell insensible on the sidewalk, and then wasted away in bed for ten weeks. After being given up, I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. In a couple of months I regained my old health, and now weigh 188 pounds. Twelve boxes did it, and I have been well two years."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Irving's Absent-mindedness.

Like many other men of genius, Sir Henry Irving had sudden periods of absent-mindedness, which means, says Mr. Marshall P. Wilder, the popular American entertainer and lecturer, in his book, "The Sunny Side of the Street," that his mind is for the time being not only not absent, but, on the contrary, is entirely present, and working at the rate of an hour a minute.

One day while we were driving together he turned to me and said:

"Marshall, I have a story you can add to your repertoire—a very quaint one."

Then he went into deep thought, and we had gone fully a block before he spoke again. Then he said:

"And you know—"

Then we went another block, then farther; but suddenly he asked:

"Now wasn't that droll?"

"It certainly was,' 'continues Mr. Wilder, no matter what it was. But Sir Henry Still owes me the story, for he had told it only to himself.

A Section Missing.

A colored undertaker was requested to embalm the body of a colored man. The wife of the deceased asked what the cost would be. He named his usual charge, to which she quickly replied: "I think that's too much." "But it is the regular fee," protested the undertaker. "That may be," assented the widow, "but this ain't a regular corpse. My husband had a wooden leg."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Advertising Rates.

Col. Highflyer—What are your rates per column?

Editor of "Swell Society"—For insertion or suppression?

Reading.

A professor had been summoned as an expert witness in a case involving the ownership of a tract of coal land. "I will ask you, professor," said the attorney for the prosecution, "if the geological formation of this land corresponds with the published data pertaining thereto?"

"It does, sir," he answered.

"You have thoroughly read up the geology of the tract in question?"

"I have not."

"You have not?"

"No, sir."

"I ask the jury to notice that the witness flatly contradicts himself. Now, sir, if you haven't read up the geology involved in this case, why do you pretend to know anything at all about it?"

"Because, sir," said the professor, "in studying geological formations it is my invariable custom to read down."

DISTRESS AFTER MEALS

Sure Sign That Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Are Needed to Tone Up the Digestive Organs.

Loss of appetite, distress after eating, shortness of breath, a feeling of utter weakness—these are symptoms that are familiar to most sufferers from stomach trouble. Too often the ordinary doctor's treatment serves but to weaken the diseased organs.

The new tonic method of treating disorders of this kind does not aim to do the work of the stomach, does not demand that the food be pre-digested, but builds up the weakened organs, so that they can do the work that nature intended.

Mrs. L. O. Law, of No. 324 North street, Horton, Kansas, says: "In 1897, while we were living on a farm in this neighborhood, I became generally debilitated as the result of overwork. I had serious indigestion, lost my appetite, suffered from a sense of suffocation and from obstruction of the circulation, so that artificial means had to be used to restore it. After suffering for months without finding any relief, I tried a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills of which I had read in a newspaper. The first few boxes made me lots better, and after using the third box I felt entirely well.

"I am now in excellent health and am able not only to take care of my house but also to assist my husband in a store which he has lately taken. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured me and I can recommend them. They are so simple, so easily taken and so prompt in their action."

Remember Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do not act on the bowels. They make new blood and restore shattered nerves. In this way they carry health and vigor to every organ and fiber of the body. They are sold by all druggists or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y.

Budding genius is a good bit like thin ice. It doesn't always bear.

He who goes on an occasional spree is better off.

Cold cash makes cowards of us all.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN
W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.
W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
ESTABLISHED JULY 6, 1876.
W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES AND SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER.
$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any $3.50 shoe in the world. They are just as good as those that cost you $5.00 to $7.00—the only difference is the price. If I could take you into my factory at Brockton, Mass., the largest in the world under one roof making men's fine shoes, and show you the care with which every pair of Douglas shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the best shoes produced in the world.

If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes, you would understand why Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

WANTED. A shoe dealer in every town where W. L. Douglas Shoes are not sold. Full line of samples sent free for inspection upon request.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

TWENTY-FIVE BUSHELS OF WHEAT TO THE ACRE
160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE
Means a productive capacity in dollars of over $16 per acre.

This on land which has cost the farmer nothing but the price of tilling it, tells its own story.

The Canadian Government gives absolutely free to every settler 160 acres of such land.

Lands adjoining can be purchased at from $6 to $10 per acre from railroad and other corporations.

Already 175,000 farmers from the United States have made their homes in Canada.

For pamphlet "Twentieth Century Canada" and all information apply to Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to following authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

Mayer
MARTHA WASHINGTON COMFORT SHOES
are designed for extreme comfort and can be worn all the year round. They fit like a glove and feel easy on the feet. The elastic at the sides stretches with every motion of the foot, making it impossible to pinch or squeeze. No buttons to button, no laces to lace—They just slip on and off without trouble.

Made of Vici Kid, with patent leather trimmings and flexible soles.

Your dealer will supply you; if not, write to us. Look for Martha Washington name and Mayer trade-mark stamped on the sole. We also make Western Lady shoes

FREE Send us the name of a dealer who does not handle Martha Washington Shoes and we will send you free, postpaid, a beautiful picture of Martha Washington, size 15 x 20.

F. MAYER BOOT & SHOE CO., MILWAUKEE, WIS.
MILWAUKEE F. MAYER B. & S. CO. CUSTOM MADE

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC
FOR WOMEN
troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all
TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES
For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.
Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.
THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

Tonsilitis Bronchitis Hoarseness
CURED BY
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
For Internal and External use.
Relieves rheumatism and neuralgia. Cures lame or sore muscles, strains, sprains or soreness anywhere.
25 and 50 cents. Sold by druggists.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

PRICE, 25 Cts.
TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE
CURES COUGHS & COLDS
ANTI-GRIPINE
IS GUARANTEED TO CURE
GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.
I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.
F. W. Diemer, M. D., Manufacturer, *Springfield, Mo.*

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

NOW OR NEVER
A Full Sized Bottle FREE At Your Druggist's

You have no right to suffer from constipation or any stomach trouble. There is no necessity or excuse for it. There is one positive, natural, harmless cure—and only one—for these troubles and we are going to give you enough free to prove it.

Cut out the coupon below and take it to any druggist in the United States and he will give you absolutely free of charge a full sized 35 cent bottle of

Mull's Grape Tonic

the only permanent, natural cure for constipation and all bowel troubles and indigestion and all stomach troubles.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON

CUT OUT ON THIS LINE

135 11255

Take this Coupon to your druggist and he will give you a regular full size 35c. bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic absolutely free. Remember, we give only one bottle to each family. If you can find a druggist who does not keep Mull's Grape Tonic, send us this Coupon, together with name and address of the druggist, and we'll see that your wants are supplied.

I solemnly swear that I have never taken Mull's Grape Tonic, that I will apply for but one free bottle and that I will take this bottle myself for Constipation and Stomach Trouble.

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., Makers
148 Third Ave., ROCK ISLAND, ILL.

Patient, sign your name here.

Address, street and number here.

TO THE RETAIL DRUGGIST: Sign your name and address on the line below and send this full coupon to the jobber of whom you purchased this remedy, and he will give you 35 cents in cash or trade for each coupon, properly signed, which you send him. All jobbers have the 35c. and $1.00 sizes. The $1.00 bottle contains nearly 6 times the 35c. size.

Retail Druggist, sign your name here.

Your address here.

TO THE JOBBER: You will please accept this coupon if the same is properly signed, and give to the retailer buying the remedy from you, 35 cents in cash or trade for same. Sign your firm name and address and forward all coupons to us at any time you like, and we will remit you in full by return mail, 35 cents for each coupon properly signed by the consumer, retailer and yourself.

Jobber, sign your name here.

Address here.

CUT OUT ON THIS LINE

ESTABLISHED 1870.
MINNEAPOLIS. Woodward & Co., Grain Commission. DULUTH.
ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS.

Northwest News.

PRESIDENT IS READY TO HELP

WILLING TO ASSIST IN ADJUSTING AFFAIRS OF INSURANCE COMPANIES.

GIVES DEFINITE PROMISE

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER O'BRIEN OF MINNESOTA SEES THE EXECUTIVE.

St. Paul, Nov. 22.—President Roosevelt may be the chief arbiter in a co-operative effort on the part of the states to compel a reorganization of the big insurance companies now being aired in the East.

In a conference with State Insurance Commissioner O'Brien at Washington Saturday, he promised his support, and added that it would be a pleasure to him to aid in the final adjustment.

At the instance of Gov. Johnson, who has been asked by many policyholders to represent them in any contemplated reorganization of the big Eastern insurance companies, Mr. O'Brien left a week ago for New York to study the situation.

Sees the President.

Mr. O'Brien went armed with a letter of introduction from Gov. Johnson to President Roosevelt, and this he presented Saturday on his way back to St. Paul. Though the day was a busy one, the president granted Mr. O'Brien an audience, and during the twenty minutes which it lasted, the Minnesota insurance commissioner outlined to him the plan of co-operation by the states which he had in view.

The scheme outlined by Mr. O'Brien was to call a meeting either in New York or Washington, following the completion of the investigation

Now Being Made

of all the insurance commissioners of the United States, the governors of the same; and, if deemed necessary, the attorneys general. From this meeting, he further explained, a plan of action was to be evolved, necessarily a demand, for reorganization of the companies, but more particularly the placing of life insurance in general on a safer and more conservative basis. Any action was to be co-operative and each delegate was to go back to his respective state prepared to carry out his part of the program.

Roosevelt Will Help.

"Now, Mr. President," said Insurance Commissioner O'Brien at the close of the conference, "there will be a committee to carry out our plans and we need a head, will you help us?"

"I most emphatically will," answered President Roosevelt, in his characteristic way. "I will be glad to help you in any way I can."

To Mr. O'Brien the president showed the greatest cordiality and showed considerable interest in the proposed plan of co-operation as outlined by Mr. O'Brien, and gave it his hearty indorsement.

Insurance Commissioner O'Brien arrived home yesterday and immediately went into conference with Gov. Johnson.

CONSTABLES GO TO "WORKS."

Grafting Badger Officials Lose in Supreme Court.

Milwaukee, Nov. 22.—Papers affirming the decision of the municipal court having been received from the supreme court at Madison, William Hanley and Joseph Trost, former constables at Wauwatosa, convicted of malfeasance in office, will be taken to the workhouse at once to serve six months in that institution. The constables arrested a farmer on a petty charge in February, 1903, and released him on payment of $75. The farmer afterward brought suit which resulted in the conviction of the officers.

MULCT LUMBER COMPANY.

Mrs. Boutin Secures $5,000 Damage Verdict at Fergus Falls.

Fergus Falls, Nov. 22.—In the United States court here yesterday Maria Boutin secured a verdict for $5,000 damages against the Crookston Lumber company on account of the death of her husband, Frank Boutin, who was cut in two by a saw in the company's mill. The case occupied four days.

HUNTER DEAD IN WOODS.

Daniel Webster Apparently Became Lost and Died of Heart Failure.

Marquette, Mich., Nov. 22. — A six days' search for Daniel Webster, a hunter from Perrinton, Lower Michigan, missing from his camp in Luce county, has culminated in the discovery of his dead body in the woods twelve miles from Newberry. He was not shot. The supposition is that he lost his bearing and, becoming excited, was stricken with heart failure.

IN MINNESOTA LUMBER WOODS.

Michigan Defaulter Believed to Be in Northern Country.

Menominee, Mich., Nov. 21. — The Twin City department of the Pinkerton detective agency has sent out photographs and descriptions of the absconding clerk of court, Arthur P. Cole, and the description of the woman who fled with him. A reward of $50 is offered for Cole. Cole's total shortage is $2,369. It has been said that Cole is in the Minnesota lumber woods.

COLLS BADGER LEGISLATURE.

Wisconsin Executive Issues Eagerly Awaited Proclamation.

Madison, Wis., Nov. 23.—Gov. R. M. La Follette last night called a special session of the legislature of Wisconsin to meet at Madison on Dec. 4 "to receive any communication transmitted to the legislature with respect to the office of governor or office of United States senator."

Gov. La Follette also says in the proclamation that the special session is called to amend the state railroad rate commission law, railroad taxation laws, insurance laws, primary election law and grain inspection laws.

It is rumored here, though no confirmation of the report is in the proclamation, that unless the legislation outlined is enacted, Gov. La Follette's communication to the legislature regarding the United States senatorship will be a declination, and that he will run for a fourth term as governor.

LA FOLLETTE TO GO TO SENATE.

Wisconsin Governor Will Resign State Office and Don His Toga.

Washington, Nov. 23. — Gov. La Follette of Wisconsin intends taking his seat in the senate to which he has been elected, despite assertions to the contrary. Ever since his election statements have been made that he would refuse to be sworn in as a senator and would remain in Wisconsin to put through the policies upon which he was elected. Within the past week Mrs. La Follette, the wife of the governor, has been in Washington looking for a house. She came very quietly and left before any one but real estate agents knew she had been here. La Follette is expected to be one of the president's champions in the senate. He is in favor not only of railroad rate legislation but of tariff revision as well.

EXPLAIN TO SUPREME COURT.

Judge Webber Served With Mandamus in Mo-Phillips Litigation.

Redwood Falls, Minn., Nov. 23. — There was a sensational scene in the district court yesterday when Judge Webber was served with a mandamus issued by the supreme court commanding him to appear and show cause why he should not be barred from proceeding further in the Mo-Phillips litigation. The writ bears the signature of Chief Justice Start, and in a sequel to the sudden termination of a suit in the district court when Fred B. Phillips, acting as attorney for his father, was fined $100 for contempt. Judge Webber was to have opened court at Marshall Nov. 27, the day the writ is made returnable, and the session will be postponed. The mandamus bars the judge from proceeding with the case in question, and requires him to show cause why a new district judge should not be transferred to Redwood Falls to try the case or have it transferred to another court.

SHERIFF OUSTED BY GOVERNOR.

Roseau County Official Is Ordered Removed.

St. Paul, Nov. 23.—Sheriff Charles M. Erickson of Roseau county was yesterday ordered removed by Gov. Johnson, the governor having found the charges of drunkenness and malfeasance in office sustained. The coroner, Dr. L. Parker, will take charge of the office until a successor is elected. Yesterday was the day set for the hearing on the charges, and as Erickson did not appear the governor ordered his removal. Erickson's father brought charges against him, stating that since his election a year ago the sheriff had been drinking and that he had spent money which had been paid to him to be turned into the county treasury.

GAS OVERCOMES PUPIL.

Girl Affected by Disinfectant Rescued by Janitor.

Ada, Minn., Nov. 23. — School reopened yesterday after being closed for one week on account of diphtheria. One of the high school seniors attempted to get her books from the building before the disinfecting process was completed and she was overcome by the fumes of the formaldehyde gas. She was rescued by the janitor, who heard her fall to the floor.

Returns 194 Indictments.

Dubuque, Iowa, Nov. 23.—The grand jury reported yesterday after the longest session ever held and returned 194 indictments, breaking all records. Nearly all of them are against owners of slot machines in the city and county. Prominent business men and former city officials are included.

WOULD POISON HUSBAND.

Maine Woman's Stepdaughter Got Strychnine by Mistake, and Died.

Presque Isle, Me., Nov. 23. — Mrs. Isaac Barnes was arrested, charged with murder. It is alleged that she placed strychnine in epsom salts, thereby causing the death of Pearl Barnes, her thirteen-year-old stepdaughter. Mr. and Mrs. Barnes had been separated for several months, and the authorities maintain that the poison was intended for Barnes.

Two Killed in Wreck.

Jamestown, N. Y., Nov. 22. — The east-bound Atlantic express on the Erie railroad was wrecked at Falconer, three miles east of here last night. The passengers escaped with a severe shaking up. Two trainmen were killed.

Millions for Canal.

Washington, Nov. 22.—An estimate of $16,000,000 for continuing work on Athletic club and the Queen and Cres- treasury department from the war department, to be sent to congress.

BIGGEST DOCK IN THE WORLD.

Minneapolis Firm Gets Contract for Building.

Duluth, Nov. 23.—The Barnett and Record Company of Minneapolis is the successful bidder for the construction of the new No. 4 ore dock for the Duluth, Missaba & Northern. The dock and approaches will cost about $1,000,000. The contract to the Barnett and Record company involves $700,000, and the balance of the expenditure will be made by the road direct. The new dock will be located immediately west of the No. 3 dock, and the work of dredging the slip for the new structure is now in progress. The new dock will be erected during the winter and spring and will afford employment for 300 men. It will be the biggest individual shipping ore dock in the world, as the Missaba ore dock shipping system will be the largest in the world.

RICH ORE IS FOUND.

Syndicate Buys Up Land and Property Is Sold at Fabulous Prices.

Marinette, Wis., Nov. 23. — The greatest excitement exists here over the discovery of a large deposit of iron ore of a good quality near Miscouno island, on the Wisconsin & Michigan railway, and every available piece in the vicinity is being bought up. Most of the land has been obtained on options by a Menominee syndicate headed by C. A. Cook and G. A. Blesh, who bought all they could during the past week before the news of the ore find was made public. The N. Ludington company has given options on 1,000 acres of land near Miscouno, and lands have been sold at fabulous prices already. There seems to be no doubt that a body of iron ore has been uncovered as large as that of the Menominee range, great as that is.

SMALL FORTUNE IN "SPUDS."

Potato Crop to Bring Farmer $5,000 From 47 Acres.

Hazel, S. D., Nov. 23. — A farmer named Smith, residing near this ploce, is entitled to the honor of being known as the potato king of this part of the state. He has completed the work of harvesting his potato crop, to which an area of forty-seven acres was devoted. From the forty-seven acres he harvested over $5,000 bushels. He expects to receive an average price of $1 per bushel for the entire crop, as the potatoes are of the variety which is used in the South for seed. Smith will realize a profit of not less than $4,300 from the forty-seven acres.

REFUSES CHARITY; STARVES.

Too Proud to Ask Aid of Relatives, Woman Succumbs.

Janesville, Wis., Nov. 23.—Refusing charity from her neighbors and too proud to accept help from wealthy relatives, Mrs. Serena Shaler, sixty-five years old, died in a cabin north of this city yesterday of starvation. Sisters in Albany and Amsterdam and a brother in Minnesota were well able to help here, but she would not write them of her condition nor allow any of her neighbors to learn their address so that they might do so.

FIRE LOSS IS OVER $20,000.

Origin of Warehouse Blaze at Miles City Is Unknown.

Helena, Mont., Nov. 23. — It was learned yesterday that the total loss in the destruction by fire of the G. M. Miles hardware house at Miles City last night exceeded $20,000, about three-fourths of the property being insured. The losses are: Larkin, Westfall & Co., $6,000, merchandise; Montana Hardware company, $13,000, hardware, farm machinery, wagons and buggies; warehouse, $15,000. The origin of the fire is unknown.

WOMAN IS SENT TO WAUPUN.

Pleads Guilty to Charge of Assault With Intent to Kill.

Stevens Point, Wis., Nov. 23.—Mrs. Minnie Krombs pleaded guilty to assault with intent to kill yesterday afternoon, and was sentenced by Judge Webb to serve ten years in the state prison at Waupun. Mrs. Krombs sent a pistol bullet clear through the body of Miss Clara Peterson, an innocent party, in a fit of drunken jealous rage in September. The victim recovered by what appeared to be almost a miracle.

Not Guilty of Murder.

St. Paul, Nov. 23.—"Not guilty" was the verdict returned by the jury shortly after 10 o'clock last evening in the district court in the case of Harry Laramie and Dick Taylor, indicted as James R. Egan, charged with the murder of Special Officer Peter Raverty in the office of the W. W. Johnson Lumber company at about 3 o'clock on the morning of May 3 last.

Roosevelt Ranch Sold.

Dickinson, N. D., Nov. 23.—The historic Maltese Cross ranch, owned and occupied by President Roosevelt during his residence in Western North Dakota, has been purchased by O. J. Delendrecie of Fargo for $15,000.

Small Boy Drowned.

Spearfish, S. D., Nov. 23. — While playing along the creek the two-year-old son of Frank Anderson of this city fell into the water and was carried 300 yards before rescued. He was drowned.

A Comforter.

"No," said Miss Prim, with maidenly pride, "no man has ever kissed me."

"Oh, come, now," replied Miss Pert; "I don't think you're really that homely."—Philadelphia Press.

"FRIEND FROM UP THE RIVER."

Identity of the Rambunctious Gentleman Is Disclosed.

New York, Nov. 23.—The identity of Senator Depew's "rambunctious friend from up the river," was disclosed in the session of the insurance investigating committee yesterday by the testimony of John A. Nichols, a lawyer under retainer by the Equitable Life Assurance society. Mr. Nichols had written Senator Depew a letter referring to an individual in the above terms, and this letter was read at the session of the committee Friday, when Senator Depew was on the stand. The senator was unable to recall who was meant by the "rambunctious friend," but yesterday Mr. Nichols disclosed a series of payments to W. S. Manning of Albany, a former actuary, who had been connected with the investigation of insurance companies in 1877. Mr. Hughes inquired as to a report that Manning had been in possession of the information that

Was Suppressed

during this investigation and that would have been detrimental to the Equitable. Mr. Nichols could not recall the suppression of information, but he detailed the payment of sums of money over a considerable period to Manning as an inducement to give up his business as actuary, in which capacity he believed Manning was a menace to the Equitable.

Mr. Nichols said he was paid a retainer from the Mutual and the New York Life for the same duties, that of "taking care of Manning," as Mr. Hughes characterized it.

He added that the payments by the Equitable for Manning were made to Mr. Nichols on vouchers bearing false names, which Mr. Nichols said was done to protect Manning.

Platt on Contributions.

Aside from the disclosures made by Nichols on the witness stand, the feature of the day was the appearance of United States Senator Thomas C. Platt, who did not hesitate to tell of the contributions of insurance companies to state campaigns. The Equitable, the Mutual and the New York Life were the only insurance companies that made such contributions. The Equitable contributed regularly $10,000 to state campaigns, the Mutual Life the same sum frequently, and the New York Life a sum not as large occasionally. These moneys were always delivered in cash to Senator Platt's office by messenger, and he turned them over to the state committee. The senator said he was

Expected to Influence

the legislature when any legislation appeared that was hostile to the companies. Senator Platt said he believed he had asked President R. A. McCurdy, of the Mutual Life, for contributions when the needs were very great. He had, however, never been asked to use his influence on any measure before the legislature, nor had he ever done so. He knew nothing about contributions to the national committee.

Gage E. Tarbell, second vice president of the Equitable life, was also a witness again yesterday. His testimony Friday was interrupted by the adjournment, and yesterday he continued his explanation of the agency system, of which he had charge, and the manner of arriving at commissions.

Mr. Tarbell's testimony was interrupted again during the afternoon session and Assemblyman James K. Apgar of Westchester was called. His card with the inscription "Mr. Hyde says to pay him," was attached to a voucher for $1,000 which the Equitable paid Thomas D. Husted, and the voucher bore Husted's indorsement. Mr. Apgar knew absolutely nothing about the money, nor did he know how his card came to be used for such a purpose, nor had he ever heard of any money being paid by the Equitable to any one else. He knew Fields, but he never knew of his receiving money for political purposes.

Swindled Out of Thousands.

Chicago, Nov. 23. — Stockbrokers and owners of unlisted stocks in all parts of the United States are said to have been swindled out of thousands of dollars by a scheme alleged to have been perpetrated by R. Levy, a stockbroker with officers in the Medinah Temple. Levy was arrested last night on a warrant charging him with using the mails to defraud.

The scheme of the alleged swindler, according to the Post was to solicit shares of stock from brokers or any one owning unlisted shares with the request that the stock be sent to the Garfield National bank, Chicago. This bank, it is said, has not been in operation for some time. After the stock had been secured, the police declare, it was

Sold for a Small Amount,

so low at times as a cent a share. So much stock was sold at times that even at this small price, thousands of dollars were realized by Levy in a short time. After sending the stock to Levy to dispose of the owners of the shares, the police say, never heard from him again.

Levy dealt principally in mining shares and his principal offices were in the West.

When arraigned last night before United States Commissioner Foote Levy was released on $2,000 bonds and the case was continued until Dec. 1. Levy declares he is innocent of any wrong doing, and maintains that when the case comes to trial he will be dismissed.

Columbia, Mo., Nov. 23.—Mrs. Tom Stewart was killed and her husband and three-year-old child were probably fatally injured in a runaway

Ill Health Causes Suicide.

Cincinnati, Nov. 22.—Charles Boss, Jr., grandson of Christian Boss, the millionaire brewer of this city, committed suicide at his home here yesterday. He left a note in which he said ill health was the cause.

Two Children Burned.

Baldwin, Mich., Nov. 22.—Two children, aged respectively five and three years, belonging to Mrs. Dell Wright in Lake township, were burned to death last night while locked in then home alone.

THE STATE DAY BY DAY

News of Interest.

WINS BRIDE BY CLEVER RUSE.

St. Peter Man Elopes With Groceryman's Daughter.

With her wedding day less than two weeks distant, and with a pretty home awaiting her as soon as the ceremony was performed, Miss Tillie Krisatis, daughter of a St. Peter groceryman, has eloped with another man. The proceeding was executed under the eyes of a watchful mother, and only the clever ruse of her lover made it possible for her to escape.

Miss Krisatis, who is eighteen years of age, has had her share of suitors, but of late the contest for her hand had narrowed to a field of two. As an evidence of good faith one of the gallants bought a home and furnished it throughout. The parents exerted a certain amount of influence, and, like a dutiful daughter, Miss Krisatis finally consented to an engagement.

At this stage of the proceedings, when the wedding date was fixed and the trousseau ordered, lover No. 2 seemed hopelessly distanced. His only encouragement came from the fact that the girl looked with favor on his advances, and this led him to press his suit the harder. In the end he triumphed, and one afternoon recently the couple met by appointment at the Omaha depot. Both were restless and scanned the approaches to the station anxiously. Just as the train whistled tthe mother of the girl came in sight, and it seemed that their plans would be spoiled. At this point the prospective bridegroom rose manfully to the occasion. Taking the young woman to a seat in one of the coaches, he reappeared on the platform and confronted the mother.

"My daughter, where is my daughter?" panted the woman.

"Madam," replied the young man, as he clambered on the moving train, "I saw her up town an hour ago."

With a sigh of relief Mrs. Krisatis turned away. Several hours later the truth dawned on her, but by that time Miss Tillie was miles away.

Indictments Are Valueless.

An unusual state of affairs developed in the United States court at Fergus Falls, necessitating the calling of a special grand jury. When the regular grand jury assembled at the opening of the term there were only sixteen members in attendance, but this number was sufficient to transact business and everything moved along as usual, indictments being returned from time to time.

The difficulty arose when Walter Willis, who had been summoned to serve, a day or two late, and finding the jury hard at work, applied for admission. He had been regularly summoned and was admitted to the jury room and took part in the closing deliberations. When the time came to discharge the jury the roll was called, and it was found there were seventeen men instead of sixteen, Willis being the extra man.

He was asked if he had taken the oath. He explained that he had come late and the foreman had given him all necessary instructions. He had not been sworn in court as provided by law, however, and it was apparent that if the indictments were attacked they would be declared illegal.

District Attorney Houpt accordingly moved that the indictments returned after Willis entered the jury room be set aside and a special grand jury be summoned. The court made an order in accordance with the motion. The special jury will convene Dec. 22.

Among the indictments set aside are those against Joseph Jordan, charged with murder in the first degree, and several against persons accused of introducing liquor on the reservations.

Pays for No Irrigating.

On sentence in an interview given out by A. G. Bernard of Cass Lake, Minn., president of the state drainage league, when he was in the Twin Cities early in the present month, is giving the national reclamation service some trouble, and putting it to the necessity of answering queries. In the course of his interview, Mr. Bernard said:

"One of the most startling things in connection with this irrigation appropriation is the statement of W. E. Culkin, register of the United States land office at Duluth, that about $6,000,000 of the public land funds of Minnesota have been given to Western states for irrigating their arid lands."

Apparently this statement has caused excitement in North Dakota and other states in the Middle West, for the inquiries have come from that section.

Replying to them, the chief of the reclamation service denies that any funds derived fro mthe sale of lands in Minnesota are applied to irrigation, and calls attention to the reclamation act; which specifically names the sixteen states in which irrigation works are to be constructed, and says that the irrigation fund shall be made up of money derived from the stle of public lands in those states only. Minnesota is not one of them. The eastern line of the irrigation country in the Northwest is the eastern boundary of the Dakotas. Money received by the government for the sale of public lands in Minnesota and other states east of that line is converted into the treasury in accordance with a law which has been in force for many years.

Believe Stranger Was Murdered.

Frazee, Minn., Nov. 19.—The dead body of a young man was found in the brush near McHugh, shot through the head. Indications point to a murder. The body was covered with brush and looked as if it had been dragged by a team.

Man of Ninety, Robbed of $1,200.

Vassar, Mich., Nov. 19.—The home of Rev. John Baker, ninety years old, was burglarized Wednesday night and $1,200 in cash taken.

FIGURES ON STATE COUNT.

Official Report on Census Is Nearly Ready.

The advance sheets of the official report of the fifth state census have just been given out. The official report will be out about the end of the year. It will contain about 150 pages of reports and population tables.

The report of population shows that the state has had an increase during the last five years of 13 per cent and an increase of 25.7 per cent during the last ten years. The increase during the last five years was 51,743 more than during the five years preceding.

There are nine counties which show an increase of over 100 per cent during the last ten years, Beltrami and Clearwater, formerly one county, leading with an increase of 1,406.7 per cent. Five counties show an increase of 50 to 100 per cent. Twenty-six counties have increased 25 to 50 per cent, fifteen have increased 10 to 25 per cent, seven have increased 5 to 10 per cent, five have increased less than 5 per cent, and five have decreased. Fillmore has the largest decrease, 4.7 per cent.

A group of twenty-seven counties in the northern part of the state show an increase of 97,720 for the past five years, or 42.8 per cent of the entire increase of the state during those years. The increase of three big counties in that time is 112,215, or almost half the entire increase. This would leave an increase in the other fifty-four counties only about 7 per cent of the increase, or an increase in the older counties of less than 1 per cent.

The increase in the state is classified by groups in the following table:

Northern Minnesota	97,720
Central Western Minnesota	11,478
Southwestern Minnesota	4,763
Other counties	5,225
Hennepin county	64,466
Ramsey county	35,776
City of Duluth	11,973
Total	231,400
Southern Minnesota decrease	1,907
Total net increase	229,493

This increase is after deducting 2,511 Indians from the present population of the state and 3,486 Indians from the population of the state in 1900, these Indians not being included in county population.

The population residing in cities and villages of the state is 53 per cent of the whole; ten years ago it was 84 per cent. The proportion of the three big cities to the smalled towns has decreased. Ten years ago these cities had 53 per cent of the urban population; now they have about 50 per cent. The increase in urban population during the last ten years has been 38 per cent and the increase in rural districts has been 14.5 per cent. "Railroad construction and the natural desires of man to traffic, together with the powerful forces of industry and commerce, have created the new marts."

In many of the older counties are many new villages. Redwood county has ten new villages since the last census. There are in the state 137 cities and villages having a population above 1,000, and 114 between 500 and 1,000. Eleven of the large cities have kept their relative rank for the last ten years, while Crookston has moved up from seventeenth to twelfth place.

WRECK KILLS FAMILY.

Conductor Smiley, Wife and Child, Die in Smash on Soo Road.

Detroit, Minn., Nov. 22.—Three persons were instantly killed here yesterday and another was badly injured. The dead and injured comprise the family of Conductor Smiley, in charge of the train standing on the main track. A freight train, with a passenger coach and a caboose at the rear end, heading south, standing on the main track, was run into by the engine of a freight following after. The engine telescoped the caboose, killing conductor Smiley, wife and infant child, instantly. Their daughter, Maude Smiley, fourteen years old, had one foot crushed and amputated above the ankle. She may recover.

LEASES AT AUCTION.

A half dozen mineral leases for which more than one had made application at the sale on Nov. 3 sold to the highest bidder among the applicants. The minimum price of a lease is $25 for the privilege of prospecting one year, but the six leases sold brought $500. W. D. Washburn, Jr., of Minneapolis bought one lease for $115 and another for $170. Another parcel was bought by C. H. Bradley of Duluth for $110. O. J. Boner bought one for $40 and L. G. Bradley bought two leases for $26 each. Most of these leases are on lands in Itasca county.

GERMAN ENEMY DIES.

Leader of Hottentot Rebellion Succumbs to a Wound.

Berlin, Nov. 22. — A cable message received here from Lieut. Gen. von Trotha, commander of the forces in German Southwest Africa, announced the death of Hendrik Witboi, the leader of the Hottentot revolt. His death resulted from a severe wound received while attacking a German provision train Oct. 29. Witboi has been succeeded by his son Isaak.

Held for Murder.

Brainerd, Minn., Nov. 22.—Leon J. Rafidal, charged with manslaughter in the first degree, as a result of the coroner's finding in the T. D. Merrill inquest, waived examination and was held to await the action of the grand jury in December.

Cigar Factory Burned.

Boone, Iowa, Nov. 22.—Fire totally destroyed the cigar factory of Hoxie and the building owned by Dyer & Stevens. Loss on building $1,600; insurance $800.

DEFICIT IN STATE CASH BOX.

Demands on Treasury Exceed Receipts From All Sources.

State finances have become somewhat of an issue just at present. With the revenue fund overdrawn over $500,000, the state faces the prospect within a short time of borrowing money. The limit of $600,000 which the revenue fund may borrow from other funds will be reached, it is believed, before the first of the year, and it will be necessary to borrow, under the authority of the last legislature, in sums sufficient to meet current demands.

Meantime, the state board of control and state prison have had to come around with a request for more funds for the revolving fund at the prison. Warden Wolfer of the prison, with S. W. Leavett of the board of control, were in conference with the state auditor Saturday in reference to securing a cash loan from the state for the purchase of hemp for the prison twine plant.

The prison has an abundance of money in its revolving fund, but the question which just now bothers the officials is to get cash for immediate use. The prison has maintained a cash deposit of approximately $57,000 in a Stillwater bank, from which drafts were met, and which was used for purchases of hemp and sisil made on a changing market, when cash is an immediate necessity.

Recently the state called in this cash deposit because of the depletion of the funds. Arrangements were made Saturday whereby this balance will be restored, so that the purchase of material for the next year will not be hampered.

The prison 'revolving' fund, which when created was given $150,000 as a fund for the carrying on of the business between the buying and selling seasons, now has a credit of nearly $1,000,000. Since the first of May, Warden Wolfer has been steadily purchasing raw material for the coming season's work, until at present there is between $800,000 and $900,000 invested in raw hemp and sisal.

The revolving fund at the beginning of the current month had a cash balance of $71,203.81. Up to Saturday $482,441.77 had been added to it during the month in collections from the sale of twine; while $472,771.35 has been paid out during the month for the purchase of raw material. The balance in the fund at present, therefore, is $75,874.23. To this approximately $125,000 will be added in a few days, as the money is now at the prison.

The state will dig up enough of this amount in cash to provide a working balance again at the Stillwater bank. Every resource has been drained to keep the revenue fund from passing the $600,000 mark, and it was apparently for that reason that the cash balance was taken away from the prison.

Revenue fund receipts have been steady the past month, and the fund has not experienced a serious depression since Nov. 1, when it was overdrawn approximately $558,000. The receipts are not keeping up to the expenditures, however, and from present indications, funds will have to be borrowed within a short time.

Demands for the payment of appropriations of the last omnibus bill are coming in with monotonous regularity, and are eating up what little remains of the fund's available cash. The treasurer, auditor and governor are authorized to make arrangements to borrow for the temporary relief of the fund, and such action will probably be taken within a few weeks.

Last Member Is Dead.

John Einfeldt, the last surviving member of Company K, First Minnesota infantry, of those who enlisted from Winona when the company was first organized at Fort Snelling, is dead at his home in Winona. He was born on March 5, 1824, in Holstein, Germany. He enlisted April 29, 1861, and received an honorable discharge in 1864 In 1862 he was promoted to corporal and sergeant.

His first engagement was at the battle of Bull Run July 21, 1861, after which he participated in the battles of Ball's Bluff, Yorktown, West Point, Fair Oaks, Peach Orchard, Savage Station, Glendale, White Oak Swamp, Malvern Hill, Vienna, Antietam, Charleston, Fredericksburg, Charleston second, Haymarket, Gettysburg, Bristow Station and Mine Run.

He was thrice wounded, at White Oak Swamp, Gettysburg and Bristow Station. In reviewing his service, he considered the most important events his enlistment, the battle of Bull Run, his marriage and his discharge. In 1863 he went to New York in the interest of the government, to be ready to enforce the draft of that year.

NEW FACTORY AT PRISON.

Plug Tobacco to Be Made by Convicts at Stillwater.

The leaf tobacco supply in sufficient quantity to start the new plug tobacco factory at the state prison at Stillwater has been ordered and the factory will soon be in operation. The output will be sufficient to supply the needs of the prison, about 700 pounds per month. The tobacco to be used was grown in Kentucky and the Virginias.

Bride for Alfonso.

Madrid, Nov. 21.—The Correspondencia asserts that King Alfonso will be married to Princess Ena of Battenberg in May, 1906. Princess Ena is a daughter of the late Prince Henry of Battenberg, who married Princess Beatrice, sister of King Edward.

Big Plant Destroyed.

Harrisburg, Pa., Nov. 21.—The plant of the Steelton Electric Light company was destroyed by fire last night, involving a loss of $60,000, on which there was no insurance.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1905. NUMBER 20.

News of the Week

Washington.

An estimate of $16,000,000 for continuing work on the Panama canal has been sent to the treasury department from the war department to be sent to congress.

The new battleship Virginia, a product of the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock company, in her screw standardizing tests made one dash over the measurer mile off Oki's Head at the speed of 19.47 knots an hour, a new American mile record for ships of her class, and .31 of a knot faster than that made by the Rhode Island three weeks ago.

Foreign.

The government of Ecuador has accepted the invitation of Emperor Nicholas to take part in the second peace conference at The Hague.

The marquis of Downshire has agreed to sell his agricultural lands in County Down, Ireland, to the tenants. The estate is the largest in Ireland, and is valued at about $15,000,000.

Hon. Allan Johnstone, British minister to Denmark, and Arthur James Herbert, British minister to Norway, both of whom married Americans, have been promoted to the rank of knight commander of the Victorian order.

President Roosevelt telegraphed to King Haakon VII., the new king of Norway, as follows: "I felicitate your majesty on being chosen by the Norwegian people to succeed to the throne of Haakon and Olaf, of Harald and Sigurd."

King Victor Emmanuel, the ministry of marine and several public institutions have promised important prizes for autoboats if the next contest for the Mediterranean cup takes place, as proposed, between Palermo and Toulon, in which case important Italian firms will participate.

The Cunard line steamer Carmania, the largest turbine steamer afloat, arrived in the Mersey prior to starting on her maiden voyage to New York on Dec. 2. During six hours continuous run the Carmania easily maintained the 19½ knots, while her speed over a measured mile was more than 20 knots.

The throne of Norway was formerly tendered to Prince Charles of Denmark last week by a deputation of members of the Norwegian parliament and was accepted by King Christian in behalf of his grandson. The function lasted only twenty minutes, but the scene was brilliant. The old king was much affected as he blessed and embraced his grandchildren, King Haakon VII. and Queen Maud.

Criminal.

Charles Boss., Jr., grandson of Christian Boss., the millionaire brewer of Cincinnati, committed suicide. He left a note in which he said ill health was the cause.

Mrs. Will Hughes was mysteriously killed at her home at Evans, Iowa. A bullet crashed through a window and struck her in the neck. There is no clue to the perpetrator.

Miss Maud Reese was shot and killed in Chicago by a burglar whom she found in her apartments when she returned from work. The burglar escaped by leaping through a window.

A. C. Sarl of Elliston, Iowa, who had just purchased a department store business at St. Joseph, Mo., committed suicide by firing a bullet through his heart. Sudden illness is thought to have been the cause.

Chief of Police Collins of Chicago has issued an order detailing twenty-four detectives to special duty in different parts of the city to watch for holdup men from 7 o'clock at night until 4 in the morning.

Passionately kissing her mother good-bye, Mrs. Floy Anderson ran from the house and jumped into the well near their home at Polk City, Iowa. Her mother tried in vain to rescue the woman, who was drowned before her eyes.

The Albany county (N. Y.) grand jury has found indictments against John Dyer, Jr., the contractor, and Clark L. Daggett, his supervising architect, charging them with manslaughter in their alleged responsibility for the collapse on Aug. 8 of the department store building of the John G. Myers company, in which thirteen people were killed or fatally injured and upwards of thirty others were injured.

Former Ald. Robert L. Randolph was found guilty by a jury in Judge Tarrant's court in Milwaukee of soliciting a bribe while a member of the common council of 1900. Ex-City Attorney Charles H. Hamilton, who had a claim against the city, testified that Randolph solicited a bribe to get the claim through the council. The trial was on an indictment returned by the grand jury. Sentence was deferred, pending argument for a new trial.

Thomas W. Lawson was held to the December session of the superior court in Boston on a charge of criminal libel preferred by Clarence W. Barron. Bail was fixed at $3,000, which was furnished at once.

Mrs. Isaac Barnes was arrested at Presque Isle, Me., charged with murder. It is alleged that she placed strychnine in epsom salts, thereby causing the death of Pearl Barnes, her 13-year-old step-daughter. Mr. and Mrs. Barnes had been separated for several months and the authorities maintain that the poison was intended for Barnes.

Accidental Happenings.

Fire in the yards of the Scharbach Lumber company at Chicago caused a loss estimated at $50,000. Dwellings in the vicinity were partially destroyed.

Fire at Boone, Iowa, totally destroyed the cigar factory of Hoxie and the building owned by Dyer & Stevens. Loss on building, $1,500; insurance, $800.

The fire at the Overholt distillery at Broadford, Pa., resulted in a loss estimated at $1,600,000. Whisky valued at $648,000 was destroyed. The insurance was well distributed.

G. C. Ficken died at ew Orleans. He was, it is believed, struck on the head during a scrimmage in a game between the Southern Athletic club and the Queen and Crescent team.

Two children, aged respectively five and three years, belonging to Mrs. Dell Wright, in Lake township, near Baldwin, Mich., were burned to death while locked in their home alone.

Little Roland Pickering, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Pickering of Dorsey, Neb., was killed in a tragic manner by being crushed beneath the wheels of a wagon while playing near his mother and father.

Twenty-one persons were more or less dangerously injured in four street car accidents in St. Louis. Many of the injuries received are serious and several are of such a character that they may prove fatal.

One hundred and twenty-eight persons lost their lives by the wreck of the steamer Hilda off the northern coast of France, according to an official estimate given out by the officers of the company. This death roll includes 21 saloon passengers, 80 French onion sellers and 27 of the crew.

Many lives were endangered and property to the value of $50,000 was destroyed by a fire which almost consumed the Commercial building in Chicago. Mrs. Mary Broadhurst was severely hurt by falling through a skylight. Eight other people were also carried from the building by firemen, none of them, however, being hurt.

A bad dream led to the death of Mrs. Caroline Wadleigh, 73 years old. Mrs. Wadleigh fell out of bed in Milwaukee during the period of restlessness engendered by the dream. Her hip was fractured and she sustained internal injuries from which she afterwards died. Mrs. Wadleigh was a widow and had been sick for several weeks.

A six days' search for Daniel Webster, a hunter from Perrinton, Lower Michigan, missing from his camp in Luce county, Mich., has culminated in the discovery of his dead body in the woods twelve miles from Newberry. He was not shot. The supposition is that he lost his bearings and, becoming excited, was stricken with heart failure.

General.

Engineer Harry Strickland, 70 years old, of Greencastle, Ind., and who has been in the employ of the Big Four for over forty years, died at his post while on his regular passenger run.

One hundred dollars is what Miss Ida Koehn of New London, Wis., asks for a kiss. George Dodge of that city is defendant in a damage suit, being accused of having kissed the defendant against her wishes.

Luke Adolph Lockwood, one of the most eminent members of the Masonic fraternity in the United States and author of "Lockwood's Masonic Jurisprudence, died of pneumonia at Greenwich, Conn., aged 71 years.

Prof. Carlos A. Kenaston, a graduate of Oberlin of the class of 1861, and for several years professor of Greek in Ripon college, Wis., and later at Howard university, Washington, D. C., died at Oberlin, Ohio, after an illness of several months' duration.

Japan's practical seizure of Korea is denounced as a "cowardly, dishonorable act of pagan greed" by Edward Walton White of Denver, who passed through Chicago. Mr. White was a war correspondent during the war in Manchuria.

W. S. Young, inspector of fisheries for the Dominion government, and party of four men have reached Winnipeg in safety after being reported lost in Lake Manitoba. The party was on the steamer Rocket, in charge of Capt. Marshall, with a crew of eight men.

One thousand seven hundred and sixty candidates were initiated into the order of the Woodmen one night recently, at the First regiment armory in Chicago. Albert J. Hopkins, United States senator for Illinois, was among the number. The number probably exceeds any previous record for initiations, although the organization at one time took in 600 candidates.

A plan to federate the forces working for national pure food legislation has been perfected as a result of the joint conference of representatives from the National Consumers' league, Federation of Women's Clubs, American Medical association and state food control officials.

Hon. A. B. F. Hildreth, founder of the Charles City Intelligencer, of Charles City, Iowa, is the oldest editor in the United States, he being nearly 90 years of age, hale and hearty and still in newspaper work, and edits the paper over which he has been the head for many years

WORST STORM IN MANY YEARS

GREAT LAKES LASHED BY THE MOST TERRIFIC GALE IN HISTORY.

MANY VESSELS ARE WRECKED

DRIVEN ASHORE OR DASHED UPON THE ROCKS IN BLINDING BLIZZARD.

DESTRUCTION IS WIDESPREAD

DAMAGE TO MARINE PROPERTY WILL BE ENORMOUS—LIVES ARE LOST.

WHOLE NORTHWEST SUFFERS

WIRES DOWN IN MANY PLACES AND RAILROAD TRAFFIC IMPEDED.

Chicago, Nov. 29.—Reports received up to midnight last night show that nineteen vessels were wrecked in the storm which swept over the Great Lakes Monday night and yesterday. One life is known to have been lost and it is feared eight others have perished as a result of the storm. Six vessels are reported missing.

Duluth, Minn., Nov. 29.—In one of the most terrific gales in the history of navigation on the Great Lakes, even surpassing in fury the terrible storm of last September, in which so many men lost their lives in the vicinity of the Apostle islands, three big lake steamers were yesterday driven ashore within sight of the lighthouse at the Duluth entrance to the local harbor, and several members of the crew of one of the coats, the Mataafa, are believed to have perished.

The wrecks are the Crescent City and the Mataafa of the Pittsburg Steamship company, and the R. W. England, owned by the England Transportation Company of Cleveland. As soon as interrupted telegraphic communication with other lake ports is resumed it is expected that further

Reports of Wrecks

will be received, for the storm is thought to have been a record-breaking one. For thirteen consecutive hours, between 11 o'clock Monday night and 12 o'clock yesterday, the velocity of the wind averaged sixty miles an hour, and at times blew at the rate of seventy miles an hour. The Mataafa is being slowly pounded to pieces. The crew of the Crescent City escaped, but the boat is a total wreck. Capt. R. W. England is the only man who left the England. The vessel is lying on the sand, and is in no danger of going to pieces. The captain was taken off by the life saving crew with the help of a breeches buoy. The sailors will remain on the boat until to-day. Unless the wind abates within a few hours the Mataafa

Will Be a Total Loss.

The Mataafa's accident was the most unfortunate of the three. She struck the north pier of the harbor entrance while making her way into the harbor, and was unable to get through the canal. She swung around and ran aground just north of the pier, where she is now being raked by the waves, every one of which dashes completely over her.

There, with thousands of people watching them, almost within a stone's throw and unable to do anything, the crew huddled on the stern of the boat awaiting rescue. The life saving crew was at the wreck of the England and did not reach the Mataafa until nearly 6 o'clock, and by that time the stern was almost under water, and some time before that the men had slipped down the ventilators in the hold of the boat and none were seen on the stern. Their only chance is that there may be some compartment there water-tight to hold them until rescued.

Twenty-Seven Men in Peril.

Efforts to rescue the crew of twenty-seven men were practically abandoned at midnight by the life saving crew. The night was bitter cold, a northeast wind blew at the rate of sixty-five miles an hour and a heavy snowstorm made it impossible to work to any advantage. Three times lines were shot out to the stranded craft but the men on board failed to reach it and so were left to their fate.

At the moment the boat struck the canal pier one of the crew was seen to make a jump for it but he was carried into the sea by the stiff gale. Three others just behind him were seen no more by those on shore, but it could not be determined whether thtey were jostled off the boat or retreated.

Huddled in the pilot house are believed to be most of the crew, and it is believed that they will be saved when daylight comes, providing the gale does not increase.

Goes on the Rocks.

The Crescent City, Capt. Frank Rice, was the first of the three to go aground. She went on the rocks six or seven miles from Duluth at 6 o'clock yesterday morning. Every member of the crew of twenty-six men escaped and none was seriously injured, although several received severe cuts and scratches during the fierce battle that was waged with the elements before the big craft finally hit the rocks.

The R. W. England, named after the captain, is lying on a sand beach on Minnesota Point, four miles south of the harbor entrance. She struck at 12:40 p. m., during a blinding snowstorm. There was so much snow that Capt. England could not see land ahead until it was too late to turn.

MICHIGAN IS MASS OF FOAM

Storm Causes Immense Damage to Shipping and Other Property.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 29.—The greatest storm in many years prevailed on the Great Lakes Monday night and yesterday, causing much damage to shipping and other property. Lake Michigan on this shore was a mass of foam, while the water was driven high on the beach and against the clay banks south and north of Milwaukee. The gale on the lake was impelled by a wind which reached a velocity of forty-six miles an hour, but on Lake Superior the storm approximated a hurricane, racing at over sixty miles an hour. On the most northerly lake the storm was accompanied by snow, making navigation more perilous than ever. The entire Lake Superior country is

Buried Under Snow.

The government lighthouse and fog signal building at the end of the Milwaukee breakwater pier was battered by the high seas and the assistant keeper, William Foster, was rescued with difficulty by the life saving crew. Mr. Foster told a thrilling story of his experiences, which he says, will always be retained in his memory as among the most frightful of his life.

Wreckage is strewn along the shore of the lake from Lake Park to Whitefish bay.

Superior reports a blizzard, the like of which has not been experienced since 1872.

SWEPT BY TERRIFIC STORM

Upper Ends of Lakes Huron and Michigan Lashed by Gale.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 29.—Lake Superior from Duluth to the Soo, the upper peninsula of Michigan, the upper ends of Lakes Huron and Michigan and the northern counties of Lower Michigan were swept Monday night and yesterday by a terrific wind and snow storm.

Marquette reports an unusually heavy snowfall for this time of the year, with drifts so high that train and traction service is impeded and greatly delayed. Tremendous seas are running on Lake Superior off Marquette harbor and more than a dozen vessels are riding out the gale inside the breakwater there.

Many Wires Are Down

between Marquette and the north and communication was demoralized for a large part of the day. The greatest damage reported from Lake Huron as a result of the gale is at Alpena. The waterlogged barge Harvey Bissell, which was tied at a dock, was torn to pieces by the gale, the barge Vinland broke away from her consort and is aground, and the small passenger and freight steamer City of Holland went on the rocks while trying to make the harbor at Rogers City. The passengers and crew were taken from the steamer in safety. Docks and other waterside property

Sustained Heavy Damage

at Alpena. Much damage was also done on Thunder Bay island, where the weather station and watch house were surrounded with water and the northern portion of the island was submerged. More than a dozen vessels are in shelter at Port Huron at the lower end of Lake Huron. One small schooner, the J. M. Spaulding, bound down from Rogers City, was unable to make the harbor yesterday and went on the beach near Fort Gratiot. The crew of four men reached shore safely in their yawl boat.

Thousands of dollars damage was done to waterside property at Menominee and along the west shores of Green bay. The straits of Mackinaw were lashed during the day by the worst gale in years.

Whole Northwest Feels It.

St. Paul, Nov. 29.—Dispatches from all sections of this state and from Wisconsin, North and South Dakota and Iowa report heavy snowstorms which, in some sections, developed into a blizzard. Wire communication was interrupted in many places and railroad traffic was impeded. The weather bureau predicts a cold wave for to-day.

Each Slew the Other.

Knoxville, Tenn., Nov. 29.—A double tragedy occurred late last night in a saloon here. Two white men, J. G. Edwards and E. Luttrell, who had had previous trouble, met at the bar. Edwards, with an open knife in his hand, advanced on Luttrell, and, before the latter could shoot, had inflicted six serious wounds on Luttrell. After the second shot from Luttrell's pistol Edwards fell dead. Luttrell also will die.

Must Be Electrocuted.

Boston, Nov. 29—The supreme court yesterday denied the motion for a new trial for Charles L. Tucker, convicted of murdering Mabel Page at Weston in March, 1904. Death by electrocution is the penalty.

GENERAL MUTINY IS THREATENED

ATTEMPT TO CRUSH REVOLT OF SAILORS MAY CAUSE MUTINY IN ARMY.

USE MAILED FIST ON REBELS

IF GOVERNMENT CARRIES OUT THREAT BLOOD WILL FLOW AT SEBASTOPOL.

NEW STRIKE IS THREATENED

RUMBLINGS OF ANOTHER GENERAL STRIKE ARE BECOMING LOUDER.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 29.—The last day of grace accorded the mutineers at Sebastopol expired at midnight with no sign of surrender on the part of the men. The hills towering above the harbor of the Russian stronghold in the Black sea may resound to-day as they did in the days of the Crimean war, with the roar of musketry and cannot should the government attempt to carry out its announced intention of crushing the revolt with the mailed fist.

The rebellious sailors are playing a waiting game and apparently have full confidence that the guns of the fleet will not be

Turned Against Them.

If they have not actually disregarded the summons to haul down the red flag they seem determined to make the authorities show their hand.

Whether Gen. Nepluoff, the commandant of the fortress, who was released by the mutineers yesterday, will dare to accept the challenge of the mutineers and stake the discipline anl loyalty not only of the troops at his disposal, but of the whole army on the cost, is, however, doubtful. Dispatches from a score of garrisons in Russia show that the land forces of the empire are in a state of discontent and any order to the troops to fire upon their comrades in the sister branch of the service might possibly precipitate a general and

Widespread Mutiny.

On the other hand it would be difficult to starve out the sailors by a regular siege, as provisions and water can be obtained by them, and as they are under the guns of not unfriendly warships.

The staff quarters at Sebastopol are guarded by Cossacks and the officers in tthe streets are accompanied by escorts of Cossacks, the only branch of the service, the fidelity of which is absolutely unquestioned. Even the members of the guard regiments, who are pets of the imperial family and superlatively paid and treated as compared with the members of other regiments, are joining in the revolutionary movement.

The counsel for national defense held a protracted session yesterday at which the situation was discussed.

Threat of General Strike.

The rumblings of another general strike are becoming louder. The post and telegraph officials at Moscow already have gone out and the strike has spread to twelve other cities. The general workmen's council has summoned a conference of the leaders throughout the empire for to-morrow to discuss the possibility of a national strike in sympathy with the locked-out workers of St. Petersburg. There is a strong feeling against such a strike, however, not only on account of the poverty of the workmen, but because it would interfere with the great strike planned for January.

EQUAL SUFFRAGE PROMISED.

Demands of Austrian People Are Granted by Crown.

Vienna, Nov. 29—Yesterday marked a new epoch in Austrian history, for the Austrian people throughout the entire land made known to the crown their imperial demand for equal suffrage, and even as this demand was being voiced, the crown, through Premier Baron Gautch von Frankenthurn, in parliament, was assuring the people that its will would be done. The premier promised to bring in by the end of February a bill providing for a full and free universal equal and direct suffrage. The people made known their demands by a series of monster demonstrations in all the principal cities and towns of the country. From only one town, Austrelitz, are serious disorders reported. There the troops fired on disorderly demonstrators, killing two and wounding thirty.

Death Due to Football.

Sedalia, Mo., Nov. 29.—Robert Brown, aged 16, injured in a football game here Saturday between local elevens, died yesterday. Brown was paralyzed from the neck down and rendered unconscious.

Many Hurt in Smash-Up.

New York, Nov. 29.—Nearly a score of persons were slightly injured yesterday when a crowded passenger train on the Long Island railroad crashed into a section of a freight train.

FIST BLOWS DID NOT KILL.

Opinion of Doctors Who Attended Autopsy on Body of Branch.

Annapolis, Md., Nov. 29.—The autopsy held last Sunday on the body of the late Midshipman James R. Branch bore fruit at yesterday's session of the court-martial which is trying Midshipman Miner Meriwether. The day's testimony was given chiefly by medical men who had been present at the autopsy and bore on the question whether the death of Midshipman Branch resulted from blows of his opponent's fist or his head striking the floor, previous testimony having shown that Branch fell or was knocked down several times during the encounter. Yesterday two doctors testified that in their opinion Branch's death was due to his head coming in violent contact with the floor, and not from blows administered by Meriwether.

PRISONER IS SHAREHOLDER.

Convict Has Money in the Prison Broom Plant.

Jefferson City, Mo., Nov. 29.—Gov. Folk is greatly incensed to learn that James Hale, a federal prisoner, who was removed to Fort Leavenworth prison last Friday, is a stockholder in the Central Broom Manufacturing company, a corporation doing business in the penitentiary. The stock was bought by Hale about two weeks before he was removed to Fort Leavenworth, with money he had carefully accumulated by hoarding "tips" that were given him as a prison barber. Hale was sentenced by the federal court of Indian Territory for ninety-nine years for murder and has served six years.

CASSIE IN WARPAINT.

Mrs. Chadwick Promises to Tell All She Knows.

Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 29.—Harold Remington, referee of the federal bankruptcy court, after a conference yesterday with the attorneys interested in the Chadwick bankruptcy proceedings, announced that the hearing would be resumed to-day at 2 o'clock. This action followed the request of Mrs. Chadwick that she be again permitted to go on the witness stand in the interest of her creditors. She has promised to make public many details of her financial operations which she refused to divulge when she appeared in bankruptcy court several months ago.

GOTHAM JEWS ATTACK SLAV.

Man Who Took Part in Odessa Murders Is All But Killed.

New York, Nov. 29.—More than 2,000 Jews, men, women and children, took turns in beating and dragging through the streets of the East side last night a man said to be a former soldier of the czar who had taken part in the massacre of Jews in Odessa. When the man finally was rescued by the police and taken to a station his head was a mass of bruises and he hardly was able to stand. He said he was Joseph Listansky, a Russian, of 89 Essex street. Shortly afterward he became unconscious and was removed to a hospital. It is said that his condition is critical.

REPRIMAND FOR YOUNG.

Punishment to Be Meted Out to Bennington's Commander.

Washington, Nov. 29.—Capt. Lucien Young, who was in command of the Bennington, will be reprimanded for carelessness, which was indirectly responsible for the explosion of the boiler of the ship and the killing of a large number of the crew. Stories that he will escape with a reprimand are afloat at the navy department, but the secretary of the navy nor the judge advocate general, who has charge of the findings of the court, will not confirm them.

Coast Line Authorized.

New York, Nov. 29.—At a special meeting of directors of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway company yesterday the board formally authorized the building of the St. Paul extension to the Pacific coast from Evarts, S. D., to Seattle and Tacoma. It was specified in the official announcement that the work of construction is to be begun forthwith. It is estimated that the cost will be about $50,000,000.

Woman Awarded Damages.

Winona, Minn., Nov. 29.—The United States court jury in the case of Mrs. Amanda March against the Milwaukee railway for $10,000 damages for personal injuries, returned a verdict for the plaintiff, awarding her $2,000.

Killed in a Quarrel.

Grand Forks, N. D., Nov. 29.—In an altercation between H. G. Patterson, a liveryman, and E. S. Bennett, a hotel proprietor, at Hoople, Patterson received injuries from which he died a few hours later. Bennett is under arrest.

Hunter Loses an Arm.

Triumph, Minn., Nov. 29.—While shooting ducks on Creek lake, three miles east of town, William Raforth was accidentally shot through the left arm while taking his gun from the buggy. The arm was amputated.

Railroad Depot Burned.

Grand Forks, N. D., Nov. 29.—The Great Northern station at Granville was burned, together with all its contents and records. The station was one of the largest frame buildings along the system.

ISLE OF PINES IS PART OF CUBA

HOPES OF AMERICAN COLONISTS FOR ANNEXATION ARE DASHED.

ROOT TURNS THEM DOWN HARD

DEFINES ATTITUDE OF UNITED STATES AS TO PROPOSED ANNEXATION.

SECRETARY IS MOST POINTED

AMERICANS MUST OBEY CUBAN LAW AS LONG AS THEY STAY ON ISLAND.

Washington, Nov. 29.—The administration yesterday dashed the hopes of the little band of American colonists on the Isle of Pines who have been working toward the separation of the island from Cuba and its inclusion in the United States, when Secretary Root, after consultation with the president, made public the text of a letter which he had addressed to Charles Raynard, president of the American club of the Isle of Pines, defining the attitude of the United States government toward the proposed formation of a territorial government in the island as a part of the United States. The secretary was most pointed in the statements in his letter, which is in part as follows:

No Lawful Means.

"There is no procedure by which you and your associates can lawfully establish a territorial government in that island. The island is lawfully subject to the control and government of the republic of Cuba, and you and your associates are bound to render obedience to the laws of that country so long as you remain on the island. If you fail in that obedience you will be justly liable to prosecution in the Cuban courts and to such punishment as may be provided by the laws of Cuba for such offense as you commit. You are not likely to have any greater power in the future. The treaty now pending before the senate, if approved by that body, will

Relinquish all Claim

of the United States to the Isle of Pines. In my judgment the United States has no substantial claim to the Isle of Pines. The treaty merely accords to Cuba what is hers in accordance with international law and justice.

"At the time of the treaty of peace which ended the war between the United States and Spain the Isle of Pines was and had been for several centuries part of Cuba. I have no doubt it will continue to be a part of Cuba, and it was not and is not now a part of the territory of the United States.

"You may be sure Cuba would not consent to give up control over the island and the United States will not try to force her to give it up."

"IS WORSE THAN MURDER."

Says Judge in Passing Sentence for Trafficking in Girls.

New York, Nov. 29.—Punishment for trafficking in girls was meted out yesterday by Judge McMahon, who passed sentence on one woman and three men for an aggregate of thirty-two years. "This traffic," said the judge, "is worse than murder." By coincidence, at the time he was passing these sentences, an example of the traffic of which he spoke, with four girls from Reading, Pa., as the victims, had just been found by the police in another part of the city. These girls came to New York last Sunday, renting an apartment together. They had been mill employes in Reading, they said, and came here in hopes of obtaining employment. Yesterday detectives saw them walking on the Bowery in company of four young men. Believing the girls were not ordinary Bowery characters the detectives followed them until the men led them into an evil resort. Following them the officers broke down the doors of their rooms and rescued the girls, who had been trapped into the resort and were calling for help. The men were arrested, charged with abduction.

Murderer Saved From Mob.

Mexico, Mo., Nov. 29.—Edmund J. Bailey, a miner, who shot and killed Jay Lawder, secretary of the Lawder-Peterson Coal company, was hurriedly taken from the county jail here last night to avoid a mob which was organizing down town.

Ricketts Is Now Foreman.

Washington, Nov. 29.—Charles M. Stillings was sworn in as public printer yesterday. His first official act was to appoint Oscar J. Ricketts foreman of printing and to reappoint H. T. Bryan clerk of the office.

Cut Out Football.

New York, Nov. 29.—At a meeting last night of the Columbia university committee on students' organizations it was decided to abolish football as one of the recognized sports of the university's students.

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Saturday, Dec. 2, 1905.

Bemidji Pioneer: Fosston merchants are good advertisers and Fosston is one of the most solid towns in the north country.

THE SPECTATOR is in receipt of a copy of the 5th census of Minnesota with the compliments of P. E. Hanson, secretary of state.

The foot ball games this fall have caused the death of eighteen boys and one hundred and twenty-six more have been injured seriously. This is carrying sport rather too far.

Congressman Steenerson has left for Washington and tells the papers that he is in favor of railroad rate legislation and tariff revision if the president so decides in his message.

Duluth Herald: "Honest poverty should never be abolished," says Andrew Carnegie. Probably there is about as much danger of the abolition of honest poverty as there is of the abolition of dishonest wealth.

Minnesota is getting to be a great state in every way. Besides the products of our fields, creameries and mills, there were thirty million tons of iron ore shipped out of the state this year. This is the largest amount ever shipped in any one year.

Senator Burton of Kansas and Senator Mitchell of Oregon hove been convicted of frauds, but Senator Depew of New York has not even been on trial. Burton and Mitchell were only after thousands, while Depew was in the million-dollar class. Moral:—"If you must steal, get a bunch."

Sauk Center Herald: Drainage is not really a political question, it is a business question. There are ten million acres of swamp lands in the northern part of the state, which, as they stand today, are not worth a cent to the state or anyone else. By an expenditure of ten millions of dollars they could be made worth seventy-five millions of dollars. The question is not of politics; it is just a straight matter of arithmetic.

There are five thousand fewer post offices in the United States now than four years ago. This might look like a decrease in the postal business but that is not the case for it is the rural free delivery routes that have shoved the little postoffices out of business. While the postoffices are fewer in number, the Roosevelt postoffices have been rapidly increasing. Eight years ago there was not an office of that name in the States and now there are seventeen in as many different states with seven extra ones named Teddy.

Warren Register: The press, and some others, are throwing so many bouquets at the independent voter these days that one might be led to believe that these papers were of the opinion that all political parties could best serve the public by disbanding instanter. The chronic bolter goes about among his fellows with a halo on his head and proudly proclaims himself to be the only genuine, simon-pure independent voter, the only citizen who thinks for himself and votes his convictions, regardless of partisan conventions and platforms. There is such a thing as independent voting, but some people seem incapable of learning what actually constitutes it.

Hartford Courant: Next month the honorable members of the house of representatives will be due in Washington, D.C. Any spare time those of them who are republicans may have this month will be very well employed in meditating on Tuesday's events, the president's popularity, and the difference between 1904 and 1906. Theodore Roosevelt will not be running for the presidency in 1906. When these republican congressmen return to their constituents next summer, seeking re-nomination and re-election, they will stand or fall on their own merits and records. If meanwhile they have antagonized Roosevelt policies approved by the people, so much the worse for them.

Sound Waves.

The sensation of sound, as is well known, is produced by a certain to and fro or wave-like movement of the air striking upon the drum of the ear and so setting it in vibration. Each sound wave consists of two portions, in one of which the air is compressed beyond and in the other rarefied below the average pressure. If two sound waves are traveling in the same direction, but one of them starts half a wave length behind the other, the compressed half of one will fall upon the rarefied half of the other, the average air pressure will remain undisturbed, and the two sounds will combine to produce silence. If a sounding tuning fork be slowly rotated near the ear four positions will be found in which the sound will be barely audible. This is due to such interference of sound waves as has been described.

How to Cut Glass.

Glass can be cut without a diamond, and the way is very simple. Dip a piece of common string in alcohol and squeeze it reasonably dry. Then tie the string tightly around the glass on the line of cutting. Touch a match to the string and let it burn off. The heat of the burning string will weaken the glass in this particular place. While it is hot plunge the glass under water, letting the arm go under well to the elbow, so there will be no vibration when the glass is struck. With the free hand strike the glass outside the line of cutting, giving a quick, sharp stroke with any long flat instrument, such as a stick of wood, or a long bladed knife, and the cut will as clean and straight as if made by a regular glass cutter.

Napoleon Before the Convention.

When Barras introduced Napoleon to the convention as a fit man to be intrusted with the command the president asked:

"Are you willing to undertake the defense of the convention?"

"Yes," was the reply. After a time the president continued:

"Are you aware of the magnitude of the undertaking?"

"Perfectly," replied Napoleon, fixing his eyes upon his questioner, "and I am in the habit of accomplishing that which I undertake."

First Great Depression.

"What, may I ask, was the keenest disappointment of your career?" asked the anxious interviewer.

The great financier stared coldly at the ink bottle. "It was when I was four years old, I think," he drawled, "when I woke up one morning and found my red balloon shrunken to one-fourth the size of the day before."—Detroit Free Press.

Man and the Dog.

We are alone, absolutely alone, on this chance planet, and amid all the forms of life that surround us not one, excepting the dog, has made an alliance with us. A few creatures fear us, most are unaware of us and not one loves us.—From a Maeterlink Essay.

Supplied a Deficiency.

Mr. Goodman—James, the gentleman you gave as reference tells me you're not very truthful. Jimmy (the office boy)—Well, say, yer sich a truthful guy yersel' yer need an ablebodied liar like me round der place.—Philadelphia Press.

Their Descent.

"Oh, yes," she said proudly, "we can trace our ancestry back to—to—well, I don't know who, but we've been descending for centuries."—Philadelphia Telegraph.

A Juvenile Thrust.

Mother—Remember, Tommy, an angel is watching over you. Tommy—Aw, ma, don't be conceited!—Chicago News.

Always Something Lacking.

Love is like a waltz. It never quite fulfills all one expects of it. Either the man's lead is too fast or too slow, his hold too light or too loose, he stumbles over your gown or steps on your feet, and if everything else is right it is the wrong man.—Life.

Blunt.

A Scotchman once took dinner at a house and regarded the meal as inadequate. As he was leaving his host asked him when he would dine with him again. "Now," was the startling reply.

A good cause needs not to be patroned by passion, but can sustain itself upon a temperate dispute.—Browne.

$40 for the Round Trip To Eastern Canada and Return.

A rate of $40.00 for the round trip has been made by the Great Northern Railway to Montreal and points west thereof in Ontario. These tickets will be on sale from December 4th to 31st inclusive and will be good for three months. Liberal stopover privileges will be allowed going and returning, giving you an opportunity of visiting many points enroute, making your holiday outing a pleasurable one. See your local agent for full information.

Get a Life Scholarship Free.

Have a disinterested bookkeeper and stenographer examine the different business colleges in our field, and if he does not find that ours is by far the best, we will give you a life scholarship for nothing. Catalog for the asking.

QUEEN CITY BUSINESS COLLEGE,
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Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

tf G. H. SANDUM.

Estray.

Came to the premises of the undersigned in section 3, Wyandotte, on November 5th, 1905, a cow, color red with white legs. Owner can have same by proving property and paying charges. J. R. LARSON.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

For refreshments call at Number 488

CALUMET
BAKING POWDER
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Health

Calumet makes light, digestible wholesome food.

Economy

Only one heaping teaspoonful is needed for one quart of flour.

The Small Mouthed Bass.

The small mouthed bass fully deserves his reputation for being vigorous and gamy from infancy. He is extremely pugnacious by nature and has fighting tactics peculiarly his own which for strength, activity and craft are unequaled. I once took a bass four inches long on a spoon hook, the bowl of which was more than two inches long. This bass does not hesitate to tackle that terror of all other fish—the fierce and voracious pickerel. With his first dorsal fin rigidly set up, he lays off some ten or twenty feet and then makes a rapid dash right into and under the "long face," forcing him to clear out at once or ripping him so badly that he is hors de combat. The fact has been established that bass introduced into a pond containing pickerel will ultimately destroy the latter. The same fate awaits other fish, including trout.—Outing.

Egyptian Styles of Writing.

The Egyptians had four separate and distinct styles or forms of writing—the hieroglyphic, the hieratic, the enchorial and the Coptic. The hieroglyphic was probably in use as early as the year 4000 B. C. and at first was made up entirely of pictures. About the year 2000 B. C. the hieratic form or style was introduced. In this the picture hieroglyphics were greatly simplified, finally developing into forms purely linear. The enchorial form of writing was in use among the Egyptians from about the year 700 B. C. until about the year 200 A. D. and was still a further simplification of the earlier forms, which finally developed into the alphabetic form known as the Coptic.

The Horse's Failing.

Hans, the ruralist, was in search of a horse.

"I've got the very thing you want," said Bill Lennox, the stableman—"a thoroughgoing road horse, five years old, sound as a quail, $175 cash down, and he goes ten miles without stopping."

Hans threw his hands skyward.

"Not for me," he said, "not for me. I wouldn't gif you 5 cents for him. I live eight miles out in der country, und I'd haf to walk back two miles."—Norman Voice.

Getting Specific.

Bifferly—When you and your wife were first married you used to call each other "birdie," didn't you? McSwat—Yes. Bifferly—Do you still do it? McSwat—Well, I call her a parrot and a magpie, and she usually refers to me as a jay.—Exchange.

Apt.

Douglas Jerrold had a way of putting pat names to things. One of his remarks is given by George Hodder in "Manners of My Time." Jerrold was at a party one night where a doctor, who was tall and thin almost to emaciation, had for a partner a lady who was short and square in build. Turning to a bystander, he remarked, "There is a mile dancing with a milestone."

When Labor Did Not Tell.

A home missionary who visited Sing Sing prison took occasion to have a heart to heart talk with one of the convicts.

"Don't you know, my friend," said he, "that crime never brings success? It is only achieved by hard labor."

"I did six months of it at a stretch once, and I didn't come out no richer than I went in."

He Was Spurned.

"Believe me," said old Gotrox, "although I'm an old bachelor I'm sure I could learn to be a good husband. You know, a man is never too old to learn."

"Nor too old to yearn, perhaps," replied Miss Pechis; "also I'm sorry to say you're not too old to spurn."—Philadelphia Press.

DR. V. PLEIH,
SURGEON.

Graduate of Copenhagen University.

Department for Diseases of the Eye

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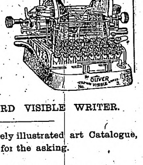

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8:00 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
9:25 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
9:55 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
10:20am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar	Wylie	Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

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St. Hilaire, Minn.

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K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
B. H. Duntley	
Carl Johnson	
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Bolair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnson
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

R. H. DUNTLEY, N. G.

J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3550. Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

CARL JOHNSON, V. C.

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Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

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Agency for........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.

Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Thanksgiving day—24 below zero.

Go to L. M. Rolland & Sons for fresh oysters.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Joel G. Winkjer, the creamery expert, was a visitor here last Monday.

Services were held in various churches Thanksgiving day and evening.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

County Supt. McAnulty braved the blizzard and was a visitor here last Tuesday.

The passenger was four hours late last Wednesday. The delay was at Crookston.

H. J. Enderle, drove over from Plummer Thanksgiving eve, returning Thursday morning.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Just you show us the man who said this would be an open winter with mild warm weather.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on December 3 and 4.

How much nicer it would be if all would shovel the snow off the sidewalk in front of their residences.

Martin E. Hoff, Leo Achenbach and the Misses Selina and Clara Hoff drove up to Thief River Falls last Sunday.

Dan Patterson had his teams out Wednesday hauling snow away with a scraper so he could get into his barn.

The Halverson Bros. suspended railroad grading on the Greenbush-Roseau extension and came home Wednesday.

The best walking was found in the center of streets Tuesday. Snow banks were on the sikewalks—and high at that.

Victor Bergeron, night sawyer at the mill, and family left last Saturday for Minneapolis where they will spend the winter.

Fred Case, who has been night engineer at the mill the past season, left on Tuesday for his claim in western Canada.

A. S. Wilson returned last Monday from Grand Forks, where he had spent several days on important business matters.

Mrs. N. A. Nelson left on Wednesday evening for Duluth and Wisconsin points where she will visit relatives for a short time.

Miss Dolly Pettengill and Miss Otilla Westlund spent Thanksgiving at Plummer, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Julius Pleth.

A crew of men have been here several days this week laying new telephone wires which will go as far as Thief River Falls.

The Ford boys returned Wednesday from their deer hunt on the reservation. They had poor luck as the weather man was against them.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

The local music class of Miss Henrietta Zaiser will give a musicale at Imperial Hall on Friday evening, Dec. 15. Further particulars next week.

The Soo has finished their line from Thief River Falls to Kenmare, N. D., and regular trains will be put on to cover part of the distance next week.

There is a movement on foot at Thief River Falls to organize and equip a band and Prof. Onstad will probably be the leader if the scheme goes through.

Clear thinking, decisive action, vim and vigor of body and mind, the sparkle of life, comes to all who use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

The first fire alarm for several months sounded during the storm last Monday evening. It was discovered that the section house occupied by M. Palmgren was on fire but the fire was put out before the department got started.

Misses Emma Hoff, Eda Dahl and Lydia Anderson arrived home Wednesday from Moorhead to enjoy Thanksgiving turkey and visit with home people. The young ladies are students at the state normal and are high in their praises of that institution.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

Hans Anderson purchased the barber shop outfit of Mike McAndress and has LeRoy West, an experienced barber recently from McIntosh, running the place.

Mr. and Mrs. George Murch, of Bemidji, were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Evans, Thanksgiving. Mr. Murch is superintendent of the saw mill at Bemidji.

A reservation man taking a walk through the woods and brush of his own land with a view of fencing it in next spring, found two dead deer, undoubtedly killed by hunters before the snow fell.

The freight service over this branch of the G. N. has been somewhat irregular since Tuesday. To let the Wylie people know they are still on the map the passenger made a run down there Friday evening.

Beautifying methods that injure the skin and health are dangerous. Be beautiful without discomfort by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Sunshiny faces follow its use. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

The Modern Brotherhood of America, the new insurance lodge which was started here last summer, has been adding several new members lately. The recent insurance scandals are making fraternal insurance very popular.

Edward Bridge, who has had charge of the lath mill at the saw mill the past season, will leave the latter part of this week for his claim in the Saskatchewan country. He expects to return in the spring and will hold his position another year.

In former years there was a grand rush to leave town the day the saw mill shut down in the fall, but it was different this year. Nearly all the men who have worked in the mill this year are now residents of the village and very few left here last Saturday.

Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is simply liquid electricity. It goes to every part of your body, bringing new blood, strength and new vigor. It makes you well and keeps you well. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

Quite a sensation has been created in the town of Clover Leaf and the authorities are investigating the surroundings to find out, if possible, whether or not Peter Martinson was murdered or committed suicide. His dead body, badly mutilated, was found in his house. His wife and neice were in the house at the time but no definite information can be obtained from them.

Wm. O. Williams, who has been blacksmith work for the lumber company the past season, left for Fargo on Wednesday. He enjoys the distinction of having put in more time than any other employee at the mill, having never lost a day and getting in 45 extra days. Mr. Williams says that he leaves "square with the town" and that he will return next season.

According to the TwinValley Times, a man over that way wanted his son to get up early and go to work. The boy had a habit of answering "yah" and going to sleep again. On this occasion last week the father, to make no mistake, called the boy, got the "yah" and lit upstairs, turned down the covers and gave the person a good spanking. It happened that on that night the hired girl had been given the boy's room. When the tumult was over the old man went out behind the barn and drafted a written apology to the hired girl.—Norman County Herald.

Thursday morning Martin E. Hoff and Miss Clara Lund took the train to Thief River Falls and surprised their friends by getting married and returning on the evening train. The marriage service was read by Rev. I. T. Aastad at the personage, roses and carnations were the decorations. A wedding supper was served at the groom's home to invited relatives. The young couple are well and favorably known to the people of the village, having lived here since childhood. They start housekeeping next week in the Johnson residence on North Broadway. The SPECTATOR joins with the many friends and well wishers of the happy couple in a long and prosperous voyage over the sea of life.

An Old Time Blizzard.

Our nice warm fall weather came to an end last Saturday morning with a fall of snow and we now have a taste of the old fashioned kind of winter weather. The snow and wind storm of last Tuesday proved a blizzard that will be remembered. It is impossible to state how much snow fell as it drifted badly and it will be some time before the roads are passable. A cold snap came on Wednesday and those who were looking for winter are not disappointed.

Attended Butter School.

Joel Winkjer, state dairy inspector, has arrived home from the butter making school at St. Anthony Park where he has spent the past few days and received much valuable instruction in regard to new fangled ideas for creameries and buttermakers. Mr. Winkjer is himself one of the best buttermakers in northern Minnesota but he says the advancement in that line of work is so rapid that in order to keep thoroughly in touch a course at the state school is necessary every little while. The inspectors from all portions of the state were called in to attend the butter school.—Crookston Times.

Holiday Excursions.

The Great Northern Railway will sell tickets at the rate of $40.00 to Montreal and points west thereof in Ontario. These tickets will be on sale from December 4th to 31st inclusive and will be good for three months with an extension of time at a small additional cost. See your local agent for full particulars.

Letter from T. J. Thorkelson.

LOS ANGELES, CAL., Nov. 21, '05.

FRIEND IVES:—

No doubt you remember I promised to write you a letter from California, the city of the angels, the land of sunshine. Though the sun is always shining I don't want you to infer from that that everything out here is sunshine and roses, nor are all angels because they live in the "city of the angels." I think "lost angels" is the correct name. From outward appearance you'd take them to be, but one needs no microscope to see that they have no wings and that they are black as the ace of spades. There are more sharks to the square foot of land in California than there ever will be in the Pacific ocean, though they are numerous there. Grafting and deception is very popular in this country, but California is not to blame for those abnormal conditions. California has some excellent redeeming qualities, natural conditions, for instance. The climate, which is all one could wish for, were it not for the long, dry season, which usually lasts from March until November, without a drop of rain, would be ideal, but as it is everything is dried up and very dusty. A good rain shower here in summer would be as welcome as the sun in Minnesota, though owing to the dry atmosphere a temperature of 100 degrees Fahr. here is less oppressive than 80 degrees in Minnesota. There is no winter and summer, in the lowland. They are represented by the wet and and dry season, the former lasting in the average year from November to March. There will be a day or two of rain and then weeks of bright sunshine. The beginning of rain marks the birth of spring in southern California, when nature transforms the somber hue of hills and plains into a mantle of vivid green, followed by a wealth of wild flowers.

Within 30 miles of the coast summer heat is pleasantly tempered by ocean breezes. Here the nights are always cool. On the coast south of Sante Barbera there is not more than 10 degrees difference between the average temperature of January and July. Owing to the long dry spells most all valuable horticultural products of southern California are raised on irrigated land. The water is derived from reservoirs in the mountains, artesian wells and more shallow wells that are pumped with gasoline engines, wind or electric power. A vast amount of underground water has been developed in unexpected places in the past few years. Land with water will bring $500 or more an acre, while adjoining land of the same kind without water cannot be sold for one-tenth of that.

Like the surface of the land, and the climate, the soil of southern California varies greatly. Within the limits of a quarter section of land may be found several varieties of soil, ranging from heavy black abode to the lightest of sandy loam. The heavy soil is usually devoted to grain and the light soil to fruit growing. Almost every fruit or vegetable raised in the temperate and semi-tropical regions may be successfully grown here. The chief products of the soil are oranges, lemons, olives, walnuts, apricots, peaches, prunes, grapes, and smaller berries, wheat barley, corn, alfalfa beans, sugar beets and celery. I was informed that citrus fruit last year amounted to 28,000 car loads. Much of the deciduous fruit is dried, canned and crystalized. Winter vegetables are shipped to the north and east. Much wine and brandy is made here. There are four large beet sugar factories, and lumber and cattle interests of equal importance with fruit and climate, but neither to compare with the mineral wealth. California has valuable gold deposits—mines that are paying millions every year. There are large and valuable deposits of granite, sandstone and marble, which has been developed to a limited extent. Iron ore exists in large quantities but has not yet been utilized greatly. There is borax enough in California to supply the world for one thousand years. Next of importance in California is oil, which now is one of the leading products. The oil is of low gravity, making a first class fuel, for which it is chiefly used by factories and railroads.

But the greatest and most important industry, or "harvest" of all is the unfailing crop of skinning the tourists and sick, out here for their health, whom they fleece to a queen's taste. They hold much the same position as a Florida darky who, when asked how he managed to exist, said: "In summer we eats fish, and in winter we feeds on the sick tourists." And indeed they do, and grow fat and prosperous.

This is the finest country in the world for people with all kinds of money. Here is always something doing and one can have a most beautiful time, but it's no good for a poor man that has to work for a living, nor one with limited capital. Everything out here is capitalized. Whether you start a million-dollar bank or a twenty-five-dollar repair shoe shop, you must incorporate and sell stock, and of course it's the honest, unsuspected strangers that are taken in. I was informed by a gentleman from the east that to become thoroughly acclimated and a full-fledged California citizen, "a legal voter," in good shape to do business, it is absolutely necessary to take a course in graftology so one can do things right, you know.

I have had some exciting fishing experiences while out here, and have hooked anything from a minnow to a 374 pound shark. But as a rule people are a little skeptical as to the veracity of a fishing story so will not relate any of them this time.

I just returned from a pospecting trip through Nevada and the famous Death Valley, California, the most destitute, godforsaken, hungry-looking country I ever saw, but very rich in gold and other minerals, and had an opportunity to sleep 182 feet below sea level. We located some very rich mining claims and hope to make a million dollars out of them. Will write you more about it next time.

If possible for me to get away I hope to eat Xmas dinner with my friends in St. Hilaire. Wishing you all kinds of success, I remain,

Yours truly,
T. J. THORKELSON,
Los Angeles.

How to Make Beeswax.

The following recipe for beeswax can be vouched for: After the combs have been put through an extractor or crushed and strained through a thin cloth the wax is put in a copper or porcelain lined kettle, with cold water enough to cover it, and boiled for half an hour, or longer if it seems necessary. When the wax is taken from the stove it is strained and poured in a vessel previously dipped in cold water. To make a round cake of beeswax pour the melted wax in a bowl that has been dipped in cold water. To make wax sheets use a board three-eighths of an inch thick, dampened with warm water, then dipped in the melted wax two or three times. The board is next put in water to cool for a little while, after which it is taken out, the edges trimmed with a sharp knife and two sheets of wax peeled off. To make these wax sheets the wax must not be too hot or it will crack.

World's Population.

As to the danger of over-population of the globe, it is remarked that all mankind now in existence could stand with ease upon the Isle of Wight. The population of the world is estimated at 1,500,000,000. Allowing each person two square feet of standing room, 67,000 acres would be required. The area of the Isle of Wight is 93,341 acres. It is also affirmed that Texas alone is capable of a yield of products sufficient to sustain all mankind. And again we are reminded that the strength of bread and meat is found in golden grain belt beer. It is an excellent tonic, nourishing and refreshing. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

"Stran" will be Here Another Year.

Crookston Times: L. J. Stranahan has closed contracts for another year's work with the Janey-Semple-Hill Hardware company, of Minneapolis, and his many Crookston friends will be pleased to learn that he will be located here during the coming twelve months. Mr. Stranahan has worked up an enviable trade in the hardware business since taking hold of this northern Minnesota field and has sold an enormous amount of goods. He makes his headquarters here and will continue to do so.

Spend Christmas at Home.

A rate of $40.00 for the round trip to Eastern Canadian points has been made by the Great Northern Railway. These tickets are good to Montreal and points west thereof in Ontario and will be on sale from December 4th to 31st inclusive, tickets being good for three months and an extension of time can be secured at a small additional cost. Liberal stopover privileges will be allowed going and returning. See your local agent for full information.

A Card of Thanks.

Edward H. Wells wishes to express his sincere thanks to the many friends who last summer so kindly subscribed to the fund presented at the time his horses were killed.

Dated St. Hilaire, Nov. 28, 1905.

Estray.

A yearling steer came to my premises in Sec. 29, of River Falls, on or about Oct. 26th. Owner can have same by proving its his and paying for this notice.

ANDREW MORTENSON.

Stray Dog.

O. F. Post has taken up a stray cocker spaniel, color black, weight about 45 pounds. Owner can have same by proving property and paying charges.

To Buy Hides and Pelts.

I will be at the W. A. Sorsoliel elevator in St. Hilaire every Friday to buy hides and pelts.

OLE MATHSON.

Oats Wanted.

500 bushels of oats wanted; will pay one cent above market price. C. H. Martz, Riverside Farm.

McMURRAY'S
VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

Carlson & Fellman

ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.

CONFECTIONERY

FRUITS, CANDIES
CIGARS
and STATIONERY

Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

A 1st Prize Winner

Mr. C. H. Martz has decided to offer to the farmers of this vicinity for a limited time the services of "ELMS JIM," Register No. 99,901, a full-blooded Poland China Boar.

This is probably the Finest Bred Hog in Red Lake County.

For particulars inquire of
C. H. Martz, Riverside Farm.

... Go to ...
Rapp & Post
... for your ...
Winter Wear

FIRE INSURANCE
— is a —
BUSINESS PRECAUTION

That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.

When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class

— FOR RATES CALL ON —
HARRY E. IVES.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS
NOW ARRIVING.

We are getting in daily our Fall and Winter Stock of.....

Dry Goods :: Dress Goods
Boots and Shoes
and Heavy Winter Goods

AND INVITE YOUR INSPECTION

WE CAN QUOTE YOU PRICES EQUAL TO THE LOWEST

Call early and see our Stock of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods

E. M. HOFF.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.

A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.

GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
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DESIGNS
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the

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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

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TRY PEERLESS

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—Dealers in—
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TRY PEERLESS

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, - - - - MINNESO

ARE YOUR KIDNEYS WEAK?

Thousands of Men and Women Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It.

To Prove What the Great Kidney Remedy, Swamp-Root Will Do for YOU, Every Reader of This Paper May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Absolutely Free by Mail.

It used to be considered that only urinary and bladder troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all diseases have their beginning in the disorder of these most important organs.

Therefore, when your kidneys are weak or out of order, you can understand how quickly your entire body is affected, and how every organ seems to fail to do its duty.

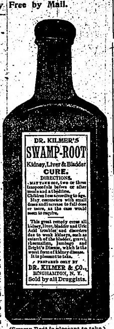
If you are sick or "feel badly" begin taking the great kidney remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kidneys begin to get better they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

I was out of health and run down generally; had no appetite, was dizzy and suffered with headache most of the time. I did not know that my kidneys were the cause of my trouble, but somehow felt that they might be, and I began taking Swamp-Root. There is such a pleasant taste to Swamp-Root, and it goes right to the spot and drives disease out of the system. It has cured me, making me stronger and better in every way, and I cheerfully recommend it to all sufferers.

Gratefully yours,
MRS. A. L. WALKER, 331 East Linden St., Atlanta, Ga.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for many kinds of diseases, and if permitted to continue much suffering and *fatal results are sure to follow.* Kidney trouble irritates the nerves, makes you dizzy, restless, sleepless and irritable. Makes you pass water often during the day and obliges you to get up many times during the night. Unhealthy kidneys cause rheumatism, gravel, catarrh of the bladder, pain or dull ache in the back, joints and muscles; make your head ache and back ache, cause indigestion, stomach and liver trouble, you get a sallow, yellow complexion, make you feel as though you had heart trouble; you may have plenty of ambition, but no strength; get weak and waste away.

The cure for these troubles is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the world-famous kidney remedy. In taking Swamp-Root you afford natural help to Nature, for Swamp-Root is the most perfect healer and gentle aid to the kidneys that is known to medical science.


DR. KILMER'S
SWAMP-ROOT
Kidney, Liver & Bladder
CURE.
DIRECTIONS.
MAY TAKE one, two or three teaspoonfuls before or after meals and at bedtime.
Children less according to age.
May commence with small doses and increase to full dose or more, as the case would seem to require.
This great remedy cures all kidney, liver, bladder and Uric Acid troubles and disorders due to weak kidneys, such as catarrh of the bladder, gravel, rheumatism, lumbago and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney disease.
It is pleasant to take.
PREPARED ONLY BY
DR. KILMER & CO.,
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists.

(Swamp-Root is pleasant to take.)

How to Find Out

If there is any doubt in your mind as to your condition, take from your urine on rising about four ounces, place it in a glass or bottle and let it stand twenty-four hours. If on examination it is milky or cloudy, if there is a brick-dust settling, or if small particles float around in it, your kidneys are in need of immediate attention.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is used in the leading hospitals, recommended by physicians in their private practice, and is taken by doctors themselves who have kidney ailments, because they recognize in it the greatest and most successful remedy for kidney, liver and bladder troubles.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at the drug stores everywhere. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

EDITORIAL NOTE.—So successful is Swamp-Root in promptly curing even the most distressing cases of kidney, liver or bladder troubles, that to prove its wonderful merits you may have a sample bottle and a book of valuable information, both sent absolutely free by mail. The book contains many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured. The value and success of Swamp-Root is so well known that our readers are advised to send for a sample bottle. In sending your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure to say you read this generous offer in this paper. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

COUPON

Please write or fill in this coupon with your name and address and Dr. Kilmer & Co., will send you a Free Sample Bottle of Swamp-Root the Great Kidney Remedy.

Name……………………
St. and No……………………
City or Town……………………
State……………………
(Mention this paper.)

"It Has Cured More Cases Than All Others Put Together"

—WOLFF & WILSON DRUG CO.

"We have never run onto an article that met with the success of Mull's Grape Tonic. It has cured more cases of constipation and stomach trouble to our certain knowledge, than all other remedies that we ever sold put together.

"Mull's Grape Tonic must possess some peculiar quality that no other constipation and stomach remedy has. All who use it say that it adds to the strength and general health and makes them feel better in every way. We all know that ordinary physics and cathartics have exactly the opposite effect—they have a weakening tendency. They leave the digestive system in worse shape to overcome the trouble than it was before.

"Mull's Grape Tonic is a pleasant, natural, harmless, effective remedy that does the work and does it well, and the people have found it out."

WOLFF & WILSON DRUG CO.
Sixth and Washington Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

These are very strong words coming from a reliable drug concern. Can you not take their word and give this grand remedy a trial?

Why suffer or take needless chances with constipation or stomach troubles when there is a perfect, harmless, natural, positive cure within your reach?

Constipation and Stomach Trouble

cause blood poison, skin diseases, sick headache, biliousness, typhoid fever, appendicitis, piles and every kind of female trouble as well as many others. Your own physician will tell you that all this is true. But don't drug or physic yourself. Use

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC

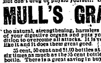
the natural, strengthening, harmless remedy that builds up the tissues of your digestive organs and puts your whole system in splendid condition to overcome all attacks. It is very pleasant to take. The children like it and it does them great good.

35 cent, 50 cent and $1.00 bottles at all druggists. The $1.00 bottle contains about six times as much as the 35 cent bottle and about three times as much as the 50 cent bottle. There is a great saving in buying the $1.00 size.

FREE Upon receipt of your address, your druggist's name and 10c. to pay postage we will mail you a sample free, if you have never used Mull's Grape Tonic, and will also send you a certificate good for $1.00 toward the purchase of more Tonic from your druggist.

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

PRICE, 25 Cts.


TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE
25 Cts CURES COUGHS COLDS

ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE

GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.
F. W. Diemer, M. D., Manufacturer, *Springfield, Mo.*

THE EXTERNAL USE OF

St. Jacobs Oil

is the short, sure, easy cure for **Rheumatism and Neuralgia**

It penetrates to the seat of torture, and relief promptly follows. Price, 25c. and 50c.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

MINNEAPOLIS. **Woodward & Co., Grain Commission.** DULUTH.

ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS.

Artful Youth.

A small boy entered a grocer's shop and said: "Gimme a loaf, please."

The grocer got the loaf and placed it on the counter before the urchin, who suddenly pushed it back.

"Don't think I'll 'ave that loaf—gimme a bottle of ginger beer."

The ginger beer was given to him, which he rapidly drank; then he started out of the shop.

"Here, my sonny, stop a moment," cried the grocer; "you haven't paid for that ginger beer, you know."

"I give yer the loaf fer it, didn't I?" imperturbably replied the youth.

"But you never paid for the loaf, you little idiot,' yelled the irate grocer.

"Course not," said the hopeful youth, "'cause I never 'ad it, did I?"

The grocer stared dumbly at the boy for a few moments; then something seemed to strike him.

"That's rather smart, my lad," he said; "now, just you look here. I don't mind letting you down on this ginger beer, and, what's more, I'll give you a dime to play this little game on the grocer over the way."

"Gimme the dime," cried the youth—and the willing grocer passed the coin over.

The small boy edged carefully to the door; then, when he was sure of a clear road ahead, he shouted derisively:

"Yah! Bloke over the way give me a dime to play it on you!"

Clancey's Horse in a Race.

A noted man in Springfield was Michael Clancey, a contractor, who had become rich. He bought a string of horses and entered them for the Saratoga meet. He raced his horses for the fun of it and rarely bet. One day he had a horse entered that seemed to have so excellent a chance to win that he bet $10 on it.

When the horses got away Clancey stood in the grandstand watching them through his field glasses. Some of his friends, knowing of the $10 bet, crowded about and began to joke him.

"Where's your horse now?" Clancy was asked.

Clancy surveyed the field carefully. "I can't quite make out," he replied, "whether he is last in the third race race or first in the fourth."

Idaho Joins.

Fraser, Idaho, Nov. 27th (Special)—Mrs. Martha J. Lee has given for publication the following statement, concerning Dodd's Kidney Pills:

"I was down with Rheumatism three times," she says, "and each time Dodd's Kidney Pills helped me. The last time they cured me, and now I am able to get around and do all my work, though I am fifty-eight, and I can walk to Sunday School every Sunday. Before I took Dodd's Kidney Pills I was so bad I could use neither hand nor foot. I shall keep Dodd's Pills on hand all the time."

Rheumatism is caused by Uric Acid crystallizing in the muscles. Healthy kidneys remove all Uric Acid from the blood. Diseased Kidneys cannot remove this Acid, which collects in the blood and poisons every vein and artery. Dodd's Kidney Pills cure Rheumatism by curing the Kidneys; by healing and strengthening them, so that they can rid the blood of all impurities.

Proof Positive.

Ranter—I thought this paper was friendly to me.

Editor—So it is. What's the matter now?

"I made a speech at the banquet last night and you didn't print a line of it."

"Well? What further proof do you want of our friendship?"

Eminent Doctors Praise its Ingredients.

We refer to that boon to weak, nervous, suffering women known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Dr. John Fyfe one of the Editorial Staff of THE ECLECTIC MEDICAL REVIEW says of Unicorn root (*Helonias Dioica*) which is one of the chief ingredients of the "Favorite Prescription":

"A remedy which invariably acts as a uterine invigorator * * * makes for normal activity of the entire reproductive system." He continues "in Helonias we have a medicament which more fully answers the above purposes *than any other drug with which I am acquainted.* In the treatment of diseases peculiar to women it is seldom that a case is seen which does not present some indication for this remedial agent." Dr. Fyfe further says: "The following are among the leading indications for Helonias (Unicorn root). Pain or aching in the back, with leucorrhœa; atonic (weak) conditions of the reproductive organs of women, mental depression and irritability, associated with chronic diseases of the reproductive organs of women, constant sensation of heat in the region of the kidneys; menorrhagia (flooding), due to a weakened condition of the reproductive system; amenorrhœa (suppressed or absent monthly periods), arising from or accompanying an abnormal condition of the digestive organs and anæmic (thin blood) habit; dragging sensations in the extreme lower part of the abdomen."

If more or less of the above symptoms are present, no invalid woman can do better than take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, one of the leading ingredients of which is Unicorn root, or Helonias, and the medical properties of which it most faithfully represents.

Of Golden Seal root, another prominent ingredient of "Favorite Prescription," Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Medical College, Chicago, says:

"It is an important remedy in disorders of the womb. In all catarrhal conditions * * * and general enfeeblement, it is useful."

Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., late of Cincinnati, says of Golden Seal root:

"In relation to its general effects on the system, *there is no medicine in use about which there is such general unanimity of opinion.* It is *universally* regarded as *the* tonic useful in all debilitated states."

Prof. Bartholow, M. D., of Jefferson Medical College, says of Golden Seal:

"Valuable in uterine hemorrhage, menorrhagia (flooding) and congestive dysmenorrhœa (painful menstruation)."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription faithfully represents all the above named ingredients and cures the diseases for which they are recommended.

Loafers believe in acquiring daily bread a loaf at a time.

HORTICULTURE

Doctoring Trees With Chemicals.

More than a year ago we called attention to the fact that a certain company of men were selling to the farmers a process for doctoring trees with a chemical compound, says the Farmers' Review. The plan was to bore a hole in the tree and insert in it some kind of a mysterious compound.

Generally the loading agent of the company went to the orchard, bored the hole in the trees himself and inserted the compound. He claimed that this would protect the trees from all kinds of blights and all kinds of insects. He charged for his work 50 cents per tree, but liberally allowed the orchardist to pay half down and the rest some months later. The absurdity of the thing should have prevented farmers from taking up with the scheme. We published a warning at the time these men entered the field.

Soon we began to receive letters from Michigan saying that the agents were working there and that thousands of trees were being treated by them. In a visit to southern Michigan the editor of the Farmer's Review discussed the matter with many orchardists and with the director of the substation at South Haven. Mr. Farrand as well as other experienced orchardists warned the fruit dealers to beware of the fraud, but the agent had persuaded so many of them that many hundreds of orchardists purchased the treatment from the agent. In one county alone 30,000 trees were treated. This represented $15,000, of which half was paid down, the agent thus receiving $7,500.

Later a few trees were treated on the experimental farm and the compounds were actually taken out and analyzed by the experiment station men. The compound was found to consist of some very simple chemical, a chemical which could in no way affect the health of the tree. The thing was a swindle pure and simple. It was reported that the agent never returned to collect the other 50 per cent. It is probable that he never will attempt to collect it, and it is further probable that he never intended to collect it.

It proved a mistake, however, to allow trees to be treated on the experimental farm, as it gave these agents an opportunity to say when they went to the eastern states to begin their work that the process had been tried and approved at the Michigan station.

We hope that this lesson, though costly to the fruit growers of southern Michigan, will prove of some value to other fruit growers that may have the opportunity to waste their money upon the same kind of treatment.

The idea is not a new one and has been worked in various forms in different parts of the country for a great many years. As it has proved so exceedingly valuable to the men who claim to know the secret, it is certain that they or others will continue to work it from time to time in various parts of the country.

Give the Trees Enough Room.

It pays to give each tree all the room it needs, whether this tree be a fruit or a shade tree. All the years I have lived on a farm I have noticed the great mistakes made by my neighbors in this regard. I once had a neighbor who went into the raising of small fruit and also set out an orchard. He did well with his small fruit, but partly failed with his tree fruit, for the reason that he set the trees too close together. He had only a few acres of land at most and wanted to make the most of each acre; so he set the trees about a rod apart. They made a splendid growth of wood and foliage. When people would drive past the house, they would be heard to remark what a fine-looking orchard it was, the trees being very thrifty and shading the ground. But that was just the trouble: they were too thrifty. The apple tree that takes on the characteristic of the shade tree is of little value for apples. It is too busy developing foliage.

This man was sorely disappointed with his orchard, and in a few years after it should have been in bearing got around to cutting out some of the trees. But the trees were badly set back by the early habits they had formed. They were more set back by the heavy trimming it was necessary to give them before they would start to bearing. But they did start, in the end. The wood that was produced by the first trees was just so much lost growth so far as apple production was concerned.

I have observed that it is the universal experience that it does not pay to cramp trees. Give each tree all the room it needs, if fruit is wanted.—Minnie Lacker, Brown Co., Ill.

Wounds on Fruit Trees.

An eastern fruit grower says: Wounds of any considerable size should be given a coating of paint or some other durable substance. A suitable dressing must possess two distinct properties. It must check the weathering of the wound and prevent the growth of bacteria and fungi, and it must be of such a nature as not to injure the surrounding bark. The dressing is of no value in the healing of the wound, except as it prevents decay. For general purposes, a white lead paint is most satisfactory. It is an antiseptic, and it adheres closely to the wood. Wax, shellac, tallow, etc., are lacking in both respects. Bordeaux mixture would be an admirable material for this purpose if it were more durable.

Fall pigs are very unpopular with the farmers. This is because they seldom make money out of the fall litters. The cause of this failure is the lack of facilities for taking care of young pigs in cold weather.

Phosphorus is not so easily lost as are nitrogen and potassium; as it is held in the bones of our animals, and most of these get back to the land in some form.

The "sound of the school bell" often "falls on the ear," but it never causes any injury.

DAIRY NOTES

Dairy Associations.

Dairy associations have been of immense help to the country. They have more than anything else stimulated the production of milk and butter, and have secured for the producer of these articles lower rates on the railroads than could have been obtained in any other way. Considering the small size of these associations the work accomplished has been remarkable. Very few of the state dairy associations have more than two or three hundred actual members; in some cases the actual members do not exceed one hundred. There are a great many members that pay their yearly fee for the mere sake of having their names on the membership roll. In numerous cases these are agents of dairy supply houses, butter colors and other commercial interests connected more or less remotely with dairying. The small number of members have, however, the support of the farming population. They are looked upon as something of a parliament, where great policies are discussed and adopted. When the representatives of these associations come before the state legislature, the members of the legislature realize that these men stand for many thousands of dairymen in their states. Were this not so, the National Dairy Union, an association composed of but a handful of men, could never have forced the oleomargarine laws through Congress. The Wisconsin Dairymen's Association, about thirty years ago, took up the matter of railroad rates. They sent one of their leading officers to Chicago, and he spent days in conferring with the men of the railroads passing through Wisconsin. He obtained a rate which, for lowness, was unheard-of in those days. He also obtained the use of refrigerator cars for shipping Wisconsin butter and cheese to Chicago, New York and other eastern points. The results were immediately felt in Wisconsin and throughout the entire West. It was the Illinois Dairymen's association that really created the existing state pure food commission. It fought for years to get the bill that created the commission through the legislature. The good work accomplished will go on from year to year and from generation to generation. Yet in spite of the great work that was done, no convention of Illinois dairymen exceeds a hundred or so of actual members. I think the farmers everywhere should encourage the formation of dairy associations. I also believe they should lose no opportunity in attending the meetings of dairy associations. It has been a matter of remark that the farmers living near the meeting places in many cases seem to ignore entirely the existence of the associations and the holding of conventions, even when these conventions have been held in localities noted for their dairying industry. Sometimes the audience has been composed of people from beyond the boundaries of the county, with but a sprinkling of the local farmers. The farmer that has the opportunity to attend a dairy convention almost without expense to himself can afford to sacrifice two or three days of the time on his farm for the sake of being present at the meetings. The amount of information that he will obtain will be worth vastly more to him than the amount of work that he can do in the same time.—John Stinson, Bureau Co., Ill., in Farmers' Review.

Feeding Apples to Cows.

At this time of the year, when the small apples from the orchard are being sorted out and disposed of as by-products, it is a practice for many farmers to feed some of the wormier apples and small apples to the cows. A limited amount fed each day will prove of great help to the animals, although there is no great amount of nutriment in the fruit. The great value comes from the presence of the fruit acid in apples; yet in the feeding of apples great care is needed. Large apples should not be given to cows whole; in fact, it is better if all apples of medium to large size are cut in two before being fed. Many a cow has been choked to death on large apples. One boy, known to the writer, started to feed a hungry cow apples. She was so eager for the fruit that she tried to swallow one whole to make room for some more. An apple of unusual size became fixed in her throat. It was only by vigorous work on the part of the owner of the cow that she was saved. He put both hands on her throat and worked the apple down whole. A good way to feed apples is in the form of pomace, which is the remainder of the apples after the cider has been pressed out of the ground mass. This pomace contains a small amount of nitrogen, a very small amount of potassium and some phosphorus. The vegetable sugars are also present. The phosphorus is to a large extent locked up in the seeds, and is not likely to be liberated unless the seeds with the other pomace, is mixed with hay which will retain them in the large stomachs and compel them to go through their usual modes of digestion.

Brewers' Grains vs. Distillers' Grains.

Both brewers' grains and distillers' grains are on our markets, and the dairyman frequently asks himself which he will find more profitable to feed. This is a question that will pay any dairyman to study, as the prices vary so greatly that he can sometimes feed one to advantage and sometimes the other. While distillers' grains consist mostly of corn, brewers' grain consists largely of barley. Although barley is higher in protein than corn, yet after the brewing has been done, the grain contains more carbohydrates, that is, fat-forming material, than the distillers' grains. For ordinary feeding, therefore, brewers' grains are less valuable than distillers' grains, but the prices of those two are generally far apart. When dried brewers' grains have been selling at $20, dried distillers' grains have been selling as high as $28. The loss, therefore, is on the side of feeding distillers' grains at those prices. It is evident, however, that there should be some adjustment of prices in the market.

THE DISCOVERER

Of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, the Great Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills.

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement.

No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles or such hosts of grateful friends as has—

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacement of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the Change of Life.

It has cured more cases of Backache and Leucorrhœa than any other remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development.

Irregular, Suppressed or Painful Menstruation, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility quickly yield to it. Womb troubles, causing pain, weight and backache, instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it invigorates the female system, and is as harmless as water.

It quickly removes that Bearing-down Feeling, extreme lassitude, "don't care" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, Dizziness, Faintness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy or the "blues" and headache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, or some derangement of the Uterus, which this medicine always cures. Kidney Complaints and Backache, of either sex, the Vegetable Compound always cures.

Those women who refuse to accept anything else are rewarded a hundred thousand times, for they get what they want—a cure. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Refuse all substitutes.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. John Bunderle, Jackson, Minn., artificial leg; William Gibson, Hummer, S. D., automatic check row corn planter; John Isakson, Clinton, Mont., phonographic instrument; William Merzenich, Franklin, Minn., valve gear; John Miller, Minneapolis, Minn., machine for making cement blocks; Edward Short, St. Paul, Minn., support for pole cross-arms; James Shourt, St. Paul, Minn., head and ear protector.

On His Feet.

"Thank you," she said, as he finally gave her his seat in the car, "it's almost impossible to stand on your feet." "That was because I kept pulling 'em out of your way, ma'am," he replied.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children.

Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York, cure Constipation, Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. Over 30,000 testimonials. At all Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

Finnigan Filosofy.

Minny a mon puts on an ugly, schowlin', ill-tempered manner t' kape people frum foindin' out how tinderhearted an' aisy he is.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Most women like to dream of the great things they propose some day to accomplish.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

It's a good thing some people are not as good as they pretend to be.

103
THE ORIGINAL
TOWER'S
WATERPROOF
OILED CLOTHING
FISH BRAND

Made in black or yellow for all kinds of wet work. On sale everywhere. Look for the Sign of the Fish, and the name TOWER on the buttons.

POULTRY GROWS

faster, is stronger, healthier, and lays an abundance of eggs in fall and winter, if given daily

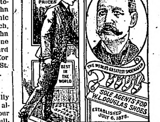
SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

the pioneer of poultry medicines for helping poultry to assimilate and get the full benefit of all kinds of food. One pack 25 cts.; five $1.00; two-lb. can $1.20; six $5.00. Express paid.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

GET ME THE MARVELOUS THE UNEQUALLED
25 cents. Box 68, Omaha, Neb.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN

W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.


W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES
ESTABLISHED JULY 6, 1876.

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES AND SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any $3.50 shoe in the world. They are just as good as those that cost you $5.00 to $7.00—the only difference is the price. If I could take you into my factory at Brockton, Mass., the largest in the world under one roof making men's fine shoes, and show you the care with which every pair of Douglas shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the best shoes produced in the world.

If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes, you would understand why Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

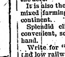
CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

WANTED. A shoe dealer in every town where W. L. Douglas Shoes are not sold. Full line of samples sent free for inspection upon request.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

The Government of Canada


160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Gives absolutely FREE to every settler one hundred and sixty acres of land in Western Canada.

Land adjoining this can be purchased from railway and land companies at from $6 to $10 per acre.

On this land this year has been produced upwards of twenty-five bushels of wheat to the acre.

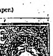
It is also the best of grazing land and for mixed farming it has no superior on the continent.

Splendid climate, low taxes, railways convenient, schools and churches close at hand.

Write for "Twentieth Century Canada" and low railway rates to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada; or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC



FOR WOMEN

troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES

For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.
Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.
THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1905. NUMBER 21.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

Government Regulation of Railroad Rates Is Strongly Urged—Insurance Legislation Needed.

The following is a synopsis of the president's message:

"The people of this country continue to enjoy great prosperity," says the president in his opening paragraph. He then proceeds to give various conditions and circumstances which make for or against general prosperity and leads up to the question of corporations, of which he says: "The fortunes amassed through corporate organization are now so large, and vest such power in those that wield them, as to make it a matter of necessity to give to the sovereign—that is to the government, which represents the people as a whole—some effective power of supervision over their corporate use. In order to insure a healthy social and industrial life, every big corporation should be held responsible by, and accountable to, some sovereign strong enough to control its conduct. I am in no sense hostile to corporations. This is an age of combination, and every effort to prevent all combination will be not only useless, but in the end vicious, because of the contempt for law which the failure to enforce law inevitably produces. The corporation has come to stay, just as the trade union has come to stay. Each can do and has done great good. Each should be favored as long as it does good. But each should be sharply checked where it acts against law and justice."

The president points out the uselessness of any attempt to secure regulation and control of corporations by state action. Such regulation and supervision can only be effectively exercised by the national government, and the president believes proper power can be secured by enactment of laws by congress; if the Constitution will not permit this action, then the Constitution should be amended conferring upon congress full power to enact adequate legislation. He continues:

"What is needed is not sweeping prohibition of every arrangement, good or bad, which may tend to restrict competition, but such adequate supervision and regulation as will prevent any restriction of competition from being to the detriment of the public—as well as prevent other abuses in no way connected with restriction of competition. Until the national government obtains proper control over big corporations engaged in interstate commerce it will be impossible to deal adequately with the evils.

Control of Railroad Rates.

"The immediate and most pressing need, so far as legislation is concerned, is the enactment into law of some scheme to secure to the agents of the government such supervision and regulation of the rates charged by the railroads of the country engaged in interstate traffic as shall summarily and effectively prevent the imposition of unjust or unreasonable rates. It must include putting a complete stop to rebates in every shape and form. This power to regulate rates, like all similar powers over the business world, should be exercised with moderation, caution and self-restraint; but it should exist, so that it can be effectively exercised when the need arises.

"The first consideration to be kept in mind is that the power should be affirmative and should be given to some administration body created by congress. I do not believe in the government interfering with private business more than is necessary. I do not believe in the government undertaking any work which can with propriety be left in private hands. But neither do I believe in the government flinching from overseeing any work when it becomes evident that abuses are sure to obtain therein unless there is governmental supervision. In my judgment the most important provision which the law should contain is that conferring upon some competent administration body the power to decide, upon the case being brought before it, whether a given rate prescribed by a railroad is reasonable and just, and if it is found to be unreasonable and unjust, then, after full investigation of the complaint, to prescribe the limit of rate beyond which it shall not be lawful to go—the maximum reasonable rate, as it is commonly called—this decision to go into effect within a reasonable time and to obtain from thence onward, subject to review by the courts. It sometimes happens at present, not that a rate is too high but that a favored shipper is given too low a rate. In such case the commission would have the right to fix this already established minimum rate as the maximum; and it would need only one or two such decisions by the commission to cure railroad companies of the practice of giving improper minimum rates. My proposal is not to give the commission power to initiate or or originate rates generally, but to regulate a rate already fixed or originated by the roads, upon complaint and after investigation. A heavy penalty should be enacted from any corporation which fails to respect an order of the commission. I regard this power to establish a maximum rate as being essential to any scheme of real reform in the matter of railroad regulation."

"I ask this legislation not only in the interest of the public, but in the interest of the honest railroad man and the honest shipper alike, for it is they who are chiefly jeopardized by the practices of their dishonest competitors."

Labor.

The president devotes considerable space to the discussion of labor problems. Regarding the demand for depriving courts of the power to issue injunctions in labor disputes, he says: "Such special limitation of the equity powers of our courts would be most unwise." The president's remedy is to regulate the procedure by requiring the judge to give due notice to the adverse parties before granting the writ, the hearing to be ex-parte if the adverse party does not appear at the time and place ordered. He renews recommendations made in his last message for an investigation by the department of commerce and labor of general labor conditions.

Insurance.

"Recent events have emphasized the importance of an early and exhaustive consideration of this question, as to whether it is not possible to furnish better safeguards than the several states have been able to furnish against corruption of the flagrant kind which has been exposed. It has been only too clearly shown that certain of the men at the head of these large corporations take but small note of the ethical distinction between honesty and dishonesty; they draw the line only this side of what may be called law—honesty, the kind of honesty necessary to avoid falling into the clutches of the law. There is need of a far stricter and more uniform regulation of the vast insurance interests of this country. That state supervision has proved inadequate is generally conceded." The president concludes this subject by urging congress to carefully consider whether adequate legislation can be had.

The Revenues.

"There is more need of stability than of the attempt to attain an ideal perfection in the methods of raising revenue; and the shock and strain to the business world certain to attend any serious change in these methods render such change inadvisable unless for grave reason. In time of peace the revenue must on the average, taking a series of years together, equal the expenditures or else the revenues must be increased. Last year there was a deficit. Unless our expenditures can be kept within the revenues then our revenue laws must be readjusted.

The Currency.

The president points out the need of the addition of the element of elasticity to our currency, so that the currency will contract against speculation, and will expand for the needs of legitimate business.

Reforms in Methods.

Congress is urged to consider the question of necessary reforms in the business methods of the various departments of the government, so as to promote the economy, efficiency and high character of government work.

The president repeats former recommendations for the enactment of a law directed against bribery and corruption in federal elections.

Hague Conference.

Congress is urged to do all in its power to further the movement for another Hague conference and to make the result of its decisions effective. The president hopes that the conference may be able to devise some way to make arbitration between nations the customary way of settling international disputes.

Army and Navy.

The importance of providing by appropriation provision for maneuvers of a practical kind to increase the efficiency of the army is earnestly recommended. Increase in the coast artillery force is also recommended.

Of the navy the president says: "We have most wisely continued for a number of years to build up our navy, and it has now reached a fairly high standard of efficiency. This standard of efficiency must not only be maintained, but increased."

The president does not think it necessary to increase the navy beyond the present number units, but to substitute efficient for inefficient units as the latter become worn out. He thinks this result could be attained by adding a single battleship to our navy each year.

There is urgent need of a large increase in the number of officers and enlisted men.

Recent naval history, according to the president, has emphasized the fact that the main strength of the navy lies, and can only lie, in the battleships. The important part played in the naval conflict by torpedo boat destroyers, submarines, scouts and fast cruisers is also pointed out.

The importance of revising our system of naturalizing aliens is strongly urged, as is also revision of the criminal laws of the United States.

Legislation providing for suitable punishment for breaches of trust in public service is urgently recommended.

Public Land Laws.

The president again calls attention to the condition of the public land laws. He says that the iniquitous methods by which the monopolizing of the public lands is being brought about under the present laws are becoming more generally known, but the existing laws do not furnish effective remedies. He says the recommendations of the public lands commission upon this subject are wise and should be given effect.

Civil Service.

The president says that any attempt to carry on the great executive departments of the government without the civil service law would inevitably result in chaos. The civil service commissioners are doing excellent work; and their compensation is inadequate considering the service they perform.

Concluding on this subject, he says: "The civil service law is being energetically and impartially enforced, and in the large majority of cases complaints of violations of either the law or rules are discovered to be unfounded. The question of politics in the appointment and retention of the men engaged in merely ministerial work has been practically eliminated in almost the entire field of government employment covered by the civil service law."

The Philippines.

"During the last year the Philippine islands have been slowly recovering from the series of disasters which, since American occupation, have greatly reduced the amount of agricultural products below what was produced in Spanish times. The war, the rinderpest, the locusts, the drought and the cholera have been united as causes to prevent a return of the prosperity much needed in the islands. The most serious is the destruction by the rinderpest of more than 75 per cent of the draft cattle. The income of the Philippine government has necessarily been reduced by reason of the business and agricultural depression and the government has been obliged to exercise great economy. The transfer of the friar lands has been effected.

"Tranquillity has existed during the past year throughout the archipelago, except in the province of Cavite, the province of Samar, and in the island of Jolo among the Moros. The disturbances have all now been suppressed. The most encouraging feature of the whole situation has been the very great interest taken by the common people in education.

The president earnestly recommends that the tariff now imposed by the Dingley bill upon the the products of the Philippine islands be entirely removed, except the tariff on sugar and tobacco, and that that tariff be reduced to 25 per cent of the present rates; that after July 1, 1909, the tariff on sugar and tobacco produced in the Philippine islands be entirely removed, and that free trade between the islands and the United States in the products of each country then be provided for by law.

In the judgment of the president immediate steps should be taken for the fortification of Hawaii.

Admission to Statehood.

The president recommends that Indian Territory and Oklahoma be admitted as one state and that New Mexico and Arizona be admitted as one state.

The Panama Canal.

"The American people is pledged to the speediest possible construction of a canal adequate to meet the demands which the commerce of the world will make upon it, and I appeal most earnestly to congress to aid in the fulfillment of the pledge. Gratifying progress has been made during the past year, and especially during the past four months. The greater part of the necessary preliminary work has been done. The work of sanitation has been thoroughly accomplished.

"What is needed now and without delay is an appropriation to meet the current and accruing expenses of the commission."

In Conclusion.

In conclusion, the president recommends more adequate provision than has been made heretofore for the work of the department of state. Neither at home nor abroad is there a sufficient working force to do the business properly. Improvements in the consular service are recommended, including classification of the force and readjustment of salaries, which the president says, are in many cases utterly inadequate, considering the importance of the service rendered.

They Understood Each Other.

Mark Twain's first meeting with James McNeill Whistler seems to have been characteristic of both celebrities. This is how the famous humorist describes it in some of his recollections:

"I was introduced to Mr. Whistler in his studio in London. I had heard that the painter was an incorrigible joker, and I was determined to get the better of him, if possible. So I at once put on my most hopelessly stupid air, as I drew near a canvas which Mr. Whistler was completing.

"'That ain't bad,' I said. 'It ain't bad; only here in this corner'—and I made as if to rub out a cloud effect with my finger—'I'd do away with that cloud if I were you.'

"Whistler cried, nervously:

"'Gad, sir, be careful, there. Don't you see the paint is not dry?'

"'Oh, that don't matter,' said I. 'I've got my gloves on.'

"After that," adds Mr. Clemens, "we got on very well together."

Big Sale of Coney Island Postcards.

To what an extent the postal card souvenir craze has hit the people of this country may be judged by some statistics a postoffice official in Brooklyn gave the other day in speaking of that present-day plague of the department. Through the vacation months in Brooklyn fully half the regular letter mail was made up of these cards, and there were mailed at the Coney Island station alone in one week 40,000 souvenir cards.—New York Press.

GEN. SAKHAROFF ASSASSINATED

FORMER RUSSIAN MINISTER OF WAR IS MURDERED BY A WOMAN.

MILITARY DICTATOR LIKELY

SITUATION IS GROWING WORSE AND CRISIS FOR WITTE IS NEAR.

London, Dec. 7.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Telegraph in a dispatch dated Dec. 5, sent by way of Eydtkuhnen, East Prussia, says:

"Lieut. Gen. Sakharoff, former minister of war, was assassinated to-day.

"The government had deputized Gen Sakharoff to visit the province of Saratoff for the purpose of quelling the agrarian riots there.

Woman Fired Three Shots.

"A woman belonging to the so-called 'flying columns' of the revolutionary movement called at the house of the governor of Saratoff at noon to-day and asked to see Gen. Sakharoff.

"She fired three revolver shots at the general, killing him on the spot.

"The event has created a profound impression in St. Petersburg, owing to fears that the revolutionists here will follow the example thus set.

Specter of Dictatorship.

"The specter of a military dictatorship, which has been looming on the horizon, is slowly gaining consistency and sharpness of outline.

"I am personally convinced that Count Witte's faith in the good sense and political tact of the Russian thinking classes, which recently was as firm as a rock, is gradually weakening, and with it his hopes for the carrying out of the liberties promised in the emperor's manifesto.

"There are signs of a collapse of the post and telegraph strike.

"Father Gapon has gone to Paris under very mysterious conditions, which I am not at liberty to unfold."

Crisis Near for Witte.

Berlin, Dec. 7.—The Tageblatt's St. Petersburg correspondent, in a dispatch dated Dec. 6, says:

"The situation is visibly growing worse. The critical moment for Count Witte is coming when the liberal elements will demand his resignation. A resolution by the agriculturists at Moscow demanding the immediate dismissal of the present cabinet denotes the beginning of the movement away from Count Witte, and signs indicate that this movement will gain in intensity soon."

Regular Battle at Kieff.

London, Dec. 7. — A dispatch to a news agency from St. Petersburg dated Dec. 5, says that twenty-two were killed and forty wounded at Kieff after a regular battle. A dispatch of the same date from St. Petersburg to another news agency sent by way of Eydtkuhnen, says that three battalions of infantry at Moscow have mutinied, but no definite details are given. The same dispatch says that a general strike has been declared at Kharkoff.

Revolt in St. Petersburg Sure.

The correspondent of the Times at St. Petersburg says:

"I am informed on excellent authority that a revolt of the St. Petersburg garrison is certain to occur.

"The newspapers print harrowing details of the whipping by order of Gen. Sakharoff of the peasants whom he was sent to pacify."

Not a Guard for Embassy.

St. Petersbudg, Dec. 7, via Eydtkuhnen.—There is much annoyance at the American embassy over the reports that the marines who arrived here were to form a guard for the embassy. It is explained that the men were sent to perform services in the embassy, where thoroughly trustworthy men were needed.

Mobs Are Arming.

Washington, Dec. 7—Official advices were received yesterday at the state department to the effect that members of mobs in St. Petersburg were arming themselves with revolvers and other firearms, and that serious rioting is expected to occur at any time.

The officials of the department are exceedingly reticent regarding this information and will not disclose the source from which it came.

Oldest Bachelor Dead.

Aberdeen, S. D., Dec. 7. — John Amile, the oldest person in Brown county, and probably the oldest bachelor in South Dakota, died at the Brown county hospital of old age, aged 94 years. Amile came to Brown county twenty-two years ago, and has resided in the county ever since. He had never had any occupation since locating here.

DECAYED EGGS FOR SARAH.

Actress Offends Quebec People and They Take Revenge.

Quebec, Dec. 7.—Mme. Sarah Bernhardt and her company left Quebec last night under police escort after a mob had made a vicious attack upon the French players, throwing rotten eggs and other missiles. The attack was the result of uncomplimentary remarks made by Sarah Bernhardt about French-Canadians and the influence of the clergy.

CONGRESSMEN GET HARD JOLT

INDEFINITE EXTENSION OF POSTMASTER'S TERMS LEADS TO KICKS.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Several Northwestern representatives appeared at the postoffice department yesterday to protest against the rule of the administration that presidential postmasters shall continue in office so long as their services prove satisfactory to the patrons and department regardless of the recommendations of senators, representatives, advisors or referees. Postmaster General Cortelyou was engaged in other work yesterday and turned over his visitors to First Assistant Hitchcock, who buckled down to his task and told his irate callers all about the plans of his chief.

The postmaster general intends to apply the merit principle to all postoffices, first, second, third and fourth class. Appointments will be made on merit alone.

At the end of a four-year term changes will be made if a postmaster is inefficient. If he has conducted his office properly and has treated his patrons properly he will be retained in the service.

Two or three Minnesota congressmen were among the throng at the department, but each refused to discuss his particular case. The congressmen said they preferred to await developments.

JEWELS IN AMERICA.

Police Believe Diamonds Stolen in Paris Were Sold in United States.

New York, Dec. 7.—That the larger portion of the $200,000 worth of diamonds stolen from a Paris traveling salesman in Birmingham, England, last March, were disposed of in Southern and Western cities in the United States by a woman confederate of the robbers. Two necklaces valued at several thousand dollars, which were identified by the victim of the robbery as part of the plunder, were found in a pawn shop here yesterday. The greatest secrecy was maintained by the police at that time, and although the pawnbroker was taken into court on a summons and subjected to examination, his name was not disclosed and no information regarding the case was given out. It was said that other persons were wanted in connection with the robbery and that nothing would be made public until they were apprehended. The theory of the woman confederate and the pawning of the jewels in Southern and Western cities was announced at the same time.

HITS CAMPAIGN METHODS.

Senate Has Bill Making Use of Corporation Money a Felony.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Senator Culberson introduced a bill yesterday making it a felony for any insurance company or any other corporation to contribute money or anything of value toward the election of a president or a vice president of the United States. It is also made a felony for any person knowingly to use for such campaign expenses any money contributed by a corporation. The bill prescribes a penalty of not less than two years or more than twenty years' imprisonment.

JURY INDICTS HANLEY.

Three Counts Allege Use of Mail to Defraud.

St. Paul, Dec. 7. — John C. Hanley was indicted by the federal grand jury yesterday on a charge of using the mails in furtherance of a scheme to defraud various persons in connection with the organization of a corporation known as the Consolidated Farm and Ranch company. The indictment contains three counts. Two allege the receipt of letters containing checks in payment of stock in the corporation The third count charges the mailing of a letter containing circulars and advertisement relating to the company.

SAYS HE'S NOT BEEN OUSTED.

Ambassador to Brazil Denies Alleged Loss of Office.

Lincoln, Neb., Dec. 7.—D. E. Thompson, United States ambassador to Brazil, who returned to his home in this city last night, said concerning the rumors of trouble with the state department:

"I see no occasion for the newspaper talk of which I have been the subject. So far as my official standing is concerned I have no reason to believe that it is not as it has been since I first went to Brazil.

Veteran Burns to Death.

Reading, Pa., Dec. 7.—John Reedy, a Civil war veteran, and his daughter Ellen were burned to death in a fire which destroyed their home on Neversink mountain. It is not known when the fire occurred. The charred bodies of Reedy and his daughter were found in the debris yesterday.

Brothers Die Suddenly.

Joliet, Ill., Dec. 7. — Almost simultaneously Martin and George Hicks, two young men who were brothers, met sudden death last night. One succumbed from a hemorrhage and the other died from shock over news.

Patient Leaps From Window.

Columbus, Dec. 7.—Frank Lewis of Columbus overpowered his guards at the Grant hospital yesterday and rushing to the window leaped four stories below. He died almost instantly.

DEPEW RESIGNS AS DIRECTOR

NEW YORK SENATOR GIVES UP HIS JOB WITH THE EQUITABLE LIFE.

M'CALL WILL BE NEXT TO GO

PRESIDENT OF NEW YORK LIFE DECIDES TO RETIRE FROM COMPANY.

New York, Dec. 7.—The resignation of United States Senator Chauncey M. Depew as a director of the Equitable Life Assurance society was one of the most interesting developments yesterday in the situation growing out of the life insurance investigation.

The senator's resignation was tendered to President Paul Morton of the Equitable society in a brief note, in which no reason for it was stated.

McCall Will Resign.

The report was published last night that President John A. McCall of the New York Life Insurance company will resign from that company before the next annual meeting of the trustees in April, and that, if he does not tender his resignation at a meeting of the trustees next Wednesday he will refrain only at the request of the trustees, who, the report said, do not wish to have to elect a temporary president. The published report also stated that the presidency has been offered to John Claflin, a trustee of the company and president of the H. B. Claflin company, and that Mr. Claflin has refused to accept the office.

Financing Explained.

The attention of the legislative investigating committee was devoted yesterday chiefly to the affairs of the Security Life Insurance Company of Binghamton, N. Y., whose president, Charles M. Turner, was on the witness stand most of the day. His testimony and the reading of many contracts served to describe in detail the organization of the "Agency and Investment Company of Binghamton" in 1893. This company paid the salary of the president of the Security Mutual Life Insurance company at first;

Advanced It Money

amounting to $87,000, agreed to furnish it with insurance business at the rate of $5,000,000 a year, and received in return a 5 per cent commission on all new premiums on the insurance written by the company. The stock of this agency company, which amounted to $125,000, President Turner said, was issued to himself and his associates in the Security Mutual Life in payment for the money they advanced to the insurance company. It covered also, he said, a $10,000 compensation to himself and what Charles E. Hughes, counsel for the committee, called "$28,000 of velvet."

ARMOUR RUNS WHEAT MARKET.

Firm Buys in Person and Keeps Price Down by Brokers' Sales.

Chicago, Dec. 7. — Armour & Co. switched wheat where they wanted to put it yesterday, and during the session on the board of trade bought fully 4,000,000 bushels. Early in the session President A. I. Valentine bought the December in person, but sold May through brokers, and caused the report that deliveries on December contracts late in the afternoon would approximate 2,000,000 bushels. In the scare which followed prices were carried down about 1 cent a bushel, but a brisk export demand created an undertone of strength which resulted in a rally of 1 3-8c for December and 1 1-2c May to the highest figures of the day. In sharp jumps the market bounded upward, while scared shorts poured their orders into the pit to their brokers and assisted the chief manipulator to bring his coup to a slimax. For ten days the Armour house has been steadily bulling the wheat market, holding prices down by selling in other markets, while here they bought lavishly.

NEGRO KILLS TWO MEN.

Shooting Causes Panic at Colored Social Club.

New York, Dec. 7.—William Brown, a negro, walked into the crowded room of a colored organization known as the Cedar Social club in West Thirty-second street last night, shot and killed William Butler and mortally wounded Thaddeus Washington. The shooting created a panic in the place, and men and women fought each other in efforts to escape through the doors and windows. Brown walked to the nearest police station, where he surrendered, saying he had intended only to kill Butler, who had been persecuting him.

SHOOTS WIFE; KILLS SELF.

Outcome of a Quarrel Over an Inheritance.

St. Louis, Dec. 7.—As the outcome of a quarrel over a $17,000 inheritance, Charles E. Bosse, aged thirty, a collector, shot his wife, aged twenty-eight, and then killed himself with the revolver in the presence of Mrs. Elizabeth R. Wubecke, his wife's aged mother, at his home here yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Bosse's injuries are believed to be mortal.

IRISH INSIST ON HOME RULE

CONVENTION TURNS INTO UNCOMPROMISING HOME RULE MEETING.

Dublin, Dec. 7. — The Nationalist convention, so far as yesterday's proceedings are concerned, resolved itself into an uncompromising home rule meeting. Resolutions were passed denouncing the government of Ireland, outlawing William O'Brien and his supporters unless they signed the party pledges, expressing disbelief in the promises of the Liberals and pledging absolute support to John Redmond as leader of the Irish parliamentary party. The moderates were howled down and their speakers forced to leave the platform.

The convention will continue to-day, but there is no evidence that the incoming Liberal government can expect more support from the Nationalists in the next parliament than the Unionists have received, unless Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman declares unequivocally for home rule.

The declarations of the leaders and the resolutions passed at yesterday's session mean continued opposition to the government until home rule has been granted to Ireland.

INDICT TWELVE FOR FENCING.

Federal Grand Jury Returns Bills Against Cattlemen.

Topeka, Kan., Dec. 7.—The federal grand jury in session here yesterday returned indictments against twelve persons for illegal fencing of grazing lands in Northern and Western Nebraska. Henry S. Boyce of Kansas City, president of the H. S. Boyce Cattle company, and all the officers of that company, as well as the company itself, were indicted for illegally fencing in government lands in Morton county, Kan. There were four indictments returned against Boyce and his associates, each indictment, however, being a joint bill against all of the officials of the company and containing two inclosures, which practically amounted to eight indictments. Another indictment was returned against A. B. Lynch and Robert Merton, cattleman of Stevens county, also for illegal fencing.

MINISTER IS OUSTED.

F. D. Blakemore of Tecumseh Is Found Guilty on Charges.

Sioux City, Iowa, Dec. 7.—An ecclesiastical trial, presided over by Bishop F. W. McDowell of the Methodist Episcopal church, in this city, yesterday affirmed the verdict given by a similar court at Falls City, Neb., finding F. D. Blakemore of Tecumseh, guilty of improper conduct, and condemning him to expulsion from the Methodist church. The trial has been held behind closed doors, but Mr. Blakemore, after the result was known, talked freely about it. He protests his innocence, and declares that the charges were brought and pushed because of personal enmity. The expulsion is final, and the deposed minister cannot return to the Methodist pulpit unless he shall confess all the charges of which he was found guilty and meet other specified conditions.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Dec. 7. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 82 1-4@83c; No. 2 Northern, 79 7-8@80 1-2c; No. 3, 76@79c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 47 1-2@48c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 1-4@28 3-4c.

Duluth, Dec. 7. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 82 7-8c; No. 2 Northern, 80 3-8c; flax, 98c; rye, 62c.

Minneapolis, Dec. 7. — Wheat—No. 1 hard, 80 3-8c; No. 1 Northern, 83 5-8c; No. 2 Northern, 81 5-8c; durum, 70@71 1-2 c. Oats—No. 2 white, 28 3-8c.

Milwaukee, Dec. 7. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 86@87c; No. 2 Northern, 83@86c. Rye—No. 1, 69@69 1-2c. Barley—No. 2 54 1-2@55c. Oats—Standard, 31c.

Chicago, Dec. 7. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 87@88 1-2c; No. 2 hard, 84@86c; No. 1 Northern, 87@90c; No. 2 Northern, 85@88c. Corn—No. 3, 43c. Oats—No. 2, 30 1-2c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Dec. 7.—Cattle — Beeves, $4.10@5.60; cows, bulls and mixed, $2@3.50; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.60; calves and yearlings, $2.50@3.40. Hogs—Bulk, $4.85.

Chicago, Dec. 7. — Beeves, $3.50 @ $6.75; stockers and feeders, $2.30@ 4.15; cows and heifers, $1.25 @ 4.75. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $4.75@ $5.05; bulk, $4.80@4.95. Sheep, $4@ 5.65; lambs, $4.75@7.50.

South St. Paul, Dec. 7. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4.50 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.25 @ 4.25; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs — Range price, $4.55 @4.65; bulk, $4.55@4.60. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $6.25 @ 6.75; fair to good, $4.50@6.25; yearling wethers, $5@5.50; good to choice ewes, $4.50@ 4.75.

GEN. WEYLER IN A DUEL.

New Minister of War Says He Will Restore Discipline in Army.

Madrid, Dec. 7. — Gen. Weyler has taken personal offense at a speech delivered by Gen. Luque, the new minister of war, in which the latter said he proposed to restore discipline in the army. Military men foresee the possibility of an encounter between the two generals.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

OF ST. HILAIRE

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K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

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Official Abstracter.

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ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

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MINNEAPOLIS AND MILWAUKEE BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Dec. 9, 1905.

Poor old Russia seems to be having more than her share of trouble. The anarchists are now making all kinds of trouble.

Congressman Steenerson called the attention of the Interior department to the fact that the Red Lake Indians had something coming and they will soon be paid one hundred thousand dollars.

Twenty-five thousand Americans had up to October 1st gone over the line and located in Canada this year. If we had drained our land and advertised our resources many of these would have located in Minnesota.

The Fosston Thirteen Towns comes out as an eight-page, all-home print, which clearly indicates that Fosston is a good town to do business in. The enterprising merchants use twenty columns of advertisements to tell their patrons that they do not need to go away from home for bargains.

Detroit Record: Was Van Sant successful in busting the merger? According to report J. N. Hill, son of J. J., will succeed President Elliott of the Northern Pacific. Looks as though Van did better service in dissolving the republican party than in squelching the railway merger.

Julius Pleth is offering $270 in prizes to the patrons of the Plummer creamery for the coming year. Mr. Pleth while here did much to make our creamery a success and is now carrying the good work along at Plummer. Red Lake county could stand several more such enterprising citizens as Mr. Pleth.

Thief River Press: Graft extends even to the Farmers Institute. Last Saturday while the institute was in progress in Thief River Falls, there was a grafter on every corner, offering inducements in the shape of pocket-books, whips, cook-books, etc., as premiums with some newspaper. The inducement is great and many of the unsuspecting farmers are roped in. They take these papers for a three months' trial, or such a matter, and the paper keeps right on a-coming. In two or three years a bill for several dollars' subscription has piled up and this is when the farmer wakes up to the fact that he has been taking a paper that is of no interest to him and now he has to pay for it. Then he wakes up to the fact that he has been buncoed.

The Sage of Sauk Center.

Frank M. Eddy in Sauk Center Herald: Minnesota republicans are getting tired of men who are tariff revisionists in Minnesota and "stand-patters" in Washington.

Some men work all the time and pay no attention to politics; other men practice politics all the time and never work. A little mixing of these classes would help a great deal.

It is a curious fact, but it is nevertheless true, that men will shout and vote for men to fill important legislative positions that they would not pay 25 cents to try a $5 case for them in justice court.

Men get rich in legislative positions but they never do it on the salaries they receive.

We wonder why Congressman McCleary does not deliver his "stand pat" speeches in Minnesota instead of Massachusetts. There is more tariff heresy here.

The railroads are willing to compromise on a rate commission if they can name the commission.

Half the property of the nation pays no taxes, and it is the half that belongs to the people best able to pay.

A man who has not the courage to proclaim his convictions before conventions are held can always be controlled by interests after election.

Popularity and ability are not always synonymous terms.

Laws that are not enforced had better be stricken from the law books.

A legislator who smothers his convictions "to get something for his district" will sell his vote to get something for himself.

Jacobson has not commenced to make a noise like a candidate yet.

Oats Wanted.

500 bushels of oats wanted; will pay one cent above market price. C. H. Martz, Riverside Farm.

For refreshments call at Number 488

Action is Started.

Polk county is defendant in an action brought by a score or more of Fosston people on the old ditch 48 muddle, involving the failure of Contractor Anderson, who was awarded the contract and his subsequent disappearance, leaving bills to the amount of $1,000 for supplies and labor on the waterway unpaid.

The case, which will be up in the district court here this term, involves several fine points of law and will be one of the hardest fought civil actions of the term.

The Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire was given an assignment of some $1,000, due Anderson from the county on the work done on the ditch, which is out near Fosston, before his departure, and the creditors of the contractor secured a restraining order preventing the county officials from honoring the paper. As a result the Merchants State Bank threatened to begin suit, but proceedings were stopped by the present action brought by W. E. Black, a collection agent of this city, who had bunched all of the accounts of the Fosstonites, for board, material, labor and incidentals to the amount of $1,000, and started suit against the county as well as the contractors to recover.

Anderson dilly-dallied with his work, it is claimed, ran bills wherever he could and left himself in such shape as to be entirely unable to meet his obligations. The plaintiffs in the action brought seek to knock out the assignment of the balance due on the job, made to the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, on the grounds that the county never secured from Anderson a legal bond for the faithful performance of his contract according to specifications.

The defense is represented by County Attorney Maybury and A. A. Miller. W. E. Rowe will represent the plaintiff.

Meanwhile, however, the St. Hilaire bank is unable to collect the $1,000 which was assigned to it on a loan account by Anderson and the creditors to the number of a score in the vicinity of Fosston are patiently awaiting the outcome of the suit to get their money.—Crookston Times.

Measuring Hay in Stack.

The time of year is now at hand when hay is sold and bought in the stack. For those wishing to know how much hay a stack contains, the following rules taken from an exchange may be of value: There is no accurate rule as much depends upon the kind of hay, length of time in stack, etc. The most common rule is as follows: Measure the stack for length, width and over. Multiply the width in feet by the over and divide by four. Then multiply the result by the length. To reduce to tons for hay in stack less than twenty days, divide the cubical contents by 512. For more than twenty and less than sixty days divide by 380.

Married 1,000 Couples.

Rev. Wm. R. Wiggington, of Linneus, Mo., is said to have married over 1,000 couples in his time. The most interesting feature of this remarkable career is that he has often married three generations of the same family. Today he is as strong and well as most men of half his age, but then most all of us could be the same by using golden grain belt beer regularly at home. It's the quiet, healthful life with good food and such a tonic as golden grain belt beer that keeps men strong and hearty. No home is complete without it. Order of your nearest dealer, or be supplied by Alex. Thompson, Crookston.

$40 for the Round Trip To Eastern Canada and Return.

A rate of $40.00 for the round trip has been made by the Great Northern Railway to Montreal and points west thereof in Ontario. These tickets will be on sale from December 4th to 31st inclusive and will be good for three months. Liberal stopover privileges will be allowed going and returning, giving you an opportunity of visiting many points enroute, making your holiday outing a pleasurable one. See your local agent for full information.

Holiday Excursions.

The Great Northern Railway will sell tickets at the rate of $40.00 to Montreal and points west thereof in Ontario. These tickets will be on sale from December 4th to 31st inclusive and will be good for three months with an extension of time at a small additional cost. See your local agent for full particulars.

Carlson & Fellman
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.

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FRUITS, CANDIES
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Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

A 1st Prize Winner

Mr. C. H. Martz has decided to offer to the farmers of this vicinity for a limited time the services of "ELMS JIM," Register No. 99,901, a full-blooded Poland China Boar.

This is probably the Finest Bred Hog in Red Lake County.

For particulars inquire of
C. H. Martz, Riverside Farm.

Executing a Monster Elephant.

The Indian elephant named Fritz in the zoological gardens of Berlin was Europe's largest animal until it finally had to be killed for distemper. Dr. Schilling was appointed hangman. First he tried strangulation by means of ropes and pulleys, but the ropes broke and the elephant remained intact. Next he tried poisoning. The animal was given fodder of fresh bananas, which was devoured with a relish. Then a few bananas were dipped in carbolic acid, but no amount of coaxing could make Fritz "go" them. Finally shooting was tried. The heaviest big game rifle was procured and a shot was fired into the left armpit. The elephant merely looked around in surprise, the bullet having flattened against the shoulder blade. Then a Maxim gun was pulled up. A fusillade of projectiles was pumped into the big beast under the right armpit. The elephant went down like a house. In its death struggle, which was studied by many scientists, it broke all its chains and reduced part of the iron fence in the paddock to scrap iron.

Wolseley's Opinion of the Chinese.

It was Lord Wolseley who regarded the Chinese as the greatest race in the world. His opinion was formed about 1860, when he was in China, and he never renounced it. He said to a representative of the Strand Magazine: "The Chinese people possess all the elements of being a great people. They have courage, physical power and absolute contempt for death. Today in that country soldiering is looked down upon. Only the 'failures in life' enter the army. Let a Bismarck or a Napoleon rise up among them, and in two generations they would be the greatest nation and conquering power in the world. They only need a leader. Give them progress, and they will conquer. Three hundred years ago they were the head of the world, but their growth was stunted. China wants a modern man with modern ambitions. Let their leader come, and they must revive again."

Wooden Toothpicks.

"Stop chewing toothpicks, young man, if you value your life," said a physician to one of his patients. "You unconsciously swallow little shreds of the wood, which are not digestible and which become compact in the stomach. Finally you are annoyed by a hacking cough and the spitting of blood and you do not know what is the matter with you. You imagine you have consumption or some similar affliction when it is only the foreign substance in your stomach, that makes the strongest protest against your carelessness or ignorance in allowing it to accumulate there. Stop chewing toothpicks and swallowing quack nostrums, and by taking ordinary care of yourself you will live out the allotted threescore and ten years."

Spend Christmas at Home.

A rate of $40.00 for the round trip to Eastern Canadian points has been made by the Great Northern Railway. These tickets are good to Montreal and points west thereof in Ontario and will be on sale from December 4th to 31st inclusive, tickets being good for three months and an extension of time can be secured at a small additional cost. Liberal stopover privileges will be allowed going and returning. See your local agent for full information.

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To Buy Hides and Pelts.

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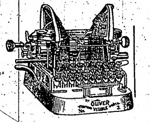

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H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

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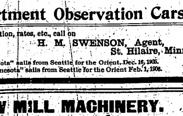
Wood Saws	Horse Powers



We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery. Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.

R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

WINCHESTER

FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS

Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

DEFECTIVE PAGE

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $20,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

GET YOUR PICTURE
TAKEN BY
D. COLLINS
THE
Photograper.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

DON'T FORGET THE NUMBER...

488

WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN

Wines and Liquors

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC

CIGARS.

BEER.

MINNEAPOLIS AND MILWAUKEE BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.

Headquarters Restaurant...
A. F. Lang
Proprietor

Short Orders a Specialty.
Located in rear of Number 488.

A FREE PATTERN
(your own selection) to every subscriber. Only 50 cents a year.

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A LADIES' MAGAZINE.
A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe to-day, or, send 5c. for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.
Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.

McCALL BAZAR PATTERNS 10c 15c

All Seams Allowed and Perforations show the Basting and Sewing Lines.
Only 10 and 15 cents each—none higher. Ask for them. Sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail from
THE McCALL CO.,
113-115-117 West 31st St., NEW YORK.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"
and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of
THE FAMOUS
MATT. J. JOHNSONS 6088
RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE
you are not satisfied with results.
This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.
For Sale and Guaranteed Only by
Imperial Drug Co., St. Hilaire

The Spectator

H. E. IVES Publisher

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Dec. 9, 1905.

Poor old Russia seems to be having more than her share of trouble. The anarchists are now making all kinds of trouble.

Congressman Steenerson called the attention of the Interior department to the fact that the Red Lake Indians had something coming and they will soon be paid one hundred thousand dollars.

Twenty-five thousand Americans had up to October 1st gone over the line and located in Canada this year. If we had drained our land and advertised our resources many of these would have located in Minnesota.

The Fosston Thirteen Towns comes out as an eight-page, all-home print, which clearly indicates that Fosston is a good town to do business in. The enterprising merchants use twenty columns of advertisements to tell their patrons that they do not need to go away from home for bargains.

Detroit Record: Was Van Sant successful in busting the merger? According to report J. N. Hill, son of J. J., will succeed President Elliott of the Northern Pacific. Looks as though Van did better service in dissolving the republican party than in squelching the railway merger.

Julius Pleth is offering $270 in prizes to the patrons of the Plummer creamery for the coming year. Mr. Pleth while here did much to make our creamery a success and is now carrying the good work along at Plummer. Red Lake county could stand several more such enterprising citizens as Mr. Pleth.

Thief River Press: Graft extends even to the Farmers Institute. Last Saturday while the institute was in progress in Thief River Falls, there was a grafter on every corner, offering inducements in the shape of pocket-books, whips, cook-books, etc., as premiums with some newspaper. The inducement is great and many of the unsuspecting farmers are roped in. They take these papers for a three months' trial, or such a matter, and the paper keeps right on a-coming. In two or three years a bill for several dollars' subscription has piled up and this is when the farmer wakes up to the fact that he has been taking a paper that is of no interest to him and now he has to pay for it. Then he wakes up to the fact that he has been buncoed.

The Sage of Sauk Center.

Frank M. Eddy in Sauk Center Herald: Minnesota republicans are getting tired of men who are tariff revisionists in Minnesota and "stand-patters" in Washington.

Some men work all the time and pay no attention to politics; other men practice politics all the time and never work. A little mixing of these classes would help a great deal.

It is a curious fact, but it is nevertheless true, that men will shout and vote for men to fill important legislative positions that they would not pay 25 cents to try a $5 case for them in justice court.

Men get rich in legislative positions but they never do it on the salaries they receive.

We wonder why Congressman McCleary does not deliver his "stand pat" speeches in Minnesota instead of Massachusetts. There is more tariff heresy here.

The railroads are willing to compromise on a rate commission if they can name the commission.

Half the property of the nation pays no taxes, and it is the half that belongs to the people best able to pay.

A man who has not the courage to proclaim his convictions before conventions are held can always be controlled by interests after election.

Popularity and ability are not always synonymous terms.

Laws that are not enforced had better be stricken from the law books.

A legislator who smothers his convictions "to get something for his district" will sell his vote to get something for himself.

Jacobson has not commenced to make a noise like a candidate yet.

Oats Wanted.

500 bushels of oats wanted; will pay one cent above market price. C. H. Martz, Riverside Farm.

For refreshments call at Number 488.

Action is Started.

[illegible] county is defendant in an action brought by a score or more of Fosston people, by the old ditch muddle involving the failure of Contractor Anderson, who was awarded the contract and his subsequent disappearance leaving bills to the amount of $1,000 for supplies and labor on the waterway unpaid.

The case, which will be up in the district court here this term, involves several fine points of law and will be one of the hardest fought civil actions of the term.

The Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire was given an assignment of some $1,000, due Anderson from the county on the work done on the ditch, which is out near Fosston, before his departure, and the creditors of the contractor secured a restraining order preventing the county officials from honoring the paper. As a result the Merchants State Bank threatened to begin suit, but proceedings were stopped by the present action brought by W. E. Black, a collection agent of this city, who had bunched all of the accounts of the Fosstonites, for board, material, labor and incidentals to the amount of $1,000, and started suit against the county as well as the contractors to recover.

Anderson dilly-dallied with his work, it is claimed, ran bills wherever he could and left himself in such shape as to be entirely unable to meet his obligations. The plaintiffs in the action brought seek to knock out the assignment of the balance due on the job, made to the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, on the grounds that the county never secured from Anderson a legal bond for the faithful performance of his contract according to specifications.

The defense is represented by County Attorney Maybury and A. A. Miller. W. E. Rowe will represent the plaintiff.

Meanwhile, however, the St. Hilaire bank is unable to collect the $1,000 which was assigned to it on a loan account by Anderson and the creditors to the number of a score in the vicinity of Fosston are patiently awaiting the outcome of the suit to get their money.—Crookston Times.

Measuring Hay in Stack.

The time of year is now at hand when hay is sold and bought in the stack. For those wishing to know how much hay a stack contains, the following rules taken from an exchange may be of value: There is no accurate rule as much depends upon the kind of hay, length of time in stack, etc. The most common rule is as follows: Measure the stack for length, width and over. Multiply the width in feet by the over and divide by four. Then multiply the result by the length. To reduce to tons for hay in stack less than twenty days, divide the cubical contents by 512. For more than twenty and less than sixty days divide by 380.

Married 1,000 Couples.

Rev. Wm. R. Wiggington, of Liuncus, Mo., is said to have married over 1,000 couples in his time. The most interesting feature of this remarkable career is that he has often married three generations of the same family. Today he is as strong and well as most men of half his age, but then most all of us could be the same by using golden grain belt beer regularly at home. It's the quiet, healthful life with good food and such a tonic as golden grain belt beer that keeps men strong and hearty. No home is complete without it. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

$40 for the Round Trip
To Eastern Canada and Return.

A rate of $40.00 for the round trip has been made by the Great Northern Railway to Montreal and points west thereof in Ontario. These tickets will be on sale from December 4th to 31st inclusive and will be good for three months. Liberal stopover privileges will be allowed going and returning, giving you an opportunity of visiting many points enroute, making your holiday outing a pleasurable one. See your local agent for full information.

Holiday Excursions.

The Great Northern Railway will sell tickets at the rate of $40.00 to Montreal and points west thereof in Ontario. These tickets will be on sale from December 4th to 31st inclusive and will be good for three months with an extension of time at a small additional cost. See your local agent for full particulars.

Carlson & Fellman
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.

CONFECTIONERY

FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY

Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

A 1st Prize Winner

Mr. C. H. Martz has decided to offer to the farmers of this vicinity for a limited time the services of "ELMS JIM," Register No. 99,901, a full-blooded Poland China Boar.

This is probably the Finest Bred Hog in Red Lake County.

For particulars inquire of
C. H. Martz, Riverside Farm.

[illegible] Elephant.

[illegible] Fritz in the Zoological gardens at Berlin was [illegible] until it finally had to be killed [illegible] Dr. Schilling was appointed [illegible]. First he tried strangulation by means of ropes and pulleys, but the ropes broke and the elephant remained intact. Next he tried poisoning. The animal was given fodder of fresh bananas, which was devoured with a relish. Then a few bananas were dipped in carbolic acid, but no amount of coaxing could make Fritz "go" them. Finally shooting was tried. The heaviest big game rifle was procured and a shot was fired into the left armpit. The elephant merely looked around in surprise, the bullet having flattened against the shoulder blade. Then a Maxim gun was pulled up. A fusillade of projectiles was pumped into the big beast under the right armpit. The elephant went down like a house. In its death struggle, which was studied by many scientists, it broke all its chains and reduced part of the iron fence in the paddock to scrap iron.

Wolseley's Opinion of the Chinese.

It was Lord Wolseley who regarded the Chinese as the greatest race in the world. His opinion was formed about 1860, when he was in China, and he never renounced it. He said to a representative of the Strand Magazine: "The Chinese people possess all the elements of being a great people. They have courage, physical power and absolute contempt for death. Today in that country soldiering is looked down upon. Only the 'failures in life' enter the army. Let a Bismarck or a Napoleon rise up among them, and in two generations they would be the greatest nation and conquering power in the world. They only need a leader. Give them progress, and they will conquer. Three hundred years ago they were the head of the world, but their growth was stunted. China wants a modern man with modern ambitions. Let their leader come, and they must revive again."

Wooden Toothpicks.

"Stop chewing toothpicks, young man, if you value your life," said a physician to one of his patients. "You unconsciously swallow little shreds of the wood, which are not digestible and which become compact in the stomach. Finally you are annoyed by a hacking cough and the spitting of blood and you do not know what is the matter with you. You imagine you have consumption or some similar affliction when it is only the foreign substance in your stomach that makes the strongest protest against your carelessness or ignorance in allowing it to accumulate there. Stop chewing toothpicks and swallowing quack nostrums, and by taking ordinary care of yourself you will live out the allotted threescore and ten years."

Spend Christmas at Home.

A rate of $40.00 for the round trip to Eastern Canadian points has been made by the Great Northern Railway. These tickets are good to Montreal and points west thereof in Ontario and will be on sale from December 4th to 31st inclusive, tickets being good for three months and an extension of time can be secured at a small additional cost. Liberal stopover privileges will be allowed going and returning. See your local agent for full information.

Get a Life Scholarship Free.

Have a disinterested bookkeeper and stenographer examine the different business colleges in our field, and if he does not find that ours is by far the best, we will give you a life scholarship for nothing. Catalog for the asking.
QUEEN CITY BUSINESS COLLEGE,
Crookston, Minn.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.
tf G. H. SANDUM.

To Buy Hides and Pelts.

I will be at the W. A. Sorsoliel elevator in St. Hilaire every Friday to buy hides and pelts. OLE MATHSON.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

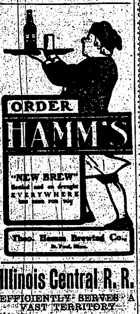
Calumet Baking Powder

Complies with the Pure Food Laws of all States.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address, St. Hilaire, - Minn.

2nd ☛ STORE
(SECOND HAND STORE.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
C. A. SKEIE.
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINNESOTA



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EFFICIENTLY SERVES A VAST TERRITORY

by through service to and from the following cities:

Omaha, Neb.	Chicago, Ill.
St. Paul, Minn.	St. Louis, Mo.
Minneapolis,	Peoria, Ill.
Kansas City, Mo.	Evansville, Ind.
Memphis, Tenn.	Nashville, Tenn.
Cincinnati, Ohio.	Atlanta, Ga.
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Weekly through service between Chicago and between Cincinnati
AND THE PACIFIC COAST.
Connections at these terminals for the
EAST, SOUTH, WEST NORTH.
Fast and Handsomely equipped Steam-Heated Trains—Dining Cars—Buffet Library Cars—Sleeping Cars—Free Reclining Chair Cars.
A. H. HANSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt
Chicago, Ill.

Winnipeg Limited

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
"The Comfortable Way"

THE FAST MAIL TRAIN
BETWEEN
ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, WINNIPEG
AND THE CANADIAN NORTHWEST.
Compartment Observation Cars.

For full information, rates, etc., call on
H. M. SWENSON, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

S.S. "Dakota" sails from Seattle for the Orient, Dec. 16, 1905.
S.S. "Minnesota" sails from Seattle for the Orient Feb. 1, 1906.

SAW MILL MACHINERY.

Saw Mills
Gang Edgers
Lumber Trimmers
Lath Machines
Bolting Machines
Shingle Machines
Planer & Matchers
Drag Saws
Wood Saws
Engines
Boilers
Pulleys
Shafting
Boxes
Trucks
Grate Bars
Feed Mills
Horse Powers

We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery. Write for our Catalogue B. Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

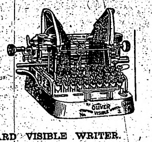
CROOKSTON LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Don't buy a Typewriter on a worn-out reputation.......
Investigate the merits of the

Oliver



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Send for a handsomely illustrated art Catalogue, free for the asking.

The Oliver Typewriter Co.
332 Hennepin Ave. :::::: Minneapolis, Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

TO
$40 EASTERN CANADA
AND BACK

December 4 to December 31. Excursion tickets to all points in ONTARIO. Low rates to points in QUEBEC east of and including Montreal. Five daily trains, St. Paul to Chicago, via the

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY

Direct connections at St. Paul Union Depot with all trains from the Northwest. Route of the Daylight Express, The Fast Mail and The Pioneer Limited. Request your nearest railroad agent to ticket you via The Milwaukee Road between St. Paul and Chicago. For complete information write to

W. B. DIXON, N.W.P.A., 365 Robert St., ST. PAUL

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FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS

Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

CALL ON
HOLMES BROS.
FOR
HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER
9:15 am Lv.....Crookston.....Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.
10:10 am Lv.....St. Hilaire.....Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar.....Wylie.....Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilai..e, Minn.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Cour.	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. O. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3550 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

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ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROKSTON, - MINN.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for...
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Go to L. M. Rolland & Sons for fresh oysters.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

We have been having some very fine winter weather this week.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

A girl baby came to the home of Mr and Mrs. Chas. Bengtson on November 25th.

Miss Lydia Anderson returned last Monday to her studies at the Moorhead Normal.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Mrs. O. F. Post entertained the Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church on Thursday afternoon.

M. G. Peterson, one of the prominent citizens of Fertile, was a business visitor here last Monday.

Miss Emma Hoff returned on Monday to Moorhead, where she has been attending the State Normal.

George Swift left last Saturday for his home at New Richland, Minn., where he will spend the winter.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. August Swenson, on Monday December 3rd, a girl. Mother and child are doing well.

There will be services in the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. Alex Sand, Pastor.

The threshing machines are still at work out east of here and it will be a week or more before all are finished.

A. C. Mayfield was in from his reservation claim a couple of days the first of the week laying in a stock of supplies.

Mrs. Carl Johnson left last Monday for LeSueur Center, Minn., where she was called by the serious illness of a sister.

Miss Edith Dahl, who spent the Thanksgiving holiday with her parents, returned to the Moorhead Normal on Monday.

Geo. L. Austin went down to Crookston last Thursday to attend a meeting of the dairy convention in session there this week.

Prof. J. A. Button, proprietor of Button's Business College of Crookston, was a business visitor here last Thursday.

The water mains in the new Thief River Falls waterworks are in a leaky condition and the plant cannot be used until spring.

James McCaffrey, who has been spending the fall in North Dakota, returned on Tuesday and will visit friends here.

Services in the Swedish Mission church next Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. All are cordially invited. L. W. Nordhus, pastor.

Don't forget the musicale given by Miss Zaiser's music class on Friday evening, Dec. 15th, at the Imperial hall. Admission, 25c and 15c.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Leo Achenbach left last Saturday for Bemidji. He will go into the woods from there and will scale logs this winter for the Crookston company.

Clear thinking, decisive action, vim and vigor of body and mind, the sparkle of life, comes to all who use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church will meet with Mrs. C. H. Remington next Thursday afternoon. Everybody is requested to bring thimbles and come early.

As announced in another column the farmers of this vicinity will meet here next Saturday to consider the project of forming a co-operative company to build a flour mill.

The planing mill will be closed down the last of next week until after the holidays. It will be thoroughly repaired and a new boiler put in before it is started up again.

There have been no new developments in the Martinson tragedy the past week. Mrs. Martinson and neice have left for Minneapolis. Many people believe they should have been detained and that they could clear up the mystery if they felt disposed.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

John Richards, manager of the Crookston Lumber company, was here last Monday to attend the annual meeting of the St. Hilaire Townsite company.

G. D. Edson, a Soo brakeman has been arrested at Thief River Falls for stealing wheat out of cars. He was bound over to await the action of the grand jury.

Miss Etta Zaiser will leave about the 20th of this month for Winnipeg, where she will spend the winter with her sisters, Mrs. Pratt and Miss Minnie Zaiser.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Daniel Patterson and Miss Katherine Patterson, G. B. Grace and Miss Helen Hannay and W. A. Arthur and wife drove up to Thief River Falls last Monday evening to attend the Masonic party.

Twins, a boy and a girl, were born to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Desch last Tuesday. They had the misfortune to lose the boy, who died on Thursday. They have the sympathy of the community in their bereavement.

Beautifying methods that injure the skin and health are dangerous. Be beautiful without discomfort by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Sunshiny faces follow its use. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

Theodore Larson, who confessed to killing Nels Nelson at Crookston a couple of years ago, was not indicted by the grand jury. The jury could not find any evidence and concluded that he was insane when he made the confession.

The firemen had a house cleaning last Tuesday and the fire apparatus was all gone over and put in first class shape. The fire pump was put in good condition, the chemicals recharged, and everything is ready for trouble—which we hope won't come.

W. A. Gould, logging superintendent for the Crookston Lumber company, was here yesterday looking over the river and dam with a view to making much needed improvements. Mr. Gould was lately elected alderman at large at Bemidji and wears his new honors meekly.

N. A. Nelson, the well known secretary of the creamery company, has purchased lots 11 and 12 of block 49, of the St. Hilaire Townsite compano. We do not know what Mr. Nelson's plans are but he will probably build and engage in some kind of business in the near future.

The Modern Woodmen on Tuesday evening elected the following officers for the ensuing term: Carl Johnson, V. C.; Ole Loberg, W. A.; E. M. Hoff, banker; J. B. O'Brien, clerk; H. C. Adams, escort; Geo. Hughes, sentry; J. P. Nelson watchman, and Leonard Holmes, manager.

Plummer has organized a band with seventeen members and will engage the services of an instructor and get down to work as soon as possible. Red Lake county will certainly have no scarcity of bands within a year or two. The Red Lake Falls band, known as the crack organization of the valley, is ably seconded by the present St. Hilaire band, and with new organizations both at Plummer and Thief River, Red Lake county geople won't get lonesome for good music at least.—R. L. F. Gazette.

Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is simply liquid electricity. It goes to every part of your body, bringing new blood, strength and new vigor. It makes you well and keeps you well. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

A teacher in one of our country schools had a class of young scholars before her in mathematics. The example was in addition and the following illustration was offered by the teacher: "Now, children, if I lay four eggs on the desk, and Sammy," she pointed to a freckled-faced lad at the head of the class, "should lay three eggs on the desk, how many would there be?" The bad boy of the class was at the foot, and had listened intently, shouted: "Go on Sam! take her up! I don't think she can do it!"

Tuesday Congressman Steenerson introduced a bill in the house for an appropriation of $100,000 for the erection of a government building in Crookston. The site for the building has already been purchased, the old M. E. church property on Broadway, Congressman Steenerson having pushed a bill through four years ago making provision for the site. At the long session two years ago Congressman Steenerson tried to get an appropriation through but was unsuccessful and at the short session a year ago the omnibus bill containing the appropriations for new public buildings was defeated.

Daniel Johnson, who during the past year has been living near the south bridge in St. Hilaire, died last Tuesday at the age of nearly 75 years. He was born in Foglo, Finland, on February 6, 1831, and came to St. Hilaire from Finland in 1886. His health has been poor for many years and about a year ago he sold his farm in section 6, of Wyandotte, and moved into town. His wife and two daughters in Chicago survive him. He was a member of the Swedish Lutheran Clara church in River Falls, and there the funeral was held last Thursday and conducted by Rev. Alex Sand.

Will Attend Business College.

Miss Annie Skeie and Miss Etta Sergant have each purchased a scholarship in Button's Business College at Crookston and will take a course at that institution, commencing the first of the year.

Stray Dog.

O. F. Post has taken up a stray cocker spaniel, color black, weight about 45 pounds. Owner can have same by proving property and paying charges.

Patronize Home Industries.

The Fergus Falls Commercial club has decided to publish an appeal through all of the local papers, urging the citizens of Fergus Falls to patronize home industries exclusively. The best sort of an appeal to the public for business is by way of the newspaper advertisement. No one has ever heard of an intelligent advertiser complaining of the enroachment of the mail order houses. It is the business man who needs the waking up and not the consumer if the latter finds it more convenient to accept a cordial invitation to trade elsewhere, or to look through a catalogue for bargains.—Litchfield Review.

The home merchant has got to meet outside competition and the only way he can meet it successfully is by keeping it constantly before the people of his town that his wares are better than those which they get through mail order houses and in the end far cheaper. The mail order houses are constantly hustling for business and the home merchant who does not hustle too can not reasonably expect to win out over his more energetic rival.—Bemidji Pioneer.

Class Musicale.

The following program will be given by the pupils of Miss Etta Zaiser at Imperial hall next Friday evening:

Ladies' Quartette.........."Red Rose"
Misses Hall, Hoff, Hannay, Johnson.
Piano Solo............"Alpine Horn"
Mabel Aimer.
Piano Trio...."Dancing on the Lawn"
Alice Hoff, Selma Hoff, Grace Hall.
Recitation......."Dan Periton's Ride,"
Clara Rue.
Piano Solo........"The Gypsy Band"
Grace Hall.
Vocal Duet...................Selected
Misses Hoff and Johnson.
Piand Solo..................."Forsaken"
Ruth Martz.
Violin Solo....................Selected
Prof. A. Onstad.
Piano Duet........"Melnotte's Banjo"
Nora and Lily Johnson.
Piano Solo "The Dance of the Brownies"
Alice Hoff.
Recitation......."The Widow's Light"
Clara Rue.
Piano Solo.."Golden Banner Two-step"
Pearl Eickhoff.
Piano Solo........"The Mocking Bird"
Anna Blomburgh.
Quartette............"Angel of Hope"
Misses Hall, Hoff, Hannay, Johnson.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held at the village hall Dec. 4, 1905, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by President O'Brien.

Members present: O'Brien, Martz, Johnson and Gigstad.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and on motion accepted.

The report of the marshal and street commissioner read and on motion accepted.

The following bills were allowed in full:

A E Berglund, for work	$1 25
C H Remington, salary and extra work as per bill	61 00
A Setterberg, draying	3 50
Imperial Drug Co, lamp supplies and wood alcohol	7 00

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'Brien,
President.

K. O. Gigstad,
Recorder.

Must Indorse Dates.

Following is a copy of the law regarding notaries public passed at the last session of the legislature which goes into effect Jan. 1st, 1906. Every notary public, taking an acknowledgement of an instrument, or making a deposition, administering an oath, or making a notarial protest, shall immediately following his signature to the jurat or certificate of acknowledgement indorse the date of his commission. Such indorsement may be legibly written, stamped or printed on the instrument, but must be disconnected from the seal, and shall be substantially in the following form: "My commission expires ——190—."

Broke His Leg.

R. H. Foss, one of the lumber company's employees at the planing mill, had the misfortune to fall and break one of the bones in his right leg last Thursday afternoon. He was loading lath into a car and was inside of the car carrying several bunches of lath when he slipped and fell. The unfortunate accident will lay him up for some time.

International Live Stock Exhibition.

On account of the International Live Stock Exhibition to be held at Chicago, the Great Northern Railway will sell tickets at the rate of one first class fare plus $2.00. Tickets will be good on all trains arriving in St. Paul December 16th to 20th inclusive and will be good leaving Chicago not later than December 24th. See your local agent for full particulars.

Crookston Journal: The receipts at the local land office show that the business for the month just ended were slightly greater than for the corresponding month last year. The total amount taken in during the month of November 1905 amounts to $31,303.40, while the amount for the corresponding month last year is $31,156.61. This shows that the business done for the two months is practically the same and will surprise many who were of the opinion that the business was falling off and also entertained the thought that the office might be removed from this point.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

McMURRAY'S
VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

Notice!

There will be a meeting of the farmers in the vicinity of St. Hilaire at the Village hall in St. Hilaire, on

SATURDAY
DECEMBER
16th, 1905,
AT 10 A. M.,

for the purpose of considering the project of building a Flour Mill.

All who are interested are invited to attend!!!!!

BY ORDER OF
Committee.

... Go to ...
Rapp & Post
... for your ...
Winter Wear

FIRE INSURANCE
— is a —
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class
— FOR RATES CALL ON —
HARRY E. IVES.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS
NOW ARRIVING.
We are getting in daily our Fall and Winter Stock of.....
Dry Goods ⁞ Dress Goods
Boots and Shoes
and Heavy Winter Goods
AND INVITE YOUR INSPECTION
WE CAN QUOTE YOU PRICES EQUAL TO THE LOWEST
Call early and see our Stock of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods
E. M. HOFF.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nugg
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vig
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
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TRY PEERLESS
Bjerk & Dahlin
—Dealers in—
Wines, Liquors and Cigars
Gund's Beer on Draught
TRY PEERLESS

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

IN CONSTANT AGONY.

A West Virginian's Awful Distress Through Kidney Troubles.

W. L. Jackson, merchant, of Parkersburg, W. Va., says: "Driving about in bad weather brought kidney troubles on me, and I suffered 20 years with sharp, cramping pains in the back and urinary disorders. I often had to get up a dozen times at night to urinate. Retention set in, and I was obliged to use the catheter. I took to my bed, and the doctors failing to help, began using Doan's Kidney Pills. The urine soon came freely again, and the pain gradually disappeared. I have been cured eight years, and though over 70, am as active as a boy."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Editor.

Office Boy—There are two men out there, sir, who want to see you; one of them is a poet and the other a deaf man.

Editor—Well, go out and tell the poet that the deaf man is the editor.

Are You Tired, Nervous and Sleepless?

Nervousness and sleeplessness are usually due to the fact that the nerves are not fed on properly nourishing blood; they are *starved* nerves. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery *makes pure, rich blood*, and thereby the nerves are properly nourished and all the organs of the body are run as smoothly as machinery which runs in oil. In this way you feel clean, strong and strenuous—you are toned up and invigorated, and you are good for a whole lot of physical or mental work. Best of all, the strength and increase in vitality and health are *lasting*.

The trouble with most tonics and medicines which have a large, booming sale for a short time, is that they are largely composed of alcohol holding the drugs in solution. This alcohol shrinks up the red blood corpuscles, and in the long run greatly injures the system. One may feel exhilarated and better for the time being, yet in the end weakened and with vitality decreased. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery contains no alcohol. Every bottle of it bears upon its wrapper *The Badge of Honesty*, in a full list of all its several ingredients. For the druggist to offer you something he claims is "just as good" is to insult your intelligence.

Every ingredient entering into the world-famed "Golden Medical Discovery" has the unanimous approval and endorsement of the leading medical authorities of all the several schools of practice. No other medicine sold through druggists for like purposes has any such endorsement.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" not only produces all the good effects to be obtained from the use of Golden Seal root, in all stomach, liver and bowel troubles, as in dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, ulceration of stomach and bowels and kindred ailments, but the Golden Seal root used in its compounding is greatly enhanced in its curative action by other ingredients such as Stone root, Black Cherrybark, Bloodroot, Mandrake root and chemically pure triple-refined glycerine.

"The Common Sense Medical Adviser," is sent free in paper covers on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay the cost of mailing *only*. For 31 stamps the cloth-bound volume will be sent. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation, biliousness and headache.

Man changes all his opinions save the good one that he has of himself.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

And yet we are not one whit better than our neighbor whom we are so ready to criticise.

JOYS OF MATERNITY

A WOMAN'S BEST HOPES REALIZED

Mrs. Potts Tells How Women Should Prepare for Motherhood

The darkest days of husband and wife are when they come to look forward to childless and lonely old age.

Many a wife has found herself incapable of motherhood owing to a displacement of the womb or lack of strength in the generative organs.

Mrs. Anna Potts

Frequent backache and distressing pains, accompanied by offensive discharges and generally by irregular and scanty menstruation indicate a displacement or nerve degeneration of the womb and surrounding organs.

The question that troubles women is how can a woman who has some female trouble bear healthy children?

Mrs. Anna Potts, of 510 Park Avenue, Hot Springs, Ark., writes:

My Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"During the early part of my married life I was delicate in health; both my husband and I were very anxious for a child to bless our home, but I had two miscarriages, and could not carry a child to maturity. A neighbor who had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advised me to try it. I did so and soon felt that I was growing stronger, my headaches and backaches left me, I had no more bearing-down pains, and felt like a new woman. Within a year I became the mother of a strong, healthy child, the joy of our home. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is certainly a splendid remedy, and I wish every woman who wants to become a mother would try it."

Actual sterility in woman is very rare. If any woman thinks she is sterile, let her try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free to expectant or would-be mothers.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS.
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

MAIL ORDER HOUSES

Comments From Leading Papers Show That They Are Making Headway in the Country.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS MUST PROTECT THEMSELVES

BY THE "CAT" HOUSE ROUTE.

There was once a rounded dollar in the jeans of Farmer Jones,
Which tunefully jingled with a similar bunch of "bones."
And Farmer Jones that same plunk took and paid a debt he owed;
And so it went a traveling on a debtor lightening road.
It visited the editor who sent it on to Gray,
Who owed a bill to Jenkins, and he paid the same that day.
And Jenkins bought goloshes for to keep his "tootsies" dry,
And the shoe man paid a grocer by the gentle name of Frye.
Now Frye, who needed flour, paid it over to the mill,
Which, wanting wheat for grinding paid it back to Jones' "till."
And thus it was that Jones' dollar after paying debts a score,
Went round the whole home circuit some more—and then some more.
But one day from a "cat" house, in Chicago or Kay See,
There came a whalin' booklet, most wondrous to see.
It had a million pictures, it told a million tales,
And it had for sale most everything, from nutmegs up to whales.
It said the retail merchant was a robber in disguise,
And it proved that Ananias was no longer prince of lies.
And Jones, he read that volume and reveled in the same.
He swallowed all it told him, and he went against the game.
He sent the same round dollar for a "skim milk" butter churn;
He got it, and he found it wasn't worth a tinker's dern.
The carpet for the parlor, the "all-wool" suit for Bill—
He found was three part shoddy and the rest in good was nil.
And the swell Fall hat for Susie, couched in words so sweet and
clear
Was—breathe the whisper gently—of a vintage yester year.
And so the good round dollar, and others of the same
Went off the old home circuit against the "cat" house game.
The butcher and the banker, the tax collector too—
The grocer and the miller and others not a few,
No longer saw the dollar on its debt removing way,
It had joined the "cat" house profits, it had gone and gone to stay.

—Kansas City Manufacturer and Merchant.

IMPOVERISHES THE COUNTRY.

The prosperity of any town depends largely upon the success of local business enterprises, and every citizen of a community should realize this and help advance local interests and work against influences which endanger these interests, such as the mail order catalogue houses, etc.

There are numbers of so-called farmers' papers and other cheap periodicals which are continually advocating city buying and advising their subscribers to patronize the city markets, setting forth as inducements wonderful bargains. These publications do this for the benefit of their advertisers, who support them, and they know that they are doing a great deal of harm to the country merchants by drawing away from them their trade without which they will fail in a short time.

The longer a dollar is kept in circulation in one place the more good it will do, but when it is taken to an outside point it is taking that much from the place, and making it much less prosperous. When a customer goes to an outside town to buy goods the profit of each transaction which would remain in your own town and go from dealer to dealer is sent away, business is curtailed, and the rssult in time is that the city becomes poorer and poorer, and eventually is known as an insignificant place, not worthy of the title of village.

A town will keep pace with its chief trading point. If the principal business interests of the town fail so will the town itself, the price of lands and produce depends to a great extent on local conditions, and if these are not good the land will dwindle in value, but if the merchants and citizens generally are prosperous, the value of town property will increase, new settlers will come and the town will be built up and prosper.

The success and supremacy of mail order houses means the enriching of some corporation or distant firm at the expense of numerous home merchants, it means concentrating capital and population at the expense of the country towns and villages, it means the failure of individual mercantile enterprises, and in time will do away altogether with a home market, upon which depends almost entirely the prosperity of any city.

The interests of the country merchants are closely allied with their customers, they select and sell the best their market can supply, their advertisements can be depended upon and their goods are reliable, and can be returned if they are not all right. You cannot return catalogue house goods. Customers can visit their home store and see for themselves what they are purchasing, but when they order through mail order catalogues they are buying entirely on chance, and in many cases statements of mail order houses in their catalogues are entirely unreliable and cannot be depended upon. The country merchants are in general progressive and enterprising; they are always working for the good of their town, they pay a good proportion of the city taxes, and encourage local enterprise and improvements.

The commercial clubs of the different towns are all composed of the local merchants, and it is a well-known fact that a town without a commercial club is now considered as unprogressive, and every one knows what good such organizations accomplish. They build up the town, make improvements, establish new industries, and look after the interests of the town in general, and if there were no merchants there would likely be no commercial associations, so that the credit of the substantial influence which the commercial club has in making a town a commercial center, and in obtaining good legislation for it and the surrounding farming community in matters of vital interest to its citizens is due largely to the local merchants, through whose efforts and support such an organization is kept in existence, so that if the people residing in the town and nearby country wish to be ranked as progressive, and to be a factor in commercial interests, they must see that their home merchants are supported in every way and encouraged to do their best for the city's interest, for a town is always judged by the number and class of its stores. If this is done the mail order houses will not last long, and the retailer will have no need of worrying about their rightful trade being taken to a city at a distance. The co-operation of the people with their business men is all that is necessary and a locality where this rule is followed will soon be ranked at the head of progressive commercial and industrial centers.—St. Paul Trade.

Placing the Blame.

John Philip Sousa was condemning the voice of a comic opera comedian.

"It is such a voice," he said, smiling, "as belonged to a young man whom I knew in my boyhood in Washington.

"One night, at a men's party, this young man sang a solo. It was execrable. In the midst of the hideous racket bluff old Squire Baer entered.

"'Squire Baer sat down and folded his hands on the know of his stout stick. He waited patiently till the young man was finished, then he said to him:

"'Well, boy, I don't blame you. You did your best. But if I knew the man who asked you to sing I'd crack him over the head with this club.'"

GET TOGETHER.

Is the mail-order house business increasing? is a question that is often asked, but one that is hard to answer. The newspapers throughout the country, especially the country papers, are giving a large amount of space to arguing the question. The argument carried by the majority of papers is that any person sending his or her money to one of these houses, which is located perhaps 500 miles away, is sending the money out of its territory of circulation and in this way it will not be of as much benefit in the community in which that person lives as it would were it spent at home. The argument is a good one, and it is even admitted by the mail order houses themselves that it is not right for any person to send to them for goods, as they will offer to send the goods without any tag so that no one will know what they are or where they came from. If you do not care to have people know where you purchased an article you have either gotten it from some firm handling a poor grade of goods or have gotten it without buying.

Good goods purchased from a responsible firm need not be hidden or shipped "without tags." When you buy of the home merchant he wraps up the goods in wrapping paper on which is printed his advertisement, but do not think of hiding this from those you meet. Why? Because you know that you have done nothing wrong and that instead of sending your money to some person with entirely foreign interests you have simply made a trade with one of your own neighbors, and that although the goods may have been paid for in cash there is a probability that the dollar will pass from the hands of the merchant in clerk hire or some other expense and again be spent in perhaps your place of business or used to buy your load of potatoes or corn brought to town the following week.

Let's all get together and understand the matter alike and every one will be benefited by the change that will take place.—Morristown (Minn.) Press.

Flipperty-Flap.

At the end of one of the meetings of the international sanitary congress in Washington, a young layman asked Surgeon General Wyman a question about the construction of the throat.

"If the throat were constructed like that," said Gen. Wyman, smiling, "there would be more truth in the flipperty-flap story than there really is."

"The flipperty-flap story?" said the young man, dazed.

"Yes. Did you never hear it? Listen, then:

"A quack medicine vendor stood in a carriage selling a cough cure. To explain the construction of the throat he said:

"'Ladies and gents, in your throat is two little flags, one closing when swallowing food and opening to receive drink, and the other closing when swallowing liquids and opening to receive food only. Now, if—'

"But here a humorous old farmer interrupted, blurting out:

"'Gosh, mister, what a flipperty-flapperty there must be when yer eatin' bread and milk.'"

An Altered Case.

A story is told of a certain newly-appointed judge who remonstrated with counsel as to the way in which he was arguing his case.

"Your honor," said the lawyer, "you argued such a case in a similar way when you were at the bar."

"Yes, I admit that," quietly replied the judge. "But that was the fault of the judge who allowed it."

Facts and Proof.

Hulett, Wyo., Dec. 4th (Special)—An ounce of fact is worth a ton of theory and it is evidence founded on facts that backs up every box of Dodd's Kidney Pills. The evidence of people who know what they do. Mrs. May Taber, highly esteemed resident of Hulett, says:

"I know Dodd's Kidney Pills are a valuable medicine because I have used them. I took seven boxes and they cured me of a severe attack of Kidney Trouble. They relieved me from the first dose, and when I had finished the last box I had no pain and my Kidneys are now acting properly."

Dodd's Kidney Pills are now recognized all over the world as the greatest Kidney Remedy science has ever produced. They cure Rheumatism, Dropsy, Gout, Lumbago, Diabetes, Urinary and Bladder Troubles, Bright's Disease, and all disorders arising from any form of Kidney Disease.

Mother's Cooking.

Jawback—My mother's cooking—

Mrs. Jawback—Well, she deserves it. But I didn't think you'd acknowledge it so shortly after her death.

To Prevent Chapped Hands.

Many women who do their own work are much annoyed in winter with chapped hands. This may be avoided by using Ivory Soap for dish washing and toilet purposes. Dry the hands thoroughly each time after they have been in water, and rub with a little oatmeal-water or some good lotion.

ELEANOR R. PARKER.

Dashaway—Do you love that girl as much as you think you do?

Cleverton—Why, old man, I love her almost as much as she thinks I do.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

The first love that enters the heart is the last that leaves the memory.

WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

THE BEST CHRISTMAS GIFT

Useful, Reliable, Attractive, Lasting, Up to Date and Authoritative. No other gift will so often be a reminder of the giver. 2380 pages, 5000 illustrations. Recently enlarged with 25,000 new words, a new Gazetteer, and new Biographical Dictionary, edited by W. T. Harris, Ph.D., LL.D., U. S. Commissioner of Education. Grand Prize, World's Fair, St. Louis. Get the Best.

Webster's Collegiate Dictionary. Largest of our abridgments. Regular and Thin Paper editions. 1116 pages and 1400 illustrations.

Write for "Dictionary Wrinkles"—Free.
G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Springfield, Mass.

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Established 1848.
Reliable and durable. Fine tone quality.
Send for Catalogue.
J. KALSCHEUER & CO.
Fourth and St. Peter Streets,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

N W N U —NO. 49— 1905

EX-GOVERNOR OF OREGON

Makes Use of His Family Pe-ru-na In for Colds.

CAPITOL BUILDING, SALEM, OREGON.

Peruna is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Letters of congratulation and commendation testifying to the merits of Peruna as a catarrh remedy are pouring in from every State in the Union. Dr. Hartman is receiving hundreds of such letters daily. All classes write these letters, from the highest to the lowest.

The outdoor laborer, the indoor artisan, the clerk, the editor, the statesman, the preacher—all agree that Peruna is the catarrh remedy of the age. The stage and rostrum, recognizing catarrh as their greatest enemy, are especially enthusiastic in their praise and testimony.

Any man who wishes perfect health must be entirely free from catarrh. Catarrh is well-nigh universal. Peruna is the best safeguard known.

A Letter from the Ex-Governor of Oregon.

The Ex-Governor of Oregon is an ardent admirer of Peruna. He keeps it continually in the house. In a letter to Dr. Hartman, he says:

State of Oregon,
Executive Department.

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Dear Sirs:—I have had occasion to use your Peruna medicine in my family for colds, and it proved to be an excellent remedy. I have not had occasion to use it for other ailments.

Yours very truly, W. M. Lord.

It will be noticed that the Governor says he has not had occasion to use Peruna for other ailments. The reason for this is, most other ailments begin with a cold.

Ask Your Druggist for Free Peruna Almanac for 1906.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN
W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
ESTABLISHED JULY 6, 1876.

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES AND SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any $3.50 shoe in the world. They are just as good as those that cost you $5.00 to $7.00—the only difference is the price. If I could take you into my factory at Brockton, Mass., the largest in the world under one roof making men's fine shoes, and show you the care with which every pair of Douglas shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the best shoes produced in the world.

If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes, you would understand why Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

WANTED. A shoe dealer in every town where W. L. Douglas Shoes are not sold. Full line of samples sent free for inspection upon request.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

GET ME THE MARVELOUS THE UNEQUALLED
25 cents. Box 63, Omaha, Neb.

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. Jefferson Knowlton, Canton, S. D., propelling mechanism for vehicles; Syver Loe, Minneapolis, Minn., voting machine; Lawrence Lund, Minneapolis, Minn., disinfecting device; Frank Rutten, Crary, N. D., draft equalizer; James Vaught, Deadwood, S. D., chuck for rock drills; Edwin Washburn, Minneapolis, Minn., loose sheet holder; Isak Wigren, Minneapolis, Minn., folding box.

Prosperity has ruined many a man, but if a fellow is going to be ruined at all that is the pleasantest way.

When a an is down he need feel nothing but kicks.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave. N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Happy is he who never knows when he gets the worst of it.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Long lives are mainly little ones.

A FEW CUTTING REMARKS

The purpose of a saw is to cut. It should cut easily, cut cleanly, and cut with every movement.

I prefer an Atkins Saw. Its blade is "Silver Steel", recognized the world over as the finest crucible steel ever made in ancient or modern times. It is hard, close-grained and tough. It holds a sharp cutting edge longer than any other Saw. Its blade tapers perfectly from thick to thin, from handle to tip. Thus it makes leeway for itself, runs easily and does not buckle. Its temper is perfect. When bent by a crooked thrust, it springs into shape without kinking.

The Atkins Saw cuts—and does it best of any. We make all types and sizes of saws, but only one grade—the best.

Atkins Saws, Corn Knives, Perfection Floor Scrapers, etc., are sold by all good hardware dealers. Catalogue on request.

E. C. ATKINS & CO., Inc.
Largest Saw Manufacturers in the World.
Factory and Executive Offices, Indianapolis, Indiana.
BRANCHES: New York, Chicago, Minneapolis, Portland, (Oregon), Seattle, San Francisco, Memphis, Atlanta and Toronto, (Canada).

Accept no Substitute—Insist on the Atkins Brand

SOLD BY GOOD DEALERS EVERYWHERE

MAYER HONORBILT Shoes for Men

These elegant, stylish and up-to-date shoes are made of the finest leather. They are built over "foot form" lasts that insure a perfect fit and are guaranteed to wear better than most shoes sold at higher prices. Every piece of material used is honest. The workmanship is perfect; style correct.

They are built on honor.

Let your next pair of shoes be "Honorbilt." Your shoe dealer will supply you. If he refuses write to us. See that the name "Honorbilt" and Mayer trade-mark appear on the sole. It is a guarantee of quality.

We make the "Western Lady" and the "Martha Washington Comfort Shoes."

F. MAYER BOOT & SHOE CO., MILWAUKEE, WIS

MILWAUKEE F. MAYER B. & S. CO. CUSTOM MADE

MIXED FARMING

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

WHEAT RAISING RANCHING three great pursuits have again shown wonderful results on the

FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS OF WESTERN CANADA.

Magnificent climate—farmers plowing in their shirt sleeves in the middle of November.

"All are bound to be more than pleased with the final results of the past season's harvest."—Extract.

Coal, wood, water, hay in abundance—schools, churches, markets convenient.

This is the era of $1.00 wheat.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

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Address ________
GOOD FOR ONE DOLLAR PURCHASE.
Druggist's Name ________
His Address ________

And *10c in stamps or silver* to pay postage we will mail you a sample free, if you have never used Mull's Grape Tonic, and will also mail you a certificate good for one dollar toward the purchase of more Tonic from your druggist. Address

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

YOU WRONG YOURSELF TO SUFFER

from Constipation and Stomach Trouble.

Why suffer or take needless chances with constipation or stomach troubles when there is a perfect, harmless, natural, positive cure within your reach?

CONSTIPATION AND STOMACH TROUBLE

cause blood poison, skin diseases, sick headache, biliousness, typhoid fever, appendicitis, piles and every kind of female trouble as well as many others. Your own physician will tell you that all this is true. But don't drug or physic yourself. Use

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC

the natural, strengthening, harmless remedy that builds up the tissues of your digestive organs and puts your whole system in splendid condition to overcome all attacks. It is very pleasant to take. The children like it and it does them great good.

35 cent, 50 cent and $1.00 bottles at all druggists. The $1.00 bottle contains about six times as much as the 35 cent bottle and about three times as much as the 50 cent bottle. There is a great saving in buying the $1.00 size.

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

Grip

When you have pains in the head, back, legs and muscles generally, strength all gone soreness and fullness in head, watery eyes and a general feeling of lassitude—that's it—the "Grip." The sure remedy is

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

For Internal and External use. Taken on a little sugar it cures grip, coughs, colds, cramps, colic. Applied to cuts, burns, bruises, it gives quick relief. Established 1810. 25 & 50c. At druggists.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO. Boston, Mass.

PRICE, 25 Cts.

TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY.
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE
25 CTS. CURES COUGHS & COLDS

ANTI-GRIPINE IS GUARANTEED TO CURE GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.

F. W. Diemer, M.D., Manufacturer, *Springfield, Mo.*

The Keeley Cure Cures the Craving For Liquor Morphine Tobacco

Drunkenness, What Is It?

It makes no difference why people begin to drink, the result is inevitably the same. If continued long enough the victim become an inebriate, which indicates a diseased condition of the nervous system. Dr. Keeley defines it to be "a condition wherein the nerve cells have become so accustomed to performing their duties and functions under the influence of alcohol that they are dependent on it, and will no longer perform those duties and functions properly and painlessly except when under its influence." This accounts for the craving for drink which was never before understood. When every nerve cell in his anatomy is crying out for whiskey, is it any wonder that the victim yields? To bring about a cure, therefore, it is necessary to overcome this condition. The Keeley remedies are absolutely a specific for this disease.

A. F. NORDIN,
County Attorney,
Kandiyohi County, Minn.

WILLMAR, Minn., Feb. 12, 1904.

Manager of Keeley Institute, Minneapolis, Minn.

A little over eleven years ago I was prevailed upon to take the Keeley Cure. Since that time I have not had any desire for liquor. In fact, it is hateful to me, and my dislike to it grows stronger day by day. I was the first to take the cure from Kandiyohi County, and since then I have been more or less influential in inducing forty persons to take the cure. Of these but four have gone back to old associates and old habits. I can see no reason for any one going back who possesses ordinary intelligence, unless that person's mind is either depraved or the brain is incapable of performing its proper functions through the use of liquor before treatment. I cannot understand how any one can go back to drink after receiving the Keeley Cure, and have no sympathy for such, for I was as far gone as any of those I know of who took the cure, and I cannot in fitting language describe the great benefit the cure has been to me, both mentally and physically. Very truly yours,

Hundreds of other testimonials can be given. A. F. NORDIN.

ONLY ONE GENUINE KEELEY INSTITUTE IN MINNESOTA. NO SICKNESS OR SUFFERING

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Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1905. NUMBER 22.

News of the Week

From the Capital.

Records for the introduction of bills were broken at the first day's session of the house. Four hundred and thirty-one public bills were offered and numerous private bills.

Chew Chai Lai, vice president of the Chinese board of foreign affairs, is to be appointed minister to the United States for China, to succeed Sir Chen Tung Liang Cheng, according to advices from Pekin. A Pekin advice says China has resolved on a reform of her foreign relations and consulates.

William P. Roberts and H. C. Smith of Minneapolis have presented an $80,000 claim to the treasury department. The firm of Foster & Smith constructed a government building at Cheyenne, Wyo., and it is claimed that owing to the action of the superintendent of construction, the Minneapolis firm lost a big sum of money.

In executive session the senate confirmed the nomination of Elihu Root to be secretary of state, Robert Bacon to be assistant secretary of state, and ex-Senator Louis E. McComas to be a justice of the court of appeals of the District of Columbia. In all these cases the formality of a reference to committees was dispensed with.

Justice Duell has rendered a decision affirming the judgment of the district supreme court in the case of Willis C. West in favor of Secretary Hitchcock. West, having married an Indian woman, claimed that he thereby became "by adoption" a member of the tribe and was entitled to an allotment of land in Indian territory. The secretary denied West's application.

Casualty.

S. David & Co.'s cigar factory at Montreal, the largest in Canada, was destroyed by fire. The loss is $100,000.

Practically the entire businesss portion of the town of Arcadia, Fla., involving a loss estimated at $25,000, was destroyed by fire.

Five persons were badly injured in a head-on collision between an eastbound double-header passenger train and a freight train east of Hammond, Ind.

The factory of Stahl, Urban & Co., manufactureds of workingmen's clothing at Terre Haute, Ind., has been destroyed by fire. The loss to the firm is $125,000, with $69,000 insurance.

In the Monongahela river at Port Perry, Pa., the big tow-boat Twilight, with a tow of 500,000 bushels of coal, was swept over the break of Dam No. 2, breaking to pieces. The loss will be immense. No lives were lost.

Edward Murray, a house mover, fell twenty feet from the top of a house at Iowa City, Ia. He died an hour later. Three other persons fell, but escaped injury. The accident was caused by the breaking of a guy rope.

The morning passenger train from Sterling, Ill., jumped the track while running at high sped at Winfield, Ill. G. W. Warner, engineer, was killed. Fireman J. W. Brady, Chicago, was removed in a dying condition. The train consisted of an engine and four coaches.

John Reedy, a Civil war veteran, and his daughter Ellen were burned to death in a fire which destroyed their home on Neversink mountain, near Reading, Pa. It is not known when the fire occurred. The charred bodies of Reedy and his daughter were found in the debris.

Charles F. Douglas, a farmer, his wife and two children were instantly killed by an explosion of a gas main running by their home, three miles from Weston, W. Va. The house was wrecked and later caught fire. The flames almost consumed the bodies. The explosion was felt for a distance of five miles and caused much excitement. It supposed the main sprang a leak and the gas was in some way ignited.

Crimes and Criminals.

Robbers entered the Farmers and Merchants' bank at Forest Grove, Or., blew open the safe and secured $5,543 in coin and currency.

Frank Lewis of Columbus overpowered his guards at the Grant hospital at Columbus, Ohio, and, rushing to the window, leaped to the ground four stories below. He was instantly killed.

Horace J. Henderson, confidential clerk for Daniel Wells, Jr., and land commissioner for I. Stephenson & Co., was arrested at Escanaba, Mich., charged with the embezzlement of $350 of the funds of the River Lumber company. Henderson claims he lost the money gambling.

The safe of Robert Smith was blown at Terre Haute by four robbers. The explosion aroused a number of citizens who ran into the street armed. The robbers escaped after a running fight in which twenty shots were fired. No one was hit so far as is known. The safe had been used by the Smith bank until recently, but was empty.

As the outcome of a quarrel over a $17,000 inheritance, Charles E. Bosse, aged 30, a collector, shot his wife, aged 28, and then killed himself with the revolver in the presence of Mrs. Elizabetht R. Wubecke, his wife's aged mother. Mrs. Bosse's injuries are believed to be mortal.

William Brawn, a negro, walked into the crowded room of a colored organization known as the Cedar Social club in West Thirty-second street, New York, shot and killed William Butler and mortally wounded Thaddeus Washington. The shooting created a panic in the place.

Foreign.

Lord Curzon of Kedleston, formerly viceroy of India, and Lady Curzon have arrived in England.

The Constantinople correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph says that the modified proposals of the porte are acceptable to the powers.

The demolition of the frontier fortifications in accordance with the treaty recently signed between Sweden and Norway is actively proceeding.

The International Society of Sculptors and Painters has initiated a scheme to erect at Chelsea a public monument to James McNeill Whistler.

The Turkish council of ministers has agreed to yield to the demands of the powers in principle, but the sultan has not yet issued an irade approving of this action.

The balance in favor of Japan for prisoners' expenses is estimated at $25,000. It is believed that this sum will be devoted to the development of the interest of Manchuria.

The German steel trust has sold out its product of natural steel for the first quarter of 1906, according to an official announcement, and proposes to raise the price of structural steel.

The Russian colony in Chiriqui, Panama, has proved a failure. The government made every effort to help the colonists and the reason assigned for their failure is that they had incompetent directors.

Several buildings of considerable size are being erected at Empire, where the employes of the engineering department of the Panama canal will be housed. At Ancon also several big hotels are being built.

The British steamer Etonian has arrived at the Azores, having in tow the Italian steamer Italia, from New York on Nov. 25. The Italia lost its propellor and was picked up fifty miles off Corvo island. All its passengers, numbering 850, are in good health.

The quinquennial census of the German empire, just taken, is expsected to reveal that the population exceeds 61,000,000, against 56,345,000 in 1900. Dr. Ebers, the eminent statistician, does not think that any one living will see the population of Germany 70,000,000.

General.

Annin W. Gardner, known to the show world as Bobby Beach, died at Watertown, Wis. He was stricken with paralysis a week ago and only rallied at intervals.

Paul Morton, president of the Equitable Life Assurance society, confirmed the report that Chauncey M. Depew has resigned as a member of the board of directors.

Martin and George Hicks, brothers in a well-known family, met sudden death at Joliet, Ill. One of the brothers succumbed to a hemorrhage. The other died from shock at the news.

Judson Harmon, newly appointed receiver for the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton and Pere Marquet railroads, drafted an official notice that all employes will be retained for the present.

Harry Roe is dead from injuries sustained in a football game three weeks ago at Sidney, Iowa. Not until a short time before his death did it become known that he had been injured.

William Chisholm, Sr., a widely known and wealthy retired steel manufacturer of Cleveland, was stricken with apoplexy and died almost instantly. He was 62 years old. He retired five years ago.

Sitting in his chair and speaking in tones inaudible to persons sitting in the center of Shiloh tabernacle, at Zion City, John Alexander Dowie, weak in body and apparently discouraged in mind, delivered his address.

Orders have been issued by the New York Central for the moral reform of passenger and sleeping car porters on limited and express trains. Passengers must not play cards on Sunday, even solitaire being forbidden.

Gov. Folk's definition of graft is to be used in the Standard dictionary. Gov. Folk received a letter from the publishers of that dictionary in New York asking permission to place his definition in that dictionary, which is being revised.

That the larger portion of the $200,000 worth of jewels stolen from a Paris travelling salesman in Birmingham, England, last March, were disposed of in Southern and Western cities in the United States by a woman confederate of the robbers is the opinion of the New York police.

Elizabeth Nolting of Freelandville, Ind., is dead from grief over a homicidal hoodoo which appears to have followed her sons. Jacob Nolting is in jail here, charged with the murder of Herman A. Pripmeier, a farmer. Five years ago Jonas Nolting was tried and acquitted of the charge of murdering Louis French. Now Gus Nolting is charged with seriously stabbing the mine boss at Bicknell.

After discussing the Philadelphia strike troubles for two days, the National Alliance of Bill Posters and Billers disposed of the matter by censuring the Philadelphia local and agreeing to pay the $8,000 which it costs the organization. J. G. Whitehead of Minneapolis is a candidate for president.

John Batlett, who compiled the work known as "Bartlett's Familiar Quotations," died at his home at Cambridge, Mass., aged 75. He was also author of the "Shakespeare Index" and the "Complete Concordance to Shakespeare's Dramatic Works and Poems."

LIVONIA IS NO LONGER CZAR'S

PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT SET UP AND TROOPS GO OVER TO REBELS.

OFFICIALS ARE BUTCHERED

BANDS OF PEASANTS ATTACK ESTATES AND KILL OR DRIVE OFF OWNERS.

St. Petersburg, via Helsingfors, Dec. 14.—Two messengers who arrived here from Riga yesterday, having walked about 130 miles to catch a train at Plotock, not only confirm the report that a provisional government has been set up in Livonia, but they say that many of the troops have gone over to the insurrectionists.

Secedes From Russia.

The new government has declared the separation of the Lithuanian people from the Russian empire. They have chosen new local officials and have decreed the closing of the spirit shops and breweries and the annulment of contracts between the peasants and the land owners. There is a general uprising of the native peasants who are traveling in armed bands, attacking the estates and driving off or killing their owners.

Some of the land owners have organized volunteer battalions to protect their property as the authorities are powerless to afford aid, but the majority are

Fleeing in Terror.

The peasants forbid the owners to sell grain or lumber and formally declare that the forests and estates of those who have departed will be confiscated.

The position of the peasants in these provinces hav been the most deplorable of any in the entire empire. Conditions almost approaching those oof the feudal system have been continued down to the present time. They practically have kept the peasants in a state of vassalage, placing them at the mercy of the German barons, from whom they rent land and purchase the right to cut wood and fish in the waters of the gulf.

Officials Expelled or Killed.

The Russian officials are being expelled from the provinces and many of them have been killed in the streets of the towns. There is a reign of terror at Riga. Women and children are living in the upper stories of houses and foreign merchants are winding up theeir business or abandoning everything in order to escape.

It is doubtful whether the promise of local self-government contained in yesterday's imperial ukase will have much effect, at least for the present, but it furnishes ample proof that the government realizes it is

Helpless to Restore Order

without granting heavy concessions. The partial concessions granted to the people of the Baltic provinces are bound to encourage the Poles, Georgians and other border peoples.

The League of Leagues has issued an address declaring that the recent acts of the government proved it was attempting to suppress the emancipation movement and demonstrated that political freedom could only be obtained by an armed struggle in which all the progressive elements were invited to join.

Decide Witte a Failure.

The Nasha Shishn claims to be in possession of information to the effect that at a conference of grand dukes and court officials held at Tsarkoe-Selo it was decided that Count Witte had proved a failure and that the time had come for the adoption of firm measures which could be employed with less opposition under a man like Prince Sviatopolk-Mirsky, former minister of the interior. The paper declares that a further conference will be held to-day at which Count Witte will not be present.

Mansions of Nobles Burned.

Moscow, Dec. 14.—A veritable panic prevails on the bourse. The complete collapse of business in the provinces has been attended by many bankruptcies.

The agrarian disturbances are extending almost to the gates of the city. The country mansions of many nobles have been burned.

Plotting a Dictatorship.

London, Dec. 14.—The correspondent of the Times at St. Petersburg says a wild story is in circulation there that Gen. Count Alexis Igantieff has been arrested by order of the emperor for plotting to establish a dictatorship. Inquiry at Count Igantieff's house, the correspondent says, failed to elicit either confirmation or denial of the story.

YIELDS TO NEGROES' WISH.

Unpopular President Resigns From Howard University.

Washington, Dec. 14. — President Gordon of Howard university has tendered his resignation to the board of trustees. This action is the culmination of the recent revolt of colored students at the institution, who objected to certain views entertained by the president on the subject of tthe negro, and which led to differences. Action upon the resignation will be had at an early day.

ARE INDICTED FOR REBATING

ALTON ROAD AND TWO OF ITS OFFICERS MUST FACE THE FEDERAL JURY.

Chicago, Dec. 14—The federal grand jury yesterday returned an indictment against the Chicago & Alton Railroad company, John N. Falthorn and F. A. Wann, formerly vice president and general freight agent, respectively, of the railroad company.

The railroad company and the two ex-officers are included in one indictment, in which there are ten counts against the company and against each of the two men. The general charge is that the railroad company, with the sanction of the two officers, paid illegal rebates to the packing house firm of Schwarzschild & Sulzberger for the purpose of procuring shipments from the concern, and also, with the same object, gave free transportation to the employes of the concern.

The indictment which was returned is based on testimony given to the grand jury by B. S. Casey, traffic manager for Schwarzschild & Sulzberger, who has appeared before the jury on two separate occasions. Cusey was one of the four employes of the packing house firm who were indicted some time ago for soliciting rebates. All of them pleaded guilty and Cusey with two others were fined $5,000 each, and Samuel Weil, one of the vice presidents of the company, was fined $10,000 by Judge Humphrey.

Three specific violations of the law against the granting of rebates are mentioned in the indictment. The railroad company is charged with having refunded $1 per car on forty-four cars of dressed beef shipped from Kansas City to various Eastern points in December, 1903. A similar rebate is alleged to have been paid on twenty-three cars of dressed beef shipped from Kansas City in January, 1904. The railroad company is also charged with having refunded $3,500 in passenger fares paid by the packing company between Jan. 1, 1903, and Sept. 1, 1904, for transportation of its officers and agents.

Neither Mr. Falthorn nor Mr. Wann was arrested, but they were informed of the fact that an indictment had been voted against them and were notified to come into court and give bonds. United States District Attorney Morrison said he would ask each of them to give bonds of $5,000. The railroad company will be asked to enter an appearance through one of its general officers.

STEAL TO PAY LOANS.

Confidential Bookkeeper of Chicago Firm Admits Peculations.

Chicago, Dec. 14.—William J. Smith, for twelve years confidential bookkeeper for the Robert Stevenson Drug company, was arrested yesterday for forgery.

Although he had taken almost $3000 from the funds of the company in less than a year, little or none of it was spent on himself, as was evidenced by his appearance when arrested. His clothing was old and worn and his overcoat was not warm enough to protect him from the weather.

"The money all went to the loan sharks," he said. "They kept threatening to garnishee my wages, and I knew if that happened I would lose my job and be able to do nothing for the children."

Smith lived with his wife and two children in a cottage at 6038 Adams avenue. When he learned last Friday that his books were to be examined by an expert accountant he left the store and wandered about the streets until he was arrested, fearing to go home or send word to his wife.

"My first false step was taken about three years ago, when a friend of mine invented a candy slot machine," Smith said. "I borrowed $200 from the money lenders and signed a note for $350, which he borrowed to put the machine on the market. Well, it fell through. I lost my $200, my friend disappeared, and I was at the mercy of the money lenders. All the money I took was paid to them. I didn't get any of it, neither did my wife and children."

George E. Krolage, who worked for the same concern, was sentenced to a term at Joliet for a similar offense a week ago. He also had borrowed money from the money lenders.

"I shall make a clean breast of it, and I suppose I'll get what Krolage did," said Smith. "I guess I can do my family as much good while in the penitentiary as I have the last year."

BLOWN INTO SMALL BITS.

Powder Mill Explodes and Pieces of Bodies Found in Tree Tops.

Birmingham, Ala., Dec. 14. — The mixing house at the woorks of the Dupont Powder company, near Boyles, eight miles north of this city, was accidentally blown up yesterday, instantly killing five workmen. The force of the explosion was felt for miles and the report was heard in Birmingham. The victims were blown to atoms, particles of their bodies being found in tree tops a long distance from the scene of the disaster.

Louisiana Makes Good Speed.

Rockland, Me., Dec. 14.—The new battleship Louisiana was sent over the measured mile course near Owl's Head yesterday and easily exceeded the government requirements of 18 knots an hour. The maximum speed developed was 18.924 knots, and her builders express confidence that the ship can attain a speed of 19 knots.

Five Drowned in Storm.

Rome, Dec. 14. — A violent wind storm yesterday caused damage to many steamers in Neapolitan waters. At Venice a launch was capsized and its five occupants were drowned. At Sarno, in the province of Salerno, a freight train of twenty-one cars was overturned by the wind. Several regions in the south are flooded.

Children Burned to Death.

Lead, S. D., Dec. 14.—Two motherless children, aged two and four years, of Matt Depso, were burned to death yesterday near Hanna, ten miles from here, their cabin taking fire during the absence of their father.

Pioneer of Hills Dies.

Terry, S. D., Dec. 14. — Mrs. L. M. Coulson, one of the first pioneers of the Black Hills, is dead here. She came to Terry in 1877 and is well known throughout the mining district.

PERKINS QUITS NEW YORK LIFE

TWO IMPORTANT CHANGES ARE MADE IN LIFE INSURANCE OFFICIALS.

PEABODY SUCCEEDS M'CURDY

SENATOR DRYDEN FAVORS FEDERAL SUPERVISION OF INSURANCE.

New York, Dec. 14. — Two indictments affecting the life insurance situation in New York yesterday overshadowed the legislative committee investigation. While the committee was inquiring into the conduct of the Prudential Life Insurance company, George W. Perkins resigned as first vice president and chairman of the finance committee of the New York Life Insurance company. He was succeeded as vice president by Alexander E. Orr, president of the New York City Rapid Transit commission, and as chairman of the finance committee by John Claflin, head of the H. B. Claflin company.

Peabody Succeeds McCurdy.

Another important move in the situation was the election by the trustees of the Mutual Life Insurance company yesterday of Charles A. Peabody to succeed Richard A. McCurdy as president of that company at $50,000 a year. Mr. McCurdy's salary was $150,000. Mr. Peabody is a lawyer, the American representative of William Waldorf Astor and a director in several banks and other corporations, of which one is the Illinois Central Railway company. Mr. Peabody also was nominated as trustee of the Mutual Life Insurance company to succeed Justice Rufus W. Peckham, and Emory McClintock was nominated to succeed Elihu Root. They cannot be elected as trustees until the next meeting of the board.

Favors National Supervision.

United States Senator John F. Dryden of New Jersey, president of the Prudential Life Insurance company, again testified before the investigating committee yesterday, and made a statement to the committee of his reasons for favoring federal supervision of life insurance companies through a national insurance department, which he said should have high authority over them. This, he said, would benefit both the companies and the insured.

Haley Fiske, vice president of the Metropolitan company, told of an incident in which that company commissioned William A. Read to buy 3,333 shares of railway stock for the company. Mr. Fiske said that Mr. Read the same day sold the stock to a company of brokers at $10 a share less than the broker sold it to the Metropolitan. Mr. Fiske said he had tried to get the money back but Mr. Read refused to surrender it.

Harriman Will Testify.

Edward H. Harriman yesterday wrote to the committee asking that he be given an opportunity to go on the stand and testify regarding his attempt, as described by Thomas F. Ryan, to share in Ryan's holdings in the Equitable. The committee replied that his request would be granted and Mr. Harriman will testify to-day.

BIG PRICE FOR A SMELTER.

Two and a Quarter Millions Paid for Property at Salida, Colo.

Denver, Dec. 14.—A controlling interest in the Ohio and Colorado smelter at Salida, Colo., has been sold, and the puchasers will extend the business of the company by constructing new plants at Salt Lake and Denver. Timothy Goodwin of Denver, one of the former owners of the stock transferred, is authority for the announcement. He said that he was not permitted at this time to disclose the identity of the purchasers, but that they were not in any way connected with the American Smelting and Refining company. The price paid for the Salida plant was $2,250,000.

Six Lost in Wreck.

San Jose, Costa Rica, Dec. 14.—The schooner Florencia, while on her voyage from Bluefields, Nicaragua, to Port Limon, Costa Rica, was wrecked. Among those lost were Frederick M. H. Wood, British consul at Port Limon; two Americans, John Tibant and W. M. Rather, the latter from Texas, and three sailors. One passenger and two sailors were rescued.

Fix Day for Coronation.

Christiania, Dec. 14.—The government has fixed June 24 of next year fo rthe coronation of King Haakon Queen Maud.

Runaway Car Kills Two.

Meadville, Pa., Dec. 14. — A heavy runaway trolley car, dashing down College hill faster than a mile a minute, struck the heavily loaded Cambridge Springs car, killing two passengers and injuring a dozen more.

Two Drowned While Skating.

Brighton, Mich., Dec. 14.—Miss Nellie Ainsworth of Madison, Wis., and her cousin, Bert Stewart, living near here, were drowned yesterday while skating. Miss Ainsworth came here two weeks ago to visit.

In and About the State

MINNESOTA HAS ACRES OF PEAT

BUT ITS FUEL QUALITIES HAVE NOT YET BEEN TESTED.

Minnesota has millions of tons of peat, but it is unexplored, difficult to mine, and it is uncertain whether all of it will make good fuel. That is the summary of a report which Prof. C. W. Hall of the state university has made to the governor. Last spring a number of queries regarding peat in the state were received by the governor from prospective investors and others. Gov. Johnson referred the queries to Prof. Hall for information. Prof. Hall went into an extensive investigation by means of questions to the county surveyors and reports of geologists, and recently sent to the governor a detailed report of his findings. In his summary Prof. Hall says:

"While the amount of peat in the state amounts to many million tons, the scattered condition of the deposits makes the difficulty of mining considerably greater than in localities where thick beds and large swamps or beds occur.

"Minnesota is peat young. Owing to the lateness of the glacial epoch in retreating from the state, the accumulations of peat began only a few years ago. The shortness of the growing season in this latitude also makes a slowness of peat formation.

"All the peat lies in bogs in shallow lake areas where the obliteration of the lake is proceeding or has been accomplished in recent years.

"There has been very little experimentation to show the fuel value of the peat. Some shows too large a percentage of ash, but this may not be the case in all portions.

"The growing interest in the peat supply of the state suggests the importance of further exploratioon to determine the quality and quantity of peat in the state."

Prof. Hall divides the state into five sections, the northwestern, northeastern, central, southeastern and southwestern. In the northwestern, especially in the Red river valley, conditions were never favorable for the formation of peat. The glacial lake Agassiz was drained only 5,000 years ago, which is too short a time for the formation of peat. Some deposits are found two or three feet thick, but are not old enough to make the best fuel. The deposits are usually covered with several feet of soil.

In the northeastern portion deposits are found a foot or less below the surface, and areas are found from two to four feet thick. In the central district peat is found in Anoka, Hennepin and Ramsey counties. Nicollet county, which is within the great bend of the Minnesota river, has many sloughs with decaying vegetable matter, and the surveyor reports that it burns freely and with great heat.

In the southeastern section, Dakota and Faribault, Freeborn, Goodhue and Mower counties report that they burned peat before the railroads came. Faribault county has 1,200 acres tthree feet thick. Le Sueur reports deposits in every township two to seven feet thick, with an aggregate of 3,000 acres. In the southwestern section much of the peat tested is found to contain 25 to 48 per cent of ash which is too high for good results. Cottonwood county reports deposits several feet thick and near the surface, and Jackson county reports veins of lignite coal one to three feet thick.

STUDENTS OF BOTH SEXES.

Policy of Albert Lea College Still a Matter of Speculation.

With the securing of the funds necessary to pay the debts of Albert Lea college there is speculation as to what policy shall be pursued when the endowment proposed is secured and the institution is again opened for the reception of students. There is a strong demand that the college, when next it is opened, be to students of both sexes, as that seems the popular plan for education at this time.

It will be remembered that the Presbyterian church of the state established Albert Lea college for the education of girls, and Macalester, St. Paul, for boys, but the latter long ago was made co-ed and there seems no reason why the institution here should not enter the field as a competitor and would be but the natural result of the action of the managers of Macalester.

The date of the reopening of the college has not been determined, but arrangements are progressing with that end in view.

Bank Cashier Dead.

Worthington, Minn., Dec. 14. — Gus Lindgreen, formerly register of deeds in this county, but of late years cashier of the Adrian State bank, was buried at Adrian yesterday. He was an old settler and popular.

Fined for Illegal Fishing.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Dec. 14.—Loult Wahlde was fined $10 and costs in the justice court in this city for illegal fishing. He was accused of having speared whitefish in Loon lake and selling them.

ARE GOOD BUTTERMAKERS

DAIRY AND FOOD DEPARTMENT FIGURING OUT WINNERS.

The averages of the contestants in the butter scoring contest held by the state dairy and food department are being figured out by the employes of the department. There were twelve scorings in the contest. The first was held in February and the last this month. For that reason the scoring, held in connection with the state fair is called the January contest. The winners of first, second and third places in the twelve scorings are:

January—	
A. G. Schandel, Elmore	98.50
Alex Johnson, Lafayette	98.50
Alfred Schroeder, Lafayette	98.50
C. E. Kendall, Schafer	98.50
Februtry—	
H. J. Credicott, Easton	97.50
H. A. Goetsch, Money Creek	97.00
Joseph Dierkhising, Miera Grove	96.50
March—	
H. J. Credicott, Easton	98.00
Henry Springer, Conger	97.00
H. C. Hanson, Smith Mill	97.00
April—	
P. Christensen, Olivia	98.00
H. J. Rosenau, Meriden	97.50
Edwin Hed, Nicollet	97.00
May—	
John Grandy, New Sweden	98.00
Alfred Anderson, Litchfield	97.50
H. J. Rosenau, Meriden	97.00
June—	
Allie Olson, Hector	97.00
A. G. Schandel, Elmore	96.50
J. F. Kielty, Watkins	96.50
July—	
Alex Johnson, Lafayette	98.00
A. G. Schandel, Elmore	97.25
John Grandy, New Sweden	97.00
August—	
John Grosser, Westbrook	99.00
J. F. Reimers, Glencoe	97.00
P. Christensen, Olivia	96.75
September—	
Henry Springer, Conger	97.50
H. A. Goetsch, Money Creek	97.00
C. W. Sly, Lake Crystal	96.75
October—	
H. J. Rosenau, Meriden	97.50
H. A. Goetsch, Money Creek	97.00
N. E. Anderson, St. Peter	96.50
November—	
H. J. Rosenau, Meriden	97.00
S. P. Sorenson, Hutchinson	96.50
Joseph Dierksising, Miera Grove	96.50
December—	
O. H. Gronseth, Waterville	97.00
H. A. Goetsch, Money Creek	96.75
A. G. Schandel, Elmore	96.50

BROKE ALL RECORDS.

Grand Jury Does Good Work in Steele County.

In discharging the grand jury at Owatonna, Judge Buckham stated that this body had broken all the records of his twenty-five years' service on the bench of this district. Among the other indictments are included those against ten saloonkeepers of Blooming Prairie, charged with running blind pigs. These indictments are the result of a curious condition which has existed in that town since the spring election last May.

Previous to that time this village of one thousand inhabitants had been blest with nine saloons, and soon after the election of L. G. Campbell as mayor the council voted to raise the license fee from $500 to $1,500. The saloonkeepers protested that this was too much, and as the council refused to recede from their stand, the saloonkeepers refused to ttake out licenses. Notwithstanding this fact, the supply of liquor shipped into the town failed to show any sign of depreciation and the "pigs" have been run very openly.

At the June sesion of the grand jury the witnesses brought forth to secure the conviction of the piggers suffered some severe lapses of memory and exhibited a marked degree of ignorance of the fluid dispensed to them over the bars of the aforesaid places. As a result, no indictments were found.

Since that time the mayor, materially assisted by the law and order element of the place, have been at work securing evidence, and with the assistance of several detectives presented such a showing that this time indictments were brought against ten of the saloon men. This evidence was secured largely through a trumped-up theatrical troupe which blew into the town recently. The saloon men took the bait very freely and as a result will now face trial.

The cases will follow that of Wilda Johnson, charged with attempting to poison Mrs. Gertrude Lundstrom.

The grand jury also brought an indictment against Herman Hoeldt, Jr., charging him with the attempted robbery of three friends recently in the town of Bixby, this county.

The Mankato council has passed an ordinance extending the time in which the Mankato & St. Peter Railway and Lighting company shall have five miles of street railway laid and in active operation to Feb. 12, 1906. At that time the franchise of the so-called Willard company will expire, and the council will only extend the franchise of the company making the best showing.

Michael Judd, a pioneer farmer of Rosemount, was killed at the Rock Island railway crossing at that place while driving home in a wagon.

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Saturday, Dec. 16, 1905.

Minnesota has over twenty-two million dollars inveted in public schools, an increase of over a million the past year.

Carl M. Borgen, formerly in the newspaper business at Brandon, Minn., is the new editor of the Red Lake Falls Courier. Mr. Borgen comes well recommended.

Congressman James Tawney of the First district has landed the most important chairmanship in congress and is easily Minnesota's most influential member. He will be a formidable candidate for speaker of the next congress.

The decision of the farmers today as to whether or not they will build a flour mill means much to this village and the surrounding country. This is the age of co-operation and institutions of this kind are what make a country prosperous.

The life insurance situation is not improving a whole lot. It is now claimed that the Standard Oil crowd will control the New York Life, the Mutual and the Equitable and will consolidate and form one big company. It will keep them busy selling their policies under these conditions.

Ripple Compass: Three-fourths of the lawmakers and state officials of Minnesota travel on the generosity of corporations. In straight words, they are on the pay rolls of the railroads. They are as much employed as was Chauncey Depew who drew his annual thousands from a life insurance company for his service in looking pleasant.

The Fargo Call says: Whatever you do on Christmas, don't forget the little folks. Remember the days when you were young and looked forward to Santa Claus season with so much anticipation. It is not the value of the gift that pleases the little ones (or children of a larger growth, for that matter) but the fact that someone has remembered them.

Many of the prominent newspapers of the state are advocating the selection of a candidate for the republican nomination for governor who will unite the warring elements and bring harmony and victory next year. Then again there are some who had Johnson leanings last year that don't appear to want harmony but would rather fight the old fight over and re-elect Johnson.

Ely Miner: If a man had a bull pup he would look after it carefully and not let it run all over town at night. But if he had a boy it is different. He is turned loose at an early age to go to the bad. And yet people wonder where the great army of loafers, cigarette fiends and gamblers come from. They are germinated from the pure seed gathered at home, sown broadcast on the streets and alleys. The boy ought to be given a fair chance with the bull pup.

Anoka Union: A shoe house went up the spout in Anoka recently and it's no wonder. The business was carried on without advertising, save only its location and what its show windows afforded. The columns of the newspapers were not used, and now the business is in the hands of a trustee, who since taking charge, has invested quite liberally in printer's ink. To do and to get business to-day, money must be spent in advertising, in some manner, and the best authorities claim that newspaper advertising always brings the greatest results. Had this shoe house advertised I'm thinking it would have been doing business today as the line is not over-represented here. A business man, who thinks in this age of sharp competition he can command patronage without advertising, is greatly mistaken. He's behind the times, and failure is mighty apt to follow.

To prevent writer's cramp, use the scissors instead of the pen. Lots of newspaper men are never affected by writer's cramp.—Boston Transcript.

Cruelty to Animals.

Colonel Martin, resident near the city of Galway, on the southern border of Connemara, Ireland, was probably the first to start the worthy humanitarian crusade against cruelty to animals. The surprised British house of lords shouted insult and derision at Lord Erskine when in 1811 he ventured to gently plead the cause of dumb brutes. The British house of commons would have treated Martin in the same manner when he introduced his bill for the prevention of cruelty to animals but for wholesome regard for his dueling reputation.

"Dick Martin's act," as the humanitarian statute was known, was passed in 1822, "a memorable date in the history of humane legislation." On June 24, 1824, Colonel Martin and a few other benevolent individuals met in London and formed the first society for the prevention of cruelty to animals. Forty years later the movement spread to America. In 1866 Henry Bergh formed the New York society.

Words In Use.

Ordinary well educated people use from 3,000 to 4,000 words in conversation. Accurate thinkers and reasoners, who avoid vague and general expressions and wait till they find a word that exactly fits their meaning, employ of course a larger stock; eloquent speakers may even rise to a command of 10,000. Shakespeare, who had a greater wealth of expression than any other writer, produced all his plays with about 15,000 words. Milton's works are built up with 8,000 and the Old Testament contains 5,642.

Our language therefore is not, after all, so formidable as it seems when we hear of a dictionary of 250,000 words. Skeats' Etymological Dictionary, which is limited to primary words (that is to say, it would explain luck, but not lucky or unlucky or luckless), deals with no more than 13,000 and among them are some really antiquated ones which were used some centuries ago, but are now to be found in the dictionary only.—Blackwood's.

Clever With Her Mouth.

To write and even to sew by means of the lips and tongue alone would seem a sheer impossibility, and yet Dr. Rubinstein of Wertheim-on-Main, a medical expert of reputation in Germany, according to the London Globe, vouches for having himself seen an authentic instance. The case was that of a young girl, paralyzed in all her limbs from the age of seven to fourteen, when she died. This afflicted little creature, by a triumph of will and patience than which, in its own way, few finer achievements have been recorded, trained lips and tongue to do the work of the hand, and to do it well, for she could not only sew, but could do it with neatness and speed, even arranging pieces of light stuff in their places by the same means. In three weeks she embroidered designs in silk on a piece of canvas some yards long.

Criers at the Paris Halles.

The position of crier at the Paris halles, or central markets, is one which, in view of recent revelations in a case before the law courts, ought not to be despised. The men who cry Gatinais fowls for sale earn £20 a month. Those who sell Brittany fowls get £16 a month, and those who dispose of ducks only receive £10 per month. Rabbits bring the crier only a pittance, for £6 a month is all he gets. Not everybody can be a crier, for unless you have sound vocal chords and a passable voice you will not be engaged. It also requires a man with a strong constitution, for the crier is at work from 6 o'clock in the morning till 8 o'clock in the evening, and on an average he should sell 2,000 fowls per hour.—London Globe.

Cromwell and Christmas.

During the commonwealth in England, when puritanical feeling held sway, many determined efforts were made to put down what were termed superstitious festivals and among these that of Christmas day. The holly and the mistletoe bough were to be cut up root and branch as plants of the evil one. Cakes and ale were held to be impious offerings to superstition. Thus in 1647 the Cromwell party ordered throughout the country by the mouth of the common crier that Christmas should no longer be observed.

Waste and Poverty.

With regard to waste, which lies at the foundation of nearly all poverty, the working classes have exalted it into a principle of action. An English servant, as a rule, wastes as much of her employer's substance as possible. When she marries and has children she continues to be wasteful in her own home.—London Hospital.

Physical Evidence.

"Do you know," said a Sunday school teacher, addressing a new pupil in the infant class, "that you have a soul?"

"Course I do," replied the little fellow, placing his hand over his heart. "I can feel it tick."—Moberly (Nev.) Monitor.

Worse Than She Thought.

Aunt—But I thought you understood that George is a poor young man when you became engaged to him. Niece—Of course I did, but I didn't imagine it went so far as his not being able to get a new automobile till next season.—Judge.

Walter's Composition.

Little Walter was told to write a composition containing the word "seldom." This is what he handed up to the teacher:

"My father owned some horses, but last week he seldom."

There are but few proverbial sayings that are not true, for they are all drawn from experience itself, which is the mother of all science.—Cervantes.

$40 for the Round Trip To Eastern Canada and Return.

A rate of $40.00 for the round trip has been made by the Great Northern Railway to Montreal and points west thereof in Ontario. These tickets will be on sale from December 4th to 31st inclusive and will be good for three months. Liberal stopover privileges will be allowed going and returning, giving you an opportunity of visiting many points enroute, making your holiday outing a pleasurable one. See your local agent for full information.

CALUMET Baking Powder

The only high grade Baking Powder sold at a moderate price. Complies with the pure food laws of all states.

Trust Baking Powders sell for 45 or 50 cents per pound and may be identified by this exorbitant price. They are a menace to public health, as food prepared from them contains large quantities of Rochelle salts, a dangerous cathartic drug.

Spend Christmas at Home.

A rate of $40.00 for the round trip to Eastern Canadian points has been made by the Great Northern Railway. These tickets are good to Montreal and points west thereof in Ontario and will be on sale from December 4th to 31st inclusive, tickets being good for three months and an extension of time can be secured at a small additional cost. Liberal stopover privileges will be allowed going and returning. See your local agent for full information.

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Supplement to the St. Hilaire Spectator.

COMMISSIONER'S PROCEEDINGS.

Red Lake Falls, Minn.
Nov. 24, 1905.

Pursuant to the call of the County Auditor, dated October 28, 1905, the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, met at the the Court House in the city of Red Lake Falls in special session at nine o'clock a. m. for a hearing on the petition of Aug. Konikson and others for a County Drainage Ditch, numbered by the County Auditor as County Ditch No. 23.

Present, Commissioners Sutor, Demann, Johnson and Shaw.

Commissioner Falardeau absent.

James K. Wood, engineer, and Daniel Patterson and G. K. Haavi, two of the Viewers on Ditch No. 23 were present.

The petition of Aug. Konikson and others for said County Ditch No. 23 was placed before the Board and arguments of all persons interested for or against the construction of the same were heard by the Board. After hearing all arguments on motion made by Commissioner Shaw and carried by unanimous vote, the reports of the Engineer and Viewers in said matter were approved and the following order establishing County Ditch No. 23 was made:

ORDER ESTABLISHING DITCH

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake. }

In the matter of the Petition of Aug. Konikson and others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

The above entitled matter came on duly to be heard by and before the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, at a Special Meeting of said Board duly called for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition for said ditch in the above entitled matter, on the twenty-fourth day of November, A. D., 1905, at nine o'clock, a. m. of said day; and it appearing by proper evidence that due notice had been given of the pendency of said petition and of said time of hearing thereon and that James K. Wood, the Civil Engineer appointed by this Board to survy the route of said ditch, has completed his work and duly filed his report thereon in the office of the County Auditor of said County, and that the Viewers appointed by said Board to view and report upon said work have duly completed their labors and made and filed their report in due form of law in the office of said County Auditor, the said Board of County Commissioners did, at the time above specified, proceed to hear said petition and said Viewers' report thereon; and said Board having duly considered said petition and heard all the parties interested for or against the construction of said ditch and all other matters pertaining thereto, find as follows, to-wit:

FIRST: That the said Civil Engineer has completed his work and made and filed his report thereon in all respects according to law.

SECOND: That the said Viewers appointed herein have duly completed their labors and have made and filed their report thereon according to law.

THIRD: That the estimated benefits to be derived from the construction of said work are greater than its total cost, including damages awarded.

FOURTH: That the damages and benefits arising from the construction of said ditch have been duly awarded and assessed, and that said reports of said Engineer and said Viewers are complete and correct.

FIFTH: That notice of this hearing of said petition and of said Viewers' report and said Engineer's report has been duly given, published and posted and mailed as by law required, and that proofs of said service of said notice have been duly made and filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County.

NOW, THEREFORE, as conclusions from the foregoing findings, we, the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, at said Special Session of said Board held at the time above specified, being satisfied that the proposed ditch will be of public utility and conducive to public health and public benefit and convenience and that the same is necessary for the reasons stated in the petition therefor, do hereby locate and establish the said ditch according to the report and the specifications of said Civil Engineer made and filed herein; and do hereby establish and confirm the report of the Viewers made and filed herein.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That the damages awarded to the persons and corporations named in the Viewers' report herein, in excess of benefits, be paid out of the County Treasury of said County on warrants to be drawn and attested by the Arditer of said County and signed by the Chairman of this Board of County Commissioners; and that said warrant be issued at the expiration of the time for appeal from this order in favor of such persons and corporations as shall not then have appealed, and shall be dated and become due and payable immediately after the letting of the contracts for the construction of the ditch herein referred to; and that in case of appeal from this order, or in case of any postponement or delay in determining the amount of damages due to any persons or corporations, the warrant in favor of such persons or corporations shall not be issued until the final determination thereof.

Given under our hands, this twenty-fourth day November, A. D. 1905.

By the Board
(Seal) O. J. JOHNSON,
a. m. Board of Co. Com'rs., Red Lake Co., Minn.
Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and Ex-officio Clerk of Board.

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned.

(Seal) O. J. JOHNSON,
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners.
Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor.

Pursuant to the call of the County Auditor, Oct. 28 1905, the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, met at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on Nov. 24, 1905 at two o'clock, p. m., for a hearing on the petition of A. T. Gorden and others for a County Drainage Ditch, designated as County Ditch No. 24.

Present Commissioners Sutor, Demann, Johnson and Shaw.

Commissioner Falardeau, absent.

James K. Wood, the Civil Engineer and Daniel Patterson and G. K. Haavi, two of the Viewers appointed on Ditch No. 24 were present.

The petition of A. T. Gorden and others for County Ditch No. 24 was placed before the Board and the arguments of all persons interested in the matter were heard.

After hearing all arguments for and against granting the prayer of the petitioneers, on motion made by Commissioner Shaw and carried unanimously, the reports of the Engineer and Viewers in said matter were approved, and the following order establishing County Ditch No 24 was made:

ORDER ESTABLISHING DITCH

State of Minnesota } ss
County of Red Lake. }

In the matter of the Petition of A. T. Gorden and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

The above entitled matter came on duly to be heard by and before the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, at a special Meeting of said Board duly called for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition for said ditch in the above entitled matter, on the twenty-fourth day of November, A. D., 1905, at two o'clock, p. m., of said day; and it appearing by proper evidence that due notice had been given of the pendency of said petition and of said time of hearing thereon and that James K. Wood, the Civil Engineer appointed by this Board to survey the route of said ditch, has completed his work and duly filed his report thereon in the office of the County Auditor of said County, and that the Viewers appointed by said Board to view and report upon said work filed duly completed their labors and made and have their report in due form of law in the office of said County Auditor, the said Board of County Commissioners did, at the time above specified, proceed to hear said petition and said Viewers' report thereon: and said Board having duly considered said petition and heard all the parties interested for or against the construction of said ditch and all other matters pertaining thereto, find as follows, to-wit:

FIRST: That the said Civil Engineer has completed his work and made and filed his report thereon in all respects according to law.

SECOND: That the said Viewers appointed herein have duly completed their labors and have made and filed their report thereon according to law.

THIRD: That the estimated benefits to be derived from the construction of said work are greater than its total cost, including damages awarded.

FOURTH: That the damages and benefits arising from the construction of said ditch have been duly awarded and assessed, and that said reports of said Engineer and said Viewers are complete and correct.

FIFTH: That notice of this hearing of said petition and of said Viewers' report and said Engineer's report has been duly given, published and posted and mailed as by law required, and and that proofs of said service of said notice have been duly made and filed in the office of the County Auditor of said county.

NOW, THEREFORE, as conclusions from the foregoing findings we, the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, at said Special Session of said Board held at the time above specified being satisfied that the proposed ditch will be of public utility and conducive to public health and public benefit and convenience, and that the same is necessary for the reasons stated in the petition therefore, do hereby locate and establish the said ditch according to the report and the specifications of said Civil Engineer made and filed herein, and do hereby establish and confirm the report of the Viewers made and filed herein.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That the damages awarded to the persons and corporations named in the Viewers' report herein, in excess of benefits, be paid out of the County Treasury of said County on warrants to be drawn and attested by the Auditor of said County and signed by the Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners; and that said warrants be issued at the expiration of the time for appeal from this order in favor of such persons and corporations as shall not then have appealed, and shall be dated and become due and payable immediately after the letting of the contracts for the construction of the ditch herein referred to; and that in case of appeal from this order, or in case of any postponement or delay in determining the amount of damages due to any persons or corporations, the warrant in favor of such persons or corporations shall not be issued until the final determination thereof.

Give under our hands, this twenty-fourth day of November, A. D., 1905.

By the Board.
Seal) O. J. JOHNSON,
Chm. Board Co. Com'rs. of Red Lake Co., Minn
Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and Ex-officio Clerk of Board.

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned to Nov. 25, 1905.

(Seal) O. J. JOHNSON,
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners
Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor.

Red Lake Falls, Minn.
Nov. 25, 1905.

The Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, met in special session at the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, at nine o'clock a. m.

Present. Commissioners Sutor, Demann, Johnson and Shaw.

Commissioner Falardeau absent.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Shaw was adopted by unanimous vote:

Be it resolved that the following described lands, to-wit: The southwest quarter of the southwest and lots 4, 5 and 9 of Section 10 and and the northwest quarter of section 15 in township 153 north of range 42 west, in Red Lake county, Minnesota, the same not being within the limits of any organized school district, be and are hereby attached to common school district No. 31 in said County.

A hearing was granted on the petition of A. M. Edstrom and others for a new school district and the same was set for January 4, 1906, at two o'clock P. M.

A hearing on the petition of G. C. Gulrud and others for a new school district and the date for such hearing was set for January 3, 1906 at two o'clock P. M.

A hearing was granted on the petition of P. O. Sorlum and others for a new school district and the date of same fixed for January 3, 1906, at three o'clock P. M.

The application from the village of St. Hilaire for an appropriation from the county road and bridge fund, was on motion laid over till the next meeting.

On motion duly carried, auctioneer's licenses were granted to Thomas Moreau and Harold M. Hicks.

On motion duly carried the application of the Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls for correction of assessment for the year 1905, was granted subject to the approval of the State Auditor.

On motion carried unanimously, the application of August Sandberg for correction of assessment and abatement of taxes for the year 1904 on the N½ of NW¼ and a strip 10x40 rods of the SE¼ of the NW¼ of Section 33 in Twp 154, Range 44, was granted subject to the approval of the State Auditor.

The application of August Sandberg for correction of assessment and abatement of taxes for the year 1904 on the S 1-2 of the SW¼ of Section 28 in Twp. 154, Range 44, was on motion rejected.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Shaw was unanimously adopted:

State of Minnesota. } ss
County of Red Lake. }

Whereas, it appears from a report from the State Auditor to the Auditor of said County, that at the time of the organization of the Township of Park in said County, at the July 1905 meeting of this Board, there was in this State another Township of that name.

Therefore, Be it Resolved, that we, the Board of County Commissioners of said county hereby proceed to change and alter the name of said township of Park in said county. (the same being Township 154, north of range 40 West.) to the name of Goodridge and that the said township is hereby designated and named Goodridge.

On motion carried unanimously, the county auditor was instructed to advertise for bids for printing and publishing the commissioner's proceedings, delinquent tax list and all legal notices to be published by the county during the year 1906.

On motion duly carried the county auditor was instructed to advertise for bids for the delivery of 50 cords of green poplar wood at the court house in Red Lake Falls.

A petition signed by John Frolland and others for an appropriation from the county road and bridge fund to build a bridge across the Clearwater river in the town of Emardville, was laid over on account of lack of funds.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Frank Jeffers, recording town treas bond	$ 85
A. C. Simons, 1 vault door	62 00
Thief River Falls Lbr Co, lumber for repairs on court house and lath for stakes on county ditches	2 15
The Robertson Lbr Co, plank for sidewalk	25
H. T. McAnulty, traveling expenses for Co Supt of schools	30 00
James Brady, building vault in Co Auditor's office and repairing chimneys and roof, of court house and furnishing all material for same	485 00
A. L. Roy, hauling 6 loads wood to county jail	2 50
Theodore Halvorson, Balance due on contract for construction of county ditch No 21	540 47
Otto Zaiser, viewer on county ditch No 23 2 days and expenses	8 00
Otto Zaiser, viewer on county ditch No 24 3 days and expenses	12 00
D. Patterson, viewer on county ditch No 23 3 days and expenses	12 00
D. Patterson, viewer on county ditch No 24 3 days and expenses	12 00
Gilbert Haavi, viewer on county ditch No 23 4½ days and expenses	18 05
Gilbert Haavi, viewer on county ditch No 24 4½ days and expenses	17 05
J. K. Wood, engineer and expenses, county ditch No 23	68 00
J. K. Wood engineer and expenses, county ditch No 24	89 55
J. K. Wood, engineer and expenses, county ditches No 23 and 24	8 50
J. K. Wood, engineer and cross sectioning county ditch no 22	5 00
Andrew Ydstie, board of engineer and assistants, surveying county ditch No 23	19 00
C. C. Bergan, board of engineer, surveying county ditch No 24	9 00
Frank Satterberg, board of engineer and assistants, surveying county ditch No 24	5 60
W. H. Krueger, board of viewer and engineer on county ditches No 23 and 24	2 75
Emil Just, board and team hire for surveyor and assistants on county ditch No 24	2 50
Leo Morin, chairman on county ditch No 23	9 75
W. E. Wood, rodman " " " 23	17 00
E. Schelstrup, axman on " " 22	1 50
W. E. Wood, rodman on " " 24	19 00
L. J. Wood, axman on " " 24	14 50
Daniel Patterson, team hire for viewers on county ditch No 24, 1 day	3 50
Zaiser Bros., team hire for viewers on county ditch No 23, 1 day	4 00
Zaiser Bros., team hire for viewers on county ditch No 24 2 days	8 00
Zaiser Bros., livery for engineer on county ditch No 23	6 00
Zaiser Bros., livery for engineer on county ditch No 22	7 00
Adam Zeh, services as clerk of the board of viewers on county ditches No 23 and 24	6 00
D. Linnihan, posting notices of hearing on county ditch No 23	1 50
D. Linnihan, posting notices of hearing on county ditch No 24	12 00
D. Linnihan, serving notices on viewers on county ditch No 23	9 40
D. Linnihan, serving notices on viewers on county ditch No 24	9 40
James E. Ford, county auditor's fees on county ditch No 23	25 76
James E. Ford, county auditor's fees on county ditch No 24	38 60
D. Linnihan, sheriff, boarding prisoners, Sept. and Oct., 1905	45 03
D. Linnihan, sheriff, drawing grand jury	3 20
D. Linnihan, sheriff's fees, State of Minn., vs Samuel J. Johnson	30 10
D. Linnihan, sheriff fees State of Minn., vs Samuel J. Johnson	30 10
D. Linnihan, sheriff, summoning grand and petit Jurors	118 80
D. Linnihan, sheriff's fees Oct. 1905, term dist. court	34 00
D. Linnihan, sheriff's fees, serving personal property tax citations	30 60
Geo. Jarman, deputy sheriff's fees, State vs A. Beausoleil	16 60
Geo. Jarman, deputy sheriff's fees, State vs Ed. DeGrass, Ed. Gordon and Casper Weiner	38 63
Geo. Jarman, deputy sheriff's fees, State vs Wm. Beck and C. A. McKenzie	40 93
Geo. Jarmam, deputy sheriff's fees, State vs Louis Rondesvidt and Geo. Hoover	21 85
James Brady, making repairs on Court house	4 20
John Rison, deputy sheriff's fees summoning witnesses to appear before grand jury	8 40
M. E. Phillips serving citation state vs Marguerite Ward	2 35
J. A. Donahue, serving citation, State vs A. G. Bjornoby	1 20
Free Press Ptg Co, treas tax receipts and bal due on probate order book	70 08
Northwestern School Supply Co, 2 reams examination paper	4 30
McGill Warner Co, 4 copies 1905 session laws	5 00
Miller-Davis Ptg Co blanks for county offices	15 13
Pioneer Press Co, blanks, blank books and supplies	39 65
Geo. D. Barnard & Co, steel filing case, blanks and supplies	93 75
John E. King, stationery and office supplies	48 95
Red Lake Courier, 500 envelopes	2 25
Red Lake Courier, publishing notices of hearing on county ditches No 23 and 24	8 50
John E. King, publishing notice of sale of ditching jobs	1 75
John E. King, publishing commissioner's proceedings	11 24
John E. King, publishing notice of sale absolute property	2 50
Red Lake Falls Gazette, publishidg summer school notice	6 50
Polk County, Minn., expenses incurred in the matter of the insanity of Paul Skomedal, a resident of Red Lake County	50 65
Joseph Perrault, clerk of court, drawing grand jury	3 00
Joseph Perrault, clerk of court, miscellanous court fees	68 85
W. A. Riechel, photographs of prisoner in county jail	3 00
James E. Ford, services on county board of audit	24 00
Joseph Perrault, services on county board of audit	24 00
Frank Schirrich, services as fire warden Town of Polk Centre, 1904	2.00
Samuel Sabourin, services as fire warden Town of Terrebonne, 1904	4 75
Red Lake Falls Electric Light Co., lighting court house and jail and lamps furnished	25 25
S. L. Lewis, justice fees, state vs John Doe and Richard Roe	5 40
S. L. Lewis, services drawing grand jurors	3 20
Frank Jeffers, postage and express in office of register of deeds	9 28
H. T. McAnulty, postage in office of supt. of schools	4 48
James E. Ford, postage and express in office of county auditor	4 79
K. M. Hansen, postage in county treasurer's office	25 63
Frank Jeffers, gov't enveloses and postage stamps for reg. deeds	12 99
James Sutor, services on committee on repairs of court house and jail	16 00
Wm. C. L. Demann, services on committee on repairs of court house	23 90
James Sutor, attendeng commissioner's meetings and inspecting county ditches	28 00
Wm. C. L. Demann, attenting commissioner's meeting and inspecting county ditches	7 40
O. J. Johnson, attending commissioner's meeting and inspecting county ditches	10 00
Daniel Shaw, attending commissioner's meeting and inspecting county ditches	25 00
James Sutor, attending special meeting of county beard	3 00
Wm. C. L. Demann, attending specialmeeting of county board	3 00
O. J. Johnson, attending special meeting of county board	3 00
Daniel Shaw, attending special meeting of county board	3 00
O. J. Johnson, services on county board of auditors, 8 days	24 00

The following bills were on motion laid over:

Red Lake Falls Elec. Light Co., lighting court house and jail and lamps furnished for same	$15 40
Alex. Johnston, services as ass't. engineer inspecting county ditch No. 21	25 00
W. A. Schreiter, 4 yds prone paper	1 25

On motion duly carried the following bills were rejected:

McGill-Warner Co., balance due on Commissioner's records	60c
Miller-Davis Printing Co., balance due on blanks for Co. auditor	4 8

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned sine die.

(Seal) O. J. JOHNSON,
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners
Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and ex-officio clerk of the Board.

California -The Land of Enchantment.

An ideal place to spend a winter vacation. Your health will be greatly benefitted by the boating, surf bathing, golfing, tennis and other out of door pleasures that may be enjoyed in California, even in mid winter. The North-Western Line offers very low rates to California, and the tri-weekly tourist car service from Minneapolis and St. Paul on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, is of the best. For information as to rates, etc., Write to T. W. Teasdale, G. P. A., St. Paul Minn.

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CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv.....Crookston.......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv.....St. Hilaire.....Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz B. H. Duntley Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Bergland, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, MINN.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
.....TOYS
Agency for
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Band concert Monday night.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Miss Clara Hoff was a Thief River Falls visitor last Tuesday.

Be sure to attend the band concert at Imperial hall Monday evening.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Miss Celia Lalonde, of Crookston, is the guest of Mrs. O. F. Post this week.

A. O. Davison and family spent last Sunday at Red Lake Falls visiting friends.

M. J. Court, the creamery supply man, was here on business last Wednesday.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Miss Josephine Gigstad is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. M. Edstrom at Hazel this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ole Loe and son Ludvig are spending the week at McIntosh, visiting relatives.

The village schools will close next Friday afternoon for a two weeks' holiday vacation.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Miss Mamie Linnihan, of Red Lake Falls, was here last Sunday visiting the family of E. M. Hoff.

A. M. Edstrom and wife, of Hazel, were here last Sunday visiting with the family of K. O. Gigstad.

J. J. Soll has rented the saloon building of M. E. Bjerk and will change his location the first of the year.

Rolland Bros. have purchased the residence of Ole Guttormson, which they will occupy in the spring.

W. A. Gould came over from Bemidji yesterday to look over the improvements being done at the dam.

The light fall of snow the first of the week was a great help to the sleighing. Country roads are now in fair condition.

The friends of Mrs. B. B. Penner will be pained to learn that she is seriously ill at Mr. Penner's claim in Marshall county.

A. F. Lang returned last Wednesday from Calvin, N. D., where he has been running a restaurant for the past two months.

Harold Eickhoff and his team of goats which he has well broke to harness are attracting considerable attention around town.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

The farmers' threshing machine came from across the river on Thursday and passed through town. They have a couple of jobs yet to finish.

The Merchants State Bank has a supply of blanks for ordering prison twine. Anyone wishing to order twine can have the blanks by calling.

The M. E. church social at the Hotel Markham last Friday evening was well attended and a good time enjoyed by all. About twenty dollars was cleared.

Clear thinking, decisive action, vim and vigor of body and mind, the sparkle of life, comes to all who use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Lewis Adams and children and Mrs. H. C. Adams left on Tuesday for Bellingham, Washington. Mr. Adams intends to locate somewhere in the west.

Auction sale of general merchandise at St. Hilaire hotel at 2 p. m. and 7:30 p.m. Saturday, Dec. 16th, also at 2 p.m. and 7:30 p.m. Wednesday, Dec. 20th.
R. J. McKercher.

Dr. C. E. Higbie returned on Tuesday from Ulen and Detroit where he had been visiting friends. He informs us that he will be here permanently from now on and will resume his practice as veterinary.

The band boys will give another one of their popular concerts next Monday evening at Imperial hall and they should be patronized by all who can attend. Admission 25c and 15c. See the program published elsewhere.

Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is simply liquid electricity. It goes to every part of your body, bringing new blood, strength and new vigor. It makes you well and keeps you well. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

A. R. Jones returned on Tuesday from North Dakota where he has been buying wheat. He has had a slight attack of illness and will recuperate at home during the holidays.

Wm. Schumacher, the hustling Bray farmer, was in town last Wednesday and takes some space in the SPECTATOR to tell his farmer friends about some fancy stock he has received. Look his ad. over.

The planer whistle will sound its last call for the season of 1905 today when the mill will shut down for the balance of the year. The new boiler has already arrived and a crew will commence the first of the week to put it in place. This will take considerable time and work at the mill will not resume until some time in January when it will commence work freshly repaired for another year's run.

A. M. Hanson dropped down from his Rainy River home yesterday and will spend a few days visiting old friends. Mr. Hanson is returning from Grand Rapids where he was drawn on the petit jury and has undoubtedly drawn the largest mileage paid any juryman this year. To reach Grand Rapids he had to go to Winnipeg, thence to Crookston, and his mileage amounted to 1002 miles.

Beautifying methods that injure the skin and health are dangerous. Be beautiful without discomfort by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Sunshiny faces follow its use. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

Crookston Journal (Saturday): Geo. L. Austin, the St. Hilaire buttermaker, who scored highest in the butter contest yesterday, returned to his home this morning. The St. Hilaire butter made a score of 95 which is considered an excellent showing for this time of the year. Mr. Austin has been very successful with the work at St. Hilaire during the past season and looks for a still greater business another year.

Crookston Times (Saturday): James Wilson, elected president of the Red River Valley Dairymen's association yesterday, departed this morning for Thief River Falls, near where he has a homestead upon which he will spend some little time during the next few weeks. Mr. Wilson has been mentioned quite prominently for a professorship in the agricultural college to be erected here and his many Crookston friends will hope to see him move to this city to reside. As yet however there has been nothing announced definitely.

There is a spirit of co-operation among the farmers of this part of the county which has always brought results in the past and will, we think, do much more in the future. Today the farmers will meet at the village hall to discuss whether or not they will build a flour mill the coming year. The Bray Mutual Fire Insurace company, the St. Hilaire creamery and the Farmers' Threshing Machine company have already shown what co-operation can do if properly managed. Big things look small if the proper spirit and sufficient number of persons are interested. We wish them success.

Roseau Region: Right-of-way Agent Clay is busy securing right of way east of this city and hopes to have it all secured between here and Warroad in a few weeks. Engineers E. B. Howes and C. E. McDonald, engineers for the Great Northern, will make Roseau their headquarters for the winter and superintend the work of grading the swamps east, which work will be done during the winter. In the spring it is expected the steel to Roseau will be laid and trains running by early summer. This is the latest statement by the company. Roseau hopes it will become an assured fact.

I. O. O. F. Election.

The Odd Fellows held an election last week and E. M. Hoff will be N. G.; O. F. Post, V. G.; J. B. O'Brien, secretary, and Leonard Holmes, treasurer, for the ensuing term.

Estray.

Came to my premises in section 24, town of Bray, on or about Nov. 28, 1905, two heifer calves, one gray and one red. Owner can have same by proving property and paying costs.
HALVOR HANSON.

M. B. A. Elect Officers.

The Modern Brotherhood of America at their meeting last Monday evening elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

President—Henry O. Jackson.
Vice president—H. E. Ives.
Secretary—Knute Killand.
Treasurer—Carl Steen.
Conductor—A. S. Wilson.
Chaplain—P. S. Dainard.
Watchman—Albert Fellman.
Sentry—John Carlson.
Trustee—Joseph Payment.
Physician—Dr. Blomburgh.

The Bray Mutual.

Secretary C. P. Swanson of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company, was in town last Monday making arrangements for the annual meeting of that company which will occur in January. Mr. Swanson informs us that the figures are not yet at hand but that the company has had another prosperous year. A large number of new members have been secured and but one loss reported which was paid out of the surplus fund so that no assessment was made this year.

International Live Stock Exhibition.

On account of the International Live Stock Exhibition to be held at Chicago, the Great Northern Railway will sell tickets at the rate of one first class fare plus $2.00. Tickets will be good on all trains arriving in St. Paul December 16th to 20th inclusive and will be good leaving Chicago not later than December 24th. See your local agent for full particulars.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

ANNUAL MEETING

Of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

The annual stockholders' meeting of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company will be held at the village hall at St. Hilaire, Minn., on Monday, January 8th, 1906, at 10:30 a. m., at which time will occur the annual election of a president, secretary and three directors, and such other business as may lawfully come before the meeting.

NELS K. ANDERSON,
President.
C. P. SWANSON,
Secretary.
St. Hilaire, Minn., Dec. 11, 1905.

Argument in Favor of Durum.

Last Sunday's Grand Forks Herald contained an interesting four column article on Durum wheat prepared by the N. D. Department of Agriculture. The conclusions are that from actual experience of a farmer who has cultivated as much as 5,000 acres of this wheat in a season Durum has netted for several years a profit of 100 per cent more than ordinary varieties, which have ceased to thrive as they did in former years. In 1905 Durum netted a profit of 30 per cent more than other varieties. This farmer, S. Glover, of Glover, N. D., put in six acres in 1902, which yielded 30 bushels per acre. In 1903 he put in 134 acres and it yielded over 30 bushels per acre. This year he had in 3,000 acres and it averaged 24 bushels and the ordinary wheat 12. The varieties recommended by him are Kubanka Durum and Arnautka Durum wheat. It withstands dry and hot weather and does not shrink, shell, bleach or sprout in the shock. He has had this wheat stand in shock until November in a wet fall without injury by either bleaching or sprouting.

"Unloaded" Gun Accident.

Middle River Pioneer: Mr. Grundahl came to town last night and telephoned for Dr. Gambell to come post haste to the home of Nels Offerdahl. Mr. Offerdahl has a family of seven children and some of them got hold of a loaded shot gun which had been left standing in the room. In some manner they discharged the gun and five of them were hurt, one little girl two or three years old receiving a couple of shot through the head, which it was feared would result fatally as the little one bled profusely. The Offerdahl family live six and one-half miles southeast of town and up to the hour of going to press we have no means of hearing the condition of the little one.

Trackless Trolleys Economical.

The reports of the Berlin General Electric company on the operation of a trackless trolley system prove that this method is very much cheaper than the usual one. Throughout the rural districts the trackless trolly can be operated to advantage, and with the advantage that it can be built in almost no time. With tracks, or without, we can still be contented and happy if we have golden grain belt beer, the great health tonic and table beverage. If you haven't a case at home, there's no time like the present to order. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston, Minn.

Band Concert.

Following is the program to be given by the St. Hilaire Band on Monday evening, Dec. 18th:

March.......................................White
"Detroit Commandry"
Overture....................................Dalbey
"Impromptu."
Duet..........."Sparks"..................Simons
Messrs. C. Lund and N. Dahl.
Violin Solo.................................Ole Bull
"Saterbesoget."
Melodies from Faust.....................Gounod
Song...........Selected.........
"Symphia" Waltzes.....................Holzmann
Cake Walk...................................Southwell
"Coon Dudes."

A Double Bull.

A double bull in a single sentence was perpetrated by the late John Hollingshead, an Englishman. He wrote, "When Lord Mohun was killed he was living in Macclesfield house, Gerrard street, Soho, at the back of Leicester house, a site now occupied by the defunct Pelican club."

Vindicated.

"I congratulate you. I understand you have been vindicated."

"Triumphantly, Johnson. At the first trial the jury disagreed; at the second trial my lawyers found a flaw in the indictment, and the case was thrown out of court."—Chicago Tribune.

Accommodating.

The Landlady—Will you have coffee, tea or cocoa, Mr. Slopay? Mr. Slopay—Anything you wish to call it, ma'am! —Puck.

Sharp tongues, like sharp knives, are apt to do a great deal of damage in this world.—Austin Statesman.

McMURRAY'S
VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

Schumacher Bros.
Will offer for a limited season the services of their registered
POLAND-CHINA BOAR
which is without doubt the finest bred hog ever brought into Red Lake county. For particulars inquire at farm in S½ Sec. 12, Bray township.
Name of Animal: Tecumseh King, No. 100425.
Sire: Tecumseh's Pride, No. 93073.
Dam: Chief Ideal's Daughter 4th, No. 231396.

ALTON JACKSON

Will Solicit Subscriptions to the St. Hilaire Spectator,

And Receive a Free Scholarship in Button's Business College.

The SPECTATOR is the owner of a life scholarship in Button's Business College at Crookston, which we determined to offer to some boy who would solicit subscriptions to the SPECTATOR. Upon advice of Prof. J. B. O'Brien we have concluded an arrangement with Alton Jackson whereby he will devote his spare time to soliciting subscriptions and receive in return the scholarship.

Mr. Jackson is a bright, capable young man and the scholarship will help him equip himself for a business career. We hope he will receive favorable consideration. If you are not a subscriber to the SPECTATOR he will undoubtedly call on you.

Largest Crop in History.

Crookston Journal: The story that has been generally circulated that the crops were poor the past year and that there would be hard times in the northwest the coming winter will look rather small when one knows the real circumstances which exist in this section of the country. Capt. C. H. Jenks, superintendent of the Northern division of the G. N., recently made the statement that there had by far been more wheat handled this year by the G. N. system than ever before. Mr. Jenks has been a resident of this section since the very early days and has watched the developments with a very keen interest. He is credited with having taken the first wheat into St. Paul that was ever raised in the Red River valley and for that matter the whole northwest. He was then employed as a brakeman on the system and says that the cereal was somewhat of a curiosity and that along the line the cars were opened and looked into by the citizens of the small towns who had never thought that wheat could be raised here.

Mr. Jenks is authority for the statement that there was in all 111,000,000 bushels of wheat handled by the G. N. this fall most of which came from the Dakotas and Minnesota. This is 6,000,000 bushels more than were ever handled before by the G. N. The next largest crop was 105,000,000 bushels.

Of course there were not so many farmers in the wheat raising section at that time but nevertheless the great margin this year will outaverage the increase.

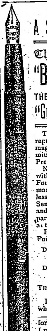
It is possible that this section in the immediate vicinity of this city suffered from too much rain but it was only to a slight extent of territory. The little town of Warren itself shipped the immense amount of 200,000 bushels which smashes all the previous records.

Whenever you hear any kicking about the past year's crop just tell him some of these figures which are authentic and which on the whole can be taken to represent only part of the wheat that was handled this season.

The Soo and the N. P. handled their share and if the total could be obtained it might astonish some people. The fact that the Great Northern has the greater amount of track in this vicinity is responsible for their handling the greater part of the crop.

Holiday Excursions.

The Great Northern Railway will sell tickets at the rate of $40.00 to Montreal and points west thereof in Ontario. These tickets will be on sale from December 4th to 31st inclusive and will be good for three months with an extension of time at a small additional cost. See your local agent for full particulars.



A Striking Combination
The Pioneer Press
"Best Newspaper"
THE PARKER LUCKY CURVE
"Greatest Fountain Pen"
The same pen with world wide reputation advertised in leading magazines now given as a premium with the St. Paul Pioneer Press.
Nearly everybody is acquainted with the merits of the PARKER Fountain Pen. It is the best made and never sells at retail for less than $1.50. Take no chances. Send your subscription at once and if you are dissatisfied in any particular money will be refunded at the end of subscription period.
Parker's Lucky Curve Gold Fountain Pen given as follows:
Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, six mos. and pen....... $2.35
Daily Pioneer Press six months and pen....... $1.85
THE PIONEER PRESS
St. Paul, Minn
Find enclosed $________ for which you will send me The ________ Pioneer Press for six months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.
Name
Town
State
R. F. D. No.

... Go to ...
Rapp & Post
... for your ...
Winter Wear

FIRE INSURANCE
— is a —
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class
— FOR RATES CALL ON —
HARRY E. IVES.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS
NOW ARRIVING.
We are getting in daily our Fall and Winter Stock of.....
Dry Goods :: Dress Goods
Boots and Shoes
and Heavy Winter Goods
AND INVITE YOUR INSPECTION
WE CAN QUOTE YOU PRICES EQUAL TO THE LOWEST
Call early and see our Stock of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods
E. M. HOFF.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

TRY PEERLESS
Bjerk & Dahlin
—Dealers in—
Wines, Liquors and Cigars
Gund's Beer on Draught
TRY PEERLESS

WINCHESTER
FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

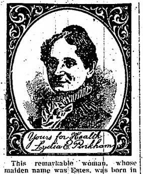
5

LYDIA E. PINKHAM

A BRIEF SKETCH OF HER LIFE

How the Vegetable Compound Had Its Birth and How the "Panic of '73" Caused it to be Offered for Public Sale in Drug Stores.

THE STORY READS LIKE A ROMANCE



This remarkable woman, whose maiden name was Estes, was born in Lynn, Mass., February 9th, 1819, coming from a good old Quaker family. For many years she taught school, and during her career as a teacher she became known as a woman of an alert and investigating mind, an earnest seeker after knowledge, and above all, she was possessed with a wonderfully sympathetic nature.

In 1843 she married Isaac Pinkham, a builder and real estate operator, and their early married life was marked by prosperity and happiness. They had four children, three sons and a daughter.

In those good old-fashioned days few drugs were used in medicines; people relied upon nature's remedies, roots and herbs, which are to-day recognized as more potent and efficacious in controlling diseases than any combination of drugs.

Mrs. Pinkham from her youth took a deep interest in medicine, in botany—the study of roots and herbs, their characteristics and power over disease. She believed that as nature so bountifully provides food for the body so she also provides medicine for the ills and weaknesses of the body, in the roots and herbs of the field, and as a wife, mother and sympathetic friend, she often made use of her knowledge of roots and herbs in preparing medicines for her family and friends.

Knowing of so much suffering among her sex, after much study and research, Mrs. Pinkham believed that the diseases of women have a common cause, and she set to work to find a common remedy—not at that time as a source of profit, but simply that she might aid the suffering.

How her efforts have been rewarded the women of the world know to-day.

In 1873 the financial crisis struck Lynn. Its length and severity was too much for the large real estate interests of the Pinkham family, as this class of business suffered most from this fearful depression, so when the Centennial year dawned it found their property swept away.

At this point the history of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound commences:

The three sons and daughter, with their mother, combined forces to restore the family fortune. They resolved to give to the world the vegetable compound that Mrs. Pinkham had so often made from roots and herbs for such of her women neighbors and friends who were sick and ailing. Its success in those cases had been wonderful—its fame had spread, and calls were coming from miles around for this efficacious vegetable compound.

They had no money, and little credit. Their first laboratory was the kitchen, where roots and herbs were steeped on the stove, gradually filling a gross of bottles. Then came the question of selling it, for always before they had given it away free. They hired a job printer to run off some pamphlets setting forth the merits of the medicine, now called Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and these pamphlets were distributed by the Pinkham sons in Boston, New York and Brooklyn.

The wonderful curative properties of the medicine were, to a great extent, self-advertising, for whoever used it recommended it to others, and the demand gradually increased.

In 1877, by combined efforts, the family had saved enough money to commence newspaper advertising on a small scale, and from that time the growth and success of the enterprise was assured, until to-day Lydia E. Pinkham and her Vegetable Compound have become household words everywhere, and thousands of pounds of roots and herbs are used annually in making this great remedy for woman's ills.

Although Lydia E. Pinkham passed to her reward some years ago, the perpetuation of her great work was guarded by her foresight.

During her long and eventful experience she was ever methodical in her work and was careful to preserve a record of every case that came to her attention. The case of every sick woman who applied to her for advice—and there were thousands—received careful study, and the details, including symptoms, treatment and results, were recorded for future reference, and to-day these records, together with thousands made since, are available to sick women the world over, and represent a vast collaboration of information regarding the treatment of woman's ills which, for authenticity and accuracy, can hardly be equaled in any library in the world.

Another act of foresight on the part of Lydia E. Pinkham was to see that some one of her family was trained to carry on her work, and with that end in view, for years before her death, had as her chief assistant her daughter-in-law, the present Mrs. Pinkham.

Therefore, under the guidance and careful training of Lydia E. Pinkham, and a vast experience of her own, covering twenty-five years, the present Mrs. Pinkham is exceptionally well equipped to advise sick women, which she is always glad to do free of charge.

The record of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made of simple herbs and roots, is a proud and peerless one. It is a record of constant conquest over the obstinate ills of women, greater than that of any other one medicine of its kind in the world, and will ever stand as a monument to that noble woman whose name it bears.

Wants a Holiday.

Mamma—So you want to give your dear teacher a present?

Tommy—Yes, ma; I'd like to give her some of that cheap candy like I had the other day.

"Why, Tommy, that was what made you so ill."

"Yes, ma; I know it was."—Chicago Journal.

AN AWFUL SKIN HUMOR.

Covered Head, Neck and Shoulders—Suffered Agony for Twenty-five Years Until Cured by Cuticura.

"For twenty-five years I suffered agony from a terrible humor, completely covering my head, neck and shoulders, discharging matter of such offensiveness to sight and smell that I became an object of dread. I consulted the most able doctors far and near to no avail. Then I got Cuticura, and in a surprisingly short time I was completely cured. For this I thank Cuticura, and advise all those suffering from skin humors to get it and end their misery at once. S. P. Keyes, 149 Congress Street, Boston, Mass."

Heard in the Asylum.

"Is dere anyt'ing you wouldn't eat fer dinner?"

"Uh-huh."

"What?"

"Breakfast."—Cleveland Leader.

Ask Your Druggist for Allen's Foot-Ease.

"I tried ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE recently and have just bought another supply. It has cured my corns, and the hot, burning and itching sensation in my feet which was almost unbearable, and I would not be without it now."—Mrs. W. J. Walker, Camden, N. J." Sold by all Druggists, 25c.

Perhaps Not the Last.

"There goes Muchwedd."

"Is that his last wife he has with him?"

"Well, it's his latest."—

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

If we can't find kind things to say about our friends we had much better hold our tongues.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS.
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

"YER UP IN A BALLOON.

Astonished Yokel's Pat Reply to Lost Aeronaut's Question.

Of Baldwin, the ill-fated aeronaut, a Cleveland man said recently:

"He once took me with him ballooning. The experience was odd and frightening. A gale came up and I became airsick—a condition worse than seasickness. It was now necessary to descend, but Baldwin wanted to know in what part of the country we floated.

"With our glasses we swept the landscape, but in the failing light only one house was visible, and near by a man worked in a field. Baldwin, with great skill, brought down the balloon till it was only about a hundred feet above the man's head.

"'Hi!' he shouted. 'Hi!'

"The workman looked up in amazement.

"'Where are we?' cried Baldwin, as we darted onward.

"'Where are ye?' repeated the man, in his slow, dull way.

"'Yes. Where are we?'

"'Why,' same the reply, almost inaudible, we were now so far past—'why, yer up in a balloon, ain't ye?'"

Tennessee Praise.

Dayton, Tenn., Dec. 11th (Special)—Among many prominent residents to praise Dodd's Kidney Pills is Mr. N. R. Roberts of this place. He tells of what they have done for him, and his words will go deep into the hearts of all who are suffering in the same way. He says:

"I was a martyr to Kidney Trouble, but Dodd's Kidney Pills completely cured me. I shall always keep them on hand in case there should be any return of the old trouble, but I am thankful to say they did their work so well there has not been the slightest sign of my old complaint coming back. The pain in my back used to be terrible. If I got down I had a hard job to get straight again. But my back is like a new one now and I can stoop as much as I please. I don't believe there ever was any medicine half so good as Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Auricular Proof.

"No," said the higher critic, "I can't accept the truth of everything in the Bible. Now, there's that story of Balaam; I don't believe that an ass could speak, do you?"

"How can I doubt it now with the evidence before me?" replied the plain Christian.—Catholic Standard.

MAUDE SAID A LOT

AND MADE HERSELF UNPLEASANT GENERALLY.

Result, Red-Eyed and Red-Nosed Bride and Very Angry Husband—Moral in This Story for Those Who Have a Disagreeable Habit.

The bride had been entertaining a caller in her little new home.

After her visitor had gone she locked the door and wept.

And red-eyed and red-nosed her husband found her.

"Maude was here this afternoon," she announced, as they sat down to dinner.

"Was she? And how did Maudie like our little home?" genially asked the bridegroom.

"She said it was real nice," said the bride, faintly.

"And acted like she thought it was a chickencoop, eh?" answered the bridegroom, showing a deep acquaintance with Maudie's little peculiarities.

"Well, she didn't care for the parlor paper."

"Didn't she," the bridegroom forbore to say more, but his tone spoke volumes.

"She didn't like the Morris chair much, either. She thought it clashed with everything."

"It don't clash with me," remarked the bridegroom, calmly. "How'd she like the kitchen?"

"She said it was a little matchbox. I believe she remarked that it was fortunate we couldn't afford but a tiny little maid. She said we should be careful not to buy rugs that cried aloud to heaven."

The man across the table made no answer, but mentally vowed to purchase rugs with a brass band effect.

"She agreed with you about that picture in the parlor, dear," said the bride, in a mollifying tone. "She said it was too hideous for any place but the storeroom. You know, you said—"

"It looks very well there," remarked the bridegroom, with decision, squinting across at the picture on the parlor wall.

"I thought she might admire the back view," went on the bride, plaintively, "but she thought it dreadfully sordid. She asked me to pull the curtain down. She said the dining room looked terribly bare, and the bath room gave her the horrors. She was surprised that we had such a tiny hall. She said really we were paying twice as much rent as the place was worth. She said she hoped we could stand the neighborhood. She said why under the heavens did we get green curtains? She said—" And here the bride wept.

"I don't care to hear any more that she said," shouted the bridegroom. "This is our house, and thank the good Lord, Maude isn't going to live in it!"

"I don't think Maude meant to be unkind," apologized the bride after a while, when her tears were dry. "It's just her way to pick out the flaws first."

"Well, it's a deucedly disagreeable way," responded the man of the house, returning to the head of the table. "And you can just tell Maude for me that we live here, and we pay the rent, and we're going to buy the things we like, and do exactly as we choose; and we shan't feel at all offended if she doesn't come around again until she learns better ways."

And this is written that Maudie may take warning, and think up a lot of nice things to say about that little dovecote before she calls there again.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

At the End of the Day.

There was no escape by the river,
There was no flight by the fen;
We are compassed about by the shiver
Of the night of their marching men.
Give a cheer!
For our hearts shall not give way,
Here's to a dark to-morrow,
And here's to a brave to-day!

The tale of their hosts is countless,
And the tale of ours a score;
But the palm is naught to the dauntless,
And the pause is more and more.
Give a cheer!
We may die, but not give way.
Here's to a silent morrow,
And here's to a stout to-day!

God has said: "Ye shall fail and perish;
But the thrill ye have felt to-night
I shall keep in my heart and cherish
When the worlds have passed in night."
Give a cheer!
For the soul shall not give way.
Here's to the greater to-morrow
That is born of a great to-day!
—From "More Songs from Vagabondia,"
by Richard Hovey and Bliss Carman.

"For Let" Sign and the Result.

Jacob Schaefer, aged 7, had been out of school and his absence was being inquired into.

"I was out walking," he explained glibly; "I was out walking with my mamma and papa!"

"Oh, were you!" returned the teacher. Then fixing stern eyes on the culprit she continued: "I thought you told me your father was dead."

Here she paused and waited for Jacob to wilt. Jacob did nothing of the sort; instead, bristling with importance, he answered:

"An' so is he dead, but my mamma put a 'for let' sign in our parlor window last month, an' now I got a new papa."—New York Sun.

Paderewski's Stepson.

The stepson of Ignace Paderewski has recently arrived in New York and will not, after all, devote himself to the musical impresarioship. Young Gorski has changed his mind and become an advance agent for Mme. Modjeska on her farewell tour, which is soon to begin. The actress and the pianist have been intimate friends for many years, and in this way it happens that young Mr. Gorski starts his busines life in the United States.

Balaklava Bugle.

Several bugles are on exhibition here and there in England as the one that "sounded the charge of Balaklava." Now comes Lord Tredegar, who was one of the Six Hundred, and says the charge was not sounded on that occasion. He says the troopers were "among the guns" before anybody thought about bugles.

Grows Trees For Crossties.

The Pennsylvania railroad is planting trees so as to provide crossties for use fifteen to twenty years from now.

A Valuable Agent.

The glycerine employed in Dr. Pierce's medicines greatly enhances the medicinal properties which it extracts and holds in solution much better than alcohol would. It also possesses medicinal properties of its own, being a valuable demulcent, nutritive, antiseptic and antiferment. It adds greatly to the efficacy of the Black Cherrybark, Golden Seal root, Stone root and Queen's root, contained in "Golden Medical Discovery" in subduing chronic, or lingering coughs, bronchial, throat and lung affections, for all of which these agents are recommended by standard medical authorities.

In all cases where there is a wasting away of flesh, loss of appetite, with weak stomach, as in the early stages of consumption, there can be no doubt that glycerine acts as a valuable nutritive and aids the Golden Seal root, Stone root, Queen's root and Black Cherrybark in promoting digestion and building up the flesh and strength, controlling the cough and bringing about a healthy condition of the whole system. Of course, it must not be expected to work miracles. It will not cure consumption except in its earlier stages. It will cure very severe, obstinate, chronic coughs, bronchial and laryngeal troubles, and chronic sore throat with hoarseness. In acute coughs it is not so effective. It is in the lingering coughs, or those of long standing, even when accompanied by bleeding from lungs, that it has performed its most marvelous cures. Send for and read the little book of extracts, treating of the properties and uses of the several medicinal roots that enter into Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and learn *why* this medicine has such a wide range of application in the cure of diseases. It is sent *free*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. The "Discovery" contains no alcohol or harmful, habit-forming drug. Ingredients all printed on each bottle wrapper in plain English.

Sick people, especially those suffering from diseases of long standing, are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter, *free*. All correspondence is held as strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for paper-covered, or 31 stamps for cloth-bound copy.

For Once Luck Deserted Her.

Miss Miriam Michelson, the successful novelist, was a few years ago a reporter. Of her life as a reporter she said recently:

"I usually had good luck. I was assigned to good stories, I covered them well, and therefore I liked the business. Once, though, a horrible misadventure befell me.

"I had interviewed a millionaire's wife, and, as the lady had been very kind and obliging, I wanted in my article to say only such things as would please her. In one paragraph I put the sentence:

"'Immense diamonds sparkled in her ears.'

"The compositor and the proofreaders must have been ill, or something, for the next morning the sentence ran:

"'Diamonds sparkled in her immense ears.'"

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. Dewitt Bassett, Woonsocket, S. D., air ship; Charles Chapman, Berlin, N. D., clamp; John Kelly, St. Paul, Minn., draw press for sheet metal; Henry Moser, Brazil, N. D., roller attachment; Carl Neubauer, Chisholm, Minn., barbed wire; William Rice, Winona, Minn., reclining chair; John Wolfe, Kellogg, Minn., fodder fork.

Sure Cure.

"Did you see my picture in this morning's paper?" asked the public man.

"No," said the wit, shrieking with laughter. "What were you cured of? Ha, ha!"

"Of vanity, after I saw the picture," answered the other, sadly.—Cleveland Leader.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children.
Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York, cure Constipation, Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. Over 30,000 testimonials. At all Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

Worse Yet.

Rownder—Blame the luck, anyhow!

Lusher—What's the matter?

Rownder—Aw, my wife always stays up for me when I'm out late at night.

Lusher—You're lucky. Mine comes after me.—Cleveland Leader.

THE BEST COUGH CURE

No cough is too trifling or too serious to be treated by the **right** method, and the right method is the use of the best cough cure, which is

Kemp's Balsam

This famous preparation cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, grip and consumption in its first stages. Irritation of the throat and bronchial tubes is immediately removed by the use of Kemp's Balsam.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

HUNGARIAN NATIONAL DISHES.

Fowl Dressed With Pepper Sauce and Goulash.

"The cooking of Vienna is excellent, and is a combination of that of France and the native school," said William Yoo. "Game is prominent in it, as everybody knows who considers the natural facilities of the country. The Bohemian pheasants are considered the best in Europe, while the chamois, when fat, well grown and of the right age, is the king of quadruped game. In Hungary there are two national dishes. There is the paprika fowl (that is, the common fowl dressed with a red pepper sauce) and the goulash (which is, in fact, the stew or yahni of the Arabs and Turks). Hungarian quail are abundant and fat, and the wild boar of the Carpathians is one of the gastronomical delicacies of the magyar. Personally, I prefer the Hungarian quail to the Carpathian wild boar, but every one has a taste of his own."—Milwaukee Free Press.

The Wasteful Captain.

She was a fair passenger in search of information and the captain was, naturally, only too willing to gratify her. He had explained that the action of the propeller forced the ship through the water, and added, as a further item of information:

"We made twenty knots an hour last night, miss."

"Did you really?" said the sweet girl. "And whatever did you do with them all?"

The captain went red and his eyes dilated.

"Threw them overboard," he said, shortly.

"Fancy!" she said.—Tit-Bits.

Force of Habit.

According to the New York Sun a physician started a model insane asylum with a special ward for crazy chauffeurs and motorists.

"But I don't see any patients," said a visitor to whom the automobile ward was shown.

"Oh," the physician said, "they're all under the cots fixing the slats."—Chicago Journal.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

The man who cannot manage his own farm always wants to manage somebody else's.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

The man who preaches economy by the yard often practices it by the inch.

THE OLD-MONK-CURE
TRADE MARK.
St. Jacobs Oil
has traveled round the world, and everywhere human
Aches and Pains
have welcomed it and blest it for a cure.
Price, 25c. and 50c.

$16 AN ACRE
160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE
in Western Canada is the amount many farmers will realize from their wheat crop this year.

25 Bushels to the Acre Will be the Average Yield of Wheat.

The land that this was grown on cost many of the farmers absolutely nothing, while those who wished to add to the 160 acres the Government grants, can buy land adjoining at from $6 to $10 an acre.

Climate splendid, school convenient, railways close at hand, taxes low.

Send for pamphlet "20th Century Canada" and full particulars regarding rates, etc., to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the following authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.
(Mention this paper.)

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

N W N U —NO. 50— 1905

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES — 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Swindled.

"Thought you said that auto you sold me was a twenty-horse power?"

"So it is."

"Well, it isn't; the first horse I ran over put it out of business."—Houston Post.

KURTZMANN PIANOS.
Established 1848.
Reliable and durable. Fine tone quality.
Send for Catalogue.
J. KALSCHEUER & CO.
Fourth and St. Peter Streets,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

FULL NESTS
when eggs are highest are the reward of the sensible poultry keeper who uses
SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER
the poultry tonic that for forty years has given results. One pack. 25 cents; two-lb. can $1.20; six $5. Express paid. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

It is wrong for you to suffer from Constipation, Bowel and Stomach Trouble when there is a positive, natural and harmless cure—MULL'S GRAPE TONIC.

Have you noticed the large number of Typhoid Fever cases lately? Typhoid Fever, Malarial Fever, Appendicitis, Impure Blood, Pimples, Sick Headache, Skin Disease, Piles, Female Troubles, Stomach Troubles, Heart Troubles, etc., are the result of Constipation.

There is a remedy now to be had that cures these troubles absolutely.

A full sized bottle is furnished you free to prove it.

Remember we give only one bottle to each family. If your druggist fails to supply you with Mull's Grape Tonic send us this coupon together with name and address of the druggist and we will mail you a bottle.

Try all the druggists before you write us as the bottle he is authorized to give you for this coupon is three times as large as the one we are allowed to send by mail.

The following coupon will not be honored unless it is cut out of the paper in one piece including the Patient's coupon, Retail Druggist's coupon and Wholesale or Jobber's coupon, they must not be separated.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON, SIGN AND TAKE IT TO YOUR DRUGGIST WHO IS
187—12163 AUTHORIZED TO GIVE YOU A FREE 35c. BOTTLE FOR IT.

I hereby certify that I have never taken Mull's Grape Tonic, that I will apply for only one free bottle, that I will not sell or give it away and that I will take it myself for Constipation, Bowel and Stomach Trouble as soon as I obtain it.

Patient sign your name here very plainly.

Write your full address here very plainly.

NONE BUT THE RETAIL DRUGGIST MUST SIGN THIS:

TO THE RETAIL DRUGGIST: This coupon void unless you sign your name and address on the line below. Send this full coupon to the jobber of whom you purchased this remedy, and he will give you 35 cents in cash or trade for each coupon, properly signed, which you send him. All jobbers have the 35c, 50c and $1.00 sizes. The $1.00 bottle contains nearly 6 times the 35c size and 3 times the 50c size.

Retail Druggist, sign your name here.

Your address here.

NO ONE BUT THE WHOLESALE DRUGGIST MUST SIGN THIS:

TO THE JOBBER: You will please accept this coupon if the same is properly signed, and give to the retailer buying the remedy from you, 35 cents in cash or trade for same. This coupon void unless you sign your firm name and address. Forward all coupons to us, and we will remit you 35 cents for each coupon properly signed by the consumer, retailer and yourself.

Jobber, sign your name here.

Address here.

Cut out the above three coupons in one piece. Do not separate.

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., Makers, No. 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

PRICE, 25 Cts.
TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE
25 CTS. CURES COUGHS COLDS
ANTI-GRIPINE
IS GUARANTEED TO CURE
GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.
I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.
F. W. Diemer, M. D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

The Keeley Cure Cures the Craving For Liquor Morphine Tobacco

Who Takes the Keeley Cure?

We have thousands of veterans of the War of the Rebellion in the National Soldiers' Homes of the country, whose ages range from fifty to eighty years.

We have cured several children under five years of age who were addicted to morphine and opium, such addictions having been acquired through the mother's own addiction or direct administration. No constitution is too delicate for the Keeley treatment, as the remedies are perfectly harmless.

We have cured hundreds of soldiers in the regular army of the United States, and have letters from officers of all rank, from Major-Generals to Lieutenants, commending the Keeley Cure in the highest terms.

We have cured senators, congressmen, lawyers, clergymen, business men, merchants, laborers, men of all occupations, and of no occupation, to the number of over 400,000. Among them are 17,000 physicians.

Mrs. T. B. Walker, National Vice President Non-Partisan Christian Temperance Union, says:

I have paid great attention to the workings of the remedies discovered by Dr. Leslie E. Keeley, for the cure of alcohol, opium and tobacco habits, ever since they began to attract attention and especially during the past twelve years. It gives me great pleasure to say that I consider them complete, thorough and harmless. I am personally acquainted with large numbers who have taken the "Cure," especially for liquor, and have never known of one being injured thereby, while in nearly every case the cure has been perfect. I have made thorough personal investigation in very many cases, who have claimed to be injured, and in every instance have found them the victims of other "Cures" than the Keeley.

The Swedish Christian Mission Society of the Northwest.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 29, 1903.—It is with great pleasure I state that the so-called "Keeley Gold Cure" for drunkards has been, as far as I have observed it, a blessing. I know especially a neighbor, who was a deep-down drunkard two years ago, but about that time he took the mentioned cure, and has since not touched a drop of liquor. His wife is now full of joy, and praises the Lord and the Keeley Cure. He, himself, says he has no thirst for liquor. Yours truly,
(Signed) E. AUG. SKOGSBERGH, Pastor of Swedish Tabernacle.

ONLY ONE GENUINE KEELEY INSTITUTE IN MINNESOTA. NO SICKNESS OR SUFFERING
For Particulars Address........ MINNEAPOLIS KEELEY INSTITUTE, 621 Tenth Street South, Minneapolis, Minn.

ESTABLISHED 1870.
MINNEAPOLIS. WOODWARD & CO., GRAIN COMMISSION. DULUTH.
ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1905. NUMBER 23.

STRIKE WILL BE ON LARGE SCALE

MORE EXTENSIVE THAN ANY PREVIOUS MOVEMENT OF THE KIND.

MOSCOW IN STATE OF SIEGE

REVOLUTIONISTS CONVINCED THEY CAN OVERTHROW MONARCHY.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 21.—The strike promises to be on a far more extensive scale than any previous movement of the kind. It was asserted last night that many of the largest works, including the Putiloff and Nobel concerns, will cease operations today.

It is said that the insurgents have seized the state treasury at Tukum, province of Courland.

The railway union at Moscow has resolved to run troop trains from Manchuria and to convey grain to the famine stricken districts.

Strike Spreads Rapidly.

Reports received here from Moscow late yesterday afternoon indicate that the strike was successfully inaugurated and is spreading rapidly. Even the electric light plants are closed. Gov. Gen. Dubascoff has declared the city to be in a partial state of siege, which gives the civil authorities exceptional powers of arrest, etc. The next move will be to declare a state of siege in which the military supercedes civil power. It is expected that the inauguration of the strike here to-day will be followed by a similar measure, but if the

Situation Becomes Worse,

as anticipated, martial law will be declared.

The provincial authorities have already been empowered, in anticipation of the contingency of their being cut off from the capital, to act on their own responsibility, even to the extent of the proclamation of martial law.

The railroad stations at St. Petersburg were occupied by troops yesterday afternoon and the government made an attempt, with the aid of the railroad battalions, to maintain some sort of train service, especially to the German frontier, and also to keep open cable communications with points abroad.

Last Despairing Appeal.

Prof. Milukoff, leader of the constitutional democrats, yesterday afternoon issued a last despairing appeal to the proletariat organizations against a general strike, declaring his belief that it could not succeed and inevitably would lead to repression and perhaps to great bloodshed, which might be fatal to the whole emancipation movement. His moderate counsel, however, was not heeded by the hot-headed revolutionists who are determined to try conclusions with the government under the conviction that they can overthrow the monarchy.

Appeal to Witte.

Saratoff, Dec. 21.—Eight hundred land owners of this vicinity have telegraphed to Premier Witte appealing for the immediate convocation of the national assembly in order to satisfy the land hunger of the peasants as the only hope of ending the agrarian uprising. The landlords also demanded additional troops to prevent the sacking of the remainder of the estates in the Volga region.

KILLS WIFE AND SELF.

Man Driven to Desperation Because Wife Refused to Live With Him.

Buffalo, N. Y., Dec. 21.—Driven to desperation by the refusal of his wife to live with him ever since the day they were married, William McCoy, a seaman on the lakes, went to his wife's home last night, talked with her for about fifteen minutes and then fired four shots at her. Two of the shots were wild, but one bullet hit the woman near the heart and another entered one of her limbs. Death followed in a few minutes. Without waiting to learn whether his wife's wounds were fatal, McCoy put a bullet into his own heart and fell dead.

HOCK WILL "HAUNT" HIS FOES.

Convicted Murderer Says Ghost Will Seek Revenge.

Chicago, Dec. 21. — Johann Hock, convicted wife murderer and bigamist who is to be hanged Feb. 23, yesterday told inmates of the county jail that after his death he intended to "haunt" every man and woman who had added to his troubles. "My ghost will come back to avenge me," said Hock. Hock is now almost hopeless of interference with his sentence.

WALSH QUITS PARK BOARD.

Successor as Treasurer Gives Bonds in $1,000,000.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—John R. Walsh, formerly president of the Chicago National bank, yesterday resigned as treasurer of the South Park board. The board at once appointed J. J. Mitchell, president of the Illinois Trust and Savings bank, to succeed Mr. Walsh. Mitchell's bonds were fixed at $1,000,000. The South Park board still has about $250,000 on deposit with the Chicago National bank.

EMPRESS SENDS RIOT EDICT

DOWAGER OF CHINA ORDERS INVESTIGATION OF SHANGHAI AFFAIR.

Pekin, Dec. 21.—The dowager empress yesterday issued an edict commanding the viceroy of Chile, province of Yuan-Shi-Kai, commander of the Chinese army, to proceed to Shanghai, investigate the disturbances, secure the punishment of those implicated, and impeach the civil and military officials responsible for the maintenance of order.

The success of the boycott in securing concessions in the new treaty from the American government undoubtedly encouraged the Chinese to engage in the recent demonstrations.

London, Dec. 21.—According to official advices received from Shanghai, it is believed that the situation, while most unsatisfactory, can be controlled by the warships already there. The only danger is that disaffection may spread to the interior. It is rumored that it will not be necessary to send troops, as the Chinese government is taking precaution to prevent an uprising.

Shanghai, Dec. 21.—All is quiet in the town. Business has been resumed, but the volunteers and sailors landed by the warships in port remain on duty as a precaution against a renewal of the rioting. The United States gunboat Villalobos has arrived to reinforce the Baltimore, and the British cruiser Andromeda is expected to reinforce the Diadem.

IS A NOVEL CAPTURE.

Alleged Crook Shoots Friend Who Does Looting.

Davenport, Iowa, Dec. 21. — Hugh Stocklin and Walter Walker, alleged hoorse thieves, wanted at Cassville, Wis., were captured here yesterday in a novel way. The men are accused of having stolen a team and rig at Cassville. They were driving south, ran short of money, and they stopped at a store in Eldridge, Iowa, where Walker stood guard at the front door while Stocklin pillaged the place, it is alleged. Stocklin went out of the store by the back door. Seeing a man come around the corner whom he thought was a stranger, Walker opened fire and seriously injured his friend before the latter's cries disclosed his identity. The men hurried to Davenport for medical aid, but the physicians did not believe their story of a hold-up and called the police, who arrested them, and later, it is said, secured their confession to both crimes.

ENGINEER GOES MAD IN CAB.

Runs Trains Through Stations at a Sixty-Mile Rate.

Janesville, Wis., Dec. 21. — After having run his engine past eight stations at the rate of sixty miles an hour without a single stop, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad officials had Engineer Charles M. Warren removed from his cab at this point. It was found that the man had gone insane, and after being examined he was sent to Mendota asylum. Warren sent his train down grade and around curves, throwing passengers from their seats, stopping at places only where there were no stations.

TALKS PPLEASE FARMERS.

State Institute Workers Address 350 at Cokato.

Cokato, Minn., Dec. 21. — Messrs. Drew, Yahney and Henry, who are connected with the state institute work, delivered addresses here yesterday at the farmers' institute, which was attended by about 350 farmers. The farmers were well pleased with the instructive talks and most of them expressed determination to try the methods advocated by the speakers.

IN PRISON THIRTY-FOUR YEARS.

New Jersey Murderess Finally Paroled After Long Incarceration.

Trenton, N. J., Dec. 21.—Libby Garrabrandt, the Paterson murderess, was granted a parole by the board of pardons yesterday by a vote of 5 to 3. She was convicted of murder in the first degree when she was seventeen years of age, but the sentence was afterward commuted to life imprisonment. She had been in the state prison thirty-four years.

TO NAB CONVICT AT PRISON.

Philip McIntyre, Charged With Forgery, Wanted in South Dakota.

Pierre, S. D., Dec. 21.—Gov. Elrod has granted a requisition on the governor of Virginia for Philip McIntyre, wanted in Lawrence county on a charge of forgery. McIntyre is at present confined in the state prison of Virginia on a like charge, and the South Dakota authorities want him as soon as he is released in that state.

LOST GEMS PUT IN OLD COAT.

Restaurant Keeper Does Not Know Value of Package.

Elizabeth, N. J., Dec. 21.—A package of diamonds valued at $12,000, which was dropped on the floor of a restaurant here yesterday by David H. Combten, a diamond salesman of Philadelphia, was recovered intact. The restaurant proprietor, ignorant of the contents of the package, kept it in the pocket of an old overcoat hanging in the kitchen.

A Christmas Carol.

Christian people, come and sing,
Hope and joy receiving!
Tell of Him who is our King,—
Still His Words are living!
Proud or humble, rich or poor,
Christmas opens wide your door.
From each heart its blessings pour,—
The joy of joys is giving!

Christian people, sing ye now!
Earnest voices raising,
Sing good will to earth below,
Which, like heav'n, is praising!
Proud or humble, rich or poor,
Christmas opens wide your door.
From each heart its blessings pour,—
The joy of joys is giving!

CHRISTMAS MEMORIES

Time was, with most of us, when Christmas day encircling all our limited world like a magic ring, left nothing out for us to miss or seek; bound together all our home enjoyments, affections, and hopes; grouped everything and every one around the Christmas fire; and made the little picture shining in our bright young eyes, complete.

Time came, perhaps, all so soon! when our thoughts overleaped that narrow boundary; when there was some one (very dear, we thought then, very beautiful, and absolutely perfect) wanting to the fullness of our happiness; when we were wanting too (or we thought so, which did just as well), at the Christmas hearth by which that some one sat; and when we intertwined with every wreath and garland of our life that some one's name.

That was the time for the bright visionary Christmases which have long arisen from us to show faintly, after summer rain, in the palest edges of the rainbow! That was the time for the beatified enjoyment of the things that were to be, and never were, and yet the things that were so real in our resolute hope that it would be hard to say, now, what realities achieved since, have been stronger!

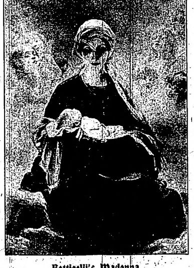
What! Did that Christmas never really come when we and the priceless pearl who was our young choice were received, after the happiest of totally impossible marriages, by the two united families previously at daggers-drawn on our account? When brothers and sisters-in-law who had always been rather cool to us before our relationship was effected, perfectly doted on us, and when fathers and mothers overwhelmed us with unlimited incomes. Was that Christmas dinner never really eaten, after which we arose, and generously and eloquently rendered honor to our late rival, present in the company, then and there exchanging friendship and forgiveness, and founding an attachment, not to be surpassed in Greek or Roman story, which subsisted until death? Has that same rival long ceased to care for that same priceless pearl, and married for money, and become usurious? Above all, do we really know, now, that we should probably have been miserable if we had won and worn the pearl, and that we are better without her?

That Christmas when we had recently achieved so much fame; when we had been carried in triumph somewhere, for doing something great and good; when we had won an honored and ennobled name, and arrived and were received at home in a shower of tears of joy; is it possible that that Christmas has not come yet?

And is our life here, at the best, so constituted that, pausing as we advance at such a noticeable mile-stone in the track as this great birthday, we look back on the things that never were, as naturally and full as gravely as on the things that have been and are gone, or have been and still are? If it be so, and so it seems to be, must we come to the conclusion, that life is little better than a dream, and little worth the loves and strivings that we crowd into it?

No! Far be such miscalled philosophy from us, dear reader, on Christmas day! Nearer and closer to our hearts be the Christmas spirit, which is the spirit of active usefulness, perseverances, cheerful discharge of duty, kindness, and forbearance! It is in the last virtues especially; that we are, or should be, strengthened by the unaccomplished visions of our youth; for, who shall say that they are not our teachers to deal gently even with the impalpable nothings of the earth!

Therefore, as we grow older, let us be more thankful that the circle of our Christmas associations and of the lessons that they bring, expands! Let us welcome every one of them and summon them to take their places by the Christmas hearth.



Botticelli's Madonna

Welcome, old aspirations, glittering creatures of an ardent fancy, to your shelter underneath the holly! We know you, and have not outlived you yet. Welcome, old projects and old loves, however, fleeting, to your nooks among the steadier lights that burn around us. Welcome, all that was ever real to our hearts; and for the earnestness that made you real, thanks to Heaven! Do we build no Christmas castles in the clouds now? Let our thoughts, fluttering like butterflies among these flowers of children, bear witness! Before this boy, there stretches out a future, brighter than we ever looked on in our old romantic time, but bright with honor and with truth. Around this little head on which the sunny curls lie heaped, the graces sport, as prettily, as airily, as when there was no scythe within the reach of Time to shear away the curls of our first-love. Upon another girl's face near it—placider but smiling bright—a quiet and contented little face, we see Home fairly written. Shining from the word, as rays shine from a star, we see how, when our graves are old, other hopes than ours are young, other hearts than ours are moved; how other ways are smoothed; how other happiness blooms, ripens, and decays—no, not decays, for other homes and other bands of children, not yet in being nor for ages yet to be, arise, and bloom and ripen to the end of all!

Welcome, everything! Welcome, alike what has been, and what never was, and what we hope may be, to your shelter underneath the holly, to your places round the Christmas fire, where what is sits open-hearted! In yonder shadow, do we see obtruding furtively upon the blaze, an enemy's face? By Christmas Day we forgive him! If the injury he has done us may admit of such companionship, let him come here and take his place. If otherwise, unhappily, let him go hence, assured that we will never injure nor accuse him.

On this day we shut out Nothing!

"Pause," says a low voice. "Nothing? Think!"

"On Christmas day, we will shut out from our fireside, Nothing."

"Not the shadow of a vast City where the withered leaves are lying deep?" the voice replies. "Not the shadow that darkens the whole globe? Not the shadow of the City of the Dead?"

Not even that. Of all days in the year, we will turn our faces towards that City upon Christmas day, and from its silent hosts bring those we loved, among us. City of the Dead, in the blessed name wherein we are gathered at this time, and in the Presence that is here among us according to the promise, we will receive, and not dismiss, thy people who are dear to us!

Yes. We can look upon these children angels that alight, so solemnly, so beautifully, among the living children by the fire, and can bear to think how they departed from us. Entertaining angels unawares, as the Patriarchs did, the playful children are unconscious of their guests; but we can see them—can see a radiant arm around one favorite neck, as if there were a tempting of that child away. Among the celectial figures is one, a poor misshapen boy on earth, of a glorious beauty now, of whom his dying mother said it grieved her much to leave him here, alone, for so many years as it was likely would elapse before he came to her—being such a little child. But he went quickly, and was laid upon her breast, and in her hands she leads him.

There was a gallant boy, who fell, far away, upon a burning sand beneath a burning sun, and said, "Tell them at home, with my last love, how much I could have wished to kiss them once, but that I died contented and had done my duty!" Or there was another, over whom they read the words, "Therefore we commit his body to the deep!" and so consigned him to the lonely ocean and sailed on. Or there was another who lay down to his rest in the dark shadow of great forests, and, on earth, awoke no more. O shall they not, from sand and sea and forest, be brought home at such a time!—From the writings of Charles Dickens.

Christmas eve at midnight has always in all countries been looked upon as the "ghostliest" time of the year.

FITZSIMMONS LOSES FIGHT

VENERABLE OLD MAN COLLAPSES AT END OF THIRTEENTH ROUND.

BADLY MAULED BY O'BRIEN

PHILADELPHIAN GIVES REMARKABLE EXHIBITION — FITZ'S LAST BATTLE.

San Francisco, Dec. 21. — Robert Fitzsimmons collapsed at the close of the thirteenth round of his fight with Jack O'Brien. He had fought hard, but nature could not longer stand the strain, and after the gong had sounded for the close of the thirteenth round he walked to his corner and sat in his chair. Then his head fell over on his breast, his whole body collapsed and the fighting wonder of the age was "all in." Referee Graney saw his conodition and awarded the fight to O'Brien. While punched in the face and badly cut up and several times in jeopardy, Fitzsimmons always

Managed to Come To

and resume the fight. Just at the close of the thirteenth round he landed a left on O'Brien's stomach, but the Philadelphian came back with a similar blow and followed it with a left to the jaw. The gong rang for the close of the round and Fitzsimmons walked to his corner. As he sat down he said to Graney:

"Eddie, he hit me in the stomach and it is all over."

Then his head sank and Bob Fitzsimmons was defeated. Referee Graney said:

"Fitzsimmons showed his class. O'Brien is a wonderful boxer, and the old man stood up and

Took His Punishment.

Occasionally he showed a flash of his old time form, but his strength could not last."

After the fight had been awarded to O'Brien Fitzsimmons slipped to the floor and lay prostrate in the ring. There was a call for a doctor, as it was seen he was in a state of collapse.

He revived, however, in a few minutes, and with the assistance of his seconds, was able to leave the ring.

O'Brien gave a remarkable exhibition of sparring and foot work. He ducked, dodged and side-stepped in a manner that was bewildering. Fitzsimmons could swing and

Find Only Empty Air,

and several times nearly went through the ropes from the force of his misspent blows.

O'Brien would straighten up and dash in a wicked cutting left, which, while not possessing knock-down force, was sufficient to jar the old gladiator. Fitzsimmons had the sympathy of the enormous crowd, which jeered, and hissed O'Brien when he ducked and ran away. But the Philadelphia man had laid out his plan of battle and could not be coerced into mixing things with the old fighter who was known to possess a dangerouos punch. Before Fitzsimmons left the ring he made a little speech in which he said he had done his best. He said he had fought his last fight.

MIDDIES MAY MAKE A FUSS.

Decision Against Power of Dismissal Points to Complications.

Annapolis, Md., Dec. 21.—In view of the decision by Attorney General Moody that midshipmen cannot be dismissed from the academy by the secretary of the navy on the recommendation of the superintendent, there is discussion here as to whether several midshipmen dismissed during the past few years cannot by legal action compel their restoration to the service. The court-martial in the case of Midshipman Trenmor Sofiin, Jr., and Warren A. Vandervér, for alleged connection with the hazing of Jerdone P. Kimbrough, will begin shortly after Christmas.

BLUFFS AT RESIGNING.

The Hungarian Premier Returns Portfolio to the Emperor.

Vienna, Dec. 21. — Premier Fejervary had an audience of Emperor Francis Joseph yesterday and tendered the resignation of the entire Hungarian cabinet. It is understood that Baron Fejervary desires to obtain an expression of confidence from the emperor, in which case his resignation probably will be withdrawn.

Hanged for Assault.

Wilmington, N. C., Dec. 21.—Will Carter, a negro, was hanged here yesterday for a criminal assault upon a six-year-old white girl at Wallace in November last.

Girl Killed in Runaway.

Ottumwa, Iowa, Dec. 21.—Miss Olive Ross, aged fifteen years, was instantly killed and Bert Brooks, Misses Tracy Ross and Agnes Millard were more or less seriously injured in a runaway last night.

Dies for Stepson.

Paynesville, Minn., Dec. 21.—Mrs Michael Schultz, a bride of a month died yesterday from burns suffered when she saved her three-year-old stepson from death by fire at the cost of her own life.

LAWYER HUMMEL CONVICTED

IS SENTENCED TO ONE YEAR'S IMPRISONMENT AND A FINE OF $500.

New York, Dec. 21. — Abraham H. Hummel, the lawyer, yesterday was convicted of conspiracy in connection with the Dodge-Morse divorce case. He was sentenced within a few minutes after the jury's verdict had been pronounced to one year's imprisonment and a fine of $500, which is the maximum penalty for the misdemeanor of which he was adjudged guilty. A motion of his lawyers for an arrest of judgment for twenty-four hours was denied and Hummel was taken to the Tombs preparatory to going to the penitentiary.

The rapidity of this entire proceeding, coming as it did against one of the most prominent and successful of New York's lawyers, caused great surprise.

Depending upon the result of this case are actions in other indictments against prominent persons which have grown out of the Dodge-Morse divorce case.

Hummel was released from the Tombs at 10 o'clock last night under $10,000 bail on a writ of reasonable doubt secured from Judge Woodward of the supreme court in Brooklyn.

DEATH VALLEY SCOTT SLAIN.

Reward of $1,000 Is Offered for Recovery of Body.

Los Angeles, Dec. 21—The manager of Walter Scott, the cowboy miner who made a sensational record-breaking railroad trip to Chicago recently, is believed to have been murdered in Death Valley for his money, yesterday offered a reward of $1,000 for the recovery of the body. On Dec. 1 he left his mine in Death Valley, riding a mule and carrying with him $1,800 and two repeating rifles. According to a letter received from Scott's brother, William, at Bennett's Wells, the miner's mule galloped riderless into camp there on Dec. 7, the saddle pierced with a bullet and the blanket and saddle covered with blood. He is satisfied that Scott has been murdered in the desert. Already a thorough search for the miner has been instituted in Death Valley and throughout the funeral mountains.

NEW MAN ON CANAL BOARD.

Joseph B. Bishop Has Been Named to Succeed Chief Engineer Wallace.

Washington, Dec. 21. — President Roosevelt yesterday appointed Joseph Bucklin Bishop as a member of the isthmian canal commission, to fill a vacancy in that body by the resignation of Chief Engineer Wallace. Mr. Bishop has been secretary and historian of the commission.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Dec. 21. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 84 1-2@85 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 81@83c; No. 3, 79 1-2@81c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 44 1-2@45c. Oats—No. 3 white, 29 1-4@30 3-4c.

Duluth, Dec. 21. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 84 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 82 3-4c; flax, $1.04 7-8; rye, 62c.

Minneapolis, Dec. 21. —Wheat—No. 1 hard, 85 3-8c; No. 1 Northern 84 7-8c; No. 2 Northern, 82 7-8c; durum, 71@74c. Oats—No. 3 white, 29 1-2c.

Milwaukee, Dec. 21. — Wheat —No. 1 Northern, 88@89c; No. 2 Northern, 85@85 1-2c. Rye—No. 1, 70c. Barley —No. 2, 53 1-2@54c. Oats—Standard, 39c.

Chicago, Dec. 21. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 89@91c; No. 2 hard, 86@87 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, 88@90c; No. 2 Northern, 86@89c; Corn—No. 2, 46c. Oats —No. 2, 31 1-4c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Dec. 21.—Cattle— Beeves, $3.40@5.60; cows, bulls and mixed, $2@3.50; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.60; calves and yearlings, $2.50@3.40. Hogs—Bulk, $4.70@4.75.

Chicago, Dec. 21. — Beeves, $3.60@ 6.80; stockers and feeders, $2.30 @ 4.15; cows and heifers, $3.25 @ 4.75. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $4.75@ 5; bulk, $4.85 @ 4.95. Sheep, $4 @ 5.65; lambs, $4.75@7.85.

South St. Paul, Dec. 21. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4.50 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.25 @ 4.25; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs — Range price, $4.55 @ 4.75; bulk, $4.65. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $6.25 @ 6.75; fair to good, $4.50@6.25; yearling wethers, $5@5.50; good to choice ewes, $4.50@ 4.75.

Infant Gets $1,000,000.

San Francisco, Dec. 21.—A granddaughter of Senator W. A. Clark of Montana was born yesterday morning at San Mateo, the parents being Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Clark, the mother having been Miss Celia Tobin of this city. When informed of the birth of the baby Senator Clark announced that he would give the little girl a dowry of $1,000,000.

Shot From Ambush.

Monroe, Mich., Dec. 21.—Michael J. Sullivan, aged fifty, a roadmaster for the Grand Trunk railway, was shot from ambush last night when he answered a rap at the door of his house. It is thought he cannot recover.

Moorish Pretender Has Army.

Paris, Dec. 21. — The Tangier correspondent of the Echo de Paris says that the pretender to the Moorish throne, Bu Hamara, is preparing to attack the sultan's troops with a numerous army.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK
OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans ☞ A Specialty. ☜

ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

GET YOUR PICTURE
TAKEN BY
D. COLLINS
THE
Photograper.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

DON'T FORGET THE NUMBER...
488
WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
Wines and Liquors
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
CIGARS.
BEER.
MINNEAPOLIS AND MILWAUKEE BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.

Headquarters Restaurant...
A. F. Lang Proprietor
Short Orders a Specialty.
Located in rear of Number 488.

A FREE PATTERN
(your own selection) to every subscriber. Only 50 cents a year.
McCALL'S MAGAZINE 50¢ A YEAR
A LADIES' MAGAZINE.
A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe to-day, or, send 5c. for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.
Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.
McCALL BAZAR PATTERNS 10¢ AND 15¢
All Seams Allowed and Perforations show the Basting and Sewing Lines.
Only 10 and 15 cents each—none higher. Ask for them. Sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail from
THE McCALL CO.,
113-115-117 West 31st St., NEW YORK.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO/GOOD"
and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of
THE FAMOUS
MATT. J. JOHNSON'S
6088
RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE
you are not satisfied with results.
This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.
For Sale and Guaranteed Only by
Imperial Drug Co., St. Hilaire

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Dec. 23, 1905.

We wish all of our readers a Merry Christmas, contentment and plenty of good cheer.

The slogan for the future is going to be "Give the people a square deal and go away with all special privileges."

Governor Johnson lost his shoes while in a sleeping car enroute to California, None of the prominent republican candidates are suspected of the theft.

Northern Minnesota newspapers cannot consistently advocate drainage and boom Jacobson for governor as he has always as a legislator opposed all drainage bills.

The republican congressional caucus has decided to create two new states this session, Oklahoma and Indian Territory forming one and New Mexico and Arizona the other.

We will be very much surprised if the farmers meeting here last Saturday does not result in a flour mill being built here the coming summer. Our farmers are getting to be the kind that do things.

The resignation of County Commissioner James Sutor leaves a vacancy which must be filled by the township chairmen of the district. They will probably be called in session after the board has accepted the resignation.

Now comes the farm machinery trust and threatens to put down the price of binding twine so that the Minnesota prison plant must be run at a loss. Good. The lower they cut the price the more profit to the people—and there will be a great saving of money—even if the plant owned by the state is run at a loss. It is worth a liberal appropriation if it will induce the trust to furnish the farmers binding twine at less price than it costs the state to make it. We do not think the trust will care to do business at a loss for any great length of time, and the people of Minnesota are not foolish enough to knock out the twine plant because the trust gets to bucking.—Thief River News.

The farmers meeting at St. Hilaire last Saturday, an account of which is given elsewhere in today's paper, carries with it a problem for solving all difficulties that arise—that of co-operation. Wherever you find a prosperous, contented set of farmers you will also find that upon all plans for the advancement of the community they stand shoulder to shoulder, and it is to be regretted that more communities in the county do not follow the example set by the energetic class of tillers of the soil that live adjacent to St. Hilaire. Today St. Hilaire has probably the only creamery in several counties that is running full blast, and were it not for the interest taken by the farmers this would be an impossibility. A close study of co-operation for advancement reveals the fact that the practice makes the perfect communities whether it be among the farmers or business men.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

The ruling of the internal revenue commissioner, requiring a liquor sellers' license and tax of all makers and dealers of patent medicines that contain alcohol in undue quantity, will not be enforced until Jan. 1. The chemical bureau of the commission has completed analysis of eleven such remedies (?) that will come under the order and more are being analyzed. Whatever may result from this wholesome act of the government, in possible actions at law on the part of the assailed booze put up expressly for the use of prohibition families, a flood of information regarding the character of such stuff will come from it that will do great good. For millions of mothers will be made to understand what they are doing towards the ultimate ruin of their sons, if not daughters, when they dose them with fancy cocktails disguised as panaceas for all the ills flesh is heir to, that they are deluded into buying and giving to their loved ones.—Farm, Stock & Home.

FAMILY CREMATED!

Peter Martell and Wife and Three Children Burned to Death at Red Lake Falls.

FIRE BROKE OUT ABOUT 3 A. M.

And in a Short Time Charred Remains were Taken From Ruins.

Entombed in a living hell by the fire fiend last Saturday morning at 3 o'clock, Peter Martel, for nine years a blacksmith and carriage maker of Red Lake Falls, his wife, Jane aged 27, Eddie aged 13, Dan aged 9 and Annie aged 11, were burned to a crisp in their own home in the heart of Red Lake Falls.

The story of the horrible fire, the anguish of the parent at the sight of his loved ones in the seething mass of fire and his heroic effort to save their lives by rushing into the roaring mass of flame through a second story window is one of the most awful on record in northern Minnesota.

Martell, who was sleeping down stairs in his house was awakened at 3 o'clock by the smell of smoke and the sight of fire. His wife and the three children, Eddie, Dan and Annie, were asleep in the upper chamber and the father, frantic with fright, made a rush for the stairway only to find it a mass of impenetrable flame. He then rushed to the barn, and seizing a ladder, placed it to the second story window of the home. An eye witness, Mrs. O. Mikkelson, aroused by the fire, says he broke in the glass and entered the sleeping room of his wife and children.

As he did so there was an awful roar. The upper story, weakened by the fire, had fallen in, precipitating the mother, heroic father and the three children to the veritable hell of fire below. Before the fire department at Red Lake Falls could control the fire, the house consisted of four blazing posts and a mass of wreckage with the charred and blackened remains of the five unfortunate members of the family in a heap burned to a crisp in the center, an awful monument to the terrible work of the fire fiend.

The origin of the fire is supposed to be an over-heated pipe from the stove in the lower portion of the building.

Mr. Martell was well and favorably known at Red Lake Falls. The funeral occurred last Monday at St. Joseph's church, the Woodman Lodge having charge. The interment was made at Gentilly, all five bodies being buried in one grave.

A Mathematical Incongruity.

How is this, from an expert accountant:

10 — 10 = 0
100 — 100 = 0

By axiom 1 things equal to the same thing are equal to each other; hence 10—10 equals 100—100.

Divide each side of the equation by 10—10, and the result is 1 equals 10. Figures will lie, even women's.—New York Press.

Safe.

"But," said the lawyer, "your case seems hopeless. I don't see what I can do for you. You admit that you beat your wife."

"Yes," replied the defendant, "but my wife's [illegible] discount that. She'd [illegible] she was beat-

$40 for the Round Trip To Eastern Canada and Return.

A rate of $40.00 for the round trip has been made by the Great Northern Railway to Montreal and points west thereof in Ontario. These tickets will be on sale from December 4th to 31st inclusive and will be good for three months. Liberal stopover privileges will be allowed going and returning, giving you an opportunity of visiting many points enroute, making your holiday outing a pleasurable one. See your local agent for full information.

Wood Wanted.

Sealed bids for furnishing fifty (50) cords of body poplar cord wood will be received by K. O. Gigstad, clerk of Independent school district number 102 on or before Wednesday January 3rd, 1906, wood to be delivered on school grounds before April 1st, 1906. Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

K. O. GIGSTAD, Clerk.

Holiday Excursions.

The Great Northern Railway will sell tickets at the rate of $40.00 to Montreal and points west thereof in Ontario. These tickets will be on sale from December 4th to 31st inclusive and will be good for three months with an extension of time at a small additional cost. See your local agent for full particulars.

McMURRAY'S
VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

Calumet Baking Powder
Perfect in quality. Moderate in price.

ANNUAL MEETING

Of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

The annual stockholders' meeting of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company will be held at the village hall at St. Hilaire, Minn., on Monday, January 8th, 1906, at 10:30 a. m., at which time will occur the annual election of a president, secretary and three directors, and such other business as may lawfully come before the meeting.

NELS K. ANDERSON,
President.
C. P. SWANSON,
Secretary.
St. Hilaire, Minn., Dec. 11, 1905.

Spend Christmas at Home.

A rate of $40.00 for the round trip to Eastern Canadian points has been made by the Great Northern Railway. These tickets are good to Montreal and points west thereof in Ontario and will be on sale from December 4th to 31st inclusive, tickets being good for three months and an extension of time can be secured at a small additional cost. Liberal stopover privileges will be allowed going and returning. See your local agent for full information.

Get a Life Scholarship Free.

Have a disinterested bookkeeper and stenographer examine the different business colleges in our field, and if he does not find that ours is by far the best, we will give you a life scholarship for nothing. Catalog for the asking.

QUEEN CITY BUSINESS COLLEGE,
Crookston, Minn.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

tf G. H. SANDUM.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

Carlson & Fellman
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
CIGARS
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry.

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

For refreshments call at Number 488

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

2nd ☞ STORE
(SECOND HAND STORE.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
C. A. SKEIE.
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

A 1st Prize Winner
Mr. C. H. Martz has decided to offer to the farmers of this vicinity for a limited time the services of "ELMS JIM," Register No. 99,901, a full-blooded Poland China Boar.
This is probably the Finest Bred Hog in Red Lake County.
For particulars inquire of
C. H. Martz, Riverside Farm.

—If you want to buy a farm, sell a farm, get a farm loan or abstract, go to the Sortedahl Land, Loan and Abstract Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Schumacher Bros.
Will offer for a limited season the services of their registered
POLAND-CHINA BOAR
which is without doubt the finest bred hog ever brought into Red Lake county. For particulars inquire at farm in S½ Sec. 12, Bray township.
Name of Animal: Tecumseh King, No. 100125.
Sire: Tecumseh's Pride, No. 93073.
Dam: Chief Ideal's Daughter 4th, No. 231396.

Illinois Central R. R.
EFFICIENTLY SERVES A VAST TERRITORY
by through service to and from the following cities:
Omaha, Neb. Chicago, Ill.
St. Paul, Minn. St. Louis, Mo.
Minneapolis, Peoria, Ill.
Kansas City, Mo. Evansville, Ind.
Memphis, Tenn. Nashville, Tenn.
Cincinnati, Ohio. Atlanta, Ga.
Louisville, Ky. Jacksonville, Fla.
New Orleans, La. Vicksburgh, Miss.
Weekly through service between Chicago and between Cincinnati
AND THE PACIFIC COAST.
Connections at these terminals for the
EAST, SOUTH,
WEST NORTH.
Fast and Handsomely equipped Steam-Heated Trains—Dining Cars—Buffet Library Cars—Sleeping Cars—Free Reclining Chair Cars.
A. H. HANSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt
Chicago, Ill

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FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

ORIENTAL LIMITED
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
"The Comfortable Way"
The New Train of
EASE, ELEGANCE AND EXCELLENCE
Daily between St. Paul, Minneapolis, Seattle, Everett, Spokane, Bellingham, Vancouver, and intermediate points, via the
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
"The Comfortable Way."
New Compartment-Library-Observation Cars.
For detailed information, rates, etc., call on
H. M. SWENSON, Agent,
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.
S.S. "Minnesota" sails from Seattle for the Orient Feb. 1, 1906.
S.S. "Dakota" sails from Seattle for the Orient, March 12, 1906.

CROOKSTON LUMBER Company.
Lumber Manufacturers
St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Button's Business College and Shorthand Institute
Crookston, Minn. ☜ and ☞ Wadena, Minn.
OFFERS to take you through a complete course in Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Typewriting and let you pay for your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after situation is secured for you. It practically costs you nothing because we get you a position where you earn at least $10.00 per month more than you ever earned before. We want 500 students to enter this college during the next three months and make the above unparalleled offer to get them. The courses are:
Normal, Shorthand AND Typewriting,
Music, Commercial,
Preparatory, Telegraphy.
THIS is the only College in the United States that guarantees a good paying position to every graduate. If we don't get you a satisfactory situation you need never pay us one cent
J. A. Button, Principal
Crookston, Minn. ☜ and ☞ Wadena, Minn.

Choice Bargains
We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at
Farm Land Prices..
Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.
St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

$40 TO EASTERN CANADA AND BACK
December 4 to December 31. Excursion tickets to all points in ONTARIO. Low rates to points in QUEBEC east of and including Montreal. Five daily trains, St. Paul to Chicago, via the
CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY
Direct connections at St. Paul Union Depot with all trains from the Northwest. Route of the Daylight Express, The Fast Mail and The Pioneer Limited. Request your nearest railroad agent to ticket you via The Milwaukee Road between St. Paul and Chicago.
For complete information write to
W. B. DIXON, N.W.P.A., 365 Robert St., ST. PAUL

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

DEFECTIVE PAGE

CALL ON
HOLMES BROS.
FOR
HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am	Lv.....Crookston.....	Ar	6:45 pm
10:35 am	Ar..Red Lake Falls..	Lv	5:25 pm
11:05 am	Ar....St. Hilaire....	Lv	4:55 pm
11:35am	Ar..Thief River Falls..	Lv	4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv......St. Hilaire......	Ar	11:10am
10:35 am	Ar..........Wylie..........	Lv	10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnson
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3850 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

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ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
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CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Joel G. Winkjer was a visitor here last Monday.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Sheriff Dan Linnihan was here on official business last Thursday.

Henry J. Enderle came over from Plummer and spent last Sunday here.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Dr. V. Pleth, of Crookston, was here last Saturday on professional business.

J. C. Dahl and wife made a short visit at Thief River Falls last Monday.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

L. J. Stranahan was here last Monday and spent a day visiting with his mother.

Higbie & Lang have opened up the bowling alley and it will run during the winter.

John Morgan and Andy Erickson, of Thief River Falls were here on business last Monday.

S. O. Quamen, of Whynot, N. D., arrived yesterday and will spend the holidays here.

G. H. Sandum returned yesterday from a trip to Iowa where he has been for a few weeks.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on January 3 and 4.

The gates have been shut at the dam and the small boys are figuring on some holiday skating.

John Carlson has finished his job of painting the two saw mill smokestacks doing the job in 15½ hours' work.

A. R. Jones went up to Thief River Falls last Monday and took the Soo to Rolette, N.D., where he is buying wheat.

W. A. Arthur made a short trip to Crookston on Wednesday evening to make the second payment on his reservation claim.

Harry Swenson expects to be able to get away soon for a vacation. He will make a trip to the coast and be gone a month or more.

Adolph Hall, who was formerly of the Spectator force, came over from Bemidji yesterday and will spend the holidays at home.

Mrs. Eli Blair the widow of the man killed at the saw mill last fall, was here Monday on her way to her claim northeast of Thief River Falls.

Services in the Swedish Mission church next Sunday at 8 o'clock. All are cordially invited.

L. W. Nordhus, Pastor.

G. B. Grace left last Monday for Davenport, Iowa, where he will spend the holidays with his parents. He expects to be back before the new year.

If anybody should tell you that I am dead, just tell them that when you last saw me that I was still alive.

Julius Pleth,
Plummer, Minn.

Wm. Williams, the lumber company blacksmith, came up from Fargo last Saturday and spent several days here. He will return again in about a month.

Clear thinking, decisive action, vim and vigor of body and mind, the sparkle of life, comes to all who use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

The creamery directors held an important meeting here last Wednesday and among other things gave M. D. Court a large order for new machinery which they will install in their enlarged building in the spring.

The village schools closed last evening for a two weeks' holiday vacation. The teachers leaving are Miss Dolly Pettengill, who goes to Stillwater, Miss Catherine Pirath to Red Lake Falls and Miss Otilla Westlund to Fargo.

Chas. Gustafson, treasurer of the St. Hilaire creamery is again passing around checks among its patrons and the statements read 23c per pound, one cent under New York market. Owing to the large amount of cream received the creamery is able to pay prices like this.

Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is simply liquid electricity. It goes to every part of your body, bringing new blood, strength and new vigor. It makes you well and keeps you well. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

Chas. Englund, the well known Bray farmer, was in town last Wednesday and made the editor one of those calls that make the editor smile.

H. Haupt returned last Wednesday from his old home in Sibley county, where he has been visiting. He reports the weather much milder down there and very little snow.

Bruce Harris and Oscar Miller came over from the general offices at Bemidji last Saturday and spent several days here taking the annual invoice for the Crookston Lumber company.

John McKerney, the Wylie farmer, was here last Tuesday and reports an average of twenty bushels of wheat to an acre this year on his farm, which satisfies him for a poor year.

There will be services at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and a children's festival on Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

Alex Sand, Pastor.

The Great Northern will sell round trip tickets to Fargo January 16 to 19 at one fare for the round trip, the occasion being the meeting of the Tri-state Grain and Stock Growers' association.

Chas. Boughton, the well known Red Lake Falls attorney, was a business visitor here last Wednesday. Mr. Boughton is not inclined to be communicative in regard to the county seat fight.

If you want to get a loan on your farm, no matter whether first or second mortgage, call and see me. I have the right connections and will quote you rates that will open your eyes.

Julius Pleth,
Plummer, Minn.

The Epworth League of the M. E. church will give a basket social at Mr. Hull's farm southeast of town Wednesday evening, Dec. 27th. Teams will leave about 7:30. All are cordially invited to attend.

Manager Evans has a crew of men at work this week putting in a new boiler at the planing mill. The old one has been taken out and the new one put in place, but it will take a couple of weeks more to do the brick work and make the connections.

Rev. Alex Sand informs us that he has a few busy days ahead. He will hold services here and at Black River to-morrow, and on Christmas day will start at Black River by holding services at 6 a.m., here in the afternoon, and at the Clara church in River Falls in the evening, and Tuesday at Thief River Falls in the morning.

Some say that Thomas Lawson is "broke," but I am not, and am still land hungry. If you own a farm east of the Red Lake river that you want to sell at figures that are right just drop me a line and if the proposition looks good to me, I will go after it.

Julius Pleth,
Plummer, Minn.

Band Concert.

The band concert last Monday evening was not as well patronized as it should have been. The boys are playing very much better than formerly and the hard work they have done lately has brought results. The program was well received by the audience and Prof. Onstad and the boys received many congratulations for their improvement.

Found a Gold Mine.

The Los Angeles Sunday Times of Dec. 17th, which we have just received, contains quite a lengthy account of the locating of a rich gold mine by J. E. Edwards and T. J. Thorkelson. The find was made in what is called the "Johnnie" district, is a twelve-foot vein, samples of which have assayed over four hundred dollars to the ton. A company is being organized to work the mine. The many friends of Mr. Thorkelson here will be glad to know of his good fortune.

Six Tons to an Acre.

Andrew Soderberg came in from his Rocksbury farm last Thursday and tells the biggest hay story of the year. He informs us that he cut 26 tons the first crop and 36 tons the second crop from a ten-acre field of red clover this year, making over six tons of clover to an acre. The field was sown to timothy and clover but the timothy was all crowded out. This will clearly prove that the past season although the wettest in years, was not too wet for tame hay where land was properly drained.

A Good Idea.

"Bring in your catalogues and we will duplicate any price that you may find in them," advestises one of the merchants of the state. This is a good idea and if followed by other judicious advertising it should draw trade. But it will not do this of itself. What the average person wants to see and what will arrest his attention is not the general statement that he can do as well at some particular store or elsewhere or that he can do better there, but the specific statement of how well he can do on some certain line of goods. The quotation of a low price on some particular thing is worth columns of generalizing. The catalogue house does not deal much in generalities.

Father Canonized; Son Fired.

Henry Rolette, a janitor at the state capitol, was discharged recently for drunkennes. His father once stole a bill providing for the removal of the capital from St. Paul to St. Peter. The son is sent forth in disgrace for being drunk, the father was canonized by the Saintly city and his theft is pointed to with pride, his life size picture even adorning the walls of St. Paul's high toned resort for the rich—the Minnesota Club. Things are not always looked at from the same viewpoint.—Preston Times.

THE FARMERS MEET

Resolve to Build a Flour Mill and Elevator at St. Hilaire.

WILL MEET AGAIN FEBRUARY 2

Committees Appointed and Canvassers Named to Solicit Members.

The farmers' meeting held at the village hall last Saturday and called for the purpose of considering the advisability of building a flour mill here was attended by a large number of the prominent farmers of this vicinity. The meeting showed plainly that there was plenty of the old spirit of energy and co-operation which has done so much in the past. There were differences of opinion in repard to the best plan to be adopted but when the resolution "To build an elevator and flour mill, capacity between 50 and 75 barrels" was put to a vote it was carried without a dissenting voice. Many of the farmers who were prominent at the meeting are the same men who have made the St. Hilaire creamery and the Bray Fire Insurance company a success, and they seem to be fully determined to push this new venture to just as successful a conclusion. Much dissatisfaction was expressed at the meeting and on the streets at the present conditions and that the time was ripe for concerted action.

The following is the secretary's report of the meeting showing committee appointments and canvassers appointed:

At a meeting held in the village hall at ten o'clock lest Saturday morning. by the farmers in the vicinity of St Hilaire for the purpose of considering the advisability of building a co-operative flour mill and elevator in the village of St. Hilaire, C. H. Martz was chosen chairman and N. A. Nelson, secretary. On motion meeting adjourned to one o'clock p. m.

The afternoon meeting was called to order and on motion duly carried it was decided to build a flour mill and elevator, the capacity of the mill to be from 50 to 75 barrels per day, according to amount of capital secured.

The committee of ways and means appointed is as follows: Nels K. Anderson, Mike McAndress, N. A. Nelson, C. P. Swanson, C. A. Lindquist, Chas. Gustafson, C. H. Martz, H. O Haugen, N. E. Beebe.

Canvassers appointed:

River Falls	A. Aug. Erickson, J. S. Roy.
Rocksbury	Mike McAndress, Swan Wiberg.
Sanders	O. L. Larson, C. H. Peterson.
Black River	Felix Anderson, P. A. Eckstein.
Bray	C. P. Swanson, Ed. Crown.
Polk Center	A. P. Holstrom, C. A. Lindquist.
Wyandotte	Anton Peterson, John Albin.
Gervais	Chas. Seege, C. A. Swanson.
Numedal-Norden	Nels K. Anderson.
Red L. Falls twp	N. A. Nelson.
Smiley	H. O. Weken, Hans Fredrickson.
North	Chas. Gustafson.

On motion meeting adjourned to Feb. 2, 1906, at one o'clock p. m.

N. A. Nelson, Secy.

Market for Durum.

The Daily Live Stock World of Chicago has the following to say of durum wheat:

"Heretofore the Live Stock World has not advocated extensive cultivation of macaroni (durum) wheat, a market for that grain having been in doubt. Now, however, durum wheat has come into its own. Exporters are buying freely and the area devoted to the crop may be safely increased. The year's demand for this wheat has been a genuine and agreeable surprise. It has advanced 12 cents at Duluth in a few weeks."

There is now and will continue to be a market for all this wheat which can be grown. This year the failure of Russia to furnish durum wheat for export—on account of war in the Orient and a threatened wheat famine in the empire—southern and western Europe is looking to the United States for its supply.

If durum wheat can be kept pure and of good quality this market once opened will remain a constantly increasing one. The market is strong at present and indications are that the unjust discrimination of past seasons against this wheat are being removed and that the wheat is coming into public recognition.

It is another proof that worth wins after a time, if persistent enough. Exporters and grain merchants having recognized durum as an export wheat, it is now up to the growers to turn this wheat into the channels of commerce. Then we will all turn to the millers to see if they are willing to make the next move.

A Card of Thanks.

Mrs. Eli Blair, wishes to thank the employes of the mill and people of St. Hilaire for the contribution of $102.00, received by Foreman F. A. Stapleton, and presented to her in time of need.

For Sale.

Thirty cords of dry poplar wood, $2 per cord. Green and dry wood by the load 75c. Give me a call.

Tom Manum,
2 miles east of Hazel.

Beautifying methods that injure the skin and health are dangerous. Be beautiful without discomfort by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Sunshiny faces follow its use. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

ALTON A HUSTLER.

Alton Jackson is Proving Successful as a Spectator Canvasser.

43 NEW NAMES THIS WEEK

He Feels Sure of Landing the Scholarship in Button's Business College.

Alton Jackson has gone after that scholarship in Button's Business College with plenty of youthful vim and energy and the results for less than one week's work are surprisingly large. He seems to be meeting with lots of encouragement and there seems to be but little question but that he will succeed in a very short time. It is a fine opportunity for a young man to secure the means for a business education. Up to yesterday he had turned in the following:

Gust Kjonikson	St. Hilaire	
Claus Petterson	"	
Jennie P. Havd	"	
Tollef Thompson	"	
Robert R Swenson	"	
H O Haugen	"	
R J McKercher	"	
Alfred Olson	"	
Ole Skotom	"	
J O Demays	"	
Gust Erickson	"	
Fred Soderberg	"	
Knute Finstad	"	
E H Stephens	"	
A Avelson	"	
Tom Havet	"	
Johan Johanson	"	Box 1
P O Hagglund	"	
H P Anderson	"	
Henry Peterson	"	
P A Blixt	"	
Peter Johnson	"	
F A Stapleton	"	
J S Roy	"	
Ole Gunderson	"	
M R Hage	"	
B Thelander	"	
Hans J Petterson	"	Box 225
Carlson & Fellman	"	
O J Antoine	"	
A P Hagstrom	Wylie	
Thos Larson	"	Rt 1
Ed Crown	"	
Hjalmer Johnson	"	
Marius Miller	"	
Oscar Lindquist	"	
Peter Nelson Box 81	Hazel	
Iver Ralstad	"	
Gustaf Johnson	"	
Halverson Bros	Roseau Minn	
Richard Sondell	Plummer Minn	
Gunnard Wickstrom	Turlock California	
Emil C Seltz	Grand Forks N D 4, Dennie Flats	

Decision of Lower Court Reversed.

The decision of the supreme court by Judge Jaggard last week reverses the decision of the lower court in the sensational suit of Edward Shevlin against Thomas H. Shevlin and the case will have to be tried again.

The decision was made so on the grounds that undue influence was exercised over the transfer of stock in the St. Hilaire and Crookston Lumber companies owned by Edwin Shevlin to his brother Thomas Shevlin. The litigation of the two brothers, which has aired so much of the family troubles of the Shevlins grew out of the transfer of 200 shares of stock in the Crookston Lumber company to Thomas Shevlin in 1900 for a consideration of $70,000, $20,000 of which was in cash.

Edwin C. Shevlin then and for some years before was incapacitated by overindulgence in drink, and this his brother it is claimed took advantage of in forcing him to sell. Both had married sisters and Thomas Shevlin's forced purchase of the stock, it was said, was in defiance of his brother's wife's wishes, that the transaction be deferred until her husband was in better shape to know what he was doing.

The younger Shevlin after disposing of his stock to his brother went East and according to the testimony woke up one morning in a sanitarium only to realize that he had been as he alleged swindled. Edwin Shevlin aided by his wife began suit for the cancellation of the contract between his brother and himself and a new accounting of the business, claiming that instead of $70,000 his holdings were worth anywhere from $112,000 to $286,000. The suit tried in the Hennepin district court was unusually sensational in that it brought to light a number of the Shevlin family failings.

Edward Shevlin was shown to have suffered a fracture of the skull when quite young which temporarily affected his reason. Later he became addicted to the drink habit. Thomas Shevlin it was shown was at all times the master hand and this fact the brother claimed led Thomas to take advantage of his unsound condition.

Store Building For Sale.

We all know that Wylie is on the hog, which makes St. Hilaire a better town and a good place to own property in, but as you know that anything I control is always for sale, I have decided to dispose of lot 17, block 39, St. Hilaire. On this lot is located a good barn, room for 16 head of horses, also confectionery store, with fixtures, counters, bake oven, which alone cost $150.00. This property was represented to me to be the most desirable in town and a bargain at $2,000.00, and believed it, and still do, but what will you give for it? Will take a span of work or driving horses as part payment and give easy terms on balance. Store is leased to Carlson & Follman at $15.00 per month, which pays a good rate of interest on money invested.

Julius Pleth,
Plummer, Minn.

Estray.

Came to my premises in section 24, town of Bray, on or about Nov. 28, 1905, two heifer calves, one gray and one red. Owner can have same by proving property and paying costs.

Halvor Hanson.

... Go to ...
Rapp & Post
... for your ...
Winter Wear

FIRE INSURANCE
— is a —
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class
— FOR RATES CALL ON —
HARRY E. IVES.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS
NOW ARRIVING.
We are getting in daily our Fall and Winter Stock of....
Dry Goods :: Dress Goods
Boots and Shoes
and Heavy Winter Goods
AND INVITE YOUR INSPECTION
WE CAN QUOTE YOU PRICES EQUAL TO THE LOWEST
Call early and see our Stock of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods
E. M. HOFF.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

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TIME
It Takes Three months for
HAMM'S
"New Brew"
to go from the kettle to you
When it gets to you
Hamm's "New Brew"
Is Properly Aged, Pure, Satisfying, and Delicious
Bottled and On Draught Everywhere
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
St. Paul, Minn.

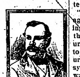
SAW MILL MACHINERY.

Saw Mills
Gang Edgers
Lumber Trimmers
Lath Machines
Bolting Machines
Shingle Machines
Planer & Matchers
Drag Saws
Wood Saws
Engines
Boilers
Pulleys
Shafting
Boxes
Trucks
Grate Bars
Feed Mills
Horse Powers
We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

SEVEN YEARS AGO.

A Rochester Chemist Found a Singularly Effective Medicine.

William A. Franklin, of the Franklin & Palmer Chemical Co., Rochester, N. Y., writes:



"Seven years ago I was suffering very much through the failure of the kidneys to eliminate the uric acid from my system. My back was very lame and ached if I overexerted myself in the least degree. At times I was weighed down with a feeling of languor and depression and suffered continually from annoying irregularities of the kidney secretions. I procured a box of Doan's Kidney Pills and began using them. I found prompt relief from the aching and lamenes in my back, and by the time I had taken three boxes I was cured of all irregularities."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Simple Life in a Castle.

For a cultured person to relinquish his wonted mode of life, to dwell in a three-room cottage to be clad in corduroy or fustian, and to fare sumptuously every day on beans, cabbage, soup and black bread, would not be a return to the simple, but to the sordid life. One can live a simple life just as well in a castle as in a cottage. — Race Builder.

AGONY OF SORE HANDS.

Cracked and Peeled—Water and Heat Caused Intense Pain—Could Do No Housework—Grateful to Cuticura.

'My hands cracked and peeled, and were so sore it was impossible for me to do my housework. If I put them in water I was in agony for hours; and if I tried to cook, the heat caused intense pain. I consulted two doctors, but their prescriptions were utterly useless. And now after using one cake of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment my hands are entirely well, and I am very grateful. (Signed) Mrs. Minnie Drew, 13 Dana St., Roxbury, Mass."

Get the Axe.

Hector de Castro, the American consul to Rome, received last month from a friend in New York the following facetious intimation of a Roman visit:

"I will roam to Rome for the winter.

"Has Rome an aroma?

"You cannot read in Rome at night, so poor's the Roman candle light.

"As the Tiber is a swift stream, I suppose that to row on it one must be a good rowman.

"If I meet any Roman beggars I will do Vatican Forum."

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES. Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Willie's Idea of It.

Teacher—Willie, what is the plural of wife?

Willie—Mormon.—Dallas News.

YOU HAVE NO RIGHT TO SUFFER

From Constipation, Bowel and Stomach Trouble.

Q. What is the beginning of sickness?

A. Constipation.

Q. What is Constipation?

A. Failure of the bowels to carry off the waste matter which lies in the alimentary canal where it decays and poisons the entire system. Eventually the results are death under the name of some other disease. Note the deaths from typhoid fever and appendicitis, stomach and bowel trouble at the present time.

Q. What causes Constipation?

A. Neglect to respond to the call of nature promptly. Lack of exercise. Excessive brain work. Mental emotion and improper diet.

Q. What are the results of neglected Constipation?

A. Constipation causes more suffering than any other disease. It causes rheumatism, colds, fevers, stomach, bowel, kidney, lung and heart troubles, etc. It is the one disease that starts all others. Indigestion, dyspepsia, diarrhoea, loss of sleep and strength are its symptoms—piles, appendicitis and fistula, are caused by Constipation. Its consequences are known to all physicians, but few sufferers realize their condition until it is too late. Women become confirmed invalids as a result of Constipation.

Q. Do physicians recognize this?

A. Yes. The first question your doctor asks you is "are you constipated?" That is the secret.

Q. Can it be cured?

A. Yes, with proper treatment. The common error is to resort to physics, such as pills, salts, mineral water, castor oil, injections, etc., every one of which is injurious. They weaken and increase the malady. You know this by your own experience.

Q. What then should be done to cure it?

A. Get a bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic at once. Mull's Grape Tonic will positively cure Constipation and Stomach Trouble in the shortest space of time. No other remedy has before been known to cure Constipation positively and permanently.

Q. What is Mull's Grape Tonic?

A. It is a Compound with 40 per cent. of the juice of Concord Grapes. It exerts a peculiar strengthening, healing influence upon the intestines, so that they can do their work unaided. The process is gradual, but sure. It is not a physic, but it cures Constipation, Dysentery, Stomach and Bowel Trouble. Having a rich, fruity grape flavor, it is pleasant to take. As a tonic it is unequalled, insuring the system against disease. It strengthens and builds up waste tissue.

Q. Where can Mull's Grape Tonic be had?

A. Your druggist sells it. The dollar bottle contains nearly three times the 50-cent size.

Good for ailing children and nursing mothers.

A free bottle to all who have never used it because we know it will cure you.

138 FREE BOTTLE 1223-5

FREE. Send this coupon with your name and address, your druggist's name and 10c. to pay postage and we will supply you a sample free, if you have never used Mull's Grape Tonic, and will also send you a certificate good for $1.00 toward the purchase of more Tonic from your druggist.

Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 18 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

Give Full Address and Write Plainly.

35 cent, 50 cent and $1.00 bottles at all druggists. The $1.00 bottle contains about six times as much as the 35 cent bottle and about three times as much as the 50 cent bottle. There is a great saving in buying the $1.00 size.

The genuine has a date and number stamped on the label—take no other from your druggist.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

CHRISTMAS CAROL

Oh, hark! a grand, sweet anthem,
  Adown the ages rings,
Sung by the herald angels
  Of Christ, the King of kings;
Of Christ, born in a manger,
  Where wise men came to lay
Their gifts of loving homage
  On that first Christmas Day.
Repeat the song of gladness,
  Sung at the Savior's birth—
Good-will to men forever,
  And peace be on the earth!

The song grows gladder, grander,
  As ages pass away;
Our hearts become a manger
  On every Christmas Day;
And in them, Christ, our Savior,
  Finds resting-place, and we
Before the King in homage
  Bow down and bend the knee.
Repeat the song of gladness,
  Sung at the Savior's birth—
Good-will to men forever,
  And peace be on the earth!

Ring on, oh, grand old anthem,
  Sung on Judea's plain,
Until the wide earth echoes
  With our celestial strain;
Until in adoration,
  Before the Savior's feet
Mankind bows down to offer
  A homage deep and sweet.
Repeat the song of gladness
  Sung at the Savior's birth—
Good-will to men forever,
  And peace be on the earth!

—Eben E. Rexford.

Suggested by the Season

Of all beautiful legends, of all beautiful verse, of all stories told in all the life of the whole world, there is no tale so wondrously beautiful as the story of the Christ-child. Every man and every women must recall those long-ago, faraway days when first the story was told to them, the story of the little babe in the manger; of the star of Bethlehem, with its rain of fire, the shepherds, the wise men and the doings of the angels. And with this memory come back other memories, mental visions of those whom we loved and who have passed away; of all the sweet joys of childhood, when the world was a playground instead of a workshop; of fond dreams and childish disappointments. Christmas day is a time when we must pause on the journey and rest by the wayside, sparing the golden hours for reverie and tasting the sweets of generosity and tender charity.

By all manner of judgment and beliefs we must concede that, so far as doing good is concerned, all days should be Christmas. To bestow neckties on Dec. 25, and cross words all the other 364 days of the year is to be like the common sinner who cheats his neighbor during the week and prays most energetically on the Sabbath.

It isn't the gift, it's the love and thoughtfulness that prompt it. The woman who gives because she feels it a duty is practicing deceit, and belittling herself. If one wishes not to bestow a holiday remembrance let one at least have the courage of one's feelings and sentiments and be true and honest about it. No human soul wants a present that is given grudgingly.

According to our way of thinking it is a beautiful thing that once a year, one may have the privilege of doing something nice for those to whom one is devoted.

The pleasure is so great that, on Dec. 26 one should decide to put a little of the Christmas spirit into daily existence.

Perhaps you don't know it, but it is true nevertheless that the more you give the more you will have. There is certainly some great, wonderful power that takes away from those who are grasping and selfish, and who helps along all those whose hearts swing true.

There is such a keen pleasure in doing for others that it inspires one to work, to greater endeavor and to better purposes and higher ambitions. What is there in other earthly things half so satisfying?

The woman who buys pretty clothes has the satisfaction of looking at her reflection in a mirror, but this satisfaction is as shadowy, as flitting, as unreal as the vision she beholds. The woman who fills her house with beautiful furnishings rejoices for a certain time and then the beautiful things lose in interest. The woman whose bank account grows with the years, knows that she is safe from poverty, but you can't get any more heart warmth out of a bank book than if it were an icicle.

Let me tell you something. It is in her heart that you will find genuine contentment. No matter what horrible anxieties she has suffered, what dreadful troubles she has dragged wearily through, what pain and cares have been hers, she is the one who knows the calm, sweet comfort that comes when she looks out into a gray sky and realizes that she has done good to some one, that she has brought a smile to quivering lips, a light to discouraged eyes, life to a heart without hope.

She doesn't have to wait until Christmas. Every day is that—and more—to her.

There is a woman I know, and she had nothing at all—father, mother, brother or sister or even a home. But she had something else that lots of people have not, and that is courage—and she was only a little slip of a girl, too. But she worked very hard for quite a number of long years, and now she has many things which she has always wanted—little luxuries that every woman loves—pretty things in her home and pretty things to wear.

The other day in a shopping crowd she met another woman who, like herself, had carved a little niche in the world of hard work, and this other woman said:

"Aren't you proud of yourself for having accomplished something? I am."

The first woman was silent for a moment. Then she said:

"No, I am not proud of myself, I can't be—yet. I've done so very little compared with what I want to do, and learned so little when I wished to learn so much. But I am tremendously happy that when I want to buy some little comfort for somebody or send a box of flowers to somebody or give some little child a happiness it is in my power to do so. My years of work have been worth this mighty sweet reward.

Won't you try to let a little more of the holy spirit of the hour sink into your soul, and won't you remember that your stay and mine and your neighbor's and everybody's is dreadfully limited here in this pleasant vale of smiles and laughter? There's no telling where any of us will be this time next year, so live this Christmas as happily and as generously as you can.

There's something else, too. If you are going to help a little child hang up a tiny stocking, and if you are now answering all sorts of questions about Santa Claus and chimneys and reindeers and if, on Christmas Eve, you go to a little bedside and kiss the sweetest little lips in all the world, fall upon your knees and thank God, for you are blessed!

A Merry Christmas to you all.

MERRY CHRISTMAS

A merry, merry Christmas and a happy, bright New Year!
How sweet the kind old greetings sound in every heart and ear.
No matter how care-burden'd, and no matter how depressed,
A something in their welcome makes them dear to every breast.

We heard them in our childhood, when with spirits light and gay
We dreamed not that life's joyfulness could ever pass away;
And though long years of carefulness have sobered many a heart,
A joy still lingers round them which can never quite depart.

As fits the solemn Christmastide,
As fits the holy Christmas birth,
Be this, kind friends, our carol still;
"Be peace on earth, be peace on earth
To men of gentle will.

—William Makepeace Thackeray.

SAILING 90 MILES AN HOUR.

Wonderful Speed Made by Land Ships With Safety.

Sailing on land is a new diversion, experimented with at different times in the past, that has suddenly burst into prominence. No other summer amusement conveyance of man's invention can make anything like the speed of the land sailing vessel. It skims over the ground with the actual speed of the wind. Its only rival in amusement conveyances of winter or summer is the ice boat; but the land sailing vessel furnishes much greater enjoyment than the ice boat, for its path is not limited by the narrow confines of an ice pond, and moreover, it is a summer vehicle, made to sail in the season when rapid open-air traveling is really enjoyable. So fast will the land boat move if permitted to go at its full speed during a strong wind that its occupants would find it impossigle to retain their seats. Hence its speed has to be checked and regulated by the manipulation of brakes and sails. From fifty to ninety miles an hour, however, has often been attained with safety when the precaution was taken of seeing that the passengers were well secured in their seats. —Technical World Magazine.

TRY THIS ON YOUR WATCH.

Will Keep Better Time if Wound in the Morning.

"I have discovered that my watch keeps better time if I wind it in the morning instead of at night," remarked Assistant Manager Sweeney, as he toyed with a valuable hunting case yesterday. "The old superstitious belief that your luck will change if you change the time of winding your watch may have some basis in fact. I hereafter am going to wind my timepiece in the morning. This is because the hour of rising is for the ordinary man more regular than that of retiring, but even the most sober and orderly of men are apt to relax and be prone to carelessness at bedtime. In this condition the winding is apt to be done in a jerky, irregular sort of way, or too far or not far enough. Nine people out of ten wind their watches upon retiring, but if they would do it when they got up, at some regular point in the process of making their toilet, they would do it much better.—Milwaukee Free Press.

Words of Wisdom.

Westfield, Ill., Dec. 18th (Special)—All who are suffering with Bright's Disease should read carefully the following letter from the Rev. G. L. Good of this place. He says:—

"I feel it is my duty to tell you of the wonderful benefit I have received from the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills. I am a Minister of the Gospel, and in my work I am frequently exposed to all weathers. Six years ago I was laid up sick. I doctored with a number of physicians and finally consulted a specialist, but without success. They all told me I had Bright's Disease. I was in a bad way and almost helpless when, thank God, I heard of Dodd's Kidney Pills. They saved my life. I took sixteen boxes and now I am cured. The first day I took them I felt relief. When I began I weighed only one hundred and five pounds, now I weigh one hundred and sixty-five and I am the picture of health. I recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to all my friends who have Kidney Trouble and I pray to God that other sufferers will read these words and be helped by them."

The Science of the Game.

The Freshman—Our star half-back, "Biff" Gouger, broke four toes and sprained an ankle in yesterday's game. Gee! But the captain roasted him to a turn!

The Bartender—What for?

The Freshman—Rotten judgment. "Biff" tried a kick for the stomach, but the guy ducked and blocked it neatly with his head.—Puck.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Knew Its Size.

"Shoo!" yelled the proprietor of the fashionable apartment house. "You've got the wrong address. No babies allowed here."

The stork was not nonplussed.

"This infant," it replied with dignity, "is consigned to your janitor."—Houston Chronicle.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

It takes more than wind in the chest to make wings grow on the back.

TUMORS CONQUERED

SERIOUS OPERATIONS AVOIDED

Unqualified Success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in the Case of Mrs. Fannie D. Fox.

One of the greatest triumphs of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the conquering of woman's dread enemy, Tumor.

The growth of a tumor is so sly that frequently its presence is not suspected until it is far advanced.

Mrs. Fannie D. Fox

So-called "wandering pains" may come from its early stages, or the presence of danger may be made manifest by profuse menstruation, accompanied by unusual pain, from the ovaries down the groin and thighs.

If you have mysterious pains, if there are indications of inflammation or displacement, don't wait for time to confirm your fears and go through the horrors of a hospital operation; secure Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound right away and begin its use.

Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., will give you her advice free of all charge if you will write her about yourself. Your letter will be seen by women only.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I take the liberty to congratulate you on the success I have had with your wonderful medicine. Eighteen months ago my monthlies stopped. Shortly after I felt so badly that I submitted to a thorough examination by a physician and was told that I had a tumor on the uterus and would have to undergo an operation.

"Soon after I read one of your advertisements and decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. After trying five bottles as directed the tumor is entirely gone. I have been examined by a physician and he says I have no signs of a tumor now. It has also brought my monthlies around once more, and I am entirely well."—Fannie D. Fox, 7 Chestnut Street, Bradford, Pa.

In the Presence of a Mystery.

Kitty had never seen a gas meter before.

"How does it go, papa?" she asked. "By compressed air?"

"I think not, dear," he said. "Probably expanded air."—Chicago Tribune.

Sure to Follow the Music.

"Have you seen my colored man lately?" asked Dr. Oldun.

"No," replied the wise neighbor, "I don't see him, but he is bound to be along presently. I hear a brass band coming down the street."—Philadelphia Press.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Night of It.

"Is your husband up yet?" asked the early morning caller.

"I guess he is," replied the stern-looking woman.

"I'd like to say a few words to him."

"I'd like to say more than a few. He hasn't come home yet."—Philadelphia Press.

WE CAN turn your farm into cash. Write for our plan. We have the way that wins. Great Northern Land Co., Nos. 526-527 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth, Minn. Mention paper.

And That's Easy.

"Know anything about golf?"

"I used to play shinny."

"Then all you'll have to learn is the language."—Fort Worth Record.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. Samuel, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Tricks in all Trades.

Amicus—So you really do read books that are sent to you?

Reviewer (busy with paper knife)—Oh, no. I am just cutting the leaves so that the editor will think I have read it.—Town Topics.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

A Day to Remember.

Sweet Young Thing—Oh, this has been a wonderful day—my sixteenth birthday! I've had my first kiss from Arthur and my last box on the ears from mamma!—Tales.

TO LESSEN DANGER OF FIRE.

One Railroad Company Puts $7,000,000 Into Steel Cars.

More than passing interest should attach itself to the announcement that an Eastern railroad company has placed orders for 1,500 pressed steel passenger coaches," said John E. Deening, a Stevens Point conductor. The order will involve an expenditure of over $7,000,000. It marks the first step of the railroads of the country toward abolishing wooden passenger cars. The danger from coaches of the pattern now in common use has long been apparent. Loss of life in wrecks has been attributable to the ease with which they were crushed and telescoped. Conflagrations have generally followed. I understand that the new coaches will be constructed entirely of steel, and, while giving greater rigidity and eliminating the danger of the telescoping, the peril from fire will be reduced to a minimum."—Milwaukee Free Press.

KISSED HIS WIFE TOO OFTEN.

Nearly a Thousand Salutes in a Day Made the Bride Leave Him.

A curious case of conjugal infelicity came before the Paris assize court yesterday. At the beginning of the year a young woman was married to a man named Baudent, but a week later she returned to the home of her parents, stating that she had left her husband because he was too fond of her.

During the honeymoon, she said, he made love incessantly, and one day gave her 932 kisses. Unable to endure so much affection, she instituted divorce proceedings. At the last hearing Baudent fired a revolver at his wife, but the bullet happily missed her.

In answer to her recriminations he said: "I have loved you passionately for ten years. You have never loved me."

He was acquitted, and it is expected that his wife will withdraw the divorce proceedings.—Paris Correspondence.

Sayings of the Optimist.

It's a man's opinion of himself that makes him weak or strong.

Some people don't laugh—they have hysterics.

Perhaps the most ridiculous people are those who have arisen from absolutely nothing to something worse.—American Magazine.

More Than Likely.

"How do you suppose Eve ever got along without any store windows to gaze into?"

"She probably strolled down the line every morning and rubbered at the fig trees."—Houston Post.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. Wilbur Day, Warren, Minn., tea kettle; Peter Foy, Minneapolis, Minn., current motor; Alfred Kinne, Minneapolis, Minn., stovepipe; George Loos, Grafton, N. D., box lid holder; Arthur Padmore, Lead, S. D., tool holder; William Schulz, Lidgerwood, N. D., lubricator attachment; George Sheppard, Fillmore, Minn., wheel.

Or Padded.

"I wonder why they called this comic opera 'The Prodigal Son?'"

"Because of the fatted calves, I imagine."—Fort Worth Record.

Then She Got Kissed.

"Does kissing make your lips sore?"

"No, it makes my soul soar."—Fort Worth Record.

MAKES BEAUTY

Among the ladies no other medicine has ever had so strong a following, because, excepting pure air and exercise, it is the source of more beautiful complexions than any other agency, as

Lane's Family Medicine

the tonic-laxative. It puts pure blood in the veins, and no woman can be homely when the rich, red blood of health courses in her veins. Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

Virginia Farms

FREE CATALOGUE of Splendid Bargains. R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., RICHMOND, VA.

Is Disease a Crime?

Not very long ago, a popular magazine published an editorial article in which the writer asserted, in substance, that all disease should be regarded as criminal. Certain it is, that much of the sickness and suffering of mankind is due to the violation of certain of Nature's laws. But to say that all sickness should be regarded as criminal, must appeal to every reasonable individual as radically wrong.

It would be harsh, unsympathetic, cruel, yes criminal, to condemn the poor, weak, over-worked housewife who sinks under the heavy load of household cares and burdens, and suffers from weaknesses, various displacements of pelvic organs and other derangements peculiar to her sex.

Frequent bearing of children, with its exacting demands upon the system, coupled with the care, worry and labor of rearing a large family, is often the cause of weaknesses, derangements and debility which are aggravated by the many household cares, and the hard, and never-ending work which the mother is called upon to perform. Dr. Pierce, the maker of that world-famed remedy for woman's peculiar weaknesses and ills—Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription—says that one of the greatest obstacles to the cure of this class of maladies is the fact that the poor, over-worked housewife can not get the needed rest from her many household cares and labor to enable her to secure from the use of his "Prescription" its full benefits. It is a matter of frequent experience, he says, in his extensive practice in these cases, to meet with those in which his treatment fails by reason of the patient's inability to abstain from hard work long enough to be cured. With those suffering from prolapsus, anteversion and retroversion of the uterus or other displacement of the womanly organs, it is very necessary that, in addition to taking his "Favorite Prescription" they abstain from being very much, or for long periods, on their feet. All heavy lifting or straining of any kind should also be avoided. As much out-door air as possible, with moderate, light exercise is also very important. Let the patient observe these rules and the "Favorite Prescription" will do the rest.

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 21 one-cent stamps for paper-covered, or 31 stamps for cloth-bound.

If sick consult the Doctor, free of charge by letter. All such communications are held sacredly confidential.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets invigorate and regulate stomach, liver and bowels.

THE MAN BEHIND THE SAW

Has easy work if it's an Atkins. The keen, clean cutting edge and perfect taper of the blade make it run easily without buckling. No "humping" to do with the Perfection Handle.

But there are other men behind the Atkins Saw. The originator of SILVER STEEL, the finest crucible steel made, was a good deal of a man. The discoverer of the Atkins secret tempering process was likewise a man of brains and genius.

And there are high-class workmen behind this saw, masters of their craft, whose skill and pride of workmanship have helped to make the Atkins Trade Mark an assurance of quality as reliable as the Goverment assay stamp.

We make all types and sizes of Saws, but only one grade—the best.

Atkins Saws, Corn Knives, Perfection Floor Scrapers, etc., are sold by all good hardware dealers. Catalogue on request.

E. C. ATKINS & CO., Inc.
Largest Saw Manufacturers in the World.
Factory and Executive Offices, Indianapolis, Indiana.
BRANCHES: New York, Chicago, Minneapolis, Portland, (Oregon), Seattle, San Francisco, Memphis, Atlanta and Toronto, (Canada).

Accept no Substitute—Insist on the Atkins Brand

SOLD BY GOOD DEALERS EVERYWHERE

TWENTY-FIVE BUSHELS OF WHEAT TO THE ACRE

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Means a productive capacity in dollars of over $16 per acre.

This on land which has cost the farmer nothing but the price of tilling it, tells its own story.

The Canadian Government gives absolutely free to every settler 160 acres of such land.

Lands adjoining can be purchased at from $6 to $10 per acre from railroad and other corporations.

Already 175,000 farmers from the United States have made their homes in Canada.

For pamphlet "Twentieth Century Canada" and all information apply to Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to following authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

Colds
Croup
Coughs
CURED BY
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
For Internal and External use:
Nothing like it to heal
Bruises
Burns
Cuts
Two sizes. 25 and 50c.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

N W N U —NO. 51— 1905

PRICE, 25 Cts.

TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE
25 CTS
CURES COUGHS COLDS

ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.

F. W. Diemer, M. D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

The Keeley Cure Cures the Craving For Liquor Morphine Tobacco

Permanency of the Cure

There are in the United States to-day over 400,000 men and women who have been permanently cured at Keeley Institutes within the past twenty-five years. Many of these are members of the first families of our land; lawyers, physicians, ministers, bankers, teachers, merchants, farmers, mechanics, capitalists, etc., some of whom were the most hopeless kind of drunkards, yet all were, by the Keeley methods and remedies under institute treatment, brought to freedom, hope and health, and permanently restored to their homes, business, society and the world, forever free from the curse of intemperance.

Philip D. Armour Said:

"I have influenced more than one hundred men to go to the Keeley Institute and all have come back cured. I do not think that there is any one thing that is doing the good to humanity that the Keeley Cure is doing."

Bishop Shanley Sees and Speaks.

It is because I know it does save them, because I know it is God's truth that I take the deepest interest in the Keeley Cure, and so long as I live I shall raise my voice in advocating its efficacy.

RT. REV. JOHN SHANLEY, Bishop of North Dakota.

Rev. T. De Witt Talmage Said:

"I am mightily impressed with the Keeley Cure. There is not a neighborhood in the United States that is not blessed by it. We cannot read it down, we cannot talk it down. The Keeley Cure has saved when nothing else under heaven would."

ONLY ONE GENUINE KEELEY INSTITUTE IN MINNESOTA. NO SICKNESS OR SUFFERING

For Particulars Address........ MINNEAPOLIS KEELEY INSTITUTE, 621 Tenth Street South, Minneapolis, Minn.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

MINNEAPOLIS. WOODWARD & CO., GRAIN COMMISSION. DULUTH.

ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1905. NUMBER 24.

HORRIBLE STORY IS INTERRUPTED

MOSCOW IS CUT OFF JUST AS CORRESPONDENT STARTS TO TELL IT.

PLAN BAPTISM OF BLOOD

REDS PREPARE FOR WIDESPREAD APPLICATION OF TORCH OF WAR.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 28.—There is no further news from Moscow. The Associated Press correspondent there succeeded in getting the St. Petersburg bureau by telephone last night, but he had only uttered the words: "I am going to tell you a horrible story," when he was cut off.

Since then nothing has been heard from the correspondent.

The Seminosky regiment of guards was dispatched to Moscow by train last night. This is considered rather ominous.

List of Casualties Swelling.

An earlier dispatch from Moscow said:

"The cannonading continues and the list of casualties is swelling. The revolutionists are operating in three sections. There is about 1,000 of them in each section. They are all armed with revolvers and rifles. The women who are participating in the fighting are guilty of the worst cruelties."

Plan Series of Outbreaks.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 28.—The reds of Russia are planning widespread application of the torch of civil war. In the face of a declaration by the Witte government that the Moscow revolt is almost crushed, the revolutionist profess hope of success by means of a revolt here, an uprising there, a disconcerting, baffling series of outbreaks in every city in the tottering empire of the czar.

An inspired statement in the Slavo says the government expects the revolt at Moscow to be completely crushed within four days.

15,000 Fell in Moscow.

From an independent source the Slavo declares it has learned that the bloodshed at Moscow has been frightful and that the casualties will reach 15,000 and that about 100 Red Cross workers have been sent from St. Petersburg to Moscow to aid in caring for the wounded.

Big Revolt in Poland.

According to information received by the revolutionary leaders here an armed rebellion on a large scale has been planned in Poland.

The socialist revolutionaries, encouraged by the success of the insurgents in the Baltic provinces and of the situation at Moscow and in Russia generally, have decided that the moment has come to try to cast off the yoke of the autocracy.

The tactics to be followed are the same as those adopted at Moscow.

Armed With Rifles.

Following the example of the authorities at Moscow, about half the police of St. Petersburg are armed with rifles, and the unwonted spectacle of police with bayonets on their rifles adds to the public alarm.

The news from the provinces shows an alarming extension of the strike. Kovno, a fortress town of Lithuania, having about 80,000 inhabitants, seems absolutely in the hands of the socialists, who have summoned the people

To an Armed Resistance,

and the situation is so serious at Krementchug, South Russia, that the governor has declared martial law "for the purpose of restoring peace and insuring the elections to the national assembly."

At Saratoff, in Eastern European Russia, wholesale arrests have been made, but the strike is extending. At Kieff serious collisions have taken place between the troops and strikers, during which about forty persons were killed or wounded.

Rebels Capture Railroad.

London, Dec. 28.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg to a news agency says it is reported that the railroad for a hundred miles southward of Minsk has been captured by the revolutionists and that there has been serious rioting at Kolpino, near St. Petersburg.

KILLS HERSELF IN ROME.

American Girl Jumps From Third Story Window.

Rome, Dec. 28. — Miss Anna Randolph, and American twenty-nine years old, committed suicide yesterday by jumping from a window of the third floor of her residence. Miss Randolph, who had a brother, Leopold, an artist, in this city, had been two months in Rome studying languages. She suffered from nervous prostration.

ROOSEVELTS TAKE OUTING.

Presidential Party at the Country Home in Virginia.

Richmond, Va., Dec. 28.—The president and Mrs. Roosevelt and the children, Ethel, Kermit and Archie, arrived at North Garden, below Charlottesville, yesterday afternoon and took vehicles there for the twelve-mile drive to "Pine Knob," the Roosevelt country home in Albemarle county, where the presidential party is now comfortably established. They will return Sunday.

GRILL FOR STANDARD OIL

FEDERAL AGENTS STRIKE TRAIL AND BIG SENSATION IS PROMISED.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—A Philadelphia special to the Tribune says: For nearly a year agents of the United States government have been slowly and patiently but persistently gathering facts and figures on which it was hoped to base a successful attack upon the gigantic monopoly known as the Standard Oil company. Great as this organization is, the United States government is greater, in spite of the boast of some of the Standard managers, and federal agents and detectives have struck a trail which seems at least to lead into the heart of the famous system.

Following upon the footsteps of government agents in Washington, Philadelphia, New York and other cities, I have learned sufficiently to convince me that during the present winter and possibly not long after the holidays, there will be presented to congress a report which will be far more sensational than that prepared against the beef trust, and at the same time another report will go to the attorney general with a suggestion, that prosecution be instituted.

The work of the special agents of the government is not entirely concluded, but nearly so. They have developed enough to startle the country, and the paid spies of the Standard Oil company already have learned this and have begun to cover up evidence in anticipation of a criminal prosecution by the federal government.

The investigation into the affairs of the Standard Oil company has been conducted by Commissioner Garfield of the bureau of corporations.

TO LAY EGGS ALL THE TIME.

California Professor Believes He Can Control Habits of the Hen.

Berkeley, Cal., Dec. 28.—Within a short time hens will lay eggs according to program, whether they want to or not, instead of refusing to work for so long a season every year that the price of eggs mounts up to famine rates, if the plans of Prof. Jaffa, nutrition expert at the state university, do not go astray. Prof. Jaffa is conducting some experiments which he expects will be completed by Jan. 1. He announces that his researches have justified his belief that he would be able to control the moulting period of hens, which normally begins in the middle of the summer and continues into September, October or November.

IS A BADLY BUFFETED BARK.

Vessel Has Forty-Day Siege With Typhoons on Pacific.

San Francisco, Dec. 28.—The bark Hecla, which sailed from Manila on Oct. 20 for Port Townsend, put into this port yesterday in distress. While off the Island of Luzon she was exposed to a succession of typhoons which began Oct. 30 and continued for forty days. Her sails were blown away, part of the sheathing was torn from her hull and other serious damage was sustained. On Dec. 18 she was struck by a hurricane with a heavy cross-sea, which threw her on her beam ends and severely strained her. With only five sails left she made this harbor, where she will be repaired.

DASTARDLY OUTRAGE.

Four Men Take Young Woman From Escort and Assault Her.

Destus, Mo., Dec. 28. — The community is greatly excited here over the fact that Miss Hessie Neisler, eighteen years old, was taken from her escort by four men at the point of a revolver last Saturday night as the couple was returning from a Christmas entertainment, forced to go into a woods, where she was assaulted and then allowed to go home, arriving almost unconscious. Charles Kelley, Harry Bezarth, Paul Bischler and William Mason have been arrested. Bozarth is a nephew of Miss Neisler's uncle, with whom she has been visiting for three months.

Stevens for a Lock Canal.

Washington, Dec. 28. — Chairman Shonts, accompanied by Chief Engineer J. F. Stevens of the isthmian canal commission, has arrived in Washington. Mr. Stevens has come to Washington to give his views to the commission on the type of canal that should be constructed. He is in favor of a lock canal and at a moderately high level.

Robbers Blow Bank Safe.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Dec. 28. — Robbers blew the safe of the only bank in the town of Moore, a small village seven miles southeast of here, early yesterday and escaped with $1,000.

Conductor Hocum Dies at His Desk.

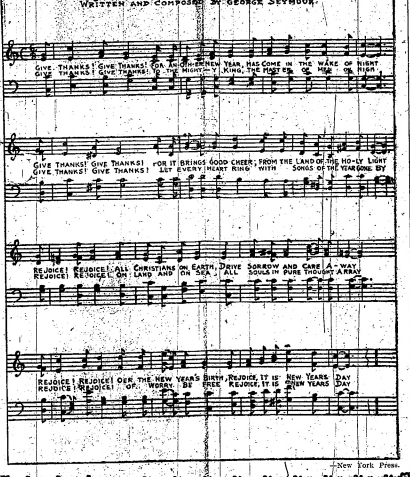
Aberdeen, S. D., Dec. 28. — Darius Hocum, freight conductor on the Hastings & Dakota division of the Milwaukee road, dropped dead at a desk in the freight office yesterday morning while making out his train report.

Cuts Out All Boxing.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—All amateur boxing matches, sparring contests, pugilistic tournaments and every variety of the fistic art is to be prohibited in Chicago hereafter.

Rejoice! It is New Year's Day!

WRITTEN AND COMPOSED BY GEORGE SEYMOUR.


GIVE THANKS! GIVE THANKS! FOR AN-OTH-ER NEW YEAR, HAS COME IN THE WAKE OF NIGHT
GIVE THANKS! GIVE THANKS! TO THE MIGHT-Y KING, THE MASTER OF MEN ON HIGH
GIVE THANKS! GIVE THANKS! FOR IT BRINGS GOOD CHEER; FROM THE LAND OF THE HO-LY LIGHT
GIVE THANKS! GIVE THANKS! LET EVERY HEART RING WITH SONGS OF THE YEAR GONE BY
REJOICE! REJOICE! ALL CHRISTIANS ON EARTH, DRIVE SORROW AND CARE A-WAY
REJOICE! REJOICE! ON LAND AND ON SEA, ALL SOULS IN PURE THOUGHT ARRAY
REJOICE! REJOICE! O'ER THE NEW YEAR'S BIRTH, REJOICE, IT IS NEW YEARS DAY
REJOICE! REJOICE! OF WORRY BE FREE REJOICE, IT IS NEW YEARS DAY

—New York Press.

Thousands of Centuries Re-Echo in the Blowing of Horns To-Day

Blowing of horns on occasions of joy and festivity has grown to be an established institution in the United States. Whether the custom as practiced is strictly in musical accord with the harmonious feelings of a people who in one voice indulge a celebration which affects all alike is another matter.

While the custom of horn blowing is growing, few of the old heads stop to think of its origin, and the youthful celebrant little dreams that it is all tradition; that in those reveling sounds which escape neither nook nor corner, loft nor cellar, are the echoes re-echoed from thousands of centuries ago—that momentous period in the world's spiritual and material history when the blasts from the ram's horn (shophar) proclaimed from Mount Sinai the giving of the Ten Commandments to the end of time.

The first mention of it is in the Old Testament at the giving of the law:

> And all the people saw the thunderings, and the lightnings, and the noise of the trumpet.—Exodus, xx:18.

As the sound of the horn signaled the giving of the law which was to lead mankind and stand for life's moral and spiritual obligations along the ages, the multitude bowed with feelings of awe and humility.

The sounds were new to the ears of the people who listened to their echoes along the mountain, wondering at the distant tone repetitions.

> And when the people saw it, they removed, and stood afar off. And they said unto Moses, "Speak thou with us, and we will hear; but let not God speak with us, lest we die."

The fear then in the hearts of the multitude was significant. They realized the import of the occasion, which had been signaled by the blasts of the horn. So, from the very first introduction of the instrument its sounds have generally had a significant meaning and purpose.

How well one can picture the scene at Mount Sinai when the people trembled and stood afar off when Moses bade them to fear not; that God had come to prove them and that his fear might be before their faces that they sin not.

The sounding of the horn on an occasion so prolific with divinely potential incidents naturally brought the instrument into use and prominence during special spiritual exercises and celebrations, but later its brazen notes were heard in time of war.

They were also heard in times of extreme jubilation and in the temples of the Jews on their days of rejoicing and on the day of atonement.

In Leviticus, xxv: 9, is found the following:

> Then shalt thou cause the trumpet of the jubilee to sound on the tenth day of the seventh month, in the day of atonement shall ye make the trumpet sound throughout all your land.

And even in this age of "advanced thought," the Jew, following commandment and the voice of tradition assembles in his temple to hear the sound from the shophar.

What effect must such tones issuing from a holy place have upon the hearer? They are not musical sounds, for their loud, piercing notes, with no range or compass, have never been found adaptable to concerted music.

But is this description not exactly and strangely in accord with the tones from the modern horn, the horn with which the jubilant man and youth, woman and girl, of this period give vent to their joy at the birth of the Christian new year?

Try as you will, you can get nothing but a piercing, shrill or inharmonious tone from the tin instrument and like the ancient shophar, its tones are unmusical, having neither range or compass. If needed for such a purpose, however, its blasts from the summit of Twin Peaks would summon a multitude that would comport itself according to the import of the occasion.

In Numbers, chapter xxxix: 1, we find an injunction as to the use of the trumpet.

Therein the people are commanded on the first day of the seventh month to hold "an holy convocation," to do no servile work, it being "a day of blowing of trumpets unto you"—a feast of the trumpets.

Here is demonstrated the giving up of all labor and indulging the tones of the shophar as heard in the synagogues to this day on a like festival.

The skeptic may say that to-day's outpourings of joy lack thought, are indulged without the slightest religious sentiment, have no relationship with the very same movements and same trumpetings that characterized the day when the law was given from Mount Sinai, those periods when joy and victory and holy festival influenced the early peoples of the earth.

Who will say that there is no feeling of thankfulness in the hearts of the nation when, with horn a-blowing and flags waving, it gives vent to its joy over victory or any great national event?

The ancient New Year's service, observed in the synagogues even at this period, is considered one of the most impressive in the Jewish liturgy. It is composed of three parts, which refer, respectively, to the sovereignty, justice and mercy of God, and as each part is concluded the shophar is sounded from the pulpit.

The first part, "Malchioth," proclaims God the universal king.

The second part, "Zichronoth," emphasizes that God remembers the work of the world and visits all creatures and that "nothing remains concealed from his eyes."

The last part, "Shopheroth," speaks of the scriptural shophar, and especially as it is connected with the giving of the law on Mount Sinai, when its tones were first heard, and also with reference to the time when the "great trumpet" will be sounded "to declare the universal triumph of liberty and religion."

In a poem sermon founded on passages from the Talmud, by the Rev. Isidore Myers, B. A., in Montreal in 1897 (5657 Jewish year), the following occurs:

> What solemn thoughts each blast compels!
> At every sound our bosom swells;
> Our soul is stirred by every note
> That issues from the shophar's throat.
>
> The first, which "Malchioth" is named,
> In which God's sovereignty's proclaimed,
> Commemmorates a fact sublime—
> Recalls to mind creation's prime,
> When God, creating out of nought,
> This world into existence brought—
> This universe by wisdom planned,
> And framed by His Almighty hand—
> Whose order, beauty, harmony,
> We everywhere can plainly see;
> Whose every part, below, above,
> The impress bears of gracious love.
> The shophar's voice does first record
> The coronation of the Lord.

Thus, from its first mention up to the present period, has the shophar been given the most profound and grave consideration.

Besides the sounding of the horn in the hour of religious and joyous festival it was brought into use in time of war to summon and assemble the army, and in this respect it is first mentioned in Judges, iii:27:

> And it came to pass, when he was come, that he blew a trumpet in the mountain of Ephraim, and the children of Israel went down with him from the mount, and he before them.

Subsequent verses relate the defeat of 10,000 lusty men and the downfall of Moab, much resembling the bloody conflicts of later centuries, sans machinery of modern warfare.

And here we find the horn brought into military use, which is a long step from its initial requirements, when it served to bring the people together to hear the law read amid the thundering and lightning and darkness, which after prevailed and filled the assembled multitude with awe and fear.

After all, in comparing the past with the present there seems but the difference in the manufacture, design and manipulation of material and the advantages in these times of having more powerful and more scientific implements with which to annihilate a foe. Indeed, it is doubtful whether anything could be more effective on a modern battlefield than the slaying of 10,000 valiant men, as was done by the Israelites who answered the shophar's call to arms.

The shophar has been utilized in other than times of law-giving and war, for it is told in Isaiah xxvii:13:

> And it shall come to pass in that day, that the great trumpet shall be blown and they shall come which were ready to perish in the land of Assyria, and the outcasts in the land of Egypt, and shall worship the Lord in the holy mount at Jerusalem.

The prophet foretold that the shophar should announce the recall of the people from exile. Therefore it is seen how, stride by stride, the shophar, the horn or trumpet grew in use and favor and need in the world's earliest period.

Its sounds were welcomed by those to whom the law was handed down, its notes were and are maintained by one denomination to voice the anniversary of God's coronation.

By that same people its sound is resorted to as an alarm or warning of the approach of the day of atonement and that they should review the actions of the past year and prepare to become reconciled to God by means of confession to him of their sins and promise of amendment.

One other reason for the blowing of the shophar, even at this period, is to emphasize to the Jewish community the conviction that the time will come when the shophar will announce, according to the word of the prophet, a universal freedom when all oppression and tyranny shall vanish and the reign of absolute liberty will be manifested throughout the world.

NO ACCOUNTING BY LOBBYIST

HAMILTON IS HEARD FROM BUT REFUSES TO ACCOUNT FOR MONEY.

HIS WORK DONE IN SECRET

CASH USED IN MAKING PAYMENTS—PAYN CALLS BURNHAM A CROOK.

New York, Dec. 28.—Andrew Hamilton, the legislative agent of the New York Life Insurance company, who, according to testimony, has been entrusted with hundreds of thousands of dollars by the company and has not accounted for $235,000, has been heard from by the legislative insurance investigation committee, but has declined to make an accounting.

A statement by Mr. Hamilton was read for the record yesterday. It was presented by Secretary John C. McCall of the New York Life, who went to Paris to secure an accounting from Hamilton. In his statement Mr. Hamilton says that he is

Unable to Produce

any books or accounts because he undertook the legislative matters for the life insurance companies with the express understanding that he was to make no accounting. Absolute secrecy was necessary in retaining assistants, therefore no checks were used in making payments.

Mr. Hamilton went into an exhaustive explanation of the reasons for organizing this confidential service, as he characterized it, covering his methods of work, and citing a number of legislative bills in which he had been interested. A list of expenses from 1899 to 1904 was appended to the statement. The sum of $235,000 unaccounted for, he says, would be greatly reduced by his running account still unsettled and open, and, as a

Matter of Good Faith

pending a settlement, he offers to deposit $100,000 with the company.

Secretary McCall was questioned by Mr. Hughes as to what further light he could throw on the statement of Mr. Hamilton, but he said he could give no information. He did not question Mr. Hamilton's figures nor the large accounts for traveling expenses. He asked Mr. Hamilton for a full statement and relied on his honesty to explain everything. He did insist that Mr. Hamilton produce checks or check books, but Mr. Hamilton said he had none.

When Mr. McCall was excused Henry D. Appleton, of the state insurance department was called.

Calls Morgan a Liar.

He completed his testimony begun last Friday, and during the examination was told that Mr. Morgan, former president of the Bankers' Life Insurance company, had testified that Mr. Appleton had said it would cost the Bankers' Life $50,000 to reincorporate. Mr. Appleton somewhat heatedly said:

"If Mr. Morgan said that he is a liar."

Louis F. Payn, former state superintendent of insurance, was called to the stand and explained a large number of appointments of confidential examiners on the ground that an unusual number of examinations were made during his tenure of office.

Thought He Was a Crook.

The affairs of the Mutual Reserve Life Insurance company were taken up with the witness, and during this line of examination Mr. Payn stated that he had been opposed to Mr. Burnham as president of the Mutual Reserve and said that he had tried to get him out.

Mr. Hughes asked why he had tried to get him out, and Mr. Payn flatly said "because I thought him a crook." Mr. Payn will resume to-day.

SAYS LIVES ARE IMPERILED.

Steamboat Inspector Criticizes Carrying of Crude Petroleum.

Washington, Dec. 28. — In submitting his annual report as supervising inspector of the general steamboat inspection service, George Uhler expresses considerable anxiety regarding the present practice of carrying crude petroleum in passenger steamers in quantities which jeopardize the safety of the ship and passengers. Much of this oil, he says, is so highly inflammable that it will flash at the ordinary summer temperature of the atmosphere.

Three Are Asphyxiated.

Marquette, Mich., Dec. 28. — Mrs. Helen Decher was found dead yesterday afternoon, asphyxiated by coal gas. Her daughter, Mrs. August Thoney, and the latter's son, were in a nearly lifeless condition, and were revived with great difficulty.

Bourke Cockran Is Ill.

New York, Dec. 28.—Bourke Cockran has been ill for ten days at the Waldorf-Astoria, and his physicians have advised him to go to Arizona in the hope of regaining his health. He was threatened with pneumonia and the attack left his lungs weak.

Killed by a Train.

Bloomington, Ill., Dec. 28. — Harry Collison, a prominent banker at Rantoul and Thomasboro, was struck by a train at the latter place last night and instantly killed.

TWO MEMPHIS BANKS CLOSE

OVERLOANING AND STRINGENCY OF NEW YORK MONEY MARKET THE CAUSE.

Memphis, Tenn., Dec. 28.—Anticipation of a heavy run on the Merchants' Trust company, preliminary intimation of which was given by the withdrawal of many deposits Tuesday afternoon, was the immediate cause of the suspension of that bank and the appointment of a receiver.

The American Savings Bank and Trust company, which is dominated by the directorate of the Merchants' Trust company, fearing that the failure of the institution would cause a run on its own deposits, also suspended payment until the affairs of the Merchants' Trust company shall have been adjusted.

It is stated by the officials of both institutions that the depositors will be fully protected and paid dollar for dollar. The stockholders of the Marchants' Trust company, it is said, will suffer to the extent of 20 per cent on the capital invested.

The fact that the bank had overloaned and the stringency of the New York money market are given as the direct causes of the suspension.

OFFICIAL ASKED TO RESIGN.

Gov. Hanly Calls on Storms to Quit Office.

Indianapolis, Dec. 28.—Gov. Hanly asked for the resignation of Daniel E. Storms, secretary of state, after a two-hour confesence of Gov. Hanly, Attorney General Miller and Mr. Storms. It is not known whether or not Mr. Storms will tender his resignation. When seen immediately after the conference, he would not say anything. Alleged irregularities discovered by an investigating committee in the auditor's office with reference to the condition in the secretary of state's office are thought to be the real reason for the requested resignation.

THOUGHT THERE WAS A FIRE.

Panic in Clothing House When the Sprinkler Started Working.

Chicago, Dec. 28.— The accidental release of an automatic sprinkler system in the large clothing establishment of Hart, Schaffner & Marx caused a panic among the 2,000 employes of the establishment. Men, women and children fought for a chance to escape from the fire that they supposed had broken out in the building, and in the crush about the doorways, several were injured, although not seriously. There was no fire in any part of the building.

PRECIOUS PICTURE FOUND.

Lippo Memmi's Madonna Had Been Stolen From a Church.

New York, Dec. 28. — A cable dispatch to the Herald from Florence says:

The precious Madonna del Popolo, by Lippo Memmi, which was stolen some time ago from the church of Santa Maria de Servi, has been recovered at Siena. It was found Monday in the entrance of the deaf and dumb typographical establishment at that place, but was not recognized until taken to the city hall.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Dec. 28. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 83@84 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 81@81 3-4c; No. 3, 77@80 3-4c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 40 1-2@41c. Oats—No. 3 white, 29 1-2@30c.

Duluth, Dec. 28. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 82 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 80 3-4c; flax, $1.07; rye, 61c.

Minneapolis, Dec. 28. — Wheat—No. 1 hard, 83c; No. 1 Northern, 82 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 80c; durum, 70@73c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 1-2c.

Milwaukee, Dec. 28. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 86@87c; No. 2 Northern, 82@84 1-2c. Rye—No. 1, 68@68 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 50 1-2@55c. Oats — Standard, 31@32 1-2c.

Chicago, Dec. 28. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 87 1-2@89 1-2c; No. 2 hard, 81 1-2@84 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, 86 1-2@89c; No. 2 Northern, 83@87c. Corn—No. 2, 49@50c. Oats—No. 2, 30 1-4c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Dec. 28.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.40@5.75; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.30 @ 4; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.85; calves and yearlings, $2.50@3.50. Hogs—Bulk, $4.80@4.85.

Chicago, Dec. 28. — Beeves, $3.50@6.60; stockers and feeders, $2.50 @ 4.25; cows and heifers, $1.50 @ 4.75. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $4.75@5.07 1-2; bulk, $4.90@5. Sheep, $4 @ 5.85; lambs, $4.85@7.75.

South St. Paul, Dec. 28. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4.50 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3@4.25; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs—Range price, $4.75@4.90; bulk, $4.80@4.85. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $6.25@6.75; fair to good, $4.50@6.25; yearling wethers, $5@5.50; good to choice ewes, $4.50@4.75.

FORTY MILLIONS ASKED.

New York State Barge Canal Will Be Expensive.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 28.—Forty million dollars will be asked of the coming legislature for work on the thousand-ton barge canal during 1906, according to the second annual report of State Engineer and Surveyor Henry A. Van Alstyne, a forecast of which was made public yesterday. The barge canal project and state road improvement are the subjects chiefly discussed in the report.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1905. NUMBER 24.

HORRIBLE STORY IS INTERRUPTED

MOSCOW IS CUT OFF JUST AS CORRESPONDENT STARTS TO TELL IT.

PLAN BAPTISM OF BLOOD

REDS PREPARE FOR WIDESPREAD APPLICATION OF TORCH OF WAR.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 28.—There is [illegible] news from Moscow. The Associated Press correspondent there succeeded in getting the St. Petersburg bureau by telephone last night, but he had only uttered the words: "I am going to tell you a horrible story," when he was cut off.

Since then nothing has been heard from the correspondent.

The Semenosky regiment of guards was dispatched to Moscow by train last night. This is considered rather ominous.

List of Casualties Swelling.

An earlier dispatch from Moscow said:

"The cannonading continues and the list of casualties is swelling. The revolutionists are operating in three sections. There is about 1,000 of them in each section. They are all armed with revolvers and rifles. The women who are participating in the fighting are guilty of the worst cruelties."

Plan Series of Outbreaks.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 28.—The reds of Russia are planning widespread application of the torch of civil war. In the face of a declaration by the Witte government that the Moscow revolt is almost crushed, the revolutionists profess hope of success by means of a revolt here, an uprising there, a disconcerting, baffling series of outbreaks in every city in the tottering empire of the czar.

An inspired statement in the Slavo says the government expects the revolt at Moscow to be completely crushed within four days.

15,000 Fell in Moscow.

From an independent source the Slavo declares it has learned that the bloodshed at Moscow has been frightful, that the casualties will reach 15,000 and that about 100 Red Cross workers have been sent from St. Petersburg to Moscow to aid in caring for the wounded.

Big Revolt in Poland.

According to information received by the revolutionary leaders here an armed rebellion on a large scale has been planned in Poland.

The socialist revolutionaries, encouraged by the success of the insurgents in the Baltic provinces and of the situation at Moscow and in Russia generally, have decided that the moment has come to try to cast off the yoke of the autocracy.

The tactics to be followed are the same as those adopted at Moscow.

Armed With Rifles.

Following the example of the authorities at Moscow, about half the police of St. Petersburg are armed with rifles and the unwonted spectacle of police with bayonets on their rifles adds to the public alarm.

The news from the provinces shows an alarming extension of the strike. Kovno, a fortress town of Lithuania, having about 80,000 inhabitants, seems absolutely in the hands of the socialists, who have summoned the people

To an Armed Resistance.

and the situation is so serious at Ekaterinburg, South Russia, that the governor has declared martial law for the purpose of restoring peace and insuring the elections to the national assembly."

At Saratoff, in Eastern European Russia, wholesale arrests have been made, but the strike is extending. At Kieff serious collisions have taken place between the troops and strikers, during which about forty persons were killed or wounded.

Rebels Capture Railroad.

London, Dec. 28.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg to a news agency says it is reported that the railroad for a hundred miles southward of Minsk has been captured by the revolutionists and that there has been serious rioting at Kolpino, near St. Petersburg.

KILLS HERSELF IN ROME.

American Girl Jumps From Third Story Window.

Rome, Dec. 28.—Miss Anna Randolph, and American, twenty-nine years old, committed suicide yesterday by jumping from a window of the third floor of her residence. Miss Randolph, who had a brother, Leopold, an artist, in this city, had been two months in Rome studying languages. She suffered from nervous prostration.

ROOSEVELTS TAKE OUTING.

Presidential Party at the Country Home in Virginia.

Richmond, Va., Dec. 28.—The president and Mrs. Roosevelt and the children, Ethel, Kermit and Archie, arrived at North Garden, below Charlottesville, yesterday afternoon and took vehicles there for the twelve-mile drive to "Pine Knob," the Roosevelt country home in Albemarle county, where the presidential party is now comfortably established. They will return Sunday.

GRILL FOR STANDARD OIL

FEDERAL AGENTS STRIKE TRAIL AND BIG SENSATION IS PROMISED.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—A Philadelphia special to the Tribune says: For nearly a year agents of the United States government have been slowly and patiently but persistently gathering facts and figures on which it was hoped to base a successful attack upon the gigantic monopoly known as the Standard Oil company. Great as this organization is, the United States government is greater, in spite of the boast of some of the Standard managers, and federal agents and detectives have struck a trail which seems at least to lead into the heart of the famous system.

Following upon the footsteps of government agents in Washington, Philadelphia, New York and other cities, I have learned sufficiently to convince me that during the present winter and possibly not long after the holidays, there will be presented to congress a report which will be far more sensational than that prepared against the beef trust, and at the same time another report will go to the attorney general with a suggestion that prosecution be instituted.

The work of the special agents of the government is not entirely concluded, but nearly so. They have developed enough to startle the country, and the paid spies of the Standard Oil company already have learned this and have begun to cover up evidence in anticipation of a criminal prosecution by the federal government.

The investigation into the affairs of the Standard Oil company has been conducted by Commissioner Garfield of the bureau of corporations.

TO LAY EGGS ALL THE TIME.

California Professor Believes He Can Control Habits of the Hen.

Berkeley, Cal., Dec. 28.—Within a short time hens will lay eggs according to program, whether they want to or not, instead of refusing to work for so long a season every year that the price of eggs mounts up to famine rates, if the plans of Prof. Jaffa, nutrition expert at the state university, do not go astray. Prof. Jaffa is conducting some experiments which he expects will be completed by Jan. 1. He [illegible] that his researches have justified his belief that he would be able to control the moulting period of hens, which normally begins in the middle of the summer and continues into September, October or November.

IS A BADLY BUFFETED BARK.

Vessel Has Forty-Day Siege With Typhoons on Pacific.

San Francisco, Dec. 28.—The bark Hecla, which sailed from Manila on Oct. 20 for Port Townsend, put into this port yesterday in distress. While off the Island of Luzon she was exposed to a succession of typhoons which began Oct. 30 and continued for forty days. Her sails were blown away, part of the sheathing was torn from her hull and other serious damage was sustained. On Dec. 18 she was struck by a hurricane with a heavy cross-sea, which threw her on her beam ends and severely strained her. With only five sails left she made this harbor, where she will be repaired.

DASTARDLY OUTRAGE.

Four Men Take Young Woman From Escort and Assault Her.

Destus, Mo., Dec. 28.—The community is greatly excited here over the fact that Miss Bessie Neisler, eighteen years old, was taken from her escort by four men at the point of a revolver last Saturday night as the couple was returning from a Christmas entertainment, forced to go into a woods, where she was assaulted and then allowed to go home, arriving almost unconscious. Charles Kelley, Harry Bezarth, Paul Bischler and William Mason have been arrested. Bozarth is a nephew of Miss Neisler's uncle, with whom she has been visiting for three months.

Stevens for a Lock Canal.

Washington, Dec. 28.—Chairman Shonts, accompanied by Chief Engineer J. F. Stevens of the isthmian canal commission, has arrived in Washington. Mr. Stevens has come to Washington to give his views to the commission on the type of canal that should be constructed. He is in favor of a lock canal and at a moderately high level.

Robbers Blow Bank Safe.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Dec. 28.—Robbers blew the safe of the only bank in the town of Moore, a small village seven miles southeast of here, early yesterday and escaped with $1,000.

Conductor Hocum Dies at His Desk.

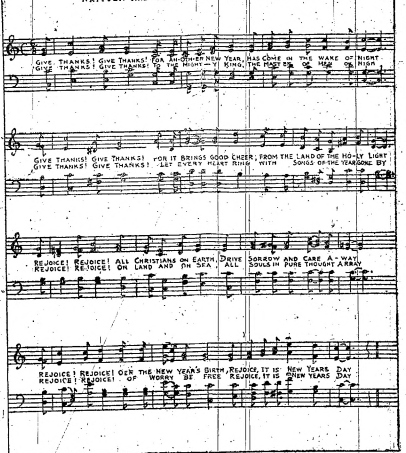
Aberdeen, S. D., Dec. 28.—Darius Hocum, freight conductor on the Hastings & Dakota division of the Milwaukee road, dropped dead at a desk in the freight office yesterday morning while making out his train report.

Cuts Out All Boxing.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—All amateur boxing matches, sparring contests, pugilistic tournaments and every variety of the fistic art is to be prohibited in Chicago hereafter.

Rejoice! It is New Year's Day!

WRITTEN AND COMPOSED BY GEORGE SEYMOUR


GIVE THANKS! GIVE THANKS! FOR ANOTHER NEW YEAR, HAS COME IN THE WAKE OF NIGHT
GIVE THANKS! GIVE THANKS! TO THE MIGHTY KING, THE MASTER OF MEN ON HIGH
GIVE THANKS! GIVE THANKS! GIVE THANKS! FOR IT BRINGS GOOD CHEER; FROM THE LAND OF THE HOLY LIGHT
GIVE THANKS! GIVE THANKS! LET EVERY HEART RING WITH SONGS OF THE YEAR GONE BY
REJOICE! REJOICE! ALL CHRISTIANS ON EARTH, DRIVE SORROW AND CARE AWAY
REJOICE! REJOICE! ON LAND AND ON SEA, ALL SOULS IN PURE THOUGHT ARRAY
REJOICE! REJOICE! O'ER THE NEW YEAR'S BIRTH, REJOICE, IT IS NEW YEARS DAY
REJOICE! REJOICE! OF WORRY BE FREE REJOICE! IT IS NEW YEARS DAY

—New York Press.

Thousands of Centuries Re-Echo in the Blowing of Horns To-Day

Blowing of horns on occasions of joy and festivity has grown to be an established institution in the United States. Whether the custom as practiced is strictly in musical accord with the harmonious feelings of a people who in one voice indulge a celebration which affects all alike is another matter.

While the custom of horn blowing is growing, few of the old heads stop to think of its origin, and the youthful celebrant little dreams that it is all tradition; that in those reveling sounds which escape neither nook nor corner, loft nor cellar, are the echoes re-echoed from thousands of centuries ago—that momentous period in the world's spiritual and material history when the blasts from the ram's horn (shophar) proclaimed from Mount Sinai the giving of the Ten Commandments to the end of time.

The first mention of it is in the Old Testament at the giving of the law:

> And all the people saw the thunderings, and the lightnings, and the noise of the trumpet.—Exodus, xx:18.

As the sound of the horn signaled the giving of the law which was to lead mankind and stand for life's moral and spiritual obligations along the ages, the multitude bowed with feelings of awe and humility.

The sounds were new to the ears of the people who listened to their echoes along the mountain, wondering at the distant tone repetitions.

> And when the people saw it, they removed, and stood afar off. And they said unto Moses, "Speak thou with us, and we will hear; but let not God speak with us, lest we die."

The fear then in the hearts of the multitude was significant. They realized the import of the occasion, which had been signaled by the blasts of the horn. So, from the very first introduction of the instrument its sounds have generally had a significant meaning and purpose.

How well one can picture the scene at Mount Sinai when the people trembled and stood afar off when Moses bade them to fear not; that God had come to prove them and that his fear might be before their faces that they sin not.

The sounding of the horn on an occasion so prolific with divinely potential incidents naturally brought the instrument into use and prominence during special spiritual exercises and celebrations, but later its brazen notes were heard in time of war.

They were also heard in times of extreme jubilation and in the temples of the Jews on their days of rejoicing and on the day of atonement.

In Leviticus, xxv: 9, is found the following:

> Then shalt thou cause the trumpet of the jubilee to sound on the tenth day of the seventh month, in the day of atonement shall ye make the trumpet sound throughout all your land.

And even in this age of "advanced thought" the Jew, following commandment and the voice of tradition assembles in his temple to hear the sound from the shophar.

What effect must such tones issuing from a holy place have upon the hearer? They are not musical sounds, for their loud, piercing notes, with no range or compass, have never been found adaptable to concerted music.

But is this description not exactly and strangely in accord with the tones from the modern horn, the horn with which the jubilant man and youth, woman and girl, of this period give vent to their joy at the birth of the Christian new year?

Try as you will you can get nothing but a piercing, shrill or inharmonious tone from the tin instrument and, like the ancient shophar, its tones are unmusical, having neither range or compass. If needed for such a purpose, however, its blasts from the summit of Twin Peaks would summon a multitude that would comport itself according to the import of the occasion.

In Numbers, chapter xxxix: 1, we find an injunction as to the use of the trumpet.

Therein the people are commanded on the first day of the seventh month to hold "an holy convocation," to do no servile work, it being "a day of blowing of trumpets, unto you"—a feast of the trumpets.

Here is demonstrated the giving up of all labor and indulging the tones of the shophar as heard in the synagogues to this day on a like festival.

The skeptic may say that to-day's outpourings of joy lack thought, are indulged without the slightest religious sentiment, have no relationship with the very same movements and same trumpetings that characterized the day when the law was given from Mount Sinai, those periods when joy and victory and holy festival influenced the early peoples of the earth.

Who will say that there is no feeling of thankfulness in the hearts of the nation when, with horn a-blowing and flags waving, it gives vent to its joy over victory or any great national event?

The ancient New Year's service, observed in the synagogues even at this period, is considered one of the most impressive in the Jewish liturgy. It is composed of three parts, which refer, respectively, to the sovereignty, justice and mercy of God, and as each part is concluded the shophar is sounded from the pulpit.

The first part, "Malchioth," proclaims God the universal king.

The second part, "Zichronoth," emphasizes that God remembers the work of the world and visits all creatures and that "nothing remains concealed from his eyes."

The last part, "Shopheroth," speaks of the scriptural shophar, and especially as it is connected with the giving of the law on Mount Sinai, when its tones were first heard, and also with reference to the time when the "great trumpet" will be sounded "to declare the universal triumph of liberty and religion."

In a poem sermon founded on passages from the Talmud, by the Rev. Isidore Myers, B. A., in Montreal in 1897 (5657 Jewish year), the following occurs:

> What solemn thoughts each blast compels!
> At every sound our bosom swells;
> Our soul is stirred by every note
> That issues from the shophar's throat.
>
> The first, which "Malchioth" is named,
> In which God's sovereignty's proclaimed,
> Commemorates a fact sublime—
> Recalls to mind creation's time.
> When God, creating out of nought,
> This world into existence brought—
> This universe by wisdom planned,
> And framed by His Almighty hand—
> Whose order, beauty, harmony,
> We everywhere can plainly see:
> Whose every part, below, above,
> The impress bears of gracious love.
> The shophar's voice does first record
> The coronation of the Lord.

Thus, from its first mention up to the present period, has the shophar been given the most profound and grave consideration.

Besides the sounding of the horn in the hour of religious and joyous festival it was brought into use in time of war to summon and assemble the army, and in this respect it is first mentioned in Judges, iii:27:

> And it came to pass, when he was come, that he blew a trumpet in the mountain of Ephraim, and the children of Israel went down with him from the mount, and he before them.

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And here we find the horn brought into military use, which is a long step from its initial requirements, when it served to bring the people together to hear the law read amid the thundering and lightning and darkness which after prevailed and filled the assembled multitude with awe and fear.

After all, in comparing the past with the present there seems but the difference in the manufacture, design and manipulation of material and the advantages in these times of having more powerful and more scientific implements with which to annihilate a foe. Indeed, it is doubtful whether anything could be more effective on a modern battlefield than the slaying of 10,000 valiant men as was done by the Israelites who answered the shophar's call to arms.

The shophar has been utilized in other than times of law-giving and war, for it is told in Isaiah xxvii:13:

> And it shall come to pass in that day, that the great trumpet shall be blown and they shall come which were ready to perish in the land of Assyria, and the outcasts in the land of Egypt, and shall worship the Lord in the holy mount at Jerusalem.

The prophet foretold that the shophar should announce the recall of the people from exile. Therefore it is seen how, stride by stride, the shophar, the horn or trumpet grew in use and favor and need in the world's earliest period.

Its sounds were welcomed by those to whom the law was handed down, its notes were and are maintained by one denomination to voice the anniversary of God's coronation.

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HAMILTON IS HEARD FROM BUT REFUSES TO ACCOUNT FOR MONEY.

HIS WORK DONE IN SECRET

CASH USED IN MAKING PAYMENTS—PAYN CALLS BURNHAM A CROOK.

New York, Dec. 28.—Andrew Hamilton, the legislative agent of the New York Life Insurance company, who, according to testimony, has been entrusted with hundreds of thousands of dollars by the company and has not accounted for $235,000, has been heard from by the legislative insurance investigation committee, but has declined to make an accounting.

A statement by Mr. Hamilton was read for the record yesterday. It was presented by Secretary John C. McCall of the New York Life, who went to Paris to secure an accounting from Hamilton. In his statement Mr. Hamilton says that he is

Unable to Produce

any books or accounts because he undertook the legislative matters for the life insurance companies with the express understanding that he was to make no accounting. Absolute secrecy was necessary in retaining assistants, therefore no checks were used in making payments.

Mr. Hamilton went into an exhaustive explanation of the reasons for organizing this confidential service, as he characterized it, covering his methods of work, and citing a number of legislative bills in which he had been interested. A list of expenses from 1899 to 1904 was appended to the statement. The sum of $235,000 unaccounted for, he says, would be greatly reduced by his running account still unsettled and open, and as a

Matter of Good Faith

pending a settlement, he offers to deposit $100,000 with the company.

Secretary McCall was questioned by Mr. Hughes as to what further light he could throw on the statement of Mr. Hamilton, but he said he could give no information. He did not question Mr. Hamilton's figures nor the large accounts for traveling expenses. He asked Mr. Hamilton for a full statement and relied on his honesty to explain everything. He did insist that Mr. Hamilton produce checks or check books, but Mr. Hamilton said he had none.

When Mr. McCall was excused Henry D. Appleton of the state insurance department was called.

Calls Morgan a Liar.

He completed his testimony begun last Friday, and during the examination was told that Mr. Morgan, former president of the Bankers' Life Insurance company, had testified that Mr. Appleton had said it would cost the Bankers' Life $50,000 to reincorporate. Mr. Appleton somewhat heatedly said:

"If Mr. Morgan said that he is a liar."

Louis F. Payn, former state superintendent of insurance, was called to the stand and explained a large number of appointments of confidential examiners on the ground that an unusual number of examinations were made during his tenure of office.

Thought He Was a Crook.

The affairs of the Mutual Reserve Life Insurance company were taken up with the witness, and during this line of examination Mr. Payn stated that he had been opposed to Mr. Burnham as president of the Mutual Reserve and said that he had tried to get him out.

Mr. Hughes asked why he had tried to get him out, and Mr. Payn flatly said "because I thought him a crook." Mr. Payn will resume to-day.

SAYS LIVES ARE IMPERILED.

Steamboat Inspector Criticizes Carrying of Crude Petroleum.

Washington, Dec. 28.—In submitting his annual report as supervising inspector of the general steamboat inspection service, George Uhler expresses considerable anxiety regarding the present practice of carrying crude petroleum in passenger steamers in quantities which jeopardize the safety of the ship and passengers. Much of this oil, he says, is so highly inflammable that it will flash at the ordinary summer temperature of the atmosphere.

Three Are Asphyxiated.

Marquette, Mich., Dec. 28.—Mrs. Helen Decker was found dead yesterday afternoon, asphyxiated by coal gas. Her daughter, Mrs. August Thoney, and the latter's son, were in a nearly lifeless condition, and were revived with great difficulty.

Bourke Cockran Is Ill.

New York, Dec. 28.—Bourke Cockran has been ill for ten days at the Waldorf-Astoria, and his physicians have advised him to go to Arizona in the hope of regaining his health. He was threatened with pneumonia and the attack left his lungs weak.

Killed by a Train.

Bloomington, Ill., Dec. 28.—Harry Collison, a prominent banker at Rantoul and Thomasboro, was struck by a train at the latter place last night and instantly killed.

TWO MEMPHIS BANKS CLOSE

OVERLOANING AND STRINGENCY OF NEW YORK MONEY MARKET THE CAUSE.

Memphis, Tenn., Dec. 28.—Anticipation of a heavy run on the Merchants' Trust company, preliminary intimation of which was given by the withdrawal of many deposits Tuesday afternoon, was the immediate cause of the suspension of that bank and the appointment of a receiver.

The American Savings Bank and Trust company, which is dominated by the directorate of the Merchants' Trust company, fearing that the failure of the institution would cause a run on its own deposits, also suspended payment until the affairs of the Merchants' Trust company shall have been adjusted.

It is stated by the officials of both institutions that the depositors will be fully protected and paid dollar for dollar. The stockholders of the Merchants' Trust company, it is said, will suffer to the extent of 20 per cent on the capital invested.

The fact that the bank had overloaned and the stringency of the New York money market are given as the direct causes of the suspension.

OFFICIAL ASKED TO RESIGN.

Gov. Hanly Calls on Storms to Quit Office.

Indianapolis, Dec. 28.—Gov. Hanly asked for the resignation of Daniel E. Storms, secretary of state, after a two-hour conference of Gov. Hanly, Attorney General Miller and Mr. Storms. It is not known whether or not Mr. Storms will tender his resignation. When seen immediately after the conference, he would not say anything. Alleged irregularities discovered by an investigating committee in the auditor's office with reference to the condition in the secretary of state's office are thought to be the real reason for the requested resignation.

THOUGHT THERE WAS A FIRE.

Panic in Clothing House When the Sprinkler Started Working.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—The accidental release of an automatic sprinkler system in the large clothing establishment of Hart, Schaffner & Marx caused a panic among the 2,000 employes of the establishment. Men, women and children fought for a chance to escape from the fire that they supposed had broken out in the building, and in the crush about the doorways, several were injured, although not seriously. There was no fire in any part of the building.

PRECIOUS PICTURE FOUND.

Lippo Memmi's Madonna Had Been Stolen From a Church.

New York, Dec. 28.—A cable dispatch to the Herald from Florence says:

The precious Madonna del Popolo, by Lippo Memmi, which was stolen some time ago from the church of Santa Maria de Servi, has been recovered at Siena. It was found Monday in the entrance of the deaf and dumb typographical establishment at that place, but was not recognized until taken to the city hall.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Dec. 28.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 83@84 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 81@81 3-4c; No. 3, 77@80 3-4c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 40 1-2@41c. Oats—No. 3 white, 29 1-2@30c.

Duluth, Dec. 28.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 82 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 80 3-4c; flax, $1.07; rye, 61c.

Minneapolis, Dec. 28.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 85c; No. 1 Northern, 82 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 80c; durum, 70@73c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 1-2c.

Milwaukee, Dec. 28.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 86@87c; No. 2 Northern, 82@84 1-2c. Rye—No. 1, 68@68 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 50 1-2@55c. Oats—Standard, 31@32 1-2c.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—Wheat—No. 2 red, 87 1-2@89 1-2c; No. 2 hard, 84 1-2@84 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, 86 1-2@89c; No. 2 Northern, 83@87c. Corn—No. 2, 49@50c. Oats—No. 2, 30 1-4c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Dec. 28.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.40@5.75; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.30@4.15; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.85; calves and yearlings, $2.50@3.50. Hogs—Bulk, $4.80@4.85.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—Beeves, $3.50@6.60; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.25; cows and heifers, $1.50@4.75. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $4.75@5.07 1-2; bulk, $4.90@5.0[illegible]. Sheep, $4@5.85; lambs, $4.85@7.75.

South St. Paul, Dec. 28.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3@4.25; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs—Range price, $4.75@4.90; bulk, $4.80@4.85. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $6.25@6.75; fair to good, $4.50@6.25; yearling wethers, $5@5.50; good to choice ewes, $4.50@4.75.

FORTY MILLIONS ASKED.

New York State Barge Canal Will Be Expensive.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 28.—Forty million dollars will be asked of the coming legislature for work on the thousand-ton barge canal during 1906, according to the second annual report of State Engineer and Surveyor Henry A. Van Alstyne, a forecast of which was made public yesterday. The barge canal project and state road improvement are the subjects chiefly discussed in the report.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Dec. 30, 1905.

The Eleven Towns, published by A. F. Lattimore, the postmaster at Erie, Red Lake county, was received at our sanctum this week and from appearrnces is going to be a factor in publishing news from that end of the conuty. As there is always room for one more, we wish Bro. Lattimore success.

The Press, of Thief River Falls, came out with a new holiday cover that is a credit to the management of that thrifty publication. Only newspaper men know how to appreciate the amount of labor and worry expended on a special issue but the reading public must, at least, be pleased to be given such a treat as the Xmas issue of the Press represented.

Roseau Region: Senator Sam Lord, A. H. Lindeke and Frank M. Eddy are in about the same frame of mind as to accepting the republican nomination for governor. They are each of them willing, but with the same breath declare they will make no fight for the nomination. There will be no change in the old working rule of years, so these gentlemen might just as well dispel all possibility of securing the nomination. The candidate will not only have to fight for it but will have to spend money as well. This has always been the case, and next year will prove no exception to the rule. The millenium is not slated for 1906.

"Walton's Angler."

This insignificant duodecimo volume, not remarkable for any especial literary merit beyond an easy, cheerful, chatty good humor, interlarded with technical information about a strangely fascinating sport, occupies one of the topmost niches in the huge temple of British bibliographical fame. "Worth its weight in gold" is a very inadequate expression. The number of sovereigns its value represents overbalances many copies. Its companion volume, the second part, by Charles Cotton, was not issued from the press until twenty-three years later and naturally increases the already stupendous price when found with the earlier work.

The perennial popularity of "Walton's Angler" is very remarkable. Seldom a year passes that does not witness its reissue in some form or other, either delicate and dear for the connoisseur's shelves or commonplace and cheap for the traveler's pocket. There is a charm about the book which time apparently cannot destroy.

Champagne.

There are two peculiarities about champagne drinking which are capable of explanation. The one is the rapidity with which the wine exhilarates notwithstanding the small proportion of alcohol it contains. This is due to the carbonic acid gas evolved, which is inhaled while drinking, for it is the property of this gas to expedite the action of anything with which it is associated. It is estimated that one glass of champagne is equal in effect to two glasses of still wine of the same strength and is more rapid in action. The other peculiarity is the sort of lethargy or deadness which follows after excessive champagne drinking. This is analogous to the stupor produced by carbonic acid gas, but it is assisted and intensified by the excess of sugar deranging the stomach. The undigested sugar turns into acid, and thus it is that too much champagne is apt to produce dyspepsia.

Not Just What She Meant.

The former head of a large private school in Cleveland was a gentleman of dignified bearing, refined and correct always in manner and speech. By birth and early rearing he was a Vermonter and doubtless of straight Puritan extraction. One day in his boyhood his mother called him in from the yard where he was playing with some other boys to say to him, in a tone suggestive of mingled sadness and severity:

"Noble, my son, I never thought to hear you use a swear word."

"Why, mother," said the boy, "I didn't use any swear word. I only said 'the devil.' Nobody thinks that's swearing."

"I don't care," cried the mother quickly. "It's making light of sacred things."—Cleveland Leader.

No Views.

Mrs. Gushington—I suppose, now that you have been abroad, you have your own views of foreign life? Mrs. Newrich—No, we ain't got no views. We didn't take no camera; it's so common.

His Nap.

"How late do you usually sleep on Sunday morning?"

"Well, it all depends."

"Depends on what?"

"The length of the sermon."

Time's Driver.

Binks—Time runs on, eh? Now, what makes time run on? Bunks—The spur of the moment. I suppose.

A Greater Scoundrel.

A famous master of Trinity college, Cambridge, had been a friend in earlier days of one Jemmy Gordon, a solicitor. But Jemmy went to the bad, was struck off the rolls and lived from what he could get from old acquaintances. One day he met the master and asked for a shilling.

"Gordon," thundered the master, "if you could show me a greater scoundrel than yourself I would give you half a crown." And he stalked stiffly away to his rooms. In half an hour's time the butler announced that Mr. Pompous, the esquire beadle, wished to see the master. Now, the master had a special detestation of the beadle, who, when admitted and curtly asked what he wanted, replied:

"Mr. Gordon informed me that you desired to see me."

Said the master, "Gordon has made an ass of you!"

In ten minutes more the butler came again, grinning, and said:

"Mr. Jemmy Gordon has called and says you owe him half a crown, sir."—Newcastle Chronicle.

A Lost Custom.

Among the lost customs of merry England is that of the milkmaids' procession. It was a May day observance. The manner of their going was as follows: They borrowed a great quantity of silver plate—not sham plate, real gold plate—dishes, butter boats, cream jugs, tankards, etc. They built up the plate round an obelisk, crowning the whole with a tea urn. They arranged the most showy flowers of the season between and about the silver.

This obelisk was carried by two chairmen in gold laced hats and followed by a troop of handsome milkmaids dressed in pink and blue gowns, "drawn through the pocket holes," whatever that means, with high heeled shoes, mob caps, lappets of lace on their shoulders, nosegays in their bosoms and flat "Woffington hats" covered with ribbons. A fiddler went first in a sky blue coat and hat adorned with ribbons. The procession stopped before the doors of the customers and the milkmaids danced.—London Queen.

The Mace.

The mace was originally a potent weapon of offense, originating doubtless in that earliest and most common weapon, the wooden club. It was an essential part of a knight's accouterment, being useful at close quarters. For ready convenience it was hung at his saddlebow. Says an ancient poem:

And with his heavy mase of stele
Then he gave the kying his dele.

The besague and baston were varied forms of the mace. The mace used on horseback was a small weapon, usually of steel. That used on foot was much longer and commonly of wood, with head armed with iron rings and spikes. It was carried by the escort of magistrates and others as a ready protection against violence. As society quieted down and its original use fell into abeyance the thing assumed the ornamental appearance it now has, it now being carried in a mere honorary form.—Notes and Queries.

Some Words.

"Spider" is a less attractive word than "spinner," but it is really the same. "Spither," the earlier form of the word, stood for "spinther," meaning spinner—the disappearance of the "n" before the "th" being compensated for by the lengthening of the vowel, just as "tooth" really represents "tonth." There was once in use another word for the creature, that was ugly enough in meaning—"attercop," which appears in Wyclif's Bible. It signifies "poison bunch" and is still used in the north of England and in Antrim, Ireland, as an uncomplimentary term for a shrewish person. From "attercop" or from a similar use of "cop" or "cob," a bunch, to mean a spider, comes "cobweb."

A Green Old Age.

"A green old age" is a phrase often grossly abused. It is a literal translation of Virgil's description of Charon, the ferryman of the nether regions. The poet speaks of him as "Jam senior, sed cruda deo viridisque senectus" (somewhat aged, but his godship's old age was still fresh and green). This we might say of a hale sexagenarian, but to talk, as we do, of the green old age of a nonagenarian, however hale, is sheer nonsense.

The Art of Doing Nothing.

There is a side of life for which no preparation at all is made. No life is or can be one of unremitting work. Sooner or later every one has a day off and in nine cases out of ten has never been taught how to use it. In the schools of our Utopia there will be professors of the great art of doing nothing, of "sitting on a gate."—London Saturday Review.

A Pleasant Freak.

"I just peeped into the parlor as I passed," said Mr. Phamley, "and I saw quite a freak of nature."

"Why, Bertha is there with her young man."

"Yes. I saw two heads on one pair of shoulders."

Clever Repartee.

An officer of the United States army tells of a young woman in a crowded street car who when a young man stood up to give her a seat exclaimed, "You're a jewel." "On the contrary," the young man replied: "I am a jeweler. I set the jewel."

The Marriage Fee.

"A marriage fee," says the cynical bachelor, "demonstrates that even the clergyman may profit by the mistakes of others."—Philadelphia Record.

Sometimes we may learn more from a man's errors than from his virtues.—Longfellow.

The Foolish and the Lazy.

The fool doesn't know a good thing when he sees it; the lazy man doesn't seize a good thing when he knows it.—Philadelphia Record.

Holiday Excursions.

The Great Northern Railway will sell tickets at the rate of $40.00 to Montreal and points west thereof in Ontario. These tickets will be on sale from December 4th to 31st inclusive and will be good for three months with an extension of time at a small additional cost. See your local agent for full particulars.

Calumet
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It should not be confused with the cheap, low grade powders on the one hand, nor the high priced trust powders on the other.

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Sealed bids for furnishing fifty (50) cords of body poplar cord wood will be received by K. O. Gigstad, clerk of Independent school district number 102 on or before Wednesday January 3rd, 1906, wood to be delivered on school grounds before April 1st, 1906. Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

K. O. GIGSTAD, Clerk.

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POLAND-CHINA BOAR
which is without doubt the finest bred hog ever brought into Red Lake county. For particulars inquire at farm in S½ Sec. 12, Bray township.

Name of Animal: Tecumseh King, No. 100125.
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9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

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R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

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Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109, Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.

Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon....

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Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

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.....TOYS

Agency for...
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.

Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Happy New Year.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

M. L. Hanson returned from his holiday trip Wednesday morning.

Mrs. E. L. Eickhoff returned from Crookston Wednesday morning.

H. A. Johnson braved the weather Wednesday and drove to Wylie.

Julius Pleth, the Plummer hustler, was a business caller among us Friday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

A baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. G. N. Evenson last Wednesday evening.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Chas. N. Bourdon, of Red Lake Falls, was a business visitor here Wednesday.

George Hughes and wife celebrated Xmas at Thief River Falls, returning in the evening.

Steve Nelson, who is employed at Thief River Falls, is spending the week at his home here.

O. H. Peters, of Middle River, was a home visitor during Xmas, returning Tuesday morning.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on January 3 and 4.

The Xmas "fools" were out making calls Wednesday evening, making the night hideous for a few hours.

Selvan Hall, of Red Lake Falls, came up Wednesday to visit with home people and renew acquaintances.

"Brother Bill" Ittner came up from Red Lake Falls last Thursday and spent the day here between trains.

There will be services at the Swedish Lutheran church on New Years day at 10:30 a.m. Alex Sand, Pastor.

Evangeline and Lucile Burns, of Thief River Falls, visited with the family of D. Collins the first of the week.

Miss Alice Sorsoliel returned from North Dakota Wednesday, where she has been engaged teaching school the past year.

The local M. W. of A. Camp will install officers Tuesday evening. A full attendance of all members is requested.

G. B. Grace returned from his vacation Friday by way of the Soo and is now in physical readiness for another year's work.

Mrs. A. O. Davison and children returned Thursday morning from Red Lake Falls, where they were visiting home people.

The Xmas program rendered at the M. E. church Monday evening was excellent and thoroughly enjoyed by the audience.

Miss Caroline Skeie, who is teaching in district number two, this county, came home last Saturday for vacation, returning today.

The early fall prophets on an open winter are still in the lead. Hope they will continue as it helps to keep the coal barons civil.

If anybody should tell you that I am dead, just tell them that when you last saw me that I was still alive.

Julius Pleth,
Plummer, Minn.

Miss Helen I. Makinson came up from St. Paul Saturday morning to visit at the home of her sister, Mrs. J. B. O'Brien, returning Monday evening.

M. McAndress and A. Soderberg drove to Wylie Saturday to attend the meeting of the farmers held at that place relative to the building of a farmers' elevator at Wylie.

Clear thinking, decisive action, vim and vigor of body and mind, the sparkle of life, comes to all who use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

An auction sale was held last week at the home of the late Peter Martinson in the town of Clover Leaf. Mrs. Martinson was there and the crowd in attendance was very large, many being there out of curiosity. The prices paid for the articles were good and some $847 was taken in at the sale. It is said that the attendance was over 300, which goes to show that Mrs. Martinson benefited by the advertisidg she has received.—Thief River News.

Fred Dahl, who is attending the State University, is home for the holidays and expresses himself as well pleased with his work at that famous institution.

The county commissioners will hold their annual meeting Tuesday, January 2nd. Several matters of importance are to come before the board, including the county printing.

The Golden Ghost Show, which had been taking a six weeks' layoff here, loaded up their scenery and departed for Thief River Falls Xmas morning. Either place received a Xmas present.

Beautifying methods that injure the skin and health are dangerous. Be beautiful without discomfort by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Sunshiny faces follow its use. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

Misses Lydia Anderson, Edith Dahl and Emma Hoff, a trio of young lady students at the Moorhead Normal, came home Saturday morning to renew acquaintances and enjoy the holiday vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Demer came up from Crookston Xmas morning to enjoy a visit with Landlord Arthur and family. Mr. D. returned the same evening but Mrs. Demer stayed over until Tuesday.

Andrew Letvig dug a well on the Martz farm and the flow reaches within a foot of the surface. Mr. Martz is very proud of his well and by sloping down the hillside is confident he can make the well a surface flow.

If you want to get a loan on your farm, no matter whether first or second mortgage, call and see me. I have the right connections and will quote you rates that will open your eyes.

Julius Pleth,
Plummer, Minn.

Miss May Sorsoliel returned Saturday morning from North Dakota, where she has been teaching, for a visit with her parents. Miss May is well pleased with North Dakota and is to return the first of the year to resume her duties.

George L. Netteland, Chas. Anderson and Herman Anderson came up from Moorhead Saturday morning to spend the holidays with home people. The young men are students at the Normal school and are highly pleased with the progress they are making.

The local officials of the M. B. A. received a draft for two thousand dollars on a certificate held by Mrs. James McAndress as payment in full on the life of her husband, James McAndress, who died Oct. 10, 1905. The draft will be mailed to Mrs. McAndress at Fargo, where she has made her home since the death of her husband. The prompt payment of the claim is a good advertisement for the order and will be a welcome New Years present to the bereaved wife, and should be a warning to all family men to carry fraternal insurance.

Some say that Thomas Lawson is "broke," but I am not, and am still land hungry. If you own a farm east of the Red Lake river that you want to sell at figures that are right just drop me a line and if the proposition looks good to me, I will go after it.

Julius Pleth,
Plummer, Minn.

No one can dispute that it is better to raise only as much grain as can be cared for than to have so much that it spoils in the field from lack of help to bring it in. The cultivation of small farms is rapidly coming to be recognized as the most profitable. The small farm can be given more intensive cultivation, and that is what counts. Farm values have increaced during the last five years, but those of less intensive culture and crops have increased in value less than the farms having the more valuable crops receiving high cultivation. The man who gets hold of only what he can farm right, and farm it himself, is the man who will ultimately be independent and contented. He will be the prosperous man of the future. In Roseau county particularly we believe, as we have many times said, that our farmers should go in for diversified farming. It is, to our mind, too risky a thing to chance your whole season's work in grains. Keep stock, raise poultry, hogs and other produce and you will find that your pocket book will always have something in it. Depend entirely upon no one thing, have many and you will always find an income somewhere on your farm.—Roseau Region.

Buggies Very Cheap.

I have a few of the Cooper high grade buggies left that I will close out. Now is the time to get a buggy very cheap. You will find me at St. Hilaire in the Burkee building on Monday and Friday of each week.

tf G. H. Sandum.

Estray.

Came to my premises in section 24, town of Bray, on or about Nov. 28, 1905, two heifer calves, one gray and one red. Owner can have same by proving property and paying costs.

Halvor Hanson.

For Sale.

Thirty cords of dry poplar wood, $2 per cord. Green and dry wood by the load 75c. Give me a call.

Tom Manum,
4½ miles east of Hazel.

Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is simply liquid electricity. It goes to every part of your body, bringing new blood, strength and new vigor. It makes you well and keeps you well. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

McMURRAY'S
VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

MORE NAMES ADDED

Our List of Subscribers Increased by Addition of 22 New Names This Week.

Alton Jackson, our subscription agent, is meeting with marked success and going after the scholarship with a vim and push. He is showing his hustling qualities and getting new subscribers at a lively rate. If you do not subscribe for the SPECTATOR be in readiness to receive a call from him during vacation. The weather man is in his favor and, nothing happening to prevent, he will have the scholarship landed before many more issues of the paper.

The following are the names received this week.

O T Swenson	St. Hilaire
Annie J Fallman	" Bx 16
John F Campbell	"
Andrew Simonson	" Bx 124
Wm Cuno	" Bx 132
H Sorvold	"
Sam Thomson	"
Steve Nelson	"
Andrew Bjomquist	"
John D Johnson	" Bx 163
Ole Lund	"
Mrs A V Shannon	"
Sigurd Grolid	" Bx 241
Fred C Sherva	Hazel
Charley Peterson	"
Charley Samuelson	"
John Palmquist	Plummer
John G Carlson	Kratka
Tom Simonson	Elmbo Minn
John R Gotela	Red Lake Falls
Anton Stalwick	Spring Grove Sask., Canada
Paul Strand	Box 88 Rainy River, Ont. Canada

Eckstrom New County Commissioner.

Gazette (Thursday): Messrs. Frank Shirrick, Felix Anderson, C. P. Swanson, August Lindberg, and F. P. Greniere, chairmen respectively of the towns of Polk Center, Black River, Bray, Numedal and Louisville, met at the auditor's office here this morning to choose the successor to County Commissioner James Sutor, whose resignation was handed in to the auditor a couple of weeks ago.

Three candidates were out for the place as follows: Ed. Enright and P. A. Eckstrom, of Black River, and August Lindberg, of Numedal. The chairmen deliberated for a short time and finally chose Mr. Eckstrom as successor to Mr. Sutor and he will serve in the capacity of commissioner of the First district until the election next fall.

Mr. Eckstrom is one of the prominent farmers of Black River, and has been an earnest worker for the advancement of the county and it is safe to assume that he will make a first-class member of the board.

He will be sworn and take his new office at the January meeting here next month.

Ditch 40 Miles Long.

State Ditch Engineer Ralph and his crew of civil engineers went out to Erskine Tuesday morning to finish up the work on Judicial ditch number 5. The ditch will be one of the longest in the state being with its two branches as laid out forty miles from start to finish. The ditch has its beginning as planned in the township of Garden and and runs northerly into Red Lake county traversing a territory which needs drainage very badly.

The Terrebonne ditch which is its final outlet empties into a coulee and later finds its way to Badger creek and the river. The work of laying out the big waterway will keep Mr. Ralph busy until after the first of the year and it is then expected that the work on the state topographical survey will be resumed.

People living along Badger creek are somewhat disposed to protest against Judicial ditch number 5 on the grounds that it will flood their land during the spring freshets with its immense volume of water.—Crookston Times.

Clearing Right of Way.

Warroad Plaindealer: Right-of-way Agent Clay of the Great Northern made headquarters in Warroad several days since our last issue, and has settled with all the owners of lands crossed except one, in which case condemnation proceedings will probably be had. The terminal grounds had already been secured under special agreement. Mr. Clay also secured gravel-pit rights on the ridge three miles west of town, on the farms of Amid and Alpha Soderstrom. M. Quigley, who made a hurried trip to Warroad last week, will be in town again this week, to let contract for clearing right-of-way and grading. Mr. Quigley represents Guthrie Bros., of St. Paul, who have the contract from Greenbush to Warroad, and it is the purpose to have more than half the grade built between here and Roseau by next spring.

Adjudged Insane.

John Norum, a settler in the town of Smiley, was brought to Thief River Falls last Tuesday, says the News, and taken to Red Lake Falls where before Judge Tarrant he was adjudged insane. Norum has a fine claim and good improvements, but no wife. His desire to secure a life partner is said to have been the cause of his insanity, and it seems too bad that some of the bright young ladies of Thief River Falls did not learn of his predicament until too late. He has been taken to Fergus Falls and his condition may improve.

Get a Life Scholarship Free.

Have a disinterested bookkeeper and stenographer examine the different business colleges in our field, and if he does not find that ours is by far the best, we will give you a life scholarship for nothing. Catalog for the asking.

Queen City Business College,
Crookston, Minn.

ANNUAL MEETING

Of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

The annual stockholders' meeting of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company will be held at the village hall at St. Hilaire, Minn., on Monday, January 8th, 1906, at 10:30 a. m., at which time will occur the annual election of a president, secretary and three directors, and such other business as may lawfully come before the meeting.

Nels K. Anderson,
C. P. Swanson, President.
Secretary.
St. Hilaire, Minn., Dec. 11, 1905.

Life a Century Ago.

One hundred years ago a man could not take a ride on a steamboat.

He had never seen an electric light or dreamed of an electric car.

He could not send a telegram.

He couldn't talk through the telephone.

He could not ride a becycle.

He could not call in a stenographer and dictate a letter.

He had never heard of the germ theory or worried over bacilli and bacteria.

He never heard a phonograph talk or saw a kinetoscope turn out a prize fight.

He never saw through a Webster's unabridged dictionary with the aid of a Roentgen ray.

He had never taken a ride in an elevator.

He had never seen his wife use a sewing machine.

He had never struck a match.

He couldn't take an anesthetic and have his leg cut off without feeling it.

He had never seen a reaper or a self-binding harvester.

He had never crossed an iron bridge.
—Marshall, Tex., Herald.

Store Building For Sale.

We all know that Wylie is on the hog, which makes St. Hilaire a better town and a good place to own property in, but as you know that anything I control is always for sale, I have decided to dispose of lot 17, block 39, St. Hilaire. On this lot is located a good barn, room for 16 head of horses, also confectionery store, with fixtures, counters, bake oven, which alone cost $150.00. This property was represented to me to be the most desirable in town and a bargain at $2,000.00, and believed it, and still do, but what will you give for it? Will take a span of work or driving horses as part payment and give easy terms on balance. Store is leased to Carlson & Fellman at $15.00 per month, which pays a good rate of interest on money invested.

Julius Pleth,
Plummer, Minn.

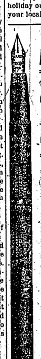
A Storm on the Pacific.

The captain of a San Francisco tug thus describes a storm on the Pacific:

"When I say that the waves ran mountain high I am not exaggerating the situation in the least. The tug would be poised on the crest of a sea and then be plunged down into a valley of water which seemed a mile below us. At times the moon would come out through the clouds, and in the uncertain light the waves seemed twice as high. The wind was blowing a perfect hurricane, and our lee rail was under water all the time. The angry sea appeared raging above, below and all around us, and nearly every wave into which we dipped would wash over the tug. It was impossible to remain aft, for the lower deck was flooded."

$40 for the Round Trip To Eastern Canada and Return.

A rate of $40.00 for the round trip has been made by the Great Northern Railway to Montreal and points west thereof in Ontario. These tickets will be on sale from December 4th to 31st inclusive and will be good for three months. Liberal stopover privileges will be allowed going and returning, giving you an opportunity of visiting many points enroute, making your holiday outing a pleasurable one. See your local agent for full information.



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The Pioneer Press
"Best Newspaper"
THE PARKER LUCKY CURVE
"Greatest Fountain Pen"

The same pen with world wide reputation advertised in leading magazines now given as a premium with the St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Nearly everybody is acquainted with the merits of the PARKER Fountain Pen. It is the best made and never sells at retail for less than $1.50. Take no chances. Send your subscription at once and if you are dissatisfied in any particular money will be refunded at the end of subscription period.

Parker's Lucky Curve Gold Fountain Pen given as follows:

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, six mos. and pen....... $2.35
Daily Pioneer Press six months and pen....... $1.85

THE PIONEER PRESS
St. Paul, Minn.

Find enclosed $...... for which you will send me The ...... Pioneer Press for six months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.

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Town ......
State ......
R. F. D. No. ......

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We are getting in daily our Fall and Winter Stock of.....

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"NEW BREW" Bottled and On Draught.
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
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We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.

R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

THE COUPON BELOW IS GOOD FOR $1.00 IF SENT AT ONCE.

It Is Wrong for You to Neglect Your Duty to Yourself — Constipation, Bowel and Stomach Troubles Grow More Dangerous Daily.

There is now a remedy called Mull's Grape Tonic that cures these troubles absolutely.

A full sized bottle is furnished you free to prove it—see coupon below.

Have you noticed the large number of cases of Typhoid Fever lately? Typhoid Fever, Malarial Fever, Appendicitis, Impure Blood, Pimples, Skin Diseases, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Piles, Female Troubles, etc., are the result of Constipation.

Don't allow it to run on without proper treatment. Mull's Grape Tonic cures Constipation, Bowel and Stomach trouble in a new way, different from any other, and it is permanent.

Alcoholic, opium and morphine preparations are injurious and dangerous. They destroy the digestive organs, and literally tear the system to pieces.

Mull's Grape Tonic strengthens and builds them up. It cleanses the system of impurities, incites the digestive system to natural action, and cures the disease in a short time. To prove it to you, we will give you a bottle free if you have never used it.

Good for ailing children and nursing mothers.

A free bottle to all who have never used it because we know it will cure you.

COUPON.

139 GOOD FOR ONE DOLLAR 1250-5

Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name and 10c. to pay postage and we will supply you a sample free, if you have never used Mull's Grape Tonic, and will also send you a certificate good for $1.00 toward the purchase of more Tonic from your druggist.

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

Give Full Address and Write Plainly.

35 cent, 50 cent and $1.00 bottles at all druggists. The $1.00 bottle contains about six times as much as the 35 cent bottle and about three times as much as the 50 cent bottle. There is a great saving in buying the $1.00 size.

The genuine has a date and number stamped on the label—take no other from your druggist.

Sayings of the Optimist.

A man always with his eyes on the ground bumps his head; a man with his nose always in the air stubs his toe.

When he can wear his left shoe on his right foot, your pessimist will be pleased.

Talk is not always cheap.—American Magazine.

UNSIGHTLY BALD SPOT.

Caused by Sores on Neck—Merciless Itching for Two Years Made Him Wild—Another Cure by Cuticura.

"For two years my neck was covered with sores, the humor spreading to my hair, which fell out, leaving an unsightly bald spot, and the soreness, inflammation and merciless itching made me wild. Friends advised Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and after a few applications the torment subsided, to my great joy. The sores soon disappeared, and my hair grew again, as thick and healthy as ever. I shall always recommend Cuticura. (Signed) H. J. Spalding, 104 W. 104th St., New York City."

Should Have Known Us.

"They say Prince Louis objects to newspaper notoriety," said the first New Yorker.

"I say," said the second, "then what in the world did he come over here for?"—Detroit Free Press.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Of Course.

"There's a scandalous story about her in this morning's Daily Howler."

"But you can't believe anything you read in that paper."

"I can if I want to."—Philadelphia Press.

Ask Your Druggist for Allen's Foot-Ease.

"I tried ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE recently and have just bought another supply. It has cured my corns, and the hot, burning and itching sensation in my feet which was almost unbearable, and I would not be without it now."—Mrs. W. J. Walker, Camden, N. J." Sold by all Druggists, 25c.

Poor Old Chaunce.

"I see that Chauncey M. Depew is going to call his new country place 'The Oaks.'"

"Inappropriate."

"What name would you suggest?"

"'The Chestnuts.'" — Houston Chronicle.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for **FREE $2.00** trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Impressed Him.

"Blank has just been showing me his new auto. Fine machine, isn't it?"

"Yes. What do you think is its strongest feature?"

"The odor."—Detroit Free Press.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A Linguist.

Beulah—Is George learning any foreign language?

Myrtle—Why, dear, he knows all the college yells.—Town Topics.

Merely because a man talks like a book it is not to be assumed that he may be shut up as easily as one.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

A girl seldom marries her ideal, which is one reason why there is so much happiness in the world.

When charity was invented the returning of conscience money was made easy.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

25 CTS. **PISO'S CURE FOR** 25 CTS.
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

The SEASONS GREETING

RESOLUTIONS for the New Year and sentiments for the holiday season, arranged in acrostic form by F. G. Moorhead from the works of Robert Louis Stevenson:

AN aim in life is the only fortune worth the having; and it is not to be found in foreign lands, but in the heart itself.

MONEY, being a means of happiness, should make both parties happy when it changes hands. Rightly disposed, it should be twice blessed in its employment.

EVERY piece of work which is not so good as you can make it should rise up against you in the court of your own heart, and condemn you for a thief.

RIGHT is that for which a man's central self is ever ready to sacrifice immediate or distant interests.

RIGHT is intimately dictated to each man by himself, but can never be rigorously set forth in language, and above all never imposed upon another.

YOU cannot run away from a weakness; you must fight it out or perish. And if that be so, why not now, and where you stand?

CULTURE is not measured by the greatness of the field which is covered by our knowledge, but by the nicety with which we can perceive relations in that field, whether great or small.

HE who can sit squarest on a three-legged stool, he it is who has the wealth and glory.

RIGHTEOUSNESS is to fuse together our divisive impulses and march with one mind through life.

IF you wish the pick of men and women, take a good bachelor and a good wife.

SOCIETY was scarce put together and defended with so much eloquence and blood for the convenience of two or three millionaires and a few hundred other persons of wealth and position.

TO be a gentleman is to be one all the world over, and in every relation and grade of society. It is a high calling, to which a man must first be born and then devote himself for life.

MANNERS, like art, should be human and central.

AS the sun returns in the east, so let our patience be renewed with dawn.

SO long as we love we serve; so long as we are loved by others I would almost say that we are indispensable.

AFTER all, there is no house like God's out-of-doors.

NO man is useless while he has a friend.

DO what we will, there is always something made to our hand, if it were only our fingers.

A man cannot go very far astray who neither dishonors his parents, nor kills, nor commits adultery, nor steals, nor bears false witness; for these things, rightly thought out, cover a vast field of duty.

HOME is the woman's kingdom.

AFTER a good woman and a good book and tobacco, there is nothing so agreeable on earth as a river.

PENURY is the worst slavery, and will soon lead to death.

PRACTICE is a more intricate and desperate business than the toughest theorizing; life is an affair of cavalry, where rapid judgment and prompt action are alone possible and right.

YET the dearest and readiest, if not the most just, criterion of a man's services is the wage that mankind pays him, or briefly, what he earns.

NATURE is a good guide through life, and the love of simple pleasures next, if not superior, to virtue.

ETRE et pas avoir—to be, not to possess—that is the problem of life.

WE must all set our pocket watches by the clock of fate.

YET, when all has been said, the man who would hold back from marriage is in the same case with him who runs away from battle.

EVERY man is his own doctor of divinity in the last resort.

A BRAVE woman far more readily accepts a change of circumstances than the bravest man.

RIGHT or wrong, this have I done, in unfeigned honor of intention, as to myself and God.

—From The Sunday Magazine.

New Year Resolutions

Every first of January that we arrive at is an imaginary mile-stone in the turnpike track of human life, at once a resting place for thought and meditation and a starting point for fresh exertion in the performance of our journey.

The man who does not at least propose to himself to be better this year than he was last must be either very good or very bad indeed. And only to propose to be better is something. If nothing else it is an acknowledgement of our need to be so which is the first step toward amendment.

But, in fact, to propose to oneself to do well is in some sort to do well positively, for there is no such thing as a stationary point in human endeavors. He who is not worse to-day than he was yesterday is better, and he who is not better is worse.—CHARLES LAMB.

A Heavy Load to Carry.

Along with dyspepsia comes nervousness and general ill-health. Why? Because a disordered stomach does not permit the food to be properly digested, and its products assimilated by the system. The blood is charged with poisons which come from this disordered digestion, and in turn the nerves are not fed on good, red blood, and we see symptoms of nervousness, sleeplessness and general breakdown. It is not head work, nor over physical exertion that does it, but poor stomach work. With poor, thin blood the body is not protected against the attack of germs of grip, bronchitis and consumption. Fortify the body at once with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery—a rare combination of native medicinal roots without a particle of alcohol or dangerous habit-forming drugs.

A little book of extracts, from prominent medical authorities extolling every ingredient contained in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will be mailed *free* to any address on request by postal card or letter. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Many years of active practice convinced Dr. Pierce of the value of many native roots as medicinal agents and he went to great expense, both in time and in money, to perfect his own peculiar processes for rendering them both efficient and safe for tonic, alterative and rebuilding agents.

The enormous popularity of "Golden Medical Discovery" is due both to its scientific compounding and to the actual medicinal value of its ingredients. The publication of the *names of the ingredients* on the wrapper of every bottle sold, gives full assurance of its non-alcoholic character and removes all objection to the use of an unknown or secret remedy. It is not a patent medicine nor a secret one either. This fact puts it *in a class all by itself*, bearing as it does upon every bottle wrapper The Badge of Honesty, in the full list of its ingredients.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" cures, weak stomach, indigestion, or dyspepsia, torpid liver and biliousness, ulceration of stomach and bowels and all catarrhal affections no matter what parts or organs may be affected with it. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the original little liver pills, first put up 40 years ago. They regulate and invigorate, stomach, liver and bowels. Much imitated but never equaled. Sugar-coated and easy to take as candy. One to three a dose.

AUTOMOBILING BAD FOR FIGURE

Makes Women Sluggish and Apt to Take on Fat.

There used to be no greater automobile enthusiast than Baroness von Hengelmuller, wife of the Austro-Hungarian ambassador, but nobody ever sees her in a "chug-chug cart" these days. It is hinted the baroness believes there is nothing so injurious to the complexion, and even to the figure, as overindulgence in auto driving. She found that speeding in the open air gave a person an inordinate appetite, and then made one feel drowsy. In fact, it meant no exercise and far too much eating and sleeping. As a result the waist got out of the accepted lines and the eyes grew lusterless. On the whole, the baroness has decided that if one wishes to remain beautiful, walking or riding is a better form of locomotion. Her ideas are beginning to be accepted by women who formerly spent a dozen hours a day in their machines.—New York Press.

Rich Man's Downfall, Tramp's Luck.

Fortune plays grim pranks. Mr. Roger Evans, who years ago owned a flourishing brewery business in Cardiff, died at the workhouse yesterday. He was a native of Cardigan, and it is computed that he was at one time worth nearly £40,000. In sharp contrast to this is the fact that an inmate of the Nottingham Church Army Labor Home has just been left £3,000 by an aunt who has died in Sheffield. Emaciated from want of food and in an advanced state of consumption the man, Williams by name, sought shelter six weeks ago. He had tramped for seven months searching for work.—London Mail.

He Doesn't Curse Now.

Washington, Kans., Dec. 25 (Special)—Jesse E. Mitchell is a telephone lineman, and also a well known resident here. Everybody acquainted with Mr. Mitchell knows that he was a man who held very positive views about Patent Medicine. Hear what he says now:

"I used to curse all kinds of Patent Medicines, for they never did me any good, but Dodd's Kidney Pills have caused me to change my mind. For twelve years I suffered from Kidney Trouble. There was a hurting across my back that made it positive agony to stoop, and as I am in a stooping position nearly all day, you can imagine how I suffered. After a day's work that any man would think nothing of, I would be tired and worn out. In fact, I was always tired. I began using Dodd's Kidney Pills and after taking four boxes I feel like a new man. I am as fresh at night as when I begin work in the morning. I have no pain in my back now and I am stronger than ever."

Newly Awakened Curiosity.

First Director—I wish they'd investigate this company.

Second Director—Why?

First Director—I'd like to find out something about it.—Puck.

That to be witty at the expense of somebody else is positive cruelty.

For the Rural Reader.

A few years ago, while I was living in Lebanon, N. H., there was a certain Mr. Bagley there who was noted for trying to use big words, and also for getting his remarks somewhat twisted. On a certain occasion he had been at a farmers' meeting at Hanover and, while returning, one of his neighbors drove up behind him and the conversation turned on crops.

"His neighbor asked: "How is your hay crop this season?"

Bagley replied: "Well, my hay crop is rather short, but I shall get my cows through the winter all right, for I shall have two solos full of mucilage."—Boston Herald.

Facts About Marriage Rite.

The historical facts concerning marriage as an institution are probably only vaguely known to the majority of people, most of whom would doubtless be surprised to learn that the institution, as we know it to-day, is less than 500 years old. Histories of the marriage ceremony show that it was not solemnized in church as a religious rite until the time of Pope Innocent III., A. D. 1192, and was not considered a sacrament until 1442.—Harper's Weekly.

A Physical Impossibility.

"Talking about a code of honor! Why, a fellow can't get a square deal in those academy fights."

"Why not?"

"Because they fight 'em in rounds."—Baltimore American.

WE CAN turn your farm into cash. Write for our plan. We have the way that wins. Great Northern Land Co., Nos. 526-527 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth, Minn. Mention paper.

Little Jack Horner Revised.

Little Jack Horner sat in a corner
Eating his Christmas pie:
For Jack wasn't able to get to the table
Along with the rest, that's why.
—Woman's Companion.

The Pe-ru-na Almanac in 8,000,000 Homes.

The Peruna Lucky Day Almanac has become a fixture in over eight million homes. It can be obtained from all druggists free. Be sure to inquire early. The 1906 Almanac is already published, and the supply will soon be exhausted. Do not put it off. Get one to-day.

Self-Admiration.

Miss Olde—I never had so many beaux as you girls, but I certainly had one admirer for years.

Miss Tabasco—Indeed, and do you stand before the mirror every day?—Chicago News.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Just So.

"What becomes of a joke when it gets too old for the almanac?"

"The theatrical program gets it then."

"And from there it's but a step to the musical comedy, eh?"

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. Raymond Cavanagh, St. Paul, Minn., box; John Fisher, St. Paul, Minn., bridle front; Edward Horazdovsky, Montgomery, Minn., grain separator; Henry Meyer, Red Wing, Minn., grain separator; Frank Mouta, Akely, Minn., plastering implement; Charles Poore, Minneapolis, Minn., chemical chart; Elof Tornquist, St. Paul, Minn., Adjustable paper knife; Theodore Willwerscheid, St. Paul, Minn., sign.

High.

Citiman—I read somewhere that Melba appeared at a swell musicale recently and got $1,000 for one song.

Subbubs—Ah! I understand now what my wife meant when she said she got that last bonnet of hers for a mere song.—Philadelphia Press.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children.
Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York, cure Constipation, Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. Over 30,000 testimonials. At all Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

The usual reason why a man can't mind his own business is because he has no business or no mind.

STOP! WOMEN,

AND CONSIDER THE ALL-IMPORTANT FACT

That in addressing Mrs. Pinkham you are confiding your private ills to a woman—a woman whose experience with woman's diseases covers a great many years.

You can talk freely to a woman when it is revolting to relate your private troubles to a man—besides a man does not understand—simply because he is a man.

Many women suffer in silence and drift along from bad to worse, knowing full well that they ought to have immediate assistance, but a natural modesty impels them to shrink from exposing themselves to the questions and probably examinations of even their family physician. It is unnecessary. Without money or price you can consult a woman whose knowledge from actual experience is great.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation:

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women only. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established the eternal confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Out of the vast volume of experience which she has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge that will help your case. She asks nothing in return except your good-will, and her advice has relieved thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance.—Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Following we publish two letters from a woman who accepted this invitation. Note the result.

First letter.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"For eight years I have suffered something terrible every month with my periods. The pains are excruciating and I can hardly stand them. My doctor says I have ovarian and womb trouble, and I must go through an operation if I want to get well. I do not want to submit to it if I can possibly help it. Please tell me what to do. I hope you can relieve me."—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, 59th and E. Capitol Sts., Benning P.O., Washington, D.C.

Second letter.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"After following carefully your advice, and taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I am very anxious to send you my testimonial, that others may know their value and what you have done for me.

"As you know, I wrote you that my doctor said I must have an operation or I could not live. I then wrote you, telling you my ailments. I followed your advice and am entirely well. I can walk miles without an ache or a pain, and I owe my life to you and to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I wish every suffering woman would read this testimonial and realize the value of writing to you and your remedy."—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, 59th and E. Capitol Streets, Benning P. O., Washington, D. C.

When a medicine has been successful in restoring to health so many women whose testimony is so unquestionable, you cannot well say, without trying it, "I do not believe it will help me." If you are ill, don't hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice—it is free and always helpful.

Look Up When Speaking.

"I don't talk half as much as you do," said the preacher to the lawyer, "yet your voice holds out twice as long as mine. Why is it?"

The lawyer said he couldn't tell.

"The difference in the position of your head when you are talking explains it," said the elocutionist. "A preacher looks down upon his congregation, a lawyer looks up at the judge. That drooping of the head cramps the vocal chords and makes the preacher's voice more difficult to preserve than that of any other professional man."—New York Press.

Literary Encouragement.

First Humorist—Does your wife laugh at your jokes?

Second Humorist—No. She only smiles pityingly.—Somerville Journal.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Some women will find heaven a very dismal place if it has no shop windows.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

The whiteness of a golf ball wears off almost as rapidly as the novelty of being a father.

Kemp's Balsam

Will stop any cough that can be stopped by any medicine and cure coughs that cannot be cured by any other medicine.

It is always the best cough cure. You cannot afford to take chances on any other kind.

KEMP'S BALSAM cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, grip, asthma and consumption in first stages.

Young Chicks

grow faster, are stronger, get to laying period earlier, if you use daily a small quantity of

SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

Used by poultrymen 40 years. One pk. 25c; five $1; two-lb. can $1.20; six $5. Exp. paid. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

THE WHOLE LOT

If we don't heed prevention, we will need a cure. The Old-Monk-Cure

St. Jacobs Oil

is ready always for all forms of muscular aches or pains, from

LUMBAGO to STIFF NECK
RHEUMATISM to SPRAIN

IT CURES ALIKE THE WHOLE LOT.

PRICE, 25 Cts.

TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE
25 CTS CURES COUGHS COLDS

ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE
GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE. *F. W. Diemer, M.D.*, Manufacturer, *Springfield, Mo.*

The Keeley Cure Cures the Craving

For Liquor Morphine Tobacco

Weakness of Will Power

The victim of the disease of Alcoholism may be painfully conscious of the wretchedness and ruin his addiction is bringing upon himself, his family and friends, and ofttimes upon innocent little ones whom he is bound by every consideration of duty and parental affection to cherish and protect, and he may again and again put forth his most heroic efforts to reform, but his disease is too absolutely overpowering to be conquered by resolutions, howsoever sacred their circumstance. The will power he would exercise if he could is no longer supreme. Alcoholic stimulants have so congested the delicate nerve cells that they cannot respond to the performance of their functional duties. The Keeley Cure restores the nerve cells to their normal condition, and thus "Cures the Craving."

Law Offic of James R. Bennett, Jr.
St. Cloud, Minn., June 27, 1903.

Words cannot express my gratitude to Dr. Keeley for his wonderful treatment for inebriety. Ten years and six months ago I availed myself of his treatment at the Minneapolis Keeley Institute, for a disease which nearly wrecked my life; and never for one moment during all this time have I ever had the least desire for alcoholic drink of any sort. I was the seventh person from this city to take the treatment, and since then over sixty have done so and are all living witnesses of the efficacy of the treatment.

I cannot understand how any one can longer doubt this treatment and that any do is prima facie evidence that they have not investigated it. It is unfortunate that "fake" institutes (pretended cures) have sprung into existence here and there, to filch money from the pockets of the poor drunkards, giving them nothing in return but bitter disappointment and chagrin. Nothing I could say in praise of the Keeley Treatment would be too strong.

Very truly yours, (Signed) JAMES R. BENNETT, Jr.

ONLY ONE GENUINE KEELEY INSTITUTE IN MINNESOTA. NO SICKNESS OR SUFFERING

For Particulars Address...... **MINNEAPOLIS KEELEY INSTITUTE,** 621 Tenth Street, South, Minneapolis, Minn.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

MINNEAPOLIS. **WOODWARD & CO., GRAIN COMMISSION.** DULUTH.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 6, 1906. NUMBER 25.

The News of the Week

From the Capital.

Lieut. Gen. Chaffee received a letter from Mayor McClellan tendering him an appointment as police commissioner of New York. He returned a courteous declination of the proposal.

Herbert H. D. Pierce, third assistant secretary of state, has been selected by the president as the first American minister to Norway. Charles Denby, chief clerk of the department, has been determined upon as successor to Mr. Pierce in the state department.

Joseph H. Choate, who recently was succeeded at the court of St. James as United States ambassador by Whitelaw Reid, in all probability will be named by President Roosevelt as chairman of the American delegation to the second peace conference at The Hague. The president has not decided on the other members of the delegation.

A halt in the establishment of rural free delivery routes has been ordered by the postmaster general. Notice to this effect has been received by Northwestern members. It is the intention of the authorities to make every effort during the coming six months to improve the efficiency of the service already in existence, and for that reason the further extension of the service will be suspended for a while.

From Other Shores.

The sultan of Morocco refuses to agree to the holding of the international conference on Moroccan reforms at Madrid instead of Algeciras.

Shipbuilding returns for the past year from the northeast coast of England show a record output of 965,000 tons, an increase of 230,000 tons over 1904.

The anarchist who attempted to stab Cardinal Salvator Cassonos y Pages, bishop of Urgel, as he was leaving the cathedral, committed suicide by taking poison soon after his arrest.

J. Luciano de Castro, the Portuguese premier, and the members of his cabinet, tendered their resignations. The resignations were accepted by King Charles, who requested his ministers to retain their portfolios until the new year.

According to a cable dispatch, Pius X. has just declared his intention to send a wedding present to Miss Alice Roosevelt on the occasion of her wedding in February. The gift probably will be a beautiful piece of mosaic work from the Vatican factory, possibly a copy of one of the most valuable paintings from the Vatican collection.

Casualty List.

Robert McFall and Clarence Misner, six and eight years old, were drowned near Terre Haute, Ind., while skating. The bodies were recovered.

One man was killed and three injured in an accident in the railroad yards at East St. Louis, caused by a freight train backing into a street car.

John Southwind, a giant Winnebago Indian, came over to Sioux City and indulged in fire water. The next morning he was found on a sand bank, frozen to death.

While driving in a runabout across the tracks of the Long Island railroad at Brooklyn Hills, N. J., James Kelly and Barry Galway were struck by a train and instantly killed.

Chris Anderson, his son Morton and his mother-in-law, Mrs. L. J. Woodward, were killed at Alma, Kan., while crossing railroad tracks, their carriage being struck and demolished by an engine.

While skating on a small pond in a park in the southern part of St. Louis Bert Fuller, eleven years old; Mellow Fuller, fourteen, and Charles Holfield, fifteen, broke through the ice and drowned.

A railroad locomotive was partly blown to pieces at Paterson, N. J., and two members of the train's crew were badly injured by the explosion of the engine's boiler. The fireman is expected to die.

William Clark and H. McKirkham, members of the construction crew on the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railway, were killed by a passenger train while walking on the railway tracks at East Moline, Ill.

A Lehigh railroad locomotive drawing a south-bound freight train, while pulling into "Swamp Siding," near Elmira, N. Y., exploded, killing Fireman Frank Morris and fatally injuring Engineer Fred Swarthout, Brakeman McMahon, Conductor Martin, Gallagher and Freight Handler Springer, all of Sayre, Pa.

The east-bound Denver & Rio Grande passenger train from Silverton, well loaded with passengers, was wrecked three miles from Durango, Colo., and while no one was killed a large number of the passengers were injured, twelve of them seriously. The accident was caused by a defective rail. Several cars were dragged on their sides.

Returning home after gladdening the hearts of relatives and friends with Christmas gifts, Charles H. Hansen, a well-to-do farmer, and his eight-year-old daughter, Edna, were instantly killed by being struck by a Reading railway express train at Camp Hill, fifteen miles north of Philadelphia.

The business part of Herdon, Kan., was destroyed by fire. Two drug stores, a meat market, bank and three general stores, including stocks and buildings, were burned, together with smaller concerns. A hardware store and a general store alone are left. No estimates have been made of the loss.

Earl McTeague, an ore freighter, was driving around a narrow ledge around Miller Mountain, near Salt Lake City, when one of his horses slipped and fell over the cliff, dragging the wagon, McTeague, etc., with it. The outfit landed in a ten-foot snowdrift 150 feet below. They were dug out of the drift without either man or horses being injured.

Fire at Louisville destroyed the Jefferson court house and for a time threatened the complete destruction of the edifice. The loss is estimated at $25,000, with no insurance. Hard work by firemen and employes prevented any serious damage to the accumulated records of a century of litigation. The court house is an old, picturesque structure, and contains the famous Henry Clay statue.

Crimes.

Four thousand dollars worth of antique gems were stolen from the show window of a New York firm of dealers in antiques.

Fred Gillette, W. B. Warner and Fred Engelbrecht, three men who broke jail at Kearney, Neb., last week, have been captured near Holdredge, where they were brought to bay in a hay stack.

Howard Chenoweth, under sentence of fifty years for killing City Marshal Kilburn in Silver City, N. Mex., was rescued at El Paso, Tex., by masked men who overpowered the jailer and locked him in Chenoweth's cell.

After firing three shots at his head, a man who registered at a Bowery house in New York as Hegger Lesser, was taken to a hospital suffering from three superficial scalp wounds. The man's skull is so thick that though the bullets struck him there they deflected and did little harm.

E. E. Snyder, former banker of Olin, Iowa, whose failure cost depositors $100,000, and who fled and was later arrested in St. Louis, was sentenced at Anamosa to pay a fine of $100 and costs. He pleaded guilty to fraudulent banking, but creditors signed a plea for clemency.

George H. Turner was hanged at San Antonio, Tex., for the murder of Mrs. Elizabeth Lynch, March 9, 1905. As Turner was led to the gallows a quartet of negro prisoners sang "God Be With You Till We Meet Again." He left a note wishing everybody a Merry Christmas.

A negro man while on a Christmas drunk at St. Petersburg, Ga., fatally cut Capt. J. J. Mitchell, a special police officer, who died in a few minutes from the injuries. The negro was placed in jail, but in thirty minutes a mob congregated and one of the crowd shot through the window of the jail, killing the negro.

Caught in the act of robbing the house, Cassie Pope is in the custody of the police at Kansas City. A man who was with her, and who she says was Will Phillips escaped. The girl declared to the police that she had been forced through fear of her life to take part in burglaries planned and executed by Phillips, with whom she has been living since May 2.

Homer White, Ernest Johnson and W. A. Stanton, believed to be members of the gang of robbers who blew open the safe of a bank in Udell, Iowa, recently, are under arrest at Chillicothe, Mo. A fourth suspect escaped and is still at large. The three men arrested were heavily armed and had $75 on their persons. Rewards aggregating $3,000 have been offered for the arrest of the Udell robbers. The men exactly fit the description furnished by the Udell authorities.

General.

The government report places the total freight tonnage of the Soo canal for the year at 44,270,680 tons, an increase over last year of 40 per cent.

Mrs. Frank A. Norris, one of the best known women of Eldora, Iowa, dropped dead while waiting upon the Christmas trade in her husband's store.

For the first time in the history of penal institutions, the inmates of the Jeffersonville (Ind.) reformatory were paid interest on money due them for extra work.

Harvard college will receive a legacy of $50,000 for its medical school under the will of Dr. George S. Hyde, which has been filed in the Suffolk probate court.

The tax rate in Illinois for 1906 will be 50 cents on the $100, according to a statement made by the state auditor. This is 5 cents less than for 1905.

A new high record of a price for a seat on the New York stock exchange was reported recently when $95,000 was paid. This price, with the $2,000 initiation fee, amounts to $97,000.

H. K. Bloodgood of New York, who received 200 steers from Chicago last summer and placed them on his large estate in New Marlborough, Berkshire county, Conn., to experiment in beef raising, is having great difficulty to get enough fodder for the animals.

Judge Tuley of Chicago died at the Pennoyer sanitarium in Kenosha, Wis. He went to the sanitarium on Oct. 31, suffering from nervous exhaustion caused by overwork, and failed gradually until the end came.

Birney Butler, twenty years old, of Sioux City, driven insane, according to his father, by worry over a plan whereby John D. Rockefeller would be compelled to give up his riches and go to work, was sent to the insane asylum. Butler is a college graduate and his insanity was first noticed soon after he commenced the study of sociology.

GERMANY MAKES WARLIKE MOVE

ACTIVITY IN FRENCH ARMY CIRCLES PUTS KAISER ON HIS METTLE.

WAR CLOUDS ARE GATHERING

CONFLICT IS LIKELY TO ARISE OUT OF MOROCCO CONFERENCE.

Berlin, Jan. 4.—The railway administration placed orders last week for 20,000 freight cars at a cost of $50,000,000 with manufacturers in five countries, stipulating delivery by the middle of February, besides utilizing the car works of Germany. The statement was made that the ordering of the cars was a precautionary measure, the general staff desiring to be ready to move troops if necessary by March 1.

This is only a proper measure of prudence, it was affirmed, in view of the extensive military arrangements going on in France, which, among other dispositions include the movement toward the German frontier of six regiments of artillery, or 180 guns.

Armed for Peace.

The step taken is due to the conviction long held and acted upon here that the best preservative of peace is complete preparedness for any eventuality.

The word war is not used, because such a word in itself would be a provocative, and every interest both in and outside the government shrinks from such a possibility, unless it be a small group of military men.

The government will probably regret the publication of this intelligence, but its transmission seems necessary to a proper understanding of the

Drift of Events

and of how both France and Germany are strengthening their diplomatic position on the eve of the Moroccan conference by material preparations.

No doubt exists here that the French and German policies will differ in the conference on the question of policing the Morocco-Algerian frontier, and on some less important questions. Under the terms of the agreement to hold the conference, all the participating parties must agree to the conclusions of the conferences or the situation reverts to the status quo.

Trouble Also Certain.

In other words, if at the conference all the powers except one agree to a plan for international control of Morocco, the conference will have been in vain, and if the situation becomes as it was before the powers assented to call the conference serious disagreements between those specially interested may arise.

Situation Is Analyzed.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Neither the American ambassador to France nor the like official to Berlin could treat of the situation which now exists between France and Germany in any report which could be published here without involving themselves in trouble. But it is believed that the latest action of Germany is to be found in the fact that when in last July the Moroccan situation developed a critical crisis, the French general staff discovered that conditions in the army, particularly

Transportation Facilities,

were not such as would justify France in adopting an aggressive attitude. So the negotiations suddenly assumed a mild tone and have dragged along up to this time.

Meanwhile the general staff went to work with great assiduity to correct the evils which had developed, with the result that in the last ten days it was discovered that, in the opinion of military experts, the French army is in better condition than at any period in its history.

Germans Not Idling.

It is believed here by officials who have kept close watch on the situation that the Germans have likewise been quietly and as far as possible secretly increasing the efficiency of their army. But when the internal resources have failed in the matter of furnishing a sufficient quantity of railway materials and it became necessary for the German government to go to foreign countries for a supply, it was found that such an order could not be concealed. So as a result the vast order for transportation material was boldly announced from Berlin as an act of preparedness in response to the readiness of France in the way of military movements.

POLICEMAN IS INJURED.

Hero of New York Force Hurt by Horses.

New York, Jan. 4. — New York's strongest policeman, Ajax Whiteman of the bicycle squad, the hero of many an exciting chase after runaway horses in upper Fifth avenue, was terribly injured yesterday while attempting to stop a pair of frenzied horses attached to a heavy ice wagon. Both Whiteman's legs were broken and he also received internal injuries.

SAYS BRITAIN BACKED TOGO

ROJESTVENSKY CHARGES THAT BRITAIN WAS READY TO HELP JAPS.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 4. — The remarkable allegation that the British fleet was held in readiness to destroy the Russian fleet in the battle of the Sea of Japan had it gone in the Russians' favor is made by Admiral Rojestvensky in a letter published in the Novoe Vremya yesterday, with the permission of the minister of marine.

Referring to the absolute secrecy of Admiral Togo in regard to the disposition of his forces, Rojestvensky declares that "this was unknown even to the admiral of the British fleet allied with the Japanese, who concentrated his forces at Wei-Hai-Wei in expectation of receiving an order to annihilate the Russian fleet if this, the final object of Great Britain, was beyond the power of the Japanese."

From Admiral Rojestvensky's account of his tactics in the battle of the Sea of Japan the reader is almost convinced that the Russian commander outmaneuvered Admiral Togo at every point and was himself the real victor. He declares that he knew Admiral Togo's exact whereabouts two days before the battle, made his dispositions accordingly, and entered the fight with his eyes open.

Mr. Spring-Rice, the British charge d'affaires, without waiting for instructions from his government, demanded an explanation from Foreign Minister Lamsdorff yesterday afternoon of the statements contained in the admiral's letter to the Novoe Vremya.

Blood May Flow Again.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 4.—A general meeting of the workmen's council and delegates of all the proletariat organizations has been in session since last night, perfecting their future program. All that is thus far known is that they are planning to turn the anniversary of Jan. 22 (Red Sunday, when the most serious rioting in St. Petersburg occurred) into a day of national mourning, during which it is planned to make demonstrations in memory of the "martyrs."

It is proposed to make a gigantic and peaceful manifestation, but if they attempt to carry it out, the leaders fully understand that it is sure to precipitate bloodshed on a large scale.

THOUSANDS ARE STARVING.

Famine in North Japan May Carry Off One-Third of Population.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 4.—Thousands are starving in North Japan on account of the famine there, according to advices received here yesterday by the steamer Empress of Japan. A government report says Miyaga, Fukushima and Iwate provinces, with a population of 2,821,557, are confronted by the worst famine since the deadly one of sixty years ago. So great is the calamity in Miyaga that famine investigators report that "the sentence of death has been passed on one-third of the people of the province." Already thousands of those three provinces are obliged to eat shrubs, roots and bark of trees to sustain life, and a million people are in extreme condition. The misery arising from the famine is indescribable. Committees of foreign residents have been formed to arrange systematic relief.

CLOSE CALL FOR PASSENGERS.

Rescued From Sinking Boat in Their Night Clothes.

Cairo, Ill., Jan. 4. — The steamer Frank sank last night in the Mississippi river near O'Brien's landing, about twenty miles below Cairo, with eighteen people on board, and it was with great difficulty that all were taken to the shore in safety. When near O'Brien's landing the boat headed for the shore to tie up for the night and it was then that Capt. Conners discovered something wrong. He stopped the engines and the boat listed to the larboard and commenced to sink. The passengers were all in bed at the time, and it was with great difficulty that they were hurried into the life boat, clad only in their night clothes, and carried to the shore. The boat sank in a few minutes in over thirty feet of water and is a total wreck.

CHARGES AGAINST VERNON.

Nominee to Succeed Lyons in Treasury Work Objected To.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Charges have been filed against W. T. Vernon, principal of the Quindaro institute at Quindaro, Kan., who is a candidate for appointment as registrar of the treasury to succeed J. W. Lyons. The nature of the charges has not been disclosed, but they have been forwarded to Mr. Vernon for answer. Both Vernon and Lyons are negroes.

Struck by Train.

Perham, Minn., Jan. 4.—A gasoline woodsawing outfit, owned by Henry Meyer and James Woodard of the village of Luce, was struck by a Northern Pacific passenger train yesterday. A team of horses was killed, but the men saved their lives by jumping.

Gen. Booth a Vegetarian.

London, Jan. 4.—In his annual address to the Salvation Army Gen. Booth attributes his robust health to the fact that for the past seven years he has been a strict vegetarian.

SNOW COVERS THE NORTHWEST

WORST BLIZZARD OF THE SEASON RAGES IN SOME SECTIONS.

DEATH IN GEORGIA STORM

TORNADO LEAVES PATH OF DESTRUCTION AND CAUSES SEVERAL DEATHS.

St. Paul, Jan. 4.—The first severe snow storm of the season visited the Northwest yesterday. In some sections of Wisconsin and Minnesota the worst blizzard in years raged all day and far into the night. In Iowa the snow fall averaged from six to fourteen inches, and live stock is reported as faring badly. Railroad traffic in Wisconsin is impaired, trains running several hours behind time.

In St. Paul street car service was maintained with difficulty. Trains arrived on time and wire service was practically unaffected.

Colder Weather Looked For.

The weather bureau last night estimated a snow fall in St. Paul of about seven inches. The storm was accompanied by a high wind, which increased in velocity as the snowfall decreased last night. The temperature was mild. The mercury was near freezing all day, but there was a drop in the evening. While colder weather is looked for, there is no severe cold in sight to follow the snow storm.

No snowfall of any extent was reported by the railways in North Dakota. What little there was produced but little effect on train traffic. Some of the trains on the Willmar division of the Great Northern and from Sioux City plowed through a heavy coating of snow.

The storm extended westward from Lake Michigan and Lake Superior to the Dakota boundaries. Outside this narrow storm belt the weather was comparatively clear.

Storm Headed Northward.

The storm moved northward and at 7 o'clock last evening centered at Madison, Wis. At 8 o'clock high winds prevailed. At Milwaukee the wind reached a velocity of forty-two miles an hour, and at Marquette, Mich., forty miles an hour.

Although it caused some annoyance the storm was generally hailed with satisfaction. Business men especially liked to see the seasonable weather. The snow is a God send to the lumbermen operating in the northern part of the state, where millions of feet of lumber are waiting to be hauled out of the woods.

Man Killed in Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Thomas D. Henderson was killed and a score of persons were injured and fully $100,000 worth of property destroyed by wind storm which struck Chicago last night. At one time during the storm, which was the worst experienced here in over a year, the wind reached a velocity of sixty miles an hour. In many parts of the city pedestrians narrowly escaped being killed by flying signs or falling chimneys.

Tornado in Georgia.

Albany, Ga., Jan. 4.—A tornado of terrific force passed over Albany at 1:30 yesterday afternoon, coming from a southwesterly direction, and spreading ruin and desolation over portions of a dozen blocks. Several persons are dead, others will die, as the result of injuries, and many are more or less seriously hurt.

The list is incomplete, owing to the fact that much of the destruction wrought was well beyond the city limits. Reports from the tornado after it left Albany have not been received. Hundreds of negroes in the city are homeless and many have lost their household effects. The property loss will be heavy.

DIES ON A DARE.

Dubuque Man Commits Suicide by Shooting Himself.

Dubuque, Iowa, Jan. 4. — "I'll dare you to kill yourself," remarked a patron of a saloon here to James Flynn. The latter had just declared he would commit suicide by jumping into a mineral hole.

"You can't bluff me," Flynn replied, and he seized a gun, turned it upon himself and fired, dying instantly.

Foul Play Suspected.

Bonesteel, S. D., Jan. 24.—The coroner was called to the reservation, thirty miles west of Bonesteel, to investigate the finding of the body of an unknown man in a thirty-foot well. It is supposed the dead man was Peter Kadon, a homesteader. Foul play is suspected.

Babe Is Boiled to Death.

Milbank, S. D., Jan. 4.—A five-year-old daughter of Morris Rabel, a farmer near Milbank, while playing with an adopted baby accidentally fell in a tub of boiling water. The baby is dead and the older child is dying.

Bank Teller Disappears.

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 4.—The police are searching for T. F. Fletcher Hutchinson, who, until Saturday was teller in the Union bank at Didsbury, Alta. He has disappeared, as has a package of $1,000 bills.

WEALTHY MAN IS MURDERED

MYSTERIOUS CRIME IN SHADOW OF YALE CAMPUS PUZZLES THE POLICE.

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 4.—Charles Atwood Edwards, a graduate of Yale and an officer of the great chemical company known as the "chemical trust" of New York, whose home is at 550 Park avenue, New York city, was fatally shot in the head while in bed in a little old fashioned house in the shadow of Yale campus yesterday morning. He died within an hour of the discovery of the shooting without making any statement. Up to a late hour the police had been unable to discover the weapon with which he was shot, and such evidence as they have been able to gather only deepens the mystery which surrounds the case.

Mr. Edwards was about sixty years old and a descendant of Jonathan Edwards, one of the early presidents of Yale, and was related to many families of distinguished ancestry.

The police are convinced that Edwards was murdered, and under the direction of Deputy Coroner Philip Pond are exerting every effort to gain a definite clue to the murderer.

At first glance Deputy Coroner Pond thought that death was an act of suicide, but the absence of the weapon, which hours of searching failed to reveal, gave rise to suspicion of murder.

$10,000 FIRE AT RICE.

Explosion of Oil Causes Bad Blaze in Minnesota Town.

Rice, Minn., Jan. 4.—John Gazett's merchandise store was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. The fire originated in a warehouse in the rear of the store and was caused by an explosion of some oil. The loss to the store and stock amounted to $10,000, with an insurance of $8,000. In the course of the fire a passenger train pulled in and many of the travelers got off and helped put out the blaze. Others, it is reported, helped themselves to the goods of the merchant, which were piled out in the street. A man named Welch was taken from the burning warehouse in a semi-conscious condition, but was not badly hurt.

TO PLAN AD CAMPAIGN.

South Dakota Real Estate and Railway Men to Confer.

Huron, S. D., Jan. 4.—The annual meeting of the South Dakota Real Estate Dealers' association will be held here beginning on Jan. 9, and closing Jan. 11. Indications are that the attendance will be large. Mitchell, Aberdeen, Redfield, Pierre, Sioux Falls and other cities will be largely represented. Officers of railways operating in the state also will be present to assist in determining upon a system of advertising and immigration that shall be helpful to the entire state. The annual election of officers will be held on the 11th.

WANT ANGLING THROUGH ICE.

Winona Seeks Permit to Save City Job of Burying Fish.

Winona, Minn., Jan. 4.—Mayor John A. Litsch and President Henry Hess of the city council have sent a communication to Agent Fullerton of the game and fish commission, asking for a permit to allow fishing through the ice in Lake Winona this winter, to the end that the city next spring may not be put to the expense of several hundreds of dollars, as was the case last spring, in burying the fish that are suffocated through lack of proper air, which is afforded when holes are cut through the ice.

BUILD BIG COAL DOCK.

Northwestern Coal Company Plans Docks Second to None in the World.

Superior, Wis., Jan. 4.—It was stated definitely yesterday by an official of the Northwestern Coal company that his company will at once begin work on a mammoth dock, located in Superior, which, so far as capacity goes, will surpass any dock of the kind on the great lakes, and perhaps any coal dock in the world. The cost is to be $600,000. Many workmen will be required hastily to erect the dock, which, it is intended shall be completed when the next navigation season opens.

IS HONORED BY THE KING.

Royal Order of Danneborg Conferred on A. E. Johnson.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—A. E. Johnson, the newly appointed consul general of Sweden, with headquarters in New York, has been created a knight of the royal Order of the Danneborg by King Christian of Denmark. Mr. Johnson is the owner of the Chicago Hamlandet, a Swedish newspaper, and head of the firm of A. E. Johnson & Co. of Chicago, New York and St. Paul.

Depot Burned.

Downing, Wis., Jan. 4. — The Wisconsin Central railroad depot at Glenwood, two miles west of here, was destroyed by fire last night. The fire started in the freight room. All the freight and records were destroyed.

Alleged Forger Arrested.

Bemidji, Minn., Jan. 4.—G. F. Postom, alias A. J. Davis, was arrested yesterday and will be taken to Northome for a preliminary hearing on the charge of forgery. He is expected to plead guilty.

DEPEW WILL NOT RESIGN SEAT

WILL FIGHT AGAINST RESOLUTION REQUESTING RESIGNATION.

IS TEMPORARILY WITHDRAWN

BRACKETT RESOLUTION CAUSES HEATED DEBATE IN NEW YORK SENATE.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 4.—Chauncey M. Depew will not voluntarily resign from the United States senate, nor will he permit the adoption of Senator Brackett's resolution requesting his resignation without a fight. Unmistakable evidence of these facts was furnished by the attitude of the Republican leaders in the senate on the Brackett resolution yesterday, when they declared their opposition to any radical effort to compel Senator Depew to retire. After a heated discussion, Senator Brackett temporarily withdrew his resolution, but declared that he would offer it again. The resolution presented by him is as follows:

Asks Depew to Resign.

"Since the adjournment of this senate the people of the state and nation have been staggered by the relation shown to have existed for years between the Equitable Life Assurance society and Chauncey M. Depew, one of the senators of the state in the United States congress.

"Recognizing that these disclosures have caused a total lack of confidence in the ability of the senator named properly to represent the people in the body to which he was elected,

"Resolved, by the senate, that Chauncey M. Depew be, and he hereby is, requested to forthwith resign his seat in the United States senate."

Defend Depew.

Senators Raines, Malby and Coggeshall led the defense of Senator Depew, but joined Senator Brackett in the desire for prompt action upon the resolution. They eulogized the junior senator on the score of many great public services and urgently pleaded for the immediate defeat of the resolution. Senator Raines described Senator Depew as a sick man and objected to any delay in the matter, declaring that it was brutal to keep such a threat hanging over his head for over a week.

Senator Brackett disclaimed any personal feeling against Senator Depew. He insisted that his act was prompted by a sense of public duty.

Withdraws Resolution.

In the end, however, he asked leave to withdraw his resolution for the time being. Senator Raines objected to this, but the withdrawal was sustained by a vote of 27 to 19.

Senator Brackett sent to the desk a roll of petitions in favor of Senator Depew's resignation two feet long and a foot in diameter.

A report gained currency last night that Senator Brackett's action in some way represented the wishes of President Roosevelt. Senator Brackett requests the Associated Press to contradict this rumor.

James W. Wadsworth, Jr., was elected speaker of the assembly, receiving the entire Republican vote.

FRIENDS' BONDS HIS RUIN.

Once Prominent Politician Seeks Refuge in Soldiers' Home.

Quincy, Ill., Jan. 4. — Capt. W. S. Morris, a well known soldier, politician and legislator, a former state's attorney, and once a candidate for congress, has been admitted to the soldiers' home in this city. Bent with age, sufficiently feeble to occupy a hospital cot, but his mental vigor undimmed, this once prominent man has become the nation's ward, a victim of security debts contracted for supposed friends. He declares he will stay here only so long as his health is feeble, he being much broken by financial troubles and sorrow over the death of his wife, whom he buried three months ago.

OFFICER REDUCED IN RANK.

Punished for Making Sergeant Give Up His Seat in Theater.

New York, Jan. 4.—For requesting a sergeant of artillery to change his seat at a theater, First Lieutenant Roy I. Taylor of the coast artillery, is reduced in rank twelve numbers. He was tried by court-martial last week and the verdict was announced yesterday. The offense was committed at a theater in New London, Conn., where a sergeant of Taylor's own company, who was in uniform, vacated a seat at the request of Lieut. Taylor.

FIGHTING AT PUERTO PLATA.

Twenty-Five Persons Are Killed and Many Wounded.

Washington, Jan. 4.—The state department has received a cablegram from Puerto Plata giving an account of the uprising there. It says:

"Revolution has broken out here late to-day (Tuesday). Gen. Roderiguez fought his way into town and then retired. Not less than twenty-five were killed and many wounded. Gen. Cespedes, holding the fort, still fighting."

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Saturday, Jan. 6, 1906.

How about your New Year resolutions. Are they working yet?

Now that the adherents of Thief River Falls have control of the board of county commissioners, there may be something doing in the county seat fight.

Frank M. Eddy has commenced to make a noise that sounds like a winner in the gubernatorial fight. Anyway, its a big field and Frank is riding well up in front.

Carnegie gave away nearly twenty millions of dollars in 1905 and John Rockefeller over ten millions. It would have been better if each had played fair and not taken so much in the first place.

The Chicago Record-Herald will equip an expedition and send Walter Wellman to find the North Pole in an air ship. The Record-Herald has the money and Wellman has the nerve, so he may succeed.

There seems to be plenty of work these days for men who know how to do their work well. The man of today and the young man of tomorrow must do some one thing well or he will not succeed.

Minnesota has one state institution that now is a profit financially to the state. Every inmate of the Stillwater prison earns $201.39 above his keep, working in the binding twine and shoe factories.

All of the candidates for governor now appear to have been in favor of drainage. Some took peculiar means to express their favor, but drainage is popular now, so the candidates will do a lot of draining this winter.

Editor Granville S. Pease of the Anoka Union, is one of the new ones to receive flattering notices as a possible nominee for governor. It is true that his knowledge box is almost totally devoid of hirsute ornamentation; but he might wear a wig in the country districts and still prove a winner.

The big life insurance companies now all have new officials. McCall, of the New York Life, is the last one to yield. There may be something left for the policy holders after all. However, a jail sentence for McCall, the McCurdy's, Alexander and Hyde would look good to the average citizen.

Notice Your Waiter.

"Did you wait on me?" asked the man at the corner table.

"No, sir," said the tall waiter.

"Then who did?" grumbled the corner man.

"I don't know, sir," was the reply. "You'd better ask the head waiter."

The corner man did ask, but the chief of the staff was no wiser than his assistant.

"What kind of looking man was he?" he asked.

"How should I know?" stormed the hungry diner. "I didn't come here to make a study of waiters' faces. I came to get something to eat, and if somebody doesn't hurry up"—

The head waiter stepped aside too soon to hear the rest of the complaint. "He is like ninety-nine out of a hundred men that dine out," he remarked. "None of them knows his waiter. There would be much less confusion if people would be a little more observing. Any man can take a peep at his waiter without loss of dignity. However, few do, and as a consequence they hail every man that passes with the query, 'Are you the fellow that waited on me?'"—New York Post.

"Electrified."

The startling physiological effects of electricity upon the human system fully warrant the use of the word as a superlative term to express enthusiastic conditions. This expression must have come into use at an early day, soon after Franklin made the static electrical machine a matter of general knowledge, for Thomas Jefferson in his autobiography stated, "Paine's 'Common Sense' electrified us." Thomas Paine's book was issued Jan. 1, 1776, and as Jefferson's autobiography was founded on his diary it is probable that the sentence was written by Jefferson at the same time.—Electrical Review.

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ACCIDENTALLY SHOT

B. Thelander, a Well Known Wyandotte Farmer, Accidentally Killed.

Bernhard Thelander, the well known Wyandotte farmer, was instantly killed last Saturday at the mill at Terrebonne by the accidental discharge of a gun in his own hands. Thelander was at the mill for a load of flour and feed and had a single barrel shotgun loaded with buckshot. After getting his load he took the gun and attempted to shove it down between the sacks and sled box, when it was discharged, the entire contents striking him in the head directly over the eyes and tearing a great hole in the head. Coroner Blair was notified and decided an inquest not necessary.

Mr. Thelander has been a resident of this section for the past six years and was a prosperous, hard-working farmer who had many friends who will mourn his sudden and violent death.

The funeral was held from his home in Wyandotte on January 4th, with interment at the cemetery of the Clara church, Rev. Alex. Sand officiating. It was well attended, there being a large number in the procession.

Bernhard Thelander was born at Risebergu, Skane, Sweden, July 1, 1850, and was at his death 47 years, 5 months, and 29 days of age. His wife, Ingri Christine Thelander, is left to mourn his untimely death.

The Pension Roll.

One person in every eighty-three in the United States is a government pensioner, according to the secretary of the interior, in his annual report. The pension roll this year reached its highest mark, 1,064,196, as against 1,001,494 in 1902, the highest previous year. The number remaining on the roll at the close of the fiscal year was 998,441, a net gain of 3,679 over 1904. Of the Indian wars there are 2,269 survivors, and of the Mexican, 4,540. The pensioned survivors of the civil war number 683,608, not including 603 army nurses. The war with Spain leaves the government with more than 20,000 pensioners, of whom 15,117 are invalids, 1,068 widows, 292 minor children, 2,957 mothers, and 473 fathers, and nine brothers and sisters of dead soldiers. In the army and navy there are 13,000 pensioners, of whom 10,000 are invalids. Of the 998,441 pensioners on the rolls, 717,158 were males and 281,283 were females and dependents. A total of 81,853 new pension claims were rejected during the year and 220,822 claims are pending; 85,499 are original claims. The amount paid in pensions is less than last year: 1902, $137,504,300; 1903, $137,750,600; 1904, $141,093,600; 1905, $141,142,960.—Fergus Falls Journal.

Why the Horse Acted So.

"I wonder what's the matter with that horse," said a man to his wife while he was in the act of unhitching the animal. The horse was rearing and plunging and displaying signs of terror whenever his master came near him. A passerby came to his aid, and while quieting the animal explained to the owner. "I noticed," said he, "that you just came out of the zoo over there. A slight scent of the wild animals has clung to your clothing, and, although your horse has probably never seen anything wilder than a cow, his instinct tells him that where that scent is there is danger. It will wear off soon and you will have no more trouble."—Philadelphia Record.

Crescent Shaped Rolls.

The little horseshoe shaped rolls to be seen in every baker's shop in the world have an interesting history. In 1687 Vienna was besieged by the Turks. They were about to enter the town by an underground passage that they had dug when the bakers, who work all night in order to deliver hot bread in the morning, gave the alarm. The authorities were so grateful they allowed them to manufacture a breakfast roll in the shape of the crescent moon, which is a device of the Turkish banner.

Antiquity of Chairs.

Chairs were in use in Egypt so long ago as 3399 B. C. The Chinese employed them from about 1300 B. C. In India they were used and are mentioned as dating from 1100 B. C. House chairs with backs were in use in India A. D. 300. They are known to have been employed in Rome so early as A. D. 70, being mentioned by Pliny at that date. Chairs with foot rests were used in Rome A. D. 150.

Optimistic.

"Billy Bliven asked Miss Parseigh how old she was," said one girl to another.

"Did she get angry?"

"No. She was flattered. She thought she must look very young or he'd never have dared."

Accepted the Inevitable.

She—My horse was quite difficult to manage at first, but he isn't now.

Papa—Well, he isn't the only one that has found out that he might as well let you have your own way.

Cheaper.

Nodd—I thought you were going to get up a fair to pay off your church debt. Todd—We were, but the congregation heard of it and made up the amount at once.

Three little babes were nestled in bed,
"I'll name William, Willie and Bill,"
mother said;
Wide was her smile, for triplets they be
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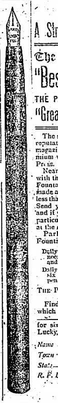

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A case of necessity is a case of Hamm's NEW BREW
Bottled and on draught.
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co. St. Paul, Minn.

WINCHESTER

FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS

Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

THE COMFORTABLE WAY

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
"The Comfortable Way"

EAST OR WEST
is via the
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

All Principal Points Quickly, Comfortably, Easily Reached.

For detailed information, rates, etc., call on
H. M. SWENSON, Agent,
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

S.S. "Minnesota" sails from Seattle for the Orient Feb. 1, 1906.
S.S. "Dakota" sails from Seattle for the Orient, March 12, 1906.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE

AND FURNITURE.

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm	
10:35 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm	
11:05 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm	
11:35am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30pm	

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar	Wylie	Lv 10:45am

Sleeping-car reservations, tickets and information from

H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Gerino
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Fafardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109, Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at...
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for......
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Found.—A cuff button. Call at this office.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Miss Ila Jones spent New Years at Thief River Falls visiting friends.

Julius Pleth was over from Plummer on Wednesday on business matters.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Leonard Holmes made a short New Years visit to Middle River last Monday.

Miss Mabel Patterson was a visitor at Red Lake Falls several days this week.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

The village schools will commence to do business again at the old stand next Monday.

Miss May Sorsoleil returned last Monday to Calvin, N. D., where she is teaching.

"Rip Van Winkle" at the opera house on Wednesday, Jan. 10. Band and orchestra.

C. N. Bourdon, the Red Lake Falls real estate dealer, was a business visitor here on Saturday.

J. J. Soll moved his saloon last Monday to the Bjerk building, south of E. M. Hoff's store.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Vagabond of the Catskill, loved by all the children and dogs of village, at opera house Jan. 10.

M. L. Hanson left on Thursday evening for Norman county where he will visit for several days.

Ole Gunderson returned yesterday from Edinburgh, N. D., where he had been visiting friends.

Miss Alice Sorsoleil left on Wednesday for Grand Forks, where she will attend the university.

James McCaffrey came back last Tuesday from North Dakota where he has been for several weeks.

Pres. L. C. Simons of the Merchants State Bank, was up from Red Lake Falls on business last Saturday.

Gust Fellman came over from Cass Lake last Saturday and spent several days here visiting with relatives.

Peter Dainard and family spent the beginning of the new year at Crookston visiting friends and relatives.

Manager E. R. Evans and family went down to Crookston last Saturday and spent several days visiting friends.

Joe Kordahl is here this week from his western North Dakota home and will spend some time visiting friends.

Norman W. Aimer left on Monday evening for St. Paul where he will resume his studies at Hamline University.

Miss Jennie Clark, Miss Mamie Clark and Miss Mabel Cook, of St. Paul, are here this week visiting their aunt, Mrs. Leonard Holmes.

Mrs. A. J. McFadden, of Neche, N.D. who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. A. R. Jones, for the past week, left on Wednesday for her home.

Miss Charlotte Murch, a daughter of Supt. George Murch of the Crookston Lumber company, is here this week visiting with Mrs. E. R. Evans.

J. A. Wessel, of Wessel Bros., candy manufacturers, was here yesterday calling on his trade. He is one of the first of the travelers for the new year.

You will not find beauty in rouge pot or complexion whitewash. True beauty comes to them only that take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It is a wonderful tonic and beautifier. 35 cents tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Opera house, Wednesday night, will appear in the title role, Geo. W. Miltimore as "Rip Van Winkle." Band and orchestra. Seats on sale at Imperial drug store.

I. Dahlen went out to his reservation claim last Wednesday and will spend some time there. John Winkler also went along for company and to keep the rabbits from eating the fruit trees.

The sad news has been received here that Mrs. B. B. Penner died of consumption at her old home at Mountain Lake, Minn., on Thursday, December 28. She made many warm friends here who exceedingly regret to learn of her death and the sympathy of the entire community is extended to the bereaved husband.

Mr. and Mrs. Mons Swenson, of Black River, were called upon last Thursday to mourn the loss of their three-year-old girl who died from diphtheria. The funeral will occur today.

John Powers, of Langdon, N. D., was a visitor for several days the first of the week with W. A. Sorsoleil. We are not at liberty to state the nature of Mr. Powers' visit, but we rather expect he will come again.

It invigorates, strengthens and builds up. It keeps you in condition physically, mentally and morally. That's what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35 cents, tea or tablets.
Imperial Drug Co.

New Years Eve a few friends of Leona Gebott came to her home on Water street to watch the "old year out and the new year in." During the course of the evening games were played and a light luncheon was served.

Revival services are in progress at the Methodist church, and will probably continue through next week. There was quite an interest to begin with, as there were two conversions Tuesday night. Everybody is invited to attend these services.
Rev. Charles Gilman, Pastor.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.
Julius Pleth,
tf Plummer, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. Hokan A. Johnson were called upon last Thursday morning to mourn the loss of their infant son, Harry, aged two years and six months. He was sick but a short time and died of the croup. The funeral services were held yesterday. The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Johnson will extend their heartfelt sympathy to them in their bereavement.

A passenger on a steamer from Liverpool to New York was about to write to his wife, but could not spell "saloon." Not wishing to show his ignorance to his fellow passengers, he thought he would ask one of the sailors, who happened to be an illiterate Englishman. The sailor felt only too pleased to show his knowledge, and said: "Well, sir, there's a hess, and a hay, and a hell, and two hoes, and a hen, an' that's about hall."—Ex.

On January 3rd at 4 p.m. at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Larson, near Wylie, the marriage of Miss Emma Victoria Larson to Mr. Charles Peterson Booth, of Crookston, was solemnized by Rev. Alex Sand in the presence of a large number of invited guests. The witnesses were John E. Peterson and Hildur Larson. Both the groom and the bride have been brought up in the Black River settlement and are also both well known in Crookston where the groom is a member of the firm Peterson & Booth, general merchants. They will live in Crookston on Pleasant avenue.

Planer Will Start.

The brick work on the new boiler at the planer will be finished this week and it is expected that work will be resumed next Monday. Manager Evans reports that there are plenty of orders in sight to keep the mill at work the balance of the winter. Everything has been put in thorough repair and they are ready for a big season's business.

A Leader Wanted.

Prof. Onstad returned from Wisconsin the first of the week and resigned his position as leader of the St. Hilaire band. The band boys held a meeting on Wednesday evening and concluded to employ a new instructor. They are trying to find a man who will make this place his home and devote most of his time to the work. They have not yet decided upon whom they will employ as there are several candidates for the position.

Appreciated.

The following letter will explain itself:

Fargo, N. D., Jan. 2, '06.

Mr. K. R. Killand,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

Dear Sir:—

Your letter of Dec. 30, 1905, at hand, also draft for two thousand dollars, the amount of policy.

Words fail me to express the heartfelt thanks to the Modern Brotherhood of America for their promptness and kindness they have shown me. Wishing you all a prosperous New Year, I remain, yours very respectfully,

Mrs. Mary M. McAndress.

What They Get.

Detroit Record: If people could see in advance what they get from the catalog houses, they would not buy nearly so much as they do from that source. We have seen articles unloaded at the depot here that the purchaser would not think of buying had he seen them in a store in Detroit. They would pass them up even at the cheap figures and buy a dearer article. The catalog houses have special arrangements made with manufacturers to make for them articles of an inferior grade. These include stoves, and many articles used on the farm. These articles are described in the catalog as being the usual size and quality as those for sale in the local stores. They are not. We need a label law, requiring the manufacturer to show whether an article was made for the general trade, or an inferior article made to be sold by the catalog houses.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

McMURRAY'S
VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

THE COUNTY BOARD

Important Meeting of County Commissioners Held This Week.

The board of county commissioners for Red Lake county met at the court house at Red Lake Falls last Tuesday. The board was organized by the election of Daniel Shaw as chairman and W. C. L. Demann as vice-chairman, P. A. Eckstrom being the only new member.

The board decided to build a bridge across the Red Lake river at Huot and are advertising for bids. The people of Louisville have been working for this bridge for over twenty years.

The joint bid of the six legal newspapers of the county to do the county printing was accepted by the board and the SPECTATOR designated as the official paper.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held at the village hall Jan. 2, 1906, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by President O'Brien.

Members present: O'Brien, Martz, Johnson and Gigstad.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and on motion accepted.

The report of the marshal and street commissioner read and on motion accepted.

The following bills were allowed in full:

Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	$ 1 11
W S Nott Co, fire apparatus	54 04
K O Gigstad, recorder's salary, ¼ year	25 00
Christ Hall, repairing fire apparatus	3 00
Christ Bjerk, clearing ice at well	1 40
A C Berglund, " " "	1 40
Henry Gunstad, work	1 30

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'Brien,
President.

K. O. Gigstad,
Recorder.

As Others See It.

The farmers around St. Hilaire are all up in arms against Marcus Johnson, the Red Lake Falls miller, says the Thief River News.

As was noted in these columns some time ago, there was a large meeting of farmers in St. Hilaire recently for the purpose of forming an organization to erect a flour mill at that place to be owned and controlled by farmers. Matters were progressing in a very satisfactory manner and it looked very much as if it would be a go. It was the intention to use the water power at St. Hilaire, which has been idle for many years, and no trouble had been anticipated in securing this. It is owned by the old St. Hilaire Lumber company and Mr. Johnson went to work and secretly purchased this power. This means that if the plant is built it will have to be operated by steam and this of course would make it very expensive. The farmers are very indignant at Mr. Johnson, who is thus trying to thwart their plans and compel them to buy flour from his elevator in St. Hilaire and it is safe to say that if there is any possible way to be found, the mill will be built.

Makes Good Living off Forty Acres.

At the farmer's institute in Warren, one of the lecturers, Mr. Sweet, of Fairmont, Minn., said that he had farmed only 40 acres of land, and made a good living off that, the farm bringing him from $700 to $1000 each year, besides the products used by his family. He kept nine cows. Mr. Sweet makes more money and does it easier than most of the Red River Valley farmers on their 160 acres and more. He has learned how to get the most out of his land. Our means of obtaining from the soil whatever we want, under any climate and upon any soil, have lately been improved at such a rate that we cannot foresee yet what is the limit of productivity of a few acres. In Denmark there are 224,000 rural land owners, and more than half of them have not more than one acre each. 96,000 have less than four acres, and only 2,000 have more. The small land owners mainly occupy themselves with the egg and fowl industry.—Crookston Times.

Oldest Settler in County.

The venerable Joseph Ducharme, of Badger, said that there had been considerable discussion of late as to who was the oldest settler in this part of Red Lake county, and that he was entitled to the distinction of being the oldest settler that located a claim and stayed right on it ever since. Mr. Ducharme took a claim near Badger Creek twenty-eight years ago and has lived there constantly since that time, improving the place until it is now one of the handsomest in Red Lake county. He says that others were there before him, but that none of them stayed, so that his claim to being the oldest settler is backed by facts.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Canada's Great Moral Issue.

While Canadian life in many phases is like life in the United States, there are some points of difference. One is illustrated by an affair that has been agitating the public mind in Ottawa. A Greek confectioner, who had been selling ice cream and ice cream soda on Sunday, was called to account for his crime and he offered in defense that he had a restaurant license entitling him to sell foods and that ice cream was food. This subterfuge was sustained by court, but the press of Ottawa indignantly demanded the revocation of his license. We, however, are proud of our liberty, and the excellence of golden grain belt beer. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

THAT SCHOLARSHIP.

Alton Jackson Turns in Another Good List of Subscribers.

Business has been quiet in town the past week and very few farmers have been in town, but Alton Jackson, the hustling SPECTATOR canvasser has not been idle, as the following list of names will show. He is nearing the hundred mark and the scholarship is nearly in sight. A little more help and he has it won.

A Abrahamson	St. Hilaire
Ed A Aubol	" Box175
John E Pederson	" Box 93
Erik Fangstrom	"
Frank Setterberg	"
A Steinberg	" Bx 126
Mrs Nell Demor	Crookston
Olaus Lorentzson	Wylie
Erick Johnson	"
Sven Scholin	"
Charles Sandmoen	Kratka
I E Wilson Box 92	Hazel
Miss Mary Rolland	Moorhead Concordia College

Schools of Red Lake County.

A fine two-room building has lately been completed at Brooks in district 126. It is 26x50 feet, has a good basement, is heated by furnace, and built in accordance with the most modern plans. Miss Olga Iverson is employed as principal. The "Prairie Queen" schoolhouse is in district 80 and was built last summer. It is a commodious one-room building equipped with a good system of heating and ventilation, has a well selected library, and all the other requirements for a first class class school. The school site contains two acres of well drained land, a portion of which has been cultivated preparatory to planting of trees, and no doubt this will be one of the beauty spots of the neighborhood in future.

At a special meeting held in district 153, Louisville, a new school site in a beautiful natural grove was purchased, the schoolhouse has been removed there to be placed on a stone foundation, enlarged and fully equipped with necessary requirements, for special state aid. Over $200 was expended for improvements.

One of the neatest new buildings in the county was erected last spring in district 23, Lake Pleasant.

Ten new districts have been organized in the "eleven towns" and several schoolhouses are now under construction.

About $500 has been expended for the purchase of library books in the rural districts of Red Lake county in 1905. Of this amount the state paid one-half. In districts 112, 88 and 154, the library funds were raised by entertainments and basket socials. All of these were well attended. A social was held in district 81, and the proceeds used to purchase a bell.

At the close of the present school year the rural schools of Red Lake county will receive $1,875 special state aid. The state apportionment this year will amount to nearly $5 for each pupil attending school forty days or more during the school year.

The people of Red Lake county during the year 1905 have taken advantage of the school law which entitles a district having suitable buildings, a well selected library, supplementary readers, an international dictionary, and a good system of heating and ventilation and employing teachers holding state certificates, to special state aid of $250 for semi-graded, $125 for first class rural and $50 for second class rural, with the result that the following districts have fully complied with the law and will be entitled to the aid:

Districts 81 and 79, Terrebonne, will receive $250 each.

Districts 126 Brooks, 16 Plummer, 153 Louisville, 227 River Falls, and 22 Dorothy, will receive $125 each.

Districts 80, 36 and 27 Terrebonne, 167 and 63 Red Lake Falls, 112 and 208 Gervais, 32 Lake Pleasant, 133 River Falls, 54 Rocksbury, 1 Wylie, 76 and 9 Lambert, 40 Red Lake Falls, and 17 Polk Center, will receive $50 each.

The schools drawing special state aid are taught by the following teachers:

Louis Roy, district number 1, Chas. Moller 81, Jos. Weeks and Florence Columbus 79, Ida Poessel 80, Miss Vandervall 36, —— 27, Olga Iverson 126, Edith Quist 16, Nannie Swanson 153 and 227, J. H. Mingus 22, Katie McAnulty 167, Carl Schpsser 63, Wm. J. Harlow 112, Clara Berg 208, Laura Halseth 32, Bertilda Peterson 133, Otto E. Olson 54, Rose D. Cyr 76, Lillian Nauman 40, Fred Richards 17.

"Rip Van Winkle."

Rockester, Minn., Nov. 28, '05.

Manager of Opera House—

Ogden's Rip Van Winkle Co. played my house last evening. The band and cast are first class, as well as the scenery. The performance was the best ever produced in the theatre, of Rip Van Winkle. Everyone was well pleased with the play and music.

Yours truly,
J. E. Reid,
Mgr., Metropolitan Theatre.

Carlson & Fellman
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
CIGARS
and STATIONERY
Agency, Thief River Falls Laundry

... Go to ...
Rapp & Post
... for your ...
Winter Wear

FIRE INSURANCE
— is a —
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class
— FOR RATES CALL ON —
HARRY E. IVES.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS
NOW ARRIVING.
We are getting in daily our Fall and Winter Stock of.....
Dry Goods :: Dress Goods
Boots and Shoes
and Heavy Winter Goods
AND INVITE YOUR INSPECTION
WE CAN QUOTE YOU PRICES EQUAL TO THE LOWEST
Call early and see our Stock of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods
E. M. HOFF.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

A 1st Prize Winner
Mr. C. H. Martz has decided to offer to the farmers of this vicinity for a limited time the services of "ELMS JIM," Register No. 99,901, a full-blooded Poland China Boar.
This is probably the Finest Bred Hog in Red Lake County.
For particulars inquire of
C. H. Martz, Riverside Farm.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
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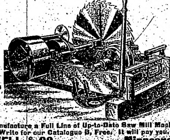
2nd STORE
(SECOND HAND STORE.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
C. A. SKEIE.
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

SAW MILL MACHINERY.



Saw Mills
Gang Edgers
Lumber Trimmers
Lath Machines
Bolting Machines
Shingle Machines
Planer & Matchers
Drag Saws
Wood Saws
Engines
Boilers
Pulleys
Shafting
Boxes
Trucks
Grate Bars
Feed Mills
Horse Powers
We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

A Trite Saying.

It is a trite saying that no man is stronger than his stomach. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery strengthens the stomach—puts it in shape to make pure, rich blood—helps the liver and kidneys to expel the poisons from the body and thus cures both liver and kidney troubles. If you take this natural blood purifier and tonic, you will assist your system in manufacturing each day a pint of rich, red blood, that is invigorating to the brain and nerves. The weak, nervous, run-down, debilitated condition which so many people suffer from, is usually the effect of poisons in the blood; it is often indicated by pimples or boils appearing on the skin, the face becomes thin and the feelings "blue." Dr. Pierce's "Discovery" *cures* all blood humors as well as being a tonic that makes one vigorous, strong and forceful. It is the only medicine put up for sale through druggists for like purposes that contains neither alcohol nor harmful habit-forming drugs, and the only one, every ingredient of which has the professional endorsement of the leading medical writers of this country. Some of these endorsements are published in a little book of extracts from standard medical works and will be sent to any address *free*, on receipt of request therefor by letter or postal card, addressed to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. It tells just what Dr. Pierce's medicines are made of.

The "Words of Praise" for the several ingredients of which Dr. Pierce's medicines are composed, by leaders in all the several schools of medical practice, and recommending them for the cure of the diseases for which the "Golden Medical Discovery" is advised, should have far more weight with the sick and afflicted than any amount of the so-called "testimonials" so conspicuously flaunted before the public by those who are afraid to let the ingredients of which their medicines are composed be known. Bear in mind that the "Golden Medical Discovery" has THE BADGE OF HONESTY on every bottle wrapper, in a full list of its ingredients.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation, invigorate the liver and regulate stomach and bowels.

Dr. Pierce's great thousand-page illustrated Common Sense Medical Adviser will be sent free, paper-bound, for 21 one-cent stamps, or cloth-bound for 31 stamps. Address Dr. Pierce as above.

ODD THING ABOUT GOLD.

Purest Coins Ever Minted Too Soft for Money Purposes.

Few people know the real color of gold, because it is seldom seen except when heavily alloyed, which makes it much redder than when it is pure.

The purest coins ever made were the $50 pieces which were once in common use in California. Their coinage was abandoned because the loss by abrasion was so great and because their interior could be bored out and filled with lead. They were octagonal in shape, and were the most valuable coins ever minted and circulated.

All gold is not alike when refined. Australian gold is distinctly redder than that taken in California. Moreover, placer gold is more yellow than that which is taken from quartz. This is one of the mysteries of metallurgy, because the gold in placers comes from that which is in quartz. The gold in the Ural mountains is the reddest in the world.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Suits.

Nordy—My wedding suit cost me $150. Pretty expensive, eh?

Butts—Yes; but that isn't a marker to what my divorce suit cost.—Houston Chronicle.

Just Wonderful.

Vestry, Miss., Jan. 1st (Special)—The case of Mrs. C. W. Pearson, who resides here, is a particularly interesting one. Here is the story told by Mr. Pearson, her husband, in his own words. He says:—

"My wife's health was bad for a long time. Last July she was taken terrible bad with spasms. I sent for the doctor, and after making a thorough examination of her he said undoubtedly the cause of her trouble was a disordered state of the Kidneys. His medicine didn't seem to be doing her much good, so as I heard about Dodd's Kidney Pills, I got her a box just to give them a trial. Well the effect was just wonderful. I saw that they were the right medicine and I got two more boxes. When she had taken these she was so much better that she had increased thirty pounds in weight. She is now quite well, and we owe it all to Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Reduced.

"The Blanks are very proud of their ancesters."

"They ought to be. They're the only members of the family that ever amounted to anything."—Detroit Free Press.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Not Due Yet.

Comuter—How long will it take the village hose company to get here?

Native—Wa-al, they usually gits around a leetle arter the insurance adjuster does.—Puck.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. George Ashelman, Fargo, N. D., suspenders; Thomas Brennan, St. Louis Park, Minn., disk drill; Paul Held, St. Cloud, Minn., draft equalizer; Roy Maple, Minneapolis, Minn., lamp burner; Edward Mathewson, Anaconda, Mont., blast furnace; Allen Staples, St. Paul, Minn., skylight; Levi Westfall, Beardsley, Minn., check rein holder.

Most people are willing to accept tainted money after they get their eyes on it.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Hush money doesn't talk loud, but it accomplishes lots.

Virginia Farms
FREE CATALOGUE of Splendid Bargains.
R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., RICHMOND, VA.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use
in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

Increasing the Egg Yield.

We have found it somewhat difficult to increase the egg yield per hen, though we have taken a great deal of pains in the matter. With just a farm flock it is not possible to use some of the devices that can be used by the men that make a specialty of poultry raising and have men always at hand to do any kind of work required. There is the trap nest. It serves to show how many eggs a hen will lay and when she lays them, but it is of no use to talk about using that kind of an arrangement on the farm, for the reason that people are too busy to attend to it. We can't keep the children at home from school to watch the hens and let them out of their prison when they have laid an egg.

However, I am certain that the trap nests are only approximately correct. They only show what eggs the hens lay in the trap nests. I was visiting not long ago an establishment where they use trap nests. I asked the manager what was done with the eggs that were dropped outside of the trap nests, and he said those did not count. Some hens will lay only in a certain nest, and when they cannot have access to that nest on account of some other hen being there, they simply drop their eggs where they can. The trap nests increase the number of eggs dropped. It may be that some of the hens that have failed to reach a certain standard laid their eggs elsewhere than in the trap nests. I think the trap nests are a great help to the person that has enough leisure to look after them, but I do not think that they tell the whole story.

On most of our farms nothing is done to increase the egg yield. I believe that the most practical method for us farmers to use is to employ egg bands and then make sure that we kill off all the fowls that have passed their most useful years and fill their places with young pullets just in the prime of their laying ability. I also believe that we can increase the egg yield by feeding less corn and coming nearer to a balanced ration.

Union Co., Ohio. Warren Wilson.

How Many Eggs Per Fowl?

How many eggs should a fowl lay to make her profitable? I think on most of our farms the hen that lays 100 eggs a year pays for herself. I believe, however, that we should not be satisfied with hens that lay less than 200 eggs a year, for we want to get reasonable pay for the labor we put upon them. At the present prices for eggs 100 eggs will bring at least $2, and they have not cost more than $1. But there is another element that enters into the cost of eggs, and that is the number of fowls that are lost from various causes. It is possible to lose so many fowls while they are growing up that this will reduce the profits of the ones that live. Some men figure out that they are making a profit of a dollar a year off their fowls, but at the end of the year can find no profit. They cannot understand why, if their birds are making them a profit of a dollar each, they should not have as many dollars in profits as they have birds. The fact is that they had a large number of fowls that were fed for from one month to six months and then died. In some flocks the cholera appeared, and in others the roup was the devastator. In others skunks and cats reduced the size of the flock. It is the vanished cost of supporting these that reduced the profits on the eggs to about nothing. The longer I take care of poultry the more I realize that success with fowls consists very largely in keeping them free from fat, lice and disease.—Mary Pickering, Elkhart County, Ind., in Farmers' Review.

Dry Bran Mash.

Last summer in a visit to the Maine experiment station, the writer noticed that the fowls had a constant supply of bran. This was placed in a long trough that was fed by a hopper from above. As fast as this bran was eaten by the poultry a new supply worked down from above. It was only necessary to keep this hopper full of bran and the filling need only be done once a week or at longer periods. The manager of the poultry department said that they used this instead of the ordinary wet bran mash. They believed that they received all the benefits from this that they could from the ordinary wet bran mash. The poultry were permitted to eat as much of this as they wanted, and it is certain that large quantities were consumed. This system of feeding bran to poultry seems to be an admirable one. Bran is very rich in nitrogen, just the element that is needed to balance up the corn. It is so light that there is no danger of the fowls eating more than they should. This relieves the gizzard from doing the very large amount of work that is put upon it when grain is continually fed. Too much grain results in digestive troubles before the end of winter. The bran mash greatly relieves this work, as it is in shape to be acted upon at once by the digestive juices.—Farmers' Review.

The Buff Color in Breeds.

Some one asserts that the buff color in fowls shows a strong tendency to become lighter from generation to generation. We doubt if this applies to all fowls. The original Buff Cochins doubtless hold their color very well, but many of the newer breeds have white in their make up, that is, the ancestors of these buff birds have many of them been white birds, which will explain the tendency of the buff birds to change to white. It is probably true that the buff color will remain in the breed in which it has been the prevailing color for centuries.

Profitable Silage.

Silage increases the carrying capacity of the land. Ordinarily, from two to three acres of bluegrass are required to carry a 1,000-pound steer for six months, when gaining from 300 to 400 pounds. Four 800-pound steers were fed for 150 days on the product of less than an acre of land, in the form of silage, and gained 886 pounds during that period.—Tennessee Station.

DON'T DESPAIR.

Read the Experience of a Minnesota Woman and Take Heart.

If your backache aches, and you feel sick, languid, weak and miserable day after day—don't worry. Doan's Kidney Pills have cured thousands of women in the same condition. Mrs. A. Heiman of Stillwater, Minn., says: "But for Doan's Kidney Pills I would not be living now. They cured me in 1899 and I've been well since. I used to have such pain in my back that once I fainted. The kidney secretions were much disordered, and I was so far gone that I was thought to be at death's door. Since Doan's Kidney Pills cured me I feel as if I had been pulled back from the tomb."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

High—So you have given up your high ambitions and are going to follow a routine life?

Jinks—Yes; I decided it would be lonesome up there on the top rung of the ladder of fame. I'm going to stay down with the push.—Dallas News.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Give Him Ten.

Teacher (to smallest boy in class)—What well-known animal supplies you with food and clothing?

Smallest Boy (after some thought)—My father.—New York American.

CUTICURA SOAP.

The World's Greatest Skin Soap—The Standard of Every Nation of the Earth.

Millions of the world's best people use Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, the purest and sweetest of emollient skin cures, for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothing red, rough and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings and chafings, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery.

That man who proposed to a girl in a bathing suit found his finish in a divorce suit.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

If a girl has light hair her mother says it is perfectly natural at least three times a day.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Two of Many.

"I was married to that man once," said the first society woman.

"To Mr. De Voss? The idea! Why, so was I," replied the second ditto.

"Well, well! You don't say! Were you before or after me?"—Philadelphia Press.

In Football Time.

"Do you think college students ought to be gagged and tied to railroad tracks?"

"Well," replied the nervous citizen, "I don't know that they ought to be tied to railroad tracks. However, I wouldn't mind seeing them all gagged."—Houston Chronicle.

Explained.

"Say, paw."

"Well, son?"

"What is a strenuous life?"

"A strenuous life, my son, is when a man tries to live up to the salary people think he is getting without going into debt."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Sword Tactics.

Drill Sergeant (to raw recruit who is slow in grasping the tactical details)—Now, Murphy, how would you use your sword if your opponent feinted?

Murphy—Begorra, I'd just tickle him with the p'int of it to see if he was after fakin'.—Harper's Weekly.

MALARIA???

Generally That Is Not the Trouble.

Persons with a susceptibility to malarial influences should beware of coffee, which has a tendency to load up the liver with bile.

A lady writes from Denver that she suffered for years from chills and fever which at last she learned were mainly produced by the coffee she drank.

"I was also grievously afflicted with headaches and indigestion," she says, "which I became satisfied were likewise largely due to the coffee I drank. Six months ago I quit its use altogether and began to drink Postum Food Coffee, with the gratifying result that my headaches have disappeared, my digestion has been restored and I have not had a recurrence of chills and fever for more than three months. I have no doubt that it was Postum that brought me this relief, for I have used no medicine while this improvement has been going on." (It was really relief from congestion of the liver caused by coffee.)

My daughter has been as great a coffee drinker as I, and for years was afflicted with terrible sick headaches, which often lasted for a week at a time. She is a brain worker and excessive application together with headaches began to affect her memory most seriously. She found no help in medicines and the doctor frankly advised her to quit coffee and use Postum.

"For more than four months she has not had a headache—her mental faculties have grown more active and vigorous and her memory has been restored.

"No more tea, coffee or drugs for us, so long as we can get Postum." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book "The Road to Wellville" in pkgs.

MANY WEAR AMULETS

ALL SORTS OF CHARMS IN FAVOR WITH MEN.

Generally a Story Connected With Odd Tokens Which Are Never Laid Aside During Either Owners' Sleeping or Waking Hours.

"About one-third of the men who come into this place wear an amulet or a luck charm, or something that they never take off when they strip," said an attendant of a turkish bath. "Four or five regular patrons wear little lockets strung on cords round their necks. Pictures of their best girls, I suppose. The locket of one oldish fellow, who has been a patron for years, is studded with diamonds and must be very valuable.

"There are all kinds of luck charms. I've noticed two or three rabbits' feet, a little bronze Japanese god, and a piece of green stone, jade I guess, with a Chinese inscription.

"One drunk, who always comes in here when he is tapering off, has a lead bullet hammered out flat. It was easy for me to figure out the combination, because on his left breast, just over the heart, there is an irregular, whitish scar.

"One night he told me about it. He got it in a gambling quarrel down in Arizona. A Mexican shot at him point blank with a bulldog revolver. A check book in his pocket turned the bullet, so that it just ploughed up the flesh and lodged in his coat.

"You'd have thought he'd have worn the check book, but somehow he figured it out that the bullet was lucky. He had it hammered out flat, hung it around his neck and has never taken it off to this day.

"College boys who belong to some fraternity or other which makes them wear their pins always come in here now and then. They always call for a string before they undress and go into the hot room with the pin tied to their necks.

"The queerest case in my experience was an old fellow, a mining man, I believe. He was in and out for eight or ten years. He always wore a flat disk of tin on a string about his neck.

"I got curious about that thing; used to look it over when I was rubbing him down. I made it out to be a kind of box. It opened with a clasp on the under side. I never asked any questions, but I mighty well wanted to know.

"Well, sir, one night he showed up very drunk and talkative, and told me about that little box.

"It seems that away back some time, when he was a young man, he stumbled against a dying Mexican who had a notion about hidden treasure. Before he died the Mexican handed over a little old diagram on a piece of parchment.

"There was something wrong with the diagram. The miner had found the place where the treasure ought to be, dug there, and drawn a blank. Then he figured on places where the direction was hazy, went back, and tried again in another direction.

"He'd been doing that for years on every trip he'd taken to Arizona. Safe deposit vaults were no use to him for keeping his little map. He'd had that water tight tin box made and lashed about his neck by a stout thong, so that sleeping, waking or swimming it was always with him.

"I haven't seen him for more than a year. It's getting about time for him to turn up again."—New York Sun.

A Bad Debt.

Don't talk to me of nature's debt,
Lord bless this world, I love it!
I love its blossoms dewy-wet,
I love the skies above it!
I ain't a-thinkin' of on debts—
I see the blossoms blowin';
No thought of debts my conscience frets,
I hear the cows a-lowin'.

And I ain't thinkin' of a thing
Except life's sunny weather,
Of thickets where the wild birds sing,
And you and me together:
Old nature's debt's an honest one,
Perhaps I'll not gainsay it;
But life's so full o' love an' fun
I ain't got time to pay it.

I ain't got time—Lord love you, sweet,
Your hand in mine here, honey;
Life's ragtime tuggin' at my feet!
It's funny, honey, funny
How glad I am to hear the cows
Contented far-off lowin',
And walk with you where winds carouse
An' blossoms are a-blowin'.

So it don't worry me at all,
This debt that I'm a-owin',
I'm laughin' back the mock bird's call
Where sunlit streams are flowin',
An' chasin' butterflies all day
Where laughin' winds are shovin',
And I ain't got no time to pay
I'm laughin', livin', lovin'!
—Houston Post.

Tramp Had Not Suffered.

It is related that one day William Lloyd Garrison was called from his dinner table by a man who begged for a pair of trousers. Thinking he would give his the pair he had on, and don a new pair he had lately purchased, he went upstairs to make the change. He was somewhat dashed, on coming down to the table and explaining matters, by Mrs. Garrison's exclamation: "If you give him the pair you had on you gave him your new trousers!" Garrison laughed, and said: "Well, he has a good pair anyhow."

Booker Washington's Names.

When Booker T. Washington first went to school he knew himself by no other name than Booker, but, having heard other children give second names in answer to roll call, he added one to his own. "Booker Washington," he called when asked for his name. Later he found that his mother had called him "Teliaferro," as well as "Booker," so he adopted that name as well, but cut it down to plain "T."

Labor Scarce in West.

There is a great scarcity of common labor all over the West, and it threatens to become a serious problem next spring with so many big enterprises being projected. There is certain to be a very large amount of railroad work. Government work will require thousands, and private capital is being invested in so many schemes that the East must contribute heavily or many great works will be held back.

More Than One Beantown.

"I'm from Beantown."

"Boston?"

"That's the only beantown, isn't it?"

"Well, there's Lima, Ohio."

STATES WITH MANY COUNTIES.

Georgia Has Added to Her List—Texas Still a Record Breaker.

The Georgia legislature, which recently adjourned after a long session, made a further addition to the number of counties in the Cracker State, bringing up the whole number from 137 to 145.

New York, with its great population, is able to get along with 61 counties, while California, more than double the size of Georgia, gets along with 57.

What political necessity there can be for 145 independent counties, in Georgia, each with a separate government, organization and expense, is a problem, but perhaps the reason is the same which has added to the number of counties in Texas until there is now 246. In one of them at the presidential election of last year only 22 votes were cast, in another 120, in another 180, and in a fourth 60. The propensity to create counties in the South and southwest has always been marked. There are 76 counties in Mississippi, 119 in Kentucky, 75 in Arkansas, 46 in Florida, and 96 in Tennessee.

Discouraging.

Gaston—I tell you, old man, Miss Watkyns is a mighty sensible girl—the most sensible girl, I think, I ever knew.

Alphones—I think you're right, my boy. I wouldn't advise you to propose to her.—Somerville Journal.

That's All.

"'Corruption wins not more than honesty,'" quoted the poetical citizen. "This recent election means the permanent overthrow of the bosses."

"Not at all," the practical citizen retorted. "As Tennyson would say, it's only a rift in the loot."—Houston Chronicle.

Procrastination is a virtue—when put off till to-morrow.

More Than Interest.

Prisoner—I confess I embezzled from my partners, but I was always a hard worker. No one took more interest in the firm than I did.

Judge—Nor more capital. Four years.—La Figaro.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE ONLY ONE

There is only One
Genuine Syrup of Figs,
The Genuine is Manufactured by the
California Fig Syrup Co.

The full name of the company, California Fig Syrup Co., is printed on the front of every package of the genuine.

The Genuine Syrup of Figs is for Sale, in Original Packages Only, by Reliable Druggists Everywhere

Knowing the above will enable one to avoid the fraudulent imitations made by piratical concerns and sometimes offered by unreliable dealers. The imitations are known to act injuriously and should therefore be declined.

Buy the genuine always if you wish to get its beneficial effects. It cleanses the system gently yet effectually, dispels colds and headaches when bilious or constipated, prevents fevers and acts best on the kidneys, liver, stomach and bowels, when a laxative remedy is needed by men, women or children. Many millions know of its beneficial effects from actual use and of their own personal knowledge. It is the laxative remedy of the well-informed.

Always buy the Genuine Syrup of Figs
MANUFACTURED BY THE
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N. Y.
PRICE FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE

CURES CONSTIPATION

Relief that comes from the use of pills or other cathartics is better than suffering from the results of constipation, but relief and cure combined may be had at the same price and more promptly, for

Lane's Family Medicine

is a cure for constipation, and the headache, backache, sideache and general debility that come from constipation stop when the bowels do their proper work.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

95 Years of Cures
IS THE RECORD OF
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
For Internal and External use.
For cure of colds and throat troubles, burns, bruises, sore muscles, it's without an equal. 25 and 50c. At druggists.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

READ
136—1606
THIS COUPON IS GOOD FOR $1.00 ON PURCHASE

FREE
GOOD FOR ONE DOLLAR PURCHASE

Upon receipt of your name ______
Address ______
Druggist's Name ______
His Address ______

And *10c in stamps or silver* to pay postage we will mail you a sample free, if you have never used Mull's Grape Tonic, and will also mail you a certificate good for one dollar toward the purchase of more Tonic from your druggist. Address

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

YOU WRONG YOURSELF TO SUFFER
from Constipation and Stomach Trouble.
Why suffer or take needless chances with constipation or stomach troubles when there is a perfect, harmless, natural, positive cure within your reach?
CONSTIPATION AND STOMACH TROUBLE
cause blood poison, skin diseases, sick headache, biliousness, typhoid fever, appendicitis, piles and every kind of female trouble as well as many others. Your own physician will tell you that all this is true. But don't drug or physic yourself. Use
MULL'S GRAPE TONIC
the natural, strengthening, harmless remedy that builds up the tissues of your digestive organs and puts your whole system in splendid condition to overcome all attacks. It is very pleasant to take. The children like it and it does them great good.
35 cent, 50 cent and $1.00 bottles at all druggists. The $1.00 bottle contains about six times as much as the 35 cent bottle and about three times as much as the 50 cent bottle. There is a great saving in buying the $1.00 size.
MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

PRICE, 25 Cts.
TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE
ANTI-GRIPINE
IS GUARANTEED TO CURE
GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.
I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.
F. W. Diemer, M. D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

N W N U—NO. 1—1906.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES
Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri.

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Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 13, 1906. NUMBER 26.

RECLAIMING THE MINNESOTA SWAMPS

Interesting Resume of Conditions in the North and How It Is Hoped to Win Wealth From Them.

In his report to the governor under date of Dec. 16, 1904, the engineer for the state drainage commission gives the following account of state drainage:

In the year 1893 the legislature passed a bill appropriating $100,000 for state drainage work in the Red River valley, and creating a drainage commission known as the Red River valley drainage commission. Under the direction of this commission $182,500 was expended on draining and reclaiming the swamp lands of the Red River valley. In the year 1901 an act was passed by the state legislature appropriating $50,000 for the drainage and reclamation of state lands of the State of Minnesota and creating a drainage commission consisting of the governor, state auditor and the secretary of state and known as the drainage commission of the State of Minnesota. An additional appropriation of $50,000 was made in the year 1903 to be expended under the direction of this commission, making a total of $100,000 available for the work of the commission.

All of this money, $257,000, and an additional $25,000 contributed by the Great Northern railway was judiciously expended and the engineer says:

The benefits resulting from the construction of these ditches have been greater than the original estimates show.

In an address delivered at Crookston, Aug. 1, the engineer says: The direct benefits that would accrue to land along the line of these ditches would not be less than $5 per acre, which by taking in a scope one mile wide along either side would amount to $6,400 per mile. At $6,400 per mile the direct benefit that will have resulted, when the present appropriation is exhausted will be $1,280,000. Add this to the indirect benefits which result by reason of the outlets which these ditches afford thousands of miles of lateral ditches, and the benefits to roads and general benefit in developing and building up portions of country that were like leprous spots on the face of nature, the eradication of which was impossible without the construction of these ditches.

In the same address Mr. Ralph, the engineer, tells of the result of draining in portions of Polk county, reclaiming worthless, boggy land on each side the ditch for a distance of three miles, which are, to-day the best pasture, meadow and agricultural lands in Polk county, and sell readily at from $16 to $20 per acre. Other ditches were pointed out where after improvement, the lands formerly considered worthless were sold by the state at prices ranging from $8 to $16 per acre.

In 1905 the state legislature was again asked for an appropriation for state drainage, and also a law authorizing a topographic survey of the state lands, looking to systematic drainage. This measure was strenuously championed by Hon. A. L. Cole of Walker, and largely through his pluck, push and superior generalship the state was given its first real drainage legislation. Real, because the legislature was brought face to face with conditions and first realized the importance of going at this great work in an understandable, systematic way. The Cole law awakened the people of the state to the importance of the work and the topographic survey, begun the past summer, has demonstrated the wisdom of the man from Walker and the good judgment of the legislature in accepting his suggestions. It is the most important legislation ever undertaken by the state, and will eventually result in making every acre of the state's vast swamp land holdings accessable, tenable and desirable. The immensity of the undertaking can scarcely be appreciated by reading the figures; as the human mind cannot conceive of an area of 4,500,000 acres of land, or of the tens of millions of dollars the land may be sold for, or the hundreds of millions of dollars intelligent cultivation of this wide area may be made to produce in a comparatively few years. All of this immense tract of land lies in Northern Minnesota and side by side with it are other millions of acres of swamp, morass and bog held by the government as trustee for the Indians, in forestry reserves and reservoir basins All told there is estimated to be 11,000,000 acres of these unoccupied, unsaleable, wet lands, lands the natural fertility of which are unsurpassed anywhere in the North, lands that may be by drainage converted into hundreds of thousands of farms, giving homes for hundreds of thousands, yes, millions of people. Lands the development of which means greater grandeur to the state and added glory to the nation. The importance of improving these wide areas and of having the improvement undertaken without delay created such intense interest that at a meeting of the drainage commission, held at Bemidji in June last, several hundred people from the north and central part of the state gathered to discuss the question. Called in a perfunctory sort of way, the meeting was a genuine surprise to all in the enthusiasm manifested. The governor presided and for hours the large audience listened to the story of conditions, and one member of the commission remarked, "It is too bad that this meeting could not be held before the assembled legislature of the state, that they might know the conditions, and, knowing them, apply the remedy in the way of ample enough appropriations to make the completion of the work not only possible, but in time for the present generation to enjoy it." Later in the afternoon a resolution was presented asking the Minnesota delegation in congress to use their best endeavors to get the federal government to survey and drain the lands held in the reservations. This resolution passed and at once the meeting learned that there was an immense work to do. Growing out of this it was decided to form an organization to assist in the work by spreading the gospel of drainage. To secure congressional action and to educate the people of the whole state as to conditions in the north and their great interest in them, for these submerged millions of state lands are a common heritage, they belong to the school fund of the state. The conversion of an unprofitable holding into an asset worth millions of dollars was deemed as interesting a fact for the man from Blue Earth county as it was the man from Beltrami—as interesting to the men from Pipestone or Rock as the Polk or St. Louis county citizen, for we all have a common interest in the schools, an equal interest in the real estate.

The organization at Bemidji was accomplished with the aid, council and advice of such men as Hon. A. D. Stephens of Crookston, State Engineer Ralph, Hon. A. L. Cole of Walker, Hon. Asher Murray of Wadena, Hon. W. D. Washburn of Hennepin, Hon. A. L. Gole of Grand Rapids, Mr. G. E. Becker of Grand Rapids, Senator Cole of Fergus Falls, Mr. Lane of Koochiching, Mr. Black of Rosseau county and others to the number of forty or more. There was scarcely time to effect a permanent organization, and after electing A. G. Bernard of Cass Lake, president, H. G. Hays of Bemidji, secretary, and appointing Messrs. Stephens, Cole, Murray, Tone of Northome and Ekman of Badger an executive committee arrangements were made for a convention at Crookston on Aug. 1, to adopt a constitution and by-laws and complete the organization of the association. Agreeably to this understanding and with the aid and endorsement of every newspaper almost in the state, the convention was held at Crookston, possibly the largest, most representative and most important ever held in the North. Three hundred and fifty prominent Minnesotans attended this gathering, very few of them from the north, by far the larger number coming from the central and southern parts of the state, to hear about drainage. The governor, Senator Clapp, Congressman Steenerson, Senator Stephens, Representative Cole, Engineer Abercrombie and Engineer Ralph delivered addresses and after listening to the call of counties and a statement of conditions a constitution was adopted and the Minnesota Drainage League born.

The adoption of the constitution was followed by election of officers, as follows:

President—A. G. Bernard of Cass Lake.

Vice Presidents—C. H. Warner of Aitkin, W. A. Hinton of Martin county.

Secretary—H. G. Hays of Bemidji.
Treasurer—H. V. Eva of Duluth.
Executive Committee—
First District—W. A. Nolan.
Second District—Ezra Gates.
Third District—C. A. Johnson.
Fourth District—Frank Haskell.
Fifth District—J. F. Calhoun.
Sixth District—Asher Murray.
Seventh District—Thomas Olson.
Eighth District—R. A. McGolrich.
Ninth District—R. J. Wells.

At the first meeting by the new executive committee, held at the Minneapolis club, Sept. 6, the secretary was authorized to begin a campaign for an extension of the interests of the league.

At the next meeting of the committee, held at the state capitol on Oct. 13, the following subcommittee was appointed on ways and means:

R. A. McGolrich, Duluth; J. F. Calhoun, Minneapolis; Frank Haskell, St. Paul; C. A. Johnson, St. Peter; H. G. Hays, Bemidji; A. G. Bernard, Cass Lake.

The general plan of procedure was discussed and the ways and means committee authorized to begin their work of securing funds for the carrying forward the greatest reclamation service ever undertaken by any state of the Union. And the work is progressing as rapidly as possible with the means at hand.

As with other great movements the Minnesota idea does not appeal to everybody in the same way and the committee on ways and means find several undesirable conditions confronting them. The first obstacle is the evident attempt of the national irrigation association to stop any attempt at improvement or reclamation in Minnesota. They sent their president to the state, and his advice was that there was no hope for congressional assistance, but very imminent danger to the Mississippi river by dumping all the water from all the swamps into that stream and by cutting off all of the timber on all of the watershed. The first result being calculated to endanger the property of the planter of Louisiana by creating flood conditions and the second so decreasing the rainfall as to make of the north only a howling wilderness inhabited by hyenas and jackals. The irrigation people told us to go home, build summer resorts and automobile roads. Then came the forestry people in the person of the secretary of the state forestry society, who declared "that the State Drainage League is only another name for the enemies of reforestration and the forestry reserve. The men back of that movement are the men who have been fighting forestry all the time." The officers of the Minnesota Drainage League, members of the Horticultral society, with whom the Forestry association were holding a joint session, were forced to beg for the privileges of the floor to reply to these unjust and unfair attacks, and, after some wrangling were given ten minutes in which to explain away charges that consumed two hours and a half in presentation, and in that time must present the claims of Northern Minnesota as an agricultural region, to show that drainage might be accomplished scientifically, and be a conservator of the golden flood of the great river, and that the League had never for an instant presumed to discuss irrigation, forestration or forestry reserves. The charges of the president of the irrigation association were afterwards met through the daily press, and that gentleman left the state after voluminous explanation and a column of apology. The secretary of the Forestry society has not been heard from.

Conception of the work undertaken by this league requires knowledge of conditions and knowledge of conditions brings the conviction that when accomplished, as it certainly will be some day, this work will add hundreds of dollars in money and hundreds of thousands in population to Minnesota. The area involved is as large as the entire state of Ohio; a region rich in natural timber products, with dozens of undeveloped water powers, centrally located, with an excellent climate and nearer tide-water than Chicago. Its development means more to the state than its present growth for the area involved is larger than the area of that portion of the state already improved and developed. Is it unreasonable to believe that in a region three hundred and twenty miles long by two hundred and fifteen miles wide, composed of as fine land, as rich in material product of lumber and ore, with material water powers scattered over its surface, close to an all water route to the markets of the world, with agricultural resources equal to any similar area in the nation—is it unreasonable to predict the building of cities, the creation of an empire, of wealth of grandeur there? Is it unreasonable to ask for reimburseable federal assistance to make saleable federal lands? Is it unreasonable to ask state aid for the reclamation of the commonwealth lands? If it is unreasonable history must be forgotten and the experiences of nineteen hundred years of civilization and human progress set at naught. If it is reasonable the Minnesota Drainage League should have your earnest, hearty and immediate support and endorsement for it is committed to that end and that end alone.

ARCHIE CAUGHT SIX-TOED CAT.

Roosevelt Pet Had Run Away From the White House.

When the Roosevelt Children returned to the White House after their summer in Oyster Bay, they brought a six-toed cat which rejoiced in the name of Slippers. The younger children—Ethel, Quentin and Archibald—were devoted to the pet, and great was their lamentation when she forsook her enviable position and disappeared. A reward was offered in vain. But a week ago a negro boy got into the grounds of the White House and conveyed the intelligence that a six-toed cat was living in his alley, down near the river. Archibald, who shows much of his father's independence, at once set out to catch the vagrant. Slippers, pet of the family of a nation's ruler, was living the life of an ordinary tramp cat. Archibald captured her and took her home, but she didn't seem pleased. A collar with name and address was fastened to her neck. She now comes and goes as she wishes. One day she feeds from the dainties of the president's table; the next she may be seen catching rats on the decaying wharfs in South Washington.—New York Press.

Not Encouraging.

"But," said the persistent suitor, "if I were to prove to you that I would go to the ends of the earth for you—"

"First," replied the Boston girl, "you would have to prove to me that the earth really has ends, and that, you know, is quite impossible."—Philadelphia Press.

A Matter of Figure.

"Do you think it is right for you to spend so much money on corsets and pads and such things?

"Certainly."

"Well, I don't see how you can."

"Oh, it's just the way I figure."—Houston Post.

Applied Art.

First Sweet Sixteen—Oh, my Fritz is very musical. He composes heavenly waltzes.

Second Ditto—So is my Hans. He even kisses in waltz time.—Meggendoerfer Blatter.

MANY PERISH IN HOTEL FIRE

TRAGIC SCENES ENACTED AT EARLY MORNING FIRE IN WEST HOTEL.

EIGHT PERSONS ARE KILLED

DARING HEROISM OF FIREMEN PREVENTS GREATER LOSS OF LIFE.

Minneapolis, Jan. 11.—Eight persons dead, a score injured and four upper stories of the West hotel badly gutted, is the result of a disastrous fire in Minneapolis yesterday morning.

The known dead are eight, but the number may be increased as many of the guests were made critically ill by smoke, several were badly burned and a number are prostrated because of exposure to the elements.

A lack of sufficient fire escapes is responsible in part for the fatalities.

The fire, which started a few minutes after 7 o'clock was caused by crossed wires located in the elevator shaft near the third story.

Flames Spread Quickly.

The flames ran along the woodwork ravenously and a few minutes later were leaping up the shaft to the seventh and eighth floors.

From the office every electric bell in the building was set going, and this, with the smoke and flames, brought the guests—the majority of them clad only in their night clothes—running out into the halls and to the windows.

In the halls and the rooms the smoke was stifling and it was this that was responsible for the fatalities.

Screaming, Shivering Forms.

When the fire department arrived smoke was pouring from nearly every window in the building from the fourth floor up, and the narrow ledges of each carried a screaming, shivering form, in many two, both fighting for a foothold.

Rushing through the smoke in the halls the firemen brought many down to safety by way of the stairways, some in an unconscious condition, while the ladders raised enabled those in the windows to reach the ground.

Servants and employes of the hotel also aided, and, wherever possible, rooms were examined for any unconscious forms.

Terrible Scenes.

During the fire, which raged for nearly an hour, pandemonium reigned; and it is remarkable that the number of deaths was not greater.

Many overcome by smoke dropped in the halls, only to be found later and carried out to safety by firemen and hotel employes, while others in their excitement jumped from perilous heights and came off uninjured.

Dies Hero's Death.

Capt. John Berwin of Hook and Ladder Company No. 1 was among the first to lose his life. He had brought out Miss Emily Barlow from her room on the seventh floor in a fainting condition, and was descending the frail ladders with her in his arm when he lost his hold and fell. The woman was caught by District Chief G. W. Kehoe, who was standing on a narrow ledge beneath.

Berwin continued in his frightful descent, striking the ground on his head and shoulder. He was dead when the firemen reached him.

Jumped to Their Death.

Almost simultaneously with the fall of Berwin came the sickening fall of human forms as they struck the ground in an alley between the hotel and the Unique theater. Three tumbled to their death here.

While all this was happening on the ground beneath stood thousands of persons attracted by the fire, and they yelled frantically to others, who seemed about to jump, to wait and they would be rescued.

Death Traps.

The sixth and seventh floors were the death traps, for it was in these two that most of the dead were taken out.

W. G. Nichols, a member of the Minneapolis chamber of commerce, was found dead in his room. He had been suffocated by the dense smoke.

Thomas Sommerville traveling man from Springfield, Mass. was taken out of his room on the seventh floor in a dying condition from the inhalation of smoke. He died in the West hotel drug store.

J. E. Wolf of Minneapolis, for many years a boarder at the hotel, was suffocated in his room on the sixth floor. He was partly burned.

The names of the two who jumped from the seventh floor were Mrs. M. E. Hodges of Minneapolis and J. B. Peisniger of New York. Both bodies were frightfully mangled.

eHeartrending Scenes.

The scenes attending the fire were heartrending in the extreme. Men and women, all scantily clad, huddled in the hotel rotunda or sought protection from the elements in near-by stores. Few had shoes, and the majority only wore nightclothes. In this condition a number had climbed down the fire escapes from the sixth and seventh floors to be caught fainting on the ground below.

The property loss suffered by the West hotel management and owners will be close to $50,000, the three upper floors of the building being practically wrecked.

Thrilling Escapes.

The stories of narrow escapes are many.

One of the most thrilling was that of F. A. Chamberlain of the Security bank, and members of his family, who were not awakened in time to make their escape by the usual exits. For many minutes after it appeared their position was untenable, they remained at their window in the topmost story on the Fifth street and Hennepin avenue corner. The pompier ladders were rushed to the scene and a fireman with a rope about him, firmly placed and scaled the ladder to the cheers of thousands of excited spectators.

Brought to Safety.

Arrived at the window he took one after another, lowered them safely to the extension ladders two stories beneath by means of the rope, where they were brought to safety.

The rescue was accomplished amid deathlike silence. When the last person was lowered and the fireman followed the cheering broke loose.

It was one of the most thrilling scenes at a fire ever witnessed in Minneapolis.

Many similar rescues bear tribute to the heroic work accomplished by the fire department.

FORETOLD HIS OWN DEATH.

Strange Prophecies Followed by Fatal Kick by Horse.

Grand Forks, N. D., Jan. 11. — Andrew McDonald of Elk River, Minn., an employe of a dairy company, who was recently killed by the kick of a horse, seems to have had a remarkable premonition of death. A month ago he took out an accident insurance policy for $3,000, and remarked at the time that he did not expect to live long, and that he would surprise his relatives with a donation. More recently he discussed with a friend the advisability of joining a fraternal insurance society, telling him that he thought he had better get his affairs straightened up, as he probably would die soon.

IS SUSPECTED OF MURDER.

Alleged Postoffice Robber May Be Charged With Killing Ole Havey.

Hayfield, Minn., Jan. 11.—Frank McVey, arrested twelve miles east of this village on suspicion of being the murderer of Marshal Ole Havey, was given a hearing before Justice Johnston and held to the grand jury upon the charge of entering the postoffice here on Dec. 19 and taking from the safe $160 in postage stamps. In default of $1,500 bail he was taken to jail. This charge, it is said, is only preliminary to a charge of murder that will be brought at the April term of court. The officers are in possession of damaging evidence tending to show McVey to be the murderer of the village marshal here on the night of Dec. 30.

RAN INTO A BOULDER.

Peculiar Death of a Montana Mine Boss.

Butte, Mont., Jan. 11.—James Woylen, a well known night boss of the Gem mine, was fond dead on the side of the hill east of the Spectacular mine. His skull was fractured and the body had been lying at the side of the trail for several hours. The manner of his death is a mystery. It is thought, however, that while on his way to work he got off the trail in some way in the dark and started running down the steep hill which leads to the trail, and that he ran headlong into a large boulder.

CHOKED TO DEATH BY FOOD.

Physicians Say "Joliet Flax" Died of Strangulation.

Clinton, Iowa, Jan. 11.—Physicians who examined the body of John Flaxcamp, the itinerant cigarmaker who died suddenly in a restaurant at Savanna, state that death was caused by choking, the man having strangled on a small piece of meat which entered his windpipe. Flaxcamp was known over this part of Iowa and in Eastern Illinois as "Joliet Flax," taking the sobriquet from his home town.

TWO ASPHYXIATED.

Hotel Guests Blew Out the Gas Before Retiring.

Aberdeen, S. D., Jan. 11. — Adam Hauck, twenty-five, and Christian Glauser, fifty-five, of Eureka, S. D., blew out the gas when retiring at an European hotel here. They were found dead in the morning. Glauser is married and has eight children. Hauck was single.

Building Big Sawmill.

Koochiching, Minn., Jan. 11.—A Minneapolis firm has commenced the erection here of what will be one of the largest sawmills in Minnesota. The plant will be equipped with the most modern machinery and will be operated by electricity, which is to be generated by the dam now being built. The capacity of the mill will be 150,000,000 feet a year.

Sleigh Runs Over a Child.

Minot, N. D., Jan. 11. — Margaret Kelley, the six-year-old daughter of Deputy Sheriff Edward Kelley, was run over by a bob-sled while playing with other companions. She received injuries which resulted in her death shortly afterward.

Opens Church at New Ulm.

New Ulm, Minn., Jan. 11.—Bishop Edsall last night formally opened the new $5,000 Episcopal church here, the first Episcopal church ever built in New Ulm.

CANAL INQUIRY STARTS AT ONCE

SECRETARY TAFT WILL BE THE FIRST WITNESS TO TAKE THE STAND.

BIGELOW'S CHARGES REFUTED

TAFT AND STEVENS MAKE AN ELABORATE ANSWER TO CHARGES.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The canal investigation will start in with a rush. The committee on interoceanic canals will meet this morning and begin the examination of witnesses. The hearings will be public. Secretary Taft will be the first to appear and testify.

The committee believes that after a complete examination of Secretary Taft in relation to canal affairs it will be easier to arrange a definite program and complete a list of those to be called as witnesses. For this reason the matter is to be taken up at once.

Chief Engineer Stevens will be before the committee next Tuesday. He desires to resume his duties on the isthmus at an early date. Among others given an early hearing will be Maj. Gallagher, recently relieved from service as assistant purchasing agent.

Reply to Bigelow.

An elaborate and comprehensive answer to the charges against the isthmian canal commission contained in an article in the Independent has been made by Secretary Taft. It is in the form of a letter to the president, who on Jan 6, in a communication to the secretary, said his attention had been directed to an article purporting to have been written by Poultney Bigelow, "attacking the administration of affairs by the canal commission and yourself on the isthmus," and adding, "will you please advise me what basis, if any, there is for these charges?"

Takes Up Charges.

In his reply Secretary Taft first briefly summarizes the charges as follows:

Alleged that the conditions in Colon are so unsanitary as to indicate great neglect in providing for the health of the employes of the commission; alleged mistreatment of laborers; that persons appointed to the isthmus are incompetent and have been given their places through political influences and also incompetency or misconduct, the latter involving the charge that there is so much "red tape" necessary to bring about the construction of buildings that misery has come to the laborers.

Stevens Is in Charge.

The secretary says that Chief Engineer Stevens is now in charge and is personally cognizant with the conditions described by the writer of the article, and a memorandum of comments thereon by Mr. Stevens is appended to the letter as an exhibit.

Discussing the conditions at Colon, the secretary quotes Mr. Stevens as saying that every one who has been on the ground knows that the problem of draining the city is one of extreme difficulty, owing to its situation, with the sea on one side and a fresh water swamp on the other; that the land on the average is not more than eighteen inches above the sea level.

Is Impracticable.

Uncertainty as to the plans of improving Colon has rendered impractical any radical destruction of unsanitary buildings.

Secretary Taft declares the rate of wages are well advertised throughout the West Indies at 10 cents gold an hour for a day of eight hours, which may be increased by diligent work to 13 cents an hour. It is also untrue, he says, that a great prejudice exists against negroes in the railroad management. The statement charged that the chairman of the commission wrongly looks upon the tropical negro laborer as a poor laborer.

Is a Good Workman.

The conclusion of Mr. Stevens and of every observer on the isthmus, he declares, is to the effect that this labor is efficient.

Regarding the statement that negroes are leaving the isthmus in portentous numbers because of mistreatment, Mr. Stevens testifies that just before the holidays a number of laborers returned to the islands whence they came. This, the secretary says, has been the custom ever since the beginning of the French construction.

As to the charge that officials on the isthmus were appointed through congressional or political influence, the secretary says the chief engineer categorically denies this, "and I am able from the standpoint of Washington also categorically to deny it."

No "Red Tape."

Secretary Taft declares that the charges of delay by "red tape" in the construction of buildings on the isthmus is shown to be untrue by the statement of the chief engineer.

Secretary Taft says the charge that quarantine officials construe the law, and enforce it as far as possible to interfere with commerce is "utterly unfounded."

Earthquake at Vienna.

Vienna, Jan. 11.—A slight shock of earthquake was recorded here last night. It caused no damage.

DROPS MOROCCAN QUESTION

SENATE HAS HEARD ENOUGH ABOUT IT — PASSES EIGHTY BILLS.

Washington, Jan. 11. — The senate made it plain yesterday that it had heard all that it wants to hear for the present on the Moroccan question. There were two opportunities to resume consideration of the subject, but both were avoided and apparently with the assent of all the members. Having had its day in court the resolution dealing with the subject was placed on the calendar and when it was reached in regular order no one manifested the least disposition to disturb its rest and the senate adjourned at a comparatively early hour rather than take it up.

Notwithstanding the early adjournment a great deal of business was disposed of. About eighty bills were passed, leaving on the calendar only six or seven measures. Of the bills passed a large majority grant private pensions and many were bridge bills. One of the bills favorably acted upon appropriates $200,000 for the marking of the graves of Confederate soldiers who died in Northern prisons during the Civil war.

For the rest of the session the senate gave attention in turn to the question of the salaries paid to Panama canal officials, to the pure food bill and the merchant marine shipping bill, but without taking action on any of those subjects.

A vigorous speech in favor of the Philippine tariff bill by Mr. Dalzell of Pennsylvania opened the proceedings in the house yesterday. It was followed by several others against the measure, most notable of which was a two-hour address by the veteran statesman, Mr. Keifer of Ohio, an ex-speaker, who returns to the house after a retirement of twenty years.

AGREE UPON ROILROAD BILL.

Republicans Will Support Hepburn Bill With Modifications.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The Republican members of the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce at a conference which lasted three hours yesterday afternoon, agreed to support the Hepburn railroad rate bill, with a few modifications which were agreed on and which relate chiefly to court procedure. These modifications were taken from the provisions of the Esch-Townsend bill and are in the nature of a compromise with the supporters of that measure. The committee will report the bill to the house next Friday.

Representative Townsend of Michigan, the author of the bill which was consolidated with the Esch bill and passed at the last session, it is announced, will make the opening speech in the house in favor of the Hepburn bill. It is planned to bring in a rule on the Hepburn bill when it is considered in the house so as to prevent amendments except on the first day of the debate. The Democrats, however, are to be permitted to offer a substitute on which they can go on record.

M'CURDY WILL TELL ALL.

Is in Rage at Being Scapegoat for Evils of Mutual Life.

New York, Jan. 11.—A full exposure of conditions which have prevailed in the management of the Mutual Life Insurance company is to be made by Richard McCurdy, former president of the company. The alleged efforts of the Truesdale investigating committee to whitewash facts will be disregarded by the former chief, who is in a rage at having been made, as he believes, a scapegoat for all the evils which are said to have existed within the company. Mr. McCurdy, from his home in Morristown, N. J., has served notice upon the trustees of the company that he will be made a scapegoat no longer. He is going to speak out, and insurance men in this city expect to learn the truth in regard to reports of dark scandals which, it is said, have been covered instead of being exposed by the Truesdale committee.

BIG SMELTING CORPORATION.

Concern Formed Yesterday Will Have Capital of $75,000,000.

Boston, Jan. 11—Announcement was made yesterday of the organization of the United States Smelting and Refining company, under the laws of Maine, with an authorized capital of $75,000,000. The company is formed for general mining purposes in the West, and will be controlled largely by the same persons who own a controlling interest in the United States Mining company. Property is already owned by the organization in Utah and California, and it is proposed to extend operations in other states of the West. There will be 750,000 shares of 7 per cent cumulative preferred stock and 750,000 shares of common stock.

WHOLE 1906 CUT IS BOUGHT.

Chicago Firm Makes Big Contract in Wisconsin.

Marinette, Wis., Jan. 11. —The Francis Beidler Company of Chicago yesterday purchased the 1906 cut of lumber of the two mills of the Hamilton & Merryman company. The consideration was about $750,000 and includes 35,000,000 feet of lumber, 15,000,000 lath, 15,000,000 shingles and 20,000 pieces of ties. It is one of the largest deals that will be made in lumber circles this year.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Minnesota Historical Society.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 13, 1906. NUMBER 26.

RECLAIMING THE MINNESOTA SWAMPS

Interesting Resume of Conditions in the North and How It Is Hoped to Win Wealth From Them.

In his report to the governor under date of Dec. 16, 1904, the engineer for the state drainage commission gives the following account of state drainage:

In the year 1893 the legislature passed a bill appropriating $100,000 for state drainage work in the Red River valley and creating a drainage commission known as the Red River valley drainage commission. Under the direction of this commission $182,509 was expended on draining and reclaiming the swamp lands of the Red River valley. In the year 1901 an act was passed by the state legislature appropriating $50,000 for the drainage and reclamation of state lands of the State of Minnesota and creating a drainage commission consisting of the governor, state auditor and the secretary of state and known as the drainage commission of the State of Minnesota. An additional appropriation of $50,000 was made in the year 1903 to be expended under the direction of this commission, making a total of $100,000 available for the work of the commission.

All of this money, $257,000, and an additional $25,000 contributed by the Great Northern railway was judiciously expended and the engineer says:

The benefits resulting from the construction of these ditches have been greater than the original estimates show.

In an address delivered at Crookston, Aug. 1, the engineer says: The direct benefits that would accrue to land along the line of these ditches would not be less than $5 per acre, which by taking in a scope one mile wide along either side would amount to $6,400 per mile. At $6,400 per mile the direct benefit that will have resulted, when the present appropriation is exhausted will be $1,280,000. Add this to the indirect benefits which result by reason of the outlets which these ditches afford thousands of miles of lateral ditches, and the benefits to roads and general benefit in developing and building up portions of country that were like leprous spots on the face of nature, the eradication of which was impossible without the construction of these ditches.

In the same address Mr. Ralph, the engineer, tells of the result of draining in portions of Polk county, reclaiming worthless, boggy land on each side the ditch for a distance of three miles, which are to-day the best pasture, meadow and agricultural lands in Polk county, and sell readily at from $16 to $20 per acre. Other ditches were pointed out where after improvement, the lands formerly considered worthless were sold by the state at prices ranging from $8 to $16 per acre.

In 1905 the state legislature was again asked for an appropriation for state drainage and also a law authorizing a topographic survey of the state lands, looking to systematic drainage. This measure was strenuously championed by Hon. A. L. Cole of Walker, and largely through his pluck, push and superior generalship the state was given its first real drainage legislation. Real, because the legislature was brought face to face with conditions and first realized the importance of going at this great work in an understandable, systematic way. The Cole law awakened the people of the state to the importance of the work and the topographic survey, begun the past summer, has demonstrated the wisdom of the man from Walker and the good judgment of the legislature in accepting his suggestions. It is the most important legislation ever undertaken by the state, and will eventually result in making every acre of the state's vast swamp land holdings accessable, tenable and desirable. The immensity of the undertaking can scarcely be appreciated by reading the figures, as the human mind cannot conceive of an area of 4,500,000 acres of land, or of the tens of millions of dollars the land may be sold for, or the hundreds of millions of dollars intelligent cultivation of this wide area may be made to produce in a comparatively few years. All of this immense tract of land lies in Northern Minnesota and side by side with it are other millions of acres of swamp, morass and bog held by the government as trustee for the Indians, in forestry reserves and reservoir basins. All told there is estimated to be 11,000,000 acres of these unoccupied, unsaleable, wet lands, lands the natural fertility of which are unsurpassed anywhere in the North, lands that may be by drainage converted into hundreds of thousands of farms, giving homes for hundreds of thousands, yes, millions of people. Lands the development of which means greater grandeur to the state and added glory to the nation. The importance of improving these wide areas and of having the improvement undertaken without delay created such intense interest that at a meeting of the drainage commission, held at Bemidji in June last, several hundred people from the north and central part of the state gathered to discuss the question. Called in a perfunctory sort of way, the meeting was a genuine surprise to all in the enthusiasm manifested. The governor presided and for hours the large audience listened to the story of conditions, and one member of the commission remarked, "It is too bad that this meeting could not be held before the assembled legislature of the state, that they might know the conditions, and, knowing them, apply the remedy in the way of ample enough appropriations to make the completion of the work not only possible, but in time for the present generation to enjoy it." Later in the afternoon a resolution was presented asking the Minnesota delegation in congress to use their best endeavors to get the federal government to survey and drain the lands held in the reservations. This resolution passed and at once the meeting learned that there was an immense work to do. Growing out of this it was decided to form an organization to assist in the work by spreading the gospel of drainage. To secure congressional action and to educate the people of the whole state as to conditions in the north and their great interest in them, for these submerged millions of state lands are a common heritage, they belong to the school fund of the state. The conversion of an unprofitable holding into an asset worth millions of dollars was deemed as interesting a fact for the man from Blue Earth county as it was the man from Beltrami—as interesting to the men from Pipestone or Rock as the Polk or St. Louis county citizen, for we all have a common interest in the schools, an equal interest in the real estate.

The organization at Bemidji was accomplished with the aid, council and advice of such men as Hon. A. D. Stephens of Crookston, State Engineer Ralph, Hon. A. L. Cole of Walker, Hon. Asher Murray of Wadena, Hon. W. D. Washburn of Hennepin, Hon. A. L. Gole of Grand Rapids, Mr. G. E. Becker of Grand Rapids, Senator Cole of Fergus Falls, Mr. Lane of Koochiching, Mr. Black of Rosseau county and others to the number of forty or more. There was scarcely time to effect a permanent organization, and after electing A. G. Bernard of Cass Lake, president, H. G. Hays of Bemidji, secretary, and appointing Messrs. Stephens, Cole, Murray, Tone of Northome and Ekman of Badger an executive committee arrangements were made for a convention at Crookston on Aug. 1, to adopt a constitution and by-laws and complete the organization of the association. Agreeably to this understanding and with the aid and endorsement of every newspaper almost in the state, the convention was held at Crookston, possibly the largest, most representative and most important ever held in the North. Three hundred and fifty prominent Minnesotans attended this gathering, very few of them from the north, by far the larger number coming from the central and southern parts of the state, to hear about drainage. The governor, Senator Clapp, Congressman Steenerson, Senator Stephens, Representative Cole, Engineer Abercrombie and Engineer Ralph delivered addresses and after listening to the call of counties and a statement of conditions a constitution was adopted and the Minnesota Drainage League born.

The adoption of the constitution was followed by election of officers, as follows:

President—A. G. Bernard of Cass Lake.

Vice Presidents—C. H. Warner of Aitkin, W. A. Hinton of Martin county.

Secretary—H. G. Hays of Bemidji.
Treasurer—H. V. Eva of Duluth.
Executive Committee—
First District—W. A. Nolan.
Second District—Ezra Gates.
Third District—C. A. Johnson.
Fourth District—Frank Haskell.
Fifth District—J. F. Calhoun.
Sixth District—Asher Murray.
Seventh District—Thomas Olson.
Eighth District—R. A. McGolrich.
Ninth District—R. J. Wells.

At the first meeting by the new executive committee, held at the Minneapolis club, Sept. 6, the secretary was authorized to begin a campaign for an extension of the interests of the league.

At the next meeting of the committee, held at the state capitol on Oct. 13, the following subcommittee was appointed on ways and means:

R. A. McGolrich, Duluth; J. F. Calhoun, Minneapolis; Frank Haskell, St. Paul; C. A. Johnson, St. Peter; H. G. Hays, Bemidji; A. G. Bernard, Cass Lake.

The general plan of procedure was discussed and the ways and means committee authorized to begin their work of securing funds for the carrying forward the greatest reclamation service ever undertaken by any state of the Union. And the work is progressing as rapidly as possible with the means at hand.

As with other great movements the Minnesota idea does not appeal to everybody in the same way and the committee on ways and means find several undesirable conditions confronting them. The first obstacle is the evident attempt of the national irrigation association to stop any attempt at improvement or reclamation in Minnesota. They sent their president to the state, and his advice was that there was no hope for congressional assistance, but very imminent danger to the Mississippi river by dumping all the water from all the swamps into that stream and by cutting off all of the timber on all of the watershed. The first result being calculated to endanger the property of the planter of Louisiana by creating flood conditions and the second so decreasing the rainfall as to make of the north only a howling wilderness inhabited by hyenas and jackals. The irrigation people told us to go home, build summer resorts and automobile roads. Then came the forestry people in the person of the secretary of the state forestry society, who declared "that the State Drainage League is only another name for the enemies of refdrestration and the forestry reserve. "The men back of that movement are the men who have been fighting forestry all the time." The officers of the Minnesota Drainage League, members of the Horticultural society, with whom the Forestry association were holding a joint session, were forced to beg for the privileges of the floor to reply to these unjust and unfair attacks, and, after some wrangling were given ten minutes in which to explain away charges that consumed two hours and a half in presentation, and in that time must present the claims of Northern Minnesota as an agricultural region, to show that drainage might be accomplished scientifically, and be a conservator of the golden flood of the great river, and that the League had never for an instant presumed to discuss irrigation, forestration or forestry reserves. The charges of the president of the irrigation association were afterwards met through the daily press, and that gentleman left the state after voluminous explanation and a column of apology. The secretary of the Forestry society has not been heard from.

Conception of the work undertaken by this league requires knowledge of conditions and knowledge of conditions brings the conviction that when accomplished, as it certainly will be some day, this work will add hundreds of dollars in money and hundreds of thousands in population to Minnesota. The area involved is as large as the entire state of Ohio; a region rich in natural timber products, with dozens of undeveloped water powers, centrally located, with an excellent climate and nearer tide water than Chicago. Its development means more to the state than its present growth for the area involved is larger than the area of that portion of the state already improved and developed. Is it unreasonable to believe that in a region three hundred and twenty miles long by two hundred and fifteen miles wide, composed of as fine land, as rich in material product of lumber and ore, with material water powers scattered over its surface, close to an all water route to the markets of the world, with agricultural resources equal to any similar area in the nation—is it unreasonable to predict the building of cities, the creation of an empire, of wealth, of grandeur there? Is it unreasonable to ask for reimburseable federal assistance to make saleable federal lands? Is it unreasonable to ask state aid for the reclamation of the commonwealth lands? If it is unreasonable history must be forgotten and the experiences of nineteen hundred years of civilization and human progress set at naught. If it is reasonable the Minnesota Drainage League should have your earnest, hearty and immediate support and endorsement for it is committed to that end and that end alone.

ARCHIE CAUGHT SIX-TOED CAT.

Roosevelt Pet Had Run Away From the White House.

When the Roosevelt Children returned to the White House after their summer in Oyster Bay, they brought a six-toed cat which rejoiced in the name of Slippers. The younger children—Ethel, Quentin and Archibald—were devoted to the pet, and great was their lamentation when she forsook her enviable position and disappeared. A reward was offered in vain. But a week ago a negro boy got into the grounds of the White House and conveyed the intelligence that a six-toed cat was living in his alley, down near the river. Archibald, who shows much of his father's independence, at once set out to catch the vagrant. Slippers, pet of the family of a nation's ruler, was living the life of an ordinary tramp cat. Archibald captured her and took her home, but she didn't seem pleased. A collar with name and address was fastened to her neck. She now comes and goes as she wishes. One day she feeds from the dainties of the president's table; the next she may be seen catching rats on the decaying wharfs in South Washington.—New York Press.

Not Encouraging.

"But," said the persistent suitor, "if I were to prove to you that I would go to the ends of the earth for you—"

"First," replied the Boston girl, "you would have to prove to me that the earth really has ends, and that, you know, is quite impossible."—Philadelphia Press.

A Matter of Figure.

"Do you think it is right for you to spend so much money on corsets and pads and such things?

"Certainly."

"Well, I don't see how you can."

"Oh, it's just the way I figure."—Houston Post.

Applied Art.

First Sweet Sixteen—Oh, my Fritz is very musical. He composes heavenly waltzes.

Second Ditto—So is my Hans. He even kisses in waltz time.—Meggendoerfer Blatter.

MANY PERISH IN HOTEL FIRE

TRAGIC SCENES ENACTED AT EARLY MORNING FIRE IN WEST HOTEL.

EIGHT PERSONS ARE KILLED

DARING HEROISM OF FIREMEN PREVENTS GREATER LOSS OF LIFE.

Minneapolis, Jan. 11.—Eight persons dead, a score injured and four upper stories of the West hotel badly gutted, is the result of a disastrous fire in Minneapolis yesterday morning.

The known dead are eight, but the number may be increased as many of the guests were made critically ill by smoke, several were badly burned and a number are prostrated because of exposure to the elements.

A lack of sufficient fire escapes is responsible in part for the fatalities.

The fire, which started a few minutes after 7 o'clock, was caused by crossed wires located in the elevator shaft near the third story.

Flames Spread Quickly.

The flames ran along the woodwork ravenously and a few minutes later were leaping up the shaft to the seventh and eighth floors.

From the office every electric bell in the building was set going, and this, with the smoke and flames, brought the guests—the majority of them clad only in their night clothes—running out into the halls and to the windows.

In the halls and the rooms the smoke was stifling, and it was this that was responsible for the fatalities.

Screaming, Shivering Forms.

When the fire department arrived smoke was pouring from nearly every window in the building from the fourth floor up, and the narrow ledges of each carried a screaming, shivering form, in many two, both fighting for a foothold.

Rushing through the smoke in the halls the firemen brought many down to safety by way of the stairways, some in an unconscious condition, while the ladders raised enabled those in the windows to reach the ground.

Servants and employes of the hotel also aided, and wherever possible, rooms were examined for any unconscious forms.

Terrible Scenes.

During the fire, which raged for nearly an hour, pandemonium reigned: and it is remarkable that the number of deaths was not greater.

Many overcome by smoke droppell in the halls, only to be found later and carried out to safety by firemen and hotel employes, while others in their excitement jumped from perilous heights and came off uninjured.

Dies Hero's Death.

Capt. John Berwin of Hook and Ladder Company No. 1 was among the first to lose his life. He had brought out Miss Emily Barlow from her room on the seventh floor in a fainting condition, and was descending the frail ladders with her in his arm when he lost his hold and fell. The woman was caught by District Chief G. W. Kehoe, who was standing on a narrow ledge beneath.

Berwin continued in his frightful descent, striking the ground on his head and shoulder. He was dead when the firemen reached him.

Jumped to Their Death.

Almost simultaneously with the fall of Berwin came the sickening fall of human forms as they struck the ground in an alley between the hotel and the Unique theater. Three tumbled to their death here.

While all this was happening on the ground beneath stood thousands of persons attracted by the fire, and they yelled frantically to others, who seemed about to jump, to wait and they would be rescued.

Death Traps.

The sixth and seventh floors were the death traps, for it was in these two that most of the dead were taken out.

W. G. Nichols, a member of the Minneapolis chamber of commerce, was found dead in his room. He had been suffocated by the dense smoke.

Thomas Soumerville, traveling man from Springfield, Mass., was taken out of his room on the seventh floor in a dying condition from the inhalation of smoke. He died in the West hotel drug store.

J. E. Wolf of Minneapolis, for many years a boarder at the hotel, was suffocated in his room on the sixth floor. He was partly burned.

The names of the two who jumped from the seventh floor were Mrs. M. E. Hodges of Minneapolis and J. B. Peisinger of New York. Both bodies were frightfully mangled.

eHeartrending Scenes.

The scenes attending the fire were heartrending in the extreme. Men and women, all scantily clad, huddled in the hotel rotunda or sought protection from the elements in near-by stores. Few had shoes, and the majority only wore nightclothes. In this condition a number had climbed down the fire escapes from the sixth and seventh floors to be caught fainting on the ground below.

The property loss suffered by the West hotel management and owners will be close to $50,000, the three upper floors of the building being practically wrecked.

Thrilling Escapes.

The stories of narrow escapes are many.

One of the most thrilling was that of F. A. Chamberlain of the Security bank, and members of his family, who were not awakened in time to make their escape by the usual exits. For many minutes after it appeared their position was untenable, they remained at their window in the topmost story on the Fifth street and Hennepin avenue corner. The pompier ladders were rushed to the scene and a fireman with a rope about him, firmly placed and scaled the ladder to the cheers of thousands of excited spectators.

Brought to Safety.

Arrived at the window he took one after another lowered them safely to the extension ladders two stories beneath by means of the rope, where they were brought to safety.

The rescue was accomplished amid deathlike silence. When the last person was lowered and the fireman followed the cheering broke loose.

It was one of the most thrilling scenes at a fire ever witnessed in Minneapolis.

Many similar rescues bear tribute to the heroic work accomplished by the fire department.

FORETOLD HIS OWN DEATH.

Strange Prophecies Followed by Fatal Kick by Horse.

Grand Forks, N. D., Jan. 11.—Andrew McDonald of Elk River, Minn., an employe of a dairy company, who was recently killed by the kick of a horse, seems to have had a remarkable premonition of death. A month ago he took out an accident insurance policy for $3,000, and remarked at the time that he did not expect to live long, and that he would surprise his relatives with a donation. More recently he discussed with a friend the advisability of joining a fraternal insurance society, telling him that he thought he had better get his affairs straightened up, as he probably would die soon.

IS SUSPECTED OF MURDER.

Alleged Postoffice Robber May Be Charged With Killing Ole Havey.

Hayfield, Minn., Jan. 11.—Frank McVey, arrested twelve miles east of this village on suspicion of being the murderer of Marshal Ole Havey, was given a hearing before Justice Johnston and held to the grand jury upon the charge of entering the postoffice here on Dec. 19 and taking from the safe $150 in postage stamps. In default of $1,500 bail he was taken to jail. This charge, it is said, is only preliminary to a charge of murder that will be brought at the April term of court. The officers are in possession of damaging evidence tending to show McVey to be the murderer of the village marshal here on the night of Dec. 30.

RAN INTO A BOULDER.

Peculiar Death of a Montana Mine Boss.

Butte, Mont., Jan. 11.—James Woylen, a well known night boss of the Gem mine, was found dead on the side of the hill east of the Spectacular mine. His skull was fractured and the body had been lying at the side of the trail for several hours. The manner of his death is a mystery. It is thought, however, that while on his way to work he got off the trail in some way in the dark and started running down the steep hill which leads to the trail and that he ran headlong into a large boulder.

CHOKED TO DEATH BY FOOD.

Physicians Say "Joliet Flax" Died of Strangulation.

Clinton, Iowa, Jan. 11.—Physicians who examined the body of John Flaxcamp, the itinerant cigarmaker who died suddenly in a restaurant at Savanna, state that death was caused by choking, the man having strangled on a small piece of meat which entered his windpipe. Flaxcamp was known over this part of Iowa and in Eastern Illinois as "Joliet Flax," taking the sobriquet from his home town.

TWO ASPHYXIATED.

Hotel Guests Blew Out the Gas Before Retiring.

Aberdeen, S. D., Jan. 11.—Adam Hauck, twenty-five, and Christian Glauser, fifty-five, of Eureka, S. D., blew out the gas when retiring at an European hotel here. They were found dead in the morning. Glauser is married and has eight children. Hauck was single.

Building Big Sawmill.

Koochiching, Minn., Jan. 11.—A Minneapolis firm has commenced the erection here of what will be one of the largest sawmills in Minnesota. The plant will be equipped with the most modern machinery and will be operated by electricity, which is to be generated by the dam now being built. The capacity of the mill will be 150,000,000 feet a year.

Sleigh Runs Over a Child.

Minot, N. D., Jan. 11.—Margaret Kelley, the six-year-old daughter of Deputy Sheriff Edward Kelley, was run over by a bob-sled while playing with other companions. She received injuries which resulted in her death shortly afterward.

Opens Church at New Ulm.

New Ulm, Minn., Jan. 11.—Bishop Edsall last night formally opened the new $5,000 Episcopal church here, the first Episcopal church ever built in New Ulm.

CANAL INQUIRY STARTS AT ONCE

SECRETARY TAFT WILL BE THE FIRST WITNESS TO TAKE THE STAND.

BIGELOW'S CHARGES REFUTED

TAFT AND STEVENS MAKE AN ELABORATE ANSWER TO CHARGES.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The canal investigation will start in with a rush. The committee on interoceanic canals will meet this morning and begin the examination of witnesses. The hearings will be public. Secretary Taft will be the first to appear and testify.

The committee believes that after a complete examination of Secretary Taft in relation to canal affairs it will be easier to arrange a definite program and complete a list of those to be called as witnesses. For this reason the matter is to be taken up at once.

Chief Engineer Stevens will be before the committee next Tuesday. He desires to resume his duties on the isthmus at an early date. Among others given an early hearing will be Maj. Gallagher, recently relieved from service as assistant purchasing agent.

Reply to Bigelow.

An elaborate and comprehensive answer to the charges against the isthmian canal commission contained in an article in the Independent has been made by Secretary Taft. It is in the form of a letter to the president, who on Jan. 6, in a communication to the secretary, said his attention had been directed to an article purporting to have been written by Poultney Bigelow, "attacking the administration of affairs by the canal commission and yourself on the isthmus," and adding, "will you please advise me what basis, if any, there is for these charges?"

Takes Up Charges.

In his reply Secretary Taft first briefly summarizes the charges as follows:

Alleged that the conditions in Colon are so unsanitary as to indicate great neglect in providing for the health of the employes of the commission: alleged mistreatment of laborers: that persons appointed to the isthmus are incompetent and have been given their places through political influences and also incompetency or misconduct, the latter involving the charge that there is so much "red tape" necessary to bring about the construction of buildings that misery has come to the laborers.

Stevens Is in Charge.

The secretary says that Chief Engineer Stevens is now in charge and is personally cognizant with the conditions described by the writer of the article, and a memorandum of comments thereon by Mr. Stevens is appended to the letter as an exhibit.

Discussing the conditions at Colon, the secretary quotes Mr. Stevens as saying that every one who has been on the ground knows that the problem of draining the city is one of extreme difficulty, owing to its situation, with the sea on one side and a fresh water swamp on the other: that the land on the average is not more than eighteen inches above the sea level.

Is Impracticable.

Uncertainty as to the plans of improving Colon has rendered impractical any radical destruction of unsanitary buildings.

Secretary Taft declares the rate of wages are well advertised throughout the West Indies at 10 cents gold an hour for a day of eight hours, which may be increased by diligent work to 13 cents an hour. It is also untrue, he says, that a great prejudice exists against negroes in the railroad management. The statement charged that the chairman of the commission wrongly looks upon the tropical negro laborer as a poor laborer.

Is a Good Workman.

The conclusion of Mr. Stevens and of every observer on the isthmus, he declares, is to the effect that this labor is efficient.

Regarding the statement that negroes are leaving the isthmus in portentous numbers because of mistreatment, Mr. Stevens testifies that just before the holidays a number of laborers returned to the islands whence they came. This, the secretary says, has been the custom ever since the beginning of the French construction.

As to the charge that officials on the isthmus were appointed through congressional or political influence, the secretary says the chief engineer categorically denies this, "and I am able from the standpoint of Washington also categorically to deny it."

No "Red Tape."

Secretary Taft declares that the charges of delay by "red tape" in the construction of buildings on the isthmus is shown to be untrue by the statement of the chief engineer.

Secretary Taft says the charge that quarantine officials construe the law and enforce it as far as possible to interfere with commerce is "utterly unfounded."

Earthquake at Vienna.

Vienna, Jan. 11.—A slight shock of earthquake was recorded here last night. It caused no damage.

DROPS MOROCCAN QUESTION

SENATE HAS HEARD ENOUGH ABOUT IT — PASSES EIGHTY BILLS.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The senate made it plain yesterday that it had heard all that it wants to hear for the present on the Moroccan question. There were two opportunities to resume consideration of the subject, but both were avoided and apparently with the assent of all the members. Having had its day in court the resolution dealing with the subject was placed on the calendar and when it was reached in regular order no one manifested the least disposition to disturb its rest and the senate adjourned at a comparatively early hour rather than take it up.

Notwithstanding the early adjournment a great deal of business was disposed of. About eighty bills were passed, leaving on the calendar only six or seven measures. Of the bills passed a large majority grant private pensions and many were bridge bills. One of the bills favorably acted upon appropriates $200,000 for the marking of the graves of Confederate soldiers who died in Northern prisons during the Civil war.

For the rest of the session the senate gave attention in turn to the question of the salaries paid to Panama canal officials, to the pure food bill and the merchant marine shipping bill, but without taking action on any of those subjects.

A vigorous speech in favor of the Philippine tariff bill by Mr. Dalzell of Pennsylvania opened the proceedings in the house yesterday. It was followed by several others against the measure, most notable of which was a two-hour address by the veteran statesman, Mr. Keifer of Ohio, an ex-speaker, who returns to the house after a retirement of twenty years.

AGREE UPON ROILROAD BILL.

Republicans Will Support Hepburn Bill With Modifications.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The Republican members of the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce at a conference which lasted three hours yesterday afternoon, agreed to support the Hepburn railroad rate bill, with a few modifications which were agreed on and which relate chiefly to court procedure. These modifications were taken from the provisions of the Esch-Townsend bill and are in the nature of a compromise with the supporters of that measure. The committee will report the bill to the house next Friday.

Representative Townsend of Michigan, the author of the bill which was consolidated with the Esch bill and passed at the last session, it is announced, will make the opening speech in the house in favor of the Hepburn bill. It is planned to bring in a rule on the Hepburn bill when it is considered in the house so as to prevent amendments except on the first day of the debate. The Democrats, however, are to be permitted to offer a substitute on which they can go on record.

M'CURDY WILL TELL ALL.

Is in Rage at Being Scapegoat for Evils of Mutual Life.

New York, Jan. 11.—A full exposure of conditions which have prevailed in the management of the Mutual Life Insurance company is to be made by Richard McCurdy, former president of the company. The alleged efforts of the Truesdale investigating committee to whitewash facts will be disregarded by the former chief, who is in a rage at having been made, as he believes, a scapegoat for all the evils which are said to have existed within the company. Mr. McCurdy, from his home in Morristown, N. J., has served notice upon the trustees of the company that he will be made a scapegoat no longer. He is going to speak out, and insurance men in this city expect to learn the truth in regard to reports of dark scandals which, it is said, have been covered instead of being exposed by the Truesdale committee.

BIG SMELTING CORPORATION.

Concern Formed Yesterday Will Have Capital of $75,000,000.

Boston, Jan. 11.—Announcement was made yesterday of the organization of the United States Smelting and Refining company, under the laws of Maine, with an authorized capital of $75,000,000. The company is formed for general mining purposes in the West, and will be controlled largely by the same persons who own a controlling interest in the United States Mining company. Property is already owned by the organization in Utah and California, and it is proposed to extend operations in other states of the West. There will be 750,000 shares of 7 per cent cumulative preferred stock and 750,000 shares of common stock.

WHOLE 1906 CUT IS BOUGHT.

Chicago Firm Makes Big Contract in Wisconsin.

Marinette, Wis., Jan. 11.—The Francis Beidler Company of Chicago yesterday purchased the 1906 cut of lumber of the two mills of the Hamilton & Merryman company. The consideration was about $750,000 and includes 35,000,000 feet of lumber, 15,000,000 lath, 15,000,000 shingles and 20,000 pieces of ties. It is one of the largest deals that will be made in lumber circles this year.

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H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Jan. 13, 1906.

This is the age of co-operation and the farmers are on the right track and decidedly up-to-date in this vicinity.

Now it is France and Germany that are making faces and talking of war. These don't seem to be particularly peaceful times.

R. W. Hitchcock, formerly of the Bemidji Pioneer, will manage the Crookston Times during the absence of Editor McKenzie in California.

"You will have to show me," says the state of Missouri to the Standard Oil crowd. Here's hoping that she will raid that robber's roost and hang the principal thieves.

There were one hundred and seventy-six homestead entries at the Crookston land office the last three months of 1905, which goes to show that all of the public domain is not yet taken in Minnesota.

The financial statement of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company shows that its president drew a compensation of $18.40 last year. We wonder how McCall or McCurdy would like a job like that?

Henry H. Rogers, the arrogant herd of the Standard Oil Co., defies the courts in New York and refuses to answer questions. If he was a poor man he would now be in jail for contempt. He must own the courts. What a shame!

Now that the adherents of Thief River Falls have control of the board of county commissioners, there may be something doing in the county seat fight.—St. Hilaire SPECTATOR.

Well, Harry, sleighing is fairly decent since the recent snow fall, but some are of the opinion that the wagon bridge will first have to be widened before the court house can be moved across it—and besides, the bridge was not built for overly-heavy loads.—Red Lake Courier.

Heavens! Carl, you don't think they would be mean enough to take that old building, do you?

Fertile Journal: "A plug tobacco factory is to be started at the Stillwater prison, with a capacity sufficient to supply the inmates, who use about seven hundred pounds per month. Why not start right? Put in machinery ample to supply the plug tobacco demand of the state. One of the most soulless monopolies of the present day is the great tobacco trust and if we use the "juicy plug" we would chew convict plug, rather than the plug made by robbers outside the prison wall.

We have taken considerable pains the past week to inquire of the farmers what they think of the proposed farmers' flour mill, and while we have interviewed quite a number of the prominent farmers we have yet to find one who is not heartily in favor of the project. All seem to be enthusiastic about the scheme and claim the mill will surely be built this season, one prominent farmer having stated that he would take $1,000 in stock if it was necessary. It certainly looks like success and will be a big thing for St. Hilaire and the surrounding country. The SPECTATOR wishes them success and will do all in its power to help.

A Patient Scot.

Alexander Innes Shand in his "A Medley of Memories" writes of an old Scotchman whom he knew in his boyhood. "He used to drive cattle in a flowing, flowered dressing gown, which had been passed on to him, and he only shaved his gray beard at long intervals. One of my earliest recollections is seeing him biting off the tails of a litter of terrier puppies in the courtyard. He was a philosopher in his own way, and with the free run of the servants' hall and butler's pantry he took life easily.

"He never complained. Once when the landlord paid a morning visit that personage splashed from the drainage outside the door into a puddle within, where some ducklings were disporting themselves, and the wet was dripping over him from the blackened rafters.

"'Why, John,' was the exclamation, 'you are in a terrible state here! We must have your roof overhauled.' 'Aye, it's lettin' in some water,' was the reply, 'but it's gey thick, and they are but little drops, and I do weel eneuch in the bed under my auld umbrella.'"

Etiquette of Cannibalism.

"Even among the savages of French Africa, who eat human flesh, there are differences," said Paul Pucci, a young Italian traveler. "Some while ago, when exploring in that country, I learned a good bit about the ways of the various tribes. In a majority of them cannibalism is indulged only when the bodies are those of prisoners taken in battle. It is all right to eat persons who belong to hostile clans, but it would be a gross violation of tradition and the custom of the land to feast upon the friends or even upon members of the same tribe. This delicacy of sentiment, however, is not universal, and in one tribe in particular, where I noted the absence of any old persons, I learned that it was the proper thing to add the aged inhabitants to the local food supply. This confined the population to the young and hardy, for at the first signs of decrepitude the boiling pot was called into requisition."—Washington Post.

Hard Lines For Bachelors.

"Korea's the wrong place for bachelors," said a traveler. "Bachelors in Korea are considered as children and have only children's privileges. You, a Korean bachelor, get thirsty. You enter a rest house and call for palm wine. The pretty little amber colored waitress says:

"'Married?'

"'No,' says you.

"'Heraus, then,' says she. And out you go unslaked.

"You want to vote, but they won't let you if you are not married.

"You apply for a job somewhere. 'How many children have you?' is the first question you're asked.

"And as soon as you say you're unmarried they laugh in your face to think that you should presume to apply for work anywhere."

Where Babies Swim.

"I spent my winters in Samoa," said a traveler. "It is always summer there. There the babies swim. Can you imagine a quainter, a more charming sight than a host of babies, none over two years old, laughing and crowing and swimming like fish in pools of clear sea water? You will see this sight in Samoa. Samoan women believe sea baths benefit babies, and in that equable climate they bathe their little ones daily the year around. The youngsters soon learn to swim. They can swim before they can walk. And to see these pretty brown babies swimming in the sea is well worth a 5,000 mile trip to Samoa."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Extravagant Shoes.

During the reigns of William Rufus, Henry I. and Stephen all sorts of extravagant shoes were worn. The toes were sometimes long and pointed and sometimes made to curl like a ram's horn. Occasionally they were twisted in different directions, as though the feet were deformed. The clergy protested and threatened, but the fashion continued in spite of the maledictions. Several persons were excommunicated for wearing pointed shoes, but they took the risk.

Handling Facts.

The lady witness had become quite picturesque in her testimony, and the attorney had called her down in a way that had made her mad all over. "Confine yourself to facts if you please, madam," he said in conclusion. "Very well," she replied tartly. "You are no gentleman. How does that strike you?"—London Tit-Bits.

The Height of Endurance.

"Are you capable of enduring toil, self sacrifice and personal discomfort in your determination to accomplish something you have set out to do?" inquired the man who gives advice.

"Yes," answered the youth, "I can conscientiously say I am. I once colored a meerschaum pipe."—Exchange.

The Unkindest Cut.

"Is it true that your father is so angry with you that he even refuses to speak to you?"

"Why, he won't recognize me at all. He is so angry that the last time we met he even cut my allowance."—Baltimore American.

Her Version of It.

"But didn't you promise when we were married that I should smoke in the house whenever I pleased?"

"Yes, but you never please by smoking in the house. You displease—me."

I have also seen the world and after long experience have discovered that ennui is our greatest enemy and remunerative labor our most lasting friend. —Justus Moser.

Defined.

De Witt—So you saw me stealing a kiss, eh? Upton—I did, and I call it larceny. De Witt (ecstatically)—Pardon me—grand larceny.

Gives None.

Farmer Hyer—How much milk does your cow give? Farmer Myer—She never gives any. You got to take it.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

For refreshments call at Number 488

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company

Of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota,
for the year ending Dec. 31, 1905.

Organized, 9th day of March, 1893.
Commenced business, 8th day of June, 1893.
Present president, NELS K. ANDERSON, St. Hilaire Minn.
Present secretary, C. P. SWANSON, Wylie, Minn.

Complete list of officers, their addresses, amount of insurance carried by each in this company, and the salary or other compensation paid and to be paid for services during the year:

NAME AND P. O. ADDRESS	OCCUPATION	AM'T OF INSURANCE		OTHER COMPENSATION	
Pres.—Nels K. Anderson, St. Hilaire	Farmer	$ 1,625		$18.40	
Secretary—C. P. Swanson, Wylie	Farmer	1,450		27.75	
Treasurer—Ed. A. Aubol, St. Hilaire	Farmer	1,550		12.34	
TOTAL			$4,625		$58.49
Director—Carl Gerlach, Red Lake Falls	Farmer	2,430		2.00	
Director—Peter Engelstad, Thief R. Falls	Farmer	2,700		4.00	
Director—P. A. Hallstrom, Wylie	Farmer	2,375		4.00	
Totals for Directors			$7,505		$10.00
Grand total for Officers and Directors			$ 12,130		$ 68.49

Annual Statement of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

INCOME DURING YEAR 1905:—		
Balance cash on hand and in bank Dec. 31 of previous year		$ 332 83
Cash received as first payments of policies issued during the year	$ 280 84	
Cash received from assessments levied during previous years	6 15	
Total amount of cash received during the year	286 99	286 99
Total cash, including balance on hand from previous year		619 82
DISBURSEMENTS DURING YEAR 1905:—		
Paid losses incurred during the year	$ 289 00	
Paid agents' expenses $53.60; Directors $12.00	65 60	
Paid salaries of officers: President $18.40, secretary $27.75; treasurer $12.34	58 49	
Paid for printing $15.00, advertising $14.75, office supplies $32.50	62 25	
Insurance department fees	2 00	
All other disbursements	28 25	
Total amount of disbursements during the year	505 59	505 59
Balance cash on hand at end of year		114 23
Total assets of company, including balance cash on hand Dec. 31, '05		$ 619 82

POLICY EXHIBIT:

	NO. FIRE POLICIES		AMOUNT
Policies in force Dec. 31 of previous year	241		$ 319,854 00
Policies issued during the year	75		93,230 00
Total	316		413,084 00
Deduct policies expired and ceased in force during year	25		44,024 00
Policies and amount in force end of year, Dec. 31, 1905	291		369,060 00
Loss claims presented during the year	1	$	289 00
Losses paid in full as adjusted	1		289 00

List of townships in which the company is authorized to transact business, with amount of business in force in each township at end of year. Give the home office township as No. 1:

1. Bray	$29,700	6. River Falls	$61,330	11. Gervais	$ 6,611
2. Polk Centre	52,680	7. Red Lake Falls	27,510	12. Numedal	11,765
3. Black River	32,060	8. Wyandotte	20,100	13. Louisville	9,040
4. Sanders	37,315	9. North	4,350	14. Emardville	4,450
5. Rocksbury	44,815	10. Norden	20,570	15. Garnes	3,825

Grand Total in Force.............$369,060.00.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
COUNTY OF RED LAKE, }

Nels K. Anderson, president, and C. P. Swanson, secretary, of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company, being duly sworn, each for himself deposes and says, that they are the above described officers of the said company, and that on the thirty-first day of December last all of the above described Assets were the absolute property of the said company, free and clear from any liens or claims thereon, except as above stated, and that the foregoing statement, with the schedules and explanations herein contained, annexed or referred to, are a full and correct exhibit of all the Assets, Liabilities, Income and Disbursements and of the condition and affairs of the said company on the said thirty-first day of December last, and for the year ending on that day, according to the best of their information, knowledge and belief, respectively.

NELS K. ANDERSON.
C. P. SWANSON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me
this 8th day of January, 1906.
B. E. BURKEE,
(Seal.) Notary Public, Red Lake Co., Minn.
My commission expires Sept. 17, 1910.

Carlson & Fellman
ST. HILAIRE, - - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS CANDIES
--- CIGARS ---
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Schumacher Bros.
Will offer for a limited season the services of their registered
POLAND-CHINA BOAR
which is without doubt the finest bred hog ever brought into Red Lake county. For particulars inquire at farm in S½ Sec. 12, Bray township.
Name of Animal: Tecumseh King, No. 100425.
Sire: Tecumseh's Pride, No. 93073.
Dam: Chief Ideal's Daughter 4th, No. 231396.

SEEDS, TREES
CORN 23rd ANNUAL Catalog of
EARLIEST AND HARDIEST
of Everything on Earth. Every person who tills a foot of land needs it. Send for it now.
OSCAR H. WILL & CO.
BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA

Always Order
when you want the best beer
Hamm's
the beer with a flavor
New Brew

Agents Everywhere
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul, Minn.

Illinois Central R. R.
EFFICIENTLY SERVES A VAST TERRITORY
by through service to and from the following cities:
Omaha, Neb. Chicago, Ill.
St. Paul, Minn. St. Louis, Mo.
Minneapolis, Peoria, Ill.
Kansas City, Mo. Evansville, Ind.
Memphis, Tenn. Nashville, Tenn.
Cincinnati, Ohio. Atlanta, Ga.
Louisville, Ky. Jacksonville, Fla.
New Orleans, La. Vicksburgh, Miss.
Weekly through service between Chicago and between Cincinnati
AND THE PACIFIC COAST.
Connections at these terminals for the
EAST, SOUTH, WEST NORTH.
Fast and Handsomely equipped Steam-Heated Trains—Dining Cars—Buffet Library Cars—Sleeping Cars—Free Reclining Chair Cars.
A. H. HANSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt
Chicago, Ill

CROOKSTON
LUMBER Company.
Lumber
Manufacturers
St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Button's Business College
and Shorthand Institute
Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

OFFERS to take you through a complete course in Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Tywewriting and let you pay for your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after situation is secured for you. It practically costs you nothing because we get you a position where you earn at least $10.00 per month more than you ever earned before. We want 500 students to enter this college during the next three months and make the above unparalleled offer to get them. The courses are:

Normal, Shorthand AND Typewriting,
Music, Commercial,
Preparatory, Telegraphy.

THIS is the only College in the United States that guarantees a good paying position to every graduate. If we don't get you a satisfactory situation you need never pay us one cent

J. A. Button, Principal
Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

Choice
Bargains
We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at
Farm Land Prices..
Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President. H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.
St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour, and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - - Minn

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

THE
COMFORTABLE
WAY
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
"The Comfortable Way"
EAST OR WEST
is via the
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.
All Principal Points Quickly, Comfortably, Easily Reached.
For detailed information, rates, etc., call on H. M. SWENSON, Agent, ST. HILAIRE, MINN.
S.S. "Minnesota" sails from Seattle for the Orient Feb. 1, 1906.
S.S. "Dakota" sails from Seattle for the Orient, March 12, 1906.

CALL ON
HOLMES BROS.
FOR
HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

TIME TABLE
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm	
10:35 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm	
11:03 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm	
11:25am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 1:30pm	

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar	Wylie	Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James F. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hanson
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Gormo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109, Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Gust Sandberg, of, Crookston, was a business visitor here last Wednesday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Edward Peterson was in from his reservation claim a couple of days this week.

J. C. Demers reports the arrival of a baby girl at his place last Monday night.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Manager Evans made a short business trip to Crookston last Wednesday evening.

L. C. Simons was attending to business at the Merchants State Bank last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bergland are the proud parents of a baby boy, born last Saturday.

George Ossman, the veteran fur and hide buyer, was a business visitor here this week.

The planer is running along without a skip these days and turning out lots of lumber.

W. A. Arthur went out to the reservation yesterday to spend a few days on his claim.

A. M. Edstrom was in from Hazel on Monday and made a business trip to the county seat.

The schools opened for business last Monday and Prof. O'Brien reports that every seat is taken.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Tolef Thompson came back from Canada on Wednesday where he has been visiting his claim.

Miss Dolly Pettengill returned last Saturday from Stillwater, where she spent her holiday vacation.

L. T. Bergh was in from his reservation farm on Tuesday and looks as if country life agreed with him.

It is rather dangerous to brag about the weather, but we are having some fine winter weather at present.

Miss Ottila Westlund returned on Monday from her home at Fargo, where she spent her vacation.

Mrs. R. H. Aimer left last Saturday for an extended visit with relatives at East Grand Forks and Keystone.

Miss Anna Hall and Miss Anna Abrahamson attended a party on the reservation last Tuesday evening.

Miss Clara Hoff, of Park River, N.D., who has been visiting relatives here, returned to her home last Monday.

There will be services at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Alex Sand, pastor.

Robert Gebott returned on Thursday from Indiana, where he has been visiting his parents for several weeks.

Miss Catherine Pirath returned from her home at Red Lake Falls last Saturday and resumed her work in the schools.

Word has been received here that Mrs. John Kolsear, of Rainy River, who formerly lived here, died on December 30th.

Mrs. Thos. Havet, returned on Wednesday from Crookston, where she had been consulting a specialist in regard to her little girl's eyes.

Ole Oleson, who has been spending the holiday season with relatives in Wisconsin, returned yesterday and will take his old position at the planer.

Fred Dahl, who has been spending the holidays at home, left on Monday for the state university where he is taking a course in mining engineering.

You will not find beauty in rouge pot or complexion whitewash. True beauty comes to them only that take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It is a wonderful tonic and beautifier. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Chas. Fellman was down to Crookston on Monday evening to attend a business meeting of the executive committee of the Northern Minnesota Fireman's association.

The I. O. O. F. building is being repaired this week. An entire new foundation and a new floor is being put in. The lower floor has been rented to M. L. Hanson who will occupy it with his general store on February 1st.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Fred Gebott left last Saturday for Port Blakely, Washington, where he has secured a position as filer in a saw mill.

A. F. Lang left on Tuesday for Sarles, N. D., where he will look over the field with a view to putting in a restaurant.

Oscar Swanson, son of C. P. Swanson, of Bray, was in town last Saturday on his way back to his school which he is teaching near Fisher.

Paul Berthon and Prof. Miller, the new band leader, were up from Red Lake Falls last Thursday interviewing members of the local band.

The St. Hilaire Hotel commenced to show a disposition to leave its foundation on the north side and M. E. Bjerk has a crew of men at work putting it in shape.

Mr. Jacob Einerson, of Highlanding, and Mrs. Annie Blaine, of this place, were married at the residence of Wm. Eickhoff last Monday evening, Judge A. S. Wilson officiating.

Clifford Dufour, formerly city editor of the Crookston Times, was here last Tuesday selling stock and taking orders for the new co-operative cracker company recently started at Crookston.

I. Dahlen came in from his reservation home on Thursday for a load of lumber and incidentally to bring in John Winkler, who concluded that country life does not agree with him.

Eugene Lambert and family and Louis Plante and family, of Lambert, were here several days the first of this week visiting with J. C. Demers. They returned to their homes on Thursday.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.
JULIUS PLETH,
tf. Plummer, Minn.

H. S. Sorrals, a relief agent from St. Paul, came up last Wednesday to take the place of H. M. Swenson who will spend a month or more on the coast. Mrs. Sorrals and child joined her husband here yesterday.

Martin E. Hoff and wife and Misses Selina, Clara and Olga Hoff and Misses Hulda and Josephine Gigstad and Miss Eva Johnson drove up to Thief River Falls last Thursday evening to attend a party given by Miss Mabel Evenson.

Geo. L. Austin, the creamery buttermaker, has received a letter from Secretary Wall of the dairy and food commission that his average score in the educational butter contest for last year was 92.35. This was for samples sent in for eleven months, the lowest being 90, the highest 94.

Peter Engelstad, the prosperous Rocksbury farmer, was in town last Monday to attend the Bray Fire Insurance meeting, of which he is a director. Mr. Engelstad informed us that the farmers' flour mill looked good to him and that he had already subscribed for shares.

It invigorates, strengthens and builds up. It keeps you in condition physically, mentally and morally. That's what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35 cents, tea or tablets.
Imperial Drug Co.

Manager John Richards of the Crookston Lumber company, was a guest of the West hotel at Minneapolis and at the time of the fire was in his room on the sixth floor. When he awoke he found the halls on fire and retreat cut off. He sat on his window ledge until rescued by the firemen and coming to the ground on a ladder.

The ways and means committee of the proposed farmer's milling company held an important business meeting here last Monday afternoon. Considerable business was transacted and several sub-committees were appointed to investigate and report at the stockholders' meeting February 2nd. All of the nine members were present and enthusiastic reports were received from the canvassers.

Last week at Thief River Falls occurred the marriage of Miss Annie Letvig of this place to Mr. William Nejie, of Minot, N. D., Judge Bishop of the municipal court officiating. Miss Christina Wilson acted as bridesmaid and Mr. Andrew Letvig as groomsman. The newly wedded pair will made their home at Minot, and have the best wishes of their friends here for their future happiness.

The advertisements in a paper are in many ways the most interesting part of the paper, and readers should get into the habit of looking them over. When a merchant buys space in a paper he does so because he has something to say. He rises to speak and he wants to be heard. Usually what he says will interest you and in many cases a knowledge of what he says will save you money.—Long Prairie Leader.

Thief River News: In connection with the decision of the department of the Interior that settlers on the eleven towns will have to have their second papers before getting a patent to their land, a local real estate dealer is telling an interesting story. One of the settlers made final proof last spring and sold the land for $2,000. A loan company made a loan of $1,000 upon the property and last week notice was received to the effect that if the original claimant did not take out his second papers inside of sixty days, the entry would be cancelled. It is needless to say that the present owner and the man who holds the mortgage are doing some hustling to secure the second papers of this individual.

For Rent.

Store building on Broadway. Good location for any business. Inquire of Mrs. E. L. Eickhoff.

Steenerson's New Bill

Congressman Steenerson last week took the first step toward bringing to the attention of congress the question of reclamation of swamp lands in Minnesota by drainage by introducing a bill for that purpose. It provides that the proceeds of sales of public lands in Minnesota, exclusive of ceded Indian lands, shall be set aside in the treasury in a separate fund to be known as the "drainage reclamation fund," which is to be used in examination and survey for, and construction and maintenance of, drainage works and drainage outlets for the reclamation of swamp lands.

The remainder of the bill is drawn along the lines of the present irrigation reclamation law, providing for assessment of the cost of reclamation against the lands which are to be subject to entry under the homestead law, such cost to be paid by settlers in addition to the regular price of that land. The secretary of the interior is authorized to withdraw all lands subject to reclamation by drainage from settlement and entry, pending the construction of drainage works. The secretary is also authorized to let contracts for the construction of drainage works, provided the amount of the contract is available in the reclamation fund; also to co-operate with the state authorities in all cases where drainage outlets may serve public, state or Indian lands.

The bill provides that the proceeds of sales of lands for the current fiscal year shall be used to start this fund. The fund derived from the sales of public lands in Minnesota last year, exclusive of Indian lands and the 5 per cent paid the state, amounted to $346,000.

Will Be Built.

N. A. Nelson, the St. Hilaire creamery secretary, is one of the prominent farmers who is an enthusiastic advocate of the farmers' flour mill project. He is of the opinion that the scheme will be a success and says that there is little doubt but that the mill will be built the coming summer. He says that the farmers in the vicinity of St. Hilaire are nearly all heartily in favor of the project and that advices are being received daily from farmers living quite a distance who are willing to subscribe liberal amounts to help the cause. "There is a growing feeling among the farmers," says Mr. Nelson, "that the millers and grain men are not giving the farmers a square deal, and we propose to get into the game and do something for ourselves."

Too Bad.

Settlers living on the reservation south of the Red Lake river report that deer are unusually numerous in that vicinity this winter and that it is no uncommon thing to see two or three around most every hay stack, says the Thief River Falls News. Andy Smith and L. J. Higgins report having seen eight together one day last week. Mr. Smith says that the deer have eaten up most of his hay and believes that Game Warden Fullerton should send a deputy out in that section next year to cut hay for the deer, as the settlers are becoming out of patience with the animals and may violate the game laws if things continue as they are now.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company was held at the village hall last Monday and a large number of farmers were in attendance. The affairs of the company were found to be in excellent shape and the stockholders were so well pleased with the condition of affairs that they promptly, without opposition, re-elected all of the old officials. The financial statement which is published in this issue shows that they are carrying a large amount of insurance at a very cheap rate.

Will Talk Creamery.

Crookston Journal (Saturday): State Dairy and Food Inspector Winkjer left this morning for Fosston from where he will go to Tekla where there will be a meeting of the farmers interested in the organization of a creamery. He was invited to attend and address the meeting and bring forth the points in the situation. There has been a creamery organized at Meadows which is not far from there and the farmers in that section of the country are aware of the fact that it pays to keep cows. Undoubtedly Mr. Winkjer will have an organization started before he returns to this city.

Thief River News: The postoffice department last week let the contract for a new direct mail route from this city to Highlanding. Conrad Olson was the successful bidder, agreeing to carry the mail one year for $780. The mail after the 15th of January will leave this city on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock, going to Anton, Brunkeberg, Kratka and Kuhnel and arriving at Highlanding at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. On Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday it will leave Highlanding at 8 in the morning and arrive here at 6 in the evening. The new service will give good satisfaction to the settlers out on the eleven towns.

Dance is Over.

Bemidji Pioneer: About 40 Indians, men, women and children, arrived in the city last night from Walker and left this morning for the Red Lake reservation, after attending the big dance completed at Walker yesterday. The meeting of the Indians was held for no particular purpose and was simply a jollification, an ancient custom among the aborigines being carried out. The dance started nearly two weeks ago and has been kept up constantly ever since until yesterday when the meeting was concluded.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. B. Killand, Secy.

IS STILL AT WORK.

Alton Jackson Adds Eight New Subscribers this Week.

Alton Jackson, the hustling Spectator canvasser, reports rather a poor week but he has succeeded in turning in eight new subscribers, which is not bad, considering that he has not lost any time at school. He is fast nearing the goal and that scholarship will surely be won before February 1st. The following are the new names added to the list:

Martin McAndress	St Hilaire
Richard Wallen	"
G R Saudum	"
O K Sevre	"
Peter Lundberg	"
Claus Adolphson	Wylie
C W Hedin	Plummer
Jake Einerson	Germantown Minn.

Application Necessary.

Owing to delay in the completion of the state school of agriculture building at Crookston, it will be impossible to open school before Feb. 5th. This will give time only for a two or a two-and-a-half months' term, and this notice is given for the purpose of allowing those who desire to attend to send in their application to Prof. Wm. Robertson at Crookston, the head of the school. Such application should reach him not later than Jan. 20th if possible. The expense to the students for board, lodging and tuition will be about $15 per month and while it is realized that many have already got themselves located for this winter's school several applications have come in, and those who wish to avail themselves of this opportunity should be prompt in sending in their application, and the first applications received will be accepted in their order, and those who cannot be accommodated will be promptly notified. No formal application is needed, simply state your age and postoffice address. Applications will be received from both girls and boys.

Teachers' Examinations.

Examinations for state teachers' certificates will be held on January 25, 26 and 27, 1906, at St. Hilaire, Red Lake Falls and Thief River Falls in accordance with the following program:

THURSDAY, JANUARY 25.
(First grade studies.)

A. M.	8:30	Enrollment
	9:00	Physics
	10:30	Algebra
P. M.	1:15	Geometry
	2:30	Civics
	3:30	Physical Geography or General History

FRIDAY, JANUARY 26.
(Second grade studies.)

A. M.	8:00	Enrollment
	8:30	Professional test
	9:30	Spelling
	10:00	Arithmetic
P. M.	1:15	Geography
	2:15	Composition and Penmanship
	3:20	Reading

SATURDAY, JANUARY 27.
(Second grade studies continued.)

A. M.	8:00	U. S. History
	9:15	English Grammar
	11:30	Music
P. M.	1:15	Physiology-Hygiene
	2:15	Drawing

H. T. McAnulty,
County Superintendent.

His First Rail Trip.

Frank P. Hinman, of Mount Morris, N. Y., has just had his first railroad ride, on the Erie railroad, to Rochester and back, and he used a ticket that was issued in 1884 to his grandfather, and had never been cancelled. When the purchaser of the ticket died in 1891, he bequeathed it to his favorite grandson. The latter has since been waiting to "get a holiday," which he recently enjoyed. Speaking of enjoying a holiday let us remind you of ordering a supply of golden grain belt beer. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Get a Life Scholarship Free.

Have a disinterested bookkeeper and stenographer examine the different business colleges in our field, and if he does not find that ours is by far the best, we will give you a life scholarship for nothing. Catalog for the asking.
Queen City Business College,
Crookston, Minn.

Three little babes were nestled in bed,
"I'll name William, Willie and Bill,"
mother said;
Wide was her smile, for triplets they be
She lays her good luck to Rocky
Mountain Tea. (Great baby
medicine) Imperial Drug Co.

Order for Hearing Application for Appointment of Administrator.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court.
Special term, January 11, 1906.

In the matter of the estate of John Julin, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Charley Julin of the county of Red Lake, representing among other things, that John Julin, late of the county of Red Lake, in the state of Minnesota, on the 18th day of March, A.D. 1903, at the county of Red Lake, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a son of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to K. O. Gigstad granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court, on Monday the 5th day of February, A.D. 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county.

Ordered further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire, in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., the 11th day of January, A.D. 1906.

By the Court,
{ Probate Court Seal } K. W. Tarrant, Judge of Probate.
(1t-1-13)

McMURRAY'S
VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

... Go to ...
Rapp & Post
... for your ...
Winter Wear

FIRE INSURANCE
is a
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class.
FOR RATES CALL ON
HARRY E. IVES.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS
NOW ARRIVING.
We are getting in daily our Fall and Winter Stock of.....
Dry Goods :: Dress Goods
Boots and Shoes
and Heavy Winter Goods
AND INVITE YOUR INSPECTION
WE CAN QUOTE YOU PRICES EQUAL TO THE LOWEST
Call early and see our Stock of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods
E. M. HOFF.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : MINN.

A 1st Prize Winner
Mr. C. H. Martz has decided to offer to the farmers of this vicinity for a limited time the services of "ELMS JIM," Register No. 90,001, a full blooded Poland China Boar.
This is probably the Finest Bred Hog in Red Lake County.
For particulars inquire of
C. H. Martz, Riverside Farm.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

2nd ☞ STORE
(SECOND HAND STORE.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
C. A. SKEIE.
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

SAW MILL MACHINERY.
Saw Mills
Gang Edgers
Lumber Trimmers
Lath Machines
Bolting Machines
Shingle Machines
Planer & Matchers
Drag Saws
Wood Saws
Engines
Boilers
Pulleys
Shafting
Boxes
Trucks
Grate Bars
Feed Mills
Horse Powers
We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery. Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

The wonderful growth of

Calumet Baking Powder

is due to its moderate price and the fact that food prepared from it is free from Rochelle Salts, Alum or any injurious substance.

All grocers are authorized to guarantee this.

More Caution.

Hogan (wealthy builder)—Phwat would be a good name for the flats, Mike?

Grogan (his superintendent)—How would "The Marguerite" do?

Hogan—Not wid my wife. I named the lasht wan "The Josephine," and I had to change it in a hurry or dfind an action for divorce.—Puck.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children.
Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York, cure Constipation, Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. Over 30,000 testimonials. At all Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

SHE WORKS ON AT 80.

Mother of Olympia's Captain in the Land Office.

There are some fine old women in the service of the federal government, and not the least of them is Mrs. Ann Gridley, a clerk in the land office at Washington. A short time ago she celebrated the eightieth anniversary of her birth. Mrs. Gridley is the widow of a gallant naval officer, who lost his life in the fight between the Monitor and the Merrimac. Her son was that brave captain of the Olympic who figured in the battle of Manila. For forty years Mrs. Gridley has worked faithfully at her desk, never missing a day from her duties. She is always an honored guest in Admiral Dewey's home on Manila day, May 1, and for two years she has been escorted to the banquet by the admiral himself. Mrs. Gridley scorns the idea of old-age pensions, and says she will keep on working until she reaches the century mark. The death of her grandson two years ago saddened the old woman more than any of her previous troubles, but she has brightened up, and on her recent anniversary she held a levee.—New York Press.

A New Being.

Shephard, Ill., Jan. 8th (Special)—Mrs. Sarah E. Rowe, who is residing here, says she feels like "A New Being," although she is in her fifty-seventh year. Why? because she has taken Dodd's Kidney Pills, that well known medicine that has put new life into old bodies, and has come as a God-send into homes of sorrow and suffering. She says:—

"No one knows what awful torture I suffered with Rheumatism and Kidney Trouble, until I got cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills. This grand remedy drove the Rheumatism out of my body, nothing else ever did me any good. Dodd's Kidney Pills are worth one hundred times their price, for they have made me, though I am fifty-seven years old, a new being. I am in better shape now than I have been for many years and I owe it all to Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Like a Politician.

Lawson—Bjones always thinks before he speaks, doesn't he?

Dawson—Yes, but he doesn't always say what he thinks.

A pessimist doesn't enjoy life unless he doesn't.

The more we know of our ills, the easier and sooner relief will come. Pains and aches of the flesh, joints and muscles are

Rheumatic

TRADE MARK.

The mission of the Old-Monk-Cure

St. Jacobs Oil

is to cure, and the world knows it does it safely and surely.

Price, 25c. and 50c.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 CTS.

LIVE STOCK

The Theory of Telegony.

As all of our readers are by this time doubtless aware, stallions in Wisconsin, after January 1st, 1906, must be certified to by the Department of Horse Breeding of the College of Agriculture at Madison and stand for public service for what they really are as to breeding. The pedigrees must be submitted to the department, and the college certificate will pronounce the stallion a "Pure-bred," "Grade" or "Cross-Bred," as the case may be. This certificate must then be recorded with the register of deeds of the county in which the stallion is owned and used, and copies of it must be printed upon all posters, cards, advertisements, etc., relative to the stallion's breeding and used to procure patronage, writes A. S. Alexander in Farmers' Review.

The other day a stallioner who had always called his horse a pure-bred animal and advertised him as such by means of a large poster which gave his alleged pedigree, and which, by the way, gave the breeding of the sire alone, as the dam was a scrub, asked, in making application for the college certificate, "What will you do with a colt that is the progeny of a pure-bred mare that has been bred at the previous time to a stallion of an alien breed and produced a colt to that service? I claim that such breeding taints the mare for all time, so that she will not breed true, and that she is therefore no longer pure-bred when it comes down to the facts, as her future colts will always be marked for the previous alien sire." He did not use these exact words, but they give the "sense" of his contention, which, however, is no longer held to be sensible or true in fact.

A mare is not tainted by alien service so that her future progeny to sires of her own breed will be marked for the previous sire. This theory has long been held by breeders and is still stoutly upheld by those who have not kept up with the times in their study of the literature of breeding. The theory is termed "telegony," and it has been fully exploded or proved untrue by Prof. Cossar Ewart of Scotland. If there were any possibility that a mare could be so tainted or affected by mating with an alien sire, surely breeding to a zebra would cause that effect. This method of breeding has been tried in every possible combination. Zebra with mare; result, a striped colt looking much like the zebra sire. Zebra to same mare several seasons in succession; result, same marking of colts favoring the zebra sires. Same mares then bred to stallions of their own breed, and resultant progeny in no case marked in the slightest particular for the previous zebra sires. Mares have been bred alternate years to zebra and their own breed stallions and colts have resulted in each case, the zebra product being zebra marked and the native stallion product being marked for that sire. It may be said that every possible way was tried to prove that the theory was correct, but all failed, and the professor is still making experiments along similar lines.

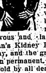
When, then, shall be said to be the explanation of instances which apparently bear out the contention that the womb of the female or her "mind," perhaps, through the eyes, may be left affected or tainted by mating to an alien sire? The explanation is the theory of atavism or reversion to the lost type or character of a remote ancestor or ancestry. Polled cattle thoroughly established as polls sometimes produce calves having scurs or rudimentary horns. The polled parents had horned ancestors, and the scurs suddenly appearing, trace to the horns of long ago. Such cases are common in all pure-bred animals. The black polls sometimes throw red calves. Where such a case happened and it was known that the cow in question had at some previous time been bred intentionally or accidently to a red-colored bull of alien breed, the owner might naturally enough claim that the present red calf was due to the previous cross to an alien red bull. On the contrary, the explanation would be the reversion to the lost color of remote ancestry, for such were found of a red color in the Aberdeen-Angus breed, and some breeders own to-day a few red specimens of the breed.

Great Business in Hereford Cattle.

Our breed of cattle extends almost over the entire United States, we having some breeders in nearly every state in the union. We also do quite an extensive business with breeders residing in Canada and a little work for those residing in Old Mexico. During our fiscal year which ended September 1st we transacted more business than any year since our association has been organized, and from the way business has been running from that date to this, the year we are now in bids fair to even eclipse last year. This past year we have done business for breeders in forty-eight different states and territories and have added two hundred and ninety-four new breeders to our membership roll. Herefords are being raised very extensively in all of the districts that are subject to Texas fever. This year Texas was the second state in the amount of office receipts, being led only by Missouri.

The herds of the South are nearly all supplied by bulls from the North, but these are usually inoculated after arriving in the South. A good many females are also shipped from the North, which are likewise inoculated after arriving there. Most breeders in the South think the best age to ship from the North is from eight to fourteen months old, as they seem to stand inoculation better at this age than when older. There is not very much being done in the district north of the fever line in the way of shipping to Mexico, Cuba, Central and South America, but quite a number of shipments have been made in the last year or two from Texas to these points. The cattle that are shipped from points below the fever line to these places are usually cattle that have already passed through the fever and are, therefore, immune.

C. R. Thomas, Sec'y,
American Hereford Cattle Breeders Association.



DOES YOUR BACK ACHE?

Cure the Kidneys and the Pain Will Never Return.

Only one sure way to cure an aching back. Cure the cause, the kidneys. Thousands tell of cures made by Doan's Kidney Pills. John C. Coleman, a prominent merchant of Swainsboro, Ga., says: "For several years my kidneys were affected, and my back ached day and night. I was languid, nervous and lame in the morning. Doan's Kidney Pills helped me right away, and the great relief I found has been permanent."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Close Quarters.

"How do you feel in your new fall gown?" she was asked.

"To tell the truth," Bettina confessed, "I feel as if I were in a padded cell."—Detroit Free Press.

AN AWFUL ITCHING ON SCALP.

Hair Finally Had to Be Cut to Save Any—Scalp Now in Good Condition Cured By Cuticura.

"I used the Cuticura Soap and Ointment for a diseased scalp, dandruff, and constantly falling of hair. Finally I had to cut my hair to save any at all. Just at that time I read about the Cuticura remedies. Once every week I shampooed my hair with the Cuticura Soap, and I used the Ointment twice a week. In two months' time my hair was long enough to do up in French twist. That is now five years ago, and I have a lovely head of hair. The length is six inches below my waist line, my scalp is in very good condition, and no more dandruff or itching of the scalp. I used other remedies that were recommended to me as good, but with no results. Mrs. W. F. Griess, Clay Center, Neb., Oct. 23, 1905."

Probably Not.

Mrs. Hoyle—Is your husband an optimist?

Mrs. Doyle—I really don't know what his politics are.—Judge.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.
FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.
A. W. GLEASON,
SEAL Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Nor Woman, Either.

"That girl who captured the burglar got mad at me."

"What for?"

"I told her she showed her backbone."

"You should have said her 'nerve.' No girl likes to be told that her backbone shows."—Houston Post.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

An Awkward Error.

An American at Gibraltar entertained Charles Dana Gibson at dinner in the late fall at the Bristol.

When Mr. Gibson rose to reply to a toast he was a little embarrassed. "I have not the gift of oratory," he began, "and that is awkward. Indeed, to be deficient in anything is awkward, isn't it? It is especially awkwardt o be deaf.

"At a dinner at Dark Harbor last summer a deaf old man sat beside a young and beautiful girl.

"'Do you like bananas?' this girl said to the old man, during the first course, in a loud, sweet voice.

He, however, misunderstood her in his deafness. He thought she had said 'pajamas,' and he replied:

"'No, I like the old-fashioned nightshirts best.'"

Brazil's Blue Butterflies.

The exceedingly high prices often asked and paid for butterflies are rendered possible by the extreme uncertainty of the market. There is no means of knowing how long a butterfly will remain a rarity. It may continue unique for a quarter of a century or it may become common in the course of a few months. A case in point is that of a beautiful blue butterfly from Brazil. When the first specimens of this butterfly were sent to England some years ago they readily sold for $50 or more apiece. Since then, however, collectors have sent it home in numbers, and the price has fallen to a paltry 60 cents.

INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION.

How Food Headed Off the Insidious Disease.

The happy wife of a good old-fashioned Michigan farmer says:

"In the spring of 1902 I was taken sick—a general breaking down, as it were. I was excessively nervous, could not sleep well at night, my food seemed to do me no good, and I was so weak I could scarcely walk across the room.

"The doctor said my condition was due to overwork and close confinement and that he very much feared that consumption would set in. For several months I took one kind of medicine after another, but with no good effect—in fact, I seemed to grow worse.

"Then I determined to quit all medicines, give up coffee and see what Grape-Nuts food would do for me. I began to eat Grape-Nuts with sugar and cream and bread and butter three times a day.

"The effect was surprising! I began to gain flesh and strength forthwith, my nerves quieted down and grew normally steady and sound, sweet sleep came back to me. In six weeks' time I discharged the hired girl and commenced to do my own housework for a family of six. This was two years ago, and I am doing it still and enjoy it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

BITS OF FAR EASTERN NEWS.

Unimportant Compared to That of a Few Months Ago.

Says the Korea Daily News: "Once upon a time Korea had a man-of-war. She was a collier, painted white. She was, at the outbreak of hostilities taken by the Japanese as a collier again. We have reason to believe that she is at the present time resting under some twenty fathoms of deep-blue sea. The Japanese minister now has the effrontery to send the Korean government a bill for the maintenance of this phantom ship."

When the British invaded Tibet under Col. Younghusband, the dalai lama retreated from Lassa and but little has been heard from him since. The Pekin Times says, however: "A telegram from Mongolia reports the arrival of the dalai lama at Chinghai where he desires to stop for the winter and proceed to Tibet in the spring."

According to the Manila Cablenews the Japanese navy has hoisted the Japanese flag over the Commander islands, which are in Bering sea, between Kamchatka and the Aleutian islands, the latter belonging to the United States and the former to Russia. The islands are unimportant and are only valuable for fishing, having no strategic advantage.

GEN. GRANT'S SHREWD SCHEME.

Long Time Enemies Reconciled by Humor of Situation.

The officers on Governor's island are telling an excellent story on Gen. Fred Grant. It seems that two soldiers had been in the habit of getting into a scrap every day and were constantly up before their colonel for discipline. Every sort of mild punishment was tried without avail till at last the commander of the department of the east was appealed to. After taking a horizontal view of it the general sent for the sergeant major and said: "Just see that those two men, Crowley and Hitchins, clean all the barrack windows, Crowley to do the outside while Hitchins attends to the inside, and, recollect, neither man is to leave any window till the other has finished." The scheme was highly successful. The enemies scowled thunderously, even murderously, at each other for five windows, but flesh and blood could hold out no longer. At the sixth they burst out laughing and have been the best of friends ever since.

How to Tell Antique Sevres.

False sevres in the bric-a-brac shops is offered as genuine by "reputable dealers" in London and Paris as well as in New York. It is old, it is true, but only as old as the "Restoration" in France, although the marks would indicate a much earlier and better period. The counterfeits may usually be detected by the surface of the gilding. In real it was burnished in lines by means of metal nails with rounded points, which were set in a piece of wood.

The imitations of later date than the real have been burnished in a similar manner, but with an agate. It required considerably more force to obtain a bright surface by the ancient method than by the use of the agate point; hence the burnished lines in the genuine ware are perceptibly sunken, while in the counterfeit were they are flush with the general surface of the gilding. There are other means of "spotting" the imitations, such as the inexact copying of the markings which have served since 1753 to denote the date of fabrication, and the use of chrome green, which was not discovered until 1802; but the test of the burnished parts of the gilding is the easiest for the ordinary buyer.

Word Twists.

A tall, thin man to a cannibal king
Was always dinning a certain thing;
He dinned by night and he dinned by day,
And then in the interim dinned away!

And the cannibal king, he looked at him;
So bony and tough and so unco slim.
And he said: "Good sir, though you din quite free,
As a dinner you never could satisfy me!"

Oh, I've got up against a lot of things:
Fake currency, and bogus diamond rings,
Rank faro banks, and roulette wheels that turn
Your pockets inside out with unconcern.

And I've got up against full many a scheme
That seemed a wonder, but was all a dream;
Oil, cotton, common "steel" and all the rest
My pocketbook have wondrously compressed.

But I am frank to say that none of these
Did rob my spirit of its rightful ease
So much as when, on yester morning chill,
A-shiver, I got up against my will!

A dollar and I went out to walk;
I know not where we went.
But I recall when I returned
My breath and it were spent.
—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Parlor Magic.

"To do this trick with cards," explained the parlor magician, "you must first slip the card selected upon the bottom of the pack. Then, while talking on some interesting subject, you should peep at the card. Having fixed it in your memory, you count one hundred adding to that the number of spots on the card, multiply this by fifty-two and divide by four because there are fifty-two cards in the deck and four suits of cards. Take the result, subtract thirteen, because there are that many cards in a suit, ask the person who drew the card if he or she remembers what it was, then draw it from the bottom of the pack and show it to him or her."

"But," says one of the audience, "wouldn't it be just as easy to take it from the bottom at the start?"

"True, but would you rob the feat of all its mystery?"

Heroism Up to Date.

The Dutch boy in the old story who found a leak one night in a big dike and saved the countryside by stopping it with his finger until found shivering with cold the next morning, has now a rival.

A birchbark canoe carrying three persons on a western lake is reported to have run on a rock and been pierced below the water line.

Thereupon one of the party took her chewing gum, bravely held it in the leak until shore was reached and saved the party.

The moral seems plain.—Springfield Republican.

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

is a positive cure for all those painful ailments of women. It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the *Change of Life.* It will surely cure.

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Female Weakness than any other remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors in an early stage of development. That

Bearing-down Feeling,

causing pain, weight and headache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the female system. It corrects

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Periods, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't-care" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy or the "blues" and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the organs. For

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of *either sex* the Vegetable Compound is unequalled.

You can write Mrs. Pinkham about yourself in strictest confidence.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., Lynn, Mass.

Permission Granted.

The following incident is related of Nat Goodwin, the actor. Not long ago Goodwin was standing on the corner of Broadway and Thirty-fourth street, where three car lines converge, when a seedy-looking individual, apparently from the country, approached him questioningly.

"I want to go to the Brooklyn bridge," he said, looking in perplexity at the cars rushing in six different directions.

"Very well," said Goodwin, severely, "you can go this time, but never ask me again."—Harper's Weekly.

Not Cordial.

"Your new boss ain't very sociable, is he?" asked Crumley.

"Well," replied Digley, "he's a great old hand-shaker."

"Is that so?"

"Yes. He has shaken nearly all the old hands who were in the shop when he took charge."—Catholic Standard.

Perish the thought.

Edwin—Yes, I was forced to wear a pair of $3 pants.

Ferdy—Trousers, you mean.

Edwin—Not at $3, deah boy.—Pittsburg Post.

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Cramped.

"You're living in a flat now, I hear. How do you like it?"

"Well, there's no room to kick."—Philadelphia Press.

Not His Fault.

"I just saw Goodley coming home," said the first suburbanite, "and he was 'barreled,' sure enough."

"What?" exclaimed the other. "Why, I never knew him to drink at all."

"Oh, no; but it seems he went swimming down in the creek and some one stole his clothes."

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The Scale of Prices.

Fresh Traveling Man—How much for your regular dinner, honey?

Pretty Waiter Girl—Fifty cents without honey, 75 with.—Judge.

Ask Your Druggist for Allen's Foot-Ease.
"I tried ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE recently and have just bought another supply. It has cured my corns, and the hot, burning and itching sensation in my feet which was almost unbearable, and I would not be without it now."—Mrs. W. J. Walker, Camden, N. J." Sold by all Druggists, 25c.

The older we grow the more we realize that we can remember almost anything we like, provided we are sure nobody is about to contradict us.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave. N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

A woman's idea of heaven is a place where she won't have to spend half her time tucking her short back hair under the long strands.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

A poor man never fully realizes the blessings of poverty until after he breaks into the taxdodger class.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

To feed on the faults of others is to starve to death.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. Charles Adsit, Owatonna, Minn., cushioned tire; Charles Bach, Brooks, Minn., horse detacher; Theodore Brown, Northfield, Minn., building block; Peter Lewitz, Minneapolis, Minn., weighing scale; Jurgen Tanck, Pipestone, Minn., canvas tightener; Edward Thieni, St. Paul, Minn., making grease cups; George Warren, St. Paul, Minn., railway car brake beam.

Coeducation.

A well-known university professor has a dilemma in which he is wont to entrap advocates of coeducation.

"If you lecture to twenty boys and twenty girls in the same room," he asks, "will the boys attend to the lecture or to the girls?"

"Of course the coeducationist, to be consistent, must say that they will listen to the lecture.

"Well, if they do," replies the dean, "they are not worth lecturing to."

Overheard at the Party.

"That Miss Gotrox is a nice girl."

"Yep."

"I wonder if I could see her home?"

"Couldn't miss it if you pass that way. It's a big red house with a white portico."—Pittsburg Post.

WOMEN WHO SUFFER

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills the One Remedy Particularly Suited For Feminine Ills.

To women who suffer Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are worth their weight in gold. At special periods a woman needs medicine to regulate her blood supply or her life will be a round of pain and suffering. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are absolutely the finest medicine that ever a woman took. They actually make new blood. They are good for men too—but they are good in a special way for women.

"It was three years ago last spring that my health failed me," says Mrs Arthur Conklin, of No. 5 Coldwater street, Battle Creek, Mich. "I suffered from leucorrhœa and other troubles that, I presume, were caused by the weakness it produced. I had sinking spells, nervous headaches, was weak and exhausted all the time and looked like a walking skeleton.

"My back and limbs would ache almost continually and there were days when I was absolutely helpless from sick headache. I tried one doctor after another but cannot say that they helped me at all. My liver was sluggish and I was troubled some with constipation.

"One day a physician who has now retired from practice met my husband on the street and inquired about my health. He advised my husband to get some of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for me, said they were a good medicine, better for my trouble than he could put up. I tried them, improved steadily and soon was entirely cured. As soon as the leucorrhoea was cured the headaches and other pains stopped. I am entirely well now but intend to continue to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as a spring tonic."

The genuine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists and by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

At the Kindergarten.

Teacher—Yes, Bobby, C stands for cat. Now, what does D stand for?

Bobby—What pa says to the cat.

Robbed in Church.

Just think what an outrage it is to be robbed of all the benefits of the services by continuous coughing throughout the congregation, when Anti-Gripine is guaranteed to cure. Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

Prepared for the Fray.

"Good gracious, old man," exclaimed Ascum, "what sort of a suit is that?"

"This," replied Dingley, who was attired in a combination of football, golf and riding clothes, "is what you might call a suit for damages. I'm going up to ask old Roxley for his daughter."—Philadelphia Press.

OPEN PUBLICITY THE BEST GUARANTY OF MERIT.

When the maker of a medicine, sold through druggists for family use, takes his patients fully into his confidence by frankly and fearlessly publishing broadcast as well as on its bottle wrappers, a full list of all its ingredients in *plain English*, this action on his part is the best possible evidence that he is not afraid to have the search light of investigation turned full upon his formula and that it will bear the fullest scrutiny and the most thorough investigation. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for the cure of the weaknesses, periodical pains and functional derangements of the organs distinctly feminine, is the only medicine put up for sale through druggists for woman's special use, the maker of which is not afraid to take his patients into his full confidence by such open and honest publicity.

A glance at the published ingredients on each bottle wrapper, will show that it is made wholly from native, American, medicinal roots; that it contains no poisonous or habit-forming drugs, no narcotics and no alcohol—pure, triple-refined glycerine, of proper strength being used instead of the commonly employed alcohol, both for extracting and preserving the active medicinal properties found in the roots of the American forest plants employed. It is the only medicine for women's peculiar diseases, sold by druggists, that does not contain a large percentage of alcohol, which is in the long run so harmful to woman's delicate, nervous system. Now, glycerine is perfectly harmless, and serves a valuable purpose by possessing intrinsic value all its own, and besides it enhances the curative effect of the other ingredients entering into the "Favorite Prescription."

Some of the ablest medical writers and teachers endorse these views and praise all the several ingredients of which "Favorite Prescription" is composed—recommending them for the cure of the very same diseases for which this world-famed medicine is advised. No other medicine for women has any such *professional* endorsement—worth more than any number of ordinary testimonials. If interested, send name and address to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for his little book of extracts from the works of eminent medical writers and teachers, endorsing the several ingredients and telling just what Dr. Pierce's medicines are made of. It's *free* for the asking.

YOU HAVE NO RIGHT TO SUFFER

From Constipation, Bowel and Stomach Trouble.

Q. What is the beginning of sickness?
A. Constipation.
Q. What is Constipation?
A. Failure of the bowels to carry off the waste matter which lies in the alimentary canal where it decays and poisons the entire system. Eventually the results are death under the name of some other disease. Note the deaths from typhoid fever and appendicitis, stomach and bowel trouble at the present time.
Q. What causes Constipation?
A. Neglect to respond to the call of nature promptly. Lack of exercise. Excessive brain work. Mental emotion and improper diet.
Q. What are the results of neglected Constipation?
A. Constipation causes more suffering than any other disease. It causes rheumatism, colds, fevers, stomach, bowel, kidney, lung and heart troubles, etc. It is the one disease that starts all others. Indigestion, dyspepsia, diarrhoea, loss of sleep and strength are its symptoms—piles, appendicitis and fistula, are caused by Constipation. Its consequences are known to all physicians, but few sufferers realize their condition until it is too late. Women become confirmed invalids as a result of Constipation.
Q. Do physicians recognize this?
A. Yes. The first question your doctor asks you is "are you constipated?" That is the secret.
Q. Can it be cured?
A. Yes, with proper treatment. The common error is to resort to physics, such as pills, salts, mineral water, castor oil, injections, etc., every one of which is injurious. They weaken and increase the malady. You know this by your own experience.
Q. What then should be done to cure it?
A. Get a bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic at once. Mull's Grape Tonic will positively cure Constipation and Stomach Trouble in the shortest space of time. No other remedy has before been known to cure Constipation positively and permanently.
Q. What is Mull's Grape Tonic?
A. It is a Compound with 40 per cent. of the juice of Concord Grapes. It exerts a peculiar strengthening, healing influence upon the intestines, so that they can do their work unaided. The process is gradual, but sure. It is not a physic, but it cures Constipation, Dysentery, Stomach and Bowel Trouble. Having a rich, fruity grape flavor, it is pleasant to take. As a tonic it is unequalled, insuring the system against disease. It strengthens and builds up waste tissue.
Q. Where can Mull's Grape Tonic be had?
A. Your druggist sells it. The dollar bottle contains nearly three times the 50-cent size.
Good for ailing children and nursing mothers.
A free bottle to all who have never used it because we know it will cure you.

140 FREE BOTTLE 1135
FREE. Send this coupon with your name and address, your druggist's name and 10c. to pay postage and we will supply you a sample free, if you have never used Mull's Grape Tonic, and will also send you a certificate good for $1.00 toward the purchase of more Tonic from your druggist.
MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 118 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.
Give Full Address and Write Plainly.
25 cent, 50 cent and $1.00 bottles at all druggists. The $1.00 bottle contains about six times as much as the 25 cent bottle and about three times as much as the 50 cent bottle. There is a great saving in buying the $1.00 size.

The genuine has a date and number stamped on the label—take no other from your druggist.

Good Time to Take a Shot.

"Where is our guide?"

"Over in the bunk house, drunk. Why?"

"I wanted to make sure. I'm just going to fire at a deer."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Kemp's Balsam

Will stop any cough that can be stopped by any medicine and cure coughs that cannot be cured by any other medicine.

It is always the best cough cure. You cannot afford to take chances on any other kind.

KEMP'S BALSAM cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, grip, asthma and consumption in first stages.

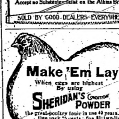
UNSEEN IN A SAW

There are unseen things about this Saw. You cannot see the fine texture of the Steel; takes a sharp, cutting edge and holds it longer than any other Saw. You cannot see the toughness of fibre; bends without a break or a kink. SILVER STEEL, the finest crucible steel in the world, is made on the Atkins formula, tempered and hardened by the Atkins secret process, and used only in Atkins Saws. You cannot see the perfectly graduated taper of the blade; runs easily, without buckling.

But you can see the Atkins trade-mark and it is your protection when you buy a Saw. We are saw-makers and our trade-mark on a Saw means that it is our own make and that we are justly proud of it. We make all types and sizes of Saws for all purposes.

Atkins Saws, Corn Knives, Perfection Floor Scrapers, etc., are sold by all good hardware dealers. Catalogue on request.

E. C. ATKINS & CO., Inc.
Largest Saw Manufacturers in the World.
Factory and Executive Offices, Indianapolis, Indiana.
BRANCHES: New York, Chicago, Minneapolis, Portland, (Oregon), Seattle, San Francisco, Memphis, Atlanta and Toronto, (Canada).
Accept no Substitute—Insist on the Atkins Brand
SOLD BY GOOD DEALERS EVERYWHERE



Make 'Em Lay
When eggs are highest
By using
SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER
the great poultry tonic in use 40 years.
One pack 25 cents; five $1; two-lb. can $1.20; six $5. Express paid.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO.
Boston, Mass.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

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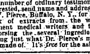

PRICE, 25 Cts.
TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE

ANTI-GRIPINE
IS GUARANTEED TO CURE
GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.
I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.
F. W. Diemer, M.D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

ESTABLISHED 1879.
Minneapolis **WOODWARD & CO., GRAIN COMMISSION** Duluth
ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 20, 1906. NUMBER 27.

RESUME OF THE NEWS

Fresh—Reliable—Brief

Washington.

Justice McKenna has delivered the opinion of the supreme court of the United States in the case of J. Edward Addicks and A. W. Hallinborg vs. the Cobre Grande Copper company, favorably to the company.

The military authorities at Fort Washakie, in the Shoshone reservation, which will be opened to settlement next June, have been instructed by the war department to establish cavalry patrol around the reservation to prevent the trespassing of would-be "sooners."

Recognition of the extraordinary heroism displayed by the officers and crew of the U. S. S. Bennington, when her boilers exploded on July 21 last, is contained in a general order issued at the navy department. Each of the eleven members of the crew has been awarded a medal of honor.

The state department at Washington has advices from Santo Domingo City to the effect that the government there is disposed to accept the proposal of President Morales to surrender his office and quit the republic. It is believed that Morales will be deported on one of the warships now in Dominican waters.

Casualties.

Andrew Johnson a Northern Pacific section foreman, was struck by a westbound passenger at Foster, Near Billings, Mont., and was instantly killed.

The plant of the Virginia-Carolina Chemical company, near Charlotte, N. C., was damaged $125,000 by fire. The seed room, refinery and laboratory were totally consumed.

"Laburnum," the splendid country seat near Richmond, Va., of Joseph Bryan, proprietor of the Richmond Times-Dispatch, has been destroyed by fire. The loss will approximate $100,000.

While waiting at a crossing for a freight train to pass, at Erie, Pa., 100 workmen were suddenly caught by the fast Lake Shore Southern limited between the two trains. John Maras, a laborer, was instantly killed, being ground to pieces.

Clare Thrasher, a brakeman on the east-bound way freight on the Illinois Central, was injured at Iowa Falls, Iowa. When his train was pulling out Thrasher attempted to board one of the cars but slipped and fell. He was caught between the moving train and the station platform and badly bruised.

Physicians who examined the body of John Flaxcamp, the intinerant cigarmaker who died suddenly in a restaurant at Savanna, Aa., state that death was caused by choking, the man having strangled on a small piece of meat which entered the windpipe. Flaxcamp was known over this part of Iowa and in Eastern Illinois as "Joliet Flax," taking the soubriquet from his home town.

Crimes and Criminals.

Frank Sherrie was hanged at the state prison at Wethersfield, Conn., for the murder of Mrs. Stephen Kulas in Somerville, Jan. 5, 1905.

The authorities of Colorado Springs, Colo., have decided that E. C. Wilson of Chicago, found dead on the prairie seven miles from town, was murdered.

Mrs. Sarah Jane Robinson, the famous prisoner who was serving a life term in the county jail at Cambridge, Mass., for killing a dozen persons, is dead of a complication of diseases.

Joseph Philips, manager of the York Loan company, which recently made an assignment, was arrested at Toronto, Ont., on a charge of fraud in making false returns to the government.

Twenty-year-old Roy Hull of Tama, Iowa, has been sentenced to life imprisonment for first degree murder. Hull killed Daniel Leary, foreman of the Armour paper mill at Toledo, Iowa.

A. T. Kelliher of Chicago, convicted last week of forgery in connection with land frauds in Oregon, has been sentenced at Salem to imprisonment in the penitentiary for a term of five years.

The county attorney of Custer county at Miles City, Mont., asked Judge Loud to call a grand jury at once to look into alleged bounty frauds, as it is claimed that certain officials are implicated.

Representative Binger Hermann of Oregon will be tried in the courts of the District of Columbia for alleged complicity in the land fraud cases in Oregon, beginning the last week in March.

George Polaski, a director of the Central bank at Kalamazoo, Mich., and director in a number of industries, was arrested charged with fraudulently obtaining $13,000 from the bank's funds.

In the circuit court at St. Louis Policeman Peter Walsh, Jr., was found guilty of having registered in two precincts at the time of the general registration in September, 1904, and punishment was fixed at two years in the penitentiary.

C. C. Meir of San Francisco, a passenger on the steamer Carmania, shot and killed himself in his cabin just as the big liner was entering New York harbor. Meir was charged with embezzling $20,000 from a San Francisco wine merchant and was returning from London to answer the charge.

Sins and Sinners.

The emperor of Japan has approved the new cabinet headed by the Marquis Saionji.

A telegram from Athens says: "It is announced that King Edward will come to Athens in the spring to attend the Olympic games."

The Japanese at Port Arthur are applying their home customs regulations and collecting import duties. This step has been in preparation for the past two weeks and civil officers are in charge of the work.

Baron von Richthofen, the German foreign secretary, is seriously ill as the result of overwork, and it is not improbable that he will be unable to resume his duties for a long time. It is even possible that a change in the secretaryship will be necessary.

W. J. Bryan was enthusiastically recieved by the provincial officers and people of Bacolod, Occidental Negros. At a banquet tendered him, a leading native expressed the hope of ultimate independence. Mr. Bryan's response was of the same tenor as his speeches at Manila.

Sir Charles Dilke has issued a novel address to his constituents of the Forest of Dean division of Gloucestershire, which he has represented in the house of commons as an advanced Radical since July, 1892. It consists of a single sentence, as follows: "I solicit a renewal of your trust."

Otherwise.

Teddy Roosevelt, Jr., to-day stands the most prominent man in his class at Harvard. He is the first man to be chosen to an office in the class of 1909, Harvard college. He has been elected chairman of the smoker committee.

The funeral of a man named John Frost was held from an undertaker's rooms in New York. It was said after the funeral that Frost was the father of Julia Marlowe, and that the actress had arranged for the funeral.

Gov. Deneen of Illinois has notified the officials and employes of all the state departments under his control and of the state charitable, penal and reformatory institutions that they must not ask or accept passes from railroads.

Policeman James B. Boyd of Pittsburg, Pa., became violently insane after viewing the body of Mrs. Able who was found murdered. Shrieking and gesticulating wildly, he ran from the house and was captured only after a chase of several miles.

John W. Worrill, aged thirty-three, thinly clad and with bare feet, stood at the corner of West Madison street and Center avenue, Chicago, preaching to a dozen or more men and boys, when Patrolman Reilly interrupted the sermon and took the street preacher to the station.

John A. Lewis, general manager of Prophet Dowie's Mexican colony, denies that a plan for establishing a colony in that country has been abandoned. He states that negotiations are pending for the purchase of a large tract of land in the northern part of the country.

Two franchises for electric street car lines were asked of the common council at Milwaukee, one by the Milwaukee Northern Railway company, to enter the city from the north, and the other by the Chicago & Milwaukee Electric Railway company, coming from the south.

Common Councilman Robert K Cochrane of Pittsburg is threatened with blindness from blood poisoning, which he believes he caught from a street car strap. He is in the Presbyterian hospital in a dark room, where he has been since Christmas morning. He has been totally blind for several days.

Unless the Chinese boycott on American goods is removed within thirty days the plant of the Centennial Milling company at Seattle, with a capacity of 2,400 barrels of flour per day, and that of the Hammond Milling company, with a capacity of 2,000 barrels, will be forced practically to close down.

At a meeting of the Anti-Cigarette league held in Chicago, an ordinance was drafted making it a misdemeanor for a minor under the age of seventeen years to puff a cigarette in any public place or for an adult to permit such smoking on his premises. Members of the league believe the city council will pass it.

Israel W. Durham, realizing that the disruption of the organization in Philadelphia of which he was once the undisputed leader is complete and that the party machine has been captured by the Lincoln Republicans, has told his friends to look out for their own interests and to make the best terms possible with the men who are back of the new ward leaders' combine.

Samuel R. Shipley, retiring president of the Provident Life and Trust company of Philadelphia, in speaking of the rumor about the manner in which the affairs of the Provident company have been conducted, admitted that the company had employed counsel to have unfavorable bills killed.

Irving Park, a Chicago suburb, is in the grip of a scarlet fever epidemic. Business men are isolated from their families, grocers and milk dealers use poles and other long-distance devices in delivering their wares, and every one is under the constant watch of health department inspectors.

HUNGARY AND ITALY OFFEND

OPENLY ACCUSED OF PLOTTING TO VIOLATE IMMIGRATION LAWS.

MANY PARTIES IN SCHEME

SPECIAL INSPECTOR BRAUN'S REPORT CONTAINS SENSATIONS.

Washington, Jan. 18.—In response to the several resolutions passed by the house, secretary Metcalf of the department of commerce and labor yesterday sent to the house a report of Special Immigrant Inspector Marcus Braun, which deals at great length with the character of immigrants coming to this country and the attitude of European governments upon the matter. Mr. Braun declares that he has uncontrovertible evidence that while the number of aliens shipped to this country who are largely inadmissible because of disease is diminishing, immigrants inadmissible for other reasons

Are Constantly Brought

into the country in large numbers "by the concerted action of some European governments and steamship agencies, by bankers and schemers of all sorts."

He declares that while these governments have laws ostensibly intend to restrict immigration, instead of doing so they actually encourage it by keeping alive "the patriotic spirit for the fatherland in the minds of these colonies" by representing that unless they adhere to the principles of home patriotism their governments would leave them without protection in "barbaric America."

Italy and Hungary Offend.

This is especially true, says Mr. Braun, in Italy and Hungary. He asserts that these countries regard the United States in the attitude of adjuncts or colonies of their own and by their instructions and teachings to immigrants benefit accrues to the home government, to the detriment of this country. He cites the fact that $50,000,000 was sent last year from the United States to Austria-Hungary alone from these immigrants.

"Not a single promise which the new Hungarian immigrants' law guaranteed has been kept. I experienced the bewildering spectacle," Mr. Braun says, "of

Hundreds Upon Hundreds

of agents licensed by the Hungarian government, carrying on and conducting an almost unheard of campaign to get immigrants in direct and open violation of their laws."

These laws, he says, are nothing but a farce, and systematic violation is licensed and privileged by the Hungarian government.

Regarding immigration from Italy, he says that an Italian subject may leave that country for any place on the globe except the United States without a passport. He is required to pay a fee of 8 lire for a passport to the United States, and from this the government derives revenue.

INCREASE POLICE FORCE.

Five Hundred Patrolmen Will Be Added to Chicago Force.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—In an effort to stop the wave of crime which has become epidemic in Chicago, 500 patrolmen are to be added to the police department. This recommendation was made yesterday by the city council's committee which was appointed Monday night to investigate the failure of the police department to give the proper protection to life and property.

BRACKETT FOR GOVERNOR.

New York Legislator's Friends Start Boom for Depew's Enemy.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 18. — The fight made by Senator E. T. Brackett of Saratoga county against the life insurance grafters and his demand that Chauncey M. Depew resign from the United States senate, has brought its own reward. His county is preparing to bring him to the front as the Republican candidate for governor to succeed Higgins.

Dr. Harper's Will Filed.

Chicago, Jan. 18. — Dr. William R. Harper's will, filed by Charles Scribner Eaton, son-in-law of the late president of the University of Chicago, disposes of property valued at $12,000. All except a few vacant lots is in personal property. To the widow is given the full income and control of this during her life, and at her death it is to go to the children.

"Beef Trust" Lawyer Sick.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—The trial of the "beef trust" case, which was to have commenced yesterday morning in the federal court before Judge Humphrey, was postponed until to-day because of the illness of one of the attorneys for the packers.

Murder and Suicide.

Dover, N. J., Jan. 18.—Mrs. Hattie Clay Decker was shot and killed last evening by Samuel Monage, a Slav, who then mortally wounded himself. What caused the tragedy is unknown.

SAY CONFERENCE WILL FAIL

MOORS EXPECT DISAGREEMENT—ASK WHY POWERS DON'T REFORM RUSSIA.

Algeciras, Spain, Jan. 18. — Delegates of the Moroccan conference yesterday took a day of leisure to enable the secretaries to get ready for their work and indulged in private conversations among themselves. While the talk among the ambassadors is all of conciliation and harmony Mohammed el Torres, the Moroccan foreign minister and head of the mission of Morocco, and Mokri, the sultan's principal agent, do not believe the conference will agree.

Burgett Meakin, an eminent authority on Morocco, had a prolonged conversation yesterday in Arabic with Mohammed el Torres, and repeated the Moorish view as follows:

"Mohammed el Torres will be a passive observer at the conference until it enters the last stage. If the powers do not agree the conference will fall to pieces of itself without the Moors lifting a finger. If, however, the powers accept a general plan of control of Morocco the sultan cannot be asked to submit to anything that will insult the faith or provoke rebellion among his people."

Concluding the conversation Mohammed el Torres used the following expressive sentence as indicating the inconsistency of the powers:

"Why don't they hold a conference over Russia and establish order there?"

HIT BY A BLIZZARD.

Northwestern States Are Swept by Heavy Snow and Wind Storm.

Plainfield, Wis., Jan. 18.—The worst blizzard of the winter prevailed furiously over Central Wisconsin yesterday. The snow is blowing in gigantic drifts and train service is seriously interrupted.

New Richmond—A blizzard was general all over this region yesterday. Trains on both the Omaha and the Wisconsin Central were late.

Duluth—A heavy snowstorm is in progress at the head of the lakes and indications portend a blizzard.

Fargo, N. D.—An exceptionally heavy fall of snow yesterday developed into a storm of such proportions that widespread apprehension of a blizzard sent many visitors to Fargo hurrying to their homes on farms and adjacent towns.

RICH STRIKE ON "SECTION 30."

Valuable Ore Discovered on Noted Range Property.

Duluth, Jan. 18.—The famous "Section 30" property near Ely, on the Vermillion range, is making good. The shaft that is being sunk on the property by the Shagawa Iron company, of which A. M. Chisholm is president and Edward Lynch of Duluth secretary and treasurer, has been in high-grade ore for three days, and is still bottomed in the mineral. This is confirmed by Mr. Lynch. The strike promises to be of special value to the iron interests, for ores such as are produced at Ely and immediate vicinity are the best in the world, and iron and steel interests will welcome all the mines that can be found that yield ore like Ely.

SMITH'S SHORTAGE.

Former St. Paul Man Got Away With Only a Few Hundred Dollars.

Minot, N. D., Jan. 18.—George W. Smith, the erring clerk in the Great Northern division offices is still confined to the county jail awaiting trial. On account of a number of important cases before the district court the hearing in the Smith case has been postponed for another week. The statement that Smith's defalcations will reach $200,000 is positively denied by the division officials here, who state that the shortage will not amount to more than a few hundred dollars.

Banker Acquitted.

Henderson, Minn., Jan. 18.—In the case of the state against Henry Schreiner the jury returned a verdict of not guilty, and on motion of the county attorney the other indictments against Schreiner were nolled. This was one of the Jordan bank cases, and the charge was that of receiving deposits by the cashier when he knew the bank was insolvent.

Accidentally Killed.

Marshalltown, Iowa, Jan. 18.—Otto J. John, an employe of the Lennox Furnace company, died yesterday as the result of a peculiar injury received the previous evening. He was carrying a piece of shafting on his shoulder, when he slipped on the ice and fell, the shafting in some manner striking him on the back of the head and fracturing the skull.

Dentists Form Association.

Fargo, N. D., Jan. 18. — A state dental association was organized here yesterday with the following officers: President, Dr. Rawlins, Bismarck; vice president, Dr. Starling, Fargo; secretary, Dr. Sossman, Lisbon; treasurer, Dr. Rowan, Hillsboro.

Students Are Reinstated.

Moorhead, Minn., Sept. 18. — The eight senior class boys expelled from the Moorhead high school for cutting the hair of several juniors, have been reinstated by the school board.

MAKES ATTACK ON PRESIDENT

TILLMAN DENOUNCES EJECTION OF MRS. MORRIS FROM WHITE HOUSE.

WILL ASK AN INVESTIGATION

FIERY SENATOR IS REBUKED BY HALE, HOPKINS AND DANIEL.

Washington, Jan. 18.—The recent forcible removal from the White House of Mrs. Minor Morris was made the subject of emphatic denunciation by Mr. Tillman in the senate yesterday. His remarks called out remonstrances from Messrs. Hale, Hopkins and Daniel and led to the very abrupt closing of the doors and the sudden adjournment of the senate in the middle of the afternoon.

The speech abounded in Mr. Tillman's peculiar expressions and was characterized by many severe and exceptionally personal thrusts at the president.

At Times He Wept

over what he regarded as the indignities to the lady, and his voice and eyes were full of tears when he declared in the face of protests from his fellow senators that he would demand an investigation of the White House incident.

The reference to the treatment of Mrs. Morris constituted the latter half of a speech based upon the senator's resolution making inquiry of the president concerning the status of our relations with the republic of Santo Domingo, and was added to illustrate his theory that the present administration is tending toward imperialism.

Will Ask Investigation.

With reference to the Morris incident he declared that the president had been derelict in failing to punish his subordinates for their course, and quoted statements from persons said to be witnesses to show that the proceeding had been inhuman. He informally presented, and said that he would to-day formally present, a resolution for an investigation of the entire incident.

A number of hurried conferences were held and it is understood that as a result of them Mr. Tillman will be urged not to carry out his purpose. Prominent senators on both sides said that the resolution would command few votes.

House Passes Pension Bills.

In a session of two and a half hours the house took favorable action on 166 pension bills. Forty-two of the beneficiaries are blind and sixty-eight are paralyzed.

HAZERS STRIPPED OF RANK.

Midshipmen Are Dismissed From the Navy.

Annapolis, Jan. 18. — At noon yesterday when the full brigade of midshipmen were paraded for the regular dinner formation, Midshipmen Pettersen Barto Marzoni and W. W. Foster, of the first class, and Trenmor Coffin, Jr., of the third class, were publicly dismissed from the United States navy for hazing "plebes," or fourth class men. The order of the secretary of the navy was a short one and in each case was addressed personally to the midshipman directly concerned.

WILL PRAY FOR STUDENTS.

Presbyterian Assembly Names Day of Prayer for Colleges.

Philadelphia, Jan. 18.—The general assembly of the Presbyterian church in the United States has appointed Jan. 25 as the day of prayer for schools and colleges throughout the country. Special prayer will be offered for the spiritual welfare of the 18,000,000 pupils in the public and private educational institutions of the country, particularly for those in the colleges. Special prayer will also be offered for an increase in the number of candidates for the ministry.

BOTH SHOT IN MOUTH.

Young Man and Young Woman Are Found Dead in Chicago Hotel.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—The bodies of a young man and young woman were found yesterday in a room in the St. James hotel, Washington boulevard and Halstead street. Each of them had been killed by a bullet fired into the mouth. The revolver was lying upon the bed, but it was impossible to tell which of the two used it. The man registered as Ralph Rose, and is thought to have come from Algonquin, Ill. The name of the woman is not known.

HONOR FIELD'S MEMORY.

Chicago's Big Retail Stores Will Close on Day of Funeral.

Chicago, Jan 18.—Out of respect to the memory of Marshall Field, who died in New York, the Field wholesale and retail establishments in Chicago were closed yesterday and will remain closed until Saturday. All the stores on State street, Chicago's greatest retail street, and probably the larger establishments elsewhere in the business districts, will be closed for two hours Friday.

VICTORY FOR CHAMBERLAIN

ISSUES FROM CONTEST WITH FLYING COLORS—ALL HIS MEN ELECTED.

London, Jan. 18.—The most prominent feature of yesterday's election returns is the wholly unexpected stand made by Birmingham. Not only were all of Joseph Chamberlain's seven candidates returned, but Mr. Chamberlain himself secured a majority of 5,000, while the majorities of the others averaged 3,000.

The outcome at Birmingham affords a striking contrast. While Mr. Balfour stands discredited as a leader, with his supporters all swallowed up and himself angrily criticised from his own side, Mr. Chamberlain issues from the contest with flying colors.

A considerable section of the Unionists on the protectionist side had predicted some such result, and it is now hinted that the party must in future look toward Birmingham for hope and guidance.

It is too late for the results at Birmingham to have any great effect on the campaign as a whole. The members already elected are distributed as follows: Liberals, 167; Unionists, 73; Laborites, 31; Nationalists, 50.

HOLIDAY TRUCE IS OVER.

Russia Now in Throes of an Electoral Campaign.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 18.—The holiday truce in Russian politics is over and the new political parties are mustering their strength for Russia's first all-important electoral campaign. The opening guns will be fired to-day when the delegates of the Constitutional Democrats will assemble to discuss their elaborate platform.

During the holidays the pacification of the country has been steadily going forward. By an unsparing use of the military and wholesale arrests of the leaders of the fighting organizations the revolutionists have been driven under ground and have been forced to return to their old methods of assassination. Not a day passes without reports of the murder of obnoxious officials in several cities.

SIGN TREATY OF PEACE.

Tranquility Now Reigns in Santo Domingo.

San Domingo, Jan. 18.—A treaty of peace between the insurgent generals at Monte Christi and the government was signed yesterday on board the American cruiser Yankee. This insures perfect tranquility throughout the republic. Monte Christi is now in the hands of the constitutional government forces.

OHIO MAYOR VOTES TWICE?

Grand Jury Cites Official and Two Policemen.

Jefferson, Ohio, Jan. 18.—Ex-Mayor John T. McMillan of Ashtabula was indicted yesterday on the charge of voting more than once at the last election. Two policemen charged with permitting prisoners being held in jail for voting illegally, to escape, were also indicted.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Jan. 18. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 82 3-8@83 1-4c; No. 2 Northern, 80@81c; No. 3, 75 1-2@78 1-2c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 38@39c. Oats—No. 3 white 29@29 1-2c.

Duluth, Jan. 18. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 83 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 81 1-2c; flax, $1.14 1-4; rye, 60c.

Minneapolis, Jan. 18. — Wheat—No. 1 hard, 84c; No. 1 Northern, 83 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 81 1-4c; durum, 69 1-2 @72 1-2c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 7-8c.

Milwaukee, Jan. 18. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 86c; No. 2 Northern 83@84 1-2c. Rye—No. 1, 69c. Barley—No. 2, 54 1-2@55c. Oats—Standard, 32 1-4c.

Chicago, Jan. 18. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 88 1-4@90 1-4c; No. 2 hard, 84@85c; No. 1 Northern, 86 1-4@88 1-4c; No. 2 Northern, 84@87 1-4c. Corn—No. 2, 43c. Oats—No. 2, 31c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Jan. 18.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.50@5.75; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.25@3.45; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.65; calves and yearlings, $2.50@3.40. Hogs—Bulk, $5.17@5.22.

Chicago, Jan. 18. — Beeves, $3.75@6.35; stockers and feeders, $2.25 @ 4.25; cows and heifers, $1.50 @ 4.75. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $5.20@5.42 1-2; bulk, $5.30@5.40. Sheep, $4 @5.85; lambs, $4.85@7.75.

South St. Paul, Jan. 18. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4.50 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3@4.25; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs — Range price, $5.05@5.30; bulk, $5.15@5.20. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $6.25 @ 6.75; fair to good, $4.50@6.25; yearling wethers, $5 @5.50; good to choice ewes, $4.50 @ 4.75.

CLEMENT FILES AN APPEAL.

Convicted Faribault Banker Alleges Jurors Read Newspapers.

St. Louis, Jan. 18.—Thomas B. Clement, former president of the First National Bank of Faribault, Minn., who was convicted on charges of embezzlement and sentenced last July to eight years in the penitentiary, yesterday filed an appeal in the United States court of appeals. The appeal is based on the allegation that jurors in the trial at St. Paul were permitted to read the daily newspapers.

DID A WORLD OF GOOD

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Cure Heart Pains, Dizzy Spells and Weakness.

Easy to get, hard to get rid of; that is what most sufferers think of dyspepsia. They are astonished when their stomach begins to trouble them seriously.

They had been eating hurriedly and irregularly for a long time, to be sure, but they supposed their stomachs quite used to that.

Some people know that the strength which the weak stomach needs, and for the lack of which the whole body is suffering, can be found surely and quickly in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. In hundreds of instances these pills have succeeded where other remedies failed.

"My indigestion," said Mr. J. R. Miller, of Dayton, Va., "came in the first place from the fact that a few years ago I worked a great deal at night, and ate at any odd hour whenever the chance came, and always very hurriedly. One day I found myself a victim of terrible dyspepsia. It kept me miserable all the time for several years.

"I always had a great deal of distress after eating, and when I got up from my sleep my stomach would be so weak that it would hardly take any food. I had very uncomfortable feelings about my heart, and was dizzy and, whenever I stooped over and then straightened up, my eyes would be badly blurred.

"I read the statements of several persons who had got rid of obstinate stomach troubles by using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I bought some and they did me a world of good. They acted promptly and did just what was claimed for them. I have no more distress after meals; the bad feeling has gone from the region of my heart; the alarming dizzy spells have disappeared, and I am strong again."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists and by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Noncommittal.

"Mamma, did you ever flirt when you were a girl?"

"And were you punished for it?"

"It led to my marriage with your father."—Tales.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. William Beck, St. Paul, shoe sole fastener; Frank Chimzar, Ely, Minn., propeller wheel; Herman Dittbenner, Minneapolis, Minn., friction clutch; Ferdinand Drewes, Granada, Minn., road grader; John Lorentzen, Duluth, Minn., coin controlled scale; Rasmus Skov and J. Forberg, Aneta, N. D., brick tongs; William Smith, La Crescent, Minn., stump puller; Charles Spinler, Blooming Prairie, Minn., trap.

Unfinished.

"You say he is a self-made man?"

"I did."

"Got tired quick, didn't he?"

BUT IT GOT 'EM EVERY TIME.

Fred Landis Couldn't Explain His Own Lincoln Metaphor.

Young Fred Landis of Indiana, who this week made a reputation for himself in the house, is regarded as a finished orator in his home district. A story is told on him in the Republican cloak rooms now illustrating his methods of getting the admiration of his constituents.

A few years ago, according to this story, Landis spoke at the unveiling of a monument to Abraham Lincoln. Throughout his speech, which was full of history and apt mythological allusions, the speaker frequently repeated this sentence:

"Abraham Lincoln—that mystic mingling of star and clod!"

Going home on the train that evening, a friend of his sat beside him, and read aloud several times the oratorical sentence. Finally he turned to Landis, saying:

"Will you kindly tell me what that means?"

"I don't know," confessed Landis. "I don't know, but it gets 'em—it gets 'em every time."—Washington Times.

UNCONSCIOUS POISONING.

How It Often Happens From Coffee.

"I had no idea," writes a Duluth man, "that it was the coffee I had been drinking all my life that was responsible for the headaches which were growing upon me, for the dyspepsia that no medicines would relieve, and for the acute nervousness which unfitted me not only for work but also for the most ordinary social functions.

"But at last the truth dawned upon me. I forthwith bade the harmful beverage a prompt farewell, ordered in some Postum and began to use it. The good effects of the new food drink were apparent within a very few days. My headaches grew less frequent, and decreased in violence, my stomach grew strong and able to digest my food without distress of any kind, my nervousness has gone and I am able to enjoy life with my neighbors and sleep soundly o' nights. My physical strength and nerve power have increased so much that I can do double the work I used to do, and feel no undue fatigue afterwards.

"This improvement set in just as soon as the old coffee poison had so worked out of my system as to allow the food elements in the Postum to get a hold to build me up again. I cheerfully testify that it was Postum and Postum alone that did all this, for when I began to drink it I 'threw physic to the dogs.'" Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville" in pkgs.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale; also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

GET YOUR PICTURE TAKEN BY

D. COLLINS

THE

Photograper.

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

DON'T FORGET THE NUMBER---

488

WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN

Wines and Liquors

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MINNEAPOLIS AND MILWAUKEE BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"

and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of

THE FAMOUS

MATT. J. JOHNSONS

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RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE

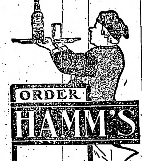
you are not satisfied with results.

This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.

For Sale and Guaranteed Only by

Imperial Drug Co., St. Hilaire

Read the Spectator



The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Jan. 20, 1906.

We publish a communication this week from Mr. C. H. Martz in regard to the proposed farmers' flour mill. Read it over and then think it over.

Under the new code which goes into effect March 1st, it will be impossible for dealers to collect for impure food sold. Mail order houses will not be affected as they require cash in advance.

The Eastman line of newspapers are out to boom Jacobson for governor, and our John is also in line. Do they think he would be an "easy mark" for Johnson, or don't they like the governor any more?

Marshall Field, the millionaire merchant of Chicago, is dead. He was honest in business and is said to have never kicked on paying his just taxes. Few men of this kind ever get to be in the millionaire class.

The republican Moses who will settle all differences and unite all factions as a gubernatorial candidate has not yet been found, and it looks a good deal as if the Johnson republicans are not looking for one very hard.

They have a telephone fight on at Thief River Falls, the Northwestern company evidently trying to freeze out the local man, Fant. It has happened before and will in all probability happen again. Just you watch and see what happens to that local man.

Crookston Times: The red man is more trouble to Uncle Sam than all his money—and all because Uncle Sam is determined to be his treasurer, to dole him out a little money at a time because the noble red man is still a child in spending money. And when we stop to think about it the noble red man is just as much a child in this respect today as he was fifty years ago. It is possible that Uncle Sam's scheme of education for the Indian is a total failure? Perhaps Uncle Sam instead of raising the red man has degraded him by making him dependent. Maybe the Indian, if he had all his money, spent it and had to go to work or starve—maybe then the Indian would work out his own salvation. Uncle Sam seems to have made a mess of it, why not let the Indian try for awhile.

Cass Lake Times: We have surmised for the last six months that the forestry bureau had at last come face to face with defeat in the tenure of the lands so long held as a reserve in the late reservations, but we were not prepared to believe, until confronted with the evidence, that the promoters of the cruel scheme would resort to forgery. From the inception of the forestry scheme until the culmination of fraud and deceit shown in this forgery the forest promoters of the state have lost no opportunity to publish to the world the fact, as they claimed, that the lands in the late reservations, and especially the lands about Cass Lake, were wholly worthless for any other purpose than reforestration. If the statements of Rev. Wright are true, and we see no reason to doubt his statements, Dr. Crafts of Minneapolis is guilty of willful and corrupt forgery, and Mrs. Lydia P. Williams is guilty of the same offense, as an accessory both before and after the fact. The certificate of authentication appended to the petition published in the pamphlet issued by the commercial clubs not only clinches the forgery but a criminal libel upon the character of those Indians whose names are attached thereto, and the perpetrators of the fraud must prepare themselves to stand trial at the complaint of the parties libeled. But this forgery is a minor offense when compared with the vile and false statements put forth by these same conspirators and sanctioned by their chief, Gifford Pinchot.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

From Duluth to Thief River.

That the "Soo" railway will be built through from Duluth to Thief River Falls this year is almost a certainty, according to a report from Buena Vista. While in Chicago recently, S. W. Speelman of that village, was told by men prominent in railroad circles that the line would be constructed this year and that work on the road would be conducted as soon as practicable.

C. H. Kelly of the corps of engineers that is now at work surveying another line between Duluth and the western terminus of the proposed line, spent two days at Buena Vista last week. Mr. Kelly is in advance of the remainder of the party now working west from Duluth and is looking up the most desirable location for the line, which, according to his statement, will follow the continental divide as closely as practicable.

According to present plans, the Mississippi river will be crossed about 14 miles north of Grand Rapids, the Leech river at the dam near Gould postoffice, and from there the line will follow up the north side of the Turtle river, crossing the Minnesota & International tracks at Farley.

It will touch Buena Vista, the line running between Turtle lake and Lake Julia. From this point it will run in a general northwesterly direction on the divide, connecting with the Thief River Falls extension in township 151, range 42.

Mr. Kelly is now on the line west of Buena Vista and expects to reach Thief River Falls within 10 days.

Dreams.

A scientist explains some of the strange phenomena of dreams by saying that they are due to what he calls "hereditary memory." He takes the "falling through space" dream and points out that after suffering the mental agony of falling the sleeper escapes the shock of the actual stopping. The explanation is that the falling sensations have been transmitted from remote ancestors who were fortunate enough to save themselves after falling from great heights in treetops by clutching the branches. The molecular changes in the cerebral cells due to the shock of stopping could not be transmitted because victims falling to the bottom would be killed. In a similar manner by reverting to the habits of animals which existed centuries ago the same investigator finds an explanation for the mental state experienced by individuals in various dreams—the "pursuing monster" dream, the "reptile and vermin" dream, color dreams, suffocation dreams, flying dreams and the like.

Quack Medicines of Bygone Days.

Nearly everything in the animal kingdom was formerly used in the healing art. In the oldest medical book now known, composed in Heliopolis, where once Joseph served in the house of Potiphar, we find "means for increasing the growth of hair, prepared for Schesch, the mother of Teta, the king of upper and lower Egypt."

Dogs' teeth, overripe dates and asses' hoofs were carefully cooked in oil and then grated. As Teta lived before Cheops, this recipe for hair oil is older than the great pyramid at Gizeh and is supposed to date back more than 6,000 years. The heads of venomous serpents have held an important place in medicine. A strong broth made from them and mixed with salt and spices and 100 other remedies was employed under the name of theriac as a cure for every conceivable disease. Three drops of the blood of an angry cat gave relief to the epileptic.

Camp Tidbits.

The muskrat may be broiled over the hot embers, with sliced bacon so arranged that the drippings run over the musquash as it cooks, or it may be made into a stew with vegetables and pork, and in this case the longer it simmers over the fire the better will be the results. Only seasoned campers ever have an opportunity to feast on the delicious nose of a moose or know the delights of marrowbones of deer split and mixed with parched cornmeal and cooked all night, or dried venison pounded to fragments and cooked with rich bear's fat, musk turtle soup, porcupine steaks, with hellbenders as a side dish. And, although thousands of muskrats are killed and eaten every year in Maryland and Delaware, probably but few of my readers in the northern states will experiment with this rodent.—Outing.

Chinese Cooking Secrets.

"I once attended a mandarin's banquet in Peking," said an ex-consul, "and it was the most remarkable feast I ever sat down to. One course appeared to be plain hard boiled eggs. The eggs came on unadorned. Their shells were intact, and yet, when we broke into them, we found that they contained nuts and sweetmeats. Another course was whole oranges, with unbroken skins, yet inside the oranges were five different kinds of jelly. The Chinese guests took these two courses as a matter of course, but I, in amazement, asked our host how on earth they had been concocted. He smiled and shook his head.

"'Ah, that,' he said, 'is my cook's secret.'"

Warren and Jefferson.

Joseph Jefferson was playing Sheridan's comedy of "The Rivals" in Boston on one occasion many years ago. His version of the play had been arranged in such a way as to give Bob Acres considerably more prominence perhaps than the author originally intended, occasionally at the expense of the other characters. William Warren, the old comedian, sat the play out and at its conclusion was asked, "How do you like Jefferson's Bob Acres?"

"Capital, capital," replied Warren, "'and Sheridan twenty miles away.'"

Differences of Opinion.

"Women are hard to understand," said the callow philosopher.

"Not at all," answered Mr. Meekton. "Henrietta has never yet spoken her mind to me without making herself perfectly clear."—Washington Star.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Calumet Baking Powder

Perfect in quality.
Moderate in price.

Teachers' Examinations.

Examinations for state teachers' certificates will be held on January 25, 26 and 27, 1906, at St. Hilaire, Red Lake Falls and Thief River Falls in accordance with the following program;

THURSDAY, JANUARY 25.
(First grade studies.)

A. M.—8:30 Enrollment.
9:00 Physics
10:30 Algebra
P. M.—1:15 Geometry
2:30 Civics
3:30 Physical Geography or General History

FRIDAY, JANUARY 26.
(Second grade studies.)

A. M.—8:00 Enrollment
8:30 Professional test
9:30 Spelling
10:00 Arithmetic
P. M.—1:15 Geography
2:45 Composition and Penmanship
3:20 Reading

SATURDAY, JANUARY 27.
(Second grade studies continued.)

A. M.—8:00 U. S. History
9:45 English Grammar
11:30 Music
P. M.—1:15 Physiology-Hygiene
2:45 Drawing

H. T. MCANULTY,
County Superintendent.

Three little babes were nestled in bed,
"I'll name William, Willie and Bill," mother said;
Wide was her smile, for triplets they be
She lays her good luck to Rocky Mountain Tea. (Great baby medicine.)
Imperial Drug Co.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K.R. Killand, Secy.

Order for Hearing Application for Appointment of Administrator.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court.
Special term, January 16, 1906.

In the matter of the estate of Bernhard Thelander, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Christine Thelander, of the county of Red Lake, representing, among other things, that Bernhard Thelander, late of the county of Red Lake, in the state of Minnesota, on the 30th day of December, A. D. 1905, at the county of Red Lake, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the wife of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to K. O. Gigstad granted:

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before said court, on Monday the 12th day of February, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county.

Ordered further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., the 16th day of January, A. D. 1906.

{ Probate Court Seal. } By the Court,
N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

(j20-4t-f10)

Order for Hearing Application for Appointment of Administrator.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court.
Special term, January 11, 1906.

In the matter of the estate of John Julin, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Charley Julin, of the county of Red Lake, representing among other things, that John Julin, late of the county of Red Lake, in the state of Minnesota, on the 18th day of March, A.D. 1903, at the county of Red Lake, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a son of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to K. O. Gigstad granted:

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before said court, on Monday the 5th day of February, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county.

Ordered further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire, in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., the 11th day of January, A. D. 1906.

{ Probate Court Seal } By the Court,
N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

(j13-4-f3)

Get a Life Scholarship Free.

Have a disinterested bookkeeper and stenographer examine the different business colleges in our field, and if he does not find that ours is by far the best, we will give you a life scholarship for nothing. Catalog for the asking.

QUEEN CITY BUSINESS COLLEGE,
Crookston, Minn.

ANNUAL REPORT

— OF THE —

Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company

Of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota,
for the year ending Dec. 31, 1905.

Organized, 9th day of March, 1893.
Commenced business, 8th day of June, 1893.
Present president, NELS K. ANDERSON, St. Hilaire Minn.
Present secretary, C. P. SWANSON, Wylie, Minn.

Complete list of officers, their addresses, amount of insurance carried by each in this company, and the salary or other compensation paid and to be paid for services during the year:

NAME AND P. O. ADDRESS	OCCUPATION	AM'T OF INSURANCE		OTHER COMPENSATION	
Pres.—Nels K. Anderson, St. Hilaire..	Farmer	$ 1,625		$18.40	
Secretary—C. P. Swanson, Wylie.....	Farmer	1,450		27.75	
Treasurer—Ed. A. Aubol, St. Hilaire...	Farmer	1,550		12.34	
TOTAL..................			$4,625		$58.49
Director-Carl Gerlach, Red Lake Falls.	Farmer	2,430		2.00	
Director-Peter Engelstad, Thief R. Falls	Farmer	2,700		4.00	
Director-P. A. Hallstrom, Wylie......	Farmer	2,375		4.00	
Totals for Directors..............			$7,505		$10.00
Grand total for Officers and Directors..........			$ 12,130		$ 68.49

Annual Statement of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

INCOME DURING YEAR 1905:—

Balance cash on hand and in bank Dec. 31 of previous year...		$ 332 83
Cash received as first payments of policies issued during the year..................	$ 280 84	
Cash received from assessments levied during previous years..................	6 15	
Total amount of cash received during the year....	286 99...	286 99
Total cash, including balance on hand from previous year....		619 82

DISBURSEMENTS DURING YEAR 1905:—

Paid losses incurred during the year..............	$ 289 00	
Paid agents' expenses $53.60; Directors $12.00....	65 60	
Paid salaries of officers: President $18.40, secretary $27.75; treasurer $12.34..............	58 49	
Paid for printing $15.00, advertising $14.75, office supplies $32.50..................	62 25	
Insurance department fees..................	2 00	
All other disbursements..................	28 25	
Total amount of disbursements during the year..	505 59...	[illegible] 59
Balance cash on hand at end of year..........	....	23
Total assets of company, including balance cash on hand Dec. 31, '05		$ 619 82

POLICY EXHIBIT:

	NO. FIRE POLICIES	AMOUNT
Policies in force Dec. 31 of previous year.	241	$ 319,854 00
Policies issued during the year..................	75	93,230.00
Total..................	316	413,084 00
Deduct policies expired and ceased in force during year	25	44,024 00
Policies and amount in force end of year, Dec. 31, 1905..	291	369,060 00
Loss claims presented during the year..............	1	$ 289 00
Losses paid in full as adjusted..................	1	289 00

List of townships in which the company is authorized to transact business, with amount of business in force in each township at end of year. Give the home office township as No. 1:

1. Bray..........	$29,700	6. River Falls......	$64,330	11. Gervais.....	$ 6,611
2. Polk Centre..	52,680	7. Red Lake Falls..	27,510	12. Numedal	11,765
3. Black River..	32,000	8. Wyandotte......	20,100	13. Louisville....	9,040
4. Sanders......	37,315	9. North..........	4,350	14. Emardville ..	4,450
5. Rocksbury ..	44,815	10. Norden..........	20,570	15. Garnes.......	3,825

Grand Total in Force........... $369,060.00.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
COUNTY OF RED LAKE, }

Nels K. Anderson, president, and C. P. Swanson, secretary, of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company, being duly sworn, each for himself deposes and says, that they are the above described officers of the said company, and that on the thirty-first day of December last all of the above described Assets were the absolute property of the said company, free and clear from any liens or claims thereon, except as above stated, and that the foregoing statement, with the schedules and explanations herein contained, annexed or referred to, are a full and correct exhibit of all the Assets, Liabilities, Income and Disbursements and of the condition and affairs of the said company on the said thirty-first day of December last, and for the year ending on that day, according to the best of their information, knowledge and belief, respectively.

NELS K. ANDERSON.
C. P. SWANSON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of January, 1906.

B. E. BURKEE,
(Seal.) Notary Public, Red Lake Co., Minn.
My commission expires Sept. 12, 1910.

CROOKSTON LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Button's Business College and Shorthand Institute

Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

OFFERS to take you through a complete course in Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Typewriting and let you pay for your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after situation is secured for you. It practically costs you nothing because we get you a position where you earn at least $10.00 per month more than you ever earned before. We want 500 students to enter this college during the next three months and make the above unparalleled offer to get them. The courses are:

Normal, Shorthand AND Typewriting,
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THIS is the only College in the United States that guarantees a good paying position to every graduate. If we don't get you a satisfactory situation you need never pay us one cent

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Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to....

H. E. IVES, President. H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, - - - - - MINNESOTA

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, Minn

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.

A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.

GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
"The Comfortable Way"

EAST OR WEST

is via the

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

All Principal Points Quickly, Comfortably, Easily Reached.

For detailed information, rates, etc., call on

H. M. SWENSON, Agent,
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

S.S. "Minnesota" sails from Seattle for the Orient Feb. 1, 1906.
S.S. "Dakota" sails from Seattle for the Orient, March 12, 1906.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James H. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	J. Suter
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Fairdeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. DUNTLEY, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Sheriff Dan Linnihan was transacting official business here yesterday.

We had a light fall of snow last Wednesday, which was not needed.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

John Christie made a trip out to Equality last week to look over his homestead.

President L.C. Simons was a business visitor at the Merchants State Bank last Monday.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

The weather has been colder the past week but it is still remarkably mild for this time of the year.

Miss Mabel Evenson of Thief River Falls, was a visitor at E. M. Hoff's several days this week.

M. E. Bjerk and wife went up to Thief River Falls yesterday where they will visit with friends.

County Supt. McAbulty was here last Wednesday looking over the schools in this vicinity.

Levi Stranahan and family came up from Crookston yesterday and will visit with Mrs. P. S. Stranahan.

There will be services at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Alex Sand, pastor.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Hunt, of Red Lake Falls, were here last Sunday and Monday as guests of W. A. Sorsoleil.

Wm. Williams, the lumber company blacksmith, came up from Fargo on Monday and is doing some work at the shop.

Manager J. M. Richards came over from Bemidji last Thursday and spent the day here looking over the lumber company's business.

The one crop that never fails in this climate is being harvested extensively these days, and by the way they are gettiing a fine lot of ice put up this winter.

Work on the I. O. O. F. building is progressing rapidly. An entire new foundation and floor is being put in and the work is to be finished before February 1st.

Professor Miller, the Red Lake Falls band leader, came up last Thursday evening and gave the band boys here instructions. It is not yet decided whether he will be employed as leader.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.

JULIUS PLETH,
tf Plummer, Minn.

It is pretty hard to find a farmer in this vicinity who is not an enthusiastic advocate of the farmers' flour mill project these days. The meeting on February 2nd promises to be a big one and it looks at present as if there was but little doubt but that the mill would be built.

Ed. L. Healy, of Red Lake Lalls, has applied for a franchise to furnish light and power to Grand Forks. He proposes to use the power at the lower dam and transmit it by cable to Grand Forks, about thirty-five miles. The scheme, although a large one, is practicable and will undoubtedly prove profitable.

Anoka Union: You didn't see an item in the papers last week that you expected, more's the pity. Now you knew all about it, but you failed to tell the editor or reporter. Bet you he is more sorry or put out over it than you are. Editors are always tickled to death to get items and spend both time and money to get them. Always glad to print them. That's his business. He wants to fill the paper with real live, newsy articles, but the poor fellow can't get them all unless you help him. He knows just as well as you do, that he misses good stuff every week but he wouldn't if you took the trouble to post him a wee bit. Try the Union all this year and then when you want to see something in print, it will be there sure as you live.

You will not find beauty in rouge pot or complexion whitewash. True beauty comes to them only that take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It is a wonderful tonic and beautifier. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

For refreshments call at Number 488

We will send out a number of statements to our delinquent subscribers the coming week and hope that they will promptly respond. While the amount may be small, in the aggregate it is quite large, and we need the money.

Foreman Hans Hanson had a narrow escape at the planer last Tuesday. His clothing caught in one of the big planing machines and a very serious accident was only prevented by him being able to tear away, leaving part of his clothing.

E. H. Stranahan, of Fargo, was here last Thursday to make his mother a short visit. Mr. Stranahan has lately retired from the hardware business and has taken an interest in the Fargo Bridge company and he will in the future represent that concern.

Socialists will hold a meeting in the village hall next Tuesday evening. Prominent socialists of Thief River and Red Lake Falls will attend. Attorney Brattland, of Ada, will deliver an address in which conditions in Russia will be commented upon.

It invigorates, strengthens and builds up. It keeps you in condition physically, mentally and morally. That's what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35 cents, tea or tablets.
Imperial Drug Co.

H. D. Pettibone was here last Thursday calling on his many friends. Mr. Pettibone and his family are now living at Chicago where he has charge of the eastern sales department. His visit here was for the purpose of looking over and becoming acquainted with the lumber on hand.

The new law regulating the sale of fowls, etc., which will go into effect next March is in the interest of the public health. It is as follows: "Every person who shall offer or expose for sale at retail, for human food, at any public market, store, shop or house, or in or about any other public place, any domestic fowls, or any slaughtered rabbits, squirrels or other small animals, wild or tame, unless the entrails, crops and other offensive parts are properly drawn and removed, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor."

If merchants would advertise the fact that they are prepared to duplicate any price found in mail order house catalogs, we believe a great deal would be done to offset the practice of sending away for staple goods. That local merchants can, and some do, sell staple articles as low priced as in the mail order establishments, they do not advertise the fact. If judiciously advertised the consumers will very soon find that buying away from home is of no financial benefit to them. What the average person wants to see and what will arrest his attention is not the general statement that he can do as well at some particular store as elsewhere or that he can do better there, but he wants to know just what he can buy for some certain line of goods. The quotation of a low price on some particular thing is worth columns of generalizing. You will notice that the catalog house does not deal in generalities, it minutely sets forth what it has for sale and the price. Some times a local merchant does this and reaps results when others do not. There can be no question as to the value of advertising, it is only a matter of advertising right.—Ex.

For Rent.

Store building on Broadway. Good location for any business. Inquire of Mrs. E. L. Eickhoff.

A Mask Ball.

The St. Hilaire band have decided to give a grand mask ball at the Imperial hall on Friday evening, February 2nd. The best of music will be furnished and everything done to make it the event of the season. Further particulars will be announced next week.

What's The Time?

Last week about twenty of the ladies of the village organized a card club which they have called "The Twelve O'clock Club," Mrs. O. F. Post being elected president, the only officer in the club. The club will meet every other week and cards will be the principal feature. The first meeting was held last Thursday evening, the Misses Hannay entertaining. Miss Hulda Gigstad was the fortunate winner of the first prize.

A Big Day.

Although it is mid-winter and the farmers are as yet poorly prepared for winter dairying in this vicinity, the St. Hilaire creamery is still doing business, and quite a lot of it. Buttermaker Austin reports a record breaking day for January last Saturday, when he turned out 700 pounds of butter, it being the third churning for the week. In view of the fact that nearly every creamery in this part of the state is closed, this is a remarkable showing. They are averaging now about 1500 pounds a week.

Ice Cutting Laws.

Persons cutting ice would do well to observe Sec. 6640 of the General Statutes, 1894, providing that "A person or corporation cutting ice in or upon any water wholly or partly within the boundaries of this state for the purpose of removing the ice for sale, must surround the cuttings and openings made with fences of brushes or other guards sufficient to warn all persons of such cuttings and openings; which fences or guards must be erected at or before the time of commencing the cuttings or openings, and must be maintained until ice has again formed therein to the thickness of at least six inches. Whoever omits to comply with this section is guilty of a misdemeanor."

Let no man think lightly of good, saying in his heart it will not benefit me. Even by the falling of water drops a water pot is filled.—Buddha.

Thief River Falls Items.
From The News.

The family of Charles Rockstad, living in Porter's addition, has the smallpox. The cases are very mild ones and all are getting along nicely. This is the first case of smallpox in Thief River Falls to be reported this year.

John Morgan and Miss Hilma Johnson, both well known in this city, will be married on Saturday of this week by Judge Bishop and will at once leave on a trip to Mr. Morgan's old home in Eastern Canada. They expect to be absent about a month.

Superintendent McAnulty and President Moller, of the Red Lake County Teachers' Protective association, are busy at present working up the program for the next meeting of the association, which will be held at Red Lake Falls on the 9th of February. President Weld of the Moorhead Normal will be down for an address, and several noted educators of the Valley have also signified a willingness to help out with the program. Superintendent McIntyre of the Crookston schools, Prof. Sathre of the Crookston Business College, Superintendent Hay of Thief River, and Superintendent Chamberlain of Red Lake Falls, will all be down for papers or addresses and the usual musical numbers, discussions, etc., will be put on by the members of the association.

There has been much inquiry about town during the past week as to whether or not the large mercantile business of the late Hans Langseth would be continued. For the present it is quite probable that it will, but as to the future, this would be hard to say. The business is a very large one, and none of the heirs would be able to take full charge of it. Mr. Langseth left no will, but the widow will petition to have the estate probated this week. T. P. Hamre, brother of Mrs. Langseth, has been mentioned as a suitable person to act as administrator of this large estate, and of Mr. Hamre's ability to do this in a business-like way there can be no question. The judgment of the administrator as to whether or not the business should be continued will probably govern in this case.

The trial court in Red Lake county was affirmed in ruling that Peter A. Hagglund, an employe of the St. Hilaire Lumber company, was entitled to no damages for personal injury, because a pile of lumber fell upon him while he was at work as a sorter. The syllabus: "Plaintiff, 22 years of age, but without experience, while at work as a sorter in a saw mill, was directed to pile lumber in an aisle because of shortage of employes. The lumber so piled, for some unexplained reason, fell on plaintiff and produced the damage here sought to be recovered. It is held that the failure to employ the usual number of fellow servants was not the proximate cause of the harm plaintiff suffered. He assumed the obvious risks of his employment.

Hasty Scientists.

The haste of some of our scientific investigators to announce their discoveries and to ventilate the theories based thereon, is contrasted unfavorably in the editorial columns of the Electrical World with the cautious conservation of Sir Isaac Newton, who waited for years before giving to the world his law of gravitation, because some of his data appeared at the time not to be in accordance with the new principles. It took years to attain the high excellence of golden grain belt beer, but now all you have to do to enjoy its superior qualities is to order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson Crookston.

American Stock Growers' Association.

On account of the meeting of the American Stock Growers' Association, National Live Stock Growers' Association, National Wool Growers' Association, to be held at Denver, Colorado, January 28 to February 3, the Great Northern Railway will make a rate of one first class fare plus $2.00 for the round trip. Dates of sale January 27 to 29 inclusive. Final return limit February 15, 1906. See the local agent of the Great Northern Railway for full particulars.

Carlyle's Way.

Carlyle appears in a brief reminiscence from the pen of Percy Fitzgerald thus: The thing with Carlyle was to send out for a long churchwarden (a clay pipe) and a screw of tobacco, which put him in great good humor. He talked to his plate, as you might say. If anybody said anything from which he dissented you would hear him murmuring, "Oh, the puir auld fool; a regular puir auld fool!"

More Light.

A case was being tried on the charge of selling impure whisky. The whisky was offered in evidence. Jury retired to try the evidence. Judge (presently)—What is the verdict? Foreman of the Thirsty Jury—Your honor, we want more evidence.—San Francisco News Letter.

A Conjugal Tiff.

Husband—I see plainly you want to get up a quarrel. And in the street too! Wait at least till we are inside our own house. Wife—Impossible. I shall have cooled down before we get there.—Paris Journal.

Wanted to Find the Crumb.

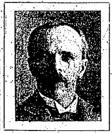
Mamma—What are you tearing your doll to pieces for? Hattie—I'm looking for the crumb of comfort papa said was to be found in everything.

Man is the merriest of all the species of creation. Above and below him all are serious.—Addison.

McMURRAY'S
VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

SHOULD BUILD MILL

What C. H. Martz Has to Say About the Flour Mill Proposition.



C. H. MARTZ.

The interest that is being manifested by the farmers of this community in the building of the proposed new flour mill and elevator at St. Hilaire goes to prove that they are energetic and clear-headed men. They have not only had valuable experience in production of grain and made a success of agricultural pursuits, but they have also demonstrated that they are equal to the occasion when it comes to co-operative business adventures. That they have good judgment and the courage of their convictions has been successfully demonstrated in the way that they have built up, managed, and are now operating the St. Hilaire Co-operative Creamery Co. and the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

The splendid showing of these companies can only be spoken of in the most complimentary way and surpasses the expectations of the most optimistic and the present condition of these companies acts as a very soothing tonic to the present stockholders.

At the time that these co-operative companies were being organized, I understand that they had many obstacles to overcome, some of which, as at this time, came from parties that have only their own selfish interests in view, and from others that mean well but lack the courage to do things.

But the farmers have shown themselves equal to any occasion and masters of the situation, and the success that is coming to all of us from the foresight shown and the good management in these companies will be an everlasting benefit to this community.

I want to ask, what would we now do without our splendid co-operative creamery? It is certainly a great advantage to the farmers and the whole community at large, and our merchants and business men are proud of and appreciate the plant and the men who built it. Now, my friends, as these things that have been accomplished have done so much to improve our conditions, the course which we are about to take to further improve our conditions by building a flour mill and elevator, is certainly a wise one and the plan should have the hearty co-operation of everyone who is in favor of fair play to the many farmers and their families in this community.

I am sorry to say that I don't think that we are getting all that we should out of our grain crops. At times there is a difference of from 13c to 15c per bushel in the price at St. Hilaire and Duluth and Minneapolis. The freight is 6 or 7 cents per bushel. Who gets the difference, and why must we pay it? I say that we don't have to, and that we don't propose to any longer than it will take to put up buildings to run our own business.

It has been said that the Great Northern Railway Co. made a reduction of two cents per bushel on grain from the fields of the west. I ask, have the farmers who have been selling their grain in this market received any benefit from the reduction of grain rates? The question is, have the rates on grain been reduced? If they have, who is getting the benefit, and why should not the farmers get some of it? When we get together and handle our own grain we will be in a position to find out a good many things to our great advantage that now appear to be most completely shrouded. That we are certainly on the correct course was clearly shown by letters and statements read by members of the ways and means committee at the last meeting. These estimates prove conclusively that there is a larger profit than anyone would possibly imagine in any legitimate business and that the plant would pay for itself in a short time.

When this plant is completed, it means more to every one in this community than anything we have: It means whether we will continue to sell our grain at ruinous prices and buy it back after it has been run through a feed mill, at two prices, or whether we will show that there is still alive the same spirit of independence that has done so much in the past and meet the demands of the occasion and build a mill and elevator that will be monuments to the foresight and wisdom of the farmers in this vicinity. We hope that at our next meeting every farmer that can possibly do so will be present. At that time we expect the committee will report that the necessary amount has been subscribed and that we can say the mill and elevator will be built as soon as possible and we can all see that the day the plant is completed it marks a new area of prosperity for the farmers and business interests of St. Hilaire, which in turn will add increased value to every acre of our farms in reach of this new enterprise. This being the case, I think the day that we are ready to announce that the mill is open for business, we will make it a day befitting the occasion and invite all to come and see the wheels go round.

C. H. M.

... Go to ...
Rapp & Post
... for your ...
Winter Wear

FIRE INSURANCE
is a
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class
FOR RATES CALL ON
HARRY E. IVES.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS
NOW ARRIVING.
We are getting in daily our Fall and Winter Stock of.....
Dry Goods :: Dress Goods
Boots and Shoes
and Heavy Winter Goods
AND INVITE YOUR INSPECTION
WE CAN QUOTE YOU PRICES EQUAL TO THE LOWEST
Call early and see our Stock of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods
E. M. HOFF.

A 1st Prize Winner
Mr. C. H. Martz has decided to offer to the farmers of this vicinity for a limited time the services of "ELMS JIM," Register No. 99,901, a full-blooded Poland China Boar.
This is probably the Finest Bred Hog in Red Lake County.
For particulars inquire of
C. H. Martz, Riverside Farm.

Schumacher Bros.
Will offer for a limited season the services of their registered
POLAND-CHINA BOAR
which is without doubt the finest bred hog ever brought into Red Lake county. For particulars inquire at farm in S½ Sec. 12, Bray township.
Name of Animal: Tecumseh King, No. 109125.
Sire: Tecumseh's Pride, No. 93373.
Dam: Chief Ideal's Daughter 4th, No. 231396.

SEEDS, TREES
CORN 23rd ANNUAL Catalog of
EARLIEST AND HARDIEST of Everything on Earth. Every person who tills a foot of land needs it. Send for it now.
OSCAR H. WILL & CO.
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DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Carlson & Fellman
ST. HILAIRE, - - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

2nd ☞ STORE
(SECOND HAND STORE.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
C. A. SKEIE.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINNESOTA

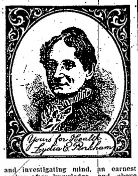
COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

WHO SHE WAS

SKETCH OF THE LIFE OF LYDIA E. PINKHAM

And a True Story of How the Vegetable Compound Had Its Birth and How the "Panic of '73" Caused it to be Offered for Public Sale in Drug Stores.

This remarkable woman, whose maiden name was Estes, was born in Lynn, Mass., February 9th, 1819, coming from a good old Quaker family. For some years she taught school, and became known as a woman of an alert and investigating mind, an earnest seeker after knowledge, and above all, possessed of a wonderfully sympathetic nature.


Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

In 1843 she married Isaac Pinkham, a builder and real estate operator, and their early married life was marked by prosperity and happiness. They had four children, three sons and a daughter.

In those good old fashioned days it was common for mothers to make their own home medicines from roots and herbs, nature's own remedies—calling in a physician only in specially urgent cases. By tradition and experience many of them gained a wonderful knowledge of the curative properties of the various roots and herbs.

Mrs. Pinkham took a great interest in the study of roots and herbs, their characteristics and power over disease. She maintained that just as nature so bountifully provides in the harvest-fields and orchards vegetable foods of all kinds; so, if we but take the pains to find them, in the roots and herbs of the field there are remedies expressly designed to cure the various ills and weaknesses of the body, and it was her pleasure to search these out and prepare simple and effective medicines for her own family and friends.

Chief of these was a rare combination of the choicest medicinal roots and herbs found best adapted for the cure of the ills and weaknesses peculiar to the female sex, and Lydia E. Pinkham's friends and neighbors learned that her compound relieved and cured and it became quite popular among them.

All this so far was done freely, without money and without price, as a labor of love.

But in 1873 the financial crisis struck Lynn. Its length and severity were too much for the large real estate interests of the Pinkham family, as this class of business suffered most from fearful depression, so when the Centennial year dawned it found their property swept away. Some other source of income had to be found.

At this point Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was made known to the world.

The three sons and the daughter, with their mother, combined forces to restore the family fortune. They argued that the medicine which was so good for their woman friends and neighbors was equally good for the women of the whole world.

The Pinkhams had no money and little credit. Their first laboratory was the kitchen, where roots and herbs were steeped on the stove, gradually filling a gross of bottles. Then came the question of selling it, for always before they had given it away freely. They hired a job printer to run off some pamphlets setting forth the merits of the medicine, now called Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and these were distributed by the Pinkham sons in Boston, New York and Brooklyn.

The wonderful curative properties of the medicine were, to a great extent, self-advertising, for whoever used it recommended it to others, and the demand gradually increased.

In 1877, by combined efforts, the family had saved enough money to commence newspaper advertising and from that time the growth and success of the enterprise were assured, until to-day Lidia E. Pinkham and her Vegetable Compound have become household words everywhere, and many tons of roots and herbs are used annually in its manufacture.

Lydia E. Pinkham herself did not live to see the great success of this work. She passed to her reward years ago, but not until she had provided means for continuing her work as effectively as she could have done it herself.

During her long and eventful experience she was ever methodical in her work and she was always careful to preserve a record of every case that came to her attention. The case of every sick woman that applied to her for advice—and there were thousands—received careful study, and the details, including symptoms, treatment and results, were recorded for future reference, and to-day these records, together with hundreds of thousands made since, are available to sick women the world over, and represent a vast collaboration of information regarding the treatment of women's ills, which for authenticity and accuracy can hardly be equaled in any library in the world.

With Lydia E. Pinkham worked her daughter-in-law, the present Mrs. Pinkham. She was carefully instructed in all her hard-won knowledge, and for years she assisted her in her vast correspondence.

To her hands naturally fell the direction of the work when its originator passed away. For nearly twenty-five years she has continued it, and nothing in the work shows when the first Lydia E. Pinkham dropped her pen, and the present Mrs. Pinkham, now the mother of a large family, took it up. With woman assistants, some as capable as herself, the present Mrs. Pinkham continues this great work, and probably from the office of no other person have so many women been advised how to regain health. Sick women, this advice is "Yours for Health" freely given if you only write to ask for it.

Such is the history of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; made from simple roots and herbs; the one great medicine for women's ailments, and the fitting monument to the noble woman whose name it bears.

Reciprocity.

Mrs. Newlywed was doing her marketing. "How is your liver this morning?" she asked, critically.

"Fine," replied the butcher; "how's yours?"—Philadelphia Record.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES. Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

He who has a good word for no one cannot have the word of God for any one.

CURES INDIGESTION

When what you eat makes you uncomfortable it is doing you very little good beyond barely keeping your alive. Digestive tablets are worse than useless, for they will in time deprive the stomach of all power to digest food. The stomach must be toned up—strengthened. The herb tonic-laxative,

Lane's Family Medicine

will do the work quickly and pleasantly.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

The Government of Canada

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Gives absolutely FREE to every settler one hundred and sixty acres of land in Western Canada.

Land adjoining this can be purchased from railway and land companies at from $6 to $10 per acre.

On this land this year has been produced upwards of twenty-five bushels of wheat to the acre.

It is also the best of grazing land and for mixed farming it has no superior on the continent.

Splendid climate, low taxes, railways convenient, schools and churches close at hand.

Write for "Twentieth Century Canada" and low railway rates to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada; or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Shakespeare Not Obscene.

A curious mixture of literature and the law took place at Birmingham yesterday when a man named Sheridan was summoned for using obscene language in the public street. Sheridan told the bench that he was discussing books with a friend and he quoted to him a short extract from Shakespeare's "Winter Tale." The constable appeared to have overheard it, for in the quotation there was one of the words attributed to him by the other. The magistrates dismissed the summons. By an appropriate coincidence the incident occurred in Stratford road.—London Chronicle.

A New Legal Definition.

Magistrate Robert Cornell of New York has acquired a new and valuable legal definition. An aged but robust negro witness who testified before him the other day wouldn't stop talking when counsel objected, but kept on roaring his testimony.

"Stop!" the magistrate commanded. "Don't you know you're in court?"

"Y-a-as'r," replied the negro.

"Well, don't you know what a court is?"

"Oh-h-h, ya-as'r," said the old fellow, with a low bow. "Ya-as'r; a co't is a place whah dey dispensis with justice!"—Saturday Evening Post.

Don't Wait.

Hanna, Wyo., Jan. 15th (Special)—Delays are dangerous. Don't wait until all the awful symptoms of Kidney Disease develop in your system, and your physician shakes his head gravely as he diagnoses your case. If you suspect your kidneys, turn at once to the great Kidney specific—Dodd's Kidney Pills. You can do so with every confidence. A few of Dodd's Kidney Pills taken in time have saved many a life. The early symptoms of Kidney Disorder may be the forerunner of Bright's Disease, Diabetes and Dropsy. Dr. W. H. Jeffries, a resident here, tells below how he treated an attack of Kidney Trouble. He says:—

"Before I commenced taking Dodd's Kidney Pills I had always a tired feeling every morning when I got out of my bed, and my Kidneys were in very bad shape. There was always a dull, heavy pain across my loins, and I had hard work to stoop. I took two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills, the tired feeling and back pains have entirely gone, and I am now cured."

Many a man thinks he is virtuous because he feels vicious when he sees others happy.

GROWING GRAIN IN NEARBY STATES

Five Northwestern States Lead in Production of Grains Other Than Wheat—Barley, Oats, Rye and Flax at Front.

While the great crops in Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Iowa and Wisconsin are wheat and corn, these states are far in the lead in the production of barley, oats, rye and flax seed.

While we, in the United States, know little or nothing about barley bread, it was for centuries the bread food of all of Europe. Until the last half century it was only the wealthy classes of Europe that could afford to use wheat bread. Great armies were fed on bread made from barley, and it was the important crop of nearly all European nations, just as wheat and corn is our most important crop to-day. A failure of the barley crop would have meant to them what a failure of the wheat or corn crop would mean to us at the present time. With us, however, barley was never used as a bread food, and is important only because of its use in the manufacture of malt liquor. Its usefulness, however, for this purpose is fast growing, and for many years past the production of barley has been on the increase.

In 1900 Minnesota as said to be the second greatest of the barley states, raising 24,750,000 bushels of that cereal, while California, which had the greatest crop, only raised 25,100,000 bushels. In 1900 Wisconsin came third, with 18,700,000 bushels, and Ioa fourth, with 18,100,000 bushels, while North and South Dakota both harvested a fair-sized crop. This year Minnesota and the two Dakotas raised between them 63,634,000 bushels of of barley, while Iowa and Wisconsin did almost as well.

The value of any crop, of course, depends upon the use there is for it. In California we find that barley is fed to the horses as feed, being a greater crop in that state by five times than oats, and being too far removed from the great breweries of the country to be of use in the manufacture of beer and other malt liquor. The great crop of barley grown in the five states above mentioned, however, all finds its way to the great breweries, and nearly every bushel of it that is not used as food by man is turned into beer and malt liquor of other sorts. The greatest breweries in the country are, as every one knows, those found at Milwaukee and St. Louis. But there are some large breweries at St. Paul and Minneapolis, and many small ones scattered all over the Central Northwest. For this reason the barley crop is one of great value to the farmers of this section of the country. The barley crop of Minnesota and the two Dakotas is valued at $23,429,854 to the farmers this season.

The history of barley in Minnesota shows that there has been a steady increase in this cereal since 1850, in which year the crop was only 1,216 bushels. Ten years later it was 109,668 bushels, and in 1870 1,032,024 were harvested. In 1880 the crop reached 2,972,965 bushels, and ten years later was 9,100,682 bushels. In 1900 the great crop of 24,314,240 bushels was harvested.

The largest increase in the production of barley in the United States during the ten years from 1889 to 1899 was in Minnesota. The increase was 15,213,557 bushels more than the crop harvested in 1889.

Fifty years ago the center of barley production was just east of the center of the state of New York. To-day it is near the junction of Iowa and South Dakota, 1,500 miles further west.

An interesting feature connected with barley is the fact that for the last year thousands of Japanese soldiers have been living upon it and fighting great battles on it just as Napoleon's soldiers did a hundred years ago. A great deal of barley is now being shipped to Japan and the Philippines, and it is quite possible that in the near future we will be raising barley as an Eastern export.

The present year saw a harvest of 33,487,100 bushels of barley in Minnesota, 685,000 bushels in North Dakota and 390,006 bushels in South Dakota, valued at $23,429,854 to the farmers.

Another crop that is of great importance in the five states about which we are writing is flax. In this cereal North Dakota stands first, with 17,328,000 bushels, valued at $15,595,200, and Minnesota second, with 6,786,000 bushels, valued at $6,175,260; South Dakota produced 3,737,500 bushels, valued at $3,326,375.

A review of the history of these states show that flax has been raised in Minnesota and the Dakotas all during the fifty years past, and like barley has been on the increase since the very first. There is less reliable statistical information obtainable about this crop than there is about any of the other crops but every one admits that it is one of the Northwest's most important crops. The crop of 1905 was the largest in the history of the Northwest, and the outlook is that the crop will be even larger next year, although the real figures cannot be guessed until December.

There are, however, several very good reasons why this should be so. Much of the crop is used within the State of Minnesota, where there is at least six great linseed oil mills and several small ones. This state alone last year crushed out 18,750,000 gallons of the oil and made 150,000 tons of oilcake. Much of the product is exported to all parts of the world, the greater part of it going to Europe. Antwerp, Glasgow and Hamburg are some of the heaviest buyers.

Much of the flax crop of these states is shipped by rail to Duluth, 15,322,003 bushels arriving at that port last season. All Eastern mills keep buyers at Duluth, and each year millions of bushels of flax cross the great lakes to Chicago and Buffalo and other lake ports from where it finds its way to the many linseed oil mills of the East.

While the United States grows over one-fourth of all the flax grown in the world, Minnesota and the two Dakotas grow over 80 per cent of our national crop.

Whether or not rye whisky or corn is the finest in the world is largely a matter of taste. But that Wisconsin grows the largest crop of rye in the United States is a matter of fact. Wisconsin grows over 5,000,000 bushels of rye each year and Minnesota and Iowa are both found among the ten leading rye states, each growing over a million bushels every year. This season Minnesota and the two Dakotas grew between them 2,945,631 bushels of rye, which had a value of $1,206,118 to the farmers of those states.

While rye is the least important of all the grain crops of the Northwest the rye area in Minnesota and the two Dakotas has increased every year for several years past. Most of that which is raised in these states is shipped to the Eastern and Southern states where the big distilleries are found. Much of it, however, is milled in Minnesota, and comes to us in the form of rye bread and other foods.

Rye may have a much greater future in this section of the country than a great many people think at present. There are many farmers in the state who look forward to the time when they shall grow a much greater crop of rye than they are now doing.

The most important crop raised in the five states named, after wheat, is oats. This, however, was not so until very recently. Only about two years ago began the great expansion in oats. For fifty years Minnesota had produced oats, and the Dakotas had raised this cereal ever since they were settled. In Minnesota oats jumped from 68,809,174 bushels raised in 1903 to 87,887,000 bushels raised in 1905. In the two Dakotas the increase was about as great. The yield for Minnesota this year was nearly forty bushels to the acre. Those who have traced the stimulus of the oats expansion say that it came from both the East and the West. One reason for it was that a great oats market had been established at Minneapolis, right in the heart of the oats-producing states of the Northwest. To this market have come the buyers for the great cereal houses of the country.

Wherever a great war is on, the demand for oats increases. It was so in the Civil war. Before 1861 the production of oats in this country had been becoming less and less with each year. In 1862 it was found to be greatly increased. The war in the far East no doubt increased very largely the demand for oats, hence the increase in that cereal. At first it would look as though this was a mistaken conclusion at which to arrive, as a war would not have the tendency to increase the number of horses and mules to eat the oats. But just as a man when he enlists as a soldier and goes into the field is put upon a straight ration of bread and beef and beans, so is a horse or a mule put upon a straight ration for oats. For this reason a war creates a great demand for oats. During the last two years millions of bushels of oats raised in Minnesota and the two Dakotas have been shipped to the Orient and the Philippines. The oats crop in Minnesota and the two Dakotas this year was worth $37,946,100 to the farmers.

It may be interesting to know the manner in which the center of oats production came West. In 1850 the center of the oats production was eighty miles east by south of Columbus, Ohio, and ten years later had reached a point forty-eight miles southeast of Cleveland, Ohio. The year 1870 saw te center of production thirty miles west by south of Fort Wayne, Ind., and in 1880 it was only sixty-two miles southwest of Chicago. The year 1890 saw it thirty miles north of Peoria, Ill. The year 1890 saw it reach Iowa at a point fifty-eight miles north of Burlington. To-day it is a little farther to the Northwest. In 1850 only 150,000,000 bushels of oats were raised in the United States. This year over 1,000,000 bushels were raised.

Taken all together, the principal field crops of Minnesota and the two Dakotas for this year are valued at $262,249,747. And that only includes wheat, oats, corn, flax, rye and barley. Is it any wonder that the jobbers of St. Paul report that the country merchants are buying greater stocks of all sorts of goods than they have ever before done, and that prices are firm in all lines, and collections good? Every jobber in St. Paul reports that he cannot supply the demand for goods fast enough, and that the entire West has the money to buy all manner of goods that our jobbing houses sell.

Lost on Her.

"Do you want me to tell you the secret of success in life?" asked the serious-minded man.

"What's the use?" said the frivolous woman. "I couldn't keep it."—Detroit Free Press.

Swift.

"Why do you say she is fast?"

"Why, she didn't know Jack Speedy two months ago."

"Well?"

"Well, now he's paying her alimony."—Houston Chronicle.

When Women Vote.

First Woman Suffragist—Did you cut the ticket or vote it straight?

Second Woman Suffragist (absently)—Straight! I cut it on the bias.—

Like a Gentleman.

"This novel says the heroine's face fell."

"What did the hero do then?"

"Picked it up, I s'pose."—Houston

You do not need to prove that you are a square man by sticking your corners into everybody.

HIGH CLASS DRUGGISTS

AND — OTHERS.

The better class of druggists, everywhere, are men of scientific attainments and high integrity, who devote their lives to the welfare of their fellow men in supplying the best of remedies and purest medicinal agents of known value, in accordance with physicians' prescriptions and scientific formula. Druggists of the better class manufacture many excellent remedies, but always under original or officinal names and they never sell false brands, or imitation medicines. They are the men to deal with when in need of anything in their line, which usually includes all standard remedies and corresponding adjuncts of a first-class pharmacy and the finest and best of toilet articles and preparations and many useful accessories and remedial appliances. The earning of a fair living, with the satisfaction which arises from a knowledge of the benefits conferred upon their patrons and assistance to the medical profession, is usually their greatest reward for long years of study and many hours of daily toil. They all know that Syrup of Figs is an excellent laxative remedy and that it gives universal satisfaction, and therefore they are selling many millions of bottles annually to the well informed purchasers of the choicest remedies, and they always take pleasure in handing out the genuine article bearing the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package. They know that in cases of colds and headaches attended by biliousness and constipation and of weakness or torpidity of the liver and bowels, arising from irregular habits, indigestion, or over-eating, that there is no other remedy so pleasant, prompt and beneficial in its effects as Syrup of Figs, and they are glad to sell it because it gives universal satisfaction.

Owing to the excellence of Syrup of Figs, the universal satisfaction which it gives and the immense demand for it, imitations have been made, tried and condemned, but there are individual druggists to be found here and there, who do not maintain the dignity and principles of the profession and whose greed gets the better of their judgment, and who do not hesitate to recommend and try to sell the imitations in order to make a larger profit. Such preparations sometimes have the name—"Syrup of Figs"—or "Fig Syrup" and of some piratical concern, or fictitious fig syrup company, printed on the package, but they never have the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of the package. The imitations should be rejected because they are injurious to the system. In order to sell the imitations they find it necessary to resort to misrepresentation or deception, and whenever a dealer passes off on a customer a preparation under the name of "Syrup of Figs" or "Fig Syrup," which does not bear the full name of the California Fig Syrup Co. printed on the front of the package, he is attempting to deceive and mislead the patron who has been so unfortunate as to enter his establishment, whether it be large or small, for if the dealer resorts to misrepresentation and and deception in one case he will do so with other medicinal agents, and in the filling of physicians' prescriptions, and should be avoided by every one who values health and happiness. Knowing that the great majority of druggists are reliable, we supply the immense demand for our excellent remedy entirely through the druggists, of whom it may be purchased everywhere, in original packages only, at the regular price of fifty cents per bottle, but as exceptions exist it is necessary to inform the public of the facts, in order that all may decline or return any imitation which may be sold to them. If it does not bear the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package, do not hesitate to return the article and to demand the return of your money, and in future go to one of the better class of druggists who will sell you what you wish and the best of everything in his line at reasonable prices.

See the South Grow.

A Chattanooga man gives his estimate of the South's progress by saying that in 1860 that part of the country had an appraised value of $5,000,000,000, while last year it received $6,000,000,000 for spending money. And its productive industries have only fairly begun to grow.

THE CALL OF THE CANADIAN WEST.

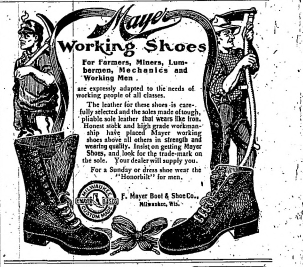
The Greatest Wheat Crop of the Continent.

The year that has just closed has done a great deal towards showing the possibilities of Western Canada from an agricultural standpoint. The wheat crop has run very near to the 100,000,000 bushel limit that was looked upon as too sanguine an estimate only a short time ago, and the area that has been broken to fall wheat for the coming harvest will go a long way toward enabling the farmers of the West to overlap on the 100,000,000 bushel estimate next year. And while the spring and winter wheat have been doing so well during the past few years, the other cereals have been keeping up with the procession. Rye and barley have made immense strides, and peas and flax have been moving steadily along. Dairying, also, has been successfully carried on in the new provinces, and in every stage the farmer has been "striking it rich." To such an extent has the success of the West taken hold of the outsiders that the rush of our Americans to Saskatchewan and Alberta, which was looked upon as marvelous last year, bids fair to be largely exceeded in 1906, and as there are still millions of acres of free homesteads available, which the building of the new railways will render accessible to the markets, new wheat lands will be opened ere long. Amongst the first to avail himself of the opportunity presented will be the American settler. In a large number of American cities Dominion Government Agents are located, who are able and willing to give the latest and best information in regard to the new districts which the railways will open up, and there will be no abatement of the rush to the Canadian prairies during the coming season. Some time since a poet in the columns of the "Toronto Star" had the following stirring lines, which throb of the Western spirit:

There's a stir in the air, there's a thrill through the land,
There's a movement toward the great West;
And the eyes of all men for the moment are turned
To the country that we love the best.
For 'tis Canada's day in the world's calendar,
And to this merry toast let us sup:
"Here's to the land, the young giant of the North,
Where the prairies are opening up."

They come from the East and they come from the South,
They come o'er the deep rolling sea—
They come, for they know they will dwell 'neath a flag
That makes all men equal and free.
Then, once more the toast, and let every man rise
And cheer e'er he sips from the cup:
"Here's to the land, the young giant of the North,
Where the prairies are opening up!"

Don't be misled by appearances; they often lead to disappearances.



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For Farmers, Miners, Lumbermen, Mechanics and Working Men.

are expressly adapted to the needs of working people of all classes.

The leather for these shoes is carefully selected and the soles made of tough, pliable sole leather that wears like iron. Honest stock and high grade workmanship have placed Mayer working shoes above all others in strength and wearing quality. Insist on getting Mayer Shoes, and look for the trade-mark on the sole. Your dealer will supply you.

For a Sunday or dress shoe wear the "Honorbilt" for men.

MILWAUKEE F. MAYER B.&S.CO. CUSTOM MADE

F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

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Upon receipt of your name______

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GOOD FOR ONE DOLLAR PURCHASE

Druggist's Name______

His Address ______

And 10c in stamps or silver to pay postage we will mail you a sample free, if you have never used Mull's Grape Tonic, and will also mail you a certificate good for one dollar toward the purchase of more Tonic from your druggist. Address

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

YOU WRONG YOURSELF TO SUFFER

from Constipation and Stomach Trouble.

Why suffer or take needless chances with constipation or stomach troubles when there is a perfect, harmless, natural, positive cure within your reach?

CONSTIPATION AND STOMACH TROUBLE

cause blood poison, skin diseases, sick headache, biliousness, typhoid fever, appendicitis, piles and every kind of female trouble as well as many others. Your own physician will tell you that all this is true. But don't drug or physic yourself. Use

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC

the natural, strengthening, harmless remedy that builds up the tissues of your digestive organs and puts your whole system in splendid condition to overcome all attacks. It is very pleasant to take. The children like it and it does them great good.

35 cent, 50 cent and $1.00 bottles at all druggists. The $1.00 bottle contains about six times as much as the 35 cent bottle and about three times as much as the 50 cent bottle. There is a great saving in buying the $1.00 size.

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE
CURES COUGHS COLDS
PRICE, 25 Cts.

ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE

GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.

F. W. Diemer, M. D., Manufacturer, *Springfield, Mo.*

Yesterday, To-day.

Judge—What's your age?

Fair Witness—Twenty-nine, your honor.

"That's exactly what you said two years ago."

"Well, I'm not going to say one thing to-day and another thing to-morrow."

Virginia Farms

FREE CATALOGUE of Splendid Bargains. R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., RICHMOND, VA.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D.C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

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Because it is Made to Cure

Colds, Coughs, Croup

Bronchitis, Tonsilitis,

Burns, Bruises,

All Muscle

Two sizes. Soreness. 25 and 50c.

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Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri

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Minnesota Historical Society
MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 27, 1906. NUMBER 28.

The News of the Week

Washington.

The senate committee on public lands has reported favorably the bill introduced by Senator Nelson ceding to the state of Minnesota for park or forestry purposes Star Island in Cass lake.

Lieut. Gen. Chaffee has tendered his resignation as chief of staff, U. S. A., to take effect at once, and it was accepted by the president. Gen. Chaffee does not go on the retired list until Feb. 1, but he desired to relinquish the duties of chief of staff that he might have a fifteen days' leave of absence before retiring from active service. Gen. Bates, assistant chief of staff, succeeds him as chief of staff.

Representative Burke of South Dakota has introduced a bill which he says it is calculated to meet demoralizing conditions among the Indians growing out of a recent decision of the supreme court in which it was held to be lawful to sell liquor to an Indian who holds land under allotment. The bill postpones for twenty-five years the citizenship of Indians who shall hereafter acquire lands through allotment.

From Other Shores.

A sanguinary fight between peasants and gendarmerie took place in connection with the election of a judge at the village of Bilke in the Bereg district, Hungary. Six peasants and two gendarmes were killed and numbers were wounded.

The biggest fire which has occurred at Panama in three years burned two blocks inhabited by the poorer classes. There is much indignation against the sanitary department as, according to current reports, the fire was caused by the carelessness of employes of that department.

A treaty of peace between the insurgent general at Monte Christi and the government was signed on board the American cruiser Yankee. This insures perfect tranquility throughout the republic of Santo Domingo. Monte Christi is now in the hands of the constitutional government forces.

The Deutsche announces that France will give a $2,000 challenge cup for an open competition for flying machines against heavier-than-air steerable balloons. The course will be sixty miles and back again. It is said that the Lebaudy military balloon and the Santos-Dumont aeroplane will compete.

The government's prosecution of Toronto plumbers as individuals for combination in restraint of trade and conspiracy has resulted in 134 men pleading guilty. Forty more were fined a total of $10,600, the fines of the others being suspended. The combination as a whole was fined $12,000 several weeks ago.

Casualties.

Fourteen residences, several barns and the Lutheran church in Dubois county, Ind., were badly damaged by the storm that passed over this section.

Arthur Sears, twenty-two years old, was killed while unloading logs from a car at Wells, Mich. The logs gave way suddenly, instantly crushing the life out of him.

The Baltimore & Ohio No. 6 was wrecked at Attica, Ohio, by the top of a freight car which had blown across the track by the high winds. The engineer and fireman were killed.

Convoy, Ohio, a town of 800 inhabitants, was almost wiped out by fire. A large number of business places and residences were burned. The losses will probably aggregate $75,000, partly covered by insurance.

Three Belgian children, the oldest of whom was six years, were burned to death at the Cornell Coal company fields, five miles northeast of Pittsburg, Kan., in a fire which destroyed the home of their mother.

While Mrs. George Beder of Thompsonville, Mich., was in the barn at her home the house in which she had left her two young babies caught fire and both of them lost their lives. One was burned to a crisp and the other was suffocated by smoke.

Otto J. John, an employe of the Lennox Furnace company, died at Marshalltown, Iowa, as the result of a peculiar injury received the preceding evening. He was carrying a piece of shafting on his shoulder, when he slipped on the ice and fell, the shafting in some manner striking him on the back of the head and fracturing his skull.

A seven-story warehouse building in course of construction in Chicago by the Harder Furniture and Van company, practically collapsed, injuring three workmen, one of them seriously. A heavy gale was blowing at the time and it carried down a part of the north wall, which fell in upon the floor where over 100 men were at work.

A section of the Windsor hotel at Montreal was destroyed by fire, causing a loss estimated at $150,000. The remainder of the hotel, which is one of the largest in Canada, was saved by heavy brick walls and fireproof doors which confined the flames to the section where they originated.

Fire destroyed Fleming's saloon, the store of the Judith Commercial company and John Kite's store at Moore, a new town on the Montana railroad in Fergus county, Mont. All were small affairs, the total loss not exceeding $6,000.

The school fire drill came very handy during a fire in Rowell schoolhouse in Great Falls, Mont., as there were 150 pupils in the building. The little ones were marshalled into line and got safely out of the building.

As the result of a premature explosion of a blast in the Hocking coal mines near Oskaloosa, Iowa, Ambrose Sheppard, aged twenty years, and his brother Willie, aged fifteen, are dead, and their father is seriously injured. While they were engaged in firing a shot a second was discharged, burying them under tons of coal.

The immense ice houses of the Union Pacific Railroad company at North Platte, Neb., the largest on the system, part of them filled with ice, were totally destroyed by fire, causing a loss estimated at $50,000. Nine buildings, each 112 feet long, were burned. It is alleged that the carelessness of workmen in putting on tar roofing caused the fire.

The Norwegian steamer Iris, commanded by Capt. Devig, which sailed from New Orleans, Dec. 9, via Norfolk, Dec. 29, for Esbjerk, Denmark, has been wrecked off Horn's reef, in the North Sea, about twenty miles to the westward from Esbjerg. All the members of the crew, with the exception of one fireman, were rescued. It is believed that the vessel and her entire cargo will bcome a total loss.

Crimes and Criminals.

Ex-Mayor John T. McMillan of Ashtabula, O., was indicted on the charge of voting more than once at the last election. Two policemen charged with permitting prisoners being held in jail for voting illegally, to escape, were also indicted.

Partially paralyzed, principal in a divorce suit and engaged in another suit against a neighboring ranchman for $20,000 for "alienating his wife's affections," Edward Keaster, a well-known and wealthy ranchman living in Highwood county, Mont., committed suicide.

Six men drove three wagons to the general store of Halifax & Lewis at East St. Louis, Ill., knocked down John Halifax and guarded him with a knife while the store was looted and considerable stock loaded into the wagons. The six escaped, but were pursued and arrested.

Gov. Pardee of California commuted the sentence of George Barker, sent from San Francisco to the Folsom prison for life in 1898. T. F. Gorman, who was executed in Nevada last month, made a confession in which he said he committed the highway robbery of which Barker was convicted.

Forty-four indictments were brought in by the grand jury at Owasso, Mich., which for several weeks has been investigating Shiawasse county affairs and the construction of the new court house. All but five of the indictments are against members of the board of supervisors, who are charged with exceeding their proper authority in making a $75,000 appropriation for the new court house without the sanction of the voters.

Domestic.

The general assembly of the Presbyterian church in the United States has appointed Jan. 25 as the day of prayer for schools and colleges throughout the country.

A marriage license was issued at Noblesville, Ind., to Ellis Carey, 27 years old, and Mary Gentry, aged 47. Mr. Carey's first wife, who died a year ago, was a daughter of his present wife.

The National Hardwood Manufacturers' association has elected William Wilms of Chicago president. The association decided to increase the price of hardwood from $1 to $2 per thousand.

Joseph Brennan, an actor, was shot and probably fatally wounded in a quarrel with Michael J. Walsh, also an actor, at Chicago. Walsh surrendered to the police. He says he acted in self-defense.

W. M. Wolf, professor of theology in Brigham Young college, a Mormon institution at Logan, Utah, has caused a stir in Mormon circles by renouncing his belief in the Mormon faith, refusing to pay tithes and severing his relations with the college.

As the result of the mysterious disappearance of F. C. Armstrong, cashier of the Washington National bank of Pittsburg over three weeks ago, the depositors, mostly foreigners, have started a run on the bank. The officers of the bank say there is no discrepancy.

The fight made by Senator E. T. Brackett of Saratoga, N. Y., against the life insurance grafters, and his demand that Chauncey M. Depew resign from the United States senate, has brought its own reward. His county is preparing to bring him to the front as the Republican candidate for governor to succeed Higgins.

In an effort to stop the wave of crime which has become epidemic in Chicago, 500 patrolmen are to be added to the police department. This recommendation was made by the city council's committee which was appointed to investigate the failure of the police department to give the proper protection to life and property.

Gov. Joseph K. Toole announced that he will call a special session of the Montana legislature to remedy the bond situation along the lines proposed by Atty. Gen. Galen, providing for an extra issue of bonds to cover the amount of those declared illegal.

139 LIVES LOST IN SHIPWRECK

WRECK OF VALENCIA GOES TO PIECES AND ONLY FIFTEEN ARE SAVED.

EXPEDITIONS FAIL TO RESCUE

STEAMERS ARE UNABLE TO APPROACH WRECK OWING TO HEAVY SEA.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 25.—Of the 154 people on board the steamer Valencia when she struck near Klanaway rock, five miles from Cape Beale, at 11:45 o'clock on Monday night and met disaster, but fifteen were safe. Seven were passengers and eight were members of the crew. The dead number 139, the greatest loss of life in the North Pacific since the Pacific was lost in 1875. The Valencia, in whose rigging about thirty people were clinging, frantically waving for assistance which could not be given when the steamer Queen left the scene at 11:30 a. m., broke up about 5 o'clock yesterday.

Sweeping to Death

those few who had survived these terrible hours of privation, chilled and numb to the limit of human endurance by a cloud of spray which swept over them. The tug Lorne, which Mayor Morley sent at 11 o'clock last night after the sad news was brought by the Queen of men clinging to the rigging of the partly submerged vessel, and the bluejackets who went on her by order of Capt. Parry of H. M. S. Egeria with surf boats to endeavor to reach the wreck, will arrive too late, as the sea had claimed all before the Queen reached Victoria.

Rescue Expeditions Fail.

Victoria, Jan. 25.—The correspondent of the associated Press on board the steamer Salvor has wired from Bamfield as follows:

"The steamer Valencia was located by the steamer Queen at 9 a. m. yesterday on Point Klanaway, about five miles from Cape Beale. The tug Czar went in to investigate and reported that the steamer was ashore, stern first, with her decks swept clear with the exception of a part of the house and her two masts standing. No persons could be seen alive on board. The steamer Salvor stood in for about two miles, but was

Unable to Go Any Further,

as a heavy sea and a westerly gale was blowing, making it highly dangerous, if not impossible to make a closer approach.

"The Czar was within three-quarters of a mile of the wreck but could not go further toward the Valencia, and after making as complete an examination as possible, she returned to the Queen and Salvor. The latter steamer and the Czar then left for Bamfield creek, the Queen standing by her companion liner. When the Salvor left the scene there was a heavy swell from the southwest and rain was falling in torrents. The queen reported having heard three gunshots shortly before the arrival of the Salvor, but nothing of any living person was to be seen.

Fifteen Are Saved.

"Advices from Cape Beale say that fifteen men have arrived, one of them the boatswain, the others being sailors. They reported a passenger list of 94 and a crew of 60, and said that when they left the wreck Tuesday morning there were about 100 persons on board, a large percentage of whom were women and children who were on the quarter-deck. Two boats were smashed alongside and all the occupants drowned.

"The Valencia left San Francisco about 11 o'clock on Saturday last and heard no sound and saw no light of presaging danger. The officers were running by dead reckoning and were on the lookout for Umatilla reef light ship when the steamer struck. She was backed off after she struck, but the water filled the engine room, the fires were extinguished and the engine crew forced out of the room, although not before the Valencia had been driven hard on the beach."

NEGRO AND JEWESS ARE PALS.

Are Arrested on Train in Iowa on a Charge of Stealing Jewels.

Marshalltown, Iowa, Jan. 25.—A negro and a Jewess, giving the names of William Kellogg and Miss Toby Boswit, were arrested on a Northwestern train by the sheriff on the charge of being jewel thieves. A search of the woman is said to have disclosed several hundred dollars' worth of diamonds alleged to have been stolen from a Council Bluffs jeweler. The girl is seventeen years old and pretty, while Kellogg is an octoroon.

CUTS DOWN PHONE POLES.

Rock Island Mayor Carries Out Council's Order.

Rock Island, Ill., Jan. 25.—Acting under orders of the city council, Mayor McCaskey yesterday had the poles of the Central Union Telephone company cut down, throwing several hundred instruments out of use. The company has been operating without a franchise for three years. Local representatives of the telephone company did not interfere with the mayor's operations.

FRANCE HAS MONROE DOCTRINE

VIRTUALLY ENUNCIATES SUCH PRINCIPLES WITH REGARD TO MOROCCO.

Algeciras, Spain, Jan. 25.—The confidential exchanges now going on in the Moroccan conferences here disclose the difficulty of arranging an agreement that both France and Germany will accept. The German delegates put forward the attractive plea of disinterestedness and equal privileges for all countries. The French delegates on the other hand maintain that France cannot be disinterested. They affirm that having followed an active policy in Morocco for eight years, and having obtained numerous advantages, France should not now be asked to take the same position as all the rest of the world.

France virtually enunciates in a modified form the principle of the Monroe doctrine in Northwest America. She has acquired and holds a position toward Morocco that, according to her view, makes equal political influence with other powers impossible. On the question of economic equality she says "yes," but on that of political equality she answers "no."

Germany insists on political equality with even more tenacity than on the question of economic equality.

The real struggle, however, is over the political future of Morocco. France would rather withdraw from the conference than tie up the political destiny of Morocco by international control. While this is not an authoritative official utterance, it unmistakably represents the feeling of the French delegation.

MORE TROOPS TO PROVINCES.

Destruction of Russian Revolutionists Is Ordered.

Tiflis, Caucasia, Jan. 25. — On account of the resumption of hostilities between the Armenians and the Tartars in the province of Elizabethpol and the attacks of armed bands on the troops and the peaceful population, a strong military force of all arms has been dispatched to Elizabethpol with instructions to restore order and destroy the revolutionary organization.

Reports from Kutais province, Caucasia, where martial law has been declared under Gen. Alhienoff, says that the punitive expedition is steadily fighting its way westward, clearing the revolutionists from the railway, driving them northwand to the mountains and inflicting on them considerable losses.

HALT IN BEEF CASE.

Lawyers Try to Reach Agreement as to Facts.

Chicago, Jan. 25.—When the first witness had been called by the defense yesterday in the so-called packers' case the entire proceeding was suddenly stopped and the lawyers for the government and the packers engaged in a long conference in which an attempt was made to reach an agreement as to what the facts are as regards possible promises made to the defendants during the investigation of the beef industry by Commissioner of Corporations James R. Garfield. If an agreement on this question is reached the necessity of testimony will be eliminated and the entire case will stand or fall on questions of law alone.

FRANCE IN NO HURRY.

Will Spank Castro When Not Otherwise Engaged.

Paris, Jan. 25.—Ministerial circles here are much annoyed over the published reports relative to France's alleged hesitation and nervousness regarding the Venezuelan question. A highly placed official of the foreign office yesterday protested energetically against the statements made on the subject, saying:

"France has always been and still is determined to obtain the fullest satisfaction for past and present affronts from Venezuela. She, however, will select her own time for action and will not stir up the wasps' nest to which Castro has shown the way until her general policy leaves her free to do so."

WILL ARREST ANARCHISTS.

Warrants Out for Band That Plotted Death to Notable Persons.

Monongahela, Pa., Jan. 25. — Warrants were issued yesterday for the arrest of thirty-one foreigners believed to be members of a band of anarchists whose headquarters at Baird, Pa., were raided by the police early Tuesday morning and a mass of literature threatening the life of Gov. Pennypacker of Pennsylvania, Gov. Pattison of Ohio and other prominent men in different parts of the United States, was found. According to the police the members of the organization are scattered over a large area and it will take several days to serve the warrants.

THIRTEEN WOMEN VICTIMS.

"Jack-the-Stabber" at St. Louis Is Still Uncaptured.

St. Louis, Jan. 25.—The victims of "Jack-the-Stabber," who has created terror among the women of this city, are now known to number thirteen, one of whom is reported in a critical condition. The assailant, who has so far eluded capture, is pronounced a moral pervert by physicians of the city. The police department is exercising extraordinary precautions to protect women.

THE MOROCCAN CONFERENCE

THE WORLD POWERS NOW IN SESSION TO DECIDE IMPORTANT QUESTIONS.

IS THERE TO BE WAR?

EFFORTS OF UNCLE SAM WILL BE TO PRESERVE THE PEACE OF THE WORLD.

Algeciras, Jan. 19.—The delegates to the Moroccan conference held a private session lasting two hours yesterday afternoon. The session resulted practically in an agreement on the main lines of a plant for the repression of contraband entering Morocco. It was feared that this question of contraband might lead to Franco-German tension as to which should carry out the repressive measures proposed, but this situation appears to have been averted.

The delegates were in accord upon the needs of all the powers passing laws penalizing the introduction of contraband. They also tended toward a plan upon which Morocco would adopt rigid repressive measures in cooperation with the powers.

Algeciras, Jan. 23.—The plenipotentiaries were entertained in yesterday's sitting of the Moroccan conference by an almost continuous skirmish between M. Revoil, head of the French delegation, and Count von Tattenbach, the second of Germany's delegates. While the amenities were carefully observed, the other delegates were conscious that yesterday was the beginning of fresh controversies between France and Germany which are likely to be long protracted and of increasing earnestness.

The styles of fence displayed by the two plenipotentiaries suggested their differences of race. M. Revoil was keen, analytical of mind, skillful and fine diplomatic phrasings, and with a grace of expression and a winning personality.

Count von Tattenbach was downright of speech and soldierly in manner, trusting to the solidity of his ideas and to his facts.

The two plenipotentiaries are not in sympathy and draw apart outside the council room. Both are of high ambition, and it will be difficult for either to yield to the other.

Algeciras, Jan. 25. — Henry White, ambassador to Italy, and head of the American delegation to the Moroccan conference, is making the weight of the United States felt in frequent endeavors to bring France and Germany nearer together before the disputed questions arise in the conference. These questions cannot long be disregarded, as the discussion of the question of economic reforms in Morocco will begin next week.

It has been impossible for the United States to take the lead in seeking a way toward an agreement that shall guarantee to all countries an

Equal Footing in Morocco

and yet recognize in some respects the special position of France. It is a difficult task, but all the governments except those directly concerned are assisting in it because of the danger of the situation should the conference fail of a settlement.

Great Britain is acting entirely with France and is not disposed now to ask France to modify her terms. Italy, however, as the ally of Germany and the friend of France, and Russia as the ally of France and the friend of Germany, are co-operating in the expectation to find a compromise.

STOCK BROKERS FAIL.

Pittsburg Firm Breaks in Floating Mercantile Securities.

Pittsburg, Jan. 25.—E. D. Gartner & Co., members of the local stock exchange, yesterday made a voluntary assignment to Samuel A. Steele. Liabilities are said to be $100,000. The firm was recently involved in an unsuccessful attempt to float securities of a new fire-proofing company. E. D. Gartner was the Pittsburg stock exchange member of the firm.

PORTAGE LAKE TONNAGE GROWS

Canals' Commerce in 1905 Amounted to 2,413,445 Tons.

Duluth, Jan. 25.—Commerce of the Portage Lake canals, the great waterway through Keweenaw Point, near its base in Lake Superior, amounted to 2,413445 freight tons of a total value of $79,869,500 in 1905, as compared with 2,295,822 tons of a valuation of $59,008,948 in 1904.

Engine Belt Injures Farmer.

Rosemount, Minn., Jan. 25.—C. G. Peterson, a farmer and dairyman living a mile from this village, was seriously injured about his head and his right arm was broken through contact with the belt on a gasoline engine while he was operating a feed mill.

Silverton, Colo., Jan. 25.—Five Italian miners employed at the Sunnyside mine lost their lives in an immense snowslide yesterday afternoon.

WILL GIVE UP ISLE OF PINES.

SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE ORDERS THE TREATY REPORTED.

Washington, Jan. 25.—The treaty under which the United States relinquished to Cuba all claim or title to the Isle of Pines, which has been pending since Nov. 11, 1903, was yesterday ordered reported by a majority of the senate committee on foreign relations. There will be a minority report presented by Senator Morgan and signed by two or more members of the committee amending the treaty so as to give additional protection to the interests of Americans who have investments on the island. As reported by the majority the treaty is exactly as it was reported on Nov. 24, 1903.

It provides that the title to the island shall be relinquished to Cuba in consideration of the grants of coaling and naval stations in Cuba heretofore made by the Cuban government to the United States. It is the contention of the majority of the foreign relations committee that article 3 gives ample protection to American interests.

WORK FRAUD ON HERO FUND.

Slocum Disaster Heroes Attempt to Bunco Carnegie Commission.

New York, Jan. 25.—Behind the announcement made by the Carnegie hero fund commission that no awards would be made to persons claiming recognition for services rendered in the Slocum disaster, is the discovery that some of the Slocum heroes have tried to impose upon the Carnegie commission by gold-plating the silver medals given to them by the United States volunteers life saving corps and other organizations in this city. Gold medals were awarded only to those who exhibited the highest degree of heroism, silver ones to those less praiseworthy, and bronze ones to those of the third class. Several city employes, including policemen, are said to have plated medals.

BREAK OUT AGAIN IN ECUADOR.

Uprising Started Against Alfaro's Government.

Guayaquil, Ecuador, Jan. 25.—Col. Sostales, a Conservative, has started an uprising at Rio Bamba against Gen. Alfaro's government. A commission of rebel Conservatives is soon expected here to enter into peace negotiations with the Alfaro party. It is officially announced that Gen. Andrade's forces, composed of 300 men, gave up their arms at Quito.

ROOSEVELT SURE TO RETIRE.

Will Not Accept Third Term Even If Nomination Is Offered.

Washington, Jan. 25.—The closest friends of President Roosevelt know that Mr. Roosevelt will not be a candidate for a third term. They know that his mind is irrevocably made up on this subject. Not only will he not again be a candidate for the presidential nomination, but he will not accept the nomination if it is offered to him.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Jan. 25. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 83 7-8@84 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 81 1-2@82 1-4c; No. 3, 78@80 1-2c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 38@38 1-2c. Oats—No. 3 white, 29@29 1-2c.

Duluth, Jan. 25. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 82 7-8c; No. 2 Northern, 80 5-8c; flax, $1.15; rye, 60c.

Minneapolis, Jan. 25. — Wheat—No. 1 hard, 83 1-8c; No. 1 Northern, 82 5-8c; No. 2 Northern, 80 3-8c; durum, 70@73c. Oats—No. 3 white, 29c.

Milwaukee, Jan. 25. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 85@86c; No. 2 Northern, 83@84 1-2c. Rye—No. 1, 69 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 54 1-2@55c. Oats—Standard, 32@32 1-2c.

Chicago, Jan. 25. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 88@90c; No. 2 hard, 84@86c; No. 1 Northern, 86@88 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 84@87 1-2c. Corn—No. 2, 42 3-4@43c. Oats—No. 2, 31c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Jan. 25.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.50@5.50; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.25@3.45; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.65; calves and yearlings, $2.50@4.30. Hogs—Bulk, $5.20@5.25.

Chicago, Jan. 25. — Beeves, $3.50@6.30; stockers and feeders, $2.25 @ 4.25; cows and heifers, $1.50 @ 4.75. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $5.25@5.52 1-2; bulk, $5.35@5.50. Sheep, $4 @5.85; lambs, $4.85@7.75.

South St. Paul, Jan. 25. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4.50 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3@4.25; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs — Range price, $5.20@5.35; bulk, $5.25@5.30. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $6.25 @ 6.75; fair to good, $4.50@6.25; yearling wethers, $5 @5.50; good to choice ewes, $4.50 @ 4.75.

Gen. Wheeler Is Weaker.

New York, Jan. 25.—The condition of Gen. Joseph Wheeler, who is ill with pneumonia at the home of his sister is not so favorable. He was a little weaker yesterday and his condition became less assuring toward evening.

Dean Main Is President.

Marshalltown, Iowa, Jan. 25.—Dean J. H. T. Main of Iowa college, at Grinnell, was yesterday elected president of that institution by the board of trustees.

LIME LIGHT ON CAPITOL BOARD

PUBLIC EXAMINER'S REPORT ON RECENT EXAMINATION IS MADE PUBLIC.

NO GRAFT FOR COMMISSION

SOME ACTS CRITICISED, BUT NO EVIDENCE OF DISHONEST ACTION.

St. Paul, Jan. 25.—"Graft" cannot be imputed to the state capitol commission, according to the report filed with Gov. Johnson by Public Examiner P. M. Kerst, who has conducted a thorough examination of the commission's accounts and records.

The report was given to the public yesterday by Gov. Johnson, and with it a statement of his own findings and conclusions. He has spent nine days in reading and studying the report, and his statement exonerates the commission from any charge of collusion or dishonest action. He

Notes Some Criticisms

made by the examiner, but none of them are considered grave enough to call for any further proceedings. The governor speaks especially of the commissioners' bills, refusing to allow them, but will do nothing regarding bills approved by former governors. He concludes that the contracts for elevators and for fireproofing were improperly let, and that the state was not properly protected in some contracts by stipulation as to unit values for extra work. He also objects to the way in which coal was purchased. He finds that the commission never intended to finish the building within the original appropriation, but that as it stands the building

Is Eminently Satisfactory.

In other regards he gives the commissioners credit, and, especially Channing Seabury, for efficient care of the state's interests.

The report is an immense document, covering more than 500 pages, and going to the bottom of every transaction in the commission's history.

It makes many criticisms, large and small. Loose methods of business, by which the state is supposed to have lost money, are inferred from the record in several cases. All the commissioners are found to have charged for too many days of service, and Mr. Seabury's overcharges are stated at $3,465, without including three bills amounting to $1,475, which the examiner thinks improper.

Hundreds of letters are quoted to throw light on the attitude of the commission and the methods of business.

ATTORNEY A FORGERER?

Strong Testimony Given in Butte Disbarment Case.

Helena, Mont., Jan. 25.—Damaging evidence was presented to the supreme court yesterday in the disbarment proceedings against B. S. Thresher, a Butte attorney. The accused failed to appear, and after entering his default on record, the court heard evidence. Many alleged shady practices were sworn to by reputable men, including forgery of another's name to a check, taking a client's cash bond in the form of a check, forging the name of the payee, a Butte justice of the peace, and pocketing the money. Thresher is considered one of the brightest lawyers of the state.

LAY BURGLARY TO NEGRO.

Colored Man Arrested at Utica Is Charged With Robbing House.

Winona, Minn., Jan. 25.—A colored man, who refuses to give his name, was arrested yesterday morning at Utica for the alleged burglary of the residence of Mason Hatfield at St. Charles the previous night. He had gone to the Armstrong home but was driven away. It is charged that he then went to Hatfield's residence, broke through a window and secured $25 in cash. He was traced to the railway track, where it was seen he had gone toward Utica. His arrest followed and he was brought to Winona for his hearing.

Says She Was Driven From Home.

Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 25.—Charging that Simon Schuler of St. Nicholas, Minn., drove her from home, Mary Roddin, aged fifteen years, was picked up by the police here yesterday. She says she was visiting at that farmer's home when one day she was given $10 by the man and told to go as far as the money would carry her. The police are mystified.

Incendiary at School.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Jan. 25. — The Dowell school burned Tuesday night. The loss is $60,000; insurance, $22,000. The fire is believed to have been of incendiary origin. A man was seen running away just before the fire.

Passengers Are Unhurt.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Jan. 25. — A Pelican Rapids train on the Great Northern was derailed four miles south of this city yesterday. Two passenger coaches left the track, but the passengers were uninjured.

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NOT MADE BY THE TRUST

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Perfect Quality and **Moderate Price**

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St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

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Official Abstracter.

Red Lake Falls, Minn.

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The Spectator.

H. E. IVES, Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:--$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

Subscribers should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

Remittances should be made on postal notes, postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Jan. 27, 1906.

We are in receipt of the boom edition of the International Falls Echo. It tells the story of the future greatness of that city in an attractive manner.

E. A. Nelson, of Hallock, is out as a candidate for the republican nomination for secretary of state. Mr. Nelson has many warm friends in the northern part of the state who favor his cause.

An early state convention is advocated so that the republicans will quit fighting among themselves and get action on the democrats. Besides, the supply of candidates might be exhausted at this rate before August.

Even if Jacobson has become a recent convert for drainage the newspapers of northern Minnesota don't seem to be any too eager to boom him for governor. Those eleventh hour converts are all right sometimes but then again they are not.

We publish two interesting letters this week from prominent Red Lake county farmers on the flour mill question. Both N. A. Nelson and Peter Eugelstad have made a success in Red Lake county and their opinions are worthy of consideration.

The administration bill to make two states out of the territories of Indian Territory and Oklahoma for one and New Mexico and Arizona for the other, has passed the house and will probably become a law. A number of republican members opposed the president and fought the bill, our own Halvor being among the number.

Red Lake Falls parties have enjoined the board of county commissioners from re-districting the county into commissioner districts, and it is thought, will carry the case to the supreme court. This would delay the matter until after another election and is undoubtedly the reason for the move. It is good to be a lawyer when a county seat fight is on.

Crookston Times: Minnesota's game laws threaten to become a state issue. It will be a good thing if they do. There is altogether too much misunderstanding concerning the enforcement of the state game laws and it is due to this misunderstanding that it has been so difficult to secure convictions against real offenders. The Times believes that there never has been any desire or intention to secure a rigid enforcement of the letter of the law against settlers who hunt the game for food for themselves, but that the commission has been and is earnestly endeavoring to put an end to the ravages of pot hunters and pleasure seekers whose license knows no law. If this is the position of the commission, and we firmly believe that it is, the settlers of northern Minnesota should join hands with the state authorities in a campaign for the enforcement of the spirit of the law. Every interest of the settlers demands that he should do this; once he does it there will be no trouble about the preservation of game in Minnesota, a matter of vital importance to the state.

Wins Scholarship.

The contract entered into by Alton Jackson whereby he secures a life scholarship in Button's Business College at Crookston, of the value of seventy-five dollars, for securing 100 new subscribers for THE SPECTATOR has been finished and the scholarship duly delivered. The work has been done in a little more than a month and he is to be congratulated upon its successful conclusion. A chance to obtain a business education thus earned is worth more than if it had been a gift from a parent, as he will now thoroughly appreciate its value. Mr. Jackson will continue to act as subscription agent for THE SPECTATOR.

The following is the list of subscribers not reported:

St. Hilaire:

H F Hanson	Box 14
O E Higble	
Andrew Odegaard	
Mrs S Lindahl	
Geo W Biskey	
Franco L Berglund	
Joe L Nadeau	
T M Brevig	Box 81
T Aug Lillehel	Box 212
Fred Sa dmoen	
K L Bjerkness	
George Casbon	
Gilbert Shjerva	Hazel
E Miller	Plummer
P A Eckstrom	Wylie
Hans Fredrikson	Hazel
Wm Jahn (bx10)	Blackduck Minn

Demurrer Sustained.

Judge Watts has sustained the demurrers entered by County Attorney Maybury, representing the board of county commissioners of Polk county, and A. A. Miller, representing the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, in the case brought by the creditors of Ditch Contractors Anton Anderson and L. Larson.

The case was entitled W. E. Black vs. The Board of County Commissioners of Polk county, the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, Anton Anderson and L. Larson. The last two named started a ditch contract, borrowing money from the above named bank and assigning the contract to them. There were a number of creditors and several of them, having claims amounting to about $900, assigned their claims to Black and he brought suit to collect, there being about $1,000 in the hands of the county still due on the ditch contract.

The demurrers of both the county and the bank were sustained and judgment was entered against Anderson and Larson, who made no appearance. The case is important in that it fixes the liability of the county in such cases.—Crookston Times.

Work Actually Begun.

Neal & Moody, of Warroad, have opened offices at Winnipeg and are calling for a hundred men to clear the right of way and build a grade on the Great Northern between Warroad and Roseau. Neal & Moody have contracts for doing nine miles of this work, a good deal of which can be better done during the winter. They have their camps all built and equipped and the actual work on the grade has begun, but there is a great demand for men.

The effect of the actual beginning of work is already noticeable in the increased activity in all lines of business and in the general feeling of confidence inspired even in those who affected to believe only a week ago that the road would not be built next summer as well as they who but recently protested that the whole thing was a bluff; that the Great Northern would never build to Warroad.—Thief River News.

Speed-Recording by Camera.

A time recording camera which will prove a great utility in timing automobile races, where exactitude is such a great requisite, has been devised by two English inventors. The feature of the apparatus is that a photograph of the car is obtained when passing a given spot at a given time, recording the actual time to a fraction of a second. We wish to give you a timely reminder to order another case of golden grain belt beer. You can't afford to let your supply run out. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Accidentally Shot.

Thief River News: Frank Johnson, an eighteen year old young man living up near Jelle, was brought to this city last week suffering from a bullet wound in his right lung, and is now confined to the hospital.

Mr. Johnson, in company with his brother, was hauling hay, and in handling a 22 rifle, it accidentally discharged and the bullet entered his right lung. He was brought to Thief River Falls and Dr. Bockmann located the bullet and removed it. The young man is now getting along nicely at the hospital and, unless some unforseen complication sets in, he will be able to be out in a short time.

Will Build Line.

Crookston Times: Ed. L. Healy, of Red Lake Falls, and owner of the water power at that place, passed through the city last evening enroute to Marshall, Minn., to attend to some private business matters. He stated that the project to transmit electricity to Grand Forks and East Grand Forks from the plant at Red Lake Falls would be carried out the coming summer and that he felt certain it would be successful. The erection of the plant will probably be started in the course of a few months.

McMURRAY'S VANILLA

WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

SEEDS, TREES CORN 23rd ANNUAL Catalog of EARLIEST AND HARDIEST of Everything on Earth. Every person who tills a foot of land needs it. Send for it now.

OSCAR H. WILL & CO.
BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA

Teachers' Examinations.

Examinations for state teachers' certificates will be held on January 25, 26 and 27, 1906, at St. Hilaire, Red Lake Falls and Thief River Falls in accordance with the following program:

THURSDAY, JANUARY 25.
(First grade studies.)

A. M.—8:30 Enrollment.
9:00 Physics
10:30 Algebra
P. M.—1:15 Geometry
2:30 Civics
3:30 Physical Geography or General History

FRIDAY, JANUARY 26.
(Second grade studies.)

A. M.—8:00 Enrollment
8:30 Professional test
9:30 Spelling
11:00 Arithmetic
P. M.—1:15 Geography
2:45 Composition and Penmanship
3:20 Reading

SATURDAY, JANUARY 27.
(Second grade studies continued.)

A. M.—8:00 U. S. History
9:45 English Grammar
11:30 Music
P. M.—1:15 Physiology Hygiene
2:45 Drawing

H. T. McANULTY,
County Superintendent.

Order for Hearing Application for Appointment of Administrator.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court.
Special term, January 11, 1906.

In the matter of the estate of John Julin, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Charley Julin, of the county of Red Lake, representing among other things, that John Julin, late of the county of Red Lake, in the state of Minnesota, on the 18th day of March, A. D. 1903, at the county of Red Lake, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a son of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to K. O. Gigstad granted:

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before said court, on Monday the 5th day of February, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county.

Ordered further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire, in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., the 11th day of January, A. D. 1906.

{Probate Court Seal} By the Court,
N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate.

(j13-4-f3)

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Order for Hearing Application for Appointment of Administrator.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court.
Special term, January 15, 1906.

In the matter of the estate of Bernhard Thelander, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Christine Thelander, of the county of Red Lake, representing, among other things, that Bernhard Thelander, late of the county of Red Lake, in the state of Minnesota, on the 30th day of December, A. D. 1905, at the county of Red Lake, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the wife of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to K. O. Gigstad granted:

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before said court, on Monday the 12th day of February, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county.

Ordered further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., the 15th day of January, A. D. 1906.

{Probate Court Seal} By the Court,
N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate.

(j20-4t-f10)

Carlson & Fellman

ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.

CONFECTIONERY

FRUITS, CANDIES
--- CIGARS ---
and STATIONERY

Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

1st Prize Winner

Mr. C. H. Martz has decided to offer to the farmers of this vicinity for a limited time the services of "ELMS JIM," Register No. 99,901, a full-blooded Poland China Boar.

This is probably the Finest Bred Hog in Red Lake County.

For particulars inquire of

C. H. Martz, Riverside Farm.

ANNUAL REPORT

— OF THE —

Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company

Of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, for the year ending Dec. 31, 1905.

Organized, 9th day of March, 1893.
Commenced business, 8th day of June, 1893.
Present president, Nels K. Anderson, St. Hilaire Minn.
Present secretary, C. P. Swanson, Wylie, Minn.

Complete list of officers, their addresses, amount of insurance carried by each in this company, and the salary or other compensation paid and to be paid for services during the year:

NAME AND P. O. ADDRESS	OCCUPATION	AM'T OF INSURANCE	OTHER COMPENSATION
Pres.—Nels K. Anderson, St. Hilaire..	Farmer	$ 1,625	$18.40
Secretary—C. P. Swanson, Wylie....	Farmer	1,450	27.75
Treasurer—Ed. A. Aubol, St. Hilaire..	Farmer	1,550	12.34
TOTAL..............		$4,625	$58.49
Director-Carl Gerlach, Red Lake Falls.	Farmer	2,430	2.00
Director-Peter Engelstad, Thief R. Falls	Farmer	2,700	4.00
Director-P. A. Hallstrom, Wylie.....	Farmer	2,375	4.00
Totals for Directors........		$7,505	$10.00
Grand total for Officers and Directors..........		$ 12,130	$ 68.49

Annual Statement of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

INCOME DURING YEAR 1905:—

Balance cash on hand and in bank Dec. 31 of previous year...		$ 332 83
Cash received as first payments of policies issued during the year..........	$ 280 84	
Cash received from assessments levied during previous years..........	6 15	
Total amount of cash received during the year.....	286 99...	286 99
Total cash, including balance on hand from previous year....		619 82

DISBURSEMENTS DURING YEAR 1905:—

Paid losses incurred during the year..........	$ 289 00	
Paid agents' expenses $53.60; Directors $12.00....	65 60	
Paid salaries of officers: President $18.40, secretary $27.75; treasurer $12.34..........	58 49	
Paid for printing $15.00, advertising $14.75, office supplies $32.50..........	62 25	
Insurance department fees..........	2 00	
All other disbursements..........	28 25	
Total amount of disbursements during the year..	505 59...	505 59
Balance cash on hand at end of year..........	....	114 23
Total assets of company, including balance cash on hand Dec. 31, '05		$ 619 82

POLICY EXHIBIT:

	NO. FIRE POLICIES	AMOUNT
Policies in force Dec. 31 of previous year..........	241	$ 319,854 00
Policies issued during the year..........	75	93,230 00
Total..........	316	413,084 00
Deduct policies expired and ceased in force during year	25	44,024 00
Policies and amount in force end of year, Dec. 31, 1905..	291	369,060 00
Loss claims presented during the year..........	1	$ 289 00
Losses paid in full as adjusted..........	1	289 00

List of townships in which the company is authorized to transact business, with amount of business in force in each township at end of year. Give the home office township as No. 1:

1. Bray........	$29,700	6. River Falls........	$64,330	11. Gervais.....	$ 6,611
2. Polk Centre....	52,680	7. Red Lake Falls..	27,510	12. Numedal....	11,765
3. Black River....	32,000	8. Wyandotte......	20,100	13. Louisville....	9,040
4. Sanders........	37,315	9. North..........	4,350	14. Emardville..	4,450
5. Rocksbury.....	44,815	10. Norden........	20,570	15. Garnes......	3,825

Grand Total in Force.......... $369,060.00.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
COUNTY OF RED LAKE, } ss.

Nels K. Anderson, president, and C. P. Swanson, secretary, of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company, being duly sworn, each for himself deposes and says, that they are the above described officers of the said company, and that on the thirty first day of December last all of the above described Assets were the absolute property of the said company, free and clear from any liens or claims thereon, except as above stated, and that the foregoing statement, with the schedules and explanations herein contained, annexed or referred to, are a full and correct exhibit of all the Assets, Liabilities, Income and Disbursements and of the condition and affairs of the said company on the said thirty-first day of December last, and for the year ending on that day, according to the best of their information, knowledge and belief, respectively.

Nels K. Anderson.
C. P. Swanson.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of January, 1906.

B. E. Burke,
(Seal.) Notary Public, Red Lake Co., Minn.
My commission expires Sept. 17, 1910.

CROOKSTON LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Button's Business College and Shorthand Institute

Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

OFFERS to take you through a complete course in Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Tywewriting and let you pay for your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after situation is secured for you. It practically costs you nothing because we get you a position where you earn at least $10.00 per month more than you ever earned before. We want 500 students to enter this college during the next three months and make the above unparalleled offer to get them. The courses are: : : : : : : : :

Normal, Shorthand and Typewriting,
Music, Commercial,
Preparatory, :::: Telegraphy.

THIS is the only College in the United States that guarantees a good paying position to every graduate. If we don't get you a satisfactory situation you need never pay us one cent : : : : : : : : : : : : :

J. A. Button, Principal

Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President. H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, - - - - - MINNESOTA

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.

A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.

GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
"The Comfortable Way"

EAST OR WEST is via the

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

All Principal Points Quickly, Comfortably, Easily Reached.

For detailed information, rates, etc., call on

H. M. SWENSON, Agent,
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

S.S. "Minnesota" sails from Seattle for the Orient Feb. 1, 1906.
S.S. "Dakota" sails from Seattle for the Orient, March 12, 1906.

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:36 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
H. M. Swenson, A[illegible]nt.
[illegible]

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
O. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hausen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Leo
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109, Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
C. Ives, V-pres. K.R. Killand, Secy.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROKSTON, - MINN.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Timothy, clover and wild hay for sale. See P. O. Hagglund.

Mrs. Bert Mitchell, of Crookston, is visiting friends here this week.

Arnt Brannum left on Tuesday for a visit to his claim near Germantown.

M. L. Hanson was an over Sunday visitor at Fertile, returning on Monday.

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

John Konikson came in from his reservation claim last Wednesday for a short visit.

Mrs. A. O. Davison and children have been visiting relatives at Red Lake Falls this week.

Olson Bros. are doing considerable work this week with a steam wood-sawing machine.

Earl and Ernie Arthur entertained their young friends at the Hotel Markham last evening.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on February 3 and 4.

Miss Josie Rolstad returned from Grafton, N. D., yesterday and will visit at home for a few weeks.

The carpenter work on the I. O. O. F. building has been finished and the painters are now at work.

Joel G. Winkjer came up from Crookston last Saturday and spent the day looking over the creamery.

Sander Engebretson, the well known Sanders farmer, was a caller at the SPECTATOR office on Wednesday.

Andrew Letvig has taken his well-drilling outfit out to the reservation where he has several jobs in sight.

Peter Kolstad came in from his claim near Germantown last Wednesday and will spend a few days here.

There will be services at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Alex Sand, pastor.

The passenger train was a couple of hours late last Tuesday, being delayed by a freight train this side of Crookston.

Services in the Swedish Mission church next Sunday at 8 o'clock. All are cordially invited. L. W. Nordhus, pastor.

Mrs. F. M. Perry left for Scanlon, Minn., last Saturday to join her husband and renew acquaintances with friends.

Levi Stranahan and family, who have been visiting here, went up to Thief River Falls on Wednesday to visit with friends.

Mrs. Alex Yours, of Thief River Falls, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. George Hughes, left on Thursday for Crookston.

A basket social will be held in the schoolhouse at Aug. Erickson's, in the town of River Falls, on Saturday evening, Feb. 3rd.

Miss Eva Johnson and Miss Alice Hall will entertain the Twelve O'clock Club next Thursday evening at the Johnson residence.

H. J. Kaufer and J. K. Johnson, two well known Red Lake Falls citizens, were here on Monday evening to attend the socialist meeting.

Miss Carrie Pirath, of Red Lake Falls, spent several days here the first of the week visiting with her sister, Miss Catherine Pirath.

A. C. Mayfield was in from the reservation last Tuesday and fixed it up with the printer to have the SPECTATOR call for another year.

Michael Bekken, the well known Rocksbury farmer, was here on Monday attending the socialist meeting and greeting old time friends.

The socialist meeting at Imperial hall last Monday evening was fairly well attended, representatives being present from all parts of the county.

A description of the first silo in Red Lake county written by the owner, Peter Engelstad, was crowded out of this issue and will appear next week.

You will not find beauty in rouge pot or complexion whitewash. True beauty comes to them only that take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It is a wonderful tonic and beautifier. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

The county board last week let the contract for the new Louisville bridge across the Red Lake river at Huot, to the Hennepin Bridge company, the consideration being $3,530. Work will be commenced at once.

It is reported that Miss Maud Carpenter and George W. Casbon were married at Red Lake Falls the first part of this week. Further particulars don't seem to be obtainable.

The farmers' threshing company brought suit against Chris Bothman to recover on a threshing bill and the case was tried last Saturday in Justice Wilson's court by a jury of six. The jury returned a verdict for the threshing company.

H. D. Pettibone was here again last Tuesday taking another look at the lumber stock. He had already inspected the stocks at Crookston and Bemidji and went from here to Rainy River to look over the stock of lumber on hand at that place.

Lars Loberg the prosperous Rocksbury farmer, was in on Thursday and made the requisite arrangements for the SPECTATOR to keep on coming another year. Mr. Loberg is another one of the farmers who is heartily in favor of the flour mill.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.

JULIUS PLETH,
tf Plummer, Minn.

The weather got a trifle ugly last Sunday, Monday and Tuesday and it looked as if we were to have some of the old fashioned kind of winter weather. It moderated, however, on Wednesday and we are now having remarkably mild weather for this time of the year.

Prof. Miller was up from Red Lake Falls on Thursday to give the band boys instruction. The band has concluded arrangements with Prof. Miller and he will act as their instructor and leader in the future. He seems to be giving good satisfaction and is well liked by the boys.

Quite a number of our subscribers have responded very promptly the past week to the statements we sent out but there is still quite a large number that we would be pleased to hear from. It costs to hire help, buy paper and run a newspaper, and a large number of small bills count up in an astonishing manner.

It invigorates, strengthens and builds up. It keeps you in condition physically, mentally and morally. That's what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35 cents, tea or tablets.

Imperial Drug Co.

The county board organized township 151, range 41, east of here on the reservation last Saturday, and in the future it will be known as Mayfield township. The first election in the new town will be held at the schoolhouse on section 36, and Carl Magnell, A. C. Mayfield and Sever Maaren will be the judges of election.

Mrs. E. R. Evans planned a pleasant surprise on Manager Evans last Saturday evening, it being a birthday anniversary. About a dozen of his gentleman friends entered and took possession of his residence and informed him they had come to help him celebrate The evening was pleasantly spent in playing duplicate whist, Arthur Dunn winning the prize. Mrs. Evans served an excellent repast and all united in wishing that Mr. Evans would have birthdays more often.

Sunbeam: The meeting to raise funds to build a boat for the Red Lake river, held at High Landing on Wednesday afternoon was largely attended by the farmers living tributary to the river and a good start made toward getting a boat ready to start freighting this spring. It was proposed to form a company and make the shares $10.00 each. A committee was appointed to take shares and the sum of $400 was signed at once. The work will be pushed rapidly all along the line, as the people are awake to the necessity of getting this boat ready to transact business as soon as the ice goes out.

Apples $1.75 a Box.

We have just received a consignment of first class western apples which we will sell as long as they last at $1.75 a box. Guaranteed strictly first class. Call and look them over.

CARLSON & FELLMAN.

Those Who Wrote.

The following are taking the teachers' examinations held here yesterday and today:

Edwin Roy
Nora G. Johnson
Mary E. Carpenter
Mabel Patterson
Lulu Gobott
Wilbert R. Aimer
Julia Selberg
Mabel Aimer
Inez Patterson
Victor Brink
Eda V. Brink
Edwin Dahl
Margaret McAndress
Neil G. Dahl
Otto E. Olson
Bertilda Peterson
Albin Hellberg
Elmer Burkee
Oscar Johnson
Alma Remington
C. W. Johnson
Ole Lund
Nora Anderson
Ernest Benjamin

Some of the applicants are taking the examination for the first time and do not expect to get a certificate.

Flour Mill Meeting.

The meeting of the farmers who are interested in the proposed flour mill, which is called to meet in this village next Friday, February 2nd, at the village hall, promises to be one of the largest and best attended meetings of farmers ever held in St. Hilaire. Interest in the matter is undoubtedly growing and it is hard to find a farmer in this section who does not intend to be present at the meeting. It is the intention of the promoters to organize at this meeting and get at work as soon as possible.

There are enough farmers at present pledged to the scheme to build the mill but they are trying to have, as near as possible, every farmer in this territory join the company.

That it will without doubt mark a new epoch in the prosperity of this section is the opinion of nearly all who have considered the subject.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

THE PROPOSED NEW FLOUR MILL

Opinions of Two Prosperous Red Lake County Farmers.

BY N. A. NELSON.

Why the undersigned is in favor of building a flour mill:—

In order to have you understand me, I will go back a few years. Eighteen years ago I and my family, consisting of myself, wife and three children arrived in St. Hilaire with the intention to make our home on some of the vacant land—of which there was an immense quantity. I was then 26 years old, with a strong will, willing to go through the hardship of a new settler's life. I had only money enough to purchase a team and three cows. The quarter-section of land and necessary machinery was purchased on time so before I could start farming was deeply in debt. It was a game, and a question of win or lose it all. An account of my business was kept and the improvements made added to the valuation of property, and will say as long as I was in debt I had good help to keep track of my financial standing. I found by my account from year to year that my property was getting more valuable and my indebtedness smaller, and will assure you that the day I got the release of the $900 mortgage on my farm the sun looked brighter than I had noticed for many years; but the sunny days were limited. During the time of struggle I had not noticed that my farm was giving out. Where I used to raise heavy grain, I found a spear here and there. I felt like selling and moving away from the old worn-out farm, and started to read land advertisements and corresponded with land agents with a view of locating in some new country. But during this time a voice was whispering to me, "You have robbed one of the best farms in Red Lake county of its fertillity and you have no right to rob another the same way." Telling my wife of my plan to sell out and going to some new country, she cut me short in saying "You may go, but I will not. This place is good enough for me." This seemed to me a hard bump. She had not taken notice to the condition of our farm—she had only followed the financial part of our affairs. To me it looked like our way had led us to the top of a hill and was taking us down the other side.

Well, something had to be done, so instead of reading land ads. I turned my attention to farm papers and found that live stock was the only sure thing to restore lost fertility, so I determined to go into stockraising. Prices were low and affairs discouraging, but it had to be done, so when shortly after the question of a creamery came up I jumped after it like a drowning man at any obstacle he may reach. I said if we can sell our butter at a good price we are saved, and need not tell you what our creamery has been doing. You all know that, and if you don't, come to our annual meeting next Monday and see the report. (It is stencil work 8 feet wide and 8 feet long and the total amount is $34,721.42.)

But, brother farmers, the same condition is slowly coming that we had before the creamery was built. With the increase of dairy cattle the demand for feed has increased and the millers are taking advantage of us—they are putting the price of feed out of our reach. By paying these prices we can not get our money back for bran and shorts fed to our milk cows. The millers want all our profit for the winter dairying—and part of the summer's to boot. This condition will sooner or later discourage the dairy business and if it is allowed to keep on the creamery which we feel so proud of today will be something of the past. So let us build a mill of our own, some farmers say a small one; I believe in a good-sized one. Let us make flour and feed out of every kernel of grain raised around here and if we cannot get feed enough to supply the local demand let us ship in wheat from all parts of the northwest, increasing the capacity of our mill until it is large enough to supply our demand.

What will this mean to us? It will prove to be the greatest thing ever happened to us and our county. It will mean an increased business in St. Hilaire and the surrounding towns. It will mean carloads of butter every week shipped out from our creamery. It will mean train loads of live stock furnished for market. It means macadam roads on every section line. It means the fertility that has been shipped away in form of grain for the last quarter-century will be restored. It means that our homes and surroundings will be more attractive, that our tables where we take our meals will be the very best, and our children will feel "There is no Place like Home." That the young, growing-up boys' and girls' attention will be drawn from the city to the farm. It means that well-to-do farmers will come to our locality and stay, and those already here will not get the least idea of leaving. The country will be closely settled and our land will go up in value. A lot more could be truthfully said that it means to us.

Some one made a remark that farmers' co-operation will undermine our local business. This is something I do not understand. What is it we farmers are after? Is it not to get a better market for our products? I believe in a co-operative creamery, mill, elevator and packing house. If we receive a good return for our products we will be able to pay cash for merchandise purchased and we will have more money to spend. The merchants can handle their business on cash basis and we will be benefited. I believe that farmers and our local business men should stand side by side and give the heavy load a push. The benefits are equal and we are surely glad to accept any donation offered to help the cause. Of course we would not allow anyone but actual farmers to be shareholders. Simply on this account we expect LARGE dividends and the producers are the only ones entitled to this dividend, unless we should pay so much per cent for capital invested and so much per cent for every dollars' worth of grain brought to the mill by the shareholders.

In regard to the managing of the business, I will say let us build the mill, elect men that we have confidence in, giving them full power of the management, and there will be no trouble.

I will close by saying, brother farmers, come to our meeting in St. Hilaire on the 2nd day of February and subscribe for one or more shares in our proposed mill and elevator, if you have not already done so, thereby putting your shoulder to the heavy load. Do not wait until the wheel is turning. Your help is not half so much needed then as it is NOW. And I make a motion that when the mill is built a monument be raised with engraving in gold of the names of the incorporators, with Mike McAndress at the head.

N. A. NELSON,
Sec'y of St. Hilaire Creamery.

§§§§§§§

BY P. ENGELSTAD.

The prevailing co-operation spirit among farmers around St. Hilaire marks a new era in the history of that section.

For a man who has grown up with the country and who is familiar with the conditions for a quarter of a century back, it is certainly a delight to see that a change has taken place. Considering the conditions which exist now it puts me in mind how they were years back. It could by right be called the dark age of the country. No matter how hard a man worked, how long days put in all the year 'round, he could hardly make any progress. The common currency in those days were notes attached to iron-clad chattel mortgages.

How could conditions be otherwise? The farmers labored faithfully, each for himself, without thought of co-operation and a good many farmers always afraid to take hold of a measure because it would benefit his neighbor. This change of conditions is mostly due to the co-operative undertakings by the farmers in this community.

The latest project on the program, a farmers' co-operative flour mill, is another step in the right direction and ought to be supported by every farmer in the community.

Just think of the hundreds of dollars which is saved by that little enterprise—The Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company. All that money is kept at home and during all these years it would amount to quite a sum. And then that blessed institution—the creamery, the artery of the country—how much is saved or how much progress the country tributary to that institution has made or conditions improved on account of that is hard to estimate, but although both the insurance company and the creamery industry are yet in their infancy, I do not think I will be much out of the way by asserting that enough is being made to construct a co-operative flour mill suitable for the locality. So for that matter, the farmers can well afford to build one.

I, for one, hope it will be built and prove a success.

P. ENGELSTAD.

For Rent.

Store building on Broadway. Good location for any business. Inquire of Mrs. E. L. Eickhoff.

Three little babes were nestled in bed,
"I'll name William, Willie and Bill,"
mother said;
Wide was her smile, for triplets they be
She lays her good luck to Rocky
Mountain Tea. (Great baby
medicine.) Imperial Drug Co.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

American Stock Growers' Association.

On account of the meeting of the American Stock Growers' Association, National Live Stock Growers' Association, National Wool Growers' Association, to be held at Denver, Colorado, January 28 to February 3, the Great Northern Railway will make a rate of one first class fare plus $2.00 for the round trip. Dates of sale January 27 to 29, inclusive. Final return limit February 15, 1906. See the local agent of the Great Northern Railway for full particulars.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

... Go to ...
Rapp & Post
... for your ...
Winter Wear

FIRE INSURANCE
— is a —
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class
— FOR RATES CALL ON —
HARRY E. IVES.

CLEARANCE SALE
OF ALL WARM GOODS
25 Per Cent Reduction
on all LADIES', MISSES'
and CHILDREN'S..........
CLOAKS,
JACKETS
and FURS
E. M. HOFF

DRINK Hamm's
NEW BREW
BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

2nd STORE
(SECOND HAND STORE.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
C. A. SKEIE.
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

For refreshments call at Number 488.

SAW MILL MACHINERY.

Saw Mills
Gang Edgers
Lumber Trimmers
Lath Machines
Bolting Machines
Shingle Machines
Planer & Matchers
Drag Saws
Wood Saws
Engines
Boilers
Pulleys
Shafting
Boxes
Trucks
Grate Bars
Feed Mills
Horse Powers

We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

ALL SICK WOMEN

SHOULD READ MRS. FOX'S LETTER

In All Parts of the United States Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Has Effected Similar Cures.

Mrs. Fannie D. Fox

Many wonderful cures of female ills are continually coming to light which have been brought about by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and through the advice of Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., which is given to sick women absolutely free of charge.

The present Mrs. Pinkham has for twenty-five years made a study of the ills of her sex; she has consulted with and advised thousands of suffering women, who to-day owe not only their health but even life to her helpful advice.

Mrs. Fannie D. Fox, of 7 Chestnut Street, Bradford, Pa., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham

"I suffered for a long time with female trouble, and finally was told by my physician that I had a tumor. I did not want to submit to an operation, so wrote you for advice. I received your letter and did as you told me, and to-day I am completely cured. My doctor says the tumor has disappeared, and I am once more a well woman. I believe Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best medicine in the world."

The testimonials which we are constantly publishing from grateful women establish beyond a doubt the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to conquer female diseases.

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. She asks nothing in return for her advice. It is absolutely free, and to thousands of women has proved to be more precious than gold.

What's His Age?

"After all, you know, a man is only as old as he feels."

"Yes, how about that fellow who feels like a two-year-old?"—Philadelphia Press.

THE COUPON BELOW IS GOOD FOR $1.00 IF SENT AT ONCE.

It Is Wrong for You to Neglect Your Duty to Yourself — Constipation, Bowel and Stomach Troubles Grow More Dangerous Daily.

There is now a remedy called Mull's Grape Tonic that cures these troubles absolutely.

A full sized bottle is furnished you free to prove it—see coupon below.

Have you noticed the large number of cases of Typhoid Fever lately? Typhoid Fever, Malarial Fever, Appendicitis, Impure Blood, Pimples, Skin Diseases, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Piles, Female Troubles, etc., are the result of Constipation.

Don't allow it to run on without proper treatment. Mull's Grape Tonic cures Constipation, Bowel and Stomach trouble in a new way, different from any other, and it is permanent.

Alcoholic, opium and morphine preparations are injurious and dangerous. They destroy the digestive organs, and literally tear the system to pieces.

Mull's Grape Tonic strengthens and builds them up. It cleanses the system of impurities, incites the digestive system to natural action, and cures the disease in a short time. To prove it to you, we will give you a bottle free if you have never used it.

Good for ailing children and nursing mothers.

A free bottle to all who have never used it because we know it will cure you.

COUPON.

141 GOOD FOR ONE DOLLAR 1376

Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name and 10c. to pay postage and we will supply you a sample free, if you have never used Mull's Grape Tonic, and will also send you a certificate good for $1.00 toward the purchase of more Tonic from your druggist.

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

Give Full Address and Write Plainly.

35 cent, 50 cent and $1.00 bottles at all druggists. The $1.00 bottle contains about six times as much as the 35 cent bottle and about three times as much as the 50 cent bottle. There is a great saving in buying the $1.00 size.

The genuine has a date and number stamped on the label—take no other from your druggist.

Lighthouse's Fatal Attraction.

After two recent nights of fog nearly 6,000 birds were found dead under the lantern of Cape Grisnez lighthouse. They had been attracted by the brilliant light and were killed by flying against the lighthouse.—London Chronicle.

Appropriate.

Newitt—Of course, black can never be cheerful; now, black crepe is symbolic of a widow's grief.

Grouch—Of course, it's all put on.

SORES ON HANDS.

Suffered for a Long Time Without Relief—Doctor Was Afraid to Touch Them—Cured by Cuticura.

"For a long time I suffered with sores on the hands which were itching, painful and disagreeable. I had three doctors, and derived no benefit from any of them. One doctor said he was afraid to touch my hands, so you must know how bad they were; another said I never could be cured; and the third said the sores were caused by the dipping of my hands in water in the dye-house where I work. I saw in the papers about the wonderful cures of the Cuticura Remedies and procured some of the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. In three days after the application of the Cuticura Ointment my hands began to peel and were better. The soreness disappeared, and they are now smooth and clean, and I am still working in the dye-house. Mrs. A. E. Maurer, 2340 State St., Chicago, Ill., July 1, 1905."

A Familiar Plea.

It was at the church fair.

"Chances are $10 each," said the pretty girl.

The man was equal to the emergency.

"All I want is half a chance," murmured he.—Houston Chronicle.

Language Lesson.

Don't say "I have saw better wood than that." Say "sawed."

Don't say "The man was drug," for "The man was drugged."

"Don't say "You was lying to me, then." This error is exceedingly unpleasing to the cultivated ear.

Don't say "You are the meanest man I ever knew." Say "have ever known."

PAIN IN THE JOINTS

Rheumatic Tortures Cease When Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Make New Blood.

The first sign of rheumatism is frequently a pain and swelling in one of the joints. If not combated in the blood, which is the seat of the disease, the poison spreads, affecting other joints and tissues. Sometimes rheumatism attacks the heart and is quickly fatal.

The one remedy that has cured rheumatism so that it stays cured is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills expel the poison from the blood and restore the system, so that the poisonous matter is passed off as nature intended.

Mrs. I. T. Pitcher, of No. 130 Monmouth street, Newark, N. J., suffered for about three years from rheumatism before she found this cure. She says: "It began with a queer feeling in my fingers. In a little time it seemed as though the finger joints had lumps on them and I could not get my gloves on.

"Then it grew worse and spread to my knees. I could not stand up and I could not sleep nights. My suffering was more than I can describe. I took a great deal of medicine, but nothing even gave me relief until I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

"I read an account of a cure in a case that was exactly like mine and my husband got me some of the pills. I took them for three weeks before I really felt better but they finally cured me."

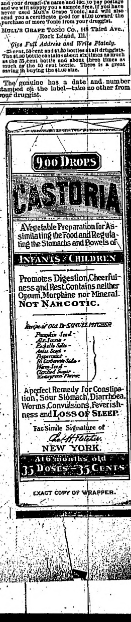
Mr. Pitcher, who is a veteran and a member of E. D. Morgan Post, No. 307 of New York, substantiates his wife's statement and says that she now walks without difficulty, whereas a year ago he was compelled to push her about in a wheeled chair. Both Mr. and Mrs. Pitcher are enthusiastic in their praise of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

For further information, address the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N.Y.

The Reason.

First College President—Having trouble obtaining gifts?

Second College President—Yes; so many financiers have taken to making restitution direct.—New York Sun.



900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna -
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda -
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES — 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

DEVELOPING COUNTRY TOWNS

Organize and Educate Your Neighbors to Buy at Home —Boycott the Catalogue Houses—The Mail Order Extract Evil.

In several of the towns of North Dakota commercial clubs have been organized recently and are now working for the advancement of the business and social interests of their respective towns. This is a move in the right direction and the Trade Journal believes that every town in the great state of North Dakota, and for the matter of that every other state in the great Union, ought to have some kind of an organization that would have a tendency to bring the merchants and business men of the towns more closely in touch with each other. The commercial club fosters proper public spirit and co-operates in civic betterment. It reaches out after more trade and sees to it that the town gets all the trade that rightfully belongs to it. This is the kind of an organization that is needed in every village of the country and this is about the time of the year when such matters ought to be considered, as all new ventures should start with the new year. The people of a village may be particularly fortunate in being located in one of the most fertile and productive sections of the state and the town may have prospered from the beginning, but there are several matters that ought to be looked after that would bring still greater prosperity to the people.

We have not the space, nor do we deem it wise to map out a campaign of work for such an organization, but we will make some suggestions as to the work that might be taken up in a town.

One of the most necessary matters at the present time is a campaign of education among the farmers showing them the advantages of trading at home. On authority that cannot be questioned we have learned that farmers in the vicinity of many villages in the Northwest are patronizing catalogue supply houses to the extent of $2,500 to $3,000 a month on an average. Which means that this amount of money is being sent out of the country, and it is about time that the merchants and others united in a campaign to put a stop to this kind of business. If the matter were taken up systematically it ought to be comparatively easy for the business men of a village to convince the average farmer that he could get better value for his money at home than he can by sending to the catalogue houses. General merchandise is sold just as cheap at home as it is by the catalogue houses, and cheaper in many instances; considering the quality of the goods, but the farmers have not learned these facts, and it is up to the business men to use the same methods that the catalogue houses do in getting their business before the people.

Among other things that might be taken up by the commercial clubs is the matter of better roads, transportation, rates of insurance, good streets, clean alleys, proper methods of advertising the town and the surrounding country, securing manufacturing establishments such as a creamery, cement block establishment and a score of other things that would come up from time to time as the needs became apparent.

It is not only the financial end of such an enterprise that would be beneficial to the community, but there is a social side as well. The simple fact that the people get in the habit of working together would probably result in the greatest gain after all. There is nothing that would be as beneficial to the social welfare of the average village as to have all its citizens actively and systematically working for the benefit of the whole town. Church workers say that the best way to broaden a man's religious life is to put him at work. The same holds true in business and civic affairs. A man may sit and dream about what a town ought to be, but these dreams are apt to be forgotten. Once let a man take hold of a specific piece of work, however, and then he begins to realize in an effective manner what good citizenship really means. So it should not be overlooked that not the least part of the work of a commercial club is to improve the citizenship of its members by putting them to work.—St. Paul Trade Journal.

THE MAIL ORDER EXTRACT EVIL.

One of the schemes with which the grocer has to contend, in addition to the box car agent, is the mail order extract game. This is now hitting every other retail line through the plan of offering premiums to agents for the sale of the extracts. In this connection a writer in the Grocery World sums up the situation as follows:

There is one fraud against which the best and most wisely enforced state food law will always be impotent, and that is the sale of adulterated stuff by mail order houses. For instance, I have before me the expansive advertisement of a Chicago concern which sells extracts. They advertise an old scheme—premiums to agents who sell various quantities. Here is the scheme as described by the concern in its own advertisement:

Ladies and Girls: We want you to help us introduce among your friends our celebrated "Red Cross" flavoring extracts and earn any of these premiums or your choice of several hundred others. Our extracts sell at 20 cents and are quickly sold, because extracts are used in every family. Ours once bought are always asked for again—and our first customers are our best ones. We sell them on a guarantee—money back if not satisfactory.

In this advertisement we illustrate a few of the many hundred premiums we give, which are fully described in our new 150 page catalogue.

We have premiums for selling one dozen up to forty dozen, and you are at liberty to stop work at any time and select your premium from this big assortment. We believe our offer to be the most liberal ever made by a reliable firm. You will be surprised to find how pleasant the work is, and how quickly you can sell the extracts. By our plan you are not overstocked with goods until you can find for yourself how many can be sold.

No money required in advance. Your credit is good with us. Send us your name and address; we will then send you by mail, postpaid, one dozen assorted "Red Cross" flavoring extracts to commence with; also our big premium catalogue. If you can't sell them we will take them back; but there's no can't about it—you can. Do it now.

Surrounding this appeared small cuts of various of the premiums given. Take these as examples:

Women's Melton coat, 42 inches long, velvet trimmed, for selling four dozen. Extension dining room table, for selling four dozen. Tea or dinner set, 56 pieces, for selling three dozen. Combination desk and bookcase, for selling five dozen. Velour couch for selling four dozen. Chiffonier, solid oak, for selling five dozen.

And so on. There were a lot more, to be given for selling from one dozen up to seven dozen.

Now let's do a little figuring. These extracts, the firm says, retail at 20 cents a bottle. That means $2.40 per dozen.

The woman who sells only four dozen bottles, meaning $9.60, can get for her work a cloth coat. I have some acquaintance with the retail cost of women's garments—let us put the value of this coat at only $5, which admittedly would not buy anything but the merest shoddy.

That leaves $4.60 to the firm for its four dozen extracts, or less than 10 cents a bottle. Can absolutely pure extracts be sold for this with a profit to the manufacturer?

Assuredly they can't, and there's still another thing to say—the concern whose advertisement this is are not manufacturers, according to the mercantile agency books. As a matter of fact, they aren't rated at all. But such concerns are always dealers, rather than makers, and that means a second profit to be figured.

It is certain beyond a reasonable doubt that these goods are adulterated and sold in violation of the law.

The certainty is, too, that very large quantities of them are sold. Every town and city has nagging women and children ringing its doorbells to sell somebody's extracts or baking powder. These sales are small, but they are legion. The aggregate, be sure, is enormous.

Admittedly beyond reach of food laws, these impure goods compete with every grocer in business. They rob him of trade by the hundreds of dollars' worth. Yet it is just as impossible for the food authorities to reach them as it would be to enter each home in the land and take samples from every table.

The sellers have no places of business. They are not merchants. Their sales for the most part are made without witnesses and in private. The buyer is without means of detecting the fraud and knows not whether her purchase is perfectly pure or wholly spurious.

Whether a federal food law would reach these long-distance fakes is uncertain. The chance is that some way of doing it could be figured out under the interstate commerce clause. Certain is it that no state law will ever reach them.—St. Paul Trade Journal.

TOMBSTONE HAD TROUBLES.

However, the Epitaph Now Hopes to Beat Single Statehood.

The Tombstone Epitaph rightly declares that Arizona is a great and glorious country, capable at times of astounding the astute natives and of awakening "the lethargic sage from his reverie." The proof of this is at hand. Shortly after the publication of the president's message declaring in favor of uniting Arizona with New Mexico in a single state, thereby wounding the sensibilities of the "Treasure Territory," an ominous cloud was observed to lurk overhead, "dispelling our incomparable sunshine; the wind blew from the four points of the compass, ascending and descending at intervals. A fortune teller of repute cut the cards once, twice, thrice, and, turning her bewitching but deceptive eyes heavenward, pronounced it the tail end of a dark century tornado, heralding the result should joint statehood with New Mexico be thrust upon us. Then the portending clouds stood still—and the snow, the beautiful snow, descended in generous flakes and enveloped the earth with a fleecy garb suggestive of purity. The matronly seeress wiped her bedimmed optics, broke a stolen egg into a jar of water, hid it in the cellar over night and found this morning the jar of water covered with a suggestive white veil, denoting to the untutored mind that we are capable of and will defeat the proposed obnoxious measure." The disappearence of the snow cheered Tombstone; its citizens are confident of beating the single state bill.—New York Evening Post.

The Usual Qualifications.

"This," said the dealer, "is the best automobile you could buy. It's just the thing for a lady."

"Yes?" she queried. "I suppose it's —er—kind and gentle and not afraid of electric cars."—Philadelphia Press.

Justifiable Profanity.

Hoax—The dentist is responsible for an awful lot of profanity.

Joax—Yes, especially when he puts a dam in your mouth.—Philadelphia Record.

Admiral Hichborn Praises Pe-ru-na

REAR-ADMIRAL HICHBORN

Admiral's Words Carry Weight.

Rear-Admiral Hichborn is one of the best-known officers of our navy. His statements concerning Peruna will have much weight as they go out in the world. What he says is echoed by many other officers of high standing.

What the Admiral Says.

Philip Hichborn, Rear-Admiral of the U. S. Navy, Washington, D. C., writes:

"After the use of Peruna for a short period, I can now cheerfully recommend your valuable remedy to any one who is in need of an invigorating tonic."—Philip Hichborn.

An Ever-Present Foe.

The soldier and the sailor are especially subject to catarrh. In the barracks and on the field, Peruna is found equally efficacious to overcome this physical enemy. If taken in time it will prevent colds from developing into catarrh. Even after a cold has settled in some organ of the body, Peruna can be relied upon as an efficacious remedy to promptly overcome it.

Peruna will relieve catarrh, whether acute or chronic, but a few doses of it taken in the first stages of the disease will be more effective than when the disease has become established.

Limit of Power to Control.

We don't know much about politics, but if the president is to have power to control, through men appointed by him, the prices charged for transportation on our railroads, we do not quite understand why he should not have the same power in regard to steamboats, interstate express companies, telegraph and telephone companies, and so on to the end of the chapter, including, perhaps, the prices of things in states where they are not manufactured, and if one of these days an ambitious rascal of the Napoleon stamp should manage to get into the White House, with all this power and the army and navy behind him, and should take a fancy to distinguish himself, under the Monroe doctrine, by attempting to conquer the world, we wonder what would become of our free republic?—George T. Angell, in Our Dumb Animals.

Dignity carried to success is a malady.

N W N U —NO. 4— 1906.

It Usually Does.

Tommy—Pop, what does it mean to bury the hatchet?

Tommy's Pop—It usually means war to the knife, my son.—Philadelphia Record.

Ask Your Druggist for Allen's Foot-Ease.

"I tried ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE recently and have just bought another supply. It has cured my corns, and the hot, burning and itching sensation in my feet which was almost unbearable, and I would not be without it now."—Mrs. W. J. Walker, Camden, N. J." Sold by all Druggists, 25c.

Every once in a while a woman gets an idea that her grocer cheats her because they don't belong to the same church.

MIXED FARMING

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

WHEAT RAISING RANCHING three great pursuits have again shown wonderful results on the

FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS OF WESTERN CANADA.

Magnificent climate—farmers plowing in their shirt sleeves in the middle of November.

"All are bound to be more than pleased with the final results of the past season's harvest."—Extract.

Coal, wood, water, hay in abundance—schools, churches, markets convenient.

This is the era of $1.00 wheat.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES. Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Sloth, like rust, consumes faster than labor wears, while the used key is always bright.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

About the only chance a man has to lead a woman is when he leads her to the altar.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

If you want to make a widow's face beam with satisfaction tell her how well she looks in weeds.

THE BEST COUGH CURE

When offered something else instead of

Kemp's Balsam

stop and consider. Am I **sure** to get something as good as this **best** cough cure?

If not **sure**, what good reason is there for for taking chances in a matter that may have a direct bearing on my own or my family's health?"

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

PRICE, 25 Cts.

TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE
25 CTS CURES COUGHS COLDS

ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.
F. W. Diemer, M. D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

Nothing knocks out and disables like

Lumbago and Sciatica

Nothing reaches the trouble as quickly as

ST. JACOBS OIL

PRICE, 25c. AND 50c.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Minneapolis **WOODWARD & CO., GRAIN COMMISSION** Duluth

ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS

STEEL CASES FOR BEER.

More Convenient and Durable and Eventually Cheaper Than Wood.

Steel packages are supplementing the ordinary wooden boxes used for transporting beer in bottles," said Rudolph Schmidt of Cleveland. "They are not only more convenient and durable, but also considerably cheaper in the long run. I have already referred to their durability, which is beyond any question, but being smaller and lighter than the ordinary wood container, they are a great saving to large shipping brewers, who have not been slow to see the many advantages held out by this new invention. Taking up less room for an equal number of bottles, more packages can be packed into a freight car, making an additional saving in icing charges of refrigerator cars possible. These new containers have been on the market only about two years, but in that short time they have convinced leading brewers of their practical value and are being fast adopted by these conservative business men."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

At His Word.

She—So these are the china bargains you advertised?

Dealer—Yes, ma'am, and they're going for little or nothing.

She—All right. I'll take that blue dish for nothing.—Philadelphia Press.

The Critical Book Seller.

A lady went into a bookseller's shop and asked for Browning.

"I haven't got it, madam," answered the bookseller. "I make it a rule never to stock any books I can't understand, and I can't make head or tail of Mr. Browning. Can you?"

The customer asked for another book, without comment upon the salesman's mental limitations.

"Have you Praed, then?"

"Yes, madam," this skeptical person assured her, "I've prayed, and that don't help me."—Bystander.

This Will Give Her Pretty Arms.

Here is a physician's remedy for superfluous hair on the arms, the growth of which spoils the pleasure of wearing short sleeves. It has been used with excellent results by the family of girls to whom he gave it: One part quicklime, two parts carbonate of soda, vaseline eight parts. This forms a paste, which should be spread on quickly. As soon as it begins to smart or burn it should be washed off. The hairs will usually come away with the third or fourth application. The preparation is harmless.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

He—You don't know me; I'm a perfect recluse, actually shun my kind, in fact.

She—Well, could any one blame you for that?—Brooklyn Life.

In These Investigating Days.

Jaspar—Who is that fine looking man over there?

Jumpuppe—That? Oh, that is one of our most highly suspected citizens.

5 Tons Grass Hay Free.

Everybody loves lots and lots of fodder for hogs, cows, sheep and swine.

The enormous crops of our Northern Grown Pedigree Seeds on our seed farms the past year compel us to issue a special catalogue called

SALZER'S BARGAIN SEED BOOK.

This is brim full of bargain seeds at bargain prices.

SEND THIS NOTICE TO-DAY.

and receive free sufficient seed to grow 5 tons of grass on your lot or farm this summer and our great Bargain Seed Book with its wonderful surprises and great bargains in seeds at bargain prices.

Remit 4c and we add a package of Cosmos, the most fashionable, serviceable, beautiful annual flower.

John A. Salzer Seed Co., Lock Drawer W., La Crosse, Wis.

God teaches us good things by our own hands.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Envy shoots at others and wounds herself.

LOST EYESIGHT

Through Coffee Drinking

Some people question the statements that coffee hurts the delicate nerves of the body. Personal experience with thousands proves the general statement true and physicians have records of great numbers of cases that add to the testimony.

The following is from the Rockford, Ill., Register-Gazette:

Dr. William Langhorst of Aurora has been treating one of the queerest cases of lost eyesight ever in history. The patient is O. A. Leach of Beach county, and in the last four months he had doctored with all of the specialists about the country and has at last returned home with the fact impressed on his mind that his case is incurable.

A portion of the optic nerve has been ruined, rendering his sight so limited that he is unable to see anything before him, but he can see plainly anything at the side of him. There have been but few cases of its kind before, and they have been caused by whisky or tobacco. Leach has never used either, but has been a great coffee drinker, and the specialists have decided that the case has been caused by this. Leach stated himself that for several years he had drank three cups of coffee for breakfast, two at noon and one at night. According to the records of the specialists of this country this is the first case ever caused by the use of coffee.

The nerve is ruined beyond aid and his case is incurable. The fact that makes the case a queer one is that the sight forward has been lost and the side sight has been retained. According to the doctor's statement, the young man will have to give up coffee or the rest of his sight will follow and the entire nerve be ruined.—*Register-Gazette.*

Let it be remembered that the eyes may be attacked in one case and the stomach in another, while in others it may be kidneys, heart, bowels or general nervous prostration. The remedy is obvious and should be adopted before too late.

Quit coffee, if you show incipient disease.

It is easy if one can have well-boiled Postum Food Coffee to serve for the hot morning beverage. The withdrawal of the old kind of coffee that is doing the harm and the supply of the elements in the Postum which Nature uses to rebuild the broken down nerve cells, insures a quick return to the old joy of strength and health, and it's well worth while to be able again to "do things" and feel well. There's a reason for

POSTUM

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1906. NUMBER 29.

RESUME OF THE NEWS

Fresh——Reliable——Brief

From the Capital.

Senators Platt and Depew were in their seats in the senate last week, their first appearance there for some time. Both were given a warm welcome and were heartily congratulated on their return.

China's imperial commission sent to the United States to study American conditions, social, educational and industrial, was received formally at the White house. The commissioners presented to the president an autograph letter from the emperor of China.

An eighty-five-foot elevation lock canal is regarded by Chief Engineer Stevens as the best type to be adopted by the waterway across the Isthmus of Panama. He has completed the explanation of his views before the senate committee on interoceanic canals.

The closest friends of President Roosevelt know that Mr. Roosevelt will not be a candidate for a third term. They know that his mind is irrevokably made up on this subject. Not only will he not again be a candidate for the presidential nomination, but he will not accept the nomination if it is offered to him.

Crimes.

Because she was unhappy on her wedding day, Jennie Graham of Philadelphia drank laudanum in an attempt to end her life. She is in the hospital in a serious condition.

A chalice containing the blessed sacrament was stolen from St. Patrick's church at Clinton, Iowa, by thieves who were provided with a key to the front door of the edifice.

Judge Hunt of Helena, Mont., fined H. H. Case $100 upon his plea of guilty to cutting timber upon the public domain. He was indicted by the recent United States grand jury.

Jack O'Hearn, Roy Nelson, Leo Angus and Joe Warren are under arrest at Omaha, and the last three have confessed to participation in the murder of Nels Lautsen and the robbery of his saloon.

Jay J. Miller, a livestock man, was acquitted by a jury in the criminal court at Kansas City of the charge of giving false testimony before the grand jury which was investigating alleged weighing frauds at the Kansas City stock yards.

County Attorney James Healy of Butte, representing the state of Montana, will begin suits against the Swift, Armour, and the Hammond packing interests to recover $65,000 alleged to be due as license money for the sale of oleomargarine, butterine and imitation cheese."

Libbie Caldwell is at the city hospital in St. Louis, being nursed back to life after her eighth attempt at suicide. When eleven she became morose over reading a story and swallowed arsenic. She recovered. Since then she has tried morphine, carbolic acid, chloral, strychnine, gas and jumping off a high cliff.

Accidental Happenings.

Arthur Jones of Stratford, Iowa, had his left eye blown from his head by the explosion of the exhaust pipe of a gasoline engine.

Eighteen persons were killed and probably half a hundred injured in a panic following the cry of "fire" in St. Paul"s colored Baptist church in Philadelphia.

Parts of Huntsville, Ala., were flooded by a cloudburst. Many houses were inundated, bridges washed away and electric railway traffic stopped. No loss of life is reported.

The body of James Blynch has been recovered at K shaft of the Newport mine at Ironwood, Mich., after having been buried under tons of ore and rock for twenty-four days.

Five Italian miners employed at the Sunnyside mine at Silverton, Colo., lost their lives in an immense snowslide. The mine machine shops and several tram cars were swept away.

Fire was discovered in the plant of the Baltimore Chrome works in Baltimore, and about a third of the main buildings of the extensive plant were destroyed. The loss is estimated at about $100,000.

Two men were instantly killed, another is missing, believed to be under the wreck and a fourth fatally scalded as the result of a head-on collision on the Seaboard Air Line railway near Mina, Ga.

Conductor R. C. Griffin was killed, Brakeman P. J. Hawkins was seriously injured, and Engineer Waterous had his head badly cut in a rear-end collision on the Baltimore & Ohio railway at Kent, Ohio.

A portion of the stables at the race track north of Mason City, Iowa, burned recently. Six horses were destroyed. Qack Quinn, who had charge of the Hitchcock stables, was badly burned. Loss, $5,000.

Two passenger trains on the Northern Central railway were saved from being wrecked near Harrisburg, Pa., by Mary McCall, aged sixteen years, the daughter of a trackwalker. The girl saw a huge boulder roll from the mountain side onto the tracks and taking a lantern she ran down the tracks and stopped the Erie express within a few yards of the obstruction. She then hurried in the other direction and stopped the Erie Fast Line Mail.

Frank Rodder's store at Livingston, Mont., was burned. The damage is about $2,500, fully insured.

Foreign.

T. B. Fresnney, who died in London recently, was among the judges of cattle at the recent International show at Chicago. His home was at Lincolnshire.

The revolutionarie have entered Quito, the capital of Ecuador. Vice President Baquerizo Moreno has assumed executive power and will appoint a new cabinet.

The news of the appointment of Luke E. Wright, governor general of the Philippines, to be the first American ambassador to Japan has been received at Tokio with general satisfaction.

The Brussels Patriote says that the mail car on the Ostend-Herbesthall train was burned in an accident. The car contained the Indian mail and $1,000,000 worth of valuables, which were destroyed.

Col. Edward L. Anderson of Cincinnati is traveling in Europe, making exhaustive reports to the war department on the methods of training cavalry horses, the instruction of cavalrymen in riding, etc.

Joseph Patrick Nannett, member of parliament in the Irish Nationalists interest for the College division of Dublin, and chief compositor of the Freeman's Journal, has been elected lord mayor of Dublin.

There are persistent rumors in court circles in London that the king's health causes much anxiety, and the fact that he was in consulaiton with three physicians Friday lends an ominous color to the reports.

A committee of prominent Belgians seeking the release of Edward Joris, the Belgian condemned to death by a native court at Constantinople, has decided to send a petition to Miss Alice Roosevelt, asking her to interest the president in the hope that he would personally intervene in behalf of Joris.

Serious trouble threatens to break as a result of the viceroy's scheme of taxation in order to raise revenue for the construction of the Canton-Hankow railway. The merchants guilds are determined on a retaliatory stroke and the viceroy threatens the leaders with decapitation. The three Chinese gunboats have been summoned from Shanghai.

Otherwise.

Andrew Carnegie has donated $3,000 to the M. E. church at Charlton, Iowa, to install a pipe organ.

Rhinelander Waldo has been appointed first deputy police commissioner of New York city under Gen. Theodore A. Bingham.

E. D. Gartner & Co., stock brokers and members of the Pittsburg stock exchange, have made an assignment. The liabilities will exceed $200,000.

A good roads meeting has been called for Feb. 7 and 8 by Gov. Cummins of Iowa, and every board of supervisors of every county of Iowa will be urged to attend.

Thirty-six million tons is the estimate of J. C. Gilchrist, the well-known vessel owner, of Cleveland, of the iron movement from the Lake Superior region for the year 1906.

Over 100 students have left Talladega college at Talledega, Ala., because a Southern white man, L. O. Parks, was engaged as superintendent of the college farm. The students demand his discharge.

Commerce of the Portage lake canals, the great waterway through Keweenaw point, near its base; Lake Superior, amounted to 2,413,445 freight tons of a total value of $79,869,500 in 1905, as compared with 2,295,922 tons of a value o-f$59,008,948 in 1904.

Protestant Episcopal bishops of Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, Wisconsin and Michigan are meeting in Indianapalis to discuss means for closer operation. Among those present are Bishops Grafton and Weller of Fond du Lac, Williams of Marquette, White of Michigan City and Anderson of Chicago, and Coadjutor Bishop-elect McCormick of Western Michigan.

John Frost, a farmer residing east of Council Bluffs, Iowa, has suffered a loss of $5,000 through a disease which has killed 500 head of hogs and several cows. Frost believes the disease is different from the swine plague, as the latter is not communicable to cattle. The disease that killed the cattle is said to have exhibited the same symptoms as that which carried off the swine, but in a modified form.

A bill to legalize the killing of sufferers from intense pain has been introduced in the Ohio house by Representative Hunt. The bill is the work of Miss Anne S. Hall of Cincinnati. Its object is to legalize suicide at one's own hand or at the hands of a physician when a person is suffering unbearably from pain or ill health.

In dismantling the Elf Albemarle mill in the Jemoz mountains, north of Albuquerque, N. M., Morris Bros. discovered hidden under the foundation a solid gold brick supposed to be worth about $200,000. It is supposed to have been stolen and hidden there by some former employe of the mill when the latter was in operation ten years ago.

The American Breeders' association concluded a three days' session at Lincoln, Neb. Secretary of Agriculture Wilson was again elected president. W. M. Hayes, Washington, was elected secretary.

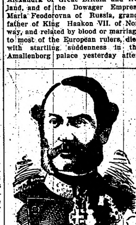
AGED KING OF DENMARK DEAD

CHRISTIAN IX. PASSES AWAY WITH STARTLING SUDDENNESS.

HALF EUROPE IN MOURNING

SORROWING SUBJECTS SHED TEARS WHEN DEATH IS ANNOUNCED.

Copenhagen, Denmark, Jan. 30.—Christian the Ninth, the aged king of Denmark, is dead. The dean of the crowned heads of Europe, father of King George of Greece, of Queen Alexandra of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the Dowager Empress Maria Feodorovna of Russia, grandfather of King Haakon VII. of Norway, and related by blood or marriage to most of the European rulers, died with startling suddenness in the Amalienborg palace yesterday afternoon. The accession of his successor, Prince Frederick, his eldest son, who will be known as Frederick VIII., will be proclaimed to-day.



Christian IX. of Denmark.

Officially Announced.

The following official bulletin was issued last evening:

"His majesty died at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon. After his majesty had brought this morning's audience to a conclusion he appeared to be quite well and proceeded to luncheon as usual. Toward the end of the meal he gave evidence of indisposition and was compelled to retire to bed at 2:30 p. m. His majesty passed away peacefully, the symptoms indicating heart failure."

This bulletin tells concisely the story of the death scene, which found every one, even those who realized the increasing feebleness of the king, unprepared for the sudden shock.

Half of Europe Mourns.

The death of King Christian has plunged half the courts of Europe into mourning and brought a sense of personal loss as well as of sincere grief to every one throughout the kingdom of Denmark, even to the humblest cottage. It has cast a pall over the palaces of the monarchs of Great Britain, Russia, Norway and Greece.

Every flag in the city is at half-mast; all places of amusement are closed, and the people walk the streets as though they were passing through the chamber of death itself.

Many Shed Tears.

Yesterday afternoon when the flag flying over the palace was placed at half-mast, the news spread from mouth to mouth. It was not believed by the great crowds which gradually assembled in the square in front of the palace, but when uncertainty gave place to certainty many in the assemblage shed tears and all dispersed in respectful silence, baring their heads and saluting the palace as they went by.

Nothing is definitely known concerning the arrangements for the funeral, and it will, necessarily, be some time before anything regarding it is officially announced.

Was Eighty-Eight Years Old.

King Christian was born April 8, 1818. He was by birth duke of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburg-Glucksburg. He succeeded to the throne of Denmark by virtue of treaty and the law of the Danish succession on the death of his kinsman, Frederick VII., in 1863. He married the Princess Louise of Hesse-Cassel, who died Sept. 29, 1898.

Jap Envoy Is Shifted.

Tokio, Jan. 30. — The emperor received in audience M. Kurino, former minister to Russia, and appointed him ambassador to France.

Owns Up to Murder.

Baltimore, Jan. 30.—After days of strenuous denials Rufus Johnson, colored, yesterday evening confessed that it was he who, on Jan. 18, murdered Miss Florence W. Allison in the barn at her home at Moorestown, N. J.

Hits Car Load of Powder.

Youngstown, Ohio, Jan. 30.—A Lake Shore engine yesterday crashed into a car containing 400 kegs of powder. Jesse Eagan, the fireman, was fatally, and three others were seriously hurt.

NEW KING RULES OVER DENMARK

ACCESSION OF FREDERICK VIII. HAILED WITH GREAT ENTHUSIASM.

Copenhagen, Feb. 1. — The new king, Frederick VIII., now reigns over Denmark. His accession has been hailed with all appropriate enthusiasm and ceremony, but sorrow for the death of Christian IX. is the predominant sentiment. The overwhelming grief of the immediate members of this remarkable, united family is reflected in only a slightly lesser degree in every home in Copenhagen from the richest to the poorest, and only words of kindness are heard when the dead monarch is spoken of. Throughout the earliest part of the day the lugubrious tolling of bells, the booming of minute guns, the universal signs of mourning and the stagnation of business even amid the strangely contracting

Acclaims for the New King,

told strongly of the deep feeling of the people of Denmark for the head of the nation whose remarkable career had ended so suddenly.

King Haakon of Norway, Queen Alexandra of England and King George of Greece are expected to arrive in a few days, as well as a number of other princes and princesses from the continental capitals. It is thought that the emperor of Russia will attend the funeral, but this is uncertain. It is announced that Emperor William will be present in person, coming in a warship, which he will occupy during his stay.

King Frederick VIII., who is a great admirer of the United States, yesterday expressed himself as being especially affected by the condolences of President Roosevelt in behalf of the American nation.

GARFIELD SAW SECRET BOOKS.

Packer Says He Was "Required" to Show Profit and Loss Books.

Chicago, Feb. 1. — Edward Morris, vice president of the Fairbank Canning company and a member of the firm of Nelson Morris and Co., testified yesterday in the packers' case that he had been required by Commissioner Garfield to produce for the inspection of the commissioner the secret profit and loss books of his company after the commissioner had prepared his report on the beef industry. He further declared that Mr. Garfield had taken these books and had inspected them.

The statement that the commissioner had called for the secret books after completing his report caused a stir in court, but the witness insisted that he was "required" by Commissioner Garfeeld to submit the books to him.

WILL NOT PROSECUTE BANK.

Peoria School Inspectors Change Attitude in Dougherty Case.

Peoria, Ill., Feb. 1. — It was announced last night that the board of school inspectors would decide at its meeting next Monday night to forego all prosecution of the Peoria National bank for the Dougherty shortage and of the bondsmen of the school treasurer. The decided change of front is attributed to a strong public sentiment which has demanded that the innocent stockholders and depositors of the bank, many of whom are widows and orphans with little property, should not be made to pay losses permitted by the carelessness of officials.

LETTER TWENTY YEARS LATE.

Missive Mailed April 15, 1886, Reaches Address Now.

Peoria, Ill., Feb. 1.—Delayed twenty years in transmission, a letter mailed in Richmond, Ind., April 15, 1886, to Howard Knight, who then lived in Bloomington, Ill., was delivered to Knight here yesterday. The letter bears the stamp of the dead letter office, impressed during the last few months, and no other marks which throw light on its whereabouts during the twenty years. The postal authorities are unable to explain the delay. There was a small amount of money in the letter.

PUT HIS HEAD INTO NOOSE.

Murderer Appeals From Prison Sentence and Gets Death Penalty.

Pendleton, Ark., Feb. 1.—Dissatisfied with a term of twenty-one years for murder in the second degree, Martin Nash appealed to the supreme court and secured a new trial. Nash's second trial has terminated in a verdict of murder in the first degree, the penalty being death. He was sentenced to hang March 2 at Arkansas City. In the first trial Nash was sentenced to twenty-one years in the penitentiary for killing James Ross, a young planter.

PROBE FOR BANK EXAMINER.

New York Legislature Will Look Into State Banking Department.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 1. — The lower house of the legislature yesterday passed by a unanimous vote the concurrent resolution providing for the appointment of a joint legislative committee to investigate the state banking department of which Former Senator F. D. Kilburn of Malone is superintendent. The resolution will probably reach the senate to-day.

JOHN BULL IS JOLTED BY JAPAN

ORIENTALS WILL ASK GREAT BRITAIN TO BRACE UP ITS ARMY.

BRITONS GASP IN AMAZEMENT

RELUCTANT TO BELIEVE THAT JAPS WOULD BE SO PRESUMPTUOUS.

Tokio, Feb. 1.—At a meeting of the budget committee yesterday, Mr. Oishi, leader of the Progressist party, interpellated Gen. Terauchi, minister of war, as to whether the government, as the result of the Anglo-Japanese alliance, intends to urge the British government to reform its army organization. The minister replied that the government would do so at some future date.

Great Britain Is Startled.

London, Feb. 1. — The cablegram from Tokio announcing that the leader of the Progressist party of Japan interpellated the minister of war as to whether the Japanese government, in view of the Anglo-Japanese alliance, intended to urge upon the British government the reform of its army organization, to which the minister replied that his government would do so at some future date, is likely to cause a sensation throughout Great Britain.

For the moment most of the papers refrain from comment, under the idea that a wrong impression might have been conveyed through a close telegraphic summary or by a telegraphic error.

Hard to Believe.

The Daily Mail says it is reluctant to believe that the common rules of international courtesy have been intentionally disregarded. It expressed the belief that the statement of Gen. Terauchi will result in diplomatic correspondence.

The Daily News in an editorial says "it is not an agreeable pill for a proud people to swallow," and points with dramatic emphasis to the extraordinary story of the last twenty years, since the Gilbert and Sullivan opera of "The Mikado" represented "our notions of Japan."

The paper adds that "if this miracle happened in twenty years, what may not happen in fifty years?"

FACES SHERIFF WITH BRIDE.

Arkansas Politician Gives Bond on Return From Honeymoon.

Pine Bluff, Ark., Feb. 1.—State Senator Hardin K. Toney, accompanied by his bride, who was Miss Musselman of York, Pa., where the wedding took place last Wednesday, arrived yesterday and, after being tendered an ovation at the railroad station, surrendered himself to Sheriff Philpot and gave bond in the sum of $5,000 on account of two warrants resulting from indictments charging conspiracy and bribery. Senator Toney was indicted as a result of the inquiry into alleged legislative boodling.

JAPS WRECK LOCOMOTIVE.

When Train Kills a Comrade They Attack the Crew.

Clifton, Wyo., Feb. 1. — A large party of Japanese workmen last night attacked a freight train because the freight had killed one of their number, and only the arrival of the sheriff and posse prevented them from lynching the train crew. A number of Japanese were injured in the fight. The crew took refuge in the depot, which was barricaded. The telegraph operator notified the sheriff at Newcastle, ten miles away, and a posse reached here by special train. The Japs retired before the guns of the sheriff's men and the crew was released.

COLLIDED HEAD-ON.

Three Fatally Hurt and Many Others Injured in York State Wreck.

Schenectady, N. Y., Feb. 1.—A Delaware & Hudson local passenger train collided head-on with a work train, four miles west of this city yesterday. One Italian laborer was killed and two passengers suffered probably fatal injuries. All of the sixty passengers suffered slight injuries.

Indicts Seton and Colmey.

New York, Feb. 1.—Indictments for forgery in the first degree in the issue of forged Norfolk & Western railway certificates were yesterday found by a grand jury against Charles Augustus Seton and Charles T. C. P. Colmey. Both are now in jail awaiting sentence after conviction in other cases.

Policeman Kills Disturber.

Lancaster, Ohio, Feb. 1.—Policeman George Johnson shot and instantly killed Pearl Strauder, aged twenty-two years, who was making a disturbance at the boarding house of Daniel Lett here last night.

Million Starve in Japan.

Tokio, Feb. 1. — The emperor has donated $25,000 for the relief of the famine sufferers. According to the latest returns nearly a million persons in Japan are on the verge of starvation.

LAWYERS WRANGLE ALL DAY

NO FACTS OF IMPORTANCE DEVELOPED IN PACKERS' HEARING.

Chicago, Feb. 1.—No facts of great importance were developed at yesterday's hearing of the packers' case. Edward Morris, treasurer of the Fairbank Canning company; Ira N. Morris, his brother, secretary of the same corporation, and Edward F. Swift, vice president of Swift & Co., were the only witnesses on the stand.

The direct examination of Edward Morris was almost concluded Tuesday, and he was cross-examined yesterday at considerable length by District Attorney Morrison. He was asked if there was anything in the books of the company which might have convicted him of violation of an injunction issued some time previous to the Garfield investigation by Judge Grosscup of the federal bench in this city, enjoining the packers from combining in restraint of trade, but the court declared that he could not be required to answer the question.

Ira N. Morris and Edward Swift declared that they had been assured by Commissioner Garfield that none of the information he secured from them would be turned over to the department of justice. A great part of the day was taken up by the arguments of the attorneys over the propriety of questions asked the witnesses.

ESCAPES WITH MANACLES.

Prisoner Leaps From Car Window During Fast Run.

Lead, S. D., Feb. 1.—While Sheriff Mote of Dawes county, Neb., was en route home from West Virginia with a prisoner who had long eluded capture, the man made a daring escape from the train. Just before the train pulled into Rushville, and while it was going at full speed, the prisoner, with lightning-like rapidity, kicked out a window and dived out, feet first. The train was stopped and a search made, but the man escaped, notwithstanding the fact that his hands were manacled. He had just finished serving a term in the Virginia penitentiary.

TOBACCO SAVES LIFE.

Package in Pocket Clogs Cogs That Grip Man's Clothes.

Pierre, S. D., Feb. 1.—H. W. Nelson, one of the employes on the drilling work for the foundations of the railroad bridge, was saved from probably fatal injuries a few days ago by a package of smoking tobacco in his pocket. His clothing caught in some machinery and he was being drawn into the wheels, when a package of tobacco in his pocket jammed the cogs on which he was entangled, stopping the machinery and allowing him to be released without further damage than a torn jumper and a damaged package of tobacco.

WILL EXHUME THE REMAINS.

Iowa Farmer's Death Arouses Interest of Authorities.

Des Moines, Feb. 1.—Upon evidence furnished by officers investigating the mysterious death of James Checkel, who died at Williams, Iowa, a few weeks ago, the body was ordered exhumed yesterday and the stomach brought to Des Moines for chemical analysis. Checkel was a prosperous farmer and at the time of his death was living with a second wife, to whom he was married a few months ago. An arrest probably will follow the investigation.

CLARK LOSES BY BIG FIRE.

Montana Senator's Butte Plant Has $500,000 Blaze.

Butte, Mont., Feb. 1. — Fire of unknown origin partially destroyed Senator W. A. Clark's Butte reduction works yesterday. The fire resisted all efforts of the firemen until it had enveloped the concentrator building, in which it started, and the large elevator used for conveying concentrates. A. H. Wethy, local manager for Senator Clark, estimates the loss at half a million, only partly insured. The plant will be rebuilt.

MOUNTAIN SHEEP IN HILLS.

First Flock Seen in Twenty Years Flee for Harney Peak.

Keystone, S. D., Feb. 1.—The first flock of mountain sheep seen in the Black Hills for twenty years was spied by ranchers a few days ago. Five or six sheep are in the bunch, and they were tracked into the wild country near Harney Peak, where they could not be followed.

Three Firemen Hurt.

Milwaukee, Feb. 1.—Fire in the factory of the Wilbur Stock Food company yesterday caused a loss estimated at $20,000. Three firemen were injured, one of them seriously.

Hurt by Falling Log.

Stillwater, Minn., Feb. 1.—Daniel Farnham of this city was brought here yesterday from a Wisconsin logging camp where he was seriously injured by a log falling on him. He was taken to the hospital.

Would Kill His Family.

Sioux City, Iowa, Feb. 1.—Arrested by his wife for plotting to kill her and their five children, Edward Monahan confessed to the evil intention, but says he was kept from it through prayer.

OIL TRUST HEAD NEED NOT ANSWER

NEW YORK JUDGE SUSTAINS POSITION OF ROGERS' ATTORNEYS.

IT IS NOW UP TO MISSOURI

QUESTION RAISED BY HADLEY MUST BE DETERMINED IN MISSOURI.

New York, Feb. 1.—A decision that Henry H. Rogers, vice president of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, shall not be compelled to answer the question which he recently refused to answer in the taking of testimony here in the case of the State of Missouri against the Standard Oil Company of Indiana and other oil companies, was handed down yesterday by Justice Gildersleeve in the supreme court.

The application to compel Mr. Rogers to answer the questions was made by Attorney General Hadley of Missouri. The companies affected in the case are the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, the Waters-Pierce Oil company and the Republic Oil company. The State of Missouri seeks to oust them from doing business in that state.

The application was denied for the reason that, in Justice Gildersleeve's opinion, the court of original jurisdiction in Missouri should determine the question raised by Mr. Hadley. Leave to review this application was granted to Mr. Hadley.

Hadley Makes Statement.

Jefferson City, Mo., Feb. 1.—Attorney General Hadley made the following statement:

"From a telegram received from Henry Wollman of New York I am advised that Judge Gildersleeve's decision is to the effect that he will not compel Mr. Rogers to answer questions asked him pending the decision by the supreme court of Missouri concerning the questions certified to it by Judge Anthony. This case was referred to the supreme court of the State of Missouri to Judge Anthony and he has decided that similar questions to those asked Mr. Rogers were material, and Judge Gildersleve at the conclusion of the arguments before him also decided that the questions asked Mr. Rogers were proper and material, and his decision indicates that he is still of the same opinion. If the supreme court of the State of Missouri decides that this question has not been certified to it by Judge Anthony, or if it decides that the position taken by Judge Anthony and Judge Gildersleve in reference to the materiality of these questions is correct, then under the decision of Judge Gildersleve it will be necessary for Mr. Rogers to answer the questions."

MRS. YERKES WEDS AGAIN.

Widow of Traction Magnet Said to Have Remarried.

New York, Feb. 1. — Several New York newspapers announce the marriage of Mrs. Charles T. Yerkes, widow of the traction capitalist, to Wilson Mizner of San Francisco.

San Francisco, Feb. 1. — A special dispatch received in this city says that Wilson Mizner yesterday morning positively confirmed the report of his marriage to Mrs. Charles T. Yerkes.

Wilson Mizner is the son of the late Lansing B. Mizner, former minister to Mexico and Guatemala, who resided at Benicia, Cal., for many years, and was one of the prominent lawyers of California. He is twenty-nine years old.

MAKE HYDE DISGORGE.

Equitable Brings Suit for Syndicate Profits.

New York, Feb. 1.—President Paul Morton of the Equitable Life Assurance association, announced yesterday that suit has been started against James H. Hyde for the recovery of approximately $72,000, representing Mr. Hyde's profits in syndicates which sold securities to the society. Mr. Morton also announced that suits were in preparation against various men who had profited by leases of the spaces in buildings owned by the Equitable to so-called subsidiary companies, and that these and other claims of the society growing out of the acts of the old Equitable administration were being pushed as rapidly as possible.

Killed by Cave-In.

Menominee, Mich., Feb. 1.—W. Guilfoil was killed by a cave-in of earth at a building site yesterday. He was unmarried.

Kills Wife and Self.

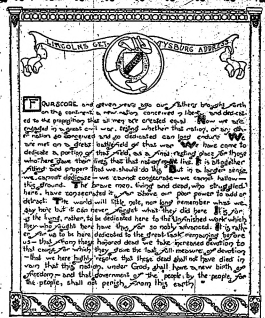
New York, Feb. 1.—Adolph Fourte, a Frenchman who was employed as chauffeur by W. Gould Brokaw, went to New Rochelle last night and shot and killed his wife and then killed himself.

Fire Destroys Village.

Charleston, W. Va., Feb. 1. — The entire business portion of the town of St. Albans, sixteen miles below here, on the river, was destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss, $80,000. Insurance light.

AMONG THE IMMORTALS

All Nations of the World Have So Written Abraham Lincoln



LINCOLNS GETTYSBURG ADDRESS

FOURSCORE and seven years ago our fathers brought forth on this continent a new nation, conceived in liberty and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal. Now we are engaged in a great civil war, testing whether that nation, or any other nation so conceived and so dedicated can long endure. We are met on a great battlefield of that war. We have come to dedicate a portion of that field, as a final resting place for those who here gave their lives that that nation might live. It is altogether fitting and proper that we should do this. But in a larger sense, we cannot dedicate—we cannot consecrate—we cannot hallow—this ground. The brave men, living and dead, who struggled here, have consecrated it far above our poor power to add or detract. The world will little note, nor long remember what we say here but it can never forget what they did here. It is for us the living, rather, to be dedicated here to the unfinished work which they who fought here have thus far so nobly advanced. It is rather for us to be here dedicated to the great task remaining before us—that from these honored dead we take increased devotion to that cause for which they gave the last full measure of devotion—that we here highly resolve that these dead shall not have died in vain that this nation, under God, shall have a new birth of freedom—and that government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from this earth.

Oliver Wendell Holmes said that one man is always three men, the man as he sees himself, the man as others see him, and the man as God sees him.

We know how Abraham Lincoln saw himself. Lincoln's estimate of Lincoln was a very modest, humble and moderate one.

We know how other people now see Abraham Lincoln in the light of the translations of his actions by results and by time.

We can reverently believe that Abraham Lincoln as God saw him brought neither reproach nor contradiction, to say the least, to the conception of him by the people of the earth, when they came to understand him in the light of the events to which he will ever be sublimely related in human estimate.

While his is a fame and a service this republic for manifest reasons, mainly remembers and observes, all nations of the world write him among the immortals, and the ascent of every one of them to better things is sympathetically assisted by the force and the fragrance of his career here.

He is gradually becoming idealized. That is not to be regretted. His idealization is only that revelation of him from the skies to men, as God saw him when the heavens received him out of our sight.

We are glad our government and our people make his birthday a holiday. We are aware that it is difficult to hold the observance of his birthday to solemn ceremonies or within memorial services. That is the law of the effect of holidays among free people, as distances in time increases from the death of the entirely great. The significance is less in the celebration of the time than in the fact of setting it forth by law and by sentiment as a holiday at all.

That fact is in itself a transcendant tribute. Individuals will act according to their temperament or their conditions, but the nation as an individuality, by suspending its business, by ceasing from its contentions, by bringing its activities of government to a halt on this birthday of its pre-eminently great modern man, pays a tribute's crown of tribute to his work and to his worth, and that is the supreme and the universal homage.

We trust that the idealization of Lincoln will always continue; that the endeavor to reduce the measurement of him will cease, or will never succeed. We have no sympathy with the petty endeavors which have been put forth to that effect in the case of Washington. The instincts of mankind have measured them small, who have tried to reduce the heroic appraisal of Washington in the alleged interest of "truth." The endeavor has never enlisted large minds or large souls, and the little ones it has enlisted have reduced even themselves by the endeavor.

As it is with Washington, so should it be with his one peer in our history, whose anniversary is now at hand. The idealization of both gives us the real men. Puny efforts to impair that idealization affect not the proportions of the men any more than the slime of flies affects the stately columns on which flies may light—or crawl. Those of us who saw and met Lincoln in our boyhood are not yet far beyond the middle period of life. They can never feel that their experience in meeting him did not register the high water mark of their lives here. So felt those who, in former generations, met Washington. The two, Washington, the grandest of human characters, and Lincoln, the most human of grand characters, should never be differentiated in the minds or hearts of Americans.—Brooklyn Eagle.

MADE PLEDGE AND HELD TO IT.

Lincoln Always Teetotaler, According to National Advocate.

A Kentuckian by birth, rocked in the rough cradle of poverty, in a little log cabin, unchinked, unplastered, and scantily furnished; trained in the university of necessity; attending school twice in the neighborhood for a few weeks at a time, being compelled to walk four miles each way to do so; transplanted to Indiana to a home life of poverty, a poverty so great that the family lacked protection from the rain and cold. Out of such a childhood grew the farm-hand, the rail-splitter, the flat-boatman, the captain of the Black Hawk war, the country merchant, the country lawyer, the four-times elected legislator, the representative in Congress and the war President.

Such in brief, says one, is the story of Abraham Lincoln, the great typical American, as in him were found in a pre-eminent degree the best features of our New World life—honesty and simplicity and truthfulness.

When Lincoln was a boy almost everybody drank, and temperance had less advocates than at present. Among those who were working for temperance in that early day was "Old Uncle John," as he was called, who gathered the people together for meetings in the rough log schoolhouses of the sparsely settled communities in that section of the country. People came out of curiosity, but he often found little sympathy for his cause.

One long-to-be-remembered night he made his plea, ending with an invitation to come forward and sign the pledge. There was only one who moved, as the story goes. A tall and far from handsome boy got to his feet and came up the aisle. Even in that rough audience he made an ungainly appearance in his sadly outgrown clothes, coarse and too short in trousers and sleeves. But a hush fell on the rough men as that boy, with determination in his face, stooped to write the name "Abraham Lincoln" on the pledge.

The work of that night lives in history. Lincoln always attributed much of his success in live to his temperance principles, and years afterwards when, as President of the United States, he had the pleasure of entertaining "Old Uncle John" in the White House, he said to him: "I owe more to you than to almost any one of whom I can think. If I had not signed the pledge with you in the days of my youthful temptation I should probably have gone the way of a majority of my early companions, who lived drunkards' lives and now fill drunkards' graves."

There was never any letting down in Lincoln's principles whatever the circumstances.

"When I was a young man—long ago—before the Sons of Temperance, as an organization, had an existence—I, in a humble way, made temperance speeches, and I think I may say that to this day I have never, by my example, belied what I then said."—National Advocate.

"THE FIRST AMERICAN"

The observance of Lincoln's birthday is evidently destined to become universal with the American people. If it is not yet so general as the observance of Washington's birthday, that is because Lincoln is still too near for all to forget, as all have forgotten, of Washington, that he was a party leader as well as the savior of his country.

When the healing hand of time shall have brought that forgetfulness, the American people will celebrate the birthday of Lincoln with a more intimate affection, though not with greater reverence or gratitude, than they will that of Washington.

The reasons for this distinction are apparent when we remember that a man of Washington's character might have been produced in some other country—though he never was—while a man of Lincoln's character obviously could not have been produced elsewhere than in the United States.

Recognition of this fact has led English historians to claim Washington as a great Englishman no less than a great American. No foreigner, however, has ever dreamed of so claiming Abraham Lincoln. His character was too racy of his native soil to be claimed as anything but American.

As they perceive the peculiarly American quality of Lincoln's genius, the American people will celebrate ever more widely his natal day as one of their greater festivals. While they will revere more the memory of Washington, they will love more that of Lincoln. He was of themselves—the common people, whom he said God must love, "because he made so many of them."

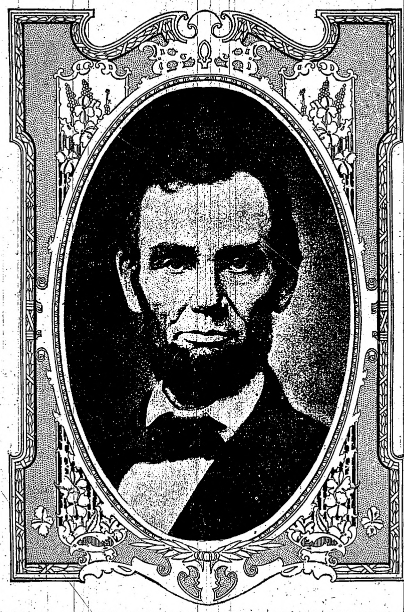
Abraham Lincoln was indeed "the first American." As such his memory will be more than honored. It will be loved as long as the republic endures.

Money Tainted?

When a store keeper wants to abuse his rival, and go the limit, he says he can't get any insurance.—Atchison Globe.

A GREAT AMERICAN

Inspiration in the Life and Character of Abraham Lincoln—His Wonderful Political Career



The twelfth day of February, in the year 1809, was a day of great import to the United States, for it was on that day that Abraham Lincoln came into the world, says a writer in the Pittsburg Dispatch. The place of his birth, unmarked to-day save for a rude flagstaff, was in Hardin county, Kentucky, known now as LaRue county. No great man was ever born into a humbler home.

Thomas Lincoln, the father of Abraham, had married a handsome girl named Nancy Hanks in 1806, and there was a little girl named Sarah in the family when the little Abraham was born.

Lincoln was a boy of but seven years when his father, who had something of a restless spirit, followed a brother of his, named Joseph, to Spencer county, Indiana, and located on a farm in the wilderness within a mile or two of Gentryville.

Lincoln grew to manhood in Indiana, seeing little of the great outside world, with the exception of such fleeting glimpses as he caught of it while working as boatman and ferryman on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers. He earned the first dollar he ever possessed while working as a boatman. When he was about 19 years of age he hired out "to work the front oars" on a boat filled with produce, bound for New Orleans. He was paid the munificent sum of $8 a month and "found" for his services while on this trip. This was his first glimpse of the world of which he was to form such an important part in the years to come.

He was 21 years old when he went with his father's family from Indiana to Illinois. Thomas Lincoln had been disappointed in his farming ventures in Indiana, and the future of that part of the state seemed unpromising while fascinating tales were told of the better opportunities for poor men "out in Illinoy," and to the Sangamon country in "Illinoy" the Lincolns wended their way in lumbering wagons drawn by slow-moving cattle. With them went Levi Hall and Dennis Hanks, who had married Lincoln's step-sisters.

A little later in life, and after serving in the brief Black Hawk war, Lincoln kept store in New Salem, Illinois, and it was in this place that he fell in love and became engaged to pretty Ann Rutledge, a girl of seventeen years, who died soon after the engagement. This was a sharp blow to a man of Lincoln's affectionate nature, and years later he could not speak of it without tears in his eyes. It was after leaving New Salem and while studying and practicing law in Springfield that Lincoln met Mary Todd, who became his wife.

It would take many columns to give anything like a comprehensive account of the political career of Abraham Lincoln. It was almost inevitable that a man of his force of character, his patriotism and his interest in the welfare of the nation should drift into politics. We find him running as a candidate for the State Assembly of Illinois in 1832 and suffering a defeat that did not depress him in the least; it was after this defeat that he and a partner bought the store in New Salem. In 1834, Lincoln again announced himself as a candidate for the State Assembly, and there are old men in Illinois who like to tell of the queer but forceful speeches they heard him make as he rode about the country electioneering for himself. He did so with triumphant results this time, for he was elected, and for eight years he was a member of the State Assembly of Illinois.

Then his friends sought to have him become a candidate for governor, but this honor he refused because he had his eye on a seat in Congress and to Congress he went in the year 1847, after having been defeated as a candidate for the office of Congressman in 1842. After leaving Congress, Lincoln felt that he had had enough of politics; he decided to devote himself entirely to the practice of law, and he adhered to this resolution for some years. Then the slavery question became more and more one of public importance and political discussion, and Lincoln felt that he must again enter the political field. The repeal of the Missouri compromise set him on fire, and it was a flame that expired only with his life. From the time that he re-entered politics in 1851 until the fatal fourteenth of April 1865, Abraham Lincoln lived for his country and he was ready to die for it.

His nomination for the presidency had been predicted before he had any aspirations for that office. When the subject was first broached to him he said: "What's the use of talking of me for the presidency whilst we have such men as Seward Chase and others, who are so much better known to the people, and whose names are so intimately associated with principles of the Republican party? Every body knows them; nobody scarcely outside of Illinois knows me. * * * I am not insensible to the compliment you pay me, but there is no such good luck in store for me as the presidency of the United States."

The "good luck" was on the side of the United States when Abraham Lincoln was finally elected president. Not in all the union was there a man better fitted to hold that office during the perilous days of the civil war, and when the war was over the people felt that Lincoln was the only man who could heal the wounds of the nation and bring real peace and harmony out of the bitter strife that had lasted for four fearful years. His assassination filled the land with the gloomiest forebodings and plunged the country into the bitterest grief it had ever felt over the death of an individual.

LINCOLN'S LIFE AN INSPIRATION

In commemorating the birthday of Abraham Lincoln the American people pay a just tribute to a very great man, but the observance has a far deeper significance than this implies. With every recurrence of the anniversary there should be a fresh inspiration for his countrymen both in what Lincoln did and in what he said. His deeds lifted him above all his contemporaries, his words set forth the enduring principles of free government to which we must return again and again as our society becomes more complex and our national problems increase and expand.

When we dwell upon the achievements of the army at Gettysburg in what was perhaps the mostly truly eloquent speech of which there is a record in history he erred only in declaring: "The world will little note, nor long remember, what we say here." For while the thought was appropriate to the occasion, being used as it was to emphasize by contrast the nation's debt to the soldiers who had fought and died upon the battlefield, it has failed completely as a prophecy. It was in its other parts that the speech was profoundly prophetic, and they glorify the spoken word, giving it the effectiveness of many a good deed. They are so rich in suggestion, so felicitous in phrasing, so wonderfully inspired by the political insight of the statesman and the deep human sympathy of a great nature that they have remained, and always will remain, a charter of our liberties.

The Youth Abraham Lincoln.

For both work and play Abraham had one great advantage. He was not only a tall, strong country boy; he soon grew to be a tall, strong, sinewy man. He early reached the unusual height of six feet four inches, and his long arms gave him a degree of power as an axman that few were able to rival. He therefore usually led his fellows in efforts of muscle as well as of mind. That he could outrun, outlift, outwrestle his boyish companions, that he could chop faster, split more rails in a day, carry a heavier log at a "raising," or excel the neighborhood champion in any feat of frontier athletics, was doubtless a matter of pride with him; but stronger than all else was his eager craving for knowledge. He felt instinctively that the power of using the mind rather than the muscles was the key to success. He wished not only to wrestle with the best of them, but to be able to talk like the preacher, spell and cipher like the schoolmaster, argue like the lawyer, and write like the editor.—From Helen Nicolay's "The Boys' Life of Abraham Lincoln" in St. Nicholas.

ANCIENT CHAIRS IN SALEM

Not long ago I enjoyed the privilege of admittance to some homes of Salem containing rare pieces of historic furniture, each replete with history dear to the heart of the lover of tradition, writes Grace B. Faxon in the Pilgrim.

Perhaps the finest collection of antiques in America is gathered under the roof-tree of Charles F. Waters, who lives in Washington square, and among them all stands forth a chair, which, because of real beauty, commands admiration. It is elaborately and handsomely carved, and to it belongs, possibly, the oddest history of any piece of furniture in Salem. It seems that one John Cogswell came over here from the mother country in 1635, crossing the ocean in the good ship Angel Gabriel, which was the same craft that brought Sir Walter Raleigh to Guiana, South America, in 1618, on his second and last voyage. John Cogswell embarked with his wife, eight children and household goods—among the last this chair—for settlement in this country. A frightful storm off the coast of Maine, where by mistake they had drifted, caused a total wreck of the vessel. Mr. Cogswell and family, and what furniture there was preserved, were carried to the shore at Pemquid, Me., where the family spread a tent and remained until the next week. They then took passage to Boston and settled at Ipswich, Mass. This chair descended in the family until it came to Mr. Waters, the present owner.

Once upon a time there lived in Salem a merchant of great wealth and renown, a Mr. Joshua Ward. Gen. George Washington, during a visit to Salem, spent a night at the home of Mr. Ward, and spent in the northeast chamber of the fine, brick house. Among the furnishing of his room were several beautiful Hepplewhite chairs. One of these chairs—said to be the chair in which Washington sat to record his impressions of Salem in his diary—is now treasured in one of the city's noted homes. It was while on this visit that Washington wrote of the women of Salem: "I have seen at least 100 handsome and well-dressed ladies, a greater portion of them having much blacker hair than is seen in the south."

In the home of Daniel Low, in Essex street, the old cabinet house, where Mrs. Joseph J. Chamberlain made her home as Miss Endicott, stands a Dutch chair of bandy legs and beautiful proportions. This chair is more than 250 years old, and has descended from the first Low in America, who settled at Essex, Mass., and among whose descendents is ex-Mayor Seth Low of New York, to the present owner.

FOUND GOLD IN ALASKA

Gold was first discovered in Alaska on the Anauk river, a tributary of the Kuskowim river, which joins the latter stream about twenty-five miles below the trading post of Kalamakoffsky, says the Ketchikon Mining Journal. The Anauk river was discovered by Ivan Simenson Lukeen in 1832, at which time he built a fort, called Lukeen's Fort, on the Kuskowim river, twenty-five miles above the mouth of the Anauk. It was partly destroyed by natives in 1841, and rebuilt by Kalamakoff, a Russian trader, was afterward called Kalamakoff redoubt.

In 1832 the headquarters of the Russian-American Trading company were at Sitka and supplies were transported thence to Lukeen's Fort by way of Nushagak river, Tic-chic river and lake and down the Anauk river to the Kuskowim river and thence up stream twenty-five miles to the fort. In 1837 the yearly supplies were sent by way of the mouth of the Kuskowim river and the old way abandoned as a summer route and used only for the purpose of sending out the mails during the winter by dog teams. It was the only winter route the Russians ever used from any point on the Yukon to the outside (Sitka), and was only abandoned for the purpose after they left the country.

It was while on one of these trips in 1832 that the Russians discovered gold on the Anauk, and it is known to-day as the Yellow River of the Russians. It is not known whether they ever attempted mining on any large scale or whether they found gold in paying quantities, but it is thought to be the first time on record of gold being found in this country.

Lukeen was born of Russian and Spanish-American creole parents in the Ross colony in California. He was well educated at the Sitka school and proved to be an active, energetic and intelligent officer. In 1863 Lukeen ascended the Yukon river from St. Michael to Fort Gibbon, then a Hudson's Bay company trading post, which was built by McMurray, who descended the Porcupine river in 1847. Lukeen was the first man who connected the Pelly river of Campbell and the sea. He returned to St. Michael that fall. In 1866 the Russian garrison at Kalamakoff redoubt, in charge of Dementoff, was withdrawn, the United States having purchased Alaska from the Russians.

RAILROAD MAN WITH RECORD

Enoch Bown, tall, stalwart and healthy, carrying upon his shoulders the weight of 79 years, holds the undisputed distinction of being the oldest locomotive engineer in the world. He lives at Amagaria, Ont., a settlement a few steps from Bridgeburg.

Enoch Bown is an Englishman by birth. His native town is Lancashire, England, three miles from Manchester. He was born Oct. 14, 1826. In those days railroads were scorned by many people. Enoch Bown was only 14 years old when he began railroading. He secured a position as helper on the old London & Birmingham, now the Northwestern railway. He worked at plate laying. Nowadays they call it section building. When 17 years old he quit and began serving an apprenticeship to a mechanic, and in 1847 became a fireman on the road which first gave him employment. Soon he gained experience and the confidence of the managers and was appointed engineer. Enoch Bown knows all about running a locomotive using wood blocks for fuel. It was hard and troublesome work in those days.

In 1857, with seven years' successful experience as an engineer, then 28 years old, Enoch Bown was seized with the desire to cross the Atlantic, so he moved to Canada, immediately securing an appointment as engineer on the old Great Western. He ran between Niagara Falls, London and Windsor. He also engineered on the Buffalo & Lake Huron. These lines have since been improved and acquired by the Grand Trunk. His familiarity with the iron steeds which had been his life's companions brought about his appointment in 1872 as foreman of engines of the Grand Trunk lines. He held this position for a quarter of a century and found himself 71 years old and ready for retirement.

He decided to work some more, and was soon picked up to operate the dummy car on the International bridge. For eight years this fine-looking and gray-whiskered engineer was daily seen at his post, but Jan. 1 last he closed his labors, and now lives a quiet life among his friends and neighbors in the passive hamlet of antiquated Amagaria.—Buffalo Enquirer.

HIDDEN WEALTH OF INDIA

It would be an immense benefit to all mankind if the stores of gold now held by individuals in India could be made available for general use. Ever since the dawn of history that country has been gathering and hiding it away. Treasures of almost incalculable value are possessed by many Indian princes, says Spare Moments.

When the maharajah of Burdewar died the stock of gold and silver left by him was so large that no member of the family could make an accurate estimate of it. A report made to the British government by a secret agent stated that on the estate of the defunct potentate were a number of treasure houses, one of them containing three rooms. The largest of these three rooms was forty-eight feet long and was filled with ornaments of gold and silver, plates and cups, washing bowls, jugs and so forth—all of precious metals. The two other rooms were full of bags and boxes of gold mohurs and silver rupees. The door of this and other treasure houses had been bricked up for nobody knows how long.

These valuables, according to an ancient custom, were in the custody of the maharajah's wife, the vaults being attached to her apartments, but none of them was allowed to be opened save in the presence of the master. One vault was filled with ornaments belonging to different gods of the family. The natives of India commonly bury their hoards and among the poorer classes a favorite hiding place is a hole dug beneath the bed. Disused wells are sometimes employed for the same purpose.

It is undoubtedly a fact that many hoards thus deposited are lost forever. Gold is also valued on religious grounds. The gods take up great quantities of gold, silver and precious stones. The temples contain vast amounts of the yellow and white metals. The habit of hoarding seems to have been induced by ages of misgovernment, during which oppression and violence were rife. No feeling of safety existing, it was natural that the natives should adopt the practice of reducing their wealth to a concentrated shape and hiding it.

STILL WORSHIP THEIR IMAGES

A village in Mexico of 1,000 souls, not one of whom had heard of God—such is the story told by the Rev. S. G. Inman, a minister of the Christian Church at Monterey.

Nestling in a deep valley twenty-five miles from Saltillo and shut off from the rest of the world by high and impassable cliffs, the pure Indians have lived for generations, still worshiping their stone and wooden images and utterly unlearned in everything pertaining to a supreme being, according to Mr. Inman, who has written to friends in Mexico City concerning his strange find. Santo Domingo is what the town is called, though why and wherefore none of the elders of the village could tell. It had been called that for generations and more, and they did not know the significance of the words.

It was by accident that Mr. Inman stumbled on the quaint and curious village hemmed in by precipitous crags. He was riding overland toward Saltillo when he came to a deep cut in the mountains which he followed and which led to the town of Santo Domingo. White men had been there before and the sight of the missionary was no novelty to the pure Indian descendants that thronged round his horse and offered their hospitality—poor, but the best they had. After partaking of it and ascertaining through the guide who accompanied him that the Indians knew nothing of a God or a Creator of all things, the minister deemed it best to hold some sort of a meeting and give spiritual instruction. This could not be accomplished at the first trip and Mr. Inman returned to Monterey, where arrangements are now being made to hold regular meetings there and instill some Christianity into the descendants of the aborigines.—Mexican Herald.

GATHERED SMILES

A Sanctum View.

Office Boy—Oh. Mr. Scratcher, d'ye mind that man who was in here jus' a little while ago

Country Editor—Yessiree, I do. That was Mr. Hayseed, and he came in and paid five years' back subscription that I've most run my legs off trying to get.

"Well, he'd hardly got out of the office before he was hit by a runaway team an' killed."

"My! my! That's shocking! Well, there's one consolation, anyway. He went straight to heaven."—New York Weekly.

The Definition.

Freddie—What is silence, father?

Father—Silence, my son, is that which a man wants a woman to have but if she has it he gets scared to death thinking something must be the matter.

Her Grievance.

The girl was sore stricken. She had found her picture in a lithograph of "Beauty and the Beast."

"But," said they who sought to give consolation, "it is a charming portrait of you."

"Ah, what's the good?" she replied, bitterly. "My name isn't there, is it?"

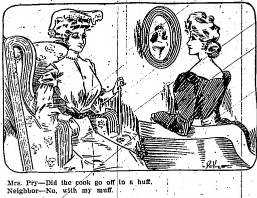
Realizing that her sorrow was the genuine thing, they withdrew in some confusion.

Feminine Charity.

"Don't you think Miss Buddington has what might be termed a peachy complexion?" remarked the very young man.

"I hadn't noticed it before," rejoined his fair companion, "but now that my attention has been called to it I must admit that she has rather a frostbitten look."

POETIC.



Mrs. Pry—Did the cook go off in a huff.
Neighbor—No, with my muff.

Grades of Society.

"Mrs. Multy is not in Mrs. Billyuns' set at all."

"What's the difference between them."

"Mrs. Billyuns says the Multys are not in such genteel business as themselves."

"Both made their money with the same commodity."

"Yes, but with a difference. The Multys dealt in crude petroleum, while the Billyuns made their pile in refined oil."

Untenable.

First Doctor—And you found that the Pullman passenger was choked to death in the night?

Second Doctor—Yes. My theory was that he had sucked a pillow into his windpipe.

First Doctor—That's not likely. It would have to be something large enough entirely to obstruct the air passage, you know.—Cleveland Leader.

Enough Said.

"Now," said Mr. Oldbeau, tentatively, as he stroked his gray beard, "if a man were, say, 60 and the woman of his choice about 20, do you think that would lead to an unhappy marriage?"

"I think," promptly replied Miss Young, "it would be more likely to lead to a rejected proposal."

The Man Responsible.

"Adam—Adam," repeated St. Peter, meditatively; "the name seems familiar, but—"

"I," explained the applicant, "I come from Eden. I am the progenitor of the whole human race."

"And you!" thundered St. Peter, "you have the nerve to apply for admission here? Front! Show the gentleman below."—Puck.

Correcting an Error.

The Head of the House—Hang it all, Willie, did you put that valise under the dining table?

The Visitor (with some hesitancy) —I beg your pardon, but the object you have been kicking so vigorously is not a valise, but my foot.

The Young Idea.

"Just think, my son, of those soldiers of Washington's at Valley Forge, barefooted in the cold December weather."

"I suppose, pop, that is the reason why my history says they were times that tried men's soles."

Time Enough.

Mrs. McCall—How do you like your new girl?

Mrs. Hiram Offen—Why, how did you know I had a new one?

Mrs. McCall—Why, it's more than a week since the last time I saw you.—Philadelphia Press.

His Opinion of Him.

"Do you think I could get an audience with the boss?" asked the political hanger-on, going in.

"Yes," snapped the disappointed office-seeker, coming out, "if you featured him in a dime museum as the two-faced man."

Friends Worth Having.

Hyler—I put a friend who was in hard luck on his feet last week.

Smiley—That's nothing. I put a friend on his feet seven times last night.

An Insinuation.

Her—I suppose you have met pretty women in great numbers.

Him—Yes, indeed. I was a shoe clerk for several years.

Amenities of the Barnyard.

The hen was reproaching the hog for his cleanliness.

"You've got no occasion to brag, madam," retorted the hog. "In the matter of table delicacies I draw the line at some things, but if there's anything an old hen won't eat it's because it's too big for her to swallow."

With the additional remark that he was all white meat, anyhow, while she was more than half dark meat, he returned to his trough.

Two Ways of Forcing a Balance.

"Henry, if I were a young man like you, and expected to have to make my own way in the world some day, I should try to make my expenses come within my income."

"Father, if I were as rich as you are, and had only one son, I'd try to bring his income up to his expenses." —Stray Stories.

Anything to Keep Her Away.

Mrs. Benham—Mother says she is coming to pay us a visit.

Benham—Did she say "pay"?

Mrs. Benham—Yes.

Benham—Well, you can't pay anything you don't owe, and I wish you would write to her that I'll send her a receipt in full if she will stay where she is.

His Sermons on "Spirits."

"You been drinkin' spirits ag'in," said Brother Williams to a member of his flock.

"Well, don't de bible speak er de 'sword er de spirit?'"

"It do," said Brother Williams, "but it don't say nuttin' 'bout de battle ax er de distillery!"—Atlanta Constitution.

The Man He Wanted.

"I sent for you, sir," said Mr. Phamley, "to fix a key in my daughter's piano."

"But," protested the artisan, "I'm not a piano tuner; I'm a locksmith."

"Exactly; I want you to fix the blooming thing so I can lock it up when I feel like it."

More Woe for the Pessimist.

"Here's Niagara going to dry up in 3,000 years and the sun to cool off in 20,000,000."

"Well, what of it?"

"What of it? Well, ain't it enough to make a man feel mighty helpless over the uncertainty of all mundane things?"

Naturally.

Patient—Well, doctor, do you think I'm getting well all right?

Doctor—Oh, yes; you still have a good deal of fever, but that doesn't trouble me.

"Of course not. If you had a fever it wouldn't trouble me."—Tales.

Changes of Time.

He had read a marriage notice mentioning the age of the groom as 17 and that of the bride as 16 years.

"Yes," he mused, "times are changing. When I was young childish amusements were much simpler."

Personal Experience.

Gebhart—We've been having a discussion on women. Now, in your opinion, what are the best things you have found about women?

Carson—My arms.—Chicago News.

An Opinion.

"Starr's manager has promised to give a presentation of that comedy of mine," said De Riter, "but I don't know when it's to come off."

"Probably the night after it's put on," suggested the cruel critic.

Evil Day Was Near.

Estelle—Clarence, just think of it! Five weeks from to-day, and we will be married.

Clarence—Well, let's be happy, while we may.—Stray Stories.

Muses.

"Those muses," whispered the visitor to Olympus, "don't seem to wear any more clothes than the law allows."

"Well, no," replied Apollo, who was showing the party through. "You see, the muses feel that they owe a great debt to indecency, although indecency is a purely human creation. There have been times, indeed, when indecency was all that kept the muses alive."—Puck.

What Bothered Him.

"Dar's one thing bothers me 'bout de hereafter," said Brother Williams.

"And what's that?"

"Well, livin' on milk en honey always did give me dyspepsia."—Atlanta Constitution.

Usually So.

"Who is that youngster?" asked the visitor to the sanctum.

"That," replied the editor, "is just the new office boy."

"Oh! his face seemed familiar——"

"Perhaps it is, but his manner is more so."

Most Extraordinary.

Mrs. Housekeep—She's the most honorable woman I ever met. Oh, really, she's exceptional.

Mrs. Ascum—You don't say?

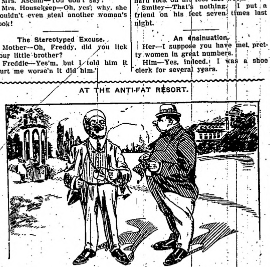
Mrs. Housekeep—Oh, yes; why, she wouldn't even steal another woman's cook!

The Stereotyped Excuse.

Mother—Oh, Freddy, did you lick your little brother?

Freddie—Yes'm, but I told him it hurt me worse'n it did him.'

AT THE ANTI-FAT RESORT.



Mr. Bigg (to Mr. Stout, who has been ordered to this bathing resort to reduce his avordupois)—Will you remain here longer than four weeks?

Mr. Stout—I don't know. I think I will remain until I can connect the fourth button on my coat with the buttonhole.

The Wrong Man.

"Here is a French paper that claims to have found a similarity between Caesar Augustus and President Roosevelt."

"Eh! I never knew but one Caesar Augustus and he was a whitewasher."

Her Tender Nature.

"My wife has a tender nature."

"How so?"

"She got some eggs at the grocer's the other day and hadn't the heart to beat 'em—they were so old."

A Heroine.

Tess—I think I'm entitled to a Carnegie medal. I saved a life the other evening.

Jess—The idea! Whose?

Tess—Jack Hansom's. He said he couldn't live without me.

Sure Thing.

"Bragg tells me he got mixed up in a scrap yesterday."

"Did he get the best of it?"

"Of course; otherwise he wouldn't have said anything about it."

From Pig to Pork.

Passerby—Is that your pork down there on the road, guv'nor?

Farmer—Pork! What d'ye mean? There's a pig o' mine out there.

Passerby—Ah, but there's a motor car just been by.—London Punch.

Impediment.

Prue—Why don't you break the engagement if you find you no longer love him?

Marjorie—I've just discovered that he wants to break it himself.—Puck.

Ultra-Fashionable.

Rural aunt—Gracious, why don't someone tell that pretty girl over there that her hair is mussed up and needs combing?

City niece—Sh; aunty, that is the fashionable "automobile tousle."

The Price of Peace.

"Yes, I quarreled with my wife about nothing."

"Why didn't you make up?"

"I'm going to. All I'm worried about now is the indemnity."

WOMEN'S INTERESTS

How to Do Sash Curtains.

All sorts of inexpensive ways of trimming sash curtains are being resorted to by girls who want something a little out of the ordinary, yet who feel that the money they want to spend upon fixing up their rooms can be spent more profitably upon other things than curtains.

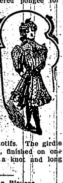
Cheesecloth is even used for some of the least expensive sash curtains, and they are made rather wider than the usual curtain, so that there is more fullness on the rods, and finished with narrow, full ruffles.

Scrim curtains, with a band of drawn work just inside the hem, or a band of Hardanger (and both are easy to do on such a wiry, loose mesh stuff) are stunning, and cost almost nothing but the work.

The dots in dotted Swiss may be embroidered either all over or in a border, or in motifs here and there. If you embroider them in color use embroidery cotton in one of the "old" shades of blue, or green, or red. Or Swiss is pretty left untrimmed.

Stenciling "trims" beautifully, and is comparatively easy to apply, and heavy lace motifs, set in here and there, require nothing more than a plain hem to set them off, although heavy lace edges to match are sometimes used.

Of Embroidered Pongee.



Frock of embroidered pongee for little girl. The gathered skirt is trimmed with a festooned ruffle of the material.

The blouse is plaited at the top to a yoke, which is cut in one piece with the front, and bordered with a ruffle of the pongee.

The little revers and the cuffs are of velvet, the former ornamented with embroidered motifs. The girdle is of silk or velvet, finished on one side in front with a knot and long ends.

New Ideas in Blouses.

There is promised a return of what is neither more nor less than the ornate silk or velvet blouse which now is worn under the name of a dinner jacket. Pale, yellow velvet was the material used in one of these waists which was worn with the white lace skirt, which, by the way, is the skirt de riguer to be worn with separate waists.

The emerald green blouse in thick satin is another revival, and there are also seen satin blouses in many shades of purple, dead brown, buff, and the paler shades of yellow. Orchid mauve and deep ivory with white still lead in popularity, although if one possesses the treasure of a lace skirt the contrast of the pompadour colors is especially attractive.

In the white waists liberty silk, crepe de chine, and a thick white surah are taking the lead, while in cotton there is revived as the fancy of the moment soft, thick ribbed white pique.

Lace Buttons.

Lace buttons—those most satisfactory little things for fastening blouses and lingerie and baby things—are almost impossible to get, the supply never seeming to equal the demand. Just now it is worse than ever.

It is a peasant industry—the Irish peasants most particularly—and the work is tedious and slow for the return it brings. Once it was a flourishing business, family after family doing that work in the long winter intervals between the work of the fields, handing it down to the next generation as a matter of course.

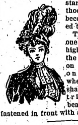
But there's not much money in it, and the younger element of the present day is looking for something that means not only more money, but less work, and that in a different way—anything that doesn't require the patient, unremitting, careful placing of every thread.

As a result, it is dying out, and unless in a few years it can be revived it will be a case of finding a satisfactory substitute. So far there's nothing on the market that quite takes their place.

For Luncheon or Afternoon.

A new old fashion, with charming improvements, is found in a suggestion for a luncheon or afternoon gown. It is particularly chic when made from the beautiful flowered silks. This one is pink flowered, light green taffeta, with surplice front and revers of green chiffon velvet and chemisette and stock of fine white lace. The double ruffles on sleeves are also lace and the plain band separating them is green velvet; the buttons used are rhinestone. The skirt is made with boxplaits down front, back and on each side.

Just From Paris.



The new French hats are somewhat startling at first, though one soon becomes acustomed to them.

This one shows one of the new high crowns with the brim narrow on one side, wide on the other, where it is turned sharply up. It is trimmed with beautiful plumes, fastened in front with a large rose.

Hand Embroidery.

A gray chiffon velvet showed a panel effect in front of solid embroidered chrysanthemums worked in gray silk. The effect of this design was unusually handsome, as no details were omitted. The girl who is at all skillful with her needle can embroider her own gowns or blouses and trim collars and cuffs with hand embroidery. French-ribbon embroidery is having a wide vogue for trimming in this way and for adorning dress accessories, such as collars, cuffs and belts. Both wide and narrow French ribbon can be obtained in a variety of delicate shades for this kind of work. The patterns are usually stamped in a floral design which lends itself most gracefully to work of this nature. For instance a little velvet collar and cuffs on an Eton jacket made of navy-blue chiffon velvet was embroidered in wreaths of forget-me-nots, the pale blue and green of the ribbon work forming an effective contrast to the dark background. Detachable collars to harmonize with one's suit or costume could be embroidered in both the ribbon work and silk embroidery, a combination which is frequently used with most effective results.

WHILE THE TEA BREWS

Brown and green are worn together.

So are deep red and pale smoke-gray.

The "pork pie" hat is the latest atrocity.

In fact, anything goes that you look well in.

Lots of the three-quarter coats are in cutaway style.

A muff of ermine, bordered with sable, is as rich as can be.

The loveliest broche dress silks are shown on the counters.

There's a little hat of vivid sulphur-color felt for some daring girl.

Little hats turned straight up in front are worn by pretty women.

One or two tiny little muffs appear in the afternoon dress parade.

Most women prefer a veil with a single mesh of rather large spaces.

Long wrinkled gloves of yellow suede meet the short jacket sleeve.

Black gowns are so elaborate this year as to be more striking than colors.

To Revive Roses.

Wilted roses, seemingly fit only for the rubbish heap, may be completely revived and freshened. Put the stems of the roses in a tumbler of water and then place the tumbler and roses in a vessel of sufficient size to allow the entire bouquet to be covered. Cover the vessel tightly and leave undisturbed for twenty-four hours. By that time the roses will be found all fresh and invigorated as if just plucked from the bushes, with every petal covered with artificial dew. Wilted lettuce may also be freshened and kept in excellent condition for weeks if treated in the same way.

Date Waffles.

Separate two eggs and beat the yolks very light. Beat into them half a teaspoonful of salt, one tablespoonful of sugar and one of butter, and rub all to a cream. Add a cup of milk and one and a half cups of flour sifted with a teaspoonful of baking-powder; beat all till smooth, add a cupful of chopped, floured dates, and last fold in the egg whites. Bake in a waffle-iron, and as soon as each piece is done spread it with softened butter mixed with powdered sugar and the grated peel of a lemon, or serve with maple syrup.—Harper's Bazar.

About Tea Gowns.

Buttons are used upon the tea gowns of the season but they are covered buttons, the button molds being covered with silk or with velvet. Thus decorated, they make very pretty ornaments. Often they are hand painted or a bit of embroidery is placed in the middle of the button. By treating the button in this manner, you get an ornament. It trims the gown and is both decorative and useful. The cord and tassel trimming is very much used these days and it is quite the thing to button your little tailor-made coat with a row of frogs.

HINTS TO HOUSEWIVES

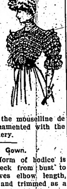
The bars of a grate often get a red tinge and will not blacken. Paint them with a little lemon juice, let dry, and blacklead in the usual way.

The quickest and best way to clean piano keys is to rub them with new milk, then polish with a dry, soft duster. We think our lady readers will be pleased with the appearance of the keys if they try this.

Leather-covered chairs, when dull and shabby-looking, may be greatly improved in appearance by being brushed over with the white of an egg. Leather portmanteaus and trunks may be treated in the same way.

To remove tea-stains from cream or white cashmere, place the stained part in a saucer with sufficient gin to cover the stain, then run while covered with the gin, with a piece of material the same as the dress. In a few minutes the stain will disappear and leave no trace.

Pink Silk Waist.



Blouse of pink silk gathered to a yoke, or bertha, which is ornamented with multicolored embroidery and finished with tiny revers faced with green silk.

The guimpe is of mousseline de soie, ornamented with fagoting or open work embroidery. The cravat is of green silk.

The sleeves form epaulets, and are finished at the bottom with the little green revers over puffs and frills of the mousseline de soie, the latter ornamented with the open work embroidery.

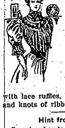
Evening Gown.

A fashionable form of bodice is rounded at the neck from bust to shoulder, the sleeves elbow length, the waist pointed and trimmed as a pointed stomacher, with plaitings on either side, and graduated bows down the center. Others, again, have deep belts, with bertha-like trimmings above, and puffed sleeves to the elbow. A dinner gown and ball gown must not be confounded, and this means more gowns. The girl who dances, and dances well, wears a short skirt, and she is rewarded by looking well to the end of the evening; but ball-goers who do not dance wear the skirts long, happily, for short ones and low bodices, on the score of grace, do not go well together. The trained skirt is only of moderate proportions, just the most graceful length there is, and, moreover, it shows off the beauty of the material well.

Lining Adds Right Touch.

Ring spotted and dotted net frocks that somehow reveal the essence of youthful dressing, are made up over inexpensive mulle or chiffon to soften their almost stiff texture. A very dainty creation of spotted net displays a pale ivory lining of silk mousseline. The graceful lines of the waist and skirt are outlined by maline insertion, run with a combination of shell pink and pastel blue ribbons. The sleeves are short puffs with ruffles of maline lace. On simpler frocks of spotted net, white ruched ribbon forms the trimmings. A daintily gathered vest is outlined by a wide kilting of ribbon-edged net that extends from shoulder to waist line.

Blouse for "Reforme" Gown.

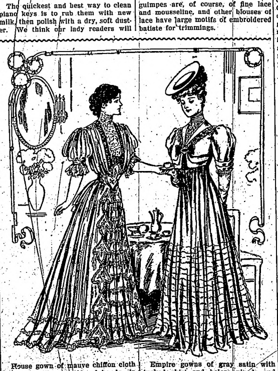


Blouse to be worn with one of the new "reforme" or princess skirts. It is of silk gauze, all covered with little plaitings of lace attached by bands of embroidery. It is trimmed around the neck with motifs of silver embroidery.

The sleeves are all covered with lace ruffles and bands of embroidery, and are finished at the elbows with lace ruffles, headed by draperies and knots of ribbon.

Hint from France.

Crossing bands or folds whose ends fasten to a high girdle are features of many of the French blouses. Bands of rather heavy lace, such as cluny and embroidered batiste set together and running vertically, form some fine blouses whose little transparent gulmpes are, of course, of fine lace and mousseline, and other blouses of lace have large motifs of embroidered batiste for trimmings.



House gown of mauve chiffon cloth trimmed with embroidered bands in shaded mauves and mousseline ruchings.

Empire gowns of gray satin with tucked skirt and bolero piped and trimmed with darker velvet. White lace frills. Gray hat trimmed with violets.

COSTUME THAT CAUSED STIR.

Carelessness and Color-Blindness Equally to Blame.

There are still many who will remember the late Theodore D. Weld as one of the old-time, active abolitionists. He was afflicted with color-blindness, and often related the following incident as one of the unpleasant happenings connected therewith.

Among other preparations for an extended lecture tour he had ordered two pairs of trousers of his tailor, one pair blue and the other green. It was a rush order, and the garments were finished off after dark and sent to his residence the same night.

His first lecture was delivered at an afternoon meeting, for which he donned a pair of the new trousers. When he made his appearance on the platform an amused smile appeared on nearly every face in the audience, and a murmur of suppressed laughter was plainly audible.

He looked, so far as he could, to see if there was anything wrong with his personal appearance, and, being satisfied that all was well, proceeded calmly with his address. But he was enlightened before the evening meeting, his hostess kindly telling him that one leg of his trousers was blue and the other green.

He immediately brought the other pair for her inspection, and they were found to be the same. In rushing the garments together by lamplight the parts had got mixed.—Boston Herald.

LATEST WRINKLES OF FASHION.

Two Styles That Have Their Origin in Vanity.

The fashion of wearing elbow sleeves and long gloves has given rise in Paris to a very ugly new vogue, which consists in taking a pair of long white kid gloves and cutting the hand off bodily, so as to leave a kid covered arm and wrist, with the hand entirely bare.

In the eyes of the owners of bulky and beauteous rings the idea has somewhat to recommend it, but any fashion that leaves the hand uncovered never looks really dressed, and for that reason those who wish to be thought smart are the only ones who make it popular.

Another idea introduced in the French capital, and it need not be added it is already here, is concerned with that useful adjunct of a fashionable woman's toilet—the gold bag. For some time past this has been worn adorned with diamonds, rubies and sapphires, with a plain gold ring that is slipped over the finger to give the wearer a secure grip upon it. Some of the smartest women carry these gold bags, the rings of which are set with stones corresponding to the stones inset in the clasps. The effect of a diamond bag ring, slipped on the finger outside a white kid glove, is most fetching.

Wolves Treed a Hunter.

Edouard Leduc, shantyman, who has just returned from Des Joachins, had a narrow escape from falling the victim of a pack of wolves, says the Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto Globe.

The shanty to which Leduc was attached is located ten miles north of Des Joachims, and he went out one day recently to shoot partridge. About sundown he started back for camp again, when he heard a patter and saw the forms of four-footed beats all around him.

Leduc's gun was a light weapon of one barrel and he took a small tree in preference to risking the continuance of his journey. There he remained all night, and for hours, he says, he could see the gray shadows stealthily moving about, their green eyes flashing. Once or twice he fired at some of the pack which ventured nearer than the others. Just before the day broke the animals disappeared and he, hungry and stiff, climbed down from his perch.

Oregon Trees in Austria.

A. F. Miller of Sellwood yesterday made a shipment of 750 pounds of the seeds of fir and spruce trees to replenish the depleted forests of Austria. One thousand pounds were wanted, but these were all that were gathered. About 600 sacks of cones were picked from young trees, from which the seeds were carefully taken. Between 200 and 300 pounds of seeds were sifted from the whole bulk that did not promise, only the very best being sent across the sea.

Oregon fir and spruce are growing on thousands of acres of territory in Germany and Austria that had been denuded of trees. Mr. Miller has been gathering seeds of these trees for several years. He says that the fir is the most popular tree and the seeds are eagerly sought for, the demand being greater than can be supplied.—Portland Oregonian.

The First Bachelor.

When Adam "batched" in Paradise, before the cook had come,
He found his housework irksome and it was neglected some.
Ad wasn't lazy, either—he was up at early dawn—
But he wouldn't air the bedding and he wouldn't sweep the lawn.
And the serpent heard him muttering, "I won't wear any clo'es
Until I find a good fig-leaf on which the button grows."
Beneath the couch Edenic was collected such a store
Of miscellaneous rubbish as was never seen before;
While in the primal kitchen was a mess which I declare
Was quite enough to make a Christian woman swear.
Then the Lord looked in upon him and he gave an awful groan,
"It is not good, I see," He said, "that man should be alone."
And all terrestrial troubles from that very date began,
For Adam soon thereafter had become a "family man."
He had planted hogs in Eden, sown his "garden sass" and thrived,
But he left the dishes standing till the day that Eve arrived.
—Walter Hurt.

No Privileges for Passholders.

President Cassatt of the Pennsylvania railroad, who led the way for abolition of the pass system, is paying his own fare when he rides. His son, Robert Kelso Cassatt, it is reported, is also setting the riding public a good example. An innovation of kindred cost has been introduced on the Reading road, where paying passengers must be provided with seats, even those traveling on passes should have to stand. Besides, passholders must show their passes every ride, no matter how well they may be known to conductors.

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Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn, as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:--$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Feb. 3, 1906.

CONTRIBUTED.

Ives [of the St. Hilaire Spectator] is not for Jacobson for governor because he knows that there would be no boodle in it for him to support a man like Jacobson. Who is he for? Ask Marcus Johnson. He is the man that usually has the price to bring Harry in line.—News.

We find the foregoing from the Thief River Falls News. It would not be hard for anyone to guess who the author is. Fortunately small communities like this contain but few cowardly sneaks who would write anything of this kind without signing his name. It says we are not for Jacobson for governor. Correct. We are not, and for the following reasons:

In the first place we do not think Jacobson is the man who can unite the warring elements of the republican party.

Second. We do not think he has the ability to successfully take the stump against Governor Johnson.

Third: His drainage records show that he is not in sympathy with the movement to improve the northern part of the state.

Fourth. His present supporters are the men who bolted Dunn and supported Johnson and the opinion is growing that they have picked out Jacobson as a man who could be easily beaten.

Anoka Union: Talk as you please, the man in this country with millions must show that he has accumulated them decently and honestly, or he will be despised of men. The day has passed when wealth dishonestly obtained, receives homage and tribute. There is going to be a higher plane than mere wealth in the days to come. The almighty dollar is not today, nor will it be in the future, worshipped as it has been. There seems to be something in the very air, calling for honor, uprightness and respectability in men. Without these he will be an outcast. It is glorious that the standard has been fixed.

Vice-president Rogers, of the Standard Oil company, defied the courts and refused to answer questions, and now the New York court upholds him. It is this kind of work that is making men socialists.

The new automobile record made in Florida last week was two miles in 58 1-5 seconds, or over two miles a minute.

Early Jewish Settlers of Newport.

The first Jewish sermon which was preached in America and has been published was delivered in the Newport synagogue on May 28, 1773, by Rabbi Hayyim Isaac Carregal. This was delivered in Spanish and was translated into English. Carregal was a most interesting personality. He appears to have come from Palestine and was on terms of intimacy with Ezra Stiles, the president of Yale college. The first Jewish club in America was formed in 1761 at Newport, with a membership limited to nine persons. Just before the outbreak of the Revolutionary war the Jewish population of Newport must have numbered nearly 1,000 souls. The war dispersed the community, and it never regained its importance. The Jews, for the most part, espoused the colonial cause and lost the greater part of their property when the town was captured by the British. A few returned to the city after the war, and in 1790 the congregation presented an address to Washington on the occasion of his visit to the city. Abraham Touro bequeathed a fund to the city of Newport to maintain the synagogue as well as the cemetery. This fund is still in existence, though no representatives of the original families now live in the city.—Jewish Encyclopedia.

New York's Fishermen.

Every day through the spring and summer and autumn and almost every day in winter a boat leaves one of the East river piers bound for the deep sea fishing banks, says Bertha H. Smith in Four Track News. Every passenger on board is of that true democracy, the democracy of the rod and reel. Not death itself is more of a common leveler than the fishing rod, and who crosses the gangplank of this fishing steamboat leaves class distinction behind. The professional man fleeing business for a day, the clerk with a holiday on his hands, the mechanic thrown into idleness by a strike, the invalid who finds the city irksome and longs for a sniff of the sea, old men, young boys and all ages and stages of mankind between may be seen in the stream of people that dribbles along the pier while the sun is yet dodging behind the Brooklyn housetops. The man who would go deep sea fishing must be up betimes, for it is a good three hours' run to the fishing banks.

THE FIRST SILO

Put up in Red Lake County
by Peter Engelstad.

SOME time ago the editor asked me to write an article for THE SPECTATOR relating my experience of raising corn fodder and filling the silo. As this is something entirely new in this section of the country, it would probably interest a good many to know something about how I came out.

Putting the whole story in a nutshell, the raising of the corn fodder and the filling of the silo was a success from start to finish. Now for the details. In the latter part of May I put in the corn with a common shoe drill, rows 30 inches apart, (this is too narrow,) 15 acres in all, using the Giant Fodder corn. In spite of the unfavorable season we had in 1905, I raised a good crop. On account of the frequent rains during the summer, I could not do any cultivating that in any way amounted to what it ought to, but nevertheless a large part of the corn attained a height of 10 and 11 feet. In the middle of September I commenced cutting the corn; some of it had to be cut by hand as ground in many places was too soft for the binder. For power to run the cutter I hired a threshing engine and both binder and cutter did splendid work. For the reason of being short of teams and quite a distance to haul, it took about three days to fill the silo the first time. It could have been done easily in two days if I had had teams enough for hauling. The machine which is of a large capacity, costing nearly $200, cut and blew the fodder to the top of the silo as fast as two men could handle bundles from the load to the feed table. The machine is of the most modern type equipped with self-feed table and blower pipes for a 36-foot silo. My silo is 16 feet in diameter and 26 feet high. Having filled it to the rim the first time I let it settle a week and re-filled it.

It took about 10 acres of my heaviest corn to fill the silo, but then imagine what an enormous amount of fodder stored safely away in a comparatively small room, not affected either by rainstorm or snowstorm and ready at all times to feed. I commenced feeding the silage in the middle of November and have been feeding it twice a day ever since. After having fed it for some time it was a noticeable increase in the milk flow as well as in the cattle laying on flesh. All the stock down to the small calf like it so well that it is a pleasure to feed it, because I know that I am feeding something which gives some return.

The silo is no longer an experiment. It is spoken of in the highest terms from institute platforms and its merits discussed and held forth in every agricultural paper you can get hold of, so I am only another one who will add a testimonial in its favor. I firmly believe that dairying can not successfully be carried on without one. The corn as a fodder can easily compete with any kind of roughage in cheapness. It is without any question the cheapest roughage that can be procured; even in this country where land is cheap and grass has been plentiful. Of course, it is quite an expense for one who is interested in it, but in a community where two, three or four farmers could co-operate about machinery it would lessen expenses considerably. The silo, binder, cutter and a two-horse riding cultivator cost me $500, but I am satisfied money is well invested.

Another important point which freely has been mentioned by institute speakers is the fear of freezing in the silo in this norhern latitude. To prevent this to a certain extent at least, I put a straw coat on my silo, that is, I put up poles long enough to reach to the edge of the silage just close enough to hold straw, put a couple hoops of wire or twine near top of poles and then tramped straw between poles and silo about a foot on an average. This is a cheap remedy, but think it is effective. Probably a foot of straw in a severe cold would not be enough, but then, put on more. Of course, this has been an exceptionally mild winter, but still cold enough sometimes to cause freezing, if it had not been for this prevention. So far it has not been any frost in mine.

In conclusion, would say that inasmuch as this experiment of mine in general was a success, I made some blunders and mistakes now and then which I will correct next year. Those small mistakes which I made need not be done by others who contemplate building a silo, as I would cheerfully give all the information I can along this line, being convinced whoever goes into this never will regret that he did so.

P. ENGELSTAD.

Costly Scissors.

Editors and tailors are not the only persons who are made happy on occasions by the present of a pair of scissors. A gift of this kind was made to the Emperor William of Germany recently and if he was not made happy by it, there is no intimation to the contrary. The fact that this particular pair cost $500 and that it took five years to execute the work on it, might have made some difference. But, we know, however, that any one will appreciate a case of golden grain belt beer. It insures good health and happiness. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

A friend of the home—
A foe of the Trust

Calumet Baking Powder

Complies with the Pure Food Laws of all States.

Rudimentary Hind Limbs.

Snakes are not the only animals which exhibit the possession of rudimentary hind limbs. In the whale tribe there is no evidence externally of hind limbs. The fore limbs in them are converted into the "flippers," or swimming paddles. Yet when the skeleton is examined traces of a haunch and attached rudimentary thigh bones are found. There is developed in certain kinds of whales a bony piece representing the haunch. The thigh bone is distinct, but there is a mere rudiment attached to it, representing the shin bone or tibia of other animals.

Ancient Remedies For Hiccoughs.

The hiccough seems to be a modern and dangerous disease, but the ancients knew it and prescribed remedies that might now be tried advantageously. Galen recommended sneezing; Aetius approved of a cupping instrument with great heat to the breast; Alexander believed in an oxymel of squills; Alsaharavius made use of refrigerant drafts; Rhases put his trust in calefacients, such as cumin, pepper, rue and the like, in vinegar; Rogerius looked kindly on calefacient, attenuant and carminative medicines.

The "Giant" Bell.

Russia is famed for the manufacture of great bells. The "Giant," cast in Moscow in the sixteenth century, weighed nearly 320,000 pounds and required twenty-four men to ring it. In 1732 it fell, but its fragments were recast along with other metal into a bell which weighed 443,000 pounds, the metal of which alone is valued at $300,000.

Proof of Democracy.

"Ma, teacher was tellin' us that we should all be on a e-quality in our schoolroom. Nobody should feel any better'n anybody else."

"That's right, George."

"Say, ma, can I go to school today without washin' my face? None of the rest of 'em washes theirs."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Cut Artery.

A quick witted woman stopped the flow from a cut artery in the leg by putting the foot in three inches of flour in a large jar and packing flour to the top of the jar, beating the flour down with a piece of stove wood.

Consideration.

Jimson—Now, you wouldn't marry me, would you? Miss Sears—Most certainly not. But why do you ask such a question? Jimson—Just to decide a bet.

Carlson & Fellman
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.

CONFECTIONERY

FRUITS, CANDIES
--- CIGARS ---
and STATIONERY

Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

SEEDS, [illegible] COR[illegible] 23rd ANNUAL [illegible]

EARLIEST AND [illegible] of Everything on Earth. Every person who tills a foot of [illegible] needs it. Send for it now.
OSCAR H. WILL & CO.
BISMARCK, NORTH DAKO

A Striking Combination

The Pioneer Press
"Best Newspaper"
THE PARKER LUCKY CURVE
"Greatest Fountain Pen"

The same pen with world wide reputation advertised in leading magazines now given as a premium with the St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Nearly everybody is acquainted with the merits of the PARKER Fountain Pen. It is the best made and never sells at retail for less than $1.50. Take no chances. Send your subscription at once and if you are dissatisfied in any particular money will be refunded at the end of subscription period.

Parker's Lucky Curve Gold Fountain Pen given as follows:

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, six mos. and pen.......... **$2.35**

Daily Pioneer Press six months and pen.................. **$1.85**

THE PIONEER PRESS
St. Paul, Minn.

Find enclosed $________ for which you will send me The ________ Pioneer Press for six months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.

Name ________
Town ________
State ________
R. F. D. No. ________

ANNUAL REPORT

— OF THE —

St. Hilaire Creamery Association

For the year ending Dec. 31, 1905

RECEIPTS:		
Amount of cream received	462,033	lbs
Amount of butter fat	118,148.5	lbs
Average test	25.2	
Amount of butter made	134,653¼	lbs
Amount of butter sold in state	7,459	lbs
Amount of butter shipped out of state	126,513	lbs
Amount of butter sold to patrons	711¼	lbs
Gross receipts	$32,376 59	

DISBURSEMENTS:	
Paid Buttermaker's salary	$ 900 00
Paid for tubs, ice, salt and fuel	860 68
Incidental expenses	1,020 98
Sinking fund	785 02
Paid patrons in checks	24,431 14
Paid patrons in oil, butter, milk and salt	404 96
Paid freight and commission	3,812 88
Amounts brought forward	160 93
Total disbursements	$ 32,3?6 59

Financial Standing of Creamery

For the year ending December 31, 1905.

Cash on hand at beginning of year		$ 412 03
Received from sinking fund		804 15
Received for wood, tubs, ice and salt		704 81
For oil		20 60
For salt sold to patrons		163 80
For tubs and salt sold for cash		238 35
Total		$ 2,344 82
Total disbursements	$ 1,242 27	
Cash in sinking fund at the end of the year	1,102 55	
Total		$ 2,344 82

Present valuation of creamery, $3,000.00.
Number of shares, 91.
Value of each share, $45.00.

N. A. NELSON,
Secretary.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

RECEIPTS, 1905:		
In the treasury Jan. 29, 1905		$ 217 88
January,	sales	1,331 71
February	"	1,929 08
March	"	2,181 30
April	"	2,212 24
May	"	3,645 60
June	"	3,895 21
July	"	3,559 44
August	"	3,826 82
September	"	2,418 23
October	"	1,824 92
November	"	1,718 38
December	"	714 46
Reduction as freight and commissions in year 1905		3,812 88
Total receipts during 1905		$32,738 13

DISBURSEMENTS, 1905:	
January	$ 1,222 77
February	1,469 57
March	2,174 47
April	2,025 58
May	2,333 87
June	3,813 88
July	3,801 77
August	3,342 61
September	2,770 61
October	2,122 38
November	1,374 62
December	1,186 45
Paid for freight and commission during the year	3,812 88
Balance in treasury at end of year	1,286 54
Total disbursements in 1905	$32,738 13

CHAS. GUSTAFSON,
Treasurer.

Order for Hearing Application for Appointment of Administrator.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court.
Special term, January 16, 1906.

In the matter of the estate of Bernhard Thelander, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Christine Thelander, of the county of Red Lake, representing, among other things, that Bernhard Thelander, late of the county of Red Lake, in the state of Minnesota, on the 30th day of December, A. D. 1905, at the county of Red Lake, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the wife of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to K. O. Gigstad granted:

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before said court, on Monday the 12th day of February, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county.

Ordered further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., the 16th day of January, A. D. 1906.

{Probate Court Seal} By the Court,
N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

(120-4t-f10)

Order for Hearing Application for Appointment of Administrator.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court.
Special term, January 11, 1906.

In the matter of the estate of John Julin, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Charley Julin, of the county of Red Lake, representing among other things, that John Julin, late of the county of Red Lake, in the state of Minnesota, on the 18th day of March, A.D. 1903, at the county of Red Lake, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a son of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to K. O. Gigstad granted:

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before said court, on Monday the 5th day of February, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county.

Ordered further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire, in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., the 11th day of January, A. D. 1906.

{Probate Court Seal} By the Court,
N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

(118-4-f3)

A 1st Prize Winner

Mr. C. H. Martz has decided to offer to the farmers of this vicinity for a limited time the services of "ELMS JIM," Register No. 99,001, a full-blooded Poland China Boar.

This is probably the Finest Bred Hog in Red Lake County.

For particulars inquire of

C. H. Martz, Riverside Farm.

CROOKSTON
LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Button's Business College and Shorthand Institute

Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

OFFERS to take you through a complete course in Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Tywewriting and let you pay for your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after situation is secured for you. It practically costs you nothing because we get you a position where you earn at least $10.00 per month more than you ever earned before. We want 500 students to enter this college during the next three months and make the above unparalleled offer to get them. The courses are: : : : : : : : : :

Normal, Shorthand AND Typewriting,
Music, Commercial,
Preparatory, :::: Telegraphy.

THIS is the only College in the United States that guarantees a good paying position to every graduate. If we don't get you a satisfactory situation you need never pay us one cent : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :

J. A. Button, Principal

Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, - - - - - MINNESOTA

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nugg
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vig
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, I Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Head and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
"The Comfortable Way"

EAST OR WEST
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GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

All Principal Points Quickly, Comfortably, Easily Reached.

For detailed information, rates, etc., call on H. M. SWENSON, Agent,
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

S.S. "Minnesota" sails from Seattle for the Orient Feb. 1, 1906.
S.S. "Dakota" sails from Seattle for the Orient, March 12, 1906.

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

TIME TABLE
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar. Red Lake Falls. Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar....St. Hilaire....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar. Thief River Falls. Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Joel G. Winkjer was doing business here last Thursday.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Timothy, clover and wild hay for sale. See P. O. Hagglund.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

The lumber company have started a crew of men at repairing the saw mill.

The planing mill was idle a couple of days this week on account of a lack of cars.

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

Walter McAndress, of Highlanding, was here last Thursday greeting old friends.

Bert Bivenss, the Crookston life insurance man, was here on business last Wednesday.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on February 3 and 4.

Attorney William Michelet and A. C. Kremes, of Thief River Falls, were visitors here last Sunday.

The weather has not been up to standard lately and we have been having some rather cold snaps.

G. O. Hanson returned yesterday from Fertile where he had been to attend his brother's wedding.

Wm. Williams came up from Fargo yesterday and will join the crew now at work repairing the saw mill.

Bert Mitchell and wife who were visiting friends here, returned to their home at Crookston last Saturday.

John Vold, a former resident here but now from western North Dakota, is here this week visiting friends,

Samuel Skramstad and family, of Thief River Falls, were here the first of the week visiting with Mrs. M. E. Bjerk.

H. A. Nichols, the Crookston Lumber company's grader, is here this week looking over the stock for the best grades.

We are in receipt of the Sarles (N.D.) Advocate, which contains an advertisement for the "Opera House Cafe, A. F. Lang, manager."

M. E. Bjerk went down to Red Lake Falls on Monday evening to look up some tax matters and did not get back until Wednesday.

Prof. Donahue gave an exhibition here Wednesday afternoon at the billiard hall. He does some clever work with heavy dumbells.

John Larson came in from his reservation home the first of the week. He reports that they are having lively times out there this winter.

Ed. Thompson left last Monday for Beaudette, near which town he has a claim. He expects to spend the balance of the winter in that vicinity.

K. O. Gigstad and A. M. Edstrom went down to Red Lake Falls on Monday and the delayed train gave them plenty of time to do their work.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.

Julius Pleth,
tf Plummer, Minn.

Misses Jennie Clark, Mamie Clark and Mabel Cook, who have been visiting relatives here for the past month, left last Saturday for their homes at St. Paul.

There will be services and communion and reception of members at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock. All are welcome. Alex Sand, Pastor.

Methusala was all right, you bet
For a good old soul was he,
They say he would be living yet,
Had he taken Rocky Mountain Tea.
Imperial Drug Co.

Miss Eva Johnson and Miss Alice Hall entertained the Twelve O'clock Club at the Johnson residence last Thursday evening, Miss Selina Hoff winning the prize for the highest score.

For the first time in several years the Great Northern passenger failed to appear last Tuesday. The freight and passenger together with the Duluth passenger spent the day near Benoit in a snowdrift, and by the time they got out there was a bad wreck on the Northern Pacific this side of Tilden, so the train went back to Crookston.

We wish to thank those who have responded so promptly the past week and paid their subscription bills, and there are quite a number yet remaining whom we would like to extend thanks in a similar way.

Manager E. R. Evans returned on Wednesday from a short visit to his old home in Wisconsin. He was unfortunate enough to try and come home on Tuesday and spent the day on the stalled train near Benoit.

Yesterday was Candlemas day and if Mr. Ground Hog came out he not only saw his shadow but froze his toes. The sun shone bright and clear all day long, so according to the old superstition, we are to have six weeks more of cold weather and the winter is only half over.

The marriage of Mr. Alfred J. Larson and Mrs. Mina Dahl was solemnized by Rev. Alex Sand at the home of the bride in St. Hilaire in the presence of a few invited guests last Thursday evening. Mr. Larson has a farm in Sanders township but has been working at the sawmill and for the present they will in St. Hilaire.

Good looks bring happiness. Friends care more for us when we meet them with a clean, smiling face, bright eyes, sparkling with health, which comes by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

As we close the forms on Friday evening so as to get The Spectator in the postoffice early Saturday morning, we are not able to give an account of the mask ball at the Imperial hall last evening. It gives promise of being one of the social events of the season and we will tell you all about it next week.

A grand new game has cropped out. It is called "Tickle the Editor," and is as follows: Take a sheet of ordinary writing paper, fold it nicely, enclose a bank note sufficiently large enough to pay all arrearages and one year in advance and hand it to the editor. Keep your eye on him and if a smile adorns his face it works fine and dandy. Now is the time to play the joke—it beats ping pong, pit and flinch all hollow. It's not in it with this new game.

There is going to be trouble out on the reservation in Mayfield township, or we miss our guess. On last Sunday morning when I. Dahlen went out to the American House barn to hitch up his horse and return to his claim he found that Lew Bergh's goat had got busy and eaten up most of his harness. Had Bergh been in town there would have been a tragedy. Dahlen left for home on Monday looking fierce and breathing hard, and we have been "listening for trouble" ever since.

Emil J. Brink, who for a little more than a year has been the Cass Lake representative of the Minneapolis Brewing company, has tendered his resignation to that concern, to take effect on the first of February, and has accepted a position with the Ron Fernandez Cigar company, of Duluth, as traveling salesman. Mr. Brink will make his headquarters at Crookston. R. L. Ninneman has been appointed agent to take his place here. During his residence in Cass Lake Mr. Brink has made scores of friends, who all wish him unbounded success in his new line.—Cass Lake Voice.

Apples $1.75 a Box.

We have just received a consignment of first class western apples which we will sell as long as they last at $1.75 a box. Guaranteed strictly first class. Call and look them over.

Carlson & Fellman.

Appreciated.

Rejoicing that it hath entered the hearts of my fellow townsmen, and others, to substitute my name, in lieu of the one mentioned in the petition for organization of our township, I feel it my duty to thank each and every one who contributed in any measure in bringing about the change. Had it not occurred, would have taken an active part in the development of the town, but now pledge even greater fidelity and devotion.

A. C. Mayfield,
Plummer, Minn.

M. L. Hanson Married.

The following from the Fertile Journal will be interesting news for our readers:

"A pretty wedding took place last night (Wednesday) at the United church when Mr. Martin Hanson of St. Hilaire, and a brother of Banker Norman Hanson of this place, was united in the holy bonds of wedlock to Miss Josefa Skorstad, of the same place, Rev. Ofstedal tying the nuptial knot. Misses Augusta Olson and Effie Hanson acted as bridesmaids and Elmer Hanson and Sven Granley as best men.

The Spectator wishes to join with their many friends in wishing the happy couple all kinds of good luck and an abundant prosperity. The newly wedded couple will go to housekeeping in about a month.

A Hold-up.

Peter Lindblom, the well known Bray farmer, reported on last Tuesday morning that he had been held up by two men about midnight on Monday in front of the drug store and robbed of a pocketbook containing between five and six dollars. Mr. Lindblom reports that the men came up from behind, one holding his arms and the other one going through his pockets. He did not recognize either of the men. No violence was offered.

While a good many seem to consider it a good joke, it was a very poor one and the matter should be thoroughly investigated. Holding a man up and robbing him is a serious offense and if we have men in this village capable of doing such work the town should be made too hot for them.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Hilaire Creamery association was held at the village hall last Monday. A large number of the stockholders were in attendance and the meeting was very harmonious and enthusiastic. The reports of the secretary and treasurer, which are printed in this issue, show that the company have had the most prosperous year since it was organized. Not only have they paid much higher prices for butter fat than any creamery in northern Minnesota, but they also have a good sized sinking fund and are making extensive improvements without assessing the stockholders for a cent. All of the officers were re-elected with the exception of Nels K. Anderson, who withdrew in favor of Peter Engelstad as director. The following are the officers and directors:

President—Ed. A. Aubol.
Vice-president—J. S. Roy.
Treasurer—Charles Gustafson.
Secretary—N. A. Nelson.
Directors—O. L. Larson, Anton E. Anderson and Peter Engelstad.

The officers have the entire confidence of the stockholders and they intend to make the coming year a banner one in the history of the company. With the new machinery and increased capacity they expect a much better showing for the coming year.

Route of the Soo.

Julius Pleth, of Plummer, the first of the week wrote to General Manager Pennington, of the Soo line, asking for information as to what course the Soo line would take in its route from Duluth west and offered to give any quarter section of land in the town of Equality free for a townsite if the company would furnish him with the information, says the Thief River Falls News. Mr. Pennington replied that the road would not be built through Equality or through the country between the Clearwater and Red Lake rivers. This much had been settled upon. The company had not yet decided whether the road would be built to Thief River Falls, Mahnomen or Detroit, but that it would be run from Duluth to one of these towns. It would therefore appear that if the road was built to Thief River Falls it would cross the narrows of the Red Lake and run into this city through the country north of the Red Lake river. And then again railroads sometimes do just what they say they are not going to do. It is a very safe thing to say that the route will not be known until the survey is completed.

Mayfield Township.

The schoolhouse fight is on!
As the school meeting draws nearer
Our rights become dearer;
We are in for center, which is just
and right;
If we fail this time, will continue the
fight,
Not with pistols and knives, as
some have said 'twould be,
But with Minnesota laws, which are
good enough for me.

* * *

Sheriff Linnihan was out on the reservation Monday, and met with two accidents while staying all night at the Mayfield ranch. First, the host talked one arm off him; then in the morning while preparing to depart, one horse started to leave for home and ran into the barb wire fence, receiving two bad cuts on both front legs. But being determined to do his duty, the last we saw of him—

He was gliding o'er the snow
With one harness in the sleigh,
On the right side of the pole
Was one lone gray.

Marking the Papers.

Three days of examinations held by county superintendents of schools throughout the state of candidates for teachers' certificates were concluded Saturday. J. W. Olsen, superintendent of public instruction, estimates that some 3,000 candidates took the examination, writing some 30,000 papers. These papers will be at once sent to the state superintendent. Superintendent Olsen has employed fifty teachers for the work of examining these papers. This work will occupy two week and the examiners will be paid 50 cents per hour, and none allowed to work over seven hours a day.

Tindolph a Barkis.

A Washington dispatch to the twin city papers says: Wiley Tindolph, of Thief River Falls, is a candidate for the office of the U. S. Indian agent at Leech Lake. It is understood that his application for the appointment will soon be submitted to Senators Nelson and Clapp. Up to date the senators have not been officially notified that there is a vacancy at Leech Lake, although Maj. Scott retired several days ago. Assemblyman Rider, of Little Falls, who was indorsed by Representative Buckman, is also a candidate for the Leech Lake agency.

Notice to Creamery Patrons.

The St. Hilaire Creamery association has a limited number of shares for sale at twenty-five dollars each. Patrons having no shares should leave their orders at once with the secretary or any member of the board.

This is likely to be the last chance to get a share. As soon as the limit of the capital stock is reached the sales will be closed.

N. A. Nelson,
Secretary.

Have you been betrayed by promises of quacks, swallowed pills and bottled medicine without results except a damaged stomach. To those we offer Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

McMURRAY'S
VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

FARMERS ORGANIZE

The Farmers Yesterday Unanimously Decide to Build Flour Mill and Elevator.

CAPITAL STOCK OF $25,000.00

A Large Crowd Much Interested in the Proceedings.

About one hundred farmers responded to the call and met in the village hall yesterday and after a thorough discussion unanimously voted to organize a company to build a flour mill and elevator. The name of the corporation will be the "Farmers' Flour Mill and Elevator company of St. Hilaire, Minn." and the capital stock of the company was put at $25,000, with a limit of indebtedness of $10,000. Each stockholder will have only one vote even if he does have more than one share.

The officers were instructed to commence operations when $10,000 had been subscribed. An assessment was made to meet current expenses and the directors empowered to employ canvassers to thoroughly canvass the country. The following officers were elected:

President—C. H. Martz.
Vice-Pres.—Nels K. Anderson.
Treasurer—Ed. A. Aubol.
Secretary—Peter Engelstad.
Directors—M. McAndress, A. A. Odegaard and August Erickson.

Merrily Yours, Rachel Lewis.

Negotiations are under way for the appearance of the clever actress, Rachel Lewis, supported by the eminent actor, Charles O'Neil, next week at Imperial hall, St. Hilaire—probably Feb. 8 or 9. This is a guaranteed attraction. The management of the company will cheerfully refund the price of admission—25c, 35c and 50c—if you are not highly pleased with the performance. A double comedy bill, with specialties between acts. This from an exchange:

Many present saw Julia Marlow years ago play the part of Parthenia, and last night Miss Rachel Lewis, in the same role, lost nothing by comparison. In fact, many considered her superior. Miss Lewis who, by the way, is a Canadian and a product of Toronto, is a bright, vivacious ingenue, whose sincerity and artlessness are most refreshing. When she voluntarily gives herself as a hostage that her father might be ransomed from the barbarians and, by her genuineness, fidelity and simplicity, coupled with independence of spirit and a self-assertiveness that would not down even in the native haunts of her captors, she conquers the wild barbarian and drags him from his mountain home, from being leader of his people, from the associations and customs of a lifetime, makes him forget his God for her God, and leads him, captive, to Massilia, all by the silent cord of human love. In every phase which Parthenia undergoes Miss Lewis was the accomplished personator, the loving daughter, the natural teacher of a pure love, and she tames the uncouth Ingomar without any effort, free from wiles and coquetry, but by simply being herself, the artless, genuine, loving maid of Massilia. We predict for Miss Lewis a high rung in the histrionic ladder.—St. Thomas, (Ont.) Journal.

Wanted Cheap Stamps.

The following from the Thief River Falls News may be only a pipe dream but still it's a good story:

A well known traveling man relates an incident which came under his personal observation at St. Hilaire the other day that shows how firm a hold the large mail order houses of the large cities have on some people in the country.

The traveling man happened to be in the St. Hilaire postoffice when a farmer entered and wanted to buy some stamps. He asked that a reduction in price on the stamps be made, but the postmaster, of course, refused. The farmer declared that Sears, Roebuck & Co., of Chicago, sold postage stamps cheaper than the postoffices did, and the farmer wanted to know why it was that they could do so.

The postmaster was not disposed to argue the matter with the farmer who went away protesting that the Chicago firm would and did sell stamps for less money than they could be bought at St. Hilaire.

The traveling man and the postmaster held a consultation, but neither of them had ever heard that the supply houses included postage stamps among their so-called bargains, and they were forced to the conclusion that the farmer must have been mistaken.

However, the incident simply goes to show that many people have gone "daffy" over the supply houses, and that by dealing with them instead of their home merchants they are going to get something for nothing.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on March 14th, 1906, viz: Fredrik Christiansen, H. E. No. 21881, for the Lot 1, Sec. 6, T. 152 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

A. A. Odegaard, of St. Hilaire, Minn.
Ole Helgeson, "
James Braaten, "
Ole Braaten, "

R. J. Montague,
Register.

f3m10

... Go to ...
Rapp & Post
... for your ...
Winter Wear

FIRE INSURANCE
is a
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class
FOR RATES CALL ON
HARRY E. IVES.

CLEARANCE SALE
OF ALL WARM GOODS
25 Per Cent Reduction
on all LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S.........
CLOAKS,
JACKETS
and FURS
E. M. HOFF

2nd STORE
(Second Hand Store.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
C. A. SKEIE.
St. Hilaire, Minnesota

For refreshments call at Number 488

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

A FREE PATTERN
(your own selection) to every subscriber. Only 50 cents a year.
McCALL'S MAGAZINE 50¢ A YEAR
A LADIES' MAGAZINE.
A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe to-day, or, send 5c. for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.
Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.
McCALL BAZAR PATTERNS 10¢ AND 15¢
All Seams Allowed and Perforations show the Basting and Sewing Lines.
Only 10 and 15 cents each—none higher. Ask for them. Sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail from
THE McCALL CO.,
113-115-117 West 31st St., NEW YORK.

WINCHESTER

FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

A DESPAIRING WOMAN.

Weak, Nervous and Wretched From Wasting Kidney Troubles.

Mrs. Henry A. Reamer, Main and Garst Sts., South Bend, Ind., says: "When I began using Doan's Kidney Pills I was so weak I could hardly drag myself across the room. I was wretched and nervous, and had backache, bearing-down pain, headache, dizziness and weak eyes. Dropsy set in and bloating of the chest choked me and threatened the heart. I had little hope, but to my untold surprise Doan's Kidney Pills brought me relief and saved my life. I shall never forget it."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

This Changing World.

"But I want you to meet Miss Pertie; you'll love her at sight."

"I met her last week. I don't like brunettes."

"Well, come and meet her again. She's a blonde this week."—Houston Post.

Whose Say-so is Best?

With nearly all medicines put up for sale through druggists, one has to take the maker's say-so alone as to their curative value. Of course, such testimony is not that of a disinterested party and accordingly is not to be given the same credit as if written from disinterested motives. Dr. Pierce's medicines, however, form a single and therefore striking exception to this rule. Their claims to the confidence of invalids does not rest solely upon their makers' say-so or praise. Their ingredients are matters of public knowledge, being printed on each separate bottle wrapper. Thus invalid sufferers are taken into Dr. Pierce's full confidence. Scores of leading medical men have written enough to fill volumes in praise of the curative value of the several ingredients entering into these well-known medicines.

Amongst these writers we find such medical lights as Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennet Medical College, Chicago; Prof. Hale, of the same city; Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., late of Cincinnati, Ohio; Prof. John King, M. D., late of Cincinnati, Ohio; Dr. Grover Coe, of New York; Dr. Bartholow, of Jefferson Medical College, of Pa., and scores of others equally eminent.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures the worst cases of female weakness, prolapsus, anteversion and retroversion and corrects irregularities, cures painful periods, dries up disagreeable and weakening drains, sometimes known as pelvic catarrh and a multitude of other diseases peculiar to women. Bear in mind, it is not a patent nor even a secret medicine, but the "Favorite Prescription" of a regularly educated physician, of large experience in the cure of woman's peculiar ailments, who frankly and confidingly takes his patients into his full confidence by telling them just what his "Prescription" is composed of. Of no other medicine put up for woman's special maladies and sold through druggists can it be said that the maker is not afraid to deal thus frankly, openly and honorably, by letting every patient using the same know exactly what she is taking.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, *free*. All correspondence is guarded as sacredly secret and womanly confidences are protected by professional privacy. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

How to preserve health and beauty is told in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. It is *free*. For a paper-covered copy send Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 21 one-cent stamps to cover mailing *only;* in cloth binding 31 stamps.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure constipation.

Sore on the Senate.

"Pa, what is legislation?"

"Legislation, son, is something talked of in speeches and platforms, discussed in assemblies, and generally sidetracked by the senate."—Indianapolis Star.

YOU HAVE NO RIGHT TO SUFFER

From Constipation, Bowel and Stomach Trouble.

Q. What is the beginning of sickness?

A. Constipation.

Q. What is Constipation?

A. Failure of the bowels to carry off the waste matter which lies in the alimentary canal where it decays and poisons the entire system. Eventually the results are death under the name of some other disease. Note the deaths from typhoid fever and appendicitis, stomach and bowel trouble at the present time.

Q. What causes Constipation?

A. Neglect to respond to the call of nature promptly. Lack of exercise. Excessive brain work. Mental emotion and improper diet.

Q. What are the results of neglected Constipation?

A. Constipation causes more suffering than any other disease. It causes rheumatism, colds, fevers, stomach, bowel, kidney, lung and heart troubles, etc. It is the one disease that starts all others. Indigestion, dyspepsia, diarrhoea, loss of sleep and strength are its symptoms—piles, appendicitis and fistula, are caused by Constipation. Its consequences are known to all physicians, but few sufferers realize their condition until it is too late. Women become confirmed invalids as a result of Constipation.

Q. Do physicians recognize this?

A. Yes. The first question your doctor asks you is "are you constipated?" That is the secret.

Q. Can it be cured?

A. Yes, with proper treatment. The common error is to resort to physics, such as pills, salts, mineral water, castor oil, injections, etc., every one of which is injurious. They weaken and increase the malady. You know this by your own experience.

Q. What then should be done to cure it?

A. Get a bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic at once. Mull's Grape Tonic will positively cure Constipation and Stomach Trouble in the shortest space of time. No other remedy has before been known to cure Constipation positively and permanently.

Q. What is Mull's Grape Tonic?

A. It is a Compound with 40 per cent. of the juice of Concord Grapes. It exerts a peculiar strengthening, healing influence upon the intestines, so that they can do their work unaided. The process is gradual, but sure. It is not a physic, but it cures Constipation, Dysentery, Stomach and Bowel Trouble. Having a rich, fruity grape flavor, it is pleasant to take. As a tonic it is unequalled, insuring the system against disease. It strengthens and builds up waste tissue.

Q. Where can Mull's Grape Tonic be had?

A. Your druggist sells it. The dollar bottle contains nearly three times the 50-cent size.

Good for ailing children and nursing mothers.

A free bottle to all who have never used it because we know it will cure you.

140 FREE BOTTLE 236

FREE. Send this coupon with your name and address, your druggist's name and 10c. to pay postage and we will supply you a sample free, if you have never used Mull's Grape Tonic, and will also send you a certificate good for $1.00 toward the purchase of more Tonic from your druggist.

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

Give Full Address and Write Plainly.

35 cent, 50 cent and $1.00 bottles at all druggists. The $1.00 bottle contains about six times as much as the 35 cent bottle and about three times as much as the 50 cent bottle. There is a great saving in buying the $1.00 size.

The genuine has a date and number stamped on the label—take no other from your druggist.

Town Weariness

I am weary of the noisy streets,
 The turmoil of the city's life,
I long for purer, fresher sweets
 Than those I find amid this strife;
I long for some clear taste of bliss,
Brought from another life than this,
Some draft that quenches the soul's thirst
From rivers unaccursed.

My spirit yearns for briery lanes
 The shadowed halls of leafy woods,
For meadows where no human strains
 Disturb the breezes' interludes;
For life that moves in natural rhyme,
And not in artificial time,
For thoughts less feverish and small,
And love to lighten all.
—Maurice Baldwin in the Metropolitan Magazine.

The PLIGHTED TROTH

BY NELLIE CRAVEY GILMORE

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Where the road bent, Netta selected a tempting tuft of grass and seated herself upon it, depositing her numerous small packages on the plat of green beside her. The great sun hat, scarlet with poppies, she had been wearing all day, fell back at a toss of her head and she clasped both hands over one knee.

For a long time she sat silent, meditative, weary with the day's shopping, yet happy as the smiles that crossed and recrossed and sometimes lingered about her fresh young face.

Dusk shadows presently began to choke away the pretty pink haze and paint a sober coat over the brilliant September foliage. The musical tinkle of cowbells and the calves' answering bleat mingled faintly in the distance and reminded Netta that it was getting late. With a little half-sigh of regret she started to her feet, then slipped back again swiftly, as the familiar clatter of a horse's hoofs sounded less than fifty feet away.

Flashes of scarlet quivered in her cheeks as Ericson rounded the bend and drew rein.

"Alone?" he asked, dismounting.

She nodded and set to work collecting her packages with sudden unconcern.

"It isn't safe for young ladies to be abroad at this hour," remarked he, somewhat gravely.

"Oh, but I'm different," answered Netta, with a defiant toss of her head.

Ericson did not speak at once. Her words, insignificant enough in their own import, had struck a queer chord within him that caused him to draw a quick breath and shut his teeth hard to keep back the thoughts that fought for utterance.

"I know that you are—very different," he said, after a while.

The girl looked up with a swift question in her eyes, surprised out of her usual reserve by the odd note in his voice.

He stood staring down at her for a moment, his hands deep in his trousers' pockets, then he dropped abruptly to the grass beside her, and commenced in a mechanical little fashion to toy with the long, slender blades.

"There's something I want to tell you—must tell you," he said, somewhat unsteadily, his eyes fastened to the blur of tree tops in the distance.

Netta caught her breath quickly and her lashes flickered. For the moment a sort of panic possessed her to jump up and run as fast as she could, but the reaction of a deeper joy than any she had yet known, held her motionless.

"Well?" she queried, smiling, her voice low to hide its trembling.

"I think I ought to tell you," he replied soberly, "that I am going to be married—soon."

For a full minute the girl did not take her eyes from his face; the smile that a little while ago had leaped to her lips, froze to sudden bitterness.

"Why do you think that you ought to tell me—this?" she faltered, with a terrible effort at control.

"I owe it to you, I think," he responded slowly, "because of the friendship that has existed between us."

Netta did not speak. For a long time she sat staring in a dull way at the small, brown hands that had involuntarily clenched themselves in her lap. After a while she glanced up with dry, bright eyes, and held out her fingers. "Of course, I wish you all possible happiness," she said, "you know that. I'd better be going home now," she added, in a different tone, "It is almost dark."

Ericson assisted her to rise, and for a second afterward, stood looking down into her face as he had a hundred times before; through his eyes trembled something she dare not understand.

The instant passed, and then the world—the whole world outside those two—seemed to slip and vanish, and Netta lay sobbing in his arms.

"Oh, I'm different," answered Netta.

"I can never give you up," he cried, brokenly, "not if a thousand vows and promises stood between!"

The girl drew herself sharply from his embrace with a sudden accession of strength; his words had sobered her.

"Good-bye," she said, "you must keep your troth inviolate; it—it's the only way, Jack." She turned abruptly and walked past him.

Ericson stood motionless for a moment; then he stooped dazedly and began to gather up the scattered bundles.

"You forgot these," he said, overtaking her. "Netta," he went on in an impassioned tone, "you must let me explain, "the—that other girl—I have never loved her! Our betrothal was all the fool work of a lot of people who cared more for their pet schemes than for other people's life happiness. I am going from you now because you wish it; because, perhaps, you are right in wishing it. I shall do my best to make her content, but—I shall never care for any other woman but you as long as I live."

* * * * *

Winter apples were swinging and shivering as they swung in a cutting east wind.

In the doorway of the old-fashioned white and green cottage, stood Netta. Before and all about her, the wealth of trees and shrubs stood bleak and stripped.

Two brilliant roses had slipped into the girl's cheeks, and the eyes above them looked deep and dark with a radiant happiness. Her hair, black and waving, tumbled picturesquely over a smooth, white forehead.

Coming toward her with outstretched arms.

Somewhere inside the room, a clock struck four, and Netta drew in her breath with a sudden heart-beat. Simultaneously, came the sound of swift-rushing wheels over the hard clay road beyond.

Netta closed the heavy door behind her and slipped softly out into the frozen air.

Ericson had left his carriage at the toll-gate and was coming toward her with outstretched hands.

"Jack!"

"Sweetheart!" he cried, his arms about her.

Presently he held her away from him to look into the wide, love-lit eyes. "I kept my troth, dear," he said, gently.

"I know."

"She died a year ago," he went on, a certain soberness coming into his voice, "and she was always happy, I am almost sure of that."

The girl's gaze compelled his for one anxious moment.

"She never knew? You are quite certain that she did not suspect anything?"

"Quite certain," he responded, earnestly. "She was a good little girl, and it was not hard to do the right thing by her, even though," he added with abrupt fervor, "the love of my life had been given to another—to you." His arms went round her again and Netta hid her blood-burned cheeks.

"That night," she said, presently, "when you went from me, I felt just as though one of us had died, and yet—" she paused, and a luminous light came to her eyes, "I should never have married you, Jack, if you had broken your promise to her to set yourself free."

"Nor could I have loved you half so well," he replied, in an unsteady tone, "had you allowed me to do so."

Robert's "Ge-warf."

Mr. George met an old friend of his whom he had not seen for years, not since they were boys together. He invited the gentleman to call the following evening and take dinner with him at home. When Mr. George returned home he told his wife about meeting the friend.

"I had no idea Don would make such a small man. Why, he's almost a dwarf."

Little three-year-old Robert took in the conversation, but said nothing. The next evening, when the friend came in with Mr. George, Robert ran to meet his father, exclaiming when he reached him: "Papa, is that the 'ge-warf' you were going to bring home to dinner?"—Los Angeles Times.

Raw Herring Brings Luck.

Frank A. Hurst of Baltimore, 60 years old, just as the clock struck the midnight hour of the last day of 1905 ate a raw herring, "for luck," as he says, and he asserts that he has performed this feat regularly for forty years and that good fortune has followed.

CHOICE ROSES BAIT FOR RATS.

Fragrance of the Flower Lures Animals to Their Doom.

The use of choice roses as rat bait is to be experimented upon by the biological bureau of the department of agriculture. The bureau has been informed of a number of cases where rodents that spurned tempting cheese and crackers, were easily enticed by a rose, and it is believed that the result of the experiments proposed by the bureau will be to show conclusively that these flowers surpass cheese, crackers, rinds of bacon and other baits that are commonly used to entice the rats into traps.

The use of choice flowers as bait for rats will, no doubt, be looked upon as unworthy and degrading by the horticulturists and others interested in plant industry, but when the great value and importance of roses used in this manner is demonstrated it is believed they will take another view of the case.

It is explained that it is not so much the taste of roses that attracts the rat as it is their fragrance, and for this reason roses are expected to be the popular bait for the future.

Cases have been known where rodents, attracted by the sweet perfume of a rose in a house, have gnawed through doors to get at the flower. Rats have been known to become suspicious of traps with the familiar bait of cheese and bacon rinds and easily evade a trap for a long time. From experience it has been found that white roses, such as the dainty bride rose or the snowy Nephitos, have proved preferable in rat-catching.

PUT SQUIRE IN A BAD LIGHT.

Circumstantial Evidence in Raid on a Melon Patch.

About forty years ago "Squire" Worcester of Townsend, Mass., had a law office at Groton Junction, now Ayer, and went back and forth each day upon the train. One morning as he was on his way to the station he was accosted by a neighbor, Dea. Peckham, who wanted some advice about catching the "young rascals" who were stealing his melons. "Get some evidence," said the squire, "and I'll see you again."

The next morning the squire was again accosted by the deacon, who asked him to take a look at the melon patch. Now, the squire was afflicted with a lameness that compelled him to wear a boot having an iron half-circle on the sole, and judge of his astonishment to find the soft earth in the deacon's melon patch completely tracked over with imprints of that "iron boot."

"Well," said the squire, as he started for the station, "circumstantial evidence, purely circumstantial."

Perhaps the squire's son, "Joe," as he was then called (I think he is now a practicing lawyer), could have explained the matter if he had not been in fear that the same "circumstantial evidence" might interfere with his sitting down comfortably at supper time.—Boston Herald.

No One to Take Dog's Place.

A traveler was once passing on horseback through a backwoods region where the inhabitants were notoriously shiftless. Arriving at a dilapidated shanty at the noon hour, he inquired what were the prospects for getting dinner.

The head of the family, who had been absorbed in "resting" on a log in front of his dwelling, replied that he "guessed ma'd hev suthin onto the table putty soon."

Thus encouraged, the traveler dismounted. But to his chagrin, he found the food to be such that he could not force himself to partake of it. Making such excuses as he could for lack of appetite, he happily bethought himself of a kind of nourishment that he might venture to take there. He asked for some milk.

"We don't hev milk any more," drawled the head of the house. "The dog's dead—died week afore last."

"The dog!" cried the traveler. "But what has that got to do with it?"

"Well," explained the host meditatively, "the critters don't seem ter know 'nough ter c'm up ter be milked theirselves. The dog he used ter go 'n' fetch 'em up."—Youth's Companion.

The Little Black Sheep.

Por lil brack sheep, don strayed away,
 Don los in win an de rain;
And de Shepherd, He say, "O hirelin,
 Go, find my sheep again."
But the hirelin frown—"O Shepherd,
 Dat sheep am brack an' bad."
But de Shepherd, He smile like de lil
 brack sheep
 Wuz the onliest lamb he had.

An' he say, "O hirelin, hasten,
 For de win and de rain am col;
And dat lil brack sheep am lonesom,
 Out dar so far from de fol."
De hirelin frown, "O Shepherd,
 Dat sheep am ol' and gray."
But de Shepherd, He smile, like de lil
 brack sheep
 Wuz fair as de break ob day!

An' he say, "O hirelin, hasten,
 Lo, here am de ninety-an'-nine,
But dar, way off from de sheep-fol,
 Is dat lil brack sheep of Mine."
An' de hirelin frown, "O Shepherd,
 De res ob de sheep am here."
But de Shepherd, He smile, like de lil
 brack sheep
 He hold it de mostest dear!

An' de Shepherd go out in de darkness,
 Where de night was col and bleak;
An' dat lil brack sheed, He find it,
 An' lay it agains' His cheek,
An' de hirelin frown, "O Shepherd,
 Don bring dat sheep to me."
But de Shepherd He smile, and He hol
 it close,
 An'—dat lil brack sheep—wuz—me!
 —Unidentified.

Successful Performance.

"Did the show make a hit?" asks the eminent tragedian, who has been out with the scenic melodrama. "Did it make a hit? Why, Bill, there never was anything equal to it on earth before."

"Then why did it close?"

"Laundry trust."

"Laundry trust?"

"Yep. The women cried so much at the pathetic scenes that all they had to do was to iron their handkerchiefs after the show, and that hurt the laundry business so much that the trust used its influence to get the management to take it off."

Senator's Early Struggles.

Senator McLaurin of Mississippi had very limited opportunities for an early education, having been raised on a farm and attended the neighboring schools occasionally until 16 years old, when he joined the confederate army as a private.

FALL WHEAT RAISING IN ALBERTA.

The Spring Wheat Areas Are Rapidly Increasing.

It is only a few short years since the impression prevailed that a large portion of the Canadian West was unfitted for agriculture. To such an extent did this impression prevail that districts larger than European principalities were devoted solely to ranching purposes, and flocks and herds roamed the ranges. But the agriculturist was doing some hard thinking, and gradually experiments were made, slowly at first, but surely later on. As a result, to-day in Southern Alberta, which was looked upon as the "arid belt," large quantities of the finest winter wheat in the world are now grown, and so satisfied are the farmers and buyers that the industry has passed the experimental stage that elevators by the score have been erected in the past two years and others in course of erection, to satisfy the demands that will be made upon them in the near future.

Manitoba "No. 1 Hard" Spring wheat has achieved a world-wide reputation, and there can be no question that ere long "No. 1 Hard" winter wheat from Alberta will attain similar repute. The great market for this production will undoubtedly be the Orient, and, with increased railway facilities and the erection of additional elevators and flouring mills, a largely increased acreage will be broken to winter wheat. The increase of population in Southern Alberta in the past year has been largely due to settlers from the United States who have brought in capital and enterprise and who have been uniformly successful in their undertakings. A few more such years of growth and "Turkey Red" winter wheat will wave from Moose Jaw to the foothills. Information regarding lands in the Fall and Spring wheat belts may be obtained of any Canadian Government Agent.

In Kentucky.

There was a young governor, Beck-
 ham,
Who of Blackburn's hopes said "I will
 wreckham!"
 He did do it, too;
 For, though Blackburn knew
What his plans were, he just couldn't
 checkham.
 —Fort Worth Record.

DOCTOR CURED OF ECZEMA.

Maryland Physician Cures Himself—Dr. Fisher Says: "Cuticura Remedies Possess True Merit."

"My face was afflicted with eczema in the year 1897. I used the Cuticura Remedies and was entirely cured. I am a practicing physician, and very often prescribe Cuticura Resolvent and Cuticura Soap in cases of eczema, and they have cured where other formulas have failed. I am not in the habit of indorsing patent medicines, but when I find remedies possessing true merit, such as the Cuticura Remedies do, I am broad-minded enough to proclaim their virtues to the world. I have been practicing medicine for sixteen years, and must say I find your Remedies A No. 1. You are at liberty to publish this letter. G. M. Fisher, M. D., Big Pool, Md., May 24, 1905."

Some Punishment.

"Well, they've got that beef packer in the dock at last."

"I'd rather see him on the jury."

"I'd like to know why?"

"The jury is going to be locked up."

Tumors Conquered Without Operations

Unqualified Success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in Cases of Mrs. Fox and Miss Adams.

Fannie Fox

Miss Luella Adams

One of the greatest triumphs of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the conquering of woman's dread enemy, Tumor.

So-called "wandering pains" may come from its early stages, or the presence of danger may be made manifest by excessive monthly periods accompanied by unusual pain extending from the abdomen through the groin and thighs.

If you have mysterious pains, if there are indications of inflammation, ulceration or displacement, don't wait for time to confirm your fears and go through the horrors of a hospital operation; secure Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once and begin its use and write Mrs. Pinkham of Lynn, Mass., for advice.

Read these strong letters from grateful women who have been cured:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— (First Letter.)

"In looking over your book I see that your medicine cures Tumors. I have been to a doctor and he tells me I have a tumor. I will be more than grateful if you can help me, as I do so dread an operation."—Fannie D. Fox, Bradford, Pa.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— (Second Letter.)

"I take the liberty to congratulate you on the success I have had with your wonderful medicine.

"Eighteen months ago my periods stopped. Shortly after I felt so badly I submitted to a thorough examination by a physician, and was told that I had a tumor and would have to undergo an operation.

"I soon after read one of your advertisements and decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. After taking five bottles as directed, the tumor is entirely gone. I have again been examined by the physician and he says I have no signs of a tumor now. It has also brought my periods around once more; and I am entirely well. I shall never be without a bottle of Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in the house."—Fannie D. Fox, Bradford, Pa.

Another Case of Tumor Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"About three years ago I had intense pain in my stomach, with cramps and raging headaches. The doctor prescribed for me, but finding that I did not get any better he examined me and, to my surprise, declared I had a tumor.

"I felt sure that it meant my death warrant, and was very disheartened. I spent hundreds of dollars in doctoring, but the tumor kept growing, till the doctor said that nothing but an operation would save me. Fortunately I corresponded with my aunt in one of the New England States, who advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before submitting to an operation, and I at once started taking a regular treatment, finding to my great relief that my general health began to improve, and after three months I noticed that the tumor had reduced in size. I kept on taking the Compound, and in ten months it had entirely disappeared without an operation, and using no medicine but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and words fail to express how grateful I am for the good it has done me."—Miss Luella Adams, Colonnade Hotel, Seattle, Wash.

Such unquestionable testimony proves the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and should give confidence and hope to every sick woman.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all ailing women to write to her at Lynn, Mass., for advice.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; a Woman's Remedy for Women's Ills.

C.C.C.-C.C.C.-C.C.C.-C.C.C.

WANTED.

If you are willing to work we can give you a chance; you will not get rich, but you can earn a fair income (man or woman). Write with references to H. S. HOWLAND, 1 Madison Avenue, New York City.

C.C.C.-C.C.C.-C.C.C.-C.C.C.

Kindly Mention This Paper.

$16 AN ACRE

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

in Western Canada is the amount many farmers will realize from their wheat crop this year.

25 Bushels to the Acre Will be the Average Yield of Wheat.

The land that this was grown on cost many of the farmers absolutely nothing, while those who wished to add to the 160 acres the Government grants, can buy land adjoining at from $6 to $10 an acre.

Climate splendid, school convenient, railways close at hand, taxes low.

Send for pamphlet "20th Century Canada" and full particulars regarding rates, etc., to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the following authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

SYRUP OF FIGS

To sweeten,
To refresh,
To cleanse the system,
Effectually and Gently;

Dispels colds and headaches when bilious or constipated;
For men, women and children;

There is only one Genuine Syrup of Figs; to get its beneficial effects

Acts best on the kidneys and liver, stomach and bowels;

Always buy the genuine—Manufactured by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co.

Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.

The genuine Syrup of Figs is for sale by all first-class druggists. The full name of the company—California Fig Syrup Co.—is always printed on the front of every package. Price Fifty Cents per bottle.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Minneapolis WOODWARD & CO., GRAIN COMMISSION Duluth

ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS

FACIAL PARALYSIS

Nervous Distortion of Face Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

What appears to be a slight nervous attack may be the forerunner of a severe disorder. No nervous sufferer should neglect the warning symptoms, but should see that the starved nerves are nourished before the injury to the delicate organism has gone to an extent that renders a cure a difficult matter. The nerves receive their nourishment through the blood, the same as every other part of the body, and the best nerve tonic and food is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The experience of Mr. Harry Bemis, of Truthville, Washington county, N. Y., substantiates this.

"I had been feeling badly for a long time," said Mr. Bemis, "and in the early part of September, 1902, I was compelled to quit work on account of my ill health. My trouble was at first extreme nervousness, then my sight became affected and I consulted an oculist who said I was suffering from paralysis. He treated me for some time, but I got no benefit. I tried another doctor and again failed to obtain any relief. My nervousness increased. Slight noises would almost make me wild. My mouth was drawn so I could scarcely eat and one eye was affected so I could hardly see. I had very little use of my limbs, in fact I was almost a complete wreck.

"I am all right now and am at work. That is because I followed my wife's advice and took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She had used the same remedy herself with the most gratifying results and she persuaded me to try them when it appeared that the doctors were unable to help me. They acted very surely in my case; my face came back into shape and in time I was entirely well."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists or by mail by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. A booklet on Nervous Disorders sent free on request.

Business Is Business.

From a tomb in the churchyard of Godalming:

"Sacred to the memory of Nathaniel Godbold, Esq., Inventor and Proprietor of that excellent medicine, The Vegetable Balsam for the Cure of Consumptions and Asthmas."—Pall Mall Gazette.

GOOD ENOUGH FOR GOV. JOHNSON.

Minnesota's Chief Executive Buys a Raudenbush Piano.

Minnesota's well known and popular governor has lately bought a brand new piano. The competition in selling Gov. Johnson was quite spirited. After many days of "trying out" and thoroughly "going over" the various pianos put before him, he finally selected the Raudenbush, the piano which has lately won its way rapidly to the front, strictly on its inherent worth. The Raudenbush piano is made in St. Paul by the well-known house of S. W. Raudenbush & Co.

He'd Find It Sure.

Freddie—I'm looking for trouble.

Teddie—Why don't you advertise for a stenographer?—Town Topics.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Stock.

"She lives in Pittsburg."

"What sort of stock does she come of?"

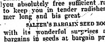
"Steel. First preferred."—Pittsburg Post.

Rich, Juicy Radishes Free.

Everybody loves juicy, tender radishes. Salzer knows this, hence he offers to send you absolutely free sufficient radish seed to keep you in tender radishes all summer long and his great

SALZER'S BARGAIN SEED BOOK.

with its wonderful surprises and great bargains in seeds at bargain prices.



The enormous crops on our seed farms the past season compel us to issue this special catalogue.

SEND THIS NOTICE TO-DAY.

and receive the radishes and the wonderful Bargain Book free.

Remit 4c and we add a package of Cosmos, the most fashionable, serviceable, beautiful annual flower.

John A. Salzer Seed Co., Lock Drawer W., La Crosse, Wis.

Not Even a Dog Biscuit.

Blobbs—He's a pronounced vegetarian.

Slobbs—Doesn't he eat any animal food at all?

Blobbs—Not even a dog biscuit.—

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

If a woman is too ill to visit a bargain sale for the purpose of getting rid of her money she sends for a doctor and blows it in that way.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

For how many centuries has the old hen continued to work her little shell game unmolested?

CURES SICK-HEADACHE

Tablets and powders advertised as cures for sick-headache are generally harmful and they do not cure but only deaden the pain by putting the nerves to sleep for a short time through the use of morphine or cocaine.

Lane's Family Medicine

the tonic-laxative, cures sick-headache, not merely stops it for an hour or two. It removes the cause of headache and keeps it away.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

DAIRY NOTES

Home-Made Ice.

C. P. Cooper, writing in the Dairy Record, says that at the Goodhue (Minn.) creamery, owned by E. G. Hammer, the following method of ice storing has been very successful: The ice house is built with 2 by 6 studding boarded up both outside and inside except that the inside boarding does not go quite to the top. The inside boards are tacked on lightly so that they can be quickly removed, and an air space is left between the studding. When the weather has settled down for the winter remove all old ice and sawdust and take out all sawdust from between the inner and outer boarding. Replace the inner boards. Secure a piece of pipe about the length of your ice house and drill a row of very small holes, each row being about a quarter turn from the other, so that when the pipe is laid across the ice house and connected with the water system of the creamery the water will come out of these holes like a fountain and will be distributed all over the floor, and the pressure should be so regulated that it will freeze about as fast as it falls. If it falls too fast a good deal of the water will run off and the tendency will be to melt the ice already formed, while if it comes down in too fine a spray it is likely to freeze in the form of snow, making a white, poor ice.

It requires, however, very little experiment to get the ice just right, making a perfectly clear, pure ice, and in the course of a short time your ice house will be full clear to the top, forming one solid, perfect cake of clear ice.

When the freezing is completed you will find that some water has run over into the air space, and that it is not therefore possible to at once pack that space with sawdust, but do not let that worry you. If the sawdust were left in the space while the freezing was going on, it would become simply an addition to the mass of ice and would practically carry the ice cake clear to the outside of the house, which would be disastrous.

Put all your sawdust on top of the ice, and as the weather becomes warmer look into the air space occasionally, and when you find that the ice is melted out, then fill the air space all around completely with sawdust from the top, and see that the big cake of ice is also well covered with sawdust.

The ice being in a solid cake, will keep better than if made from sawed cakes of ice, but on the other hand it cannot, of course, be removed in square chunks, but for creamery use this is by no means a serious objection, as a heavy, slender chopping bar will slice off big chunks easily, and while rough in shape will answer just as well for cooling a refrigerator or for cooling cream.

Producing Milk in Winter.

The amount of milk that a cow produces in the winter season depends largely on the care she gets and much more on the feed. One great reason for the falling off of milk in winter is that she does not drink water enough. Through the heat of summer the cows get thirsty and often have all the water in their system that they need. It takes about four gallons of water daily taken into the stomach of a large cow on dry feed for the regular process of assimilation to go on properly.

A cow then must be induced to drink more water than that in order to have a surplus to produce any milk at all. On account of the dry feed it takes far more water in the winter to keep the stomach moist enough for its regular functions. Well-cured clover hay and a bran and oat mash twice a day is the best dry feed ration to produce plenty of milk. Keeping the cow in warm comfortable quarters goes a long way in the production of a good flow of milk. A feed once a day of well-sliced turnips or beets is a good substitute for summer pasture. It is a good plan especially in winter for the cow to have access to salt continually. Ordinary barrel salt is better, as it takes too long for the animal to get enough rock salt to fill the demands of the system, and it is liable to make their tongues sore. By following some of this advice the winter cow can be made more profitable than one milked in summer.—J. W. Fackler, Lincoln So., Ia., in Farmers' Review.

Pure Salt.

When a man is making butter on a farm or in the creamery it is necessary for him to have salt that is absolutely pure. It is not possible to use for butter making much of the salt that can be found in the corner groceries. One reason is that some salts are not pure in the material from which they are manufactured. In other cases the salt was pure once, but has absorbed many kinds of odors from the place in which it was kept. We have had a great many reports of butter being injured in this way. In one case the grocery man kept his salt near his kerosene barrel. A farmer bought the salt and used it in butter making. Another case, the salt was kept near a great pile of dried fish and the butter in which the salt was used had a fishy taste. These examples might be multiplied indefinitely. It is better to buy the salt of the companies that make a business of selling salt for butter making. These take care that their salt is pure and that it is kept pure after it leaves their hands. Without pure salt the butter will be very unsatisfactory.

Fast Walking Horses.

We need fast walking horses. We have had fast running horses and fast trotting horses, but we have not heard of premiums being offered for the fast-walking horse. Yet the fast walking horse is of more value for practical use than either the trotting horse or the running horse. We believe it will pay our breeders well to make fast walking one of the prime qualities of the animals they raise.

LIVE STOCK

Smoothness in Swine.

Swine for selling on the general market should be uniform, that is, if a carload is to be fattened at one time, they should be chosen so that they will all be of the same age when starting. This makes them develop into a carload of very even smooth hogs. This smoothness has a commercial value, as buyers will pay more for it than for a carload of mixed hogs. This is not all fancy by any means; it is not because the buyer likes to see a smooth lot of hogs. He has been in the business too long to be caught in that way, but if the hogs are nearly uniform in size and flesh, he finds it perfectly easy to estimate what their value is, because he can figure on the value of one hog and simply multiply that by the number in the herd. When herds are made up of all kinds and sizes, the professional buyer knows he cannot do this. He knows that he has not the time to pay attention to each particular animal in the group and figure out what its value will be when slaughtered. As he has not the time he must estimate the whole herd and he is certain to make the price low enough so that he will be left a liberal margin for miscalculations. It is doubtful if a car of mixed hogs ever brings its real market value, for the cause above indicated.

Scalding Feed for Hogs.

However well hogs may do on ear corn straight, it is a settled fact that they will do better if the corn is ground and scalded. The corn should be shelled and ground rather fine. When the water is heated to boiling, remove from the fire and stir in the meal and let it stand an hour or so until the temperature is about blood heat, taking great care not to burn the pigs by feeding too hot. At least one part shorts to three parts corn will prove a cheaper feed and give better results than all corn. A little oil meal should be used frequently. It is not necessary that you have a feed cooker, as on nearly every farm during the hog feeding season there is an idle gasoline stove which will answer the purpose grandly. If your hogs are not doing well, try this feed at least once a day, taking great care not to overgorge them, and in four or five days you will think you've found the secret to swine feeding. You'll be surprised at the increase in pounds from the same amount of feed, and the decrease in time required to make a given growth.—E. Jesse Reed, Crawford Co., Ill.

Shoeing Horses.

The science of horseshoeing is one that is being taught in our agricultural colleges, and this practice is to be commended. Perhaps our agricultural colleges will have as great an influence on the horse shoeing industry as the veterinary colleges have had upon the practice of veterinary medicine. There was a time when many of the practitioners of veterinary medicine were not only ignorant men, but were ignorant of the calling to which they had devoted themselves. For many years veterinary colleges have been sending out thousands of graduates, who have improved the situation. We trust that the thousands of young men going out from the agricultural colleges will know enough about shoeing to see that their horses are shod right.

The Hogs in the Barn.

The custom of allowing the hogs to occupy a section of the barn is not being followed by our best dairymen and is being discarded by many farmers. Hogs do not do well under such conditions, generally for the reason that their quarters must be too restricted. Barns are expensive structures and represent a great deal of money, and no farmer feels that he can box off a large part of the structure for the use of the hogs. When he does give them a part it is only a small part, and almost always is the part farthest away from the daylight and fresh air. The farmer that makes a business of raising hogs can afford to have for them proper accommodations away from the remainder of the stock.

Bran for Hogs.

Bran makes a very good supplementary food for hogs, although, as a usual thing, it is not very largely fed. Yet in the early stages of the development of swine it is far better to feed than corn. In fact, if corn is fed, as it certainly is on all western farms, bran can usually be used for balancing it. Bran contains from 15 to 18 per cent of protein, which goes to fill up the deficiency existing in corn. If a large quantity of skimmed milk is fed the grain should consist of bran and corn in some form, preferably corn meal. Both bran and skimmed milk come under the general head of protein feeds. Bran, being a bulky food and very light, must not be fed in large quantities. The hog's stomach is small and needs a somewhat concentrated food. All bran would be too light and all corn meal would be too heavy a feed when mixed with skimmilk. When bran is not selling at more than $16 per ton it is a profitable feed to give hogs in all of the western states.

Power on the Farm.

The introduction of power in various forms on the farm is constantly on the increase. There are many forms of energy that can be evolved at a very slight cost, and it is absurd for the farmer to be expending his own strength or the strength of his horses when he can employ much more cheaply some chemical or mechanical energy that will do the work rapidly and to perfection. Many a farmer has kept his boys chopping fire wood or laboriously chopping trees into proper lengths for sale when the same amount of work might have been accomplished at much less cost by using the machinery for doing the cutting and some kind of a gas or liquid for doing the work. An investment of this kind is one that will soon return 100 per cent, and all after that will be clear gain. Human thought and human energy are too much needed elsewhere to be employed in merely mechanical operations

BRITT AND HURST A GOOD TEAM.

The Fighter and Referee Delight in "Stringing" Each Other.

Jimmy Britt and Tim Hurst make a good team. They spend hours "stringing" each other. James came down to lunch the other day with a long face.

"What's wrong?" asked Tim.

"Bad news from home," said Jimmy.

"Has she given you the mitt?"

"Not so, Tim. Worse than that. I've just heard that my father's eyesight has suddenly failed."

"Too bad."

"Yes; I got a wire from him this morning saying he couldn't see what I was doing in New York all this time."

"They must have put up a new building in St. Louis and blocked the view," suggested Hurst, without a smile.

Very Funny Indeed.

S. V. Henkels, Philadelphia's expert on autographs and books, said at a sale, apropos of embarrassment:

"That reminds me of a little girl out in Germantown.

"There was company to dinner at her house one night, and the little girl, pointing to her plate, said in a loud voice:

"'Oh, mamma, what is this?'

"The thing was a hair, but the mother, red with confusion, still had enough ready wit left to say:

"'Hush, dear; that is a crack in the plate.'

"The child cried in a still louder voice:

"'Oh, mamma, look! I can move this crack about. Isn't that funny?'"

Largest Enlisted Man.

Sergeant Fred Calhoun Fagan, of the Thirty-ninth company of coast artillery, now stationed at Fort McHenry, is the largest man in either the army or navy. He weighs 289 pounds and is now serving his fifth enlistment of three years each. The sergeant is an Englishman by birth and the oldest man in point of service in the coast artillery, served two years at the front in the Philippines, and distinguished himself there. There are few better gunners in the army than he is.

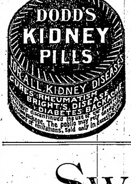
Sure Hair Restorer.

"Faith an' Oi heard a doctor give a rimedy when you're bald headed intoirely to make the hair come back wanst moore."

"Till me phwat it is," responded the Irishman with a pink clearing.

"Singe the inds of it."—New York Press.

Constant dropping wears away stones.



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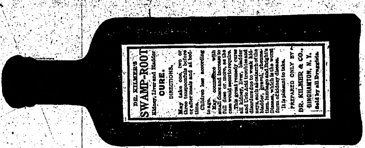


This is to Certify that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, is purely vegetable and does not contain any calomel, mercury, creosote, morphine, opium, strychnine, cocaine, nitrate potash (salt-petre), bromide potassium, narcotic alkaloid, whiskey, wine or any harmful or habit producing drugs. Swamp-Root was discovered through scientific research and study by Dr. Kilmer, who graduated with honors and is now actively engaged in the practice of his profession, which calling he has successfully followed many years.

State of New York, County of Broome, }
City of Binghamton, } S. S.

Jonas M. Kilmer, senior member of the firm of Dr. Kilmer & Co., of the City of Binghamton, County of Broome, State of New York, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the guarantee of purity of Swamp-Root, as described in the foregoing certificate, is in all respects true.

Subscribed and sworn to before me April 26. 1898. }

Jonas M. Kilmer

Jerome B. Hadsell Jr.
Notary Public

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything, but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble, it will be found just the remedy you need. Swamp-Root makes friends.

Each bottle contains the same standard of purity, strength and excellence.

You may have a sample bottle of Swamp-Root free by mail, if you have not already had one.

When writing to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure to mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at drug stores everywhere. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

It's hard to make a good matter better than it is to make a bad matter worse.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Endsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Chronic kickers never realize how foolish they really are until the reaction begins to get busy.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The trouble with the people who stand up for their rights is that they want to sit on everybody else.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

You can lead a man to college, but you cannot make him think.

WHITE FOR TRIAL PACKAGE
"GOLD COIN HEAVE CURE"
GOLD COIN HEAVE CURE FREE
"I have used over 100 packages of your Heave Cure on different horses, and it has never failed me yet."—Wm. J. Wenz, St. Paul.
Send 4c for Postage, and mention this paper.
Gold Coin Stock Food Co.
104 E. 5th St. St. Paul, Minn.

Virginia Farms
FREE CATALOGUE of Splendid Bargains.
R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., RICHMOND, VA.

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

N. W. N. U. —NO. 5— 1906

Croup
That dread of mothers loses its terrors when the medicine cabinet contains a bottle of that famous old remedy,
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
For INTERNAL and EXTERNAL use.
Dr. A. Johnson knew humanities needs when in 1810 he perfected this wonderful remedy for lung and throat troubles, as well as for cuts, burns, bruises, sore and lame muscles. 25 and 50c. At druggists.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

PRICE, 25 Cts.
TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE
25 CTS CURES COUGHS COLDS

ANTI-GRIPINE
IS GUARANTEED TO CURE
GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.
I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK, IF IT DON'T CURE.
F. W. Diemer, M. D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

Swift & Company

Year 1905 Sales.

The total distributive sales for 1905 exceeded

$200,000,000.

This total is realized from the sale of fresh meats (beef, mutton and pork), provisions, produce (poultry, butter and eggs), soaps, glues, oils, bones, fertilizers, feathers, casings, hides, wools, pelts and other by-products derived from cattle, sheep, hogs and poultry.

Margin of Profit.

The industry is operated on a margin of less than 2 cents to each dollar of sales. Swift & Co. do not sell at retail. Their entire output is sold at wholesale to many thousands of dealers in various parts of the world. There are hundreds of local slaughterers throughout the United States, who buy their live stock in competition with the packer doing an interstate and international business. Likewise the packer must sell in competition with the local slaughterers. There are no secret processes in the industry, no complicated and expensive factories, and as live stock can be purchased in almost every hamlet and city, and the preparation of meats is simple in the extreme, local slaughtering will long remain a factor in the production of fresh meats and provisions.

Economic Advantages.

The large packing houses will, however, always have these advantages: Locations at the chief live stock centers, with the opportunity to buy the best live stock; manufacturing in large quantities, at the minimum of expense; utilization of all waste material; refrigeration; mechanical appliances; highly efficient business management. These advantages are reflected in the quality of the packer's output, a quality that has reached its highest development in the products bearing the name and brand of "Swift."

Purchasing Live Stock.

The principal live stock centers are Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha, St. Louis, St. Joseph, St. Paul and Fort Worth. The same methods of purchasing cattle, sheep and hogs prevail at all cities. At Chicago, which is the largest market, there are about two hundred and fifty buyers, representing packers, local slaughterers in various cities and exporters. Of this number, less than a score are employed by Swift & Company.

The farmer ships his live stock to Chicago, consigns them to a commission firm at the Union Stock Yards, who sees that they are unloaded and put in pens. Then the buyers inspect them, make their offers to the commission dealer, who accepts or rejects as his judgment dictates. All buying must be finished at 3 o'clock each day, and the buyer must pay spot cash. If the commission man has no satisfactory offers, he can hold his stock over to the next day. He gets his commission from the farmer, and naturally strives to get the highest possible price for his client.

Wholesale Distributing Houses.

A wholesale distributing house is a giant refrigerator, but instead of shelves there are trolley rails, from which are suspended hooks to hang the carcasses. Some of the houses cost as much as a hundred thousand dollars to build and equip. As a rule they are of pressed brick, the insides being lined—floor, walls and ceiling—with highly polished hardwood. The floors are covered daily with fresh sawdust, and all are kept spotlessly clean. There are over three hundred of these wholesale houses in various cities of the United States, and the public is always welcome to visit them.

Packing Plants.

All the Swift & Company plants are located at the great live stock markets, in the heart of the great agricultural sections, where can be purchased the finest grades of cattle, sheep and hogs. We have seven packing plants, employing at each from two to eight thousand persons.

The following gives the locations and sizes of the different plants:

Packing Plants.

	Buildings, Acres.	Floor Space, Acres.	Land, Acres.
Chicago	44½	87¾	47
Kansas City	7⅝	30	19½
Omaha	6	26	23
St. Louis	7¾	19⅞	31¾
St. Joseph	6½	25¼	19¼
St. Paul	5	12	16
Fort Worth	3	15	22

Employes.

The total number of persons employed in all the Swift packing plants and branch houses aggregate over 26,000 persons. Conditions for employes in the various manufacturing and operating departments is continually improving with the construction of new buildings and the installation of new and up-to-date equipment.

Sanitation and Hygiene.

The housewife makes no greater effort to keep her kitchen clean than we do to keep in sanitary and hygienic condition our abattoirs. They are thoroughly scrubbed at the close of each day's operations, and automatic appliances are used wherever possible in order to eliminate the personal handling of meats. Rigid rules governing these points are strictly enforced; laxity means dismissal.

Visitors Always Welcome.

No other industry in the world gives such a cordial welcome to visitors as Swift & Co. We keep open house the year around, and maintain a corps of specially trained guides, with special elevators and rest rooms. In one year we have entertained over a quarter of a million of men and women; in one day—Grand Army Day, 1901—we entertained 23,000. Among our visitors have been ambassadors from foreign governments, princes, noblemen and distinguished citizens from all lands and eminent folks from every state in the Union. We wish to familiarize the public with our methods, and the best way to do that is to let the public see for itself. We have no secret processes or methods in any department.

Swift's Premium Hams and Bacon.

Swift's Premium Hams and Bacon are more widely and favorably known than any other brand. Their popularity is due to the uniform quality and flavor of the meat, and to their fine appearance when received from the dealer. Each piece is branded on the rind, "Swift's Premium U. S. Inspected," and wrapped in cheesecloth and white parchment paper.

Look for the brand, "Swift's Premium," when buying hams and bacon.

Swift's Silver Leaf Lard

Is a strictly pure lard, kettle rendered, and put up in 3, 5 and 10-pound sealed pails. It is America's Standard Lard, and enjoys a high reputation and an enormous sale.

Swift's Soaps.

An interesting feature of a trip through the Chicago plant is a visit to the soap factory, one of the largest and most complete in this country. There we manufacture numerous toilet and laundry soaps, and washing powders.

Among which are:

Wool Soap, widely and favorably known; for toilet and bath, and washing fine fabrics.

Crown Princess Toilet Soap, highly perfumed.

Swift's Pride Soap, for laundry and household use.

Swift's Pride Washing Powder, unsurpassed for all cleaning purposes.

Swift's Specialties.

- Swift's Premium Ham
- Swift's Premium Bacon
- Swift's Premium Sliced Bacon
- Swift's Premium Lard
- Swift's Winchester Ham
- Swift's Winchester Bacon
- Brookfield Farm Sausage
- Swift's Silver Leaf Lard
- Jewel Lard Compound
- Swift's Cotosuet
- Swift's Jersey Butterine
- Swift's Beef Extract
- Swift's Beef Fluid
- Swift's Premium Milk-Fed Chickens

Swift's Soaps.

- Wool Soap
- Scented Toilet Soaps
- Swift's Pride Soap
- Swift's Pride Washing Powder

Northwest News.

FOUR ARE KILLED IN WRECK

ENGINEER DISOBEYED ORDERS AND PAYS PENALTY WITH HIS LIFE.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 1. — Engineer H. O. Barden of No. 2 east-bound Oriental Limited of the Great Northern road, which collided Monday night with No. 1, west-bound, one mile west of Columbia Falls, paid the penalty of disobeying orders with his life. Two other trainmen and express messenger were killed, while still two more may die.

Engineer Barden had orders to meet No. 1 at Halfmoon. Barden ran by the meeting place and concluded to try to make Columbia Falls. When he saw the engine of No. 1 loom up he jammed on the emergency brakes and then tried to escape. It was a long straight piece of track, but the engine of No. 2 had its headlight dark and, therefore, was not seen by Engineer Therwachter or the collision would have been avoided.

Coroner Taylor, after examining the wreck, said he would hold an inquest at Whitefish to-day. No passengers were injured.

MEETS DEATH IN FLAMES.

Young Woman Is Burned to Death in Fire in St. Paul.

St. Paul, Feb. 1.—Miss Olga Hokanson, twenty years old, who came to St. Paul a week ago from Chippewa Falls, was burned to death in a fire which started at 11 o'clock last night in the residence of John Hoffman. Mr. Hoffman was burned about the head and face and several of the roomers were rescued by the firemen. Miss Hokanson was in the front room and was cut off from escape. Chief Strapp and several firemen went to the room and found her burned to a crisp. The fire apparently started in the basement near the furnace. The damage at the house is estimated at $2,000.

MUST PAY GAMBLING DEBT.

Court Holds Note in Hands of Bona Fide Purchaser Is Good.

Marinette, Wis., Feb. 1. — Judge Hastings of the circuit court yesterday handed down a decision which makes paper passed for a gambling debt in the hands of an innocent purchaser legal. Joseph Merz, a local barber, lost $350 on a roulette wheel, paying his loss with a certificate of deposit. This was sold to another man and Merz attempted to prevent its payment. The court held under chapter 56, laws of 1906, that the innocent purchaser was entitled to the money, the first ruling of the kind, as far as is known, in the state.

QUACK ATTEMPTS SUICIDE.

L. M. Fritch Is in a Critical Condition at Oskaloosa.

Oskaloosa, Iowa, Feb. 1.—Convicted of practicing medicine without a license, sentenced to pay a fine of $300 and committed to jail, L. M. Fritch attempted to commit suicide, and is in a critical condition, with small hope of recovery. Fritch had been allowed to go to his room in custody of a deputy sheriff. While there he seized a bottle of carbolic acid and drank about an ounce of it. At his trial Fritch created something of a sensation by claiming that his remedies were inspired by God, and were revealed to him in prayer.

JAIL BREAKER IS SHOT.

One of Trio Who Broke From La Crosse Bastile Killed in Texas.

La Crosse, Wis., Feb. 1.—Postoffice Inspector Fraser has received telegraphic advices that Andy Cunningham, alas Patsy Flannigan, one of the three alleged postoffice robbers who escaped from the county jail last August, is dead. According to the dispatch Flannigan was shot and killed in a running fight at Montague, Tex., after having successfully robbed a bank. Former Turnkey J. M. Childers is now serving a penitentiary sentence for alleged connivance at the escape of Flannigan from the La Crosse jail.

Barred as Stock Companies.

Madison, Wis., Feb. 1. — The Wisconsin supreme court yesterday declared unconstitutional the law of 1903 which authorized mutual insurance companies to reorganize as stock companies. The supreme court also ordered a reargument in the case brought to test the inheritance tax law.

SKIN GRAFTING SUCCEEDS.

Cuticle Taken From Leg Grows Into Place on Arm.

Bismarck, N. D., Feb. 1. — Gus Crambs, a tinsmith, who contracted tuberculosis from an infected milk can which he was repairing, has undergone a successful skin-grafting which has practically healed his right hand and arm. Several pieces of skin as large as a silver dollar were cut from his leg and bound over the raw spots on his hand and arm and have now become part of those members.

LUMBERING IS HELD UP.

Mild Weather Is Hard on Logging Industry.

Hayward, Wis., Feb. 1. — The unprecedented warm weather is seriously hindering lumbering operations in this section. With the mercury 40 degrees above and a warm south wind, the snow melts rapidly in the logging roads, and the lumbermen find great difficulty in getting their logs to the river and railroad. Old residents say it is the warmest winter in the last twenty years.

PRISONER WALKS OFF.

Man Is Given Task Outside of Jail and Goes.

Lakota, N. D., Jan. 31.—J. H. Howard, who was brought back here from Oklahoma a few weeks ago on a charge of horse stealing, walked out of the jail on an errand and failed to come back. Howard two weeks ago entered a plea of guilty in the district court and was sentenced to a two years' term in the penitentiary. Owing to the inclement weather and a pressure of other business, Sheriff Sveen was unable to take him at once to Bismarck, and he was kept in the county jail and a man engaged to watch it during the night. On the night of Howard's escape the watchman shortly after midnight, according to a statement of Sheriff Sveen, gave the prisoner a pail and told him to go outside and empty it. He has not returned.

FIND MURDERER COLD IN DEATH

Dr. Drake's Assassin Ends His Life With a Bullet.

Ashley, N. D., Jan. 31. — While a posse was scouring the country in all directions for Henry Fulkerson, the murderer of Dr. I. L. Drake of Minneapolis at a hotel here last Monday, his body was lying cold in death in a field eight miles southwest of Ashley. He had committed suicide by shooting himself through the head. The discovery was made yesterday afternoon by a Venturia farmer, who at once notified the authorities. Sheriff Hildebrand, accompanied by Coroner Cling, C. S. Johnstone and two other citizens, drove to the place and found that the dead man was Fulkerson. The body was taken to the court house and an inquest will be held.

BAD FIRE AT LEONARD.

General Store, Hotel and Meat Market Destroyed.

Fargo, N. D., Jan. 31.—Fire at Leonard, this county, totally destroyed Lally & Aiken's general store, the Hotel Leonard and a meat market. Loss on store and hotel is estimated at $5,000 each, with $3,000 each insurance. The hotel was owned by Moran Bros. A. E. Frederick owned the meat market, valued at $1,500, with $800 insurance. The postoffice was badly scorched. Boos' brick store checked the fire and saved the west side of the town. The fire originated on the second floor of Lally & Aiken's store and a defective flue is thought to be the cause.

VICTIM OF FROZEN DYNAMITE.

Thomas O'Neill Badly Injured by Explosion at Leeds.

Minot, N. D., Jan. 31. — Thomas O'Neill, employed by a contractor who is building a reservoir at Leeds, was badly lacerated about the legs, side and face by an explosion of dynamite. He was brought to a hospital here for treatment, and unless internal injuries are discovered will probably recover. O'Neill was engaged in thawing out the explosive, and in some way the nitroglycerin became mixed with the dynamite. There was a terrific explosion and O'Neill was blown some distance. It seemed miraculous that he escaped instant death.

LONG PRISON TERMS GIVEN.

Last of Springfield (S. D.) Bank Robbers Are Sentenced.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Jan. 31. — With the sentencing yesterday afternoon at Tyndall, S. D., of four men who robbed the bank at Springfield, S. D., the curtain is rung down for a time on the careers of a desperate sextet. Jack Wilson and Fred Barton, who stood trial, each got fourteen years and six months; Burns got ten years and six months. "Yourky" Lynch and George Parker, who admitted complicity in the Springfield job, were sentenced to eight years in the Nebraska penitentiary several weeks ago for a burglary at Wakefield.

SMALL FORTUNE IN TABLE.

Iowa Farmer Makes a Discovery by Breaking Old Furniture.

Glenwood, Iowa, Jan. 31. — Charles Wightman, a farmer near Plattsmouth, while breaking up the furniture of his home, unexpectedly found a small fortune. Having no kindling wood, he decided to chop up a dilapidated kitchen table he bought second hand a few years ago. As he did so an odd-looking package fell from between two boards, and he found it contained $1,200 in well preserved bills. He had no idea who put the money in the table, as he does not know to whom it belonged.

ATTORNEY ON THE GRILL.

Prominent Montana Lawyer Is Facing Trial for Disbarment.

Helena, Mont., Jan. 31. — On the charge of appearing for both principals in one divorce case and filing disqualifying affidavits against a district judge in another divorce case for the purpose of getting delay rather than a cause of bias, Judge E. A. Carlton, former superintendent of public education and a local practicing attorney, was on trial for disbarment before the supreme court yesterday.

Postoffice Robbed.

International Falls, Minn., Jan. 28.—The postoffice safe was dynamited here early yesterday morning and cash and stamps amounting to about a thousand dollars was secured. No clue to the thieves.

Merchant Hangs Himself.

Eau Claire, Wis., Jan. 28. — A. W. Dohrman, a grocer, about sixty years old, was found dead, hanging by the neck by a clothes line, in a small room off his store. The body was discovered by a clerk.

SAYS SEA WAS NOT ROUGH

ST. PAUL MAN CAUSES SENSATION AT VALENCIA INVESTIGATION.

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 1. — At yesterday's session of the investigation into the loss of the Valencia, C. Allison of St. Paul, a passenger, testified that the sea was not rough. He explained that he had himself been a sailor, and that the surf that finally battered the Valencia to pieces could not be called high. This testimony caused a mild sensation, as all published accounts of the wreck have been described as "high seas" and a "terrible surf."

"Every one seemed to shun us," said Mr. Allison; "all seemed to be afraid to help. All those that succeeded in getting ashore immediately left the scene. The vessels at sea stood off and made no attempt to lower a boat. In the morning after the last raft put off from the Valencia there was no great sea running. Not a wave had a comber on it."

Allison said that the hurricane deck was rising and falling with every wave that struck the ship. That caused many of those on board to leave, thinking that she was about to break up.

A. Willis, another passenger, testified that the first boat was not lowered properly.

KILLS HER HUSBAND.

Duluth Woman Prostrated Over Outcome of Trip After Rabbits.

Duluth, Feb. 1. — Albert Schrann, died in a hospital here as a result of a gunshot wound accidentally inflicted by his wife. Mr. and Mrs. Schrann were out hunting rabbits with one gun. The weapon was carried by Mrs. Schrann, who was wearing mittens. Suddenly Mr. Schrann sighted a rabbit scurrying through the brush and urged his wife to make haste and shoot it. She endeavored to cock the gun, but the mitten that she wore caused the hammer to slip and the gun was prematurely discharged. Mr. Schrann had thoughtlessly stepped between his wife and the rabbit, and he received the discharge from the gun in his leg. Mrs. Schrann hurried for assistance, and the wounded man was brought to Duluth, but his life could not be saved. Mrs. Schrann is prostrated by the tragedy, but no blame whatever is directed at her by anybody.

PASTOR SAVED FROM MOB.

Evangelist Attacks City Administration and Has Exciting Experience.

Waverly, Iowa, Feb. 1. — An attempt to mob Rev. F. E. Oliver, a Chicago evangelist, yesterday, for attacks on the city's morals and authorities, was averted by the action of the regular ministers of the city. In his sermon Mr. Oliver made an attack on the city administration. Soon after, a mob of 200 persons proceeded to the church where Mr. Oliver was still speaking. The local ministers then hurried Oliver out of the church and wired Gov. Cummins for protection, but Sheriff Parrott succeeded in holding the crowd at bay.

ESCAPE COSTS PARDON.

Montana Jailbreaker's Act Changes Governor's Mind.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 1.—H. E. Homan, recently pardoned from the county jail in Fort Benton, where he was serving a six months' sentence for stealing a valise in Havre, will not enjoy the governor's boon, as the governor yesterday revoked his act upon learning that Homan had escaped from jail and been recaptured. The state board would have acted favorably upon the pardon. The governor, however, on hearing of Homan's escape and recapture at Great Falls promptly took back his action.

$60,000 IN RANCH DEAL.

Biggest Financial Affair of the Kind in Montana's History.

Lewiston, Mont., Feb. 1. — What is said to be the largest ranch deal ever made in Fergus county, so far as the amount involved is concerned, has just been completed. John Quincy Adams and brother of Chicago and Spencer, Iowa, have purchased the Walter Smith, John Shea and N. A. Lewis ranches near the Judith river for approximately $60,000. The Great Northern survey runs through the Lewis ranch and it is surmised that the purchasers intend to start a town there.

FRESHIES PAY FOR COAT.

Northfield, Minn., Feb. 1.—A claim for loss of an overcoat by a Carleton sophomore, who was taken aboard a train by four freshmen to keep him from attending a class party, was settled before a board of arbitration, consisting of three citizens. The board found in favor of the sophomore, and directed the principal to pay part of the expense, the class the balance, holding that the matter was partly a class affair.

Hedin Out Again.

Dr. Sven Hedin, the noted Swedish explorer, whose travels in Central Asia have attracted the attention of the scientific world, has already set ont on his third expedition. He recently left Teheran, Persia, with a caravan consisting of fourteen camels and five men.

For Condensed Apartments.

"Mamma, what is the use of condensed milk?"

"Oh, it's for people who live in flats and have small kitchens."

STATE NEWS OF INTEREST

J. J. HILL WILL OPEN PAVILION.

Will Deliver Address on First Day of State Fair.

James J. Hill will be the speaker on the occasion of the dedication of the new live stock pavilion on the first day of the state fair. A committee from the board of managers waited on him yesterday and obtained his consent to deliver the address.

The board of managers of the fair met recently at the Merchants hotel St. Paul, for organization for the new year.

The live stock exhibition will be made even more than ever a feature of the fair this year. With the largest and finest live stock pavilion in the world, the fair association will be able to accommodate this department as never before. The American Aberdeen-Angus association has already appropriated $300 for special premiums on that breed of stock. The management of the fair has been assured that other breeders' associations will support the fair as never before.

A large petition containing all the names of the exhibitors in that department was presented to the members of the board yesterday, urging them to provide a new dairy building. The board members realize the great need, but will be unable to undertake any permanent construction work other than the new live stock pavilion. The horticultural department is also demanding larger quarters.

E. W. Randall of Hamline was reelected secretary for the eleventh time. He has seen the fair grow from very small proportions until now it is recognized as the largest state fair. F. J. Willcox of Northfield was re-elected treasurer. He has served in that capacity eight years.

Pesident C. N. Cosgrove presided at the meeting. The others present, in addition to the secretary and treasurer, were: First Vice President B. F. Nelson of Minneapolis, Second Vice President C. M. Griggs of St Paul, J. M. Underwood of Lake City, L. D. Baird of Austin, W. M. Liggett of St. Paul, William E. Lee of Long Prairie and D. S. Hall of Buffalo Lake. The only member of the board absent was G. W. Patterson of Worthington.

State Has Big Timber Farm.

The Minnesota State forestry board has just issued a forest working plan for the 20,000 acres of forestry land granted to the state by congress in April, 1904, and now designated Burntside forest. It is in the form of a booklet of seventeen pages by T. L. Duncan of Northome, and contains maps of the tract and illustrations of the timber.

Mr. Duncan was employed with three assistants last summer in making a detailed examination and survey of the land, 87 per cent of which he says is capable of bearing pine. This is on the north slope of Giant's range, in the region of the bare, rocky and scanty soil and about 800 feet above Lake superior. There are forty-three lakes within and bordering Burntside forest, well stocked with fish, there being trout in Burntside lake, of which a portion of the lands border. The country abounds with game, and Mr. Duncan thinks it will prove an attractive health and pleasure resort for the people.

The forest once had more timber than it has now, but it was destroyed years ago by fires. Jack pine is predominant, but white and red pine appears in smoll groves, most of which is 200 years old. The merchantable white pine now there is about 450,000, board measure; of red pine, 825,000 feet; jack pine, 110,000 feet; 4,900 cords of spruce pulp wood; 10,900 tamarac ties and some cedar poles and posts.

The stand of timber on 602 sample acres in strips across the forest averages 35.04 trees per acre of all sizes from five inches in diameter—breast high—up, and of this 70 per cent in the five and six-inch classes. There is not enough merchantable timber now to justify making necessary roads and establishing lumber camps to market the timber.

May Renew Contests.

E. K. Slater, state dairy and food commissioner, has sent a circular letter to dairymen, asking whether they consider the monthly butter and cheese contests of sufficient value to be continued. Mr. Slater considers them well worth the $100 a month that they cost but does not want to run them without the co-operation of dairymen. If continued this year there will be only six held instead of twelve, and they will be held bi-monthly.

Mr. Slater and his inspectors are in great demand for talks to country merchants' associations. Grocers are all anxious for full information on the pure food laws, especially on the new code.

Train Kills Deaf Farmer.

Black River Falls, Wis., Jan. 26.—A Millston farmer named W. A. Matteson was struck and killed by a freight train near the Millston depot yesterday. He was hard of hearing. He is survived by a family.

City Funds Are Missing.

Albia, Iowa, Jan. 26.—H. G. Barber, city treasurer and assistant cashier of the People's State bank, was arrested yesterday for an alleged shortage of $2,000 in city funds. The bank funds are not short, it is said.

Gen. Wheeler Is Weaker.

New York, Jan. 26.—The condition of Gen. Joseph Wheeler, who is ill with pneumonia at the home of his sister is not so favorable. He was a little weaker yesterday and his condition became less assuring toward evening.

Dean Main Is President.

Marshalltown, Iowa, Jan. 26.—Dean J. H. T. Main of Iowa college, at Grinnell, was yesterday elected president of that institution by the board of trustees.

STATE LAND IN GOOD DEMAND.

Outlook Is for Good Sales in the Spring.

The receipt of one hundred letters by State Immigration Agent C. H. Warner in one day shows that the spring land movement is fairly on and gives indication that the demand for state land will be as great next spring as it was last fall. Last week Mr. Warner received about fifty letters a day, but now the advertising which was begun a few days ago is beginning to tell, and Mr. Warner expects that every day will bring about 100 letters.

"We are interested more in developing the state than in selling the lands," said Mr. Warner. "So we aim to call attention to the state's resources in general, get people to come here, and if they should buy lands of dealers instead of the state, we believe it is for the good of the state anyway.

"We make our appeal especially to the men of small means, who have not very much money to put into the land, but who are able and willing to work. From my experience in the northern part of the state, I believe these are just the kind we need to develop the northern part of the state. I have seen men come in with three or four thousand dollars, buy land and build, and then leave after a couple of years. The men who come with only a few hundred dollars are the kind that make a success of it.

"The land we have to offer is just the kind suited for their needs. There is practically no prairie left in this state. For the man who has a couple of thousand or more, it may be just as advisable to go out on a prairie farm. But it takes money to build houses and an expensive outfit of machinery to start on a prairie farm, and it takes a larger farm to be profitable. The land we have to sell has considerable timber, in many places good timber, and in other places brush that can be cleared away easily, and then there are lots of open places with good grass between.

"A man who has only a few hundred dollars can make a start on these lands. If he buys forty acres of land he has to pay $36 down and $8 interest in advance on the remaining $204. With only a team and a wagon he can begin clearing the timber and selling it, getting an income at once. On much of the land a house can be built of the logs that can be cut. With a little garden patch, some poultry and a cow or two, he can begin to make his living off the land at once and all the while be is clearing the land and it is increasing in value.

"When the forty is cleared it will be worth $25 an acre, and if he can do this in a year and make his own living beside, he is about $1,000 better off than the man who has been working for wages that while. Besides, if he wants to work part of the year, work can be found at $35 a month for a man, or $45 with a team during the winter. The prairie farmer has nothing to do eight months of the year, and he cannot get work without traveling far. The proximity to good markets is also an advantage in this state.

"It would be a good thing if the people of the Twin Cities could see, and I believe many of them do see it, that the development of the cities depends directly upon the territory which markets its produce there. If the population of this state is doubled the amount of produce to be sold and the amount of goods to be bought will be doubled, and the Twin Cities cannot grow unless the country around them is developed. And when our buying and selling doubles, the manufacturing will be more than doubled."

LEGAL AGE IS ONLY CRITERION.

Little Children Count as Much as Big Ones.

In reply to a query from Supt. James M. McConnell of Mankato, State Superintendent J. W. Olsen has written that pupils in kindergarten schools as well as andy other department are entitled to the state appointment if they are five years of age or over, and then only.

Supt. McConnell asked the question: "Where the kindergarten is a part of the regular school system, taught by qualified and regular certified teachers, do the children count for the state apportionment, or is it necessary to classify them as primary children? I put the question in this way because I know in practice they are counted in many schools."

Mr. Olsen replied that according to the statutes the state superintendent is directed to make an apportionment of the current school funds in the state treasury based on the number of children to the schools between the ages of five and twenty-one.

"As I understand the law, therefore, no pupil in the public schools, under the age of five years, whether in the kindergarden or some other department, may properly be reported to share in the state apportionment of current funds. But if the children are above five years and attend the required number of days, they are entitled to appointment regardless of the grade or department they are in."

A man always with his eyes on the ground bumps his head; a man with his nose always in the air stubs his toe.

A commercial club has been organized at Backus, a thriving town ten miles north of Pine River, as a result of a mass meeting of the citizens and business men. The purposes of the new organization are to co-operate with the state immigration agent in securing settlers; with the county commissioners in the matter of good roads; with the village officials in regard to local affairs, and with the school district officers in regard to schools. Officers were elected and the new club starts out with a membership of thirty-five.

BOOM FOR GOPHER PEAT.

Beds in Nicollet County to Be Developed.

Nicollet county's peat deposits, regarded as the richest in Minnesota, are to be exploited by the United States Peat Fuel company, with headquarters in Chicago. Officers of the Northwestern Peat Fuel company, which is soon to begin developing the beds near Norwood, are also interested in the venture, and the promoters purpose expending $50,000 in purchasing lands and erecting a factory near Oshawa, a small station on the North-Western road, seven miles west of St. Peter.

Peat is found in various parts of Nicollet county, but the most extensive deposits are in the vicinity of Timber, Oak Leaf, Goose and Middle lakes, all of which are within easy reach of Oshawa. Many of the bogs cover large areas and the peat in them varies from seven to twelve feet in depth. Analysis has shown that the deposits are of fine quality and experts claim that the supply is practically inexhaustible.

In selecting a site for the plant near Oshawa station, the United States company will build its plant in the very heart of the peat beds and still have the best transportation facilities. It has secured options on 500 acres of land in the immediate vicinity of Oshawa, and this in itself represents a considerable outlay, as the marshes produce a superior quality of hay, and have agricultural as well as mineral value.

The factory will be erected close to these bogs as early in the spring as possible, and the builders expect to have it in operation within six months. The capacity will be 100 tons a day, which will consume the peat from ten acres of land in a year. Peat bricquettes will be manufactured, and the process used will be to thoroughly dry the material with artificial heat, pulverize it with powerful crushers and then compress it into small bricks or cubes under hydraulic pressure of 50,000 pounds to the square inch.

It is claimed for the commodity by the manufacturers that it has all the heating and lasting qualities of the best anthracite coal, and that it is superior to the Pennsylvania fuel because of the entire absence of dust and dirt. They estimate the cost of manufacture at $1 a ton, but expect to retail it in the open market for $5, a figure that will enable them to compete with any of the grades of hard coal.

This will be one of the first factories to be opened in the United States. There are several plants in successful operation in Canada.

BEMIDJI SUMMER RESORTS.

Three Companies Will Boom Town Next Summer.

The Pine Beach Townsite company, capitalized at $50,000, has been formed at Bemidji and articles of incorporation of the new concern will be filed at the office of the register of deeds of Beltrami county at once. The object of the company will be to buy and sell real estate, but one of the most important things it will do it to advertise Bemidji as a summer resort. A large tract of land on the northern shore of Lake Bemidji has been purchased and work on the platting of the townsite, to be known as Pine Beach, is under way. Cottages will be erected by the company as soon as the snow is gone. The officers of the company are S. D. Works, Mankato, president; Dr. Rowland Gilmore, Bemidji, vice president and treasurer, and John F. Gibbons, Bemidji, secretary.

The Bemidji Beach association, another company that will have for its object the promotion of a summer resort townsite, located on the head of Lake Bemidji and known as Bemidji Beach, has been incorporated. The association is made up of local business men, who have platted twenty-three acres of land into lots and expect many tourists next summer. The sale of lots has been placed in the hands of Mayor A. A. Carter.

Another summer resort that is expected to receive large patronage during the coming summer is that at Plantagenet lake, five miles south of Bemidji. This place, as well as the others, is an ideal spot for spending the summer. Fish and game abound in all the lakes and streams that surround it.

Says Duluth Leads the World.

Duluth, Feb. 1.—In giving the annual death rate as 7.74 to each 1,000 of population Health Commissioner Murray in his annual report says Duluth is the healthiest city of similar size in the world.

TRAIN WAITS FOR SURGEON.

Great Northern Saves Man's Life by Delay.

Duluth, Feb. 1. — Last evening the Great Northern train due in Duluth at 6:30 was held at Deer River for fifteen minutes to allow a surgeon to amputate the limb of a man who had been run over by the train. Had not the operation been performed the man would not have lived to reach this city. He is now in the hospital, and there is hope of his recovery.

Gifts From China.

Pekin, Jan. 30.—The dowager empress has sent to the American legation a number of wedding presents for Miss Alice Roosevelt. The gifts consist of costly jewels, silks and ermine robes.

Nail Mill Burned.

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 30. — The nail mill of the Southern Steel company was destroyed by fire last night, entailing a loss of between $75,000 and $90,000. The amount of insurance is not known.

Congress.

Resume of the Week's Proceedings.

Washington, Jan. 26. — The house passed the statehood bill, according to schedule, yesterday. The Republican opposition to the measure spent its entire force Wednesday and no effort was made to defeat the bill on its final passage, but thirty-three of the "insurgents" voting against the measure. The bill passed by the vote of 194 to 150.

The debate which preceded this vote began at 11 o'clock and was practically featureless so far as any hope was entertained of changing the measure in the slightest degree.

The bill as passed provides that Oklahoma and the Indian Territory shall constitute one state under the name of "Oklahoma," and that Arizona and New Mexico shall constitute one state under the name of "Arizona." Should the terms of admission be ratified by the residents of the territories in question, their respective state constitutions must contain clauses prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors and plural marriages.

The constitution of Arizona must prohibit the sale of liquor to Indians forever and that of Oklahoma for twenty-five years.

There many other stipulations governing schools, courts and political subdivisions of the proposed new states.

The foreign affairs of the United States continued yesterday to hold the attention of the senate, the Moroccan and Dominican matters being the questions immediately at issue. Mr. Money was the principal speaker, and he talked for over two hours in opposition to the course of the administration with reference to both Santo Domingo and Morocco.

Mr. Heyburn spoke in support of the annexation of Santo Domingo.

Washington, Jan. 27.—The first attempt at filibustering at this session occurred in the house yesterday in a Democratic endeavor to defeat the provision of the urgent deficiency bill waiving the eight-hour law for foreign laborers on the Panama canal. The amendment was placed in the bill in committee of the whole after the house had divided many times on every pretext which Minority Leader Williams could make the cause of a vote. When the bill to which the amendment was proposed was finally finished, late in the day, a demand for a separate vote and roll call on that amendment was made and ordered, at which time the house adjourned. The vote will occur as the first business today.

Washington, Jan. 29.—In a session of two hours Saturday the house passed the urgent deficiency appropriation bill, carrying $15,216,103, incorporated in which is a provision that the eight-hour law shall not apply to alien laborers on the Panama canal. In addition it passed 262 private pension bills and read the Mann general bridge bill, making it the unfinished business for to-day.

A roll call was demanded by the Democratic side on the eight-hour amendment. Its adoption was by a vote of 120 to 108. Nineteen Republicans voted with the Democrats and one Democrat, DeArmond (Mo.), with the majority.

Washington, Jan. 30.—What is considered a strike at the railroads was taken by the house yesterday in the adoption of a resolution calling on the president to furnish information as to the existence of an alleged agreement, in violation of the interstate commerce law, between the Pennsylvania, Baltimore & Ohio, Norfolk & Western, Chesapeake & Ohio, Northern Central & Philadelphia and Baltimore & Washington Railroad companies.

A tribute was paid to Gen. Wheeler by naming a street in Washington "Wheeler" street.

The Chinese boycott and the administration of the forest reserves divided the attention of the senate yesterday. Mr. Heyburn raised the question regarding the reservations. He sharply criticised the methods of the forestry bureau and charged it with maintaining a press combination for the purpose of attacking him.

Washington, Jan. 31.—Members of the house evinced a more general interest in the discussion of the railway rate bill throughout yesterday than on any topic of legislation for some time. The debate throughout was listened to attentively and many questions were asked of the different speakers to bring out either obscure points of the measure or evils complained of, which no attempt had been made to include in the bill. The debate was opened by Mr. Townsend of Michigan in an exhaustive argument on the general subject and sharp criticism directed to those who had opposed railway rate legislation.

Mr. Adamson of Georgia, representing the minority, followed in commendation of the measure and in praise of President Roosevelt's stand on the question, which he said the minority were availing themselves of in the present instance.

Questions addressed to the various speakers by Mr. Sharley of Kentucky and Mr. Littlefield of Maine indicated that there is to be some opposition to the bill at least in debate. The feature seemingly subject to attack is as to just what will be the authority of the interstate commerce commission

The senate yesterday passed about forty bills, many of them of considerable importance. The list included a number of measures for lighthouses, fog signals, revenue cutter vessels and public buildings, and also the bill providing for the reorganization of the consular service, which passed practically without discussion.

Kansas Plans for a Fair.

Topeka, Kan., Feb. 1.—Kansas will hold a semi-centennial exposition here in 1911 to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of the state's admission to the Union.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1906. NUMBER 30.

RESUME OF THE NEWS

Fresh——*Reliable*——*Brief*

From the Capital.

The president sent to the senate the nomination of J. C. Herman Engel to be register of the land office at Duluth, Minn.

The supreme court of the United States has granted the motion to advance the case of Senator Burton of Kansas, and set the hearing for April 2 next.

President Roosevelt has declined a request to pardon Charles H. Cole, former president of the Globe National bank of Boston, convicted of a violation of the national banking laws.

A bulletin issued by the interstate commerce commission shows that during the months of July, August and September last 1,053 persons were killed and 16,386 injured among the passengers and employes of steam railroads in the United States.

In the past six months taps have been sounded over the graves of 28,002 pensioners of the Civil war, according to a statement of Pension Commissioner Warner. This, he said, was an evidence of the rapidity with which the pensioners are being diminished. The total number of pensioners on Dec. 31 was 679,234.

Foreign.

Gen. Griaznoff, chief of staff to the viceroy of the Caucassus, was killed by a bomb. The assassin was arrested.

A band of seventy-five Moorish raiders, who had captured 1,000 camels, were surprised by a party of French frontier guards at Quednesly. Twelve of the raiders were killed.

The pope signed the papers appointing Right Rev. W. H. O'Connell bishop of Portland, Me., who recently visited Japan on a special mission, to be coadjutor bishop of Boston, Mass.

The dowager empress of China has sent to the American legation a number of wedding presents for Miss Alice Roosevelt. The gifts consist of costly jewels, silks and ermine robes.

While the emperor of Russia was hunting, one of the gentlemen in attendance was slightly wounded in the face by a stray bullet, and another stray shot injured one of the beaters.

A dispatch from Milan says that King Victor Emmanuel has commissioned a Milan jeweler to execute a magnificent piece of jewelry to be given as a wedding present to Miss Alice Roosevelt.

An official report submitted to the Japanese diet shows that the actual outlay for the war from the beginning of hostilities to their end in September last was, for the army, $495,000,000; for the navy, $90,000,000.

It is probable that Copenhagen will be the scene of a great gathering of monarchs. The German kaiser is going there; King Edward will probably go, and the czar is expected there. Great consequences may therefore follow the death of King Christian.

Crimes.

James M. Moines, or Maines, arrested in New York as a fugitive from British justice, has been set free. The authorities of Scotland Yard say that the man is not wanted.

A commission of physicians examined Charlena Pemberton, the girl who shot her father, Dr. Harry H. Pemberton, at Long Branch, N. J. She was declared insane and sent to a hospital.

While his wife was at church, C. Bender of Boyden, Iowa, went into the attic and hanged himself. The ceiling was so low that he was nearly on his knees. Ill health is assigned as the cause.

When the employes of the First National bank at Talihana, Ind. T., entered the building one morning recently they found the safe, which contained $3,000, had been dynamited and robbed.

The charge of contempt of court against J. F. Hershey for alleged efforts to influence jurors in the trial of the $600,000 Doyle-Burns mining case last March has been dismissed at Council Bluffs, Iowa.

William Brinkmeyer committed suicide in the county jail at Evansville, Ind. Breaking the crystal of his watch, he severed the arteries in both wrists with the pieces of glass. The jailer found him dead.

Burglars entered the home of Joseph Keppler, editor and proprietor of Puck, in Staten Island. After carrying off $1,500 worth of valuables they left a note saying, "We appreciate a good joke, but we think the joke's on you this time."

Thomas Hanlon and Edward Norton, two of the alleged Wild Rose postoffice robbers, pleaded guilty before Judge Quarles in the United States district court at Milwaukee and were sentenced to five years' imprisonment at Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

Richard C. Tanner was stabbed to death in the Madison house at Sioux City. Henry Burris is under arrest charged with the crime. The men are colored. They were wrangling over a woman.

Edward A. Vaughn was arrested at Denver by Postoffice Inspector I. S. Gregg on the charge of using the mails to defraud in a commission business in Minneapolis, and United States Commissioner A. B. Capron ordered him held for trial. He was indicted together with Henry T. Raymond and three others by the federal grand jury at Minneapolis last May.

Accidental Happenings.

Robert Harnett was instantly killed by a Northwestern freight train at Powers, Mich. He leaves a family.

In a head-on collision between passenger trains on the Big Four near Nabb, Ind., six employes and four passengers were injured.

X. N. Nowns of Minneapolis, a passenger brakeman on the Chicago Great Western, fell under the coaches at Alta Vista, Iowa, and was instantly killed.

Mrs. Frank W. Shattuck, wife of the paster of the Advent Christian church at Whitman, Mass., was burned to death in the parsonage through the overturning of a lamp.

Three men were killed by an explosion in the Billington mine, two miles west of Pittsburg, Kan. The three dead men were found by rescuers who went into the mine later.

A Lake Shore engine crashed into a car containing 400 kegs of powder at Youngstown, Ohio. Jesse Eagan, the fireman, was fatally, and three others were seriously hurt.

Charles Child, a Northern Pacific brakeman, was struck by a switch engine in the yards at Helena, Mont., receiving injuries that may necessitate the amputation of his left leg.

Seven buildings connected with the United States naval training station at Coaster's Harbor Island, in Newport, R. I., were destroyed by fire, causing an estimated loss of $100,000.

The nail mill of the Southern Steel company was destroyed by fire at Birmingham, Ala., entailing a loss of between $75,000 and $90,000. The amount of insurance is not known.

Charles Thompson, twelve years of age, accidentally shot and killed himself at Webster City, Iowa. He was hunting and dropped his gun. The cartridge exploded and the bullet passed through the boy's neck.

Eight hundred patients in Bellevue hospital, New York, were endangered by fire in a laundry building, yet through the quiet and effective work of the hospital fire brigade and the regular firemen only a small number in some of the outlying pavilions were awakened.

The Telfair county (Ga.) jail was discovered on fire one night recently. Five prisoners in the structure were badly burned and the injuries of some may prove fatal. The origin of the fire is unknown, but it is supposed to have been the work of prisoners who hoped to escape.

M. O. Coggins, a millionaire commission merchant of Pittsburg, was killed by a runaway horse which he had tried to ride. The horse but lately had been purchased from Vice President Fairbanks. About ten years ago Mr. Coggins cornered the Rockyford melon market. He put $425,000 into the deal and cleared about $1,000,000.

The German steamer Mariechan went ashore at Falz bay, 100 miles from Sitka, Alaska. The officers and part of the crew arrived in Sitka on Sunday. The Mariechen cleared from Seattle for Vladivostok on Jan. 19 with a cargo of general merchandise valued at $250,000. This is a total loss, but the ship may be saved. No lives were lost.

Otherwise.

Dean J. H. T. Main of Iowa college, at Grinnell Ia., was elected president of that institution by the board of trustees.

At the fourth annual meeting of the Postal Progress league, President Northrop of the University of Minnesota was elected vice president.

Victor Demogeot of France was crowned speed king of the world on the Daytona sands after driving his gasoline car two miles in the marvelous time of 58 2-5 seconds.

Ed Holmes, a farmer living near Powersville, Iowa, lost a number of cattle in a peculiar manner. The stock was feeding at at straw stack, when the stack tipped over, burying them beneath it.

Cape. Stephen Russell Kirby, aged eighty-two, one of the founders of the Detroit Dry Dock company, which built the first iron and steel boats that sailed on the Great Lakes, died at his home in New York.

Melvin A. Halsted, eighty-five years old, founder of Lowell, Ind., author and traveler, was married to Mrs. Sarah P. Cross, eighty years old. Halsted is very wealthy and his relatives were amazed at the wedding.

Col. Isaac Wing of Bayfield, Wis., has just made a handsome contribution to Bowdoin college, Brunswick, Me. Col. Wing is a Bowdoin man of the class of 1856. The colonel has announced his purpose to make an endowment of $50,000 to a professorship of Bowdoin college.

Search for an office building that is "union from top to bottom" is being made at Chicago by Federation of Labor officials in vain. The federation intends to vacate its present quarters on acount of a strike of union employes, but may have to erect a structure of its own to fulfill its requirements.

Clarence S. Knight, Charles T. Yerkes' attorney, refused to discuss the New York story that Emilie Grigsby would bring suit for $2,000,000 against the Yerkes estate. "I don't know Miss Grigsby and am ignorant of her intentions," he said.

LAWSON GETS GOVERNOR'S AID

MINNESOTA GOVERNOR WILL HELP REORGANIZE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

SAYS BOSTON MAN WILL WIN.

HAS MAJORITY OF PROXIES—TO DEMAND RESTITUTION OF STOLEN FUNDS.

St. Paul, Feb. 8.—Thomas W. Lawson of Boston came to town yesterday in his private car and persuaded Gov. John A. Johnson to serve on his committee to twist the tail of the insurance companies. The committee is to reorganize the New York Life and the mutual Life.

Gov. Johnson consented to act after Mr. Lawson had spent four hours going over the situation thoroughly and in detail. The two were closeted for over four hours yesterday afternoon, and at the close of the conference they announced that Gov. Johnson would be one of the committee to take charge of the proxies of policyholders and try to reorganize the companies.

Governor's Statement.

"Mr. Lawson went over the situation in detail with me," Gov. Johnson said after the conference, "and told of a number of transactions of the companies, which, of course, cannot be made public at this time.

"To-day he asked me to serve as chairman of the committee, but this I would not do. I told him my duties here would keep me from traveling very much and I could not assume the duties of chairman, but I would be glad to serve on the committee.

"I might add that I believe Mr. Lawson is doing great good for the people and also that I believe he will win in his fight against the system."

The Committee.

The committee Mr. Lawson has picked consists of Gov. Cummins of Iowa, Gov. N. B. Brownard of Florida, Gov. Johnson of Minnesota, Former Attorney General F. S. Mennett of Ohio, Mr. Fremont Older, managing editor of the San Francisco Bulletin, and James Hemphill of New York. He says that of these Mr. Monnett, Gov. Brownard and Mr. Older have already consented to serve. Gov. Cummins is thinking about it.

Mr. Lawson's Plan.

Before leaving the capitol to return East last evening Mr. Lawson gave a short interview regarding his plans for the reorganization of the companies.

"I came up to get Gov. Johnson to act for the policyholders of the New York Life and the Mutual Life in securing a reorganization of these two companies. We have talked the matter over thoroughly and he has consented to act.

"We propose a complete reorganization of these companies. I have already the proxies of a majority of the policyholders of both these companies.

All Has Not Been Told.

"The investigation has brought out only a small part of the steals that have been made through these companies from the policyholders. It has not brought out the steals of a few millions at a time made by the system.

"We want to take control of the companies out of the hands of the system and get complete restitution of the funds and punishment of the thieves. The annual meetings of these two are held in April, and then we propose to elect directors who will represent the policyholdeers and not the system."

PLAY WITH MATCHES FATAL.

Girl Is Burned to Death and Baby Is Barely Rescued.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Feb. 8.—While Mrs. Charles Vehelka was gone to a grocery store neighbors saw smoke issuing from her home and broke in just in time to rescue her baby alive. Subsequently firemen discovered the body of the oldest child burned to a crisp. It is thought that this child, a girl of ten, set the house on fire while playing with matches.

PROBE LASTS SEVEN YEARS.

Badger University Commission Limits Work.

Madison, Wis., Feb. 8.—The legislative committee to investigate the state university decided yesterday to engage an attorney and investigate all university expenses of the past seven years. Charges preferred by Prof. G. N. Knapp, recently discharged, were called for and will be thoroughly investigated.

CARRIES $41,000 IN A GRIP.

Montana Man Takes Gold 135 Miles Without Fear.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 8.—Gold bars to the value of $41,000, representing one month's "run" of the cyannide mill of the Barnes King gold mine at Kendall, Fergus county, were brought to the United States assay office here last night by Manager E. W. King, who carried the treasure in a strong leather grip a distance of 135 miles by stage and railroad. He said he never feared being held up.

WALLACE HITS AT RED TAPE

SAYS CONTRACT PLAN WOULD EXPEDITE BUILDING OF CANAL.

Washington, Feb. 8.—John F. Wallace, former chief engineer of the Panama canal commission, yesterday concluded his testimony before the isthmian canal committee, except as to the type of canal, which will be taken up after the reports of the board of consulting engineers have been considered.

He said that red tape system in governmental work compelled him to favor the contract plan of building the canal in order to expedite its completion. He thought the man in charge of the work on the isthmus should be the undisputed nead, with the governor of the zone second, and the man who has charge of procuring of supplies, third in authority.

Present arrangements, he said, amounted to a chain of masters, with the chairman of the commission, an executive commissioner, Mr. Cromwell, Secretary Taft and the president, grading down to Mr. Stevens, or the man in actual charge of operations on the isthmus. He said Mr. Cromwell had been included as one of the masters for the reason that he seemed to have certain undisputed influence which entitled him to be classed in the chain. Headquarters of the commission should be on the isthmus, Mr. Wallace said, and the harder the communication with Washington the less the work would be retarded.

He thought the engineer in charge was not paid an excessive salary.

BIG ISSUE OF OIL STOCK.

Standard Oil to Issue Six New Shares for Every One Outstanding.

New York, Feb. 8.—Unofficial announcement is made in Wall street that the Standard Oil company is preparing to increase its capital stock from $100,000,000 to $600,000,000 by issuing six shares for each one now outstanding. It is not designed to raise immediately any money on this new issue, but simply to divide the present high-priced shares into six and give them to old stockholders. The company has two objects in doing this. One is to try to dispel public criticism that rises every time the Standard declares a 40 or 48 per cent dividend. The other is to bring the stock among a larger number of holders, so that there may be missionaries in every town to help stem the rising tide of opposition to the trust.

MEDALS FOR RUSS HEROES.

All Who Were in War With Japan Will Be Decorated.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 8.—Medals for all those who participated in the war with Japan have been ordered, according to an imperial rescript published in the Russki Invalid yesterday. Those who defended Port Arthur are singled out for special distinction. They will be given a silver medal, and light bronze medals will be bestowed on those who were engaged in battles on land or sea. The soldiers who were not under fire will receive dark bronze medals.

LOOKS WARLIKE.

Germany Recalls All Her Army Officers on Leave.

Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 8—The News-Scimitar learns that a German officer, a first lieutenant in the kaiser's army, is passing through this city, and is authority for the statement that all German officers on leave of absence in this country have been called. The lieutenant is en route to New Orleans or Galveston, where he will sail for Germany via Italy.

PAT CROWE ON TRIAL.

Kidnapper of Eddie Cudahy Charged With Robbery of $25,000.

Omaha, Feb. 8.—The trial of Pat Crowe, charged with robbing E. A. Cudahy of $25,000 in connection with the kidnapping of E. A. Cudahy, Jr., five years ago, was begun in the district court of Douglas county yesterday. It is expected that several days will be consumed in securing a jury.

Garfield's Report in Court.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—The reading of the report on the beef industry made by Commissioner Garfield occupied the entire day in the trial of the packers' case yesterday, and when court adjourned for the day a large part of the report remained to be read.

Boy Frozen to Death.

Edgar, Neb., Feb. 8.—Guy Carson of this place, aged fifteen years, was found last night frozen to death beside a haystack four miles east of this city. The boy had been visiting at Fairmont and started to walk home last Saturday.

Explosion Fatal to Three.

Salt Lake City, Feb. 8.—In a dynamite explosion yesterday in the camp of the Utah Construction company at Tank Point, forty miles west of Grantville, three men were killed and four others were seriously injured.

Will Go to Cleveland Schools.

Fargo, N. D., Feb. 8.—A telegram received in this city announces that Supt. Hicks of the Fargo public schools has been elected assistant superintendent of the public schools at Cleveland, Ohio.

WITTE THROWS BOQUETS AT CZAR

SAYS GREATNESS AND HAPPINESS OF RUSSIA ARE DUE TO NICHOLAS.

PEASANTS MUST BUY LAND

REPLY TO DELEGATION THAT DEMANDS LAND AS GIFT FROM CZAR.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 8.—A delegation of citizens of Ekaterinodar, Caucasia, sent to St. Petersburg to obtain the emperor's personal assurance that the land question would not be settled by the present government but by the national assembly, was received in audience by Premier Witte Tuesday. An interesting account of the interview was published yesterday. The premier pointed out that the agrarian problem could not be solved by a division of the state lands alone, amounting only to sixteen million acres, much of which is forest land. The peasants must be prepared to buy private lands on the easy installment plan as provided by the imperial ukase of November last. The spokesman of the delegation replied that the peasants did not wish to buy land but were determined to receive it as a gift from the government.

Czar Is the Stuff.

At the close of an informal discussion the premier thanked heaven that the conditions in Russia were different from those prevailing in other countries. He said, according to the published report, that a French president was dependent on the electors and an English king on Jewish bankers, but the Russian emperor was independent. The consummation desired by the revolutionists that the country be ruled by poles, Armenians and Jews, would not be realized. The premier is said to have added:

"The greatness and happiness of Russia are due to the emperor. Without the emperor you who wear long coats and high hats would still be peasants."

Laments Unhappy War.

The premier is reported to have remarked in conclusion:

"If only it had not been for this unhappy war, if only victory had been on our side, all would now be well, but God did not so will it."

At the conclusion of the conference the premier promised the delegation that they would be received in audience with the emperor. He gave the same pledge to deputations of Burials (a Mongolian people living chiefly in the government of Irkutsk and Trans-Baikalia), who arrived here to demand special representation in the national assembly and permission to live in their old condition of nomadism.

ALICE GETS FINE GIFT.

French Government's Wedding Present Presented.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Miss Alice Roosevelt yesterday received a wedding gift from the French government. The gift consists of a beautiful gobelin tapistry representing "justice," and was offered to Miss Roosevelt by M. Jusserand, the French ambassador in this city. It was understood that President Roosevelt had informed several European powers that it would not be agreeable if they sent especially expensive gifts, and accordingly most European governments are expected to send small gifts merely to express their good will and wishes to the daughter of America's first citizen, but the French government had already given orders for the manufacture of this rare piece of tapestry.

WOMAN IS AGAIN REPRIEVED.

Mrs. Tolla Is Granted Sixty Days to Present New Evidence.

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 8.—Gov. Stokes yesterday granted Mrs. Antoinette Tolla, the Hackensack murderess, a further reprieve of sixty days, to allow Mrs. Quackenboss, her counsel, to present further evidence for a new trial. The governor took this action as a result of a resolution passed by the board or pardons, asking him to grant a further reprieve.

WHISKY KILLS CONVICT.

Poor Article Smuggled Into Prison Brings Much Sickness.

New York, Feb. 8.—As a result of drinking wood alcohol or a very bad brand of whisky, smuggled into the Castle Williams army prison on Governor's Island, one prisoner is dead, another is in a critical condition and several others are ill.

BURNS MUST DON GOLD LACE.

King Edward Refuses to Make Exception for Labor Minister.

London, Feb. 8.—The Onlooker says that John Burns, M. P., the labor leader and chairman of the board of public works in the new Liberal ministry, recently obtained a personal audience of the king and asked for the royal permission to dispense with the gold laced uniform which the ministers wear when in the king's presence. The king refused to make any exception to the custom.

TREASON TAUGHT BY MORMONS

PROF. WOLFE SAYS SEED OF TREASON IS SOWN IN OATH OF VENGEANCE.

Washington, Feb. 8.—"The seed of treason is sown in the oath of vengeance," declared Prof. Walter M. Wolfe, former instructor in geology at Brigham Young college, Logan, Utah, and who renounced Mormonism the first of the year. He was the first witness examined at the resumption of hearings in the case of Senator Reed Smoot yesterday.

The purpose in resuming the Smoot hearings is to emphasize the objectionable character of the vengeance oath and to show that the orthodox Mormon church is entirely different from the organization controlling the State of Utah. The Josephites do not practice or preach polygamy.

Prof. Wolfe is said to have been removed from the college after it became known he was to testify. He said his dissatisfaction with the church began with the hostility that seemed to rise up between the church and United States government, but he had not lost faith until late in 1904. He was asked concerning the hostility in the church to the nation and where the lines are drawn. He thought the lines are between those living in polygamy and those not. He said that a number of hymns of the church breathed hostility and these are favorites in the church.

KOREAN RULER DENIES.

Signed No Treaty—Invites Powers to Exercise Joint Protectorate.

London, Feb. 8.—Douglas Story, telegraphing to the Tribune from Chefu under yesterday's date, declares that he has obtained from the emperor of Korea a document bearing the imperial seal, the original of which he says he has proved before the British consul at Chefu. In this document the emperor denies that he signed or approved the treaty with Japan or consented to the appointment of a Japanese resident, and "invites the great powers to exercise a joint protectorate over Korea for a period not exceeding five years with respect to the control of Korean foreign affairs."

WORKMAN CAUGHT IN BELT.

Whirled About by Machinery in Mill at Duluth.

Duluth, Feb. 8.—Charles Erickson, a millwright at the Lesure mill, is in the hospital in a precarious condition as the result of being caught in the shafting at the mill. Erickson had been repairing the machinery and the leg of his trousers caught in the belting and he was whirled around like a flail. His nephew, Charles Olson, witnessed the accident and had the presence of mind to jump on the lever and throw off the power. Erickson's leg was broken, several ribs fractured and he is injured internally.

WIFE BEATER GETS SENTENCE.

Duluth Judge Punishes Man Who Pounded His Rheumatic Spouse.

Duluth, Feb. 8.—David Johnson of the Mesaba range, whose home is said to be in Virginia, was fined $100 yesterday by Judge Cutting for wife beating. Mrs. Johnson came to Duluth for treatment at a Turkish bathroom for rheumatism, and was in the establishment when her husband, who appears to have been insanely jealous, came into the place and attacked her with his fists. The woman is crippled with the disease and was wholly at the man's mercy until help was summoned by her screams.

CARS COLLIDE ON TRESTLE.

Fatal Accident to Electric Coaches at Seattle.

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 8.—Running at an estimated speed of twenty miles an hour through a dense fog a Ballard street car and a Fort Lawton car of the Seattle Electric company collided head-on yesterday on the trestle between Interbay and the Smith street siding on the Ballard line. Five men were badly hurt. two of these, John Herron, the motorman of the Ballard car, and one passenger, name unknown, may die.

KILLS TWENTY-FIVE WOLVES.

Taxidermits Claims Championship Among Hunters.

Hayward, Wis., Feb. 8.—Albert Nemec, a taxidermist of Cable, this county, claims the championship of the North Wisconsin wolf hunting. He has killed twenty-five of the animals. Nearly all the wolves killed were of the large gray timber variety, which are wary and exceedingly difficult to kill. Mr. Nemec has killed and captured all the animals by means of the rifle and steel trap.

MILL CITY MAN ARRAIGNED.

John R. Moore Charged With Embezzlement in North Dakota.

Fargo, N. D., Feb. 8—John R. Moore was arraigned here and held to the district court under bonds on a charge of embezzlement preferred by the Dowagiac company, of which he was formerly local manager. Moore had resided in Minneapolis for some time, and an attempt to arrest him in November was unsuccessful. He was located in Red Wing this week and brought here. He gave bonds.

CHINA ON BRINK OF REVOLUTION

ALARMING NEWS SENT BY AMERICAN MINISTER AND CONSULS.

WARSHIPS SENT TO CHINA

TROOPS MAY BE SENT TO PROTECT LIVES AND PROPERTY OF AMERICANS.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Alarming news from China has been received by the state department from Minister Rockhill and the American consuls throughout the empire. In the opinion of the officials here it is a question of only a short time when the expected revolution will occur and this government will be forced to send troops to China to protect the lives and property of Americans. Two warships, the Galveston and Chattanooga, were yesterday ordered from the European station to Chinese waters.

While this government will not act in concert with the European nations, it will act coincident with them.

The boycott of American goods is still in force and boycotting proclamations by the guilds are being circulated despite the imperial government's edict against it. These proclamations contain language calculated to inflame the minds of the Chinese against all foreigners. They urge the Chinese to continue the boycott and so force the repeal of America's exclusion law.

The imperial government is almost hopeless, but it is still endeavoring to co-operate with the foreign nations in stopping the agitation against foreigners. Viceroys are acting independently of the central government, ignoring the instructions of the emperor.

For some time the American government has been preparing to meet trouble in China. It has ordered the establishment of two brigade posts in the Philippines. Three regiments, one brigade, has already been ordered there. Another brigade will be sent soon, making six regiments, which can be sent to China without reducing the force required to maintain order in the Philippines.

PREACHER DIES UNDER A CLOUD.

Confessions of Boys Show That He Was a Moral Degenerate.

Peoria, Ill., Feb. 8.—Rev. George H. Simmons, who resigned his pulpit a few days ago to become the manager of ex-Gov. Yates' campaign for a seat in the United States senate, was found dead in bed at his home here yesterday morning. Simmons was under investigation on serious charges, facts having come to light, it is said, showing that he was a moral degenerate. Boys and young men made the charges against him. Rather than face indictment and trial, he ended his life with poison.

State's Attorney Scholes undertook an investigation and secured some sensational confessions from boys of the congregation. Dr. Simmons was forty years old and is survived by a widow.

A letter found beside the dead man showed his death to have been premeditated.

RUSS ELECTIONS APRIL 7.

Martial Law Will Be Continued Through Campaign.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 8.—The elections to the national assembly are fixed for April 7. The opending session will take place April 28. April 7 is the feast of the Annunciation, one of the great Russian holidays.

Recognizing the advantage of holding the elections under normal conditions, the cabinet yesterday evening discussed the question of abolishing martial law in view of the greater security prevailing throughout the empire, but it was decided that this would be premature, as the country is far from quiet, armed revolution still smoldering in the Baltic provinces and the Caucasus ready to flare up at the slightest opportunity.

HE WANTS CLEAN MONEY.

Congressman Has a Plan to Retire all Dirty Bills.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Representative Fowler of New Jersey has introduced a "clean money bill," which provides that any person or corporation having mutilated or worn currency may send it by registered mail to the treasury of the United States and receive in exchange new currency without postage or registration charges either way.

Fatal Fire in Kansas Inn.

Wellington, Kan., Feb. 8.—A frame hotel building at Rome, this county, was destroyed by fire early yesterday. W. L. Richardson, a grain buyer, was suffocated in his bed. The landlord and his wife barely escaped.

Kills Self and Children.

Boston, Feb. 8.—A woman and four children were found dead in beds at their home last night. An investigation indicates that the woman had killed the children and herself by opening the gas jets.

The Spectator.

ST. HILAIRE, - - MINNESOTA.

At last reports Mr. Fitzsimmons and Mrs. Fitzsimmons were still loving.

The czar needs $240,000,000. So do we, but you don't hear us making any fuss about it.

Any man who can fasten his suspender to a brass button is a general in Santo Domingo.

The Rev. Madison C. Peters says, "Money is not success." Still, nothing seems to succeed like it.

You could never make a woman who owns a pearl necklace believe she could catch a sore throat.

Yachting shares with football one great advantage—in the off season there are the rules to fight over.

A rubber trust, capitalized at $30,000,000, has been organized in New Jersey. Here's your elastic currency.

An English poet sings: "My soul is like some quiet pool." Strange to say the compositor set it up "pool," too.

One of the railroads in Russia is called the Novorossiysk Rostoff. The Lord only knows what the stations are called.

This nation has a sweet tooth. There was an average of sixty-five pounds of sugar consumed in this country last year.

The West Virginia man who has just been enjoined from making love to his wife undoubtedly wants to more than ever now.

Geronimo, the Apache warrior, at the age of 84 has just married his eighth wife. The wise man learns wisdom by experience.

"Take care of the baby when he begins to cut his teeth," says an expert advising mothers. Why not take care of the baby all the time?

Mr. Schwab is still delayed in getting into his new mansion in New York. It takes time to spend $6,000,000 on a private residence.

Mrs. Chadwick is helping to do the laundry work in the Ohio penitentiary. Useful employment for her hands has been found at last.

The marriage of Princess Ena of Battenberg and King Alfonso is set down for June by the society journals, which certainly ought to know.

Sir Thomas Lipton feels sure of winning the cup next year. But Mother Shipton was equally sure the end of the world would come in 1881.

"A wife is a luxury," said Judge Gary, but he didn't pretend to give an exhaustive definition. That would requires several pages of the dictionary.

Looking around the horizon of South American republics, manufacturers of ammunition can see no reason to fear a break in the present wave of prosperity.

Two hundred years ago Ben Franklin was born and since then more has been done with electricity than he ever dreamed of when he was flying his kite.

A Chicago couple have been married three times since last November. What makes the case remarkable is that they were married every time to each other.

Several generals were killed in a battle in Santo Domingo the other day. One army is reported to have lost a toe, while the other lost a part of his left ear.

Apropos of Ben Franklin, it may be recalled that that practical one onced advised his pious father to say grace over the whole barrel of herrings and save time.

Dynamite has been found under the snow on the Neva river, where the czar was going to bless the waters, and it is believed that he will consequently Neva go there any more.

It is said that a letter may be sent from New York to San Francisco and an answer received, all within seven days. Of course, the man who gets the letter has to be more prompt than most of us.

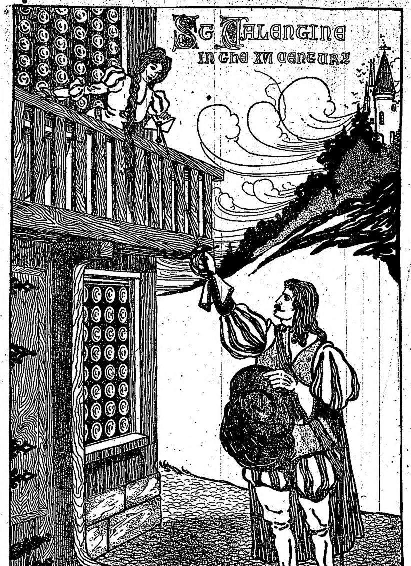
Will the coming man marry? asks a New York minister. Bernard Shaw would say that that will depend entirely on the coming women. If she should want the coming man there would be no escape.

The New York Sun has been carrying on an important discussion as to which leg a man should put into his trousers first while dressing, and the outcome seems to be that he ought to put in the left leg first and the leg left next.

It seems to have been reserved for the Russian revolutionists of 1906 to verify Benjamin Franklin's remark, when he signed the Declaration of Independence: "Now, gentlemen, we must all hang together or we shall hang separately."

The astrologers are unanimous in predicting that this is going to be a disastrous year, thus fixing things to make a convert of every man who gets into trouble. Those who do not get into trouble, of course, will forget all about the prediction.

The census figures show that there are 80,502 more females than males in Massachusetts and that the excess of women over men in the state is steadily increasing. For every reason Massachusetts is one of the very best of the United States to live in.



JOKES AMONG COLLEGE GIRLS.

Have Much Fun Every Fourteenth Day of February.

If it were not for the college girls St. Valentine would be in danger of becoming a cad, but they regard him as a huge joke and jolly him unmercifully. They do not let his day go by unnoticed.

On the contrary they herald it with joy and make great preparations for it, but there is hardly a bit of sentiment in their worship. For three or four weeks before the 14th of February, huge signs appear on the bulletin boards in the dormitories, soliciting orders for valentines, for the girls deft fingers seize the opportunity to make a little money and the girls who have money are quite ready to pay for an original valentine.

And a college valentine must be original above everything else. Sometimes the girl with money supplies the idea and the deft-fingered girl works it out.

The character of these valentines is mostly in the way of a grind and it is carried out by every conceivable device; by water colors, by sketches, by poems, by incongruous articles.

Of course there is the little freshman who feels bound to send her senior "crush," flowers and confectionary, but the true college valentine is a sharp dig. Woe to the girl who has obtrusive mannerisms, for she will be rapped right and left, although the jokes are never hateful. Cupid receives some attention, but it is of the frivolous sort for he is jeered and sneered at.

Contrary to popular opinion, college girls give and take "knocks" as good-naturedly as do college boys, and the lazy girl who receives a bunch of firecrackers on St. Valentine's day laughs heartily at the joke.

The girl with a big ambition to join one of the societies, an ambition which she has been trying to conceal, is a little startled when she receives an enormous Greek letter made out of red paper and on it in black letters:

Sure as sin,
I want a pin.

A clever valentine sent one year to a young woman who was extremely popular with the men was a circle of hearts with the face of one of her men friends peering out of each. In the center was a pen and ink sketch of herself and beneath the words, "All men look alike to me."

Often copies of Gibson, Underwood and Christy are sent and a little dumpling of a girl once received a yard of Fanny Cory's children.

The licorice buttons, which the children buy in a penny candy store, will be sent in large bunches to the maidens who never have time to sew on a button. A ludicrous valentine which was sent last year to a very fat girl was a plump sofa cushion so pulled and twisted as to look exactly like its recipient. And a very tall girl received a scrap of music of the song, "Just take a little bit off the top for me."

There is a reckless disregard of meter or rhythm in the poems which accompany the valentines, but if the hit is considered satisfactory. With a tiny grindstone which was sent to a chronic flunker was the jingle:

Your marks, my love, are fallen behind.
Grab the handle and begin to grind.

With a bunch of all sorts of pencils, big and little, red and blue and ordinary black, which was sent to a girl who was secretary of every organization she belonged to, was the rhymelet, peculiarly appropriate:

As you're always a sec,
You can use this peck.

To a chafing dish expert was once sent a water color of a chafing dish very cleverly painted, and near it was a pink saucer in which reposed a very large heart. Underneath was the invitation:

Thou, lady of the chafing dish,
I'd stake much on thy cookery;
Take my heart, my valentine,
And serve it in thy nookery.

An engaged girl once made the mistake of bidding her fiance good night on a part of the piazza which was so lighted as to throw their shadows clearly on the snow. On Feb. 14, to her amazement, she received representations of that good night in silhouettes, water color and pen and ink drawings, all so well done that the participants could not be mistaken.

The star golf player received from an admiring freshman, with a framed copy of a Gibson girl:

Though you are no cad,
You need a caddie;
Since that is your fad,
Let me be that laddie.

There are college maidens who have the "prom habit," which means that they have numerous invitations to proms at the men's colleges, and are constantly asking leave of absence to attend. One of these maidens received a bunch of leave-of-absence blanks, cunningly copied in pen and ink, and each one was made out, the set giving her permission to go to proms in every college in the country.

The eternal feminine crops out in the keen observation of peculiarities of dress. The girl who does not keep her skirt and belt properly fastened in the back, receives an enormous safety pin; the girl who poses by wearing her hair in a braid down her back receives a water color of a tiny girl with an immense pigtail, and the girl who affects mannish attire receives a tiny pair of trousers.

Some of the seniors who are beginning to realize that college friendships will soon be over, send one another poems of friendship written on ordinary stationery, and art students often send a bit of their work to a particularly beloved friend. Photographs of college scenes are sent to alumnae, and popular members of the faculty receive pretty gifts. But for the greater part, the college valentine is a college joke.

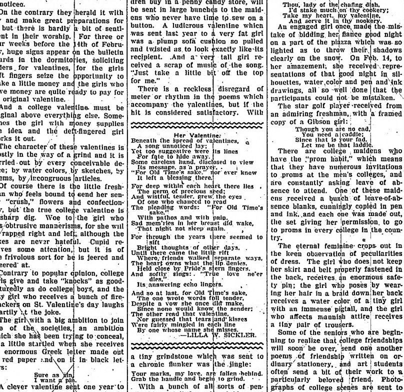
Her Valentine:

Beneath the spread of valentines,
A song unnoticed lay;
Yet too suggestive were its lines
For fate to hide away.
Some careless hand, disclosed to view
Its message, as a prayer.
"For Old Time's sake," nor ever knew
It left a blessing there.

For deep within each heart there lies
The germ of precious seed;
And wistful, tender, grew the eyes
Of one who chanced to read
The pleading words: "For Old Time's sake."
With pathos and with pain,
Sad mem'ries in her breast did wake,
That night not sleep again.

For through the years there seemed to sift
Bright thoughts of other days,
Until there came the little rift
Where, friends walked separate ways.
The heart owns what the lip denies,
Held close by Pride's stern fingers,
And softly sings: "True love ne'er dies,"
Its answering echo lingers.

And so at last, for Old Time's sake,
The one wrote words full tender,
Despite a vow she once did make,
Since none would know the sender;
The other read that valentine,
Nor guessed that tears and kisses
Were fairly mingled in each line
By one whose name she misses.
—LILLA W. SICKLER.



Give me Fourth of July in summer,
Thanksgiving in the fall,
And Christmas 'long 'bout Christmas time—
I love them one and all.

And April Fool and New Year's
Are good enough, I guess,
For any one that likes them,
And so of all the rest.

But along in February,
When the winter's nearly through,
There comes a wish for dainty cards,
With ribbons pink and blue.

TOOK OLD GENTLEMAN'S ADVICE

Just the Counsel Fond Lover Was Looking For.

"The late Bishop Thomas Frederick Davies of Detroit," said a Detroit man, "once told me an interesting story of an elopement. He figured in this elopement as the officiating clergyman. It was in Philadelphia, during his rectorship of St. Peter's.

"It seems that the proprietor of one of the largest dry goods houses in Philadelphia had noticed for some months the melancholy of his head clerk, a young man whom he held in high regard.

"The clerk's pallor and increasing leanness, his frequent sighs and absent-mindedness worried the millionaire proprietor. He questioned the young man daily. And finally the clerk admitted to him that he was in love.

"'Well,' said the head, 'marry her. Your salary is big enough.'

"'Ah,' said the clerk sadly, 'you do not understand. She belongs to one of the first families of Philadelphia and her father is a millionaire.'

"'Well, maybe he wasn't when he married. You have a good position and a good name. You are a fair match for any girl,' said the other.

"'It's no use,' sighed the clerk, 'Her parents would not listen to me for one moment.'

"'Then,' said the other, 'elope with her.'

"'Do you advise that?' the clerk asked excitedly.

"'Certainly, I do. Is she—do I know her?'

"'Yes. She will be at your dance at Devon to-morrow night.'

"'Well, see here,' said the head. 'I'll have my coachman out in front of my gate at 9:30. Rush the girl off into town and marry her. I'll arrange with a clergyman for you.'

"'By Jove,' said the clerk, 'I'll do it.'

"And he did. The next night Dr. Davies performed the ceremony and an hour or two later the millionaire found his daughter missing and was telegraphing in every direction to the the young couple to come home and all would be forgiven."

QUESTIONS HARD TO ANSWER.

Prospective Jurors Greatly Puzzled By Legal Terms.

Some of the strange makeshifts to which a man will resort to conceal his lack of knowledge on any particular line were graphically related by Attorney Elliott, who had hard work in his share of the impaneling of the now famous Gilnooley jury.

A tall Swede was brought in. He gave his name, etc., and was then questioned by the attorney as to legal terms to be used in the case. "What do I mean when I say, 'It will devolve on the prosecution to produce the preponderance of evidence'?"

"Vell, what you say evolve, dissolve, I don't know," came the answer.

A German entered and this phrase was put to him: "It will be the task of the defense to show mitigating circumstances, if such exist." Hopeless stumbling followed, one thought chasing the other with the dignity of Germanized English, which takes a long time to pass any one given point.

Bohemians, Poles and many others followed. From some of all these nationalities came intelligent answers, but some who had never before met the words which now confronted them in awe-inspiring array were hopelessly confused.

One day the best of the many original definitions was given by an Irishman. "What," said the lawyer, "is meant by this, 'The defense will show that there was adequate provocation'?" The whole phrase was too much, so the inquisitor said, "Well, tell me in your own words the meaning of 'provocation.'"

"It means," said the would-be juror, "that a man has done something to me that makes me feel I must get busy with him."—Chicago Chronicle.

Golf in Cactus Center.

We was propped against the 'dobe of that joint o' Poker Bill's
When a tenderfoot was spotted, actin' queer-like in the hills;
He'd a ball of gutta percha, and was puttin' in his licks
Jest a-knockin' it to glory with a bunch o' crooked sticks.

Well, we went up there quite cur'ous, and we watched him paste the ball,
Till a-itchin' fer to try it seemed to get a-holt of all.
And at last Packsaddle Stevens asked to give the thing a swat,
And we gathered round to see him show the stranger what was what.

Well, the golfer stuck the spheeroid on a little pile o' dirt
And Packsaddle swiped and swatted, but he didn't do no hurt;
He barked his shins terrific, and he broke his little stick,
And when he heard a snicker, his guns came out, too quick.

We dropped behind the cactus with some holes clipped in our clothes,
While the golfer for the sky-line wagged his checker-boarded hose;
And when we took home Stevens, and three others that was hurt,
The golf ball still was settin' on its little pile o' dirt.

So we ain't no new St. Andrew's, and we hope no golfer thinks
He can cut loose here in Cactus with a set of oatmeal links;
We go in fer games that's quiet, and stir up no blood and fuss,
And down in Cactus Center poker's good enough for us.
—Denver Republican.

Quit French Islands.

Owing to the emigration of 1,000 persons during three months from St. Pierre and Miquelon—islands immediately south of Newfoundland—out of a total population of 6,500, the French authorities are beginning to fear that the colony is threatened with extinction. The rush of emigration is likely to continue. The poorer inhabitants advocate the transfer of St. Pierre by France to Newfoundland.

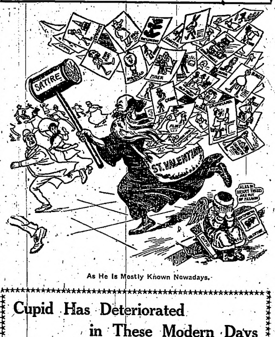
Secretary Taft Rides Much.

Secretary Taft, who is hard at work reducing his great weight, devotes a good deal of time to equestrian exercise, which he finds of much value. The horse he rides has been described "a large, square Percheron, built on dry goods box lines and looking as though he might easily carry half a ton."

Salaries of Ohio Teachers.

It is said that last year the salaries of 24,000 elementary school teachers in Ohio averaged seventy-two cents a day.

THE GREAT "KNOCKER."



As He Is Mostly Known Nowadays.

Cupid Has Deteriorated in These Modern Days

Cupid has deteriorated. Once he was a god. Now he is a cute little valentine ornament, or a prince of archers. To-day he is a target for anybody who feels like firing a rhyme at him. The only pre-eminence which he has saved from the wreck of the rich prospects of his youth is unlimited publicity. Royalty's picture is published less frequently than his.

In the Greek anthology there is a fragment of a delightful little poem, supposed to be by Plato, which presents a really beautiful picture of the god of love as he lies asleep among the roses, with the brown bees settling on his smiling lips to leave their honey there.

And thus Walter Pater, who of all moderns is most Greek in spirit, describes love, as the youth appears to his girl-wife Psyche when she sees him by the fateful lamp—whose flame at very sight of him kindles more gladly:

"She sees the locks of that golden head, pleasant with the unction of the gods, shed down in graceful entanglement behind and before, about the ruddy cheeks and white throat. The pinions of the winged god, yet fresh with the dew, are spotless upon his shoulders, the delicate plumage wavering over them as they lie at rest. Smooth he was, and touched with light, worthy of Venus, his mother. At the foot of the couch lay his bow and arrows, the instruments of his power, propitious to men."

Contrast with these exquisite visions, which adorn the beautiful words that portray them, the Cupid whom we know to-day—a rachitic infant, who looks as if he had been brought up on a patent baby food which was not good for his constitution. On his back are hingeless wings that are invariably either too big for him or too little. Of all precocious infants he most needs medical attention and a mother's guiding tenderness. He smokes, plays golf, toboggans—in fact, does everything that is sporty, up-to-date, and in season, except wearing furs in winter.

Sometimes he appears playing horse, driven by a beauteous damsel in a ball gown who does not seem to be in the least embarrassed by his ingenuous disregard of the conventions which prescribe full dress for evening wear.

Certainly this is not the gleaming god of the shining bow and quiver, he who used to weigh down the eyelashes of maidens, with tears fair as dewdrops on the fringes of a flower—he who touched the soul of man with a fire immortal which burned to bless, or burned to ruin.

This is not the poet god who, seeing a milk-white flower growing upon the plain, lovely as gentleness, but so unpretentious that people passed its beauty by, unheeding, shot into its heart a bolt of gold that turned its pallor purple with love's wounds, so that ever after maiden stooped to pluck it, calling it by the sweet name, "Love in Idleness."

What would Venus say if she could see her darling now? Of course, according to mortal standards, she was never especially motherly. But she had ambitions for her son. And she had also a frank habit of speaking her mind. And if she did not give Cupid pocket money, so that in consequence he has always had a reputation for being out at the elbows, it was certainly no fault of hers, considering his taste in dress.

I think that she would say to him something like this: "My son, it is time you went into training to reduce your weight. And, for goodness' sake, go away on a vacation and get a new expression. I find that some one has been saying about you:

"'We know too much of Love ere we love. We can trace
Nothing new, unexpected, or strange in his face,
When we see it at last. 'Tis the same little Cupid,
With the same dimpled cheek and the smile almost stupid,
We have seen in our pictures and stuck on our shelves,
And copied a hundred times over ourselves.'

"And while you are away, my dear, I will run a matrimonial bureau for you."—Dorothy Fenimore.

Valentine Party.

Here are some suggestions for a valentine party:

Have each girl come bringing with her an old-fashioned paper "valentine." These sentimental affairs are gathered up by the hostess and suspended from a cord which is stretched across the room. Each valentine has the name of its owner written upon the back of it. The gentlemen must not know which one belongs to any particular girl. They are given scissors and told to clip each a valentine. The girl whose name is found on the valentine clipped is valentine or partner for the evening of the man who clipped it.

Or the question of partners may be prettily decided by a blindfold game. Suspend on the cord as many cards bearing numbers as there are girls in the room. Write as many numbers as there are gentlemen present on slips of paper and inclose these in a large heart made of tissue paper. The gentlemen are now blindfolded and asked to clip each a card from the cord. At the same time the heart is punctured with a wand in the shape of a golden arrow and the slips brought down. Each girl receives the slip which she succeeds in catching or which fell nearest to her. The man and girl whose numbers match are declared partners.

Was Made Lottery of Love.

It was consistently the practice of the early Christian church to adopt and purify such pagan festivals as had become ineradicably rooted in the lives and habits of the unconverted peoples. Thus in good time the feast of Februetta Juno was made St. Valentine's day, a festival for beginning prudent and pious courtship. The drawing of names continued, although some of the more zealous pastors, as Butler tells us, steadfastly set their faces against the practice.

How the drawing was done and what was the exact significance in middle-age England at least, are made plain by writers of that nation and period. The practice had long before reached that country, following the spread of reformed Roman customs all over Europe, through the work of the missionaries.

An equal number of young persons of each sex put little tablets inscribed with their names into a box on St. Valentine's day. Drawings were made from the box until each Jack had a Jill, and each companion so bestowed by fate was styled the other's valentine. These were not necessarily expected to become lovers. The young man had the right of custom to be a sort of adopted cousin, whose now authorized friendship might blossom into love—who could tell?

MY VALENTINE

You wish to see my valentine,
So dainty, pure and sweet.
Now isn't it just beautiful,
So handsome, yet so neat?
But there is still a sweetness, too,
That you must read to know,
It is reflected from the soul,
Its tenderness to show.

'Twas such a very dainty way
To let me see his heart,
When he himself should timid feel,
To thus his love impart.
Now shall I let on that I know
Who sent the valentine,
Or shall I try to make him guess,
Until his eyes will shine

Can I repeat the sweet, sweet word,
That in it you may read?
I scarcely like to tell them o'er,
Just read it, if you need
To know what my love thinks of me.
You will his message find
Within the dainty valentine,
And it is sweet and kind.

With the confession of his heart,
That he will have to tell?
For I will naught for granted take,
And he must speak or—well,
I guess that we would drift apart,
And then unhappy be;
For when hearts Cupid once hath chained,
They never can be free.

—Martha Shepard Lippincott, in Sunset Magazine.

TO HIS WIFE.

The Married Man Sends a Valentine

I want some kind of a valentine,
To send to that little wife of mine,
Who's waiting at home for me;
Not paper Cupids and gilded darts,
Nor silly verses, nor satin hearts,
But something—let me see—

Suppose I send her a bunch of posies,
Some violets or a box of roses—
A dollar apiece, you say?
Good Lord! She would ask me what I meant
By spending so much on sentiment,
And flowers, anyway!

By Jove! I'll get her some gloves! Eh, what?
Her size? Great heavens, I have forgot!
Now am I not a dunce?
Alas, that a man should grow so stupid!
Give me an inspiration, Cupid!
I used to have them once.

I used to send her gloves and rings,
Bonbons and flowers, fans and things,
And kisses to her I carried.
But, oh, it was all so different then!
Alas! could we only live over again
Those days before we married!

I might write for her a little rhyme,
And I really would if I had the time
And knew what I want to say;
But the grind of work has dulled my brain!
Besides I have got to catch a train,
So I'll write no rhymes to-day.

Ah, well! it is useless trying to think!
Bring me my check book and pen and ink.
Hang sentiment by the neck
What's the use of St. Valentine's Day?
I'll settle the thing in the same old way,
With a forty-dollar check!

—New York Press.

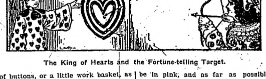
FOR VALENTINE'S DAY

The Heart Hunt and Other Amusing Games and Pastimes.

The first suggestion for a Valentine day party is in the form of a heart hunt. Small paper hearts, red and white, should be hidden all about the room, with occasional chocolate or other candy hearts here and there. The object is for each person to search for the hearts, and the one who finds the greatest number of paper ones, which are the real counters in the game, wins the first prize.

The first prize should be something in the form of a heart, say a photograph holder, a charm, a locket, or a bonbonniere. Some of the hearts should be broken into two pieces if candy ones, or torn if paper, and special prizes offered to those who find the pieces that fit together.

The player who finds most hearts is supposed to be the one who will first be married. To the one who finds least, a consolation prize should be given. If a girl, a suitable prize would be a tea cup and saucer, or a worsted kitten, as she is destined to be an "old maid." A suitable consolation prize for a boy would be a card of buttons, or a little work basket, as he will have to learn the use of them in his bachelorhood.



The King of Hearts and the Fortune-telling Target.

Another game appropriate to the day is "Broken Hearts." Cut out of red cardboard as many hearts, about six inches across, as you will have pairs of guests. Then, with sharp shears, cut each of these into many small pieces, square, crescent shaped, wedge shaped, and so on, keeping the pieces of each heart separate from the others by putting them into an envelope.

Now, from different colored papers cut small hearts, two of each, and put them into two bowls. The players then select one each, the girls from one bowl, the boys from another, and the boys then find their partners in the girls who have hearts matching in color those they have selected.

The envelopes are then distributed, one to each couple, and they must try to put the pieces together to form a perfect heart. The two who first do this stand up and are crowned with red roses made of paper, as this was a classic honor bestowed upon Cupid, the god of love. If you prefer, the girl may be crowned with roses and the boy with a laurel wreath.

This diversion is especially good fun. Get a sheet of heavy cardboard, twenty-five or thirty inches square, and draw on it as large a heart as you can. Then cut the heart out and cover it with white muslin to strengthen it; it may also be braced at the back by strips of wood.

Around the edge of the heart paint a border in green, about three inches wide, which of course, gives you the outlines of a green heart. Inside this paint a black heart of the same width, and again a third in yellow, a fourth in blue, a fifth in red, and in the center a bull's-eye of gold paint, leaving a space of white unpainted.

Having prepared as many arrows as there are guests and a gilded Cupid's bow of classic shape, set up the heart as a target at the end of a long room, from which you have removed as much of the furniture as possible.

Dress a small boy as King of Hearts in a coat of turkey red, with knee breeches cut at the knees in points and covered with hearts of red paper. He should have a collar of three hearts, the points fastened to a band around his neck, and he should also have a cloak of hearts or covered with hearts. A crown of gilt paper, with a heart in the front, will complete the costume.

Cupid, the King, presides at the target, and, as each guest shoots his arrow, recites or reads one of the following couplets, according to the color hit:

If your arrow hit the red,
You will very shortly wed.

Should your arrow pierce the green
No wedding bells for you, queen.

When your arrow hits the blue,
Cupid takes a shot at you.

If the arrow touch the black,
A true love you'll never lack.
If it chance to hit the white,
You will meet your fate to-night.

All alone your years will mellow,
Should your arrow meet the yellow.

If the dart go wide astray,
You will throw your heart away.

Should it pierce the heart of gold,
Joy for you, and love untold!

If you have a Valentine day party you will serve refreshments, and the idea of the day of hearts and love must be carried out as far as possible in everything arranged.

A very pretty way to send your guests to the dining-room is to have some pink flowers in two separate baskets, pink carnations for the boys and pink roses for the girls, for pink is the special color of the god of love. Write beforehand on small cards the names of some famous lovers of history and fiction, fastening the cards with the names of men to the carnations and those with the names of women to the roses. Such names should be selected as Romeo and Juliet, Orlando and Rosalind, Hamlet and Ophelia, Petrarch and Laura, Dante and Beatrice, Leicester and Queen Elizabeth, John Alden and Priscilla, Queen Victoria and Prince Albert, and so on.

Then as each boy takes a carnation and reads the name on the card, he must find the card with the corresponding rose card; that is to say, Romeo must find Juliet, Orlando must find Rosalind, and so on, and they go to the dining-room matched in that way.

The dining-room decorations should be in pink, and as far as possible, heart shaped. Pink crepe paper can be effectively used to give the shape to all the dishes. The ice cream should be served in heart shaped molds or in the form of two doves billing and cooing, and the cream might be pink in color.

Pink hearts, with little love verses attached, should be placed at the guests' places; and these may be taken away as souvenirs of the evening. Following are a few verses that might be used:

Oh, there's nothing half so sweet in life
As Love's young dream. —Moore.

Pains of love be sweeter far
Than all other pleasures are.
—Dryden.

For love is heaven, and heaven is love.
—Scott.

'Tis better to have loved and lost
Than never to have loved at all.
—Tennyson.

There's beggary in the love that can be reckoned. —Shakespeare.

For toasts, those who remember any other quotations about love may recite them, or each guest might read aloud, between the times of serving, the quotations on the heart shaped cards.

Above the table a bow and an arrow might be suspended, or a cupid, or both.

When the guests have come back from the dining-room to the parlor, hand to each one a little lace edged valentine, with a pencil attached by means of a narrow pink ribbon, and on the back of which the following questions are written. The answers to the questions all begin with the word "heart" or the letters h-e-a-r-t:

1. What does she take from us?
2. How do we greet her?
3. By what do we sit?
4. What, oftentimes, is her conduct?
5. What then comes to us?
6. How do we feel?
7. Describe the catastrophe?
8. What consoles us?
9. What do we become under its influence?

The guest who answers most of the questions should receive a prize—a silver heart-pin, an arrow shaped paper cutter, or a box of candy.

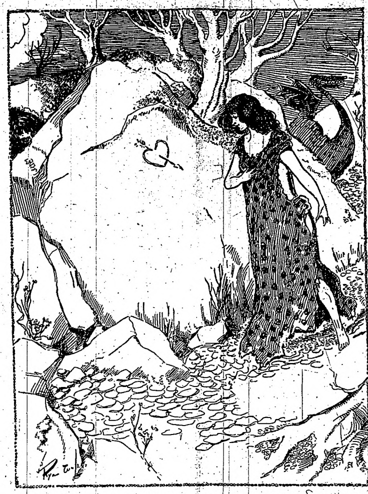
Here are the answers to the questions:

1. Hearts.
2. Heart-ily.
3. Hart-h.
4. Heart-less.
5. Heart-ache.
6. Heart-sick.
7. Heart-rending.
8. Heart's-ease.
9. Heart-whole.

Custom Very Old.

The origin of the valentine is said to have existed for a long time. That originally the old maids and bachelors would meet and all names were written on slips and drawn and the one each drew was to be his or her valentine for a year, and that often these temporary engagements became permanent. Later the custom has drifted into the sending of pictures, first representing Cupid with his arrows at work, but later still to the sending of horrible caricatures of one sort or another, intended as a sort of joke on the one receiving the valentine.—Fredericktown (Mo.) Tribune.

A PREHISTORIC VALENTINE



The Story of the Day

And Suggestions for Its Proper Observance

History says that St. Valentine was beheaded by Emperor Claudius because the young people were so fond of him. He had great power in making love affairs run smoothly and in straightening out quarrels. When he was overcome with misfortune the young mourned him and met secretly each year to pay homage to his memory. On these occasions they presented each other with little tokens which they called St. Valentine offerings, and from this the custom of celebrating February 14 has reached its present popularity.

A clever entertainment for this day can be carried out as follows: Tiny pink tinted bristol board hearts are prepared by the hostess, four or five inches across the widest part; upon these write suitable quotations, among which the following will be found appropriate:

"Love always looks for love again;
If ever single, it is twain.
And till it finds its counterpart
It bears about an aching heart."

"They have o'erlooked me and divided me;
One half of me is yours, the other half yours,
And so all yours."

"Tell me, now last, what love will do:
'Twill hurt and heal a heart pierced through;
'If you love me as I love you,
No knife can cut our love in two.'"

With a lead pencil draw zigzag lines down the center of each heart from top to bottom through the inscription and with sharp scissors cut into two parts, following the marking. No two hearts should be cut alike, as this would confuse the quotations. Punch a hole near the top of each section and distribute the right hand sections to the men and the others to the women. The men then begin their search to match their hearts and much merriment ensues. The first heart matched is joined by pink ribbon, the others are tied with blue. The reunited hearts become souvenirs, which the gallant men present to their mates. In this manner the supper guests can find the partner with whom each is to be seated.

The table decorations can be as elaborate as good taste and one's finances will allow.

Roses for Centerpiece.

A jar of pink roses is used for the centerpiece and attached to each by narrow pink ribbons for the men, and blue for the women, are little red papier-mache heart cases, containing some souvenir which expresses each person's fate—a heart, a ring, a needle, coin, etc. These are distributed after the entertainment. A mound of natural appearing crepe paper roses and green natural vines half concealed electric globes or fairy lights. At each place is a heart guest card pierced with a silver gilt arrow. Cupids, roses and bells can decorate these if the hostess is clever with the brush. Hearts should find a place about the rooms, a red and gilt one alternating on scarlet cords; the globes on the chandeliers or lamps can be covered with pink crepe paper, which will give an additional rosy hue to the surroundings.

The amusements can consist of fishing for hearts. One corner of the room closed off by a screen of paper roses hides the pond where scarlet, pink, silver and gold paper heart valentines are fished for. On each is written the "fate" of the fisherman. One for a man can contain the description of just the opposite sort of woman he thinks much of. The same for the woman. Amusing prophecy is another way to carry out the idea. The refreshments can be simple or elaborate but suggestive of the day.

If the luncheon is to be passed, sandwiches cut heart-shaped and filled with seasoned minced tongue, sardines or egg and olive mixtures will be found delicious. Heart-shaped tarts with currant jelly filling; small heart cakes with icing and tiny silver pellets outline the heart shape; beet salad, the vegetables cut into small hearts, and red raspberry ice formed into hearts with tiny gilt darts thrust through, will be found moderate in price and deliciously appetizing.

Most Appropriate Day.

Feb. 14 is the most appropriate day in all the year on which to announce a nuptial engagement, and clever hostesses are conceiving odd and novel ways in which to convey the news to one's most intimate friends.

One dainty way is to present each invited guest—as they enter the room—with a long stemmed flower, a rose or carnation, to which is attached, by a green or pink ribbon, a little envelope containing a pink heart on which the engagement is written.

Another clever arrangement is to secure unmounted photographs of the couple and cut the background from the heads. These are mounted on pink or green cards so as to appear as though growing from a large scarlet heart. A photographer friend of the couple can secure pictures that will answer every purpose, and some clever poses can be secured.

The clever hostess finds plenty of scope for her talents in various ways for her St. Valentine's party. If she can compose jingles, she may write a verse for each guest, to apply especially. A caution should be observed in such event, however, that nothing in the least calculated to hurt the feelings be concealed in the rhymes.

If she can not write verses she may sketch appropriate designs on cards and perhaps a friend can do the rhymes. Every man draws a number and every girl wears a number; the man must seek his valentine by looking for the number corresponding to his own.

The sketches and rhymes are to be placed in envelopes and the girl receives the one with the man's name, while he receives hers; each must read the one given them aloud to the assembled guests.

Executing Idea.

It will be seen that this idea can be carried out in various ways: Quotations suitable to the day may be inscribed on the cards, and small colored pictures that can be had at almost any stationery store, of doves and hearts transfixed with darts, pasted on. Or hands of well known lovers, as Benedick and Beatrice, Romeo and Juliet, Orlando and Rosalind—may be had to put on the cards.

Of course, the favors should be heart-shaped, and the cakes and ices; so far as possible the dishes may be also in the shape of hearts. A heart-shaped table is very effective, and the ribbons from the chandelier may be fastened by small hearts of roses. Pink and white are the colors to be chosen and the lights may be in silver, with pink shades. Hearts may be the game selected, and the prizes should be something in silver heart-shaped.

For a luncheon it will be pretty to have a basket with as many heart-shaped lockets or rings as there are guests. On one is tied a bunch of orange buds; the others are tied with white satin ribbons, but no flowers. The fortunate girl who draws the first will be a bride before the year closes.

Flattery is hopelessly counterfeit coin.

My Valentine

If you will be my Valentine,
And let me worship at your feet,
Most humble, as it seemeth meet,
And take my vows of faith to you
As earnest of a love more true
Than e'er was pledged in tears or wine,
Hope shall delight to meet us two,
And love's sweet labor seem divine,
If you will be my Valentine.

If you will be my Valentine,
And let me be your lover true,
And smile upon my billet doux,
And love me but a little while,
I'll seek no other maiden's smile,
I'll worship at no other shrine,
But hope shall all my fears beguile,
And every good that is be mine,
If you will be my Valentine.

If you will be my Valentine,
And grant me but a single kiss
From lips more dear, more sweet, I wis,
Than all the lips beloved of men,
I'll ask no more, yea, even when
I most do long, I will resign
My heart to madness once again,
Nor deem my loss a fate malign
If you will be my Valentine.

—WILLIS LEONARD CLANAHAN.

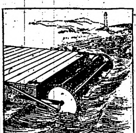
SHOWING THE WORLD'S PROGRESS

Patent for Perpetual Motion.

Perpetual motion "almost for nothing" has just been patented by a Chicago man. Carl August Sahlenberg received from Commissioner of Patents F. I. Allen last week the grant of his patent; which bears the date of Jan. 2, 1906, and the number 808,688.

The particular scheme by which Sahlberg thinks he can secure perpetual motion is a wave motor. It consists, as shown in the accompanying picture, principally of a pier with a paddle wheel at the end. It is the duty of the waves to beat against this paddle wheel and make it paddle. In order to prevent the waves from shirking that duty, the wily inventor has fixed the paddle wheel on sliding supports so that it can be raised or lowered to meet any whim of the tide. The pier can also be turned in any direction so that the waves cannot successfully execute a flank movement on the paddle wheel and by such a simple subterfuge escape "perpetrating" perpetual motion.

"One has the lashing of waves on every coast more than one needs, and in that way one gets perpetual motion almost for nothing," is the way Inventor Sahlberg describes the child of his genius. "When one has motion, one can transform that to electricity, heat and light in the regular way. The invention can probably also be attached to ships and put to useful account. It is unnecessary to call attention to the great importance of such an invention that makes it possible for mankind to take into service the millions of horse powers buried in the waves of the ocean."—Chicago News.



Wave Motor Patented to "Perpetrate" Perpetual Motion.

Africa as Invalids' Resort.

Africa's sunny fountains are recommended for the invalid by the British Association for the Advancement of Science meeting in South Africa. Probably in no other country, they report, is outdoor life as practicable, winter and summer, or can the traveler find more varied and more majestic scenery, while strikingly distinct from that in other lands. Luxurious Pullman trains, with sleeping, dining and buffet cars, fitted up with library, writing room, baths, observation platforms, and other conveniences run from Cape Town to the glorious Victoria falls on the Zambesi river in three and one-half days. Long before reaching the falls columns of spray are seen rising like clouds far into the air and when the train pauses at intermediate stations a dull, distant roar is heard. A chief beauty of the falls is the wealth of color not only in the river foliage of the tropical vegetation or in the dazzling white masses of tumbling foam, but in the prismatic bows sparkling in the mist. Between the forest and the chasm a small bow may be seen almost within touch of the land, and faithfully following, while the more ordinary type spans the gorge or irradiates the gloomy depths below, particularly beautiful in the moonlight.

Medals for Inventors.

Italy proposes to gold medalize the life saver as he appears in the guise of an inventor of safety appliances. At the Milan exhibition next year a gold medal plus anywhere from $100 to $1,500 is offered for each of the following appliances. An apparatus for automatically stopping cars which are moving upon an inclined plane and in case the traction cable should break there is a device which will suppress the danger to life arising from contact between the primary and secondary circuits of an electric transformer; a crane, or hoist, with provision against the rotation of the cranks on the descent of the load; a device for exhausting and collecting dust formed during the sorting and cutting of rags by hand; a contrivance for localized exhaust and successive elimination of dust produced during the cordage of flax, tow, hemp, jute, etc.; a machine to prevent the diffusion of dust in places where the preparation of lime and cement is proceeding.

Believes Gold Disintegrates.

Prof. Frederick Soddy, of Glasgow University, holds the theory that gold is gradually disintegrating into other minerals. He has visited the gold deposits of western Australia and New Zealand and he expresses his conviction that in all probability gold, like radium, is at once the product of some other parent element, and is itself changing to produce "offspring" elements. The professor laments that inadequacy of his resources in the way of gold upon which to experiment, and points to the tons of gold perhaps disintegrating in the vaults of the Bank of England.

Britain and the Decimal System.

John Bull bids fair to learn of France and be wise concerning the decimal system. An important step toward England's adoption of a decimal system of weights and measures was taken by the board of trade, which, in response to a request of the Association of the Chamber of Commerce, has authorized weights of twenty pounds, ten pounds and five pounds as aliquot parts of the cental.

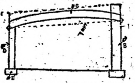
FOR STABLE AND ROOT HOUSE.

Cheap and Effective Plans of Construction Given.

I am putting a stone stable under a barn 30x50 feet, with walls nine feet high. I have small stones for the bottom of the trenches. Would it be advisable to use these in the trenches or as fillers for the concrete? The trenches will be in clay. How can I build a root cellar under the driveway to the barn floor?

It would be better to make a concrete footing, using the small stones in the botton of the trench. Water is liable to lie in a trench among loose stone and cause the frost to heave and crack the wall. For drainage, lay tile on the outside of the footing course a little below the bottom of the trench, having them drain to an outlet; this will carry off all water. If you have no fall or place to drain to, build concrete on the top of the ground, then start the stonework if desired.

To build a concrete root house under the driveway, build it all at the same time as the stone wall under the barn, bonding these walls together. When the root house walls are up 5 feet at the bank side and 6 feet 4 inches or 6 inches at barn side, then put in centers and lagging, supported by uprights and plate, giving the centers a rise of at least one inch in the foot, that is for a root house 12 feet wide. Have a 12 inch rise in the arch centers or ribs; a little more rise is better. The reason of having the arch one foot four inches higher at the barn side of the roothouse is to allow for a door 6 feet high from the basement into the root house. Now carry up the end wall to the shape and height of the centers. Put in three-quarter inch rods from 3 to 5 feet apart, at the spring of the arch having a large washer and nut on each end of each rod, so as to be able to tighten them up after the covering is set, and before taking out the center mould. These rods run through both walls across the roothouse to keep the arch from spreading the walls. (See plan.) A manhole can be built at the top of the arch at one end by putting in a large tile or by building a curb for filling with roots; this serves as a ventilator as well. Also put in a small window at each end wall below the arch to furnish light. On each end of the roothouse on top of the arch a coping wall can be built to retain the earth, as from 12 to 18 inches of earth should be on top of the arch to keep out the frost as well as protect the arch from receiving injury from heavy loads. For the arch use five parts gravel to one part Portland cement. For walls use eight parts gravel to one part Portland cement. Stone fillers may be used in the arch and the side walls.

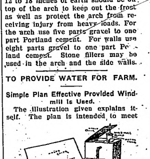


Cross Section of Root House Under Under Way.

TO PROVIDE WATER FOR FARM.

Simple Plan Effective Provided Windmill Is Used.

The illustration given explains itself. The plan is intended to meet the needs of the ordinary dairy or stock farm where there is a windmill for pumping the water. A two-inch tube conveys the water into the galvanized iron house tank, which is enclosed in a tight wooden box. Water is dipped from this tank for household purposes both summer and winter. The overflow pipe is near the top, hence does not freeze as it is never filled with standing water. The overflow is conveyed from this tank to a galvanized iron milk tank which is also enclosed in a wooden box, and has an overflow pipe from it to the horse and cattle watering tank, which may be situated at some distance away.



A Farm Filter Outfit.

A very good filter for surface water can be made of any suitable receptacle such as a tank or water-butt, on the bottom of which should be laid fairly large pebbles or broken stones to a depth of six inches, then, over this, a six-inch layer of coarse gravel; over this, nine inches of fine gravel, and finally, a layer of clean sharp sand to a depth of ten or twelve inches. A top layer of about three inches of fresh sand added from time to time will keep the filter in good working order throughout the season; but it should be thoroughly cleansed and fresh material provided at least once a year. The water for use should be run off from the bottom of the filter by means of a draw tap or syphon into another vessel kept for service purposes.

Liquid Solid Concrete.

Liquid solid concrete is the New York novelty. Compression tests carried on at Columbia University on cylindrical test pieces of concrete seventeen days old and twelve inches long by four in diameter showed that the material flowed under a load of 120,000 to 150,000 pounds. The concrete was held in steel tubes. Two test pieces were compressed by more than three inches and the diameter correspondingly increased. It was supposed that this excessive distortion had completely disintegrated the concrete and left it a powdered mass, but when the steel tube was sawed apart and removed the concrete was found to have taken the exact shape of the distorted tube and was solid and perfect.

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H. E. IVES, Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn, as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

Subscribers should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

Remittances should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Feb. 10, 1906.

Can anything good come out of the U. S. senate? We will wait until we see what they do to the railroad rate bill.

If you see a man looking blue these days it's a good guess that he is thinking about or has just paid his personal property taxes.

Secretary of State Peter E. Hanson has declared that he will not be a candidate for the republican nomination for governor. There are others, however, who are not saying a word.

We feel like congratulating the farmers of this vicinity upon the business-like manner in which they are going about their flour mill project. It looks to be now almost certain of success.

Game wardens do not do their duty up in the Rainy River country, says our correspondent. Game wardens like to do their heavy work around the corridors of a steam-heated hotel.

The Hepburn railroad rate bill has passed the house by a vote of 346 to 7 and the bill goes to the senate, where the real trouble will commence. This is the bill advocated by the president.

The game of "high finance," in which you get the other fellow's money for nothing and loan it back to him at a high rate is not as good a game as it used to be. In other words, the grafters are having trouble.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: Another valuable lesson was given in co-operation at the farmers' meeting at St. Hilaire last Friday. The farmers of that neighborhood will organize a $25,000 company and build a big flour mill and elevator, and will benefit as a result. If every community had the same energetic class of farmers that resides near St. Hilaire the Red River Valley would set a pace that would astonish the world.

We are in receipt of a communication signed "Citizen of St. Hilaire" with a note asking us as a friend to publish. For friend or foe, will not deviate from our rules; we will not publish anonymous communications. The writer's name must be known. If you are ashamed or afraid to sign your article, we too are ashamed to publish it. If the writer wants his communication published, let him call at this office and sign it.

Mankato Free Press: News from Huron is to the effect that a driver of a Standard Oil company wagon is under arrest there on a charge of stealing money from the concern. Rockefeller ought to come to the unfortunate man's rescue. Men of the same stripe should stick together in case of an emergency. The only difference between John D. and the driver is that the former has a systematic and withal polite way of holding up the general public while the poor driver resorted to petty thieving.

A Fishing Spider.

A peculiar spider that is found in parts of South America, principally in the vicinity of Buenos Ayres, catches fish at certain seasons of the year. In a shallow part of the stream it weaves between the stones a double sided or funnel shaped net, into which, running upon the water, it drives little tadpoles, well known fishlike larvae of the frog. The shriveled husks or skins of these creatures, which lie strewn in great numbers about the spider's nest, show plainly that it thoroughly understands its business.

A Painful Dilemma.

Senior Partner—What are you looking so glum over? Junior Partner—Got a note from my wife that the pug is lost. Now, if I don't sympathize for her a whole lot she will say I am a cold blooded brute, and if I do sympathize she will suspect that I hired some one to steal the dog and am just condoling with her for a bluff.

Possession.

It so falls out that what we have we prize not to the worth while we enjoy it; but, being lacked and lost, why, then we rack the value. Then we find the virtue that possession would not show us while it was ours.—Shakespeare.

Enforce our Game Laws.

St. Hilaire Spectator,
St. Hilaire, Minn.—

Having just read in The Spectator the issue of the game laws by the Crookston Times, I would say it was something I have been looking for, for some time. As I am located on the northern boundary line of Minnesota, in the timber country, I am somewhat interested in the protection of the large game still remaining in this northern country.

Manitou is located on the shore of Rainy river about 30 miles west from International Falls, half way between Manitou rapids and Long Sault rapids. At each of these rapids is a Canadian Indian reservation with about 160 or 175 Indians. These Indians do practically nothing but hunt and fish, winter and summer, and as their own land contains only about 10 or 12 sections there have no large game to hunt, therefore they have been in the habit for years of hunting on the American side.

Now since settlers have come in here they would like to see those Indians do their hunting where they belong, and for that purpose a number of petitions have been circulated and signed by every settler and business man, asking the state game warden to have a deputy in this vicinity to stop this wholesale killing of game, and we have been politely informed that the state had no funds available for that purpose. We have petitioned the governor and also Mr. Fullerton with the same results.

I might give an idea the extent of the hunting when I say that one Indian alone last winter killed not less than 13 moose, another 9 more, and another 5 deer, not saying anything about the other Indians. Last fall on the first snow they were hunting every day with dogs and snares and every other way to get game. They do not only kill the game but also chase it out of the country. Last spring in the trapping season (for bear) they would kill a moose for bait. In this way one Indian told me he got two bears where he had killed two moose for bait. He did not take care of any of the meat: it was too far for him to carry home.

Now this is the way the game is treated here, and no one to stop them. If the state has game laws, or if it has not, what is the difference? There is nobody to enforce the laws we have got, no funds to hire a warden. After a few years we shall have no need of one—there will be no game to protect—in this vicinity. I am told that last summer 76 moose were killed near Lake of the Woods. That's going some.

If anything could be done to stop those Indians from hunting here, there would be a good deal done. The settlers do not get fat on the game they get in this vicinity. I hope the state will make laws and raise money to enforce the laws (more important). All settlers would be pleased.

A. M. Hanson.

Manitou, Minn., Jan. 31, '06.

Shevlins Settle Difficulties.

There will be no second trial of Edwin C. Shevlin's suit against Thomas H. Shevlin, of Minneapolis, by which the younger brother sought to secure the re-transfer of the stock alleged to have been secured from him by undue influence and fraud, says the St. Paul Dispatch.

A settlement between the brothers was affected and Tuesday an order was filed in the district court dismissing the action.

Counsel D. Case refused to make a statement as to the definite terms of the settlement, but A. B. Jackson, attorney for the plaintiff, intimated that his client had received practically everything he had sued for, and that he would get back the Crookston and St. Hilaire Lumber company stock, now valued at between $200,000 and $300,000.

The younger brother brought suit about two years ago to secure possession of this stock that he had sold to the millionaire lumberman for $70,000. He alleged that the sale had been forced on him by "Tom," and that he had not known the true value of the stock.

A verdict for the defendant was returned by Judge Simpson, but this was reversed and a new trial granted by the supreme court.

The case was to have come up for a second trial in the district court last Tuesday.

The Congressional Library.

In its fine building the library of congress should be safe against destruction for many centuries. Fire has cost the world many of its greatest collections. It ruined the ancient Alexandrian library of the Ptolemies when the Christians sacked the temple of Serapis in the year 275. It cost the world thousands of ancient manuscripts that were stored in Constantinople when the Crusaders captured the city. Twice the library of congress has suffered by fire—first at the destruction of the capitol by the British in 1814 and again in 1851. In its present housing it is protected by every possible safeguard and directed in its development by the most expert of custodians. And with a sense of pride in which all Americans must share the nation has given to its foremost sculptors and artists the opportunity to enrich its walls with their works. It is a monument to American thought and learning, which must grow in value and significance with each year.—New York World.

Good looks bring happiness. Friends care more for us when we meet them with a clean, smiling face, bright eyes, sparkling with health, which comes by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

For refreshments call at Number 488

Charley Fellman's "hund" is gone.

CALUMET
BAKING POWDER
NOT MADE BY THE TRUST

Health

Calumet makes light, digestible wholesome food.

Economy

Only one heaping teaspoonful is needed for one quart of flour.

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the board of county commissioners at the office of the county auditor of said county, in the city of Red Lake Falls on the sixth day of March, A. D. 1906, at one o'clock p. m.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this sixth day of February, 1906.

(Seal) James E. Ford, County Auditor.

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the drainage ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a drainage ditch along the following described route in the towns of Sanders, Black River, Bray and Polk Centre, in said county of Red Lake, and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

Commencing at the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 29 in township No. 153, of range forty-four, on the north side of the quarter line: thence running east along the quarter line to the section line between sections 28 and 29 in the town of Sanders; thence south on the east side of the section line to the north line of section 5 in township 152, of range forty-four; thence west along the south side of the town line to the southeast corner of lot 4 in section 31, township 153, range 44; thence across to the north side of the town line and west therefrom along the town line to Black River and terminating at said Black river at or near the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of section 34 in township 153 of range 45 as its outlet.

Also one branch ditch No. 1, commencing on the east side of the section line at the southeast corner of section six in township 152 of range 44, thence running north to the northeast corner of said section six, having the above described main ditch as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by chapter two hundred thirty (230), of the general laws of Minnesota for 1905.

Dated January 17th, 1906.

P. A. Ecstrom, Alfred Dahlstrom,
Marius Miller, Chas. Herman Peterson,
August Hoppe, Wilhelmina Ortloff,
A. J. Larson, John Petterson,
J. A. Anderson, Erick Johnson,
Petitioners.

[fb10-24]

Order for Hearing on Claims.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court.
Special term, February 6, 1906.

In the matter of the estate of John Julin, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of John Julin, deceased, late of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, being granted to K. O. Gigstad;

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order in which, all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Monday the 7th day of May, 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a regular term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

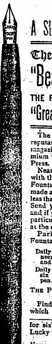
And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire, in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 6th day of February, A. D. 1906.

{ Probate Court Seal } By the Court, N. W. Tarrant, Judge of Probate.

(f10-mch3)

McMURRAY'S VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP



A Striking Combination

The Pioneer Press
"Best Newspaper"
THE PARKER LUCKY CURVE
"Greatest Fountain Pen"

The same pen with world wide reputation advertised in leading magazines now given as a premium with the St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Nearly everybody is acquainted with the merits of the PARKER Fountain Pen. It is the best made and never sells at retail for less than $1.50. Take no chances. Send your subscription at once and if you are dissatisfied in any particular money will be refunded at the end of subscription period.

Parker's Lucky Curve Gold Fountain Pen given as follows:

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, six mos. and pen............	$2.35
Daily Pioneer Press six months and pen..................	$1.85

The Pioneer Press
St. Paul, Minn.

Find enclosed $________for which you will send me The ________ Pioneer Press for six months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.

Name ________
Town ________
State ________
R. F. D. No. ________

ANNUAL REPORT

— OF THE —

St. Hilaire Creamery Association

For the year ending Dec. 31, 1905

Receipts:

Amount of cream received	462,083 lbs
Amount of butter fat	118,148.5 lbs
Average test	25.2
Amount of butter made	134,683¼ lbs
Amount of butter sold in state	7,459 lbs
Amount of butter shipped out of state	126,513 lbs
Amount of butter sold to patrons	711¾ lbs
Gross receipts	$32,376 59

Disbursements:

Paid Buttermaker's salary	$ 900 00
Paid for tubs, ice, salt and fuel	860 68
Incidental expenses	1,020 98
Sinking fund	785 02
Paid patrons in checks	24,431 14
Paid patrons in oil, butter, milk and salt	404 96
Paid freight and commission	3,812 88
Amounts brought forward	160 93
Total disbursements	$32,376 59

Financial Standing of Creamery

For the year ending December 31, 1905.

Cash on hand at beginning of year	$ 413 03
Received from sinking fund	804 15
Received for wood, tubs, ice and salt	704 89
For oil	20 60
For salt sold to patrons	163 80
For tubs and salt sold for cash	238 35
Total	$ 2,344 82

Total disbursements	$ 1,242 27
Cash in sinking fund at the end of the year	1,102 55
Total	$ 2,344 82

Present valuation of creamery, $3,000.00.
Number of shares, 91.
Value of each share, $45.00.

N. A. Nelson,
Secretary.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

Receipts, 1905:

In the treasury Jan. 29, 1905		$ 217 88
January,	sales	1,331 71
February	"	1,929 08
March	"	2,131 30
April	"	2,212 24
May	"	3,645 60
June	"	3,895 21
July	"	3,559 44
August	"	3,826 82
September	"	2,418 23
October	"	1,324 92
November	"	1,718 38
December	"	714 46
Reduction as freight and commissions in year 1905		3,812 88
Total receipts during 1905		$32,738 18

Disbursements, 1905:

January	$ 1,222 77
February	1,469 57
March	2,174 47
April	2,025 58
May	2,333 87
June	3,818 88
July	3,801 77
August	3,342 61
September	2,770 64
October	2,122 38
November	1,374 62
December	1,186 45
Paid for freight and commission during the year	3,812 88
Balance in treasury at end of year	1,286 54
Total disbursements in 1905	$32,738 18

Chas. Gustafson,
Treasurer.

Order for Hearing Application for Appointment of Administrator.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court.
Special term, January 16, 1906.

In the matter of the estate of Bernhard Thelander, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Christine Thelander, of the county of Red Lake, representing, among other things, that Bernhard Thelander, late of the county of Red Lake, in the state of Minnesota, on the 30th day of December, A. D. 1905, at the county of Red Lake, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the wife of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to K. O. Gigstad granted:

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before said court, on Monday the 12th day of February, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county.

Ordered further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., the 16th day of January, A. D. 1906.

{ Probate Court Seal. } By the Court, N. W. Tarrant, Judge of Probate.

(j20-4t-f10)

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on March 14th, 1906, viz:

Fredrik Christiansen, H. E. No. 21831, for the Lot 1, Sec. 5, T. 152 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

A. A. Odegaard, of St. Hilaire, Minn.
Ole Helgeson, " "
James Braaten, " "
Ole Braaten, " "

R. J. Montague,
Register.

f3m10

CROOKSTON
LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Button's Business College and Shorthand Institute

Crookston, Minn. ☞ and ☞ Wadena, Minn.

OFFERS to take you through a complete course in Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Typewriting and let you pay for your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after situation is secured for you. It practically costs you nothing because we get you a position where you earn at least $10.00 per month more than you ever earned before. We want 500 students to enter this college during the next three months and make the above unparalleled offer to get them. The courses are: : : : : : : : :

Normal, Shorthand and Typewriting,
Music, Commercial,
Preparatory, :::: Telegraphy.

THIS is the only College in the United States that guarantees a good paying position to every graduate. If we don't get you a satisfactory situation you need never pay us one cent : : : : : : : : :

J. A. Button, Principal

Crookston, Minn. ☞ and ☞ Wadena, Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to....

H. E. IVES, President. H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, - - - - MINNESOTA

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, Minn

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.

A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.

GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
"The Comfortable Way"

EAST OR WEST
is via the
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

All Principal Points Quickly, Comfortably, Easily Reached.

For detailed information, rates, etc., call on H. M. SWENSON, Agent, ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

S.S. "Minnesota" sails from Seattle for the Orient Feb. 1, 1906.
S.S. "Dakota" sails from Seattle for the Orient, March 12, 1906.

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.
9:15 am Lv.....Crookston.....Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.
10:10 am Lv.....St. Hilaire.....Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar.........Wylie.........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz R. H. Duntley Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. O. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3850 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109, Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K.R. Killand, Secy.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Timothy, clover and wild hay for sale. See P. O. Hagglund.

Supt. of Schools McAnulty was visiting schools in this vicinity on Thursday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Dr. J. E. Argue finished his work here last Monday and returned to Red Lake Falls.

Bruce Harris, of the Crookston Lumber company, was doing business here on Thursday.

L. T. Bergh came in from his claim the first of the week and is spending the week in town.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

W. A. Sorsoleil and wife spent last Sunday at Red Lake Falls visiting with Frank E. Hunt.

K. O. Gigstad made a short business trip to Red Lake Falls Monday evening on probate court matters.

Joseph Bourdon and wife, of Red Lake Falls, were here last Tuesday visiting with A. O. Davison.

Charles Bourcier announces the arrival of a bouncing baby boy at his home last Wednesday night.

John Coleman, foreman of the planing mill at Bemidji, was here Thursday looking over the mill.

The planing mill has been doing very little business the past week owing to the bad weather and a lack of cars.

Services in the Swedish Mission church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. All are cordially invited. L. W. Nordhus, pastor.

C. H. Martz went down to Crookston last night to attend a meeting of the farmers' institute at the experimental station.

Henry J. Enderle braved the storm last Saturday evening by driving over from Plummer to spend Sunday here with friends.

There will be services at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. All are welcome. Alex Sand, pastor.

The first of a series of I. O. O. F. parties occurred at their hall last evening, W. A. Arthur and H. E. Ives entertaining at cards.

There was not a quorum present at the council meeting last Monday evening so the meeting was held on Wednesday evening.

Miss Huldah Gigstad went down to Red Lake Falls on Thursday to take in the meeting of the Red Lake County Teachers' association.

"It pays to advertise in THE SPECTATOR," says C. H. Martz. "I ran a live stock ad. for three months and had surprisingly good results from it."

B. B. Penner came up from the southern part of the state on Thursday and will spend a few days here before going to his claim in Roseau county.

Richard Wallin has purchased from Peter Anderson his dwelling on Water street. The consideration was in the neighborhood of seven hundred dollars.

Methusala was all right, you bet
For a good old soul was he,
They say he would be living yet,
Had he taken Rocky Mountain Tea.
Imperial Drug Co.

A number of the lady friends of Mrs. O. F. Post planned a pleasant surprise on her last Monday evening, it being a birthday anniversary. A pleasant evening was spent at cards.

Anyone owning real estate in the townships of River Falls, Rocksbury, Sanders, Black River, Polk Center, Wyandotte, Bray and Smiley and the village of St. Hilaire, can pay taxes on same at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire.

Today at Crookston will occur the marriage of Miss Jurtie Kaje to Mr. Charles F. Carlson, both of this village. The contracting parties are very well known here and each have hosts of friends who will wish them a prosperous and happy voyage through life. THE SPECTATOR wishes to add its congratulations.

Have you been betrayed by promises of quacks, swallowed pills and bottled medicine without results except a damaged stomach. To those we offer Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

It's a wise little animal, the ground hog, and if the other five weeks are going to be like the past one he did well to go back in his winter quarters last Friday.

William Husman, who formerly ran the bowling alley here, dropped in from North Dakota last Tuesday and spent a couple of days visiting friends. He was on his way to his home in Iowa.

The people of St. Hilaire can hardly be said to be "broke," as the bank statements published this week show that they have nearly one hundred thousand dollars on deposit in the two banks.

The train that left here last Saturday evening had all kinds of trouble getting to Crookston. They got as far as the cut at Benoit and spent the night there, getting to Crookston about noon on Sunday.

M. L. Hanson has been busy the past week moving his store into the I.O.O.F. building. He commenced work on Saturday and had several days of hard work, but now is nicely settled in his new location.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.

JULIUS PLETH,
tf Plummer, Minn.

The Merchants State Bank is decidedly up to date and has secured a large consignment of new savings banks which they are distributing to their customers. The safes are a new design and a novel and convenient saving device. Get one and acquire the habit.

John Winkler and a select coterie of scientific friends held an observation party last Thursday night to observe the eclipse of the moon, and have furnished THE SPECTATOR with diagrams showing that the eclipse started at 11:45 and became total about two o'clock on Friday morning.

We would like to again call attention to those of our subscribers to whom we sent out bills recently, that it would be very acceptable if they would send us a remittance. We have a large amount due us on subscription accounts and it would come in handy to pay bills with. Let us hear from you.

From waste paper alone last year one railroad realized $5,000. Pins, pens, nails, old brooms, tin cans, bottles and worn out machinery of all sorts are gathered up and turned into money. Even the ashes are sold or utilized for improving the road bed. The greatest corporations in the world, says the Chicago Journal, are not above taking care of the fractions of pennies. The railway scrap heaps of the country last year reached the value of $1,250,000.

Valentine Social.

The Epworth League of the M. E. church will give a Valentine social Tuesday night, Feb. 13, at the church. Doors open at 7:30; admission 15 cents, which includes lunch. Everybody come. Rev. C. W. Gilman, pastor.

A Decided Success.

The mask ball given by the St. Hilaire Band at Imperial hall last Friday evening was by all odds the most successful affair of the season. About fifty couples were present and there were a large number of beautiful and comic costumes. The committee awarded the first prize to Miss Mabel Hannay for the most beautiful costume. Carlstein Simonson was awarded the prize for the best costume and Jens Nelson for the most comical.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held at the village hall Feb. 5, 1906, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by President O'Brien.

Members present: O'Brien and Johnson.

On motion meeting adjourned to Wednesday evening, February 7th, at 8 o'clock.

February 7th, at 8 o'clock adjourned meeting convened.

Members present: O'Brien, Martz, Johnson and Gigstad.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and on motion accepted.

The report of the marshal and street commissioner read and on motion accepted.

On motion the communication from the county auditor of Red Lake county be laid on the table.

Moved, seconded and carried that the council abate the sidewalk tax on the south side of lot 1 in block 39, Original townsite.

The following bills were allowed in full:

St Hilaire Band, for services rendered in January	$10 00
R J McKercher, work	1 00
Christ Bjerk, work	1 95
C H Remington, salary	50 00
St Hilaire Spectator, publishing council proceedings	18 75
C J Fellman, attending fire meeting at Crookston	3 45
Carl Johnson, leather for fire pump	50
Park, Grant & Morris, lamp supplies	19 15

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'BRIEN,
President.

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Recorder.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

"WHAT IS HOME WITHOUT A MOTHER?"
"WHAT IS A FARMER WITHOUT A MILL?"

Contributed by Mr. C. H. Martz.

BY THE large attendance of the farmers which were in the village last Friday, February 3rd, and attended the meeting that was called for the purpose of reporting progress and further considering building the proposed new flour mill and elevator, certainly goes to show that they are unanimously in favor of and fully alive to the present necessity of building a mill and elevator.

When we all get together and talk over and think of the present condition, does it not seem strange to all of us farmers, considering that Providence put heads on our shoulders and brains in the same, so that we might make use of them in a way that would improve our condition and be a blessing to ourselves and all mankind; that we are at the present time allowing a large per cent of our labor to be practically wasted in a way that we receive no benefits from the same, either to ourselves or our families, and is a great loss to the community at large.

At this time in looking over our past we can see so plainly that we have sustained this loss for the inexcusable reason that we have failed to take advantage of the resources at our command. For the farmers to continue any longer, as we have in the past, and unnecessarily throw away our profits from year to year, amounts to nothing more or less than criminal extravagance in addition to the present manner of handling our grain, and we take in consideration the excessive rate of taxes that is arbitrarily being imposed upon the people of Red Lake county. "Disaster to us all" are the only words that we can apply to the present conditions.

As we all know these to be solid facts, is it not certainly a most gratifying condition to know that we are making such rapid progress towards getting subscriptions for our new enterprise? It would be a difficult matter for any community in any walk of life to make a better showing than our farmers have shown. The good feeling and harmony that prevailed at our meeting and the intelligent discussions made on our subject is good evidence that the farmers are working together and have a good and friendly feeling toward one another and interested in each other's welfare. Therefore I think I express the sentiment of the farmers of this vicinity that we have positive opinions regarding our rights and that our efforts and energy from now on will be given to put us in a position so that we will get a fair and just portion of that which is ours and belongs to us because we twisted it out of the mud by the sweat of our brow. Therefore, knowing that we have without any mental reservation resolved as above set forth, we know that there is not a farmer anywhere in this community that can afford to let the present opportunity pass, and every farmer that has not subscribed for one or more shares of this stock should do so at his earliest opportunity. While we do not expect to pay in any of the money for some months it is important that the list is subscribed to in full to the amount of ten thousand dollars and give us time to get the plant in operation to handle our crop for this year and save ourselves any further loss.

Look over the names of the many good farmers who are now on the list and I am sure you will be convinced at once that this is to be nothing more or less than a square deal proposition, and when the canvassers that we send out to solicit names to our list see you, they will give you all the information about what has been accomplished, and I believe that if you are fair to yourselves you will see that you cannot afford to be on the outside.

Subscribe to our list and come to the next meeting and we will appreciate your assistance and ideas in framing the by-laws and articles of incorporation, which we expect to have ready for final disposition at our meeting on the second Friday in March when we expect the largest attendance of farmers that has ever been in St. Hilaire at one time. Be sure to be there instead of staying at home and getting the blues, gazing into your empty feed bins and racking your brains scheming to knock out the meat trust by producing a superior article of beef and pork by feeding a ration of snowballs. I have experimented along these lines and have about the same results as one can get by giving the cows a moonshine bath and am now convinced that the thing to do is to quit pawing in the air and fill our bins with the golden grain properly ground at our own mill at first cost.

When we have this accomplished, and owning our own creamery, we are independent of the corporations who think that they are so systematically forcing us into their nets and making us meekly recognize them as our masters, and while they charm us with their oily palaver they put upon us the yoke of slavery.

Everybody join hands and help clip the wings of these self-appointed guardian angels that are now charging us fifteen and sixteen dollars per ton for feed and who expect that our gratefulness toward them will increase from year to year in the same ratio that the price of mill sweepings and bran increases.

Come to our next meeting and help yourself by signing your name to the good cause, and when you leave the hall you will feel like throwing your hat in the air and crying out "Here goes three cheers for the new mill! I am in it!"

Directors Meet.

The officers and directors of the new flour mill company held their first meeting in this village last Monday and organized for the work of soliciting stock. Nels K. Anderson, Peter Engelstad, N. A. Nelson, A. A. Erickson and Mike McAndress were appointed special canvassers to lay the matter before every farmer in this section before the next meeting which is called to meet at the village hall on Friday, March 9. Besides the regular solicitors all of the officers and directors are empowered to receive stock subscriptions. Between six and seven thousand dollars has already been raised and those in charge have every reason to believe that they will have more than the necessary $10,000 subscribed before the next meeting. We hope to publish a complete list of all who have subscribed for stock the latter part of this month. The directors will hold another business meeting on Friday, March 2nd.

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of Merchants State Bank at St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on Jan. 29, 1906.

Date of call by Supt., Jan. 29, 1906.

Date of report by bank, Feb. 3, 1906.

RESOURCES.			
Loans and discounts			$40,694 11
Overdrafts			927 30
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			3,997 99
Due from banks		13,457 95	
Checks and cash items		87 62	
Currency	625 00		
Gold	585 00		
Silver	411 25		
Fractional	5 39		
		1,626 64	
Total available assets		15,172 21	15,172 21
Total			60,791 61
LIABILITIES.			
Capital stock			$ 10,000 00
Surplus fund			100 00
Undivided profits, net			1,691 54
Dep. subject to check		17,969 81	
Demand certificates		2,517 04	
Total immed. liabilities		20,486 85	
Time certificates		28,513 22	
Total deposits		49,000 07	49,000 07
Total			60,791 61

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake }

I, K. O. Gigstad, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier.

Attest: (Two) Directors:
Daniel Patterson.
H. E. Ives.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3rd day of Feb., 1906.

A. O. DAVISON,
(Seal) Notary Public,
Red Lake Co., Minn.
My commission expires Dec. 15, 1912.

Pushing Power of Ideals.

"The pushing things in this world are ideals, not ideas," says the New York Commercial. One ideal is worth twenty ideas in propulsive force. No naked idea is fit to become an ideal until we illuminate it and dress it up. After following our ideal for years and years we have finally reached its high excellence in producing the ideal family beverage, golden grain belt beer. It should be served regularly with meals if you desire to insure good health and happiness. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Notice to Creamery Patrons.

The St. Hilaire Creamery association has a limited number of shares for sale at twenty-five dollars each. Patrons having no shares should leave their orders at once with the secretary or any member of the board.

This is likely to be the last chance to get a share. As soon as the limit of the capital stock is reached the sales will be closed.

N. A. NELSON,
Secretary.

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of First State Bank at St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on Jan. 29, 1906.

Date of call by Supt., Jan. 29, 1906.

Date of report by bank, Feb. 3, 1906.

RESOURCES.			
Loans and discounts			$42,726 86
Other bonds, stocks and securities			851 55
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			4,000 00
Other real estate			225 76
Due from banks		5,126 96	
Checks and cash items		72 13	
Currency	1,513 00		
Gold	535 00		
Silver	433 92		
Total available Assets		7,681 01	7,681 01
Total			$55,485 18
LIABILITIES.			
Capital stock			$10,000 00
Surplus fund			2,000 00
Undivided profits, net			332 28
Dep. subject to check		$11,606 98	
Demand certificates		2,103 85	
Total immediate liabili's		13,710 83	
Time certificates		29,442 07	
Total deposits		43,152 90	43,152 90
Total			$55,485 18

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Red Lake. }

I, B. E. Burkee, cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above Statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

B. E. BURKEE,
Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of February, 1906.

O. F. POST,
[SEAL] Notary Public,
Red Lake Co., Minn.
My commission expires Feb. 8, 1911.

... Go to ...
Rapp & Post
... for your ...
Winter Wear

FIRE INSURANCE
— is a —
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class
— FOR RATES CALL ON —
HARRY E. IVES.

CLEARANCE SALE
OF ALL WARM GOODS
25 Per Cent Reduction
on all LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S..........
CLOAKS,
JACKETS
and FURS
E. M. HOFF

2nd ☛ STORE
(SECOND HAND STORE.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
C. A. SKEIE.
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

A 1st Prize Winner
Mr. C. H. Martz has decided to offer to the farmers of this vicinity for a limited time the services of "ELMS JIM," Register No. 99,901, a full-blooded Poland China Boar.
This is probably the Finest Bred Hog in Red Lake County.
For particulars inquire of
C. H. Martz, Riverside Farm.

Carlson & Fellman
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

SEEDS, TREES
CORN 23rd ANNUAL Catalog of
EARLIEST AND HARDIEST of Everything on Earth. Every person who tills a foot of land needs it. Send for it now.
OSCAR H. WILL & CO.
BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA

SAW MILL MACHINERY.
Saw Mills
Gang Edgers
Lumber Trimmers
Lath Machines
Bolting Machines
Shingle Machines
Planer & Matchers
Drag Saws
Wood Saws
Engines
Boilers
Pulleys
Shafting
Boxes
Trucks
Grate Bars
Feed Mills
Horse Powers

We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

Calumet
Baking
Powder

complies with the pure food laws of all states. Food prepared with it is free from Rochelle Salts, Lime, Alum and Ammonia.

The Trust wants you to pay 45 or 50 cents a pound for their baking powder which leaves large quantities of Rochelle Salts in the food. Rochelle Salts is a dangerous cathartic drug.

Any one can be a power for evil—it takes character to be a power for good.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Derivation of Fork.

The fork takes its name from the Latin furca, a yoke looking like an inverted V. From this comes the Italian forca and forchetta (little fork). The latter word gives the French their fourchette, while the English go back to the former and retain the harder sounding "fork."

Fair Exchange.

He—How thoughtful you are to-day.
She—And how witty you were—yesterday.

WINTER WEAKNESS

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills the Tonic That Most People Need for Blood and Nerves.

In winter the air of the close rooms in which we spend so much of the time does not furnish enough oxygen to the lungs to burn out the foul matter in the blood. In the cold season we do not exercise as much and the skin and kidneys do not throw off the waste matter as freely as usual. The system becomes overloaded with poisonous matter, and too feeble to throw it off. Relief can be had only through the use of a remedy that will promptly and thoroughly purify and strengthen the blood, and the one best adapted for this purpose is the great blood tonic known as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

"They acted like magic in my case," said Mrs. Clara L. Wilde, of No. 377 Farnsworth avenue, Detroit, Mich. "I was weak and thin and could not sleep. My stomach and nerves were out of order. I can't describe how miserable I really was. I dragged through six months of feebleness, growing weaker all the time until I finally hadn't strength enough to leave my bed.

"Then a glad day came, the day when I began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They made me feel strong right away. My appetite came back, I took on flesh and the color returned to my cheeks. People wondered that these pills did for me what the doctors couldn't do. I took only six boxes and then I was perfectly well. If I had not found this wonderful remedy I surely think that I must have wasted to death. Believing firmly that these pills saved my life by the strength which they gave me at a critical moment, I unhesitatingly recommend them to others."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain no stimulant but give strength that lasts. They may be obtained at any drug store.

Cook Ranks as General.

The czar's chief cook draws a salary of $50,000 a year and holds a very important position in the Russian world. He has control of all imperial kitchens in Russia and every two months makes his rounds of the different departments of his kingdom. His rank is that of a general in the Russian army, and he commands every person serving in any capacity under him in the different cuisines.

To Far From the Market.

Soon after the Civil war, Gen. Rufus Ingalls, U. S. A., visited a friend in the South. Taking a walk one morning, he met a boy coming up from the river with a fine string of fish.

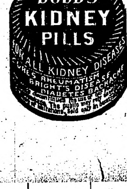
"What will you take for your fish?" asked the general.

"Thirty cents," was the reply.

"Thirty cents!" repeated the general, in astonishment. "Why, if you were in New York you could get $3 for them."

The boy looked critically at the officer for a moment, and then said scornfully:

"Yas, suh; en I reckon if I had a bucket of water in hell I could get a million for it."—Judge's Magazine of Fun.



The Rose Bush

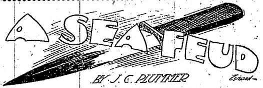
A child sleeps under the rose bush fair;
The bud swells out in the soft May air;
Sweetly it rests, and on dream wings flies
To play with the angels in Paradise.
And the years glide by.

A maiden stands by the rose bush fair;
The dewy blossoms perfume the air;
She presses her hand to her throbbing breast
With love's first wonderful rapture blest.
And the years glide by.

A mother kneels by the rose bush fair;
Soft sigh the leaves in the autumn air;
Sorrowing thoughts of the past arise,
And tears of anguish bedim her eyes.
And the years glide by.

Naked and lone stands the rose bush fair;
Whirled are its leaves on the wintry air;
Withered and dead they fall to the ground,
And silently cover a new-made mound.
And the years glide by.

—From the German.



(Copyright, 1906, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"Let him go. To hades with his bloomin' knife. Let the dago loose," and Tom Bradd struggled to free himself from the grasp of two brawny sailors who held him. Mr. Buck, the lean, sinewy mate, had his arms interlaced about Nicola's waist utterly unmindful of the cruel looking stiletto shaking in the powerful Italian's hand. It was the setting of a tragedy, an interrupted one it's true, but like flesh violently chafed the blood was so near the surface that another touch and it would begin to flow.

Captain Newton advanced to the main hatch, his long, patriarchal beard falling to his waistband. His shaven upper lip twisted as he talked very like unto that of a dog when he snarls.

"Stop it, gall darn ye, stop it," he thundered. "I'm short handed now, and I won't have any man killing on this here hooker. Batten down your feelin's, you two fellers till you get to Rio Grande, and then you can chop each other into bits and devil take what's left, but there's to be no choppin' on the Apollo."

His words were unheeded and the two bloodthirsty men still struggled to get at each other.

"Now mark you," continued the captain, "if you're bound to fight, make a two-man killing of it, for, by the Lord, I'll throw the man that's left alive over with the man that's killed."

I shall never forget that scene. Strife incarnate threatened on that little chip of wood on the mighty ocean and all around utter peace. The sea was barely rippled by the soft trade wind which distended the sails as if caressing them and above a sky unblemished by the tiniest cloud. I was new to the sea and its ways and marveled that Captain Newton did not iron the men and confine them in the peak, but he seemed to feel a confidence in his management which was proved of weight by the result, for his cold-blooded declaration had the effect on the two would-be combatants of a bucket of cold water on two fighting dogs. The skipper meant what he said and would carry out his meaning to the letter. The law in those days was all in favor of the officers and Jack's statement was as a feather against an anchor. Captain Newton would not hesitate to carry out his threat for fear of legal punishment.

The two sailors released Bradd, who recommenced the work he had stopped to fight Nicola, and the Italian, finding himself free from the mate's hold, walked dignifiedly forward and went below. The crisis had been passed, temporarily at least.

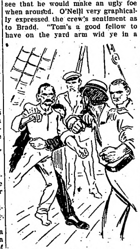
What began the feud between the men no one knew. It existed when they shipped in New York and they had spat hate at each other during the voyage, but this was the first time an actual collision had been threatened.

"It's only put off," remarked old Ned, oracularly; "blood'll fly yet."

"If Tom ever gets past the dago's knife, good-by Italian," said a sailor.

"But he's got to get by it," retorted Ned, "and it's ten to one he'll have a hole in him before he does."

Bradd was a stockily built man and a good sailor. While he impressed one as a good-natured man, one could see that he would make an ugly foe when aroused. O'Neill very graphically expressed the crew's sentiment as to Bradd. "Tom's a good fellow to have on the yard arm wid ye in a gale and a bad one to have agin ye in a fight."



"Let the dago loose!"

It's an uncomfortable thing to have an enemy on shipboard. On land one can avoid him, but aboard ship one eats, sleeps and works with him day after day and may feel the knife slipping into his ribs some dark night. But Bradd treated Nicola with contempt and made no effort to keep out of his way night or day, despite the crew's warnings.

There were several days of bright sunshine, calm sea and cloudless sky, and on one of these mornings the mate was watching the washing down of the deck from the break of the poop. The holystoning finished, he ordered Nicola to some duty on the fore-topgallant yard. The Italian looped a line about his neck and gripping a marline spike in his teeth climbed the weather rigging. Just as he swung himself over the top he lost his hold and fell like a plummet into the sea.

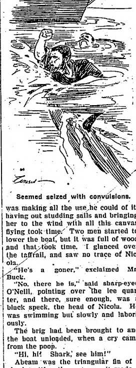
"Man overboard," yelled O'Neill, who was at the wheel, and he flung a life buoy over the rail.

The skipper was on deck in one jump.

"Heave her to," he shouted.

"Braces," came sharp and curt from the mate, and the men hurried to obey, casting glances aft.

The brig was making good headway. The wind was fair and Captain Newton was making all the use he could of it, having out studding sails and bringing her to the wind with all this canvas flying took time. Two men started to lower the boat, but it was full of wood and that took time. I glanced over the taffrail, and saw no trace of Nicola.



Seemed seized with convulsions.

"He's a goner," exclaimed Mr. Buck.

"No, there he is," said sharp-eyed O'Neill, pointing over the lee quarter, and there, sure enough, was a black speck, the head of Nicola. He was swimming but slowly and laboriously.

The brig had been brought to and the boat unloaded, when a cry came from the poop.

"Hi, hi! Shark, see him!"

Abeam was the triangular fin of a shark cutting the water as it made a straight course for Nicola.

"It's all up," muttered the mate; "nothing can save him now."

There was a splash, and to our astonishment Bradd had leaped overboard and was swimming fiercely. He lay a course which must bring him between the shark and Nicola.

"Gall darn it!" snarled the captain; "two men instead of one gone, and who'd have thought of Bradd going over the rail for the dago."

I never saw a man swim as did Bradd. He seemed to grasp the water and pull himself along, but when our eyes fell on that ominous fleeting fin we felt it was merely the sacrifice of one man's life to save another's. Having laid a right angled course Bradd gained on the shark, which was swimming in a straight line for the Italian and was a cable's length ahead of the fish when he reached a line with the slowly swimming Nicola and then he seemed seized with convulsions. He splashed the water with his hands and legs, reminding one of the actions of a duck which has reached a pond after a long, dry land journey. His motions were so violent that the sea frothed about him, and the shark was evidently as surprised at these evolutions as was the crew of the Apollo. Obviously they were not to his taste, for he darted off in an opposite direction. By this time the boat had been lowered and in a half hour both men were aboard the brig.

"I didn't think you were that big a fool to risk your life for a dago who's hungry to put a knife in you," remarked Ned, reproachfully.

"Risk!" exclaimed Bradd; "there wasn't any. If you'd been in the Indian ocean you'd know the shark is the biggest coward that swims and any man can scare 'em off who makes a big splutter in the water, and then I hate the bloody things and I'll balk 'em of a meal any day."

Not a word had Nicola spoken to any one since he had been brought on board, but now he came out of the forecastle and approached Bradd. He held out to him the stiletto with the hilt towards his enemy. I never saw such a grand gesture of utter surrender as that. If the Italian had filled the air with an eloquent speech it could not have been half as impressive. Rough as was Bradd, old beachcomber of twenty years, he appreciated it.

"Keep your bloomin' knife," he said, and the broad, freckled face broke into a smile.

In that most monotonous and very dirty Brazilian town, Rio Grande do Sul, two very drunken men walked arm and arm down towards the quay. One sang a coster song in a deep bass and the other in a screechy tenor a barcarole. They were Bradd and Nicola, and the sea feud was at an end.

SHIPPED THE GENUINE ARTICLE.

South Carolinian Had Got Whisky Intended for Dispensary.

When a South Carolinian wants good whisky he does not as a rule buy it from the South Carolina State Dispensary, but orders it direct from the distillery, the whisky being delivered to him by express in what is termed in the State "four full quarts." A week or two before Christmas a well-known man in the central part of the State ordered "four full quarts," and on its receipt was surprised to find out that it was not as good whisky as he had been getting.

Accordingly the man most concerned wrote a letter to the distillery, telling them that a mistake had undoubtedly been made. A few days later he received the following self-explanatory letter:

"Dear Sir:—Yours of the sixteenth instant to hand, and we hasten to apologize for an error of one of our shipping clerks. The clerk in question expressed to you four full quarts of the brand you ordered intended for the South Carolina Dispensary. By express to-day we send you four full quarts of the genuine article. Again craving your pardon for the error and soliciting your further favors, we beg to remain,

"Yours very respectfully,
"———."

SCORING OFF THE CHANCELLOR

Scotch Advocate Had All the Best of Repartee.

Writing about some famous raconteurs, Mr. Harry Furniss says that Lord Chancellor Eldon, the terror of the bar of his day, once had a passage of words with John Clerk, the celebrated Scotch advocate, who was pleading before him, and had pronounced several times the word "enow" for "enough."

The Chancellor dryly remarked:

"Mr. Clerk, in England we sound the 'ough' as 'uff'—'enuff,' not 'enow.'"

"Verra weel, ma lord," continued the self-possessed pleader, "of this we have said enuff; and I come, ma lord, to the subdivision of the land in dispute. It was apportioned, ma lord, into what in England would be called pluffland; a pluffland being as much land as a pluffman can pluff in one day and pluffmen——"

But his lordship could not withstand the ready repartee, and burst into a laugh that shook the Woolsack, saying:

"Pray proceed, Mr. Clerk; we know 'enow' of Scotch to understand your argument."

Mammy's Advice.

"So, chile, yo' wants mah consent to let yo' git married, huh" began Mammy Gunbusta, as she peeped over her iron-rimmed glasses at her eldest daughter, who stood before her with bowed-down head.

"Gal, yo' mought as well ask a Jedge to sentence yo' to hard labor fo de rest ob yo' life. Fustly, does yo' fink yo' arms am muscular 'nuff to suppolt a fambly? Secon'ly, 'member dat a han' in yo' mammy's dish-pan am worf two in yo' own washtub. Thirdly, recall de adager's 'vice, 'A lazy coon gadders no moss.' Fo'thly, doan hitch yo'self to a stah, 'coze all a stah's good fo' is to give us light an' it don' bring to yo' no possum or cohn brade. Fifthly, be suhe de man yo' gits aint got no soft palms an' calloused finger tips, 'coze calloused finger-tips comes frum pickin' de banjo, an' not cotton, an' lastly, allus hab in de house, in yo' own name, twenty-five dollars, 'coze dat's 'bout what it costs to go to Souf Dakoty to 'stablish a residence. Dat's yo' mamy's advice, chile, an' I know yo' is gwine to git married anyhow, 'coze curiosity makes us want to eat de persimmon, an' dough folkses tells us it's puckerish, we all got to bite to fin' out fo' ourselves.—New York Times.

Artistic Girl.

She lives in a big old house on the edge of the city.

The other day her mother was showing a visitor through the house.

"This is Jeannie's room," said she, as she pushed open the door to a big many-windowed apartment, looking out on fine old trees.

The visitor opened her mouth with a little gasp. The floor of Jeannie's room was carpeted with dead leaves!

"Just one of Jeannie's fads," explained her mother. "She keeps the windows open so the leaves will blow in. She won't have them swept up. She says it makes her feel as if she were out in the woods."

And Jeannie's mother and the visitor rustled around Jeannie's artistic room, swishing as noisily through the dead leaves as if they were wandering through a November forest.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Tell How to Raise Money.

A new wrinkle in promotion schemes is being unfolded by a business concern having headquarters in the Illinois metropolis. A specialty of this enterprise is to furnish "money raising plans for church workers." The firm announces:

"If you wish to raise cash easily and quickly for any church, Sunday school or society fund, send a postal to-day. Our recently published new method souvenirs of church and pastor have already realized in cash upwards of two hundred thousand dollars."

A typical form of indorsement reads in this fashion: "We will send you hundreds of letters in which real church workers tell how they use the plans we submit."

Cupid Unveiled.

The spell of romance oft subsides,
Goes out from me like ebbing tides,
Leaving the judgment hard and firm,
Like sand and shingle, for a term;
And then with vision clear I see
That Cupid is Propinquity!

There's no affinity will draw
A mile two folks who never saw
Each other! Subtle influence
That works, Marconi-like, intense
Through wondrous spaces, them between,
Say, tell that tale to a marine!

Of all the archers ever known
Dan Cupid less of skill has shown!
His little arrows can not go,
At most, beyond some yards or so!
He's no long-distance artist, he!
He's but the God Propinquity!

But take a maiden, tender-eyed,
And man, and place 'em side by side,
Bring on a beach, a moon, a sea,
Or nothing more than a settee,
(We must concede realities!)
Propinquity will do the "biz!"

—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

TOOK OLD GENTLEMAN'S ADVICE

Just the Counsel Fond Lover Was Looking For.

"The late Bishop Thomas Frederick Davies of Detroit," said a Detroit man, "once told me an interesting story of an elopement. He figured in this elopement as the officiating clergyman. It was in Philadelphia, during his rectorship of St. Peter's.

"It seems that the proprietor of one of the largest dry goods houses in Philadelphia had noticed for some months the melancholy of his head clerk, a young man whom he held in high regard.

"The clerk's pallor and increasing leanness, his frequent sighs and absent-mindedness worried the millionaire proprietor. He questioned the young man daily. And finally the clerk admitted to him that he was in love.

"'Well,' said the head, 'marry her. Your salary is big enough.'

"'Ah,' said the clerk sadly, 'you do not understand. She belongs to one of the first families of Philadelphia and her father is a millionaire.'

"'Well, maybe he wasn't when he married. You have a good position and a good name. You are a fair match for any girl,' said the other.

"'It's no use,' sighed the clerk. 'Her parents would not listen to me for one moment.'

"'Then,' said the other, 'elope with her.'

"'Do you advise that?' the clerk asked excitedly.

"'Certainly, I do. Is she—do I know her?'

"'Yes. She will be at your dance at Devon to-morrow night.'

"'Well, see here,' said the head. 'I'll have my coachman out in front of my gate at 9:30. Rush the girl off into town and marry her. I'll arrange with a clergyman for you.'

"'By Jove,' said the clerk, 'I'll do it.'

"And he did. The next night Dr. Davies performed the ceremony and an hour or two later the millionaire found his daughter missing and was telegraphing in every direction to the young couple to come home and all would be forgiven."

QUESTIONS HARD TO ANSWER.

Prospective Jurors Greatly Puzzled By Legal Terms.

Some of the strange makeshifts to which a man will resort to conceal his lack of knowledge on any particular line were graphically related by Attorney Elliott, who had hard work in his share of the impaneling of the now famous Glinooley jury.

A tall Swede was brought in. He gave his name, etc., and was then questioned by the attorney as to legal terms to be used in the case. "What do I mean when I say, 'It will devolve on the prosecution to produce the preponderance of evidence'?"

"Vell, what you say evolve, dissolve, I don't know," came the answer.

A German entered and this phrase was put to him: "It will be the task of the defense to show mitigating circumstances, if such exist." Hopeless stumbling followed, one thought chasing the other with the dignity of Germanized English, which takes a long time to pass any one given point.

Bohemians, Poles and many others followed. From some of all these nationalities came intelligent answers, but some who had never before met the words which now confronted them in awe-inspiring array were hopelessly confused.

One day the best of the many original definitions was given by an Irishman. "What," said the lawyer, "is meant by this, 'The defense will show that there was adequate provocation'?" The whole phrase was too much, so the inquisitor said, "Well, tell me in your own words the meaning of 'provocation.'"

"It means," said the would-be juror, "that a man has done something to me that makes me feel I must get busy with him."—Chicago Chronicle.

Golf in Cactus Center.

We was propped against the 'dobe of that joint o' Poker Bill's
When a tenderfoot was spotted, actin' queer-like in the hills;
He'd a ball of gutta percha, and was puttin' in his licks
Jest a-knockin' it to glory with a bunch o' crooked sticks.

Well, we went up there quite cur'ous, and we watched him paste the ball,
Till a-itchin' fer to try it seemed to get a-holt of all.
And at last Packsaddle Stevens asked to give the thing a swat,
And we gathered round to see him show the stranger what was what.

Well, the golfer stuck the spheeroid on a little pile o' dirt
And Packsaddle swiped and swatted, but he didn't do no hurt;
He barked his shins terrific, and he broke his little stick,
And when he heard a snicker, his guns came out too quick.

We dropped behind the cactus with some holes clipped in our clothes,
While the golfer for the sky-line wagged his checker-boarded hose;
And when we took home Stevens, and three others that was hurt,
The golf ball still was settin' on its little pile o' dirt.

So we ain't no new St. Andrew's, and we hope no golfer thinks
He can cut loose here in Cactus with a set of oatmeal links;
We go in fer games that's quiet, and stir up no blood and fuss,
And down in Cactus Center poker's good enough for us.

—Denver Republican.

American Congregations Rebuked.

The Central Presbyterian of Richmond, Va., says: "The largest church and the largest congregation in connection with our General Assembly are not in America, but on the Congo river in Africa. The membership of our two churches there is over 2,000. The attendance on each church is upward of 1,000—sometimes 1,500 or more. When a native African from that region attended church services here, with one hundred or two hundred present, his remark was: 'The people of America do not go to church much.'"

Quit French Islands.

Owing to the emigration of 1,000 persons during three months from St. Pierre and Miquelon—islands immediately south of Newfoundland—out of a total population of 6,500, the French authorities are beginning to fear that the colony is threatened with extinction. The rush of emigration is likely to continue. The poorer inhabitants advocate the transfer of St. Pierre by France to Newfoundland.

FACTS IN NATURE.

Not Only Do We Get Inspiration From Nature, But Health as Well.

For people who are run-down and nervous, who suffer from indigestion or dyspepsia, headache, biliousness, or torpid liver, coated tongue with bitter taste in the morning and poor appetite, it becomes necessary to turn to some tonic or strengthener which will assist Nature and help them to get on their feet and put the body into its proper condition. It is becoming more and more apparent that Nature's most valuable health-giving agents are to be found in forest plants and roots.

Nearly forty years ago, Dr. R. V. Pierce, now consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y., discovered that by scientifically extracting and combining certain medicinal principles from native roots, taken from our American forests, he could produce a medicine which was marvelously efficient in curing cases of blood disorder and liver and stomach trouble as well as many other chronic, or lingering ailments. This concentrated extract of Nature's vitality he named "Golden Medical Discovery." It purifies the blood by putting the stomach and liver into healthy condition, thereby helping the digestion and assimilation of food which feeds the blood. Thereby it cures weak stomach, indigestion, torpid liver, or biliousness, and kindred derangements.

If you have coated tongue, with bitter or bad taste in the morning, frequent headaches, feel weak, easily tired, stitches or pain in side, back gives out easily and aches, belching of gas, constipation, or irregular bowels, feel flashes of heat alternating with chilly sensations or kindred symptoms, they point to derangement of your stomach, liver and kidneys, which the "Golden Medical Discovery" will correct more speedily and permanently than any other known agent. Contains no alcohol or habit-forming drugs. All its ingredients printed in plain English on wrapper.

The sole motive for substitution is to permit the dealer to make a little more profit. He gains; you lose. Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery."

Constipation causes and aggravates many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One a laxative; two or three are cathartic.

OLD ROSE COMES TO ITS OWN.

Paris Hears It Will Be the Fashionable Color for Spring.

Opinions may differ about the fashionable hue for winter gowns, but from the tidings which come from Paris there will be no doubt of the smart color for the spring. Lavender, violets and mauves, greens, golden brown and tan, must all go down before old rose. Broadcloth is to continue the vogue for the fabric, but old rose is crowned queen. Miss Roosevelt will have an old rose broadcloth among her walking suits, and it will be trimmed with Persian embroidery. Old rose is just beginning to glimmer among the gowns at ultra-fashionable gatherings, and it adorns only women who are always in the vanguard of style and who pay a big sum to Paris modistes for the first hints of a coming fashion. Mrs. Perry Belmont has an old rose velvet which is one of the handsomest toilets of the winter.

Fatal Error.

Said a certain slick rascal from Ga.,
A burglar, pickpocket and fa.,
On being captured one day:
"Oh, how wrong was my way!
I should have run from you not ta."

The Pleasure of Autoing.

Muffled Voice (under the machine)—Say, Bill, back her up a little, will yer?

Bill—What's the matter?

"My face is caught in the works."

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

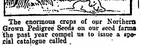
Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

She—How you have changed. Before we were married you used to say there was no one like me.

He—Yes, and I say so still.

5 Tons Grass Hay Free.

Everybody loves lots and lots of fodder for hogs, cows, sheep and swine.



The enormous crops of our Northern Grown Pedigree Seeds on our seed farms the past year compel us to issue a special catalogue called

SALZER'S BARGAIN SEED BOOK.

This is brim full of bargain seeds at bargain prices.

SEND THIS NOTICE TO-DAY.

and receive free sufficient seed to grow 5 tons of grass on your lot or farm this summer and our great Bargain Seed Book with its wonderful surprises and great bargains in seeds at bargain prices.

Remit 4c and we add a package of Cosmos, the most fashionable, serviceable, beautiful annual flower.

John A. Salzer Seed Co., Lock Drawer W., La Crosse, Wis.

Always taking out of the meal tub and never putting in soon comes to the bottom.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES. Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

How She Could Get a Shock.

One day an electric car was derailed on the main street. The conductor went to a nearby office and telephoned for the work gang. When he returned to the scene of the accident he saw that the passengers were on one side of the track with the exception of one lady, who seemed to be afraid to cross the rails.

When the conductor drew near she asked, in a timid voice: "Would I get a shock if I put my foot on that rail?" pointing to the nearest one.

"No, madam," answered the conductor, politely; "not unless you put your other foot on the trolley wire."—Boston Herald.

Taken and Left.

A gentleman whose temper is easily disturbed was traveling in England recently and was much annoyed at the reply given him at a railway station. The gentleman, noticing his baggage, properly addressed, was left on the platform, called out:

"Why didn't you put my luggage in, as I told you, you old fool?"

"Eh, man, yer luggage is na sic a fule as yersel'," answered the porter; "ye're i' the wrang train."

The Joker's Inalienable Right.

Nothing is more pitiful than the cant objection to a man laughing at his own jokes. If a man may not laugh at his own jokes, at whose jokes may he laugh? May not an architect pray in his own cathedral.

31 Boxes of Gold

300 Boxes of Greenbacks

For the most words made up from these letters

Y - I - O - Grape-Nuts

331 people will earn these prizes

Around the fireside or about the well-lighted family reading table during the winter evenings the children and grown-ups can play with their wits and see how many words can be made.

20 people making the greatest number of words will each receive a little box containing a $10.00 gold piece.

10 people will each win one box containing a $5.00 gold piece.

300 people will each win a box containing $1.00 in paper money and one person who makes the highest number of words over all contestants will receive a box containing $100.00 in gold.

It is really a most fascinating bit of fun to take up the list evening after evening and see how many words can be added.

A few rules are necessary for absolute fair play.

Any word authorized by Webster's dictionary will be counted, but no name of person. Both the singular and plural can be used, as for instance "grape" and "grapes."

The letters in "Y-I-O-Grape-Nuts" may be repeated in the same word.

Geographical names authorized by Webster will be counted.

Arrange the words in alphabetical classes, all those beginning with A together and those beginning with E to come under E, etc.

When you are writing down the words leave some spaces, in the A, E, and other columns, to fill in later as new words come to you, for they will spring into mind every evening.

It is almost certain that some contestants will tie with others. In such cases a prize identical in value and character with that offered in that class shall be awarded to each. Each one will be requested to send with the list of words a plainly written letter describing the advantages of Grape-Nuts, but the contestant is not required to purchase a pkg. These letters are not to contain poetry, or fancy flourishes, but simple, truthful statements of fact. For illustration: A person may have experienced some incipient or chronic ails traceable to unwise selection of food that failed to give the body and brain the energy, health and power desired. Seeking better conditions a change in food is made and Grape-Nuts and cream used in place of the former diet. Suppose one quits the meat, fried potatoes, starchy, sticky messes of half-cooked oats or wheat and cuts out the coffee. Try, say, for breakfast a bit of fruit, a dish of Grape-Nuts and cream, two soft-boiled eggs, a slice of hard toast and a cup of Postum Food Coffee. Some amateur says: "A man would faint away on that," but, my dear friend, we will put dollars to your pennies that the noon hour will find a man on our breakfast huskier and with a stronger heart-beat and clearer working brain than he ever had on the old diet.

Suppose, if you have never really made a move for absolutely clean health that pushes you along each day with a spring in your step and a reserve vigor in muscle and brain that makes the doing of things a pleasure, you join the army of "plain old common sense" and start in now. Then after you have been 2 or 3 weeks on the Grape-Nuts training you write a statement of how you used to be and how you are now. The simple facts will interest others and surprise yourself. We never publish names except on permission; but we often tell the facts in the newspapers, and when requested give the names by private letter.

There is plenty of time to get personal experience with Grape-Nuts and write a sensible, truthful letter to be sent in with the list of words, as the contest does not close until April 30th, 1906. So start in as soon as you like to building words, and start in using Grape-Nuts. Cut this statement out and keep the letters Y-I-O-Grape-Nuts before you and when you write your letter you will have some reason to write on the subject, "Why I Owe Grape-Nuts."

Remember 331 persons will win prizes, which will be awarded in an exact and just manner as soon as the list can be counted after April 30th, 1906. Every contestant will be sent a printed list of names and addresses of winners on application, in order to have proof that the prizes are sent as agreed. The company is well known all over the world for absolute fidelity to its agreements and every single one of the 331 winners may depend on receiving the prize won.

Many persons might feel it useless to contest, but when one remembers the great number of prizes—(331)—the curiosity of seeing how many words can really be made up evening after evening and the good, natural fun and education in the competition, it seems worth the trial; there is no cost, nothing to lose and a fine opportunity to win one of the many boxes of gold or greenbacks.

We make the prediction that some who win a prize of gold or greenbacks will also win back health and strength worth more to them than a wagon full of money prizes.

There are no preliminaries, cut out this statement and go at it, and send in the list and letter before April 30th, 1906, to Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich., and let your name and address be plainly written.

LOST 72 POUNDS.

Was Fast Drifting Into the Fatal Stages of Kidney Sickness.

Dr. Melvin M. Page, Page Optical Co., Erie, Pa., writes: "Taking too many iced drinks in New York in 1895 sent me home with a terrible attack of kidney trouble. I had acute congestion, sharp pain in the back, headaches and attacks of dizziness. My eyes gave out, and with the languor and sleeplessness of the disease upon me I wasted from 194 to 122 pounds. At the time I started using Doan's Kidney Pills an abscess was forming on my right kidney. The trouble was quickly checked, however, and the treatment cured me, so that I have been well since 1896 and weigh 188 pounds."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

It may be that women attorneys are led to take up the law because their foremothers have been so used to laying it down.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.

Martin Amundson, Ivanhoe, Minn., lamp burner; Martha Davis, Worthington, Minn., fence structure; Charles Edwards, Albert Lea, Minn., landside wheel; George Gilman, St. Paul, Minn., lifting jack; Nels Hegg, Harmony, Minn., horseshoe calk; Peter Kones, Castlewood, S. D., wrench; Erik Kyllonen, Enterprise, N. D., threshing machine.

A Breakfast Dialogue.

Mrs. Talkwords—Henry, you were talking in your sleep last night.

Henry—Pardon me for interrupting you.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all Druggists, 25c. Trial package FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Antique Phrase.

"She didn't look so old."

"But, I can remember when she had la grippe."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Some Georgia Sayings.

The rain falls on the just and the unjust, but the unjust generally have a boat handy to keep 'em from drowning.

The world won't miss us any more than it would a lost star from the millions of 'em. It's only the egotist who is all the time wondering what the world 'll do when the grass grows over him.—Atlanta Constitution.

A Bridge Joke.

As a rule bridge players take themselves so seriously that the game is seldom enlivened with even a suspicion of humor. Occasionally, however, one hears a really good joke at the bridge table. At a certain mixed card club in London four ladies sat down to a rubber. Two of them were friends who had not met for years. "How many children have you now, Alice?" asked one of the players of her friend. "Six above and four below," was the reply. "Oh," chimed in a third player, "you have nothing to complain of. I'm chicane."

A Good Thing.

"What are you doing now?"

"I'm putting a new patent safety razor on the market."

"Good thing?"

"Well, it's the kind of a razor that impels the man who shaves with it to go back to the regular shop again—and the professional barbers pay me a handsome salary for introducing it."

OVER SEA HABIT.

Difference on This Side the Water.

The persistent effect upon the heart of caffine in coffee cannot but result in the gravest conditions, in time.

Each attack of the drug (and that means each cup of coffee) weakens the organ a little more, and the end is almost a matter of mathematical demonstration. A lady writes from a Western state:

"I am of German descent and it was natural that I should learn at a very early age to drink coffee. Until I was 23 years old I drank scarcely anything else at my meals.

"A few years ago I began to be affected by a steadily increasing nervousness, which eventually developed into a distressing heart trouble that made me very weak and miserable. Then, some three years ago, was added asthma in its worst form. My sufferings from these things can be better imagined than described.

"During all this time my husband realized more fully than I did that coffee was injurious to me, and made every effort to make me stop.

"Finally it was decided a few months ago to quit the use of coffee absolutely, and to adopt Postum Food Coffee as our hot table drink. I had but little idea that it would help me, but consented to try it to please my husband. I prepared it very carefully, exactly according to directions, and was delighted with its delicious flavor and refreshing qualities.

"Just as soon as the poison from the coffe had time to get out of my system the nutritive properties of the Postum began to build me up, and I am now fully recovered from all my nervousness, heart trouble and asthma. I gladly acknowledge that now, for the first time in years, I enjoy perfect health, and that I owe it all to Postum." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Postum Food Coffee contains no drugs of any description whatsoever.

LIVE STOCK

Holsteins in the South.

I have had many years' experience in shipping Holstein-Friesian cattle, not only to nearly every state and territory in the United States, but to nearly all the states of Mexico and the countries of Central and South America, and am, therefore, from personal knowledge, able to answer some of the inquiries recently made by the Farmers' Review.

The Holstein-Friesian breed of cattle is grown more or less extensively and successfully in every state and territory in the United States. Many good herds have been established and maintained in the districts which are subject to Texas fever, although thoroughbred, registered cattle of any breed are by no means as common there as in the North, where I believe it to be generally conceded that a greater effort has been made to attain the highest standard of quality and production; but, notwithstanding these facts, there are many excellent herds within the Texas fever zone.

Herds in the South are quite generally supplied by shipments from the North, although I understand breeders in that section find a good demand for their surplus stock. For many years past numerous and some quite extensive shipments of Holstein-Friesian cattle have been made to Mexico, Cuba, Central and South America, where they have been fortunate in falling into the hands of competent, painstaking herdsmen, properly milked and provided with good feed and care. Especially when they are located in the higher altitudes and healthy sections they have done well and have given excellent satisfaction. The splendid exhibition of the Black and White breed at the recent exposition at Mexico City would convince any one that this breed can be grown there with marked success.

The possibilities of trade in those countries are good, providing, first, that the cattle shipped from the North are strictly first class individually and in breeding; and, second, that they have proper care, feed and environments, and are milked by kind, intelligent milkers who know how to get the best results. I am sorry to say that many failures have resulted from want of care and proper discrimination on the part of both the seller and the buyer.

This breed usually acclimates well in almost any climate—north or south, cattle from the Lakeside Herd having been shipped to and very successfully acclimated in nearly every country on the globe. The cost of shipping cannot be determined without first knowing the number of animals, their destination and route of shipment. The prices paid for cattle for export depend so much upon the quality of the animals no reliable scale of prices can be given. A very choice animal, for breeding purposes, either in this country or abroad, is worth as much as three or four of ordinary quality. All transactions between the better classes of both buyers and sellers are, as far as I know, for cash.

If foreign customers want the best class of stock, and at reasonable prices, they should consider only a cash transaction. I have never known of the best class of animals being exported on time.

I know something of the character of the ordinary cattle to be found in the southern countries on this continent, the small amount of milk they yield, and realize what wealth could be added to those countries by the introduction of improved breeds, which would more than double—yes, quadruple—their production. If I can give any information or render any assistance to my southern fellow-breeders that will assist in accomplishing this result, it will be done cheerfully and with pleasure. The Farmers' Review has undertaken a noble work.—E. A. Powell, Syracuse, N. Y., in Farmers' Review.

Demand for Hampshire Sheep.

Hampshire down sheep have been forging steadily and rapidly to the front for a number of years and to-day seem to be at the height of their popularity. As they are pre-eminently a mutton sheep probably wool prices would affect them less than many other breeds. As to the direction of the trade of Hampshire Down sheep, it extends most decidedly to the big ranges of the west and northwest, although many new flocks are being established in the east, south, Canadian provinces and the extreme northwest. I know of no Cuban or Spanish-American exports. As to what we find the greatest obstacle in the way of trade, I must say it is the lack of sheep to fill orders. Hundreds of good men are to-day desiring to establish flocks of Hampshire Down sheep and are unable to find the ewe-stock for the beginning. The range men of the Northwest have been unusually persistent in scouring the country and snapping up everything in the way of carload offerings, either ewes or rams, that could be had.

C. A. Tyler,
Secretary Hampshire Down Breeders' Association.

Feed of the Colt.

The feed of the colt should be liberal, that he may be kept growing from the first. In the wintertime the colt is sometimes neglected, just as he is in midsummer. A period of stunting will result in reducing the size of the future horse. When poor feed and poor care are combined, the result is about certain to be disastrous. As soon as the colt is old enough to eat grain and hay, he should be given a little grain with his hay every day. This grain, too, should be something other than corn, which is unsuited to the development of the growing animal.

If there are thin places in your pastures, put the feeding boxes or salt boxes around them. The droppings from the animals will be helpful in building up those spots.

Don't let droppings accumulate under the roosts. They throw off too much ammonia during warm days in winter.

POULTRY

Ship Fowls 70 Miles.

I do not limit the distance over which fowls may be shipped successfully. My longest shipment has been about 700 miles, but many others of which I know have been made for greater distances. Eggs may be shipped 1,000 miles and come through all right, and they may be shipped 50 miles and be failures for hatching. With eggs it is a gamble, a great deal depending upon the care with which they are handled en route. The bulk of my trade comes from territory within a radius of 300 miles, though I have done much outside of this. I attribute this partly to the territory covered by the periodicals in which I advertise, but mainly to the fact that most breeders in want of stock will generally give an order to the largest breeder near them, everything else being equal. The mediums in which I advertise have a pretty wide circulation, and I have received inquiries and business from nearly every state in the Union. Have not made any foreign sales, except to Canada, but am in correspondence with a party in the state of Morocco, North Africa, at present, which is likely to lead to business. I do not find the holding of customers to be a question of distance at all. So far as my experience is concerned, it has been a matter entirely dependent upon my ability to please a customer in filling his initial order, whether I am to get any further business from him, and has been so regardless of the distance between us geographically.—Chas. H. Ring, Van Buren Co., Mich., in Farmers' Review.

Fresh Eggs for Hatching.

Among our best poultry men it is the opinion that eggs should be set for hatching as soon as possible after being laid. "The fresher the eggs the surer the hatch" is doubtless a correct opinion. This shows where the man at a distance with eggs to sell is at a disadvantage compared with the nearby fancier. It is known that the egg begins to evaporate its moisture as soon as laid. There is a glutinous substance that keeps in the evaporation for a while, but this soon disappears, and the older the egg the easier the moisture escapes from it. It is altogether probable that the vitality of the chick depends to a very large extent on the moisture content of the egg when hatching begins. We know it is the custom of the hen in her native state to lay a whole clutch of eggs before she begins to sit. Some of the eggs must be three weeks old before incubation begins, but this does not prove that nature's way is the best. In the wild state of the fowl many of these eggs are lost, destroyed or are stolen by wild animals and birds. Man has to exercise a supervision over domesticated animals if he is to get the best results from them.

The Weak Point of Heavy Layers.

At the Maine experiment station a great deal of work has been done in the development of the laying qualities of fowls of the Plymouth Rock strain. The experiment includes 600 birds. Of these, about 200 are considered large layers. About 30 of these 200 have a record of over 200 eggs a year. Close observation in recording has shown the manager that the birds that lay heavily one year will not begin to lay eggs early the following fall and winter. Having laid a very large number of eggs during the first winter and spring of their existence, they seem to require all the late summer, fall and early winter in which to recuperate. Of course in the development of large layers it is desirable to have them begin laying about the first of November. How this matter is to be controlled is not very apparent. It is another one of the many problems that remain yet to be worked out.

Green Food for Winter Poultry.

Poultry needs something green during the winter and by providing it we get good results from our hens in the cold weather when anything green is not to be had unless saved and put away in the fall. We raise a good many late cabbages and there are loose heads which are not worth much, so we trench them for the hens. The hens also seem to be very fond of celery leaves. We put the leaves and outer stalks in a large pile. The outside stalks and leaves freeze, but those underneath stay nice and green and are not much trouble to get at. We find it pays well as our hens have been laying continually since moulting and we have been supplying our neighbors with eggs at 35 and 40 cents a dozen. They have chickens, too, but think it is too much trouble to provide green food for them in fall.

J. A. Binney.
Jefferson Co., Colo.

Productivity of Land.

The productivity of land is far greater than is usually thought possible. Nature does not show what land will do, and not till man applies to a piece of land all the science that is known will it bring out what is in it. Man can help Nature to make a piece of land productive. He can drain it, stir it up and let in the sunshine and the air. He can, moreover, put upon it the kind of crop that will bear the heaviest. The wise man will select for his land the crop that will be the most suitable for it, and will in that way increase its possibilities. Growing on a piece of land a crop not suited for it is one of the easiest ways of losing money.

Root System of the Corn Plant.

The root system of the corn plant is many times greater than most persons suppose it to be. While it is true that the corn plant is in the main a surface feeder, it is also true that the smaller roots are very long and penetrate the earth to a great depth. At one of the stations a cube of ground around a corn plant was cut out whole and the roots of the corn plant washed out. It was found that this corn plant had sent its roots to a depth of about four feet and that they spread three and a half feet from the corn plant laterally.

CAUGHT BY THE GRIP—RELEASED BY PE-RU-NA

Pneumonia Followed La Grippe—Pe-ru-na the Remedy That Brought Relief.

Mr. T. Barnecott, West Aylmer, Ontario, Can., writes:

"Last winter I was ill with pneumonia after having la grippe. I took Peruna for two months, when I became quite well, and I can say that any one can be cured by it in a reasonable time and at little expense."

Systemic Catarrh, the Result of La Grippe. Pe-ru-na Receives Credit for Present Good Health.

Mrs. Jennie W. Gilmore, Box 44, White Oak, Ind. Ter., writes:

"Six years ago I had la grippe, which was followed by systemic catarrh. The only thing I used was Peruna and Manalin, and I have been in better health the last three years than for years before. I give Peruna all the credit for my good health."

Pe-ru-na—A Tonic After La Grippe.

Mrs. Chas. E. Wells, Sr., Delaware, Ohio, writes: "After a severe attack of la grippe, I took Peruna and found it a very good tonic."

"Most Effective Medicine Ever Tried for La Grippe."

Robt. L. Madison, A. M., Principal of Cullowhee High School, Painter, N. C., is chairman of the Jackson County Board of Education. Mr. Madison says: "I am hardly ever without Peruna in my home. It is the most effective medicine that I have ever tried for la grippe."

Mrs. Jane Gift, Athens, O., writes: "I had la grippe very bad. My husband bought Peruna for me. In a very short time I saw improvement and was soon able to do my work."

Suffered Twelve Years From After-Effects of La Grippe.

Mr. Victor Patneaude, 328 Madison St., Topeka, Kas., member of Knights and Ladies of Security, writes:

"Twelve years ago I had a severe attack of la grippe and I never really recovered my health and strength—but grew weaker every year until I was unable to work.

"Two years ago I began using Peruna and it built up my strength so that in a couple of months I was able to go to work again.

"This winter I had another attack of la grippe, but Peruna soon drove it out of my system.

"My wife and I consider Peruna a household remedy."

How poor is he who hath never known poverty.

WESTERN CANADA'S MARVELOUS CROP RETURNS

The increase in the crop returns of the Canadian West, in the past seven years has approached the marvelous, and there is no reason to believe that a corresponding increase will not result for many years to come. The increase has been particularly noticeable in what was formerly known as the Northwest Territories, but which, on September 1st, 1905, became the provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan. From the official returns we find the following results in the acreage sown to wheat, oats and barley, in the years mentioned, and a more favorable showing cannot be pointed to in any other country during a like period.

	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley
1898	307,580	105,077	17,092
1899	363,523	134,938	14,276
1900	412,864	175,439	17,044
1901	504,697	229,439	24,702
1902	625,758	310,367	36,445
1903	837,234	440,662	68,974
1904	965,549	523,634	98,154

The yield has been uniformly good every year except 1900, when there appears to have been a slump all along the line. This, however, was more than compensated for in the following year, when the bumper crop in wheat, oats and barley put the returns of all previous years completely in the shade and gave an impetus to settlement in the west which has prevailed to the present, as the following table by bushels will show:

	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.
1898	5,542,478	3,040,307	449,512
1899	6,915,623	4,686,036	337,521
1900	4,028,294	4,226,152	353,216
1901	12,808,447	11,113,066	795,100
1902	13,956,850	10,661,295	970,417
1903	16,029,149	14,179,705	1,842,824
1904	16,875,537	16,332,551	2,205,434

It will be seen that the number of acres sown to wheat, oats and barley in 1898 was 429,749, and that this had increased in 1904 to 1,587,337. The total crop in the cereals mentioned was 9,033,297 bushels in 1898, and in 1904 it had grown to the magnificent total of 35,413,522. In the year just closed the "forward movement" in the agriculture of the west has been the wonder and envy of the world. New sections of the country have been placed under tribute to the plow and harrow, and the grain area has been largely increased. This is particularly the case where it has been demonstrated that "Alberta Red" winter wheat may be successfully grown, and along the lines of the new railways towards the centre of the country, where mixed farming prevails.

The future of the Canadian West is assured, and for years to come it is bound to be the land of promise to the agriculturist of every nation and of every clime, and the land of opportunity to every settler within its bounds.

Fullest information can be secured from any Canadian Government Agent.

Mistress—How is your sick sister?

Bridget—Well enough to sit up and give notice, mum.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Learning makes a man fit company for himself.

THE BEST COUGH CURE

A well-known Rochester lady says: "I stayed in the Adirondacks, away from friends and home, two winters before I found that by taking

Kemp's Balsam

I could subdue the cough that drove me away from home and seemed likely to never allow me to live there in winter."

Kemp's Balsam will cure any cough that can be cured by any medicine.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

Good Teeth & Good Temper

Are characteristic of the Atkins Saws always.

That is because they are made of the best steel in the world — Silver Steel — by men that know how.

Atkins Saws, Corn Knives, Perfection Floor Scrapers, etc., are sold by all good hardware dealers. Catalogue on request.

E. C. ATKINS & CO. Inc.
Largest Saw Manufacturers in the World
Factory and Executive Offices, Indianapolis
BRANCHES—New York, Chicago, Minneapolis Portland (Oregon), Seattle, San Francisco Memphis, Atlanta and Toronto (Canada)

Accept no substitute—Insist on the Atkins Brand

SOLD BY GOOD DEALERS EVERYWHERE

POULTRY GROWS

faster, is stronger, healthier, and lays an abundance of eggs in fall and winter, if given daily

SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

the pioneer of poultry medicines for helping poultry to assimilate and get the full benefit of all kinds of food. One pack 25 cts.; five $1.00; two-lb. can $1.20, six $5.00. Express paid.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

BABY COVERED WITH SORES.

Would Scratch and Tear the Flesh Unless Hands Were Tied—"Would Have Died But for Cuticura."

"My little son, when about a year and a half old, began to have sores come out on his face. I had a physician treat him, but the sores grew worse. Then they began to come on his arms, then on other parts of his body, and then one came on his chest, worse than the others. Then I called another physician. Still he grew worse. At the end of about a year and a half of suffering he grew so bad I had to tie his hands in cloths at night to keep him from scratching the sores and tearing the flesh. He got to be a mere skeleton, and was hardly able to walk. My aunt advised me to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I sent to the drug store and got a cake of the Soap and a box of the Ointment, and at the end of about two months the sores were all well. He has never had any sores of any kind since. He is now strong and healthy, and I can sincerely say that only for your most wonderful remedies my precious child would have died from those terrible sores. Mrs. Egbert Sheldon, R. F. D. No. 1, Woodville, Conn., April 22, 1905."

The Spirit of Sport.

English Motorist—Is life held so cheaply in America?

American Motorist—Really, I don't know. No true sportsman ever stops to ask if a thing is cheap or not in America.—Puck.

Many Children are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, Break up Colds and Destroy Worms. At all Druggists', 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

He—Will you not accept my pledge never to drink again?

She—No; I prefer that you keep it.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

When a fool gets angry he establishes more firmly the fact of his foolishness.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Buy what thou hast no need of, and ere long thou shalt sell thy necessaries.

A TRULY IDEAL WIFE

HER HUSBAND'S BEST HELPER

Vigorous Health Is the Great Source of Power to Inspire and Encourage—All Women Should Seek It.

One of the most noted, successful and richest men of this century, in a recent article, has said, "Whatever I am and whatever success I have attained in this world I owe all to my wife. From the day I first knew her she has been an inspiration, and the greatest helpmate of my life."

Mrs. Bessie Ainsley

To be such a successful wife, to retain the love and admiration of her husband, to inspire him to make the most of himself, should be a woman's constant study.

If a woman finds that her energies are flagging, that she gets easily tired, dark shadows appear under her eyes, she has backache, headaches, bearing-down pains, nervousness, irregularities or the blues, she should start at once to build up her system by a tonic with specific powers, such as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Following we publish by request a letter from a young wife:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:

"Ever since my child was born I have suffered, as I hope few women ever have, with inflammation, female weakness, bearing-down pains, backache and wretched headaches. It affected my stomach so I could not enjoy my meals, and half my time was spent in bed.

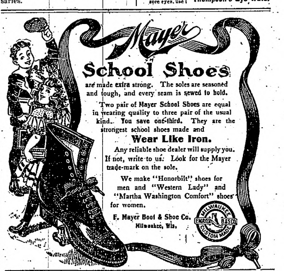
"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me a well woman, and I feel so grateful that I am glad to write and tell you of my marvelous recovery. It brought me health, new life and vitality."—Mrs. Bessie Ainsley, 611 South 10th Street, Tacoma, Wash.

What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Ainsley it will do for every sick and ailing woman.

If you have symptoms you don't understand write to Mrs. Pinkham, daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Fate is a fat old woman who chuckles at mortals for believing in her.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water



Mayer School Shoes

are made extra strong. The soles are seasoned and tough, and every seam is sewed to hold.

Two pair of Mayer School Shoes are equal in wearing quality to three pair of the usual kind. You save one-third. They are the strongest school shoes made and

Wear Like Iron.

Any reliable shoe dealer will supply you. If not, write to us. Look for the Mayer trade-mark on the sole.

We make "Honorbilt" shoes for men and "Western Lady" and "Martha Washington Comfort" shoes for women.

F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Co.
Milwaukee, Wis.

PRICE, 25 Cts.

TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE
CURES COUGHS COLDS

ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE

GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.
F. W. Diemer, M.D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

O READ O 130—2106

THIS COUPON IS GOOD FOR $1.00 ON PURCHASE

FREE

Upon receipt of your name__________

Address __________

GOOD FOR ONE DOLLAR PURCHASE

Druggist's Name __________

His Address __________

And 10c in stamps or silver to pay postage we will mail you a sample free, if you have never used Mull's Grape Tonic, and will also mail you a certificate good for one dollar toward the purchase of more Tonic from your druggist. Address

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

YOU WRONG YOURSELF TO SUFFER

from Constipation and Stomach Trouble.

Why suffer or take needless chances with constipation or stomach troubles when there is a perfect, harmless, natural, positive cure within your reach?

CONSTIPATION AND STOMACH TROUBLE

cause blood poison, skin diseases, sick headache, biliousness, typhoid fever, appendicitis, piles and every kind of female trouble as well as many others. Your own physician will tell you that all this is true. But don't drug or physic yourself. Use

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC

the natural, strengthening harmless remedy that builds up the tissues of your digestive organs and puts your whole system in splendid condition to overcome all attacks. It is very pleasant to take. The children like it and it does them great good.

35 cent, 50 cent and $1.00 bottles at all druggists. The $1.00 bottle contains about six times as much as the 35 cent bottle and about three times as much as the 50 cent bottle. There is a great saving in buying the $1.00 size.

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

TWENTY-FIVE BUSHELS OF WHEAT TO THE ACRE

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Means a productive capacity in dollars of over $16 per acre.

This on land which has cost the farmer nothing but the price of tilling it, tells its own story.

The Canadian Government gives absolutely free to every settler 160 acres of such land.

Lands adjoining can be purchased at from $6 to $10 per acre from railroad and other corporations.

Already 175,000 farmers from the United States have made their homes in Canada.

For pamphlet "Twentieth Century Canada" and all information apply to Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to following authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

WRITE FOR TRIAL PACKAGE
"GOLD COIN HEAVE CURE"

GOLD COIN HEAVE CURE
FREE

"I have used over 100 packages of your Heave Cure on different horses, and it has never failed me yet."—Wm. J. Wenz, St. Paul.

Send 4c for Postage, and mention this paper.

Gold Coin Stock Food Co.
104 E. 5th St. St. Paul, Minn.

HE ATTENDS TO BUSINESS

who goes straight to work to cure

Hurts, Sprains, Bruises

by the use of

St. Jacobs Oil

and saves time, money and gets out of misery quickly.

It Acts Like Magic. Price, 25c. and 50c.

C.C.C. C.C.C. C.C.C. C.C.C. C.C.C.

AGENTS WANTED

Complete outfit can be carried in pocket —sells readily and profits are large.

Address H. S. HOWLAND,
1 Madison Avenue, New York City.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Minneapolis **WOODWARD & CO., GRAIN COMMISSION** Duluth

ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

Northwest News.

TRAIN WRECKS KILL ELEVEN

RUNAWAY FREIGHT CRASHES INTO PASSENGER TRAIN NEAR HELENA.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 8.—Five persons were killed and three were injured in a collision between a freight train and a passenger train on the Northern Pacific, near here Monday night at midnight.

The accident happened near the Montana Central crossing. A runaway freight train, which got away at Austin, ten miles distant, crashed into the rear end of the passenger train which was going east. The grade for the ten miles, down the eastern slope of the Rocky mountains, is 2 per cent, and the freight was traveling at a frightful velocity when it struck the passenger. The two coaches which were attached to the passenger were badly wrecked and were burned up, while twenty-four freight cars were demolished.

The passenger consisted of only two coaches and is a "stub" train which the Northern Pacific operates between Garrison and Helena.

Four Killed in Oregon.

Portland, Or., Feb. 8.—Four persons were killed and ten were more or less seriously injured in a collision yesterday on the Oregon Railway and Navigation company's line near Bridal Veil, Or.

Passenger train No. 5, known as the Pacific express, from Chicago, ran into the rear of passenger No. 3, known as the Spokane-Portland special, which was standing on the main track with a disabled engine.

A brakeman had been sent back with the customary signals, but through some mishap the limited was not stopped.

LACE CURTAIN BLOWS UP.

Mysterious Explosion Burns North Dakota's Man's Face.

Baden, N. D., Feb. 8.—John Mellon, Sr., was badly burned about the face and hands as the result of a peculiar accident at the home of his son. A lace curtain accidently caught fire and Mr. Mellon was in the act of tearing it down when suddenly there was a flash as of explosion and he was enveloped in flames. What caused the explosion is a mystery, as there was no powder in the house.

WILL BOOM RANGE TOWNS.

Business Men Plan Big Banquet at Eveleth.

Eveleth, Minn., Feb. 8.—A committee of business men has been appointed to arrange for a banquet to be held in the near future, and at which prominent men from throughout the Mesaba range will be present. The plan is to have a general discussion of matters of interest to the range towns and to perfect plans for the promotion of their welfare.

CONTRACTOR IS A SUICIDE.

Butler King Kills Himself in a Clinton (Iowa) Hotel.

Clinton, Iowa, Feb. 8.—Butler King, a prominent building contractor, committed suicide yesterday morning by shooting himself while in a room at the Grand hotel. Despondency over ill health is supposed to have been the cause.

Heavy Loss by Fire at Orleans.

Orleans, Minn., Feb. 8. — The large Mikkleson grain elevator has been completely destroyed by fire, together with its contents. It contained 7,000 bushels of wheat and a quantity of flax. The fire is supposed to have been caused by spontaneous combustion. The building was insured, but the loss on the grain will be heavy.

Meat Producers to Fight.

Des Moines, Feb. 8. — The Corn Belt Meat Producers' Association of Iowa and Nebraska convened here yesterday. Action looking to a combination of the meat producers' interests by an arrayed fight against advanced commission charges for handling stock is the object of the meeting.

Shot While at Play.

Le Sueur, Minn., Feb. 8.—Miss Lizzie Rademacher, daughter of a farmer who lives five miles east of town, while dressed partly in men's clothing and playing "man" about the house, accidentally shot her little brother in the chin with a revolver, inflicting a severe, but not dangerous wound.

Is After Alger's Seat.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 8.—Arthur Hill of Saginaw, a wealthy lumberman, yesterday made the formal announcement of his candidacy for the United States senate in opposition to Senator Alger in 1907.

$75,000 Fire in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Feb. 8.—The five-story building occupied by Glass, Hall & Co., wholesale dry goods merchants, was practically destroyed by fire yesterday. The loss is estimated at $75 000.

Runs Over Frozen Body.

Rice Lake, Wis., Feb. 8.—The body of Joe Scharette, who lived near Conderay, Wis., was cut to pieces by a train. It was lying on the track. The man undoubtedly had been frozen to death before being run over.

Farmer Killed by Train.

Hawley, Minn., Feb. 8. — A young farmer named Barrington Carlson, living near Hitterdal, Clay county, was struck by a freight train while crossing the track with a sleigh. He died in two hours.

TRY TO BURN SHERIFF.

Plot Miscarries Just as It Was About to Be Executed.

Minot, N. D., Feb. 8.—The village of Portal is greatly excited over what appears to have been a deliberate attempt to burn a home and cremate its nine inmates. The plot miscarried just as it was about to be carried into execution. The scene was at the home of Lee Olson, foreman of the Soo round house. Sheriff John Lee of Ward county also lives there, and the plot, it is thought, was against him. The entire village is greatly excited over the affair and many threats are heard. It may be necessary to call on the governor to send militia to preserve order. Lee and Olson were sleeping on the first floor, while seven members of Olson's family were sleeping upstairs.

LAWSON WILL SEE JOHNSON.

Bostonian Will Confer With Minnesota's Governor.

Des Moines, Feb. 8. — Thomas W. Lawson of Boston made a flying visit to Des Moines yesterday and will return next Tuesday. He spent an hour in conference with Gov. Cummins, offering him the control of the insurance policy holders' proxies that have been entrusted to him, addressed the legislature for ten minutes, and hied himself back to Chicago, expecting to go to St. Paul to confer with Gov. Johnson, thence to Washington and next week back to Des Moines to hear Gov. Cummins' answer to his request with respect to the proxies.

WILL OPEN RICH TIMBER LANDS.

Duluth, Rainy Lake & Winnipeg to Be Extended.

Duluth, Feb. 8.—Bids will be called for in a few days for the extension of the Duluth, Rainy Lake & Winnipeg road from its present northern terminus, Ashawa, to Beaudette, on Rainy river, where it will connect with the Canadian Northern. Work will be begun as soon as practicable. The news of the extension is of much importance to Duluth. It will afford a shorter line to the Manitoba metropolis and will open up a country rich in timber and of great agricultural possibilities in St. Louis, northern Itasca and Beltrami counties.

FIND MONEY IN TOOL CHEST.

Heirs of Recluse Plan to Dig Up Whole Lot.

Waupaca, Wis., Feb. 8. — Sixteen thousand dollars of the wealth supposed to have been accumulated by the recluse B. B. Brown, who recently died, has been found. Government bonds to the amount of $10,000 were found in an old tool chest in his house, and bank books showing that $6,000 is in the vaults of a local bank. The heirs, however, are not satisfied that this is all of the fortune left by their relative, and will dig over all of the lot on which the house stands next spring.

NOTED EDUCATOR IS DEAD.

Prof. Frankenberger of Wisconsin a Victim of Paralysis.

Madison, Wis., Feb. 8. — David B. Frankenberger, for a quarter of a century professor of rhetoric at the University of Wisconsin, died yesterday of paralysis. He was sixty years old and was well known in college circles. Prof. Frankenbergeer was born in Pennsylvania and came to Wisconsin fifty years ago. He graduated both in letters and law from the state university and has been a teacher there ever since. A widow and two daughters survive him.

SAID NOT TO HAVE TOLD ALL.

Grand Jury Indicts Witness in Montana Fraud Trial.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 8.—The grand jury at Miles City which is investigating alleged bounty frauds, yesterday returned an indictment against Fred Franklin. He was given immunity at the trial of T. J. Newman, recently convicted of county frauds, but the grand jury is said to have found other evidence than he furnished. Other indictments also are expected.

DIES BESIDE SWEETHEART.

Iowa Farmer Drops Dead as He Crosses Threshhold.

Webster City, Iowa, Feb. 8.—Peter Lundgren, a prominent farmer living near Stratford, in this county, dropped dead at the feet of his sweetheart, Miss Anna Barquist, last night. He had been at a party with the young lady, and on returning late in the evening and was invited into the house to warm himself. He had just crossed the threshhold when he fell and instantly died.

Three Children Burn With Home.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 8.—Three children of J. B. Cypher, girls, aged one, three and five, respectively, were burned to death in their home six miles south of Big Timber. The parents were absent at the time.

Remorse Causes Suicide.

Janesville, Wis., Feb. 8. — Constant brooding over the fact that he caused the smallpox epidemic here two months ago which resulted in 200 cases caused Arthur Francis to commit suicide. Francis was a gypsie.

Wealthy Woman Is Dead.

Sioux City, Iowa, Feb. 8—Mrs. Mary Purslow, aged seventy-one years, one of the richest women in Sioux City, died suddenely of paralysis last night. She and her husband came to Sioux City from St. Paul in 1872. She owned the Hotel West and other large blocks.

Stillwater, Minn., Feb. 8.—Herman Lange was instantly killed yesterday at Kerrick, Minn., by a falling log. His home is in this city. He leaves a wife and several small children.

In and About the State

BEGIN ON GOOD ROADS.

Engineer Cooley Laying Foundation for Campaign.

The state highway commission will make its first move in a few days in the campaign for good roads. The engineer of the commission, George W Cooley of Minneapolis, has spent the last few days getting settled in his quarters in the new capitol and in looking over the situation, and activ work will be begun at once.

The first move will be the gathering of information as a basis for work. To this end the commission is sending out to one or more persons in each county a circular asking for informatis as to conditions in the county. The questions asked include the number of miles of county and town roads in the county, the miles of graveled and macadam road, and sentiment in the county for good roads, but the information most sought is the material in the county available for building good roads.

Accompanying this circular is another which includes a copy of the state highway law and calls attention to the proposed work of the commission.

The tax of one-twentieth of a mill upon the property in the state for aid in the construction of good roads is levied with the regular taxes this year, but the money will not be available until March next year, so that until then the commission cannot aid in the building of roads. But out of the appropriation for the expenses of the commission it intends to aid in the supervision of roads constructed by the counties, by giving instructions in the methods of good road building. ODne road is being built near Little Falls by Morrison county which the state engineer will supervise.

"All we want is to get a start in each neighborhood," said Mr. Cooley, "and more good roads will follow soon When the people see a piece of good road in the neighborhood they will want more of it. The important thing is to get the first piece of good road built in each community."

The work of the commission will be part educational and part active work in aiding construction of roads. The educational work will be done through various ways. The commission has arranged with O. C. Gregg, superintendent of the farmers' institute, and now good roads lectures are given in connection with the institutes. There are several county good roads associations in the state and the educational work will be carried on through them.

Among the counties that have such organizations are Benton, Blue Earth, Olmsted, Freeborn, Nicollet, Hennepin, Anoka, Waseca, Steele, Watonwan, Ramsey, Mille Lacs, Polk, Morrison and Chisago. There is also the tri-county association, representing Stearns, Benton and Sherburne counties. Besides this, there are a number of farmers' clubs which will aid in the work.

MONEY IN STATE TREASURY.

There has been more coming than going at the state treasury the last month, according to the monthly balance. The revenue fund has the greater share of the income, but many of the other funds show a decided improvement over the balance at the end of December.

The shortage in the revenue fund has been reduced from $2,169,000 to $1,720,000. The total income for the revenue fund for the month has been $809,000 and the expenses of running the state about $360,000, so the deficit has been reduced $449,000. The treasury shows a larger overdraft than a month ago, but this is accounted for by the taking up of the loans made from banks. A month ago the state had borrowed $1,715,000 from banks, but in January $500,000 of this was taken up and the loans from banks now amount to $1,215,000. On account of the large amount of railroad and other taxes due to come soon, the deficit will be decreased still further during February.

Of the $809,000 paid into the revenue fund during the month $550,000 was paid by the railroads on their taxes. State property taxes brought in $46,000, telegraph taxes brought in $19,000, telephone taxes $40,000, insurance taxes $10,000. The state institutions paid in $106,000.

The permanent school fund, which is the principal fund from which loans to school districts, villages and counties are made, show a balance of $180,404.18 on the right side of the ledger waiting to be loaned out. All the loans that have been applied for so far have been allowed and this much remains over. Three months ago more applications for loans were granted than there was money in the fund.

Several of the other funds also have grown during the month.

Epidemic Stops Schools.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 6—East Helena, six miles from Helena, where a big smelter of the American Smelting and refining company is located, is threatened with an epidemic of diphtheria. It has been found necessary to close the schools and to appeal to the county commissioners to appoint a quarantine officer.

D. B. Kelly, a teamster employed at the Ross & Ross camps near Kelliher, had his elbow dislocated by falling under a load of logs while going down a hill.

DRAGGED INTO MACHINE.

Hibbing, Minn., Feb. 6. — While a crew of men was making repairs on a steam shovel at the Hull-Rust stripping, Samma Cokki, a Finnish laborer, was caught by the chain and pulled into the machinery, cutting off both legs, and inflicting injuries from which he died in the hospital.

Ogalalla, Neb., Feb. 6. — A terrific prairie fire burning over the North Platte river tableland. The telephone information says it cannot be controlled.

SET PRICE ON CODE.

Printing Commission Decides to Sell Copies of Revised Code at $3.50 Each.

The revised code, when printed, will cost each individual purchaser in the state $3.50 a volume. This price was fixed at a special meeting of the code printing commission held in the offices of Attorney General Young.

The original price set by the commission for the code was $2.50 a volume. The printing troubles which have been encountered, however, have increased the cost of the work to the state, and it has been found necessary to raise the price of the books for public sale. The price fixed will just about cover the cost of printing.

Work on the code is progressing rapidly and the 3,000 volumes, when completed, will be turned over to the secretary of state and sold by him. Applications for copies are already being received and are being placed on file by Secretary of State Hanson. They will be filled in order as they are received.

The code printing commission decided on the following distribution of the free copies of the code:

One copy to each county auditor, clerk of court, judge of probate and county attorney in the state.

One copy to each district judge.

One copy to each municipal court judge.

One copy to each head of each state department.

Two copies to each of the supreme court justices.

Ten copies to the university law library.

One hundred copies to the state law library.

This will dispose of about 650 copies and the balance will be offered to attorneys and private citizens of the state at the price mentioned. It is expected to have the code ready for distribution about Feb. 26.

TEST CASE ON CONDENSED MILK

Illinois Interests Fight Commissioner Slater's Ruling.

Dairy Commissioner Slater's ruling against the Illinois "evaporated cream" product will be tested in court, and attorneys for the manufacturers will carry the case up to the supreme court if they lose. The case opened in St. Paul. A grocer named Tetu was arraigned in municipal court for selling the article labeled "evaporated cream." He is backed by the manufacturers in his defense.

The defense does not claim that their product is evaporated cream. They contend that it is a trade term for condensed milk, and their cans bear an inscription, saying that the product is rich milk evaporated to the consistency of rich cream. The state authorities declare it illegal under the law prohibiting misbranding which prohibits the sale of food articles under statements false in any particular. They insist that since the article is only evaporated milk it should be so labeled.

The minnesota department is not alone in this position. Dr. H. W. Wiley, chemist of the department of agriculture, has made standards for condensed milk and cream. He defines evaporated cream as cream from which a considerable quantity of water has been evaporated. The national standard for cream requires 18 per cent of butter fat, and Minnesota's standard is 20 per cent. The sample of the Illinois product contains only 8.4 per cent. The national standard for condensed milk calls for 28 per cent solids, of which one-fourth, or 7 per cent must be butter fat. Under this standard the Illinois article just comes well within the requirement for evaporated milk.

This is the same product in which Commissioner Jones of Illinois is interested. He came to St. Paul last year and tried to get Mr. Slater to change his ruling and admit the product, and declared it was "good enough for Illinois."

IS STATE'S BIGGEST DITCH.

Proposed Work in Stearns County to Cost $50,000.

Petitions are being circulated for what will be when constructed, the largest drainage ditch in the state. It will canal the Crow Wing river for a distance of fifty miles, beginning in Meeker county, passing through Stearns and into Pope county. The proposed ditch would reclaim 100,000 acres of land that is now valueless for tillage purposes, but which if drained would be excellant land for farming. Engineers estimate the cost of the proposed drain at $1,000 a mile, or $50,000 for the total length. The petition will be filed at three separate county seats, St. Cloud, Litchfield and Gleenwood, but it is understood that all proceedings under it will be conducted in Stearns county.

Fire at Graceville.

Graceville, Minn., Feb. 4. — F. M. Bergen's general store was completely destroyed by fire. Loss, $20,000; insurance, $11,000. The building was owned by the Bigstone County bank and was insured.

Middie Is Pardoned.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The president has pardoned Midshipman John Paul Miller of Kentucky, recently convicted of hazing at Annapolis naval academy.

Knitting Mill Destroyed.

Cleveland, Ohio, Feb. 4.—The knitting mill of N. J. Rich & Co. was entirely destroyed by fire last evening. One hundred and fifty girls were in the building when the fire broke out, but it is believed all got out safely.

Fire Loss Is Heavy.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 4. — Fire which started in the center of the wholesale district, threatened an entire block for more than an hour early this morning. The loss is between $75,000 and $125,000.

MUTINY ON A U. S. WARSHIP

SAILORS OF THE CRUISER MARBLEHEAD REFUSE TO COAL THE SHIP.

San Diego, Cal., Feb. 8. — A condition of mutiny existed among the sailors of the cruiser Marblehead while on her recent trip in Southern waters, according to members of her crew. The Marblehead, Capt. Mulligan, arrived at this port yesterday and anchored apart from the other vessels of the Pacific squadron now in this harbor. While at Pichilinque bay, it is said, all but ten of the 325 sailors refused to participate in coaling the vessel, giving as their excuse for the action a lack of shore leave and an absence of fresh vegetables since the cruiser was last at San Francisco. Capt. Mulligan denied that there had been any trouble.

TARIFF TRUCE IS EXPECTED.

Berlin Officials Have New Hope of an Agreement With America.

Berlin, Feb. 8.—It was reported in commercial circles yesterday that a tariff arrangement between Germany and the United States to last one year had been agreed upon, but inquiry at the American embassy and at the foreign office established the falsity of the report. The foreign office, however, apparently is more hopeful now. Officials expect that some sort of an agreement will be reached before the end of the month.

GERMAN SHIP IS ABANDONED.

Cargo Is Washing Ashore and Indians Help Themselves.

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 8. — The German tramp ship steamer Marienchen is lying on her beam ends and listed heavily to port on the beach at False bay in Southeastern Alaska. The captain has abandoned the vessel as a total wreck, but the underwriters may make an effort to save her. The cargo is floating ashore and boxes of merchandise and sacks of flour are being carried away by the Indians.

WILL REPRESENT CASTRO.

United States to Act for Venezuela at French Capital.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The Venezuelan government has requested the government of the United States to take charge of its consular affairs in France. Secretary Root has decided to comply with the request and will give the necessary instructions to the American ambassador in Paris.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Feb. 8. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 82 3-8@82 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 80 1-4 @ 81 1-4c; No. 3, 78@80c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 37 1-2@38c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28@28 1-2c.

Minneapolis, Feb. 8. — Wheat—No. 1 hard, 82 5-8c; No. 1 Northern, 82 1-8c; No. 2 Northern, 80 5-8c; durum, 70c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 1-8c.

Duluth, Feb. 8. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 81 5-8c; No. 2 Northern, 79 5-8c; flax, $1.14 1-2; rye, 60c.

Milwaukee, Feb. 8. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 84 1-2 @ 85 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 82@84 1-2c. Rye—No. 1, 68 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 55c. Oats — Standard, 32c.

Chicago, Feb. 8. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 85 1-4@87 1-4c; No. 2 hard, 82 1-4 @ 84 1-4c; No. 1 Northern, 83 1-2 @ 86 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 83 1-2 @ 85 1-2c. Corn—No. 2, 41 1-2c. Oats—No. 2, 30@30 1-4c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Feb. 8.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.75 @ 5.35; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.50@4; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4; calves and yearlings, $2.50 @3.75. Hogs—Bulk, $5.37 1-2@5.40.

Chicago, Feb. 8. — Beeves, $3.75@ 6.20; stockers and feeders, $2.60 @ 4.50; cows and heifers, $1.50 @ 4.75. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $5.50@ 5.75; bulk, $5.60@5.75. Sheep, $3.75 @5.65; lambs, $5.40@7.50.

South St. Paul, Feb. 8. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4.50 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3@ 4.25; good to choice milch cows, $30@ 40. Hogs — Price range, $5.40@5.55; bulk, $4.45@5.50. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $6.25 @ 6.75; fair to good, $4.50@6.25; yearling wethers, $5.25@5.75; good to choice ewes, $4.25 @4.90.

Foul Play Suspected.

Sisseton, S. D., Feb. 8.—A farmer named Paul Loseen was picked up three miles north of this city yesterday morning in an unconscious condition. Both hands and feet were so badly frozen that amputation will be necessary. He left town the previous evening to go home, and it is said his hired man was with him. The hired man cannot be found and foul play is suspected. The team was found at a farmer's near by. Loseen was sober when he left town.

No Sunday Lid by Force.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 8. — The supreme court yesterday denied a motion for leave to file a petition for writ to compel Mayor Dunne of Chicago to enforce the Sunday closing law as applied to saloons. The court held that it had no jurisdiction in the matter.

Man Blown to Pieces.

Wheeling, W. Va., Feb. 8.—By the explosion of a boiler in a portable saw mill operating near Majorsville, W. Va., fifteen miles east of here, Leo McDermott was blown to pieces.

Librarians Will Meet.

The annual session of the Wisconsin Library association will be held at Madison February 21. Among the speakers is Judge James M. Pereles, Milwaukee, "What a Trustee Can Do to Help a Librarian." Archbishop Messmer of Milwaukee will be the chief speaker at a Washington programme in the gymnasium on February 22. Dr. George W. Peckham, Milwaukee, will speak on "Fines," and Miss Van Valkenburgh, Milwaukee, on "Simplicity in Cataloguing."

Congress.

Resume of the Week's Proceedings.

Washington, Feb. 1.—Discussion of the railroad rate bill continued in the house yesterday. Incident to it, two speeches, the efforts of Mr. Campbell (Kan.) and Mr. Martin (S. D.), took a wider range and swept the horizon of "trust evils" generally.

Mr. Bartlett (Ga.), a minority member of the committee reporting the bill, made a two hours' speech in which he discussed the legal and constitutional questions involved and advocated the passage of the bill as the proper remedy for an intolerable condition. The first speech in opposition to the bill, which concluded the day's discussion, was made by Mr. Perkins of New York. He based his opposition to government control of rates to an inherent aversion to government control of business enterprise.

In the senate Mr. Patterson strongly indorsed the position of the president in Santo Domingo matters and in the matter of the Moroccan conference. He said that he was sorry to differ from his Democratic colleagues, but that he felt it his duty to do so in these matters. He also expressed absolute confidence in the patriotism of the president and in his good faith in announcing his determination not to again be a candidate for the presidency. The remainder of the session was devoted to a debate on the shipping bill.

Washington, Feb. 2. — The house yesterday called for the estimate of cotton yet to be ginned, which the director of the census has compiled, but which he has no authority to make public until March.

The discussion of the railroad rate bill was taken up and prosecuted with vigor throughout the day. So many speakers have come to the front on this measure that the house agreed to meet at 11 o'clock hereafter until the debate is ended. The feature of the debate yesterday was the lengthy speech of Mr. Sibley of Pennsylvania, who arraigned the legislation with arguments of varied character, all of which tended to give his reasons for being unalterably opposed to the bill. Mr. Knapp of New York spoke for the measure and Mr. Shackleford of Missouri, who advocated the Hearst bill last year, gave his reasons for supporting the present bill.

The senate yesterday passed thirty or forty miscellaneous bills and gave several hours' time to the consideration of the shipping bill. Among the bills passed was one providing for a delegate in congress from Alaska and a number providing for lighthouses, revenue cutters and fish culture stations.

Washington, Feb. 3. — Oratory on the railway rate bill held the attention of the house for six hours yesterday. The speeches of Burton of Ohio, McCall of Massachusetts and Russell of Texas were features, while Thomas of North Carolina, Burke of South Dakota and Goulden of New York took up particular and specific topics.

In the senate the shipping bill was made the basis of a running debate between Mr. Patterson in opposition and Mr. Gallinger and Mr. Perkins in support.

Washington, Feb. 5. — Various phases of the railroad rate question were threshed over in the house Saturday in the course of nine speeches which occupied six and a half hours. This concluded the fifth day of the discussion but the end is not yet.

Many members of both sides of the house desire to record their votes, and general debate will be allowed to continue.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Considerable fault was found with the railroad rate bill in the house yesterday, considering the fact that it is a measure of both parties. Mr. Littlefield of Maine opened the day with a whirlwind speech in which he pointed out the drastic and far-reaching effect of its provisions.

Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio ridiculed the alleged popular demand for the legislation and picked flaws in the construction of the bill.

Those who spoke in favor of the bill during the day were Stevens (Minn.), Lamar (Fla.), Underwood (Ala.), Gaines (Tenn.), Hardwick (Ga.) Davidson (Wis.), Rhodes (Mo.), Pou (N. C.) Webber (Ohio) and Rives (Ill.).

The senate was treated to a distinct sensation yesterday by Mr. Patterson (Dem., Colo.) who followed up his retirement of last Saturday from the Democratic caucus by introducing in the senate a resolution in effect declaring the action of the caucus to have been contrary to the Constitution of the United States. Mr. Patterson made no effort to secure the privilege of discussing the resolution yesterday, but gave notice that he would address the senate on it to-day or at the first available day afterward.

Washington, Feb. 7.—Having fixed the end of the general debate on the rate bill at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon, the recognition of the chair was passed around at a lively rate in the house yesterday. Seventeen speeches were made, all of them for the measure. The railways came in for an unusual amount of criticism.

The senate gave the entire day to a review of the prerogatives of the senate in the matter of framing treaties. The question was raised by Mr. Bacon in a speech on his resolution requesting information concerning the Algeciras conference. He talked for almost three hours, and was followed by Mr. Spooner, who spoke for considerably more than an hour.

Washington, Feb. 8.—By continuing its session practically to 7 o'clock the house concluded all preliminary steps to the passage of the railroad rate bill, ordered a roll call on the measure and put off the final action until to-day at noon.

The time for amendment came at 4 o'clock, and for three hours following one amendment after another came up, was read, debated in some instances, and sent down to defeat. So fierce was the struggle to amend that often when a paragraph of the bill was concluded in the reading, a dozen members shouted for recognition and waved their amendments. Not one of these was adopted.

Best Orators Are Heard.

Previous to these exciting proceedings the house had been entertained for five hours by the oratory of its best speakers. Mr. Bourke Cockran of New York gave his approval to the measure in an elaborate speech. Mr. Mann of Illinois followed, and then the minority leader, Mr. Williams, expounded the measure and congratulated everybody on its success. Chairman Hepburn closed the debate.

In the Senate.

Yesterday was the first time in many years the senate chamber was made the scene of an effort to administer party discipline to a member of that body, and the occurrence was one of so many dramatic details that the many witnesses will not soon forget it. Mr. Patterson was the subject of the effort and Mr. Bailey, to whom, in the absence of Mr. Gorman, Democratic leadership is conceded, was the instrument of his party in the incident. The proceedings arose in connection with the consideration of Mr. Patterson's resolution of remonstrance against caucus action on treaties with foreign nations.

Conscience Should Be Guide.

Mr. Patterson's speech was in the main an elaboration of his resolutions, and he contended stoutly for the right of a senator to follow the dictates of his conscience rather than the demands of his party.

Mr. Bailey's speech was based upon the theory that all senators are under obligations to obey conscience rather than caucus, but that in doing so they antagonize their party and should hold themselves responsible to their party. Mr. Bailey charged the senator from Colorado with having been a party to the adoption in a previous caucus of the rule binding Democratic senators to the two-thirds rule.

INSANE MAN SEEKS ROOSEVELT.

Ex-Soldier Explains That the Lord Sent Him for $9,000,000.

Washington, Feb. 8. — An insane man, Joseph Kiszhim, who wanted President Roosevelt to pay him $9,000,000, was arrested yesterday at the White House and sent to the government hospital for the insane. Kiszhim served as a soldier in the Philippines under the name of Joseph Giles, and for some time has been an inmate of St. Elizabeth's insane asylum here. Recently he was discharged as an "improved" patient. He visited the White House yesterday and insisted on seeing the president to get $9,000,000 "for which the Lord sent him." He said he had written the president several times about the money, but decided to go to the White House and get it. He was examined by the police surgeons, found to be insane and was returned to St. Elizabeth's.

KILLED IN LOOP.

Woman Is Fatally Hurt Making the "Circle of Death."

Lisbon, Feb. 8. — While the well known Parisienne performer, Mlle Mauhicia Dethiers, was giving her act "The Circle of Death," at the circus here late yesterday her automobile left the track and crashed into the arena. Her chest was crushed and her legs and arms were broken. Surgeons reported that she was dying. Many women among the spectators fainted. A part of the great crowd present made a demonstration against the performance and threatened to burn the circus.

MAY CUT OUT GEN. WOOD.

Abolition of Lieutenant General's Position Proposed for Army.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Provision for the abolition of the grade of lieutenant general, the highest rank in the army, is made in the army appropriation bill which has been reported to the house. If this legislation secures the approval of congress, Major Generals Corbin, MacArtur and Wood will not be able to secure the expected promotion to the grade of lieutenant general.

Runs Over Frozen Body.

Rice Lake, Wis., Feb. 8.—The body of Joe Scharette, who lived near Conderay, Wis., was cut to pieces by a train. It was lying on the track. The man undoubtedly had been frozen to death before being run over.

Farmer Killed by Train.

Hawley, Minn., Feb. 8. — A young farmer named Barrington Carlson, living near Hitterdal, Clay county, was struck by a freight train while crossing the track with a sleigh. He died in two hours.

One Mine Gives $5,080,000.

Pierre, S. D., Feb. 3.—The annual report of Mine Inspector Nicolas Treweek has been filed with Gov. Elrod, showing that the production of gold bullion by South Dakota for last year was $7,191,534, of which the Homestake mine produced $5,080,000.

Engel Is Made Register.

Washington, Feb. 3. — The senate in executive session yesterday confirmed the nomination of Herman Engel to be register of the land office at Duluth.

Was Sorry, but He's Dead.

Oskaloosa, Iowa, Feb. 2.—Dr. L. H Fritch, who, after being convicted of practicing medicine illegally, took a dose of carbolic acid, is dead. He regained consciousness before the end and expressed regret for his act.

Gets Fine and Imprisonment.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 2.—S. G. Davis of Billings was convicted in the United States court yesterday of giving liquor to a Crow Indian and was sentenced to sixty days in the county jail and fined $100.

An old bachelor says that matrimony is an excellent training school for women who are ambitious to enter the lecture field.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1906. NUMBER 31.

CHINA TO GRAB PART OF RUSSIA

PREPARING TO TAKE BY FORCE WHOLE PROVINCE OF AMUR.

BIG FORCE GOING TO MANILA

UNITED STATES WILL GATHER 38.000 MEN FOR SERVICE IN CHINA.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 15—The Slovoe says that the Chinese are preparing to take from Russia by force the whole of the Amur province. The czar's government, the paper adds, is alarmed and contemplates sending a special army to protect the Amur.

The province of Amur is a part of Asiatic Russia, and has Siberia proper on its north and Chinese Manchuria on its south and west. Its area is 173,552 square miles, but its population is only about 50,000.

It has been largely colonized by Cossacks and Siberians. It is mountainous, but is finely timbered. Its fur product is important and its valleys are very fertile.

Send Troops to Philippines.

Washington, Feb. 15.—Thirty-eight thousand men of the regular army are to be mobilized at Manila for service in China in case an uprising against foreigners in the ancient empire. The war department has determined to send four regiments of cavalry and seven batteries of artillery to the Far Eastern islands, in addition to the troops already ordered.

The navy department also is active and has directed Rear Admiral Sigsbee's squadron, consisting of one armored and three protected cruisers, to hold itself in readiness to proceed to the Far East and report to Rear Admiral Train, commander-in-chief of the Asiatic fleet. The navy department also has sent instructions to Rear Admiral Train to take such measures as may seem to him advisable for the adequate protection of Americans and their interests.

Empire Is Stirring.

Preparations which the military branches of the government have been making indicate that the administration is apprehensive that the government of China will be unable to quell the movement against foreigners which appears to have gained greater headway than had been believed. Official dispatches from Minister Rockhill and from consuls at various points show the awakening of the empire has come and that its trend is anti-foreign.

The people are aroused over the arrogance of Western powers in seizing Chinese territory and otherwise imposing Western will upon their government. They object to the exercise by foreigners of the right of extra territoriality — the principle which permits foreigners to be tried by consular courts instead of the judicial administrative organizations of China.

Aroused by Japan.

The agitation has been fostered and indeed, was started, by students who had obtained a smattering of Western education. The young men who were educated in Japan who came in contact wit hthe virile force which enabled their small neighbor to conquer their own country and mighty Russia, and which brought Japan to a high and honorable place at the international council table—these youths have returned to China and have spread the gospel of Asia for Asiatics.

SHOVEL HIT DYNAMITE.

Explosion That Followed Hurled Workman Into Eternity.

Chicago, Feb. 15. — One man was killed and seven others injured at the plant of the Illinois Steel company in South Chicago yesterday, when one of a party of workmen struck with his shovel some dynamite that had been left lying in the trench in which the men were digging. The man who struck the dynamite was instantly killed, his body being hurled many feet into the air. The other men are all seriously hurt, but will recover.

AMERICAN CARDINAL.

One of the Archbishops to Get the Red Hat in March.

Rome, Feb. 15.—One of the prominent members of the sacred college has said he considers it certain that the pope will create an American archbishop a cardinal at the consistory to be held in March. Which archbishop, however, will be honored, is not yet decided.

HEARD TELEPHONE TALK.

Learning of Sweetheart's Duplicity Girl Shoots Herself.

Galveston, Tex., Feb. 15.—Hearing her sweetheart telling a young woman in another town, over the telephone, of his love for her, Miss Bessie Frazier, a telephone exchange operator at Lampasas, shot and killed herself yesterday. Miss Frazier chanced to make a connection on the line her sweetheart used in calling up her rival, and listened to the conversation.

MARKS WHERE HEROES FELL

MONUMENT AT EL CANEY IN HONOR OF AMERICANS KILLED IN SIEGE.

Santiago, Cuba, Feb. 15. — Cuban gratitude, American cordiality and official dignity marked the celebration of the unveiling yesterday afternoon of the monument at El Caney in honor of the Americans who lost their lives during the siege of Santiago. The American officers enthusiastically praise Gov. Yerrero, Mayor Bacardi and the Cuban military officers and citizens for their hearty reception. Many thousands of people crowded the El Caney road, but in spite of this there was no serious blockade, the police management being perfect, and the road equal to a city boulevard. At the battlefield the Fifth artillery and Cuban artillery bands alternated in playing military and other airs.

Lieut. Gen. S. B. M. Young, representing President Roosevelt, greeted the Cuban officials and people. Gen. Andrade, representing President Palma, responded and expressed the national gratitude to the United States and the desire of Cuba to cooperate with the United States in every respect. He said, in an emergency, America can depend upon Cuba as a military or commercial ally.

Both the Cuban and the United States artillery fired salutes and Capt. Webb C. Hayes unveiled the monument.

CREW'S STORIES CONFLICT.

Valencia Examiners Hear Much Varying Testimony.

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 15.—Testimony introduced into the Valencia disaster inquiry yesterday tended more than ever to show that the discipline was slack in the crew. Frank Richley testified that he did not go to his station, but instead stopped and assisted in lowering another boat on the same side of the vessel. Contrary to statements made by other witnesses, Max Stenceler, a fireman, said that thirty or forty rockets were sent up from the Valencia; that much excitement reigned on the vessel, and it was impossible to definitely locate the officers. There were no passengers left when the last raft was sent off, he said. Samuel Hancock, chief cook, testified that no boat drills were held en route, but stated that there was little or no excitement on the craft. He declared that in his opinion the chances of a lifeboat living in the surf would have been slight.

SWIFTS AND CUDAHYS ON STAND

Relate Manner in Which Government Applied for Information.

Chicago, Feb. 15.—Representatives of the Swift company of this city and of the Cudahy Packing Company of Omaha were on the stand in the packers' case yesterday. When court adjourned for the day the testimony for each had been finished, save for a possibility that Edward Cudahy of Omaha may be recalled for a few questions in the morning. The testimony of all the witnesses related to the manner in which the government applied for information regarding the packing industry and of how it was furnished to them. It did not differ in any way from what had been said by previous witnesses in the case. It is expected that to-day's evidence regarding the investigation in the plants of Armour & Co will be taken.

MUST FURNISH CUSPIDORS.

Steam and Electric Companies Get Orders From Ohio Authorities.

Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 15—The state board of health has adopted a rule requiring companies owning and operating steam and electric cars not confined wholly within one municipality, to provide cuspidors, and declaring it dangerous to public health to expectorate upon the wall or floor of any such car except in properly provided receptacles. A circular letter has been sent to the various railroads of the state stating the board's action.

TO GET BACK THE SWAG.

Suits to Recover Campaign Contributions by New York Life Company.

New York, Feb. 15.—Recommendations that legal proceedings be instituted to recover campaign contributions made by the New York Life Insurance company were submitted to the trustees of that company yesterday by the special investigating committee, headed by Thomas P. Fowler. It is recommended that the money be recovered from such officers and trustees as counsel shall decide are liable therefor.

Woman Accidentally Killed.

Marshalltown, Iowa, Feb. 15.—Mrs. Henry C. Thiede of Glidden, while returning from a meeting at church, was thrown from a buggy as the result of an accident to the gearing. She was instantly killed.

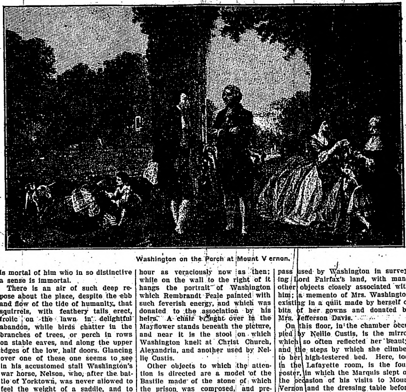
Fire Razes General Store.

Balaton, Minn., Feb. 15.—P. A. Peterson, who has been conducting a general store the last year seven miles south of Balaton, lost his entire stock and his store building last night by fire.

Mount Vernon a Shrine Toward Which Turns Every Loyal American Heart

A hundred years have passed since Death, entering the upper chamber at Mount Vernon, laid his hand upon the heart of Washington, and stilled its throbbings; but that the love and veneration with which he inspired his countrymen has known no diminution is proven every recurring anniversary of his birth.

Perhaps even more conclusive evidence is to be found in the hundreds who daily visit the historic spot, and in the absence of merry-making which marks these throngs. They come as pilgrims to a shrine, speaking in subdued voices as they pass from room to room, or standing in awed silence before the tomb which holds all that is mortal of him who in so distinctive a sense is immortal.

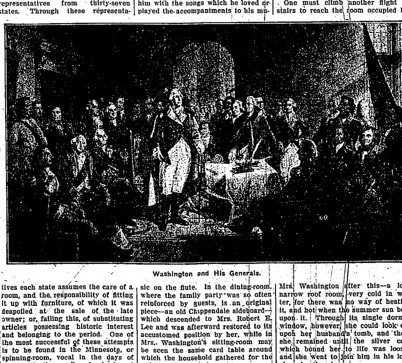


Washington on the Porch at Mount V ernon.

There is an air of such deep repose about the place, despite the ebb and flow of the tide of humanity, that squirrels, with feathery tails erect, frolic on the lawn in delightful abandon, while birds chatter in the branches of trees, or perch in rows on stable eaves, and along the upper edges of the low, half doors. Glancing over one of these one seems to see in his accustomed stall Washington's war horse, Nelson, who, after the battle of Yorktown, was never allowed to feel the weight of a saddle, and to hear his whinnying response to his master's call.

Across from this is the garden, redolent with the odor of box bushes, transformed from the green, outline of Mrs. Washington's day into aromatic walls of vendure. Gay with sweet williams and pinks and all the rest of the fragrant, old-fashioned flowers, it was an alluring spot to little Nellie Custis, who was sometimes discovered there during the hours sacred to harpsichord and spinnet, when only the interposition of her adopted father shielded her from her grandmother's displeasure.

Mount Vernon, as is generally known, was purchased in 1858 by an association of ladies, which now has representatives from thirty-seven states. Through these representatives each state assumes the care of a room, and the responsibility of fitting it up with furniture, of which it was despoiled at the sale of the late owner; or, failing this, of substituting articles possessing historic interest and belonging to the period. One of the most successful of these attempts is to be found in the Minnesota, or spinning-room, vocal in the days of yore with the music of wheel and loom and the measured stroke of the flax brake, while above the rythmical whirr might have been heard the mistress' voice, giving direction to the swarthy artisans who spun and wove most of the clothing worn by the 300 slaves belonging to the estate. The articles in this room, which were collected by Perley Poore and treasured by him at his home, were purchased by the association from his widow with money earned by the pupils of the St. Paul schools. They have since been put in working order and continue to turn out beautiful fabrics.



Washington and His Generals.

In the dwelling-house the apartment coming first in order is the banquet hall, in charge of the vice-regent from New York. The elaborately carved marble mantel in this room exhibits interesting proof of the power of an awakened conscience. A dog's head, broken off by some ruthless relic hunter, was afterward anonymously returned, and has since—with the aid of cement—been restored to its original position. Over this mantel a French clock, which regulated the life at Mount Vernon, still ticks, telling the hour as veraciously now as then; while on the wall to the right of it hangs the portrait of Washington which Rembrandt Peale painted with such feverish energy, and which was donated to the association by his heirs. A chair brought over in the Mayflower stands beneath the picture, and near it is the stool on which Washington knelt at Christ Church, Alexandria, and another used by Nellie Custis.

Other objects to which the attention is directed are a model of the Bastile made of the stone of which the prison was composed, and presented by Lafayette; a British flag captured by Washington and donated by General Grant, with many relics of equal interest. The end of the building opposite the banquet hall is occupied by the library, with its valuable collection of books and souvenirs. It is in the rooms which these apartments flank, however, ranged on either side of a broad hall, that one is brought most closely in touch with the family life at Mount Vernon.

Nellie Custis' music room, in which the general's flute lies upon the harpsichord which he presented her on the occasion of her marriage, recalls one of the most delightful relations of his life—his connection with his beautiful adopted daughter. Here she beguiled him with the songs which he loved or played the accompaniments to his music on the flute. In the dining-room, where the family party was so often reinforced by guests, is an original piece—an old Chippendale sideboard—which descended to Mrs. Robert E. Lee and was afterward restored to its accustomed position by her, while in Mrs. Washington's sitting-room may be seen the same card table around which the household gathered for the evening rubber.

The most noteworthy object in the west parlor is the carpet, made for Washington by order of Louis XVI, and still in a perfect state of preservation, although more than one hundred years old. It is of velvet, the circular center of pale ecru, upon which is stamped an American eagle, with the motto, "E Pluribus Unum," beneath, being surrounded by a rich green background, plentifully sprinkled with yellow stars. While the carpet was on its way to this country Washington was made President; and, being unable in that capacity to accept the gift, it became the property of the United States government. It was afterward purchased by Judge Yates, of Lancaster, Pa., and within the last two years has been presented to the association by his granddaughter, Mrs. Townsend Wheelan, of Philadelphia.

In the hall the visitor is shown the key of the Bastile; and, ascending the stairway at the foot of which it hangs, is confronted by a cabinet filled with the most interesting curios. Imprisoned behind glass doors is the compass used by Washington in surveying Lord Fairfax's land, with many other objects closely associated with him; a memento of Mrs. Washington existing in a quilt made by herself of bits of her gowns and donated by Mrs. Jefferson Davis.

On this floor, in the chamber occupied by Nellie Custis, is the mirror which so often reflected her beauty, and the steps by which she climbed to her high-testered bed. Here, too, in the Lafayette room, is the fourposter, in which the Marquis slept on the occasion of his visits to Mount Vernon and the dressing table before which he adjusted the unbecoming red wig.

Other apartments, called by the names of the states which care for them, are grouped about these. Each has an interest peculiar to itself; but above and beyond them all in sacred associations and hallowed memories is the room in which Washington breathed his last. The bed upon which more than one hundred years ago he lay dying stands in the same spot to-day. Near it is a light table stained with the marks of medicine glasses, and at its foot the chair in which the faithful wife sat watching through all the weary hours, and upon which, when all was over, lay her open Bible.

One must climb another flight of stairs to reach the room occupied by Mrs. Washington after this—a low, narrow roof room, very cold in winter, for there was no way of heating it, and hot when the summer sun beat upon it. Through its single dormer window, however, she could look out upon her husband's tomb, and there she remained until the silver cord which bound her to life was loosed and she went to join him in his long sleep by the river.

A negro sentinel guards the graves, who tells you, in the vernacular of the race, how the key which locks the vault behind them, and in which forty of their kindred are buried, has been sunk in the Potomac.

"Not," he adds, "where it can be dragged for, but deep, where it will never more be found."—Grace Devinne Bostwick, in Los Angeles Times.

FEEL HURT OVER KERST'S REPORT

STATE CAPITOL COMMISSION MAKES STATEMENT TO GOVERNOR.

HAD NO CHANCE TO EXPLAIN

MOST OF THE ACTS CRITICISED RESULTED IN A SAVING TO THE STATE.

St. Paul, Feb 15.—The state capitol commission yesterday sent a reply to the letter of the governor and the report of the public examiner on the examination of the doings of the capitol commission. The letter is addressed to the governor and is signed by the five remaining members of the commission, E. E. Corliss, John De Laittre, George A. Du Toit, Channing Seabury and Edgar Weaver. The members state that they find no fault that the examination was made, but are aggrieved at the way it was made.

The letter takes up the principal criticisms in detail and answers them. As to the charge that they collected pay in excess of time spent at meetings, they insist that the law does not so limit them, and that they only collected for time spent in discharge of their duties.

No Right to Criticise.

The commissioners deny the right of the examiner to criticise their judgment, and say that most of the acts criticised resulted in a saving to the state.

The chief complaint of the commissioners is that they were not asked to explain their acts before the report was made up. "We do not believe," they say, "that it is any part of the examiner's duty to presume fraud and dishonesty."

Examination Was Advisable.

"We have no fault to find," the reply continues, "that the examination was made. We have had a large amount of money placed in our hands to spend on behalf of the state and are glad to render an account of our stewardship. We have in no wise worried over the result, for the reason that we knew what you and the public did not know—that we had honestly used this money and that no stain could justly attach to our characters.

Feel Aggrieved.

"But looking over the findings of the examiner, and noting his few words of praise, and his many and quite severe condemnations of many of our acts, it comes to us as an agreeable surprise to read your pleasant conclusions thereon. You, evidently, feel relieved that no fraud has been found, and do not hesitate to say so."

They feel aggrieved, just the same, at the treatment received. Private correspondence was examined and "such detective methods used as no man of proper spirit would submit to without protest."

URGE RESERVATION LIFE.

Wahweyaycunig and Lieutenants Council the Chippewas.

White Earth, Minn., Feb. 15.—Wahweyaycunig, head chief of the Mille Lac Chippewas, and his two lieutenants, Chaugegaxbow and Walbenah, left for the Mille Lac country last night. The object of their visit is to hold a council with their people and endeavor to persuade them to remove to the White Earth reservation, where land, homes and schools are provided for them, and where they can live in peace and enjoy the fostering care of the government.

RUNAWAYS CROSS TRESTLE.

Horses Travel Three Miles Along Track, Without Injury.

Preston, Minn., Feb. 15. — A team belonging to E. G. Rappe ran away yesterday. A mile east of town they took to the railroad tracks, which they followed for three miles, crossing a forty-foot bridge and eight culverts, none of which was less than ten feet long. One horse got cut slightly on the hind leg, but the other animal was unscathed.

WOMAN HELD AS MURDERESS.

South Dakota Man's Death Laid to Reputed Wife.

Madison, S. D., Feb. 15.—The coroner's jury investigating the killing of Joseph La Pine, who was shot in a resort near here, has returned a verdict holding Dora La Pine, the reputed wife of the victim, responsible for the shooting. The woman has been arrested.

BURNING OF JAIL CHARGED.

Hallock Farmer Is Held to the Grand Jury.

Hallock, Minn., Feb. 15. — William Amos, a farmer, has been held to the grand jury under $500 bonds on a charge of setting fire to the village jail in Lancaster. It appears that Amos was arrested and while locked up the jail was set on fire. While the firemen were putting out the flames Amos escaped, but was brought to Hallock by Sheriff Anderson yesterday.

M'CALL DEFENDS HIS WORK

SAYS NO MAN, WOMAN OR CHILD CAN SAY HE EVER WRONGED THEM.

New York, Feb. 15. — John A. McCall, ex-president of the New York Life Insurance company, sent from what may be his deathbed last night a defense of his own work in the company and his relations with Andrew Hamilton. The statement was made late yesterday to his son, John C. McCall and others gathered in his chamber:

"If it's God's will, I'm ready to go," Mr. McCall told his son. "I've lived a clean life. I've lived my life as I saw it. No man, woman or child can say that I ever wronged them."

When asked whether his father made any reference to Hamilton, young Mr. McCall said:

"My father has the greatest love for and confidence in Mr. Hamilton. There was nothing wrong in Mr. Hamilton's relations with my father or the company. So great is his trust in Mr. Hamilton that if he were to make his will to-day he would name him as one of the executors.

"It was on my suggestion that I went abroad to see Mr. Hamilton. My father agreed with me. I brought back a report, as you already know, and though my father was quite ill at the time, that report rallied him very much. He got brighter and kept so for several days."

PARLEY NOT YET FAILURE.

Algeciras Conference Proceeds With Every Prospect of Success.

Algeciras, Spain, Feb. 15. — Tuesday's optimism regarding the outcome of the Moroccan conference appears to have been as greatly exaggerated as was Monday's pessimism. It must be understood that one conversation will not suffice to settle the Franco-German difficulties, but it is a fact that negotiations are proceeding with the same good prospect of success which has always existed. The Associated Press has the best of authority for denying the statement emanating from Germany that M. Devol, the principal French delegate, proposed that France, Spain and one other power shall control the Moroccan police. On the same authority it can be said that no importance should be attached to the alternations of optimism and pessimism in the French press.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Feb. 15. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 83@83 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 81 1-2@82 3-4c; No. 3, 79 3-4@80 1-2c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 36@37c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 1-2@29c.

Minneapolis, Feb. 15.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 83 7-8c; No. 1 Northern, 83 3-8c; No. 2 Northern, 81 7-8c; durum, 71@73 1-2c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28c.

Duluth, Feb. 15. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 82 3-8c; No. 2 Northern, 80 3-8c; flax, $1.15 3-4; rye, 61c.

Milwaukee, Feb. 15. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 84 1-2 @ 85 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 82@84 1-2c. Rye—No. 1, 68 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 55c. Oats — Standard, 32c.

Chicago, Feb. 15. — Wheat—No. 2 red, 87 1-4@88 1-4c; No. 2 hard, 82@85c; No. 1 Northern, 85@87c; No. 2 Northern, 84@86c. Corn—No. 2, 43@43 1-4c. Oats—No. 2, 29 1-2@30c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Feb. 15.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.75 @ 5.20; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.50@4; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4; calves and yearlings, $2.50 @3.75. Hogs—Bulk, $5.60.

Chicago, Feb. 15. — Beeves, $3.60@6.30; stockers and feeders, $2.60 @ 4.50; cows and heifers, $1.50 @ 4.75. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $5.75@6.02 1-2; bulk, $5.85@5.95. Sheep, $3.75@5.65; lambs, $5.40@7.50.

South St. Paul, Feb. 15. — Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3@4.25; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs — Price range, $5.60@5.80; bulk, $5.65@5.70. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $6.25 @ 6.75; fair to good, $4.50@6.25; yearling wethers, $5.25@5.75; good to choice ewes, $4.25 @4.90.

Butter Famine in Iowa.

Montezuma, Iowa, Feb. 15. — This town is suffering from a butter famine. For ten days it has been impossible to secure a bit of butter the size of a dime. The farmers have quit making butter and are selling their cream to the creameries and the latter are shipping their product to the Eastern market.

Creamery Is Burned.

Albert Lea, Minn., Feb. 15. — Fire totally destroyed the Riceland creamery at Lerdal, causing a loss estimated at $3,000. The creamery will be rebuilt.

Carrie Nation Bobs Up.

Hot Springs, Ark., Feb. 15. — Mrs. Carrie Nation appeared at a local barroom yesterday, began lecturing the crowd, was ejected and lodged in jail charged with disturbing the peace. Later she was released.

Gov. Brady Resigns.

Washington, Feb. 15. — President Roosevelt yesterday received and accepted the resignation of John G. Brady as governor of Alaska. No announcement of the successor to Gov. Brady yet has been made.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK
OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

GET YOUR PICTURE
TAKEN BY
D. COLLINS
THE
Photograper.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

DON'T FORGET THE NUMBER---
488
WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN
Wines and Liquors
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
CIGARS.
BEER.
MINNEAPOLIS BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"
and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of
THE FAMOUS
MATT. J. JOHNSON'S
6088
RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE
you are not satisfied with results.
This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.
For Sale and Guaranteed Only by
Imperial Drug Co., St. Hilaire

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

A case of necessity is a case of
Hamm's
NEW BREW
Bottled and on draught
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co. St. Paul, Minn.
Hamm's

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

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TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Feb. 17, 1906.

ANYBODY'S PLACE.

Crookston Times: The situation as affecting the next republican nominee for governor has not resolved itself into the candidacy of any particular favorite. The party has no favorites this year. A Dunn meeting is said to have been held in St. Paul at which Secretary of State P. E. Hanson was selected as the Dunn candidate. Such a meeting, if actually held, must have been a conspiracy of Mr. Hanson's enemies. The surest way to make a man's nomination impossible would be to make him a Dunn or a Collins candidate. Vigorous efforts have been made to make Jacobson and Eddy favorite candidates and Senator Lord has been energetically pushed by his friends. Yet these men are no surer of the nomination than are men who have not been so much as mentioned. The republican nomination this year is anybody's place. All the candidates are dark horses this year. The entries thus far are a fine field. The newspaper nominations of the past four months have developed the fact that the party has splendid material and every probability points to the nomination of some strong man. What the party is looking for is a LaFollette, a Cummins and it is not certain as yet which of its mentionees is he.

The remarkable feature of the present situation is that after months of discussion no one candidate has any advantage over another.

White Earth Tomahawk; An attempt is being made in congress to turn over to the state of Minnesota the tract of valuable land known as Star Island in Cass Lake. This is the property of the Mississippi Chippewa Indians given to them under the treaty of 1864, in lieu of lands they ceded to the government that year. Under the Nelson law of 1889 the Indians ceded the island in trust to the United States to sell for their benefit. With the other forestry lands the island was set aside by the Morris act as a reserve but was to continue as Indian lands. Now Senator Nelson steps in and has a bill passed by the senate to give it to the state of Minnesota without regard to the rights of the Indians. Congressman Buckman has introduced a similar bill in the house of representatives which if passed will take away property from the Indians valued at not less than $150,000.

William Williams paid the death penalty Tuesday morning in St. Paul for the murder of Johnny Kellar. Williams met his fate bravely and never quailed, protesting innocence to the last. Reports say that the Ramsey county sheriff did not have the execution as privately as was the wish of Governor Johnson.

Miss Alice Roosevelt and Nickolas Longsworth are getting married today. We would describe the bride's trosseau but for the want of space. Suffice to say that the groom will be attired in conventional black. That is easier.

Art by the Ton.

An American city once asked MacMonnies, the sculptor, to enter a design for army and navy groups for a soldiers' and sailors' monument. He declined to compete. Then the commission was tendered to him outright. He submitted sketches of his idea for the groups. The committee in charge of the monument wrote him, asking, "How many tons of granite do you intend to use in the base?" His reply was: "If you are in the business of buying granite you may use as much as you want, one ton or 100,000 tons. I am an artist, and I never yet heard of art being bought by the pound." The question was dropped until the contract for the commission was drawn. When Mr. MacMonnies received it he discovered in it a clause providing that in case the bronzes were ever thrown down from their base, by any cause whatever, and any person or property should be injured, he and his heirs forever should be liable for the damage sustained. He returned the contract without comment, unsigned. When the committee wrote him, asking the reason, his brief reply was, "Your lawyers are too sharp."—World's Work

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

How to Keep the Trade at Home.

The St. Paul Trade Journal, speaking of the mail order business vs. home trade, says: "The country merchant must advertise more extensively in his home papers and by circulars to his patrons. He must take up the mail order proposition in a systematic way and prepare and carry out a strong line of publicity. It is all very well for the country merchant to say that every one knows him and will trade with him anyway, but the known facts do not bear out this statement. The catalog houses flood the rural sections with their immense catalogs, listing thousands of articles of merchandise with their prices plainly given. The price is an inducement, even though it may be higher than the same article can be bought of the home merchant, because when a price is given the patron naturally thinks it is a low price. Supplements of the big catalogs are issued at intervals, alleged to contain rare bargains, and these are helped out with circulars and other bargain announcements arriving every few days at the patron's house. As opposed to all this clever advertising the patron sees, most of the time, stereotyped ads. in his home papers telling him that "John Jones sells merchandise." That's about all he gets out of two-thirds of the ads. published in country newspapers. This may seem harsh criticism but it is well meant. Stir things up. You may not have to use any more space in your local papers but make that space say something. Dig into your stock and advertise things that you never thought of advertising before. And give the prices. Keep all the big retail mail order house catalogs on hand. You will find it easy enough to get them. Compare your selling prices with those in the catalogs and nine times out of ten you will find that you can beat them at your regular prices when you figure in the cost of freight to the mail order patron. Therefore advertise and give prices. If you have an association or understanding there can be no objection to giving prices and if you haven't an association or understanding get one just as soon as you can, because that is of the utmost importance in fighting the mail order evil."

Explosive Rock.

The danger of explosions in mines is not entirely confined to inflammable gases, carelessly managed fuses and neglected charges or catridges. It has been observed in the Derbyshire lead mines that some of the slate rocks are liable to burst on being scratched with a pick. The explosion is supposed to be due either to gases enclosed in the rocks, or to the molecular strains. It is a shameful neglect not to order that case of golden grain belt beer when you can improve your health by its regular use. Serve it with your meals and you will be able to enjoy yourself more, think better, work harder. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

A Bit of Australian Slang.

"Wallaby" is an Australian slang word, and it once puzzled an English secretary of state for the colonies, as it might well puzzle any one but an Australian. This minister was once visited by Sir Charles Gavan Duffy, and reference was made to a masterful Australian governor who had come into conflict with the colonial office. "I hear he has returned to an island off the coast and has surrounded himself with wallabies," remarked the English statesman. "Yes," replied Sir Gavan, "I dare say he is making himself as comfortable as he can." "[illegible] surprise me," was the [illegible] "What must be the state of [illegible] in a country where you make [illegible] of such a proceeding?" Sir Gavan [illegible] to explain that the society of [illegible] forbidden by the [illegible]

Filth.

Ca[illegible] author of "The Nile as [illegible] this description of [illegible] near the headwaters [illegible]: "A long, slimy [illegible] where [illegible] great pythons [illegible] hideous [illegible] bands of [illegible] of fetid [illegible] the fire[illegible] crags [illegible] of swamp, the [illegible] large bellied frogs, the cicada's scream, merge in a sad minor key; where in the ceaseless struggle between fruition and decay death wins."

Plates.

Individual plates for table use were unknown to the ancients, who held their meat in their hands or employed the flat wheaten cakes then made on which to hold their victuals. They are first mentioned in A. D. 600 as used by the luxurious on the continent, and in the ninth century they had come into common use both in England and on the continent. They were made of wood or some kind of earthenware, the former material being preferred because it did not dull the knives.

The Saturnalia.

The saturnalia was a midwinter feast of the Romans in honor of Saturn, beginning on Dec. 17. On this occasion great license was given to every one to do what he pleased, and even the slaves were permitted much liberty of speech and action. All work was suspended, the houses and temples were decorated, congratulations were exchanged and presents sent as with us at Christmas.

Better Be Careful.

A sporting paper recommends a certain way of avoiding the bites of a dog, however savage. All one has to do is to stand perfectly still and hold one's hand out. The dog, says the writer, will take the hand into his mouth, but will not bite it. But what guarantee have we that the dog knows this?—London Globe.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

For refreshments call at Number 488

Calumet Baking Powder
Perfect in quality.
Moderate in price.

A Plea For Soup.

A learned doctor, pleading for soup on every dinner table, says: "A person comes to dinner weary and hungry and needs first something to stimulate the secretions of the stomach. The first course, hot soup, does this by its action upon the nerves which control the blood vessels. Taking the soup slowly is an aid to digestion, and if not a favorite dish fish or oysters can be substituted; serving the same purpose. The joint or roast can then be taken with benefit to the system, and the game, vegetables and sweets should follow in their order, not necessarily in courses for the plain family dinner, however."

Mileage of the Blood.

The mileage of the blood circulation reveals some astounding facts in our personal history. Thus it has been calculated that, assuming the heart to beat 69 times a minute at ordinary heart pressure, the blood goes at the rate of 207 yards in the minute, or seven miles per hour, 168 miles per day and 6,320 miles per year. If a man of eighty-four years of age could have one single blood corpuscle floating in his blood all his life it would have traveled in that same time 5,150,808 miles.

Watch and See.

A well known horseman describes a fact in natural history which may not be generally known. It is that all four footed beasts in making the first movement in walking, running or any sort of forward motion always employ the left hind leg as a starter. Even a child if put down on all fours and bidden to advance in that position will make the first move with its left leg, its hands at the time occupying the place of an animal's fore legs.

An Accomplished Fact.

"Grandma, may I take that piece of chocolate you left on the table? I will be so good."

"Yes, you may take it."

The little girl does not move.

"Why don't you go and get it?"

"Oh, grandma, dear, I ate it first!"

Something He Had Forgotten.

Small Boy—Mister, kin you change a ten dollar bill? Mister—No, sonny. That belongs strictly to my wife's share of the domestic duties. I might have been able to change one long ago, but I'm clean out o' practice now.

An Awful Stab.

"And you call this chair unique? Why, it isn't any older than I am!"

"Well, ma'am, that may be, but it's antique, all right."—Houston Post.

Exaggerated.

A publisher advertises: "'The Wives of Henry VIII.' Third thousand." Surely there is some exaggeration here.

Order for Hearing on Claims.

State of Minnesota,
County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court.
Special term, February 13, 1906.

In the matter of the estate of Bernhard Thelander, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Bernhard Thelander deceased, late of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, being granted to K. O. Gigstad:

It is ordered that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

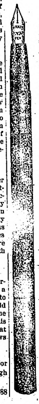
It is further ordered, that Monday the 14th day of May, 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 13th day of February, A. D. 1906.

{Probate Court Seal} By the Court,
N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

(f17-mh10)



A Striking Combination
The Pioneer Press
"Best Newspaper"
THE PARKER LUCKY CURVE
"Greatest Fountain Pen"

The same pen with world wide reputation advertised in leading magazines now given as a premium with the St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Nearly everybody is acquainted with the merits of the PARKER Fountain Pen. It is the best made and never sells at retail for less than $1.50. Take no chances. Send your subscription at once and if you are dissatisfied in any particular money will be refunded at the end of subscription period.

Parker's Lucky Curve Gold Fountain Pen given as follows:

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, six mos. and pen.......... $2.35
Daily Pioneer Press six months and pen.......... $1.85

THE PIONEER PRESS
St. Paul, Minn.

Find enclosed $________ for which you will send me The ________ Pioneer Press for six months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.

Name ________
Town ________
State ________
R. F. D. No. ________

ANNUAL REPORT
— OF THE —
St. Hilaire Creamery Association
For the year ending Dec. 31, 1905

RECEIPTS:

Amount of cream received	462,093 lbs
Amount of butter fat	118,142.5 lbs
Average test	25.2
Amount of butter made	134,683¾ lbs
Amount of butter sold in state	7,459 lbs
Amount of butter shipped out of state	126,513 lbs
Amount of butter sold to patrons	711¼ lbs
Gross receipts	$32,376 59

DISBURSEMENTS:

Paid Buttermaker's salary	$ 900 00
Paid for tubs, ice, salt and fuel	860 68
Incidental expenses	1,020 98
Sinking fund	785 02
Paid patrons in checks	24,431 14
Paid patrons in oil, butter, milk and salt	404 96
Paid freight and commission	3,812 88
Amounts brought forward	160 93
Total disbursements	$ 32,376 59

Financial Standing of Creamery
For the year ending December 31, 1905.

Cash on hand at beginning of year		$ 413 03
Received from sinking fund		804 15
Received for wood, tubs, ice and salt		701 89
For oil		20 00
For salt sold to patrons		163 80
For tubs and salt sold for cash		238 35
Total		$ 2,344 82
Total disbursements	$ 1,212 27	
Cash in sinking fund at the end of the year	1,102 55	
Total		$ 2,344 82

Present valuation of creamery, $3,060.00.
Number of shares, 91.
Value of each share, $15.00.

N. A. NELSON,
Secretary.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

RECEIPTS, 1905:

In the treasury Jan. 29, 1905		$ 217 85
January,	sales	1,331 71
February	"	1,929 08
March	"	2,131 80
April	"	2,212 24
May	"	3,645 60
June	"	3,895 21
July	"	3,659 44
August	"	3,626 82
September	"	2,418 23
October	"	1,824 92
November	"	1,718 28
December	"	714 46
deduction as freight and commissions in year 1905		3,812 88
Total receipts during 1905		$32,738 13

DISBURSEMENTS, 1905:

January	$ 1,222 77
February	1,469 57
March	2,174 47
April	2,025 68
May	2,333 87
June	3,813 88
July	3,501 77
August	3,312 61
September	2,770 61
October	2,122 38
November	1,274 62
December	1,186 45
Paid for freight and commission during the year	3,812 88
Balance in treasury at end of year	1,286 54
Total disbursements in 1905	$32,738 13

CHAS. GUSTAFSON,
Treasurer.

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the board of county commissioners at the office of the county auditor of said county, in the city of Red Lake Falls on the sixth day of March, A. D. 1906, at one o'clock p. m.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this sixth day of February, 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor.

(Seal)

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH:

To the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the drainage ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a drainage ditch along the following described route in the towns of Sanders, Black River, Bray and Polk Centre, in said county of Red Lake, and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

Commencing at the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 29 in township No. 153, of range forty-four, on the north side of the quarter line; thence running east along the quarter line to the section line between sections 28 and 29 in the town of Sanders; thence south on the east side of the section line to the north line of section 5 in township 152, of range forty-four; thence west along the south side of the town line to the southeast corner of lot 4 in section 31, township 153, range 44; thence across to the north side of the town line and west therefrom along the town line to Black River and terminating at said Black river at or near the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of section 34 in township 153 of range 45 as its outlet.

Also one branch ditch No. 1, commencing on the east side of the section line at the southeast corner of section six in township 152 of range 44, thence running north to the northeast corner of said section six, having the above described main ditch as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by chapter two hundred thirty (230), of the general laws of Minnesota for 1905.

Dated January 17th, 1906.

P. A. Ecstrom,
Marius Miller,
August Hoppe,
A. J. Larson,
J. A. Anderson,
Alfred Dahlstrom,
Chas. Herman Peterson,
Wilhelmina Ortloff,
John Petterson,
Erick Johnson,
Petitioners.

[fb10-24]

Order for Hearing on Claims.

State of Minnesota,
County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court.
Special term, February 6, 1906.

In the matter of the estate of John Julin, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of John Julin, deceased, late of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, being granted to K. O. Gigstad;

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Monday the 7th day of May, 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a regular term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire, in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 6th day of February, A. D. 1906.

{Probate Court Seal} By the Court,
N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

(f10-mch3)

CROOKSTON LUMBER Company.
Lumber Manufacturers
St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Button's Business College
and Shorthand Institute
Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

OFFERS to take you through a complete course in Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Tywewriting and let you pay for your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after situation is secured for you. It practically costs you nothing because we get you a position where you earn at least $10.00 per month more than you ever earned before. We want 500 students to enter this college during the next three months and make the above unparalleled offer to get them. The courses are:

Normal, Shorthand AND Typewriting,
Music, Commercial,
Preparatory, Telegraphy.

THIS is the only College in the United States that guarantees a good paying position to every graduate. If we don't get you a satisfactory situation you need never pay us one cent

J. A. Button, Principal
Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, - - - - - MINNESOTA

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE.

THE COMFORTABLE WAY
EAST OR WEST
is via the
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
All Principal Points Quickly, Comfortably, Easily Reached.
For detailed information, rates, etc., call on
H. M. SWENSON, Agent,
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.
S.S. "Minnesota" sails from Seattle for the Orient Feb. 1, 1906.
S.S. "Dakota" sails from Seattle for the Orient, March 12, 1906.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
"The Comfortable Way"

DEFECTIVE PAGE

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire......Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv.....St. Hilaire.....Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James F. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, secy.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

A. C. Mayfield was in from his claim yesterday.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

L. T. Bergh returned to his reservation home yesterday.

B. B. Penner left for his home in Roseau county Monday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Charles Carlson and bride arrived home from Crookston Monday morning.

Miss Annie Burns, of Middle River, is visiting with Mrs. D. Collins this week.

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

Sheriff Linnihan came up from Red Lake Falls yesterday and spent the day here.

Chas. Tschida, the Fertile cigar manufacturer, was calling on dealers here Tuesday.

H. A. Johnson and C. Simonson drove to Red Lake Falls Monday on a business mission.

Carl Lund left Wednesday evening for Mayville, N. D. and will be absent about a week.

There was no services in the M. E. church last Sunday, owing to the illness of Rev. Gilman.

John Larson came in from his reservation claim Thursday to spend a few days in the village.

The creamery turned out 1,890 pounds of butter this week. Pretty good for mid-winter.

H. E. Ives left for St. Paul Tuesday evening to attend the mid-winter meeting of the Minnesota editors.

Miss Anna Loe returned Wednesday from Thief River Falls, where she had been visiting friends for a week.

Julius Pleth, of Plummer, took advantage of the nice weather and drove over from Plummer Thursday.

L. L. Remington is on the sick list this week and Chas. Hellberg is doing the janitor work at the school building.

Wednesday was St. Valentine's Day and might not have been noticed had there not been such a rush at the post-office.

Services in the Swedish Mission church next Sunday at 10:20 a.m. All are cordially invited. L. W. Nordhus, pastor.

Steve Nelson came down from Thief River Falls Saturday to renew acquaintances with friends, returning Monday.

Wanted—40 boys to call at the Merchants State Bank and learn how to start savings accounts and become capitalists.

Cashier Gigstad, of the Merchants State Bank, went to Red Lake Falls Monday evening, having business in the probate court.

Mrs. E. R. Evans and the Misses Katherine, Mabel and Inez Patterson drove to Red Lake Falls Sunday for a visit with friends.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur and Miss Catherine Pirath went to Red Lake Falls Saturday for a visit at the home of the latter, returning Monday.

The farmers around Wylie organized a company last week and will build an elevator on the co-operative plan, work to commence in the spring.

Emil J. Brink, an old-time resident of the village, was a caller here Tuesday. Emil is now on the road selling cigars for a Duluth concern.

Dr. J. E. Argue, of Red Lake Falls, was elected president of the Red River Valley Dental society, at their meeting held in Grand Forks last Tuesday.

Methusala was all right, you bet
For a good old soul was he,
They say he would be living yet,
Had he taken Rocky Mountain Tea.
Imperial Drug Co.

Mrs. M. J. Lindahl, and family, left Thursday evening for Oregon to join her husband who went out to the coast last fall and is now settled in his new location.

C. H. Martz returned from Crookston Tuesday morning. While there he purchased a couple of very fine short-horn cattle, bred at R. A. Wilkinson's stock farm.

The "Social Dancing Club" was organized last week with about thirty members. They will give dances every other Friday evening and started with a social hop at Imperial hall last night.

Louis Roy, who is teaching at Wylie, and Philip Jacobson, teacher of district No. 24, were at the meeting of the Red Lake county teachers held at Red Lake Falls Friday.

Walter McAndress purchased a team of horses from Louis Seiff Monday. Walt says he is going to make his claim a farm, and is just beginning to make improvements.

H. M. Swenson returned from his vacation trip to the coast on Monday and is now ready for another year's efficient service in the depot, being fully recuperated.

Lincoln's birthday was duly observed in the village Monday. The banks and schools were closed in honor of the occasion and old glory was displayed from the village hall.

Rev. Gilman is confined to his room this week with an attack of billious fever. The symptoms are not dangerous and his many friends hope to see him out again in a few days.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.
Julius Pleth,
tf Plummer, Minn.

Theodore Roy has been engaged to teach the spring term of three and one-half months in district No. 133, beginning April 1st. Theodore is one of the progressive teachers of Red Lake county.

Christ Bjerk went up to Marshall county Thursday in response to a telegram announcing the death on Wednesday of Miss Alice, the fifteen-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Bjerk.

Misses Huldah Gigstad and Ella Lindahl attended the meeting of Red Lake county teachers at Red Lake Falls last Friday. They report a very progressive meeting and a large attendance.

Miss Alice Sorsoleil came home Saturday for an over-Sunday visit at home. Miss Alice is attending the North Dakota University at Grand Forks and reports herself well pleased with the institution.

Al Swanson has been troubled with rheumatism in the left leg the past week. If the ailment does not get better he is figuring on going out to "Royal" Dahlin's claim in the spring to take mud baths.

Good looks bring happiness. Friends care more for us when we meet them with a clean, smiling face, bright eyes, sparkling with health, which comes by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

Anyone owning real estate in the townships of River Falls, Rocksbury, Sanders, Black River, Polk Center, Wyandotte, Bray and Smiley and the village of St. Hilaire, can pay taxes on same at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire.

Plummer Pioneer: Baby Boy No. 3 arrived at our home last night and we expect and hope he will remain permanently. The little stranger enjoys the distinction of being the first baby born in Plummer and, of course, we're proud of him. Mother and child are doing well.

Last Thursday night about 11 o'clock fire caught among some clothes in a closet upstairs over Carlson & Fellman's confectionery, but was discovered before much headway was made and put out with a few pails of water. The fire is supposed to have caught from a defective chimney.

The Twelve O'clock Club was entertained by Miss Katherine Patterson and Miss Catherine Pirath at the home of the former on Water street Wednesday evening. The decorations were red hearts and valentines, games were "hearts and hearts" and prizes won by Miss Clara Hoff and Mrs. Jens Nelson.

What did you do this week to assist your local paper in publishing all the news of this vicinity? Did you stop the editor on the street and tell him about those friends who visited you? If you did not see him it wouldn't take much of an effort to call and tell him all about the news of your locality. Try it next week and see if the Spectator isn't much more readable, to you especially.

Two couple arrived at Crookston last Friday evening—Charles Carlson and Gertie Hage, of St. Hilaire, and John E. Peterson, residing east of here, and Tillie Olson, of Gary. Many were suspicious and the truth of the trip was told Monday when they all returned to St. Hilaire. The parties were married Saturday evening in the city hall at Crookston, Judge Wilde performing the ceremony whereby Charles F. Carlson and Gertie Hage became man and wife, also John E. Peterson and Tillie Olson were united in the holy bonds of matrimony. The contracting parties are well and favorably known here where they have a host of friends and well wishers. The Spectator joins in wishing both couples a long and prosperous voyage over the sea of life.

Stray Dog.

Strayed from my premises on or about February 5th, my black and white pointer. Finder return to the undersigned and receive reward.
Chas. J. Fellman,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

Milch Cows For Sale.

Two first class milch cows, fresh this week, for sale. A. W. Nordquist,
3 miles S. E. of St. Hilaire.

Have you been betrayed by promises of quacks, swallowed pills and bottled medicine without results except a damaged stomach. To those we offer Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

Enjoyed Liberty While it Lasted.

Gazette: Eck. Hathaway, of grain-stealing fame, and B. Benjamanson, a Thief Riverite, languishing in the county jail for the theft of an overcoat, tired of Sheriff Linnihan's hospitality last Friday and with the aid of a saw secured in some unknown manner cut off the iron bars on one of the windows and crawled out to liberty.

They lit out across the river and disappeared and when Sheriff Linnihan went up at supper time Jimmy Crapps was the only bird in the cage. The sheriff immediately sent word to the neighboring towns, and early Saturday afternoon received word that his two much-wanted lodgers were painting the new town of Brooks a bright red color.

Accompanied by Deputy Fred Zaiser, Sheriff Linnihan drove at once to that town, finding his star boarders loaded to the till and they were brought back Sunday morning and again placed in their cells, to be watched more closely in future.

Items from Mayfield Township.

Some of our bachelor friends are becoming efficient in the culinary art. I. Dahlen makes light bread that tempts the hungry passers-by. He took his lessons from his friend W. A. Arthur.

The school meeting at the residence of John Larson on Feb. 3 to select schoolhouse site resulted in fixing the site on the geographical center—the proper place for it. No arrangements were made for a schoolhouse but there probably will be in the near future, if there is no more fighting. The first thing in order is to have a full board.

The township of Mayfield held its first election on Feb. 8, and the following officers were elected:

Chairman—H. C. Jarr.
Supervisors—R. O. Gorden, S. Myrhem.
Clerk—Sam Lovaas.
Treasurer—A. C. Mayfield.
Justices—A. C. Mayfield, Magnus Olson.
Constables—Jacob Hannem, Dan Carroll.

Indians to Get Money.

The payment of about $44,000 to the Indians on the Red Lake reservation will commence at the Red Lake agency on or about February 19, or as soon after that date as the question of whether or not the minors are entitled to the regular annuity is settled at Washington, where a number of the chiefs of the tribe are in conference with the national officials regarding the matter.

The regular annuity payment of $26.50 will be made to every member of the band over 18 years of age, and each man, woman and child on the reservation will receive $18 as a part of the timber payment to the Indians. The payment will be conducted by the Indian agent at Onigum, who will distribute the money to the Indians.

The payment will be one of the largest ever held at the Red Lake agency.

Big Dam at Louisville.

It is reported from a reliable source that W. J. Murphy, the Minneapolis promoter, will build a huge dam on the Red Lake river, says the Crookston Journal. The location of the power maker in question is at Louisville a small place about twelve miles northeast of this city. When speaking of the affair the informant said that the matter had been kept a profound secret for three weeks and had leaked out by accident. The battle between Healy and Savage, against Murphy for contracts of lighting Grand Forks, East Grand Forks and Crookston is going to be a warm one and the outcome is eagerly awaited by all interested.

Who's the Joke On.

Crookston Times (Monday): Harry Swanson passed through the city this morning from the west enroute to his home at St. Hilaire, where he will again resume his work as Great Northern agent at that place. He has been traveling through the west for the past month visiting all the larger cities of interest. Some of the people up the line prophesied that he wouldn't come home alone but he did nevertheless. We can't tell whether the joke is on Mr. Swenson or the people up the line.

Department Was Busy.

During 1905 the state dairy and food department analyzed 7,425 samples of food and found 2,806 of the number adulterated to an illegal degree. Outside of milk and cream 34 per cent of the food samples tested were found that did not comply with the state laws. In respect to violation of the food law, milk came first with 491 illegal samples, flavoring extracts next with 389 samples, and alcoholic liquors third with 277 illegal samples.

A Social Success.

The first of a series of parties to be given by the Odd Fellows was held at the I. O. O. F. hall Friday evening, the members and their friends being entertained by Landlord and Mrs. Arthur and H. E. Ives. Progressive whist was played at seven tables and heartily enjoyed by the participants. The progressive prize for ladies was won by Mrs. O. F. Post and the gentlemen's prize by Prof. O'Brien. Light refreshments were served.

McMURRAY'S
VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON,
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Delinquent Tax List
for Red Lake County, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA } ss
County of Red Lake }
District Court
Fourteenth Judicial District

The State of Minnesota, to all persons, companies or corporations who have or claim any estate, right title or interest in, claim to, or lien upon, any of the several pieces or parcels of land in the list hereto attached described:

The list of taxes and penalties on real property for the county of Red Lake remaining delinquent on the 1st Monday in Jan., 1906, has been filed in the office of the clerk of the Dist. court of the county of Red Lake of which that hereto attached is a copy. Therefore you, and each of you, are hereby required to file in the office of said clerk, on or before the twentieth day after publication of this notice and list, your answer in writing setting forth any objection or defense you may have to the taxes, or any part thereof, upon any piece or parcel of land described in said list, in, to, or on which you have or claim any estate, right title, interest, claim or lien, and in default thereof judgment will be entered against such piece or parcel of land for the taxes on said list appearing against it, and for all penalties, interest and costs.

(Seal) JOSEPH PERRAULT,
Clerk of the District
Court of the County
of Red Lake.

A List of Real Property, for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on Which Taxes Remained Delinquent on First Monday in January, A. D., 1906:

TOWN OF EQUALITY

Township 151, Range 40
Years for which taxes are due, 1904.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Tax and Penalty
O G Lundell	s½ nw¼ and lots 3 and 4	2	21 46
Christian Michaelson,	sw¼	2	21 95
Ole S Bendickson	se¼	2	21 33
John W Lynch	ne¼	7	23 22
Halvor A Vingrud	ne¼ ne¼	9	6 32
Knud E Syversrud	sw¼	9	27 95
B A Hofto	s½ ne¼ and s½ nw¼	10	24 34
Gunner P Husby	ne¼	11	22 77
Ole Westad	ne¼	12	9 95
Lars Solem	ne¼	13	23 62
Ole N Skomedal	sw¼	14	20 91
Torger Noreson	n½ sw¼	17	14 24
Kari E Syversrud	s½ sw¼	17	26 91
do	n½ nw¼	20	
Mary Lade	w½ sw¼	20	12 38
do	s½ nw¼	20	13 95
Lars Senum	sw¼	21	21 34
Astrud Homme	e½ se¼	22	10 47
Gunder B Hegland	w½ se¼	22	10 47
Gunder Herjussen	sw¼ sw¼, e½ sw¼ and nw¼ se¼	23	20 03
Andrew Anderson	w½ nw¼	23	12 42
Jorgen E. Askelund	e½ se¼	24	9 66
Ole O Holum	nw¼	27	18 12
Evind P Libok	s½ sw¼ and nw¼ sw¼	27	16 72
Jorand Grothe	ne¼ sw¼	27	4 83
Henry F Crompton	s½ sw¼	29	21 55
do	se¼ se¼	30	
do	ne¼ ne¼	31	
Nels Johnson	lots 11 and 12	31	10 16
Paul T Sorenson	sw¼	33	23 97
Aslak Knudson	ne¼	34	13 29
John H Aakre,	S½ sw¼	34	22 71
Aanen Olson	se¼	31	12 88
Ole Torkjelson	sw¼	35	16 10
Gusten Lunden	sw¼	26	21 12
Marin Iverson	lots 5 6 7 and 8	26	11 25
Martin Gilbertson	se¼ se¼ and lots 4 and 5	27	21 88
Martin Gilbertson	ne¼ ne¼	34	
J E Buskirk	lot 10	33	5 80
do	se¼ nw¼ and lots 1 and 2	34	10 86
Ramsus Nilson Fore	nw¼ ne¼ s½ ne¼ and ne¼ se¼	34	11 19
Swan Larson	sw¼	33	26 91
Thomas N Sundbakken	se¼	35	21 95

TOWN OF LAMBERT

Township 150, Range 41
Years for which taxes are due, 1904

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Sec	Tax and Penalty
Little Falls & Dak Ry Co	se¼ ne¼	1	6 85
Annie O Vattendahl	w½ sw¼, sw¼ nw¼ and lot 4	1	32 64
Marcaline Lajambe	w½ se¼, sw¼ ne¼ and lot 2	5	41 92
Eugene Beauchatal	e½ se¼, se¼ ne¼ and lot 1	6	34 96
Tollef Torgerson	e½ sw¼ ne¼ and e½ w½ se¼	6	13 06
Charley Olson	lot 3	6	8 93
Charles Boisvert	e½ ne¼ and e½ se¼	7	17 13
Gideon Deseillers	w½ ne¼ and e½ nw¼	7	34 02
John Platz	sw¼	9	
Eugene Lambert	50x150 ft of sw¼ se¼	10	1 57
Ljot Sigurdson	80x120 ft of sw¼ se¼	10	1 80
Peter Roerig	nw¼	11	60 31
Rosilda Hince	nw¼	12	16 76
George Charest	n½ ne¼ and se¼ ne¼	13	24 04
F H Lambert	ne¼ nw¼	13	17 21
George Charest	e½ sw¼	13	13 53
W E Howie	se¼	15	27 28
Charles J Fox	s½ ne¼ and s½ nw¼	17	37 20
Peter Burk	se¼ sw¼ and lot 4	18	21 68
Lizzie Brohman	ne¼	20	30 70
Urgele Bergeron	nw¼	21	31 33
Ralph Rogers	125x281 ft of the ne¼ sw¼	23	2 24
Ralph Rogers	313x281 ft of the ne¼ sw¼	23	1 60
Gottlieb Hefer	e½ nw¼ and lots 1 and 2	31	35 26
Joseph Marsonnette	sw¼	32	33 12
Alphonsine Helland	ne¼ ne¼	33	8 78
Bert H Frazee	nw¼	35	35 84
Hugues Dery	sw¼	35	25 11
John Evenson	se¼ sw¼ and sw¼ se¼	36	17 86

TOWN OF GARNES

Township 151, Range 41
Years for which taxes are due 1904

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Tax and Penalty
John Larson	se¼	3	18 12
Ole H Haaven	w½ sw¼, se¼ sw¼ and lots 2 and 3	4	16 60
Martin H. Berg	lot 7	4	5 59
do	lot 5	5	
Unknown	e½ ne¼	7	5 50
Hoken H Haaven	sw¼	8	32 12
Hans Haaven	se¼	8	23 63
Magnus Janson	n½ se¼ and n½ sw¼	9	8 08
Elsie Haaven	s½ se¼ and s½ sw¼	9	15 67
Peter Gunderson	se¼	11	18 17
Carl F. Hakenson	ne¼	14	32 17
Lucius S Groves	n½ [illegible], n½ sw¼ and nw¼ se¼	20	61 04
Lucius S Groves	n½ [illegible]	21	66 73
do	n½ se¼ and n½ sw¼	21	
Jorgen B Heglund	se¼ se¼ and lots 2 and 3	23	31 40
Jorgen B Heglund	lot 1	24	
Berget Vetleson	e½ sw¼ and w½ se¼	23	33 54
Vraal C Ose	nw¼ nw¼, s½ nw¼ and nw¼ sw¼	25	16 17
Arne Olson	n½ se¼ and ne¼ sw¼	28	20 85
Charley Olson	se¼ sw¼	31	4 37
Joseph Lefebvre	e½ sw¼ and sw¼ sw¼	33	7 84
Jacob Shanno	nw¼	34	17 06
do	sw¼	34	12 22
Berta Olsen	ne¼	35	16 13
Tollef S Dale	n½ se¼, s½ se¼ and ne¼ sw¼	35	31 65
M McKinnon	ne¼	36	15 52
do	se¼	36	15 52
Ammund T Vigen	nw¼	36	19 13
O N Skomedal	s½ sw¼	36	7 77

Township 152, Range 41
Years for which taxes are due, 1904

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Sec	Tax and Penalty
1st S Bk of R L Falls	lots 3 and 6	28	7 50
Anthine Juneau	sw¼	33	15 52

TOWN OF POPLAR RIVER

Township 150, Range 42
Years for which taxes are due 1904

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Taxes and Penalty
Chase & Cary	w½ se¼, sw¼ ne¼ and lot 2	1	15 00
Maxime Champagne	sw¼	1	32 05
Pauline Demers	sw¼ nw¼	3	27 88
do	se¼ ne¼ and lots 1 and 2	4	

(Continued on Supplement.)

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on March 14th, 1906, viz:

Fredrik Christiansen, H. E. No. 21881, for the Lot 1, Sec. 6, T. 152 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

A. A. Odegaard, of St. Hilaire, Minn.
Ole Helgeson, " "
James Braaten, " "
Ole Braaten, " "

R. J. Montague,
f3m10 Register.

... Go to ...
Rapp & Post
... for your ...
Winter Wear

FIRE INSURANCE
— is a —
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class
— FOR RATES CALL ON —
HARRY E. IVES.

CLEARANCE SALE
OF ALL WARM GOODS
25 Per Cent Reduction
on all LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S..........
CLOAKS,
JACKETS
and FURS
E. M. HOFF

2nd STORE
(Second Hand Store.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
C. A. SKEIE.
St. Hilaire, Minnesota

A 1st Prize Winner
Mr. C. H. Martz has decided to offer to the farmers of this vicinity for a limited time the services of "ELMS JIM," Register No. 99,901, a full-blooded Poland China Boar.
This is probably the Finest Bred Hog in Red Lake County.
For particulars inquire of
C. H. Martz, Riverside Farm.

Carlson & Fellman
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
--- CIGARS ---
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

SEEDS, TREES
CORN 23rd ANNUAL Catalog of
EARLIEST AND HARDIEST of Everything on Earth Every person who tills a foot of land needs it. Send for it now.
OSCAR H. WILL & CO.
BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA

SAW MILL MACHINERY.

Saw Mills
Gang Edgers
Lumber Trimmers
Lath Machines
Bolting Machines
Shingle Machines
Planer & Matchers
Drag Saws
Wood Saws
Engines
Boilers
Pulleys
Shafting
Boxes
Tracks
Grate Bars
Feed Mills
Horse Powers

We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B, Free, It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

A Buyer.

The New Congressman—That big, genial chap you made me acquainted with is connected with a railway company in some capacity, isn't he?

The Newspaperman (smilingly)—Sure! He's the chief purchasing agent of the C. R. A. F. & T. lines!—Puck.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Woman! Woman!

"She is literally starving."

"Well, I can get her into an elderly ladies' home."

"But, my friend, she would much sooner starve than admit that she is an elderly lady."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

When he can wear his left shoe on his right foot your pessimist will be pleased.

You never lose by doing a good act.

AUTOMOBILE
FOR SALE.

Haynes Apperson Runabout, 1904 model, cost $1,500; full leather top, full equipment, 3 lights, double cylinder; develops 16 horse power; three speeds ahead reverse; 32x3 inch wheels; a surry seat to make four-passenger car; 4 extra casings, 3 inner tubes; car has just been painted; motor in first-class condition; photo, of car on application. Cheap for cash. Reason for selling, have ordered Touring Car. Address Dr. A. M. Johnson, Ernst Building, St. Paul.

CURES CONSTIPATION

It is just about impossible to be sick when the bowels are right, and not possible to be well when they are wrong. Through its action on the bowels,

Lane's Family Medicine

cleans the body inside and leaves no lodging place for disease. If for once you wish to know how it feels to be thoroughly well, give this famous laxative tea a trial.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

WESTERN CANADA FREE

The Government of Canada

Gives absolutely FREE to every settler one hundred and sixty acres of land in Western Canada.

Land adjoining this can be purchased from railway and land companies at from $6 to $10 per acre.

On this land this year has been produced upwards of twenty-five bushels of wheat to the acre.

It is also the best of grazing land and for mixed farming it has no superior on the continent.

Splendid climate, low taxes, railways convenient, schools and churches close at hand.

Write for "Twentieth Century Canada" and low railway rates to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada; or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

Woman's Trials.

The bitter trail in a woman's life is to be childless. Who can tell how hard the struggle may have been ere she learnt to resign herself to her lonely lot? The absence of this link to bind marital life together, the absence of this one pledge to mutual affection is a common disappointment. Many unfortunate couples become estranged thereby. Even if they do not drift apart, one may read the whole extent of their disappointment in the eyes of such a childless couple when they rest on the children of others. To them the largest family does not seem too numerous.

In many cases of barrenness or childlessness the obstacle to child-bearing is easily removed by the cure of weakness on the part of the woman. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has been the means of restoring health and fruitfulness to many a barren woman, to the great joy of the household. In other, but rare cases, the obstruction to the bearing of children has been found to be of a surgical character, but easily removable by painless operative treatment at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., over which Dr. Pierce of the "Favorite Prescription" fame presides. In all cases where children are desired and are absent, an effort should be made to find out the real cause, since it is generally so easily removed by proper treatment.

In all the various weaknesses, displacements, prolapsus, inflammation and debilitating, catarrhal drains and in all cases of nervousness and debility, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the most efficient remedy that can possibly be used. It has to its credit hundreds of thousands of cures—more in fact than any other remedy put up for sale through druggists, especially for woman's use. The ingredients of which the "Favorite Prescription" is composed have received the most positive endorsement from the leading medical writers on *Materia Medica* of all the several schools of practice. All the ingredients are printed *in plain English* on the wrapper enclosing the bottle, so that any woman making use of this famous medicine may know exactly what she is taking. Dr. Pierce takes his patients into his full confidence, which he can afford to do as the formula, after which the "Favorite Prescription" is made will bear the most careful examination.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the best and safest laxative for women.

Harder for Him.

The overgrown boy who mowed the Millers' lawn was unusually slow one day. Ordinarily the task, stretched to its utmost limit, took exactly two hours; but on this occasion it took almost four. When the job was finally completed Tom requested pay for four hours' work at 20 cents an hour.

"But," objected his employer, "you usually mow that lawn for 40 cents."

"I know it," returned Tom, twirling his cap, "but I'll have to charge more to-day. I was sick and couldn't work so fast."

He Won.

Crimsonbeak—How did you come out on your bet?

Yeast—What bet?

"Why, last night when you went home late after the raffle for the turkey you said you'd bet you'd get rats from your wife."

"Oh, yes; I won."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Thinking of Biz.

"Father, I want you to buy me a foreign duke."

"Dressed, or on the hoof?" inquired the absent-minded Chicago packer.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave. N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Some men assume a surly manner under the idea that it makes them appear important.

Hopefulness.

The whip of the good coach "Water Wagon" was stroking the necks of his leaders.

"I know," he said, sympathetically, "the load will seem heavy at first, but you'll be surprised to see how light it will get after a few days."

Believing implicitly in their master, the leaders pawed the ground impatiently and made ready for the start.

As Usual.

Marshall Wilder was a guest at a dinner given at the Bellevue-Stratford last fall. The time had arrived for speeches, and, when Wilder finally arose, he said:

"Quite recently I was in partnership with John D. Rockefeller in the florist business. Our stock was composed of potted plants. One day differences arose between us and we agreed to dissolve partnership and divide the stock. So as a result of the division I got the pots and plants."

"What did Rockefeller get?" called one of the guests.

"Oh, he got the earth."

Homeseekers and Settlers!

To points in Nebraska, Eastern Colorado, Kansas, Missouri, Arkansas, Indian Territory, Oklahoma, Texas and Louisiana, etc., the Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R. has placed on sale for February 20, March 6 and 20, round trip and one way tickets at extremely low rates for benefit of homeseekers and settlers. One way tickets at two dollars higher than half fare. Round trip tickets at three-fourths of the regular one way rate, limit twenty-one days.

Twenty-one day tickets are on sale first and third Tuesdays to points in other states in the Southeast, West and Northwest, at one fare plus $2.00 for round trip.

Don't fail to call on M. & St. L. agents for full particulars as to rates, etc., or address A. B. Cutts, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

ANÆMIA CAN BE CURED

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Make New Blood and Strike Straight at the Root of Disease.

Anæmia is just the doctor's name for bloodlessness. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood. They cure anæmia just as food cures hunger. They cured Mrs. Thos. J. McGann, of 17 Lincoln Place, Plainfield, N.J., and they can do as much for any other pale, weak, ailing, bloodless person.

"In the spring of 1903 I did my usual house cleaning," says Mrs. McGann, "and soon afterward I began to have the most terrible headaches. My heart would beat so irregularly that it was painful and there came a morning when I could not get up. My doctor said I had anæmia and he was surprised that I had continued to live in the condition I was in. I was confined to my bed for nearly two months, the doctor coming every day for the first few weeks, but I did not improve to amount to anything.

"Altogether I was sick for nearly two years. I was as weak as a rag, had headaches, irregular heart beats, loss of appetite, cramps in the limbs and was unable to get a good night's sleep. My legs and feet were so swollen that I feared they would burst.

"One day, while I was wondering how long I could live, feeling as I did, I received a booklet telling about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I read it and told my husband to get me some of the pills. Before the first box was gone I felt a change for the better. I have taken about twelve boxes and although I was as near the grave as I could be, I now feel as if I had a new lease of life. I have no more headache, the heart beats regularly, my cheeks are pink and I feel ten years younger. I feel that I have been cured very cheaply and I have recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to lots of my friends."

For further information address the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

A Cheerful Giver.

The "Safe" Congressman—See that new member from the West? He told me that he never traveled on a pass.

The Railway Lobbyist—Did it sound like a boast or a hint?—Puck.

TITLE BEFORE BREAKFAST.

The Story of How the Kaiser Made Von Buelow a Prince.

When the Moroccan controversy had continued two months, it still seemed that Germany might emerge from the dispute with scanty success. In this controversy Von Buelow's diplomatic skill had been pitted against that of M. Delcasse, the talented statesman who had directed the foreign affairs of France with conspicuous success for seven years. Von Buelow, however, worked with great dexterity, until he contrived suddenly to bring about Delcasse's dramatic defeat. His retirement into private life followed.

When Europe woke up one morning to learn that Theophile Delcasse had quitted office, it could hardly believe the report. At sunrise a special messenger was sent to the imperial palace with the news. The kaiser, overjoyed, rose, dressed quickly and drove to the chancellor's official residence. Extending his hand impulsively, he said: "Prince Von Buelow, I congratulate you on your success." Von Buelow hesitated and looked questioningly at the kaiser. "I have created you a prince as a token of my gratitude for your service to my dynasty and the empire."

In Minnesota

State News of the Week Briefly Told

The Congregational church of Fergus Falls has tendered a call to Rev. Edward L. Brooks of Hutchinson, Minn., to succeed Rev. J. W. Todd, who resigned a short time ago.

: : : :

Some interesting statistics were compiled in the county auditor's office at Anoka. The trial of Orin Kalderwit, John Kolb and Charles Hammon, who are now in the penitentiary at Stillwater, cost Anoka county $3,860. The trio came from Minneapolis. The trial lasted twenty-one days and all three were convicted. There were 90 witnesses and the number of jurors sworn was 127.

: : : :

The first instance of a woman to be transferred from the reformatory at St. Cloud to the state prison for incorrigibility is that of Grace Anderson, who was received at Stillwater recently. She was committed to the reformatory from Minneapolis last November for grand larceny in the second degree, and lately made an attempt to escape from the reformatory.

: : : :

The old landmark on the Minneopa dairy farm at Mankato, owned by Mrs. Defransa A. Swann of the state normal school, which burned, was valued at $2,500. The loss is partly covered by insurance. The other buildings were saved with great difficulty by a railroad grading force. The residence that burned was erected by the late Miner Porter in the early days as a hotel.

: : : :

Officials of the Cannon Valley Telephone company are planning extensive improvements to be made on their system the coming summer. They have placed an order for $4,000 worth of material to be used in building extensions, and will expend large sums in remodeling several of their exchanges. At various points applications have been received for the construction of rural lines and the improvements now under contemplation will greatly increase the quality of the service.

: : : :

The city council and commercial club of Brainerd are considering a proposition made by Ambrose Tighe, owner of the Brainerd water works, for the development of a water power in the Crow Wing river, by which electricity may be generated and supplied to Brainerd industries. The proposed site for the dam is just below the entrance to Gull river and six miles from Brainerd. Mr. Tighe's water works franchise is about to expire and the city would like to own its own plant. Mr. Tighe has submitted his proposal conditionally upon the extension of his franchise.

: : : :

The general land office has made a new ruling in rejecting the proof filed at Crookston by Ole O. Brekke. Rejection was not on the grounds that he had not complied strictly with the letter of the law, but that he had failed to comply with the spirit of the law. Brekke has lived on the land twenty-three months and fifteen days, but the fact that this period extended over a total of seven years led the department at Washington to the belief that he did not regard the homestead as his real home, and that his residence there was only periodical. On these grounds the proof was rejected.

: : : :

Word has been received at Detroit of the death by poison of three former citizens of Lake Park. John Jenson and his sons, John and Harold, removed last fall with several other Lake Park farmers to Northwestern Canada, where they took up claims. According to the information received here a friend called at the Jenson homestead one evening and during his visit invited the father and two sons to drink with him, producing for the purpose a bottle of alcohol. Through mistake the bottle contained wood alcohol, and all those who partook of it soon became deathly sick. Jenson and his two sons died and the visitor had a narrow escape from death.

: : : :

John Schlessinger, aged sixteen years, owes his life to his own remarkable pluck and presence of mind. He started across the river near the town of Red Lake Falls, to cut brushwood. When about fifty feet from the shore a large cake of ice broke away and started whirling and eddying toward the north side dam. The lad clung tenaciously to his frail craft, which was carried swiftly down stream, and at last over the apron of the dam. The boy made the descent safely, and just as the cake of ice on which he was riding reached open water and swung under a projecting ice ledge, young Schlessinger threw himself into the icy torrent and after a desperate struggle swam to the shore. Aside from a bad cold, the boy is none the worse for his thrilling adventure.

: : : :

Osakis is a victim of recent burglaries. Two saloons were successively broken into and robbed of money and goods, and lastly a leading store remunerated the burglars in the sum of about $30 in cash.

: : : :

Farmers in the vicinity of North Branch have organized the North Branch Produce company, with a capitalization of $15,000, and will build a large potato warehouse for the storage of potatoes, about on the same plan as the co-operative grain elevators are run.

: : : :

Andrew Mood, a farmer of Belgrade, is in St. Joseph's hospital, Mankato, suffering from serious injuries received in a runaway accident. He was driving a team hitched to a farm wagon when the horses became frightened and bolted. Mood was thrown out. He struck on his head and was rendered unconscious.

The farmers' institute at Detroit was a great success and was well attended. Several experts represented the state agricultural society and the lectures were of exceeding value to the farmers.

Caught.

"I must confess," he said in a sudden burst of confidence, "that I am an odd man. I long to be different—"

"Oh, this is so sudden," exclaimed Miss Passay, throwing herself upon his neck, for she, too, was odd and longed to be even.

Self-Explanatory.

Muffled Voice (under the machine)—Say, Bill, back her up a little, will yer?

Bill—What's the matter?

"My face is caught in the works."—

Why He Couldn't Come Out.

"Hello, Jack," called out little Harry, "is Tommy in the house?"

"'Course he is. Don't you see his shirt on the line?"

Of Course.

"I understand you are suffering from rheumatism?"

"Of course I am. What do you expect me to do with it?"

WILD WITH ITCHING HUMOR.

Eruption Broke Out in Spots All Over Body—Cured at Expense of Only $1.25—Thanks Cuticura.

The Cuticura Remedies cured me of my skin disease, and I am very thankful to you. My trouble was eruption of the skin, which broke out in spots all over my body, and caused a continual itching which nearly drove me wild at times. I got medicine of a doctor, but it did not cure me, and when I saw in a paper your ad, I sent to you for the Cuticura book and I studied my case in it. I then went to the drug store and bought one cake of Cuticura Soap, one box of Cuticura Ointment and one vial of Cuticura Pills. From the first application I received relief. I used the first set and two extra cakes of Cuticura Soap, and was completely cured. I had suffered for two years, and I again thank Cuticura for my cure. Claude N. Johnson, Maple Grove Farm, R. F. D. 2, Walnut, Kan., June 15, 1905."

Where and Wherefore.

The patient at the clinic suddenly shook off the fumes of ether, sat up on the operating table and said: "Where am I?"

When nobody answered, he looked wildly into the faces of the students who filled the ampitheater and cried out: "What am I here for?"

And a voice from the rear benches replied: "For instance."—Puck.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. , Byron Baker, Minneapolis, Minn., threshing machine; George Beck, Beavercreek, Minn., register for pool tables; John Crowley, Duluth, Minn., railway track gage and brace; Henry J. Daws, Minneapolis, Minn., pneumatic stacker; Peter Hiller, Foley, Minn., folding stove; Soren Nelson, Marietta, Minn., shock loader; William Unke, Duluth, Minn., garment fastener.

Amen!

No American gunpowder should ever be burnt to send a shot into the heart of Old Ironsides.

Eve was the only woman who had positive proof that she was the only woman her husband ever loved.

It is hard for an empty sack to stand done, go, if not send.

A TRAINED NURSE

After Years of Experience, Advises Women in Regard to Their Health.

Mrs Martha Pohlman

Mrs. Martha Pohlman of 55 Chester Avenue, Newark, N. J., who is a graduate Nurse from the Blockley Training School, at Philadelphia, and for six years Chief Clinic Nurse at the Philadelphia Hospital, writes the letter printed below. She has the advantage of personal experience, besides her professional education, and what she has to say may be absolutely relied upon.

Many other women are afflicted as she was. They can regain health in the same way. It is prudent to heed such advice from such a source.

Mrs. Pohlman writes:

"I am firmly persuaded, after eight years of experience with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, that it is the safest and best medicine for any suffering woman to use."

"Immediately after my marriage I found that my health began to fail me. I became weak and pale, with severe bearing-down pains, fearful backaches and frequent dizzy spells. The doctors prescribed for me, yet I did not improve. I would bloat after eating, and frequently become nauseated. I had pains down through my limbs so I could hardly walk. It was as bad a case of female trouble as I have ever known. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, however, cured me within four months. Since that time I have had occasion to recommend it to a number of patients suffering from all forms of female difficulties, and I find that while it is considered unprofessional to recommend a patent medicine, I can honestly recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, for I have found that it cures female ills, where all other medicine fails. It is a grand medicine for sick women."

Money cannot buy such testimony as this—merit alone can produce such results, and the ablest specialists now agree that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the most universally successful remedy for all female diseases known to medicine.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful periods, weakness, displacement or ulceration of the female organs, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles.

No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement.

The needless suffering of women from diseases peculiar to their sex is terrible to see. The money which they pay to doctors who do not help them is an enormous waste. The pain is cured and the money is saved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

It is well for women who are ill to write Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. The present Mrs. Pinkham is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, her assistant for many years before her decease, and for twenty-five years since her advice has been freely given to sick women. In her great experience, which covers many years, she has probably had to deal with dozens of cases just like yours. Her advice is strictly confidential.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

How to See Sea Serpents.

"A glass!" cried the skipper. "A glass there, ye lubbers."

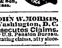
He studied carefully the passing object.

"Another glass, and in a hurry, or, shiver my timbers—"

But it was not till after the third glass that he was ready to take oath that it was a real sea serpent which had passed athwart the weather bow.

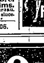
He who deliberately deceives himself is hopelessly foolish.

Dreaded
Depressing
Debilitating
Grippe
IS CURED BY
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
The popular household remedy for Internal and External use since 1810. 25 and 50 cents.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.



GREGORY'S SEEDS
Safe sowers—sure growers. Sold under three warrants. Write for our new catalogue—FREE.
J. J. H. Gregory & Son, Marblehead, Mass.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D.C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.



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"GOLD COIN HEAVE CURE"
"I have used over 100 packages of your Heave Cure on different horses, and it has never failed me yet." —Wm. J. Wenz, St. Paul.
Send 4c for Postage, and mention this paper.
Gold Coin Stock Food Co.
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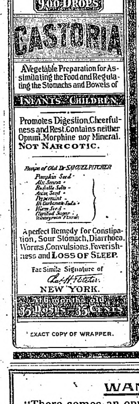
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A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
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35 Doses—35 Cents
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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
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In Use For Over Thirty Years
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"There comes an opportunity in every life."
Perhaps this is your chance:—
Special Representative wanted (man or woman) in this community. Must have good references and be willing to work. Address
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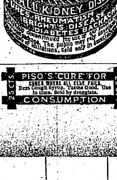
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE
25 CURES COUGHS COLDS

PRICE, 25 Cts.
ANTI-GRIPINE
IS GUARANTEED TO CURE
GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.
I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.
F. W. Diemer, M. D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.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CURE ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
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CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
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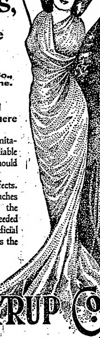

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There is only One Genuine-Syrup of Figs,

The Genuine is Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

The full name of the company, California Fig Syrup Co., is printed on the front of every package of the genuine.

The Genuine- Syrup of Figs- is for Sale, in Original Packages Only, by Reliable Druggists Everywhere

Knowing the above will enable one to avoid the fraudulent imitations made by piratical concerns and sometimes offered by unreliable dealers. The imitations are known to act injuriously and should therefore be declined.

Buy the genuine always if you wish to get its beneficial effects. It cleanses the system gently yet effectually, dispels colds and headaches when bilious or constipated, prevents fevers and acts best on the kidneys, liver, stomach and bowels, when a laxative remedy is needed by men, women or children. Many millions know of its beneficial effects from actual use and of their own personal knowledge. It is the laxative remedy of the well-informed.

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MANUFACTURED BY THE

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

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PRICE, FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE

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Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri.

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ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1906. NUMBER 32.

6,000 AMERICANS ARE IN DANGER

LIVES ARE MENACED BY THE THREATENED UPRISING IN CHINA.

UNITED STATES ACTS ALONE

UNITED STATES WILL GATHER 38,000 MEN FOR SERVICE IN CHINA.

Washington, Feb. 16.— Thirty-eight thousand men of the regular army are to be mobilized at Manila for service in China in case an uprising against foreigners in the ancient empire. The war department has determined to send four regiments of cavalry and seven batteries of artillery to the Far Eastern islands, in addition to the troops already ordered.

The navy department also is active and has directed Rear Admiral Sigsbee's squadron, consisting of one armored and three protected cruisers, to hold itself in readiness to proceed to the Far East and report to Rear Admiral Train, commander-in-chief of the Asiatic fleet. The navy department also has sent instructions to Rear Admiral Train to take such measures as may seem to him advisable for the adequate protection of Americans and their interests.

Empire Is Stirring.

Preparations which the military branches of the government have been making indicate that the administration is apprehensive that the government of China will be unable to quell the movement against foreigners which appears to have gained greater headway than had been believed. Official dispatches from Minister Rockhill and from consuls at various points show the awakening of the empire has come and that its trend is anti-foreign.

The people are aroused over the arrogance of Western powers in seizing Chinese territory and otherwise imposing Western will upon their government. They object to the exercise by foreigners of the right of extra territoriality — the principle which permits foreigners to be tried by consular courts instead of the judicial administrative organizations of China.

Aroused by Japan.

The agitation has been fostered and indeed, was started, by students who had obtained a smattering of Western education. The young men who were educated in Japan who came in contact with the virile force which enabled their small neighbor to conquer their own country and mighty Russia, and which brought Japan to a high and honorable place at the international council table— these youths have returned to China and have spread the gospel of Asia for Asiatics.

London, Feb. 17. — The correspondent at Shanghai of the Standard telegraphs as follows:

"News has reached here of another attack on a foreign mission at Nanking, province of Nanhwei, on the left bank of the Yanktsekiang river. No loss of life is reported.

"Yesterday an attempt was made here by a trusted Chinese servant to murder the secretary of the French municipal council while he was asleep. The attempt was frustrated and the assailant was arrested.

"Many of the great provincial viceroys are displaying a marked antiforeign attitude, which they would hardly dare so openly assume unless they thought that Pekin approved their conduct. In the foreign settlements of treaty ports efforts are being made quietly to recover privileges granted to foreigners.

Japan Has Hopes.

"In some quarters Japan is believed to view with equanimity the possibility of armed intervention being necessary, since it would provide her with the occasion to obtain from China what she failed to exact from Russia.

"In Shanghai two additional companies of volunteers are being raised. It is reported that the municipal council favors strengthening the Sikh police force by 500 men. Unfortunately it is at this juncture that it has been decided to reduce the British China squadron."

Washington, Feb. 18.—Nearly 6,000 Americans, men, women and children, are in peril of death at the hands of Chinese mobs in the threatened Boxer uprising. To rescue as many of these as possible from danger, and take drastic action in every case where an American is molested, is the purpose of the president, through the state, war and navy departments.

Activities in this direction have been going on for weeks, but great secrecy has necessarily been maintained.

Aside from the known fact that the Philippine forces have already been greatly augmented and the Asiatic fleet increased, the state department is keeping

Its Program Secret.

Of the total number of Americans now in China, it is estimated that not less than 1,400 are engaged in Christian mission work.

It is roughly estimated that there are 3,000 Americans engaged in commercial pursuits in China, all of whom are victims of the boycott. In addition to these it is estimated that there are 1,500 other Americans in China in the employment of Chinese merchants and manufacturers, who heretofore have been paid good wages, but who have been driven from their employment by the anti-American spirit.

United States Will Act Alone.

One thing the United States is acting alone. Nearly all the anti-foreign sentiment in China is directed at Americans. There is some hostility to the French and Germans, but none toward Japan and England.

All the countries mentioned have been benefited by the boycott on American goods.

Therefore, if Pekin is again taken, as it was in the Boxer uprising of 1900, the feat is likely to be accomplished by American soldiers.

That all preparations being made to meet the emergencies are being made on a scale commensurate with the task is indicated by the unprecedented activity at the various army posts and munition factories.

Disquieting News Concealed.

It is currently reported here that the administration has not made public the most disquieting of its dispatches relating to China.

Secretary Root has been a busy man for several weeks. He has exchanged cablegrams with our representatives in Japan, Great Britain and China, with a view to seeing if something could not be done to avert the impending trouble. But his replies have not been entirely satisfactory. Japan, it is asserted officially, is not a party to the trouble, but on the other hand is willing to do what she can to remove it. Great Britain, as Japan's ally, is of a similar mind.

GIGANTIC FRAUD CHARGED.

Five Million Dollars of Stock Issued on Basis of $10,000.

Cincinnati, Feb. 18: — Sensational charges are made in a suit filed in the United States circuit court yesterday by attorneys for Rudolph Kleybolte, the Cincinnati banker, seeking an investigation of the Miami & Erie Transportation company, known as the Electric Mule.

The charge is that financiers of Cleveland, whose names are mentioned as defendants, floated $2,000,000 in bonds and $3,000,000 in stock on the sole strength of $10,000 paid up capital stock in that company, and that these stock and bonds, being placed on the market, were taken in good faith by hundreds of innocent investors in Cincinnati and elsewhere.

PAT CROWE IS ACQUITED.

Jury Finds Him Not Guilty in the Cudahy Kidnapping Case.

Omaha, Feb. 18. — The jury in the trial of Pat Crowe, charged with the robbery of Edward A. Cudahy, the Omaha packer, of $25,000 in connection with the kidnapping of the latter's son five years ago, yesterday afternoon, after fifteen hours' deliberation, brought in a verdict of not guilty.

The kidnapping of Eddie Cudahy Dec. 19, 1900, and his release upon the payment by his father of $25,000 ransom, created a sensation, and the search for the kidnappers was stimulated at the time by the offer of a reward of $50,000 by Mr. Cudahy.

LAST RITES FOR DEAD KING.

Remains of Christian Will Be Buried Among Tombs of Ancestors.

Copenhagen, Feb. 18.—The body of King Christian was removed from the Christianborg church here yesterday to the cathedral at Roskilde, where it will be buried Sunday among the tombs of the Danish kings, who for a thousand years have found their last resting place in the ancient capital of the kingdom. The whole of Copenhagen was given up to mourning. Business and work were at a standstill, and emblems of sorrow were displayed everywhere.

ALEXANDER IS ILL.

Former President of Equitable Undergoes Operation.

New York, Feb. 18.—James W. Alexander, former president of the Equitable Life Insurance company, is seriously ill at his home. His family is with him, and Dr. C. H. Chetwood is in attendance. Mr. Alexander underwent a surgical operation on Thursday after being removed to his home from a sanitarium in Deerfield, Mass., the previous afternoon.

Will Increase Mill's Output.

Echo, Minn., Feb. 18. — The Echo Milling company has decided to increase the capacity of its mill twenty-five barrels, and yesterday contracted for the necessary machinery. The mill will have a capacity of 125 barrels.

Business Man Killed.

Jasper, Minn., Feb. 18.—Julius Johnson, a member of the firm of Berg & Estenson, Sherman, S. D., was killed yesterday. He was repairing a hay rack and fell from it. He leaves a wife and one child.

Senator Tillman Ill.

Washington, Feb. 18.—Senator Tillman of South Carolina, who is ill at his hotel in this city with a severe cold which threatens to develop into pneumonia, was reported to be quietly sleeping last night. The senator returned to Washington yesterday morning from Columbia, S. C.

Great Doings for Victors.

Tokio, Feb. 18.—A second grand reception was accorded yesterday to the victorious armies of Japan. The celebrations were very brilliant.

MISS ALICE IS A HAPPY BRIDE

OMEN OF SUNLIT MARRIED LIFE IS BRILLIANT BRIDAL AT WHITE HOUSE.

MARKED BY STATELY DIGNITY

VOWS ARE TAKEN BEFORE BRILLIANT ASSEMBLY IN THE EAST ROOM.

Washington, Feb. 20. — Miss Alice Lee Roosevelt, daughter of the president, was married at noon Saturday in the East room of the White House to Nicholas Longworth, member of congress from Cincinnati. President Roosevelt gave his daughter away and the full marriage service of the Episcopal church was read by the Rt. Rev. Henry Yates Satterlee, bishop of Washington.

The day was perfect, a happy augury for the happiest of brides.

THE BRIDE.
Mrs. Alice Lee Roosevelt-Longworth.

Imposing Picture.

A more dignified and imposing picture has never been seen in the White House than the great East hoom during the ceremony. The guests were assembled on the north and south sides of an aisle leading to an improvised stage erected near the middle east window, where the ceremony was performed. In the small space about the platform the relatives of Miss Roosevelt and Mr. Longworth stood during the ceremony and were thus given an opportunity to offer their congratulations first.

No chairs were provided for the guests in the East room and the entire company stood from a few minutes past 11 through the entire ceremony.

Notables Arrive.

Fifteen minutes before the ceremony the vice president and Mrs. Fairbanks came. They were followed by the ambassadors and ministers from foreign countries, the judges of the supreme court and their wives, members of the cabinet and hundreds of guests from out of town.

The little clock in the red room struck 12, and three minutes later Mrs. Roosevelt came down the grand marble staircase, escorted by Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., who was one of the ushers. Following Mrs. Roosevelt were Miss Ethel Roosevelt with her brother Kermit, and behind them were the two younger boys, Quentin and Archibald.

Grandmother Attends.

Mrs. George Lee of Boston, the grandmother of the bride, followed the children. The party was shown to the left side of the platform, while Mrs. Longworth and the Countess de Chamburn, mother and sister of Mr. Longworth, were on the right.

A sudden hush fell upon the guests as the first strains of "Tannhaeuser" burst forth. Then, as the White House bride, leaning upon the left arm of the president, entered the room, there was a burst of appreciation from the throng, and silence ensued, which was not broken again until the final invocation which pronounced the young couple man and wife.

Has No Bridesmaids.

The bride carried a huge bouquet of lavender and white orchids mixed with lilies of the valley and just enough green to give a setting to the flowers. There were no bridesmaids, and in this respect the ceremony was of the simplest character.

The bridal gown was a heavy white satin brocade made with a court train. The material of the gown was especially woven for the president's daughter at the mills in Paterson, N. J., and is of a heavy weave of exquisite texture. The gown is made princess—a style Miss Roosevelt has been wearing during the entire season with much effectiveness.

Bishop Reads Service.

Bishop Satterlee read the betrothal service and then began the marriage ceremony. During the early part of the ceremony the questions were directed at the groom, and Miss Roosevelt looked nonchalantly at the guests on her left.

Mr. Longworth answered in a low voice all the questions put to him, but Miss Roosevelt could be heard all over the East room and about the entrance to the corridor.

In the second part of the ritual service, when the bishop asked the question: "Who giveth this woman?" President Roosevelt stepped briskly forward and took the hand of his daughter and placed it in that of the young Ohio congressman, and as Alice radiantly turned her face toward him, he exclaimed, strenuously:

"I do."

President Shows Emotion.

Then he stepped back toward his wife. The president himself showed deep emotion during the ceremony. The color came and went in his face and as he gave his daughter away, he gulped once or twice as if from excess of feeling.

When Bishop Satterlee had given the final blessing he retired from the platform and Mr. and Mrs. Longworth turned to receive the congratulations of their friends.

Felicitated by Guests.

After the exchange of family salutations, Mr. and Mrs. Longworth took their places amid the flowers and graceful foliage, and for two hours received the felicitations of the guests.

The reception was followed by the wedding breakfast, which was served from an American beauty-decked table in the state dining room.

Depart on Honeymoon.

The departure of Representative and Mrs. Longworth from the White House was one of the most interesting features of the eventful day. They will spend part of their honeymoon at Friendship, the country home of John R. McLean, on the Tennallytown road, a short distance from Washington. Extreme precautions were taken to outwit the curious crowds waiting to witness the departure of the bride and bridegroom. Notwithstanding this, there was a large number of people on hand to see the bridal couple off. They will remain at Friendship for a day or two and will then go to Palm Beach, Fla., where the greater portion of the honeymoon will be spent.

Showered With Gifts.

Few brides, not of so-called royal birth, ever have been the recipients of so many and such valuable gifts as were received by Miss Roosevelt. For weeks these tributes of love and affection have been pouring into the White House. The bride and the members of her family were almost overwhelmed by the number and character of the presents. It was not that they were so valuable, intrinsically, although in the aggregate they represent a great sum, but it was the spirit which animated the givers which appealed strongly to Miss Roosevelt. Many of the presents were accompanied by oral or written expressions of the deep and sincere regard in which the bride is held by persons of all classes, not only in her own country, but throughout the world.

FARMER IS ASPHYXIATED.

Vice President of Waldo (Kan.) Bank Found Dead in Room.

Kansas City, Feb. 20. — August Lemke, a retired farmer, vice president of a bank at Waldo, Kan., was found dead from asphyxiation in a room here. Indications are that he accidentally left the gas jet open when he retired. Lemke came to Kansas City last October to attend his wife, who is in a sanitarium here.

Menominee, Mich., Feb. 20.—A building at Sabieski, west of Menominee, burned yesterday. Some human bones were found in the ruins. It is believed they are those of F. Nieradzin, who has been missing since the fire. A search is being made for the missing man in the hope that he is alive.

Winnipeg, Feb. 20.—William Bryan, a man about thirty-five years of age, was struck by a street car. His neck was broken and he died almost instantly.

PRESIDENT TO KEEP HANDS OFF

WILL NOT ATTEMPT TO PREVENT AMENDMENT TO HEPBURN RATE BILL.

LET FACTIONS COMPROMISE

IF BILL IS PASSED THAT DOES NOT SUIT THE PRESIDENT WILL VETO IT.

Washington, Feb. 22. — When the senate committee on interstate commerce meets on Friday to vote on a rate bill the announcement will be made authoritatively that President Roosevelt will not attempt to prevent amendment to the Hepburn bill; that he will leave the committee free to exercise its best judgment and if possible compromise its differences; that if a bill is reported which does not meet his approval and in that form is passed by congress, he will content himself with exercising his veto power. This announcement will be made as the result of a conference yesterday between the most active persons supporting the house bill

Without Amendment.

It will be delivered to the committee by a senator who has supported an amendment providing for a judicial review of an order of the interstate commerce commission.

The conference at the White House was one of many that have been held there within a week for a discussion of the railway rate question. It was attended by Senators Dolliver and Clapp, Speaker Cannon, Representative Hepburn and Attorney General Moody. They had under consideration an amendment said to have been drafted by Senator Knox and revised by the attorney general.

Review by Court.

Briefly stated the amendment aims to give to any complainant authority to file a petition in a circuit court asserting that a rate fixed by the commission is in fact illegal, or that an order of the commission is in reality unlawful and authorizes the court to hear the suit to decide whether the commission acted within its authority and whether the constitutional rights of the plaintiff had been violated.

All those called into the conference made a firm stand for the Hepburn bill in its present form and said that none of the amendments suggested seems to be an improvement.

Hepburn Bill Constitutional.

Attorney General Moody, it is said, contended that the Hepburn bill is constitutional, and there is no danger of its being overturned by the United States supreme court.

After Senators Dolliver and Clapp returned to the capitol they told certain colleagues that they would go into the committee on Friday and make a firm stand to have the bill reported without amendments.

When asked as to the attitude of the president they said they believed he was satisfied with the bill as it stands, but it was too much to say that he is opposed to any amendments whatever.

HOCH MUST HANG.

Bluebeard Will Be Executed Friday, His Last Plea Having Failed.

Chicago, Feb. 22. — Gov. Deneen, acting on the recommendation of the state board of pardons, has denied Johann Hoch's petition for commutation of sentence to imprisonment for life. Hoch is under sentence to hang Friday. Hoch had been confident that he would be granted either a pardon or a new trial, and the news that a commutation of sentence had been denied him came as a great surprise. He winced perceptibly when the news was told him, but recovered his composure immediately and remarked quietly: "All right. I have nothing to say about it."

BIG PRICE FOR METEORITE.

Over $20,000 for Willamette Mass of Metal.

Portland, Or., Feb. 22.—The famous Willamette meteorite has been sold to a New York scientist. The price paid was $20,600, which is said to be the highest price ever paid for a meteorite. The huge mass of ore is one of the best specimens of meteorite ever discovered, weighing about fifty tons. It was found near the banks of the Tualatin river in Clackamas county. After the discovery it was the object of much litigation between those who claimed to have found it.

OLD FOLKS IN CONNECTICUT.

Woman of 105 Is Dead—Still Older Woman Living.

Southington, Conn., Feb. 22.—Mrs. Silvia Langdon Dunham, the second oldest person in this state, died yesterday aged 105 years. The oldest person in the state, Mrs. Debora Stillman of Easton, who is 106 years old, is seriously ill as the result of shock caused by the death of her son, which occurred Tuesday during a fire at his home.

The Same Rule.

"See here, sir," exclaimed the successful manufacturer, to Mr. Adam Upp, his dilatory bookkeeper; "you are not as attentive to business as you might be. Now it has been my rule in life to be at my desk early and late and—"

"Me, too," interrupted Mr. Upp; sometimes I get there early and sometimes late."

The Boy Guessed Right.

"Willie, I'll have to have my own glasses, I can't see through papa's; they make me dizzy."

"I bet," said Willie, running to get his mother's glasses, "that the reason dad came home so dizzy last night was because he had been looking through different glasses."

His Viewpoint.

Little Willie—Papa, what is a bigamist?

Mr. Hennypeck—A bigamist, my son, is a—shs-s-s-s! Is that your mamma coming up the street? No, I see it isn't. Well, a bigamist, is a benefactor who prevents at least one of his fellowmen from marrying.

Buried Treasure.

Capt. Kidd was burying his treasure.

"You see," he explained, "some society editor might come around and try to borrow it."

After that he ordered his fellow pirates to dig the hole deeper.

Learning makes a man fit company for himself.

TERRIBLE SCALY ECZEMA.

Eruptions Appeared on Chest, and Face and Neck Were All Broken Out—Cured by Cuticura.

"I had an eruption appear on my chest and body and extend upwards and downwards, so that my neck and face were all broken out; also my arms and the lower limbs as far as the knees. I at first thought it was prickly heat. But soon scales or crusts formed where the breaking out was. Instead of going to a physician I purchased a complete treatment of the Cuticura remedies, in which I had great faith, and all was satisfactory. A year or two later the eruption appeared again, only a little lower; but before it had time to spread I procured another supply of the Cuticura Remedies, and continued their use until the cure was complete. It is now five years since the last attack, and have not seen any signs of a return. I have more faith in Cuticura Remedies for skin diseases than anything I know of. Emma E. Wilson, Liscomb, Iowa, Oct. 1, 1905."

REAL AMERICAN PRINCESS.

Mrs. Narcissa Owen Lineal Descendant of Powhatan.

As gently as he could, a man recently chided a woman for conferring titles on persons who had no right to them. "Don't you know," he said, "it is absurdly un-American for you to speak of Miss Alice Roosevelt as 'the Princess Alice?' Surely you must be aware that there are no American princesses?" He thought he had crushed her. Foolish man! "You shouldn't display your ignorance," she retorted: "There is an American princess. She's Mrs. Narcissa Owen, daughter of Ah-ni-ki-la-he, and a lineal descendant of the great Powhatan."

Mrs. Owen is rounding out her life tranquilly in the national capital. She is an artist and musician, with a studio in an office building. She lives surrounded by tokens of her race. Mrs. Owen is seventy-four, and her memory goes back to some stirring chapters in American history. Around her neck, suspended by a chain, is the gold medal presented to her father by Thomas Jefferson. It commemorates the peace treaty signed by the United States and the Cherokees. Against a wall are six plates of fine china sent to the chieftain by Mrs. Martha Washington. Mrs. Owen was educated in Fayetteville, Ark., and studied art and music in Boston. She was married in Arkansas to Col. Robert Owen of Lynchburg, Va., who became president of the Norfolk & Western railroad. He died fifteen years ago, leaving a handsome fortune.

UNDER WHICH KING

"The More Postum the More Food—the More Coffee the More Poison.

The Pres. of the W. C. T. U. in a young giant state in the Northwest says:

"I did not realize that I was a slave to coffee till I left off drinking it. For three or four years I was obliged to take a nerve tonic every day. Now I am free, thanks to Postum Food Coffee.

"After finding out what coffee will do to its victims, I could hardly stand to have my husband drink it but he was not willing to quit. I studied for months to find a way to induce him to leave it off. Finally I told him I would make no more coffee.

"I got Postum Food Coffee, and made it strong—boiled it the required time, and had him read the little book, 'The Road to Wellville,' that comes in every pkg.

"To-day Postum has no stronger advocate than my husband! He tells our friends how to make it, and that he got through the winter without a spell of the grip and has not had a headache for months—he used to be subject to frequent nervous headaches.

"The stronger you drink Postum the more food you get; the stronger you drink coffee the more poison you get." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

GAPON TOOL IN HANDS OF WITTE

PRIEST MERE FIGUREHEAD IN SECRETLY SUBSIDIZED SOCIETY.

PRESS FEARS A REACTION

CHANGES IN RUSSIAN CABINET ARE REGARDED WITH ALARM.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 22. — Through the disappearance of a journalist, Mathusensky, the press agent and real brains of the Father Gapon movement, the disclosure has been made that the Moderate labor organizations which Gapon established in St. Petersburg after the publication of the imperial manifesto of Oct. 30, 1904, was subsidized by the government, which supplied the funds for the rent of its clubhouse and literature. Radical circles are elated over the revelation, which was made in an open letter by the president of the Putiloff section of the organization, complaining that $12,000 of the funds furnished through M. Timiriazeff, until recently minister of commerce, had not reached the treasury. The socialists claim that this

Spells the Downfall

of the conservative opposition to the full revolutionary program among the workmen. It is now shown that Gapon really played a minor role in the formidable movement of January, 1905, and that Matushensky was the direcetor of the campaign which mystified both the police and the old-time revolutionists, and that Matushensky was the author of the great petition, with which the workmen were marching to the Winter palace on Sunday, Jan. 22, 1905, to present to the emperor when the troops fired on them.

A curious commentary on the conditions prevailing is the cabinet's action in opening clubhouses, for which the government furnished the money, when up to the present Interior Minister Durnovo has not permitted assemblies of conservative workmen, which are dispersed as rigorously as those of the socialists.

Reaction Is Feared.

The press generally regards the changes in the cabinet with alarm as a decided check to the progressive wing and as a return to the ancient paths. The resignation of M. Timiriazeff, the minister of commerce, is taken as an indication of the abandonment of the policy of conciliation of the workingmen, which was fathered by the Conservatives. The Slovo and Novoe Vremya joined yesterday in a bitter attack on the government, the Slovo declaring that the government is doing its best to drive the workingmen into the arms of the socialists and revolutionaries, and adding that an evil genius full of reaction has returned to earth and is reincarnated in the person of Interior Minister Durnovo.

FLOG WOMEN WITH KNOUTS.

Russian Soldiers Inflict Cruel Punishment Upon Captured Rebels.

Riga, Feb. 22.—The expedition sent to crush the second rising, in the district of Weden, is operating vigorously. The troops have captured many revolutionists, of whom five were tried by drum-head court-martial and shot, and thirty, including women, were flogged with knouts. Seventy rifles were seized. Two prominent residents of Reval, Vice President Paetz and an attorney named Tamant, have been sentenced to death for participation in the revolutionary movement.

ACTRESS TO SUE MIZNER.

So He Is Hurrying to Denver to Try to Settle.

Denver, Feb. 22. — Mrs. Edith Samms, nee Carter, an actress, is here for the purpose, it is said, of instituting action for breach of promise against Wilson Minzer, who married Mrs. Charles T. Yerkes. It is understood here that Minzer is now hurrying to Denver to make an effort to adjust the matter before it is given an airing in the courts.

Unknown Man Killed.

Shakopee, Minn., Feb. 22. — While patroling his section, the section foreman of the St. Paul road discovered the dead body of an unknown man lying across the railroad track about seven miles east of here. The body, which was mutilated badly, was brought to this city and buried by the coroner. The man is supposed to have been run over by a train.

Severe Earthquake.

St. Thomas, D. W. I., Feb. 22.—Another very severe earthquake shock was felt at noon yesterday on the island of St. Lucia, B. W. I. Slight shocks have been felt there at frequent intervals since Feb. 16.

Thousands to Hear Ireland.

Kansas City, Feb. 22.—Archbishop John Ireland of St. Paul arrived here yesterday! He will deliver a lecture in convention hall to-night for which 20,000 tickets have been sold.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

OF ST. HILAIRE.

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

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St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

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S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

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THE
Photograper.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

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488

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BEER.

MINNEAPOLIS BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"

and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of

THE FAMOUS

MATT. J. JOHNSON'S
6088

RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE

you are not satisfied with results.

This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.

For Sale and Guaranteed Only by

Imperial Drug Co., St. Hilaire

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

Always Order
when you want the best beer
Hamm's
the beer with a flavor
New Brew

Agents Everywhere
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul, Minn.

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Feb. 24, 1906.

The thirsty of Chicago must be well supplied as they have 8,132 licensed saloons in the city.

Only a little over two weeks more and we can have troubles of our own—village election March 13th.

The Thief River Falls Press had an able editorial entitled "A Social Leper" in their last week's issue which was not a bit too strong.

Carl M. Borgen, who has been running the Red Lake Courier, has given up his lease and State Librarian King has again taken charge.

Polk county has already spent about one-half a million dollars for drainage in the last few years. It is money well spent and will yield big returns.

Our forefathers when they created our form of government did not intend that one branch of congress should represent manking and the other the almighty dollar, but judging from the deliberations of the U. S. senate that is what has happened.

The following would indicate that the tax-dodging money grabber is becoming decidedly unpopular:

Aitkin Age: Only the poor have to pay taxes on all they are worth.

Breckenridge Telegram: Honestly now, isn't the tax dodger the meanest man on the fact of the earth?

Moorhead Independent: The tariff that protects those commodities controlled completely by the trusts is not the kind of tariff protection that is popular with the American people today. It is this kind of tariff that they want revised, and they will make a strenuous effort to get it.

Virginia Enterprise: When a man loses his pocketbook he rushts into the printery forthwith to advertise it. But when he loses his reputation he sidles up to the editor and in a tone of anguish whispers, "For God's sake, don't say anything about it." We won't not for God's sake, but for the sake of the family so damnably cursed as to be compelled to recognize him as husband and father.

The opinion is growing that the next republican candidate to win must be nominated by a convention of uninstructed delegates and he must be a man who will unite and be acceptable to all the elements of the party. The candidates who make an active canvass for the nomination will be handicapped. Call an early convention, let the delegates go uninstructed or for their favorite sons for first choice, and then let the delegates unite on one man who will give all fair play. A man so selected, if he be capable and honest, will win, without question.

Too Curious.

One well known New York woman has discovered, like some others of her sex, that it does not pay to be too curious. One of the old family retainers is a Scotchman named William, who does not believe in glossing over the truth for the sake of sparing his listener's feelings. The woman in question, although possessed of considerable charm of manner, is not a beauty and knows it. Her husband, recently deceased, was a remarkably handsome man, and his wife was one of his sincerest admirers. One day when she was looking at her husband's picture on the mantel in the sitting room William was fussing around the grate, and in a moment of impulse she asked:

"William, what do you think made such a handsome man as Colonel S. marry such a plain woman as me?"

William looked from the portrait to the speaker, meditated a second and answered:

"Must have been heaven's will, ma'am."

The Wrong Jam.

Haskell—What's Tommy crying for? Mrs. Haskell—Oh, the poor boy caught his finger in the pantry door. Haskell—H'm! He evidently didn't get the jam he was looking for that time.

From Bad to Worse.

"A few years after people gits too old to believe in Santy Claus," said Uncle Eben, "deys apt to stadt in believin' in race hoss tips, which is wuss."—Washington Star.

There always is a sense of satisfaction in hearing abused those one dislikes.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Robinson Crusoe, Economist.

When the average boy spends the delighted hours of imaginative youth in devouring the pages of "Robinson Crusoe" he has, like most people of more mature years, no idea that he is perusing a work of profound philosophy, written by one of the greatest political thinkers of the English speaking race.

Taken with a knowledge of the facts of the career of De Foe, "Robinson Crusoe" can properly be considered a story intended to illustrate the heavy burden of trouble placed upon any single individual isolated from his fellows and compelled to maintain his existence without their aid. The tale shows in an inimitable way how all civilized men are interdependent. Regarded from this point of view, the author of the most widely read work of fiction ever written becomes an object of particular interest to all thinkers upon politics.—William N. Hill, M. D., in Watson's Magazine.

To "Pound" Words.

When the reputability of punning is under discussion it is well to bear in mind that the very name of the jest confesses to a degree of atrocity. To "pun," according to the London Chronicle, is to "pound" words, to beat them into forced conditions, so the philologists believe. "He would pun thee into shivers with his fist," says Thersites in "Troilus and Cressida," meaning physical "pounding." "Pun" is not a slipshod development of "pound," but its original form, the Anglo-Saxon verb being "punian," and "pun" or "poun" having developed a final "d," just as "soun" became "sound" and as the illiterate turn "gown" into "gownd." Curiously enough, "pun" and "pound" have no connection with "punching" a man's head, which is simply "punishing," contracted, or with "punching" a ticket, which goes back to the Latin "pungere," to prick or puncture.

Sir Humphry Davy.

Sir Humphry Davy married a widow as peculiar as himself. His pet affectation was a lack of time. He was always in a hurry. He pretended that he had no leisure to dress himself, and when a change of linen became necessary he simply put one shirt over another until he was known to have on five or six shirts at a time. Of course he could not wear this amount of apparel without appreciably increasing his size, and his friends not in the secret were sometimes surprised to see him fall off in apparent weight twenty pounds in a day. His wife's great anxiety was to keep him "fit for company," but as he did not care a fig for company she had no easy task, and domestic discord was a common thing.

Ancient Cups.

The cups of the Assyrians closely resembled our saucers. Every nobleman and gentleman had his own cup and cup bearer, the latter of whom always accompanied him to a feast, carrying before him the cup of gold, silver, crystal or marble which his master only used on state occasions. Saucers for cups were introduced in the latter part of the eighteenth century and at first were greatly ridiculed, the persons who employed them being said not to be able to drink without having [illegible] cups.

Stray Dog.

Strayed from my premises on or about February 5th, my black and white pointer. Finder return to the undersigned and receive reward.

CHAS. J. FELLMAN,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

Good looks bring happiness. Friends care more for us when we meet them with a clean, smiling face, bright eyes, sparkling with health, which comes by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Go to Leonard Holmes for all kinds of farm machinery.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } ss.

Notice is hereby given that an application has been made in writing to the board of county commissioners of said county of Red Lake and filed in my office praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 1, 1906, and terminating on March 31, 1907, by the following person and at the following place, as stated in said application to-wit: By

E. P. POQUIN

On the ground floor of that certain one-story frame building situate twelve hundred feet west of northeast corner of northwest quarter of section fifteen, township one hundred fifty, range forty-one, township of Lambert, Red Lake county, Minn.

Said application will be heard and determined by said board of county commissioners of the county of Red Lake in the county auditor's office at the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in Red Lake county, and state of Minnesota, on Wednesday, the seventh day of March, A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock a. m.

Witness my hand and official seal this 23rd day of February, A. D. 1906.

(Seal) JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor,
Red Lake Co., Minn.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed and delivered by Nels G. Stark and Kristine Stark, his wife, mortgagors, to M. F. Murphy, mortgagee, dated January 5, 1905, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on February 11, 1905, at eleven o'clock a. m., in Book 14 of Mortgages, on page 634 thereof; that the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at this date is two hundred thirty-seven dollars and thirty-three cents; that the premises described in and covered by said mortgage are the southeast quarter of section twenty-two, in township one hundred fifty-three, of range forty-four, situate in Red Lake county, Minnesota; that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, by the sheriff of said Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on April 9, 1906, at ten o'clock a. m., to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, together with the costs of such sale, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated February 10, 1906.

M. F. MURPHY,
Mortgagee.

Montague & Chilgren,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Crookston, Minnesota.

[f24-6-m31

CALUMET
Baking Powder

The only high grade Baking Powder sold at a moderate price. Complies with the pure food laws of all states.

Trust Baking Powders sell for 45 or 50 cents per pound and may be identified by this exorbitant price. They are a menace to public health, as food prepared from them contains large quantities of Rochelle salts, a dangerous cathartic drug.

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Formation of New District.

Whereas, a petition has been filed with the board of county commissioners of the county of Red Lake, signed and acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who reside in the proposed new district herein described, and who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts and duly verified by the affidavit of one of the residents of said proposed new district, praying for the organization of a new school district out of the territory hereinafter described, to-wit:

All of sections 1 and 2, the south half of sections 3, 4 and 5: All of sections 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16; All that part of sections 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27 located on the north side of the Red Lake river, township 153 north of range 41 west, and the said board of county commissioners have appointed a time and place for a hearing upon said petition as by law required;

Now therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a hearing upon said petition will be had at a meeting of the said board, commencing upon the 6th day of March, A. D. 1906, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, in said county, at which time and place the said board of county commissioners will hear arguments of all persons interested, for or against the proposed organization of said new school district.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 2nd day of January, A. D. 1906.

By order of the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minn.

[Seal] By JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio clerk of Board.

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Formation of New District.

Whereas, a petition has been filed with the board of county commissioners of the county of Red Lake, signed and acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who reside in the proposed new district herein described, and who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts and duly verified by the affidavit of one of the residents of said proposed new district, praying for the organization of a new school district out of the territory hereinafter described, to-wit:

The south half of section 7, the south half of section 8, the south half of section 9, all of sections 16, 17 and 18, the north half of section 19, the north half of section 20 and the north half of section 21, in township 154, range 42, in the township of Silverton, in said county, and the said board of county commissioners have appointed a time and place for a hearing upon said petition as by law required;

Now therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a hearing upon said petition will be had at a meeting of the said board, commencing upon the seventh day of March, A. D. 1906, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at which time and place the said board of county commissioners will hear arguments of all persons interested, for or against the proposed organization of said new school district.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this fourth day of January, A. D. 1906.

By order of the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minn.

[Seal] By JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio clerk of Board.

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Formation of New District.

Whereas, a petition has been filed with the board of county commissioners of the county of Red Lake, signed and acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who reside in the proposed new district herein described, and who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts and duly verified by the affidavit of one of the residents of said proposed new district, praying for the organization of a new school district out of the territory hereinafter described, to-wit:

Section 28, the south half and the northeast quarter of section 29, the south half and the northwest quarter of section 30 and all of sections 31, 32, 33 and 34, in township 151, range 41, and the north half of sections 3 and 4 in township 150, range 41, in the townships of Clover Leaf and Kratka, in said county, and the said board of county commissioners have appointed a time and place for a hearing upon said petition as by law required;

Now therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a hearing upon said petition will be had at a meeting of the said board commencing upon the 7th day of March, A D. 1906, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at which time and place the said board of county commissioners will hear arguments of all persons interested, for or against the proposed organization of said new school district.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 19th day of January, A. D. 1906.

By order of the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minn.

[Seal] By JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio clerk of Board.

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Formation of New District.

Whereas, a petition has been filed with the board of county commissioners of the county of Red Lake, signed and acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who reside in the proposed new district herein described, and who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts and duly verified by the affidavit of one of the residents of said proposed new district, praying for the organization of a new school district out of the territory hereinafter described, to-wit:

South one-half (S½) of sections seven (7), eight (8) and nine (9), all of sections sixteen (16), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), twenty (20) and twenty-one (21), NE¼ of section thirty (30) and the W½ of section twenty-nine (29), all of said territory being in township 151, range 41, and the said board of county commissioners have appointed a time and place for a hearing upon said petition as by law required;

Now therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a hearing upon said petition will be had at a meeting of the said board, commencing upon the 7th day of March, A. D. 1906, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, in said county, at which time and place the said board of county commissioners will hear arguments of all persons interested, for or against the proposed organization of said new school district.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 19th day of January, A. D. 1906.

By order of the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minn.

[Seal] By JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio clerk of Board.

McMURRAY'S
VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

For refreshments call at Number 488

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Formation of New District.

Whereas, a petition has been filed with the board of county commissioners of the county of Red Lake, signed and acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who reside in the proposed new district herein described, and who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts and duly verified by the affidavit of one of the residents of said proposed new district, praying for the organization of a new school district out of the territory, hereinafter described, to-wit:

All of sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, in township 152, range 41, in Red Lake county, Minnesota, and the said board of county commissioners have appointed a time and place for a hearing upon said petition as by law required;

Now therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a hearing upon said petition will be had at a meeting of the said board, commencing upon the 6th day of March, A. D. 1906, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, in said county, at which time and place the said board of county commissioners will hear arguments of all persons interested, for or against the proposed organization of said new school district.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 3rd day of January, A. D. 1906.

By order of the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minn.

[Seal] By JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio clerk of Board.

Order for Hearing on Claims.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court.

Special term, February 13, 1906.

In the matter of the estate of Bernhard Thelander, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Bernhard Thelander deceased, late of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, being granted to K. O. Gigstad:

It is ordered that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Monday the 14th day of May, 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 13th day of February, A. D. 1906.

{ Probate Court Seal } By the Court,
N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

(f17-mh10)

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the board of county commissioners at the office of the county auditor of said county, in the city of Red Lake Falls on the sixth day of March, A. D. 1906, at one o'clock p. m.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this sixth day of February, 1906.

(Seal) JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor.

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the drainage ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a drainage ditch along the following described route in the towns of Sanders, Black River, Bray and Polk Centre, in said county of Red Lake, and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

Commencing at the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 29 in township No. 153, of range forty-four, on the north side of the quarter line: thence running east along the quarter line to the section line between sections 28 and 29 in the town of Sanders; thence south on the east side of the section line to the north line of section 5 in township 152, of range forty-four; thence west along the south side of the town line to the southeast corner of lot 4 in section 31, township 153, range 44; thence across to the north side of the town line and west therefrom along the town line to Black River and terminating at said Black river at or near the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of section 34 in township 153 of range 45 as its outlet.

Also one branch ditch No. 1, commencing on the east side of the section line at the southeast corner of section six in township 152 of range 44, thence running north to the northeast corner of said section six, having the above described main ditch as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by chapter two hundred thirty (230), of the general laws of Minnesota for 1905.

Dated January 17th, 1906.

P. A. Eckstrom, Alfred Dahlstrom,
Marius Miller, Chas. Herman Peterson,
August Hoppe, Wilhelmina Ortloff,
A. J. Larson, John Petterson,
J. A. Anderson, Erick Johnson,
Petitioners.

[fb10-24]

Order for Hearing on Claims.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } SS

In Probate Court.

Special term, February 6, 1906.

In the matter of the estate of John Julin, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of John Julin, deceased, late of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, being granted to K. O. Gigstad;

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Monday the 7th day of May, 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a regular term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire, in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 6th day of February, A. D. 1906.

{ Probate Court Seal } By the Court,
N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

(f10-mch3)

CROOKSTON LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Button's Business College
and Shorthand Institute

Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

OFFERS to take you through a complete course in Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Tywewriting and let you pay for your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after situation is secured for you. It practically costs you nothing because we get you a position where you earn at least $10.00 per month more than you ever earned before. We want 500 students to enter this college during the next three months and make the above unparalleled offer to get them. The courses are:

Normal, Shorthand and Typewriting,
Music, Commercial,
Preparatory, Telegraphy.

THIS is the only College in the United States that guarantees a good paying position to every graduate. If we don't get you a satisfactory situation you need never pay us one cent.

J. A. Button, Principal

Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to....

H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, - - - - - MINNESOTA

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed.
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.

A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.

GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
"The Comfortable Way"

EAST OR WEST
is via the
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

All Principal Points Quickly, Comfortably, Easily Reached.

For detailed information, rates, etc., call on

H. M. SWENSON, Agent,
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

S.S. "Dakota" sails from Seattle for the Orient, March 12, 1906.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar.........Wylie.........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien..........President
K. O. Gigstad..........Recorder
C. H. Martz, R. H. Duntley, Carl Johnson..........Councilmen
L. Holmes..........Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor..........James F. Ford
Treasurer..........Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds..........Frank Jeffers
Sheriff..........Dan Linnihan
Attorney..........Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate..........N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court..........Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools..........H. T. McAnulty
Coroner..........Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner..........H. W. Lee
Surveyor..........J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist..........P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist..........W. C. L. Demaun
Commissioner 3rd Dist..........O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist..........Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist..........Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
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.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for.......
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

THE LOCAL NEWS

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Geo. L. Austin made a short business trip to Red Lake Falls last Wednesday evening.

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

The "Social Dancing Club" held another of their dances at Imperial hall last evening.

Mrs. E. L. Eickhoff returned yesterday from Crookston where she has been for a short visit.

Ole Aamot, of Elmore, Minn., is here this week visiting friends and looking over a land deal.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on March 3 and 4.

Miss Selina Hoff went up to Thief River Falls yesterday for a visit of several days' duration.

Hans Hanson, who has been foreman at the planer, left on Wednesday for his home at Crookston.

Julius Pleth was over from Plummer yesterday looking over some land deals in this part of the county.

Miss Minnie Sternberg and Toralf Melting were united in marriage at Thief River Falls last Saturday.

I. Dahlen and John Konikson came in from their Mayfield township homesteads on Monday for a short visit.

Miss Catherine Pirath went down to Red Lake Falls last Wednesday night, making a short visit with her parents.

A. C. Mayfield was in town the first part of the week executing a bond as treasurer of the new township of Mayfield.

David Collins reports the arrival of a bouncing baby boy at his home last Saturday. Mother and child are doing well.

Dr. Blomburgh and Leonard Holmes entertained the I. O. O. F. Loldge and their friends at the hall last evening at cards.

Rev. A. Sand came back from St. Paul yesterday, where he has been attending the annual conference of his church.

Wanted.—40 boys to call at the Merchants State Bank and learn how to start savings accounts and become capitalists.

Roy West, who has been working at the barber shop for the past three months, left for his home at McIntosh on Tuesday.

President L. C. Simons was up from Red Lake Falls on Tuesday looking over the business at the Merchants State Bank.

There will be services at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. All are welcome. Alex Sand, pastor.

Mrs. E. R. Evans and Miss Ottila Westlund will entertain the ladies' Twelve O'clock Club at cards next Thursday evening.

If you haven't paid your personal property taxes yet remember that an extra ten per cent is added next Thursday, March 1st.

Napoleon Miller was made happy on Thursday by the arrival of his family and they have commenced housekeeping over the barber shop.

Miss Zeo Sorsoleil, of Stillwater, is here this week making her uncle, W. A. Sorsoleil, a visit. Miss Sorsoleil has been teaching school in Roseau county.

Methusala was all right, you bet.
For a good old soul was he,
They say he would be living yet,
Had he taken Rocky Mountain Tea.
Imperial Drug Co.

Clifford Dufour, the hustling representative of the new co-operative cracker factory at Crookston, was taking orders and selling stock here last Wednesday.

John McCrea came up from Minneapolis last Monday to take charge of the planing mill. Mr. McCrea has had a great deal of experience and has given a good impression.

L. L. Remington has resigned his position as janitor at the school house on account of poor health, and the school board has appointed John Hegseth to fill the vacancy.

Have you been betrayed by promises of quacks, swallowed pills and bottled medicine without results except a damaged stomach. To those we offer Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

H. S. Sorrels, who has been relief agent here, has been appointed as permanent agent at Fosston. Mr. Sorrels is a competent agent and the Fosston people are fortunate.

Manager J. M. Richards and Supt. W. A. Gould, of the Crookston Lumber company, were here last Wednesday looking over the improvements now going on at the first dam.

An auction sale of household furniture will be held at the residence of Mrs. O. Guttormson, in this village, on Friday March 9, 1906.
R. J. McKercher, Auctioneer.

It has been thawing all of this week and it now looks as if our real cold weather was past for this winter. All hope for an early spring as the farmers have more work than usual to do this spring.

Halstad Reporter: The farmers of St. Hilaire will organize a $25,000 company to build a big flour mill and elevator. That sounds as if they meant business and we surely wish them the success they deserve.

The weather, just because it was Washington's birthday and a holiday, did quite a stunt on Thursday. In the morning it rained but soon turned to snow and we now have several inches more of the beautiful.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.
Julius Pleth,
tf Plummer, Minn.

Edward Giste, who formerly worked here for Rapp & Post, came up from his home at Elmore, Minn., last Wednesday and spent several days here with old friends. Mr. Giste is at present a prosperous merchant at Elmore.

Napoleon Miller, of Red Lake Falls, but recently of Grand Forks, has purchased of H. P. Anderson the barber shop and took possession last Tuesday. Mr. Miller is reputed to be a first class barber and will undoubtedly do well here.

Anyone owning real estate in the townships of River Falls, Rocksbury, Sanders, Black River, Polk Center, Wyandotte, Bray and Smiley and the village of St. Hilaire, can pay taxes on same at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire.

Harry Swenson came back from Marshall county, where he has been spending a week visiting relatives, on Wednesday and has again taken charge at the depot. Relief Agent Sorrels, who has had charge for the past month left on Thursday with his wife and child.

Died:—On Tuesday, February 20th, Walter Ervan, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Carlstein Simonson, aged four months. The funeral took place on Wednesday from the Norwegian Lutheran church, Rev. Lillehei officiating. The sympathy of the entire community is extended to Mr. and Mrs. Simonson in this their hour of bereavement.

The lumber company received a couple of carloads of long piling the first of the week which they are using at the dam. They are making extensive improvements just below the cut-off dam and the water there is from twenty-five to thirty feet deep. Most of the piling received was tamarac and forty feet long. A new pier will be build to prevent the eddy from washing away the west bank.

It was our intention to publish the names of all the subscribers of the new farmers' flouring mill in this issue but two of the canvassers have not reported and the list will have to go over until another week. On the list reported at this office we have found the names of over seventy of the prominent farmers of this vicinity and there does not seem to be any doubt but that at the meeting here on March 9th sufficient stock will have been subscribed to allow them to start work.

Mrs. A. O. Davison entertained about twenty of her lady friends last Thursday at a George Washington party. The house was tastily decorated with flags and bunting and the ladies spent the afternoon at games, Miss Clara Hoff winning two of the prizes and Mrs. Jens Nelson, one. The entertainment concluded at six o'clock with an excellent luncheon. The opinion was general that Mrs. Davison had given one of the most tasty and unique parties of the season.

It is stated that some of the farmers in the districts which were inundated last fall to such an extent that the grain could not be cut, are now figuring on the possibility of their securing a crop of winter wheat from the fields which were uncut last year. The grain ripened nicely, but owing to the excessive rains in August and September the ground became so soft that it was impossible for the farmers to get on the fields with their binders. The grain shelled out late in the fall, and the heavy stand of straw has caught and held a great deal of snow. The farmers in question rely on the straw protecting the ground from spring freezing by holding the snow until late in the season, and thus permitting the grain which shelled out to sprout and grow. They say that if this proves to be the case the old straw will have disappeared before it is time to harvest the crop of winter wheat which will come up.

Passion Play,

Illustrated in a beautiful manner by moving pictures by Aspen & Company at the United Lutheran church on Friday, March 2nd. It will be an entertainment well worth seeing. Admission, adults 35 cents. children 20 cents.

Milch Cows For Sale.

Two first class milch cows, fresh this week, for sale.
A. W. Nordquist,
3 miles S. E. of St. Hilaire.

FARMERS' ELEVATOR

Wylie Farmers Organize and Will Build an Elevator.

The prosperous farmers living in the vicinity of Wylie don't propose to be left out in the cold and last week they organized a co-operative company with a capital of $15,000, and will build an elevator and conduct a lumber yard.

The new company will get at work at once and have things ready for business this spring. N. Eckstein was chosen president, J. G. Prior, vice-president and C. W. Johnson, secretary.

The Wylie farmers are certainly on the right track and they should be able to make their new company a decided success.

List of Petit Jurors.

The following have been drawn to serve as petit jurors at the general term of court to be held at Red Lake Falls, commencing March 26:

P. Engelstad, Rocksbury.
Chas. Latta, Plummer.
John Drier, city of Red Lake Falls.
Omer Delorme, Lake Pleasant.
Carsten Christenson, Gervais.
Evangelist Quesnell, Lake Pleasant.
Frank Busch, city of Red Lake Falls.
C. O. Kankel, Terrebonne.
G. Scherva, Rocksbury.
Frank Glass, Lake Pleasant.
A. A. Odegaard, Rocksbury.
Felix Anderson, Black River.
Peter Wold, Highlanding.
N. A. Nelson, Smiley.
Richard Melin, Polk Center.
Ole J. Hegg, Wyandotte.
A. Momerak, Gervais.
Louis Perreault, Terrebonne.
John Naplin, Bray.
Eli Lasha, Twp. of Red Lake Falls.
Frank Bourque, city of T. R. Falls.
Axel Kron, Bray.
Henry Arndt, Highlanding.
Christ Jacobson, North.

N. A. Nelson Named as Delegate.

Governor Johnson has appointed five delegates to represent Minnesota at the drainage conference to be held at Grand Forks on February 27. North and South Dakota and Manitoba will have similar delegates. The object is to name an interstate commission to push the matter of a survey of the Red river for drainage purposes.

The delegates named are as follows: Geo. A. Ralph, Crookston; C. A. Nye, Moorhead; H. M. Wheelock, Fergus Falls; N. A. Nelson, St. Hilaire, P. M. Ringdal, Crookston.

A Delicate Question.

A Crookston lawyer tells the following as the trouble of one of his clients: The client had sold a fine, fat heifer to one of the city butchers and was to take a quarter of the beef at retail price in part payment for the animal. When the matter came up for final settlement the client found to his dismay that he owed the butcher $2.50 on the transaction. He wanted his lawyer to tell him if the butcher could collect the amount claimed.—Times.

Biggest Meteorite.

The heaviest meteorite yet found upon the earth was excavated by Prof. H. A. Ward at a place called Ranchito, near Bacubirito, in the Provence of Sinaloa, Mexico. This mass of meteoric iron is more than 13 feet long, six feet wide and five feet thick, and its weight is estimated to be about fifty tons. It is always found that golden grain belt beer is without an equal as a family beverage. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Johnny Knew.

One of our school teachers instructing her classes in grammar wrote this sentence on the board for correction:

"The horse and the cow is in the lot." No one seemed to know what was wrong with it, till at last a polite little boy raised his hand. "What is it, Johnny?" asked the teacher. "You should put the lady first," corrected Johnny.

Basket Social.

At N. A. Nelson's in the town of River Fall, Saturday evening, March 3. Bring your wife, bring your best girl; if you have none bring yourself. Everybody cordially invited.

Real estate and personal property taxes are now due and payable at the office of the county treasurer. The first half of the real estate taxes become delinquent on June 1st, and to avoid paying a penalty of 10 per cent on the full amount of the real estate taxes for the year the first half of the tax must be paid before June 1. If the first half of the real estate taxes are not paid prior to June 1, penalty is attached to the whole amount and not simply to one-half. Property owners have an opportunity to pay the first half of their real estate taxes before June 1 and are given an opportunity to pay the second half any time before Nov. 1. Property owners who do not pay the first half of their taxes before June 1 are not given the opportunity to pay the first half after that date but instead must then pay the full amount with the ten per cent added. Personal property taxes must be paid by Feb. 28th, or a 10 per cent penalty attaches.

Kelliher Journal: Wm. Burce, superintendent of the Beltrami Timber company, came in from the camps at the "point" Monday, leaving the same day for Shotly where he will look after the logging operations for a few days.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Delinquent Tax List

for Red Lake County, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Red Lake, }
District Court
Fourteenth Judicial District

The State of Minnesota, to all persons, companies or corporations who have or claim any estate, right title or interest in, claim to, or lien upon, any of the several pieces or parcels of land in the list hereto attached described:

The list of taxes and penalties on real property for the county of Red Lake remaining delinquent on the 1st Monday in Jan., 1906, has been filed in the office of the clerk of the Dist. court of the county of Red Lake, of which that hereto attached is a copy. Therefore you, and each of you, are hereby required to file in the office of said clerk, on or before the twentieth day after publication of this notice and list, your answer in writing setting forth any objection or defense you may have to the taxes, or any part thereof, upon any piece or parcel of land described in said list, in, to, or on which you have or claim any estate, right, title, interest, claim or lien, and in default thereof judgment will be entered against such piece or parcel of land for the taxes on said list appearing against it, and for all penalties, interest and costs.

(Seal)
JOSEPH PERRAULT,
Clerk of the District Court of the County of Red Lake.

A List of Real Ptoperty, for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on Which Taxes Remained Delinquent on First Monday in January, A. D., 1906:

TOWN OF EQUALITY

Township 151, Range 40
Years for which taxes are due, 1904.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Tax and Penalty
O G Lundell	s½ nw¼ and lots 3 and 4	2	21 46
Christian Michaelson,	sw¼	2	21 95
Ole S Bendickson	se¼	2	21 33
John W Lynch	ne¼	7	23 22
Halvor A Vingrud	ne¼ ne¼	9	6 32
Knud E Syversrud	sw¼	9	27 95
B A Holto	s½ ne¼ and s½ nw¼	10	24 34
Gunner P Husby	ne¼	11	22 77
Ole Westad	ne¼	12	9 95
Lars Solem	ne¼	13	23 62
Ole N Skomedal	sw¼	14	20 91
Torger Noreson	n½ sw¼	17	14 24
Kari E Syversrud	s½ sw¼	17	26 91
do	n½ nw¼	20	
Mary Lade	w½ sw¼	20	12 39
do	s½ nw¼	20	13 95
Lars Senum	sw¼	21	21 34
Astrud Homme	e½ se¼	22	10 47
Gunder B Hegland	w½ se¼	22	10 47
Gunder Herjussen	sw¼ sw¼, e½ sw¼ and nw¼ se¼	23	20 93
Andrew Anderson	w½ nw¼	23	12 42
Jorgen E. Askelund	e½ se¼	24	9 65
Ole O Holum	nw¼	27	18 52
Evind P Libok	s½ sw¼ and nw¼ sw¼	27	16 72
Jorand Grothe	ne¼ sw¼	27	4 83
Henry F Crompton	s½ sw¼	29	21 55
do	se¼ se¼	30	
do	ne¼ ne¼	31	
Nels Johnson	lots 11 and 12	31	10 16
Paul T Sorenson	sw¼	33	23 07
Aslak Knudson	ne¼	34	13 29
John H Aakre, Sr	sw¼	34	22 71
Aanen Olson	se¼	34	12 88
Ole Torkjelson	sw¼	35	16 10
Gusten Lunden	sw¼	26	21 12
Marin Iverson	lots 5 6 7 and 8	25	11 25
Martin Gilbertson	se¼ se¼ and lots 4 and 5	27	21 88
Martin Gilbertson	ne¼ ne¼	34	
J E Buskirk	lot 10	33	5 80
do	se¼ nw¼ and lots 1 and 2	34	10 85
Ramsus Nilson Fore	nw¼ ne¼ s½ ne¼ and ne¼ se¼	34	11 19
Swan Larson	sw¼	33	26 91
Thomas N Sundbakken	se¼	35	21 95

TOWN OF LAMBERT

Township 150, Range 41
Years for which taxes are due, 1904

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Sec	Tax and Penalty
Little Falls & Dak Ry Co	se¼ ne¼	1	6 85
Annie O Vattendahl	w½ sw¼, sw¼ nw¼ and lot 4	1	30 64
Marcaline Lajambe	w½ se¼, sw¼ ne¼ and lot 2	5	41 92
Eugene Beaucharat	e½ se¼, se¼ ne¼ and lot 1	6	34 96
Tollef Torgerson	e½ sw¼ ne¼ and e½ w½ se¼	6	13 06
Charley Olson	lot 3	6	8 93
Charles Boisvert	e½ ne¼ and e½ se¼	7	17 13
Gideon Deseillers	w½ ne¼ and e½ nw¼	7	34 02
John Platz	sw¼	9	
Eugene Lambert	50x150 ft of sw¼ se¼	10	1 57
Ljot Sigurdson	80x120 ft of sw¼ se¼	10	1 80
Peter Roenig	nw¼	11	60 31
Rosilda Hince	nw¼	12	16 76
George Charest	n½ ne¼ and se¼ ne¼	13	24 04
F H Lambert	ne¼ nw¼	13	17 21
George Charest	e½ sw¼	13	13 53
W E Howie	se¼	15	27 28
Charles J Fox	s½ ne¼ and s½ nw¼	17	39 20
Peter Burk	se¼ sw¼ and lot 4	18	21 68
Lizzie Brohman	ne¼	20	30 70
Urgele Bergeron	nw¼	21	31 33
Ralph Rogers	125x281 ft of the ne¼ sw¼	23	2 24
Ralph Rogers	313x281 ft of the ne¼ sw¼	23	1 60
Gottlieb Heler	e½ nw¼ and lots 1 and 2	31	35 26
Joseph Marsonette	sw¼	32	33 12
Alphonsine Belland	ne¼ ne¼	33	8 78
Bert H Frazee	nw¼	35	35 84
Hugues Dery	sw¼	35	25 11
John Evenson	se¼ sw¼ and sw¼ se¼	36	17 86

TOWN OF GARNES

Township 151, Range 41
Years for which taxes are due 1904

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Tax and Penalty
John Larson	se¼	3	18 12
Ole H Haaven	w½ sw¼, se¼ sw¼ and lots 2 and 3	4	16 60
Martin H. Berg	lot 7	4	5 59
do	lot 5	5	
Unknown	w½ ne¼	7	5 50
Hoken H Haaven	sw¼	8	32 12
Hans Haaven	se¼	8	23 63
Magnus Janson	n½ se¼ and n½ sw¼	9	8 08
Elsie Haaven	s½ se¼ and s½ sw¼	9	15 67
Peter Gunderson	se¼	11	18 17
Carl F. Hakenson	ne¼	14	32 17
Lucius S Groves	n½, n½ sw¼ and nw¼ se¼	20	61 04
Lucius S Groves	n½	21	66 73
do	n½ se¼ and n½ sw¼	21	
Jorgen B Heglund	se¼ se¼ and lots 2 and 3	23	31 40
Jorgen B Heglund	lot 1	24	
Berget Vetleson	e½ sw¼ and w½ se¼	23	33 54
Vraal C Ose	nw¼ nw¼, s½ nw¼ and nw¼ sw¼	25	16 17
Arne Olson	n½ se¼ and ne¼ sw¼	28	20 85
Charley Olson	se¼ sw¼	31	4 37
Joseph Lefebvre	e½ sw¼ and sw¼ sw¼	33	7 81
Jacob Shanno	nw¼	34	17 06
do	sw¼	34	12 22
Berta Olsen	ne¼	35	16 13
Tollef S Dale	n½ se¼, s½ se¼ and ne¼ sw¼	35	31 65
M McKinnon	ne¼	36	15 52
do	se¼	36	15 52
Ammund T Vigen	nw¼	36	19 13
O N Skomedal	s½ sw¼	36	7 77

Township 152, Range 41
Years for which taxes are due, 1904

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Sec	Tax and Penalty
1st S Bk of R L Falls	lots 3 and 6	28	7 50
Anthine Juneau	sw¼	33	15 52

TOWN OF POPLAR RIVER

Township 150, Range 42
Years for which taxes are due 1904

Name of Owner	Subdivision of section	Sec	Taxes and Penaly
Chase & Cary	w½ se¼, sw¼ ne¼ and lot 2	1	15 00
Maxime Champagne	sw¼	1	32 05
Pauline Demers	sw¼ nw¼	3	27 88
do	se¼ ne¼ and lots 1 and 2	4	

(Continued on Supplement.)

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on March 14th, 1906, viz:

Fredrik Christiansen, H. E. No. 21891, for the Lot 1, Sec. 6, T. 152 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

A. A. Odegaard, of St. Hilaire, Minn.
Ole Helgeson, " "
James Braaten, " "
Ole Braaten, " "

R. J. Montague,
Register.
f3m10

... Go to ...
Rapp & Post
... for your ...
Winter Wear

FIRE INSURANCE
is a
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class
FOR RATES CALL ON
HARRY E. IVES.

CLEARANCE SALE
OF ALL WARM GOODS
25 Per Cent Reduction
on all LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S.........
CLOAKS,
JACKETS
and FURS
E. M. HOFF

2nd STORE
(Second Hand Store.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
C. A. SKEIE.
St. Hilaire, Minnesota

A 1st Prize Winner
Mr. C. H. Martz has decided to offer to the farmers of this vicinity for a limited time the services of "ELMS JIM," Register No. 99,901, a full-blooded Poland China Boar.
This is probably the Finest Bred Hog in Red Lake County.
For particulars inquire of
C. H. Martz, Riverside Farm.

Carlson & Fellman
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

SEEDS, TREES
CORN 23rd ANNUAL Catalog of
EARLIEST AND HARDIEST of Everything on Earth Every person who tills a foot of land needs it. Send for it now.
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We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

Without Words.

Daughter—No, mamma, Harold has not proposed yet—that is, not in so many words.

Mother—Mercy me, Jane! You must not wait for words! Proposals are mostly made up of sighs, gurgles, stammers, coughs, hems, haws and looks, you know.

Cause and Effect.

The Hobo—Please, ma'am, would youse give a pore sick man a few pennies?

The Lady—What seems to be the matter with you?

The Hobo—I've got a bad case of indigestion, ma'am.

The Lady—From overeating?

The Hobo—No, ma'am, from havin' nothin' on me stummick to digest.

Bad Stomach Makes Bad Blood.

You can not make sweet butter in a foul, unclean churn. The stomach serves as a churn in which to agitate, work up and disintegrate our food as it is being digested. If it be weak, sluggish and foul the result will be torpid, sluggish liver and bad, impure blood.

The ingredients of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery are just such as best serve to correct and cure all such derangements. It is made up without a drop of alcohol in its composition; chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine being used instead of the commonly employed alcohol. Now this glycerine is of itself a valuable medicine, instead of a deleterious agent like alcohol, especially in the cure of weak stomach, dyspepsia and the various forms of indigestion. Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Medical College, Chicago, says of it:

"In dyspepsia it serves an excellent purpose. * * * It is one of the best manufactured products of the present time in its action upon enfeebled, disordered stomachs; especially if there is ulceration or catarrhal gastritis (catarrhal inflammation of stomach), it is a most efficient preparation. Glycerine will relieve many cases of pyrosis (heartburn) and excessive gastric acidity. It is useful in chronic intestinal dyspepsia, especially the flatulent variety, and in certain forms of chronic constipation, stimulating the secretory and excretory functions of the intestinal glands."

When combined, in just the right proportions, with Golden Seal root, Stone root, Black Cherrybark, Queen's root, Bloodroot and Mandrake root, or the extracts of these, as in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, there can be no doubt of its great efficacy in the cure of all stomach, liver and intestinal disorders and derangements. These several ingredients have the strongest endorsement in all such cases of such eminent medical leaders as Prof. R. Bartholow, M. D., of Jefferson Medical College, Chicago; Prof. Hobart A. Hare, M. D., of Medical Department, University of Pa.; Prof. Laurence Johnson, M. D., Medical Department, University of New York; Prof. Edwin M. Hale, M. D., Hahnemann Medical College, Chicago; Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D. and Prof. John King, M. D., Authors of the American Dispensatory, and scores of others among the leading medical men of our land.

Who can doubt the curative virtues of a medicine the ingredients of which have such a *professional* endorsement?

Constipation cured by Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One or two a dose.

Touched.

"Hands up!"

The words startled the belated pedestrian, but he smiled grimly.

"Your allusion to 'hands' is painful," he said. "I'm on my way home from a poker party myself."

Hastily thrusting a dollar upon him, the footpad disappeared.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Strange to say, the speaking likeness of a woman goes without saying.

Not to bear conscience is the way to silence it.

Cut Your Work in Two

Atkins Saws cut not only wood, iron and other materials better than any other, but they cut *work*.

That is because they are made of the best steel in the world by men that know how.

Atkins Saws, Corn Knives, Perfection Floor Scrapers, etc., are sold by all good hardware dealers. Catalogue on request.

E. C. ATKINS & CO. Inc.

Largest Saw Manufacturers in the World

Factory and Executive Offices, Indianapolis

BRANCHES—New York, Chicago, Minneapolis, Portland (Oregon), Seattle, San Francisco, Memphis, Atlanta and Toronto (Canada)

Accept no substitute—Insist on the Atkins Brand.

SOLD BY GOOD DEALERS EVERYWHERE

MIXED FARMING

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

WHEAT RAISING RANCHING

three great pursuits have again shown wonderful results on the

FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS OF WESTERN CANADA.

Magnificent climate—farmers plowing in their shirt sleeves in the middle of November.

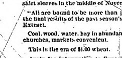
"All are bound to be more than pleased with the final results of the past season's harvest."—Extract.

Coal, wood, water, hay in abundance—schools, churches, markets convenient.

This is the era of $1.00 wheat.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

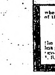


FULL NESTS

when eggs are highest are the reward of the sensible poultry keeper who uses

SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

the poultry tonic that for forty years has given results. One pack, 25 cents; two-lb. can $1.20; six $5. Express paid. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.



WRITE FOR TRIAL PACKAGE "GOLD COIN HEAVE CURE"

"I have used over 100 packages of your Heave Cure on different horses, and it has never failed me yet."—WM. J. WENZ, St. Paul.

Send 4c for Postage and mention this paper.

Gold Coin Stock Food Co. 104 E. 5th St. St. Paul, Minn.

IN MINNESOTA.

State News of the Week Briefly Told.

The German Evangelical parsonage at Spring Valley was wrecked by fire, caused by a defective flue. Loss, $200; fully insured.

: : : :

There were 646 births and 205 deaths in Dakota county during the past year. Hastings had thirty-seven deaths and sixty births.

: : : :

George Clemen of New Market broke his leg while harvesting ice. The fracture was caused by a cake of ice falling on his ankle.

: : : :

The spelling contest held at McIntosh between the Fosston and McIntosh high schools at the opera house was won by the latter school.

: : : :

Fire has destroyed the school house at Emerson with all its contents, including a valuable library. The loss is estimated at $15,000, partially insured.

: : : :

Figures compiled by Clerk of Court Davee of Elk River show that the trials of Palmer and Crawford, the so-called "box car bandits," cost Sherburne county $6,100.

: : : :

Rev. Neil Gilchrist of Crookston, assisted by Miss Grace Taylor of Minneapolis, who has charge of the singing, is conducting a series of revival meetings in the Presbyterian church at Hallock.

: : : :

As the result of eating canned fishballs, three members of the family of Banker Bohmer of Brooten became violently ill, and it was only by the most strenuous efforts of physicians that their lives were saved. Those most affected were Mrs. Bohmer, her daughter and Anna Olson, a domestic.

: : : :

Wesley, the eleven-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hack of Prior Lake, was almost instantly killed by a colt. The boy was leading the animal to water with the halter rope tied about his waist, when he slipped and fell, scaring the colt, which ran forty rods, dragging the boy. When stopped the boy was dead. His skull was fractured.

: : : :

A writ of quo warranto has been filed in the district court at Hastings citing C. J. Clarkson, Andrew Anderson, Iver Mortenson and Jacob Findular, president and trustees of the village of Lilly Dale, to show cause why the organization should not be disbanded, and the respondents enjoined from exercising the duties of their offices.

: : : :

A two-year-old daughter of John Dieckman, living on a farm near Gary, drank the contents of a bottle supposed to contain picture gilding. When the child's mother discovered it its jaws were firmly locked and had to be pried open to allow the administration of an emetic. It was feared that death would ensue, but later reports say that it is thought the child will recover.

: : : :

Grain stocks at the head of the lakes now amount to 17,750,000 bushels, the largest total on record. This includes 1,000,000 bushels of grain in Duluth-Superior harbor. The total elevator capacity is about one-half occupied. The bulk of the wheat in store is in elevators on the Duluth side. Stocks increased 360,000 bushels last week, of which 200,000 bushels was wheat and 112,000 bushels of flax. The rest was other grain.

: : : :

Judge Watts in the district court at East Grand Forks has filed a decision ousting Councilman Jarvis and seating his opponent, August Boerchers. The decision of the court finds that there were four fraudulent votes cast and counted in the election, and that of these Jarvis received three and Boerches one. This gave the latter a majority of two on the ballots found to be regular. The case has been a long drawn out one, and it is likely that the decision of Judge Watts will be appealed to the supreme court.

: : : :

A public reading room in connection with the library has been opened by the Ladies' Library club of Park Rapids. With the library and reading room is a play room provided with games, and designed especially for the boys of the village who wish to find amusement outside of their homes. These rooms are to be open four evenings each week, and are expected to prove an attraction to the young men and boys. The women have worked hard and faithfully, and the village council has recognized their efforts by donating the use of a room adjoining the library in the village hall.

: : : :

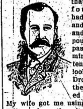
Word has been received at Crookston that the department of agriculture of the United States is to construct one mile of model road in Minnesota and North Dakota some time during the coming summer. A letter received by F. D. Bell, agent of the Great Northern, asks if it is desired to have the road constructed in the vicinity of Crookston. The proposition will be taken up at once by the business men with the idea of having the road constructed between here and the state experiment farm, north of the city.

: : : :

Bertha Skorum of Zumbrota and her twelve-year-old sister boarded a train to Forest Mills. When the train arrived there it did not stop, and the younger girl became alarmed and jumped off, receiving severe injuries about the head. When she saw her younger sister jump, Bertha also leaped from the train. She, however, escaped serious injury. The train was stopped and backed to Zumbrota, where the girls received medical attention. It is thought the younger girl's injuries will not prove fatal.

RAISED FROM A DEATH-BED.

Mr. Pitts, Once Pronounced Incurable, Has Been Well Three Years.



E. E. Pitts, 60 Hathaway St., Skowhegan, Me., says: "Seven years ago my back ached and I was so run down that I was laid up four months. I had night sweats and fainting spells and dropped to 90 pounds. The urine passed every few minutes with intense pain and looked like blood. Dropsy set in and the doctors decided I could not live. My wife got me using Doan's Kidney Pills, and as they helped me I took heart, kept on and was cured so thoroughly that I've been well three years."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Golf and Matrimony.

As an illustration of the enthusiasm with which golf is pursued by its votaries, the following anecdote is told of a well-known Scotch author and a young friend of his: The two had spent the whole day on the links, and had some close and exciting matches. As they left for home the elder man remarked:

"Do you think ye could play again to-morrow, laddie?"

"Well," answered the youth, "I was to be married to-morrow, but I can put it off."

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Her Bright Eyes.

Miss Anna Held, whose eyes are famous for their depth and brightness, received one afternoon a pretty compliment from a little boy of five.

The boy, during a matinee, had been brought into Miss Held's dressing room. She wore a Persian gown of lemon-colored silk and three dogs, smaller than kittens, played on the floor.

The little boy admired the dogs. He admired the actress' robe. He looked with calm admiration up into her face.

Her eyes delighted him, as a glittering jewel delights a girl.

"Are your eyes new?" he said, gravely.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all Druggists, 25c. Trial package FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Information.

"What is a domestic animal, mamma?" asked the little boy.

"A domestic animal," replied mamma, with a scornful glance at papa, who was putting on his coat, "is one who does not spend all his time at the club."

Washing Windows.

The method of washing windows has changed very much of late; have a pail of lukewarm suds made from Ivory Soap. Dip a soft cloth in the water; squeeze almost dry and wipe the glass off. Then polish with chamois as it leaves no lint and does the work with more ease.

ELEANOR R. PARKER.

Nerves and Nerve.

Muggins—Did you ever notice how apprehensive a woman is when she opens a telegram?

Buggins—Yes, just like a man when he opens a jackpot.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Too Good to Be True.

Moe Rose—That must be a truly angelic, heavenly, ineffably good kid of your, Joe, from the way you tell us about her.

Joe Cose—Good! Why, that kid's got a halo large enough to roll hoop with.

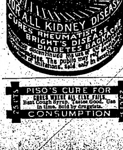
Efficacy Plus Prayer.

Ethel, one of New Hampshire's seven-year-old daughters, is devoted to the birds. She was enraged at her older brother, whose keenest enjoyment seemed to be to trap them. She pleaded with him and scolded him, but all to no effect. So Ethel took a new tack.

When prayer time came the other evening the mother heard this final petition added to those which dealt directly with the spiritual and material welfare of the family: "An', dear God, please smash all Willie's nasty traps, for Jesus' sake. Amen."

"Ethel, dear," said mother, seriously, "do you really think that last is a nice thing to ask God to do? Do you expect him to do such a thing as that?"

Ethel smiled beamingly and answered: "Oh, that'll be all right, muzzer. Jes' before I comed upstairs I smashed 'em all my own self."


DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

Congress.

Resume of the Week's Proceedings.

Friday.

Washington, Feb. 16. — The senate yesterday passed to the consideration of the joint statehood bill and for an hour and a half listened to a speech by Mr. Dick in support of the bill. Mr. Dick did not conclude his speech and as he was not prepared to resume to-day the senate decided not to sit again until Monday.

The "morning hour" prevailed in the house yesterday until after 5 o'clock. The net result was the passage of a bill to increase to $30,000 a year the federal appropriation to each state and territory for the support of agricultural experiment stations; and a bill repealing the present law granting American register to foreign ships wrecked and repaired on the American coast in the discretion of the secretary of the department of commerce and labor and requiring a special act of congress to grant such register.

An indirect compliment was paid to Mr. Longworth by a vote to adjourn until Monday, although nothing will appear in the Record of this purpose.

Tuesday.

Washington, Feb. 20.—Discussion of the pure food bill occupied practically all of the day. The speakers were Senator Heyburn, who has charge of the bill; Senator Foraker, who presented a number of amendments desired by liquor interests; Mr. Money, in favor of his substitute, and Mr. McCumber.

An order was made to devote time to-day and Wednesday to the consideration of amendments under the ten-minute rule and begin voting at 5 o'clock on Wednesday.

Three bills were passed under suspension of the rules in the house yesterday.

The first makes gambling unlawful in the territories of the United States, including Arizona, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Indian Territory and Alaska.

The second provides additional work for the census bureau by requiring statistics to be taken on insurance, fisheries, electrical industries, savings banks and crimes.

The third appropriates $50,000 for the purchase of 300 acres of coal lands on the island of Batan, one of the Philippine archipelago.

Wednesday.

Washington, Feb. 21.—The senate listened for three or four hours yesterday to a discussion of the details of the pure food bill. A number of minor amendments were suggested, but under the agreement to vote on all amendments to-day none could be acted upon.

The senate adjourned a few minutes after 4 o'clock out of respect to the memory of the late Representative Castor of Pennsylvania.

Only adjournment caused by the death of a member prevented the house from passing a resolution to investigate the Pennsylvania railroad and its allied lines in relation to its control of the coal supply. The resolution will be favorably reported to the house as soon as it convenes to-day, and will provide for a complete investigation by the interstate commerce commission.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The senate yesterday passed a pure food bill by the decisive vote of 63 to 4. The vote was taken after a day devoted almost exclusively to debate of a desultory character on the measure. Several efforts were made to amend the bill and the committee accepted a number of suggestions, but only those accepted were incorporated in the bill as passed.

The bill makes it a misdemeanor to manufacture or sell adulterated or misbranded foods, drugs, medicines or liquors in the District of Columbia, the territories and the insular possessions of the United States, and prohibits the shipment of such goods from one state to another or to a foreign country. It also prohibits the receipt of such goods. Punishment by a fine of $500 or by imprisonment for one year or both is prescribed.

Chairman Hull of the military affairs committee, in presenting the army appropriation bill to the house yesterday, urged the necessity of complete preparedness as to our army and navy for trouble in the Orient. He declared that any nation not prepared to defend its position in China, might as well haul down its flag and quit the Pacific.

Speeches on tariff, immigration and the Bayne customs house bill consumed the balance of the day.

MAY END MOROCCO DISPUTE.

Hague Tribunal Likely to Be Charged With Deciding in Case.

Madrid, Feb. 22. — An important Spanish statesman is authority for the statement that the question is now mooted of charging The Hague arbitration tribunal with the settlement of the Moroccan controversy owing to the apparent inability of the delegates at Algeciras to secure an accord.

The newspapers say that while war is not likely the Franco-German controversy keeps Europe in a state of constant uneasiness.

Paris, Feb. 22.—The foreign office considers that the Franco-German situation is stationary and does not expect notable developments until the proposed Moroccan reforms are discussed in open conference.

CUTS DOWN LO'S ALLOWANCE.

House Committee Reduces Appropriation $358,784.

Washington, Feb. 22.—An Indian appropriation bill which has been completed by the house committee on Indian affairs, carries a total of $7,785,528, which is $358,784 less than the current appropriation and $427,000 less than the estimates submitted. The bill has been entirely remodeled in form over previous appropriation acts.

TWITCHING NERVES

A Serious Hereditary Trouble Cured By Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Sufferers from ailments that have afflicted in regular succession one generation after another of their family are, as a rule, inclined to submit to them as inevitable. The case which follows proves that such hereditary difficulties are not beyond the reach of curative forces and should inspire hopefulness and a readiness to try remedies that have effected signal cures, such as that which is here given.

Mrs. Elizabeth Raunells, of No. 408 East Seventh street, Newton, Kansas, gives the following account of her ailment and her cure:

"For two years I suffered from a trying nervousness in my lower limbs from my knees down, as my mother and my grandmother had suffered before me. The situation was for many years accepted as unavoidable because hereditary. But about two years ago, when my son was realizing benefit from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, I thought there might possibly be some good in them for me. My trouble had then become so serious as to make it difficult for me to sleep. I often had to walk the floor in restlessness the whole night. After taking some six boxes the twitching disappeared and I ceased to use the remedy. I evidently stopped a little too soon for nervousness came back after a month or so and I used the pills again for a short time. Relief came at once and since I stopped using them the second time I have been free from any return of the twitchings or from any interference with my sleep."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured the worst cases of bloodlessness, indigestion, influenza, headaches, lumbago, sciatica, neuralgia, nervousness, spinal weakness and the special ailments of girls and women. For further information, address the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Drink More Water.

Free water drinking is another essential to vitality and to the development of staying power. All the operations of the body, digestion, assimilation, absorption, elimination of poisonous waste and so on, are carried on by means of water; and an insufficient amount of water in the system means embarrassment of every function. The body of a man of average weight contains more than half a barrel of water, and such a body needs for its proper operation at least two quarts daily of pure water. In this connection it may not be irrelevant to mention that the Japanese soldiers, whose srurpising powers are now engaging the admiration of the world, contain each between two and four gallons of water daily.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Embarrassing Questions.

Lawyer—Where did he kiss you?

Pretty Plaintiff—On the mouth, sir.

Lawyer—No, no! You don't understand. I mean, where were you?

Pretty Plaintiff (blushing)—In his arms, sir.

Many Years Ago.

Patience—Do you remember your first kiss?

Patrice—Oh, no; I was too young!

Many Children are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, Break up Colds and Destroy Worms. At all Druggists', 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Liquor will improve with age, but the trouble is that the average man won't let it.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Candor is all right in its place, but it has fractured many a friendship.

St. Jacobs Oil

for many, many years has cured and continues to cure

RHEUMATISM
NEURALGIA
LUMBAGO
BACKACHE
SCIATICA
SPRAINS
BRUISES
SORENESS
STIFFNESS
FROST-BITES

Price, 25c. and 50c.

THE BEST COUGH CURE

Cough syrups are all cheap enough, but if you should get a gallon of cough syrup that does not cure for the price of a small bottle of

Kemp's Balsam

the best cough cure, you would have made a bad bargain—for one small bottle of Kemp's Balsam may stop the worst cough and save a life, whereas the cough "cure" that does not cure is worse than useless.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

N W N U — NO. 8— 1906.

Homeseekers and Settlers!

To points in Nebraska, Eastern Colorado, Kansas Missouri, Arkansas, Indian Territory, Oklahoma, Texas and Louisiana, etc., the Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R. has placed on sale for February 20, March 6 and 20, round trip and one way tickets at extremely low rates for benefit of homeseekers and settlers. One way tickets at two dollars higher than half fare. Round trip tickets at three-fourths of the regular one way rate, limit twenty-one days.

Twenty-one day tickets are on sale first and third Tuesdays to points in other states in the Southeast, West and Northwest, at one fare plus $2.00 for round trip.

Don't fail to call on M. & St. L. agents for full particulars as to rates, etc., or address A. B. Cutts, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press Building, St. Paul, Minn. William Dahl, Bottineau, N. D., faucet lock; Spencer Davis, Minneapolis, Minn., draft equalizer; Jules Durage, Duluth, Minn., draft forcing mechanism; John Hanson & J. Petraborg, Aitkin, Minn., vehicle; William Hoekstra, Harrison, S. D., pump rod ejector; Jacob Kikolai, Madison, Minn., roller mill; Peter Peterson, Spatten, Minn., wrench.

Of Course It Was.

A wedding ceremony had come to a close. The mother sniffed convulsively, and the bride dabbed her pretty eyes with a handkerchief. One of the bridesmaids was also affected to tears.

"Why do you weep?" asked a groomsman of the bridesmaid; "it is not your wedding." The girl looked at him scornfully. "That's the reason, you stupid!" and she sighed.

Garfield Tea, Mild Laxative.

Nothing has yet taken the place of Garfield Tea, Nature's remedy for kidney and liver trouble, constipation and sick headache. Contains no harmful ingredients, nothing but medicinal herbs. Sold at all drug stores. Send for free sample to Garfield Tea Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Just Reversed.

"Aren't you too small to act as nursemaid to my children?" asked the lady of the diminutive applicant.

"No'm," answered the applicant. "It's your children who are too large."

For Flat Dwellers.

"Mamma, what is the use of condensed milk."

"Oh, it is for persons who live in flats and have small kitchens."

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Our idea of a fool man is one who waits for the bartender to tell him when he has enough.

A woman is a paradox. She will talk for hours about the value of silence.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Many an otherwise truthful man will lie about the fun he had while camping out.

It is usually safe to judge a woman by the things she doesn't say.

Nervous Women

Their Sufferings Are Usually Due to Female Disorders Perhaps Unsuspected

A MEDICINE THAT CURES

Mrs. M. E. Shotwell

Can we dispute the well-known fact that American women *are* nervous?

How often do we hear the expression, "I am so nervous, it seems as if I should fly;" or, "Don't speak to me." Little things annoy you and make you irritable; you can't sleep, you are unable to quietly and calmly perform your daily tasks or care for your children.

The relation of the nerves and generative organs in woman is so close that nine-tenths of the nervous prostration, nervous debility, the blues, sleeplessness and nervous irritability arise from some derangement of the organism which makes her a woman. Fits of depression or restlessness and irritability; spirits easily affected, so that one minute she laughs, the next minute weeps; pain in the abdominal region and between the shoulders; loss of voice; nervous dyspepsia; a tendency to cry at the least provocation—all these point to nervous prostration.

Nothing will relieve this distressing condition and prevent months of prostration and suffering so surely as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. M. E. Shotwell, of 103 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y., writes:

"I cannot express the wonderful relief I have experienced by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I suffered for a long time with nervous prostration, backache, headache, loss of appetite. I could not sleep and would walk the floor almost every night.

"I had three doctors and got no better, and life was a burden. I was advised to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it has worked wonders for me.

"I am a well woman, my nervousness is all gone and my friends say I look ten years younger."

Will not the volumes of letters from women made strong by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound convince all women of its virtues? Surely you cannot wish to remain sick, weak and discouraged, exhausted each day, when you can be as easily cured as other women.

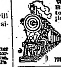
DE LAVAL CREAM SEPARATORS

Save $10.- Per Cow
EVERY YEAR OF USE
Over All Gravity Setting Systems
And $3. to $5. Per Cow
Over All Imitating Separators.

Now is the time to make this most important and profitable of dairy farm investments. Send at once for new 1906 catalogue and name of nearest agent.

THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.

Randolph & Canal Sts., CHICAGO
74 Cortlandt Street, NEW YORK



WANTED—Firemen and Brakemen earn from $70 to $165 per month—Instructions at your home by mail; we positively assist you in securing positions when competent. Send stamps to-day for instructions.

Federal Ry. Training School, 708 Oneida Blk., MINNEAPOLIS, U. S. A.

GREGORY'S SEED

Catalogue of tested and warranted seeds—full of wise instruction—sent FREE.
J. J. H. Gregory & Son, Marblehead, Mass.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

"Western Lady" Shoes

embody the latest and most approved styles for women. They are so perfectly designed that they fit every curve of the foot gracefully and with ease and comfort. Nothing better made no matter what you pay. Ask your dealer for Mayer

Western Lady

Shoes next time you need shoes and get the best wearing, dressiest and most comfortable shoes you ever wore.

Any reliable shoe dealer will supply you. If not, write to us. Look for the Mayer trade-mark on the sole.

We also make the "Martha Washington" Comfort shoes.

F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

C.C.C. C.C.C. C.C.C. C.C.C. C.C.C.

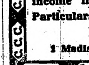
¶ A Post of Honor for you and a good income if you are willing to work. Particulars will be sent upon request.

H. S. HOWLAND,

1 Madison Avenue, New York City.

C.C.C. C.C.C. C.C.C. C.C.C. C.C.C.

PRICE, 25 Cts.


TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE

ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.
F. W. Diemer, M. D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

HONEY

Choice Clover and Basswood Honey in 30-lb. cans, one can 9½ cents per pound; 2 or more cans 9 cents per pound; in 12-lb. cans, 72 pounds to a case, 9¼ cents per pound.

Address M. V. FACEY, Preston, Minnesota. (Mention this paper.)

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Minneapolis | **WOODWARD & CO., GRAIN COMMISSION** | Duluth

ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 3, 1906. NUMBER 33.

RESUME OF THE NEWS

Fresh—Reliable—Brief

From the Capital.

In the house, Mr. Bartholdt of Missouri made the declaration that if the house failed to restore the canteen to the army, "we are cowards."

Chairman Hull of the military affairs committee, in presenting the army appropriation bill to the house, urged the necessity of complete preparedness as to our army and navy for trouble in the Orient.

An Indian appropriation bill which has been completed by the house committee on Indian affairs carries a total of $7,785,528, which is $358,784 less than the current appropriation and $427,000 less than the estimates submitted. The bill has been entirely remodeled in form over previous appropriation acts.

Horace A. Taylor, assistant secretary of the treasury, tendered to the president his resignation to take effect June 30, 1906. It was accepted. The president assured Mr. Taylor that he fully appreciated the very "efficient service" he has rendered since he became assistant secretary at the beginning of Mr. McKinley's first term.

The famous case of the State of Missouri vs. the State of Illinois, involving the right of the city of Chicago to divert its sewage into the Mississippi river through the Chicago sanitary canal and the Illinois river, was decided yesterday by the supreme court of the United States in favor of Illinois. Justice Holmes delivered the opinion of the court, which was that Missouri did not prove its case. There was no dissent.

Crimes and Criminals.

Richard G. Ivens, the slayer of Mrs. Bessie Hollister in Chicago, will be put on trial March 5.

Evidence against the Mutual Reserve Life Insurance company will be laid before the New York grand jury to-day.

A report from Can Creek, Breathitt county, Ky., states that Henry Turner shot and killed his father-in-law, Elisha Howard. Turner has not been captured.

Ex-Sheriff John B. Trainham of Roanoke City, was murdered in his bed room at Roanoke, Va., his skull being crushed with an axe. Trainham was not known to have had an enemy.

While Rev. Heyward and family of Billings, Mont., were attending divine services Sunday night a thief entered the First Congregational church parsonage and ransacked it. He carried off a valuable ring.

James S. Keerl of Helena, Mont., a well known civil engineer and highly connected socially throughout Montana, must serve ten years for killing Thomas S. Crystal, a Helena bartender, three years ago.

Robert Hannigan, a prominent cattleman of southern New Mexico, has been taken by bandits from a stage near Silver City, N. M., and carried into the Mongollon mountains, to be held presumably for a reward.

Judge Williams of Milwaukee quashed the indictment charging that ex-County Clerk Otis T. Hare and Frank Keogh fraudulently submitted a claim for $9,535 to the county board of 1902 for printing the official ballots.

The federal grand jury at Asheville, N. C., returned two true bills against Congressman E. Spencer Blackburn of the Eighth North Carolina district, charging him with practicing before departments in Washington while a congressman and receiving fees for his services. No warrants for Blackburn have yet been issued.

Diamonds and rings worth $4,000 were stolen from the show window of a jewelry store at Dayton, Ohio, at 6 o'clock in the evening. The thief shattered the glass with a coupling pin, snatched up the jewels and jumped into a buggy driven by an accomplice who prevented pursuit by firing at those who tried to interfere. The sidewalks were crowded at the time, and the considerable excitement that prevailed assisted the marauders in escaping.

Casualty List.

Joseph T. Osburne, an actor of Boston, was killed by being accidentally thrown from a train near Chicago.

An explosion in the Victor Fuel company's Maitland mine at Walsenburg, Colo., caused the death of fifteen miners.

Three men, and possibly more, have lost their lives in a fire in the old shaft of the Old Dominion Copper company at Globe, Ariz.

The four upper floors of the office building of the Equitable Life Insurance society at Memphis were gutted by fire. Loss, $200,000.

O. G. Apple, a young Elgin (Ill.) man who was making his first trip between Chicago and Clinton, Iowa, as freight brakeman on the Northwestern railroad, was instantly killed at Sterling, Ill., when he stepped from his train directly in the path of the fast mail train. Apple was thrown lifeless several feet from the track when the great locomotive struck him.

South-bound express train No. 15 on the Southern Pacific was partially derailed by a landslide near Delta, Cal. Two persons were killed and four injured. Others had narrow escapes.

Four people were burned to death and three seriously hurt in a fire which destroyed the home of Patrick Grogan at Tunnel Hill, east of Johnstown, Pa.

The second wreck to the Gould system fast mail train occurred at a point three and a half miles south of Greenville, Tex. The train was ditched but no one was hurt.

E. J. Peck, a well known business man of Saginaw, Mich., was killed in Louisville, Ky., by either falling or jumping from the sixth floor of the new Seelmach hotel.

Engineer Willard and Brakeman Sheahan were killed and Fireman Rogers badly injured in a head-on collision of freight trains near Eldora, Iowa. Orders were misunderstood.

N. T. Knudson, a farm laborer near Iowa City, Iowa, went to bed smoking a cigar. He went to sleep, and when his roommate arrived the bedding was on fire and Knudson nearly suffocated.

Six brick structures in the business section of Rutland, Vt., occupied by nearly a score of firms and many smaller tenants, were destroyed by fire Sunday. The loss is estimated at $750,000.

Three men were killed and twenty girls were injured by an explosion at the Hercules powder plant, eighteen miles north of Louisiana, Mo. The three men killed were employes of the plant.

Ben Ellers, a well known rancher residing near Harlem, Mont., was thrown from his horse and instantly killed. Ellers was to have been married shortly. He was about forty years old.

While falling down logs on a railway for the Ingram Lumber company at their Camp No. 7 near Ingram, Wis., Martin Lindberg was hit in the neck by a log and instantly killed. He leaves a family.

A young man named Roy, residing in St. Boniface, Man., was killed in the Birdshill sand pit. This makes the second fatality in the same pit within two days. Undermining of frozen ground caused both deaths.

From Other Shores.

Pope Pius has decided to hold a consistory Feb. 26 to appoint nineteen French bishops to the twenty-two vacant bishoprics. No new cardinals will be created.

Lieut. Schmidt, the leader of the naval mutiny at Odessa, whose trial was to have taken place at Otchakoff fortress next week, is said to have become insane, after refusing food or drink for three days.

A son has been born to Prince Chun, the Chinese emperor's brother. It is believed that this child is most likely to be designated as successor to the throne. An imperial decree bestows upon him the name of Pu.

Koronotki, the man who made an attempt upon the life of Gov. Khovostoff Jan. 14 by throwing two bombs at the governor, while he was driving home with his wife from the cathedral, was hanged at Chernigoff on Monday. Khovostoff is recovering from his wounds.

Domestic.

Rev. Father J. F. Leary, aged sixty-one, chaplain-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, died at Chapman, Kan., after a long illness. He was born at Ogdensburg, N. Y.

The German orphan home of Fort Dodge, Iowa, has been bequeathed a 240-acre farm valued at $15,000, by the will of Hulda Reck, who last week was killed by a fractious horse.

In an effort to reduce her weight, Mrs. J. P. Abbott of Oshkosh has been fasting for three weeks. It is said that she takes no nourishment whatever, but drinks about a quart of water a day.

If Iowa does not gain substantially in population during the next decade it will not be the fault of a score or more of young married women of Mason City, who have formed a new organization to be known as the Anti-Race Suicide club.

Representative Hannah has offered in the Kentucky general assembly a resolution calling upon the Kentucky delegation in congress to urge an appropriation to buy the Abraham Lincoln homestead in Larue county, and convert it into a national park. The resolution will be adopted.

Mrs. Sylvia Langdon Dunham, the second oldest person in Connecticut, died, aged 105 years. The oldest person in the state, Mrs. Debora Stillman of Easton, who is 106 years old, is seriously ill as the result of shock caused by the death of her son, which occurred during a fire at his home.

Col. A. J. Lovejoy has established a world's record in the hog market at Rockford, Ill., by the sale of the prize winning Berkshire "Masterpiece" to W. F. Corsa of Whitehall, Ill., for $2,500.

Mrs. Edith Samms, nee Carter, an actress, is at Denver for the purpose, it is said, of instituting a breach of promise suit against Wilson Minzer, who married Mrs. Charles T. Yerkes. It is understood that Minzer is now hurrying to Denver to make an effort to adjust the matter before it is given an airing in the courts.

BATTLESHIP OHIO GOES TO CHINA

ORDERED FROM PHILIPPINE WATERS TO COAST OF CHINA.

RUSSIA IN ROLE OF PEACEMAKER

USING HER INFLUENCE AT BERLIN TO PREVENT WAR WITH FRANCE.

Manila, March 1. — The battleship Ohio, flagship of the American fleet on the Asiatic station, will leave in a few days for the China cosat.

London, March 1—The foreign office is taking no formal action in the matter of the Chinese massacres. The secretary of the China inland mission, the leading British society, stated that his society here is making no representation to the British government, because the Chinese authorities have given them special assurance that they were taking all possible steps to stop massacres.

America Must Take Notice.

The Pall Mall Gazette contends that the affair is one of which France and the United States must take serious notice, for the six Jesuits and two Protestants were respectively French and American citizens. The paper adds:

"The cry of China for the Chinese is a reality, with which Western powers will have to reckon eventually. The latest massacre, coming so soon after the murder of American missionaries at Lienchau, suggests something more than a local outburst of Chinese fanaticism."

Pekin, March 1.—American Consul General Rodgers telegraphs from Shanghai that the fourteen American missionaries who fled from Nancheng all reached Kiukiang in safety. The gunboat El Cano is proceeding from Nanking to the scene of the trouble.

BOTH SIDES ARE STUBBORN.

France Will Make No More Concessions Until Germany Relents.

London, March 1.—The report from Berlin that Germany has expressed her willingness to make concessions on the Moroccan situation if France will yield something, and the announcement from St. Petersburg that Russia is using her influence at Berlin to prevent a rupture between Germany and France at Algeciras, gave Great Britain a ray of hope that the conference might still succeed in settling the police and bank questions. These hopes, however, are not strong

"It must be remembered," said an official, "that France made concessions before the conference ment and has continued to do so since. Now Germany, which heretofore has refused to withdraw a single step, says she is prepared to give way on some points if France yields something. It is difficult to see what further France can concede."

Russia Seeks Peace.

St. Petersburg, March 1.—Russia is using all her influences at Berlin to prevent a rupture between France and Germany. Her action has been taken at the instance of Paris, where the Rouvier government is apparently convinced that Germany proposes to persist in her attitude even to the point of provoking war. On account of the close relations existing between the courts of Berlin and St. Petersburg it is believed in France that Russia will have more influence upon Emperor William than any other power.

Favor Concessions.

Earnest representations in favor of concessions to insure avoidance of an appeal to arms were accordingly being made, to which Germany replied that she had no desire to provoke war. Nevertheless she gave no indication that she proposed to modify her attitude and Russia's latest advices from Algeciras indicate that practically all hope of an agreement has been abandoned. Although Count Cassini head of the Russian mission, reports that the conference will be fruitless, he expresses a decided opinion that hostilities will not result.

PLEADS LACK OF LEARNING.

Italian Murderess Appeals to Federal Court for Protection.

Washington, March 1—The supreme court yesterday heard arguments in the case of Anna Valentina, convicted in Bergen county, N. J., of the murder of another Italian woman. The case was brought to the supreme court on the ground that the defendant was to be deprived of life without due process of law, because she did not understand the English language and did not know what her counsel or the court said to the jury.

EX-CONGRESSMAN ROBBED.

Railroad Bonds Worth $100,000 Are Abstracted From Suit Case.

Altoona, Pa., March 1.—A suitcase containing two bonds, Nos. 157 and 158, of the Central Railroad of Pennsylvania, each for $50,000, and belonging to ex-Congressman James Kerr, the Clearfield coal operator, was stolen recently from a Pennsylvania railroad train. Detectives located the case, minus the bonds, at the boarding house of Charles Gatto, an Italian, at Retort. Gatto was arrested.

SPRINGFIELD IN HANDS OF MOB

RIOTERS SET FIRE TO BUILDINGS — POLICE UTTERLY HELPLESS.

Springfield, Ohio, March 1, 1:30 a. m. —Since 8 o'clock last night this city has been the scene of mob disorder. the outcome of feeling over the probable fatal shooting yesterday morning of Railroad Brakeman M. M. Davis by Preston Ladd and Edward Dean, negroes, both of whom had been placed under arrest here, and, because of threatened lynching, hurried under cover of darkness last night by the authorities to Dayton, where they are now in jail.

When the mob learned that the prisoners had been taken from the city it went to that part of town known as the "jungle," inhabited by colored people, and began

To Burn and Loot

dwelling houses and saloons. At least six dwellings were burned and the contents of one saloon looted.

A force of seventy-five members of local military companies are guarding the scene where the mob holds sway.

The authorities believe the two negroes were saved from being lynched only by their removel from the city.

At an early hour this morning Sheriff Almoney had wired Gov. Pattison for all available troops to-night and to hold others in readiness for possible call to-morrow.

The authorities say that the scenes are similar to those which ended in the lynching of Richard Dixon, a negro, in this city two years ago.

MORGAN PRODS CROMWELL.

Alabama Senator Pursues Witness Relentlessy.

Washington, March 1.—William Nelson Cromwell and Senator Morgan measured legal minds all day before the senate committee on interoceanic canals, and after a drawn battle adjourned until to-day. Mr. Morgan pursued the witness releutlessly concerning his relations with the Panama Canal company, asking many skilful questions, which were as skilfully evaded. Mr. Cromwell drew a line between his actions since the transfer of the canal property to the United States and before the transfer, and declined positively to answer any questions concerning the earlier period. At the close of the day Mr. Morgan had brought out a scheme for the Americanization of the Panama Canal company, which promises to furnish an interesting examination.

PROF LANGLEY DEAD.

Secretary of Smithsonian Institution Passes Away.

Washington, March 1—Prof. Samuel P. Langley, secretary of the Smithsonian institute, died yesterday at Aiken, S. C. Prof. Langley had a slight stroke of paralysis on Nov. 22, which affected his right side. He was gradually recovering from the attack, when, on advice of his physician he went South. His mental faculties were unimpaired and he occasionally attended to business matters prior to his departure. The immediate cause of his death was not stated in the brief telegram sent from Aiken to the Smithsonian institution officials.

REV. WARE GETS ONE YEAR.

Also a Fine of $1,000, But He Will Appeal Case.

Omaha, March 1.—Judge Munger in the United States district court yesterday morning overruled the motion for a new trial in the case of Rev. George E. Ware of Lead, S. D., president of the U. B. I. Cattle company, recently convicted of conspiracy to defraud the government by means of illegal homestead entries. The judge then sentenced the prisoner to imprisonment for one year in the county jail at this place and to pay a fine of $1,000. An appeal will be taken.

NEGRO KILLS TORMENTORS.

Is Arrested for Shooting Men Who Made Him Dance to Pistols.

Columbus, Ohio, March 1. — Bob Butts and George Bridgewater, young white men living at New Pittsburg, drew their revolvers Monday night and made George Donovan, a negro, dance a clog. Butts and Bridgewater, after emptying their revolvers, began to jeer the negro, when he turned and fired five shots at his annoyers. Butts was shot in the lung, Bridgewater was shot through the bowels and stomach. Both men died. Donovan was arrested.

BALFOUR IS ELECTED.

Former Premier Gets Seat in British House of Commons.

London, March 1—Arthur J. Balfour, the former premier, was yesterday elected to the house of commons for the city of London by a majority of 11,340 over his Liberal-Free Trade opponent, Thomas Gibson Bowles. The result of the election was a foregone conclusion.

Fire Loss Is $200,000

La Grange, Tex., March 1—The compress owned by Schumacher, Rosenberg & Co., and the Alamo Lumber company's yard, together with 2,436 bales of cotton were burned last night. Loss estimated at $200,000.

Sneezing Kills a Girl.

Cincinnati, March 1. — Bessie Cole, daughter of Stephen Cole of Bloomington, Ohio, died yesterday after a spell of sneezing which lasted ten hours. The breaking of a blood vessel caused death.

TROOPS UNABLE TO STOP RIOTING

EIGHT COMPANIES OF MILITIA PATROL THE STREETS OF SPRINGFIELD.

HOMES OF NEGROES ARE FIRED

PROMISCUOUS SHOOTING BY MOB ADDS TO THE GENERAL TERROR.

Springfield, Ohio, March 1. — The riot and race war begun here Tuesday night as a result of the shooting of M. M. Davis, a railroad man, by Ladd and Dean, colored, was continued last night, the eight companies of troops called out to assist the local officials in preserving order not being able to prevent the destruction of two houses and the partial demolition of a dozen or more others by the mob.

Up to midnight no casualties had occurred and the riot had consisted mainly of marching mobs which either set fire to or stoned the homes of negroes. Hundreds of people were in the streets and the excitement continues intense.

Promiscuous Shooting.

The militia have devoted their attention to the larger crowds, leaving the police to loog after the smaller ends of the riot. Promiscuous and random shooting has been a feature and has added to the general terror. Two negro women who jumped from the second stories of their homes when assailed by the mobs, were seriously hurt and were taken to the hospital.

Martin M. Davis, the railroad brakeman shot by the two negroes, Dean and Ladd, is pronounced to be dying. Acting Prosecuting Attorney Laybourne just before midnight took the dying statement of Davis, which will be used against the accused when they come to trial. Davis is the son of a Columbus attorney.

To Prosecute Rioters.

A committee of lawyers, consisting of City Solicitor Tatum, Former Representative Charles E. Stewart and Paul A. Staley, have been appointed to prosecute the cases against the rioters. A mass meeting has been called by the Commercial club president, N. H. Fairbanks, a brother of Vice President Fairbanks, to devise means to eradicate the causes which have made the rioting possible. The meeting has been called for to-night.

No More Troops Needed.

Columbus, Ohio, March 1. — Late last night Adjt Gen. Hughes received a telephone message from Col. Ammel, saying it would not be necessary to send any more troops to Springfield. Col. Ammel has eight companies under his command. He reported the shooting indulged in by the mob was largely for the purpose of annoying the soldiers. He said he was convinced that the disorderly element can be controlled with the troops at hand.

Mob May Attack Jail.

Dayton, Ohio, March 1.—Reports are in circulation that th ejail in this city, where Edward Dean and Preston Ladd, the negroes who caused the Springfield riot Tuesday night, are now confined, may be attacked.

It is feared that some of the mob leaders of Springfield will come by train or traction cars to Dayton and incite the railroad men and their sympathizers to violence. The distance from Springfield to Dayton is only twenty-five miles.

In consequence of this feeling the police have been instructed to keep a close watch on saloons and other places where the mob spirit might show itself. The jail is a very formidable building and could not easily be broken into.

TSI AN DEAD, IS THE RUMOR.

Natives Flee From Scene of Massacre, Fearing Foreign Gunboats.

Hongkong, March 1.—It is reported here that the empress dowager is dead.

Telegrams received here from Nanchang say that the subprefect is in a precarious condition from a wound received when he was stabbed by a Chinese Roman Catholic convert. This stabbing is said to have been the cause of the recent riot at Nanchang. The native population of Nanchang is fleeing preceding the arrival of armed forces from European and American gunboats. There have been many arrests. The officials of Nanchang are urgently asking the viceroy of the province of Kiangsi to come there in person.

Riots have taken place in the southern part of the province of Honan. Several native Christians have been killed, but no foreigners have been injured. The riots are the hesult of an anti-Catholic uprising.

REBUKED BY POPE.

Three American Bishops Advised Not to Quarrel With Their Clergy.

Rome, March 1.—The pope is determined to restore discipline, not only among the lower clergy, but also in the episcopacy. Bishop Beaven of Springfield, Mass., who is now in Rome, has been earnestly recommended to avoid dissensions with his clergy and similar recommendations were addressed to other bishops, notably Bonacum of Lincoln, Neb., and Matz of Denver.

PEOPLE ABANDON THEIR HOMES

RICH DISTRICT IN GERMAN SAMOA IS DESTROYED BY LAVA.

Tutuila, Samoa, Feb. 12, via San Francisco, March 1.—The volcano on the island of Savaii, in German Samoa, is still active. The inhabitants of the district of Matautu have abandoned their homes, and traders who resided there have removed all their stores. The flow of lava is slight and people approach close to it. Some persons linger in their houses until the structures are actually set on fire by the burning lava. The district destroyed was one of the richest in the German possessions.

The lava is flowing along the coast toward Matautu. From Jan. 28 to Feb. 3 it ran a distance of 1,130 yards. It has destroyed all of Salago, including the home of Mr. Bartley, a well known resident, and is now nearly half way through Salcaula. The flow comes from beneath the old lava and some twenty feet deep. The people of Saleaulfa, with their personal effects, were taken on board the steamer Maori and landed at Safotulafai and the houses and other native effects are being taken away by boats from Fassaleleaga. At the town of Maleola the lava has stopped running, but over half of the town has been destroyed.

STORE SAFE WRECKED.

Star Prairie Store Is Robbed of $200 Cash and $500 in Checks.

New Richmond, Wis., March 1. — A second, and this time successful, attempt was made yesterday morning to blow open the safe in Fylpaa & Andereson's store in Star Prairie. There is no bank in the village and the safe is known to have contained quite a sum of money and checks, notes and other valuable papers that are of no use to any but the owners. Shortly before 6 o'clock yesterday morning the people of the village were awakened by a terrific explosion. A man was seen running across the bridge over Apple river and out of the village, and shortly afterward a posse started in pursuit. The safe was found completely wrecked. About a year ago an attempt was made to open the safe, but a bungling job was done. Yesterday morning's loss aggregates about $700, of which $200 is cash and $500 in checks.

STEEL VESSEL LAUNCHED.

Crowds See the Abraham Stearn Enter Water at Superior.

Superior, Wis., March 1.—The new Hawgood freighter Abraham Stearn took her maiden dip at 12:15 o'clock yesterday, the initial plunge being witnessed by a large crowd from both Superior and Duluth, while several out-of-town marine men and their wives also witnessed the launching. Miss Josephine Ross of Duluth was sponsor for the new steamer. The Stearn is a steel vessel of 6,657.94 gross tonnage, 535 feet long, 55 feet beam and 31 feet deep. Capt. Balfour will be her master.

DRINK DRIVES TO SUICIDE.

Montana Negress Kills Herself by Taking Morphine.

Billings, Mont., March 1. — Mrs. Lottie Center, colored, committed suicide in this city early yesterday morning by taking a large quantity of morphine. She apprised her husband of what she had done and over her protests a physician was summoned. His efforts to save the woman proved unavailing, and she died in a few minutes. It is said that the woman had been drinking for several days and was low spirited in consequence, and this led to the rash act.

KILLED BY CARS.

Minnesota Man Meets Terrible Death at Mason City.

Mason City, Iowa, March 1.—O. L. Posz, a brakeman employed on the North-Western, was killed here yesterday. While switching cars, his foot caught in a switch frog and he fell in front of a string of cars. His body was ground to pieces. His home was at Sanborn, Minn., where his father runs a hotel.

Say Lo Illegally Sold Booze.

Aberdeen, S. D., March 1.—Daniel Lovejoy, an Indian from the Sisseton reservation, has been brought to Aberdeen by John Koch, deputy United States marshal, to await the action of the federal court at Sioux Falls on a charge of selling liquor illegally on the reservation.

Bank Case Up in Two Weeks.

Ashland, Wis., March 1.—The grand jury adjourned yesterday until March 12, after only three days of continuous work, because the experts at work on the books of the Security bank will not be ready to report for two weeks.

Strike for More Hours' Work.

Milwaukee, Wis., March 1.—Several hundred workmen on the Allis-Chalmers new plant yesterday struck because they were allowed to work only nine hours a day. They are paid by the hour. All are non-union.

Fire at Baraboo.

Baraboo, Wis., March 1.—Fire and water yesterday burned and damaged William Gust's restaurant, Howe & Schey's shoe store and W. H. Engleman's barber shop. The loss is total. Insurance about $10,000.

J. J. HILL LEASES HIS ORE LANDS

U. S. STEEL GETS CONTROL OF IMMENSELY VALUABLE PROPERTIES.

ORE IS WORTH $1,125,000,000

CARRYING OF ORE ON HILL'S ROADS IS PART OF THE ARRANGEMENT.

Cleveland, Ohio, March 1.—A deal by which the immensely valuable ore properties of James J. Hill, on the Mesaba range, are to pass into the control of the United States Steel corporation for a period of thirty years is about to be consummated according to a special from Duluth to the Iron Trade Review, which says:

"Although no official announcement has been made, your correspondent is informed on authority reliable beyond a question that all of the principal terms have been agreed upon and the contract drawn. It is estimated that the Hill interests have ore deposits amounting to 300,000,000 tons, which, delivered at Lake Erie ports, would bring $1,125,000,000.

Leased for Thirty Years.

"The terms of the contract provide that the steel corporation shall take a lease on these properties for thirty years, and shall pay for the first two years 70 cents per ton for ore mined, and 80 cents for the carrying of the ore from the mines to Duluth on Hill's roads.

"It is further provided that after two years the price for ore in the ground shall be increased 5 cents every two years, until at the end of twelve years the price shall be $1, and stay at that figure for the remaining eighteen years of the period. Another provision is that the Great Northern road shall be guaranteed freight amounting to 10,000,000 tons annually during the life of the lease.

Shuts Out Competitors.

"The great advantage of this particular transaction to the corporation is evident. It insures the corporation a tremendous tonnage and prevents the possibility of competing companies getting hold of these great deposits. The policy of the officers of the corporation will be highly commended, and at the same time it is clear that the transaction will be very profitable to the Hill railroad. Last year this railway carried 6,500,000 tons of ore, and by the new arrangement it will largely increase this tonnage at a guaranteed rate which cannot be set aside by any legislation. The income which would result from the royalty would be fully $250,000,000 for all the ore, and the $8,000,000 per year which will be earned by carrying the ore, will, of course, be additional. It cannot, however, be stated with certainty that the corporation will mine all the Hill ore in thirty years."

IS SHOT FOR BURGLAR.

Depot Operator Kills Undersheriff Through Mutual Mistake.

Hurley, Wis., March 1.—Undersheriff John E. Sealy was shot and killed here early yesterday by George Greenwood, a Wisconsin Central operator, who mistook Sealy for a burglar. Sealy likewise mistook Greenwood for a burglar who had taken refuge in the depot. Greenwood is in jail here, but will be freed after the coroner's inquest. Officer Sealy was one of the best known and most efficient officers in Northern Wisconsin.

POLICYHOLDERS NOT TOLD.

"Understanding" of Increase in Salaries of Insurance Officers.

Madison, Wis., March 1.—Testifying before the insurance investigating committee yesterday Col. A. R. Bushnell, counsel for the Wisconsin Life Insurance company, said an understanding existed among the directors that the officers were to have increased salaries as the business of the company permitted, but no understanding existed with the policyholders or was on record.

Spring Movement Begins.

Miller, S. D., March 1.—A number of new settlers have arrived here from the East and have moved to the land they bought last year. There is a demand here from Eastern people for farms to rent. The land is unimproved so this class cannot be accommodated.

Grief Kills Iowan.

Webster City, Iowa, March 1.—Clinton Wyckoff, one of the oldest pioneer residents of the city, was found dead in his home shortly after noon yesterday. It is supposed that grief over the death of his wife brought on heart failure.

Fatal Accident Is Reported.

International Falls, Minn., March 1. —James Thompson of Duluth, one of the best known timber cruisers in the North, is reported to have been struck by a falling tree in the Cameron camp. He is said to have sustained fatal injuries.

Postoffice Robbed.

Norfolk, Neb., March 1.—The postoffice at Carlock, S. D., was robbed by unknown persons of $200 in stamps and money. This is a new Rosebud reservation town.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Spectator.

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA.

The maple syrup crop is nearly ruined. A glucose factory burned down.

A Pittsburg man claims that he can make his hens lay by the use of electricity. Shocking!

Application for letters patent on a cigar smoking machine should be refused for want of novelty.

Japan admits that the war cost it $575,000,000, but trusts the world will note what it cost Russia.

Sing Sing must go, say the authorities of New York. No opposition is expected from the inmates.

It might be all right for American heiresses to marry titles if it were not for what goes with the titles.

The sorrows of life are easily overcome. It's the anticipated sorrows of our imaginations that overcome us.

It would be a terrible thing if Col. Mann should have to go to Sing Sing. He would have to shave those whiskers.

Richard Croker refuses to go into English politics. In fact the game there must look like penny ante to Richard.

"It is said that in Australia there is a regular traffic in lending engagement rings." Does it lead to short engagements?

Judging from the dispatches from Biarritz, we assume that King Alfonso is expert in running an automobile with one hand.

Plants are said to have feelings. How do you suppose a rose plant feels when it sees a green artificial rose on a woman's hat?

Mme. Humbert has been released, but she has inherited her last fortune. The old game wouldn't work now in an idiot asylum.

When a man like Count Boni gets mixed up with "Madam Satan," hot pitch is the only currency in which the score can be paid.

Old man Giddles wants to know what's the use of wondering whether there are people on Mars, when we can't sell them anything.

The Scottish peer who is to marry Lady Mary Hamilton, with her $1,000,000 a year, may not have any money, but he is Graham bred.

Mrs. Theodore Neales of Bitter Township, Penn., has just presented her husband with No. 17. Is there anything in this name Theodore?

Most of us love work, but still the fact that we had overlooked a few chores would hardly enable a hypnotist to recall us from the brink of the grave.

John Gazics of New York fell seventy-five feet, off the Palisades. He landed in a tree, and lives. There are those who are willing to bet he can't do it again.

It is to be hoped that the news that an American cornet player is receiving $1,500 a week in Paris won't start the man next door to practicing hereafter double time.

Young John Rockefeller comes to the front with the novel observation that everybody ought to live within his income. Well, we are certainly living within his income.

New Jersey is thinking of revoking the charter of the Standard Oil company, always reserving, of course, the right to have another think after consultation with 26 Broadway.

Kaiser Wilhelm has employed a man with a divining rod to find water in Africa. He would not run such a risk of disappointment if he employed a man with a nickel to find a saloon.

The question of jury service for the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Boston might properly depend on the results of a test as to whether the ancients and honorables are wet or dry.

At Hotel Cecil, in London, brandy over 100 years old is sold to guests regularly. This proves that after all that has been said an Englishman can keep a bottle a good deal longer than an American can.

A loathly contemporary says that schoolmarms are homely, and that is why they stay schoolmarms. Not only is he a prevaricator, but the teachers out his way are not unionized. One more such remark and they will be.

A correspondent of the New York Herald tells of the numerous overchecked horses in front of fashionable churches, and the owners within, praying, "have mercy upon us, miserable sinners." Yes, miserable and unmerciful, too.

The Chicago superintendent of schools is annoyed because a woman has been trying to work off on him an infallible cure for cold feet, which she says are the source of all our ills. Perhaps he is looking for a panacea against cold hands.

Mrs. Craigie suggests slumming expeditions among the idle and thoughtless elements of "the upper circles." But suppose they escape to Europe and it becomes necessary to follow them Here is where the social settlements for the idle millionaires will be at a disadvantage.

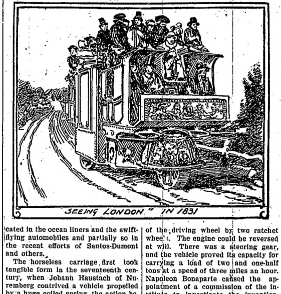
"No man who stops to reason is apt to fall into sin," said young Mr. Rockefeller to his Bible class. And yet some men fall into sin just because they reason—generally without justification—that they will not be caught.

EVOLUTION OF THE AUTO

Many Centuries Ago Great Minds Were Grappling With the Problem—Roger Bacon's Prediction

Early in the dawn of human intelligence there came the dream of unrestricted, individual locomotion. It was toward the end of the thirteenth century says R. T. Sloss in his "Book of the Automobile,' that the learned Franciscan friar, Roger Bacon, wrote:

"We will be able to propel carriages with incredible speed without the assistance of any animal." At the same time he predicted the coming of the steamship and the flying machine. The scientific character of Bacon's imagination has been completely vindicated in the ocean liners and the swift-flying automobiles and partially so in the recent efforts of Santos-Dumont and others.

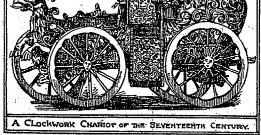

"SEEING LONDON" IN 1831

The horseless carriage first took tangible form in the seventeenth century, when Johann Haustach of Nuremberg contrived a vehicle propelled by a huge coiled spring, the action being on the principle of clockwork. Haustach was known as "a manufacturer of chariots going by spring and making 2,000 paces an hour." The spring was controlled by a lever in the hands of the chauffeur, and, in the absence of a steering device, the "chariot" could be propelled only in a straight line, which would have rendered its progress through the loop district of Chicago somewhat difficult, even at its advertised rate of a little more than a mile an hour. Haustach seems to have paid more attention to the ornamentation of the body of his vehicle than to its propulsion.

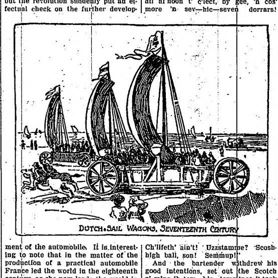
About the same time probably the general utilization of the winds of heaven in the windmills of Holland suggested the idea of "sail wagons," used to some extent on the flat plains of that country. These were called "seylende windwagen," and consisted of the rigging of a ship attached to wheeled platforms.

In 1644 a patent of Louis XIV. granted to "Jean Theson the privilege of employing a little four-wheel carriage set in motion without any horses, but merely by two men seated." The supposition, in the absence of detailed drawings, is that the "men seated" propelled the vehicle by strenuous leg work.

Sir Isaac Newton is said to have invented a steam carriage, after others had conceived the idea of propelling vehicles by steam power. The development along this line followed closely that of the steam railroad. The latter appeared so much more feasible to the inventors that it was followed and the steam carriage idea was not original fundamentally, it is said, but copied after the original steam engine of Hero of Alexandria, who broke into the steam-engine business about 200 B. C. Newton's model was propelled by the reactionary force, or kick, of a jet of steam escaping from a nozzle in the rear.


A CLOCKWORK CHARIOT OF THE SEVENTEENTH CENTURY.

In 1769 Nicholas Joseph Cugnot, with state funds placed at his disposal by the Duc de Choiseul, constructed a steam gun carriage and the following year he produced an improved auto which is still preserved in Paris. The machine had but three wheels, the boiler overhanging in front on the theory that its weight would be counteracted by the load on the carriage. The engine was directly behind the boiler and consisted of two 13-inch single-acting cylinders. The movement of the piston was transmitted to the axle of the driving wheel by two ratchet wheels. The engine could be reversed at will. There was a steering gear, and the vehicle proved its capacity for carrying a load of two and one-half tons at a speed of three miles an hour. Napoleon Bonaparte caused the appointment of a commission of the institute to investigate the invention, but the revolution suddenly put an effectual check on the further development of the automobile. It is interesting to note that in the matter of the production of a practical automobile France led the world in the eighteenth century, as she now leads the world in the building of racing machines of tremendous power.


DUTCH SAIL WAGONS, SEVENTEENTH CENTURY

Dr. John Robinson is said to have suggested to James Watt, the reputed inventor of the steam engine, in 1759, the idea of building a steam-propelled carriage. Watt, apparently, did not take kindly to the suggestion, for he did not adopt it; but in 1874 he himself patented a steam carriage.

The first American inventors to tackle the steam propelled vehicle problem were Oliver Evans of Maryland in 1878, and Nathaniel Read of Massachusetts in 1790.

Richard Trevithick of England in 1802 patented a steam carriage that was a distinct advance over previous efforts.

By this time it came to be believed that ordinary wheels were insufficient to secure traction, and mechanical legs were devised as propellers. The Gordon machine, patented in 1824, was a six-legged affair, the pedals being operated by steam. Goldworthy Durney about the same time produced a steam carriage which used legs as auxiliaries. The steam coach patented by Walter Hancock and named the "Autopsy" was placed in commission, with four others, between Stratford and Paddington in 1836 and did a lively passenger business.—Chicago Record Herald.

MUCH TOO PRECIOUS TO LOSE.

The Bartender's Mistake Corrected by the Rollicking Youth.

The rollicking youth came into the uptown cafe a little wobbly and leery, but with something of a look of triumph, withal. The well-meaning bartender regarded him critically a moment, and then, in a tone of confidence, said to him:

"Say, I can mix you up something that will knock that jag of yours dead in less than ten minutes," and he began mixing.

"Wazzat?" said the wobbly youth, bracing himself and closing one eye to get a better focus on the bartender. "Miss up sussin' t' knocks zis zhag? Why, hully g—hic—gee! 'Sma'r you? I been all af'noon c'lec'n the goods t' geh zis zhag, 'neh cos' more'n sev—hic—sey'n dorrars, 'n I've zhis star' dout t' giv't an airin', 'n here's a duck wa'st' butt in 'n miss up sussin' t' knock't dead ih tem—hic—temmince. Say, son!. Y'zshis miss me up a Scoshshigh ball! Ussstamme? Miss me up a Scoshshigh ball, by gee, 'n leh—'n leh—'n leh ziss zhag o' mine zhag! Ain't nobody goin't spoil zhag all af'noon t' c'lect, by gee, 'n cos' more 'n sev—hic—seven dorrars! Ch'lifeth' ain't! Uzzstamme? Scoshhigh ball, son! Semmup!"

And the bartender withdrew his good intentions, set out the Scotch o' mine ih tem—hic—temmince 't took high ball, and let the jag go on jagging.—New York Son.

Prejudiced Against Typewriters.

The late Associate Justice Gray of the Supreme court was very eccentric. Among his prejudices was a deep and lasting aversion for a typewriter. That machine did not come into general use until Justice Gray was an old man and he never became reconciled to it. It made him furious if a lawyer filed with him a motion or other court paper typewritten. He invariably returned it with a brusque request that the matter to be submitted be written in longhand. He had a stenographer at his disposal, but never utilized his services, as he wrote all his letters as well as his opinions. He notified the clerk of the Supreme court not to send him any typewritten paper, no matter how important it might be. He never neglected an opportunity to denounce typewriters. The result of his hatred for these machines was that he did three times as much work as the other justices.

When Pa Swears Off.

On ev'ry January first my pa he says, says he:
"Of all the habits that's the worst; not any more for me!"
With that he throws his pipe away an' smashes his cigars.
An' brother winks an' says, "I say, look out for fam'ly jars."
When pa swears off.

Of course it's jes' a week or so—or two or three—an' then
He's sure to change his min', you know, an' swear right on again.
But how I wish they'd take the laws an' have 'em changed some day
An' jes' abolish New Year's, 'cause there's trouble right away
When pa swears off.
—Washington Star.

Gen. Wheeler's Mental Activity.

The late Gen. Wheeler was a man of intense mental activity. No better evidence of this could be asked than a volume of some 400 pages entitled "A Revised System of Cavalry Tactics for the Use of the Cavalry and Mounted Infantry, C. S. A.," by Major General Joseph Wheeler, C. S. A., and published at Mobile, Ala., in 1863 by S. H. Gaetzel & Co. This is an elaborate and comprehensive treatise and when the fact is taken into consideration that its author was in constant active and exacting service in the field during the entire period of its production the achievement must be regarded as an extraordinary one. A copy of the book is kept among the "locked up" treasures of the library of congress.

Senator's Wife a Deep Scholar.

Perhaps the most scholarly woman in society in the capital is Mrs. Henry Cabot Lodge. As the daughter of Rear Admiral Charles H. Davis she was reared in an atmosphere of culture. She took a college course in Wellesley and studied in other seats of learning. She takes a keen interest in Greek studies, but, being modest, she never has become known publicly for her attainments. Strangely enough, in view of the fact that she is a New England woman, she never has sought the laurels of authorship. But she has been an invaluable aid to her husband and his chief dependence in research and the reading of proof sheets.

What is "Blimming."

"How well he blims!" is now a common remark among society hostesses. They mean that he is a person gifted in the ability to talk amiably without saying anything. It is an art much in cultivation at the present time. It is thought that in blimming we have discovered the perfect solution of the conversational difficulty. At one time hostesses ran after the people whose talk had a reputation for profundity. It never became the popular thing to harbour opinions that were idiotic, but to-day the good blimmer is worth his weight in gold. The only nuisance about it is that one is apt to blim at times when one is seriously expected to talk sense.—Liverpool (Eng.) Mercury.

Has Many Relics of Burns.

Through a long passage in the quaint old High street of Dumfries stands the Hole i' the Wa' Inn, in which is located the finest private collection of Burns relics in the country. Mr. John Thomson, the proprietor of the oldest licensed house in the town, is a collector of the highest enthusiasm, one who is prepared at any time to surmount the greatest difficulties and make almost any sacrifice to gain possession of the least considerable article that can authentically be linked with the Scottish bard. In every room of the inn there are some precious relics of the poet, carefully guarded and preserved. Altogether the collection numbers between thirty and forty articles and documents, some of them of the very highest interest. The Hole i' the Wa' Inn, which contains these interesting relics of the poet, was established in 1620. It is the oldest house in Dumfries to which a data can be fixed. In addition to autograph documents and relics, Mr. Thomson has an extensive library of Burns literature and a number of interesting portraits.

AMERICA'S FIRST FREE SCHOOL

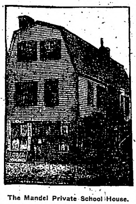
First Free Public School Building.

John Hancock's Summer Mansion.

How many people could answer the question, "Where was the first public school located?" The honor, for such it is, belongs to the early pioneers of Dorchester, Mass., who, on May 20, 1639, authorized the construction of a schoolhouse which was to be free to the general public. In this day and age, when a school is talked of there arises to the mind's eye a magnificent structure of brick and stone, three or four stories high.

Imagine, if you can, the youth of the present times going to school in one little room, the walls of which were constructed of boards roughly hewn from the tree. Such, however, was the first free public school in America, if not in the world, and for over seventy-five years this little building did good service in the cause of education.

Although called free, it is a fact not generally known that no one was allowed to attend who did not possess an elementary knowledge of the three R.'s. Thus came into existence the private schools of which Samuel Mandel was the master from 1797 to 1825, where scholars who were desirous of entering the public school could gain the necessary rudiments. This private school was originally located on what is now known as Hendry street, but was afterward removed to Bowdoin street, there to be used as a general merchandise store until it was torn down some few weeks ago.


The Mandel Private School House.

In 1714 it was decided that a new public school was needed, so a building slightly larger than the original was erected at a cost of $115, but the increasing demand for education soon compelled its removal, and a more commodious structure was erected, but of the same rough material, its rafters being hewn out of solid oak, and it stands to this day a reminder that our forefathers built better than they knew when they established the first free public school.

Names familiar to all the people of New England appeared on its roll, among them being the Humphreys, the Pierces, the Clapps, the Capens, and last, but not least, Edward Everett, who in later years made a pilgrimage to Dorchester to look once again on the school he attended as a boy.

After outliving its usefulness as a school the building was sold and removed by its purchaser to the corner of Pleasant and Commercial (now known as Hancock) streets. Very few know that John Hancock once had his summer residence on Commercial street and that after the war of the revolution the citizens in a burst of patriotism decided to honor the signer of the Declaration of Independence and so changed it to Hancock street.

Stripped of all its former glory, the third building to be used for a public school is now used as a private residence by descendants of those who authorized its erection, although not now located on its original site, which was on the western slope of Meeting House Hill, where to this day can be seen the bowlder which formed a part of its foundation and fireplace.

EXCUSE THOUGHT OUT QUICKLY.

Butler of Speaker Cannon a Man of Resources.

Speaker Cannon is the most resourceful of men. Recently a visitor called at his residence while the Speaker was dining. He was informed that Mr. Cannon was not at home, but that he was expected to return immediately.

The mission was an important one and the butler who answered the bell was so informed. He was requested to state whether Speaker Cannon was really absent or whether he was in and not "at home." The butler said with some hesitation, his employer was really out. The caller promised to return in a short time, but as he was leaving the door he said to the butler: "The business is really that of the Speaker, and is important to him."

The caller started to walk down the front stairway, when the door was opened suddenly and the Speaker and the butler appeared.

"Come right in, my boy," said the Speaker. "What can I do for you?"

While Mr. Cannon was speaking, the butler, who held the hat of Mr. Cannon in his hands and brushed some invisible dust from it, declared "the Speaker came in back way."

Speaker Cannon and his butler, when they cooked up this excuse, manifestly overlooked the fact that there is no back door to the Cannon house.

The Gift.

The fairy paused with wand uplifted:—
"Sweet Mother, say, what gift shall't be?
Wilt have thy child forever praised
Through flaming Fame's, eternity?

"Wilt give her power to stir men's hearts
Through Beauty's might and Passion's sway?
Or shall her song's ecstatic parts
Move raptured multitudes to pray?

"Wilt have her jewels to outshine
Those of the gem famed Orient?
Or deck her from a richer mine,
With fairer pearls of Love's Content?"

"Nay," spoke the Mother, "I'm of mind
Still to require the gift shall be
Greater than all of these combined;
Grant her one grace—Serenity."
—Anna Marble in New York Herald.

Wulf Fries "Without Notes."

This is a story of the late Wulf Fries, the well known violoncellist, told:

While on a concert tour through some of the smaller New England towns, a local paper gave him the following notice:

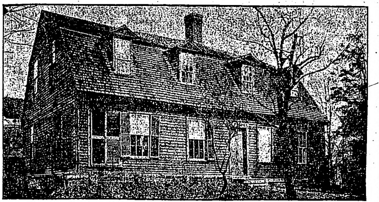
"Mr. Wulf Fries of Boston played two beautiful solos on the 'cello without his notes; what would it have been had he played with his notes!"

THE SPREAD OF ADULTERATION.

Few Materials Made Now as in the "Good Old Days."

The London Lancet calls attention to the wholesale manner in which the materials which keep us warm during the day and the blankets which cover us at night are adulterated. The silk dress of the lady of a hundred years ago rustled as she moved on account of the goodness of the silk; now it rustles with the 36 per cent of salts of tin used to sophisticate it. The lady of the period in her silk dress is, indeed, a sort of "woman in armor." Epsom salts, instead of being used for medicinal purposes, as formerly, are now employed, it would appear, for loading flannel. The snowy table linen which used to delight the hearts of Mrs. Tulliver and Aunt Gleig is no linen as of yore, but largely made of cotton filled with china clay, starch and size. So, too, collars are often of cotton faced with linen. In a word, nearly every kind of fabric which is sold is adulterated in some form or other, and the public, in blissful ignorance of the truth, when it finds out how badly the "things" wear, lays the blame upon the laundryman and the dyer and cleaner instead of upon the real culprits, the manufacturer and the linen draper and hosier.

ORIGINAL VERMONT STATE HOUSE


Old State House, Rutland, Vt.

The first state house in Vermont is still standing in Rutland, dilapidated, but an interesting relic of the early days when Ethan Allen and his followers were regarded as the personification of all that embodied strength of manhood and integrity of purpose.

This old structure was erected before the revolutionary war and stands near Federal square on the east side.

Within were held the sessions of the general assembly, which met alternately in Rutland and at Windsor, the district court under the federal government, the supreme court of the state, the courts of common pleas and the courts of probate for the district of Rutland.

A movement is under way to preserve this structure as a museum of natural history, and it has been proposed that the Daughters of the American Revolution stand sponsor for the plan to raise a sufficient sum of money to purchase the land and building from the citizens who now own it, repair the interior and start a collection of relics dating back to the time when Rutland was first settled, including minerals of the state, curiosities of ancient origin from the battlefields of the vicinity in which Indians took a prominent part.

John Burns' New Clothes.

When speaking in London John Burns once had on a new suit which attracted the attention of one of the audience, who sneeringly remarked that agitation seemed to pay. So Mr. Burns told him how he came to get the new garments. It appeared that a representative of a famous waxworks show waited on him for permission to exhibit him in wax and also for the old suit he was wearing in order to make the presentment more natural. This the member of the Battersea was willing enough to part with, except for the fact that it was the only suit he possessed. An exchange satisfactory to both parties was speedily arranged and Burns had a new suit. Later an agent of a rival waxworks establishment came on a similar errand and another exchange was speedily effected.

Who Had Better Right?

Coningsby Disraeli, M. P., having, on a New Year's card to his constituents, used the emblem of a crown, Lord Knollys wrote that "the king deprecates the introduction of his name, or of emblems appertaining to him, in political posters or placards."

Instead of kissing the rod, Mr. Disraeli claims that he has a perfect right to use the emblem.

"I have," he says, "a perfect right to put that crown on my card, seeing that it was my great ancestor who put an imperial crown on the throne."

It is possible that the next communication he receives from the king's private secretary may be less moderate in tone.—London Star.

Humor in the Wrong Place.

"Everytime I see this picture of the late Speaker Michael C. Kerr of Indiana," said Congressman Campbell of Ohio, "I am reminded of an old friend of an old friend of mine who worked on a Boston newspaper. This man was the telegraph editor and was possessed of one of those queer streaks of humor, which he always used at the wrong time. When the story of Speaker Kerr's death came into the office my friend wrote this headline over the story: "'From gavel to gravel.' He lost his job the next morning."

The "Old Jay."

Wiry, quick and energetic, enveloped in an old linen duster, a little man, wearing a slouch hat, crowded his way through the throng in the rotunda of the Tampa Bay hotel when the war expedition to Cuba was in preparation. Nobody seemed to know this quaint looking little old man, and he was given scant attention. On the sun blistered side of the hotel, where the thermometer stood at 110, he was given a room.

When he entered the dining room the head waiter passed the "old jay" to the last table, where people of little consequence were assembled.

But Major General Wheeler, for this is who the "old jay" was, didn't mind all this a bit. He smiled at the flower laden tables reserved for staff and field officers and "shoved" in his simple order of dinner with a lusty appetite.

Afterward when the "old jay" appeared in a major general's uniform, he immensely appreciated the astonishment depicted on the face of one who had jocosely accosted him as "Rube" on the day before.

GATHERED SMILES

Quieting Suspicion.

"Mr. Blank seemed rather uneasy when I told him you were going to apply for the position of typewriter."

"He was, but I soon got him over his alarm."

"What did you say to him?"

"Told him I had no matrimonial designs whatever; that I merely wanted to be assister to him."

Easier Work.

"Don't you ever get tired writing short stories?" asked the inquisitive person.

"Yes, indeed!" replied the literary hack.

"What do you do for a rest, then?"

"Write novels."

One Thing Needful.

"I understand your son has gone in for literature since he went to the city," said the village editor.

"That's right," rejoined the hardware merchant.

"And does he write for money?" asked the local scissors wielder.

"Yes, once or twice a week," answered the h. m.

Never Reaches the Limit.

"It's too bad the average man can't be satisfied with a good living and not be hungering for more money."

"The average man is satisfied with a good living. The only trouble is that his idea of a good living grows with his income."

Didn't Make Good.

Tess—Don't you think Mr. Gailey is awfully handsome?

Jess—Huh! "Handsome is as handsome does." He told me last evening that he was going to kiss me before he left.

Tess—The idea! Weren't you indignant?

Jess—I should say I was. When a man promises to do a thing he ought to keep his word.

Modern Food.

"I have decided that the man who develops the country's resources and helps to provide food for the masses is doing a most useful work," said the earnest citizen.

"So you have decided to be one of the food producers?"

"Yes."

"Which are you going to do, run a farm or set up a chemical laboratory?"

Where He Was.

"Maj. Longbeau tells such exciting stories of the civil war, doesn't he?"

"Yes, he does tell some good ones."

"Which side was he on during the war?"

"The other side."

"Confederate?"

"No—the other side of the Atlantic.—Cleveland Leader.

Sympathetic.

"I'll give you something to eat," said the lady, as she glanced over the woodpile, "but I expect some work—"

"Lady," pleaded Weary Willie, "I got a splittin' headache."

"You have?"

"Yes'm. The thought of splittin' wood always gives me that kind of a headache."

Something Wrong.

"You wore a red suit and horns at the masked ball last night, didn't you?" remarked Tommy.

"No, indeed," replied Mr. Hoamley, "I went as a cavalier."

"Pop must 'a' been mistaken then. He said you looked like the devil."

A Virtue of Necessity.

"I wonder how the British unionists are going to reconcile themselves to any prospect of home rule?"

"Since the Irish have got practically the balance of power, how can they do anything but stand Pat on the question?"—Baltimore American.

A Drawback.

Mrs. Hauskeep—Delia, I don't want you to be entertaining that policeman in the kitchen any more.

Delia—But Miss Edith is in the parlor most o' the toim, ma'am, an' I didn't think Mr. O'Flynn would enj'y her society, her bein' strange to him.

Striving to Please.

"It grieves me to find that you prefer saying disagreeable things about people," said the considerate woman.

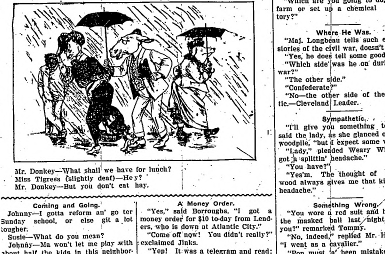
"Yes," answered Miss Cayenne, "and it grieves me to find such a universal preference for hearing disagreeable things."

He Did.

"We should always," said the jail evangelist, "consider any circumstances which add weight to the steps we take."

"I do," murmured the convict, sadly, as he cast a casual glance at his ball and chain.

BONES PREFERRED.



Mr. Donkey—What shall we have for lunch?
Miss Tigress (slightly deaf)—He-y?
Mr. Donkey—But you don't eat hay.

Coming and Going.

Johnny—I gotta reform an' go ter Sunday school, or else git a lot tougher.

Susie—What do you mean?

Johnny—Ma won't let me play with about half the kids in this neighborhood, an' the rest o' the kinds' mothers won't let 'em play with me. I got no friends ut all.—Cleveland Leader.

The Supreme Court.

Ascum—I think it's a splendid opportunity for you. What are you going to do about it?

Henpeck—I haven't the slightest idea.

Ascum—But surely you can give an opinion.

Henpeck—Oh, gracious! No. My wife always hands down the opinion.

Great Scheme.

"I hear you have given up housekeeping and started living in a hotel. How do you like it?"

"Fine. Never was so happy before."

"And does your wife like it?"

"Indeed she does."

"Where are you living?"

"I'm at the Pollenden and she's at the Baronial."—Cleveland Leader.

Nearing His Last Hour.

"Bill," said the western editor to his assistant, "I think you'd better prepare an obituary notice of Col. Tuttle."

"What!" demanded Bill. "Why, he ain't dead. Look, that's him comin' along the street now."

"Yes," replied the editor, coolly, feeling for his hip pocket, "he's coming to see me."

The Simple Truth.

"This," said the manufacturer proudly, "is our latest novelty."

"Very fair," remarked the visitor, "but you can't hold a candle to our goods."

"Indeed? Are you in this line of business?"

"No, I make gunpowder."

His Reason.

The photographer—Come, now, look pleasant, please.

The sitter—But I don't want to look pleasant.

The photographer—Eh, why not?

The sitter—I'm going to send the picture to a woman I don't want to marry.

In Society.

Hostess—This is a very select party. I've invited only the very best people.

Host—But who are those two men in the corner?

Hostess—Detectives, to see that nothing is stolen.

With a Pie.

Willie (looking up from his book)—Say, pa, the word "cap" sometimes means "with," doesn't it?

Pa—What nonsense are you talking?

Willie—Well, here's something in this book about "a gallant knight armed cap-a-pie.

Safe Defiance.

Gov. Castro—And ow far eet eez zat zose French guns carry ze shell?

The Aid—Not over five miles.

Gov. Castro—Aha! Zen I weel defy a zem exactlee seez miles from zee coast—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Champion Wille Hoppe.

"I see they admit that young Willie Hoppe is the greatest living billiard player."

"Hopped right to the front, eh?"

"Yes; but Willie stay there?"

A Serious Case.

"Say, did you hear that Cholly Softed had had a serious operation performed on him lately?"

"What was it? Appendicitis?"

"No; worse than that. His rich uncle cut him out of his will."

Exacting.

Irate Father—Jane, when are you going to bring that young fellow to time?

Dutiful Daughter—La, pa, last night he staid till 12 o'clock

A Money Order.

"Yes," said Borroughs. "I got a money order for $10 to-day from Lenders, who is down at Atlantic City."

"Come off now! You didn't really?" exclaimed Jinks.

"Yep! It was a telegram and read: 'Forward to me here immediately that X you owe me.'"—Philadelphia Press.

Did He?

"Jack Everleigh must have thought that we were having some real winter the other night," said Mrs. Talkemtired to her husband.

"What makes you think that?"

"Why, our Bobby met him going home the other night, and he says that he had his skates on."

A Call Down.

Prospective Patient—Doctor, I wish you would help me. I've meen suffering for thre months and can't get any relief. I am troubled with a certain shortness of breath and——

Doctor Wise—Short of breath? You're the longest winded patient I've had for a week.

A Painful Revelation.

"Don't you find that overcoat rather light?"

"I'm accustoming myself to wearing it."

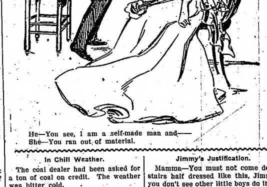
"I don't see how you can."

"Well, I don't suppose I could if I had a heavier one."

Reason for Shame.

"Aren't you ashamed to beg?"

"Sometimes, mum. When I find how stingy people are I fairly blushes for them."



He—You see, I am a self-made man and——
She—You ran out of material.

In Chill Weather.

The coal dealer had been asked for a ton of coal on credit. The weather was bitter cold.

"All right," he said; "the first touch of winter."

For he had a kind heart and merry.

Higher Price.

Excited Customer—See here, you've made an awful mistake! I came in here to get some lime water this morning and you gave me carbolic acid.

Druggist—That'll be 25 cents more.

Not His Doing.

"He has severed his connection with your firm, I'm told."

"I think not."

"No?"

"No; I believed his connection with our firm has been severed."

Practical Joke.

Jimmy—I got a good joke on sister's best feller.

Tommy—What did yer do?

Jimmy—I mixed some quinine in with sister's face powder.

Jimmy's Justification.

Mamma—You must not come down stairs half dressed like this, Jimmy; you don't see other little boys do it, do you?

Jimmy—No, mamma, and the other little boys don't see me do it, do they?

A Free Lance.

Benedick—not married, eh? I'll bet you're fond of a girl, though.

Batcheller—Oh, yes, indeed.

Benedick—Who is she?

Batcheller—Her name is Legion.

His One Fault.

"Oh, yes, Cholly is a harmless sort of fellow. The only thing about him is that he has brain trouble."

"Nonsense! He hasn't any brain at all."

"I know; that's the trouble."

She Knew His Weakness.

"I promised to make a call to-night," said the man, preparing to go out.

"Very well," said his trusting wife; "but don't call unless you have good cards!"—Stray Stories.

HEARTH & BOUDOIR

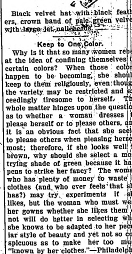
Plaids and Stripes.

In regard to patterns as well as colors many women are prone to ignore their suitability to themselves. Large, stout women are occasionally so foolish as to attempt to wear a large plaid, which but accentuates their surplus avoirdupois. But, on the other hand, neither does a very small woman look well in a large plaid; the pattern seems to be lost upon her tiny figure. Stout women would do to avoid very clearly marked plaids and stripes, although as a rule pin stripes are suited to a robust figure. As for checks, who cannot picture to herself the small woman daintily garbed in a checked silk? It seems to have been made for her special use.

There is no need to advise the blue-eyed girl to match her eyes. This rule applies, indeed, to any eyes; their owner cannot fail to look well in a gown the same color. The Titian blonde, however, will occasionally try pink and red, but she should keep to warm browns, dark green, blues and certain shades of gray, whether her eyes be brown or blue.

Salad a la Russe.

Salads comfort the cook. A Russian salad is described by a correspondent of Good Housekeeping. Small tomatoes were skinned and partly scooped out, to be filled with a slice of cucumber cut very thin, a ring of green pepper around the cucumber and a small round of truffle to garnish. Place the decorated tomatoes in nests of lettuce leaves and pour over them the following highly original dressing: Mix four tablespoonfuls of mustard, one-fourth of a teaspoonful of salt, half as much paprika, one tablespoonful of vinegar and one-half teaspoonful of Worcestershire sauce. Add very slowly, stirring all the time, half a cupful of olive oil. French mustard is indicated and the best imported should be used.



Black velvet hat with black feathers, crown band of pale green velvet with large jet nailheads.

Keep to One Color.

Why is it that so many women rebel at the idea of confining themselves to certain colors? When those colors happen to be becoming, she should keep to them religiously, even though the variety may be restricted and exceedingly tiresome to herself. The whole matter hinges upon the question as to whether a woman dresses to please herself or to please others, and it is an obvious fact that she seeks to please others when pleasing herself most; therefore, if she looks well in brown, why should she select a most trying shade of green because it happens to strike her fancy? The woman who has plenty of money to waste in clothes (and who ever feels that she has?) may try experiments if she likes, but the woman who must wear her gowns whether she likes them or not will do better in selecting what she knows to be adapted to her peculiar style of beauty and yet not so conspicuous as to make her too much "known by her clothes."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Silks for the Street.

There are several new silks for the street, and of these nine out of ten are striped, barred or covered with floral designs, plain colors seeming at present to be at a discount except when relieved by embroidered dots or conventional flower patterns in self-colors. All the silks, however, are soft and have the exquisite chiffon finish which is found on them all, from the bridal satin to the plainest silk for everyday wear.

Like the Antique Greek.

Fabrics of exquisite fineness and the most gorgeous of embroideries were employed for the robes in which Josephine and the dames of the first empire chose to array themselves, but the robes themselves were of almost painfully "skimpy" proportions, fashioned really on pseudo-classical lines. Our modern "empire" modes approximate far more closely to the antique Greek models, ample draperies falling in long, graceful folds. An excellent example was seen recently. It was of palest rose-pink crepe de chine over glace silk, finished with a deep hem, on which appeared a delicate tracery of glittering gold embroidery. The narrow bodice had small revers of faint green peau de soie, embroidered with raised ribbon work in delicately blended tints—pale blue, pink and mauve—and gold thread, the small puffed sleeves terminating in ornate little cuffs to match, that met the long gloves. The tucker was of lace, drawn up with narrow ribbon velvet.

For the School Girl.

Charmingly becoming to the awkward angles of the school girl, the demoiselle of 15 or 17, are those that are constructed with a shirred or gathered corselet, coming well up under the arm, and to which a kilt or sunplaited skirt is attached—not at the waist but rather at the hip line. Separate guimpes to be worn with this are readily made, or the ubiquitous shirt waist will do as well. A smart little bolero fashioned from the same goods makes the gown appropriate for street wear. A very charming model after this mode was displayed in a deep shade of rose Cendree henrietta the other day. The shirred part was mounted upon a boned and fitted waist lining, and the skirt had a drop of duo moire for lining.

The top of the corselet took a deep heart-shaped dip down in the center, and handkerchief-shaped revers of deep Jacqueminot red-rose velvet dropped over the edge on either side. The blouse was of lace and little motifs cut from the lace were appliqued on the shallow revers. The sun-plaited skirt showed three rows of dark red ribbon velvet to match, the lower row flush on the hem, some five inches in width, and to the other two rows about half that depth.

Boudoir Confidences

Pink and blue in evening shades are the twin-color favorites for velvets and transparent materials.

The little girl wears school frocks of serge, brightened by turnback cuffs, collar and belt of scarlet kid.

Still more ruffles conspire to make the gowns of a girl in her first season even more airy and diaphanous.

Cashemires are being recognized as among the most desirable, as they are extremely fashionable materials.

Empire modes have invaded the juvenile realm and some of the smartest little coats shown for children are in this style.

Muffs joined with a seam in the middle to form an angle are designed especially to thrust the short sleeve arm into.

The princess gown does not lend itself to cheapness of any sort and never is lowered to the insecure foothold of a fad.

"Empire" Styles to Stay.

According to several eminent modistes—the true "makers of fashion" nowadays—the modern adaptations of empire styles will remain in high favor during the next three months or so, particularly in the way of tea gowns and handsome coats for smart afternoon and evening wear. The term "empire" is an elastic one in these latter days, applied to any garments which exhibit a very short yokelike bodice. In all other respects they are amplified and idealized versions of their prototypes of a century ago, as the curious in such matters will perceive at once by comparing them with old pictures and fashion plates.

"Corduroy" Is Quite Chic.

A hint for an economical dresser was seen the other night, in the shape of an evening coat of pale gray corduroy velveteen. It was an inexpensive thing, but looked remarkably well, and had big embroidered buttons (silver and gold thread being used) and a collar of imitation ermine. This collar had a border (an inch and a half wide strapping) of silver tissue, over which the tails of the ermine ran to form little black bars.

This coat should be lined with white or a very pale gray satin, and have gray chiffon frills to face the fronts. In any pale-colored corduroy velvet it would be wonderfully good. White corduroy velveteen makes a good evening coat, too, and might be treated in much the same way as the pale gray.

Styles for the Juniors.

Circular skirts, although popular, are not quite so good for young girls as they are for older ones—for circular skirts will sag on the sides, and that sagging is so much more noticeable upon that length of skirt than upon any others. But that other skirt, which for apparently no reason in the world goes by the name of "Empire," is immensely popular. It is circular in effect, but that effect is got by gores, which, with their many seams, keep the skirt in shape.

Kilted skirts are still high in favor for young girls' suits and dresses—they're too useful and becoming a style to be dropped in a hurry—and they are at their prettiest when applied to plaid suitings.

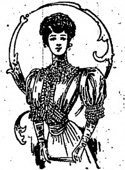
Poverty Cake Without Eggs.

One cup of sugar creamed with a large tablespoonful of butter. Add to this alternatey 1 cup of thick sour milk and 2½ cups of pastry flour that has been previously sifted, with a pinch of salt, 1 teaspoonful (level) of soda and 1 teaspoon (level) of cream of tartar. Flavor as liked. This makes a light, white cake or layer pie. Do not omit the cream of tartar, as that offsets the extra soda and makes a fine-grained cake.

Hat of Fantastic Design.

One eccentricity in the shape of a lavender hat had a garland of shaded violets, a large American beauty rose placed in the center of the front and another beauty rose with a spray of foliage perched—there is no other word which fittingly describes the precarious hold—upon the extreme edge of the brim. One has a curious feeling of uncertainty about this peculiarly shaped and very peculiarly trimmed hat. Nothing seems to belong, it appears to be a haphazard collection of odds and ends left over from other creations and utilized as well as time and conditions would permit, yet the hat costs a tidy sum and is not within the reach of the ordinary purse.

Lavender Velvet Waist.



Blouse of lavender velvet plaited at the shoulders and trimmed at the bottom in front with ruches of lavender mousseline de soie and white lace, simulating a sort of bolero opening over a blouse of white lace.

It is trimmed around the neck and down the front with a band of cream guipure or embroidery, bordered with frills of the white lace. The chemisette is of lace and the girdle is of the velvet or of taffeta to match.

The sleeves, cut with epaulets, or caps, are finished at the elbows with little lace ruffles and ruches of lavender mousseline de soie.

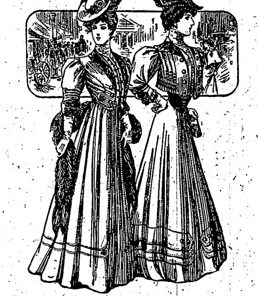
Embroidery on Spring Costumes.

It is a little early to give any suggestions for the style of embroidery to be worn on the linen coats for next spring, but it is safe to say that the eyelet will be used and that deep cuffs and large collars with a scallop running around them will be worn. The skirts can be finished with the The skirts can be finished with the same scallop instead of a wide hem. The material should be of sheeting linen, quite heavy, and preferably with a round thread. A lingerie hat could be made of the same material, but those made of handkerchief linen are more dainty and becoming.

Pretty Combination.

A curious outcome of the vogue of heavy and light combinations is that of using Irish crochet of a very open mesh inserted in the middle of embroidery, with a close-meshed bit set on without the more usual cutting away of the material beneath.

AFTERNOON OR CALLING COSTUMES.



The empire costume is of violet or purple cloth. The skirt is slightly gathered at the top and trimmed at the bottom with a shaped flounce which is united to the skirt by a band of the material, the ends ornamented with applique motifs of the cloth. The narow tablier is plain. The bolero, entirely new, is encircled with a group of tucks, and the fronts form a sort of plastron ornamented with buttons and the applique motifs. The collar and cuffs are of velvet to match. The waistcoat is of cloth of a contrasting color, ornamented with buttons and opening over a chemisette of lace. The other costume is of light brown cloth. The skirt, fitted over the hips, is composed of two breadths and finished with three shaped ruffles over a deeper flounce, which is cut in one piece with the narrow tablier. The top one of the three ruffles is ornamented on each side of the front with passementerie buttons. These, with motifs of cord or passementerie, ornament the front of the bolero, which is plaited and finished at the bottom with a band of the material and of braid, also with a plaiting of the material. The turn-over collar, ornamented with passementerie, is finished in the same way, and the revers and girdle are of brown velvet. The waistcoat is of light blue cloth, or velvet, opening over a lace blouse. The sleeves are finished with double cuffs of the material ornamented with passementerie, and also with plaitings of the pale blue.

RHEUMATIC PAINS

Disappear When Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Purify the Blood and Heal Inflamed Tissues.

Rheumatism is a disease of the blood, caused by the failure of the body to cast off certain poisons. External applications are of use only in securing temporary relief from pain—the cure for rheumatism lies in purifying and enriching the blood.

Mrs. Frederick Brown, of 40 Sumpter street, Sandy Hill, N.Y., was a sufferer from inflammatory rheumatism from the time she was sixteen. She says: "It first appeared in my knee joints, then in my hips and waist. It became a regular thing that I would be laid up all winter. The rheumatism affected mostly my hands, hips, feet and shoulders. My hands were all puffed up and my feet became deformed. I lost my appetite, couldn't sleep and sometimes I was compelled to cry out, the pain was so intense.

"For several winters I was under the doctor's care and while his medicine relieved the pain for a little while there seemed no prospect for a permanent cure. I was confined to my bed, off and on, for weeks at a time. My limbs swelled dreadfully at times and I was reduced almost to nothing.

"In the spring of 1904, upon the advice of a friend, I began to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. At that time I wasn't able to do anything and could barely eat enough to keep alive. I felt a change for the better in about a month. I began to eat heartily and I suffered less pain. Of course I kept on the treatment, using care in my diet, and in about three months I was cured. I am entirely well today and do all my own work."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured Mrs. Brown by driving the rheumatic poisons out of her blood. But you must get the genuine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, sold by all druggists and by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Oddity of James Lick.

It is told of James Lick, the eccentric San Francisco millionaire, who founded the famous observatory bearing his name, that when taking any one into his service he always asked the person to plant a tree upside down, the roots in the air, the branches under ground. If there was any protest the man was at once sent away, Lick saying that he wanted only men who would obey orders strictly.

Senator's Hard Job.

Senator Knox of Pennsylvania, in conversation with a friend the other day, laughingly observed that if he had any idea of the work he would have to perform he would never have taken a job as a member of the United States senate. He is compelled to answer on an average 125 letters per day.

Boston's school board has voted to give Miss Clara Doane, for fifty-seven years a teacher in the public schools, a year's leave of absence on half pay.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

An Official "Jiner."

The most important person in Fort Hancock, Tex., is George Ross, who holds more public offices, probably, than any man in the country. He is postmaster of the town, receiving his appointment from a Republican administration, and is a member of the board of county commissioners of the county, having been elected to that office as a Democrat. In addition to those two offices, he is justice of the peace, being elected to that position as an independent candidate. He is also public school trustee for the precinct.

One More Spot.

Chief Justice Fuller was not long ago the guest of a Southern gentleman who had a servant named John, famous for his mint julep. Soon after Justice Fuller's arrival John appeared, bearing a tray, on which was a long, cool glass, topped with crushed ice and a small tree of mint. With low bows and many smiles he presented it, and watched anxiously while Judge Fuller appreciatively sipped it.

"That touch the right spot, sah?" he queried.

"It does, John, it does," the judge replied.

John disappeared, but was soon recalled by the tinkle of a hand bell. The glass was now empty. The judge looked up with a twinkle in his eye.

"I think I've got another spot, John." he said.

FOOD AND STUDY.

A College Man's Experience.

"All through my high school course and first year in college," writes an ambitious young man, "I struggled with my studies on a diet of greasy, pasty foods, being especially fond of cakes and fried things. My system got into a state of general disorder and it was difficult for me to apply myself to school work with any degree of satisfaction. I tried different medicines and food preparations, but did not seem able to correct the difficulty.

"Then my attention was called to Grape-Nuts food and I sampled it. I had to do something, so I just buckled down to a rigid observance of the directions on the package, and in less than no time began to feel better. In a few weeks my strength was restored, my weight had increased, I had a clearer head and felt better in every particular. My work was simply sport to what it was formerly.

"My sister's health was badly run down, and she had become so nervous that she could not attend to her music. She went on Grape-Nuts and had the same remarkable experience that I had. Then my brother, Frank, who is in the postoffice department at Washington city and had been trying to do brain work on greasy foods, cakes and all that, joined the Grape-Nuts army. I showed him what it was and could do and from a broken-down condition he has developed into a hearty and efficient man.

"Besides these I could give account of numbers of my fellow-students who have made visible improvement mentally and physically by the use of this food." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

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Official Abstracter.

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H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

Subscribers should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

Remittances should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, March 3, 1906.

We have a new code of laws that are now in effect but few people here as yet had a chance to look them over.

The arguments in the injunction case restraining the county board from re-districting Red Lake county will come up before Judge Watts next Wednesday. Whichever way the case is decided it is likely to be appealed.

Times are certainly queer in a political way when the democratic senate leaders turn in and champion the republican president's railroad rate bill. It would almost indicate that the democrats are not as foolish as they usually are.

Frank M. Eddy, in the Sauk Center Herald, says: Two-thirds of the disinterested republicans of the state want an early convention. There is a bunch, however, who carry knives in their boots, who want to "beat somebody," who are playing for position, who want the date made as late as possible. Who should prevail?

It now looks as if the railroad rate bill would pass the senate and become a law. The bill while not radical is certainly a step in the right direction for it will be the first step toward government control of railroad rates; and the old plan of charging all the business will stand will go out with the tide of public disapproval.

The Jacokson joke still seems to be receiving some consideration from the state press. If Jacobson ever really goes after the governorship in earnest, he is due to receive a jolt that will jar the foundation of his bank at Madison. The father of the opposition to systematic drainage cannot expect to get very warm support from the northern part of the state.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

The editor of the Warren Sheaf can be real mean at times, as the following indicates: "Mary McFadden, the talented young lady paragrapher of the Duluth News-Tribune says 'the man child demands patience on the part of mother, sister, wife and daughter from the cradle to the grave.' It is a shame that one who so thoroughly appreciates our necessities should be continuing in single blessedness."

In a little more than a week we will have our annual village election. It does not make much difference which set of men are elected to represent the village on the council, provided the voters exercise ordinary good judgment. Men who have the interest of the community at heart and who have property interests to protect invariably make good public officials. Men who have nothing at stake and no more property interests than can be loaded on the cars in a few hours, and who want the honor or possibly a chance to graft, are very rarely good public servants. At the best, positions on the council are "thankless jobs" and it is only men who have property interests here who will take sufficient interest to give the village a good administration.

The county political pot shows signs of coming to a boil shortly—and 'ere the roses bloom again we can expect to see the handshake act occupy the boards over all else. Among those who are now holding office it is said that Judge of Probate Tarrant, Treasurer Hausen, Register Jeffers, Clerk Perrault, Sheriff Linnihan and Superintendent McAnvlty will announce their intentions very shortly. County Attorney Germo has announced himself already and it looks at present as though the only strange face in the court house next year would be in the auditor's office. Auditor Ford has stated positively that he would not be a candidate this year, and while his friends and the people generally have hoped that he would change his mind it looks now as though he was out of it for good. Jim is one of the most competent auditors in the state and when Red Lake county loses him they will lose a man that will be hard to replace. The other officers seeking re-election are all well known, and while they will likely have opposition they will make a hard scrap to hold onto their jobs. Announcements may be expected any old time now, and the spellbinders can begin to tighten their girdles for the work ahead.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Letter from Swan Anderson.

Clearbrook, Wash., Feb. 22.

Dear Sir:—

Inclosed please find money order to apply on my subscription account to The Spectator. The paper reaches me regularly and it is a pleasure to note the push and energy pursued by the farmers around St. Hilaire in making as much profit to themselves from their farm labor in both milk and grain when they get their flour mill built, in place of depending on some corporation to sell their products to and take what they have a mind to give.

If Thief River Falls could swap their county seat removal element for a class of people like you have around you, how much better would it not be for the farmers and taxpayers in general in the county.

We had a visit from a lot of St. Hilaireites some time ago, namely: J. H. Penno and family, Wm. Peters and family and Elsa Harris and her husband (I have forgotten his name), and they were a real jolly crowd and looked as young as ever

We are having a very mild winter. The latter part of October last fall we had a few frosty nights; since then we have had only two night when the water in the barrels had frozen thick enough to be noticed. The climate is surely all anyone would wish for. At present the grass begins to show its green color very much and many bushes in the woods are green and in blossom. Everybody is busy setting out flower bulb roots and fixing up their flower beds.

This is an ideal country for an Irishman to live in, as he can go out in the potato patch and dig his potatoes for his three meals a day the year 'round.

The cities along the coast are having all kinds of prospects in store for them, judging by the way several of the leading railroad companies are fighting for tide lands and yard rooms. Electric motor lines are being built in all directions and rural telephone lines put up in the farming country. Rural mail delivery is served nearly all over.

It is very interesting to note the advancement in general going on. Farms are opened up much faster now by the use of the "donkey" an upright engine from 50 to 100 horsepower, than a few years ago when the clearing of land was done principally by boring two holes in the stump and burning it. Big trees are also felled by this method in from two to four days. This method is used considerable even now by men who cannot afford to buy powder to blast the stumps.

Logging in the woods here is done altogether by "donkeys" now. Up to a few years ago they built skidroads in the woods and with four- to six-horse teams hauled out the logs, but now they don't build the roads. They have the "donkey" with a revolving drum and a half-mile or more of one-inch steelwire cable with a haul-back cable also, making an endless cable running in blocks or pulleys fastened at the other end and with this cable they haul in a log, no matter how large, as fast as a man can walk and right through the dirt or on bare ground.

Last year a party logged off one section of timber containing a little over twenty million feet about a mile from where we live. They did it in ten months with three donkeys and a crew of sixty men.

We had a fine crop of apples last year and a good eastern demand for them. This winter has been so mild and warm that the fruit trees already show signs of budding, and should we get a cold spell later on we may not get so large a crop this year. Several localities have done the same as St. Hilaire farmers (organized) to put up fruit canneries and dryers, so they can take care of the fruit which has hitherto mostly been left on the trees to drop off at will or picked up by the hogs. Fruits and berries grow mostly under any and all conditions and no branch of farming has been more abused or neglected simply because there is, or has not been, any money in it, but when our fruits get well introduced in the eastern states I think it will be a money-making branch of farming. Whatcom county, in which we live, took the first prize on apples in the state of Washington at the Lewis & Clark exposition last year.

Dairying is the principal farming with us. Every farmer has his own hand separator and the cream is shipped in five- and ten-gallon cans to the creameries. All creameries run on the co-operative plan are doing well and making handsome dividends for the members, and they are the best to ship to.

Well I hope this letter will interest the readers of The Spectator and my old friends around St. Hilaire, in case you can and will take the trouble to publish it. Best regards to you all; we are all well in my family.

Your friend,
Swan Anderson.

$8,000 Subscribed.

Thief River News: Mike McAndress, of St. Hilaire, was in the city Tuesday. Mr. McAndress is one of the farmers greatly interested in the organization of the stock company which is to build a flour mill at St. Hilaire in the near future. To the News he stated that already some $8,000 worth of stock had been subscribed by different farmers and that it was expected to have this increased to $10,000 before the 9th of March when the next meeting of the stockholders will be held.

Work of building an elevator to buy grain and sell flour and feed will be commenced at once, but it may be some time before work of the flour mill is commenced.

A friend of the home—
A foe of the Trust

Calumet Baking Powder

Complies with the Pure Food Laws of all States.

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Formation of New District.

Whereas, a petition has been filed with the board of county commissioners of the county of Red Lake, signed and acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who reside in the proposed new district herein described, and who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts and duly verified by the affidavit of one of the residents of said proposed new district, praying for the organization of a new school district out of the territory hereinafter described, to-wit:

All of sections 1 and 2, the south half of sections 3, 4 and 5: All of sections 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16: All that part of sections 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27 located on the north side of the Red Lake river, township 153 north of range 41 west, and the said board of county commissioners have appointed a time and place for a hearing upon said petition as by law required;

Now therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a hearing upon said petition will be had at a meeting of the said board, commencing upon the 6th day of March, A. D. 1906, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, in said county, at which time and place the said board of county commissioners will hear arguments of all persons interested, for or against the proposed organization of said new school district.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 2nd day of January, A. D. 1906.

By order of the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minn.

[Seal]
By James E. Ford,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio clerk of Board.

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Formation of New District.

Whereas, a petition has been filed with the board of county commissioners of the county of Red Lake, signed and acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who reside in the proposed new district herein described, and who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts and duly verified by the affidavit of one of the residents of said proposed new district, praying for the organization of a new school district out of the territory hereinafter described, to-wit:

The south half of section 7, the south half of section 8, the south half of section 9, all of sections 16, 17 and 18, the north half of section 19, the north half of section 20 and the north half of section 21, in township 154, range 42, in the township of Silverton, in said county, and the said board of county commissioners have appointed a time and place for a hearing upon said petition as by law required;

Now therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a hearing upon said petition will be had at a meeting of the said board, commencing upon the seventh day of March, A. D. 1906, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at which time and place the said board of county commissioners will hear arguments of all persons interested, for or against the proposed organization of said new school district.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this fourth day of January, A. D. 1906.

By order of the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minn.

[Seal]
By James E. Ford,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio clerk of Board.

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Formation of New District.

Whereas, a petition has been filed with the board of county commissioners of the county of Red Lake, signed and acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who reside in the proposed new district herein described, and who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts and duly verified by the affidavit of one of the residents of said proposed new district, praying for the organization of a new school district out of the territory hereinafter described, to-wit:

Section 28, the south half and the north-east quarter of section 29, the south half and the northwest quarter of section 30 and all of sections 31, 32, 33 and 34, in township 151, range 41, and the north half of sections 3 and 4 in township 153, range 41, in the townships of Clover Leaf and Kratka, in said county, and the said board of county commissioners have appointed a time and place for a hearing upon said petition as by law required;

Now therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a hearing upon said petition will be had at a meeting of the said board commencing upon the 7th day of March, A. D. 1906, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at which time and place the said board of county commissioners will hear arguments of all persons interested, for or against the proposed organization of said new school district.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 19th day of January, A. D. 1906.

By order of the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minn.

[Seal]
By James E. Ford,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio clerk of Board.

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Formation of New District.

Whereas, a petition has been filed with the board of county commissioners of the county of Red Lake, signed and acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who reside in the proposed new district herein described, and who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts and duly verified by the affidavit of one of the residents of said proposed new district, praying for the organization of a new school district out of the territory hereinafter described, to-wit:

South one-half (S½) of sections seven (7), eight (8) and nine (9), all of sections sixteen (16), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), twenty (20) and twenty-one (21), NE¼ of section thirty (30) and the W½ of section twenty-nine (29), all of said territory being in township 154, range 41, and the said board of county commissioners have appointed a time and place for a hearing upon said petition as by law required;

Now therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a hearing upon said petition will be had at a meeting of the said board, commencing upon the 7th day of March, A. D. 1906, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, in said county, at which time and place the said board of county commissioners will hear arguments of all persons interested, for or against the proposed organization of said new school district.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 19th day of January, A. D. 1906.

By order of the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minn.

[Seal]
By James E. Ford,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio clerk of Board.

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Formation of New District.

Whereas, a petition has been filed with the board of county commissioners of the county of Red Lake, signed and acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who reside in the proposed new district herein described, and who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts and duly verified by the affidavit of one of the residents of said proposed new district, praying for the organization of a new school district out of the territory hereinafter described, to-wit:

All of sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, in township 152, range 41, in Red Lake county, Minnesota, and the said board of county commissioners have appointed a time and place for a hearing upon said petition as by law required;

Now therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a hearing upon said petition will be had at a meeting of the said board, commencing upon the 6th day of March, A. D. 1906, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, in said county, at which time and place the said board of county commissioners will hear arguments of all persons interested, for or against the proposed organization of said new school district.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 3rd day of January, A. D. 1906.

By order of the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minn.

[Seal]
By James E. Ford,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio clerk of Board.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Order for Hearing on Claims.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court.
Special term, February 13, 1906.

In the matter of the estate of Bernhard Thelander, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Bernhard Thelander deceased, late of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, being granted to K. O. Gigstad:

It is ordered that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Monday the 14th day of May, 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 13th day of February, A. D. 1906.

{ Probate Court Seal }
By the Court,
N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate.

(f17-mh10)

Order for Hearing on Claims.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } ss

In Probate Court.
Special term, February 6, 1906.

In the matter of the estate of John Julin, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of John Julin, deceased, late of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, being granted to K. O. Gigstad:

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Monday the 7th day of May, 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a regular term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire, in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 6th day of February, A. D. 1906.

{ Probate Court Seal }
By the Court,
N. W. Tarrant,
Judge of Probate.

(f10-mch3).

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed and delivered by Nels G. Stark and Kristine Stark, his wife, mortgagors, to M. F. Murphy, mortgagee, dated January 5, 1905, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on February 11, 1905, at eleven o'clock a. m., in Book 14 of Mortgages, on page 631 thereof; that the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at this date is two hundred thirty-seven dollars and thirty-three cents; that the premises described in and covered by said mortgage are the southeast quarter of section twenty-two, in township one hundred fifty-three, of range forty-four, situate in Red Lake county, Minnesota; that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, by the sheriff of said Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on April 9, 1906, at ten o'clock a. m., to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, together with the costs of such sale, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated February 19, 1906.

M. F. Murphy,
Mortgagee.

Montague & Chilgren,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Crookston, Minnesota.

[f24-6-m31

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on March 14th, 1906, viz:

Fredrik Christiansen, H. E. No. 21881, for the Lot 1, Sec. 6, T. 152 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

A. A. Odegaard, of St. Hilaire, Minn.
Ole Helgeson, " "
James Braaten, " "
Ole Braaten, " "

R. J. Montague,
Register.

f3m10

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } ss.

Notice is hereby given that an application has been made in writing to the board of county commissioners of said county of Red Lake and filed in my office praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 1, 1906, and terminating on March 31, 1907, by the following person and at the following place, as stated in said application to-wit: By

E. P. POQUIN

On the ground floor of that certain one-story frame building situate twelve hundred feet west of northeast corner of northwest quarter of section fifteen, township one hundred fifty, range forty-one, township of Lambert, Red Lake county, Minn.

Said application will be heard and determined by said board of county commissioners of the county of Red Lake in the county auditor's office at the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in Red Lake county, and state of Minnesota, on Wednesday, the seventh day of March, A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock a. m.

Witness my hand and official seal this 23rd day of February, A. D. 1906.

(Seal)
James E. Ford,
County Auditor,
Red Lake Co., Minn.

Carlson & Fellman

ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.

CONFECTIONERY

FRUITS, CANDIES
--- CIGARS ---
and STATIONERY

Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

SEEDS, TREES CORN 23rd ANNUAL Catalog of EARLIEST AND HARDIEST of Everything on Earth. Every person who tills a foot of land needs it. Send for it now.

OSCAR H. WILL & CO.
BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA

For refreshments call at Number 488

CROOKSTON
LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Button's Business College and Shorthand Institute

Crookston, Minn. ☜ and ☞ Wadena, Minn.

OFFERS to take you through a complete course in Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Tywewriting and let you pay for your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after situation is secured for you. It practically costs you nothing because we get you a position where you earn at least $10.00 per month more than you ever earned before. We want 500 students to enter this college during the next three months and make the above unparalleled offer to get them. The courses are: : : : : : : : : :

Normal, Shorthand and Typewriting,
Music, Commercial,
Preparatory, :::: Telegraphy.

THIS is the only College in the United States that guarantees a good paying position to every graduate. If we don't get you a satisfactory situation you need never pay us one cent : : : : : : : : : : : : :

J. A. Button, Principal

Crookston, Minn. ☜ and ☞ Wadena, Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.

Graduate of Copenhagen University.

Department for Diseases of the Eye

CROOKSTON, MINN.

2nd ☞ STORE

(Second Hand Store.)

Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.

C. A. SKEIE.

St. Hilaire, Minnesota

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

McMURRAY'S
VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar	Wylie	Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.

A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.

GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, - - - - - - MINNESOTA

Beginning Tuesday MARCH 6th

CLOTHING SALE

Beginning Tuesday MARCH 6th

On Tuesday Morning, March 6th, we will commence Closing Out our $3,500.00 Stock of CLOTHING at and below cost.. . . . .

Having decided to go out of the clothing business, everything must be sold.

500 SUITS

Consisting of MEN'S, YOUTHS' AND CHILDREN'S, which will go at ACTUAL COST

$20.00 Men's Suits at . . . $13.00
$18.00 Men's Suits at . . . $12.00
$15.00 Men's Suits at . . . $ 9.50

$12.00 Youths' Suits at . . $ 8.00
$ 7.50 Youths' Suits at . . $ 4.50

$ 5.50 Children's Suits at . $ 3.50
$ 3.25 Children's Suits at . $ 2.00

OVERCOATS

$18.00 Men's Overcoats at . $11.00
$15.00 Men's Overcoats at . $ 9.50
$12.00 Men's Overcoats at . $ 8.50

75 Youths' Overcoats at . . . . . .
Less than Half Price

THE BIGGEST CLOTHING BARGAINS Ever offered in Red Lake County

This Sale Absolutely Cash and One Price **RAPP & POST** ST. HILAIRE == MINN.

Notice For Bids.

Sealed bids will be received by the directors of the St. Hilaire Creamery association for building an addition to the creamery, 24x30 and 12 feet high. Specifications can be seen at the creamery. Bids must be filed on or before March 9, 1906, at noon. Right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

St. Hilaire Creamery Association,
by ED. A. AUBOL, Pres.

Co-partnership Dissolved.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between Charles Carlson and Albert Fellman and known as Carlson & Fellman, is this day dissolved, Albert Fellman retaining the business, paying all accounts and collecting all accounts.

Dated St. Hilaire, Minn., Feb. 28th, 1906.
CHARLES CARLSON,
ALBERT FELLMAN.

Firemen's Ball.

The firemen decided at their meeting last Monday night to give a ball on Saturday evening, March 17th. First class music will be secured and everything done to make it a success. Further particulars will be announced later.

Anyone owning real estate in the townships of River Falls, Rocksbury, Sanders, Black River, Polk Center, Wyandotte, Bray and Smiley and the village of St. Hilaire, can pay taxes on same at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire.

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
O. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	
Carl Johnson	
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. O. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. HOFF, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
B. E. Ives, V-pres. K.R. Killand, Secy.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

THE LOCAL NEWS

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Dr. C. E. Higbie left for Twin Valley last evening on a business visit.

Henry J. Enderle was over from Plummer last Sunday for a short visit.

Edward Peterson was in from his reservation home a couple of days this week.

Rev. Gilman, who has been ill for several weeks is still confined to the house.

Another car of long piling arrived this week and the crew is still at work on the dam.

Mrs. Steve Nelson was down from Thief River Falls the first of this week visiting friends.

Miss Katherine Patterson was visiting friends at Thief River Falls the first of the week.

Gus Sandberg, of Crookston, was visiting friends and doing business here last Monday.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on March 3 and 4.

Services in the Swedish Mission next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Rev. O. A. Anderson will preach.

Mrs. Geo. L. Austin made a short trip to Red Lake Falls this week, where she visited with friends.

C. A. Hitchcock, the well known Crookston real estate dealer, was a visitor here on Tuesday.

The Lenten season commenced last Wednesday and will continue until Easter Sunday, April 15th.

Miss Clara Hoff went up to Thief River Falls on Tuesday and spent several days visiting friends.

Miss Alice Sorsoleil left on Wednesday for Grand Forks, where she is attending the state university.

The repairing crew has renewed work at the saw mill. It is being put in first class condition for the season's work.

Mrs. A. F. Lang left last Wednesday for Sarles, N. D., where she will join her husband, who is running a restaurant.

Say, did you notice that pyramid in the window at the Merchants State Bank? It's going down, it'll soon be gone.

Hicks, the weather prophet man, has predicted that the month of March from a weather standpoint is going to be bad.

Napoleon Miller is having a new maple floor put in at the barber shop and is giving the place a thorough overhauling.

William Williams has purchased of Mrs. Shannon her residence on Minnesota avenue. The consideration we did not learn.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin McAndress left on Thursday evening for Fargo where they were called by the illness of Mrs. John McAndress.

A. S. Wilson returned from Grand Forks on Thursday, where he had been attending to business matters in connection with his brother's estate.

Keep the little ones healthy and happy. Their tender, sensitive bodies require gentle, healing remedies. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will keep them strong and well. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Editor G. T. Hagen of the Crookston Press was here yesterday with the Aspea company, which gave a moving picture exhibition at the Norwegian Lutheran church last evening.

Last Thursday a number of boys entertained themselves for a few hours by sawing and splitting wood for Rev. Gilman, which was greatly appreciated by the sick pastor and his wife.

An auction sale of household furniture will be held at the residence of Mrs. O. Guttormson, in this village, on Friday March 9, 1906.
R. J. McKercher, Auctioneer.

At a meeting of the fire department last Monday evening Carl Johnson was elected as assistant chief in place of R. H. Duntley and A. F. Iltner was elected secretary in place of A. F. Lang.

N. A. Nelson went over to Grand Forks last Monday to attend the drainage convention, which he had been appointed as a delegate. He returned on Thursday and reports a very successful meeting.

Last Monday night about twenty of Mrs. Beebe's friends planned a complete surprise on her in honor of her birthday. All enjoyed a good time and after partaking of an elegant lunch departed for home.

Soo surveyors have been discovered again, this time running a line from Duluth to Carrington, N. D., which will run south of Leech Lake. It begins to look as if the Soo would not run their Duluth line in this direction.

Three little rules we all should keep,
To make life happy and bright,
Smile in the morning, smile at noon,
Take Rocky Mountain Tea at night.
Imperial Drug Co.

Miss Lettie Hauge and Mr. August Bergh, both of this village, are to be married today, and there will be a reception this evening at the residence of P. A. Blixt. The happy couple have a large number of friends who will wish them a prosperous matrimonial voyage.

The pile driving crew at the dam had the misfortune to lose the twenty-four hundred pound hammer through the ice last Saturday in over twenty feet of water. A crew worked all day Sunday fishing for it and it was not raised until evening. Several years ago a hammer was lost in nearly the same place and was never recovered.

About twenty-five of the friends of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Sorsoleil drove down to their farm last Monday evening and enjoyed a very pleasant time. Cards were indulged in, Mrs. E. R. Evans winning the prize. An excellent supper was served which did credit to the hostess and the party returned late after an enjoyable evening.

Red Lake Courier: An appeal in the Nels Otterness estate has been taken from the probate court by the brothers of the deceased, represented by Germo & Farley. The brothers object to the allowance of a claim of $900 in favor of A. M. Edstrom, the associate of Otterness in the hardware business at St. Hilaire. The case will probably be tried at the March term of the district court.

Adolph Brouillard, better known by many who can remember or pronounce his name as "Duff," came up from Crookston the first of the week to take his old position as millwright at the saw mill. He is the first of the wanderers to return and is a sure harbinger of spring.

The creamery directors and the directors of the new flour mill company have received a communication from Ed. L. Healy, of Red Lake Falls, in regard to furnishing power. Mr. Healy offers to furnish electric power to run both the flour mill and creamery by putting in a wire from his Red Lake Falls dam. Nothing definite has been decided in the matter but the local companies will take the matter up and get their power wherever it can be had the cheapest.

Mrs. E. R. Evans and Miss Ottilia Westlund entertained the Ladies' Twelve O'clock Club at the Evans residence last Thursday evening. Card playing was the pastime of the evening and "500" was the game played. The house was very prettily decorated with flags. Each of the tables was designated as a fort and winners were given flags. The prize winners were Miss Helen Hannay, Miss Alice Hall and Mrs. A. O. Davison. An excellent colation was served and all unite in praising the hostesses for their pleasant and novel entertainment.

An Indian payment is a thing they have up on the reservation, especially at Red Lake. The payment takes place whenever the department feels like letting go of the coin. There are 1,365 Indians at Red Lake, not including those born since morning, and every redskin of them gets his share of the payment. That is, sometimes he does, and sometimes, if he is only a baby, the department benevolently decides to hold it for him on the ten or fifteen year endowment plan. The way of a payment is this: The government suddenly decides that it will pay a half or a third of what it owes the Indian. So it sends its agent to Red Lake to make the payment. The 1,365 Indians gather at the agency. As many as have not been able to get whiskey, sit on the floor of the council house and the Chiefs talk Chippewa. They will have all the money or no payment. They send word to the agent who hears and turns over for another nap. Heap big talk at the council house and heap big drunk all over the agency. After a day, two days, the chiefs send for the agent and propound to him serious questions touching the purpose of the Great Father at Washington. The agent does not know much about these purposes but he will write the Great Father about them; meanwhile his clerk will write checks for the Indians if they will. After an impassioned speech by the oldest chief, they will. The checks are written, the store bill is paid and the rest goes for whiskey as long as that can be had, then for horses as long as they can be had, and then for shawls, sewing machines and other trifles. The usual number of blind pig horse traders are run out of town, the money is spent, the whiskey is all drunk or confiscated, the agent is gone and the 1,365 are looking forward to the next payment.—Crookston Times.

Red Lake Courier: It is given out unofficially—or perhaps we had better say excathedra—that the Great Northern will have at least a hundred men employed during the spring and summer in widening the cuts and making other repairs in and about Red Lake Falls. The railroad company has had a great deal of trouble here during the past few years with sliding clay in the cuts, and this is to be remedied for all time.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve.

The New Flour Mill.

The directors of the new flour mill company held an important meeting here yesterday afternoon. The articles of incorporation and by-laws were ready for inspection and they spent some time in looking them over preparing for the stockholders meeting which will be held here next Friday. The canvassers have one more week in which to work and expect good results.

So far as reported at this office the following is a list of farmers who have taken stock:

Nels K. Anderson
Ed. Aubol
Anton Aubol
J. A. Anderson
A. E. Anderson
Erick Anderson
N. E. Beebe
Axel F. Berg
A. E. Berglund
O. W. Brink
C. C. Bergan
L. A. Carlson
Wm. Cuno
Ira R. Carpenter
Alfred Dahlstrom
P. Engelstad
A. Aug. Erickson
Knud Finstad
John H. Falstad
Chas. Fellman
Charles Gustafson
John R. Gotela
James Gilbertson
Ole Gjerberg
Albert Geska
H. O. Haugen
Hans J. Hanson
H. Haupt
M. R. Hage
P. O. Hagglund
Erick Hoard
August Hoppe
Martin Hanson
C. A. Hull
Claus Hendricks
Oscar Hedin
C. W. Hedin
Severt Hanson
John Johanson
Emil Just
Gustaf Johanson
Gust Konikson
O. L. Larson
Ole Larson
C. A. Lindquist
Ole Loberg
Lars Loberg
Peter Lindberg
Martin McAndress
Mike McAndress
John Maakrud
Andrew Mortinson
C. H. Martz
N. A. Nelson
Lars K. Nettland
John Norman
Herman Ortloff
Paul Olson
Andrew Odegaard
Peter Peterson
Anton Peterson
P. W. Peterson
Martin J. Peterson
C. H. Peterson
J. S. Roy
Ole A. Ronning
Fred Soderberg
C. T. Swanson
Andrew Soderberg
J. M. Swenson
John P. Stroberg
August Swenson
Charles Seeger
C. A. Swanson
H. O. Wikken
Joe Waslee
Swan Wiberg

Village Election News.

The local political pot is not boiling very hard as yet, but the coming week will probably see things livelier. We learn that Prof. O'Brien who has made a very creditable village president the past year will be a candidate for re-election, and the chances that he will succeed himself are excellent. No opposition of importance has developed against him up to the present time.

K. O. Gigstad for recorder and Leonard Holmes for treasurer have both been fortunate so far and no opposition has developed.

For the council several names have been mentioned but it is hard to state who will be candidates. Among those mentioned are: C. H. Martz, Carl Johnson, H. O. Jackson, E. M. Hoff, A. S. Wilson and J. C. Dahl. A spirited contest is on for the village marshalship and C. H. Remington and K.R. Killand are already in the field. For the other minor offices very little is being said at present.

Photographing Mars.

The so-called "canals" of Mars have been successfully photographed at the Lowell observatory, Flagstaff, Arizona, a feat never before accomplished. Percival Lowell, in an article on the subject in Popular Astronomy, says that attempts to secure negatives that would show the canals have been made since 1901, but without success. Again we are reminded of what perserverance will do. It has taken years and years to reach the high excellence of golden grain belt beer, but you may now enjoy its superior qualities by simply ordering of your nearest dealers or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Stoves for Sale.

One coal stove, burns hard or soft coal, and one wood heater for sale. Inquire of Mrs. R.H. Gebott, St. Hilaire.

EYES Dr. Geo. E. Spofford, the Eye Specialist, next visit to St. Hilaire, Saturday March 10. Eyes examined. Glasses fitted. Cross-eyes treated. Office at Hotel Markham.

Car Burned.

Things were rather lively down at the burner last Wednesday afternoon. A car of shavings from the planing mill was being dumped when in some way they caught fire while in the car. The fire quickly spread to the woodwork surrounding the burner and Foreman Stapleton only stopped a serious fire by promptly organizing the pile-driving crew into a bucket brigade. The damage done was slight, except that the car was burned. It is fortunate that a crew was near at hand to put the fire out.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.

JULIUS PLETH,
Plummer, Minn.
tf

In the spring time you renovate your house. Why not your body? Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea drives out impurities, cleanses and enriches the blood and purifies the entire system. 25 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

Stray Dog.

Strayed from my premises on or about February 5th, my black and white pointer. Finder return to the undersigned and receive reward.

CHAS. J. FELLMAN,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

CALL ON
HOLMES BROS.
FOR
HARDWARE AND FURNITURE.

CLEARANCE SALE
OF ALL WARM GOODS

25 Per Cent Reduction on all LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S..........
CLOAKS,
JACKETS
and FURS

E. M. HOFF

HIS ONE WEAK SPOT.

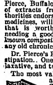
Prominent Minnesota Merchant Cured to Stay Cured by Doan's Kidney Pills.

O. C. Hayden, of O. C. Hayden & Co., dry goods merchants, of Albert Lea, Minn., says: "I was so lame that I could hardly walk. There was an unaccountable weakness of the back, and constant pain and aching. I could find no rest and was very uncomfortable at night. As my health was good in every other way I could not understand this trouble. It was just as if all the strength had gone from my back. After suffering for some time I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. The remedy acted at once upon the kidneys and when normal action was restored the trouble with my back disappeared. I have not had any return of it."

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Could Stand a Good Deal.

An Italian resident of Tennessee has been having a tobacco dispute with Congressman John Wesley Gaines, and threatens to defeat that gentleman at the next congressional election. On hearing of this Mr. Gaines remarked gently: "Defeat me? Why, if that apparition appears in my district I will shoot him full of holes and kill him every day for a week, if necessary." "I surely commiserate the gentleman after the third day," said Congressman Cousins, who stood near by.



Nature's Way Is Best.

The function strengthening and tissue building plan of treating chronic, lingering and obstinate cases of disease as pursued by Dr. Pierce, is following after Nature's plan of restoring health.

He uses natural remedies, that is extracts from native medicinal roots, prepared by processes wrought out by the expenditure of much time and money, without the use of alcohol, and by skillful combination in just the right proportions.

Used as ingredients of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, Black Cherrybark, Queen's root, Golden Seal root, Bloodroot and Stone root, specially exert their influence in cases of lung, bronchial and throat troubles, and this "DISCOVERY" is, therefore, a sovereign remedy for bronchitis, laryngitis, chronic coughs, catarrh and kindred ailments.

The above native roots also have the strongest possible endorsement from the leading medical writers, of all the several schools of practice, for the cure not only of the diseases named above but also for indigestion, torpor of liver, or biliousness, obstinate constipation, kidney and bladder troubles and catarrh, no matter where located.

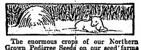
You don't have to take Dr. Pierce's say-so alone as to this; what he claims for his "Discovery" is backed up by the writings of the most eminent men in the medical profession. A request by postal card or letter, addressed to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for a little book of extracts from eminent medical authorities endorsing the ingredients of his medicines, will bring a little book *free* that is worthy of your attention if needing a good, safe, reliable remedy *of known composition* for the cure of almost any old chronic, or lingering malady.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic.

The most valuable book for both men and women is Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. A splendid 1008-page volume, with engravings and colored plates. A copy, paper-covered, will be sent to anyone sending 21 cents in one-cent stamps, to pay the cost of mailing *only*, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. Cloth-bound, 31 stamps.

Mars Moving Nearer.

Garrett P. Serviss, the celebrated astronomer, says that in July, 1907, Mars will be 10,000 miles nearer the earth than to-day, when the planet will attract attention not only from astronomers but from the general public, so striking will it appear in the heavens.



5 Tons Grass Hay Free.

Everybody loves lots and lots of fodder for hogs, cows, sheep and swine.

The enormous crops of our Northern Grown Pedigree Seeds on our seed farms the past year compel us to issue a special catalogue called

SALZER'S BARGAIN SEED BOOK.

This is brim full of bargain seeds at bargain prices.

SEND THIS NOTICE TO-DAY.

and receive free sufficient seed to grow 5 tons of grass on your lot or farm this summer and our great Bargain Seed Book with its wonderful surprises and great bargains in seeds at bargain prices.

Remit 4c and we add a package of Cosmos, the most fashionable, serviceable, beautiful annual flower.

John A. Salzer Seed Co., Lock Drawer W., La Crosse, Wis.

One Method.

"Did you see her at the party last night?"

"Yes."

"How was she dressed?"

"I'm not sure but I think some one held it for her while she stepped into it."

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Nevertheless, the man with an ax to grind always finds plenty of people loafing near the grindstone.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Make work and play constant companions. They are tried friends and hate to be separated.

DEAFNESS CURED FREE

64-PAGE BOOK which explains how to cure deafness at home: its free; write for it.

DR. W. O. COFFEE. 160, Century Bldg., Des Moines, Ia.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS.

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION

O Doubting Heart!

O doubting heart, why thus cast down?
The God in heaven rules.
And tho' both man and nature frown,
Peace broods by Siloam's pools.

Sad soul, go seek those waters sweet;
They'll health and hope restore—
For Jesus keeps, and at His feet
The waters flow e'ermore.

Nor distant far that healing fount—
It bursts from ev'ry hill,
And you may make it Pisgah's mount
Wher'er the heart may will.

No more, O heart, let doubt divide
Thy blessed Lord from thee—
Upon His promise I'll confide,
That life the end shall be.

A FORFEITED FEE

BY JAMES WILLIAM JACKSON

(Copyright, 1906, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"Fair coming on, or a hospital donation wanted?"

The rich man stood in the middle of his study, one hand holding his eyeglasses, in an attitude of expectancy, and the other waving the young clergyman to a seat.

"Nothing of the kind to-day, Mr. Clanpel," the minister said, as he took the seat.

"Some family in narrow straits, then, I suppose. I realize that men of your profession have to play the lighthouse pretty often for storm-driven and unseaworthy household barks. There! a first-rate figure."

The minister smiled and took advantage of the pause.

"I came to ask you for a new church," he thrust into the vocal vacuum.

The rich man dropped into his revolving chair with the suddenness of a discovery in gravitation.

"You did, did you? Well, I don't know about that," he said, quizzically.

"We need a church and a rectory," the minister continued, without visible discomfiture. "There will be no trouble about getting a rectory if I can manage to secure the church building."

"Married?" the rich man inquired, swinging about.

"No," was the laconic answer.

"Want to be?" Mr. Clanpel asked, curiously, as if he had searched years for such an anomaly.

"If I had the church," the clergyman replied, "I could have a rectory, and if I had a rectory I could—"

"Yes, yes; I understand," Mr. Clanpel broke in, "but I'm afraid I can't afford you a church. Yet—hold on a minute," he added, as he took up a letter which he had apparently written that morning. "See here," he continued, as he glanced over it; "read this. Here is a way in which you might get what you want."

Graham looked over the sheet and read it the second time. Then he sat for a little while in a train of thought which brought a frown to his forehead.

The revolving chair swung around once or twice, nervously, and the occupant turned about to his desk and began to write.

"Mr. Clanpel, do you remember Elizabeth Travers?" the clergyman asked, suddenly.

The pen dropped instantly and the chair came around with a quick jerk.

"In Heaven's name, man. How glibly you use a name. What do you know about her."

The rich man's face showed an interest even more profound than the clergyman had expected.

"I know all about her," Graham declared, as he rose from the chair and laid the letter on the desk.

"Sit down, man; sit down, and tell me," Clanpel begged. "There's no hurry about your going, is there?"

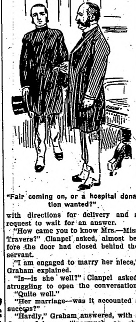
"I should make a call," Graham said, consulting his watch. "If I could write a note and send by messenger—?"

"Oh, surely, yes. Sit down here I will have a man drive over with it."

Mr. Clanpel indicated paper and envelopes. Then he touched a button and gave orders for the carriage.

The minister wrote a few lines rapidly on a plain sheet of paper, rejecting the stationery which bore the letter head of the host. As he tore up the page and re-wrote the words Mr. Clanpel paced the room in a nervous but undisturbing manner.

The sealed letter bore no address and Graham handed it to the servant with directions for delivery and a request to wait for an answer.



"Fair coming on, or a hospital donation wanted?"

"How came you to know Mrs.—Miss Travers?" Clanpel asked, almost before the door had closed behind the servant.

"I am engaged to marry her niece," Graham explained.

"Is—is she well?" Clanpel asked, struggling to open the conversation.

"Quite well."

"Her marriage—was it accounted a success?"

"Hardly," Graham answered, with a flavor of irony, "inasmuch as she never married."

The older man stared at the young clergyman for a full minute without speaking.

"Do you mean to tell me," he asked, at length, in a slow voice, "that I have deceived myself all this time?"

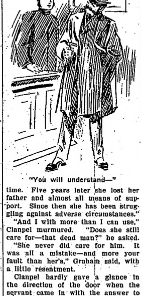
Graham nodded affirmatively.

"Man alive," Clanpel continued, with a high note in his voice; "I've had murder in my heart for years. And now you tell me that I have harbored this hate without reason. Tell me more," and Clanpel sprang up in his excitement.

"There isn't much to tell. Ten years ago you thought—only thought—Captain Thomas had won out—"

"Yes—the furies take him!" ejaculated the older man.

"He is dead," Graham said, with something of solemnity. "He died a week after his arrival in London, where he had hoped to marry her. She came back here in the course of time. Five years later she lost her father and almost all means of support. Since then she has been struggling against adverse circumstances."



"You will understand—"

"And I with more than I can use," Clanpel murmured. "Does she still care for—that dead man?" he asked.

"She never did care for him. It was all a mistake—and more your fault than her's," Graham said, with a little resentment.

Clanpel hardly gave a glance in the direction of the door when the servant came in with the answer to Graham's note.

"Mr. Clanpel," Graham asked, after reading the answer. "Do you still hold to your agreement in regard to the letter you showed me?"

"Yes," was the absent reply.

"The letter instructs your agent," Graham continued, "to secure the Mercer farm at the lowest possible figure, with thirty thousand dollars as the limit."

"That is the idea. Whatever he saves out of the thirty thousand you shall have for the church." Mr. Clanpel assured him, with evident effort to keep his mind on the subject.

"Very well," Graham replied. "I have written to the owner and this reply gives me authority to fix the price. There is a mortgage on the place; the owner must have as much as possible. I ask thirty thousand dollars. Read the letter."

Mr. Clanpel glanced at the written page.

"Signed 'Elizabeth Travers'!" he said, in amazement.

"For whose sake I would forfeit a much larger fee," Graham muttered, thinking of a younger woman.

"She wrote this?" Clanpel asked. "She must live here!"

An impatient and expectant light came into the eyes as he turned to Graham.

"She lives on the outskirts of the village," Graham admitted, "though she did not know of your home when she came."

"I'll go and buy the farm in person," Clanpel said, impetuously, as he touched the button and caught up his hat. Turning to Graham, he added, "My boy, I hardly know how to—yes, I do!"

He put on his hat, took up a pen and rapidly wrote his signature. Then, blotting it nervously he thrust it into his pocket.

"She shall fill it out," he said softly. "Ten per cent is your fee. If it is for more than three thousand dollars you will know—you will understand that—that she did not shut the door against me."

Graham deposited the next day, in the name of the church, a check for ten thousand dollars.

Tough New Hampshire Juror.

Possibly the civic conscience was less sensitive in times past than it is to-day, in spite of frenzied statements to the contrary. At any rate, the following story is told of a tough old citizen of Lee, N. H., who was drawn on the jury some decades ago. The case was a capital one, and when it became time for the jury to decide the old man was much puzzled.

"Vote," exclaimed he, in great excitement, "why, I don't know how to vote! Who picked me, who picked me, anyway? Which side shall I vote for?"

Japs Control Monopolies.

The Japanese government to-day controls many of the important monopolies. A large percentage of the railroads, the telegraph and telephone lines, the salt-works, the tobacco monopoly, and the camphor production are directly under the control of the government.

TREE REVERED BY MEXICANS.

Peculiar Formation Has Made It Known as "Tree of Fate."

The height of happiness is reached by the Broadway florist when he puts some new growth in his window that attracts the crowds. He feels like a theatrical star at a first night's performance.

This week one of the craft has been displaying a Toluca hand tree. The shrub is not very large, but boasts wondrous flame flowers. The calyx is blood red, and each column of stamens support a tiny hand that seems to have been dipped in blood.

Mexicans revere the tree and pray beneath it. It is sometimes called the Tree of Fate. When the devotees solicit advice beneath its branches if they have patience and wait long enough; the fingers of the hand will point the direction to take on a homeward journey in order to have good luck. The unsuperstitious scientists say that the pointing of the fingers is but the action of the wind and air, but the devotees pooh-pooh this.

In its native land jeweled rings are placed upon the Toluca's hand to propitiate the spirit of the tree and bring happiness to the donor.—New York Press.

ALL IN THE SLEEP OF DEATH.

Mother and Children Together on Life's Last Journey.

In a fashionable London (Eng.) hotel a few days ago two little children lay in bed by the side of their mother, apparently asleep. In reality they were dead, while their mother, a beautiful and rich young lady, was herself unconscious and on the brink of death. The night before the mother, full of cheerfulness, had taken them to the theater. In the morning the hotel servants found the gas jet turned fully on and the crevices of the room stopped up with paper, antimacassars, and other things. On the dressing table was a slip of paper on which was written in a good, firm hand, "Please wire for my husband." Near the slip of paper was an envelope containing two letters. One was from the little girl who, in her nightdress with its pink bows, lay in bed dead. It ran: "Dear Daddy—We have come up to London, and we are going to see the pantomime. I hope you won't miss us." Crosses for kisses were added. The other letter in the envelope, written apparently by the woman to her husband, expressed the hope that what she was doing would be "for your benefit."

The Chinese Clerk.

Chinese merchants and clerks are in evidence wherever trade is carried on in Hongkong, writes Edwin Wildman in the Chautauquan for February. The great banking houses employ Chinese money changers, interest clerks and schroffs. No white man can compete in methods of lightning calculation with the Oriental. The long, slim fingers of the Chinaman, gliding over the beads of the abacus, is a sight to inspire admiration. With the agility and accuracy of a piano player the Chinese accountant will perform problems of arithmetic that are astounding. The most complicated sums in banking are computed with the ease a professional pianist might render the simplest melody. Counterfeit money is the order, rather than the unusual, in China; the whole country is full of it. But the Chinese schroff will detect by touch a spurious coin or bill, as it passes through his fingers or glides across his palm. He can count a pile of dollars, running them over his hand with such rapidity that the eye of the onlooker is unable to distinguish anything but an uninterrupted stream of silver. The integrity of the Chinese clerk is well known. He is the accountant, cashier and middle man.

Resting Period One of Profit.

The man who fails to appreciate the value of recreation is making a great mistake. Attention to business and devotion to duty are essential to success in this strenuous age, but that fact is in itself the most eloquent plea for a season of rest; a breathing spell so that the high tension methods of to-day will not wear us out before our time. If the every-day pace was more moderate there would be less urgent need of rest. It is the pace we are keeping time to in business in this age that makes a vacation imperative. Exhaustion results in not only temporary but a permanent loss of vital force. The rest period is often the profit period in a busy man's life. No machine can run incessantly without repairs and the vacation time is the repair time in the great scheme of human economy.—Four Track News.

Famous Political Prognosticator.

As a political prognosticator Major Alexander McDowell, clerk of the house, is reckoned without a peer in his end of the capitol building in Washington. He called the nomination of McKinley in 1896 and Parker in 1904. He picked Reed for speaker in the fifty-fourth congress and Reed's successors in the chair—Henderson and Cannon. He has also been successful in calling the turn in state nominations in Pennsylvania, and as the major hails from the keystone state he comes mighty near knowing all the ins and outs of Pennsylvania politics. The other day Major McDowell was asked if he could name the man to lead the Democrats in 1908. With a good-natured smile he answered: "Why not ask me who wrote the 'Beautiful Snow'?"

Spoke Too Soon.

"My dear," said the caller, "I was over to see Mrs. Gabbitt yesterday afternoon, and you just ought to have heard what she said about you. Why, she talked about you all the time I was there."

"Mrs. Gabbitt!" exclaims the hostess, warmly. "Well, all I've got to say is that nobody believes a word she says. That woman couldn't speak the truth if she tried. Everything she says is pure invention—I won't give it a worse name, but I have my own opinion."

"I'm dreadfully sorry to hear it. She talked all the time about you, and said she thought you were the nicest woman in this town, and a lot more of the same nature."—Chicago Tribune.

Fate.

"Will yez please tell me the name of that picture, missus?"

"It is called 'Kismet,' Bridget."

"And phwat be the maning of kismet, ma'am?"

"Why, it means fate," replied her mistress.

A few days afterward Bridget came limping into the room.

"Have you hurt yourself?" asked her mistress.

"Indade an' I have, mum. I just dhropped the smoothing iron on me kismet."

Booker T. in New York.

Booker T. Washington is in New York city urging upon the negroes the necessity of working for practical and not imaginary needs. In that city there are 65,000 negroes, and Prof. Washington is devoting his time in the line of widening their field of employment. "Stop talking politics and work," is the burden of his advice to his colored brethren.

Which would you rather be? The victim of an anonymous note, or be suspected of writing the note.

One Way to Cook a Quail.

A quail, as every one knows, is naturally one of the dryest of birds, and it is always a question with cooks how best to preserve its juices.

To take off the skin is to take away the greatest part of the juices, and such a quail, broiled or roasted, would be little better eating than cottonwood chips. In North Carolina they cook a quail in the middle of a big potato. This little receipt is worth a column on skinning quail.

Among the "Speakers."

A meeting or reunion of the graduates of a deaf mute school was held in a Western city recently, and an account of the proceedings was sent out to newspapers by a local scribe. This account contained a careful list of "speakers."

Country of Bathers.

From 800,000 to 1,000,000 persons go to the public baths of Tokio, Japan, daily, and there are tens of thousands of private baths besides. The town has fewer than 2,000,000 people.

Identified.

"That young man who has so much to say about things is one of the partners in the concern, ain't he?" said a visitor at a wholesale establishment.

"No, he is one of the clerks."

"And who is that quiet looking old man who seems to be so much afraid of giving any trouble?"

"He owns the business."

Insanity and Love Affairs.

Judging by the insanity returns, sixteen cases in 1,000 are caused by love affairs.

Memorial to Theodore Thomas.

The May Festival association of Cincinnati will erect a memorial to the late Theodore Thomas in that city, toward which A. Howard Hinkle, former president of the association, has started a subscription fund with $5,000.

The supposed grave of Eve is visited by over 400,000 pilgrims in each year. It is to be seen at Jaddah, in a cemetery outside the city walls. The tomb is fifty cubits long and twelve wide.

NEW FOOD LAW

People now demand the right to know exactly what they eat.

To be told by maker or retailer that the food is "pure" is not satisfactory.

Candy may contain "pure" white clay or "pure" dyes and yet be very harmful. Syrups may contain "pure" glucose and yet be quite digestible and even beneficial. Tomato catsup may contain a small amount of salicylic or boracic acid as a necessary preservative, which may agree with one and be harmful to another.

Wheat flour may contain a portion of corn flour and really be improved. Olive oil may be made of cotton seed oil. Butter may contain beef suet and yet be nutritious.

The person who buys and eats must protect himself and family, and he has a right to, and now demands, a law under which he can make intelligent selection of food.

Many pure food bills have been introduced and some passed by State legislatures; many have been offered to Congress, but all thus far seem objectionable.

It has seemed difficult for politicians to formulate a satisfactory bill that would protect the common people and yet avoid harm to honest makers and prevent endless trouble to retailers. No gov't commission or officer has the right to fix "food standards," to define what the people shall and shall not eat, for what agrees with one may not agree with another, and such act would deprive the common citizen of his personal liberty. The Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., perhaps the largest makers of prepared foods in the world, have naturally a close knowledge of the needs of the people and the details of the business of the purveyors (the retail grocer), and, guided by this experience have prepared a bill for submission to Congress which is intended to accomplish the desired ends, and inasmuch as a citizen of the U. S. has a right to food protection even when he enters another State, it is deemed proper that the gov't take control of this matter and provide a national law to govern all the states. A copy of the bill is herewith reproduced.

Sec. 1 governs the maker whether the food is put up in small packages sealed, or in barrels, boxes or otherwise.

Sec. 2 governs the retailer who may open a barrel and sell the food in small quantities. When he puts the goods into a paper bag he must also inclose a printed copy of the statement of the maker which was affixed to the original pkg., and inasmuch as the retailer cannot undertake to guarantee the statement of ingredients he must publish the statement of the makers and add his own name and address as a guarantee of his selling the food as it is represented to him, which relieves the retailer of responsibility of the truth of the statement and throws it upon the maker, where it properly belongs.

The remaining sections explain themselves.

The Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., for example, have from the beginning of its existence printed on the outside of each and every pkg. of Postum and Grape-Nuts food a truthful and exact statement of what the contents were made of in order that the consumer might know precisely what he or she was eating. A person desiring to buy, for instance, strictly pure fruit jelly and willing to pay the price has a right to expect not only an equivalent for the cost, but a further right to a certainty as to what he eats. Or he may be willing to buy at less cost a jelly made part of fruit juices, sugar and a portion of glucose. But he must be supplied with truthful information of the ingredients and be permitted to use his personal liberty to select his own food accurately.

The people have allowed the slow murder of infants and adults by tricky makers of food, drink and drugs to go on about long enough. Duty to oneself, family and nation demands that every man and woman join in an organized movement to clear our people from this blight. You may not be able to go personally to Washington to impress your Congressmen, but you can, in a most effective way tell him by letter how you desire him to represent you.

Remember, the Congressman is in Congress to represent the people from his district and if a goodly number of citizens express their views to him, he secures a very sure guide to duty. Remember also that the safety of the people is assured by insisting that the will of the people be carried out, and not the machinations of the few for selfish interests.

This pure food legislation is a pure movement of the people for public protection. It will be opposed only by those who fatten their pockets by deceiving and injuring the people. Therefore, if your Representative in Congress evades his patriotic duty hold him to strict accountability, and if necessary demand equitable and honest service. This is a very different condition than when a faction demands class legislation of the Congressman. Several years ago the butter interests of the country demanded legislation to kill the oleomargarine industry and by power of organization forced class legislation really unworthy of a free people. Work people wanted beef suet butter because it was cheap and better than much unclean milk butter, but the dairy interests organized and forced the legislation. The law should have provided that pkgs. of oleomargarine bear the statement of ingredients and then let people who desire purchase it for just what it is, and not try to kill it by a heavy tax. Manufacturers sometimes try to force measures in their own interests, but contrary to the interests of the people and the labor trust is always active to push through bills drafted in the interest of that trust but directly contrary to the interests of the people as a whole. Witness the anti-injunction bill by which labor unions seek to tie the hands of our courts and prevent the issue of any order to restrain the members of that trust from attacking men or destroying property. Such a bill is perhaps the most infamous insult to our courts and the common people ever laid before Congress and the Representatives in Congress must be held to a strict accountability for their acts relating thereto. But when bills come before Congress that are drawn in the interests of all the people they should receive the active personal support of the people and the representatives be instructed by the citizens. The Senators also should be written to and instructed. If, therefore, you will remember your privilege and duty you will at once—now—write to your Congressman and Senator on this pure food bill. Clip and enclose the copy herewith presented and ask them to make a business of following it through the committee considering it. Urge its being brought to a vote and requesting that they vote for it.

Some oppressively intelligent and carping critic may say this is simply an advertisement for Postum and Grape-Nuts. It is true that these articles are spoken of here in a public manner, but they are used as illustrations of a manufacturer seeking by example, printing on each pkg. a truthful, exact statement of ingredients, to shame other makers into doing the fair thing by the common people, and establishing an era of pure food, but that procedure has not yet forced those who adulterate and deceive to change their methods, hence this effort to arouse public sentiment and show a way out of the present condition of fraud, deceit and harm.

The undersigned is paying to the publishers of America about $20,000.00 to print this announcement in practically all of the great papers and magazines, in the conduct of what he chooses to term "an educational campaign," esteemed to be of greater direct value to the people than the establishment of many libraries. That is held to be a worthy method of using money for the public good. Tell the people facts, show them a way to help themselves and rely upon them to act intelligently and effectively.

The reader will be freely forgiven if he entirely forgets the reference to Postum and Grape-Nuts, if he will but join the pure food movement and do things.

C. W. POST.

Text of Pure Food Bill.

If it meets approval cut it out, sign name and address and send to your representative in congress. Buy two or more publications from which you cut this. Keep one for reference and send the other to one of the U. S. Senators from your State. Ask one or two friends to do the same and the chances for Pure Food will be good.

A BILL

TO REQUIRE MANUFACTURERS AND SHIPPERS OF FOODS FOR INTERSTATE SHIPMENT TO LABEL SAID FOODS AND PRINT THE INGREDIENTS CONTAINED IN SUCH FOODS ON EACH PACKAGE THEREOF.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That every person, firm or corporation engaged in the manufacture, preparation or compounding of food for human consumption, shall print in plain view on each package thereof made by or for them shipped from any State or Territory, or the District of Columbia, a complete and accurate statement of all the ingredients thereof, defined by words in common use to describe said ingredients, together with the announcement that said statement is made by the authority of, and guaranteed to be accurate by, the makers of such food, and the name and complete address of the makers shall be affixed thereto; all printed in plain type of a size not less than that known as eight point, and in the English language.

Sec. 2, That the covering of each and every package of manufactured, prepared or compounded, foods shipped from any State, Territory or the District of Columbia, when the food in said package shall have been taken from a covering supplied by or for the makers and re-covered by or for the sellers, shall bear upon its face or within its enclosure an accurate copy of the statement of ingredients and name of the makers which appeared upon the package or covering of said food as supplied by or for the makers thereof, printed in like manner as the statement of the makers was printed, and such statement shall also bear the name and address of the person, firm or corporation that re-covered such food.

Sec. 3, That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to purposely, wilfully and maliciously remove, alter, obliterate or destroy such statement of ingredients appearing on packages of food, as provided in the preceding sections, and any person or persons who shall violate this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or imprisoned not less than one month nor more than six months, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 4, That the Bureau of Chemistry of the Department of Agriculture shall procure, or cause to be procured from retail dealers, and analyze, or cause to be analyzed or examined, chemically, microscopically, or otherwise, samples of all manufactured, prepared or compounded foods offered for sale in original, unbroken packages in the District of Columbia, in any Territory, or in any State other than that in which they shall have been respectively manufactured or otherwise produced, or, from a foreign country, or intended for export to a foreign country. The Secretary of Agriculture shall make necessary rules and regulations for carrying out the provisions of this Act, and is hereby authorized to employ such chemists, inspectors, clerks, laborers, and other employees, as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act and to make such publication of the results of the examinations and analysis as he may deem proper. And any manufacturer, producer or dealer who shall refuse to supply, upon application and tender and full payment of the selling price samples of such articles of food to any person duly authorized by the Secretary of Agriculture to receive the same, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding one hundred days, or both.

Sec. 5, That any person, firm or corporation, who shall violate sections one and two of this Act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not exceeding two hundred dollars for the first offense and for each subsequent offense not exceeding three hundred dollars or be imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 6, That any person, firm, or corporation, who shall wilfully, purposely or maliciously change or add to the ingredients of any food, make false charges, or incorrect analysis, with the purpose of subjecting the makers of such foods to fine or imprisonment under this Act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars nor less than three hundred dollars, or imprisoned for not less than thirty days nor more than one year, or both.

Sec. 7, That it shall be the duty of every district attorney to whom the Secretary of Agriculture shall report any violation of this Act to cause proceedings to be commenced and prosecuted without delay for the fines and penalties in such case provided.

Sec. 8, That this Act shall not be construed to interfere with commerce wholly internal in any State, nor with the exercise of their police powers by the several States.

Sec. 9, That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed.

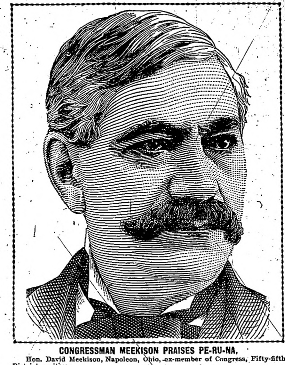
Sec. 10, That this Act shall be in force and effect from and after the first day of October, nineteen hundred and six.

The undersigned respectfully requests the Representatives from his district and Senators from his State to support this measure.

Signed.................. City.................. State..................

HAD CATARRH THIRTY YEARS.

Congressman Meekison Gives Praise to Pe-ru-na For His Recovery.



CONGRESSMAN MEEKISON PRAISES PE-RU-NA.

Hon. David Meekison, Napoleon, Ohio, ex-member of Congress, Fifty-fifth District, writes:

> *"I have used several bottles of Peruna and I feel greatly benefited thereby from my catarrh of the head. I feel encouraged to believe that if I use it a short time longer I will be fully able to eradicate the disease of thirty years' standing."—David Meekison.*

ANOTHER SENSATIONAL CURE: Mr. Jacob L. Davis, Galena, Stone county, Mo., writes: "I have been in bad health for thirty-seven years, and after taking twelve bottles of your Peruna I am cured."—Jacob L. Davis.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

To Congress on Coin Toss.

Congressman Gillespie of Texas went to congress the first time on the toss of a coin. There were three candidates, and, after thousands of ballots were taken, it was decided to break the deadlock by the toss of a coin. The third man was eliminated on the first toss and Gillespie won the second toss and the nomination.

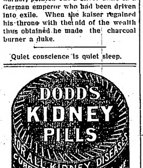
Work and the Man.

The contractors who were boring the Pennsylvania tunnel are getting on rapidly. Not a little of their success is due to the rivalry aroused by boss drillers, who have hit upon a scheme of mixing the races where the work is the hardest. For instance, alongside of a Pole will be stationed an Italian, and next to them will be put an Irish man and a negro. Race pride does the rest, and the pace set to try each man's endurance opens up a big hole in the black wall ahead of them.

Charcoal Burner Rewarded.

It is said that one of the duke of Teck's ancestors, who was a charcoal burner, pointed out a silver mine to a German emperor who had been driven into exile. When the kaiser regained his throne with the aid of the wealth thus obtained he made the charcoal burner a duke.

Quiet conscience is quiet sleep.



Colds are the common beginnings of many dangerous diseases The old folks know that when Dr. A. Johnson established in 1810

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE **LINIMENT**

For Internal and External use he gave mankind a sure household remedy for colds, coughs, croup, grip, bronchitis, cuts, burns, wounds and sore or lame muscles. 25 and 50 cts. At druggists.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Our catalogue gives special instructions for the most successful cultivation of each class of vegetables. Send for a copy. **FREE**

J. J. H. Gregory & Son, Marblehead, Mass.

And on the Other Side.

Goodfellow—Say what you will, we Americans admire commercial integrity. We all bow to honesty.

Cynicus—Yes, bow to it and pass on.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Noted Norwegian Family.

Mrs. Nansen, the wife of the explorer, is a singer of note. Her father was a zoologist, her mother a sister of the Norwegian poet Welhaven, and her brother, Ernest Save, is a professor of history in the University of Christiania.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Many people believe in you. If they don't, show them that they are unwise.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Lucky in Wall Street.

Ex-Congressman Jefferson M. Levy of New York is credited with having been the most successful of all the lucky men in Wall street in the great bull movement now in progress. He is said to have made between $7,000,000 and $8,000,000.

To Get the Best Out of Life:

Order the life habits to conform to the laws of hygiene, take proper rest, food, drink and exercise, have plenty of light, fresh aid and sunshine, and take a cup of Garfield Tea daily. This mild laxative insures Good Health. Druggists sell Garfield Tea.

The man who can interfere in woman's affairs and not get the worst of it deserves a whole side in the Hall of Fame.

NOT YOUR HEART

If you think you have heart disease you are only one of a countless number that are deceived by indigestion into believing the heart is affected.

Lane's Family Medicine

the tonic-laxative, will get your stomach back into good condition, and then the chances are ten to one that you will have no more symptoms of heart disease.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

C.C.C.–C.C.C.–C.C.C.–C.C.C.–C.C.C.–C.C.C.–C.C.C.

A Special Representative Wanted

(Man or Woman.)

Best of references required. Address

H. S. HOWLAND,

1 MADISON AVENUE, - - NEW YORK CITY.

C.C.C.–C.C.C.–C.C.C.–C.C.C.–C.C.C.–C.C.C.–C.C.C.

TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE

PRICE, 25 Cts.

ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee it. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.

F. W. Diemer, M. D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

DAIRY NOTES

Winter Prices for Milk.

The price for milk in the winter is generally very much higher than in the summer. The difference for the whole country is about the difference between 50 cents and $1.50. This difference, however, is extreme. In the West, some of the milk will sell as low as 90 cents per hundred pounds in summer and $1.40 in winter, this difference being about 50 cents. There is very little excuse for this great difference in price, especially for the small price in summer. It can only be explained on the supposition that farmers have not yet learned how to dispose of their milk in the summer time. We believe that, all things considered, and on a well equipped farm, milk can be produced as cheaply, or nearly as cheaply, in winter as summer.

In the summer, often the question of milking is a serious one, because all the people on the farm are engaged in looking after the crops that are then being grown. In the wintertime, labor is more abundant and the people who are doing the work on the farm are less pressed for time. Milking, therefore, should cost less in the winter than in the summer. We said, "on the farm that is well equipped." This, of course, means the farm that has a silo and where a great amount of silage has been put up in the fall. On some of our greatest dairy farms the cows are not turned out at all during the summertime, so far as pasturing is concerned; but they are fed in the stalls, summer and winter, in such cases winter feed costing practically the same as summer feed.

The price for winter milk in northern Illinois should be $1.40 or $1.50 per hundred pounds, on the basis of the present price of feed. We believe, at such prices, it is possible for the farmer to make money, providing he so arranges his breeding operations that about half of his cows will come in fresh in the fall.

Feeding for Milk.

Taking it for granted that the dairyman has warm and comfortable winter quarters for his milch cows, a good flow of milk is readily produced with proper feed and management. If the farmer has corn silage, he is able to put up the best and cheapest dairy ration obtainable. We feed cows on full flow of milk from 20 to 25 pounds of silage twice a day, morning and night. At noon, bright, clean clover or millet hay is given, in such quantities as will be eaten up clean. About three pounds of bran is given with silage to those on full flow of milk, while others receive proportionately less. The feeder must constantly watch his animals, as to how they respond to liberal feeding, and vary his methods with different animals. With silage that has an abundance of corn in it there is no need of feeding ground corn.

Salt the cows about every other day, giving a small handful on feed. This will keep their bowels open and prevent disorders of the digestive organs, which occur quite frequently with animals highly fed. Where no silage is obtainable, a good flow can be maintained by feeding good clover or millet hay in the morning and bright shredded corn fodder at night.

For the grain ration, feed about four pounds of bran and two pounds of corn-meal, or four pounds of corn and cob-meal, twice a day. Although not as good as the silage ration, still, in the absence of a silo, it will prove very satisfactory. Feed, water and milk the cows regularly; see to their every comfort, treat them kindly at milking time, and rest assured that you will receive your reward in a good flow of milk.—H. Pfaender, Brown Co., Minn., in Farmers' Review.

So-Called "Wonder" Churns.

Many of the churns being offered upon the market with "wonder" attached to their name in some form or other are good things for the farmer to let alone. We have just heard of a new churn of this kind being manufactured in Massachusetts. It makes a pound of butter from a quart of milk, which has been the form of fraud most commonly practiced in the sale of such churns. It is easy enough, by the use of pepsin, to collect the butter-fat and the casein in milk into one mass that looks very much like butter. The mass, however, is not butter, but a very rich, soft cheese. The men that sell these churns depend upon this deception for making their sales, and we are sorry to believe that they find altogether too many buyers.

Dairying in Argentina.

The dairy industry is rapidly advancing in Argentina. This is shown by figures recently published by the government of that country. Eleven years ago the export of butter amounted to less than twenty tons. The following year, 1905, the figures were 494 tons; in 1901 they had reached a total of 1,510 tons; in 1902 the total exports of butter were 4,125 tons; in 1903 the exports were 5,520 tons. Of these last Great Britain bought 4,114 tons and Africa 1,213 tons. We have no later statistics than those of 1903. The number of cows in the republic devoted largely to the production of milk for human consumption is about 2,000,000.

Feeding Farm Horses.

L. A. Merrill, Utah, speaking to a concourse of farmers, said the amount of hay fed on the ordinary farm may be greatly reduced, so far as horses are concerned. This, he said, would be a saving to the farmers and would result in reducing the digestive disorders to which the horses are subject. Horses should receive most of the hay at night, very little in the morning and none at all for the noon meal. Always water before feeding. Oats make the best grain feed for horses, but these can be replaced by bran or shorts or supplemented by the use of corn. Carrots and sugar-beet pulp have a marked beneficial effect in horse feeding, serving as a laxative and tonic, as well as enabling the horse to digest the hay and grain more effectively. Horses may eat as much as 40 pounds of sugar beet pulp daily.

POULTRY

Foundation of the New Poultry House.

After building a number of poultry houses one has certain important facts impressed upon him. One of these that comes home with a good deal of force to the writer is the matter of foundation. If he builds another poultry house he will see that the foundation is perfect and that it will be more than strong enough. A poultry house that is not properly built in this respect will be a nuisance in several ways.

It is customary to build poultry houses on slopes where it can be done, and that is proper, as it gives good drainage. But in case the foundation proves to be poor and needs to be supported it will generally be found very difficult to do anything without raising the house by means of jack screws. The writer has had a very vexatious task of this kind. The trouble is that one end of the house is set so close to the ground that one cannot get under it or even get at the parts that need to be supported.

When a poultry house has to be erected that is twelve feet or more wide there should be a row of supports running the length of the house under the very middle. Almost all amateurs make the mistake of supporting the house only on the sides and ends. The twelve-foot joists, even though they be six inches deep and two thick, have a very great amount of vibration and it is unpleasant to walk over a floor laid on such joists. But if the time ever comes that the house has to be used for another purpose than poultry keeping, this kind of a floor will be found to be unendurable. This possibility should be borne in mind, for numerous poultry houses become transformed in time into houses for other purposes, especially if they are of good size.

A fault that is very noticeable in the building of most of the houses used by our poultry is that they are merely set on posts stuck in the ground for perhaps two feet. In a few years some of these posts rot and others get a lean on them out of plumb due to the ground on one side of the poultry house being softer than on the other side. The rain gets into the holes and the soil there becomes softer than at any other point, and this does not improve as the years go by. Settling goes on year after year. I have in mind a poultry house that cost nearly a hundred dollars. It was set on cedar posts and the posts are badly rotted now in spite of the fact that cedar is supposed to be resistent to rot. Some of the cedar posts have also got out of plumb, and the house has moved over several inches to accommodate the posts. What the end will be nobody knows.

Build the foundations strong in the first place. If the building is to rest on supports of any kind dig deep holes in the ground and put in brick or stone duly cemented. Have a big timber running the length of the building and also resting on the same kind of piers. This will cost a little more than the posts, but it will be more satisfactory, and years afterward the owner will be glad that he so invested the money that the good foundations cost.

Cost of Transporting Fowls.

Late in the fall or early in the winter is the best time for the farmer to buy poultry to replenish his stock or to give him a high quality of breeders. These should be mated early in February. I think it is better for him to buy male birds, but he can do much by buying both kinds. He need not be afraid to buy birds at a considerable distance from him, as they can be shipped long distances without deterioration. The cost of shipping birds is not great when we consider the bulk of the bird and the trouble any living thing is to the transportation companies. I shipped one bird to Cripple Creek, Col., for $1.25, cost of transportation. On one shipped to Los Angeles the cost of transportation was $1.50. I have shipped several to Kansas at the rate of 80 cents each. I find that birds can be shipped in winter without being in danger of taking cold, if they are boxed right. Whether the birds are taken care of on the railroads is a thing we cannot know, as that depends on the employes. Some are careful of such things and some are not. Some farmers are afraid to buy from flocks at a distance because they are afraid of roup and other contagious diseases. I can only say to that, that it is necessary to deal with a reputable dealer, and that is true whether he lives near by or far away. The only way that a farmer can know that he is getting good birds and not scrubs when he buys poultry is to educate himself along the line of poultry, judging all he buys by a book called the American Standard of Perfection, which describes all the classes of poultry now in general use, with the exception of a few breeds brought out recently, which the American Association of Poultry Raisers do not yet admit as standard breeds. If a man pays for a first-class bird and when it arrives finds it is not what he paid for, the remedy is for him to ship it back at once.—Marcian P. Seavey, Cook Co., Ill.

Incubator in Cold Weather.

Below I give my methods of incubation. I mate my birds in January and begin to set the eggs some time in February. Frequently I begin about the 15th. I find the fowls hatched in March and April are the best winter layers and also make the best show birds the coming winter. They do not need to be pushed forward by high feeding as do those that are hatched later in the spring. I place 15 eggs under each hen. But we use only a few hens, so I have two incubators. Each of these holds 150 eggs. I only start one at a time and then ten days afterwards start the other and I keep them going. That gives me a hatch every ten days. If I have a hen that wants to set, I set her in the basement if the weather is cold.—C. W. Brehn, Clay Co., Neb.

The farmer's cow should be the best cow in the country.

The Football Heart.

President James Burrill Angell of the University of Michigan was lamenting the serious injuries that have befallen collegiate football players this season.

"At such a rate," he ended, smiling, "it won't be long before the popular melodrama of the day will contain dialogue of this nature:

"Heroine—Have you no pity? Is there no tenderness in your nature?

"Villain—Ha, ha, no! You appeal to a heart of adamant. For, listen, girl: I was once the center rush of a great football eleven.

"Heroine (sinking back in a swoon) —Then heaven help me. There is indeed no hope."

Spools Made of Sawdust.

William L. Williams of this city has been at work on a process of making a fiber spool for several years. At first the attempt was made to make the spools from pulverized newspapers, this being done by incorporating a substance with the paper which, when heated, united it into a solid mass, but later experiments disclosed the fact that common sawdust and leather chips and shavings produced a much stronger spool. The ordinary large 12,000 yard spools are made in four pieces, the heads being solid and the barrel being divided in halves lengthwise.

Timber for wooden spools has become very scarce, and it is believed that the fiber spool can be made more cheaply than the wooden one.

World's Wonderful Necklace.

The gaekwar of Baroda, the Indian potentate who has been entertaining the prince and princess of Wales, possesses the most wonderful necklace in the world. It is a collar composed of five rows of 100 diamonds each, the whole set between rows of emeralds. Some of the stones are as large as walnuts, and all of them are of the greatest purity.

AWFUL PSORIASIS 35 YEARS.

Terrible Scaly Humor in Patches All Over the Body—Skin Cracked and Bleeding—Cured by Cuticura.

"I was afflicted with psoriasis for thirty-five years. It was in patches all over my body. I used three cakes of Cuticura Soap, six boxes of Ointment and two bottles of Resolvent. In thirty days I was completely cured, and I think permanently, as it was about five years ago. The psoriasis first made its appearance in red spots, generally forming a circle, leaving in the center a spot about the size of a silver dollar of sound flesh. In a short time the affected circle would form a heavy dry scale of a white silvery appearance and would gradually drop off. To remove the entire scales by bathing or using oil to soften them the flesh would be perfectly raw, and a light discharge of bloody substance would ooze out. That scaly crust would form again in twenty-four hours. It was worse on my arms and limbs, although it was in spots all over my body, also on my scalp. If I let the scales remain too long without removing by bath or otherwise, the skin would crack and bleed. I suffered intense itching, worse at nights after getting warm in bed, or blood warm by exercise, when it would be almost unbearable. W. M. Chidester, Hutchinson, Kan., April 20, 1905."

A child usually tells the truth as a grown person tells a lie—at the wrong time.

One hour to-day is worth two to-morrow.

Backache, "The Blues"

Both Symptoms of Organic Derangement in Women—Thousands of Sufferers Find Relief.

Mrs. J. G. Holmes
Emma Cotrely

How often do we hear women say: "It seems as though my back would break," or "Don't speak to me, I am all out of sorts"? These significant remarks prove that the system requires attention.

Backache and "the blues" are direct symptoms of an inward trouble which will sooner or later declare itself. It may be caused by diseased kidneys or some derangement of the organs. Nature requires assistance and at once, and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound instantly asserts its curative powers in all those peculiar ailments of women. It has been the standby of intelligent American women for twenty years, and the best judges agree that it is the most universally successful remedy for woman's ills known to medicine.

Read the convincing testimonials of Mrs. Holmes and Mrs. Cotrely.

Mrs. J. C. Holmes, of Larimore, North Dakota, writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I have suffered everything with backache and female trouble—I let the trouble run on until my system was in such a condition that I was unable to be about, and then it was I commenced to use Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. If I had only known how much suffering I would have saved I should have taken it months sooner—for a few weeks' treatment made me well and strong. My backaches and headaches are all gone and I suffer no pain at my monthly periods, whereas before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I suffered intense pain."

Mrs. Emma Cotrely, 109 East 12th Street, New York City, writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I feel it my duty to tell all suffering women of the relief I have found in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. When I commenced taking the Compound I suffered everything with backaches, headaches, and female troubles. I am completely cured and enjoy the best of health, and I owe it all to you."

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful periods, weakness, displacements or ulceration, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the female organs, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles.

No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles. No other medicine in the world has received this widespread and unqualified endorsement. Refuse to buy any substitute.

FREE ADVICE TO WOMEN.

Remember, every woman is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about her symptoms she does not understand. Mrs. Pinkham is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, her assistant before her decease, and for twenty-five years since her advice has been freely and cheerfully given to every ailing woman who asks for it. Her advice and medicine have restored to health innumerable women. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands a Woman's Ills.

WET?

No doubt you'll need a **TOWER'S** FISH BRAND **SUIT or SLICKER** this season.

Make no mistake—it's the kind that's guaranteed to keep you dry and comfortable in the hardest storm. Made in Black or Yellow. Sold by all reliable dealers.

A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, U.S.A.

TOWER CANADIAN CO., Ltd. Toronto, Can.

WRITE FOR TRIAL PACKAGE "GOLD COIN HEAVE CURE"

GOLD COIN HEAVE CURE FREE

"I have used over 100 packages of your Heave Cure on different horses, and it has never failed me yet." —WM. J. WENZ, St. Paul.

Send 4c for Postage, and mention this paper.

Gold Coin Stock Food Co. 104 E. 5th St. St. Paul, Minn.

N W N U —NO. 9— 1906.

$16 AN ACRE

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

in Western Canada is the amount many farmers will realize from their wheat crop this year.

25 Bushels to the Acre Will be the Average Yield of Wheat.

The land that this was grown on cost many of the farmers absolutely nothing, while those who wished to add to the 160 acres the Government grants, can buy land adjoining at from $6 to $10 an acre.

Climate splendid, school convenient, railways close at hand, taxes low.

Send for pamphlet "20th Century Canada" and full particulars regarding rates, etc., to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the following authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

DR. COFFEE'S 80-PAGE EYE BOOK FREE

It tells how to cure eye diseases at home without visiting a Doctor—Write to DR. W. O. COFFEE. 340, Century Bldg., Des Moines, Ia.

HIGH CLASS DRUGGISTS

AND — OTHERS.

The better class of druggists, everywhere, are men of scientific attainments and high integrity, who devote their lives to the welfare of their fellow men in supplying the best of remedies and purest medicinal agents of known value, in accordance with physicians' prescriptions and scientific formula. Druggists of the better class manufacture many excellent remedies, but always under original or officinal names and they never sell false brands, or imitation medicines. They are the men to deal with when in need of anything in their line, which usually includes all standard remedies and corresponding adjuncts of a first-class pharmacy and the finest and best of toilet articles and preparations and many useful accessories and remedial appliances. The earning of a fair living, with the satisfaction which arises from a knowledge of the benefits conferred upon their patrons and assistance to the medical profession, is usually their greatest reward for long years of study and many hours of daily toil. They all know that Syrup of Figs is an excellent laxative remedy and that it gives universal satisfaction, and therefore they are selling many millions of bottles annually to the well informed purchasers of the choicest remedies, and they always take pleasure in handing out the genuine article bearing the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package. They know that in cases of colds and headaches attended by biliousness and constipation and of weakness or torpidity of the liver and bowels, arising from irregular habits, indigestion, or over-eating, that there is no other remedy so pleasant, prompt and beneficial in its effects as Syrup of Figs, and they are glad to sell it because it gives universal satisfaction.

Owing to the excellence of Syrup of Figs, the universal satisfaction which it gives and the immense demand for it, imitations have been made, tried and condemned, but there are individual druggists to be found, here and there, who do not maintain the dignity and principles of the profession and whose greed gets the better of their judgment, and who do not hesitate to recommend and try to sell the imitations in order to make a larger profit. Such preparations sometimes have the name—"Syrup of Figs"—or "Fig Syrup" and of some piratical concern, or fictitious fig syrup company, printed on the package, but they never have the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of the package. The imitations should be rejected because they are injurious to the system. In order to sell the imitations they find it necessary to resort to misrepresentation or deception, and whenever a dealer passes off on a customer a preparation under the name of "Syrup of Figs" or "Fig Syrup," which does not bear the full name of the California Fig Syrup Co. printed on the front of the package, he is attempting to deceive and mislead the patron who has been so unfortunate as to enter his establishment, whether it be large or small, for if the dealer resorts to misrepresentation and and deception in one case he will do so with other medicinal agents, and in the filling of physicians' prescriptions, and should be avoided by every one who values health and happiness. Knowing that the great majority of druggists are reliable, we supply the immense demand for our excellent remedy entirely through the druggists, of whom it may be purchased everywhere, in original packages only, at the regular price of fifty cents per bottle, but as exceptions exist it is necessary to inform the public of the facts, in order that all may decline or return any imitation which may be sold to them. If it does not bear the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package, do not hesitate to return the article and to demand the return of your money, and in future go to one of the better class of druggists who will sell you what you wish and the best of everything in his line at reasonable prices.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Minneapolis **WOODWARD & CO., GRAIN COMMISSION** Duluth

ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS

Northwest News.

ERROR FOUND IN NEW CODE

STANDING APPROPRIATIONS ARE OMITTED—FLURRY AMONG STATE OFFICERS.

St. Paul, Feb. 28. — The omission from the new code of the standing appropriations for state institutions and the possibility that a special session of the legislature would have to be called on that account caused a temporary flurry in some of the state offices yesterday. But before evening the excitement subsided, a way out of the difficulty was apparently found and the need of the special session was averted.

As soon as the omission was discov[illegible] the governor, the attorney [illegible] the board of control members were informed and Representative [illegible] P. Roberts of Minneapolis, chairman of the committee on appropriations of the last house of representatives, was summoned to meet them for a conference in the afternoon.

At the conference several plans were proposed, but as each of them would have to be approved by the state auditor, who was out of the city, nothing was decided. Apparently any of the plans proposed might be feasible, and if approved by the auditor would avert the need of calling a special session.

It was agreed that there was no apparent hurry in calling the legislature for the trouble probably will be adjusted, and even if it is not the institutions can wiggle along a month or more on what they have.

ALLEGE TOO MANY WIVES.

Prominent North Dakota Contractor Is Under Arrest.

Bottineau, N. D., Feb. 28. — Donald McIntosh, for many years a prominent resident of Botineau, is under arrest on a charge of bigamy. McIntosh has been for some time engaged in railroad work in Winnipeg, his family remaining at Bottineau. Recently, it is alleged, he married a woman at Winnipeg, and then returned to Bottineau to arrange for sending his first wife to her mother. Sheriff Gardner went to Winnipeg to investigate the report of second marriage, and from there telephoned orders for McIntosh's arrest.

TURN NOT ON THE PROGRAM.

"Strong Man," While on Stage, Is Accidentally Shot.

Manitowoc, Wis., Feb. 28.—A performance at a local vaudeville house almost culminated in a tragedy, when La Francelais, who does a "strong man" turn, was shot in the side by the accidental discharge of a small cannon which he uses in his act. The force of the concussion knocked the actor down. Women screamed and the audience was almost panic-stricken. La Francelais, however, soon appeared before the curtain and quieted them by the assurance that he was not seriously hurt.

NO MONEY FROM CORPORATIONS

Senator La Follette Introduces a Drastic Measure.

Washington, Feb. 28.—Senator La Follette of Wisconsin introduced a sweeping bill yesterday requiring committees of all political parties in national and congressional elections to account for all moneys expended in said elections, for filing of statements of receipts and disbursements of political committees with the secretary of commerce and labor, and to prohibit corporations from directly or indirectly contributing money to any political committee or to any candidate for political office.

FALLS UNDER MOVING TRAIN.

T. E. Kroust, an Iron Range Brakeman, Is Killed.

Duluth, Feb 28. — T. E. Kroust, a brakeman in the employ of the Duluth & Iron Range road, met death here yesterday. He was attempting to open the knuckle of an automatic coupler while the train was moving five miles an hour, and slipped and fell on the rail. Several cars passed over him, and he died soon after he was taken to the hospital. Kroust came here a few years ago from Pottstown, Pa. He was unmarried.

CHINA WANTS MACKENZIE.

Minnesota Iron Mining Man Receives a Flattering Offer.

Duluth, Feb. 28.—A very flattering offer has been received by Supt. Mackenzie of the Pettit iron mines to take charge of the mines in China near Tientsin. Mr. Mackenzie has the offer under consideration. Mr. Mackenzie's brother is in the diamond drill business in China.

ONE KILLED IN FIRE.

Three Others Seriously Injured — Kerosene the Cause.

Des Moines, Iowa, Feb. 28. — One will die and three others are seriously injured as the result of a fire which destroyed the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Fleck early yesterday. A kerosene can from which Mrs. Fleck was building the fire exploded, setting fire to the house. The fingers of her right hand were burned off and she was badly burned about the body and face. She will die.

ENGLISH GRAND OPERA.

Celebrated Singers to Appear in Minneapolis and St. Paul.

Among the English-singing song birds to be heard in Minneapolis and St. Paul during the coming engagement of the combined "Parsifal" and English Grand Opera company, March 11 to 17, are several of the old favorites, together with a number of the best voices from the "Parsifal" company of last year, and some who have been brought to America this year by Manager Savage. The roster includes the best English-singing voices on the stage, as follows:

Sopranos—Florence Easton, Helen Petre, Mme. Martha Miner and Gertrude Rennyson.

Mezzo Sopranos and Contraltos—Claude Albright, Margaret Crawford, Rita Newman and Elsa Van der Voort.

Tenors—Alfred Best, Stephen Jungman, Francis Maclennan, Joseph Sheehan, William Wegener.

Baritones—Arthur Deane, Winfred Goff, Thomas D. Richards and George White.

Basses—Harrison Bennett, Ottley Cranston, Robert Kent Parker and Martin L. Bowman.

The orchestra will consist of fifty musicians, under the musical direction of the Chevalier N. B. Emanuel, Elliott Schencl; and Eugene Salvatore.

The management has arranged to open a season ticket sale for the grand opera festival. This is for the purpose of permitting opera patrons to secure seats to all the performances in either city in advance of the regular sale. Season tickets will be sold by subscription mail orders only. Remittances should be made payable to L. N. Scott, manager Metropolitan opera house, and if accompanied by a self-addressed and stamped envelope, orders will be filled at once and tickets returned by next mail.

MAKING ROAD SURVEY.

Engineers Near the International Boundary.

Duluth, Feb. 25. — A large crew of engineers, working under the direction of E. T. Abbott of Minneapolis, is engaged in surveying a line for a railroad from Gunflint lake, on the international boundary between Minnesota and Canada, to Highland, on the Duluth & Iron Range road. The proposed road is nearly ninety miles in length and runs in a southwesterly direction from Gunflint lake to the station named on the Iron Range road. The line evidently contemplates a connection with the old Port Arthur, Duluth & Western, which is now owned by the Canadian Northern, near Gunflint lake, and looks as if the projectors contemplate a connection that will give Duluth a very direct line to the Canadian Head of the Lakes.

FIRE RAIDS IOWA TOWN.

Onslow Loses Several Business Buildings and Residences.

Clinton, Iowa, Feb. 25.—The town of Onslow has sustained a severe fire. The implement warehouse of M. D. Walters and a harness shop in connection; the residence and barber shop and photograph gallery of J. W. Wanichek, and the home of Mrs. Spooner, containing the Iowa Telephone company's exchange, were burned to the ground. The fire started in the early morning in the Spooner residence. The loss is said to be covered by insurance.

FARMHAND HELD AS THIEF.

Paul Alex Campbell Is Taken to Blue Earth for Trial.

Blue Earth, Minn., Feb. 25. — Paul Alex Campbell was brought from Wells yesterday on a charge of stealing $36 besides a number of articles from the residence of William White, near Walnut Lake, this county. The theft was committed while the family were away from home. Campbell had been employed by White on the farm. He gave Deputy Sheriff Olson a hard chase for several blocks before he was captured. Campbell is now lodged in the county jail here.

Farmer Accidentally Killed.

Litchfield, Minn., Feb. 25. — Fred Blunk of Mannanahtown, a well known farmer, met an accidental death by being caught under a load of lumber that tipped over while he was driving home from Litchfield, and crushed him under its weight. He was 63 years old.

Woman Acquitted.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 25.—Mrs. Nellie Leary, indicted for rifling the mails, was yesterday acquitted by a jury. The defense was insanity. The indictment against her and her husband was then nolled.

Six Poisoned by Cheese.

Iowa City, Iowa, Feb. 25. — L. H. Laugenburg, county superintendent of schools, his wife and four children were poisoned by eating cheese. The lives of the children were in peril many hours. All will recover.

Make Indian School Larger.

Pierre, S. D., Feb. 25.—Bids will be opened on March 19 for the construction of a new brick building at the Indian school in this city. The school has been obliged to turn away pupils on account of lack of room.

Two Boys Drowned.

Milwaukee, Wis., Feb. 25. — Two boys, Anton and George Galeweski, aged 11 and 13 years respectively, were drowned in the upper Milwaukee river yesterday by breaking through thin ice while playing. The bodies have not been recovered.

Bluefield, W. Va., Feb. 25. — Joe Deado, a foreman, and three other Italians were killed near Rock by the explosion of a can of giant powder yesterday.

THEIR EARNINGS INCREASED

RAILROADS IN MINNESOTA SHOW INCREASE OF OVER TEN MILLIONS.

St. Paul, March 1.—An increase of over ten millions in the gross earnings of the railroads in this state over the earnings for 1904 is shown by the summary of the annual reports for 1905. Partly on this account, but especially on account of the change from a 3 to a 4 per cent gross earnings tax the state taxes have increased over a million. The taxes for the year ending Dec. 31, 1905, at 4 per cent amount to $3,015,676.94. Of this amount all has been paid in except $145,717.01.

The tax now collected amounts to $2,959,959.93. A year ago the tax was $1,911,707.69, and for 1903 it amounted to $1,971,662.67. The increase over 1904 is $1,048,252.24. The increase over 1903 is $983,337.26. The increase in the earnings amounts to $10,742,596.71. This includes only earnings on business done in the state and not earnings outside the state by railroads doing business in the state. Almost all the roads show a large increase.

HAS WONDERFUL ESCAPE.

Brakeman Is Dragged by Cars Instead of Being Run Over.

Grand Forks, N. D., March 1—Geo. Rahscka, a brakeman, had a miraculous escape from death at Noyes, a small station between Emerson and St. Vincent. Rahscka was switching in the yards and in some manner his foot became fastened in a frog. Before he could extricate it a switch engine backed a string of cars onto him. In some manner the wheels did not pass over the foot, but caught it and pulled it along, dragging the brakeman for 100 feet before he was discovered by the engineer. His shoe, overshoe and sock were chewed to pieces and his foot slightly scratched, but not a bone was broken and he received no serious injury.

ARM CHOPPED BY BROTHER.

Montana Lad's Fall From Stilts Has Serious Results.

Belgrade, Mont., March 1. — The eleven-year-old son of E. G. Williams met with a peculiar accident, which may cost him his right arm. The boy was walking on stilts in the yard where an older brother was engaged in chopping wood. The boy on the stilts tripped and fell, his arm being thrown across the chopping block just as the ax descended. The arm was almost severed and physicians are doubtful of being able to save it from amputation.

FLUTE IS CONVICTED.

Murderer Is Sentenced to Prison for Life.

Sisseton, S. D., March 1.—The jury in the Flute murder case returned a verdict of murder in the first degree and sentenced the defendant to life imprisonment. The verdict meets with general approval. The case will go to the supreme court on a plea of errors and also on the question of prejudice by reason of being compelled to select ten jurors in the absence of Assistant State's Attorney Murphy, who appeared in the case after these ten jurors had been selected.

LIMELIGHT IS TURNED ON.

Wisconsin Insurance Investigation Is Begun at Madison.

Madison, Wis., March 1.—The legislative committee investigating life insurance in this state is examining the first witness, all the preliminary work having been accomplished. The beginning is being made on the small Madison company, the Wisconsin Life, and later the large Wisconsin company, the Northwestern Mutual Life of Milwaukee, will be subjected to the probe.

HORSE KILLS ITS RIDER.

Man Thrown Off and Dashed Against a Post.

Albert Lea, Minn., March 1—George Stokken, a young man employed in a store at Sigsbee, was killed in an attempt to ride an unbroken horse. He was thrown off, but clung to the bridle in an endeavor to stop the animal. The horse dashed him against a post, causing a fracture of the skull, from which he died before help could arrive.

ROCK FALLS; KILLS MINER.

Next to Last Blast Before Day's Work Ends Is Fatal.

Lead, S. D., March 1—George Long, in the employ of the Homestake Mining company, met his death as a result of falling rock. He was at work on the 600-foot level, and, with his partner, had two holes to fire before they went off shift. One shot went off, and Long went back to ignite the other fuse when he was caught under a mass of falling rock. He lived for several hours after the accident.

Aged Jurist Dies at Duluth.

Duluth, Minn., March 1—Judge Phineas Ayer, one of the most familiar figures in Duluth, died yesterday at St. Luke's hospital. Judge Ayer was 76 years old. Death was due to general debility.

Kills Self With Rifle.

Hamilton, Mont., March 1.—William Bell, one of the oldest residents of Hamilton, committed suicide by shooting. Bell used a rifle, firing three bullets into his head, his face being terribly mangled.

STATE NEWS OF INTEREST

MINNESOTA SWEEPS BOARDS

TAKES EVERYTHING OFFERED IN WAY OF PRIZES IN BUTTER CONTEST.

Chicago, Feb. 23. — The National Creamery Buttermakers' association butter judging contest, which took place ten days ago, resulted in the awarding yesterday of first prize to the State of Minnesota, whose combined points numbered 176, as against 147 for Wisconsin, its nearest comptetitor. Iowa was third in the contest, Michigan fourth and Illinois fifth, with 35 points. Twenty-two states took part in the competition.

Gold Medals were awarded to A. Carlson, Rush City, Minn., for excellence of butter exhibited, and silver cups to S. J. Simonson, Milton, Wis., W. H. Bechtel, Caro, Mich.; Louis Nelson, Camp Point, Iowa, and F. L. Odell, Greenfield, Iowa.

The highest average, the highest score and the second highest score is what the Minnesota buttermakers captured. This means that the "Bread and Butter State" has made practically a clean sweep of everything offered in the way of prizes for good butter. It means that the reputation of the state as a butter state has been sustained. It means that Minnesota now has twice as many butter banners as all other states together.

The national association has only awarded six banners since it was organized, and four of these have gone to Minnesota. The banner is awarded to the state securing the highest average fo rall the butter entered.

$80,000 BLAZE AT DAWSON.

Minnesota Village Loses Two Blocks Out of Business Section.

Madison, Minn., Feb. 24. — The village of Dawson, nine miles east of this city, was visited by the most disastrous fire in its history at 2 o'clock yesterday morning, when two blocks of the west side of the business street, with the exception of the Bank of Dawson and the Carlson building, were reduced to ashes. The total loss will foot up to $80,000. The amount of insurance is unknown.

The Madison fire department went down by a special train and was the means of saving the rest of the business portion of the city.

Nothing is known of the origin of the blaze. It started in Jerde & Fondell's hardware store, and a report is current that it was the work of an incendiary, but this could not be confirmed.

HURT IN PLAY WITH CARBIDE.

Experiment With Their Find Leads to an Explosion.

St. Joseph, Minn., Feb. 24.—While playing about the home of Michael Loso three boys, Clarence Loso, Joseph Meyer and Joseph Pallansch, discovered a can of calcium carbide, used in connection with a gas lighting plant. The boys took the can outside, threw some snow on it and then applied a match. There was a terrific explosion and all three boys were temporarily blinded and had their faces severely burned. It was at first thought they had received permanent injuries, but physicians now believe that they can pull through without this result.

NO ICE FOR NEIGHBORS.

Winona Has Enough for Self but None to Spare.

Winona, Minn., Feb. 24.—There will be no danger of an ice famine in this city next summer, as was greatly feared a few weeks ago. The recent cold weather changed conditions and the local dealers have completed filling their ice houses. They have put up more than 40,000 tons. Other places, however, that were depending upon Winona may suffer because the warm weather has come before it was possible to put up any ice for shipment, and all operations on the river now have come to an end.

Unknown Man Killed.

Shakopee, Minn., Feb. 23. — While patroling his section, the section foreman of the St. Paul road discovered the dead body of an unknown man lying across the railroad track about seven miles east of here. The body, which was mutilated badly, was brought to this city and buried by the coroner. The man is supposed to have been run over by a train.

Farmers' Club to Meet.

Farmington, Minn., Feb. 23. — The third annual meeting of the Dakota County Farmers' club will be held Saturday. Addresses will be given by a number of professors of the state university and others.

Leaves Farm to Orphans.

Fort Dodge, Iowa, Feb. 23. — The German orphan home of this city has been bequeathed a 240-acre farm valued at $15,000 by the will of Hulda Reck, who last week was killed by a fractious horse.

Fortune for Laborer.

Elk River, Minn., Feb. 24.—By the death of an uncle in Toronto, Perry Clute, a workingman of this place, has become heir to $10,000. Mr. Clute knows little about his deceased relative and the inheritance is a surprise.

Platte River on Rampage.

Fremont, Neb., Feb. 24. — Yesterday's warm weather started the Platte river on a rampage. Last evening the ice broke up. A gorge formed below Rogers, and the water backed up, flooding the south part of that town.

CALLS HALT ON TRICK LABELS.

New Code Makes Them Tell Just the Plain Truth.

The new code makes some changes in the labeling required on cans of baking powder and similar products. The provision of the law requiring the names of the ingredients to be placed on the can is strengthened so that no fancy names nor any advertising can be inserted in this paragraph.

The law requires the label to state that "This baking powder is composed of the following ingredients and none other, and immediately thereafter upon the same label, in color, style and manner above specified, there shall be printed the name of each ingredient contained in such baking powder, using the name by which each ingredient is commonly known; and there shall also appear upon such label the name and addressof the manufacturer of such baking powder."

Another section makes it a misdemeanor to "place upon any article designed or offered for sale, or use as a food, or any article mentioned in this chapter, or upon any receptacle or package containing the same, anything which might deceive or tend to deceive the purchaser, as to the substance from which such article is made or which it contains, or in respect to its quality, strength or quantity, or in respect to the cource of its manufacture or production."

Under this provision a label stating that "This baking powder contains phosphatic acid powder, bicarbonate of soda and the finest starch" will be illegal, and will have to be reduced to that it contains "Phosphatic acid powder, bicarbonate of soda and starch." "Finest quality grape cream of tartar" will have to be reduced to simply "cream of tartar." "Sulphate of aluminum" will not go, for it is only the technical term for alum, and the word "alum" will be the only one permissible for naming that product. "Exsicated soda" will have to be called simply soda. "Refined soda" will not go either; it will have to be called plain "soda."

FELL DOWN ON HISTORY.

Examinations Develop a Weakness in Knowledge of That Branch.

Out of the 5,107 who took the recent state teachers' examinations, 2,315 received certificates. Not all of the others failed, as many took only part of the subjects, to get credit on later examinations. The certificates issued were as follows: First grade, 176; conditional first, 91; second grade, 1,070; conditional second; 391; limited, 581.

There were 29,148 papers handed in. United States history was the worst stumbling block. First grade applicants had hard work with physics and geometry. The following shows the number passed and failed in each subject:

	Passed.	Failed.
Arithmetic	2,226	908
Composition	2,635	88
Geography	2,354	431
Grammar	2,526	849
United States history	1,414	1,762
Penmanship	2,724	9
Physiology and hygiene	1,769	966
Reading	2,358	585
Spelling	2,404	770
Algebra	317	95
Civics	310	91
Geometry	151	110
Physics	277	149
Physical geography	263	65
General history	24	18
Drawing	67	14
Music	111	16

PATRIOT CUTS WIRES.

Telephone Company Causes Arrest of Veteran at Fairfax.

A case that is attracting wide attention will be tried at Fairfax in a short time. Charles Hopkins, a Civil war veteran, politician and once the candidate of the Populists for lieutenant governor, is said to have started the trouble. Hopkins, who is intensely patriotic, is the official flagman at Fairfax. Two years ago he stretched a wire across the street from the tops of two buildings, and on all national holidays took care that the flag, supported by this wire, floated from the middle of the street.

Last year the local telephone company strung wires in such a way as to interfere with Hopkins' flag program. He protested, but in vain. This year, on Lincoln's birthday, he again stated his grievance and asked that the wires be changed. No heed was given the request. Angered by the attitude of the company, he secured a hatchet and cut the telephone wires and flung his large flag to the breeze.

The company had a warrant sworn out for his arrest. Senator A. V. Rieke, one of the officials of the company and a long and bitter political enemy of Hopkins, will have charge of the plaintiff's case, and Frank Hopkins, his son, will represent the defendant.

Mine Accident Is Fatal.

Butte, Mont., Feb. 28. — James O'Neill a well known miner, has just died of injuries received in the Hancock mine a few days ago. While at work on the 800-foot level O'Neill was struck on the head by a falling rock.

$200,000 in Steel Plant Fire.

South Bethlehem, Pa., Feb. 28.—The general office building and part of a machine shop of the Bethlehem Steel company were destroyed by fire yesterday, entailing a loss of about $200,000 to property and valuable records.

Says His Wife Robbed Him.

Bellefontaine, Ohio, Feb. 25.—James Duff, a wealthy farmer of Lakeview, has filed a suit for divorce from his wife, Ada, alleging, among other things, that she chloroformed him in order to rifle his pockets.

London, Feb. 25.—The Telegraph's Tokio correspondent says that fire in Tairia, sixty miles southeast of Fukushima, destroyed 600 houses and caused the death of thirty-seven persons.

LIVELY CAMPAIGN IN ST. PAUL.

Multiplicity of Candidates for Various City Offices.

St. Paul is approaching a lively spring municipal campaign. The last candidates to file for the primary nomination registered with the county auditor last week and the lists are now closed. The filings have caused a great deal of surprise and indicate that the campaign will be of unusual interest.

The Democratic machine organization, which has controlled the city term after term through the medium of Robert A. Smith, the present mayor, was startled by a defaction from its ranks. John Wagener, former sheriff, and a leading Democratic politician of the city, at the eleventh hour filed for the Democratic nomination against Robert A. Smith.

The filing of Mr. Wagener is looked upon as a shrewd move on the part of the Republicans, who are approaching the present election with a more united front than for many years.

The Democratic organization has never confined itself to its own party, but has devoted a great portion of its time to causing disruption in the Republican ranks and thereby more easily defeating the Republican candidates.

St. Paul Republicans are smiling over the candidacy of Mr. Wagener against Mayor Smith, as they figure that it will give the Democrats plenty to do in their own camp to present a solid front on election day.

Luis G. Hoffman, president of the St. Paul Commercial club, is the leading candidate on the Republican ticket, and has the backing of the Roosevelt club, Lincoln club, McKinley club and Garfield club, four of the strongest Republican organizations of the city. Two other candidates have filed for mayor on the Republican ticket, Dr. Carl Wirth and John Ehnes.

The candidates for assemblymen are numerous and there will be a contest for alderman in every ward in the city.

Banner Cow in Blue Earth.

Blue Earth county boasts of the most remarkable cow in the world. She is a Guernsey, named Yeksa Sunbeam, and bred by the late W. D. Richardson of Garden City. A record was kept of her achievements in the milk and butter line during the year 1905. She produced 1,000 pounds of butter, or almost her own weight; which is not quite 1,200 pounds.

The test was made under the supervision of the Wisconsin experimental station and showed that the cow gave 14,920.8 pounds of milk during the year, from which 857.15 pounds of butter fat was obtained, making an average of 5.74 per cent. The highest Guernsey records before this were made by the Imperial Rosie with 14,633 pounds of milk and Imperial Princess Rhea, with 775.69 pounds of butter fat. So the Blue Earth county Sunbeam is 287 pounds ahead of any other cow of her breed in milk and 81.46 pounds over the highest record in butter fat.

Yeksa Sunbeam was nine and one-half years old at the beginning of the year's test. She is large, rather spare, yet carrying plenty of flesh, and in no way showing any strain from her work.

Prof. Wall, who conducted the test, says:

"When we consider that a dairy cow yielding less than one-half the amount of milk and one-third the amount of butter fat produced by Yeksa Sunbeam is generally looked upon as a very good cow, and that the average annual production of butter fat by Wisconsin cows is not much over 150 pounds, the production of this Guernsey cow becomes truly phenomenal. It means that the cow produced on the average 40.9 pounds of milk and 2.35 pounds of butter fat for every day in the year. If the amount of butter which this fat would make is calculated by the generally accepted rule of the addition of one-sixth, we find that she produced an average of 2.75 pounds of butter per day, and for the entire year a total of 1,000.2 pounds."

Mail Carriers Meet.

A meeting of the rural mail carriers was held at Mankato, the call having been extended to the carriers of Southern Minnesota with a view to forming a permanent organization, but the attendance was so small that this was abandoned.

Several matters of interest were talked over. It was the general opinion that the present pay of carriers is too small, and that it ought to be 12½ cents a mile, which would be $900 a year for twenty-four-mile routes. At present the pay is $720, whether the route is twenty-four or thirty-five miles, and the pay is less where the route is shorter.

It was also thought that the government should adopt one style of mail box and furnish it to the farmers at cost.

Action taken by the board of county commissioners of Nicollet county at a special meeting in St. Peter indicates that the antiquated county jail at present in use will be replaced with a modern jail and sheriff's residence. Although the commissioners have formulated no definite plan, they will probably expend between $18,000 and $20,000 on the building. Work will be begun during the summer months and the foundation put down, but the superstructure will not be built till next year.

There has been pressing need for a new county jail for a score of years. The present jail is an old fashioned stone structure that has long outlived its period of usefulness. It is inconveniently located and poorly arranged, the ceilings are low, the ventilation bad and the cells damp and unwholesome. When it was built no provision was made for the separation of the sexes, and it has absolutely none of the modern jail improvements. Several vain attempts have been made to replace it, and grand juries have condemned the building with monotonous regularity.

Congress.

Resume of the Week's Proceedings.

Friday.

Washington, Feb. 24.—Preceded by a debate which indicated no hesitancy but rather a relish in taking action against alleged railroad combinations, the house agreed yesterday to the Tillman-Gillispie resolution directing the interstate commerce commission to make an immediate inquiry and report regarding alleged restraints of trade on the part of certain railways regarding the handling of coal and merchandise. The resolution is not in the form it passed the senate and will go back to the senate for second action. The debate occupied an hour and consisted of a succession of speeches in denunciation of alleged restraining practices. Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio supported it as a "rebuke to the recent puerile report which had been made by a certain railway official."

The house devoted the remainder of the day to minor matters and passed several bills, among which was the famous Mussel Shoals dam bill.

Saturday.

Washington, Feb. 26. — In a two-hour session Saturday the house passed 416 private pension bills besides a number of minor measures by unanimous consent. An effort was made to secure the passage of the bill making the records of the internal revenue bureau available for court evidence against violators of the prohibition and local option liquor laws, but as the proceeding was by unanimous consent a single objection blocked the measure.

Monday.

Washington, Feb. 27.—The Hepburn railroad rate bill was presented to the senate yesterday by Senator Tillman, in accordance with the action of the committee on interstate commerce last Friday. Large crowds assembled in the galleries anticipating a field day of debate, but were disappointed. There was little of interest in the proceedings regarding the bill. A brief statement from Mr. Tillman, and the necessary arrangement for the printing of the report of the hearings before the committee and the promise that a formal report would be made later was followed by a few remarks from Mr. Aldrich showing the position of the five Republicans who opposed the bill as reported. Mr. Aldrich indicated that there would be no unnecessary delay, but that the bill would be discussed in accordance with its importance.

Mr. Clapp called up the bill to dispose of the affairs of the Five Civilized Tribes in Indian Territory and the preliminary discussion showed there was considerable opposition, also that there was to be criticism of the disposition of the coal lands owned by the Indians.

The death of Former Speaker David B. Henderson was the subject of appropriate action in the house of representatives yesterday when, after the transaction of less than a day's business, resolutions of regret and esteem were adopted and adjournment taken as a further mark of respect to his memory.

Tuesday.

Washington, Feb. 28.—The senate yesterday agreed to vote on the statehood bill before adjournment on Friday, March 9. The proposition to take the vote at that time was made by Mr. Beveridge, and there was little difficulty in reaching an understanding.

The remainder of the day was devoted to the discussion of the bill providing for the settling of the affairs of the Five Civilized tribes, the major portion of the time being given to the provision for the disposal of the coal lands in Indian Territory.

Military matters held the attention of the house yesterday, the army appropriation bill being under consideration for amendment. That Gen. Corbin and Gen. MacArthur might become lieutenant generals, the provision in the bill abolishing that rank was eliminated on a point of order raised by Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio, who substituted an amendment to abolish the grade after these officers had been promoted, but this, too, met defeat.

The house passed the Dalzell bill chartering the Lake Erie and Ohio Ship Canal company with an authorized capital of $60,000,000.

Washington, March 1. — For three hours lacking a few minutes yesterday Mr. Foraker held the attention of the senate while he read a carefully prepared speech on the railroad rate question. His speech was a protest against any general legislation on the theory that the existing Elkins law could be so extended as to make it answer all the requirements. He did not fail, however, to point out what he considered the defects of the Hepburn-Dolliver bill, and he made the declaration more than once that it would fail to remedy the evils complained of.

Mr. Foraker's speech was followed by a further discussion of the railroad land grant in Indian Territory with the result that Mr. Aldrich's resolution extending the tribal government of the Indians was carried after it was so modified as to carry that government over until March 4, 1907.

The details of the provisions of the army appropriation bill occupied the house of representatives throughout the day. Several pages of the measure yet remain to be considered.

Gives Honor to American.

St. Petersburg, March 1.—The Russian government has conferred upon Thomas Smith, the American vice consul at Moscow, the Order of Anne, of the second degree, in recognition of his services in looking after the Japanese prisoners at Medved during the war.

Gives $125,000 in Lands.

Springfield, Ohio, March 1.—Wittenberg college received yesterday for theological and artistic purposes a gift of $125,000 in farm lands from Dr. W. H. Hamma of Baltimore, one of the most prominent men in the Lutheran church.

Minnesota Historical Society.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1906. NUMBER 34.

RESUME OF THE NEWS

Fresh——Reliable——Brief

Washington.

In the house a bill was passed to authorize the sale of forty acres of government land in Dakota county, Minn., to that state as an addition to the grounds of the state hospital for the insane at Hastings, Minn.

Secretary Shaw has gone on record as being strongly in favor of the proposed legislation to remove all internal revenue tax from grain alcohol rendered unfit for drinking purposes, for use in the arts and industries.

President Roosevelt issued a proclamation imposing the rates of duties provided by section 3 of the Dingley act upon imports from Germany in return for Germany's concession of minimum tariff rates on United States products.

The American National Red Cross has cabled to the Japanese Red Cross $5,000, making a total of $25,000 contributed by the American people through that organization for the relief of the sufferers in the famine-stricken regions of the mikado's realm.

Casualty List.

Joe Deado, a foreman, and three other Italians, were killed near Rock, W. Va., by the explosion of a can of giant powder.

Five men were burned, two fatally, by the explosion of a gasoline lamp in the corridor of the county jail at Lawton, Okla.

Bessie Cole, daughter of Stephen Cole of Bloomington, Ohio, died after a spell of sneezing which lasted ten hours. The breaking of a blood vessel caused death.

The building occupied by the Karn Music hall and several musical studios in St. Catherine street, Montreal, was burned, entailing a loss of $75,000; partly insured.

Two daughters of George Storer of Camden, Mich., have been fatally poisoned by canned salmon which had been left in the can some time after it was opened.

An east-bound passenger train on the Coal and Coke railroad was derailed near Elkhurst, W. Va., and twenty persons were injured, three of whom may die.

The compress owned by Schumacher, Rosenberg & Co. and the Alamo Lumber company's yard, together with 2,436 bales of cotton, were burned at La Grange, Tex. Loss estimated at $200,000.

Two boys, Anton and George Galewski, aged eleven and thirteen years, respectively, were drowned in the upper Milwaukee river at Milwaukee, by breaking through thin ice while playing. The bodies have not been recovered.

While fighting to keep back the flood waters of Lake Guzman, near El Paso, Tex., overflowed on account of high water in the Casas Grandes river, from the Sierra Madre railroad, three laborers were drowned. A big stretch of track is already washed out.

O. L. Posz, a brakeman employed on the Northwestern, was killed at Mason City, Iowa. While switching cars his foot caught in a switch frog and he fell in front of a string of cars. His body was ground to pieces. His home was at Sanborn, Minn., where his father runs a hotel.

Returning to her flat to get her money, Mrs. John Hanley met her death in a burning apartment house in Chicago. Mrs. Hanley had gone from the building with her son at the first alarm. When the firemen had put out the blaze they found the woman unconscious in a closet of her apartment on the third floor. She expired a few minutes later. Three other persons were injured. The loss was $5,000.

Foreign.

A waterspout descended upon Nahanoro, Madagascar, on Feb. 21, destroying the village and drowning many persons.

News of the breaking of the terrible drouth which for years has paralyzed the industries of Australia has been brought by the steamship Ventura.

The Dresden courts have decided that the elder sons of the Mme. Schumann-Heink, the singer, shall be permitted to accompany her to America in April, and have also awarded her the fortune of her late husband, Herr Heink, on the ground that it was earned by her.

It is asserted that the pope has expressed his intention to hold a consistory during the first fortnight of April and create some cardinals, as there are now twelve vacancies in the sacred college. The cardinals will include Mgr. Lorenzelli, the former nuncio at Paris, and Mgr. Rinaldini, the nuncio at Madrid, which enable the latter to assist as a cardinal at the marriage of the king of Spain to Princess Ena of Battenberg.

A. W. Moerke, an American and postmaster at Columbia, Isle of Pines, is in prison. He was arrested because he refused to pay the storekeepers' tax on the ground that the Isle of Pines is not under Cuba's jurisdiction.

The pope is determined to restore discipline, not only among the lower clergy, but also in the episcopacy. Bishop Beaven of Springfield, Mass., who is now in Rome, has been earnestly recommended to avoid dissensions with the clergy and similar recommendations were addressed to other bishops, notably Bonacum of Lincoln, Neb., and Matz of Denver.

Crimes and Criminals.

The postoffice at Carlock, S. D., was robbed by unknown persons of $200 in stamps and money. This is a new Rosebud reservation town.

Arnold Vanven, eighteen years old, shot and killed himself at his home in St. Louis. He was the ninth member of his family to die by suicide.

David Tennyson, a wealthy farmer of Frankfort, Kan., was shot and killed as he sat close to his wife in his parlor, the murderer firing through the window.

Frank Behm was stabbel in the left side by Fred Heinze, a farmer from Clinton, Iowa, whom he attempted to rob near the union depot in Chicago, according to Heinze.

Mrs. Nellie Leary, indicted for rifling the mails, was acquitted by a jury at Helena, Mont. The defense was insanity. The indictment against her and her husband was then nolled.

Alfred Knutson, a Swede, was arrested at Billings, Mont., on complaint of Andrew Halland, who charged that Knutson had robbed him of the sum of $72.75. The robbery, it is alleged, took place in a saloon.

Maj. Putnam Bradley Strong was arrested in Shanghai, China, recently, charged with obtaining goods from various firms under false pretenses. The news comes in a copy of the Shanghai Times of Jan. 20.

Former State Senator W. F. French of Sacramento, Cal., accused of accepting a bribe, was acquitted by a jury in the supreme court. The case was submitted without argument. The jury was out thirty minutes.

Joseph Wilder, a negro, was convicted in police court in St. Louis of having seized and hugged two white girls on the street, and was fined $1,000, the maximum penalty. He was unable to pay the fine and was locked up.

Two men who are believed to be part of a gang that robbed a bank at Kenney, Ill., were discovered issuing from a haystack two miles from Cisco, and after a chase were captured, taken to Monticello and lodged in jail.

John Bailey, a farmer living near Fox Lake, Ill., was robbed of $3,150 in Chicago by pickpockets. Bailey had just obtained the money by the sale of a mortgage and was riding on a street car when his pocket was picked.

After repeated efforts to secure a final resting place for the body of Hoch in one of the city cemeteries of Chicago, the two clergymen in charge finally despaired and the body was interred in the potter's field adjoining the county poor farm at Dunning.

Mrs. Dolly Carpenter and Grover Baughman, charged with attempting to wreck a train, were adjudged insane at Tiffin, Ohio, and taken to the state hospital at Toledo. Mrs. Carpenter finally admitted her part in the attempted wreck, after having stoutly denied the charge.

Ben E. Valentine, a wealthy Brooklyn lawyer, was sentenced to an indeterminate term of not more than five years and three months in Sing Sing prison for forgery. Valentine had been convicted of forging his wife's name to a deed to property belonging to his mother.

Banker Fred McCutcheon, on trial at Ida Grove, Iowa, for receiving deposits after his bank at Holstein, Iowa, was insolvent, was acquitted of the charge. McCutcheon's brother testified that he received the alleged unlawful deposits instead of the defendant, and the latter was cleared on this evidence.

Two masked men, one white and one a negro, seized Frederick Radal, a banker of Millville, N. J., while he was in the stable near his house, and after gagging the banker marched him into his home at the point of a pistol. The men compelled Radal to open his safe, from which they took nearly $4,000. The robbers escaped.

Otherwise.

Theosophists from Missousi, Kansas, Colorado, Nebraska and Iowa met at Kansas City and organized the Missouri Valley federation.

Stuyvesant Fish has sent to Charles A. Peabody, president of the Mutual Life Insurance Co., his resignation as a member of the Mutual's board of trustees.

Clinton Wyckoff, one of the oldest pioneer residents of Webster City, Iowa, was found dead in his home. It is supposed that grief over the death of his wife brought on heart failure.

From a close friend of J. Pierpont Morgan it is learned that on his 190th trip to Europe Mr. Morgan and his party will be presented to the pope and will be feted by the king of Italy.

Wittenberg college at Springfield, Ohio, received for theological and artistic purposes a gift of $125,000 in farm lands from Dr. W. H. Hamma of Baltimore, one of the most prominent men in the Lutheran church.

Frankie Neil, American bantamweight champion, successfully defended his title by knocking out Harry Tenney in the fourteenth round at San Francisco. Neil outfought his man from start to finish. Tenney died a few hours after the fight as the result of the terrible beating administered to him.

A resolution favoring the repeal of the duty on hides was adopted on Tuesday by the executive council of the Massachusetts state board of trade in which about fifty constituent bodies are represented. It will be sent as a petition to congress

HAMILTON TO FACE THE MUSIC

LEGISLATIVE AGENT OF NEW YORK LIFE RETURNS TO NEW YORK.

GIRL OWNS TO HER GUILT

BERTHA CLAICHE PLEADS GUILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER—WILL EXPOSE POLICE.

New York, March 8.—Andrew Hamilton returned to New York yesterday on the steamer Deutschland. Mr. Hamilton was at the head of the legislative bureau of the New York Life Insurance company and had charge of the legislative work of several of the large insurance companies. Accounting from him of moneys alleged to have been advanced by the late J. A. McCall, was asked for by the Fowler committee which is investigating the New York Life's affairs. Mr. Hamilton's statement was also placed before the legislative investigating committee.

Commenting yesterday upon Mr. McCall's death Mr. Hamilton said that he gave the former president of the New York Life vouchers for all expenditures and that to any and all of these vouchers Mr. McCall would have given a certificate of indisputable character.

"I have something to say," he said, "but not much. What I suppose you want to know is why I have returned. Well, I heard something about criminal proceedings, and here I am.

"You have come back to face the music?" he was asked.

"Yes, discordant or otherwise."

BERTHA PLEADS GUILTY.

Possible Charges Against Policemen to Follow.

New York, March 8.—The climax in the trial of Bertha Claiche for the murder of her lover, Emil Gerdron, came yesterday when District Attorney Jerome accepted a plea of manslaughter in the first degree. The prisoner was remanded for sentence on March 29.

The sudden ending of the trial when the defense apparently was making a winning fight was not altogether unexpected. Since Monday noon there have been repeated conferences between District Attorney Jerome, Lawyer Rasalsky, attorney for the defense, and Judge Davis, looking to some sort of a plea of guilty whereby the defendant would be given a light sentence in return for information she might be able to give against the police of the Tenderloin.

Possible charges against policemen growing out of this case have been foreshadowed from the beginning of the trial. The prosecution at the beginning declared that Gerdron was lured to his death on July 8 last by a plot in which a policeman assisted the defendant.

SHONTS TELLS ABOUT CANAL.

Answers Questions Technical and Personal Concerning Plans.

Washington, March 8. — Chairman Theodore P. Shonts of the isthmian canal commission, under eexamination all day by the senate canal committee, answered questions technical and personal concerning the plans for the construction of the great waterway and his relations to the organization. Incidentally he left the inference that he would gladly sever his connection with the Clover Leaf route if this was demanded of him, but that he would not take his family to the isthmus. He gave Former Chief Engineer Wallace a good record, and said that he was entitled to consideration in the matter of taking his family to the isthmus. Mr. Shonts touched upon nearly every subject on which other witnesses were examined and closed by urging congress to take action immediately upon the type of canal to be constructed. He said that economical procedure on the part of the canal commission demanded such action.

CONTRACT IS LOST.

McNichol Firm Loses Philadelphia Filtration Deals Worth $1,976,000.

Philadelphia, March 8.—One of the first official acts of Thomas L. Hicks, who was yesterday sworn in as director of public works of Philadelphia, was to annul the five contracts held in the name of Daniel J. McNichol for the construction of several parts of the city's filtration system. The reason given is "collusion, irregularity and fraud in procuring and execution of the contracts, whereby the city has been wronged and defrauded in its rights and property." The total value of the cancelled contracts is $1,976,000.

STORK HOLDS UP TRAIN.

St. Paul Woman Gives Birth to a Son at Eau Claire.

Eau Claire, Wis., March 8.—The unexpected arrival of the stork delayed the Omaha passenger train which leaves Eau Claire at 9:25 in the evening on its way east, for one hour last night. Just before the train ran into Elroy Mrs. Ella Linderman, East University avenue, St. Paul, gave birth to a son, and before proceeding to Chicago the train waited until physicians said the mother was out of danger.

RETAINS THE REAL POWER

IMPERIAL MANIFESTO DISCLOSES PURPOSE OF THE RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT.

St. Petersburg, March 8.—The full text of an imperial manifesto and laws relating to the national assembly and the reorganized council of the empire throws a flood of light upon the purpose of the government to keep a firm check on the new Russian parliament and to exclude certain subjects from consideration by the people's representatives. The composition of the council of the empire or upper house of the national assembly, with one-half appointed by the emperor and twenty-six elected from the nobility and clergy, not counting scattering supporters from other classes, seems to insure a conservative majority in the council to block the national assembly should the majority of the latter be in opposition to the crown.

The most significant article, however, is on retaining certain provisions of the existing law, which is mentioned only by number. This

Innocent Looking Provision

is far-reaching, placing beyond the jurisdiction of the parliament and consigning to existing committees of the council of the empire composed solely of members appointed by the crown for consideration the following:

1. Reports of the minister of finance upon the state of the treasury.
2. Charges of malfeasance against members of the council of the empire, ministers, governors general and commanders-in-chief of land or sea forces.
3. The establishment of Stock companies with special privileges.
4. Questions relating to entailed estates, titles or nobility, etc.

BOY HELD FOR RANSOM.

Banke dReceives Letters From Kidnapped Son Urging Payment.

New York, March 8. — A banker's son kidnapped and held for $20,000 ransom is the latest puzzle the New York police have been called upon to solve. The parents, frantic with fear, have received two letters from the boy imploring that the money be sent to his captors. The kidnappers themselves have twice written demanding the ransom on penalty of the lad's death.

The victim is Antonio Bozuffi, the fourteen-year-old son of John Bozuffi, an Italian banker at Sixty-third street and First avenue.

The kidnapping occurred last Sunday, on which day the bank is kept open during the afternoon. The bay, who was acting as clerk, was sent out to purchase $10 worth of stamps and did not return. Inquiry proved that he had made the purchase. Monday the first letter came from the lad. Yesterday came the second and with it the letter of the abductors. The latter was well written and in Italian.

March 8 is the day set for the payment of the ransom.

BRITISH ARMY BUDGET.

Disappointment That Liberals Have Not Effected Greater Reduction.

London, March 8.—The army estimates were issued yesterday. The expenses of the army for the current year are estimated at $148,630,000, which is a reduction of only $85,000 on the previous year. As in the case of the navy, the new government has simply adopted the estimates prepared by its predecessors. Thus, including $180,000,000 for the navy, the nation's defense bill is nearly $330,000,000, which destroys and possibility of a large budget surplus or a substantial reduction of axation. The Liberal papers are disappointed that the government has seen no way to effect a greater reduction in national expenditures, which the country naturally hoped from a Liberal government, pledged to retrenchment, aspecially as the cost of the army is now $50,000,000 yearly more than it was a decade ago.

GIVES LIFE FOR DOGS.

Man Is Burned to Death While Trying to Rescue Dogs.

Ironton, Mo., March 8.—Fire in the business district of Ironton yesterday resulted in the death of William Christ, the destruction of four buildings and a property loss of $10,000. The Christ family lived above a bakery in which the fire started. Christ succeeded in saving his wife and two children and lost his life in a vain attempt to rescue his two dogs.

LIKE "ROYAL NONESUCH."

Bogus Mediums Fleece Audience as Did Huck Finn's Friends.

Bloomington, Ill., March 8.—William Wolf and wife, alleged spiritualistic mediums, attracted 400 people to the opera house, the receipts being $150. After devoting several minutes to meaningless talk, the lights were extinguished and the couple fled. They were pursued by the entire audience, but made their escape from town.

MAKES PROBE PERMANENT.

New York Senate Has Bill for Keeping Tab on Official.

Albany, N. Y., March 8.—The state senate finance committee yesterday decided to report a bill providing for a commission to investigate any charges against the superintendent of banks which may be referred to it by the governor. Two former chief justices of the court of appeals, Alton B. Parker, Democrat, of Esopus, and Charles Andrews, Republican, of Syracuse, are to constitute the commission.

FRENCH CABINET QUITS OFFICE

MINISTRY IS DEFEATED IN MINOR DEBATE OVER CHURCH DISORDERS.

RESIGNATIONS ARE ACCEPTED

CRISIS MAY EXERT ADVERSE INFLUENCE ON ALGECIRAS CONFERENCE.

Paris, March 8.—Like a bolt from a clear sky the Rouvier ministry was defeated in the chamber of deputies last night and immediately resigned. The cabinet crisis comes at a most dramatic moment, when the Franco-German contest has reached a decisive stage, and may exert an important influence on the Algeciras conference and on European affairs.

The defeat of the government came on a comparatively minor debate over the church disorders. The government succeeded in holding only 234 votes, while the various elements in opposition—Clericals, Socialists and Nationalists—united and polled 267 votes, placing the ministry in a minority of 33.

Resignations Accepted.

Premier Rouvier, with all of his colleagues, at once proceeded to the foreign office, where a joint letter of resignation was prepared. Later M. Rouvier presented this letter to President Fallieres, who accepted the resignations. The president announced his intention of consulting the presidents of the senate and chamber of deputies to-day relative to the forming of a new cabinet.

Prior to the cabinet crisis the Franco-German controversy over Moroccan control seemed to be in the balance with the inclination strongly toward an agreement. All depended upon Berlin's last word. If this was a frank concession of a Franco-Spanish police without

Impossible Conditions,

then agreement was assured, but if the concession involved further conditions France, whose pride was already much aroused, was prepared to reject it. The foreign office stated the situation as follows:

"The reported German concession has not been communicated to us, and we are, therefore, unable to state definitely what action may be taken thereon. One thing, however, can be stated with absolute positiveness, namely: If the German concession on the police question is conditioned upon international supervision it will not be accepted."

This statement preceded the cabinet crisis. After that event no one was able to indicate the course of the government.

ONE MILLION DOLLARS MORE.

Codicil to Marshall Field's Will Made Additional Provision for Widow.

London, March 8. — Rev. S. Birschbaum of Westminster abbey, is returning to England after visiting the United States to prove the codicil to Marshall Field's will, which was executed in London on the morning of his wedding in one of the rooms behind the abbey. The codicil provides, in addition to the marriage settlement of the widow, $1,000,000 to celebrate the wedding.

ENA IS A CATHOLIC.

Future Bride of King Alfonso Is Received Into the Church.

Madrid, March 8. — Princess Ena, bride-elect of King Alfonso, was received into the Roman Catholic church at Miramir palace, San Sebastian, yesterday. She was baptized under the name of Victoria. Alfonso's mother acted as godmother.

SHOT ON SCENE OF CRIME.

Men Who Attempted President of Colombia's Life Are Executed.

Bogota, Colombia, March 8. — The three men who on Feb. 10 attempted to assassinate Gen. Reyes, the president of Colombia, were shot at the spot where the attack took place. Complete calm prevails throughout the republic.

"ALMOST AS BAD AS MURDER."

Montana Judge Refuses Leniency for Acid Thrower.

Butte, Mont., March 8.—"His crime is almost as bad as murder," declared Judge Dolan in the district court, in response to a plea for leniency in sentencing Alex Fairgraves, a blacksmith who had been convicted of throwing acid in the face of Annie Rhudy, his sweetheart. The court then sentenced the prisoner to fourteen years in the penitentiary.

Servian Cabinet Resigns.

Belgrade, Servia, March 8. — The Stojanovich cabinet has tendered its resignation to the king, giving as the reason for so doing that the ministers cannot accept Austria's proposals for the conclusion of a politico-commercial agreement with Servia.

Lawyer Sent to Prison.

Marshalltown, Iowa, March 8. — J. W. Hillyard, a prominent attorney of Dows, who pleaded guilty to forgery, was sentenced to five years at hard labor in the penitentiary at Anamosa.

SEEK TO CHOKE OFF A TRUST

GOVERNMENT SEES COMBINATION OF ELEVATOR CONCERNS IN CALIFORNIA.

Washington, March 8.—On advices that federal suit was filed in San Francisco yesterday against thirty-one elevator concerns, including the Otis Elevator company, on the charge of violating the anti-trust law, attorney General Moody made the following statement last night:

"The United States attorney for the Northern district of California has, under instructions from the attorney general, filed in the United States circuit court for the Ninth circuit a bill of complaint against the Otis Elevator company and twenty-seven other companies and three individuals engaged in the elevator business, charging them with violation of the Sherman anti-trust law. The companies named as defendants comprise the principal elevator companies of the United States, but the operations specifically complained of have been carried on mainly in California and the states and territories west of the Rocky mountains.

"It is charged that these companies make and sell at least 80 per cent of all the elevators used in that territory, and that they have entered into a combination among themselves to control and enhance the prices at which elevators are sold.

"The bill prays that the defendants be perpetually enjoined from carrying out their illegal combination and from further agreeing and combining together to control the trade and commerce in elevators."

HEARING IS POSTPONED.

Authorities Grow Fearful for Safety of Adams and Orchard.

Boise, Idaho, March 8. — The six men under arrest here charged with the assassination of Former Gov. Stuenenberg were not taken to Caldwell yesterday for arraignment as expected. The authorities decline to state when this will be done and the greatest secrecy is maintained. Fears that an attempt may be made on the lives of Harry Orchard and Steve Adams are expressed. There are many strangers in Caldwell, some of whom are known to be from Colorado mining camps. The prisoners may be arraigned to-day.

OSHKOSH MAN MURDERED.

Doctors Find Evidence of Blow on the Head.

Manitowoc, Wis., March 8.—Doctors Pritchard and Meaney, who made an examination of the body of Edward J. Morgan, the Oshkosh lumber salesman which was found on the lake shore here, discovered a clot of blood on the brain which they believe was caused by a blow before death. The authorities are of the opinion that Morgan was murdered and his body thrown into the lake. A diamond ring which Morgan wore when last seen alive, has not been found, nor are there any traces of his clothing.

PHONE TELLS OF BURGLAR.

Thief's Movements Dislodge Receiver of Instrument.

East Grand Forks, Minn., March 8.—A burglar entered the store of ex-Mayor Brandt just before midnight and secured a small amount of cash and a number of knives which were in a showcase. The thief gained entrance to the store through the skylight, dropping twenty feet to the floor. In dropping he jarred the receiver from the telephone instrument and the exact time of the crime was thus fixed by the operator at the central exchange.

HUBBARD ON BONDS.

New Trial on Murder Charge to Open Next Week.

Huron, S. D., March 8.—H. L. Hubbard, charged with the killing of G. W. Cakebread, and sent to the penitentiary for fifteen years, and who recently was granted a new trial by the supreme court, has been released from jail on bonds of $5,000. Hubbard's second trial will occur during the term of circuit court for this (Beadle) county, which convenes on March 15.

LEGISLATORS LIFT LID.

Iowa Senators Recall Sunday Amusement Bill.

Des Moines, March 8.—The senate took it all back yesterday afternoon, and after recalling the bill passed a few days ago to prohibit Sunday theaters and baseball, referred it to a committee which is expected to embalm it and lay it away.

Saws Timber He Planted.

Grundy Center, Iowa, March 8—Paul C. Akin has a saw mill at work on his farm sawing lumber from cottonwood and maple trees that Mr. Akin planted in 1863. He purposes to erect an immense barn.

Sawyer for Mayor of Sioux City.

Sioux City, Iowa, March 8. — P. A. Sawyer, an attorney, was nominated for mayor by the Republican city convention yesterday. He is pledged to suppress public gambling and will make this the leading issue.

Teamster Loses Leg.

Hastings, Minn., March 8.—Nicholas Weis, a city teamster, was severely injured in a runaway yesterday. His left leg was badly broken and it was found necessary to amputate it just below the knee.

CONCILIATION IS IN THE AIR

PROBABILITY OF AN AGREEMENT AT ALGECIRAS GENERALLY CONCEDED.

FRENCH CRISIS CAUSES STIR

NEUTRAL DELEGATES OPTIMISTIC ABOUT AGREEMENT AT LAST MOMENT.

Algeciras, March 8. — The French police project was distributed late last evening among the delegates to the conference on Moroccan reforms. The proposition, which will be presented to the conference to-day, consists of five paragraphs, the substance of which is as follows:

"The Moroccan police to be constituted for three years, composed of Moorish Mussulmans commanded by sixteen French and Spanish officers and thirty-two noncommissioned officers. The force to consist of 2,000 to 2,500 men distributed among the eight ports in bodies of from 200 to 500. The State bank to advance funds for the administration and for the payment of the force."

Agreement Looked For.

No mention was made of international supervision and the project, therefore, is practically the same as outlined in M. Revoil's declaration on Monday.

The result of yesterday's session of the conference is awaited with intense interest. Reports of the probability of an agreement are circulated on all sides. Conciliation certainly is in the air and continued efforts in that direction are going on, but a tangible basis for a possible arrangement cannot be learned. The German delegates do not display any outward sign of making advances, while France's latest utterance is indisputably opposed to further concessions. The neutral delegates

Are Optimistic

about an agreement at the last moment. The report that Austria will present a project with the object of effecting an arrangement accepable to both France and Germany is current, but impartial delegates are looking rather to Berlin or Paris for signs of a compromise.

The French delegates do not credit the rumors of an agreement. The duke of Almodovar states that efforts for a successful outcome are being continued. Count von Tattenbach, the junior German delegate, says a settlement is certain. The fall of the Rouvier cabinet has caused a painful impression here, and it is thought that it will retard a settlement.

CROWDS SEE BURNING WELL.

Arrangements Are Being Made to Cap Blazing Gas Outlet.

Caney, Kan., March 8.—The big gas well six miles from Caney continues to burn with great fury. The preliminary work for the supreme work to cap the well with a 3,000-pound iron hood is being pushed. Hundreds of sightseers continue to flock to the scene. The town's accommodations are taxed and last night many persons walked the streets, unable to secure rooms.

ROBBER SUSPECT ARRESTED.

Lawrence Zoretic Taken in Chicago for Theft at Ely, Minn.

Chicago, March 8. — On a warrant issued by the officials of Ely, Minn., Lawrence Zoretic was arrested here yesterday after a fight with four detectives. Zoretic, it is charged, entered the store of Mack Zoretic, a brother, and stole jewelry and other articles valued at $3,000.

HOLD UP STREET CAR.

Robbers Shoot Conductor and Escape With the Money.

Omaha, March 8.—Three men held up a street car at Albright, a suburb of South Omaha, shortly after midnight. Conductor Flory resisted their attempts to rob him and one of the men shot him in the wrist and the side. They then fled without securing any money. Flory is seriously injured.

Schwab Feels Better.

New York, March 8.—A telegram received from Dr. M. R. Ward, the attending physician of Charles M. Schwab, says:

"Mr. Schwab somewhat indisposed in Los Angeles, but illness of slight significance. En route to-day, feeling much better."

Killed in Collision.

Saratoga, N. Y., March 8.—A rear-end collision on the Delaware & Hudson railway here yesterday resulted in one death and severe injuries to several passengers.

Mutinous Soldiers Punished.

Odessa, Russia, March 8.—For refusing to handle their guns against the revolutionists during the recent disorders here, thirty artillerymen were sentenced by court-martial yesterday to various terms of imprisonment, up to twenty years.

Hold-Up Man Is Killed.

Canyon City, Or., March 8.—James Montain, a Montana man, attempted to hold up a saloon and was killed by Bud Greenwell, its proprietor. Montain is not known in this section.

The Spectator.

ST. HILAIRE, . . MINNESOTA.

After all, why are artificial lamb chops any worse than mock mince pie?

Duchess d'Uzes pronounces Boni a sad flirt—which rhymes appropriately with squirt.

China is getting civilized fast. It is already beginning to pick quarrels with other nations.

Korea asks a joint protectorate of the great powers. This proves that she needs a conservator.

The Holy Land is to be lighted by electric as well as Israelites, under a concession from the Sultan.

Alice Roosevelt is said to have twenty-seven hats, but we'll bet she will insist upon having a new one for Easter.

Still, as a concrete and impressive warning to over-capitalized American women Count Boni may serve a useful purpose.

There is a tariff war in the Balkans. A great improvement, at all events, on the other kind of war that section is famous for.

It will astonish everybody to learn from a Philadelphia paper, that "Philadelphia is the most religious city on this continent."

The Nile-Red Sea railroad is open, and we may expect to get our gum arabic and bedouin bugs at a more reasonable figure.

Why do autobubblers go to Florida to prove that you can ramble at a rate of two miles a minute. We who dodge them know it already.

In spite of the alarmists, it is worth remembering that no monopoly has ever succeeded yet in cornering the visible supply of ocean.

The American girl who deliberately marries a title encumbered with a rake and a fool is entitled to no sympathy when the trouble comes.

Admiral Togo cables that he cannot say definitely just when he will visit the United States. That April prophecy, is appears, was that kind of a story.

It is reported that King Leopold has cleaned up $15,000,000 in the Kongo Free State. Leopold is one of the few men who have made fortunes by rubbering.

Remember that Gen. Neney, who captured the town of Dajabon, is a partisan of Gen. Jiminez. This will help to keep you clear on Santo Domingo politics.

Canadian orators assert that the twentieth century belongs to the Dominion. It should be added hastily that she does not intend to monopolize it literally.

Jack London is going to spend four of five years with his wife on a literary yachting trip around the world. Meanwhile the social revolution will have to take care of itself.

It couldn't have been that woman with a record of 800 beatings from her spouse who invented the formula: "He hardly ever beat me; he's more like a friend than a husband."

To develop style, says a critic, young authors should write poetry. Good advice, provided the poetry is not published. Otherwise, think of what it might develop in the readers.

Still another airship is going to fly next—er—week; or, possibly, it is next year! or, maybe, next century. If we had invented an airship we would wait till it flew before we said it did.

"This opens up the marriage question," says Joe Howard, in the full tide of his Sunday letter. "I have no desire to go into that branch of the subject." Was there ever a wiser man?

To be sure, it is something new that a convict should win the $25,000 prize for correctly guessing the attendance at the St. Louis exposition, but the rest of the story is familiar. His lawyer gets half.

We are glad Richard T. Fox has resigned, for his name won't get into the papers hereafter. Every time we saw that name it made us think of the gentleman who made diamond-studded belts famous.

Sir Henry Irving's son, H. B. Irving, is coming over here in "Lights Out." Merely to have it recorded and out of the way once for all, we announce that he "Lights Out" from England, so to speak.

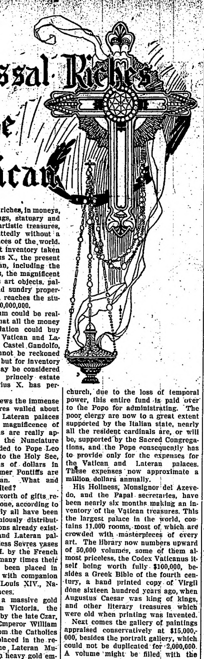
Senator Pettus, of Alabama, is a great friend of the squirrels in the capitol grounds, and never forgets to put a crust of bread in his pocket when he leaves his home in the morning, with which to feed the little fellows. Long life to him!

Says a Japanese: "Judo is much less brutal than football. In judo the aim is to kill your opponent, or disable him for life." If that is the reputation football has in the Japanese mind, no wonder they are sending judo missionaries over here to convert us.

Carpenters have made an agreement by which they are to have higher wages for the next three years. It is plane that this adze greatly to their happiness, and it is a good thing they nailed it, in defiance of those malcontents who had their hammers out, claiming that it was not square; though, as a matter of fact, it was one of the best things they ever saw.

Schopenhauer's works are being translated into Japanese by a young professor at Tokio, and the Japanese language is undergoing a severe strain.

The Colossal Riches of the Vatican



As a storehouse of riches, in moneys, plate, jewels, paintings, statuary and other material and artistic treasures, the Vatican is admittedly without a rival among the palaces of the world. According to a recent inventory taken by order of Pope Pius X., the present wealth of the Vatican, including the Pontifical possessions, the magnificent furnishings, priceless art objects, palaces, monasteries and sundry properties of the Holy See, reaches the stupendous total of $350,000,000.

Not that such a sum could be realized at auction nor that all the money coined and in circulation could buy the contents of the Vatican and Lateran palaces and of Castel Gandolfo, since their value cannot be reckoned in dollars and cents; but for inventory purposes this sum may be considered as representing the princely estate over which Pope Pius X. has personal supervision.

It is when one reviews the immense storehouse of treasures walled about by the Vatican and Lateran palaces that the extent and magnificence of the Papal possessions are really appreciated. As with the Nunciature Palace in Paris, deeded to Pope Leo and by him in turn to the Holy See, millions and millions of dollars in treasures left by former Pontiffs are stored in the Vatican. What and where are they exhibited?

Of the $27,000,000 worth of gifts received by Pope Leo alone, according to Vatican experts, nearly all have been classified and harmoniously distributed among the collections already existing in the Vatican and Lateran palaces. Thus the priceless Sevres vases presented to Leo XIII. by the French Republic, and worth many times their weight in gold, have been placed in the Vatican Library, with companion pieces presented by Louis XIV., Napoleon and other princes.

In the same way a massive gold basin sent by Queen Victoria, the diamond crozier sent by the late Czar, the tiaras from the Emperor William I. of Germany and from the Catholics of Paris have been placed in the religious section of the Lateran Museum. Vestments with heavy gold embroidery and rare laces, precious Russian melachite for altar stones, as well as rings by the bushel and crosses by the hundredweight, also have reached their destinations.

Vast quantities of wines and liqueurs which have poured in from Italy, France, Spain, Austria and from more remote countries are mellowing in the Vatican cellars, which now contain 300,000 bottles of Bordeaux, Port, Borgogna, Malaga, Alicante, Sherry, Jaciamacristi and other vintages, as well as 27,000 bottles of Cognac, Rhum, Curacoa, Black Punch, Benedictine (from the famous monastery), Chatreuse and Italian liqueurs.

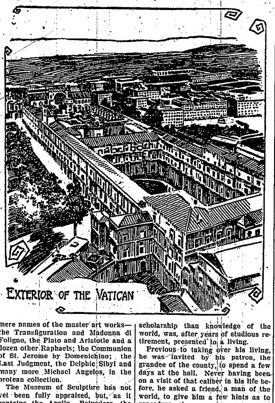
Among the famous jewels in keeping of the Sovereign Pontiff is the magnificent diamond presented to the late Pope by Herr Kruger, the ruby and diamond ring presented to the Church by the Sultan of Turkey and reputed to be the most valuable ring in existence, the great diamond cross received in 1898 from Catholics in the United States, a richly studded chalice from the Queen Regent of Spain, an altar service inlaid with precious stones from the Shah of Persia, four jeweled scrolls from the Khedive, tokens of greater or less intrinsic value from other sovereigns and princes of Europe, from the Dowager Empress of China and the Mikado, from five Presidents of the United States, of Mexico, and the South and Central American republics, from the princes of India and from the chiefs of the South Sea islands. The value of the objects inherited from Leo XIII. by Pope Pius X., as custodian, is estimated at $9,000,000.

Besides these items, account must be taken of the gifts of money made to preceding Pontiffs and bequeathed by them to the Holy See. Legacies alone for the past generation, including the Paris property of the Countess de Plessiere, have averaged nearly $1,000,000 annually, exclusive of the Peter's Pence.

Of the Peter's Pence fund, the Apostolic prescriptions have so arranged that it is divided into three parts—one for the Pontiff himself, another for the cardinals of the Curia and a third for the poor clergy. Since the abnormal position of the head of the church, due to the loss of temporal power, this entire fund is paid over to the Pope for administrating. The poor clergy are now to a great extent supported by the Italian state, nearly all the resident cardinals are, or will be, supported by the Sacred Congregations, and the Pope consequently has to provide only for the expenses for the Vatican and Lateran palaces. These expenses now approximate a million dollars annually.

His Holiness, Monsignor del Azevedo, and the Papal secretaries, have been nearly six months making an inventory of the Vatican treasures. This the largest palace in the world, contains 11,000 rooms, most of which are crowded with masterpieces of every art. The library now numbers upward of 50,000 volumes, some of them almost priceless, the Codex Vaticanus itself being worth fully $100,000, besides a Greek Bible of the fourth century, a hand printed copy of Virgil done sixteen hundred years ago, when Augustus Caesar was king of kings, and other literary treasures which were old when printing was invented.

Next comes the gallery of paintings appraised conservatively at $15,000,000, besides the portrait gallery, which could not be duplicated for 2,000,000. A volume might be filled with the mere names of the master art works—the Transfiguration and Madonna di Foligno, the Plato and Aristotle and a dozen other Raphaels; the Communion of St. Jerome by Domenichino; the Last Judgment, the Delphic Sibyl and many more Michael Angelos, in the protean collection.



EXTERIOR OF THE VATICAN

The Museum of Sculpture has not yet been fully appraised, but, as it contains the Apollo Belvedere, the Laocoon, the Venus of Milo and the bust of Young Augustus among its peerless marbles, it represents a colossal sum in itself. A modest item of $540,000 is represented by the collection of medals and ancient coins, while the pontifical stables, with sixty thoroughbreds and scores of chariots and carriages used by the predecessors of Pope Pius X. for centuries back, could only be purchased by a multi-millionaire.

Under the caption of unclassified objects—porcelains, curios in silver, gold, bronze and other metals—three million more dollars are represented, while an equal sum finds expression in the furniture of the immense palace, oak, mahogany, ebony and teakwood being scattered about in sovereign profusion.

Upward of 350 persons, among the 540 members of the Vatican household, have been engaged in making this inventory under the direct supervision of His Holiness. Their daily reports are rendered to him, through the Prefect of the Palaces, just before noon, following which His Holiness dines with his secretaries. As Pope Pius has a penchant for confirming these daily reports with his own eyes, the noonday repast is frequently followed by an excursion to various parts of the palace and then a brief walk through the gardens.

Occasionally a drive is indulged in, when the press of pontifical duties permits, after which the Pope returns to his apartments and to work. It is usually long after midnight when his labors are concluded. Though of far sturdier physique than his predecessor, Pius X. is now upward of 70, and there are those who whisper in Rome that confinement and unremitting labor are telling on him. At any rate, when the Vatican watches are set and the massive Palace of the Popes is shrouded in quiet and darkness, it is a meditative, if not melancholy, figure that frequently stands at the pontifical study window gazing long and silently into the starry Italian night.

COURTING WAS NOT EXPENSIVE.

Season's Billing and Cooing Came Cheap in New Hampshire.

There lived in the town of Epping, N. H., an old man who was noted for his penuriousness. One winter the school teacher boarded at his house, and she had a beau who came once a week to spend the evening with her. This, of course, necessitated heating and lighting the parlor.

Nothing was said about this item of expense at the end of the term, when the teacher paid her board bill, but the next day, happening to meet the young man on the street, the old man accosted him, and, after a few preliminaries about the weather, remarked: "You know we've been to some little extra expense this winter running that fire in the parlor for you and teacher. I didn't say anything to her, but I thought perhaps you'd be willing to make it right."

"Why, yes," replied the young man, "I am willing to pay anything reasonable, of course. How much do you think you ought to have?"

"Waal," drawled old Mr. B., "I guess 'bout ten cents will do."

The Ways of Society.

A curate, more renowned for his scholarship than knowledge of the world, was, after years of studious retirement, presented to a living.

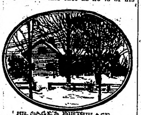
Previous to taking over his living, he was invited by his patron, the grandee of the county, to spend a few days at the hall. Never having been on a visit of that caliber in his life before, he asked a friend, a man of the world, to give him a few hints as to procedure, etc.

The friend gave him some instructions, and wound up by saying: "Take dress clothes, of course, and if you want to be very smart, take a servant." In due course the visit came off. The curate well primed arrived, his dress clothes with him, and—his parlormaid.—Weekly Scotsman.

Russell Sage Admits Ambition to Round Out Century of Life

As a financier it has been part of the policy of Russell Sage of New York to purchase stocks and other things at a bargain, and then to work industriously to bring them up to par. That, for 89 years has been his life work. He has been successful at it, and has rolled up a great many millions of dollars. But now he is engaged upon a new ambition—to reach par himself. He wishes to live 100 years, and bids fair to meet with the same success in his venture as in his many others.

There is no man on Wall street to-day, no man of his age in active business, who is so well preserved physically as this aged millionaire. He is as proud of this fact as he is of his business successes. He boasts of it, flaunts it in the face of men younger in years but weaker of body.



MR. SAGE'S BIRTHPLACE AT SCONONDOAH, NEW YORK

"Yes, young man," he said, on a recent birthday: "I was born in 1816. Lived quite a while, eh? Entitled to a holiday, eh. Well, honestly, I really considered for a moment taking a holiday off, but then I am a director in twenty-seven railroads and I can't very well neglect the public's interests. They all of them have directors' meetings to-day, and I feel that I ought to attend. Then, I get $20 for each meeting, and a lunch thrown in."

Russell Sage expects to reach the par of life by the same methods he has pursued in bringing to this mark railroads, steamship lines or mining ventures—by hard work, by frugality, by system, by rigid obedience to the laws of health.

"I take every day as it comes," he says. "My theory for a long life is that temperance lengthens the days of all. Plenty of sleep, and escape from worry as much as possible. Worry and lack of rest break down the strongest men. I get up every morning at 6 o'clock, and get to my office at 9. I leave at 5 p. m. I go up to my house and take things easy for the rest of the day."

He accounts for all his successes by this regime.

"Good habits in living," he says, "result in good health; good health increases a man's ability and gives him zest for industry; and industry, intelligent industry, leads on to prosperity. It is a very simple recipe, but the great majority of men continually ignore what is so plain. It is perfectly obvious that dissolute habits can end in but one thing—failure. Reverses are bound to come at some period of the life of a man of evil ways. A crying sin of to-day is profligacy. The wasting of money entails a vast amount of suffering for some one and often leads to actual crime."

The man is never idle. He considers idleness is not only expensive, but a detriment to good health.

"Because a man is rich, there is no reason or excuse for his being idle," he says. "A slothful man, be he rich or poor, is not a desirable member of society. He presents a bad example. The rich man is not expected to toil with pick and shovel, but human society places upon him the obligations to give his best thoughts to the use of his wealth, so that his accumulation may bestow good upon others as well as himself."

The veteran keeps pretty closely to his office, at No. 31 Nassau street, and regularly at noon trudges to the Western Union building, at 195 Broadway, for luncheon. Of recent years, since the Norcross adventure, in which the dynamiter lost his own life and severely injured Laidlaw in attempting to kill Mr. Sage, he is very careful as to whom he admits into his office. But his eye is as bright as ever and the passing years do not seem to alter his appearance.

A man who met him recently thus describes him: "He is almost 90 years old, and does not look to be 60. He is tall, thin, but not wasted. His body is that of a man who is aging without excess. His shoulders are a bit stooped. His forehead is not the bulging dome of so many successful Americans. It slopes backward and gets narrower toward the top. His face is not a strong one. In years gone by it may have been stern, or it may not. It was covered with a beard, but is now smooth-shaven. It is a farmer's face, with healthy brown complexion. His eyes are sharp and bright, lying in a nest of little wrinkles. Sometimes he winks one eye to emphasize what he says. Winking is his only dissipation. When he dissipates, he gives his mind to it. He drops his eyelid with great deliberation, sending it down with all his strength. His wink says, plainly as words, I, Russell Sage, am winking. Am I not real devilish?"

His nose is a good, strong nose, but it does not overshadow its fellow features. His cheek bones are as high as an Indian's. He has a queer way of working the muscles of his cheeks. He draws down his chin and the muscles of the lower part of his face, and at the same time lifts those of his cheek bones. No other living man can do it.

Mr. Sage's way of laughing is to twitch his mouth, shut his eyes tight, slap his thin hand on his knee and double up his body.

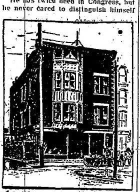
Resentless, but not relentless, he hardly has an enemy; never indulges in luxury; always calls you My son." He is everybody's papa, healing them by the laying on of paternal hands.

My son," he says, Sho! Sho! I must get in my stray bets. My son, I've got a million and a quarter of them puts and calls out now. Sho, It'll never do, my son." By this time he has lovingly fastened on to your rib or armpit, or "crazy bone," and when he says Sho" you feel like a chicken chucked up to be counted and fed on meal.

The youngest and the oldest clerk in Wall street laughs at Mr. Sage's clothes, thereby proving that he will never become a Russell Sage. The millionaire once declared under oath that he had two suits of clothes once at the same time. His shoes are thick and stout.

He goes about collecting money with the same emotion, and as much of it, as an ant-eater shows when it licks up ants. Speculation based on imagination or anything but a sure conviction of profit is unknown to him.

He has twice been in Congress, but he never cared to distinguish himself in politics. He is fond of a good horse. For the past few years he has driven every morning and evening, excepting Sunday, in Central Park. He is generally out before other people have finished their breakfasts. He is an expert driver, and his chief ambition now is to learn to manage a four-in-hand drag.



SAGE & BATES STORE, TROY, N. Y., WHERE RUSSELL SAGE BEGAN HIS BUSINESS CAREER

He eats very little, and always lunches at the Western Union building, where the small amount of his check has often excited comment. He never reads a novel. He is a religious man, a pillar of the West Presbyterian church. He loaned Talmage $125,000 to rebuild the Brooklyn Tabernacle—but at 6 per cent.

The man doesn't take to himself much credit for what he has accomplished in the way of accumulating money. He claims that any one can do it.

"What I have done," he says, "others can do. The path to succeed is thorny, it is true, but any young man who makes up his mind to do it can accumulate money. He must at the start make cast-iron rules; to practice self-denial, regularity and temperance, love for work, a rigid regard for the minutest details of business, and, above all, choose the loss of every dollar rather than a single act of dishonesty. Failure is most frequently caused by falling by the wayside. Young men become victims of the desire for immediate pleasure rather than pursue a long and courageous struggle to permanent success.

"My mother taught me the rudiments—reading, writing and spelling. That was the only schooling I ever had. I was a simple farmer boy and worked on my father's place until I was 16 years old. Then I got a job in a retail grocery store in Troy. I did not receive more than $5 a month. Before I was 21 I went into business for myself. By that time I had saved up enough to enable me to buy out the entire business. In 1863 I came to New York.

"If I were broke now I should go to work with the same desire to climb up that I had the first day I ever put my shoulder to the wheel. Just what my first step would be I don't know. That would depend on circumstances. But I am sure that by hard work I could win."

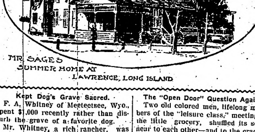
A friend of Mr. Sage was asked about the oft-published statement that no man can command so much money at instant call as he.

"It is true," he said, "and I doubt if any of the other millionaires could produce $5,000,000 of his own money within thirty minutes of the demand. In my opinion none of them has as much ready cash within instant reach as Russell Sage."

He is a man in whom financiers have the greatest confidence. He has integrity and fair dealing back of his record.

In spite of the general impression to the contrary, Mr. Sage is philanthropic. He does not personally disburse charities; the actual giving is left to the discretion and judgment of Mrs. Sage. Although the possessor of a great many millions, he maintains no gorgeous establishment, his home being luxurious, but simple in all its appointments. This method of life is not with him a pose. He is plain to Puritanism; he is old-fashioned; he is intellectually a wonder, and though long past the allotted threescore years and ten, he shows no impairment of mental or physical abilities.

But will he accomplish his new ambition, and reach par? That remains to be seen, and will be decided within about ten years. If simple living, out-of-door exercise and don't-worry rules will do it, there seems to be no reason why he should not be successful. At any rate, he is nearer it than any other man to-day in Wall street.—Boston Herald.



MR. SAGE'S SUMMER HOME AT LAWRENCE, LONG ISLAND

Senators Make Jokes.

Senators are not above cracking jokes at the expense of each other when chance offers. Ex-Governor Murphy, of New Jersey, was a visitor at the Capitol recently, and with Representative Wood, of the Trenton district, on one side and Senator Dryden on the other, enjoyed a half hour's study of the most dignified legislative body in the world.

Soon Senator Kean was seen to enter the gallery and make his way down to the Governor's seat to shake hands with him.

"Dryden," observed a Senator who was looking at the party, "has got Murphy to take a policy in the Prudential by this time."

"And now," said another, "John Kean is going to sell him his copy of 'Fads and Fancies.'"

His Modest Request.

The great pianist at the drawing room function arose from his instrument and held up his hand. When the hubbub of voices died down he cleared his voice and spoke.

"I do not ask," he said, "that you moderate your conversation to the point where you can hear me play. I don't care whether you hear me or not. But in order to do myself justice, I must request that you allow me to hear myself."

In the silence that ensued he broke three strings and a plate glass window.

Ladder to Pick Pole Beans.

A pedler of ladders, rocking chairs and lawn seats drove his wagon up to the home of "Bile" Rogers, in Byfield, one morning in the fall of the year, says a writer in the Boston Herald. He had noticed the heavy crop of apples on Mr. Rogers' farm and was looking forward to a good sale of ladders.

Mr. Rogers inquired the price, and was told that he could purchase a good ladder for 12½ cents a foot. "Well," he said, "give me a couple of feet."

The pedler, who was in no mood to be jollied, procured a saw from the barn, sawed a couple of feet from one of his longest ladders, and with a joyful look, passed it to Mr. Rogers, who dove into his wallet and passed a quarter to the pedler, stating as he did so that he had needed something of the sort for a long time to help him in picking his pole beans.

And Then He Knew.

Gen. Pleasant Porter, an Indian chief, desires to enter the senate.

"But I am by no means overconfident in the matter," said the chief in an interview. "I know that if I get the election I'll have to work hard for it. Overconfidence causes laziness, defeat, humiliation.

"My ancestors, who came from Norristown, sometimes illustrated the evil of overconfidence with an anecdote of a Norristown man.

"This man was talking to a beautiful young lady, an heiress, at a ball.

"'Yes,' she was saying, 'when I don't wish to accept a man's attentions and he asks me where I live I say in the suburbs.'

"The man laughed.

"'Ha, ha! Excellent,' he said. 'But where do you live, Miss South?'

"'In the suburbs, Mr. Jones,' she answered."

Irishman Born in India.

The Rev. Joseph A. Elliott, "Elliott of Fyzabad," the well-known Wesleyan missionary, is dead. "An Irishman born in India," was Mr. Elliott's description of himself.

Fifty Years a Doctor.

Dr. L. Radkofer, professor of botany at Munich, recently celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of his doctorate.

Applause Touched Great Artist.

Mme. Bernhardt had just returned from a spin in a motor car. Her face was flushed and she wore a skirt of sealskin.

"Madame," said a reporter who speaks French, "what do you regard as the greatest triumph of your career?"

The great artist smiled.

"My greatest triumph?" she mused. "Well, I think perhaps my greatest triumph was in Paris on the first night of 'L'Aiglon' at the end of the third act.

"The third act was passionately applauded, but as I stood before the curtain the applause was drowned under a burst of laughter.

"The laughter came from the topmost gallery. The audience's eyes and my eyes, too, were turned reproachfully thither. And as we looked the reproach died out of our faces. For what do you suppose we saw?

"We say two one-armed men standing up in the front row, side by side, quite oblivious of the amusement they created, co-operating with their remaining hands to add to the applause."

The Independent Shaver.

Two barbers were disengaged when the customer came in, says the New York Press. Both got their chairs ready, but the newcomer dodged them.

"I need a shave, all right," he said, to the proprietor, "but I want to shave myself. Can you accommodate me here?"

"Certainly," said the proprietor, "but I'll charge you the same as if one of my men shaved you."

"That's all right," said the man. "I'm not kicking about the price. All I want is a chance to do my own barbering."

A tonsorial outfit was speedily produced and the self-sufficient individual set to work.

"Isn't that a new wrinkle?" asked another man who had been an interested observer of the proceedings.

"Not at all," returned the proprietor. "Every once in a while we run up against a fellow who prefers to shave himself, but hasn't the apparatus at hand. We keep a lot of extra razors in stock for the accommodation of just such independent customers."

Kept Dog's Grave Sacred.

F. A. Whitney of Meeteetsee, Wyo., spent $1,000 recently rather than disturb the grave of a favorite dog.

Mr. Whitney, a rich rancher, was digging an irrigation ditch and the plans called for a channel right through the dog's grave. He changed the plans, giving the ditch a wide detour, and the grave remained unharmed, though of Mr. Whitney's bank account this could not be said.

Mr. Whitney is philanthropic. He is greatly interested in all charities that help children. During a recent visit to New York he told a story about a little slum-urchin whom he had sent on a month's vacation into the country.

"The lad was so ignorant," he said, "that he thought we got mush from the mushroom and milk from the milkweed. One morning a lady pointed to a horse in a field and said:

"'Look at the horse, Jimmy.'

"'That's a cow,' the boy contradicted.

"'No,' said the lady. 'It's a horse.'

"'Tain't. It's a cow,' said the boy. 'Horses has wagons to 'em.'"

The "Open Door" Question Again.

Two old colored men, lifelong members of the "leisure class," meeting at the little grocery, shuffled its seats near to each other—and to the cracker barrel.

"'Pears to me yoh ain't lookin' peart lately, Billy," said one to the other.

"I ain't feelin' right sma't," admitted Billy, gloomily. "Fact is, Jim, I gotter delicate institootion, an' I 'quires mo' 'n' better food than what I gits these days!"

"What!" exclaimed Jim, quickly sympathetic, "yoh ole woman ain't out o' wo'k?"

"No, Lindy's got the same place she's had these fo' years, up to ole Judge Jacobs'. But sence ole Mis' Jacobs took sick things is mighty bad. Young Mis Jacobs, she done come down f'om the No'th to stay, an' she's constitootin' a lot o' new-fangled ways!" Billy, wagged his head dejectedly.

"Now, Lindy uster slip quiet-like outer the kitchen, when her wo'k was done at night; but young Mis' Jacobs, she 'quires that Lindy gotter go out the front doo'!"

GATHERED SMILES

Determination.

"I believe that in an election the best man should win," said Senator Sorghum.

"That is a proper and patriotic sentiment."

"Yes, sir. And I have my own ideas about who the best man is, and I'm going to see that he does win, no matter how many votes are cast against him."—Washington Star.

Biff.

"No, it's my treat," insisted Nuritch, "I kin afford it better'n you fellers kin I guess; you don't know how much I'm worth, do you?"

"Well, no," replied the quiet stranger, "I don't know your exact weight, nor do I know the current market price of pork."

Ample Evidence.

"What evidence have you for a breach of promise suit?" asked the attorney.

"Oh, Mr. Fleecem," sobbed the applicant, "in his letters he called me tootsy twice and once he called me honey bunch."

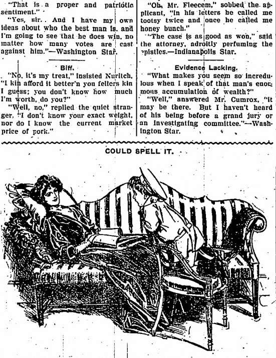
"The case is as good as won," said the attorney, adroitly perfuming the epistles.—Indianapolis Star.

Evidence Lacking.

"What makes you seem so incredulous when I speak of that man's enormous accumulation of wealth?"

"Well," answered Mr. Cumrox, "it may be there. But I haven't heard of his being before a grand jury or an investigating committee."—Washington Star.

COULD SPELL IT.



Georgie—"Mamma, I can spell Tuesday, even if I've never been at school."

Mamma—"Spell it, dear."

Georgie—"Why, just two 2's and a 'd.'"

Evidence of Refinement.

Mrs. Nuritch—Mr. Nuritch is so particular, so refined in his tastes, don't you know. For instance, he has his coffee imported direct and no one else in his country gets any just like it.

Mrs. McCall—Indeed? I suppose he drinks a great deal of it.

Mrs. Nuritch—Oh, no; only a saucerful at each meal.

Tenants of Her Heart.

Tess—I thought you said you loved Jim from the bottom of your heart.

Jess—So I did.

Tess—And yet you keep on flirting with Tom and Dick. How can you, if you really love Jim from the bottom of your heart?

Jess—Well, there's still room at the top, you know.

Rustic Folly.

"You'd never think Kjones was from the country, would you? His manner is perfect and his dress fashionable."

"Yes, but he gave himself away on the street car to-day."

"How?"

"Got up and gave his seat to a woman."—Cleveland Leader.

Lucky.

Miss Packer—I asked papa what the wild waves were saying, and he said it sounded to him like swosh, swosh, swosh. He has no more poetry in his make-up than a stone wall.

Mrs. Packer—That's a lucky thing for us, dear. If he had much of it he couldn't afford to keep us at a place like this.

Enough Said.

"Oh, yes, indeed," said Mrs. Upplsh, who had once been a neighbor of Mrs. Pepprey, "we're living in a much better neighborhood now."

"So are we," replied Mrs. Pepprey.

"Oh, have you moved, too?"

"No, we're still living in the street you moved away from."

Cause of Suspicion.

"Is there any question about the social position of the Dollartons?"

"There was none until recently," answered Miss Cayenne. "It has been discovered that the society paper Town Whoppers printed some very complimentary paragraphs about them."

More Like It.

"My!" exclaimed Mrs. Newbride at breakfast in the hotel dining room, "what a tiny little egg they've given you! Isn't it cute?"

"Well," replied Mr. Newbride, after breaking it, "I wouldn't call it cute; you might say 'chic,' though."

His Own Fault.

"Oh! yes. Cholly is a harmless sort of fellow. The only thing about him is that he has brain trouble."

"Nonsense! He hasn't any brain at all."

"I know; that's the trouble."

Too Sharp for the Dealer.

Art dealer—Here is a lovely little woodland scene for only $2,250.

Oil magnate—That? Nonsense! I know where that was painted. Why, I could buy the whole farm for $1,500.

Excusable.

Editor—I cannot tolerate such spelling as this. You have here the word "suburban" spelled "sub-bourbon."

New writer—Yes; but haven't you noticed the scene of the plot is laid in Kentucky?—Judge.

A Free Lance.

Benedick—Not married, eh? I'll bet you're fond of a girl, though.

Batcheller—Oh, yes, indeed.

Benedick—Who is she?

Batcheller—Her name is Legion.

The Usual Shrinkage.

"You remember that rich aunt from whom I expected a handsome fortune?"

"Yes."

"Well, she left all her money to found a home for Angora cats."

"You must have been badly disappointed."

"Not at all. It appears that there was only $200 of it."

Voting More Important.

"Have you ever made any effort to bring your colleagues to your way of thinking?"

"No," answered Senator Sorghum, "I don't care anything about their way of thinking. What I want is to bring them to my way of thinking."

Not to Blame.

"Why are you here, my poor man?" asked the prison visitor.

"Through no fault of mine, sir," replied the convict.

"No?"

"No, I ain't had a single chance to break out."

She Knew How to Get It.

Belle—Wouldn't you like to have real golden hair.

Maud—Oh, I'm just dying for it!

Such a Dear Girl.

"Come now," said her father, after she has kissed him effusively two or three times, "what is it you want? Out with it!"

"I don't want anything," replied the dear girl. "I want to give you something."

"Indeed? What is it?"

"A son-in-law. Jack asked me to speak to you about it."

A Veiled Boast.

"What do you think? Young Softed, who is a laughing stock among the girls, says he can marry to-morrow any woman he pleases."

"That's right."

"You don't believe such egregious vanity as that, do you?"

"It's the truth. You see, he doesn't please any."

Thrown Down.

Patience—Just as he was about to propose I took the down pillow and threw it at my feet for him to kneel on.

Patrice—That was a bad break.

"How so?"

"Why, it looked as if you were throwing him down."

The Burglar's Grasp.

"Did it ever strike you that a burglar, of all men, is the most sensitive to the fitness of things?"

"Can't say it ever did. How do you make it out?"

"He always throws light on his shady transactions with a dark lantern."

The Greatest of Them.

"Did I understand you to say he was a 'hero worshiper'?"

"That's what I said. Why?"

"Why, the man's an actor and the most conceited——"

"Well, he's the hero in the melodrama his company's playing just now."

An Inference.

Aunt Hetty—Does Fanny say anything about her husband in that letter?

Aunt Sally—No. Doesn't mention him once.

Aunt Hetty—Do tell! They must be getting along better than they used to.

Balm to the Female.

"It must be awful," said the sympathetic gray mare, "to have all your teeth knocked out."

"Well," replied the bay mare, who had met with the accident, "it has its advantages. Nobody can tell my age now, you see."

Envy.

Mr. Billus—No dinner ready? What on earth is the matter with you, anyhow?

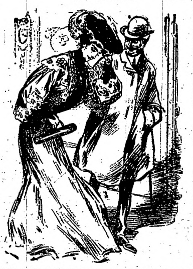
Mrs. Billus—Oh, John! Mrs. Binks, who lives next door, has the loveliest new set of furs I ever saw and I have no appetite!

Guilty of One Kick.

Landlady—I wish you were as uncomplaining as Mr. Jones.

Boarder—Well, I heard him say the other day that if there were as many hairs in his mattress as he finds in the butter he would be able to sleep a little better.

A BOOMERANG.



Mr. Oldboy—"Funny thing, but the biggest fools always seem to marry the prettiest women."

Mrs. O.—"Oh, you flatterer!"

Explained.

Miss Ascum—What does "Hic jacet" mean on these old tombstones?

Mr. McBluff—Why—er—that's an abbreviation for "hickory jacket"—that is to say, "hickory coffin." That's the kind they used in old times, see?

Too Expensive to Use.

"I see that apples are again cordially recommended as a sure cure for the liquor habit."

"Pity they couldn't have made it prunes. They are so much cheaper."

In High Finance.

McCurl—A wise man keepeth his own counsel.

Rogerman—You're right. Then when he's investigated he has somebody on whose advice he can refuse to answer questions.

Didn't Sound Composed.

The Mother—Who do you suppose composed that piece Euphemia is playing on the piano?

The Father—Doesn't sound to me as if it ever had been composed.

Not His Doing.

"He has severed his connection with your firm, I'm told."

"I think not."

"No?"

"No; I believe his connection with our firm has been severed."

The Joke Was on Livorsky.

"I see that the Russian insurgents murdered Gen. Livorsky by mistake for Gen. Prosorovsky."

"No doubt Gen. Prosorovsky will enjoy this if he has any sense of humor."

Worked Wrong.

Pa—I've fixed old Jones, all right.

Ma—What did you do to him?

Pa—I gave his boy Johnny a tin horn.

Ma—Yes, and Johnny's mother sent him over here to pass the day.

Not Interested.

"This race problem is getting to be a very serious thing. Are you at all interested in it?"

"What's the use, when a fellow can never pick the winner?"

HEARTH & BOUDOIR.

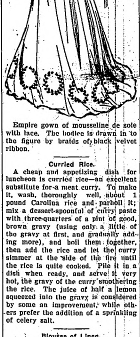
Spring Styles.

One notices that the spring styles are coming bravely to the front, that short, jaunty little coats are taking the place of the long loose or tight-fitting outer garment and that hats in straw malines, chenille or lace braids are beginning to replace the satin and beaver shapes which have been decking the windows and the women. One pretty and springlike looking hat was in a modified edition of one of the turned-up hats of the winter modes The side brim rolled rather sharply, the crown was rather round and high, but the lines were all softened by the little quillings of black maline net which completely covered the entire hat. The trimming consisted of a wreath of small pink roses set close together and without foliage. The under part of the brim had a bandeau of pale blue tulle with rosettes of ribbon to match.

Tailored Walking Suit.

A ladies' tailored walking suit of dark blue cheviot is finished in strictly tailor fashion, with machine stitching and silk crochet buttons. The jacket is tight fitting, closes at center-front and has a mannish collar and turned-back revers. The skirt is a nine-gore model with extension plaits at each seam and an under-folded plait at back. Machine stitching and buttons are used to carry out the coat design. For this entire costume in medium size eight and a half yards of forty-six-inch material will be required. Serge, panne or broadcloth are desirable materials to be used in the development of this suit.

New Empire Gown.



Empire gown of mousseline de soie with lace. The bodice is drawn in to the figure by braids of black velvet ribbon.

Curried Rice.

A cheap and appetizing dish for luncheon is curried rice—an excellent substitute for a meat curry. To make it, wash, thoroughly well, about 1 pound Carolina rice and parboil it; mix a dessert-spoonful of curry paste with three-quarters of a pint of good, brown gravy (using only a little of the gravy at first, and gradually adding more), and boil them together, then add the rice and let the curry simmer at the side of the fire until the rice is quite cooked. Pile it in a dish when ready, and serve it very hot, the gravy of the curry smothering the rice. The juice of half a lemon squeezed into the gravy is considered by some an improvement, while others prefer the addition of a sprinkling of celery salt.

Blouses of Linen.

All sorts and classes of shirt waists and blouses are made of handkerchief linen, even those very plain ones, made high on the left side, and prim yokes.

Yet, while handkerchief linen makes nine out of ten shirt waists, that tenth one is given an odd little style by the very weight of its weave. And handkerchief linen does crush terribly under a coat, so that, for every day, those of heavier linen are better.

Blouses for Children.

Small girls wear the guimpe frock with gathers at the top, a band of insertion or rows of smocking being added if a less simple style is desired. For materials the chambrays, dimities, ginghams, and in truth all such wash fabrics as have been used from time immemorial. The blouse suit is also worn by little girls, although the short pleated skirt and blouse waist are also fashionable, with the narrow leather belt in light colors, white or black patent leather.—Harper's Bazar.

Plaid Dimities Much Used.

Plaid dimities are to the fore for shirt waists and dresses and every sort of thing. There is a remarkable variety in them, when you realize that the largest plaid is something less than two inches square. Between that size and the tiniest of all (which is made of cords as closely set as possible) are plaids of every width, some made by single cords crossing others of a dozen cords that form a band. And the plain spaces seem sheerer than ever by contrast.

Wings and Aigrettes Used.

Regardless of the Audubon society there are more wings and aigrettes employed this season than in many previous seasons put together. At one time a very small aigrette of a few inches was considered large enough. Now some of them are from twelve to fifteen inches long. The main trimming on some of the most stylish hats is one huge white aigrette. Aigrettes are always white in their natural state, but this season they are dyed in all colors; any are dyed in the shaded effects. And it is needless to say that wings are the favored trimming. In every fashionable shop you will see that two-thirds of the hats are trimmed with bird wings. Bird wings, in combination with flowers and with velvet ribbons, are used, and sometimes wings are the only trimming employed. A woman can afford wings when she cannot afford ostrich feathers, and a wing does duty where an ostrich tip will not—on a traveling hat or a rainy day toque, for instance.—Brooklyn Eagle.

WHILE THE TEA BREWS

Nearly all walking suits have the skirts plaited in one way or another.

Very high, straight turnover collars of linen are worn with the tailor-made dress.

Some of the new bodices have long tails reaching nearly to the bottom of the skirt.

One of those Japanese tan-and-blue purses is very "fit" to carry with a blue suit.

The brilliantly colored little hats of the winter are like jewels set atop of the head.

For a short dancing frock there is no model so pretty as an accordion-plaited skirt.

Gauze with a wide satin stripe, in white or colors, is a new nicety for evening frocks.

Princess Style Improved.

In the lighter, more dressy linen gowns, Princess styles are exquisite, those lovely little lingerie gowns making the plainest woman look her best. For, unlike the severe Princess gown—the type that came out first—unlike any of the others of heavier materials—those of mull or of handkerchief linen and such soft delicate stuffs are so full and betrimmed and beruffled and generally fascinating that every hint of severity of line is lost.

For that matter, there has been almost a revolution in the way of making Princess gowns. Instead of only two or three types of figure looking well in them, dressmakers and dress artists have juggled with the style—giving in an inch here, to take an ell there—until almost any woman can be made to look well in at least one style.

In Light Broadcloth.

Frocks and wraps of white or pale lined broadcloth which are so much in demand this season and so numerous among the "ready to wear" models, are excellent investments if offered at prices really low, for unless they have some perishable trimming they will stand innumerable cleanings and keep their shape and modishness. One dress is pale-blue broadcloth, with trimming on skirt and bodice of light blue and silver braid, put on in design. The little vest in front of bodice is white kid and the plaited girdle chiffont taffeta, exactly matching the cloth. There is a pretty buckle of rhinestones where the revers meet at waist line and a frill of fine white lace finishes the elbow sleeves. Blue gloves and a cloth-of-silver hat with blue plumes and aigrettes accompany the costume.

HINTS TO HOUSEWIVES

Keep a small box filled with quicklime in pantry and cellar; it will keep the air dry and pure.

Canaries should not be allowed to bathe more than twice a week in winter and the water should be lukewarm.

A piece of charcoal placed upon the shelves of the refrigerator will absorb any unpleasant odors and keep it sweet smelling.

Add a little washing soda to the boiling water in which greasy dishes are washed and they never will have a streaky appearance.

When tomatoes and milk are to be put together, as in a cream soup, have them of the same temperature, then beat vigorously as the tomato is added a little at a time.

Good Idea in Linen Frock.

A model in string colored linen which is among the best of the linen frocks seen had a little coat with basques and did not quite meet in front, being held by straps of linen which fastened with linen buttons. A deep collar of string color cluny was bordered by a narrow, fine plaiting of the linen, and a similar narrow plaiting was set upon the skirt above the hem, following a pointed tunic line.

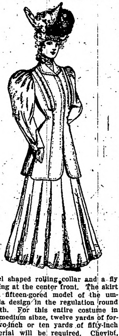
Tarlatan Bobs Up Again.

Our grandmothers liked the old-fashioned "tarlatan" for dancing frocks, and to-day it is being revived for the same purpose. Of course, this means a very good quality of underdress and quantities of lace for ruffles.

The outside of these gowns are not really so very expensive; but when you have gathered together your silk linings, your lace ruffles, your ribbon furbelows, and the other small items which cost so much, without you can do your own sewing, the adding of a dressmaker's bill will bring the cost up to a high figure. The lace and spangled nets are also liked for dancing gowns, but are much more appropriate for older women.

Gray Broadcloth Suit.

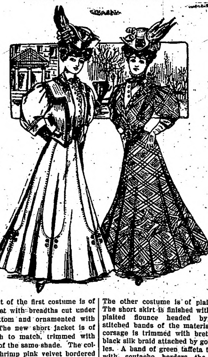
Street suit of gray satin-faced broadcloth, trimmed in tailor fashion, with machine stitching and small silk buttons. The jacket is close-fitting, has a novel shaped rolling collar and a fly closing at the center front. The skirt is a fifteen-gored model of the umbrella design in the regulation round length. For this entire costume in the medium size, twelve yards of forty-two-inch or ten yards of fifty-inch material will be required. Cheviot, serge, novelty suiting or any of the winter materials are very desirable in the development of this suit.



Beef Stew.

Put one pound of round steak in a stewpan, add one tablespoon of finely chopped onion, one teaspoon of salt, a little pepper and three pints of boiling water. Let simmer until the meat is very tender, then take it out and cut it into cubes. Melt two tablespoonfuls of butter, blend in three tablespoons of flour, and gradually the beef stock from the meat, stir until smooth and thick, then add the meat and one quart of cold potatoes cut into cubes. Heat thoroughly and serve.

WALKING COSTUMES FROM PARIS.



The skirt of the first costume is of green velvet with breadths cut under at the bottom and ornamented with buttons. The new short jacket is of green cloth to match, trimmed with silk braid of the same shade. The collar is of shrimp pink velvet bordered with a plaiting of the braid, loops of which fastened with buttons ornament the front of the jacket. The blouse is of the striped velvet like the skirt, cut in scallops in front and fastened with buttons. The girdle is of taffeta and the chemisette is of linen.

The other costume is of plaid wool. The short skirt is finished with a box-plaited flounce headed by fancy stitched bands of the material. The corsage is trimmed with bretelles of black silk braid attached by gold buckles. A band of green taffeta trimmed with soutache borders the fronts, which cross slightly at the bottom. The waistcoat is of champagne colored cloth; the chemisette is of linen with stock of black silk. The girdle is of green taffeta headed by black velvet, which is fastened in front with a buckle.

IMPRESSED WITH WESTERN CANADA.

Says Our Prairies Will Be Filled Up in Ten Years.

L. A. Stockwell of Indianapolis, a United States land man who made an extensive tour of inspection in the west, wrote the following article, under date of Jan. 8, for an Indiana publication:

"States." In this letter I propose to show by extracts from my note book that thousands who have come up here from the "States" have succeeded far beyond their most sanguine expectations.

Mr. N. E. Beaumunk of Brazil, Indiana, was earning $100.00 per month with a coal company. At about the age of 40 he had saved about $3,000. Four years ago he landed near Hanley, Sask. He now owns 480 acres of land. Last fall (1905) he threshed 4,700 bushels of wheat and 3,100 bushels of oats. His wheat alone brought him over $4,000, which would have paid for the acres that it grew on. He is to-day worth $15,000.

This Is Making Money Fast.

In Feb. 1902, J. G. Smith & Bro. were weavers in a big cotton mill in Lancashire, England. Coming here they arrived in Wapella, Sask., with only $750.00 between them. They were so "green" and inexperienced that all they could earn the first summer was $6.00 per month, and the first winter they had to work for their board. The next year, 1903, they took homesteads, and by working for neighbors, they got a few acres broken out, upon which the next year they raised a few hundred bushels of wheat and oats. They also bought a team and broke out about sixty acres more. In 1905 they threshed 1700 bushels of wheat from it, and 1300 bushels of oats. Their success being then assured they borrowed some money, built a good house, barn and implement shed, and bought a cream separator, etc. They now have a dozen cows, some full-blooded pigs and chickens, good teams and implements to match, and are on the high road to prosperity. Here are three cases selected from my note book from among a score of others. One a mine boss, one a farmer, and one a factory operator. With each of them I took tea and listened to their story. "I hoped to better my condition," said one. "I thought in time I might make a home," said another. "I had high expectations," said the other, and all said that "I never dreamed it possible to succeed as I have."

Like Arabian Nights.

Everywhere, on the trains, at the hotels and in the family I have been told successes that reminded me more of the stories in the Arabian Nights than of this matter-of-fact workaday world. Yields of wheat from 35 to 53 bushels per acre, and of oats of from 60 to 100 bushels, are numerous in every locality and well authenticated. At Moose Jaw, Lethbridge, Calgary, Edmonton, Regina, Brandon, Hanley and many intermediate places I saw cattle and young horses fat as our grain-fed animals of the "States" that had never tasted grain, and whose cost to their owners was almost nothing. At Moosomin I saw a train load of 1,400 steers en route to England, that were shaky fat, raised as above stated. If the older generation of farmers in Indiana, who have spent their lives in a contest with logs and stumps as did their fathers before them, could see these broad prairies dotted with comfortable homes, large red barns, and straw piles innumerable, and the thriving towns with their towering elevators jammed to the roof with "No. 1 hard," and then remember that four or five years ago these plains were tenantless but for the badger and coyote, they would marvel at the transformation. Then if they followed the crowds as they emerged from the trains and hurried to the land offices, standing in line until their respective turns to be waited on came, and saw with what rapidity these lands are being taken, they would certainly catch the "disease" and want some of it too. If these lands are beautiful in midwinter, with their long stretches of yellow stubble standing high above the snow, what must they be in summer time when covered with growing or ripening grains? Speaking of winter reminds me that our Hoosier friends shrug their shoulders when they read in the Chicago and Minneapolis dailies of the temperature up here. For that very reason I am here this winter. The Canadian literature, with its pictures, half tones and statistics, gives a good idea of her resources, but thirty or forty degrees below zero sounds dangerous to a Hoozier, who nearly freezes in a temperature of five above, especially when accompanied by a wind, as it often is, but the fact is, when it is very cold here it is still and the air being dry the cold is not felt as it is in our lower latitudes, where there is more humidity in the atmosphere. I am 56 and I never saw a finer winter than the one I am spending up here. I arrived in Winnipeg Nov. 9, and have not had the bottoms of my overshoes wet since I entered Canada. Under a cloudless sky I have ridden in sleighs nearly a thousand miles, averaging a drive every other day. Stone masons have not lost a week's time so far this winter. Building of all kinds goes right ahead in every city and hamlet, as though winter were never heard of.

Information concerning homestead lands in Western Canada can be had from any authorized Canadian Government Agent whose advertisement appears elsewhere in this paper.

No man is brave until he has overcome the fear of being called a coward.

Many Children are Sickly.
Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, Break up Colds and Destroy Worms. At all Druggists', 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The godly man is not likely to be good unless he believes in the goodness of his God.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

OF ST. HILAIRE

L. C. SIMONS, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

Capital, Fully Paid, $10,000.00

First Mortgage Loans
A SPECIALTY

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK

St. Hilaire, Minn.

FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans ☞ A Specialty. ☜

ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

.. HALL'S ..

CONFECTIONERY, STATIONERY, FRUITS, CIGARS, TOBACCOS ......TOYS

Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.

Next door to Hotel Markham.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"

and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of

THE FAMOUS

MATT. J. JOHNSONS 6088

RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE

you are not satisfied with results.

This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.

For Sale and Guaranteed Only by
Imperial Drug Co., St. Hilaire

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

For CHOICEST

FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars

Call at....

DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT

Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.

ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

SEEDS, TREES CORN 23rd ANNUAL Catalog of EARLIEST AND HARDIEST of Everything on Earth. Every person who tills a foot of land needs it. Send for it now.

OSCAR H. WILL & CO.
BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.

CONFECTIONERY

FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY

Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, March 10, 1906.

One thing is settled, there will not be a lack of candidates for republican nominations for state officials.

The spring apportionment of the state school fund is being distributed and is the largest apportionment ever made in the spring, being $1.70 per pupil.

The republican state central committee will meet next month and knowing ones declare that the state convention will be called early, some say in May.

Next Tuesday we hold an election and elect a new set of village officials. Let us hope they will be an enterprising lot and do something for the betterment of the village.

The threatened danger of an extra session of the legislature to correct mistakes and omissions in the new code seems to have been averted and the taxpayers of the state can now breathe easier.

One reason for the disturbed condition of China has been discovered in that we, during the past year, sent 720 millions of cigarets over there. No wonder the boxers feel like doing somebody.

Frank M. Eddy in a recent issue of his paper states in a signed editorial that he will not be a candidate for governor this year. Mr. Eddy's decision will be regretted by many who hoped to see him nominated.

It would be well for our citizens to thoroughly investigate the proposition to have the village build a telephone system. It would be a good investment besides being an improvement in the right direction.

Pawning a Bank Book.

The pawning of the wedding ring has become a pathetic commonplace to those who are familiar with police court and coroner's court stories or with the private petitions for help of the deserving and undeserving poor. But we confess that with the Westminster magistrate we have never heard before of pawning bank books. Yet on expert pawnbroker's evidence elicited by police inquiry it is found that this is not at all an unusual practice. In the vast majority of cases it would seem to be a simpler matter to draw on the bank account rather than borrow on the strength of it from the pawnshop. But one of the unfortunate possibilities of the practice is revealed in the particular case mentioned at Westminster. A picture frame maker, wishing to withdraw £3 from the bank, could not find his bank book and then learned that his wife had been putting the book in and out of pawn for eight years, having borrowed £7 10s. on it the first time, and of course she had been paying interest on her various transactions.—London Pall Mall Gazette.

Royal B. Shute Died Sunday.

Minneapolis Tribune: Royal B. Shute, who has been a well known and prominent resident of Minneapolis for four years, died last night at 10:40 o'clock at his residence, 1924 Kenwood Parkway. He had been suffering with typhoid fever for three weeks.

Mr. Shute was born 30 years ago in East Dubuque, Iowa, and had been engaged in the lumber business since his graduation. He was gifted with an exceptional business talent, and the rise has been unusually rapid.

Mr. Shute married Flora Boutell in 1901. He was then a resident of Crookston. He remained there a year, and then returned to this city. For the past two years he has been connected with the Bovey-Shute Lumber company in the capacity of secretary.

He is survived by his wife and one son, Preston, and a large number of relatives, all of whom are prominent in Minneapolis.

Grand Jury Drawn.

Following is the list of grand jurors drawn to serve at the general term of district court for Red Lake county, to be held March 26, 1906:

John Alstadt, Red Lake Falls city.
Denis Conely, North.
Moise Guerard, Poplar River.
Peter Swanson, Black River.
K. Killand, St. Hilaire.
Maximilian Perras, Lambert.
Hildege Berry, Red Lake Falls twp.
William Holberg, Red Lake Falls city.
D. Collins, St. Hilaire.
Carl Johnson, St. Hilaire.
Adolph Warberg, Lambert.
G. C. Gulrud, Highlanding.
Joseph Bemick, Red Lake Falls city.
Ed. Miller, Wyandotte.
Gilbert Haavi, North.
Ole G. Lee, Garnes.
Henry Busse, Black River.
Andrew Anderson, Equality.
M. Bakken, Rocksbury.
P. O. Sorlum, Silverton.
C. M. Evenson, Thief River Falls.
Frank Laplante, Gervais.
W. J. McCrum, Thief River Falls.

New Telephone Line.

L. H. Richardson, of Minneapolis, manager of the Tri-State Telephone company, was in Thief River Falls last week, says the News. While here Mr. Richardson stated that his company would build their long distance line into Thief River Falls just as soon as the frost was out of the ground, and that when work was once commenced it would be rushed. He also stated that the company had changed its intention of building here by way of Ardock, N. D., but would run the line from Grand Forks to Crookston, Red Lake Falls, St. Hilaire and Thief River Falls. Application for a right to enter these other towns will at once be made to the city councils and it is not thought there will be any opposition.

Next summer the Tri-state company proposes to build a line from Thief River Falls through to Kenmare, N. D., along the Soo's new line. It is quite likely that there will be considerable doing in the line of building new telephone lines next summer and many small towns that now do not have telephone communication with the outside world will be favored.

Why would it not be a good plan for the village to build and operate a local telephone exchange here. If we are to have two opposition long distance lines here it would be an excellent plan for the village to own and operate a local exchange. The cost would not be great. It would be a paying investment and eventually lead to the building of lines leading to the surrounding country. It would be a good scheme; think it over.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held at the village hall Mar. 5, 1906, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by President O'Brien.

Members present: O'Brien, Martz, and Gigstad.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and on motion accepted.

The marshal's report for the year read and on motion accepted.

On motion J. C. Dahl was appointed judge of election in place of J. B. O'Brien.

A. F. Ittner was appointed clerk of election for annual election March 13, 1906.

The following bills were allowed in full:

Crookston Lbr Co, lumber....	$ 0 62
Rapp & Post, hardware.......	8 30
A F Blomburgh, services as health officer and inspecting lock-up	12 00
D Patterson, draying and services as health officer......	5 25
Holmes Bros, hardware.......	22 25
Imperial Drug Co, as per bill..	4 65
Christ Bjerk, work	1 25
Arthur Gunstad, work	1 40
C H Remington, salary.......	50 00
Wm Olson, blacksmithing....	1 35
Carl Johnson, services as councilman................	10 00
J B O'Brien, salary president village council..........	10 00
C H Martz, salary councilman.	10 00

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'BRIEN,
President.

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Recorder.

Fight Over a Ditch.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: The matter of the petition of P. Erkstrom and others for a public ditch in the towns of Sanders and Bray came up for hearing at the meeting of the board of county commissioners Tuesday, and about forty farmers of the county were present to argue for and against its construction.

After listening to the arguments presented the board ordered the ditch constructed, and W. E. Wood was appointed engineer, with Gilbert Haave, Olof Tande and Otto Zaiser as viewers.

The new ditch starts in section 29, Sanders and runs south to the town line, thence straight west, emptying into the Black river, and is said to be a ditch that will result in great benefit to the lands along the route.

The engineers and viewers will do their work as soon as possible and when their reports are made the commissioners will meet to decide on the merits of the case.

Blackbird and Pig Bunk Together.

Chris. Johnson, the well known stage driver, tells a "happy family" story somewhat out of the ordinary, says the Fosston Thirteen Towns. Chris has been keeping a pig this winter, providently heaping up a supply of pork for future use, and this pig has been the means of keeping a single blackbird from going further south for the severe months of the year, for this blackbird last fall assumed a home with his porkship and remained near throughout the winter. The dusky bird does not allow of any petting and flies out of reach when approached, but when left alone on a cold day immediately returns and either stays upon its protectful companion's back or nestles snugly beside him when he lies down to sleep, thereby being amply sheltered from the cold. Sharing with the pig at feeding time also, the blackbird has grown plump and strong and seems thoroughly content with its conditions.

Sweetened Wood.

The use of sugar as a preservative is familiar to all who love jam preserves. That it may serve to keep from decomposition other substances of organic origin is shown by its recent use in the treatment of wood to be used for building purposes. The wood thus treated is not porous; it can be worked without shrinking or cracking, and its decaying tendency seems to have been remedied to a great extent. As a preserver of good health take golden grain belt beer. Besides being of wonderful medicinal value this beer is most nourishing and refreshing. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

EYES Dr. Geo. E. Spofford, the Eye Specialist, next visit to St. Hilaire, Saturday March 10. Eyes examined. Glasses fitted. Cross-eyes treated. Office at Hotel Markham.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

CALUMET
BAKING POWDER
NOT MADE BY THE TRUST

Calumet
is the only
High Grade Powder
offered to the consumer at a
Moderate Price

It should not be confused with the cheap, low grade powders on the one hand, nor the high priced trust powders on the other.

TREASURER'S ANNUAL STATEMENT

Annual Statement of Leonard Holmes, treasurer of the Village of St. Hilaire, County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, of the moneys received by him into the treasury from the County Treasurer, and from all other officers and persons; and also of all moneys paid out by him as such treasurer for the year ending March 7, 1906:

RECEIPTS:

Balance on hand..............	$649 46
K M Hansen, county treasurer town revenue.. $1471.88 special sidewalk $ 30.75..	1502 63
C H Remington, poll tax......	50 00
" show license....	10 00
" dog tax........	22 00
Anderson & Maakrud liquor license	250 00
W A Arthur, liquor license..	250 00
J J Soll, " " ..	250 00
Chas Fellman " " ..	250 00
K M Hansen, county treasurer, general fund............	827 50
K O Gigstad, show license....	3 00
J B O'Brien, retainer.........	5 00
Julius Block, state treasurer, fire department...........	78 21
K O Gigstad, peddler's license.	5 00
A S Wilson, fine justice court.	9 15
" " " " ..	5 00
K M Hansen, general fund....	156 49
Merchants State Bank, interest on certificate of deposit...	69 70
Merchants State Bank, interest on daily balances.........	30 00
Total receipts	$4423 14

SINKING FUND:

Certificates of deposit drawing five per cent interest at Merchants State Bank	$1500 00

DISBURSEMENTS:

AF Blomburgh, sal health officer 1 yr	$ 12 00
AS Wilson, ½ yr sal as councilman	5 00
Ed Whaley, work	75
LT Bergh, money advanced on state library	2 00
Ole Freekstad, work	75
MJ Lindahl "	3 75
J C Dahl, health officer 1904	4 00
AF Lang, one day judge of election	2 00
K O Gigstad, ½ yr salary as recorder	25 00
Andrew Petterson, work on street	2 50
Andrew Erickson, " "	2 50
Christ Hall, sal vill marshal etc	56 00
O H Peters, judge vill election	2 00
D Patterson, gasoline	9 48
WA Sorsoleil, work	3 50
Ira Carpenter, "	12 25
StHilaire Spectator, publishing council proceedings	19 50
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	30 43
C Carpenter, work	11 40
N Shannon, "	5 25
Ed Tufth, "	11 10
A Satterberg, draying	1 00
CH Remington, sal as marshal	44 75
Christ Hall, salary	6 75
A S Wilson, judge of election	2 00
D Patterson, freight and draying	1 00
Leonard Holmes, 2 per cent commission as village treasurer	68 33
D Patterson, gasoline	9 48
Farmers & Mechanics Savings Bank, interest on bonds	120 00
StAnthony Falls Bank, int on bonds	87 50
Wm Olson, work	2 90
R Skorstad, " on street	19 50
O Payment, " "	1 50
CH Remington, marshal salary	50 00
WS Booth & Son, order book	5 00
White Mfg Co, lamp supplies	21 13
MJ Lindahl, 9 lamp caps and repairs	14 10
R H Almer, blacksmithing	2 50
FA Grady, atty fees in sidewalk case	25 00
StHilaire Fire Dept, 13 members at prairie fire	13 00
C Clayton, work	19 50
L Blondin, "	8 75
C M Roland, work on street	7 00
E St Martin, "	3 75
H Adams, "	4 50
John Shannon, "	12 50
Chas Carpenter, "	9 20
D Patterson, "	8 50
Earl Carpenter, "	5 60
E Tufth, "	8 00
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	119 46
KO Gigstad, insurance premium and 100 dog tags	47 90
John Folstad, work	3 75
Christ Bjerk, fixing lamp wires	1 00
Herman Nelson, mowing streets	6 00
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber, 2 bills	30 98
BE Burkee, assessing personal property 1905	50 00
Rapp & Post, supplies	27 34
Victor Brink, team on grader	6 25
H Martz, road work	3 50
H E Berglund, labor on street	32 50
Aug " cleaning well	1 00
J B O'Brien, two days board of equalization	4 00
L Holmes, donation 4th July com	75 00
Treas St. Hilaire Band, concerts	10 00
R Skorstad, labor on streets	15 45
D Patterson, work etc	8 75
C H Remington, salary June	50 00
K O Gigstad, recorder salary etc	27 70
C Clayton, work on streets	19 80
Carl Johnson, 2 days board of equalization	4 00
K R Killand, lamp supplies	7 85
E Bray, painting and repairing roof village hall	10 00
D Patterson, gasoline	9 81
A Anderson, work	12 00
Imperial Drug Co, mdse	8 00
C H Remington, marshal salary	50 00
H Miller, salary as marshal 2 days	4 50
Adolph Satterberg, work	7 50
Merman Nelson, "	3 50
L Selberg, "	7 00
A E Berglund, "	26 25
Christ Hall, sal as marshal 1 day	5 00
M J Lindahl, work on lamps	3 30
Ole Flan, burying Look's dog	50
C H Martz, 7 days board of equalization	4 00
C. Clayton, work	1 50
John Gunstad, "	22 98
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber, 8 bills	106 11
H C Adams, salary as marshal 1 day	2 00
StHilaire Spectator, printing	32 65
R Skorstad, work	1 50
James Brady, fixing bridge	175 00
Treas St Hilaire Band, concerts	10 00
D Patterson, gasoline	9 14
O Brink, work	5 25
Ed Thompson, fixing lamp wires	1 00
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	48 95
E M Hoff, school treasurer, money refunded on order No. 121	13 42
R H Almer, work	3 00
JohnGunderson, "	1 50
C H Remington, salary August	50 00
Wm Olson, drift bolts	4 30
Ed Thompson, work	1 00
D Patterson, freight and drayage	2 21
Treas StHilaire Band, open concerts	10 00
J B O'Brien, trip to Red Lake Falls	2 00
C H Remington, marshal salary etc	51 00
K O Gigstad, salary Aug, Sept etc	27 00
D Patterson, four loads lumber	2 00
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	21 80
" " "	10 00
White Mfg Co, lamp supplies	33 45
Treas St Hilaire Band, concerts	10 00
Christ Bjerk, work	8 75
K Bjerkness, 1 day special marshall	2 00
D Patterson, gasoline	9 02
Mike Olson, work	75
Hans Roland, special police	2 00
Albert Fellman, " "	2 00
A F Ittner, " "	2 00
C H Remington, marshal salary	50 00
Christ Bjerk, work	8 50
John Gunderson, "	5 60
Peter Lundberg, "	2 00
Ole Brink, "	6 50
K A Kolstad, "	75
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	9 45
D Patterson, coal and work	31 70
C H Martz, work	3 63
St Anthony Falls Bank, int on bonds	87 50
D Patterson, gasoline	8 83
A C Berglund, work	1 25
C H Remington, sal and extra work	61 00
A Satterberg, draying	3 50
Imperial Drug Co, lamp supplies	7 00
D Patterson, freight and drayage	5 43
WS Nott Co, supplies for fire dept	54 04
K O Gigstad, recorder salary for Oct, Nov and Dec	25 00
Christ Hall, repairing fire apparatus	3 00
C H Remington, marshal salary	50 00
Henry Gunstad, work	2 30
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	1 11
D Patterson, gasoline	8 38
C A Berglund, work	1 40
Park, Grant & Morris, lamp supplies	19 15
C H Remington, marshal salary	50 00
Treas StHilaire Band, services Jan	10 00
Chas Fellman, attending fire meeting Crookston	3 45
StHilaire Fire Dept, railroad fare to Blackduck	49 40
St Hilaire Fire Dept, delegates to state convention	20 00
Christ Bjerk, work	1 40
" " "	1 95
RJ McCorcher, "	1 00
W S Booth & Son, blanks, books, etc	9 55
" " "	3 23
D Patterson, gasoline	8 88
Merchants State Bank, deposit	500 00
H E Ives, pub council proceedings	18 75
" " "	18 75
Holmes Bros, hardware	22 25
J B O'Brien, sal president vil council	10 00
C H Remington, salary	50 00
Balance on hand	1008 54
Total	$4423 14

POOR FUND:

Balance on hand	$225 02

DISBURSEMENTS:

Wilson & Hendrickson, mdse for Joe St Martin	12 87
Wilson & Hendrickson, mdse for Joe St Martin	5 73
L Holmes, flour for Joe St Martin	2 95
Balance on hand	203 47
Total	$ 225 02

Order for Hearing on Claims.

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake }

In Probate Court.
Special term, February 13, 1906.

In the matter of the estate of Bernhard Thelander, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Bernhard Thelander deceased, late of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, being granted to K. O. Gigstad:

It is ordered that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Monday the 14th day of May, 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR, a weekly newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 13th day of February, A. D. 1906.

{ Probate Court Seal. }

By the Court,
N. W. TARRANT,
Judge of Probate.

(f17-mh10)

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed and delivered by Nels G. Stark and Kristine Stark, his wife, mortgagors, to M. F. Murphy, mortgagee, dated January 5, 1905, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on February 11, 1905, at eleven o'clock a. m., in Book 14 of Mortgages, on page 634 thereof; that the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at this date is two hundred thirty-seven dollars and thirty-three cents; that the premises described in and covered by said mortgage are the southeast quarter of section twenty-two, in township one hundred fifty-three, of range forty-four, situate in Red Lake county, Minnesota; that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, by the sheriff of said Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on April 9, 1906, at ten o'clock a. m., to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, together with the costs of such sale, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated February 19, 1906.

M. F. MURPHY,
Mortgagee

Montague & Chilgren,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Crookston, Minnesota.

[f24-6-m31

For refreshments call at Number 488

CROOKSTON LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Button's Business College and Shorthand Institute

Crookston, Minn. ☞ and ☞ Wadena, Minn.

OFFERS to take you through a complete course in Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Typewriting and let you pay for your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after situation is secured for you. It practically costs you nothing because we get you a position where you earn at least $10.00 per month more than you ever earned before. We want 500 students to enter this college during the next three months and make the above unparalleled offer to get them. The courses are: : : : : : : : : :

Normal, Shorthand AND Typewriting,
Music, Commercial,
Preparatory, :::: Telegraphy.

THIS is the only College in the United States that guarantees a good paying position to every graduate. If we don't get you a satisfactory situation you need never pay us one cent : : : : : : : : : : : :

J. A. Button, Principal

Crookston, Minn. ☞ and ☞ Wadena, Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.

Graduate of Copenhagen University.

Department for Diseases of the Eye

CROOKSTON, MINN.

2nd ☞ STORE

(SECOND HAND STORE.)

Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.

C. A. SKEIE.

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv.......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.

A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.

GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

McMURRAY'S
VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, - - - - MINNESOTA

Beginning Tuesday MARCH 6th

CLOTHING SALE

Beginning Tuesday MARCH 6th

On Tuesday Morning, March 6th, we commenced Closing Out our $3,500.00 Stock of CLOTHING at and below cost.. . . . .

Having decided to go out of the clothing business, everything must be sold.

500 SUITS

Consisting of MEN'S, YOUTHS' AND CHILDREN'S, which will go at ACTUAL COST

$20.00 Men's Suits at . . .	$13.00
$18.00 Men's Suits at . . .	$12.00
$15.00 Men's Suits at . . .	$ 9.50
$12.00 Youths' Suits at . .	$ 8.00
$ 7.50 Youths' Suits at . .	$ 4.50
$ 5.50 Children's Suits at .	$ 3.50
$ 3.25 Children's Suits at .	$ 2.00

OVERCOATS

$18.00 Men's Overcoats at .	$11.00
$15.00 Men's Overcoats at .	$ 9.50
$12.00 Men's Overcoats at .	$ 8.50

75 Youths' Overcoats at . . . .

Less than Half Price

THE BIGGEST CLOTHING BARGAINS Ever offered in Red Lake County

This Sale Absolutely Cash and One Price **RAPP & POST** ST. HILAIRE -- MINN.

Notice For Bids.

Sealed bids will be received by the directors of the St. Hilaire Creamery association for building an addition to the creamery, 24x30 and 12 feet high. Specifications can be seen at the creamery. Bids must be filed on or before March 9, 1906, at noon. Right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

St. Hilaire Creamery Association,
by Ed. A. Aubol, Pres.

Co-partnership Dissolved.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between Charles Carlson and Albert Fellman and known as Carlson & Fellman, is this day dissolved, Albert Fellman retaining the business, paying all accounts and collecting all accounts.

Dated St. Hilaire, Minn., Feb. 28th, 1906.
Charles Carlson,
Albert Fellman.

Anyone owning real estate in the townships of River Falls, Rocksbury, Sanders, Black River, Polk Center, Wyandotte, Bray and Smiley and the village of St. Hilaire, can pay taxes on same at the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire.

Keep the little ones healthy and happy. Their tender, sensitive bodies require gentle, healing remedies. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will keep them strong and well. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

THE LOCAL NEWS

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

M. E. Bjerk made a short business trip to Thief River Falls last Monday.

E. R. Evans made a short business trip to Crookston last Monday evening.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

K. O. Gigstad made a business trip out to Games township last Wednesday.

Geo. L. Austin made a short business trip to Red Lake Falls last Tuesday evening.

Joel G. Winkjer, the dairy and food creamery expert, was a visitor here last Tuesday.

Dr. J.E. Argue completed his monthly visit last Monday and returned to Red Lake Falls.

O. H. Peters came down from Middle River last Saturday and spent a couple of days at home.

A. F. Ittner, the Spectator foreman, was a visitor at Red Lake Falls last Monday evening.

Joseph Paradis, the well known Red Lake Falls man, was a business visitor here last Wednesday.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur returned yesterday from a three weeks' visit with relatives in North Dakota.

W. A. Arthur made a short trip to Crookston last Wednesday evening, returning the next morning.

Until April 20, the bath room at the barber shop will be open on Tuesdays and Thursdays. N. Miller, prop.

Martin McAndress and wife returned from Fargo last Monday, where they had been called by illness of their daughter.

The members of the I. O. F. Lodge and their friends were entertained last evening at their hall by O. F. Post and J. B. O'Brien.

Miss Edith Dahl, who is a student at the Moorhead Normal, came home last Saturday to spend the spring vacation with her parents.

Miss Tessie McCaffrey came up from Moorhead, where she is attending the Normal, last Saturday and spent a few days visiting here.

Services in the Swedish Mission church next Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. All are cordially invited. L. W. Nordhus, pastor.

A number of the lady friends of Mrs. E. R. Evans planned a pleasant surprise on her last Thursday evening by calling and spending the evening at cards.

Fred Campbell returned yesterday from Duluth, where he has been spending the winter, and will hold his old place at the saw mill this summer.

Three little rules we all should keep,
To make life happy and bright,
Smile in the morning, smile at noon,
Take Rocky Mountain Tea at night.
Imperial Drug Co.

The necessary stock having been subscribed, Middle River will have a co-operative creamery. Machinery has been ordered and it will start May 1st.

Miss Emma Hoff returned from Moorhead last Saturday and will spend her vacation at home. She will return to her studies at the Normal next week.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Say, did you notice that pyramid in the window at the Merchants State Bank? It's going down, it'll soon be gone.

Bert Mitchell was a passenger on the delayed train Thursday and spent a short time with friends here. We learn that Mr. Mitchell will saw at Thief River Falls this year.

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church will meet with Miss Alice Hall at her home Thursday, March 15. All those who have sewing for the Ladies' Aid please leave at Mrs. Gilman's.

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church will give a "Progressive Party" at the Eickhoff store building on Monday evening, March 12. All are cordially invited to attend. Supper will be served at 15 cedts.

—In the spring time you renovate your house. Why not your body? Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea drives out impurities, cleanses and enriches the blood and purifies the entire system. 25 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

We have had all kinds of weather the past week, in fact it has been typical March weather. It has thawed some, snowed a little, and blowed considerable. In the main however it has been fairly pleasant.

Those of our readers who have relatives and friends in foreign countries will be pleased to know that a reclassification of mail to foreign countries has been established whereby articles may be sent to those countries at the rate of twelve cents per pound. The weight of the package must not exceed four pounds or the value fifty dollars. It has formerly cost $1.60 to mail a four-pound package which we can now send for forty-eight cents.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.
Julius Pleth,
tf Plummer, Minn.

The Mankato Free Press editor says: "The writer, a few days ago, overheard a Mankato merchant make the statement that he would meet the figures sent out by the mail order houses, if only people would give him an opportunity. All well and good, but how are the people going to know of this if the aforesaid merchant does not make the fact plain through the proper advertising mediums? Why should the buyers be kept in ignorance of this willingness on the merchant's part to meet the competition of the catalogue houses in distant cities? The catalogue houses keep the people posted on prices; the local merchant should do likewise."

Club Order for Seeds.

I am getting up a club order for Northrop, King & Co.'s field and garden seeds. Leave your orders at the creamery. Geo. L. Austin.

Freight Wreck.

The south bound freight was wrecked about one mile this side of Red Lake Falls last Thursday afternoon. Eight cars left the track and one of the brakemen had his leg broken. The south bound passenger was delayed here Thursday evening until nine o'clock when it proceeded as far as the wreck and transferred the passengers to a train sent out from Crookston. They tronsferred there again yesterday morning but the line was opened yesterday afternoon.

Village Political Gossip.

While there has been considerable talk the past week about the coming election there is but little actual news to give and it is not probable that much if anything will develop before the caucus to-morrow night.

For president Prof. O'Brien is a candidate for re-election and it is rumored that C. H. Martz will also be a candidate.

For members of the council quite a number of names have been mentioned, among them being E. M. Hoff, J. C. Dahl, Jens Nelson, Daniel Patterson, Carl Johnson, A. S. Wilson and C. H. Martz.

What promises to be a lively contest has developed this week and B. E. Burkee will contest for village treasurer with Leonard Holmes. It seems probable that whichever way the caucus goes to-night there will be an opposition ticket.

C. H. Remington and K. R. Killand are both active in their canvass for the marshalship. So far Recorder Gigstad has not been opposed.

Farmers Meet.

The stockholders of the farmers' flour mill and elevator company held a good-sized meeting here yesterday. The constitution and by-laws of the new company had been prepared and most of the time was taken up adopting them one article at a time. Several minor amendments were made. The report of the canvassers showed that not enough stock had been sold to commence building operations, as it had been voted not to start before $10,000 had been subscribed.

The solicitors were instructed to keep at work and every stockholder was empowered to solicit subscriptions. It is thought that the required amount would be raised in time to commence work this spring. Several mill machinery men were present and spoke in favor of their machinery. The directors were called to meet here on the first Monday in April, when important business will come before the board.

Emil Brink Buys Saloon.

Crookston Journal: Emil Brink and Benny Moe have bought out the Minneapolis Brewing company's saloon called "The Place" on Main street south of the C. O. D. Emil Brink will be remembered as the proprietor of the Rapin saloon at the time of the fire and who has lately been agent for the Minneapolis Brewing company at Cass Lake. Benny Moe is well known in the city.

Over a Ton.

Things are progressing nicely at the creamery these days and business is better than ever. Nearly twice as much butter has been made so far this year than for the same time last year. Last week over a ton of butter was made and the business is increasing daily.

Firemen's Ball.

The firemen are making extensive arrangements for their grand ball which will be held at Imperial Hall on the evening of St. Patrick's day, March 17th. First class music will be secured and every effort made to make the ball a success. Supper will be served at Hotel Markham.

Blaze at Planer.

Shavings lying on top of the boiler room caught fire from a spark last Wednesday at the planer and made things lively for a short time. A stream of water was turned on the blaze and it was put out before any serious damage was done.

HIGH TAXES!

Our Taxes This Year are Higher Than Ever Before.

MONEY IS SPENT AT HOME!

Time to Call a Halt and be More Economical in Future.

Assessed Valuation of the Village of St. Hilaire, 1905,

Real Estate		$ 56,711 00
Personal Property		65,813 00
Tax levy 1905, Village purposes,	20.	mills
" " " County "	8.67	"
" " " State "	3.03	"
" " " School Dist. "	18.2	"
Total levy for all purposes	49.9	"

Jas. E. Ford, County Auditor.

Nearly every citizen in St. Hilaire has complained this spring about the amount of his taxes being greatly in excess of other years. The statement of the county auditor printed above clearly shows that the principal trouble is at home. We have been spending entirely too much money to run this village and it is high time to call a halt and practice economy for awhile. Last year the village received from one-half of the saloon licenses $1,000, from fines, licenses, poll tax, dog tax, and fire department fund about $280, making a total of $1280. Besides, the council last August levied a special tax of $2500 for general purposes, making a total of $3780 for village purposes in one year. The financial statement of the village which is published this week shows that the council the past year spent $3413.60. This is in our opinion entirely too much and the coming year the total expense should be confined to $2000 or less, which should be ample to run the village. Again we have, or will have, too much money in the village treasury.

The special tax levy coming in together with the saloon licenses and money now in the treasurer's hands will amount to about six thousand dollars by the first of July. This money is not needed and it was poor business methods which collected so large a sum at the expense of the taxpayer.

The school tax is another large item in the tax levy and while it cannot be said that the school board has been extravagant we think they have been raising more money than was absolutely necessary. The school district is in excellent shape financially. The only outstanding indebtedness is a bond for one thousand dollars and the tax levy, license and state aid for the coming year should pay all expenses and leave almost enough to put the district clear of debt.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., Jan. 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on March 14th, 1906, viz:

Fredrik Christiansen, H. E. No. 21881, for the Lot 1, Sec. 6, T. 152 N., R. 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

A. A. Odegaard, of St. Hilaire, Minn.
Ole Helgeson, " "
James Braaten, " "
Ole Braaten, " "

R. J. Montague, Register.

f3m10

CALL ON
HOLMES BROS.
FOR
HARDWARE AND FURNITURE.

CLEARANCE SALE
OF ALL WARM GOODS
25 Per Cent Reduction on all LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S..........
CLOAKS,
JACKETS
and FURS
E. M. HOFF

DRINK Hamm's
NEW BREW
BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

CALUMET BAKING POWDER ABSOLUTELY PURE
NOT MADE BY THE TRUST

Health

Calumet makes light, digestible, wholesome food; free from Rochelle Salts, Alum or any injurious substance.

Economy

Do not pay 45 or 50 cents for Trust baking powders, which are so compounded as to leave large quantities of Rochelle Salts in the food. Constant dosing of Rochelle Salts is injurious to health.

It is better to be the fool soon parted from his money than the miser whose soul is buried with it.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The best way to acquire luck is through pluck.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Small faults indulged in are little thieves that let in great ones.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{ SEAL } A. W. GLEASON, NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

NOVEL BASKETS FOR FLOWERS.

Made of Fine Straw, with Glass Vases Made to Fit Inside.

French water baskets are a novelty with florists. They are woven of fine straw in dainty shapes and colors and are fitted inside with a glass vase conforming to the straw covering and holding it upright. The baskets are a welcome change from the vase or jardiniere, and some of the color combinations possible with the new arrangement are exquisite.

A pale green straw basket, for instance, is filled with lilies of the valley and delicate green leaves; a pink basket of good size and graceful shape contains pink roses and white lilacs; a white basket is filled with mignonette and forget-me-nots; a pale yellow straw holds tulips of red and gold, and a basket of delicate mauve forms a receptacle for purple orchids.

By the Way.

It is not good policy to talk tough for the purpose of shocking the "truly good."

This would be a queer world if the ideas of any one man or set of men were allowed to run it.

Many a man has become a nervous wreck simply through acting on the belief that he is in earnest.

Nothing will quiet an amateur at a fire quicker than to have a stream from a hose hit him just about where his suspenders cross.

A NECESSARY EVIL.

Experience of a Minister Who Tried to Think That of Coffee.

"A descendant of the Danes, a nation of coffee drinkers, I used coffee freely till I was 20 years old," writes a clergyman from Iowa. "At that time I was a student at a Biblical Institute, and suddenly became aware of the fact that my nerves had become demoralized, my brain dull and sluggish and that insomnia was fastening its hold upon me.

"I was loth to believe that these things came from the coffee I was drinking, but at last was forced to that conclusion and quit it.

"I was so accustomed to a hot table beverage and felt the need of it so much, that after abstaining from coffee for a time and recovering my health, I went back to it. I did this several times, but always with disastrous results. I had about made up my mind that coffee was a necessary evil.

"About this time a friend told me that I would find Postum Food Coffee very fine and in many respects away ahead of coffee. So I bought some and, making it very carefully according to the directions, we were delighted to find that he had not exaggerated in the least. From that day to this we have liked it better than the old kind of coffee or anything else in the way of a table drink.

"Its use gave me, in a very short time, an increase in strength, clearness of brain and steadiness of nerves; and sleep, restful and restoring, came back to me.

"I am thankful that we heard of Postum and shall be glad to testify at any time to the good it has done me." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Desirable Ignorance

Jim Peebles is a foolish cuss, he don't know nuthin' much;
He don't know where the Poles hang out nor where abide the Dutch.
He scarcely knows enough to get unhurt acrost the street.
An' when a feller has him down he don't know when he's beat.

He gets slammed back at every turn, he has tarnation luck
An' less hard sense than any man that I have ever struck,
But ignorance is bliss with Jim, unhindered by defeat,
He's bound to get along because he don't know when he's beat.

—Philadelphia Bulletin.

ON A BRANCH ROAD

BY CAROLINE HUNTER

(Copyright, 1906, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Rand made his last change of cars and boarded the single passenger coach on the absurd little train. It was a branch road running out into the country, a road managed by a few rustic officials who ran their trains with a fine disregard of schedule, and would gladly slow down to exchange items of local gossip with a farmer at a crossing.

It was, nevertheless, the home road and Rand had not come home since he had gone away to the city ten years before, a lad of seventeen. He recognized the old brakeman and the conductor, but they eyed him as a stranger. It was small wonder. Ten years had dealt kindly with the big, clumsy boy whose green crocheted tie and ill-made coat one scarcely saw because his face was so sincere and strong. The conductor of the little train beheld now a successful business man, "a city fellow," yet one, if he had looked more closely, whose eyes were still frank and true.

Rand did not make himself known to them. He caught himself wishing that they had known him, but was aware at the same time that he was unreasonable to expect it. To them the years had no doubt seemed longer than to him. He had worked hard not pausing to observe the flight of time. And since he had met Helen, how short the months had been,—sweet little Helen who was soon to be his wife.

There were only a few other passengers in the car. Rand scrutinized each one imagining that he might find in them some old friends of his youth. A few seats ahead of him sat a young woman to whom his eyes reverted questioningly several times. There was something about the wave of her black hair or the low coil of it against her neck that haunted him with a vague familiarity. Once she turned a little and he caught a glimpse of her cheek. Ruth Hayes! The name unthought of for so many years flashed into his mind. Ruth, the pretty little tom-boy playmate of those early days! But was this surely Ruth? Suddenly she rose to put some package into the rack overhead and in so doing faced him squarely. Her eyes met his for a second uncertainly and then a smile of happy recognition lighted her face. She extended her hand. Rand hastened to grasp it with many assurances of delight at his good fortune. The girl was silent at first, but her glad eyes welcomed him.

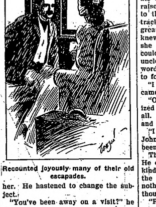
They sat down together and soon fell to recalling old times. One recollection led to another in swift succession. Did he remember the Sunday school picnic when they ate so much ice cream, or would they ever forget the time it poured so on the straw ride to Weaver's Valley? Ruth, he soon noticed, could supply many little details that he had forgotten, things even that he had said or what he had worn on some particular occasion. She recounted joyously many of their old escapades. He became silent listening and studying her. Her face had lost some of its old mirthfulness; it was very sweet, but just a little sad. Her voice was low and clear.

"It was you," she was saying, "who suggested going there by moonlight. You said that the moonpath across the water was the most beautiful thing in the world."

"Did I say that?" he laughed. "How could you ever remember?"

"How could I ever forget?" she corrected and her voice was low with a little tremor in it.

Rand became suddenly uncomfortable. He was sorry that she had not forgotten, and wished that old times did not seem so important to her. He hastened to change the subject.


Recounted joyously many of their old escapades.

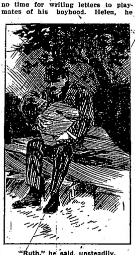
"You've been away on a visit?" he asked.

"Yes," she said simply, "and I intended to stay until Thursday, but something seemed to tell me I must come to-day. It was a premonition, don't you think?" and she smiled into his eyes.

Rand's embarrassment increased. He glanced out of the window nervously wishing the ride was at an end. Could it be possible that she had been remembering him, caring for him all these years?

"Why did you not write?" she continued after a pause. "You stopped writing before you had been gone a year. I wanted to hear so much, and you promised."

Rand offered some confused explanation, and racked his brains for a safe topic of conversation. Never had he been placed in so trying a position. Here was a woman who had obviously cherished his memory for ten years and expected that he had done the same for her. How foolish he thought her to cling to those childish promises. A business man had no time for writing letters to playmates of his boyhood. Helen, he thought, would not betray herself like this. Yet there seemed to be nothing coarse about Ruth's betrayal; she was very self-forgetful, very sweet.


"Ruth," he said, unsteadily.

The windows of the train were open and the evening air blew in laden with the old familiar fragrance of the hayfields. The sun had just set behind the hills that he knew so well. How beautiful it was, and he had been away so long. Ruth turned to him again from the peaceful scene and there were tears on her lashes.

"Your native hills and meadows have missed you, John. We have all missed you so."

Rand could not meet the beautiful light of her eyes. A hot flush swept over his face. He must stop her, must tell her of Helen and go away at once. She laid a hand gently on his arm.

"You know, John," she whispered, "you are very, very welcome home."

Rand's agony at the girl's tone and gesture was annihilated by a thunderous crash. Darkness came upon them with the shivering of glass, the cracking of strained timbers. The long shiftlessness in the management of the road had borne fruit in a fearful collision.

Rand lay stunned for a few seconds and then by powerful wrenchings freed himself from the debris. He stood dazed as a realization of the disaster forced itself upon his numbed senses.

"Ruth," he cried, "Ruth, where are you?" Frantically he tugged at the splintering beams. A few men had rushed to the wreck and were attempting to rescue the passengers. The mass had taken fire from the engines and the men bent every energy to outstrip the flames. Rand worked alone at that end of the car near which they had been sitting. From time to time he called Ruth's name and once he thought a faint cry answered him. He bent down and peered into the wreck in the fading twilight.

"John." The word came to him scarcely audible as he stooped. She was held beneath a beam that it took his mightiest effort to remove. He raised her tenderly and carried her to the little grassy bank beside the tracks. Very gently he held her, with great bitterness in his heart for he knew that she was dying and that she had given him a love which he could not return. At last her eyes unclosed and he bent to catch the words that her lips were struggling to form.

"I don't mind, John—because you came." She hesitated.

"Oh, Ruth," he began in an agonized voice half intending to tell her all. A faint smile crossed her face and she interrupted.

"I always knew you would come, John, for you promised, but it has been so long."

The man was completely unnerved. He could not let her die without one kind word—this girl who had found the years so long. He had promised nothing at parting more than a boy's thoughtless "I'll come back."

"Ruth," he said unsteadily. Her eyes opened again very slowly. Looking into those eyes, all words failed him, and, stooping, he kissed her brow.

Later they found him there in the starlight, with the dead girl in his arms. He was wondering if she knew all.

School for Women Chemists.

A school for women chemists has been opened at Dessau, Germany. Graduates can earn from $20 to $48 a month.

HAD GOOD TIME OCCASIONALLY.

Relatives of Millionaire Had Been Wasting Sympathy.

"The Pittsburg millionaire at the Waldorf" has become the official goat in New York for all stories of the 'gay old sport' variety. Here is the latest tale: At the Waldorf they are telling of a Pittsburg millionaire who is over 70, and the way he fooled his son and nephew on a recent visit to the city of the great white way. The two young men dined with "father" every evening and then watched him take the elevator to his quarters. "Too bad father has to go to bed every evening at 9," said the son. "Wonder if he goes to sleep right away, or if he'd like us to stay and talk to him?" "Let's go up and see," said the nephew, feeling the full grip of compassion. They found his shoes outside the door waiting for the coming of the bootblack, and there was no light in the transom. "Poor old man, he does not have a very good time over here," they chorused. They went out into the night in a cab and toward midnight turned into one of the gilded mirrored lobster places. When they were finally seated about a table and had given the waiter his order they looked about the room. The first individual to meet their astonished gaze was "father," in full evening dress, pouring champagne into a glass which was held by an actress. "How about the shoes in front of your door?" they asked him afterward. "It's a pity a man of my age and money can't have two pairs of shoes, my children," he said with a wink. "Those were my old shoes."

JUVENILE DEPRAVITY IN ITALY

Criminal Parents and Wretched Homes Chiefly to Blame.

Consul Brittain of Kehl, Germany, furnishes some startling statistics on juvenile crime in Italy, taken from an article recently published and written by Lino Ferriani. He says that 80 per cent of the child criminals of Italy are manufactured by bad environment and inadequate education—in other words, by preventable causes; that 30 per cent of the criminals of the country are minors, and of these 85 per cent are thieves.

Prof. Ferriani protests against sentimental description, but pleads for scientific investigation. He has closely studied 500 boy prisoners between the ages of 11 and 1, and reports that more than half of them came from the most wretched homes, and over 200 had criminal parents. Very few had ever done any work, all were sexually corrupt, nearly all smoked, and many had a taste for alcohol.

As a proof of how little good is effected by mere instruction apart from moral training, he asserts that the best scholars were among the worst offenders. As an alternative to prison the author proposes agricultural colonies in districts where the air is bracing, with good food and outdoor work, kindly discipline, and the supervision of an experienced physician.

Worth While.

Lord, it seems but short, our lifetime;
Just a breath and we're away;
Looking backward down our pathways
We were boys just yesterday.
And to-morrow we'll be old folks,
And, day after that, we'll pass;
As the thistledown the wind blows
Or the mist upon the glass.

It's worth livin' in, this world is,
Where the flowers bud and bloom,
Where the fireflies are dartin'
Drawin' pictures on the gloom;
Every day's worth havin' lived for,
And, in love, one's hopes and fears;
For one little, tickin' minute
Are plumb worth a million years!

And the hug of one wee baby,
When it's reachin' up to climb
To your bosom just to love you
Worth ten million years o' time;
And its kisses at the nighttime,
When you're croonin' it to sleep,
Each one's worth a batch of ages
That 'ud make a mighty heap.

And o' nights a baby watchin'
For your comin' down the street,
And the yellow curls a-flyin',
And the awkward legs an' feet,
And the glad mouth held for kisses—
Half a-purse and half a-smile—
Makes life's wee span mighty sappy,
Makes the livin' well worth while.

—J. M. Lewis, in Houston Post.

Modern Love-Making.

Courtship is dead. Young men no longer make passionate avowals, they never start when she approaches, they do not grow pallid with jealousy if another seems to be in favor, they certainly do not write sonnets to their mistress' eyebrow—in fact, they scarcely even go so far as to write her a letter, and if they do go this length the result is never worth republishing in book form. Lovers do not talk about their hearts, and so on, and if engagements are terminated the severed twain have no scruples about subsequently meeting each other. In novels something must be done to make up for the unromantic spirit of the age, so awful situations have to be invented for helpless heroines, who either have to kill themselves or be killed or die in lunatic asylums or convents.—Exchange.

Parisian Politeness.

There is a thin coating of ice on the pavement. Horses slip and stumble, and one of them falls, but is not hurt. It is so slippery that her efforts to raise herself are in vain.

The coachman takes off his triple-caped coat with a chivalrous air and with a gesture a la Raleigh he spreads it before the feet of the poor beast. Then he takes off his leathern cap, shows his jolly red face, and with a low bow, addresses the animal: "Madam, will you do me the honor?"

And "Madame" rises with difficulty, and the two, supporting each other, go off amid the cheers and applause of the delighted crowd.—Paris Letter to the London Outlook.

Better Than the Rack.

Nero grew weary of the bloody combats in the arena.

"They are getting stale," he yawned; "if I would avoid ennui I must get something new."

"What shall it be, O illustrious one?" asked the Roman senator.

"Well, I think I'll found a naval academy. Then I can get some variety in the torture line."

And with the authority of an emperor Nero began appointing cadets from the young men of the empire who were noted for their cruelty.

FOUGHT WITH EAGLE

CREW OF LOCOMOTIVE IN A DESPERATE STRUGGLE.

Monarch of the Air Makes Work for Three Men Before It Can Be Subdued—One of the Largest Ever Captured Alive.

Fighting desperately not only for themselves, but for the lives and safety of over 100 passengers, Frank Barlow, engineer, and William Brewington, fireman, battled for half an hour Sunday night in a swaying locomotive cab with a great eagle, says the Denver Post.

The hand-to-talon combat started when the Rocky mountain limited was three miles west of Agate, and the men were unable to subdue the ferocious bird until the train pulled into Limon. It was a running fight for twenty miles.

Frank Barlow, who lives in Denver at South Ninth and West Colfax avenue, has been connected with the line for thirty-five years, and he says that this is the first time that such an adventure has ever been encountered on a moving train in the history of railroading.

Two big eagles have made their nest near Agate for the last ten years, and they appeared fearless of man or rushing trains. Sunday night the limited to Chicago had just passed Agate, Col., when one of the eagles raced with the train. The bird became infuriated and flew into the open window of the engine cab. The other eagle followed and although the train was speeding across the prairies at over fifty miles an hour, it circled time and again over the cab, screaming weirdly, while its mate engaged in a fight for life with the trainmen.

The eagle struck Engineer Barlow a terrific blow on the chest as it flew down through the front window of the cab, and he fell from his seat.

The throttle was wide open and the engine pounded out the miles, endangering the lives of all on the train, while Barlow and Fireman Brewington struggled with the ferocious bird.

Barlow started back to his levers, when Brewington called out for help, as he could not fight the bird off alone.

The roar of the train drowned their cries, but John Snyder, the brakeman, noticed that something was wrong and went ahead. As Snyder crept down over the coal in the tender the eagle left Barlow and Brewington and attacked him savagely. Snyder carries his left arm in a sling as the result. The eagle fastened its talons in his biceps and, bracing itself against the sides of the cab with its wings, tore viciously at Snyder's arm.

By combined efforts the other two men finally pulled the talons out of the flesh, leaving a very dangerous wound.

The eagle was finally beaten down, but still fought fiercely, lying on the floor and striking up into the air.

This dramatic battle was lighted only by the lurid flames shining through the furnace door.

The eagle was bound with leather thongs and brought to Denver, where it will be placed on exhibition.

It is a magnificent bird and measures seven feet and eleven inches from tip to tip of its wings.

It is one of the largest eagles ever captured alive.

A Question.

We say cruel things of our statesmen sometimes;
We make pictures queer and ridiculous rhymes.
Like most other blessing's humanity's known.
We hold them in scanty esteem till they're flown.
Now, what would we do for the gay repartee,
Or the tragical protest that's uttered so free,
Or the eloquent speeches to praise or condemn—
Oh, what would we do if it wasn't for them!

So, let us speak kindly, nor utter a doubt
That may bring an executive session about.
For they add to our knowledge and banish our fear;
We know that the time won't go slow when they're here.
Oh, think of the long, drowsy days when they roam,
Repairing their fences and records at home!
Then hope like a blossom repines on the stem—
Oh, what would we do if it weren't for them?

—Washington Star.

Mosquito War in Germany.

Consul General Guenther, of Frankfort, writes:

"The director of the Breslau hygienic institute has announced the results of his mosquito war experiments. The first object was to destroy egg-bearing females, which were found in large numbers in Breslau cellars. Fumigation was used, and the number falling on the papers placed on the floors often ran up to 2,000 mosquitoes. For destroying the larvae in pools of water 50 grains of 'larvicide' was put into the pool. This kills all the larvae within half an hour, but does not harm frogs and fish. To destroy the pupae is another question which will receive attention from now on. Breslau seems to be the first city in Europe to wage a systematic war against this plague, and other German cities suffering from mosquitoes are preparing to imitate their plans."

Take Advantage of Freedom.

It is stated that ten persons have left the orthodox church of Russia and united with the Swedish Lutheran St. Catherine's Congregation in St. Petersburg. When the new members were received by the pastor of the congregation, the church was filled to its utmost capacity. These ten persons were the first who took advantage of the czar's late ukase giving religious freedom.

Queen Is Kind.

The Queen of England is always doing a kindness. A woman living near Sandringham recently gave birth to a child and the queen insisted on being godmother. After the christening she went to the nursery and wrote upon the window with her diamond ring: "God's blessing on this house and all who live in it."

Five of "Entente Cordiale."

Not liking the Frenchiness of "entente cordiale," the Berlin papers have at last found a good German equivalent, viz: Annaeherungsbestrebungen.

DAZED WITH PAIN.

The Sufferings of a Citizen of Olympia, Wash.

L. S. Gorham, of 516 East 4th St., Olympia, Wash., says: "Six years ago I got wet and took cold and was soon flat in bed, suffering tortures with my back. Every movement caused an agonizing pain, and the persistency of it exhausted me, so that for a time I was dazed and stupid. On the advice of a friend I began using Doan's Kidney Pills, and soon noticed a change for the better. The kidney secretions had been disordered and irregular, and contained a heavy sediment, but in a week's time the urine was clear and natural again and the passages regular. Gradually the aching and soreness left my back and then the lameness. I used six boxes to make sure of a cure, and the trouble has never returned."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

Some Painful Cases.

"Do you think it is possible to love two girls at the same time?"

"Possible? Some fellows have a hard time trying not to."

Street of Skulls.

There is a street in Gwandu, Africa, which is a veritable place of skulls. The town, oval in shape, has round it a ring of poles, every one of which is crowned with a human skull. There are six gates to the town, and each is approached by a pavement of skulls, of which something like 12,000 were used. This pavement is snowy white.

Shake Into Your Shoes
Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all Druggists, 25c. Trial package FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Counting the Cost of Trouble.

China's empress has commanded the viceroys to submit reports of the numbers and nationality of the missionaries in their jurisdiction, and also to send in descriptions of their churches and other property. These reports are to be used as a basis in the calculations of indemnities in the event of further troubles like those at Lienchow.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Calloused hands are better than calloused hearts.

THE EXTERNAL USE OF

St. Jacobs Oil

is the short, sure, easy cure for

Rheumatism and Neuralgia

It penetrates to the seat of torture and relief promptly follows.

Price, 25c. and 50c

Repetition.

Bacon—Do you believe that history repeats itself?

Egbert—Why, certainly I do. And what is more, I believe that historical novels do, too.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

When some men send a dollar to heaven they want to receive the earth for a rebate.

THE BEST COUGH CURE

Many a lonesome and expensive trip to Florida, California or the Adirondacks has been saved by the use of

Kemp's Balsam

the best cough cure. If this great remedy will not cure the cough, no medicine will, and then all hope rests in a change of climate—but try Kemp's Balsam first.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

—35,000—
DE LAVAL SEPARATORS

have been placed by the Beatrice Creamery Co., of Lincoln, Neb., with its patrons during the past five or six years. The Beatrice Company is the largest and most successful creamery concern in the world. Its success and growth have been nothing short of marvelous. Before the adoption of the farm separator system the Beatrice Company used from 500 to 600 DE LAVAL factory separators. Their experience with these machines proved the DE LAVAL to be the most profitable of all cream separators. When their patrons demanded separators for home use they were given the benefit of this experience. The Beatrice Company realized that its success depended upon the success of its patrons. In view of this the DE LAVAL was chosen by them as the only separator which would bring about the desired result. That the DE LAVAL has come up to their expectation goes without saying. If this is the kind of experience you would profit by, write us today for new catalogue and full particulars.

THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.
RANDOLPH & CANAL STS. CHICAGO | 74 CORTLANDT ST. NEW YORK

There is no satisfaction keener than being dry and comfortable when out in the hardest storm.
YOU ARE SURE OF THIS IF YOU WEAR
TOWER'S FISH BRAND WATERPROOF OILED CLOTHING
BLACK OR YELLOW
ON SALE EVERYWHERE
A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS. U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO. Limited TORONTO, CAN.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN
W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES
ESTABLISHED JULY 6, 1876.
CAPITAL $2,500,000

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES & SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

If I could take you into my three large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you the infinite care with which every pair of shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom. *Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.*

Write for Illustrated Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

TWENTY-FIVE BUSHELS OF WHEAT TO THE ACRE

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Means a productive capacity in dollars of over $16 per acre.

This on land which has cost the farmer nothing but the price of tilling it, tells its own story.

The Canadian Government gives absolutely free to every settler 160 acres of such land.

Lands adjoining can be purchased at from $6 to $10 per acre from railroad and other corporations.

Already 175,000 farmers from the United States have made their homes in Canada.

For pamphlet "Twentieth Century Canada" and all information apply to Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to following authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

Young Chicks

grow faster, are stronger, get to laying period earlier, if you use daily a small quantity of

SHERIDAN'S Condition POWDER

Used by poultrymen 40 years. One pk. 25c.; five $1; two-lb. can $1.20; six $5. Exp. paid.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Mayer
MILWAUKEE CUSTOM MADE

MARTHA WASHINGTON COMFORT SHOES

are designed for extreme comfort and can be worn all the year round. They fit like a glove and feel easy on the feet. The elastic at the sides stretches with every motion of the foot, making it impossible to pinch or squeeze. **No buttons to button, no laces to lace**—They just slip on and off without trouble.

Made of Vici Kid, with patent leather trimmings and flexible soles.

Your dealer will supply you; if not, write to us. Look for Martha Washington name and Mayer trade-mark stamped on the sole. We also make Western Lady shoes

FREE Send us the name of a dealer who does not handle Martha Washington Shoes and we will send you free, postpaid, a beautiful picture of Martha Washington, size 15 x 20.

F. MAYER BOOT & SHOE CO.,
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

A Desperately Serious Case Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Brought to the very verge of starvation by the rejection of all nourishment, her vitality almost destroyed, the recovery of Mrs. J. A. Wyatt, of No. 1189 Seventh street, Des Moines, Iowa, seemed hopeless. Her physicians utterly failed to reach the seat of the difficulty and death must have resulted if she had not pursued an independent course suggested by her sister's experience.

Mrs. Wyatt says: "I had pain in the region of the heart, palpitation and shortness of breath so that I could not walk very fast. My head ached very badly and I was seized with vomiting spells whenever I took any food. A doctor was called who pronounced the trouble gastritis, but he gave me no relief. Then I tried a second doctor without benefit. By this time I had become very weak. I could not keep the most delicate broth on my stomach, and at the end of a month I was scarcely more than skin and bone and was really starving to death.

"Then I recalled how much benefit my sister had got from Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and decided to take them in place of the doctor's medicine. It proved a wise decision for they helped me as nothing else had done. Soon I could take weak tea and crackers and steadily more nourishment. In two weeks I was able to leave my bed. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were the only thing that checked the vomiting and as soon as that was stopped my other difficulties left me. I have a vigorous appetite now and am able to attend to all the duties of my home. I praise Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People to all my friends because I am thoroughly convinced of their merit."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists and by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y.

Approach of Baseball.

"What makes your office boy so industrious of late? He seems to be studying a great deal."

"He's looking up his family tree. He buried nearly all his relatives last season, and he wants some new ones to bury this season."

To provide for Good Health throughout the term of a long life, take Garfield Tea, Nature's medicine; it insures a natural action of the liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels and keeps the blood pure. Send for sample. Garfield Tea Co., Brooklyn, N. Y. Mention this paper.

He Carved the Roast.

The wife of an army officer now stationed at Fort Leavenworth gave a dinner at Manila, while her husband was soldiering in the Philippines. Her guests were mostly distinguished army officers, so she set the table herself, laying the covers for six, and then proceeded to the kitchen to give last instructions to her new Jap cook.

"Do you think you could carve this nicely?" she asked, indicating the roast, which was about done.

"Oh, yes," said the Jap.

"Very well, then, I guess you'd better do it before it is brought on the table."

"And what do you think," she related afterward: "when the meat course arrived there was my beautiful roast cut up in six big chunks—one for each of us."

Awful.

Mrs. Malaprop—Mrs. Gagley was tellin' me they've a new minister at her church. I wonder how she likes him?

Mrs. Wise—Not at all. She tells me his preaching is positively incomprehensible.

Mrs. Malaprop—Well, well! It's shockin' how many ministers are bein' accused of heritage these days.

Something Had to Slide.

"The jokesmiths," remarked the observer of events and things, "who had a large stock of stories about people slipping down on icy sidewalks this winter, have had to just let 'em slide.

A PERFECT HAND.

How Its Appearance Became Familiar to the Public.

The story of how probably the most perfect feminine hand in America became known to the people is rather interesting.

As the story goes the possessor of the hand was with some friends in a photographer's one day, and while talking, held up a piece of candy. The pose of the hand, with its perfect contour and faultless shape attracted the attention of the artist, who proposed to photograph it. The result was a beautiful picture kept in the family until, one day, after reading a letter from some one inquiring as to who wrote the Postum and Grape-Nuts advertisements, Mr. Post said to his wife: "We receive so many inquiries of this kind, that it is evident some people are curious to know; suppose we let the advertising department have that picture of your hand to print and name it "A Helping Hand:" (Mrs. Post has assisted him in preparation of some of the most famous advertisements).

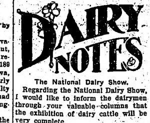
There was a natural shrinking from the publicity, but with an agreement that no name would accompany the picture its use was granted.

The case was presented in the light of extending a welcoming hand to the friends of Postum and Grape-Nuts, so the picture appeared on the back covers of many of the January and February magazines and became known to millions of people.

Many artists have commented upon 't as probably the most perfect hand n the world.

The advertising dept. of the Postum Co. did not seem able to resist the emptation to enlist the curiosity of he public, by refraining from giving he name of the owner when the picure appeared, but stated that the ame would be given later in one of he newspaper announcements, thus eeking to induce the readers to look or and read the forthcoming advertisements to learn the name of the wner.

This combination of art and commerce and the multitude of inquiries urnishes an excellent illustration of e interest the public takes in the ersonal and family life of large anufacturers whose names become ousehold words through extensive d continuous announcements in ewspapers and periodicals.



DAIRY NOTES

The National Dairy Show.

Regarding the National Dairy Show, I would like to inform the dairymen through your valuable columns that the exhibition of dairy cattle will be very complete.

The floor space in the great Coliseum has practically all been taken, and the exhibits comprise everything that the creamery man, cheese man, milk dealer and dairy farmer uses in his factory or on the farm. Much of the machinery will be in actual operation and in addition to these exhibits there will be a sanitary city milk plant with all the latest improved machinery in actual operation, showing how milk can and should be handled for city consumers. In another part of the building there will be in daily operation a full model creamery, where the whole process of manufacturing butter will be carried on. Large refrigerator show cases will be erected in which will be life-size figures of dairy cows and other subjects, modeled by Mr. John K. Daniels, the greatest butter sculptor in the world.

The U. S. Department of Agriculture will have an educational exhibit which will be of interest to every dairyman, and will also have the direction of the milk and cream contest which will be held in connection with the show.

An interesting feature of the National Dairy Show will be the food section. In this will be shown the very highest grade of pure foods, under the direction of Mr. Paul Pierce, formerly the superintendent of food exhibits at the St. Louis World's Fair, who has also arranged for a number of working exhibits, such as a cooking school for housewives and lectures on the proper feeding of children. The ten days are very thoroughly covered by lectures on subjects of interest, both to city and country people.

The railroads throughout the country have granted such low rates for this great exhibition that it is within the reach of every progressive dairyman in all parts of the country to come and learn what great progress is being made in the dairy industry of this country.

E. Sudendorf, Secretary.

Ice in the Dairy.

As to the use I make of ice in the dairy, I will give you my methods. First, I have my own icehouse. I built my house myself. It is a plain house, 14 feet square and 14 feet to the eaves, built with a double wall eight inches thick, filled with sawdust. I put in from 22 to 25 loads of ice—to run me all summer. I buy this ice cut and loaded on platform for 40c to 50c per load, all I can put on a common farm wagon. I have to haul it 2½ miles, but as it comes at a time of the year that we are not rushed with the farm work it does not cost so much to fill the house. I figure that $30 will pay for the ice and hauling of same for 40 tons of ice. I have an ice box that I had built in the milk house. It is my own plan. I find it very satisfactory. It is double-wall, filled with sawdust. The box is 6 feet high, 7 feet long and 4½ feet wide inside measure. I have a shelf 20 inches wide across one end and one side on which I put the ice, with outlet at end of box. The shelf is covered with zinc. The shelf is about 2½ feet from the floor. It will hold 600 pounds of ice at once. I place the cream can and butter box in the box on the floor. I find the ice very convenient and do not think that any dairyman can afford to make butter without ice. The above amount of ice is enough for all my needs for a dairy that turns out about 9,000 pounds of butter per year. For the general farmer I would suggest that he build an ice house 10x10 and 10 feet to the eaves. It will do to have it made of common rough lumber, and I would suggest that he use hemlock for the inside wall, as it is cheaper and is better for the purpose than pine that we get now.—Eli Crosias, LaSalle Co., Ill.

Jerseys in the South.

The Farmers' Review having taken up recently the question of pure breeds for the South, I wish to say along that line that about one-fifth of the Jerseys are produced south of the Texas fever line. We find it advisable in the South to produce most of our own cattle. Very few females are imported from the North on account of the danger from Texas fever to those that come into this region. We do, however, import males now and then. From this locality a great many dairy cattle are being shipped to Mexico and a few to Cuba, Central and South America. The possibilities of expanding this trade are not easily determined. The greatest obstacle is the refusal of the American Jersey Cattle Club to register Jerseys in the countries named. Cows that are shipped from here to those countries do not have to be acclimated, as they have been exposed to Texas fever and grew up under those conditions. This, of course, would not be true of Jerseys shipped from the northern part of the United States, where Texas fever is not prevalent. The cost of shipping varies greatly. I do not know that I would care to make any estimate on the cost of shipping cattle to different countries. That would depend on what part of the country the cattle came from and to what country they were to go. When we, in Texas, ship cattle to Mexico we figure about $10 per head as the cost of shipment. Most of the Jersey cows that we ship to Mexico bring about $85 cash on an average.—F. O. Terrell, Bexar Co., Tex., in Farmers' Review.

Dehorning in New York.

As our stock is full-blooded Jersey and Holstein principally, we do not practice dehorning. Neither do we use potash to prevent the growth of the horns of the calf. We do not keep Ayrshires. In commercial dairying I consider dehorning a good thing to do. The cows are more quiet and there is less liability of injury from the cows hooking each other. I think the practice is quite extensive among the dairymen of the state.—G. A. Smith, Dairy Expert New York Experiment Station.

HORTICULTURE

Setting Trees on Hillsides.

After having my attention called to a number of articles written by practical orchardists on setting trees, I have felt it a duty that some one briefly present the other side of the question bearing on the subject herein referred to, viz., the advisability of plowing up a grass side hill to set an orchard. Not being conversant with the many surroundings and different environments that should always be taken into account, I can only venture a few suggestions resting on general principles. If the side hill site that has been referred to in your former issues extends to the top of the orchard or perhaps further up above it, I should very much prefer to set trees in sod. I refer to the great Northwest and not south of Chicago. There are very few orchards over the Northwest that are not now in grass. Where the orchards have been left to go through winter here on cultivated soil where potatoes and other vegetables have left the ground bare, the trees have, as a rule, fallen victims to root killing and always will till we succeed in growing our choice apples topworked on extra-hardy stock.

I will give the plan I have followed for many years in setting trees, and especially in setting trees on a south hill. I remove the end about three feet across the place where I intend to set the tree. Dig the hole first by taking off the sod. Place this to one side. Then I place the next six inches on the other side. The balance I put out on either side. I dig each hole about two feet deep nearly out to the edge of the sod on the outside.

Then I dig down the outside of the upper edge of the hole surface dirt enough to raise the roots of the tree about seven inches from the bottom. Then I adjust the roots. If any appear to be too long and spindling I clip them off. Next I examine the tree very closely and especially if it is to occupy a site where sun injury is likely to occur. Set the stem pointing to one o'clock sun, and never west of half-past one. Set all principal branches toward the sun and see that no leading branches are left growing to the northeast or north. Cut such off smooth to the trunk soon after setting.

I then cover the roots with the rich surface earth first taken out. Cover the roots well and press the earth down by walking over the roots. Then I throw in more earth and stomp it down all over thoroughly and never neglect to keep hacking down the sides of the hole and stomping the earth firmly all around the outside of the hole, so that in a week's time the hole will not hold lots of water, and in a dry time when the tree needs the moisture that is trying to reach the roots through its capillary attraction it can reach it at once and not stop outside of the hole for the lack of connection.

When the hole is nearly full, take the sod, invert it and spread it over the hole, leaving the surface slightly dishing towards the tree. Clip off small twigs on the sun side where by so doing all openings can be closed. But in rare cases don't ever clip on the shady side of a tree. But as a rule cut all leading branches, making north or northwest of close to the trunk.—Edson Gaylord, Floyd Co., Iowa, in Farmers' Review.

Producer and Consumer of Fruits.

The producer knows what fruit leaves his hands, but he does not know in what shape that fruit reaches the consumer. It is a fact that the brands of fruits are constantly changed and played upon by middlemen and retailers that handle the fruit. Thus in Chicago last year, one man with a stand on a public corner sold only Rocky Ford melons for several days and claimed to sell only Rocky Ford. He got double the price for them obtained for other melons. But a few days after the same man was selling all kinds of stuff in the same kind of baskets and under the claim that they were Rocky Ford melons. Those that paid 75c a basket for the first ones purchased were well satisfied and went back for more. About a week or two after they believed themselves swindled in the melons that were passed off upon them as Rocky Fords.

Leguminous Plants for Swine.

Especially in the corn belt the use of leguminous plants for swine is greatly to be recommended. These plants act as a balancer of the ration that the swine gets most of, that is, corn. The man that can raise alfalfa is fortunate in having a green forage plant that is exceedingly rich in protein and thus suited to the building up of a compact, firm frame. Pigs fed on a properly balanced ration will not be weak-boned, but will be able to withstand many adverse conditions that would be too much for them if built upon a carbonaceous ration. "Pigs in clover" has become a popular reference and comparison, and, unlike most popular fancies, it is based on real merit. Turn the pigs into a clover field and feed them corn in the barn and they will thrive. They will develop powerful frames and as breeders will be more prolific than those pigs that have never tasted the luxury of a field of fresh clover. Peas that are commonly grown in the field are very suitable for pig feed and are greedily eaten. The hog fancies green peas as much as the human being. When the vines are not too ripe he will eat the vines as well as the seeds.

Well-Fed Sheep Improve the Farm.

It is a mistake to suppose that a farm can be improved in productiveness by merely putting on a flock of sheep. It can be increased in productiveness by the sheep, provided the sheep are well fed and well cared for. The sheep can add nothing to the farm unless feed is imported for the use of the sheep. The most they can do is to change unmerchantable fodder into mutton and wool that can be sold at a profit.

BEYOND KEN OF LITTLE CHILD.

Advent of Black Angel Had No Significance for Him.

Mrs. Dash is young, handsome and worldly. Morning, noon and night she appears fresh and eager for its gayety, for no one loves life more than she does.

She has a small son 3 years old who seems to carry round with him a soul at least 3,000 years old. He is a romantic, highly geared little chap, although sturdy and cherubic to the eye, a mere baby, and his parents have had the good sense to let him unfold from within under the guidance of an old world nursery governess.

The little lad's fancies are quaint and fantastic and the days are too short for his imagination to get its work in. Busy, indeed, is he with his pony, his small pets, his old nurse and his outdoor and indoor play.

Recently his lovely mamma was stricken with a serious illness. The telephone jangled all day with the inquiries of friends, servants with solemn faces moved about, noiseless trained nurses came and went, doctors arrived in swift motors and little "Chappie" was much impressed with his first knowledge of dangerous sickness.

In a fortnight he was summoned to the sickroom to see his mamma, who was beginning to feel the real glow of convalescence.

There was his mother sure enough lying palely beaming under a canopy of snowy laces against the embroidered pillows around which swept the very silken coverlid.

"Good morning, my baby boy," with a hug. "What has my blessed been doing while his mother was sick? What has he done with all the beautiful flowers that came?"

Lifting his head proudly and dimpling with pleasure, said he:

"I've been keeping the flowers fresh to put on your grave, dear mother."—Chicago Chronicle.

TOOK ROSSETTI AT HIS WORD

Artist the Unwilling Purchaser of "Work of Art."

When Rossetti was a student of art he one day happened to go with some fellow-students to the east end of London. There, at a wharfside inn, he saw an immense canvas on the barroom wall. After laughing at it for some time, and thus provoking the inn-keeper's wrath, the following conversation took place:

"Where did you get that picture."

"Oh, never mind, young man, where I got it."

"What price do you set on it?"

"More than you can afford"

"Indeed" said Rossetti. "Now, how much?"

"Three thousand pounds," replied the innkeeper.

At this there was a loud burst of laughter from the young artists.

"oD you know how much I would give you for your three-thousand-pound picture?"

"How much?' asked the innkeeper.

"Three pounds," said Rossetti.

"Done," said the innkeeper, promptly; and to his amazement and amusement Mr. Rossetti found himself the owner of the colossal daub.

Fault of Our Civilization.

When a man sees a woman stumbling along with a bag that is twice too heavy for her, wearily shifting it from right to left and trying in vain to hold up her skirts with her elbows, his natural desire is to put his muscles at her service. It will be play for him to swing that bag upon a car, while to her it is a real difficulty.

Yet he knows his offer would be politely refused. Her face may express sentences varying from "I am sorry, but it wouldn't be proper" to "Mind your own business," but "No, thank you," would be the inevitable reply.

And all the time she would like nothing better than to accept his help. But she has heard warning tales all her life long, about the annoyances, the confusion and the terror strange men can inflict on imprudent women, and she is afraid to trust appearances or accent or any of the evidences of his caste and quality.

And probably she is wise. The devil is clever at masquerade, and it is easier to keep out of trouble than to get out of it. Yet what a long way we have gone from the original creation if one human being cannot put his hands out to help another without an introduction or a chaperon.—"Maude Muller" in Chicago Journal.

It Was His Name.

"Hello Well, what do you want? Haven't you ever talked over a telephone before?" The hotel clerk was in the telephone booth, says the Louisville Courier-Journal.

"Hello—hello—well, have you found out who you want?—That's better."

"What's that name again?"

"J. Hominy what? Well, who—"

"Spell it again."

"J. Hominy E. Frogeye. Well, what do you think of that. Are you sure that's correct?"

"All right, I'll see if I can find him."

"What do you think that fellow wants? He asked me if a man named J. Hominy E. Frogeye is stopping here."

"That's my name," meekly remarked a young man who stood at the desk.

After the owner of the exceptional name had concluded his conversation, the clerk recovered sufficiently to ring for a glass of water.

Removing Temptation.

Deacons Smith and Jones, two pillars of the church, were working in the hayfield on a Virginia farm. Suddenly Deacon Smith called out excitedly:

"What dis ah dun foun' in dis hay stack?"

"Look ter me lack er jug ob licker," Deacon Jones responded, his eyes rolling.

Both deacons pondered, and presently Deacon Smith said, gravely:

"Bro' Jones, don' you 'low we-all better drink up dis hyah, les some po' weak brudder fin' hit fall by da wayside?"—Chicago American.

DIED SUDDENLY OF HEART DISEASE.

How frequently does a head-line similar to the above greet us in the newspapers. The rush, push and strenuousness of the American people has a strong tendency to lead up to valvular and other affections of the heart, attended by irregular action, palpitation, dizziness, smothered sensations and other distressing symptoms.

Three of the prominent ingredients of which Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is made are recommended by some of the leading writers on *Materia Medica* for the cure of just such cases. Golden Seal root, for instance, is said by the UNITED STATES DISPENSATORY, a standard authority, "to impart tone and increased power to the heart's action." Numerous other leading authorities represent Golden Seal as an unsurpassed tonic for the muscular system in general, and as the heart is almost wholly composed of muscular tissue, it naturally follows that it must be greatly strengthened by this superb, general tonic. But probably the most important ingredient of "Golden Medical Discovery," so far as its marvelous cures of valvular and other affections of the heart are concerned, is Stone root, or *Collinsonia Can.*, Prof. Wm. Paine, author of Paine's Epitomy of Medicine, says of it:

"I, not long since, had a patient who was so much oppressed with valvular disease of the heart that his friends were obliged to carry him up-stairs. He, however, gradually recovered under the influence of Collinsonin (medicinal principle extracted from Stone root), and is now attending to his business. Heretofore physicians knew of no remedy for the removal of so distressing and so dangerous a malady. With them it was all guess-work, and it fearfully wracked the afflicted that death was near at hand. Collinsonin unquestionably affords relief in such cases, and in most instances effects a cure."

Stone root is also recommended by Drs. Hale and Ellingwood, of Chicago, for valvular and other diseases of the heart. The latter says: "It is a heart tonic of direct and *permanent* influence."

"Golden Medical Discovery," not only cures serious heart affections, but is a most efficient general tonic and invigorator, strengthening the stomach, invigorating the liver, regulating the bowels and curing catarrhal affections in all parts of the system.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure Constipation.

Acclimated.

Explorer—But have you had any experience that would tend to fit you for the hardships of an arctic expedition?

Would-Be Member of the Party—Have I? Why, I lived two winters in an apartment house where I was at odds with the janitor.

Rich, Juicy Radishes Free.

Everybody loves juicy, tender radishes. Salzer knows this, hence he offers to send you absolutely free sufficient radish seed to keep you in tender radishes all summer long and his great

SALZER'S BARGAIN SEED BOOK,

with its wonderful surprises and great bargains in seeds at bargain prices.

The enormous crops on our seed farms the past season compel us to issue this special catalogue.

SEND THIS NOTICE TO-DAY.

and receive the radishes and the wonderful Bargain Book free.

Remit 4c and we add a package of Cosmos, the most fashionable, serviceable, beautiful annual flower.

John A. Salzer Seed Co., Lock Drawer W., La Crosse, Wis.

"'Varsity Betting."

As is the case everywhere in England, betting on horse races has attained a prevalence in Oxford never dreamed of at any American university. An Oxford man who belongs to one of the "decent" sets (for of course there exist the same social distinctions at Oxford as everywhere else, only more accentuated) knows every horse of note upon the English turf, his record and his pedigree back a few generations. And they all bet.

By the Way.

No man ever made money by enjoying the prosperity of his employer.

So long as a woman is wrong she can be depended on to stick to her opinion.

Many reputations for charity are built up on ability to get the public to donate.

It is a great waste of time to figure what you might have made if you had the money to go into speculation.

Driven to Drink by Lions.

A hundred natives employed on the Fort Hall road, British East Africa, who were recently charged by six lions, sought refuge in the water, where they remained for more than an hour, the lions in the meantime resting quietly on their haunches near the bank of the river, until the report of a revolver dispersed them; much to the relief of the frightened blacks.

A Mighty Canal System.

Zurich newspapers are discussing a great scheme proposed by a Swiss engineer to unite Switzerland with the North sea and the Mediterranean by two great canal systems. The first system would connect Lake Constance with Rotterdam by means of the Rhine and the second would join Lake Como and the Mediterranean by means of the River Po.

Cheer is sometimes better than cash.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. Frank A. Boern, Groyer, S. D., spring wheel; John Feucht, Brainerd, Minn., grain door for cars; Isaac Hodgson, Minneapolis, Minn., vehicle wheel rim; Lars Holm, Bryant, S. D., band cutter and feeder; Louis Hronish, Geddes, S. D., hoof trimmer; John Johnson, Mount Vernon, S. D., railway tie; Christian Morsing, Plummer, Minn., road grader; George Thiss, Minneapolis, Minn., wardrobe rack.

"Hamlet Out West.

At the Lambs' club one night a number of the members were discussing the tendency of the average comedian to insist that his forte is really tragedy, when some one chanced to ask Billy Crane whether he was an exception to the rule in that respect.

"No," replied Crane, "I can't say that I am. Years ago in the West I tackled Hamlet."

"I suppose," continued the questioner, "the audience called you before the curtain?"

"Called me?" reiterated Crane. Why, man, they dared me."

WORST FORM OF ECZEMA.

Black Splotches All Over Face—Affected Parts Now Clear as Ever—Cured by the Cuticura Remedies.

"About four years ago I was afflicted with black splotches all over my face and a few covering my body, which produced a severe itching irritation, and which caused me a great deal of annoyance and suffering, to such an extent that I was forced to call in two of the leading physicians of my town. After a thorough examination of the dreaded complaint they announced it to be skin eczema in its worst form. They treated me for the same for the length of one year, but the treatment did me no good. Finally my husband purchased a set of the Cuticura remedies, and after using the contents of the first bottle of Cuticura Resolvent in connection with the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, the breaking out entirely stopped. I continued the use of the Cuticura Remedies for six months, and after that every splotch was entirely gone and the affected parts were left as clear as ever. The Cuticura Remedies not only cured me of that dreadful disease, eczema, but other complicated troubles as well. Lizzie E. Sledge, 540 Jones Ave., Selma, Ala. Oct. 28, 1905."

Away Behind.

"Papa, what is a 'gentleman of the old school?'"

"One who allows himself to be run over by a horse, son."—Puck.

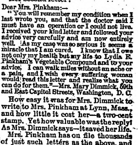
Man's general trend is toward making others feel his superiority.

TWO OPEN LETTERS

IMPORTANT TO MARRIED WOMEN

Mrs. Mary Dimmick of Washington tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Made Her Well.

It is with great pleasure we publish the following letters, as they convincingly prove the claim we have so many times made in our columns that Mrs.



Mrs. Mary Dimmick

Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., is fully qualified to give helpful advice to sick women. Read Mrs. Dimmick's letters.

Her first letter:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I have been a sufferer for the past eight years with a trouble which first originated from painful periods—the pains were excruciating, with inflammation and ulceration of the female organs. The doctor says I must have an operation or I cannot live. I do not want to submit to an operation if I can possibly avoid it. Please help me."—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, Washington, D. C.

Her second letter:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"You will remember my condition when I last wrote you, and that the doctor said I must have an operation or I could not live. I received your kind letter and followed your advice very carefully and am now entirely well. As my case was so serious it seems a miracle that I am cured. I know that I owe not only my health but my life to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and to your advice. I can walk miles without an ache or a pain, and I wish every suffering woman would read this letter and realize what you can do for them."—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, 59th and East Capitol Streets, Washington, D. C.

How easy it was for Mrs. Dimmick to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and how little it cost her—a two-cent stamp. Yet how valuable was the reply! As Mrs. Dimmick says—it saved her life.

Mrs. Pinkham has on file thousands of just such letters as the above, and offers ailing women helpful advice.

WANTED—Firemen and Brakemen earn from $70 to $165 per month—Instructions at your home by mail; we positively assist you in securing positions when competent. Send stamp to-day for instructions.

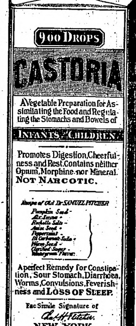
Federal Ry. Training School,
700 [illegible] Blk., MINNEAPOLIS, U. S. A.

WRITE FOR TRIAL PACKAGE
"GOLD COIN HEAVE CURE"

GOLD COIN HEAVE CURE FREE

"I have used over 100 packages of your Heave Cure on different horses, and it has never failed me yet."—Wm. J. Wenz, St. Paul. Send 4c for Postage, and mention this paper.

Gold Coin Stock Food Co.
104 E. 5th St. St. Paul, Minn.



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CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

Aperfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of

NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

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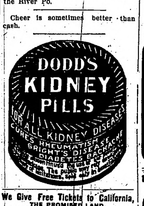
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



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WANTED.

Limited territory only left. Our list of special representatives is nearly complete. Answers must reach us immediately, with best of references.

H. S. HOWLAND, 1 Madison Avenue, New York City.

PRICE, 25 Cts.

TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY ANTI-GRIPINE

ANTI-GRIPINE IS GUARANTEED TO CURE GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.

F. W. Diemer, M. D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

N. W. N. U. —NO. 10—1906.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Minneapolis - WOODWARD & CO., GRAIN COMMISSION Duluth

ORDERS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY EXECUTED IN ALL MARKETS

Northwest News.

MURDERS MAN ON REQUEST

CONFESSION OF MATT VRANESCH AT DULUTH ACCUSES MATT IVANKOVITCH.

Duluth, Minn., March 7. — That sweatbox methods have wrung from Matt Vranesch a confession to the effect that he shot and killed Hade Tonkovic in West Duluth Sunday night at the instigation of Matt Ivankovitch, is the assertion of the police. Vranesch, it is said, yesterday confessed that he had fired the fatal shots at Tonkovic and he declared, the police say, that Ivankovitch handed him the gun, with the remark, "Shoot that fellow," indicating Tonkovic. Ivankovitch admits that the shooting was done with his revolver, but says Vranesch reached into his (Ivankovitch's) pocket and possessed himself of the weapon.

Had both of the prisoners held out that neither had done the killing the prosecuting attorney would have been in a dilemma, for it has developed that the bartender, A. L. Brewer, who Sunday declared that Ivankovitch had done the shooting, really did not know which man was guilty.

CHINAMEN SEE SIGHTS.

Distinguished Visitors Entertained in the Twin Cities.

St. Paul, March 7. — Prince Tsai Tseh, who is a nephew of the empress dowager of China, and may become emperor some day, was in St. Paul yesterday with two other members of the Chinese imperial commission, Shang Chi Hong, governor of the Santung province, and Li Shente, soon to become minister to Belgium. They were accompanied by a retinue of eight secretaries. Although they were in the Twin Cities only twenty-four hours, they made the most of their stay, dividing the day in visiting points of interest in Minneapolis in the morning and the capitol in the afternoon. The distinguished visitors left over the Burlington at 8:40 last evening for Chicago, where they will make a brief stop, after which they will go to the East and Europe.

YOUNG MAN CREMATED.

Covered With Burning Oil, He Dies in Terrible Agony.

Winona, March 7.—Emil Fugina, a young business man of Arcadia, Wis., was burned to death at noon yesterday. A lamp exploded, covering him with burning oil, while going into the cellar. His clothing was set on fire, and he ran out into the snow, then into the barn, which caught fire. His mother was badly burned trying to save him. The fire is the barn was extinguished after considerable damage by the fire department. Fugina leaves a wife and two small children. He was thirty-six years old and was with his father in the firm of Fugina Bros. & Fertig company.

JEAN LA FLEUR IS ACQUITTED.

Jury Decides That Killing of Larivier Was Accidental.

Pembina, N. D., March 7.—Jean La Fleur, who has been on trial here charged with the murder of Frank Larivier, has been found not guilty. The defense was accidental homicide. The killing of Larivier occurred last October in front of a restaurant. It was claimed that La Fleur struck Larivier over the head with an iron rod or club. The defense claimed that La Fleur was attempting to act as peacemaker between Larivier and a man with whom he was quarreling, and that the killing was the result of an accident.

Belt Breaks Boy's Neck.

Hecla, S. D., March 7.—John Kyte, the thirteen-year-old son of a farmer near Hecla, was instantly killed by being caught in the belt gear of a feed grinder. In some manner unknown the lad's clothing caught in the belt, he was whirled around in the air and finally thrown to the ground with his neck broken. He was found soon afterward and a physician summoned. The doctor reported that the boy had been instantly killed. The belt was run by a large windmill and the high wind blowing gave the belt an unusual velocity.

Corn Kernel Kills Child.

Sioux Falls, S. D., March 7.—The six-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Bennett, prominent residents of Charles Mix county, met its death in a peculiar manner. While playing with some corn the child placed one of the kernels in its mouth. This became lodged in the windpipe and the child choked to death.

Runaway at a Funeral.

Miller, S. D., March 7.—In a runaway leading the C. W. Fross funeral procession Mayor Thompson and Rev. Butterfield were thrown from the wagon and were injured quite severely and narrowly escaped death.

Killed by Train.

Black River Falls, Wis., March 7.—A stranger was killed by a west-bound passenger train two miles from this city last night. The man was apparently forty-five years old and had 70 cents in his pockets.

EXIT COMBINE.

Property of Cordage Trust to Be Sold Under Foreclosure.

Boston, March 8.—All the property of the Standard Rope and Twine company, otherwise known as the cordage combine, is to be sold at auction, under foreclosure proceedings, on April 3. The corporation has failed to pay the interest due on $2,740,000 bonds of a $3,000,000 issue, as security for which a mortgage was given in 1896 to the Manhattan Trust Company of New York.

MYSTERY SHROUDS MURDER.

Murderer Flees, but Later Is Arrested —He Refuses to Talk.

Duluth, Minn., March 6.—Matt Hankovitch, a blonde giant thirty-seven years of age, who came here from Chicago two weeks ago, shot and instantly killed H. Tolovic, thirty years of age, yesterday morning just opposite Thomas Doyle's saloon in West Duluth.

Hankovitch and his friend, John Zranjesh, who came here from Chicago with him, fled to Superior, and both were arrested late yesterday afternoon. Neither will talk.

Hankovitch confided to one person that he had come from Chicago in search of his wife. He said he had searched Northern Michigan and Wisconsin for her, and came here for that purpose.

He is an Austrian. He is six feet three inches tall and weighs 200 pounds.

Whether Hankovitch shot Tolovic because of anger over cards or whether there was some other previous and deeper grudge is not known at present. The men conversed in Austrial just before the murder, and Brewer, the bartender, could not understand them. It is considered likely that Tolovic knew something of Hankovitch's wife, and for reasons best known to himself had declined to reveal her whereabouts.

PRINCE TSEH IS IN ST. PAUL.

Imperial Chinese Commissioners Will Spend the Day in the Twin Cities.

St. Paul, March 6. — Prince Tsai Tseh, cousin the the emperor of China, and the other distinguished members of the imperial Chinese commission, arrived in St. Paul at 8:30 o'clock last evening. They were driven in carriages from the union depot to the Aberdeen, where they spent the night. Fatigued by the long trip across the continent, they retired almost immediately after they reached the hotel. The party reached St. Paul after a record-breaking run from Devils Lake, N. D. The distance is 409 miles, and it was made in a little more than five hours. The prince and the other commissioners this morning took a special car for Minneapolis where they visited the flour mills and the state university. The commissioners will return to St. Paul at 3:30, when they will be received by Gov. Johnson and the heads of the departments at the capitol. Then it is expected they will return to the aberdeen for supper and rest until time to take the Burlington train for Chicago at 8:40.

FALLS FROM TRAIN.

Man Seventy-Four Years Old Is Badly Bruised.

Spring Valley, Minn., March 6.—Ole Gulbrenson, aged seventy-four years, a farmer residing near Lanesboro, Minn., fell off the east-bound passenger train last night about seven miles west of this place. His son, missing him, reported the matter to the conductor, and a freight engine was run up the road. The man was found about ten rods from the track wandering about bareheaded and dazed. He was brought here and placed under care of Dr. Utley, who reports him quite badly bruised.

GET PREACHER OUT OF PRISON.

Appeal to President for Rev. G. G. Ware.

Omaha, Neb. March 6. — The announcement was made yesterday that the friends of Rev. George G. Ware of Lead, S. D., who as president of the U. B. I. Cattle company, was recently convicted in the United States district court of conspiracy to defraud the government by means of fraudulent homestead entries, will appeal to President Roosevelt to remit the jail portion of the sentence. The appeal, it is said, will be made through the Episcopal diocese of South Dakota.

MAKE A SENSATIONAL ESCAPE.

Prisoners Gain Freedom During a Heavy Storm.

Grand Rapids, Wis., March 6.—John McPherson and Frank Murphy, a negro, both of Marshfield, serving a ninety-day sentence here in the county jail, made a sensational escape during a fierce blizzard, getting out of a modern steel cage, then a brick wall and down two stories to the ground and both getting away. Their tools comprised several small bolts, two short bed slats and a piece of pipe taken from the heating plant.

Fall Fatal to Pioneer.

Park Rapids, Minn., March 6. — As the result of a fall two weeks ago, when she severely injured her hip, Mrs. Harriet L. Smith, a pioneer resident of Stutsman county, N. D., is dead, aged eighty-nine years. Mrs. Smith came to North Dakota with her husband in 1879.

Stock Growers' Meeting.

Belle Fourche, S. D., March 6.—On April 12, 13 and 14 the fourth annual session of the Northwestern Stock Growers' association will be held in this city. The citizens are preparing royal entertainment for the visitors.

Epidemic of Appendicitis.

Long Prairie, Minn., March 6.—An epidemic of appendicitis seems to have struck this locality. Within ten days our local surgeons have operated in seven cases and in each case successfully.

Six Months and $1,500 Fine.

Helena, Mont., March 6. — H. L. Haupt, convicted on a charge of sending lottery tickets to Eastern states from Butte, was fined $1,500 and sent to jail for six months. The secretary of the same concern was fined $500.

Counterfeiting Charged.

East St. Louis, Ill., March 6. — Detectives yesterday arrested James A. Sapp, thirty-one years old, and his brother Jesse, eighteen years old, on the charge of making counterfeit dollars.

BAD BLAZE IN SHEBOYGAN.

Furniture Factory District Suffers $100,000 Loss.

Sheboygan, Wis., March 7. — Fire last night caused a loss of $100,000 in the furniture factory district here, and threatened to wreck property worth many millions. The losses are: Sheboygan Couch company, $50,000; Sears-Roebuck, Chicago, warehouse, $30,000; Montgomery Ward & Co., warehouse, $10,000; miscellaneous, $10,000. The blaze started in the couch factory and the firemen devoted their entire attention to the other concerns, leaving that and the Sears-Riebuck plant to perish.

JUDGE SCORES LITIGANTS.

New Trial Granted in Doyle-Burns Mining Suit.

Council Bluffe, Iowa, March 8. — A new trial was granted yesterday in the noted mining suit of James F. Doyle vs. James F. Burns, involving shares and dividends of the Portland Gold Mining Company of Cripple Creek, valued at $600,000. Two trials have arleady been held, in the first of which Doyle secured a judgement for $447,000, the second resulting in favor of Burns. Judge Thornell scored both sides for alleged attempt to improperly influence jurors.

GOVERNOR'S MOTHER ILL.

Mrs. Caroline Johnson Critically Sick at St. Peter.

St. Peter, Minn., March 8. — Mrs. Caroline Johnson, mother of Gov. John A. Johnson, is critically ill at her home in this city. She is suffering with a very severe attack of sciatica, and her condition is giving Gov. Johnson and her other children much concern. Misse Hattie Johnson, who is a teacher in the St. Peter public schools, has put aside her work temporarily that she may assist in nursing and caring for her mother.

MUST BUILD A NEW SCHOOL.

Virginia (Minn.) School Board Votes for Bond Issue.

Virginia, Minn., March 8. — At a meeting of the school board last evening it was decided to issue bonds for $40,000 to erect a graded school building in the south addition to the city. The structure will be of brick and will be modern in every respect. The work will be started immediately in order that the school be ready for occupancy in September. The five school buildings in the city are filled to their utmost capacity.

Beavers Cause Floods.

Calumet, Mich., March 8. — Many lumbermen are complaining of the damage caused by beavers, which are multiplying rapidly in Northern Michigan as a result of the law which prohibits killing them before 1910. At some places beavers have flooded large areas of land by damming the streams. Lumbermen have been put to considerable expense as a result of the damaged condition of their logging roads, which have been submerged with water at different points.

Poker Player Convicted.

Fergus Falls, Minn., March 8.—Justice B. Baardson of the town of St. Olaf, sent notice to the district court here of the arrest and conviction of M. Ike, a young man of that town, on the charge of playing poker for money. The game was played with a neighbor at the home of Mr. Ike. A fine of $4 was imposed, which was paid. This is the first poker conviction on record here.

Ice Breaks Under Wagon.

Ashland, Wis., March 8.—While attempting to cross Chequamegon bay on the ice with a team of horses last night, William Kerr narrowly escaped drowning. The ice had rotted during the recent warm spell and Kerr and his team were precipitated into the icy water. Kerr managed to crawl out and finally reached Ashland in an exhausted condition. The team was lost.

Roller Mill Is Destroyed.

Mannhaven, N. D., March 8. — The Mercer County Roller mill at Krem was totally destroyed by a fire of unknown origin, but which is supposed to have started in the engine room. The loss is estimated at about $4,000. The mill was erected in 1899 and was owned by Samuel Richter. It had a capacity of sixty-five barrels a day.

Record Price Paid for Sheep.

Lewiston, Mont., March 8.—What is said to be the biggest price ever realized for stock sheep in Montana has been paid to Thomas Murray of Philbrook. Murray sold to Sweet Grass county buyers a flock of two-year-old wethers for immediate delivery, realizing $6 per head.

Killed by Train.

Red Wing, Minn., March 8.—August Carlson, 47 years old, was run over by a Milwaukee train a few miles above here and instantly killed. His body was frightfully mangled. The coroner declared no inquest was necessary.

Lightning Strikes Iowa House.

Burlington, Iowa, March 8. — Lightning struck the home of Peter Mesner during a thunder storm yesterday and tore out one side of the building, besides seriously damaging a large greenhouse near by.

Kimball Residence Burns.

Kimball, Minn., March 8.—The residence of H. N. Kent burned yesterday morning. The fire was caused by the creaking of a lamp in one of the rooms upstairs. Nearly all of the goods were saved. Insured for $1,000.

Burglars at Cokato.

Cokato, Minn., March 8.—Burglars last night robbed the stores owned by Matt Lofbrecht, where they got $5, and Chris Krimbring, where they secured $100. Entrance was made through back doors.

The State Day by Day

NEWS OF INTEREST.

WILL INCREASE REVENUE.

Nicollet County Commissioners Find Way to Raise Receipts.

It is believed that Nicollet county's tax receipts will be increased between $25,000 and $30,000 per annum as the result of a policy that has just been adopted by the board of county commissioners. They are out after resident investors who hold mortgages on real property in adjoining counties and propose to list all the securities they can find.

Although there was talk of engaging tax ferrets severeal years ago, no action was taken and the mortgagors remained unmolested until last month, when one of the county officials learned that a St. Peter business man heeld mortgages in Le Sueur county. He communicated with Auditor Ziebarth of Le Sueur Center and that officer returned a certified list showing that the local man had mortgages valued at $17,934 on file in 1905. The year before he was credited with $8,134 and for three years prior to that he had a $2,000 certificate on record.

When the list was placed before the county board by Auditor A. H. Freeman, the board ordered the securities assessed at 50 per cent of their face value, and that back taxes for a period of five years, with interest at 7 per cent be collected, and the assessment of the delinquent one was raised from $24 to $547.

Instructions were also issued to the auditor to procure certified lists of all the mortgages owned by Nicollet county people and on file in the counties of Le Sueur, Brown, Blue Earth and Sibley, and to place them on the tax lists in accordance with law. As there are loans aggregating approximately $500,000 in Le Sueur county, and sums nearly as large in others, the county's revenue will be added to materially, but the new system is being criticised from the fact that it will compel Nicollet to pay a larger proportionate state tax than her neighbors.

The first collection is nearly enough to pay the cost of preparing plans and specifications for the new $20,000 county jail, and it is predicted that the commissioners will be able to complete the structure without changing the present tax rate of 4 mills.

DEFECT IN TAX LAWS.

No Penalty Provided for Corporations That Become Delinquent.

Railroads, telegraph companies and other corporations paying taxes under special laws are not assessed any penalty for failure to pay their taxes when due. Private citizens suffer a 10 per cent penalty when they become delinquent, but state officers can find nothing in the law to authorize collecting either penalty or interest from the corporations. This defect will be called to the attention of the next legislature.

The Western Union tied up its taxes for 1899 and 1900 for five years by a legal contest. The supreme court compelled the company to pay, on a one million-dollar basis. Still the company has refused to pay taxes on that valuation for 1901, 1902, 1903 and 1904. It has paid on a lower valuation, but the state has had to bring suit for the balance due, and about $50,000 is involved. The 1905 tax is now overdue and the state will have to sue to collect it. The company can defer payment for years by appeals and retain the use of the money, though the supreme court's ruling already made makes the outcome certain.

The Great Western is in default on all of its taxes. Railroad rates are collectable in February and become delinquent March 1. Last year the Great Western held back payment until April 26. This year the road will contest the 4 per cent tax, but has not even paid the 3 per cent yet. Under the law this must be paid before the road can contest the increase. The Great Northern has paid its 3 per cent and has refused to honor the state's draft for the other 1 per cent. It will soon be placed in the hands of the attorney general for action. No penalty or interest, however, can be collected.

ST. CLOUD'S BUILDING BOOM.

Quarter of Million Dollars to Be Expended This Summer.

There will be a building boom in St. Cloud this summer which will eclipse that of former years. More than $250,000 will be expended in erecting new buildings. The largest will be those at the car shops. They will cost $100,000; the gas plant to be built by A. G. Whitney of St. Cloud will cost $65,000; the St. Cloud Granite works will expend $8,000 on improvements in its plant; the Swedish Lutheran church on the East side will rebuild at a cost of $8,000; the $25,000 model school at the state normal will be built this summer, and many city residences are planned.

HUMBOLDT WINS DEBATE.

The Humboldt high school of St. Paul defeated the Farmington high school at debate. The arguments were conducted in the high school at Farmington before one of the biggest audiences that has ever congregated in that city.

The subject was, "Resolved, That all elective state, district county and city officers should be nominated by direct primaries held under state regulations, rather than by delegate convention." The affirmative was taken by the Farmington debaters, and the negative by the St. Paul debaters. The judges decided in favor of the negative —two to one.

The St. Paul debaters outclassed the local debaters in delivery. The debaters were: Farmington, Nellie Baine, E'Tolle Baine and Joseph Clements; Humboldt, Belle Blumenfeld, Eugene Coyne and Benjamin Harmon. A. B. White of the University of Minnesota, Prof. E. S. Innis of Hamline university and E. E. Stoffard of Carleton college were the judges. Lloyd Peabody of St Paul presided.

MAKE FOUR COUNTIES OF ONE.

Third Petition for Division of Itasca County.

A third petition for the division of Itasca county has been presented to Secretary of State Hanson, and this adds to the complications in the matter of the division of the county. The last petition would divide Itasca into four counties, making three new counties.

The petitioners propose to cut the county east and west on the line between townships 66 and 67, running about three miles north of Ripple. This they would call Garfield county and make Koochiching the county seat. South of here, between townships 63 and 64, they would intersect Itasca with another line, running about six miles north of Effie. This county they would call Glenwood and would have Ripple for its county seat.

Then from the middle of this south boundary of Glenwood county another line is drawn, running a couple of miles east of Effie, and straight south to the southern boundary of Itasca county, slightly east of Deer River. What is west of this line they would call Big Fork county and make Deer River the county seat. The portion east of that line would remain Itasca county, with Grand Rapids the county seat, as at present.

The petition was brought in by F. F. Seaman of Deer River. The petition probably will come up with the others for consideration when the board meets on March 16. The petition has nearly 800 signers.

The first petition asked for one new county to be called Koochiching and having International Falls for the county seat. This would probably have been approved by the people but for the rivalry for the county seat. The people in the southern part of the new county wanted the county seat nearer them and therefore started another petition, calling the county Forest and making Big Falls the county seat. But each of the three towns named in the last petition wanted to get in on the deal and so the last petition was started.

It is yet possible there will be other petitions. The last petition places Northome in Big Fork county with the county seat, Deer River, almost a hundred miles away by railroad. It is understood many of the signers are on the petition for Forest county, with Big Falls for county seat, as they have direct connections with that place. It is also said that they will bring in another petition for a county, with Northome as the county seat.

LABOR INSPECTOR REPORTS.

Figures of Wage Earners in Minnesota Factories Compiled.

Julius Moersch, statistician for the state labor bureau, has compiled the figures on the wage earners found in the factories inspected by State Labor Commissioner Williams and his assistants during the year 1905. Partial reports, covering each of the three cities, have been given out before and he is just completing the report on the whole state.

During the year the inspectors have visited 149 localities besides the three large cities. A number of small villages and country places have not been visited, and therefore many of the smalled establishments have been left out. The department has inspected as many factories as their appropriation would allow. They have made 4,244 separate inspections of manufacturing, mercantile and other establishments. In these they have found 106,716 wage earners. Of these 86,035 were men, 18,711 boys under 16 and 580 girls under 16. The report of 1904 shows 4,870 inspections. In the places inspected that year there were 115,085 wage earners reported.

ALLOTTEES DESIRE DEEDS.

Gus Beaulieu, the well known Chippewa, is in Washington in behalf of Indian allottees on the White Earth reservation in Minnesota who desire to secure patents in fee simple with a view to managing their own affairs. Beaulieu has submitted to Senator Clapp and Representative Steenerson the draft of a bill which he desires presented, either as a separate measure or as an amendment to the Indian appropriation bill. It provides that all Indian allottees at White Earth over twenty-one years of age shall be permitted to make application to the White Earth agent for a patent in fee simple for his or her allotment, such application to be examined by three persons to be named by the secretary of the interior, one of whom shall be the White Earth agent. This committee of three is directed to report to the commissioner of Indian affairs, and if his report is favorable the secretary of the interior is authorized to issue a patent in fee simple, the lands of the Indians thereafter to be subject to taxation and all restrictions as to alienation removed.

WIDELL-FINLEY FAILURE.

First Meeting of Creditors Will Be Held March 17.

The petition in involuntary bankruptcy against the Widell-Finley company of Mankato was referred to Referee Flittie, who adjudicated the company bankrupt and set the first meeting of creditors for March 17.

The books of the company are in the hands of an expert accountant, who, with his assistants, is preparing a report of the condition of its finances. It will probably be another week before the schedule of assets and liabilities is filed.

Estimates of the amounts necessary to complete the various contracts are being procured, in order to ascertain which of the contracts will return a profit sufficient to warrant their completion by the receivers.

Penna Is President.

Rio Janeiro, March 3.—Dr. Alfonso Moreira Penna, vice president of the republic, was yesterday elected president.

Congress.

Resume of the Week's Proceedings.

Friday.

Washington, March 4.—The senate yesterday passed the bill providing for the settlement of the affairs of the Five Civilized Tribes. Under the guise of considering the bill, the senate spent practically the entire day in the discussion of the railway question. was raised by Mr. La Follette's proposed amendment to the Indian bill prohibiting railway companies and their stockholders from acquiring the coal lands in Indian Territory, and when the question was once before the senate it held its place persistently until almost the close of the day's session. Notwithstanding Mr. La Follette has sat in the senate less than two months he led the debate and occupied more time than any other senator. Several other senators, while expressing themselves in sympathy with the purpose of the amendment, raised constitutional objections to the provision.

Late in the day the La Follette amendment, together with all the Indian committee's amendments to that section, were laid on the table. The Indian bill has passed both the house and the senate, but as the senate has amended it in many respects it will now go to conference. It is a general bill for the adjustment of the affairs of the Five Civilized Tribes upon their abandonment of tribal organizations.

The first private claims session of the Fifty-ninth congress occupied the house yesterday, twenty-five bills being passed.

Monday.

Washington, March 6.—Legislation by unanimous consent and under suspension of the rules occupied the attention of the house yesterday and resulted in the passage of several bills, some of considerable importance. The adoption of a resolution of inquiry as to whether any criminal prosecutions have been begun against individuals in the Northern Securities company, furnished the text for a speech of criticism by Mr. Williams, the Democratic leader, directed against the administration. Brief answers were made by Mr. Jenkins of Wisconsin and Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio. Mr. Jenkins showed that the statute of limitations had run against any action that might be taken in this case and that any effort at prosecution would be useless.

In the senate yesterday Mr. Nelson continued the discussion of the statehood bill, urging the passage of the measure as reported from the committee on territories.

Tuesday.

Washington, March 7.—The question of the enlargement of the medical department of the army occupied the major portion of the time of the senate yesterday. The bill was not disposed of.

The only speech of the day on the statehood bill was made by Mr. Long, who advocated the passage of the bill as reported by the committee on territories.

The house began its session yesterday by passing without opposition or discussion a bill for the relief of tobacco growers by permitting them to sell leaf tobacco without paying the tax of 6 cents a pound heretofore charged. The balance of the day was devoted to tariff discussion, the Indian appropriation bill being the vehicle to carry the debate. Preceding this Mr. Sherman explained the provisions of the bill.

Washington, March 8.—That there is still a sharp difference of opinion between the supposed friends of the Dolliver-Hepburn railway rate bill was made decidedly manifest yesterday. The division is over the question whether a rate made by the interstate commerce commission shall be suspended by the courts pending final adjudication, and was brought to the surface in a brief debate which followed a set speech by Mr. Clapp in support of the bill. In reply to a question by Mr. Tillman, Mr. Clapp expressed doubt as to the power so to legislate as to enforce penalties proposed by the bill pending a review of any given findings by the courts. Mr. Tillman and Mr. Bailey took sharp issue with this statement. During the day there were two speeches on the rate bill, the one by Mr. Clapp in support of it and another by Mr. Scott in opposition.

With six set speeches and permission to print two others in the Record without delivery, no two of which were on the same subject, the house closed general debate on the Indian appropriation bill and to-day will take that measure up for amendment.

SIGNS BUT HAS DOUBTS.

President Fears Alleged Offenders May Escape.

Washington, March 8. — President Roosevelt yesterday sent a message to congress announcing his signature to the joint resolution recently passed instructing the interstate commerce commission to make examination into the subjects of railroad discrimination and monopolies in coal and oil. He says frankly that he has signed it with hesitation because it may achieve little or nothing. He indicates, too, that if the investigation proposed by the resolution is conducted thoroughly it will result in giving immunity from criminal prosecution to all persons who are called and sworn as witnesses.

FIRED BY PRESIDENT.

District Attorney for Oklahoma Removed From Office.

Washington, March 8. — President Roosevelt yesterday removed from office Horace Speed, the United States district attorney for Oklahoma, as a result of charges to the effect that he had entered into a contract with a certain county commissioner to render legal service and that he had paid improperly to that commissioner certain sums of money in connection with that employment. The charges were investigated by the department of justice and the president's action follows the report on that investigation.

ESCAPES FROM KIDNAPPERS

BANKER'S SON HELD FOR RANSOM STEALS FROM ROOM AND ESCAPES.

New York, March 8.—Antonio Bozzuffi, the fourteen-year-old boy who was kidnapped last Sunday and held for $20,000 ransom, returned alone to his home yesterday.

He had escaped from his captors, he said, by stealing out of a room above a saloon in Fifty-ninth street, while one of his captors, who had been left alone to guard him, turned his back for a moment. The boy says it took him but a second to spring beyond the man's reach and get down stairs before an attempt was made to pursue him.

He told how he was terrorized into writing a letter to his father, John Bozzuffi, an East side banker, informing him that $20,000 must be paid and that if the police were informed his life would be taken.

54 POLICEMEN NAMED.

Bertha Claiche Is Said to Have Told of Alleged Grafters.

New York, March 8—Bertha Claiche, the young French woman who pleaded guilty to the murder of Emil Gerdron, her alleged master, westerday was taken from the Tombs prison to the district attorney's office. She had a talk with Assistant District Attorney Ely. Although no official statement was made public, it was reported that the young woman gave Mr. Ely the names of four policemen to whom she said she paid $2 a week for protection while leading the life of a woman of the streets. She also gave the names of about fifty other policemen, the report stated, who, she said, were receiving like amounts from other women in the district where she lived.

SHAKE DICE FOR GIRL.

Rivals Settle the Question While the Young Woman Looks On.

Omaha, March 8.—Jules Altheus and Jack Mitchell, well known young business men, last night decided by the turn of the dice which one should relinquish his claim upon the heart of Miss Lula Baker, a pretty stenographer, for whose favor both the men were rivals. While the game was being played Miss Baker stood by and encouraged the men. For several years the two men have paid attention to the girl, and yesterday they decided to shake dice, the loser to cease paying attentions to Miss Baker. The girl was consulted and acquiesced in the arrangements. Mitchell won.

BODY FOUND AFTER BURIAL.

Corpse of Man Killed by Blast in Tree 700 Feet Away.

Parkersburg, W. Va., March 8. — When a quantity of nitroglycerin exploded near Williamston, this county, two weeks ago, H. D. Kerr was driving the wagon in which it was being carried. All that could be found immediately after the explosion was a few pieces of flesh; and these were shipped to Ohio for burial upon the supposition that they were all that was left of Kerr. Yesterday, however, his body, somewhat lacerated, was found in a tree 700 feet from the scene of the explosion.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Markets.

St. Paul, March 8. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 80 3-4@81 1-4c; No. 2 Northern, 78 3-4@79 1-4c; No. 3, 76 1-4@78c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 36@36 1-2c. Oats —No. 3 white, 28@28 1-2c.

Minneapolis, March 8.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 80 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, 80c; No. 2 Northern, 78c; durum, 69@71c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28 1-8c.

Duluth, March 8. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 79 7-8c; No. 2 Northern, 77 7-8c; flax, $1.13 3-8; rye, 60c.

Milwaukee, March 8. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 83@84c; No. 2 Northern, 79@83c. Rye—No. 1, 66c. Barley—No. 2, 55c. Oats—Standard, 31c.

Chicago, March 8. — Wheat—No. 2 red, 84@85c; No. 2 hard, 80@82 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, 82@84c; No. 2 Northern, 81@83c. Corn—No. 2, 38 1-2 @ 38 3-4c. Oats—No. 2, 29 1-2@29 3-4c.

Sioux City, Iowa, March 8—Cattle—Beeves, $4.50 @ 5.65; cows, bulls and mixed, $2@4.35; stockers and feeders, $3.40@4.25; calves and yearlings, $3@4. Hogs—Bulk, $5.90@5.95.

Chicago, March 8. — Beeves, $3.90@6.35; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.70; cows and heifers, $1.50@4.90. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6@6.27 1-2; bulk, $6.15@6.25. Sheep, $3.60@5.75; lambs, $4.75@7.10.

South St. Paul, March 8. — Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs — Price range, $5.90@6.10; bulk, $5.95 @ 6. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $6@6.50; fair to good, $4.50@5.75; yearling wethers, $5.25@6; good to choice ewes, $4.25@6.

Coaling Station Burned.

Chicago, March 8. — Fire yesterday destroyed the the coaling station of the Chicago & Alton railway and threatened two round houses and hundreds of loaded coal cars. The damage to the station amounts to $50,000.

Pug's Eye Is Taken Out.

Chicago, March 8.—Buddy Ryan underwent an operation at the Polyclinic hospital yesterday, having his right eye removed. This operation means that Buddy will retire permanently from the ring.

No Wonder.

"Elsie Davis is the best pianist in our smart set. Her pedaling is simply marvelous."

"Yes, but I think it a pity for her to pedal so remarkably well. It may remind some people that her grandfather was a peddler."—Judge.

When a fool gets angry he establishes more firmly the fact of his foolishness.

Handle your tools without mittens. Remember, the cat in gloves catches no mice.

Minnesota Historical Society.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 17, 1906. NUMBER 35.

RESUME OF THE NEWS

Fresh——Reliable——Brief

Washington.

Brig. Gen. Camillo C. C. Carr, commander of the department of the Dakotas, at St. Paul, was placed on the retired list last week.

Representative and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth returned to Washington last week from Cuba, to which place they journeyed after their wedding.

The secretary of the American Red Cross society has received information from Japan that the unprecedented cold in Northern Japan has greatly increased the suffering in the famine-stricken provinces.

Casualty List.

Lightning struck the home of Peter Mesner during a thunder storm at Burlington, Iowa, and tore out one side of the building, besides seriously damaging a large greenhouse near by.

While driving a tank wagon of the Iowa tank line at Sioux City, John Lunde was thrown off and instantly killed, his neck being broken. The wagon ran off a bridge. He leaves a wife and eight children.

Fire destroyed several store rooms, a saloon and a number of shacks at Norwood, W. Va. The fire was caused by an exploding lamp, a miner shooting at it rather than get out of bed to put it out. The man was burned to death.

A fire of accidental origin destroyed the Spring Hill hotel, a winter resort, west of Mobile, Ala. The hotel was filled with Northern guests and many had narrow escapes. Nearly all lost their effects, including jewelry and diamonds. Loss about $50,000.

Fire in the business district of Ironton, Mo., resulted in the death of William Christ, the destruction of four buildings and a property loss of $10,000. Christ succeeded in rescuing his wife and two children and lost his life in a vain attempt to rescue his two dogs.

Paul Wait, a junior in the electrical engineering course at Union college, Schenectady, N. Y., was instantly killed by coming in contact with a high voltage electric current while at work in the laboratory. Wait, whose home was in Fort Edward, was a member of the ChiPsi fraternity and prominent in athletics.

Foreign.

Charles Brewster, convicted of the murder of Marshall Stryker, his stepfather, was hanged in the Potter county jail at Coudersport, Pa.

Otis Gragg, a young railway man of Somerset, Ky., shot and killed his mother-in-law and fatally wounded his wife. Gragg was arrested.

Daniel Warren was sent to the penitentiary for five years by United States Judge Hunt at Helena, Mont., for sending obscene letters to a Butte woman.

Detectives at East St. Louis arrested James A. Sapp, thirty-one years old, and his brother Jesse, eighteen years old, on the charge of making counterfeit dollars.

Henry L. Whitbeck, a physician and dentist, killed his wife with a hammer at Buffalo, N. Y., and then blew his brains out. Whitbeck recently had been a patient in a sanitarium.

In a quarrel over a woman at Henderson, Ky., Andrew Perkins shot and instantly killed William Ward. There had been bad feeling between the men for some time. Perkins escaped.

Isaac Winder, colored, under sentence to be hanged at Towson, Md., March 30, for the murder of a toll-gate keeper, escaped from jail and track of him was lost in the near-by woods.

Anticipating his trial set for March 19, at Bloomington, Ill., William Ledwie, a farmer who on Oct. 28 shot and killed Marcer Hase Nichol, cashier of the Bank of Chenoa, and Hugh Jones, a depositor, entered a plea of guilty and was sentenced to the penitentiary for life.

Gustav Clossen of Morrisville, Pa., pleaded guilty to the murder of his young son last May. He was sentenced to death. Clossen said that he wished to get rid of the boy because, he said, he was weak-minded, and that he had given him rough-on-rats. Clossen is about seventy years old.

William Wolf and wife, alleged spiritualistic mediums, attracted 400 people to the opera house at Bloomington, Ill., the receipts being $150. After devoting several minutes to meaningless talk, the lights were extinguished and the couple fled. They were pursued by the entire audience, but made their escape from town.

A band of about forty masked citizens, riding horses, made the rounds in the negro districts at Shreveport, La., for the purpose of warning negroes that they must recognize law and order. A strong organization has been effected, and it is believed that all negroes found disorderly will be summarily dealt with. No trouble has occurred so far.

George Small, the negro, who was placed on trial at Mount Holly, N. J., charged with the killing of Miss Florence W. Allison near Moorestown on Jan. 18, was convicted of murder in the first degree and was sentenced to be hanged on March 24.

After quarreling with his wife at Shamokin, Pa., Albert De Long, Jr., picked up a bottle he thought contained poison and drank it to commit suicide. The bottle did not contain poison, but liquid mucilage, which drew his jaws together so tightly that doctors had a hard time to save him from smothering to death.

From Other Shores.

The duke of Atholl has telegraphed from Blair to a London newspaper regarding his reported engagement to Mrs. Potter Palmer of Chicago, "The New York story is a pure lie."

The three men who on Feb. 10 attempted to assassinate Gen. Reyes, the president of Colombia, were shot at the place where the attack took place. Complete calm prevails throughout the republic.

Princess Ena, bride-elect of King Alfonso, was received into the Roman Catholic church at Miramir palace, San Sebastian. She was baptised under the name of Victoria. Alfonso's mother acted as godmother.

The duke of Connaught, who has been on a tour of inspection in British South Africa, witnessed a war dance recently of 12,000 natives. Such an armed assemblage is without parallel in times of peace.

For refusing to handle their guns against the revolutionists during the recent disorders at Odessa, thirty artillerymen were sentenced by court-martial to various terms of imprisonment up to thirty years.

Albert Sonnichsen, a correspondent of the New York Evening Post, who disappeared from Sofia, Bulgaria, recently, under such circumstances that it was feared he had come to harm, has arrived at Salonica.

The concession of an American syndicate headed by John D. Rockefeller, granted through Count Witte's influence, for building a railway line between Tschita and Tschkend, has been withdrawn by the emperor's orders.

The Stojanovich cabinet has tendered its resignation to the king of Servia, giving as its reason for so doing that the ministers cannot accept Austria's proposals for the conclusion of a politico-commercial agreement with Servia.

"Interesting, but untrue," is the British foreign affairs minister's comment upon a story published in Paris to the effect that a formal political alliance between Great Britain and Spain will promptly follow King Alfonso's marriage to Princess Ena.

Fred Klenghill, aged seventy years, a farmer near Belleville, Ont., is in jail charged with having beaten his wife to death. Klenghill admits having had a quarrel with his wife and beating her with his hands only. The body of the old woman was horribly battered.

Robert Odier, a young physician of Geneva, Switzerland, declares he has discovered a remedy for the cure of cancer in animals, and which will arrest the growth of cancer in persons. The method of the cure has not yet been announced, though it is announced that a serum is used.

Earthquake shocks of varying severity have been continuing daily at irregular intervals at the island of St. Lucia since Feb. 16. Some shocks have been felt slightly. The inhabitants of St. Vincent are gravely concerned regarding the disturbances as possibly being the results of prolonged seismic disturbances. The Soufriere volcano on that island is quiet.

Domestic.

The funeral of ex-Gov. Hogg at Austin, Tex., was largely attended, thousands coming from all parts of Texas.

The $1,000 saloon license ordinance which was passed by the city council of Chicago has been signed by Mayor Dunne.

Mrs. Sarah Rumbly, aged ninety-eight, mother of the late Walter Q. Gresham, former secretary of state, is dead at her home near Lanesville, Ind.

Jens Jensen, said to be the oldest person in Winnebago county, Iowa, is dead at the home of his daughter in Center township, aged ninety-two years.

A mortgage of $20,000, secured by the home and stables of John Alexander Dowie in Zion City, has been filed. The trust deed calls for payment on demand and 6 per cent interest.

Chicago lithographers are going to take up the pure food crusade. Unless certain manufacturers order labels for their food products which tell the truth, it is said that the lithographers will not print them.

William Hogan, sixty-three years of age, a balloonist who has performed some of the most daring feats in mid-air in history, and who was well known throughout the United States, is dead at Jackson, Mich.

All the property of the Standard Rope and Twine company, otherwise known as the cordage combine, is to be sold at auction, under foreclosure proceedings, in Boston, on April 3. The corporation has failed to pay the interest due on $2,740,000 bonds of a $3,000,000 issue, as security for which a mortgage was given in 1896 to the Manhattan Trust company of New York.

Frank Kramar, a stockman from Miles City, Mont., dropped dead of heart disease in Chicago while in the waiting room of the Grand Central depot.

Dr. W. T. Campbell, who, with his father and three brothers, founded Des Moines, Iowa, died in St. Louis at the age of eighty years. They established a small trading post on what was known as Raccoon ridge, and this eventually became Des Moines. The home of the Campbells was on the spot where the capitol of Iowa now stands.

EIGHT TONS OF DYNAMITE LET GO

EXPLOSION AT THOMSON, MINN., INJURES SEVEN MEN, NONE FATALLY.

DULUTH IS BADLY SHAKEN

CONCUSSION IS FELT FOR RADIUS OF FORTY-FIVE MILES FROM DULUTH.

Duluth, March 14.—In an explosion of eight tons of dynamite at the works of the Great Northern Power company at Thomson, Minn., last night seven men were injured, none fatally, and several scores of workmen had miraculous escapes from instant death. A powder house, round house and steam shovel were reduced to kindling wood and masses of twisted iron. At the time of the explosion there were between 200 and 300 men within 1,000 feet. Nearly all of these were thrown to the ground by the force of the concussion, but as far as can be learned nearly everybody is accounted for. Fragments of lanterns here and there, however, give evidence that the owners may have been caught by the explosion, but this theory cannot be verified.

Duluth Is Shaken.

For a radius of forty-five miles in every direction from Duluth the concussion could be distinctly felt. In Duluth every house in the city shook and in a number of instances dishes and bricabrac rattled as though an earthquake had occurred. The opinion everywhere prevailed that the explosion was close at hand. At Carlton, twenty miles from this city, and but one and one-half miles from the scene of the explosion, the concussion was not felt at all and the inhabitants there were not aware that one had taken place until informed by telephone. Messages were sent for physicians from that point and Cloquet, six miles distant, and by means of teams they hastily responded.

CHICAGO WINS TRANSIT CASE.

Supreme Court Decision Gives City Complete Control of Lines.

Chicago, March 14. — The Chicago street railway cases, involving the question of the date of termination of the franchises of the lines running from the center of Chicago to the North and West sides, were yesterday decided by the supreme court of the United States at Washington. The opinion was delivered by Justice Day and reversed the decision of the United States circuit court for the Northern district of Illinois. He held that the act of the Illinois legislature of 1865 had the effect of extending the charter of the railway companies for ninety-nine years.

By the decision the city of Chicago obtains almost complete control of the local traction situation. The decision sustains the acts of the state legislature extending the life of the charters of the street railway companies to ninety-nine years, but does not sustain the contention of the companies that contract rights which are limited to fewer years than remain to the charter life of the companies are also extended. Contracts or ordinances of the city limiting the use of the streets by the company are upheld and the rights of the companies in Chicago are held to expire according to express terms of the ordinances.

The report of James Dalrymple, the Glasgow, Scotland, expert, has at last been made public.

The report, in effect, is against the municipal operation of street car companies in Chicago, unless it has become impossible to reach an agreement with the companies now operating lines in the city streets.

NEW MAN IN THE CABINET.

Ambassador Meyer Will Be Offered Place as President's Adviser.

Washington, March 14. — It is the president's intention to offer a cabinet place to George von L. Meyer of Massachusetts, present American ambassador at St. Petersburg. It is probable that the portfolio to be extended will be that of secretary of war in the event that Secretary Taft accepts the position of associate justice of the supreme court of the United States. In case Secretary Taft does not accept the position offered, Mr. Meyer will in all likelihood succeed Secretary Bonaparte, if the latter is transferred to the department of justice when Attorney General Moody retires. Justices Brewer and Harlan had a long talk with Secretary Taft yesterday.

JEROME SUES HEARST.

Files Libel Suit Against New York American and Journal.

New York, March 14.—District Attorney William Traverse Jerome yesterday brought two libel suits for $100,000 each, one against the New York American and the other against the New York Evening Journal. The suits were filed in the supreme court and the complaint says they are based upon editorials which appeared in the papers named in the issues of March 8

WOOD REPLIES TO CRITICS

DENIES THAT THERE WAS ANY WANTON KILLING OF MORO WOMEN.

Washington, March 15. — A cablegram from Gen. Wood regarding criticisms of the recent battle of Mount Dajo, on the Island of Jolo, together with the correspondence between the president and Secretary Taft on the subject, were made public yesterday. Gen. Wood's cablegram was in answer to one sent to him at the direction of Secretary Taft, who called attention to the criticisms of "wanton slaughter of Moros," and asked him to send all the particulars. Gen. Wood's reply denies that there was any wanton killing; and says a considerable number of women and children were killed in the fight because they were actually in the works when assaulted; that Moro women wore trousers and that children were used as shields. The reply was sent by Secretary Taft to the president, with a note in which the secretary says that Gen. Wood's cablegram seems to him to show most clearly that the unfortunate loss of life was wholly unavoidable, to which the president replied that Gen. Wood's answer "is, of course, entirely satisfactory."

NO INDIAN RISING EXPECTED.

Indian Territory Marshal Says Reports Are Exaggerated.

Vinita, Ind. T., March 15.—Marshal W. H. Rarrough arrived here yesterday afternoon from Spavinaw and said that the reports of the trouble with the Cherokee Indians had been exaggerated. Darrough arrested fifteen full-blood Indians on the charge of harboring and assisting the Wickliffe boys. These Indians were brought here and lodged in the territorial federal jail. The Wickliffes had not been overtaken when Darrough left Spavinaw. Marshal Darrough said that a battle is expected with the Wickliffes, but the Indians, he said, if not in sympathy with the officers, at least will offer no open resistance. While at Spavinaw Darrough and his men ascertained the general direction taken by the Wickliffes, and officers took the trail and will stay on it until the men are found. The men have been organized under Byron Kirkpatrick, an experienced deputy marshal.

MOB LEADERS BEHEADED.

Death Is Punishment for Chinese Who Killed Missionaries.

Canton, March 15. — The leader of the rebels of Kuang Si province and three others who were implicated in the attack on the house of Rev. Dr. Andrew Beattie, the American Missionary at Fita, in February, were beheaded March 12.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Markets.

St. Paul, March 15. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 76 3-8@77c; No. 2 Northern, 74 1-4@75 1-8c; No. 3, 72@74 1-2c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 36@36 1-2c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28@28 1-2c.

Minneapolis, March 15—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 75 3-8c; No. 1 Northern, 74 7-8c; No. 2 Northern, 72 7-8c; durum, 68 @ 70c. Oats — No. 3 white, 27 3-8c.

Duluth, March 15. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 74 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 72 3-4c; flax, $1.12 1-2; rye, 56c.

Milwaukee, March 15.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern 78@79c; No. 2 Northern, 74@77c. Rye—No. 1, 61@62c. Barley—No. 2, 54@55c. Oats—Standard, 31@32c.

Chicago, March 15.—Wheat—No. 2 red, 79 1-2@80 1-2c; No. 2 hard, 74 1-2@77 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, 76@78 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 74 1-2@78c. Corn—No. 2, 40 3-4@41 1-4c. Oats — No. 2, 29 1-2@29 3-4c.

Sioux City, Iowa, March 15.—Cattle—Beeves, $4 @ 5.60; cows, bulls and mixed, $3@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3@4.25; calves and yearlings, $3@4. Hogs—Bulk, $6.05@6.10.

Chicago, March 15.—Beeves, $3.90@6.35; stockers and feeders, $2.65@4.70; cows and heifers, $1.50@4.90. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.05@6.35; bulk, $6.25@6.35. Sheep, $3.80@6.10; lambs, $4.75@6.90.

South St. Paul, March 15.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs — Price range, $6.05@6.20; bulk, $6.10. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $6@6.50; fair to good, $4.50@5.75; yearling wethers, $5.25@6; good to choice ewes, $4.25@5.

Police Chief Fined for Expectoration.

Charleston, Ill., March 15.—Chief of Police Will Harles was arrested and fined late yesterday for violating the city ordinance against spitting on the sidewalks. A short time ago for this offense Harles caused the arrest of the son of Fountain Turner, and afterward the boy's father caught the chief in the same act and swore out a warrant against him.

Document Brings $18,000.

London, March 15. — The original draft in Lord Nelson's handwriting of the historical "General Memorandum" to his captains at the battle of Trafalgar was sold at auction at Christie's yesterday for $18,000.

Prof. Fuschs Stricken.

Baltimore, March 15. — Prof. Otto Fuschs, for the past twenty-three years director of the Maryland Institute School of Art and Design, died last night from pneumonia, aged sixty-seven years.

LAW'S HANDS ON BIG MONOPOLIES

DECISIONS IN TOBACCO AND PAPER TRUST CASES OF GREAT IMPORTANCE.

70,000 RUSSIANS ARRESTED

CAMPAIGN AGAINST REVOLUTIONISTS—ARMY OFFICERS RESIGN IN BODY.

Washington, March 15.—The United States supreme court's decision in the paper and tobacco trust cases is of monumental importance. Its application extends to every corporation whose books and papers may be examined by the government.

It means that the investigation of the Standard Oil, the steel trust and the anthracite coal trust, which the department of commerce and labor has been making for the last year, will permit prosecutions of corporations and some of their officials.

It means greater ease in the prosecution of the tobacco trust and the sugar trust, the latter a case of direct application to every person in the country, which Attorney General Moody has begun.

Must Produce Books.

It means also that investigation into the relations of the railroads and the Standard Oil company and the railroads and the bituminous and anthracite coal mines will not be as innocuous as the president feared when he signed the joint resolution authorizing the investigation. Those companies must produce the books if the court orders them to do so, and corporations and their officials can be prosecuted for any violation of the law that may be discovered.

Beef Trust Must Answer.

The network of defense which the attorneys for the packers so laboriously constructed and strongly supported has been swept aside by a decision in a case in which their clients were directly interested. It is expected the department of justice will transmit the text of the decision to Attorney General Moody in order that he may be able to use it in his argument in support of a motion to instruct the jury for the government in the pending prosecution.

The department of justice is more confident now than ever that it will secure conviction of the packers.

No Immunity Loopholes.

Corporations cannot receive immunity from incrimination as individuals. Officers of corporations may be granted immunity as individuals, but must produce evidence to convict the corporations in which they are interested. All corporations are creations of a sovereign power and are not privileged to commit any illegal act or possess anything unlawful. When a corporation does either it is placed beyond the pale of constitutional protection.

This is the principal laid down by the decision of the supreme court in the four cases affecting the paper and tobacco trusts. The result will be that all corporations must produce their books and papers when actions are brought against them by the government and witnesses may be compelled to answer all questions.

WHOLESALE ARRESTS.

70,000 Persons Arrested in European Russia.

St. Petersburg, March 15. — Over seventy thousand persons have been arrested in European Russia since the government entered on its active campaign against the revolutionists.

The government has sent a circular to the governor generals and governors of provinces instructing them that persons taken into custody for political offenses must, within twenty-four hours of their arrest, be confronted with the charges and allowed to make explanations. The circular also generally insists on expedition in the trials of political prisoners.

It is rumored that the officers of a guards regiment upon receiving orders to go to the Baltic provinces to participate in the "pavification" of the country, met and resigned in a body. The name of the regiment is not given and the rumor cannot be confirmed.

Ugly reports of another general railway strike in Moscow are current. The government is taking exceptional measures and battalions of sappers are being massed at Moscow to take the places of strikers and military trains are held in readiness at the various stations to proceed in any direction.

THEATER MAN IS ACQUITTED.

Heinrich Conried's Sacred Concert Held No Violation of Sunday Law.

New York, March 15. — Heinrich Conried, director of the Metropolitan opera house, was acquitted yesterday of a charge of violating the law regarding Sunday theatrical performances. He was arrested recently for giving Sunday night concerts at the Metropolitan opera house, his arrest being made as a test case. Verdi's requiem mass was the production upon which the charge was based.

THREE VILLAGES DESTROYED

ERUPTION OF VOLCANO ON ISLAND OF SAVAII CAUSES GREAT HAVOC.

Honolulu, March 15.—The officers of the steamer Sierra, which has arrived here from Sydney, N. S. W., via Samoa, reports that the eruption of the volcano on the island of Savaii, of the Samoan group, continues on a large scale. Three villages have been completely destroyed, including Malaeola, where was located the finest cocoa plantation on the island. The residences of A. King and C. Bartely have been reduced to ruins.

The lava from the volcano is flowing into the ocean in a stream three-quarters of a mile wide and twenty feet deep, at the rate of twenty feet an hour. At night a solid wall of molten lava five miles long can be seen reaching far out into the sea. For some distance ahead the sea water is boiling and the surf breaking over the fiery stream. The government recently chartered the steamer Maori to remove women and children from the zone of danger.

OUTLAWS TO TAKE TO HILLS.

Man Chase Will Lead Posse Through a Wilderness Country.

Vinita, Ind. T., March 15.—Marshal Darraugh and his posse continued yesterday the search for the Wickliffe Indian outlaws. It may be several days before the outlaws can be located, owing to the good start they have and the fact that the country affords many means of escape and places of concealment.

The man chase will lead the hunters through timber and brush, up steep cliffs and through canyons, exploring caves and other retreats far back in the hills which outlaws use as hiding places. The posse will be practically isolated from civilization during the man hunt. There is not a telegraph or telephone instrument nearer than thirty miles to the Spavinaw country.

The chase may last several days, perhaps weeks, for the posse members are determined not to give up until the Wickliffes are captured or killed.

"CORPORAL" TANNER PROTESTS.

Head of Grand Army Writes to Chairman Tawney.

Washington, March 15.—"Corporal" Tanner, commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, has written a letter to Representative Tawney of Minnesota, chairman of the house committee on appropriations, protesting vigorously against the action of Mr. Tawney's committee in recommending the enactment of a law reducing the compensation of government clerks after they have attained the age of sixty-five years. "Corporal" Tanner writes particularly in behalf of his comrades of the Civil war, many of whom, now employed in the government service, would be affected seriously by the proposed reduction in compensation.

BIG FIRE IN NEW YORK.

Property Valued at $350,000 Is Destroyed.

New York, March 15.—One of the main shipping points of the American and Westcott Express companies in this city, was destroyed by fire last night and the loss will probably be $350,000. The blaze started in a basement and consumed two five-story buildings at 11-19 East Fourth street. Eleven concerns suffered loss, the greater part occurring in the express companies' quarters, where quantities of valuable freight were stored.

TRAGEDY BEHIND SCENES.

Chorus Man Kills Himself While Play Is in Progress.

Washington, March 15. — William Thomas of Saginaw, Mich., a member of the chorus of the "Wonderland" company, performing at the Columbia theater here, committed suicide last night by drinking carbolic acid while the play was in progress. Thomas was an admirer of Idra Gordon, a sixteen-year-old girl, also a member of the company. The suicide was caused by disappointment because she would not reciprocate his attentions.

GAS WELL BURNING AGAIN.

Iron Cap Is Perforated and Flames Spout Once More.

Caney, Kan., March 15.—The great gas well six miles from here which was capped Monday with a huge iron hood after it had burned without restraint for seventeen days, consuming millions of feet of gas, burst forth again yesterday. After having confined the fire for twelve hours the hood was perforated yesterday by the tremendous force of sand and flame beneath it, and soon became a heap of scrap iron.

HURLED DOWN FIFTY FEET.

Wagon Is Struck by Car and Driver Is Fatally Injured.

Pittsburg, March 15. — William Kuhn, driver of a lumber wagon, is dying at his home in Homested from injuries received by being hurled over a fifty-foot bluff by a trolley car. Kuhn was driving on the tracks near McKeesport when the street car came up behind and struck, and wrecked the wagon and Kuhn was thrown over the bluff.

27 LIVES LOST IN SHIPWRECK

STEAMER BRITISH KING FOUNDERS IN RAGING STORM ON ATLANTIC.

HEROIC WORK OF RESUERS

SUFFERING AND ACTS OF HEROISM RARELY EQUALLED IN TRAGEDIES AT SEA.

Boston, March 15.—Suffering, mental and physical, and numerous acts of heroism in saving life rarely equalled in the record of tragedies of the sea, attended the loss of the Phoenix line steamer British King, which on Sunday last in a raging Atlantic storm, foundered about 150 miles south of Sable island, and carried to death twenty-seven members of the crew. Thirteen men were rescued from the sinking vessel by the Leyland line steamer Bostonian, and eleven by the Herman tank steamer Mannheim. Five others, who had been

Drawn Down in the Vortex

into which the British King was engulfed, were picked up by the Bostonian from a frail bit of wreckage which they had grasped after a desperate struggle for life in the whirlpool. The Bostonian arrived here yesterday afternoon and the details of the disaster became known.

Capt. James O'Hagen of the British King died on board the Bostonian from the effects of terrible injuries sustained in trying to save his ship.

Two lifeboats from the Bostonian were crushed to fragments and the volunteer crews which manned them were thrown into the high running seas while engaged in the work of rescue, but all were safely landed on board the steamer.

Lifeboat Dashed to Pieces.

When the first lifeboat was lowered from the Bostonian the small craft was swept against the stern of the big ship and destroyed and several of the seamen were bruised and maimed. Yet, despite the boisterous condition of the sea, the volunteers were rescued by lines thrown out from their steamer.

A second attempt to reach the sinking ship was successful and thirteen men were taken from the British King to the Bostonian. Then again

A Powerful Billow

carried the lifeboat against the side of the ship and destroyed it, and the lifesavers were thrown into the sea, to be rescued only after an hour's effort by their comrades.

Volunteers from the Mannheim, after a heroic battle with the waves, had taken off eleven from the British King, but after this neither of the steamers, in consequence of the increasing gale, could make an attempt to reach the foundering freighter. Moreover, darkness fell and it was an utter impossibility to do else but wait for the moonlight to guide them.

Plunged to the Bottom.

In the darkness the British King, which was then waterlogged and helpless, plunged to the bottom.

For three days her captain and crew, working against unconquerable odds, had tried to prevent their ship's destruction. Then the Bostonian and Mannheim were sighted, and to these Capt. O'Hagen displayed the signal for assistance. Both the Bostonian and the Mannheim stayed by the scene of the wreck until Monday morning, but no bodies were recovered.

HAMILTON GIVES NO HELP.

Legislative Agent Is Still Silent on His Doings.

New York, March 15—The members of the Fowler committee of the New York Life Insurance company, with the exception of the chairman, G. W. Fowler, who is in Europe, met yesterday. Clarence M. Mackay presided. The committee was in session for several hours and at the close the following statement was given out:

"The special committee has not yet heard from Andrew Hamilton in reply to the letter which it sent him Friday, March 9. The committee continued its work of investigation into matters entirely unconnected with Mr. Hamilton."

DUEL TO SETTLE DISPUTE.

Spanish Army and Legislative Officials to Fight.

Madrid, March 15.—Col. Primo-Rivera, nephew of the general of that name who formerly commanded the Spanish troops in the Philippines, has arranged to fight a duel with Deputy Segiano, who yesterday was savagely assaulted by the colonel for criticising acts of the Spanish generals in Cuba and the Philippines.

Burglaries Are Charged.

Cokato, Minn., March 15. — Eddie Peterson and Frank Jasmer of this village were arrested here yesterday and charged with breaking into the stores of O. M. Mattson, J. J. Mabusth, M. Holmstrong and the Cokato Hide and fur company. Albert Carlson also was arrested.

Strike in Norway.

Trondhjem, Norway, March 15. — The bakers and slaughterers of this city threaten to establish a strike during the coronation festivities in June.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Spectator.

ST. HILAIRE, - - MINNESOTA.

Perhaps Lou Dillon fills the usual requirement of the woman in the case.

Reform in Philadelphia must be genuine when the people are electing women to office.

A London girl of 15 has just issued her second book of poems. Some parents are very indiscreet.

Yes, Admiral Sigbee's fleet is going to Leghorn, and the proper lady can call it Limbhorn if she likes.

Boni de Castellane is to get $40,000 a year and all his debts paid for not contesting the divorce. Tough, tough!

Gov. Johnson of Minnesota says any man ought to be able to live on $10,000 a year. That's what we have always thought.

Mr. Balfour has changed his policy. The late elections probably convinced him that something was wrong with the old one.

New York legislators are so fierce against racing as to cause suspicion that some of them have been actuated by defective tips.

J. Pierpont Morgan has some cognac that is worth $100 a bottle. It is lucky that chorus girls are content to drink champagne.

The frequent recurrence of the headline, "Fraud Fails," suggests an amendment to the proverb about the birthrate of suckers.

To a man who can take a pants button of fact and evolve from it a whole wardrobe of scandal nothing is impossible except the truth.

The prototype of "Huckleberry Finn"—Capt. A. O. Tonkrey of Murray, Idaho—is dead. "Huckleberry" himself bids fair to be immortal.

Some of the composers of modern music should consult the dictionary as to the meaning of the word music. They seem to have forgotten it.

New York announces that its high-art theater will not be run for profit. That is lucky. It is not likely to be profitable if it sticks to high art.

One congressman wants a law taxing the bachelors of the country an amount sufficient to support all the spinsters. There is a logical mind for you.

Senator Clark says he is sorry he did not become an artist. If we could draw checks as well as the senator our artistic achievements would satisfy us.

How many people, do you suppose, will be set to writing by the publication of the statement that Henry Harland received $70,000 for one of his novels?

Before Mr. Walter Wellman starts on his journey by airship to the pole, wouldn't it be well, just by way of trial, for him to go in his airship from Paris to Berlin?

Not only is plenty of pure fresh air good for people who are suffering with pneumonia, but it is also a fine preventive of pneumonia and other varieties of disease.

Most people like French bread, but if the Countess de Castellane were Anna Gould again, and were to pick out another husband, she probably wouldn't choose that kind.

The young man may shrink from buying chocolate for the young woman on account of the paraffin, but doubtless she will be willing to compromise on something just as expensive.

A special to a New York paper tells of the plans for a great tiger hunt in the State of Tamaulipas, Mexico. Unfortunately it neglects to name the country from which the tigers were imported.

The question, Why do boys leave their studies so early in life? suggests that other question, Why do boys who are ailing from Monday to Friday inclusive suddenly regain robust health on Saturday?

It is unfortunate for little baby Pu that he is descended from the gods. The gods do not seem to have the pull that they had in former times. Even the Chinaman is saving money on punk sticks, these days.

Rev. Dr. Van Dyke says that he doesn't like the proverb, "A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush." If you say, "A thorn in the bush is worth two in the hand," he will doubtless readily agree with you.

The new edition of "Who's Who in America" contains 16,216 names. Now why doesn't somebody get up a volume entitled "Who Isn't Who in America," and print the names of the rest of the 80,000,000? Then nobody could feel neglected.

It is pleasant to see King Edward echoing President Eliot's exaltation of the joy of work. But his fixture of a twelve-hour working day for the king trade is a flying in the face of the eight-hour party. A king's labor union is now in order.

"Why," asks Mrs. Jones of the Philadelphia W. C. T. U., "will women talk about each other in a small spiteful way?" A poser. But it is safe to say mere man is to blame for it somehow.

The wicked who swallow paraffin cakes ought to have no trouble in letting their light shine before men, for anybody would lend them a match.

The American eagle, they say, is doomed to extinction. Well, if the American eagle could have its way there would be no American hen.

ABOUT ST. PATRICK

How a Slave Boy Converted Ireland.

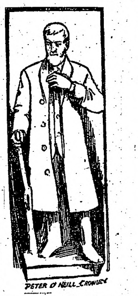
Whether St. Patrick was born at the rock of Dumbarton, on the Clyde, or on the banks of the Avon—Shakespeare's Avon—or at one of the other places that claim him, it was in the north of France that he fell into the captivity which resulted in his religious conquest of Ireland. The helmets and plumes of Rome had grown scarce in the streets of Bonavon, or Boulogne. Commerce was paralyzed and civilization was endangered. Stilicho, in desperation, had drawn off his legions to oppose the swarming hosts of eastern barbarism—the "yellow peril" of the period—when into the harbor came the war galleys and slave ships of Viall of the Hostages, high king of Ireland. Marauders soon swarmed ashore, plundering homes and driving human beings before them like cattle. Calpurnius, the Roman, a member of the municipal council, fell in defense of his family. His villa, near Boulogne, was given to the flames, and his children were swept close like a modern convict's, so that he might be promptly known and apprehended if he tried to run away. The boy learned the language of the people and much about their laws and customs, many of which were admirable, some horrible. They had a high king, who dwelt at Tara; a graded social system, a strict code of laws, civil and criminal; those protecting morality were especially severe. The chief religion was druidism, whose white-robed ministers professed to weave spells and to read the future.

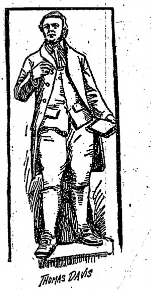
Among those people the young Gallo-Roman slave lived and toiled six years. The people did not attempt to force their religious beliefs upon him. He maintained and cherished his own by constant prayer. It was the custom of the Irish, like the Hebrews, to free their slaves in the seventh year. When the time of Patrick's liberation came he found means of returning to France.

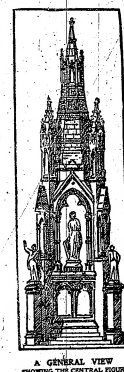
Twenty-two years later, at the age is strange that Christians and pagans should have belonged at that time to one fraternal brotherhood, but a passage in the "Tripartite Life of St. Patrick" points to this. A young prince who was interested in an important suit which was on hearing at Tara before the king, who was supposed to be hostile, applied to Patrick to obtain for him justice and fair play, whereupon the apostle said: "Go in now, as the doors are open, and go to my faithful friend, Eoghan Mac Neill (the king's brother), who will assist you if you lay hold secretly on the finger next the little finger, which is always a sign between us." The young prince did as he was directed and duly found a friend in Eoghan.

Always chary of "sending round the plate," Patrick paid his own way through the green isle, as he emphatically relates in his confession. "But when it happened that I baptized so many thousand men, did I expect even a screpall (a Celtic coin of the value

MEMORIAL TO IRISH PATRIOTS


PETER O'NEILL CROWLEY


THOMAS DAVIS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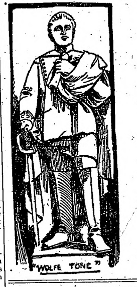
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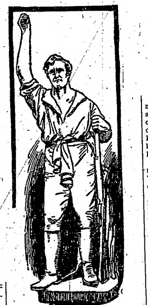

MICHAEL DWYER

By dint of penny collections a great monument, able to hold its own with any in Ireland, takes its place as the chief memorial in Cork. The junction of the South Mall and the Grand Parade will be its site. No finer could be found within the four shores of Ireland.

Of purely Irish material, the monument represents the best of Irish art. To J. F. Davis of Cork the work of carving the figures was intrusted.

The ceremony of the formal unveiling was appropriately fixed for St. Patrick's day. That is to be a great day for Cork and the south of Ireland generally. In the great procession of the day all the city trades and all the public bodies of Munster, and many from other provinces, will take part.

There is really no great public monument in Cork. The '98 memorial will provide at once an imposing and sufficient one.

Our illustrations give a general view of the monument, and pictures of the figures (all carved in Ballinasloe marble) that will appear in the center and at the sides.

off with hundreds of others into slavery.

Then came the dreary voyage around stormy Land's End and up the Irish sea, there being no halt made at Bristol, the great slave mart, where the more degraded of the Britons were wont to put their own offspring on the block and sell them into bondage. When the slaver arrived off the present county of Louth, in Ireland, the girls, Lupita and Tigrida, daughters of Calpurnius, were separated from the brother, Patrick, taken ashore and sold as "cumals," or slaves, for the regulation price of three cows each.

Farther up the coast the brother, not yet 16, was sold to a sordid and truculent master, who sent him forth, ill-clothed and ill-fed, to tend sheep on the slopes of the mountain of Slemish, in the present County of Antrim. The Irish wore long hair, bunching on their foreheads, flowing on their shoulders; therefore the young serf received the regular "berrad mogu," or slave's tonsure, his hair being shorn

of 44, he returned to Ireland, accompanied by a chosen band of missionaries, and set about the work of converting the people. A prudent and tactful little man—"homuncio," he describes himself in his "confession"—he knew exactly how best to deal with them. Instead of making violent attempts to abolish the pagan forms of worship he caused them to serve the purposes of his mission.

A strange circumstance which has been overlooked by his biographers may have materially aided St. Patrick in planting Christianity in Ireland by gaining for him the co-operation, or at least the toleration and protection of some of the leading personages of the country. He was apparently a member of a society which included some influential friends at court. It

of about 6 cents) from them? Tell me, and I will return it to you. Or when the Lord ordained clergy through my humility and ministry, did I confer the grace gratuitously? If I asked any of them even the value of my shoe, tell me, and I will repay you more. I rather spent for you, as far as I was able; and among you and everywhere for you I endured many perils in distant places, where none had been farther or had ever come to baptize, or ordain the clergy or confirm the people."

Through being mainly confined to scarce and costly volumes the life of St. Patrick is almost a sealed book even to many of his countrymen. The Gaelic language movement is likely soon to make them more familiar with the life story of this admirable man.

HAD HIGH IDEA OF COURTESY

Englishman's Good Reason for Not Wanting to Advertise.

Nobody but an Englishman would have reasoned that way. His extreme punctiliousness in regard to correspondence came to light through his reply to a man who had advised him to advertise in the daily papers a certain commodity which he desired to sell.

"Oh, but I don't want to advertise," said the Englishman. "It is too much trouble to answer all the letters I shall get."

The man with advice looked puzzled and the Englishman hastened to explain.

"I have had occasion to advertise twice since coming to New York," he said; "once for a home with congenial people, and again in regard to a muff I found, and each time it took me three whole days to clean up the ensuing correspondence."

"But you don't mean to say that you answered all the letters you received?"

"I certainly did," returned the Englishman. "What else could a gentleman do? Those people had been kind enough to write to me, and even though most of the letters were worthless they represented time and labor and expense, and common courtesy demanded that I reply and tell the writer that I could not see my way clear to transact further business with him."

"Oh, of course," grumbled the skeptical adviser, "if you hold that view of commercial amenities I cannot urge you to advertise very often."

The Englishman shook his head sadly.

"You do not seem to appreciate my point of view," he said. "You Americans are so impolite in business affairs."—New York Press.

Quick Work in Butchering.

Flaying and butchering an animal is rather butcher's than farmer's work. But it was a Ballarat (Australia) farmer who for a wager engaged to place chops on a gridiron within ten minutes from the time he took the sheep in hand to shear, kill and dress it. He won his bet with fifteen seconds to spare.

BODIES STILL ABOVE GROUND.

Unique Form of Sepulture Devised to Outwit the Law.

In the churchyard of the little Middlesex (Eng.) village of Pinner there stands a monument quite distinct from all those which surround it. It consists of a tall, square pyramid, overgrown with ivy, through the middle of which projects a coffin made of stone. This monument was raised by a son to his parents, William and Agnes Loudon, as the inscriptions tell. They do not, however, tell why he chose to have his parents' remains poised in mid-air in the stone shell, instead of being buried in the usual manner. This curious act is accounted for in a strange manner. It appears that his parents came into some money which was to be theirs "so long as their bodies were above the ground." When they died, therefore, in order that the money should not pass into other hands, their son "buried" them in this curious manner, and, despite the apparent injustice, his object was attained.

Bless the Dear Old Verdant Land.

By DENIS FLORENCE MacCARTHY.

BLESS the dear old verdant land!
Brother, wert thou born of it?
As thy shadow life doth stand
Twining round its rosy band,
Did an Irish mother's hand,
Guide thee in the morn of it?
Did a father's first command
Teach thee love or scorn of it?

Thou who tread'st its fertile breast,
Dost thou feel a glow for it?
Thou of all its charms possest,
Living on its first and best,
Art thou but a thankless guest,
Or a traitor foe for it?
If thou lovest, where's the test?
Wilt thou strike a blow for it?

Has the past no goading sting
That can make thee rouse for it?
Does thy land's reviving spring,
Full of buds and blossoming,
Fail to make thy cold heart cling,
Breathing lover's vows for it?
With the circling ocean's ring
Thou wert made a spouse for it.

Hast thou kept as thou shoulds't keep
Thy affections warm for it,
Letting no cold feeling creep
Like an ice-breath o'er the deep,
Freezing to a stony sleep,
Hopes the heart would form for it,
Glories that like rainbows peep
Through the darkening storm for it?

Son of this down-trodden land,
Aid us in the fight for it.
We seek to make it great and grand,
Its slipless bays, its naked strand,
By canvas-swelling breezes fanned!
Oh, what a glorious sight for it,
The past expiring like a brand
In morning's rosy light for it!

Think, this dear old land is thine,
And thou a traitor slave of it;
Think how the Switzer leads his kine,
When pale the evening star doth shine;
His song has home in every line,
Freedom in every stave of it;
Think how the German loves his Rhine
And worships every wave of it!

Our own dear land is bright as theirs,
But oh! our hearts are cold for it;
Awake! we are not slaves, but heirs,
Our fatherland requires our cares,
Our speech with men, with God our prayers;
Spurn blood-stained Judas gold for it:
Let us do all that honor dares—
Be earnest, faithful, bold for it!

DID GREAT AND NOBLE WORK.

Labor of St. Patrick Conferred Blessings on Humanity.

St. Patrick did a great and noble work in Ireland—great for the church, for humanity and for his own immortal reputation.

He founded three hundred and sixty-five churches, ordained three hundred and sixty-five bishops and three thousand priests.

We are told that he baptized seven Irish kings at once. Whoever has read very much about the old Irish kings and their dispositions will realize that it took a very forceful man to get seven of them together and keep them alive long enough to baptize them.

St. Patrick chose for his labors a race worthy of his enthusiasm and affection. No race ever received the gospel with greater joy and willingness than the Irish people. Innumerable religious houses were founded by the Celtic missionaries—among them the famous monastery founded by the Irish monk, St. Columba, on the little island of Iona, which was destined to become a world renowned center of Christian learning and zeal. From this little island, for two centuries, Christianity was spread persistently among the heathen people in all directions.

The Irish sent devoted missionaries throughout the Pictish highlands, far off into the forests of Germany where the Druids were still killing human sacrifices and into the fastnesses of the Alps. Wherever men were living as heathens and savages priests to do missionary work were sent out by the Irish church—thanks to the sowing of the seed by the great St. Patrick.

Properly a Universal Holiday.

St. Patrick's day is a universal holiday. The world honor's Ireland's patron saint for the splendid qualities his people have drawn from his teachings.

Irishmen rejoice that they have kept the splendid traditions of their race through seven hundred years of oppression.

But holding to these principles has exiled them. They are a liberty-loving people and the love of liberty has sent them far from Erin.

But other nations have reaped the benefit of their exile. The Irish have contributed to the civilization, the courage and progress of the world.

There were with Washington one hundred and twenty-five years ago. Montgomery died for America under Quebec, and Sullivan and Morgan did their full duty with American land forces, while Barry and other Irishmen flew the flag of the American revolutionists from his ship.

They were with Dewey at Manila.

They are an important and useful force in American citizenship.

That's why all Americans are inclined to join with their fellow citizens of Irish birth or parentage and celebrate St. Patrick's day.

ST. PATRICK WORTHY OF HONOR.

His Career Marked with the True Spirit of Christian Charity.

There are those who, dead to sentiment, decry the waste of time of a holiday celebrating the memory of a hero.

But is the festal day utterly wasted? Hard labor is the portion of mankind, from the man at the office desk to the laborer in the street. Since the blessedness of leisure has little part in most lives, the rare feast day brings with it an inspiration of enthusiasm to cheer the jaded spirits. It is a time for the assertion of the man himself. He escapes for an instant from the grasp of necessity and joys in the privilege of doing what he likes.

If, by chance, his mind turns to the hero whose manhood had the power to stay the wheels of work—to a Washington, a Lincoln or a St. Patrick—a gracious influence from the honored dead enters into his soul. Be his heart as dry as summer's dust, his faith and hope worn to a shadow, the passing thought of reverence for men whose integrity shines steadfastly through the ages will have an elevating power, and he will take up his burden on the morrow encouraged and refreshed.

To-day the sons of Erin honor the memory of St. Patrick. His gift to his people is the blessed one of peace on earth, good will toward men. His beneficence and genial qualities have the power to awaken joy in the human heart. No sacrifice of heathen nor blood of the martyrs stains his shield; his career was marked with the true spirit of Christian charity.

All hail, St. Patrick! May your memory never grow less, but blossom anew as gladly as the ever-green shamrock responds to the call of each returning spring.

Von Bulow's Unique Distinction.

It was while Count Von Bulow was secretary of state for foreign affairs that he received his title, and one circumstance connected therewith is believed to be without parallel. Herr Von Bulow had concluded certain negotiations with Spain regarding some South sea islands and the result gave great satisfaction to the kaiser, who was notified by telephone at the palace at Potsdam, sixteen miles away. Five minutes later the official to whom the secretary had sent word called him up on the wire and said: "I am ordered to inform your excellency that his majesty confers upon you the title and dignity of a count of the German empire!" This is believed to be the first and only occasion when title of nobility was practically conferred by telephone.

A Burmese Student.

The oldest and the most interesting monastery in Mandalay, Burma, is occupied by the Buddhist archbishop. It is covered all over, inside and out, with heavy gold leaf and is surrounded by smaller structures of similar style, in which the scribes and assistants of the bishop reside.

"A very cordial young priest met us at the door and motioned us to enter," wrote the celebrated traveling correspondent, William E. Curtis. "He held a primer in his hand from which he was learning English. It was an American publication such as is used by the beginners in our primary schools. Each page contained a rude illustration of some familiar object with a few lines of plain black print below. As I took the book he pointed out the lesson of the day, which read:

"Ann has a doll and a dog. Ann puts the doll on the dog. The dog loves Ann. Does Ann love the dog?"

—Montreal Herald.

Witte's Present to Mayflower.

Emperor William has presented to Count Witte the chain and grand cross the Order of the Red Eagle. Count Witte has presented to the Mayflower in behalf of himself and the other delegates to the Portsmouth peace conference a Russian silver punchbowl in recognition of the hospitality extended on that vessel.

"MEAN THING" MADE APOLOGY.

And Still It Is Doubtful if Telephone Girl Is Satisfied.

She has bright eyes, rosy cheeks, and an awful estimate of the proper confines of propriety. It is an invariable rule of hers to observe that subtle barrier of modesty which all well ordered young women should observe, and, better still, she prides herself on making the sterner sex observe this barrier in all its invisible but nice distinctions.

Then how this incident must have shocked her.

Being a telephone girl, it is her obnoxious duty to hold converse with the "mean things" of the world—otherwise known as men. The other afternoon a subscriber called for a certain number in Germantown.

"What number did you say?" she cooed.

"Germantown 33333-z, quick."

"I can't understand; please repeat it."

"Blank, blankety, blank, x y z!!"

"Well, if you don't say what number you want I can't give it to you. I'm not going to fool here all day."

"Now, keep your shirt on, little girl; keep your shirt on—"

But the subscriber got no further; she slammed up her cam, rushed to the overseer with flaming cheeks, and reported the subscriber. The company rightly said that subscribers had no right to comment on how its employes should treat their wearing apparel, and demanded that the subscriber apologize or lose his 'phone. The subscriber was willing. He called up the girl with the bright eyes and said:

"Are you the young lady whom I just told to keep her shirt on?"

"Yes," was the curt rejoinder.

"Well, possibly I was a little hasty. It may be warm in your office, so now you may take it off."—Philadelphia Telegraph.

INDEXING YOUR SCRAP BOOK.

It Takes but Little Time and It May Save Much Wasteful Labor.

"When I started keeping a scrap book," said a man who writes things for a living, "a wise friend of mine advised me to index it as I went along.

"He told me that when I pasted up the stuff in the book it would take only a minute or two more to make the proper entries at the back, and that I would find this index a time saver and a very great convenience.

"I knew that this was wise advice, but I didn't heed it. I had only one scrap book and I thought I could remember what was in it and where to find it, and so I didn't bother about the index. I started my second book in the same slack way, and so, I confess, I have continued ever since.

"Now I have a pile of scrap books all unindexed, and when I want to find anything in them I have to hunt for it—time taking and brain wearing work.

"Long ago I began to wish that I had followed my wise friend's advice, and for the benefit of those who have the courage to act on it I now repeat what he said to me: Index your scrap books."

Few Australians in America.

There are only a few Australians distributed throughout the United States, and their number is so small that in most of the official bulletins they come under the head of "unclassified."

There are in New York city less than 500 Australians and the majority of these are such "in name only," having been born in Australia during the temporary residence of their parents. One such case is that of Mme. Melba, the prima donna, who was born in Melbourne, Australia, in 1866, though her home is in England.

The only city in the country in which there is any considerable number of Australians is San Francisco, in which there are about a thousand. Chicago has some 300, and Oakland, a suburb of San Francisco, 250. Once every year the Australians in New York city assemble for fraternal meeting, and it is found usually that the larger number of those present are traveling Australians.

Stinging Retort Deserved.

Corporal James Tanner, commander in chief of the G. A. R., was condemning those who appear to regard the national uniform as a disgrace—those who object to seeing non-commissioned soldiers or sailors in the parquet of a theater or the restaurant of a fashionable hotel.

"Such people," said the veteran, "make me think of a recruiting sergeant whom I used to know in Richmondville—a true patriot.

"This sergeant at the beginning of the civil war urged a rich man's son to enlist.

"'Come on, Hank,' he said earnestly. 'Come on and join the —— New Yorks.'

"The rich man's son sneered.

"'Join the New Yorks!' he cried. 'Not I! I'd rather enter a lunatic asylum than the —— New Yorks.'

"'Well,' said the sergeant, 'no doubt you'd feel more at home there.'"

Must Have Been a Sight.

A magazine editor was sadly praising William Sharp, recently deceased in Sicily, who achieved no little fame as a poet under the pen name of Fiona McLeod.

"Sharp," he said, "wrote melancholy, dreamy things, but he was personally a cheery, vigorous soul. He was one day praising the real literary talent that humble, uneducated people often show in conversation.

"He said that in Londonderry one afternoon he was seated in a barber shop when a farmer entered to get his hair cut. The farmer's locks had an odd, ragged look and the barber, after regarding them scornfully, said:

"'Who cut your hair last, old man?'

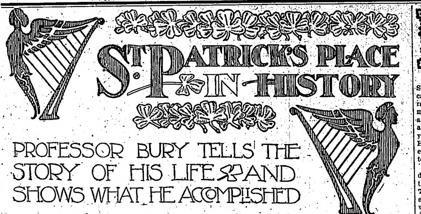
"'My wife,' the farmer answered with an awkward smile.

"The barber snorted. 'What did she do it with?' he asked. 'A knife and fork?'"

Humility Modified.

Goodart—Conceited! Oh, I don't know. I've often heard him say that he has the greatest respect for the man who knows more than he does, and——

Wise—Yes, but how often have you heard him admit that there is such a man?



ST. PATRICK'S PLACE IN HISTORY

PROFESSOR BURY TELLS THE STORY OF HIS LIFE AND SHOWS WHAT HE ACCOMPLISHED

Two extreme and opposite views have been held as to the scope and dimensions of St. Patrick's work in Ireland. There is the old view that he first introduced the Christian religion and converted the whole island, and there is the view, propounded by Prof. Zimmer, that the sphere of his activity was merely a small district in Leinster. The second opinion is refuted by a critical examination of the sources, and by its own incapacity to explain the facts, while the first cannot be sustained because clear evidence exists that there were Christian communities in Ireland before Patrick arrived.

But the fact that foundations had been laid here and there does not deprive St. Patrick of his eminent significance. He did three things. He organized the Christianity which already existed, he converted kingdoms which were still pagan, especially in the west, and he brought Ireland into connection with the church of the empire, and made it formally part of universal Christendom.

These three aspects of St. Patrick's work are illustrated by J. B. Bury, formerly fellow of Trinity College, Dublin, and now regius professor in the University of Cambridge, in a volume of 400 pages. ("The Life of St. Patrick and His Place in History," issued by the Macmillan company.) The subject attracted the eminent scholar's attention not as an important crisis in the history of Ireland, but, in the first place, as an appendix of the Roman empire illustrating the emanations of its influence beyond its own frontiers, and, in the second place, as a notable episode in the series of conversions which spread over northern Europe the religion which prevails to-day.

Doubts of the very existence of St. Patrick had been entertained, and other views almost amounted to the thesis that if he did exist he was not himself but a namesake. It was at once evident to Prof. Bury that the material had never been critically sifted, and that it would be necessary to begin at the beginning, almost as if nothing had been done, in a field where much had been written.

Concerning the work of Todd on the subject, he acknowledged that in learning and critical acumen it stands out pre-eminent from the mass of the historical literature which has gathered round St. Patrick, yet it left him doubtful about every fact connected with Patrick's life.

Sought the Original Sources.

Prof. Bury's justification of the present biography is that it rests upon a methodical examination of the sources, and that the conclusions, whether right or wrong, were reached without any prepossession. His conclusions tend to show that the Roman Catholic conception of St. Patrick's work is generally nearer to historical fact than the views of some anti-papal divines.

The conversion of Ireland to Christianity has, as Prof. Bury points out, its "modest place among those manifold changes by which a new Europe was being formed in the fifth century. The beginnings of the work had been noiseless and dateless, due to the play of accident and the obscure zeal of nameless pioneers; but it was organized and established, so that it could never be undone, mainly by the efforts of one man, a Roman citizen of Britain, who devoted his life to the task.

"The child who was destined to play this part in the shaping of a new Europe was born before the close of the fourth century, perhaps in the year 389 A. D. His father, Calpurnius, was a Briton, like all free subjects of the empire, he was a Roman citizen; and, like his father Potitus before him, he bore a Roman name.

"Calpurnius called his son Patricius. But if Patricius talked as a child with his father and mother the Brythonic tongue of his forefathers, he bore the name of Sucat. He was thus double-named, like the Apostle Paul, who bore a Roman as well as a Jewish name from his youth up. But another Roman name, Magonus, is also ascribed to Patrick; and possibly his full style—as it would appear in the town registry when he should come of age to exercise the rights of a citizen—was Patricius Magonus Sucatus."

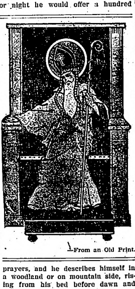
Partick Became a Slave.

As the son of a deacon, Patrick was educated in the Christian faith, and was taught the Christian scriptures.

When he was in his 17th year a fleet of Irish freebooters came to the coasts or river-banks in the neighborhood seeking plunder and loading their vessels with captives. Patrick was at his father's farmstead, and was one of the victims. Man-servants and maid-servants were taken, but his parents escaped. He was carried "to the ultimate places of the earth," as he says himself, as if Ireland were severed by half the globe from Britain.

Of all that befell Patrick during his captivity we learn little, yet the little knowledge we possess is more immediate and authentic than our acquaintance with any other episode of his life, because it comes from his own pen. For six years, according to the common tradition and general belief, Patrick served a master whose name was Millucc. His lands and his homestead were in northern Delavadia, and Patrick herded his droves of pigs on Mount Miss.

While he ate the bitter bread of bondage in a foreign land, a profound spiritual change came over him. He had never given much thought to his religion, but now that he was a thrall amid strangers, "the Lord," he says, "opened the sense of my unbelief." The ardor of religious emotion, "the love and fear of God," so fully consumed his soul that in a single day or night he would offer a hundred prayers, and he describes himself in a woodland or on mountain side, rising from his bed before dawn and going forth to pray in hail or rain or snow. Thus the years of his bondage were also the years of his "conversion," and he looked back upon this stage in his spiritual development as the most important and critical in his life.



—From an Old Print.

The book in which he describes his escape and strange adventures in his journey through Gaul and Italy was written by Patrick when he was an old man. He rigidly omitted all details which did not bear upon his special purpose in writing it.

That the land of his captivity was Ireland, this was indeed significant; but otherwise names of men and places were of no concern, and might be allowed to drop away.

Found Refuge in a Cloister.

"Patrick found a refuge in the island cloister of Honoratus," says the author, "where we have reason to think that he lived for a considerable time." Among the men of some note who sojourned in the monastery in its early days was Hilary, who afterward became bishop of Arelate; Maximus, who was second abbot and then bishop of Reii; Lupus, who subsequently held the see of Trecasses; Vincentius, who taught and wrote in the cloister, and Eucherius, who composed, among other works, a treatise in praise of the hermit's life. Eucherius had built a hut for himself and his wife, Galla, aloof from the rest of the brotherhood, in the larger island of Lero.

A self-revealing dream convinced Patrick that he was destined to go as missioner and helper to Ireland—to the limit of the world. In A. D. 432 Patrick was consecrated bishop of the Scots, as the Irish were then called.

Ireland When He Arrived.

The fourth chapter of the volume is devoted to an exposition of the political and social condition of Ireland when Patrick arrived to organize into a church the individual Christians or small and scattered Christian communities which already existed there.

The success of Patrick's enterprise depended on the kings of the tribes and chiefs of the clans. If a chief accepted the new faith, his clan would generally follow his example, and thus on every account the process of establishing the Christian worship and priesthood in Ireland must begin from above, and not from below.

St. Patrick's Place in History.

Succeeding chapters include Patrick's labors in Dalaradia, Meath, Connaught, his visit to Rome, the foundation of Armagh and ecclesiastical organization, the denunciation of Coroticus, Patrick's "confession," death and burial, A. D. 461.

In describing St. Patrick's place in history, Prof. Bury declares that the nearest likeness to Patrick will perhaps be found in St. Boniface, the Saxon Winfrid. He, too, like Patrick and Columba, had both to order and further his faith in regions where it had never penetrated. But, like Patrick and unlike Columba, he was in touch with the rest of western Christendom. St. Patrick did not do for the Scots what Wulfilas did for the Goths and the Slavonic apostles for the Slavs; he did not translate the sacred books of his religion into Irish or found a national church literature. What he and his fellow-workers did was to diffuse a knowledge of Latin in Ireland.

To the circumstances that he adopted this line of policy and did not attempt to create a national ecclesiastical language must be ascribed the rise of the schools of learning which distinguished Ireland in the sixth and seventh centuries.

"It is true," says the author, "that the Irish church moved on certain lines which Patrick did not contemplate and would not have approved. The development of the organization which it was his task to institute was largely modified in coloring and conformation by the genius terrae. But it would be untrue to say that his work was undone. The schools of learning, for which the Scots became famous a few generations after his death, learning which contrasts with his own illiterateness, owe their rise to the contact with Roman ideas and the acquaintance with Roman literature which his labors, more than anything else, lifted within the horizon of Ireland."

Judged by what he actually compassed, St. Patrick, in Prof. Bury's opinion, "must be placed along with the most efficient of those who took part in spreading the Christian faith beyond the boundaries of the Roman empire. He was endowed in abundant measure with the quality of enthusiasm, and stands in quite a different rank from the apostle of England, in whom this victorious energy of enthusiasm was lacking—Augustine, the messenger and instrument of Gregory the Great.

"Patrick was no mere messenger or instrument. He had a strong personality and the power of initiative; he depended on himself, or, as he would have said, on divine guidance. He was not in constant communication with Xystus, or Leo, or any superior; he was thrown upon the resources of his own judgment. Yet no less than Augustine, no less than Boniface, he was the bearer of the Roman idea.

"It was Patrick with his auxiliaries who bore to their shores the vessel of Rome's influence, along with the sacred mysteries of Rome's faith. No wonder that his labors should have been almost unobserved in the days of ecumenical stress and struggle, when the Germans by land and by sea were engaging the world's attention, and the Huns were rearing their vast though transient empire. But he was laboring for the Roman idea no less than the great Aetius himself, though in another way and on a smaller scene. He brought a new land into the spiritual federation which was so closely bound up with Rome."

St. Patrick's Day.

Oh, blest be the days when the green banner floated,
Sublime o'er the mountains of free Innisfail;
When her sons, to her glory and freedom devoted,
Defied the invader to tread her soil.
When back o'er the main they chased the Dane,
And gave to religion and learning their spoil,
When valor and mind, together combined;
But wherefore lament o'er the glories departed?
Her star shall shine out with as vivid array,
For ne'er had she children more brave and true-hearted,
Than those she now sees on St. Patrick's day.

Her sceptre, alas passed away to the stranger,
And treason surrendered what valor had held;
But true hearts remained amid darkness and danger,
Which, spite of her tyrants, would not be quelled.
Oft, oft, through the night flashed gleams of light,
Which almost the darkness of bondage dispelled;
But a star now is near, her heaven to cheer,
Not like the wild gleams which so fitfully darted,
But long to shine down with its hallowing ray,
On daughters as fair, and sons as true-hearted,
As Erin beholds on St. Patrick's day.

Oh, blest be the hour, when begirt by her cannon,
And hail'ed as it rose by a nation's applause,
That flag waved aloft o'er the spire of Dungannon,
Asserting for Irishmen, Irish laws.
Once more shall it wave, o'er hearts as brave,
Despite of the dastards who mock at her cause,
And like brothers agreed, whatever their creed,
Her children, inspired by those glories departed,
No longer in darkness desponding will stay,
But join in her cause, like the brave and true-hearted,
Who rise for their rights on St. Patrick's day.

—M. J. Barry.

Still Hope.

"I am afraid it is all over between Jeanette and Jack."

"Why, dear?"

"She has returned his photograph."

"You don't mean it."

"Also his letters."

"Gracious!"

"And his ring."

"My! My! But there is still hope. He gave her a kiss as they parted in the old lawn."

"And what did she do?"

"She—she returned that, too."

All the Requirements.

Said a traveling man: "I was traveling last week through British Columbia. While in a small town in the Kootenays I wandered into the police court. In the course of the case one of the witnesses described himself as a hair-dresser.

"'H'm, a barber,' remarked the pompous young solicitor who was conducting the cross-examination. 'I don't suppose it's a very expensive job to set up in business as a barber?'

"'Not very,' was the reply. 'Still, there are other professions less exacting in that respect.'

"'Indeed,' ejaculated the solicitor skeptically. 'Can you mention one?'

"'Yes,' was the calm retort. 'A hair-dresser—or barber, as you prefer to call him—requires at least a chair, a pair of scissors, a comb, a couple of razors, a lather brush, soap, mug, water, towels, brains, and a ready tongue. Given the tongue, all the other things appear to be unnecessary to the making of a lawyer.'

"The emphasis on the word 'all' was not lost on the solicitor, who closed his cross-examination."

St. Patrick

A Condensed Sketch of the Great Irish Saint.

Patrick began life in Dumbarton, Scotland, in the year A. D. 287. He came from noble stock, his father ranking among his townsmen as a magistrate. Pirates carried him away to Ireland in his fifteenth year and sold him into slavery. For six years he served as shepherd slave. He escaped and was recaptured. He escaped a second time and went home to Scotland.

When he received the divine call to devote his life to the conversion of the Irish, his parents opposed him. They said he already had experienced enough sorrow in that land. But he was ready to forego comforts, to endure hardships, to leave home and native land if thereby the Irish could be saved. To bring him to speedy decision the angel Victorious came to him in a dream, saying: "The voice of the Irish. We pray thee, holy youth, to come and henceforth walk among us!"

He began his mission among his old slave companions. He started first of all to give the gospel to his old slavemaster, who, hearing of Patrick's approach, killed himself. He aimed first to convert the chief of the clan, and through him the clan itself. By this method he wrought all over Ireland until every tribe heard and received the new religion.

He established 35 churches, baptized by immersion 12,000 converts, and ordained 50 preachers. He established schools, mills, factories, and stores for general merchandise. His schools supplied all Brittany with missionaries for centuries. He instilled into his converts the principles of industry, sound morals and good government. The most celebrated of these schools was at Armagh. At one time it had 7,000 students. The Danes destroyed it in the eighth century.

Patrick wrote two books, "The Epistle to Coroticus," and "Confessions." The former denounced Coroticus for killing converts on the northeast coast of Ireland; the latter is Patrick's autobiography. These books betray a lack of classical learning. Patrick calls himself unlearned and rustic. In style he is crude and archaic. His sentences are ungrammatical and incorrect, but clear and compact. His written style in Latin corresponds to Mr. Moody's in English. Patrick seems to have qualified himself in much the same manner as Mr. Moody.

He was an ideal preacher. Simple, but never commonplace; earnest, but not confused; persuasive, but not dogmatic; aggressive, but always reasonable. Convicted that he was an ambassador for Christ, he backed up his preaching with the authority of God Almighty.

* * *

KNOWN AS ST. PATRICK'S STONE.

Priceless Relic of the Saint Owned by American.

The above photograph was produced from a fac simile of the original stone, caller "St. Patrick's Stone." It derives its name from the patron

saint, who while in Ireland prayed so long and fervently for the deliverance from snakes, which were a plague in Ireland. He thus caused the indentations, which, according to the legend, are the imprint of St. Patrick's knees. The stone was carried from Ireland to England in 1839, and thence to America in 1849, where it remains with its present owner.

PLEASURE FOR THE EVENING.

Euchre Party with Appropriate Colors and Decorations.

This affair is to be a euchre party. Two ladies have joined forces and will have fifteen tables—six at each table. Their cards will be tied with narrow ribbon of emerald hue. The rooms will be decorated with quantities of green cheesecloth drawn from the four corners of the room to the central chandelier.

The Irish flag will adorn pictures, doorways and window curtains. Palms and ferns will occupy all available nooks, while the florist will furnish carnations or roses of a beautiful green color. They are really every effective, but only appropriate for St. Patrick's day. The card tables are covered with green paper cambric—this slippery surface is ideal, for card playing. The score cards are to be four-leaved clovers with a knot of green.

For refreshments green grapes, nut, apple and celery salad will be served with green mayonnaise dressing, sandwiches, coffee, olives and sherbet colored green with pistachio nuts, green iced individual cakes with peppermint bars of the same hue. The napkins are pinned with a green woven silk shamrock and the forks and spoons are to be tied with green ribbon. The prizes are a small picture framed in dark green molding, a green art glass vase, a card case of green leather and a beautiful Boston fern. It is needless to say that the hostesses are to be gowned one in green and the other in white, with sash and bow of St. Patrick's favorite color.

St. Patrick's Day.

St. Patrick's day, whatever the changes which its observance has undergone in this country, remains an interesting and important day. It serves to keep alive a generous inspiration in the hearts of millions of Americans. A people who thus cherish the noblest things in their past prepare themselves for noble things in the future.

The intensity of the Irishman's devotion to the land of his origin only measures the intensity of his devotion to his new home here in America. The Irishman is a passionate patriot President Roosevelt is among those who have called attention to the sacrifices and contributions of the Irish people in this country, from the days of the revolution. "A masterful race of rugged character," the President truly said.

Conscientious.

"So you have fallen heir to five millions?" we asked of our friend who has been conspicuous among those who have been railing at ill-gotten wealth and declaring that no self-respecting charity, college or mission should accept it.

"Yes," he replied, joyously. "An uncle of mine who was, quite unknown to me, heavily interested in four or five trusts, died and left me a share of his estate."

"And, no doubt, true to your principles, you will soon get rid of it by giving it to some worthy cause?"

"Well, you see, I'd like to do so the best in the world, but the way I figure it, every cent of this money is tainted, and none of the worthy causes should be tempted to contaminate themselves by accepting it."—Chicago Tribune.

NATIONAL COLOR OF IRELAND.

First Worn by the Heroic Insurgents of Wexford.

Some orators are wont to refer fervidly to the green flag as "the ancient banner of Ireland." Probably, however, St. Patrick and his contemporaries never saw a green flag in Ireland, nor did the Irish for about fourteen centuries after him. There is no mention of a green flag in the Irish annals previous to 1798. At the celebrated skirmish known as "the battle of the Boyne" the opposing armies of King William and his father-in-law, King James, wore red uniforms. In order to avoid killing one another by mistake in the confusion of battle William's men stuck green leaves in their hats, while those of James wore white paper rosettes, representing the white rose of York. Thus, by strange irony, the Orangemen were the first wearers of the green in Ireland. The famous Irish brigade in the service of France wore red uniforms; some of them therefore were mistaken for English and cut down by the French cavalry in the melee when the brigade's charge gained the victory at Fontenoy. The Irish insurgents of 1798, Catholics and Protestants, were the first to adopt green as the national color of Ireland. It had been previously proposed as the "color of hope" by Camille Desmoulins to the French revolutionists, but he was outvoted in favor of the tricolor. The Wexford insurgents at first used impartially flags of various colors—red, yellow and green—but eventually they fixed on green, which, with baptism of heroic blood, was then firmly and permanently established as the national color of Ireland. There have been some fantastic and wholly unsuccessful attempts to introduce a green, white and yellow "Irish tricolor."

A Toast to the Irish Blood.

Fill me a cup with the "Dew of Killarney,"
Purer than chastity, essence of fire;
Ogling a laugh at ye, beaded with blarney;
Breath of the peat-smoke, and blood of desire!
Fill me a cup, till I drink to St. Patrick:
Drink to the harp strains, the songs that beguile;
Drink to our emblem, the mystical shamrock!
Up with ye! Down it! The Emerald Isle.

Oh, we are the world's great lovers;
To our hearts love fled from the skies;
For we know the secret of laughter,
And we know the passion of sighs.
And your vanity's lief to our blarney,
And your soul to our Irish eyes.

We follow the star of the vision,
Whose light to our souls doth stream,
For us swing the ivory portals,
Where the pearls of fancy gleam,
'Mid the coarse, philistine banter—
"'Tis the mad Celt's madder dream!"

In the van of the world's great battles,
We have followed the scarlet ways,
Then, to war with our pen's stiletto!
For the losing side, always!
And, behold the Pharisee, blatant,
Impaled on our poignant phrase.

From cerements of convention
The heart and brain we free—
Rebels, and mockers, and dreamers,
Of the open road and the sea.
Our pelf is but love and laughter,
Lootless and friendless, we!

Though broken our falling rafters,
Though our larder shelf be bare,
Better the wit and the music,
And the hearts that know not care,
And the hand that is free and ready
A crust with all to share!

Then fill me a cup, till I drink to St, Patrick;
Drink to the harp strains, the songs that beguile;
Drink to our emblem, the mystical shamrock!
Up with ye! Down it! The Emerald Isle!

—Mrs. Wilson Woodrow in Life.

Forbidden Walking Sticks.

The famous Basque walking sticks are now prohibited by order of the government, and from henceforth they become curios. The Basque stick is made from a branch of the medlar tree. At one end a steel spike is fastened, over which is screwed the handle. It then forms a club, and, when the handle is removed, a spike for driving cattle. The authorities consider them dangerous weapons, and no doubt they are.

IN FAR NORTHLAND

Tid-Bits of News for Scandinavians.

AMONG OUR BEST CUSTOMERS.

Scandinavians Deal Extensively With the United States.

Scandinavia is a good customer of the United States, according to a recent report of the bureau of statistics of the department of commerce and labor. The report says that the trade of the United States with these countries has increased practically 200 per cent in the last decade, while our total foreign trade has increased but 70 per cent.

How much of this rapid growth in our trade with these countries is due to the large percentage of their people who have become a part of the population of the United States cannot be statistically stated, but it is at least an interesting fact that the Scandinavian population of the United States bears a larger ratio to the present population of their countries of nativity than is true of any other class of our foreign-born population.

The census of 1900 shows in the United States 1,062,100 persons born in Sweden, Denmark and Norway, a total equal to 10.7 per cent of the present population of those countries; while the highest ratio which any other nationality in the United States bears to the present population of its home country is that of the United Kingdom, 6.5 per cent, while Germany ranks next with 4.8 per cent, Italy 1,5 per cent, and Austria-Hungary 1.3 per cent.

The entire trade with Sweden, Norway and Denmark amounts to $32,000,000 a year, of which $6,000,000 represents the imports from those countries and $26,000,000 the exports. To Sweden this country sends manufactured cotton, mineral oil, iron and steel manufactures, flour, lard and fertilizers and other articles, and imports iron and steel in the form of bars and rods, hides and skins, wood pulp and matches: The annual trade both ways amounts to $10,100,000.

To Norway the United States sends breadstuffs, iron and steel manufactures, sole leather, molasses and syrup, raw cotton and mineral oil, and receives in return wood pulp, hides and skins, mackeral and anchovies. The entire business amounts to about $6,600,000. The imports show a substantial increase, while there is a tendency to a decrease in the exports to that country.

Denmark's annual business with the United States amounts to about $16,000,0000, or about one-half the trade with Scandinavia. The imports are comparatively small, amounting to only a trifle over a million dollars and represented by hides and skins, rennets, unground flints and other small imports. The export trade is very large, consisting practically of the same products as is sent to Sweden and Norway.

MRS. BAKER DEAD.

"Aunt Friendly," Famous Writer on Sweden, Passes Away.

Mrs. Woods-Baker, an author of some note, died recently at Stockholm, Sweden, where she has lived since 1876, when her daughter Louise became the wife of the Hon. Ernst Beckman, now a member of the Swedish riksdag. She has been a prolific writer, and among her works is "Pictures of Swedish Life," which is a standard English work on Sweden, and is the only work with the exception of W. W. Thomas' "Sweden and the Swedes," recommended by Baedeker for tourists in Sweden.

She began writing in 1847 under the nom de plume of "Aunt Friendly," her stories having had a great vogue among children. Her works have been translated into German, French, Spanish and Swedish.

Mrs. Woods-Baker was free from ambition for literary fame or desire of gain. She wrote as a labor of love, in the hope of doing good; of aiding readers toward the higher life, of promoting interest in Swedish history and of making better known the beauties and virtues of Swedish life. As far as possible she kept the fact of her writing for the public a secret until late in her career.

The funeral services of Mrs. Woods-Baker at Djursholm were attended by a delegation from the Swedish parliament, by the American minister, Col. Charles H. Graves; the American consul general, Edward L. Adams and Mrs. Adams.

Nobel Peace Prize.

H. P. Arnoldson of Sweden, and Fr. Bayer of Denmark are proposed by members of the Swedish riksdag as worthy of the Nobel peace prize for 1906. Mr. Arnoldson has been one of the most active and influential workers for international peace in Europe and the recommendation will undoubtedly find much favor in Norway, to which he has always been a stanch friend.

HAAKON, THE BUSY.

King Haakon is one of the hardest working men in the kingdom of Norway. He rises regularly at the unroyal hour of 6:30 and it is not long afterward before he is plunged into work. There is much for him to do, for not only is there a great deal of current government business requiring his approval, but he has to inform himself on a great mas of detail in the operation of all the government departments as well as becoming acquainted with the country at large. He is a good student, taking up each branch systematically and thoroughly. It is a frequent occurrence for him to remain at his desk until 2 o'clock in the morning and his secretaries know to their cost that they are earning their salaries.

King Haakon is wise enough, however, to look to his physical condition and never fails to spend a couple of hours a day in outdoor sports. Doubtless this has led many to believe that the life of a king is one round of pleasure, but those who are near him say that he is the most industrious and energetic worker.

SHOULD A HORSE BE CLIPPED?

CLIPPING IN THE EARLY SPRING RECOMMENDED BY LEADING VETERINARIANS.

All Thinking Men Readily Recognize Its Advantages.

"A horse is a valuable asset, and should receive the best care possible. He should be well fed, comfortably stabled, carefully groomed and clipped in the early spring. If he receives these attentions he will work well and improve in value. A horse lives under artificial conditions. In his wild state he required none of these attentions, for he was able to look out for himself. The domesticated animal, being worked under conditions that are in themselves artificial, must be kept in condition for such work.

The clipping of a horse in the early spring is now conceded by all the leading veterinarians to be as essential to a horse's well being as shoeing him or giving him a comfortable bed to lie on. Farmers in England and France have been clipping their horses for many years, and American farmers are not slow to realize its advantages. A clipped horse dries out rapidly after a hard day's work, and will rest comfortably and be refreshed for the work the following day. An unclipped horse is liable to catch the heaves, pneumonia and all sorts of colds, rheumatism, etc. More especially is this so in the early spring, when his hair is long and he is "soft." If worked hard he will perspire freely and the moisture will be held by his long hair, and the food that should go to nourish him will be used to replenish the heat that is being constantly taken from his body by the mass of cold wet hair. If clipped, the perspiration will evaporate almost as soon as secreted, and when put in the stable he rests comfortably and his food does him good.

Some years ago a Buffalo street car company tested the value of clipping in the following manner: They owned 500 horses, and 250 of these were clipped early in the spring and 250 were not clipped. A careful record was kept of results, and it was found that of the 250 unclipped horses 153 were afflicted with coughs and pneumonia, while of the 250 clipped not one case of sickness was reported.

A man would not expect to enjoy very good health if he did hard manual work clothed with heavy underwear, a heavy suit and a fur overcoat, and after perspiring freely, as he naturally would, go to sleep without removing same. It is just as ridiculous to expect a horse to be in perfect health if worked under the same conditions.

If you would get the best returns from your investment in your horse, treat him right, and be sure and clip him in the early spring. A first-class horse-clipping machine can be bought at almost any hardware store for less than $7.00.—Horse Review, Dec. 5th, 1905.

Scholarly Mrs. Lodge.

Perhaps the most scholarly woman in society at the capital is Mrs. Henry Cabot Lodge. She took a college course in Wellesley and has taken a keen interest in Greek studies. She has never sought the laurels of authorship, but she has been an invaluable aid to her husband and his chief dependence in research and the reading of proof sheets.

Wanted All the Glory.

Mark Train, at a dinner in New York, was talking about political leaders and the undue credit they take for their country's prosperity.

He told of a certain senator, Senator Dash, who was always on hand to receive the praise for any blessing that had befallen his state. He pointed out several benefits for which the senator took undue credit, and then looking gravely around the table, he said:

"But what Senator Dash particularly prides himself on is the late excellent harvest."

A Church With Living Rooms.

With the plans for the new Bronx Episcopal church house at Fulton avenue and 171st street, approved by Bishop Greer, it was said yesterday ground for the new building would be broken within a week and the work of constructing the church house would be carried on with all possible speed. The building will have cost more than $125,000. Besides living rooms for five deacons, it will contain clubrooms, a meeting hall, a gymnasium, bowling alley, and billiard room. There also will be a running track and in summer the roof will be converted into a roof garden.

Bishop Greer obtained the money for the new building from several persons who refused to have their names made known. He is confident he will obtain further funds with which to maintain the church house in a way that will make it of use to the upper section of the city.

THE EDITOR.

Explains How to Keep Up Mental and Physical Vigor.

A New Jersey editor writes:

"A long indulgence in improper food brought on a condition of nervous dyspepsia, nearly three years ago, so severe that I had to quit work entirely. I put myself on a strict regimen of Grape-Nuts food, with plenty of outdoor exercise and in a few months found my stomach so far restored that the process of digestion gave me pleasure instead of distress.

"It also built up my strength so that I was able to resume my business, which is onerous, as I not only edit my paper, but also do a great deal of 'outside' writing.

"I find that the Grape-Nuts diet enables me to write with greater vigor than ever before, and without the feeling of brain fag with which I used to be troubled. As to bodily vigor—I can and do walk miles every day without fatigue—a few squares used to weary me before I began to live on Grape-Nuts!" Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

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H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, March 17, 1906.

Now that our annual trouble is over for this year what is the matter of all taking a hand and trying to do something to improve the village?

Sid Bagley is again in charge of the Thief River Falls Press. He is a first-class newspaper man and we are all glad to see him back in the business.

The twenty-seven cents a pound paid by the creamery for butter fat last month ought, and undoubtedly will, convince the farmers that dairying is what brings in the most clear money.

Editor Eastman, of the Thief River Falls News, has started a county political column. Too early, John, county politics are not in order until after the boys commence to play marbles.

A Missouri editor says that the biggest trust on earth is the country newspaper combine. It trusts everybody, gets cussed for trusting, mistrusted for cussing, and if it busts for trusting, gets cussed for busting.

Editor Lattimore, of the Eleven Towns, and Editor Hunt, of the Sunbeam, were both elected Justices of the Peace at Highlanding. Delinquent subscribers will have a hard time of it after this out that way.

We hope the new council will thoroughly consider the building of a telephone exchange here the coming spring. It would prove a good investment, besides being a great convenience and a decided improvement to the town.

The free distribution of garden seeds by congressmen and senators is again being severely criticized. We have had ours this year, thanks to the courtesy of Senator Clapp, but frankly if we have anything more coming we would prefer the money.

John D. Rockefeller is reputed to be the richest man in the world but his wealth does not seem to bring him very much comfort. For several weeks past he has been in hiding, as a number of officers are trying to serve legal papers on him. In fact he is a fugitive from justice and is not much better off than a common horse thief.

The Olberg Journal, located in the jack pine country in Clearwater county, is the greatest political promoter in this part of the state. It has already proposed three members of the Steenerson family and several others for the republican nomination [illegible] south side of the tree.

The old political machine built by ex-Governor Van Sant and used by L. W. Collins in his unsuccessful attempt, and finally used with telling effect to defeat Bob Dunn and elected a democratic governor, is being oiled up and made ready for use again. If present signs are any indication it will be used this year to help Jacobson secure the nomination for governor. Certain it is that the old crowd that supported Collins, bolted Dunn and elected Johnson, are all out for "Jake." Whether they really want Jacobson for governor or are working for an "easy mark" for Johnson is hard to state.

The First Electric Train.

The earliest public trial of a passenger boat driven by an electric motor was that conducted by Professor Jacobi of St. Petersburg in the year 1838, though for four years previously he had successfully experimented with electric traction in the privacy of his own grounds. The trial of Jacobi's vessel took place on the Neva and was witnessed by a vast crowd of people. The boat was twenty-eight feet long and ten feet wide and carried fourteen persons.

It was not until four years later that we find any record of a passenger carriage driven by electricity on land, and in this case the inventor was Alexander Davidson of Edinburgh. The carriage was sixteen feet long by seven feet wide and was impelled for a mile and a half at the rate of four miles an hour on the Edinburgh and Glasgow railway.

The Ruling Passion Strong In Death.

The ruling passion of Edward I. of England was undoubtedly the pursuit of his ideal of uniting all the British islands under one rule. His great obstacle was Scotland, and the conquest of Scotland, therefore, became a passion with him. Stronger than years, it sent him to the head of the army when he was fit only for a sick bed, and when he was at last compelled to yield he sought to make this passion spur on his son by ordering that the flesh should be boiled from his bones and that his skeleton should be carried at the head of the army and remain unburied till Scotland was conquered.

This is the most conspicuous instance of "the ruling passion strong in death" on record, though many others would be worthy of quotation. William Pitt's patriotism endured to his last gasp and inspired his last utterance, as did Nelson's lifelong determination to secure the command of the sea, while Napoleon's last dream was one of battle.

Peasant and Pigs.

A clever smuggling trick has been played on a customs officer on the Russo-German frontier. An innocent looking peasant reported to the officer a plot for getting a large number of pigs across the frontier. The method, he said, would be to drive across at intervals of half an hour, 3, 6, 12 and 200 pigs, the smugglers arguing that if the first three lots could be sent over there would be no trouble with the 200.

The officer was naturally on the alert. In accordance with the peasant's statement three pigs were driven over, then six, followed by twelve. All were allowed to pass, and preparations were made to receive the 200. But no more pigs appeared, and the twenty-one animals admitted had in the meantime been lodged in safety.—Berlin Cor. London Mail.

Measure Your Friends.

"Did you ever amuse yourself," asks the London Gentlewoman, "on a wet Sunday afternoon by giving marks of appreciation or the reverse to all your friends and acquaintances? This is the method we employ: There are five heads—(1) looks; (2) manners; (3) abilities; (4) merit and (5) 'use'—and this fifth item often balances all the rest, for a person may quite likely possess nearly full marks for looks, manners, abilities and merit and yet be of no possible 'use' to oneself, while, vice versa, some person may be of great use, one may fancy their company, or they may have a knack of sympathy, yet be very deficient in manners or merit. The marks range from 0 to 20, and if you are quite conscientious in awarding your marks you will be surprised to find how the law of averages comes in and how much the sum total of one individual's marks resembles another."

Marriage In Korea.

There is not much difficulty in marrying off a daughter in Korea. Where there are defects, such as feeble health, paralysis, deformities, etc., an expert intermediary who knows how to conceal them is employed. It is her business to make the girl presentable to the parents of the suitor. As the bridegroom does not see the bride until the day of marriage, when it is too late to recoil, he is obliged to make the best of the situation. In marrying Korean girls are not exempt from contributing to the support of the family. This applies to the grande dame as well as the humblest peasant. Ladies of rank who have become impoverished and are obliged to support themselves may earn a livelihood by knitting or rearing silkworms.

A Mother's Command.

William Brookfield, the English divine, used to tell this story: "The new bishop of New Zealand in a farewell and pathetic interview with his mother after his appointment was thus addressed by her in such sequence as sobs and tears would permit: 'I suppose they will eat you, my dear. I try to think otherwise, but I suppose they will. Well, we will leave it in the hands of Providence. But, if they do, mind, my dear, and disagree with them!'"

Propriety and Clothes.

The ladies of Lamu surpass those of all other nations in retiring modesty, for they not only hide their faces, but walk about under a small tent, which requires the assistance of a servant to carry it. It is not surprising to hear that they have a very bad reputation for propriety, for in Africa female respectability is in inverse ration to the quality of clothes worn.—Eliot's "East Africa."

Cheap Medicine.

The occidental physician is not without honor in the orient. The Calcutta Statesman tells how a doctor in a Bengal hospital had a bearskin doormat. In a few days it was plucked entirely bare. Whatever ailments the patients complained of, they regarded a few hairs from the doctor's mat as more curative than the medicines he prescribed.

The Last Word.

Bobby—Is every word in this dictionary, pa? Peckley—Oh, no, my child. Every little while a new word comes into the language. Bobby—What's the latest word, pa? Peckley—Your ma will tell you. She always has the last word.

Selecting Judges.

Dr. Franklin thought that judges ought to be appointed by lawyers, for, added the shrewd man, in Scotland, where this practice prevails, they always select the ablest member of the profession in order to get rid of him and share his practice among themselves.

A Pointer.

Two thieves were breaking into a door when the master of the house, hearing them, looked out of the window and said: "Friends, come a little later. We are not yet in bed."—"Humor of Spain."

Dangerous Aphorism.

Bachelor—Talk is cheap. Benedict—For goodness sake, don't advertise it as a bargain while my wife is around.—Brooklyn Life.

To do what we can by our ballots and influence to secure good is to work with God.—Philipps Brooks.

Calumet Baking Powder
Perfect in quality. Moderate in price.

Where Marriage Pays.

"Married people have the best of it in ocean traveling," said a sea captain, "for they have a stateroom to themselves. People traveling alone, unless they are willing to pay a good deal extra, have to sleep in the same room with strangers, an unpleasant thing.

"Some of these lone travelers, to secure privacy, pay extra fare. Others—many, many others—try to secure privacy by giving us lies instead of money.

"One man will tell the chief steward that he has an intolerable snore. Another will say he is subject to epileptic attacks, wherein in the small hours he becomes a shrieking and dangerous maniac. Another will say that in the throes of acute seasickness from the beginning of the voyage to the end he fills the cabin day and night with dismal noises.

"No matter. They all have to share their staterooms with strangers. The only way out of it is to plank down the coin."—New York Press.

Origin of Bonfires.

Bonfires are a survival of the rites of Baal and Moloch. When Christianity ruled old ways and customs could be abolished, and so the heathen, still hankering after the ancient deities, but half controlled by pope or bishop, made their bonfires on the eve of St. Peter or St. John. One use of bonfires in the not so far distant past was as a means of disinfection. In his "History of the Plague" Defoe tells of bonfires in London streets. There is reason to suppose that in kindling such fires there was still a remnant of superstition left. It was in a measure a sacrifice to Baal. As to the excellence of the method of making fires to drive away a plague the benefit would be questionable. Anyhow it may be dwelt upon as the earliest effort made toward cremation, for it was of some slight use when an infected neighborhood caught fire and was reduced to ashes. But, then, the remedy might have been worse than the disease.

Salt, the Civilizer.

The use of salt as a necessary supplement to diet has had much influence in shaping the civilization and exploration of the world. It is most probable that the oldest trade routes were created for the salt traffic, as salt and incense formed the chief necessaries of the ancient days. This was certainly the case with the caravan routes in Libya and the Sahara, while the mines of north India were the center of a large trade before the time of Alexander.

Another interesting fact is that salt has played a considerable part in the distribution of man. When it became absolutely necessary to him, as it did at an early stage of his development, he was forced to migrate to places where it could be obtained. This brought him to the seashore, where he gained his ideas of maritime commerce. Lastly, the preservative effects of salt on flesh food made long oceanic voyages possible and thus opened up the world to commerce and civilization.

How Cowards Were Punished.

Many of the devices by which military indifference to life has been matured and sustained are curious. In ancient Athens the public temples were closed to those who refused military service, who deserted their ranks or lost their bucklers, while a law constrained such offenders to sit for three days in the public forum dressed in the garments of women. Many a Spartan mother would stab her son who came back alive from a defeat, and such a man, if he escaped his mother, was debarred not only from public offices, but from marriage, exposed to the blows of all who chose to strike him, compelled to dress in mean clothing and to wear his beard negligently trimmed. In the same way a horse soldier who fled or lost his shield or received a wound in any save the front part of the body was by law prevented from ever afterward appearing in public.

The African Drum.

The African drum appears in varied and often picturesque forms. The natives make drums out of shells, tree trunks or earthenware, covered with the skin of some wild animal or sometimes with India rubber. Of the original calabash drums there is probably only one specimen in Europe. Some of the drums are highly ornamented either by painting or carving. One specimen, indeed, has puzzled travelers, for there is depicted on it unmistakably a cross and also a head of European type. A drum found in upper Lualaba has a unique peculiarity in the way of a "sympathetic cord," formed by means of a small tube ingeniously inserted in the side of the instrument, which causes, when the drum is beaten, a vibration resembling that of the reed pipe.—Southern Workman.

The Game of the Sheep.

Among the gypsies of Bosnia there is a curious game called "the game of the sheep."

You know they skin a sheep or goat in the east by dragging the skin off whole over its head. This skin the Bosnians drip and grease most carefully. Then they tie up the four legs and the neck and blow it full of air, so that it looks like a very greasy, badly shaped sheep. This is thrown in the middle of a ring, and each man in turn jumps on it with bare feet until one succeeds in bursting it. The lucky one then gets a purse. Such a funny sight as it is to see them jump and sprawl, for of course if they do not strike it at just the right angle they slip on the greasy surface as if it were a toboggan slide and go sprawling.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER
9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire......Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.
10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

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H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

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WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP
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Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.
Five daily passenger trains from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago—almost as frequent as suburban train service. These include The Pioneer Limited and The Fast Mail, the two most popular trains between these cities. No extra charge to ride on them. But it is necessary to name your route.
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Choice Bargains
We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at
Farm Land Prices..
Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
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St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.
LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.
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Official Abstracter.
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GET YOUR PICTURE
TAKEN BY
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ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

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Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
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LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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FOR

HARDWARE AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer.	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

E. M. Hoff, N. G.

J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

Carl Johnson, V. C.

J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.

Henry Olson, Pres.

Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

H. O. Jackson, president.

H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

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Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
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Good supply of water guaranteed
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(Second Hand Store.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
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Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

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EARLIEST AND HARDIEST of Everything on Earth. Every person who tills a foot of land needs it. Send for it now.
OSCAR H. WILL & CO.
BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA

THE LOCAL NEWS

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Guy A. Aubol, deputy revenue collector, was in town yesterday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

A. O. Davison and wife were visitors at Red Lake Falls the first of this week.

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

County Supt. McAnulty was here last Wednesday looking over the schools in this vicinity.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

A. M. Edstrom spared time from his many duties at Hazel to make us a visit last Wednesday.

Victor St. Martin is the proud father of a bouncing baby boy born at his place last Wednesday.

Andrew Letvig, who is drilling a well for Ed. Miller, of Mayfield, was in town on business yesterday.

The weather has been anything but spring-like the past week and we are all ready for a change.

A. C. Mayfield was in from his Mayfield home yesterday and reports everything quiet out that way.

Chas. Fellman, C. Simonson and Al Swanson spent their enforced vacation Tuesday at Thief River Falls.

Mrs. J. K. Hannay returned on Saturday from Ottowa, where she has been visiting her son for several weeks.

W. A. Sorsoleil returned yesterday from Moorhead, where he attended the thoroughbred cattle and horse sale.

The repairing crew is working hard these days to put the saw mill in thorough repair before time to start up.

Say, did you notice that pyramid in the window at the Merchants State Bank? It's going down, it'll soon be gone.

Mrs. Ole Guttormson and daughter left on Wednesday for Scanlon, Minn., where they will make their future home.

All socialists in good standing will meet at Andrew Hall's store Wednesday evening, March 21, on matters of great importance.

Every town in Norman county went "dry" at the election last Tuesday. Fosston and Fertile, both dry last year, voted in license this year.

Fred E. Rux was in yesterday with a dollar for The Spectator and says that the creamery brings him more money than all the rest of his farm products.

Three little rules we all should keep,
To make life happy and bright,
Smile in the morning, smile at noon,
Take Rocky Mountain Tea at night.
Imperial Drug Co.

County Attorney Thomas Germo was up from Red Lake Falls last Wednesday. Mr. Germo informed us that his visit was in no way an official one.

Dr. C. E. Higbie has accepted a position as traveling representative for the Western Granite company, of St. Cloud and will start work the first of next week.

Knute Killand seems to have the call to be the next village marshal and it is more than probable that he will be appointed by the council the first meeting in April.

Miss Zeo Sorsoleil, who has been visiting her uncle, W. A. Sorsoleil, for the past two weeks, left on Wednesday for Roseau where she is a teacher in the city schools.

The pile driving crew is hard at work on the river. Nearly every pile in the pond has become loosened by the ice and will have to be chopped loose and driven down again.

The progressive party given by the Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. church in the Eickhoff building last Monday evening was well attended and all who attended enjoyed a good time.

John Konikson was elected a constable in Mayfield township last Tuesday. John ought to make a good officer as he has the reputation of getting anything he goes after.

Keep the little ones healthy and happy. Their tender, sensitive bodies require gentle, healing remedies. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will keep them strong and well. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

The following officers were elected in the town of Rocksbury Tuesday: Supervisor, Jacob Amundson; Clerk, P. Engelstad; Treasurer, Ed. Aubol; Assessor, Ole Aubol; Justice, Charley Gustafson; Constable, Ole Aubol.

The March term of the district court for Red Lake county will convene at Red Lake Falls on Monday, March 26. Both a grand and petit jury have been drawn. A large number of civil cases are on the calendar and a few criminal cases.

We are publishing this week the liquor license application of M. E. Bjerk, who is asking the council for a liquor license commencing April 2nd. He expects to open up in the St. Hilaire Hotel building but does not intend to run the hotel.

Mr. Ground Hog, so the old saw says, came out six weeks ago yesterday and saw his shadow so went back for six weeks more of winter. If he came out yesterday he did not find much improvement in the weather and may have gone back for six weeks more.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.

Julius Pleth,
tf Plummer, Minn.

Misses Selina and Clara Hoff entertained the Twelve O'clock Club last Thursday evening. The evening was spent at cards, "500" being played, and Miss Dolly Pettengill won the first prize and Miss Alice Hall the foot prize. An excellent supper was served and all report having a good time.

The following are the new officers for Bray township, elected last Tuesday: Supervisor, Swan Scholin; clerk, E. J. Akerlund; assessor, Emil Larson; treasurer, A. E. Anderson; justice of the peace, Alfred Olson; constable, Manne J. Akerlund; road overseer, Dist. No. 1, Chris Jenson; Dist. No. 2, Halvor Hanson; Dist. No. 3, Chris Person.

In the spring time you renovate your house. Why not your body? Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea drives out impurities, cleanses and enriches the blood and purifies the entire system. 25 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

Mrs. Robert Gebott and children left last Tuesday for Scottville, Michigan, where they will make their future home. Their departure was regretted by the large number of warm friends they had made while here the past year. The family at present is widely scattered, Robert Gebott being in West Virginia, Fred Gebott at Port Blakely, Washington, and the rest of the family in Michigan.

Hogs Wanted.

We will pay five cents per pound, live weight, for one hundred good hogs three months or more old, delivered at St. Hilaire. Call on or write

Wilson, Steen & Co.

27 Cents a Pound.

The creamery statement for February is out and shows an excellent state of affairs. They paid 27 cents a pound for butter fat, the highest yet paid, and it comes nearer the New York price than ever before. When farmers can get this price they are bound to prosper.

Auction Sale.

I will sell my live stock and farm machinery at my farm 2½ miles east of St. Hilaire on Friday, March 23, 1906. Don't let this sale pass by as you will have an opportunity to get choice stock that you cannot buy every day. A lot of farm machinery will also be sold. Be sure to attend this sale.

G. W. Eastman.

An Early Spring—Maybe.

According to the advice of the sages in the city who have watched the stars for the past month, northern Minnesota is due to get a touch of real spring in less than a week, says the Crookston Times. Paschal J. Lachapelle states that the real breakup will start on the 18th. He has been spending much time of late examining the stars and, although his machine is not in the very best order, he has formed this opinion. On account of the fact that there is no compensation attached to the work other than the win of a wager occasionally, he may be forced to retire from the business.

'Steenth Chapter in County Seat Fight.

Crookston Times (Wednesday): A decision was handed down today in the district court by Judge Watts sustaining the demurrer filed to the injunction sought by Red Lake Falls people restraining the county commissioners of Red Lake county from redistricting that county. The demurrer was sought for on the grounds that those who filed the injunction did not follow out the law in the matter. The injunction was asked for on the grounds that the commissioners were about to make the boundary lines of the districts in the center of towns and also that the population was not evenly divided among the various districts.

The commissioners have the power to redistrict the county after any state or United States census, and according to the decision that was handed down today by Judge Watts the commissioners have the power to proceed.

The case will be appealed to the supreme court immediately by those who applied for the injunction in an endeavor to stop the work of the commissioners and keep Red Lake Falls men on the board to fight for retaining the county seat at Red Lake Falls.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

For refreshments call at Number 488

The Election.

The village election last Tuesday was rather a quiet one, there being in fact only two contests, Carl Johnson running for the council against Daniel Patterson and Leonard Holmes against B. E. Burkee for treasurer. The caucus ticket was elected intact with the exception of Leonard Holmes. The following is the summary of the vote:

President—	J. B. O'Brien	106
	C. H. Martz	25
Councilmen—	A. S. Wilson	125
	D. Patterson	74
	E. M. Hoff	124
	Carl Johnson	62
	M. L. Hanson	4
	J. C. Dahl	1
Recorder—	K. O. Gigstad	131
Treasurer—	Leonard Holmes	73
	B. E. Burkee	59
Justice of the Peace—	Jens Nelson	132
Constable—	K. R. Killand	133

The Fish Laws.

S. F. Fullerton, executive agent of the state game and fish commission, has given out the following statement relative to the fish laws of Minnesota:

"A great deal of misunderstanding exists in regard to the fish laws. No fishing is allowed in Minnesota during March and April with hook and line; that is, no one can use the hook and line in these two months, as they are the spawning months for fish, and everybody who wishes to protect the fish will realize that this is a necessity. Spearing can be done, pickerel and rough fish, at all times, but these fish are only for domestic use and not for sale.

"No Minnesota fish will be allowed to be sold during March and April. Frozen fish that have been in stock, lake trout and lake white fish, may be handled, but no Minnesota fish, such as perch, croppies, wal-eyed pike, pickerel or bass will be allowed to be sold or had in possession for purpose of sale during these months."

A Pitiable Sight.

Crookston Times: Henry Larson, apparently suffering from hydrophobia, was taken through Crookston last night enroute to Rothsay, Minn., where his parents reside. Larson has been living in Canada for some time, and two days ago put in an appearance at York, where his sister lives. He showed signs of insanity and was taken into custody. His brother-in-law and a neighbor passed through here last night in charge of the unfortunate man, who has developed signs of hydrophobia. He barks and snaps like a dog almost constantly, and the two attendants were kept employed in keeping him from biting them or himself. This is not always regarded as a sure sign of hydrophobia, but if Larson is insane his case is a very aggravated one.

The Village Caucus.

The caucus which was held at the village hall last Saturday evening was fairly well attended and everything passed off in an orderly and quiet manner. The vote in detail was as follows:

President—J. B. O'Brien, 50; C. H. Martz, 26.

Councilmen—A. S. Wilson, 40; E. M. Hoff, 39; D. Patterson, 39; Jens Nelson, 23; Carl Johnson, 28; M. L. Hanson, 19; C. H. Martz, 37.

Recorder—K. O. Gigstad.

Treasurer—Leonard Holmes, 32; B. E. Burkee, 45.

Justice of the Peace—Jens Nelson, 29; D. Collins, 17; C. E. Higbie, 12.

Constable—K. R. Killand.

American Goods Abroad.

Several English Journals express the opinion that the Americans will shortly supersede the English in the trade of the world. As they say, "America has superseded our agriculture, has beaten our coal output, has left us far behind in the production of iron and steel, and has commenced a final assault on our carrying trade." Why? Is the natural question that arises. The solution is that our products are better. One of the greatest of America's products is golden grain belt beer. There is nothing better for insuring good health and happiness. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

"The undersigned, M. E. Bjerk, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the 2nd day of April, 1906.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows:

On the ground floor of the two-story frame building situate on lot three (3) in block forty (40) of the Original Townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having two outside entrances, one in front and one in side.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., this 15th day of March, 1906.

M. E. Bjerk.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Saturday, the 31st day of March, 1906, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

K. O. Gigstad,
[Seal.] Recorder.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

Hot Election at Plummer.

Thief River News: The little village of Plummer on the Soo line just south of here—not yet two years old—had one of the hottest elections Tuesday of any town in Minnesota. There were four tickets in the field, but a few combinations were made and the result was that only two tickets were voted. The ticket supported by Julius Pleth, the banker, land man, townsite agent and original discoverer of the village, went down to defeat, and all who know Julius Pleth are, of course, aware of the fact that he was not defeated until after a mighty battle had been fought.

Editor Latta, of the Plummer Pioneer, who was Pleth's candidate for clerk, was in the city yesterday and says that much hard feeling exists there now. There were only thirty-seven voters in the village and Mr. Latta says that the Pleth ticket had twenty-two pledged to support their ticket, but some must have failed to keep their word, for when the votes were counted it was found that the Pleth ticket had received only thirteen votes, while the opposition had twenty-four. That has caused the Pleth crowd to go gunning and lively times are promised there in the near future.

Go to School in a 'Bus.

Detroit Record: Detroit is now doing business under a city charter, and its territory covers sections 27 and 34, nearly all of which has come to be pretty well occupied. Independent school district No. 1 of Becker county was organized in the early days and was made to include the entire township, and the district still retains the greater part of such territory, and as this arrangement gives the children the benefit of our splendid graded school system there are few who desire to be set off. The 'bus arrangement is not a new idea, either. Six or eight years ago the residents in the vicinity of Floyd lake, some of them living five miles from the city schools became dissatisfied with the small country school and the building was removed. Ever since the pupils have been brought to town in a large 'bus which has been arranged for that purpose. The children meet the 'bus at the most convenient point from their homes, and in a comfortable covered rig they are brought to school, protected from rain and heat in summer by a canvas top, and in winter comfortably seated beside a good hot stove. Under this arrangement they get the benefit of the graded schools, and if one is to judge from appearances and the good times they have enroute, they enjoy the trip, morning and evening and it does them good.

Thief River Press Sold.

The Thief River Press again changed hands last week, Clark & Carr disposing of it to S. W. Bagley, who formerly conducted this enterprise, says The News. Both the new and old proprietors have always been upon the most cordial terms with the News and the two papers will without doubt continue to so remain. Mr. Bagley is an able editor and under his management the Press will continue to maintain its present high standard.

It is rumored that Mr. Bagley will form a stock company of which he will be the head and associated with him will be Dr. Tupper, John Morgan and others. There is said to be no political significance connected with the transaction, although Dr. Tupper is the chairman of the democratic county committee and John Morgan is a member of the democratic state central committee.

As to the future plans of Messrs. Clark and Carr, they are as yet undecided. Mr. Carr will continue to remain here and practice law, being one of the ablest attorneys in the northwest, and Mr. Clark may decide to go west, but his many friends here hope that he will continue to make Thief River Falls his home.

Two Different Matters.

"I cannot understand, sir, why you permit your daughter to sue me for breach of promise. You remember that you were bitterly opposed to our engagement because I wasn't good enough for her and would disgrace the family."

"Young man, that was sentiment; this is business."

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed and delivered by Nels G. Stark and Kristine Stark, his wife, mortgagors, to M. F. Murphy, mortgagee, dated January 5, 1905, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on February 11, 1905, at eleven o'clock a. m., in Book 14 of Mortgages, on page 634 thereof; that the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at this date is two hundred thirty-seven dollars and thirty-three cents; that the premises described in and covered by said mortgage are the southeast quarter of section twenty-two, in township one hundred fifty-three, of range forty-four, situate in Red Lake county, Minnesota; that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, by the sheriff of said Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on April 9, 1906, at ten o'clock a. m., to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, together with the costs of such sale, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated February 19, 1906.

M. F. Murphy,
Mortgagee.

Montague & Chilgren,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Crookston, Minnesota.

[f24-6-m31

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

FIRE INSURANCE
— is a —
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class
— FOR RATES CALL ON —
HARRY E. IVES.

CLEARANCE SALE
OF ALL WARM GOODS
25 Per Cent Reduction
on all LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S..........
CLOAKS,
JACKETS
and FURS
E. M. HOFF

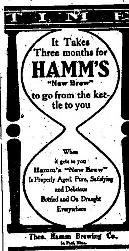
Co-partnership Dissolved.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between Charles Carlson and Albert Fellman and known as Carlson & Fellman, is this day dissolved, Albert Fellman retaining the business, paying all accounts and collecting all accounts.

Dated St. Hilaire, Minn., Feb. 28th, 1906.

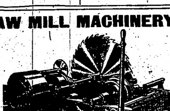
Charles Carlson,
Albert Fellman.

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry



TIME
It Takes
Three months for
HAMM'S
"New Brew"
to go from the kettle to you
When it gets to you
Hamm's "New Brew"
Is Properly Aged, Pure, Satisfying and Delicious
Bottled and On Draught Everywhere
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.,
St. Paul, Minn.

SAW MILL MACHINERY.



Saw Mills
Gang Edgers
Lumber Trimmers
Lath Machines
Bolting Machines
Shingle Machines
Planer & Matchers
Drag Saws
Wood Saws
Engines
Boilers
Pulleys
Shafting
Boxes
Trucks
Grate Bars
Feed Mills
Horse Powers
We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

RESTORE STRENGTH

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Actually Make New Blood and Good Health Follows.

The evil effects that follow many diseases—particularly the grip and the wasting fevers, such as typhoid and malaria, are caused by the bad condition in which these diseases leave the blood. As a result, the flesh continues to fall away, the sufferer grows nervous and irritable, and even slight exertion causes shortness of breath. These are dangerous symptoms and indicate that the system is in a state that invites pneumonia, bronchitis or even consumption. What is needed is a new supply of rich, red blood to carry health and strength to every part of the body.

"I was all run down from the effects of the grip," says Mrs. Amelia Hall, of No. 5 High street, Norwich Conn., "and could not seem to get strength to walk; could not eat a full meal, my stomach was so weak, and I was so nervous that I could not sleep. I could only stay in bed a few minutes at a time, either night or day. The least little thing would startle me. I had difficulty in breathing and had frequent fainting spells.

"My general health was completely wrecked and I had neuralgic and rheumatic pains, dyspepsia, constipation, and female weakness. My physician attended me for the grip and again for the condition that it left me in, but I got no strength from the tonics he prescribed. In fact, nothing helped me until I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and they cured me.

"I grew stronger and gained flesh from the time I began taking them. I am satisfied that the pills are all that is claimed for them and I shall do all I can to make their good qualities known."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure nervous disorders of every kind, check wasting diseases and build up strength. For booklet, address the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y.

His Fears.

"You think you ought to be pensioned for services to your country?"

"Certainly," answered the energetic politician.

"What disabilities do you apprehend?"

"Gout and speaker's sore throat."

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Invented Barb Wire.

Joseph F. Glidden, the inventor of the barb wire, and who made a handsome fortune out of his invention, has just celebrated his ninety-third birthday at De Kalb, Ill.

5 Tons Grass Hay Free.

Everybody loves lots and lots of fodder for hogs, cows, sheep and swine.

The enormous crops of our Northern Grown Pedigree Seeds on our seed farms the past year compel us to issue a special catalogue called

SALZER'S BARGAIN SEED BOOK.

This is brim full of bargain seeds at bargain prices.

SEND THIS NOTICE TO-DAY.

and receive free sufficient seed to grow 5 tons of grass on your lot or farm this summer and our great Bargain Seed Book with its wonderful surprises and great bargains in seeds at bargain prices.

Remit 4c and we add a package of Cosmos, the most fashionable, serviceable, beautiful annual flower.

John A. Salzer Seed Co., Lock Drawer W., La Crosse, Wis.

Witte certainly has nerve if he goes up and draws his salary regularly these days.

BANKS OF CANADA GAIN; PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BIG.

Record of Financial Institutions for the Year 1905 Shows Remarkable Prosperity All Over the Dominion.

Ottawa, Canada, March 1.—The year which has just closed has been one of the most satisfactory and progressive with the financial institutions of Canada, and the business of the chartered banks reflects the unprecedented prosperity enjoyed throughout the country during the year 1905.

The increased demands made upon the banks of the Dominion by the commercial and agricultural expansion of the year were provided for without the monetary disturbances sometimes noted in the United States. Whatever opinions may be held as to the composition of the Canadian banking system, it is claimed that its flexible currency has many commendable features, and without which the last few months of the year must have produced a money stringency with probably disastrous results. It is felt that a wider field of credit in the Dominion is needed, and consequently the capital of many existing banking institutions has been increased and several new banks are in progress of organization.

The chartered banks of Canada today enjoy the confidence of the general public to a greater extent than ever before. The total deposits of the people in these institutions last year were $522,317,000, which shows an increase of over $56,000,000 for the year. In actual money in bank probably no other country in the world, comparatively speaking, can make a better showing than Canada.

The total deposits of the Canadian people in the Government savings banks, in special savings institutions, and in the chartered banks alone amounted last year to the enormous sum of $609,454,000. This represents an average credit balance of over $100 per head of the population of the Dominion, and it is stated that the only other country in the world that approaches this record is Denmark, where the average credit balance is about $96.50 per capita. The above figures, however, do not comprehend moneys deposited with private bankers, loan companies, mortgage corporations and trust companies, or what is hoarded up in secret hiding places.

The annual report of the Dominion finance department, which has just been issued to the public, shows a surplus in the Dominion treasury for the fiscal year of $7,863,000, and refers to the remarkable increase in the public revenues during the year.

The Happiest Time Is Now

Talk not to me of future bliss!
  Talk not to me of joys gone by!
For us, the happiest hour is this,
  When love bids time to fly:
The future—doubt may overcast,
  To shadow Hope's young brow;
Oblivion's veil may shroud the past—
  The happiest time is now!

Tho' flowers in spicy vases thrown
  Some odor yet exhale,
Their fragrance, e'er the bloom was flown
  Breathed sweeter on the gale;
Like faded flowers, each parted bliss
  Let memory keep—but how
Can joy that's past be like to this?
  The happiest time is now.

Unmark'd our course before us lies
  O'er time's eternal tide;
And soon the sparkling ripple dies
  We raise, as on we glide.
Our barks the brightest bubbles fling
  For ever from the prow;—
Then let us gaily sail and sing
  "The happiest time is now!"
—Samuel Lover.

The Knowledge of O Taya San

BY DORA AYDELOTTE

(Copyright, 1906, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Because of rouge skilfully applied, the little geisha's cheeks were rosy, and because of paint her lips were very, very red, like threads of crimson silk.

She wore a kimona of cool, shimmering gray, with storks in erratic flight all up and down it; her blue obi—like an overgrown pillow—was adjusted with care, and atop of all was her face, lily-fair under the high, satiny black coiffure, her slanting eyebrows—ah, Art helped Nature there—her eyes at once luring and childlike, and the scarlet line that was her mouth.

When Raeburn, lately arrived in Tokio, came to the teahouse under the wistarias his beauty-loving nature rejoiced, and he told her that she was "like roses and gray mist."

O Taya San looked pleased, though all she understood was the young 'Merican's smiling eyes: but she poured his tea, and clapped her shell-pink palms together for more cakes, and, when another girl shuffled in, they danced, in movements as graceful as roses swaying in the wind.

It was late before Raeburn remembered that he hadn't stopped in Tokio merely to visit teahouses, and that he must get back to Dunn's rooms as fast as a 'rickshaw and a long-legged coolie would take him.

He was comforted to find that Dunn had turned in; it saved the bother of explanations; only a sleepy servant remained in the hall, to be gently prodded and kicked into wakefulness.

There was a late and hurried breakfast the next morning, after which Dunn, as a good servant of governmental red tape, went to his office, leaving his friend to spend the day as he liked. He was pleased to loaf throughout the morning, to write a few letters, to scribble some of the inevitable post-cards, and, late in the afternoon, clad in creaseless white, to travel via 'rickshaw to a teahouse—a certain teahouse with purple curtains of wistaria flowing all around it.

O Taya San was there, and tinkled away at an instrument that seemed a cross between a banjo and guitar; Raeburn sat himself down, with easy grace, in the cross-legged manner of his vis-a-vis; they laughed together over her quaint efforts to talk 'Merican, and the task of teaching was so pleasant that when O Taya San lifted her thick lashes and said, "You come 'gain—some more?" he answered, "Sure," quite as if he were in Tokio only for the pleasure of talking to pretty teahouse girls.

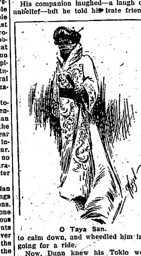
"She's beautiful," he confided to Dunn, a few days later, after that lean-jawed, cynical person had been jeering at him for "going daffy over a mere teahouse girl, kept there for such chumps as you." "My dear boy," replied Dunn, languidly interested, "they're all beautiful—in Tokio—but you're bound for Manila on serious business matters, and then home, and, let me tell you, if you've a sweetheart back in the States, better let this little what's-her-name—"

"O Taya San."

"That it? Well, let her and all her kind alone; even a geisha may have a heart, you know."

Raeburn towered above him, handsome, flushing with anger: "That's the limit, Dunn; I never broke a heart yet, and I'll not begin with this little beauty."

His companion laughed—a laugh of unbelief—but he told his irate friend to calm down, and wheedled him into going for a ride.



O Taya San.

Now, Dunn knew his Tokio well, likewise his Yokohoma; perhaps that is why he made it a point of trotting Raeburn around to the nicest people he knew, and giving him a chance to meet a lot of friendly English girls.

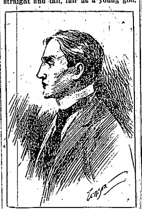
But the boy was blind to whatever charm they possessed—blind to the memory of a girl back home, who saw no other face than his; his eyes were only for a little figure in a gray kimona, for a face with welcoming eyes, with red lips pouting childishly for his kisses.

So he forgot, and continued not to remember, in spite of Dunn's occasional protests, and the smiling faces of those nice English girls.

The teahouse under the wistarias knew him for a frequent guest; O Taya San blossomed like some wondrous flower in a new kimona of blue, with glints of silver woven through it: she danced, she sang to him the songs of Nippon, and he taught her—for she was a willing pupil—much of his speech.

Perhaps, too, there were other things he taught her: for what should a pretty geisha learn, but love?

There had been other 'Mericans, but none like him; when he came, straight and tall, fair as a young god, blue-eyed, with bright hair curling from his forehead, with his six feet of immaculate white drill, his gleaming smile, who could resist him?



There had been other 'Mericans, but none like him.

Certainly O Taya San could not.

* * * * * * *

Raeburn's luggage was piled in the hall; his steamer was due to leave the next day for Manila, and he was solacing himself with cigarettes.

"You can't take her along, you know," was Dunn's silence-breaking remark.

"Who?"

"Your pagan friend, O Taya San: who else?"

"Don't you know," continued the informing one, "that the girl is a slave, owned, body and soul, by the grinning old devil who owns that teahouse and others like it: don't you know that you would have to buy her, just as you would buy horses at home?"

"Don't: I can't stand it"; Raeburn jumped up, pushing his chair away noisily: "pagan or not, slave or not, she's a dear little girl, and I'm all broke up at leaving."

"What about her?" came the pitiless query.

For answer, Raeburn said things which would have to be represented on this page by dashes, and flung himself out; Dunn heard him in the street, whistling for his 'rickshaw.

"The boy's a fool," he mused, "but he's got a lifetime to learn it in."

* * * * * * *

A curtain of purple blooms lifting to the breeze: in a teahouse, two that clasped, and said goodbye, and clasped again—clinging arms and pleading eyes, tears and kisses—kisses and tears. One to stay, weeping—say not that to be a geisha is to be heartless—and one to go whirling back to the city.

The ship was gone, and day after day, all cruelly alike, followed it: other coolies dashed up to the teahouse steps, and other 'Mericans in white suits sat at the little tables, but life was not the same.

Because of rouge, skilfully applied, the little geisha's cheeks were rosy, and because of paint her lips were very, very red, like threads of crimson silk; her gray kimona shimmered like a silken mist, and storks in crazy flight trailed all across it; but the eyes of O Taya San were closed, and she did not answer when they called her name.

As for Raeburn—but Raeburn would never know.

Compliment from the Heart.

If there is one place more than another where the term "lady" carries mighty little weight it is over on the East Side of Manhattan. The qualities that are naturally associated with this designation in less congested sections of the city are recognized readily enough, but the term itself is held in contempt. This, at least, is the opinion of a settlement worker who has spent several years years on the East Side. "The most sincere compliment I ever received," she says, "was at a meeting of working girls where, when one of the audience referred to me as 'a lady,' the chairman indignantly replied:

"'Mrs. L—— is no lady. She iss von of us.'"—New York Times.

Scientific Fishing Cruise.

The fishery steamer Albatross will soon start on an extended cruise to the western Pacific to conduct scientific and fishery investigations in the interest of the bureau of fisheries. The principal work will be done in the Japan seas.

IDIOMS OF THE MOUNTAINEERS.

Very Old English Used in Parts of West Virginia.

Last summer some persons from the North were spending a month in the mountains of West Virginia in a log cabin on the mountainside. One morning, as they sat on the porch admiring the views, a little mountain girl in short blue calico dress and bright pink sunbonnet bounced round the side of the cabin.

"Howdy!" she said. "Mammy wants to know if you-all don't want a poke of snapples this mohning."

"A what?" the Northerners asked, in amazement.

"A poke of snapples," sissy repeated. Then, evidently overcome with shyness, she darted through the underbrush before the newcomers could decide whether or not they wanted a "poke of snapples."

The expression got into the systems of the visitors, until curiosity made one of them take her way to the little farmhouse.

"I will take a poke of snapples, please," she said, fearing all the while the mountain woman would laugh in her face or think her an escaped lunatic.

But very gravely the woman disappeared, and soon returned, handing the caller a bag of string beans. The beans, which snap in the fingers are called "snapples" by the mountaineers; and "poke," which is a good old word for bag that has survived from the Shakespearean English of the early English settlers.—Youth's Companions.

ARTISTIC SPIRIT IN REVOLT.

Ways of City Folk Offended Country Violin Player.

"Down in Princess Anne, on the Eastern Shore, where I have spent a great part of my life," said Howland Doerer, "we used to have a violin player, Richard Smith, who, though generally hired to play at the dances and other functions where music was required nevertheless always demanded a formal invitation to these affairs

"Some new folks came to town in the summer, and as they needed music and had heard of Richard they sent him an invitation, and also another note requesting his services at his own price. Richard read the note and was considering the request with pleasure, when he opened the invitation. It, too, read all right, but down there in the right hand corner were the letters 'R. S. V. P.,' and he stopped short and stared at them.

'R. S. V. P.,' he said slowly to himself, "Richard Smith, Violin Player,' is what that means. Well, if those city folks are so stuck up that they have to designate against a man because of his profession, why I guess I can afford to stay away from their affair," and he did.—Baltimore Herald.

Race Discrimination.

A small French-Italian coasting steamer was proceeding on its way. The passengers were of various nationalities — English, American, French, Italian and one large German. Most of the male passengers were gathered in the smoking room, when the steward appeared at the door and with a bow announced: "Dinner, it is serve!"

The English and American contingent arose and started toward the dining saloon. The steward, seeing that his announcement had not been understood by all, continued: "Messieurs, c'est servi!" and as a portion of the passengers still remained seated: "Il pranzo e servito!"

The French and Italians followed the English and Americans, leaving the large German in solitary state

"Gott in himmel!" he muttered hungrily. "Is it dot no Germanmans gets somedings to eat on dis boat, nein?"—Harper's Weekly.

Green Flame.

Give the turquoise to betrothed ones true!
'Tis the deep of the zenith blue;
But slake my heart's desire
With the liquid flame of emerald fire!

'Tis the glimmer of salt waves a-breaking,
And the shimmer of young leaves in spring;
With light and love awaking
Wakes the glitter of the emerald ring!

And the diamond's sparkling light
Give to fame and beauty bright!
But slake my mind's desire
With the rippling flame of emerald fire!

'Tis the green of the storm sign gleaming
Through the gold in lowering skies.
'Tis the couch where April lies a-dreaming
In the iris of the jonquil eyes.

And the blood-red ruby wine
Give to dame of ancient line!
But to quench ill thought accurst,
And to slake sweet souls athirst.

Give the glimmer of the March's stars glancing,
And the shimmer of the dragon flies' wing!
With life and love advancing,
Flash! Fountains of eternal spring!
—Pall Mall Gazette.

His Friends Were Few.

"Mose" Porter was the name of a witness appearing in the Wood contested election case from St. Louis, according to the story told by Col. "Bill" Zevelly of the Indian territory.

"What is your nationality?" asked Chairman Olmsted.

"Half black and half white," answered Porter.

"What do you do for a living?"

"I jes' jog around St. Louis."

"Were any of your friends present when you made this affidavit?" asked Mr. Olmsted.

"'Deed, Mr. Committee, I ain't got a single frien' in St. Louis, and I's dead suah I ain't got none here."

Superstitious "Bridge" Players.

Patience is largely played nowadays in England without any reference to gambling. Many bridge players, and especially women, make a point of testing their luck at a solitary game of patience before embarking in a rubber of bridge. If the patience "comes out," it is a sign that they will hold "no trumpers at bridge"; if it fails to "come out," spade hands are indicated, and bridge is eschewed for that particular day.

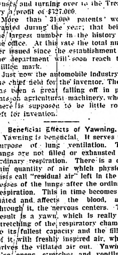
Origin of the Woolsack.

The Woolsack, on which the British lord chancellor sits, is a large square bag of wool covered with red cloth. It was first used in the time of Edward III to remind the peers of the great importance of the wool trade to England, and the consequent necessity of keeping friendly with Flanders.

SHOWING THE WORLD'S PROGRESS

New Rolling Pin.

A Pennsylvania man has invented a rolling pin which has an attachment which feeds flour on the dough while the latter is being rolled, thus preventing the rolling pin sticking to the dough. The rolling pin carries a trough and a dredger for flour, by which the dough is more or less covered while it is under manipulation on the molding-board. The rolling pin is of any suitable construction, the handles being detachable and the roll turning on the handles. The ends of the trough are attached to the handles and extend above the top of the roll, the sides of the trough extending so close to the roller that the latter can barely turn without contact with the trough. Thus the rolling pin is surmounted by a trough, which is open at the bottom, save as the roller itself forms a bottom to the trough. Inside the trough is a hollow cylinder, formed of perforated sheet metal, the cylinder moving within the trough and closed by a cover. When the cylinder or dredger is partly full of flour and is placed on top of the roller the latter can be so operated as to sprinkle more or less flour onto the roller, whence it will be carried onto the dough. A little experience gives great facility in the use of the rolling pin, so that the dredger can be made to drop just as much flour (or fine sugar as in rolling out cookies) as is necessary.



Distributes the Flour.

Patent Office Breaks Records.

The year 1905 broke the Patent Office record. The total receipts were $1,550,000, and the department enjoyed the distinction, rare in government affairs, of paying its own expenses and turning over to the Treasury a profit of $327,000.

More than 31,000 patents were granted during the year; that being the largest number in the history of the office. At this rate the total number issued since the establishment of the department will soon reach the million mark.

Just now the automobile industry is the chief field for the inventor. There has been a great falling off in patents on agricultural machinery, where there is supposed to be little room left for invention.

Beneficial Effects of Yawning.

Yawning is beneficial. It serves the purpose of lung ventilation. The lungs are not filled or exhausted by ordinary respiration. There is a certain quantity of air which physiologists call "residual air" left in the recesses of the lungs after the ordinary respiration. This in time becomes vitiated and affects the blood, and, through it, the nervous centers. The result is a yawn, which is really a stretching of the respiratory chamber to its fullest capacity and the filling of it with freshly inspired air, which drives the vitiated air out. Yawning also opens, stretches and ventilates the vocal, nasal and auditory chambers in immediate connection with the mouth.

Ancestors of the Dog.

Dr. Lindsay Johnson, the celebrated opthalmologist, says that the dog has two ancestors, one round-eyed, the other oval-eyed. The first is the hyena, the second the bear, through the raccoon. All dogs descend from these animals. The "corpus niger," or black body of pigment in the eye of the horse, which has puzzled veterinarians, naturalists and zoologists so much, provides, through the opthalmoscope, a new means of tracing the ancestry and relationship of the horse. It is the same eye curtain that is found in tropical animals—the onager, the camel and the antelope—for protection from sunlight.

New Street-Lighting Material.

The Paris municipal authorities are extending their street-lighting trials with "lusol," a hydrocarbon recovered as a by-product in making blast-furnace coke. The light is said to be even softer than that from alcohol; and a 100-candle lamp of the type hitherto employed costs only a farthing per hour, while the domestic lusol lamp gives double the light at half the cost of a good paraffin lamp. One great use of the new illuminant will be to form a reserve in case of unforeseen gas or electric light extinction.

New Storage Battery.

A Milwaukee firm has placed upon the market a new form of storage battery, light in weight, for which it claims 100 miles on country roads on a single charge.

Wire Fencing Made in Rolls.

Wire fencing is now made in continuous rolls instead of in sections as heretofore. Galvanized wires at the intersections, fed automatically from reels, are welded by means of small transformers.

Timber Killed by Beetle.

The Black Hills beetle has killed between 700,000,000 and 1,000,000,000 feet of timber in the Black Hills Forest Reserve. It is also doing a lot of harm in Colorado and New Mexico. The government has issued a pamphlet on the way to fight it by felling and barking infested trees.

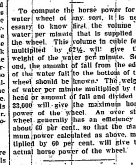
EVENS THE LOAD ON HORSES.

Contrivance Enables Each Animal to Draw Proportionately.

Some time ago a four-horse evener was described and illustrated in your columns. Will you give the dimensions of the same?

Single whiffletrees of three horse eveners are 28 inches in length and double trees between the outside pins are 33 inches in length, allowing a play of 5 inches between the single trees. For the four horse evener a quadruple tree should be twice the length of the double tree, that is 66 inches. In the illustration it is evident that the brace running at right angles to the pole should be of the same length as the quadruple tree, namely, 66 inches. If the proportions are carried out, the three braces behind the long tree form an equilateral triangle, and, therefore, should all be 66 inches in length. It may be, however, that these proportions would throw the whiffletree too far forward. If so, the two diagonal braces running forward from the cross-brace to the whiffletrees should be shortened. The brace running forward again from the whiffletrees to the pole should be carried as far forward as possible, provided it does not interfere with the action of the horse immediately in front of it. The quadruple tree should not be bolted to the pole, but should swing free about the bolt at its center. If it were bolted at the pole, and the team on the off side should lag, then the pole team would be drawing the whole load, and vice versa.

The pole of the neckyoke should be carried by the pole team. There is no possible way of placing any part of the pole load upon the off team without unduly burdening the nigh horse of the pole team. Under any possible distribution of the load on the neckyoke, the nigh horse at the pole team cannot carry less than one-half, and if either or both of the horses at the right should carry any part of the load, the nigh horse of the pole team would then carry more than half of the pole load.—Montreal Herald.



Cistern in Cellar.

I am thinking of building a cistern for rain water in my cellar. The foundation is of stone, 28 feet by 30 feet and 6 1-2 feet deep. What would be suitable dimensions for the cistern?

A good place would be in one corner of cellar. A cistern 7 feet x 9 feet x 6 feet, inside measurement, will hold about 78 barrels of water. Build the walls of concrete all around, eight inches thick against the old stone wall and ten inches thick on opposite side and end. Put in iron bands or rods to keep walls from spreading, one to be two feet above the floor and the other two feet from top of cistern. Bed these rods in the concrete two inches from face of wall, plaster inside of cistern with cement mortar mixed two parts of sand to one part cement, and finish with brush dipped in cement wash. Put in a three-inch floor and finish floor the same as walls. Have overflow pipe running out through stone wall so as to prevent cistern overflowing and flooding cellar bottom. Mix concrete for walls eight parts gravel to one part cement. A cistern of size given will take Portland cement, five barrels; gravel, six yards; sand, three cubic feet.

Horse Power From Water Wheel.

How can the horse power of a water wheel be reckoned? What horse power would be required for a circular saw to cut ten-inch logs?

To compute the horse power for a water wheel of any sort, it is necessary to know first the volume of water per minute that is supplied to the wheel. This volume in cubic feet multiplied by 62½, will give the weight of the water per minute. Second, the amount of fall from the edge of the water fall to the bottom of the wheel should be known. The weight of water per minute multiplied by the head or amount of fall and divided by 33,000 will give the maximum horse power of the wheel. An over shot wheel generally has an efficiency of about 60 per cent., so that the maximum power calculated as above, multiplied by 60 per cent. will give the actual horse power of the wheel.

Brickbats for Fillers.

In building a concrete wall under an old barn would brickbats do for fillers? How many yards would it take for a wall 145 feet long and 8 1-2 feet high? What quantity of sand and Portland cement would be required? What material would it take for the floor 28 feet by 57 feet and 4 inches thick?

When building a concrete wall, if stone fillers are not to be had, hard burned brickbats, burned to the same hardness, will do as brick outside walls. When used in dry, hot weather they should be dampened before using, so that the concrete will adhere to them firmly. Also by dampening them before using, they will not dry out the wall too quickly. Concrete walls should be kept damp until cement has set. For a wall 145 x 8 1-2 x 1 foot thick it would take: Portland cement, 31 barrels; gravel, 37 yards; stone fillers or brickbats, 9 yards. For a floor 57 x 28 x 4 inches thick it will take Portland cement, 19 barrels; gravel, 16 yards; broken stone, or brickbats, four yards. If gravel is not to be had and coarse sand is used, the concrete is mixed, four parts sand and five parts crushed or broken stone, or brickbats to one part Portland cement. Where gravel is used and the fillers put in wall when building the proportions are eight parts gravel to one part Portland cement.

HERITAGE OF CIVIL WAR.

Thousands of Soldiers Contracted Chronic Kidney Trouble While in the Service.

The experience of Capt. John L. Ely, of Co. E, 17th Ohio, now living at 500 East Second street, Newton, Kansas, will interest the thousands of veterans who came back from the Civil War suffering tortures with kidney complaint. Capt. Ely says: "I contracted kidney trouble during the civil war, and the occasional attacks finally developed into a chronic case. At one time I had to use a crutch and cane to get about. My back was lame and weak, and besides the aching, there was a distressing retention of the kidney secretions. I was in a bad way when I began using Doan's Kidney Pills in 1901, but the remedy cured me and I have been well ever since."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Full to Running Over.

The little girl was sitting in a Sunday school class one Sunday, and, growing very thirsty, asked her teacher for a drink of water. The teacher brought her the glass of water and the little girl, in her eagerness to drink, spilled some of the water down the front of her clean dress. Handing the half-filled glass back to her teacher, she exclaimed:

"I must be so full now I'm running over."—Judge's Magazine of Fun.

BABY'S TORTURING HUMOR.

Ears Looked as if They Would Drop Off—Face Mass of Sores—Cured by Cuticura in Two Weeks for 75c.

"I feel it my duty to parents of other poor suffering babies to tell you what Cuticura has done for my little daughter. She broke out all over her body with a humor, and we used everything recommended, but without results. I called in three doctors, they all claimed they could help her, but she continued to grow worse. Her body was a mass of sores, and her little face was being eaten away: her ears looked as if they would drop off. Neighbors advised me to get Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and before I had used half of the cake of Soap and box of ointment the sores had all healed and my little one's face and body were as clear as a new-born babe's. I would not be without it again if it cost five dollars instead of seventy-five cents. Mrs. George J. Steese, 701 Colburn St., Akron, Ohio."

What Love Must Endure.

"Dearest," he murmured, "do you love me yet?"

With a low sob the fair girl performed a Bernhardt on the soft.

"Answer, dear; do you love me yet?"

"Yes, George, I love you, but your grammar is rotten."

Habit-forming Medicines

Whatever may be the fact as to many of the so-called patent medicines containing injurious ingredients as broadly published in some journals of more or less influence, this publicity has certainly been of great interest in arousing needed attention to this subject. It has, in a considerable measure, resulted in the most intelligent people avoiding such foods and medicines as may be fairly suspected of containing the injurious ingredients complained of. Recognizing this fact some time ago, Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., "took time by the forelock," as it were, and published broadcast all the ingredients of which his popular medicines are composed. Thus he has completely forestalled all harping critics and all opposition that might otherwise be urged against his medicines, because they are now OF KNOWN COMPOSITION. Furthermore, from the formula printed on every bottle wrapper, it will be seen that these medicines contain no alcohol or other habit-forming drugs. Neither do they contain any narcotics or injurious agents, their ingredients being purely vegetable, extracted from the roots of medicinal plants found growing in the depths of our American forests and of well recognized curative virtues.

Instead of alcohol, which even in small portions long continued, as in obstinate cases of diseases, becomes highly objectionable from its tendency to produce a craving for stimulants, Dr. Pierce employs chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine, which of itself is a valuable remedy in many cases of chronic diseases, being a superior demulcent, antiseptic, antiferment and supporting nutritive. It enhances the curative action of the Golden Seal root, Stone root, Black Cherrybark and Bloodroot, contained in "Golden Medical Discovery," in all bronchial, throat and lung affections attended with severe coughs. As will be seen from the writings of the eminent Drs. Grover Coe, of New York; Bartholow, of Jefferson Medical College, Phila.; Scudder, of Cincinnati; Ellingwood, of Chicago; Hale, of Chicago, and others, who stand as leaders in their several schools of practice, the foregoing agents are *the very best* ingredients that Dr. Pierce could have chosen to make up his famous "Discovery" for the cure of not only bronchial, throat and lung affections, but also of chronic catarrh in all its various forms wherever located.

"Travel broadens the mind," observed Hamlet Fatt.

"That may be," replied Yorick Hamm, "but it's mighty hard on the feet."

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Exit.

She—I saw you come out of a saloon the other night.

He—Yes, it closed at 11 o'clock. Lid's on, you know.

Write for a Sample Package

of Garfield Tea, the mild laxative which cures constipation; sick headache and derangements of liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels. Garfield Tea is made wholly of herbs. Address Garfield Tea Co., Brooklyn, N. Y. Send name of your druggist.

Make your employer respect your work. He will then be forced to respect the creator of the work.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

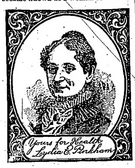
Trouble springs from idleness.

WHO SHE WAS

SKETCH OF THE LIFE OF LYDIA E. PINKHAM

And a True Story of How the Vegetable Compound Had Its Birth and How the "Panic of '73" Caused it to be Offered for Public Sale in Drug Stores.

This remarkable woman, whose maiden name was Estes, was born in Lynn, Mass., February 9th, 1819, coming from a good old Quaker family. For some years she taught school, and became known as a woman of an alert and investigating mind, an earnest seeker after knowledge, and above all, possessed of a wonderfully sympathetic nature.



In 1843 she married Isaac Pinkham, a builder and real estate operator, and their early married life was marked by prosperity and happiness. They had four children, three sons and a daughter

In those good old fashioned days it was common for mothers to make their own home medicines from roots and herbs, nature's own remedies—calling in a physician only in specially urgent cases. By tradition and experience many of them gained a wonderful knowledge of the curative properties of the various roots and herbs.

Mrs. Pinkham took a great interest in the study of roots and herbs, their characteristics and power over disease. She maintained that just as nature so bountifully provides in the harvest-fields and orchards vegetable foods of all kinds; so, if we but take the pains to find them, in the roots and herbs of the field there are remedies expressly designed to cure the various ills and weaknesses of the body, and it was her pleasure to search these out, and prepare simple and effective medicines for her own family and friends.

Chief of these was a rare combination of the choicest medicinal roots and herbs found best adapted for the cure of the ills and weaknesses peculiar to the female sex, and Lydia E. Pinkham's friends and neighbors learned that her compound relieved and cured and it became quite popular among them.

All this so far was done freely, without money and without price, as a labor of love.

But in 1873 the financial crisis struck Lynn. Its length and severity were too much for the large real estate interests of the Pinkham family, as this class of business suffered most from fearful depression, so when the Centennial year dawned it found their property swept away. Some other source of income had to be found.

At this point Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was made known to the world.

The three sons and the daughter, with their mother, combined forces to restore the family fortune. They argued that the medicine which was so good for their woman friends and neighbors was equally good for the women of the whole world.

The Pinkhams had no money, and little credit. Their first laboratory was the kitchen, where roots and herbs were steeped on the stove, gradually filling a gross of bottles. Then came the question of selling it, for always before they had given it away freely. They hired a job printer to run off some pamphlets setting forth the merits of the medicine, now called Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and these were distributed by the Pinkham sons in Boston, New York, and Brooklyn.

The wonderful curative properties of the medicine were, to a great extent, self-advertising, for whoever used it recommended it to others, and the demand gradually increased.

In 1877, by combined efforts the family had saved enough money to commence newspaper advertising and from that time the growth and success of the enterprise were assured, until today Lydia E. Pinkham and her Vegetable Compound have become household words everywhere, and many tons of roots and herbs are used annually in its manufacture.

Lydia E. Pinkham herself did not live to see the great success of this work. She passed to her reward years ago, but not till she had provided means for continuing her work as effectively as she could have done it herself.

During her long and eventful experience she was ever methodical in her work and she was always careful to preserve a record of every case that came to her attention. The case of every sick woman who applied to her for advice—and there were thousands—received careful study, and the details, including symptoms, treatment and results were recorded for future reference, and to-day these records, together with hundreds of thousands made since, are available to sick women the world over, and represent a vast collaboration of information regarding the treatment of woman's ills, which for authenticity and accuracy can hardly be equaled in any library in the world.

With Lydia E. Pinkham worked her daughter-in-law, the present Mrs. Pinkham. She was carefully instructed in all her hard-won knowledge, and for years she assisted her in her vast correspondence.

To her hands naturally fell the direction of the work when its originator passed away. For nearly twenty-five years she has continued it, and nothing in the work shows when the first Lydia E. Pinkham dropped her pen, and the present Mrs. Pinkham, now the mother of a large family, took it up. With women assistants, some as capable as herself, the present Mrs. Pinkham continues this great work, and probably from the office of no other person have so many women been advised how to regain health. Sick women, this advice is "Yours for Health" freely given if you only write to ask for it.

Such is the history of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; made from simple roots and herbs; the one great medicine for women's ailments, and the fitting monument to the noble woman whose name it bears.

In some men there is an entire absence of a sense of the humorous.

Men think they know how most things should be done.

MAKES BEAUTY

Among the ladies no other medicine has ever had so strong a following, because, excepting pure air and exercise, it is the source of more beautiful complexions than any other agency, as

Lane's Family Medicine

the tonic-laxative. It puts pure blood in the veins, and no woman can be homely when the rich, red blood of health courses in her veins.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

The Government of Canada

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Gives absolutely FREE to every settler one hundred and sixty acres of land in Western Canada.

Land adjoining this can be purchased from railway and land companies at from $6 to $10 per acre.

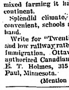
On this land this year has been produced upwards of twenty-five bushels of wheat to the acre.

It is also the best of grazing land and for mixed farming it has no superior on the continent.

Splendid climate, low taxes, railways convenient, schools and churches close at hand.

Write for "Twentieth Century Canada" and low railway rates to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada; or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)



WRITE FOR TRIAL PACKAGE
"GOLD COIN HEAVE CURE"

"I have used over 100 packages of your Heave Cure on different horses, and it has never failed me yet."
—Wm. J. Wenz, St. Paul.

Send 4c for Postage, and mention this paper.
Gold Coin Stock Food Co.
104 E. 5th St. St. Paul. Minn.

Sensational Testimony.

Dr. Mary Walker, famous for her adoption of male attire, asserted before an Albany legislative committee that she knew of a case at Auburn prison where one negro was executed in the place of another condemned for murder.

The First Lesson.

An Alabama negro, who had spent several years as a servant in a New York family, returning to his home, attempted to instruct the members of his family in correct usage, especially in their language. One day at the table his brother said to him:

"Gimme some 'lasses," Sam."

"You mustn't say 'lasses," corrected Sam. "You must say molasses."

"What is yo' talking 'bout?" grunted his brother. 'How's I gwine to say molasses when I ain't had none yet?"

A Cabbage Head.

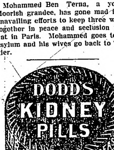
"I want to get a head of cabbage," said the man who had been sent to market.

"Large or small head?" asked the grocer.

"Oh, about 7¼," said the man, absent-mindedly.

Wives Drove Him Mad.

Mohammed Ben Terna, a young Moorish grandee, has gone mad from unavailing efforts to keep three wives together in peace and seclusion in a flat in Paris. Mohammed goes to an asylum and his wives go back to Tangier.



A LIMITED OFFERING OF GOLD TRUST FIRST MORTGAGE DIVIDEND-PAYING BONDS

in one of the best agricultural and industrial enterprises on the market at par—now offered to the public. Send name and address for illustrated and descriptive printed matter. Seven hundred references. Address

C. FLEISCHER, Room A, Wells Bldg., MILWAUKEE, WIS.

HORTICULTURE

Marketing Fruit.

A. L. Hatch, in an address before the Wisconsin State Horticultural Society, said:

There is a general impression that to keep fruit well, fruit should be picked before it is fully matured. It is true that dead-ripe fruit does not market well, and soft fruit is at a discount in all markets. It is also true that some fruits, like strawberries, will color up and become apparently ripe in two days or less. With some fruits, notably the apple and peach, my observation and experience are that they keep best if fully grown and well colored when picked. Not only this, but green fruit will never become of good quality and is often extremely poor. If you do not believe this, try it on your Wealthy apples. No fruit can mature unless the tree or plant upon which it grows has good, healthy foliage the entire growing season; hence one necessity for spraying.

Another essential in marketing fruit is to prevent bruising. This means careful handling and transporting from the first to the last of the life of the fruit. It means taking the fruit directly from the plant or tree to the package in which it goes to market, with the least possible handling. In apples I have already sorted as I picked and pack at once in the orchard. Of course, I continue sorting all fruit as long as it is in sight, always throwing out imperfect fruits until the package is ready to cover.

In packages I have used barrels, bushel baskets and boxes for apples. For home market where packages can be returned bushel boxes are convenient and best, but for shipment I prefer barrels. For plums I know of nothing better than one-fifth bushel baskets, with side slatted, raised cover with slats set somewhat closer than for peaches. For cherries, blackberries, strawberries, gooseberries and currants I prefer the sixteen-quart crate with wooden boxes. For raspberries I use twenty-four-quart crates.

Where reasonable contracts can be made with reliable grocers and merchants, and where deliveries can be made with reasonable certainty, that method of marketing is usually satisfactory. But whatever method of marketing is adopted, the shipper and grower should have telephone connection with their markets and full information about their market at the latest possible moment before every shipment.

Our Much Abused Soil.

Farmers upon every hand are nothing loath to say that their land is "worn out," so that they have made up their minds to discover "pastures new." While such remarks are being made, every farm expert who has made a trip to the "ancient and effete" countries of Europe comes back with the enthusiastic report that bumper crops there are grown each year upon land that centuries ago was farmed by the makers of history. Hundreds, yes, thousands of years have these old-world farms been tilled, and yet they are still producing crops that far exceed our own in average number of bushels per acre, although our western farms are little more than fifty years old. Farms that are less than one hundred years old are already so worn out that they have been abandoned to the briar and the hazel bush. It is a disgraceful fact and it evidences the most destructive of ruinous policies, and the densest ignorance of obstinate nonobservance of the simplest truths of agricultural science and practice. Our soil should still be richer than that of any other nation. It has been so rich that it has tempted men to robbery of its riches. It has required so little effort to obtain a crop that men have cropped it year after year without proper cultivation and without return of adequate added fertilizing matter. The foreign farmer knows that manure is necessary to the successful raising of a crop. If he neglects to fertilize his fields abundantly they will refuse to bestow a crop sufficient to pay expenses, and so fertilization has become not only a necessity, but a necessarily scientific study and is wonderfully well understood and practiced abroad. Our farming is still the most careless in the world. The soil robbing and ruining work is still going on, and thousands of strong men and their families, who should possess fine, fertile, profitable farms at home, are flocking to new soil in the far northwest that there they may again practice the ruinous policy of continued one-crop production without fertilization or stock keeping. No nation is paying more attention to agricultural education, saying more, writing more, and doing less in the field so far as average practice by her farmers is concerned. The lessons read and listened to are daily forgotten and certainly are not being put into practice, although the trend of practice is perhaps in the right direction. But the time is coming when men must wake up and stop insulting our magnificent soil. Farms are becoming scarce and dear. Each acre will soon have to maintain many more people than has heretofore been the case, and intensive farming will then become a necessity. It is stern necessity that has kept old European soils productive, and the fertility of our virgin soil has been its bane. Let us stop complaining about worn-out soil and laughing at foreign methods of farming and take a lesson from those who still produce paying crops from land thousands of years in use.

Trees on Hillsides.

In the case of the man that wants to plant trees on a hillside, I would advise digging several feet around each tree and then cultivate with a hoe; or, plough a strip where you wish to set a row of trees, crosswise of the slope, leaving the middle of the row in grass to prevent washing.—G. A. Haper, Calhoun Co., Ill.

DAIRY NOTES

Making Milk in Winter.

It is an old saying that "an animal well summered is half wintered." A cow, then, to do her best work in winter must have been well cared for through the summer. The great danger point with most people is between grass and hay or the time when grass gets dry and scarce, and they think it's a little too early to begin feeding. This, then, is the critical time for successful winter milk making. It is a whole lot easier to keep up the flow of milk by good generous feeding than to try to bring them back to their milk after once dropping off. Here is where the silo is a very important factor and comes the nearest to touching the spot of anything we have after the grass begins to play out.

To be the most successful in making winter milk, the cows should freshen the last of September or early in October. They should be fed generously to keep them up in good flow until they are permanently stabled for the winter. When this time arrives with us we know with a good deal of certainty what the results will be, for with our silo filled with good juicy ensilage and the concentrated protein feeds that we have stored up, we feel that we have this problem well in hand. While a good many condemn the use of bran, we have never been able to get best results without it, so we watched the market and early in October we were able to put in a car of No. 1 flakey bran at $13.50 per ton and part of a car of gluten feed at $21.50. As soon as the nights began to get cool in the fall the cows were stabled and the silo opened, which was about the first of October. We began feeding about 20 pounds silage to an animal per day, with 5 pounds bran and 1 pound gluten. As the cold weather increased we gradually increased the feed until now, Dec. 1st, they are being fed about 40 pounds silage, 8 pounds bran, 2 pounds gluten and what clover hay they will eat. We estimate silage worth $1.50 per ton.

This amount of silage is divided into two feeds. The first feed is given just before milking in the morning, with the bran and gluten thoroughly mixed with it. Each kind of feed is kept separate, as we find the animals' tastes and needs differ, so each one is fed accordingly. After breakfast a small feed of hay is given, and at 9:30 they are turned out to drink and the stables cleaned. At 11 they are put back, and at 1 p. m. are again fed a light feed of hay. At 4 p. m. they are given another feed of silage, bran and gluten, same as in the morning, and after milking the work is finished with another light feed of hay.

In regard to the watering of cows we have found that where they are fed on succulent juicy ensilage, one watering daily is sufficient. Our tank is made of cement and situated in the yard, which is well protected from the north and west winds by the buildings. A tank heater is also used, which keeps the water about the same temperature as when drawn from the well, about 50 degrees. I do not believe a little fresh air hurts any animal, provided they do not stay out long enough to get chilled, and for that reason we have never put in a watering device in the barn. Every dairyman should be a breeder and raise at least enough heifers to keep his numbers good, so that a little fresh air and a little exercise is better than being constantly housed, and we feel that they will be stronger and healthier for it, as well as their offspring.

We do not feed any succulent feed other than silage, as this is much easier raised and answers all the purpose. The feeding of turnips and cabbages always brings bad results, so they are eliminated from our ration. I think with the above ration, butter can be made as cheaply as any way I know of. I find that some of the cows that are giving a good flow now are making butter fat for about 10c per pound and surely there must be some profit in that.

F. H. Scribner.

Fond du Lac Co., Wis.

Feeding Cows in Cold Weather.

We feed our cows the following ration: Clover hay, all they care to eat, thirty pounds of ensilage with six to ten pounds of grain, according to the size of the cow and also according to her appetite. This grain ration is made up as follows: Four pounds of bran, two pounds of gluten meal, two pounds of ground oats, one part of oil meal and one part of ground meal. We give this ration during December, January and February. We feed twice a day. We do not at this time hold to the practice of feeding three times a day nor do we believe it necessary. If the cows are accustomed to being fed twice a day they will be as well satisfied with that arrangement as if we fed three times a day. We also water the cows twice a day, giving the water in the barn. The water is at its natural temperature. We have no trouble in making money from our herd, as we sell all the milk we can make and get for it eight cents a quart.—J. G. Hickcox, Milwaukee Co., Wis.

Does Food Increase Size of Fowls?

The question is asked if any particular food can be given that will produce unusual size in fowls. The answer is, no. All foods that are easily digested and nutritious will help to produce that size, but it takes generations to greatly affect the general size. In this country fowls have increased in size largely because of an abundance of nutritious food and the continued selection of birds for increase of size. It has been noticed that the Jersey cows brought to this country in a few generations greatly increase in size. This is doubtless due to the same general reason that is the cause of the increase of human stature here—the supply of good food. The reason is also a good one in the domain of poultry. The best food that can be given for the increase of size is a balanced ration, that is, a ration not too much overbalanced on the side of either the proteins or the fats. Meat in some form will act as a stimulant.

A Sorry Prospect.

It is, of course, a platitude to say that the frankness of the young is, on certain occasions, most appalling; but the truth of the statement is illustrated in a new way by the following story of the little boy who was taken out to dine.

Ralph had, to the comfort of his mother, conducted himself in a most exemplary manner throughout the repast. At dessert the lad gazed longingly at some fruit at the farther end of the table, but, much to his disappointment, he was not asked to have any of it. It chanced that the hostess, boy's face, and being, of course, enboy's face, an dbeing, of course, entirely ignorant of the cause thereof, said:

"And of what are you thinking so earnestly, little man?"

"Mother told me," came in swift response, "not to take two apples, and I was thinking I'd be mighty lucky to get one."

Did He Get Them?

"Why don't you go to work?" said a charitable lady to a tramp, before whom she placed a nicely cooked meal.

"I would," replied the vagrant, "if I had the tools."

"What sort of tools do you want?" asked the hostess.

"A knife and fork," said the tramp.

Right.

Irate Wife—I want to know, sir, what time it was when you got home last night!

Husband (meekly)—A quarter of 12, my dear.

Irate Wife—Twelve nothing! The clock had just struck 3 and—

Husband (triumphantly) — Well, ain't that a quarter of 12?—Judge.

Mrs. Addie Harding.

Mrs. Virginia Caviana.

SAVED FROM CATARRH OF LUNGS SO COMMON IN WINTER BY TAKING PE-RU-NA.

Sore Throat Develops Into Bronchitis

Mrs. Addie Harding, 121 W. Brighton Ave., Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "I have been a user of Peruna for the past twelve years. With me it is a sure preventive of colds and many other ills.

"Two or three times a year I am troubled with my throat, a kind of raw feeling, turning to bronchitis. I have had the services of my physician in each case. Two years ago, when I felt a spell coming, I tried Peruna to check it, and to my delight was not troubled with the smothered and choking feeling and never have been since. I can check it every time with Peruna."

Chronic Catarrh of Throat and Lungs

Mrs. Virginia Caviana, room 32, Cambridge Block, Portland, Ore., writes:

"I was a sufferer with catarrh of the throat and lungs for a long time before Peruna was recommended to me. I gave it a trial, although I thought at the time it would be just like other medicines and do me no good. I was pleased to find that my improvement began in less than two weeks and continued until I was entirely well. I gained nearly 15 pounds, have a splendid appetite and am grateful for what your medicine has done for me."

SYRUP OF FIGS

To sweeten,
To refresh,
To cleanse the system,
Effectually and Gently;

Dispels colds and headaches when bilious or constipated;
For men, women and children;

There is only one Genuine Syrup of Figs; to get its beneficial effects

Acts best on the kidneys and liver, stomach and bowels;

Always buy the genuine—Manufactured by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co.

Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.

The genuine Syrup of Figs is for sale by all first-class druggists. The full name of the company—**California Fig Syrup Co.**—is always printed on the front of every package. Price Fifty Cents per bottle.

The Meaning.

"Say, dad."

"Well, son?"

"What does man's better half mean?"

"In your mother's case, son, it's everything she says."

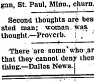
PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. John Barton, Virginia, Minn, wrench; Conrad Fichtner, Goodrich, N. D., shaping tool; John Flynn, Duluth, Minn., stump puller; George Holt, Spicer, Minn., oar lock; Abraham Krahn, Langdon, N. D., draft equalizer; Gustav Love, Cokato, Minn., brake for bicycles; Joseph Mangan, St. Paul, Minn., churn.

Second thoughts are best. God created man; woman was the afterthought.—Proverb.

There are some who are so selfish that they cannot deny themselves anything.—Dallas News.



HOLD UP! and consider

THE FISH BRAND POMMEL SLICKER

LIKE ALL TOWER'S WATERPROOF CLOTHING.

Is made of the best materials, in black or yellow, fully guaranteed and sold by reliable dealers everywhere. STICK TO THE SIGN OF THE FISH

TOWER CANADIAN CO. LIMITED TORONTO, CAN. A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS. U.S.A.

N W N U —NO. 11— 1906.

C.C.C.-C.C.C.-C.C.C.-C.C.C.

WANTED.

If you are willing to work we can give you a chance; you will not get rich, but you can earn a fair income (man or woman). Write with references to
H. S. HOWLAND,
1 Madison Avenue,
New York City.

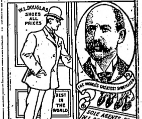
C.C.C.-C.C.C.-C.C.C.-C.C.C.

Medicine Made for Mothers use

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

For Internal and External use. Cures croup, colic, cramps, coughs, sore throat, burns, bruises, bites and any soreness. 25 and 50 cts. At all druggists.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.


W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
ESTABLISHED JULY 6, 1876.
CAPITAL $2,500,000

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN
W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES & SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

If I could take you into my three large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you the infinite care with which every pair of shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

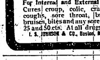
CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.


TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE
CURES COUGHS COLDS

PRICE, 25 Cts.

ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.

F. W. Diemer, M. D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Minneapolis WOODWARD & CO. GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth

Orders for future delivery executed in all markets.

Northwest News.

TAKE REFUGE IN WISCONSIN.

Men Wanted by Winona Officers Quit the State.

Winona, Minn., March 13.—William Sneller and his father are wanted here, one on the charge of assaulting W. Lamb, and the other on a charge of pointing a revolver at Lamb. They have gone over into Wisconsin and cannot be reached by the officers here. It is asserted that the controversy arose over the disputed possession of some personal property which young Sneller claimed belonged to his wife, who was formerly Miss Lamb.

GIRLS PLAN TO END LIFE.

Two Actresses at a St. Paul Hospital in Serious Condition.

St. Paul, March 13.—Katie Ransom and Mattie Lorraine, acresses at the Orpheum theater, are at the city hospital in critical conditions. The former is suffering from a bullet wound in the left breast and the latter is suffering from gas poisoning. Both say they are disgusted with the theatrical business, and it is claimed that they planned to end their lives. Miss Ransom's recovery is doubtful. Miss Lorraine will recover.

ARMS FOR STUDENT SOLDIERS.

State Turns Over 225 Springfield Rifles to College Battalion.

St. Peter, Minn., March 13.—Capt. W. H. Hatcher, military storekeeper, turned over 225 Springfield rifles to the cadet battalion at Gustavus Adolphus college. As the college board was in session at the time, it gave instructions to its officers to execute a bond of $1,000 in favor of the State of Minnesota, as a guarantee that the arms will be properly looked after while they are in possession of the student soldiers.

HANGS SELF ON MANGER.

Farmer Strangles to Death by Throwing Himself Forward.

Swea City, Iowa, March 13.—Fastening a rope to the manger in his stable, Matt Jorkenson, fifty-four years old, a farmer in Seneca township, made a slipnoose and placed it around his neck. He then threw himself forward and slowly strangled to death. When found his head was within three feet of the floor. Financial difficulties are said to have caused the suicide. He leaves a widow and three children.

KILLS SELF BEFORE BRIDE.

Man Is Heartbroken Because Wife Says She Will Leave Him.

Sidney, Iowa, March 13. — Walking into the sitting room where his wife and sister were, John Sumpter, twenty-five years old, drew a revolver and placing the weapon to his head, pulled the trigger, inflicting a fatal wound. Sumpter is said to have been heartbroken over an ultimatum from his wife that she no longer would live with him. The couple had been married less than a year.

SLAUGHTER BUFFALO AND ELK.

Herds on Valentine Grounds Are Exterminated.

Oconomowoc, Wis., March 13.—The herds of buffalo and elk on the Valentine grounds have been slaughtered, the only animals retained in the collection being a herd of deer. For a year or more the buffalo herd has been deteriorating, but the cause of the ill health of the animals was not readily ascertained.

ROLLING LOG KILLS CHILD.

Boy at Play Near Pile of Lumber Meets Death.

Rapid City, S. D., March 13.—Anton Fredin, the ten-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Fredin of this city, was killed by a log that rolled on his head. With some other children he was playing near a pile of lumber when one of the logs became loosened, rolling over and crushing the child beneath its weight.

FORTUNE FOR LIFE-SAVING.

Woman Is Bequeathed $40,000 by Grateful Friend.

Beloit, Wis., March 13.—Miss Riter, a tailoress of this city, has fallen heir to $40,000 which was left her by a Mrs. Wesley of Muncie, Ind. Miss Riter once lived with Mrs. Wesley, and is said to have saved her life in a fire which destroyed the house in which they were living.

Guilty of Arson.

Luverne, Minn., March 13. — J. B. Johnson, formerly a miller of Luverne, has been convicted of burning his own lumber yard at Lavoy, Alberta, to get $4,000 insurance. He was sentenced to two years' imprisonment.

Big Building Destroyed.

Amarillo, Tex., March 13.—The Carson building, the largest in the city, was totally destroyed by fire early yesterday. Total loss, $100,000; partly covered by insurance.

Hurled Over Embankment.

Dubuque, Iowa, March 13.—A Great Western passenger train was derailed by a broken rail shortly before midnight. The engine, baggage and club cars and four sleepers were hurled over an embankment. Nine persons were slightly injured.

Fall Is Fatal to Iowan.

Hampton, Iowa, March 13. — S. H. Carter, aged eighty-nine years, died from the effects of a fall on the icy walk. Mr. Carter was one of the first settlers of Franklin county.

BUCKMAN SELLS FARM.

Congressman Homesteaded Property in 1872.

Little Falls, Minn., March 14.—One of the finest and most valuable farming properties in this portion of the state changed hands yesterday morning when Congressman C. B. Buckman sold his magnificent estate a short distance east of this city to Joseph Froehring of Chicago. The exact terms of the transaction cannot be learned, but it is stated authoritatively that they are highly satisfactory to both parties concerned. The property in question is the original Buckman homestead, taken up by the congressman when he first came to this section in 1872. The estate comprises 884 acres of fine farming land, all under cultivation. The farm is famous throughout this portion of the state and is regarded with pride by all Morrison county.

MURDERER PARDONED.

Wisconsin Spanish War Veteran Is Freed by the President.

Marinette, Wis., March 14. — Alexander La Duke, member of Company I, Second regiment, Wisconsin State troops, during the Spanish-American war, who was sentenced to life imprisonment at Fort Leavenworth for killing a private, was pardoned yesterday by President Roosevelt, through the efforts of Senator La Follette, acting on the recommendation of Isaac Stephenson of this city. La Duke shot and killed Private Stratton of the Thirteenth United States infantry, in a brawl at Ponce, Porto Rico, in 1898. He was court-martialed and sentenced for life. Friends immediately took up the fight in his behalf, claiming it was self-defense.

PAPER TRUST IS DEFEATED.

United States Supreme Court Decrees That Witnesses Must Testify.

Washington, March 14.—In an opinion by Justice McKenna, the supreme court of the United States yesterday decided the cases against the witnesses in the "paper trust" cases against them, holding that they should answer the questions propounded to them in the proceedings against the alleged trust brought by the government. The cases originated in Minnesota and Wisconsin. The proceedings in these cases was an effort on the part of the officers of the General Paper company, commonly known as the Western Paper Trust, to avoid testifying in the government's prosecution of that company under the Sherman anti-trust law.

HELD UP FOR THIRTY YEARS.

Claim of Thief River Falls Man Is Allowed by Washington.

Thief River Falls, Minn., March 14.—Henry W. Lee of this place has received notice that the United States court of claims has awarded him $2,000 for services performed for the Winnebago Indians in Wisconsin many years ago. Lee claimed $70,000 as his fee for the services rendered, and the matter has been before the different departments at Washington for thirty years. About a year ago an offer to compromise the claim for $300 was made, but this Lee refused and appealed to the court of claims.

HARMONY WINS DEBATE.

Contest With Mabel High School Lost by Home Team.

Harmony, Minn., March 14. — The primary election question was debated by representatives of the Harmony and Mabel high schools at Mabel. The affirmative was defended by Mabel and the negative by Harmony. The judges decided unanimously in favor of the negative. The members of the Harmony team were Rubie Dunn, Eda Kasen and Floyd Newell. Mabel was represented by Earl Funk, Hattie Dayton and Walter Sorsen.

Fall Down Shaft Proves Fatal.

Two Harbors, Minn., March 14.—Jacob Koski fell into the timber shaft at the Sellers mine and sustained injuries that resulted in his death. He dropped eighty-two feet and both legs were shattered below the knees. He died while being taken to a hospital. Koski fell while employed lowering lumber down the shaft, and in some unaccountable manner slipped into the opening.

Cuts 50,000,000 Feet of Hardwood.

Frederic, Wis., March 14. — Five years ago E. S. Hammond took a contract to log some 50,000,000 feet of hardwood surrounding this village. The contract was completed yesterday. Some 7,000,000 feet are now banked on the shores of Coon lake near here. A large influx of settlers is expected this spring to take up the cut-over lands.

SUES SCHOOL BOARD.

Le Mars, Iowa, March 14. — Miss Rose Byrne of Struble has brought suit for $5,000 damages against Fred Dralle, D. D. Homer and W. F. Mendelkow, members of the Struble school board. Miss Byrne charges false arrest, libel and slander. She was dismissed by the directors after teaching seven years at Struble. She was also arrested for disturbing the peace, by their order, it is alleged, and was acquitted before Justice C H. Jones of Le Mars.

Fall Fatal to Carpenter.

Lead, S. D., March 14.—Falling from a thirty-foot scaffold to a pile of loose rock below, William Elliott, a carpenter employed at Cyanide No. 2 in Blacktail, was fatally injured and died. His skull was fractured.

Woman Is Convicted.

Madison, S. D., March 14.—Dora Lapine has been convicted of manslaughter in the first degree for the shooting and killing of her husband, Joseph Lapine. The tragedy occurred on Feb. 8.

FIERCE STORM IN MONTANA.

Stock Interests Suffer Severely and Loss Will Be Heavy.

Butte, Mont., March 15.—Butte and the state generally was visited yesterday by one of the severest storms in years. The tehermometer dropped to 22 below zero, with a high wind. The storm center is in the eastern and southern portions of the state, where heavy snow has been falling. The Oregon Short Line passenger train due in this city at 2:45 a. m., arrived last evening eighteen hours late. Northern Pacific and Burlington trains are all late. Stock interests are suffering severely and the loss will be considerable.

FORTUNE FOR CHORUS GIRL.

Isle of Spice Dancer Inherits $500,000 But Will Stick to Stage.

Boone, Iowa, March 15. — Helen Lamponz, a chorus girl in the "Isle of Spice" company, has received a cablegram from Venice, Italy, informing her of the death of her grandfather and stating that she has been named sole heir to his estate, which is reputed to be between $300,000 and $500,000. Miss Lamponz said that while she was overjoyed with her good luck, she loved her work so much that she felt unwilling to give it up for the present.

WIDOW CLAIMS DAMAGES.

Sues Employer of Man Alleged to Have Killed Husband.

Long Prairie, Minn., March 15. — Suit has been begun in the district court by Ellen Merrell against John Coates, asking damages in the sum of $5,000 for the death of her husband. Coates is the proprietor of a saloon where Merrill is alleged to have been killed and was the employer of the man who is charged with the killing. Mrs. Merrill bases her action on the ground that an employer is liable for the acts of his servant.

PROHIBITS CHILD LABOR.

Department Stores Included in New Iowa Law.

Des Moines, Iowa, March 15.—With the passage by the senate yesterday of the child labor bill, the measure will become a law, as Gov. Cummins will sign it at once. The new law prohibits the employment of a child under eighteen in any gainful occupation which would injure his health. The law is also aimed at the department stores, prohibiting employment of children in positions which compel them to remain standing for any length of time.

SAID GEMS WERE STOLEN.

Two Men Reap Rich Harvest at Marinette, Wis.

Marinette, Wis., March 15. — Two Neenah men appeared in Marinette recently offering alleged stolen diamonds for sale. They managed to dispose of several here and at Menominee and now the purchasers find they have nothing but paste diamonds. The fake stones were substituted for real jems during the sale. The men made $500 on the deal. The purchasers cannot bring action, having bought what they supposed were stolen gems.

Killed by Train.

Bridgewater, S. D., March 15—While walking along the track a mile east of town, John Keister was struck by a train and so badly injured that he died shortly after being found. The young man, who was employed by a farmer in the neighborhood, came here from Cedar Rapids, Iowa, and the body will be taken there for burial.

This Man Farms the Farm.

Fergus Falls, Minn., March 15.—Andrew Johnson of the town of Easton, brought in a sack of clover seed yesterday and sold it for $18. The seed was the product of about an acre of ground, and in addition to this, Mr. Johnson cut two tons of clover hay on the land. He had twenty acres of clover this year and it has netted him practically the price of the land.

Primary Election in St. Paul.

St. Paul, March 15. — A primary election for the purpose of selecting candidates for the various municipal offices and for the council were held yesterday. R. A. Smith, the present mayor, was selected to head the Democratic ticket and Luis G. Hoffman was selected as the Republican candidate for mayor.

Cowboy Game Ends Seriously.

Independence, Iowa, March 15. — While playing cowboy and Indian, Alfred Quartz, aged six years, was accidentally shot in the arm by his twelve-year-old brother. It is said that his arm will have to be amputated, and doctors fear the wound may result fatally.

Burglar Killed in Act.

Red Oak, Iowa, March 15.—Sheriff William Thomas yesterday morning shot and instantly killed Harry Barker while the latter was in the act of committing a burglary in the office of George Brown's iron works. Baker was an ex-convict and dangerous man.

Street Cars in Collision.

Omaha, March 15.—In a collision at South Omaha early yesterday between north and south-bound cars one man was killed and seven persons injured, six of whom were severely hurt.

Fell Dead in Restaurant.

Utica, N. Y., March 15.—Kirke L. Bachman, son of Rev. Dr. Robert L. Bachman, pastor of the Presbyterian church at Knoxville, Tenn., entered a cafe here last night and, after giving an order, fell dead. He was twenty-two years of age.

French Strikers Use Dynamite.

Nancy, France, March 15.—Strikers yesterday attempted to blow up two railroad bridges by means of dynamite and succeeded in causing great damage. Traffic is suspended.

THE STATE DAY BY DAY

News of Interest.

WILL EDUCATE FOOD DEALERS.

A Conciliatory Pure Food Policy Is Outlined.

All the food inspectors of the state dairy and food department have received instructions on the enforcement of the provisions of the new code. Commissioner E. K. Slater told them that while they are to enforce the law without fear or favor, the department does not aim to impose any unnecessary hardship on the retailers. The department is for education rather than punishment, and the inspectors will devote their time as much to instructing grocers in the provisions of the law as in spying out violations. Retailers will be given an opportunity to obey the law before they are arrested.

In the case of baking powders, for instance, where the new law makes a change in the requirements, many brands which may be illegal under the new code would be legal under a different label. The department will give the grocers a chance to change the labels to comply with the provisions of the law. In many cases this can be done by scratching out some of the fancy adjectives attached to the names of the ingredients. Baking powder on which the label states that it contains "exsiccated soda will be allowed to remain on the shelves if the word "exsiccated" is scratched. Where the label states that the powder contains among other things "the finest starch," the product can be made legal by striking out the words "the finest and leaving the simple word "starch."

The law prohibiting the use of coal tar dyes, terra alba, barytes and parrafine in candies must be strictly enforced, Mr. Slater told his inspectors. Retailers who have a large stock of candies made illegal by the code will have a chance to destroy or return them before they will be prosecuted, but should they continue selling them they will incur the danger of a fine.

There has been some discussion of the provision of the code against selling poultry and game which have not been drawn. The provision applies only to retail merchants and will allow wholesale dealers and storage houses to keep on handling undrawn poultry as they have been doing under the old law. The section provides that

"Every person who shall offer or expose for sale at retail, for human food, at any public market, store, shop or house or in or about and street or other public place, any domestic or wild fowls, or any slaughtered rabbits, squirrels or other small animal, wild or tame, unless the entrails, crops and other offensive parts are properly drawn and removed, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor."

The dairy and food department will co-operate with the health departments of the cities in enforcing this provision of the code.

STATE CASH BOX IS FULL AGAIN.

Deficiency in Revenue Fund Turned to a Balance.

For the first time since last May the state revenue fund has a balance on the right hand side of the ledger. The balances made by State Treasurer Julius H. Block showed a balance of $446,097.83 in the revenue fund. A month ago there was an overdraft on the other funds of $505,145, and in addition to that loans on banks amounting to $1,725,000. All these interest-bearing warrants have been taken up, and in addition there is a cash balance. During the month $2,488,022.69 was turned into the fund and only $320,000 was taken out for running expenses.

Thus in about two months the state treasury has been turned from the worst condition to the best condition it has been in for years.

The total cash in the treasury is now $1,636,420.08, as against $740,840 a month ago.

LODGE BUILDS NEW HALL.

Midway Lodge, A. O. U. W., Will Own Its Own Quarters.

The foundation is in for a new building for Midway Lodge No. 37, Ancient Order of United Workmen. The structure is being erected on the south side of Front street, between Oxford and Churchill streets, near Como Park, St. Paul.

The building will be 40x60 feet, and will cost about $3,000. Work was begun on the foundation Nov. 1. The foundation is of cement blocks and the superstructure will be frame.

The purchase price of the lost and all the construction work so far completed has been paid for. The money for the building is raised almost entirely from among the membership of the lodge. A large surplus in the treasury was also turned over to the building account when the project was undertaken.

ST. CHARLES PHONE TROUBLE.

The decision of Judge Morris of the United States court, refusing to grant the temporary injunction asked by the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company to restrain the city of St. Charles from interfering with it in installing a telephone exchange there, gives the advantage to St. Charles in the litigation that may ensue, for, until the matter is definitely settled by the courts, the Northwestern company will be unable to install its exchange. The company, however, may get ahead of the courts. St. Charles has a city election in a few weeks, and if a council friendly to the company is elected it may get a franchise such as it desires. The present company was willing to grant a franchise, but insisted on rate regulation, which the Northwestern would not accept. For several years the company connected with the city exchange at St. Charles, but last spring the Tri-State company secured this connection, and the only business the Northwestern now has at St. Charles is through a single toll station.

BIRTHDAY FOR MINNESOTA.

Semi-Centennial of the State's Admission Into the Union.

Gov. Johnson has appointed a committee of five to look over the situation and outline plans for a semi-centennial celebration in 1908 of the admission of Minnesota into the Union. The committee is named in accordance with the Mannix resolution passed by the last legislature and the meembers are Representative J. T. Mannix of Minneapolis, F. B. Lynch of St. Paul, M. R. Cullom of Duluth, Dr. C. H. Kohler of Minneapolis and Capt. C. C. Whitney of Marshall.

Two plans for commemorating the event are discussed. One is a great celebration with programs and speechmaking, the other an exposition. If the exposition plan is adopted there may be an exposition at Midway something like the Lewis and Clark exposition, lasting through several months of the summer.

The committee will report its plans to the next legislature, and if the latter plan is adopted the state will be asked to appropriate money for the exhibition and the United States will be asked to help.

Mr. Mannix's resolution, providing for the committee, was as follows:

"Whereas, The year 1908 will mark a half century of progress since the North Star State was admitted into the Union, during which time Minnesota has increased from a few thousand to almost two millions in population, and

"Whereas, Educationally, agriculturally, commercially and politically she has set an example of progressiveness not excelled by any other state in the Union, such that a Father Hennepin, as he stood at the threshhold of the great Northwest and gazed into the future, could well have said with prophetic voice:

"'Beside the squaw's light birch canoe
The steamer rocks and waves,
And city lots are staked for sale
Above old Indian graves.

"'I hear the tread of pioneers
Of nations yet to be,
The first low wash of waves
Where soon shall roll a human sea.'

"Therefore, It is fitting and proper that such an event as the admission of minnesota into the Union should be properly commemorated by a ceremony or jubilation, that the achievements of fifty years may be brought graphically before the eyes of her people and the minds of the rising generation be directed to and impressed with the example set by the founders of our beloved commonwealth.

"Therefore, Be it resolved by the house of representatives, the senate concurring, that the governor be and he is hereby authorized and requested to appoint a commission consisting of five members, to serve without compeensation, to devise and recommend to the next session of the legislature a plan for the appropriate recognition and celebration of this our semi-centenary."

ORE FOUND NEAR HINCKLEY.

Rich Copper Vein Found by Three Prospectors.

Will Hinckley become a copper center? This is the question many citizens are now asking themselves. From frequent indications it seems probable that such will be the case.

Copper has been found in paying quantities just east of town, on the rocky ridge along Kettle river, in a vein nearly six feet in width and practically on the surface. It appears to be an inexhaustible supply.

This vein was discovered last fall, but the prospectors kept the matter quiet until they could secure options on the land. These options have now been obtained and the news is given out. The lucky owners are J. Conklin and Rev. J. D. Manley of Hinckley and James Morrison of Sandstone.

This discovery is not the result of chance. For several years Conklin believed there was copper to be found in paying quantities, and has devoted all his spare time in looking for it. Three years ago he sold out his stock of hardware that he might devote more time to prospecting.

The work of developing the mine will be begun at once. Many applications have been made for an interest, and plenty of capital has been offered. The copper is found in a narrow strip of rock that follows the Kettle river for miles, and it is the belief of the fortunate owners that the vein extends for miles and that many other mines will be located.

LOANS TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS.

Loans amounting to $28,902.03 from the state school and other funds have been made by the state investment board to school districts, towns and counties. The board turned down the application of District No. 2, Itasca county, near La Prairie, for $60,000 for the construction of a new school building. The members of the board thought the loan too large for the number of people in the district and the pupils in the school.

The applications granted were: District 31, Kittson, $400; District 25, Morrison, $300; Districts 17 and 33, Wright, Stearns and Sherburne, $5,000; District 35, Marshall, $800; District 33, Otter Tail, $700; District 68, Becker, $250; District 156, town of Lake Pleasant, Red Lake county, $1,000; Garden City, Blue Earth county, $3,000; East Side, Mille Lacs county, $1,500; Norman county, for three ditches, $15,132.03.

After these loans are paid there will still be about $150,000 in the permanent school fund available for this purpose.

CODE BETTER THAN SUPPOSED.

Lawyers Find It Less Troublesome Than Expected.

Up to the present the new code has not proved the bad bungle that people supposed it would be. Attorneys say that the code instead of making unlimited trouble, as was supposed before it was known what was in it, has really simplified matters.

"We are finding a number of changes in the code," said Royal A. Stone, assistant attorney general, "but the most of them are inconsequential. So far no one has found anything that would seriously affect the workings of any department of the state. The code simplifies matters a great deal, for most of the changes made in the code will cut out some of the red tape procedure that had to be gone through under the old laws and at the same time leave the real results the same, and by cutting out the red tape make it easier to arrive at them.

"As far as legal procedure is concerned the code will simplify matters a great deal. The substance of the laws is not changed so much as was supposed, and now instead of going through the session laws for a number of years and supreme court decisions besides, we can find what we want with little trouble. Under the old laws, after we had gone through the statutes for all the years to find all the provisions on some matter, we would have to go through the supreme court decisions to find out if some of them had not been declared unconstitutional. Everything that has been declared unconstitutional has been left out of the code. Many things that were covered by several chapters scattered through different years in the old laws are condensed into a clear statement of one paragraph in the code.

"Considering what the code had to go through, first in the hands of the commission and then in the legislature, it is really a remarkable piece of work."

Many other attorneys agree with Mr. Stone. State officials, county officials and attorneys have been busy ever since the first copies got out trying to find new provisions, but so far no one has discovered anything serious.

COPPER NEAR HINCKLEY.

Search Leads to the Discovery of a Paying Vein.

Copper has been discovered in paying quantities just east of Hinckley on the rocky ridge along Kettle river in a vein nearly six feet in width and practically on the surface. It appears to be an inexhaustible supply.

This vein was discovered last fall, but the prospectors kept the matter quiet till they could secure options on the land. These options have now been obtained and the news is given out. The owners are J. Conklin and Rev. J. D. Manly of Hinckley and James Morrison of Sandstone.

This discovery is not the result of chance. For several years Conklin believed there was copper to be found in paying quantities, and has devoted all his spare time in looking for it. Three years ago he sold out his stock of hardware that he might devote more time to prospecting.

The work of developing the mine will be begun at once. Many applications have been made for an interest and plenty of capital has been offered. The copper is found in a narrow strip of rock that follows the Kettle river for miles, and it is the belief of the fortunate owneers that the vein extends for miles and that many other mines will be located.

TO DRAIN SWAMP LAND.

State Engineer Suggests Plan to Reclaim Large Tracts.

State Engineer George Ralph has written to Congressman Steenerson suggesting an amendment to the homestead laws which he believes will prove especially beneficial to the northwestern section of the state. The amendment proposes that where government land is swampy, and in need of reclamation, that the federal government pay the expenses of drainage and that such expense be a lien against the land until paid for by the person taking the claim. The payments are to be in small installments, so that no hardship would be worked on the homesteader. By such an amendment, Mr. Ralph believes the land which at present is of little value, can be thrown open quickly to settlement, and instead of being a dead weight to the government, would be a source of revenue.

The name of John Ehnes was stricken from the primary election ballot as a Republican candidate for the mayorality nomination by Judge Orr at St. Paul, on the ground that Ehnes is insane. He was committed to the Rochester asylum last fall and is out on parole. He imagined himself mayor.

Justice B. Baardson of the town of St. Olaf sent notice to the district court at Fergus Falls of the arrest and conviction of M. Ike, a young man of that town, on the charge of playing poker for money. The game was played with a neighbor at the home of Mr. Ike. A fine of $4 was imposed, which he paid. This is the first poker conviction on record here.

Burglars at Cokato robbed the stores owned by Matt Lofbrecht, where they got $5, and Chris Krimbring, where they secured $100. Entrance was made through the back doors.

William Welk of Sauk Rapids met with a sudden and tragic death. He was at the bottom of a thirty-foot well when it caved in and buried him under twenty feet of earth. It will be several days before the body can be recovered, as the well will have to be curbed in to that depth. He leaves an invalid wife.

Defective electric wiring is said to have been the cause of a fire which damaged the egg and storage plant of E. B. Schoonmaker in Winona. The loss is estimated at $2,500, covered by insurance.

Congress.

Resume of the Week's Proceedings.

Thursday.

Washington, March 9. — The house yesterday passed the Indian appropriation bill, carrying $7,785,528. It then proceeded to tangle itself up over the bill to abolish the grade of lieutenant general in the army. The result was an adjournment for lack of a quorum after members had been locked in the hall for half an hour and the assistant sergeant-at-arms had been scurrying to the various hotels in search of members. The vote to consider the bill showed an overwhelming sentiment in its favor, and as it is the pending business under call of committees, it will probably be reached and passed in due course.

Yesterday afforded the last opportunity for general debate in the senate on the statehood bill and the entire time of the session was devoted to that order of business. The whole time was occupied by three senators, Mr. Beveridge, supporting the bill, and Messrs. McCumber and Patterson opposing it.

Friday.

Washington, March 9. — Yesterday at 5:35 p. m. the senate passed a bill for the admission of a new state to be called Oklahoma and to be composed of the Territory of Oklahoma and Indian Territory. It was the house joint statehood bill with all the provisions relating to Arizona and New Mexico stricken out. The motion to strike out was made by Mr. Burrows and it was carried by the close vote of 37 to 35, after having been lost in committee of the whole by the still closer vote of 35 to 36.

Immediately after the disposal of the statehood bill the house railroad rate bill was made the unfinished business, but as the senate adjourned over Saturday and Sunday, formal consideration of that measure will not begin until Monday.

What Bill Provides.

As amended by the senate the bill provides for the creation of the State of Oklahoma out of Oklahoma and Indian Territories upon the adoption of a constitution. The state is allowed the usual quota of executive, judicial and legislative officers, two United States senators and five members of the national house of representatives. A constitutional convention with 110 members, 55 of which are to be chosen by each of the territories comprising the state, is provided for.

In the House.

The house yesterday passed 408 private pension bills and devoted three hours to the consideration of a bill providing a uniform system of naturalization.

Tuesday.

Washington, March 13.—There was a sharp division of opinion in the senate yesterday over the question whether the Tillman-Gillespie resolution instructing the interstate commerce commission to inquire into the railroad holdings of coal and oil lands was of a character justifying the president's message regarding it. Senator Tillman complained that the president had charged congress with insincerity, pretence and ignorance, and Senators Lodge and Spooner took the position that the charge of ignorance was warranted. The debate was spirited but was interrupted at 2 o'clock when the railroad bill was called up and Senator Culberson made a two hours' legal argument in which he supported a bill of his own which he had introduced as a substitute for the pending house bill.

The house devoted its attention to legislation for the District of Columbia yesterday.

Tuesday.

Washington, March 14.—Before taking up the railroad question yesterday the senate passed a number of bills, some of which were of considerable importance. One of them provides for the punishment of government officials for the premature divulgence of secret information of government bureaus in such matters as the crop reports.

Mr. Simmons made the speech of the day on the railroad rate question. He announced his support of the house measure but said he would not oppose reasonable modifications.

Mr. Tillman announced that after to-day he would seek to have the rate bill kept up for consideration each day immediately after disposing of the routine business of the senate.

The House devoted itself yesterday to general debate on the legislative appropriation bill.

Washington, March 15.—The railroad rate bill reached the controversial stage in the senate yesterday. The question came up in the regular order of business shortly before 2 o'clock and held the floor until the doors were closed for a brief executive session, a few minutes after 5 o'clock.

Mr. Rayner was the chief speaker and the debate that took place was provoked by some of his utterances. Among the senators who were aroused by him were Messrs. Foraker, Lodge and Dolliver.

The argument of Mr. Rayner was directed in favor of the general proposition that congress has the right to fix rates, but that the bill should be so amended as to dispense with the suspension provision. He also advocated other amendments.

The second day of general debate on the legislative bill developed discussion of the retirement of aged clerks, interspersed with a speech on statehood by Mr. Babcock of Wisconsin, one on the restriction of immigration by Mr. Gardner of Massachusetts.

Norfolk, Va., March 15. — Louis Brown, twenty-nine years old, awaiting trial on Friday for the murder of Flossie Reese, at whom he threw a lighted lamp which exploded, fatally burning the woman, committed suicide in his cell in the Norfolk jail yesterday morning by cutting his throat with a sharp penknife which he had in some unknown manner smuggled into the jail.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 24, 1906. NUMBER 36.

PACKERS ARE HELD IMMUNE

BUT INDICTMENT HOLDS AGAINST CORPORATIONS IS JUDGE'S DECISION.

URGES SPEEDY PROSECUTION

DISTRICT ATTORNEY WANTS TO GET AFTER CORPORATIONS AT ONCE.

Chicago, March 22. — All of the packers who were indicted by the federal grand jury last summer upon charges of being in conspiracy in restraint of trade and commerce were yesterday granted immunity from criminal prosecution under the indictment. While the individuals are to go free, the indictments found against the corporations, of which some of the indicted individuals are members and others are employes, are to stand.

A decision to the above effect was handed down yesterday afternoon by Judge J. Otis Humphrey in the United States district court. The arguments in the case were concluded shortly after 3 o'clock and Judge Humphrey at once commenced the delivery of his opinion.

Judge Renders Decision.

It was oral, and the judge spoke for nearly an hour before giving the slightest indication of what the ultimate decision would be.

He decided in favor of the packers in their contention that they were compelled by the government to furnish information, saying that under no circumstances could it be construed that the defendants in the case had volunteered information. He declared that it was evident that all the information had been compelled. The court held that the crucial fact in the case was the interview at the Chicago club between Commissioner Garfield and representatives of the packers, in the course of which the commissioner

Outlined His Powers

and indicated to the packers that he was able to force them to surrender information to his department if they declined to furnish it. He reviewed the case at length in all its bearings, cited all the essential facts which had been brought out, and concluded as follows:

"Under the law in this case the immunity pleas filed by the defendants will be sustained as to the individuals and denied as to the corporations, the artificial persons, and the jury will find in favor of the government as far as the corporations are concerned and against the government as far as the individuals are concerned."

Defendants Are Jubilant.

During the rendition of the decision the court was crowded by the defendants and numerous spectators. Edward Morris and Edward Swift were in court and both smiled happily when the decision was announced. J. Ogden Armour was not present, but some of the men prominent in the employ of Armour & Co. who were under indictment were there, and their joy was great. When the judge announced that the indictments would not lie against them they crowded together and commenced to shake hands in

Mutual Congratulation.

Immediately following the dismissal of the jury District Attorney Morrison raised the question of the date for the trial of the corporations. He asked that the case be set for trial and that it commence within two weeks. This met with a storm of protest from attorneys for the packers, who insisted they would be unable to prepare for the case before the fall of the year.

After some discussion Judge Humphrey directed that the lawyers agree among themselves upon a date and notify him of their decision next week. It is expected that the total number of witnesses in this trial when it begins will number at least 1,600.

CUBAN POLICE SEIZE ARMS.

Demonstration to Prevent Convening of Congress Feared.

Havana, March 22.—Secret police discovered and seized yesterday a quantity of arms, ammunition and dynamite, which was sent by express from the interior of the island to Havana yesterday morning and carried to a private house. Three arrests have been made in connection with the seizure. The authorities declare there is no cause for apprehension, but the police reserve has been increased in view of a possible demonstration with the object of preventing the convening of the new congress April 2.

King to Visit Sultan.

Berlin, March 22.—A confidential communication just received here from Constantinople states that preparations are quietly being pushed for the reception of King Edward, who is expected to visit the sultan, coming direct by sea.

Senator Bailey's Father Dead.

New Orleans, March 22. — After a month's illness Joseph W. Bailey, father of Senator Joseph W. Bailey of Texas, died in a sanitarium yesterday. He was seventy-two years old.

FAIL TO REACH AGREEMENT

ILLINOIS SHOT-FIRERS' LAW HOLDS UP JOINT SCALE CONFERENCE.

Indianapolis, March 22.—The joint scale committees of the joint conference of the coal operators and miners of the Central competitive and Southwest districts were in session almost the entire day, but nothing was accomplished toward arriving at an agreement.

The committee of the Central competitive field, composed of Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania, devoted its sessions to discussion of the Illinois shot-firers' law, which the operators of that state claim unjustly discriminates against them, as it adds an additional expense of from 2 to 10 cents on each ton of coal mined. The miners' representatives on the committee refused to make any declaration upon the subject and asked for a recess until this morning that they might caucus.

The committees of both districts will report to their several joint conferences as soon as they have reached a definite understanding. Any agreement reached must be ratified by these several conferences, the members of which are awaiting the action of their committees.

17 FEET OF WIRE IN HIS BODY.

Victim of Accident in Chicago Leaves Columbus Hospital.

Columbus, Ohio, March 22.—Louis Thyrium left a hospital here yesterday with seventeen feet of silver wire in his body. He entered the hospital in such a condition that it was thought he would never leave it alive. He was injured in a street car accident in Chicago, and was "twisted up" internally. Dr. C. S. Hamilton took the case in hand and several weeks ago performed a most remarkable operation. Since that time Thyrium has gradually recovered, and although weak, was able to leave the hospital. Thyrium had a lung and his heart displaced by being hit by a street car and was not expected to live. Dr. Hamilton, as a last resort, determined to replace the organs by means of wire and used seventeen feet of it to do so.

TAWNEY SAYS "NO."

Sherman Will Head Congressional Campaign Committee.

Washington, March 22.—Representative James S. Sherman of New York will succeed Representative Joseph W. Babcock of Wisconsin as chairman of the Republican congressional campaign committee. Representative James A. Tawney of Minnesota authorized the announcement yesterday that he was not a candidate and would not accept the committee chairmanship. At the suggestion of Mr. Babcock and Mr. Sherman the Minnesota member has signified his willingness to act as vice chairman of the committee. While the committee elects its own officers, the decision of leadeers that Mr. Sherman shall be chairman and Mr. Tawney vice chairman will undoubtedly be approved by the party organization.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, March 22. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 76 1-2@76 3-4c; No. 2 Northern 73 1-2@75c; No. 3, 72@74c. Corn —No. 3 yellow, 36 1-2@37c. Oats—No. 3 white, 27 1-2@28c.

Minneapolis, March 22—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 77 1-4c; No. 1 Northern, 76 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 74 3-4@ 75 1-4c; durum, 68@70c. Oats—No. 3 white, 28c.

Duluth, March 22. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 76 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 74 3-4c; flax, $1.17 1-4; rye, 56c.

Chicago, March 22.—Wheat—No. 2 red, 82 1-2@84 1-2c; No. 2 hard, 77@ 81c; No. 1 Northern, 78 1-2@81 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 77 1-2@80 1-2c. Corn —No. 2, 42 1-2@43c. Oats — No. 2, 29 3-4c.

Milwaukee, March 22.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 78@80c; No. 2 Northern, 75@78c. Rye—No. 1, 62 @ 62 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 54@55c. Oats—Standard, 31 1-2@31 3-4c.

Sioux City, Iowa, March 22—Cattle—Beeves, $4 @ 5.50; cows, bulls and mixed, $3@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3@4.25; calves and yearlings, $3@4. Hogs—Bulk, $6.05@6.10.

Chicago, March 22.—Beeves, $3.90@ 6.30; stockers and feeders, $2.65@4.70; 6.35; stockers and feeders, $2.65@4.70; cows and heifers, $1.50@4.90. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.05@6.37 1-2; bulk, $6.25@6.35. Sheep, $3.80@6.10; lambs, $4.75@6.90.

South St. Paul, March 22.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3@ 4.50; good to choice milch cows, $30@ 40. Hogs — Price range, $6.05@6.20; bulk, $6.10. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $6@6.50; fair to good, $4.50@ 5.75; yearling wethers, $5.25@6; good to choice ewes, $4.25@5.

In Snowdrift Two Days.

Bloomington, Ill., March 22.—The Illinois Central train marooned in the drifts near Argenta, twelve miles from Decatur, has been released and reached Champaign two days late. Neighboring farmers supplied the twelve passengers with food. All railroads are now open.

Bought Strychnine—Found Dead.

Baraboo, Wis., March 22.—Herman Ellert, Reedsburg, purchased strychnine to kill rats, and was found dead at home soon after.

Northwest News.

MAIL SACK CAUSES WRECK.

When Thrown It Releases Switch, Wrecking Three Cars.

Burlington, Iowa, March 21. — A fast east-bound passenger train on the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy was partly wrecked at Lockridge yesterday afternoon by a misplaced switch. The dining car, a sleeping car and an observation car broke away from the rest of the train and dashed into the rear end of a work train, demolishing a car occupied by a number of workmen. Swan Bloom of Burlington, cook on the work train, was killed and a dozen persons were severely injured. A mail sack when thrown out struck a switch post, breaking it and releasing the switch, thus sidetracking the last three cars of the passenger train and demolishing them against the caboose of the work train.

HAMLINE WILL GET LIBRARY.

Andrew Carnegie Promises $30,000 for Building.

St. Paul, March 21.—A Carnegie library to cost $30,000 is to be erected at Hamline university as soon as an endowment of $30,000 is raised for the purpose of maintaining the new institution. President George H. Bridgman of the university has received from Andrew Carnegie a letter containing information that Mr. Carnegie gladly would pay for the erection of the library, provided that the endowment is raised. Dr. Bridgman will lose no time in meeting the condition and secure the fund required. He is confident that he will succeed in finding friends of the institution willing to help secure the Carnegie gift.

HERO DIES IN POORHOUSE.

Former Comrades, However, Give His Remains an Imposing Burial.

Webster City, Iowa, March 21. — John Gates, one of the company who marched from this city to the relief of Spirit Lake at the time of the Indian massacre in March, 1857, was buried here yesterday by four surviving comrades in arms. He died in the poorhouse, the body having been sent to a medical school, which fact was discovered by former comrades. The funeral was imposing, the church being filled with gray-bearded men.

WORKMEN BADLY SCALDED.

Thought Steam Had Been Shut Off and Loosened Cylinder Head.

Hudson, Wis., March 21. — James Coyne and Martin Swanson were severely scalded at the Omaha shops yesterday while preparing to clean out the power boiler. They supposed the steam had been shut off and proceeded to loosen the cylinder head. The pressure of steam blew out the head, enveloping the men in a shower of steam. Both men are in a critical condition.

CONFIRMS TWO SENTENCES.

Montana Supreme Court Passes on Three Murder Cases.

Helena, Mont., March 21.—The supreme court yesterday handed down opinions in three murder cases, condemning to death two men, Miles Fuller of Butte, and Lu Sing of Bozeman, a Chinaman. F. W. K. Beeskove (Coyote Bill) of Missoula was granted a new trial because of incomplete information. He was also under sentence of death.

NORTH DAKOTAN IS KILLED.

Self-Defense Is Plea of Man Who Is Arrested.

Geneseo, N. D., March 21. — L. M. Van Buskirk is dead and J. Hazzlet is a prisoner as the result of a shooting affray here Saturday night. Hazzlet, it os charged, shot Van Buskirk for trespassing on his property, the tragedy being the sequel of a quarrel of a year's standing. The prisoner declares he shot his victim in self-defense.

MAN ON SPREE KILLS SELF.

Farmer Crazed With Drink Cuts His Throat.

Devils Lake, N. D., March 21. — Peter Rustom, a farmer living near Lawton, about twenty miles northwest of this city, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor. Rustom was crazed with drink, having been on a protracted spree. The coroner has gone to investigate.

Fire Evicts Hudson Doctor.

Hudson, Wis., March 21. — Fire partly destroyed the residence of Dr. M. Whitten in South Hudson yesterday afternoon, entailing a loss of $1,500, covered by $1,000 insurance.

Fine Farm House Burned.

Ridgeland, Wis., March 21.—D. F. Blyton, an old settler, near here, lost his house and contents yesterday by fire. Loss, $3,500; insurance, $1,500. Mr. Blyton was injured while trying to extinguish the fire.

Held on Blind Pig Charge.

Miller, S. D., March 21. — Justice McCool yesterday held Henry Glegg, a St. Lawrence druggist, to the circuit court in $300 bonds on the charge of illegally selling liquor.

YOUTH IS SHOT DEAD.

Julius Blackstad of Watonwan County Gets Charge of Shot in Breast.

St. James, Minn., March 22.—Julius Blackstad, seventeen years old, son of Samuel Blackstad, was killed in the town of Nelson, Watonwan county, on Sunday afternoon. With a companion, Fred Bottum, he was behind the barn on the Blackstad farm, and the boys had their shotguns with them. Fred had his gun in his hand, but that belonging to the Blackstad boy was lying on the ground. Blackstad picked it up by the muzzle and was pulling it toward him when it was discharged and a large charge of No. 5 shot entered his left breast, causing instant death.

BIG ICE FIELD HAS GONE.

Early Navigation Is Expected at Head of Lakes.

Duluth, March 22.—The great ice field, fully twenty miles long and fitting in between the Minnesota and Wisconsin shores, that occupied the head of Lake Superior has gone as quickly as it came. The main body floated off down the lake last week, and Monday night's high wind removed what ice remained to the south shore, where it occupies a very small compass. Hundreds of people were skating on the ice Sunday. The leaving of the ice field is regarded as a harbinger of early navigation at the Head of the Lakes.

DOGS RAID SHEEP.

Over 100 Sheep Killed by Brutes or in Seeking to Escape.

Estelline, S. D., March 22. — Sheep owners in this vicinity are greatly excited over a raid made on the sheep of G. B. Pope, a farmer near here, by dogs. The raid resulted in a loss of over 100 sheep, the greatest number ever killed by dogs in this part of the state. Only a few of the sheep were killed outright, the rest having been crushed and smothered to death in their efforts to escape from their pursuers. The loss will run into hundreds of dollars.

"SPELLING BEE" REVIVED.

Swift County R[illegible] Purpose to Improve in Word Construction.

Appleton, Minn., March 22.—Swift county has revived the "spelling bee." The county superintendent of schools is reported to have said that one-half of the people of the county cannot spell correctly the word "separate" and that not one-third of the number can correctly spell the days of the week and months of the year. Thirty dollars in gold has been offered in prizes to entice pupils toward correct word construction.

FIRE-EATER BURNED ALIVE.

Incidentally, a Theater in Juneau, Alaska, Is Destroyed.

Seattle, Wash., March 22. — A private dispatch from Juneau, Alaska, reports a destructive fire which destroyed the Louvre theater in that city, as follows:

"Theater burned Saturday night: John King dead."

The Louvre is a two-story building of wood and was erected fifteen years ago. It cost $25,000. John King, mentioned in the telegram as being dead, did the fire-eating act.

SOUTH AMERICAN COMING.

Former President of Ecuador Seeking Residence in Wisconsin.

Milwaukee, Wis., March 22. — Ex-President Plaza of Ecuador may make his home in Sheboygan. Manager Genzenbach, of the Sheboygan Light and Railway company, has a letter from his brother in Aauta, Ecuador, Consul Paul Ganzenbach, inquiring for a home for Plaza here. Plaza has also written.

SALOONS AID REVIVALS.

Bars Are Closed During Evening Meetings at Sauk Center.

Sauk Center, Minn., March 22.—The evangelistic meetings are still being conducted in the opera house. Great interest is being taken. The saloons voluntarily close their bars every evening from 7 to 9 o'clock and all other business places close early.

To Test Scope of Law.

Madison, Wis., March 22. — The Wisconsin supreme court yesterday granted leave to bring suit testing whether the state bank examiner's department comes under jurisdiction of the Wisconsin civil service law.

Lid on at Butte.

Butte, Mont., March 22.—As a result of a crusade instituted some weeks ago by an organization of citizens known as the Civic league, Sheriff John J. Quin has notified all gambling houses to close their doors.

Two Killed; One Injured.

Cedar Falls, Iowa, March 22.—The gas plant at this place blew up yesterday, killing James Dorris and Bus Seipert and severely injuring William Schroeder. The explosion was caused by a leak.

Drowning Is Denied.

Manitowoc, Wis., March 22. — It is reported here by several persons that Michael Hickey, who was said to have fallen overboard during the fire on the steamer Atlanta, is safe in this cit

The State DAY BY DAY

ELECT VILLAGE OFFICERS.

Returns From 131 Villages Have Been Received.

Returns of election results at 131 villages and townships have been received. Of this number the license question was made the issue in seventy-nine places, and the corrected returns show that forty-three voted for license and thirty-six against. The following list shows how they are divided:

Wet—43.

Annandale,
Afton,
Benson,
Cambridge,
Clearwater,
Clithero,
Cokato,
Cottonwood,
Climax,
Deer Creek,
Eyota,
Fertile,
Fosston,
Hayfield,
Hanley Falls,
Kenyon,
Longby,
Brown's Valley,
Buffalo,
Vernon Center,
Madison Lake,
Fulda,
Mountain Lake,
Henning,
Altona,
Montevideo,
Long Lake,
Madelia,
Mentor,
Montrose,
Nerstrand,
Owatonna,
Perham,
Royalton,
Renville,
Slayton,
Solway,
Spring Valley,
West Concord,
Welcome,
Wood Lake,
Woodstock,
Zumbrota.

Dry—36.

Atwater,
Ada,
Audubon,
Beltrami,
Battle Lake,
Brownsdale,
Belgrade,
Broten,
Clinton,
Chandler,
Dawson,
Delavan,
Dennison,
Eagle Lake,
Edgerton,
Elmore,
Elizabeth,
Lake Benton,
Windom,
Rothsay,
Erskine,
Frazee,
Hawley,
Henning,
Heron Lake,
Howard Lake,
Halstad,
Leroy,
Milan,
McIntosh,
Plainview,
Pelican Rapids,
Shelley,
Twin Valley,
Ulen,
Winnebago.

GAINS ON BUTTER RECORD.

Minnesota Produced 80,000,000 Pounds in 1905.

There is every indication that Minnesota will make its usual record of a 7,000,000 pound increase in the production of butter for 1905. Creamery reports are coming in slowly, but they furnish every sign that more than 80,000,000 pounds of butter was produced in Minnesota last year, which will keep the remarkable record at the point where it has been for the last four years.

Ever since 1901 Minnesota has increased its butter production by at least 7,000,000 pounds a year. In 1903, one of the first years in which the production wa saccurately kept, there were produced in Minnesota 63,726,808 pounds of butter. Since that year the number of pounds has increased 14,000,000 pounds, so that it is safe to predict that the total for the past year will foot up very close to 75,000,000 pounds.

In the increase of the number of cows supplying milk to the various creameries, the results will be as gratifying as the increase in the production of butter. The last state census showed more than 800,000 cows in the state and the last figures compiled by the state dairy and food department show that in 1903 only 435,740 of that number were supplying milk to the various creameries.

It is a conservative estimate that during the last two years there has been an increase of 50,000 to 75,000 cows in the herds of the state supplying milk to the creameries.

The department is busy at work on its biennial report and will soon have some very interesting data at hand.

MAY ENFORCE EYE INSPECTION.

Code Gives State Health Board Larger Powers.

The executive committee of the state board of health at a meeting in St. Paul discussed ways and means for complying with the new measures of the revised laws. The new code increases the duties of the board and at the regular meeting of the board a plan will be proposed by which the board can assume some of the new powers.

There is a long list of things for which the board must draw up new rules, important among which is the treatment of children with diseased eyes and the regulation of car sanitation. The board has not had complete control over these two matters. Under the new code the health board may compel the recalcitrant school boards to make a proper examination of the school children's eyes and report cases that are contagious. The new code leaves to the board the power to draw up rules regulating this matter.

Escaped Convict Caught.

Bakersfield, Cal., March 15.—A man identified as Ingwald Running, who escaped from the Wisconsin State reformatory at Green Bay in 1902, has been captured in this city by Sheriff Kelly and is now in jail pending the arrival of an officer from the East.

G. Gessell, Indian Fighter, Dies.

Alma, Wis., March 18. — Gebhard Gessell, a member of Gen. Brackett's famous band of Indian fighters in the 60s, died yesterday at his home here, aged sixty-three.

BASIS FOR REPRESENTATION.

Average Vote Plan Gives State a Square Deal.

Secretary C. H. Warner of the Republican state committee has figured out the number of delegates each county will be entitled to in the convention this year if the average vote for candidates on the state ticket is taken as the basis. The total, giving the counties five at large and one for each 250 votes or major fraction, would be 1,089. The total two years ago, based on the McKinley vote of 1900, was 1,167. If based on the Roosevelt vote the convention would have 1,285 delegates, and based on the Dunn vote alone it would have 975.

There were eleven candidates on the state ticket, and the total vote cast for each one was as follows: Dunn, governor, 140,130; Jones, lieutenant governor, 155,014; Hanson, secretary of state, 181,706; Block, treasurer, 187,252; Young, attorney general, 180,246; Lewis, supreme court justice, 167,766; Elliott, justice, 165,256; Brown, justice, 179,353; Young, railroad commissioner, 166,913; Mills, railroad commissioner, 156,694.

The following table gives the representation by counties. The first column shows what each county would have under the Roosevelt vote; the second column gives the representation under the Dunn vote, and the third column shows what each county had last time, under the McKinley vote. The fourth column gives the number of delegates for each county on the basis of the average vote for the state ticket:

	Roosevelt, 1904	Dunn, 1904	McKinley, 1904	Av. Vote, 1904
Aitkin	10	9	9	9
Anoka	11	10	11	10
Becker	12	9	12	11
Beltrami	13	11	10	11
Benton	10	8	8	8
Big Stone	10	9	9	9
Blue Earth	19	15	20	17
Brown	13	11	12	11
Carleon	11	9	9	10
Carver	12	10	12	11
Cass	10	9	9	9
Chippewa	12	9	11	10
Chisago	15	10	14	12
Clay	14	9	13	11
Clearwater	9	7	[illegible]	8
Cook	6	6	5	6
Cottonwood	11	8	10	9
Crow Wing	14	11	12	12
Dakota	16	13	13	13
Dodge	11	9	11	10
Douglas	14	10	13	11
Faribault	16	13	17	13
Fillmore	18	15	18	15
Freeborn	16	13	15	14
Goodhue	23	18	25	19
Grant	10	8	9	9
Hennepin	131	68	113	99
Houston	11	11	12	10
Hubbard	11	9	9	9
Isanti	11	9	11	10
Itasca	12	10	8	10
Jackson	13	11	12	11
Kanabec	8	7	8	8
Kandiyohi	15	11	14	13
Kittson	9	7	9	8
Lac qui Parle	13	9	13	11
Lake	7	7	8	7
Le Sueur	18	12	13	12
Lincoln	10	9	8	9
Lyon	15	12	12	13
McLeod	11	9	12	10
Marshall	12	9	11	10
Martin	14	10	12	12
Meeker	14	10	13	12
Mille Lacs	11	10	9	10
Morrison	15	12	13	13
Mower	16	12	17	13
Murray	11	10	10	10
Nicollet	12	7	12	10
Nobles	12	10	12	11
Norman	12	10	11	11
Olmsted	16	13	16	14
Otter Tail	14	15	19	19
Pine	12	10	9	10
Pipestone	10	8	9	9
Polk	19	14	16	17
Pope	12	9	12	10
Ramsey	78	56	67	64
Red Lake	11	9	8	9
Redwood	14	11	14	12
Renville	17	12	16	14
Rice	18	12	17	15
Rock	10	8	10	9
Roseau	9	8	8	9
St. Louis	47	36	40	38
Scott	10	8	9	8
Sherburne	10	8	9	9
Sibley	12	9	12	10
Stearns	16	11	15	13
Steele	13	11	12	12
Stevens	10	8	9	9
Swift	12	9	11	10
Todd	17	13	14	15
Traverse	9	7	8	8
Wabasha	14	12	13	12
Wadena	10	8	9	9
Waseca	12	10	12	10
Washington	17	13	17	14
Watonwan	11	9	11	10
Wilkin	9	8	8	8
Winona	20	16	18	17
Wright	18	14	18	16
Yellow Med.	13	10	12	11
Total	1285	975	1167	1089

No More Deadheads.

"Ah," gushed the beautiful girl at the reception, "so you came through the famous mountains by rail. Tell me of the chasms, canyons and passes."

The congressman frowned and looked troubled.

"I saw the canyons and chasms," he sighed, "but passes I saw none. I haven't seen a pass since the first of the year."

Suspicious people are apt to lose confidence in a temperance speaker who sips water from a tin cup.

Congress.

Resume of the Week's Proceedings.

Thursday.

Washington, March 16.—The senate yesterday continued consideration of the railroad rate question by listening to the reading of the report on the house bill by Mr. Tillman, and to a speech on that measure by Mr. Nelson.

Mr. Tillman's report was read at the request of Mr. Aldrich, who said that he was curious to hear the opinion of the South Carolina senator.

Brief attention was given to the message of the president transmitting the letter of the secretary of war relative to the recent Moro battle. Mr. Bacon spoke of the killing of the Moros as "slaughter" and Mr. Lodge deprecated criticism until the facts should be known.

A large number of private pension bills and some other semi-private bills were passed.

The killing of women and children at Mount Dajo by the American forces under Gen. Leonard Wood was severely denounced in the house yesterday by Representative Jones of Virginia.

Friday.

Washington, March 17.—Momentarily in the day there was a lapse in the vigilance of those who would prevent legislation taking away the rank of lieutenant general in the army, and the chances of Generals Corbin and MacArthur for promotion. Mr. Prince of Illinois, whose bill abolishing the grade is the regular order of business, slipped into the legislative breach. There was an immediate call to arms and for three hours the friends of the generals filibustered against the bill. The net result was that the previous question was ordered on it and an amendment offered by Mr. Grosvenor, which extends the time of the operation of the bill so as to allow the promotion of the two officers, is pending. On this amendment the house was voting, but without a quorum, when adjournment was had until Monday, when the vote will be completed.

Monday.

Washington, March 20.—The house yesterday reached a compromise on the bill for abolishing the grade of lieutenant general in the army, by providing that it shall not become effective until Oct. 12 next, in order that Generals Corbin and MacArthur may be promoted before their retirement.

An important bill, declared to be the first step toward a reorganization of the consular service, was passed.

During the completion of the general debate on the legislative bill Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio came to the defense of the army in the Mount Dajo battle and was replied to briefly by Mr. Williams, the minority leader, who asserted that all criticism was based on the official reports so far received.

The retirement of aged clerks received attention of the house for more than an hour, during which the debate was general.

There were three speeches on the railroad rate bill in the senate yesterday, Messrs. McCreary, Bailey and Heyburn being the orators.

Tuesday.

Washington, March 21. — In less than twenty minutes the senate yesterday voted away $140,000,000 of the public funds. The sum is carried by the pension appropriation bill, which brief document was the subject of very little discussion.

The railroad rate bill was laid aside and the major portion of the time devoted to the fortifications appropriation bill.

The house of representatives yesterday conducted business with a microscope in the one hand and the bill appropriating salaries for its officers and employes in the other. The result was that although five and one-half hours were spent in reading the bill for amendment, less than twenty-five pages were completed. The spirit of economy in little things was all-absorbing.

Washington, March 22.—The entire day in the senate was devoted to the consideration of the railroad rate bill. Mr. Culberson began the proceedings by presenting an amendment prohibiting corporations coming under the operation of the proposed law from making campaign contributions, and he was immediately followed by his colleague, Mr. Bailey, who offered the amendments so long promised by him. Both Mr. Bailey and Mr. Dolliver made speeches reiterating their views on the rate question, and they were followed by more or less extended remarks by Messrs. Tillman, Patterson, Heyburn and Knox.

The house adjourned immediately after it was called to order yesterday out of respect for the late George A. Patterson, the Pennsylvania member who died here yesterday morning.

POISON WORKS TOO SOON.

Wisconsin Man Repents of Attempted Suicide But Is Too Late.

Reedsburg, Wis., March 22. — Repenting too late of his rashness, Herman Ehlert, forty-three years old, summoned medical aid, but was unable to survive a dose of strychnine taken with suicidal intent.

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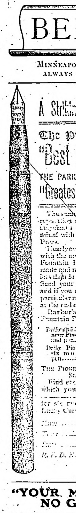

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Saturday, March 24, 1906.

SEVEN MILLION A YEAR.

Minnesota is the champion butter state of the union as to quality of product and the state is making notable progress toward championship in quantity as well.

For the past three years the increase in the production of butter in Minnesota has been seven million pounds per year and reports which are now being received by the state dairy and food commission indicate that the seven million gain has been equalled if not exceeded for the past year. The total production of butter for 1905 in Minnesota was more than eighty million pounds and an increase of seven million pounds in this amount speaks emphatically of the growth of dairying in the state.

When we consider how thinly creameries are scattered over the state, we may appreciate what the butter industry will become in Minnesota within a very few years. With Minnesota butter known as the best in the world, and with the development of dairying only begun, Minnesota offers wonderful opportunities to the farmer and wonderful inducements to the settler.—Crookston Times.

The St. Hilaire SPECTATOR is very much alarmed for fear that the men in the republican party who supported Gov. Van Sant and Judge Collins will have something to say regarding the nomination of a republican candidate this year. The men who followed Van Sant and Collins did nothing that they were ashamed of. They fought against railroad and corporation rule and won, and no doubt will be willing to do so again.—Thief River Falls News.

"Fought against the railroads and won!" Say John, do you mean it; or was it only a joke? If you have smashed any railroads tell us about it. We haven't heard about it and the way they are running the Great Northern and Northern Pacific we don't believe that the railroads are aware that they have lost anything. What we do want to know John is: Are you going to try and nominate a man who cannot be elected so that you can help the democrats elect Johnson again.

Two cents a mile is all right, but it is not half as important as having a square deal on freight rates. The railroads while making a bluff of opposition for public effect, will be well pleased with a change in the law abolishing railroad passes and making the passenger rate 2 cents a mile. They reason if they permit this to be done they can head off for several years the more important matter of giving the people fair freight rates. Your railroad boys are a wise lot—and they are working all the time, while the people pay the bills.—St. Cloud Journal-Press.

Minnesota, the "Bread and Butter" State now produces from her mines each year more iron ore than any other state in the Union or any empire under the sun. It has become a recognized fact that we live in the best state, and the one richest in natural resources, of any in the nation. Last year our one state for the first time produced more iron ore than the entire German empire, and this is merely the beginning.—Appleton Tribune.

The People Trading company, of Chicago, has failed. They have sold over a million dollars worth of stock to poor dupes, and had only $90 in the bank. The old time fakir used to say "that a sucker was born every minute." We have a larger population now and they may come faster. We understand that a few in this vicinity had stock in the concern.

R. A. Stone, assistant attorney general, has expressed an opinion that the new code does not provide for any compensation for village treasurers. Under the old law they were entitled to 2 per cent of the money paid out.

The winter may have been a mild one but it is making a good strong finish.

The new code fixes the salaries of county commissioners at $8 per month—and doesn't mention their board. The boys say that it will be easy enough to find plenty to eat, but the question that puzzles them is how they can find a way to spend the $8.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

The venerable Robert Smith has been renominated for mayor of St. Paul by the democrats. Something over fifty years ago he commenced holding office and he is still at it, which is a pretty good record for a democrat in a republican state.

Congressman Steenerson is reported to have feasted his colleagues at Washington to a moose dinner. Game Warden Sam Fullerton should have been invited.

Articles of Incorporation

....OF....

St. Hilaire Co-Operative Creamery Association.

WE, whose names are hereto subscribed, and whose residences are within the county of Red Lake, in the state of Minnesota, do hereby associate ourselves together as a co-operative association under the laws of the state of Minnesota, for which we have adopted the following constitution, viz:

ARTICLE I.

The name of the association shall be the St. Hilaire Co-operative Creamery Association, and its place of business shall be in the Village of St. Hilaire, in said Red Lake county.

ARTICLE II.

The object of this association shall be the manufacture of butter and cheese, or both, from whole milk and cream at actual cost.

ARTICLE III.

The officers of this association shall be a President, Vice-President, Secretary, Treasurer and three Trustees, who shall be elected annually at the regular annual meeting of the association, to be held on the first Monday of January of each year, and their term of office shall be one year and until their successors shall have been duly elected and qualified.

ARTICLE IV.

The duties of the respective officers shall be as follows: The President shall preside at all meetings of the association. He shall have power to call special meetings of the association whenever in his judgment it may be required by the business of the association or upon the written request of five or more members.

The Vice-President shall perform the duties of the President when he is absent or otherwise unable to attend to them.

The Secretary shall keep a record of all the meetings of the association, and make and sign all orders upon the Treasurer and pay over to the Treasurer all money which comes into his possession, taking the Treasurer's receipt therefor.

The Treasurer shall receive and receipt for all moneys belonging to the association and pay out the same only upon orders which shall be signed by the Secretary. The Secretary and Treasurer shall give bonds in such amount as the association shall provide.

The President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer and three Trustees shall constitute the Board of Directors, whose duties shall be to audit and allow all just claims against the association. They shall compute the amount of milk receipts, the amount of product sold, and the moneys received therefor, and, after deducting from the total receipts, the percentage herein provided for as a sinking fund and also the running expenses, on the 15th day of each month, divide the remaining receipts of the preceding month among the members and patrons of the association proportionately to the amount of whole milk or fat furnished by each.

The Board of Directors shall cause the Secretary to make, in writing, a report to the annual meeting of the association, setting forth in detail the gross amount of milk receipts, the net amount of receipts from products sold and all other receipts, the amount paid out for running expenses, the sums, if any, paid out for milk, and all other matters pertaining to the business of the association.

ARTICLE V.

The several members shall furnish all the milk from all the cows subscribed by each, all milk and cream, to be sound, fresh, unadulterated, pure and unskimmed, and patrons of the association, not members, may by agreement with the Board of Trustees furnish such amounts of milk as may be so agreed upon. The association shall receive all such milk so furnished, manufacture the same into butter, cheese or other products and sell and receive all moneys from the product; and from the moneys so received deduct such a percentage thereof or such a number of cents per one hundred pounds of milk as shall have been agreed upon by the association in the by-laws or otherwise, and also deduct the running expenses of the creamery, the remainder thereof to be distributed as provided in Article IV hereof.

ARTICLE VI.

Each member shall be entitled to one vote only at any meeting of the association. New members may be admitted as provided in the by-laws. Members shall be permitted to withdraw only as provided in the by-laws.

ARTICLE VII.

The first officers and Board of Trustees shall be as follows: K. O. Gigstad, President; W. A. Sorsoleil, Vice-President; G. A. Brooks, Secretary; Chas. Gustafson, Treasurer; N. A. Nelson, A. A. Odegaard and L. Hanson, Trustees

ARTICLE VIII.

The constitution may be amended at any annual meeting, or at any special meeting called for that purpose, provided that two-thirds of all members present vote in favor of such change; and provided further, that at least one-month's notice of such proposed amendment shall have been given in such manner as may be provided in the by-laws, or otherwise by the association.

ARTICLE IX.

The capital stock of this association shall be five thousand ($5,000.00) dollars, and the amount of each share twenty-five ($25.00) dollars.

....BY-LAWS....

SECTION I.

The Secretary and Treasurer shall give bonds in the sum of $5,000.00, both the bonds to be approved by the Board of Directors.

SECTION II.

Two per cent for shareholders and four per cent for non-shareholders on each one hundred pounds of milk received at the creamery shall be reserved to form a sinking fund.

SECTION III.

No milk shall be received or business of any kind transacted at the creamery on Sundays.

SECTION IV.

During the interval between the 20th day of May and the 20th day of September of each season all milk shall be delivered at the creamery as early at least as ten o'clock A. M.; during the remaining portion of the season as early as eleven o'clock A. M.

SECTION V.

All milk or cream delivered shall be sweet and in good condition; and if any be found otherwise, the operator may condemn the same and in such case he shall notify the president thereof. The operator shall preserve samples of every delivery of each patron's milk, testing same at proper intervals on the composite testing plan.

SECTION VI.

Any member or patron of the association found skimming, watering, or in any manner adulterating his milk offered at the creamery shall forfeit to the association as follows: For the first offense, ten dollars; for the second offense, twenty-five dollars; for the third offense he or she shall forfeit all interest in the association and also all claims for milk theretofore delivered to the association. But no such forfeiture shall be adjudged without first affording to the member or patron charged with so having skimmed, watered, or adulterated his milk, full opportunity to defend himself from such charge. Any member sending to the creamery any bloody or unhealthy milk, or any milk from any cow within four days after calving, shall, if convicted of having done so knowingly, forfeit as prescribed above in this section.

SECTION VII.

Members and patrons furnishing whole milk may take from the separator or tank at the creamery four-fifths of the quantity of milk (in pounds or quantity) delivered at the creamery by them on that day. Any member taking therefrom more than such amount shall forfeit to the association the sum of five dollars for each such taking.

SECTION VIII.

Withdrawals from the association shall be allowed only as follows: The member desiring to withdraw shall give at least one month's notice of his application therefor. Such application shall only be allowed on a vote of two-thirds of all members present and voting at any meeting for hearing at which such application shall have been noticed. Provided, however, that any member living more than three miles by the nearest road from the creamery building, may make application to the Board of Directors, who in their discretion may grant permission to such member to withdraw from the association.

SECTION IX.

Any member refusing to deliver at the creamery, the amount agreed to be there delivered, shall, without reasons satisfactory therefor to the association, forfeit all interest in the product on hand.

SECTION X.

Notice of any proposed amendment to the constitution shall be in writing or printing and shall be kept posted prominently in the creamery building and also on the walls of the delivery department for the reception of milk.

NAMES:

N. A. Nelson
G. A. Broods
Wm. Lauritzon
O. W. Brink
Aug. Swanson
John Johnson
Swan Johnson
J. S. Roy
W. A. Sorsoleil
Fred Soderberg
K. O. Gigstad
L. M. Rolland
Charles Gustafson
John Faustad
Mike McAndress
Anton Aubol
P. O. Hagglund
Andrew Soderberg
L. Hanson
H. M. Swanson
Ole Larson
W. J. Berglund
N. E. Beebe
Hubert Haupt
H. O. Haugen
Martin Hanson
Ed. Aubol
S. M. Wiberg

Anton E. Anderson
John Hedlund
Gust Konikson
E. E. Anderson
G. H. Sandum
Ole Johnson
A. P. Sandberg
Erick Anderson
Anton Peterson
John A. Peterson
Daug Martin
Simon Ahlberg
C. W. Peterson
John Sundahl
A. A. Erickson
E. G. Peterson
A. G. Anderson
Torger Hundland
John B. Larson
Andrew Nelson
John Sjoberg
Gustaf Johnson
Julius Nelson
Andrew J. Swanson
John Albin
Sam Thompson
Isaac Lagess
Sander Engebretson

A. S. Anderson

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To make life happy and bright,
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Take Rocky Mountain Tea at night.
Imperial Drug Co.

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Economical in Use
Moderate in Price

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THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

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9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:25am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

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St. Hilaire, Minn.

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ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

WINCHESTER

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LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

Supplement to St. Hilaire Spectator, Saturday, March 24, 1906.

COMMISSIONERS' DOINGS

Proceedings of the Special Session of County Board Held March 6 and 7, 1906.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota,
March 6, 1906.

Pursuant to a call dated February 20, 1906, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in special session at the court house at one o'clock p. m.

Commissioners Ekstrom, Demann, Johnson, Shaw and Falardeau were present.

The minutes of the meetings of January second and nineteenth were read and approved.

The petition of P. A. Ekstrom and others for a county ditch came up for hearing and the petition was read. After hearing the arguments of all persons interested for or against the construction of the proposed ditch, on motion made by Commissioner Ekstrom and seconded by Commissioner Demann, the following resolution appointing an engineer to survey the route of the said proposed ditch was adopted:

In the matter of the petition of P. A. Ekstrom and others for locating and constructing County Ditch No. 25 in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Red Lake. }

Whereas, a petition bearing date the seventeenth day of January, 1906, signed by P. A. Ekstrom, Marius Miller, August Hoppe, A. J. Larson, J. A. Anderson, Alfred Dahlstrom, Chas. Herman Peterson, Wilhelmina Ortloff, John Petterson and Erick Johnson, praying for the establishment of a certain drainage ditch in said county designated and numbered by the County Auditor as County Ditch No. 25, the route of which is more fully described in said petition, and a proper bond accompanying the same, has been filed with the county auditor of said county as by law required;

And Whereas, it appears by satisfactory proof to the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, that due notice of the pendency of said petition and the time and place at which the same would be heard, has been given as required by law;

Now, Therefore, We, the board of county commissioners of said county, at a special session held this day, do hereby appoint James K. Wood as a competent and experienced engineer to make an accurate survey of the line of said ditch from its source to its outlet as provided and specified in and by Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905 and after completing his duties as such engineer to make and file his report with the county auditor of said county on or before the thirtieth day of March, 1906.

Dated March 6, 1906.

By the Board,
(Seal) —DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman, Board County Commissioners of Red Lake County.
Attest: James E. Ford,
County Auditor.

On motion made by Commissioner Ekstrom, seconded by Commissioner Demann and carried unanimously, the following order appointing viewers on County Ditch No. 25, was made:

In the matter of the petition of P. A. Ekstrom and others for County Ditch No. 25, in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Red Lake. }

Whereas, A petition bearing date the seventeenth day of January, A. D. 1906, signed by P. A. Ekstrom, Marius Miller, August Hoppe, A. J. Larson, J. A. Anderson, Alfred Dahlstrom, Chas. Herman Peterson, Wilhelmina Ortloff, John Petterson and Erick Johnson, praying for the establishment of a ditch in said county, designated and numbered by the county auditor as County Ditch No 25, the route of which is fully described in said petition, together with a proper bond accompanying the same has been filed with the County Auditor of said county; and said county auditor has given due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the said notice has been published and served as by law required; and hearing had on said petition pursuant to said notice; and the said county commissioners of said county have heretofore duly appointed a competent engineer to-wit: James K. Wood, to make a survey of said ditch.

Now, Therefore, We, the board of county commissioners of said county, at a special session held this day, do hereby appoint Olaf Tande, Gilbert Haavi and Otto Zaiser, three resident freeholders of said county, who are not interested in the construction of said proposed work, and not a kin to any of the parties known to be interested therein, to be viewers of said proposed work and of the route thereof. The said viewers shall first take an oath to faithfully perform their duties as such viewers and thereafter, having received a certified copy of the petition for said ditch and of the order appointing them as such viewers and of the order of the county auditor of said county designating the time and place of the first meeting of said viewers, shall meet at the time and place specified in the order of the county auditor aforesaid and shall proceed to view said proposed work and the land damaged or benefitted thereby; and, having completed said view and examination of said work, shall make and file their report thereof with said county auditor of said county within thirty days from the date of their first meeting. In said report they shall in tabular form give the names of the owners of each tract of land so benefitted or damaged, (said names of owners to be the same as appear on the county tax duplicates of said county, and the description to be given in legal form), and the total number of acres in each of said tracts, the estimated number of acres in each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged (as the case may be), the number of acres added to any tract by the total or partial drainage of any meandered lake or the change of any watercourse and the location and value of such added land; the damage if any to riparian rights pertaining to any tract, and the amount that each tract of land will be benefitted or damaged by the construction of said work. In case said ditch drains, either in whole or part, any public corporate road or railroad, or benefits any such road so that the roadbed or traveled track of any such road will be made better by the construction of said ditch, said viewers shall estimate the benefits arising therefrom to said road, roadbeds or railroads, and report said benefits, together with the names of roads and other particulars necessary to identify the corporations, private or public, to be benefitted thereby, and amounts of benefits to each; they shall report as part of such tabular statement the damages awarded to each municipal or other corporation for injury to any road or roadbed, and from the necessary construction and maintenance of any bridge, culverts or other works rendered necessary by the establishment of such ditch, stating the same separately. They shall also report the total estimated benefits in respects to said ditch entire, and branches thereof if any, and also whether or not in their opinion, the estimated expense of the construction of said ditch including the damages assessed therefor, is greater than the utility of said proposed ditch; and whether or not said proposed ditch is impracticable for any reason, and, if so, stating the reason why it should not be constructed. In making said view and survey of said proposed work and their report thereon, the said viewers shall proceed according to Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905.

Dated this sixth day of March, A. D. 1906.

By the Board,
(Seal) —DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman, Board County Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota.
Attest: James E. Ford,
County Auditor.

The petition of Gunder Asbjornson and others for a new school district was read and no one appearing to be heard for or against the granting of the petition, on motion carried unanimously the same was granted and the following order was made:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Red Lake. }

The petition of Gunder Asbjornson and others who constitute a majority of the freeholders who are legal voters residing in the district hereinafter described, asking that the same be formed into a school district having been presented to the board of county commissioners of said Red Lake county, and the county superintendent of schools having endorsed on such petition his written approval thereon: and it appearing that there are within such district so to be formed the required number of residents between five and twenty-five years of age.

Now, said petition having been publicly read at a meeting of said board of county commissioners held on the sixth day of March, 1906, and it having been duly considered by said board,

It is by said board ordered, That a school district be and the same is hereby formed within the town of Mayfield in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

All of sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 in township 152 north, of range 41 west, in said county, the same to be school district No. 39 in county.

By order of the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at a meeting held March 6, 1906.

(Seal) —DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman, Board County Commissioners.
Attest: James E. Ford,
County Auditor.

The petition of Lars Brenden and others for a new school district was read and no one appearing to be heard for or against the granting of the petition, on motion carried unanimously the same was granted and the following order was made:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Red Lake. }

The petition of Lars Brenden and others, who constitute a majority of the freeholders who are legal voters residing in the district hereinafter described, asking that the same be formed into a school district, having been presented to the board of county commissioners of said Red Lake county, and the county superintendent of schools having endorsed on such petition his written approval thereof: and it appearing that there are within such district so to be formed the required number of residents between five and twenty-one years of age;

Now, said petition having been publicly read at a meeting of said board of county commissioners held on the sixth day of March, 1906, and it having been duly considered by said board,

It is by said board ordered that a school district be and the same is hereby formed within the town of Kratka, in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

All of sections 1 and 2 and the south half of sections 3, 4 and 5, all of sections 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and all that part of sections 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27 located on the north side of the Red Lake river, all in township 153 north, of range 41 west, the same to be school district No. 41 in said county.

By order of the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at a meeting held March 6, 1906.

(Seal) —DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners.
Attest: James E. Ford,
Auditor, Red Lake County.

The petition of J. S. Roy to be set off with his lands from school district No. 227 to independent school district No. 102 came up for hearing and was publicly read. On motion carried unanimously the same was rejected.

On motion carried unanimously the application of M. C. Harlow for correction of assessment and abatement of taxes on certain lots in Knox' Addition to Red Lake Rapids for the year 1905 was granted subject to the approval of the state auditor.

On motion duly carried the county auditor was instructed to procure 150 copies of the financial statement of the county for the year 1905 in pamphlet form at the agreed price of $30.00.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Be it Resolved, that the sum of $100 be and is hereby appropriated from the County Road and Bridge fund to aid the town of Sanders in grading and repairing the road between sections 9 and 16 and 10 and 15 in said town, provided that said township appropriate at least an equal amount from the treasury of said town and expend it for the same purpose.

The following resolution was adopted unanimously:

Be it Resolved, That the sum of $200 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county road and bridge fund to aid in the construction of a bridge across Lost river on the section line between sections 2 and 3 in township 150 north, of range 42 west in Red Lake county.

On motion carried unanimously the applications of S. M. Sivertson and H. E. Ives for abatement of taxes for the year 1905 on personal property were rejected.

On motion duly carried the applications for correction of assessment and abatement of taxes of L. T. Bergh, C. F. Case, Ole O. Legvold and Addie Longtin were recommended for approval by the state auditor.

On motion duly carried a recess was taken to March 7, 1906.

March 7, 1906 the board reconvened with all members present.

On motion carried unanimously, auctioneer's licenses were granted to C. M. Evenson, M. C. Knutson, Joseph Belair and Daniel Patterson.

The application of E. P. Paquin for license to sell intoxicating liquors at the village of Lambert in Red Lake county was read and on motion duly carried the same was granted, all commissioners voting aye except Commissioner Ekstrom.

The petition of P. E. Bergh and others for a new school district was read and the arguments of all persons interested for or against the granting of the same were heard after which, on motion duly carried the same was granted and the following order was made:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Red Lake. }

The petition of P. E. Bergh and others who constitute a majority of the freeholders who are legal voters residing in the district hereinafter described, asking that the same be formed into a school district having been presented to the board of county commissioners of said Red Lake county and the county superintendent of schools having endorsed on such petition his written approval thereof; and it appearing that there are within such district so to be formed the required number of residents between five and twenty-one years of age;

Now, said petition having been publicly read at a meeting of said board of county commissioners held on the seventh day of March, 1906, and it having been duly considered by said board,

It is by said board ordered, that a school district be and the same is hereby formed within the town of Silverton in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

The south half of section 7, the south half of section 8, the south half of section 9, all of sections 16, 17 and 18, the north half of section 19, the north half of section 20 and the north half of section 21 all in township 154 north, of range 42 west in said county, the same to be school district No. 42 in said county.

By order of the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at a meeting held March 7, 1906.

(Seal) —DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners.
Attest: James E. Ford,
County Auditor, Red Lake county.

The petition of Anton Katlan and others for a new school district was read and arguments of all persons interested for or against the granting of the same were heard, after which, on motion carried unanimously the same was granted and the following order was made:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Red Lake. }

The petition of Anton Katlan and others, who constitute a majority of the freeholders who are legal voters residing in the district hereinafter described, asking that the same be formed into a school district, having been presented to the board of county commissioners of said Red Lake county, and the county superintendent of schools having endorsed on such petition his written approval thereof; and it appearing that there are within such district so to be formed, the required number of residents between five and twenty-one years of age;

Now, said petition having been publicly read at a meeting of said board of county commissioners held on the seventh day of March, 1906, and it having been duly considered by said board,

It is by said board ordered, That a school district be and the same is hereby formed within the towns of Clover Leaf and Kratka in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

All of section 28, the south half and the northeast quarter of section 29, the south half and the north-west quarter of section 30 and all of sections 31, 32, 33 and 34 in township 154 north, of range 41 west, also the north half of sections 3 and 4 in township 153 north, of range 41 west, in said county, the same to be school district No. 44 in said county.

By order of the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at a meeting held March 7, 1906.

(Seal) —DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman, Board County Commissioners.
Attest: James E. Ford,
County Auditor, Red Lake county.

The petition of A. C. Hurt and others for a new school district was read and the arguments of all persons interested were heard. On motion duly carried the petition was granted and the following order was made;

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Red Lake. }

The petition of A. C. Hurt and others who constitute a majority of the freeholders who are legal voters residing in the district hereinafter described, asking that the same be formed into a school district, having been presented to the board of county commissioners of said Red Lake county, and the county superintendent of schools having endorsed on such petition his written approval thereof; and it appearing that there are within such district so to be formed the required number of residents between five and twenty-one years of age;

Now, said petition having been publicly read at a meeting of said board of county commissioners held on the seventh day of March, 1906, and it having been duly considered by said board,

It is by said board ordered that a school district be and the same is hereby formed within the town of Clover Leaf in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

The south half of sections 7, 8 and 9, all of sections 16, 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21, the north-east quarter of section 30 and the northwest quarter of section 29 all in township 154 north, of range 41 west, the same to to be school district No. 46 in said county.

By order of the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at a meeting held March 7, 1906.

(Seal) —DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners.
Attest: James E. Ford,
Auditor, Red Lake county.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Johnson was unanimously adopted:

Be it Resolved, That the following described lands to-wit: The east one-half, the east one-half of the northwest quarter, the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter, the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter and lots 3, 4 and 5 of section 11 in township 152 north, of range 42 west, in Red Lake county, Minn., be and the same are hereby attached to and made a part of Common School District No. 125, in said county.

The petitions of Elling Ellingson and T. A. Bergedal to be set off with their lands from school district No. 35 to school district No. 125 in Red Lake county were presented to the board and a day of hearing on same set for the next meeting of the board and notices ordered issued accordingly.

The petition of E. K. Gjernes and others for a new school district was presented to the board and on motion carried unanimously, a day of hearing on same was set for the next meeting of the board, and notices ordered issued accordingly.

On motion duly carried, the sum of $90.00 per year was allowed for rent for the sheriff.

On motion duly carried the offer of the Burroughs Adding Machine Co. to place an adding machine in the court house was accepted, Commissioners Johnson, Demann and Shaw voting in favor of the proposition and Commissioners Ekstrom and Falardeau voting against the same.

On motion carried unanimously, bills were allowed as follows;

Polk county, Minn., boarding foreign prisoners, (2 bills)..........$	62 48
D. Linnihan, boarding prisoners (2 bills)..........	72 39
D Linnihan, drawing juries two days and mileage..........	6 40
S A Swanson, justice fees, drawing petit jury 1 day and mileage..........	3 20
Louis Gonyea, sheriff's fees, State vs Ward..........	4 00
Geo Jarman, deputy sheriff's fees, State vs Hathaway..........	35 13
D Linnihan, amount paid for long distance telephone calls..........	5 80
N W Tarrant, 1 rubber stamp for probate office..........	25
Frank Jeffers, postage for reg. of deeds office..........	17 50
Daniel Shaw, services of Co. board of audit and signing comrs warrants..........	31 00
James E Ford, services on county bd of audit..........	27 00
Joseph Perrault, services on county board of audit..........	27 00
Swan Akenson, 60 cords green poplar wood..........	165 00
Lucien Philion, scubbing and washing bed clothing in Co. jail..........	3 50
Adam Zeh, insurance premium..........	55 00
V M Higinbotham, insurance premium	13 75
Joseph Perrault, clerk's fees reporting births and deaths..........	73 40
Joseph Perrault, clerk's fees in State cases and drawing juries..........	15 15
James Brady, carpenter work, repairing door..........	1 00
Red Lake Falls Electric Light Co., lights and lamps, January..........	16 90
Frank Jeffers, reg. deeds, making list of transfers..........	11 00
B Puschinsky, repairing Co. jail and chair in clerk's office..........	4 75
Town of Black River, expenses in contagious disease cases..........	6 70
W A Schreiter, medicine for prisoners and pens..........	2 40
John Drier, nursing sick prisoners..........	8 00
J C Wilkinson, medical attendance on prisoners..........	10 00
George Tupper, medical attendance on non-resident pauper..........	65 00
Mrs Sina Molaud, board of non-resident pauper..........	28 00
Wm Belair, nursing county prisoners.	8 00
Inga Boen, board and nursing of non-resident pauper..........	5 80
Tarrison Bros, coffin box and undertaker's fees, non-resident pauper..	41 50
James E Ford, county auditor's fees, ditch No. 25..........	25 00
Thief River Falls Lumber Co., lath for stakes Co. ditch No. 24..........	70
K M Hansen, postage for Co. Treas. office..........	28 28
James E Ford, postage for Co. auditor's office..........	9 35
Geo D Barnard & Co. blank books...	25 30
McGill-Warner Co. office supplies....	5 70
Free Press Printing Co., blank books	20 00
Pioneer Press Co. blanks, blank books and stationery..........	33 30
Miller-Davis Printing Co., blanks....	1 77
A L Reichert, medicine for paupers..	7 40
C F Greenwood, supplies for Co. officers..........	9 00
John E King, stationery..........	28 00
Red Lake Falls Gazette, stationery..	15 75
W A Schreiter, office supplies..........	7 50
St. Hilaire Spectator, publishing commissioners proceedings and other official notices..........	302 50
Carl M Borgen, stationery for Co. officers..........	13 50
Carr & Clark, publishing notice of teachers' examination..........	2 85
Louis Falardeau, attending commissioner's meeting and mileage..........	10 80
O J Johnson, attending commissioners meeting and mileage..........	6 00
Daniel Shaw, attending commissioners meeting and mileage..........	7 00
P A Ekstrom, attending commissioners meeting and mileage..........	5 60
Wm C L Demann, attending commissioners meetings and mileage..........	4 40
P A Ekstrom, committee work as Co. commissioner..........	16 80
Wm C L Demann committe work as county commissioner..........	10 40
W A Schreiter, rent of telephones for Jan. and Feb. 1906..........	10 00

The following bills were on motion laid over:

H M Caven, witness fees..........	4 75
Miller Davis Printing Co. blanks and blank books..........	58 00
Alex Johnston, engineer's fees, ditch No. 21 and Rocksbury-North ditch No. 1..........	25 00

The following bills were on motion rejected:

McGill-Warner Co. 1 dozen cutting wheels..........	2 75
H T McAnulty, traveling expenses, Co. Supt. of Schools..........	50 00

On motion duly carried the board adjourned sine die.

—DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners.
Attest; James E. Ford, (Seal)
County Auditor.

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Supplement to St. Hilaire Spectator, Saturday, March 24, 1906.

Financial Statement

......OF......

Red Lake County, Minnesota,

For the Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 1905.

OFFICE OF COUNTY AUDITOR,
RED LAKE COUNTY, MINNESOTA,
Red Lake Falls, Minn., January 2, 1906.

TO THE HONORABLE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF RED LAKE COUNTY, MINNESOTA:

GENTLEMEN:—I submit to you herewith, a statement of the financial condition of Red Lake County, Minnesota, at the close of the fiscal year, December 30, 1905, showing the receipts and expenditures for the year, the cash balance in the different funds and the total amount of cash in the County Treasury together with a statement of the finances of the county at the end of the year, including all debts and liabilities and the assets and other means of discharging the same.

Respectfully submitted,
(Seal) JAMES E. FORD, County Auditor.

TRIAL BALANCE.

Auditor's General Ledger at the close of business December 31, 1904.

	Dr	Cr
County Treasurer	$ 24370 55	4636 58
Warrants account		9024 88
Taxes and penalties		617 88
Current school fund		1729 24
County revenue fund	703 57	
County poor fund	384 57	
County road and bridge		2078 06
County bond and interest fund	1102 05	
General ditch fund		118 71
Private redemption fund		5577 36
School district funds		1084 49
Town, city and village funds		65 23
Incidental expense fund		250 15
State lands fund		1378 16
Court house and jail fund		
Totals	$26560 74	$26560 74

RECEIPTS OF RED LAKE COUNTY.

During the fiscal year ending December 30, 1905.

Balance in treasury January 2, 1905	$ 24370 55
Current tax collections	106036 94
Delinquent tax collections	1,884 49
Interest, penalties and costs	4504 82
Ditch liens paid	8585 33
Private redemptions	4115 24
Collections prin. and int. on state lands	12448 70
State Auditor, wolf bounties refunded	504 00
" school apportionment	13077 70
" state aid to schools	3957 00
Hunters' licenses	47 70
Interest on deposits, county funds	1092 32
Auctioneers' licenses	40 00
Rent	89 90
Expenses in insanity cases refunded	158 14
Expenses in Per Petterson estate refunded	61 00
Filing appointment of agents	20
Jury fees	6 00
Fire insurance premium refunded	28 17
Ferry license	5 00
Fines, justice court	19 50
Liquor licenses	2000 00
Sewer assessments	57 00
Warrants Nos. 8353 and 8479 cancelled	154 28
Warrants outstanding December 30, 1905	784 70
Total	$ 97032 58

DISBURSEMENTS OF RED LAKE COUNTY.

During the fiscal year ending December 30, 1905.

Warrants drawn on County Revenue Fund	$ 19857 78
" " " Poor Fund	496 83
" " " Road and Bridge Fund	2945 00
" " " Bond and Int. Fund	2854 67
" " " Private redemp. Fund	3973 38
" " " General Ditch Fund	12324 16
" " " Incidental Exp Fund	469 47
" " " School District Funds	63533 35
" " " Town, city and vil fund	30820 24
" " " Court house & jail fund	2170 00
" " " Spl. bond and int. fund	512 06
Refunding warrants	85 55
Principal and interest on state lands	12306 69
State revenue and school taxes	7835 73
Hunters' licenses	47 70
Error warrant No. 3727	4 82
Warrants outstanding Jan. 2, 1905	4636 58
Balance cash in treasury December 30, 1905	31958 56
Total	$107032 58

TRIAL BALANCE.

Auditor's General Ledger at close of business December 30, 1905.

	Dr	Cr
County treasurer	$ 31958 56	784 70
Warrants account		11056 55
Taxes and penalties		837 25
Current school fund		523 38
County revenue fund		350 01
County poor fund		500 18
County road and bridge fund		2317 06
County bond and interest fund		8270 86
General ditch fund		260 58
Private redemption fund		2046 87
School district funds		2427 93
Town, city and village funds		5.76
Incidental fund	1.81	
State revenue and school fund		392 16
State lands fund		175 26
Special bond and interest fund		112 99
Court house and jail fund	10 15	
Refunding fund		
Total	$31970 52	$31970 52

Receipts and Disbursements by Funds

County Revenue Fund.

RECEIPTS:

Balance in treasury January 2, 1905	2068 94
Taxes and penalties	16729 12
Interests on deposits county funds	1092 32
Auctioneers' licenses	40 00
Rent	89 90
Wolf bounty refunded	504 00
Expenses insanity cases refunded	158 14
Ferry license	5 00
Fire insurance premium refunded	28 17
Jury fees	6 00
Deposit with application for liquor license	10 00
Filing appointment of agents	20
Expenses in Per Petterson estate refunded	53 00
Total	$20801 79

DISBURSEMENTS:

Warrants paid	19857 78
Transferred to incidental fund	410 00
Refunding orders	3 63
Error (transferred to county road and bridge fund	10 00
Balance on hand	523 38
Total	$20801 79

Warrants Issued.

County Officers' Salaries.

COUNTY AUDITOR.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7413	James E Ford	100 00
7478	"	100 00
7684	"	100 00
7755	"	100 00
7880	"	100 00
7924	"	100 00
8097	"	100 00
8164	James E. Ford	100 00
8271	"	100 00
8312	"	100 60
8520	"	100 00
8769	"	100 00
	Total	$1200 00

COUNTY TREASURER

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7414	K. M Hanson	86 97
7479	"	100 00
7685	"	100 00
7756	"	100 00
7881	"	100 00
7925	"	100 00
8098	"	100 00
8165	"	100 00
8272	"	100 00
8313	"	100 00
8521	"	100 00
7194	O T Tandberg	13 32
8770	K M Hansen	100 00
	Total	$1200 00

SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7415	H T McAnulty	80 00
7482	"	87 50
7683	"	87 50
8772	"	87 50
7759	"	87 50
7884	"	87 50
7928	"	87 50
8101	"	87 50
8168	"	87 50
8275	"	87 50
8315	"	87 50
8524	"	87 50
7190	Frank Jaffers	7 50
8131	H T McAnulty	50 00
8615	"	30 00
	Total	$1130 00

JUDGE OF PROBATE.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7416	N W Tarrant	68 75
7480	"	68 75
7686	"	68 75
7757	"	68 75
7882	"	68 75
7926	"	68 75
8099	"	68 75
8166	N W Tarrant	97 91
8273	"	97 91
8314	"	97 91
8522	"	97 91
8141	"	29 16
8771	"	97 91
	Total	$999 96

COUNTY ATTORNEY.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7421	F A Grady	5 77
7422	Thomas Gerlio	94 23
7481	"	100 00
7687	"	100 00
7758	"	100 00
7883	"	100 00
7927	"	100 00
8100	"	100 00
8167	"	100 00
8274	"	100 00
8320	"	100 00
8523	"	100 00
7178	F A Grady	100 00
	Total	$1200 00

CLERKS IN COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7418	I D Converse	50 00
7483	"	50 00
7680	A A Latendresse	50 00
7760	"	50 00
7885	"	50 00
7929	"	50 00
8102	"	50 00
8169	"	50 00
8276	"	50 00
8316	"	50 00
8525	"	50 00
7169	S L Lewis	15 00
8106	Adam Zeh	42 00
8773	A A Latendresse	50 00
	Total	$657 00

COURT REPORTERS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7419	Chas M Lohn	23 50
7485	"	23 50
7691	"	23 50
7762	"	23 25
7887	"	23 25
7931	"	23 25
8104	"	23 25
8171	"	23 25
8278	"	23 25
8318	"	23 25
8527	"	23 25
8775	"	21 59
7420	W O Braggans	23 50
7486	"	23 50
7692	"	23 50
7763	"	23 25
7888	"	23 25
7932	"	23 25
8105	"	23 25
8172	"	23 25
8270	"	23 25
8319	"	23 25
8528	"	23 25
8776	"	23 25
	Total	$560 04

JANITOR

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7417	J O Gjerberg	50 00
7484	"	50 00
7690	"	50 00
7761	"	50 00
7886	"	50 00
7930	"	50 00
8103	"	50 00
8170	"	50 00
8277	"	50 00
8317	"	50 00
8526	"	50 00
8774	"	50 00
	Total	$600 00

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS' PER DIEM AND MILEAGE.

FIRST DISTRICT.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7333	James Sutor	27 00
7559	"	13 00
7813	"	32 00
8076	"	20 00
8125	"	5 00
8258	"	3 00
8691	"	16 00
8697	"	5 00
	Total	$121 00

SECOND DISTRICT.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7338	Wm C L Demann	13 40
7557	"	10 40
7812	"	23 80
8077	"	17 80
8126	"	4 40
8257	"	3 00
7330	"	4 40
7332	"	20 00
7561	"	4 40
8692	"	23 60
8698	"	3 00
	Total	$128 80

THIRD DISTRICT.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7336	O J Johnson	16 00
7558	"	13 00
7811	"	18 50
8080	"	27 00
8127	"	6 00
8256	"	3 00
8128	"	6 00
8700	"	3 00
	Total	$92 50

FOURTH DISTRICT.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7335	Daniel Shaw	16 00
7556	"	13 00
7810	"	13 00
8078	"	30 00
8124	"	7 00
8259	"	3 00
8701	"	3 00
	Total	$85 00

FIFTH DISTRICT.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7337	Louis Farlardeau	16 80
7560	"	13 80
8079	"	35 40
8123	"	7 80
7331	"	6 40
	Total	$80 20

COUNTY BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8121	James Sutor	11 00
8118	Wm C L Demann	10 40
8119	O J Johnson	12 00
8120	Daniel Shaw	10 00
8122	Louis Farlardeau	13 80
	Total	$57 20

BOARD OF AUDIT.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7316	Wm C L Demann	3 00
7317	James E Ford	3 00
7318	Joseph Perrault	3 00
8043		6 00
8044	James E Ford	9 00
8081	O J Johnson	6 00
8881	James E Ford	24 00
8682	Joseph Perrault	24 00
8690	O J Johnson	24 00
	Total	$102 00

District Court Expenses.

GRAND JURORS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7504	L G Browning	6 00
7608	G W Brink	8 60
7615	Joseph Guerard	11 60
7616	Sam Sabourin	10 20
7617	Henry Lemieux	11 60
7618	Erick Iverson	10 80
7619	E K Gjernes	12 40
7620	C A Nelson	12 60
7621	Gustav Lubitz	10 00
7622	D D Haugen	12 40
7623	Peter Roerig	12 60
7624	Erick Harrd	11 80
7625	Aug Swanson	10 80
7626	Joseph Laurent	9 80
7627	Albert Feragen	12 80
7628	Chas Huot	10 60
7629	Eusebe Normandeau	8 20
7630	X Sauve	10 00
7631	Thomas Daugherty	9 00
7633	W B Fuller	11 80
7639	E E Fletcher	8 20
7648	Joseph Helm	8 20
8362	E V Erickson	8 76
8363	W W Crawford	8 76
8399	James Gilbertson	11 00
8400	Otto Zaiser	8 20
8401	Rsamus Oen	12 00
8402	Wm Lurlutzen	10 80
8403	Ole O Bakken	12 00
8404	Peter A Woldness	14 00
8405	G H Borsbleim	13 80
8406	Chas Gustafson	11 20
8407	John J Brekke	11 20
8408	Louis Doucet	12 80
8409	Joseph Bergeron	11 30
8410	Ferdinand Bergeron	13 00
8411	Joseph Brohman	12 80
8412	Amedy Wolf	10 00
8413	Ed Enright	9 20
8414	A D Berry	9 60
8415	Chas Fellman	15 00
8417	James Blake	8 20
8419	R Fortier	12 40
8122	William Krueger	8 20
8455	Lew Kaufer	8 20
8370	Frank Cernousek	8 60
	Total	$481 02

PETIT JURORS

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7601	Elle Perrault	4 00
7636	Anton Lee	9 20
7637	O C Borgen	8 80
7638	C M Wilson	9 80
7640	George Bender	12 20
7641	M P Dargan	8 00
7642	Herman Wolf	7 20
7643	Frank Shirrick	7 80
7644	Fred Zaiser	6 20
7656	A M Anderson	8 20
7657	John Hedlund	10 40
7658	Thomas Glynn	9 60
7659	B H Costello	15 50
7660	Gilbert Haave	12 40
7661	P O Mykleby	10 80
7662	Erick Halvorson	12 20
7663	Ernest Gerlach	8 20
7664	Henry Busse	9 40
7665	Nels Knutson	12 20
7672	Louis Perrault	9 60
8354	A H Hebert	4 40
8355	Gunstein Jorgenson	8 60
8424	Christ Christianson	10 80
8425	H R Williams	14 80
8426	Lars Lee	15 40
8427	L J Parbst	13 00
8428	Lorenz Hanson	13 60
8429	Ernest Ackerlund	13 00
8430	Hans Fredrickson	14 20
8431	C F Stenhammer	12 00
8432	A St Michel	11 80
8433	Adolph Zutz	11 60
8434	Ed Garceau	10 20
8435	Mike Kees	8 80
8436	Paul I D Ostby	10 80
8437	Louis Altstadt	10 20
8438	Geo Marchildon	11 20
8439	J B Demerais	4 00
8144	Chas N Bourdon	8 20
8499	Lorenz Hanson	11 60
8500	Lars Lee	13 40
8501	L J Parbst	13 00
8502	Hans Frederickson	12 20
8503	Ernest Ackerlund	11 00
8504	H R Williams	12 80
8506	A St Michel	9 80
8507	C F Stenhammer	10 00
8508	Adolph Zutz	10 00
8509	Theo LaBissoniere	18 20
8511	E Dupont	2 12
8512	Ed Garceau	12 20
8513	Chas N Bourdon	10 20
8514	Paul I D Ostby	15 82
8515	W Martin	2 20
8516	J B Demerais	6 20
8517	X Sauve	2 20
8518	Conrad Lajambe	6 20
8519	Adolph Patnode	2 20
8531	Wm P O'Brien	6 20
8534	Mike Kees	10 80
8535	J K Wood	6 20
8540	Christ Christensen	12 80
8541	M J Ford	2 20
8544	D Champoux	2 00
8545	Frank Greniere	6 20
8548	J A Duffy	18 20
8549	G Gerlach	2 20
8550	Simon Suttor	2 20
8552	Henry Kruse	2 00
8553	Louis Altstadt	8 20
8713	Henry Hennemuth	8 20
7699	Wm P O'Brien	4 20
8380	Ole Peterson	4 00
8382	John Torrenson	4 00
8384	DJ Gerlach	4 00
8385	Peter Bush	4 00
8387	K Runnestrand	4 00
8390	Joseph Duchampe	4 00
8391	Albert Brunelle	4 00
8394	Wm Findelsen	4 00
8423	Frank Greniere	4 00
8547	N T Nelson	2 00
8557	Louis Martel	2 12
7495	L K Moen	6 40
8231	A P Toupin	3 20
8533	Wilfred Laframboise	2 10
8779	A M Anderson	6 20
	Total	$730 88

WITNESS FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7362	S M Sivertson	1 12
7365	G G Kindseth	2 24
7366	E W Brouillet	1 12
7368	Wm C L Demann	1 00
7369	Wm Albrecht	1 00
7370	J J Hueberle	1 96
7605	Erick O Erickson	3 04
7606	Nels Ostvold	3 04
7634	Andy Erickson	3 04
7635	H Grundy	3 04
7649	George Jarman	1 12
7660	T J Britt	15 40
7667	C L Douglass	3 40
7668	W E Baker	3 40
7670	P P Korstadt	3 40
7609	Erick O Erickson	3 60
8358	H G Dobner	3 76
8359	Marius Olson	3 76
8365	Wm Harron	3 76
8368	L J O'Niell	4 60
8371	K Runestrand	6 40
8372	E O Erickson	3 76
8373	Henry Nelson	3 76
8374	Dr Henry Grundy	3 76
8375	Sigurd Rice	3 76
8376	Andrew Johnson	3 76
8383	John Torrenson	3 76
8386	Geo Jarman	1 12
8388	F A Grady	1 12
8389	"	1 12
8392	Ole O Slettevold	4 80
8393	Peter Hince	4 00
8396	Geo Jarman	1 12
8416	Dr Geo Tupper	3 76
8249	H A Johnson	2 44
8184	M J Ford	2 00
8185	Geo Jarman	1 12
8486	F A Grady	1 12
8487	E O Erickson	5 88
8488	Dr I Lemieux	2 12
8489	Dr H Grundy	5 88
8490	Sigurd Rice	5 88
8491	Christ Ammundson	5 88
8492	Andy Erickson	5 88
8493	E J McNiven	6 00
8494	F L Hagen	5 88
8495	Chas Krouse	5 88
8496	Iver Iverson	5 88
8497	Ed Nelson	5 88
8498	O Jacobson	5 88
8530	John Kroet	1 12
8556	J A Duffy	5 88
8661	F A Grady	1 12
8571	John Thoreson	5 88
8577	Charles Evenson	5 88
8565	Chase Dobner	4 88
8596	M Bothun	5 88
8597	Inga Boen	3 88
8045	James E Ford	10 00
8481	S Cook	3 64
8474	Hans Angell	5 00
8476	N W Tarrant	5 00
8477	James E Ford	5 00
8478	A P Toupin	5 00
8505	E M Stanton	40 00
8060	John Rison	8 40
	Total	$302 08

CLERK'S FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7319	Joseph Perrault	70 05
7536	"	14 05
7714	"	21 00
7850	"	23 90
7851	"	4 90
7852	"	243 50
7863	"	6 00
8042	"	6 00
8213	"	16 00
8214	"	4 00
8215	"	6 90
8679	"	68 85
8546	"	39 00
	Total	$524 15

DEPUTY CLERK'S FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7492	Adam Zeh	$ 3 00
7713	"	3 00
8265	"	6 00
8298	"	6 00
8440	"	18 00
8538	"	24 00
7696	"	21 00
7603	"	9 00
	Total	$90 00

SHERIFF'S FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7351	Dan Linnihan	76 70
7352	"	49 60
7851	"	137 25
7655	"	4 50
7529	"	6 20
7848	"	117 65
7849	"	13 00
8063	"	134 50
8234	"	13 50
8259	"	3 20
8197	"	40 85
8651	"	3 20
8652	"	30 10
8653	"	118 80
8034	"	34 60
8655	"	30 00
8132	"	30 00
8133	"	100 80
	Total	$943 45

DEPUTY SHERIFF'S FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7356	Geo Jarman	270 19
7357	Joseph Smith	3 50
7358	L A Thomas	5 80
7359	J R Shavee	4 50
7360	Wm R Addison	2 00
7530	Geo Jarman	11 70
7531	"	67 97
7532	"	9 00
7533	"	7 50
7602	"	10 58
7842	"	2 10
7843	"	3 60
7844	"	12 00
7845	"	19 23
8064	"	75 25
8236	"	72 96
8237	"	79 50
8235	Arthur Lizee	9 67
8056	George Jarman	16 60
8057	"	38 63
8058	"	40 03
8059	"	21 85
7682	M J Ford	12 00
7685	Charles Thompson	18 00
7687	Alferie Perusse	15 00
8145	Fred Zaiser	15 00
8537	John Kivel	36 00
8551	Fred Zaiser	18 00
8661	N E Phillips	2 35
8662	J A Donahue	1 20
	Total	$911 61

JAILOR'S SALARY.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7424	Dan Linnihan	14 00
7698	"	10 00
8110	"	35 00
8530	"	30 00
7764	"	15 00
8173	"	31 00
8280	"	30 00
8323	"	31 00
	Total	$196 00

BOARDING PRISONERS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7350	Dan Linnihan	134 52
7528	"	7 98
7847	"	39 33
8073	Erick Iverson	1 50
8650	Dan Linnihan	45 03
8233		49 02
	Total	$277 38

Probate Court Expenses.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS' FEES—INSANITY CASES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7610	Dr H Grundy	7 65
7613	Dr I Lemieux	7 65
7742	Dr J C Wilkinson	7 65
7745	Dr N M Watson	7 65
7753	Dr F H Gumble	7 65
7765	Dr Geo Tupper	7 65
8011	Dr N M Watson	7 65
8023	Dr J C Wilkinson	7 65
8147	Dr I Lemieux	7 65
8158	Dr N M Watson	7 65
8352	Dr I Lemieux	7 65
8357	Dr N M Watson	7 65
	Total	$91 80

WITNESS FEES—INSANITY CASES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7603	Henry Evert	$ 3 40
	Total	$3 40

MISCELLANEOUS FEES—INSANITY CASES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued, For what purpose	Amount
7741	Dan Linnihan, conveying patient to asylum.	50 35
7743	J Rose, conveying patient to asylum	10 00
7754	K J Weeks, conveying patient to asylum	31 30
7785	Wm Scharmer, bringing patient before court	2 00
7872	Dan Linnihan, bringing patient before court	4 00
8012	Geo Jarman, conveying patient to asylum	39 64
8042	Dan Linnihan, conveying patient to asylum.	31 78
8143	John Deforge, conveying patient to asylum	17 70
8247	Dan Linnihan, conveying patient to asylum.	22 30
8349	Geo Lachapelle, care of patient	2 20
8350	Henry Belair, care of patient	2 20
8420	Geo Brunelle, conveying patient to asylum	8 06
7601	Joseph Belair, conveying patient to asylum	58 31
8796	Dan Linnihan, conveying patient to asylum.	27 77
	Total	$310 61

Municipal Court Costs.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7206	J M Bishop	19 45
7440	"	34 50
8013	"	55 94
8447	"	100 50
8608	"	9 69
	Total	$220 08

Justice Court Expenses.

JUSTICE FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7340	O H Peters	4 95
7341	A P Toupin	13 75
8059	S L Lewis	6 45
8067	"	5 80
8238	"	3 95
8080	"	5 40
8687	"	3 20
7322	"	75
7534		3 20
7535	A P Toupin	3 20
8116	Chas W Latta	10 45
8230	A P Toupin	5 25
	Total	$66 45

WITNESS FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8117	Chas W Latta	6 28
8115	"	15 60
8065	Nels A Nelson	2 68
8066	Victor Nord	2 68
7342	Sebey Champagne	3 40
7343	Leon Champagne	3 40
7344	Florean Taugas	3 16
7345	Thos Boisvert	3 40
7346	M Champagne	3 40
7347	Henry Champagne	3 40
7348	Sam Rushea	3 16
7349	Joseph Champagne	3 40
7363	Jacob Phalen	2 24
7364	H C Hansen	1 12
7367	Dr I Lemieux	1 12
	Total	$58 44

CONSTABLE FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7361	Chris Hall	14 55
7846	Oscar Carlson	9 50
8068	Olof Brekke	2 00
8069	N J Bergquist	2 00
8070	Ole A Skovhaug	2 00
8071	Christ Christenson	4 80
8072	Oscar Carlson	7 00
8074	Chas W Latta	6 10
8120	Oscar Carlson	10 10
	Total	$58 05

Coroner's Inquests.

CORONER'S FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7339	H Grundy	25 30
8058	Joseph Belair	17 90
7841	"	24 05
	Total	$67 25

CORONER'S JURORS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8752	Thos Skaar	1 60
8751	A C Hurt	1 40
8754	Ole Holman	1 40
8155	Oliver Gunderson	2 00
8756	Carl Moen	2 20
8757	Albert Bakken	1 60
7394	Chris Ammundsen	1 06
7395	Donald McNiven	1 06
7396	C L Dobner	1 06
7397	H O Rollag	1 06
7398	C M Evenson	1 06
	Total	$15 50

WITNESS FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7399	Andy Erickson	1 06
7400	And Johnsen	1 06
7401	E O Erickson	1 06
7402	John Wickstrom	1 06
7403	John Rice	1 06
7404	Lars Backe	1 06
7405	Frank Cernousek	1 06
7406	Geo Tupper	5 06
7407	Christ Paulson	1 06
7408	O Jacobson	1 06
7471	Ed Johnson	3 44
7781	C F Cummings	5 12
8204	I Lemieux	17 00
8742	Geo Tupper	8 00
7778	Hugh M Shannon	1 12
7779	C H Remington	1 12
7780	John C Shannon	1 12
7782	H B Scholtz	1 12
7783	Nils Lunde	1 12
7784	Ole Evenson	1 12
8758	Jacob Waldal	1 12
8759	Laura Thompson	1 12
8760	John Frolland	1 12
8761	Harry Thomson	1 12
8762	Andrew Nelson	1 24
	Total	$60 60

Lights.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7219	R L F Elec Light Co	53 45
7548	"	12 50
7869	"	27 20
8053	"	29 65
8299	"	15 20
8685	"	25 25
	Total	$173 25

Fuel.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7312	Robert Ford	61 87
7313	Wilfred Chatel	52 50
7519	Swan Akenson	96 25
7857	"	41 25
	Total	$251 87

Reporting Births and Deaths.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7441	A D Berry	3 50
7442	J C Wilkinson	12 25
7443	J L Cossette	9 00
7444	Lars Backe	2 00
7451	Nels K Anderson	1 25
7453	T H Carver	1 75
7454	J J Nordhagen	1 25
7455	H E Gusa	3 25
7456	O T Romsos	2 50
7457	A F Blomburg	8 00
7458	P A Eckstrom	1 25
7459	E J Akerlund	1 50
7460	A J Hemstad	3 75
7461	Lewis Sall	5 75
7462	Olof Tande	1 00
7463	Moses Ducharme	2 75
7464	Louis Doucet	3 25
7465	Olof Larson	2 00
7466	Arthur Laniel	6 00
7467	A S Anderson	4 00
7468	P Englestad	3 50
7469	O J Johnson	1 25
7537	Joseph Perrault	58 40
	Total	$161 65

Printing and Advertising.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7215	Red Lake Falls Gazette	52 30
7216	"	135 00
7217	"	81 00
7218	"	28 80
7311	John E King	16 75
7512	King & Chase	115 39
7514	Red Lake Falls Gazette	3 00
7515	John W Eastman	1 00
7516	T R F Review	4 50
7815	King & Chase	37 80
7816	T R F Press	1 00
8025	St Hilaire Spectator	4 40
8026	Plummer Pioneer	4 40
8027	"	4 00
8028	Red Lake Falls Gazette	4 40
8029	King & Chase	59 84
8197	D A & J A McDonald	1 50
8198	Red Lake Falls Gazette	1 50
8200	King & Chase	23 87
8674	John E King	11 24
8675		2 50
8676	Red Lake Falls Gazette	6 50
	Total	$600 69

Blank Books, Blanks, Stationery and Supplies.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7300	Red Lake Falls Gazette	45 25
7301	Geo D Barnard & Co	47 50
7302	Free Press Printing Co	52 22
7303	McGill-Warner Co	34 75
7304	Miller-Davis Ptg Co	44 24
7305	Crookston Times	51 00
7306	C F Greenwood	3 00
7307	A L Reichert	36 90
7308	Pioneer Press Co	12 00
7310	Red Lake Courier	14 35
7513	King & Chase	5 50
7517	School Education Co	4 00
7520	W A Schreiter	3 00
7521	Free Press Printing Co	24 87
7522	Red Lake Falls Gazette	25 25
7523	Miller-Davis Ptg Co	46 67
7524	Geo D Barnard & Co	61 37
7525	McGill-Warner Co	65 33
7526	Pioneer Press Co	10 33
7853	Red Lake Falls Gazette	63 00
7854	John E King	75 50
7855	McGill-Warner Co	17 50
7856	Pioneer Press Co	31 20
7857	W M Welch & Co	20 20
7858	Miller Davis Ptg Co	13 75
7859	C F Greenwood	5 25
7860	Geo D Barnard & Co	87 25
7861	Free Press Ptg Co	11 25
7862	Harmon & Dow Co	20 00
8031	W A Schreiter	2 30
8032	School Education Co	2 40
8033	McGill Warner Co	11 45
8034	Miller-Davis Ptg Co	24 27
8035	O F Greenwood	9 80
8036	Free Press Ptg Co	26 95
8037	W M Welch Co	20 00
8038	Pioneer Press Co	79 70
8039	Red Lake Falls Gazette	10 25
8040		5 25
8041	King & Chase	8 25
8192	Pioneer Press Co	31 93
8193	W M Welch Co	11 51
8194	Free Press Ptg Co	86 75
8195	McGill-Warner Co	24 00
8196	Miller-Davis Ptg Co	61 33
8199	Red Lake Falls Gazette	7 50
8201	King & Chase	15 95
8248	Christie Lith & Ptg Co	86 80
8663	Free Press Ptg Co	70 08
8664	Northwestn Sch Spy Co	4 30
8665	McGill-Warner Co	5 00
8666	Miller-Davis Ptg Co	15 13
8667	Pioneer Press Co	39 65
8668	Geo D Barnard & Co	93 75
8669	J E King	48 95
8670	Red Lake Courier	2 95
	Total	$1692 82

Election Expenses.

PROCURING PRIMARY ELECTION BALLOTS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7345	Lewis Sall	2 00

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7220	Olof Larson	2 60
7221	O T Romsos	2 60
7222	A J Hemstad	3 20
72 3	J L Cossette	3 20
7224	H E Gusa	1 80
7225	K O Gigstad	3 40
7226	P Engelstad	2 00
7227	George Walker	1 80
7228	Olof Larson	2 60
7229	Moses Ducharme	4 00
7230	P A Ekstrom	4 00
7 31	A S Anderson	3 80
7516	Ingvold Husby	1 40
7232	A D Berry	2 60
7233	Ildage Baril	3 00
7234	Arthur Laniel	1 20
7235	Louis Doucet	1 00
7236	"	1 00
7237	Ernest J Ackerlund	1 10
7238	A J Nordhagen	2 40
7239	Nels K Anderson	3 00
7240	A P Toupin	2 40
7334	O J Johnson	2 00
	Total	$57 60

CANVASSING ELECTION RETSRNS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7270	A P Toupin	9 20
7271	James E Ford	9 20
7272	S L Lewis	9 20
7273	Wm C L Demann	10 40
7274	A P Toupin	3 20
7275	Wm C L Demann	4 40
7276	S L Lewis	3 20
7277	James E Ford	3 20
	Total	$52 00

CARRYING ELECTION RETURNS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7241	Wm Olson	1 93
7242	Mathias Waldorf	00
7243	David Haugen	1 75
7244	Philip Gibeau	1 20
7245	Chas Seeger	1 80
7246	A L Reichert	1 20
7247	Chas E Boughton	1 20
7248	Louis Paranteau	3 20
7249	T J Thorkelson	3 40
7250	H E Gusa	1 30
7251	C P Swanson	3 16
7252	Chas Gustafson	1 70
7253	Napoleon Delorme	00
7254	L C Erickson	4 00
7255	Hans J Pederson	3 40
7256	Chas Gutz	2 80
7257	Iver A Rolstad	2 90
7258	A D Berry	2 60
7259	Thos Daugherty	2 40
7260	Halvor Johnson	2 19
7261	Rasmus Martenson	1 00
7262	Wm Hebert	1 20
7263	Herman Ortloff	4 00
7264	N A Nelson	3 80
7265	E K Gjernes	1 76
7266	Joseph Tschirhart	1 20
7267	Jacob Ove	1 20
7268	H L Dudley	1 20
7269	John Fuller	1 20
	Total	$63 29

PRINTING BALLOTS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7309	Red Lake Courier	108.60
	Total	$108 60

Fire Wardens.

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8751	S G Iverson	8 25
7282	Frank Schirrick	1 50
7283	C P Swanson	20 10
7284	Charley Englund	1 50
7285	Emil Larson	1 50
7286	A A Nelson	3 00
7287	W F Schumacher	1 50
7288	Axel Kron	1 50
7289	A E Anderson	1 50
7290	Arthur Lundblom	1 50
7291	Halvor Johnson	1 50
7292	Ernest J Akerlund	1 50
7293	Peter Lundblom	1 50
7294	Henry Lundblom	4 00
7295	C P Swanson	5 00
7296	Swan Scholin	1 50
7297	Ed Crown	3 00
7298	Jno O Swanson	1 50
7299	David Hagen	5 00
7517	Felix Anderson	3 00
7818	Theodore Syverson	75
7819	Magnus Winberg	8 00
7820	Oscar Larson	1 50
7821	Erick Albue	1 50
7822	Nels Bergeron	2 00
7823	Louis S Olson	75
7824	Fred Roesner	1 50
7825	Selmer Olson	75
7826	Emil Carlson	1 50
7827	Swan Englund	4 50
7828	Helmer E Albue	1 50
7817	Thorvald Waslie	1 50
8060	Thomas Moreau	5 00
8061	Alcide Perrault	2 00
8062	Louis Paranteau	2 00
8683	Frank Schirrick	2 00
8684	Samuel Sabourin	14 75
	Total	107 85

Telephone Service.

LONG DISTANCES.

No. of Warrant	To Whom Issued	Amount
7278	Dan Linnihan	4 80
7279	James E Ford	2 65
7280	F A Grady	2 55
7538	Thos Germo	4 50
7539	Dan Linnihan	1 90
7540	James E Ford	85
7834	Dan Linnihan	3 60
8055	"	2 75
8056	James E Ford	1 00
8062	Thos Germo	7 88
8202	"	2 50
8203	Dan Linnihan	2 85
	Total	$37 83

RENT OF TELEPHONE

No. of Warrant	To Whom Issued	Amount
7281	R L Falls Telephone Ex	15 00
7541	"	10 00
7835	"	10 00
8067	"	10 00
8208	"	10 00
	Total	$55 00

Wolf Bounties.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7180	Ira Hallas	7 50
7188	Tobias Steue	7 50
7192	Henry Schultz	15 00
7200	Jacob Jacobson	7 50
7201	Johan A Hagen	7 50
7202	Cole Rice	7 50
7204	David Bruneau	7 50
7210	Herman Wolf	7 50
7211	Joe Ford	15 00
7212	Chas Hallas	7 50
7214	Henry Farlardeau	7 50
7411	John G Hagen	7 50
7412	Guldor Hagen	7 50
7427	T O Lofthus	7 50
7428	H Bugge	7 50
7430	Ole Linstad	7 50
7431	F C Bush	15 00
7438	Elick Halvorson	7 50
7448	E L Healy	7 50
7449	A P Hogstrom	7 50
7452	Fred Yelle	7 50
7470	T Jacobson	7 50
7473	Halvor T Woole	7 50
7475	Ed Halvorson	7 50
7476	Theodore Halvorson	7 50
7488	Alfred Eve	7 50
7489	Gust Konikson	7 50
7491	Ole Peterson	30 00
7496	Lawrence Maddon	7 50
7497	Olof Mosbeck	7 50
7498	Ole S Brieland	7 50
7506	Carl Jensen	7 50
7507	Extense Audette	7 50
7571	Lawrence Madden	7 50
7587	Cole Rice	7 50
7718	Gunder Hagen	7 50
7700	Rufus Cogswell	7 50
7731	Hans A Myrom	7 50
7771	Jule Lasha	6 00
7772	Helmer T Berg	14 50
7775	Knut Torgerson	7 50
7864	Eucharist Dupont	7 00
7866	Halvor Hanson	8 00
7875	Wm Rose	7 50
7876	Peter Lundy	4 00
7898	Wm Rose	7 50
7917	Henry Champagne	3 00
7922	Christ Winson	8 50
7921	Walmer Peterson	1 00
7990	Martin Foldoe	7 50
8024	Theo Reindal	7 50
8154	Martin Foldoe	7 50
8158	Nils Ostvolden	15 00
8266	John W Vrolson	7 50
8288	Antoin Lizotte	15 00
8289	Clifford Hall	7 50
8293	Joe E Brown	7 50
8300	Arthur Lambert	7 50
8331	Antoine Lizotte	7 50
8339	Jas Johnson	7 50
8381	Nels Astvolden	7 50
8398	B C Haga	7 50
8453	Jos H Oyr	7 50
8454	Antoine Lizotte	7 50
8463	Jas F Lavagn	7 50
8569	A J Anderson	7 50
8572	Fred Coe	7 50
8573	Lars Runnestrand	7 50
8586	Henry Starken	7 50
8594	George Boutham	7 50
8598	A L Pease	7 50
8605	S J O'Toole	7 50
8708	E E Fletcher	7 50
8716	Berger A Lunstad	7 50
8722	Nels Ostvolden	7 50
8724	Joe Ford	15 00
8727	Walmer Peterson	7 50
8729	Lars Runnestrand	7 50
8736	Amede Gagner	7 50
8738	Frank A Peterson	7 50
8740	Gilbert Skjerva	7 50
8744	Homer Roi	7 50
8745	Martin Peterson	7 50
8748	Edwin Roy	7 50
8750	Ira Hallas	15 00
8767	Carl Lundberg	7 50
	Total	$712 00

Miscellaneous Items.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	For what purpose	Amount
7311	Anderson & Healy,	supplies for county jail	14 75
7313	Theo LaBissoniere,	kerosene for court house	1 30
7314	Theo LaBissoniere,	clothing for prisoners, co jail	2 18
7314½	Garceau & Zaiser,	supplies county jail	18 28
7315	O'Brien Bros,	hardware for court house and jail	3 50
7321	J A McPeak,	janitor teachers' training school	22 50
7325	James Brady,	repairing jail door	2 20
7326	Joseph Hebert,	hall rent caring J Danielson	3 00
7327	John C Matthews,	sawing wood, jail	1 50
7328	W A Reichel,	photos prisoners, co jail	1 25
7329	John Grady,	premium 2 yrs co treas bond	382 50
7353	Dan Linnihan,	meals for petit jurors	17 50
7435	E M Hoff,	interest on warrant No. 4619	2 27
7518	James Brady,	carpenter wk and material for repairs	14 31
7527	Anderson & Healy,	quilt and matress for co jail	4 00
7542	Dan Linnihan,	sawing ten cords wood for jail	7 50
7543	Frank Jeffers,	recording transfers and r transfers	16 10
7544	City of Thief River Falls,	one half expense in contagious disease cases	90 42
7549	Adam Zeh,	insurance premium on $1500 furniture and fixtures	39,00
7550	S L Lewis,	insurance premium on $500, court house	13 75
7551	John Grady,	insurance premium on $1500 furniture and fixtures	39 00
7552	J B McGinnis,	asst co supt schools 3 days	9 00
7553	J B O'Brien,	same	9 00
7554	W A Schreiter,	medicine for prisoners and office supplies	5 30
7555	Dr A F Blomburg,	medical attendance contagious disease June 1902	29 00
7808	Torrison Bros,	coffin box, robe and burial exp for W A Crawford, a non resident pauper	40 50
7809	Daniel Shaw,	posting notices for school dist pet	4 50
7814	L Philion,	cleaning jail	3 00
7820	Peter Nimesgern,	cleaning chimneys on court house	2 00
7830	Dr J C Wilkinson,	med att on K Borgerson, a prisoner	5 00
7836	John Grady,	insurance premium	5 00
7838	Adam Zeh,	same	39 50
7840	Frank Jeffers,	recording fees	40 45
8016	S L Lewis,	insurance premium	27 50
8047	A P Toupin,	same	39 00
8048	W A Schreiter,	wall paper for court house	3 30
8049	Nick Helm,	painting and hanging bridge signs	10 00
8050	B H Costello,	assessing personal property district No. 3	1 00
8051	W E Wood,	same	37 50
8052	Peter C Wold,	assessing personal property in Dist. No. 5	63 00
8054	B Puschinsky,	repairing furniture in county offices	1 35
8112	F J Stebbins,	app by bd co board July 12, 1905	150 00
8130	Town of Polk Center,	half exp in contag diseases	3 75
8205	The Robertson Lumber Co,	lumber for repairing sidewalk	96
8206	Frank Jeffers,	record town treas bonds	3 55
8207	Town of Polk Center,	half exp in con disease	2 52
8210	Chas Moller,	asst co supt of schools	9 00
8211	Luc Dubuc,	janitor teachers' training school 1 mo	25 00
8212	W A Schreiter,	medicine for prisoner	85
8216	Joseph Salley,	drayage and moving safe	2 75
8217	Adam Zeh,	clerk in co treas office	102 50
8232	Dan Linnihan,	cleaning co jail	5 50
8239	W H Krueger,	boarding deputy sheriff while in charge of prisoners	2 00
8243	Anton Misen,	serving p p tax citation on J C Flaharty	1 40
8244	Wm McKinnon,	serving per property tax citation on Theo Schmitz	2 40
8245	Alen B Riddell,	serving per prop tax citation on May Joseph	5 40
8246	Alen B Riddell,	serving per prop tax citation on I D Converse	5 40
8251	C C Hunkey,	serving p p tax citation on Tom Green	7 00
8268	J N Fate,	exp of N P Christenson at school for deaf	34 18
8269	A C Rogers,	exp of Josephine Morodec and R Swenson at sch for feeble minded	49 98
8270	James J Dow,	ex of Arthur Hendrickson at sch for feeble minded	26 04
8324	A C Rogers,	exp of F Hincik at sch for feeble minded	30 00
8611	Frank Jeffers,	recording tn treas bond	85
8612	L C Simons,	vault door	52 00
8613	Thief River Falls Lmb Co,	lath and lmbr for repairs	2 15
8614	The Robertson Lmbr Co,	lmb for sidewalk	25
8616	James Brady,	lmb and mat for vault and repairing crt house	488 00
8617	James Brady,	rep on court house	4 20
8618	A L Roy,	hauling wood to jail	2 50
8677	Polk County, Minn.,	refund exp in insanity case of Paul Skomedahl	50 05
8650	W A Reichel,	photos of prisoners	3 00
	Total		$2160 89

County Poor Fund

RECEIPTS

Tax Collections	1540 03
Refund from Per Petterson Estate	11 00
Total	$1551 03

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants issued	496 83
Refunding orders	62
Debit Balance Jan. 2, 1905	703 57
Credit Balance Dec. 30, 1905	350 01
Total	$1551 03

Warrants Issued.

No. of Warrant	To Whom Issued	Amount
7384	George Tupper	3 00
7385	A Linvit	18 00
7386	Inga Boen	3 75
7387	Inga Boen	40 00
7338	George Tupper	85 00
7567	Anderson & Healy	19 00
7568	Frank Tilton	11 00
8068	Bethany Hospital	92 80
8089	F L Hager	3 00
8090	H Grundy	119 00
8091	A Linvik	76 00
8134	Thos S Doyle	42 26
8260	O J Schele & Co	2 90
8261	Thomas S Doyle	31 42
	Total	$496 83

County Road and Bridge Fund.

RECEIPTS

Tax Collections	2830 46
Liquor Licenses	990 00
Error Co Rev Fund	10 00
Total	$3830 46

DISBURSEMENTS

Debit Balance Jan. 2, 1905	384 57
Warrants issued	2945 00
Refunding Orders	71
Credit Balance Dec. 30, 1905	500 18
Total	$3830 46

Warrants Issued.

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8018	Henry J Enderle, Treas	200 00
8109	First State Bank of Red Lake Falls	2000 00
8130	Joseph Marcott, Treas	100 00
8266	Albert Anderson, Treas	30 00
8267	J W Wallin, Treas	150 00
8284	Elias Joringdal, Treas	75 00
8325	Louis Falardeau, Treas	100 00
8749	Aug. Soderberg, Treas	200 00
	Total	$2945 00

County Bond and Interest Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2, 1905	2078 06
Tax collections	3094 60
Total	$5172 66

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	2854 67
Refunding Orders	93
Credit Balance Dec. 30, 1905	2317 06
Total	$5172 66

Warrants Issued

No. of Warrant	To Whom Issued	Amount
7195	Chas E Boughton	48
7203	Bank of Red Lake Falls	300 00
7499	Wm L Vaunet	333 55
7500	1st S Bk of R L Falls	3 90
7776	J H Graslie	60
7800	1st S Bk of R L Falls	630 00
7913	Mer S Bk of R L Falls	300 00
7934	1st S Bk of R L Falls	560 00
7941	Mer S Bk of R L Falls	26 50
7962	1st S Bk of R L Falls	240 00
7963	State of Minnesota	120 00
8148	L C Cadieux	1 55
8155	Bothesda Hospital	17 67
8190	1st S Bk of T R Falls	17 78
8308	E M Evenson	10
8720	O S Hulbert	15 00
8733	Mer S Bk of R L Falls	285 00
8768	1st Nat Bk of T R Falls	2 54
	Total	$2854 67

Incidental Expense Fund

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2, 1905	65 23
Transferred from Co. Revenue Fund	410 00
Total	$475 23

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	469 47
Credit Balance Dec. 30, 1905	5 76
Total	$475 23

Warrants Issued

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7179	O T Tandberg	15 35
7191	Frank Jeffers	85
7205	Ed Bray	49
7330	F A Mizen	70
7372	James E Ford	15 81
7378	K M Hansen	12 00
7390	James E Ford	5 00
7391	J L Tracy	1 00
7393	Joseph Salley	3 35
7423	James Jackson	1 10
7425	Frank Jeffers	15 00
7426	Joseph Perrault	12 30
7429	N W Tarrant	2 50
7437	Henry T McAnulty	6 38
7445	Ed Bray	49
7501	H T McAnulty	5 00
7510	N W Tarrant	2 00
7565	Frank Jeffers	15 85
7566	K M Hansen	30 41
7581	James E Ford	5 00
7589	H T McAnulty	2 75
7598	Joseph Salley	5 84
7720	J L Tracy	4 73
7751	James E Ford	2 00
7774	Ed Bray	97
7801	H T McAnulty	1 60
7802	N W Tarrant	3 00
7831	James M Ford	21 20
7832	K M Hansen	33 55
7833	Frank Jeffers	14 15
7870	Joseph Salley	4 00
7871	Wm Eckstein	1 50
7897	James E Ford	2 02
7901	H T McAnulty	4 44
7906	Joseph Perrault	6 20
7923	Ed Bray	2 54
7940	Ed Bray	42
7965	Joseph Salley	6 59
7971	Frank Jeffers	9 00
7992	K M Hansen	1 13
8003	James E Ford	1 90
8014	H T McAnulty	4 00
8083	K M Hansen	40 18
8095		6 16
8114	N W Tarrant	3 00
8145	Henry T McAnulty	2 10
8146	James E Ford	5 75
8152	Joseph Salley	7 58
8162	H T McAnulty	4 25
8187		3 00
8189	A L Roy	1 70
8262	James E Ford	21 80
8263	Joseph Salley	2 25
8285	K M Hansen	3 38
8287	N W Tarrant	2 50
8295	Joseph Salley	1 80
8338	Joseph Perrault	8 60
8464	K M Hansen	4 28
8501	N W Tarrant	3 00
8610	K M Hansen	25 63
8688	Frank Jeffers	22 18
8689	H T McAnulty	4 48
8690	James E Ford	4 79
8746	Joseph Salley	4 99
8778	James E Ford	3 65
	Total	$469 47

Redemption Fund.

RECEIPTS:

Credit balance Jan 2, 1905	118 71
Redemptions	4115 24
Total	$4233 95

DISBURSEMENTS:

Warrants issued	3973 39
Credit balance Dec. 30, 1905	260 56
Total	$4233 95

Warrants Issued.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7181	J A Duffy	9 61
7189	G Vandertuuk	26 93
7389	E M Perrault	466 95
7433	P B Gaas	75 03
7436	G Vandertuuk	13 94
7417	Samuel Gibeau	37 61
7474	J A Duffy	22 77
7492	Adam Zeh	23 23
7508	J A Duffy	36 83
7509	Northwestern Trust Co	12 93
7570	Wm Erb	39 23
7572	Ole A Randen	31 00
7576	G Vandertuuk	13 04
7646	J A Duffy	58 38
7730		28 03
7750	J W Wheeler	31 83
7767	J A Duffy	31 69
7770	"	31 02
7771	"	19 32
7786	J R Poullot	22 02
7806	W W Prichard	18 68
7865	E M Perrault	22 48
7868	J W Wheeler	8 56
7873	E M Perrault	12 41
7874	J A Duffy	38 18
7877	Peter Kiene	22 98
7878	J A Duffy	105 60
7879	E M Perrault	19 09
7889	J A Duffy	56 93
7892	F H Welcome	53 20
7894	W W Prichard	32 41
7898	F H Welcome	161 52
7899	P B Gaass	45 27
7900	J A Duffy	54 50
7901		18 71
7905	F H Welcome	88 51
7907	G Vandertuuk	29 61
7908	F H Welcome	94 82
7909	W W Prichard	31 56
7910	J A Duffy	30 25
7912	F H Welcome	3 87
7933	J A Duffy	26 07
7938	G Vandertuuk	32 07
7959	W W Prichard	15 19
8016	F H Welcome	19 10
8017	J K Hannay	17 98
8093	F H Welcome	34 01
8107	J A Duffy	25 39
8111	W W Prichard	21 01
8135	E M Perrault	20 66
8137	F H Welcome	70 75
8144	Geo F Booth	21 58
8157	E M Perrault	5 28
8160	J A Duffy	8 61
8161	"	18 38
8178		7 19
8179	F H Welcome	67 17
8181	G Vandertuuk	14 05
8182	F H Welcome	11 41
8184	G Vandertuuk	39 29
8264	W S Short	26 68
8282	W W Prichard	5 82
8290	J K O Sherwood	37 14
8291	E M Perrault	11 23
8292	F H Welcome	50 76
8294	W W Prichard	11 82
8297	F H Welcome	22 95
8301	G Vandertuuk	9 36
8302	J A Duffy	62 10
8304	J W Wheeler	6 30
8305	E M Perrault	13 99
8307	J A Duffy	25 68
8321	G Vandertuuk	9 50
8322	F H Welcome	101 61
8329	Joseph Perrault	22 28
8330	J A Duffy	26 88
8334	J W Wheeler	20 89
8335	Wheeler-Misner L Co	18 82
8336	F H Welcome	99 24
8337	W W Prichard	21 93
8351	J A Duffy	47 63
8379	G Vandertuuk	52 68
8441	Lars Backe	8 29
8451	E M Perrault	28 57
8452		42 64
8458	Wheeler-Misner L Co	45 92
8460	P B Gaass	37 03
8466	Neth Am Land Co	23 65
8471	F H Welcome	44 41
8560	E M Perrault	4 75
8580	W W Prichard	21 77
8602	F H Welcome	53 98
8607	Anna Kretzschmar	52 78
8703	E M Perrault	9 74
8704	Frank Jeffers	2 22
8707	J A Duffy	23 61
8714	"	29 92
8717	J W Wheeler	21 88
8721	Wheeler-Misner L Co	21 43
8725	J A Duffy	2 16
8726	Andrew Stenseth	42 82
8730	G Vandertuuk	29 76
8731	W W Prichard	8 57
8732	F H Welcome	137 31
8739	G Vandertuuk	16 55
8743	J A Duffy	10 38
8747	E M Perrault	9 83
8764	W W Prichard	14 13
8777	F H Welcome	23 07
8780	E M Perrault	38 87
	Total	$397 39

General Ditch Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Assessments paid	15583 24
Proceeds sale of bonds	6122 83
Total	$21706 07

DISBURSEMENTS.

Debit balance, Jan. 2, 1905	1102 05
Warrants issued	12324 16
Credit balance Dec. 30, 1905	8279 86
Total	$21706 07

Warrants Issued.

EXCAVATING.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7182	E A Moran	27 64
7183	Theo Halvorson	2000 00
7184	Gjernes & Hakinson	1500 00
7185	A F Anderson	535 00
7186	Wm Eickhoff	300 00
7187	"	100 27
8085	A F Anderson	91 06
8619	Theo Halvorson	540 47
	Total	$5094 44

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS' PER DIEM AND MILEAGE.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8252	O J Johnson	6 00
8253	Wm C L Demann	4 40
8254	James Sutor	5 00
8255	Daniel Shaw	7 00
8693	James Sutor	28 80
8694	Wm C L Demann	7 40
8695	O J Johnson	16 00
8696	Daniel Shaw	25 00
	Total	$98 80

ENGINEERS' FEES AND EXPENSES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7383	Geo A Ralph	184 74
8084	Alex Johnson	44 00
8229	J K Wood	115 89
8628	"	56 00
8627	"	12 00
7628	"	71 00
7629	"	18 55
7630	"	8 50
7631	"	5 00
	Total	$515 68

INTEREST ON BONDS AND WARRANTS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7482	J K Hannay	20
7477	Theo Halvorson	13 67
7487	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	79 74
7590	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	2145 00
7728	First State Bank of Red Lake Falls	19 35
7765	H B Kaufer	64
7768	O S Hulbert	450 00
7914	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	178 75
7915	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	165 00
8163	First State Bank of Red Lake Falls	360 00
8183	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	2145 00
8191	First State Bank of Th River Falls	5 60
8734	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	178 75
8735	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	165 00
	Total	$5906 70

PRINTING AND PUBLISHING.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7371	Red Lake Falls Gazette	5 40
8030	King & Chase	3 00
8218	"	11 88
8671	Red Lake Courier	3 75
8672	"	4 75
8613	John E King	1 75
	Total	$30 53

VIEWERS' FEES AND EXPENSES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8225	W E Wood	31 00
8226	Adam Zeh	22 00
8227	Wm M Erb	27 00
8820	Otto Zaiser	8 00
8821	"	12 00
8822	Dan Patterson	12 12
8823	"	12 00
8824	Gilbert Haavl	18 05
8825	"	17 05
8845	Adam Zeh	6 00
	Total	$165 22

MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	For what purpose	Amount
7321	Joseph Perrault,	certified copies finding e ditch No. 21	75
7376	And O Letvig,	deputy sheriff serving subp case of ditch No. 21	7 70
7377	H O Wiken,	witness fees and mileage, appeal	5 40
7378	Ingebret Wiken,	witness fees and mileage, appeal	5 40
7379	Emil Larson,	witness fees and mileage, appeal	4 92
7380	John Magnusson,	witness fee and mileage, appeal	4 92
7381	Otto Zaiser,	witness fees and mileage, appeal	3 12
7392	Jacob Ammundson,	material and labor for bridge across ditch No. 21	30 00
7562	Frank Jeffers,	recording lien ditch No. 21	6 90
7563	Crookston Lumber Co,	material for bridge across ditch No. 21	9 47
7564	Jas E Ford,	county auditors fees ditch No. 21	23 67
8086	Joseph Perrault,	certified copy judgt ditch No. 21	1 35
8087	Dan Linnihan,	posting notices hearing ditch No. 21	7 00
8219	Erick Iverson,	boarding and lodging engineer, assistant and viewers, county ditch No. 22	35 50
8221	W E Wood,	rodman ditch No 22	10 00
8221	Wm McMichael,	chainman ditch No. 22	7 98
8222	Benjamin Iverson,	chainman ditch No. 22	4 50
8223	Louis Sieff,	livery for viewers and engineers ditch 22	25 00
8224	W H Krueger,	board of viewers and engineers ditch No 22	11 25
8228	James E Ford,	county auditors fees ditch No. 22	42 00
8240	D Linnihan,	posting notices of hearing ditch No. 22	7 00
8241	D Linnihan,	serving on viewers ditch No. 22	9 20
8241½	D Linnihan,	posting notices hearing ditch No. 23	7 00
8242	D Linnihan,	posting notices hearing ditch No. 24	12 00
8632	Andrew Ydstie,	board of engineer and axman & team hire ditch No. 23	19 00
8633	C C Bergan,	same, ditch 24	10 00
8634	Frank Satterberg,	board of engineer ditch No. 24	5 00
8635	W H Krueger,	board of engineers and viewers ditches No. 23 and 24	2 75
8636	Emil Just,	board and team hire ditch No. 24	2 50
8637	Leo Morin,	chainman ditch No. 23	9 75
8638	W E Wood,	rodman ditch 23	17 00
8639	E Scheldrup,	axman ditch 22	1 50
8640	W E Wood,	rodman ditch 24	19 00
8641	L J Wood,	axman ditch 24	14 50
8642	Daniel Patterson,	team hire for viewers ditch 24	3 50
8643	Zaiser Bros,	team hire for viewers and engineers ditches 23 and 24	18 00
8644	Zaiser Bros,	team hire for viewers and engineer ditch No. 22	7 00
8646	Dan Linnihan,	posting notices ditches 23 and 24	16 50
8647	D Linnihan,	serving notices on viewers, ditch 24	16 80
8648	James E Ford,	county auditors fees ditch No 23	26 70
8649	James E Ford,	county auditors fees ditch No. 24	38 60
	Total		$512 79

Special Bond and Interest Fund

RECEIPTS

Tax collections	687 37

DISBURSEMENTS

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	For what purpose	Amount
7709	W L Vannet,	Int on Bonds	127 06
7804	W L Vannet,	interest on Bonds	324 01
7690	W L Vannet,	interest on Bonds	60 99
	Refunding orders		05
	Credit Balance Dec. 30, 1905		175 26
	Total		687 37

Court House & Jail Fund

RECEIPTS

Credit Balance Jan. 2, 1905	1378 16
Tax Collections	1105 04
Total	$2483 20

DISBURSEMENTS

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	For what purpose	Amount
7374	Ernest Buse,	purchase price of court house	1370 00
7375	Ernest Buse,	purchase price of court house	1000 00
	Refunding orders		21
	Credit balance Dec 30, 1905		112 99
	Total		$2483 20

Current School Fund

RECEIPTS

Credit balance Jan. 2, 1905	977 57
State apportionment	13077 70
Interest, penalties and costs on Del. taxes	2071 44
Fines	19 50
Total	$16146 21

DISBURSEMENTS

Apportioned to School Districts	15308 96
Credit Balance Dec. 30, 1905	837 25
Total	$16146 21

Taxes and Penalties Account.

RECEIPTS

Credit balance Jan. 2, 1905	8305 49
Current Tax collections	106036 94
Delinquent tax collections	17881 74
Int. penalties and costs on current taxes	1507 57
Total	$133731 74

DISBURSEMENTS

Taxes & penalties distributed	122624 53
Refunding orders	50 66
Balance undistributed	11056 55
Total	$133731 74

Warrants Account

RECEIPTS

Warrants outstanding Jan. 2, 1905	1636 58
By Error	4 82
Warrants issued in 1905	163432 62
Total	165074 02

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants redeemed in 1905	164389 22
Warrants outstanding Dec. 30, 1905	684 80
Total	$165074 02

State Revenue and School Fund.

RECEIPTS

Tax collections	7835 94
Hunters license	47 70
Overdrawn	1 81
Total	$7885 45

DISBURSEMENTS

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7703	State of Minn	2642 70
7720	"	47 70
7977	"	3584 76
8588	"	1608 27
	Refunding orders	2 02
	Total	$7885 45

State Lands and Interest Fund

RECEIPTS

Credit balance Jan. 2, 1905	250 15
Collections	12448 70
Total	$12698 85

DISBURSEMENTS

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7702	State of Minn	482 94
7978	"	4137 83
8449	"	7231 79
8589	"	454 13
	Credit balance Dec. 31, 1905	392 16
	Total	$12698 85

Refunding Acct.

RECEIPTS

Amount charged back	69 47
Balance warrants outstanding	10 15
Total	$79 62

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants issued	74 80
To error	4 82
Total	$79 62

Warrants Issued

No of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7701	C D Matteson	2 96
7787	Andrew C Anderson	12 76
7911	J C Brown	10 00
8185	Russel E Vance	16 52
8186	L A Dautremont	2 23
8542	John Roesner	14 02
8504	Denis Conely	5 70
8505	Julius John	4 45
8609	August Sandberg	6 16
	Total	$74 80

Town, City and Village Funds

Warrants Issued

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7409	Aug Soderberg	178 27
7472	Geo G Orr	210 50
7502	Merchant St Bk of Red Lake Falls	270 00
7503	Merchant St Bk of Red Lake Falls	120 00
7575	Eli Ryland	163 15
7579	L O Cadieux	303 95
7586	O L Larson	169 72
7611	Aug Swenson	159 62
7651	Albert Anderson	96 91
7652	P E Smidesang	319 83
7653	Peter Lindblom	215 69
7654	J W Wallin	2457 56
7671	Ovide Emard	2336 88
7673	Simon Sutter	126 58
7682	Cyrille Lussier	203 83
7693	Louis Falardeau	375 87
7704	Nils O Norn	216 33
7707	Joseph Marcott	290 72
7710	Aug Soderberg	83 30
7715	Edward E Hovik	282 97
7719	John G Hagen	119 73
7732	Elias P Jorengdal	107 19
7733	Leonard Holmes	1502 63
7737	Wm Scharper	235 25
7740	Ed A Aubol	261 80
7749	K R Kolseth	134 58
7903	George Orr	318 06
7942	J W Wallin	2916 79
7953	Elias Joringdal	347 12
7954	Peter Lindblom	630 57
7955	O L Larson	302 98
7956	P E Smidesang	401 73
7957	Leonard Holmes	827 50
7960	Simon Sutter	437 54
7961	Albert Anderson	288 19
7970	Ovide Emard	1698 60
7979	Aug Soderberg	194 84
7982	Ed A Aubol	404 84
7988	Aug Swenson	443 55
7995	Louis Falardeau	525 34
7998	Hans R Kolseth	173 53
8000	L O Cadieux	630 45
8002	John G Hagen	404 60
8005	Merchants St Bk of Red Lake Falls	60 00
8007	Cyrille Lussier	340 14

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8009	Edward E Hovik	259 58
8010	Eli Ryland	319 48
8019	Joseph Marcott	548 59
8094	Nels O Nora	300 11
8149	Wm Scharper	589 70
8153	Cyrille Lussier	250 00
8174	Merchant St Bk of Red Lake Falls	30 00
8175	Merchant St Bk of Red Lake Falls	90 00
8281	P E Smidesang	250 00
8296	Cyrille Lussier	500 00
8468	Simon Sutter	288 03
8473	Nels O Nora	99 75
8480	H R Kolseth	128 68
8481	August Swenson	208 22
8532	Ovide Emard	1288 84
8559	Cyrille Lussier	184 11
8563	J W Wallin	1448 66
8575	L C Cadieux	317 51
8584	O L Larson	57 31
8585	Ed A Aubol	152 64
8702	Edward E Hovik	81 53
8705	Eli Ryland	86 16
8715	John G Hagen	131 20
8763	George E Orr	913 03
	Total	$30820 24

School Districts Fund

Warrants Issued.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7196	Chas Seeger	64 08
7197	Emery Dion	30 70
7198	Rosmus Auseby	47 22
7207	Frank Hagel	27 12
7209	Emil E Zeh	2395 27
7218	Carl Garlach	93 79
7410	Ole O Vattendahl	28 45
7431	E M Hoff	614 57
7439	Ed Enright	85 28
7446	Ole O Lee	73 11
7450	A Welo	36 74
7490	Michael Kees	60 55
7493	Knud H Finstad	115 72
7569	Marius Miller	48 01
7573	H H Finrow	36 38
7574	C F Stenhamer	66 16
7577	Swan Wahaug	93 23
7578	C C Cadieux	221 37
7580	J Thill	176 77
7582	C F Elvidge	181 25
7583	Carl Gerlach	115 98
7584	Max Perras	107 49
7585	Alfred Dahlstrom	96 14
7588	Frank Hagel	19 70
7591	Joseph Brohmann	180 65
7592	Sam Person	61 02
7593	Ole Larson	134 74
7595	Wm Tysseling	85 38
7596	Martin E Foldoe	98 96
7597	J J Haeberle	65 65
7599	Joseph Pigeon	181 84
7600	T A Crompe	4647 05
7607	Joseph Laurent	159 05
7612	Aug Swenson	72 75
7614	Jacob Bouthain	110 99
7647	Chas Perrault	154 80
7650	John A Remschmidt	108 84
7655	Regis Gagnon	150 10
7674	Jacob Thill	73 39
7675	Phillip Gibeau	285 33
7676	Andrew Soderberg	125 50
7677	H H Finrow	25 08
7678	Ellef Gravlie	206 02
7679	Andrew Eklond	116 55
7680	Bengt Swenson	147 56
7681	H O Weken	80 35
7683	Andrew Bodin	53 29
7684	C F Stenhammer	54 43
7699	Magnus Winberg	168 91
7705	A S Anderson	96 73
7706	J F Math ws	122 33
7708	Chas Raymond	142 21
7711	Chas G Sall	345 24
7712	Aime Carriere	10 56
7716	Lars P Brandrud	125 98
7717	N Robedoux	99 55
7721	Fred Gothier	80 94
7722	Nellie Walker	153 32
7723	Frank Hagel	9 03
7724	Emery Dion	47 55
7725	M P Bokken	155 13
7728	A Thompson	77 43
7729	Joseph Robidoux	98 23
7734	Fred Anderson	211 97
7735	A J Hemstad	142 13
7736	Halvor Erickson	122 48
7738	Sever Maaren	123 06
7739	V Wadekemper	93 00
7741½	Anton Peterson	141 75
7744	Ludvig Weiss	64 54
7746	A E Anderson	62 34
7747	C F Elvidge	37 59
7748	Ole O Lee	142 13
7752	Rasmus Aaseby	70 32
7769	Michael Kees	84 13
7773	Eli Lasha	80 52
7788	Emery Dion	47 55
7789	Ole Vattendahl	26 54
7805	L P Thyren	158 08
7807	R Trudeau	60 29
7867	John Jacobson	112 24
7889	George Marchildon	243 97
7891	Nels Lorland	41 25
7893	John Kilberg	67 67
7895	Joseph Martell	31 66
7902	A Wilo	87 73
7916	Martin E Foldoe	92 54
7918	J J Haeberle	92 65
7919	John Reinschmidt	188 07
7920	Joseph Laurent	172 99
7935	Fred Anderson	138 15
7936	Nelly Walker	138 82
7937	Emil E Zeh	5255 27
7939	Michael Kees	83 68
7943	Jacob Thill	270 41
7944	John McKearney	109 37
7945	Max Perras	272 31
7946	H H Finrow	118 22
7947	Andrew Ekland	95 20
7948	Magnus Winberg	295 51
7949	Rasmus I Auseby	124 98
7950	Ole Larson	193 39
7951	A E Anderson	64 04
7952	Bengt Swenson	105 82
7958	T A Crompe	2738 13
7964	State of Minnesota	1013 74
7966	Lars P Brandrud	193 48
7967	Chas G Sall	167 43
7968	Emery Dion	33 79
7969	Regis Gagnon	116 29
7972	Frank Hagl	97 79
7973	Ludvig Weiss	47 88
7974	Marius Miller	65 84
7975	Ludvig Weiss	80 55
7976	A Thompson	85 40
7980	Joseph Pigeon	116 21
7981	Phillip Gibeau	132 07
7983	Narcisse Robidoux	149 18
7984	Joseph Robidoux	149 64
7985	F G Matthews	128 84
7986	H O Wiken	43 10
7987	August Swenson	159 08
7989	Chas Raymond	73 31
7991	Ed Enright	149 61
7993	Chas Perrault	136 22
7994	Louis Falardeau	365 14
7996	H Haupt	352 29
7997	C F Stenhammer	117 01
7999	L C Cadieux	351 15
8001	C F Elvidge	155 74
8004	Chas Seeger	226 47
8006	A S Anderson	104 83
8008	State of Minnesota	52 50
8015	Swan E Walhaug	210 18
8020	A J Hemstad	107 15
8021	Fred Gothier	102 60
8022	Jacob Boutain	225 70
8052	Carl Gerlach	144 13
8096	Amie Carriere	3 39
8108	Joseph Martell	126 41
8113	Leonil Gouthier	346 86
8136	E M Hoff	1546 36
8138	Octave Beauchene	22 36
8140	Andrew Soderberg	73 89
8150	August Nordlund	83 37
8151	John S Hanson	200 51
8156	G Swenson	220 66
8159	Joseph Brohmann	216 11
8176	K K Saunes	64 32
8177	Ellef Grovlie	101 74
8180	Eli Lasha	46 62
8283	John Jacobson	112 58
8299	T A Crompe	1495 00
8303	C F Elvidge	47 88
8306	Martin F Foldoe	63 84
8309	Joseph Laurent	214 01
8310	Chas Seeger	63 84
8311	Emil E Zeh	3677 48
8326	Michael Kees	77 14
8327	T A Crompe	1452 30
8328	Amelia Miller	87 78
8332	R O Gorden	77 14
8333	R I Aaseby	84 58
8340	Louis Weiss	26 60
8341	John S Hanson	50 64
8342	Aug Soderberg	93 10
8343	Alfred Dahlstrom	122 36
8344	K K Sannes	63 84
8345	Andrew Soderberg	93 10
8346	Joseph Pigeon	111 72
8347	Frank Hagl	15 96
8348	Octave Beauchene	95 76
8353	Peter O Gorden	77 14
8356	Andrew Anderson	138 48
8360	Peter Thune	69 16
8361	Sam Person	226 70
8364	A Welo	172 47
8365	Joseph Brohmann	39 90
8367	Aug Swenson	55 86
8369	A J Hemstad	106 40
8377	Magnus Winberg	95 76
8378	Mikkel P Bakken	148 48
8395	Narcisse Robidoux	106 40
8418	Knud Finstad	296 51
8421	Otto L Bakken	95 76
8442	John Kelberg	82 43
8443	Carl Gerlach	100 84
8446	Anton Peterson	136 82
8448	O M Peterson	117 72
8450	Lars P Brandrud	84 58
8456	B C Haga	81 92
8457	John A Reinschmidt	31 92
8459	J F Mathews	93 10
8462	John A Reinschmidt	59 79
8465	Arthur Archambeault	99 00
8467	C F Elvidge	46 40
8469	A E Anderson	57 79
8470	Max Perras	179 62
8472	Otto L Bakken	29 82
8475	Andrew Anderson	13 78
8479	R O Gorden	77 14
8482	August Swenson	79 17
8483	C T Stenhammer	106 29
8510	August Nordlund	132 34
8529	A J Hemstad	54 39
8539	Maurius Miller	164 11
8543	J F Mathews	58 33
8554	Eli Lasha	70 25
8555	T A Crompe	1842 68
8558	Frank Hagl	55 97
8562	Fred Gothier	111 38
8564	Louis Weiss	35 26
8565	Narcisse Robidoux	78 43
8566	Joseph Robidoux	83 05
8567	Joseph Brohmann	90 35
8568	Ole O Slettvold	98 29
8570	Emil E Zeh	2665 92
8574	L C Cadieux	605 68
8576	A O Davison	339 39
8578	Geo Marchildon	301 15
8579	John Power	98 74
8581	Bergt Swenson	70 25
8582	L P Thyren	215 09
8583	Fred Anderson	159 97
8587	Ole Larson	116 38
8590	Aime Carriere	18 62
8593	Regis Gagnon	237 25
8599	E M Hoff	1249 93
8600	A S Anderson	115 05
8601	Joseph Laurent	120 67
8603	Emery Dion	26 26
8604	Alfred Brunelle	73 46
8606	Alfred Dahlstrom	58 32
8705	Marlin Foldoe	30 91
8708	B C Haga	42 75
8710	Henry Granum	109 76
8711	Chas Perrault	163 05
8712	Raphel Trudeau	98 24
8718	Amelia Miller	108 99
8719	Ole O Lee	153 33
8723	Sam Person	39 68
8728	Michael Kees	37 38
7645	Emil E Zeh	6042 78
8737	G Swenson	59 19
8741	A Wello	49 21
8765	Swan E Walhaug	121 99
	Total	$63533 35

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF CITY, TOWN AND VILLAGE FUNDS.

CITY, TOWN AND VILLAGE	Credit balance Jan. 2, 1905	Receipts from tax collections and licenses	TOTAL	Payments to Treasurers	Refunded	State railroad bonds	Credit balance Jan. 1, 1906
Numedal		528 89	528 89	454 31			74 58
Norden		616 19	616 19	616 19			
North	178 27	478 34	656 61	456 41			200 20
Bray		985 63	985 63	846 26			139 37
Sanders		717 85	717 85	620 01			97 84
Rocksbury		901 62	901 62	819 37			82 25
Polk Center	127 28	989 93	1117 21	971 56			145 65
Black River		457 35	457 35	385 10			72 25
River Falls		827 37	827 37	811 39			15 98
Wyandotte		635 46	635 46	434 79			200 67
Louisville		1025 99	1025 99	839 31			186 68
Red Lake Falls twp.	125 82	1090 83	1216 65	832 15		210 00	174 50
Gervais	631 00	1324 43	1955 43	1441 59			513 84
Emardville		655 53	655 53	655 53			
Garnes		644 11	644 11	509 58			134 53
Equality		624 08	624 08	624 08			
Lake Pleasant		1137 96	1137 96	824 95			313 01
Terrebonne		1275 49	1275 49	1241 91			33 58
Poplar River		1487 08	1487 08	1487 08			
Lambert		1173 20	1173 20	901 21			271 99
St. Hilaire village		2486 62	2486 62	2330 13			156 49
Thief River Falls cty		7302 36	7302 36	6823 01	1 10		478 16
Red Lake Falls city	22 12	5808 55	5830 67	5324 32	1 49	360 00	144 89
Total	$1084 49	$33174 86	$34259 35	$30250 24	$2 68	$570 00	$ 3436 43

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF SCHOOL DISTRICT FUNDS.

Number of District	Debit balance Jan. 1, 1905	Credit balance Jan. 1, 1905	Received from state apportionment and tax collections	TOTAL	Payments to Treasurers	Payment to State Treasurer on account of State School Fund	Refund	Debit balance Jan. 1, 1906	Credit balance Jan. 1, 1906
1			859 96	859 96	859 96				
2		8 45	454 59	463 04	368 19	78 00			16 85
3		139 13	321 04	460 17	373 15	31 20			55 82
4			211 74	211 74	211 74				
5			116 97	116 97	53 29				63 68
6			303 14	303 14	278 57				24 57
7		30 70	155 25	185 95	185 85				10
8			272 87	272 87	251 05				21 82
9		21	664 14	664 35	397 40	16 00			250 95
10			705 69	705 69	512 67				193 02
11			425 40	425 40	425 40				
12		23 97	507 86	531 83	468 86	52 50			10 47
13	115 03		308 50	193 47	193 47				
14			328 92	328 92	328 92				
15		499 99	11776 37	12276 36	12275 22		1 14		
16		5 86	266 73	272 59	272 59				
17	22 13		515 03	492 90	335 69	63 00			94 21
18		2395 27	17651 45	20046 72	20046 72				
19		73 11	295 46	368 57	368 57				
20	1 26		283 54	282 28	251 12	5 60			25 56
21		49 14	114 62	163 76					163 76
22		34	427 84	428 18	400 60	27 08			50
23			277 30	277 30	277 30				
24		63 34	190 74	254 08	224 82				29 26
25			93 10	93 10	93 10				
27		140 97	548 67	689 64	503 64	62 00			124 00
31			111 72	111 72	111 72				
32			454 08	454 08	454 07				01
33		154 28	77 14	231 42	77 14		154 28		
36		31 30	335 46	366 76	251 10				115 66
40		9 18	197 21	206 39	206 39				
43			291 47	291 47	291 47				
45			32 57	32 57	32 57				
48	93 09		93 09						
49		27 12	198 45	225 57	225 57				
54		25 33	292 01	317 34	292 49				24 85
63		93 78	450 11	543 90	454 74				89 16
73		36 74	309 41	346 15	346 15				
76			594 14	594 14	365 14	39 90			189 10
79		79 98	1262 38	1342 36	1178 20	96 00			68 16
80			388 62	388 62	388 62				
81			666 74	666 75	546 08				120 67
88		64 08	358 39	422 47	354 39				68 08
94		14 44	326 11	340 55	340 55				
99			327 46	327 46	327 46				
102		614 57	2869 29	3483 86	3410 86	58 12			14 88
103			648 85	648 85	648 85				
106			394 82	394 82	374 82	20 00			
108		85 25	205 02	290 27	234 86				55 41
112		15 69	501 63	517 32	488 91	24 00			4 41
115		45 23	310 77	356 00	254 33	54 00			47 67
124			304 01	304 01	304 01				
125			420 11	420 11	354 04				66 07
126			433 56	433 56	433 56				
127			445 02	445 02	307 76		1 75		135 51
130		21 85	272 13	293 98	293 98				
133			316 61	316 61	316 61				
135			337 33	337 33	337 33				
141		52 03	513 45	565 48	409 77	56 00			99 71
147		1 89	646 48	648 37	560 21	20 00			68 16
148		45 88	521 93	567 81	510 09	14 00			43 72
149		47 22	245 50	292 72	276 50				16 22
151		57 85	546 20	604 05	527 01	28 00			49 04
153		60	358 92	359 52	318 12				41 40
154		115 72	311 96	427 68	412 23				15 45
165		133 95	289 03	422 98	298 61	27 84			96 53
166		149 01	505 90	654 91	444 49	52 50			157 92
167		60 05	282 89	342 94	342 86				08
173			22 65	22 65					22 65
176			368 86	368 86	368 86				
180			184 17	184 17	184 17				
191			158 53	158 53	158 53				
194		32 08	376 16	408 24	323 63	56 00			28 61
204		28 45	182 83	211 28	211 28				
208			343 89	343 89	343 89				
210		62 77	291 56	354 33	279 85	12 00			62 48
214		30 09	379 98	410 07	410 07				
216		177 24	367 88	545 12	545 12				
219		12 19	306 43	318 62	160 10	105 00	4 13		49 39
221			214 55	214 55	192 61				21 94
227		115 17	349 03	464 20	352 29				111 91
228		110 55	367 63	478 18	346 86	16 50			114 82
233	19 59		330 33	310 74	284 25	52 00		25 51	
	$251 00	$5063 64	$60786 79	$66498 43	$62312 83	$1066 24	161 30	$25 51	$2983 57

Financial Condition of Red Lake County Dec. 30, 1905.

ASSETS:

Taxes of 1904 and prior years, county funds	9303 90
Taxes of 1905	23210 00
Cash in County Treasury	13493 00
Total	$46006 98

LIABILITIES:

Warrants outstanding, county funds	599 23
Excess of assets over liabilities	45407 75
Total	$46006 98

ASSESSED VALUATION OF RED LAKE COUNTY FOR 1905.

Real Estate	2412863 00
Personal Property	828498 00
Total	$3241361 00

INVENTORY OF COUNTY PROPERTY

Lots 9, 10, 11 and 12, block 3, of Champagne & Dow's addition, and lots 13 and 14, blk 1, Langevin's subdivision of church block in Red Lake Falls	9000 00
Furniture and Fixtures	3500 00
Total	$12500 00

BONDED DEBT OF RED LAKE COUNTY

6 per cent Funding Bonds	10000 00
4 per cent " "	20000 00
4½ per cent " "	14000 00
4 per cent Jail Bonds	3000 00
Polk County Bonds	9339 00
Total	$56399 00

DRAINAGE BONDS OF RED LAKE COUNTY $107500 00

The foregoing statement prepared by the County Auditor is approved by this Board, and respectfully submitted to the taxpayers of Red Lake County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this third day of January, A. D. 1906.

DANIEL SHAW,
WM. C. L. DEMANN,
LOUIS FALARDEAU,
T. A. EKSTROM,
O. J. JOHNSON,
Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minn.
Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor.

Royal Baking Powder Properly Labeled.

The Pure Food Law of Minnesota requires all baking powders to bear a clearly printed statement of the ingredients so that grocers and consumers may know the full character of the powder. All Royal Baking Powder labels bear such a statement printed in such manner as the law directs.

Royal Baking Powder is a pure cream of tartar powder of the highest quality. Grocers may know that in selling such goods they conform to the laws of this and all other states, and consumers realize that when using only pure cream of tartar powder they are helping carry out the best purpose of the Pure Food Law in protecting the health of the family from alum or like substitutes.

Always Keeps Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in His House.

"We would not be without Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is kept on hand continually in our home," says W W. Kearney, editor of the Independent, Lowry City, Mo. That is just what every family should do. When kept at hand ready for instant use, a cold may be checked at the outset and cured in much less time than after it has become settled in the system. This remedy is also without a peer for croup in children, and will prevent the attack when given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears, which can only be done when the remedy is kept at hand. For sale by all druggists.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County, }

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Frank J. Cheney.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. Gleason,
(Seal.) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Starving to Death.

Because her stomach was so weakened by useless drugging that she could not eat, Mrs. Mary H. Walters, of St. Clair St., Columbus, O., was literally starving to death. She writes: "My stomach was so weak from useless drugs that I could not eat, and my nerves so wrecked that I could not sleep; and not before I was given up to die was I induced to try Electric Bitters; with the wonderful result that improvement began at once, and a complete cure followed." Best health Tonic on earth. 50c. Guaranteed by W. A. Schreiter, druggist.

The Breath of Life.

It's a significant fact that the strongest animal of its size, the gorilla, also has the largest lungs. Powerful lungs means powerful creatures. How to keep the breathing organs right should be man's chiefest study. Like thousands of others, Mrs. Ora A. Stephens, of Port Williams, O., has learned how to do this. She writes: "Three bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery stopped my cough of two years and cured me of what my friends thought consumption. O, it's grand for throat and lung troubles." Guaranteed by W. A. Schreiter, druggist. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

Do Not Neglect a Bad Cold.

Never allow a cold to take its course. Too often at this season of the year its course is toward pneumonia. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will promptly cure your cold and counteract any tendency in this direction. There is nothing better for acute throat and lung troubles. For sale by all druggists.

"To Cure a Felon"

says Sam Kendall, of Phillipsburg, Kan. "just cover it over with Bucklen's Arnica Salve and the Salve will do the rest." Quickest cure for Burns, Boils, Sores, Scalds, Wounds, Piles, Eczema, Salt Rheum, Chapped Hands, Sore Feet and Sore Eyes. Only 25c at W. A. Schreiter's drug store. Guaranteed.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought

TWO BATHS IN TEN YEARS

Iowa Woman Seeking Divorce Says That One Plunge Was Caused by Fall Into the River.

Des Moines, Ia.—Because her husband took but two baths in ten years, one of them being occasioned by an accidental fall into the river, Mrs. Isola Harvey has brought suit for divorce against J. J. Harvey. Her action results from the previous filing of a petition for divorce against her, and it is in a cross petition that Mrs. Harvey makes the allegation that he has taken but one voluntary bath during their marital existence.

She further charges that her husband was fretful and stingy. She says he would not speak to her or the children for weeks at a time, and then would suddenly go to the other extreme, becoming extremely garrulous, and alluding to the children as idiots and lunatics. She alleges that he also pulled a knot of hair from her head and threw her out of the house.

But it was as a "tight wad" that Mrs. Harvey says her husband was a star performer. She says he refused to let loose of his coin with such perseverance that, in order to keep the house in repair, she was compelled to do the lathing and to paint the outside of the house as far as she could reach. She claims she drew the line at climbing ladders to paint, believing it to be the extreme of immodesty.

She alleges that another evidence of his penuriousness was manifested in his insistence that she cut his hair, and that of the children. This service was performed in the good old-fashioned way of placing a soup bowl on the head and clipping off the protruding locks.

HAS ANTI-FOREIGN FEELING

Returned Chinese Missionary's Views on Its Origin and Ways of Expression.

Oakland, Cal.—Rev. Arthur Smith, a missionary in China, who returned the other day on the Siberia, is visiting friends in this city. He said:

"The strong anti-foreign feeling in China is due in large part to the defeat of Russia by Japan. The Chinese are awakening to the fact that they are not a subject people. The feeling against the United States is very bitter because of the exclusion act. This feeling is heightened by imaginary wrongs and exaggerated descriptions of indignities heaped on Chinese in this country as sent home by Chinese in the United States. But China, as a whole, has come to a belief that it is easier and cheaper to carry on a negative war against the United States than to attack missions and kill missionaries. The country has learned that where there is no violence there is no punishment to follow. This feeling is confined to the coast cities, however, and I do not believe that it would be safe for an American to venture into the interior provinces. What the more intelligent of the Chinese want is that the exclusion act shall be intelligently interpreted, and shall be enforced only against those classes whom it is meant to affect."

DEATH UNITES OLD CHUMS

Partners for Half a Century and Lifelong Friends Die Together in Albany, N. Y.

Albany, N. Y.—Playmates from boyhood, partners for half a century and inseparable friends during their lifetime, John Reilly and Joseph McLean, two of Watervliet's best-known men, will rest side by side in a local cemetery. Mr. Reilly, 82 years old, and Mr. McLean, 79 years old, were members of St. Patrick's church for over 50 years and the pastor of that congregation officiated at both funerals within two days.

The history of Mr. Reilly was practically the history of Mr. McLean. The parents of both came from Ireland when the boys were very young. John and Joe went to school together, and became fast friends. When school days ended the firm of Reilly & McLean was formed and a prosperous coal business was carried on in conjunction with the management of a ferry across the Hudson to Troy until death broke the partnership and took the other member of the firm two days later.

Both men were commanding figures on the streets of Watervliet and both were Democrats of the old school. Each had been honored with all the local offices within the gift of the village and city of which they had always been proud.

PARIS IS TAKING TO SNUFF

Society Women Return to Usages of an Older Generation—Vice Becomes Public.

Paris.—Society dames in Paris have revived the objectionable custom of taking snuff. Even aristocratic Faubourg St. Germain scarcely frowns, for the habit is sanctioned by memories of monarchy. This return to a custom of olden times is due to a revival of interest in the tiny chef d'oeuvres of enamel painting done in Limoges a century and more ago.

From the collectors' cabinet these exquisite and now costly toys have passed into the salon and the ballroom. They were carried first as ornaments, but now are filled with fragrant powder.

The lamentable result is that it is now the fashion to take snuff publicly and the ballrooms resound with the sneezes of the inexperienced. The older people are even more addicted to it than the younger ones.

Where the Wrinkles Are.

A writer wants to know whether cooking makes wrinkles in a woman's face. Well, certain styles of cooking make wrinkles in men's faces.

THE RISE OF A MONEYLESS MAN.

James Jameson was a telegrapher of note. Celebrated not so much for his ability as for his agility. He measured six feet four standing and four by six lying; could do an artistic and able-bodied job of lying; was popularly known as "Slim Jim from Jersey, the Swift Stepper," and was an all 'round good fellow. His nickname and photograph, however, did not match.

Jim was a saving chap with a knack for making wise investments. He purchased, on the installment plan, three acres of pond, had a connection built to the city water mains, paid 18 cents a thousand gallons for what he got and at the end of three weeks sold the accretion for $16 a square foot. It had cost him $16 an acre.

Sally Jameson, a charming maiden of certain age, twin sister of Jim, was his housekeeper. Orphans, they had journeyed along life's rugged slopes living in unselfish devotion to each other.

Gradually they accumulated a surplus, and after some discussion it was decided to open an account at one of the banks. It was thereupon arranged that either the signature of Jim or that of his sister would be honored as a charge against the account. Thus was Sally spared the humiliation of asking for money, and by the same token imbued with a desire to augment, by the practice of economy, the Jameson fortunes. At all events the arrangement proved so successful that, at the end of six years, when the two city banks consolidated, the Jameson account was in a flourishing condition.

The first pay day after the bank consolidation Mr. Jameson, after having his account balanced, found himself "over" $21 and "short" three checks for $7 each drawn by his sister. He wrote to Mr. Munnimacher, the cashier, expressing the hope that none of his sister's checks had been dishonored. The reply stated that all checks against the Jameson account had been paid when presented. The following month a surplus of $47 was noted, with a corresponding deficit in checks.

Each month thereafter the amount to the credit of the account became larger, and as Jim quit drawing checks his balance assumed a "watch-me-grow" aspect that was intoxicating. Jim bought a phunnygraph; his sister drew the check; an automatic piano player, little sister's patience tried again; an automobile, and $2,000 worth more of feminine chirography. Jim tried to subdue the machine, but decided that an automobilistic surgeon's bill might fracture even the Jameson credit, so he hired a coiffure or chauffeur or something.

Month after month the bank book was returned with no deductions, no vouchers, no nothing except an ever increasing balance. Jim wrote frequent letters to the bank's officers, in one of which he made facetious reference to the fact that he probably had solved the problem "How to be wealthy though poor."

At last the monotony of placing pay checks in the bank became unbearable. Jim tendered his resignation and became known as a prominent capitalist. He expended his time and money liberally, became a patron of everything, bought stock—with sister's checks—in the Blue Skies of Cuba company, the stock certificates being guaranteed to be suitable for framing.

A stone mansion on Robin's Roost boulevard was purchased and an elaborate system of entertaining inaugurated. Mrs. Jonasen, a beautiful and accomplished widow, was a frequent and welcome participant in the jolly doings. Her society was sought by all, not only on account of her wealth, which was said to be fabulous, but for her wit, grace and beauty as well. She was a fearless trolleyist, played golf, checkers and pinochle, could even build fires and put the proper trimmings on strawberry salad. The kitchen utensils, skillets and such were so well groomed that looking glasses were not needed in the Jonasen bungalow.

Mr. James Jameson felt a tingling sensation under his watch pocket every time the widow crossed his vision. He was in love! He was a diffident fellow, but finally brushed up enough courage to express his sentiments. He proposed. The widow had long entertained a rather exalted opinion of the business qualifications of the man who had, from a small beginning, carved his way to a position of undeniable standing and influence in the community. She took the case, as a supreme court justice might say, under advisement, and four days afterward passed sentence upon Jim, although her decision had been reached in four minutes. The wedding was held in a glitter of splendor never surpassed and seldom equaled.

So ample had been the fortune left by Jeremiah Jonasen that his widow felt she could not spend it all no matter how lavishly she lived. Business cares embarrassed her. After withholding from the revenues of the estate sufficient money to meet current requirements she made periodical trips to the bank to deposit funds. She made no checks, and, therefore, regarded as superfluous the formality of having her account balanced.

Shortly after the honeymoon the enchanted pair decided to balance accounts. The books were sent to the bank and in a day or two that of the ex-widow was returned on a dray accompanied by the accumulated vouchers. The figures were entered in red. She had overdrawn!

The bookkeeper who had charge of the "J" accounts had not, at the time of the consolidation, had been notified of the arrangement of Jim and his sister. Through his error a trunkful of sister's checks had been charged to the widow's account.

[illegible] court appointed a receiver.—Kansas City Star.

[illegible]

Stegler was naturally a rather reserved sort of young man. He had few acquaintances and no friends in Chicago. It is not to be inferred that he had absolutely no social instincts, or that he was so unprepossessing as to repel people who might otherwise have cultivated his society to the sprouting of friendship. Quite the contrary. He was a good-looking boy, with likable manners, and he wanted friends. But he was shy.

He was a country boy—or from a country town, which amounts to about the same thing—and he had a sort of morbid consciousness of his rusticity, so that while he simply ached for companionship he was a little afraid of the small advances made by the other fellows in the office. When the day's work was ended he did not linger with the groups around the lockers who laughed and indulged in mild horseplay and planned amusement for the evening. He put on his coat—that skimp and somewhat threadbare garment of Higginsville cut—and went home to his lonely back bedroom, where, after the unappetizing supper of the boarding house, he read Thomas a Kempis and often wrote homesick letters to the dear woman who had given him the book. These he generally destroyed after reading them over and then he would burn the oil in the little kerosene lamp writing others that were exuberantly cheerful in their tone. He didn't want mother to worry.

But he was homesick all the same. Somehow Chicago people struck him as being intensely interested in themselves and their own affairs and not at all interested in Stegler. And no wonder, he thought, considering the way he looked. He had started from Higginsville with a new suit, but nobody seemed to wear clothes of that fashion in the city. And the difference was most marked in the overcoat. The overcoat was not even new.

Perhaps, thought Stegler, it would not be such a great extravagance to buy a new overcoat. He had not much money, and he had determined to husband it carefully. But, after all, a new coat seemed almost necessary. Wasn't is quite necessary? He debated that point in his mind for some days and began to look into the clothing store windows on his way to and from work.

There was one coat that particularly attracted him. It looked perfectly in style and had, moreover, a very substantial appearance. Fifteen dollars was the price. A pretty good sum of money, but style and quality are not to be had for nothing. Stegler knew that. He looked it all over again and again until he had every button and seam of it by heart. He could close his eyes and see it at any time. He hesitated a day or two and then plucked up courage and entered the store.

The clerk who came forward to wait upon him did not impress Stegler favorably. He seemed to be a very supercilious sort of young man and he looked disparagingly at the old coat and hurt Stegler's feelings. Then it seemed the coat in the window was several sizes too big and there were no more like it. But here was a coat that was just as good or even a little better.

Still, it didn't strike Stegler that way. None of them seemed as good, or if it did it was more expensive. Two or three times he tried to get away from that salesman. He was desperately determined not to buy what he did not want. Still, the salesman held him and hauled out garment after garment until Stegler fairly broke away.

"Just one moment," said the salesman. Then to a stout elderly person who approached, "Mr. Engenstein, will you show this gentleman an overcoat?"

Stegler said, "I don't believe I'll buy—" But the stout man raised a chubby hand and beamed upon him so radiantly that he faltered.

"You come with me," said the stout man, laying the chubby hand affectionately on Stegler's shoulder. "I can fix you out with just exactly what you want. I'm Engenstein, and I own this store. If I haven't got something to suit you in it I want to know it, eh? How much, now, do you want to pay?" He patted Stegler's shoulder.

"Fifteen dollars," said Stegler, blushingly.

"Would you go eighteen?" asked Engenstein, anxiously. "Now don't say anything. Just look. I want to make a friend of you. A young man like you wants a stylish coat, and a well-made coat, and good goods, ain't it? Here is an elegant coat. Try it on."

He smoothed it lovingly down the back, patted the lapels, and—well, you know the process. But it was the friendliness of this man that was so amazing. He exuded it. His good fellowship was irresistible; his smile was like the sun in its noonday splendor. His laugh was jollity and benevolence set to music. It was a $40 overcoat that he had fitted on Stegler, and he actually let him have it—not for the eighteen, but for the fifteen dollars. "You see," he reiterated, "I want you for my friend."

This was Engenstein, sole proprietor of these palatial clothing parlors; and he shook Stegler's hand warmly at parting, offered him a cigar, and begged him to call in and see him, Engenstein, any time he was passing. And shy Stegler went away with a warm glow beneath the left lapel of the new overcoat induced by the assurance that he had actually made a friend.

You may laugh at this little story if you please, but when Stegler, three days later, went into the store to have a button replaced—and was feeling a little lonely beside—when he approached Engenstein, who no longer smiled, and found that Engenstein had forgotten him, he was cut to the heart.—Chicago Daily News.

TOM'S VACATION

BY HAYDEN CARRUTH.

"I hear," remarked the lawyer, as he toyed with the coffee spoon, "that young Tom Bisbee is broken down from overwork, and that it's doubtful if he goes back to college after the holidays."

"Yes, so I'm told," returned the editor, taking a cigar from the box proffered by the waiter. "Nervous prostration, they say. It's a shame how students are forced to work nowadays. I believe I'll give the college authorities a roast in to-morrow's paper."

"Well—yes—of course," observed the doctor, slowly, as he critically examined the lighted end of his cigar to see that it was started evenly. "What you say is true, in a measure. But if I were you, I wouldn't use Tom Bisbee as a horrible example in these editorials and sermons, and things you're going to produce. Write 'em, of course—write all you please—but don't drag Tom in."

"Why not?" demanded the editor.

"Well, I suppose I can tell without violating any professional secrets." He took a few more pulls at the weed, then went ahead with the following tale in the most solemn and earnest manner:

Tom Bisbee arranged to spend Christmas with his college roommate at a little New England town, and then came on home a day or two for the rest of the vacation. This roommate is named Powers, Frank Powers. Tom had never visited his friend's home, but as Frank had two or three sisters, and there were other young folks in the family, he looked forward to having a gay time. They arrived three days before Christmas, and immediately settled down to have it—the gay time, I mean.

It seems that there is also in the Powers family a maiden aunt, a Miss Hicktree, a very estimable lady, of I don't know how many years, but certainly of a considerably greater number than have passed over the head of Tom.

Tom, you know, is the best-hearted fellow in the world, but a little bashful, especially in the presence of the opposite sex. He was very anxious to make a good impression on his friend's family, and especially on one of his sisters, an attractive girl of about his own age. In fact, he had not been in the house six hours till he was head over heels in love with the girl. This, of course, only made him the more bashful, and every time he found himself in her presence he felt he was making a fool of himself each moment. Probably he wasn't, but this is the way he felt. Now, this embarrassment and his desperate desire to impress the family favorably, combined with his general good heartedness, caused him to begin paying special attention to the elderly Miss Hicktree, almost from the first. He did not feel embarrassed in her company, and talked freely on all subjects. Now, he assures me that the idea of making love to Miss Hicktree was as far from his thoughts as were the rules of Chinese grammar, but somehow the lady took it differently. Indeed, by the second day she conceived the notion that the young man was violently in love with her.

On Christmas Eve the whole household was gathered in the drawing-room, and there sprang up a lively discussion as to the best way of dealing with the Christmas presents. There was a difference of opinion, but Miss Dorothy, who was destroying Tom's peace of mind, stood out for the good old-fashioned way of hanging up stockings. "It would be a shame," she said, "not to utilize this big old fireplace. There's room along the edges of the mantel for all of our stockings, and then we can all get up early in the morning with the children and see what old St. Nicholas has brought us and have a jolly time before breakfast.

Accordingly, before retiring, they all hung their stockings along the mantel, amid much merriment. Even Tom got quite at his ease, and the last thing before withdrawing he announced in a confident tone that he should be the first one up in the morning, to see what the old saint had brought him.

It was scarcely four o'clock the next morning when Tom awoke. With the exuberance of youth he promptly bounded out of bed, hurriedly dressed and groped his way downstairs. Utter silence reigned, and when he reached the drawing-room door he was confronted by total darkness. He blundered against a chair and nearly fell over a hassock, but at last found the chandelier and scratched a match on the sole of his slipper. The gas flared up, and with buoyant expectancy the young man strained his eyes toward the fireplace. There on the mantel, with both feet thrust deep into his stockings, sat Miss Hicktree.

"He, he, Tommy, dear!" she gurgled.

The boy's knees smote together and his head reeled. Then with a hollow, hunted cry, he staggered back into the hall, tore open the front door and rushed down the steps and out into the darkness. A half hour later he was found struggling through the snow, three miles away, by a milkman, taken to a farmer's house and put to bed. On the second day, after he became rational, he told his address, and was brought home by a trained nurse.

It's all right, gentlemen, to denounce over-study in college—go ahead—I'm with you—but just let this case of Tom Bisbee alone. I'll attend to that, and if no complications set in I expect to have him back at school when the term opens.—Good Literature.

A BELIEVER IN PALMISTRY

By GEORGE G. MAGNUS

(Copyright, 1906, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

"Do endeavor to be sensible, Mr. Graham!" said Miss Muriel O'Connell, severely. "If it's only for a few minutes it will be good practice for you," she added, opening wide her fan.

I sighed audibly. Miss Muriel's fan is nothing more or less than a feather screen, behind which she takes a cruel delight in hiding upon the filmsiest excuse. Three whole precious minutes having been wasted—

"All right, I'll try. Please remove the partition."

The feathers slowly disclosed two laughing blue eyes.

"Listen, Mr. Graham!"

The first dreamy bars of the "Blue Danube" floated into the conservatory I said to myself—well, something unworthy of repetition. I said aloud: "Now, I suppose, I must take you back?"

A dimple appeared—such a dimple!

"You do look unhappy!"

"I look what I feel," said I. "I've only seen you twice during the last ten minutes. I shan't see you again probably for a week, and now I have to hand you over to some chap who won't appreciate—I mean, who really wouldn't miss—that's to say—"

"Begin all over again," Miss Muriel suggested, encouragingly.

"I say, can't you give him the slip?"

She gazed at me thoughtfully for a full minute. It was awfully jolly. Miss Muriel has the sweetest eyes in the world.

"I consider you a sad tempter," she remarked, abruptly.

"That's the nicest thing you've said this evening!"

She took my word for it, and smiled demurely. I took her programme to make the necessary correction. Then it was I discovered, with bitter chagrin, the scrawling initials of one, Adolphus Spooner, affixed to the dance I had appropriated. Spooner is without exception the worst waltzer and the biggest ass I know. I recalled my last observation. Miss Muriel laughed. Then a silence fell between us. I divided my attention impartially between gazing at my companion, who seemed to be deriving unlimited pleasure from dissecting a fragment of palm.

She threw away what remained of the leaf. Then a brilliant idea seized me. I fancy it owed its origin to Miss Muriel's late plaything, for brilliant ideas and I are, unhappily, on scarcely visiting terms.

"Are you a believer in palmistry?"

"What do you know about it, Mr. Graham?"

I knew that in order to correctly read Miss Muriel's palm, it would be necessary to hold her hand in mine. Miss Muriel's hand is just made for this treatment.

"Everything worth knowing," I answered, truthfully.

"I have never had my hand read," she remarked, indifferently, "but I know girls who have. Those who have been told nice things believe in it fervently."

"Surely you have no fear of joining the unbelievers, Miss O'Connell? Come, allow me to convert you."

Miss Muriel put out her hand an inch at a time.

"I'm not a schoolmaster," I hastened to assure her.

The hand came a wee bit nearer. I seized it firmly with my left and covered it with my right.

"Is there any necessity," she began, indignantly.

"It's absolutely essential," said I, with unruffled serenity.

Miss Muriel's scorn was very complete.

"How absurd! You can't see my palm."

Being forced to admit the truth of this statement I reluctantly uncovered the hand, and, in order to collect my thoughts gazed long and fixedly at the little pink lines. I found them very fascinating.

I began to trace the lines with the tip of my finger, inwardly praying that it was the right thing to do. Miss Muriel laughed most provokingly. I looked at her sternly.

"I—I can't help it," she cried; "you tickle me so!"

"Ah. I see. I will be more careful in future. You have a very pretty—I mean, a very well-balanced hand, Miss O'Connell. I note you are honest, upright, clear-headed, temperate—"

"You are converting me very rapidly!"

"I was going to tell you a lot more nice things. Now you have put them completely out of my head." (Miss Muriel sighed deeply.) "You will be pleased to hear that you are not likely to steal anything—save the hearts of mere men. . . . This little twirly line round the thumb denotes that your temper is even; when roused hasty, and soon over; when fully roused—well—I think I had better get on with the fate line. A rather uncertain fate is shown. But it will turn out all right—provided you do a certain thing. Next we come to the heart line—did you speak?"

"Merely smiled."

"It was a very audible smile," said I, severely. "The heart line shows up very strong. You have a very large heart, Miss O'Connell."

"I must see a doctor about it."

"I should advise a specialist!. To continue, it is clear that you prefer giving it away in driblets to a large army of hungry admirers, rather than—"

"Pray don't stop. I should never have believed you could be so entertaining."

"Please don't interrupt!—rather than giving it wholly to one. Further it is shown that the possessor of this much coveted little hand is not above carrying on a flirtation—"

"What girl is, Mr. Graham?" pleaded Miss Muriel.

"Wait!" I said, sternly. "Not above carrying on a flirtation with a man—"

"Oh, no, not with a man!" she cried in horror.

"With a man who loves her!" I concluded.

Miss Muriel snatched away her hand and sprang to her feet.

"How dare you say such a thing!" she cried, her blue eyes flashing. "I shall return to the ballroom. I prefer dancing with Mr. Spooner."

"Have some pity!" I implored. "I'm sure you wouldn't have me tell you things that were not true."

"Which line told you what—what you just dared to say?"

"If you will come a little closer."

"No, you can point it out on your own."

I opened my hand and studied it for a long time.

"I don't appear to possess the line in question," I said at last.

"I can well understand your surprise," she retorted. "Judging from the length of your search, you certainly expected to find it!"

"I always try to oblige a lady," I murmured, feebly.

As I spoke a sudden idea seemed to seize her, for she smiled and sat down again. I lost no time in following her good example. A slight pause ensued.

"Suppose you let me read your hand," she said, abruptly.

"I—I beg your pardon? Why, you don't know anything about it!"

"Give me your hand."

"I wish you would give me yours."

Miss Muriel ignored my want, and with fine scorn, exclaimed: "You are afraid!"

Whereupon I held out my hand. Miss Muriel took it very carefully—no covering it, or anything of that sort.

"I will start with the heart line, as that seems the most highly developed," she began in business-like tones. "I note you possess an enlarged heart. I further observe that affection for the fair sex en masse, is the cause. It appears that you cannot resist any girl that smiles on you. . . . I regret to see that your heart is also incapable both of giving and retaining affection for longer than an ordinary holiday. You must have change. It is perhaps due to your impressionableness that you have such a failing for proposing, almost at sight!"

She paused for breath, and, dabbing my brow with my handkerchief, I seized the opportunity to inquire: "To which line do I owe all this, please?"

"This fat, curly one," she answered, calmly.

"Thanks. I must see if I can't have it altered."

"I don't see what difference that will make to your heart," she observed.

"I didn't say I wanted to alter my heart," I said, stiffly. "Indeed, I have only loved one girl in my life, and I have only proposed once in my life."

"Oh, Mr. Graham!"

Miss Muriel drew hastily away from me and opened her objectionable fan.

"What reason have you for doubting my statement—for saying 'Oh,' like that?" I asked, rather cleverly gaining possession of my enemy.

"I will tell you. Didn't you propose to Miss Mathews the very same day you honored me?"

"Before or after?" I inquired with interest.

"You would know that best," she answered, frigidly.

"Undoubtedly! And that girl told you this—and you believed it?"

"She didn't exactly tell me."

"Insinuated it?"

"I understood that such was the case."

"Ah! These dear girls! Would you mind my asking whether she accepted the honor? I'm sure you will pardon my inquisitiveness on this point."

My companion, ignoring my anxious question, pulled her wrap over her beautiful shoulders. Then she rose, tugging on her long glove with feverish haste.

"I am engaged to Mr. Roberts for this next dance," she said, somewhat irrelevantly.

She turned on her heel. I took a quick step after her and caught her round the waist.

"Mr. Graham! How dare you! Release me this moment!"

"Not until you have answered my questions."

I drew her to me resisting, her face crimson, her blue eyes blazing.

"Now tell me," I said, "do you still believe that lie? Oh, if a man had uttered it! . . . When you refused me, you gave me some hope. Has what that girl told you made you treat me as you have been treating me, like an overgrown schoolboy who doesn't know his own mind! Lastly, do you care for Mr. Roberts? You shall tell me! I can't go on like this; I must know whether there is any chance for me; now. Oh, Muriel! Tell me, once and for all, can you love me in return, and if you don't, if you can't, I swear by all I hold dear, never to cross your path again."

Then I released her—but she did not leave me. She was trembling from head to foot. Was it with anger? I raised her face, now strangely pale, and made her meet my eyes. I held them! I looked into her very soul, and as I looked, "Muriel!" I whispered, "Muriel, my sweetheart!"

A little later we were seated behind the palms again. But how different was the grouping!

"Do you think he will mind very much?"

"He ought to, by Jove! But don't think about such things as Mr. Roberts; let's think of nothing but ourselves."

"I—I certainly misread your character," she said, softly. "I never thought you could look fierce, or be so masterful. I always thought—"

"Yes, I know," I interposed, with some haste. "But palmistry is a science, you know."

"Fiddlesticks!" cried Miss Muriel, rudely.

SOLDIERS BURIED ALIVE.

Disinterment of Bodies at Fort Hayes, Kan., Shows Ghastly Mistake.

Horrible discoveries were lately made in the cemeteries of old Fort Hayes, Kan., where the bodies of soldiers buried during frontier days are being disinterred and taken to Leavenworth for reburial. These discoveries go to show that a large number of those buried during the cholera scare and epidemic were really buried alive and afterward returned to consciousness while in the tomb. The matter is being discussed as little as possible among those doing the word, and is being suppressed by the authorities, who are giving out little or no information.

Caskets were disinterred that gave evidences of frightful struggles of the inmates for life. Some of the bodies had turned over; others had the legs drawn up to the neck; in others the hands were filled with hair that had been torn out by the roots, and the faces were distorted fearfully. In some the clothing was almost torn from the bodies.

The principal evidences of living interments were found in the section of the old cemetery, where a large number of cholera victims had been buried. During the cholera scare the health laws required the immediate burial of victims after they were pronounced dead. It is supposed that in the haste and fright a number of supposed dead men were buried, and that these later returned to consciousness.

CHANGES IN BIRTH RATES.

London Statistician Says Fluctuations Rise and Fall with Prices.

At a meeting of the Royal Statistical society, held recently in London at the society's rooms, a paper was read on "The Changes in the Marriage and Birth Rates in England and Wales During the Last Half Century, with an Inquiry as to Their Causes," by G. Udny Yule.

A careful examination in the fluctuations in the birth rate showed, declared Mr. Yule, that it appeared to respond, like the marriage rate, to the cycle of trade and industry, though the movement is curiously irregular as compared with that of the latter rate. The fall of the birth rate, or a marked increase in the rate of fall, commenced in many European countries just about 1875-76, that is, when the effect of the fall in prices from 1873 was just beginning to made itself felt.

The turning point was too well marked not to be due to some very definite cause, and too widespread to be ascribed to any cause of at all a local character. The greatest intercensal increase rates in England and Wales occurred, it was pointed out, after periods of high prices.

WORDS BUT RARELY USED.

Strange Sentence in English Which Was Rattled Off by a Philologist.

A philologist was talking about words. "There are over 225,000 words in the English language," he said, "but we only use a few thousand of them. The extra ones are no use to us. Any man could sit down with a directory and write in good English a story that no one in the world would understand. Here, for instance, can you make head or tail of this?"

And the philologist pattered off glibly:

"I will agalnbuy the atabal. You are asweyed? Yet this is no blushet's bobance nor am I a cudden, either. Though the atabal is dern, still will I againbuy it."

Then he translated:

"I will recover the drum. You are amazed? Yet this is no young girl's boasting nor am I a fool, either. Though the drum is hidden, still will I recover it."

Fire in Churches.

Chief Shaw, speaking of the practical operation of the law for the better protection of audiences in theaters and public halls from fire, remarks that while our churches are exempt from its provisions, as well as from monthly inspection, there is greater danger from fire or panic in many of our houses of worship than there is in most of the licensed places. This is frank and outspoken, though it isn't a new revelation. It is a fair question why church congregations ought not to be protected from the dangers of fire and panic as well as theater audiences.—Boston Herald.

Irving's Effects.

Referring to the recent sale of Irving's effects, the London Mail says: "The proceedings were altogether erratic. Mediocre drawings sold for pounds instead of shillings, excellent paintings for shillings instead of pounds. The relic was prized more highly than the work of art." Sargent's portrait of Ellen Terry sold for one-third of what Irving had been offered for it.

Good Enough.

Jaygreen—I'd like to get a better job for my son.

Kaybrown—What's he doing now?

"He's working for a coal dealer."

"That's good enough. He's sure to make his weigh in the world."—Chicago Daily News.

Tackling a Big Job.

Two missionaries from Afghanistan have arrived in Liverpool. Their intention is to convert England to Islam.

IN OPEN AIR 7 YEARS

LONDON FAMILY HOUSED ON THE COMMONS.

Father, Son and Daughter Sleep in Metropolis Park in All Kinds of Weather Until They Are Remanded for Conduct.

London.—The extraordinary statement that a family, consisting of a father and his grown-up son and daughter, have lived for seven years on Streatham common, sleeping in the open in all weathers, was made at the Southwestern police court.

Ernest Girard, a well-dressed and well-educated man of middle age; his son, William Edward Girard, and his daughter, Alice Eugenie Girard, who were both neatly dressed, were charged with sleeping out without any visible means of subsistence.

A policeman said that they had been familiar figures on the common for many years. They were there in all weathers, in rain, snow and frost, day and night. Complaints had been made by the residents about the common, but apparently they were never interfered with until recently.

Then they were arrested as they were making up their beds of newspapers under a shed, where they had taken shelter from the pouring rain.

Mr. de Grey, the magistrate, expressed his astonishment that something had not been done to exclude them from the common, and he was informed that the London county council, which is responsible for its management, is considering what action it can take in the matter.

The father, who said he was a teacher, declared that they had made the common their home for seven years, and that they injured no one. They had a claim against the British government, he said, and the police had no right to exclude them from the common.

When they were arrested, he said, they were walking along with their beds under their arms, and were preparing to make themselves comfortable for the night.

"If you imagine that your claim against the government entitles you to sleep out on the common you are mistaken," said the magistrate.

They were remanded, and the magistrate directed that inquiries concerning their antecedents should be made.

TO INCLOSE CITY BY CANAL

New York Judge Is at the Head of New Plan to Connect Hudson River and Long Island Sound.

Mount Vernon, N. Y.—Judge Adam E. Schatz, of this city, is at the head of a project backed by a number of prominent Westchester county residents to construct a ship canal to connect the Hudson river and the sound. The plans of Judge Schatz call for a canal 14 miles long crossing the county from Tarrytown to Port Chester. The estimated cost of the improvement is about $3,000,000.

Another part of the scheme is to incorporate that part of the county bounded by the canal on the north and the New York city line on the south into the new city of Westchester. The territory within these boundaries has a population of over 200,000, and would make a city of the first class. "It would become the Venice of America," says Judge Schatz, "the natural home part of New York."

Judge Schatz says that a bill will be submitted to the legislature this session asking for the appointment of a commission, and that a similar bill may be introduced in the Connecticut legislature, as the canal will border on that state for several miles. If the legislature will not take the question up a syndicate of capitalists will be formed to build the canal and operate it as a private venture.

VETERAN IS 101 YEARS OLD

Colbert P. Blair, a Soldier of the Black Hawk War, Was an Athlete in His Prime.

Corvallis, Ore.—Colbert Powell Blair, centenarian, was born New Year's eve in 1805, and passed his one hundredth birthday at Pendleton last New Year's eve. While still a small child he removed with his parents to Kentucky, where his youth was spent. Later he resided consecutively in Indiana, Illinois and Iowa, starting across the plains for Oregon in 1853. The first winter after the arrival in Oregon was spent on the Santiam, and the following spring he settled in Benton county. For 30 consecutive years he was bailiff of the Benton county circuit court. Fifteen years ago he went to live with a granddaughter at Pendleton.

In his youth he was known far and wide as an athlete. He was a soldier in the Blackhawk war and also in the Rogue river Indian war. Mr. Blair is still hale and hearty and in possession of all his faculties. He is somewhat forgetful of recent events, but remembers with great clearness many events of long ago.

Rare Operation.

Replacing the lungs, the heart and stomach, which were suspended in a sack from an opening in the abdomen of an Italian baby, was the rare operation performed in Memorial hospital, Morristown, N. J., by the staff physicians. The doctors are watching the result with great interest. There is every indication, they say, that the child will live. A normal respiration followed the operation, and as far as can be discovered the adjustment of the vital organs is perfect.

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 117.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. Camp 3550. Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 4704. Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K.R. Killand, secy.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURG
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

BERT D. KECK
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Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
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COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

2nd STORE
(Second-Hand Store.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
C. A. SKEIE.
St. Hilaire, Minnesota

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

SEEDS, TREES
CORN 23rd ANNUAL Catalog of
EARLIEST AND HARDIEST of Everything on Earth. Every person who tills a foot of land needs it. Send for it now.
OSCAR H. WILL & CO.
BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA

THE LOCAL NEWS

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

A. M. Edstrom was in from Hazel on a short visit on Tuesday.

Mrs. O. F. Post visited with friends at Thief River Falls last Tuesday.

W. A. Arthur made a short trip out to his reservation claim last Sunday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

The schools will close next Friday night for their one week's spring vacation.

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

Steve Nelson was down from Thief River Falls yesterday on a short business trip.

Martin E. Hoff has rented a house on upper Water street and moved the first of the week.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on April 3 and 4.

Services in the Swedish Mission church next Sunday at 14:30 a. m. L. W. Nordhus, pastor.

Our weather prophet is out with a prediction that the spring will be backward and cold but dry.

Joseph Miller, the Red Lake Falls barber, was here last Monday visiting his brother Nap. Miller.

F. S. Martz, and wife of LeRoy, Minn., is here this week making his brother, C. H. Martz, a visit.

Miss Carrie Pirath, of Red Lake Falls, was here a couple of days this week visiting with her sister.

John F. Bundy, the International Harvester company's district agent, was doing business here yesterday.

Miss Hilda Vauler, of Twin Valley, came up last Saturday and spent several days visiting Miss Huldah Gigstad.

Misses Josephine and Huldah Gigstad will entertain the Twelve O'clock Club at their residence next Thursday evening.

H. A. Nichols, the expert lumber grader of Crookston, is here this week grading out some of the best lumber in the yard.

Christ Hall went over to Bemidji last Monday, where he will work as a scaler at the saw mill until the mill starts work here.

Sheriff Dan Linnihan was here last Monday notifying the grand jurors that court would convene at Red Lake Falls on the 23th.

The dancing club will give another of their popular dances at Imperial hall this evening and all are cordially invited to attend.

The weather still continues to be cold and disagreeable and unless a change comes very soon the spring break-up will be late.

Miss Alice Sorsoleil returned on Saturday from Grand Forks, where she was attending the University, and will spend her vacation at home.

It is said that the Great Northern will spend six million for new equipment the coming year. We hope some of it will get on the branch lines.

Rev. Alex Sand went down to Crookston last Wednesday and occupied the pulpit in the Swedish Lutheran church in that city on Thursday evening.

Thief River Falls News: C. H. Martz, one of the solid farmers living near St. Hilaire, was in the city last Friday attending to some business matters.

Mrs. George L. Austin will entertain the Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church next Thursday afternoon, March 29. All are cordially invited to attend.

Cashier K. O. Gigstad has been having a busy time this week acting as clerk for the different auction sales in the surrounding country. He has attended three this week.

There will be services with communion and reception of members at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. All are welcome.
Alex Sand, Pastor.

In the spring time you renovate your house. Why not your body? Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea drives out impurities, cleanses and enriches the blood and purifies the entire system. 25 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

For refreshments call at Number 188

S. G. Neidhardt, representing the Wolf Machinery company, of Minneapolis, was here yesterday interviewing the directors of the farmer's flour mill in regard to mill machinery.

The sympathy of the entire community is extended to Mr. and Mrs. David Collins in their bereavement by the death of their infant son, which occurred yesterday morning.

A special meeting of the school board was held last Monday evening and Mrs. J. B. O'Brien was elected to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Miss Catherine Pirath.

County Surveyor Wood, of Smiley township, was here last Wednesday on his way to the southwestern part of Sanders, where he will make the preliminary survey for a new county ditch.

Miss Eva Johnson was suddenly taken very ill while at the postoffice last Thursday evening. While she has improved slightly her condition is still serious enough to cause her many many friends considerable alarm.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.
Julius Pleth,
tf Plummer, Minn.

It seems to be the fashion these days for cities and villages to have a lid and to put it on tight once in a while. It was evident last Sunday that we had one and that it had been put on with extra care as there was absolutely nothing doing, except at the village well.

The cut at Benoit, which has caused so much trouble this winter, got busy again last Wednesday. The passenger got through in the morning a little late but on the return trip it did not get to Crookston until after midnight. The Duluth train and several freight trains were also in the holdup.

Keep the little ones healthy and happy. Their tender, sensitive bodies require gentle, healing remedies. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will keep them strong and well. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Some 40,000 feet of lumber and considerable machinery passed through the city the first of the week enroute to Greenbush, says the Thief River Falls News. The lumber and machinery will be used to build a large dredge boat which will be used to dredge Roseau lake and river. It will draw six feet of water and is going to cost about $25,000 to complete it. The deepening of the channel of Roseau river is expected to make it possible to drain 76,000 acres of state land. After the channel is deepened, drainage by ditches will be possible.

Glenwood Gopher: The experience of being bitten by a mad dog will not be quite so much of a luxury for Minnesota people in the future as in the past; when the new building in the state university is occupied by the bacteriological and pathological departments next spring, for the reason that the state board of health is to have a Pastuer institute in that building. It is stated that during the past year, more than 100 residents of Minnesota have gone to another state to take the Pastuer treatment and that there have been many cases of hydrophobia in which the patient was unable to take the trip to take treatment. At present there are four institutes in the United States. They are situated in New York city under the control of the board of health; in Baltimore at the city hospital; in Ann Arbor in connection with the University of Michigan; and in Chicago a private institution.

Girl Wanted.

Dining room girl wanted at once at Hotel Markham.

Lost.

A black fur coat and a sheep-skin robe between the Rolland farm and St. Hilaire last Wednesday. Finder will please call on or address John Rolland, St. Hilaire, Minn.

Hogs Wanted.

We will pay five cents per pound, live weight, for one hundred good hogs three months or more old, delivered at St. Hilaire. Call on or write
Wilson, Steen & Co.

County Fair Aug. 8-9-10.

Thief River Falls News: The stockholders of the Red Lake County Agricultural society held a meeting in the office of K. J. Weeks last Friday evening and the dates for the annual meeting of the fair were fixed. Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, August 8, 9, and 10, were the dates decided upon, and from now on work will be commenced in a quiet way of making the fair a success. The fact that the fair association has nearly $500 in the treasury at present means that there will be no question about a successful fair being held here this year.

Perils of Indoor Life.

The sedentary lives led by most townsmen are declared dangerous in a recent issue of "The clinique." It is asserted that the character of life in America has changed and is still changing, not only from outdoor life of pioneering and settlement to the indoor life of commerce and manufactures, but also from the rough life of manual agriculture to the less laborious methods of modern farming. This change in the mode of life exposes the people to more disease and we should therefore drink golden grain belt beer to protect ourselves against ill health. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

District Court Monday.

Red Lake Courier: The March term of the district court will convene Monday forenoon with Judge William Watts presiding. The grand and petit jurors have been summoned to appear Tuesday forenoon.

Very few cases of importance have been docketed, and the term will doubtless be a short one.

The cases of most sensational interest are those of S. J. Johnson and Clara Dixon vs. James Farr and Dennis LeSage. The latter gentlemen are police officers of Thief River Falls and arrested the plaintiffs at Plummer some weeks ago for alleged misconduct. Mr. Johnson and Miss Dixon (who is an ebony-hued damsel) protest that there was nothing improper in their actions or deportment and want to get $1,000 each from the officials for false arrest and imprisonment.

Borgelia Feister fell on a defective sidewalk at Thief River some months ago and asks for $5,000 to cover medical expenses, loss of time and mental anguish.

G. P. Otterness is the plaintiff in an appeal from the probate court in the Nels G. Otterness estate. He objects to the disallowance of his claim for about $3,000 and objects to the allowance of the claim of A. M. Edstrom, formerly in partnership with Nels Otterness in the hardware business at St. Hilaire. It seems that a few weeks before Nels committed suicide he gave notes for approximately $3,000 to his brothers and the probate court took the view that the notes were not given for value received and are not a just claim against the estate.

Larsen & Carpenter are suing John J. Buggee for $318, alleged to be due on a threshing machine contract.

A China Shower.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur entertained the ladies of the village last Wednesday evening at Hotel Markham by giving a china shower to Miss Catherine E. Pirath. The parlors and dining room of the hotel were tastily decorated with streamers and red and white hearts. Games were indulged in and Miss Huldah Gigstad carried off the head prize and Miss Carrie Pirath the foot prize. At ten o'clock the ladies sat down to an excellent supper which did great credit to the culinary ability of the hostess. Each of the ladies present presented Miss Pirath with a cup and saucer or a plate and she received many tasty and valuable presents.

Besides Mrs Arthur and Miss Pirath those present were: Mesdames Leonard Holmes, E. R. Evans, A. O. Davison, Geo. L. Austin, C. A. Gilman, J. B. O'Brien, O. F. Post, G. Hanson, Jens Nelson and M. E. Hoff, and Misses Helen Haunay, Selina Hoff, Clara Hoff, Katherine Patterson, Eva Johnson, Carrie Pirath, Huldah Gigstad, Josephine Gigstad, Annie Hall, Alice Hall, Ottilia Westlund and Dolly Pettengill.

A Big Business.

Buttermaker Austin is out to make this year a record breaker at the creamery and so far this year has done over twice as much business as he did for the same time last year. The paying of twenty-seven cents a pound for butter fat for February has evidently stirred the farmers to renewed activity. Cream is received three times a week, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and the churning follows the day after. On last Friday they received the largest amount so far this year and considering the weather conditions it was a remarkable showing. The total number of pounds of cream received was 4,226, out of which they churned 1,203 pounds of butter on Saturday last. If their business continues to improve they will do over a $50,000 business this year.

The Telephone Line.

Plummer Pioneer: Manager Fant, of the Thief River Falls telephone exchange, assures us that the village of Plummer will be connected with Thief River Falls by telephone within the next two weeks. The poles for this line were put in over a year ago, but for some reason the line was never finished until the present time. Mr. Fant says his wiring crew are ready to begin the work and that within a very short time connection will be established between here and Garnes, Lambert and other points. He will have a man here next week to make a canvass among the farmers east of Plummer with a view to establishing rural lines, which he feels certain will be established and enjoyed by their patrons.

Paul Revere, Dentist.

Was Paul Revere a dentist? The following advertisement published in the Boston Gazette and Country Journal of Revere's time is believed to prove that he was: "Whereas, many persons are so unfortunate as to lose their Fore-teeth by Accident and otherways, to their great Detriment, not only in Looks, but speaking both in Public and Private:—This is to inform all such that they may have them replaced with artificial ones, that looks as well as the Natural & answers the end of Speaking to all Intents, by Paul Revere, Goldsmith, near the head of Dr. Clarke's Wharf, Boston. All Persons who have had false Teeth fixt by Mr. John Baker, Surgeon Dentist, and they have got loose (as they will in time), may have them fastened by the above who learnt the Method of fixing them from Mr. Baker."

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for......
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

Exorcising Disease.

Very curious methods were employed by the ancient Babylonians to exorcise disease. The sucking pig and kid played an important part in the remedies. The pig or kid was to be killed, cut up and placed upon the sick man. The heart of the pig, which had been placed upon the sick man's heart, was to be held by him, and the pig's heart was to be as his heart, the blood as his blood, the flesh as his flesh, and the pig was to be in his stead. The virgin kid was dealt with in the same way, being placed upon the sick man.

Sunday Work.

"Little boy," said the stern clergyman, "you should not be working on Sunday. What would your father say?"

"Why, pa's working too!"

"What is he doing?"

"Playin' the organ in yer church choir."—New York Press.

A Conceited Man.

Edith—Harry is the most conceited man I ever met.

Ethel—What makes you think so?

"Why, he first asserts that I am the most adorable woman in the world, the most beautiful, intellectual and in every respect a paragon and then asks me if I do not love him."

A Wise Man.

"I noticed after you left the house this morning you went back again. Don't you know that's unlucky?"

"Well, it would have been a good deal more unlucky for me if I hadn't gone back. My wife called me."

DRUGS IN FOOD.

If in doubt, read the following:

At a hearing before the Committee on Public Health, of the Massachusetts Legislature, on a bill designed to prevent the wholesale drugging of the public, the following eminent Boston physicians testified against the healthfulness of Rochelle Salts, and strongly recommended the passage of a law which would prohibit the sale of those Cream of Tartar Baking Powders which leave this dangerous drug in the food:

Dr. Hartung, Dr. C. O. Kepler,
Dr. F. B. Foster, Dr. G. M. Palmer.

The average consumer of baking powder does not know that a reaction occurs in the process of baking. When a chemical reaction takes place the nature of the original material is entirely changed, so that the substances which remain in the food to be eaten are very different from those which compose the baking powder before baking. For this reason the statement that a baking powder contains Alum or Cream of Tartar is worthless so far as informing the consumer as to what he eats. What the consumer wants to know is what goes into his stomach; not what is in the can. The much advertised Cream of Tartar Trust powders are of such composition as to leave large quantities of Rochelle Salts in the food. They have never denied this; they dare not deny it. Why be induced by their clever advertising to buy their brands and pay 45 to 50 cents a pound for a baking powder that leaves, in the food, a medicine that should be taken only by the physician's directions? The finest baking powder in the world can be made for 25 cents a pound.

There is a high grade baking powder on the market that is sold at a moderate price, and one that leaves the food free from Rochelle Salts, Alum, or any injurious substance. The Calumet Baking Powder company guarantees this to the consumers, and it is well to avoid all baking powder that cannot make this statement. In view of the purity and healthfulness of Calumet Baking Powder it is recommended by the leading physicians and chemists of the country.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, M. E. Bjerk, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the 2nd day of April, 1906.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows:

On the ground floor of the two-story frame building situate on lot three (3) in block forty (40) of the Original Townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having two outside entrances, one in front and one in side.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., this 15th day of March, 1906.

M. E. Bjerk.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Saturday, the 31st day of March, 1906, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

K. O. Gigstad,
[Seal.] Recorder.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed and delivered by Nels G. Stark and Kristine Stark, his wife, mortgagors, to M. F. Murphy, mortgagee, dated January 5, 1905, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on February 11, 1905, at eleven o'clock a. m., in Book 14 of Mortgages, on page 631 thereof; that the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at this date is two hundred thirty-seven dollars and thirty-three cents; that the premises described in and covered by said mortgage are the southeast quarter of section twenty-two, in township one hundred fifty-three, of range forty-four, situate in Red Lake county, Minnesota; that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, by the sheriff of said Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on April 9, 1906, at ten o'clock a. m., to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, together with the costs of such sale, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated February 19, 1906.

M. F. Murphy,
Mortgagee.

Montague & Chilgren:
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Crookston, Minnesota:

[24-6-m31

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

FIRE INSURANCE
is a
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class
FOR RATES CALL ON
HARRY E. IVES.

CLEARANCE SALE
OF ALL WARM GOODS
25 Per Cent Reduction
on all LADIES', MISSES'
and CHILDREN'S.........
CLOAKS,
JACKETS
and FURS
E. M. HOFF

Pure Milk.

"Is this pure milk?" said the inquisitive lady customer.

"Yes," replied the milkman. "We sell the cream separately."—Detroit Free Press.

Art thou in misery, brother? Then I pray be comforted. Thy grief shall pass away. Art thou elated? Ah, be not too gay. Temper thy joy. This, too, shall pass away.—Paul H. Hayne.

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES,
CIGARS
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

The
BEER
for
YOU
is
Hamm's
"NEW BREW"
Bottled and On Draught.
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
ST. PAUL, MINN

SAW MILL MACHINERY.
Saw Mills
Gang Edgers
Lumber Trimmers
Lath Machines
Bolting Machines
Shingle Machines
Planer & Matchers
Drag Saws
Wood Saws
Engines
Boilers
Pulleys
Shafting
Boxes
Trucks
Grate Bars
Feed Mills
Horse Powers

We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

There Is no Rochelle Salts, Alum, Lime or Ammonia in food made with

Calumet Baking Powder

Complies with the Pure Food Laws of all States.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. William Cue, Parker, S. D., woven wire stretcher; Ray Hinkley, Laverne, Minn., rotary engine; John Johnson, New Paynesville, Minn., hose clamp; Otto Lemberg, Lockhart, Minn., violin; William Moses, Tracy, Minn., rotary engine; Albert Perry, Northville, S. D., drill cup; John Smith, Waite Park, Minn., railway switch.

The Limit.

"Well," snorted the old editor, throwing down the paper he was reading, "these blooming correspondence schools ought to be suppressed; they're trouble breeders."

"Why, what's the matter now?" asked his assistant.

"Why, here's one of them that offers to teach people to write poetry."

Snuff-taking Revival.

A crave for snufftaking has become general in exclusive society in Paris, where fashionable salons resound with the sneezes of the beau monde. As yet the younger generation is not universally infected.

HAD HEART PAINS

A Critical Case of Rheumatism Cured By Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

While Mr. W. S. Geisel, of No. 125 East Coates street, Moberly, Mo., was steadily working at his trade in a foundry at that place, he became the victim of an attack of rheumatism, and his experience is that of thousands who are compelled to work in similar surroundings. He describes his situation as follows:

"I had been at work for a long time in a foundry where I was exposed to dampness. First my feet began to hurt and to swell, then my knees and my shoulder joints began to be affected in the same way. Finally I could not walk without great difficulty and suffering and had to stop work altogether. My appetite was feeble and I grew very pale and weak. I began to have pains about my heart and it fluttered a great deal. I became greatly alarmed about my condition. My mother knew about the virtues of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, as they had given her back her health when she was nearly wasting to death, and when she found that they were good for rheumatism too, she began to give them to me about a month after I was attacked. That was in the early part of March, 1903, and by June they had driven away the pains and swelling and had restored my appetite and color. Then I felt strong enough to take up a line of outdoor work and now, in October, I regard myself as entirely well and I am about to go into a foundry again at St. Louis."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills also cure other diseases springing from impure blood or disordered nerves, such as sciatica, locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis and all forms of weakness in male or female. They may be had at all druggists or directly from the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Extra Loud.

Eva—Belle just told me of your engagement:

Erna—Did she? Why, she promised faithfully not to whisper it to any one.

Eva—Oh, she didn't whisper it. She announced it through a megaphone.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Considerate Boy.

Mother—Now, Tommy, how often do you want me to speak to you about that horrid whistle of yours?

Tommy—I ain't partic'lar, ma; suit yourself.

Do You Want to Know What You Swallow?

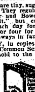
There is a growing sentiment in this country in favor of MEDICINES OF KNOWN COMPOSITION. It is but natural that one should have some interest in the composition of that which he or she is expected to swallow, whether it be food, drink or medicine.

Recognizing this growing disposition on the part of the public, and satisfied that the fullest publicity can only add to the well-earned reputation of his medicines, Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., has "taken time by the forelock," as it were, and is publishing broadcast a list of all the ingredients entering into his leading medicines, the "Golden Medical Discovery" the popular liver invigorator, stomach tonic, blood purifier and heart regulator; also of his "Favorite Prescription" for weak, over-worked, broken-down, nervous and invalid women.

This bold and out-spoken movement on the part of Dr. Pierce, has, by showing exactly what his well-known medicines are composed of, completely disarmed all harping critics who have heretofore unjustly attacked them. A little pamphlet has been compiled, from the standard medical authorities of all the several schools of practice, showing the strongest endorsements by leading medical writers of the several ingredients which enter into Dr. Pierce's medicines. A copy of this little book is mailed *free* to any one desiring to learn more concerning the valuable, native, medicinal plants which enter into the composition of Dr. Pierce's medicines. Address Dr. Pierce as above.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are tiny, sugar-coated anti-bilious granules. They regulate and invigorate Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Do not beget the "pill habit," but cure constipation. One or two each day for a laxative and regulator, three or four for an active cathartic. Once tried always in favor.

$50,000 GIVEN AWAY, in copies of The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a book that sold to the extent of 500,000 copies a few years ago, at $1.50 per copy. Last year we gave away $30,000 worth of these invaluable books. This year we shall give away $30,000 worth of them. Will you share in this benefit? If so, send only 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only for book in stiff paper covers, or 31 stamps for cloth-bound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.



SIGNIFICANCE OF MONEY SIGNS.

English Terms Derived from Latin Words—Dollar Mark.

They were discussing the other afternoon the question of currency symbols. The discussion had started by some one making a casual remark about "L. S. D.," referring, of course to "pounds, shillings and pence," says the Washington Star. The question arose why some of the coins were denoted by letters that had nothing at all to do with their selling, and there was not one in the crowd, though there were some nominally well-informed people present, who could tell the significance of the letters till the question was looked up. It appeared that the pound sterling mark was simply a capital L with a line drawn across the stem. It came from the Latin word "librae," meaning a pound. The "d" used for the penny came also from the Latin, meaning "denarius," originally a small Roman silver coin, but later having developed into a generic term for money and specifically for a small copper coin of insignificant value.

The "lb" mark, also used for the avoirdupois pound, came from the same word "librae" as in Saxon times the pound avoirdupois was the same weight as a pound sterling of silver and the shilling was one-twentieth of this, making the old shilling about three times the size of the present one.

When it came to the dollar mark, "$," there was more discussion, there being half a dozen explanations for this sign. But the most likely seemed to be that it was simply a modified figure "8," there having been eight silver reals in the old Spanish dollar, or "piece of eight." In use in this country long before the introduction of American currency.

HIS COMPARISON OF FATHERS

Old Gentleman's Expression Not Flattering to Himself.

Old Ben Baker was a lifelong resident of Cape Elizabeth, Mass. He got a living from a small patch of garden, eked out by his chicken, pony, pig, Angora cats, collie dogs, canaries and rabbits, all of which had the indiscriminate use of the two rooms of the shack he and his son Ben lived in. He had a peculiar habit of using big words, and invariably got them twisted.

He never could look upon young Ben as other than a child, and would take him to account whenever he was out late. When the "boy" was about 23 years old, and came home about 11 o'clock one night, the old man commenced as usual: "Why, when I was a boy, my father would have—"

Young Ben had heard it so often that he thought it time to assert his rights. "Your father," said he, "was a fool."

"My father was a d——d sight better father than you ever had," replied the elder.

Made a Speedy Recovery.

On one of the visits of the American fleet to English waters, Admiral Erben, now retired, was in command, with Capt. Alfred T. Mahan, the writer on naval affairs, as his flag captain.

One morning Capt. Mahan came to his admiral with an invitation to dine with a duke.

"I can't accept this," said Capt. Mahan, "as they forgot to invite you."

"I should say you couldn't," growled the admiral. "I'll answer for you."

Whereupon the admiral wrote:

"Admiral Erben, U. S. navy, regrets that Capt. Mahan, his flag captain, cannot accept the invitation of the Duke of Blank. Capt. Mahan is on the sick list."

An hour or so later a messenger from the duke returned with invitations for the admiral and the captain. Whereupon the admiral wrote again:

"Admiral Erben accepts with pleasure the invitation for Capt. Mahan and himself. He wishes also to advise the Duke of Blank that he has taken Capt. Mahan off the sick list."—New York Tribune.

Educating Children.

Forcing the youthful mind is a practice no longer obtaining in schools of the best standing but not yet obsolete in many of the common schools. In schools which represent the dominant ideas of education today, stimulation, interest, suggestion prevail, and driving is avoided. If there has been some leaning toward the prosaic, there is now a fresh interest in stimulating the emotions, and a full realization of the need of many things conventionally not classed among the useful, says Collier's Weekly. The greatest problem of education unsolved to-day relates to girls. Heretofore their education has been a mere copy of that long ago established for boys. Some day a genius will come along and conceive thoughts that shall form the basis of an education which shall help girls to all their best possibilities, without dissipating their strength on lines of effort established for natures in some respects entirely different.

The Maiden Love.

The meadows hide their summer green
Under a veil of gray;
A mist rolls o'er the sunny sheen;
It is a drear, dull day!
The dewdrops tip the blades with beads
That shine like costly gems;
The roses hang their blushing heads
'Neath glittering diadems.

But, hark! a sound of silver bells,
Echoing o'er the woody dells,
A little laugh, a sweet clear voice
Which makes my beating heart rejoice!
She comes, a fairy from above,
A little maid, whose name is Love!

The morning mist now rolls away,
The sky is bathed in light,
A golden sunshine crowns the day,
My loved one is in sight!
The birds sing out their songs again,
The flowers all bloom anew,
And music swells in joyous strain
From out the heavenly blue.

She comes, and everything is bright,
She comes amid the golden light,
All nature once again is gay,
It is the brightest summer day!
She comes—a fairy from above,
A little maiden whose name is Love!
—Outdoors.

Knew What It Meant.

Bleeker—I say, old man, why don't you consult a phrenologist and find out what that peculiar looking bump on the back of your head indicates?

Meeker—Oh, I know what it indicates, all right.

Bleeker—You do, eh?

Meeker—You bet I do. It indicates that my wife has a well-developed muscle."

HOSPITALS CROWDED

MAJORITY OF PATIENTS WOMEN

Mrs. Pinkham's Advice Saves Many From this Sad and Costly Experience.

Miss Luella Adams

It is a sad but certain fact that every year brings an increase in the number of operations performed upon women in our hospitals. More than three-fourths of the patients lying on those snow-white beds are women and girls who are awaiting or recovering from operations made necessary by neglect.

Every one of these patients had plenty of warning in that bearing down feeling, pain at the left or right of the abdomen, nervous exhaustion, pain in the small of the back, pelvic catarrh, dizziness, flatulency, displacements or irregularities. All of these symptoms are indications of an unhealthy condition of the female organs, and if not heeded the trouble may make headway until the penalty has to be paid by a dangerous operation, and a lifetime of impaired usefulness at best, while in many cases the results are fatal.

Miss Luella Adams, of Seattle, Wash., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"About two years ago I was a great sufferer from a severe female trouble, pains and headaches. The doctor prescribed for me and finally told me that I had a tumor and must undergo an operation if I wanted to get well. I felt that this was my death warrant, but I spent hundreds of dollars for medical help, but the tumor kept growing. Fortunately I corresponded with an aunt in the New England States, and she advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as it was said to cure tumors. I did so and immediately began to improve in health, and I was entirely cured, the tumor disappearing entirely, without an operation. I wish every suffering woman would try this great preparation."

Just as surely as Miss Adams was cured of the troubles enumerated in her letter, just so surely will Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cure other women who suffer from female troubles, inflammation, kidney troubles, nervous excitability or nervous prostration.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all young women who are ill to write her for free advice. She is daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years has been advising sick women free of charge. Address, Lynn, Mass.

It is man's nature to fall, but he sometimes fools people by refusing to do it.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The road to success is paved with grit and sand.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all Druggists, 25c. Trial package FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Lives in a Tree.

Orrin Steinberger, a well-known artist of Urbana, Ohio, has lived all winter on the top of a majestic oak tree for his health. His home, Camp Aloft, was without a roof, and he has there braved and enjoyed the caress of the elements.

A Life Study.

Tess—Belle graduated from your cooking school last year, didn't she?

Jess—Yes, but she's going to take a post-graduate course this spring.

Tess—Going back to school, eh?

Jess—No; she's going to marry a poor young man at Easter.

Wrong Remedy.

Barney Oldfield was talking about a motor car of enormous horsepower, its breakdown, and the effort that had been made to resuscitate it.

"The car was doomed from the start," he said. "They adopted the wrong remedy in its case. Their remedy was as wrong as was a Jacksonville waiter's in my case.

"In Jacksonville, one day, I entered a restaurant and ordered a steak. When the steak came on it was so tough that I could hardly cut the gravy. I said to the waiter:

"'Waiter, this steak is awfully hard to cut.'

"The waiter hurried to me with a solicitous air.

"'Then, sir,' he said, 'I'll bring you another knife, sir.'"

GRAND TO LIVE.

And the Last Laugh Is Always the Best.

"Six months ago I would have laughed at the idea that there could be anything better for a table beverage than coffee," writes an Ohio woman—"now I laugh to know there is."

"Since childhood I drank coffee as freely as any other member of the family. The result was a puny, sickly girl, and as I grew into womanhood I did not gain in health, but was afflicted with heart trouble, a weak and disordered stomach, wrecked nerves and a general breaking down, till last winter, at the age of 38 I seemed to be on the verge of consumption. My friends greeted me with 'How bad you look! What a terrible color!' and this was not very comforting.

"The doctors and patent medicines did me absolutely no good. I was thoroughly discouraged.

"Then I gave up coffee and commenced Postum Food Coffee. At first I didn't like it, but after a few trials and following the directions exactly, it was grand. It was refreshing and satisfying. In a couple of weeks I noticed a great change. I became stronger, my brain grew clearer, I was not troubled with forgetfulness as in coffee times, my power of endurance was more than doubled. The heart trouble and indigestion disappeared and my nerves became steady and strong.

"I began to take an interest in things about me. Housework and home-making became a pleasure. My friends have marveled at the change and when they inquire what brought it about, I answer 'Postum Food Coffee, and nothing else in the world.'" Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

WAS CUT OUT FOR FINANCIER.

Young Man's Early Proof of Possession of Requisite Qualities.

Some years ago, when the West was wilder than it is to-day, a young man, since grown rich and now famous as a financier and capitalist, was a regular boarder at a hotel in a frontier town. He and a number of his friends were wont to resort every evening to the smoking room of the hotel, which they used as a sort of club, and their wants were attended to by a fair waitress who may be called Miss White.

She was a nice, quiet girl, and attended to the wants of her patrons with regularity and promptitude.

One evening after she had retired for the night the landlord informed the company that this was the last time she would wait upon them, as she was going to be married next day. When the landlord had gone out Jimmie Hughes, the young man referred to, got up and said he thought it only right that they should show their appreciation of her services by making her a little present on this auspicious occasion.

He took a sheet of paper, and wrote his name down for $200 and passed it around. The girl was popular and the idea caught on, and when it came round again to generous Jimmie the total amounted to something over $2,000. They summoned the landlord, handed over the amount to him and asked him to give it to Miss White next morning with their hearty good wishes for her happiness.

Next day she was married, and the happy bridegroom was—Jimmie Hughes.—Exchange.

MEANT TO STAY TO THE END.

Coachman Liked Job Too Well to "stand For" Dismissal.

In Washington not long ago Andrew Carnegie was in conversation with a friend when reference was made to the servant "problem." Mr. Carnegie mentioned the fact that in many Scottish families the old man servant is something of an institution. Such a servant usually enters the employ of a particular family when he is a boy, adheres faithfully to his place for a long time and resigns only when the infirmities of years crowd upon him.

As illustrating the sturdy independence of the Scottish servant Mr. Carnegie told the following:

"A certain lady in the north of Scotland had in her employ a crusty old servitor, long in the service of her family, who gave her no end of annoyance by an imperious disregard of her instructions. At length, the situation becoming unbearable, the mistress determined to see what effect dismissal would have upon the refractory servant. Accordingly she summoned him and said:

"'Really I can stand this no longer. You must seek another place. At the end of the month you leave my service.'

"At these words an expression of grim amusement spread over the countenance of the servant, but the characteristic 'loyalty' asserted itself.

"'Na, na, my lady,' he said. 'I drove you to the kirk to be baptized, I drove you to your marriage, and I'll stay to drive you to your funeral.'"—Harper's Weekly.

Plea for the Simple Life.

"Speaking of the woeful waste of money, we wish to interrupt the meeting long enough to give a few figures on an important matter that seems to have been entirely overlooked," says Homer Hoch. "We refer to the four buttons on the sleeves of men's coats. Now, there are probably 600,000 men in Kansas and they probably have on an average two coats apiece. That makes 1,200,000 coats and 4,800,000 or 400,000 dozen sleeve buttons. The buttons cost about twenty cents a dozen, and at that rate the men of Kansas alone are carrying around on their coat sleeves in the form of buttons that have no use on earth or in the sky an investment of about $80,000. And the estimate is most conservative. Fellow-countrymen, in the name of economy, and thrift, and philanthropy, and business sense, and all sorts of other things, is there no way to stop this reckless extravagance?"—Kansas City Journal.

Silence Well Paid For.

In a certain village church the congregation had been greatly disturbed during the singing of the hymns by a certain set of women who would persistently gossip in a loud tone.

At last the minister devised a plan to stop this disturbance.

At a given signal by him every one in the choir was to stop singing abruptly.

So, during the singing of a hymn he gave the signal—at this every one stopped singing.

One of the offenders who was unable to check herself was heard to say in a loud tone, "I always fry mine in lard."

"As we now know," announced the minister, "that she always fries hers in lard, we will proceed with the singing." And there was silence after that.

British M. P. Well Known Here.

R. C. Lehmann, the English journalist and oarsman, who is well known in the United States, is a member of the new parliament, representing the South, or Market Harborough, division of Leicestershire in the liberal interest. Mr. Lehmann, who coached the Harvard varsity crew some years ago, is a critic and man of letters in the best sense of the term.

Avoid Waste.

The Philadelphia Press suggests that if the state capitol at Albany is going to fall down it should not fail to select an effective moment for the demonstration. As the English gallery god yelled at the fellow who was about to fling an obnoxious spectator over the gallery railing: "Don't waste him—kill a fiddler with him!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Making Cavalry Invisible.

A special military commission is now sitting in Berlin considering the best means of making cavalry as invisible as possible in warfare.

COULD NOT KEEP UP.

Broken Down, Like Many Another Woman, with Exhausting Kidney Troubles.

Mrs. A. Taylor, of Wharton, N. J., says: "I had kidney trouble in its most painful and severe form, and the torture I went through now seems to have been almost unbearable. I had backaches, pains in the side and loins, dizzy spells and hot, feverish headaches. There were bearing-down pains, and the kidney secretions passed too frequently and with a burning sensation. They showed sediment. I became discouraged, weak, languid and depressed, so sick and weak that I could not keep up. As doctors did not cure me I decided to try Doan's Kidney Pills, and with such success that my troubles were all gone after using eight boxes, and my strength, ambition and general health is fine."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

No School.

"You think, then, that Johnnie will be all right by to-morrow, doctor?"

"Not a doubt of it, madam; to-morrow is Saturday."

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Bridal Spoon.

First Maid—Have you an easy place to work?

Second Ditto—I should say! It's no trouble to keep the house in order at all. I'm working for a bride and groom, and they never use anything but the cosy corner.

Many Children are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, Break up Colds and Destroy Worms. At all Druggists', 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Harsh Measures.

"Don't you occasionally have company at the house that bores you?"

"Often. But we have a remedy. We always let our little Johnnie recite."

Spring!

Time to cleanse the system and purify the blood. Take Garfield Tea, Nature's perfect laxative; it is the best blood-purifier known. It cures sick headache, regulates the liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels. Send for sample. Garfield Tea Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.

It is more useful not to know things and make people think you do than to know them and not have anybody believe it.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa

As a Special Favor.

He was a young and smart-looking Scots clergyman, and was to preach a "trial" sermon in a strange church. Fearing that his hair might be disarranged or that he might have a smudge on his face, he quietly and significantly said to the beadle, there being no mirror in the vestry:

"John, could you get me a glass?"

John disappeared, and after a few minutes returned with something under his coat, which, to the astonishment of the divine, he produced in the form of a bottle with a gill of whisky in it, saying:

"Ye mauna let on aboot it, meenister, for I got it as a special favor, and I wadna hae got it ava if I hadna told them it was for you."

River of Ink.

In Algeria there is a curious freak of nature, a river of genuine ink, caused by the joining of two streams, one of which comes from an iron range, while the second stream flows from a peat swamp. On meeting, the acid of one stream blends with the iron solution of the other, with the result that ink is formed.

NO REST NIGHT OR DAY.

With Irritating Skin Humor—Hair Began to Fall Out—Wonderful Result from Cuticura Remedies.

"About the latter part of July my whole body began to itch. I did not take much notice of it at first, but it began to get worse all the time, and then I began to get uneasy and tried all kinds of baths and other remedies that were recommended for skin humors; but I became worse all the time. My hair began to fall out and my scalp itched all the time. Especially at night, just as soon as I would get in bed and get warm, my whole body would begin to itch and my finger nails would keep it irritated, and it was not long before I could not rest night or day. A friend asked me to try the Cuticura Remedies, and I did, and the first application helped me wonderfully. For about four weeks I would take a hot bath every night and then apply the Cuticura Ointment to my whole body; and I kept getting better, and by the time I used four boxes of Cuticura I was entirely cured, and my hair stopped falling out. D. E. Blankenship, 319 N. Del. St., Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 27, 1905."

"I feel like a horse," said Farmer G. Whizz, when he returned from meeting the green goods man in town.

"How's that?" asked the hired man.

"City broke."

Nothing knocks out and disables like

Lumbago and Sciatica

Nothing reaches the trouble as quickly as

TRADE MARK.

St. Jacobs Oil

Known the world over as

The Master Cure for Pains and Aches

Price, 25c. and 50c.

MIXED FARMING

60 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

WHEAT RAISING RANCHING three great pursuits have again shown wonderful results on the

FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS OF WESTERN CANADA.

Magnificent climate—farmers plowing in their shirt sleeves in the middle of November.

"All are bound to be more than pleased with the final results of the past season's harvest."—Extract.

Coal, wood, water, hay in abundance—schools, churches, markets convenient.

This is the era of $1.00 wheat.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

When you buy WET WEATHER CLOTHING you want complete protection and long service. These and many other good points are combined in TOWER'S FISH BRAND OILED CLOTHING You can't afford to buy any other

A J TOWER CO BOSTON U.S.A. TOWER CANADIAN CO LTD TORONTO CAN.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

THE BEST COUGH CURE

In buying a cough medicine, remember the best cough cure,

Kemp's Balsam

costs no more than any other kind.

Remember, too, the kind that cures is the only kind worth **anything.**

Every year thousands are saved from a consumptive's grave by taking Kemp's Balsam in time.

Is it worth while to experiment with anything else?

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN

W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES
ESTABLISHED JULY 6, 1876.
CAPITAL $2,500,000

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES & SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

If I could take you into my three large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you the infinite care with which every pair of shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

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When traveling to Chicago and the East use the line that will afford you the most comfortable journey. The five daily trains between St. Paul and Chicago via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

give the traveling public an excellence of service not elsewhere obtainable.

The celebrated Pioneer Limited leaves St. Paul at 8:35 p. m., and the Fast Mail, which in point of accommodations is second only to the Pioneer, at 7:20 p. m.

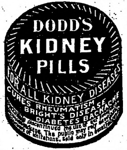
Fares of the C., M. & St. P. Ry. are always the lowest.

All trains are fully protected by a perfect system of block signals.

W. B. DIXON
N. W. P. A., St. Paul.

TICKETS
365 Robert St.

Make 'Em Lay When eggs are highest By using SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER the great poultry tonic in use 40 years. One pack 25 cents; five $1; two-lb. can $1.20; six $5. Express paid. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.



DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES

WRITE FOR TRIAL PACKAGE "GOLD COIN HEAVE CURE"

"I have used over 100 packages of your Heave Cure on different horses, and it has never failed me yet."—Wm. J. Wenz, St. Paul. Send 4c for Postage, and mention this paper. Gold Coin Stock Food Co. 104 E. 5th St. St. Paul, Minn.

Earn from $70 to $165 per month

Wanted young men to become Firemen and Brakemen on Minnesota and other railroads. Experience unnecessary. Positions secured when competent. Instructions at your home by mail. Write to-day for particulars. FEDERAL RY. TRAINING SCHOOL, 709 Oneida Block. Minneapolis, Minn.

LEGAL ADVICE ANY QUESTION, ANY STATE. Mail $1.00. Law Bureau, People's Institute, Chicago.

N W N U —NO. 12— 1906.

Mayer HONORBILT Shoes for Men.

These elegant, stylish and up-to-date shoes are made of the finest leather. They are built over "foot form" lasts that insure a perfect fit and are guaranteed to wear better than most shoes sold at higher prices. Every piece of material used is honest. The workmanship is perfect; style correct.

They are built on honor.

Let your next pair of shoes be "Honorbilt." Your shoe dealer will supply you. If he refuses write to us. See that the name "Honorbilt" and Mayer trade-mark appear on the sole. It is a guarantee of quality. We make the "Western Lady" and the "Martha Washington Comfort Shoes."

F. MAYER BOOT & SHOE CO., MILWAUKEE, WIS.

PRICE, 25 Cts.

TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE

ANTI-GRIPINE IS GUARANTEED TO CURE GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE. F. W. Diemer, M.D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

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Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 31, 1906. NUMBER 37.

RESUME OF THE NEWS

Fresh——Reliable——Brief

Washington.

Representatives Stevens, Volstead and Davis appeared before the committee on claims and made arguments in support of the claim of Minnesota for reimbursement for expenses incurred in connection with Indian uprisings in the state.

President Roosevelt's second daughter, Miss Ethel; Secretary Taft's daughter, Miss Helen, and a daughter of Gen. A. W. Greely of the army, were among a class of twenty-five young people who were confirmed at St. John's Episcopal church.

The mayors of fifty large cities in different parts of the country have written to President Roosevelt inviting him to deliver an address during the tenth annual convention of the League of American Municipalities, which will meet in Chicago on Sept. 26, 27 and 28.

Casualties.

Three trainmen were killed and two injured in a collision of freight trains at West Windham, N. H.

Herman Eillert, Reedsburg, Wis., purchased strychnine to kill rats and was found dead at home soon after.

Six bakers in a Janesville, Wis., bakeshop were found unconscious from gas fumes. All the men will recover.

The Dorcas custom ore mill, located half a mile north of Florence, Colo., was destroyed by fire. The mill was valued at $300,000.

Owing to fear of snowslides, all the mines in the neighborhood of Silverton, Colo., have been closed and 3,000 miners have fled to Silverton for safety.

The four-year-old daughter of John Colwell of Hancock, Mich., died as the result of eating thirty-six strychnine pills, believing them to be candy. She suffered terrible agony.

Nearly all of the business district of North Loup, Neb., was destroyed by fire. The town is without fire-fighting facilities and there was no way to check the flames.

Thinking the locomotive on which he was stealing a ride was about to jump the track, Peter Smith of Vinton, Iowa, jumped from the fast moving engine and received serious injuries.

While attempting to start a soft coal fire with kerosene oil, Herman Otting of Hopkins, Iowa, was seriously burned by an explosion. Mr. Otting was enveloped in flames and was seriously hurt.

Edward Wentzell, thirty years old, employed in the construction department of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway company at Ensley, Ala., fell off a furnace stove eighty feet to the ground and was instantly killed. His home was in Denver.

C. E. Davis, a stockman of Sioux City, Iowa, was killed, and Brakeman E. M. Crummey of Milwaukee was injured in a collision of two freight trains on the Milwaukee road at Davis Junction, Ill. The collision was due to a mistake in signals.

Fire broke out in the Bradley building, a four-story structure in Chicago, and occupied by a number of small manufacturing concerns. The flames soon spread throughout the entire building and completely destroyed it. The loss is estimated at $100,000.

After placing several sticks of dynamite on an old scraper, Thomas Brown and T. D. Fowler built a fire under the iron shell, with the result that they were killed by the explosion, at Roundup, sixty miles north of Billings, Mont. Both men were badly mangled.

Fire in the Haverhill, Mass., manual training school and high school annex imperiled more than 150 boys and girls, and, although mainly because of the coolness and generalship of the teachers, no lives were lost, several pupils had their hair burned and one girl injured her leg by jumping from a second-story window.

Two unidentified women, thought to be mother and daughter, were instantly killed by a passenger train on the Wabash railroad at a crossing in Chicago. The body of the elder woman was thrown high in the air and when she struck the ground she was dead. The younger woman was dragged under the locomotive and cut to pieces.

Crimes.

In a wholesale safe crackfest in Mason City, Iowa, five safes were blown open and money aggregating $100 was stolen. The police have no clue, but suspect foreign talent.

Mrs. T. J. Tanner of Zion City, a member of Dowie's church, killed herself and her infant child by leaping before a Northwestern train. The woman is believed to have been demented.

For sending a letter to F. T. C. Johnson, a rich farmer, in which it is alleged they threatened to accuse him of murder unless he paid them $500, G. B. Richards has been fined $300 and Joseph Westrip $200 in the district court at Council Bluffs. The men pleaded guilty.

Ed Johnson, colored, was taken from jail at Chattanooga, Tenn., by a mob of seventy-five men and hanged to a beam of the county bridge over the Tennessee river. The rope broke and the negro's body fell, and the mob quickly riddled him with bullets.

Mrs. John Morrison of Cumbeola, Pa., was shot and killed as she lay in bey by one of three masked burglars.

Mrs. Ida Danielson, while entertaining a party of friends at dinner in Kansas City, became enraged at a remark of E. C. Harris, a painter, one of the guests, and shot and killed him.

Thomas Murphy of Vinta, I. T., was shot and killed at Springfield, Mo., by Policeman John Wilberly while resisting arrest. It was stated that the man was one of the trio of Wickliffe Indian outlaws from the Indian territory.

Christ Haller was arrested at Houghton, Mich., on a charge of the embezzlement of funds of August Schlaack of the Houghton meat market. Haller was driving a team on the South range and appropriated money which he collected on accounts.

From Other Shores.

Six hundred Macedonian emigrants have left Servia for the United States by way of Fiume. All of them possessed sufficient funds to permit of their entering the United States.

A big scandal has developed in the Russian ministry of marine owing to the discovery that the plans for the construction of Russian submarine boats have been sold to agents of a foreign power.

A confidential communication just received at Berlin from Constantinople states that preparations are quietly being pushed for the reception of King Edward, who is expected to visit the sultan, coming direct by sea.

The first smoking car ever reserved for women in Great Britain left a big London terminus recently for Liverpool. The windows bore labels reading: "Ladies' Smoking." The innovation attests the spread of smoking among English women in recent years.

A thousand more troops, including a large force of cavalry, are being assembled at Lnes, France, owing to the menacing spread of the miners' strike. The miners are divided into two camps, the extremists and the moderates, who threaten to attack each other.

The railway nationalization bill has passed the Japanese house of representatives without amendment by a vote of 243 to 109. It is expected that the bill to purchase the Seoul-Fusan railway also will pass. The cost of the purchase of home railways is estimated at $250,000.

John Patrick Howard was tried in the assizes at Venice on a charge of bank robbery. He was arrested in July, 1905, and is believed to be Joseph Killoran, who, on July 4, 1905, while under arrest in New York, charged with a postoffice robbery, escaped. He was afterward captured and served a sentence at the Chester, Ill., penitentiary.

Domestic.

Russian revolutionaries are at Tokio asking for permission to publish a daily newspaper at Nagasaki.

After a month's illness Joseph W. Bailey, father of Senator Joseph W. Bailey of Texas, died in a sanitarium at New Orleans. He was seventy-two years old.

A manifestant at the inventorying of church property at Nancy, France, is dead as the result of a bullet wound inflicted by the vicar of the church during the disturbance.

Prof. Albert Henderson Pattengill of the University of Michigan died suddenly of heart disease at Ann Arbor. He had been ill two days and Dr. Darling of the university medical faculty was in attendance.

The project to erect in his home town, Portland, Me., a memorial to Thomas Brackett Reed is meeting with many responses. Already the Thomas Brackett Reed Memorial association has raised more than $30,000.

A recent storm caused landslides and floods in Brazil. Twenty persons were killed or injured at Rio de Janeiro, and landslides at Petropolis, the capital of the state of Rio de Janeiro, killed fifty persons and injured many more.

Fear that her home was burning caused Mrs. Frances Maguire of Alton, Ill., a deaf mute, to speak for the first time in her life. She ran down the street crying "Fire!" as if she had heard and said the word from childhood. Neighbors say she said the word plainly, but has not been able to speak since.

Medill Patterson of Chicago paid his 25 cents dues, signed the party pledge, renounced all other political faiths, and has become a real Socialist. From now until the close of the aldermanic campaign until April 2, Mayor Dunne's former commissioner of public works will be one of the leading spellbinders in Socialism's campaign to "capture the powers of the government in the interest of the working classes."

A direct denial that he had begun negotiations with the Chicago clearing house committee for the purchase of the Walsh railroad properties has been made by President A. B. Stickney of the Chicago Great Western road.

Gen. T. J. Henderson of Illinois has been elected president of the Society of the Army of the Ohio, to succeed the late Gen. Scofield. The executive committee of the society contemplates finishing the compilation of a history of the Army of the Ohio, which was not completed by Gen. Schofield when he died.

SIX BUTCHERED IN MINNEAPOLIS

HACKED AND MUTILATED BODIES OF BULGARIANS FOUND BY POLICE.

MURDER BY THE WHOLESALE

POLICE HAVE MEAGER CLUES—EVIDENCE OF FREE-FOR-ALL FIGHT FOR MONEY.

Minneapolis, March 29.—Murder by the wholesale was served up to the populace of the Northwest in Minneapolis yesterday by the finding of the hacked and mutilated bodies of six Bulgarians, evidently workmen, lying in deep pools of coagulated blood in a little tumble-down house, at 10 o'clock in the morning.

Four of the bodies were found in a sleeping room on the second floor, cut and slashed in a most horrible manner, while in the cellar were two others with their throats cut from ear to ear. All of the men had died by the knife. Near the bodies were found

Five Large Bowie Knives,

with razor-edged blades nearly eight inches long, having the regulation hunting knife handle of horn, and a bloodstained hatchet.

The dead: Nicolo Dimitri, Kirie Demitri, Agne Karofil, Kerstan Yovko, Unka Naudaba, Baakon Kapanni.

The Dimitris were evidently father and son. All of the men were comparatively young and smooth shaven.

The police have almost no clue as to who or how many persons were concerned in the murder. The only possible clue which may lead to something definite was obtained from a drayman named Micklenberg. He says that he was approached Monday afternoon last by some men whom he took to be

Italians or Greeks,

who wanted him to take six packages from the house where the dead bodies were found to the union station. On arriving at the house he found there were twelve packages, and after haggling about the price, he took them to the station. A young man aged about twenty years rode on the wagon with him. The other men walked. The man who rode on the wagon said the party was going to Duluth. At the station he noticed that the men from the house were joined by several other men, a woman and a little girl. From this clue the police believe the

Murders Were Committed

some time between midnight Sunday and Monday morning. This suspicion is clinched by the statements of S. Magnuson, owner of the house where the murder occurred.

At about 10 o'clock yesterday he asked the police to search the house. He said that an aged German who occupied the lower floor of the house could not be found. He it was who notified Magnuson that a fight had taken place in the rooms over the ones occupied by the German Sunday night. The German said he heard scuffling in the rear of the house, but thought nothing of it until yesterday when he observed that the tenants above him were not moving about as usual. After notifying Magnuson, the German disappeared and has not been located since.

Horrifying Discovery.

Magnuson at once called up Patrolman Peterson, who broke open the doors and made the horrifying discovery. Magnuson told the police that about four months ago a well dressed Italian rented the upper floor of the house and paid four months' rent in advance. The Italian told him he was foreman of a railway construction gang and that none of the hotels would keep the men. The next day twelve men moved their few belongings in. They went to work each day and returned in the evening. They were quiet, never drank and made little noise. The "foreman" was never seen again and the police have absolutely

No "Line" on Him.

When the house of slaughter was searched a lamp was found burning in a rear room upstairs. The lamp was seen burning there Tuesday night. This at first led the police to believe the murders were done in two nights. The two bodies in the basement, according to Coroner Kistler, had been dead nearly two days. The blood surrounding the bodies in the upper rooms was more fresh than that around those in the cellar. Also the wounds on the four appeared to have been made later. The men in the basement had been killed by having their throats cut and the police are inclined to believe that they were murdered for their money and that a

Free-for-All Fight

followed over a division of the spoils. This is indicated by the wounds found on the bodies in the upper rooms. Their faces were slashed almost beyond recognition and there were wounds all over the bodies.

The fight-for-money theory is borne out by the finding near the bodies of one or more money belts, in which was $506 in United States currency and gold. On one of the bodies was found a watch which was still going. Some of the bodies had been stripped, evidently for robbery.

Aside from the above facts the police have absolutely no clues on which to work, but they and Sheriff Dreger's force are straining every nerve, aided by the St. Paul police, to get some information regarding the affair.

MAY PROFIT BY CRIME.

Murderess Claims Estate of Her Victim.

Duluth, March 29.—An effort is being made by the Duluth police to find relatives of Joe Lepine, the man who was murdered near Madison, S. D., recently, and for whose murder his reputed wife, Dora, is under a penitentiary sentence. Property amounting to about $10,000 was left by the murdered man, and the woman who killed him is endeavoring to get possession of it through the probate court. The prosecuting attorney of Madison has written to the police here asking them to see if they could locate relatives of the murdered man, as he was anxious to keep the property from falling into the hands of the woman. So far the police have been unable to discover any trace of relatives of Lepine.

COPPER PLANT BURNS.

Blaze at Grand Encampment Does $300,000 to $500,000 Damage.

Grand Encampment, Wyo., March 29.—The great smelting, concentrating and electric and steam power plant of the Penn (Wyo.) Copper company was almost completely destroyed by fire yesterday, entailing a loss estimated at $300,000 to $500,000; partially covered by insurance. The smelter building was saved after a hard fight made by the fire department. The origin of the fire is a mystery. The plant had been closed down for the winter on account of the deep snow and improvements were under way.

LUMBER CAMP BURNED OUT.

Men Are Able to Save Only a Part of Their Clothing.

Houpt, Minn., March 29.—Fire destroyed the logging camp, including cook house, bunk house, stables, etc., operated by Wicks & Moss near here. All the clothing of the men was burned, the fire breaking out after all were asleep and spreading so rapidly that nothing was saved. The men, only partly dressed and nearly all without shoes, were compelled to walk through the bitter cold to Houpt, a distance of four miles, before succor could reach them.

ICE MAY GO OUT BY APRIL 5.

Shippers at Head of Lakes Watch Conditions at the Sault.

Duluth, March 29.—Sixteen inches of ice bars the passage of boats in the river at the Sault and Mud lake, and the eyes of all vesselmen at the Head of the Lakes are turned in that direction. Many big vessels are loaded all ready to start as soon as a favorable report comes. The ice is beginning to honeycomb, and if the mild weather continues there is a possibility that the river may be cleared by April 5 and navigation begin.

Cuts 30,940 Buttons in a Week.

Prairie du Chien, Wis., March 29.—The record for button cutting was broken in the Iroquois factory last week, when Emery Valley turned in his weekly stunt showing that he had cut 30,940 button blanks for the six days of ten hours each. They were 24-line buttons, weighed 227 1-2 pounds and contained 184 gross of 14 dozens each. Valley received for his work 9 1-2 cents per gross, or a total of $17.45.

Fell Among Thieves.

Aberdeen, S. D., March 28.—A Russian who was traveling to South Dakota with his wife and five children, was robbed on a Milwaukee train near Twin Brooks of a purse containing $400. When the Russian missed his purse a search of the train was made and the purse was found open and with the money gone, but a draft for $300 remained. The Russian was coming to South Dakota to live.

Babe Dies During Night.

Brainerd, Minn., March 29.—The three-weeks-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Atkinson was found dead in bed yesterday morning. When the child was put to bed Tuesday night it was apparently in the best of health. Heart trouble is supposed to have occasioned its demise.

Fire at Fort Worth.

Fort Worth, Tex., March 29.—The wholesale Wadsworth-Cameron drug house was totally destroyed by fire at midnight. Loss on building, $25,000; loss on stock, $135,000.

Let Meriwether Quit.

Washington, March 29.—Secretary Bonaparte decided yesterday to accept the resignation of Midshipman Minor Meriwether from the naval academy.

250 Miners Killed

Tokio, March 29.—By an explosion in the Takashima coal mine near Nagasaki yesterday 250 miners were killed.

F. P. Pettigrew Fined.

Milwaukee, March 29.—F. P. Pettigrew, Sioux Falls, S. D., a nephew of the former senator, and a freshman at the state university at Madison, was fined for placing explosives on the car tracks during a riot over abolishing of football.

Echo of Russian War.

Tokio, March 29.—A fishing boat struck a floating mine March 26 off the coast of the province of Echizen, Japan, and was blown up. Seven of the crew of ten are missing.

PLACE PERKINS UNDER ARREST

CHARGED WITH LARCENY IN CONNECTION WITH POLITICAL DONATION.

WAS AUTHORIZED BY M'CALL

PERKINS CLAIMS IF CRIME WAS COMMITTED OTHERS ARE IMPLICATED.

New York, March 29.—On a charge that his connection with the contribution of $46,702.50 from the funds of the New York Life Insurance company to Cornelius N. Bliss, treasurer of the Republican national committee in the campaign of 1904, constitutes grand larceny in the first degree, Geo. W. Perkins, member of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., and until recently first vice president of the insurance company, was arrested yesterday on a warrant issued by City Magistrate Moss. When a detective went to serve the warrant upon Mr. Perkins, he found that a

Writ of Habeas Corpus

had already been obtained from Justice Greenbaum of the state supreme court, and the matter was immediately taken out of the magistrate's hands. Mr. Perkins appeared before Justice Greenbaum, and at the request of his counsel the hearing was adjourned until Friday. The prisoner was paroled in the custody of his personal attorney, Louis A. Delafield.

The warrant for the arrest was applied for Tuesday by District Attorney Jerome. Magistrate Moss would not act, however, until affidavits had been filed, and these were presented to him yesterday. They were signed by Darwin P. Kingsley, vice president of the New York Life; Edmund D. Randolph, treasurer of the company, and by T. A. Buckner, also a vice president.

All Were Implicated.

Mr. Perkins' counsel admitted to Justice Greenbaum that Mr. Perkins had advanced the money to Mr. Bliss upon the request of the late John A. McCall, president of the New York Life. He was afterward reimbursed by the company's finance committee. It was contended that Mr. McCall had authority to order the payment, and that if any crime was committed it war participated in by every member of the finance committee present when the matter was acted upon.

Spurs Grand Jury On.

Judge O'Sullivan, in the court of special sessions, yesterday again addressed the grand jury which is considering life insurance matters, and instructed them to continue the investigation. He told the grand jurors it is their right to demand that the district attorney subpoena witnesses for them in any matter they may have under consideration.

District Attorney Jerome last night made public correspondence between himself and Mr. Perkins which showed that on the district attorney's request for information and without promise of any immunity whatsoever, Mr. Perkins had supplied Mr. Jerome with all the facts connected with the 1904 campaign contribution.

SHOCK KILLS HER.

News of Opera Singer's Death Fatal to His Sister-in-Law.

Fairmont, W. Va., March 29.—Agnes Stone, sister-in-law of William McDonald of the Bostonians, whose death was announced Tuesday night, dropped dead yesterday upon reading the news of his death. She was a sister of Marie Stone, who for years was the soprano soloist of the original Boston Ideals, and was the wife of McDonald. Agnes Stone was also an operatic singer and was here with a Robin Hood company when she died.

LOSS IS HALF MILLION.

Johnstown Fire Extinguished After Hard Fight.

Johnstown, Pa., March 29.—The fire which broke out in the business section of this city shortly after midnight yesterday was not fully under control until after daylight, when it had burned itself out, after destroying four large business structures and causing a loss of over half a million dollars. During the progress of the fire William Campbell, a fireman, was caught under a falling wall and probably fatally injured.

Visits Church Dignitaries.

Rome, March 29.—Archbishop Ireland yesterday visited Cardinal Satolli, the former papal delegate at Washington, who recalled mutual friends in America and invited the archbishop to dine with his April 2. The archbishop also visited the papal secretary of state, Cardinal Merry del Val.

Dies in Drunken Stupor.

Helena, Mont., March 29.—Sebastian Horn, a sheepherder, sat down in the rear of a saloon here to sleep off the effects of liquor. Efforts to awaken him showed that he was dead. His relatives have not been located.

Elopers Arrested.

Grand Forks, N. D., March 29.—Robert Edwards, aged forty, and Mattie Graham, aged sixteen, who eloped from Knox a week ago, were arrested here. They had been living as man and wife in East Grand Forks.

WOMAN HOLDS UP FOUR MEN

CASS LAKE HAS A FEMALE BANDIT WHO HAS REAPED RICH HARVEST.

Bemidji, Minn., March 29.—According to reports that have been received here, Cass Lake has had the distinction of having the first successful female bandit ever brought before the public in the Northwest.

The details of the affair are somewhat meager, as there is an apparent disposition on the part of Cass Lakers to keep the matter quiet, but it is understood that the feminine bandit successfully held up three men at the point of a revolver and relieved them of sums aggregating $500.

One victim gave up $200 under the persuasion of an ugly-looking revolver in the hands of the masked woman, while two others in turn contributed more than $100 each. The amount donated by the fourth victim of the hold-up is not exactly known.

The hold-ups took place on the street late at night. The woman was arrested in the morning and over $500 and the revolver were found on her person

PLAN GIANT CRAFT.

Congressmen Expect New Battleship to Be Biggest in the World.

Washington, March 29—Representatives on the committee on naval affairs of the house said yesterday it was very probable that the new $10,000,000 battleship which will be authorized by congress will be built in one of the navy yards of the government. The new battleship is to be the biggest thing of its kind that the world has ever seen and will, it is promised, make the British Dreadnaught look obsolete in comparison. The naval committee favors calling the new vessel the Constitution, though the name Republic has also been suggested.

$100,000 CHURCH BURNS.

Priests Save Host and Altar Vessels From Conflagration.

Philadelphia, March 29.—An explosion of benzine yesterday resulted in a fire which destroyed the interior of the Roman Catholic Church of St. Francis Xavier and ugtted the hat factory of Henry H. Roelofs & Co. The loss is estimated at $50,000 on the factory and $100,000 on the church. Seventy-five children who had gathered to attend Lenten devotion in the basement of the church escaped without injury. Rev. Edward Mellen and Rev. I. J. Fleming, the curates, at the risk of their lives saved the consecrated host and the vessels from the altar.

FELL FROM HIGH STEEPLE.

Two Workmen Are Killed by Collapse of a Scaffolding.

Dayton, Ohio, March 29.—By the collapse of a scaffolding around the tower of the new St. Mary's church on Xenia avenue yesterday, Charles Sanders and George Ellison, stone workers, fell 100 feet. Sanders was instantly killed. Ellison lived about fifteen minutes.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, March 29.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 77 1-8@77 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 75 1-4 @ 76c; No. 3, 72@75 1-2c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 38 1-2@39c. Oats—No. 3 white, 29@29 1-2c.

Minneapolis, March 29.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 79 3-8c; No. 1 Northern, 78 7-8c; No. 2 Northern, 77 3-8@77 5-8c; durum, 69@71c. Oats—No. 3 white, 29 1-4c.

Duluth, March 29.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 78 1-8c; No. 2 Northern, 76 1-8c; flax, $1.15 7-8; rye, 56c.

Chicago, March 29.—Wheat—No. 2 red, 84 1-4@85 3-4c; No. 2 hard, 74@79c; No. 1 Northern, 78 3-4@82 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 77@81c. Corn—No. 2, 43 3-4@44c. Oats—No. 2, 30 1-4 @ 30 1-2c.

Milwaukee, March 29.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 80 1-2@81c; No. 2 Northern, 77@79c. Rye — No. 1, 64 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 55c. Oats—Standard, 32 1/2c.

Sioux City, Iowa, March 29.—Cattle—Beeves, $4 @ 5.75; cows, bulls and mixed, $3@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3@4.25; calves and yearlings, $3@4. Hogs—Bulk, $6.12@6.15.

Chicago, March 29.—Beeves, $4 @ 6.30; stockers and feeders, $2.65@4.70; 6.35; stockers and feeders, $2.65@4.70; cows and heifers, $1.50@4.90. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.25 @ 6.50; bulk, $6.40@6.45. Sheep, $3.80@6.10; lambs, $4.75@6.90.

South St. Paul, March 29.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs — Price range, $6.05@6.20; bulk, $6.10. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $6@6.50; fair to good, $4.50@5.75; yearling wethers, $5.25@6; good to choice ewes, $4.25@5.

Village Is Doomed.

Berlin, March 29.—The village of Muelheim, near Coblenz, is threatened with destruction by a hill which has been gradually slipping into the valley for several days. Up to this time 150 houses have been damaged.

Fears Banks; She Is Robbed.

Cincinnati, March 29.—A box containing $800 in cash and $3,000 in gold bonds was wrested from Mrs. C. Schmide in her bakery in Lockland and the thief escaped. Mrs. Schmidt would not trust in banks.

NO AGREEMENT ON WAGE SCALE

PROSPECTS FOR SETTLEMENT OF DIFFICULTY ARE STILL VERY HAZY.

1903 SCALE FOR TWO YEARS

PROPOSED BY OPERATOR ROBBINS WILL BE CONSIDERED BY MINERS.

Indianapolis, March 29. — The joint conference of the coal miners and operators of the Central competitive district again failed yesterday to reach an agreement on the wage scale question. Prospects for a settlement are still hazy.

A motion to continue the present scale for two years made by the operators was defeated by the solid vote of the miners. An amendment to President Mitchell's motion to restore the scale of 1903, offered by Mr. F. L. Robbins of the Pennsylvania operators, that it be made effective for two years, was accepted by Mr. Mitchell, subject to ratification by the miners' national convention, which will meet this morning.

This was the only motion taken during the day. The rest was argument.

Carriers Absorb Profits.

President Mitchell charged that many coal companies are owned by railroads and that the profit on coal is not indicated by the books of the coal companies, because much of it is absorbed by the carriers. He announced that the miners would continue to ask for more wages whenever the market justified the demand. Operators of Illinois, Indiana and Ohio spoke through A. J. Moorehead of Illinois, who said he thought Illinois should break away from the interstate agreement; H. N. Taylor of Illinois, R. R. Hammond, Chairman Winder and Secretary Bent of the Illinois miners reaffirmed their refusal to pay any advance. F. L. Robbins of Pennsylvania, who has offered to pay the advance in the mines of the Pittsburg Coal company, and in his own mines in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Illinois, urged the miners to sign the scale wherever it was offered. J. B. Zerbe appealed to the miners not to sign by districts, but to stand together.

There was a number of suggestions and hints at an arbitration committee.

CONGRESSMEN SEEM AGREED.

Arizona and New Mexico May Vote on Statehood.

Washington, March 29. — That the senate and house will reach a compromise agreement on the statehood bill which will permit Arizona and New Mexico each to decide for themselves the question of their admission as one state seems a correct conclusion from present indications. The conference met yesterday for the second time, and while the session was devoted to what are termed the minor amendments, there are indications that a basis of agreement on the chief question is suggesting itself naturally, and will result in the restoration of Arizona and New Mexico to the bill with the Foraker amendment, and inquiry among the senators who opposed the original house bill indicates that they will accept this compromise. The senate amendment defining the limits of the prohibition territory in Oklahoma is regarded as the result of a general agreement among all parties interested and is acceptable. Likewise there seems little objection to the senate's provision allowing lieu school lands to be selected in place of school lands found to be mineral lands.

TWO MILLION FROM CARNEGIE.

Great Additional Sum for Maintenance of Technical Schools.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 29.—Andrew Carnegie has given $2,000,000, in addition to the previous gifts, for the maintenance of the Carnegie technical schools. Mr. Carnegie expressed a desire that the Margaret Morrison Carnegie school for women be completed as soon as possible and assured the committee that he would meet the expense.

NEW YORK LIFE LOSES SUIT.

Insurance Agent Who Asked $100,000 Gets $7,000 Verdict.

New York, March 29.—A jury yesterday awarded $7,000 to Richard Wightman in a suit which he brought to recover $100,000 damages for the cancellation of a contract by which he acted as an insurance agent. Wightman alleged that he had formed an insurance club, the members of which paid their premiums by monthly instalments.

Chickamauga Hero Dies.

Cincinnati, March 29. — Col. J. C. Guthrie, whose leadership in a desperate charge at Chickamauga has been commemorated in bronze on the monument fothe Nineteenth Illinois volunteers at Chickamauga Park, is dead.

Masonic Temple Destroyed.

Dover, N. H., March 29. — The Masonic temple, the largest business block here, was destroyed by fire early this morning, entailing a loss of $200,000. Several lodgers in the upper stories had narrow escapes.

PAY BY CHECK.

Pay your bills in a business like manner, by check. It greatly facilitates the conduct of your business, both private and commercial, while at the same time your funds are absolutely safe. Business conducted through a bank is always more dignified. Even if you use your money from week to week and month to month, "pay it out through our bank." The returned checks are legal receipts for every bill you pay.

Come in and let us explain more fully the benefits of a bank account.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF ST. HILAIRE

is in a flourishing condition.

Watch this space next week.

L. C. SIMONS ....President.
K. O. GIGSTAD.........Cashier.

DON'T FORGET THE NUMBER---

488

WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN

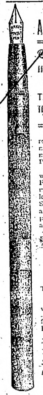
Wines and Liquors

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC

CIGARS.

BEER.

MINNEAPOLIS BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.



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THE PARKER LUCKY CURVE "Greatest Fountain Pen"

The same pen with world wide reputation advertised in leading magazines now given as a premium with the St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Nearly everybody is acquainted with the merits of the PARKER Fountain Pen. It is the best made and never sells at retail for less than $1.50. Take no chances. Send your subscription at once and if you are dissatisfied in any particular money will be refunded at the end of subscription period.

Parker's Lucky Curve Gold Fountain Pen given as follows:

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, six mos. and pen........	$2.35
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Find enclosed $________ for which you will send me The ____________ Pioneer Press for six months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.

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RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE

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The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, March 31, 1906.

W. S. Cox, formerly of the Brainerd Arena, will take charge of the Red Lake Falls Courier on April 1st.

Durum wheat seems to be popular this spring and a great deal of it will be sown. It has many enthusiastic advocates.

Call the next republican state convention fairly early and let it be held at Duluth, is the way the SPECTATOR would vote.

It is said that Congressman Steenerson may have opposition this year in the person of Senator A. D. Stephens, of Crookston.

The republican state central committee will meet next Monday at St. Paul at which time it will be decided when and where the next republican state convention will be held.

Roseau Region: The latest political rumor is that the old Collins leaders are in favor of Jacobson for governor. This combination defeated Dunn, and we would not feel like trusting to its leadership.

Walker Pilot: An Akeley postmaster named Dunn has been let out; a man was murdered near a town named Dunn this week, and then there's another Dunn—but what's the use. If your Dunn your done, that's all.

Duluth Herald: When you pick out your strong men for the legislature from northern Minnesota, be sure not only that they are for drainage, good roads, immigration and the square deal, but that they are forceful enough to get what they go after.

All honor to the old state of Missouri. She is making it decidedly warm for the Standard Oil pirates. May the good work go on until every state in the union does the same, not only to the Standard Oil trust but all others that are robbing the people.

Editor Sam Haislet, of the Red Lake Falls Gazette, wants John Eastman, of the Thief River Falls News; and the editor of this paper to hire a hall and tell all we know pro and con about Jacobson for governor. The question naturally arises, will Haislet pay the hall rent?

Hallock News: It is a noticeable fact that out of twenty-two active candidates for nomination on the state republican ticket at the coming state convention, only two live in the north half of the state. Out of the fourteen elective state officers now serving the state, only two, Judge Lewis and Judge Mills, hail from the north half of Minnesota.

Anoka Union: How would it do, just for a change, to take up some new man for governor, one who has never sucked the public teat, never held a public office, never stood for trusts and corporations; never knuckled down to any class or clique. A man clean, honest, loyal and independent. One who would be with and for the people all the time.

The Wonders of Smelling.

James Mitchell, who died in or about 1833 in the county of Narin, in Scotland, and was born blind on Nov. 11, 1795, recognized, says the World of Wonders, different persons by smelling. The famous Mr. Boyle mentions a blind man at Utrecht who could distinguish different metals by the different odors, and Martials records the case of a person named Mamurra who could tell by smelling whether copper was true Corinthian or not. Indian travelers have recorded that certain natives who habitually abstained from animal food have a sense of smelling which is so exquisitely delicate that they can tell from which well a vessel of water has been obtained. It has been related that by smell alone the negroes of the Antilles will detect the footsteps of a Frenchman from those of a negro. Marce Marel has left an account of a monk at Prague who could tell by smelling anything given to him who had last handled it. The guides who accompany travelers in the route from Aleppo to Babylon will tell by smelling the desert sand how near they are to the latter place.

The Folly of Change.

A California judge told the following story: "Montana Jack, a highwayman I prosecuted and convicted while I was district attorney, was a great humorist. The day he received his sentence the judge asked him whether he had anything to say against sentence being passed upon him. Jack admitted that he had no protest to make, but that he would like to say a few words to the young men in the courtroom. Consent was given, and Jack spoke as follows:

"'Boys, my advice to you is to stick to whatever you are doin'. Don't change your occupation or you'll never get along in the world. Look at me. I was a successful burglar for years, never got caught and collared lots of dough. Then I turned highwayman and got caught in my first holdup. And here I am, all the result of changing my occupation. Whatever you are, boys, stick to it.'"—San Francisco Chronicle.

Ice Picks and Art.

The career of Mr. Frederick MacMonnies as a sculptor began when, as a boy of five years, scarcely tall enough to reach up to the top of the kitchen table, he modeled little figures in dough. Two years later he discovered a better material for his purpose. At that time a white wax chewing gum was much in fashion among children. Young MacMonnies saved his odd pennies until he could buy what he wanted of it, and then he made from it an equestrian statue of George Washington, which is still among the family treasures.

When he was ten years old Barnum's circus came to town. He was an enthusiastic admirer of the parade, and when the elephant appeared he became intense. He watched every motion and studied every line of the strange beast. Then he rushed into the house and, working as fast as he could, modeled from memory a clay elephant of which he need not be ashamed today. At thirteen he carved a likeness of a pet bullfrog out of a Belgian paving block, with an ice pick for a chisel.—World's Work.

A Tough Meat Story.

Of the food served to the sailors in the British navy of 100 years ago a recent historian says: "A ship's company had to start a cruise upon the old meat returned from various ships and routed out from the obscure cellars of the victualing yards. Frequently it had been several years in salt before it came to the cook, by which time it needed rather a magician than a cook to make it eatable. It was of a strong hardness, fibrous, shrunken, dark, gristly and glistening with salt crystals. Strange tales were told about it. Old pigtailed seamen would tell of horseshoes found in the meat casks, of curious barkings and neighings heard in the slaughter houses and of negroes who disappeared near the victualing yards, to be seen no more. The salt pork was generally rather better than the beef, but the sailors could carve fancy articles, such as boxes, out of either meat."

Horses and Medicine.

Healthy horses require no medicine, but there are so many intestinal parasites and so many kinds of worms that affect horses that constant supervision pays. Almost all young horses are better for a few feeds of sulphur in the springtime. Many horsemen like to give a little worm medicine, and each man has his favorite. A good many worm medicines are harmless, and if administered to a healthy colt will do no harm. Usually a keen horseman knows whether worm remedies are necessary or not, but in case of doubt it is a little safer to give the medicine, provided the medicine is really harmless. Some medicines are harmless and some are not. Stimulants are not necessary, and stimulating medicines should never be given except on the advice of a veterinary.—St. Louis Republic.

Gladstone's Speech For Irving.

Gladstone was a great admirer of Sir Henry Irving, and this admiration was shown one day in the house of commons. Irving was under the gallery in the house when suddenly, without apparent reason, Gladstone leaped to his feet and delivered an impassioned speech, set off with all the expression and dramatic gesture for which he was so famous. The house seemed surprised. Members looked at one another and murmured, "What is the old man now up to?" They thought it was some deep political game. But a week or two later a friend of Irving's, encountering Mr. Gladstone, mentioned the actor's visit to the house, and Gladstone eagerly inquired: "What did he think of my speech? I made it for him."

Skinning a Sable.

The method of skinning a sable is to draw the skin over the head without any incision in the body. The feet and tail are left as part of the fur. Every thirtieth of an inch is valuable, for the average length of the animal is only twelve inches and the tail about six inches. In the reign of Henry VIII. the use of sable was forbidden to any below a viscount. A coat lined with sables is often worth from £300 to £400. A set of sable tails can hardly be sold for less than £50.—London Standard.

The Snail.

The slowest creatures in creation are snails and certain small beetles. Some of them habitually move only a foot or two in an hour, but this slowness is partly due to the fact that they remain motionless at intervals. By measuring the distances covered by snails when they were kept going constantly it has been found that the maximum speed of a good healthy snail is five and a half feet an hour.

Wiser Counsel.

"What's that sign you're making there?" asked the grocer.

"'Fresh eggs,'" replied the new clerk.

"Make it 'Fresh laid eggs.'"

"Why—er—everybody knows the eggs were fresh when they were laid."

"Exactly, and that's all that it's safe for us to say about them."—Philadelphia Press.

Real Merit.

Real merit of any kind cannot be long concealed. It will be discovered, and nothing can depreciate it but a man's exhibiting it himself. It may not always be rewarded as it ought, but it will always be known.—Chester

A friend of the home—
A foe of the Trust

Calumet Baking Powder

Complies with the Pure Food Laws of all States.

P. H. McEwen.

The Great McEwen Co., having two nights open between Crookston and Thief River Falls have made arrangements to play the two nights in St. Hilaire. The show consists of magic, mind reading and hypnotism, and has been playing all the large cities of the Pacific coast this season to big business. The same performance will be put on here as in all the larger cities. Seats can be secured in advance at Imperial Drug Store. Popular prices, 25c, 35c, 50c.

Baking Economy.

By the use of perfect baking powder the housewife can derive as much economy as from any other article used in baking and cooking. In selecting a baking powder, therefore, care should be exercised to purchase one that retains its original strength and always remains the same, thus making the food sweet and wholesome and producing sufficient leavening gas to make the baking light.

Very little of this leavening gas is produced by the cheap baking powders, making it necessary to use double the quantity ordinarily required to secure good results.

Manufacturers of cream of tartar powders ask about twice as much for their goods as that paid for any other baking powder, and food prepared from these cream of tartar powders contains large quantities of Rochelle Salts. Ask your physician what the results would be from the constant dosing of Rochelle salts.

A baking powder that is recommended by leading physicians and chemists, and which is both perfect in quality and moderate in price, is therefore suggested—one that has been found to be "best by test"—"Calumet." From the standpoints of purity, wholesomeness and economy, there is nothing to excel it.

Food prepared with Calumet is absolutely free from Rochelle Salts, Alum, Lime, Ammonia, or any injurious substance.

Solitude.

Solitude relieves us when we are sick of company and conversation when we are weary of being alone, so that the one cures the other. There is no man so miserable as he that is at a loss to use his time.—Seneca.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

The Circumstances.

"Now in order to subtract," the teacher explained, "things have to always be of the same denomination. For instance, we couldn't take three apples from four pears, nor six horses from nine hogs." A hand went up in the back part of the room. "Teacher," shouted a small boy, "can't you take four quarts of milk from three cows?" But, with your meals take golden grain belt beer. It's the most healthful beverage. It is pure, delicious and nourishing. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Three little rules we all should keep,
To make life happy and bright,
Smile in the morning, smile at noon,
Take Rocky Mountain Tea at night
Imperial Drug Co.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, M. E. Bjerk, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the 2nd day of April, 1906.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows:

On the ground floor of the two-story frame building situate on lot three (3) in block forty (40) of the Original Townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having two outside entrances, one in front and one in side.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire, and the statutes of said state of Minnesota in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., this 15th day of March, 1906.

M. E. Bjerk.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of ST. HILAIRE, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Saturday, the 31st day of March, 1906, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

[Seal.]

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Recorder.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed and delivered by Nels G. Stark and Kristine Stark, his wife, mortgagors, to M. F. Murphy, mortgagee, dated January 5, 1905, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on February 11, 1905, at eleven o'clock a. m., in Book 14 of Mortgages, on page 634 thereof; that the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at this date is two hundred thirty-seven dollars and thirty-three cents; that the premises described in and covered by said mortgage are the southeast quarter of section twenty-two, in township one hundred fifty-three, of range forty-four, situate in Red Lake county, Minnesota; that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, by the sheriff of said Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on April 9, 1906, at ten o'clock a. m., to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, together with the costs of such sale, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated February 19, 1906.

M. F. MURPHY,
Mortgagee

Montague & Chilgren,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Crookston, Minnesota.

4t21-6-m31

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by through service to and from the following cities:

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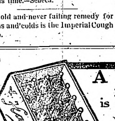

A case of necessity is a case of **Hamm's** NEW BREW

Bottled and on draught.

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co. St. Paul, Minn.

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On your next trip east why not go as your letter goes? The United States government selects the

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Five daily passenger trains from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago—almost as frequent as suburban train service. These include The Pioneer Limited and The Fast Mail, the two most popular trains between these cities. No extra charge to ride on them. But it is necessary to name your route.

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Northwestern Passenger Agent
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Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

OFFERS to take you through a complete course in Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Typewriting and let you pay for your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after situation is secured for you. It practically costs you nothing because we get you a position where you earn at least $40.00 per month more than you ever earned before. We want 500 students to enter this college during the next three months and make the above unparalleled offer to get them. The courses are: : : : : : : :

Normal, Shorthand AND Typewriting,
Music, Commercial,
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THIS is the only College in the United States that guarantees a good paying position to every graduate. If we don't get you a satisfactory situation you need never pay us one cent : : : : : : :

J. A. Button, Principal

Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to....

H. E. IVES. H. D. PETTIBONE.
President. Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

FARMS 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

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Official Abstracter.

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ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

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Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

Supplement to St. Hilaire Spectator, Saturday, March 31, 1906.

Financial Statement

......OF......

Red Lake County, Minnesota,

For the Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 1905.

OFFICE OF COUNTY AUDITOR,
RED LAKE COUNTY, MINNESOTA,
Red Lake Falls, Minn., January 2, 1906.

TO THE HONORABLE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF RED LAKE COUNTY, MINNESOTA:

GENTLEMEN:—I submit to you herewith, a statement of the financial condition of Red Lake County, Minnesota, at the close of the fiscal year, December 30, 1905, showing the receipts and expenditures for the year, the cash balance in the different funds and the total amount of cash in the County Treasury together with a statement of the finances of the county at the end of the year, including all debts and liabilities and the assets and other means of discharging the same.

Respectfully submitted,
(Seal) JAMES E. FORD, County Auditor.

TRIAL BALANCE.

Auditor's General Ledger at the close of business December 31, 1904.

	Dr	Cr
County Treasurer	$ 24370 55	
Warrants account		4636 58
Taxes and penalties		9024 88
Current school fund		617 88
County revenue fund		1729 24
County poor fund	703 57	
County road and bridge	384 57	
County bond and interest fund		2078 06
General ditch fund	1102 05	
Private redemption fund		118 71
School district funds		5577 30
Town, city and village funds		1084 49
Incidental expense fund		65 23
State lands fund		250 15
Court house and jail fund		1378 16
Totals	$26560 74	$26560 74

RECEIPTS OF RED LAKE COUNTY.

During the fiscal year ending December 30, 1905.

Balance in treasury January 2, 1905	$ 24370 55	
Current tax collections	106036 94	
Delinquent tax collections	14884 49	
Interest, penalties and costs	4501 82	
Ditch liens paid	8585 33	
Private redemptions	4115 24	
Collections prin. and int. on state lands	12448 70	
State Auditor, wolf bounties refunded	504 00	
" school apportionment	13077 70	
" state aid to schools	3957 00	
Hunters' licenses	47 70	
Interest on deposits, county funds	1092 32	
Auctioneers' licenses	40 00	
Rent	89 90	
Expenses in insanity cases refunded	158 14	
Expenses in Per Petterson estate refunded	61 00	
Filing appointment of agents	20	
Jury fees	6 00	
Fire insurance premium refunded	28 17	
Ferry license	5 00	
Fines, justice court	19 50	
Liquor licenses	2000 00	
Sewer assessments	57 90	
Warrants Nos. 8353 and 8479 cancelled	154 28	
Warrants outstanding December 30, 1905	784 70	
Total		$ 197032 58

DISBURSEMENTS OF RED LAKE COUNTY.

During the fiscal year ending December 30, 1905.

Warrants drawn on County Revenue Fund	$ 19857 78	
" " " Poor Fund	496 83	
" " " Road and Bridge Fund	2945 00	
" " " Bond and Int. Fund	2854 67	
" " " Private redemp. Fund	3973 38	
" " " General Ditch Fund	12324 16	
" " " Incidental Exp Fund	469 47	
" " " School District Funds	63533 35	
" " " Town, city and vil fund	30820 24	
" " " Court house & jail fund	2370 00	
" " " Spl. bond and int. fund	512 06	
Refunding warrants	85 55	
Principal and interest on state lands	12308 69	
State revenue and school taxes	7835 73	
Hunters' licenses	47 70	
Error warrant No. 3727	4 82	
Warrants outstanding Jan. 2, 1905	4636 58	
Balance cash in treasury December 30, 1905	31958 56	
Total		$197032 58

TRIAL BALANCE.

Auditor's General Ledger at close of business December 30, 1905.

	Dr	Cr
County treasurer	$ 31958 56	
Warrants account		784 70
Taxes and penalties		11056 55
Current school fund		837 25
County revenue fund		523 38
County poor fund		350 01
County road and bridge fund		500 18
County bond and interest fund		2317 06
General ditch fund		8279 86
Private redemption fund		260 50
School district funds		2948 87
Town, city and village funds		2427 93
Incidental fund		5 76
State revenue and school fund	1 81	
State lands fund		392 16
Special bond and interest fund		175 26
Court house and jail fund		112 99
Refunding fund	10 15	
Total	$31970 52	$31970 52

Receipts and Disbursements by Funds

County Revenue Fund.

RECEIPTS:

Balance in treasury January 2, 1905	2088 94	
Taxes and penalties	16729 12	
Interests on deposits county funds	1092 32	
Auctioneers' licenses	40 00	
Rent	89 90	
Wolf bounty refunded	504 00	
Expenses insanity cases refunded	158 14	
Ferry license	5 00	
Fire insurance premium refunded	28 17	
Jury fees	6 00	
Deposit with application for liquor license	10 00	
Filing appointment of agents	20	
Expenses in Per Petterson estate refunded	53 00	
Total		$20804 79

DISBURSEMENTS:

Warrants paid	19857 78	
Transferred to incidental fund	410 00	
Refunding orders	3 63	
Error (transferred to county road and bridge fund	10 00	
Balance on hand	523 38	
Total		$20804 79

Warrants Issued.

County Officers' Salaries.

COUNTY AUDITOR.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7413	James E Ford	100 00
7478	"	100 00
7684	"	100 00
7755	"	100 00
7880	"	100 00
7924	"	100 00
8097	"	100 00
8164	James E. Ford	100 00
8271	"	100 00
8312	"	100 00
8520	"	100 00
8769	"	100 00
	Total	$1200 00

COUNTY TREASURER

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7414	K. M Hansen	86 97
7479	"	100 00
7685	"	100 00
7756	"	100 00
7881	"	100 00
7925	"	100 00
8098	"	100 00
8165	"	100 00
8272	"	100 00
8313	"	100 00
8521	"	100 00
7194	O T Tandberg	13 33
8770	K M Hansen	100 00
	Total	$1200 00

SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7415	H T McAnulty	80 00
7482	"	87 50
7688	"	87 50
8772	"	87 50
7759	"	87 50
7884	"	87 50
7928	"	87 50
8101	"	87 50
8168	"	87 50
8275	"	87 50
8315	"	87 50
8524	"	87 50
7190	Frank Jeffers	7 50
8131	H T McAnulty	50 00
8615	"	30 00
	Total	$1130 00

JUDGE OF PROBATE.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7416	N W Tarrant	68 75
7480	"	68 75
7686	"	68 75
7757	"	68 75
7882	"	68 75
7926	"	68 75
8099	"	68 75
8166	N W Tarrant	97 91
8273	"	97 91
8314	"	97 91
8522	"	97 91
8141	"	29 16
8771	"	97 91
	Total	$999 96

COUNTY ATTORNEY.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7421	F A Grady	5 77
7422	Thomas Gerno	94 23
7481	"	100 00
7687	"	100 00
7758	"	100 00
7883	"	100 00
7927	"	100 00
8100	"	100 00
8167	"	100 00
8274	"	100 00
8320	"	100 00
8523	"	100 00
7178	F A Grady	100 00
	Total	$1200 00

CLERKS IN COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7418	I D Converse	50 00
7483	"	50 00
7689	A A Latendresse	50 00
7760	"	50 00
7885	"	50 00
7829	"	50 00
8102	"	50 00
8169	"	50 00
8276	"	50 00
8310	"	50 00
8525	"	50 00
7199	S L Lewis	15 00
8106	Adam Zeh	42 00
8773	A A Latendresse	50 00
	Total	$657 00

COURT REPORTERS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7419	Chas M Lohn	23 59
7485	"	23 59
7691	"	23 59
7762	"	23 25
7887	"	23 25
7931	"	23 25
8104	"	23 25
8171	"	23 25
8278	"	23 25
8318	"	23 25
8527	"	23 25
8775	"	23 25
7420	W O Braggans	23 59
7486	"	23 59
7692	"	23 59
7763	"	23 25
7888	"	23 25
7932	"	23 25
8105	"	23 25
8172	"	23 25
8279	"	23 25
8319	"	23 25
8528	"	23 25
8776	"	23 25
	Total	$560 04

JANITOR

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7417	J O Gjerberg	50 00
7484	"	50 00
7690	"	50 00
7761	"	50 00
7886	"	50 00
7930	"	50 00
8103	"	50 00
8170	"	50 00
8277	"	50 00
8317	"	50 00
8526	"	50 00
8774	"	50 00
	Total	$600 00

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS' PER DIEM AND MILEAGE.

FIRST DISTRICT.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7333	James Sutor	27 00
7559	"	13 00
7813	"	32 00
8076	"	20 00
8125	"	5 00
8258	"	3 00
8691	"	16 00
8697	"	5 00
	Total	$121 00

SECOND DISTRICT.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7338	Wm C L Demann	13 40
7557	"	10 40
7812	"	23 80
8077	"	17 80
8126	"	4 40
8257	"	3 00
7330	"	4 40
7332	"	20 60
7561	"	4 40
8692	"	23 60
8698	"	3 00
	Total	$128 80

THIRD DISTRICT.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7336	O J Johnson	16 00
7558	"	13 00
7811	"	18 50
8080	"	27 00
8127	"	6 00
8256	"	3 00
8128	"	6 00
8700	"	3 00
	Total	$92 50

FOURTH DISTRICT.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7335	Daniel Shaw	16 00
7556	"	13 00
7810	"	13 00
8078	"	30 00
8124	"	7 00
8259	"	3 00
8701	"	3 00
	Total	$85 00

FIFTH DISTRICT.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7337	Louis Farlardeau	16 80
7560	"	13 80
8079	"	35 40
8123	"	7 80
7331	"	6 40
	Total	$80 20

COUNTY BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8121	James Sutor	11 00
8118	Wm C L Demann	10 40
8119	O J Johnson	12 00
8120	Daniel Shaw	10 00
8122	Louis Farlardeau	13 80
	Total	$57 20

BOARD OF AUDIT.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7316	Wm C L Demann	3 00
7317	James E Ford	3 00
7318	Joseph Perrault	3 00
8043		6 00
8044	James E Ford	9 00
8081	O J Johnson	6 00
8681	James E Ford	24 00
8682	Joseph Perrault	24 00
8699	O J Johnson	24 00
	Total	$102 00

District Court Expenses.

GRAND JURORS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7594	L G Browning	6 00
7608	O W Brink	8 60
7615	Joseph Guerard	11 60
7616	Sam Sabourin	10 20
7617	Henry Lemieux	11 60
7618	Erick Iverson	10 80
7619	E K Gjernes	12 40
7620	C A Nelson	12 60
7621	Gustav Lubitz	10 00
7622	D D Haugen	12 40
7623	Peter Roerig	12 60
7624	Erick Hard	11 80
7625	Aug Swanson	10 80
7626	Joseph Laurent	9 80
7627	Albert Feragen	12 80
7628	Chas Huot	10 60
7629	Eusebe Normandeau	8 20
7630	X Sauve	10 00
7631	Thomas Daugherty	9 00
7633	W B Fuller	11 80
7639	E E Fletcher	8 20
7648	Joseph Helm	8 20
8362	E V Erickson	3 76
8363	W W Crawford	3 76
8390	James Gilbertson	11 00
8400	Otto Zaiser	8 20
8401	Rsamus Oen	12 00
8402	Wm Lurintzen	10 80
8403	Ole O Bakken	12 00
8404	Peter A Woldness	14 00
8405	G H Borsheim	13 80
8406	Chas Gustafson	11 20
8407	John J Brekke	11 20
8408	Louis Doucet	12 80
8409	Joseph Bergeron	11 80
8410	Ferdinand Bergeron	13 00
8411	Joseph Brohman	12 80
8412	Amedy Wolf	10 00
8413	Ed Enright	9 20
8414	A D Berry	9 60
8415	Chas Fellman	15 00
8417	James Blake	8 20
8419	R Fortier	12 40
8422	William Krueger	8 20
8455	Lew Kaufer	8 20
8370	Frank Cernousek	8 60
	Total	$481 02

PETIT JURORS

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7601	Elie Perrault	4 00
7636	Anton Lee	9 20
7637	C C Borgen	8 80
7638	C M Wilson	9 80
7640	George Bender	12 20
7641	M P Dargan	8 00
7642	Herman Wolf	7 20
7643	Frank Shirrick	7 80
7644	Fred Zaiser	6 20
7656	A M Anderson	8 20
7657	John Hedlund	10 40
7658	Thomas Glynn	9 60
7659	B H Costello	15 50
7660	Gilbert Haave	12 40
7661	P O Mykleby	10 80
7662	Erick Halvorson	12 20
7663	Ernest Gerlach	8 20
7664	Henry Busse	9 40
7665	Nels Knutson	12 20
7672	Louis Perrault	9 00
8354	A H Hebert	4 40
8355	Gunstein Jorgenson	8 60
8424	Christ Christianson	10 80
8425	H R Williams	14 80
8426	Lars Lee	15 40
8427	L J Parbst	15 00
8428	Lorenz Hanson	13 00
8429	Ernest Ackerlund	13 00
8430	Hans Fredrickson	14 20
8431	C F Stenhammer	12 00
8432	A St Michel	11 80
8433	Adolph Zutz	11 60
8434	Ed Garceau	10 20
8435	Mike Kees	8 80
8436	Paul I D Ostby	10 80
8437	Louis Altstadt	10 20
8438	Geo Marchildon	11 20
8439	J B Demerais	4 00
8444	Chas N Bourdon	8 20
8499	Lorenz Hanson	11 60
8500	Lars Lee	13 40
8501	L J Parbst	13 00
8502	Hans Frederickson	12 20
8503	Ernest Ackerlund	11 00
8504	H R Williams	12 80
8506	A St Michel	9 80
8507	C F Stenhammer	10 00
8508	Adolph Zutz	9 60
8509	Theo LaBissoniere	18 20
8511	E Dupont	2 12
8512	Ed Garceau	12 20
8513	Chas N Bourdon	10 20
8514	Paul I D Ostby	15 92
8515	W Martin	2 20
8516	J B Demerais	6 20
8517	X Sauve	2 20
8518	Conrad Lajambe	6 20
8519	Adolph Patnode	2 20
8531	Wm P O'Brien	6 20
8534	Mike Kees	10 80
8535	J K Wood	6 20
8540	Christ Christensen	12 80
8541	M J Ford	2 20
8544	D Champoux	2 00
8545	Frank Grenlere	6 20
8548	J A Duffy	18 20
8549	G Gerlach	2 20
8550	Simon Suttor	2 20
8552	Henry Kruse	2 00
8551	Louis Altstadt	8 20
8713	Henry Hennemuth	8 20
7601	Wm P O'Brien	4 20
8380	Ole Peterson	4 00
8382	John Torrenson	4 00
8384	D J Gerlach	4 00
8385	Peter Bush	4 00
8387	K Runnestrand	4 00
8390	Joseph Duchampe	4 00
8391	Albert Brunelle	4 00
8394	Wm Findeisen	4 00
8423	Frank Grenlere	4 00
8547	N T Nelson	2 00
8557	Louis Martel	2 12
7495	L K Moen	4 40
8231	A P Toupin	3 20
8543	Wilfred Laframboise	2 00
8779	A M Anderson	6 20
	Total	$730 80

WITNESS FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7362	S M Sivertson	1 12
7365	G G Kindseth	2 24
7366	E W Brouillet	1 12
7368	Wm C L Demann	1 00
7369	Wm Albrecht	1 00
7370	J J Haeberle	1 96
7605	Erick O Erickson	3 04
7606	Nels Ostvold	3 04
7634	Andy Erickson	3 04
7635	H Grundy	3 04
7649	George Jarman	1 12
7666	T J Britt	15 40
7667	C L Douglass	3 40
7668	W E Baker	3 40
7670	P P Korstadt	3 40
7669	Erick O Erickson	3 00
8358	H G Dobner	3 76
8359	Marius Olson	3 76
8365	Wm Harron	3 76
8368	L J O'Niell	4 60
8371	K Runestrand	6 40
8372	E O Erickson	3 76
8373	Henry Nelson	3 76
8374	Dr Henry Grundy	3 76
8375	Sigurd Rice	3 76
8376	Andrew Johnson	3 76
8383	John Torrenson	3 76
8386	Geo Jarman	1 12
8388	F A Grady	1 12
8389	"	1 12
8392	Ole O Slettevold	4 60
8393	Peter Hince	4 00
8396	Geo Jarman	1 12
8416	Dr Geo Tupper	3 76
8249	H A Johnson	2 44
8484	M J Ford	2 00
8485	Geo Jarman	1 12
8486	F A Grady	1 12
8487	E O Erickson	5 88
8488	Dr I Lemieux	2 12
8489	Dr H Grundy	5 88
8490	Sigurd Rice	5 88
8491	Christ Ammundson	5 88
8492	Andy Erickson	5 88
8493	E J McNiven	6 00
8494	F L Hagen	5 88
8495	Chas Krouse	5 88
8496	Iver Iverson	5 88
8497	Ed Nelson	5 88
8498	G Jacobson	5 88
8536	John Kroet	1 12
8556	J A Duffy	5 88
8561	F A Grady	1 12
8571	John Thoreson	5 88
8577	Charles Evenson	5 88
8595	Chase Dobner	4 88
8596	M Bothun	4 88
8597	Inga Boen	5 88
8045	James E Ford	3 88
8461	S Cook	10 00
8474	Hans Angell	3 64
8476	N W Tarrant	5 00
8477	James E Ford	75 00
8478	A P Toupin	5 00
8505	E M Stanton	40 00
8560	John Rison	8 40
	Total	$302 08

CLERK'S FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7319	Joseph Perrault	70 05
7536	"	14 05
7714	"	21 00
7850	"	23 90
7851	"	4 90
7852	"	243 50
7863	"	6 00
8042	"	6 00
8213	"	16 00
8214	"	4 00
8215	"	6 90
8679	"	68 85
8546	"	39 00
	Total	$524 15

DEPUTY CLERK'S FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7402	Adam Zeh	$ 3 00
7713	"	3 00
8205	"	6 00
8298	"	6 00
8440	"	18 00
8538	"	24 00
7696	"	21 00
7803	"	9 00
	Total	$90 00

SHERIFF'S FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7351	Dan Linnihan	76 70
7352	"	49 60
7354	"	137 25
7355	"	4 50
7529	"	6 20
7818	"	117 65
7849	"	13 00
8063	"	134 50
8234	"	13 50
8250	"	3 20
8397	"	49 85
8651	"	3 20
8652	"	30 10
8653	"	118 60
8654	"	34 60
8655	"	30 60
8132	"	30 00
8133	"	90 80
	Total	$943 45

DEPUTY SHERIFF'S FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7356	Geo Jarman	270 19
7357	Joseph Smith	3 50
7358	L A Thomas	5 80
7359	J R Shavee	4 50
7360	Wm R Addison	2 00
7530	Geo Jarman	11 70
7531	"	67 97
7532	"	9 00
7533	"	7 50
7602	"	10 58
7842	"	2 10
7843	"	3 60
7844	"	12 00
7845	"	19 23
8064	"	75 25
8236	"	72 91
8237	"	70 50
8235	Arthur Lizee	9 07
8656	George Jarman	16 60
8657	"	38 63
8658	"	40 93
8659	"	21 85
7682	M J Ford	12 00
7695	Charles Thompson	18 00
7697	Alferie Perusse	15 00
8145	Fred Zaiser	15 00
8537	John Kivel	36 00
8551	Fred Zaiser	18 00
8061	N E Phillips	2 35
8662	J A Donahue	1 20
	Total	$911 61

JAILOR'S SALARY.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7424	Dan Linnihan	14 00
7698	"	10 00
8110	"	35 00
8530	"	30 00
7764	"	15 00
8173	"	31 00
8280	"	30 00
8323	"	31 00
	Total	$196 00

BOARDING PRISONERS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7350	Dan Linnihan	134 52
7528	"	7 98
7847	"	39 33
8073	Erick Iverson	1 50
8650	Dan Linnihan	45 03
8233	"	49 02
	Total	$277 38

Probate Court Expenses.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS' FEES—INSANITY CASES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7610	Dr H Grundy	7 65
7613	Dr I Lemieux	7 65
7742	Dr J C Wilkinson	7 65
7745	Dr N M Watson	7 65
7753	Dr F H Gamble	7 65
7765	Dr Geo Tupper	7 65
8011	Dr N M Watson	7 65
8023	Dr J C Wilkinson	7 65
8147	Dr I Lemieux	7 65
8158	Dr N M Watson	7 65
8352	Dr I Lemieux	7 65
8357	Dr N M Watson	7 65
	Total	$91 80

WITNESS FEES—INSANITY CASES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7603	Henry Evert	$ 3 40
	Total	$3 40

MISCELLANEOUS FEES—INSANITY CASES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	For what purpose	Amount
7741	Dan Linnihan,	conveying patient to asylum	50 35
7743	J Rose,	conveying patient to asylum	10 00
7754	K J Weeks,	conveying patient to asylum	34 30
7785	Wm Scharmer,	bringing patient before court	2 00
7872	Dan Linnihan,	bringing patient before court	4 00
8012	Geo Jarman,	conveying patient to asylum	39 64
8042	Dan Linnihan,	conveying patient to asylum	31 78
8143	John Deforge,	conveying patient to asylum	17 70
8247	Dan Linnihan,	conveying patient to asylum	22 30
8349	Geo Lachapelle,	care of patient	2 20
8350	Henry Belair,	care of patient	2 20
8420	Geo Brunelle,	conveying patient to asylum	8 06
7604	Joseph Belair,	conveying patient to asylum	58 31
8766	Dan Linnihan,	conveying patient to asylum	27 77
	Total		$310 61

Municipal Court Costs.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7206	J M Bishop	19 45
7440	"	34 50
8013	"	55 94
8447	"	100 50
8608	"	9 69
	Total	$220 08

Justice Court Expenses.

JUSTICE FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7340	O H Peters	4 95
7341	A P Toupin	13 75
8059	S L Lewis	6 45
8067	"	5 00
8238	"	3 95
8686	"	5 40
8687	"	3 20
7322	"	75
7534	"	3 20
7535	A P Toupin	3 20
8116	Chas W Latta	10 45
8230	A P Toupin	5 95
	Total	$66 45

WITNESS FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8117	Chas W Latta	6 28
8115	"	15 60
8065	Nels A Nelson	2 68
8060	Victor Nord	2 68
7342	Sebey Champagne	3 40
7343	Leon Champagne	3 40
7344	Florean Taugas	3 16
7345	Thos Boisvert	3 40
7346	M Champagne	3 40
7347	Henry Champagne	3 40
7348	Sam Bushea	3 16
7349	Joseph Champagne	3 40
7363	Jacob Phalen	2 24
7364	H C Hansen	1 12
7367	Dr I Lemieux	1 12
	Total	$58 44

CONSTABLE FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7361	Chris Hall	14 55
7846	Oscar Carlson	9 50
8068	Olof Brekke	2 00
8069	N J Bergquist	2 00
8070	Ole A Skovhaug	2 00
8071	Christ Christenson	4 80
8072	Oscar Carlson	7 00
8074	Chas W Latta	6 10
8129	Oscar Carlson	10 10
	Total	$58 05

Coroner's Inquests.

CORONER'S FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7330	H Grundy	25 50
8058	Joseph Belair	17 70
7841	"	24 05
	Total	$67 25

CORONER'S JURORS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8752	Thos Skaar	1 60
8753	A C Hurt	1 40
8754	Ole Holman	1 40
8755	Oliver Gunderson	2 00
8756	Carl Moen	2 20
8757	Albert Bakken	1 60
7394	Chris Ammundson	1 06
7395	Donald McNiven	1 06
7396	C L Dobner	1 06
7397	H O Rollag	1 06
7398	C M Evenson	1 06
	Total	$15 50

WITNESS FEES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7399	Andy Erickson	1 06
7400	And Johnsen	1 06
7401	E O Erickson	1 06
7402	John Wickstrom	1 06
7403	John Rice	1 06
7404	Lars Backe	1 06
7405	Frank Cernousek	1 06
7406	Geo Tupper	5 06
7407	Christ Paulson	1 06
7408	O Jacobson	1 06
7471	Ed Johnson	3 44
7781	C F Cummings	5 12
8204	I Lemieux	17 00
8742	Geo Tupper	8 00
7778	Hugh M Shannon	1 12
7779	C H Remington	1 12
7780	John C Shannon	1 12
7782	H B Schnitz	1 12
7783	Nils Lunde	1 12
7784	Ole Evenson	1 12
8758	Jacob Waldal	1 12
8759	Laura Thompson	1 12
8760	John Frolland	1 12
8761	Harry Thomson	1 12
8762	Andrew Nelson	1 24
	Total	$60 60

Lights.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7219	R L F Elec Light Co	53 45
7548	"	12 50
7839	"	27 20
8053	"	39 65
8269	"	15 20
8685	"	25 25
	Total	$173 25

Fuel.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7312	Robert Ford	61 87
7313	Wilfred Chatel	52 50
7519	Swan Akenson	96 25
7857	"	41 25
	Total	$251 87

Reporting Births and Deaths.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7441	A D Berry	3 50
7442	J C Wilkinson	12 25
7443	J L Cossette	9 00
7444	Lars Backe	22 00
7451	Nels K Anderson	1 25
7453	T H Carver	1 75
7454	J J Nordhagen	1 25
7455	H E Gusa	3 25
7456	O T Romsos	2 00
7457	A F Blomburg	8 00
7458	P A Eckstrom	1 25
7459	E J Akerlund	1 50
7460	A J Hemstad	3 75
7461	Lewis Salt	5 75
7462	Olof Tande	1 00
7463	Moses Ducharme	2 75
7464	Louis Doucet	3 25
7465	Olof Larson	2 00
7466	Arthur Laniel	6 00
7467	A S Anderson	4 00
7468	P Englestad	3 50
7469	O J Johnson	1 25
7537	Joseph Perrault	58 40
	Total	$161 65

Printing and Advertising.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7215	Red Lake Falls Gazette	52 30
7216	"	135 00
7217	"	81 00
7218	"	28 80
7511	John E King	16 75
7512	King & Chase	115 39
7514	Red Lake Falls Gazette	3 00
7515	John W Eastman	1 00
7516	T R F Review	4 50
7815	King & Chase	37 80
7816	T R F Press	1 00
8025	St Hilaire Spectator	4 40
8026	Plummer Pioneer	4 40
8027	"	4 40
8028	Red Lake Falls Gazette	4 40
8029	King & Chase	59 84
8197	D A & J A McDonald	1 50
8198	Red Lake Falls Gazette	1 50
8200	King & Chase	23 87
8674	John E King	11 24
8675	"	2 50
8676	Red Lake Falls Gazette	6 50
	Total	$600 69

Blank Books, Blanks, Stationery and Supplies.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7300	Red Lake Falls Gazette	45 25
7301	Geo D Barnard & Co	47 50
7302	Free Press Printing Co	52 22
7303	McGill-Warner Co	31 75
7304	Miller-Davis Ptg Co	44 24
7305	Crookston Times	51 00
7306	C F Greenwood	3 60
7307	A H Reichert	36 10
7308	Pioneer Press Co	12 00
7310	Red Lake Courier	14 35
7513	King & Chase	5 50
7517	School Education Co	4 00
7520	W A Schreiter	3 00
7521	Free Press Printing Co	24 87
7522	Red Lake Falls Gazette	26 25
7523	Miller-Davis Ptg Co	46 07
7524	Geo D Barnard & Co	61 30
7525	McGill-Warner Co	65 33
7526	Pioneer Press Co	10 33
7853	Red Lake Falls Gazette	63 00
7854	John E King	75 50
7855	McGill-Warner Co	17 50
7856	Pioneer Press Co	31 20
7857	W M Welch & Co	20 20
7858	Miller Davis Ptg Co	13 75
7859	C F Greenwood	5 25
7860	Geo D Barnard & Co	87 85
7861	Free Press Ptg Co	11 25
7862	Harmon & Dow Co	25 00
8031	W A Schreiter	2 30
8032	School Education Co	3 40
8033	McGill Warner Co	11 05
8034	Miller-Davis Ptg Co	24 27
8035	C F Greenwood	9 80
8036	Free Press Ptg Co	26 95
8037	W M Welch Co	20 00
8038	Pioneer Press Co	79 70
8039	Red Lake Falls Gazette	10 25
8040	"	5 25
8041	King & Chase	8 25
8192	Pioneer Press Co	31 93
8193	W M Welch Co	11 53
8194	Free Press Ptg Co	36 75
8195	McGill-Warner Co	24 00
8196	Miller-Davis Ptg Co	61 33
8199	Red Lake Falls Gazette	7 50
8201	King & Chase	15 95
8248	Christie Lith & Ptg Co	86 81
8663	Free Press Ptg Co	70 08
8664	Northwstrn Sch Spy Co	4 30
8665	McGill-Warner Co	5 00
8666	Miller-Davis Ptg Co	15 13
8667	Pioneer Press Co	39 65
8668	Geo D Barnard & Co	93 15
8669	J E King	48 95
8670	Red Lake Courier	2 25
	Total	$1692 82

Election Expenses.

PROCURING PRIMARY ELECTION, BALLOTS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7545	Lewis Sall	2 00

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7220	Olof Larson	2 60
7221	O T Romsos	2 60
7222	A J Hemstad	3 20
7223	J L Cossette	3 20
7224	H E Gusa	1 30
7225	K O Gigstad	3 40
7226	P Engelstad	2 00
7227	George Walker	1 80
7228	Olof Larson	2 60
7229	Moses Ducharme	4 00
7230	P A Ekstrom	4 00
7231	A S Anderson	3 80
7546	Ingvold Husby	1 40
7232	A D Berry	2 60
7233	Ildage Baril	3 00
7234	Arthur Laniel	1 20
7235	Louis Doucet	1 00
7236	"	1 00
7237	Ernest J Ackerlund	1 10
7238	A J Nordhagen	2 40
7239	Nels K Anderson	3 00
7240	A P Toupin	2 40
7384	O J Johnson	2 00
	Total	$57 60

CANVASSING ELECTION RETURNS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7270	A P Toupin	9 20
7271	James E Ford	9 20
7272	S L Lewis	9 20
7273	Wm C L Demann	10 40
7274	A P Toupin	3 20
7275	Wm C L Demann	4 40
7276	S L Lewis	3 20
7277	James E Ford	3 20
	Total	$52 00

CARRYING ELECTION RETURNS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7241	Wm Olson	1 93
7242	Mathias Waldorf	00
7243	David Haugen	1.75
7244	Philip Gibeau	1 20
7245	Chas Seeger	1 80
7246	A L Reichert	1 20
7247	Chas E Boughton	1 20
7248	Louis Paranteau	3 20
7249	T J Thorkelson	3 40
7250	H E Gusa	1 30
7251	C P Swanson	3 18
7252	Chas Gustafson	1 70
7253	Napoleon Delorme	00
7254	L C Erickson	4 00
7255	Hans J Pederson	3 40
7256	Chas Gutz	2 80
7257	Iver A Rolstad	2 90
7258	A D Berry	2 60
7259	Thos Daugherty	2 40
7260	Halvor Johnson	2 19
7261	Rasmus Martenson	1 60
7262	Wm Hebert	1 20
7263	Herman Ortloff	4 00
7264	N A Nelson	3 80
7265	E K Gjernes	1 76
7266	Joseph Tschirhart	1 20
7267	Jacob Ove	3 20
7268	H L Dudley	1 20
7269	John Fuller	1 20
	Total	$63 29

PRINTING BALLOTS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7309	Red Lake Courier	108 60
	Total	$108 60

Fire Wardens.

No. of Warrant	To whom Issued	Amount
8751	S G Iverson	8 25
7282	Frank Schirrick	1 50
7283	C P Swanson	20 10
7284	Charley Englund	1 50
7285	Emil Larson	1 50
7286	A A Nelson	3 00
7287	W F Schumacher	1 50
7288	Axel Kron	1 50
7289	A E Anderson	1 50
7290	Arthur Lundblom	1 50
7291	Halvor Johnson	1 50
7292	Ernest J Akerlund	1 50
7293	Peter Lundblom	1 50
7294	Henry Lundblom	4 00
7295	C P Swanson	5 00
7296	Swan Scholin	1 50
7297	Ed Crown	3 00
7298	Jno O Swanson	1 50
7299	David Hagen	5 00
7547	Felix Anderson	3 00
7818	Theodore Syverson	75
7819	Magnus Winberg	6 00
7820	Oscar Larson	1 50
7821	Erick Albue	1 50
7822	Nels Bergeron	2 00
7823	Louis S Olson	75
7824	Fred Roesner	1 50
7825	Selmer Olson	75
7826	Emil Carlson	1 50
7827	Swan Englund	1 50
7828	Helmer E Albue	1 50
7817	Thorvald Waslie	1 50
8060	Thomas Moreau	5 00
8061	Alcide Perrase	2 00
8062	Louis Paranteau	2 00
8683	Frank Schirrick	2 00
8684	Samuel Sabourin	4 75
	Total	107 85

Telephone Service.

LONG DISTANCES

No. of Warrant	To Whom Issued	Amount
7278	Dan Linnihan	4 80
7279	James E Ford	2 65
7280	F A Grady	2 55
7538	Thos Germo	4 50
7539	Dan Linnihan	1 90
7540	James E Ford	85
7834	Dan Linnihan	3 60
8055	"	2 75
8056	James E Ford	1 00
8082	Thos Germo	7 88
8202	"	2 50
8203	Dan Linnihan	2 65
	Total	$37 83

RENT OF TELEPHONE

No. of Warrant	To Whom Issued	Amount
7281	R L Falls Telephone Ex	15 00
7541	"	10 00
7835	"	10 00
8057	"	10 00
8208	"	10 00
	Total	$55 00

Wolf Bounties.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7180	Ira Hallas	7 50
7188	Tobias Stene	7 50
7192	Henry Schultz	15 00
7200	Jacob Jacobson	7 50
7201	John A Hagen	7 50
7202	Cole Rice	7 50
7204	David Bruneau	7 50
7210	Herman Wolf	7 50
7211	Joe Ford	15 00
7212	Chas Hallas	7 50
7214	Henry Farlardeau	7 50
7411	John G Hagen	7 50
7412	Guldor Hagen	7 50
7427	T O Lofthus	7 50
7428	H Rugge	7 50
7430	Ole Linstad	7 50
7431	F C Bush	15 00
7438	Elick Halvorson	7 50
7448	E L Healy	7 50
7449	A P Hogstrom	7 50
7452	Fred Yelle	7 50
7470	T Jacobson	7 50
7473	Halvor T Woole	7 50
7475	Ed Halvorson	7 50
7476	Theodore Halvorson	7 50
7488	Alfred Eve	7 50
7489	Gust Konikson	7 50
7491	Ole Peterson	30 00
7496	Lawrence Madden	7 50
7497	Olof Mosbeck	7 50
7498	Ole S Brieland	7 50
7506	Carl Jensen	7 50
7507	Extense Audette	7 50
7571	Lawrence Madden	7 50
7587	Cole Rice	7 50
7718	Gunder Hagen	7 50
7700	Rufus Cogswell	7 50
7731	Hans A Myrom	7 50
7771	Jule Lasha	6 00
7772	Helmer T Berg	14 50
7775	Knut Torgerson	7 50
7864	Eucharist Dupont	7 00
7866	Halvor Hanson	8 00
7875	Wm Rose	7 50
7876	Peter Lundy	4 00
7898	Wm Ross	7 50
7917	Henry Champagne	3 00
7922	Christ Winson	8 50
7921	Walmer Peterson	1 00
7990	Martin Foldoe	7 50
8024	Theo Reindal	7 50
8154	Martin Foldoe	7 50
8168	Nils Ostvolden	15 00
8286	John W Vrolson	7 50
8288	Antoin Lizotte	15 00
8289	Clifford Hall	7 50
8293	Joe E Brown	7 50
8300	Arthur Lambert	7 50
8331	Antoine Lizotte	7 50
8339	Jas Johnson	7 50
8381	Nels Astvolden	7 50
8398	B C Haga	7 50
8453	Jos H Cyr	7 50
8454	Antoine Lizotte	7 50
8463	Jas F Lavagu	7 50
8569	A J Anderson	7 50
8572	Fred Coe	7 50
8573	Lars Runnestrand	7 50
8586	Henry Starken	7 50
8594	George Boutham	7 50
8598	A L Pease	7 50
8605	S J O'Toole	7 50
8708	E E Fletcher	7 50
8716	Berger A Lunstad	7 50
8722	Nels Ostvolden	7 50
8724	Joe Ford	15 00
8727	Walmer Peterson	7 50
8729	Lars Runnestrand	7 50
8740	Amede Gagner	7 50
8738	Frank A Peterson	7 50
8740	Gilbert Skjerva	7 50
8744	Homer Roi	7 50
8745	Martin Peterson	7 50
8748	Edwin Roy	7 50
8750	Ira Hallas	15 00
8767	Carl Lundberg	7 50
	Total	$712 00

Miscellaneous Items.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	For what purpose	Amount
7311	Anderson & Healy,	supplies for county jail	14 75
7313	Theo LaBissoniere,	kerosene for court house	1 30
7314	Theo LaBissoniere,	clothing for prisoners, co jail	2 18
7314½	Garceau & Zaiser,	supplies county jail	18 28
7315	O'Brien Bros,	hardware for court house and jail	3 50
7324	J A McPeak,	janitor teachers' training school	22 50
7325	James Brady,	repairing jail door	2 20
7326	Joseph Hebert,	hall rent cor inq J Danielson	3 00
7327	John O Matthews,	sawing wood, jail	1 50
7328	W A Reichel,	photos prisoners, co jail	1 25
7329	John Grady,	premium 2 yrs co treas bond	382 50
7353	Dan Linnihan,	meals for petit jurors	17 50
7435	E M Hoff,	interest on warrant No. 4019	2 27
7518	James Brady,	carpenter wk and material for repairs	14 31
7527	Anderson & Healy,	quilt and matress for co jail	4 00
7542	Dan Linnihan,	sawing ten cords wood for jail	7 50
7543	Frank Jeffers,	recording transfers and r transfers	16 10
7544	City of Thief River Falls,	one half expense in contagious disease cases	96 42
7549	Adam Zeh,	insurance premium on $1500 furniture and fixtures	39 00
7550	S L Lewis,	insurance premium on $500, court house	13 75
7551	John Grady,	insurance premium on $1500 furniture and fixtures	39 00
7552	J B McGinnis,	asst co supt schools 3 days	9 00
7553	J B O'Brien,	same	9 00
7554	W A Schreiter,	medicine for prisoners and office supplies	5.30
7555	Dr A F Blomburg,	medical attendance contagious disease June 1902	20 00
7808	Torrison Bros,	coffin box, robe and burial exp for W. A Crawford, a non resident pauper	40 50
7809	Daniel Shaw,	posting notices for school dist pet	4 50
7814	L Philion,	cleaning jail	3 00
7829	Peter Nimesgern,	cleaning chimneys on court house	2 00
7830	Dr J C Wilkinson,	med att on K Borgerson, a prisoner	5 00
7836	John Grady,	insurance premium	5 00
7838	Adam Zeh,	same	39 50
7840	Frank Jeffers,	recording fees	40 45
8016	S L Lewis,	insurance premium	27 50
8047	A P Toupin,	same	39 00
8048	W A Schreiter,	wall paper for court house	3 30
8049	Nick Heim,	painting and hanging bridge signs	10 00
8050	B H Costello,	assessing personal property district No. 3	1 60
8051	W E Wood,	same	37 50
8052	Peter C Wold,	assessing personal property in Dist. No. 5	63 00
8054	B Puschinsky,	repairing furniture in county offices	1 35
8112	F J Stebbins,	app by bd co board July 12, 1905	150 00
8130	Town of Polk Center,	half exp in contag diseases	3 75
8205	The Robertson Lumber Co,	lumber for repairing sidewalk	96
8206	Frank Jeffers,	record town treas bonds	3 55
8207	Town of Polk Center,	half exp in con disease	2 52
8210	Chas Moller,	asst co supt of schools	9 00
8211	Luc Dubue,	janitor teachers' training school 1 mo	25 00
8212	W A Schreiter,	medicine for prisoner	85
8216	Joseph Salley,	drayage and moving safe	2 75
8217	Adam Zeh,	clerk in co treas office	102 50
8232	Dan Linnihan,	cleaning co jail	5 50
8239	W H Krueger,	boarding deputy sheriff while in charge of prisoners	2 00
8243	Anton Misen,	serving p p tax citation on J C Flaharty	1 40
8244	Wm McKinnon,	serving per property tax citation on Theo Schmitz	2 40
8245	Alen B Riddell,	serving per prop tax citation on May Joseph	5 40
8246	Alen B Riddell,	serving per prop tax citation on I D Converse	5 40
8251	C O Hankey,	serving p p tax citation on Tom Green	7 00
8268	J N Fate,	exp of N P Christenson at school for deaf	34 18
8260	A C Rogers,	exp of Josephine Morodec and R Swenson at sch for feeble minded	49 98
8270	James J Dow,	ex of Arthur Hendrickson at sch for feeble minded	26 04
8324	A C Rogers,	exp of F Hincik at sch for feeble minded	30 00
8611	Frank Jeffers,	recording tn treas bond	85
8612	L C Simons,	vault door	52 90
8613	Thief River Falls Lmb Co,	lath and lmbr for repairs	2 15
8614	The Robertson Lmbr Co,	lmb for sidewlk	25
8616	James Brady,	lmb and mat for vault and repairing crt house	488 00
8617	James Brady,	rep on court house	4 20
8618	A L Roy,	hauling wood to jail	2 50
8677	Polk County, Minn.,	refund exp in insanity case of Paul Skomedahl	50 05
8680	W A Reichel,	photos of prisoners	3 00
	Total		$2160 89

County Poor Fund

RECEIPTS

Tax Collections	1540 03
Refund from Per Petterson Estate	11 00
Total	$1551 03

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	496 83
Refunding orders	62
Debit Balance Jan. 2, 1905	703 57
Credit Balance Dec. 30, 1905	350 01
Total	$1551 03

Warrants Issued.

No. of Warrant	To Whom Issued	Amount
7384	George Tupper	3 00
7385	A Linvit	18 00
7386	Inga Boen	3 75
7387	Inga Boen	40 00
7388	George Tupper	35 00
7567	Anderson & Healy	19.00
7568	Frank Tilton	11 00
8088	Bethany Hospital	92 80
8089	F L Hager	3.00
8090	H Grundy	119 00
8091	A Linvik	76 00
8131	Thos S Doyle	42 28
8260	O J Schale & Co	2 90
8261	Thomas S Doyle	31 42
	Total	$496 83

County Road and Bridge Fund.

RECEIPTS

Tax Collections	2830 46
Liquor Licenses	990 00
Error Co Rev Fund	10 00
Total	$3830 46

DISBURSEMENTS

Debit Balance Jan. 2, 1905	384 57
Warrants issued	2945 00
Refunding Orders	71
Credit Balance Dec. 30, 1905	500 18
Total	$3830 46

Warrants Issued.

No. of Warrant	To whom Issued	Amount
8018	Henry J Enderle, Treas	200 00
8109	First State Bank of Red Lake Falls	2000 00
8139	Joseph Marcott, Treas	100 00
8266	Albert Anderson, Treas	30 00
8267	J W Wallin, Treas	150 00
8284	Elias Joringdal, Treas	75 00
8325	Louis Falardeau, Treas	100 00
8740	Aug. Soderberg, Treas	200 00
	Total	$2945 00

County Bond and Interest Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2, 1905	2078 06
Tax collections	3094 60
Total	$5172 66

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	2854 67
Refunding Orders	93
Credit Balance Dec. 30, 1905	2317 06
Total	$5172 66

Warrants Issued

No. of Warrant	To Whom Issued	Amount
7195	Chas E Boughton	48
7203	Bank of Red Lake Falls	300 00
7499	Wm L Vaanet	333 55
7500	1st S Bk of R L Falls	3 90
7776	J H Grasllo	60
7800	1st S Bk of R L Falls	630 00
7913	Mer S Bk of R L Falls	300 00
7934	1st S Bk of R L Falls	500 00
7941	Mer S Bk of R L Falls	26 50
7962	1st S Bk of R L Falls	240 00
7963	State of Minnesota	120 00
8148	L C Cadieux	1 55
8155	Bethesda Hospital	17 67
8190	1st S Bk of T R Falls	17 78
8308	E M Evenson	10
8720	O S Hulbert	45 00
8733	Mer S Bk of R L Falls	25 90
8768	1st Nat Bk of T R Falls	2 54
	Total	$2851 67

Incidental Expense Fund

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2, 1905	65 23
Transferred from Co. Revenue Fund	410 00
Total	$475 23

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	469 47
Credit Balance Dec. 30, 1905	5 76
Total	$475 23

Warrants Issued

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7179	O T Tandberg	15 35
7191	Frank Jeffers	85
7205	Ed Bray	49
7330	F A Mizen	70
7372	James E Ford	15 91
7373	K M Hansen	12 00
7390	James E Ford	5 00
7391	J L Tracy	1 00
7393	Joseph Salley	3 35
7423	James Jackson	1 10
7425	Frank Jeffers	15 00
7426	Joseph Perrault	12 90
7429	N W Tarrant	2 50
7437	Henry T McAnulty	6 38
7445	Ed Bray	49
7501	H T McAnulty	5 00
7519	N W Tarrant	2 00
7565	Frank Jeffers	15 85
7566	K M Hansen	30 41
7581	James E Ford	5 00
7589	H T McAnulty	2 75
7598	Joseph Salley	5 84
7720	J L Tracy	4 78
7751	James E Ford	2 00
7774	Ed Bray	97
7801	H T McAnulty	1 60
7802	N W Tarrant	3 00
7831	James M Ford	21 20
7832	K M Hansen	33 55
7833	Frank Jeffers	14 15
7870	Joseph Salley	4 00
7871	Wm Eckstein	1 50
7897	James E Ford	2 02
7901	H T McAnulty	4 44
7906	Joseph Perrault	6 20
7923	Ed Bray	2 54
7940	Ed Bray	42
7965	Joseph Salley	6 59
7971	Frank Jeffers	9 00
7992	K M Hansen	1 13
8003	James E Ford	1 90
8014	H T McAnulty	4 00
8083	K M Hansen	40 18
8095		6 16
8114	N W Tarrant	3 00
8145	Henry T McAnulty	2 10
8146	James E Ford	5 75
8152	Joseph Salley	7 58
8162	H T McAnulty	4 25
8187		3 00
8189	A L Roy	1 79
8262	James E Ford	21 80
8263	Joseph Salley	2 25
8285	K M Hansen	3 36
8287	N W Tarrant	2 50
8295	Joseph Salley	1 80
8338	Joseph Perrault	6 60
8464	K M Hansen	4 22
8591	N W Tarrant	3 00
8610	K M Hansen	25 63
8688	Frank Jeffers	12 18
8689	H T McAnulty	4 48
8690	James E Ford	4 79
8746	Joseph Salley	4 99
8778	James E Ford	3 85
	Total	$469 47

Redemption Fund.

RECEIPTS:

Credit balance Jan 2, 1905	118 71
Redemptions	4115 24
Total	$4233 95

DISBURSEMENTS:

Warrants issued	$3973 39
Credit balance Dec. 30, 1905	260 56
Total	$4233 95

Warrants Issued.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7181	J A Duffy	9 61
7189	G Vandertuuk	28 93
7329	E M Perrault	468 95
7433	P B Gaas	75 03
7436	G Vandertuuk	13 94
7447	Samuel Gibeau	37 61
7474	J A Duffy	22 77
7492	Adam Zeh	26 23
7508	J A Duffy	38 83
7509	Northwestern Trust Co.	12 93
7570	Wm Erb	39 23
7572	Ole A Randen	31 90
7576	G Vandertuuk	13 04
7646	J A Duffy	58 38
7730	"	28 63
7750	J W Wheeler	31 83
7767	J A Duffy	31 69
7770		31 02
7777		19 32
7788	J R Poullot	22 02
7806	W W Prichard	18 68
7865	E M Perrault	22 48
7868	J W Wheeler	8 56
7873	E M Perrault	12 41
7874	J A Duffy	38 18
7877	Peter Kiene	22 98
7878	J A Duffy	105 60
7879	E M Perrault	19 09
7880	J A Duffy	56 93
7892	F H Welcome	53 29
7894	W W Prichard	32 41
7898	F H Welcome	101 52
7899	P B Gaass	45 27
7900	J A Duffy	54 50
7904		18 71
7905	F H Welcome	88 51
7907	G Vandertuuk	20 61
7908	F H Welcome	94 82
7909	W W Prichard	31 56
7910	J A Duffy	30 25
7912	F H Welcome	3 87
7933	J A Duffy	26 07
7938	G Vandertuuk	32 07
7959	W W Prichard	15 48
8016	F H Welcome	13 70
8017	J K Hannay	17 98
8093	F H Welcome	34 01
8107	J A Duffy	25 39
8111	W W Prichard	21 01
8135	E M Perrault	26 86
8137	F H Welcome	70 75
8144	Geo E Booth	21 58
8157	E M Perrault	5 28
8160	J A Duffy	8 61
8161	"	18 36
8178	"	7 19
8179	F H Welcome	67 17
8181	G Vandertuuk	14 05
8182	F H Welcome	11 41
8184	G Vandertuuk	39 29
8264	W S Short	26 88
8282	W W Prichard	5 82
8290	J K O Sherwood	37 14
8291	E M Perrault	11 23
8292	F H Welcome	50 76
8294	W W Prichard	11 82
8297	F H Welcome	22 95
8301	G Vandertuuk	9 36
8302	J A Duffy	62 10
8304	J W Wheeler	6 80
8305	E M Perrault	13 99
8307	J A Duffy	25 68
8321	G Vandertuuk	9 50
8322	F H Welcome	103 61
8329	Joseph Perrault	22 23
8330	J A Duffy	26 88
8334	J W Wheeler	20 89
8335	Wheeler-Misner L Co	18 82
8336	F H Welcome	99 24
8337	W W Prichard	21 93
8551	J A Duffy	47 63
8379	G Vandertuuk	52 68
8441	Lars Backe	8 29
8451	E M Perrault	28 57
8452	"	12 54
8158	Wheeler-Misner L Co	45 82
8460	P B Gaass	37 03
8466	Neth Am Land Co	23 65
8471	F H Welcome	44 41
8560	E M Perrault	4 75
8580	W W Prichard	21 77
8602	F H Welcome	53 98
8607	Anna Kretzschmar	52 78
8703	E M Perrault	9 74
8704	Frank Jeffers	2 22
8707	J A Duffy	23 61
8714	"	29 92
8717	J W Wheeler	21 88
8721	Wheeler-Misner L Co	21 48
8725	J A Duffy	2 16
8726	Andrew Stenseth	42 82
8730	G Vandertuuk	29 78
8731	W W Prichard	8 57
8732	F H Welcome	157 31
8739	G Vandertuuk	16 55
8743	J A Duffy	10 38
8747	E M Perrault	9 83
8764	W W Prichard	14 13
8777	F H Welcome	23 07
8780	E M Perrault	38 57
	Total	$3973 39

General Ditch Fund.

RECEIPTS:

Assessments paid	15583 24
Proceeds sale of bonds	6122 83
Total	$21706 07

DISBURSEMENTS.

Debit balance, Jan. 2, 1905	1102 05
Warrants issued	12324 16
Credit balance Dec. 30, 1905	8279 86
Total	$21706 07

Warrants Issued.

EXCAVATING.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7182	E A Moran	27 64
7183	Theo Halvorson	2000 00
7184	Gjernes & Hakinson	1500 00
7185	A F Anderson	535 00
7186	Wm Eickhoff	300 00
7187	"	100 27
8065	A F Anderson	91 06
8619	Theo Halvorson	540 47
	Total	$5094 44

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS' PER DIEM AND MILEAGE.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8252	O J Johnson	6 00
8253	Wm C L Demann	4 40
8254	James Sutor	5 00
8255	Daniel Shaw	7 00
8693	James Sutor	28 80
8694	Wm C L Demann	7 40
8695	O J Johnson	16 00
8696	Daniel Shaw	25 00
	Total	$98 80

ENGINEERS' FEES AND EXPENSES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7383	Geo A Ralph	184 74
8064	Alex Johnson	44 00
8229	J K Wood	115 89
8626	"	56 00
8627	"	12 00
7628	"	71 00
7629	"	18 55
7630	"	8 50
7631	"	5 00
	Total	$515 68

INTEREST ON BONDS AND WARRANTS.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7482	J K Hannay	20
7477	Theo Halvorson	13 67
7487	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	79 74
7590	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	2145 00
7728	First State Bank of Red Lake Falls	19 85
7765	H B Kaufer	64
7768	O S Hulbert	450 00
7914	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	178 75
7915	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	165 00
8163	First State Bank of Red Lake Falls	360 00
8183	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	2145 00
8101	First State Bank of Th River Falls	5 60
8734	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	178 75
8735	Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	165 00
	Total	$5906 70

PRINTING AND PUBLISHING.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7371	Red Lake Falls Gazette	5 40
8030	King & Chase	3 00
8218	"	11 88
8671	Red Lake Courier	3 75
8672	"	4 75
8673	John E King	1 75
	Total	$30 53

VIEWERS' FEES AND EXPENSES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8225	W E Wood	31 00
8226	Adam Zeh	22 00
8227	Wm M Erb	27 00
8220	Otto Zaiser	8 00
8621	"	12 00
8622	Dan Patterson	12 12
8623	"	12 00
8624	Gilbert Haavl	18 05
8625	"	17 05
8645	Adam Zeh	6 00
	Total	$165 22

MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	For what purpose	Amount
7321	Joseph Perrault,	certified copies finding c ditch No. 21	75
7376	And O Letvig,	deputy sheriff serving subp case of ditch No. 21	7 70
7377	H O Wiken,	witness fees and mileage, appeal	5 40
7378	Ingebret Wiken,	witness fees and mileage, appeal	5 40
7379	Emil Larson,	witness fees and mileage, appeal	4 92
7380	John Magnusson,	witness fee and mileage, appeal	4 92
7381	Otto Zaiser,	witness fees and mileage, appeal	3 12
7392	Jacob Ammundson,	material and labor for bridge across ditch No. 21	30 00
7562	Frank Jeffers,	recording lien ditch No. 21	6 90
7563	Crookston Lumber Co,	material for bridge across ditch No. 21	9 47
7564	Jas E Ford,	county auditors fees ditch No. 21	23 67
8086	Joseph Perrault,	certified copy judgt ditch No. 21	1 35
8087	Dan Linnihan,	posting notices hearing ditch No. 21	7 00
8219	Erick Iverson,	boarding and lodging engineer, assistant and viewers, county ditch No. 22	35 50
8221	W E Wood,	rodman ditch No. 22	10 00
8221	Wm McMichael,	chainman ditch No. 22	7 98
8222	Benjamin Iverson,	chainman ditch No. 22	4 50
8223	Louis Sieff,	livery for viewers and engineers ditch 22	25 00
8224	W H Krueger,	board of viewers and engineers ditch No 22	11 25
8228	James E Ford,	county auditors fees ditch No. 22	42 00
8240	D Linnihan,	posting notices of hearing ditch No. 22	7 00
8241	D Linnihan,	serving on viewers ditch No. 22	9 20
8241½	D Linnihan,	posting notices hearing ditch No. 23	7 00
8242	D Linnihan,	posting notices hearing ditch No. 24	12 00
8632	Andrew Ydstie,	board of engineer and axman & team hire ditch No. 23	19 00
8633	C C Bergan,	same, ditch 24	10 00
8634	Frank Satterberg,	board of engineer ditch No. 24	5 60
8635	W H Krueger,	board of engineers and viewers ditches No. 23 and 24	2 75
8636	Emil Just,	board and team hire ditch No. 24	2 50
8637	Leo Morin,	chainman ditch No. 23	9 75
8638	W E Wood,	rodman ditch 23	17 00
8639	E Scheldrup,	axman ditch 22	1 50
8640	W E Wood,	rodman ditch 24	19 00
8641	L J Wood,	axman ditch 24	14 50
8642	Daniel Patterson,	team hire for viewers ditch 24	3 50
8643	Zaiser Bros,	team hire for viewers and engineers ditches 23 and 24	16 00
8644	Zaiser Bros,	team hire for viewers and engineer ditch No. 22	7 00
8646	Dan Linnihan,	posting notices ditches 23 and 24	16 50
8647	D Linnihan,	serving notices on viewers, ditch 24	18 80
8648	James E Ford,	county auditors fees ditch No 23	26 76
8649	James E Ford,	county auditors fees ditch No. 24	38 60
	Total		$512 79

Special Bond and Interest Fund

RECEIPTS

Tax collections	687 37

DISBURSEMENTS

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	For what purpose	Amount
7709	W L Vannet,	Int on Bonds	127 06
7804	W L Vannet,	interest on Bonds	324 01
7890	W L Vannet,	interest on Bonds	60 99
	Refunding orders		05
	Credit Balance Dec. 30, 1905		175 26
	Total		687 37

Court House & Jail Fund

RECEIPTS

Credit Balance Jan. 2, 1905	1378 16
Tax Collections	1105 04
Total	$2483 20

DISBURSEMENTS.

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	For what purpose	Amount
7374	Ernest Buse,	purchase price of court house	1370 00
7375	Ernest Buse,	purchase price of court house	1000 00
	Refunding orders		21
	Credit balance Dec 30, 1905		112 99
	Total		$2483 20

Current School Fund

RECEIPTS

Credit balance Jan. 2, 1905	977 57
State apportionment	13077 70
Interest, penalties and costs on Del. taxes	2071 44
Fines	19 50
Total	$16146 21

DISBURSEMENTS

Apportioned to School Districts	15308 96
Credit Balance Dec. 30, 1905	837 25
Total	$16146 21

Taxes and Penalties Account.

RECEIPTS

Credit balance Jan. 2, 1905	8305 49
Current Tax collections	106036 94
Delinquent tax collections	17881 74
Int. penalties and costs on current taxes	1507 57
Total	$133731 74

DISBURSEMENTS

Taxes & penalties distributed	122624 53
Refunding orders	50 66
Balance undistributed	11056 55
Total	$133731 74

Warrants Account

RECEIPTS

Warrants outstanding Jan. 2, 1905	4636 58
By Error	4 82
Warrants issued in 1905	160432 62
Total	165074 02

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants redeemed in 1905	164389 22
Warrants outstanding Dec. 30, 1905	684 80
Total	$165074 02

State Revenue and School Fund.

RECEIPTS

Tax collections	7835 94
Hunters license	47 70
Overdrawn	1 81
Total	$7885 45

DISBURSEMENTS

No. of warrant	To whom Issued	Amount
7703	State of Minn	2642 70
7720	"	47 70
7977	"	3584 76
8588	"	1608 27
	Refunding orders	2 02
	Total	$7885 45

State Lands and Interest Fund

RECEIPTS

Credit balance Jan. 2, 1905	250 15
Collections	12448 70
Total	$12698 85

DISBURSEMENTS

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7702	State of Minn	482 94
7978	"	4137 83
8449	"	7231 79
8589	"	454 13
	Credit balance Dec. 31, 1905	392 16
	Total	$12698 85

Refunding Acct.

RECEIPTS

Amount charged back	69 47
Balance, warrants outstanding	10 15
Total	$79 62

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants issued	74 80
To error	4 82
Total	$79 62

Warrants Issued

No of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7701	O D Matteson	2 96
7787	Andrew C Anderson	12 78
7911	J C Brown	10 00
8185	Russel E Vance	16 52
8186	L A Dautremont	2 23
8542	John Roesner	14 02
8504	Denis Conely	5 70
8505	Julius John	4 45
8609	August Sandberg	6 16
	Total	$74 80

Town, City and Village Funds

Warrants Issued

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7409	Aug Soderberg	178 37
7472	Geo G Orr	210 50
7502	Merchant St Bk of Red Lake Falls	270 00
7503	Merchant St Bk of Red Lake Falls	120 00
7575	Eli Ryland	103 15
7579	L O Cadieux	303 93
7586	O L Larson	169 72
7611	Aug Swenson	159 62
7651	Albert Anderson	96 91
7652	P E Smidesang	319 83
7653	Peter Lindblom	215 69
7654	J W Wallin	2457 56
7671	Ovide Emard	2338 88
7673	Simon Sutter	126 54
7682	Cyrille Lussier	203 63
7693	Louis Falardeau	375 87
7704	Nils O Nora	216 33
7707	Joseph Marcott	200 72
7710	Aug Soderberg	83 30
7715	Edward E Hovik	282 97
7719	John G Hagen	119 73
7732	Elias P Jorengdal	107 10
7733	Leonard Holmes	1502 63
7737	Wm Scharper	285 25
7740	Ed A Aubol	261 89
7749	K R Kolseth	134 58
7906	George Orr	318 96
7942	J W Wallin	2916 79
7953	Elias Joringdal	347 12
7954	Peter Lindblom	630 57
7955	O L Larson	302 98
7956	P E Smidesang	401 73
7957	Leonard Holmes	827 50
7960	Simon Sutter	437 54
7961	Albert Anderson	288 19
7970	Ovide Emard	1698 60
7979	Aug Soderberg	194 84
7982	Ed A Aubol	404 84
7988	Aug Swenson	443 55
7995	Louis Falardeau	525 34
7998	Hans R Kolseth	173 58
8000	L O Cadieux	620 45
8002	John G Hagen	404 60
8005	Merchants St Bk of Red Lake Falls	60 00
8007	Cyrille Lussier	249 14

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
8009	Edward E Hovik	259 58
8010	Eli Ryland	319 48
8019	Joseph Marcott	548 59
8094	Nels O Nora	300 11
8149	Wm Scharper	589 70
8153	Cyrille Lussier	250 00
8174	Merchant St Bk of Red Lake Falls	30 00
8175	Merchant St.Bk of Red Lake Falls	90 00
8281	P E Smidesang	250 00
8296	Cyrille Lussier	500 00
8468	Simon Sutter	268 03
8478	Nels O Nora	99 75
8480	H R Kolseth	128 68
8481	August Swenson	208 22
8532	Ovide Emard	1288 84
8559	Cyrille Lussier	184 11
8563	J W Wallin	1448 66
8575	L C Cadieux	317 51
8584	O L Larson	57 31
8585	Ed A Aubol	152 64
8702	Edward E Hovik	81 53
8709	Eli Ryland	86 85
8715	John G Hagen	131 20
8763	George E Orr	913 03
	Total	$30820 74

School Districts Fund

Warrants Issued.

No. of warrant	To whom issued	Amount
7196	Chas Seeger	64 08
7197	Emery Dion	30 70
7198	Rasmus Aaseby	47 22
7207	Frank Hagel	27 12
7209	Emil E Zeh	2395 27
7213	Carl Garlach	93 79
7410	Ole O Vattendahl	28 45
7434	E M Hoff	614 57
7439	Ed Enright	85 25
7446	Ole O Lee	73 11
7450	A Welo	36 74
7490	Michael Kees	60 55
7493	Knud H Finstad	115 72
7509	Marius Miller	48 01
7573	H H Finrow	36 33
7574	C F Stenhamer	66 16
7577	Swan Wahaug	93 23
7578	O C Cadieux	221 37
7580	J Thill	176 77
7582	C F Elvidge	181 25
7583	Carl Gerlach	115 98
7584	Max Perras	197 49
7585	Alfred Dahlstrom	96 14
7588	Frank Hagel	19 70
7591	Joseph Brohmann	180 65
7592	Sam Person	61 02
7593	Ole Larson	134 74
7595	Wm Tysseling	85 36
7596	Martin E Foldoe	96 96
7597	J J Haeberle	85 65
7599	Joseph Pigeon	181 84
7600	T A Crompe	4647 05
7607	Joseph Laurent	159 05
7612	Aug Swenson	72 75
7614	Jacob Bouthain	110 99
7647	Chas Perrault	154 80
7650	John A Remschmidt	108 81
7655	Regis Gagnon	150 10
7674	Jacob Thill	73 39
7675	Phillip Gibeau	265 33
7676	Andrew Soderberg	125 56
7677	H H Finrow	25 06
7678	Ellef Graville	206 02
7679	Andrew Eklund	116 55
7680	Bengt Swenson	117 56
7681	H O Weken	80 35
7683	Andrew Bodin	53 29
7684	C F Stenhammer	54 43
7699	Magnus Winberg	108 91
7705	A S Anderson	98 73
7706	J F Mathews	122 33
7708	Chas Raymond	142 21
7711	Chas G Sall	345 24
7712	Aime Carriere	10 56
7716	Lars P Brandrud	125 98
7717	N Robedoux	99 55
7721	Fred Gothler	89 94
7722	Nellie Walker	153 32
7723	Frank Hagel	9 03
7724	Emery Dion	47 55
7725	M P Bokken	135 13
7728	A Thompson	77 43
7729	Joseph Robidoux	96 23
7734	Fred Anderson	211 97
7735	A J Hemstad	142 13
7736	Halvor Erickson	122 48
7738	Sever Maaren	123 06
7739	V Wadekemper	93 00
7741½	Anton Peterson	141 75
7744	Ludvig Weiss	64 54
7746	A E Anderson	62 34
7747	C F Elvidge	37 59
7748	Ole O Lee	142 19
7752	Rasmus Aaseby	70 32
7769	Michael Kees	84 13
7773	Eli Lasha	89 52
7788	Emery Dion	47 55
7789	Ole Vattendahl	86 54
7805	E P Thyren	158 06
7817	R Trudeau	60 29
[illegible]	John Jacobson	112 24
[illegible]	George Marchildon	243 97
7891	Nels Lorland	41 25
[illegible]	John Kilberg	67 67
[illegible]	Joseph Martell	31 60
7902	A Wilo	87 73
7910	Martin E Foldoe	92 54
7918	J J Haeberle	92 65
7919	John Reinschmidt	188 07
7920	Joseph Laurent	172 99
7935	Fred Anderson	138 15
7936	Nelly Walker	138 82
7937	Emil E Zeh	5265 27
7939	Michael Kees	84 66
7943	Jacob Thill	270 41
7944	John McKearney	109 37
7945	Max Perras	272 31
7946	H H Finrow	118 22
7947	Andrew Ekland	95 20
7948	Magnus Winberg	295 51
7949	Rasmus I Aaseby	124 98
7950	Ole Larson	193 39
7951	A E Anderson	64 04
7952	Bengt Swenson	105 82
7958	T A Crompe	2738 13
7964	State of Minnesota	1013 74
7966	Lars P Brandrud	198 48
7967	Chas G Sall	167 44
7968	Emery Dion	33 79
7969	Regis Gagnon	116 29
7972	Frank Hagl	97 79
7973	Ludvig Weiss	47 88
7974	Marius Miller	85 34
7975	Ludvig Weiss	80 55
7976	A Thompson	85 40
7980	Joseph Pigeon	116 21
7981	Phillip Gibeau	132 07
7983	Narcisse Robidoux	149 18
7984	Joseph Robidoux	149 64
7985	F G Matthews	128 84
7986	H O Wiken	43 10
7987	August Swenson	159 08
7989	Chas Raymond	78 31
7991	Ed Enright	149 61
7993	Chas Perrault	136 22
7994	Louis Falardeau	365 14
7996	H Haupt	352 29
7997	C F Stenhammer	117 01
7999	L C Cadieux	351 15
8001	C F Elvidge	155 74
8004	Chas Seeger	226 47
8006	A S Anderson	104 83
8008	State of Minnesota	52 50
8015	Swan E Walhaug	210 18
8020	A J Hemstad	107 15
8021	Fred Gothler	102 69
8022	Jacob Bouthain	225 70
8062	Carl Gerlach	144 13
8096	Amie Carriere	3 39
8108	Joseph Martell	128 41
8113	Leonil Gouthier	346 86
8136	E M Hoff	1546 38
8138	Octave Beauchene	22 36
8140	Andrew Soderberg	73 89
8150	August Nordlund	85 37
8151	John S Hanson	200 51
8156	G Swenson	229 06
8159	Joseph Brohmann	216 11
8176	K K Sannes	64 32
8177	Ellef Groville	101 74
8180	Eli Lasha	46 62
8283	John Jacobson	112 58
8299	T A Crompe	1495 00
8303	C F Elvidge	47 88
8306	Martin F Foldoe	63 84
8309	Joseph Laurent	214 04
8310	Chas Seeger	63 84
8311	Emil E Zeh	3677 48
8326	Michael Kees	77 14
8327	T A Crompe	1452 38
8328	Amelia Miller	87 78
8332	R O Gorden	77 14
8333	R I Aaseby	34 59
8340	Louis Weiss	26 60
8341	John S Hanson	50 64
8342	Aug Soderberg	93 10
8343	Alfred Dahlstrom	22 36
8344	K K Sannes	83 84
8345	Andrew Soderberg	93 10
8346	Joseph Pigeon	111 72
8347	Frank Hagl	15 96
8348	Octave Beauche ie	16 76
8353	Reler O Gorden	77 14
8356	Andrew Anderson	138 46
8360	Peter Thune	69 16
8361	Sam Person	226 76
8364	A Welo	172 47
8366	Joseph Brohmann	39 90
8367	Aug Swenson	55 86
8369	A J Hemstad	106 40
8377	Magnus Winberg	95 76
8378	Mikkel P Bakken	148 48
8395	Narcisse Robidoux	106 40
8418	Knud Finstad	296 51
8421	Otto L Bakken	95 76
8442	John Kelberg	92 43
8443	Carl Gerlach	100 84
8446	Anton Peterson	136 82
8448	O M Peterson	117 72
8450	Lars P Brandrud	34 58
8456	B C Haga	91 92
8457	John A Reinschmidt	31 92
8459	J F Mathews	93 10
8462	John A Reinschmidt	59 79
8465	Arthur Archambeault	99 00
8467	C F Elvidge	46 40
8469	A E Anderson	57 78
8470	Max Perras	179 62
8472	Otto L Bakken	29 82
8477	Andrew Anderson	13 76
[illegible]	R O Gordon	77 14
8482	August Swenson	79 17
8483	C T Stenhammer	108 29
8510	August Nordlund	132 34
8529	A J Hemstad	54 39
8530	Maurius Miller	164 11
8543	J F Mathews	58 33
8554	Eli Lasha	70 25
8555	T A Crompe	1042 68
8558	Frank Hagl	55 97
8562	Fred Gothler	111 38
8564	Louis Weiss	35 28
8565	Narcisse Robidoux	78 43
8566	Joseph Robidoux	83 05
8567	Joseph Brohmann	90 35
8568	Ole O Slettvold	96 20
8570	Emil E Zeh	2665 92
8574	L O Cadieux	605 68
8576	A O Davison	339 39
8578	Geo Marchildon	301 15
8579	John Power	96 74
8581	Bergt Swenson	70 25
8582	L P Thyren	215 09
8583	Fred Anderson	159 97
8587	Ole Larson	116 36
8590	Alme Carriere	18 62
8593	Regis Gagnon	237 25
8599	E M Hoff	1249 93
8600	A S Anderson	115 05
8601	Joseph Laurent	120 67
8603	Emery Dion	26 26
8604	Alfred Brunelle	73 46
8606	Alfred Dahlstrom	56 32
8705	Martin Foldoe	30 91
8706	B C Haga	42 75
8710	Henry Granum	109 76
8711	Chas Perrault	163 05
8712	Raphel Trudeau	98 24
8718	Amelia Miller	108 99
8719	Ole O Lee	153 33
8723	Sam Person	39 68
8728	Michael Kees	37 38
7645	Emil E Zeh	6042 78
8737	G Swenson	59 19
8741	A Wello	49 21
8765	Swan E Walhaug	121 99
	Total	$63533 35

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF CITY, TOWN AND VILLAGE FUNDS.

CITY, TOWN AND VILLAGE	Credit balance Jan. 2, 1905	Receipts from tax collections and licenses	TOTAL	Payments to Treasurers	Refunded	State railroad bonds	Credit balance Jan. 1, 1906
Numedal		528 89	528 89	454 31			74 58
Norden		616 19	616 19	616 19			
North	178 27	478 34	656 61	456 41			200 20
Bray		985 63	985 63	846 26			139 37
Sanders		717 85	717 85	620 01			97 84
Rocksbury		901 62	901 62	819 37			82 25
Polk Center	127 28	989 93	1117 21	971 56			145 65
Black River		457 35	457 35	385 10			72 25
River Falls		827 37	827 37	811 39			15 98
Wyandotte		635 46	635 46	434 79			200 67
Louisville		1025 99	1025 99	839 31			186 68
Red Lake Falls twp.	125 82	1090 83	1216 65	832 15		210 00	174 50
Gervais	631 00	1324 43	1955 43	1441 59			513 84
Emardville		655 53	655 53	655 53			
Garnes		644 11	644 11	509 58			134 53
Equality		624 08	624 08	624 08			
Lake Pleasant		1137 96	1137 96	824 95			313 01
Terrebonne		1275 49	1275 49	1241 91			33 58
Poplar River		1487 08	1487 08	1487 08			
Lambert		1173 20	1173 20	901 21			271 99
St. Hilaire village		2486 62	2486 62	2330 13			156 49
Thief River Falls cty		7302 36	7302 36	6823 01	1 19		478 16
Red Lake Falls city	22 12	5808 55	5830 67	5324 32	1 49	360 00	144 86
Total	$1084 49	$33174 86	$34259 35	$30250 24	$2 68	$570 00	$ 3136 43

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF SCHOOL DISTRICT FUNDS.

Number of District	Debit balance Jan. 1, 1905	Credit balance Jan. 1, 1905	Received from state apportionment and tax collections	TOTAL	Payments to Treasurers	Payment to State Treasurer on account of State School Fund	Refund	Debit balance Jan. 1, 1906	Credit balance Jan. 1, 1906
1			859 96	859 96	859 96				
2		8 45	454 59	463 04	338 19	78 00			46 85
3		139 13	321 04	460 17	373 15	31 20			55 82
4			211 74	211 74	211 74				
5			116 97	116 97	53 29				63 68
6			303 14	303 14	278 57				24 57
7		30 70	155 25	185 95	185 85				10
8			272 87	272 87	251 05				21 82
9		21	664 14	664 35	397 40	16 00			250 95
10			705 69	705 69	512 67				193 02
11			425 40	425 40	425 40				
12		23 97	507 86	531 83	468 86	52 50			10 47
13	115 03		308 50	193 47	193 47				
14			328 92	328 92	328 92				
15		499 99	11778 37	12278 36	12275 22		1 14		
16		5 86	266 73	272 59	272 59				
17	22 13		515 03	492 90	338 69	62 00			94 21
18		2395 27	17651 45	20046 72	20046 72				
19		73 11	295 46	368 57	368 57				
20	1 16		283 54	282 38	251 22	5 60			25 56
21		49 14	114 62	163 76					163 76
22		34	427 84	428 18	400 60	27 08			50
23			277 30	277 30	277 30				
24		63 34	190 74	254 08	224 82				29 26
25			93 10	93 10	93 10				
27		140 97	548 67	689 64	503 64	62 00			124 00
31			111 72	111 72	111 72				
32			454 08	454 08	454 07				01
33		154 28	77 14	231 42	77 14		154 28		
36		31 30	335 46	366 76	251 10				115 66
40		9 18	197 21	206 39	206 39				
43			291 47	291 47	291 47				
45			32 57	32 57	32 57				
48	93 09		93 09						
49		27 12	198 45	225 57	225 57				
54		25 33	292 01	317 34	292 49				24 85
63		93 78	450 11	543 90	454 74				89 16
73		36 74	209 41	246 15	246 15				
76			594 14	594 14	365 14	39 90			189 10
78		79 98	1262 38	1342 36	1178 20	96 00			68 16
80			388 62	388 62	388 62				
81			668 74	666 75	668 75				120 67
88		64 08	358 39	422 47	354 39				68 08
94		14 44	326 11	340 55	340 55				
99			327 46	327 46	327 46				
102		614 57	2869 29	3483 86	3410 86	58 12			14 88
103			648 85	648 85	648 85				
106			394 82	394 82	374 82	20 00			
108		85 25	205 02	290 27	234 86				55 41
112		15 69	501 63	517 32	468 91	24 00			4 41
115		45 23	310 77	356 00	254 33	54 00			47 67
124			304 01	304 01	304 01				
125			420 11	420 11	354 04				66 07
126			433 56	433 56	433 56				
127			445 02	445 02	307 76		1 75		135 51
130		21 85	272 13	293 98	293 98				
133			316 61	316 61	316 61				
135			337 33	337 33	337 33				
141		52 03	513 45	565 48	409 77	56 00			99 71
147		1 89	646 48	648 37	560 21	20 00			68 16
148		45 88	521 93	567 81	510 09	14 00			43 72
149		47 22	245 50	292 72	276 50				16 22
151		57 85	546 20	604 05	527 01	28 00			49 04
153		60	358 92	359 52	318 12				41 40
154		115 72	311 96	427 68	412 23				15 45
165		133 95	289 03	422 98	298 61	27 84			96 53
166		149 01	505 90	654 91	444 49	52 50			157 92
167		60 55	282 39	342 94	342 86				08
173			22 65	22 65					22 65
176			366 86	366 86	366 86				
180			184 17	184 17	184 17				
191			158 53	158 53	158 53				
194		32 08	376 16	408 24	323 63	56 00			28 61
201		28 45	182 83	211 28	211 28				
208			343 89	343 89	343 89				
210		62 77	291 56	354 33	279 85	12 00			62 48
214		30 09	379 98	410 07	410 07				
216		177 24	367 88	545 12	545 12				
219		12 19	306 43	318 62	160 10	105 00	4 13		49 39
221			214 55	214 55	192 61				21 94
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	$251 00	$5982 64	$60769 79	$66496 43	[illegible]	$1066 24	[illegible]	25 51	[illegible]

Financial Condition of Red Lake County Dec. 30, 1905.

ASSETS:

Taxes of 1904 and prior years, county funds	9303 90
Taxes of 1905	23210 00
Cash in County Treasury	13493 00
Total	$46006 98

LIABILITIES:

Warrants oustanding, county funds	599 23
Excess of assets over liabilities	45407 75
Total	$46006 98

ASSESSED VALUATION OF RED LAKE COUNTY FOR 1905.

Real Estate	2412883 00
Personal Property	828498 00
Total	$3241381 00

INVENTORY OF COUNTY PROPERTY

Lots 9, 10, 11 and 12, block 3, of Champagne & Dow's addition, and lots 13 and 14, blk 1, Langevin's subdivision of church block in Red Lake Falls	9000 00
Furniture and Fixtures	3500 00
Total	$12500 00

BONDED DEBT OF RED LAKE COUNTY

6 per cent Funding Bonds	10000 00
4 per cent " "	20000 00
4½ per cent " "	14000 00
4 per cent Jail Bonds	3000 00
Polk County Bonds	9339 00
Total	$56399 00

DRAINAGE BONDS OF RED LAKE COUNTY	$107500 00

The foregoing statement prepared by the County Auditor is approved by this Board, and respectfully submitted to the taxpayers of Red Lake County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this third day of January, A. D. 1906.

DANIEL SHAW,
WM. C. L. DEMANN,
LOUIS FALARDEAU,
T. A. EKSTROM,
O. J. JOHNSON,
Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minn.

Attest: JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor.

Royal Baking Powder Properly Labeled.

The Pure Food Law of Minnesota requires all baking powders to bear a clearly printed statement of the ingredients so that grocers and consumers may know the full character of the powder. All Royal Baking Powder labels bear such a statement printed in such manner as the law directs.

Royal Baking Powder is a pure cream of tartar powder of the highest quality. Grocers may know that in selling such goods they conform to the laws of this and all other states, and consumers realize that when using only pure cream of tartar powder they are helping carry out the best purpose of the Pure Food Law in protecting the health of the family from alum or like substitutes.

Always Keeps Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in His House.

"We would not be without Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is kept on hand continually in our home," says W W. Kearney, editor of the Independent, Lowry City, Mo. That is just what every family should do. When kept at hand ready for instant use, a cold may be checked at the outset and cured in much less time than after it has become settled in the system. This remedy is also without a peer for croup in children, and will prevent the attack when given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears, which can only be done when the remedy is kept at hand. For sale by all druggists.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County,

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Frank J. Cheney.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. Gleason,
(Seal.) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Starving to Death.

Because her stomach was so weakened by useless drugging that she could not eat, Mrs. Mary H. Walters, of St. Clair St., Columbus, O., was literally starving to death. She writes: "My stomach was so weak from useless drugs that I could not eat, and my nerves so wrecked that I could not sleep; and not before I was given up to die was I induced to try Electric Bitters; with the wonderful result that improvement began at once, and a complete cure followed," Best health Tonic on earth. 50c. Guaranteed by W. A Schreiter, druggist.

The Breath of Life.

It's a significant fact that the strongest animal of its size, the gorilla, also has the largest lungs. Powerful lungs means powerful creatures. How to keep the breathing organs right should be man's chiefest study. Like thousands of others, Mrs. Ora A. Stephens, of Port Williams, O., has learned how to do this. She writes: "Three bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery stopped my cough of two years and cured me of what my friends thought consumption. O, it's grand for throat and lung troubles." Guaranteed by W. A. Schreiter, druggist. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

Do Not Neglect a Bad Cold.

Never allow a cold to take its course. Too often at this season of the year its course is toward pneumonia. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will promptly cure yuor cold and counteract any tendency in this direction. There is nothing better for acute throat and lung troubles. For sale by all druggists.

"To Cure a Felon"

says Sam Kendall, of Phillipsburg, Kan. "just cover it over with Bucklen's Arnica Salve and the Salve will do the rest." Quickest cure for Burns, Boils, Sores, Scalds, Wounds, Piles, Eczema, Salt Rheum, Chapped Hands, Sore Feet and Sore Eyes. Only 25c at W. A. Schreiter's drug store. Guaranteed.

CASTORIA. Bears the The Kind You Have Always Bought Signature of Chas H Fletcher

TWO BATHS IN TEN YEARS

Iowa Woman Seeking Divorce Says That One Plunge Was Caused by Fall Into the River.

Des Moines, Ia.—Because her husband took but two baths in ten years, one of them being occasioned by an accidental fall into the river, Mrs. Isola Harvey has brought suit for divorce against J. J. Harvey. Her action results from the previous filing of a petition for divorce against her, and it is in a cross petition that Mrs. Harvey makes the allegation that he has taken but one voluntary bath during their marital existence.

She further charges that her husband was fretful and stingy. She says he would not speak to her or the children for weeks at a time, and then would suddenly go to the other extreme, becoming extremely garrulous, and alluding to the children as idiots and lunatics. She alleges that he also pulled a knot of hair from her head and threw her out of the house.

But it was as a "tight wad" that Mrs. Harvey says her husband was a star performer. She says he refused to let loose of his coin with such perseverance that, in order to keep the house in repair, she was compelled to do the lathing and to paint the outside of the house as far as she could reach. She claims she drew the line at climbing ladders to paint, believing it to be the extreme of immodesty.

She alleges that another evidence of his penuriousness was manifested in his insistence that she cut his hair, and that of the children. This service was performed in the good old-fashioned way of placing a soup bowl on the head and clipping off the protruding locks.

HAS ANTI-FOREIGN FEELING

Returned Chinese Missionary's Views on Its Origin and Ways of Expression.

Oakland, Cal.—Rev. Arthur Smith, a missionary in China, who returned the other day on the Siberia, is visiting friends in this city. He said:

"The strong anti-foreign feeling in China is due in large part to the defeat of Russia by Japan. The Chinese are awakening to the fact that they are not a subject people. The feeling against the United States is very bitter because of the exclusion act. This feeling is heightened by imaginary wrongs and exaggerated descriptions of indignities heaped on Chinese in this country as sent home by Chinese in the United States. But China, as a whole, has come to a belief that it is easier and cheaper to carry on a negative war against the United States than to attack missions and kill missionaries. The country has learned that where there is no violence there is no punishment to follow. This feeling is confined to the coast cities, however, and I do not believe that it would be safe for an American to venture into the interior provinces. What the more intelligent of the Chinese want is that the exclusion act shall be intelligently interpreted, and shall be enforced only against those classes whom it is meant to affect."

DEATH UNITES OLD CHUMS

Partners for Half a Century and Lifelong Friends Die Together in Albany, N. Y.

Albany, N. Y.—Playmates from boyhood, partners for half a century and inseparable friends during their lifetime, John Reilly and Joseph McLean, two of Watervliet's best-known men, will rest side by side in a local cemetery. Mr. Reilly, 82 years old, and Mr. McLean, 79 years old, were members of St. Patrick's church for over 50 years and the pastor of that congregation officiated at both funerals within two days.

The history of Mr. Reilly was practically the history of Mr. McLean. The parents of both came from Ireland when the boys were very young. John and Joe went to school together, and became fast friends. When school days ended the firm of Reilly & McLean was formed and a prosperous coal business was carried on in conjunction with the management of a ferry across the Hudson to Troy until death broke the partnership and took the other member of the firm two days later.

Both men were commanding figures on the streets of Watervliet and both were Democrats of the old school. Each had been honored with all the local offices within the gift of the village and city of which they had always been proud.

PARIS IS TAKING TO SNUFF

Society Women Return to Usages of an Older Generation—Vice Becomes Public.

Paris.—Society dames in Paris have revived the objectionable custom of taking snuff. Even aristocratic Faubourg St. Germain scarcely frowns, for the habit is sanctioned by memories of monarchy. This return to a custom of olden times is due to a revival of interest in the tiny chef d'oeuvres of enamel painting done in Limoges a century and more ago.

From the collectors' cabinet these exquisite and now costly toys have passed into the salon and the ballroom. They were carried first as ornaments, but now are filled with fragrant powder.

The lamentable result is that it is now the fashion to take snuff publicly and the ballrooms resound with the sneezes of the inexperienced. The older people are even more addicted to it than the younger ones.

Where the Wrinkles Are.

A writer wants to know whether cooking makes wrinkles in a woman's face. Well, certain styles of cooking make wrinkles in man's faces.

THE RISE OF A MONEYLESS MAN.

James Jameson was a telegrapher of note. Celebrated not so much for his ability as for his agility. He measured six feet four standing and four by six lying; could do an artistic and able-bodied job of lying; was popularly known as "Slim Jim from Jersey, the Swift Stepper," and was an all 'round good fellow. His nickname and photograph, however, did not match.

Jim was a saving chap with a knack for making wise investments. He purchased, on the installment plan, three acres of pond, had a connection built to the city water mains, paid 18 cents a thousand gallons for what he got and at the end of three weeks sold the accretion for $16 a square foot. It had cost him $16 an acre.

Sally Jameson, a charming maiden of certain age, twin sister of Jim, was his housekeeper. Orphans, they had journeyed along life's rugged slopes living in unselfish devotion to each other.

Gradually they accumulated a surplus, and after some discussion it was decided to open an account at one of the banks. It was thereupon arranged that either the signature of Jim or that of his sister would be honored as a charge against the account. Thus was Sally spared the humiliation of asking for money, and by the same token imbued with a desire to augment, by the practice of economy, the Jameson fortunes. At all events the arrangement proved so successful that, at the end of six years, when the two city banks consolidated, the Jameson account was in a flourishing condition.

The first pay day after the bank consolidation Mr. Jameson, after having his account balanced, found himself "over" $21 and "short" three checks for $7 each drawn by his sister. He wrote to Mr. Munnimacher, the cashier, expressing the hope that none of his sister's checks had been dishonored. The reply stated that all checks against the Jameson account had been paid when presented. The following month a surplus of $47 was noted, with a corresponding deficit in checks.

Each month thereafter the amount to the credit of the account became larger, and as Jim quit drawing checks his balance assumed a "watch-me-grow" aspect that was intoxicating. Jim bought a phunnygraph; his sister drew the check; an automatic piano player, little sister's patience tried again; an automobile, and $2,000 worth more of feminine chirography. Jim tried to subdue the machine, but decided that an automobilistic surgeon's bill might fracture even the Jameson credit, so he hired a coiffure or chauffeur or something.

Month after month the bank book was returned with no deductions, no vouchers, no nothing except an ever increasing balance. Jim wrote frequent letters to the bank's officers, in one of which he made facetious reference to the fact that he probably had solved the problem "How to be wealthy though poor."

At last the monotony of placing pay checks in the bank became unbearable. Jim tendered his resignation and became known as a prominent capitalist. He expended his time and money liberally, became a patron of everything, bought stock—with sister's checks—in the Blue Skies of Cuba company, the stock certificates being guaranteed to be suitable for framing.

A stone mansion on Robin's Roost boulevard was purchased and an elaborate system of entertaining inaugurated. Mrs. Jonasen, a beautiful and accomplished widow, was a frequent and welcome participant in the jolly doings. Her society was sought by all, not only on account of her wealth, which was said to be fabulous, but for her wit, grace and beauty as well. She was a fearless trolleyist, played golf, checkers and pinochle, could even build fires and put the proper trimmings on strawberry salad. The kitchen utensils, skillets and such were so well groomed that looking glasses were not needed in the Jonasen bungalow.

Mr. James Jameson felt a tingling sensation under his watch pocket every time the widow crossed his vision. He was in love! He was a diffident fellow, but finally brushed up enough courage to express his sentiments. He proposed. The widow had long entertained a rather exalted opinion of the business qualifications of the man who had, from a small beginning, carved his way to a position of undeniable standing and influence in the community. She took the case, as a supreme court justice might say, under advisement, and four days afterward passed sentence upon Jim, although her decision had been reached in four minutes. The wedding was held in a glitter of splendor never surpassed and seldom equaled.

So ample had been the fortune left by Jeremiah Jonasen that his widow felt she could not spend it all no matter how lavishly she lived. Business cares embarrassed her. After withholding from the revenues of the estate sufficient money to meet current requirements she made periodical trips to the bank to deposit funds. She made no checks, and, therefore, regarded as superfluous the formality of having her account balanced.

Shortly after the honeymoon the enchanted pair decided to balance accounts. The books were sent to the bank and in a day or two that of the ex-widow was returned on a dray accompanied by the accumulated vouchers. The figures were entered in red. She had overdrawn!

The bookkeeper who had charge of the "J" accounts had not, at the time of the consolidation, had been notified of the arrangement of Jim and his sister. Through his error a trunkful of sister's checks had been charged to the widow's account.

The court appointed a receiver.—Kansas City Star.

[illegible]

Stegler was naturally a rather reserved sort of young man. He had few acquaintances and no friends in Chicago. It is not to be inferred that he had absolutely no social instincts, or that he was so unprepossessing as to repel people who might otherwise have cultivated his society to the sprouting of friendship. Quite the contrary. He was a good-looking boy, with likable manners, and he wanted friends. But he was shy.

He was a country boy—or from a country town, which amounts to about the same thing—and he had a sort of morbid consciousness of his rusticity, so that while he simply ached for companionship he was a little afraid of the small advances made by the other fellows in the office. When the day's work was ended he did not linger with the groups around the lockers who laughed and indulged in mild horseplay and planned amusement for the evening. He put on his coat—that skimp and somewhat threadbare garment of Higginsville cut—and went home to his lonely back bedroom, where, after the unappetizing supper of the boarding house, he read Thomas a Kempis and often wrote homesick letters to the dear woman who had given him the book. These he generally destroyed after reading them over and then he would burn the oil in the little kerosene lamp writing others that were exuberantly cheerful in their tone: He didn't want mother to worry.

But he was homesick all the same. Somehow Chicago people struck him as being intensely interested in themselves and their own affairs and not at all interested in Stegler. And no wonder, he thought, considering the way he looked. He had started from Higginsville with a new suit, but nobody seemed to wear clothes of that fashion in the city. And the difference was most marked in the overcoat. The overcoat was not even new.

Perhaps, thought Stegler, it would not be such a great extravagance to buy a new overcoat. He had not much money, and he had determined to husband it carefully. But, after all, a new coat seemed almost necessary. Wasn't it quite necessary? He debated that point in his mind for some days and began to look into the clothing store windows on his way to and from work.

There was one coat that particularly attracted him. It looked perfectly in style and had, moreover, a very substantial appearance. Fifteen dollars was the price. A pretty good sum of money, but style and quality are not to be had for nothing. Stegler knew that. He looked it all over again and again until he had every button and seam of it by heart. He could close his eyes and see it at any time. He hesitated a day or two and then plucked up courage and entered the store.

The clerk who came forward to wait upon him did not impress Stegler favorably. He seemed to be a very supercilious sort of young man and he looked disparagingly at the old coat and hurt Stegler's feelings. Then it seemed the coat in the window was several sizes too big and there were no more like it. But here was a coat that was just as good or even a little better.

Still, it didn't strike Stegler that way. None of them seemed as good, or if it did it was more expensive. Two or three times he tried to get away from that salesman. He was desperately determined not to buy what he did not want. Still, the salesman held him and hauled out garment after garment until Stegler fairly broke away.

"Just one moment," said the salesman. Then to a stout elderly person who approached, "Mr. Engenstein, will you show this gentleman an overcoat?"

Stegler said, "I don't believe I'll buy—" But the stout man raised a chubby hand and beamed upon him so radiantly that he faltered.

"You come with me," said the stout man, laying the chubby hand affectionately on Stegler's shoulder. "I can fix you out with just exactly what you want. I'm Engenstein, and I own this store. If I haven't got something to suit you in it I want to know it, eh? How much, now, do you want to pay?" He patted Stegler's shoulder.

"Fifteen dollars," said Stegler, blushingly.

"Would you go eighteen?" asked Engenstein, anxiously. "Now don't say anything. Just look. I want to make a friend of you. A young man like you wants a stylish coat, and a well-made coat, and good goods, ain't it? Here is an elegant coat. Try it on."

He smoothed it lovingly down the back, patted the lapels, and—well, you know the process. But it was the friendliness of this man that was so amazing. He exuded it. His good fellowship was irresistible: his smile was like the sun in its noonday splendor. His laugh was jollity and benevolence set to music. It was a $10 overcoat that he had fitted on Stegler, and he actually let him have it—not for the eighteen, but for the fifteen dollars. "You see," he reiterated, "I want you for my friend."

This was Engenstein, sole proprietor of these palatial clothing parlors; and he shook Stegler's hand warmly at parting, offered him a cigar, and begged him to call in and see him, Engenstein, any time he was passing. And shy Stegler went away with a warm glow beneath the left lapel of the new overcoat induced by the assurance that he had actually made a friend.

You may laugh at this little story if you please, but when Stegler, three days later, went into the store to have a button replaced—and was feeling a little lonely beside—when he approached Engenstein, who no longer smiled, and found that Engenstein had forgotten him, he was cut to the heart.—Chicago Daily News.

TOM'S VACATION.

BY HAYDEN CARRUTH.

"I hear," remarked the lawyer, as he toyed with the coffee spoon, "that young Tom Bisbee is broken down from overwork, and that it's doubtful if he goes back to college after the holidays."

"Yes, so I'm told," returned the editor, taking a cigar from the box proffered by the waiter. "Nervous prostration, they say. It's a shame how students are forced to work nowadays. I believe I'll give the college authorities a roast in to-morrow's paper."

"Well—yes—of course," observed the doctor, slowly, as he critically examined the lighted end of his cigar to see that it was started evenly. "What you say is true, in a measure. But if I were you, I wouldn't use Tom Bisbee as a horrible example in these editorials and sermons, and things you're going to produce. Write 'em, of course—write all you please—but don't drag Tom in."

"Why not?" demanded the editor.

"Well, I suppose I can tell without violating any professional secrets." He took a few more pulls at the weed, then went ahead with the following tale in the most solemn and earnest manner:

Tom Bisbee arranged to spend Christmas with his college roommate at a little New England town, and then came on home a day or two for the rest of the vacation. This roommate is named Powers, Frank Powers. Tom had never visited his friend's home, but as Frank had two or three sisters, and there were other young folks in the family, he looked forward to having a gay time. They arrived three days before Christmas, and immediately settled down to have it—the gay time, I mean.

It seems that there is also in the Powers family a maiden aunt, a Miss Hicktree, a very estimable lady, of I don't know how many years, but certainly of a considerably greater number than have passed over the head of Tom.

Tom, you know, is the best-hearted fellow in the world, but a little bashful, especially in the presence of the opposite sex. He was very anxious to make a good impression on his friend's family, and especially on one of his sisters, an attractive girl of about his own age. In fact, he had not been in the house six hours till he was head over heels in love with the girl. This, of course, only made him the more bashful, and every time he found himself in her presence he felt he was making a fool of himself each moment. Probably he wasn't, but this is the way he felt. Now, this embarrassment and his desperate desire to impress the family favorably, combined with his general good heartedness, caused him to begin paying special attention to the elderly Miss Hicktree, almost from the first. He did not feel embarrassed in her company, and talked freely on all subjects. Now, he assures me that the idea of making love to Miss Hicktree was as far from his thoughts as were the rules of Chinese grammar, but somehow the lady took it differently. Indeed, by the second day she conceived the notion that the young man was violently in love with her.

On Christmas Eve the whole household was gathered in the drawing-room, and there sprang up a lively discussion as to the best way of dealing with the Christmas presents. There was a difference of opinion, but Miss Dorothy, who was destroying Tom's peace of mind, stood out for the good old-fashioned way of hanging up stockings. "It would be a shame," she said, "not to utilize this big old fireplace. There's room along the edges of the mantel for all of our stockings, and then we can all get up early in the morning with the children and see what old St. Nicholas has brought us and have a jolly time before breakfast."

Accordingly, before retiring, they all hung their stockings along the mantel, amid much merriment. Even Tom got quite at his ease, and the last thing before withdrawing he announced in a confident tone that he should be the first one up in the morning, to see what the old saint had brought him.

It was scarcely four o'clock the next morning when Tom awoke. With the exuberance of youth he promptly bounded out of bed, hurriedly dressed and groped his way downstairs. Utter silence reigned, and when he reached the drawing-room door he was confronted by total darkness. He blundered against a chair and nearly fell over a hassock, but at last found the chandelier and scratched a match on the sole of his slipper. The gas flared up, and with buoyant expectancy the young man strained his eyes toward the fireplace. There on the mantel, with both feet thrust deep into his stockings, sat Miss Hicktree.

"He, he, Tommy, dear!" she gurgled.

The boy's knees smote together and his head reeled. Then with a hollow, hunted cry, he staggered back into the hall, tore open the front door and rushed down the steps and out into the darkness. A half hour later he was found struggling through the snow, three miles away, by a milkman, taken to a farmer's house and put to bed. On the second day, after he became rational, he told his address, and was brought home by a trained nurse.

It's all right, gentlemen, to denounce over-study in college—go ahead—I'm with you—but just let this case of Tom Bisbee alone. I'll attend to that, and if no complications set in I expect to have him back at school when the term opens.—Good Literature.

A BELIEVER IN PALMISTRY

By GEORGE G. MAGNUS

(Copyright, 1905, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

"Do endeavor to be sensible, Mr. Graham!" said Miss Muriel O'Connell, severely. "If it's only for a few minutes it will be good practice for you," she added, opening wide her fan.

I sighed audibly. Miss Muriel's fan is nothing more or less than a feather screen, behind which she takes a cruel delight in hiding upon the flimsiest excuse. Three whole precious minutes having been wasted—

"All right, I'll try. Please remove the partition."

The feathers slowly disclosed two laughing blue eyes.

"Listen, Mr. Graham!"

The first dreamy bars of the "Blue Danube" floated into the conservatory I said to myself—well, something unworthy of repetition. I said aloud: "Now, I suppose I must take you back?"

A dimple appeared—such a dimple!

"You do look unhappy!"

"I look what I feel," said I. "I've only seen you twice during the last ten minutes. I shan't see you again probably for a week, and now I have to hand you over to some chap who won't appreci— I mean, who really wouldn't miss—that's to say—"

"Begin all over again," Miss Muriel suggested, encouragingly.

"I say, can't you give him the slip?"

She gazed at me thoughtfully for a full minute. It was awfully jolly. Miss Muriel has the sweetest eyes in the world.

"I consider you a sad tempter," she remarked, abruptly.

"That's the nicest thing you've said this evening!"

She took my word for it, and smiled demurely. I took her programme to make the necessary correction. Then it was I discovered, with bitter chagrin, the scrawling initials of one, Adolphus Spooner, affixed to the dance I had appropriated. Spooner is without exception the worst walzter and the biggest ass I know. I recalled my last observation. Miss Muriel laughed. Then a silence fell between us. I divided my attention impartially between gazing at my companion, who seemed to be deriving unlimited pleasure from dissecting a fragment of palm.

She threw away what remained of the leaf. Then a brilliant idea seized me. I fancy it owed its origin to Miss Muriel's late plaything, for brilliant ideas and I are, unhappily, on scarcely visiting terms.

"Are you a believer in palmistry?"

"What do you know about it, Mr. Graham?"

I knew that in order to correctly read Miss Muriel's palm, it would be necessary to hold her hand in mine. Miss Muriel's hand is just made for this treatment.

"Everything worth knowing," I answered, truthfully.

"I have never had my hand read," she remarked, indifferently, "but I know girls who have. Those who have been told nice things believe in it fervently."

"Surely you have no fear of joining the unbelievers, Miss O'Connell? Come, allow me to convert you."

Miss Muriel put out her hand an inch at a time.

"I'm not a schoolmaster," I hastened to assure her.

The hand came a wee bit nearer. I seized it firmly with my left and covered it with my right.

"Is there any necessity," she began, indignantly.

"It's absolutely essential," said I, with unruffled serenity.

Miss Muriel's scorn was very complete.

"How absurd! You can't see my palm."

Being forced to admit the truth of this statement I reluctantly uncovered the hand, and, in order to collect my thoughts gazed long and fixedly at the little pink lines. I found them very fascinating.

I began to trace the lines with the tip of my finger, inwardly praying that it was the right thing to do. Miss Muriel laughed most provokingly. I looked at her sternly.

"I—I can't help it," she cried; "you tickle me so!"

"Ah, I see. I will be more careful in future. You have a very pretty—I mean, a very well-balanced hand, Miss O'Connell. I note you are honest, upright, clear-headed, temperate—"

"You are converting me very rapidly!"

"I was going to tell you a lot more nice things. Now you have put them completely out of my head." (Miss Muriel sighed deeply.) "You will be pleased to hear that you are not likely to steal anything—save the hearts of mere men. . . . This little twirly line round the thumb denotes that your temper is even; when roused hasty, and soon over; when fully roused—well—I think I had better get on with the fate line. A rather uncertain fate is shown. But it will turn out all right—provided you do a certain thing. Next we come to the heart line—did you speak?"

"Merely smiled."

"It was a very audible smile," said I, severely. "The heart line shows up very strong. You have a very large heart, Miss O'Connell."

"I must see a doctor about it."

"I should advise a specialist! To continue, it is clear that you prefer giving it away in driblets to a large army of hungry admirers, rather than—"

"Pray don't stop. I should never have believed you could be so entertaining."

"Please don't interrupt!—rather than giving it wholly to one. Further it is shown that the possessor of this much coveted little hand is not above carrying on a flirtation—"

"What girl is, Mr. Graham?" pleaded Miss Muriel.

"Wait!" I said, sternly. "Not above carrying on a flirtation with a man—"

"Oh, no, not with a man!" she cried in horror.

"With a man who loves her!" I concluded.

Miss Muriel snatched away her hand and sprang to her feet.

"How dare you say such a thing!" she cried, her blue eyes flashing. "I shall return to the ballroom. I prefer dancing with Mr. Spooner."

"Have some pity!" I implored. "I'm sure you wouldn't have me tell you things that were not true."

"Which line told you what—what you just dared to say?"

"If you will come a little closer."

"No, you can point it out on your own."

I opened my hand and studied it for a long time.

"I don't appear to possess the line in question," I said at last.

"I can well understand your surprise," she retorted. "Judging from the length of your search, you certainly expected to find it!"

"I always try to oblige a lady," I murmured, feebly.

As I spoke a sudden idea seemed to seize her, for she smiled and sat down again. I lost no time in following her good example. A slight pause ensued.

"Suppose you let me read your hand," she said, abruptly.

"I—I beg your pardon? Why, you don't know anything about it!"

"Give me your hand."

"I wish you would give me yours."

Miss Muriel ignored my want, and with fine scorn, exclaimed: "You are afraid!"

Whereupon I held out my hand. Miss Muriel took it very carefully—no covering it, or anything of that sort.

"I will start with the heart line, as that seems the most highly developed," she began in business-like tones. "I note you possess an enlarged heart. I further observe that affection for the fair sex en masse, is the cause. It appears that you cannot resist any girl that smiles on you. . . . I regret to see that your heart is also incapable both of giving and retaining affection for longer than an ordinary holiday. You must have change. It is perhaps due to your impressionableness that you have such a failing for proposing, almost at sight!"

She paused for breath, and, dabbing my brow with my handkerchief, I seized the opportunity to inquire: "To which line do I owe all this, please?"

"This fat curly one," she answered, calmly.

"Thanks, I must see if I can't have it altered."

"I don't see what difference that will make to your heart," she observed.

"I didn't say I wanted to alter my heart," I said, stiffly. "Indeed, I have only loved one girl in my life, and I have only proposed once in my life."

"Oh, Mr. Graham!"

Miss Muriel drew hastily away from me and opened her objectionable fan.

"What reason have you for doubting my statement—for saying 'Oh,' like that?" I asked, rather cleverly gaining possession of my enemy.

"I will tell you. Didn't you propose to Miss Mathews the very same day you honored me?"

"Before or after?" I inquired with interest.

"You would know that best," she answered, frigidly.

"Undoubtedly! And that girl told you this—and you believed it?"

"She didn't exactly tell me."

"Insinuated it?"

"I understood that such was the case."

"Ah! These dear girls! Would you mind my asking whether she accepted the honor? I'm sure you will pardon my inquisitiveness on this point."

My companion, ignoring my anxious question, pulled her wrap over her beautiful shoulders. Then she rose, tugging on her long glove with feverish haste.

"I am engaged to Mr. Roberts for this next dance," she said, somewhat irrelevantly.

She turned on her heel. I took a quick step after her and caught her round the waist.

"Mr. Graham! How dare you! Release me this moment!"

"Not until you have answered my questions."

I drew her to me resisting, her face crimson, her blue eyes blazing.

"Now tell me," I said, "do you still believe that lie? Oh, if a man had uttered it! . . . When you refused me, you gave me some hope. Has what that girl told you made you treat me as you have been treating me, like an overgrown schoolboy who doesn't know his own mind! Lastly, do you care for Mr. Roberts? You shall tell me! I can't go on like this; I must know whether there is any chance for me, now. Oh, Muriel! Tell me, once and for all, can you love me in return, and if you don't, if you can't, I swear by all I hold dear, never to cross your path again."

Then I released her—but she did not leave me. She was trembling from head to foot. Was it with anger? I raised her face, now strangely pale, and made her meet my eyes. I held them! I looked into her very soul, and as I looked, "Muriel!" I whispered, "Muriel, my sweetheart!"

A little later we were seated behind the palms again. But how different was the grouping!

"Do you think he will mind very much?"

"He ought to, by Jove! But don't think about such things as Mr. Roberts; let's think of nothing but ourselves."

"I—I certainly misread your character," she said, softly. "I never thought you could look fierce, or be so masterful. I always thought—"

"Yes, I know," I interposed, with some haste. "But palmistry is a science, you know."

"Fiddlesticks!" cried Miss Muriel, rudely.

SOLDIERS BURIED ALIVE.

Disinterment of Bodies at Fort Hayes, Kan., Shows Ghastly Mistake.

Horrible discoveries were lately made in the cemeteries of old Fort Hayes, Kan., where the bodies of soldiers buried during frontier days are being disinterred and taken to Leavenworth for reburial. These discoveries go to show that a large number of those buried during the cholera scare and epidemic were really buried alive and afterward returned to consciousness while in the tomb. The matter is being discussed as little as possible among those doing the word, and is being suppressed by the authorities, who are giving out little or no information.

Caskets were disinterred that gave evidences of frightful struggles of the inmates for life. Some of the bodies had turned over; others had the legs drawn up to the neck; in others the hands were filled with hair that had been torn out by the roots, and the faces were distorted fearfully. In some the clothing was almost torn from the bodies.

The principal evidences of living interments were found in the section of the old cemetery, where a large number of cholera victims had been buried. During the cholera scare the health laws required the immediate burial of victims after they were pronounced dead. It is supposed that in the haste and fright a number of supposed dead men were buried, and that these later returned to consciousness.

CHANGES IN BIRTH RATES.

London Statistician Says Fluctuations Rise and Fall with Prices.

At a meeting of the Royal Statistical society, held recently in London at the society's rooms, a paper was read on "The Changes in the Marriage and Birth Rates in England and Wales During the Last Half Century, with an Inquiry as to Their Causes," by G. Udny Yule.

A careful examination in the fluctuations in the birth rate showed, declared Mr. Yule, that it appeared to respond, like the marriage rate, to the cycle of trade and industry, though the movement is curiously irregular as compared with that of the latter rate. The fall of the birth rate, or a marked increase in the rate of fall, commenced in many European countries just about 1875-76, that is, when the effect of the fall in prices from 1873 was just beginning to made itself felt.

The turning point was too well marked not to be due to some very definite cause, and too widespread to be ascribed to any cause of at all a local character. The greatest intercensal increase rates in England and Wales occurred, it was pointed out, after periods of high prices.

WORDS BUT RARELY USED.

Strange Sentence in English Which Was Rattled Off by a Philologist.

A philologist was talking about words. "There are over 225,000 words in the English language," he said, "but we only use a few thousand of them. The extra ones are no use to us. Any man could sit down with a directory and write in good English a story that no one in the world would understanc. Here, for instance, can you make head or tail of this?"

And the philologist pattered off glibly:

"I will againbuy the atabal. You are asweyed? Yet this is no blushet's bobanse nor am I a cudden, either. Though the atabal is dern, still will I againbuy it."

Then he translated:

"I will recover the drum. You are amazed? Yet this is no young girl's boasting nor am I a fool, either. Though the drum is hidden, still will I recover it."

Fire in Churches.

Chief Shaw, speaking of the practical operation of the law for the better protection of audiences in theaters and public halls from fire, remarks that while our churches are exempt from its provisions, as well as from monthly inspection, there is greater danger from fire or panic in many of our houses of worship than there is in most of the licensed places. This is frank and outspoken, though it isn't a new revelation. It is a fair question why church congregations ought not to be protected from the dangers of fire and panic as well as theater audiences.—Boston Herald.

Irving's Effects.

Referring to the recent sale of Irving's effects, the London Mail says: "The proceedings were altogether erratic. Mediocre drawings sold for pounds instead of shillings, excellent paintings for shillings instead of pounds. The relic was prized more highly than the work of art." Sargent's portrait of Ellen Terry sold for one-third of what Irving had been offered for it.

Good Enough.

Jaygreen—I'd like to get a better job for my son.

Kaybrown—What's he doing now?

"He's working for a coal dealer."

"That's good enough. He's sure to make his weigh in the world."—Chicago Daily News.

Tackling a Big Job.

Two missionaries from Afghanistan have arrived in Liverpool. Their intention is to convert England to Islam.

IN OPEN AIR 7 YEARS

LONDON FAMILY HOUSED ON THE COMMONS.

Father, Son and Daughter Sleep in Metropolis Park in All Kinds of Weather Until They Are Remanded for Conduct.

London.—The extraordinary statement that a family, consisting of a father and his grown-up son and daughter, have lived for seven years on Streatham common, sleeping in the open in all weathers, was made at the Southwestern police court.

Ernest Girard, a well-dressed and well-educated man of middle age; his son, William Edward Girard, and his daughter, Alice Eugenie Girard, who were both neatly dressed, were charged with sleeping out without any visible means of subsistence.

A policeman said that they had been familiar figures on the common for many years. They were there in all weathers, in rain, snow and frost, day and night. Complaints had been made by the residents about the common, but apparently they were never interfered with until recently.

Then they were arrested as they were making up their beds of newspapers under a shed, where they had taken shelter from the pouring rain.

Mr. de Grey, the magistrate, expressed his astonishment that something had not been done to exclude them from the common, and he was informed that the London county council, which is responsible for its management, is considering what action it can take in the matter.

The father, who said he was a teacher, declared that they had made the common their home for seven years, and that they injured no one. They had a claim against the British government, he said, and the police had no right to exclude them from the common.

When they were arrested, he said, they were walking along with their beds under their arms, and were preparing to make themselves comfortable for the night.

"If you imagine that your claim against the government entitles you to sleep out on the common you are mistaken," said the magistrate.

They were remanded, and the magistrate directed that inquiries concerning their antecedents should be made.

TO INCLOSE CITY BY CANAL

New York Judge Is at the Head of New Plan to Connect Hudson River and Long Island Sound.

Mount Vernon, N. Y.—Judge Adam E. Schatz, of this city, is at the head of a project backed by a number of prominent Westchester county residents to construct a ship canal to connect the Hudson river and the sound. The plans of Judge Schata call for a canal 14 miles long crossing the county from Tarrytown to Port Chester. The estimated cost of the improvement is about $3,000,000.

Another part of the scheme is to incorporate that part of the county bounded by the canal on the north and the New York city line on the south into the new city of Westchester. The territory within these boundaries has a population of over 200,000, and would make a city of the first class. "It would become the Venice of America," says Judge Schatz, "the natural home part of New York."

Judge Schatz says that a bill will be submitted to the legislature this session asking for the appointment of a commission, and that a similar bill may be introduced in the Connecticut legislature, as the canal will border on that state for several miles. If the legislature will not take the question up a syndicate of capitalists will be formed to build the canal and operate it as a private venture.

VETERAN IS 101 YEARS OLD

Colbert P. Blair, a Soldier of the Black Hawk War, Was an Athlete in His Prime.

Corvallis, Ore.—Colbert Powell Blair, centenarian, was born New Year's eve in 1805, and passed his one hundredth birthday at Pendleton last New Year's eve. While still a small child he removed with his parents to Kentucky, where his youth was spent. Later he resided consecutively in Indiana, Illinois and Iowa, starting across the plains for Oregon in 1853. The first winter after the arrival in Oregon was spent on the Santiam, and the following spring he settled in Benton county. For 30 consecutive years he was bailiff of the Benton county circuit court. Fifteen years ago he went to live with a granddaughter at Pendleton.

In his youth he was known far and wide as an athlete. He was a soldier in the Blackhawk war and also in the Rogue river Indian war. Mr. Blair is still hale and hearty and in possession of all his faculties. He is somewhat forgetful of recent events, but remembers with great clearness many events of long ago.

Rare Operation.

Replacing the lungs, the heart and stomach, which were suspended in a sack from an opening in the abdomen of an Italian baby, was the rare operation performed in Memorial hospital, Morristown, N. J., by the staff physicians. The doctors are watching the result with great interest. There is every indication, they say, that the child will live. A normal respiration followed the operation, and as far as can be discovered the adjustment of the vital organs is perfect.

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Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650. Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
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THE LOCAL NEWS

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Mrs. H. A. Johnson is recovering slowly from a severe attack of illness.

R. H. Aimer made a short business trip to Thief River Falls last Thursday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

G. N. Evenson returned yesterday from North Dakota, where he has been visiting friends.

Miss Ottilia Westlund left last evening for Fargo where she will visit at home for a week.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on April 3 and 4.

The frame is already up for the new creamery addition and the work is progressing rapidly.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Mrs. J. B. O'Brien went down to Red Lake Falls last evening, where she will visit for a few days.

R. J. McKercher left last Monday for his old home in Iowa where he will spend several weeks.

Julius Pleth was over from Plummer last Monday attending to some important business matters.

Marshal Remington was called to Red Lake Falls last Thursday as a witness in the district court.

Chas. Fellman went out the first of the week to fix up the buildings on his claim in Mayfield township.

M. E. Bjerk has been busy the past week getting his place ready to commence business next Monday.

Martin McAndress, Jr., returned from Blackduck on Thursday and will visit at home for a short time.

Miss Alice Sorsoleil left last Monday for Langdon, N. D., near which place she will teach a term of school.

Mrs. Dr. Blomburgh has been confined to the house the past week with a severe attack of appendicites.

A. C. Mayfield was in from Mayfield township last Wednesday, getting things ready for his spring work.

P. G. Otterness, of Cannon Falls, was here last Wednesday and spent a day looking after his farm in Rocksbury.

Ole Loe left last Wednesday for the west and will look over several places in Washington with a view to locating.

The Otterness-Edstrom law suits, which were to be tried this week, have been postponed until Tuesday of next week.

The schools closed last evening for one week's vacation and the small boy and his marbles should be in evidence today.

Services in the Swedish Mission church next Sunday at 8 p. m. All are cordially invited. L. W. Nordlius, pastor.

Albert Fellman went down to Red Lake Falls last Wednesday evening to appear as a witness in the Casbon-Pleth case.

There will be services at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. All are welcome. Alex Sand, pastor.

I. Dahlen was in from his reservation claim last Sunday and laid in a supply of provisions to last over the spring break-up.

Miss Mabel Hannay has been on the sick list for several days and Miss Helen Hannay has been taking her place at the school.

J. M. Richards, the Crookston Lumber company manager, was here last Monday looking over the improvements being done at the saw mill.

Keep the little ones healthy and happy. Their tender, sensitive bodies require gentle, healing remedies. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will keep them strong and well. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Joel G. Winkjer is billed to give the farmers of Middle River a talk this week on the creamery question. They decided recently not to build a creamery, but it may be different after Joel has his talk.

Rev. C. A. Gilman wishes us to announce that there will be services at the M. E. church next Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. This will be Rev. Gilman's first appearance since his illness, as there will be no morning service.

K. O. Gigstad went down to Red Lake Falls on the freight last Thursday afternoon so as to be there in time to give evidence in the Casbon-Pleth case.

The pile driving crew is still at work on the river and have considerable work to do yet. The recent cold snap pulled up most of the piling that they had driven.

The Twelve O'clock Club, which was to have been entertained by the Misses Gigstad last Thursday evening was postponed on account of the illness of Miss Eva Johnson.

The Casbon-Pleth law suit which has caused considerable comment the past week, was on trial last Thursday and the case was dismissed by the Judge as there was no cause for action.

Fred Sandberg, Albert Sandberg, Oscar Johnson and Elias Peterson, of River Falls and Wyandotte, left Thursday for Blanchard, N. D., where they will work the coming summer.

Miss Theresa L. Hughes came up from St. Paul last Thursday and will spend several days with her sister, Mrs. M. McAndress. She has been subpoenaed as a witness in the Edstrom-Otterness case.

Thief River Falls News: Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Burns were down to St. Hilaire last Saturday to attend the funeral of the four week's old son of Mr. and Mrs. David Collins. Mrs. Burns and Mrs. Collins are sisters.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.
JULIUS PLETH,
tf Plummer, Minn.

Fred Case returned last Thursday from his Canadian home where he has been holding down a claim the past winter. He will start work at once for the lumber company and will hold his old job of night engineer at the saw mill.

Ole H. Koidahl and wife left last Wednesday for Washington, where they will make their future home with a son. They were old residents of this section, having lived on a farm west of here in the neighborhood of twenty years.

For the past three days the weather has been all that could be desired. The snow drifts are melting fast and a few more bright, sunny days will cause them all to disappear. No one will be sorry, as the snow has been here long enough.

Six cars of lumber every day and some days eight cars is the record at the planing mill these days. The demand for lumber was never better and orders have been received here to start the saw mill just as soon as the logs can be moved. It looks like a long and prosperous season.

Dr. A. H. Dunlop, of Crookston, came up last Monday to consult with Dr. Blomburgh in regard to the condition of Miss Eva Johnson. While she has been very low the past week the doctors seem hopeful that she will ultimately fully recover. Miss Johnson has a friend in everybody in the village and the surrounding country and all will wish for her speedy recovery.

Thief River Falls News: Miss Louise Engelstad, who has been attending the agricultural college of the state university during the past six months, arrived here Monday evening over the Soo and will remain until next fall with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Engelstad, of Rocksbury. She is the first Red Lake county pupil to attend this institution, but it is to be hoped that there will be more of them in the future. Miss Engelstad will return again next fall and expects to graduate from the college.

David Collins and Knute Killand were subpoenaed last week to serve on the grand jury and in order to get there bright and early Monday morning they were compelled to use their railroad passes. The passes were of the tie variety and they worked so good that they used them again coming back Thursday evening. Both claim that the Great Northern is a good road to walk on between here and Red Lake Falls. Edward Miller, the Mayfield farmer, who was also on the jury, came back with them and left yesterday for his home.

In the spring time you renovate your house. Why not your body? Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea drives out impurities, cleanses and enriches the blood and purifies the entire system. 25 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

The most remarkable cow in the world is probably that owned in Blue Earth county in this state. Her name is Yeska Sunbeam and she is a thoroughbred Guernsey. A test conducted by the Wisconsin state experiment station developed the fact that during the year 1905 this cow produced 1,000 pounds of butter, or almost her own weight. During the year she gave 14,920 pounds of milk which yielded 857 pounds of butter fat. Yeska Sunbeam was nine and a half years old at the beginning of the test. She is the most remarkable milk machine in the world.

Teachers Hired.

The board of education held an important meeting last Wednesday evening, the question of hiring teachers for the coming year being the principal topic. The board showed the appreciation of the good work done by Prof. J. B. O'Brien by engaging him for another year. This will make twelve years that Mr. O'Brien has been at the head of our schools and is certainly an excellent endorsement. Miss Mabel Hannay was also employed for the coming year, she being the only one of the present list of teachers to apply.

The board also offered Miss Cora Yahr, who taught here last year, $65.00 per month if she would sign here the coming year. Miss Yahr is at present engaged in Minneapolis and it is not known whether or not she will accept.

Further operations were deferred until some future meeting.

Tax Money Distributed.

Red Lake Courier: County Auditor Ford completed the March settlement the first of the week, distributing the tax money among the various funds. At this melon cutting there is $41,819.73 to divide. $2,880.17 goes to the state, and the county funds are replenished as follows:

Revenue	$ 4,965.73
Road and Bridge	976.21
Poor	140.01
Bond and Interest	1,287.36
Ditch	2,707.11

The city funds distributed aggregate $6,810.52; townships, 4,556.54; one mill school, $951.89; special school, $14,334.47; interest, penalties and costs, $1,322.99; interest and principal on state loans, $568.30. The settlement is the largest ever made in the history of the county.

Obituary.

Rainy River Gazette (March 23): Mrs. Dickinson, wife of Hiram Dickinson, passed to her reward on Tuesday afternoon at her home in Rainy River, after a lingering illness caused by cancer.

Mrs. Dickinson was born in New York nearly 70 years ago, and early in life joined the Church of England, but at marriage became a member of the Methodist church.

Mr. and Mrs. Dickinsen came to Rainy River two years ago from St. Hilaire, Minn., and since then Mr. Dickinson has been in the employ of the Rainy River Lumber Co.

The funeral services were conducted on Thursday afternoon at the home by the Rev. R. E. McCullagh. The bereaved husband and relatives have the sincere sympathy of the entire community.

New Council Will Meet.

The newly elected village council will hold their first regular meeting at the village hall next Monday evening. It is the important meeting of the year, as all of the appointments are made at that meeting. So far as we have been able to learn, K. R. Killand will be selected as village Marshal and street commissioner with the other attending positions. David Collins seems to be the favorite candidate for village assessor and Dr. Blomburgh for health officer.

Schools Get Money.

The apportionment of school funds was made this week by Auditor Ford. The state apportionment amounts to $5,965.30, while $1,053 has been received from other sources, making a total of $7,018 to be distributed, making $2.00 per capita on the 3,509 pupils in Red Lake county entitled to apportionment. Of this sum Red Lake Falls gets $1,092; Thief River Falls, $1,656, and St. Hilaire $478. The apportionment is increased nearly $1,000 over last year.

Another Record Broken.

They broke all March records again at the creamery last Friday and Saturday. On Friday they received 4,978 pounds of cream and on Saturday they made an even 1,500 pounds of butter. Considering the time of the year and the poor facilities the farmers have for winter dairying, this showing is truly remarkable. At the price butter is now selling for this means almost four hundred dollars to be distributed among our farmers.

I. O. O. F. Party.

A. S. Wilson and H. A. Johnson entertained the members of the I.O.O.F. Lodge and their friends at a card party at the lodge rooms last Friday evening. The evening was spent at progressive whist and all enjoyed a pleasant evening. An excellent supper was served. Mrs. Jens Nelson won the ladies' prize and Martin E. Hoff the gentlemen's prize.

Case Settled.

G. W. Eastman has settled his case against Christ Mathson, which was to have come up at this term of court. Eastman sued Mathson for two thousand dollars damages on account of being bitten by Mathson's dog last summer. The case was settled just before it was to come to trial and it is rumored that Mathson pays the costs and gives Eastman $250 damages.

Hogs Wanted.

We will pay five cents per pound, live weight, for one hundred good hogs three months or more old, delivered at St. Hilaire. Call on or write
WILSON, STEEN & CO.

Mayfield Items.

EDITOR SPECTATOR:

You spoke of John Konikson being elected constable of Mayfield township and as to his making a good officer as he had the reputation of getting anything he went after. Thinking he might be of use to the Justice in his capacity during the next two years, thought would keep tab on his actions and see whether he had the indomitable courage to compel law breakers to submit, and bring them in. Dit not have long to wait to be convinced what you said was true, for on Tuesday night, March 20, when ominous clouds gave evidence of a coming storm and a few snowflakes were dropping here and there, saying in their still, small way, "help one another," our own spirits were aroused by the grand conflict that was going on between the dark clouds. The wind stunned us by its fury. But nevertheless on that memorable night, John Konikson, without warrant from Justice Mayfield, went east for some one, and he brought her, not to the justice's office, but to a party given by Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Bergh, where not only John and his captive had a jolly good time, but all of us. While a few did not trip the light fantastic, they were entertained by good music given by four violinists, notably among them Mr. Aakhus. There was also a guitar and mouth organ. A nice lunch was served at midnight, and on account of the darkness of the night, all remained until morning when the storm was more fierce than ever. But we reached home in safety, none the worse for our night's revel, except "Col" who was a little stiff, it being a number of years since he kept time to the strains of dance music.

It is evident that Ed. Peterson will have no trouble in proving up his claim on the reservation for his wife so seldom leaves it that when she paid a brief visit to St. Hilaire was twice lost on her way home, which goes to show she does not travel about much.

I. Dahlen was very quiet at the dance at L. T. Bergh's. He thinks it wise to be very cautious of the way he conducts himself as he is situated between the constable and justice of the peace.

At the town election in Mayfield township, March 13, 1906, most all the officers elected at the first meeting held Feb. 8, were re-elected. C. H. Jarr, a very capable man who was elected as one of the supervisors at first meeting, was defeated at annual meeting. The present officers who have qualified are: Neils Helgemo, supervisor 3 years; R. O. Gordon, 2 years; Selve Myrum, 1 year. Under the new law choosing chairman from their own number, Neils Helgemo was made chairman, Sam Lovaas, clerk; Syver Maaren, assessor; A. C. Mayfield, treasurer. A. C. Mayfield, elected Feb. 8 as justice holds over as the term of justices of the peace is fixed by the constitution at two years when duly elected. Constables, John Konikson and Neils Solhiem; poundmaster, Neils Askeland. Your correspondent does not remember the names of road overseers except in our own district, No. 4, John Konikson. The meeting voted the restraining of cattle. At first meeting, Feb. 8, all section lines were delared public highways. A resolution was offered by Mayfield, and passed unanimously, instructing supervisors to work and keep in repair certain section line roads in north part of township.

An Extra Chapter.

Crookston Times (Tuesday): Before Judge Watts in the district court at Red Lake Falls yesterday a side issue of the Red Lake county seat fight, a part of which is tied up before the supreme court at the present time, was argued by the attorneys from that place and Thief River Falls. Attorneys Grady and Boughton who have charge of the case for the Red Lake Falls people stated that they would prove that the last elected commissioner, P. A. Eckstrom, who took the place of Commissioner Sutor, was never elected and that business for the county in which he had figured since his election, was void. If they are able to prove their allegations, the attorneys say there certainly will be trouble galore in that section in the near future.

It will be remembered that Sutor left Red Lake county when the fight was getting warm and that the Thief River Falls element succeeded in electing Eckstrom, giving them the majority of the commissioners on the county board. Further developments in the case will be watched with interest by many, as the fight has become rather famous.

Will Commence Soon.

Manager H. Fant was down to Minneapolis the first of the week to confer with the officers of the Tri-State Telephone company regarding the building of their system into Thief River Falls in the near future. Work will be commenced in a short time, and it is the intention to start two crews at work upon the job. One will start out from Grand Forks and meet the crew from this city.—Thief River Falls News.

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CLOAKS,
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E. M. HOFF

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
10:35 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
11:05 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
11:25am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	1:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
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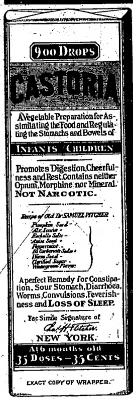
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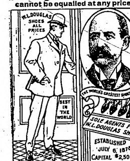
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W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

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W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

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in Western Canada is the amount many farmers will realize from their wheat crop this year.

25 Bushels to the Acre Will be the Average Yield of Wheat.

The land that this was grown on cost many of the farmers absolutely nothing, while those who wished to add to the 160 acres the Government grants, can buy land adjoining at from $6 to $10 an acre.

Climate splendid, school convenient, railways close at hand, taxes low.

Send for pamphlet "20th Century Canada" and full particulars regarding rates, etc., to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the following authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

Passing Strange.

One evening we met a strange person
And carelessly asked what his name was.
"'Tis Sir Cholmondely Beauchamp,"
He said, "and it's funny
It never has been in a limerick."—Puck.

Take Garfield Tea for liver, kidney, stomach and bowel derangements, sick headache and chronic diseases. This mild laxative will purify the blood, cleanse the system and clear the complexion. It is for young and old—the best family medicine. Buy from druggist.

Already Stimulated.

"Something ought to be done to stimulate travel."

"Good Lord, ain't these investigating committees got everybody going to Europe?"

But He Wouldn't Tell.

Gaybol—I had the bulliest chance to kiss another fellow's girl in the dark the other night. What would you have done under the circumstances?

Rounder—I would have kissed her, sure. What did you do?

Gaybol—Well, I won't say what I did, but I am glad you approve my course of action.—Judge.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

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A Clamor for Endowment.

For years our dramatic critics and lovers of the art have advocated and urged the endowing of theaters devoted thereto. New York is entitled to congratulate herself on the public spirit and interest in the higher forms of drama and music to which she shall owe her endowed theater. But shall she have the only endowed theater in the country? What has she that other great, wealthy and progressive American cities lack? Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston and Pittsburg should severally have their endowed theaters and "little opera houses," for each has the requisite culture and means. The movement is worthy of the heartiest encouragement.

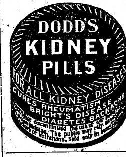
Point and Pith.

"Lady," began the frayed wayfarer, as he stopped at the cottage door, "I would like to have a glass of cold milk and a wedge of pie."

"Nothin' doin' with you," snapped the slangy but resolute housewife.

"An' why is there nothin' doin' with me?"

"Because you are doin' nothin'."



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PLEASING THE LITTLE ONES

The true pastor regards the little folk of his congregation as important members of his flock, and does not ignore their small tastes and preferences. The two ministers quoted below are wise in their day and generation, and will reap a harvest of confidence as their tiny parishioners grow older.

Not many Sundays ago a prominent New York clergyman preached an unusually long discourse, and the children in the audience grew uneasy. At last one small boy, in tones loud enough to be heard in his neighborhood, exclaimed with more force than elegance, "Hush up!" His horrified mother, fearful lest the remark should have reached the minister's ears, soon made occasion to apologize to the pastor.

"My dear madam," said the clergyman, "I wish I had heard the little fellow. It is time for me to stop when the children are so weary."

The pastor of a town church was calling on one of his parishioners when the little four-year-old daughter came into the room.

"Have you ever been to church?" asked the pastor.

"I went last Sunday."

"How did you like it?"

"Pretty well; only you didn't sing my hymn."

"And what is your hymn, little one?"

"'Jesus, tender Shepherd, hear me.'"

"Well, little lass," said the minister, "you come next Sunday and we will sing your hymn."

The next Sunday the large church was full. The little girl sat, eagerly waiting, close to her mother, who looked doubtfully around.

"You must not be disappointed, dear, if your hymn isn't sung. There are so many people here, perhaps the choir will not care to sing a child's hymn."

"But he promised, mamma," replied the little girl, in entire confidence.

The grownup folk who filled the many pews, and who knew nothing of the little girl, may have smiled when the choir softly sang, in place of the morning anthem, "Bless thy little lamb to-night," but the little girl herself was content.—Youth's Companion.

HAD AN UNWELCOME VISITOR

John Philip Sousa has had some experiences decidedly out of the ordinary, but he himself is authority for the statement that he met with the most unusual, and perhaps the most terrifying, in a quiet little town in provincial England.

"It was almost as bad as Edgar Allan Poe come to life," says he, when relating the happening. "It was before I opened at the Alhambra last Spring, and the tour had been most trying. On the night in question I had turned in the very first minute I could get away after the evening concert, and I remember I was so tired that I never touched the fruit and sandwiches always left in my bedroom. I slept like a log, of course, though once I wakened (as I recalled the next morning), thinking I heard the plate pushed about on the luncheon table. I think I sat up in bed and looked around, but I'm sure I saw nothing, and I was asleep again an instant later.

"Next morning I was conscious of the entry of the man with the hot water, but what brought me really to my senses was his exclamation that the room was 'all in a mess.' It surely was. There were black footmarks everywhere, on the furniture, on the carpet, even on the dresser; the bed itself being about the only spot not trodden upon. The sandwiches were gone; so was the fruit. As I climbed into my dressing gown I had a hazy idea of discovering a tramp somewhere about, but a moment later I had seen that the footprints came from a big chimney place and apparently returned there again. 'We'll smoke him out,' said I.

"Before the blaze from the morning's paper had got a good start there tumbled down from that chimney a baboon nearly as big as I am. The way the valet and I got out into the hall was a sight to see. We slammed the door after us and sent in an alarm. Twenty minutes later one of the keepers from a nearby circus was unconcernedly leading off the tamest, meekest monkey of his size in the world.

"But it was a startling thing to have happen before breakfast! There was a little too much of 'The Murders in the Rue Morgue' about it."

STEEL SQUARES FROM SAWS

The first steel square was made by Silas Hawes at South Shaftsbury, Vt., ninety-five years ago, and the industry is still carried on at the same place.

Hawes was a blacksmith and wheelwright and was called upon to do some repairing to the cart of a peddler. These fellows were always reluctant to let any hard coin get away from them and whenever possible they paid their bills by making some sort of trade.

On this particular occasion the peddler had in his cart a number of saws which had been discarded as worn past redemption and Hawes, conceiving the idea that he could make use of them, took several of them in lieu of payment for the work he had done. He cut these lengths of metal up into suitable sizes and made squares and rules of them.

The tools became popular at once and sold for $5 and $6, most of the business being done through the peddler who had been the means of bringing the saws to Mr. Hawes.

At first the blacksmith made the tools only at odd times when he had nothing else on hand, but the demand became so great that he had to make special arrangements for their manufacture, and the industry grew into one of rather imposing proportions.

Mr. Hawes had been engaged in the manufacture of the squares for several years before it occurred to him to take out a patent on the new implement. He did this ultimately and began the manufacture of them in earnest, erecting a factory for this purpose.

The plant has been enlarged several times, but steel squares are now made on the site where the first one was laboriously formed by the old blacksmith.

PLAYTIME OF BACHELOR BILL

Our uncle Bill's a bachelor, an' it's an awful shame
'Cuz he knows stories about bears an' knows 'em all by name,
An' growls 'ist like a really one an' makes you think a bear
Is underneath th' table, but of course it isn't there.
An' w'en he takes you on his knee he talks 'ist like a book
An' after w'ile your eyes get big an' you're a-scart to look
W'en he says: "Nen a bear come out an' 'ist went Boo-oo-oo!"
Becuz you almost think a bear is really after you.

An 'en he plays wild Indian an' hides himself somewheres
W'ile we look in th' corners an' behind th' parlor chairs,
An' peek in th' dark closets an' p'tend we're on a scout
Till after w'ile he makes a hoop an' en' comes rushin' out
'Ist like he's on th' warpath; an' us chinnern run upstairs
An' hide in mamma's closet an' he makes us think 'at bears
Are comin' in to get us an' he growls 'ist like he's one,
An' my! we're turble scart an' yet it's awful lots o' fun.

An' 'en he is a pirate an' he makes us chinnern play
'At we are in a shipwreck an' th' crew is cast away
Upon a desert island w'ere his treasure chest is hid,
An' we are only sailors an' his name is Captain Kidd.
An' w'en we hear him comin' he 'ist roars an' 'en we run.
'Cuz he has broomsticks for a sword an' pokers for a gun.
An' after w'ile he kills us all but it don't hurt, an' w'en
He sails away in his big ship we come to life again.

'En after w'ile our mother comes an' taps him on th' head.
An' says it's time for bears an' scouts an' things to be in bed.
An' leads us chinnern all upstairs an' maybe if we keep
Right still she'll let th' candle burn until we go to sleep.
'En after w'ile our uncle Bill comes up to say goodnight.
An' sees how snug an' warm we are an' all tucked in so tight.
An' 'en he kisses us goodnight an' 'en his eyes 'ist blur:
I guess we make him sorry 'at he is a bachelor!

—J. W. Foley in New York Times.

DR. WILSON'S GOOD PRAYER

Away back in the forties George E. Brickett and Moses S. Wilson were classmates in college and were also roommates. In after life both became eminent and highly respected members of the medical profession. Many thousand people in Maine and all over New England will remember Dr. George E. Brickett as surgeon in charge of the Cony United States general hospital at Augusta, Maine, during the civil war. Dr. Wilson practiced medicine in Lincoln, Maine, for upward of fifty years.

Both Brickett and Wilson were decidedly of the "wideawake" class of students. Wilson, especially, was of a wild, rollicking nature, not in the least inclined to "serious" thoughts. A revival of religion of more than usual interest, was in progress, and many of the students were drawn into the vortex. But no one supposed that Mose Wilson could be affected or influenced in the slightest degree by any religious movement.

Brickett one evening strolled into the revival meeting, as much out of curiosity as anything, and, to his great surprise, saw Wilson there on his knees, in the midst of a very fervent prayer, which greatly moved the hearts of all his hearers.

After meeting was over Brickett and Wilson went directly to their room. Wilson's sudden conversion was so surprising that Brickett, out of delicacy, refrained from mentioning the matter to his friend, and the subject was not mentioned by either until, just before getting ready to jump into bed, Wilson, with all the solemnity of an elder, turned to his friend with the question: "Brickett, didn't I make a darned good prayer."

WHY HE WAS WAITING

Lawyer Charles F. Eddy, a successful practitioner of the old school, has long enjoyed a reputation for dry humor and caustic sarcasm, says a writer in the Boston Herald. He talks in a distinct, deliberate manner, with a deep bass voice, and has a high regard for personal and professional dignity and is scrupulous in his observances of it.

One day a gentleman who was wont to intrude himself upon the old gentleman caught up with him on the street. This gentleman had with him a dog of the Irish setter breed. The youngsters about the streets had taken a fancy to the dog, and at their commands to "set," "charge," etc., he was prone to attend. The company of the man or the dog was therefore not desirable to Mr. Eddy.

The undesirable man with the undesirable dog having caught up with the old gentleman, an effusive greeting was extended, but not so enthusiastically responded to by Mr. Eddy, who stood still and, with his chin in his hand, appeared to be lost in thought.

After a moment or two the man with the dog asked: "Aren't you going my way, Mr. Eddy?"

"Yes, I intend to go in that direction, sir."

"Well, what are you waiting for, Mr. Eddy?"

"I am waiting, sir, for you and your d—d dog to get up the street."

Love's Idle Dream.

Gunner—They say he was a young and daring adventurer.

Guyer—So I have heard. He married the wife of the late millionaire and gossip says she idolizes him.

Gunner—You mean idleized him. He has not done a stroke of work since the wedding.

DISFIGURED WITH ECZEMA.

Brushed Scales From Face Like Powder — Under Physicians Grew Worse—Cuticura Works Wonders.

"I suffered from eczema six months. I had tried three doctors, but did not get any better. It was on my body and on my feet so thick that I could hardly put a pin on me without touching eczema. My face was covered, my eyebrows came out, and then it got in my eye. I then went to another doctor. He asked me what I was taking for it, and I told him Cuticura. He said that was a very good thing, but that he thought that my face would be marked for life. But Cuticura did its work, and my face is now just as clear as it ever was. I told all my friends about my remarkable cure. I felt so thankful I want everybody far and wide to know what Cuticura can do. It is a sure cure for eczema. Mrs. Emma White, 641 Cherrier Place, Camden, N. J., April 25, 1905."

For Its Vocabulary Sake.

"Indirectly, more forcibly sometimes than directly," said Senator Foraker at a dinner, "a man may be accused."

"Thus a good woman of Cincinnati called her cook one morning and said: 'Mary, come and take the parrot out of the bedroom at once. The master has lost his collar button.'"

Spring!

Time to cleanse the system and purify the blood. Take Garfield Tea, Nature's perfect laxative; it is the best blood-purifier known. It cures sick headache, regulates the liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels. Send for sample. Garfield Tea Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.

A Glad Occasion.

Subbubs—Your cook's silver anniversary, you say?

Loneliville—Yes, she's been with us twenty-five hours.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The success of no business, of no man, can be attributed to one factor or quality, but it is made up of many small ones.

In after years when a man meets his first love he is happy in the belief that it were better to have loved and lost.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. Emery Abbott, Orleans, Minn., wagon reach adjuster; Clarence Chamberlain, Lead, S. D., extraction vessel; Charles Grosshauser, Shakopee, Minn., vehicle; John Knackstedt, Omemee, N. D., kitchen furniture; John Lindberg, Crookston, Minn., steam engine; Hans Swanson, Warren, Minn., insulator attachment; Henry Rust, Worthington, Minn., corn husker.

MIDDLE LIFE.

A Time When Women Are Susceptible to Many Dread Diseases—Intelligent Women Prepare for it. Two Relate their Experiences.

Mrs. A.E.G. Hyland

The "change of life" is the most critical period of a woman's existence, and the anxiety felt by women as it draws near is not without reason.

Every woman who neglects the care of her health at this time invites disease and pain.

When her system is in a deranged condition, or she is predisposed to apoplexy, or congestion of any organ, the tendency is at this period likely to become active—and with a host of nervous irritations make life a burden. At this time, also, cancers and tumors are more liable to form and begin their destructive work.

Such warning symptoms as sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backaches, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness, inquietude, and dizziness, are promptly heeded by intelligent women who are approaching the period in life when woman's great change may be expected.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was prepared to meet the needs of woman's system at this trying period of her life. It invigorates and strengthens the female organism and builds up the weakened nervous system.

For special advice regarding this important period women are invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and it will be furnished absolutely free of charge. The present Mrs. Pinkham is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, her assistant before her decease, and for twenty-five years since her advice has been freely given to sick women.

Read what Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound did for Mrs. Hyland and Mrs. Hinkle:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I had been suffering with displacement of the organs for years and was passing through the change of life. My abdomen was badly swollen; my stomach was sore; I had dizzy spells, sick headaches, and was very nervous.

"I wrote you for advice and commenced treatment with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as you directed, and I am happy to say that all those distressing symptoms left me and I have passed safely through the change of life, a well woman. I am recommending your medicine to all my friends."—Mrs. Annie E. G. Hyland, Chestertown, Md.

Another Woman's Case.

"During change of life words cannot express what I suffered. My physician said I had a cancerous condition of the female organs. One day I read some of the testimonials of women who had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I decided to try it and to write you for advice. Your medicine made me a well woman, and all my bad symptoms soon disappeared.

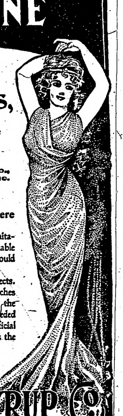
"I advise every woman at this period of life to take your medicine and write you for advice."—Mrs. Lizzie Hinkle, Salem, Ind.

What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Hyland and Mrs. Hinkle it will do for other women at this time of life.

It has conquered pain, restored health, and prolonged life in cases that utterly baffled physicians.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

THE ONLY ONE



There is only One Genuine-Syrup of Figs,

The Genuine is Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

The full name of the company, California Fig Syrup Co., is printed on the front of every package of the genuine.

The Genuine-Syrup of Figs- is for Sale, in Original Packages Only, by Reliable Druggists Everywhere

Knowing the above will enable one to avoid the fraudulent imitations made by piratical concerns and sometimes offered by unreliable dealers. The imitations are known to act injuriously and should therefore be declined.

Buy the genuine always if you wish to get its beneficial effects. It cleanses the system gently yet effectually, dispels colds and headaches when bilious or constipated, prevents fevers and acts best on the kidneys, liver, stomach and bowels, when a laxative remedy is needed by men, women or children. Many millions know of its beneficial effects from actual use and of their own personal knowledge. It is the laxative remedy of the well-informed.

Always buy the Genuine- Syrup of Figs

MANUFACTURED BY THE

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

San Francisco, Cal.

Louisville, Ky. New York, N. Y.

PRICE FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE

WRITE FOR TRIAL PACKAGE
"GOLD COIN HEAVE CURE"

GOLD COIN HEAVE CURE
FREE

"I have used over 100 packages of your Heave Cure on different horses, and it has never failed me yet."—WM. J. WENZ, St. Paul. Send 4c for Postage, and mention this paper.

Gold Coin Stock Food Co.
104 E. 5th St. St. Paul, Minn.

Reservation Opening

1,500,000 acres of rich mountain and farm lands, in heart of Big Game Country, to be opened soon. Two large maps of Wyoming and Reserve, with 20-p. Booklet. Postpaid 50c. E. W. GLAFCKE, C. E., Box 255 Cheyenne, Wyoming.

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

N W N U —NO. 13— 1906.

Athletes Know and use JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

for a rub down after exercising. It soothes and heals sore and inflamed muscles. Cures sprains, strains and bruises. For Internal and External use. Try it when you have a cough or cold. 25 and 50 cents. At druggists.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Spalding's Encyclopedia of Base Ball.

No. 223. How to Bat
No. 224. How to Play the Outfield
No. 225. How to Play First Base
No. 226. How to Play Second Base
No. 227. How to Play Third Base
No. 228. How to Play Shortstop
No. 229. How to Catch
No. 230. How to Pitch
No. 231. How to Coach; How to Captain a Team; How to Manage a Team; How to Umpire; How to Organize a League
No. 232. How to Run the Bases

Price by Mail, 10 Cents Each.

Spalding's Official Base Ball Guide for 1906.

The authority consulted on all disputed points, contains the new 1906 rules and pictures of all the leading players, and photographs of hundreds of teams.

Price 10 Cents, by Mail.

Send your name and address for Spalding's Catalogue of all Athletic Sports—it's free.

A. G. SPALDING & BROS.

126 Nassau St., New York — 147 Wabash Ave., Chicago

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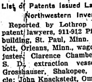
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ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE
CURES COUGHS COLDS

ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE
GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.

F. W. Diemer, M. D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Minneapolis WOODWARD & CO. Duluth

GRAIN COMMISSION.

Orders for future delivery executed in all markets.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 7, 1906. NUMBER 38.

NEW RATES WOULD RUIN RAILROADS

THEY REDUCE TARIFF ON LOCAL FREIGHT THAT IS NON-PROFITABLE.

WOULD NOT HELP CONSUMER

St. Paul, Minn., April 2.—That the adoption of the proposed rate schedule affecting certain classes of freight in Minnesota would result in a loss of twenty-six per cent to some of the railroads, and that the roads of the state would lose nearly a million dollars a year in earnings, without at all benefitting the consumer, was the contention made—and supported by a startling array of facts and figures—at the hearing given the representatives of the roads by the railroad commission last week. The commission sat for four days and the railroads made an exhibit of the cost of doing business and the revenue derived, such as has not before been made before any commission. The hearing was given in pursuance of a resolution passed by the last legislature.

C. A. Severance, chief counsel for the railroads, in his opening Monday, asserted that the premise upon which the resolution of the legislature was based—that the Iowa rates should apply to and would reduce the rates in Minnesota — was fallacious. He showed that there was no long haul within the state of Iowa, that it was a paper rate, that freight subjected to the long haul went out of the state. There are no considerable jobbing or market centers in Iowa. What little jobbing there is done in Iowa calls for a haul of sixty to 100 miles. In Minnesota it is different. One of the great jobbing centers of the country is comprised in the Twin Cities. He said it would be shown by witnesses —and it was—that the charges collected in the state of Iowa were about the same as, or higher, than in Minnesota. "The long distance haul in Iowa is a myth," he said.

He cited the fact that it had been the practice of the Minnesota railroads to cut down as far as possible the tariff on grain, thus adding directly to the price received by the producer for it. The price of the grain is fixed at Duluth and Minneapolis and the price received by the farmer is that, less the freight rate. "If the farmer is of the opinion that the man who runs the country elevator is absorbing too much of the price of the grain," said Mr. Severance, "he can ship his own grain, so that a low rate on grain is necessarily reflected in the price that is received by the man who raises the grain. The same is practically true of coal, for the consumer can join with his neighbors and ship it from a terminal. But if the rates that are in controversy here are reduced I think I am safe in saying that there is not a consumer of merchandise in this state who will get an appreciable benefit." Some pointed testimony was aduced on this point later.

The testimony of A. B. Stickney was almost sensational in the positive statements made and the sweeping nature of them. He went exhaustively into the subject of rates and expenses. He ridiculed the Iowa rates, declaring that they were made under the domination of a governor who was daft on the subject of railways and rates and declared that the rates were based on a valuation of $10,000 per mile of railroad. "And," said Mr. Stickney, "when I wanted to build a road through a farm belonging to that same governor he wanted to charge me $8,000 per mile for right-of-way alone." By diagrams he proved that the Iowa rate did not produce results for the consumer. Going into the application of the rates proposed in this state Mr. Stickney said:

"I have prepared a diagram of the commissioners' rates extended to a distance of 2,000 miles, which would more than cover the distance between St. Paul and the Pacific coast, the distance from St. Paul to Seattle or Tacoma being about 1,900 miles.

"Now, the rates which are now in existence on the Great Northern and Northern Pacific roads from St. Paul to Seattle and Tacoma, are as follows:

1	$3.00
2	2.60
3	2.20
4	1.90
5	1.60
A	1.60
B	1.25
C	1.00
D	95
E	85

"The rates which the commissioners' tariff, extended, would make, would be as follows:

1	$2.168
2	1.807
3	1.445
4	1.085
5	.868
A	.976
B	.759
C	.065
D	.552
E	.044

"From this comparison, it will be seen that if the schedule proposed by the Minnesota commission were extended, and put in force from St. Paul to the Pacific coast, it would reduce the present rates about 27.7 per cent on first-class, and about 48.2 per cent on Class "E," and on all the intermediate classes proportionately.

"Now I want to ask the commissioners if they believe the rates between St. Paul and the Pacific coast ought to be reduced, say an average of 38 per cent? Let me show you what such reductions would mean:

"During the panics of 1873 and 1893 the earnings of the railways fell off to such an extent that, probably, 75 per cent of the railway mileage of the United States passed under the control of the courts in the hands of receivers. I have prepared a diagram of the earnings of all the railways of this country, which shows at a glance the decrease of earnings in those two great panics.

"This diagram shows that the railway earnings reached their highest point, $526,000,000, in the year 1873. Then they fell off year by year until they reached their lowest point, $473,000,000, in the year 1877. The decrease was 10.05 per cent.

"Then, in the panic period of 1893, curiously enough, these earnings reached their highest point, $1,207,000,000, in the year 1893, just twenty years from 1873. Then they made one drop to the lowest point, $1,067,000,000, in 1894. This decrease was 11.6 per cent, and again placed, approximately, 75 per cent of the railroad mileage of the United States in the hands of receivers.

"Thus, it will be seen that the difference between rate prosperity and bankruptcy for railway companies is at a loss of only 10 to 12 per cent of their earnings."

H. A. Gray, controller of the Northern Pacific, testified that if his road was forced to adopt the rates proposed it would suffer an annual loss on its Minnesota business of $210,829.44 and on its Minnesota-Dakota business $15,866.52 or 18 per cent on the total business of the two classes. Applying Mr. Stickney's statement to this the effect must be disastrous. Mr. Gray proved his statement by such a showing of actual transactions that the commissioners were confessedly astonished. He proved to demonstration that the expenses of transporting local freight was between six and seven times the cost of transporting through freight. His evidence was largely statistical and conclusive.

It was shown by the testimony of Mr. Stickney, Mr. Gray, General Superintendent Strickland of the Omaha, Assistant General Superintendent Sewall, and General Freight Agent R. G. Brown, of the Rock Island, and others that in transporting less than carlots, which is practically always the case in the classifications affected by the proposed schedule, the cost is immensely greater than in transporting carloads, the terminal charges being the same, the car capacity less, the cost of handling greater; that the rate charged now is less on local freight than is charged on through freight in the proportion of mileage in Minnesota on freight shipped through to the West, to Spokane and other points. It was demonstrated that if the Minnesota rates were reduced under the proposed schedules the state would receive less money in the form of the four per cent gross earnings tax on a car shipped from Duluth to Moorhead than it would on the revenue from a through car running over the same mileage but consigned to a point in Montana.

R. I. Farrington, second vice president of the Great Northern, in his testimony went exhaustively into details as to the cost of transporting local and less-than-carload lots of freight as compared to hauling through freight and testified that the rates proposed by the commission would cut the revenue of his company in this state $300,000 a year while it would result in a saving of nothing to the consumer. This latter, the most striking feature adduced by the examination, was exemplified in detail in the testimony of Theodore H. Stoeffel, contracting freight agent for the Milwaukee.

Mr. Stoeffel testified that he had made up a list of specific shipments of commodities out of St. Paul, paper, hats and caps, dry goods, groceries and hardware; that he had gone to the shippers and secured valuations on the shipments, naming several of the biggest houses shipping the goods. In each case he had taken shipments to different points to cover various distances in mileage. He produced the original way bills, the values attached. In six shipments made to various points the total value of the hats and caps shipped amounted to $1,046.01 and the total freight on all the shipments was $7.20—or seven mills on the dollar of value.

A reporter with a turn for statistics figured at once that if a man living out in the country bought a cap out of any of those shipments and paid a dollar for it he would be paying seven mills freight charge and if the freight charge was wiped out entirely he would not be much ahead. The fact was called to the attention of the commission.

Mr. Stoeffel produced the way bills of six shipments of dry goods to various points in the state; the total value of the commodities was shown to be $1,072.87, the total freight charges, $9.31—or eight mills on the dollar of valuation. A shipment comprising: one box of groceries, three bundles of paper, one box canned goods, one box canned syrup, two bags sugar, total weight 500 pounds, was sent to Le Sueur Center, Minn., sixty-five miles, for 88 cents, and when the item was read there was more figures on how the groceryman could spread the saving on freight, if the rates were reduced, so that his customers would get the benefit.

The tesimony was conclusive that no possible good could come to the consumer by the reduction of rates on the commodities under discussion while the railroads would be very seriously affected.

Freight Traffic Manager Broughton of the Great Northern showed in his testimony that the tariff on grain from Minnesota points into Minneapolis was from one third to almost one half less than the rates from Nebraska points to Omaha, from Kansas points into Kansas City and from Iowa and Illinois points into Chicago, for the same distance.

It was shown that, in the aggregate, the loss to the railroads by the proposed reduction of rates on the various classifications affected would be about a million dollars a year; that the railroads were put to a much greater expense to handle these classes of commodities than other classes shipped on a long haul in carloads; that the consumer could not benefit by the reduction because of the insignificance of the freight charge compared to the valuation of the freight, and that to reduce the revenue of the roads would make it impossible for them to make lower rates—as, as was testified, is their constant endeavor—on such freight as grain, coal and lumber where the benefit to the producer or consumer would be direct and appreciable.

The hearing was adjourned Thursday to be resumed later.

PATCH UP HARD COAL DISPUTE

SPEEDY SETTLEMENT BETWEEN OPERATORS AND MINERS ANTICIPATED.

MINERS TO MODIFY DEMANDS

CONFLICTING ORDERS KEEP SOME SOFT COAL MINERS OUT OF WORK.

Philadelphia, April 5.—Anticipation that a settlement will be reached by the operators and miners when they meet to-day prevails throughout the anthracite region. Mine workers appear to believe that the conferees will adopt a plan which, if it does not comply with all the demands of the mine workers, will grant at least enough concessions for a resumption of mining. This feeling is due to the reported conciliatory attitude of both parties, and also to the reassuring statements made by delegates to the Indianapolis convention.

While hopeful for peace, however, the miners are preparing for war as is evidenced by the fact that picketing has become general.

Disorders Break Out.

At Yalesville, near Wilkesbarre, a number of pumpmen employed at the Fernwood colliery of the Pennsylvania Coal company, were attacked by foreigners. This resulted in a call for state police, but no arrests were made. The Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron company received the first reports dealing with disturbances in the Schuylkill region where the company's collieries are located. These contained information that a train at Minersville had been partly destroyed by fire during the night; that the Burnsides breaker at Shamokin had been stoned by breaker boys, and that a stick of dynamite was found beneath the wheel of a cabin car which stood on a siding at the ash pit. The company is investigating the occurrences.

Factions Cause Confusion.

Pittsburg, April 5.—Notwithstanding the fact that the Pittsburg Coal company has signed the scale demanded by the miners not more than half the company's operations are under way. This, it was said last night, is due to conflicting orders that had been sent out by the contesting officers of the local district in which there has been a factional fight. Patrick Dolan is charged with holding back the miners from work. He made a statement last night in which he denied that he sent out any restraining orders and advises the men to return to work at once.

A further development in the soft coal situation in this district is indicated in the statement of an independent operator who said:

"It will be all over in a week. If the Pittsburg Coal company gets all their men back to work by next week there will be nothing left for the independents to do but sign the scale."

Will Modify Demands.

New York, April 5.—It was the general belief last night of those who are watching the situation about the anthracite miners' headquarters that the miners have definitely decided to modify their demands, and probably they will present them to the operators to-day. Some of the members of the committee privately admitted before coming to New York that the original demands were greater than the miners expect to get, and that the leaders could afford to trim them.

OPEN DOOR IN MANCHURIA.

Long-Expected Announcement Probably Will Be Made Soon.

Tokio, April 5.—The long-expected announcement of the open door in Manchuria is confidently believed to be in the very near future. The representations of the American government are doubtless accelerating its coming. The delay in making the announcement has, it is unofficially stated, been prompted solely on the part of the Japanese government by a fear of complications arising while the transmission of troops was vigorously going on.

Five Years for a Banker.

Spokane, Wash., April 5.—Charles C. May, former president of the Big Bend National Bank of Davenport, Wash., was sentenced to serve five years in the penitentiary. He was convicted of making false reports. He will be released on $5,000 bonds pending an appeal.

Burton Hearing Is Completed.

Washington, April 5.—The hearing in the sase of the United States vs. Senator Burton of Kansas was completed in the supreme court of the United States yesterday.

India Said to Face Famine.

London, April 5.—Sad news from India says that owing to the failure of rain crops are in such bad condition that a famine is imminent. Already the price of corn has risen, and in some districts there is no fodder for the cattle.

Operates on Miss Barrymore.

Boston, April 5.—Miss Ethel Barrymore the actress, became suddenly ill yesterday and her physicians diagnosed her case as appendicitis. She will be operated on to-day.

FIX UP ANTI-TRUST LAWS

CORRECTIVE LEGISLATION BASED ON BEEF TRUST CASE IS PLANNED.

Washington, April 5.—That the anti-trust acts now in the statute books and the immunity provisions of law must be amended and strengthened is the belief of government officials who are actively identified with the various prosecutions against corporations that have been instituted by the administration. The decision of Judge Humphrey of Chicago holding that the defendant packers are immune from punishment, inasmuch as the evidence upon which they were prosecuted was secured in part from them by an officer of the federal government, was a shock to Attorney General Moody, Commissioner of Corporations Garfield and other "trust-breakers" of the Roosevelt administration.

Since then numerous conferences have been held, and it is understood that administration men in congress will make an effort before adjournment to amend the anti-trust and immunity laws so as to enable the federal government to conduct with some promise of success in the courts the various prosecutions that have been started by the administration against corporations engaged in interstate commerce.

WEEK LATER THAN LAST YEAR.

Seeding Time Early Enough If Weather Stays Warm.

Winona, Minn., April 5.—The second report for the present crop season for the territory along the Chicago & North-Western road in Minnesota and the Dakotas has been issued and contains much valuable information. From the reports that are sent in from along the lines it is evident that the season this year is a week later than last year. At the present time farmers quite generally are harrowing and are doing other preliminary work, and by the latter part of the week seeding will be general, if present favorable weather prevails. The season is considered early enough if weather conditions are such that work can progress.

IS UNABLE TO SAVE MOTHER.

Wisconsin Man Forced to Leave Parent to Drown.

Racine, Wis., April 5.—While gathering driftwood from the lake yesterday Mrs. Annie Harding, sixty-three years old, fell into the water and was drowned. The accident was witnessed by her ten-year-old grandson, who gave the alarm. William Harding her son, came to the rescue and attempted to haul his mother out of the water by means of a pike pole, but failed. He then got hold of her hand and pulled her partially out when she fell back. The son then leaped into the water and battled for twenty minutes in an endeavor to save his mother, but became exhausted and himself narrowly escaped sharing her fate.

CLEANS HOUSE; BURNS $200.

Buhl Woman Destroys Brother's Savings of Two Years.

Buhl, Minn., April 5.—Through the mistake of a sister with whom he lived, Henry Zorati lost $200 in bills, the savings of the last two years. He had hidden the money under a carpet in the house without telling his sister of the hiding place selected. Yesterday she started on the annual house cleaning; the carpets were lifted and the paper and rubbish removed from the room and burned. Along with it went the $200 in bills.

ROPE FOR WIFE MURDERERS.

Gov. Cummins Alone Can Prevent a Double Execution.

Des Moines, April 5.—Unless Gov. Cummins commutes the sentences of Louis Busse and E. Ames Smith, under sentence of death April 20, they must hang. The legislative board of pardons yesterday decided that it could do nothing in the matter, leaving it entirely in the hands of Gov. Cummins. Both are wife murderers.

FIVE YEARS FOR FIRE BUGS.

South Dakota Boys Must Serve at Hard Labor.

Vermillion, S. D., April 5. — Five years at hard labor were given to Elmer Jordan and Richard Brueschweller by Judge Smith last night on conviction of arson. They burned West hall and two other buildings.

Will Probe Gambling Charge.

Helena, Mont., April 5.—Judge Loud at Billings yesterday called the grand jury to meet April 19 and examine charges brought by the civic league of that city that the law against gambling is being violated. It is said that a number of city and county officials will be called before that body, and there is said to be no little uneasiness in official circles.

Seeding Has Begun.

Fergus Falls, Minn., April 5. — The first seeding of the year was done on Monday, several farmers in the town of Aastad putting in grain. Dragging is general on the higher lands, and the soil is reported in good condition, but on the lower lands there is still considerable water.

Freight Cars Derailed.

Winona, Minn., April 5. — Seven cars on a North-Western freight train were derailed last night on Stockton hill, blocking traffic all night.

121 VICTIMS OF HURRICANE

TAHITI AND NEIGHBORING ISLANDS SWEPT BY FIERCE STORM.

TWO VESSELS ARE MISSING

WIND TORE UP TREES AND SENT ROOFS FLYING THROUGH THE AIR.

Honolulu, April 5. — The steamer Moana, which arrived here yesterday, reports that 121 persons were drowned during the hurricane which recently swept over Tahiti and the neighboring islands. Of these victims one perished on Tahiti, ninety-one natives and four whites on the Puamotus, and twenty-four natives and one white on the other islands.

Before the wind storm broke over Papette the water rose steadily after a high tide to twenty feet above the normal mark, and by 11 o'clock on the night of Feb. 7 was wrecking the wooden buildings and rushing between the American and British consulates.

Roofs Sent Flying.

The wind blew with hurricane force, tearing up trees and sending roofs flying through the air. Fears are entertained for the safety of the schooner Elmeo, with seven persons on board.

The Emily Reed, which arrived on Feb. 2 from Auckland during the storm, jettisoned 10,000 feet of lumber.

The Dunreggan reports a hurricane south of the Loyalty islands on Feb. 7. Thursday island experienced the storm fifteen days later.

Fear for the Centennial.

San Francisco, April 5.—Officers of the Northwest Steamship company's steamship Pennsylvania, arriving here from New York, report that when ten days from this port the mast head and part of the deck planking of a wrecked steamer was sighted adrift. The Charles Nelson company's steamer Centennial is now twenty days overdue from Hakodate, and shipping men say that the sunken hull and masthead at sea may belong to that vessel. Fifty-nine persons were aboard the Centennial when she left Japan. Steamers from the Orient have brought no word of her.

TAKES SAMPLE; MAY DIE.

Indulger in Patent Medicines Now in Hospital.

Belleville, Man., April 5.—As a result, it is alleged, of taking patent medicines, samples of which had been distributed around the streets, Herbert Greatrix is at the point of death in a hospital here. Greatrix, who is twenty-four years of age, took a dose of the medicine and the next morning was seized with violent cramps and vomiting. He was taken to the hospital, where an operation was performed, and it was found that there is but little hopes of saving the young man's life.

SWITCHMAN IS KILLED.

Train Wheels Crush Breast of Northern Pacific Employe.

Duluth, April 5.—Stephen O'Neil of 2232 West Michigan street, thirty-three years old and married, was killed yesterday afternoon in the Northern Pacific yards on Garfield avenue. He was a switchman for the road and had just thrown a switch for a train when he stepped back onto another track and was struck by a train going in the opposite direction. O'Neil's life was crushed out instantly, the wheels passing over his breast.

MEDICINE IS FATAL.

Two Dead and Two Others May Die at Any Time.

Bemidji, Minn., April 5—Two daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Konoski, living near Nary, died yesterday afternoon as a result of taking worm medicine which evidently contained poison. The medicine was administered to the four children of the family, three girls and one boy, on Monday morning. All became violently ill and the remaining two may die at any time.

ENTERS MOUTH; LEAVES ARM.

Toothbrush Bristle Remains a Year in Girl's Body.

Eveleth, Minn., April 5.—The bristle of a tooth brush which lodged in her throat a year ago last January, was yesterday extracted from the arm of Miss Agnes Zellar, who lives near here. The bristle got lodged in her throat while cleaning her teeth, and physicians were unable to extract it at the time.

Manvel Hotel, Burns.

Manvel, N. D., April 5.—The Manvel hotel, owned by John Knaus, was completely destroyed by fire which broke out shortly after midnight. The loss is estimated at $5,000, with insurance of $3,000. All escaped.

Chapin Miner Killed.

Iron Mountain, Mich., April 5. — Frank Barbennie, an Italian miner, met almost instant death by a fall of ore yesterday morning in the Chapin mine in this city. He leaves a wife and ten children.

NEWS OF THE Northwest.

KILLS HIMSELF IN HIS CELL

CONVICT MAKES NOOSE OUT OF STRIP OF SHIRT AND HANGS SELF.

Stillwater, April 4.—Charles Sanders committed suicide by hanging in his cell in the state prison and was found dead there at the call for breakfast yesterday morning. He had torn a strip from his heavy shirt and made a slip noose about his neck, with one end fastened to a stout nail in the wall. He sat down on his bunk with his feet on the couch and his back against the wall next to the corridor and slowly sarangled to death. Deputy Warden Glennon called the coroner and an inquest was held yesterday afternoon, which resulted in a verdict of suicide. The man attempted to take his life last July by cutting a vein in his leg and he almost bled to death.

Sanders was fifty-one years old. He was convicted of robbery in the first degree in Blue Earth county and given a sentence of fourteen years and two months. He was received at the prison on Thanksgiving day, 1904.

FLAMES SCOURGE BANNOCK.

Business Section of Montana's First Capital Is Destroyed.

Helena, Mont., April 4—Fire burned the heart of the business section of Bannock, the old mining camp in Beaverhead county, which was the first capital of the territory, Sunday. It is supposed to have been of incendiary origin. The heaviest losers are Slemens & Co., saloon and dance hall, $4,000; Clemens & Rybiline, butcher shop, $2,000; postoffice, $2,000; Archie Gibson, residence, $1,000. Until the capital was removed to Virginia City Bannock was the seat of the territorial government, and there the first territorial legislature met in 1864.

GIVES AWAY 10,000 TREES.

Wealthy Aberdeen Man Makes Offer for Arbor Day.

Aberdeen, S. D., April 4. — C. F. Easton, a wealthy Aberdeen man, has issued an Arbor day souvenir in which in addition to advocating tree planting for the Dakotas, he offers to give away 10,000 trees to persons who are willing to come to Aberdeen after them. With the souvenir is a coupon entitling the recipient to four seedling oak trees, five seedling elms, or ten cottonwood trees, the coupon being an order on a local nursery, whose proprietor has instructions from Mr. Easton to honor the coupons until 10,000 trees are given away.

SLIPS WHILE CARRYING GUN.

Alfred Evans Is Accidentally Killed Near Rena.

Rena, Minn., April 4.—Alfred Evans accidentally shot and killed himself while hunting rabbits near here with Dr. Tibbitts and David Smith. Evans was walking along with both barrels of his shotgun at full cock, when he suddenly slipped, striking the hammers against a branch of a fallen tree and discharging the contents of the gun into his stomach. Evans came here from Green Bay, England, where his parents reside. It is not known that he has any relatives in this country.

FEED MILL TAKES AN ARM.

Martin Lien of Veblen, N. D., Gets Fingers Caught in Roller.

Lidgerwood, N. D., April 4.—While operating a feed mill run by gasoline power, Martin Lien of Veblen met with an accident which cost him an arm and very nearly caused his death. The grist was not feeding right and Lien put his left hand into the hopper to see if there was an obstruction. His fingers were caught in the rollers and ground off up to the thumb. Physicians found it necessary to amputate his arm in order that his life might be saved.

KILLED IN MOTHER'S ARMS.

Stray Bullet Scatters the Brains of Infant.

Chisholm, Minn., April 4.—A stray bullet, fired by boys indulging in target practice half a mile away, entered a window of the home of Frank Bovet, at the Glenn mining location, and pierced the skull of an eight-months-old child which Mrs. Bovet was holding in her arms. The brains of the baby were scattered about the kitchen and it was instantly killed.

New Elevator at St. Charles.

St. Charles, Minn., April 4.—Farmers in this vicinity are organizing a co-operative elevator company for the purpose of erecting an elevator at this place. Stock is being subscribed for and $10,000 is expected to be secured in this way.

Bank Safe Is Robbed.

Kandiyohi, Minn., April 4. — The State National bank here was raided by burglars. They blew the safe, secured $1,700 in cash and escaped undetected.

CONVENTION GOES TO DULUTH

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION WILL BE HELD AT HEAD OF LAKES.

St. Paul, April 5.—The Republican state convention will be held at Duluth this year, and Wednesday, June 13, is the date selected by the state central committee at its meeting yesterday morning. The average vote on the state ticket will be taken as the basis for representation in the convention. The indorsement of a candidate for United States senator will be included in the call for the convention. The county conventions will be held on June 6, just a week before the convention, and the committee recommended that caucuses be held on Saturday, June 2.

All this was decided at a short session ending before noon, and with the exception of the place of the convention it was decided practically without debate or division. When the meeting was called to order every one of the thirty-three members were either present or represented by proxy.

REWARD FOR MURDERERS.

Minneapolis Authorities Hope to Get Clue to Murderers of Macedonians.

Minneapolis, April 5.—A reward of $500 has been offered by Mayor David P. Jones for information leading to the arrest and conviction of the murderers of the six Macedonians whose mangled bodies were found in the little cottage on Tenth avenue south last Wednesday morning. This action was taken by the mayor after he had conferred with Superintendent of Police James G. Doyle, who urged that such a step might arouse the cupidity of some of the late associates of the ill-fated Macedonians and make them divulge what they know of the massacre. It is still the conviction of the chief that these men know more than they care to tell, and he thinks that money is the golden key which may unlock their silence and cause them to reveal the secret of the whole plot and the names of the men directly concerned in the murders.

TWO DIE DIGGING WELL.

North Dakota Youths Are Killed Before Rescue Could Be Made.

Garrison, N. D., April — Nicholas Zenz, twenty-four years old, and his brother John, twenty-one years old, sons of Peter Zenz, who reside fourteen miles northeast of here, were overcome by gas while digging a well and were dead before they could be rescued. They were digging a well on their father's farm and had been in the hole several times without discovering the gas.

DIES IN PHILIPPINES.

Former New Richland Young Man Is Drowned.

New Richland, Minn., April 5—News has been received by H. A. Anderson of this place of the death by drowning of his nephew, Claire Anderson, son of A. J. Anderson, formerly of New Richland. The young man was employed in the marine service and sailed about a year ago for the Orient on a battleship. The exact particulars of the accident are not obtainable.

MAN KILLED BY MILK WAGON.

Wisconsin Farmer Receives Hurts Which Prove Fatal.

Oscona, Wis., April 5. — Nicholas Smith, aged fifty-five years, a prosperous farmer in Mill township, was thrown from a wagon loaded with milk. The wagon passed over his body, inflicting injuries from which he died.

White Plague Claims Another.

Osceola, Wis., April 5. — Harold M. Ashton died at the home of his parents, Dr. and Mrs. W. G. Ashton, at 1:30 yesterday morning, of consumption, aged about thirty years. He had been in poor health for three years, and on March 24 had returned from Colorado Springs, Colo., where he had gone to regain his health.

Takes McCardy's Job.

Washington, April 5. — Ernest G. Timme of Wisconsin was yesterday nominated by the president to the office of auditor for the postoffice department to succeed Capt. McCardy of Minnesota, who will retire from the public service May 1.

Boy Killed.

Muscatine, Iowa, April 5. — Ralph Riggenberg, eleven years old, was killed while jumping from a Rock Island train at Moscow.

Fire at Brainerd.

Brainerd, Minn., April 5.—The opera house was damaged by fire to the extent of $1,500 yesterday morning. Two dwellings in the mill district burned the previous night; loss $3,000 on buildings and contents.

Killed by Falling Tree.

Barron, Wis., April 5. — Albert Kilmer of Maple Grove, twenty-five years of age, is dead. He was struck on the head by a falling tree a week ago. He was a son of George Kilmer, and old resident.

PAY BY CHECK.

Pay your bills in a business-like manner, by check. It greatly facilitates the conduct of your business, both private and commercial, while at the same time your funds are absolutely safe. Business conducted through a bank is always more dignified. Even if you use your money from week to week and month to month, "pay it out through our bank." The returned checks are legal receipts for every bill you pay.

Come in and let us explain more fully the benefits of a bank account.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF ST. HILAIRE

is in a flourishing condition.

Watch this space next week.

L. C. Simons ....President.
K. O. Gigstad...........Cashier.

DON'T FORGET THE NUMBER---

488

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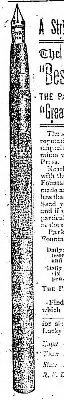
Wines and Liquors

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC

CIGARS.

BEER.

Minneapolis Beer always on Tap.



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THE PARKER LUCKY CURVE "Greatest Fountain Pen"

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Nearly everybody is acquainted with the merits of the PARKER Fountain Pen. It is the best made and never sells at retail for less than $1.50. Take no chances. Send your subscription at once and if you are dissatisfied in any particular money will be refunded at the end of subscription period.

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Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, six mos. and pen.............. $2.35
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The Pioneer Press
St. Paul, Minn.

Find enclosed $__________for which you will send me The __________ Pioneer Press for six months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.

Name ____________________
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"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"

and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of

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RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE

you are not satisfied with results.

This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.

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Remittances should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, April 7, 1906.

WHY IS THIS?

The Red Lake Falls Gazette says: A visitor to the Great Northern depot any day in the week is impressed with the number of cream cans that are sent by daily express to the St. Hilaire creamery, and here can be found a lesson that could well be pondered over profitably by all.

Today St. Hilaire enjoys the distinction of having the best equipped and most successful creamery in the Red River valley, and when we look for the reason we find it one of the simplest things in the world—co-operation. The enterprising farmers about St. Hilaire have been the movers in building up what is today an immense plant and they have done it by standing together and endeavoring to help one another. The farms in that part of the country are not as good as those adjoining Red Lake Falls, they can have no better success with stock than can our farmers, the settlement is not so thick and when summed up in the proper light there is absolutely no reason why the farmers tributary to this city should not own and operate a plant as successfully as have the enterprising fellows farther north.

St. Hilaire and the set of people she has surrounding her are prominent before the people at all times, and by standing together first, last and all the time, have built up an institution that would be a pride of any city.

What has been done can be done—but when a community like this is obliged to ship their cream to a neighboring town there is evidently something wrong with the community.

The republican state convention has been called to meet at Duluth on Wednesday, June 13th. Caucuses to elect delegates will be held on Saturday evening, June 2nd, and the county conventions will be held on June 6th. The basis of representation is based on the average vote cast for state officers at the last election.

The newest political story is to the effect that Halvor Steenerson and A. D. Stephens have come to an understanding and that Stephens will have the solid support of the Ninth congressional district for governor and that Halvor will have a clear field for congress.

Things have a way of evening up in this old world, after all. Rockefeller, the wizard of the business world; Depew, the great political juggler, and Dowie, the religious fakir, are all in trouble. They were all dishonest and were caught with the goods.

Some of the politicians who helped elect Johnson and are now working for Jacobson are now said to be threatening to go to Johnson again this year unless Jacobson is nominated. They will probably do it anyway.

It is a good thing that the weather is getting warmer as it looks like another coal strike. This means lots of misery and higher prices for coal.

Only two months before the republican state convention. The candidates will have to get busy.

Governor Johnson has named Friday, April 27th, as Arbor and Bird day.

Postprandial.

"Judge GoodEven just went down the street. I thought you said he was attending a big banquet to him this evening."

"Not at all. I saw him coming out of Del's, and I merely remarked there was a big dinner in his honor this evening."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Procrastination.

How mankind defers from day to day the best it can do and the most beautiful things it can enjoy without thinking that every day may be the last one and that lost time is lost eternity!—Max Muller.

Sufficient Reason.

Roomerton—Guess I'll have to give up boarding. Flatleigh—Going to get married? Roomerton—No, but my landlady wants her money.—Chicago News.

A Word to Country Merchants.

St. Paul, Minn., March 23, 1906.

This department has been giving considerable attention to the groceries shipped into the state by mail order houses. We have been trying to place before the consumers the fact that many of these goods are illegal under our pure food laws, and that this department has no jurisdiction over such shipments. We cannot punish such violators and thus protect the consumers, as we are enabled to do when the goods are sold inside the state. It follows, as a matter of course, that this department desires to see goods only purchased through local dealers, so that all consumers will receive the protection afforded by a strict enforcement of our pure food laws.

The country merchant must do his duty if he desires to compete with the catalogue house. He must beat him with his own weapon—advertising. He, too, must have special prices on certain articles if he wishes to hold the home trade. Grocers and country merchants who think they are so located that they cannot advertise successfully should study the subject of advertising. There is probably no store, city or country, whose business could not be advertised successfully if the proprietor only knew how and has the nerve and patience to do it. There are a few country merchants in remote localities who have mastered advertising so successfully that mail order competition does not bother them. This idea that you have lived so long in a town that everybody knows you and you don't need to advertise is a mistake. This very indifference to advertising, indifference to doing business the way business is done in this day and age, is what has enabled the mail order houses to grow from mere nothing to great concerns.

The merchant who can convince the people of his section and keep them convinced that his store is the best place to buy this and that article will not lose trade to the mail order house. Of course, he cannot afford to get out a catalogue as thick as a bible, but he can keep an advertisement in his local papers and see that it is changed every week, thus keeping new bargains continually before the public. He should also have a mailing list and send out a circular letter at least once a month.

Nothing is more discouraging than beginning an advertising campaign. Results are almost invariably slow at first. It takes pluck—you must keep at it and master it. The mail order houses get trade because they go fishing for it—and you, Mr. Country Merchant, can get it too. Will you go fishing for it?

Don't look upon your country newspaper as an object of charity. There is not a single country newspaper in the state, with a general local circulation which is not able to give full value for money received. The country papers can help you solve this question if you will give them the chance.

Edward K. Slater,
Commissioner.

Warns Homesteaders.

Secretary Hitchcock has put all homesteaders on the public lands on notice, that, if they intend to commute their entries, they must remain upon the land continuously during eight months of the fourteen. Under the practice of the Interior department, a homesteader may take six months to establish a constructive residence, that is, he may take that length of time to go upon the land and build his house ann start cultivation. The commutation period is fourteen months from the date of entry when the entryman, upon paying $1.25 an acre for his holdings, and submitting satisfactory proof of residence during that period, may receive a patent for the land covered by his entry.

The secretary is very positive in holding that the last eight months of the commutation period shall be those of actual residence. On this point he says that in commutation cases the law not only requires that it shall clearly and satisfactorily appear from the proof that the bona fide residence was established within the six months from the date of the entry, but also that the actual residence upon the land has been continuous from the time it was established until the date of the making of final proof.

In speaking of the knowledge that is reported from Washington regarding the proofs of homesteaders, Special Agent Layman of the Crookston Land Office today said that the decision and plain setting forth of the matter was of great interest throughout the north country, especially on the Red Lake lands.

"The impression generally prevails," says Mr. Layman, "that a five year homesteader only has to live on his claim fourteen months, which is entirely erroneous. The provisions of the United States acts on the question of the residence of homesteaders state that the homesteader must reside on the land a continuous five years before he can prove up. He must reside on the claim in good faith or we would be compelled to reject the claim and deny him the land. Some of the homesteaders leave their claims for months at a time returning to live only some few months in a year.

"It is hoped that the action of the Department of the Interior will be widely observed by the homesteaders throughout the north country as we look forward to a great deal of trouble in connection with the residence proposition. Personally I am aware of numbers of cases where homesteaders will experience the utmost trouble.

"Homesteaders were allowed the six months constructive residence if they make actual settlement on the land within six months after the filing on the claim. From that time on they must have their residence in good faith on the land. Of course, they are allowed to make trips of pleasure or business just like ordinary citizens of Crookston can if they do not abuse the privilege."

That the department intends to enforce this order is very evident. The secretary has mailed to every agent in the country a copy of the decisions made by the department and they will be made the basis of all the like actions of every office in the U. S.—Crookston Journal.

Carlyle Corrected.

At a Royal academy dinner in London on one occasion several artists were expressing their enthusiasm about Titian. Carlyle and Thackeray were among the guests.

"His glorious coloring is a fact about Titian," said one man, striking the table to give emphasis to the remark.

"And his glorious drawing is another fact about Titian!" cried another artist.

And so they went on until Carlyle, who had been listening in silence to their rhapsodies, interrupted them by saying, with a slow deliberation which had its own impressive emphasis:

"And here I sit, a man made in the image of God, who knows nothing about Titian and cares nothing about Titian, and that's another fact about Titian."

Thackeray was sipping claret at the moment. He paused and bowed courteously to Carlyle. "Pardon me," he said; "that appears to me to be not a fact about Titian, but a fact, and a lamentable one, about Carlyle."

The First Iron Ship.

An iron boat was built in 1777 on the river Foss, in Yorkshire. It was fifteen feet long and was made of sheet iron. In 1815 Thomas Jevons launched a small iron boat on the Mersey. It was built by Joshua Horton near Birmingham and fitted up at Liverpool and was the first iron boat that floated on salt water. The first iron steam vessel was built by the Horsley company for the river Seine and called Aaron Manby, after its projector. He took out a patent in France for iron steamships in 1820 and formed a society for the construction of such vessels. She was put together in London and took a cargo of linseed and iron castings to Havre and Paris. If, however, a Dutch tradition is to be credited the first iron vessel that ever floated was the famous Flying Dutchman herself. She was launched in 1657, and her fate was supposed to be a judgment on the impiety of those who violated the order of nature by making iron float.—London Graphic.

The Best Way to Rise in the World.

Young men are always being advised to "rise in the world."

Which may or may not be good advice. It depends upon:

How the young man rises.
What he rises upon.
What he rises to.
What he takes up with him.

If your idea is to rise in the world by making money and having people look up to you on that account it is easy enough.

If you want to go up like a man, however, put some foundation besides dollars under you. What will you rise to? To something worth while. Ideals are worth while, and one way to define ideals is to say they are what your mother wants you to be. When men go up to ideals they are the light of the world.—Chicago Journal.

One Way to Look at It.

"A man always gets on easier by taking his wife's advice."

"Yes," answered Mr. Meekton. "When things turn out badly there isn't so much said."

In a Bad Way.

Johnny—I wish my folks would agree upon one thing and not keep me all the time in a worry. Tommy—What have they been doing now? Johnny—Mother won't let me stand on my head, and dad is all the time fussing because I wear my shoes out so fast.

The Ring.

"The ring of sincerity was in his voice when he told me of his love."

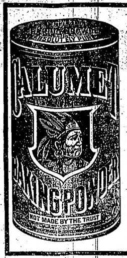
"It should have been in his hand. A ring in the hand is worth two in the voice."—Houston Post.

Good For Evil.

Mrs. Gawker—The coal man left his bill; but, John, he has given us short weight. Gawker—Well, I'll give him long wait.—New York Press.

He who murmurs against his condition does not understand it, but he who accepts of it in peace will soon learn to comprehend it.—Anon.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.



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Fast and Handsomely equipped Steam-Heated Trains—Dining Cars—Buffet Library Cars—Sleeping Cars—Free Reclining Chair Cars.

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Always Order
when you want the best beer
Hamm's
the beer with a flavor
New Brew

Agents Everywhere
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul, Minn.

FAST MAIL TO CHICAGO

On your next trip east why not go as your letter goes? The United States government selects the

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Five daily passenger trains from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago—almost as frequent as suburban train service. These include The Pioneer Limited and The Fast Mail, the two most popular trains between these cities. No extra charge to ride on them. But it is necessary to name your route.

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Normal, Shorthand and Typewriting,
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THIS is the only College in the United States that guarantees a good paying position to every graduate. If we don't get you a satisfactory situation you need never pay us one cent

J. A. Button, Principal

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We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to....

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H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

FARMS 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

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ABSTRACTS furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

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ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

WINCHESTER

FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS

Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

DEFECTIVE PAGE

CALL ON
HOLMES BROS.
FOR
HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
C. H. Martz	Councilmen
R. H. Duntley	Councilmen
Carl Johnson	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. Camp 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

2nd STORE
(Second Hand Store.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
C. A. SKEIE.
St. Hilaire, Minnesota

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

SEEDS, TREES
CORN 23rd ANNUAL
Catalog of
EARLIEST AND HARDIEST
of Everything on Earth. Every person who tills a foot of land needs it. Send for it now.
OSCAR H. WILL & CO.
BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA

THE LOCAL NEWS

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Napoleon Miller made a short visit at Red Lake Falls last Monday.

Dr. J. E. Argue was here from Red Lake Falls several days this week.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Seeding will be general in these parts next week if the weather continues dry.

Rev, Alex Sand returned yesterday from a short trip to Eldred and Crookston.

H. A. Johnson made a short business trip to Thief River Falls last Wednesday.

Misses Helen and Mabel Mannay are at Minneapolis this week on a shopping tour.

Albert Fellman is giving the front of his confectionery store a coat of white paint.

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

K. O. Gigstad spent a couple of days at Red Lake Falls this week attending court.

James McCaffrey left for North Dakota last Monday, where he will spend the summer.

The weather has been fine the past week, excepting Tuesday was cold and disagreeable.

Miss Ellie Ferguson, of Mallory, Minn., is visiting with her aunt, Mrs. R. H. Aimer.

-Wm. J. Law, the Crookston Lumber company auditor, was here on business last Tuesday.

Mrs. J. B. O'Brien returned on Monday from Red Lake Falls, where she made a short visit.

If you want a second mortgage loan on your farm go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Miss Huldah Gigstad left last Saturday for Erskine, where she is spending the week visiting relatives.

Chas. E. Boughton, the well known Red Lake Falls lawyer, was here last Saturday on legal matters.

F. S. Martz and wife, who have been visiting here, left last Saturday for their home at LeRoy, Minn.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur went out to the reservation last Wednesday and will spend some time on the claim.

—Implement salesman or collector. Have desirable opening for right party. Address Box 466, Waseca, Minn.

The McEwen company at the Imperial hall last Monday and Tuesday did not draw a very large audience.

Mrs. E. R. Evans will entertain the Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church next Thursday afternoon. All are cordially invited.

Mrs. L. T. Bergh was in from the reservation claim the first of the week and spent several days in town visiting friends.

A chimney fire in the residence occupied by H. W. Peterson caused a fire alarm Tuesday morning. No damage was done.

Mrs. Chas. Fellman and children left last Monday for Mayfield township where she will live on their claim the coming summer.

The Red Lake Falls creamery is expected to start for the season on May 1st. In the meantime the cream is being shipped here.

Miss Eva Johnson has shown many signs of improvement the past week and her many friends are feeling greatly encouraged.

A. Lord, the Crookston Lumber company superintendent, was here yesterday looking over the prospects for an early start at the saw mill.

Fred Barholz and wife, of Fertile, are here this week visiting with M. L. Hanson. Mr. Barholz is the proprietor of the principal hotel at Fertile.

Paul Borgie and Carl Magnuson, two of the Hazel hustlers, left for Dakota last week to work during summer and will probably be back in the fall.

Judge Jens Nelson held court for the first time last Saturday. The case was Sandum vs. Bothman for the value of some farm machinery, and Bothman won.

You feel the life giving current the minute you take it. A gentle soothing warmth, fills the nerves and blood with life. It's a real pleasure to take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 36 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

The new churn for the creamery arrived on Thursday and will be put in place as soon at the new building is ready, which will be some time next week.

There is an unconfirmed rumor around town that R. J. McKercher, who is visiting his old home in Iowa, will bring a bride with him when he returns.

We now have a new policeman that you can tell your troubles to, K. R. Killand having been appointed marshal. He qualified and took charge on Thursday.

The board of education has received word from Miss Cora Yahr that owing to illness in her family she will be unable to accept their offer to teach here the coming year.

The elections the first of this week in the neighboring cities resulted in the election of Mayor Johnson, of Fargo; Mayor Duis, of Grand Forks, and Mayor Chesterman, of Crookston.

Steve Nelson and family returned last Wednesday from Thief River Falls and will make his home here the coming summer, having secured a position in the filing room at the saw mill.

Messrs. I. Husby, of Garnes, Gilbert Haavi, of North, and Otto Zaiser, of Red Lake Falls, have been appointed viewers and are now at work on the proposed new ditch in Sanders and Bray.

W. A. Sorsoleil returned last Saturday from a ten day's trip to Prince Albert, Canada. He has a claim in that vicinity and is buying other land. He seems to be well pleased with the country.

Charles Fellman and ye editor opened the fishing season last Wednesday by appearing with an eleven pound pickerel. Some are mean enough to insinuate that it was caught with a silver hook.

All smart, up-to-date women of today,
Know how to bake, wash, sing and to play;
Without these talents a wife is N. G.
Unless she takes Rocky Mountain Tea.
Imperial Drug Co.

Miss Tessie Hughes left last Monday for Red Lake Falls where she had been subpoenaed as a witness in the Edstrom-Otterness cases, after which she returned to her duties as stenographer for the state librarian at St. Paul.

The Otterness-Edstrom law suit was tried at Red Lake Falls last Thursday. It was an appeal by P. G. Otterness from the decision of the probate judge. The appeal was dismissed and the claim of A. M. Edstrom stands as allowed by the probate court.

Buttermaker Austin reports that he has sent in an order for the farmers of this section of over 1,000 pounds of grass seeds and 100 bushels of fodder corn, the whole amounting to nearly four hundred dollars. This is a sure indication that the farmers are alive to the benefits of tame grass and fodder corn for dairy purposes.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.

tf Julius Pleth,
Plummer, Minn.

Manager Evans has his spring work about all done and is waiting rather impatiently for the ice to thaw in the river. The pile driving crew have finished and the repairing crew at the mill are nearly done. It is the intention to start the mill night and day just as soon as the logs can be moved. They will fire up and turn over the machinery some time next week.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: County Commissioner P. A. Ekstrom leaves today for Benson county, North Dakota, where he will spend the next two or three weeks disposing of the famous remedies of the Watkins Medical company. P. A. is a first class talker and in charge of these well-known remedies will have no difficulty in doing a good stroke of business.

The band boys seem greatly disappointed by the refusal of the village council to give them twenty dollars a month to help pay a leader's salary, and are now threatening to disband. They have been figuring on hiring a leader to reside here and he wants $75 per month. We think the boys are a little too hasty and should think the matter over carefully before they disband. The council and the business men will assist them in maintaining their organization but hardly to the extent of $75.00 per month. This is too large a sum for a village of this size to raise each month. There are many calls on the purses of the business men and also the council and we think the boys should be more modest in their demands and try and find a leader who will instruct them for considerable less money. Surely the matter can be satisfactorily arranged.

Pocketbook Found.

Found, a pocketbook with a sum of money. Owner can have same by calling on C. H. Remington and proving property and paying charges.

Epworth League Social.

The young men and women of the Epworth League will give an entertainment Wednesday evening, April 11, at 8 o'clock, at the Eickhoff store building, The entertainment will consist of monologues, dialogues, declamations, and songs. Ice cream and cake will be served after the entertainment. This is an occasion not to be missed. Proceeds for the M. E. church. Admission 25 cents, and includes both the entertainment and supper.

C. W. Gilman, Pastor.

—State Farmers Mut. Hail Ins. Co., Waseca, Minn. Largest cash surplus. Wants responsible agent. Write today.

Council Proceedings.

Special meeting of the village council of the Village of St. Hilaire held in the village hall March 31, 1906, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by President O'Brien.

Members present: O'Brien, Martz, and Gigstad.

The President stated that the object of the meeting was to hear reasons for or against the granting of license to M. E. Bjerk.

There being no objections to the granting of said license, the same was on motion granted.

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'Brien,
President.

K. O. Gigstad,
Recorder.

Regular meeting of the village council of the Village of St. Hilaire held at the village hall Tuesday evening, April 3, 1906, at 8 o'clock.

Meeting called to order by President O'Brien.

Members present: O'Brien, Patterson, Wilson and Hoff.

Minutes of meeting held March 5th read and approved.

Motion made and seconded that the application of K. R. Killand for village marshal be accepted. Carried.

Motion made and seconded that the application of D. Collins for village assessor be accepted. Carried.

Motion made and seconded that A.F. Blomburgh be appointed health officer for three years. Carried.

The following committees were appointed by the president: Road and Bridge, Patterson and Wilson; Finance, Gigstad and Hoff; Poor, Wilson and Hoff.

Report of Village Marshal Remington read and on motion approved.

Moved and seconded that the recorder be instructed to answer J. E. Ford's letter with reference to the assessment against the village in behalf of the Wyandotte and River Falls ditch No. 2 to the effect that the village refuses to allow the claim. Carried.

The following bills were allowed in full:

Park, Grant & Morris, supplies	$13 50
K O Gigstad, recorder's salary and blanks	27 00
J C Dahl, judge af election	2 00
St Hilaire Spectator, publishing proceedings and printing	21 25
A F Ittner, clerk of election	2 00
C H Remington marshal salary	50 00

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'Brien, President.
A. O. Davison, Clerk pro tem.

Dwelling Burned.

Fire entirely destroyed the handsome farm residence of Mike McAndress last Tuesday morning about 6 o'clock. It seems the hired man got up and started the fires in the kitchen and dining room and went out to the barn to do the chores, the family being still in bed. In a very few minutes they were awakened by the smoke and flames and barely escaped with their lives. None of the furniture and very little of the personal effects was saved. The fire caught from the dining room stove which had recently been put up to take the place of the steam heat, which was not needed in this weather. Mr. McAndress estimates his loss at $4,500—the building at $2,700 and the personal effects and furniture at $1,800. The house was one of the finest in this section and was heated with steam. The only insurance was a policy of $800 on the building in the Bray Mutual. Mr. McAndress has already made arrangements to have the building rebuilt.

A Remembrance.

Thief River Press: In looking over the sporting news of the daily papers the other day the writer happened across an item relating to our gay and festive old pal "Dad" Clark. Base ball fans of four or five years ago will recall how Thief River, hoping to get revenge on Red Lake Falls for the previous defeats, imported old "Dad" from Minneapolis, where he was then pitching, giving him some $75. Two games were to be played, the old man being scheduled for the firing line in both instances. In the forenoon at St. Hilaire "Dad" did a reasonably creditable stunt, but in the second attempt, pulled off on the local diamond, the semi-professional team from the Lower Falls lambasted his assortment of benders all over the lot, winning the game with ridiculous ease. "Dad" was disgusted, and before many hours with scuppers awash, was telling of triumphs of earlier and happy days. Clark, his ball days over, is now employed in a stove factory at Erie, Penn. He was really a great pitcher when in his prime, but, like so many other players, drink put him out of business.

Novel Advertiser Stopped.

A business man of New York who has devised a plan for attaching a fifth wheel to his automobile, which with felt letters on its rim prints his name on the asphalt pavement every time it revolves, was called down. As the whitewash is not fed regularly to the wheel, the result is frequently a long white smear and caused the street cleaning department to serve a notice of warning on the novel advertiser. Every business man and everybody else ought to know the value of golden grain belt beer. It is an ideal family beverage, pure, delicious and nourishing. Its regular use is a health insurance. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Pork Will be Higher.

Commencing Monday, April 9, 1906, pork steak and chops will be 15 cents and roasts 12½ cents per pound as long as the high price of pork prevails.

Wilson, Steen & Co.
L. M. Rolland & Sons.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Accidentally Killed.

One of the saddest and most deplorable accidents of the year occurred at Mayfield township last Saturday in the sudden death of Anton Sjosten, of Highlanding. Mr. Sjosten had been in this village the day before and left with a load of supplies on a sled. He stopped on Friday night with Isaac Dahlen. On Saturday morning they both went to the claim of John Konikson to borrow a wagon. Sjosten carried a gallon jug of whiskey and the three commenced to drink. Little can be learned of what transpired. Dahlen awoke to find Konikson asleep and Sjosten dead with a bullet hole in his head. It is supposed that he accidentally shot himself while handling the revolver. Coroner Belair and County Attorney Germo were notified and went out and held an inquest. The Red Lake Falls Courier tells the following story of the inquest:

"What a picture greeted Carl Eggen, who was the first to arrize. As a witness he told at the inquest how he entered the open door, how Konikson lay asleep upon the bed and could not be aroused, how Sjosten lay upon the floor and Dahlen was crawling toward him calling on him to awaken. Sjosten will awaken no more in this world. A revolver, the instrument of death lay at his side. Edward Peterson and A.C. Mayfield told much the same story.

"Konikson, at whose house the affairs took place told of the events up to the time as he said 'I drank until I was so full I was dead to the world.' Besides what has been above related, he told of Dahlen getting out his revolver to shoot his dog but Sjosten had protested and took the revolver away from him. Isaac Dahlen testified to a similar state of facts.

"The coroner's jury returned a verdict that Sjosten came to his death by the accidental discharge of a revolver then and there in his own hands.

"The jury was composed of L. T. Bergh, Mike Madden, Louis Buse, Ed. Miller, Val Yeager and H. C. Jarr."

The victim Anton Sjosten, was a resident of Highlanding, where he has a claim. He was about forty years of age, leaves a wife and four small children and was prosperous and well liked by those who knew him.

The story told needs no one to point a moral.

Epidemic of Hydrophobia.

Detroit Record: For a time it was supposed that the trouble among the dogs in Detroit was a local affair, but the reports which came from several different counties in the northern part of the state show this not to be the case. The rabies was first noticed in Detroit about two months ago in a dog that had been attacked on the public highway between this city and Lake Park. Subsequent developments have shown that the dog was affected with rabies of a pronounced type. Disastrous results followed among the sheep on the McKinstry farm which had been attacked by another dog. About three weeks ago a dog on the White Earth reservation attacked several pigs which have since died of hydrophobia.

It was reported last week that Mrs. Peter Spry had been bitten by a mad dog, and that she had died from the effects of the bite. This report was without foundation. One day last week, however, when Mitchell Spry was working about his hay stacks a strange dog came across the prairie and attacked him, whereupon Mitchell mounted the hay stack in a manner which his name might indicate. He says this dog was undoubtedly affected with rabies, and he should be killed on sight. From many other sources reports have come of rabid dogs and the death of domestic animals which have been bitten by them, and the greatest care should be taken, and dogs which show the least indication of being affected should be killed without hesitation.

A Weird Old House.

There is an old manor house at Knaresborough, England, parts of which were built 700 years ago. It is a fine place, with magnificent paneling in the rooms, a bedstead in which Cromwell once slept, a priests' hiding place and a ghost. The priests' hiding place is concealed by a spring door. The present occupant of the house says that during the night sounds of footsteps are heard on the landing, and it is impossible to keep the door of this room closed. On one occasion the footsteps were accompanied by a loud bump at the door of another room. During some recent restorations the skeleton of a woman was found buried at the foot of a staircase.

Then and Now.

"When old Fladger came to this town twenty-five years ago," said the man in the mackintosh, "everything he had in the world was on his back."

"And now?" queried the man who had his feet on the table.

"Well, his wife and six daughters have relieved him of the burden. They carry it all on their backs now."—Chicago Tribune.

Hogs Wanted.

We will pay five cents per pound, live weight, for one hundred good hogs three months or more old, delivered at St. Hilaire. Call on or write

Wilson, Steen & Co.

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
CIGARS
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

FIRE INSURANCE
is a
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class
FOR RATES CALL ON
HARRY E. IVES.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for......
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
10:35 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
11:05 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
11:35am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	1:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10am
10:25 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

This is the season of listnessness, headaches and spring disorders. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is a sure preventative. Makes you strong and vigorous. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

For refreshments call at Number 488

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

McMURRAY'S VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR
A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
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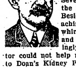
and CHILDREN'S........
CLOAKS,
JACKETS
and FURS
E. M. HOFF

A COLD BROUGHT IT ON.

Severe Congestion of the Kidneys Soon Cured by Doan's Kidney Pills.



Richard M. Pearce, a prominent business man of 231 So. Orange St., Newark, N. J., says: "Working nights during bad weather brought on a heavy cold, aching of the limbs and pain in the back and kidneys. Severe congestion of the kidneys followed. Besides the terrific aching there were whirling headaches, and I became exceedingly weak. My doctor could not help me, and I turned to Doan's Kidney Pills, with the result that the kidney congestion disappeared and, with it, all the other symptoms. What is more, the cure has lasted for eight years."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

A Strange Fashion.

"In the Orient," said a jeweler, "it is fashionable to wear certain jewels on certain days, and with each day's jewel a gown of harmonious color goes.

"They wear in the Orient rubies and red silk on Sunday, moonstones and white on Monday, corals and pink on Tuesday, emeralds and green silk on Wednesday, cat's eyes and gold on Thursday, diamonds and light blue on Friday, and sapphires and dark blue on Saturday."

Peruna Is Exempt.

The internal revenue commissioner has decided that Pe-ru-na as now manufactured is exempt from internal revenue license.

The highest medical and pharmaceutical authorities in the United States have passed upon the product. It must be highly gratifying to the many friends of Pe-ru-na and the local commercial world that the product which has carried Columbus' name into all continents, again enjoys the same fixed status as any other recognized medicine.—Columbus Dispatch.

The Curse of Shiftlessness.

Whether shiftnessness is a vice that is incurable or a habit that can be overcome, it is, anyhow, a condition that perplexes and irritates relieving officials. Shiftlessness is paying one's last 50 cents for a circus ticket without learning where to-morrow's breakfast is coming from. It is a refusal to repair the leak in the roof when the sun shines. It is killing the goose that lays the golden eggs. It takes no thought of the sorrow. It never lays up anything for a rainy day. It always ignores opportunities. It prefers to rely on neighborhood bounty to hustling for itself. It won't work except under the pressure of necessity. It never gets ahead.

Right.

Irate Wife—I want to know, sir, what time it was when you got home last night!

Husband (meekly)—A quarter of twelve, my dear.

Irate Wife—Twelve nothing! The clock had just struck three, and—"

Husband (triumphantly)—Well, ain't that a quarter of twelve?—Judge.

Would Buy Aerial Cruisers.

The right of the minister of war to buy aerial cruisers is questioned by the London Daily News, though it admits that they are not within the province of the admiralty, either. It suggests the establishment of a new department, the aerialty.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

List of patents issued last week to Northwestern inventors, reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 and 912 Pioneer Press Building, St. Paul, Minn.: Haldor Armann, Gardar, N. D., scrubbing device; Gilbert Brimmon and A. Nelson, Homestead, N. D., planter; Charles Cost, Bismarck, N. D., bobbin; Adelbert Hunkins, Austin, Minn., addressing machine; Edward Jones, Minneapolis, Minn., spinning top; Rudolph Krueger, Spencer, S. D., hoisting apparatus; Edmund Piper, Fargo, N. D., traction wheel.

In London's Smart Set.

The latest expression of London's smart set is "pull up your socks. The Express remarks that it is "an amusing sign of the times" to hear at a bridge party a young man recommend a dowager countess of seventy to pull her socks up.

TERRIBLE SCALP HUMOR.

Badly Affected With Sores and Crusts —Extended Down Behind the Ears —Another Cure by Cuticura.

"About ten years ago my scalp became badly affected with sore and itching humors, crusts, etc., and extended down behind the ears. My hair came out in places, also. I was greatly troubled; understood it was eczema. Tried various remedies so called, without effect. Saw your Cuticura advertisement, and got the Cuticura Remedies at once. Applied them as to directions, etc., and after two weeks I think, of use, was clear as a whistle. I have to state also that late last fall, October and November, 1904, I was suddenly afflicted with a bad eruption, painful and itching pustules over the lower part of the body. I suffered dreadfully. In two months, under the skillful treatment of my doctor, conjoined with Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, I found myself cured. H. M. F. Weiss, Rosemond, Christian Co., Ill., Aug. 31, 1905."

Tongue Twisters.

Some elocutionist has made a collection of more than two hundred "tongue-twisters."

"A growing gleam glowing green."

"The bleak breeze blighted the bright broom blossoms."

"Flesh of freshly dried flying fish."

"Six thick thistle sticks."

"Two toads tried to trot to Tedbury."

"Give Grimes Jim's great gilt gig whip."

"Strict, strong Stephen Stringer snared slickly six sickly silky snakes."

"She stood at the door of Mrs. Smith's fish sauce shop welcoming him in."

The first three are the gems of the collection. It is said to be impossible for any one to repeat them rapidly.

Latest Fad.

Gritty George—Lady, would yer mind writing off a list of all de things in dis cold meal on a slip of paper.

The Lady (in surprise)—What for, my poor man?

Gritty George—Well, yer see, mum, I am collectin' menus along me travels an' every one helps.

A Real Old Actor.

Jenks—Your father was an actor, you say?

Bragg—Certainly; Bragg, the tragedian, you know.

Jenks—Funny I never heard of him. He played Hamlet, of course.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

Is a powerful, invigorating tonic, imparting health and strength in particular to the organs distinctly feminine. The local, womanly health is so intimately related to the general health that when diseases of the delicate womanly organs are cured the whole body gains in health and strength. For weak and sickly women who are "worn-out," "run-down" or debilitated, especially for women who work in store, office or schoolroom, who sit at the typewriter or sewing machine, or bear heavy household burdens, and for nursing mothers, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has proven a priceless benefit because of its health-restoring and strength-giving powers.

As a soothing and strengthening nervine, "Favorite Prescription" is unequaled and is invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitability, irritability, nervous exhaustion, nervous prostration, neuralgia, hysteria, spasms, chorea, or St. Vitus's dance, and other distressing nervous symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease of the womanly organs. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency.

Cures obstinate cases. "Favorite Prescription" is a positive cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of "female weakness," painful periods, irregularities, prolapsus or falling of the pelvic organs, weak back, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation and ulceration.

Dr. Pierce's medicines are made from harmless but efficient medical roots found growing in our American forests. The Indians knew of the marvelous curative value of some of these roots and imparted that knowledge to some of the friendlier whites, and gradually some of the more progressive physicians came to test and use them, and ever since they have grown in favor by reason of their superior curative virtues and their safe and harmless qualities.

Your druggists sell the "FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION" and also that famous alterative, blood purifier and stomach tonic, the "GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY." Write to Dr. Pierce about your case. He is an experienced physician and will treat your case as confidential and without charge for correspondence. Address him at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., of which he is chief consulting physician.

Presence of Mind.

The audience was at the bated breath period.

Suddenly was heard an ominous crackling.

Incipient panic reared its horrid head.

At this instant the heroine advanced to the edge of the stage and glanced toward the gallery.

"If youse fellows can't eat peanuts quietly," she said, "you'd better buy 'em already shucked."

Only a few words, but the press agent is authority for the statement that they did the business.

Proof to the Contrary.

"No," she said, as she glanced down the column of marriage notices, "it cannot be true that marriage is a lottery."

"And why not?" queried the young man in the parlor scene.

"Because," she replied, pointing to the column in question, "there is a law prohibiting the advertising of lotteries, and just look at this."

Racket Maker.

"Johnny," called the mother, sternly, "what is all that noise in the basement?"

"Why, mamma," replied Johnny, blandly, "I am playing President Roosevelt and chasing bears."

"Well, it occurs to me you are playing President Castro and need a spanking."

Nothing New.

"How do you do?" said Miss Gaddie, who had just opened a millinery establishment. "Did you know I was interested in business just now?"

"Why, yes," replied Miss Knox, "I supposed you were, as usual, but I didn't know whose."

The Coffee Debate.

The published statements of a number of coffee importers and roasters indicate a "waspy" feeling towards us for daring to say that coffee is harmful to a percentage of the people.

A frank public discussion of the subject is quite agreeable to us and can certainly do no harm; on the contrary when all the facts on both sides of any question are spread before the people they can thereupon decide and act intelligently.

Give the people plain facts and they will take care of themselves.

We demand facts in this coffee discussion and propose to see that the facts are brought clearly before the people.

A number of coffee importers and roasters have joined a movement to boom coffee and stop the use of Postum Food Coffee and in their newspaper statements undertake to deceive by false assertions.

Their first is that coffee is not harmful.

We assert that one in every three coffee users has some form of incipient or chronic disease; realize for one moment what a terrible menace to a nation of civilized people, when one kind of beverage cripples the energies and health of one-third the people who use it.

We make the assertion advisedly and suggest that the reader secure his own proof by personal inquiry among coffee users.

Ask your coffee drinking friends if they keep free from any sort of aches and ails. You will be startled at the percentage and will very naturally seek to place the cause of disorder on something aside from coffee, whether food, inherited tendencies or something else.

Go deeper in your search for facts.

If your friend admits occasional neuralgia, rheumatism, heart weakness, stomach or bowel trouble, kidney complaint, weak eyes or approaching nervous prostration induce him or her to make the experiment of leaving off coffee for 10 days and using Postum Food Coffee, and observe the result. It will startle you and give your friend something to think of. Of course, if the person is one of the weak ones and says "I can't quit" you will have discovered one of the slaves of the coffee importer. Treat such kindly, for they seem absolutely powerless to stop the gradual but sure destruction of body and health.

Nature has a way of destroying a part of the people to make room for the stronger. It is the old law of "the survival of the fittest" at work, and the victims are many.

We repeat the assertion that coffee does harm many people, not all, but an army large enough to appal the investigator and searcher for facts.

The next prevarication of the coffee importers and roasters is their statement that Postum Food Coffee is made of roasted peas, beans or corn, and mixed with a low grade of coffee and that it contains no nourishment.

We have previously offered to wager $100,000.00 with them that their statements are absolutely false.

They have not accepted our wager and they will not.

We will gladly make a present of $25,000.00 to any roaster or importer of old-fashioned coffee who will accept that wager.

Free inspection of our factories and methods is made by thousands of people each month and the coffee importers themselves are cordially invited. Both Postum and Grape-Nuts are absolutely pure and made exactly as stated.

The formula of Postum and the analysis made by one of the foremost chemists of Boston has been printed on every package for many years and is absolutely accurate.

Now as to the food value of Postum. It contains the parts of the wheat berry which carry the elemental salts, such as lime, iron, potash, silica, etc., etc., used by the life forces to rebuild the cellular tissue, and this is particularly true of the phosphate of potash, also found in Grape-Nuts, which combines in the human body with albumen and this combination, together with water, rebuilds the worn-out gray matter in the delicate nerve centers all over the body and throughout the brain and solar plexus.

Ordinary coffee stimulates in an unnatural way, but with many people it slowly and surely destroys and does not rebuild this gray substance so vitally important to the well being of every human being.

These are eternal facts, proven, well authenticated and known to every properly educated physician, chemist and food expert.

Please remember we never say ordinary coffee hurts everyone.

Some people use it regularly and seem strong enough to withstand its attacks, but there is misery and disease in store for the man or woman who persists in its use when nature protests, by heart weakness, stomach and bowel troubles, kidney disease, weak eyes or general nervous prostration. The remedy is obvious. The drug caffeine, contained in all ordinary coffee, must be discontinued absolutely or the disease will continue in spite of any medicine and will grow worse.

It is easy to leave off the old-fashioned coffee by adopting Postum Food Coffee, for in it one finds a pleasing hot breakfast or dinner beverage that has the deep seal brown color, changing to a rich golden brown when good cream is added. When boiled long enough (15 minutes) the flavor is not that of rank Rio coffee but very like the milder, smooth and high-grade Java, but entirely lacking the drug effect of ordinary coffee.

Anyone suffering from disorders set up by coffee drinking (and there is an extensive variety) can absolutely depend upon some measure of relief by quitting coffee and using Postum Food Coffee.

If the disease has not become too strongly rooted, one can with good reason expect it to disappear entirely in a reasonable time after the active cause of the trouble is removed and the cellular tissue has time to naturally rebuild with the elements furnished by Postum and good food.

It's only just plain old common sense.

Now, with the exact facts before the reader, he or she can decide the wise course, looking to health and the power to do things.

If you have any doubt as to the cause of any ache or ail you may have, remember the far-reaching telegrams of a hurt nervous system travel from heel to head, and it may be well worth your while to make the experiment of leaving off coffee entirely for ten days and using Postum in its place.

You will probably gather some good solid facts, worth more than a gold mine, for health can make gold and sickness lose it. Besides there's all the fun, for it's like a continuous internal frolic to be perfectly well.

There's a reason for

POSTUM

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

Congress.

Resume of the Week's Proceedings.

Thursday.

Washington, March 30.—The senate yesterday listened to speeches on the railroad bill by Messrs. Clay, Hale and Newlands, and then debated and passed a bill which provides for the reorganization of the medical department of the army by authorizing the appointment of officers to take the place of contract surgeons.

All the senators who spoke on the rate bill indicated a purpose to support it.

Yesterday was a busy day for the house, considerable progress having been made on the legislative, executive and judicial bill.

Friday.

Washington, March 31.—The house yesterday passed the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, carrying $30,000,000, after considering the measure two weeks.

The feature of yesterday's proceedings was the elimination of the age limit of clerks, a provision which created much discussion and which incited the fight against the bill.

Monday.

Washington, April 3.—The amendment to the house railroad rate bill, agreed upon at the White House Saturday by friends of the bill, providing for a limited review of orders of the interstate commerce commission, was offered in the senate yesterday by Mr. Long of Kansas, but he was not able to get the floor to make his speech on the bill.

The principal speech yesterday was made by Mr. Fulton of Oregon, who spoke for the bill. Mr. Nelson of Minnesota and Mr. Heyburn of Idaho made brief speeches on the bill.

Chief among the measures passed by the house yesterday was the so-called "Personal liability bill" which has been favored by the army of railway employes throughout the country, and which had practically an unanimous report from the committee.

Tuesday.

Washington, March 4.—By a vote of 202 to 26 the house yesterday passed the national quarantine bill. The bill places the control of all quarantine stations, grounds and anchorages under the secretary of the treasury and directs that he shall establish them at such points on or near the seacoast of the United States at the Mexican border, as in his judgment are best suited to prevent the introduction of yellow fever into this country.

Mr. Long of Kansas spoke in the senate yesterday in support of the house railroad rate bill.

Washington, April 5.—The house during its session yesterday listened to a criticism of the president by Mr. Fitzgerald (N. Y.) for the failure of the chief executive properly to advise the house as to the objections he had to the bill opening 50,000 acres of land for grazing purposes in Oklahoma Territory, instead of advising the members of the Indian affairs committee as to the weakness of the measure so that it might be amended to meet the wishes of the commissioner of Indian affairs.

In the senate yesterday Mr. Newlands discussed the railroad rate bill and Mr. Daniel the question of the lack of representation by the Southern states in the public service. Mr Newlands advocated amendments to the rate bill, providing for the national incorporation of railroads and announced himself as favorable to the government ownership of those utilities.

ASK TOGO TO NAVAL JUBILEE.

Assistant Secretary of Treasury Taylor Accepts Mission.

Washington, April 5.—An effort is to be made to secure the attendance at the Jamestown exposition of Admiral Togo and a fleet of Japanese warships. President Tucker of the Jamestown exposition called on Assistant Secretary Taylor of the treasury department yesterday and requested Mr. Taylor to bear to the Japanese government a formal invitation for Admiral Togo and his fleet to make the trip to Jamestown. Secretary Taylor is to sail for the Orient soon after his retirement from the treasury department on July 1. He will make it the feature of his visit to Japan to attempt to induce the Japanese government to permit Admiral Togo to come to this country and bring his flagship and such other vessels as can be spared for the occasion.

RUSSIA SEEKS A BIG LOAN.

Negotiations Started for a New Debt of Two Hundred Millions.

St. Petersburg, April 5.—In view of the agreement on Moroccan reforms reached at Algeciras March 31, Russia has opened preliminary negotiations in Paris for a large foreign loan of at least $200,000,000, and desires more if possible. The syndicate with which she is negotiating is composed of German, Dutch and British capitalists. So far as ascertainable, no Americans are connected with it.

DIES ON EVE OF ORDINATION.

Son of Racine Mayor Was to Have Become Priest.

Former Mayor Adolph Weber of Racine received a telegram from Texas announcing that his son, William Weber, aged twenty-two, had died there. The young man was a student at St. Francis and was obliged to go south on account of failing health. He was to have been ordained a priest on the day following his death. He is the second son Mr. Weber has lost within two months.

Too much sugar ruins a canary's voice.

A CURE FOR DEBILITY

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills A Reliable Remedy for the Weak, Ailing and Bloodless.

When the body is weak and the blood thin it is sometimes difficult to find the cause unless a wasting illness has preceded, or the sufferer happens to be a girl on the verge of womanhood.

Obscure influences, something unhealthful in one's surroundings or work, may lead to a slow impoverishment of the blood and an enfeeblement of the whole body. When a serious stage has been reached there seems to be nothing that will account for it.

Mr. O. E. Legg, of Tipton, W. Va., has found a successful method of treating weakness and bloodlessness. He says:

"I used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for weakness caused by a lingering malarial fever that began in the spring of 1896. The worst effects of this were indigestion and a bad state of my blood. I was anæmic, as the doctors say. People generally would say that I didn't have blood enough, or that I didn't have the right kind of blood; mine was too thin. My kidneys and liver were out of order. I was badly annoyed by sour risings from my stomach. There was a good deal of pain, too, in my back and under my right shoulder blade."

"How long did these troubles last?"

"For over two years. For four months of that time I was under the care of a physician, but his medicine did me no good. Meanwhile I learned of the cures that had been wrought by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

"You owe your cure to these pills?"

"I certainly do, and I also know that they are helping others to whom I have recommended them. They have real merit and I know of nothing that would take their place."

For further information and valuable booklet address the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Smoking Contest.

The Concordia club, Berlin, had a smoking contest the other day. The prize went to the one of fifteen contestants who smoked half an ounce of tobacco in a pipe of a certain size in the shortest time. The winner did it in eighteen minutes.

"Patching and darning, as usual, are you?" said the caller.

"Yes," answered Mrs. Lapsling. "I tell Samuel I save him a good deal of money by being so mendacious."

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package, FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Wrong Inference.

Prof. Barrett Wendell of Harvard lightened with an anecdote an English lecture.

"There was a certain instructor," he said, "who was always impressing upon his students the need of perspicuity.

A young man came to him one day to get back an essay that had been submitted.

"'A very good essay,' said the professor, as he returned the paper, 'but, Mr. Smith, you should write always so that the most ignorant person can understand every word you say.'

"The young man looked up anxiously.

"'What part of my essay was not clear to you, professor?' he asked."

Didn't Make Good.

Tess—Don't you think Mr. Galley is awfully handsome?

Jess—Huh! "Handsome is as handsome does." He told me last evening that he was going to kiss me before he left.

Tess—The idea! Weren't you indignant?

Jess—I should say I was. When a man promises anything he ought to keep his word.

Feminine Attraction.

Dolly—Yes, the prettiest girl in our Sunday school sold kisses at 99 cents each to help along the church fair. somehow the young men were shy about taking them at that price.

Dick—No wonder. You must have been trying to attract girls. Young men are not looking for 99-cent bargains.

Longest Bridge in the World.

The longest bridge in the world is that crossing the Danube at Czernavoda, with a length of 12,705 feet; followed next by the Galveston bay bridge, in Texas, with 11,197 feet. The Firth of Forth bridge, near Queenspring, in Scotland, ranks eighth, and the Brookly bridge ninth.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{ SEAL } A. W. GLEASON,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Melba's Memory.

Mme. Melba possesses such a retentive memory that she can learn an entire opera in a week. She does much of her studying in bed, where she is far from noise, but the airs are chiefly mastered while she is walking or driving.

A Spring Suggestion!

Take Garfield Tea in the morning or before retiring; its use insures pure blood and a natural action of the liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels. It has a beneficial effect on the entire system. It is made of Herbs.

A Misanthropic Opinion.

"Aren't you ambitious to achieve fame?"

"Not at all," replied Mr. Cumrox. "Fame is merely an invitation to the entire public to gossip about you."

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa

No man ever broke his back under his brother's burden.

PAINS

AMERICAN WOMEN FIND RELIEF

The Case of Miss Irene Crosby Is One of Thousands of Cures made by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

How many women realize that it is not the plan of nature that women should suffer so severely.

Miss Irene Crosby

Thousands of American women, however, have found relief from all monthly suffering by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as it is the most thorough female regulator known to medical science. It cures the condition which causes so much discomfort and robs these periods of their terrors.

Miss Irene Crosby, of 313 Charlton Street, East Savannah, Ga., writes:

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a true friend to woman. It has been of great benefit to me, curing me of irregular and painful periods when everything else had failed, and I gladly recommend it to other suffering women."

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, bloating (or flatulence), displacement of organs, inflammation or ulceration, that "bearing-down" feeling, dizziness, faintness, indigestion, nervous prostration or the blues, should take immediate action to ward off the serious consequences, and be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and then write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for further free advice. She is daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years has been advising women free of charge. Thousands have been cured by so doing.

THE WHOLE LOT

If we don't heed prevention, we will need a cure. The Old-Monk-Cure

St. Jacobs Oil

is ready always for all forms of muscular aches or pains, from

LUMBAGO to STIFF NECK

RHEUMATISM to SPRAIN

IT CURES ALIKE THE WHOLE LOT.

TWENTY-FIVE BUSHELS OF WHEAT TO THE ACRE

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Means a productive capacity in dollars of over $16 per acre.

This on land which has cost the farmer nothing but the price of tilling it, tells its own story.

The Canadian Government gives absolutely free to every settler 160 acres of such land.

Lands adjoining can be purchased at from $6 to $10 per acre from railroad and other corporations.

Already 175,000 farmers from the United States have made their homes in Canada.

For pamphlet "Twentieth Century Canada" and all information apply to Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to following authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 815 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN

W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
ESTABLISHED JULY 6, 1876.
CAPITAL $2,500,000

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES & SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.

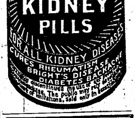
$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

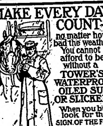
If I could take you into my three large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you the infinite care with which every pair of shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom. Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy. Write for Illustrated Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.


DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES


MAKE EVERY DAY COUNT—no matter how bad the weather. You cannot afford to be without a TOWER'S WATERPROOF OILED SUIT OR SLICKER
When you buy look for the SIGN OF THE FISH
TOWER'S FISH BRAND
A J TOWER CO. BOSTON U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO. LTD. TORONTO CAN.

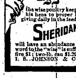
THE BEST COUGH CURE

No cough is too trifling or too serious to be treated by the **right** method, and the right method is the use of the best cough cure, which is

Kemp's Balsam

This famous preparation cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, grip and consumption in its first stages. Irritation of the throat and bronchial tubes is immediately removed by the use of Kemp's Balsam.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.



WHEN Eggs are Highest

the wise poultry keeper who has brought his hens to proper laying condition by giving daily in the feed a small quantity of

SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

will have an abundance of eggs to sell. A word to the "wise" is sufficient. One pk. 25c.; five $1; two-lb. can $1.20; six $5. Exp. paid. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

GOLD COIN HEAVE CURE

Write for FREE Sample

Cures Heaves, Chronic Coughs and Distemper

SEND TWO STAMPS mention this paper

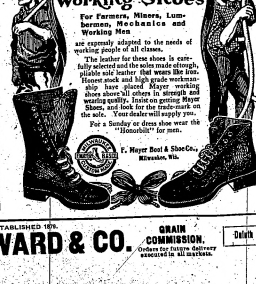
GOLD COIN STOCK FOOD CO. ST. PAUL, MINN.

Earn from $70 to $165 per month

Wanted young men to become Firemen and Brakemen on Minnesota and other railroads. Experience unnecessary. Positions secured when competent. Instructions at your home by mail. Write to-day for particulars. FEDERAL RY. TRAINING SCHOOL, 708 Oneida Block. Minneapolis, Minn.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

Kindly Mention This Paper.



Mayer Working Shoes

For Farmers, Miners, Lumbermen, Mechanics and Working Men

are expressly adapted to the needs of working people of all classes.

The leather for these shoes is carefully selected and the soles made of tough, pliable sole leather that wears like iron. Honest stock and high grade workmanship have placed Mayer working shoes above all others in strength and wearing quality. Insist on getting Mayer Shoes, and look for the trade-mark on the sole. Your dealer will supply you.

For a Sunday or dress shoe wear the "Honorbilt" for men.

F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Minneapolis WOODWARD & CO. GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth

Orders for future delivery executed in all markets.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 14, 1906. NUMBER 39.

VESUVIUS CLAIMS OVER 500 VICTIMS

APPALLING LOSS OF LIFE IS CHARGED TO THE DEATH-DEALING VOLCANO.

PEOPLE IN PANIC OF FEAR

TERROR-STRICKEN THEY FLEE BY THOUSANDS IN ALL DIRECTIONS.

Naples, April 11.—Reports of fatalities consequent upon the eruption of Mount Vesuvius are coming in. According to information received late last night probably as many as 500 lives were lost. It is said that more than 200 perished in the district of San Guiseppe, while from the ruins of a church which collapsed owing to the weight of ashes on the roof, 49 corpses were extricated, and it is asserted that at Sorrento 37 persons were killed by falling houses.

A railway train from San Guiseppe for Naples was derailed owing to showers of stones from the crater.

Cavalry Is Halted.

Cavalry proceeding to the succor of the inhabitants of the devastated section have been unable to make progress, the rain, falling on the ashes a foot deep, having made it impossible for the horses to travel.

Yesterday was a day of terror for the cities, towns and country about Mount Vesuvius. At midnight the situation appears more assuring, the lava streams having diminished in volume, and in some directions have ceased altogether, while a copious rainfall is cooling the lava where it remains stationary.

Town Destroyed.

This has caused the practical destruction of San Guiseppe, a place of 6,000 inhabitants. All except 200 of the people had fled from San Guiseppe and these 200 assembled in a church to attend mass. While the priest was performing his sacred office the roof fell in and about sixty persons were badly injured.

At Ottajano five churches and ten houses fell under the weight of ashes and cinders, which lie four feet deep on the ground. In the fall of the fall of the buildings about twelve persons were killed and many were injured. The village is completely deserted.

Terrible Devastation.

Reports from coast and inland towns depict terrible devastation. San Giorgio, Cremona, Portici, Resina and Torre del Greco have been almost completely abandoned. The inhabitants of Torre Annunziato are prepared to leave at a moment's warning. Somma Vesuviana is another village which has suffered most severely.

Although the eruption of the volcano is less violent than it was twenty-four hours ago the ashes are still falling in great quantities. Refugees from the threatened or destroyed villages are pouring into Naples by the thousands, arriving in every description of conveyance and on foot.

Fleeing in Every Direction.

The roads are crowded with processions of men and women carrying crosses and crying piteously. Special railway trains, warships and steamers are employed in conveying the homeless people to Naples, Rome and Castellammare, while numbers of people are fleeing over land in the direction of Caserta. Not less than 15,000 refugees have reached Castellammare.

King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena have further endeared themselves to the people by their activity in behalf of sufferers by the eruption, and the government is exerting itself for the relief of the destitute.

King and Queen on Scene.

The king and queen and their suites arrived at Naples yesterday morning, from Rome. When the royal train reached the station the eruption of the volcano was almost at its worst, but both insisted upon leaving immediately for Torre Annunziata, the king declaring:

"If Torre Annunziato is in danger it is my duty to be there."

Traveling in automobiles, and accompanied by the duke and duchess of Aosta and the Princess of Schleswig-Holstein, they set out for the afflicted districts.

About 150,000 refugees from the district of Somma Vesuviana have sought shelter here and elsewhere. The stream of lava, which had been threatening Torre Annunziato has remained stationary since Sunday evening so that the danger that the place would be overwhelmed appears to have passed.

SUGGESTS CHANGE OF DATE.

America's Message to Russia Anent The Hague Conference.

Washington, April 11.—The state department has suggested to the Russian government, through Ambassador Rosen, that the period suggested in the Russian note for the convention of the second Hague conference, namely, the early part of July, would be inconvenient to America and to some of the other countries of this hemisphere, which are expected to be represented at The Hague.

DISASTER OCCURS IN NAPLES

HUGE BUILDING COLLAPSES CARRYING DOWN 200 PERSONS WITH IT.

Naples, April 12. — The volcano is resuming activity, especially at Cercola. The stream of lava which started anew in the direction of Torre Annunziato reached the cemetery of that town and then turned in the direction of Pompeii.

The troops are conveying provisions, surgical accessories, and other relief material to the vicinity of Ottajano. A violent storm of sulphurious rain occurred yesterday at San Guiseppe, Vesuviana and Saviano.

200 Buried Under Building.

Weakened by the weight of sand and cinders from Mount Vesuvius, the Mount Oliveto market, which covered a plot of ground 600 feet square, fell upon 200 or more persons, of whom twelve were killed, two mortally injured, twenty-four dangerously and 100 less seriously injured. Several of the dead were crushed and mangled beyond recognition.

The scenes in the vicinity of the ruins were agonizing, relatives of the victims clamoring to be allowed to go to their dead or dying. Only by the firm intervention of the police and carbineers was it possible to keep the crowd from overwhelming those who were engaged in the work of rescue.

Villages and Towns Doomed.

While early in the day the activity of Mount Vesuvius appeared to have diminished, as night approached the prospect of immediate relief faded, and the fate of the villages and towns grouped around the volcano seemed more hopeless. Instead of decreasing, the fall of sand and ashes emitted from the crater increased.

The case of Torre del Greco is typical. For thirty hours the place has been practically decerted, but amid the ruins and a semi-darkness illuminated from time to time by vivid flashes of lightning, a few of the inhabitants go about hungry and with throats parched with smoke and dust, seemingly unable to tear themselves away from the ruins of what so recently were their homes.

Communication Cut Off.

Communication by rail or tramway with Torre del Greco and Torre Annunziato is impossible, owing to the cinder, sand and ash deposits. Railway travel to and from Naples is much hampered by the same conditions, and a collision yesterday resulted in the injury of about twelve passengers. Telegraphic communication with the towns farthest in the danger zone also is interrupted.

The flow of lava from the volcano, which had almost ceased during the night, recommenced early yesterday and the fall of volcanic ejecta in the Vesuvian communes has been enormous. It is feared that the weight of ashes on roofs will cause the collapse of many more buildings.

An Angel of Mercy.

King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena have forwarded to Premier Sounino, who is here, $20,000 to be applied toward the relief of the sufferers.

The duchess of Aosta was a veritable angel of mercy to the sufferers by the market house disaster. She spent the entire day at the hospital, comforting the bereaved and assisting the injured.

The number of dead taken from the church at San Giuseppe, which collapsed Monday while a congregation of about 200 persons were attending mass, is twenty-six. There were seventy-nine severely injured.

FIVE STORIES COLLAPSE.

Five Men Killed in Pittsburg and Many Others Injured.

Pittsburg, April 12.—With a crash that could be heard for squares, the five-story building at 622 Liberty avenue, recently vacated by J. C. Lauer, toy dealer, collapsed yesterday. The building was being demolished and about twenty-five workmen, mostly foreigners and negroes, were caught by the falling walls. A majority escaped with slight injuries, but several, just how many is not known, were buried under the debris. As soon as the dust had cleared away the work of rescue began. One body has been recovered and two men have been taken out alive. It is believed that at least four men and a team of horses are still in the ruins.

SEIZE SMUGGLED GOODS.

Stuff Brough Over in Oregon Is Being Rounded Up.

San Francisco, April 12.—Smuggled goods of considerable value, which were brought to this city on the battleship Oregon, were seized by the United States government inspectors yesterday at a local freight shed. Among the goods seized were pieces of valuable silk, many curios and expensive china sets, along with high-priced specimens of ivory. The custom house officials are pursuing their inquiry and expect to make other seizures.

INSURANCE BILLS PASSED.

New York Senate Unanimously Adopts Two Committee Bills.

Albany, N. Y., April 12.—Two of the bills proposed by the special insurance investigating committee passed the senate unanimously yesterday and now await only the signature of Gov. Higgins to become law. One amends the general corporation law relative to the acquisition of real property by life insurance companies. The other amends the penal code so as to penalize the giving of life insurance rebates.

WHOLE DISTRICT ONE VAST DESERT

APPALLING DESTRUCTION IS WROUGHT BY ERUPTION OF VESUVIUS.

PROSPECTS MUCH BRIGHTER

FALL OF ASHES NOT SO HEAVY —TERRIBLE DISTRESS AMONG FUGITIVES.

Naples, April 12.—The whole of the Vesuvius district as far as Naples, Caserta and Castellammare is one vast desert. Reports from all sides state that the fall of ashes is not so heavy as it has been for the last few days, and the ashes are much finer. From this, it is argued that the prospects are much brighter.

The blockade of local traffic continues, but service on the main lines has been re-established.

In Temper for Any Excess.

It was a disquieting day in Naples. The people, alarmed by what has happened, have deserted their shops, and the factories are nearly all closed. The crowds are in a temper for any excess. The arrival of King Emmanuel and Queen Helena has done much to restore calm. The royal palaces of Cappodimonti and San Fernando have been given up to refugees.

All the papers eulogize Director Matteucci for his courage in returning to the ruined observatory and sending from that place messages of encouragement.

Places of Amusement Closed.

The theaters, cafes and places of amusement have been closed, and before all the sacred images in the streets candles are kept burning, while smaller images are being carried out, in many cases being set down in the open air and surrounded by candles.

Troops are engaged in clearing the roofs of buildings of the accumulation of sand and ashes, which endangers the structures. Large glass covered galleries, which are much frequented, have been ordered closed.

Village Partially Buried.

The village of San Gennaro has been partially buried in sand and ashes and several houses have fallen. At that place three persons were killed and more than twenty injured. In the road at Torre del Greco three persons were found dead from suffocation.

The people who remain at Torre Annunziato are in danger of perishing from starvation, all the shops having been closed. Rations for 200 persons have been sent there.

The warships ordered here have been doing effective service in the removal of refugees.

Discuss Relief Measures.

Premie. Sonnino reached here yesterday by train from Rome, his journey having been greatly impeded. He had a conference immediately after his arrival with King Victor Emmanuel, with whom the premier discussed measures to restore public confidence, maintain order, aid the refugees and repair the damage caused by the eruption. Firemen and ambulance corps from Rome have been sent here.

Capri, a small island off the coast of Campania, nineteen miles south of Naples, a favorite resort for tourists and artists, has been covered with ashes and has been abandoned by its foreign population, which included several Americans.

Distress Is Appalling.

The distress among the tens of thousands of fugitives is appalling. The government has forwarded supplies of food and money, several of the Italian cities have done the same, and private citizens are contributing, but more help is needed.

Although the report that Sarno had been destroyed is denied, it is now officially admitted that Ottajano has been buried. The number of killed there and in the surrounding villages is not known, but 300, it is believed, would be a low estimate.

SMASHES CAR INTO CROWD.

Chicago Motorman's Act Will Cause Two Deaths.

Chicago, April 12. — Four persons were injured, two of them fatally, yesterday, when P. J. Daly, motorman of an Indiana avenue car, ran into a throng of pedestrians who were trying to cross Wabash avenue at Adams street. W. P. Kelly, conductor for the Pullman company, and D. E. Tamagno, an electrician, were so badly hurt that there is no chance of recovery. Daly made no effort to stop his car after running into the crowd. He was pursued by a policeman, who compelled him to stop the car and arrested him.

TRACK DYNAMITED,

But Fast Train Jumped Right Over Break in Rails.

Pittsburg, Kan., April 12.—An unsuccessful attempt to wreck the south-bound St. Louis & San Francisco passenger train known as the "Meteor," was made last night between Turck and Scammon, dynamite having been placed on the track. Three feet of track was torn out, but the fact that the train was running nearly 60 miles an hour carried it safely over the break.

MINERS PREPARE THEIR REPLY

ASK THAT TRIBUNAL BE PERMITTED TO CONSIDER ORIGINAL DEMANDS.

New York, April 12.—After having the counter arbitration plan of the anthracite operators under consideration nearly all day the general scale committee of the hard coal miners completed the draft of its reply and will present it to the mine owners today. The strictest secrecy surrounded the work of the committeemen. It is believed the miners have decided to accept the operators' offer that the anthracite strike commission take up the dispute, but will ask that the tribunal be permitted to consider the original demands with certain important modifications.

The concessions said to have been decided upon are that instead of an agreement being entered into between the operators and the United Mine Workers of America, it be made with the anthracite mine workers and that the check-off be limited to the wage workers who agree to an assessment to defray the expenses incurred in carrying out the miners' part of the agreement instead of all mine workers, union and non-union, being compelled to contribute, and that the duration of the agreement be left to the commission. The miners asked for a two-year agreement and the operators wanted one for three years.

EXPLOSION KILLS THREE.

Two Women and Child Covered With Gasoline and Burned Alive.

Glyndon, Minn., April 12. — The worst calamity that has ever visited this community befell it last night in the loss of three lives from, presumably, a gasoline explosion, resulting in the death of Mrs. Peter Anderson, Mrs. Olaus Anderson and the two-year-old son of Mrs. Olaus Anderson. Mrs. Peter Anderson, mother of Mrs. Olaus Anderson, was lighting the fire about 10 o'clock p. m. in the kitchen stove to warm food for the ailing child. The oil can exploded in her hands, enveloping her in flames and also her daughter, who caught up the little boy and ran from the house in a sheet of flames. She and the child were so badly burned that they both died. The rescuers found Mrs. Peter Anderson in a ditch burned almost to a crisp, but still alive and rational.

WOLFER WILL NOT LEAVE.

Warden Turns Down Offer to Go to Joliet.

St. Paul, April 12.—Warden Henry Wolfer of the state prison at Stillwater has been offered the position of warden of the state penitentiary of Illinois, located at Joliet, but he has decided to remain in Minnesota. A dispatch received yesterday from Springfield, Ill., says that negotiations were in progress, and that it was understood that Gov. Deneen expected to secure the services of the Minnesota man. Mr. Wolfer stated last night that the Illinois authorities had been conferring with him, and that he had considered the matter, and had decided to remain.

ENGINEER IS KILLED.

Train Derailed Near Cass Lake — Track Is Badly Torn Up.

Superior, Wis., April 12. — Great Northern passenger train No. 36, east-bound, while running at considerable speed, was derailed at the front end by striking some loose ties on the bridge at the entrance to Cass Lake. Engineer O'Flaherty of Superior was killed. The fireman jumped and was severely injured but will recover. According to the Great Northern assistant superintendent's office at Superior the passengers suffered nothing more than a shaking up.

CATTLE ARE IN GOOD SHAPE.

Have Best Winter Seen in Fifteen Years.

Madison, S. D., April 12. — Cattlemen report that their herds on the grazing lands east of the Hills have come through the winter in better shape than for fifteen years. The winter being mild and open, the cattle have fattened splendidly. Owing to heavy shipments made last fall, however, the spring movement of cattle will be less than usual.

DEAL INVOLVES $300,000.

Missouri and Indiana Men Buy Mining Property.

Missoula, Mont., April 12.—A mining deal involving $300,000 has just been completed here. Missouri and Indiana people have acquired the ownership of the Hughes creek placer property, near Hamilton, which has been operated by Ward & Wood. The property covers an area of 2,000 acres, and is listed as one of the best producers in the state.

200 FEET OF TRACK GONE.

High Water at Wausau May Close $1,250,000 Paper Mill.

Wausau, Wis., April 12.—All Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad trains are delayed by a washout of about 200 feet of track at Pine river. The water in the Wisconsin river is high at Brokaw. Officials of the Wausau Paper Mills company at Brokaw say that if the water rises another foot they will be compelled to close down their mills, erected at a cost of $1,250,000.

WILL ARBITRATE DOWIE DISPUTE

BOTH FACTIONS ARE NOW ANXIOUS FOR AMICABLE SETTLEMENT.

SAYS HE WILL SHOW UP SON

WILL REVEAL GLADSTONE'S TRUE CHARACTER UNLESS THREATS CEASE.

Chicago, April 12. — After conferences between representatives of the opposing interests in the Christian Catholic church, the statement was made at midnight that the whole controversy will probably be settled by conciliation. Both sides to the dispute, according to Attorney Emil Wetten, John Alexander Dowie's legal representative, are anxious for an amicable adjustment. Mr. Wetten went to Zion City yesterday afternoon and was in conference with General Overseer Voliva, Overseer Speicher, Overseer Piper, Deacon Granger and John Barnes, the head of Zion City's law department.

Sudden Change in Attitude.

Earlier in the evening a statement had been given out from Dowie's apartments that the whole matter would be thrown into the courts today, but after the return of Attorney Wetten there seemed to be a sudden change in the warlike attitude.

A plan is being considered to have the whole affair left to a board of arbitration to be chosen from both sides.

Dowie lost a valuable adherent yesterday in the person of Miss Elizabeth McLennan, who has accompanied him as a nurse on the long journey taken to regain his health. The woman went to Zion City after a heated interview with Dowie, in which she told him that she believed that Mrs. Dowie and Gladstone Dowie were shamefully maligned in the speech from the car step in St. Louis two nights ago. On her arrival at Zion City she sought out Mrs. Dowie and Gladstone Dowie and tendered them her sympathy and assistance.

Threatens His Son.

In referring to the threat which it is asserted that Gladstone Dowie made, intimating that if his father did not cease his attacks upon Mrs. Dowie he would reveal certain deeds said to have occurred in 1877. Dr. Dowie said:

"I remember nothing particular that occurred in 1877. I know of no reason why any exposure of my acts during that period should cause me to be afraid. Coming to think of it, however, there is one thing that happened in 1877, which I greatly regret, and that is that the Lord gave unto me a son, whom I named Gladstone Dowie. I want to say that unless this young man ceases these threats and insinuations I will be forced to reveal his true character to the world."

ARE MAKING CUBA HEALTHY.

Government Forces Start Radical Sanitary Reform.

Havana, April 12. — Genuine and radical sanitary reforms are now in progress throughout Cuba. The ordinances recently signed by President Palma giving the health department full control of conditions in the interior as well as in the coast cities and towns, with the power to impose fines in all cases of laxness or of resistance to the inspectors' authority, are being vigorously used to compel changes from conditions of filth to cleanliness. In many instances in Havana and elsewhere tenants have been compelled to vacate premises needing a radical cleaning. The sum of $200,000 authorized by President Palma's decree in the absence of action by congress, is being used in the vigorous cleansing process.

Special Traction Counsel.

Chicago, April 12.—Walter L. Fisher, until recently president of the Municipal Voters' league, and for several years a member of the law firm of Matz, Fisher & Boyden, has been appointed special traction counsel by Mayor Dunne. Mr. Fisher will receive a salary of $10,000 a year and will devote virtually all of his time to the city's service.

Showman Bailey Dead.

New York, April 12. — James A. Bailey, the showman, formerly of Barnum & Bailey, died at his home in Mount Vernon yesterday of erysipelas.

Fell on a Saw.

Menominee, Mich., April 12. — Joseph Janquard was sawed in two in a mill at Foster City. He was engaged to marry a Menominee young lady April 23. He was jostled by a companion and fell on a circular saw.

Everybody Must Stand.

Berlin, April 12.—According to the Volkszeitung, the police have been ordered to direct users of seats in Unter den Linden to rise and stand two yards behind their seats when Emperor William is expected to pass.

RATE TALK IS NEARLY ENDED

ALDRICH STATES THAT A VOTE ON THE BILL CAN BE REACHED BEFORE LONG.

Washington, April 12.—In the senate yesterday Mr. Aldrich expressed the opinion that the end of the general debate on the railway rate bill would become apparent before the end of the present week, then an agreement on a day to vote would be reached. The statement was made in response to a request by Mr. Tillman for such an agreement. There was no other discussion of the rate bill during the day owing to the fact that no senator was prepared to speak. It was announced that Mr. Spooner would reply to-day to Mr. Bailey's speech.

The session was almost entirely devoted to the consideration of the conference report on the bill providing for the final settlement of the affairs of the five civilized tribes of Indians. No conclusion was reached.

After nearly ten days of general debate with the postoffice appropriation bill as a vehicle for the discussion of a wide range of subjects, the house late yesterday reached the consideration of the bill itself, but little progress was made.

CLOTHING TORN TO SHREDS.

Would-Be Suicide Leaps From High New York Bridge.

New York, April 12—Nathan Isaacs of 66 Irving street yesterday jumped from the middle of the center span of the new Williamsburg bridge into the East river, 135 feet below, and was quickly taken out of the water by the crew of a ferry boat. His clothing was torn to ribbons, his shoes were torn from his feet, and he was terribly bruised by the impact of his body upon the water. Isaacs was unconscious when rescued, but soon revived and may recover.

IS LIKE CHARLEY ROSS.

Captured Boy May Have Been Stolen Two Years Ago.

Des Moines, Iowa, April 12.—Chief of Police Holmes of Boone yesterday a boy believed to be Charley Ross No. 2, or Richmond Byers, a six-year-old boy stolen from Seeleyville, Ind., two years ago. The boy is alleged to tally exactly with the descriptions given by the father. The father of the boy has been notified. Charges may be filed against the gypsies who held him in their camps if the identification is sufficient.

HATPIN STAB NOT FATAL.

Portion of Pin Is Found in Wound and Removed.

Parkersburg, Iowa, April 12.—Lillie Wilson, the fourteen-year-old girl who it was feared would lose her life because of a wound inflicted by a hatpin, has submitted to an X-ray examination of the limb. It was discovered that a portion of the pin had been broken off in the wound and this has been removed. It is expected now that she will recover.

BOY KILLS HIMSELF.

Disease Contracted From a Calf Made Him Desperate.

Sheldon, Iowa, April 12. — Frank Furk, son of a well-to-do farmer, committed suicide by shooting last evening, dying instantly. Some time ago he contracted mange or itch from a calf that he was doctoring. Physicians were unable to cure the disease and the annoyance of it drove the boy to kill himself.

Steamer Sails With Grain.

Superior, Wis., April 12. — The steamer Sonora, which has been lying at one of the elevators here all winter loaded with oats, cleared yesterday for Buffalo. She has 292,270 bushels of grain. The steamers Harvard, Watt and Maricopa of the steel trust fleet have cleared for Two Harbors, Minn., where they will take on cargoes of ore for Lake Erie ports.

May Be Murder.

Minnesota Junction, April 12.—Jens Jensen, a buttermaker, was fatally shot and his chum, Charles Neundorf, is held on the charge, which may be murder. Jensen was to leave for North Dakota. He sold his belongings. The two walked back from the sale and a quarrel and the shooting resulted.

Old Soldier Buried Alive.

Helena, Mont., April 12.—Charles Barthelmess, a retired soldier at Fort Keogh, was caught in the cave-in of a ditch while digging and was killed fore rescuers could dig him out.

Dies in Madison Hotel.

Madison, Wis., April 12. — A. O. Welch of Antigo, Wis., was found dead yesterday in a hotel room. The cause of his death is a mystery. He was about thirty-six years old.

Killed in Collision.

Boise, Idaho, April 12.—A collision occurred on the Oregon Railway and Navigation railway fifteen miles west of Huntington. One man was killed; another fatally hurt and four others seriously injured.

Walter Wellman Is Off.

Madison, Wis., April 12. — Walter Wellman bade farewell to his mother here yesterday preparatory to his North Pole trip. He sails from New York on April 24 and from Norway June 30.

ARMED REVOLT AFTER EASTER

REVOLUTIONISTS IN SOUTHEASTERN RUSSIA ARE IN UGLY MOOD.

GOVERNMENT GETTING READY

RAILROADS PLACED UNDER MARTIAL LAW TO PRESERVE COMMUNICATION.

St. Petersburg, April 12.—The revolutionists of the southeastern part of the empire are in an ugly mood. The government has been quietly preparing to put down an armed outbreak after Easter and has moved troops thither. As an attempt to cut communications was feared all the railroads have been placed under martial law, bridges and stations strongly garrisoned, and arms served out to railway employes.

Fearing a revolutionary attempt to blow up the railroad bridge across the White river, the guards at Ufa have several times fired on approaching boats. Last night the guards discharged a volley at a suspicious steamer which was showing no lights and riddled the upper works of the vessel, killing and wounding several of the crew.

Czar Is Too Busy.

Minister of the Interior Durnovo has sent a circular to the governors of the different provinces, telling them not to send any more peasant delegations to the emperor as he is too busy to receive them.

The first election disorders reported occurred at Astrakhan, where a mob of revolutionists formed on the outskirth of the city and swept down upon the polls in an attempt to prevent voting. The authorities had concentrated the police reserves of the whole province of Astrakhan, but they were defeated by the mob, which was dispersed by Cossacks. The election was then completed.

Demand Complete Reform.

Inspired by the strength shown by the radical movement, the Octoberists have declined to rename their party the Russian Liberal party and to include in its program more liberal planks on the labor and agrarian questions and the autonomy of nationalities for the consistent unity of the empire.

Members elected to parliament at Stavropol, Caucasus, have been instructed by the electoral college to demand the abolition of all class privileges and for the reform of the government on a democratic basis. They must also ask for the absolute nationalization of the lands belonging to the crown, to the church and to private holders for the benefit of those who actually till the soil.

ACCIDENT WEAKENS HEART.

Iowa Farmer, Apparently Recovered, Dies Suddenly.

Nashua, Iowa, April 12.—As the result of injuries received in a runaway accident last fall Samuel Sanderson, a farmer five miles east of here, is dead. His death occurred suddenly and is attributed to a weakening of the heart as the result of his injuries. He had apparently recovered from his hurts and was enjoying good health up to the time of his death. He had gone to the barn to feed the cattle, and on returning to the house complained of faintness. A doctor was summoned, but before his arrival Sanderson was dead. He was forty years old and leaves a widow.

BALLOON TRIPS ARE BEGUN.

Gotham Physician and Wife Are the First to Ascend.

Somerville, Conn., April 12.—Dr. J. P. Thomas and wife of New York city and Charles Levee, a professional aeronaut, who started from Pittsfield, Mass., at 2:15 p. m. yesterday in a balloon, landed about two miles southeast of this place on the farm of B. F. Kinney at 6:30 last evening. The landing was made easily in meadow land. This was the first of a series of amateur ascensions to be started from Pittsfield.

EXPERIMENT WITH SALMON.

Federal Authorities Transfer Fish From Pacific Coast to Maine.

Portland, Me., April 12.—An important experiment is being made by the federal fish hatcheries department in salmon breeding in Maine, introducing into the waters of this state the humpback salmon of the Pacific coast. About 500,000 young fish have been brought here and next week 250,000 will be placed in the Kennebec and Androscoggin rivers and 250,000 in the Penobscot river.

CHILD MAY LOSE HER SIGHT.

Falls From Buggy and Hits Head on Tire.

Bowbells, N. D., April 12. — While playing about a buggy Lillian Hagen, five years old, fell over the side in such a manner that her head struck the tire of the wheel. It caused a fracture of the skull just above the eye, and the doctor is fearful that even if he succeeds in saving the child's life its sight will be gone. The child is the ward of Miss Sena W. Peterson.

RAINY DAYS

They enter into every life history. No one can hope for fair weather to the "journey's" end. Cloud-bursts of adversity come to all sooner or later. They come when least expected.

Hope for the best and prepare for the worst. Begin to build now the protecting shelter of a bank account. It will keep you and yours in comfort and health till the cloudy days roll by.

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Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, April 14, 1906.

The farmers of this section will not be particularly pleased to hear that the price of butter went down six cents recently in New York.

J. Pierpont Morgan is said to be only able to eat one meal a day. Almost all of the Minnesota country editors have J. Pierpont beat, three to one.

It is estimated that fully thirty thousand settlers have passed through the state so far this year bound for the west or the Canadian northwest. With drainage and proper advertising many of them could have been induced to settle here.

Two candidates have formally entered the race this week for the republican nomination for governor in the persons of Julius Block, now state treasurer, and John Lund, the big land man of Minneapolis. Both are able men and either one would make a good governor.

A thief recently stole over two hundred thousand dollars' worth of property from the residence of Dr. Pinault, a wealthy Minneapolis man. He paid taxes on only about three thousand, however, and it is suspected that he must be one of the original Dunn bolters in Hennepin county.

Rosean Region: Those Minneapolis murderers ought to have incorporated. Then they could have told the whole story to the authorities, been let go as individuals, leaving the incorporeal corporation to be hanged. This is suggested by the decision of Judge Humphrey in the prosecution of the beef trust recently.

Sunbeam: There is some talk of St. Hilaire and Plummer taking a hand in the county seat scrap and making an attempt to steal the cheese while the cats are fighting. We only hope that Rhoda and High Landing will not get mixed up in the muss, as that would bring us in, and as we have had several years' hard drilling on county seat scraps (and got the worst of it at last by his 'oner the supreme court,) we would prefer to go way back and sit down and let others have all the honor and glory they can get out of it.

The village council has received applications for aid to held build two roads leading to the village which should receive serious attention. The people of Black River want a better road to the village and require help to make it, and in our opinion the council could not spend money to better advantage. There is a rich and prosperous country to the west of us and a good road in that direction will give big returns. The new township of Mayfield also wants aid to connect a road to the county ditch road and they also are entitled to favorable consideration. We hope the council will give both questions speedy and favorable attention.

It has long been conceded in the west and south that the tariff needs mending, but the manufacturers of the east seem to block the wheels and nothing has been done, and it does not even look favorable for any kind of tariff legislation at this session of congress. We are of the opinion that it is about time to commence to bear down a little harder upon our congressmen and senators and give them to understand that it is time there was "something doing." The protective tariff was originated to protect American workmen and encourage infant industries in the manufacturing line. It accomplished a noble purpose and may in some cases be still needed. The steel trust, which is only another name for John D. Rockefeller who is a thousand times a millionaire, ought by this time to get along without help from the people in the shape of a 40 per cent tariff bonus. It is a well known and undisputed fact that all American iron and steel products sell cheaper in foreign markets than in our own country. We are still taxing and denying ourselves to enrich the biggest and greediest millionaire on earth. American watches are another item. You can buy them in Europe, pay transportation and the tariff and still sell them cheaper than they can be bought from the factory at home, and an importer has recently proved it by getting a consignment and offering them for sale. It is the same with hundreds of other items. Does the American workman get the benefit? Not to any extent, but we are manufacturing millionaires faster than you can count. The popular cry today is railway rate legislation but we need tariff revision just as bad, if not worse. Every county convention in the state should discuss the matter and take action this spring. We are firm in the belief that the tariff needs revision and we would not take a jack plane to smooth it over but would use an ax.

SEEDING PROBLEMS

✦ ✦ ✦ ✦

Some Interesting Information on Three Important, Though Minor, Northwestern Crops.

✦ ✦ ✦ ✦

By Chas. H. Thornton, Publisher Duluth Commercial Record.

Among growers of grain in the three Northwestern states the question of durum (macaroni) wheat undoubtedly exceeds in interest all others.

This is natural, from the fact that its future as a dependable, profit growing cereal, based upon its real worth as a staple product for the Northwestern farmer, is still to be demonstrated. What is it worth? What is the real truth as to its milling value? How much more will it yield per acre than fife or blue stem? What are the export prospects this coming fall and winter? etc., etc. All these questions, and many more, have been fired at the writer during the past ninety days, especially the last one, referring to exports.

Explicit or complete answers cannot be given, but a review of the crop years of 1904-5 and 1905-6, with other facts of present knowledge bearing on the subject will undoubtedly prove of value to the Northwestern farmers in permitting them to arrive at independent conclusions.

The well known facts about durum wheat are that it was imported and fostered by the United States agricultural department for semi-arid regions of the Dakotas and other Western states, but that it will grow and produce a good yield in sections of normal or abundant rainfall was evidenced by the crop grown last year in localities favored by a rainfall more than normal.

What the final result of continued sowings in sections of excessive rainfall and its bearing on the quality of durum would be has not yet been demonstrated, but that heavy soil and excessive rains are injurious and deteriorating in their effects, to a certain extent, goes without question. Its adaptability for such sections and under such conditions has never been advocated by the agricultural department. While the full effect upon the quality of durum wheat grown in different localities and under different conditions has probably not been determined to anybody's satisfaction, there is a question about the foreigner's desires in the matter of quality, and this point must be strongly emphasized. They do not want anything poorer than No. 2, and would not have taken anything but No. 1 this year, could enough of it have been furnished.

On the present crop Duluth has handled eight million bushels and Minneapolis about one million bushels, other than what was reshipped to Duluth. Practically all of the durum received at Duluth has been sold for export, and the remarkable feature of it, at the present time, is that durum wheat at the seaboard is selling for export at prices better than can be obtained for spring wheat in the same position, and is in good demand. If this demand keeps up until the opening of navigation it is probable that durum at Duluth will be selling even with or higher than the corresponding grades of spring wheat.

All the causes that have contributed to the extraordinary demand for durum are hard to analyze at this time coming more or less as a surprise to the whole trade. It was said to be due to a shortage of Russian wheats of the same quality, but this can hardly hold good, as Russia has been a very large shipper of wheat ever since last August, with no suggestion of a shortage of any kind.

It was also intimated that it was being used exclusively for making macaroni, this being assumed because of the fact that the Mediterranean ports were the largest users of it, although there is room for doubting that any such quantity of wheat is used for macaroni.

Whatever the reason for the demand, it seems likely that it will continue to sell in the world's markets at very close to the price of other wheats. On March 2 the price of Russian wheats and durum was identically the same in European markets, 95 to 98 cents per bushel. Durum has come to stay, and must be reckoned with hereafter among our permanent wheat crops of the Northwest. If domestic mills refuse it, the demand abroad will no doubt continue to absorb our surplus, to the detriment of our other wheats. As regards its yield over other wheats there is no question but what it has the advantage by from three to eight bushels per acre, all conditions considered.

The only suggestion that the writer would make is that when seeded in sections enjoying an average rainfall of twenty to thirty inches it should be put on the lightest soil to be found, on the hills and not in the valleys or lowlands. Insist on seed that is absolutely free of other wheats, and if possible to obtain it use nothing but No. 1 durum.

Flaxseed.

Owing to the low prices prevailing for flaxseed last fall there seems to be a tendency to cut it out, and in this the writer believes a mistake will be made.

The comparatively low prices at which the last crop was marketed were not due to the size of the crop itself, but to the fact that the accumulated reserves carried forward from the large crops of 1902 and 1903, which had been artificially held off the market, were released, and did more than anything else to depress the price. These reserves, with the crop of 1905 amounted to about 10,000,000 bushels more than the country's annual consumption, but with export sales and an enlarged domestic demand the entire load has been well absorbed, and by the time we can harvest another crop will be pretty well out of the way.

The world's situation on flax is very strong, stronger than at any time since 1901; and with nothing in sight to make it weak.

Europe's principal sources of supply, Argentine and India, are both short in their crops; Argentine with a shortage of 23 per cent compared with 1905, and with barely 50 per cent of the crop of 1904; the Indian crop is just being harvested, and it is known that the drouth at seeding time worked material damage to the crop. The final crop figures, which will be published next month, will show a great shortage compared with 1905, and this in turn was only 60 per cent of the 1904 crop. Argentine will not start shipping on another crop until next January, and India will not harvest another crop until March of 1907.

Aside from the foreign situation, the domestic outlook, of itself, is strong enough. Consumption is increasing materially every year, and last year's crop would have been barely sufficient to supply domestic demands. It will be remembered that the crop of 1905 was exceptional in its large average yield per acre, and it does not seem possible that its average yield can be again duplicated this year. The area in 1905 was much more than it would have been were it not that the spring season was so exceptionally favorable to a large area of everything. With the rapid settlement of the far western part of North Dakota, the large new breakings of the past three or four years are no longer available for flax, and the trade will hereafter depend on the product raised from smaller fields, the twenty, forty or eighty-acre fields of scattered farms.

The writer has followed statistics on flaxseed since it first became a prominent crop in the Northwest and is firmly of the opinion that the 1906 fall prices for seed will be higher than they have been before in five years and much higher than at present. Should an accident of any kind occur to any considerable part of this year's American crop the world's statistical situation is acute enough to bring about extravagant prices.

It is a well recognized fact that flax cannot be grown continuously on the same field owing to the disease known as flax wilt. It can, however, be grown continuously on the same farm by so rotating the crop as to bring flax on each field but once in seven to ten years.

Flax requires a good soil, as it is not a strong feeder, and it does very well following corn or a grass crop. It is no harder on the land than is any grain crop. In fact, there is no more fertility removed by a crop of flax than by a crop of wheat, oats or barley. Flax is undoubtedly a valuable crop as a small portion of the total grain crop raised. The average yield in money value per acre has been in the past larger for flax than for wheat. It also has the advantage of requiring a shorter time to mature than other grain crops, thus making it possible to sow flax considerably later in the spring, which is quite often an advantage.

Barley.

Barley seems to be the tabooed crop of the Northwest, yet there is so much good that can be said in its favor as a paying crop that I have been surprised at the treatment accorded it by many farmers. The usual way has been to sow it after everything else was in, or after it was too late to sow other crops, and to harvest and thresh it when time could be spared. If a crop is obtained, well and good; if not, charge it up to Providence. This is entirely the wrong view to take of barley. There is no cereal grown in this country that pays better if properly cultivated and cared for. Many farmers do well as it is and if barley can be raised profitably in the old slipshod way there is no gainsaying that if cultivated on scientific principles the average yield could easily be increased five to ten bushels per acre and the quality advanced from 25 to 50 per cent, thus making the cultivation of this cereal second to none.

Barley should never be cut until it is full ripe, as unripe barley is of no value except as feed. Harvesting should always be done in dry weather and, if possible, the harvested crop should not be exposed to rain or heavy dew. If fully ripened and reasonably free from weeds barley can and should be stacked as soon as cut and permitted to sweat in the stack; between cutting and threshing unless stacked is the time when the greatest damage is commonly done.

When threshing from shock it should be stored in dry bins and watched carefully that heating does not occur while sweating; it should never be sent to market until after it has gone completely through the sweat, for when in a heating condition it is unfit for malting and worth only the price of feed. Close attention must be given that it does not get musty. This condition is very easily tested by experts and prices are reduced accordingly. Farmers should understand this if they desire to make their raising of barley profitable. After it is once damaged no amount of care will restore it to its natural usefulness. Sow pure seed of one distinct variety and plenty of it; mixed varieties will not malt evenly together and will not bring top prices.

In view of the excellent demand last fall for export barley, and the large amount shipped abroad, together with the present outlook for future prices, I am led to believe that there are bright prospects ahead for farmers who bestow a little care and attention upon the cultivation of this cereal.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Red Lake }

In the matter of the petition of P. A. Ekstrom, and others, for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 25.

Notice Is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 25, beginning at the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 29 in township 153 north, of range 44 west in said county and state, on the north side of the quarter section line, running thence through the following described lands to-wit:

East along the quarter line through the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 29, in township 153 north, of range 44 west to the section line between sections 28 and 29 in said township, thence south on the east side of the section line through the southwest quarter of section 28, the southeast quarter of section 29, the east half of section 32 and the west half of section 33 in said town and range to the north line of section 5 in township 152 north, of range 44 west, thence west along the town line and on the south side thereof, through the north half of sections 5 and 6 in said township 152, range 44, to the southeast corner of lot 4, of section 31, in township 153 north, of range 44 west; thence across to the north side of the town line and west therefrom along said town line through lot 4 of section 31, in said township 153, range 44, and through the south half of sections 36, 35 and 34, in township 153 north, of range 45 west, to Black River, terminating at said Black River at or near the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of section 34, in said township 153, range 45, and having said Black River as its outlet.

Also Branch Ditch No. 1: Commencing on the east side of the section line at the southeast corner of section 6 in township 152 north, of range 44 west, running thence north through the west half of section 5, in township 152, range 44, to the northeast corner of said section 6, and having the main ditch as its outlet.

Also Branch Ditch No. 2, specified by the engineer in his report, commencing at a point 3400 feet north and 39 degrees west of the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 29 in township 153 north, of range 44 west, in said county and state, and running thence in a southeasterly direction through the northeast quarter and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of said section 29, and the southwest quarter of section 28, in said town to the main ditch and having the said main ditch as its outlet, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

The Towns of Sanders, Black River, Polk Centre and Bray, Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Ry. Co., George H. Crosby, Trustee for Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Ry. Co., J. M. Ball, Frank E. Constans, George F. Constans, John A. Dunn, John O'Leary, Ole Torson, Minnesota Land Co., Charles G. Edwards, Lizzie F. Blunt, Frederick Rux, William Hanner, David E. Rux, H. J. Peterson, Charles H. Peterson, Fred E. Rux, Herman Ortloff, Gust Johnson, August Hoppe, Alfred J. Larson, J. A. Anderson, Alfred Dahlstrom, Maurius Miller, T. G. Liable, C. R. Liable, G. C. Liable, Charles H. Foy, Delbert M. Fitzsimmons, Peter A. Ekstrom, Erick Johnson, Anders Erickson, Andreas Ortloff, Julius Malberg, Peter Bingston, Anna M. Sandberg, Andrew Anderson, John Peterson, J. A. Mattson, John R. Gerlach, Edward H. Hener, E. L. Ruby, Alfred Anderson, Nels J. Highberg, Richard M. Wells, Kate Judge, Nels Johnson, Peter McKircher, John Grove, Charles A. Lindquist, Brennecke & Heald, Chas. C. Eklund, Anna Eklund, A. J. Akerlund, Theo. J. Toftoy, Ella G. Bishop, Hans Hanson, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Ry. Co., Gust Johnson, Mathilda Hoppe, August Akerlund, First State Bank of St. Hilaire, and Andrew Ortloff, and that the engineer appointed by the board of county commissioners of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said board of county commissioners to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Monday the seventh day of May, 1906, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, at one o'clock p. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said board of county commissioners at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

{ County Auditor's Seal. }

JAMES B. FORD,
County Auditor of
Red Lake county, Minnesota.

(ap14-21-28)

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Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

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We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

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Apply to....

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FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

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Official Abstracter.

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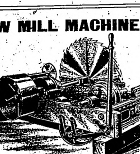

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

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VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D. Patterson	Councilmen
E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James F. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hanson
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Peirault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, secy.

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Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
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Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
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CORN 23rd ANNUAL Catalog of
EARLIEST AND HARDIEST of Everything on Earth. Every person who tills a foot of land needs it. Send for it now.
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BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA

THE LOCAL NEWS

For the famous Red St. Cloud Granite, see Higbie.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Wm. Eickhoff made a short business trip to Crookston last Tuesday.

Yesterday was Good Friday and the schools and banks had a holiday.

"Darn the weather anyway!" If this is not strong enough, fix it up to suit.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Mike Anderson has purchased the saloon building owned by P. G. Paradis.

A. S. Wilson made a short business trip to Thief River Falls last Saturday.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla,

W. A. Sorsoleil made a short business trip to Red Lake Falls last Wednesday evening.

Gus. Sandberg, of Crookston, was doing business here a couple of days this week.

Fred Case stepped on a nail the first of the week and walks a little lame in consequence.

C. L. Hansen, of the First State Bank of Red Lake Falls, was doing business here yesterday.

R. Swenson, of Germantown, is in town this week visiting with his son H. M. Swenson.

Services in the Swedish Mission church next Sunday at 8 o'clock. L.W. Nordhus, pastor.

Miss Elizabeth Powers, of Wylie, spent last Sunday here as the guest of Mrs. David Collins.

If you need anything in the line of granite or marble, see Dr. Higbie. He can save you money.

Christ Hall returned from Bemidji last Saturday, where he has been working for several weeks.

The Merchants State Bank have their ad. changed this week. It's a timely topic. Look it up.

Miss Ottilia Westlund returned last Saturday from Fargo, where she had been spending her vacation.

—Implement salesman or collector. Have desirable opening for right party. Address Box 466, Waseca, Minn.

G. B. Grace left last Thursday evening for Burlington, Iowa, where he will spend a week visiting his parents.

Leo Achenbach came back on Saturday and spent a couple of days here. He will work at Bemidji this year.

—Are you looking for accommodations? If so, go to the Merchants State Bank and make your wants known.

Earl Selves, who worked in the mill here the first part of last season, is back and will work here this summer.

The two bank statements published this week shows that the village is in a fairly prosperous condition financially.

—State Farmers Mut. Hail Ins. Co., Waseca, Minn. Largest cash surplus. Wants responsible agent. Write today.

Ed. Peet was one of the prodigals who returned from the woods last Saturday and will spend the summer here.

A crew of carpenters are at work making extensive repairs on the Norwegian Lutheran church on Minnesota avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Barholz, who have been visiting with M. L. Hanson, returned to their home at Fertile last Monday.

Manager J. M. Richards of the Crookston Lumber company, was here on Wednesday to see the saw mill start business.

E. M. Hoff received a carload of Minneapolis flour the first of the week, which he is selling at the same price as the local output.

President L. C. Simons came up from Red Lake Falls last Monday and spent a few hours looking over affairs at the Merchants State Bank.

J. S. Hanson came over from the Bemidji office on Thursday and will hold down Cashier Grace's place at the lumber office during his absence.

The weather the past two days has been about the worst possible. On Thursday morning it commenced to rain and kept it up until yesterday, when it turned to snow.

You feel the life giving current the minute you take it. A gentle soothing warmth, fills the nerves and blood with life. It's a real pleasure to take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Miss Eva Johnson was moved last Saturday from the home of O. F. Post to the Johnson residence on Minnesota avenue. She is recovering very slowly.

The city of Thief River Falls has spent nearly four thousand dollars on an artesian well and has failed to strike water. They are talking of trying a big charge of dynamite.

Knute Kolstad and Tom Havet returned last Wednesday from western North Dakota where they had been looking for land. They did not succeed in finding anything that suited them.

Norman W. Hannay came back from Seattle last Monday and spent a few days at home. He left for Minneapolis on Thursday evening, where he will spend a few days before returning west.

All smart, up-to-date women of today,
Know how to bake, wash, sing and to play;
Without these talents a wife is N. G.
Unless she takes Rocky Mountain Tea.
Imperial Drug Co.

THE SPECTATOR weather prophet is going to retire from the weather predicting business. Several weeks ago we made a prediction that the weather would be "cold and dry" this spring. Well, it's cold enough.

County Supt. McAnulty was in town this week in the interest of the seed grain contest that will be conducted among the rural schools of the county this year. He has already secured $225 in cash and valuable prizes.

W. A. Gould came over from Bemidji last Monday. Mr. Gould is known as the "river boss" for the Crookston Lumber company and he made good to the title while here. With a crew of men and a lot of dynamite he made a channel through the ice and loosened up the logs so that the mill could start on Wednesday morning.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.
JULIUS PLETH,
tf Plummer, Minn.

The viewers of the proposed county ditch number 25 have finished their work and filed their report with the county auditor. The total benefits estimated were $11,293.59 and the total cost including damages awarded was estimated at $9,389.74. Over eight thousand acres owned by sixty-eight persons will be benefited. There will be a hearing by the county board on May 7th.

A real estate deal of considerable magnitude was concluded the first of this week when John Maakrud purchased the W. A. Sorsoleil homestead in the south part of the village. It contains 150 acres, nearly all under improvement, has good buildings and is only one mile from the business part of town. The cash consideration was $3,700. Mr. Sorsoleil took the place in 1879 as a homestead and has resided there almost continuously ever since. The consensus of opinion is that Mr. Maakrud got the place at a bargain.

Can't Use Dip Nets.

Thief River Falls News: Deputy Game Warden Jones was up from Crookston last week. He stated that he had received reports from here to the effect that some were fishing in the Red Lake river with dip nets and that this was a violation of the law. Also that the law did not permit the spearing of pike, but did allow spearing of suckers and pickerel.

Saw Mill Running.

The big smokestack at the saw mill had its first smoke of the season on Monday last and they tested the machinery for the first time on Tuesday. On Wednesday morning work was commenced in earnest for the season and the night crew also commenced their labors. It is the intention of the company to run the mill both night and day for the entire season. Manager Evans has a good crew selected and the lumber is already coming out at the old time rate.

Bessie Surprised.

It's too bad that the weather always has to spoil things. It was far from being an agreeable day last Thursday although there were many who were wishing for a fair and sunny day. The real cause of all the worry was that it was Bessie's birthday and a large number of her young friends had planned a pleasant surprise party and were of course wishing for the best kind of weather for the auspicious occasion. However, it takes more than a bad rain storm to dampen the ardor of a crowd of young folks and on Thursday evening the party was held and a good time enjoyed by all despite the inclemency of the weather. Bessie was the grateful recipient of several useful and valuable presents to commemorate the occasion, among which were several neck ribbons, a decorated bone dish and a beautiful collar. Didn't we tell you before that Bessie was a dog?

Automobile Borax Train.

Borax is now hauled out of Death Valley in an automobile train. Formerly trains of 20 mules each had to do this work and their suffering was terrible. The sand cut into the skin like ammonia and the heat is almost more than man or beast can bear. Now the driver of the automobile train sits in a glass cage and the heat is his only discomfort. A crew of four men do the work of twelve hundred mules and two hundred drivers at an annual saving of $100,000. The automobile which used to be a luxury has now become a necessity. Among the necessities of life is golden grain belt beer. It is a necessity to health, strength and happiness. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

Hiawatha County.

Middle River Pioneer: Petitions asking that the question of the division of Marshall county be submitted to the voters at the next general election have been gotten out and are this week being circulated for signatures.

The petition calls for the division to be on the range line west of East Park, New Maine, New Folden and New Solum. The name given the proposed new county is Hiawatha, and Middle River is named as the county seat. The commissioners named in the petition are: Gustav Berg, town of Rollis; Brede Swenson, Newfolden; C. A. Anderson, Spruce Valley; John Resberg, Holt; N. Bundhund, Germantown.

Copies of the petition were sent into the towns east of here, while Albert Dalquist went to Warren with it. G. E. Carr was dispatched to Stephen. Others were detailed to look after other parts of the county. Only a few of them have been heard from but the reports indicate that an abundance of signatures have already been procured. 200 signers are reported from Stephen and 175 from Argyle. 125 have been secured in Middle River, while the town of Rollis gave us 50. The requirement is 25 per cent of the voters of the county.

Notice to Clean Up.

Notice is hereby given to the residents and property owners of St. Hilaire that they must before May 5th, 1906, clean up and remove any and all garbage, manure or slops, on the premises owned or occupied by them and also on alleys or thoroughfares adjacent to said property. Said owners or occupants are also required to maintain any and all property which they own or occupy in a thoroughly sanitary condition, also that proprietors of hotels and restaurants keep sufficient barrels in the rear of their places of business in which to deposit all offal and refuse, and contents of which shall be deposited on the dumping grounds at least once in each week.

Any person failing to comply with this order will be promptly prosecuted according to law.

By order of the village council.
A. F. BLOMBURGH,
Health Officer.

Uncle Tom's Cabin.

Stetson's "Uncle Tom's Cabin" company, with two Topsies, two Marks and everything uptodate, without destroying the venerable earmarks of this wonderfully attractive dramatization of Harriet Beecher Stowe's great work, will be presented on Friday, April 20th, at Imperial Opera House. Grandfathers who saw this play years ago, will be among the auditors in the company with their grandchildren, perhaps and there will be no difference in the heartiness of their applause than in years gone by. The same old procession, Topsies, Marks, Uncle Tom, Little Eva, will be there, but it is a procession that will march right into the heart despite its tramp of half a century.

The Stetson company, its scenery, specialities and accessories will be found to be the best and largest numerically, in America.

Linnihan Gets $200.

Crookston Journal: Yesterday Judge Watts of the district court ordered paid to Daniel Linnihan the sheriff of Red Lake county two hundred dollars as the reward for the capture of Wm. Frenske two months ago. The man Frenske was a horse thief who stole horses in the neighborhood of Red Lake Falls last December. He was found guilty and sentenced at the last holding of the Red Lake district court.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of Merchants State Bank at St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on April 6, 1906.
Date of call by Supt., April 6, 1906.
Date of report by bank, April 10, 1906.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts			$47,302 50
Overdrafts			1,264 63
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			4,047 99
Due from banks		12,082 14	
Checks and cash items		144 71	
Currency	925 00		
Gold	740 00		
Silver	282 50		
Fractional	13 74	1,961 24	
Total cash assets		14,188 09	14,188 09
Total			66,803 21

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$ 10,000 00
Surplus fund		800 00
Undivided profits, net		647 24
Dep. subject to check	21,267 93	
Demand certificates	2,883 07	
Total immed. liabilities	24,150 00	
Time certificates	31,704 97	
Total deposits	55,855 97	55,855 97
Total		66,803 21

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake }

I, K. O. Gigstad, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier.

Attest: (Two) Directors:
H. E. Ives.
Leonard Holmes.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of April, 1906.

A. O. DAVISON,
(Seal) Notary Public,
Red Lake Co., Minn.
My commission expires Nov. 19, 1911.

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
CIGARS
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

INTERESTING MEETING.

Plans Nearly Completed for Big County Teachers' Meeting Here.

The next meeting of the Red Lake County Teachers' association will be held at this village on Friday and Saturday, May 4th and 5th and if present plans mature there will be a large number of teachers present and an interesting and instructive program rendered.

Rural school agriculture will be the principal theme for an address by Prof. William Robinson, of the experimental station at Crookston. He is recognized as an authority on the subject and his address will be an instructive one.

Miss Dow, of the Moorhead Normal, will be critic teacher in arithmetic and a number of rural teachers will have class work by their pupils. The balance of the program will be announced later.

No Need for a Strike.

Crookston Journal: In view of the reported strike yesterday the officials of the mill are having much pleasure denying the reports. The men have been started in this year on the regular basis of $1.75 and $2.00 without any imposition from any quarter and the men are well satisfied with the arrangements. While there is a great scarcity of labor the mill has been quite fortunate in securing a good equipment who are skilled and steady workmen.

Poor Richard.

"In December of the year 1732," says Bigelow's "Life of Franklin," "Franklin commenced the publication of what he styled 'Poor Richard's Almanac,' price fivepence. It attained an astonishing popularity and at once. Three editions were sold within the month of its appearance. The average sale for twenty-five years was 10,000 a year. He was sometimes obliged to put it to press in October to get a supply of copies to the remote colonies by the beginning of the year. It has been translated into nearly if not quite every written language, and several different translations of it have been made into the French and the German. It contains some of the best fun as well as the wisest counsel that ever emanated from his pen."

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of First State Bank at St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on April 6, 1906.
Date of call by Supt., April 6, 1906.
Date of report by bank, April 10, 1906.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts			$16,318 06
Overdrafts			416 17
Other bonds, stocks and securities			2,019 85
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			4,000 00
Other real estate			225 76
Due from banks		4,344 50	
Checks and cash items		696 76	
Currency	951 00		
Gold	505 00		
Silver	345 25	1,801 35	
Total available Assets		6,842 61	6,842 61
Total			$59,822 45

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$10,000 00
Surplus fund		2,000 00
Undivided profits, net		595 22
Dep. subject to check	$12,860 06	
Demand certificates	1,401 52	
Total immediate liabili's	14,261 58	
Time certificates	32,965 65	
Total deposits	47,227 23	47,227 23
Total		$59,822 45

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Red Lake. }

I, B. E. Burkee, cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above Statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

B. E. BURKEE,
Cashier.

Attest: (Two) Directors:
J. K. Hannay.
B. E. Burkee.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 10th day of April, 1906.

O. F. POST,
[SEAL] Notary Public,
Red Lake Co., Minn.
My commission expires Feb. 8, 1911.

OPERA HOUSE
ST. HILAIRE
..Friday, April 20..

STETSON'S
Original Big Double Spectacular
Uncle Tom's Cabin
COMPANY
The Barnum of them All.
Under the management of
LEON W. WASHBURN.

More Grand Novelties than ever.
Gorgeous Scenery.
Mechanical Effects.
Prof. Gerlach's Military Band

COLORED FEMALE DRUM CORPS

Blood Hounds.
Genuine Cake Walkers.
Buck and Wing Dancers.
Male and Female Quartettes.
Jubilee Singers. Grand Visions and Transformation Scenes.

WATCH THE BIG PARADE

Reserve Seats, 75c.
Tickets now on sale.

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

FIRE INSURANCE
— is a —
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class
— FOR RATES CALL ON —
HARRY E. IVES.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for......
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

TIME TABLE
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
10:35 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
11:05 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
11:35am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

This is the season of listlessness, headaches and spring disorders. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is a sure preventative. Makes you strong and vigorous. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

For refreshments call at Number 188

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

McMURRAY'S VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR
A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

CLEARANCE SALE
OF ALL WARM GOODS
25 Per Cent Reduction
on all LADIES', MISSES'
and CHILDREN'S.........
CLOAKS,
JACKETS
and FURS
E. M. HOFF

SAVED BABY LYON'S LIFE.

Awful Sight From That Dreadful Complaint, Infantile Eczema—Mother Praises Cuticura Remedies.

"Our baby had that dreadful complaint, Infantile Eczema, which afflicted him for several months, commencing at the top of his head and at last covering his whole body. His sufferings were untold and constant misery, in fact there was nothing we would not have done to have given him relief. We finally procured a whole set of Cuticura Remedies, and in about three or four days he began to show a brighter spirit and really laughed, for the first time in a year. In about ninety days he was fully recovered. Praise for the Cuticura Remedies has always been our greatest pleasure, and there is nothing too good that we could say in their favor, for they certainly saved our baby's life, for he was the most awful sight that I ever beheld prior to the treatment of the Cuticura Remedies. Mrs. Maebelle Lyon, 1826 Appleton Ave., Parsons, Kan., July 18, 1905."

And That's a Fact.

"Of course, I am sorry for you," said the girl with the cold storage heart, "but I really cannot wed you. It's so hard to be poor."

"Oh, I don't know," said the philosophical young man in the parlor scene. "It isn't half as hard as it is to get rich."

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package, FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Retort Courteous.

"If I was your wife," said the irate mother-in-law, "I'd give you poison."

"If you were my wife," replied the son-in-law, meekly, "I wouldn't wait for you to give it to me. I'd take it of my own accord."

Good Health!

How to get it. How to maintain it: Take nature's medicine, Garfield Tea, the mild laxative. It is made of herbs. It purifies the blood and establishes a normal action of liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels.

Of Course.

Van Camp—I once knew a man who really enjoyed moving.

Flatleigh—I don't believe it.

Van Camp—It's a fact. You see, he lived in a houseboat.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Most people would far rather listen to undeserved praise than to merited criticism.

Love's music is never perfect without the chorus of pain.

CURES INDIGESTION

When what you eat makes you uncomfortable it is doing you very little good beyond barely keeping you alive. Digestive tablets are worse than useless, for they will in time deprive the stomach of all power to digest food. The stomach must be toned up—strengthened. The herb tonic-laxative,

Lane's Family Medicine

will do the work quickly and pleasantly.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

The World's Standard

DE LAVAL CREAM SEPARATORS

700,000 In Use. Ten Times All Others Combined.

Save $10 - per Cow Every Year of Use over all Gravity Setting Systems and $5 - per Cow over all Imitating Separators

Send for new 1906 Catalogue

THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.

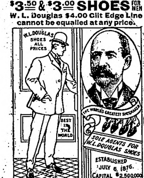
Canal & Randolph Sts. CHICAGO. 74 Cortlandt Street NEW YORK

OVER 3,000 BRANCHES AND LOCAL AGENCIES.

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN

W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.


W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
ESTABLISHED JULY 6, 1876. CAPITAL $2,500,000

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES & SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

If I could take you into my three large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you the infinite care with which every pair of shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

GOLD COIN HEAVE CURE

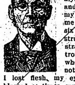
Write for FREE Sample

HEAVES

Cures Heaves, Chronic Coughs and Distemper. SEND TWO STAMPS mention this paper. GOLD COIN STOCK FOOD CO. ST. PAUL, MINN.

A LIVING DEATH.

Vividly Described By a Citizen of Sioux Falls, South Dakota.



Andrew Johnson, 411 West Twelfth St., Sioux Falls, S. D., says: "Doan's Kidney Pills saved my life. My doctor, from a careful analysis of the urine and a diagnosis of my case, had told me I could not live six weeks. I was struck down in the street with kidney trouble, and for a whole year could not leave the house. I lost flesh, my eyes failed me, I bloated at times, my back hurt and I suffered a living death. There seemed no hope until I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. Then I began to improve. The pain left gradually, the swellings subsided, I gained appetite and weight, and to make a long story short, I got well!"

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Or Was It the Baby?

Lawson—I thought you told me that you had picked out a name for the baby two months ago.

Dawson—We did, but it didn't fit.

The Best Guaranty of Merit Is Open Publicity.

Every bottle of Dr. Pierce's world-famed medicines leaving the great laboratory at Buffalo, N. Y., has printed upon its wrapper all the ingredients entering into its composition. This fact alone places Dr. Pierce's Family Medicines *in a class all by themselves*. They cannot be classed with patent or secret medicines because they are neither. This is why so many unprejudiced physicians prescribe them and recommend them to their patients. They know what they are composed of; and that the ingredients are those endorsed by the most eminent medical authorities.

The further fact that neither Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the great stomach tonic, liver invigorator, heart regulator and blood purifier, nor his "Favorite Prescription" for weak, overworked, broken-down, nervous women, contains any alcohol, also entitles them to a place all by themselves.

Many years ago, Dr. Pierce discovered that chemically pure glycerine, of proper strength, is a better solvent and preservative of the medicinal principles residing in our indigenous, or native, medicinal plants than is alcohol; and, furthermore, that it possesses valuable medicinal properties of its own, being demulcent, nutritive, antiseptic, and a most efficient antiferment.

Neither of the above medicines contains alcohol, or any harmful, habit-forming drug, as will be seen from a glance at the formula printed on each bottle wrapper. They are safe to use and potent to cure.

Not only do physicians prescribe the above, non-secret, medicines largely, but the most intelligent people employ them—people who would not think of using the ordinary patent, or secret medicines. Every ingredient entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's medicines has the strongest kind of an endorsement from leading medical writers of the several schools of practice. No other medicines put up for like purposes has any such *professional* endorsement.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. One "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic. Druggists sell them, and nothing is "just as good." Easy to take as candy.

Doubt.

"George writes," said Mrs. Gayman, with an incredulous smile, "that he couldn't get back from New York last night because of very urgent business."

"Ah," remarked her old schoolmate from Boston, who was visiting her, "then that was an epistle from him the postman just left?"

"Well, you might call it an epistle, but it certainly isn't gospel."

Why He Didn't Prosper.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., in an address on the subject of success, said:

"I will illustrate my meaning with an incident that happened in a Western mill.

"A huge, brawny chap applied to the foreman of the mill for work. Though there were no vacancies, the foreman took him on—he told so piteous a tale of woe—and set him to shoveling coal in the mill-yard.

"In the afternoon the foreman went to see how the new hand was doing. He found him, in company with an old hand—a lean veteran of sixty—shoveling coal into a cart. But the old hand worked faster than the new one, shoveling in two shovelfuls of coal to the new hand's one.

"'Look here,' said the foreman to the brawny stranger, 'this is hardly fair. Pete is throwing two shovelfuls into the cart to your one.'

"'Yes, boss,' replied the new hand, 'and I told the fool about it, too.'"

DECAYED STARCH.

A Food Problem.

An Asheville man tells how right food did that which medicines had failed to accomplish.

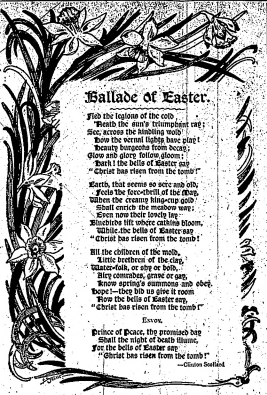
"For more than 15 years," he says, "I was afflicted with stomach trouble and intestinal indigestion, gas forming in stomach and bowels and giving me great distress. These conditions were undoubtedly due to the starchy food I ate, white bread, potatoes, etc., and didn't digest. I grew worse with time, till, 2 years ago, I had an attack which the doctor diagnosed as appendicitis. When the surgeon operated on me, however, it was found that my trouble was ulcer of the pancreas instead of appendicitis.

"Since that time I have had several such attacks, suffering death, almost. The last attack was about 3 months ago, and I endured untold agonies.

"The doctor then said that I would have to eat less starchy stuff, so I began the use of Grape-Nuts food for I knew it to be predigested, and have continued same with most gratifying results. It has built me up wonderfully. I gained 10 pounds in the first 8 weeks that I used Grape-Nuts, my general health is better than ever before, my brain is clearer and my nerves stronger.

"For breakfast and dinner, each, I take 4 teaspoonfuls of Grape-Nuts with cream, a small slice of dry toast, an egg soft boiled and a cup of Postum; and I make the evening meal on Grape-Nuts and cream alone—this gives me a good night's rest and I am well again." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.



Ballade of Easter.

Fled the legions of the cold
'Neath the sun's triumphant ray;
See, across the kindling wold
How the vernal lights have play!
Beauty burgeons from decay;
Glow and glory follow gloom;
Hark! the bells of Easter say
"Christ has risen from the tomb!"

Earth, that seems so sere and old,
Feels the fore-thrill of the May,
When the creamy king-cup gold
Shall enrich the meadow way;
Even now their lovely lay
Bluebirds lift where catkins bloom,
While the bells of Easter say
"Christ has risen from the tomb!

All the children of the mold,
Little brethren of the clay,
Water-folk, or shy or bold,
Airy comrades, grave or gay,
Know spring's summons and obey.
Hope!—they bid us give it room
Now the bells of Easter say,
"Christ has risen from the tomb!"

ENVOY.

Prince of Peace, thy promised day
Shall the night of death illume,
For the bells of Easter say
"Christ has risen from the tomb!"

—Clinton Scollard

Story of the Easter Rabbit.

Once more the Easter Rabbit has arrived to fulfil his annual mission. Only a day his merry reign will last, and then—such is the inexorable decree—he must return to the abode where Santa Claus, fairies, brownies and other mysterious friends of little folk hold goodly company.

With what joyous anticipation eager eyes have watched for his appearance at the confectioners' windows, how many busy little hands have constructed nests of moss and twigs for his reception, or have framed notes of invitation in the most endearing terms to this generous little guest! Ah, indeed, the Easter Rabbit has won the hearts of all, and bids fair to vie even with the venerable Christmas saint in popularity.

And now he is here, and has no doubt, responded most graciously to all requests and has filled the nests and pockets of the child world to overflowing with his gayly colored gifts.

But who is this cheery stranger, at whose modest knock the doors of palace and hut alike are opened with a hearty welcome? We merely know he is of German descent, but his true origin and significance time has hidden from most of us, and to lift the veil we must wander back thousands of years into the very heart of the Fatherland.

It is still winter; lakes and streams are icebound, and the snow seems loath to withdraw its glistening mantle from the bleak and dreary fields. Yet in the heart of the Pagan mother is joy; she has heard to-day the note of a songbird and has seen the willows stretch forth their silver hooded buds; there is no doubt Ostara, the goddess of spring, is on the way. Gladly she hastens home with the good tidings, gathers her children around her and whispers to them:

"The hare of Ostara has been here, little ones. Do you know what that means? We must prepare for the Osterfestival. Father is already in the forest, gathering wood for the fire that shall greet the kind goddess at her arrival."

"But how did the little hare know, mother dear."

"Ah, my child," said the mother smiling, there was no need of it. My grandsire told me the story of Ostara's hare when I was not older than thou art now. Listen to me, little ones, and I will tell you what he said.

"Long, long years ago, when the earth was still young, a fearful winter visited this land. Ice and snow would not cease, and man and beast perished from cold and hunger. Ah, how grieved the gentle goddess Ostara was when she looked down from on high and beheld the misery of her children! Well she knew that before long her reign would begin, and grass and flowers spring up wherever her foot touched the ground, and the air become fragrant with her breath. But, alas! hope had died within the hearts of the people, and she longed to comfort them. Oh, for a fleet messenger who would spread the news of her coming over the sorrow stricken land, tell the buds to come forth and the birds to build their nests and lift their voices in a chorus of joy, and bid men to mourn no longer, but look upon all these signs and know that New Life was at hand.

"Thus the goddess sighed, but no one heard—no one but the little hare, who had always been sharp, wonderfully sharp, of hearing. He pricked up his long ears and listened, and then he was off with a bound, and sped through the country as though he had wings on his feet. Soon his message was given to each and all, and when shortly after the goddess held her triumphant entry in the German lands she was welcomed and honored as never before by the grateful people. Yet the happiest of all was the swift footed hare whom fair Ostara appointed her messenger forever and aye."

* * * * *

Ages have passed since this simple story was told, the goddess of spring has been forgotten, but her name still lives in the great Christian festival of this season (Ostara, Ostern, Easter). Easter fires flame on all the hilltops of Germany, and the hare, or Easter Rabbit, with the first tokens of spring, the eggs and the budding willow branches, are held in high favor as the symbolic heralds of a higher and spiritual revelation.

Welcome, then, thou faithful little messenger! Welcome, also, in this country! Gladden the hearts of the children with thy bright and varied gifts, and to those who long for a wider vision whisper the good tidings of a new and everlasting life, first proclaimed at the empty grave of our Savior.

VARIOUS FLOWERS OF EASTER.

Every Christian Land Has Its Special Emblem of the Day.

Every country has its flowers especially given to Easter, whether spotless white or tinted in opal hues like the wings of Fra Angelico's angels. The entire church calendar may indeed be counted in bloom from the Candlemas lily in February to the Glastonbury thorn on Christmas day.

The Easter flower of two centuries ago for the little English girl was the yellow daffodil, and she bore its golden bloom to the service with a glad devotion. It was the Lent lily, and she watched eagerly for the first green blades to pierce the earth, or remembered a bank where it grew in wild profusion and went to seek it there, full of delight when its yellow bells greeted the sunshine.

The little Dutch maiden carried handfuls of anemone, the first flowers that come after the cold and snow. The Dutch maiden calls it Paas Blumtje, because it blooms at Easter. But the Pingster-Bloem, the flower of Whitsunday, our pink azalea, is even dearer, and parties of young people gather it to adorn the homes.

All over our country the lily is claimed for Easter, and the name is given to one species which we call Easter lily. This pure white blossom is noted in early paintings. The lily of the annunciation was always placed beside the madonna or in the hand of the Angel Gabriel, and the shimmering purity of its satin vesture seems to make it especially suited to speak of that new life that comes from the dark shadows of the grave.—Miss DuBois in the Interior.

KLONDYKER THINKS OF EASTER.

The Frozen North Forgotten in His Dreams of Youth.

A gold-seeker in the Klondyke writes: "By the time you receive this Easter may not be far away, and the thought of it reminds me of the first one I passed here. Easter eggs cost about ten cents apiece, and I could only afford one for breakfast. When I broke it I thought I heard a bird chirp, and looking up saw the barren rocks and ice-topped mountains no more, but fruit trees in bloom, thousands of miles away. How was that for keen sight? And from among the trees wood smoke rose—out of a kitchen chimney. Then out on the porch of the old farm house came the best woman in the world—at that time—a little faded externally, but with a heart of gold. She called: 'Pe-et-e-er, come to breakf-a-a-st. Where is that good-for-nothing? Oh, there he is! Peter, come to breakfast. Have you done your chores?' 'Yep.' Now 'Nope' would have been nearer the truth, for I had been hunting Easter eggs, and the calf was calling piteously for milk. The old cow, with a full and willing bag, was bellowing to beat the band, and Old Bob was kicking his stall to pieces, while the chickens were looking reproachfully at me because I hadn't fed them.

"My boyish hands were full in those days—and work is good for boys. To the kitchen. I fling my cap due north and sit down facing the crippled sister, who has the sweetest face that angels ever smiled to meet. They have met, both those faces, long ago. Such Johnny cakes! So crisp and generous, as into their hot recesses I plastered the golden butter! I smell that coffee now, and I quaff the rich milk old Bossy gave. Time has turned backward, and made me a boy again, and the old fellow finds too much salt in his egg—some of it has dropped from his eyes."

Apple the King of Fruit.

As iron is rated among the metals, so the apple ranks among fruits. As the word "Book" is appropriated as the name for the chief book of all, so apple sometimes stands for fruit in general.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Paul Born, Grover, S. D., windmill governor; Bertrand Field, Minneapolis, Minn., sent back; Hans Hanson, Minneapolis, Minn., calculating machine; Frank Hipp, New Brighton, Minn., folding crate; Henry Connell, Minneapolis, Minn., culinary vessel; Frank Purcell, Luverne, Minn., sealing device; Frederick Schaeger, Rockham, S. D., gate.

Her Hobby.

Bragg—Sure. He originated the part.

Stingyman's Wife—I'm saving all of the money you give me, dear.

Stingyman—That's good.

Wife—Yes. I call it my "collection of rare old coins."

Narrow Escape.

"I can cure you, I believe," said the young doctor, "but you must drink no coffee—"

"I never do drink coffee," interrupted the patient.

"Er, don't interrupt me. As I was saying, you must drink no coffee but purest Mocha. You must drink a little of that every morning."

HARNESSMAKERS WANTED.

Twenty-five harnessmakers wanted at good wages; steady work guaranteed. Apply to The Konantz Gayer Co., 227-231 E. 6th st., St. Paul, Minn.

Appropriate Answer.

Cholly Sappy—Er—really, Miss Kandor, don't know why you should tweat me as you do. Why do you say you "don't like my face?"

Miss Kandor—Because.

Cholly Sappy—"Because?" There's no reason in that.

Miss Kandor—Well, there isn't any in your face, either.

RHEUMATISM CURED

The Disease Yielded Readily to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills After Other Treatment Failed.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure rheumatism because they supply the necessary elements to the vitiated blood and enable nature to cast out the impurities and effect a cure. Mrs. A. Baker, of No. 119 Fitch street, Syracuse, N. Y., will furnish living evidence of the truth of this statement. "There has been rheumatism in my family ever since I can remember," she says. "My grandmother was a great sufferer from muscular rheumatism and my mother also had the disease in a mild form. About a year ago I had a hard cold and rheumatism caught me in my left knee. There were sharp pains, confined to the neighborhood of the knee and they seemed to go right into the bone. The pain I suffered was intense and I also had dizzy spells.

"The doctors called my trouble uriatic and sciatic rheumatism. When I didn't get better under their treatment my brother-in-law suggested that I try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I bought three boxes, and, by the time I had taken them, the pain and dizziness had entirely left me. I wanted to make sure of a cure so I bought three more boxes, but I didn't take quite all of them as I found that I was entirely cured.

"Before I took the pills the pain was so severe that I had to cry at times and when I was cured I was so thankful and grateful and I am glad to recommend them to every one who suffers with rheumatism."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured severe cases of anæmia, sciatica, nervousness, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia and St. Vitus' dance that have not responded to other modes of treatment.

All druggists sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills or they will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Our idea of a pestiferous man is one who waits until Saturday night to get his hair amputated.

Women in Our Hospitals

Appalling Increases in the Number of Operations Performed Each Year—How Women May Avoid Them.

Miss Ruby Mushrush
Mrs. Alice Berryhill

Going through the hospitals in our large cities one is surprised to find such a large proportion of the patients lying on those snow-white beds women and girls, who are either awaiting or recovering from serious operations.

Why should this be the case? Simply because they have neglected themselves. Female troubles are certainly on the increase among the women of this country—they creep upon them unawares, but every one of those patients in the hospital beds had plenty of warning in that bearing-down feeling, pain at left or right of the abdomen, nervous exhaustion, pain in the small of the back, dizziness, flatulency, displacements of the organs or irregularities. All of these symptoms are indications of an unhealthy condition of the female organs, and if not heeded the penalty has to be paid by a dangerous operation. When these symptoms manifest themselves, do not drag along until you are obliged to go to the hospital and submit to an operation—but remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has saved thousands of women from surgical operations.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful periods, weakness, displacement or ulceration of the organs, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation, backache, bloating (or flatulency), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings they should remember there is one tried and true remedy.

The following letters cannot fail to bring hope to despairing women.

Miss Ruby Mushrush, of East Chicago, Ind., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I have been a great sufferer with irregular periods and female trouble, and about three months ago the doctor, after using the X-Ray on me, said I had an abcess and would have to have an operation. My mother wanted me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a last resort, and it not only saved me from an operation but made me entirely well."

Mrs. Alice Berryhill, of 313 Boyce Street, Chattanooga, Tenn., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Three years ago life looked dark to me. I had ulceration and inflammation of the female organs and was in a serious condition.

"My health was completely broken down and the doctor told me that if I was not operated upon I would die within six months. I told him I would have no operation but would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. He tried to influence me against it but I sent for the medicine that same day and began to use it faithfully. Within five days I felt relief but was not entirely cured until I used it for some time.

"Your medicine is certainly fine. I have induced several friends and neighbors to take it and I know more than a dozen who had female troubles and who to-day are as well and strong as I am from using your Vegetable Compound."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

Mrs. Pinkham, daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice and medicine have restored thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

The Government of Canada

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Gives absolutely FREE to every settler one hundred and sixty acres of land in Western Canada.

Land adjoining this can be purchased from railway and land companies at from $6 to $10 per acre.

On this land this year has been produced upwards of twenty-five bushels of wheat to the acre.

It is also the best of grazing land and for mixed farming it has no superior on the continent.

Splendid climate, low taxes, railways convenient, schools and churches close at hand.

Write for "Twentieth Century Canada" and low railway rates to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada; or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

Tonsilitis Bronchitis Hoarseness

CURED BY

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

For Internal and External use.
Relieves rheumatism and neuralgia.
Cures lame or sore muscles, strains, sprains or soreness anywhere.
25 and 50 cents. Sold by druggists.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

FREE

Oh, Boys! Oh, Boys!

Earn this newly invented BREECH LOADING GUN or BASE BALL OUTFIT, consisting of large Mitt, Cap and fine Base Ball, by selling 24 splendid lead pencils at 5c. each. It's dead easy; boys we trust you. Write for pencil and circular showing Gun, Indian Suits, Target and other premiums.

Thirteenth Street Lead Pencil Company, 329 W. 13th Street, NEW YORK.

N W N U —NO. 15— 1906.

HIGH CLASS DRUGGISTS

AND—OTHERS.

The better class of druggists, everywhere, are men of scientific attainments and high integrity, who devote their lives to the welfare of their fellow men in supplying the best of remedies and purest medicinal agents of known value, in accordance with physicians' prescriptions and scientific formula. Druggists of the better class manufacture many excellent remedies, but always under original or officinal names and they never sell false brands, or imitation medicines. They are the men to deal with when in need of anything in their line, which usually includes all standard remedies and corresponding adjuncts of a first-class pharmacy and the finest and best of toilet articles and preparations and many useful accessories and remedial appliances. The earning of a fair living, with the satisfaction which arises from a knowledge of the benefits conferred upon their patrons and assistance to the medical profession, is usually their greatest reward for long years of study and many hours of daily toil. They all know that Syrup of Figs is an excellent laxative remedy and that it gives universal satisfaction, and therefore they are selling many millions of bottles annually to the well informed purchasers of the choicest remedies, and they always take pleasure in handing out the genuine article bearing the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package. They know that in cases of colds and headaches attended by biliousness and constipation and of weakness or torpidity of the liver and bowels, arising from irregular habits, indigestion, or over-eating, that there is no other remedy so pleasant, prompt and beneficial in its effects as Syrup of Figs, and they are glad to sell it because it gives universal satisfaction.

Owing to the excellence of Syrup of Figs, the universal satisfaction which it gives and the immense demand for it, imitations have been made, tried and condemned, but there are individual druggists to be found, here and there, who do not maintain the dignity and principles of the profession and whose greed gets the better of their judgment, and who do not hesitate to recommend and try to sell the imitations in order to make a larger profit. Such preparations sometimes have the name—"Syrup of Figs"—or "Fig Syrup" and of some piratical concern, or fictitious fig syrup company, printed on the package, but they never have the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of the package. The imitations should be rejected because they are injurious to the system. In order to sell the imitations they find it necessary to resort to misrepresentation or deception, and whenever a dealer passes off on a customer a preparation under the name of "Syrup of Figs" or "Fig Syrup," which does not bear the full name of the California Fig Syrup Co. printed on the front of the package, he is attempting to deceive and mislead the patron who has been so unfortunate as to enter his establishment, whether it be large or small, for if the dealer resorts to misrepresentation and deception in one case he will do so with other medicinal agents, and in the filling of physicians' prescriptions, and should be avoided by every one who values health and happiness. Knowing that the great majority of druggists are reliable, we supply the immense demand for our excellent remedy entirely through the druggists, of whom it may be purchased everywhere, in original packages only, at the regular price of fifty cents per bottle, but as exceptions exist it is necessary to inform the public of the facts, in order that all may decline or return any imitation which may be sold to them. If it does not bear the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package, do not hesitate to return the article and to demand the return of your money, and in future go to one of the better class of druggists who will sell you what you wish and the best of everything in his line at reasonable prices.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Minneapolis WOODWARD & CO. GRAIN COMMISSION. Orders for future delivery executed in all markets. Duluth

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 21, 1906. NUMBER 40.

SAN FRANCISCO ALMOST WIPED OUT BY EARTHQUAKE AND FIRE

Most Appalling Disaster of Modern Times Lays Waste the Metropolis of the Pacific Coast—Hundreds of Lives Lost—Property Loss Beyond Calculation.

Earthquake Topples Over Big Buildings and Fire Completes Work of Destruction—Immense Structures Dynamited in Futile Attempt to Stay Progress of the Flames.

San Francisco, April 19.—This city yesterday was visited by one of the most terrible calamities that has befallen any city in modern times.

At an early hour this morning it looked as if the city was doomed to complete destruction.

No accurate estimate of the loss of life is obtainable, figures varying from 200 to 2,500. Several thousand were more or less seriously injured.

The property loss is beyond calculation.

Thousands of families are homeless and utterly destitute, and all day long panic-stricken refugees have been fleeing from the devastated districts to places of safety.

Buildings Topple Over.

It was 5:13 o'clock yesterday morning when a terrific earthquake shook the whole city and surrounding country. One shock lasted two minutes and there was an almost immediate collapse of flimsy structures in all parts of San Francisco. The water supply was cut off and when fires broke out there was nothing to do but to let the buildings burn. Telegraph and telephone communication was shut off for a time. The Western Union was put out of business completely and the Postal was the only company that managed to get a wire out of the city. At 10 o'clock the Postal, too, was forced to suspend in San Francisco. Electric power was stopped and street cars could not run. Railroads and ferryboats also ceased operations.

Leveled With Dynamite.

The various fires raged all day and many fine buildings were leveled to dust by terrific charges of dynamite in the hopeless effort to stay the fire horror. In this work scores of heroic soldiers, policemen and firemen were maimed or killed outright.

The explosions shook the city and added to the terror of the inhabitants. Following the first shock there was another within thirty minutes, but not so severe. Three hours later there was another short quake.

Night Adds Horror.

Night added horror, and as darkness fell the sky was illuminated in all directions. As the flames spread into the residence districts people left their homes and fled to the parks and squares. A series of rather severe shocks at 7 o'clock in the evening further increased the terror and many left homes that were not in danger.

The suffering and hardship beggars description. Countless numbers in the poorer sections, including the Chinese, Japanese and Italian quarters, have been rendered homeless, and unless supplies and aid reach the city within twenty-four hours, starvation will add to the awful calamity.

Never Was Fate So Disastrous.

Nearly every landmark that has made San Francisco famous has been laid in ruins or burned to the ground. Never has the fate of a city been more disastrous.

For three miles along the waterfront buildings have been swept clean and the blackened beams and great skeletons of factories and offices stand silhouetted against a background of flame that is slowly spreading over the entire city. The whole commercial and office section of the city on the north side of Market street from the ferry building to Tenth street, has been consumed in the raging hell, while hardly a building is standing in the district south of Market street.

Work of Firemen Futile.

At 2 o'clock, despite the heroic work of the firemen and the troops of dynamiters, who razed building after building and blew up property valued at millions, the flames spread across Market street and swept up Montgomery street, practically to Washington street. Along Montgomery street are some of the richest banks and commercial houses in San Francisco. The famous Mills building and the new Merchants' exchange, in which is situated the Marine and Stock exchanges, are still standing, but the Mutual Life Insurance building and scores of bank and office buildings are on fire, while blocks of other houses are in the path of the flames and nothing seems to be at hand to stay their progress.

Block After Block Licked Up.

Block after block of banking houses are now masses of red-hot ruins, and it will be months before the money that was housed in their valuable vaults can be reached.

Factories, hotels, wholesale houses and residences, comprising the principal part of the business section, have been destroyed. The city hall, a structure costing $7,000,000, was first wrecked by the earthquake and then destroyed by fire. The Palace hotel, value estimated at $3,000,000, also burned. The beautiful Claus Spreckles building, at Third and Market streets, was gutted. The Rialto building and dozens of other costly structures, were also destroyed. The Hall of Justice is threatened and will undoubtedly go. The Examiner and the Call buildings are gone and the Crocker building, across the street from the Palace hotel, is destroyed.

Brave Men Lose Their Lives.

The earthquake caused the partial wreck of the California hotel on Bush and Kearney streets, and the falling chimney and cornice of the hotel crashed throught the fire house adjoining, severely injuring Fire Chief Sullivan so that he was unable to direct the work of fire-fighting. He is now in a hospital in a precarious condition.

Despite this disheartening accident, the fire department, assisted by part of the Oakland department and many volunteers, did heroic service, many brave men losing their lives while performing works of succor. The earthquake, however, had broken most of the water mains. Whatever water was obtained to fight the flames on the harbor front and in the factory districts was pumped from the bay.

Fire Completes Destruction.

This compelled dynamiting, as the only method of saving any of the city.

All efforts to prevent the fire from reaching the Palace and Grand hotels were unsuccessful, and both were completely destroyed, together with all their contents.

All of San Francisco's best playhouses, including the Majestic, Columbia, Orpheum and Grand opera house, are a mass of ruins. The earthquake demolished them for all practical purposes and the fire completed the work of destruction. The handsome Rialto and Casserly buildings were burned to the ground, as was everything in that district.

Wind Spreads Fire.

The flames were kept confined to the south of Market street in the business section until about 3 o'clock in the afternoon, when the wind carried sheets of flame into the richest part of the city.

Nearly every big factory building has been wiped out of existence and a complete enumeration of them would look like a copy of the city directory.

The scene at the Mechanic's Pavilion during the early hours of the morning and up to noon, when all the injured and dead were removed because of the threatened destruction of the building by fire, was of indescribable sadness.

Search for Loved Ones.

Sisters, brothers, wives and sweethearts searched eagerly for some missing dear one. Thousands of persons hurriedly went through the building, inspecting the cots on which the sufferers lay, in the hope that they would find some loved one that was missing.

The dead were placed in one portion of the building, and the rest of it was used as a hospital. After the fire forced the nurses from the building, the eager crowds followed them to the Presidio and the Children's hospital and renewed the search for missing relatives.

Fire Damage the Greatest.

Up to a late hour yesterday afternoon more than 750 persons, seriously injured by the earthquake and the fire, had been treated at the various hospitals.

Yesterday's experience has been a testimonial to the modern steel building. A score of these structures were in course of erection and not one suffered. The completed modern buildings were also immune.

The buildings that collapsed were all flimsy wooden and old-fashioned brick structures. The damage by earthquake does not begin to compare with the loss by fire. The heart of the business section of San Francisco has been burned.

A thickly built-up area of eight square miles has been burned over and there is no telling when the fire will be under control.

Looters Summarily Shot.

Mayor Schmitz took prompt measures for the relief and protection of the city. Gen. Funston was communicated with at once, and by 9 o'clock 1,000 federal soldiers were guarding the streets and assisting the firemen in dynamiting buildings.

Gen. Funston realized that stern measures were necessary and gave orders that looters were to be shot at sight. Four men were summarily executed before 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. At a meeting of fifty citizens called by the mayor it was announced that 1,400 tents will be pitched in Golden Gate Park and arrangements have been made to feed the destitute in the public squares.

Outside Help Needed.

It is probable that, even with the spirit and willingness shown by the people of San Francisco, outside aid will be necessary. A message from President Roosevelt was received yesterday morning and it has a cheering effect.

Mayor Schmitz, who has established his office at police headquarters, has named a committee of safety, composed of prominent citizens. The mayor notified bakeries and milk stations that their food supply must be harbored for the homeless. Preparations have been made to place tents in every park in the city and in these those who have lost all will be given food and shelter.

Will Pay Dollar for Dollar.

Commissioner E. Myron Wolfe announced at noon that the eighty odd fire insurance companies interested have decided to pay dollar for dollar to every one insured with them. The companies will not discriminate between fire and earthquake and every one insured will be paid to the extent of the loss.

One of the first orders issued by Chief of Police Dinan was to close every saloon in the city, to prevent drink-crazed men from rioting.

Sweeps Everything in Path.

The fire swept the streets so rapidly that it was practically impossible to save anything in its path.

The dense smoke that arose from the entire business district spread out like an immense funnel and could have been seen for miles out at sea. Occasionally, as some drug house or place stored with chemicals was reached, most fantastic effects were produced by the colored flames and smoke which rolled out against the darker background.

Other Places Suffer.

Reports from outside districts indicate widespread damage. San Jose, fifty miles south, lost many buildings, and between fifteen and twenty persons were killed. The annex of the Vendome hotel collapsed and fires broke out. Stanford university and Palo Alto suffered. At Stanford many of the handsome buildings were demolished, and two people were killed.

Suburbs in Ruins.

The court house at Redwood City and other buildings collapsed. Menlo Park, Burlingame and other fashionable suburban towns suffered. Santa Rosa, to the north; Napa, Vallejo and all towns around the bay were damaged. These reports, alarming as they were, created little interest in San Francisco, where the people were so frantic that they rushed into the streets in night garments.

Cliff House Slides Into Sea.

From the Cliff house comes word that the great pleasure resort and show place of the city, which stood upon a foundation of solid rock, has been swept into the sea. Not a thing remains to tell where the monster stone building once stood. It has been levelled to the foundation and only the rock foundation lining the sea coast remains intact.

Hundreds Incinerated.

It will be many days before the complete story of the ruin wrought by the double calamity of earthquake and fire that visited San Francisco yesterday will be written and then there will still remain countless untold tales of pitiful tragedy. The exact loss of life will never be known as hundreds of unfortunates have been incinerated in the flames which made the rescue of those buried under toppling steeples and falling walls impossible.

Hundreds of Chinese Killed.

The earthquake has worked astonishing havoc in San Francisco's famous Chinatown. The theaters and joss houses are in ruins and rookery after rookery has collapsed, burying alive hudsreds of the Orientals. Panic reigns among the countless thousands of Chinese and they fill the streets, dragging whatever they could save from the wrecks.

Hundreds Killed in Other Towns.

Oakland, April 19.—At San Jose the Vendome hotel and annex were wrecked and ten or fifteen persons killed. Every business building is demolished, martial law has been proclaimed and 500 deputies and the militia are patrolling the town. It is estimated that fifty were killed. Passengers from other cities bring tales of death and disaster at Santa Cruz, Monterey, Gilroy and Hollister. The death list at Santa Cruz is reported large.

Santa Rosa is a total wreck and 10,000 are homeless there. The loss of life probably will reach hundreds.

Three Hundred Insane Killed.

Los Angeles, April 19.—A long-distance telephone message from Salinas at 11 o'clock last night gave the following information:

"One hundred and twenty bodies have been taken out of the Agnew insane asylum near Santa Clara and there are probably 150 more corpses in the ruins. The magnificent structure was demolished."

President Offers Help.

Washington, April 19.—President Roosevelt manifested profound interest throughout the day in the news of the earthquake at San Francisco. Early in the day he sent the following telegrams to Gov. George C. Pardee at Sacramento and Mayor Eugene E. Schmitz at San Francisco. To Mayor Schmitz:

"I share with all our people the horror felt at the catastrophe that has befallen San Francisco and the most earnest sympathy with your citizens. If there is anything that the federal government can do to aid you it will be done."

He also sent the following to Gov. Pardee:

"It is difficult at first to credit the news of the calamity that had befallen San Francisco. I feel the greatest concern and sympathy for you and the people not only of San Francisco but of California in this terrible disaster. You will let me know if there is anything that the national government can do."

Mayors of all the prominent cities in the country sent messages to Mayor Schmitz of San Francisco offering assistance.

HAS BEEN LOST OVER A YEAR.

North Dakota Man's Disappearance Is a Mystery.

Fargo, N. D., April 19.—Not a single clue has been obtained as to the whereabouts of Ole Thorvildson, who left his home in Northwood a year ago last fall on a trip to the coast. As Thorvildson expected to be absent several months, it was not until a year had elapsed without any tidings from him that his relative became alarmed about him. Inquiries then made developed the fact that he had visited none of the people he had expected to see on his Western trip, the last seen of him being at Havre, Mont. Advertisements have been inserted in all of the leading papers on the coast and throughout the State of Washington, and a systematic search has been made for the missing man, but without result.

"PIG-EYE" KELLY A SUICIDE.

Well-known Veteran and Gambler Takes Laudanum.

Grand Rapids, Minn., April 19.—Thomas Kelly, sixty years old, a veteran of the Civil war, committed suicide yesterday by drinking laudanum. He had been in ill health for some time. Kelly was well known throughout the state. He is said to have made and lost a number of comfortable fortunes, but death found him in poor circumstances; practically homeless and without near relatives, as far as can be ascertained. For many years he has lived in Northern Minnesota, spending short periods of time in every town of any importance. He generally was known as "Pig-Eye" Kelly and was a gambler.

"11,000-BARREL" MILL BURNED.

Fire at Superior Destroys Property Worth $115,000.

Superior, Wis., April 19.—The Commander flour mill, at the foot of Hughitt avenue, this city, took fire yesterday and from cellar to roof it is a total loss. The building was estimated to be worth $65,000, and the contents about $50,000. The fire department prevented a spread to adjoining buildings. Gregory, Cook & Co. of Duluth owned the property. The Commander mill was modern in every way, and was known as the "11,000-barrel" mill. The fire broke out at about 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon and in thirty minutes the structure was a mass of flames.

VAST ACRES THROWN OPEN.

Nearly 300,000 Acres to Be Withdrawn From Forest Reserve.

Washington, April 19.—The new Minnesota forest reserve will be reduced from a total area of 372,793 acres to 68,792 acres. The original federal forest reserve consisted of 220,485 acres of pine land, 92,000 agricultural acres, 60,258 of Indian allotments, and 119,000 of overflowed lands. The state gets 147,000 acres of swamp land and 38,000 is given over to the public for homesteads and the 119,000 of overflow is also withdrawn. A bill along these lines will be indorsed by Gifford Pinchot, chief of the forestry bureau.

Gets $5,000 for Fingers.

Cumberland, Wis., April 19.—John Bergstrom was awarded $5,000 damages against S. H. Waterman, manager of the Beaver Dam Lumber company's mill here. Bergstrom lost three fingers in the trimmer last fall.

Creamery Company Will Build.

Almena, Wis., April 19.—The Crescent Creamery Company of St. Paul has let the contract for building a large cheese factory and milk condensing plant at this place.

EXPOSITION FOR STATE'S JUBILEE

PLAN SUGGESTED FOR CELEBRATION OF SEMI-CENTENNIAL IN 1908.

BEAT LEWIS AND CLARK SHOW

WILL BE HELD IN CONNECTION WITH STATE FAIR, IF PLANS MATERIALIZE.

St. Paul, April 19.—Minnesota in all probability will celebrate its golden jubilee in 1908 with an exposition which in extent and general interest will more than eclipse that of the Lewis and Clark exposition. The commission which held a joint meeting with the state fair managers at the Merchants hotel yesterday, practically admitted that it will recommend to the next legislature an exposition to be held in connection with the regular state fair, to last from four to six weeks.

Only the executive committee of the state fair managers, composed of C. N. Cosgrove, Le Sueur; C. M. Griggs, St. Paul; E. W. Randall, St. Paul, and L. D. Baird, Austin, were able to be present at the conference, with the members of the semi-centennial commission appointed by the last legislature to devise a plan for the celebration of Minnesota's fiftieth birthday as a member of the Union. J. T. Mannix, Minneapolis; F. B. Lynch, St. Paul, and Dr. C. H. Kohler, Minneapolis, represented the commission. M. B. Cullum, Duluth, and C. C. Whitney, Marshall, were unable to be present.

To Advertise Minnesota.

The members of the state fair board reported that they are heartily in favor of the celebration being held in conjunction with the state fair, and that they will co-operate with the commission in making the jubilee one of the greatest and most successful in the history of the Union. It is the intention to make the celebration big enough to advertise Minnesota and her products from one end of the United States to the other.

An appropriation of not less than $500,000 will be requested of the legislature, and it is expected that this can be augmented by at least $200,000 through subscriptions by the business interests of St. Paul and Minneapolis. It was the general opinion that no birthday anniversary of a state so rich in industries and resources as Minnesota is could be celebrated appropriately on less.

The members of the state fair board will draw up a statement of just what is needed in order to place the state fair grounds in shape for such a celebration. The members of the commission intend to visit all the commercial bodies in the state and the rural districts in an attempt to secure ideas and to create a sentiment in favor of a joint celebration with the state fair.

NOT GUILTY OF TRAIN ROBBERY.

Four Men Are Pardoned by the State Board.

St. Paul, April 19.—The four men convicted of the Great Northern train robbery near Carlisle in 1898 were given full pardon by the state pardon board yesterday. The four men were Link Thayer, James C. Hall, Homer S. Minot and Charles Hoffman. They were caught in Moorhead with burglars' tools, and it appears that this and their inability to prove an alibi were the chief reasons for their conviction. The men were sentenced to twenty years at hard labor and they have served about seven years of this time. Their physical condition also was urged for their release. It is asserted that the men who committed the robbery are now serving time in Missouri on conviction of another crime.

SELLS BIG LUMBER CUT.

Skibo Firm Finds Good Market in the East.

Two Harbors, Minn., April 19.—The firm of Nolan Bros. & Laird, who operate a sawmill at Skibo, on the Duluth and Iron Range road have sold their season's cut of No. 3 and better grades to a Tonawanda (N. Y.) company. The cut will approximate 10,000,000 feet, and the deal involves more that $200,000. This Skibo firm heretofore has manufactured solely for the car trade, but this season its lumber will be shipped by rail to be loaded on boats, and will go to Tonawanda by lake. It appears that the demand for lumber in the East is such that the firm has found that it can do better in selling to the Eastern trade.

Flood Is Receding.

Crookston, Minn., April 19.—The flood is receding rapidly and residents are moving back into their homes. The deposit of mud on the floors is phenomenal, being in some instances six inches deep. Communication is again established with Jerome's addition, the traffic over the bridge having been resumed last evening. All danger from the 5,000,000 feet log jam is passed. The great jam is now towering fifty feet above the water.

DROPS HEAD FIRST TO HANG.

St. Charles (Minn.) Farmer Commits Suicide in Barn.

Winona, Minn., April 19.—Full particulars have been received of the suicide of John Dreher near St. Charles last evening. Dreher returned home from St. Charles and went to the hay loft over the stable. He refused to go to the house at the request of his wife and children. He secured a rope about seven feet in length and tied one end to a joist in the floor of the loft; the other he made into a loop and placed it around his neck, putting the knot at the back. He then must have plunged head first toward the floor of the stable, for when found the body was lying on the floor with the head supported by the rope about a foot from the ground and with the neck broken. No cause has been found for the suicide. Dreher was a well-to-do farmer with good buildings on his land and fine stock. He had a wife and four sons and two daughters. For some time he had been threatening to kill himself, and yesterday he told a bartender in St. Charles that it was his last trip to town.

ROCKS BOAT; THREE IN PERIL.

Man Is Accused of Act by Women Rescued With Him.

Albert Lea, Minn., April 19.—While boat riding on Albert Lea lake, C. L. Drake, a railroad man, and Emma Hendrickson and Betty Green had narrow escapes from drowning. The boat in which they were riding filled with water when they were well down on the east side of the lake. None of the party could swim, but all managed to cling to the submerged boat. After some time, and just when the party seemed on the verge of perishing from exhaustion, Charles Knutson, who had been fishing, came along and succeeded in pulling all of them out of the water and into his boat. Drake was in so serious a condition that it was necessary to remove him to the hospital. The women say that Drake attempted to rock the boat and that is how it came to fill with water. Drake, however, says that it was overturned by the women attempting to change their positions.

FOREST FIRE EXTENDS FAR.

Flames Near Rapid Creek Cover a Large Area.

Rapid City, S. D., April 19.—Reports have reached town to the effect that a severe forest fire has been raging near Rapid creek. A large section of country has been burned over and much hay has been destroyed, together with fences and other surface improvements. A fire raged furiously for a short time on Laughing Water, near Buck Horn mountain, just north of Custer. A force of men who went to the scene, however, soon had the blaze under control.

SUSPENDED FROM OFFICE.

Collector at Buffalo Was Indicted for Alleged Grafting.

Washington, April 19.—After a conference with the president yesterday, Secretary Shaw decided he would suspend Frederick O. Murray, collector of the port of Buffalo, N. Y., who was indicted in connection with what is known as the Graveyard scandals. The suspension, it is understood, will not carry with it a loss of salary unless he subsequently should be removed.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, April 19.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 76 3-4@77 1-2c; No. 2 Northern 75@76 3-8c; No. 3, 70 3-4@75 3-4c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 40 1-2@41c. Oats—No. 3 white, 30@30 1-2c.

Minneapolis, April 19.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 77 1-8c; No. 1 Northern, 76 5-8c; No. 2 Northern, 75 1-8c; durum, 69 @ 71 1-2c. Oats—No. 3 white, 29 5-8c.

Duluth, April 19.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 77 7-8c; No. 2 Northern, 75 7-8c; flax, $1.14 7-8; rye, 56c.

Chicago, April 19.—Wheat—No. 2 red, 85 1-2@87c; No. 2 hard, 77 1-2 @ 81 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, 79 1-2@81c; No. 2 Northern, 77 1-2@80c. Corn—No. 2, 44 3-4c. Oats—No. 2, 30 1-2c.

Milwaukee, April 19.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 80@81c; No. 2 Northern, 75@79 1-2c. Rye—No. 1, 64@64 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 55c. Oats—Standard, 32@32 1-2c.

Sioux City, Iowa, April 19.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.25 @ 5.50; cows, bulls and mixed, $3@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3@4.40; calves and yearlings, $3@4.25. Hogs—Bulk, $6.12@6.15.

Chicago, April 19.—Beeves, $3.90@6.25; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.60; cows and heifers, $1.50@4.90. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.25@6.42 1-2; bulk, $6.35@6.40. Sheep, $3.75@6.25; lambs, $4.50@6.65.

South St. Paul, April 19.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.25 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs—Price range, $6.40 @ 6.65; bulk, $6.60. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $6@6.50; fair to good, $4.50@5.75; yearling wethers, $5.25@6; good to choice ewes, $4.25@5.

New Firm Incorporates.

Almena, Wis., April 19.—The Almena Mercantile company has succeeded the Pavian Mercantile company and has incorporated for $20,000. Ex-Mayor S. W. Sparlin of Barron is at the head of the firm.

Pioneer Cook Dies.

Deadwood, S. D., April 19.—James W. King, a pioneer cook in the Black Hills, was found dead in his room at the Keystone hotel. Heart failure was the immediate cause. He was an Englishman by birth.

ARMED GUARDS PATROL STREET

FEAR THAT ANOTHER OUTBREAK WILL OCCUR AT WINDBER, PENNSYLVANIA.

WITTE HAS THE UPPER HAND

REVOLUTIONISTS CRESTFALLEN OVER SUCCESS OF NEGOTIATIONS.

Johnstown, Pa., April 19—Windber's streets, bristling with bayonets of the state constabulary, is in marked contrast to Monday night's chaotic conditions. There is still a feeling that there will be another outbreak to-day when the funerals of the riot victims are to be held. It needs but a petty quarrel between the strikers and nonunion men to plunge the town again into revelry and lawlessness.

The men arrested Monday night were transferred to the county jail at Somerset without incident. Last night all who went in or out of the town had to pass the scrutiny of the state constabulary's sentinels.

No saloons are open. These will remain closed until danger of further outbreaks is passed. From other fields no reports of violence are made.

Operators Answer Miners.

New York, April 19.—A subcommittee of presidents of the anthracite coal carrying railroads and mine operators met here yesterday and drew up a letter to President John Mitchell of the United Mine Workers of America, in which the operators again declare that there is nothing to arbitrate except the question whether there shall be any arbitration. This reply is made in response to President Mitchell's recent amended proposition of arbitration. The operators do not, however, refuse point blank to accept Mr. Mitchell's latest plan.

Miners in Session.

Indianapolis, April 19.—The international executive board of the United Mine Workers of America began a special session here yesterday to consider the strike situation in the bituminous districts. President Mitchell said he had received no reply from the anthracite operators to his last proposition.

RUSSIA GETS A FOREIGN LOAN.

Pays Ruinous Rates of Interest for a Loan of $450,000,000.

St. Petersburg, April 19.—The successful negotiation of a foreign loan of $450,000,000, ruinous as are the rates which Russia is obliged to pay for the money, extricates the government from much of its embarrassment and enables it to clear the debts and furnish the cash necessary to keep the treasury above water for at least two years. Premier Witte is greatly encouraged by the outlook.

The Associated Press is in a position to confirm the report that Premier Witte now has definitely got the upper hand of Minister of the Interior Durnovo. The downfall of the latter is a matter of only days, or weeks at most, as Emperor Nicholas has promised to dismiss him before parliament meets.

The opposition, especially the revolutionists, are crestfallen over the decision of foreign bankers to come to the government's rescue. They believe it may prove a severe blow to the entire Liberal movement. Experience has taught them that the government is never conciliatory except when it is driven into a corner. With the necessity of consulting the parliament in order to secure money removed the government would be in a position to continue in the path of reaction if it so chooses.

NEW STOCK IS ALL SOLD.

Red Wing Hat Company Holds Annual Meeting.

Red Wing, Minn., April 19.—At the annual meeting of the Red Wing Hat Manufacturing company it was announced that practically the entire new issue of $25,000 preferred stock had been subscribed for by present stockholders. A Minneapolis man offered to take the entire issue if he could get it. The output of the factory increased 50 per cent last year.

Can't Escape Insane Asylum.

Ashland, Wis., April 19.—William G. French, who killed A. G. Steele here in 1891, and who, after a seven-years' fight in the courts, finally was sentenced to serve seventeen years in Waupun, and afterward was taken to the insane asylum at Oshkosh for treatment, has been placed in the Iowa county insane asylum as incurable. French's term expired in February and he asked for an examination as to his sanity. A hearing was granted him with the result that the jury found him insane. He probably will end his days in the asylum.

Iowa Republican Convention.

Des Moines, April 19.—The Republican state central committee yesterday issued a call for the state convention to be held at Des Moines Aug. 1. Both the Cummins and Perkins committees agreed on Des Moines.

Painters Out on Strike.

Superior, Wis., April 19.—The painters and decorators went out on a strike for higher wages yesterday, and threaten td involve other unions at the Head of the Lakes. The strike is causing much inconvenience.

The Spectator.

ST. HILAIRE, . . MINNESOTA.

One overworked expression, of course, is "Please remit."

Ras Makonnen is dead. But then, so is the Ahkoond of Swat.

"Do robins run or hop?" asks the inquiring New York Sun. They do.

Perhaps some day bridal couples will go to Niagara Falls to see the manufactories.

The man who planted his sweetpeas in January reports that they haven't come up as yet.

London Punch has a new editor who is reported to be a humorist. This is important if true.

After Mr. Wellman has discovered the north pole by balloon, will he find the south pole, too?

"Anybody," says a Brooklyn minister, "can be a hero." Doesn't he consider sweet woman anybody?

Johnstown, Pa., having had both flood and fire, is prepared to expect either a tornado or an earthquake next.

"Furnish your summer cottage with antiquities," advertises somebody. Great scheme! It also clears out your attic.

John L. Sullivan, feeling confident that he can train up to the weight, offers to fight any 300 pound man in the world.

One of the most difficult feats to accomplish in this world is to put a skeleton back in the closet once it has been out.

The United States is to have a 20,000-ton battleship. British taxpayers may as well prepare to settle for a 21,000-tonner.

A magazine poet sings about the "freshness of delight." But what we want in magazine poets is the delight of freshness.

The report of the failure of a Maine worsted mill is a reminder that a great many men get worsted when they tackle business.

A Milwaukee woman has won a barrel of flour in a poetry contest. This should cause the muse to sit up and take notice again.

If the new Rockefeller baby's fortune grows as fast as grandpa's did, he will have about all the money there is by the time he is 75.

At a recent food exhibit in Berne, Switzerland, 1,785 varieties of sausage were shown. Every family must have its own brand over there.

A Chicago girl, who is making a tour of Europe, has written to a friend that Paris isn't in the same class with Chicago. She's right. It isn't.

King Alfonso and his queen, it is said, are to spend their honeymoon in Ireland—but not, we presume, to discuss the question of home rule.

Rabbi Hirsch may be right in asserting that the stomach and religion are closely related. But it seems like a far cry from the belly to the soul.

Says young Mr. Rockefeller, "The reason young men sow wild oats is because they find pleasure in doing so." How paradoxical, yet how true!

When learned men get to disputing about a point of grammar, the rhetoric makers always have an excellent opportunity to get a lot of horrible examples.

Somebody is complaining again that the stamps that the government is selling now don't stick. Maybe they don't on love letters, but they do on bills.

Andrew Carnegie reads poetry and says he finds there is lots of good stuff in some of it. Won't Andrew kindly do something on a cash basis for the poets?

Two Georgia men were killed recently in a fight over a mule. It isn't likely, however, that the cause of the trouble will be noted on their tombstones.

Fifty thousand dollars a year as pin money for the new queen of Spain will buy her diamond pins By the way, how about those starving folks in Andalusia?

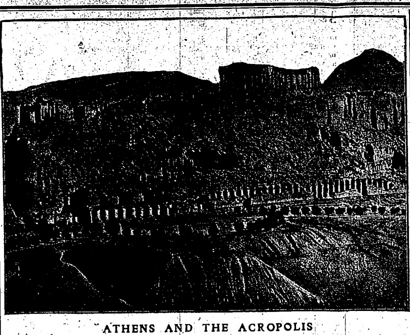
That fiber factory down in Shawmut, Me., that is making 200,000 pie plates every day must be pretty nearly keeping up with the pie industry of New England.

A Baltimore paper refers to "'Hamlet,' the well-known play by W. Shakespeare." We hope we do not err in assuming that our contemporary has reference to the W. Shakespeare who formerly resided at Stratford-on-Avon, England.

Prof. James Mills Pierce, who if he had lived till next March would have completed fifty years as a teacher at Harvard, was as fond of poetry and the theater as he was of mathematics. Thus he maintained the proper balance, though he never married.

A body of St. Petersburg workmen elected a dog as delegate to the new Russian congress. A dog has one advantage over some human delegates—it can't damage its own party by making speeches.

We do not blame Sarah Bernhart for declining to lay the corner-stone of a theater in Tennessee. She knows very well that it will be gobbled up by the trust as soon as it is completed and that upon her next farewell tour she would be shut out from playing in it.



ATHENS AND THE ACROPOLIS

Athens, "the mother of arts and eloquence," stands to-day for all that was most glorious in ancient civilization. "The grandeur that was Rome" lay in warlike achievements, and the erection of enormous works in masonry; but "the glory that was Greece" was in the lasting influence of great and unparalleled artistic achievement. Her architecture has stood the test of twenty-five centuries, and the ages have never produced, and probably never will produce, a man or a school that can improve on it in principle.

No other one achievement of man has had such permanent and far-reaching effect in the improvement of mankind as the Greek school of architecture.

Its allied art of sculpture has also remained through the centuries a standard that could not be displaced; and we turn to-day to the chaste marbles of old Athens for our purest inspiration in art as devoutly as did the Romans of old.

Examples of that peerless art are found in the museums of many lands, and, thanks to the gentle touch of time, there still remains in Athens the noblest of all examples of Greek architecture, the Parthenon, or temple of the virgin goddess Athens.

Its grand and inspiring form, resisting the elements as if it were as enduring as the hills themselves, stands forth conspicuously on the rocky mount of the Acropolis (or Upper City), around the base of which Athens is built.

Standing at a distance, and looking across the uneven ground of modern excavations, flanked by crumbling ruins, toward the Acropolis, the traveler feels that here he views a prospect sacred to all mankind.

Here, when all northern Europe was yet immersed in barbarism, and Rome was but emerging from pagan darkness into the light of comparative education, was the seat of western learning. The near nations of Asia had a civilization of their own, but one that could never serve to lift Europe from her low condition; while the life and arts of the far east were scarce known. Greece alone of the western nations shone radiant for her high achievements in the arts, and of Greece the Acropolis of Athens was the heart, the soul, the sanctuary.

Of the several splendid temples erected in the Acropolis the Parthenon is the only one that remains to-day—even though a ruin—without having been razed or restored. The smaller buildings, like the temple of Nike, that now stand near it (on the left in the view given here), would have been lost to the present age but for the painstaking labors of archeologists who dug out their stones from encumbering earth and erected them again in whole or part, on their former sites.

The Parthenon, which dates from 438 B. C., and is described in guide books as "the most perfect monument of ancient art, and even in ruins an imposing and soul-stirring object," excelled all the other buildings of the Acropolis in the brilliancy of its colored and plastic embellishments, the latter executed by Phideas. The building is 228 feet long and 101 feet wide. It originally had 62 large and 36 smaller columns, the hight of the larger columns being 34¼ feet. The material is marble.

The figure of the goddess which was worshiped in the Parthenon was 39 feet high. Ivory was used for the parts unclothed, and solid gold for the dress and ornaments.

CALLS FOR SIMPLE SPELLING.

Reader Has What He Considers a Real Grievance.

"What's the use of the spelling reformers wasting their time trying to simplify the spelling of words when book writers and their publishers are opposing it?" inquired the orthographic fiend. "I won't go into details, but within the past week I have read two novels written by well known writers—one a Virginia woman and the other a Maine man—a union of sections, so to speak, both issued by prominent publishers, and in one I find 'jail' spelled 'g-a-o-l and in the other 'wagon' spelled with two g's.

"What is the use of it? Are the writers and publishers suffering with Anglomania, for those spellings are local English? They certainly are not according to the American spelling. Neither do they conform to the spirit of spelling reform. What good result may be expected by releasing j and i from jail and putting g and o' in? And what good may be secured by loading our wagon until it breaks down? I'm not a writer or publisher, but as a reader I have the right to protest against the use of words that I know belong to somebody else."

Dress Allowance of Royalty.

People sometimes wonder what sum is put aside for dress by the daughters of royal houses. Before her marriage, I read the other day, the duchess of Fife was said to have a small dress allowance, and the sum of $1,500 a year was mentioned. Besides yachting and every day dresses, and all the usual costumes required by a girl of the upper class, royal princesses have also to wear the costly and elaborate dresses which their rank demands at the weddings of their near relations.

On the whole, it may be asserted that a frugal princess may spend as little as $5,000 a year on her dress, while her more wealthy and extravagant sister may find her dress bills amount to ten times that sum. The empress of Russia, who more than any other European lady is able to indulge her wildest fancies, dresses with the greatest simplicity—in the daytime mostly in tailor made coats and skirts, in the evening generally in the purest white.—Tatler.

Wireless in Germany.

The wireless methods of communication are making more rapid progress in Germany than elsewhere. A new station has been established at Oberschonweide, which will place Berlin and Dresden in communication over a distance of 111 miles. Several other stations already exist. There are reports of a project for constructing at Nordreich a wireless system of long distance telephoning.

Motor Ski Running.

This winter the Norwegians have varied the excitement of ski running by yoking the runner to a motor cycle by a long leather strap, which he grasps with his left hand. The speed attained is enormous and great skill is required to avoid being pulled over, as the body is apt to outrun the feet. The pastime is growing very popular.

Her Idea of It.

"I feel the poetic fire," he said.

"That's all right," replied his wife, "but it won't do for warming purposes. Better go out and order a ton of coal."

Auntie's Limit.

"Auntie" was showing off her little nephew, aged two, to an admirer, who was calling upon her for the second time. He was a very bright youngster and during a pause in his performances specially requested by "untie" he suddenly remembered the way she had been teasing him before the caller arrived and decided to turn the tables on her. So he pointed a chubby finger at the floor and said, "My rug!"

Auntie at once caught the spirit of the thing and cried emphatically, "No, my rug!"

"My dress," said her little nephew, pointing to auntie's gown.

"No, my dress," replied auntie, delighted to have an opportunity to show how cute he was.

Then the little boy sidled over to the caller and pointing at him, cried, "My man!"

Silence on the part of auntie.—Exchange.

Too Early for Gretchen.

"During my school days," remarked a teacher, "the lowest class was known as the 'A B C,' but it is now called the '1A.' When both boys and girls study in the same class, a mixed class, it is described by the symbols '1AM.'

"The other day a German woman brought her little daughter to school. The principal filled out the usual card admitting the child to 1 AM, and told the mother to send the girl to school the next morning. As the girl did not appear a messenger was sent to learn the reason. The indignant mother sent a note which read:

"You dink I pe crazy und sent Gretchen at von o'clock in de morning de school in? Aber I guess not, nit."

Mrs. Schwab's Care of Husband.

Mrs. Schwab, wife of the sick millionaire, will not allow her husband to be annoyed by business men or reporters, clouds of whom besiege the New York residence of the steel magnate. He is willing to talk and consult, but Mrs. Schwab will only allow the briefest interviews and only a few of these. She takes care that the business man gets no better show than the reporter.

American Newspapers.

Newspapers published in the United States at the close of 1905; Weekly, 14,455; semi-weeklies, 499; tri-weeklies, 54; dailies, 2,215; total newspapers, 17,223. Periodicals, published in the United States at the close of 1903: Monthlies, 2,710; all other periodicals, 552; total periodicals, 3,262; total newspapers and periodicals, 20,485.

Korean Port Is Booming.

Fusan, Korea, will soon be a port of call for the regular liners plying between San Francisco and the Orient. Fusan is a coming port on the Asiatic coast, being now the terminus of the new Korean railway, soon to be connected at Liao-Yang with the China Eastern and the Siberian system.

Queen of Roumania.

The talented "Carmen Sylvia," Queen of Roumania, who was before her marriage Princess Elizabeth of Neuwied, learned to speak the Roumanian language in the short interval between her betrothal and wedding day.

SENATORS FEAST ON SALMON.

Magnificent Fish Provided by Senator Fulton of Oregon.

For years the late John H. Mitchell of Oregon was in the habit of giving his colleagues in the senate a luncheon from the largest salmon to be had in the northwest. A few days ago Senator Fulton of Oregon entered into the full togaship of his office he he invited the senate down to the restaurant to partake of the noblest salmon that ever graced a plank. It weighed fifty pounds and was a magnificent sight. The negro cooks planked it on a piece of oak six feet long and cooked it to the king's taste. When they had garnished it with salad greens and whittled turnips and beets it was a picture that made it almost sacrilege to plunge a knife in it.

Prince or Sergeant.

The German papers are telling a story of the German crown prince. The kaiser's heir had occasion recently to speak to a street sweeper near the barracks of the riflemen of the guard. "Good morning, sergeant," said the sweeper, who did not recognize the prince. He said that his son was fighting in southwest Africa, but he hoped soon to have him back safe and sound. The prince, smiling, said, "Why, yes, I hope so, too!" and pressed a five-mark piece into the old man's hand. But the sweeper, looking wistfully at the coin and then at the giver, handed it back, saying, "No, no, sergeant; I doubt you have none too much of that yourself!"

Exasperated.

"I never heard Mr. Woofer so bitter about women's spring styles as he was to-night," says one of the callers when they had left.

"He was very severe, wasn't he?"

"Yes. He talked of nothing else all evening but the absurdity of woman's blind following the dictates of fashion, and all that sort of thing."

"Well, Mrs. Woofer whispered to me to pay no attention to him. It seems that his new suit arrived this afternoon and the tailor had not made the coat as long by half an inch as he wanted it, and he says he will be ashamed to wear it on the street, and is consequently out of humor."

Rather Startling.

"What's the name of this soap, young man?" asked the prospective customer, as he halted before a pyramid of pink bars.

"That soap, sir," replied the clerk, "is the latest on the market. It is called Automobile soap."

"Is hey? Great guns! I remember they used to make soap out of old horses, but I didn't think they had started to make it out of old automobiles yet."

Savored of the Truth.

"That's no lie," remarked the man with the newspaper.

"What's no lie?" queried the other party to the dialogue.

"This paragraph to the effect that 'Wise men are more often wrong than fools are right,'" answered the other.

Poor Prospects.

"Haven't you anything like chicken here?" asked the hungry traveler.

"Well, sir," replied the poor farmer, "two of the children have chicken pox. That's the nearest we've got to it."

CONCERNING FASHIONS

Lace Jackets Here Again.

Lace jackets have come back with the rest—so if you've laid an old one away, bring it out, and reshape it. The variety which can be got into them is apparently endless in its scope. Heavy and light laces—sometimes three or four kinds—are combined to make a single jacket; or perhaps sheer linen makes what is, by courtesy, called the foundation of the jacket, but which in reality is little more than an excuse for holding the bits of heavy and light lace together. As often hand embroidery is the real foundation, the lace set into the embroidery and the embroidery into the lace until it is as hard to tell where one ends and the other begins as it is to tell the exact point at which the opalescent colors of sunset clouds merge into white.

Ornaments for the Hair.

In Paris the young women are dressing their hair with tiny roses and narrow black velvet ribbon. For blondes a little wreath arranged a little to one side over the left ear is popular, while Spanish jessamine tied with a butterfly bow of silver ribbon is often worn in front of the coil. Pink coral chains wound in and out of dark tresses are also very fashionable, while the craze for insects finds its latest novelty in a graceful dragonfly of spangled metal on a long pin. This quivers most realistically with every move of its wearer's head.

Boudoir Confidences

Nearly all the skirts are cut on the bias with a seam down the front.

In jewelry, serpents are in fashion for necklaces, bracelets, armlets, anklets and rings.

One hat is just a cluster of pale purple hydrangeas, with two blue wings rising out of the side.

With cloth skirts a band of satin four or five inches in width is placed an inch or two above the hem.

The mushroom or inverted plate hat has come forward again in the spring models and promises to be extremely popular.

As a matter of course the corselet and princess robes will lead everything, and these cuts have even crept into children's frocks.

The age of pastel has passed. The trend is for decided and marked contrasts. Sweetly pretty colors massed together will find no place.

Attractive Long Cutaway Coat.

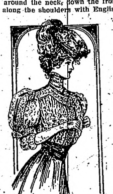
The rather long cutaway coats are very becoming to certain figures, and one particular one is made up in a mixture of black and white, with a white linen waistcoat and cuffs. The old-fashioned stock cravat and jabot of white lawn give a distinct air of smartness to the costume. Very trim is the small hat, narrow in the front and wide at the back, trimmed only with two long peacock feathers.

Much Choice in Sleeves.

Short sleeves, elbow length, continue to be the fad for all sort of gowns, but the long lace or lingerie cuffs grow in favor every day. It is not becoming or attractive to have the long cuff or undersleeve made of the same material as the gown, as is seen in many of the new models, but the unlined deep cuff gives an entirely different effect, and it can be said most truthfully to be invariably becoming. The original idea of an elbow sleeve on an elaborate style of gown was undoubtedly charming, but the fashion has literally been "run into the ground," and there has been such an exhibition of red elbows and rough red arms this winter as to make conservative minded women clamor for some change of fashion. Nothing more attractive, smart and becoming than the adjustable deep cuffs or undersleeves can well be imagined, and another opportunity is furnished by the fashion in the wearing of exquisite hand work in embroidery and lace.

Pretty Waist of Lace.

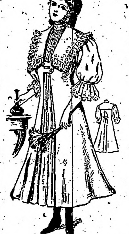
Blouse of Valenciennes lace, trimmed around the neck, down the front and along the shoulders with English embroidery and an edge of pale blue silk or satin.



The sleeves are trimmed on the outside in the same way, and are finished at the elbows with puffs of lace. The knots are of ribbon or lace.

Pretty Wrapper for a Girl.

One of the most comfortable garments of a girl's wardrobe is the wrapper, which is not only dainty and comfortable for morning wear, but is so restful to slip on while finishing some studies or a little sewing in the afternoon, or between the "dress-up" hours. The model shown is all that one could wish for—smart in design, yet having an air of comfort in its very looks. The wrapper is fastened over a vestlike front by two straps. The back may be worn loose or strapped down. A prettily shaped collar gives a neat finish to the neck and shoulders. A pleasing reproduction would be of a polka dot challis, using white for the front and lace for collar and sleeves. The selection of material is only a matter of taste, as the design is good for all kinds of material.



Trimming for Foulards.

Apropos of foulards, some early models have appeared which make use of braid and velvet for trimming, a combination unusual but in some cases quite successful and imparting a certain tailored note to the frock. Among models of this sort shown by a large shop was one unusually taking. The material was a foulard in a vague mixed design of dull violets and greens on a background of black and violet and the outline of the frock was very simple. The surplice fronts were bordered by three bands of flat black silk braid, set together under very narrow line of black velvet ribbon, and the velvet was applied, too, along the outer edges of the braid trimming. On the outside edge a narrow very fine plaiting of black silk lay over the bodice and inside the surplice V showed a line of white silk waistcoat embroidered in violet and green. The ends of the broad trimming buttoned to a black silk girdle and similar trimming was applied to the cuff of the elbow sleeve and in narrower form, to the skirt bottom.

English Pancakes.

Allowing for a dozen cakes, stir by degrees into three full or heaping spoonfuls of flour two well-beaten eggs, a tablespoonful of brandy and a little less than two gills of milk. Mix until there are no lumps, put in a pinch of salt and beat hard for a minute or two until the batter is quite light, and resembles a thin custard, when it should be put away for about five hours until time to use. Before beginning to bake prepare a hot plate on which to serve them, together with a lemon sliced in quarters and some soft sugar. Melt a piece of butter in the saucepan and pour some of it on a frying pan before frying each cake. Pour on sufficient batter to just cover the bottom of the pan, and when nicely browned toss and brown the other side. Repeat until all the twelve cakes are made, roll them up and serve at once sprinkled with the sugar.

HINTS TO HOUSEWIVES

The dirtiest fryingpan will become clean if soaked five minutes in ammonia and water.

To take care of silk dresses properly they should never be brushed, but rubbed with a soft piece of merino.

Discolored saucepans of enamel can often be made to look like new by boiling a little chloride of lime in the water with which they are filled.

A good polish for stoves is made of one teaspoonful of powered alum mixed with the stove polish. The brilliance that this mixture will give to a stove will last for a long time.

A marble mantel that is discolored may be painted with oil colors like the woodwork to make it less noticeable in the room. Sometimes a mantel of this kind is bronzed in dull green. A straight length of embroidery may be laid on the top of a mantel of this kind, but no ruffle should be added.

Tulle Is Jostling Lace.

Among dress hats tulle seems to be the special feature of the covered chapeau. It is said that it will oust the lace-covered frame that has so long held first place. The "Tilted" effect and bandeau that must be fitted with exactness to suit the face is as much in evidence as ever.

A beautiful hat from this model was simply trimmed with a wreath of rosebuds and clusters of the same among the tulle that hid the bandeau under a fluted brim. Plumes are still used as a trimming under the left side over the hair and at the back. Gold and silver hold popular favor.

A preference is given to the former, but it must be of a good quality, as it tarnishes so very quickly. Long ends of chiffon and tulle will be used this coming season. One end should be longer than the other, so it may be wound around the neck on cool evenings.

In Princess Style.

The princess gown in different forms is the favored spring and summer model and with the tight-fitting cloth princess gown little short jackets of the same material are worn. Very chic and quite new is a model of this sort made of peach-colored cashmere. The skirt just escapes the ground, is circular and very full. Just below the hip line is a band of ribbon velvet, a shade darker than the material, put on in design. The closing is made at back and there is a yoke and stole front of heavy cream lace, bordered with ribbon velvet and square panel of cashmere on either side. Deep turned cuffs of lace bordered with velvet finish the short sleeves.

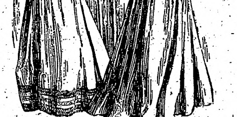
Rye Fritters.

Rye fritters make a delicious breakfast dish. Make a batter of an egg, two cupfuls of sour milk, a pint and a half of rye flour, a cupful of Indian meal, half a cupful of molasses, a scant level teaspoonful of soda and a saltspoonful of salt. Beat the mixture thoroughly, dip it with a tablespoon from the bowl and drop into smoking hot fat. Dip the spoon into the hot fat before dipping it into the batter and the batter will slide from it easily, says the New York Sun. Take up less than half a tablespoon each time, in order to have small cakes. Be sure the cakes are cooked through. Drain them on brown paper, roll them in sugar and serve with maple syrup.

Mull and Lace.

Lingerie waists present filmy, sheer, delicate bodies of mull and lace, with artistic designs of embroidered flowers and scrolls covering any plain spaces, and with sleeves frilled into hemstitched and lace inserted cuffs of elbow length, or extending to the wrist by means of tucked and inserted lengths, buttoned and looped in the neatest sort of a way. Any amount of originality can be employed in their designing, with the handmade waists first in favor. The above waist has an unusual yoke formation of pointed lace insertions between clusters of hand-run tucks. Lace cuffs and a lace collar, with embroidered bands complete the charming ensemble.

HANDSOME SPRING COSTUMES.



The costume at the left is of mauve cashmere. The skirt is made with groups of plaits, between which at the top it is trimmed with black soutache and braid. The bolero, cut in straps in front, is trimmed with the braid, and embroidered with soutache; the shoulder collar is of lace. The tucked chemisette is of ecru chiffon, the collar trimmed with guipure or passementrie. The corselet girdle is of the cloth, fastened in front with a large button. The full sleeves are finished first below the elbows with bands of the material trimmed with soutache, and with ruffles of valenciennes lace. The other gown is of gray blue cloth in empire style. The skirt is slightly gathered at the top and trimmed at the bottom with rows of braid, beween which is a band of white cloth embroidered in violet. The short-waisted corsage is draped and crossed and trimmed at the top with the braid, and finished at the bottom with a girdle of violet panne or satin, fashioned in front with a silver buckle. The plastron is of white cloth trimmed with bias bands of the violet and the turn-over collar is of the embroidered white cloth with jabot of lace. The standing collar is finished at the top with lace. The elbow sleeves are made and trimmed to correspond and are finished just below the elbow with lace ruffles.

Good Jokes

Advice.

Si Perkins—Here's an advertisement about "Pitfalls of a Great City—How to Avoid Them."

Rube Meddlers—Ych! Deacon Korntop sent 'em 25 cents for it and—"

Sir Perkins—Jiminy crickets! It must be scand'lous readin'.

Rube Medders—It was so. It jest said: "Don't leave the farm."—Philadelphia Press.

Two Ways.

Knicker—I let nature cure and pay the doctor the bill.

Bocker—I let the doctor cure and pay nature the bill.

Lest We Forget.

"Old Coinleigh always carries a pocket full of nickels. It's one of his eccentricities."

"Yes. He used to be a street car conductor before he fell into his uncle's fortune, and he jingles the nickels every once in a while to keep himself from getting a swelled head."—Detroit Free Press.

Good Scheme.

Tommy—That medicine's nasty.

Mommy—Did you take a whole spoonful of it as I told you?

Tommy—No'm. I couldn't find a spoon, so I took a fork full.

Foiled Again.

"Madam, you have a daughter. Does she sing popular songs?"

"No, she——"

"Does she play on the piano?"

"No, she——"

"Does she paint in water or oil colors?"

"No, she——"

"Does she recite 'Curfew Shall Not Ring To-night'?"

"No, she——"

"She is the modern young girl for whom I have been searching, with no accomplishments. Present me to her, madam."

"But, my dear sir, you won't let me speak. She is only 6 months old."

Prevalent Decay.

"This," exclaimed the orator, "is a decadent nation. As before the fall of Rome everything was rotten, so to-day in our erstwhile fair land everything—"

Just here an egg struck him fairly. His nostrils dilated.

"I desire," he continued, "before retiring, to add that this egg is corroborative evidence."

Did the Biz.

"So you used some of the liniment I left here yesterday," said the agent. "Didn't you find that it worked well?"

"I should say so!" cried the lady. "I mistook it for the furniture polish and it took all the skin off the piano legs in one application!"—Detroit Free Press.

Couldn't Cash Them.

"Your nephew seemed to be an unusually clever fellow in college. To tell the truth, I thought so much knowledge at his age would spoil him. How did he come out?"

"Oh, all right. When he got out in the world he found his opinions weren't worth a cent."

Troublesome Things.

Redd—Which do you think gives a man the most trouble—wives or automobiles?

Greene—Well, in my case, I should say wives.

"Do you really mean it?"

"I certainly do! I've had two wives, but only one automobile!"

Verisimilitude.

"You do a good deal of wrangling at your lodge meetings, don't you?"

"Why, yes; we have our little disagreements now and then, of course."

"Yet you call yourselves brothers."

"Well, why shouldn't we? Sometimes we squabble and fight as if we were real brothers."

Bunching Anniversaries.

"There's a young man who's a money saver. He'll be rich some day."

"What's he done?"

"Well, for one thing, he married a girl whose birthday comes on the 25th of December and he insisted on being married on that day, too."

He Found It.

There was a loud knock, and the answering servant held a long colloquy with the caller. Afterward:

"What was that, Sarah?" the mistress asked.

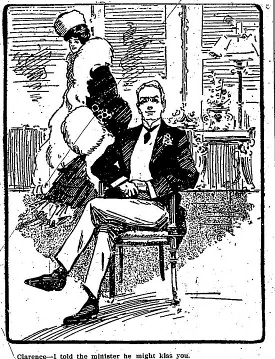
"Why, ma'am, it was a gentleman who was looking for the wrong house."

Misplaced.

Nell—I suppose he surprised you when he kissed your hand?

Belle—Yes, and I told him I didn't think he'd stoop so low as that.

TRUE RECIPROCITY.



Clarence—I told the minister he might kiss you.

Cordelia—And what did he say?

Clarence—He thanked me and said that under the circumstances he would forego the usual fee.

Making the Best of It.

"I'd like to get a postage stamp," said the little girl.

"Here it is," said the druggist, handing it out.

"This is a two-cent stamp, ain't it?"

"Yes."

"Hain't you got any one-cent stamps?"

"No; we don't keep them."

"Well, I guess I'll have to take it, but it isn't what I want at all."

Flashing a resentful look at the druggist she picked up the stamp, threw a cent on the showcase, and walked out with the air of a tragedy queen.

Had Not Decided.

Father of Three Daughters—Each of my daughters will have a house free from all incumbrances. Susie will have the one at the cross-roads, Maggie will have the one at the hill, and Rosie will have the one on the river. I forgot to ask you which one of my daughters you are in love with?

Suitor—Er—er—I'll have to take a look at the houses first.—Fliegende Blaetter.

Breezy March.

"It seems to us you blow a great deal," they said to March, clutching fluttering raiment.

The boisterous month held peace for an instant.

"You're jealous," it made reply. "You are all trying to raise the wind, and I've got you beaten to a frazzle."

Which, indeed, seemed to be the truth.

Hard to Part.

Gunner—Wise men tell us that love is a disease.

Guyer—Sort of a lingering disease.

Gunner—Why do you call it lingering.

Guyer—Did you ever see two lovers kissing good night in a doorway?

Way of the World.

He—I met two of the happiest men last night it has ever been my lot to encounter.

She—What was the trouble?

He—One of them had just been married and the other had just been divorced.—Chicago News.

Tush-Tush!

"How that crowd of women did knock Miss Butte when she left them! Each one had some different roast for her. It was a perfect symphony of hammering."

"I should call it a rapsody."

The Weakness of the Sex.

"How is it that women will not learn by experience?"

"I suppose it is because they constitutionally object to anything giving them a few wrinkles."

The Official Purist.

Caller (at office of county treasurer)—I shall be glad to know what the taxes are on these lots.

Clerk—I am quite sure you will not be glad to know, but if you will wait a few minutes I'll ascertain what they are.

Had Heard Papa Say It.

The School Teacher—Willie, can you tell me the meaning of leisure?

The Bright Scholar—It's the place where married people repent.

A Business Failure.

"Well," he said dismally, after her refusal, "that is the first time I ever failed in any enterprise I undertook."

"But there is a difference between love and business," replied Miss Goldrox. "None can deny your business acumen, and—"

"There's where you're wrong. All my friends know that I considered this thing purely and simply as a financial stroke."

Fashionable.

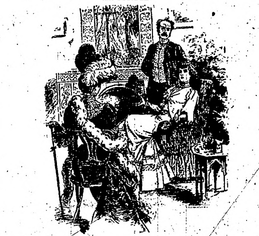
"Aren't your hengs laying any eggs now?" asked the man across the street.

"Oh, yes; plenty of 'em," replied the man with the poultry.

"Don't hear 'em cackling any, so supposed they were doing nothing to cackle about."

"Oh, yes, they're laying eggs all right, but they've all got tonsilitis and can't cackle!"

IMPOSSIBLE.



Wife—She was so impertinent I was absolutely speechless.

Husband—I should like to have seen you.

His Cue.

Gunner—They say this book entitled "A Step Backward" was inspired. I wonder where the author ever got his inspiration?

Guyer—Oh, I guess he watched a woman stepping off a street car.

Proof Otherwise.

"I see another savant has taken up the kissing matter again. He claims that it is decidedly unhealthy."

"Bosh! Microbes thrive on it."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Not Discouraged.

"A great many people are wondering where you got your money."

"Yes," answered Mr. Dustin Stax; but there is still enough interest in what I am going to do with it to make existence comparatively comfortable."

Copying the Humans.

Family Cat—I'm not going to eat out of the same dish with you!

Dog—Why not? Lots of people that scrap worse than we do eat at the same table!—Detroit Free Press.

Lifting Them.

"I notice," said the traveler, "that quite a number of people are collecting silver spoons. Is that a new craze?"

"No," replied the hotel clerk, "just the same old kleptomania."

Apologies Received.

Eva—Why, Jack is the slowest fellow I ever met. He can only give an apology for a kiss.

Edna—Well, I am always willing to accept an apology.

Found a New One.

"I spent a delightful hour in the park conservatory yesterday," Mrs. Lapsling was saying. "Among their potted plants they've got some of the finest collections of bicuspids I ever saw in my life."

Not Extravagant.

The Mother—But I'm afraid that young man is extravagant.

The Girl—Ridiculous, mother! Why, he was here four hours last night, and he only kissed me three times!

HORSES AND THE AUTO

I drive both a horse and an auto and have had ample opportunity to view the horse scaring question from the viewpoint of both the farmer and the automobile owner. I believe that any horse can by a few trials be trained to pass an automobile quietly. I possessed a horse that was frantically afraid of an auto the first few times he met it. Like all horses unaccustomed to the machines he shied from the strange thing because he thought it would hurt him.

It is doubtful if any horse shies or scares at a thing just to be mean. If a horse has any life in him he will shy from any object on the road that is strange to him. Especially is this true of colts, and one that will not do it is hardly worth breaking.

In my case I led the horse up quietly to a machine that was drawn up to one side of the road. He snorted and pranced frantically at first, but was gradually persuaded to approach close enough to touch his nose to the seat. Then the motor was started and the horse held close to the vibrating machine. He soon learned that it was a harmless thing, and he now passes an auto on the road with but a pricking of his ears and a look of disdain, as he believes it hardly worth the attention of a sensible horse.

While driving my machine I have met all sorts of people on the road, and fully three-fourths of them have trouble in passing with their teams. The whole trouble lies in the people being more frightened than the animals. Men begin yelling, women screech, and the horses at once conclude that the automobile is going to hurt them. I have met farmers, who on seeing the machine approach would hurriedly blindfold their horses that they might not see the puffing monster pass. After such an experience it would be a difficult matter to drive that team by a car without serious trouble. Others begin applying the whip when their team shies and the next time the horses are afraid of both the automobile and the whip.

Be gentle, be cool, be patient when you meet an automobile with your fractious horse. The "chug chug" wagon is here to stay, and we may as well begin early to accustom the colt to it, just as we had to do with the bicycle and the locomotive.—Farm and Home.

BLESS THE DUMB WORKERS

The old custom of blessing the horses on St. Anthony's day is still kept up in some parts of Switzerland and at a place called Grimde, in Belgium. The peasants firmly hold the idea that the blessing is very necessary to keep their horses strong and well, and to preserve them from harm during the coming year. A writer in Little Folks, after witnessing the ceremony, says that as noon approached every one was on the tiptoe of expectation, and great were the preparations going on inside the church. At length, about half-past twelve, a procession left the building headed by the chief priest, followed by other priests in gorgeous gold-embroidered vestments, bearing the Host beneath a golden canopy and a number of consecrated banners. The little band paused outside the churchyard in order to allow the horses and their riders plenty of time to fall in behind, and the long procession made its way slowly upward toward the center of a big field, where a couple of red flags waved in the breeze; here the chief priest was to take up his stand and pronounce the blessing. The group of priests formed a brilliant center, the sunshine streamed on their rich clothing, on the golden canopy, and on the colored banners, offering a striking contrast to the somber dresses of the surrounding peasants. The horses and their riders formed an immense outer circle. There was a hush of expectation, and then the short service commenced. Amid the swinging of incense the chief priest solemnly took the Host from beneath its canopy, and facing toward the horses on the east, raised it aloft and then slowly pronounced St. Anthony's benediction, while the men reverently uncovered and all bowed the head. A little bell tinkled; again the Host was raised, the priest faced the horses on the north and pronounced the blessing; the same was done as he faced the horses on the south and west. In a few minutes the jingling of harness, the neigh of a horse, the movement of the dense crowd broke the spell, and showed that the ceremony was over.

SURFEIT OF MOOSE MEAT

"In journeying down one of the tributaries of the Tanana river, in Alaska, with a party of prospectors in 1902 our raft went to pieces on a drift and every pound of provisions, cooking utensils, bedding and pretty nearly all the clothing of the outfit, as well as a tidy sum of money, went to the bottom," said P. J. Habberton of Seattle.

"Luckily I managed to save my Winchester and a few rounds of ammunition, and if it had not been for that I believe we would have come pretty near starving to death, as the place of the accident was 100 miles from any settlement or roadhouse. My gun was the only one that was saved, and never did one come in handier. We trudged along, shivering and greatly depressed at our loss, but such is the elasticity of the pioneer adventurer that upon my shooting a big bull moose about sundown the whole party began to get in better heart, and even to jest about our predicament.

"We cut out the best part of the flesh of the moose and made a hearty supper. Little then did any of us think that we would be confined to that single article of food for four long days. Now, moose meat isn't bad, but to have to eat it for sixteen straight meals, unrelieved by a grain of salt or pepper, is a hardship such as I hope never to experience again. Long before the dawn of the fifth day how we did loathe the very sight of the solitary item of our bill of fare. Some of the party experience extreme nausea, but marching over the snow is hard work, and the pangs of hunger would drive them again to the monotony of the moose menu.

"Well, when at last we got to a roadhouse and found that plenty of beans and coffee were to be had a shout of joy went up that rent the heavens. I had $10 left from the flood and every cent of it went for just one meal. I think we ate for two hours, then went to sleep, woke up and went to eating again, until not a bean was left. I wouldn't even at this far day from that gastronomic tragedy partake of a chunk of moose meat for the weight of the animal in gold."—Washington Post.

NATIONS DEEP IN DEPT

The foreign debt of Colombia has been in existence for eighty-three years, says the Monthly Review, during approximately forty-seven of which no interest was paid. The corresponding figures for Guatemala, Honduras and Venezuela respectively are seventy-eight and forty-eight, seventy-eight and seventy-two, and eighty-three and forty-one.

Costa Rica and Nicaragua have benefited by intervals during which they owed nothing to the foreign bond holder. Nevertheless the external debt of the first has been in default for thirty years out of forty-seven, while Nicaragua paid nothing for forty-nine years out of sixty-six.

Salvador neglected her share of the old debt of the Central American Federation from 1827 to 1860. With the exception of a single lapse her subsequent record is good, and she now occupies the happy position of having no regular foreign debt.

Santo Domingo began her financial connection with the outside world by a loan issued in 1869. She has since then off and on been in default for about twenty-two years.

Some two years ago Colombia issued from a protracted civil war. She has since lost Panama, while the expenses of the war were met by the short-sighted expedient of issuing forced currency. As a result she now finds herself saddled with a debt in notes reaching the enormous total of nearly $850,000,000.

At one time the rate of exchange for the paper dollar touched 25,000 per cent. But by legislative enactment the parity between gold and paper was fixed not long ago—in respect of government transactions—at the relatively moderate figure of 10,000 per cent.

Even this means that Colombia's dollar represents only 2d., or 4 cents; and the brain whirls at the thought of the equivalent in currency of the £81,000 which she will in future have to pay each year for the service of her foreign debt.

THE DAME OF FASHION

I know her, the thing of laces and silk,
And ribbons and gauzes and crinoline,
With her neck and shoulders as white as milk,
And her doll-like face and conscious mien.
A lay figure fashioned to fit a dress,
All stuffed within with straw and bran;
Is that a woman to love, to caress?
Is that a creature to charm a man?

Only listen! how charmingly she talks
Of your dress and hers—of the Paris mode—
Of the coming ball—of the opera box—
Of jupons, and flounces, and fashions abroad.
Not a bonnet in church but she knows it well,
And Fashion she worships with down-cast eyes;
A marchande de modes in her oracle;
And Paris her earthly paradise.

She's perfect to whirl with in a waltz;
And her shoulders show well on a soft divan,
As she lounges at night and spreads her silks,
And plays with her bracelets and flirts her fan;
With a little laugh at whatever you say,
And rounding her "No" with a look of surprise,
And lisping her "Yes" with an air distrait,
And a pair of aimless, wandering eyes.

Her duty this Christian never omits!
She makes her calls, and she leaves her card,
And enchants a circle of half-fledged wits,
And slim attaches, and six-foot guards.
Her talk of people who're nasty or nice,
And she likes little bonbons of compliments;
While she seasons their sweetness, by way of spice,
With some witless scandal she often invents.

Is this the thing for a mother or wife?
Could love ever grow on such barren rocks?
Is this a companion to take for a wife?
One might as well marry a musical box.
You exhaust in a day her full extent;
'Tis the same little tinkle of tunes always;
You must wind her up with a compliment,
To be bored with the only airs she plays.

—William Wetmore Story.

British Tale of Depew and Porter.

In England we are not very good at after-dinner speaking, but in America they did understand it, said George Wyndham at a Friendly Society dinner at Dover.

There were Americans whose fame as after-dinner speakers had reached our shores, Chauncey Depew, for instance, and Gen. Porter. When they used to meet at the same dinner there was frequently a very brilliant passage of arms.

On one occasion Mr. Depew, wishing to put a spoke in Gen. Porter's wheel, said, "I can't speak very well after dinner, but it's no trouble to Gen. Porter. You put a dinner in the slot and up comes a speech." Later it was Gen. Porter's turn, and he said, "I can't emulate Mr. Depew; with him you put a speech in the slot and up comes a dinner."—London Mail.

CURES FOR HYSTERIA

SURGEONS OCCASIONALLY HAVE TO PRACTICE DECEPTION.

Lives of Patients Saved by Gratifying Their Sometimes Humorous Whims—Young Girl's Peculiar Delusion Cleverly Cured.

According to a Detroit surgeon, there are many sane persons who, believing that they are threatened with some dangerous disease, insist on undergoing severe operations in order that their lives may be saved.

"We do not really perform these operations," he explains in the News-Tribune, "but I have assisted at many imaginary ones to gratify the whim of a patient suffering from some form of hysteria.

"We had a young girl here a year ago with a most obstinate attack of hysteria which took a very curious form. She would never lie down in her bed, but invariably sat bolt upright, with her back against the footrail, constantly turning her head from side to side, like an automaton.

"I had watched her do this many times, and one day I asked her why she continued it, to which she replied that there was a string in her head which pulled it from side to side, and that until it was cut she would have no rest.

This remark gave me an idea, and I asked her if she would allow me to examine her head. She was perfectly willing, and after an inspection lasting twenty minutes, I gravely announced that she was quite right, and that the only cure was a slight operation in order to sever the string.

"She clapped her hands with delight like a child and declared that it was what she had told several doctors, but that they had all laughed at her. Would I perform the operation at once? I thought it better, however, to defer doing so until the morning, after I had consulted the visiting surgeons.

"Having explained the circumstances, the imaginary operation was agreed upon, and, the following morning the young woman was led into the surgery, placed upon the operating table and anaesthetics were administered. Part of her luxuriant brown hair was cut off and a portion of the back of the head two inches above the nape of the neck was shaved smooth.

"Then, in order that there should be something to show for the imaginary operation, the scalp was lanced until the blood ran, leaving a cut about two and a half inches in length. This was bound but not strapped and the patient was conveyed back to her bed, where she remained for forty minutes before returning to consciousness.

"Meantime I had taken a piece of an ordinary E violin string about four inches long and soaked it in water until it resembled a raw sinew, the object of this, of course, being to show the patient the actual string taken out of her head. When she returned to consciousness she was told how entirely successful the operation had been and shown the string which had been the cause of all her trouble, after which she fell into a natural sleep and awoke perfectly restored. From that day to this she has been entirely cured of her hallucination."

Auto Favorite Over Piano.

"There are not as many pianos sold now as there used to be," said a piano salesman. "The money that used to go into pianos now goes into automobiles. I think I shall abandon the former for the latter business.

"People with money in the past—people with an income of $4,000 or $5,000 a year—invariably put $600 or $700 in a piano. They had to have one. The young lady daughter without a piano was out of it, simply out of it, like an actress without diamonds.

"But today the young lady daughter gladly foregoes a piano if she can have an automobile in its stead. She clamors for an automobile as in the older days she clamored for a piano. The automobile, not the piano, is in 1906 the badge of the well to do."

Coasting Thoughts.

The little lad
Is aught but sad
With joy he's quite athrill
From ears to toes
When swift he goes
A-sliding down the hill.
But many times
His weary groans outpop
As back he slowly climbs
Unto the top.

The man of bis
Supremely is
O'erjoyed when, with a will,
He sings a song
And plods along
Up fortune's rugged hill.
But hear his deep
And weird soul-splitting cries
When swiftly down the steep
He backward flies.

Thus, up or down,
May mean a crown
Of triumph naught can dim,
And down or up
May mean a cup
Of sorrow dark and grim.
These viewpoints grand
Somehow this feeling voice:—
"You pays your money and
You takes your choice."

—R. K. Munkittrick, in New York Press.

Answer of a Hero.

It was at the Port Arthur siege, during the assault on the celebrated 103-meter hill which cost the Japanese so many men. Before sending forth to certain death a regiment held until then in reserve, Gen. Nogi, addressing the colonel, said: "Your regiment is the first in all this world!" "General," replied the officer gravely, "it will be the first in the other!"

French Women Fought Soldiers.

At Chambron le Chauteau, in the Lozere, France, where 600 persons opposed the cavalry taking inventories under the separation act, the women flung snuff in the horses' nostrils and prodded them with hatpins fastened on poles. The troops were thrown into great disorder.

Women Porters of Java.

Women and young girls do all the work of porters in Java. They carry heavy loads on their heads, balancing them with great skill. From the time a Javanese girl is able to walk she is taught the art of carrying things on her head.

There is no Roch-lle Salts, Alum, Lime or Ammonia in food made with

Calumet Baking Powder

A wonderful powder of rare merit and unrivaled strength.

LIKE A DEPARTMENT STORE.

Purchases Marked Stages of This Woman's European Trip.

The two women were chatting on Fifth avenue. One was telling the other about a recent trip to Europe.

"And did you go to Leipsic?"

"Leipsic? Leipsic? Why, yes, glancing down, "that's where I bought my furs."

"Did you stop at Geneva?"

"Let's see? Oh, yes, that's where diamonds were so cheap. I got the cunningest watches there."

"Malines?"

"My dear, the laces there cost absolutely nothing."

"Well," said her friend, "you must have had a pleasant trip, for you treated Europe as one big department store."

SKIN ERUPTIONS 35 YEARS.

Suffered Severely With Eczema All Over Body—A Thousand Thanks to Cuticura Remedies.

"For over thirty-five years I was a severe sufferer from eczema. The eruption was not confined to any one place. It was all over my body, limbs, and even on my head. I am sixty years old and an old soldier, and have been examined by the Government Board over fifteen times, and they said there was no cure for me. I have taken all kinds of medicine and have spent large sums of money for doctors, without avail. A short time ago I decided to try the Cuticura Remedies, and after using two cakes of Cuticura Soap, two boxes of Cuticura Ointment and two bottles of Cuticura Resolvent, two treatments in all, I am now well and completely cured. A thousand thanks to Cuticura. I cannot speak too highly of the Cuticura Remedies. John T. Roach, Richmondale, Ross Co., Ohio, July 17, 1905."

Bishop Clark's Busy Parishioner.

Since the death a few years ago of Bishop Clark of Rhode Island, an amusing anecdote has been going the rounds among his former friends.

While a young pastor, in charge of a small parish in northern New England, Mr. Clark was making calls one day, and came to the house of a woman who believed in having a large family. In fact, several times during his pastorate the clergyman had had her babies presented for baptism, and her thrift was well known in the neighborhood.

The lady saw Mr. Clark passing and called to him: "Oh, Mr. Clark, do come in. You haven't seen my last baby yet."

The minister replied with a smile, "No, madam, and never expect to."

He sprinted down the pier, his eyes fixed on the ferryboat only two or three feet out from the pier. He paused but an instant, and then cheered on by the amused crowd, made a flying leap across the intervening stretch of water and landed safely on the deck.

A fat man happened to be standing on the spot where the other landed, and they both went down together.

When the newcomer had sufficiently recovered his breath he apologized to the fat man. "I hope I didn't hurt you," he said. "I am very sorry. But, anyway, I caught the ferry!"

"But, you idiot," said the fat man, "the boat is coming in!"

Why He Came Earlier.

Mother—That young man comes much earlier in the evenings now than he used to in the summer, doesn't he, Laura?

Daughter—Oh, yes, ma; but you know it gets dark so much earlier now.

A Dundee Relic.

A dredger built of oak, sixty-eight feet long, twenty-one feet wide and drawing seven feet six inches of water is now in use in Dundee harbor. It has been in use in the same place for over 100 years, and its engine is said to have been built by James Watt.

A WOMAN DOCTOR

Was Quick to See That Coffee Poison Was Doing the Mischief.

A lady tells of a bad case of coffee poisoning and tells it in a way so simple and straightforward that literary skill could not improve it.

"I had neuralgic headaches for 12 years" she says, "and have suffered untold agony. When I first began to have them I weighed 140 pounds, but they brought me down to 110. I went to many doctors and they gave me only temporary relief. So I suffered on, till one day in 1904 a woman doctor told me to drink Postum Food Coffee. She said I looked like I was coffee poisoned.

"So I began to drink Postum and I gained 15 pounds in the first few weeks and I am still gaining, but not so fast as at first. My headaches began to leave me after I had used Postum about two weeks—long enough I expect to get the coffee poison out of my system.

"Now that a few months have passed since I began to use Postum Food Coffee, I can gladly say that I never know what a neuralgic headache is like any more, and it was nothing but Postum that cured me. Before I used Postum I never went out alone; I would get bewildered and would not know which way to turn. Now I go alone and my head is as clear as a bell. My brain and nerves are stronger than they have been for years." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

RAINY DAYS

They enter into every life history. No one can hope for fair weather to the "journey's" end. Cloud-bursts of adversity come to all sooner or later. They come when least expected.

Hope for the best and prepare for the worst. Begin to build now the protecting shelter of a bank account. It will keep you and yours in comfort and health till the cloudy days roll by.

A dollar will start the account: A little added every week will make it grow faster than you think.

Then we pay 5 per cent interest on your savings.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK
OF ST. HILAIRE

K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
10:35 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
11:05 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
11:35am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

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MINNEAPOLIS BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.

A Striking Combination

The Pioneer Press
"Best Newspaper"
THE PARKER LUCKY CURVE
"Greatest Fountain Pen"

The same pen with world wide reputation advertised in leading magazines now given as a premium with the St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Nearly everybody is acquainted with the merits of the PARKER Fountain Pen. It is the best made and never sells at retail for less than $1.50. Take no chances. Send your subscription at once and if you are dissatisfied in any particular money will be refunded at the end of subscription period.

Parker's Lucky Curve Gold Fountain Pen given as follows:

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, six mos. and pen............ $2.35
Daily Pioneer Press six months and pen............ $1.85

THE PIONEER PRESS
St. Paul, Minn.

Find enclosed $__________ for which you will send me The __________ Pioneer Press for six months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.

Name __________
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State __________
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"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"

and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of

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MATT. J. JOHNSON'S
6088

RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE

you are not satisfied with results.

This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.

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The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn, as second-class mail matter.

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, April 21, 1906.

STATE DEVELOPMENT.

Duluth News-Tribune: The republican state convention will be asking to include in the party platform, a state development plank. Since the News-Tribune began the propaganda of this principle, it has spread to every part of the state. Every section now recognizes that the most important public question with the people of Minnesota is the reclaiming, for agriculture, every section of land in the state, that will support a family, and settling a family on it. For years the tide of emigration has been through this state to the west. It is time this was stopped and the lands of this state settled and given their full value. Minnesota not only has the land, but it has the markets. Its butter sells at a premium, its flour is famous the world over, its potatoes rule the southeastern markets and everywhere dealers seek Minnesota products. Here in the northeast is this city of Duluth, surrounded by land that is capable of a high state of cultivation and that can be bought at half the price asked for the lands of western Canada: There the settler is confined to the one crop—grain—because of the great distance to markets. Here the small farmer on a few acres, can raise anything his fancy dictates, from mushrooms to turnips, and he is within wagon distance of a market that is unsurpassed. Southern Minnesota also feels the need of this movement. Its population has decreased and the demand for its land has diminished, so that a lowering of the price must result unless a systematic and persistent campaign for immigration is carried on. A strong state development plank is a business plank. It is an argument that reaches the happiness and prosperity of every citizen. It should be couched in no uncertain words.

Northwestern Minnesota has not as yet cut a great deal of figure in the politics of Minnesota and the principal reason is that there has never been concerted action. The candidacy of Senator Stephens, of Crookston, for the nomination for governor is likely to bring the counties of the northwest together and they can either secure his nomination or by sticking together show a strength that will demand recognition in the future. If the counties of the Ninth congressional district will all stand together much good will come out of it in the future.

Faribault Journal: We want members of the legislature who will enact laws and carry them out looking to the development of the state as a whole. We want farmers on our vacant lands; we want our swamps and other waste places made productive. We should have a legislature that will enact laws that will give us these things and we want a governor and other state officers to see that these laws are properly carried out.

Senator A. D. Stephens, of Crookston, has announced that he is a candidate for the republican nomination for governor. The people of Crookston have formed an "Andy Stephens Club" which will assist the senator. Senator Stephens made a hard working and painstaking legislator, and would make a good governor, and with the large number of candidates he stands as good a show as any of them.

The people of the whole country are already sending financial assistance and tokens of sympathy to the citizens of stricken San Francisco. They should be of good courage for history records that American cities destroyed are always rebuilt from the ruins finer and better. American pluck and generosity will not allow one of her finest cities to be long in ruins.

THE SPECTATOR for the next two or three weeks will be in charge of Prof. J. B. O'Brien, J. J. Soll and A. F. Ittner, who will keep the readers posted on current events while the editor takes a vacation.

Hon. L. C. Simons has filed as a candidate for the republican nomination for state senator for this district. He has served two terms in the legislature and has given general satisfaction.

Drainage and immigration legislation that is so badly needed in northern Minnesota, would look awful easy if we had a home man for governor.

John Lund, the Minneapolis land man, evidently didn't like the game as he withdrew after being a candidate for governor only a few days.

Republican County Convention.

A republican county convention for the county of Red Lake is hereby called to be held on Wednesday, June 6th, 1906, at one o'clock p. m., in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, for the purpose of electing nine delegates to the republican state convention at Duluth, Minnesota, June 13, 1906, and such other business as may properly come before the convention.

The republican voters of the county, and all other voters, without regard to past political affiliations, who believe in the principles advocated by the republican party and endorse its policies, are cordially invited to participate in the selection of delegates to this convention.

Representation for this convention will be in accordance with the following resolution, adopted at a meeting of the republican county central committee, held in the city of Red Lake Falls on the 17th day of April, 1906:

> "Resolved, that the represantion of the several precincts shall be based upon the vote cast in the respective precincts at the general election in 1904 for the republican candidate for governor; that each precinct is entitled to one delegate for each fifty (50) votes, or fraction thereof, so determined from the vote for the republican candidate for governor in 1904"

That each precinct is entitled to the following representation in this convention:

That each precinct be allowed in addition thereto, one delegate at large; that each of the following precincts, which were not organized at the general election of 1904, shall be entitled to one delegate at large: Townships of Silverton, Clover Leaf, Goodridge, Smiley, Kratka, Highlanding, Mayfield, Deer Park, and the Village of Plummer.

Black River	2	Wyandotte	2
Bray	2	Village of St. Hilaire	3
Emardville	2	Red Lake Falls City:	
Equality	2	1st ward	2
Garnes	2	2nd ward	2
Gervais	2	3rd ward	2
Lake Pleasant	2	Thief Riv. Falls City:	
Lambert	3	1st ward	4
Louisville	2	2nd ward	2
North	2	3rd ward	3
Norden	2	Silverton	1
Numedal	2	Clover Leaf	1
Polk Center	2	Goodridge	1
Poplar River	3	Smiley	1
Red Lake Falls Tp.	2	Kratka	1
River Falls	2	Highlanding	1
Rocksbury	2	Mayfield	1
Sanders	2	Deer Park	1
Terrebonne	2	Village of Plummer	1

All primary elections in the county for the election of delegates to this convention shall be held at the usual voting places in each precinct on Saturday, June 2nd, 1909, between the hours of 7 and 8 o'clock p. m.

N. M. WATSON, Chairman.
O. F. POST, Secretary.

A Perplexed Poet.

An Indiana poet recently sent a poem, accompanied by the following note, to the editor of a magazine:

"Dear Sir—I have written these lines for your consideration."

Instead of getting the ordinary rejection slip he received this reply:

"Why?"

He is still wondering whether he ought to explain or not.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Tax Judgment Sale.

Pursuant to a real estate tax judgment of the district court, in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, entered the twenty-fourth day of March, 1906, in proceedings for enforcing payment of taxes and penalties upon real estate in the county of Red Lake, remaining delinquent on the first Monday in January, 1906, and of the statutes in such case made and provided I shall on the fourteenth day of May, at ten o'clock in the forenoon in the town or city of Red Lake Falls, and county of Red Lake, sell the lands which are charged with taxes, penalties and costs in said judgment, and on which taxes shall not have been previously paid.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 16th day of April, A. D. 1906.

{ County Auditor's Seal. } JAMES E. FORD, Auditor of Red Lake County.

a21-28

CHAPTER 22 OF THE REVISED LAWS OF MINNESOTA, 1905, ENTITLED "FORESTRY AND FIRE WARDENS" REQUIRES THE FORESTRY COMMISSIONER TO PREPARE AN ABSTRACT OF THE PENAL LAWS RELATING TO FOREST AND PRAIRIE FIRES AND HE MAY REQUIRE ANY COUNTY BOARD TO CAUSE AT LEAST THREE WEEKS PUBLISHED NOTICE THEREOF TO BE GIVEN. THE FOLLOWING IS ACCORDINGLY HEREBY PUBLISHED:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, OFFICE OF FORESTRY COMMISSIONER.

St. Paul, Minn., March 15, 1906.

The law of the State of Minnesota for the prevention of forest and prairie fires makes it a misdemeanor, punishable by fine of not exceeding one hundred dollars or imprisonment in jail not exceeding three months, to kindle a fire near forest or prairie land and leave it unquenched. Said law makes town supervisors, village presidents and mayors of cities fire wardens. They are required to enforce its provisions, post notices of its penalties, patrol their districts in dry seasons, go to the place of danger to prevent or control fires, employ or compel assistance in emergencies, investigate and immediately report fires, and make complaint before a magistrate of violations of the law when they have requisite information thereof. County attorneys are to assist in prosecutions. Every person must comply with a warden's call for assistance unless he has justifiable excuse. Neglect to comply with any of the foregoing duties incurs the penalty first above mentioned. Destruction or defacement of a posted notice incurs similar penalty. Railroad companies are required to use efficient spark arresters on their locomotive engines, keep their right of ways clear of combustible material (except ties), post warning placards conspicuously at every station in the vicinity of forests and grass lands, and extinguish any fire occurring near their roads subject to forfeiture of not exceeding one hundred dollars for each offence.

Fire wardens are responsible for the enforcement of the law in their districts. They should especially endeavor to PREVENT THE SETTING OF FIRES, whether to clear land, burn meadows or for other purpose in a dry season.

C. C. ANDREWS,
a21m5) Forestry Commissioner.

A joker is near akin to a buffoon, and neither of them is the least related to wit.—Chesterfield.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Red Lake }

In the matter of the petition of P. A. Ekstrom, and others, for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 25.

Notice Is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 25, beginning at the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 29 in township 153 north, of range 44 west in said county and state, on the north side of the quarter section line, running thence through the following described lands to-wit:

East along the quarter line through the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 29, in township 153 north, of range 44 west to the section line between sections 28 and 29 in said township, thence south on the east side of the section line through the southwest quarter of section 28, the southeast quarter of section 29, the east half of section 32 and the west half of section 33 in said town and range to the north line of section 5 in township 152 north, of range 44 west, thence west along the town line and on the south side thereof, through the north half of sections 5 and 6 in said township 152, range 44, to the southeast corner of lot 4, of section 31, in township 153 north, of range 44 west; thence across to the north side of the town line and west therefrom along said town line through lot 4 of section 31, in said township 153, range 44, and through the south half of sections 36, 35 and 34, in township 153 north, of range 45 west, to Black River, terminating at said Black River at or near the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of section 34, in said township 153, range 45, and having said Black River as its outlet.

Also Branch Ditch No. 1: Commencing on the east side of the section line at the southeast corner of section 6 in township 152 north, of range 44 west, running thence north through the west half of section 5, in township 152, range 44, to the northeast corner of said section 6, and having the main ditch as its outlet.

Also Branch Ditch No. 2, specified by the engineer in his report, commencing at a point 3400 feet north and 39 degrees west of the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 29 in township 153 north, of range 44 west, in said county and state, and running thence in a southeasterly direction through the northeast quarter and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of said section 29, and the southwest quarter of section 28, in said town to the main ditch and having the said main ditch as its outlet, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

The Towns of Sanders, Black River, Polk Centre and Bray, Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Ry. Co., George H. Crosby, Trustee for Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Ry. Co., J. M. Ball, Frank E. Constans, George F. Constans, John A. Dunn, John O'Leary, Ole Torson, Minnesota Land Co., Charles G. Edwards, Lizzie F. Blunt, Frederick Rux, William Hanner, David E. Rux, H. J. Peterson, Charles H. Peterson, Fred E. Rux, Herman Ortloff, Gust Johnson, August Hoppe, Alfred J. Larson, J. A. Anderson, Alfred Dahlstrom, Maurius Miller, T. G. Liable, C. R. Liable, G. C. Liable, Charles H. Foy, Delbert M. Fitzsimmons, Peter A. Ekstrom, Erick Johnson, Anders Erickson, Andreas Ortloff, Julius Malberg, Peter Bingston, Anna M. Sandberg, Andrew Anderson, John Peterson, J. A. Mattson, John R. Gerlach, Edward H. Hener, E. L. Ruby, Alfred Anderson, Nels J. Highberg, Richard M. Wells, Kate Judge, Nels Johnson, Peter McKircher, John Grove, Charles A. Lindquist, Brennecke & Heald, Chas. C. Eklund, Anna Eklund, A. J. Akerlund, Theo. J. Toftoy, Ella G. Bishop, Hans Hanson, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Ry. Co., Gust Johnson, Mathilda Hoppe, August Akerlund, First State Bank of St. Hilaire, and Andrew Ortloff, and that the engineer appointed by the board of county commissioners of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said board of county commissioners to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Monday the seventh day of May, 1906, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, at one o'clock p. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear, and be heard by and before said board of county commissioners at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

{ County Auditor's Seal. } JAMES E. FORD, County Auditor of Red Lake county, Minnesota.

(ap14-21-28)

McMURRAY'S VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR
A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

pu'ri-ty

THE STANDARD DICTIONARY SAYS

pu'ri-ty, n. 1. The character or state of being pure, in any sense. (1) Freedom from foreign or adulterating matter.

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Hamm's Beer is brewed in the most scientific way from the choicest hops and barley.

IT CONTAINS NO CORN OR CORN PRODUCTS

Because of these facts the public can be sure that there is ONE beer which is absolutely PURE and GOOD.

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THIS is the only College in the United States that guarantees a good paying position to every graduate. If we don't get you a satisfactory situation you, need never pay us one cent

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We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres, each, which we will sell at

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Apply to:...
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St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

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FOR
HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

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K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson D. Patterson E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650. Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

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Physician and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

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SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
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Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
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THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

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Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

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(Second Hand Store.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
C. A. SKEIE.
St. Hilaire, Minnesota

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

SEEDS, TREES
CORN 23rd ANNUAL Catalog of
EARLIEST AND HARDIEST
of Everything on Earth. Every person who tills a foot of land needs it. Send for it now.
OSCAR H. WILL & CO.
BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA

THE LOCAL NEWS

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

—Clean flax seed for sale by G. H. Sandum, Sec. 14, River Falls.

Miss Selina Hoff spent Easter Sunday at Crookston visiting with friends.

Miss Helen Hannay returned from her trip to Minneapolis last Monday.

—500 first class second growth oak fence posts for sale cheap. G.H. Martz.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

G. B. Grace came back from his Iowa visit last Wednesday morning by way of the Soo.

Miss Clara Hoff went up to Thief River Falls yesterday for a short visit with friends.

Mrs. Neil Demer came up from Crookston last Saturday and made a short visit here.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on May 3rd and 4th.

Norman Hannay returned on Monday from Minneapolis and left on Wednesday for Seattle.

Mrs. A. Dainard returned last Tuesday from Skibo, Minn., where she has been spending the winter.

—Implement salesman or collector. Have desirable opening for right party. Address Box 466, Waseca, Minn.

A. O. Davison made a short business trip to Wylie last Wednesday and worked his way home on a hand car.

O. H. Peters came down from Middle River last Saturday and spent a few days at home, returning on Tuesday.

—Are you looking for accommodations? If so, go to the Merchants State Bank and make your wants known.

Mrs. Charles Bourcier went down to Crookston last Saturday and will spend a week or more visiting with relatives.

—State Farmers Mut. Hail Ins. Co., Waseca, Minn. Largest cash surplus. Wants responsible agent. Write today.

E. M. Hoff received a carload of the celebrated Burbank potatoes the first of this week and they are selling rapidly.

Cashier Hansen, of the Crookston Lumber company, who was here last week, left on Monday evening for Bemidji.

Sheriff Dan Linnihan was a business visitor here last Monday. He missed the evening train but went back on the special.

Miss Mary Hoff, who has been assisting at the postoffice for a few days, returned to Thief River Falls on Thursday.

Henry Monson, of Clarkfield, Minn., came up on Thursday morning and will spend a few days with his daughter, Mrs. J. J. Soll.

Mrs. G. H. Tibbitts, of Red Lake Falls, spent a couple of days here this week visiting with her daughter, Mrs. A. O. Davison.

O. F. Post went down to Red Lake Falls last Tuesday evening to attend a meeting of the republican county central committee.

Rev. T. A. Lillehei returned yesterday from Crookston, where he had been to hear the celebrated Norwegian lecturer, Erling Bjornson.

Mrs. A. O. Davison will entertain the Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. church next Thursday afternoon. All are cordially invited to attend.

Winter is a thing of the past and spring is here. There can be no question about it for the mosquitoes have already put in an appearance.

The weather has been acting fine the past week. It has been clear and dry and a few more days of the same kind will do wonders for the farmers.

Prof. H. Halvorson and Prof. G. Haugen, of the Grand Forks College, and Prof. O. Sponheim, of Stiner, were here a couple of days this week, the guests of K. O. Gigstad.

The Ladies' Twelve O'clock Card Club were entertained last Thursday evening by the Misses Josephine and Huldah Gigstad. Miss Mabel Hannay carried off the head prize.

You feel the life giving current the minute you take it. A gentle soothing warmth, fills the nerves and blood with life. It's a real pleasure to take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

Crookston people have been having trouble lately with high water and the saw mill was compelled to shut down for a week. It was started again on Thursday.

Seeding has commenced in many places and by next Monday it will be general in this neighborhood. There is yet plenty of time to put in a crop if the weather holds good.

Rev. B. A. Barker spent last Wednesday here renewing acquaintances with old friends. He is now stationed at Menahga and is having considerable success there in his work.

A special train passed through here last Monday evening carrying Dr. Smith, of Crookston, who was called to Thief River Falls to see Dr. George Tupper, who is seriously ill with pneumonia.

Thief Rives Falls News: Nels K. Anderson, the well known town of Sanders farmer, is in the city this week receiving medical treatment. His eyes have been bothering him quite a good deal of late.

All smart, up-to-date women of today,
Know how to bake, wash, sing and to play;
Without these talents a wife is N. G.
Unless she takes Rocky Mountain Tea.
Imperial Drug Co.

The big whistle at the saw mill has had a couple of celebrations of its own this week. On Wednesday morning at six o'clock it got stuck in some way and blew continuously for about ten minutes, and it did the same again on Thursday evening.

Work on the new steeple and belfry of the Norwegian Lutheran church is progressing rapidly. It will be nearly seventy feet high when completed and it will add greatly to the appearance of the church. We learn that a large bell will soon be purchased and installed.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.
Julius Pleth,
tf Plummer, Minn.

Manager D. N. Winton, of the Thief River Falls Lumber company, who was here yesterday is a very enthusiastic advocate of the "split-log drag." He claims it will do wonders in road making and that every farmer ought to have one as the cost is less than five dollars for each drag. Good roads means advanced prices for farms and money for the farmer and business man. The split-log drag seems to do the work and it should be tried.

Mrs. Rier Swenson Dead.

Thr many friends of Mrs. Rier Swenson were shocked to learn of her death after a lingering illness on Sunday Morning, April 15th. Mrs. Rier Swenson was born Julia Thompson in Norway in 1844. She was married in 1866, and moved to this village in 1891 from Yellow Medicine county. She was beloved and respected by a large number of friends who mourn her loss. She leaves a husband and five children: H. M. Swenson, Robert Swenson, of this village; Mrs. C. B. Holmes, of Marion, N. E.; Mrs. A. H. Baker and Mrs. Peter Brackman, of Highlanding, all of whom were at the funeral. The interment was made on Tuesday in the Swedish Lutheran cemetery, Rev. Lillehei officiating.

New Telephone.

H. M. Hampton, of St. Peter, was here last Wednesday looking over the village with a view of putting in a telephone exchange. Mr. Hampton is a practical telephone man and expressed himself as being well pleased with the village. He informed us that he in company with F. P. Strathern, of St. Peter, and L. C. Simons of Red Lake Falls, would in all probabilities ask the council for a franchise in the near future. If granted, it is their intention to put in a first class exchange at once. A telephone line is needed and we see no reason why a franchise should not be granted these gentlemen, provided the village does not wish to do it, and we understand the council is not disposed to have the village invest.

Lumbermen Meet.

President McCoy of the Grand Forks Lumber company, Manager D. N. Winton of the Thief River Falls Lumber company, and Manager J. M. Richards and Supt. W. A. Gould of the Crookston Lumber company, were here yesterday. They spent the day in conference but failed to inform us of the nature of their deliberations. Whether it means a raise in the price of lumber, a joint drive or an increase in wages we are unable to state.

Notice of Dissolution.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership existing between Mike Anderson and John Maakrud, doing business under the firm name of Anderson & Maakrud will be dissolved on July 1st, 1906. All accounts due said firm must be paid before July 1, 1906.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., April 17, 1906.
Mike Anderson.
John Maakrud.

Notice.

All persons owning cattle in the village of St. Hilaire are hereby notified to take care of same and see that they do not roam the streets of the village or other people's property.
K. R. Killand,
Village Marshal.

Found.

A log chain on road east of town. Owner can have same by proving property and paying charges.
T. M. Brevig.

Pasture For Rent.

Good pasture for rent at the right price. Inquire of G. H. Sandum, Sec. 14, River Falls.

For Sale.

Six hives of bees and a spring buggy. Inquire of Mrs. A. Dainard.

McKercher-Boehm Nuptials.

Buffalo Center (Iowa) Tribune: At the home of the bride's father G. F. Boehm, who resides over Mallory & Wilson's store, on Wednesday evening, April 4, 1906, at precisely 8 o'clock, occurred the marriage of R. J. McKercher, of St. Hilaire, Minnesota, to Miss Martha Boehm. The wedding march was played by Miss Bessie McDermott and same continued throughout the ceremony. Rev. J. W. Burns, in the presence of about sixty invited guests, pronounced the words that made this happy couple husband and wife. The presents were numerous and both beautiful and valuable. The bride is the eldest daughter of G. F. Boehm, who has been a highly respected resident of this township for a number of years. She is an excellent young lady in every way and one fully capable to preside over a home. She will make a true and dutiful helpmate for the one who has chosen her as a life companion. The groom is well known here, having owned a farm northeast of town, where he resided until about five years ago when he sold it and moved to St. Hilaire, Minnesota, where he now lives and near which place he owns a fine farm. He is a fine young man of good character and one who will make an excellent provider for the lady of his choice. They are a well mated couple and are deserving of the best and a long and happy married life.

Demonstration of Split Log Drag.

Crookston Journal: There was only two horses attached to it.

It was merely constructed of logs, split and laid transversely with the road.

The horses merely pulled against the tugs and advanced at a fast walk down the road.

The road was muddy. The logs threw the mud from the surface toward the center and left a smooth surface in their rear.

The road was very muddy. This while facilitating the movement of the logs proved most difficult for a wagon

Notice the change.

Professor Wm. Robertson, in his exhibition before the Good Roads Convention last Saturday set forth practically on the streets of this city the advantages of the split log drag on muddy roads.

Saturday Second street where Mr. Robertson introduced the drag was very muddy and very difficult for wagons, besides being of great inconvenience to people passing upon the crossings.

Sunday afternoon (the next day) the surface of the road under the influence of only a moderate sun began to get dry in spots.

This dryness increased and Monday afternoon it became the highway for wheels and pedestrians crossed it without difficulty and without stain of mud upon their footgear.

Some say this is a miracle.

It is a miracle in the reach of every community of farmers.

We saw it done: It is very simple.

Girl Was Nearly Dead.

Thief River Falls News: Miss Oline Florence, of Grand Forks, came very near losing her life in a colie about four miles and a half northeast of Plummer last Saturday afternoon. She started out from Plummer to go to the home of her parents, who reside upon the reservation, and, as the roads were very muddy, the walking greatly exhausted her. She reached the colie and attempted to wade across it, the water being about four feet deep. When about in the middle she sank so deep in mud that she was unable to lift her feet, and the cold water caused her to grow numb. When almost exhausted she was discovered by Henry Lemieux, a settler living near by, and was rescued. She was in such an exhausted condition that, after being placed upon dry land, she was unable to walk and, had she remained in the water a short time longer, her death would no doubt have resulted.

Reaction in Land Movement.

Land men all over the northwest predict that a reaction toward this section of the country is soon to set in and that land here is soon going to be moving again as it did three and four years ago.

For two or three years past there has been a feeling of unrest among people all over the country, and a great immigration has been going to Canada and the southwest. With the unexcelled opportunities right at home, there has been no sane reason why people should go to uncertain sections in search of farm lands. Experience has taught them their mistake and it is predicted in well informed quarters that the tide will soon turn and that thousands of the deluded will soon return from their rainbow chasing.

A Broken Shaft.

A shaft in the band mill broke soon soon after eleven last Saturday night, which necessitated the shutting down of the entire mill. A new shaft was sent for at once and on Monday one came up from Crookston, which was entirely too large. It was worked on at the machine shop until Tuesday afternoon when it was reduced to the proper size and the mill started. On Wednesday the new shaft which came from Milwaukee arrived. The break was a fortunate one in that no one was hurt.

This is the season of listnessness, headaches and spring disorders. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is a sure preventative. Makes you strong and vigorous. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Anthony Hope's New Story.

Good news for lovers of stirring romance! Anthony hope has written a new story in the style of "The Prisoner of Zenda," and even surpassing it in interest. It is called "Sophy of Kravonia" and is to appear exclusively in The Sunday Magazine of the Chicago Record-Herald, beginning April 22.

The mysterious country of Kravonia lies in the same romantic region of southern Europe as Zenda, but the new story has no connection with that of the famous Rudolph Rassendyll. Its central figure is a still more interesting person—a courageous and beautiful heroine, who rises from lowly life to the throne. Sophy de Gruche is her name, and she loves the brave but unfortunate Prince Sergius, as she proves in a series of the most exciting events in modern fiction. Her trials and triumphs are due to the existence of two factions in the court. One is loyal to the true heir apparent, Prince Sergius, and the others seek to place upon the throne the little son of Countess Ellenburg, the king's morganatic wife. The conspiracy leads to many dramatic scenes, one of the most thrilling being that in which the old king discovers the guilt of the countess and drops dead at a moment when things are in a perilous condition for Sergius and his bride. How Sophy comes out of this turmoil of intrigue, battle, tears and joy, Anthony Hope reveals in his own inimitable style.

The first installment of "Sophy of Kravonia" will appear April 22. On account of the great demand for this fascinating story it will be wise to order your copy of The Sunday Record-Herald well in advance.

Notice to Clean Up.

Notice is hereby given to the residents and property owners of St. Hilaire that they must before May 5th, 1906, clean up and remove any and all garbage, manure or slops, on the premises owned or occupied by them and also on alleys or thoroughfares adjacent to said property. Said owners or occupants are also required to maintain any and all property which they own or occupy in a thoroughly sanitary condition, also that proprietors of hotels and restaurants keep sufficient barrels in the rear of their places of business in which to deposit all offal and refuse, and contents of which shall be deposited on the dumping grounds at least once in each week.

Any person failing to comply with this order will be promptly prosecuted according to law.

By order of the village council.
A. F. Blomburgh,
Health Officer.

Balloon Racing.

James Gordon Bennett, the automobile race promoter, has offered a cup to be given to the winner of a balloon race which will be pulled off during the coming season. The race will be managed by the Aero club of France and is to be an annual affair. The cup is not to become the property of any club until it is won three times in succession. In the first three races a prize of $2,500 will be given to the pilot of the winning balloon. A cup of golden grain belt beer taken daily with meals will do more toward building up muscles and brain tissue than hours of exercise and study. Order a case of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Brunettes Have Thick Skin.

The human skin not only varies in thickness in different individuals, but also in different parts of the same person, being in some places only one two-hundred and fortieth of an inch in thickness, while in others it is one-twenty-fifth of an inch. The skin of women and children is thinner than that of men. A thick skin is always developed over parts where there is frequent pressure, as on the hands and feet. Thickness of skin varies with the color of the hair and eyes. Usually black hair and dark brown eyes are associated with a thick skin. A moderately thick skin is found with brown hair and blue or gray eyes. The finest skin belongs to blondes and is a usual accompaniment of auburn or flaxen hair.

Harmless Necessary Evil.

The bridegroom is generally the most depressing feature of the modern wedding. If he is well off he is either bald, with a decided tendency to adipose tissue, or else of a pale, sandy type, with equally pale eyes and a retreating chin. In ordinary life he wears spectacles, which at the request of the bride he discards at the wedding, with the result that he stumbles over the last step leading from the chancel to the altar rails and is only saved from falling flat on his face by desperately clutching at the bride's bouquet.—Ladies' [illegible]

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Formation of New District.

Whereas, a petition has been filed with the county board of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, signed and acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who reside in the proposed new district herein described, and who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts, and duly verified by the affidavit of one of the residents of said proposed new district, praying for the organization of a new school district out of the territory hereinafter described, to-wit:

The west half of section 1, all of sections 2, 3, 10 and 11, the west half of section 12, the northwest quarter of section 13, the north half of section 14, and the north half of section 15, in the town of Deer Park (Twp 152, Range 40) in said county;

Also all of sections 25, 26, 27, 34, 35 and 36, in the town of Highlanding (Twp 153, Range 40) in said county and the said board of county commissioners have appointed a time and place for a hearing upon said petition as by law required;

Now therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a hearing upon said petition will be had at a meeting of the said board, commencing upon the eighth day of May, A. D. 1906, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, at which time and place the said county board will hear arguments of all persons interested, for or against the proposed organization of said new school district.

Dated this eighteenth day of April, A. D. 1906.

By order of the county board of Red Lake county, Minn.
By JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor and Ex-officio Clerk of Board.
n21-28

For refreshments call at Number 188

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

FIRE INSURANCE
is a
BUSINESS PRECAUTION
That all Good Business Men take Advantage of.
When you Invest, Why not get the... Best? All of my Companies are First-Class
FOR RATES CALL ON
HARRY E. IVES.

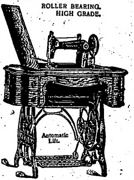
CLEARANCE SALE
OF ALL WARM GOODS
25 Per Cent Reduction
on all LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S..........
CLOAKS,
JACKETS
and FURS
E. M. HOFF

GET YOUR PICTURE
TAKEN BY
D. COLLINS
THE
Photograper.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

The "Redgeton"
SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING.
HIGH GRADE.


Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.
STRONGEST GUARANTEE.
National Sewing Machine Co.
BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.

FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.
LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.
ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.
S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

A Song

White in the moon the long road lies,
  The moon stands blank above;
White in the moon the long road lies
  That leads me from my love.

Still hangs the hedge without a gust,
  Still, still the shadows stay;
My feet upon the moonlit dust
  Pursue the ceaseless way.

The world is round, so travelers tell,
  And straight through reach the track,
Trude on, trudge on, 'twill all be well,
  The way will guide one back.

But ere the circle homeward hies
  Far, far it must remove;
White in the moon the long road lies
  That leads me from my love.
    —A. E. Housman, in McClure's.

IT JUST HAPPENED

BY H C TILLMAN

(Copyright, 1906, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"Oh! I wish we never had thought of having that old picture taken."

Maud Clark was in real distress as she said this and threw herself down on the comfortable old sofa and finished the cry which she had begun when she had sent Jack the note. She was very miserable and very proud.

"The mean, hateful thing. Just as though he could make me do anything."

There was no doubt that she was very mad or—pretended to be. She arose and walked over to her window. The lights and the ever-passing crowd would at least attract her mind from the hateful picture and the more hateful things that it had brought. But it was not so easy to forget, and she realized that she was no longer the child that lights and passing crowds used to amuse. This was her first trouble and she felt very miserable. But still she was proud—very proud.

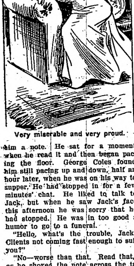
"There are plenty of men," she mused in a half-conscious way, as she turned and walked back to the sofa. Just then her eye chanced to fall on the picture of Jack that had hung in the place of extreme prominence over her mantle for over two years. He was so good looking and had such an elegant expression that anyone would have liked him. She was sure of that. Their love had been a rather peculiar one. He was very poor and she was very rich and pride had them waiting for him to make a little money before they married. Her parents had never objected in the least and in fact they were in favor of the match. Until three days ago they had been getting along so smoothly, and just as they had about determined not to wait any longer the crash came, and all about a little picture. How she hated that picture. Jack had proposed a trip down the river, and just as they were returning in the happiest of moods they met Wiley, the photographer, on a search for pretty views, and the idea entered their heads to have the picture of both made as they drifted down the river. It was a beautiful, sentimental idea, but as Maud sat and looked at the picture over the mantle she hated herself for ever going near the old river. Her mind ran quickly over the events of the day, and she wondered if she had done the right thing. She was sure she had, for even he had no right to tell her that she should not show the picture to her parents. Perhaps he was right in not wishing it shown, but he had gone a little too far—he had assumed a little too much authority. He had forgotten that before marriage "Man prays and Woman plays." After satisfying herself that she had done the right thing, she bundled up all of his notes and the picture over the mantle and addressed them to Jack Croyleston—being careful in the little note she enclosed to be as sarcastic as she could: Then she began crying again.

"What am I to do about the other picture?"

She thought and thought and finally decided that the best and the only thing to do was to purchase the negative and break it. Having decided this, she cried herself to sleep. It was her first trouble. She was so miserable and so proud.

* * * * * *

Jack Croyleston was sitting in his office when the messenger boy handed him a note. He sat for a moment when he read it and then began pacing the floor. George Coles found him still pacing up and down, half an hour later, when he was on his way to supper. He had stopped in for a few minutes' chat. He liked to talk to Jack, but when he saw Jack's face this afternoon he was sorry that he had stopped. He was in too good a humor to go to a funeral.



Very miserable and very proud.

"Hello, what's the trouble, Jack? Clients not coming fast enough to suit you?"

"No—worse than that. Read that," as he shoved the note across the table to George. "Infernal clients can't worry you like that." George was his general manager when it came to things concerning the heart. George relit his cigar as he read the note the second time and threw both on the floor.

"Jack, if it wasn't you I would have to laugh. The little vixen! What in the name of common sense have you done?"

"Nothing. I simply told her that she shouldn't show a picture we had taken to her parents."

"Well, of all the fools. Don't you know you can't boss a woman. At least not until you marry her."

"Yes, I know it now."

"What are you going to do about the picture?" George had to say something.

"Well, I don't give a d—n what becomes of it. Yes, I do. Mau—Miss Clark would like it destroyed, I guess. I'll buy the negative and break it."

"And are you going to give up?"

"Not if I know myself." And they walked on up town together.

* * * * * *

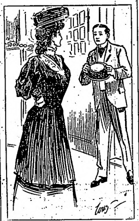
Wiley was very busy the next morning when there was a knock on the door and Maud Clark walked in.

"Mr. Wiley," she began, and Wiley might have expected a proposal from the blush which accompanied it, "have you the negative you took of Mr.—Croyleston and me the other day?"

"Yes, Miss Clark, I think it is here."

"Could I get it, please. I want to break it." She was trying very hard to look composed.

"I'll have it for you in a minute," said the kind photographer as he went back into the work rooms of his studio.



"I beg pardon," he stammered.

A moment later there was another rap at the door and Jack Croyleston walked in.

"I beg pardon," he stammered when he saw who the other occupant of the room was.

"Certainly," was the cool reply.

Wiley was gone longer than Maud had expected. She was having a hard time trying to keep her eyes off of Jack. He was seated in the far end of the room and was pretending to be very deeply interested in his morning paper.

"Oh, I wish he would hurry up with it," Maud was finally forced to say.

"With what?" was Jack's response.

"The—er—nothing—the—nothing. I mean the negative."

"Is that what you came for, too?" Jack asked in as cool a tone as possible.

"Why—yes—I believe it was.

"So did I," Jack said as he looked her full in the eyes.

"What were you going to do with it?" she asked, letting her eyes drop.

"Break it—what else?"

"Oh, how could you, Jack—Mr. Croyleston."

"How could I what?"

"Why—break it." And Jack could stand it no longer.

"Maud, let's not break it at all. I'm sorry—"

"No, Jack, I was foolish." And Jack had crossed the room and she was in his arms. They heard Wiley coming and both were very much interested in some new photos when he entered.

"I am sorry I kept you waiting, Miss Clark. I had a hard time finding it, but here it is. You can break it if you want to, but I think it very pretty."

"Never mind the wait," Maud started, but Jack interrupted her.

"You can fix me up two dozen—and have you a proof?"

Wiley looked a bit puzzled and handed him a proof.

"I want to show this to your parents," he said to Maud as they closed the door. "Wiley is a clever man. Two dozen? Why, we will send that many to George and the others after we are married."

Tea Leaves Used Twice.

"There are some men," said a health officer, "who buy from hotels all their used tea leaves. These they dry and put on the market again as fresh tea.

"As a matter of fact there is still a good deal of very strong tea—plus a good deal of tannin—in those used leaves. They make as black and bitter a brew as the greatest tea fiend would want to drink. But such a brew is unwholesome, for the percentage of tannin in it is much larger than in an ordinary cup of tea.

"Used tea leaves are very easily made to resemble fresh ones. They are dried on hot iron plates, the heat of which curls them up nicely, giving them a very natural appearance.

"A cup of this second-table tea refreshes you tremendously, but afterward your mouth is drawn up as if you had been sucking alum."

AT WORK ON CULROSS ABBEY

Burial Place of the Argylls Again to Be a Pleasure to the Sight.

Interest in Culross abbey is being sustained by the frequent references to the progress of the work which is destined to lift the sacred edifice of hoary antiquity above being a mere shadow of its former self, says the Dundee Advertiser. The inimitable ecclesiastical architecture of generations long since departed is being as closely followed as circumstances and the results of deep research will permit, and, standing high on the site of the old Culdee settlement, Culross abbey will soon again be a pleasure to the eye.

The other day a quiet, almost private, ceremony took place—this being the laying of a memorial stone. In addition to the secretion of the usual newspapers and coins were a concise and interesting history of the restoration movement and an eloquent address by the foreman mason on the work. Many would have expected a public ceremonial, looking to the fact that the interest in the birthplace of St. Mungo and the burial place of the great Argylls is national, but what occurred was really more in keeping with ancient Culross, yet with its narrow, winding and cobbled streets, but only in possession of the memory of regal and ecclesiastical glory.

TO HARNESS VICTORIA FALLS

Enormous Power Available From the High Waterfall.

Consul General Washington of Cape Town thinks that South Africa is on the eve of introducing vast changes in its industrial life. He looks for the transmission of electrical power that is to be generated by the mighty rivers of the interior. The question of the development and transmission of electrical power from the Victoria falls, the consul general says, is to be considered by a committee of experts.

Two engineering specialists to the Victoria company are inspecting water power installations in European countries with a view to their application to Rhodesia. America's supremacy in the electrical field should secure the orders for machinery and supplies that will be needed to develop this vast water power.

An electrical engineer from New York has been visiting Europe in connection with the project of supplying electrical power to the Rand from the Victoria falls. He and the highest European authorities whom the chartered company consulted in the matter were unanimous that the scheme was not only possible, but was payable.

"Jag" From Dish of Liver.

"A jag from a dish of liver was once my portion," said an orientalist.

"It happened in the Sahara. I was spending the winter at El Kantara. In February I made a caravan trip over the desert along the great caravan route that runs from Biskra to Timbuctoo.

"The third day out we reached an oasis of date palms. We got coffee at the baked mud cafe. An ouled nail, or dancing girl, danced the hand dance for us. We dined on red fish and gazelle steak and for an entre was served this infernal liver.

"It was liver powdered with kiff. Kiff is hasheesh. It is made of hemp and it makes you drunk. The Arabs mix it with their tobacco and they bread liver with it and they drop it in coffee. Thus they eat, drink and smoke their booze.

"I ate their booze and imagined my arm to be a mile long. I thought my foot was as big as a mountain. My voice when I spoke sounded in my ears like the roar of a thousand thunders. In a word, I was kiff drunk and it was two days before I was fit to resume my journey across the gold-colored sands."

The Lovable Girl.

The most lovable girls in the world are those with a sunny disposition. A few people like the quiet, thoughtful girl; others like the girl who is perpetually vivacious and bubbling over with spirits. But everyone likes the girl with the cheerful, sunny disposition. Girls of this character are never extravagantly boisterous or dismally quiet; they have a pleasant smile for everyone. They never seem troubled or worried, their voice is low and musical and their smile—be they pretty or not—is always sweet. The only trouble that the sunny-tempered girl has is the outcome of her popularity. Everyone wants to talk to her, and be in her company. Young men are attracted to her without effort on her part, for her character shows itself so plainly in her actions that young men are so delighted at the cheeriness and sympathy of her nature that they are drawn to her at once. For every reason, then, the girl with the sunny disposition, who smiles away the troubles of life, is a favorite. And, what is more, old people are just as charmed by her as are those of her own age.—Chicago News.

No More Patrons.

"Prohibition may be all right in its way," sighed the tall man in the little railroad station, "but ever since it struck this town I haven't made a dollar."

"H'm!" responded the coffee-mill drummer. "I suppose you used to run a saloon."

"Nope."

"Tavern?"

"No."

"Well, what could it have been that prohibition drove you out of business?"

"Why, Turkish baths."

New York Harbor.

Out, down the pathway of gold,
From the new world into the old,
Out through the shining bay
Sail the great ships of to-day,
Bearing their cargoes away
—Sail the galleons of trade
With the commerce the new world has made,
And Liberty symbol and sentinel
Waves to them all majestic farewell.

Into the harbor they glide
On the crest of prosperity's tide,
The glorious galleys of peace,
Rich with the world's increase,
From Europe they come without cease;
From Asia and islands afar,
Westward they follow the star,
And the wondering immigrants smile as they see
The welcoming symbol of Liberty.
    —Town and Country.

ANCIENT WEAPON OF INTEREST.

Spanish Halberd Believed to Be Relic of De Soto's Expedition.

A gentleman of Monroe county, Mississippi, while fishing in the Tombigee about two miles south of Aberdeen found in the edge of the river, partly imbedded in the soft clay, an old Spanish halberd.

There is a peculiar interest in this find, because there is little doubt that it is a relic of the expedition of Hernando de Soto, then on his way unconsciously to the discovery of the mighty river so closely associated with his name. There is no remnant of the wooden handle, the metal is heavily incrusted with rust and the once keen edges have worn away, but the form of the weapon is well preserved and when struck against a hard substance the steel rings almost as true as when it left the armorer's hand more than 300 years ago.

It has the spear point on top, battleax on one side and a curved knife on the other, reminding one of the ancient instructions to the halberdier in training, who was taught that "if the ax stroke should fall, to repair his mistake with a prompt thrust of the piked head."

De Soto went into camp for the winter in what is now Pontotoc county and the remains of his intrenchments were in evidence a few years ago and may possibly be still visible. In April, 1541, he continued his march to the northwest until he reached what is now De Soto county, where he turned due west and came out upon the bluffs overlooking the Mississippi, which he here saw for the first time.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

FACES SKETCHED BY DICKENS

Reveal in Striking Manner the Art of the Master.

He had that rather wild, strained, scared marking about the eyes, which may be observed in all free livers of his class, from the portrait of Jeffries downward, and which can be traced, under various disguises of art, through the portraits of every drinking age.—"Tale of Two Cities."

Tom, stopping in the street to look at him, Mr. Tapley for a moment presented to his view an utterly stolid and expressionless face—a perfect dead wall of countenance. But opening window after window in it with astonishing rapidity, and lighting them all up as if for a general illumination, he repented.—"Martin Chuzzlewit."

Squeers scowled at him with the worst and most malicious expression of which his face was capable—it was a face of remarkable capability, too, in that way—and shook his fist stealthily. "Coom, coom, schoolmaesther." said John, "dinnot make a fool o' thyself; for if I was to sheake mine—only once—thou'd fa' doon wi' the wind o' it."—"Nicholas Nickleby."

The Lone Woman.

"Never again!" said the woman traveler, "will I get on a sleeping car until about ten minutes before starting time. I did it once and that was enough. I was leaving town on a midnight train and my friends suggested that I get on the train early and have a good long night's rest.

"Of course the berths are all made up, so there is absolutely no place for you to sit. You are obliged to go to bed whether you want to or not. So you start to undress and think that you will be able to do so comfortably and at leisure in the dressing-room. But lo, the door is locked. Of course you can't very well leave the car and go back to sit in the waiting room, so there is nothing else to do but get into your berth. And there you are in the dark, in close quarters, wide awake, with trucks being rolled up and down the station platform, and all the time you think how comfortable you might have been at home or at the hotel or even in the brightly lighted station. I couldn't sleep or read, but simply wept with rage."

Baked His Money.

Thomas Murray recently spent an afternoon in town attending to some business matters, and on reaching his home, feeling very much fatigued, he immediately prepared to retire. While disrobing he placed his pocketbook, containing several bills and two $10 gold pieces, on top of the heating stove in his bedroom.

There was no fire in the stove that evening, but next morning one of the members of the family started a fire pocketbook lying on top of it.

When Murray smelled burning leather he knew at once what had happened and did some hustling to reach for his pocketbook, which he found had been burned through, as were also the bills which it contained. He lost no time in driving to the Leavenworth National bank, where he informed Edward Carroll of his loss. As the numbers on the bills were easily made out, Mr. Carroll sent the bills to Washington, where they were redeemed by the Treasury department.—Leavenworth Times.

Vain Regrets.

Jimmie—What's the matter, Willie?

Willie—You know that dude who's been courtin' sister?

Jimmie—Yes, you told me about him.

Willie—Well, he's been givin' me a dime to keep out o' the way every time he called.

Jimmie—Ain't that all right?

Willie—No, it ain't. I oughter to struck him for a quarter. Last night when he came 'round I stuck out my hands, but he only laughed an' said "It's all off, Willie, your sister has promised to marry me" Ain't that a shame?—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Had Everything Down Fine.

They were having a hearing on the metric system before the house committee on coinage, weights and measures.

"Tell me," said Representative Cushman of Washington to a witness from the bureau of standards, "could one of you men take the little end of nothing and whittle it down to such a fine point that he could then take the hair of a mouse, push out the pith, and use the cavity for a tubs?"

"Sure," said the witness enthusiastically; "that would be coarse work for us."

STAMPS WORTH $2,500,000.

Notable Collection Will Be Seen in London in May.

The most comprehensive collection of stamps ever brought together will be on view at the International Philatelic exhibition, to be held at the end of May in the Royal Horticultural society's hall, London.

"Stamp collecting has made great strides of late years," said H. R. Oldfield, secretary of the London Philatelic society, who is organizing the exhibition. "The prices paid for individual stamps and collections have shown a great increase recently. To show the value of the exhibits, I may say that I have insured the stamps already promised for $750,000, and before the opening day the amount of the insurance will total more than $2,500,000.

"The prince of Wales and his son, who are enthusiastic collectors, are sending many rare specimens. Collectors from nearly every country are forwarding exhibits. Gold and silver medals will be awarded in the various sections.

"The exhibition will comprise British, colonial and foreign postage stamps, British telegraph, railway, letter fee and college stamps.

"The album collections will each consist of from 5,000 to 10,000 specimens. Young enthusiasts are to be given a chance, and medals will be offered for competition among those from sixteen to twenty-one years, and also for those under sixteen."

The Wrong Word.

"Now, sit still and look pleasant while I make the exposure," said the photographer.

It was the word "exposure" that the friends of the trust magnate blamed for the scared look on the portrait.

Champagne From Rubber Boots.

The wonders of science will never cease. There being few corners of the earth where grapes fit for wine can be grown, and those corners are fewer still where can be grown grapes for what we may call—by a great stretch of leniency—champagne. This being the fact, an inventive person comes by with the useful discovery that champagne may be obtained from rubber boots which have fulfilled their original mission and would otherwise serve mankind no further.

At first blush the idea seems not so savory, like Willie Collier's mention on a rocking boat, or a dish of oatmeal nicely larded. But we may hope after a time to see this new industry established, and the comforts of mankind doubly ministered to. It will employ hundreds of workmen, besides booming the medical profession.

His Package.

"Every pay day my husband brings home a package and makes me guess its contents."

"Are you a good guesser?"

"Sure; it's candy or flowers or gloves, or something like that every time. Does your husband ever bring home a package?

"Yes; he brings home a package every pay day, too, but I don't have to guess what it is—I smell it on his breath."

Secrets of the Deep.

One of the most regrettable features of the wreck statistics for the past fifteen months is the large number of vessels which have disappeared at sea, being ultimately posted at Lloyds as "missing ships." Since January last fourteen vessels have been declared as "missing."

Rise Liars,

And Salute Your Queen

Ho All Ye Faithful Followers of Ananias

GIVE EAR!

A Young Girl said to a Cooking School Teacher in New York: "If You make One Statement as False as That, All You have said about Foods is Absolutely Unreliable."

This burst of true American girl indignation was caused by the teacher saying that Grape-Nuts, the popular pre-digested food, was made of stale bread shipped in and sweetened.

The teacher colored up and changed the subject.

There is quite an assortment of traveling and stay-at-home members of the tribe of Ananias who tell their falsehoods for a variety of reasons.

In the spring it is the custom on a cattle ranch to have a "round up," and brand the cattle, so we are going to have a "round up," and brand these cattle and place them in their proper pastures.

FIRST PASTURE.

Cooking school teachers—this includes "teachers" who have applied to us for a weekly pay if they would say "something nice" about Grape-Nuts and Postum, and when we have declined to hire them to do this they get waspy and show their true colors.

This also includes "demonstrators" and "lecturers" sent out by a certain Sanitarium to sell foods made there, and these people instructed by the small-be-whiskered doctor—the head of the institution—to tell these prevarications (you can speak the stronger word if you like). This same little doctor conducts a small magazine in which there is a department of "answers to correspondents," many of the questions as well as the answers being written by the aforesaid doctor.

In this column some time ago appeared the statement: "No, we cannot recommend the use of Grape-Nuts for it is nothing but bread with glucose poured over it." Right then he showed his badge as a member of the tribe of Ananias. He may have been a member for some time before, and so he has caused these "lecturers" to descend into the ways of the tribe wherever they go.

When the young lady in New York put the "iron on" to this "teacher" and branded her right we sent $10.00 to the girl for her pluck and bravery.

SECOND PASTURE.

Editors of "Trade" papers known as grocers' papers.

Remember, we don't put the brand on all, by any means. Only those that require it. These members of the tribe have demanded that we carry advertising in their papers and when we do not consider it advisable they institute a campaign of vituperation and slander, printing from time to time manufactured slurs on Postum or Grape-Nuts. When they go far enough we set our legal force at work and hale them to the judge to answer. If the pace has been hot enough to throw some of these "cattle" over on their backs, feet tied and "bellowing," do you think we should be blamed? They gambol around with tails held high and jump stiff legged with a very "cocky" air while they have full range, but when the rope is thrown over them "it's different."

Should we untie them because they bleat soft and low? Or should we put the iron on, so that people will know the brand?

Let's keep them in this pasture, anyhow.

THIRD PASTURE.

Now we come to a frisky lot, the "Labor Union" editors. You know down in Texas a weed called "Loco" is sometimes eaten by a steer and produces a derangement of the brain that makes the steer "batty" or crazy. Many of these editors are "Locoed" from hate of anyone who will not instantly obey the "demands" of a labor union, and it is the universal habit of such writers to go straight into a system of personal vilification, manufacturing any sort of falsehood through which to vent their spleen. We assert that the common citizen has a right to live and breathe air without asking permission of the labor trust and this has brought down on us the hate of these editors. When they go far enough with their libels, is it harsh for us to get judgment against them and have our lawyers watch for a chance to attach money due them from others? (For they are usually irresponsible.)

Keep your eye out for the "Locoed" editor.

Now let all these choice specimens take notice:

We will deposit one thousand or fifty thousand dollars to be covered by a like amount from them, or any one of them, and if there was ever one ounce of old bread or any other ingredient different than our selected wheat and barley with a little salt and yeast used in the making of Grape-Nuts, we will lose the money.

Our pure food factories are open at all times to visitors, and thousands pass through each month, inspecting every department and every process. Our factories are so clean that one could, with good relish, eat a meal from the floors.

The work people, both men and women, are of the highest grade in the state of Michigan, and according to the state labor reports, are the highest paid in the state for similar work.

Let us tell you exactly what you will see when you inspect the manufacture of Grape-Nuts. You will find tremendous elevators containing the choicest wheat and barley possible to buy. These grains are carried through long conveyers to grinding mills, and there converted into flour. Then the machines make selection of the proper quantities of this flour in the proper proportion and these parts are blended into a general flour which passes over to the big dough mixing machines, there water, salt and a little yeast are added and the dough kneaded the proper length of time.

Remember that previous to the barley having been ground it was passed through about one hundred hours of soaking in water, then placed on warm floors and slightly sprouted, developing the diastase in the barley, which changes the starch in the grain into a form of sugar.

Now after we have passed it into dough and it has been kneaded long enough, it is moulded by machinery into loaves about 18 inches long and 5 or 6 inches in diameter. It is put into this shape for convenience in second cooking.

These great loaves are sliced by machinery and the slices placed on wire trays, these trays, in turn, placed on great steel trucks, and rolled into the secondary ovens, each perhaps 75 or 80 feet long. There the food is subjected to a long low heat and the starch which has not been heretofore transformed is turned into a form of sugar generally known as Post Sugar. It can be seen glistening on the granules of Grape-Nuts if held toward the light, and this sugar is not poured over or put on the food as these prevaricators ignorantly assert. On the contrary the sugar exudes from the interior of each little granule during the process of manufacture, and reminds one of the little white particles of sugar that come out on the end of a hickory log after it has been sawed off and allowed to stand for a length of time.

This Post Sugar is the most digestible food known for human use. It is so perfect in its adaptability that mothers with very young infants will pour a little warm milk over two or three spoonfuls of Grape-Nuts, thus washing the sugar off from the granules and carrying it with the milk to the bottom of the dish. Then this milk charged with Post Sugar is fed to the infants producing the most satisfactory results, for the baby has food that it can digest quickly and will go off to sleep well fed and contented.

When baby gets two or three months old it is the custom of some mothers to allow the Grape-Nuts to soak in the milk a little longer and become mushy, whereupon a little of the food can be fed in addition to the milk containing the washed off sugar.

It is by no means manufactured for a baby food, but these facts are stated as an illustration of a perfectly digestible food.

It furnishes the energy and strength for the great athletes. It is in common use by physicians in their own families and among their patients, and can be seen on the table of every first-class college in the land.

We quote from the London Lancet analysis as follows:

"The basis of nomenclature of this preparation is evidently an American pleasantry, since 'Grape-Nuts' is derived solely from cereals. The preparatory process undoubtedly converts the food constituents into a much more digestible condition than in the raw cereal. This is evident from the remarkable solubility of the preparation, no less than one-half of it being soluble in cold water. The soluble part contains chiefly dextrin and no starch. In appearance 'Grape-Nuts' resembles fried bread-crumbs. The grains are brown and crisp, with a pleasant taste not unlike slightly burnt malt. According to our analysis the following is the composition of 'Grape-Nuts:' Moisture, 6.02 per cent; mineral matter, 2.01 per cent; fat, 1.60 per cent; proteids, 15.00 per cent; soluble carbohydrates, etc., 49.40 per cent; and unaltered carbohydrates (insoluble), 25.97 per cent. The features worthy of note in this analysis are the excellent proportion of proteid, mineral matters, and soluble carbohydates per cent. The mineral matter was rich in phosphoric acid: 'Grape-Nuts' is described as a brain and nerve food, whatever that may be. Our analysis, at any rate, shows that it is a nutritive of a high order, since it contains the constituents of a complete food in very satisfactory and rich proportion and in an easily assimilable state."

An analysis made by the Canadian Government some time ago shows that Grape-Nuts contains nearly ten times the digestible elements contained in ordinary cereals, and foods, and nearly twice the amount contained in any other food analyzed.

The analysis is familiar to practically every successful physician in America and London.

We print this statement in order that the public may know the exact facts upon which we stake our honor and will back it with any amount of money that any person or corporation will put up.

We propose to follow some of these choice specimens of the tribe of Ananias.

When you hear a cooking school teacher or any other person assert that either Postum or Grape-Nuts are made of any other ingredients than those printed on the packages and as we say they are made, send us the name and address, also name of two or three witnesses, and if the evidence is clear enough to get a judgment we will right that wrong quickly.

Our business has always been conducted on as high a grade of human intelligence as we are capable of, and we propose to clear the deck of these prevaricators and liars whenever and wherever they can be found.

Attention is again called to the general and broad invitation to visitors to go through our works, where they will be shown the most minute process and device in order that they may understand how pure and clean and wholesome Grape-Nuts and Postum are.

There is an old saying among business men that there is some chance to train a fool, but there is no room for a liar, for you never can tell where you are, and we hereby serve notice on all the members of this ancient tribe of Ananias that they may follow their calling in other lines, but when they put forth their lies about Grape-Nuts and Postum, we propose to give them an opportunity to answer to the proper authorities.

The New York girl wisely said that if a person would lie about one item, it brands the whole discourse as absolutely unreliable.

Keep your iron ready and brand these "mavericks" whenever you find them running loose.

"There's a Reason" for

Grape-Nuts and Postum

A PRECARIOUS CONDITION.

Many Women Suffer Daily Miseries and Don't Know the Reason.

Women who are languid, suffer backache and dizzy spells, should read carefully the experience of Mrs. Laura Sullivan, Bluff and Third Sts., Marquette, Mich., who says: "I had backache and bearing-down pain, and at times my limbs would swell to twice natural size. I could hardly get up or down stairs, and often could not get my shoes on. Beginning to use Doan's Kidney Pills I got relief before I had used half a box, but continued taking them until cured. The bloating subsided and I was well again."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Suspicious.

"Very peculiar coincidence," said the tall poet as he opened the large envelope.

"What is that?" asked the brother bard.

"Why, some weeks ago I sent the editor of the Whoopen Magazine a poem entitled 'The Old Mint Julep.'"

"Did he accept it?"

"Yes, but when I sent him another poem the other day he returned it with the following message: 'We accepted your first poem, but now we are full.'"

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Motor-car Speed Indicators.

During a motor-car case yesterday counsel explained that the use of the speed indicator was to let the motorist know when he was approaching the speed limit.

Mr. Justice Darling—Why not have it marked off "Manslaughter," "Fines," "Imprisonment," "Murder?"

To Launder White Silk Handkerchiefs.

Do not put white silk handkerchiefs in the ordinary wash, as they are easily laundered at home. Make a strong lather of Ivory Soap and water, but do not rub the soap on the handkerchief or use soda. Rinse and iron while damp with a moderately hot iron.

Eleanor R. Parker.

Waiting on Twain.

We are waiting to hear from Mark Twain on the subject of the simplification of spelling. Then we'll know whether it's all a joke.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

There is something wrong about the father who is not a hero in the eyes of his little ones.

Tears over to-day's broken toys blind us to to-morrow's treasures.

Kemp's Balsam

Will stop any cough that can be stopped by any medicine and cure coughs that cannot be cured by any other medicine.

It is always the best cough cure. You cannot afford to take chances on any other kind.

KEMP'S BALSAM cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, grip, asthma and consumption in first stages.

MIXED FARMING

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

WHEAT RAISING RANCHING
three great pursuits have again shown wonderful results on the

FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS OF WESTERN CANADA.

Magnificent climate—farmers plowing in their shirt sleeves in the middle of November.

"All are bound to be more than pleased with the final results of the past season's harvest."—Extract.

Coal, wood, water, hay in abundance—schools, churches, markets convenient.

This is the era of $1.00 wheat.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration Ottawa Canada or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.
(Mention this paper.)

POULTRY GROWS faster, is stronger, healthier, and lays an abundance of eggs in fall and winter, if given daily SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER the pioneer of poultry medicines for helping poultry to assimilate and get the full benefit of all kinds of food. One pack 25 cts.; five $1.00; two-lb. can $1.20; six $5.00. Express paid.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

N W N U —NO. 16— 1906.

HE ATTENDS TO BUSINESS
who goes straight to work to cure
Hurts, Sprains, Bruises
by the use of
St. Jacobs Oil
and saves time, money and gets out of misery quickly.
It Acts Like Magic. Price, 25c. and 50c.

TEN YEARS WITHOUT EATING.

Man Who Was Fed Through a Tube in His Side.

For ten years before his death on Thursday night at Kingstown a man named Joseph Knight had not eaten any food.

Eleven years ago, while on board the yacht Elba, at Gosport, he accidentally drank some detergent in mistake for porter, with the result that his gullet and other internal organs were destroyed. He was removed from the yacht to a man-o'-war in Gosport harbor, where first aid was given him, and afterward was placed in the hands of able surgeons, who not only saved his life, but also enabled him to live for more than ten years in comparative comfort by means of feeding through a tube in his side leading directly to the stomach.

Wheeling about the town in a bath chair, poor Knight was always an object of sympathy to residents and visitors. It is remarkable that, though unable to eat, he could always enjoy a smoke. He was about forty years of age at his death.

LIKE A DEPARTMENT STORE.

Purchases Marked Stages of This Woman's European Trip.

The two women were chatting on Fifth avenue. One was telling the other about a recent trip to Europe.

"And did you go to Leipsic?"

"Leipsic? Leipsic? Why, yes, glancing down, "that's where I bought my furs."

"Did you stop at Geneva?"

"Let's see? Oh, yes, that's where diamonds were so cheap. I got the cunningest watches there."

"Malines?"

"My dear, the laces there cost absolutely nothing."

"Well," said her friend, "you must have had a pleasant trip, for you treated Europe as one big department store."

Misunderstood.

The brilliant essayist, Miss Agnes Repplier, was discussing her widely-talked-of paper on the ugliness of men's dress.

"No," she said, in answer to an attack, "I made no such assertion in my paper. You misunderstood my meaning. You misunderstood me as completely and as ludicrously as a maid once misunderstood a visitor.

"This visitor, a young lady, rang a friend's bell and said to the maid who opened the door:

"'Is Miss Gaye in?'

"'She is, ma'am,' the maid answered.

"'And is she disengaged?'

"'I'm afraid so, miss,' she said, 'for I just seen her young man scoot down the steps a-clutchin' the di'mond ring she's been wearin' since last Easter.'"

An Ancient Egyptian Perfume.

The curator of the museum uncorked an ancient alabaster vase. "Smell this," he said. The odor was delicious. From the vase emanated an odor sweeter than violets, roses or lilies of the valley. "You are now smelling," said the curator, "an Egyptian perfume more than 3,000 years old. This perfume was made in Egypt before Christ's birth, and it was buried with an Egyptian princess—there she is, over there. How well it must have been made to keep strong and sweet for thirty centuries. It is only rarely that we find perfumes in mummy cases, but when we do they are always delicate and pure. Marvelous perfumers the Egyptians must have been! Beat us all hollow!"

FOR NERVOUS PEOPLE

A Michigan Mother Preserved to Her Family by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

When the blood is impoverished the nerves starve and neuralgia or something more serious swiftly follows. Nervous people are generally pale people. By supplying through the blood those vital elements that the nerves need, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People have performed those remarkable cures that make it impossible for any nervous sufferer to neglect them.

A recent case is that of Mrs. Peter Morrissette, of No. 315 Eleventh street, Alpena, Mich., who writes as follows: "My trouble started with childbirth. After one of my children was born I had a kind of paralysis. I was very weak and my mouth was a little crooked. I was always tired and was so nervous that I could not bear to hear a dog bark or a bell ring—even the little bird in its cage would annoy me. My heart fluttered a great deal and I had dizzy spells. I was not able to be left alone.

"My doctor gave me different kinds of medicine, changing it several times. When it was evident that he could not help me he said he did not understand my case. This was three years ago and I was very much discouraged, when my brother, who had taken Dr. Williams Pink Pills, recommended them to me. I tried them and noticed a change for the better when I was taking the second box. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured me and I have been well ever since. I now do all my own housework, sewing and washing for seven of us."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have also cured diseases caused by impure or impoverished blood such as rheumatism, anæmia and after-effects of the grip.

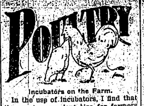
All druggists sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills or the remedy will be mailed, post-paid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Keeping His Muscle Up.

If Mr. Bryan should accept a presidential nomination in 1908 it probably would be for the purpose of keeping in training for 1912.

Many a man thinks he is mellowing when he is only getting moldy.

Vanity never goes hungry. It feeds itself.



Incubators on the Farm.

In the use of incubators, I find that the most convenient size for farmers and small breeders is the one holding from 60 to 75 eggs. One of the reasons for this is that fresher eggs may be used. Then, too, the chicks do not crowd so in the brooder. It is also more convenient to put a small number of chicks with hens, as sitting hens are very scarce in this vicinity, in early spring. I never have trouble in controlling the temperature, as my incubator is in the storm house. I have lost chicks by reason of having the temperature too high in the incubator. One time the temperature in my machine was at 105 degrees during the last five days of incubation. This was too high, and the moisture was not abundant enough for such a high temperature. The result was that the chicks just pipped but did not get out of the shells. The percentage of hatches depends to a considerable extent on the breed from which the eggs come. When I use thin-shelled eggs, such as those from the Leghorns, I get on an average 93 per cent. With eggs from the other breeds my hatches run from 65 to 75 per cent. My greatest loss of chicks comes after hatching. I have never succeeded with a brooder. As to the quantity of oil used, I find that with the machine that uses 50 eggs it requires three gallons and with the 200-egg machine, five gallons for a batch. I generally fill my incubators five or six times during the season. We try to avoid late hatches. We can't raise late-hatched chicks very well in this climate, as the red bugs or chiggers kill the chicks.—Lee R. Herrington, McLennan Co., Texas.

Feeding Chicks.

When the chicks are 36 hours old I bring them into the brooder house, on the floor of which is sifted fine limestone dirt, which I get at the rock crushers at the rate of a two-horse load for 25 cents. I let them pick at this at will till they are 48 hours old. Then they get cracked corn, oats and wheat broken fine, and also a little water. This I give them several times a day till they are 14 days old. Each time I feed only what they will eat up clean. I clean away the gravel or dirt every evening and put in new gravel for the next day, and in the morning and during the day I feed in this fresh gravel. They are always busy scratching after the little grain. One should be sure to buy only the best grain.

When they are fourteen days old they are free to come into the main scratching pen, where they get alfalfa leaves in addition to the same kind of feed fed before, which is, however given in a coarser form. I keep a sharp lookout for lice on the chicks, and as soon as one louse is found, the whole bunch of chicks have to go through a dusting machine. I keep the roosting house and scratching shed as clean as possible, using frequently a solution of crude carbolic acid. If the chicks begin to sneeze I take them to the hospital and give them a dose of hydrogen peroxide, one part to two of water, applying it in the nostrils. That will cure the trouble in two days. I have thus cured the worst cases of roup in a few days. I never feed mash or any of the numerous new kinds of feeds we hear about.—A. Jenson, Jackson Co., Mo., in Farmers' Review.

Controlling Mites and Lice.

I have in years past had my share of troubles with lice and mites, but experience has taught me that only by proper methods used at the proper time can they be held in check. Keep fighting them is the way I have always found an efficient remedy. Twice a year I thoroughly renovate my homes, nest boxes and all, give everything a thorough coat of good whitewash, in which I place a little coal oil and carbolic acid. I do this early in the spring before the birds get ready to incubate, hence I am not troubled with the mites on the birds during the hatching season. At all times of the year I take pains to keep my houses clean. Dropping boards are cleaned thoroughly every week, and a good lice paint used on them about every two weeks. If there are any lice and mites around I see no signs of them when this method is used. It is by letting them get a good start on you that makes them hard to control. They will soon own the place unless you begin right and keep it up.—R. T. Megibben, Sullivan Co., Indiana.

Crop-Bound Fowls.

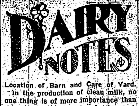
Every farmer is familiar with what is called "crop-bound" in fowls. The crop becomes packed with food that has ceased to pass into the gizzard of the bird. If the contents of the crop consist of grain only, the fowl should be kept from food for some days. In addition, the crop should be manipulated with the hands. This will tend to loosen the grain and start its passage into the gizzard.

Sometimes the condition is caused by feeding cut hay, dried alfalfa or clover, which have packed at the point where the food should pass out of the crop. One poultry raiser, in cases of this kind, pours sweet oil down the throat of the bird, and this loosens up the mass. In bad cases he opens the crop by cutting and removes the collected food, afterward sewing up the crop. He says that this does not appear to cause the bird much pain. After this is done the bird should be fed only milk or other light food for some days.

Keep Away Lice.

If you have an incubator put in it only eggs that are free from lice. When the chicks come, put them in a brooder that is free from lice. When the birds grow large enough to be put into a pen by themselves, have that pen perfectly free from lice. In that way the flock will be kept free from lice and mites, and much trouble will be saved.

—Learn to graft your own trees.



Location of Barn and Care of Yard.

In the production of clean milk, no one thing is of more importance than keeping the cows out of the mud. Many yards into which dairy cows are turned each day for their drink and exercise are knee-deep with mud and manure during the winter and spring, if not nearly the entire year. In summer when the cows are on pasture, they would keep comparatively clean were they not obliged to wade through a filthy yard in going to the stable.

In locating a dairy barn care should be taken to have a gentle slope from the barn in at least one direction, affording good natural drainage for both barn and yard. If the barn is already built and poorly located, drainage and grading will do much to remedy the evil. In most cases it would take but a small amount of labor with plow and scraper, when the ground is in suitable condition to handle, to give the surface of the yard a slope from the barn sufficient to carry off the surface water. Even if dirt has to be hauled in from outside the yard to accomplish this, it will not be expensive. Tile drainage alone under a yard is not sufficient, as the tramping of the cattle soon puddles the surface, preventing the water from passing down to the tile.

After the grading is done, the yard should be covered with gravel or cinders. By putting the coarser in the bottom and the finer on top, a good hard yard can be obtained and at a comparatively small expense, where material of this kind is available. If this cannot all be done in one year it is of the utmost importance that a beginning be made by grading and graveling a portion of the yard next the barn, so that the cows may have some place on which to get out of the mud and filth. By grading a part of the yard each year and applying a thick coat of gravel or cinders to the graded part, the entire yard will, in a few years, be in good condition. When gravel does not contain enough clay to pack hard, a small amount of clay should be mixed with the top layer. It will then form a firm surface.

A portion of the yard should be bedded, thus affording the cows a place to lie in the open air on pleasant days. If straw is scarce, the cleanest of the soiled bedding from the stable will answer this purpose. When the straw and manure on this bedded portion of the yard become too deep and soft, it should be hauled into the field and the bedding commenced again on the solid yard.

It is advisable to haul the manure directly to the field from the barn, but if this is not feasible, it should be removed at least 100 feet from the barn. In no case should it be allowed to accumulate against or near the dairy barn, and no swine pen should be nearer than 200 feet on account of the odors being readily absorbed by the milk.

W. J. Fraser.
University of Illinois.

Co-Operation in Creameries.

Fortunately farmers are learning to co-operate, as is shown by the thousands of co-operative creameries that have been started in the west and northwest. But we need something more than the co-operation of farmers in single creameries; we need the co-operation of the creameries themselves, which will divide up the territory in such a way that as little work as possible will be required to gather the milk from any one section. Where creameries are numerous we believe it would be a good plan to have county organization of creameries, through which arrangements could be made for the gathering of the milk and the selling of the finished product. Instead of a single man being sent from each creamery to negotiate for the sale of creamery products, one man could represent a number of creameries in the same locality.

Keeping the Horns Off.

For the past fifteen years we have had no mature animals on the place with horns. We maintain our herd of cows very largely by raising heifer calves and with these we make it a universal practice to prevent the growth of horns with caustic potash. This is done usually before the calf is three weeks old and I do not recall now that we have had a single failure. If at any time mature cows are bought into the herd, we remove the horns at the first convenient opportunity. We have an Ayrshire cow that is dehorned and an Ayrshire heifer that will be dehorned soon. The practice of dehorning is very general among the dairymen of this state.—H. H. Wing, Professor of Animal Husbandry, Cornell University.

Keeping Up the Herd.

Our most successful dairymen seem to find that they get best results from the raising of heifers to replace the older animals in their herds. That is, by the use of pure bred sires of some of the recognized dairy breeds, on grade cows. We have very few herds of pure bred dairy cows kept mainly for milk, cream and butter production. Such herds are kept principally for the sale of breeding stock. In my opinion the improvement of dairy herds, under our conditions, can best be effected by the use of pure bred sires, with careful selection based on the showing of the scales and the Babcock test.—F. L. Kent, Dairy Instructor, Oregon Agricultural College.

More Sheep Wanted.

Sheep are doubly valuable for man, as they produce both wool and meat. In some countries they also are the milk producers. Wool clothing is much more healthful than cotton, as it protects the body from the changes of temperature which many times prove fatal. Wool does not burn rapidly, while cotton is very inflammable. Many a person that has been burned to death when their clothing has taken fire, would have been saved if their clothing had been of wool.

They Stand Alone.

Standing out in bold relief, *all alone*, and as a conspicuous example of open, frank and honest dealing with the sick and afflicted, are Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for weak, over-worked, debilitated, nervous, "run-down," pain-racked women, and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the famous remedy for weak stomach, indigestion, or dyspepsia, torpid liver, or biliousness, all catarrhal affections, whether of the stomach, bowels, kidneys, bladder, nasal passages, throat, bronchia, or other mucous passages, also as an effective remedy for all diseases arising from thin, watery or impure blood, as scrofulous and skin affections.

Each bottle of the above medicines bears upon its wrapper a badge of honesty in the full list of ingredients composing it—*printed in plain English.* This frank and open publicity places these medicines *in a class all by themselves*, and is the best guaranty of their merits. They cannot be classed as patent nor secret medicines for they are neither—*being of known composition.*

Dr. Pierce feels that he can afford to take the afflicted into his full confidence and lay all the ingredients of his medicines freely before them because these ingredients are such as are endorsed and most strongly praised by scores of the most eminent medical writers as cures for the diseases for which these medicines are recommended. Therefore, the afflicted do not have to rely alone upon Dr. Pierce's recommendation as to the curative value of his medicines for certain easily recognized diseases.

A glance at the printed formula on each bottle will show that no alcohol and no harmful or habit-forming drugs enter into Dr. Pierce's medicines, they being wholly compounded of glyceric extracts of the roots of native, American forest plants. These are best and safest for the cure of most lingering, chronic diseases. Dr. R. V. Pierce can be consulted FREE, by addressing him at Buffalo, N. Y., and all communications are regarded as sacredly confidential.

It is as easy to be well as ill—and much more comfortable. Constipation is the cause of many forms of illness. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. They are tiny, sugar-coated granules. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, two a mild cathartic. All dealers in medicines sell them.

Matrimonial.

Three Germans were sitting at luncheon recently and were overheard discussing the second marriage of a mutual friend, when one of them remarked:

"I'll tell you vhat. A man vhat marries de second time don't deserve to have lost his first vife."—Life.

Mamma Objects.

Miss Beautigirl—Oh, but mamma objects to kissing!

Jack Swift—Well, I'm not kissing your mamma, am I?

What We Need.

Something that will insure a natural action of the liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels, cure constipation and sick headache, something that will purify the blood, cleanse the system and bring good health. Garfield Tea, the mild herb laxative, does all this.

No Room for Doubt.

"It was a most remarkable dream," says our friend. "I dreamed that I had gone to paradise."

"And," we ask, having in mind a recent discussion, "were the angels men or women?"

"I remember seeing but one angel," says our friend, "and it asked me if its halo was on straight."—Judge.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

A Doubting Thomas.

She—Did you let father know you owned a lot of house property?

He—I hinted at it.

She—What did he say?

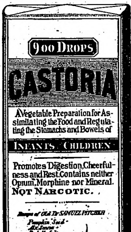
He—He said: "Deeds speak louder than words."

Wouldn't That Jar You?

A little girl living at Rochester, Ill., had been taught to say her prayers down on her knees before her bed every night before retiring. She always wound up by saying "God bless mamma," "God bless papa," and so on down, enumerating each member in the family.

One night her mother was sewing in the room while the little one was preparing for bed. She said her prayers as usual, and got into bed. She had been in bed only a few minutes when out she jumped, kneeled in front of her bed and said:

"Oh, Lord, I forgot grandma; wouldn't that jar you?"



900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Resemblance.

"Women," remarked the Irish philosopher, "are all alike in one respect."

"What's the answer?" queried the ignorant person.

"They are all alike in being different from each other," explained the philosophical son of Erin.

He Caught the Boat.

The ferryboat was crowded with weary homegoers when through the crowd rushed a man—hot, excited, laden to the chin with bundles of every size and shape.

No Wonder.

"Did you hear of the man who got married and never spoke a word to his wife for fifteen years?"

"No; why?"

"He didn't like to interrupt her."

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package, FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Sardines Are Scarce.

The sardine situation in New Brunswick is assuming a serious phase. The hopes that were felt in the early part of the season for a big run of summer fish have not been realized. Only small quantities are being picked up, and for these high prices have to be paid.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. Peter Dahl, Clarkfield, Minn., rotary engine; James King, Frazee, Minn., rotary engine; Walter Messig, Minneapolis, Minn., garment hanger; John Riley, Minneapolis, Minn., grain door; Arthur Robinson, Clear Lake, Minn., mail case; Charles Spence, St. Paul, Minn., motor boat; John Stransky, Pukwana, S. D., cement fence post.

A Trouble Center.

The small boy had just smoked his first cigar.

"Boss," he gasped, with a troubled look, "w-where was dat cigar made?"

"That cigar, my lad," replied the man who had given him the weed, "was made in Santo Domingo."

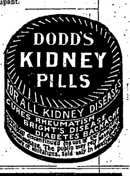
"Gee! I thought so."

"Why did you think so?"

"It—it started half a dozen revolutions in me stomach."

Motor Car for Babies.

Every baby now can have his or her own motor car; a new era in perambulators has begun, and Mr. Dunkley of Birmingham, one of the leading manufacturers of perambulators in this country, has invented a little vehicle which he calls the pramotor. It consists of a comfortably upholstered bassinette with a folding hood and pneumatic tires, worked by a little electric motor of less than a quarter-horse power, and capable of attaining any speed up to five miles an hour. The nurse can either walk behind, if she wishes exercise, or sit on a bicycle seat, which can be drawn out by means of collapsible tubes from under the car. The driving lever and steering wheel are fixed at the back of the car, well out of reach of the erratic occupant.



STOP, WOMAN!

AND CONSIDER THE ALL-IMPORTANT FACT

That in addressing Mrs. Pinkham you are confiding your private ills to a woman—a woman whose experience with women's diseases covers a great many years.

Mrs. Pinkham is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, and for many years under her direction, and since her decease, she has been advising sick women free of charge.

Many women suffer in silence and drift along from bad to worse, knowing full well that they ought to have immediate assistance, but a natural modesty impels them to shrink from exposing themselves to the questions and probable examinations of even their family physician. It is unnecessary. Without money or price you can consult a woman whose knowledge from actual experience is great.

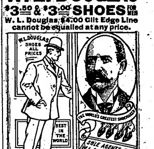
Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation.

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women only. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established the eternal confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Out of the vast volume of experience which she has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge that will help your case. She asks nothing in return except your good-will, and her advice has relieved thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance.

If you are ill, don't hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice.

When a medicine has been successful in restoring to health so many women, you cannot well say, without trying it, "I do not believe it will help me."

WET?
No doubt you'll need a TOWER'S FISH BRAND SUIT or SLICKER this season.
Make no mistake—it's the kind that's guaranteed to keep you dry and comfortable in the hardest storm. Made in Black or Yellow. Sold by all reliable dealers.
A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO., Ltd. Toronto, Can.



W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES
ESTABLISHED JULY 6, 1876.
CAPITAL $2,500,000

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN
W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES & SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

If I could take you into my three large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you the infinite care with which every pair of shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

That Delightful Aid to Health

Paxtine

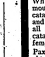
Toilet Antiseptic

Whitens the teeth—purifies mouth and breath—cures nasal catarrh, sore throat, sore eyes, and by direct application cures all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions caused by feminine ills.

Paxtine possesses extraordinary cleansing, healing and germicidal qualities unlike anything else. At all druggists. 50 cents

LARGE TRIAL PACKAGE FREE

The R. Paxton Co., Boston, Mass



Earn from $70 to $165 per month

Wanted young men to become Firemen and Brakemen on Minnesota and other railroads. Experience unnecessary. Positions secured when competent. Instructions at your home by mail. Write to-day for particulars.

FEDERAL RY. TRAINING SCHOOL.
789 Oneida Block. Minneapolis, Minn.

Big Interest On Your Money

All profits paid in dividends. Others have made one hundred per cent in same business. Sure income for life—and valuable legacy for family. Real estate deeded to Philadelphia trust company for protection of investors. Beautifully illustrated booklet and paper free. Write at once. I. L. and D. Co., Dept A, 725 Drexel Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

ESTABLISHED 1879.
Minneapolis WOODWARD & CO. GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth
Orders for future delivery executed in all markets.

Northwest News.

"THE CLANSMAN" IS COMING.

St. Paul and Minneapolis to Be Favored With the Great Southern Play.

Thomas Dixon, Jr.'s famous play, "The Clansman," is announced for presentation at the Metropolitan opera house, St. Paul, Minn., for four nights, beginning Sunday, April 22, with Wednesday matinee, and also at the Metropolitan opera house, Minneapolis, three nights, beginning Thursday, April 26, with Saturday matinee.

Mr. Dixon's play is a dramatization of "The Clansman" and "The Leopard's Spots," which have stirred the nation by his bold and fearless treatment of the race problem. Probably no play has received so much critical comment and been so widely discussed since the first production of "Uncle Tom's Cabin." It may fitly be described as the sensation of the century.

For weeks past so much interest has been shown by the out-of-town patrons in the coming engagement that the management of the Metropolitan opera house in St. Paul and Minneapolis has deemed it necessary to receive mail orders for seats. All such orders sent in will be filled in the order of their receipt. All checks, money orders, etc., should be made payable to L. N. Scott. It is also imperative that seats ordered by telephone be called for promptly on the opening of the seat sale, as the demand for seats will be far in excess of the seating capacity of the theater.

The prices for the engagement will be 25 cents to $1.50.

BATTLES WITH HOUSE CAT.

Grand Rapids Man May Suffer Blood Poisoning.

Grand Rapids, Minn., April 19.—In a battle with a vicious house cat, Will Richardson, one of the prominent young men of this place, received serious injuries and blood poisoning is feared. The cat had been a household pet, but had acquired the wanderlust and become a tramp. Richardson attempted to put it out of the house when the vicious animal turned on him and bit and scratched him. He struck it to the ground and attempted to kick it, but could not land a knockout blow. The cat returned to the attack and finally Richardson was compelled to beat a retreat. His wrists were badly lacerated by the animal's teeth and claws and his face and portions of his body gave evidence of the desperate nature of the encounter. Precautions against blood poisoning have been taken, but it is feared they will prove unavailing.

USES $10,000 OF BANK'S MONEY.

Assistant Teller of St. Paul Bank Confesses to Embezzlement.

St. Paul, April 19.—Louis S. Jungbauer, assistant teller of the State Savings bank, was yesterday arrested charged with a shortage of $1,000 in his accounts, but officers of the bank say that it will reach $10,000. The bank, however, will lose nothing, as Jungbauer is under bonds and the bonding company will make good the shortage, whatever it is.

Jungbauer was arraigned yesterday morning in police court. He waived a hearing and was held to the grand jury.

The entire sum, according to the officers of the bank, has been taken since October last year, and all of it has been spent.

It went for wine, women and song, according to Jungbauer's statements to the officers of the bank.

MATES' JOKE KILLS BOY.

Fright at Being Chased by Dog Causes Heart Failure.

Fertile, Minn., April 19. — Bennie Holland, the ten-year-old son of Mons Holland, dropped dead yesterday, supposedly from fright. The boy had been playing with companions, one of whom set a vicious dog upon him. The boy took to his heels and ran home as fast as he could, the dog chasing him all the way. As he entered the house he told his sister the dog was after him, and seemed to be greatly exhausted from fright and his fast run. He complained of not feeling well, and almost immediately afterward fell to the floor dead.

GASHES THROAT WITH RAZOR.

Convicted Prisoner Borrows Razor and Attempts Suicide.

Ashland, Wis., April 19.—Max Miller, who was convicted Saturday on a charge of attempting to obtain money under false pretenses, made an attempt last night to commit suicide by cutting his throat with a razor. He will recover, but will be examined as to his sanity. The sheriff allowed him the use of a razor with which to shabe and as soon as the officer's back was turned, miller gashed his throat. Other prisoners saw the act and raised the alarm.

Man May Have Been Murdered.

Helena, Mont., April 19.—The nude body of an unknown man was found in a slough near Central Park, Gallatin county, yesterday afternoon. There are indications of foul play and the authorities are investigating.

Mill Hand Loses Fingers.

Brainerd, Minn., April 19. — O. S. Campbell, a young man employed in a lath mill near Pequot, lost three fingers in one of the saws yesterday. He was brought to St. Joseph's hospital here for treatment.

Farmer Suicides.

Winona, Minn., April 19. — John Dreker, a farmer living near St. Charles, suicided by hanging himself in his barn yesterday afternoon. The cause for the deed is unknown. He was 50 years old and leaves a wife and six children.

Gets Year for Stealing Shoes.

Helena, Mont., April 19. — "Hank" Smith pleaded guilty to burglary in stealing two pairs of ladies' shoes at Bozeman yesterday and was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

MINER'S FALL IS FATAL.

William Collins of Butte Dies From Internal Injuries.

Butte, Mont., April 18. — William Collins, twenty-two years old, is dead as the result of injuries received in an accident in the Never Sweat mine. Collins was at work on the 1,600-foot level, and in some manner walked into the chute, falling a distance of 100 feet. He was picked up immediately after the accident and hurried to a hospital, where an examination showed that no bones had been broken, and that beyond a few cuts and bruises the man apparently had been unhurt. He was taken suddenly worse during the night, however, and died before morning. It is supposed that he received serious internal injuries.

OVER 500 CONVERTED.

Northfield Meetings Come to a Close With Anti-Saloon Declaration.

Northfield, Minn., April 18.—Easter Sunday was a memorable day in Northfield. The crowds that attended the closing services of the union evangelistic movement were the largest that ever have gathered here for any purpose. Some 600 or 700 persons have professed conversion during the four weeks of meetings. Evangelist Lyon made a strong appeal for the closing of the four local saloons, and the great audience stood on its feet declaring that the saloons of Northfield must go and that the town must stand as a clean educational community.

ACCIDENTAL SHOT IS FATAL.

Louis Waninger Loses His Life at Casselton, N. D.

Little Falls, Minn., April 18.—The body of Louis Waninger of Pierce, this county, was brought to this city yesterday from Casselton, N. D., where he met an accidental death yesterday as the result of the explosion of a shotgun. The boy, who was seventeen years old, was lifting the gun over a fence when it was in some manner discharged, the charge taking effect in his breast. Death was instantaneous.

REMEY SENTENCED.

Young Frenchman Gets Ten Years in Prison.

Helena, Mont., April 18. — Judge Henry C. Smith sentenced Camille Frederic Remey, convicted of manslaughter for killing Wasson J. Oliver, to serve ten years in the penitentiary. Remey was nervous, but had nothing to say when the usual question was propounded. He will also be prosecuted on the charge of larceny, it being charged that he stole Oliver's possessions, valued at $800.

COAL NEAR ALEXANDRIA.

Samples Are Found in Well on a Farm.

Alexandria, Minn., April 18.—While sinking a well on the farm of M. D. Fredenberg, seven miles south of here, John Lorenz reports that he found several good samples of hard coal. The coal was found at a depth of fifteen feet. The well is to be sunk deeper in the hope of making further discoveries.

Fine Farm Mansion Burns.

St. Hilaire, Minn., April 18. — An early morning fire completely destroyed the handsome farm house of Michael McAndress, a few miles east of here, entailing a loss of $4,500, with small insurance. The house was one of the finest in this section, being fitted with a steam heating plant and all other modern conveniences. Members of the family were in bed when the fire started, but managed to escape without injury. None of the furniture or personal effects of the members of the family was saved.

Drowned in Mississippi.

Winona, Minn., April 18.—John Gostomczik is believed to have been drowned in the Mississippi, thus furnishing an explanation of the cries for help last Thursday night from near the sandbar. A missing oar has been found. He went up river after wood on Thursday and has not returned.

Game Poachers Fined.

Wheaton, Minn., April 18. — Game Warden C. H. Colyer arrested Anius and Ever Osander for illegal fishing and hunting yesterday. They were brought before Judge Ludwig and fined $50. The guns and equipment were sent to the state game commission.

Cuts Throat From Ear to Ear.

St. Paul, April 18.—Roman Slypolski, aged thirty-eight, committed suicide yesterday by cutting his throat from ear to ear with a razor. Continued ill health was the cause.

Returns From Grave and Dies.

Grundy Center, Iowa, April 18.—Returning from the funeral of a life-long friend, Mrs. Anna Hyndman of Parkersburg was stricken with heart failure and died almost immediately. She was sixty-eight years old.

Delano Fire Loss Is $25,000.

Delano, Minn., April 18.—Fire of unknown origin destroyed the Hanover roller mill and considerable adjacent property, causing a loss estimated at $25,000, of which $20,000 was on the mill.

Burglars Rob Church.

Le Sueur, Minn., April 18.—Burglars broke into a jewelry store here and stole some small articles; they also broke into the Catholic church and pried open the tabernacle and stole a $50 chalice.

Child Drowned.

Sturgeon Bay, Wis., April 18.—The thirteen-year-old daughter of John Meikle was drowned Saturday morning after she and her sister had run away from school and were playing on a raft.

HAS FIVE GENERATIONS.

Clinton Family's Eldest Member Is Old-Time Justice.

Clinton, Iowa, April 17.—Clinton has a remarkable family, which includes five generations. W. H. De Freest of the North side is the great great grandfather of William Henry Carrow, aged three months. Mr. De Freest, who is an old-time justice of the peace, is eighty-two years of age. The next in line is Mrs. A. L. Alford, daughter of Mr. De Freest. Next comes Mrs. Minnie Metcalf, daughter of Mrs. Alford, and then Mrs. T. H. Carrow of Chicago, daughter of Mrs. Metcalf. All the members of the family reside here except Mrs. Carrow.

PURSUED BY FATE.

Husband Killed, Son Kicked and Daughter Shot by Son.

Ashland, Wis., April 17.—Mrs. Ole Hermanson of Mason is prostrated over a series of fatalities in her family. Her three-year-old son Paul is in a hospital here suffering from a fractured skull as a consequence of a kick from a horse. He is unconscious and no hopes of his recovery are held out by the doctors. Two years ago Mrs. Hermanson lost her husband in an accident in the woods, and last fall while her little daughter was playing in the yard she was shot and accidentally killed by her brother.

FIVE MILES IN NIGHT CLOTHES.

Wisconsin Family Flee From Their Burning Home.

Marinette, Wis., April 17.—The family of David Engleron, living five miles from Crivitz, had a narrow escape from death by the destruction of their home. A lamp exploded in the night and the flames spread so rapidly that before the sleeping family discovered them the entire building was enveloped. The father, mother and four children escaped, clad only in their night clothing, and had to walk five miles in their bare feet before they could obtain shelter and assistance.

KIDNAP YOUNG GIRL.

Son of "King" of Gypsies in North Dakota Is Suspected.

Moorhead, Minn., April 17. — Word has been received by Chief of Police Malvey from the sheriff at Valley City, N. D., that a man named Wells, son of the "king" of a band of gypsies which made its headquarters in this city the past winter, had kidnapped a fourteen-year-old girl at Oriska, and that his wagon outfit had disappeared. The balance of the band are under arrest at Valley City, and the sheriff is preparing to scour the country in pursuit of the fugitive.

REWARD FOR TIGER.

Murdock Village Trustees Put Lid on Gambling.

Sacred Heart, Minn., April 17. — In order to wipe out gambling the trustees of the village of Murdock have deposited $25 in a local bank which is to be given as a reward for the arrest and conviction of any one caught gambling. As the reward is claimed the sum will be replaced by a similar amount. So far no one has claimed the reward, but the offer seems to have had a good effect, and there is no longer any open gambling in the village.

MASONS LAY CORNERSTONE.

Exercises Are Occasion for a Holiday at Superior.

Superior, Wis., April 17.—Thousands of people gathered for the laying of the corner stone of the federal building. The local lodges of Masons had the event in charge, and the dedication was presided over by Grand Master Frank Bailey of Racine. The afternoon was made a holiday by the Superior merchants.

GASES KILL MINER.

Comrade Only Fifteen Feet From Man Stricken, Survives.

Lead, S. D., April 17.—Lee Tate, said to be the first white child born in Yankton, S. D., has met death from gases in the Ruby Bell mine. John Ross was only fifteen feet from Tate's body, but he still was alive and has sufficiently recovered to tell the story. Tate is survived by a widow and two children.

Bigelow Goes Back.

Leavenworth, Kan., April 17.—Frank G. Bigelow, the former Milwaukee bank president, now serving a ten-year sentence in the federal prison here, left yesterday afternoon for that city in charge of Capt. Zerbst, a prison guard. Bigelow goes to Milwaukee to testify in the trial of Henry G. Goll, former cashier of the bank.

AS BAD AS BULL FIGHT.

Mrs. Jones Is Determined to Stop Proposed Fox Chase.

Eldora, Iowa, April 17.—Calling a fox chase as bad as a bull fight, Mrs. Elizabeth Jones, secretary of the Iowa Humane society, has decided to stop such a pastime as has been proposed at the army post at Fort Des Moines. Mrs. Jones says that unless the army post officials and the park commissioners agree to restrain the sportsmen from having a fox chase, she will appeal to Gov. Cummins.

Rather Queer.

Blushing, she hid her face on her father's shoulder.

"He loves me," she breathed.

"Wants to marry you, hey?" the old man grunted.

"Yes, papa."

"What's his income?"

She started.

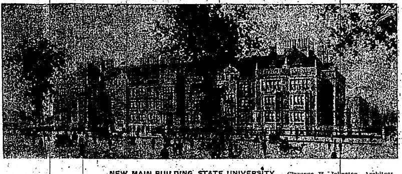
"I don't know," she murmured, but the coincidence is very strange."

"What coincidence?" said her father.

"Clarence," she answered, "asked that very same question about your income."

BUILDINGS WILL BE CREDIT TO THE STATE

New Main Structure at University Will Be Collegiate Gothic in Style, and Afford Excellent Accommodations—"Main" at Farm School Will Be Italian Renaissance.



NEW MAIN BUILDING, STATE UNIVERSITY. Clarence H. Johnston, Architect.

The new main building at the state university, the contract for which was let recently by the state board of control, will be a large and handsome structure. It will be 325 by 90 feet, of the collegiate Gothic style, and will cost about $350,000.

The exterior will be of pressed brick, trimmed with terra cotta and upon a granite base. The halls and stairways will be in white enamel brick and the floors of tile. In all there will be about forty large class rooms in the building, with about fifty smaller study rooms and offices. The building will have three stories and a high basement. There will be large entrances at all four sides. The entrances will be connected by a corridor running through from end to end of the building.

In the basement will be the heating apparatus, janitors' rooms, toilet rooms, two check rooms, a men's study room, the Scandinavian and German museums and two debating seminars.

The First Floor.

On the first floor will be the postoffice, the dean's office and class rooms for the mathematics, Greek, Latin and astronomy. The building will be wider at the two ends, affording space for two class rooms on either side of the corridor. At the center will be four or five more class rooms on the University avenue side of the offices, and study rooms on the other side of the corridor.

On the second floor will be class rooms for the classes in German, Scandinavian, Spanish, French; rooms for student publications and a study for the professors.

The class rooms on the top floor will be larger than those on the other floors and are designed for classes in rhetoric, oratory, pedagogy and philosophy.

The building will be fire-proof throughout. The hot blast system of heating will be used. It will be completed during the summer of 1907.

Main at Farm School.

The new main building at the state farm school will be completed in December. It will be in the shape of a "T" with a frontage of 250 feet on Cleveland and 150 feet deep. It will be built in the Italian Rennaisance style, of pressed brick with stone trimmings, upon a granite foundation. The structure will be about 510 feet from the street, allowing space for an ornamental lawn. A large entrance on the north side will give convenient entry from the old school grounds. The building, when completed, will cost about $250,000.

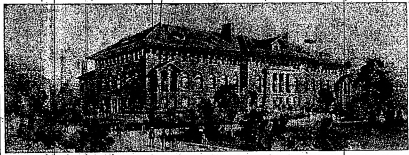
The basement will be used only for the heating apparatus and janitors' rooms. On the ground floor will be a large lecture room for the short-course class, two museums, a school class room, a breeding laboratory and a research laboratory.

On the main floor will be the auditorium or assembly room. It will be in the rear or east wing, and will seat about 800. In the south wing will be the library and the reading room, while in the north wing will be the executive offices, with separate offices for the dean, principal, secretary and registrar. The rooms for the classes in farm accounts will also be in this end.

For Sewing Classes.

The entire south wing of the third floor will be used for the sewing classes. There will be one lecture room, two sewing rooms, fitting rooms and pressing rooms. The east wing will form the balcony for the auditorium and will seat an additional 400, making the total seating capacity 1,200. In the north wing on this floor will be two museums, two laboratories and a class room.

The auditorium will have five large double exits into the main corridor, and on the upper floor the balcony will have the same number of exits into the corridor. At either side of the entrance to the auditorium will be a large stairway.



Clarence H. Johnston, Architect.

NEW ADMINISTRATION BUILDING, STATE FARM SCHOOL.

NEW FLAX IS BEST.

Latest Variety Yields Forth More Than Old Kinds.

The new variety of flax originated by the Minnesota experiment station officials in co-operation with the United States department of agriculture, and distributed in 1905 to the farmers of Minnesota, has proven a very valuable variety for this state. A pamphlet recently issued by the experiment station, giving the results of the 1905 tests, shows that this new flax yielded 3.1 bushels or 26 per cent more than the common varieties grown by the farmers. These figures are based on the results of tests reported by forty-eight farmers in different sections of the state, who grew this flax and their common varieties under similar conditions.

Every bushel of the flax grown in 1905 should be used for seed in 1906. Every farmer who is raising flax should get some seed of this variety and increase his yield, for an increase of 26 per cent is certainly worth while. It means a much larger increase in profits, for the cost of growing is exactly the same.

The reports also show the new flax to be from five to ten days earlier than common varieties, which gives a considerable advantage in escaping damage from various sources, and in getting ahead of the weeds.

For a portion of the land sown to grain, flax is probably as profitable a crop as can be grown. That is, it yields as much in money value per acre as does any of the grain crops. Twine is now being made of flax straw, which promises to make a market for considerable of this otherwise waste product.

Flax should not be grown on the same piece of ground oftener than once in seven to ten years. If this precaution is taken there will be but little danger from flax wilt. Flax is an especially desirable crop to grow on late spring breaking. This will always make it a favorite crop where it is desired to leave the grass land for fall and spring pasture and break it up in June for a crop the same year.

HARRY GILBERT PARDONED.

Sentenced From Martin County on Blackmail Charge.

Harry Gilbert, sentenced from Martin county Dec. 7, 1904, to the state reformatory and afterward removed to the state prison, has been pardoned by the state board. Mr. Dean of Fairmont appeared for him and stated that the letter which Gilbert had written to a prominent citizen of Fairmont was written more in the spirit of bravado than with malicious intent.

The letter which Gilbert wrote was addressed to the president of a bank in Fairmont. The writer threatened to kill the bank president if he did not pay over at once a certain sum of money. Gilbert was arrested and convicted on a charge of attempted blackmail and sentenced to the reformatory.

He proved incorrigible and was removed to the state prison. It is said that he is now a model prisoner, and has repented of his folly. His relatives, it was stated, are in excellent circumstances and ready to receive him as soon as he is released.

F. A. Day, private secretary to Gov. Johnson, was before the board as a citizen of Fairmont and asked that the boy be pardoned, concurring in what had been said of the case by Mr. Dean.

WILL ESTABLISH A STANDARD.

State Board of Health Makes New Milk Regulation.

In order to start a campaign of education which in time will result in the establishment of a bacterial standard of purity for milk in cities of Minnesota, the state board of health has adopted a resolution recommending the adoption of such a standard by the municipalities.

At present Minnesota has no such standard by which to test the purity of milk. The milk supply of the cities is entirely under the jurisdiction of the state dairy and food department, which has a standard which milk must reach before it is declared legal. This test is confined to the ascertaining of the percentage of butter fat contained in the milk.

PAY THEIR OWN EXPENSES.

County Superintendents Whose Salary Is $1,400.

State Superintendent J. W. Olsen has received inquiry whether the provision of the new code, permitting county commissioners to pay the county superintendent not over $250 for traveling expenses, supersedes the provision of the Statutes of 1905 which provides that the county commissioners may pay this amount for the superintendent's expenses, provided the salary is not over $1,400.

Mr. Olsen has replied that the session laws of 1905 supercedes the provisions of the code, so superintendents who receive a salary of $1,400 or more will not get any allowance for expenses.

LUVERNE MAYOR HITS SALOONS.

Would Increase the License to $2,000 a Year.

One result of the decisive victory won at Luverne in the re-election of Mayor E. A. Brown, the candidate of the high-license and law-enforcement believers was manifested when Mayor Brown sent a message to the common council recommending that the license fee for the ensuing year be increased from $1,250 to $2,000.

For two years, except since the revocation of the license of Peter Claussen a few months ago, Luverne has had five saloons, each paying a license fee of $1,250. The licenses expire the 1st of May, and the indications are that not only the proprietors of the saloons now in operation, but a man who wishes to open a fifth saloon, and also the proprietor of the Manitou, who wishes to put in a bar, will make application for license. If, however, the council acts favorably upon the recommendation of the mayor, the plans of these men will have to be changed, for a license fee of $2,000 will be absolutely prohibitive of more than two or three saloons. This, of course, is the object of raising the license, as it is held that the fewer the saloons the better the control that can be exercised over them.

Inasmuch as the newly elected members of the council had not qualified, no action was taken on the mayor's recommendation, the matter being deferred until April 10.

WOMEN QUARREL OVER COW.

One Arrested and Fined at Stillwater —Still Another Case.

A dispute over a cow belonging to August Miller of Lakeland led to a conflict between Mrs. Miller and her neighbor, Mrs. Dorothy Reinsburg, which resulted in a trial in the municipal court.

The cow was taken up for trespassing, and Mrs. Miller, armed with a hammer, refused to release it. Then the two women engaged in angry words and the throwing of missiles over a fence at each other. Mrs. Miller and her husband were arrested on warrants sworn out by Mrs. Reinsberg, but the man was discharged. A fine of $1 and costs, making $34.44, was imposed on Mrs. Miller. Now Mrs. Miller has sworn out a warrant of assault against Mrs. Reinsberg.

TWO COUNTIES OF MARSHALL.

Petitions in Circulation—New County of Hiawatha Proposed.

Petitions are being circulated to submit to the voters of Marshall county at the state election next November the proposition of dividing the county into two counties. Both divisions would contain about twenty-four townships. The new county is to be called Hiawatha and will have Middle River for its county seat.

The East Grand Forks board of education has re-engaged almost the entire present corps of teachers and salaries have been raised according to the board's schedule. Supt. R. C. Burnett, who came here but six weeks ago from Pembina, N. D., was re-elected and salary raised to $1,500.

The fellow who wins in a walk must be the only entry.

Congress.

Resume of the Week's Proceedings.

Thursday.

Washington, April 13. —After a brief speech by Mr. Latimer in support of the house railroad rate bill Mr. Foraker took the floor on the measure and consumed practically all the remainder of the day session of the senate. He spent some time in the discussion of some amendments he had suggested to the bill and then entered upon the consideration of the entire question of railroad rate regulation, urging again the unconstitutionality of the pending bill from various points of view.

The feature of yesterday's proceedings in the house of representatives was the speech made by Mr. Cockran (N. Y.), who, under an agreement made on a previous day, was given an hour to elucidate the subject of "general debate" on appropriation bills.

Friday.

Washington, April 14.—Owing to the fact that none of its members were prepared to speak on the railroad rate bill that measure was temporarily laid aside in the senate yesterday, permitting the devotion of the entire time to the consideration of other bills on the calendar. Of these more than 300 were passed, most of them being private pension bills.

In the house the postoffice appropriation bill was completed after a roll call on the Southern fast mail subsidy provision, which was returned.

Monday.

Washington, April 17.—A speech on the railroad rate bill by Mr. Heyburn of Idaho in advocacy of his court review amendment led to more than two hours' technical debate in the senate yesterday. Mr. Tillman of South Carolina, at the opening of the session, offered a resolution providing for an inquiry by the committee on finance of contributions by national banks to campaign committees.

Yesterday was "suspension day" in the house and a number of important measures were passed, notably among them being the bill permitting the withdrawal from bond, tax free, of domestic alcohol when rendered unfit for beverage or liquid medicinal uses by mixture with suitable denaturing materials, the bill amending the national trade mark law, and the bill forbidding the importation and carriage into interstate commerce of falsely stamped articles of gold, etc.

Thursday.

Washington, April 18.—Preceding the taking up of the railway rate bill in the senate yesterday Mr. Tillman called up his resolution directing the senate committee on finance to investigate campaign contributions by the national banks. After he had spoken on it at length the resolution was referred to the committee.

Mr. Foster spoke for almost three hours on the rate bill, contending for the validity of the proposed legislation.

To clear the legislative decks for pending money bills for the support of the government the house yesterday worked uninterruptedly from 11:30 to 5 o'clock. In that time eleven bills were passed under suspension of the rules, all sections of the country being interested in the legislation enacted.

PROBE SINKS DEEP.

Searching Investigation of Northwestern Mutual Loans.

Milwaukee, April 19.—Inquiry into the investments of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance company was the principal feature of the examination by the Wisconsin legislative committee yesterday. From the tenor of the questions it was evident that the committee desires to bring out the point that a more general investment in farm mortgages would yield a larger income to the company than a policy of making loans on large metropolitan property and the holding of large amounts of railway and municipal bonds. President Palmer testified that the bond holdings of the company, both railway and municipal—municipal being used as a general term to include city, county and school bonds—were, in round numbers, $80,000,000. The annual income of the company, Mr. Palmer declared, was 4.75 per cent on all investments, a decrease of 2.15 per cent in a period of twenty years.

HOLD-UP MAN SENT UP.

Assailant of M. A. Stevens of the Mill City Gets Five Years.

Yankton, S. D., April 19.—Harry A. Jones, charged with robbery in the first degree on complaint of M. A. Stevens of Minneapolis, was sentenced to five years at hard labor in the state penitentiary. Jones pleaded guilty to being an accomplice, and asked for leniency on account of his previous good record. The light sentence is an indication of the disposition of the judge to give the young man a chance to reform.

WILL CALL FOR COMPLAINTS.

Washington, April 19.—The subcommittee of the senate committee on postoffices and post roads, appointed to investigate protests against the confirmation of Benjamin F. Barnes to be postmaster at Washington, has determined not to undertake a formal investigation. The subcommittee will hear such persons as desire to appear and will report to the full committee, and if not instructed to go further will permit the controversy to rest.

Feminine Attraction.

Dolly—Yes, the prettiest girl in our Sunday school sold kisses at 99 cents each to help along the church fair. somehow the young men were shy about taking them at that price.

Dick—No wonder. You must have been trying to attract girls. Young men are not looking for 99-cent bargains.

Honest, conscientious work is an asset and often pays compound interest.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 28, 1906. NUMBER 41.

FIRE IS MASTERED; REBUILDING BEGINS

With Smoke Still Rising From Ruins of San Francisco, Stricken People Begin Work of Regeneration.

San Francisco, April 24.—A smouldering heap of ashes is all that remains of San Francisco. The great fire has practically burned itself out.

With little more to feed on, the devouring element, the twin sister to earthquake, has finally succumbed to the unrelenting efforts of the army of Californians and daybreak yesterday gave the stricken people of this wreck of a city the first chance they have had to survey the scene since the first tumblings early on Wednesday morning gave warning of the approach of the direst calamity in the history of the republic.

City Laid Waste.

What the beholder sees is a prosperous city laid waste by fire and earthquake, the entire business section of the city destroyed, the residential section for the most part in ruins, the locality throughout the broad acres of the Golden Gate obliterated and 300,000 of its inhabitants huddled together on the hills outside the city, homeless, penniless, sleeping under monuments to a dead and gone community, they are already astir in the work of rearing a new city on the ashes of the old.

Gaunt Specter Banished.

There were no hungry people last night! the gaunt specter of starvation has been banished by the magnificent response of the people of California in particular, and by the entire nation in general, to the appeals that went out for assistance. Food by the car load and boat load poured into Oakland Saturday night and yesterday in sufficient quantities to overwhelm the committee which has in charge its distribution. So great was the volume of foodstuffs brought into the general depot at Oakland mole that the general committee yesterday made an appeal for skilled labor in the handling of these supplies.

Immense Problem Mastered.

The feature that existed two days ago that the immense task of caring for the destitute and helpless people could not be organized quick enough to save thousands from hunger and possible epidemic exists no longer.

THE CHRONICLE BUILDING.
In the Path of Destruction.

The administration of the city's affairs is progressing most harmoniously. Mayor Schmitz and Gen. Funston are working in perfect accord.

Contributions of money continue to be made from every part of the United States.

The health of the scores of thousands camped in the open air is, under the circumstances, remarkably good. There have been several cases of pneumonia reported and colds are quite common, but there is nothing like and epidemic of pulmonary troubles. The board of health reports that there is very little contagious disease. For the treatment of such cases hospitals have been provided. The Golden Gate Park district yesterday reported the birth of eighteen babies. The mothers and children were removed to the various maternity hospitals.

Loss About $300,000,000.

The Associated Press representatives yesterday covered the entire burned section. The circumference of the area, as near as could be ascertained by the marking of a cyclometer, is twenty-six miles, and comprises the business district and a large section of the residence district, all of which was densely populated.

It was estimated by competent insurance authorities that the loss will aggregate $300,000,000, and on this vast amount of property the companies carried approximately $175,000,000 insurance.

the skies, abjectly dependent for the nonce upon the assistance of sympathizing sister cities which is being rushed from all points of the compass.

San Francisco But a Memory.

San Francisco is but a memory. It is hopeless to attempt to describe the conditions which exist here where but a few hours ago a thriving city nestled on the shores of the Pacific.

Every bank, every hotel, every business house, all the theaters, the municipal government buildings, the school houses, churches, libraries, art temples, newspaper offices, railway depots and shipping piers have been wiped out of existence as though a scourge had passed over the land.

Rich and poor have suffered alike.

Fortunes Wiped Out.

Fortunes have been wiped out.

The palaces of the rich, together with the hovels of the poor, have alike succumbed, and to-day San Francisco may be likened to a broad stretch of land offering a fair site for a city which the early settlers in the days of the forty-niners beheld when the first rude hut was thrown up on the site of the metropolis of the Pacific coast.

Back to that point must the people of San Francisco return, and such is the spirit of the people here that, with the smoke still lifting lazily from the ruins, as though the demon was

Utterly Worn Out

from his labors with the bent and twisted girders—attesting to the fury of his passion—and the gaunt fragments of walls rising up as fearful

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NEW CITY WILL RISE FROM THE ASHES OF OLD

SAN FRANCISCO ALREADY IN FIRST STAGES OF REBUILDING.

CONFIDENCE IS RESTORED

GROUND IS BEING CLEARED FOR IMMEDIATE CONSTRUCTION WORK.

San Francisco, April 25.—A sharp earthquake shock was felt here at 10:39 o'clock last night. It lasted about three seconds and was from east to west. No damage has been reported.

—o—

San Francisco, April 25.—The new San Francisco which will rise from the ashes of the old, is in its first stages of rebuilding. After five days of confusion and almost superhuman effort on the part of citizens of California's metropolis, the great task of sheltering, feeding and otherwise caring for the homeless thousands is being mastered, complete order has been re-established and attention turned to the future.

Walls Being Raised.

Throughout the great business district, where the devastation of the flames was the most complete, walls are being raised, buildings that had not disintegrated before the intense heat are being inspected with the view of reoccupancy and even ground is being cleared for the immediate construction of some sort of building in which to resume business at the earliest possible time. In short, confidence has been restored.

The assurance of the insurance companies, the measures taken by the financial institutions, the

Prompt and Reassuring Word

that had reached the business men of San Francisco from Eastern financial centers—all these things went to clear away any feeling of uncertainty that might have existed in the minds of the timid that San Francisco would not be what she was—the greatest center of population and business on the Pacific coast.

The general situation temporarily suffered a setback early yesterday because of the chilling rain which fell in the late hours of Sunday night and during the early forenoon yesterday on the thousands protected only by canvass coverings and even less impervious shelterings.

Causes Some Suffering.

While the rain caused considerable suffering for the time being, the conditions were quickly ameliorated by the prompt action of every relief committee doing duty, as well as by the voluntary acts of householders wherever it was possible to accommodate them.

The people were fed yesterday in a thoroughly businesslike and systematic manner. From the water front where the boat loads of provisions docked there was an endless procession of carts and drays carrying food to the scores of substations established through the city and the Presidio.

500 Tons a Day.

About 500 tons of provisions are being moved daily from the water front.

Large supplies of blankets, tentings and other material to provide coverings for those who have been scantily supplied heretofore are reaching the supply stations rapidly. The situation in the congested districts, such as Golden Gate Park and the various public squares throughout the city, has been considerably relieved by the departure of many people for points on the other side of the bay.

Health Conditions Good.

The general health conditions are most satisfactory. The most encouraging feature is the absence of anything like an epidemic of disease of any nature whatever. The somewhat unsatisfactory sanitary arrangements in the various camps, the lack of a variety in diet and the exposed situation of so many people necessarily develops ailments of every sort, and in some places there has been a few cases of infectious diseases, such as measles, chickenpox, etc., but the primary causes of disease are being remedied and removed as fast as possible.

Water Is Still Scarce.

Water is still scarce in some sections of the city, but every effort is being made to increase the supply from day to day. At the present time the water is turned on only at certain hours of the day and night, and is in ample supply for domestic needs in the districts where the water mains are still intact. Inspection of the system in the inhabited section of the city is going forward rapidly. At some points the pipes have been found badly twisted and displaced from the effects of the quake, and these will have to be replaced by new ones.

Prominent Man Killed.

One of the most unfortunate happenings since the city has been under the joint police supervision of the government, the municipality and the state militia, was the killing at an early hour yesterday of Maj. H. C. Tilden, a well known merchant, in the extreme southwestern part of the city. The killing was done by three members of a self-constituted vigilance committee who fired upon an automobile carrying Maj. Tilden, a friend and the chauffeur returning from Menlo Park, whence Tilden had gone with his family.

Withdraw the Militia.

The citizens' general committee, of which the mayor is the presiding officer, adopted a resolution at its session yesterday to withdraw the entire force of state militia that has policed a large residence section for the past few days. In adopting this resolution a vote of thanks was tendered the governor and the state militia for its services in the emergency. From this time on the city will be patrolled jointly by the municipal police and federal troops. Until a city prison is re-established all persons held on felony charges will be taken to Fort Mason and turned over to the regular troops for safe keeping.

Vast Supply of Food.

There is a vast supply of provisions on hand for the people of San Francisco. Maj. Gen. Krauthoff, chief depot commissary of the department of California, stated yesterday that there was available 700,000 rations of supplies. This included those at the Presidio, Fort Mason, transport docks and railway yards.

Supt. Leach of the branch United States mint said yesterday that operations could be resumed immediately. There is no lack of money in the mint and New York transfers upon that institution will be paid upon presentation, but up to this time there has been no call for funds.

Demolishing Ruins.

A considerable portion of Market street was closed to traffic yesterday while the demolition of ruins considered dangerous was in progress. Under direction of the board of public works half a dozen tottering walls, portions of the most imposing structures along Market street before the fire, were levelled with dynamite.

While the work of complete destruction was progressing along this portion of Market street, men, intent upon rebuilding at the earliest possible moment, were climbing to the upper stories of the Chronicle, Call and other tall buildings nearer the ferry for the purpose of estimating the repairs that are to be immediately commenced.

No Limit to Resources.

There will be no limit to the resources of the finance committee whose duty it is to expend millions of dollars being subscribed for the relief of the homeless sufferers in San Francisco. That was learned at a meeting yesterday afternoon when offers of assistance were received from the large cities of the East, and even from Premier Seddon of New Zealand. There will be plenty to distribute, but the problem now is to use the contributions impartially for the relief of all those who are deserving.

Army Will Do Work.

The finance committee of which James D. Phelan is chairman will no doubt dispense all the money and supplies, but it will do its work through the regular army, and, looking to that end, a conference will be held at Fort Mason to-day. At the meeting yesterday afternoon it was proposed that all persons who have homes left shall be forced to pay for their provisions and that only the actual sufferers shall be given free food.

The regular soldiers will have charge of the distribution of supplies.

Not Under Martial Law.

San Francisco is not under the ban of martial law and has not been from the beginning. There has been a general misunderstanding among the troops themselves. The report that Mayor Schmitz is at the head of all patrolling and is merely assisted by the troops has been officially confirmed. The officers of the army have stated that they are working subject to any restraining order from the mayor.

The regular troops are working in accord with instructions from the mayor's office. Consequently they have been the salvation of the San Francisco patrol system.

"Calamity Triplets" Born.

On Saturday night triplets were born to one of the homeless at the Presidio, and the same night eight little tots made their first appearance on the reservation at Fort Mason. Six were born in the emergency hospital, and two out on the vacant space adjoining the fort, where the mothers had taken refuge. The babes are all reported to be healthy youngsters.

Greeley Supersedes Funston.

Gen. A. W. Greeley has taken command of the federal troops at this post, superseding Gen. Frederick Funston, who will act under his orders. Gen. Greeley has established headquarters at Fort Mason, just east of the Presidio reservation on the shore of San Francisco bay.

SHOCK HITS LOS BANOS.

Los Banos, Cal., April 25. — The earthquake destroyed the principal business portion of this town. The bank building, which contains a bank, a store and many offices, collapsed in several places. Hotel Los Banos, a three-story brick structure, was partially demolished. The water tank at the Southern Pacific depot was totally destroyed and the school buildings and churches sustained heavy damage. A conservative estimate places the total damage at $150,000.

MARKET STREET, EAST FROM THIRD. BEFORE THE EARTHQUAKE.

SAN FRANCISCO AGAIN SHAKEN

EARTHQUAKS SHOCK CAUSES GREAT ALARM—ONE WOMAN IS KILLED.

TURN QUICKLY TO BUSINESS

RESUMPTION OF BUSINESS IS ASTONISHING—ARMY TO ISSUE ALL FOOD.

San Francisco, April 26. — At 3:15 yesterday afternoon a shock of earthquake was felt. It lasted nearly a minute and caused considerable alarm.

It caused the death of Mrs. Annie Whitaker, aged twenty-five years. Mrs. Whitaker was at work in the kitchen of her home when the shock came. The chimney, which had been left in a tottering condition by the heavy quake last Wednesday, crashed through the roof upon the young woman and fractured her skull. Her body was taken to the morgue and burned an hour later.

Walls Thrown Down.

A number of walls of burned buildings which were standing Tuesday, in weak condition, were thrown down and frail buildings were considerably shaken up, but the damage done was slight.

The shock was also felt in Oakland and Berkeley, but in these places it was very bright and of brief duration.

Army Assumes Task.

Gradually the national government is taking over the work of succoring the homeless and foodless thousands of San Francisco, and to-day the United States army will have charge of the gigantic task of issuing food. This resulted from a meeting of the executive committee yesterday. The work will be turned over to the United States quartermaster of this department, who will establish a system of issuing rations at the fifty-eight stations.

Now that the most important duty will hereafter be performed by the United States army, the citizens of San Francisco have turned their attention to resumption of business.

Business Is Resumed.

There was resumption to an astonishing extent yesterday of business. Retail stores were instructed to reopen, and the municipal government has established a scale of prices for the most important commodities, food, clothing, etc., which is below that existing under normal conditions. Warning was given retailers that any effort to charge exorbitant prices would result in summary action by the authorities.

Street cars are promised for today and electric lights will be turned on this evening. The work of building and improving the chimneys is going rapidly, but it will be some time before it is considered safe to allow kitchen fires.

Go to Bed Early.

San Francisco goes to bed at nightfall. While the extremely rigid rule concerning lights in houses has been considerably modified, still the general situation is considered by the average citizen so unsafe at night that he retires in many cases without showing a light. Many reports have been made of shots fired into houses that showed a light, and few are disposed to take chances.

The mayor yesterday took a firm stand against the many self-constituted "citizens' protective committees" organized in may sections of the city by bodies of men who undertook to regulate the affairs of their neighborhood.

Many Complaints Made.

So many complaints have been made against these "committees" some action was considered necessary to protect citizens, press representatives and even those who were acting in some capacity to preserve the peace and good order of the city. Responsible citizens have been stopped at night and submitted to humiliating explanations of why they were abroad after dark, and even shots have been fired at persons who have a perfect right to go anywhere they please at any hour.

It is one of these so-called "vigilance committees" that is held responsible for the death of Maj. Tilden, who was shot while performing relief work.

Will Be Treated as Looters.

The mayor yesterday gave instructions that the members of these "committees" were to be disarmed wherever found by the city police, and if any resistance was offered were to be treated as looters, which means that they were to be shot without ceremony.

The water problem is still serious and it was decided to put still further restrictions upon the use of the present supply.

The state militia has not been withdrawn, notwithstanding the request from the mayor and from the citizens' executive committee.

Want Militia Removed.

Gov. Pardee has not yet met the executive committee nor the military and civil authorities at Fort Mason. He has sent word in explanation of his absence, that he had been advised of the meetings too late to reach them. It is not known what he will do with regard to the state militia, but the citizens of San Francisco would experience feelings of relief if they were removed at once.

There is nothing but praise for the work of the army, the navy and the municipal police. They have acted with reason at all times.

Keep Best of Order.

Marines are being used in a large section of the city for patrol duty and have maintained the best of order without one instance of conflict. The work of the municipal police has been excellent and many heroic actions could be told of the work of these men. Mayor Schmitz has worked day and night and has directed affairs with remarkable success. At no time has he lost control of the situation, and he has kept in touch with every department. The lack of anything like an epidemic has surprised even the medical men.

Sanitary Conditions Improve.

Everywhere sanitary conditions are most satisfactory. Probably there has been less sickness at the Presidio camp than any of the others, and this may be attributed to the fact that the people there have been sheltered, fed and directed by the army officers.

The president's proclamation yesterday had a cheering effect. The local finance committee and the Red Cross are acting together. A force of expert accountants has been engaged and every dollar contributed will be accounted for.

The San Francisco labor council, on behalf of its 186 affiliated unions, has announced that wage scales will remain as before the fire.

Task Is Titanic.

An idea of the Titanic task which confronts the citizens' food committee may be gained from the fact that Tuesday rations for 349,440 persons were distributed. This is an average estimate based upon reports from a few of the food depots.

There is no danger of a meat famine. Representatives of the Western Meat company in South San Francisco reported to the relief committee that there were in the yards 1,500 cattle, 3,000 sheep and 500 hogs. More than 200 cattle are being killed daily. The full quota of employes is at work.

Stop Wholesale Grabbing.

Wholesale grabbing of supplies by some while others are in dire want has caused the military authorities to order a new system in the distribution of food. Beginning to-day kitchens and mess rooms will be established where meals will be supplied to all who apply, but no food will be given out to be carried away.

In the distribution of clothing precautions against fraud will be taken by squads detailed to visit each tent or shelter, list the occupants and tabulate their wants. Orders will be given out entitling the holders to the needed stores.

Sends for Burnham.

Mr. Phelan yesterday sent telegrams to Architect Daniel V. Burnham, who is in Chicago, to come here immediately to take up the work planned some two years ago for beautifying the city.

Southern Pacific officials yesterday stated that their estimate of the number of people who had left the city up to 10 o'clock yesterday morning is 250,000. Of this number 50,000 have returned. Travel outward-bound has been steadily falling off since Tuesday and traffic across San Francisco bay up to noon was but little in excess of normal.

Southern Pacific Generous.

Including the donation of E. H. Harriman the contribution of the Southern Pacific is figured by some of the prominent officials at nearly $1,500,000.

They state that the passenger traffic carried without charge represented $600,000 and that the free hauling of freight will amount to about $650,000.

MARK TWAIN GETS STUNG.

Humorist Tells of His Billiard Playing Experience.

New York, April 26.—Mark Twain told the spectators at the billiard tourney last night what he knew about the game, and kept them laughing while he talked. He said:

"The game of billiards has destroyed my naturally sweet disposition. Once when I was an underpaid reporter in Virginia City, whenever I wished to play billiards I went out to look for easy marks. One day a stranger came to town and opened a billiard parlor. I looked him over casually. When he proposed a game I answered 'All right.'

"'Just knock the balls around a little so I can get your gait,' he said, and when I had done so he remarked:

"'I'll be perfectly fair with you. I'll play you left handed.' I felt hurt, for he was cross-eyed, freckled and had red hair, and I was determined to teach him a lesson. He won the first shot, ran out, took my half-dollar, and all I got was an opportunity to chalk my cue.

"'If you can play like that with your left hand,' I said, 'I'd like to see you play with your right.'

"'I can't,' he said, 'I'm left-handed.'"

Plague Enters India.

Lahore, India, April 26.—A serious outbreak of the plague has occurred at Jummu, in Kashmir, Northern India. There have been many victims among the members of the palace household and the imperial service troops. During the past week 285 deaths occurred.

Fire in Ohio Mine.

Salineville, Ohio, April 26.—Three hundred miners were thrown out of work by the complete destruction of the shafts and tipples of the Slope mines of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Coal company here yesterday by fire. The origin is unknown and the loss is heavy.

SOBBED HER T8HANKS.

Dramatic Incident of a Helena Relief Meeting.

Helena, Mont., April 24.—At a mass meeting yesterday afternoon, presided over by Gov. Toole the people of Helena subscribed another $1,000 in a few minutes for the California relief fund, making nearly $9,000 raised here, not including the sum expended Saturday for seventy-five tons of flour. A dramatic episode took place during the meeting when a woman named Bliss, a resident of San Francisco, who, it is said has lost a fortune by the calamity, sobbingly thanked the meeting for the spirit shown.

WEST POINT VACANCY.

Washington, April 24.—Representative Steenerson has given notice that the vacant cadetship at West Point for his district is to be filled by an examination of applicants to be held at Crookston on May 31. A principal and three alternates will be chosen. The examination will be in charge of Prof. E. E. McIntyre at Crookston, to whom applicants should communicate.

"PIG-EYE" KELLY A SUICIDE.

Well-known Veteran and Gambler Takes Laudanum.

Grand Rapids, Minn., April 20. — Thomas Kelly, sixty years old, a veteran of the Civil war, committed suicide yesterday by drinking laudanum. He had been in ill health for some time. Kelly was well known throughout the state. He is said to have made and lost a number of comfortable fortunes, but death found him in poor circumstances; practically homeless and without near relatives, as far as can be ascertained. For many years he has lived in Northern Minnesota, spending short periods of time in every town of any importance. He generally was known as "Pig-Eye" Kelly and was a gambler.

HAS BEEN LOST OVER A YEAR.

Fargo, N. D., April 20.—Not a single clue has been obtained as to the whereabouts of Ole Thorvildson, who left his home in Northwood a year ago last fall on a trip to the coast. As Thorvildson expected to be absent several months, it was not until a year had elapsed without any tidings from him that his relatives became alarmed about him. Inquiries then made developed the fact that he had visited none of the people he had expected to see on his Western trip, the last seen of him being at Havre, Mont. Advertisements have been inserted in all of the leading papers on the coast and throughout the State of Washington, and a systematic search has been made for the missing man, but without result.

THE LUCKIEST MAN.

I.

"Ho, you beggars, why don't you raise a row an' give us a chance o' fightin' and' glory, an' maybe promotion?"

Corporal MacBean shook his fist savagely at the colossal barrier of mountain peaks that barred the horizon, rummaged among his pockets for his tobacco and pipe, and sat himself down to smoke furiously and to think upon the incomparable beauty of Miss Janet Sloane.

Indirectly Miss Sloane was the cause of the remarks with which my story opens, remarks addressed not to the mountains, but to the swarthy, turbulent throat-cutting crew who inhabited them, for there was, for once in a way, peace upon the northwestern border of India, and Corporal MacBean was thirsting for war and promotion—all for the sake of the bright eyes of Miss Janet Sloane, the daughter and heiress of Sergt. Sloane of the Sappers.

Miss Sloane was certainly a very pretty girl.

So it happened that many gallant sergeants and privates without number, and even a sergeant-major, who possessed house property at home in distant Woolwich, were all sighing more or less for the love of Janet Sloane.

But Miss Sloane encouraged none of them, but smiled impartially upon them all, protesting all the time that she couldn't a-bear soldiers.

And even to the most hardened and callous warrior a smile from Janet was an experience not easily to be forgotten.

Corporal MacBean was not a recent victim of Janet's wonderful smile. Over six months had elapsed since he had first fallen under the influence of that fatal smile, and, unlike most of his fellow-victims, he had not recovered.

On this particular afternoon he could find no refuge in day dreams, for that very morning he had seen Janet smile with divine sweetness upon the sergeant-major, and the thought of that smile, and of the legendary house property at Woolwich, rankled in his bosom.

In this inventory he was ungrateful enough to forget a very important item in his claims upon the attention of Janet Sloane.

"'Allo, Beano!" cried a little voice at his elbow.

Corporal MacBean turned, and the careworn puckers in his bronzed face smoothed out as his gaze met two round blue eyes fixed upon him.

This was the forgotten item—Miss Victoria Donelly, daughter and sole heiress of Capt. Donelly, the special charge of Miss Sloane, and the darling of the whole garrison of Fort Curzon.

Miss Victoria was just three and a half years old, and was already beginning to develop the faculty of observation to an abnormal extent. She knew every man in the garrison pretty well by name—even the Ghoorkas, whose names were beyond all pronunciation.

She was very much attached to "Beano," as she called Corporal MacBean, in accordance with the traditions of the garrison, and Beano shared in the popular adoration accorded to this frail, motherless baby.

Beano was always good for a game of horses, and once in harness would toss his head and paw the ground and curvet more nimbly than any real polo pony. Furthermore, he could dress rag dolls better than any other man in the garrison, the regimental tailors not excepted.

"Good afternoon, missie," replied Corporal MacBean in answer to a long, inquiring stare.

"Private Doolan got the toothache," announced Chubby solemnly.

"Has he, missie?" replied the corporal.

"Yeth," lisped Chubby, with importance. "I heard the doctor pull it out in the 'othpital juth now. Private Doolan did 'oller!"

"Did he, missie?" inquired Corporal MacBean absently.

He was wondering where Janet Sloane could be, for her little charge had evidently given her the slip during their afternoon walk round the cantonments.

"I don't think Private Dooln'th a very brave man," continued Chubby, judicially.

"Why not, missie?" asked the corporal.

"You wouldn't holler if you had a tooth out, I know. Nurth said you wouldn't, because you are too brave," added Chubby emphatically.

"Did she, though?"

Corporal MacBean sat up with sudden interest.

"When did she say that, missie?" he added, his face growing pale under the tan.

"When Private Doolan said, 'Yow, yow, yow!' And I asked her if you would 'oller like that."

"Did she, though, now!" said Corporal MacBean with animation. "D'you know what I am going to make for you, missie?"

"A wockin'-'orse?" inquired Miss Victoria affably, as she squatted down comfortably by his side.

"Better than that. A whole bloomin' Noah's ark, full of lions an' tigers an' camels an' cows an' jackals. An' then there'll be Shem, 'Am and Jacob, in green hats an' yellow breeches——"

"An' red coaths!" interposed Chubby breathlessly. "Of courth they'd have red coaths if they were in the service. Then there'd be yabbith——"

"Of course there'd be rabbits, missie, with long ears——"

"Like some other donkeys I know of—leading that child away when I'm looking for her everywhere, thinking that some o' those gun-stealing heathens from over the border had gone and got hold of her! It's ashamed o' ye I am, Misther Corporal MacBean!" interrupted a clear voice from the crest of the rampart.

II.

Corporal MacBean sprang to his feet like a shot. Then he saluted and blushed down to his heels, for there stood Miss Janet Sloane, in all the glory of her white-stringed bonnet, regarding him with a none too friendly look in her fine eyes.

"I beg your pardon, Miss Sloane," said Corporal MacBean humbly and ponderously. "I was not aware that you were in any anxiety about Miss Victoria, or I would have brought her to you at once. I was just telling missie that I was going to make her a Noah's ark."

"A nice Noah's ark you'd make!" replied Miss Janet with scorn. "I wonder you don't try and improve your mind, instead of loafing about, reading a lot of trashy novels, and putting ideas into that child's head!"

The rank injustice of this charge reduced Corporal MacBean to the dumb silence of utter astonishment.

"You are unkind, nurth," piped Chubby's little voice. "An' you told me that Corporal MacBean was so brave an' good only just now when Private Doolan hollered."

"Hold your tongue, miss, and come along o' me at once!" cried Miss Sloane, blushing furiously and seizing Chubby's arms. "Don't I keep telling you that no good'll come of you always talking to a parcel o' nasty common soldiers, learning their bad manners and their impidence? I wish you a very good afternoon, Corporal MacBean," she added. "And I'll trouble you not to go asking sneaking questions of a poor little innocent child about people who don't want to have anything to do with the likes of you! A corporal, indeed!"

Janet snorted indignantly as she disappeared down the other slope of the rampart. And Corporal MacBean sat down again in despair, for he did not understand women. One thing, he decided, he must distinguish himself soon that he might have an opportunity of asking Miss Sloane to share his lot as a sergeant.

The opportunity came a few nights afterward. A half hour or so before dawn three shots rang out. Then a sentry was found lying curled up on the ground, with a long Afghan knife through his shoulder.

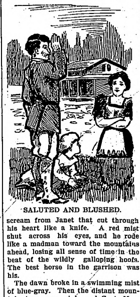
"More rifles stolen!" suggested those who came running up. The garrison of Fort Curzon were well accustomed to night visits from the well-greased and slippery rifle thieves from the hills.

But the word soon passed that something more precious than rifles had gone this time.

Chubby was missing.

Then it was remembered how vengeance deep and dire had been sworn against Capt. Donnelly, in that he had procured expatriation to the Andaman islands for the last pair of rifle thieves who had been captured within the confines of Fort Curzon.

The bugles blared out the "boot and saddle." Corporal MacBean heard a scream from Janet that cut through his heart like a knife. A red mist shut across his eyes, and he rode like a madman toward the mountains ahead, losing all sense of time in the beat of the wildly galloping hoofs. The best horse in the garrison was his.



SALUTED AND BLUSHED.

The dawn broke in a swimming mist of blue-gray. Then the distant mountain tops grew pink, and Capt. MacBean rode on with his eyes fixed on a cloud of dust a mile ahead.

There were four of them. One, two three, four, he counted. Then he remembered that he was unarmed.

A rocky defile opened around him as he drew steadily up to the group of horsemen that galloped wildly ahead of him. One of them turned in his saddle, and a shot came whistling back. Then they all drew rein, and a corporal's heart beat thick and fast as he saw a white patch drop from the saddle bow of the leader.

It was Chubby, unharmed; for she ran a little way, then paused, and perched herself on a small bowlder.

The horse beneath him thundered on. He saw the horsemen draw together, while four rifles were leveled at his breast. A spurt of flame, a sharp whistling about his ears, and he was upon them. One horse rolled over before his as he crashed into the group and felt his outstretched hand grip the beard and the jaw of the man he had marked. There was a sharp jerk. His knees tightened on the saddle with a grip that twisted the muscles of his thighs to writhing knots of redhot iron. He heard a crash behind him, and saw that his right fist gripped a handful of dark hair. He reigned his horse upon his haunches and turned again. Two men lay on the ground very still, and a small voice cried from a neighboring bowlder: "Go it, Beano!"

The other two men had dismounted and were crouching behind a bowlder, which quickly sent forth two jets of flame, seemingly emptying MacBean's saddle. He had fallen on the body of one of the men who lay so still, and his enemies arose as they saw his body twitch. Corporal MacBean was simulating the last agonies of death as he slipped one of the scattered cartridges into the breech of his fallen foe's rifle. Two knives snicked out of their sheaths as his adversaries ran toward him. Then the corporal, cuddling his rifle between his knees, Bisley fashion, sighted and fired. The right-hand man toppled and fell, while the other doubled and ran just 300 yards before the pursuing bullet took him between the shoulder blades, so that his soul went out in one great cough.

Then he ran and picked up the little white figure that danced excitedly on the bowlder, straining her to his broad chest in a paroxysm of relief.

"I was fwightened a little bit until I saw you coming," admitted Chubby, "but I didn't 'oller. What makes you shake so, Beano? Are you cold, too?"

"It is a bit chilly, missie, isn't it?" said the corporal, as he wrapped her in his jacket and carried her to his horse.

"What's the matter with those naughty men?" added Chubby. "They've gone to sleep."

"Yes, missie; they're very tired through being up so early," answered the corporal, grimly. "Now you go to sleep, too, while we ride back and find Janet."

* * * *

"Why do you keep on kissing Beano?" asked Chubby of Janet, ever so long after they had found her.—London Answer.

IRVING'S WAY WITH CALLERS.

Story of a Man Whom He Scared Nearly to Death.

"I was scared half out of my wits the first and only time I ever met Sir Henry Irving," said an actor to the Chattanooga Times man. "It was in New York, during his first visit of '96, and I was anxious to ask him about a young relative of mine who was then a member of his London Lyceum company. A mutual friend scribbled a line of introduction on a card, which I sent up at his hotel directly after he returned from a matinee performance. I was shown to his apartments, and found him seated by a table with his chin on his hand. He murmured some sort of greeting, motioned me to a chair and fixed me with his eyes, which, as you know, are extraordinarily somber and piercing. His eyebrows, moreover, are the most remarkable I ever saw in my life. They are enormous, jet black thatches, and in moments of concentration the outer ends go up and the inner ends go down, giving his face a Mephistophelean expression that is absolutely hypnotic. I was nervous to begin with, because I have always regarded Irving with almost superstitious reverence, and when I began my little tale those terrible eyebrows bent down on me like an incubus. The more I tried to be brief and clear the worse I wobbled, and all the while Irving's strange scrutiny was growing fiercer and more intense. He said not a word, but those deep, glowing eyes of his seemed to bore me through like two augers, and before I reached the point of my errand I lost my head entirely and jumped up to beat an ignominious retreat. 'Stay!' he exclaimed imperiously, and for over a minute he continued to glare at me in absolute silence. Then suddenly he smiled and scribbled something on a piece of paper. 'You will pardon me,' he said, suavely. 'I was trying to recall a name and have just remembered it. May I trouble you to repeat what you have been saying?' At that I realized that he hadn't been seeing me at all and I gasped with relief. Then I went over my request. He listened attentively, and gave me the information I desired. It turned out to be a charming interview. I don't think he ever dreamed what a bad quarter hour I put in."

Hindoo Idol Fulfilled the Legend.

Mystics will be interested in the discovery that Mme. Carnot, the widow of the assassinated president of France, in her will, has left a request to her children to rid themselves of a certain Hindoo idol which was in her possession. This idol—a little one, of stone curiously carved, as are most of these objects—was presented to Carnot by a learned friend on his return from India. Carnot then was merely minister of finance, and did not expect to attain the presidency. The friend warned Carnot that the legend connected with the idol was that it assured supreme power to its owner and also that the owner would die a violent death by the knife. It had belonged to the dynasty of the kings of Khadjurao, and the last rajah, having arrived at power by its means, and fearing the dagger, sought to conjure death by giving it away. Interested by this story, Mme. Carnot accepted the little fetich with pleasure. M. Carnot attained the presidency, and Mme. Carnot wrote at the time to the friend in India that it was "all due to the fetich." Carnot died by the knife.

Musical Statistics.

To those who are studying the times the phenomenal increase in the number of women who are playing the violin, the 'cello, the double bass, clarinet, cornet, horn and other wind instruments is a matter of astonishment. Fifteen years ago the piano was the first study of nearly half the students of music; now it is the first study of only one-third, while the number of those studying the violin has increased more than four-fold. Fifteen years ago the male students numbered nearly a quarter of the total, while today they have decreased to a little more than a sixth. A writer in the London Spectator, who has examined the figures of the entries of the Royal Academy of Music for 1884 and 1899, has found the following curious results: In 1884, out of a total of 173 entries (131 female and 42 male), 83 chose the piano as their first study, 72 singing and 10 the violin. In 1872, out of 220 entries, (182 female and 38 male), 94 chose singing, 73 the piano and 45 the violin.

Schoolboy Essays.

Among a number of amusing schoolboys' essays contributed to Cassel's Saturday Journal is the following by a youthful essayist, aged 10: "Kruger and Kannerbulism is one. He is a man of blud. Mr. Chamberling has wrote to him sayin come out and fite or else give up the blud of the English you have took, he is a boardutchman and a wickid heethin, lord Kitchener has been sent for his goary blud and to bring back his scanderlus head ded or alive." By another juvenile writer Tennyson is thus summarized: "Tenyson wrote butifull poims with long hair and studid so much that he sed mother will you call me airly dear. his most greatest poim is called the idoll King. he was made a lord but he was a good man and wrote many hoads. he luved our queen so much that he made a poim to her calld the fairy Queen."

Well Informed.

Patron—"Are you sure you know all about this girl?" Manager of employment agency—"Well, I ought to. She has been in my own family for the past week."—Detroit Free Press.

When men have more money than they need they think they need more than they have.

A TREASURE LOST.

"Would you care much if I did not take you to that picnic, Dottie? You see, it is this way. Miss Davis and I were talking about it this morning, and she hinted that she wanted to go, but had no one to take her. Well, I offered my services, and they were accepted. You know that I will spend a miserable day without you, but I could not help it, could I, Dot?"

"Certainly not, Mr. Vane," was the scornful reply. "You chose the lesser of two evils. Either Miss Davis or myself must remain at home, and you have decided for us. I must retire now. Good-night."

Richard Vane and Dorothy Warren had been friends since childhood, and everybody expected that they would marry.

The families had decided that they would take their summer outing together, and the first of July found them in a quiet little hotel on the coast of Maine.

During the first few days Dorothy and Richard were together a great deal. Then Miss Davis appeared upon the scene. She was beautiful and attractive, and Dick seemed to find much pleasure in her company. They walked, drove, and sailed together, while poor Dorothy seemed to be forgotten.

Dorothy observed all this, but did not say a word. When Dick's father spoke of his treatment of her, he would say: "I will have Dot to myself by and by. We are not engaged yet, and meanwhile, if a deucedly pretty girl wants to make herself agreeable to me, where is the harm? We will go home in a few weeks, and then Dot will forgive me and take me back."

One evening an unlooked-for interruption took place. The stage coach drove up and deposited a new guest at the hotel. It proved to be a young man, tall and handsome, who registered as Dr. Raymond Drew, Boston.

In conversation with the newcomer, Mr. Warren learned that he was the son of the junior member of his father's firm, his father having died a few years before. He had been fond of his father, and was pleased to make the son's acquaintance.

Dr. Drew seemed to become attached to Dorothy from the first, and she was no longer lonely. He accompanied her on her walks, and together they read the books of the day.

Dick did not seem to relish this state of affairs. He loved Dorothy as much as he loved any one, and did not like to see her apparently enjoying the company of the handsome young doctor.

He tried to speak with Dorothy and win back her affections, but she avoided him as much as politeness would permit.

Thus the days passed on. Dick and Miss Davis still appeared together, but her society seemed to have lost some of its charm, for his fair companion often found him preoccupied and dull, and following the direction of his eyes, would see that he was watching Dr. Drew and Dorothy, who always seemed unaware of any other presence.

At last Dick said he could stand it no longer. He wrote a little note asking Dorothy to meet him on the beach that evening.

They strolled along for some time in silence. Then Dick burst forth: "Dorothy, why do you treat me so? You know that I love you, and still you go around with that doctor fellow, and don't have one word for an old friend. It is the wish of both our parents that we should marry, and you cannot mean to throw me over."

"You are mistaken, Mr. Vane. I am engaged to be married to Dr. Drew, with the full consent of my parents," and as she turned to go she said sarcastically: "Miss Davis will more than console you for your great loss. Farewell."

"Miss Davis," was the scornful exclamation as he sank upon the sand. "I hate the name, and I wish I had never met her. She has come between me and the only woman I ever could love."

He did not notice a little white-robed figure that was sitting in the shadow at a little distance, nor did he hear the groan that escaped her lips at his last words. Elsie Davis had seen and heard all that had transpired.

Locked in the secrecy of his room Richard Vane gave vent to his thoughts. "What shall I do? Go back to the city and let people think I am a jilted lover. No. I have it! I will marry Elsie Davis. I could do a great deal worse, and I am almost sure she loves me."

The next evening he saw her sitting in a lonely part of the veranda. He approached and sat down beside her. "Miss Davis, I have known you for some time, and admire—yes—like you much. Will you be my wife?"

That was all, and, Oh, how differently she had pictured this to herself.

After a few moments she held out her hand. "You do me a great honor, Mr. Vane, but this can never be. I have enjoyed your company much, and thank you for all your kindness. I hope that you will ever be prosperous and happy. Farewell."

The next day Richard Vane returned to the city, but he never knew the great worth of the treasure he had lost.—Boston Post.

Considerate.

From the Chicago Tribune: After securing his swag, and before taking his departure from the house, the up-to-date burglar stepped inside the little telephone closet and called up the central police station. "This is Smooth Sawney, the Expert Flat Operator and Porch Climber," he said. "I have just cleaned up the premises at 399 Watermelon street, and have done a pretty thorough job. Have secured a valuable sealskin cloak, two gold watches, and a miscellaneous collection of jewelry worth, perhaps, $250. Can't stop to give you any further particulars. I have an engagement that will take me about ten miles away from here within the next hour. If you hurry, you can get this in the 4 o'clock editions of the morning papers. Good-by!"

Got What He Asked.

Casey—See here! thot dollar ye lent me yisterday wuz a counterfeit.

Cassidy—Well, Casey, didn't ye say ye wanted it bad?—Judge.

WANTS TO KNOW.

Whether It Is a Ghost or a Living Enemy That Troubles Him.

Greenwich (Conn.) special New York Herald: Ghosts or an unseen enemy are making it uncomfortable for Stephen Hubbard, a farmer residing in the northern part of this town. Mr. Hubbard owns a farm and a hundred acres of woodland. He came here some years ago and lived with his uncle, who died and left his estate to him. Relatives contested the will, but Mr. Hubbard received the major part of the property. He has sought advice of local officials. Mr. Hubbard's troubles began a month ago, when every time he stepped out of doors at night nuts or apples were hurled at him. Then, one evening, while he was reading in his parlor, a bushel of nuts came, seemingly, from the ceiling and smashed the lamp shade into a thousand pieces. Next a torch was applied to his house in four different places in one day. This was too much for his nerves. He has engaged a night watchman, and hopes to catch the spook or human foe. Mr. Hubbard says that he fears some one is trying to scare him so that he will sell his farm below its value. He adds, however, that he and his watchman will find out whether his is the right idea or whether his neighbors are correct in the belief that his house is haunted. Ghost or no ghost he means to stay where he is.

DAUGHTERS OF ACTRESSES.

Rarely Go On the Stage—Ellen Terry's Designs Costumes.

The daughters of famous actresses rarely go upon the stage. This may be because they have no inclination that way or because their careful mammas refuse to countenance any such ambition. Lillian Russell's daughter is being educated in a convent; Mrs. Langtry keeps her beautiful Jean apart from stage life, and Ellen Terry's daughter, Ailsa Craig, has settled down to designing costumes. She did think of becoming an actress, but Miss Terry successfully steered her thoughts in another direction and let her down by easy stages, for when the idea of being an actress was reluctantly abandoned a concert pianist was the next goal Ailsa aimed for. Even that in time was given up, and now the designing of lovely gowns for stage wear will take up her time. It is a good idea, for any artistic inspiration which may be lurking in Miss Craig's heart and mind can find embodiment in creations of lace and gauze, jewels and satin.

BUYING ANIMALS.

Of late years, since menageries have become common in large cities, the importations of wild animals have greatly increased, and ships have carried across the ocean cargoes of fierce tigers, lions, great apes and elephants with as much unconcern as though they were white rats or rabbits. Dealing in wild animals has been reduced to the same basis as buying and selling tame live stock.

Famous dogs and horses cost more money than wild animals, for while a blooded St. Bernard may bring $5,000, a well-grown lion can be bought for less than $1,000, and the prices in the lion market never go over $1,200 for a good specimen.

The elephant is a beast of burden as well as a curiosity, and is therefore always valuable according to his size and intelligence. A well-trained elephant will bring $3,000, and the lowest price paid is $1,500.

The menagerie of a big circus is an expensive investment, for one well-known American circus says it loses $15,000 a year through the sickness and death of its animals. The cat tribe is the best investment, for lions and tigers live about twelve years in confinement, though some in the country today are known to be at least thirty years old. The weak spot in the cat tribe is their lungs, and they catch cold in the slightest draught.

Bears live a long time, and are not subject to many illnesses. A fine grizzly can be bought for $250. Giraffes cost the most, $3,500 to $5,000 being their usual price. They are so delicate they have to be treated like a hothouse flower and die very soon. Ostriches also are delicate, and suffer from dyspepsia. Monkeys are cheap, but die so rapidly from no apparent cause whatever that a traveling show has to replenish its stock often during one season.

A Man and a Brother.

A certain curate was of a painfully nervous temperament, and, in consequence was constantly making awkward remarks—intended as compliments—to the bishop and others. Having distinguished himself in an unusual degree during a gathering of clergy at an afternoon tea at the bishop's palace, he was taken to task for his failings by a senior curate, who was one of his companions on the way home.

"Look here, Bruce," said the senior, decidedly, "you are a donkey. Why cannot you keep quiet instead of making your asinine remarks? I am speaking to you now as a brother"——

Loud laughter interrupted him at this point, and he wondered why at first.

Never Satisfied.

Oletimer—Why don't you get married? Bachelor—I'm afraid I couldn't support a wife in the way she would like. Oletimer—Don't let that stop you! It would be just the same if you were worth ten millions!—Puck.

Proved.

Life: Him—"This administration is as futile and ineffective and useless and ——. His wife—"It is, John, it is. Why, there isn't a single letter-box with a slit big enough for you to mail a bundle of papers."

Woman's Unhappy Lot.

Mr. Snell—What are you crying for, Elsie? His little daughter—I've just read that the diamond mines may be exhausted in seven years, and it's eight before my coming out.—Jewelers' Weekly.

DECLINE OF A MINING TOWN.

Editor and Postmaster the Last to Pull Up Stakes.

"I had some experience running a newspaper which has never been duplicated by any other man in the world," said Charles Pattison of Abilene, Kan., at the Midland hotel recently. "For three months I ran a weekly paper in a town with two inhabitants—the postmaster and myself. It was at Congress, Colo. That was a boom mining camp in 1883 and miners flocked in there by the hundreds on account of a 'strike.' Claims were gobbled up like hot cakes. Under the mining law, after $500 worth of work is done on a claim it is necessary to insert a legal notice in a newspaper of general circulation for a period of three months. My father held an office in San Juan county, and while out visiting him I saw an opportunity to lease a newspaper plant and make a lot of money running legal notices. I did so. For several months I did a land-office business. It was a thriving little town. The business of the town enabled the postmaster to make about $1,500 a year. A few months before there was to be another readjustment of the postmaster's salary, things began to drag at Congress. The mines were not panning out very well. There was a 'strike' made at Telluride, and all of the miners picked up and went to that place. They were followed by the merchants, saloon men, gamblers, dance-hall people and all. Within a week there was no one left there but the postmaster, James Edwards, and myself. Edwards did not care to give up his postoffice as long as it paid so well. He was from Ohio. I was tied up with a lot of legal publications. I was certain to get my money for the notices as soon as they had run the required length of time, so I could not leave. We had everything our own way. I would help him run his postoffice and he would help me write hot stuff, set it up and pull the lever to an old Washington hand-press. The postoffice business was confined almost wholly to handling the circulation of my paper—the Red Mountain Pilot—about fifty copies. The day that the legal notices last appeared I told Edwards that I was going to pull up stakes and leave. His big salary ran another month, and he wanted me to stay, offering to divide up, but that was no inducement. When he found that I was determined to leave, he said: 'I'll lock up the postoffice and go, too.' He turned the key in the door of the postoffice and I locked the door of the newspaper office, and we walked out of town."—Kansas City Journal.

Willing to Take Calmette's Word.

When Dr. Albert Calmette, director of the Pasteur Institute at Lille, returned from fighting the plague at Oporto a day or two ago, he drove straight to the Figaro office to shake hands with his brother M. Gaston Calmette, before leaving for Lille. He was welcomed by several journalists who happened to be present, among them M. Emmanuel Arenc, who gives a description of the scene in Eclair. Dr. Calmette had left his luggage downstairs in a cab, but he carried in his hand a little tin box which he put down carefully on the mantelpiece. Conversation became general. The doctor declared that all his experiments had been most successful. 'So you know exactly what kind of plague you had to deal with?" asked one of the company. "Of course I do," was the startling reply, "for I have brought it back with me," and the doctor calmly took the tin box off the mantelpiece and somewhat to the horror of his listeners, began to open it. He took out a little glass tube hermetically sealed, which contained something that looked very much like clear glycerine. There were millions of microbes in it though they were not very easy to see. "You have only to dip a pin in this and 'prick yourself," he said, "and in ten hours you would have the plague; in five days you would be dead. But you had better take my word for it," he added, smilingly, and every one cheerfully did."

How Dewey's Ship Was Named.

The name Olympia was given Admiral Dewey's flagship as a compromise. Ex-United States Senator Squire of Washington told a reporter how it happened. "When I was in the senate," he said, "Benjamin F. Tracy, then secretary of the navy, sent for me. I called on him, and he said: "Senator, we have a new cruiser, and we want to name it after one of the cities in your state. Will you make the selection?' I thanked Mr. Tracy, and said: 'Mr. Secretary, you have given me a very delicate task. I live in Tacoma. If I say Tacoma, the people in Seattle, a larger municipality, will be sore. Spokane might do, but she is a rival for both Tacoma and Seattle. I'll tell you what I'll do. Olympia is a nice, little place; and the people there will appreciate the compliment. Then, too, neither Tacoma, Seattle, nor Spokane can find any fault. Call the new cruiser Olympia.' 'All right, senator,' replied Mr. Tracy, 'Olympia it shall be.' And that is how the famous ship came to be named."

Not a General's Egg.

The freshness of eggs is carefully graded in this country, but our distinctions are surpassed in delicacy by those long since in vogue among the British residents of India. Soon after Arthur Wellesley, afterward the duke of Wellington, was appointed a major-general for his great services in India, he happened to stop in Calcutta. At breakfast the hero was served with boiled eggs. He took one, broke the shell, and dropped it with an air of disgust. "Laurell," he cried to his valet, "what do you mean by giving me a bad egg?" The valet hurried to his master, and examined the egg with the utmost seriousness. "I entreat your forgiveness," said he, "but it's all a mistake. The stupid servant has gone and given you an aide-de-camp's egg by mistake."

No Allowance.

Mrs. Elder—I suppose your constitution pulled you through.

The convalescent—I suppose it did, ma'am; though from the doctor's bill you'd think he did it all!—Puck.

YAWNING NO SIGN OF ENNUI

People Are Not Necessarily Bored or Sleepy When They Gape.

Some folks assert that we yawn because we are tired; others say that the yawn means the exact reverse—that one yawns only when he is interested deeply. Now comes along a scientist who has a brand new theory, that the yawn simply expresses a lack of respiratory power, and that one yawns only to get more air into his lungs. According to him yawning is simply a deep inspiration, deeper and continued for a longer period than a sigh, which is drawn through the widely open mouth and accompanied by a depression of the lower jaw and an elevation of the shoulder. In this way the utmost capacity is obtained for the entrance of air and the fatigued respiration power is re-enforced. At a theater the people who are interested most deeply appear between the acts to be weary of the whole thing, yawning half a dozen times in succession. The reason for this is physiological and is provided for by the new theory. When one's attention is absorbed much in anything exciting or touching one breathes in a shallow manner and takes into the lungs only half enough air. Consequently, when one's attention is relaxed one has to make up the deficiency.

If you watch a man at a play and observe that he is moved greatly by some incident you may feel sure that when the scene ends he will sigh, and a moment or two later yawn repeatedly. Of course, the yawning, so far from being a sign of weariness, is a proof of the liveliest appreciation. The most curious thing about yawning is what scientists term "sympathy." If, in a crowded room, you notice one person gape in the space of a minute or two his neighbor will have to put his hand to his mouth. The yawning may become epidemic to such an extent that everyone present in the room will yawn in turn. The process is interesting to watch, but it is a problem to explain, and, according to physiologists, there is no known reason why "sympathy" should effect a personal and individual action like yawning.

LEARNING TO BLUSH.

School for Teaching the Primitive Art in Paris.

A school where blushing is taught is the latest novelty in Paris, says the Philadelphia Times. If there is any place where blushing has become a lost art one would certainly think it was Paris, but the Parisians, on the other hand, declare that it is a result of Anglomania and the influence of the American girl. The young woman who plays golf or rides a bicycle in "rationals" in the freest camaraderie with her male friends is likely to acquire a self-poise which will make the flush of embarrassment a stranger to her cheeks, and the city where women are bicycling on the boulevard with their bare knees exposed has felt the necessity of a reaction. The classic grace and simplicity of the early years of the century, with their accompanying downcast eyes and simpers, are now in vogue again, and the maidens who have forgotten how to blush are going to school to learn that primitive art. They say it is easy enough to droop the eyes and affect bashfulness, but to call up a mantling color is as difficult as pulling eye teeth. How the crimsoning flow of red blood to the pallid cheek is accomplished in these fin-de-siecle schools of deportment it is hard to imagine, unless it is that they have taken a page out of Du Maurier's joke book and emulate the society girl who surprised her friend by always blushing at the right time. "How can you manage it?" asked the other girl, enviously. "Oh, it is very easy," the expert blusher replied. "I simply think of something that makes me blush."

Healthiest Town in America.

The honor of being the healthiest town in the United States, and perhaps in the world, belongs to Millerstown, Pa. The death rate, according to the latest statistics, issued from Washington, gives Millefstown but one in every 1,000 inhabitants. The average death for the big towns and cities in the United States runs from ten in 1,000 up to twenty and even more. Millerstown has about 2,500 in habitants. It lies in the Juniata valley, at the base of the Blue mountains overhanging the Juniata river, about thirty-three miles west of Harrisburg on the Pennsylvania railroad. The exceedingly healthy condition of the town is largely due to the water supply, which is free from pollution. The town is supplied with water from springs which flow into the Juniata river. While it is not claimed that the springs contain medicinal properties, the water is transparently pure. The absence of any manufactories or big works keeps the air free from smoke and dirt. The sanitary arrangements of the town are in excellent condition and receive close attention from the officials. Intoxicating liquors are almost an unknown quantity, although the town is not prohibition. The people are quite up to date in all their surroundings and occupations.

Commerce of Polar Expeditions.

From Scribner's Magazine: Probably the most important results of immediate practical use to both science and commerce will be the gain to the newly born science, oceanography. The ever-increasing usefulness of the ocean for the needs of modern commerce, of warfare, of cable service and as a nursery for food makes it necessary that we know everything possible about it. We must know not only the surface, but the bottom and the intermediate waters. We must know not only the warm seas, but the cold as well. There is a constant interchange between the water of the tropics and that of the poles, just as there is an interchange of the winds. The cold, ice-laden waters have a tendency to flow into warmer regions. The overheated torrid waters sink and flow poleward. This is the theory, and in part it is supported by observation; but what is the mechanism?

The Industrious Ant.

First Ant—We propose to organize thoroughly and then go on a strike.

Second Ant—For what?

First Ant—For longer hours.—Puck.

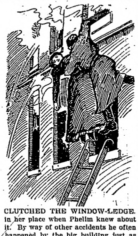
FIGHTING FOR LOVE.

For many years Phelim O'Leary was with truck No. 9 in the engine house in Cottage Grove avenue, near Twenty-sixth street, and if he had his way about it he would not have gone to another engine house, even if it were an advancement, but his reason for this was not given to his companions. When he was a boy over in St. Cecelia's parish he knew Maggie Drennan. She was such a little "slip of a girl" then, but at that she had a pair of big dark gray eyes that used to set Phelim to dreaming, though he knew not why.

As the years would have it Phelim grew up until he was as tall as any man on the fire department and as active as any and he knew as much about the duties of a fire fighter as almost any, and, as he wanted to be a fireman, it was only natural that he became one. There were other reasons for that, too. Once he heard Maggie Drennan say she thought firemen were so brave and so grand, and he was simply living out his ambition to please her. When the Drennans moved into Twenty-sixth street and he was stationed with truck No. 9 he was happy, for now and then he saw her as she passed the engine house.

At the big fire in the Kenawbash flats Phelim O'Leary was the fireman who traversed a lintel ledge at the sixth story, going from window to window carrying a fainting woman in his arms through the flames until he reached the fire escape and brought her down in safety. Marshal Horan said he was a "natural born fireman" and the next week secured his transfer to truck 13, with promotion.

But Phelim O'Leary was lonely there. He could sit at the door of the engine house all day and never see or hope to see a sight of the little girl with the big dark gray eyes, who didn't mind having him walk a part of the way and talk with her. This little girl had grown to be a young woman. Her father had died. The worldly affairs of the family were found to be in such shape that Maggie must help. So she became a stenographer and found employment in one of the big buildings in Wabash avenue.



CLUTCHED THE WINDOW-LEDGE.

It may have been by accident or it may not, but she was scarcely installed in her place when Phelim knew about it. By way of other accidents he often happened by the big building just as Maggie was leaving at the end of her day's work. If they were lovers, no one ever heard them say so. If they ever sighed for each other when they were apart, no one knew it. Phelim always seemed care free and unconcerned whenever he met her, though if he were to confess it that required more heroism than scaling the great extension ladders in the face of the leaping flames. Maggie always tried to seem as if she would just as soon meet many another whenever she met him; but the effort cost her many a secret little cry after she had got home.

One day Phelim was sitting silent in the engine house thinking of what he would say to her some day. When he had it all thought out his heart began to quake with fear at the idea that she might tell him there was another for whom she cared far more. He sat there racking his mind with these conflicting thoughts when a "still" alarm came clicking in. He sprang to his place counting the strokes as they came over the ticker. The first number was four and the second figure of the box number sounded one, two, three, four and then it stopped.

"Forty-four," he murmured, and knit his brows as the truck went dashing down Dearborn street. "That's Wabash and Monroe. If there were a fire there—but no, it isn't there."

The truck roared down Dearborn street and turned in Monroe and drew up at Wabash avenue. A cloud of smoke rolling above the big buildings told his trained eye where the fire was burning. He sprang from the truck and rushed toward it. As he reached the front of it the flames burst from the windows. He met some men and women as they rushed out of the building and asked them if they thought everybody was out. They said they believed they were.

"Are they all off the fifth floor?" he asked.

"Yes. I'm from the fifth floor," exclaimed a young woman excitedly; "no, no, where's Maggie?"

Without waiting to hear more Phelim ran into the building. A man at the door yelled to him to come back, but he disappeared in the smoke.

The people in the street were watching the windows with anxious eyes. Word was running through the crowd that a girl had been burned to death and that a fireman who had gone to her rescue had also perished.

The blackened face of a man was seen just then over the ledge of a fifth story window. The firemen in the street were running up a ladder. The face disappeared and an instant later the man could be seen again through the smoke letting himself out over the ledge. As he swung out the crowd could see he held a woman. The people below thought he intended to drop to the pavement and a cry of warning was raised from a thousand throats. The man let himself down from the ledge holding the woman with his left arm, while the fingers of his right hand clutched the window ledge above. They could then see it was a fireman. He had swung down into the perilous position to enable the woman to get some fresh air lest she die of suffocation. Before his strength failed him the top rung of the ladder was under his feet, and, refusing aid, he descended to the ground with his burden.

"Maggie." He whispered the name this time as he held her clasped tightly in his arms.

He alone heard what she whispered to him, for the air was still ringing with the cheers of the people who were acclaiming him.—Chicago Tribune.

WOES OF A TICKET SELLER.

Reasons Why He Thinks Travelers Are Apt to Be Careless or Cranky.

From the Bloomington Pantagraph: "Do you ever have any troubles?" asked a Bloomington ticket seller of a reporter. The cause of his question was that a few minutes before he had sold a couple of ladies tickets to a nearby village. In a short time up came a long, lank, ungainly countryman and bought two tickets for the same village. He walked directly over to the ladies who had already purchased tickets, and, after a half minutes' conversation, rushed back to the ticket window and demanded the return of his money. There was blood in his eye, and he told the ticket man what his opinion of him was, and it was not flattering. He also informed the ticket seller that it was the duty of the ticket seller to have told him that the ladies had purchased tickets. His money was refunded. Another case happened a short time ago, when a Western congressman was on his way through this city. He was riding on a Western Union pass, and, by the way, if there are any impertinent passengers they are some of those who ride on passes. While his train was standing at the depot he rushed into the station and wanted the operator to send a telegram for him. Just at the time he came in the agent was giving orders to the conductor, and when a man is giving train orders he is not supposed to do anything else. He courteously informed the congressman that he would wait on him in a moment, knowing that the man had plenty of time before the train left. The fellow was impatient, and when the agent went to take his message he explained that he was giving the conductor orders and could do nothing else. The congressman let out an oath and said he didn't look as though he could attend to one thing at a time, let alone trying to do two. His language was decorated around the edges with swear words that would have been the envy of a Texas ranger. One other incident occurred when the late W. H. H. Adams was president of the Wesleyan University. Mr. Adams came to the depot to get a ticket. He had a clergyman's permit, and of course the ticket was half price. As it happened an angular farmer wanted to go to the same place and got to the window in time to see what the minister paid for his ticket, and when the agent asked the farmer twice as much as he did Mr. Adams the former made a dreadful howl. The agent pleasantly explained that the other gentleman had purchased a minister's ticket. "Well, give me a minister's ticket, too, then. A minister's ticket is good enough for me."

SMITH IS AN OPERA FACTORY.

Composer Never Rests and Accomplishes Much.

Writing a play or a comic opera is looked upon by many people as a difficult task. If the result of their labors is an enormous success it is considered an achievement worthy of note. This being the case, consider Harry B. Smith, the most prolific concocter of musical performances that ever lived, and what he has done and is doing. Since his first work some dozen years ago the number of comic operas he has turned out is almost beyond belief, but some idea can be gained from the fact that this season at least a dozen of his works are being played "to wonderful business," and probably five or six more will emanate from his pen before the season is fully finished. How he does it all is incomprehensible, especially as he never appears to be busy, but is seen at all times of the day and night about town. "I want a comic opera," says the star. "All right," replies Mr. Smith. "You may have it tomorrow night, as far as my work is concerned." And the promise is kept. From that time on all the star has to worry about are the composer of the music, the makers of scenery and costumes. Before the opera has been produced Mr. Smith has written four or five more. His capacity for work is marvelous.

How He Won His Promotion.

"Mr. Green," said the city editor, "I am pleased to tell you that you are getting along very well in your work. At first I did not hope for much from you. Your vocabulary appeared small and your spelling was very bad, but you have improved much in the last month. I suppose you have been putting in your evenings studying." The new reporter kicked his left toe against his right heel. "I'm afraid I ain't," he said. "Then how do you account for the improvement in words and spelling?" inquired the city editor, who was a kindly man and hadn't been a city editor long. "I dunno, unless it's eatin' the alphabet soup they give me at my boarding house." Whereupon the new reporter was immediately transferred from the suburban beat to the joke department.—Detroit Free Press.

Her Lack.

From Puck: Mrs. Hoon (indignantly)—I wonder why Mrs. Gabbleton doesn't mind her own business? Mr. Hoon—One reason is that she has no mind, and another is that she has no business. She has no business to mind if she had any mind to mind it, and no mind to mind her business, if she had any business to mind.

A Limited Supply.

Northerner—It is only a question of time when the barbarous custom of lynching will be abolished, even in the south. Southerner—ve'y true, sah. Ve'y true. The niggahs can't last forever.

HOW TO STOP A RUNAWAY.

Explicit Directions from a Man Who Has Stopped 20 of Them.

Do you want to know the proper way to stop a runaway horse or team? Here it is, given by a man who has used it on twenty different occasions and has never yet failed. There is a man in Denver who has stopped runaway teams dozens of times, as foolhardy and dangerous as it may seem, a man whose fixed and studied policy is to stop every runaway team that chances to pass his way. He is James H. De Vore, a fireman. "I am not afraid of horses of any kind," he explains. "Say that you want to stop a runaway team. If you feel that you are at all afraid, keep away and let the team go on. Your nerve must be right or you'll fail; that may mean your death, and the team is not worth it. If you aren't afraid, get out into the road directly in front of the team and keep right in front of them. You must think quickly. See which horse is running hardest; he is the grittiest horse, and is the one to nail. In almost every runaway, if you notice closely, you will find one of them galloping and the other running and jumping, with his big black eyeballs almost spurting out of his head, and his nostrils like the bell of a trumpet. He is the one that is doing the mischief and will run until he dies. He is the one you must take. When they get within a few feet of you they will no longer attempt to swerve; they are going over your body if you stand there. Wait until they are so close you can feel their breath. Then step aside as quickly as possible; step on the outside of the vicious horse. Here comes the test, and you must step aside just in the nick of time. Get your arm securely around your horse's neck. Don't be afraid; he is too busy running to think of shaking you off. Then you will find that your feet are striking the ground about every fifteen feet. After you are sure of your hold on bridle and neck, reach over and catch the other horse's inside rein. You can do this easily. Then begin to give the horse that is carrying you a taste of your muscle. Jerk him as though you would tear his head off. If he has the right spirit you will find this necessary. He is full of grit and won't give up by pulling. Every time your feet hit the ground brace yourself against the bit and swing hard on him with a jerk. Work on the other's horse's rein and you will find him respond readily."—New York Journal.

SHE BEAT THE BAND.

Woman's Wild Ride Down a Hill on a Runaway Piano.

Scores of residents of Germantown avenue, on the hill above Wayne Junction, on Saturday, witnessed the spectacle of a woman suspended in the air from the handles of a street piano while the instrument was rushing down the street car track at a high rate of speed. Antonio Annelli and his wife of 846 South Eighth street, were providing people in the lower end of Germantown with a brand of music frequently heard, when a band advertising a downtown clothing store came along. The noise made by the band drowned the strains of the piano, and so disgusted were Annelli and his wife that they started for fresh fields, pulling the instrument to the middle of the steep street. The band made an effort to get ahead of them. Husband and wife had won the contest, but unfortunately, the husband left his wife to pull the piano. Almost immediately the handles of the piano shot upward, lifting the woman into the air. Her weight was sufficient to keep the instrument or box from dragging on the street as it dashed down the hill. She clung to the handles for fear that if she let go she would be injured. She beat the band down the hill, a distance of two squares. Persons along the street saw the woman's perilous predicament, but the speed at which the instrument was pounding its way down hill precluded every possibility of an attempt at rescue. At the foot of the hill the piano swung abruptly into Berkeley street and Mrs. Annelli was thrown to the pavement. Band members picked her up.—Philadelphia North American.

A Nuisance to Be Abated.

Residents of ordinarily quiet streets up town are disturbed almost every night by leather-lunged men bawling all sorts of sensational nonsense in connection with the alleged "extras" they are offering for sale, says the New York Herald. The newspapers they dispose of in the darkness are nothing more than regular afternoon editions, and the purchasers scan their columns in vain for the exciting intelligence shouted by the vendors. They usually travel in pairs and their clamor disturbs the slumbers of persons who retire early and shocks the nerves of invalids. They not only violate the ordinance by thus bawling their wares after the prescribed hours, but in exacting 5 cents for each copy of the pretended "extras" they are guilty of petty swindling. The police should be instructed to abate this nuisance.

No Ham for Him.

From Chambers' Journal: The patient, a collier, had made a brave fight for life, but had been defeated. All hope of recovery was gone, and my friend said to the dying man's wife, "It is of no further use placing any restrictions on diet. You may let him eat anything that he may fancy." The good woman, who was relieved by the doctor's permission—for she had found her husband by no means a tractable subject in the matter of diet—went upstairs and said: "Is there owt tha could fancy to eat? The doctor says tha san hev owt tha fancies now." "Ay," replied the sinking but hungry man, "I should like a bit o' that ham as I cured afore I was ta'en bad." Said his wife firmly: "Nay, tha can hev owt else tha likes, but we're savin' that ham for the funeral."

How It Happened.

Mrs. Flats—"Why, John, there is steam in the pipes!" Mr. Flats—"The janitor is visiting in the country, and his wife doesn't know how to run things."—Syracuse Herald.

PRIVATE LIVE OF CZAR

RARELY SMILES AND HAS NO DREAD OF ASSASSINATION.

"I Will Live and Die for Russia; How I Die I Care Not"—His Home Life Is Very Simple and He Is Very Democratic.

So little is known about the private life and personal habits of Czar Nicholas of Russia, that a volume on this subject, which has just been published in Germany, is bound to prove of unusual interest. The volume is entitled "Czar Nicholas II. and His Court," and the author is Bresnitz von Sydacow. Nicholas, we are told, is one of the most reserved monarchs that ever sat on a throne. He speaks seldom and briefly, and while he is talking his eyes are generally fixed on the ground. He rarely laughs, and does not often even smile. Of danger he has no dread, resembling his fearless grandfather in this respect, "I will live and die for Russia; how I die, I care not," he said a few days after his accession. The czar's home life is simple. He likes plain food at dinner, and he seldom has many guests at his table. He eats quickly, "like all men who are accustomed to work a good deal," and he drinks very little wine. He drives about in a small two-horse carriage, and he wears a uniform almost always, for he does not like civilian's attire. Indeed, it is said that he had no frock coat until he visited Paris a few years ago, and that the court tailor, who was accustomed to making his uniforms, was in despair, because he knew that his imperial master would be obliged to wear civilian's attire in the Parisian ceremonies. Being a man of resources, however, he went hastily to Paris to study the latest fashion in men's dress, and he finally purchased a suit for 700 rubles. This suit the czar wore during the festivities in Paris, and the story goes that he felt very uncomfortable in it. Nicholas is an unwearied reader. All documents submitted to him he reads carefully, and he frequently makes notes on them with a red pencil. His memory is wonderful, and it often happens that months after he has given an unimportant order he will ask as to the manner in which it was carried out. Summer and winter he is the first to arise in the morning, and he is working hard while the others are still sleeping. During the day the czarina sits beside his desk, sewing or embroidering. Whenever a court officer enters she prepares to leave the room, but the czar invariably says: "No, my dear, you won't disturb us," and with gentle insistence he lays his hand on her arm and draws her back to her seat. Of his little daughters the czar is wonderfully fond. When the first one was born instead of the expected heir, the czarina, it is said, went to her husband with tears in her eyes, and begged him to forgive her for not presenting him with an heir. The czar in reply kissed her tenderly, and said that he was very glad to have a daughter. When the czar wants to shake off all cares he plays with his children, and it is on these occasions that he seems most happy. A firm believer in popular education is Nicholas. While he was heir apparent he once said: "Russia has had a czar who was a liberator; it also needs a czar who will be an educator," and the people have not forgotten these words. Of the czar's interest in popular education there are many evidences. Hardly a day passes that the Russian papers do not contain articles about new schools, new libraries, and new educational societies.—New York Herald.

Octogenarians in England.

This seems an age of remarkable octogenarians. Louisa, Duchess of Abercorn, who is in her eighty-seventh year, went recently to visit Lord and Lady Tankerville, her host being in his ninetieth year. The Duke of Richmond and Gordon, who is also the Duc d'Aubigny in France, is 81, and yet his favorite sport is fishing, and quite recently his grace hooked, played and landed a fine, strong salmon twenty pounds in weight. There is Earl Fitz William, who recently entered on his eighty-fifth year, and is still enjoying excellent health, and a keen rider to hounds, even if he no longer goes quite straight across country. The Duchess of Cleveland, who has entered on her eighty-first year, is always to be seen at the great afternoon events of each London season. Lord and Lady Braybrooke, although both on the right side of 80, recently celebrated their silver wedding; and Mrs. Gladstone is another of the notable octogenarians of this century end.—London Telegraph.

Fresh Air for Consumptive Patients.

In the London Hospital for consumption the basis of treatment is rest in the open air, graduated exercise, and good feeding. No window in the open-air wards is ever closed, and during the cold weather the consumptive patients are kept warm with extra clothing and artificial heat. It is encouraging to note that practically all the early cases and 70 per cent of all cases improve considerably under the open-air system. It is not uncommon for patients to enter the hospital with extensive signs of the disease, and to leave after nine or ten weeks with no sign of acute disease, and an increase of a stone in weight. None of those who markedly improved and followed out the hygienic principles taught there have shown any signs of relapse.

For Use in Church.

"I've hit a money-making thing at last. The preachers will go wild over it, and it will sell like hot cakes. It's a church-contribution box."

Friend—What good is that?

Inventor—It's a triumph. The coins fall through slots of different sizes, and half-crowns, shillings and sixpences land on velvet; but the pennies and half-pennies drop on to a Chinese gong.—From Sydney Town and Country Journal.

Misunderstood.

Her mother—Don't you find Jack Wheeler rather rough, Priscilla? Priscilla—Yes, mamma. And yet he says he shaves every day.—Harlem Life.

FOR THE 7-11 FOLK.

Some Bets on Dice-Shaking and Some Deductions Therefrom.

One evening, several weeks ago, a group or racehorse men were chatting in the St. Charles rotunda, when one of the party produced a miniature silver dice box, which he had picked up somewhere as a curiosity. It contained three tiny but perfectly made dice. "I'm superstitious about this box," said the owner, smilingly. "I believe it brings me good luck." "Well, just to cure you of that idea," said a horseman from St. Louis, "I'll bet you $10 I can beat you throwing the dice." The proposition was accepted, and the owner of the box threw three fours, which, oddly enough, were also thrown by the man from St. Louis. Upon that a dispute arose, the St. Louis turfman claiming that the tie should be "thrown off" and the other man that he had won, because his hand had not been beaten. Some of those present took one side and some the other, and, after a heated argument, it was agreed to leave the question to a New York daily newspaper regarded as an authority on sports. Here is the way the question was stated: "A bets B he can beat him throwing dice. B bets he can not. Result a tie. Who wins?" On Sunday the answer was printed, as follows: "Neither. When B takes A's bet he virtually bets that he can beat A." Upon this decision the money was handed over, not only on the original bet, but on several side wagers afterward made. It did not end the argument, however, but, on the contrary, started it afresh, and it still rages. Most local authorities disagree squarely with the New York referee. "The decision was all wrong," said a veteran New Orleans sportsman. "Here is the case in a nutshell: A says to B, 'I'll bet you $10 I can beat you in a throw of dice.' B accepts the wager and throws three fours. Now the only way in which A can make good his original assertion that he could beat B is to throw something better than three fours. He said 'beat you,' remember, not 'equal you.' He then throws a duplicate hand, which certainly does not beat, but is merely a standoff, consequently he loses. That is as plain as the nose on an elephant. The paper says that in taking the wager B virtually bets he can beat A. He does nothing of the sort. He bets that A can't beat him—quite a different proposition."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Both Knew Him.

He was one of those garrulous old fellows whose only aim in life seems to be to strike up conversations with strangers in public places. He was seated in the corner of a Market street car, holding a one-sided conversation with the conductor, says a writer in the Philadelphia Record, when a dapper young fellow entered and took a seat on the opposite side of the car. The old fellows eyed him closely for several minutes and then leaned over and touched him on the knee. "'Scuse me," remarked the inquisitive old chap, "but ain't your name Johnson?" Considerably surprised, the young man replied that it was. "Son of old William Johnson, ain't you?" "Yes," was the curt answer. "Well, well, well," went on the loquacious old man. "I knowed you was a Johnson the minute I laid eyes on you. I uster know you father well." "So did I," said young Mr. Johnson without cracking a smile. An audible titter ran around the car and the old man got off at the next corner.—Philadelphia Record.

Fine Old Copper Vessel.

A woman who has been fitting up her husband's den and smoking room in their new suburban home selected for use in it as a trash basket a fine old copper vessel of Russian make, says the New York Post. It is of simple and artistic design and is a beautiful piece of metal. When she was remonstrated with for her extravagance in paying so large a price for a little receptacle her defense was prompt and practical. "I should have bought the vessel," she said, "as an ornament for the room. I had also decided that a wicker or wooden trash-basket would not do in a smoking room. Men are careless and often toss in lighted matches and cigar or cigarette ends that are still burning. It seemed to me a stroke of economy to provide this ornament, which might have stood simply as such, with a utilitarian service." From this point of view she was certainly right. These vessels could be equally well applied to a similar use aboard yachts.

Ensign Eames Lost His Wager.

Miss Emma Eames has a brother, Harold, who was an ensign in the United States navy. His ship was stationed at Leghorn, and one day the flagship entered the harbor with the fleet commander on board. The latter was very dignified and was never known to lose his self-control. One day the commander was in swimming, and young Eames made a friendly wager with a fellow officer that he would destroy his senior's equanimity—in naval parlance, "rattle" him. The wager was accepted, and a moment afterward Eames was in the water swimming toward his superior officer. Suddenly he paused, and, stopping his powerful overhand stroke, began treading water. Then he saluted precisely as if he had been on a quarter-deck. To the young man's intense surprise the commander returned the salute with equal gravity. Mr. Eames lost his wager.

Encouraging Him.

Canvasser—I have called to show you a book—— Busy one—Well, I'm glad you haven't called to sell it to me. Show away. You'll not mind it if I don't happen to look at it, will you?—Boston Transcript.

Jogging Him Up.

From Puck: He (musingly)—"Well, man proposes, but ——." She (meaningly)—"No, he don't! He just keeps making one think he is going to."

Temperance has been promoted in the French army by controlling the canteen and substituting coffee, tea and cocoa for intoxicating drinks.

BOLD, BAD BIGAMIST.

OPENLY COURTED AND MARRIED MISS MORGAN.

Borrowed Money of His Wife to Buy the Clothes in Which He Was Married to No. 2, Who Lived but Five Miles Away.

Perhaps the boldest bigamist of the century is John L. Blackford, who lived all his life in Plainfield, N. J., and who was known to thousands of people along the line of the Central Railroad of New Jersey as its state detective. He openly courted and publicly married Miss Alice Morgan, in Westfield, five miles distant from his home, where he lived with his wife. It was Blackford's cold nerve that enabled him to carry on his duplicity. Nearly eleven years ago he married Miss Ullrich, and their life was apparently happy. Blackford had known Miss Alice Morgan for a long time. She formerly lived in Plainfield, but removed to Westfield about five years ago. She knew Blackford was married. When Blackford began calling upon Miss Morgan about two years ago, she asked about his wife. He explained that they were divorced. This was accepted by the young woman and the members of her family. When the frequency of his attentions left no doubt of his intentions there was family opposition because of the supposed divorce. And this explains why it took two years for Blackburn to persuade Miss Morgan to marry him. She is a very pretty woman of 25, a blonde, with large, expressive eyes and a charming manner. She had many admirers, and among them men whose social position is much better than that of Blackford. Blackford made no secret of his devotion, and how it came about that in two years of wooing the facts never came out is one of the mysteries. It is strange, too, that Mrs. Blackford should not have heard of her husband's devotion to Miss Morgan. She is a dark, comely woman of 36, who has always been devoted to her home. Her husband's absences did not arouse her suspicion, because his business took him away from home at all hours of the day and night, Even now she says he never neglected her, but has always been kind and devoted. When Miss Morgan consented to marry Blackford last summer he gave her a diamond engagement ring. It was the same engagement ring he had given his wife and he secured it on a subterfuge that he wished to have it reset. He did have it reset, gave it to Miss Morgan and told Mrs. Blackford that he had lost the stone. He returned to her the old setting and actually inserted an advertisement in the newspapers offering a reward for the return of the stone. It was known in Westfield that Miss Morgan was to marry Blackford weeks beforehand. His frankness disarmed suspicion. The fact was published in the newspapers. When the day for the wedding drew near Blackford borrowed $20 from his wife and bought a frock coat and waistcoat to wear at the ceremony. The night before the second marriage, Blackford passed at home with his wife. In the morning she gave him money with which to have his hair cut and be shaved. He even borrowed money to have his shoes shined. He told her he would not be home that night, as business called him away. Then he gaily went to Westfield to marry Miss Morgan. The ceremony took place in church at noon, and Rev. Dr. Caldwell performed it. Blackford's boldness reached the pinnacle of audacity when he invited reporters to the wedding and himself gave the facts. Blackford and his second wife went to New York that afternoon and went to Broadway Central hotel. The next morning he told the woman he had just married that he had to attend to some business. He left her and went to Plainfield. He passed the whole afternoon in his home. When night came Blackford returned to his second wife, and they moved to the Marlborough hotel. For several days he spent his afternoons in Plainfield with his first wife. Finally the proprietors of the hotel, becoming suspicious, investigated and apprized wife No. 1 of the state of affairs. She would not believe it at first, but finally the truth dawned upon her. Then she went to New York with her marriage certificate, and Blackford's arrest followed. When he was arraigned in court, Mrs. Blackford produced her marriage certificate, sobbing. Blackford was committed to the Tombs in default of $5,000 bail. Miss Morgan said she would let the law take its course, but would not prosecute her deceiver. The real Mrs. Blackford went to the prison to see her husband, taking with her food and dainties she had purchased. His only words were upbraidings for interfering with him.

How Mark Twain Fills a Pipe.

Mark Twain smokes 3,000 cigars a year, but cigars merely represent his dessert in the way of smoking. The solid repast of nicotine is taken by means of a corncob pipe. Mark Twain is a lazy man, and likes to do things with the least trouble to himself. He smokes a granulated tobacco which he keeps in a long check bag made of silk and rubber. When he has finished smoking he knocks the residue from the bowl of the pipe, takes out the stem, places it in his vest pocket, like a pencil or a stylographic pen, throws the bowl into the bag containing the granulated tobacco and puts the bag into his coat pocket. When he wishes to smoke again (this is usually five minutes later) he fishes out the bowl, which is now filled with tobacco, inserts the stem, and strikes a light.

The Point of View.

"Magnificence" may signify one thing to one person and quite another thing to another person. It is related that a gentleman went to a dentist and asked him to "take a look at his teeth." The dentist did so, and seemed full of admiration. "What do you think of them?" asked the patient. "Magnificent! magnificent!" was all the dentist could say. "Then you don't find anything to do to them?" "To do to them? Why, there are four to be pulled, six to be filled, and three to be crowned!" said the dentist.

HOW TO WOO SLEEP.

Rules by Which Victims of Insomnia May Find Relief.

The immediate cause of insomnia is abnormal activity of the brain, which draws an undue amount of blood to that organ. Cold feet usually accompany a heated brain. To re-establish normal conditions the tension must be removed and the blood drawn from the brain to the extremities, thus equalizing circulation. A scientist who studies brain fag recommends gymnastic exercise to precede repose. The following exercises, each repeated several times, are recommended: Standing normally, inhale slowly. Vigorously stretch the arms out horizontally from the shoulders, energizing them to the finger tips. At the same time rise on the balls of the feet. After remaining motionless for a few moments, slowly relax the arms, return to the normal poise and exhale. Stretch the arms in front of the body and repeat the exercise; also stretch them directly upward and repeat. Unite the three movements of the arms, raising them horizontally, forward and upward, rising on the balls of the feet, inhaling and exhaling as before. Next stand with the weight on one foot. Extend the other a long step diagonally forward, touching the toe to the ground. Partially transfer the weight to the forward foot, at the same time bend the knee as much as possible and raise the heel high from the ground, keeping the whole of the back foot on the ground until this position of the bent knee and the raised heel of the forward leg is firmly taken. Then gradually pull all but the toe of the back foot from the ground, while pressing down forcibly, as if overcoming a strong resistance, with the forward leg. The forward knee straightens, the whole foot comes to the ground and the weight is transferred to the forward leg during the movement. Slowly transfer the weight to the back leg, forcibly pushing that foot to the ground as the heel of the forward foot rises. If sufficient force is exerted in pressing the feet to the ground, after five minutes' practice they will glow and tingle. That the extremities be warm is a necessary condition for slumber. Lying in an easy position, first realize that you are now safe in bed, free from care and ready for refreshing sleep. Then slowly raise the arms as high as possible, the hands relaxed. More slowly still lower the arms, letting the fingers touch the covering first, then the hand, the forearm, and last the nerve force is released from the shoulder and the whole arm is at rest. Accompany the exercise with deep, slow respiration. Repeat this several times, more slowly each time. The exercises sound lengthy and tedious. They prove to be neither when tried. Many people are troubled with wakefulness in the night after a short sleep. It requires determination to rise and take exercise, although that is the only way in which some persons can obtain relief.—London Mail.

The Circuit Rider's Horse.

From the Chicago Chronicle: Once upon a time the Rev. Frank Gunsaulus, the popular preacher, was a poor circuit rider. He traveled from town to town, lifted over the roads in farm wagons, and boarded around at the houses of the deacons, returning occasionally to his father's old farm to spend a few days. His father, so the story goes, was a rough old chap of the uncut diamond sort, with a vocabulary more expressive than elegant. Well, at one time young Gunsaulus found himself in possession of enough money to buy him a horse. He thought it would be better to ride his own animal around the circuit than to borrow transportation. It was a sorry-looking steed, this, but it answered the purpose, and, what was more to the point, it was cheap. So, after he had bought it, he rode it home. His father was in the barnyard when he came in, and he looked critically at the animal. "Where did ye git that hoss, Frank?" he asked. "I bought him cheap, father," said the young preacher. "He's a sorry-looking critter, I must say," said the father. "Well, father," said Frank, "you remember that our Savior rode into Jerusalem on a worse-looking animal than this." And the old man looked at the horse again, and said: "Durned if I don't think it's the same one!"

An Actor's Eccentricities.

Macready was a dreadful man to act with; you had the pleasant sensation of knowing that you were doing nothing that he wanted you to do, though following strictly his instructions, says Mrs. John Drew in Scribner's. He would press you down with his hand on your head and tell you in an undertone to stand up. Mr. Macready was a terribly nervous actor; any little thing which happened unexpectedly irritated him beyond endurance. One night at the Park "Macbeth" was the play. Mrs. Sloman, an old-fashioned actress, dressed Lady Macbeth in the manner which prevailed in her early life—in black velvet, point lace and pearl beads. In the murder scene part of his dress caught on the tassels of her pearl girdle; the string broke, the beads fell on the floor, softly, with a pretty rhythmic sound, distinctly heard through the intense silence of the scene. This so exasperated Mr. Macready that he was almost frantic, until with the final lines of the scene, "Wake, Duncan, with the knocking, oh! would thou couldst," he threw Mrs. Sloman off the stage, with words which I hope were unheard by the public and were certainly unfit for publication.

Derivation of the Word Sunday.

From the Woman's Home Companion: The word "Sabbath" is a Hebrew term for a period as well as quality of time, and means "rest." In the Bible it is used only with this meaning. Periods of one year or of seven years were thus characterized. Every seventh day was observed by the Hebrews as a weekly "Sabbath." In addition to this day others were appointed in which the obligation to cease from labor was as binding as the observance of the weekly "Sabbath." "Sunday" is so named from the day which was dedicated to the worship of the sun. Christian nations observe it as their "Sabbath"; but "Sabbath" is not "Sunday."

RAINY DAYS

They enter into every life history. No one can hope for fair weather to the "journey's" end. Cloud-bursts of adversity come to all sooner or later. They come when least expected.

Hope for the best and prepare for the worst. Begin to build now the protecting shelter of a bank account. It will keep you and yours in comfort and health till the cloudy days roll by.

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TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

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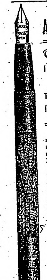

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Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, April 28, 1906.

Republican County Convention.

A republican county convention for the county of Red Lake is hereby called to be held on Wednesday, June 6th, 1906, at one o'clock p. m., in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, for the purpose of electing nine delegates to the republican state convention at Duluth, Minnesota, June 13, 1906, and such other business as may properly come before the convention.

The republican voters of the county, and all other voters, without regard to past political affiliations, who believe in the principles advocated by the republican party and endorse its policies, are cordially invited to participate in the selection of delegates to this convention.

Representation for this convention will be in accordance with the following resolution, adopted at a meeting of the republican county central committee, held in the city of Red Lake Falls on the 17th day of April, 1906:

> "Resolved, that the representation of the several precincts shall be based upon the vote cast in the respective precincts at the general election in 1904 for the republican candidate for governor; that each precinct is entitled to one delegate for each fifty (50) votes, or fraction thereof, so determined from the vote for the republican candidate for governor in 1904"

That each precinct is entitled to the following representation in this convention:

That each precinct be allowed in addition thereto, one delegate at large; that each of the following precincts, which were not organized at the general election of 1904, shall be entitled to one delegate at large: Townships of Silverton, Clover Leaf, Goodridge, Smiley, Kratka, Highlanding, Mayfield, Deer Park, and the Village of Plummer.

Black River	2	Wyandotte	2
Bray	2	Village of St. Hilaire	3
Emardville	2	Red Lake Falls City:	
Equality	2	1st ward	2
Garnes	2	2nd ward	2
Gervais	2	3rd ward	2
Lake Pleasant	2	Thief Riv. Falls City:	
Lambert	3	1st ward	4
Louisville	2	2nd ward	2
North	2	3rd ward	3
Nordon	2	Silverton	1
Numedal	2	Clover Leaf	1
Polk Center	2	Goodridge	1
Poplar River	3	Smiley	1
Red Lake Falls Tp.	2	Kratka	1
River Falls	2	Highlanding	1
Rocksbury	2	Mayfield	1
Sanders	2	Deer Park	1
Terrebonne	2	Village of Plummer	1

All primary elections in the county for the election of delegates to this convention shall be held at the usual voting places in each precinct on Saturday, June 2nd, 1909, between the hours of 7 and 8 o'clock p. m.

N. M. WATSON, Chairman.
O. F. POST, Secretary.

Preparing For the Storm.

A correspondent in the north of Ireland sends the following account of an interesting incident that came under his observation:

Being on a walking tour through Inishowen and passing along the edge of Lough Swilly, the romantic Lake of Shadows, he noticed an immense gathering of rooks on the sandy shore. In company with several others, the tourist was attracted by this novel spectacle and began to wonder at the cause of it. An old man who was working in a field near the place offered an explanation. He said that the birds were picking up sand to ballast themselves in a storm and that when they did so it was a sure sign of approaching bad weather. He added that on shooting rooks after a gathering of the sort he had found that they were loaded with sand. As a matter of fact, the gentleman concludes, a violent gale set in early next morning.—Pearson's Weekly.

The Spider's Web.

If we compare the dimensions of the spider with those of its web we are forced to admit that the little creature is a true engineer, able to construct a cable network of relatively enormous size. Thread after thread is put in position in the desired and necessary order, and sometimes prolonged observation on the part of the investigator is required in order to understand the reasons which direct the spider in its complicated operations and which make it always follow the same order and the same laws. Some of these reasons are explained by geometry, others by the strength of materials, and he who succeeds in discovering the "why" of all the interesting details of the method employed is compelled to admit to himself that he could not have achieved so good a result with the same materials.

Notice to Clean Up.

Notice is hereby given to the residents and property owners of St. Hilaire that they must before May 5th, 1906, clean up and remove any and all garbage, manure or slops, on the premises owned or occupied by them and also on alleys or thoroughfares adjacent to said property. Said owners or occupants are also required to maintain any and all property which they own or occupy in a thoroughly sanitary condition, also that proprietors of hotels and restaurants keep sufficient barrels in the rear of their places of business in which to deposit all offal and refuse, and contents of which shall be deposited on the dumping grounds at least once in each week.

Any person failing to comply with this order will be promptly prosecuted according to law.

By order of the village council.

A. F. BLOMBURGH,
Health Officer.

Notice.

All persons owning cattle in the village of St. Hilaire are hereby notified to take care of same and see that they do not roam the streets of the village or other people's property.

K. R. KILLAND,
Village Marshal.

Tax Judgment Sale.

Pursuant to a real estate tax judgment of the district court, in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, entered the twenty-fourth day of March, 1906, in proceedings for enforcing payment of taxes and penalties upon real estate in the county of Red Lake, remaining delinquent on the first Monday in January, 1906, and of the statutes in such case made and provided I shall on the fourteenth day of May, at ten o'clock in the forenoon in the town or city of Red Lake Falls, and county of Red Lake, sell the lands which are charged with taxes, penalties and costs in said judgment, and on which taxes shall not have been previously paid.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 16th day of April, A. D. 1906.

{ County Auditor's Seal. }
JAMES E. FORD,
Auditor of
Red Lake County.

a21-28

CHAPTER 22 OF THE REVISED LAWS OF MINNESOTA, 1905, ENTITLED "FORESTRY AND FIRE WARDENS" REQUIRES THE FORESTRY COMMISSIONER TO PREPARE AN ABSTRACT OF THE PENAL LAWS RELATING TO FOREST AND PRAIRIE FIRES AND HE MAY REQUIRE ANY COUNTY BOARD TO CAUSE AT LEAST THREE WEEKS PUBLISHED NOTICE THEREOF TO BE GIVEN. THE FOLLOWING IS ACCORDINGLY HEREBY PUBLISHED:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, OFFICE OF FORESTRY COMMISSIONER.,
St. Paul, Minn., March 15, 1906.

The law of the State of Minnesota for the prevention of forest and prairie fires makes it a misdemeanor, punishable by fine of not exceeding one hundred dollars or imprisonment in jail not exceeding three months, to kindle a fire near forest or prairie land and leave it unquenched. Said law makes town supervisors, village presidents and mayors of cities fire wardens. They are required to enforce its provisions, post notices of its penalties, patrol their districts in dry seasons, go to the place of danger to prevent or control fires, employ or compel assistance in emergencies, investigate and immediately report fires, and make complaint before a magistrate of violations of the law when they have requisite information thereof. County attorneys are to assist in prosecutions. Every person must comply with a warden's call for assistance unless he has justifiable excuse. Neglect to comply with any of the foregoing duties incurs the penalty first above mentioned. Destruction or defacement of a posted notice incurs similar penalty. Railroad companies are required to use efficient spark arresters on their locomotive engines, keep their right of ways clear of combustible material (except ties), post warning placards conspicuously at every station in the vicinity of forests and grass lands, and extinguish any fire occurring near their roads subject to forfeiture of not exceeding one hundred dollars for each offence.

Fire wardens are responsible for the enforcement of the law in their districts. They should especially endeavor to PREVENT THE SETTING OF FIRES, whether to clear land, burn meadows or for other purpose in a dry season.

C. C. ANDREWS,
Forestry Commissioner.

a21m5)

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

For refreshments call at Number 488

For CHOICEST

FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars

Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Red Lake }

In the matter of the petition of P. A. Ekstrom, and others, for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 25.

Notice Is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 25, beginning at the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 29 in township 153 north, of range 44 west in said county and state, on the north side of the quarter section line, running thence through the following described lands to-wit:

East along the quarter line through the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 29, in township 153 north, of range 44 west to the section line between sections 28 and 29 in said township, thence south on the east side of the section line through the southwest quarter of section 28, the southeast quarter of section 29, the east half of section 32 and the west half of section 33 in said town and range to the north line of section 5 in township 152 north, of range 44 west, thence west along the town line and on the south side thereof, through the north half of sections 5 and 6 in said township 152, range 44, to the southeast corner of lot 4, of section 31, in township 153 north, of range 44 west; thence across to the north side of the town line and west therefrom along said town line through lot 4 of section 31, in said township 153, range 44, and through the south half of sections 36, 35 and 34, in township 153 north, of range 45 west, to Black River, terminating at said Black River at or near the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of section 34, in said township 153, range 45, and having said Black River as its outlet.

Also Branch Ditch No. 1: Commencing on the east side of the section line at the southeast corner of section 6 in township 152 north, of range 44 west, running thence north through the west half of section 5, in township 152, range 44, to the northeast corner of said section 6, and having the main ditch as its outlet.

Also Branch Ditch No. 2, specified by the engineer in his report, commencing at a point 3400 feet north and 39 degrees west of the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 29 in township 153 north, of range 44 west, in said county and state, and running thence in a southeasterly direction through the northeast quarter and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of said section 29, and the southwest quarter of section 28, in said town to the main ditch and having the said main ditch as its outlet, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

The Towns of Sanders, Black River, Polk Centre and Bray, Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Ry. Co., George H. Crosby, Trustee for Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Ry. Co., J. M. Ball, Frank E. Constans, George F. Constans, John A. Dunn, John O'Leary, Ole Torson, Minnesota Land Co., Charles G. Edwards, Lizzie P. Blunt, Frederick Rux, William Hanner, David E. Rux, H. J. Peterson, Charles H. Peterson, Fred E. Rux, Herman Ortloff, Gust Johnson, August Hoppe, Alfred J. Larson, J. A. Anderson, Alfred Dahlstrom, Maurius Miller, T. G. Liable, C. R. Liable, G. C. Liable, Charles H. Foy, Delbert M. Fitzsimmons, Peter A. Ekstrom, Erick Johnson, Anders Erickson, Andreas Ortloff, Julius Malberg, Peter Bingston, Anna M. Sandberg, Andrew Anderson, John Peterson, J. A. Mattson, John R. Gerlach, Edward H. Hener, E. L. Ruby, Alfred Anderson, Nels J. Highberg, Richard M. Wells, Kate Judge, Nels Johnson, Peter McKircher, John Grove, Charles A. Lindquist, Brennecke & Heald, Chas. C. Eklund, Anna Eklund, A. J. Akerlund, Theo. J. Toftoy, Ella G. Bishop, Hans Hanson, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Ry. Co., Gust Johnson, Mathilda Hoppe, August Akerlund, First State Bank of St. Hilaire, and Andrew Ortloff, and that the engineer appointed by the board of county commissioners of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said board of county commissioners to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Monday the seventh day of May, 1906, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, at one o'clock p. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said board of county commissioners at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

{ County Auditor's Seal. }
JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor of
Red Lake county, Minnesota.

(ap14-21-28)

McMURRAY'S VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR
A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Formation of New District.

Whereas, a petition has been filed with the county board of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, signed and acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who reside in the proposed new district herein described, and who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts, and duly verified by the affidavit of one of the residents of said proposed new district, praying for the organization of a new school district out of the territory hereinafter described, to-wit:

The west half of section 1, all of sections 2, 3, 10 and 11, the west half of section 12, the northwest quarter of section 13, the north half of section 14, and the north half of section 15, in the town of Deer Park (Twp 152, Range 40) in said county;

Also all of sections 25, 26, 27, 34, 35 and 36, in the town of Highlanding (Twp 153, Range 40) in said county, and the said board of county commissioners have appointed a time and place for a hearing upon said petition as by law required;

Now therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a hearing upon said petition will be had at a meeting of the said board, commencing upon the eighth day of May, A. D. 1906, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, at which time and place the said county board will hear arguments of all persons interested, for or against the proposed organization of said new school district.

Dated this eighteenth day of April, A. D. 1906.

By order of the county board
of Red Lake county, Minn.
By JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio Clerk of Board.

(Seal.)

a21-28]

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.

CONFECTIONERY

FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY

Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS

Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.

Next door to Hotel Markham.

GET YOUR PICTURE
TAKEN BY
D. COLLINS
THE
Photograper.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

pu'ri-ty

THE STANDARD DICTIONARY SAYS

pu'ri-ty, n. 1. "The character or state of being pure, in any sense." (1) Freedom from foreign or adulterating matter."

Hamm's Beer justly lays claim to absolute purity because it IS free "from foreign or adulterating matter." The Dairy and Food Commissioners of Minnesota, South Dakota and other states have declared Hamm's Beer to be absolutely pure. Satisfy yourself. We invite you to have an analysis made. We will cheerfully pay the fee of any reputable chemist.

Hamm's Beer is brewed in the most scientific way from the choicest hops and barley.

IT CONTAINS NO CORN OR CORN PRODUCTS

Because of these facts the public can be sure that there is ONE beer which is absolutely PURE and GOOD.

Hamm's

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co., St. Paul, Minn.

CROOKSTON
LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Button's Business College and Shorthand Institute

Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

OFFERS to take you through a complete course in Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Tywewriting and let you pay for your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after situation is secured for you. It practically costs you nothing because we get you a position where you earn at least $10.00 per month more than you ever earned before. We want 500 students to enter this college during the next three months and make the above unparalleled offer to get them. The courses are: : : : : : : : : :

Normal, Shorthand AND Typewriting,
Music, Commercial,
Preparatory, :::: Telegraphy.

THIS is the only College in the United States that guarantees a good paying position to every graduate. If we don't get you a satisfactory situation you need never pay us one cent : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :

J. A. Button, Principal

Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Subscribe for St. Hilaire Spectator.

FAST MAIL TO CHICAGO

On your next trip east why not go as your letter goes? The United States government selects the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

Five daily passenger trains from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago—almost as frequent as suburban train service. These include The Pioneer Limited and The Fast Mail, the two most popular trains between these cities. No extra charge to ride on them. But it is necessary to name your route.

W. B. DIXON
Northwestern Passenger Agent
365 ROBERT STREET, ST. PAUL.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D. Patterson	Councilmen
E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers; St. Hilaire Council No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend,
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K.R. Killand, Secy.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON. MINN.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

2nd ☛ STORE
(Second Hand Store.)
Everything in this line now on hand. Special bargains given. If you have anything to dispose of give me a call.
C. A. SKEIE.
St. Hilaire, Minnesota

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

SEEDS, TREES CORN 23rd ANNUAL Catalog of
EARLIEST AND HARDIEST of Everything on Earth. Every person who tills a foot of land needs it. Send for it now.
OSCAR H. WILL & CO.
BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA

THE LOCAL NEWS

Albert Abrahamson left for Montana points Tuesday.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

—Clean flax seed for sale by G. H. Sandum, Sec. 14, River Falls.

Chas. Fellman was a business visitor in Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Cashier H. J. Enderle, of Plummer, was a Sunday visitor in our village.

—500 first class second growth oak fence posts for sale cheap. C.H. Martz.

R. J. McKercher and bride arrived from Buffalo Centre, Iowa, Wednesday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

A. M. Edstrom and wife, of Hazel, were visiting with K. O. Gigstad, Sunday.

C. L. Hansen, of the First State Bank of Red Lake Falls, was here last Sunday.

E. J. Holmes, of Cannon Falls, was shaking hands with his many friends here yesterday.

John Berglund went to Thief River Falls last Wednesday and bought a team of horses.

Miss Sadie Powers came up from Wylie Saturday and is visiting with Mrs. D. Collins.

Marshal Killand came out in his new uniform Sunday and now has an officious appearance.

D. J. Campbell, of St. Paul, was in town yesterday in the interests of the Western Land Co.

Hon. L. C. Simons was here yesterday looking over the business at the Merchants State Bank.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on May 3rd and 4th.

A. H. Wilson, of Mahnomen, Minn., was here Tuesday looking up a location for a barber shop.

Services in the Swedish Mission church next Sunday at 10:30 a.m. L. W. Nordhus, pastor.

Mrs. R. H. Aimer and daughter Mabel, left yesterday for Barnesville on an extended visit.

John Larson took leave of his claim and spent a couple of days here the fore part of the week.

David Collins went to Red Lake Falls Thursday to attend the meeting of the county assessors.

Wanted.—Girl for general housework. Small family. Mrs. S. M. Sivertson, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

John Fangstrom shipped his effects to Kenmare, N. D., Tuesday, where he expects to make his future home.

—Are you looking for accommodations? If so, go to the Merchants State Bank and make your wants known.

—State Farmers Mut. Hail Ins. Co., Waseca, Minn. Largest cash surplus. Wants responsible agent. Write today.

A. O. Davison, assistant cashier at the Merchants State Bank, was a business caller in Marshall county Wednesday.

J. J. O'Brien, of Grafton, N. D, was in town a short time last Tuesday, looking for a location in the real estate business.

Mike McAndress wishes to extend his thanks to his many neighbors and friends who so kindly helped him to build his house.

L. A. Dahlstrom, of Minneapolis, who owns land in section 20, of Sanders, was in town last Tuesday and made a trip out to see his farm.

Wm. Fahr, of Crystal, N. D., was here last Tuesday morning looking over the country with a view of starting into the land business.

Miss Marguerite McAndress has accepted a position as teacher in Roseau county, to begin next week. She left Friday for her new field of labor.

Christ Jenson, living in the town of Bray, had the misfortune to lose his house and entire contents by fire last week. No insurance on the property made it a total loss which the family could ill afford. Last Saturday W. F. Schumacher circulated a petition among the residents of St. Hilaire for his relief and a neat sum was raised.

You feel the life giving current the minute you take it. A gentle soothing warmth, fills the nerves and blood with life. It's a real pleasure to take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

D. D. George, a prominent land man of Champagne, Ill., was in town last Tuesday looking up a location for a land office.

Ed. Gistie, of Elmore, Minn., came up on Wednesday to look up a farm on the east side of the river with intentions of investing.

Mrs. D. Collins and children, accompanied by Miss Sadie Powers, of Wylie, spent the fore part of the week visiting at Thief River Falls.

James Gilbertson made a trip to the county seat last Wednesday to get the assessor's books for River Falls. James will make a good assessor.

S. J. Amble, who purchased the Ole Koidal farm west of town, brought his family over from Grand Forks and moved onto the land the first of the week.

Tuesday evening, May 1, there will be an initiation in the local camp of the Modern Woodmen. All members are cordially requested to attend and visiting neighbors welcome.

There will be a dance and supper given in the new residence of M. McAndress, this evening, tickets one dollar per couple. Everybody is invited and a good time guaranteed.

The fire boys had a run Wednesday evening about six o'clock. The fire was in the residence of Mrs. C. Sandmoen. Cause of fire, boarder smoking in bed. Loss, two pillows badly scorched.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.
Julius Pleth,
tf Plummer, Minn.

H. Monson, of Clarkfield, and his son-in-law J. J. Soll, made an early start by team for Thief River Falls Wednesday morning to catch the train for Lund, Marshall county, to be gone several days.

The Red Lake County Teachers' Association will hold a meeting in St. Hilaire, May fourth and fifth. An excellent program has been prepared and able instructors from out of the county will be in attendance.

Royal Dahlen left the ducks to take care of themselves for several days this week while he renewed acquaintances with his friends here. He purchased a few pounds of wild rice to feed the ducks with next fall.

The local relief committee appointed by the state committee consists of the cashiers of the local banks and the president of the council. Any one wishing to donate to the sufferers' fund can do so by paying the same to B. E. Burkee, K. O. Gigstad or J. B. O'Brien.

All smart, up-to-date women of today,
Know how to bake, wash, sing and to play;
Without these talents a wife is N. G.
Unless she takes Rocky Mountain Tea.
Imperial Drug Co.

Last month the St. Hilaire creamery paid to its patrons $2,284.44 for cream delivered to that institution. The avamount paid for butter fat was 24c per pound and the largest check was issued to Hubert Houpt, amounting to $74.34.

Saturday evening President O'Brien received a telegram from the chairman of the California Relief committee asking aid for the sufferers in California. Monday evening a special meeting of the council was held and one hundred fifty dollars voted for the relief. The same was sent to Gov. Johnson Tuesday.

Contributed.

Harry Ives, editor of the St. Hilaire Spectator, was married the other day to Miss Catherine Pirath. This is the account of the affair as printed in his own paper, The Spectator.

The bride wore a beautiful dress of white Liberty satin; at least that's what they said it was.

The groom (that means "we") wore the customary black, hand-me-down and was about scared to death.

Miss Pirath is a peach, most of her beauty is natural and she looks good to us; she was one of our school marms and we know can throw a brick with remarkable accuracy. A sample of her rare nerve is shown by her vowing to "love, honor, etc."

The other interested party is a joke; he came to this country without clothes or money and is now free from all financial debt.

There are others just as bad and they are not in the penitentiary either.

Donation Appreciated.

The following letter received by J. B. O'Brien last Thursday explains itself:

St. Paul, Minn., April 25, 1906.

Dear Sir:—

Your favor of the 24th inst. enclosing draft for $150 for the relief of California sufferers, donated by the Village of St. Hilaire, is received. Permit me to thank you and your people for their generous contribution, which I have forwarded to Mr. Kenneth Clark, treasurer of the relief committee.

Very truly yours,
John A. Johnson,
Governor.

Notice of Dissolution.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership existing between Mike Anderson and John Maakrud, doing business under the firm name of Anderson & Maakrud will be dissolved on July 1st, 1906. All accounts due said firm must be paid before July 1, 1906.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., April 17, 1906.
Mike Anderson.
John Maakrud.

Pasture For Rent.

Good pasture for rent at the right price. Inquire of G. H. Sandum, Sec. 14, River Falls.

For Sale.

Six hives of bees and a spring buggy. Inquire of Mrs. A. Dainard.

Wedding at Red Lake Falls.

A wedding of unusual interest was solemnized Wednesday afternoon April 25, at the home of the bride's parents in Red Lake Falls, when Miss Catherine Pirath became the bride of Mr. Harry E. Ives. The bride was attended by her sister Miss Carrie Pirath, and the groom by his cousin Mr. Fred Ives, of Minneapolis. Promptly at one o'clock the bridal party entered the parlor and were met at the improvised altar by the Rev. Henry Greene, of Crookston, who read the impressive Episcopal ring service and pronounced them man and wife. The bride was beautiful in a princess gown of soft white material, while the groom was attired in the conventional black. The wedding was a very quiet one, only relatives being present.

The happy couple were the recipients of many beautiful and costly presents which shows the esteem in which both are held. Miss Pirath has spent most of her life in Red Lake Falls where she received her education in the public schools, going later to the Normal school at Moorhead from which institution she graduated with the class of 1904. The following September she came to this village and took charge of the second and third grades of our public school, which position she held until her resignation on March 30th, of this year. Her pleasant manner and genial disposition soon made her a social favorite and a leader among the young people who will be glad to welcome her back as Mrs. Ives.

Mr. Ives has resided continuously in St. Hilaire since 1885 and has had charge of The Spectator during all of this time. He is well and favorably known not only in his home town but throughout the state in both social and political circles.

Mr. and Mrs. Ives left Wednesday evening for the Twin Cities and Lake Superior points woere they will spend their honeymoon. The "at home" cards read: "After June first at St. Hilaire, Minn."

New Town Clerks.

Following is the complete list of the town clerks of Red Lake county, together with the towns for which they are elected and their post office addresses:

Black River	C. W. Johnson	Wylie
Bray	E. J. Akerlund	Wylie
Clover Leaf		
Deer Park	W A Swanson	Rhoda
Emardville	A J Hemstad	Plummer
Equality	Lewis Sall	Garnes
Garnes	Olaf Tande	Garnes
Gervais	Alex Patnode	Red Lake Falls
Goodridge	Fred Solie	Germantown
Highlanding	J W Vrolson	Highlanding
Kratka	R M Johnson	Kratka
Lake Pleasant	M Ducharme	Red Lake Falls
Lambert	Max Perras	Lambert
Louisville	A D Berry	Huot
Mayfield	Sam Lovass	Garnes
Norden	G J Nordhagen	T R Falls
North	E J Overland	T R Falls
Numedal	Halvor Johnson	Tweet
Polk Centre	C E Naplin	Wylie
Poplar River	A Laniel	Brooks
Red L Falls	Hidalgo Baril	Red L Falls
River Falls	A S Anderson	St. Hilaire
Rocksbury	P Engelstad	Thief R Falls
Sanders	N K Anderson	St. Hilaire
Silverton	Henry Hanson	T R Falls
Smiley	Tobias Stone	T R Falls
Terrebonne	J L Cossette	Terrebonne
Wyandotte	J R Larson	Hazel
Plummer Vil	O J Johnson	Plummer
St Hilaire Vil	K O Gigstad	St. Hilaire
R L Falls city	A P Toupln	Red L Falls
T R Falls city	Lars Backe	Thief R Falls

Fireless Stoves.

Experiments are being made with so-called fireless cookstoves at several army posts in this country. The fireless cookstove is merely a wooden chest lined with thick cloth and filled with hay or straw. A half pound of rice, an equal amount of hominy and a pound of beans were placed in cans and exposed to a fire, being allowed to boil for five minutes. They were then taken out and placed immediately in the hay box, and examined one hour and fifteen minutes later. The rice was thoroughly cooked, but the hominy and beans were only partly done. A stew made of beef, potatoes and onions after six minutes of fire and two hours in the hay box was found to be perfectly cooked. With all your meals serve golden grain belt beer. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Council Proceedings.

Special meeting of the village council held Monday evening, April 23, 1906.

Meeting called to order by the president.

All members present,

The president read the call for relief received from the state chairman and on motion one hundred fifty dollars was voted for the relief of the sufferers in California.

On motion meeting adjourned.
J. B. O'Brien, President.
K. O. Gigstad, Clerk.

China's Flag.

The flag of China is one of the gayest among ensigns. The body of the flag is pale yellow. In the upper left hand corner is a small red sun. Looking intently at the sun is a fierce Chinese dragon. The dragon's belly is a brilliant red and white. His green back is covered with stiff knobs. He is standing on his two hind paws and the left fore foot. His feet are five toed and slightly hooked. His long, five forked tail stretches away in the rear. The dragon's neck is arched back. His mouth is wide open, and he looks as if he were about to try to swallow the red sun.

Found.

A log chain on road east of town. Owner can have same by proving property and paying charges.
T. M. Brevig.

This is the season of listnessness, headaches and spring disorders. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is a sure preventative. Makes you strong and vigorous. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

—Implement salesman or collector. Have desirable opening for right party. Address Box 466, Waseca, Minn.

Teachers' Association Meeting, St. Hilaire, Minn., May 4-5, 1906.

PROGRAM:

Friday May 4.—School Building.
1:30 Agriculture in Rural Schools.... Prof. Wm. Robertson
2:10 Remarks and Discussion.
2:45 Paper—School Agric.. Louis Roy
3:00 School Agriculture . W. J. Harlow
3:15 General discussion.
3:25 Remarks on Seed Grain Contest.. Supt. H. T. McAnulty
3:40 Talk, Agric. Prof. Wm. Robertson
4:00 Business Session.

Friday Evening.—Imperial Hall.
8:00 Music.
8:15 Lecture on Mammoth Cave, Kentucky, with Stereopticon Views ....Supt. E. E. McIntyre

Saturday May 5.—School Building.
8:30 Paper..........Supt. C. S. Yeager
9:00 General Remarks ....Supt. H. T. McAnulty
9:30 Arithmetic ....Miss Helen A. Dow, Moorhead Normal
10:00 2nd Grade Arithmetic..........Miss Grace Meehan
10:15 Fractions. Miss Katie McAnulty
10:45 Percentage..........O. J. Ledding
11:15 2nd Grade Arithmetic..........Wm. J. Harlow
11:45 Involution and Evolution.......... F. M. Shanahan
1:30 Paper, Arithmetic..........Miss Mary McGinn
2:00 Proportion..........J. G. Weeks
2:30 Stocks..........Charles Moller

Several of those whose names appear above are to bring classes to illustrate work.

Miss Helen A. Dow will open discussion after each number in arithmetic.

Every member is expected to be present.

A cordial invitation is extended to all who are interested, to attend.
Committee.

Play Joke on Harry.

Special wire to The Spectator, from Red Lake Falls 8:30 a.m., April 25.—"It is a long lane that has no turning." So thought the Red Lake Falls friends of our editor, many of whom had been victims of his jokes in the past and now for the first time had a chance to retaliate. The opportunity could not be allowed to slip by unheeded and so was made the most of. Harry retired at the usual hour on Tuesday night happy in the thought that the morrow would be his wedding day and little dreaming of the unkind purposes in the hearts of his friends. The latter waited until he was peacefully sleeping and, being unable to open the door, removed a sash from the window, then quietly stole into his room and appropriated his entire wardrobe, carrying it away to a place of safety. This would have been bad enough at any time but the greatest loss at this time was the suit case containing the much talked of wedding suit, license and ring.

The feelings of our friend upon awakening and discovering the joke, of which he had been the victim, can be more easily imagined than described. Doubtless the minutes seemed like hours as they dragged their weary length along and no one came to his relief. Nor did any one appear until the hands of the clock pointed to nine, when a messenger came with the lost apparel, much to the delight of the prisoner.

The most amusing aspect of the imprisonment however, has not yet been told. These same fun-loving gentlemen had placed a large placard, bearing the following inscription, outside of the hotel:

"Just captured in the jungles of St. Hilaire, Jumbo, the largest specimen of his kind in existence! On exhibition in room 21. Come one, come all! Admission free!"

Thanks to the thoughtfulness of his friends, it will be some time before Mr. Ives forgets his wedding day.

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

CLEARANCE SALE
OF ALL WARM GOODS
25 Per Cent Reduction
on all LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S.........
CLOAKS,
JACKETS
and FURS
E. M. HOFF

FRIEND:===
ARE YOU BUYING AT HOME?

WE WILL MEET the prices of mail order houses in any goods we have that they carry. You pay us the price they charge, plus the expenses of getting the goods here, and the goods must be the same brands and identified as the same. This you should be willing to do. Neighbor, friend, how does the above sound to you? We mean it! Remember you don't ask the catalog house for credit so when you get our goods at home you will be required to pay spot cash. You pay them from a week to ten days before you get the goods. You see our goods before you buy them,—their's you read a description of in the catalogs. ☞ We regard mail order houses as our competitors in prices only, and we offer to meet those prices on equal qualities. ☞ Trade with and drum for your neighbors and help build up your own community. If you will not trade with us, trade at home with our neighbors. If you need any accommodations you go to your neighbors, not to mail order houses.

JUST A FEW PRICES:

DRESS GOODS
36 inch Suitings, a yard.. 50c
36 " Barathen, " .. 50c
52 " all wool Serge " .. $1.10
36 " Serge, all wool filling, a yard.......... 55c
32 in. very nice patterns.. 35c
32 in. Dunkirk.......... 15c
36 inch printed Cambrics, suitable for dresses or waists, a yard.......... 15c
28 in. covert cloths suitable for ladies' skirts or boys' suits, a yard.......... 15c
41 in. Hardanger goods, very best quality, a yard 85c
Dress Ginghams, very nice patterns, a yard.......12½c
28 in. Eden cloths, makes very pretty dresses or waists, a yard.......... 15c
36 inch Cream Brillianteen, very good quality, a yard 50c
28 inch Chambrey, makes very nice shirts or children's summer suits, a yd. 10c
Big line of Cretonne, very nice patterns.......... 15c

Ladies' Hose, very good values at 10, 15 and 25 cents a pair.

Men's hose, extra values at 10, 15, and 25 cents a pair.

Nice line of misses' and children's hose at reasonable prices.

Men's underwear from 25c up.

Ladies' Vests 5, 10, 15 and 25c each.

Just received a new line of suit cases at $1.50, 2.75, 6.50 & 7.50

Big line of men's Working Shirts at 25c, 50c, 60c, 75c and $1.00 each.

Men's fancy Shirts 50c, 60c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.25.

Big line of men's, boys' misses' and children's Straw Hats at reasonable prices.

Our Men's Hats are all good values and you should make it a point to give us a call before making your purchases in this line. The prices are: 50c, 75c, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00.

L.L. May & Co.'s Garden Seeds, 4 packages for.... 5c

If you have not bought your spring Shoes yet, we should be very much pleased to show you our line.

Men's fine shoes $2.25 to $4.50
" working shoes $1.50 to 2.50
Ladies' fine shoes $1.50 to.. 3.00
" good solid calf shoes 2.00
Boys' solid shoes $1.50 to.. 2.00
Misses' fine shoes No. 12 to 2 1.25

We have a very nice line of misses' and children's Slippers on hand; call and look them over.

Don't forget us when in need of Pants, Overalls or Jackets.

You will always find at our...
Grocery Counter
a nice fresh line of groceries at prices as low as the lowest.

Bring us your butter, eggs and wool. We pay today for nice fresh butter, a pound 20c; eggs, a dozen, 12½c; good quality wool, 23c a pound.

M. L. HANSON, St. Hilaire, Minn.

A TAILOR-MADE SUICIDE.

The new tailor gown came out of its box with a frou-frou which was delicious to the ear, which suggested a most luxurious silk lining and an unfathomable depth of dust ruffle.

Frances lifted the gown reverently from its receptacle as a woman will with whom new gowns are a very uncommon sensation.

The friend who had been asked in to see it put on drew in her breath with a little gasp of delight. "What a love of a suit!" she said.

She helped the happy possessor into it with various approving little pats and congratulatory smoothings. Afterwards she took a long, critical survey.

"There's no doubt of it. It's just a supreme success," she said. "The pale gray of that cloth is awfully effective with your heavy bronze hair, and the hang of that skirt is a perfect poem in dressmaking. Look at that broad, buoyant line across the shoulders. You never had such a line there before, my dear, in your life."

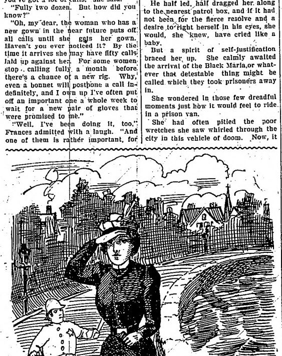
"I shall always save up in the future and bank up my money in a few good gowns," Frances said, with a rapturous little sigh. "Of course, one is tempted by the first cheap thing that one comes across, but it pays to resist them. A tailor suit of this kind is worth ten of those dinky little cheap affairs that never look anything and that wear out in a month. I don't believe I'll take it off now. I think I'll wear it this afternoon."

The visitor laughed. "Of course you've got a lot of calls," she said.

"Fully two dozen. But how did you know?"

"Oh, my dear, the woman who has a new gown in the near future puts off all calls until she gets her gown. Haven't you ever noticed it? By the time it arrives she may have fifty calls laid up against her. For some women stop calling fully a month before there's a chance of a new rig. Why, even a bonnet will postpone a call indefinitely, and I own up I've often put off an important one a whole week to wait for a new pair of gloves that were promised to me."

"Well, I've been doing it, too," Frances admitted with a laugh. "And one of them is rather important, for it concerns a class of Italian children that I've taken to teach to sew as my share in the church work. Some questions have come up and I want to talk to the bishop about them. I think that will be my new gown's first call. He asked me to report how the work in general was going on about once a month, and I've been putting it off."



"I CAN'T SEE A BLESSED THING."

"You knew, of course, that the episcopal house is changed?"

"Why, no, I hadn't heard."

"They moved into their new one about three weeks ago."

"Where is it, do you know? The new one?"

"I'm not sure of the street, but it's perfectly visible from the water front. If you go right down our avenue here six blocks to the water's edge and look around, you can't miss it. It has a white cross."

"Thank you, my dear. If it is a new building with a white cross and visible from the water front, of course I can find it in a jiffy."

"Yes, indeed, you can't mistake it."

"I'm a regenerate being," soliloquized Frances, as she swept gloriously down the avenue. "To a woman there is a regenerating influence about a new gown that nothing else brings with it. Having a new gown I feel morally certain that I shall black the heels of my boots as well as the toes for months to come, which is the same as saying until my new gown has lost its pristine freshness and I've become used to it.

"Not only that, but I feel morally certain that, being well dressed, I would face an emergency if one were to come up, defeat it, and come out of it with flying colors. I almost wish that some abominable state of things would rise up suddenly today and let me prove my theory. It would make a delicious paper to read at the next meeting of our vacation club—'The regenerating effect of a new tailor gown, or how to brace feminine nerves against any emergency.'"

The end of this soliloquy brought her to the water front. She took a hasty survey of the landscape. "Not a soul in sight," she said gracefully. "It is really very nice of everybody to stay away since I'm to go peering along this terrace like a raving lunatic, looking for the bishop's house."

She mounted the coping and took a long look in each direction, covering her eyes with her hands.

Nowhere was a new building visible. Nowhere a white cross.

The wind was coming in in cool little gusts across the water, but a thickish fog hung around the shore and hid from sight all but the very nearest buildings.

"What a nuisance! I can't see a blessed thing! I'll have to give up the call for today or go on a tour of inquiry through the neighborhood to find out the exact address."

She hesitated for a last look through the fog, and at the same time found herself seized from the back. Two heavy hands upon her shoulders.

"Here! Here! None of that, you know. No woman suicide on my beat in broad daylight. I've been watching you ever since you come down."

"Suicide!"

"Yes, ma'am. Drowndin's old as the hills. I don't want no suicides on that beat. You come along with me while I ring for the patrol."

Frances looked at her captor in speechless indignation.

"You're young and good-lookin'. Ought to be ashamed of yourself. What if you didn't get the one you wanted? There's just as good as him in the world—dozens of 'em."

"I had no more intention of committing suicide than you had," the young lady burst out, regaining her voice. "I was trying to locate the new episcopal residence, so that I could go to it directly. The bishop has sent for me."

"Yes, yes. You all have some tale to tell if you're took. But if I hadn't come up just then you'd be in thirty foot of water by this time, so you would."

He half led, half dragged her along to the nearest patrol box, and if it had not been for the fierce resolve and a desire to right herself in his eyes, she would, she knew, have cried like a baby.

But a spirit of self-justification braced her up. She calmly awaited the arrival of the Black Maria, or whatever that detestable thing might be called which they took prisoners away in a prison van.

She wondered in those few dreadful moments just how it would feel to ride in a prison van.

She had often pitied the poor wretches she saw whirled through the city in this vehicle of doom. Now, it appeared, she was to become a poor wretch herself and be whirled through the city for people to pity, too.

She wondered if any one she knew would recognize her in the hateful thing. And what they did to the people who tried to suicide "into thirty foot of water?" And what her people would think when they were notified to come down to the station house because she had been arrested for trying to drown herself.

She tried to prepare herself for the companions she was almost sure to have in the van, and she debated whether they would insist on telling their woes and on sympathizing with hers.

This cinematograph of nightmares was interrupted by the arrival of the Maria. How hideous it was as it came down the avenue, rolling and looking like a great black beast scenting prey. Frances closed her eyes to keep out the awful vision, but she opened them a moment later with a thrill of sudden hope. She raised her head to look her captor firmly in the eye.

"Officer," she said, "I wish that you would look at me for just one moment and see what I have on."

"I see what you have on," he answered in mysterious tones; "a dress."

"A new dress," she corrected. "A spandy new dress just taken from its box—a dress which fits me perfectly and which cost me 75 of my good dollars."

"It might from the look of it," he admitted, with an admiring glance. "It's right neat and snug-fitting like."

"Very good," she continued, with the tone of a teacher making figures on the blackboard. "And now, let me ask you one little question. Do you think a woman who has just put on a new gown as pretty as this would want to commit suicide?"

"I do not. And that's heaven's own truth," he said, with decision. "I'm afraid I've made a big blunder. The time never has been and never will be when a woman'll get a new dress and drowned herself in the same day."

The Maria lumbered up to them, mouthing and gulping. But the officer was as good as his convictions.

"Don't need you, Mickey," he said. "We've had a mistake here, and we're all right now."

"I hope you've no hard feelin's to me, miss," he apologized. "I was only a-doin' my duty and somethin' I thought you'd like to thank me for."

"Oh, I've no hard feelings," she answered, cheerfully. "Of course, it was rather annoying to have my life saved when I'd no intention of throwing it away. But it was your duty, as you saw it. And in the future won't you please remember that when a woman has on a $75 tailor-made for the first time she's in no danger of committing suicide? This world is too good just then for her to want to leave it."

The beast turned tail and loped away defeated.—Edward Dawson, in Atlanta Journal.

FIGHT BLASTED HIS CAREER.

Indian Lost His Nose in a Melee and Gave Up His Ambition.

Edward O'Shawano was the name, not of a descendant of Irish kings, but of a noted Indian chief who has just passed away at his home on Sugar island, near Sault Ste. Marie. Sometimes O'Shawano was called the "Indian Chesterfield with the Wax Nose." For he had a wax nose. His own original nose was chewed off in a fight. Yet, notwithstanding the bright and youthful tendencies which led him into it, O'Shawano was quite entitled to his name of the Indian Chesterfield. He was polished and courteous in speech, dignified in bearing and always faultlessly dressed. His language was excellent and clearly indicated the good education he had. For, notwithstanding his father and mother were full-blooded Indians, Edward in his youth was one of the brightest students in the Detroit public schools and afterward in Albion college. His natural quickness as a boy and his ambition to live as white men do drew attention to him, and Rev. A. M. Leach and D. C. Fitch of Detroit became his patrons and helped him on. After leaving Albion college he read law, and it was expected he would make his mark at the bar. But, unfortunately, at this epoch in his career he got into a terrible fight over a game of cards with deckhands on the steamer Dubuque. O'Shawano had taken passage on the steamer, which was caught and held for a time in the ice on St. Mary's river. The game of cards began to while away the time, and one of the deckhands, in the course of a dispute, struck O'Shawano in the face. The latent savage in his blood broke loose at this, and the Indian ran for a bowie knife, with which he murderously attacked his assailant. In the melee that followed O'Shawano's nose was chewed off. Always inordinately proud of his personal appearance, his disfigurement quite broke his spirit. From that time on he lived the life of a wanderer, but making his home often on lonely Sugar island. He got a wax nose made, and it fairly well concealed his disfigurement, but O'Shawano never regained his lost ambition. He was 61 years old when he died. O'Shawano's sister became the wife of Judge J. L. Shipman of Detroit, who did all he could for his Indian brother-in-law. But the lost nose meant a lost career for the proud-spirited Edward, and no influence could restore his old spirit. He was the son of a noted Ojibway chief.—New York World.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

The new government printing office will cost about $2,000,000 and it is said that even after its completion it will not be large enough to meet the demands upon it. The new building will be eight stories in height and its floor space will be about nine acres. The floors will sustain a load of 85,000,000 pounds.

The building will be constructed in such a substantial manner that nearly the entire space can be filled with paper and books without injuring its stability in any degree, says the Scientific American. Access to the various floors will be obtained by twelve electric elevators. The building will be lighted with 7,000 incandescent lights. A refrigerating plant will furnish cold, filtered water on every floor for drinking purposes.

A large crematory will destroy all the refuse material and this will aid in heating water, etc. It is hoped in time that congress will appropriate money for modern typesetting machines, but it is probable that when the census is complete and the reports published the equipment of the census printing office will revert to the government printing office.

Paul Jones' Body.

Paul Jones' body lies mouldering in some unknown place in Paris, where he died in 1792. Americans in Paris, including Mr. Vignaux, the first secretary of the American embassy, interested to find where the grave of the naval adventurer is, commissioned M. de Ricaudy, a Paris journalist, to make inquiries. This gentleman has found that Paul Jones was buried in the churchyard of the Rue Grange-aux-Belles, which ceased to be used as a burial place in 1803, and is built over. According to the Paris Figaro, it has been decided to acquire the ground, demolish the houses, and dig for the remains. How to identify what remains of the pirate's ashes is not explained.

An Inexhaustible Subject.

From the San Francisco Wave: Dr. Lewis James, one of the leaders of the Greenacre Chautauqua in Maine, besides being a scholar is a good deal of a wit. Meeting a friend who was attending the recent summer session of the famous institution, he asked how he was enjoying himself. "Excellently, until yesterday," was the reply, "when I heard Prof. X." "Didn't he lecture well?" asked the doctor. "Not at all," answered his friend, "he simply told us what we didn't know." "Ah!" queried the doctor, "then he is still talking?"

Never Fails to Make a Hit.

Miss Putter—What a striking golf costume Mr. Brassey wears! Mr. Niblick—Yes, the costume strikes better than he does.—New York Journal.

The Finest Wardrobe.

The German empress, it is said, spends more upon clothes than any other royal lady.

Thirty-One Years War.

Spain has had thirty-one years of war during the present century.

TEMPER INDICATED BY THUMB.

How to Judge What Kind of a Companion She Is.

"By her thumb ye shall know her," is the latest guide to the young man who contemplates matrimony and yet is doubtful how the chains of wedlock will sit on the girl of his heart. Delightful a companion as she is before marriage, will she turn out a termagant? He can learn readily, say the modern sages, and by the folding of her thumbs. He should take her to church and watch her closely. When she crosses her hands piously he should note if she folds her right thumb over her left, or vice versa: If the left goes over the right, she has a dominating mind and he will be walking a chalk line when he's hers. If the right goes over the left, she will be a docile, uncomplaining mate, who acknowledges the superiority of the masculine mind.

THE CHOICE OF PAINT.

Fifty years ago a well-painted house was a rare sight; to-day an unpainted house is rarer. If people knew the real value of paint a house in need of paint would be "scarcer than hen's teeth." There was some excuse for our forefathers. Many of them lived in houses hardly worth preserving; they knew nothing about paint, except that it was pretty; and to get a house painted was a serious and costly job. The difference between their case and ours is that when they wanted paint it had to be made for them; whereas when we need paint we can go to the nearest good store and buy it, in any color or quality ready for use. We know, or ought to know by this time, that to let a house stand unpainted is most costly, while a good coat of paint, applied in season, is the best of investments. If we put off the brief visit of the painter, we shall in due time have the carpenter coming to pay us a long visit at our expense. Lumber is constantly getting scarcer, dearer and poorer, while prepared paints are getting plentier, better and less expensive. It is a short-sighted plan to let the valuable lumber of our houses go to pieces for the want of paint.

For the man that needs paint there are two forms from which to choose; one is the old form, still favored by certain unprogressive painters who have not yet caught up with the times—lead and oil; the other is the ready-for-use paint found in every up-to-date store. The first must be mixed with oil, driers, turpentine and colors before it is ready for use; the other need only be stirred up in the can and it is ready to go on. To buy lead and oil, colors, etc., and mix them into a paint by hand is, in this twentieth century, about the same as refusing to ride in a trolley car because one's grandfather had to walk or ride on horseback when he wanted to go anywhere. Prepared paints have been on the market less than fifty years, but they have proved on the whole so inexpensive, so convenient and so good that the consumption to-day is something over sixty million gallons a year and still growing. Unless they had been in the main satisfactory, it stands to reason there would have been no such steady growth in their use.

Mixed paints are necessarily cheaper than paint of the hand-mixed kind, because they are made in a large way by machinery from materials bought in large quantities by the manufacturer. They are necessarily better than paints mixed by hand, because they are more finely ground and more thoroughly mixed, and because there is less chance of the raw materials in them being adulterated. No painter, however careful he may be, can ever be sure that the materials he buys are not adulterated, but the large paint manufacturer does know in every case, because everything he buys goes through the chemist's hands before he accepts it.

Of course there are poor paints on the market (which are generally cheap paints). So there is poor flour, poor cloth, poor soap; but because of that do we go back to the hand-mill, the hand-loom and the soap-kettle of the backwoods. No, we use our common sense in choosing goods. We find out the reputation of the different brands of flour, cloth and soap; we take account of the standing of the dealer that handles them, we ask our neighbors. So with paint; if the manufacturer has a good reputation, if the dealer is responsible, if our neighbors have had satisfaction with it, that ought to be pretty good evidence that the paint is all right.

"Many men of many kinds"—
Many paints of many kinds;

but while prepared paints may differ considerably in composition, the better grades of them all agree pretty closely in results. "All roads lead to Rome," and the paint manufacturers, starting by different paths, have all the same object—to make the best paint possible to sell for the least money, and so capture and keep the trade.

There is scarcely any other article of general use on the market to-day that can be bought with anything like the assurance of getting your money's worth as the established brands of prepared paint. The paint you buy to-day may not be like a certain patent medicine, "the same as you have always bought," but if not, it will be because the manufacturer has found a way of giving you a better article for your money, and so making more sure of your next order.

P. G.

The People.

"There is the most homelike atmosphere in the Blanks' house, and I can't see why it is. The furniture isn't much."

"No, but the Blanks are."

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package, FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Makes a Difference.

"What is the sign when a man stumbles going upstairs?"

"Midday, or midnight?"

TRAP-DOOR SPIDER.

CREATURE POSSESSES GREAT REASONING POWER.

Makes a Tube Six or Eight Inches Deep and Covers the Top with a Neat Automatic Lid—Lined with the Finest Silk.

A curious species of insect is the trap-door spider, whose nest consists of a tube excavated in the earth to the depth of six or eight inches, says the Philadelphia Inquirer. It is always lined with silk and is closed with an ingeniously constructed door. One sort of door closes into the nest like a cork in a bottle; another is as thin as a piece of paper. In all cases the door opens outward, and when the nest is placed, as it usually is, on a sloping bank, it opens outward, so that there is no fear of its gaping. The object of the trap-door is to conceal the nest, and consequently it is always made to resemble the general surface of the ground. Sometimes, however, an enemy attempts to open the door, and then the inmate braces his legs against the sides of the nest and holds as fast as possible. Still other spiders have inner doors besides outer, so that if their first defense is carried they may have another behind which to retreat. more curious still is the ingenuity of the branch trap-door; that is to say, a door that opens from the main tunnel of the nest into a side branch, which the spider knows, of course, but there is nothing to distinguish it from any other part of the main nest. So, then, if an enemy should effect an entrance, the lawful occupants of the nest can quietly slip into the side branch, close the door, and there remain in security, while the intruder wonders what has become of her. If all these wonderful things are done by instinct, have we any proof whatever of individual intelligence among spiders? Most assuredly. If we remember that intelligence is proved whenever we observe a manifest application of means appropriate to the accomplishment of particular ends, it is hardly possible to deny that there is some evidence of the intelligence of spiders. Many instances have occurred more or less like the following: "One of my friends was accustomed to grant shelter to a number of garden spiders under a vacant veranda and to watch their habits. One day a sharp storm broke out, and the wind raged so furiously through the garden that the spiders suffered damage from it, although sheltered by the veranda. The mainyards of one of these webs, as the sailors would call them, were broken so that the web was blown hither and thither, like a slack sail in a storm. The spider made no fresh threads, but tried to help itself in another way. It let itself down to the ground by a thread, and crawled to a place where lay some splintered pieces of wooden fence, thrown down by the storm. It fastened a thread to one of the bits of wood, turned back with it and hung it with a strong thread to the lower part of the nest, about five feet from the ground. The performance was a wonderful one, for the weight of wood sufficed to keep the nest tolerably firm, while it was yet light enough to yield to the wind, and so prevent injury. The piece of wood was about two and one-half inches long and as thick as a goose quill. On the following day a careless servant knocked her head against the wood and it fell down. But in the course of a few hours the spider mended her web, broke the supporting thread in two, and let the wood fall to the ground."

Longfellow's Wayside Inn.

"Rich in the historical and literary associations accumulated during two centuries of existence," says the Ladies' Home Journal, for September, "the Wayside Inn, built by David Howe still stands 'remote among the wooded hills' in South Sudbury, Mass. 'The Landlord' of Longfellow's famous tales was the dignified 'Squire Lyman Howe, a justice of the peace and school committeeman, who lived a bachelor and died at the inn in 1860—the last of his line to keep the famous hostelry. Besides 'Squire Howe, the only other real characters in the Tales who were ever actually at the inn were Thomas W. Parsons, the poet; Luigi Monti, the Sicilian, and Professor Daniel Treadwell of Harvard, the theologian, all three of whom were in the habit of spending the summer months there. Of the other characters, the musician was Ole Bull, the student was Henry Ware Wales, and the Spanish Jew was Israel Edrehi. Near the room in which Longfellow stayed is the ballroom with the dais at one end for the fiddlers. But the polished floor no longer feels the pressure of dainty feet in high-heeled slippers gliding over it to the strains of contradance, cotillion or minuet, although the merry voices of summer visitors and the jingling bells of winter sleighing parties at times still break the quiet of the ancient inn."

Gallantry Discouraged.

Fargo (N. D.) special to the Minneapolis Times: A new phase of the prohibitory law was tested at Ellendale recently in the case of the State vs. Snow. The defendant was a salesman and drove over the southern part of the state. On one of his trips he gave a woman a drink of whisky out of a bottle he was carrying. There was no evidence to show that he gave the whisky with any intention, or hope, of its being an agent to assist him in his sales, but he was arrested and taken into court on the charge of treating, which is against the law. The jury was out for a long time and finally disagreed. It is the first case in the state against a man on the charge of treating. Many people are unaware of that provision in the law, and it has always been regarded as a dead letter.

Certain.

Dashaway—Now, if I order any clothes from you, I want to be sure beforehand that you won't dun me. I want it understood. Can you suggest any way to avoid this? Tailor—Well, you might pay me a deposit now, and the rest when the clothes are delivered.—Detroit Free Press.

Kindness in ourselves is the honey that blunts the sting of unkindness in another.—Landor.

TURNED TO GOOD ACCOUNT.

Wretched London District Turned Into a Pleasant Abode.

From the London Mail: The Shoreditch vestry, which has of recent years justly won for itself the reputation of being a go-ahead, self-governing body, has just topped all its previous achievements by building artisans' dwellings for the benefit of its poor. This is a feat which no other London vestry has accomplished. There are three sets of those tenements, which have been built on the site of what Sir Charles Dilke once stigmatized as being the worst slum in London, in a part of Shoreditch, which goes by the picturesque name of the "Nile." Several "thieves' runs" of the most pestilential description have been cleared away and instead there are now to be seen three sets of handsome brick buildings five stories high, which practically form a new street. The first of these buildings is completed and ready for use and over 300 applications have been made by people offering themselves as tenants. The buildings, which have cost upward of £17,000, in addition to the £45,000 paid as compensation for the slums which have been swept away, and the cost of the freehold land on which they stand, have been construed on the most approved method, and the sanitary arrangements are considered perfect. Great care will be taken in the selection of tenants, only respectable people being selected. Overcrowding will be absolutely forbidden—a necessary course, as in Shoreditch, where the "no-room-to-live" problem is felt most acutely, it is no uncommon thing for fifteen or sixteen people to herd in two rooms. The rent charged will be 6s 6d for a two-room set and 7s 6d for three-rooms, which is distinctly below the average charge in Shoreditch, with infinitely better accommodations. The dwelling will be run on a strictly paying basis, but at the same time philanthropy will not be disregarded, and a serious effort is being made to arrange matters so as to enable the tenants to purchase their tenements in the same way that tenants can purchase their houses under Mr. Chamberlain's act. Nothing is definitely settled as yet, but it is hoped that Lord Rosebery, who has always taken a very real interest in the life of Shoreditch, may ultimately be induced to open the dwellings. No one would question for a moment that Shoreditch deserved the honor. Shoreditch is already becoming the municipal Mecca of the world. It has been visited by deputations from America, Australia, Ireland and Scotland, consisting of people anxious to discover the secret of success in municipal matters. This, in brief, is the record of Shoreditch. A town hall with a music and dancing license; a mechanics' technical institute, which has not ruffled the feelings of any trade unions; a splendid free library, baths and warehouses; electricity works, supplying light at three half-pence below the average figure, and a dust destructor, the last three all yielding a profit.

THE BOER AS A FISHERMAN.

He Will Sit for Hours Angling and Smoking.

The Boer is no mean fisherman. Given a pipe and a supply of his favorite weed, he will sit for hours angling, says the London Mail. Very fine sort, indeed, may be had in any of the streams north of the Orange river. The only tackle required consists of the usual coarse fishhooks and a strong rod. On the authority of Mr. Roland Trimen, F. L. S., and curator of the Cape Town museum, it may be stated that no less than fourteen different fresh water fish, varying from a barber of seventy pounds to the culper, or burrowing perch, of less than a quarter of a pound weight, exist in the Transvaal streams, the latter being the only fresh water fish of the country known to take a fly. The most common specimens, however, are the twenty-pound yellow tail and a thirty-five pound nondescript sort of fish which merely require hooking and hauling out with an ordinary cod line. From the Orange river southward the fresh water fishing is very poor, but farther north the rivers and vleis are generally well stocked. Even lakes which are only filled with water during the rainy season are often stocked with fish, which preserve life, when the bottom is dry, by burrowing deeply in the ooze before it hardens, and coming forth again from their muddy retreats when the flood returns.

Kipling's Autograph For $2.50.

A West Philadelphia girl, who is an enthusiastic autograph collector, has recently added Rudyard Kipling to her collection, at a cost of $2.50. From her experience, it would seem that the English poet is not such an "absent-minded beggar" as he pictures Tommy Atkins to be. On the contrary, he believes in turning everything to a good account, and it is evidently this belief rather than a mercenary motive that prompts him to place a valuation of $2.50 on every autograph he scribbles. It must not be inferred that he pockets the proceeds. The West Philadelphia girl sent a modest request for an autograph, enclosing a stamped and addressed envelope, as is her custom. In reply she received a printed slip from Mr. Kipling's secretary, setting forth in brief that Mr. Kipling would be pleased to furnish his autograph upon payment of $2.50 to any charity which the collector might prefer, a receipt for which should immediately be sent to him. She donated the sum to the Children's Country Week association, forwarded the receipt to Mr. Kipling, and the other day she received the autograph.—Philadelphia Record.

Up in Greenland.

"No," continued the Eskimo sadly, "there isn't so much money in the hotel business in Greenland as the volume of travel would indicate. The average Arctic explorer is so particular these days! He has to have boot for dinner every day, and fresh boot at that! Canned boot won't answer at all! No, I don't know as I blame the explorers so much. They've got to have such experiences as the public taste demands, if they are to do anything lecturing, I suppose. Yes."—Puck.

A Slight Mistake.

Actor (just aroused from his stupor, while being hauled to the police station in a wheelbarrow)—What! Have my admirers again unhitched my horses.—Meggendorfer Blaetter.

ATTACKED THE HEART

Awful Neuralgia Case Cured to Stay Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Neuralgia in any form is painful but when it attacks the heart it is frequently fatal. Complicated with indigestion of a form that affected the vital organ it threatened serious consequences in an instance just reported. The case is that of Mr. F. L. Graves, of Pleasanthill, La., who tells of his trouble and cure as follows:

"I traveled considerably, was exposed to all kinds of weather and was irregular in my sleeping and eating. I suppose this was the cause of my sickness, at any rate, in May, 1905, I had got so bad that I was compelled to quit work and take to my bed. I had a good doctor and took his medicine faithfully but grew worse. I gave up hope of getting better and my neighbors thought I was surely going to die.

"I had smothering spells that it is awful to recall. My heart fluttered and then seemed to cease beating. I could not lie on my left side at all. My hands and feet swelled and so did my face. After reading about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in a newspaper I decided to try them and they suited my case exactly. Before long I could see an improvement and after taking a few boxes I was entirely cured. I am glad to make this statement and wish it could cause every sufferer to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do not simply deaden pain; they cure the trouble which causes the pain. They are guaranteed to contain no narcotic, stimulant or opiate. Those who take them run no danger of forming any drug habit. They act directly on the blood and it is only through the blood that any medicine can reach the nerves.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y.

Department of Aeralty.

England has had lately to settle the serious question whether the building of airships belongs to the war office or the admiralty. A third office has been humorously suggested, to be known as the aeralty.

Extenuating Circumstances.

"I'm told you play golf on the Sabbath," said the Rev. Goodman sternly. "Yes," replied Miss Kute, "but on that day I only use the sticks I won at our church fair."

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. Peter Dahl, Clarkfield, Minn., rotary engine; James King, Frazee, Minn., rotary engine; Walter Messig, Minneapolis, Minn., garment hanger; John Riley, Minneapolis, Minn., grain door; Arthur Robinson, Clear Lake, Minn., mail case; Charles Spence, St. Paul, Minn., motor boat; John Stransky, Pukwana, S. D., cement fence post.

NO WONDER BROKERS STAND.

Seats at $97,000 Make Sitting Down Expensive.

Shortly after a seat on the New York stock exchange was sold for $97,000—the record price—a woman visitor was an interested spectator in the gallery. With her was a well-known broker. As the closing hour drew near the floor, as usual, became a chaos of voices and frenzied movement.

"You are now gazing into the crater of American finance," the broker volunteered, "at the most extraordinary drama of dollars on earth. And we pay a pretty penny for the privilege of acting down there. A seat brought $97,000 the other day."

"Ninety-seven thousand dollars for a seat!" exclaimed the visitor, reviewing the scouting and shoting standees below her on the floor. "No wonder they never sit down."

Right Up Against It.

First High School Girl—I don't know what I am going to do about my essay.

Second High School Girl—What's the trouble?

First High School Girl—Oh, the teacher has given me such a mean subject.

Second High School Girl—What is it?

First High School Girl—Why, she wants me to write on "What Is the Difference Between Bridge Whist and Gambling?" and I can't seem to think of anything to say.

A BUSY WOMAN

Can Do the Work of 3 or 4 if Well Fed.

An energetic young woman living just outside of New York, writes:

"I am at present doing all the housework of a dairy farm, caring for 2 children, a vegetable and flower garden, a large number of fowls, besides managing an extensive exchange business through the mails and pursuing my regular avocation as a writer for several newspapers and magazines (designing fancy work for the latter) and all the energy and ability to do this I owe to Grape-Nuts food.

"It was not always so, and a year ago when the shock of my nursing baby's death utterly prostrated me and deranged my stomach and nerves so that I could not assimilate as much as a mouthful of solid food, and was in even worse condition mentally, he would have been a rash prophet who would have predicted that it ever would do so.

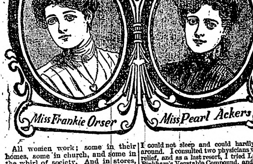
"Prior to this great grief I had suffered for years with impaired digestion, insomnia, agonizing cramps in the stomach, pain in the side, constipation and other bowel derangements, all these were familiar to my daily life. Medicines gave me no relief—nothing did, until a few months ago, at a friend's suggestion, I began to use Grape-Nuts food, and subsequently gave up coffee entirely and adopted Postum Food Coffee at all my meals.

"To-day I am free from all the troubles I have enumerated. My digestion is simply perfect, I assimilate my food without the least distress, enjoy sweet, restful sleep, and have a buoyant feeling of pleasure in my varied duties. In fact, I am a new woman, entirely made over, and I repeat, I owe it all to Grape-Nuts and Postum Coffee." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book "The Road to Wellville" in pkgs

WORKING WOMEN

Their Hard Struggle Made Easier—Interesting Statements by a Young Lady in Boston and One in Nashville, Tenn.



All women work; some in their homes, some in church, and some in the whirl of society. And in stores, mills and shops tens of thousands are on the never-ceasing treadmill, earning their daily bread.

All are subject to the same physical laws; all suffer alike from the same physical disturbance, and the nature of their duties, in many cases, quickly drifts them into the horrors of all kinds of female complaints, tumors, ulceration, falling and displacements or perhaps irregularity or suppression, causing backache, nervousness, irritability and lassitude.

They especially require an invigorating, sustaining medicine which will strengthen the female organism and enable them to bear easily the fatigues of the day, to sleep well at night, and to rise refreshed and cheerful.

How distressing to see a woman struggling to earn a livelihood or perform her household duties when her back and head are aching, she is so tired she can hardly drag about or stand up, and every movement causes pain, the origin of which is due to some derangement of the female organism.

Miss F. Orser, of 14 Warrenton Street, Boston, tells women how to avoid such suffering; she writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I suffered misery for several years with female irregularities. My back ached; I had bearing-down pains, and frequent headaches; I could not sleep and could hardly drag around. I consulted two physicians without relief, and as a last resort, I tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and to my surprise, every ache and pain left me. I gained ten pounds and am in perfect health."

Miss Pearl Ackers, of 327 North Summer Street, Nashville, Tenn., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I suffered with painful periods, severe backache, bearing-down pains, pains across the abdomen; was very nervous and irritable, and my trouble grew worse every month.

"My physician failed to help me and I decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I soon found it was doing me good. All my pains and aches disappeared, and I no longer fear my monthly periods."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the unfailing cure for all these troubles. It strengthens the proper muscles, and displacement with all its horrors will no more crush you.

Backache, dizziness, fainting, bearing-down pains, disordered stomach, moodiness, dislike of friends and society—all symptoms of the one cause—will be quickly dispelled, and it will make you strong and well.

You can tell the story of your sufferings to a woman, and receive helpful advice free of cost. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. The present Mrs. Pinkham is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years she has, under her direction and since her decease, been advising sick women free of charge.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

CURES SICK-HEADACHE

Tablets and powders advertised as cures for sick-headache are generally harmful and they do not cure but only deaden the pain by putting the nerves to sleep for a short time through the use of morphine or cocaine.

Lane's Family Medicine

the tonic-laxative, cures sick-headache, not merely stops it for an hour or two. It removes the cause of headache and keeps it away.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

50% MORE CREAM FROM SAME COWS.

Don't accuse your cows of being unprofitable. Give them a square deal and they will pay you well. If you are not using a centrifugal cream separator from 20 per cent. to 50 per cent. of your cream is thrown away with the skimmilk—just wasted—and the cows accused of not earning their feed. In addition your own time and labor are being wasted. Why not get a DE LAVAL cream separator, stop these leaks, and double your profits. A DE LAVAL machine may be bought upon such liberal terms that it will more than earn its cost while you are paying for it and still be good for 20 years more of clear profit use. As compared with other separators the superiority of the DE LAVAL is seen in the fact that over 700,000 DE LAVAL machines, ten times the number of all others combined, have been sold to date. You may have ample trial of a DE LAVAL free of all cost. Now is the time to get a DE LAVAL while cows are making the largest product, and savings count biggest.

Write to-day for free catalogue and full particulars.

THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.

Randolph & Canal Sts. CHICAGO | 74 Cortlandt Street NEW YORK

$16 AN ACRE

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

in Western Canada is the amount many farmers will realize from their wheat crop this year.

25 Bushels to the Acre Will be the Average Yield of Wheat.

The land that this was grown on cost many of the farmers absolutely nothing, while those who wished to add to the 160 acres the Government grants, can buy land adjoining at from $6 to $10 an acre.

Climate splendid, school convenient, railways close at hand, taxes low.

Send for pamphlet "20th Century Canada" and full particulars regarding rates, etc., to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the following authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

Grip

When you have pains in the head, back, legs and muscles generally, strength all gone, soreness and fullness in head, watery eyes and a general feeling of lassitude—that's it—the "Grip." The sure remedy is

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

For Internal and External use. Taken on a little sugar it cures grip, coughs, colds, cramps, colic. Applied to cuts, burns, bruises, it gives quick relief. Established 1810. 25c, 50c. At druggists. I. S. JOHNSON & CO. Boston, Mass.

N W N U —NO. 17— 1906.

It Seems Impossible.

Mrs. Lawson—Well, I do think that Mrs. Fenderson is the strongest woman I have ever seen.

Mrs. Dawson—Why so?

Mrs. Lawson—Why, she told me yesterday that her daughter Mary's baby isn't perfect.

READ AND YOU WILL LEARN

That the leading medical writers and teachers of all the several schools of practice endorse and recommend, in the strongest terms possible, each and every ingredient entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for the cure of weak stomach, dyspepsia, catarrh of stomach, "liver complaint," torpid liver, or biliousness, chronic bowel affections, and all catarrhal diseases of whatever region, name or nature. It is also a specific remedy for all such chronic or long standing cases of catarrhal affections and their resultants, as bronchial, throat and lung diseases (except consumption) accompanied with severe coughs. It is not so good for acute colds and coughs, but for lingering, or chronic cases it is especially efficacious in producing perfect cures. It contains Black Cherrybark, Golden Seal root, Bloodroot, Stone root, Mandrake root and Queen's root—all of which are highly praised as remedies for all the above mentioned affections by such eminent medical writers and teachers as Prof. Bartholow, of Jefferson Med. College; Prof. Hare, of the Univ. of Pa.; Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Med. College, Chicago; Prof. John King, M. D., late of Cincinnati; Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., late of Cincinnati; Prof. Edwin M. Hale, M. D., of Hahnemann Med. College, Chicago, and scores of others equally eminent in their several schools of practice.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is the only medicine put up for sale through druggists for like purposes, that has any such *professional* endorsement—worth more than any number of ordinary testimonials. Open publicity of its formula on the bottle wrapper is the best possible guaranty of its merits. A glance at this published formula will show that "Golden Medical Discovery" contains no poisonous or harmful agents and no alcohol—chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine being used instead. Glycerine is entirely unobjectionable and besides is a most useful ingredient in the cure of all stomach as well as bronchial, throat and lung affections. There is the highest medical authority for its use in all such cases. The "Discovery" is a concentrated glyceric extract of native, medicinal roots and is safe and reliable.

A booklet of extracts from eminent, medical authorities, endorsing its ingredients mailed *free* on request. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Bad Precedent.

Knicker—Secretary Taft is now considering two places.

Mrs. Knicker—So is our cook.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Hard to Locate.

"Being a multimillionaire is too monotonous. If you have too much money you can't enjoy frivolous pastimes."

"Oh, I don't know. Mr. Rockefeller plays the children's game quite often."

"Children's game? What kind is that?"

"Hide and seek."

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

He Saw the First One.

Smiles—I wonder if old Adam was strictly temperate?

Giles—I guess not. Didn't he see the first snake?

JAPS MEAT EATERS.

VEGETABLE DIET NO LONGER SUFFICES THEM.

National Characteristics Gradually Changing, Since These Quaint Folk Have Become "Oriental Yankees"—Special Commissioner Now in Washington.

The entire Japanese nation is becoming a race of meat eaters, rice and a kindred vegetarian diet not seeming to provide the energy necessary for the western "hustle" adopted by the awakened Orient. Vegetarians and anthropological students are highly interested in the racial changes that must soon result in this almost universal change of diet. Already small changes are perceptible, but a few years hence strongly marked divergencies must inevitably become apparent. Meat eating has developed in Japan within the past 25 years to such an extent that the government is now casting about for a means to bring the supply up to the demand. For the purpose of investigating the methods of stock raising and slaughtering employed in the United States Mr. Inazo Nitobe, a Japanese official of unusual intelligence and education, and a graduate of Johns Hopkins university, has spent the last few months traveling through the different cattle-raising states. He has been sent here as a special commissioner of the Japanese department of agriculture, commerce and industry. Mr. Nitobe has already arrived in Washington, and in regard to the probable effects of meat eating on the Japanese he said: "One thing the change in diet may do is to create a desire for more and stronger stimulants. At present our national drink is 'sake,' a rice beer, quite harmless, comparatively. More meat may mean a desire for liquors stronger than the 'sake.' You know the Japanese have not been meat eaters long and the industry of cattle and stock-raising in Japan is in its infancy. Nature did not, apparently, contemplate that the Japanese should be meat eaters, as neither the horse nor the cow is a native of Japan, or was ever on the island until comparatively recently, as is shown by the absence of their remains from geological researches. Philology says there never was a word expressing a sheep or an animal similar to it in the Japanese language. Animals were imported into Japan many years ago, but came in with the Buddhistic religion, which, as you know, forbids the killing of animals for food. Our native religion, Shintoism, also forbids to a measure the killing of anything, so that partly from the lack of a natural supply of animal food, partly from religious influences and partly from the fact that a vegetarian diet has hitherto amply satisfied the Japanese, they have never been eaters of meat to any extent. Not much stock has been raised in Japan. While horses and cows have been used for agricultural purposes, their use has been limited to certain districts. It is peculiar that, owing to religious tendencies, the country is divided into districts, in one cows being used exclusively for farming purposes, in an adjoining district stallions and in another mares. In the first district no horses whatever are used, and in the other districts no cows are used. These districts are scattered all over the island, and I have been engaged in mapping them out. The beginning of meat-eating in Japan was due to the introduction of western civilization some twenty-five or thirty years ago. At first the common people were very superstitious about it, and it was not until the emperor set the example of that the common people overcame their scruples and began to eat meat. They found it good, and the demand has increased constantly until now, in order to supply the demand, we are killing our cattle at a rate of 12 per cent yearly more than the natural increase. This will soon result in the depletion in the stock of the island unless something is done, and it is to obtain an insight into American methods of stock-raising and slaughtering that I have visited the United States. Japan is well adapted to the raising of cattle and sheep. It has an abundance of grazing land. The low lands, which are principally covered with rice fields, take up but 12 per cent of the island, so that 88 per cent, being mountainous region, may be utilized for grazing purposes. When we first introduced sheep we treated them like gentlemen, feeding them on timothy and other expensive grasses. This did not pay and the sheep were turned out to grass, with the result that while they deteriorated in size, they became much hardier animals. The bamboo grass is, however, very hard on the stomach of the sheep. Mutton is now brought from Australia and sold in Japan for 3 cents a pound. During the recent war with China, Japan awoke to the necessity of having a supply of horses. Owing to the swampy character of the rice fields it had never been feasible to use cavalry in Japan, and the horses, while hardy, were of mountain breed and quite small. When the army was fighting in China the lack of horses was felt greatly, and since the war the government has done all it could to encourage the raising of horses by establishing studs, offering premiums, purchasing horses, etc. We want the horses for our agricultural purposes and our cavalry and the cattle for food."

Peculiarity of Snakes.

A snake tamer who had trained a serpent to follow him around the house and even out of doors happened one day to take it with him to a strange place. The snake, unused to the locality, suddenly seemed to forget all his training, and, escaping into the bushes, resisted capture with bites and every indication of wildness. When caught it at once resumed its tame habits. The tendency to become wild immediately upon obtaining their freedom and to again become tame when caught is said to be a peculiarity of snakes.

The Genuine Thing.

From the New York Herald: Hewitt—What do you consider real agony? Jewett—Having your foot asleep when you want to run for a train.

YELLOW SHIRT WAS A MASCOT

Turf Plunger Always Had Good Luck When He Wore It.

From the New Orleans Times-Democrat: "If you had dropped into our place a few days ago," said a local laundryman, "you would have witnessed the singular spectacle of a large establishment concentrating its energies upon one particularly ugly yellow striped shirt, worth 59 cents at the bargain counter. We received the garment at noon sharp and delivered it, neatly washed and ironed, at 1:15, for which feat the operatives divided a nice, new $5 bill. The incident came about in this way: There is a certain sporting man in New Orleans who plays the races, and, needless to say, is a firm believer in hoodooes and mascots. Some time ago he made a big winning after a long streak of hard luck, and in looking around for the usual omen he happened to notice that he was wearing a peculiarly hideous yellow-barred shirt, which he had always loathed and had put on that morning by mere accident in hasty dressing. Of course that settled it, and when he made two or three other winnings incased in the same garment he didn't dare change it for fear of breaking the thread of his luck. Meanwhile the shirt did not improve in appearance. In fact, it became so grimy and disreputable looking that its owner, who is naturally a neat dresser, was ashamed to venture on the streets. He started several times to send it to the laundry, but on each occasion 'something good' would turn up on the blackboard and he would rush to his room and put it on again before placing a bet. A few days ago he told his troubles to one of our wagon men. 'If you can wash that shirt in time for me to wear it this afternoon,' he said, 'I'll give you $5.' The wagon man swore by the nine gods he would have it back in time, and by bribing all hands at the laundry he kept his word. I am sorry to say that the sporty gentleman lost $150 the same day. He attributes the disaster entirely to his imprudence in having his shirt washed."

THE RAVEN IS ARTFUL.

Some Stories That Are Told Illustrating His Cleverness.

Many stories are told of the cleverness of the raven, a bird that really seems to have reasoning powers, says the Philadelphia Times. One of these tells how a raven by a skillful stratagem got a young hare for its dinner, but the mother hare drove it away. Then the raven slowly retreated, encouraging the mother to follow him and even pretending that he was afraid of her. In this fashion he led her to a considerable distance from the young one, and then suddenly, before the hare had time to realize the meaning of the trick, he rose in the air, flew swiftly back, caught the young hare in his beak and bore it away. A similar plan was adopted by some ravens that wished to steal food from a dog. They teased him until he grew so angry that he chased them from the spot, but the artful birds turned sharply around, easily reached the dish before him and carried off the choicest bits in triumph. As to the raven's power of speech, the following story, which is given on the authority of Capt. Brown, who vouches for its truth, will show how aptly it can talk: 'A gentleman while traveling through a wood in the south of England was startled by hearing a shout of "Fair play, gentlemen; fair play!" uttered in loud tones. The cry being presently repeated, the traveler thought it must proceed from some one in distress and at once began to search for him. He soon discovered two ravens fiercely attacking a third. He was so struck with the appeal of the oppressed that he promptly rescued him. It turned out that the victim was a tame raven belonging to a house in the neighborhood, and the cry that it had used so opportunely was one of many that it had been taught to utter.'

Put to Test.

Both in the northern and western islands of Scotland the natives have some peculiar customs unfamiliar to the dwellers of the main land. One of these, known as the "marriage test," is practiced in the island of St. Kilda, where the population barely exceeds a hundred. The desire among the islanders to increase this number does not seem to be exceptionally strong, and every man before he is deemed suitable for a husband has to perform an evolution with no little bodily risk. The St. Kildans are, of course, adept rock climbers, and the aspirant for matrimony is therefore subjected to the test of balancing himself on one leg on a narrow ledge overhanging a precipice, bending his body at the same time in order to hold the foot of his other leg in his hands. If found lacking in courage the maiden withdraws her betrothal, and should the man fall over the ledge it is presumed that, in his case he will be disqualified.

Roses and Violets.

The scent of the sweetest rose becomes noxious and the humble violet seems to be scowling up at you from under its eyebrows when you know that these flowers and their fellows are indebted to the deadly microbes for their colors and scents. The delicate pink of the Rothschild rose is composed of the bodies of thousands of the identical microbes which bring death through consumption to so many of our friends and relations. The violet and pansy get their odor from the cancer microbe, the tulip from the gout germ, and the geranium from the scarlet-fever bacillus. Likewise, every time you inhale the scent of any flower you are in reality gulping down mouthful after mouthful of some terrible disease. There is no way of disinfecting flowers, as they are actually composed of microbes, and if you take the latter away no flower is left.

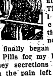
While the Other Fellow Laughed.

"Some people, said the boy with the dirty face, "never thank you. A fellow put a bent pin on the teacher's chair the other day, and when the teacher was about to sit down I pulled the chair from under him to save him from the pin. And by George he licked me for it."—Stray Stories.

I do pity unlearned gentlemen on a rainy day.—Falkland.

CAN'T STRAIGHTEN UP.

Kidney Trouble Causes Weak Backs and a Multitude of Pains and Aches.



Col. R. S. Harrison, Deputy Marshal, 716 Common St., Lake Charles, La., says: "A kick from a horse first weakened my back and affected my kidneys. I became very bad, and had to go about on crutches. The doctors told me I had a case of chronic rheumatism, but I could not believe them, and finally began using Doan's Kidney Pills for my kidneys. First the kidney secretions came more freely, then the pain left my back. I went and got another box, and that completed a cure. I have been well for two years."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

He Wasn't Diplomatic.

He—And am I the first man who ever loved you, darling?

She—Sir, you are insulting.

RUNNING SORES ON LIMBS.

Little Girl's Obstinate Case of Eczema—Mother Says: "Cuticura Remedies a Household Standby."

"Last year, after having my little girl treated by a very prominent physician for an obstinate case of eczema, I resorted to the Cuticura Remedies, and was so well pleased with the almost instantaneous relief afforded that we discarded the physician's prescription and relied entirely on the Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Pills. When we commenced with the Cuticura Remedies her feet and limbs were covered with running sores. In about six weeks we had her completely well, and there has been no recurrence of the trouble. We find that the Cuticura Remedies are a valuable household standby, living as we do twelve miles from a doctor and where it costs from twenty to twenty-five dollars to come up on the mountain. Mrs. Lizzie Vincent Thomas, Fairmount, Walden's Ridge, Tenn., Oct. 13, 1905."

Medical Attendants of Japan's Emperor.

The emperor of Japan is always attended by physicians, despite the fact that he is in excellent health. Four eminent medical gentlemen are attached to the imperial household, and one is within call at all hours of the day and night. The pulse and temperature of his majesty are taken four times each day and the results are carefully recorded.

All on Him.

Cholly—It makes me real cross when I think how well off some of the fellahs are that I used to run with and I'm so poor.

Miss Peppery—Proably it's because so many have amused themselves at your expense.

When a laxative is needed, nothing can be more effective than Garfield Tea, which is made of herbs. It cures sick headache, constipation and diseases of liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels; it purifies the blood, cleanses the system and clears the complexion.

A whole lot of foolish men think that their fun depends altogether on what it costs.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A niggardly purse in the pocket becomes a thorn in the side.

A Strong Part.

"We're in great luck at the university," exclaimed the youth. "Six Cherokee Indians have just matriculated."

"Does that help you?" asked the baffled father.

"I should say!" said the youth. "Think how they can yell at the football games."

In Arizona.

The tourist leaned over the coach and critically surveyed the natives of the desert settlement.

"By Jove," exclaimed the tourist, "but that is a pompous looking individual in the scalloped hat and red handkerchief. Did he ever perform any great deed?"

"Wall, I reckon he did," drawled the tall cowboy at the water tank. "That thar 'un helped somebody to go to heaven."

"You don't say! Why, he doesn't look like a minister."

"Nor he ain't, mister; but when Uncle Tom's Cabin was here last they hired him to haul Little Eva up to paradise with a block and pulley."

During the Record Race.

The dark-goggled, leather-jacketed chauffeur lowered his head like a ram and chuckled with glee.

"We are now going at 100 miles an hour," he shrieked.

"Great Hercules!" gasped the novice at his side. "Isn't there a chance of accident?"

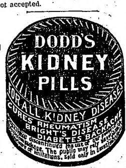
"Fear not. Don't you see that we carry emergency tires?"

"I—I know, but I—I'd feel better if we had a few emergency arms and heads along."

But the chauffeur laughed demoniacally and turned the curve on one wheel.

Mr. Carnegie Declined.

When Andrew Carnegie first spoke of taking up golf he was advised by Baillie MacKenzie of Edinburgh to lay out a golf course at Skibo castle. "If you take to golf," said the baillie, "you will add ten years to your life." "Do you say so?" said Mr. Carnegie; "if you can add ten years to my life I will make you a present of two millions." "Well," replied the canny magistrate, "I can't just exactly do that, but I'll play you for the two millions over your own green." The offer was not accepted.



There is no satisfaction keener than being dry and comfortable when out in the hardest storm.

YOU ARE SURE OF THIS IF YOU WEAR

TOWER'S FISH BRAND WATERPROOF OILED CLOTHING

BLACK OR YELLOW

ON SALE EVERYWHERE

A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS. U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO. Limited TORONTO, CAN.

MISS. LUCY McGIVNEY

"PE-RU-NA WORKED SIMPLY MARVELOUS."

Suffered Severely With Headaches—Unable to Work.

Miss Lucy V. McGivney, 452 3rd Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., writes:

"For many months I suffered severely from headaches and pains in the side and back, sometimes being unable to attend to my daily work.

"I am better, now, thanks to Peruna, and am as active as ever and have no more headaches.

"The way Peruna worked in my case was simply marvelous."

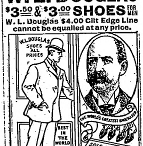
We have in our files many grateful letters from women who have suffered with the symptoms named above. Lack of space prevents our giving more than one testimonial here.

It is impossible to even approximate the great amount of suffering which Peruna has relieved, or the number of women who have been restored to health and strength by its faithful use.

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN

W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.


W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
ESTABLISHED JULY 6, 1876.
CAPITAL $2,500,000

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES & SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

If I could take you into my three large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you the infinite care with which every pair of shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

SYRUP OF FIGS

To sweeten,
To refresh,
To cleanse the system,
Effectually and Gently;

Dispels colds and headaches when bilious or constipated;
For men, women and children;

There is only one Genuine Syrup of Figs; to get its beneficial effects

Acts best on the kidneys and liver, stomach and bowels;

Always buy the genuine—Manufactured by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.

The genuine Syrup of Figs is for sale by all first-class druggists. The full name of the company—California Fig Syrup Co.—is always printed on the front of every package. Price Fifty Cents per bottle.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Minneapolis **WOODWARD & CO.** GRAIN COMMISSION. Orders for future delivery executed in all markets. Duluth

REGENERATION GOES ON RAPIDLY

TEMPORARY STRUCTURES RUN UP TO HASTEN RESUMPTION OF BUSINESS.

NO ONE HUNGRY IN FRISCO

WORK OF RELIEVING THE DISTRESSED IS BEING ADMIRABLY HANDLED.

San Francisco, April 26. — This is the eighth day since the earthquake jarred the city and started the fires that laid it in ashes, and as on the preceding days, Tuesday took up the accumulated impetus of Monday and added such volume of its own that Wednesday dawned on a situation much nearer the normal. Such stores as remain unburned are opening for ordinary business, temporary structures are being run up for the accommodation of others, clearing of the ruins is well under way, the inspection of the bank vaults is completed, preparation for service on the street railways is so far advanced that the company expressed its readiness to resume as soon as the mayor will permit; the water company is ready to supply a total of 12,000,000 gallons daily.

President's Action Hurts.

The citizens of San Francisco have done so splendidly that some little consternation was created yesterday morning when President Roosevelt's proclamation was read, turning over to Dr. Edward Devine of the National Red Cross the management of relief measures and the distribution of the great funds appropriated by congress, and recommending to the people of the United States that their contributions be diverted into the same hands. However, a momentary feeling that the men who had endured the heat and burden of the day were being treated unfairly by this diversion of authority into new and foreign keeping, was soon dissipated by the reflection that the action of the president was the result of misinformation.

All Treated Alike.

What hurt even more was the suggestion made in the letter from President Roosevelt to Secretary of War Taft that reports had reached him that less charity was being shown the Chinese than the whites, and directing that if this be true, the situation should be remedied at once. If the people of San Francisco are not in love with the Chinese it was felt that the name they have earned in the past for charity and open-heartedness should have saved them from any reflection that they would have permitted any human being to suffer.

A special message was sent to President Roosevelt saying that all reports that any distinction is being made in relieving, succoring or protecting the Chinese or any other people differing in race or color, are totally false.

No One Hungry.

The work of housing and feeding the homeless and of reconstituting the sanitary conditions was carried on with tremendous energy. It is certain that no one is hungry in San Francisco unless he is wilfully so. An investigation of the sewers has shown that they were not so badly damaged as was feared, and while there were breaks, they have been repaired. There has been no outbreak of contagious disease nor is any feared. The hospitals are discharging patients by the score.

Shelter and Relief.

Temporary structures have been erected in Golden Gate Park for the housing of 40,000 people. This work was begun yesterday by the shelter committee, and the homeless who have been sleeping out of doors for a week were moved into comfortable quarters. At present there is little suffering, and before a week it is expected that the refugees here will be comfortable. The committee is sending as many of the refugees as possible to interior points.

The seizure began Tuesday of all vacant houses in the unburned district and still continues.

Homeless Are Housed.

Many vacant flats have been taken where the homeless are housed and the sick are given good accommodations. A committee of architects is examining churches and buildings, including school houses, with a view to turning them into living rooms.

W. J. Barnett, chairman of the shelter committee, says the condition is well in hand. Supplies of food are coming in rapidly from outside points and are being centralized in the freight sheds and warehouses still standing. A corps of shipping clerks has been placed in charge of these depots and every ounce of food is checked as it comes in and goes out.

Systematic Distribution.

The city has been laid off in districts covering areas of four blocks. The subcommittees in these districts regulate the supply of food furnished to the families within their boundaries. Oscar D. Cooper, chairman of the committee, is determined that every article of food sent here shall be properly used. Moreover, he is anxious to re-establish the retail business among the grocers. With that end in view he has recommended that all the small dealers having stores in the unburned district shall at once throw open their doors, and as an incentive he has promised them full protection.

Work of Three Heroes.

Three heroes saved San Francisco—what there is left of it.

They were the dynamite squad that threw back the fire demon at Van Ness avenue.

When the burning city seemed doomed and the flames lit the sky further and further to the west, Admiral McCalla sent a trio of his most trusted men from Mare Island with orders to check the conflagration at any cost. With them they brought a ton and a half of gun cotton.

Capt. McBride was in charge of the squad. Chief Gunner Anderson placed the charges and the third gunner set them off.

Salvation of 300,000 Lives.

The thunderous detonations to which the terrified city listened all that dreadful Friday night meant the salvation of 300,000 lives. A million dollars' worth of property, fine residences and worthless shacks, were blown to dust, but that destruction broke the fire and sent the flames over their own charred path.

The whole east side of Van Ness avenue, from Golden Gate to Greenwich, was dynamited a block deep, though most of the structures stood untouched by spark or cinder. Not one charge failed. Not one building stood upon its foundations.

Gun Cotton Did Its Work.

Every pound of gun cotton did its work, and though the ruins burned, it was but feebly.

From Golden Gate avenue, north, the fire crossed the wide street in but one place. That was the Claus Spreckels structure on the corner of California street. There the flames were writhing up the walls before the dynamiters could reach it. Yet they made their way to the foundations carrying their explosive despite the furnace-like heat.

Capt. McBride's dynamiting squad realized that a stand was hopeless except on Van Ness avenue.

Saved San Francisco.

They could have forced their explosives further in the burning section, but not a pound of gun cotton could be or was wasted. The ruined blocks that met the wide thoroughfare formed a trench through which the conflagration could not leap. Engines pumping water through Fort Madison from the bay completed the little work that the gun cotton had left, but for three days the haggard-eyed firemen guarded the flickering ruins.

When the squad completed their work they departed as modestly as they had come. They were ordered to save San Francisco and they obeyed orders.

Dogs Devour the Dead.

One of the gruesome scenes that has followed the fire was that witnessed on Telegraph and Russian Hills and along the entire North Beach front of the city yesterday morning, when scores of half-starved dogs were found eating human bodies. Where only a leg or an arm protruded from the ruins the dogs were digging for the rest of the body. Men who had been sent into the ruins of homes to look for what little property that might have escaped the flames came in contact with this sickening sight and immediately reported it to the naval officers. Blue jackets were detailed to cover the sections designated and kill all dogs found.

Much Damage in Other Places.

Redwood City, the county seat, appears to have sustained the most damage to its buildings, but no one was killed and the people of the town are sending relief to San Francisco.

San Carlos and Belmont suffered but slightly.

At San Mateo the damage was considerable, the Southern Pacific depot being partly wrecked and carrying down all the telegraph and telephone lines with it.

South San Francisco, lying along the line of San Mateo county, sustained considerable damage in places, but no loss of life is reported. The packing establishment of the Western Meat company has resumed work and a plentiful supply of fresh meat is assured.

The Redland tracks through southern San Francisco and near Holy Cross cemetery were badly damaged by the quake, sinking in many places as much as six feet. Considerable damage was done to gravestones and monuments in the various cemeteries.

The coast towns at Pescadoro and Half-Moon bay report damage to houses, but no loss of life. The country roads to these points are impassable owing to large fissures.

WOMAN'S BURNS ARE FATAL.

Dress Catches Fire and Her Running Fans Flames.

Cloutarf, Minn., April 26. — While burning grass on her lawn the clothing of Mrs. Margaret O'Brien, an old resident of this place, caught fire. The aged woman lost her presence of mind and ran for several blocks, blowing the flames so that soon she was a human torch. She was frightfully burned about the head and breast and lived only a short time after the flames were extinguished.

Minnesotan Found Dying.

Waterloo, Iowa, April 26.—Jesse J. Wolfe, aged twenty, who says his mother, a widow, lives at Winnebago City, Minn., was found dying on the streets here. He is now unconscious and the nature of his ailment cannot be ascertained.

Milwaukee Road Has Wreck.

Milbank, S. D., April 26.—A freight wreck occurred at Sand Cut on the Milwaukee road yesterday. Five cars were demolished and traffic delayed. No one was injured.

CATTLE COST TOO MUCH.

Montana Stockmen Refuse to Pay Texans' Prices.

Red Lodge, Mont., April 26.—Owing to high prices it is likely that there will be no great herds of cattle shipped into Montana from Texas this year, as has been the case in previous years. Southern owners are holding their young stock firm at a strong advance over last year's prices. Northern buyers insist that prices are at least $2 per head higher than they can possibly give and make a profit.

Farm House Burned.

Shell Lake, Wis., April 26.—William Zimmerman's dwelling on his farm one mile west of town, was destroyed by fire. The loss was about $1,100 with no insurance. The fire was caused by a defective flue.

Miner Crushed.

Calumet, Mich., April 26.—A rock weighing two tons fell on Joseph Metti, a trammer in No. 2 shaft of the Hecla branch of the Calumet and Hecla mine, killing him instantly. He was fifty years old.

OVERAWED BY MILITARY FORCE

FRENCH STRIKE SITUATION IS CLOSELY WATCHED BY GOVERNMENT.

ANARCHISTS BRING BOMBS

ALARMIST REPORTS IN CIRCULATION CONCERNING WHAT MAY HAPPEN.

Paris, April 26.—The strike situation has improved before the government's military and police preparations to crush disorder, and public uneasiness has been considerably relieved. Alarmist reports, however, continue to circulate concerning what may possibly happen May 1. One report says that Spanish and Swiss anarchists have succeeded in bringing forty bombs into Paris. The police are exercising extreme vigilance and shadowing the chief agitators and watching centers of disorder.

The military precautions include stationing 2,000 troops in the basement of the Grand palace, where the national art salons are being held. Infantry and cavalry also are strongly posted at other important centers.

Government Fully Aroused.

The government appears to be fully aroused to the necessity for adequate preparations. Conferences were held between President Fallieres, Premier Sarrien, Interior Minister Clemenceau and the military and police chiefs, and M. Fallieres also received representatives of the great iron, steel, mining and spinning industries.

M. Clemenceau has postponed a notable political speech which he intended to make Sunday, until May 3, for the purpose of giving his undivided attention to the maintenance of order.

The strikers that are out are comparatively quiet before the overawing force of troops and police. The establishments of manufacturing jewelers are heavily guarded.

Hear Violent Speeches.

About 1,000 book printers made a manifestation yesterday and several minor affrays occurred.

Two magazines have suspended owing to inability to print their editions. The ranks of the local strikers were increased by 600 laborers.

The labor quarters here show extreme animation. The various sections are holding meetings and are issuing appeals and listening to violent speeches. Reports from the coal mining regions show that 40,000 men are on strike and 14,000 at work.

Heads Off an Outbreak.

St. Petersburg, April 26.—Thanks to the conciliatory attitude of the city representatives the threat of a repetition of the great labor demonstration and bloody events of "Red Sunday," Jan. 22, 1905, on account of the destituaion of thousands or idle workmen, has been obviated for the moment. The city council last night, after listening to heated speeches by orators of the workmen and to the advice of Prof. Paul Milukoff and other leaders, decided to begin public works amounting to $1,500,000, and pending their initiation assign $250,000 among those out of work, the number of whom actually destitute at present, according to labor representatives, is not over 20,000.

SEND TROOPS TO SOUTH AFRICA.

London Hears Startling Report From Aldershot.

London, April 26.—A dispatch from Aldershot to the Tribune this morning gives the startling report that the First division of Gen. French's army corps has been instructed to prepare to mobilize in view of serious developments in South Africa.

At a late hour last night officials of the war office knew nothing of the reported orders, and it is the idea of the Tribune that if there is any basis for the report, it refers to some movement of troops to strengthen the garrison in Egypt. The war office yesterday ordered a regiment of dragoons at Belfast to Egypt.

NATION'S CHIEF A DUELIST.

President of Uruguay May Accept a Challenge.

Montevideo, April 26. — President Battle has been challenged to a duel by Dr. Luis Alberto Herrerra because of a violent article published by El Dia. Herrerra demanded explanations, but the editor declared the article was written by the president. Herrerra then sent seconds to Battle, who declared he was disposed to accept the challenge, but only after nine months, when his actual presidency expires.

Bonesteel Threatened.

Bonesteel, S. D., April 26. — The Nye-Schroeder elevator and lumber yards burned at 2 a. m. yesterday. The loss is $5,000; partly insured. The blaze is thought to have been started by an incendiary.

Prof. Paine Dead.

Cambridge, Mass., April 26.—Prof. John Knowles Paine, director of the musical department of Harvard university since 1875, and a well known composer and authority on music, died suddenly of pneumonia.

Love's Ups and Downs.

"Well, has a suitor for your daughter turned up yet?"

"Yes; one turned up last night."

"Good."

"It might have been, but he no sooner turned up than she turned him down."

Explained.

"Say, dad."

"Well, son?"

"What's a pedestrian?"

"A pedestrian, son, is one who doesn't have time to get out of the way of an auto."

TEXAS GOES AFTER THE TRUSTS

SUITS INVOLVING PENALTIES OF SEVENTEEN MILLIONS HAVE BEEN BROUGHT.

Austin, Tex., April 26.—As a result of anti-trust investigations made by Judge J. L. Lightfoot, assistant to the attorney general, twenty-one anti-trust suits have been filed in the Twenty-sixth district court by the state involving penalties of $17,000,000. It is sought by the state to forfeit the charters and permits of the Fort Worth live stock exchange and all its members; the Fort Worth Live-stock Yards company, Armour & Co. and Swift & Co. These corporations are charged with maintaining a monopoly and conspiracy in restraint of trade. It is also alleged in the petitions that by these unlawful combinations, the cattlemen are restrained from free pursuit of their business. It is further charged that there are three intervening corporations between the cattlemen and packers, and each has the producer harrassed before he realizes a profit in his business.

CONGRESS.

President Recommends Appropriation for Mare Island Navy Yard.

Washington, April 26.—The ears of the American farmer must have burned yesterday because of the eulogies and tributes to his untiring energy, his devotion and his patriotism which were paid him by members of the house during the consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill.

The president's message recommending an appropriation of $300,000 for Mare Island navy yard was read and referred to the committee on appropriations.

The senate again spent most of the day discussing the various provisions of the Indian appropriation bill, but did not conclude the consideration of that measure.

Mr. Tillman made an effort to have a day fixed for a vote on the railroad rate bill, but was again unsuccessful.

FINNS THREATEN JAIL.

Resent Fellow Countryman's Arrest for Intoxication.

Aurora, Minn., April 26.—A mob of riotous Finns created considerable trouble yesterday in an attempt to release one of their countrymen who had been arrested for intoxication. The man was being taken to jail by Officer Hurk when he was surrounded by a crowd which attempted to release his prisoner. Marshal Kunti and several citizens came to Hurk's assistance, and after firing several volleys, which did no harm, the mob was dispersed. Several of the ringleaders were arrested and placed in jail. This caused the angry crowd to gather about the jail, but the officers were reinforced by citizens and held the mob at bay. It is thought now that the trouble has been ended.

WOMAN IS BURNED TO DEATH.

Rancher's Wife Is Victim of Fire Set to Brush.

Avon, Mont., April 26.—While engaged in burning brush on their ranch two miles west of here, Mrs. O. P. Oleson, wife of a railroad man, was burned to death. She, with her children, started several fires, and while the woman was stirring up one of the blazing heaps, a burst of flame shot up and was blown by the wind directly into her face. The woman was dazed and fell close to the fire. A young son ran to call assistance, but before help arrived the fire spread to Mrs. Oleson's clothing, burning it almost entirely off. She was dead when found.

MAN IS KILLED BY BRONCHO.

Is Thrown From Horse and Gets His Head Crushed.

Dickinson, N. D., April 26. — Pearl Sloan, twenty-seven years old, employed by the D. Z. ranch, was killed by a bucking broncho. He had started out to fetch in the saddle horses which were grazing a short distance from the ranch. The broncho he was riding became frightened and bolted down a hill at breakneck speed, entered the farm yard and ran into a shed in which there were many posts. Here the animal began to buck and Sloan was thrown against one of the posts, crushing his skull and causing instant death.

GO TO CONFER WITH POPE.

Bishop Schwebach and Father Prierwiler Start for Rome.

La Crosse, Wis., April 26.—Rt. Rev. Bishop James Schwebach of the diocese of La Crosse left last night for Rome, accompanied by Rev. Peter Prierwiler of Rochelville, where he will hold a second conference with the pope. They will return in July. The congregational duties of Bishop Schwebach will be assumed by Rev A. P. Kremer until his return.

MINER FALLS 200 FEET.

Sustains a Dislocated Ankle and Broken Arm.

Butte, Mont., April 26.—Falling 200 feet down a chute in the Speculator mine, James Poto, aged twenty-five years, escaped with no more serious injury than a dislocated ankle and a broken arm. Poto was just going off shift when his candle went out. While stumbling along in the darkness he fell into the chute, falling from the 1,200 to the 1,400-foot level of the mine.

Matrimonial.

Three Germans were sitting at luncheon recently and were overheard discussing the second marriage of a mutual friend, when one of them remarked:

"I'll tell you vhat. A man vhat marries de second time don't deserve to have lost his first vife."—Life.

Trying to Please.

Mrs. Towne—You say you are learning the Swedish language. May I ask why?

Mrs. Subburbs—Certainly. Our cook doesn't like the English language.—Puck.

THREATENS TO DISRUPT ZION

THREE-CORNERED FIGHT FOR $20,000,000 IS STARTED IN THE COURTS.

SOME KNOTTY POINTS OF LAW

CREDITORS BEGIN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS AGAINST DOWIE.

Chicago, April 26. — Involuntary bankruptcy proceedings were started late yesterday afternoon against John Alexander Dowie, individually, before Judge K. M. Landis. Ransom F. Walker is one of the petitioning creditors. He is guardian of the estate of Ethel B. Foley, a minor, and conservator of William T. Foley. The claims involved amount to $7,000.

The action taken yesterday threatens to disrupt Zion City, and friends of the various institutions fear that Dowie's venture cannot bear this additional burden. The filing of the petition also placed some knotty points of law before the court. The Zion City property, estimated at $20,000,000, is now claimed by two factions, and if the court steps in one of the warmest contests the bankruptcy court has ever seen will develop.

Complications in Case.

When Dowie was in Jemica he sent his power of attorney to General Overseer Voliva. Under this the property was transferred by Voliva to Financial Manager Alexander Granger. The present status of the case is that Granger claims the property as that of the Dowieites, while Dowie is attacking the transfer in the courts and has sought an injunction restraining Voliva and Granger from interfering with him.

Before a receiver is appointed on the petition in bankruptcy, the United States court will endeavor to determine who has the proper title to the property. If Voliva's claim is legitimate, the federal courts could not assume jurisdiction for creditors, because the bankruptcy petition runs against Dowie, individually. Should Dowie's claim to title prove good, a receiver could take possession.

Three-Cornered Fight.

The petition, therefore, presents a three-cornered fight which from present indications promises to be long drawn out.

The petition alleges that on March 3 Dowie transferred property valued at $1,200 to Margaret H. Fielder, and that on Jan. 10 other property was transferred to James H. Hirsch, thus showing preference to those creditors over others, which is alleged to be a violation of the bankruptcy law. Dowie's liabilities are not actually known, but his assets are said to be about $2,500,000.

The court set the hearing for next Monday morning.

NEGRO BOY LYNCHED.

He Had Entered Home of a Widow in Texas.

Oakwoods, Tex., April 26.—A seventeen-year-old negro boy was lynched early yesterday by a mob of seven men, who took him from the custody of the officers. The negro had entered the home of a widow near town. He was caught and fully identified and was awaiting transportation to the county seat. The deputy sheriff, who had the prisoner in charge, fired several shots at the members of the mob, but without effect.

MINER LOSES BOTH LEGS.

Breaking of Stick Makes Him Fall Under Car.

Aurora, Minn., April 26. — By the breaking of a stick Tony Adamich had both legs cut off yesterday. He is in a serious condition, but is expected to recover. Adamich was working as a lander at the Mohawk mine. He was dropping a steel ore car down the grade and was endeavoring to check its speed. A stick which he was using as a brake club parted, causing him to lose his balance and to fall beneath the wheels. His body struck between the rails, but the wheels passed over his legs, completely severing them.

BIG STEEL MEN IN NEW FIELD.

U. S. Corporation Sinks Prospect Shaft in Crow Wing County.

Brainerd, Minn., April 26. — The United States Steel corporation is having a prospect shaft sunk in section 30, township 47, range 28. It has also contracted to sink a shaft on section 30, township 46, range 28. There are about forty drills at work at different points on the Cuyuna iron range, and all indications point to much development work this summer.

CUSS AND YOU CUSS IN JAIL.

Mayor Hawkins of New Richmond Issues Anti-Profanity Edict.

New Richmond, Wis., April 26. — "Profanity must go" is the text of Mayor Hawkins' first order, just issued. It is backed by ordinance, and the mayor declares it will be enforced. Arrests are promised by the police as soon as any citizens are heard to use too strenuous language when on the streets. Owners of residences where housecleaning is in progress will be granted immunity.

City Suitor—Was your father alarmed when you told him I would jump down the well if you refused me?

Rural Maid—I should say so. He said your cigarettes would pizen the water so it wouldn't be fit to drink for six months after.

As He Grows Up.

She—Do you think that Rockefeller baby will ever come to want?

He—Certainly. They say it takes after its grandfather and it'll probably come to want the earth.

MAY BE LOST WITH 850 LIVES

STEAMER MARCO MINGHETTI LONG OVERDUE AND GREAT ANXIETY IS FELT.

New York, April 26.—Great anxiety is expressed over the non-arrival of the Floria line steamship Marco Minghetti, which was due here last Wednesday from Mediterranean ports with 750 passengers aboard.

She left Palermo, Sicily, on April 4 last, since which time nothing has been seen of her, nor has she been reported at any point. She should have been here by Wednesday last.

The company officials are hoping to hear hourly of the vessel being reported.

Besides the 750 passengers there is a crew of about 100 men.

MANHOLES BLOWN UP.

Serious Damage by Twenty-Five Explosions in New York Streets.

New York, April 26.—Four persons were severely injured, a score hurt, two houses set on fire, horses maimed and hundreds of street car passengers thrown into a panic when twenty-five manhole covers blew up late yesterday near Ninth avenue and Fifty-first street. This is the third serious explosion of the same character in this region within a month. Near-by merchants declare that they are due to accumulations of gasoline from numerous garages in the vicinity, which collects in the sewers, is ignited and exploded. The bureau of combustibles says that the explosions are due to leakage of illuminating gas from the pipes into the sewers.

CHILD DROWNS IN OLD WELL.

Rotten Planking Breaks and Little Girl Goes to Death.

Renville, N. D., April 26. — When Mr. and Mrs. Hill, residing seven miles south of town, returned to their home from a shopping expedition in town, they found that their five-year-old adopted daughter, who had been left alone at the house, was missing. Search was made and the dead body of the child was found in an abandoned well. It is supposed that the little one was playing about the well and stepped upon the planking which covered it. The planks had rotted and the little girl was precipitated into the well and drowned.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, April 26. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 79 1-2@80 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 78@78 1-2c; No. 3, 76@77 3-4c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 45@45 1-2c. Oats —No. 3 white, 30 3-4@31 1-4c.

Minneapolis, April 26.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 79 1-8c; No. 1 Northern, 78 1-8c; No. 2 Northern, 77 1-8@77 5-8c; durum, 70@72 1-2c. Oats — No. 3 white, 30 3-8c.

Duluth, April 26. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 79 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 77 1-2c; flax, $1.19; rye, 57c.

Chicago, April 26. — Wheat—No. 2 red, 88 1-2@89 1-2c; No. 2 hard, 79 1-2@82 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, 81 1-2@82 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 80 1-2@81 1-2c. Corn—No. 2, 48c. Oats—No. 2, 31 3-4c.

Milwaukee, April 26. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 82@83c; No. 2 Northern, 77@82c. Rye—No. 1, 64@65c. Barley—No. 2, 55c. Oats—Standard, 32 1-2@33c.

Sioux City, Iowa, April 26.—Cattle—Beeves, $4 @ 5.40; cows, bulls and mixed, $3@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3@4.40; calves and yearlings, $3 @ 4.25. Hogs—Bulk, $6.35@6.40.

Chicago, April 26. — Beeves, $4 @ 6.15; stockers and feeders, $2.75 @ 4.65; cows and heifers, $1.50 @ 4.90. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $6.50 @ 6.72 1-2; bulk, $6.60@6.67 1-2. Sheep, $3.75@6.25; lambs, $4.50@6.65.

South St. Paul, April 26. — Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.25 @ 5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs—Price range, $6.30 @ 6.50; bulk, $6.40. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $6@6.50; fair to good, $4.50@5.75; yearling wethers, $5.25@6; good to choice ewes, $4.25@5.

Fire Causes Failure.

Minot, N. D., April 26.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by Carl Spehrer, one of the largest merchants of Lansford. His assets are $54,000 above exemptions, while his liabilities are given as $55,000. The failure is said to be due to the Lansford fire of last winter. Spehrer also had a branch store at Grano.

Suicide of an Embezzler.

Cleveland, April 26. — Rather than face exposure of embezzlement, Geo. C. Berry, loan clerk for W. J. Hayes & Son, bankers and brokers, committed suicide by taking poison. He had been confronted with proofs of misappropriation of funds at police headquarters and confessed.

$50,000 Fire at Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, April 26. — The seven-story building of the Gibson Art company on Elm street suffered a loss of $50,000 from fire last night. Destruction of fine art works and manufactured materials made up most of the damage.

Severe Quake in Chile.

Valparaiso, Chile, April 26. — Prolonged and severe earthquake shocks were felt in Valdivia yesterday. Little damage was done, but the alarm of the population was great.

Appropriate Answer.

Cholly Sappy—Er—really, Miss Kandor, don't know why you should tweat me as you do. Why do you say you "don't like my face?"

Miss Kander—Because.

Cholly Sappy—"Because?" There's no reason in that.

Miss Kandor—Well, there isn't any in your face, either.

Miss Beautigirl—Oh, but mamma objects to kissing!

Jack Swift—Well, I'm not kissing your mamma, am I?

GOVERNMENT TO THE RESCUE

CABINET TAKES ACTIVE MEASURES FOR RELIEF OF SUFFERERS.

MINNESOTA TO THE FRONT

PEOPLE OF THE STATE WILL HELP VICTIMS OF SAN FRANCISCO HORROR

Washington, April 22.—The cabinet yesterday considered the San Francisco situation and it was decided that Secretary Metcalf should proceed to that city as the representative of the national government and aid the authorities there. Every available government vessel in the vicinity of San Francisco, which belongs to the army, navy, revenue cutter service, fish commission or light house service, has been directed to carry supplies of every description to the stricken city and render other assistance, while army officers have been given imperative instructions to ship tents, rations, medical and other relief supplies.

Co-operation with the local authorities of San Francisco is the official command, and reports received here are that the order is being obeyed.

Offers of assistance from abroad have been made to the president, but he feels the United States is able to care for the San Francisco sufferers, and contributions from foreign countries will be declined.

The question of an additional appropriation for government work in San Francisco will be brought before congress to-day. It was announced that the war department has forwarded to San Francisco 1,000,000 day rations, some of which have already arrived there, and most of which will be due to-night.

Minnesota to the Front.

St. Paul, April 22.—St. Paul and the entire State of Minnesota will come to the front for the relief of those made destitute by earthquake and fire in San Francisco and other California cities. Steps were taken yesterday which will result in a substantial relief fund to be forwarded immediately. While the relief work will be conducted along systematic lines, there will be no red tape about it.

The main point will be to get succor to the unfortunate people as soon as possible and in the manner to their best advantage. With this in view everybody who is able is asked to step to the front with a contribution. The money will be used where it is needed most, and money for the bare necessities of life is needed as it was never needed before.

Gov. Johnson started the relief organization yesterday morning by issuing a proclamation calling upon the people of Minnesota to do what they can for the earthquake sufferers. He named a general committee of eighteen to take charge of the work, and this committee will be responsible to the people of Minnesota.

New York Will Give $3,000,000.

New York, April 22.—More than $1,000,000 was subscribed here yesterday toward the relief of the sufferers in San Francisco and other California cities. Yesterday was the first day of partly organized effort at securing funds. Conservative estimates indicate that the total contributions from New York will not be less than $3,000,000. Funds raised by the mayor's committee will be sent direct.

Gives Half a Million.

Boston, April 22. — Responding to Gov. Guild's appeal Boston and Massachusetts placed half a million dollars to the credit of the sufferers in California. Last night food and other necessities were being rushed from this city.

Chicago Unties Purse Strings.

Chicago, April 22.—Chicago untied her purse strings yesterday and the fund for the assistance of the Pacific coast swelled to nearly half a million dollars. Fully 100 organizations took up the work of charity and the fund promises to be tripled during the next forty-eight hours.

Steamer Loads of Food.

Sacramento, Cal., April 22. — Five hundred women are packing food and clothing and citizens generally are subscribing large sums for the committee's use. Nearly $100,000 is now in sight. One steamer load is supplies had been sent and another went yesterday.

Stockton Sends Food.

Stockton, Cal., April 22.—Stockton is hurrying food to San Francisco. Thursday night a boat load went down and yesterday two more at 1 and 5 p. m. Car loads of food ready to eat left on the Santa Fe last evening. Over $20,000 has been raised.

NO USE TO WIRE.

Delivery of Messages in Stricken City Is an Impossibility.

San Francisco, April 22.—The delivery of telegraphic messages from outside points to people in San Francisco is an impossibility. The messenger service of both the big telegraph companies no longer exists. Even had the companies an army of messengers they would be of very little value for the reason that the people are scattered far and wide.

FOREST FIRE EXTENDS FAR.

Rapid City, S. D., April 20.—Reports have reached town to the effect that a severe forest fire has been raging near Rapid creek. A large section of country has been burned over and much hay has been destroyed, together with fences and other surface improvements. A fire raged furiously for a short time on Laughing Water, near Buck Horn mountain, just north of Custer. A force of men who went to the scene, however, soon had the blaze under control.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1906. NUMBER 42.

SAN FRANCISCO SHORT OF FOOD

MAYOR SCHMITZ CREATES CONSTERNATION IN MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE.

SIGNS OF RENEWED ACTIVITY

PLANS FOR THIRTY LARGE BUILDINGS ALREADY HAVE BEEN PREPARED.

San Francisco, May 2. — A feeling akin to consternation was created at the meeting of the general municipal committee yesterday when Mayor Schmitz stated that the city faced a shortage in the food supply. It had been the popular belief, and that of many officials also, that San Francisco had been placed in a position above want for a long time to come, and the mayor's declaration came as a painful surprise.

Mayor Schmitz said 700 car loads of food and supplies have been distributed since the morning of the earthquake, and the Southern Pacific, the Santa Fe and other lines had information of only 108 cars on the way.

Food Supply Is Small.

Basing his calculations upon reports received within the past twenty-four hours Gen. Greely stated that the available food supply, including shipments on hand and those en route, would be sufficient for the present population for fifteen days. This reckoning is made upon the rate at which supplies have been consumed since the fire. Under the army ration system that will hereafter prevail, however, Gen. Greely stated his belief that the food will last twenty-one days.

"Within the next twelve hours," said Gen. Greely, "we shall be obliged to deal with another vigorous problem —the question of feeding able-bodied male adults. The difficulty will be to distinguish between clerks, stenogtaphers, music teachers and others who are actually unable to return an equivalent for a day's wages at hard labor. Men who are able to work will have to find occupation as fast as it is presented."

Renewed Activity.

Signs of renewed industrial activity were apparent in many parts of the burned districts yesterday, and the work of clearing away debris preparatory to rebuilding was in progress in a score of places. It is said that plans for thirty large buildings have been drawn and will be submitted after new building laws have been promulgated.

The mayor notified the board of supervisors that he would appoint a committee consisting of engineers, architects, builders and lawyers to prepare plans for reconstructing the city.

Street Car Traffic Extends.

Street car lines are being extended in all directions and the United Railways has promised to give the people within a short time a better system of transit than that which existed before the fire.

Shipping is rapidly returning to normal conditions. Beginning to-day the Pacific Coast Steamship company will run all its steamers on schedules in force before the disaster. According to the Merchants' exchange, the usual number of vessels are arriving. Naturally, however, there are many idle vessels in the harbor because of the lack of cargo. Numerous ships are leaving in ballast for the lumber ports, and soon heavily laden lumber carriers will be coming here in fleets.

E. V. DEBS' MOTHER DEAD.

Message Comes While Socialist Is Speaking at Superior.

Superior, Wis., May 2.—While Eugene V. Debs was addressing a large audience at the opera house last night a telegram was received announcing the death of the aged mother of the noted socialist, the death occurring at the family home at Terre Haute, Ind. The message was withheld until Mr. Debs had finished his lecture. His mother had been ill for some time, but Mr. Debs was unaware of the critical character of her illness. He left at once for Terre Haute.

EXPLOSION KILLS AND MAIMS.

Death and Injury in Accident in Steel Plant.

Chicago, May 2. — Two men were killed and five others severely injured yesterday by the explosion of a supola in the plant of the Illinois Steel company at South Chicago. The accident was caused by some water getting into the cupola, and the steam that was generated caused the explosion. All the men were laborers connected with the plant.

Three Victims of Outlaw.

Salem, Ohio, May 2.—Sheriff J. R. Shaver, who was shot by the desperado, Frank Smith, early Saturday morning at Woodburn, is dead, the third victim of the outlaw. No trace of Smith has been found.

Fatal Injury.

Gladstone, Mich., May 2. — Louis Larson, a coal heaver working in the hold of the steamer R. W. England, was fatally injured this morning by a cable breaking, letting a bucket of coal drop on him.

NO WAY OUT OF COAL STRIKE

MINERS' DELEGATES FAR FROM FAVORING ANYTHING LIKE BACKDOWN.

Scranton, Pa., May 3.—That the tri-district convention of the United Mine Workers, which opens in this city to-day, will declare a strike throughout the hard coal fields, is the opinion here of every one in touch with the situation. It seems that there is no way out of a strike unless the mine workers back down, and all of the delegates who are pouring into town are very far from favoring anything closely approaching a backdown.

President John Mitchell arrived here yesterday. In the afternoon he met with the members of the joint scale committee and presented for their consideration a copy of the committee report which he had been preparing for some days. The report was approved in its entirety. Mr. Mitchell said that the report would contain no recommendations.

The members of the joint scale committee are outspoken in favoring a strike. They say that there is no other course left, now that the operators have given their ultimatum. They report a marked change of sentiment throughout the entire region during the past few days, and particularly since the clash between the state constabulary and the mine workers at Mount Carmel. Strike talk is in the air on all sides.

FARMERS BEHIND ON WORK.

Season Is a Little Later Than a Year Ago.

St. Paul, May 3.—The first crop report of the season was issued by the Northern Pacific yesterday, and shows that about 75 per cent of the seeding has been done on most of the lines in Minnesota and North Dakota. The general acreage will be about the same as last year, but in some places it will be bigger. The season in Minnesota opened about one week later than last year, while in North Dakota the farmers are about two weeks behind time. At some of the points in the states farther west the farmers are about one week ahead of the usual time.

MAKES BUTTER FOR THE NAVY.

Iowa Creamery Must Turn Out 4,000 Pounds a Day.

Manchester, Iowa, May 3.—A local creamery company has just secured a contract from the United States government to furnish $40,000 worth of butter for the exclusive use of the United States navy. The terms of the contract specify that the company must turn out 4,000 pounds of butter daily, the butter to be packed in three-pound jars, hermetically sealed and guaranteed to keep in any climate for a year. The government will send a chemist and butter inspector to watch the fulfillment of the contract

GIRL IS BURNED TO DEATH.

Charred Body Is Found Beside Bonfire Ashes.

Colburn, Wis., May 3. — Annie, the seven-year-old daughter of Frank Shreck, residing near here, was burned to death in the woods near her home on Monday. She went to the woods to pick flowers, and when she did not return, search was made. Lying beside a pile of ashes the lifeless body of the child was found, burned to a crisp. It is supposed that her clothing caught fire while she was standing beside a bonfire, and that, being alone, she was unable to extinguish the flames.

WILL WARN OF FLOODS.

Weather Observers Will Spread the News of Rise Near Headwaters.

Elk Point, S. D., May 3.—The United States weather observer in Sioux City, Iowa, has made arrangements with Observer Daniel Sharp of this city to notify him of any high water or threatened overflow of either the Missouri or Big Sioux rivers. He will be given notice some time in advance so he can warn all the farmers along both rivers and they will have ample time to prepare themselves if any exceedingly high rise in the rivers occurs at any time.

BUYS 27,500 HEAD OF SHEEP.

Live Stock Company Closes $225,000 Deal in Montana.

Helena, Mont., May 3.—One of the largest deals in sheep and ranch property consummated in Montana in years was closed here yesterday when Lewis Penwell, acting for the Winnecook Land and Live Stock company, in which Montana and Eastern people are interested, purchased the Berry & Stevens property on Musselshell river, in Meagher county, for $225,000. The deal calls for 27,500 head of sheep and 15,000 acres of land.

DRANK WOOD ALCOHOL.

Mistake Made by Montgomery Farmer Cost His Life.

Montgomery, Minn., May 3.—Joseph Choudek, a farmer, died yesterday from the effects of drinking wood alcohol. He was sent to the St. Peter hospital for the insane about a year ago, from which place he made his escape recently and returned home. He had always been a hard drinker and it is supposed he drank the wood alcohol by mistake. He leaves a wife and small children.

FURNISH MONEY FOR REBUILDING

EASTERN SYNDICATE AGREES TO ADVANCE $100,000,000 TO SAN FRANCISCO.

CHARGE WITH DRAWN SWORDS

PARIS TURNED INTO AN ARMED CAMP TO PREVENT A REVOLUTION.

San Francisco, May 3. — The first definite proposition for furnishing money on a large scale with which to rebuild part of the burned section was made public yesterday, when it was announced that a syndicate of New York capitalists have agreed to advance $100,000,000. The news came in a telegram received by W. F. Herrin, chief counsel of the Southern Pacific, from United States Senator Newlands of Nevada, who had a large interest in the Palace hotel. Senator Newlands stated that New York financiers have virtually consented to supply the money on a bond and mortgage basis. The names of the New York men were not given. The offer is under discussion by the local finance committee.

Many Buildings Going Up.

An astonishing amount of building has been commenced. The new structures are all one-story frames, but they will be sufficient for the wants of their builders. It is difficult to tell exactly how many temporary buildings are being erected, but the carpenters' union reports 2,000 men at work.

James D. Phelan, chairman of the finance committee, yesterday received a telegram from Secretary Taft, notifying him that only $780,000 remained out of the $2,500,000 appropriated by congress, and that this sum would be expended by the department. The telegram was read at the session of the finance committee and filed without discussion.

Hospitals Need Money.

The total receipts of the committee was reported to be $791,231. It was decided to have outstanding Eastern contributions collected by one or two of the large banks of New York city and transmitted to the mint here.

Chairman Phelan stated that nineteen hospitals are absolutely without support and for these institutions the committee will soon be called upon to expend $1,000 a day.

According to the figures of the general committee the food supplies received since the day of the earthquake total 8,797 tons.

STOPS MARCH TO THE SEA.

President Curtails Movement of Escort to Father Sherman.

Paris, May 3. — The long-dreaded May day failed to bring the revolution which inflammatory journals predicted, but it brought plenty of violence. The labor districts, which thousands of troops controlled with difficulty, and even central portions of Paris, are armed camps.

In the West end, far from the riots, people were disposed to treat the events in the labor quarters as harmless effervescences. They were, however, much more than that. Throughout the afternoon dragoons, republican guards and cuirassiers charged disorderly masses, sweeping the Place de la Republique and the broad Boulevard de Magenta.

Charge With Drawn Swords.

Toward nightfall cavalry charged with drawn swords and many persons were wounded. The manifestants overturned omnibuses and threw up hasty barricades. Over 1,000 arrests were made.

At no time did the demonstration reach the magnitude of a revolt. It was rather a leaderless tumult in which the serious labor element, struggling for a principle, was hopelessly confused with violent agitators, anarchists, revolutionists, roughs and a large number of the curious. The workmen, succeeded neither in forming processions nor in assembling more than scattered bands.

The night was quiet throughout. Several bombs were discovered by the police but none were exploded. A further attempt was also made to derail the Tidal train to Dieppe.

Reports from the provinces show that there were violent demonstrations at Marseilles, Brest, Bordeau, St. Etienne, Lyons and Rouen.

Liquor Dealer Arrested.

Red Wing, Minn., May 3.—H. Plaas has been arrested on a charge of selling liquor to a posted man.

Statue Crumbles in Erection.

St. Louis, May 3.—Just as workmen had finished erecting the equestrian statue of Joliet in O'Fallon Park yesterday afternoon after removing it from the world's fair grounds, at a cost of $2,000, it crumbled into dust without apparent cause.

Thrown From Wagon and Killed.

Black River Falls, Wis., May 3. — Oscar Hegg, a resident of the town of Garfield, died as a result of being thrown from a wagon while on his way home from Fairchild.

HAVOC FROM STORM IN TEXAS

WASHOUTS ON THE RAILROADS, BUILDINGS WRECKED AND PEOPLE INJURED.

Dallas, Tex., May 3. — Extremely heavy rains, destructive winds and lightning have caused serious washouts on the railroads and much damage in Northern Texas. At Denison rain has aggregated 5.34 inches in forty-eight hours. On the Frisco system between Denison and Red river, a section of track sunk several inches and trains had to be detoured. Similar conditions exist on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas between Denison and Greenville and Denison and Whitesboro, with a washout at Whiteright and Bonham.

The Denison yards of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad were flooded and large forces are engaged in clearing the tracks and switches.

Near McKinney wind and rain destroyed a number of farm houses and injured several people. All wires are down. The storm swept a clean path from Blue Ridge northeast for eight miles, its track being between 200 and 400 yards wide.

At Cardonville, near Denison, Bert Gordon, who was crossing a field with a gun on his shoulder, was struck by lightning and killed.

This vicinity received a hard rain, flooding basements and underground warehouses.

In Fannin county twelve houses were blown down.

CONGRESS.

California Senators Not Ready to Ask Government Aid.

Washington, May 3.—That the California senators do not consider that there should be an effort now to secure government aid in the reconstruction of San Francisco, was made evident in the senate yesterday. The question came up on Mr. Newlands' resolution directing the finance committee of the senate and the ways and means committee of the house to consider a government guarantee of bonds to aid the city. Both Mr. Flint and Mr. Perkins deprecated the introduction of the resolution as unwise, and both said that the California delegation should have been consulted before its presentation. The resolution was referred to the committee on finance.

Mr. Daniel concluded his speech on the rate bill.

The house yesterday completed the agricultural appropriation bill and passed the military academy bill. The former bill carries $7,481,440 and the latter $1,663,115.

GOULD'S SON HAS CLOSE CALL.

Automobile Turns Somersault and Gould Is Hurled Thirty Feet.

New York, May 3.—Kingdom Gould, eldest son of George Gould, had a narrow escape, from death yesterday, when his automobile turned a complete somersault on a curve of the broad turnpike at Manasquan, N. J., thirteen miles from his home in Lakewood. Young Gould was thrown thirty feet and barely missed crashing into a telegraph pole. The boy was badly bruised and shaken up, but no bones were broken. The chauffeur was rendered unconscious by his fall from the car. The accident was caused by a wheel giving way.

CONDUCTOR IS KILLED.

Loses Legs in Accident and Dies of Injuries.

Welcome, Minn., May 3. — John Nischenet, a way freight conductor, while switching at Fox Lake, one and a half miles west of this village, got beneath the tender and had both legs crushed. He died of his injuries.

Live Stock at Large Prohibited.

New Richmond, Wis., May 3—Order No. 2 has been issued by Mayor Hawkins. It is not as extended as order No. 1, which prohibits profanity, but is just as emphatic. The mayor has ordered that all live stock, and especially chickens, be locked up. A fine of $10 is the penalty for each offense.

Slayer Given Life Sentence.

Frazee, Minn., May 3. — Charles Houtari of Menogha has been sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of Jacob Paakkonen while he and the latter were returning home from the Dakota harvest fields. He was convicted of murder in the second degree.

Neck Broken by Fall.

Postville, Iowa, May 3.—While driving from this city last evening to his home, eight miles north, in an intoxicated condition, George Bull, aged about seventy years, fell from his buggy and struck on his head, breaking his neck, death resulting a half hour later.

Leaves House; Gets Ten Days.

Red Wing, Minn., May 3.—John F. Johnson was sentenced to ten days in jail yesterday without the option of paying a fine for violating the quarantine rules. He left the house, which was quarantined for diphtheria.

Fire Destroys City Jail.

Parkersburg, Iowa, May 3. — Fire which is supposed to have been set either accidentally or intentionally by two prisoners, totally destroyed the city jail at this place. The jail was a new one, and cost about $1,500.

$200,000,000 WILL BE AVAILABLE

SAN FRANCISCO WILL NOT SUFFER HARD TIMES AS AFTERMATH OF FIRE.

ORDER IS ALMOST RESTORED

TWO WEEKS WITNESSES GREAT TRANSFORMATION—CHINESE PROBLEM.

San Francisco, May 3. — Investigation yesterday demonstrated that the fear that San Francisco will suffer hard times as an aftermath of the fire is unfounded. Careful estimates show that within the next year there will be over $200,000,000 available for the rehabilitation of the city.

The following figures indicate where this sum is to originate:

Where It Will Come From.

Investment of new Geary street municipal road, $340,000; Home Telephone company expenditures, $1,000,000; insurance losses now due and payable (approximately), $175,000,000; United Railroads, new construction, $9,000,000; city bonds of 1904 still available, $17,000,000; Ocean Shore railway, approximated expenditure, $1,000,000; restoration of Pacific States' Telephone company, $1,000,000; restoration of government buildings, $770,000; building of sea wall, $2,000,000; total, $207,110,000.

Eastern and Foreign Capital.

It is expected that a large part of this money will come from Eastern and foreign capitalists. In figuring the two hundred and odd million which will be available, the investigators did not take into consideration the sums that may be raised for the beautification and improvement of the city.

The vexatious problem of locating the new Chinatown will probably be settled to the satisfaction of the Chinese.

It is the desire of the municipality not to harass this portion of its foreign population, and the desires of the diplomatic representatives of China will be considered. At a meeting yesterday of Chinese and a representative of the general committee such an understanding was reached.

From Chaos to Order.

The two weeks that have elapsed since the earthquake have witnessed a transformation from chaos to almost order. The unburned section has been nearly restored to its normal condition, and when housewives are permitted to return to cook in their kitchens, after the required inspection of chimneys, the streets will have their old-time appearance.

In the burned districts each day brings its added share of improvement and the great task of cleaning up has been fairly started.

Another Slight Shock.

At 10:12 last night there was another earthquake shock. It was slightly felt in San Francisco, but down the peninsula as far as Palo Alto the shock was very severe. No damage has been reported.

Dead May Number 1,500.

Coroner Walsh said yesterday: "When the debris is cleared away there will be at least a thousand additions to the death roll. I would not be surprised if the number reached 1,500."

Capt. Gwynn yesterday asked for police assistance in investigating reports of dead bodies in the ruins of the burned district. He has been engaged in the work for several days, and he does not believe that the total will amount to 1,500, as the coroner states. So far the military authorities have a record of something over 350 dead, and in the opinion of Capt. Gwynn 500 will be as many as will ever be recovered.

Raised by Red Cross.

Washington, May 3. — The total amount raised by the American Red Cross for the relief of San Francisco sufferers is $1,738,000. Of this $400,000 has been sent in cash to San Francisco, $34,000 was spent for blankets and $2,000 was used in buying provisions. The present balance is $1,302,000, which is being held at the disposal of the San Francisco Red Cross and relief committee.

Martinique Offer Rejected.

Fort de France, Martinique, has offered to contribute 4,000 francs for the relief of the San Francisco sufferers. It could not be accepted according to the rule laid down by the president, and proper answer will be made.

Dynamite Mills Wrecked.

Stockholm, May 3.—Every building of the dynamite factory near Vinterviken, belonging to the Nitroglycerin company, was destroyed and six men were killed yesterday by an explosion, the cause of which is not known.

Takes Hendricks' Place.

Albany, N. Y., May 3.—Otto Kelsey of Geneseo, hitherto controller of the state, yesterday was appointed by Gov. Higgins to be superintendent of insurance in place of Francis Hendricks of Syracuse.

PARIS IS AGAIN PEACEFUL

MAIN FORCE OF LABOR MOVEMENT APPEARS TO HAVE SPENT ITSELF.

Paris, May 3.—The main force of the labor movement appears to have spent itself Tuesday, although detached movements continue to agitate various trades, requiring constant surveillance by the police and the continued presence in Paris of a considerable force of troops. However, the authorities, while preparing to meet any further widespread demonstration along the street, no longer treat the movement as a serious menace to the community.

The public, which for a week has been deeply agitated and fearful, has resumed its usual tranquility, the central sections of the city have recovered their normal aspect and business is proceeding as usual. All the stores were opened yesterday and traffic by cabs and street railways was not interfered with.

Nevertheless, the working districts yesterday continued in effervescence, with frequent minor affrays, none, however, assuming proportions requiring interference by the troops.

BADGER CLAIM MAY FAIL.

Land Warrant Measure Not Likely to Pass This Session.

Washington, May 3—What is known as the 5 per cent land bill came up for consideration in the house committee on public lands yesterday. This measure proposes to readjust long standing claims of several states, among them Wisconsin, which is asking for about $500,000, representing the amount paid into the federal treasury on lands covered by military land warrants. The bill was discussed yesterday, but no action was taken on it. The bill will be further considered later, but doubt is expressed that it will be passed at this session.

WILL TALK OF DRAINAGE.

Minnesota Bill Will Have a Hearing Wednesday.

Washington, May 3.—At a meeting of the house committee on public lands yesterday it was decided to give a hearing on Wednesday next to Representative Steenerson and Capt. E. G. Bernard of Cass Lake on the bill introduced by the former providing for the drainage of public lands in Minnesota. Mr. Steenerson has been doing a good deal of missionary work in behalf of the measure, and he is hopeful of securing a favorable report on it before adjournment. No effort will be made to pass the bill until next winter.

RESPONSIBLE FOR DEATH.

Charles Nelson Held for Causing the Death of a Farmer.

Black River Falls, Wis., May 3. — The coroner's inquest in the case of Oscar Hegg's death found that he came to his death through injuries received at the hands of George Nelson, who is now under arrest. Nelson claimed that Hegg fell from his wagon, breaking his neck, Saturday evening while coming from town.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, May 3. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 78 1-4@78 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 76 1-2@77c; No. 3, 74@76 1-8c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 45@45 1-2c. Oats —No. 3 white, 30 3-4@31 1-4c.

Minneapolis, May 3. — Wheat—No. 1 hard, 78 7-8c; No. 1 Northern, 78 3-8c; No. 2 Northern, 78 7-8c; durum, 70@72c. Oats—No. 3 white, 30 3-8c.

Duluth, May 3. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 79 3-8c; No. 2 Northern, 77 3-8c; flax, $1.17 3-4; rye, 57c.

Chicago, May 3. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 88c; No. 2 hard, 79@82c; No. 1 Northern, 81@83c; No. 2 Northern, 79 @82c. Corn — No. 2, 47 1-2@47 3-4c. Oats—No. 2, 31 3-4c.

Milwaukee, May 3. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 82@83c; No. 2 Northern, 81 1-2c. Rye—No. 1, 64@64 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 56c. Oats—Standard, 33@33 1-2c.

Sioux City, Iowa, May 3. — Cattle—Beeves, $4.25 @ 5.50; cows, bulls and mixed, $3@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3@4.40; calves and yearlings, $3 @ 4.25. Hogs—Bulk, $6.75@6.30.

Chicago, May 3. — Beeves, $4 @ 6.15; stockers and feeders, $2.75 @ 4.65; cows and heifers, $1.50 @ 4.90. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $6.25 @ 6.55; bulk, $6.45@6.52 1-2. Sheep, $3.75@6.25; lambs, $4.60@6.65.

South St. Paul, May 3. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4 @ 5.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3@ 4.50; good to choice milch cows, $30@ 40. Hogs—Price range, $6.25 @ 6.35; bulk, $6.22@6.27. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $6@6.50; fair to good, $4.50@5.75; yearling wethers, $5.25 @ 6; good to choice ewes, $4.25@5.

KILL UNMUZZLED DOGS.

Oakes Girl Is Bitten and Strict Order Follows.

Oakes, N. D., May 3.—The five-year-old daughter of O. H. Grogen was bitten by a dog yesterday and is now in a serious condition from the effects of fright and of the wound she received. When the mayor heard of the affair he called a special meeting of the city council, and an order was issued directing that all unmuzzled dogs found on the streets should be shot.

WILD SCENES ON WALL STREET

MOST SPECTACULAR DECLINE SINCE THE NORTHERN PACIFIC PANIC.

MANY STOCKS HIT LOW MARK

GREAT CONFUSION AS BROKERS SCRAMBLE TO UNLOAD THEIR STOCKS.

New York, May 3.—Not since the Northern Pacific panic of May 9, 1901, has there been such a spectacular decline in prices on the stock exchange as there was yesterday. Heavy selling, almost regardless of the prices offered, began with the opening of the market, and from that time until near the close the tone generally was weak. There were rallies from time to time when the bears bought stocks to cover the sales they had made at higher prices or when some strong financial interests sent in buying orders to protect shares in which they were interested, but each rally except the last one just before 3 o'clock was followed by a resumption of the selling movement.

Trading Was Heavy.

The day's trading was extremely heavy, rising to the total of 2,445,000 shares. Nearly 700,000 shares of stocks changed hands in the first hour of trading.

Considerable excitement marked the opening of the exchange. Tuesday's late decline had prepared the brokers for lower prices and heavy transactions yesterday, and the attendance on the floor was very large. It was known that the commission houses had heavy orders to dispose of securities as early as possible and also that there were forced sales to be made where customers carrying stocks on margin had failed to respond to calls for more funds.

Touch Low Records.

Within a few minutes after the trading began many stocks touched new low records for the year. There was much confusion as it seemed that every broker had orders to sell and was anxious to get rid of his stocks without a moment's delay. At first the interest centered in the half dozen stocks which have been the market leaders for some time past. Anaconda, which closed Tuesday night at 246, opened at 234, and immediately sold at 232, a loss of 14 points. Northern Pacific, which closed Tuesday at 190, opened at 188, and on a "running sale" sold at 186, 185, then back to 186 and 187. Amalgamated Copper opened at 99 3-4 to 99, as compared with 100 3-4 at the close Tuesday, and Union Pacific, which ended Tuesday at 142 3-4, first appeared yesterday at 142, 141 3-4, 140.

Support Is Withdrawn.

At noon support seemed to have been entirely withdrawn and there was absolute demoralization. Nobody seemed to want stocks at any prices.

There was another rally at 12:15, some stocks showing signs of a little support, though there was no vigorous buying. After 2 o'clock it appeared that there was no further liquidation in sight and prices rallied to the best of the day.

There was no definite news to account for the heavy selling and consequent collapse in prices. Wall street heard many rumors of bear pools formed to depress prices, of alleged financial difficulties and of alleged impairment of confidence in the values of some of the securities listed on the exchange, but nothing developed to give substance to any of these reports.

WILLS SAINTS $10,000.

Ohio Man's Testament Is Called Indefinite.

Springfield, Ohio, May 3.—An interesting situation was developed yesterday when the will of John Snyder was filed for probate. It leaves an estate valued at about $10,000 to the saints after the death of his wife. He does not designate which saint shall be his heir or how the conveyance shall be made. His wife died ten days after he did and a contest has been filed by persons who claim to have a contract for the purchase of the property.

PTOMAINE POISONING

Was What Ailed the Secretary of the Navy.

Washington, May 3.—Advices from Baltimore yesterday were to the effect that Secretary Bonaparte rested easily during the night, but will not be able to return to his duties here for some time. The physicians are now agreed that his illness is the result of ptomaine poisoning.

GAS IGNITED IN TUNNEL.

Eight Men Are Found Unconscious as Result of Explosion.

New York, May 3. — Eight unconscious men were taken out of the McAdoo tunnel under the Hudson river, connecting Jersey City and Manhattan island, yesterday, after an explosion in the depth of the tunnel. Five of them were removed to hospitals in Jersey City, and four were not expected to recover. The explosion was supposed to have been caused by gas.

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K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar....St. Hilaire....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar.........Wylie.........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

DON'T FORGET THE NUMBER---

488

WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN

Wines and Liquors

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The Spectator.

H. E. IVES, Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, May 5, 1906.

An Ancient Traveler's Outfit.

A small "Traveler's Guide," dated 1780, contains a good deal of advice as to the luggage which should be carried. "Take," says the book, "two suits of clothes, one coffee colored and one blue; a chest flannel, a pair of leather breeches, a sleeping suit, three pairs of stockings, two pairs of gloves, two wigs, one hair bag (?), two caps, two hats, two pairs of shoes, one pair of slippers, six 'undershirts,' four 'overshirts,' six neckties, six collars, six handkerchiefs, four pairs of cuffs, three cravats, two pairs of cotton hose, two pairs of socks." But this is not all, as is shown by the following items: "Take a Bible, a book of sermons, a 'Traveler's Guide,' two albums, a diary, a quire of white paper, quills and ink, an almanac, a mirror, a silver watch, a silver snuffbox, a silver spoon, a pair of silver shoe buckles, a silver tie pin, three silver studs, a gold seal ring, a knife and fork with silver handles, a sewing case, an opera glass, a compass, a wax light and a tinder box, a toothbrush, a silver toothpick, a sword, a silver mounted cane, a padlock with which to fasten your door at night inside, a clothes brush, a box of medicine."—Pall Mall Gazette.

Fishes That Cannot Swim.

More than one species of fish is met with which cannot swim, the most singular of which perhaps is the maltha, a Brazilian fish, whose organs of locomotion only enable it to crawl or walk or hop after the manner of a toad, to which animal this fish to some extent bears a resemblance, and it is provided with a long upturned snout. The anterior (pectoral) fins of the maltha, which are quite small, are not capable of acting on the water, but can only move backward and forward, having truly the form of thin paws. Both these and the ventral and anal fins are very different from the similar fins in other fishes and could not serve for swimming at all. Other examples of nonswimming fishes include the sea horse, another most peculiarly shaped inhabitant of the sea, which resembles the knight in a set of chessmen, and the starfish, of which there are many specimens, which mostly walk and crawl on the shore or rocks, both being unable to swim.

The African Ostrich.

The African ostrich, from which the best white feathers are obtained, stands six or seven feet high and weighs from 80 to 100 pounds. Its egg is equal to about two dozen hens' eggs. Its feathers sell in Africa for about $200 a pound at wholesale. While walking quietly its step is about twenty-six inches, but when frightened the stride increases to about twelve feet, and at this gait it can run something like twenty-five miles an hour. When pursued it sometimes turns and deals the pursuer a blow with the foot that makes him think of the kick of a mule. The African ostrich is the largest bird now existing on earth. The American ostrich is only about half the size of the African and has three toes, while the African bird has only two. The plumage of the American ostrich is gray.

The Discovery of Electro Gilding.

The experiments which led to the discovery of the method of electro gilding were made in a cell at the citadel of Magdeburg, in which place, on account of his participation in a duel, young Siemens was at the time a prisoner, the chemicals and apparatus employed being procured and smuggled into the fortress by a friendly chemist of the town. In the second place, it was the sale of the patent rights in this invention in England which supplied the brothers Werner and William with the necessary funds to carry on their experiments and so helped to lay the foundation of the important firms of Siemens & Halske in Germany and Siemens Bros. in England.

The Tyrant Doctor.

Human nature is beginning to revolt at what it calls "that modern tyrant" the doctor, for it is a fact, and rather a sad one, that doctors have got the upper hand of us in these days; that when we are ill we go through medicinal tortures and when we are well we endure a preventive system hardly less wearisome and painful. The truth of it is we are all become faddists, and the doctors are the very worst ones.—Lady Phyllis in London Bystander.

Woman's Brain.

Because woman has a smaller brain mass than man it does not by any means follow that she has an inferior or smaller intellect. I smile the quiet Socratic smile when I hear men declare that women have not equal intelligence with men. It is a position that no man can seriously maintain.—Dr. Emil Reich.

Different Medicine.

Mr. Courtney (flatteringly)—I had the blues when I came here tonight, Miss Fisher, but they are all gone now. You are as good as medicine. Miss Fisher's Little Brother—Yes, father himself says she'll be a drug in the market if she doesn't catch on to some fellow soon.

Making a Job of It.

The firemen continued their exertions until after 2 o'clock, by which hour all the damage that could be done was at an end.—Newcastle (England) Chronicle.

Believed Him.

He (indignantly)—I beg your pardon, miss, but I always keep my word. She (complacently)—I can easily believe that, for no one would take it.

FLAXSEED AS A ROTATION CROP.

By Chas. H. Thornton, Publisher Duluth Commercial Record.

The growing of flaxseed as a regular rotation crop has not, as yet, obtained a very firm footing in the Northwest, although support is gradually coming to the belief that it should have a place in every rotation of crops.

It is undoubtedly a fact that the great majority of Northwestern farmers have considered flaxseed as a pioneer crop and after one or two crops have dropped it. In many cases these crops were grown successively on the same land, year after year, and from this occurred the failures of 1900 and 1901.

To some extent the dismal failure of the 1900 crop, and a large part of the 1901 area, was not entirely a misfortune, as it turned the attention of scientists to discovering the cause of and a remedy for the failures.

Within the past four years more has been learned about the ills to which the flaxseed plant is liable and methods for avoiding them than during the entire previous history of the plant and at the present time our knowledge is very complete.

To the experiment stations of the Agricultural colleges at Minneapolis and Fargo we are indebted for the greater part of this knowledge, and especially to the Fargo school, where Professor Henry L. Bolley has been untiring in his efforts to improve the yield and quality of flaxseed. The results of his study are summarized in the following recommendations:

"Use only plump, bright colored flax for seed. Treat all seed flax every year; the treatment was found by many farmers to be a great success in 1902. Before treating clean all seed thoroughly in a fanning mill until all bits of straw and chaff as well as light weight seeds have been removed or blown out. The treatment recommended will not kill the fungus which is always to be found inside diseased straw and chaff because it cannot penetrate to it. In a diseased crop most of the light weight, dark colored and scaly seeds bear the fungus on the inside of the seed coats. Such seeds must be removed, for the treatment cannot prevent these from infecting the soil.

"Use formaldehyde at the rate of one pound of the standard strength to forty gallons of water. Spread the seed upon a tight floor, or upon a canvas, and sprinkle or spray on a small amount of the liquid (a fine spray thrown by a small force pump is best). Shovel, hoe or rake the grain over rapidly. Repeat the spraying, shoveling, hoeing or raking until the surfaces of all the seeds are evenly moist, not wet enough to mat or gum, but thoroughly damp. This can be accomplished without matting, if well hoed or shoveled over. Leave the grain piled for several hours. The dry grains will absorb the excess of moisture without injury or matting and the spores of the disease will be killed by the fumes. It takes about one-half gallon of water solution to properly wet one bushel of flaxseed.

"After this care has been taken with the seed I recommend these further precautions:

"Sow all flax on a compact, even seed bed, as shallow as possible and yet have it well covered. Sow smaller areas to flax and never follow flax by flax until a number of years have intervened. I recommend the following series of crops until we have learned reasons for a better one:

"Flax.

"Wheat, oats or barley.

"Corn, or other cultivated crop, or fallow.

"Wheat.

"Grass.

"Pasture one or more years, then flax if desired."

About rotation Professor Bolley says:

"It will be a great source of wealth to Northwestern farmers if, unlike all others heretofore, they can so nearly eradicate the diseases of flax from their seed flax and from the soil that they may continue to produce good crops of flax. Think what a boon to this region it would be if the farmers may continue to produce as heavy crops of flax on their lands in the future as they do now upon new land. This is a new doctrine, but I do not hesitate to say that such can be the case and even much better crops than are now grown. Remember that it was once quite generally held that no one could tell how to avoid the occurrence of smut in wheat and oats."

However, the writer's idea that flaxseed should have a place as a regular rotation crop is based on the theory that a diversity of crops will bring the largest financial returns and this theory has been put into execution, with satisfactory results, by one of the largest and possibly most successful of North Dakota's bonanza farmers. And if such was the result of his experience on the last crop, the 1905 crop, when his flax sold at only 12 to 14 cents over wheat, there is all the more reason for expecting still better returns this year, as wheat has declined 6 to 8 cents from the prices paid last fall, while flax has advanced 20 to 22 cents.

Fired.

Young Mother—Do you think baby looks most like me or his papa? Nurse—Like you, mum. Mr. Jenkins is a mighty handsome man.

Advertisement: Wanted—A competent and well mannered nurse.

Agreed.

Wife (wearily)—Woman's work is never done! Husband (struggling with a buttonless shirt collar)—That's just what I thought!

First say to yourself what you would be; then do what you have to do.—Epictetus.

Republican County Convention.

A republican county convention for the county of Red Lake is hereby called to be held on Wednesday, June 6th, 1906, at one o'clock p. m., in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, for the purpose of electing nine delegates to the republican state convention at Duluth, Minnesota, June 13, 1906, and such other business as may properly come before the convention.

The republican voters of the county, and all other voters, without regard to past political affiliations, who believe in the principles advocated by the republican party and endorse its policies, are cordially invited to participate in the selection of delegates to this convention.

Representation for this convention will be in accordance with the following resolution, adopted at a meeting of the republican county central committee, held in the city of Red Lake Falls on the 17th day of April, 1906:

> "Resolved, that the representation of the several precincts shall be based upon the vote cast in the respective precincts at the general election in 1904 for the republican candidate for governor; that each precinct is entitled to one delegate for each fifty (50) votes, or fraction thereof, so determined from the vote for the republican candidate for governor in 1904"

That each precinct is entitled to the following representation in this convention:

That each precinct be allowed in addition thereto, one delegate at large; that each of the following precincts, which were not organized at the general election of 1904, shall be entitled to one delegate at large: Townships of Silverton, Clover Leaf, Goodridge, Smiley, Kratka, Highlanding, Mayfield, Deer Park, and the Village of Plummer.

Black River	2	Wyandotte	2
Bray	2	Village of St. Hilaire	3
Emardville	2	Red Lake Falls City:	
Equality	2	1st ward	2
Garnes	2	2nd ward	2
Gervais	2	3rd ward	2
Lake Pleasant	2	Thief Riv. Falls City:	
Lambert	3	1st ward	4
Louisville	2	2nd ward	2
North	2	3rd ward	3
Norden	2	Silverton	1
Numedal	2	Clover Leaf	1
Polk Center	2	Goodridge	1
Poplar River	3	Smiley	1
Red Lake Falls Tp.	2	Kratka	1
River Falls	2	Highlanding	1
Rocksbury	2	Mayfield	1
Sanders	2	Deer Park	1
Terrebonne	2	Village of Plummer	1

All primary elections in the county for the election of delegates to this convention shall be held at the usual voting places in each precinct on Saturday, June 2nd, 1909, between the hours of 7 and 8 o'clock p. m.

N. M. WATSON, Chairman.
O. F. POST, Secretary.

Teachers' Association Meeting, St. Hilaire, Minn., May 4-5, 1906.

PROGRAM:

SATURDAY MAY 5.—School Building.

8:30 Paper..........Supt. C. S. Yeager
9:00 General Remarks..........Supt. H. T. McAnulty
9:30 Arithmetic..........Miss Helen A. Dow, Moorhead Normal
10:00 2nd Grade Arithmetic..........Miss Crace Meehan
10:15 Fractions..Miss Katie McAnulty
10:45 Percentage..........O. J. Ledding
11:15 2nd Grade Arithmetic..........Wm. J. Harlow
11:45 Involution and Evolution..........F. M. Shanahan
1:30 Paper, Arithmetic..........Miss Mary McGinn
2:00 Proportion..........J. G. Weeks
2:30 Stocks..........Charles Moller

Several of those whose names appear above are to bring classes to illustrate work.

Miss Helen A. Dow will open discussion after each number in arithmetic.

Every member is expected to be present.

A cordial invitation is extended to all who are interested, to attend.

COMMITTEE.

Inside Your Bones.

People usually imagine that their bones are of solid mineral construction, without any feeling in them. As a matter of fact, there are blood vessels and nerves inside the bones just as there are outside. During amputation of a limb much more pain is felt when the bone is attacked than when the flesh is being cut through. Through the marrow which is inside the bones run the nerves and blood vessels, entering the bones from the flesh without by little holes. Nature adapts the bony structure of various animals to their habits in a very interesting manner. Sluggish creatures, like the sloth, have solid bones, whereas the bones of the deer and the antelope are comparatively light, so that they may run fast, and the leg bones of the ostrich are hollow. You will find in the bones of any skeleton the application of mechanical principles which have only become known to man through the processes of laborious and long considered invention.

A Finger Pillory.

The finger pillory is still preserved carefully in the parish church of St. Helen Ashby-de-la-Zouch and is thus described: "An ancient and rather singular curiosity is a finger pillory. This instrument seems to have been used for the punishment of disorderly persons during divine service. It consists of two upright posts about three feet high, which support a beam of nearly the same length, in which are bored holes of various dimensions, cut first horizontally, then perpendicularly, in order that the first joint of the finger may be inserted and the finger retained in an angular form. The culprit is then secured by bringing down over the holes another beam which is attached by a hinge at the end to one of the posts and fastened at the other by a lock."—London Academy.

For refreshments call at Number 488

For CHOICEST

FRUITS Confectionery and Cigars

Call at

DUNTLEY'S CONFECTIONERY

CHAPTER 2 OF THE REVISED LAWS OF MINNESOTA, 1905, ENTITLED "FORESTRY AND FIRE WARDENS," REQUIRES THE FORESTRY COMMISSIONER TO PREPARE AN ABSTRACT OF THE PENAL LAWS RELATING TO FOREST AND PRAIRIE FIRES AND HE MAY REQUIRE ANY COUNTY BOARD TO CAUSE AT LEAST THREE WEEKS PUBLISHED NOTICE THEREOF TO BE GIVEN. THE FOLLOWING IS ACCORDINGLY HEREBY PUBLISHED:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, OFFICE OF FORESTRY COMMISSIONER,
St. Paul, Minn., March 15, 1906.

The law of the State of Minnesota for the prevention of forest and prairie fires makes it a misdemeanor, punishable by fine of not exceeding one hundred dollars or imprisonment in jail not exceeding three months, to kindle a fire near forest or prairie land and leave it unquenched. Said law makes town supervisors, village presidents and mayors of cities fire wardens. They are required to enforce its provisions, post notices of its penalties, patrol their districts in dry seasons, go to the place of danger to prevent or control fires, employ or compel assistance in emergencies, investigate and immediately report fires, and make complaint before a magistrate of violations of the law when they have requisite information thereof. County attorneys are to assist in prosecutions. Every person must comply with a warden's call for assistance unless he has justifiable excuse. Neglect to comply with any of the foregoing duties incurs the penalty first above mentioned. Destruction or defacement of a posted notice incurs similar penalty. Railroad companies are required to use efficient spark arresters on their locomotive engines, keep their right of ways clear of combustible material (except ties), post warning placards conspicuously at every station in the vicinity of forests and grass lands, and extinguish any fire occurring near their roads subject to forfeiture of not exceeding one hundred dollars for each offence.

Fire wardens are responsible for the enforcement of the law in their districts. They should especially endeavor to PREVENT THE SETTING OF FIRES, whether to clear land, burn meadows or for other purpose in a dry season.

C. C. ANDREWS,
Forestry Commissioner.

a21m5)

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

.. HALL'S ..

CONFECTIONERY, STATIONERY, FRUITS, CIGARS, TOBACCOS ......TOYS

Agency for Phillips' Steam Laundry, of Crookston.

Next door to Hotel Markham.

GET YOUR PICTURE TAKEN BY

D. COLLINS THE Photograper.

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

HOLLISTER'S

Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets

A Busy Medicine for Busy People.

Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.

A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.

GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

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A FREE PATTERN (your own selection) to every subscriber. Only 50 cents a year.

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A LADIES' MAGAZINE.

A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe to-day, or, send 5c. for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.

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All Seams Allowed and Perforations show the Basting and Sewing Lines.

Only 10 and 15 cents each—none higher. Ask for them. Sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail from

THE McCALL CO.,
113-115-117 West 31st St., NEW YORK.

CROOKSTON LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Button's Business College and Shorthand Institute

Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

OFFERS to take you through a complete course in Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Tywewriting and let you pay for your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after situation is secured for you. It practically costs you nothing because we get you a position where you earn at least $10.00 per month more than you ever earned before. We want 500 students to enter this college during the next three months and make the above unparalleled offer to get them. The courses are:

Normal, Shorthand AND Typewriting,
Music, Commercial,
Preparatory, Telegraphy.

THIS is the only College in the United States that guarantees a good paying position to every graduate. If we don't get you a satisfactory situation you need never pay us one cent

J. A. Button, Principal

Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Subscribe for St. Hilaire Spectator.

FAST MAIL TO CHICAGO

On your next trip east why not go as your letter goes? The United States government selects the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

Five daily passenger trains from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago—almost as frequent as suburban train service. These include The Pioneer Limited and The Fast Mail, the two most popular trains between these cities. No extra charge to ride on them. But it is necessary to name your route.

W. B. DIXON
Northwestern Passenger Agent
365 ROBERT STREET, ST. PAUL.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

CALL ON
HOLMES BROS.
FOR
HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D. Patterson	Councilmen
E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 8450 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. B. Killand, Secy.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, Minn

The "Redgeton"
SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING.
HIGH GRADE.

Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.
STRONGEST GUARANTEE.
National Sewing Machine Co.
BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Rain, hail and snow yesterday, all in bunch.

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

Gardening and shade tree planting is the order of the day.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Farming would be easy if it didn't rain too much or too little.

District court for Polk county will convene at Crookston June 11th.

The rain Thursday put a stop to seeding, for at least a day or two.

The boxelder buds have unfolded and the trees look nice and green.

News items are not like dried apples. They do not swell in wet weather.

E. Gulingsrud, of Thief River Falls, was here a short time last Monday.

—500 first class second growth oak fence posts for sale cheap. C. H. Martz.

Otto Sonsthagen, representing Koehler & Hinrichs, was here yesterday selling goods.

John Bergland, the stone mason, is a busy man now days and several contracts on hand.

K. O. Gigstad and family spent Sunday at Hazel visiting his daughter, Mrs. A. M. Edstrom.

C. P. Swanson, one of the prosperous farmers of the town of Bray was in the village yesterday.

John Maakrud moved onto the farm which he recently purchased from W. A. Sorsoleil, on Tuesday.

L. Bergdahl, of Thief River Falls, was here last Monday looking up the cement sidewalk question.

Wanted.—Girl for general housework. Small family. Mrs. S. M. Sivertson, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Base ball meetings are being held in every old town, and each nine promises to do things with the other.

E. A. Nelson, of Hallock, candidate for secretary of state, was a north bound passenger yesterday.

The Red River Valley Editorial Association held their annual meeting at Thief River Falls yesterday.

Sheriff Linnihan came up from the county seat Saturday and was an over-Sunday visitor in the village.

Merchants State Bank still has a few recording safes. Get one and save your small change. It pays.

J. G. Winkjer was here a few days the first of the week looking over the improvements at the creamery.

W. A. Arthur went to Thief River Falls Tuesday to transact business, returning Wednesday morning.

The Red Lake Falls creamery started operations last Tuesday and about 1,000 pounds of cream was taken in.

—State Farmers Mut. Hail Ins. Co., Waseca, Minn. Largest cash surplus. Wants responsible agent. Write today.

The man on the night shift running the re-saw at the mill got two of his fingers cut quite badly Thursday evening.

J. Henry Cross, of the First National Bank of Red Wing, was looking up some real estate west of here last Monday.

The farmer who has most of his land in pasture and hay land and keeps stock, will smile and feel good now when it rains.

Editor John Kirsch, of the Crookston Journal, passed through here yesterday enroute to Thief River to take in the Editorial meeting.

Mrs. Carrie Braten and son Arne, left for Minot, N. D., last Tuesday, where they intend to file on land and make their future home.

Julius Pleth, the Plummer land man, was transacting business in this village Saturday. He reports the real estate business as very active this spring.

Miss Carrie Hoff returned home from Blackduck Tuesday and on Wednesday left for Petersburg, N. D., where she will take charge of a millinery store.

The Thief River Falls creamery will soon start up for the season. The new buttermaker arrived Tuesday and went to work getting the machinery in shape.

Have you pains in the back, inflammation of any kind, rheumatism, fainting spells, indigestion or constipation? Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea makes you well, keeps you well. 35 cents.
Imperial Drug Co.

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

Assistant Cashier Davison and family spent Sunday and Monday at Red Lake Falls, Mrs. Davison returning Thursday.

Rev. Alex Sand went to Crookston Wednesday evening to hold services in the Swedish Lutheran church the same evening.

Assessor Collins has you on his list and will find you before the end of the month. Answer questions quickly and the sooner he will let go.

Miss Laura Uiren, who has spent the last four months at Crookston, came up on Wednesday to renew acquaintances with her many friends here.

The fishing season opened Tuesday and you are at liberty to fish with hook and line to your heart's content without keeping one eye on the game warden.

Saturday evening a number of the young people from the village attended the dance at the residence of Mike McAndress. They reported having a very pleasant time.

The Red Lake Falls Gazette has changed hands, the deal being made on Tuesday of this week whereby Mr. F. B. Creglow, of Rock Rapids, Iowa, becomes the new owner.

Coroner Chesterman, of Crookston, has been kept busy of late holding inquests over men and boys who had the misfortune to meet death by drowning in the Red Lake river.

Thief River Falls' city council passed an anti-spitting ordinance and anyone caught in the act of expectorating on the sidewalks is punishable by a fine not to exceed $5 or five days in jail.

Sandberg Bros., who run a general store at Crookston, have received a flattering offer and may decide to sell. The boys are well known in St. Hilaire, having lived west of here for many years.

It pours the oil of life into your system. It warms you up and starts the life blood circulating. That's what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Company.

Carload seed potatoes; choice clear stock; Early Rose, Triumph and Burbanks in 150lb sacks, $2.25 a sack on track here. Get new seed. S. H. Sharbach's store, first door west of postoffice, Thief River Falls.

The Minneapolis Tribune article about the "pair of overalls and blue flannel shirt" took like wild fire and was published from coast to coast, and from Winnipeg on the north to Honey Grove, Texas, south.

A popular concert will be given by the R. B. George company, of Chicago, at the United Norwegian Lutheran church in St. Hilaire next Tuesday evening, May 8, commencing at eight o'clock. Admission free.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: W. A. Sorsoleil, formerly of St. Hilaire but now in Assinniboine, Canada, last week purchased another quarter section of Canadian soil. The deal was made through Ed. L. Healy of this city.

Thief River News: W. A. Arthur, the St. Hilaire hotel man, was in Thief River Falls Thursday. While here he made a deal with D. N. Winton to go up to Prince Albert and run a boarding house for the lumber company up there. He leaves in about a month.

Fourteen carloads of immigrant goods from eastern Marshall county passed through here last week headed for the Canadian northwest. There may be such a thing as a few years of drought, and likely frost, will head them back—providing they can come back of course.

The party of officials of the Crookston Lumber company consisting of Thos. Shevlin, Hovey Clark, J. M. Richards and W. A. Gould, came up in a special car last Monday and spent the day inspecting their mill here. They left the same evening for Bemidji on a like mission. Mr. Shevlin is better known as the "millionaire lumberman from Minneapolis."

The school board held a special meeting Wednesday evening, at which the following teachers were hired: Miss Golda Hill for the sixth and seventh grades, Miss Inga Iverson for the second and third grades and Miss Clara Olson for the first grade. There is one vacancy left, that of the fourth and fifth grades, which will be filled at the next meeting of the board.

One of our exchanges says that if two or three flax seeds are planted in each hill of potatoes, potato bugs will not bother the vines at all. The above may or may not be true but as the expense can not be very heavy in trying the experiment it will be worth while for potato raisers to try it next planting season and if the flax seeds do not accomplish what it is supposed to do to the bugs, they can go back to the old remedy and feed them on paris green.

Monday evening several boys were playing with the rope used by the workmen on the new church steeple for hoisting timbers and supplies. The boys would hoist one another up and down and were having a good time, taking turns being hoisted. In some manner the rope slipped when Joe Martz was dangling about fifteen feet in the air and he fell, his left leg striking on the edge of the sidewalk, breaking the bone between the hip and knee. Joe was taken home and will be some time before he will be out. His many friends feel very sorry for him.

Found.

A log chain on road east of town. Owner can have same by proving property and paying charges.
T. M. Brevig.

—Implement salesman or collector. Have desirable opening for right party. Address Box 466, Waseca, Minn.

CROOKSTON SAW MILL

Crookston Lumber Co. Annoyed by Constant Persecutions Threaten to Move. —Damage Suits Numerous—Rather Than Constant Legal Fight Will Go Where they are More Appreciated.

Crookston Times (Monday): Hovey C. Clark of the Crookston Lumber company was here this morning on his way to St. Hilaire to look after some of the company's interests at that point. While here Mr. Clark expressed himself in no uncertain terms at the treatment the Crookston Lumber company is receiving at the hands of litigants in this city. He says since his return from the west a month ago, not a day has passed when the company has not been served with one or more summons in suits brought to recover damages upon all kinds and descriptions of trumped up charges most of them so ridiculous as to be laughable, were it not for the fact that in each case the company is obliged to go to the trouble and expense of defending these suits. This kind of thing has been going on for years here and although in nearly every instance those bringing the suits have been defeated in court, the annoyance has become so unbearable that unless there is a change for the better—and that mighty soon—the company has decided to adopt measures that will be greatly to Crookston's detriment.

It has been decided that next year one of the mills owned by the company in this state was to be moved to the Wilton line which passes through the bulk of the company's timber near Red lake. It was not contemplated that the Crookston mill was the one to be moved for the reason that the yards here are centrally located for shipping and the sale of refuse is a matter that enters largely into consideration. But Mr. Clark says positively that they will not submit longer to the kind of persecution they have been subject to and if there is any further continuation of it the mill will be moved away from here next year.

He lays the blame for this trouble on a number of Crookston attorneys who have been prominent in these suits for the fees they have been able to get out of it or for a percentage of the damages they might be able to collect.

The Crookston Lumber company employs here over 800 men. They pay their men liberally and promptly and it is by far the largest factor in the promotion of the prosperity of this city. For this reason the constant "knocking" on the part of a certain element and the petty annoyances as a result of these trumped up damage suits should at once be put an end to and it behooves those who have the interest of the city at heart to see that this is done.

The latest suit is one being tried today in which Margaret Dufour brings action for $2000 because of alleged damage to her land along the river in Jerome's addition because the company's logs have bumped against the river bank along said land. She also asks for a permanent injunction to prevent the company from running logs in the river along her land. The Times does not presume to express an opinion upon the merits or demerits of this particular suit but what it does wish to point out is that Crookston cannot afford to lose this great industry and it is incumbent upon our people to see that it is at least fairly treated.

Farmers Will Receive the Benefit.

The Red Lake county fair scheduled for August 8th, 9th and 10th at Thief River Falls gives promise of being a bigger success than ever before. It has been decided by the directors to increase the premiums for live stock by fifty per cent, the aggregate increase amounting to a trifle over $450. As the exhibitors in the live stock classes will get the benefits of this increase it is expected that the exhibits will be correspondingly larger and better.

The tendency is to increase the value of the fair as an agricultural exhibit and extra efforts will be made to interest every farmer in Red Lake and Eastern Marshall counties in the advantages to be derived from bringing an exhibit of some kind to the fair of 1906.—Thief River Press.

Flaming Arc Light.

This new and powerful form of outdoor electric lamp has been well known abroad for several years, but has taken a long time to make its way to this country. The flaming arc is now, however, with us to stay and in use in several larger cities. It looms up from the street like a compressed conflagration, making the ordinary arcs look like blue candles. There is nothing that can equal golden grain belt beer in quality, purity and medicinal properties. To keep up your good health you should serve it at home with meals. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

A Short Story.

A teacher asked a child "Who's son are you?"
Ans: My father's.
Q: What is your father?
A: Dead.
Q: What was he before?
A: Alive.
Q: I mean what was he when alive?
A: He was hump-backed.

For Sale.

Six hives of bees and a spring buggy. Inquire of Mrs. A. Dainard.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

McMURRAY'S VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR
A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

TEACHERS MEET HERE

The Red Lake County Teachers Association Convened in St. Hilaire Yesterday.—Lecture on Mammoth Cave, Kentucky, at Imperial Hall Last Night.—Meeting Closes Today.

The teachers of the county met in St. Hilaire yesterday. The attendance was not so large as usual but the program given was excellent.

Prof. Robertson, of the Experimental farm at Crookston, outlined the work of teaching agriculture in the rural schools. The professor is master of the situation and all those present were very fortunate as the remarks are sure to be profitable and make the rural teachers more appreciated in their work.

The lecture by Supt. McIntyre, of the Crookston schools on Mammoth Cave last evening at Imperial hall was listened to by a very appreciative audience and was thoroughly enjoyed.

The meeting closes this afternoon.

Farm, Stock and Home.

'Tis not always the earliest sown seed that produces the best crops.

Clover is a fertilizer factory that cannot be too warmly supported and encouraged.

See that the collar and every part of the harness fits the horse that is doing hard work for you.

The price of hogs ought to suggest the value of careful treatment of the youngsters upon and after their arrival.

Spare the pastures until they are so firm that the feet of animals will not do them much more harm than the mouth does.

Soil and climate are important factors in farming; but it's the quality of the man behind the plow that finally determines results.

Communion wine has been found to consist of wood alcohol, hard cider and coal-tar dye! When fraud obtains in the eucharist the limit must be reached!

Notice to Clean Up.

Notice is hereby given to the residents and property owners of St. Hilaire that they must before May 5th, 1906, clean up and remove any and all garbage, manure or slops, on the premises owned or occupied by them and also on alleys or thoroughfares adjacent to said property. Said owners or occupants are also required to maintain any and all property which they own or occupy in a thoroughly sanitary condition, also that proprietors of hotels and restaurants keep sufficient barrels in the rear of their places of business in which to deposit all offal and refuse, and contents of which shall be deposited on the dumping grounds at least once in each week.

Any person failing to comply with this order will be promptly prosecuted according to law.

By order of the village council.
A. F. Blomburgh,
Health Officer.

Assessors Discuss Work.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: The annual meeting of the assessors of Red Lake county was held at the office of County Auditor Ford last Thursday and the work of the year was discussed thoroughly. Auditor Ford was elected chairman and Adam Zeh secretary. It was agreed that all property should be assessed at 40 per cent of its value and for the purpose of real estate valuation the towns of the county were made into five classes ranging from $1.50 to $3.00 per acre. The meeting was largely attended, and from appearances the work of assessing will be well done this year.

Not There.

"Judge," said Mrs. Starvem to the magistrate who had recently come to board with her, "I'm particularly anxious to have you try this chicken soup."

"I have tried it," replied the magistrate, "and my decision is that the chicken has proved an alibi."—Philadelphia Press.

Young America's Reply.

"We have a new baby at our house."

"What's his name?"

"I don't know. He didn't bring any card."

Notice of Dissolution.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership existing between Mike Anderson and John Maakrud, doing business under the firm name of Anderson & Maakrud will be dissolved on July 1st, 1906. All accounts due said firm must be paid before July 1, 1906.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., April 17, 1906.
Mike Anderson.
John Maakrud.

Have you weakness of any kind—stomach, back or any organs of the body? Don't dope yourself with ordinary medicine. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is the supreme curative power. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.
Julius Pleth,
tf Plummer, Minn.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
CIGARS
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

CLEARANCE SALE
OF ALL WARM GOODS
25 Per Cent Reduction
on all LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S.........
CLOAKS,
JACKETS
and FURS
E. M. HOFF

DRINK Hamm's
NEW BREW
BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

SAW MILL MACHINERY.

Saw Mills
Gang Edgers
Lumber Trimmers
Lath Machines
Bolting Machines
Shingle Machines
Planer & Matchers
Drag Saws
Wood Saws
Engines
Boilers
Pulleys
Shafting
Boxes
Trucks
Grate Bars
Feed Mills
Horse Powers
We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

WINCHESTER

FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

CALUMET
BAKING POWDER
NOT MADE BY THE TRUST

CALUMET

is the only

HIGH GRADE POWDER

offered to the consumer at a

Moderate Price

MAKES PURE FOOD

Free from Rochelle Salts, Alum or any injurious substance.

Calumet Baking Powder is recommended by leading physicians and chemists.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. Arthur Wright, South St. Paul, Minn., rotary engine; August Anderson, Moorhead, Minn., excavator; George Demo, Newport, Minn., window shade fastening; Edward Firnhaber, Janesville, Minn., animal trap; David Geiger, Barlow, N. D., belt reel; Joseph Kidd, Duluth, Minn., ship construction; Charlie Lundhall, Minneaplois, Minn., rail joint; Rudolph Miller, Wheaton, Minn., draft equalizer.

In the Torture Chamber.

Dentist (prodding a patient's gum in search of a fragment of root)—Funny, I don't seem to feel it.

Patient (ironical in spite of the pain)—You're in luck.

The Young Jack's Joke.

"Yes," said the old mule, "exercise is a good thing. I always believed in it, but not on the towpath."

"Ah," remarked his bright young grandson, with a self-appreciative heehaw, "that was where you drew the line, eh?"

WAS WEAK AND DIZZY

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Restored the Patient to Perfect Health And Strength.

Mrs. Mary Gaguer, of No. 576 South Summer street, Holyoke, Mass., has passed through an experience which proves that some of the greatest blessings of life may lie within easy reach and yet be found only by mere chance. A few years ago while she was employed in the mills she was suddenly seized with dizziness and great weakness. "I was so weak at times," she says, "that I could hardly stand, and my head became so dizzy that it seemed as if the floor was moving around.

"My condition at last became so bad that I was obliged to give up work in the mill, and later still I became so feebly that I could not even attend to me household duties. After the slightest exertion I had to lie down and rest until I regained strength.

"A friend who had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People urged me to try them. I bought a box and began to take them. The benefit was so positive and so quickly evident that I continued to use the pills until I had taken altogether six boxes. By that time I was entirely cured, and for two years I have had no return of my trouble. I am now in the best of health and able to attend to all my duties. I am glad to acknowledge the benefit I received and I hope that my statement may be the means of inducing others who may suffer in this way to try this wonderful medicine."

The secret of the power of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in cases of debility, such as Mrs. Gagner's lies, in the fact that they make new blood, and every organ and even every tiny nerve in the body feels the stir of a new tide of strength.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

A Gentle Hint.

"Ethel," the sweet girl's father called gently from above stairs.

"Yes, father. What is it?"

"Just tell your young man to be careful and not trip over the morning's milk when he goes out."

This Custom Is Now General.

It has now become a general and also a safe rule to demand brands of goods that are well known and have a reputation for quality and responsibility. Nowadays the manufacturers of goods inform consumers of this fact and point out that safety lies in buying the brands that bear their names and trade-marks.

In this respect the Mayer brands of shoes are deserving of special mention. Our readers have no doubt become familiar with these shoes and know of their excellent wearing qualities by actual use. The Mayer factory turns out shoes suitable for every member of the family and for all uses, Sunday shoes and every day shoes, and they are known throughout the broad expanse of our land as the shoes of style and quality.

The "Honorbilt" are very popular line shoes for men and "Western Lady" shoes embody the fit and style demanded by well dressed ladies. For extreme comfort "Martha Washington" shoes are highly recommended. Please bear this in mind when next buying shoes.

Perhaps the longevity of most actors may be due to enforced walking as a means of exercise.

Garfield Tea purifies the blood. Garfield Tea cures sick headaches.

Time devoted to the foundation often saves rebuilding.

IN MINNESOTA.

State News of the Week Briefly Told.

Irwin & O'Brien, loggers of Bemidji, will finish their operations in Minnesota this summer and go to Florida, where they have acquired large areas of pine-land.

At the cathedral of Our Merciful Savior at Faribault, Bishop S. C. Edsall confirmed thirty-seven persons, the largest class ever presented to him.

Prof. Joel E. Childs of Ortonville has received a unanimous election to the superintendency of the schools at Preston. He is a veteran educator and comes from a nine-year term at Ortonville.

Rev. R. Brockmeyer of St. Clement's church, Duluth, was robbed of a small hand satchel containing $107.50 while he was making out a draft in the City National bank. There is no clue to the thief.

The last of the piles for the railroad bridge across the Badger river at Badger were driven and the crew left for Roseau to put in a bridge at that place. As the grade is now complete, the laying of the steel will soon be begun.

D. R. Davis, a farmer, died at Fergus Falls as a result of injuries sustained while cutting timber. He was working in a piece of woods near his home when a tree fell upon him, breaking his leg and otherwise injuring him.

The Congregational church is holding a series of special meetings at Bagley in which Rev. G. S. Rollins, D. D., pastor of the Park Avenue Congregational church of Minneapolis, is assisting. The attendance and interest are good.

The stone crusher just installed at the Jasper quarries at Jasper by J. J. Gehler of Sioux City made its first run. It has a capacity of two tons an hour and it handles the hardest Jasper stone with perfect ease. Fully 500 cars are now broken up ready for the crusher.

Fire in some manner originated under the Wisconsin draw of the Northern Pacific railroad bridge between Rice's Point, Duluth, and Superior, at 2 o'clock the other afternoon. The tugs Medina and Superior arrived before the fire had got much headway and quickly put it out. There is no delay to traffic over the bridge nor to vessels passing through it.

Mr. Henderson, prominent in farming, proposes that the system of drainage for Norman county be revolutionized. Instead of putting in a ditch here at one time and another at another time, he says each township should organize as a drainage district, bond itself for about $50,000 and grade every quarter section. His proposition seems feasible in view of the wet seasons.

Mary Dehling, the seventeen-year daughter of John Dehling, a farmer living near Pine Knoll, was burned so badly that she died seven hours later. She was stirring maple sap which was being boiled down, and the high wind caused the flames to shoot out from under the kettle and ignite her dress. A pond of water was near by, but the girl was so excited that she ran for the house, and before she reached it her clothing had been burned off.

Curtis J. Kelly, aged thirty-two years, a brakema non an iron ore train on the Duluth & Iron Range road, was killed in the switch yards at Two Harbors. In jumping he lost his footing and fell heavily against some cars on the next switch. He was picked up in an unconscious condition and died at the Budd hospital shortly after reaching it. Death was due to several fractures of the skull and internal injuries.

Arthur Wright, a turnkey at the county jail at Bemidji, heard a disturbance in one of the cells at 4:40 in the morning, and, on investigating, found that Andrew Sledge, a prisoner, was attempting to commit suicide by butting out his brains. Sledge had climbed to the top of his cell and was diving headforemost to the floor. The turnkey attempted to restrain the man, but the latter fought desperately and Wright was compelled to go for assistance. During his absence Sledge butted his head against the sides of the cell several times, inflicting five wounds. Finally, with the aid of another turnkey, the prisoner was overpowered and his hands and feet shackled. A physician was called and pronounced the man seriously hurt, but thought he would recover.

A vagrant by the name of McManus was jailed at Little Falls for drunkenness, afterwards being held for trial on a charge of stealing $50, was found dead in his cell at the city lookup, Coroner Chance held a post-mortem examination to discover the cause of the tramp's death, circumstances making it appear possible that he had been slugged by some companions among whom he was found. The examination showed that he came to his death through the failure of a diseased heart, superinduced by excessive alcoholism.

A. E. Haglund and E. L. Didtbrenner, employes of the St. Peter Furniture company of St. Peter, were burned in a peculiar manner. They were repairing a piece of furniture at the factory and had melted up a quantity of bobbit. Water was allowed to come in contact with the broken part, and when the babbit was poured into the journal it exploded, burning both men about their heads.

Carl Sortvet was arrested at Halstad on a charge of seduction with promise to marry and placed under $650 bonds.

SEVEN YEARS OF SUFFERING

Ended at Last Through Using Doan's Kidney Pills.

Mrs. Selina Jones of 200 Main St., Ansonia, Conn., says: "If it had not been for Doan's Kidney Pills I would not be alive to-day. Seven years ago I was so bad with pain in the back, and so weak that I had to keep to my room, and was in bed sometimes six weeks at a spell. Beginning with Doan's Kidney Pills, the kidney weakness was soon corrected, and inside a week all the pain was gone. I was also relieved of all headaches, dizzy spells, soreness and feelings of languor. I strongly recommend Doan's Kidney Pills."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Rather Hard.

"You have come back after another piece of pie?" interrogated the stern woman in the wayside cottage.

"Yes, mum," replied the tall tramp. "I wouldn't have come, but, you see, I have been offered a job down de road."

"A job? What kind of a job is it?"

"Why, splittin' rails, an' I want the piece of pie as a wedge."

It takes a woman to figure out that it is a good deed, when the recording angel will remember, to forget to pay her fare in a crowded street car and put it in the collection plate next Sunday.

Eminent Doctors Praise Its Ingredients.

We refer to that boon to weak, nervous, suffering women known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Dr. John Fyfe one of the Editorial Staff of THE ECLECTIC MEDICAL REVIEW says of Unicorn root (*Helonias Dioica*) which is one of the chief ingredients of the "Favorite Prescription":

"A remedy which invariably acts as a uterine invigorator * * * makes for normal activity of the entire reproductive system." He continues "in Helonias we have a medicament which more fully answers the above purposes *than any other drug with which I am acquainted*. In the treatment of diseases peculiar to women it is seldom that a case is seen which does not present some indication for this remedial agent." Dr. Fyfe further says: "The following are among the leading indications for Helonias (Unicorn root). Pain or aching in the back, with leucorrhœa; atonic (weak) conditions of the reproductive organs of women, mental depression and irritability, associated with chronic diseases of the reproductive organs of women, constant sensation of heat in the region of the kidneys; menorrhagia (flooding), due to a weakened condition of the reproductive system; amenorrhœa (suppressed or absent monthly periods), arising from or accompanying an abnormal condition of the digestive organs and anæmic (thin blood) habit; dragging sensations in the extreme lower part of the abdomen."

If more or less of the above symptoms are present, no invalid woman can do better than take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, one of the leading ingredients of which is Unicorn root, or Helonias, and the medical properties of which it most faithfully represents.

Of Golden Seal root, another prominent ingredient of "Favorite Prescription," Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Medical College, Chicago, says:

"It is an important remedy in disorders of the womb. In all catarrhal conditions * * * and general enfeeblement, it is useful."

Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., late of Cincinnati, says of Golden Seal root:

"In relation to its general effects on the system, *there is no medicine in use about which there is such general unanimity of opinion*. It is *universally* regarded as *the* tonic useful in all debilitated states."

Prof. Bartholow, M. D., of Jefferson Medical College, says of Golden Seal:

"Valuable in uterine hemorrhage, menorrhagia (flooding) and congestive dysmenorrhœa (painful menstruation)."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription faithfully represents all the above named ingredients and cures the diseases for which they are recommended.

Habits of Kings.

The sovereigns of Europe have all their own peculiar habits. For example, King Edward has a way of passing his finger backward and forward under his chin; the German emperor twirls his mustache with energy, while the king of Italy strokes his gently and affectionately; the emperor of Austria combs out his whiskers and the czar frequently passes his hand over the top of his head.

Furnishing the Proof.

"You say your mistress is asleep?"

"Yes, ma'am, and can't be disturbed."

"Come, now, are you sure she is asleep?"

"Of course she is. Can't you hear for yourself? There, now."

And down from the upper region floated a sound that suggested the deep nasal hum of an asthmatic trombone.

"I-Knew-Him-When" Club.

George Ade was talking with a friend the other day when the name of a third man was mentioned.

"Do you know him?" Ade was asked.

"Oh, yes," replied the author. "He belongs to the 'I-knew-him-when' club."

"What club is that?" the friend asked.

"Oh, those are the fellows back home who talk about me and say, 'Why, I knew him when he was working around here and you'd never think he was going to amount to anything.' It has a big membership."

FOUND OUT.

A Trained Nurse Discovered Its Effect.

No one is in better position to know the value of food and drink than a trained nurse.

Speaking of coffee a nurse of Wilkesbarre, Pa., writes: "I used to drink strong coffee myself and suffered greatly from headaches and indigestion. While on a visit to my brothers I had a good chance to try Postum Food Coffee, for they drank it altogether in place of ordinary coffee. In two weeks after using Postum, I found I was much benefited and finally my headaches disappeared and also the indigestion.

"Naturally, I have since used Postum among my patients, and have noticed a marked benefit where coffee has been left off and Postum used.

"I observe a curious fact about Postum used among mothers. It greatly helps the flow of milk in cases where coffee is inclined to dry it up, and where tea causes nervousness.

"I find trouble in getting servants to make Postum properly. They most always serve it before it has been boiled long enough. It should be boiled 15 or 20 minutes and served with cream, when it is certainly a delicious beverage."

"There's a reason" for Postum.

Congress.

Resume of the Week's Proceedings.

Thursday.

Washington, April 27.—In the senate yesterday Mr. Spooner spoke for three hours on the railroad rate bill and then gave notice that he would continue his remarks to-day.

The bill making an appropriation of $300,000 for the employment of extra labor at the Mare Island (California) navy yard was passed.

The agricultural appropriation bill aghin furnished discussion in the house yesterday although but few references were made to the bill.

Under the latitude of general debate the leaders on the Republican side began "medicine making" for the approaching congressional campaign, Mr. Hepburn (Iowa) predicting that tariff revision and protection will furnish the main issue of the campaign.

Friday.

Washington, April 28.—The tariff debate which was precipitated upon the house Thursday through the speeches of Mr. Boutell (Ill.) and Mr. Hepburn (Iowa) was further continued yesterday by Mr. Williams (Miss.), the minority leader. For two hours Mr. Williams stood the fire of the Republicans, presenting the Democratic doctrine of a tariff for revenue only.

The house passed an emergency appropriation bill carrying $170,000 for the benefit of the sufferers at San Francisco and the employment of laborers at Mare Island navy yard.

Three hundred and fifteen pension bills were passed. An agreement was reached to conclude general debate on the agricultural appropriation bill to-day at 3:30 o'clock.

In concluding yesterday his two days' speech on the railroad rate bill Mr. Spooner took cognizance of the charge of misquotation against himself which he said had been made in connection with Mr. Bailey's speech though not in the speech and quoted at length from his previous remarks to show that the criticism had been without foundation.

All the private pension bills on the calendar were passed.

Saturday.

Washington, April 30.—The senate Saturday passed the Indian appropriation bill. Several hours were devoted to spirited debate on the question of removing the restrictions from the allotted lands of the Choctaws, Cherokees, Chickasaws, Creeks and Seminoles, except full-bloods. An amendment was offered and amended to suit those who favored it. A point of order was made against the provision and sustained by the vice president.

Mr. Williams, the minority leader of the house, concluded his speech begun Friday, occupying the floor for two hours.

Monday.

Washington, May 1. — The senate will begin voting on the amendments to the railroad rate bill on Friday, May 4. An agreement to that effect was reached yesterday, but it proved impossible so to extend the understanding as to have it include the fixing of a date for taking a final vote on the bill as a whole. The general impression among senators is that the final vote will be reached within a week from the time of the beginning of the consideration of amendments.

Yesterday was both a field day and a "seed" day in the house, the major portion of the legislative session being given over to the consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill and incident thereto the free distribution of seeds which the bill does not provide for but which many members desire to be restored to the bill.

Tuesday.

Washington, May 2.—The proceedings in the senate yesterday included an extended discussion of the railroad rate bill by Mr. Daniel, an explanation of the status of the appropriation for the relief of the earthquake sufferers of California, and a controversy among several senators as to the propriety of adopting without referring to a committee a resolution tendering the thanks of congress to Gen. Horace Porter for his services in rescuing the body of John Paul Jones from their long lost resting place in Paris. In the last mentioned proceeding Mr. Aldrich opposed action by the senate in advance of committee consideration and succeeded in having the measure referred to the committee on foreign relations.

By a vote of 153 to 59 the house yesterday decided to continue the free distribution of garden and flower seeds.

Fatally Stabbed.

Muscatine, Iowa, May 3. — In a drunken row between Italian laborers working on the Rock Island extension, and inmates of a houseboat, Walter Kiefner was stabbed by an Italian. Kiefner is in the hospital and will die. The Italian made his escape. A posse is scouring the country for him.

Floater in Chicago River.

Chicago, April 28.—The body of a man found floating in the Chicago river was identified yesterday as that of Frank Atterbury, forty-four years old. Atterbury's parents who are said to be wealthy, reside in London.

Welldigger Is Killed.

Velva, N. D., April 28.—Jay Tomlinson of this place, a welldigger, while cleaning out a well on the Stafford place about ten miles southwest of this village, fell to the bottom and was killed.

Homes for Homeless Chinks.

Honolulu, April 28.—Local Chinese are agitating a plan to bring their homeless countrymen in San Francisco here. The proposition is suggested in view of the labor shortage in the islands. They have filed a petition with the acting governor, asking him to assist such a plan.

Robbers Get $117,500.

Tiflis, April 28.—A band of robbers in the guise of soldiers robbed the treasury at Dushet, near Tiflis, yesterday of $117,500.

Doctor Brigham Says

MANY PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

The wonderful power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound over the diseases of womankind is not because it is a stimulant, not because it is a palliative, but simply because it is the most wonderful tonic and reconstructor ever discovered to act directly upon the generative organs, positively curing disease and restoring health and vigor.

Marvelous cures are reported from all parts of the country by women who have been cured, trained nurses who have witnessed cures and physicians who have recognized the virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and are fair enough to give credit where it is due.

If physicians dared to be frank and open, hundreds of them would acknowledge that they constantly prescribe Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in severe cases of female ills, as they know by experience it can be relied upon to effect a cure. The following letter proves it.

Dr. S. C. Brigham, of 4 Brigham Park, Fitchburg, Mass., writes:

"It gives me great pleasure to say that I have found Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound very efficacious, and often prescribe it in my practice for female difficulties.

"My oldest daughter found it very beneficial for a female trouble some time ago, and my youngest daughter is now taking it for a female weakness, and is surely gaining in health and strength.

"I freely advocate it as a most reliable specific in all diseases to which women are subject, and give it honest endorsement."

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, bloating (or flatulency), weakness of organs, displacements, inflammation or ulceration, can be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. If advice is needed write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. She is daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years has been advising sick women free of charge. No other living person has had the benefit of a wider experience in treating female ills. She has guided thousands to health. Every suffering woman should ask for and follow her advice if she wants to be strong and well.

Helping Him On.

"Now, for my part," said Mr. Timmid, tentatively, "I wouldn't dare think of marrying—"

"Why not?" eagerly interrupted Miss Anna Teeck.

"Because I haven't any money."

"But," she suggested, helpfully, "couldn't you get somebody to lend you a little?"

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

An Improvement.

"Chicago is to have a bank that will run night and day."

"Good. Too often it is the Chicago banker who does the running."

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for **FREE $2.00** trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Harry's Advantage.

Pearl—Helen married? Why, she told me that she wouldn't accept the best man that walks.

Ruby—Well, Harry don't have to walk. He owns an automobile.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Visitor—What is Col. Bourbon swearing about so furiously this morning?

Louisville Man—Oh, this is the day when he has to pay his water tax.

Garfield Tea, the herb laxative, is mild, effective, health-giving—a faultless preparation. It cures constipation.

One Recommendation.

St. Vitus was speaking of the celebrated dance that had been named in his honor.

"To be sure," he said, "it isn't graceful. You can't call it the poetry of motion. But it has one good point—it can be performed without music."

Reflecting, however, that some one might suggest Songs Without Words as an appropriate accompaniment for the dance, he hastened to change the subject.

A Sure Sign.

Col. Charles W. Larned, professor of drawing at West Point, stood in the sunshine under an elm.

"The spring is rather backward, sir," said a cadet.

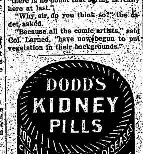
"Oh, no," said Col. Larned.

"The daffodils, the crocusses and violets are very backward, sir," the cadet insisted, respectfully.

"Nevertheless," said Col. Larned, "there is no doubt that spring is really here at last."

"Why, sir, do you think so?" the cadet asked.

"Because all the comic artists," said Col. Larned, "have now begun to put vegetation in their backgrounds."



In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE. A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package, FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

No Doubt.

She—"If it weren't for my money where would you be?"

He—"Probably a bachelor."

Garfield Tea is Nature's remedy for liver and kidney diseases.

Explaining It.

"Senator Tillman breaks out and says the railroads are all robbers."

"He talks like a man who has been up against a sleeping car porter."

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Dead Game.

Gunner—They say, despite their lethargicness, the people of Philadelphia are dead game sports.

Guyer—I should say they are deadgame sports. They still play ping-pong.

How He Knew.

Wedderly—That milliner of yours must be a bird.

Mrs. Wedderly—Nonsense! She has neither wings nor feathers.

Wedderly—Yes, but just look at this bill of hers.

AWFUL SUFFERING.

From Dreadful Pains from Wound on Foot—System All Run Down—Miraculous Cure by Cuticura.

"Words cannot speak highly enough for the Cuticura Remedies. I am now seventy-two years of age. My system had been all run down. My blood was so bad that blood poisoning had set in. I had several doctors attending me, so finally I went to the hospital where I was laid up for two months. My foot and ankle were almost beyond recognition. Dark blood flowed out of wounds in many places and I was so disheartened that I thought surely my last chance was slowly leaving me. As the foot did not improve, you can readily imagine how I felt. I was simply disgusted and tired of life. I stood this pain, which was dreadful, for six months, and during this time I was not able to wear a shoe and not able to work. Some one spoke to me about Cuticura. The consequences were I bought a set of the Cuticura Remedies of one of my friends who was a druggist, and the praise that I gave after the second application is beyond description; it seemed a miracle for the Cuticura Remedies took effect immediately. I washed the foot with the Cuticura Soap before applying the Ointment and I took the Resolvent at the same time. After two weeks' treatment my foot was healed completely. People who had seen my foot during my illness and who have seen it since the cure, can hardly believe their own eyes. Robert Schoenhauer, Newburg, N. Y. August 21, 1905."

Success is propelled by energy, not by wishes.

THE BEST COUGH CURE

When offered something else instead of

Kemp's Balsam

stop and consider. Am I **sure** to get something as good as this **best** cough cure?

If not **sure**, what good reason is there for for taking chances in a matter that may have a direct bearing on my own or my family's health?"

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

HOLD UP!
and consider

THE FISH BRAND POMMEL SLICKER
TOWER'S FISH BRAND
TOWER CANADIAN CO. LIMITED TORONTO, CAN.
A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS. U.S.A.

LIKE ALL TOWER'S WATERPROOF CLOTHING. Is made of the best materials, in black or yellow fully guaranteed and sold by reliable dealers everywhere. STICK TO THE SIGN OF THE FISH

TWENTY-FIVE BUSHELS OF WHEAT TO THE ACRE

FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Means a productive capacity in dollars of over $16 per acre.

This on land which has cost the farmer nothing but the price of tilling it, tells its own story.

The Canadian Government gives absolutely free to every settler 160 acres of such land.

Lands adjoining can be purchased at from $6 to $10 per acre from railroad and other corporations.

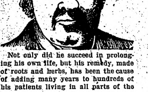
Already 175,000 farmers from the United States have made their homes in Canada.

For pamphlet "Twentieth Century Canada" and all information apply to Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to following authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota. (Mention this paper.)

N. W. N. U. —NO. 18— 1906.

This Man Lived 104 Years.

Dr. Yernest, the celebrated Swedish physician and scientist, proved by his long life that he had re-discovered the secret remedy by which the ancients prolonged their lives. This doctor was killed by an accidental fall from his horse at the age of 104 years.



Not only did he succeed in prolonging his own life, but his remedy, made of roots and herbs, has been the cause of adding many years to hundreds of his patients living in all parts of the world.

By removing disease germs from the blood it has an action that affects the entire system.

In the South and in malaria districts it has proven a great remedy for the cure and prevention of fevers.

It enables the stomach to assimilate and digest food perfectly, thereby restoring vitality and strength to both body and mind.

It is nature's remedy for constipation, rheumatism, backache and catarrh.

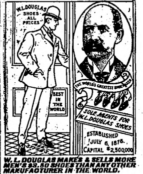
If you doubt this, you can test its curative virtue for yourself at absolutely no expense.

Send your name and address, describing your ailment, to M. R. Zaegel & Co., 160 Main Street, Sheboygan, Wis., and they will mail you free in plain wrapper, securely sealed, a trial bottle of the genuine Swedish Essence of Life that will restore your health and add many years to your life. As it is free now, do not fail to write today.

ZAEGEL'S SWEDISH ESSENCE A LIFE PRESERVER

TRADE MARK REGISTERED.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN
W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.


W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
ESTABLISHED JULY 6, 1876.
CAPITAL $2,500,000

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES & SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

If I could take you into my three large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you the infinite care with which every pair of shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom. *Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.* Write for Illustrated Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

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Paxtine

Toilet Antiseptic

Whitens the teeth—purifies mouth and breath—cures nasal catarrh, sore throat, sore eyes, and by direct application cures all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions caused by feminine ills.

Paxtine possesses extraordinary cleansing, healing and germicidal qualities unlike anything else. At all druggists. 50 cents

LARGE TRIAL PACKAGE FREE

The R. Paxton Co., Boston, Mass

when eggs are highest are the reward of the sensible poultry keeper who uses SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER the poultry tonic that for forty years has given results. One pack. 25 cents; Two-lb. can $1.20; six $5. Express paid. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Big Interest On Your Money

All profits paid in dividends. Others have made one hundred per cent. in same business. Sure income for life—and valuable legacy for family. Real estate deeded to Philadelphia trust company for protection of investors. Beautifully illustrated booklet and paper free. Write at once. I. L. and D. Co., Dept A, 725 Drexel Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

Minneapolis ESTABLISHED 1879. WOODWARD & CO. GRAIN COMMISSION. Orders for future delivery executed in all markets. Duluth

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MAY 12, 1906. NUMBER 43.

EXPOSES CRIMES OF THE OIL TRUST

PRESIDENT GRILLS THE OCTOPUS IN SPECIAL MESSAGE TO CONGRESS.

BRAZEN VIOLATION OF LAW

GROSS FAVORITISM OF RAILROADS ENRICHES POWERFUL MONOPOLY.

Washington, May 6. — President Roosevelt yesterday transmitted to congress the report of James R. Garfield, commissioner of corporations, giving the results of his investigation of transportation and freight rates in connection with the oil industry.

The president expresses the view that the report is of capital importance because of the effort now being made to secure such enlargement of the scope of the interstate commerce commission as will confer upon it power to meet the demonstrated needs of the situation. The facts in the report, he declares, are for the most part not disputed.

Trust Profits Enormously.

That the Standard Oil company has benefited enormously, up almost to the present moment, by secret rates, many of which were clearly unlawful, the president says the report clearly shows, the benefit thereby secured amounting to at least three-quarters of a million a year. On this subject he says:

"This three-quarters of a million annually represents the profit that the Standard Oil company obtains at the expense of the railroads; but, of course, the ultimate result is that it obtains a much larger profit at the expense of the public.

Corrected When Caught.

"A very striking result of the investigation has been that shortly after the discovery of these secret rates by the commissioner of corporations, the major portion of them were promptly corrected by the railroads, so that most of them have now been done away with. This immediate correction, partial or complete, of the evil of the secret rates, is, of course, on the one hand an acknowledgment that they were wrong and yet were persevered in until exposed; and on the other hand a proof of the efficiency of the work that has been done by the bureau of corporations."

Prepares to Prosecute.

The statement is added that the department of justice will take up the question of instituting prosecutions in at least certain of the cases, and the hope is expressed that congress will enact into law the bill of Senator Knox to correct the interpretation of the immunity provision rendered in Judge Humphrey's decision. Continuing, the president says:

"But in addition to these secret rates the Standard Oil profits immensely by open rates, which are so arranged as to give it an overwhelming advantage over its independent competitors."

Gross Favoritism Enriches.

It is not possible, he says, to put into figures the exact amount by which the Standard profits through the gross favoritism shown it by the railroads in connection with the open rates.

"The profit, of course, comes not merely by the saving in the rate itself as compared with its competitors, but by the higher prices it is able to charge by the complete control of the market it secures, thereby getting the profit on the whole consumption."

The president calls attention to that feature of the report regarding the manner in which the law is evaded by treating as state commerce what in reality is merely a part of interstate commerce.

Thwarts the Law.

He says it is clearly shown "that this device is employed on the New York Central railroad, as well as on many other railroads, in such fashion as to amount to thwarting the purpose of the law, although the forms of the law may be complied with."

It is unfortunately not true, he says, that the Standard Oil company is the only corporation which has benefited and is benefitting in wholly improper fashion by an elaborate series of rate discriminations.

The sugar trust, he adds, according to the investigation now in progress, rarely if ever pays the lawful rate for transportation.

He favors as an element of competition the passage of some such law as that which has already passed the house, putting alcohol used in the arts on the free list and of keeping the fee to oil and coal lands of the Indian tribes or on the public domain in the government, the lands to be leased only on such terms and for such periods as will enable the government to entirely control them.

GARFIELD UNEARTHS CRIMES.

Trust Profits Enormously Through Illegal Rebating.

Taking up the output of refined oil, Mr. Garfield finds that it amounts to about 26,000,000 barrels annually, of which the Standard Oil company directly and indirectly controls about 23,000,000 barrels and approximately the same proportion of the other finished products of petroleum. Continuing, the report says:

Obtained by Unfair Methods.

The Standard claims that the location of its refineries and the use of pipe lines are natural advantages to which it is justly entitled by reason of the energy and foresight of its managers. While in a measure this is true, it must not be forgotten that these advantages were in part obtained by means of unfair competitive methods after years of fierce industrial strife.

"The development of the pipe line system by the Standard Oil company was the result of special agreements with railroad companies.

Monopolistic Control.

"Furthermore, those so-called natural advantages have been and are being greatly increased by discrimination in freight rates, both published and secret, interstate and state, which give the standard monopolistic control in the greater portion of the country, and which so limit competition as to practically prevent the extension of the business of any independent to a point which even remotely endangers the supremacy of the Standard.

JAMES RUDOLPH GARFIELD.
Commissioner of Corporations.

Exorbitant Profits.

"An immediate result of this delimitation of the competitive area is shown by the prices of ordinary illuminating oil throughout the country. After deducting the freight rate the price of such oil is usually from 2 to 5 cents a gallon higher in the non-competitive than in the competitive fields. A reasonable profit upon refined oil is about one-half a cent per gallon. It is clear that exorbitant profits are obtained in the non-competitive fields. This monopolistic control extends from the well of the producer to the doorstep of the consumer."

Nails a Lie.

Mr. Garfield cites the fact that only the New York Central Railroad company refused for itself and affiliated lines to give access to records of state rates.

At the beginning of the investigation, he says, "the Standard Oil company denied that it had obtained in recent years, or is now obtaining, any rebate or other transportation discrimination, and yet a careful review of the facts and the explanations leads to the conclusion that the Standard Oil company has habitually received from the railroads, and is now receiving, secret rates and other unjust and illegal discriminations."

Save $750,000 a Year.

In 1904 these secret rates saved to the Standard Oil company three-quarters of a million dollars, representing the difference between the open rates and the rates actually paid.

"These discriminations," he says, "have been so long continued, so secret, so ingeniously applied to new conditions of trade and so large in amount as to make it certain that they were due to concerted action by the Standard and the railroads."

Unjust Discriminations.

He says further, that the Standard Oil company is receiving unjust discriminations in the matter of open rates, the published rates from the leading Standard shipping points being relatively much lower than rates from the shipping points of its competitors

Mr. Garfield then refers to seven instances of important discriminations in favor of the Standard Oil company in various parts of the country, and says that most of the secret rates and some of the open discriminations discovered by the bureau were abolished by the railroads shortly after such discovery.

After calling attention to the good which already has resulted from the investigation, Mr. Garfield says that the changes effected have put the independents upon a fairer footing and make competition possible in territories heretofore inaccessable.

GAS IGNITED IN TUNNEL.

Eight Men Are Found Unconscious as Result of Explosion.

New York, May 4. — Eight unconscious men were taken out of the McAdoo tunnel under the Hudson river, connecting Jersey City and Manhattan island, yesterday, after an explosion in the depth of the tunnel. Five of them were removed to hospitals in Jersey City, and four were not expected to recover. The explosion was supposed to have been caused by gas.

KILL UNMUZZLED DOGS.

Oakes Girl Is Bitten and Strict Order Follows.

Oakes, N. D., May 4.—The five-year-old daughter of O. H. Grogen was bitten by a dog yesterday and is now in a serious condition from the effects of fright and of the wound she received. When the mayor heard of the affair he called a special meeting of the city council and an order was issued directing that all unmuzzled dogs found on the streets should be shot.

VETERAN EDITOR CALLED BY DEATH

JOSEPH A. WHEELOCK, EDITOR OF THE PIONEER PRESS, PASSES AWAY.

HAD NATIONAL REPUTATION

ADVOCATE OF EVERY CAUSE IN WHICH HONOR AND HIGH PURPOSE PLAYED PART.

St. Paul, May 10. — Joseph Albert Wheelock, the veteran editor of the Pioneer Press, died at his home, 241 Summit avenue, at 8 o'clock yesterday morning.

Mr. Wheelock's reputation as a journalist was national and he will have a place in the memory with such editors as Greeley, Dana, Bennett and Bowles, with whom he was contemporaneous.

Trip Too Fatiguing.

Mr. and Mrs. Wheelock returned Monday from Redlands, Cal., where they spent the winter, owing to Mr. Wheelock's ill health. During the winter Mr. Wheelock enjoyed better health than was usual with him for the three years he wintered in California.

But the high altitudes reached on the trip across the mountains seriously affected his heart action, due to the bronchial trouble, from which Mr. Wheelock had suffered for years, and when he arrived in St. Paul his condition was alarming to members of his family.

His condition grew worse Monday afternoon, and Tuesday morning the physicians began giving him oxygen. No improvement was noted, and yesterday morning when the nurse attempted to give him the oxygen he was unable to take it, dying in a short time.

Death a Shock to City.

Mr. Wheelock's death was not entirely unexpected to members of his family and to the personal friends who knew of his long fight against a weakening constitution, but the news was a shock to those who supposed that the winter seasons in California were giving him permanent relief. When the word was passed around town and in the homes of the city that Mr. Wheelock was dead, many were the expressions of sorrow. The people of St. Paul, and particularly the older generation, felt each an individual loss in the passing away of the man who for half a century had been among the foremost in promoting St. Paul, Minnesota and the Northwest.

City's Token of Respect.

Mayor Smith early in the day issued a proclamation calling public attention to Mr. Wheelock's death and directing that all city offices be closed at the time of the funeral. The flag on the city hall was lowered to half-mast. A special meeting of the common council was called for this afternoon for the purpose of passing appropriate resolutions concerning Mr. Wheelock's life work and services for the city.

The board of park commissioners, of which Mr. Wheelock was president, held a special meeting, and on motion of William Hamm, a committee was appointed to draft resolutions of sympathy and condolence.

One Key Note in Sorrow.

There was one key note in the expressions as the news of the death of Joseph A. Wheelock spread yesterday, and that was the loss to the city, the state and the Northwest. There was a personal grief in the comments of the men who have grown old with Mr. Wheelock in the region they have helped develop; they miss an old friend. The younger generation, who are enjoying the structure reared on the foundation the pioneers laid, appreciated more the ripe judgment of Mr. Wheelock's later years. Men in public life recognized in Mr. Wheelock a force always for the public good. Many knew only of his public work and they were impressed by the power of his intellect, his clear reasoning, his sound judgment, and his force of expression, or his devoted work for the St. Paul park system. But many, who knew him personally, were impressed as much by the man as by his work; they saw in him the traits that endeared him to all that came in personal contact with him.

Wielded Great Influence.

Joseph A. Wheelock was a striking personality, a character of great force, and, what is more rare, of great breadth and integrity. In proportion to the influence he wielded, the meager obituary of names and dates will come to the reader with suggestive force. He was identified with many movements; he was an advocate of every cause in which honor and high purpose played a part, but his relation was always such that, while he stamped the mark of his character upon it, the praise and plaudits fell upon men whose leadership he supported.

Man of High Ideals.

He was one of the few old-time editors whose personality is recent years has been identified with his work in the public mind.

By all who knew him it has been said that his influence was always used to attain the highest ends and aims. He was a man who did not care for the accumulation of wealth. He had neither the faculty nor taste for it. His aims and his interests took him out of the sphere of money-getting. He was a publicist. The personal, the selfish element of his nature was subordinated to his larger desire for public good. As a result his obituary, as far as tangible facts go, is meager. In the consideration of influences it is unbounded.

Half a Century of Work.

Mr. Wheelock was born at Bridgetown, Nova Scotia, Feb. 8, 1831. He was educated at the Sackville academy, coming to St. Paul in 1850. He was state commissioner of statistics under Gov. Ramsey 1860-61, and postmaster under President Grant, 1871-75.

Mr. Wheelock's first newspaper work was in 1855 or the year following, when he was employed to conduct a real estate paper in St. Paul. He founded the St. Paul Press in 1861, since which time he was connected with the Press and its successor, the Pioneer Press, until his death.

Father of Park System.

Mr. Wheelock was appointed a member of the park board in 1893. He had taken a lively interest in park development for St. Paul from the very start, and when he was placed on the board Mr. Wheelock became the leading spirit, at least so far as developing the parks and parkways are concerned. At the time of his death Mr. Wheelock was president of the board, a position which he held from the time of his appointment until his death.

Mr. Wheelock was married in May, 1861, to Miss Kate French at Concord, N. H. He is survived by Mrs. Wheelock and three children, Webster Wheelock, associate editor of the Pioneer Press, and Katrina and Ellen Wheelock.

TRIBUTES OF THE PRESS.

Twin City Papers Eulogize the Dead Editor.

Minneapolis Journal: "He used his best judgment and his highest sense of public duty in his comments upon public affairs. He built up a solid foundation of experience; he withstood public clamor; he endured obloquy and waited often for time to justify his course. He and his paper survived attacks because on the whole they deserved to survive.

"He lived almost unknown to the community he molded, but all of us who live in Minnesota to-day are living under certain laws and adhering to certain customs because in the very early days of Minnesota he stirred public sentiment powerfully in certain directions. In this sense, living and dead, Joseph A. Wheelock is a large factor in present and future of his adopted state."

St. Paul Dispatch: "To his profession he brought a pen of exceptional virility, a diction copious and rich, a style clear and forceful. Of all his contemporaries during the days of his strength, he stood in the foremost ranks. It is high but not undeserved estimate to place him with Godkin and Dana and Greeley, among the great editors of the nation. Their fame was greater only because they worked and wrote in the political and financial focus of the nation, but out of this unknown West his voice carried even into that center and made Minnesota known there. He was one of the nation's great editors."

FORTY ARE HURT IN WRECK.

Southern Pacific Limited Piled Up at Edenvale.

San Jose, Cal., May 10.—A serious wreck occurred at Edenvale, seven miles south of this city, early yesterday, when the Southern Pacific overland limited, westbound, running fifty miles an hour, was ditched. A tramp was killed and thirty or forty passengers, mostly Chinese, were injured.

The accident was due to a truck under a car behind the baggage car jumping the track and striking the switch. The engine, tender, combination baggage and a mail car were piled in a heap.

PROBE UNCLE SAM.

House Orders Investigation of the Department of Agriculture.

Washington, May 10.—The agricultural department is to be investigated. The house yesterday by vote empowered the committee on expenditures in the agricultural department, of which Representative Littlefield of Maine is chairman, to conduct such an examination. Mr. Williams of Mississippi, the minority leader, said that this investigation was a step in the right direction, and he hoped the other committees of the house dealing with expenditures in the several departments would follow suit.

CLERK TOOK $100,000.

Makes Full Confession and Is Lodged in Jail.

Philadelphia, May 10.—Charged with having embezzled upwards of $100,000 from his employers, Edwin S. Greenfield, head clerk of the banking and brokerage firm of Harrison, Snyder & Son, was arrested here yesterday and in default of $10,000 bail was sent to the county jail.

Greenfield has made a full confession and is doing every thing possible to assist the firm in straightening out its tangled books.

Barges Sink in Storm.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 10.—In the storm which passed over Lake Erie Tuesday night and continued early yesterday, the barges Iron Queen and Algeria went down, and with the latter her captain, Martin Ehnen, and George Walton, an engineman, were drowned.

RADICALS WILL KEEP THE PEACE

GREAT DAY OF RUSSIA'S NEW BIRTH WILL NOT BE MARRED BY DISORDER.

COUNT WITTE DOWN AND OUT

FORMER PREMIER'S NAME LEFT OFF LIST OF COUNCIL OF THE EMPIRE.

St. Petersburg, May 10.—The fear that some unfortunate event might occur to-day to make the solemnity of the great day of Russia's new birth was largely dissipated last night when members of the radical revolutionary parties of St. Petersburg issued an announcement disclaiming any intention of attempting demonstrations and calling upon their fellows to refrain from displaying red flags or singing the "marseillaire," and to avoid all conduct that might tend to a conflict with the police.

A terroristic attempt is the only thing that is now to be feared. But the police measures have been so well taken that such a crime is confidently considered impossible.

Reading for Great Event.

The flash of oars on the Neva where sailors of the imperial guard were practicing for the debarkation of Emperor Nicholas and the members of the imperial family from their yachts to-day, blare of bands, the parading of soldiery and countless police, marked the final stage of the preparations for the opening of the national parliament and the first meeting in centuries of the emperor of Russia and elected representative of his people.

Populace Is Aroused.

The importance of the event is in the air. The population of the capital, for once aroused from the apathy in which it has lain during the long, dreary months of the war and the drearier days of revolution and repression which followed, observed a semi-holiday. Little attention was paid to business. Caucuses and conferences of political leaders and court officials were held continuously and the commoners thronged the quays and squares and the vicinity of the Tauride palace, from which place, however, they will be kept back today.

Witte Down and Out.

The most sensational news of the day was contained in the announcement of the names of the appointive members of the council of the empire in which list Count Witte is conspicuously absent. No explanation is obtainable but that the mission of the former premier's name would seem to indicate either an open slight on the part of the emperor, or a determination on Count Witte's part to withdraw fro mpublic affairs.

In either case there is a complete break in the relations between the monarch and the statesman whose monument is the national parliament, the laws for the creation, of which were elaborated under his supervision.

It is understood that Count Witte will leave immediately for a foreign country.

CHAIN GANG STRIKE.

Prisoners Refuse to Work Till Given Ration of Tobacco.

Washington, Pa., May 10.—Twenty county jail prisoners, composing the squad used in cleaning public streets, went on a strike which lasted until they were supplied with their daily allowance of tobacco. Heretofore the county commissioners had supplied the prisoners with tobacco, but an order was issued that no more be furnished. The sheriff appealed to the commissioners, who rescinded the order.

BARGE SUBMERGED.

Evidences of a Wreck Off the Ontario Coast.

Detroit, Mich., May 10. — A News special from Colchester, Ont., says the M. C. Wilcox of Vermillion, Ohio, lies sunk there, a quarter of a mile from shore. The decks are under water, but there are evidences that the crew escaped. The wreck was apparently an old schooner, bound up with coal. Thus far it has been impossible to get particulars, but the vessel foundered some time during the night.

Revolt in the Congo.

Brussels, May 10.—A passenger on the Congo steamer Ville de Bruzelles, which has arrived, states that seventy Hopoki chiefs have been arrested on the charge of murdering Mrs. Love. There is a revolt in N'Doruma, and the Bastien mission has been attacked several times.

NICARAGUA OFFICIAL SLAIN.

Minister at Washington Receives New by Cable.

Washington, May 10.—Mr. Corea, the Nicaraguan minister here, yesterday received a cablegram stating that Aldolfo Altamirano, the Nicaraguan minister for foreign affairs, has been assassinated. The state department to-day received a dispatch from Mr. Bailey, the American charge at San Jose, Costa Rica, confirming the report of the assassination, but giving no details.

Officially Confirmed.

The Washington correspondent hastily called up the cabinet officer by telephone.

"Pardon me for disturbing you, Mr. Blank," he said, "but will you please tell me whether or not the rumor that is in circulation as to your retirement is true?"

"Yes, sir," answered the cabinet officer. "It is. I was just about to retire when you called me. Good night."

THE WHITE PAINT OF THE WHITE HOUSE.

The White House at Washington, which has been the "King's Palace" of the American people since it was first occupied by President Madison in 1809, has recently undergone a thorough course of remodeling, renovation and repair. Every American citizen is owner of an undivided eighty or eighty-five millionth part of the White House, as well as of the other Public Buildings and Monuments in the Capitol City. An item in the renovation of the remodeled White House was repainting. Every visitor to Washington knows why the White House is so called—because it is literally a "white house." The exterior paint must therefore be white. Now while the pure white surfaces and simple lines of the White House, set in the midst of green lawns and beautiful trees, produce a very satisfying effect of dignified simplicity, white paint from a practical point of view, is about the most unsatisfactory kind of paint that could have been selected by the original designers. First, because any white paint is easily discolored by smoke and dust, and second, because ordinary white paint itself gradually turns gray or brownish yellow from exposure.

But white the White House is and white it must remain or it would no longer be the "White House." So the renovators, making the best of a discouraging situation, sought for the best kind of white paint procurable. The average citizen if asked to guess what kind of paint they finally decided on would probably answer—"white lead and oil," but he would guess wrongly. The paint selected as the best obtainable was a ready mixed paint, such as can be bought in any well furnished village store, such as is used by more than half of the eighty or eighty-five million owners of the White House on their own homes. That one brand of mixed paint was used instead of another is a mere accidental detail—there are fifty or a hundred brands on the market that might have been selected in other circumstances, and in fact, a different brand was used in painting the Capitol.

Every property owner, therefore, who paints his house with a high grade ready-mixed paint is following the example set by the Government Authorities at Washington, who used ready-mixed paint; because they could find nothing else as good.

Facts in the Case.

First Stranger—Do you consider marriage a failure?

Second Stranger—I have found it so.

First Stranger—How long have you been married?

Second Stranger—I have never been up against the matrimonial game at all. I proposed to five different girls, but they all handed me the frigid mitt.

A Close Shave.

A little girl asked her mother if there were any men in heaven.

"Mamma," she said, "I never saw a picture of a nangel with a beard or a mustache. Do men ever go to heaven?"

"Oh, yes," replied her mother, "men go to heaven, but it's always by a close shave."

WILL FIGHT BIG OIL OCTOPUS.

Independents Prepare to Invade North Dakota.

The threatened invasion of this territory by the independent oil companies is causing much discussion. The unpopularity of the Rockefeller output and the reduced rates granted by the railroads on shipments in less than carload lots is thought to make this field a desirable one for the men anxious to buck the big octopus. Representatives of three independent concerns have been here and one is said to have secured a site and sidetrack privileges from the Great Northern.

REPAIRING BRAIN.

A Certain Way by Food.

Every minister, lawyer, journalist, physician, author or business man is forced under pressure of modern conditions to the active and sometimes overactive use of the brain.

Analysis of the excreta thrown out by the pores shows that brain work breaks down the phosphate of potash, separating it from its heavier companion, albumen, and plain common sense teaches that this elemental principle must be introduced into the body anew each day, if we would replace the loss and rebuild the brain tissue.

We know that the phosphate of potash, as presented in certain field grains, has an affinity for albumen and that is the only way gray matter in the brain can be built. It will not answer to take the crude phosphate of potash of the drug shop, for nature rejects it. The elementary mineral must be presented through food directly from nature's laboratory.

These facts have been made use of in the manufacture of Grape-Nuts, and any brain worker can prove the value of the proper selection of food by making free use of Grape-Nuts for ten days or two weeks. Sold by grocers everywhere (and in immense quantities). Manufactured by the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

TO PAY LOSSES IMMEDIATELY

INSURANCE COMPANIES' WELCOME NEWS FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

GREAT RELIEF FOR THE CITY

ALSO MAKE CONCESSIONS THAT WILL HASTEN THE WORK OF REBUILDING.

San Francisco, May 10.—Financial interest yesterday centered in an announcement from the insurance companies that in the immediate future they will begin to pay losses. It is believed that most of the money will be put into general circulation and thus relieve the city as no other means could.

This news was welcome, not only to the policyholders but also to the banks. The announcement was official to the extent that it was given to the subcommittee of the citizens general committee and reported at the general committee's daily meeting.

Save All They Can.

The insurance interests also made the concession that salvage operations may be proceeded with.

Policyholders may save anything they can find without fear of risking the loss of their claims for insurance.

To great extent the work of demolishing walls and clearing away debris has ben postponed because of the doubt regarding the attitude the insurance companies would take, and the work of contracting and wrecking companies has been deferred awaiting such a definite statement as that made by the companies yesterday.

Fix Scale of Wages.

At the meeting of the reconstruction committee a resolution was adopted declaring that the wages for public and private employment at ordinary and unskilled labor shall be $2.50 for nine hours. This rate has been fixed by the building trades council.

"Employers, pay your men something at least daily, so that they may be able to pay for their meals," was the request made by Gen. Greeley.

"We are establishing 15-cent kitchens and if the men can have their wages promptly it will greatly assist the work of relief. Yesterday's applications for relief show a decrease of 10,000."

CONGRESS.

Senate Does Rapid Work on the Railroad Rate Bill.

Washington, May 10.—The senate spent the greater part of the day again in the consideration of the question of divorcing the production of coal and other commodities from their transportation and closed that branch of its work by adopting a modified provision.

When the senate adjourned there was a general feeling that the rapid work of the latter part of the session presages the early final disposition of the bill.

After spending the greater part of the day discussing it, the house yesterday passed an amendment authorizing the secretary of the navy to go into the open market to purchase anchors, chains and cordage, should it be demonstrated that those articles can be purchased cheaper than they can be made at government navy yards.

JOE LEITER SUSPENDED.

Chicago Board of Trade Takes Action on Complaints of Trader.

Chicago, May 10.—Announcement was made yesterday that Joseph Leiter, who carried on a spectacular "corner" in wheat eight years ago, has been suspended from the Chicago Board of Trade. Leiter's suspension, it is said, followed complaints from a trader, that a bill for $8,000 for services rendered during the wheat "corner" is still unpaid. Mr. Leiter does not seem to care much about his suspension. "I never go there anyway," he said last night.

He admitted that there are four or five old accounts that have not been settled, but declared they will be paid as soon as his creditors become "reasonable."

GOLD STRUCK IN MAN'S WELL.

Michigan Blacksmith, Formerly of Wisconsin, Strikes Precious Metal.

Marshall, Mich., May 10.—John McNames, a poor blacksmith, formerly of Bark Falls, Wis., while digging a well at the rear of his residence, struck a bright, yellowish mineral in the soil six feet below the surface. Chemical tests reveal that the mineral unquestionably is gold. Excitement in the neighborhood is intense.

MUST PULL DOWN FENCES.

Federal Court Gives Order to Twenty-five Cattlemen.

Omaha, May 10.—By an order issued by Judge Munger twenty-five cattlemen are given five days in which to remove their unlawful fences from the government domain, after which Marshal Warner is ordered to pull them down and destroy them at the expense of the cattlemen. The cattlemen also are permanently enjoined from constructing fences upon the public domain.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

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"This three-quarters of a million annually represents the profit that the Standard Oil company obtains at the expense of the railroads; but, of course, the ultimate result is that it obtains a much larger profit at the expense of the public.

Corrected When Caught.

"A very striking result of the investigation has been that shortly after the discovery of these secret rates by the commissioner of corporations, the major portion of them were promptly corrected by the railroads, so that most of them have now been done away with. This immediate correction, partial or complete, of the evil of the secret rates, is, of course, on the one hand an acknowledgment that they were wrong and yet were persevered in until exposed; and on the other hand a proof of the efficiency of the work that has been done by the bureau of corporations."

Prepares to Prosecute.

The statement is added that the department of justice will take up the question of instituting prosecutions in at least certain of the cases, and the hope is expressed that congress will enact into law the bill of Senator Knox to correct the interpretation of the immunity provision rendered in Judge Humphrey's decision. Continuing, the president says:

"But in addition to these secret rates the Standard Oil profits immensely by open rates, which are so arranged as to give it an overwhelming advantage over its independent competitors."

Gross Favoritism Enriches.

It is not possible, he says, to put into figures the exact amount by which the Standard profits through the gross favoritism shown it by the railroads in connection with the open rates.

"The profit, of course, comes not merely by the saving in the rate itself as compared with its competitors, but by the higher prices it is able to charge by the complete control of the market it secures, thereby getting the profit on the whole consumption."

The president calls attention to that feature of the report regarding the manner in which the law is evaded by treating as state commerce what in reality is merely a part of interstate commerce.

Thwarts the Law.

He says it is clearly shown "that this device is employed on the New York Central railroad, as well as on many other railroads, in such fashion as to amount to thwarting the purpose of the law, although the forms of the law may be complied with."

It is unfortunately not true, he says, that the Standard Oil company is the only corporation which has benefited and is benefitting in wholly improper fashion by an elaborate series of rate discriminations.

The sugar trust, he adds, according to the investigation now in progress, rarely if ever pays the lawful rate for transportation.

He favors as an element of competition the passage of some such law as that which has already passed the house, putting alcohol used in the arts on the free list and of keeping the fee to oil and coal lands of the Indian tribes or on the public domain in the government, the lands to be leased only on such terms and for such periods as will enable the government to entirely control them.

GARFIELD UNEARTHS CRIMES.

Trust Profits Enormously Through Illegal Rebating.

Taking up the output of refined oil, Mr. Garfield finds that it amounts to about 26,000,000 barrels annually, of which the Standard Oil company directly and indirectly controls about 23,000,000 barrels and approximately the same proportion of the other finished products of petroleum. Continuing, the report says:

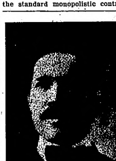
Obtained by Unfair Methods.

The Standard claims that the location of its refineries and the use of pipe lines are natural advantages to which it is justly entitled by reason of the energy and foresight of its managers. While in a measure this is true, it must not be forgotten that these advantages were in part obtained by means of unfair competitive methods after years of fierce industrial strife.

"The development of the pipe line system by the Standard Oil company was the result of special agreements with railroad companies.

Monopolistic Control.

"Furthermore, those so-called natural advantages have been and are being greatly increased by discrimination in freight rates, both published and secret, interstate and state, which give the standard monopolistic control in the greater portion of the country, and which so limit competition as to practically prevent the extension of the business of any independent to a point which even remotely endangers the supremacy of the Standard.



JAMES RUDOLPH GARFIELD.
Commissioner of Corporations.

Exorbitant Profits.

"An immediate result of this delimitation of the competitive area is shown by the prices of ordinary illuminating oil throughout the country. After deducting the freight rate the price of such oil is usually from 2 to 5 cents a gallon higher in the non-competitive than in the competitive fields. A reasonable profit upon refined oil is about one-half a cent per gallon. It is clear that exorbitant profits are obtained in the non-competitive fields. This monopolistic control extends from the well of the producer to the doorstep of the consumer."

Nails a Lie.

Mr. Garfield cites the fact that only the New York Central Railroad company refused for itself and affiliated lines to give access to records of state rates.

At the beginning of the investigation, he says, "the Standard Oil company denied that it had obtained in recent years, or is now obtaining, any rebate or other transportation discrimination, and yet a careful review of the facts and the explanations leads to the conclusion that the Standard Oil company has habitually received from the railroads, and is now receiving, secret rates and other unjust and illegal discriminations."

Save $750,000 a Year.

In 1904 these secret rates saved to the Standard Oil company three-quarters of a million dollars, representing the difference between the open rates and the rates actually paid.

"These discriminations," he says, "have been so long continued, so secret, so ingeniously applied to new conditions of trade and so large in amount as to make it certain that they were due to concerted action by the Standard and the railroads."

Unjust Discriminations.

He says further, that the Standard Oil company is receiving unjust discriminations in the matter of open rates, the published rates from the leading Standard shipping points being relatively much lower than rates from the shipping points of its competitors

Mr. Garfield then refers to seven instances of important discriminations in favor of the Standard Oil company in various parts of the country, and says that most of the secret rates and some of the open discriminations discovered by the bureau were abolished by the railroads shortly after such discovery.

After calling attention to the good which already has resulted from the investigation, Mr. Garfield says that the changes effected have put the independents upon a fairer footing and make competition possible in territories heretofore inaccessable.

GAS IGNITED IN TUNNEL.

Eight Men Are Found Unconscious as Result of Explosion.

New York, May 4. — Eight unconscious men were taken out of the McAdoo tunnel under the Hudson river, connecting Jersey City and Manhattan island, yesterday, after an explosion in the depth of the tunnel. Five of them were removed to hospitals in Jersey City, and four were not expected to recover. The explosion was supposed to have been caused by gas.

KILL UNMUZZLED DOGS.

Oakes Girl Is Bitten and Strict Order Follows.

Oakes, N. D., May 4.—The five-year-old daughter of O. H. Grogen was bitten by a dog yesterday and is now in a serious condition from the effects of fright and of the wound she received. When the mayor heard of the affair he called a special meeting of the city council and an order was issued directing that all unmuzzled dogs found on the streets should be shot.

VETERAN EDITOR CALLED BY DEATH

JOSEPH A. WHEELOCK, EDITOR OF THE PIONEER PRESS, PASSES AWAY.

HAD NATIONAL REPUTATION

ADVOCATE OF EVERY CAUSE IN WHICH HONOR AND HIGH PURPOSE PLAYED PART.

St. Paul, May 10. — Joseph Albert Wheelock, the veteran editor of the Pioneer Press, died at his home, 241 Summit avenue, at 8 o'clock yesterday morning.

Mr. Wheelock's reputation as a journalist was national and he will have a place in the memory with such editors as Greeley, Dana, Bennett and Bowles, with whom he was contemporaneous.

Trip Too Fatiguing.

Mr. and Mrs. Wheelock returned Monday from Redlands, Cal., where they spent the winter, owing to Mr. Wheelock's ill health. During the winter Mr. Wheelock enjoyed better health than was usual with him for the three years he wintered in California.

But the high altitudes reached on the trip across the mountains seriously affected his heart action, due to the bronchial trouble, from which Mr. Wheelock had suffered for years, and when he arrived in St. Paul his condition was alarming to members of his family.

His condition grew worse Monday afternoon, and Tuesday morning the physicians began giving him oxygen. No improvement was noted, and yesterday morning when the nurse attempted to give him the oxygen he was unable to take it, dying in a short time.

Death a Shock to City.

Mr. Wheelock's death was not entirely unexpected to members of his family and to the personal friends who knew of his long fight against a weakening constitution, but the news was a shock to those who supposed that the winter seasons in California were giving him permanent relief. When the word was passed around town and in the homes of the city that Mr. Wheelock was dead, many were the expressions of sorrow. The people of St. Paul, and particularly the older generation, felt each an individual loss in the passing away of the man who for half a century had been among the foremost in promoting St. Paul, Minnesota and the Northwest.

City's Token of Respect.

Mayor Smith early in the day issued a proclamation calling public attention to Mr. Wheelock's death and directing that all city offices be closed at the time of the funeral. The flag on the city hall was lowered to half-mast. A special meeting of the common council was called for this afternoon for the purpose of passing appropriate resolutions concerning Mr. Wheelock's life work and services for the city.

The board of park commissioners, of which Mr. Wheelock was president, held a special meeting, and on motion of William Hamm, a committee was appointed to draft resolutions of sympathy and condolence.

One Key Note in Sorrow.

There was one key note in the expressions as the news of the death of Joseph A. Wheelock spread yesterday, and that was the loss to the city, the state and the Northwest. There was a personal grief in the comments of the men who have grown old with Mr. Wheelock in the region they have helped develop; they miss an old friend. The younger generation, who are enjoying the structure reared on the foundation the pioneers laid, appreciated more the ripe judgment of Mr. Wheelock's later years. Men in public life recognized in Mr. Wheelock a force always for the public good. Many knew only of his public work and they were impressed by the power of his intellect, his clear reasoning, his sound judgment, and his force of expression, or his devoted work for the St. Paul park system. But many, who knew him personally, were impressed as much by the man as by his work; they saw in him the traits that endeared him to all that came in personal contact with him.

Wielded Great Influence.

Joseph A. Wheelock was a striking personality, a character of great force, and, what is more rare, of great breadth and integrity. In proportion to the influence he wielded, the meager obituary of names and dates will come to the reader with suggestive force. He was identified with many movements; he was an advocate of every cause in which honor and high purpose played a part, but his relation was always such that, while he stamped the mark of his character upon it, the praise and plaudits fell upon men whose leadership he supported.

Man of High Ideals.

He was one of the few old-time editors whose personality is recent years has been identified with his work in the public mind.

By all who knew him it has been said that his influence was always used to attain the highest ends and aims. He was a man who did not care for the accumulation of wealth. He had neither the faculty nor taste for it. His aims and his interests took him out of the sphere of money-getting. He was a publicist. The personal, the selfish element of his nature was subordinated to his larger desire for public good. As a result his obituary, as far as tangible facts go, is meager. In the consideration of influences it is unbounded.

Half a Century of Work.

Mr. Wheelock was born at Bridgetown, Nova Scotia, Feb. 8, 1831. He was educated at the Sackville academy, coming to St. Paul in 1850. He was state commissioner of statistics under Gov. Ramsey, 1860-61, and postmaster under President Grant, 1871-75.

Mr. Wheelock's first newspaper work was in 1855 or the year following, when he was employed to conduct a real estate paper in St. Paul. He founded the St. Paul Press in 1861, since which time he was connected with the Press and its successor, the Pioneer Press, until his death.

Father of Park System.

Mr. Wheelock was appointed a member of the park board in 1893. He had taken a lively interest in park development for St. Paul from the very start, and when he was placed on the board Mr. Wheelock became the leading spirit, at least so far as developing the parks and parkways are concerned. At the time of his death Mr. Wheelock was president of the board, a position which he held from the time of his appointment until his death.

Mr. Wheelock was married in May, 1861, to Miss Kate French at Concord, N. H. He is survived by Mrs. Wheelock and three children, Webster Wheelock, associate editor of the Pioneer Press, and Katrina and Ellen Wheelock.

TRIBUTES OF THE PRESS.

Twin City Papers Eulogize the Dead Editor.

Minneapolis Journal: "He used his best judgment and his highest sense of public duty in his comments upon public affairs. He built up a solid foundation of experience;; he withstood public clamors; he endured obloquy and waited often for time to justify his course. He and his paper survived attacks because on the whole they deserved to survive.

"He lived almost unknown to the community he molded, but all of us who live in Minnesota to-day are living under certain laws and adhering to certain customs because in the very early days of Minnesota he stirred public sentiment powerfully in certain directions. In this sense, living and dead, Joseph A. Wheelock is a large factor in present and future of his adopted state."

St. Paul Dispatch: "To his profession he brought a pen of exceptional virility, a diction copious and rich, a style clear and forceful. Of all his contemporaries during the days of his strength, he stood in the foremost ranks. It is high but not undeserved estimate to place him with Godkin and Dana and Greeley, among the great editors of the nation. Their fame was greater only because they worked and wrote in the political and financial focus of the nation, but out of this unknown West his voice carried even into that center and made Minnesota known there. He was one of the nation's great editors."

FORTY ARE HURT IN WRECK.

Southern Pacific Limited Piled Up at Edenvale.

San Jose, Cal., May 10.—A serious wreck occurred at Edenvale, seven miles south of this city, early yesterday, when the Southern Pacific overland limited, westbound, running fifty miles an hour, was ditched. A tramp was killed and thirty or forty passengers, mostly Chinese, were injured.

The accident was due to a truck under a car behind the baggage car jumping the track and striking the switch. The engine, tender, combination baggage and a mail car were piled in a heap.

PROBE UNCLE SAM.

House Orders Investigation of the Department of Agriculture.

Washington, May 10.—The agricultural department is to be investigated. The house yesterday by vote empowered the committee on expenditures in the agricultural department, of which Representative Littlefield of Maine is chairman, to conduct such an examination. Mr. Williams of Mississippi, the minority leader, said that this investigation was a step in the right direction, and he hoped the other committees of the house dealing with expenditures in the several departments would follow suit.

CLERK TOOK $100,000.

Makes Full Confession and Is Lodged in Jail.

Philadelphia, May 10.—Charged with having embezzled upwards of $100,000 from his employers, Edwin S. Greenfield, head clerk of the banking and brokerage firm of Harrison, Snyder & Son, was arrested here yesterday and in default of $10,000 bail was sent to the county jail.

Greenfield has made a full confession and is loing every thing possible to assist the firm in straightening out its tangled books.

Barges Sink in Storm.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 10.—In the storm which passed over Lake Erie Tuesday night and continued early yesterday, the barges Iron Queen and Algeria went down, and with the latter her captain, Martin Elnen, and George Walton, an engineman, were drowned.

RADICALS WILL KEEP THE PEACE

GREAT DAY OF RUSSIA'S NEW BIRTH WILL NOT BE MARRED BY DISORDER.

COUNT WITTE DOWN AND OUT

FORMER PREMIER'S NAME LEFT OFF LIST OF COUNCIL OF THE EMPIRE.

St. Petersburg, May 10.—The fear that some unfortunate event might occur to-day to make the solemnity of the great day of Russia's new birth was largely dissipated last night when members of the radical revolutionary parties of St. Petersburg issued an announcement disclaiming any intention of attempting demonstrations and calling upon their fellows to refrain from displaying red flags or singing the "marseillaire," and to avoid all conduct that might tend to a conflict with the police.

A terroristic attempt is the only thing that is now to be feared. But the police measures have been so well taken that such a crime is confidently considered impossible.

Reading for Great Event.

The flash of oars on the Neva where sailors of the imperial guard were practicing for the debarkation of Emperor Nicholas and the members of the imperial family from their yachts to-day, blare of bands, the parading of soldiery and countless police, marked the final stage of the preparations for the opening of the national parliament and the first meeting in centuries of the emperor of Russia and elected representative of his people.

Populace Is Aroused.

The importance of the event is in the air. The population of the capital, for once aroused from the apathy in which it has lain during the long, dreary months of the war and the drearier days of revolution and repression which followed, observed a semi-holiday. Little attention was paid to business. Caucuses and conferences of political leaders and court o cluis were held continuously and the commoners thronged the quays and squares and the vicinity of the Tauride palace, from which place, however, they will be kept back today.

Witte Down and Out.

The most sensational news of the day was contained in the announcement of the names of the appointive members of the council of the empire in which list Count Witte is conspicuously absent. No explanation is obtainable but that the mission of the former premier's name would seem to indicate either an open slight on the part of the emperor, or a determination on Count Witte's part to withdraw fro mpublic affairs.

In either case there is a complete break in the relations between the monarch and the statesman whose monument is the national parliament, the laws for the creation of which were elaborated under his supervision.

It is understood that Count Witte will leave immediately for a foreign country.

CHAIN GANG STRIKE.

Prisoners Refuse to Work Till Given Ration of Tobacco.

Washington, Pa., May 10.—Twenty county jail prisoners, composing the squad used in cleaning public streets, went on a strike which lasted until they were supplied with their daily allowance of tobacco. Heretofore the county commissioners had supplied the prisoners with tobacco, but an order was issued that no more be furnished. The sheriff appealed to the commissioners, who rescinded the order.

BARGE SUBMERGED.

Evidences of a Wreck Off the Ontario Coast.

Detroit, Mich., May 10. — A News special from Colchester, Ont., says the M. C. Wilcox of Vermillion, Ohio, lies sunk there, a quarter of a mile from shore. The decks are under water, but there are evidences that the crew escaped. The wreck was apparently an old schooner, bound up with coal. Thus far it has been impossible to get particulars, but the vessel foundered some time during the night.

Revolt in the Congo.

Brussels, May 10.—A passenger on the Congo steamer Ville de Bruzelles, which has arrived, states that seventy Hopoki chiefs have been arrested on the charge of murdering Mrs. Love. There is a revolt in N'Doruma, and the Bastien mission has been attacked several times.

NICARAGUA OFFICIAL SLAIN.

Minister at Washington Receives New by Cable.

Washington, May 10.—Mr. Corea, the Nicaraguan minister here, yesterday received a cablegram stating that Aldolfo Altamirano, the Nicaraguan minister for foreign affairs, has been assassinated. The state department to-day received a dispatch from Mr. Bailey, the American charge at San Jose, Costa Rica, confirming the report of the assassination, but giving no details.

Officially Confirmed.

The Washington correspondent hastily called up the cabinet officer by telephone.

"Pardon me for disturbing you, Mr. Blank," he said, "but will you please tell me whether or not the rumor that is in circulation as to your retirement is true?"

"Yes, sir," answered the cabinet officer. "It is. I was just about to retire when you called me. Good night."

THE WHITE PAINT OF THE WHITE HOUSE.

The White House at Washington, which has been the "King's Palace" of the American people since it was first occupied by President Madison in 1809, has recently undergone a thorough course of remodeling, renovation and repair. Every American citizen is owner of an undivided eighty or eighty-five millionth part of the White House, as well as of the other Public Buildings and Monuments in the Capitol City. An item in the renovation of the remodeled White House was repainting. Every visitor to Washington knows why the White House is so called—because it is literally a "white house." The exterior paint must therefore be white. Now while the pure white surfaces and simple lines of the White House, set in the midst of green lawns and beautiful trees, produce a very satisfying effect of dignified simplicity, white paint from a practical point of view, is about the most unsatisfactory kind of paint that could have been selected by the original designers. First, because any white paint is easily discolored by smoke and dust, and second, because ordinary white paint itself gradually turns gray or brownish yellow from exposure.

But white the White House is and white it must remain or it would no longer be the "White House." So the renovators, making the best of a discouraging situation, sought for the best kind of white paint procurable. The average citizen if asked to guess what kind of paint they finally decided on would probably answer—"white lead and oil," but he would guess wrongly. The paint selected as the best obtainable was a ready mixed paint, such as can be bought in any well furnished village store, such as is used by more than half of the eighty or eighty-five million owners of the White House on their own homes. That one brand of mixed paint was used instead of another is a mere accidental detail—there are fifty or a hundred brands on the market that might have been selected in other circumstances, and in fact, a different brand was used in painting the Capitol.

Every property owner, therefore, who paints his house with a high grade ready-mixed paint is following the example set by the Government Authorities at Washington, who used ready-mixed paint, because they could find nothing else as good.

Facts in the Case.

First Stranger—Do you consider marriage a failure?

Second Stranger—I have found it so.

First Stranger—How long have you been married?

Second Stranger—I have never been up against the matrimonial game at all. I proposed to five different girls, but they all handed me the frigid mitt.

A Close Shave.

A little girl asked her mother if there were any men in heaven.

"Mamma," she said, "I never saw a picture of a nangel with a beard or a mustache. Do men ever go to heaven?"

"Oh, yes," replied her mother, "men go to heaven, but it's always by a close shave."

WILL FIGHT BIG OIL OCTOPUS.

Independents Prepare to Invade North Dakota.

The threatened invasion of this territory by the independent oil companies is causing much discussion. The unpopularity of the Rockefeller output and the reduced rates granted by the railroads on shipments in less than carload lots is thought to make this field a desirable one for the men anxious to buck the big octopus. Representatives of three independent concerns have been here and one is said to have secured a site and sidetrack privileges from the Great Northern.

REPAIRING BRAIN.

A Certain Way by Food.

Every minister, lawyer, journalist, physician, author or business man is forced under pressure of modern conditions to the active and sometimes overactive use of the brain.

Analysis of the excreta thrown out by the pores shows that brain work breaks down the phosphate of potash, separating it from its heavier companion, albumen, and plain common sense teaches that this elemental principle must be introduced into the body anew each day, if we would replace the loss and rebuild the brain tissue.

We know that the phosphate of potash, as presented in certain field grains, has an affinity for albumen and that is the only way gray matter in the brain can be built. It will not answer to take the crude phosphate of potash of the drug shop, for nature rejects it. The elementary mineral must be presented through food directly from nature's laboratory.

These facts have been made use of in the manufacture of Grape-Nuts, and any brain worker can prove the value of the proper selection of food by making free use of Grape-Nuts for ten days or two weeks. Sold by grocers everywhere (and in immense quantities). Manufactured by the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

TO PAY LOSSES IMMEDIATELY

INSURANCE COMPANIES' WELCOME NEWS FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

GREAT RELIEF FOR THE CITY

ALSO MAKE CONCESSIONS THAT WILL HASTEN THE WORK OF REBUILDING.

San Francisco, May 10.—Financial interest yesterday centered in an announcement from the insurance companies that in the immediate future they will begin to pay losses. It is believed that most of the money will be put into general circulation and thus relieve the city as no other means could.

This news was welcome, not only to the policyholders but also to the banks. The announcement was official to the extent that it was given to the subcommittee of the citizens general committee and reported at the general committee's daily meeting.

Save All They Can.

The insurance interests also made the concession that salvage operations may be proceeded with.

Policyholders may save anything they can find without fear of risking the loss of their claims for insurance.

To great extent the work of demolishing walls and clearing away debris has ben postponed because of the doubt regarding the attitude the insurance companies would take, and the work of contracting and wrecking companies has been deferred awaiting such a definite statement as that made by the companies yesterday.

Fix Scale of Wages.

At the meeting of the reconstruction committee a resolution was adopted declaring that the wages for public and private employment at ordinary and unskilled labor shall be $2.50 for nine hours. This rate has been fixed by the building trades council.

"Employers, pay your men something at least daily, so that they may be able to pay for their meals," was the request made by Gen. Greeley.

"We are establishing 15-cent kitchens and if the men can have their wages promptly it will greatly assist the work of relief. Yesterday's applications for relief show a decrease of 10,600."

CONGRESS.

Senate Does Rapid Work on the Railroad Rate Bill.

Washington, May 10.—The senate spent the greater part of the day again in the consideration of the question of divorcing the production of coal and other commodities from their transportation and closed that branch of its work by adopting a modified provision.

When the senate adjourned there was a general feeling that the rapid work of the latter part of the session presages the early final disposition of the bill.

After spending the greater part of the day discussing it, the house yesterday passed an amendment authorizing the secretary of the navy to go into the open market to purchase anchors, chains and cordage, should it be demonstrated that those articles can be purchased cheaper than they can be made at government navy yards.

JOE LEITER SUSPENDED.

Chicago Board of Trade Takes Action on Complaints of Trader.

Chicago, May 10.—Announcement was made yesterday that Joseph Leiter, who carried on a spectacular "corner" in wheat eight years ago, has been suspended from the Chicago Board of Trade. Leiter's suspension, it is said, followed complaints from a trader, that a bill for $8,000 for services rendered during the wheat "corner" is still unpaid. Mr. Leiter does not seem to care much about his suspension. "I never go there anyway," he said last night.

He admitted that there are four or five old accounts that have not been settled, but declared they will be paid as soon as his creditors become "reasonable."

GOLD STRUCK IN MAN'S WELL.

Michigan Blacksmith, Formerly of Wisconsin, Strikes Precious Metal.

Marshall, Mich., May 10.—John McNames, a poor blacksmith, formerly of Bark Falls, Wis., while digging a well at the rear of his residence, struck a bright, yellowish mineral in the soil six feet below the surface. Chemical tests reveal that the mineral unquestionably is gold. Excitement in the neighborhood is intense.

MUST PULL DOWN FENCES.

Federal Court Gives Order to Twenty-five Cattlemen.

Omaha, May 10.—By an order issued by Judge Munger twenty-five cattlemen are given five days in which to remove their unlawful fences from the government domain, after which Marshal Warner is ordered to pull them down and destroy them at the expense of the cattlemen. The cattlemen also are permanently enjoined from constructing fences upon the public domain.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

GET OUR PRICES

WE SELL

BANK MONEY ORDERS, payable any place in America or Europe.

BANK DRAFTS,

WE ISSUE

TIME CERTIFICATES, and pay libiral interest.

DEMAND CERTIFICATES, payable on demand; and

WE OPEN with you a Check account. Everybody should have one.

Come in and see what we have to sell before you go elsewhere.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF ST. HILAIRE

K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar	Wylie	Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

DON'T FORGET THE NUMBER...

488

WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN

Wines and Liquors

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC

CIGARS.

BEER.

MINNEAPOLIS BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.

A Striking Combination

The Pioneer Press

"Best Newspaper"

THE PARKER LUCKY CURVE

"Greatest Fountain Pen"

The same pen with world wide reputation advertised in leading magazines now given as a premium with the St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Nearly everybody is acquainted with the merits of the PARKER Fountain Pen. It is the best made and never sells at retail for less than $1.50. Take no chances. Send your subscription at once and if you are dissatisfied in any particular money will be refunded at the end of subscription period.

Parker's Lucky Curve Gold Fountain Pen given as follows:

Daily and Sunday Pioneer Press, six mos. and pen	$2.35
Daily Pioneer Press six months and pen	$1.85

THE PIONEER PRESS
St. Paul, Minn.

Find enclosed $________ for which you will send me The ________ Pioneer Press for six months and one Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen.

Name ________

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State ________

R. F. D. No. ________

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"

and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of

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RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE

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TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, May 12, 1906.

Her Claims to Patronage.

When Mrs. Lombard offered to recommend Miss Simpson to her friends as a dressmaker she was honest in her wish to help the little woman, but her efforts bore more evidence of honesty than of tact.

"I wish you would try Dora Simpson," she said earnestly to three of her friends who were calling upon her one day. "She's such a good little body and so unfortunate! Her old customers have dropped off one by one till there's scarcely a person in the neighborhood who employs her now.

"As I often say to my husband," continued Mrs. Lombard, with haste, as she saw signs of inquiry on the faces of her friends, "suppose she doesn't fit very well. That doesn't alter the fact that she has an invalid brother to support and that she tried everything else, from stenography to cooking, and only took up sewing as a last resort and just hates every stitch she takes and always has. Now, do try her, some of you. She's been with me for the last four days making a jacket for my Jim. Dora is just as patient about it as can be, though we've had it all to pieces three times."—Youth's Companion.

The First Man Dressmaker.

The first male celebrity who made his mark as a dressmaker was Rhomberg, the son of a Bavarian peasant from the neighborhood of Munich. One day in the month of May, 1730, a beautiful equipage was seen driving about Paris with an escutcheon in the shape of a corset and an open pair of scissors in the middle painted on the panel of each door. That was Rhomberg's coat of arms, and it told its own tale. He was a genius in his way and owed his success chiefly to his skill in disguising slight deformities and bringing out the most attractive charms of his fair customers. He rapidly made a fortune and left his heirs an annual income of 50,000 francs. Under the first empire and the restoration Leroy supplied the dresses of the ladies of the court and the higher nobility from his splendid mansion in the Rue Richelieu. An effusive encomium was written upon him by Auger, a member of the academy.

Fulminate of Mercury.

A peculiarity of fulminate of mercury is that it produces a shock to which all other substances are sensitive, and its supreme value as an explosive rests in this fact and in the known liability of all explosives to be detonated by more or less distant explosions. There is a current of sympathetic influence in these terrible chemical compositions that is as strange as it is dangerous. What is required to produce explosion is the rapid generation of great heat along with large quantities of oxygen. In gunpowder, for instance, the nitrate of potash (saltpeter), which is the chief ingredient, is practically imprisoned oxygen, and when it is decomposed along with charcoal an immense heat is developed, which causes the gases to expand suddenly; hence explosion.

They Needed the Money.

A freight steamer once came into Mariopol, a port on the sea of Azov, which had among its cargo 100 pieces of machinery numbered "M." from 1 to 100. When the pieces were unloaded it was found that No. 87 was missing, but two pieces numbered 88 showed that there had been an error, the final tally being correct. But the custom officials did not take this view of the matter, the port being in need of funds, so they fined the ship 500 rubles for being short of cargo as per manifest—namely, No. 87—and 1,000 rubles for smuggling, having two pieces numbered 88 when the manifest called for but one.—Caroline Lockhart in Lippincott's Magazine.

The Philosophy of Thunder.

Thunder is caused by the lightning spark heating the air in its path, causing sudden expansion and compression all around, followed by as sudden a rush of air into the partial vacuum thus produced. If the spark be straight and short the clap will be short and sharp; if its path be a long and crooked one a succession of sounds, one after the other, with a characteristic rattle, will be heard, followed by the echoes from other clouds. The echoes have a rolling and rumbling sound.

The Tendon Achilles.

Anatomists fancifully call the big tendon of the heel "tendon Achilles," after the Greek hero. The mythological story goes that his mother, Thetis, holding him by the heel, dipped him in the river Styx to make him invulnerable. But Paris inflicted a wound that proved fatal on the heel that had not been immersed.

A Dangerous Practice.

A.—Is dying the hair as dangerous as the doctors would make it appear?
B.—Certainly! You take my word for it. Only last spring an uncle of mine dyed his hair, and in three weeks he was married to a widow with four children.—Fliegende Blatter.

Overdid It.

"So sorry not to have heard your lecture last night," said the loquacious lady. "I know I missed a treat. Everybody says it was good."

"How did they find out?" asked Mr. Frockcoat. "The lecture, you know was postponed."

The Clever Girl.

Daughter—I don't want to marry just yet. I'd rather stay at school. Mother—You must remember, dear men do not wish clever wives. Daughter—But all men are not like papa.

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is hereby given that on the 11th day of June, 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, I will sell the jobs and let the contracts for digging and constructing the Ditch No. 25 of Red Lake county, established by the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, by their order bearing date May 7, 1906, viz: In one job and contract, or in sections of 100 feet each, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes, as shown by the report of the engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source, containing in all 306 sections.

Also branch ditch No. 1, containing 52 sections; also branch ditch No. 2 containing 34 sections.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of said ditch and branches requires the excavation and removal of 58778 cubic yards of earth, the same to be deposited along the sides of the ditch in spoil banks or so as to form a grade suitable for public traffic, as provided in the report of the engineer, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work as one job, and also for any one or more sections thereof; said work to be completed within the time required, and in the manner specified in said engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent over and above the estimated cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond to be approved by the auditor of said county with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the auditor of said county, for not less than ten Per cent of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated May 10, 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal) County Auditor,
Red Lake county,
m12-26] State of Minnesota.

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Formation of New District.

Whereas, a petition has been filed with the county board of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, signed and acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who reside in the proposed new district herein described, and who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts, and duly verified by the affidavit of one of the residents of said proposed new district, praying for the organization of a new school district out of the territory hereinafter described, to-wit:

All of sections 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 34, 35 and 36, in township 154 north of range 39 west of the 5th principal meridian in said county and state, and the said board of county commissioners have appointed a time and place for a hearing upon said petition as by law required;

Now therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a hearing upon said petition will be had at a meeting of the said board, commencing upon the twenty-ninth day of May, A. D. 1906, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, at which time and place the said county board will hear arguments of all persons interested, for or against the proposed organization of said new school district.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this ninth day of May, A. D. 1906.

By order of the county board
of Red Lake county, Minn.
By JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor and
Ex-officio Clerk of Board.
m12-15]

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Formation of New District.

Whereas, a petition has been filed with the county board of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, signed and acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who reside in the proposed new district herein described, and who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts, and duly verified by the affidavit of one of the residents of said proposed new district, praying for the organization of a new school district out of the territory hereinafter described, to-wit:

All of sections No. 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 34, 35 and 36, in township 153 north, of range 40 west, being the township of Highlanding in said county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, and the said board of county commissioners have appointed a time and place for a hearing upon said petition as by law required;

Now therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a hearing upon said petition will be had at a meeting of the said board, commencing upon the twenty-ninth day of May, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county at which time and place the said county board will hear arguments of all persons interested, for or against the proposed organization of said new school district.

Dated Red Lake Falls, Minn., this ninth day of May, A. D. 1906.

By order of the county board of Red Lake county, Minn.

By JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal) County Auditor and
Ex-officio Clerk of Board.
m12-19

WHEREAS, A petition signed by Siver Halvorson, a freeholder of school district No. 228 in this county, representing that he is the owner of the following described lands, situate in said district, to-wit:

The west half of the northwest quarter and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section 26 in township 151 north of range 42 west of the Fifth principal meridian in Red Lake county, Minn., which said lands adjoin school district No. 214 in said county, and that he desires to be set off with his said lands from said school district No. 228 to said school district No. 214 for the season that he will be nearer to the school house in district No. 214 and will have better roads, has been presented to the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county and asking that his said lands may be set off from said school district No. 228 to said district No. 214; and the said board has appointed a time and place of hearing thereon. Therefore,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN!

That said petition will be heard by said board at a session thereof commencing on the 29th day of May, A. D. 1906, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, at which time and place the board will hear the arguments of all persons interested for or against granting the prayer of the petitioner.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., May 9, 1906.

By order of the board of county commissioners.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal) County Auditor and
Ex-officio Clerk of Board.
m12-19]

WHEREAS, A petition signed by John F. Busse, a freeholder of school district No. 35 in this county, representing that he is the owner of the following described lands, situate in said district, to-wit:

The northeast quarter of the southwest quarter and lots 4 and 5 of section 18, and lot 5 of section 24, in township 152 north of range 42 west of the 5th principal meridian in Red Lake county, Minn., which said lands adjoin school district No. 125 in said county, and that he desires to be set off with his said lands from said school district No. 35 to said school district No. 125 for the reason that he has children to send to school and that the school house is only one mile from his residence, has been presented to the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county and asking that his said lands may be set off from said school district No. 35 to said district No. 125, and the board has appointed a time and place for hearing thereon. Therefore,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That said petition will be heard by the said board at a session thereof commencing on the 29th day of May, A. D. 1906, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at which time and place the said board will hear the arguments of all persons interested for or against granting the prayer of the petitioner.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., May 9, 1906.

By order of the board of county commissioners.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal) County Auditor and
Ex-officio Clerk of Board.
m12-19]

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

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Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.

A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.

GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

Delinquent Notice.

Great Northern Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 21, 1906.

To Hugh R. Spurr,
St. Paul, Minn.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 6018 for the purchase of the following land, viz: W½ NE¼ of section No. 17, in township No. 153 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $280.00 principal, and $85.55 interest, amounting in all to $365.55; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $365.55, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 30, 1906.

To George C. Frisby,
Cedar Falls, Iowa.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 23444 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SW¼ of section No. 19, in township No. 152 N of range No. 45 W, 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $549.00 principal and $146.80 interest, amounting in all to $695.80; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $695.80, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 18, 1906.

To M. L. Severe,
Galt, Iowa.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 21651 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SW¼ of section No. 7, in township No. 151 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $984.00 principal and $308.56 interest, amounting in all to $1292.56; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $1292.56, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 18, 1906.

To E. A. Mills,
Grand Forks, N. D.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 21772 for the purchase of the following land, viz: NW¼ of section No. 7 in township No. 153 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $448.00 principal and $66.20 interest, amounting in all to $514.20; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $514.20, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 21, 1906.

To Hugh R. Spurr,
St. Paul, Minn.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 22083 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SE¼ of section No. 29 in township No. 153 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $560.00 principal and $171.10 interest, amounting in all to $731.10; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $731.10, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 21, 1906.

To Hugh R. Spurr,
St. Paul, Minn.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 22082 for the purchase of the following land, viz: E½ NW¼ and E½ SW¼ of section No. 29 in township No. 153 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $560.00 principal and $171.10 interest, amounting in all to $731.10; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $731.10, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock, Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 21, 1906.

To Hugh R. Spurr,
St. Paul, Minn.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 22081 for the purchase of the following land, viz: NE¼ of section No. 29 in township No. 153 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $560.00 principal and $171.10 interest, amounting in all to $731.10; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $731.10, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department,
St. Paul, Minn., April 21, 1906.

To Hugh R. Spurr,
St. Paul, Minn.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 22076 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SE¼ of section No. 17 in township No. 153 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $560.00 principal and $171.10 interest, amounting in all to $731.10; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $731.10, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 21, 1906.

To Hugh R. Spurr,
St. Paul, Minn.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments of your Land Contract No. 22075 for the purchase of the following land, viz: E½ NE¼ of section No. 17, in township No. 153 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $280.00 principal and $85.55 interest, amounting in all to $365.55; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $365.55, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock, Land Commissioner.

m12-26

McMURRAY'S VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

Board of Health Notice.

In order to improve the general sanitary condition of the village, the Board of Health of the village of St. Hilaire, Minn., have adopted the following rules at the request of the village council:

I.

That owners of or occupants of lots within the village limits be required to remove from their respective premises before the 21st day of May, 1906, all manure, garbage and other refuse matter; manure must also be removed at frequent intervals during the summer months.

II.

That the keeping of hogs within the village limits be prohibited except upon special permission from the Board of Health.

III.

That the carcases of all dead animals such as cattle, dogs, sheep, etc., must be properly buried by the owners.

IV.

That slops and kitchen refuse must not be allowed to accumulate unless suitable receptacles be provided. The board requests every family to provide suitable barrels, convenient to be gotten at by some conveyance.

V.

The board recommends that private wells be thoroughly cleansed in order to remove from them all decaying animal and vegetable matter, and it is also recommended that particular attention be given to cleaning and disinfecting all cellars, as these two are the main sources of all contagious diseases prevalent in this country.

VI.

The annual inspection by the Board of Health will take place May 21, 1906, at which time all premises not found free from garbage, manure or other refuse and all outhouses in an unsanitary condition will be ordered cleaned according to the provisions of the village ordinances.

VII.

Garbage and refuse should be burned, or mixed with a liberal amount of quick-lime or crude carbolic acid (5 per cent) and buried in a pit, or hauled to a suitable dumping ground where it is exposed to the sunlight.

VIII.

Be it further resolved that the above resolutions be published in the St. Hilaire Spectator for two successive weeks.

Dated May 7, 1906, by order of the Board of Health.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH,
Health Officer.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

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Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

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VILLAGE COUNCIL.

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K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D. Patterson	Councilmen
E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F., St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

E. M. Hoff, N. G.

J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 · Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

Carl Johnson, V. C.

J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

Henry Olson, Pres.

Aug. Berglund, Sec.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

H. O. Jackson, president.

H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

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and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
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SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
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Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
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THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

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SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING.
HIGH GRADE.

Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.
STRONGEST GUARANTEE.
National Sewing Machine Co.
BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.

THE LOCAL NEWS

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. John Carlson, Saturday, May 5, a son.

Buy your boys', misses' and children's slippers at M. L. Hanson's.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Remington Wednesday morning, twin boys.

A. O. Davison made a short business trip to Red Lake Falls Thursday evening.

The youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Hoff has been quite ill for the past week.

Anyone wishing engineer's certificate renewed, write Albert St. Mars, Red Lake Falls.

William Zaiser, of Red Lake Falls, was here Wednesday selling the Watkin liniments.

There is only one thing worse than the retailer of gossip, and that is the manufacturer.

A. R. Jones returned to Rollette, N. D., Tuesday after a few days' visit with his family.

Services in the Swedish Mission church next Sunday at 10:30 a.m. L. W. Nordhus, pastor.

Supt. Evans of the Crookston Lumber company made a business trip to Bemidji Thursday.

Miss Ellen Brady was visiting here Saturday between trains with her cousin, Prof. O'Brien.

Carl Johnson, of Crookston, was here last Monday representing the Northwestern Marble Works.

B. O. Rindal and son Bennie, of Equality township, were in town Tuesday transacting business.

Merchants State Bank still has a few recording safes. Get one and save your small change. It pays.

H. H. Zaiser, one of the prominent business men of Red Lake Falls, was here yesterday between trains.

—State Farmers Mut. Hail Ins. Co., Waseca, Minn. Largest cash surplus. Wants responsible agent. Write today.

President Simons of the Merchants State Bank, was up from Red Lake Falls yesterday looking over business matters.

Did you ever see a "split-log drag?" If you did you can make one. Try it, and after it is made see how it works on a road.

J. K. Hannay returned Friday from a two weeks' trip to the Pacific coast where he has been visiting with his three sons.

M. Benson, one of the setters at the mill, took advantage of the breakdown and left Thursday for his home at Grand Forks.

J. P. Gonigam, a prominent land man of Ottawa, Ill., was here last Saturday looking after his real estate interests in this vicinity.

Henry Rondorf, one of Rocksbury's No. 1 farmers, was in town Thursday and reported that he had all his seeding done except a few bushels flax.

Dr. Pleth was here Saturday from Crookston and with Dr. Blomburgh performed a successful operation on Helga Kolland, for appendicites.

A. C. Mayfield came in Monday from his reservation home and went to Red Lake Falls, having some business before the county commissioners.

The many friends of Miss Eva Johnson will be pleased to learn that she is improving rapidly and all her friends will be pleased to see her out again.

A. Bydahl, of Crookston, left last evening for home after spending two days visiting relatives and attending some business matters in this vicinity.

C. C. Larson shipped in a car load of horses from South Dakota the first of the week. He has them for sale on his farm five miles east of St. Hilaire.

Prof. R. B. George, of Chicago, an eminent musician and an extensive traveler in many lands, will give a gospel song service and a short talk on the Holy Land in the United Norwegian Lutheran church, Sunday, May 13, at 8 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

Have you pains in the back, inflammation of any kind, rheumatism, fainting spells, indigestion or constipation? Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea makes you well, keeps you well. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

M. E. Bjerk lost his valuable bird dog "Dick" last Thursday. The current at the log sluice was too strong and after going over the dam made a struggle and that's all.

The mill was shut down Thursday noon, caused by the cylinder head of the steam feed being blown out. The management expect to have the mill running Monday morning.

Otto Zaiser was a business caller in the village Saturday and made a purchase of a team, harness and sleigh from Harold Eickhoff. The goods were shipped to Red Lake Falls Wednesday.

Editor Carr, of Middle River, while at Thief River last week personally inspected the work done by the "split log drag" and on arriving home urged the village council to invest in one or more.

W. A. Arthur drove to Thief River Falls Monday evening to interview the men who are interested in the hotel business in Canada. Our landlord decided that St. Hilaire is good enough for him.

The high school baseball teams of Red Lake Falls and Thief River Falls crossed bats on the latter's diamond last Saturday afternoon. It was a good game in spite of the cold and Thief River won, 3 to 2.

H. D. Pettibone, formerly manager of the sawmill, now a resident of Chicago representing the interests of the Shevlin companies as eastern salesman, was a visitor here Monday looking over the lumber supply.

FOR RENT.—For hay or grazing, in Black River township, 320 acres in section one, adjoining St. Hilaire on the west, with 120 acres in pasture; also 160 acres in section fourteen. Make offers to H. C. L. Stoll, Joliet, Ill. 2

Word was received yesterday from John Fangstrom stating that one horse of his $450 team died on him since he shipped west to Kenmare, N. D. John has been on a land hunting tour but did not find anything worth filing on.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.

JULIUS PLETH,
tf Plummer, Minn.

Ed. Peet, left early yesterday morning for Crookston with one of the lumber company's teams to haul back the necessary repairs to start the mill. The return trip was made during the night. The repairs weighing about twelve hundred pounds.

Ed. L. Healy, of Red Lake Falls, gets a thirty-year franchise from Grand Forks to furnish electricity for heat, light and power purposes. The work of putting in the plant will take several months and will require an expenditure of many thousand dollars.

Prof. R. B. George and company, of Chicago, and a local chorus of 50 voices will give a pleasing up-to-date concert in the United Norwegian Lutheran church, Monday, May 14th, at 8:15 p.m. A good interesting program of high grade music is promised. Admission 25 cents; children 15 cents.

There will be an ice cream and cake social at the M. E. church Wednesday evening under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid. The proceeds of the social go to purchase an International Encyclopedia for the library of Rev. Gilman. All are cordially invited to attend. Cream and cake, 15 cents.

Thief River Falls had a white elephant on their hands in the shape of an artesian well 500 feet deep that refused to give up water at a cost of $3,000. The mayor and council caucused and finally decided to try twenty-five pounds of dynamite which took the elephant off their hands, and now they have water to supply the city.

Saturday afternoon the superintendents of the high schools in the valley consisting of Crookston, East Grand Forks, Warren, Thief River Falls, Red Lake Falls and Fosston held a meeting in the school building here and organized an athletic league. All the plans were not perfected, but enough was done to assure the league to be a success. The first meet will be held in Thief River Falls this spring.

The entire river crew that went up to Thief River Falls last Saturday to bring down a clean rear of logs have returned and are now sorting at the upper gap. The life of a log driver is a hard one, as every morning he is compelled to jump in waist deep and work in water all day. All know how cold it was the past week. The foreman says "jump in—it won't burn you" and the boys jump.

The firemen held their annual meeting Tuesday evening and elected the following officers: Carl Johnson, chief; H. W. Peterson, assistant chief; K. R. Killand, foreman; A. F. Ittner, secretary; B. E. Burkee, treasurer and Dr. Blomburgh, surgeon. The total number of members present at the meeting was nine, showing that several of the members are losing interest in the department. Something should be done to make the meetings more interesting or the boys should themselves take more pride in the organization to attend the meetings.

The many friends of J. J. Kordahl, a former resident of this place, were pained last week to learn of his death at his home in Palmerno, N. D. He was operated on for tubercular peritonitis at the hospital in Crookston some time ago, the operation being a success. His family and himself being desirous for his return home, where he would be surrounded by home comforts, he was allowed to do so. The journey however proved too much of a strain for him under the conditions and after having been at home a few days his death occurred.

THE VILLAGE COUNCIL

At their Meeting Last Monday Evening Granted Permission to the Tri-State Telephone Co. to Run their Lines Through the Village—Other Business Transacted.

Regular meeting of the village council of the Village of St. Hilaire held at the village hall Monday evening, May 8, 1906, at 8 o'clock.

Meeting called to order by President O'Brien.

All members present.

Minutes of last regular and special meetings read and on motion accepted.

Motion made and carried that the road and bridge committee investigate as to the best and cheapest way for the construction of a public cartway to Charley Strom's land.

Motion made, seconded and carried that the village buy four road scrapers.

On motion the petition of Tri-State Telephone and Telegraph Co. for the right to erect and maintain a telegraph and telephone line within and through the village was granted and the following resolution unanimously adopted:

"Whereas, the Tri-State Telephone and Telegraph company has petitioned the village council of St. Hilaire, Minnesota, for the right, privilege and authority to occupy such streets and alleys within and through the said village as may be necessary for the purpose of extending its long distance telephone and telegraph lines.

"Now, Therefore, be it Resolved, that the right, privilege and authority be, and the same is hereby granted to the Tri-State Telephone and Telegraph company, its successors and assigns, to occupy such streets and alleys within and through the village of St. Hilaire as may be necessary, for the purpose of erecting, establishing and maintaining therein the poles, wires and fixtures constituting its long distance telephone and telegraph lines. All poles, wires and fixtures shall be set under the supervision of the common council of St. Hilaire."

The ordinance to grant L. C. Simons privileges to erect and operate a local telephone system in the village was on motion laid on the table until the next adjourned meeting.

Motion made, seconded and carried, that the sidewalk along the north side of block 39 and the east side of blocks 38 and 39, be condemned, as said walk was found to be unsafe as a public walk and in too poor condition to be repaired; and the clerk was instructed to get bids for a cement walk along said blocks and report at the next adjourned meeting.

The following bills were allowed in full:

Crookston Lbr Co, lumber 3 bills	$29 16
C H Remington, marshal salary 4 days	6 75
K R Killand, marshal salary and lumber	43 80
C H Martz, judge of election	2 00
Christ Bjerk, work	2 00
Imperial Drug Co, lamp sup.	3 75
John King, work	4 37
D Patterson, work	13 00
Carl Johnson, judge of election	2 00
White Mfg Co, lamp supplies	13 00

The bill of Imperial Drug Co. for medicine for Melting small pox case was laid on the table.

On motion meeting adjourned to Monday evening, May 14, 1906, at 8 o'clock.

J. B. O'Brien, President.
K. O. Gigstad, Clerk.

Secret of Good Looks.

An English physician, after much careful study, has found out why women are better looking than men. He says that they use their brains so much less than the men do that all the vitality goes to good looks. This doctor is one of the wisest in his land and according to his theory, men could put on a better appearance if they had vitality enough for both work and good looks. We will all admit that a man who has mental and physical power enough to handle his task with ease is always happier, consequently better looking. Here is another case where golden grain belt beer plays an important factor as a promoter. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Norman Hannay Buys a Bank.

An announcement made by the First National Bank of Mt. Vernon, Washington, states that this institution has been sold to N. B. Hannay, N. J. Molbstad and John A. Munch, says the Thief River Falls News. The bank is by no means a small institution, having a capital of $25,000; surplus of $10,000; undivided profits of $4,785.74; deposits of $420,536.51, and does a total business of $472,172.35. Mr. Hannay's many friends in this section are pleased to learn that he is fast becoming one of the solid men of the west.

The R. B. George Concert company gave an entertainment in the Norwegian Lutheran church on Water street Tuesday evening. The church was filled with a large and appreciative audience that was highly delighted with the concert. During the evening Prof. George organized a class in music consisting of thirty members, and from references given, if the pupils here are as apt as at other places where he has given instructions a marked improvement will be noticed in our musical talent.

H. E. Ives and bride arrived home yesterday after a delightful honeymoon spent in the cities. Harry is entertaining his friends since coming home telling how happy he is and how his "hold up friends" in Red Lake Falls were ousted in their attempts to compel him to remain in his apartments on his wedding day, all of which his friends are taking with the traditional grain of salt, as the original story is more sensational than Harry's interpretations.

It pours the oil of life into your system. It warms you up and starts the life blood circulating. That's what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Company.

Republican County Convention.

A republican county convention for the county of Red Lake is hereby called to be held on Wednesday, June 6th, 1906, at one o'clock p. m., in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, for the purpose of electing nine delegates to the republican state convention at Duluth, Minnesota, June 13, 1906, and such other business as may properly come before the convention.

The republican voters of the county, and all other voters, without regard to past political affiliations, who believe in the principles advocated by the republican party and endorse its policies, are cordially invited to participate in the selection of delegates to this convention.

Representation for this convention will be in accordance with the following resolution, adopted at a meeting of the republican county central committee, held in the city of Red Lake Falls on the 17th day of April, 1906:

"Resolved, that the representation of the several precincts shall be based upon the vote cast in the respective precincts at the general election in 1904 for the republican candidate for governor; that each precinct is entitled to one delegate for each fifty (50) votes, or fraction thereof, so determined from the vote for the republican candidate for governor in 1904."

That each precinct is entitled to the following representation in this convention:

That each precinct be allowed in addition thereto, one delegate at large; that each of the following precincts, which were not organized at the general election of 1904, shall be entitled to one delegate at large: Townships of Silverton, Clover Leaf, Goodridge, Smiley, Kratka, Highlanding, Mayfield, Deer Park, and the Village of Plummer.

Black River	2	Wyandotte	2
Bray	2	Village of St. Hilaire	3
Emardville	2	Red Lake Falls City:	
Equality	2	1st ward	2
Garnes	2	2nd ward	2
Gervais	2	3rd ward	2
Lake Pleasant	2	Thief Riv. Falls City:	
Lambert	3	1st ward	4
Louisville	2	2nd ward	2
North	2	3rd ward	3
Norden	2	Silverton	1
Numedal	2	Clover Leaf	1
Polk Center	2	Goodridge	1
Poplar River	3	Smiley	1
Red Lake Falls Tp.	2	Kratka	1
River Falls	2	Highlanding	1
Rocksbury	2	Mayfield	1
Sanders	2	Deer Park	1
Terrebonne	2	Village of Plummer	1

All primary elections in the county for the election of delegates to this convention shall be held at the usual voting places in each precinct on Saturday, June 2nd, 1909, between the hours of 7 and 8 o'clock p. m.

N. M. WATSON, Chairman.
O. F. POST, Secretary.

Some Foolish Facts.

Barnum was a generous man; he gave everybody a show.

Washington's first ride was when he took a hack at the cherry tree.

A prizefight is a striking affair and a cashier's business is a paying one.

The most important needle work in the world has been done by the mariner's compass.

Lovers are like armies; they have no trouble until the engagement begins.

Notice.

Any cattle caught roaming at large on the road north of town or on property owned by persons in that vicinity will be promptly impounded.

M. McANDRESS.

For Sale.

Six hives of bees and a spring buggy. Inquire of Mrs. A. Dainard.

Have you weakness of any kind—stomach, back or any organs of the body? Don't dope yourself with ordinary medicine. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is the supreme curative power. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

IF YOU ARE

looking for a chance to make some money drop into our store and give us an order for GROCERIES.

18 lbs Granulated sugar	$1.00
2 lbs extra quality Coffee	.50
1 lb Anona Tea (nice dish free with each package)	.50
1 pkg Rolled oats	.20
1 " Shredded whold Wheat	.15
1 " Egg-O-See	.10
1 16-oz can Hunt's Per. Bak. Pow.	.25
1 can any kind of our 15c canned fruit	.15
1 pkg Vermicelli	.10
1 " Wyandotte washing powder	.10
2 cans Royal Red Tomatoes, 10	.20
2 " Sugar corn	.20
1 pkg Potato meal	.10
1 " Eddy pure food CornStarch	.10
1 " Gloss Starch	.10
1 " Magic Soda	.10
1 bottle Preserves	.15
1 bottle Olives	.12
1 jar Tomato mustard	.15
1 pkg Ice Cream powder	.15
10 lbs Red Stripe Extra Sodas	.80
14 bars Grandma's Wonder Laundry Soap	.50
1 box (4 pieces) Big 4 Castile Soap	.10
1 package Matches	.25
Amount of bill at regular retail price	$6.07

Our Cash Price.. $5.40

A saving to you of 67 cents, or a little better than 11 per cent.

M. L. HANSON,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
CIGARS
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

CLEARANCE SALE
OF ALL WARM GOODS
25 Per Cent Reduction
on all LADIES', MISSES'
and CHILDREN'S.........
CLOAKS,
JACKETS
and FURS
E. M. HOFF

GET YOUR PICTURE
TAKEN BY
D. COLLINS
THE
Photograper.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.
LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.
ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.
S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

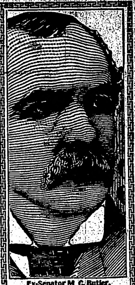
SAW MILL MACHINERY.

Saw Mills
Gang Edgers
Lumber Trimmers
Lath Machines
Bolting Machines
Shingle Machines
Planer & Matchers
Drag Saws
Wood Saws
Engines
Boilers
Pulleys
Shafting
Boxes
Trucks
Grate Bars
Feed Mills.
Horse Powers
We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

WINCHESTER
FACTORY LOADED SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS

Good shells in your gun mean a good bag in the field or a good score at the trap. Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shells are good shells. Always sure-fire, always giving an even spread of shot and good penetration, their great superiority is testified to by sportsmen who use Winchester Factory Loaded Shells in preference to any other make.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM SOUTH CAROLINA PRAISES PE-RU-NA.



Ex-Senator M. C. Butler.

Dyspepsia Is Often Caused By Catarrh of the Stomach—Peruna Relieves Catarrh of the Stomach and Is Therefore a Remedy For Dyspepsia.

Hon. M. C. Butler, Ex-U. S. Senator from South Carolina for two terms, in a letter from Washington, D. C., writes to the Peruna Medicine Co., as follows:

"I can recommend Peruna for dyspepsia and stomach trouble. I have been using your medicine for a short period and I feel very much relieved. It is indeed a wonderful medicine, besides a good tonic."

CATARRH of the stomach is the correct name for most cases of dyspepsia. In order to cure catarrh of the stomach the catarrh must be eradicated.

Only an internal catarrh remedy, such as Peruna, is available.

Peruna exactly meets the indications.

Revised Formula.

"For a number of years requests have come to me from a multitude of grateful friends urging that Peruna be given a slight laxative quality. I have been experimenting with a laxative addition for quite a length of time, and now feel gratified to announce to the friends of Peruna that I have incorporated such a quality in the medicine which, in my opinion, can only enhance its well-known beneficial character.

—"S. B. HARTMAN, M. D."

Another Version.

Jack was just about to build his famous house.

"Why don't you get some men to help you?" asked the curious friend.

"No, sir," replied Jack, "they would call a strike on me before the house was finished. I'll build it myself."

Thus we know why the house was called "the house that Jack built."

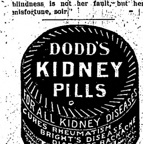
Branded as a Deserter.

Brantley Willis, a former railroad man of Fargo, enlisted in the regular army at the local station. He was ordered to Snelling and given transportation, with permission to spend a day or two with St. Paul friends before reporting. He used the ticket, but never reached the fort, and is now down on the local books as a deserter. Two others, one of whom was captured in South Dakota, failed to reach proper destination.

Irish Wit.

Once upon a time an Irishman and a Yankee were riding along together. They happend to pass a gallows and the Yankee asked: "Where would you be, friend, if the gallows had all that is due to it?" "Sure, an' I'd be ridin' meself to-day, sor," answered the witty son of Erin.

Once upon a time an Irish horse dealer sold to a man a mare that he assured the purchaser was "sound in mind and limb and without fault." After the mare's new oner took her home he found the animal was blind in one eye and could scarcely see with the other. Returning to the Irishman, he protested, saying: "You assured me the mare was without fault, and I find her blind of an eye." To this the ready Irishman made answer: "Sure, an' the poor critter's blindness is not her fault, but her misfortune, soir."



DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES

CURES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES

That Delightful Aid to Health

Paxtine

Toilet Antiseptic

Whitens the teeth—purifies mouth and breath—cures nasal catarrh, sore throat, sore eyes, and by direct application cures all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions caused by feminine ills.

Paxtine possesses extraordinary cleansing, healing and germicidal qualities unlike anything else. At all druggists. 50 cents

LARGE TRIAL PACKAGE FREE

The R. Paxton Co., Boston, Mass

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau.

Congress.

Resume of the Week's Proceedings.

Thursday.

Washington, May 4.—Yesterday was the last day for general debate in the senate on the railroad rate bill, and it was fully occupied. Following a brief speech by Mr. Nelson, Mr. Tillman tried to show, by criticism of individual judges, that the power of granting temporary injunctions by inferior United States courts should be taken from them in interstate commerce cases, and he was followed by Messrs. Bacon, Bailey, Teller and Foraker in speeches of some length.

The army appropriation bill, carrying an appropriation of about $74,000,000, was passed.

The naval appropriation bill, which carries nearly $100,000,000, was taken up by the house yesterday.

Friday.

Washington, May 5.—The senate yesterday entered upon the consideration of amendments to the railroad rate bill under the fifteen-minute rule, but made little progress. The greater part of the day was devoted to Mr. Lodge's provision bringing pipe lines within the terms of the bill, and it was ultimately unanimously agreed to, after so amending it as to exclude gas and water lines from its operation, thus practically confining it to oil lines.

A proposition by Mr. Foraker to exclude refrigerator cars from the requirements of the bill, and another by Mr. McCumber making the requirements concerning those cars more stringent than in the original bill were impartially voted down.

The house spent another day in consideration of the naval appropriation bill, the speeches in large measure being in support of the bill and the naval program therein outlined.

A feature of yesterday's session was the close attention paid by the house to the reading of the president's message on oil transportation and the generous applause which was accorded it on its conclusion.

Monday.

Washington, May 8.—The senate again yesterday spent the major part of its time on one amendment, but instead of accepting it adopted a substitute. The provision which was made the basis of the discussion was that suggested by Mr. Foraker prohibiting the granting of rebates, passes, drawbacks, or special rates to passengers on railways, and also prohibiting discriminations in the way of accommodations where equal rates are paid. The substitute adopted was as follows:

"That no carriers engaging in interstate commerce shall, directly or indirectly, issue or give any free ticket, free pass or free transportation to any person except the officers, agents, employes and attorneys exclusively in the service of the carrier issuing the same, or to ministers of religion, inmates of hospitals, eleemosynary or charitable institutions. Any carrier violating this provision shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall for each offense pay to the United States a penalty not less than $100 nor more than $2,000."

Washington, May 9.—Speaker Cannon was the guest at a reception given him last night at the Arlington hotel by his colleagues in the house of representatives in honor of his seventieth birthday. It was a notable occasion made so by the presence of President Roosevelt and almost every official of note in Washington and others from outside cities who called to extend their congratulations. All the members of the cabinet now in Washington, the members of the supreme court with a large contingent of both houses besides heads of the various bureaus of the executive departments and prominent residents found time during the evening to come in and shake the speaker's hand and to wish him many happy returns of the day. President Roosevelt arrived about 10 o'clock and for an hour or more chatted with the speaker and mixed freely with the large crowd. Vice President Fairbanks was among the early arrivals.

Tuesday.

Washington, May 9.—Aside from a few minutes devoted to the reception of the Allison amendments to the railroad rate bill and a half hour given to routine business the senate devoted its entire session yesterday to an ineffectual consideration of the Elkins amendment prohibiting common carriers from engaging in mining coal or in the production of other commodities in competition with shippers. The body adjourned at 5 o'clock in a state of confusion as to the exact subject before it. The disorder was due to the fact that a number of substitutes for amendments to the original amendment were offered.

The house devoted the day to the naval appropriation bill and accomplished the reading for amendment of the first fifteen pages. Several topics incident to the measure were discussed.

BADGER TOWN IS FLOODED.

Breaking of Dam Causes General Inundation.

Marinette, Wis., May 10.—The dam of the Crivitz Paper and Pulp company was carried out last night and the town is flooded with from five to ten feet of water. Farmers lost heavily in stock drowned. James Henderson's house was nearly washed away and his family was forced to flee. Pigs, cows and chickens were drowned in the rush of water.

WHITE BEAVER ANSWERS CALL.

Dr. Frank Powell Died Suddenly From Heart Failure on a Train.

El Paso, Tex., May 10.—Col. Frank D. Powell, a famous Indian scout known as "White Beaver," died on a train east-bound from Los Angeles. His body was taken from the train here and an inquest was held, a verdict of death from heart disease being found. Col. Powell had been in charge of Col. William F. Cody's interests at Cody, Wyo., for several years.

AN EVERY-DAY STRUGGLE.

Men and Women of Every Occupation Suffer Miseries from Kidney Complaint.

J. C. Lightner, 708 So. Cedar St., Abilene, Kansas, is one of the thousands who suffer from kidney troubles brought on by daily work. "I first noticed it eight or ten years ago," said Mr. Lightner. "The dull pain in the back fairly made me sick. It was hard to get up or down, hard to straighten, hard to do any work that brought a strain on the back. I had frequent attacks of gravel and the urine was passed too often and with pain. When I used Doan's Kidney Pills, however, all traces of the trouble disappeared and have not returned. I am certainly grateful."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Nothin' Doin'.

Kind Lady—Now that you have had your dinner, what would you say if I offered you some work?

The Hobo—Excuse me, ma'am, but I'm too much of a gentleman to say it in the presence of a lady. Good afternoon, ma'am.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Forcing the Millenium.

Thomas A. Edison, celebrating his 59th birthday, prophesied that the world would soon have flying machines, cheap automobiles and a dozen other marvelous things.

"Do you think, sir," said a young lady reporter, "that the world will ever be completely Christianized?"

Mr. Edison smiled.

"Not only do I think so," he said, "but I think we shall both live to see it. Just look at the way these big improved machine guns are wiping out the heathen."

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. Alfred Anderson, Detroit, Minn., switch mechanism; William Beck, Henderson, Minn., shoe sole fastening; Isaac N. Bowen, Lead, S. D., tire; John Dahlin, Chisholm, Minn., safety device for hoist; John G. Gottleib, Fessenden, N. D., obstetrical instrument; William J. Gray, Sauk Center, Minn., lifting jack; Edward E. Johnson, St. Paul, Minn., railway water column.

The Will and the Way.

"No," snapped the woman with the square chin, "I don't want no burglar alarms."

"Then the lady next door was right, I suppose," rejoined the agent as he turned to go.

"What did she say?" queried the square-chinned female, somewhat eagerly.

"Oh, she didn't say very much," answered the agent. "After purchasing two of the alarms she said it would be a waste of time to stop here, as you had nothing worth stealing."

"The impudent thing!" exclaimed the other, indignantly. "Here, give me half a dozen of them alarms."

Are You Tired, Nervous and Sleepless?

Nervousness and sleeplessness are usually due to the fact that the nerves are not fed on properly nourishing blood; they are *starved* nerves. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery *makes pure, rich blood*, and thereby the nerves are properly nourished and all the organs of the body are run as smoothly as machinery which runs in oil. In this way you feel clean, strong and strenuous—you are toned up and invigorated, and you are good for a whole lot of physical or mental work. Best of all, the strength and increase in vitality and health are *lasting*.

The trouble with most tonics and medicines which have a large, booming sale for a short time, is that they are largely composed of alcohol holding the drugs in solution. This alcohol shrinks up the red blood corpuscles, and in the long run greatly injures the system. One may feel exhilarated and better for the time being, yet in the end, weakened and with vitality decreased. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery contains no alcohol. Every bottle of it bears upon its wrapper *The Badge of Honesty*, in a full list of all its several ingredients. For the druggist to offer you something he claims is "just as good" is to insult your intelligence.

Every ingredient entering into the world-famed "Golden Medical Discovery" has the unanimous approval and endorsement of the leading medical authorities of all the several schools of practice. No other medicine sold through druggists for like purposes has any such endorsement.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" not only produces all the good effects to be obtained from the use of Golden Seal root, in all stomach, liver and bowel troubles, as in dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, ulceration of stomach and bowels and kindred ailments, but the Golden Seal root used in its compounding is greatly enhanced in its curative action by other ingredients such as Stone root, Black Cherrybark, Bloodroot, Mandrake root and chemically pure triple-refined glycerine.

"The Common Sense Medical Adviser," is sent free in paper covers on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay the cost of mailing *only*. For 31 stamps the cloth-bound volume will be sent. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation, biliousness and headache.

Richland to Have a Fair.

The Richland County Fair association has bought twenty-three acres just outside the city limits of Wahpeton and will build a track and erect buildings as soon as possible. It is planned to hold the first fair the last week in September.

Garfield Tea cures sick-headache, bilious attacks, liver trouble and constipation.

Any Man.

Nell—She says she will never marry until her ideal comes to her and says, "I love you."

Belle—What is her ideal?

Nell—A man, of course.

IN MINNESOTA

State News of the Week Briefly Told.

Kenyon village and citizens will send $150 to the California earthquake sufferers.

Bagley and vicinity is being flooded with counterfeit half dollars of the 1901 series.

Mayor O'Connor has sent in $250 as Renville's subscription to the San Francisco relief fund.

The Republican convention for Clay county will be held at Barnesville on June 6. The primaries will be held on June 2.

Miss Ida Kuntzbein, a sixteen-year-old girl, was adjudged insane at Janesville and committed to the asylum at Rochester.

Because they believed they had been accused of causing the death of a companion, Walter Niemi, or Newman, and Arthur Mehtonen have run away from home.

The next interstate contest of the Intercollegiate Prohibition association will be held in Winnebago City on Friday, May 18. Seven states will be represented in this contest.

The annual meeting of the pastors of the Swedish Methodist church of the Minneapolis district closed at Mankato after four days devoted to theological discussions and sermons.

J. H. Ferris was held to appear before the district court at Bagley at the next term on a charge of grand larceny in the second degree. His bail was fixed at $300, which he furnished.

John B. McCarthy, one of Hastings' prominent citizens and a veteran of the Civil war, a former member of Company I, Fifth Minnesota regiment, died, in the eighty-sixth year of his age.

Joseph Chantewski has been sentenced by Judge Snow of the district court at Winona to a term at the St. Cloud reformatory. Chantewski was arrested for holding up J. E. Johnson, March 12.

Herman Nelson of Minneapolis, a boilermaker employed in taking down the refuse burner in the mill of the Brainerd Lumber company, fell fifty feet, striking on his head on a pile of brick. He was not seriously injured.

Representative McCleary has recommended August Scholten for postmaster at Easton, Faribault county, in place of William Quinby, resigned, and R. P. Nelson at Comfrey, Brown county, in place of E. G. Blackmun, resigned.

The Bagley Republican county committee met and issued its call for the county convention to elect eight delegates to the state convention. The county convention will be held at Bagley on June 6, the primaries to be held on June 2.

The Bagley lodge, No. 179, I. O. O. F., and the Rebekahs, held a meeting at the Congregational church at Bagley in celebration of the eighty-seventh anniversary of the organization of the order. Rev. A. C. Woodcock preached an appropriate sermon.

While Mrs. J. F. Lee and four little girls were driving in from school at Annandale, their horse ran away and all were thrown out, Mrs. Lee sustaining a fracture of two ribs and Ella Howard a concussion of the brain, while the rest were slightly bruised.

The following Minnesota postmasters have been appointed: Feely, Itasca county, Karl W. Heyman, vice Andrew Johnson, resigned; Sanborn, Redwood county, August D. McRae, vice Enos P. Dotson, removed; Sedan, Pope county, William E. Martin, vice Andrew H. Wick, resigned.

The hearing in the case of Ace Hurd, Jr., charged with assaulting Mrs. Henry Bennett, was held at Eden Valley. County Attorney J. D. Himsl of St. Cloud appeared for the state and J. D. Sullivan of St. Cloud for the defendant. Justice O'Brien bound over the accused in the sum of $1,000, and he gave bonds to appear before the grand jury in St. Cloud on May 7.

Joseph Chondek, a farmer, died at Montgomery from the effects of drinking wood alcohol. He was sent to the St. Peter hospital for the insane about a year ago, from which place he made his escape recently and returned home. He had always been a hard drinker and it is supposed he drank the wood alcohol by mistake. He leaves a wife and small children.

Matt Vranes and Matt Ivankovich, the Austrians who were convicted at Duluth of manslaughter in the first degree, were sentenced by Judge Cant to terms of twenty years each in the penitentiary at Stillwater. Vranes broke down and cried. Ivankovich's motion for a new trial was denied, but the matter will be taken up again later. Vranes and Ivankovich were charged with the murder of Rude Tankovich, a fellow countryman, on Raleigh street, West Duluth, on March 4.

The oldest resident of Hokah, Mrs. Martha Eddy, has passed away, being over ninety-one years of age. Her death resulted from a fall about ten days previous, when she broke her hip. She was the last of her family and had been a resident of Hokah for many years.

At a meeting of the Cass Lake fire department the tournament of the Northern Minnesota Firemen's association, which will be held in Cass Lake on June 20, 21, 22 and 23, was discussed and committees for it appointed.

HE WENT ON CRUTCHES

All Medicines Failed Until Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Cured His Rheumatism.

Some years ago, says Mr. W. H. Clark, a printer, living at 612 Buchanan street, Topeka, Kans., "I had a bad attack of rheumatism and could not seem to get over it. All sorts of medicines failed to do me any good and my trouble kept getting worse. My feet were so swollen that I could not wear shoes and I had to go on crutches. The pain was terrible.

"One day I was setting the type of an article for the paper telling what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had done for a man afflicted as I was and I was so impressed with it that I determined to give the medicine a trial. For a year my rheumatism had been growing worse, but after taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I began to improve. The pain and swelling all disappeared and I can truthfully say that I haven't felt better in the past twenty years than I do right now. I could name, off hand, a half-dozen people who have used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills at my suggestion and who have received good results from them."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are guaranteed to be safe and harmless to the most delicate constitution. They contain no morphine, opiate, narcotic, nor anything to cause a drug habit. They do not act on the bowels but they actually make new blood and strengthen the nerves.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure rheumatism because they make rich, red blood and no man or woman can have healthy blood and rheumatism at the same time. They have also cured many cases of anæmia, neuralgia, sciatica, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia and other diseases that have not yielded to ordinary treatment.

All druggists sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills or they will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Equator on a Tear.

They were holding mid-year examinations in one of the public schools. The subject was geography. One of the questions was, "What is the equator?"

"The equator," read the answer of a nine-year-old boy, "is a menagerie lion running around the center of the earth."—Judge.

A Roman Episode.

"O, gemini!" exclaimed the father of the Gracchi, when the nurse informed him that it was twins.

And with this appropriate ejaculation he disappeared entirely from the notice of history, leaving the center of the stage thereafter to the Mother of the Gracchi.—Puck.

WORST CASE OF ECZEMA.

Spread Rapidly Over Body—Limbs and Arms Had to Be Bandaged—Marvelous Cure by Cuticura.

"My son, who is now twenty-two years of age, when he was four months old began to have eczema on his face, spreading quite rapidly until he was nearly covered. We had all the doctors around us, and some from larger places, but no one helped him a particle. The eczema was something terrible, and the doctors said it was the worst case they ever saw. At times his whole body and face were covered, all but his feet. I had to bandage his limbs and arms; his scalp was just dreadful. A friend teased me to try Cuticura, and I began to use all three of the Cuticura Remedies. He was better in two months, and in six months he was well. Mrs. R. L. Risley, Piermont, N. H., Oct. 24, 1905."

A man may be short of ideas, and still be able to hand out a long line of talk.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Surely the man who deceives himself is an easy mark for other deceivers.

Try Garfield Tea! It purifies the blood, cleanses the system, brings good health.

Wise politicians climb into the band wagon rather than risk being knocked down before being run over by it.

[illegible] for Him.

Young Wife—George stays out about half the time until after midnight.

Her Mother—And you don't scold him?

Young Wife—No, indeed.

Her Mother—You silly, little goose. Why don't you read the riot act to him?

Young Wife—You seem to have forgotten that George is a professional humorist.

Her Mother—What has that got to do with it?

Young Wife—Why, when he comes home early he always insists on reading his jokes to me.

Send to Garfield Tea Co., Brooklyn, N. Y., for free package of Garfield Tea, the herb cure for constipation and liver trouble.

Conundrums.

When is a table like a book's cover? When the leaves are in it.

When do waters become like the wicked of the earth? When damned.

When is a street car like a man's boot being repaired? When the last is in.

When is a meal like a stylish bather's costume? When skimpy.

Through the Ice.

"Well, well, and what did your father whip you for, little boy?" asked the wise old man.

"Fur swimmin', I guess," blubbered the urchin.

"What! You didn't go swimming this weather?"

"No, I went skatin', but I wound up swimmin'."

Poking.

Nell—Of course Miss Prim is awfully slow—

Belle—Oh, awfully. Why, for the past only twenty-five.

Nell—What? She told me she was only twenty-five.

Belle—That's just it. It's taken her all this time to get to be twenty-five.

Met Often.

"Why are you bowing to that man? Do you know him?" asked Madge in surprise.

"Yes," said her chum, "he walked over me so many times getting out between acts at the theater last night."

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package, FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Inceasing His Gith.

"Notwithstanding all the execise he takes, Fotley seems to get fatter and fatter."

"Yes, all his exercise certainly seems to go to waist."

Buy Gum.

"Do you think that any human being ever says 'Buy gum?'" inquired McGrouch, who doesn't think much of cross-roads humor.

"Why, yes," answered McSmithers, "my little girl frequently says it."

Particulars Wanted.

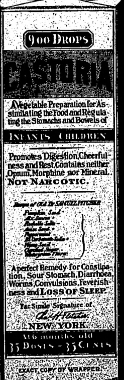
Lawyer—Are you married?

Lady Witness—No; unmarried.

Lawyer—What judge unmarried you?

When you buy WET WEATHER CLOTHING you want complete protection and long service. These and many other good points are combined in TOWER'S FISH BRAND OILED CLOTHING You can't afford to buy any other

A J TOWER CO BOSTON USA TOWER CANADIAN CO LTD. TORONTO, CAN.



900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THREE FACTS

For Sick Women To Consider

FIRST.—That almost every operation in our hospitals performed upon women becomes necessary through neglect of such symptoms as backache, irregular and painful periods, displacements of the female organs, pain in the side, burning sensation in the stomach, bearing-down pains, nervousness, dizziness and sleeplessness.

SECOND.—The medicine that holds the record for the largest number of absolute cures of female ills is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It regulates, strengthens and cures diseases of the female organism as nothing else can.

For thirty years it has been helping women to be strong, curing backache, nervousness, kidney troubles, inflammation of the female organs, weakness and displacements, regulating the periods perfectly and overcoming their pains. It has also proved itself invaluable in preparing women for childbirth and the change of life.

THIRD.—The great volume of unsolicited and grateful testimonials on file at the Pinkham Laboratory at Lynn, Mass., many of which are from time to time published by permission, give absolute evidence of the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Mrs. Pinkham's advice.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation to Women.—Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women only. From symptoms given, your trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Mrs. Pinkham is daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years under her direction and since her decease she has been advising sick women free of charge. Out of the vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Surely, any woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance.

CURES CONSTIPATION

It is just about impossible to be sick when the bowels are right and not possible to be well when they are wrong. Through its action on the bowels,

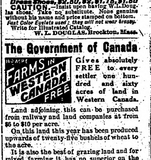
Lane's Family Medicine

cleans the body inside and leaves no lodging place for disease. If for once you wish to know how it feels to be thoroughly well, give this famous laxative tea a trial.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN

W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.



W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES
ESTABLISHED JULY 6, 1876.
CAPITAL $2,500,000

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES & SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

If I could take you into my three large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you the infinite care with which every pair of shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W.L.Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

The Government of Canada

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Gives absolutely FREE to every settler one hundred and sixty acres of land in Western Canada.

Land adjoining this can be purchased from railway and land companies at from $6 to $10 per acre.

On this land this year has been produced upwards of twenty-five bushels of wheat to the acre.

It is also the best of grazing land and for mixed farming it has no superior on the continent.

Splendid climate, low taxes, railways convenient, schools and churches close at hand.

Write for "Twentieth Century Canada" and low railway rates to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada; or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

Colds Croup Coughs CURED BY JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

For Internal and External use. Nothing like it to heal Bruises Burns Cuts

Two sizes. 25 and 50c.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Minneapolis ESTABLISHED 1879. **WOODWARD & CO.** GRAIN COMMISSION. Orders for future delivery executed in all markets. Duluth

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MAY 19, 1906. NUMBER 44.

BOLDLY DEMAND YIELDING OF CZAR

DOUMA FRAMES REPLY TO SPEECH, DECLARING FOR TEN REFORMS.

RADICALS ARE TO BE FEARED

PARLIAMENTARY LEADERS EXPECT THEM TO MAKE TROUBLE.

St. Petersburg, May 17.—The draft of the address to the throne in reply to the emperor's speech at the opening of parliament was submitted to the lower house of parliament yesterday by the commission. It consists practically of the following demands:

General amnesty.

The abolition of the death penalty.

The suspension of martial law and all exceptional laws.

Full civil liberty.

The abolition of the council of the empire.

The revision of the fundamental law.

The establishment of the responsibility of ministers.

The right of interpellation.

Forced expropriation of land.

Guarantees of the rights of trades unions.

Debate on the Address.

After an afternoon spent in discussion of rules of order, the lower house of parliament last evening began debate on the address in reply to the speech from the throne, adjourning at midnight after speeches by M. Roditcheff and a dozen orators of lesser caliber.

The discussion, which will be resumed to-day, showed that the main attack on the address will be delivered from the left. The leaders of parliament have more to fear from the Radicals than from the Conservatives. The evening's debate was tame.

Demanded by Radicals.

Radical members demanded a paragraph asking the punishment of officials guilty of excesses in past acts of repression and a fuller and plainer statement of the demand for a constitutional order.

Seven conservative members essayed to speak but the house was in no mood to hear them. Prince Volkonsky, a leading Octoberist, refused to continue his speech and left the rostrum with a bitter fling at denial of the right of free speech.

Two features developed outside the regular debate. The first was the adoption of a rule relative to the previous question, under which fifty members may prevent the stoppage of debate, opening the door for successful filibustering by one-tenth of the membership.

Whistle of Surprise.

The other was the appearance of a Conservative peasant group, forty-four peasant members signing a motion for postponement of the debate. The meaning of the maneuver was not comprehended at first, but when the list of supporters of the motion was read, the name of Yerogin, a government deputy and organizer of the scheme to provide for peasant deputies in lodging houses, created a low whistle of surprise, and comprehension ran round the benches. Count Heyden and other members of the right supported the motion, but it was overwhelmingly defeated.

MORGAN LINE LOSES $100,000.

Detectives Charge Thefts to a Clerk and Three Expressmen.

New York, May 17.—After working on the case for weeks central office detectives yesterday got to the bottom of a series of thefts by which the Morgan Line Steamship company has lost between $50,000 and $100,000. Five men are now in the Tombs charged with complicity in the larcenies. They are Abraham Davis and James O'Brien, a clerk in the Morgan line employ, each of whom is held in $15,000 bail for examination to-day, and three expressmen, Adrian E. Post of North Bergen, N. J.; Frederick Palm of Brooklyn and Daniel Stratton of Manhattan. The bail of the last three is fixed at $10,000 each.

The method by which the Morgan line was robbed is said to have been this: Certain expressmen after receiving merchandise to deliver at the pier would take it instead to a "fence," which is said to have been located in Forsythe street. There a checker, who was in the scheme, would O. K. the bill of lading, but in place of his own name he would substitute upon the receipt the name of some other clerk. The thefts consisted principally of silk and woolen goods.

OIL PROSECUTION AT ONCE.

President and Attorney General Prepare for War on Rebates.

Washington, May 17.—After an important conference at the White House in which the president, Attorney General Moody and Commissioner Garfield participated, the announcement was authorized that the department of justice will proceed without further delay to prosecute the Standard Oil company and a number of railroad companies on charges of violating the anti-rebate law.

FAVORITISM IS SHOWN BY ROAD

PENNSYLVANIA ROAD EMPLOYE TELLS OF ORDERS TO DISCRIMINATE.

Philadelphia, May 17. — Testimony tending to show favoritism by railroad companies in the distribution of coal cars was elicited yesterday when the interstate commerce commission resumed its investigation here. George W. Clark, a car distributer, employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad company at Altoona, Pa., admitted that he had received orders to make special assignment of cars to the Berwind-White Coal company, and that frequently these assignments were made previous to the regular percentage distribution. Mr. Clark admitted that special allotments had to a certain extent interfered with an equitable distribution.

Arthur Hale, superintendent of transportation of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, was on the stand the greateer part of the day. Through him it was brought out that the Merchants' Coal company and the Somerset Coal company had frequently received many cars in excess of their percentage, while various smaller companies suffered a shortage.

No Shortage of Cars.

Mr. Hale explained that the shortage shown on the records did not indicate that the companies suffered for lack of cars, but in many cases these companies could handle their full complement.

The full commission is conducting the hearing.

George W. Clark of Altoona, a car distributor in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, proved to be an interesting witness. He was asked how he determined the daily percentage of distribution and replied that the cars were distributed according to the capacity in various regions. The conditions, he declared, varied from day to day, and the required distribution was ascertained through complete yard reports and reports of cars en route.

Counsel for the commission induced the witness to admit that he had received numerous telegraphic orders regarding special distribution of cars.

Discrimination Shown.

"Were special orders for the Berwind-White company taken care of before the regular percentage allotment was made?"

He replied that such was the case on several occasions.

Asked how it was possible for him to make an equitable distribution on a percentage basis when he was in daily receipt of orders making special assignments, Mr. Clark admitted that such orders had to a certain extent interfered with the percentage distribution.

Francis I. Gowen of counsel for the Pennsylvania railroad explained that the orders were issued during a period of freight congestion when the company was making every effort to send coal to market.

DRUNKEN MAN RUNS AMUCK.

Kills One Man, Wounds Five, and Then Commits Suicide.

Atlanta, Ga., May 17. — Crazed by drink and by disappointment in a love affair, James H. Clark, a telegraph operator at Chamblee, late Monday afternoon ran amuck. He killed one man, severely wounded three, slightly wounded a fifth, and clubbed a sixth with a shotgun, set fire to the home of one of his victims and when surrounded by a posse shortly after noon yesterday, shot himself through the heart.

Clark had paid attentions to the niece of E. S. Purcell, but was discouraged. He went to the Purcell home Monday evening, demanding admittance, but was refused. He then set fire to the kitchen and when E. S. Purcell and his son appeared to fight the flames, Clark fired upon them, wounding both. Returning about midnight Clark made another attempt to fire the house. The result was that W. S. Mask, railroad station agent, received a wound in the neck.

Clark then went to Dunwoody, about five miles away. He entered the store of Nash & Cheek and demanded ammunition. The store people had been warned by telephone, and refused to sell it to him. Clark immediately fired, killing Cheek with a bullet through the heart. He also wounded Mr. Nash dangerously. He then took to the woods. On the way down the railroad track he met W. J. Coker, whom he attacked and wounded slightly. A posse was enlisted and hounds were put on the track of the insane man. He was caught up with near Chamblee and then committed suicide.

Women Must Remove Hats.

Franklin, Pa., May 17.—The governing board of the Franklin Methodist Episcopal church has adopted a resolution that all women in the congregation shall remove their hats. Timid husbands on the board did not vote.

Leading Lawyer Indicted.

Hamilton, Ohio, May 17. — U. F. Bickley, for years a leading lawyer in Hamilton, was indicted on four counts of embezzlement and forgery by the Butler county grand jury last night.

STANDARD OIL TAKES FRIGHT

MAKES WEAK ATTEMPT TO ANSWER CHARGES MADE BY GARFIELD.

DENIES IT IS A MONOPOLY

NOT BENEFITTED BY SECRET RATES FOR TRANSPORTATION OF PRODUCTS.

New York, May 17.—The Standard Oil company yesterday issued to its shareholders a statement in reply to the special message recently sent to congress by President Roosevelt and the report on the country's oil industry by Commissioner Garfield of the bureau of corporations, which accompanied it. The statement denies positively the charge that the Standard Oil company benefitted by secret rates for the transportation of its products.

Does No Wrong.

"Whatever measure of prosperity it has enjoyed," says the statement, "is not traceable to illegal or reprehensible methods, but to its economic and elaborate industrial organization, covering as it does every detail of transportation, manufacture and administration."

The statement declares that the estimate that the company saves $750,000 a year through the operation of certain freight rates, could only have been arrived at by theorizing. The statement in part says:

Involve Collusion of Roads.

"If the claim of Commissioner Garfield was true that the Standard is favored by open rates, it would involve not only collusion between the railroads and the Standard Oil company, but collusion by the Railroads with each other.

"No rates can be made applicable to the Standard which will not be equally applicable to the Standard's competitors.

"After an investigation of the shipments during a period of about fifteen years over more than 200,000 miles of railway the commissioner is not able to show that the Standard Oil company received a single rebate on its interstate shipments.

Explanation Was Given.

"He has only been able to call attention to a few instances in which the rate situation in his opinion required explanation. This explanation was freely given and we believe would be satisfactory to any man familiar with transportation problems.

"If the commissioner had any doubt as to the regularity of these rates, he might have brought them to the attention of the interstate commerce commission. In the absence of such determination it is surely not within the limits of fairness for the bureau of corporations to cast aspersions upon a great corporation.

Is Not a Monopoly.

"The company owns and controls only a very moderate percentage of the crude production of the United States, and with at least 125 rival refineries in existence, it is a palpable absurdity to call it a monopoly.

"If the company maintains a gratifying percentage of the world's commerce it is because it keeps its agreements and delivers products of reliable quality at reasonable prices."

Deny Favoritism.

Taking up the report of Commissioner Garfield under various heads, the statement undertakes to show that his criticisms of the company's transactions in New England are unfounded. In corroboration President C. S. Mellen of the New York, New Haven & Hartford, and President Lucius Tuttle of the Boston & Maine are quoted in terse denials that their respective railroads have shown undue favoritism to the Standard Oil company.

TWO YEARS FOR PERJURY.

Policeman's Trick to Avoid Taking Oath Was in Vain.

St. Louis, May 17.—Policeman John Dineen, a witness in a police court case, was convicted of perjury in the criminal court and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. Dineen's defense was that, when the oath was administered to witnesses in the police court case, he stooped over and tied his shoe string, and thereby avoided raising his hand and taking the oath, and therefore was not a sworn witness.

Robbery at Rosebud.

Rosebud, Mont., May 17.—Burglars entered the postoffice here, cracking the safe and securing more than $500 and several clocks and some jewelry. One arrest has been made.

Passenger Train Wrecked.

Topeka, an., May 17.—A Rock Island passenger train was wrecked last night two miles west of Topeka. The train ran head-on into a switch engine. Several persons were injured, including three passengers, not seriously.

Will End Coal Strike.

Kansas City, May 17.—It is probable that the coal strike in the Southwest will end in a few days as the result of a conference here yesterday between coal operators and United Mine Workers.

TOWN UNDER MARTIAL LAW

MILITIA CALLED OUT TO QUELL STRIKE RIOTS—FIERCE FIGHT.

Coeymans, N. Y., May 17.—What is practically martial law reigns in this little town. The strike of the brickmakers, in force all along the Hudson, broke into riot early yesterday morning, and after a pitched battle between 500 union strikers and nearly as many negro non-union men, Sheriff Pitts decided that he and his deputies could not suppress the disorder, and four Albany companies of militia arrived here last evening.

Negroes are imported annually in the spring for extra work and they refuse, as a rule, to join the union for the short time they are here. The main demand of the strikers is for recognition of the union by the employment of its members only.

The strikers Tuesday night served notice on the non-union men that there would be trouble and carried out their threat by an armed attack, which began soon after the men went to work at 4:30 a. m. The men at most of the yards quit at sight of the armed strikers, but at the yards of Sutton & Sudderly there was a fierce fight in which three men were wounded. When the militia arrived the strikers went to their homes.

FARMER IS KILLED.

Justus Lyon, Ninety-Three Years of Age, is Killed Instantly.

St. Paul, May 17.—Justus Lyon, a retired farmer of Hazel Park, was killed in the Omaha railway yards yesterday morning. Mr. Lyon was walking down the tracks from his home, and he stopped to watch the working of a steam shovel. After a while he stepped on the main line. He began to walk toward the city when a passenger train came along and struck him. He was hurled twenty feet across the tracks. Mr. Lyon was nearly 93 years of age.

FARMER BLOWN TO BITS.

Hiram Kenna of Pine City in Fatal Explosion.

Pine City, Minn., May 17.—Hiram Kenna was literally blown to pieces by an explosion of dynamite yesterday. He was clearing stumps from his land two miles south of this place, and it is supposed that he went to see why a charge he had placed under a stump did not explode. The entire upper portion of his body was distributed over an area of two acres.

FOUND HOPELESSLY INSANE.

Mystery in Disappearance of Havre Contractor Cleared Away.

Havre, Mont., May 17. — Charles Emery, a prominent contractor of this place, who disappeared mysteriously four days ago, has been found hopelessly insane. Family bereavement and the loss of several lawsuits are believed to be responsible for his condition.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, May 17. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern 78 1-4@79c; No. 2 Northern, 76 3-4@77 1-4c; No. 3, 74 @ 75 1-2c. Corn — No. 3 yellow, 44 3-4@45 1-4c. Oats—No. 3 white, 30 3-4@31 1-4c.

Minneapolis, May 17.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 79 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, 79c; No. 2 Northern, 77 1-2c; durum, 71@73c. Oats—No. 3 white, 30 5-8c.

Duluth, May 17. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 79 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 77 3-4c; flax, $1.14 7-8; rye, 57c.

Chicago, May 17. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 87 3-4@89 3-4c; No. 2 hard, 79 1-2@84c; No. 1 Northern, 81 3-4@83 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 79 3-4@82c. Corn — No. 2, 47 3-4c. Oats—No. 2, 31 3-4c.

Milwaukee, May 17. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 82@83c; No. 2 Northern, 78@81c. Rye—No. 1, 63@63 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 55c. Oats—Standard, 33 1-4@33 3-4c.

Sioux City, Iowa, May 17.—Cattle—Beeves, $4 @ 5.30; cows, bulls and mixed, $3@4.40; stockers and feeders, $3.50@4.40; calves and yearlings, $3@4.25. Hogs—Bulk, $6.12@6.15.

Chicago, May 17. — Beeves, $4 @ 6.10; stockers and feeders, $2.75 @ 4.65; cows and heifers, $1.50 @ 4.90. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $6.15 @ 6.50; bulk, $6.40@6.47 1-2. Sheep, $3.75 @6.25; lambs, $4.50@6.65.

South St. Paul, May 17. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4 @ 5.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs—Price range, $6.25 @ 6.35; bulk, $6.22@6.27. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $6@6.50; fair to good, $4.50@5.75; yearling wethers, $5.25 @ 6; good to choice ewes, $4.25@5.

Explosion Kills Two.

Bloomington, Ind., May 17.—A premature discharge of dynamite killed two members of an Indianapolis Southern construction gang and injured five others, one fatally.

Corn Exposition at Chicago.

Chicago, May 17. — Chicago is to have a corn exposition. This was decided upon by the executive committee of the Chicago Commercial association which met yesterday afternoon. The date selected is Sept. 29 to Oct. 13.

Six Prisoners Escape.

Marshalltown, Iowa, May 17. — Six men, alleged safe blowers, arrested a month ago by Policeman Haas single-handed, after dynamiting a safe broke jail yesterday morning, sawing their way out.

HOST SPRINGS A BIG SENSATION

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER TESTIFIES BEFORE INSURANCE INQUISITORS.

EQUITABLE TRIED TO FIX HIM

OFFERED CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTION FOR FAVORABLE DECISION.

Milwaukee, May 17.—The most sensational testimony which has been presented to the special insurance investigating committee of the Wisconsin legislature was given yesterday afternoon when Insurance Commissioner Host of Wisconsin testified that on June 16, 1903, the day on which the hearing in the case of the State of Wisconsin against the Equitable Life Assurance society for a compulsory distribution of the surplus of that company to Wisconsin policyholders was to be held by him, Secretary of State Walter L. Houser, entered the insurance commissioner's office and said that if Mr. Host would render a decision in accordance with a slip handed by Mr. Houser to Mr. Host, which would have been

A Decision Favorable

to the Equitable company, that the Equitable would give $2,000 toward a campaign fund for a renomination of the state officers in the next campaign.

The slip which Insurance Commissioner Host testified Secretary of State Houser handed to him was presented to the committee.

Mr. Host testified that he told Mr. Houser that he would think the matter over. His decision was against the Equitable, which afterward took the case into the courts and there obtained a rule adverse to Mr. Host's order.

Lobbyists After Host.

Insurance Commissioner Host further testified that Robert Luscombe, a lobbyist who has for years represented Eastern insurance companies before various legislatures, telephoned to him three times from Chicago between June 16 and July 31, 1903, the latter having been the day on which Mr. Host rendered his decision, and asked Mr. Host to come to Chicago, saying he thought he had an argument which would convince Mr. Host that the statute in question was not compulsory.

Secretary of State Houser took the stand in his own defense and admitted that he and Luscombe were friends, and declares that Luscombe had handed him the written slip of paper which he had handed to Mr. Host and requested that he give it to the insurance commissioner.

Denied by Houser.

Mr. Houser, however, emphatically denied that any mention was made of a campaign fund contribution at the time of his handing the slip of paper to the insurance commissioner.

Mr. Houser admitted that he had asked Mr. Host to request contributions from insurance companies for a political campaign against Congressman Joseph W. Babcock, and said Mr. Host had not taken kindly to the suggestion, but said he would think the matter over.

In rebuttal, Insurance Commissioner Host declared Mr. Houser had never approached him in regard to obtaining insurance campaign funds against Mr. Babcock.

Because of the prominence of the parties politically the testimony of Mr. Host is an immense political sensation as well as an insurance sensation in thi sstate.

FACE CHARGE OF PERJURY.

Witness in Albert Lea Divorce Suit Arrested.

Albert Lea, Minn., May 17.—A sensation was created here yesterday when Claude Lee was arrested on a charge of perjury. The crime is alleged to have been committed last week when Lee testified in the divorce case of J. S. Sharp vs. Anna Sharp and the jury returned a verdict for the defendant. The complaint in the divorce case involved Lee and he was an important witness for the plaintiff.

GETS AWARD EARNED IN 1865.

Wisconsin Civil War Veteran Will Receive $16.49.

Eau Claire, Wis., May 17.—Elbridge G. Jordan, who was in the federal service on the United States gunboat Pontiac in the Civil war, received notice yesterday from the auditor of the treasury department that he had been allowed $16.49 as his share of prize money for the capture of a Confederate gunboat on the Savannah river in 1865.

AIR BLASTS CLOSE MINE.

Shafts Are Damaged atnd Ground Caves In.

Houghton, Mich., May 17.—Operations at the Atlantic mine have been totally suspended owing to considerable ground being caved in as a result of air blasts, the disturbances of which have been felt recently in the Quincy mine. Considerable damage has been caused in "D" and "E" shafts and work will not be resumed until extensive timbering repairs have been made.

Officially Confirmed.

The Washington correspondent hastily called up the cabinet officer by telephone.

"Pardon me for disturbing you, Mr. Blank," he said, "but will you please tell me whether or not the rumor that is in circulation as to your retirement is true?"

"Yes, sir," answered the cabinet officer, "it is. I was just about to retire when you called me. Good night."

A Change.

"Quarrel, eh? You don't mean it? Why, before they were married she used to say there wasn't another man like him in the world."

"Yes; but now she says she'd hate to think that there was."

LOW RATES.

M. & St. L. Special Excursions.

To Portland, Ore.; Tacoma, Seattle and Puget Sound points (account meeting Hotel Men's association, June 25-29), one fare for the round trip via variable routes. Tickets on sale June 18-22, limited to sixty days. With payment of slight additional charge tickets will be routed one way through California.

To Boston, Mass.—One fare plus $1.00, for meeting American Medical association, June 5-8. Liberal limits. Tickets on sale June 2-5.

To Des Moines, Iowa—One fare plus $2.00, unless fare and one-third makes less, for General Assembly Presbyterian church, May 16-29. Tickets on sale May 14-17 and 21-23, limited to May 31.

To St. Paul and Minneapolis, Minn. —One fare plus $2.00, except fare and one-third from nearby points, account biennial meeting General Federation Women's Clubs, May 30-June 7. Tickets on sale May 28-31, limited to June 9, except that upon payment of limit extension fee of $2.00 tickets will be made good for return until July 31.

To Springfield, Ill.—One fare plus $1.00 for round trip, account annual meeting German Baptist Brethren, May 31-June 5. Dates of sale June 1, 2, 3, and also on May 29 and 30 to advance delegates. Liberal limits offered.

To Louisville, Ky.—One fare plus 25 cents for the round trip, account Homecoming week for Kentuckians, June 13-17. Dates of sale June 11-13. Tickets limited to June 23, except extension to 30 days from date of sale may be obtained on payment of 50 cents.

For full particulars in regard to rates, train service, etc., call on agents or address A. B. Cutts, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

Matrimony and parsimony are not conducive of harmony.

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package, FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Some people who pose as cynics are only cheap mimics.

Garfield Tea overcomes constipation, sick headache, liver and kidney disease.

Time Not Fixed.

Wiggles—When do you take your vacation this year?

Waggles—I don't know, exactly. My wife hasn't decided yet just when she will go away.

"In Love" and Loving.

Being "in love" is very different from loving, and may be only a selfish emotion which is the direct opposite of loving. Being in love without loving is bondage—sometimes pleasant and sometimes painful, but always bondage. True loving means freedom —freedom both for ourselves and, as far as it is in our power to give it, for all whom we love; for when we truly love anothe rhuman being we love him for the sake of his best strength, his best use, and his best happiness, and not at all for the sake of ourselves.

Dog as Guest of Honor.

Shot, a handsome retriever, was the guest of honor and the recipient of a testimonial at a dinner at Hanley on Saturday.

While Mr. Harold Godwin, the son of a builder, was walking through a quiet part of his father's works in December, a man flung a heavy piece of jagged iron at him and stunned him.

Shot flew at the ruffian's throat and kept him a prisoner until aid arrived. The dog is the hero of the place and Mr. Godwin's workmen subscribed for a silver collar for him with an inscription.

TRANSFORMATIONS.

Curious Results When Coffee Drinking is Abandoned.

It is almost as hard for an old coffee toper to quit the use of coffee as it is for a whisky or tobacco fiend to break off, except that the coffee user can quit coffee and take up Postum Food Coffee without any feeling of a loss of the morning beverage, for when Postum is well boiled and served with cream, it is really better in point of flavor than most of the coffee served nowadays, and to the taste of the connoisseur it is like the flavor of fine Java.

A great transformation takes place in the body within ten days or two weeks after coffee is left off and Postum Food Coffee used, for the reason that the poison to the nerves has been discontinued and in its place is taken a liquid that contains the most powerful elements of nourishment.

It is easy to make this test and prove these statements by changing from coffee to Postum Food Coffee.

"There's a reason."

CZAR DECIDES TO SURRENDER

NICHOLAS IS DETERMINED TO AVOID A BREACH IF POSSIBLE.

VICTORY FOR PARLIAMENT

CZAR WILL GRANT AMNESTY AND CABINET CHOSEN FROM LOWER HOUSE.

St. Petersburg, May 17.—In spite of the fear that the address in reply to the speech from the throne made on Tuesday in the lower house of parliament would precipitate an immediate conflict between the crown and parliament, the Associated Press is in a position to state that Emperor Nicholas is determined to avoid a breach if possible. Not only will partial amnesty be granted, but the emperor is ready to replace the Goremykin ministry with a cabinet chosen from among the conservative members of the majority of the lower house in the hope of effecting a compromise.

Cannot Halt Half Way.

Hels not willing, however, to permit the majority to select the premier; but once such a concession is made it is difficult to understand how the emperor can halt half way and refuse a full constitutional monarchy which government by parliamentary majorities involves.

Practically the parliament has already won a great victory.

May Meet Fate of Louis XVI.

Prof. Kusmin-Karavieff made the most sensational remark of the evening in parliament while defending ministerial responsibility, openly hinting at the possibility that Emperor Nicholas might meet the fate of Louis XVI. if he rejected the principle. "We stand," he said, "in the position of France in 1789. Had the proposal of Mirabeau for a responsible ministry been accepted, France might have escaped the years of bloodshed, anarchy and tyranny which followed. A solemn warning lies for us therein."

GASOLINE BLOWS UP.

Blazing Fluid Scatters to Other Huge Tanks and Big Fire is Threatened.

New York, May 17.—A 30,000-barrel tank of gasoline belonging to the McGooey Oil company at Constable Hook on the New Jersey shore of New York harbor, exploded yesterday with a terrific roar. It scattered the blazing fluid so as to threaten five other tanks near by, and a dangerous fire was feared. The great refinery and storage tanks of the Standard Oil company, where its oil is received by pipe line from the West and loaded on ships was close by the scene of the fire, as also was the Columbia Oil company.

ADMITS THEFT OF $4,000.

Wyoming Man Gets Three-Year Sentence.

Cheyenne, Wyo., May 17. — W. A. Brothers, former federal distributing agent at Casper, Wyo., pleaded guilty in the United States district court here yesterday to a charge of embezzlement and was sentenced by Judge Ringer to three years' imprisonment. Brothers purchased the material and supplies used in the construction of the Pathfinder dam and was alleged to be short about $4,000 in his accounts.

RAISES PRICE OF GASOLINE.

Standard Oil Company Hits Automobile Owners.

Cleveland, May 17.—The Standard Oil company yesterday announced an additional advance in the selling price on all high grades of gasoline. Seventy to seventy-two degrees test gasoline is advanced half a cent per gallon, while all other high grades are put up one cent per gallon.

One Killed in Wreck.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 17.—A Wabash passenger train running over the tracks of the New York Central, within the city limits, ran off an open switch yesterday. The engine and three of the coaches were wrecked. The engineer was killed and several persons were injured.

To Reopen Frisco Banks.

San Francisco, May 17.—It was yesterday decided by the clearing house banks of San Francisco that all San Francisco commercial banks will reopen May 23.

"Floater" Found at Red Wing.

Red Wing, Minn., May 17. — The body of an unidentified man was found in the Mississippi river here yesterday. He had been in the water some time.

Soldiers Killed No One.

Washington, May 17.—Gen. Greely has reported to the war department from San Francisco that the reported killing of a large number of people by the army during the San Francisco fire is incorrect. Investigations fail to disclose a single instance of killing by regular soldiers.

$250,000 Blaze.

Charlotte, N. C., May 17.—The plant of the South Atlantic Waste company was partially destroyed by fire last night. The loss will reach $250,000.

GET OUR PRICES

WE SELL
BANK MONEY ORDERS, payable any place in America or Europe.
BANK DRAFTS.

WE ISSUE
TIME CERTIFICATES, and pay libiral interest.
DEMAND CERTIFICATES, payable on demand, and

WE OPEN with you a Check account. Everybody should have one.

Come in and see what we have to sell before you go elsewhere.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF ST. HILAIRE

K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier.

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER
9:15 am Lv.......Crookston........Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar......St. Hilaire.......Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.
10:10 am Lv.......St. Hilaire.......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar...........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

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IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
CIGARS.
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MINNEAPOLIS BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"
and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of
THE FAMOUS
MATT. J. JOHNSON'S 6088
RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE
you are not satisfied with results.
This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.
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The Spectator.
H. E. IVES, Publisher.
Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.
Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.
TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.
SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.
REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, May 19, 1906.

At present the prominent candidates for the republican nomination for governor are: Block, Jacobson, Lord, Somerville, Stephens and Cole.

Will a government investigation amount to anything when Billionaire John D. Rockefeller is "it?" It will be interesting to watch developments.

There is one good thing about the governorship fight. None of the candidates seems to have a barrel and very little money is being spent.

Down at Washington the officials are just finding out that the Standard Oil Co. are the most colossal robbers in the universe. The public have been aware of the fact for years.

A Faribault man is a candidate for the state senate on the platform that all property not listed for taxation should be confiscated by the state. All country editors will say: "Who's afraid?"

We would suggest to the village council that it would be wise to get a decision in the old sidewalk cases before ordering cement sidewalks. We are not insinuating that anyone would refuse to pay but it is always best to be on the safe side.

The Crookston Times is of the opinion that the country is too busy trying to control the trusts to revise the tariff. In our opinion the principal trouble is that the trusts control the tariff, thereby making their own price for their products.

Royalton Banner: State development should be the object of all legislation and the aspiration of every patriot. The man who aids in the development of the resources of Minnesota or who incites others to work for it is rendering the state a service which will inure to the benefit of all its citizens.

Duluth News-Tribune: The idea of advertising Northern Minnesota is taking a firmer hold on the ideas of those who live in this section. Whether in politics or business advertising always pays and what the individual business man or firm or corporation finds good, the state, when engaging in business, might be able to utilize.

Senator Stephens, of Crookston, is making considerable headway in his candidacy for the Republican nomination for governor. It looks now as if he would have the Ninth congressional district solid besides scattering delegations from all over the state. A Northern Minnesota man for governor would be a novelty we would all enjoy.

Anoka Union: I should think the state of Minnesota would feel real blue to see an army of people passing right through this commonwealth and hastening right over the borders of the Union into the provinces beyond. There is just as good land in Northern Minnesota as can be found in any other place in the world. Land that will produce any kind of crop. Land upon which families can make a home and be independent in a few years. It's about time the immigration department got busy and captured a part of this army which is seeking other states and Canada. The advantages of other states are being exploited everywhere, and Minnesota sits down and expects these people to settle here. They won't do it. They haven't done it. It's just a shame to let these people go elsewhere.

Railroad Activity.

Ass't Engineer E. B. Howes informs the Roseau Region, that the steel for the track from Greenbush to Roseau and Warroad is bought for delivery June 1st, and he states that so far as he knows track laying will begin as soon as the grade is finished. The G. N. is working Sundays and week days to push the line along, the bridge pilings across the Roseau river, Skunk creek, Badger creek, Hay creek, and the swamps east are all down, and crews of men are busy digging ditches and grading. Monday a crew of men commenced digging a ditch on the south line of the right of way within the corporate limits of Roseau. Everything indicates the road will be in operation before fall or by fall at the latest. Three months will complete the grading through to Warroad, it is said, and after that the steel will be laid clear through.

Log Driver Killed at Plummer.

While at work opening the gates of the dam on the Clearwater river near the village of Plummer last Friday evening, Ben Dawson, a log driver employed by the Crookston Lumber company, was hit in the lower part of the abdomen by a pole and sustained an injury which resulted in his death fourteen hours later, says the Thief River Falls News.

Dr. Grundy, of this city, was summoned to Plummer to attend Dawson, and brought him to this city on the first train, but his condition was such that medical skill could not save his life and he died Saturday morning at 9:30 o'clock at the hospital. The blow which he received in the abdomen resulted in the rupturing of his bladder.

The dead man's brother was employed upon the drive, and he took the body to Traverse City, Mich., the home of their mother, for burial.

Republican County Convention.

A republican county convention for the county of Red Lake is hereby called to be held on Wednesday, June 6th, 1906, at one o'clock p. m., in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, for the purpose of electing nine delegates to the republican state convention at Duluth, Minnesota, June 13, 1906, and such other business as may properly come before the convention.

The republican voters of the county, and all other voters, without regard to past political affiliations, who believe in the principles advocated by the republican party and endorse its policies, are cordially invited to participate in the selection of delegates to this convention.

Representation for this convention will be in accordance with the following resolution, adopted at a meeting of the republican county central committee, held in the city of Red Lake Falls on the 17th day of April, 1906:

> "Resolved, that the representation of the several precincts shall be based upon the vote cast in the respective precincts at the general election in 1904 for the republican candidate for governor; that each precinct is entitled to one delegate for each fifty (50) votes, or fraction thereof, so determined from the vote for the republican candidate for governor in 1904"

That each precinct is entitled to the following representation in this convention:

That each precinct be allowed in addition thereto, one delegate at large; that each of the following precincts, which were not organized at the general election of 1904, shall be entitled to one delegate at large: Townships of Silverton, Clover Leaf, Goodridge, Smiley, Kratka, Highlanding, Mayfield, Deer Park, and the Village of Plummer.

Black River	2	Wyandotte	2
Bray	2	Village of St. Hilaire	3
Emardville	2	Red Lake Falls City:	
Equality	2	1st ward	2
Garnes	2	2nd ward	2
Gervais	2	3rd ward	2
Lake Pleasant	2	Thief Riv. Falls City:	
Lambert	3	1st ward	4
Louisville	2	2nd ward	2
North	2	3rd ward	8
Norden	2	Silverton	1
Numedal	2	Clover Leaf	1
Polk Center	2	Goodridge	1
Poplar River	3	Smiley	1
Red Lake Falls Tp.	2	Kratka	1
River Falls	2	Highlanding	1
Rocksbury	2	Mayfield	1
Sanders	2	Deer Park	1
Terrebonne	2	Village of Plummer	1

All primary elections in the county for the election of delegates to this convention shall be held at the usual voting places in each precinct on Saturday, June 2nd, 1906, between the hours of 7 and 8 o'clock p. m.

N. M. WATSON, Chairman.
O. F. POST, Secretary.

Board of Health Notice.

In order to improve the general sanitary condition of the village, the Board of Health of the village of St. Hilaire, Minn., have adopted the following rules at the request of the village council:

I.

That owners of or occupants of lots within the village limits be required to remove from their respective premises before the 21st day of May, 1906, all manure, garbage and other refuse matter; manure must also be removed at frequent intervals during the summer months.

II.

That the keeping of hogs within the village limits be prohibited except upon special permission from the Board of Health.

III.

That the carcases of all dead animals such as cattle, dogs, sheep, etc., must be properly buried by the owners.

IV.

That slops and kitchen refuse must not be allowed to accumulate unless suitable receptacles be provided. The board requests every family to provide suitable barrels, convenient to be gotten at by some conveyance.

V.

The board recommends that private wells be thoroughly cleansed in order to remove from them all decaying animal and vegetable matter, and it is also recommended that particular attention be given to cleaning and disinfecting all cellars, as these two are the main sources of all contagious diseases prevalent in this country.

VI.

The annual inspection by the Board of Health will take place May 21, 1906, at which time all premises not found free from garbage, manure or other refuse and all outhouses in an unsanitary condition will be ordered cleaned according to the provisions of the village ordinances.

VII.

Garbage and refuse should be burned or mixed with a liberal amount of quick lime or crude carbolic acid (5 per cent) and buried in a pit, or hauled to a suitable dumping ground where it is exposed to the sunlight.

VIII.

Be it further resolved that the above resolutions be published in the St. Hilaire Spectator for two successive weeks.

Dated May 7, 1906, by order of the Board of Health.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH,
Health Officer.

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is hereby given, that on the 11th day of June, 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, I will sell the jobs and let the contracts for digging and constructing the Ditch No. 27 of Red Lake county established by the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, by their order bearing date May 7, 1906, viz: In one job and contract, or in sections of 100 feet each, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes, as shown by the report of the engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence successively, up stream, to the one including the source, containing in all 306 sections.

Also branch ditch No. 1, containing 52 sections; also branch ditch No. 2 containing 34 sections.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of said ditch and branches requires the excavation and removal of 58776 cubic yards of earth, the same to be deposited along the sides of the ditch in spoil banks or so as to form a grade suitable for public traffic as provided in the report of the engineer, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work as one job, and also for any one or more sections thereof; said work to be completed within the time required, and in the manner specified in said engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent over and above the estimated cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond to be approved by the auditor of said county, with two freehold sureties for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the auditor of said county, for not less than ten per cent of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated May 10, 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor,
Red Lake county,
State of Minnesota.
(Seal)
m12-26]

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Formation of New District.

Whereas, a petition has been filed with the county board of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, signed and acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who reside in the proposed new district herein described, and who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts, and duly verified by the affidavit of one of the residents of said proposed new district, praying for the organization of a new school district out of the territory hereinafter described, to-wit:

All of sections 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 34, 35 and 36, in township 154 north of range 39 west of the 5th principal meridian in said county and state, and the said board of county commissioners have appointed a time and place for a hearing upon said petition as by law required;

Now therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a hearing upon said petition will be had at a meeting of the said board, commencing upon the twenty-ninth day of May, A. D. 1906, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, at which time and place the said county board will hear arguments of all persons interested, for or against the proposed organization of said new school district.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this ninth day of May, A. D. 1906.

By order of the county board of Red Lake county, Minn.
By JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio Clerk of Board.
(Seal.)
m12-15]

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Formation of New District.

Whereas, a petition has been filed with the county board of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, signed and acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who reside in the proposed new district herein described, and who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts, and duly verified by the affidavit of one of the residents of said proposed new district, praying for the organization of a new school district out of the territory hereinafter described, to-wit:

All of sections No. 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 34, 35 and 36, in township 153 north, of range 40 west, being the township of Highlanding in said county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, and the said board of county commissioners have appointed a time and place for a hearing upon said petition as by law required;

Now therefore,

NOTICE.

Is hereby given, that a hearing upon said petition will be had at a meeting of the said board, commencing upon the twenty-ninth day of May, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county at which time and place the said county board will hear arguments of all persons interested, for or against the proposed organization of said new school district.

Dated Red Lake Falls, Minn., this ninth day of May, A. D. 1906.

By order of the county board of Red Lake county, Minn.
By JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio Clerk of Board.
(Seal)
m12-19

Notice of Hearing on Petition of Freeholder.

WHEREAS, A petition signed by Siver Halvorson, a freeholder of school district No. 228 in this county, representing that he is the owner of the following described lands, situate in said district, to-wit:

The west half of the northwest quarter and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section 26 in township 151 north of range 42 west of the Fifth principal meridian in Red Lake county, Minn., which said lands adjoin school district No. 214 in said county, and that he desires to be set off with his said lands from said school district No. 228 to said school district No. 214 for the season that he will be nearer to the school house in district No. 214 and will have better roads, has been presented to the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county and asking that his said lands may be set off from said school district No. 228 to said district No. 214, and the said board has appointed a time and place of hearing thereon. Therefore,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN!

That said petition will be heard by said board at a session thereof commencing on the 29th day of May, A. D. 1906, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, at which time and place the board will hear the arguments of all persons interested for or against granting the prayer of the petitioner.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., May 9, 1906.

By order of the board of county commissioners.
JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio Clerk of Board.
(Seal)
m12-19]

Notice of Hearing on Petition of Freeholder.

WHEREAS, A petition signed by John F. Busse, a freeholder of school district No. 85 in this county, representing that he is the owner of the following described lands, situate in said district, to-wit:

The northeast quarter of the southwest quarter and lots 4 and 5 of section 18, and lot 5 of section 24, in township 152 north of range 42 west of the 5th principal meridian in Red Lake county, Minn., which said lands adjoin school district No. 125 in said county, and that he desires to be set off with his said lands from said school district No. 85 to said school district No. 125 for the reason that he has children to send to school and that the school house is only one mile from his residence, has been presented to the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county and asking that his said lands may be set off from said school district No. 85 to said district No. 125, and the board has appointed a time and place for hearing thereon. Therefore,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That said petition will be heard by the said board at a session thereof commencing on the 29th day of May, A. D. 1906, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at which time and place the said board will hear the arguments of all persons interested for or against granting the prayer of the petitioner.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., May 9, 1906.

By order of the board of county commissioners.
JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio Clerk of Board.
(Seal)
m12-19]

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

Delinquent Notice.

Great Northern Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 21, 1906.
To Hugh R. Spurr,
St. Paul, Minn.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 3018 for the purchase of the following land, viz: W½ NE¼ of section No. 17, in township No. 153 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $280.00 principal, and $85.55 interest, amounting in all to $365.55; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $365.55, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 30, 1906.
To George O. Frisby,
Cedar Falls, Iowa.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 23444 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SW¼ of section No. 19, in township No. 152 N of range No. 45 W. 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $549.00 principal and $146.80 interest, amounting in all to $695.80; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $695.80, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 18, 1906.
To M. L. Severe,
Galt, Iowa.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 21651 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SW¼ of section No. 7, in township No. 151 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $984.00 principal and $308.56 interest, amounting in all to $1292.56; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $1292.56, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract, and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 18, 1906.
To E. A. Mills,
Grand Forks, N. D.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 21772 for the purchase of the following land, viz: NW¼ of section No. 7 in township No. 153 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $448.00 principal and $66.20 interest, amounting in all to $514.20; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $514.20, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 21, 1906.
To Hugh R. Spurr,
St. Paul, Minn.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 22083 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SE¼ of section No. 29 in township No. 153 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $560.00 principal and $171.10 interest, amounting in all to $731.10; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $731.10, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 21, 1906.
To Hugh R. Spurr,
St. Paul, Minn.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 22082 for the purchase of the following land, viz: E½ NW¼ and E½ SW¼ of section No. 29 in township No. 153 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $560.00 principal and $171.10 interest, amounting in all to $731.10; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $731.10, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock, Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 21, 1906.
To Hugh R. Spurr,
St. Paul, Minn.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 22081 for the purchase of the following land, viz: NE¼ of section No. 29 in township No. 153 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $560.00 principal and $171.10 interest, amounting in all to $731.10; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $731.10, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 21, 1906.
To Hugh R. Spurr,
St. Paul, Minn.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 22076 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SE¼ of section No. 17 in township No. 153 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $560.00 principal and $171.10 interest, amounting in all to $731.10; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $731.10, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 21, 1906.
To Hugh R. Spurr,
St. Paul, Minn.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments of your Land Contract No. 22075 for the purchase of the following land, viz: E½ NE¼ of section No. 17 in township No. 153 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $280.00 principal and $85.55 interest, amounting in all to $365.55; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $365.55, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock, Land Commissioner.

m12-26

McMURRAY'S VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

CROOKSTON LUMBER Company.
Lumber Manufacturers
St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Button's Business College and Shorthand Institute
Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

OFFERS to take you through a complete course in Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Tywewriting and let you pay for your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after situation is secured for you. It practically costs you nothing because we get you a position where you earn at least $10.00 per month more than you ever earned before. We want 500 students to enter this college during the next three months and make the above unparalleled offer to get them. The courses are: : : : : : : : : :

Normal, Shorthand AND Typewriting,
Music, Commercial,
Preparatory, :::: Telegraphy.

THIS is the only College in the United States that guarantees a good paying position to every graduate. If we don't get you a satisfactory situation you need never pay us one cent : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :

J. A. Button, Principal
Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

Choice Bargains
We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at
Farm Land Prices..
Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.
St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Subscribe for St. Hilaire Spectator.

FAST MAIL TO CHICAGO
On your next trip east why not go as your letter goes? The United States government selects the
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.
Five daily passenger trains from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago—almost as frequent as suburban train service. These include The Pioneer Limited and The Fast Mail, the two most popular trains between these cities. No extra charge to ride on them. But it is necessary to name your route.
W. B. DIXON
Northwestern Passenger Agent
365 ROBERT STREET, ST. PAUL.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

CALL ON
HOLMES BROS.
FOR
HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D. Patterson	Councilmen
E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Kiiland, Secy.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The "Redgeton"
SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING.
HIGH GRADE.

Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.
STRONGEST GUARANTEE.
National Sewing Machine Co.
BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.

THE LOCAL NEWS

—For go-carts go to Holmes Bros.

—Clean seed flax for sale at Holmes' elevator.

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

J. G. Prior, of Wylie, was a business visitor here last Thursday.

Mrs. A. R. Jones was a Thief River Falls visitor last Wednesday.

The village council held an important meeting last Monday evening.

Services in the Swedish Mission church next Sunday at 10:30 a.m.

Crookston will have the first circus of the season on Thursday, May 31st.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Sheriff Dan Linnihan was here from Red Lake Falls on official business last Monday.

Miss Clara Hoff returned from a short visit to Thief River Falls last Wednesday.

Cashier Henry Enderle of the First State Bank of Plummer, was a visitor here last Sunday.

Landlord W. A. Arthur of the Hotel Markham has been laid up this week with a sick spell.

Mrs. John Gilbertson, of Thief River Falls, was here this week visiting with Mrs. A. R. Jones.

The ladies of the M. E. church gave an ice cream social at the church last Wednesday evening.

O. H. Peters came down from Middle River last Saturday and spent several days with his family.

Dr. V. Pleth came up from Crookston yesterday and attended to some professional work here.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

Merchants State Bank still has a few recording safes. Get one and save your small change. It pays.

Mrs. J. D. Marshall and Mrs. S. M. Sivertson, of Red Lake Falls, were visiting friends here yesterday.

—State Farmers Mut. Hail Ins. Co., Waseca, Minn. Largest cash surplus. Wants responsible agent. Write today.

The small boy is anxiously looking forward to the coming of the summer vacation in the schools, which will occur in two weeks.

Pat Sullivan, the river foreman for the Grand Forks Lumber company, was here on Wednesday making preparations for a log drive.

The local base ball team went out to the Sandridge last Sunday and played the boys a game out there. The score was 19 to 0 in our favor.

Lewis Larson writes us from Lovell, Big Horn county, Wyoming, that he is lonesome for some St. Hilaire news and orders the SPECTATOR.

Manager J. M. Richards and Supt. Lord, of the Crookston Lumber company came up yesterday and spent the day looking over the business here.

The farmers' threshing machine did its first work for the season last Wednesday by threshing some oats for O. W. Brink and the job is not yet finished.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.
JULIUS PLETH,
tf Plummer, Minn.

There are plenty of fishermen these days but the fish are scarce and very few good strings are reported. For the past three years there has been a very heavy run of pike a little later than this and the local anglers are anxiously awaiting their return this year.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

The weather has been about the limit this week. It has been cold enough for fur coats and warm enough for straw hats. We have had thunder storms, warm rains and cold rains, and then some plain rains, and it looks as if it might rain again. This is about all we dare say about the weather without becoming too expressive.

Have you pains in the back, inflammation of any kind, rheumatism, fainting spells, indigestion or constipation? Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea makes you well, keeps you well. 35 cents.
Imperial Drug Co.

John McCabe, one of the lumber company employees who spent the past winter here was called to Tomahawk, Wisconsin, last Wednesday, by a telegram announcing the serious illness of his father.

I. Dahlen came in from his reservation home the first of the week and will probably stay here until the water gets warmer. He reports that the wild rice he sowed last spring has all drowned out.

Miss Huldah Bergoust, of Tacoma, Washington, is here this week visiting with friends. Miss Bergoust's father was in the early days interested here with Burkee Bros. in a general store, but was not a resident here.

The crop acreage will be considerably reduced in this vicinity this year. The rains this week have about put an end to spring plowing even for flax and barley, and a large amount of land will not be sown this season.

FOR RENT.—For hay or grazing, in Black River township, 320 acres in section one, adjoining St. Hilaire on the west, with 120 acres in pasture; also 160 acres in section fourteen. Make offers to H. C. L. Stoll, Joliet, Ill. 2

Have you weakness of any kind—stomach, back or any organs of the body? Don't dope yourself with ordinary medicine. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is the supreme curative power. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Mrs. A. O. Davison and Mrs. O. F. Post entertained the Ladies' Twelve O'clock club at the residence of the latter last Thursday evening. Cards and other games were indulged in and an excellent supper served. Mrs. Jens Nelson was the prize winner in the card game and Mrs. M. E. Hoff carried off the other prize.

—Go to Holmes Bros. for Sunshine furniture polish.

The many friends of G. B. Grace will regret to learn that he has resigned his position as cashier for the lumber company here to take effect on June 1st. Mr. Grace has recently invested heavily in a bank at Mt. Vernon, Washington, and expects to take an active part in the management. He has made many warm friends while here who, while regretting his departure will wish him good luck in his new venture.

A Memphis, Mo., man has discovered a new way to get rid of mosquitos. He says to rub alum on your face and hands. When the mosquito takes a bite it puckers his buzzer so it can't sting. It sits down in a damp place, tries to dig the pucker loose, catches its death of cold, and dies of pneumonia.—Minneapolis Journal.

—Grafton flour, best in the northwest, for sale at Holmes' elevator.

Red Lake Courier: An action has been commenced in the district court by the Wylie Farmers Elevator company against the Great Northern to compel the road to allow the construction of an elevator on its right of way at Wylie. Until a year ago there were two elevators at Wylie but they were removed, as the petition alleges, at the request of the company and the company has refused to allow the Wylie Farmers Elevator company to erect their building. On Friday an order to show cause was served on the Great Northern and a hearing will be held in this city within a few days.

Ice Cream Social.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the United Norwegian Lutheran church will give an ice cream social in their church on Water street this evening, commencing at 8 o'clock. Ice cream, cake, sandwiches and coffee will be served. Prices, 25c and 10c. All are cordially invited.

Tri-State Telephone.

Work of building the Tri-State Telephone company's line from Thief River Falls to Grand Forks was commenced Thursday morning. A crew of twenty-six men started at work from Thief River Falls and, owing to the telephone strike, that crew will probably have to complete the job. It was the intention at first to put on two crews. Foreman Hamm, who is in charge of the work, states that it will probably be two months before the line is completed.

Pay Your Real Estate Taxes.

One-half of the real estate tax must be paid on or before June 1st, and one-half may be paid on or before November 1st. If no payments are made on or prior to these dates, 10 per cent penalty is added and said tax will become delinquent on the first Monday of January next, when an additional penalty of five per cent is added. Tax sale takes place on the first Monday of May following, and the amount of sale draws interest at the rate of 1 per cent per month until redeemed. If not redeemed within three years from date of sale, all lands become the absolute property of the state or purchaser.

Fire at Planer.

They had a lively time down at the planer last Thursday afternoon. The high wind caused the smoke stack to clog and the wind blew the fire out from under the boilers and into the shavings in the boiler room and shavings tank. The whole crew was kept at work for nearly an hour before the fire was put out and it was only by turning the hose into the fire-box and putting out the fires under the boilers that they at last succeeded in stopping the fire. It was a very narrow escape. Had the fire escaped control the entire plant would have been in danger as the wind was in the south and blowing strong. The planer was shut down for the balance of the day. Very little damage was done.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

An Interesting Entertainment.

A very interesting week of instruction and entertainment ended with the concert given last Monday evening by the George Concert Co., of Chicago in the United Norwegian church. The music class, numbering about 25 sang such popular songs as "Say Hello," "Swing My Baby," the "Gipsy Girl" and "My Home is on the Sea." Besides duetts, solos and humorous pieces were rendered, which was highly enjoyed by the audience.

Perhaps the most interesting of all were the bright little girls from the public school, who not only sang well but in a military manner handled their dolls with such dexterity as if they had been in training for weeks instead of an hour. A visitor said he received more entertainment for 25c than he often paid a dollar for.

The service of sacred music and talk on Holy land Sunday evening was also a success. In spite of the inclemency of the weather the church was filled to overflowing, as two congregations united, and many other occasional church-goers, attended. Prof. George spoke with enthusiasm of the duty and privilege of everyone to cultivate and use his musical talents for a singing community is a good community. He was pleased with the manner in which his large audience could sing. The incidents and happenings during his trip through Holy land he related in a manner which kept attention from first to last.

Cash For Cream.

The St. Hilaire creamery statement for the month of April is out and shows an astonishing increase in the amount of business done, being nearly double that of a year ago. April is not a good month as feed is scarce at the end of winter, and the grass has not started. However, checks have gone out this week to the patrons of the creamery for $2,582.32. The highest amount paid to any one patron was to H. Haupt, being $50.84. The total number of patrons was 168. The price paid was low, being only 19¼ cents net per pound for butter fat, but as this is only ¾ of a cent under the New York price it will be seen that the farmers are getting all there is in it. We venture to state that this statement cannot be duplicated or excelled by any creamery in the northwestern part of Minnesota. Considering the poor feed, bad roads and low price it is an excellent showing. We congratulate the farmers on their good work. May they continue to prosper.

A Bear Story.

Middle River Pioneer: Johnny Erickson had quite an interesting experience with some bears Monday morning. He has been setting a trap for a bear for some time at a point near the railroad four miles north of here, and on Monday found an old she bear in the trap with three young ones near about. He promptly proceeded to kill the old one with the only shell he had in his gun. He then tackled the young ones, capturing and tying two of them. The third one fled through the woods and Johnnie took after him. He chased it about two miles, when it ran up a tree, from which it fell and killed itself. John's hands were considerably scratched up, but that didn't count, as he brought home the two cubs in captivity. They are already quite tractable and promise to become great pets. John will realize a nice bunch of money for them.

A Friendly Call.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael McAndress were very agreeably surprised last Sunday afternoon by a large number of their farmer friends who came prepared to spend the afternoon, bringing a substantial lunch and leaving a tidy sum of cash as a donation towards refurnishing their home. Among those present were the following:

Ed. A. Aubol, Otto E. Olson, Paul Olson, Arnt Loberg, Ole A. Loberg, John P. Nelson, Geo. Hughes, Ole Skotem, John A. Hansen, M. W. Olson, G. E. Hansen, G. H. Hansen, Cornell Aubol, Charley Nelson, Axel F. Berg, Christ Thompson, Fred Turnquist, Bernt Wahl, John Boe, A. A. Odegaard, T. J. Erickson, Mikkel P. Bakken, S. O. Lee, C. E. Oien, Swan Wiberg, Ole Mathson, Alfred Aubol, Anton Aubol, Sever Finhart, Mikkel Seeland, P. Engelstad, Lars Loberg.

Big Hotel for Thief River.

News: Dennis Cavanaugh, of Hudson, Wis., last Saturday purchased the three lots at the corner of LaBree avenue and Second street of Louis Hanson, Math Barzen, Robert McGinn, Charles A. Robbecke and W. J. McGinty. The consideration was $5,000. Mr. Cavanaugh announces that he will erect a three-story building 75x140 feet upon this property to be used for a hotel, and he will place his son-in-law in charge of the place. Work upon the building will be commenced in about four weeks and the building will be completed at an early date.

Red Lake Courier: Two marriage licenses have been issued during the past week by Clerk of Court Perrault: Richard J. Duntley to Annie J. Duntley, John Brandonn to Ella Carlson.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
.....TOYS
Agency for
Phillips Steam Laundry
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

Council Proceedings.

Adjourned meeting of the village council of St. Hilaire convened Monday evening, May 14, 1906, at 8 o'clock.

Meeting called to order by President O'Brien.

All members present.

The bid of John Berglunde to build a cement sidewalk as follows, was on motion accepted: 12 inches coarse sand for filling and 4 inches filling on top consisting of 1 percent best Portland cement to 5 percent sand, for 18 cents per square foot.

The following resolution was offered and unanimously adopted:

"Resolved, that a cement sidewalk be constructed on the north side of block 39 and on the east side of blocks 39 and 38, said sidewalk to be built 5 feet wide and 16 inches thick, the bottom to be 12 inches of coarse sand and the top to be 4 inches of cement and sand, 1 percent cement to 5 percent sand."

On motion the street commissioner of the village of St. Hilaire was instructed and ordered to give notice as provided by law to parties owning real estate fronting or abutting said sidewalk described, to have the old sidewalk removed and a new cement sidewalk constructed in place of same within 20 days from the date hereof or to pay the expense of constructing said new sidewalk. A tax of 18 cents per square foot is hereby assessed on all the lots fronting or abutting said new sidewalk and against the owners thereof on the north side of block 39 and on the east sides of blocks 39 and 38 in said village.

Motion made, seconded and carried that the village pay a premium of one third of the cost in building said cement sidewalk.

On motion the street commissioner was ordered to get three No. 1 road scrapers from Wm. Olson at $6.00 per scraper.

Motion made and carried that the village donate $150 to complete the road grade in section 10, of Wyandotte township.

The ordinance of L. C. Simons for a local telephone system was read and on motion left on the table until the next regular meeting.

On motion the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR was designated as the official paper of the village for the ensuing year and to be paid the sum of $75.00 per year for publishing the council proceedings and the treasurer's financial statement.

On motion the village marshal was instructed to close the saloons at 11 o'clock evenings and on Sundays.

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'BRIEN,
President.
K. O. GIGSTAD,
Clerk.

To Finish the Ditch.

Crookston Times: With the idea of winding up the affairs of Eickhoff & Larson who had the contract for a judicial ditch in Polk and Norman counties several years ago, and who left the work in the midst of the construction, the bondsmen of those gentlemen have taken active steps for the completion of the contract which will in reality mean their release from further responsibilities. The matter has hung fire for several years on account of the fact that the ground last year could not be worked, being far too wet. It seems that the ditch was started at the source and left about in the center so that there is water carried down part way where a large lake is formed with the result that there is a bog the greater part of the year. Those who have seen the land this spring state it is impossible to get on it with teams, and that the only possible way for the work to be carried out is by hand digging.

Theo. Garceau, cashier of the First State Bank of Red Lake Falls, who is one of the active bondsmen interested in having the work finished, arrived in the city last evening accompanied by Louis Parenteau, a contractor of the same place, who spent the evening here in conference with State Drainage Engineer Geo. A. Ralph looking up the records of the ditch. They left this morning for Shelly, where they will view the ditch and ascertain exactly what has been accomplished and allow Contractor Parenteau to figure on finishing the work.

In conversation with a Times man last evening Mr. Garceau stated that he had obtained the consent of all of the bondsmen at Red Lake Falls and St. Hilaire to go ahead with the work, and that it was understood that the four gentlemen here were also willing.

The original contract called for the removal of 316,454.8 cubic yards at 11.48 cents per yard which is considered plenty high for the work. There still remains to be removed 54,000 cubic yards, and there is in all $9,600 to be paid for the remainder of the work, the contract price of the ditch being $36,000. It is quite possible that the waterway will be completed this summer and the trouble over the notorious little channel pass off into history.

Beer Car Jumps Track.

Crookston Times (Tuesday): The passenger train from Greenbush last evening did not reach this city till after midnight, having been delayed about six hours by a wreck a short distance this side of Red Lake Falls. The freight north bound included a car load of beer, and getting jagged left the track and partially topped over. A wrecking crew was sent from this city, but on account of the rain which made everything so slimy, it was all but impossible to get the track cleared.

The feat was finally accomplished, however, at about 11 o'clock, and the passenger train came in with a load of about the maddest passengers that ever road on the covered cars. There was no damage done to speak of barring the broken truck of the beer car, and this was the cause of the wreck. There was also a derailment of a freight car a short distance the other side of Red Lake Falls, but this was of small moment and caused but a short delay.

L. L. REMINGTON DEAD.

The people of the village were shocked to learn of the sudden death of L. L. Remington which occurred yesterday after an illness due to liver trouble of only nine days.

L. L. Remington was born near Leroy, N. Y., on Nov. 23, 1851. When three years of age he moved with his parents to Sycamore, Ill. At the age of 21 he moved to Blackhawk, Iowa, and resided there until three years ago, when he moved to St. Hilaire. In 1888 he was married to Mercy Jane Dunn; to them was born one daughter Clarissa J. He united with the Baptist church at the age of 14. Later he united with the United Brethren, and at St. Hilaire united with the Methodist Episcopal, of which he remained a member until his death. He was a kind and patient husband and a loving father. He made friends of all who knew him and was noted for his upright life and Christian character.

He bore his affliction with patience and did not fear to die. He told his family and friends that the end was near, a few days before he was called, and said that he was ready to go. The end came at 11:20 o'clock Friday morning, May 18, 1906, aged 55 years, 5 months and 25 days.

The funeral will be held at the M. E. church on Sunday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. —C. W. G.

For Sale.

Six hives of bees and a spring buggy. Inquire of Mrs. A. Dainard.

It pours the oil of life into your system. It warms you up and starts the life blood circulating. That's what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Company.

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

Over-hanging Street Cars.

In Berlin Germany, is projected before the city to put in a monorail hanging street railway. The cars to run on wheels hooked over a rail above in a way much like the old system of the sliding barn door. Electric power to be supplied by a second rail. The special advantage of this system, like the subway, is its speed. The tracks are much higher than the ordinary elevated road and there is not so much overhead construction to shut out the sunlight. To have bright sunny homes serve golden grain belt beer with your meals. It makes a clear brain, good nerves, strong muscles and a happy home. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in
this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the
SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

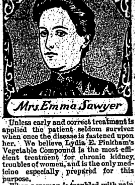
CLEARANCE SALE
OF ALL WARM GOODS
25 Per Cent Reduction
on all LADIES', MISSES'
and CHILDREN'S..........
CLOAKS,
JACKETS
and FURS
E. M. HOFF

KIDNEY TROUBLES

Increasing Among Women, But Sufferers Need Not Despair

THE BEST ADVICE IS FREE

Of all the diseases known, with which the female organism is afflicted, kidney disease is the most fatal, and statistics show that this disease is on the increase among women.



Mrs. Emma Sawyer

Unless early and correct treatment is applied the patient seldom survives when once the disease is fastened upon her. We believe Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the most efficient treatment for chronic kidney troubles of women, and is the only medicine especially prepared for this purpose.

When a woman is troubled with pain or weight in loins, backache, frequent, painful or scalding urination, swelling of limbs or feet, swelling under the eyes, an uneasy, tired feeling in the region of the kidneys or notices a sediment in the urine, she should lose no time in commencing treatment with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as it may be the means of saving her life.

For proof, read what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Sawyer.

"I cannot express the terrible suffering I had to endure. A derangement of the female organs developed nervous prostration and a serious kidney trouble. The doctor attended me for a year, but I kept getting worse, until I was unable to do anything, and I made up my mind I could not live. I finally decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a last resort, and I am to-day a well woman. I cannot praise it too highly, and I tell every suffering woman about my case."—Mrs. Emma Sawyer, Conyers, Ga.

Mrs. Pinkham gives free advice to women; address in confidence, Lynn, Mass.

His Job Safe.

"I wish the company would discharge that conductor. He's the most uncivil man I ever saw."

"That may be, but he can crowd more passengers into a car than any conductor on the pay roll."

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. Paul Hanson, St. Paul, Minn., mower; Frank La Bare, Owatonna, Minn., churn; Nels Lofstan, Detroit City, Minn., harness rack; Julius J. Nohr, Yankton, S. D., mail delivery apparatus; Peter Prins, Minneapolis, Minn., making strawboard; John C. Teller, Minneapolis, Minn., furnace; Issac A. Vickerman, Preston, Minn., building block.

Complexion bad? Tongue coated? Liver deranged? Take Garfield Tea.

Everybody wants to boss somebody, and there is always somebody who wants to boss everybody.

THE BEST COUGH CURE

A well-known Rochester lady says: "I stayed in the Adirondacks, away from friends and home, two winters before I found that by taking

Kemp's Balsam

I could subdue the cough that drove me away from home and seemed likely to never allow me to live there in winter.'

Kemp's Balsam will cure any cough that can be cured by any medicine.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

FREE

Oh, Boys! Oh, Boys!

Earn this newly invented BREECH LOADING GUN or BASE BALL OUTFIT, consisting of large Mitt, Cap and fine Base Ball, by selling 24 splendid lead pencils at 5c. each. It's dead easy; boys we trust you. Write for pencil and circular showing Gun, Indian Suits, Target and other premiums.

Thirteenth Street Lead Pencil Company, 331 W. 13th Street. NEW YORK.

MIXED FARMING

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

WHEAT RAISING RANCHING

three great pursuits have again shown wonderful results on the

FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS OF WESTERN CANADA.

Magnificent climate—farmers plowing in their shirt sleeves in the middle of November.

"All are bound to be more than pleased with the final results of the past season's harvest."—Extract.

Coal, wood, water, hay in abundance—schools, churches, markets convenient.

This is the era of $1.00 wheat.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

(Mention this paper.)

Young Chicks

grow faster, are stronger, get to laying period earlier, if you use daily a small quantity of

SHERIDAN'S Condition POWDER

"Used by poultrymen 40 years. One pk. 25c; five $1; two-lb. can $1.20; six $5. Exp. paid. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Congress.

Resume of the Week's Proceedings.

Friday.

Washington, May 12.—Senator Bailey's non-suspension amendment applying to orders of the interstate commerce commission as covered by the railroad rate bill, which has occupied so much of the attention of the senate in connection with that bill, was yesterday adversely disposed of by the decisive vote of 23 to 54, practically a party vote.

An amendment offered by Mr. Rayner confining the court review to constitutional questions was also voted down.

A number of other amendments offered in the main by Democrats and by Senator La Follette, were rejected. The only amendments accepted were those offered by Senator Allison striking out the phrase "fairly remunerative" in the provision allowing the interstate commerce commission to fix rates; limiting the operations of orders of the commission to two years; and making the interstate commerce commission the defendant in suits challenging the rates fixed by it.

After passing 320 pension bills the house yesterday devoted much time to considering a point of order made by Mr. Tawney (Minn.) against an appropriation for a new steel floating dock in the naval appropriation bill. The chair held the point of order well taken in a carefully prepared opinion.

Saturday.

Washington, May 14. — The senate proceedings Saturday included a sensational statement by Senator Tillman, covering the details of his and Senator Bailey's negotiations through ex-Senator Chandler with President Roosevelt regarding the rate bill, and an attack upon the president by Senator Bailey.

Senator Lodge replied to Senator Tillman for the president, denying the South Carolina senator's allegations, and Senator Carter defended the chief executive against Mr. Bailey.

Mr. Tillman said that the president had referred slightingly to Senators Knox, Foraker and Spooner, and Mr. Lodge replied that the president had characterized this statement as a falsehood.

The actual accomplishments of the day consisted of the completion of the consideration of the Allison amendment, covering review by the courts of the orders of the interstate commerce commission.

There were several of these provisions and all were accepted as presented, or suggested by the Iowa senator, showing an almost perfect agreement among Republican senators.

Indeed, one of the noteworthy features of the day was the practical unanimity of the Republicans.

They not only voted almost solidly for the Allison amendments, but were just as nearly united against opposing propositions. Senator La Follette continued to act with the Democrats.

Monday.

Washington, May 15.—The session of the senate yesterday passed without an exciting incident and without the adoption of a single amendment to the railroad rate bill notwithstanding that measure was under consideration practically all the time from the hour of convening, 11 o'clock, until adjournment at 5:15 p. m. The most characteristic feature of the day was the rejection of amendments.

Among the provisions adversely disposed of were several intended to fix the liability of railroad companies for injury to employes.

The house had under consideration yesterday bills relating to the government of the District of Columbia.

Tuesday.

Washington, May 16.—With the exception of an anti-pass amendment the senate yesterday concluded its consideration of the railroad rate bill as in committee of the whole, and as soon as that provision shall be disposed of will take it up in the senate. The general expectation is that the pass question will be disposed of early to-day and the general hope is that the bill may be passed before the close of to-day's session.

During the day Senator Tillman made a further explanation concerning his negotiations with the president and had Former Senator Chandler's memorandum read. The president's letter to Senator Allison was also read at the instance of the Iowa senator. The session opened with a personal statement by Mr. Tillman concerning his relations with Mr. Aldrich.

The house by a decisive vote reaffirmed its faith in the navy department, defeating an amendment of Mr. Tawney, chairman of the appropriations committee, to limit the repairs on a ship to 10 per cent of the cost.

Killed by Bursting Pipe.

Menominee, Mich., May 17.—By the bursting of a steam pipe in the mill of the Wells Lumber company last night Nicholas Gemenden, night watchman, was killed and Engineer Bush and Fireman Johnson badly scalded.

Wife Murder Charged.

Detroit, May 17.—Frank Emmett, a painter, is under arrest charged with killing his wife, who was shot through an open doorway yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Emmett had sued for divorce. Neighbors caught Emmett as he was running down the street.

Gunners Slaughter Crows.

Elgin, Ill., May 17.—Over 900 crow scalps have been turned in at the police station as the result of the two days' hunt under the auspices of the Elgin Gun club.

"Chicago is to have a bank that will run night and day."

"Good. Too often it is the Chicago banker who does the running."

Dead Game.

Gunner—They say, despite their lethargicness, the people of Philadelphia are dead game sports.

Guyer—I should say they are dead game sports. They still play ping pong.

He Wasn't Diplomatic.

He—And am I the first man who ever loved you, darling?

There is no Rochelle Salts, Alum, Lime or Ammonia in food made with

Calumet Baking Powder

—NOT IN THE BAKING POWDER TRUST—

It makes pure food.

A Difficult Role.

"You ask me if I ever failed in any role I attempted," repeated the great actor. "Yes, once when I tried to look like a sober man."

"Why," exclaimed his friend, "you're alway ssober. You never did drink, did you?"

"No; but on this occasion I was taking two drunken friends home."

A Valuable Agent.

The glycerine employed in Dr. Pierce's medicines greatly enhances the medicinal properties which it extracts and holds in solution much better than alcohol would. It also possesses medicinal properties of its own, being a valuable demulcent, nutritive, antiseptic and antiferment. It adds greatly to the efficacy of the Black Cherrybark, Golden Seal root, Stone root and Queen's root, contained in "Golden Medical Discovery" in subduing chronic, or lingering coughs, bronchial, throat and lung affections, for all of which these agents are recommended by standard medical authorities.

In all cases where there is a wasting away of flesh, loss of appetite, with weak stomach, as in the early stages of consumption, there can be no doubt that glycerine acts as a valuable nutritive and aids the Golden Seal root, Stone root, Queen's root and Black Cherrybark in promoting digestion and building up the flesh and strength, controlling the cough and bringing about a healthy condition of the whole system. Of course, it must not be expected to work miracles. It will not cure consumption except in its earlier stages. It will cure very severe, obstinate, chronic coughs, bronchial and laryngeal troubles, and chronic sore throat with hoarseness. In acute coughs it is not so effective. It is in the lingering coughs, or those of long standing, even when accompanied by bleeding from lungs, that it has performed its most marvelous cures. Send for and read the little book of extracts, treating of the properties and uses of the several medicinal roots that enter into Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and learn *why* this medicine has such a wide range of application in the cure of diseases. It is sent *free*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. The "Discovery" contains no alcohol or harmful, habit-forming drug. Ingredients all printed on each bottle wrapper in plain English.

Sick people, especially those suffering from diseases of long standing, are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter, *free*. All correspondence is held as strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for paper-covered, or 31 stamps for cloth-bound copy.

Total Failure.

Mr. Ferguson was in a high state of indignation.

"Laura," he said, "what have you been doing to my new safety razor? It's totally ruined."

"I didn't know it was a razor, George," answered Mrs. Ferguson. "Nora tried for half an hour to slice potatoes with it, and then gave it up. She says it's of no account."

BOY'S HEAD ONE SOLID SORE.

Hair All Came Out—Under Doctor Three Months and No Better—Cuticura Works Wonders.

Mr. A. C. Barnett, proprietor of a general store in Avard, Oklahoma, tells in the following grateful letter how Cuticura cured his son of a terrible eczema. "My little boy had eczema. His head was one solid sore, all over his scalp; his hair all came out, and he suffered very much. I had a physician treat him, but at the end of three months he was no better. I remembered that the Cuticura Remedies had cured me, and after giving him two bottles of Cuticura Resolvent, according to directions, and using Cuticura Soap and Ointment on him daily, his eczema left him, his hair grew again, and he has never had any eczema since. We use the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and they keep our skin soft and healthy. I cheerfully recommend the Cuticura Remedies for all cases of eczema. A. C. Barnett, Mar. 30, 1905."

Hospitality.

"Talk about hospitality," observed the portly passenger as he lighted an obese cigar with a red and gold life preserver around its stomach, "they certainly have it down in Atlanta. During a three days' sojourn there recently they would not let me spend a cent."

"Must be something like Chicago," rejoined the tin can drummer. "The last time I was there they didn't let me spend a cent, either."

"So?" queried the other, skeptically.

"It is even so," continued the tin can man. "They held me up half a square from the depot and took every cent I had away from me."

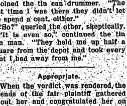
Appropriate.

When the verdict was rendered, the friends of the fair plaintiff gathered about her and congratulated her on having obtained a divorce.

"What will you do with your alimony?" they asked.

"I think I shall build a house," she replied, "if I can find the right location."

"Why not build it on statutory grounds, they cried.—Puck.



IN MINNESOTA.

State News of the Week Briefly Told.

Mrs. C. O. Strand of Waterford was adjudged insane.

Miss Joy Secor has been engaged as teacher of Latin in the high school at Blue Earth.

Homer Muse, the three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Homer Muse of Maine, was drowned in Dear river.

Frank Smith and John Kramer were sentenced to forty days in jail at Hastings for the larceny of a skiff. They were arrested at Lake City.

Raymond Rosenberger, the four-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Rosenberger of St. Cloud, was killed by being run over by a farmer's wagon.

George B. Edwards, a former Great Northern conductor who lived at St. Cloud, has been taken to Stillwater to commence a three-year term for grand larceny.

The citizens of Watertown have decided to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of the village and the fortieth anniversary of the stock fair. Great preparations are being made.

Red Wing is seriously considering the advisability of filtering the city water supply by means of electricity. N. Tuenvessen has been elected president of the board of public works.

The crew which has been working at Gull lake, near Brainerd, collecting pike spawn, has closed its operations and reports a successful season. Thirty million eggs are said to have been taken.

A local Milwaukee passenger train ran into an open switch and collided with a freight train in the yards at Northfield. Beyond a general shaking up, no one was hurt. The engines were telescoped.

At the annual meeting of the New Ulm Rural Telephone company the following officers were elected: President, Philip Leisch; vice president, Alex Russell; secretary, F. H. Krook; treasurer, Otto Schell.

A. J. Harwood has made final proof on the eighty-acre tract within the village corporation at Roosevelt, which has long been in controversy. It is expected that the land near the railroad station will soon be platted into business lots.

Roy, the nine-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Holtorf of Potsdam, met a sudden death from concussion of the brain, caused by being dragged by a Shetland pony at the home of Albert Stephans near Plainview.

A Knights of Pythias lodge was instituted at Blackduck after weeks of labor on the part of old members of the order, assisted by T. J. Miller, chancellor commander of the Bemidji Knights of Pythias lodge and others in Bemidji.

William S. Ormand, who was financial secretary of the Eveleth Miners' Union No. 47, Western Federation of Miners, is accused of a shortage in the union's funds and has been bound over to await action at the September term of district court.

The Cass Lake band has been engaged to play for the firemen's tournament at Cass Lake in June. The band is composed of youngsters, some of them not being over twelve years of age. It was organized only seven months ago and has rapidly advanced.

Peter Olson was instantly killed at the hoist on the Swallow & Hopkins railroad between Fall Lake and Basswood, near Ely. He was riding on a flat car at the rear end of the train, which was backing up. His hat was blown off, and in leaning over to watch it he lost his balance. Both his feet were cut off and he was crushed in the chest.

The Wright County Teachers' association was in session at Monticello last week, one hundred teachers being in attendance. Several excellent papers were read. Dr. G. F. James of the state university made a fine address on "Some Lessons From the Japanese," and Dr. P. M. Magnussen, president of Minnesota college, led in a discussion of "How to Study."

Red Wing is to have a paid fire department which will consist of ten men, including the chief and assistant chief. There will be three volunteer companies in addition, each one to receive $200 a year. Two of these companies will have headquarters at the central fire station. It is estimated that the department will cost the city between $9,000 and $10,000 a year.

Arthur Vanvalson, a farm hand who worked for Patrick Daly, a farmer three miles from Rosemount, was run over by a freight train a short distance from the station. He was alive when found, but while being taken to Minneapolis he died.

John Louick, a laborer at West Duluth blast furnace, was killed as a result of a large quantity of lime falling on him, but he must have died instantly as a result of the injury, for his skull was crushed. Louick was twenty-eight years old and unmarried.

The teachers at Ada for the ensuing year will be as follows: I. J. Boraas, superintendent; Mae G. Barker and W. A. C. Benson, high school; Rose Sorenson, Ora H. Nason, Lucile Switzer, Octavia Erickson, Mabel Johnson, May Wood Myers, Lottie Weaver, Marguerite Allen and Miss Rogstad, grades.

Nicholas Nelson, a farmer of Baker, Clay county, filed a petition in bankruptcy in the federal court in Fergus Falls, placing his assets at $16,652 and his liabilities at $19,530.

FAINTING SPELLS

Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, the Remedy Which Actually Makes New Blood.

Anæmia makes the patient short of breath so that there is often a sense of suffocation, sometimes there is a cough and the sufferer seems to be going into consumption, at others there is a murmur of the heart and heart disease is feared. In the following case severe fainting spells were an alarming symptom resulting from "too little blood."

Mrs. George Forrester, of 7 Curtis street, Watertown, N. Y., says: "Some time ago I took a heavy cold and it left me in a very weak condition. I became worse and worse until finally I had anæmia. I lost flesh and appetite, had no color and was subject to fainting spells. Sometimes they would attack me suddenly and I would fall to the floor with hardly any warning.

"I had one of our best physicians, but after he had been attending me about a month without any improvement in my condition, I decided to see what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills would do.

"The pills were well known to me for, about two years before, members of my family had taken them with the best results. I soon found that the pills were just what I needed for I soon began to notice an improvement. After I had taken them a while longer I was entirely cured, and we all believe in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and recommend them highly."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood. They do that one thing and they do it well. Impoverished blood is deficient in red corpuscles. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills increase the number of these red corpuscles and in this way send health and strength to every tissue.

All druggists sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills or they will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

A Chicago Answer.

Sunday School Teacher—What became of the swine that had evil spirits cast into them?

Small Johnny—They were made into deviled ham.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The reason why everybody loves babies and kittens is because they always act natural.

Write Garfield Tea Co., Brooklyn, N. Y. for package Garfield Tea, the herb cure.

It sometimes comes to a pass that after a man has eaten everything set before him he wonders what ails him.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The wise parent is always a press censor.

ZAEGEL'S SWEDISH ESSENCE — A LIFE PRESERVER — TRADE MARK

FREE
If You Are Sick

If you are ill and all out of sorts, run down, irritable, cross, nervous and despondent; if your stomach is out of order and your appetite gone, your liver inactive, congested and sore—your digestion impaired and bowels irregular, if you feel just completely tired out, have headaches, rheumatism, backaches or catarrh,

M. R. Zaegel & Co.

Zaegel's Swedish Essence

will increase your appetite, aids digestion and by so doing restores vitality and strength to both body and mind.

This medicine acts directly on the stomach and regulates the heart, bowels, liver and kidneys.

In the south it has been found to cure and prevent malaria and all kinds of fevers.

It is not a secret remedy, but a combination of roots and herbs, the names of which are on every package.

Nature's remedy for constipation, rheumatism, backache and catarrh.

If you doubt this, you can test its curative virtue for yourself at absolutely no expense.

Send your name and address, describing your ailment, and we will mail you, under plain wrapper, securely sealed, a trial bottle FREE.

It is free now, so don't fail to write to-day to M. R. Zaegel & Co., 160 Main Street, Sheboygan, Wis.

Too Much.

I begged Marie to smile on me,
For I with love was daft.
She smiled! She more than smiled, for she
Just held her sides and laughed.

AUTOMOBILE
—FOR SALE—

Model C Ford—double-opposed cylinders, 10 h. p., four to five passengers, just as good as new—cost $1,000 last August, will sell for $700 cash.

JOHN J. DOBSON,
1008 Pioneer Press Bldg. St. Paul, Minn.

THE SIGN OF THE FISH

TOWER'S FISH BRAND

has stood for the BEST during seventy years of increasing sales.

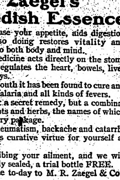
Remember this when you want waterproof oiled coats, suits, hats, or horse goods for all kinds of wet work.

WE GUARANTEE EVERY GARMENT.

A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS. U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO. Limited TORONTO, CAN.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN

W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.



W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
ESTABLISHED JULY 6, 1876.
CAPITAL $2,500,000

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES & SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

If I could take you into my three large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you the infinite care with which every pair of shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom. *Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.* Write for Illustrated Catalog.

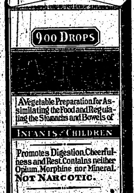
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

N W N U —NO. 20— 1906.

Don't Poison Baby.

FORTY YEARS AGO almost every mother thought her child must have PAREGORIC or laudanum to make it sleep. These drugs will produce sleep, and A FEW DROPS TOO MANY will produce the SLEEP FROM WHICH THERE IS NO WAKING. Many are the children who have been killed or whose health has been ruined for life by paregoric, laudanum and morphine, each of which is a narcotic product of opium. Druggists are prohibited from selling either of the narcotics named to children at all, or to anybody without labelling them "poison." The definition of "narcotic" is: *"A medicine which relieves pain and produces sleep, but which in poisonous doses produces stupor, coma, convulsions and death."* The taste and smell of medicines containing opium are disguised, and sold under the names of "Drops," "Cordials," "Soothing Syrups," etc. You should not permit any medicine to be given to your children without you or your physician know of what it is composed. CASTORIA DOES NOT CONTAIN NARCOTICS, if it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.



900 DROPS
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. J. W. Dinsdale, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I use your Castoria and advise its use in all families where there are children."

Dr. Alexander E. Mintie, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "I have frequently prescribed your Castoria and have found it a reliable and pleasant remedy for children."

Dr. J. S. Alexander, of Omaha, Neb., says: "A medicine so valuable and beneficial for children as your Castoria is, deserves the highest praise. I had it in use everywhere."

Dr. J. A. McClellan, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I have frequently prescribed your Castoria for children and always got good results. In fact I use Castoria for my own children."

Dr. J. W. Allen, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I heartily endorse your Castoria. I have frequently prescribed it in my medical practice, and have always found it to do all that is claimed for it."

Dr. C. H. Glidden, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "My experience as a practitioner with your Castoria has been highly satisfactory, and I consider it an excellent remedy for the young."

Dr. H. D. Benner, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have used your Castoria as a purgative in the cases of children for years past with the most happy effect, and fully endorse it as a safe remedy."

Dr. J. A. Boarman, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria is a splendid remedy for children, known the world over. I use it in my practice and have no hesitancy in recommending it for the complaints of infants and children."

Dr. J. J. Mackey, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I consider your Castoria an excellent preparation for children, being composed of reliable medicines and pleasant to the taste. A good remedy for all disturbances of the digestive organs."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

ESTABLISHED 1879.
Minneapolis WOODWARD & CO. GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth
Orders for future delivery executed in all markets.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MAY 26, 1906. NUMBER 45.

VAST AREA SWEPT CLEAN BY FLAMES

400 SQUARE MILES OF TERRITORY DEVASTATED BY THE FOREST FIRES.

THREE THOUSAND HOMLESS

SEVEN TOWNS TOTALLY BURNED AND DOZENS SAVED ONLY BY HEROIC WORK.

Escanaba, Mich., May 19.—Driven by a heavy gale of wind one of the most destructive forest fires in the history of this district yesterday afternoon laid waste a tract of land fifty miles square and at a late hour last night was still spreading. It is definitely known that the following cities and villages have been completely wiped out: Quinnesec, population 5,000; Shaffer, 600; Ralphs, 400; Salvoie, 200; Cornell, 500; Woodlawn, 200, and Talbot, 400.

Hundreds Are Homeless.

At North and several other points on the line of the Escanaba & Lake Superior railway at 6 o'clock last night, when all communication was cut off, the fire had reached the outskirts of the village and no hope of saving any of the property was offered. Hundreds of people are homeless and are being brought into Escanaba as fast as trains can be sent to the burned district. In addition to the list of saw mills and other buildings, millions of feet of cut lumber have been burned and tracts of standing timber badly damaged. The loss of the I. Stephenson Company of Wells from burned timber alone it is believed will approximate several hundred thousand dollars.

Railway Bridges Burned.

W. B. Linsley, of the Peninsula division of the North-Western road, announced that late last night, owing to conflicting reports being received, he was unable to estimate the loss to that company. It was stated that several railway bridges have been destroyed and that entire trains of cars have been burned on the track. All freight traffic on both the North-Western and Escanaba & Lake Superior roads was suspended early yesterday afternoon and the entire attention of the train crews given to relief trains sent out to move residents of burned towns to places of safety.

Escanaba, Mich., May 22. — Four known dead, a score or more persons missing, hundreds of families homeless, several million dollars of property burned, seven towns wiped out entirely, and a dozen more partially, five counties devastated and four hundred square miles of territory fire-swept—

In Path of Flames.

Towns totally burned:

Talbot, Mich., 300 population; only a few houses left standing.

Quinnesec, Mich., 400 population; only one house remains.

Saunders, 150 population; all wiped out.

Niagara, Wis., 300 population; all wiped out.

Kingsley, 500 population.

Woodlawn.

Perkins.

Towns partially destroyed:

Northland, Cornell, Antoine, Spring Valley, Forest City, Salva and Metropolitan.

Territory Devastated:

Five counties, Marquette, Menominee, Delta, Alger and Dickinson.

400 Square Miles Swept.

Milwaukee, May 21.—A staff correspondent of the Sentinel, who yesterday made a tour of the district in the upper peninsula of Michigan covered by the forest fires, in a special train, the first train to go through the district since the catastrophe, telegraphing his paper, says that the fire appears to be practically out in all of the district, which is about 400 square miles in area. The fire raged for a distance of sixty-four miles along the line of the Escanaba & Lake Superior railroad and for thirty miles beyond Channing, the western terminus of the road.

3,000 Are Homeless.

It seems certain now that 2,000 persons are homeless in that district and that 1,000 are left desolate at Quinnesec. The Quinnesec fire, however, was of different origin from the Escanaba fire, having started in a field where men were pulling stumps and burning debris. This fire spread into the city, wiped out all the buildings except three residences and the paper mills. Then the fire spread into the timber, and, running north for forty miles, finally joined the flames sweeping east from Escanaba. It was also learned that Woodlawn and Kingsley, on the Escanaba & Lake Superior line, were destroyed and Perkins, on the North-Western.

Alarming Reports Verified.

The strip burned along the Escanaba & Lake Superior road appears to be thirty miles wide and the alarming nature of the earlier reports of the fire seem to be thoroughly verified by the trip. Stories of heroic battles against the flames are numerous. Dozens of towns were saved only by the most desperate battle with the flames.

Three Times Threatened.

Northland, a town of 1,000 inhabitants, was three time threatened. The fire was checked each time at a distance of only ten yards from the houses on the outskirts. First the fire swept toward the place from the north, but was checked when two residences were scorched. Wagons with barrels of water prevented the catching of the fire. Driven away, the fire swept west and then returned from that direction and again was stopped. A third time the fire spread into a great tract of timber south of town which reaches up to the doors of the houses in that part of Northland, and a third time was checked.

Carries Corpse of Baby.

One man who carried the coffin with the corpse of his dead baby thirty miles to Escanaba in his escape from the fire, went back on the special train and found his home gone but the picket fence surrounding the house was untouched. The ashes of his home had been blown away by the gale, and the fence was the only evidence of human habitation. The rest of the town had been swept away.

Are Not Disheartened.

A remaarkable feature of the fire is the fact that nearly all the refugees are not disheartened, but are determined to return and begin over. They have only the clothes they wear, but say this is the fortune of the frontiersman, and that if their homes are lost, at least the fire has cleared the land for them and this much labor is saved.

Suffers Heavy Loss.

Menominee, Mich., May 22. — The town of Soperton, Mich., owned by the Bay Shore Lumber company, suffered a heavy loss from the forest fires. All communication was cut off from the place until yesterday. The loss included a number buildings and a large amount of logs. The Bay Shore company lost 3,000,000 feet of logs, valued at $30,000. For a time Soperton and Wabeno people were cut off. All that saved the towns and people from complete annihilation was a shifting of the wind. Wabeno's loss was not as serious at Soperton's.

WISCONSIN ALSO SUFFERS.

Two Villages Wiped Out and Many May Have Met Death.

Marinette, Wis., May 20.—The best information obtainable at this hour is that the forest fire which is sweeping the country north of here has reached Iron county, north of Dickinson. This makes four counties which are suffering from fire. The area is 200 square miles.

The country swept by the flames varies from pine timber land to barrens. Part is iron mining country and the district includes tracts of hardwood which have never been touched by the woodsman's ax. In the barrens settlers have taken up their residence, and it is for these that the greatest anxiety is felt.

Two Villages Wiped Out.

Information received at Marinette is that the village of Shaffer, on the Metropolitan branch of the North-Western railway in Dickinson county, was wiped out. No word could be received as to the loss of life there, if any.

The village of Sounders, in Iron county, a lumber town directly north of Florence, has also been swept by the flames. Here, as at Shaffer, many may have met death. The town consists of a few residences, four saloons, a couple of hotels and a big sawmill.

$50,000 Worth of Lumber Burned.

Wausau, Wis., May 20.—Fire of unknown origin broke out in the lumber yards of Phillips & Menzmer at Marathon City yesterday. Over 3,000,000 feet of lumber, valued at $50,000, have been consumed. Wausau sent an engine to help subdue the fire, which is threatening the mill and the town. The woods north of the town are burning fiercely. The loss is partly covered by insurance.

HOMELESS IN SAD STRAITS.

Some Sufferers Face Distress, but Outside Help Is Not Asked.

Stanley, Wis., May 22. — The fire which swept away a large portion of the residence district and several business houses here Friday made a thousand people homeless. Some of them are in distress. It is believed that all can be cared for without outside assistance. The homeless are housed in school houses, churches, store buildings and in the homes of more fortunate neighbors. A feature of the disaster is that most of the unfortunates lost their entire belongings, not realizing their danger until it was too late.

Several narrow escapes from death are reported, but there were no fatalities.

The loss will aggregate about $200,000.

GETS AWARD EARNED IN 1865.

Wisconsin Civil War Veteran Will Receive $16.49.

Eau Claire, Wis., May 18.—Elbridge G. Jordan, who was in the federal service on the United States gunboat Pontiac in the Civil war, received notice yesterday from the auditor of the treasury department that he had been allowed $16.49 as his share of prize money for the capture of a Confederate gunboat on the Savannah river in 1865.

CONVICTED AFTER FIVE YEARS.

Nebraska Man Found Guilty of Wrecking Bank.

Auburn, Neb., May 22.—Charles M. Chamberlain was found guilty in the district court here of wrecking the Chamberlain Bank of Tecumseh, Neb., of which he was manager. This was his third trial. Following the failure of the bank nearly five years ago Chamberlain fled. He was indicted, and two years later returned voluntarily for trial.

SENATE PLOTS FOR SEA LEVEL

WOULD MAKE APPROPRIATION APPLICABLE ONLY TO SEA LEVEL CANAL.

PRESIDENT MUCH CONCERNED

HOUSE IS IN ACCORD WITH ADMINISTRATION PROGRAM FOR LOCK CANAL.

Washington, May 24.—A strong sentiment in the senate in favor of making the proposed canal appropriation applicable only to the construction of a sea level canal across the isthmus of Panama, in accordance with the majority report of the senate committee on interoceanic canals, is proving embarrassing to the administration, which is committed to the lock type. President Roosevelt yesterday discussed the subject with senate leaders who called at the White House, and apparently he is much concerned as to the outcome.

Senators for Sea Level.

As the result of the president's inquiry an attempt was made yesterday to ascertain how the senate stands on the question of canal type. There were too many absentees to make an effective poll, but it was learned that several senators who had been counted upon to support the administration program will vote for a sea level canal.

Thus far no canal construction policy has been perfected, and the contest is likely to be precipitated by an attempt on the part of advocates of the sea level type to declare that the appropriation for canal purposes shall be used only for the purpose of a one level waterway.

President Will Go Ahead.

Advocates of the lock type, in order to win their point, will not have to pass a lock canal bill, but will have to defeat any effort to define the manner in which the canal appropriation shall be expended. Secretary Taft has informed the senate that if the type of canal is not determined by congress, the president will not hesitate to proceed with the plans for a lock canal recommended by the majority of the board of consulting engineers.

House With President.

Officials charged with the direction of canal affairs believe that the house is in accord with the administration program for a lock canal, for the reason that it would cost much less and take far less time to build than would be required for the sea level canal. With the two houses at odds it appears that the administration plan must be successful, as the president was informed by senate leaders yesterday that congress would not be held long in session to contest the question. In view of the fact that there are no political questions involved, it is not believed that, against pronounced opposition from the house or even a determined fight in the senate, a majority in the latter body in favor of the sea level project easily could be maintained.

BRIBER IS OUT ON PAROLE.

Thomas McGarry of Grand Rapids, Mich., Leaves Cell.

Lansing, Mich., May 24.—Thomas F. McGarry, a former prominent attorney of Grand Rapids, and the only man with the exception of Lant K. Salsbury to serve a prison sentence as a result of the noted Lake Michigan water scandal in that city and the resultant wholesale indictments, was yesterday paroled from Ionia prison by Gov. Warner. McGarry was convicted of bribery.

Young Girl Missing.

Fargo, N. D., May 24.—Gladys Olney, seventeen years of age, is missing, and her parents are greatly alarmed. The girl came here recently with her father, who is a peripatetic healer. The girl, who is exceptionally pretty, disappeared, and her parents believe she was kidnapped. The police have been asked to assist, but believe that it is a case of elopement.

Little Joker in Resolution.

Washington, May 24. — The senate committee on finance yesterday favorably reported a resolution directing that materials for the Panama canal shall be of domestic production and manufacture unless the president deems the bids for the same exorbitant.

Steamer Sunk in Collision.

Detroit, Mich., May 24.—The steamer John Duncan, bound down, was sunk near the mouth of the Detroit river last night in collision with the up-bound steamer Wisconsin.

Preacher Is Drowned.

Rock Island, Ill., May 24. — The corpse of Rev. Frank W. Hoover, a Congregational minister of Sherrard, was found floating in a pond near his home yesterday. It is supposed that he was drowned while bathing.

Duelists Fatally Wounded.

Anadarco, Okla., May 24. — Deputy United States Marshal James Bourland and Fred Hudson, who was recently acquitted of a murder charge, engaged in a pistol duel yesterday and both were fatally wounded.

OFFICIALS ON THE GRILL

MORE REVELATIONS ABOUT STOCKHOLDINGS — ROAD STARTS INQUIRY.

Philadelphia, May 24.—Further revelations concerning stockholdings in soft coal mining companies by officials of the Pennsylvania railroad were made yesterday when the interstate commerce commission resumed its investigation into the alleged discrimination by railroads in the distribution of cars.

Three high officials of the railroad, First Vice President John P. Green, Third Vice President Samuel Rea and William A. Patton, assistant to the president at Philadelphia, were the important witnesses of the day. Mr. Patton was an unwilling witness. The persistent questioning of Attorney Glasgow for the commission, however, brought out the fact that Mr. Patton had acquired stock, the par value of which is $307,000, in various coal companies without cost to himself.

Vice President Rea read a statement in which he explained all of his stock transactions, stating that he did not believe that he was debarred from such ownership because of his connection with the railroad company.

Vice President Green said that the board of directors of the Pennsylvania railroad, acting upon the information that had been brought out at the hearings, had yesterday appointed a committee to make an investigation into the connection of its officials with coal companies.

WHEN PLATT WILL RETIRE.

New York Senator Answers a Plain Hint Plainly.

New York, May 24.—"When ought a politician to retire?" said Senator T. C. Platt, in response to a question.

"He ought to retire when he feels damn good ready.

"I presume you put that question to me as a hint that I ought to retire from the senate. Well I would like to. My senatorial term, however, as you know, won't expire for some considerable time; but when it does, I'll be damned glad to step down and out."

JUDGE TO BE REFEREE.

All Points of the Dowie Dispute to Be Submitted to Judge Landis.

Chicago, May 24.—The attorneys in the Dowie litigation have agreed to allow Judge Landis, of the United States district court, to settle all the points in the controversy between Voliva and Dowie, and a stipulation to that effect will be presented to the court to-day. A formal order, declaring that Dowie is an individual bankrupt, was entered yesterday in Judge Landis' court.

KILLED IN PISTOL DUEL.

Crowd Pursues Survivor and Puts Him to Death.

Chipley, Ga., May 24.—An out-door political meeting addressed by Hoke Smith was broken up here yesterday by a pistol duel in the edge of the crowd in which Joe Hastey, a farmer, was killed, and John Irvin, his slayer, was killed three blocks away by a crowd which pursued him.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, May 24. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 82 3-4@83 1-4c; No. 2 Northern, 81@82c; No. 3, 78@80 1-2c. Corn —No. 3 yellow, 45 3-4@46 1-4c. Oats —No. 3 white, 31 1-2@32c.

Minneapolis, May 24.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 84 7-8c; No. 1 Northern, 83 7-8c; No. 2 Northern, 82 3-8c; durum, 72 1-2@75c. Oats—No. 3 white, 32 3-4c.

Duluth, May 24. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 84 1-4c; No. 2 Northern, 82 1-4c; flax, $1.16 1-2; rye, 57c.

Chicago, May 24. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 92 1-2@93c; No. 2 hard, 85 1-2@87 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, 85 1-2@86 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 83@85 1-2c. Corn—No. 2, 49 3-4@50c. Oats—No. 2, 32 3-4c.

Milwaukee, May 24. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 85@86 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 82@84 1-2c. Rye—No. 1, 61 1-4@61 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 55c. Oats—Standard, 35 1-2@36c.

Sioux City, Iowa, May 24.—Cattle—Beeves, $4 @ 5.40; cows, bulls and mixed, $3@4.40; stockers and feeders, $3.50@4.40; calves and yearlings, $3@4.25. Hogs—Bulk, $6.27@6.32.

Chicago, May 24. — Beeves, $4.15@5.10; stockers and feeders, $2.90@4.80; cows and heifers, $1.85@5.35. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $6.35@6.55; bulk, $6.47 1-2 @ 6.55. Sheep, $4.35@6.25; lambs, $5@7.75.

South St. Paul, May 24. — Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs—Price range, $6.20@6.35; bulk, $6.25@6.30. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $6@6.50; fair to good, $4.50@5.75; yearling wethers, $5.25@6; good to choice ewes, $4.25@5.

Earthquake in Cleveland.

Cleveland, May 24.—An earthquake shock lasting forty-eight seconds was recorded here yesterday upon the seismograph at St. Ignatius college. The initial movement came from the east and the return shock from the west.

Prince at White House.

Washington, May 24.—Prince Maharajah Gaikwar of Baroda, Gujareth, India, and his brother were received at the White House yesterday afternoon by President Roosevelt. The reception was purely informal.

HENRIK IBSEN IS CALLED BY DEATH

NORWAY'S GREATEST POET AND DRAMATIST PASSES PEACEFULLY AWAY.

DIES AFTER LONG ILLNESS

WAS THE MOST PICTURESQUE LITERARY MAN IN THE OLD WORLD.

Christiania, May 24.—Henrik Ibsen, Norway's greatest poet and dramatist, died peacefully at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Although Ibsen's literary activity ceased some years ago when an apoplectic seizure forced him to refrain from mental effort, he had continued to be a familiar figure in the life of Christiania and was frequently seen driving in the streets with a companion. His sudden removal, therefore, deeply impresses the capital.

Fresh apoplectic.

From time to time lately as fresh apoplectic attacks came upon him it became obvious, especially in view of his advanced years, that his death could not be far distant. His condition last week was very disquieting. Tuesday night another seizure left him completely unconscious, and his physician, Dr. Bull, announced that he had only a few hours to live. At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the patient's respiration weakened and the nurse in attendance summoned Madame Ibsen, Sigurd Ibsen, his son, and the latter's wife, who remained at the bedside till the end. The poet died without a struggle. He was seventy-eight years of age.

King Sends Sympathy.

King Haakon, immediately upon receipt of the news of Ibsen's death, transmitted to the widow his own and Queen Maud's sympathy and condolences. The storthing and other public bodies are formally recording the national grief at the loss of this foremost figure in the literary life of the nation. All the theaters were closed last night. The authors' union placed a wreath on the Ibsen monument outside the National theater. It is understood that the funeral will be a state function.

Among Ibsen's greatest works were: "Love's Comedy," "Peer Gynt," "The Pillars of Society," "A Doll's House," "Ghosts" and "Hedda Gabler."

RUSSIANS ASK LOT OF CZAR.

Universal Suffrage, Immunity of Person and Habeas Corpus.

St. Petersburg, May 24—The central committee of the Constitutional Democrats has completed the drafts of the laws to be introduced in parliament, including universal suffrage, irrespective of sex and equal rights for all citizens; laws guaranteeing immunity of the person and inviolability of domicile without due process of law, providing also the guarantee of habeas corpus and specifically excluding all exceptions.

While no party at court favors a complete surrender to the demands of the lower house of parliament, the Trepoff cabal which secretly favors a dissolution of parliament, is not strong enough for the moment to seriously urge such a course.

CZAR SELLING OUT.

Reported to Have Sold Forest Lands to a Syndicate.

St. Petersburg, May 24.—The Nasha Shisn yesterday published a report to the effect that the forests belonging to the crown appanages had been sold to a Berlin syndicate for $25,000,000. There is no confirmation of the story, which is discredited.

RESIGNS PRESIDENCY.

Head of Upper House of Russian Parliament Retires.

St. Petersburg, May 24.—Count Solsky has been relieved of the presidency of the council of the empire, or upper house of parliament, at his own request and on account of ill health.

FRISCO BANKS OPEN DOORS.

No Sign of Runs and Plenty of Money on Hand.

San Francisco, May 24.—Practically every bank in this city that has been able to secure temporary quarters threw open its doors to the public yesterday morning. There was no sign of a run. A unique feature connected with this general resumption of business after the suspension caused by the recent great calamity was the fact that never in the history of San Francisco was there so much bank money on hand.

BOY OF SIX KILLS SISTER.

Finds Old Revolver and Fires It in Fun.

Pittsburg, May 24.—Catherine Clutter, aged four years, was shot and killed at her parents' residence at Homestead yesterday by her brother, Wiley, aged six years. The children found an old revolver which was not known to be loaded. Playfully pointing the gun at his sister, the boy pulled the trigger and a bullet was discharged into the brain of the little girl.

TOO MUCH FOR HIM.

The proprietor of a tan yard built a stand on one of the main streets of a Virginia town for the purpose of selling leather and buying new hides.

When he had completed the building he considered for a long time what sort of sign to put up to attract attention to the new establishment. Finally a happy thought struck him. He bored an augur hole through the door post and stuck a calf's tail into it with the tufted end outside.

After awhile he saw a solemn-faced man standing near the door looking at the sign, his eyes in a round, meditative stare behind his spectacles. The tanner watched him a minute, then stepped out and addressed him.

"Good morning, sir!" he said.

"Morning!" said the other, without taking his eyes off the sign.

"Want to buy leather?" asked the tanner.

"No."

"Got any hides to sell?'

"No."

"Are you a farmer?"

"No."

"Merchant?"

"No."

"Lawyer?"

"No."

"Doctor?"

"No."

"What are you, then?"

"I'm a philosopher. I've been standing here for an hour trying to figure out how that calf got through that augur hole."

THE POINT OF THE PROVERB.

An old proverb advises the shoemaker to stick to his last. It means that a man always succeeds best at the business he knows. To the farmer it means, stick to your plow; to the blacksmith, stick to your forge; to the painter, stick to your brush. When we make experiments out of our line they are likely to prove expensive failures.

It is amusing, however, to remark how every one of us secretly thinks he could do some other fellow's work better than the other fellow himself. The painter imagines he can make paint better than the paint manufacturer; the farmer thinks he can do a job of painting better, or at least cheaper than the painter, and so on.

A farm hand in one of Octave Thanet's stories tells the Walking Delegate of the Painter's Union, "Anybody can slather paint;" and the old line painter tells the paint salesman, "None of your ready made mixtures for me; I reckon I ought to know how to mix paint."

The farm hand is wrong and the painter is wrong: "Shoemaker, stick to your last." The "fancy farmer" can farm, of course, but it is an expensive amusement. If it strikes him as pleasant to grow strawberries at fifty cents apiece, or to produce eggs that cost him five dollars a dozen, it is a form of amusement, to be sure, if he can afford it, but it's not farming. If the farmer likes to slosh around with a paint brush and can afford the time and the expense of having a practical painter do the job right pretty soon afterward, it's a harmless form of amusement. If the painter's customers can afford to stand for paint that comes off in half the time it should, they have a perfect right to indulge his harmless vanity about his skill in paint making. But in none of these cases does the shoemaker stick to his last.

There is just one class of men in the world that knows how to make paint properly and have the facilities for doing it right; and that is the paint manufacturers—the makers of the standard brands of ready-prepared paints. The painter mixes paints; the paint manufacturer grinds them together. In a good ready-prepared paint every article of one kind of pigment is forced to join hands with a particle of another kind and every bit of solid matter is forced, as it were, to open its mouth and drink in its share of linseed oil. That is the only way good paint can be made, and if the painter knew how to do it he has nothing at hand to do it with. A paint pot and a paddle are a poor substitute for power mixers, buhr-mills and roller-mills.

The man who owns a building and neglects to paint it as often as it needs paint is only a degree more short-sighted than the one who tries to do his own painting or allows the painter to mix his paint for him.

P. G.

Lively Australian Weeklies.

The little weeklies of the towns of Australia are livelier and more abusive of each other than the "Kickers" and "Iconoclasts" of American frontier towns. The editor sof these rival journals must possess a peculiar qualification—the ability to "slang" the opposition paper and all connected with it. Township folks look to the rival editors to dissipate the local dullness and provide a weekly feast of fun and billingsgate, and the proprietors of the papers insist on having editors capable of satisfying popular expectations.

Not for Him.

Representative "Jake" Beidler of Ohio tells this story of his efforts to sell a trunk to one of his dairy hands:

"You are going away," Mr. Beidler said. "Let me sell you this trunk."

"What for?" asked the employe.

"To put your clothes in, of course."

"An' go naked? Why, I'de be arrested in a minute."

The Mark of Success.

All ye who's make your mark in life,
To this advice should hark—
Seek first, if you would win the strife,
To make a $.

HIT PACKERS ON SANITARY LINES

PRESIDENT WILL TRANSMIT REPORT ON THE SUBJECT TO CONGRESS.

WILL ADD FORCEFUL COMMENT

FEDERAL AGENTS HAVE PROBED PACKING CONDITIONS—WILL HIT HARD.

Washington, May 24.—An interesting report on alleged unsanitary conditions in the Chicago stockyards and packing plants will soon be transmitted to congress by the president. Following the furore created by the charges in Upton Sinclair's book, "The Jungle," federal agents were sent to Chicago to make a thorough investigation of conditions and customs alleged in the book to exist. The inquiry was quietly conducted by Charles P. Neill, labor commissioner, and James B. Reynolds, assistant secretary of the treasury. The results are now being shaped into a final report which it is said the president will transmit to congress, accompanied by comment and suggestions of his own.

President Will Hit Hard.

It is broadly intimated on good authority that, while not going to the extremes of "The Jungle" charges, the report points out certain things which are proper material for congressional attention.

The expectation that the president's comment will be forceful is based upon the theory that the administration is smarting under its defeat through technicalities in the recent criminal proceedings against the packers and is not likely in consequence to overlook an opportunity to strike at the beef trust at any vulnerable point. Until yesterday, however, there was no suspicion that the result of the investigation conducted by Messrs. Neill and Reynolds would extend so far as the laying of the matter before congress.

Blow in Beveridge Bill.

Senator Beveridge yesterday introduced his bill to provide for the inspection of all meat products designed for home consumption as well as meat and meat products for shipment to foreign countries, and this, too, is partly the outgrowth of the investigation of conditions at the stock yards. In a nutshell, the purpose of the bill is to give the American consumers of slaughter house products the same protection that foreigners have under the existing law. The provisions of the measure, however, are more stringent than those now in force with respect to products for export.

NO SCAR BY THE SCALPEL.

Unnamed London Surgeon Makes a Discovery in Cutting Art.

London, May 24.—Some of the hospitals here are employing for operations an unnamed surgeon, who has perfected a method of incising the skin without leaving a visible scar. His success is mainly attributable to his skill and experience, but his method is based on the practice of cutting the skin slantwise. He uses hollow-ground scalpels, made after his own designs. Sometimes massage forms part of the healing treatment. It is said that old scars from operations can be removed by this method, which, it is declared, is one of the most important advances made in surgery in recent years.

IS BISHOP OF PORTO RICO.

Patrick J. McHale Will Succeed Archbishop Blenk.

New Orleans, May 24. — News has reached Catholic circles in this city that Very Rev. Patrick McHale has been appointed bishop of Porto Rico to succeed Archbishop Blenk, who held the office until he was recently elevated to the archbishopric of New Orleans.

Triple Lynching Feared.

Wichita, Kan., May 24. — To avoid the possible lynching of three negroes, Bud Gibbs, Leonard King and Peter Dunn, they were hastily removed from the police station yesterday afternoon to the county jail and placed under a strong guard. The negroes were arrested on the charge of robbing and probably fatally beating William Sutton, a grocer.

Oldfield Breaks Record.

Lexington, Ky., May 24. — Barney Oldfield broke the American automobile record for fifty miles here yesterday. Time, 1:13:02. The previous time was 1:16:20.

Crushed to Death in Wreck.

Bluffton, Ind., May 24. — A broken journal caused a wreck of a Clover Leaf east-bound through stock and meat train east of this city yesterday. Two men who were riding the bumpers were caught in the wreck. One will no doubt recover, but the other was horribly crushed and lived only two hours.

Lightning Kills Three.

Hammond, Ind., May 24.—Three people were killed and one fatally injured by lightning during a storm yesterday.

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OF ST. HILAIRE

K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER
9:15am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar. Red Lake Falls. Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar......St. Hilaire......Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar. Thief River Falls. Lv 1:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.
10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar.........Wylie.........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

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The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, May 26, 1906.

The state that is too poor to pay for advertising its state lands need not be surprised if settlers conclude that the land is too poor to settle, is the logical argument of the Big Fork Compass.

The governorship tangle is just as much of a tangle as ever and the past week has recorded few if any changes. No candidate has anywhere near enough votes in sight for a nomination.

Duluth News-Tribune: The public will not know if the rate bill was born with teeth or not, until the courts construe it. It is pretty certain, however, that if this bill proves toothless, its successor will be a bull-dog.

Brainerd Tribune: There is nothing that makes a safer investment than Northern Minnesota realty. It will never sell for a cent less than today and the man who can buy now and hold for five or ten years will have a fortune.

With one exception the candidates for the republican nomination for governor are conducting clean and dignified campaigns. The followers of Jacobson are trying to create the impression that if their man is not nominated they will bolt for Johnson as they did two years ago. In fact, it is hard to tell which man they are working for the hardest.

Alvah Eastman, the St. Cloud editor who is booming Jacobson, seems to have the political game frayed to a frazzle. He is the register of the U. S. land office at St. Cloud, thanks to the president. He is also a member of the state normal board, thanks to Governor Johnson. Now if he should land with "Jake" wouldn't he just be the whole 57 varieties?

The county board will meet in special session on June 11th at Red Lake Falls to consider and act on the county seat removal petition. We do not believe, however, that this means were to have an election at once. The lawyers are only getting fairly interested in their work and in our opinion it will be many moons before the people have a chance to vote on the question.

Littlefork Times: One of Southern Minnesota's candidates for governor says that he "tjinks" there is a survey being made of the northern counties in the interest of drainage. A man who does not take enough interest in the development of the state to keep posted on what is being done in the matter of improvements is not the kind of a man Northern Minnesota would like to see in the governor's chair.

Sauk Center Herald: All the little congressmen and some of the big ones are crying out to their constituents that they are with the president and that it is necessary for them to be returned in order to sustain the administration. Bless their hearts, of course they are with the president. They have to be, but there is no necessity for their worrying about him. He would manage to get along somehow if not a single member of the present congress was returned. Sometimes we think he would get along better with an entirely new body of men.

The Minneapolis Journal of Saturday says: Senator A.D. Stephens, one of the candidates for governor, was down from Crookston yesterday. He is feeling very well pleased with the situation in the Ninth district. His campaign is in the hands of the "Andy Stephens club" of Crookston, and President Sathre of that club reports that they are receiving assurances of support from several counties outside of the ninth. They expect to have the ninth solid with the exception of Otter Tail which is conceded will be divided, a good share going to Cole. Stephens profits by the fact that he is the only avowed candidate who is of Swedish descent, and therefore be is favored by a good many who think a Swedish candidate should be named to offset Johnson.

A Bridge of Crocodiles.

A traveler writes of a port in northwestern India: "The great sight of Karachi is the sacred crocodile preserve at Magar Pir, some seven miles off. There are hot springs here which feed a shallow tank containing nearly a hundred crocodiles. The story, usually thought to be fictitious, of the Englishman who for a bet crossed the tank by jumping successively from the backs of these crocodiles is based on fact. The hero of this foolhardy feat was a certain Lieutenant Beresford, a friend of Sir R. F. Burton. When Burton and his companion were visiting the crocodiles' tank they noticed that these reptiles and certain islets of reeds happened to make an almost continuous bridge across the tank. This prompted the daring subaltern to hazard the feat of crossing by hopping from one crocodile to another. To the amazement of the spectators he succeeded in this apparently mad attempt. Sir Richard Burton had already successfully performed an equally daring feat. He managed to muzzle a crocodile by means of a lasso and then jumped on the reptile's back and enjoyed a somewhat zigzag ride."

Arsenic.

Arsenic has been known from very early times as a deadly poison. It is believed to have been the means employed by Nero to remove his enemies, and there is little doubt that it was also known to and employed by Messalina and Agrippina. During the middle ages it was extensively used as a secret poison, being sold by alchemists and poisoners of Italy under the name of "widow's powders" or "succession powders." Its properties were definitely ascertained and made public by Brandt in 1733. The plant from which asafetida is produced is a native of Persia, Afghanistan and northern India. In all these countries the inhabitants use it as a seasoning for their meat and vegetables, much as red pepper is employed by the natives of Mexico and South American states. The odor is not deemed by them in the least offensive.

Aiming a Revolver.

It is a peculiar fact that very few men, even accomplished shots, know how a revolver ought to be handled. Nearly all are taught to handle a revolver as if it were a rifle—that is, by bringing the object aimed at and the fore and hind sight into a line. This is all well enough for shooting gallery practice, but should never be followed in the field. When training troops to use the revolver they are taught, in aiming, never to look at the weapon at all, but to keep their eyes on the object to be struck. In quick firing, and specially in shooting from horseback, much better results are obtainable in this way.

A Poser.

A Missouri judge tells how he quieted a barber who had a lotion for sale. The barber had just shaved him and before letting him up wanted to sell him the lotion to use on his face when he shaved himself. "Is this what you use on your customers?" asked the judge. "No," replied the barber; "it is so expensive I cannot afford it." "If you can't afford when you get 10 cents for shaving a man," replied the judge, "how do you expect me to afford it when I shave myself for nothing?" The barber was nonplused and gave up the sale.

Republican County Convention.

A republican county convention for the county of Red Lake is hereby called to be held on Wednesday, June 6th, 1906, at one o'clock p. m., in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, for the purpose of electing nine delegates to the republican state convention at Duluth, Minnesota, June 13, 1906, and such other business as may properly come before the convention.

The republican voters of the county, and all other voters, without regard to past political affiliations, who believe in the principles advocated by the republican party and endorse its policies, are cordially invited to participate in the selection of delegates to this convention.

Representation for this convention will be in accordance with the following resolution, adopted at a meeting of the republican county central committee, held in the city of Red Lake Falls on the 17th day of April, 1906:

> "Resolved, that the representation of the several precincts shall be based upon the vote cast in the respective precincts at the general election in 1904 for the republican candidate for governor; that each precinct is entitled to one delegate for each fifty (50) votes, or fraction thereof, so determined from the vote for the republican candidate for governor in 1904"

That each precinct is entitled to the following representation in this convention:

That each precinct be allowed in addition thereto, one delegate at large; that each of the following precincts, which were not organized at the general election of 1904, shall be entitled to one delegate at large: Townships of Silverton, Clover Leaf, Goodridge, Smiley, Kratka, Highlanding, Mayfield, Deer Park, and the Village of Plummer.

Black River	2	Wyandotte	2
Bray	2	Village of St. Hilaire	3
Emardville	2	Red Lake Falls City:	
Equality	2	1st ward	2
Garnes	2	2nd ward	2
Gervais	2	3rd ward	2
Lake Pleasant	2	Thief Riv. Falls City:	
Lambert	3	1st ward	4
Louisville	2	2nd ward	2
North	2	3rd ward	2
Nordon	2	Silverton	1
Numedal	2	Clover Leaf	1
Polk Center	2	Goodridge	1
Poplar River	3	Smiley	1
Red Lake Falls Tp.	2	Kratka	1
River Falls	2	Highlanding	1
Rocksbury	2	Mayfield	1
Sanders	2	Deer Park	1
Terrebonne	2	Village of Plummer	1

All primary elections in the county for the election of delegates to this convention shall be held at the usual voting places in each precinct on Saturday, June 2nd, 1909, between the hours of 7 and 8 o'clock p. m.

N. M. WATSON, Chairman.
O. F. POST, Secretary.

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A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

HON. A. D. STEPHENS

CROOKSTON MAN'S CANDIDACY FOR GOVERNORSHIP WELL RECEIVED GENERALLY.

SPLENDID RECORD AS STATE SENATOR

SECURED PASSAGE OF MEASURES OF IMPORTANCE TO AGRICULTURAL INTERESTS.

Hon. A. D. Stephens, whose candidacy for governor of Minnesota is receiving enthusiastic support all over the northern part of the state, as well as in many of the central and southern counties, is a native Minnesotan, having been born in Carver county of Swedish-American parents. He was raised on a farm during the hard times of the war and immediately following it, when farming was a much more laborious occupation than at present. A little later he took a position as clerk in a store at Willmar and then went into business for himself, where he lost all of his previous savings during the grasshopper ravages, but although left penniless he paid his obligations in full. He then had to make a new start and took a position as traveling salesman for the N. B. Harwood Dry Goods company of Minneapolis and remained on the road until 1880, when he moved to Fisher, this county, and started a general store. This venture was successful and after conducting it for several years he sold out and engaged in the farm machinery business, which he followed until 1891, when he became cashier of the Merchants' National bank of Crookston, which position he now holds.

HON. A. D. STEPHENS.

Mr. Stephens has never been a seeker for office and has never held a position of public trust where there was more than a nominal salary attached, although he has had many opportunities to do so. He served two terms as mayor of Crookston and was later appointed surveyor general of logs by Governor Clough and held the office under the administrations of Governors Lind and Van Sant. The position, however, which has made him well and favorably known all over the state, was that of state senator, to which he was elected in 1902. Although it was his first term he at once took a leading position in that body and early became recognized as one of its most diligent and successful members. He introduced and secured the enactment of the law to allow the state funds to be used for drainage loans at 3 per cent interest. This measure has already saved the taxpayers of the state over $200,000 and has made it possible to redeem thousands of acres of wet lands, which probably would not have been done under other conditions. He has been a most enthusiastic supporter of state drainage and at the second session of the legislature revised the state drainage laws. It was largely through his efforts that the state was committed to the policy of appropriating state money for drainage. In 1882 he took in hand the matter of getting the first drainage law passed and spent a great deal of time in St. Paul getting the measure through the legislature. Previous to that time the word "drainage" did not appear on the statute books of the state and it must be a matter of great satisfaction to him when he thinks of the difficulties he encountered in getting this measure through to find that nearly all public men are now willing to commit themselves to the drainage idea, although some of these, who are now seeking the nomination for governor on the Republican ticket, have always heretofore strenuously opposed it.

Another feature of his work while in the senate was the securing of a branch of the State Agricultural college for Northern Minnesota. This, like the 3 per cent drainage loan law, is going to be a decided advantage to the agricultural interests of the state. It is the beginning of a new principle that the state will broaden opportunities for farm education.

Mr. Stephens' keen insight into character will, should he be made governor, enable him to select honest and well qualified men to fill the various positions that would devolve upon him to fill and his wide acquaintance with business men and business methods, together with his excellent judgment and conservative principles, qualify him in a marked degree for the position of chief executive of Minnesota.

Delinquent Notice.

Great Northern Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 21, 1906.

To Hugh R. Spurr,
St. Paul, Minn.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 6018 for the purchase of the following land, viz: W½ NE¼ of section No. 17, in township No. 153 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $280.00 principal, and $85.55 interest, amounting in all to $365.55; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $365.55, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
Land Commissioner.

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is hereby given, that on the 11th day of June, 1906, at 10 o'clock a.m., at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, I will sell the jobs and let the contracts for digging and constructing the Ditch No. 25 of Red Lake county, established by the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, by their order bearing date May 7, 1906, viz: In one job and contract, or in sections of 100 feet each, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes, as shown by the report of the engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source, containing in all 306 sections.

Also branch ditch No. 1, containing 52 sections; also branch ditch No. 2 containing 34 sections.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of said ditch and branches requires the excavation and removal of 58778 cubic yards of earth, the same to be deposited along the sides of the ditch in spoil banks or so as to form a grade suitable for public traffic as provided in the report of the engineer, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work as one job, and also for any one or more sections thereof; said work to be completed within the time required, and in the manner specified in said engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent over and above the estimated cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond to be approved by the auditor of said county, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the auditor of said county, for not less than ten Per cent of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated May 10, 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor,
Red Lake county,
State of Minnesota.

(Seal)

m12-26

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 30, 1906.

To George C. Frisby,
Cedar Falls, Iowa.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 23444 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SW¼ of section No. 19, in township No. 152 N of range No. 45 W, 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $549.00 principal and $146.80 interest, amounting in all to $695.80; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $695.80, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 18, 1906.

To E. A. Mills,
Grand Forks, N. D.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 21772 for the purchase of the following land, viz: NW¼ of section No. 7 in township No. 153 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $448.00 principal and $66.20 interest, amounting in all to $514.20; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $514.20, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 21, 1906.

To Hugh R. Spurr,
St. Paul, Minn.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 22083 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SE¼ of section No. 29 in township No. 153 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $560.00 principal and $171.10 interest, amounting in all to $731.10; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $731.10, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 21, 1906.

To Hugh R. Spurr,
St. Paul, Minn.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 22082 for the purchase of the following land, viz: E½ NW¼ and E½ SW¼ of section No. 29 in township No. 153 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $560.00 principal and $171.10 interest, amounting in all to $731.10; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $731.10, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock, Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 21, 1906.

To Hugh R. Spurr,
St. Paul, Minn.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 22081 for the purchase of the following land, viz: NE¼ of section No. 29 in township No. 153 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $560.00 principal and $171.10 interest, amounting in all to $731.10; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $731.10, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 21, 1906.

To Hugh R. Spurr,
St. Paul, Minn.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments on your Land Contract No. 22076 for the purchase of the following land, viz: SE¼ of section No. 17 in township No. 153 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $560.00 principal and $171.10 interest, amounting in all to $731.10; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $731.10, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock,
Land Commissioner.

Delinquent Notice.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company.
Land Department.
St. Paul, Minn., April 21, 1906.

To Hugh R. Spurr,
St. Paul, Minn.

You will please take notice that default has been made in the payments of your Land Contract No. 22075 for the purchase of the following land, viz: E½ NE¼ of section No. 17, in township No. 153 N of range No. 45 W 5 P. M.; that there is now due and payable under said contract the sum $280.00 principal and $85.55 interest, amounting in all to $365.55; and you are hereby required to pay the said sum of $365.55, together with costs of serving this notice, within thirty days after the service of the same upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case you fail to make payment within the time aforesaid, said Railway company will cancel your contract and declare the same null and void.

Chas. H. Babcock, Land Commissioner.

m12-26

CROOKSTON
LUMBER Company.
Lumber
Manufacturers
St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Button's Business College
and Shorthand Institute
Crookston, Minn. ☞ and ☞ Wadena, Minn.

OFFERS to take you through a complete course in Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Tywewriting and let you pay for your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after situation is secured for you. It practically costs you nothing because we get you a position where you earn at least $10.00 per month more than you ever earned before. We want 500 students to enter this college during the next three months and make the above unparalleled offer to get them. The courses are:

Normal, Shorthand AND Typewriting,
Music, Commercial,
Preparatory, Telegraphy.

THIS is the only College in the United States that guarantees a good paying position to every graduate. If we don't get you a satisfactory situation you need never pay us one cent

J. A. Button, Principal
Crookston, Minn. ☞ and ☞ Wadena, Minn.

Choice
Bargains
We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at
Farm Land Prices..
Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE. Secretary.
St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Subscribe for St. Hilaire Spectator.

FAST MAIL
TO CHICAGO
On your next trip east why not go as your letter goes? The United States government selects the
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.
Five daily passenger trains from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago—almost as frequent as suburban train service. These include The Pioneer Limited and The Fast Mail, the two most popular trains between these cities. No extra charge to ride on them. But it is necessary to name your route.
W. B. DIXON
Northwestern Passenger Agent
365 ROBERT STREET, ST. PAUL.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

CALL ON
HOLMES BROS.
FOR
HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D. Patterson	Councilmen
E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3850 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K.R. Killand, Secy.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The "Redgeton"
SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING.
HIGH GRADE.

Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.
STRONGEST GUARANTEE.
National Sewing Machine Co.
BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.

THE LOCAL NEWS

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Mrs. M. E. Bjerk was a Thief River Falls visitor last Monday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Miss Ione Higgins, of Thief River Falls, spent Sunday with Miss Mabel Aimer.

Miss Etta Zaiser spent Monday with friends here on her way to her home in St. Paul.

Sheriff Dan Linnihan was up from the county seat on Tuesday on official business.

Miss Katherine Patterson was at Thief River Falls last Monday calling on friends.

M. L. Hanson made a short business trip to Ada, Minn., last Monday, returning on Wednesday.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of RedLake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on June 3rd and 4th.

Mrs. P. S. Stranahan went down to Crookston the first of the week to consult an eye specialist.

Merchants State Bank still has a few recording safes. Get one and save your small change. It pays.

Miss Josephine Gigstad spent last Sunday at Thief River Falls visiting with friends, returning on Monday.

David Collins has been making a few social calls this week, taking the assessor's books along for diversion.

Mrs. G. H. Tibbitts, of Red Lake Falls, was here last Wednesday calling on her daughter, Mrs. A. O. Davison.

Mrs. P. E. Pirath, of Red Lake Falls, was here several days this week visiting with her daughter, Mrs. H. E. Ives.

Joel G. Winkjer was a visitor here last Monday on his way to Wylie where he inspected the cheese factory.

Hans Hanson has been appointed stable boss at the saw mill and has moved into the residence near the stables.

Miss Mary Hoff returned from Thief River Falls last Wednesday and will be employed permanently here at the post office.

Mrs. Clarke and daughter, of La Porte, Iowa, arrived here last Tuesday and will spend some time visiting with Chas. Hull.

Joseph Miller and family, of Red Lake Falls, were here a couple of days the first of the week visiting with Napoleon Miller.

The Sandridge base ball club came in last Sunday afternoon and played the local line a game, the score being 33 to 7 in our favor.

Miss Annie Larson, a daughter of S. J. Larson, of Polk Centre, returned yesterday from St. Peter, where she has been attending school.

John McCabe writes from Tomahawk, Wis., that his father died soon after he reached home. He also states that he will return here in a short time.

—Grafton flour, best in the northwest, for sale at Holmes' elevator.

Mrs. E. R. Evans and Mrs. O. F. Post have issued invitations for a shower for Miss Helen Hannay, to be held at the Post residence next Saturday evening.

A split-log drag was received from Thief River Falls the first of the week and has been tried on the streets. On rough, rutty roads it does excellent work.

A. O. Davison and family have been moving this week into the building formerly occupied by Julius Pleth, where they will stay until they can secure a residence.

—Clean seed flax for sale at Holmes' elevator.

W. A. Arthur and wife went down to Crookston last Saturday evening and spent Sunday with friends. Mr. Arthur returned on Monday morning and Mrs. Arthur on Tuesday.

You can pay your real estate taxes at the Merchants State Bank. They have a complete list of the amounts due and next Thursday is the last day before the penalty is added.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.
Julius Pleth,
tf Plummer, Minn.

—For go-carts go to Holmes Bros.

Deputy Sheriff George Jarman was here from Thief River Falls last Tuesday serving notices that the county board would meet June 11th to consider the county seat removal petition.

It pours the oil of life into your system. It warms you up and starts the life blood circulating. That's what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Company.

The Social Dancing club will give another one of their popular dancing parties at Imperial hall this evening. All are cordially invited. Music by the St. Hilaire orchestra. Tickets 50 cents per couple.

The Great Northern refused to transport the heavy cars of the Sells-Floto circus to Thief River Falls on account of the poor condition of the track, so Red Lake county must get along without a circus.

Eugene V. Debs will deliver a lecture on socialism at Thief River Falls on Friday, June 1st, at 8 p.m. Mr. Debs is an orator of ability and the oracle of the socialists. A number from here are planning to attend.

We have had another week of cold weather. It don't look as if we were going to have any warm or dry weather this year. The wind has been in the northeast all the week and the heavy rain on Thursday night was not needed.

—Go to Holmes Bros. for Sunshine furniture polish.

Richard H. Duntley and Anna Duntley were married at Crookston on Friday, May 18th, the Rev. Geo. E. Satterlee officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Duntley arrived home on Saturday and have since been receiving the congratulations of their many friends.

Several of the prominent farmers in this vicinity last Wednesday purchased a pedigreed Belgian draft stallion from Robt. Burgess & Son, of Wenona, Ill. It will make the season at St. Hilaire, Thief River Falls and Wylie. Further particulars next week.

—Mrs. L. L. Remington wishes to thank the many friends who so kindly assisted during the sickness and death of her beloved husband. Also the kindness of the Ladies' Aid in the presentation of the many beautiful flowers was greatly appreciated.

O. T. Romsos, of Sarles, N. D., was here last Thursday on his way to Wylie where he was formerly in business. Mr. Romsos reports that crop prospects are excellent in the vicinity of Sarles and that the spring has been very favorable out there for farm work.

Have you pains in the back, inflammation of any kind, rheumatism, fainting spells, indigestion or constipation? Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea makes you well, keeps you well. 35 cents.
Imperial Drug Co.

William Dexter, of Minneapolis, arrived last Saturday and at once took charge as day foreman at the saw mill in place of Fred Stapleton. Mr. Dexter has been similarly employed for a number of years by Shevlin-Carpenter Co. at Minneapolis and comes highly recommended as a mill man of ability and experience.

The Grand Forks Lumber company drive with Pat Sullivan in charge will probably be through the flowage and over the dam today. They have about ten million feet in the drive and the crew is composed of fifteen men. A number of Indians were in the crew but they succeeded in getting some whiskey and most of them have quit work. The wannigan will go over the dam some time today.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: Zaiser Bros. last week purchased a team of goats from William Eickhoff of St. Hilaire, and their children have a neat little wagon and drive their new "team" about town to the envy of the proverbial small boy. The animals are typical species of the goat family and it is expected that the tin can piles in the south part of town will now vanish henceforth and forever.

C. L. Dobner, the Thief River Falls banker and county seat leader, in company with Attorney Stanton, were north bound passengers on last Thursday's train. In speaking of the county seat fight, he said: "It's all over but the shouting." However, it looked to us as if Mr. Dobner had his fingers crossed. Attorney Stanton also lacked that worried look that a man usually has who has nearly worked himself out of a job.

Primary Election.

Thre will be a primary election of the republican voters of the village of St. Hilaire to be held at the village hall on Saturday evening, June 2nd, from 7 to 8 p.m., to elect three delegates to the county convention.

Church Announcement.

Methodist Episcopal.—Sunday school, 10 a.m.; preaching, 11 a.m., subject, "Be Sure"; Epworth League, 7 p.m.; Hans Rolland, leader; preaching, 8 p.m., subject, "The Kind of Books the Soul Wants." C. W. Gilman, Pastor.

For the Land's Sake.

The farmer was fertilizing his soil. A lady from the city stopped to gaze at him.

"What on earth is that?" she asked.

"A new fertilizer, ma'am."

"For the land sake!" she cried.

"Yes, ma'am," said the farmer.

Not Worth While.

"Perhaps if I were to boil it down," suggested the space writer.

"Wouldn't do any good," said the obdurate editor. "Take a gallon of water and boil it down to a pint, and it would still be nothing but water."

For Sale.

Six hives of bees and a spring buggy. Inquire of Mrs. A. Dainard.

Mrs. Norander Relative of Drowned Man.

Thief River Press: Andrew Norander, a carpenter of St. Hilaire, was in the city Monday. He had read the article in last week's Press regarding the drowning of Lars Johnson and the inquiry as to his relatives. Mrs. Norander is a sister of the dead man and her first intimation of his death was when the news reached her from Thief River.

Johnson, who lived on a pine claim in Itasca county was a single man 53 years of age. When visiting his sister, two years ago he stated that he was troubled with fainting spells. Said he crossed the creek in which he was eventually drowned, on a log and he feared he would sometime get dizzy while crossing and fall into the stream. While this surmise is not confirmed, his sister is of the opinion that he met his fate in such a manner.

Johnson lived southeast of Thief River on a claim of 40 acres which he proved up and sold to L. Ulstad, going from here to St. Hilaire where he worked for a time for Julius Pleth. Later he went to Itasca county. He He had recently proved up on his pine claim and this property will go to his sister.

Our Road Making.

Our present system of road work in Minnesota is wrong. We do not get value received for the money expended. We believe that all road taxes should be paid in cash, and that all road work should be done under contract. Such a system would soon create a class of expert roadmakers, and competitive bidding for work to be done under plans and specifications would give the townships value received for the money expended. The county appropriates a hundred or two hundred dollars to a certain township to aid in improving a bad road. In most cases the job is handed to some fellow who "needs the money," but has no practical ideas of road making, and the appropriation is wasted. The law should compel us to receive bids for such work under plans and specifications, and we would be much more likely to get the worth of our money. Our present system is certainly radically wrong, and it is hoped that the next legislature will enact a measure that will force an improvement of conditions.—Brown's Valley Tribune.

Changed Date of Drainage Meet.

The convention of the Minnesota Drainage League which was to have been held in Wadena on June 5th, has been postponed until June 25.

This announcement has been made by the secretary, H. G. Hayes, who states that because of the conflict with county conventions, it was thought advisable to make the league meeting a few weeks later. The county conventions all over the state will be held at the same time as the date previously fixed for the drainage convention. Many prominent public men and politicians, as well as private citizens, who are interested wrote to the secretary that they would be unable to go on June 5, as they would of necessity have to remain at home to attend their county conventions.

The date has now been fixed after the state convention and the members of congress will undoubtedly all be present at the meeting, as congress will adjourn in time for all members to be back home June 25.

Murder Suspect Captured.

Sheriff Richmond, of Roseau county, on May 10th captured Alec McKenzie, the man suspected of killing John Stuart near Benwood last winter. He was found at Meckinock, N. D. He at first stoutly denied having ever been in Roseau county, but later on admitted having spent the winter with Stuart on William Stephens' claim. According to the account of the man given by the Roseau County Times, he is a bright, intelligent looking man of about 27 years of age. He denies all knowledge of the killing of Stuart and tells a plausible story of his relations with Stuart and Stephens. He does not appear to be nervous over the charge against him, but realizes that it is a serious matter and that he will have to make a fight for his life. He has engaged R. H. Medicraft as his counsel and having no money himself, expects to receive assistance from his relatives in Prince Edwards Isle. The examination will not take place for some time.

Special Meeting.

We, the undersigned, members of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company, do hereby pray to call a special meeting of the members of said company to be held at the village hall in St. Hilaire, Minn., on Monday the 11th day of June, 1906, at one o'clock p.m., for the purpose of considering Section two, of article six, of the by-laws of said company as to whether or not we hereafter pay the full amount of insurance on any residence, church or schoolhouse, and any other business that may come before the meeting.

Dated this 7th day of May, 1906.

N. K. Anderson, President. C. P. Swanson, Secretary.
M. J. Akerlund. Christ Person.
J. M. Swanson. A. E. Anderson.
Chas. Johnson. P.A. Hallstrom
Peter Lindblom. Swan Scholin.

Have you weakness of any kind—stomach, back or any organs of the body? Don't dope yourself with ordinary medicine. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is the supreme curative power. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

McMURRAY'S VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR
A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

Thief River Creamery Prosperous.

News: The Thief River Falls creamery is doing all kinds of business these days and it is quite probable that inside of a few weeks it will be one of the best patronized creameries in this section of the state. Last week 50 tubs of butter, or 3,100 pounds, was manufactured, and this is within ten tubs of butter of what the St. Hilaire creamery manufactures. As the St. Hilaire creamery has long been considered one of the best and most successful in the state, it can readily be seen the local creamery is fast getting to the front. In a few years when the farmers around here get in as good shape to go into the dairying business as the St. Hilaire farmers are at present there can be no question but that the creamery will prove a great success. Every farmer should do his share.

We were over to the creamery yesterday afternoon and if our Thief River Falls friends expect to keep up to the record made here they have got to do better than the above indicates. We found four large vats of cream yesterday and Buttermaker Austin informed us that it was the big day of the season and that he would make not less than forty-five tubs of butter today from the cream received yesterday. This is nearly as much as our up-river friends make in a week.

Milk Dealers Must Have License.

Milk dealers in the smaller cities and towns are required to take out state license under the new code provisions, and this will greatly increase the number of licenses, says the Minneapolis Journal. The old law only required them of dealers in the large cities. The license year expired May 1st.

It is also held that restaurants where milk is sold by the glass, and even saloons have to pay $1 each for license. The state department keeps a record of all licenses, and they may be revoked in case the holder of the license sells impure milk or violates the law otherwise.

Under the new code, persons selling milk from a single cow are exempt from the license. Where more than one cow is kept a license is required for each wagon delivering milk. The inspectors are wondering whether a restaurant buying its milk from the keeper of a single cow needs to take out license.

Bottom of Well Falls Out at Fertile.

Fertile, May 18.—During the past week, and since the Frisco earthquake, some unnatural phenomena have happened around here. West of here some artesian wells have stopped flowing. The most curious, however, is what happened to the well belonging to Tom Stevenson, of this place. One of his boys was playing near the well and saw the pump suddenly disappear. Upon investigation it was found that the platform and some forty feet of curbing had completely disappeared, not a timber, or portion of a timber remaining to be seen. Only the iron pump shows. It left a large hole, cut straight down, about twelve feet across and twenty-five feet deep. The hole is larger at the bottom than at the top. What the cause of such a sinking was is a conundrum, many believing it to be an after-effect of the earthquake.

Stubborn Fact.

There are those who have grown tired of all the talk about health and sanitation, have lifted the banner of reaction, and crying: "Let's stop thinking about one's insides. The watched kettle doesn't boil. We are in danger of becoming a race of hypochondriacs." True, there is nothing worse for one's insides than thinking about them—except, possibly, tinkering with them. But there's the stubborn fact that buckwheat cakes aren't as good as they taste—it's one of the tragedies of life. And, then, we must all admit that golden grain belt beer is actually a necessity rather than a luxury. It aids digestion and tones up the whole system. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Not Himself.

Mistress (to head gardener, who has been ill)—I'm glad to see you out again, Bates. Bates—Thankee, mum. But I ain't anythink like right yet. Why, when the wind blew these 'ere pots over, hinstead of a-callin' the hunder gardner to pick 'em up, blessed if I didn't start a-doin' of it myself!—Punch.

Taming a Rat.

A trapped rat may easily be tamed by allowing no water but that offered in a spoon, for the creature soon learns to recognize the hand which supplies this all important necessary.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz:

Per O. Kjonickson, H. E. No. 21700, for the W½ NE¼ Sec. 33, T. 152 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

John Westerlund, of Plummer, Minn.; N.A. Nelson, of St. Hilaire, Minn.; Emil Just, of Red Lake Falls, Minn.; Gust Christopherson, of Plummer, Minn.

R. J. Montague, Register.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
TOYS
Agency for
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

WATCH THIS SPACE
—FOR—
ANNOUNCEMENT
—OF—
E. M. HOFF
NEXT WEEK.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at...
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

A case of necessity is a case of Hamm's

NEW BREW
Bottled and on draught
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co. St. Paul, Minn.

SAW MILL MACHINERY.

Saw Mills
Gang Edgers
Lumber Trimmers
Lath Machines
Bolting Machines
Shingle Machines
Planer & Matchers
Drag Saws
Wood Saws
Engines
Boilers
Pulleys
Shafting
Boxes
Tracks
Grate Bars
Feed Mills
Horse Powers
We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B. Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

Mrs. Mittie Huffaker.

HAD GIVEN UP ALL HOPE. CONFINED TO HER BED WITH DYSPEPSIA.

"I Owe My Life to Pe-ru-na," Says Mrs. Huffaker.

Mrs. Mittie Huffaker, R. R. No. 3, Columbia, Tenn., writes:

"I was afflicted with dyspepsia for several years and at last was confined to my bed, unable to sit up.

"We tried several different doctors without relief.

"I had given up all hope of any relief and was almost dead when my husband bought me a bottle of Peruna.

"At first I could not notice any benefit, but after taking several bottles I was cured sound and well

"It is to Peruna I owe my life today.

"I cheerfully recommend it to all sufferers."

Revised Formula.

"For a number of years requests have come to me from a multitude of grateful friends urging that Peruna be given a slight laxative quality. I have been experimenting with a laxative addition for quite a length of time, and now feel gratified to announce to the friends of Peruna that I have incorporated such a quality in the medicine which, in my opinion, can only enhance its well-known beneficial character.

—"S. B. HARTMAN, M. D."

Last Advice From His Wife.

William Brookfield, the English churchman, used to tell this story: "The new bishop of New Zealand, in a farewell and pathetic interview with his mother after his appointment, was thus addressed by her in such sequence as sobs and tears would permit: 'I suppose they will eat you, my dear—I try to think otherwise, but I suppose they will. Well! we will leave it in the hands of providence. But if they do—mind, my dear, and disagree with them.'"

Trying to Buy Famous Name.

Will Crooks, the labor member of the British parliament, is the victim of a curious device practiced by certain writers. He says that from time to time he receives articles on various subjects with a request that he sign his name to them, the idea being that his signature will make unsalable work salable, and that Mr. Crooks will be sufficiently rewarded for the use of his name by the fame which the articles will bring to him.

Something to Boast of.

Gunner—Is Cogger still boasting about the durability of his racing automobile?

Guyer—I should say so. He says despite the breakdowns and repairs, there is still an original piece of metal in it that was there when he bought it.

Hard to Understand.

Lawson—Here is an advertisement in the paper of a man who says he has $100,000 and wants to go into business.

Dawson—Well?

Lawson—Why does a man who has $100,000 want to go into business?

LOW RATES.

M. & St. L. Special Excursions.

To Portland, Ore.; Tacoma, Seattle and Puget Sound points (account meeting Hotel Men's association, June 25-29), one fare for the round trip via variable routes. Tickets on sale June 18-22, limited to sixty days. With payment of slight additional charge tickets will be routed one way through California.

To Boston, Mass.—One fare plus $1.00, for meeting American Medical association, June 5-8. Liberal limits. Tickets on sale June 2-5.

To Des Moines, Iowa—One fare plus $2.00, unless fare and one-third makes less, for General Assembly Presbyterian church, May 16-29. Tickets on sale May 14-17 and 21-23, limited to May 31.

To St. Paul and Minneapolis, Minn.—One fare plus $2.00, except fare and one-third from nearby points, account biennial meeting General Federation Women's Clubs, May 30-June 7. Tickets on sale May 28-31, limited to June 9, except that upon payment of limit extension fee of $2.00 tickets will be made good for return until July 31.

To Springfield, Ill.—One fare plus $1.00 for round trip, account annual meeting German Baptist Brethren, May 31-June 5. Dates of sale June 1, 2, 3, and also on May 29 and 30 to advance delegates. Liberal limits offered.

To Louisville, Ky.—One fare plus 25 cents for the round trip, account Homecoming week for Kentuckians, June 13-17. Dates of sale June 11-13. Tickets limited to June 23, except extension to 30 days from date of sale may be obtained on payment of 50 cents.

For full particulars in regard to rates, train service, etc., call on agents or address A. B. Cutts, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

WILL PROCLAIM AMNESTY MAY 27

CZAR WILL CELEBRATE THE ANNIVERSARY OF HIS CORONATION.

WILL BE LIMITED IN SCOPE

CONSTITUTIONAL DEMOCRATS GUARDEDLY DECIDE TO ACCEPT IT.

St. Petersburg, May 24.—The long awaited political amnesty will, the Associated Press learns from a government source, be proclaimed May 27, the anniversary of the coronation of Emperor Nicholas II. The exact scope of the measure has not as yet been determined. It will, as anticipated, be limited, but the Associated Press is in a position to state that the Constitutional Democratic party is prepared, though grudgingly, to accept the act of grace from which terrorists are excluded, recognizing, though not publicly, that the government is not altogether unjustified in refusing to set at large men who will be as ready in the future as they have been in the past to shoot down or blow to pieces hated representatives of authority.

Demand Unlimited Amnesty.

Their demand for unlimited amnesty was based on the expectation that with the institution of a full constitutional era the terrorists, as was promised in an open letter just before the assassination of Alexander II., would abandon active operations, but they have been forced to admit that the crimes of the last few days give the government no guarantee that the promise will be kept.

The administration is daily cutting down the number of prisoners who may be affected by the amnesty, releasing convicts by hundreds in the provinces, while among those released in St. Petersburg are twenty-seven members of the council of workmen delegates who drew up the famous manifesto preaching a raid on the government gold reserve.

Premier Summoned.

Premier Goremykin has been summoned to Peterhof to-day for a conference with Emperor Nicholas to put the final touches to the speech which the premier will deliver, unless unforeseen contingencies prevent, in the lower house of parliament on Friday setting forth the government's position on the various points in the house's address in reply to the speech from the throne.

$157,599 FOR USE OF AUTOS.

Extortionate Charges for Use of Autos in San Francisco.

San Francisco, May 24.—The Extortionate charges for automobile hire during the first two weeks following the fire is likely to develop into a scandal of huge proportions before the finance committee finishes with auditing its accounts.

In the tabulated statement filed with the committee of forty on Saturday there appears a charge of $157,599 for automobile service. It is a well known fact that there are not more than 1,000 machines in San Francisco, and that all of them could be bought outright for a sum not much in excess of the amount charged for the hire of probably half the number.

Only 129 claims were presented to cover this sum. The average rental a day was $35, but in many instances the charge was even higher. What the committee will do with this item is still undetermined.

In the same table is a statement of charges for milk, butter, eggs, bread, vegetables, drugs, hay, grain and clothing. The total cost of these necessaries does not equal the cost of the hire of automobiles. Some of the garages have relieved the committee from embarrassment by generously donating the amount of the demand to the relief fund.

INDIAN'S SUIT THROWN OUT.

Supreme Court Will Not Consider an Attack on the Forest Reserve.

Washington, May 24.—The supreme court of the United States refused, for lack of jurisdiction, to entertain the suit of Joseph Naganab, a Chippewa Indian residing in Minnesota, against Secretary Hitchcock, to enjoin the latter from setting off certain pine lands in the Lake Winnibigoshish reservation for a forest reserve. It was alleged that the act of the government would result in the loss to the Indians of the reservation of not less than $10,000,000.

HERDER OF FLOCK KILLED.

Man Drowns and Wolves Deplete Sheep Ranks.

Helena, Mont., May 24. — While crossing the Little Porcupine river near Miles City, Mike Josinski, a sheepherder working for John Davidson, slipped from a log used as a bridge and fell into the swollen stream losing his life. Other herders tried to find his body, and during their absence wolves set upon the band of sheep, killing fifty lambs and four old ones.

WITHDRAWS FROM OHIO.

Republic Oil Company Will Stop Alleged Farcical Competition.

Columbus, Ohio, May 24.—The Republic Oil company, a New York corporation with Ohio headquarters at Cleveland, yesterday notified the secretary of state that it withdraws from Ohio, giving as a reason that it has disposed of all of its Ohio holdings. The Republic company is declared to be one of the concerns controlled by the Standard Oil company.

HE WENT ON CRUTCHES

All Medicines Failed Until Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Cured His Rheumatism.

"Some years ago," says Mr. W. H. Clark, a printer, living at 612 Buchanan street, Topeka, Kans., "I had a bad attack of rheumatism and could not seem to get over it. All sorts of medicines failed to do me any good and my trouble kept getting worse. My feet were so swollen that I could not wear shoes and I had to go on crutches. The pain was terrible.

"One day I was setting the type of an article for the paper telling what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had done for a man afflicted as I was and I was so impressed with it that I determined to give the medicine a trial. For a year my rheumatism had been growing worse, but after taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I began to improve. The pain and swelling all disappeared and I can truthfully say that I haven't felt better in the past twenty years than I do right now. I could name, off hand, a half-dozen people who have used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills at my suggestion and who have received good results from them."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are guaranteed to be safe and harmless to the most delicate constitution. They contain no morphine, opiate, narcotic, nor anything to cause a drug habit. They do not act on the bowels but they actually make new blood and strengthen the nerves.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure rheumatism because they make rich, red blood and no man or woman can have healthy blood and rheumatism at the same time. They have also cured many cases of anæmia, neuralgia, sciatica, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia and other diseases that have not yielded to ordinary treatment.

All druggists sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills or they will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Not for Him.

Representative "Jake" Beidler of Ohio tells this story of his efforts to sell a trunk to one of his dairy hands:

"You are going away," Mr. Beidler said. "Let me sell you this trunk."

"What for?" asked the employe.

"To put your clothes in, of course."

"An' go naked? Why, I'de be arrested in a minute."

Garfield Tea purifies the blood, regulates the digestive organs, brings good health.

A Robust Hint.

"Gladys," called her pa, "what time is it?"

"It's eleven, father."

"It's 12 up here; 11 and 12 are 23."

And then the young man departed.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

TRY THIS ON YOUR PUMPS.

Bunion Plaster Will Prevent That Unpleasant Slipping.

A smart, up-to-date young woman asked the drug clerk for a box of bunion plasters. It caused one to look with curiosity at her feet. They were straight and slim in the smartest of ties.

"That is a new trick," the drug clerk explained when she had taken her unembarrassed way to the street. "A ready-made tie or one of those new low pumps is likely to slip up and down at the heel, or bind the ankle, so that it chafes either way. Some lady genius stuck a bunion plaster in the back of her shoe and the trouble was all over."

Slums Always in East.

"A city's slums," said a globe trotter, "are always in its eastern quarter. I wonder why?

"Take New York. Its east side is its slum side. So it is with London. The east end is the slum end.

"Of Philadelphia, Chicago, San Francisco, Canton and Madrid the same thing holds good, as I know from personal experience.

"The only possible ground I can give for a city's slums being invariably in its eastern quarter is that this quarter is the one that is exposed to the harsh and unpleasant rigors of the east wind."

BREAD DYSPEPSIA.

The Digesting Element Left Out.

Bread dyspepsia is common. It affects the bowels because white bread is nearly all starch, and starch is digested in the intestines, not in the stomach proper.

Up under the shell of the wheat berry nature has provided a curious deposit which is turned into diastase when it is subjected to the saliva and to the pancreatic juices in the human intestines.

This diastase is absolutely necessary to digest starch and turn it into grape-sugar, which is the next form; but that part of the wheat berry makes dark flour, and the modern miller cannot readily sell dark flour, so nature's valuable digester is thrown out and the human system must handle the starch as best it can, without the help that nature intended.

Small wonder that appendicitis, peritonitis, constipation and all sorts of trouble exist when we go so contrary to nature's law. The food experts that perfected Grape-Nuts Food, knowing these facts, made use in their experiments of the entire wheat and barley, including all the parts, and subjected them to moisture and long continued warmth, which allows time and the proper conditions for developing the diastase, outside of the human body.

In this way the starchy part is transformed into grape sugar in a perfectly natural manner, without the use of chemicals or any outside ingredients. The little sparkling crystals of grape-sugar can be seen on the pieces of Grape-Nuts. This food therefore is naturally pre-digested and its use in place of bread will quickly correct the troubles that have been brought about by the too free use of starch in the food, and that is very common in the human race to-day.

The effect of eating Grape-Nuts ten days or two weeks and the discontinuance of ordinary white bread is very marked. The user will gain rapidly in strength and physical and mental health.

"There's a reason."

Congress.

Resume of the Week's Proceedings.

Wednesday.

Washington, May 17. — The recent efforts of the president and the Democratic senatorial leaders to reach an agreement on the rate bill received further notice in the senate yesterday from Senators Bailey and Tillman. The matter was referred to by the Texas senator in the course of a personal explanation called out by an article in the Chicago Tribune charging Mr. Bailey with failure to find common ground, and by Mr. Tillman in a speech in support of Mr. Bailey and in presenting a further statement from Former Senator Chandler.

In his address Mr. Bailey denounced the article in question as a "lie" and the author and inspirer of it as "liars."

There also was a sharp colloquy between Senators Daniel and Tillman over an amendment to the anti-pass provision.

The consideration of the rate bill in committee of the whole was concluded and the measure was then reported to the senate, where there will be opportunity to review and alter all the amendments heretofore made.

The naval appropriation bill, carrying nearly a hundred million dollars, was completed yesterday in the house after one of the busiest days of the present congress.

Thursday.

Washington, May 18. — The senate yesterday received another installment of Senator Bailey's version of the effort to secure an understanding between the Democratic senators and the president on the railroad rate bill. In presenting it he included the memorandum of Former Senator Chandler to the president, on which the charges of bad faith against Mr. Bailey have been predicted. The Texas senator again arraigned his critics in sharp language.

With the exception of Mr. Bailey's digression the day was devoted to a review of the amendments made in committee of the whole, and covered somewhat more than half of the measure.

There was a prospect of concluding the reading until the section granting to the interstate commerce commission power to fix rates was reached and the question of the constitutionality of that provision was raised. The attack was made on the clause giving to the commission discretion in prescribing rates. The question was still under discussion when the senate adjourned.

There was again considerable debate over the pipe line, rebate and anti-pass amendments and also of the amendments prohibiting common carriers from transporting articles produced by themselves. All these and other less important provisions were modified.

After two weeks' debate the house yesterday passed the naval appropriation bill, carrying $99,764,000.

Monday.

Washington, May 22. — Notwithstanding that the leader of the minority, Mr. Williams of Mississippi, insisted upon the presence of a quorum throughout the day, delaying as much as he could the orderly procedure of legislation, the house yesterday passed twenty-two bills, six senate and sixteen house measures.

The executive, legislative and judicial appropriation bill was passed by the senate yesterday within three hours from its first reading. It carries appropriations aggregating $29,815,259, an increase of $59,345 over the amount reported to the senate.

Tuesday.

Washington, May 23.—The senate devoted the greater part of the day's session to consideration of the immigration bill, but before it was taken up Senator McCumber made a personal statement contradicting an article printed in the New York Tribune to the effect that the railroad rate bill had been so amended at his instance as to render it ineffective. Previous to that time also the senate adopted a resolution directing the committee on privileges and elections to consider the course to be pursued in the case of Senator Burton.

For an hour or more yesterday the house of representatives could not decide whether to go into committee of the whole on the diplomatic and consular bill or to follow the lead of Mr. Gardner of Massachusetts and take up consideration of the immigration bill. After the smoke of battle lifted the consular bill was taken up and a general debate begun.

Embraced and Shot Girl.

Springfield, Ohio, May 24. — Alfred Davis, aged thirty, fatally shot Hazel Reed early yesterday because the girl had refused to marry him, and then escaped. The shooting was done in front of the girl's home. With one arm about her neck, he pressed a revolver to her side and fired.

John D. Archbold, Jr., Dies.

New York, May 24. — The baby grandson of John D. Archbold, vice president of the standard Oil company, died yesterday at the the Archbold home in Tarrytown. The child was fifteen months old, and had been ill with brain fever for about three weeks.

Fire Damages Gas Plant.

Sioux City, Iowa, May 24. — Fire damaged the boiler room of the Sioux City Gas and Electric company to the extent of $4,000.

Hangs Himself to Bedpost.

Sioux City, Iowa, May 24—Augustus P. Sandbloom, aged forty-seven years, a carpenter, killed himself last night by hanging himself to the foot of a bedstead in his room with a sheet.

Storm Sinks Torpedo Boat.

Port Said, Egypt, May 20. — The British torpedo boat No. 56 sank during a storm off this port during the night. Seven of the crew were drowned.

TWICE-TOLD TESTIMONY.

A Woman Who Has Suffered Tells How to Find Relief.

The thousands of women who suffer backache, languor, urinary disorders and other kidney ills, will find comfort in the words of Mrs. Jane Farrell, of 606 Ocean Ave., Jersey City, N. J., who says: "I reiterate all I have said before in praise of Doan's Kidney Pills. I had been having heavy backache and my general health was affected when I began using them. My feet were swollen, my eyes puffed, and dizzy spells were frequent. Kidney action was irregular and the secretions highly colored. To-day, however, I am a well woman, and I am confident that Doan's Kidney Pills have made me so, and are keeping me well."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

For a Gardeners' Home.

John M. Hunter of New York, president of the National Gardeners' association, composed of landscape and decorative gardeners of the country, is touring California with the object of finding a location for a national gardeners' home, which is to be established in that state. He expresses the opinion that the Golden Gate Park, San Francisco, is the most beautiful in this country.

A LAND OF OPPORTUNITIES.

Inducements Held Out by Western Canada Are Powerful.

A recent number of the Winnipeg (Manitoba) Free Press contains an excellent article on the prospects in Western Canada, a portion of which we are pleased to reproduce.

The agents of the Canadian Government, located at different centers in the States, will be pleased to give any further information as to rates, and how to reach these lands.

"Just now there is a keener interest than ever before on the part of the outside world, in regard to the claims of the Canadian West as a field of settlement. At no previous time has there been such a rush of immigration, and the amount of information distributed broadcast is unprecedentedly great.

"In the majority of the States of the Union and in Great Britain the opportunities for home-making and achieving of even a modest competence are at the best limited. Moreover, according to the social and industrial conditions prevalent in those communities, the future holds out no promise of better things. It is not strange, then, that energetic young men should turn their eyes to Canada's great wheat belt, where every man can pursue fortune without the hindrance of any discouraging handicap.

"The inducements held out by Western Canada are powerful and made manifest by the great movement now in progress. That the prospects are considerably more than reasonably certain is borne out by the history of the country and its residents. The promise of gain is powerful, but when added to it there is the prospect of a corresponding social and civic elevation, it should prove irresistible to young men of a particularly desirable class for any new country.

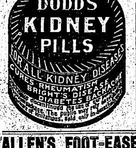
"The Canadian West is alive with opportunities for the young man who aims at becoming more than a mere atom in the civil and national fabric. Some of the eager young fellows who arrive on the prairies daily are destined to become more than merely prosperous farmers. In the near future great municipal and provincial development will be in the hands of the people. The stepping stone to both financial prosperity and civil prominence is, and will be, the farm. For every professional opening there are hundreds of agricultural openings. The Canadian prairies are teeming with opportunities for the honest and industrious of all classes, but they are specially inviting to the ambitious young man who seeks a field for the energy and ability which he feels inherent within him. The familiar cry of 'Back to the soil!' is more than a vain sounding phrase when applied to Western Canada."

TITLED WAITERS IN THE WEST.

Chicago Swarms With Them of Many Nationalities.

The exiled nobleman as a waiter appears to possess advantages beyond his title and his manners.

"They make much better waiters than the ordinary applicants for those posts," said the manager of a Fifth avenue restaurant, "because they know what a gentleman wants and how he wants it. They are usually quicker and quieter than the ordinary waiter. None that I ever knew rose to any importance, because they only stick to the work long enough to accumulate a little capital. Then they go West. Many of them go straight through to Chicago when they arrive here. It's further off and they are less likely to meet their countrymen. Chicago swarms with titled waiters of nearly every nationality."



Joe Miller, Say.

The humorist smiled, for he enjoyed this lionizing.

And the fifth lady to be introduced was pretty and young.

"How on earth," she began, "do you write ten jokes a day?"

"With a typewriter," rejoined the humorist, and his smile widened a full inch.

But she stared at him quizzically.

"Oh," she said. "I thought you used some copying process."

Sudden Snap.

"And here," shouted the stentorian-voiced moving picture man, "we have a series of views representing Secretary Taft asleep in a hammock, in fair Japan!"

Just then a flaw line darted across the film.

"Lands, Hiram!" gasped an old lady in the gallery, "what was that?"

"Don't ask so many questions, Sarah," replied her husband. "I guess that's where the hammock broke."

The Parent Thimble.

Among the treasures of the Hapsburgs in the Hofburg at Vienna is a clumsy thimble, engraved "A. V. W., 1684." It is said to be the parent thimble of the world, and it was fashioned of a silver coin by some ingenious Dutchman, who presented it to his lady love.

Had the Mother Goose.

Three-year-old Helen was entertaining a visitor with recitals from Mother Goose's melodies.

"Have you the golden egg, Helen?" questioned her auditor.

"No," she gravely replied. "But," brightening up, "we have the Mother Goose that laid it."

Zangwill's Answer.

Andrew Lang once wrote to Israel Zangwill to ask him to take part in an author's reading for the benefit of a charity, and received the following laconic message: "If Lang will—I. Zangwill."

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911-912 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. Nicholas C. Allen, Houghton, S. D., harrow; James F. Bell, Minneapolis, Minn., printing; Carl E. Gilbert, Foley, Minn., paper rack; John Ike, Deadwood, S. D., cyanide tank gate; Eemal Lumatta, Savo, S. D., shock-loading machine; Lucy A. Philips, Lucca, N. D., skirt supporter; Charles W. Scheiter, Wimbledon, N. D., carriage curtain; Theodor Wensel, St. Paul, Minn., register clamp; Francis O. Whealon, St. Paul, Minn., locomotive.

Puzzled Him.

Citizen—I see there is a great deal of agitation about the smoke problem these days. Does it worry you?

Ex-Alderman—I should say so. Since I lost my office it keeps me busy thinking how I can make a stogie smell like a Havana.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

John Bingo is going to make garden this spring. John Bingo makes garden every spring. One of these years he will decide to hoe and weed the garden; then he will raise something.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

When honesty is the result of want of opportunity there is no use telling the world about it.

Garfield Tea, the herb laxative is better than drugs and strong cathartics; it cures.

Never ask a truthful man for his honest opinion unless you are prepared for a shock.

A cunning man is seldom wise and never honest.

Knavery is the worst trade.

MAKE EVERY DAY COUNT—

no matter how bad the weather You cannot afford to be without a TOWER'S WATERPROOF OILED SUIT OR SLICKER

When you buy look for the SIGN OF THE FISH

TOWER'S FISH BRAND

A J TOWER CO. BOSTON U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO LTD TORONTO CAN

95 Years of Cures IS THE RECORD OF JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

For Internal and External use.

For cure of colds and throat troubles, burns, bruises, sore muscles, it's without an equal. 25 and 50c. At druggists.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

CORDIAL INVITATION

ADDRESSED TO WORKING GIRLS.

Miss Barrows Tells How Mrs. Pinkham's Advice Helps Working Girls.

Miss Abby F. Barrows

Girls who work are particularly susceptible to female disorders, especially those who are obliged to stand on their feet from morning until night in stores or factories.

Day in and day out the girl toils, and she is often the bread-winner of the family. Whether she is sick or well, whether it rains or shines, she must get to her place of employment, perform the duties exacted of her—smile and be agreeable.

Among this class the symptoms of female diseases are early manifest by weak and aching backs, pain in the lower limbs and lower part of the stomach. In consequence of frequent wetting of the feet, periods become painful and irregular, and frequently there are faint and dizzy spells, with loss of appetite, until life is a burden. All these symptoms point to a derangement of the female organism which can be easily and promptly cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Miss Abby F. Barrows, Nelsonville, Athens Co., Ohio, tells what this great medicine did for her. She writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I feel it my duty to tell you the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier have done for me. Before I took them I was very nervous, had dull headaches, pains in back, and periods were irregular, I had been to several doctors, and they did me no good.

"Your medicine has made me well and strong. I can do most any kind of work without complaint, and my periods are all right.

"I am in better health than I ever was, and I know it is all due to your remedies. I recommend your advice and medicine to all who suffer."

It is to such girls that Mrs. Pinkham holds out a helping hand and extends a cordial invitation to correspond with her. She is daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years has been advising sick women free of charge. Her long record of success in treating woman's ills makes her letters of advice of untold value to every ailing working girl. Address, Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

NOT YOUR HEART

If you think you have heart disease you are only one of a countless number that are deceived by indigestion into believing the heart is affected.

Lane's Family Medicine

the tonic-laxative, will get your stomach back into good condition, and then the chances are ten to one that you will have no more symptoms of heart disease.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

AUTOMOBILE FOR SALE

Model C Ford—double-opposed cylinders, 10 h. p., four to five passengers, just as good as new—cost $1,000 last August, will sell for $700 cash.

JOHN J. DOBSON,
1008 Pioneer Press Bldg. St. Paul, Minn.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN
W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES
ESTABLISHED JULY 6, 1876.
CAPITAL $2,500,000

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES & SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

If I could take you into my three large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you the infinite care with which every pair of shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

YOU CANNOT CURE

all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions of the mucous membrane such as nasal catarrh, uterine catarrh caused by feminine ills, sore throat, sore mouth or inflamed eyes by simply dosing the stomach.

But you surely can cure these stubborn affections by local treatment with

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

which destroys the disease germs, checks discharges, stops pain, and heals the inflammation and soreness.

Paxtine represents the most successful local treatment for feminine ills ever produced. Thousands of women testify to this fact. 50 cents at druggists.

Send for Free Trial Box

THE R. PAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE
A Certain Cure for Tired, Hot, Aching Feet.
DO NOT ACCEPT A SUBSTITUTE.

This signature Allen S. Olmsted on every box.

For FREE Trial Package, Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Minneapolis WOODWARD & CO. GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth

Orders for future delivery executed in all markets.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 2, 1906. NUMBER 46.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE RUSSIAN CRISIS.

RUSSIA IS ON VERGE OF CHAOS

CONFLICT BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT AND THE PEOPLE IS CERTAIN.

DOUMA SLAPS CZAR'S FACE

GOVERNMENT'S POLICY REJECTED AND DISMISSAL OF CABINET DEMANDED.

St. Petersburg, May 26. — The government seems to be hesitating about executing the resolution taken a week ago to grant partial amnesty. The official statement justifying the government in not granting plenary amnesty, seems designed to pave the way for a refusal on the ground that in the present circumstances the release of the political prisoners deserving freedom can be left to the local authorities.

The Twentieth Century, formerly the Russ, prints in parallel columns the text of identical telegrams sent to the emperor from widely different places protesting against the demands of the lower house for amnesty, proving them to have been inspired from a common source.

At Kieff the local branch of the League of the Russian People decided to organize for the coming war against parliament and pronounced itself in favor of the creation of a dictatorship to crush the revolution. Officers of the guard regiments in St. Petersburg at a meeting just held openly advocated the dispersal of parliament.

Rushing on to Revolution.

St. Petersburg, May 27. — Premier Goremykin at 3 o'clock this afternoon will read before the lower house of parliament the government's response to the address in reply to the speech from the throne, and announce the government's policy.

The Conservative-Liberal newspaper Strana (country), which claims to have inside information, says the recommendation will be largely negative, but there will be a positive proposal for reform in local administdation, including the abolishment of the hated "zemsky nachalniks" or petty administrative despots, whose tyranny is one of the main grievances of the peasantry, and the placing of gendarmes and rural police under the control of the judiciary instead of the administrative branch. With regard to amnesty, the cabinet will declare for a continuation of the wholesale release as fast as possible, but will insist that a general amnesty is inexpedient.

General Strike Likely.

A dispatch to the Associated Press from Moscow says that denial of full amnesty probably will be followed by a general strike. Similar news has been received from other industrial centers.

In spite of the moderate counsel of the leaders, the Constitutional Democrats are being pressed on by the denunciations of the radical elements toward an open rupture. Revolutionary activity is increasing throughout the country and there is evidence that revolutionary emissaries are traveling through the country stirring up hatred against the nobles and landlords and encouraging the peasants to strike for the ostensible purpose of forcing parliament to hasten the distribution of lands.

Daily Conflicts Reported.

On the other hand, the agents of reaction are adopting the same tactics in favor of a dispersal of parliament, and a return to autocracy. As a result of this propaganda, threatening letters have been received by many members of parliament and dispatches from the interior report daily conflicts between the followers of the two extreme parties.

Revolution in the Air.

St. Petersburg, May 29.—At the end of a memorable seven-hour session, the lower house of parliament Saturday indignantly rejected the government's policy as presented by Premier Goremykin, and, with only seven dissenting votes, voted a lack of confidence in the ministry, practically throwing down the gauntlet to the bureaucracy with a demand for the dismissal of the present cabinet and its supersession by a ministry approved by the majority in the house.

The spirit of absolute revolution is in the air, and a conflict between the crown and the nation now appears to be inevitable.

While the house avoided the appearance of delivering an ultimatum, the government seems to have no alternative except surrender or war.

The gloomiest forebodings are everywhere expressed and the general impression is that the country is on the verge of a titanic struggle, which may be delayed but not averted.

Slap in the Face.

With breathless anxiety society awaits the government's response to the bold action of the lower house of parliament which, in censuring the ministry and demanding its retirement, was like a deliberate slap in the face and a direct challenge which the government, though inclined to prefer its usual policy of temporization and compromise, can hardly avoid meeting. Parliament has burned the bridge and virtually taken the step which the French states general did when it transformed itself into a national convention. By flaunting the fundamental laws and practically declaring that it purposed to exercise full parliamentary rights with a responsible ministry, it has become in the eyes of the law a revolutionary body, and from that position there seems no retreat.

Government in Panic.

The news of the action of the house came like an electric shock, the people generally being as greatly surprised as the bureaucracy at the promptness with which the whole of the government's policy was absolutely scorned. Both sides recognize the acuteness and seriousness of the moment, but panic is in the government and not in the popular camp.

The Constitutional Democratic chiefs are displaying calmness in the face of the crisis. They declare that, having delivered their reply, they purpose to go calmly ahead with the work before them, forcing the government to take the initiative.

May Lose Crown and Head.

"The government, if it dares to fight," said M. Kokoshkine, one of the Constitutional Democratic members of the house, "can disperse the parliament; but the victory of the bureaucracy would only be temporary. It would inevitably by followed shortly by a bloody revolution which would not leave a stick of the present government standing. The emperor must choose between a real constitutional government and the loss, not only of his crown but probably of his head."

Terrorists Get Busy.

The terrorists were quick to seize the opportunity for a series of blows in widely separated parts of the country, the news of which forms a prominent feature in this morning's newspapers, instead of the expected decree of amnesty. The attempts at Tiflis and Sebastopol are convincing indications of the determination of the fighting organization to resume its campaign of assassination with full vigor.

Eleven Victims of Bombs.

Dispatches received here concerning the bomb outrage at Sebastopol during the review of troops after the celebration of the anniversary of the emperor's coronation, say that eleven persons were killed, including five children and that more than a hundred persons were wounded. The dispatches also say that four arrests were made.

Asks Shipoff to Be Premier.

St. Petersburg, May 30.—Rumors of a shift in the ministry are everywhere current. It is persistently reported here and at Moscow that Former Finance Minister Shipoff has received an urgent summons to Peterhof to confer with Emperor Nicholas, presumably with regard to the formation of a new cabinet, although he has frequently expressed unwillingness to take the premiership.

In the meanwhile the present ministry—among whom there is no Daniel to read the handwriting on the wall in the attitude of the lower house of parliament—is calmly going ahead with its agrarian program, which it hopes to submit to the lower house within a fortnight, and, contrary to expectations, to provide for the ristributions, to provide for the distribution of millions of acres of crown lands in European Russia.

Is Labor lost.

All this seems to be labor lost, as in the present temper of parliament, which has taken the bit in its teeth, no proposition from the government, however liberal, as was shown by its reception of the speech yesterday of Minister of Justice Chtcheglovitoff, is apt to receive the slightest consideration.

Alladin Michaelinho and other radical members of the house have been flooded with telegrams from Social Democratic organizations demanding that the house adopt an offensive program, transform itself into a constituent assembly, seize the reins of power and address a manifesto to the troops calling upon them to transfer their allegiance from the emperor to the people's representatives.

PHILIPPINE LEPER COLONY.

Two Hundred Lepers Taken There From Cebu.

Manila, May 29.—The first permanent leper colony in the Philippines has been established on Cullon island, and 200 lepers have been removed there from Cebu. All cases discovered in the future will be sent there. Four Catholic nuns have volunteered their services and are en route to the settlement to devote their lives to nursing the afflicted.

Killed by Blast.

Glenwood, Wis., May 27. — While blasting rock in the stone quarry of Pat Deneen at Cranetown, a little settlement south of here, William Campbell was instantly killed by a flying rock. He had prepared a charge of dynamite and lighted the fuse and stepped back, but did not get far enough away and was hit by a piece of rock when the charge exploded. He was about eighty years old and had lived near this city for the past twenty years.

GREAT WELCOME TO PRESIDENT

BLUE AND GRAY JOIN IN OBSERVANCE OF MEMORIAL DAY IN VIRGINIA.

MAKES PATRIOTIC ADDRESS

EXTREME PRECAUTIONS TAKEN TO GUARD SAFETY OF THE PRESIDENT.

Portsmouth, Va., May 31.—President Roosevelt received the heartiest welcome of his life yesterday from the people of Tidewater, Va. From the time he landed from the Mayflower at 9 o'clock until he again boarded that vessel he was cheered and applauded. Ordinarily, Memorial day is not celebrated in Virginia cities as in those of the North, but yesterday was an exception and everybody turned out.

The president delivered the Memorial address of the Army and Navy union in a beautiful grove of pine and oak trees in the naval hospital park. Every soldier, sailor and marine in and around Portsmouth was in the parade. This parade was a most spectacular affair, being made up largely of regulars, all of whom wore white duck uniforms.

Wave Banners of Rebellion.

Tattered and grimy old Confederate flags were waved at the president in a frenzy of enthusiasm by old soldiers who had fought under Stonewall Jackson and Robert E. Lee. Members of the Grand Army posts found that the veterans of the Confederacy were welcoming the president with as much, if not more, feeling than they themselves. The president headed the parade of soldiers, sailors, marines, members of Army and Navy union and the veterans of the Confederate-Union and Spanish wars.

Excursions were run here from Lynchburg, Richmond and other Virginia towns.

Holds Up President.

Just as the parade started the president was held up by a Confederate veteran, who handed him a bunch of magnolias. The secret service men undertook to cut short the interview, but the president waved them back. The president talked with the veteran for two or three minutes and carried the magnolias away with him.

Extreme precautions were taken to guard the president on the trip. Secret service men were with him constantly from the time he landed from the Mayflower until he was safely aboard again and started back to Washington.

Mrs. Roosevelt was given as enthusiastic reception as was the president.

Reviews the Troops.

After his speech at the park the president reviewed the troops and was entertained at luncheon at the home of Rear Admiral Harrington, in command of the navy yard. Later he received the officers and their wives. He was then hurried over to Hampton, where he inspected the normal college and agricultural school there. After his inspection he went aboard the Mayflower and started back to Washington.

DEADWOOD DICK DIES.

Famous Gambler Has Lately Lived by Peddling Chewing Gum.

Denver, May 31. — A dispatch from Cripple Creek says that Frank H. Palmer, said to be the original "Deadwood Dick" of dime novel fame, died in the county hospital there yesterday of pneumonia. According to the dispatch, Palmer was born at Jackson, Ill., a nephew of Former Senator John M. Palmer, and claimed relationship to the late Potter Palmer of Chicago. Palmer went to Deadwood, S. D., in the early days of that camp and became a successful gambler. He was known as a square gambler, and the sports of the mining camp dubbed him "Deadwood Dick, the Plunger." He drifted into Cripple Creek nine years ago. Reverses in fortune came and for eight years he sold chewing gum and candy, which he carried around in a shoe box.

CARS CRUSH AUTOMOBILE.

Gasoline Tank Explodes and Several Persons Are Hurt.

Cincinnati, May 31. — A number of persons were injured, two street cars were burned and an automobile wrecked on the Vine street hill yesterday, through a collision followed by an explosion of the gasoline tank on the automobile. The chauffeur tried to pass between two cars which were approaching each other, but his car was caught and crushed, the tank exploding immediately, and both street cars catching fire.

Killed in a "Loop-the-Loop."

New Orleans, May 31.—Paul Suberville, a prominent citizen of New Iberia, was killed and H. M. Henshaw, a planter and bank cashier of that place, was fatally injured in the "loop-the-loop" at Athletic park last night.

France Demands Satisfaction.

Paris, May 31.—The cabinet has decided to send a warship to Tangier in order to obtain satisfaction for the recent assassination of a Frenchman in that vicinity.

ALL SPAIN IS REJOICING

SUCH SCENES OF ENTHUSIASM NEVER SEEN IN PRESENT GENERATION.

Madrid, May 31.—All Spain is rejoicing on the eve of the wedding of King Alfonso and Princess Victoria, and the capital has not seen such scenes of enthusiasm during the present generation. Last night the whole city was aglow with fireworks and electrical illuminations, while the streets were thronged with dense masses of people. The municipality has given free rein to the popular rejoicings.

The chief events of yesterday were the king's reception to the foreign envoys, including the representative of the United States, and the signing of the wedding contract. The latter ceremony took place at the Pardo palace in the presence of Premier Moret and the other cabinet ministers, with the solemnity befitting a great state ceremonial affecting the future succession to the throne.

Many receptions were held last night, among them those at the British embassy to the Prince of Wales; at the Italian embassy to the duke of Genoa, at the German embassy to Gen. Dahlstein, and at the American legation to Special Envoy Whitridge. This latter reception was attended by many prominent personages in diplomatic and court circles.

TO KILL THE SPANISH KING.

Anarchists Plot to Murder Alfonso on Wedding Day.

London, May 31.—A plot to assassinate King Alfonso on his wedding day has been discovered in London, according to a story published by the Standard. Fifty anarchists of England, France and Spain, who are said to be concerned in the conspiracy, are alleged to be on their way to Madrid, with the intention of carrying out the attempt as the king is leaving the church. The plan is said to have been hatched in Spain and London, but it is added that the police got wind of the affair and will take all the precautions necessary to protect the king. The project, it is asserted, included a revolution after the assassination, with the view of overthrowing the monarchy. The Standard further asserts that Spanish officers are implicated in the plot.

FARMER GETS HEAVY SHOCK.

Guy Wire Slips Through His Hands and Falls on Live Duct.

Iowa Falls, Iowa, May 31.—George Vance, a farmer living between here and Alden, came as near to death by electrocution as a person can and yet still live. Running past Vance's house is the high voltage electric line that carries the current from the plant in this city to Alden. The line usually carries a voltage of 11,000. Vance was repairing a guy wire to his wind mill. He had loosened the guy wire, and as it slipped through his hands it came in contact with the voltage wire. Vance had on heavy gloves and had partially loosened his hold on the guy wire. Nevertheless he was thrown a dozen feet by the force of the shock, and did not recover consciousness for half an hour.

NO SMOKER WANTED.

United Presbyterians Condemn Minister for the Practice.

Richmond, Ind., May 31.—The general assembly of the United Presbyterian church, by decisive vote, yesterday refused to confirm the nomination of Rev. John A. Burnett of Monmouth, Ill., as general secretary of the Young People's society on the ground that the Rev. Burnett is a user of tobacco. Rev. W. W. Lawrence of Bellevue, Ill., was named as general secretary instead. It was asserted after the session that the Rev. Burnett is held in high esteem, and the fact that he smokes was the only objection that could be raised to his selection for the position.

BOODLING CHARGED TO SENATOR

President of Arkansas State Senate Is Under Arrest.

Little Rock, Ark., May 31.—A bench warrant was served yesterday on Webb Covington, president of the last state senate, at his home at Clarksville. He is already under indictment in two cases for alleged "boodling" in the last legislature. The warrant yesterday was issued on a new indictment in connection with alleged extensive "boodling" charges against legislators. It is said three new indictments have been returned and that other arrests will follow. In all thirty members of the house and senate are charged with complicity.

Duel Fatal to Bystander.

Enid, Okla., May 31. — In a pistol duel on the main street last night Robert White, a bystander, was killed and Robert Johnson and Fred Capers, the principals, were wounded. Johnson escaped.

Jumped Into a Volcano.

Victoria, B. C., May 31.—Yamada Naokuma, a noted Japanese philosopher and pupil of Dr. Inouye, has committed suicide by jumping into the crater of Aso volcano.

MAKE MINISTRY TIRED OF LIFE

DAILY BOMBARDMENT OF INTERPELLATIONS PLANNED BY DEMOCRATS.

IN RAGE AT THE GOVERNMENT

PREMIER HANDS IN RESIGNATION BUT CZAR REFUSES TO ACCEPT IT.

St. Petersburg, May 31. — A campaign of unceasing attacks on the ministry by means of a daily bombardment of interpellations on the inexhaustible subject of bureaucratic abuses was mapped out by the Constitutional Democratic central committee yesterday and discussed in detail at a meeting of the members of that party last evening.

The members of the conference were aroused from a dry discussion of tactics by news of the condemnation to death of Warsaw terrorists for the attempted murder of a policeman, and the trial by court-martial of thirty-six more political prisoners at Riga who are in jeopardy of the fate of the eight executed there May 29.

Precipitates Outburst.

This precipitated another characteristic outburst of fury against the government, and probably will be made the subject of a pressing interpellation to-day.

The government, however, is taking its time to answer even the most pressing interpellations, Minister of the Interior Stolypin having announced yesterday that he would respond to questions addressed to him only after the return of the officials who had been sent to investigate the conditions on which the attacks are based.

Cabinet Will Stick.

It seems altogether certain now that the Goremykin ministry will remain in power until the passage of an agrarian bill by parliament renders a conflict unavoidable. It is known that Premier Goremkin placed his resignation in the hands of the emperor in case the latter desired to act on the address of the lower house of parliament in reply to the speech from the throne; but the emperor declined to accept the resignation, stating that the cabinet was carrying out the policy which he desired.

VENGEANCE ON THE INNOCENT.

Cossacks Fire Into Bystanders When Bombs Are Thrown.

Borjon, Transcaucasia, May 31.—An attempt was made on the life of Gen. Alikhanoff, governor general of Kutais, last night as he was about to take a train for Tiflis. The general arrived at the station, surrounded by an escort of Cossacks, when two bombs were thrown at him and exploded in the midst of the party, seriously wounding Alikhanoff, a member of the staff and several Cossacks. The remainder of the Cossacks fired indiscriminately into the crowd, killing many persons. In addition the Cossacks burned to the ground buildings in the vicinity, into which the people had fled.

WANTS YANKEE ENGINEER.

King of Siam Proposes to Build Railway Bridge.

Washington, May 31.—The king of Siam wants to buy a railroad bridge; and since American bridge builders have achieved some reputation abroad for the quality of their work and speed in construction, an opportunity is afforded firms in this country to satisfy the king's present desire. The bridge is for the royal Siamese railway and is to span the Menan river, with a single track of 1.435 M. gauge. It is designed to carry what our minister at Bangkok designates as "the heaviest goods train." Bids will be opened Oct. 1 and the award made presumably in November.

UNITE TO HONOR IBSEN.

Swedes and Norwegians Join Hands at His Bier.

Christiania, May 31. — It has been arranged that the general public shall have an opportunity of honoring the late Henrik Ibsen between 7 and 9 o'clock this evening for the last time before his burial. During this period the catafalque will be guarded by a committee of the Authors and Artists' association. The funeral will be the occasion of the first rapprochment between Swedes and Norwegians since the recent political division of the two peoples, the Swedish universities and learned societies sending representatives and floral offerings.

WOMAN GRAPPLES BURGLAR.

Awakes to Find Man Standing Over Her With Razor in Hand.

Independence, Mo., May 31. — Mrs. W. T. Campbell, wife of a prominent Baptist minister, awoke to find a white man standing over her bed, razor in hand. Although he threatened to cut Mrs. Campbell's throat if she made an outcry, the woman grappled with the burglar. In the struggle both were seriously cut. The man escaped, leaving a trail of blood.

REVOLUTION GAINS GROUND

FURTHER INVASIONS OF GUATEMALA PLANNED—CABEIRA PLANS FLIGHT.

Tapachula, Mex., May 31.—Reports received here from Salvador state that Guatemalans and their sympathizers throughout the republic are intensely excited over the situation in Guatemala, Gen. Toledo proposes to invade the central part of Guatemala with a considerable force and announces that he will give battle to the army of President Cabeira at the gates of the capital. This announcement has aroused much enthusiasm.

President Cabeira's statement that the revolution has been crushed in its incipiency is ridiculed by Guatemalans, who state that it has only commenced.

In Upper Guatemala enthusiasm for Gen. Barillas is reported to be growing daily. No news has been received from Gen. Pineda, who has marched into the province of Pelen, where, it is confidently asserted, the Indians are sure to join him.

No confirmation has been received of the reported assault on Ocos, but this may be accounted for by the interruption of telegraphic communication and the condition of the roads.

Reports from Guatemala City say that Cabeira is preparing for flight and that he is constantly in fear of assassination.

RETARD NEW SAN FRANCISCO.

Underwriters' Failure to Advance Funds Stops Rebuilding.

San Francisco, May 31. — Building operations in the ruined portions of this city have received a decided setback owing to the didatory tactics of the underwriters. Almost before the ruins had cooled the owners of the large buildings in the business section that had not been destroyed beyond restoration planned for their speedy and complete rehabilitation. In a few days after the great fire throngs of men were engaged in strengthening the shells and clearing away the debris of the great office buildings and hotels in the down-town district. Yesterday the men engaged on the Crocker, Shreve, Mutual Savings bank and on the St. Francis hotel in these operations were given notice that all work must cease because of lack of funds. Owners and builders assert that they have used every effort to persuade the underwriters to advance insurance money, but without avail.

BLAZE ON THE CANAL STRIP.

Fire Starting in Oil Storage Structure Imperils Commissary.

Colon, May 31.—Fire starting yesterday morning in the stock of kerosene belonging to the United States commissary department, fifty yards back of the main commissary building, where over half a million dollars' worth of goods are stored, was extinguished half an hour later. The origin of the fire is not known. A building containing stores of oil, paper and other combustible materials was destroyed. The main commissary building was saved.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, May 31. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 84 1-2@85c; No. 2 Northern, 82 3-4@84 1-4c; No. 3, 81@82c. Corn —No. 3 yellow, 46@46 1-2c. Oats—No. 3 white, 32 1-4@33 3-4c.

Minneapolis, May 31.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 85 1-8c; No. 1 Northern, 84 1-8c; No. 2 Northern, 82 5-8c; durum, 72 1-2@74 1-2c. Oats—No. 3 white, 32 1-2c.

Duluth, May 31. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 84 3-8c; No. 2 Northern, 82 3-8c; flax, $1.16 1-2; rye, 57c.

Chicago, May 31. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 90@93c; No. 2 hard, 85@87c; No. 1 Northern, 87@88c; No. 2 Northern, 85@87c. Corn — No. 2, 49@49 1-2c. Oats—No. 2, 33 1-4c.

Milwaukee, May 31. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 86@87c; No. 2 Northern, 83@85 1-2c. Rye—No. 1, 65@65 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 55c. Oats—Standard, 35@35 1-2c.

Sioux City, Iowa, May 31.—Cattle—Beeves, $2 @ 5.20; cows, bulls and mixed, $3@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3.25@4.25; calves and yearlings, $3@4.10. Hogs—Bulk, $6.30@6.32 1-2.

Chicago, May 31.—Beeves, $4@5.90; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.90; cows and heifers, $1.85@5.35. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.30@6.55; bulk, $6.47 1-2@6.55. Sheep, $4.35@6.25; lambs, $5@7.75.

South St. Paul, May 31. — Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs—Price range, $6.20@6.35; bulk, $6.25@6.30. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $6@6.50; fair to good, $4.50@5.75; yearling wethers, $5.25@6; good to choice ewes, $4.25@5.

STARTS BACK TO EUROPE.

Italian Boy Has Narrow Escape From Deportation.

New York, May 31.—Michael Angelo Paoli, an Italian boy thirteen years old, was yesterday sent to his relatives in St. Louis after having so narrowly escaped deportation that a tug had to be sent down the harbor to stop the steamer Pannonia, which was carrying him back to Italy.

DEATH TAKES MICHAEL DAVITT

DISTINGUISHED IRISH LEADER DIES AFTER LONG AND PAINFUL ILLNESS.

NOTABLE CAREER IS CLOSED

BLOOD POISONING FOLLOWING OPERATION ON JAW IS CAUSE OF DEATH.

Dublin, May 31.—A notable career closed last night, when, after a long and painful illness, Michael Davitt died peacefully and painlessly at 12 o'clock, in the presence of his oldest son, Michael, and his two daughters, who had devotedly attended him through his illness, and of many of his most intimate friends, including John Dillon. Shortly before his death Father Hatton had been with him. Mrs. Davitt, who had been in constant attendance on her husband until a few days ago, when she, herself, was taken ill, lies prostrate in the same hospital, too weak to leave her room. She has not yet been informed of her husband's death.

Leaves Written Message.

It is stated that Mr. Davitt left a written message, but if so its purport has not transpired.

The greatest sympathy has been displayed by all classes of society during Mr. Davitt's illness. Yesterday the hospital was besieged by anxious inquirers. John E. Redmond, leader of the Irish party in parliament, was a frequent inquirer by telephone from the house of commons, and gave up his proposed continental trip over the Whitsuntide holidays owing to the condition of his friend, the father of the Irish land league. After a rally Tuesday night Mr. Davitt was able to speak to those at his bedside, but soon showed that he was losing ground.

Due to Blood Poisoning.

Among the last callers at the hospital last night was Lord Hemphill, on behalf of the earl of Aberdeen, lord lieutenant of Ireland, and the countess of Aberdeen.

Mr. Davitt retired from the representation of South Mayo in parliament in 1899, but to the last took a keen interest in the politics of his country.

Death was due to blood poisoning which followed the operation for necrosis of the jaw bone, and spread so rapidly that all efforts to stay its course were unavailing.

FIGHT "FATAL" DUEL BY MAIL.

Parisians Exchange Letters Telling of Dire Intentions.

Paris, May 31.—One pair of quarrelers have just settled a duel, with the result that usually attends a French meeting on the field of honor, but it was more easily achieved. The challenger, who imagined he had been insulted, whote to his adversary, a newspaper editor, saying:

"One does not send seconds to a scoundrel like you. I box your ears by letter. Please, therefore, regard tthem as boxed."

The recipient replied:

"I regard my ears as having been boxed. Cordially I thank you. In the same manner I blow out your brains with a revolver. Regard yourself as dead. I salute your corpse."

MUTUAL ASKS AN INJUNCTION.

Wants a Court Order to Prevent Losing All English Business.

London, May 31.—The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York has begun legal proceedings for the protection of its English interests, as was intimated in these dispatches would be the case. The company applied for an injunction against the North British and Mercantile Insurance company and D. C. Haldeman, former manager of the Mutual Life's London office, to restrain them from pursuing their present course. This starts what threatens to be a bitter war between the insurance companies. The application to serve at short notice a motion for an injunction was refused, but leave was given to serve notice of the motion on the first day's sitting of the vacation judge, which is on June 8.

SIXTY-FIVE DROWNED.

Excursion Steamer at Riga Careens and Few Are Saved.

Riga, Russia, May 31.—An overloaded excursion steamer capsized off a pier here last evening, drowning sixty-five persons. The boat had just started for Dubbeln, a neighboring watering place, when she keeled over and sank. Only ten of the seventy-five persons on board of her were saved.

Cell for Yankee "Con" Men.

London, May 31.—At the Old Bailey yesterday Harry Samuel Simons and Franklin Everhart, Americans, were found guilty of conspiring to obtain large sums of money by fraud. Both were sentenced to hard labor.

Britain Loses Battleship.

London, May 31.—It is feared the British navy will lose one of its best vessels, the battleship Montagu, which struck on the rocks at Lundy island Wednesday. Late reports say it is not likely to be refloated.

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10:35 am Ar.Red Lake Falls.Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar.Thief River Falls.Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv.....St. Hilaire.....Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

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H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, June 2, 1906.

Secretary of State Peter E. Hanson is being groomed by his friends for a dark horse at the Duluth convention.

The free alcohol bill will not take effect until next year. Rockefeller has gone to Europe and he needs the money.

The sentiment seems to be growing that the Duluth convention will pick an easy winner in the gubernatorial race.

Drain and advertise Minnesota and see that we have state officials who will help, is the battle cry of northern Minnesota this year.

The new code makes lotteries and raffles illegal. We hope that the next man who strikes this office with raffle tickets will get what he has coming.

Congress will adjourn some time this month. The railroad rate bill and the alcohol bill are expected to become laws, but the tariff was not even scratched. It is well not to expect too much and to be truly thankful for what we get.

Senator Burton, of Kansas, has been denied a new trial and must go to jail for taking a twenty-five-hundred-dollar fee while serving as a U. S. senator. Had he represented the Standard Oil or other big interests and taken twenty-five million this would not have happened.

Northern Minnesota is preparing to support northern men for governor and almost the entire northern part of the state will send delegates to Duluth that will vote for either Stephens or Cole. Let us hope that this movement will result in the improvement we are all working for so hard.

The Republic of Guatemala, Central America, is threatened with a revolution and ye editor is feeling anxious as he is the possessor of seventeen dollars of Guatemala currency which cost five cents on the dollar in times of peace. THE SPECTATOR is not in favor of the revolutionists.

Frank M. Eddy in Sauk Centre Herald: Let us all be patriotic for once. Let us fight fair, fight hard and fight continuously from now on till convention time for our "favorite son." We can't and won't all choose the same favorite but let us base our choice on record, character, ability and availability throughout the whole state and not on some particular locality. Then when the convention has rendered its decision and some "favorite son" has been named let us make him the "favorite son" of all. Then let us build a huge council fire on the Duluth campus and tie up all our bitterness, differences, bickerings and feuds into fagots and cast them into the flames. Let us awaken again the chivalric spirit of our sires of early republican days when personal preferances, personal advancement and personal advancement were as naught when weighed against the common good of the party and the advancement of its cause.

Then will we march to victory unparalleled to the inspiring strains of that old song that the Hutchinson brothers sang throughout the length and breadth of the nation in the old abolition days, "We are a band of Brothers.

WE CAN IF WE WILL.

The Magic of a Mirror.

A ward patient in Roosevelt hospital, New York, grew gradually weaker without any apparent reason. "She's fretting herself to death about something," said the nurse. "If she would confide in me I think she would get better." By and by the patient did open her mind and heart. "If I could only see myself," she wailed, "I'd feel different. I know I must look like death or you'd let me have a looking glass." It was against the rules to supply patients in that ward with mirrors, but the nurse, recognizing the gravity of that particular case, smuggled in a small hand glass. The result was miraculous. "Why, dear me," said the sick woman, "I don't look half so bad as I supposed I did." And from that hour she began to improve.

Pampered Stomachs.

Even though it takes pork four hours to leave the stomach and six more to be dissolved and absorbed in the small intestine, what does that matter so long as it is completely assimilated by the end of that time, as it is in 90 per cent of all digestive canals? It is the slowest, but one of the surest foods that we have to give off all its energy to the body. Its very slowness is what gives it its splendid staying powers for hard work, whether muscular or mental. As a matter of fact, I have seen more cases of dyspepsia cured by the use of breakfast bacon than by any kind of drug or restricted diet. An adult alimentary canal which cannot digest bacon or ham is not to be regarded as healthy, and, instead of humoring and giving in to a weak digestion, it should be braced up and, under skilled supervision, educated to take what is given it and make no fuss. Stomachs can be spoiled by giving them too little to do almost as easily as by giving them too much. A healthy stomach fit to cope with the emergencies of life must be able to digest not only that which is digestible, but much that is difficult of digestion, and this is the standard which should be aimed at in dietetic therapeutics.—Woods Hutchinson, M. D., in McClure's Magazine.

A Wonderful Sensitive Plant.

An incident related by the author of "The Pearl of India" in his description of the flora of Ceylon is almost uncanny, although we are assured that it is true. It is about the mimosa, or sensitive plant, and makes one almost wonder whether the plant has intelligence. The doctor, one of the characters of the book, while sitting with the family on the broad piazza which formed the front of the bungalow of a coffee plantation recognized a thrifty sensitive plant, and it was made the subject of remark. He called his young daughter of eleven years from the house.

"Lena," said he, "go and kiss the mimosa."

The child did so, laughing gleefully, and came away. The plant gave no token of shrinking from contact with the pretty child.

"Now," said the host, "will you touch the plant?"

Rising to do so, he approached it with one hand extended, and before it had come fairly in contact the nearest spray and leaves wilted visibly.

"The plant knows the child," said the doctor, "but you are a stranger."

Rabbit Shooting In France.

Le Sport is answerable for much exhibition of humor on the part of a nation like ours, where killing for fun is brought to perfection, and the story of the Englishman who went rabbit shooting with two Frenchmen in Normandy may or may not be true. They set out, eager for the chase; they sighted a rabbit, and up went the Englishman's gun to his shoulder. "No, no; do not shoot!" cried his companions. "That is Mimi. We never shoot at Mimi." The Englishman, greatly wondering, desisted. A second rabbit crossed their path. He aimed again and was again deterred from shooting. "That is the adorable Lulu," they pointed out. "We never shoot at Lulu." Naturally, when a third rabbit darted up, the Englishman made no effort to kill it, much to the distress of his companions. "Shoot, shoot!" they cried wildly. "That is Alphouse. We always shoot at Alphouse."—London Chronicle.

Got a Cheap Dinner.

Verily the duchy of Baden possesses a Solomon in the person of one of her magistrates. He is the burgomaster of a village in a street whereof a cyclist ran over and killed a goose. The owner of the bird demanded 3 marks damages. The cyclist thought 2 ample. The case came before the chief magistrate, who gave his judgment as follows: "The plaintiff declares that if paid 3 marks he will make no claim for the dead goose. The defendant, who is willing to pay 2 marks, also makes no claim for the body of the goose. Defendant, hand me 2 marks, and you, plaintiff, hand me the goose." When both had obeyed his commands he produced 1 mark out of his pocket and handed all three to the plaintiff. The goose he kept for himself and doubtless ate it with the good digestion which comes from the knowledge of having pleased everybody.

Burned at the Stake.

As late as the end of the eighteenth century counterfeiters were publicly burned at the stake in London. On March 18, 1789, Christianie Murphy was executed at Newgate tower, London, for the crime of "coining." She was bound to the stake seated on a stool, the main tie being a cord around the neck. The funeral pyre was then lighted by the executioner and his deputies, one of the latter of whom finally jerked the stool from under the wretched creature, allowing the weight to fall on her neck. Within forty-eight minutes the body was entirely reduced to ashes and buried in a hole on the spot where the execution took place.

A Deadly, Poisonous Beeswax.

Wax is a substance secreted by bees that is said to be analogous to the fat of the higher animals. In Patagonia, Tierre del Fuego and other portions of southern South America honey is never eaten. In the countries mentioned all beeswax is a livid, whitish, blue color and more poisonous than either strychnine or arsenic.

Rewarded Him.

"Excuse me, mum. I was goin' to try to git you interested in a face lotion that 'ud make the ugliest skin beautiful, but I see you don't need nothin' like that."

"Well—er—I think I'll buy a box of it for a friend of mine."—Houston Post.

Different.

Mrs. Brown—She seems to have got over the death of her first husband.

Mr. Brown—Yes, but her second husband hasn't.

Antidote For Carbolic Acid.

It may prove valuable information to know that alcohol is the antidote of carbolic acid and how to use it. If the burn is external pour alcohol over it; if internal, swallow whisky.

The virtue lies in the struggle, not in the prize.—Houghton.

STATISTICAL SITUATION OF FLAX

By Chas. H. Thornton, Publisher Duluth Commercial Record.

In the two previous articles on seeding that have been furnished the Northwestern press the writer has rather strongly favored the seeding of flaxseed, barley and durum wheat.

To a very large extent the strong export situation in all three of these grains has been the main reason for feeling that they would prove the most profitable crops for Northwestern grain growers. During the past eight months we have exported quite largely of flaxseed, barley and durum wheat and not very largely of either spring or winter wheat or flour, although it is generally conceded that the country raised a liberal export surplus of both winter and spring wheat.

It is undoubtedly a fact that speculative influences were instrumental in keeping our wheat markets above an export basis and thereby keeping the surplus in the country to be carried into the new crop.

On the other hand the export demand in the three grains mentioned above has been good throughout the entire year and practically every bushel available has been cleaned up and we shall go into the new year with clean boards or nearly so.

This is especially true of flaxseed. Ever since the large crop of 1902 this country has been lugging along a large surplus of seed, all of which has been consumed or sold for export this year, and the foreign situation is still very strong. As late as April 20 one of the very best posted students of European seed conditions in writing the author said:

"The events of the past few days have made the situation clearer and it would appear as if this season's supplies would prove lighter than expected, especially from Argentine. India also has lessened her offers and Bombay advices state that this year's exports are not likely to exceed 3,500,000 to 4,000,000 bushels, compared with 7,500,000 bushels last year."

In view of the above statements and the fact that American supplies of seed have been, or will be, pretty well cleaned up a short summary of the European situation for two years past and the supplies of seed in sight for the current calendar year will probably prove interesting.

The European crop years in seed, it should be remembered, coincide with the calendar year and statistics are made up from January to January. The following table shows the exports of seed to Europe during each of the past two years and the amount expected during the current year, as figured by the best posted authorities:

	1904	1905	1906
India	21,480,000	13,460,000	12,000,000
Argentine	30,400,000	26,100,000	21,000,000
Russia	8,050,000	3,750,000	3,500,000
U. S.	1,000	875,000	4,000,000
Total	60,031,000	44,205,000	40,500,000

From the 61,000,000 bushels of 1904 to the 40,500,000 bushels of this year is a big drop and that it is so regarded by Europe is evidenced by the fact that they have bought so freely of the United States seed during the past three months and are still buying. It is altogether likely that without the large shipments of 1904, part of which were carried into 1905, Europe would have been unable to get along with the small 44,000,000 bushel shipments of last year and with less quantities in sight for this year it is possible to run into very high prices for seed during the ensuing twelve months.

Of course every farmer must figure out for himself the crop that is liable to prove the most profitable to him, being guided largely by conditions on his own farm, but it does seem that at 80 cents for wheat and $1.20 for flax a little area seeded to flaxseed would prove profitable.

A very important item to be remembered in connection with the seeding of flaxseed this year is the universally excellent quality of the seed available for seeding. It is doubtful if seed of such a good quality was ever before available in the quantities in which it can be had this year and too much stress cannot be made of this point. Practically all of the 1905 seed was equal to pedigreed seed, was almost entirely free of wilt and in oil producing qualities was very satisfactory. Seed of that character should produce better than average yields and should be valuable for seeding purposes another year.

Among the list of birds which were quite plentiful when the western prairie region was first settled fifty years ago and which have entirely disappeared are the small gull, the long billed curlew, the plover and the blue winged teal.

Have any of our readers ever tried the ferret as a means of getting rid of the pocket gopher? We should be glad to hear from them if they have, or to receive the details of any other plan that has been found successful in eradicating the pest.

A poultry fancier living near Chicago will this year raise 5,000 English pheasants. It has been found that these birds do very well in confinement, while it is claimed they will bring good prices both for useful and ornamental purposes.

Under modern scientific methods the art of buttermaking has attained such perfection that it is doubtful if any better butter will ever be made than has been and is being made. The only trouble is that there is not enough of the best butter made.

Health Crazes.

The pursuit of health, like the morphia habit or drunkenness, grows on people till it really becomes a vice. Continuous thought and anxiety about one's health is extremely bad for the constitution and undermines it quicker than port wine.—London Queen.

Sure Thing.

Teacher—A [illegible] is going against the natural order of [illegible]. Are mir[illegible]cles perform[illegible]? Bright Boy—Yes'm. Teacher—Name one. Bright Boy—Well, mamma says that papa is always turning night into day.—Life.

All the Sporting News.

The steady reliability with which The Chicago Record-Herald presents the sporting news of the whole country each day has made it an authority in this field. It has a large staff of editors and reporters to handle the telegraphic matter and gather the local news in this important department alone. In The Sunday Record-Herald this department has a separate supplement of four full pages—a newspaper in itself—in which all the latest sporting news is presented with numerous illustrations. All that is of interest in baseball, football, racing, athletics, automobiling, yachting, golf, tennis, pugilism, aquatics and other sports can always be found here, along with many special articles by experts of national reputation. The Record-Herald is a favorite among lovers of sport because its sporting columns are written by "men who know."

Republican County Convention.

A republican county convention for the county of Red Lake is hereby called to be held on Wednesday, June 6th, 1906, at one o'clock p. m., in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, for the purpose of electing nine delegates to the republican state convention at Duluth, Minnesota, June 13, 1906, and such other business as may properly come before the convention.

The republican voters of the county, and all other voters, without regard to past political affiliations, who believe in the principles advocated by the republican party and endorse its policies, are cordially invited to participate in the selection of delegates to this convention.

Representation for this convention will be in accordance with the following resolution, adopted at a meeting of the republican county central committee, held in the city of Red Lake Falls on the 17th day of April, 1906:

> "Resolved, that the representation of the several precincts shall be based upon the vote cast in the respective precincts at the general election in 1904 for the republican candidate for governor; that each precinct is entitled to one delegate for each fifty (50) votes, or fraction thereof, so determined from the vote for the republican candidate for governor in 1904"

That each precinct is entitled to the following representation in this convention;

That each precinct be allowed in addition thereto, one delegate at large; that each of the following precincts, which were not organized at the general election of 1904, shall be entitled to one delegate at large: Townships of Silverton, Clover Leaf, Goodridge, Smiley, Kratka, Highlanding, Mayfield, Deer Park, and the Village of Plummer.

Black River	2	Wyandotte	2
Bray	2	Village of St. Hilaire	3
Emardville	2	Red Lake Falls City:	
Equality	2	1st ward	2
Garnes	2	2nd ward	2
Gervais	2	3rd ward	2
Lake Pleasant	2	Thief Riv. Falls City:	
Lambert	3	1st ward	4
Louisville	2	2nd ward	2
North	2	3rd ward	3
Norden	2	Silverton	1
Numedal	2	Clover Leaf	1
Polk Center	2	Goodridge	1
Poplar River	3	Smiley	1
Red Lake Falls Tp	2	Kratka	1
River Falls	2	Highlanding	1
Rocksbury	2	Mayfield	1
Sanders	2	Deer Park	1
Terrebonne	2	Village of Plummer	1

All primary elections in the county for the election of delegates to this convention shall be held at the usual voting places in each precinct on Saturday, June 2nd, 1909, between the hours of 7 and 8 o'clock p. m.

N. M. WATSON, Chairman.
O. F. POST, Secretary.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the board of county commissioners at the office of the county auditor of said county, in the city of Red Lake Falls, on the twenty-sixth day of June, A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock a.m.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this thirty-first day of May, 1906.

{ County Auditor's Seal } JAMES E. FORD, County Auditor.

Petition for Public Ditch.

To the Board of County Commissioners of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a public drainage ditch along the following described route in the towns of Sanders, Rocksbury, and Black River, in said county of Red Lake, and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

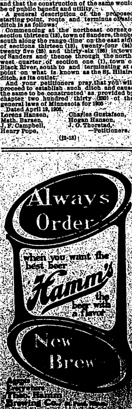
Commencing at the northeast corner of section thirteen (13), town of Sanders, thence south along the range line on the east side of sections thirteen (13), twenty-four (24), twenty five (25) and thirty-six (36) in town of Sanders and thence through the northwest quarter of section one (1), town of Black River, south to and terminating at a point on what is known as the St. Hilaire ditch, as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by chapter two hundred thirty (230) of the general laws of Minnesota for 1905

Dated April 19, 1906.

Lorens Hansen,	Charles Gustafson,
Math. Barsen,	Hogan Hanson,
J. F. Campbell,	J. O. Thorstad,
Henry Pope,	—Petitioners.

(12-15)



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Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

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K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson D. Patterson E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3850. Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

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and Surgeon...
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BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.

THE LOCAL NEWS

—Bargains at the Farmers' Store.

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

A stone foundation is being put under the I. O. O. F. building.

Mrs. Dr. Blomburgh was a visitor at Thief River Falls last Monday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve.

H. M. Swenson went up to Thief River Falls last evening to hear Debs.

W. B. Fuller, of Thief River Falls, was a business visitor here last Saturday.

—Special low prices in groceries, shoes and dry goods at the Farmers' Store.

L. T. Bergh was in from his reservation farm a couple of days the first of this week.

Miss May Sorsoleil went down to Red Lake Falls last Thursday evening for a short visit.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of RedLake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on June 3rd and 4th.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Arthur were attending to some business matters at Thief River Falls yesterday.

Carl Bjerk, of Roseau county, was here last Monday calling on his brothers. M. E. and Christ Bjerk.

Merchants State Bank still has a few recording safes. Get one and save your small change. It pays.

The small boy is happy today, knowing that there will be no more school until the first part of September.

Miss Mary Rolland left on Thursday for Jesse, N. D., where she has been engaged to teach a term of school.

The village of Plummer has decided to celebrate the 4th of July this year and have already commenced work.

There will be services in the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. Alex Sand, Pastor.

The Tri-State Telephone company's crew is within two miles of town and will have the line in here in a couple of days.

Mrs. David Vannett, of Fertile, spent several days here this week with her daughter Mrs. Wm. Ireland, leaving on Thursday evening.

John McCabe returned on Wednesday from his old home at Tomahawk, Wis., where he had been to attend the funeral of his father.

Eugene V. Debs, the great socialist leader, was a north bound passenger yesterday for Thief River Falls where he spoke last evening.

Mr. F. C. Grace, wife and daughter, of Burlington, Iowa, arrived on Thursday and will remain here for the Grace-Hannay wedding next week.

The last of the Grand Forks drive went over the dam with the wanagan last Saturday and Foreman Sullivan is now well on his way towards Crookston.

Last Sunday a number of young folks were entertained at a five o'clock dinner by Ella Jackson in honor of Anna Blomburgh. A very enjoyable time was spent.

Are we going to celebrate the 4th at St. Hilaire this year? It is time the question was taken up and decided. The most important question of course is, "Do we need the rain?"

What's the good of keeping from him
Any good things you may see,
That will lift his load of labor
Like Rocky Mountain Tea.
—Imperial Drug Co.

The I. O. O. F. Lodge elected the following officers for the ensuing term at their meeting last Thursday evening: R. H. Duntley, N. G.; O. F. Post, V.G.; J. B. O'Brien, secretary, and Wm. Eickhoff, trustee.

The young men of the M. E. church will give an ice cream and cake social at the church on Saturday evening, June 9th, at 8 o'clock. Price 15 cents. Everybody invited. Proceeds for painting the church building.

William Ireland, the new cashier for the lumber company, came up from Crookston last Monday with his wife and has already entered upon his new duties. He has rented the Patterson cottage on Water street.

Don't be fooled and made to believe that rheumatism can be cured with local appliances. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is the only positive cure for rheumatism. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Miss Annie Abrahamson was at Thief River Falls visiting friends last Monday.

We have had another bad bunch of weather this week, Sunday and yesterday being the only two dry days during the week.

August Peterson and Mrs. Henry Krein, of Milton, N. D., were here last Thursday to attend the funeral of their mother.

The young people of the Swedish Lutheran church have sent for pews for the church and expect to have them in time for the confirmation services on the 17th of June.

Let us hope that the month of June will treat us better from a weather standpoint than the month of May, which was one of the coldest and wettest on record.

Last Wednesday was Memorial day, but it was not observed here except that the banks and schools had a holiday and at the village hall the flag was at half mast.

Manager J. M. Richards of the Crookston Lumber company came over from Bemidji last Thursday and spent the day initiating Wm. Ireland, the new cashier, in his duties.

The ladies of the Swedish Lutheran church will give an ice cream social at the church on Saturday evening, June 9th, when some fancy and useful articles will also be sold at auction.

When the baby talks, it is time to give Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It's the greatest baby medicine known to loving mothers. It makes them eat, sleep and grow. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Mrs. Hans Hanson and Mrs. Martin E. Hoff entertained the Ladies' Twelve O'clock club at cards at the residence of the latter last Thursday evening. Miss Dolly Pettengill won the prize, a handsome hat pin. This concludes the series of entertainments which the club has provided the past season.

John J. Soll, who has conducted a saloon here for the past five years, sold his fixtures and stock last Tuesday to Hokan A. Johnson who will conduct the business in the future. Mr. Soll expects to leave soon and will move onto a farm in eastern Marshall county near Strandquist. He left yesterday to look it over before moving.

The recipe shower given to Miss Helen Hannay last Saturday evening by Mrs. E. R. Evans and Mrs. O. F. Post was one of the most enjoyable parties of the season. About twenty ladies were present and contributed their favorite recipe in a hand-painted book. The Post residence was very prettily decorated with pink and white carnations.

—Grafton flour, best in the northwest, for sale at Holmes' elevator.

R. H. Aimer returned last Sunday from an extended trip to western Canada. He did not find the country to his liking and has decided, so he informs us, to move with his family to the state of Washington in the near future. Mr. Aimer is one of our earliest settlers and has been a resident of St. Hilaire since 1882 and his many friends will be sorry to see he and his family leave.

Beginning July, 1906, Dr. Geo. E. Spofford, (optometrist) visits St. Hilaire on the 8th day of every month. Spectacles and eye glasses scientifically fitted. The ophthalmoscope and retinoscope used in all cases. Office at Hotel Markham. Consultation free. tf

Charley Fellman and Albert Hall went down to Crookston last Wednesday evening with the intention of taking in the circus on Thursday. They got up bright and early and started for the railroad yards to see the circus trains come in, with a lot of other small boys. The first to be unloaded was a car of elephants and one of them started for the boys with trunk extended, evidently thinking they were good enough to eat. The boys wouldn't stand, not being used to elephants, in fact they ran and never stopped until they found the St. Hilaire train. Uncle Steve took charge of them and brought them back safely. Of course they will tell you a different story.

Sunbeam: Walt McAndress is pushing the plow now days breaking up new land for flax. Mr. McAndress is one of the homesteaders that expects to stay here and make his home on the banks of the Red Lake river, and will no doubt have one of the largest and best tilled farms in this locality in a few years. ...... The big steam boat that has been running on the river for the past three weeks can handle a good deal of freight, but we understand it is to be put to work picking dead heads soon, and the settlers be left then with two little gasoline boats to do their freighting, which would be a repitition of last summer's root hog or die experience.

Magazines in Stock.

Next week Duntley's Confectionery will receive all of the latest magazines and they will hereafter be kept in stock.

Card of Thanks.

Mr. A. R. Peterson wishes to thank the many friends who so kindly assisted during the sickness and at the funeral of his beloved wife.

Auction and Social.

An auction sale will be held at the Swedish Mission church next Saturday evening. Prof. Th. Olseth will give a few musical numbers on the violin. Commences at 8 o'clock.

Announcement—M. E. Church.

Sunday school, 10 a.m., preaching 11, subject "How to be Sure." Epworth League, 7 p.m., preaching 8 p.m., subject "Born of the Spirit."
C. V. Gilman, Pastor.

Wylie Elevator Case.

Red Lake Courier: A hearing was held in this city Monday before Judge Watts in the action of the Wylie Farmers & Mercantile Co. against the Great Northern Railway. It is a suit to compel the railroad company to grant the plaintiffs a site at Wylie for an elevator.

The railroad company has refused permission to build on its right of way at Wylie and during last year had compelled the removal of the three elevators that existed there, on the excuse that it was going to abandon its tracks. In a hearing before the Railroad and Warehouse commission the road was ordered to continue its train service.

At the hearing Monday W. E. Rowe of Crookston appeared for the Farmers company and J. C. Wilkinson for the Railway. Lillian Belair was a witness in authentication of the records and Fred Gother and Nick Eckstein were examined on behalf of plaintiff. The defense did not offer any testimony. The matter was submitted on argument and taken under consideration by the court.

It is intimated, though not authentically so, that the action must fail at this time because of the indefiniteness of the petition upon which the action is based. Judge Watts promises to hand down a decision in a few days.

Getting There.

McIntosh Times: The North Star creamery has just received a new No. 5 Disbrow churn and a 30 gallon starter can which will put it in line to improve the ever excellent quality of its product and thereby increase the profits of its patrons. With general merchants paying 16cts a pound (in trade) for butter that is selling on the St. Paul market at from 11½ to 14 cts a pound, it becomes necessary for the management to get all there is in it out of their product. This they are succeeding very satisfactorily in doing however, and the checks for the past month's receipts will show a net return of 19 cts per pound of butter fat. This exceeds Fertile by 2 cts a pound and comes within ¼ of a cent of St. Hilaire, which, with a much larger output, is noted for paying the highest price of any creamery in the state.

Schools Close.

A very successful year of school work came to a close yesterday afternoon when the village schools closed for the summer holidays. The attendance has been larger the past year than ever before and much good work has been done. Of the teachers, Miss Ottilia Westlund left on the evening train for her home at Fargo. Miss Dolly Pettengill will leave some time the coming week for Oregon, where she will visit a sister. Prof. J. B. O'Brien has been offered a position as instructor in the summer school to be held at Thief River Falls, but has not yet accepted.

Artificial Eyes in 500 B. C.

As early as 500 B. C. artificial eyes were made by the priests of Rome and Egypt. The priests at that time practiced as physicians and surgeons, using more prayer and less medicine than is used in the medical profession today. The historians in their study of the ancient world find things to show that the ancients were very wise in a crude way. In this age we have the discoveries of ancient as well as modern times to help us to perfect new things. One of the great modern discoveries is golden grain belt beer. Try it and see. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Died.

On Tuesday, May 29th, of old age, Mrs. Anna Mary Peterson, wife of Andrew R. Peterson.

She was born Anna Nelson, in Sweden, on October 22nd, 1823, and was married in that country in 1859 to Mr. Peterson. They emigrated to Carver county, Minnesota, in 1864 and have been residents of this village for the past two years. Besides her husband she leaves three children and eleven grandchildren to mourn her loss. The funeral took place on Thursday from the Swedish Mission church, Rev. Nordhus officiating.

A June bride.

Miss May Blanche Sorsoleil, daughter of William A. Sorsoleil, of this village, will be united in marriage on Wednesday, June 6th, at Red Lake Falls to Mr. John Joseph Power. The bride is one of St. Hilaire's social favorites, having been born and raised here and has for her friends everyone in the village. The happy couple will be at home after July 15th at Langdon, N.D.

Will Wed June 6th.

Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Hannay have issued invitations for the wedding of their daughter, Miss Helen Louise, to Mr. George Benjamin Grace, which event will take place at the Hannay residence on Wednesday, June 6th. The newly wedded couple will be at home to their friends after October 1st at Mt. Vernon, Washington.

For Sale.

Six hives of bees and a spring buggy. Inquire of Mrs. A. Dainard.

—For go-carts go to Holmes Bros.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at...
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

Council Proceedings.

Special meeting of the village council of St. Hilaire held at the village hall Tuesday evening, May 29, 1906 at 8 o'clock.

Meeting called to order by President O'Brien.

All members present.

Motion made, seconded and carried that the sidewalk resolution passed at a former meeting of the council be rescinded, and the following resolution was offered by Councilman Patterson and seconded by Councilman Hoff.

SIDEWALK RESOLUTION.

Whereas, A majority of the owners of the property fronting on the south side of Third street, from Broadway avenue to Water street, and of the property fronting on the west side of Water street, from Third street to Main street, in the village of St. Hilaire, county of Red Lake, in the state of Minnesota, have petitioned the Village Council of said village to order a cement or concrete sidewalk built on the south side of said Third street, and on the west side of said Water street as aforesaid, and requested the necessary resolution to give effect thereto according to law, and

Whereas, the said Village Council does deem it necessary and expedient that said walk be built as aforesaid, therefore,

Be It Resolved, by the Village Council of the Village of St. Hilaire, Minnesota, that a sidewalk be and the same is hereby ordered to be built on the south side of Third street from Broadway avenue to Water street, and on the west side of Water street from Third street to Main street, in the manner following, to-wit: Walk to be five (5) feet wide, four inches of cement and sand, consisting of one part cement and five parts good, clear sharp sand, laid upon twelve inches of coarse sand; grade of said walk to be as designated by Village Council; said sidewalk to be completed on or before the 28th day of July, A. D. 1906, and further that this resolution be duly served on or before the 9th day of June, A. D. 1906, upon the owners of lots and parts of lots, and parcels of ground fronting on said Third street and Water street, where said sidewalk is ordered to be built, and whose names with their respective holdings are hereinafter stated, such service to be made in accordance with the statute in such case made and provided:

Name of Owner	Front Feet	Description of property owned
I. O. O. F.	136 ft.	lot 13
Jennie A. Stranahan	220 ft.	lots 10, 11 & 12
Daniel Patterson	50 ft.	lots 8 & 9
Stena Cliffgaard	75 ft.	lots 5, 6 & 7
John B. O'Brien	50 ft.	lots 3 & 4
Andrew Berg	50 ft.	lots 1 & 2

All of said mentioned lots are situated in Block thirty-nine (39) of said village of St. Hilaire, Minnesota.

Name of Owner	Front Feet	Description of property owned
Mary Sorsoleil	75 ft.	lots 10, 11 & 12
J. C. Demers	23 ft.	lot 9
Martin C. Lund	50 ft.	lots 7 & 8
Charley Sandmoen	50 ft.	lots 5 & 6
J. C. Dahl	100 ft.	lots 1, 2, 3 & 4

All of said above mentioned lots are situated in Block No. thirty-eight (38) of said village of St. Hilaire, Minnesota.

Adopted this 29th day of May, 1906.

J. B. O'Brien,
President of the Village Council,
St. Hilaire, Minnesota.

Attest:—
K. O. Gigstad,
Village Clerk.

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'Brien,
President.
K. O. Gigstad,
Clerk.

Roasts Canada.

Detroit Record: Owners of Becker county farms should consider carefully before they abandon their farms here and go to the Canadian Northwest. A report from that section of the country this week says the prospects for the wheat crop in Alberta are very unfavorable and at some points considerable land has been plowed up and sown to other grains. A report from Calgary states that north of that city the crop will run only about 25 per cent. Around Claresholm and Nanton it is better and probably will go 50 per cent. In that vicinity re-seeding to other grains has been done considerably. In the Cardston district the crop is not expected to go over 35 per cent. In the Pincher Creek district it is somewhat better. Why any man should give up a good farm in the Park Region of Minnesota and remove to the barren plains of the Canadian Northwest is beyond understanding. There he is a thousand miles further removed from market, and it is only within the past two or three years that there has been sufficient rainfall in that section to permit of growing crops successfully. Those who are best acquainted with conditions in that country predict great hardship for the thousands of farmers who have gone there recently. Beware of the attractive advertisements put out by land boomers.

Special Meeting.

We, the undersigned, members of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company, do hereby pray to call a special meeting of the members of said company to be held at the village hall in St. Hilaire, Minn., on Monday the 11th day of June, 1906, at one o'clock, p.m., for the purpose of considering Section two, of article six, of the by-laws of said company as to whether or not we hereafter pay the full amount of insurance on any residence, church or schoolhouse, and any other business that may come before the meeting.

Dated this 7th day of May, 1906.

N. K. Anderson, President. C. P. Swanson, Secretary.
M. J. Akerlund. Christ Person.
J. M. Swanson. A. E. Anderson.
Chas. Johnson. P. A. Hallstrom
Peter Lindblom. Swan Scholin.

Frank Jeffers, Adam Zeh and S. A. Swanson, of Red Lake Falls, stopped off here a few minutes last night on their way to Thief River Falls to hear Debs.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

—Ladies' wrappers, $1.35, $1.50 and $1.75, now reduced to 90 cents, at the Farmers' Store.

Wise men, though all laws were abolished, would lead the same lives.—Aristophanes.

Eaton & Hurlbut's stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

—Clean seed flax for sale at Holmes elevator.

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz:

Per O. Kjonickson, H. E. No. 21700, for the W½ NE¼ Sec. 33, T. 152 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

John Westerlund, of Plummer, Minn.; N. A. Nelson, of St. Hilaire, Minn.; Emil Just, of Red Lake Falls, Minn.; Gust Christopherson, of Plummer, Minn.

R. J. Montague, Register.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.

Julius Pleth,
tf Plummer, Minn.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

—Go to Holmes Bros. for Sunshine furniture polish.

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS.
......TOYS
Agency for........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

McMURRAY'S VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR
A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

SAW MILL MACHINERY.

Saw Mills
Gang Edgers
Lumber Trimmers
Lath Machines
Setting Machines
Shingle Machines
Planer & Matchers
Drag Saws
Wood Saws
Engines
Boilers
Pulleys
Shafting
Boxes
Trucks
Grate Bars
Feed Mills
Horse Powers
We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B. Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

IF IN DOUBT Read the Following:

At a hearing before the Committee on Public Health, of the Massachusetts Legislature, on a bill designed to prevent this wholesale dosing of the public, the following eminent Boston physicians testified against the healthfulness of Rochelle Salts, and strongly recommended the passage of a law which would prohibit the sale of baking powders which left this dangerous drug in food.

Dr. Hartung Dr. F. B. Foster
Dr. C. O. Kepler Dr. G. M. Palmer

Calumet Baking Powder

leaves the food free from Rochelle Salts, Alum or any injurious substance. Therefore, recommended by leading physicians and chemists.

USED IN MILLIONS OF HOMES.

Making Them Drowsy.

Did you hear about Fistem? He has given up pugilism and gone on the stage.

You don't say. How is he making out?

Well, he is doing the same as he did in the ring—putting people to sleep.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Ole M. Aarseth, Echo, Minn., mail box; Clarence W. Carter, St. Paul, Minn., cake icing machine; Frank A. Evans, Redwood Falls, Minn., rotary filter; Louis H. Finnegan, Minneapolis, Minn., chocolate cutter; Andrew N. Gabrielson, Mount Iron, Minn., plane; Frank Gustaveson, Wabasha, Minn., shoe; John W. McGuire, Joliette, N. D., motor plow.

Knew What He Wanted.

Wedderly—If there is a woman in this town who is a better cook than my wife I'd like to meet her.

Singleton—Your wife is an expert, eh?

Wedderly—Expert nothing! Didn't I just tell you I was anxious to meet a better cook?

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{ SEAL } A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Grand Thing.

"This new luminous paint is a splendid invention!" declared the fond young papa. "How so?" asked Mr. Newlywed. "Why, you just paint the baby's face with it, and you can see it to give him his bottle without lighting the gas!"

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Education.

The principal of one of Washington's high schools relates an incident in connection with the last commencement day of the institution mentioned. A clever girl had taken one of the principal prizes. At the close of the exercises her friends crowded about her to offer congratulations.

"Weren't you awfully afraid you wouldn't get it, Hattie," asked one, "when there were so many contestants?"

"Oh, no," cheerily exclaimed Hattie, "because I knew that when it came to English composition I had 'em all skinned alive!"

In the Wedding Month.

Bishop Olmsted of Colorado was talking at a dinner party in Denver about June weddings.

"June is a lovely month," he said, "and that it should be the month of all months for weddings is a fact easily understood.

"I was amused by the remark a jeweler made the other day.

"The jeweler said that at this season it is a very common thing to see a well dressed, handsome, intelligent looking young man come into his shop and say, in a painfully nervous way:

"'Um, ah, er—er—ah, er-ha, um—'

"In this contingency the jeweler simply calls to his clerk:

"'Get out that tray of engagement rings, Jackson.'"

DODD'S
KIDNEY
PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE
DIABETES

Congress.

Resume of the Week's Proceedings.

Wednesday.

Washington, May 24.—In addition to passing half a dozen bills to which no objection was made the senate devoted its entire session yesterday to the immigration bill, which was passed just before the hour of adjournment. The bill consists of a series of amendments to the existing law, all of them intended to permit stricter regulations for keeping out defective classes of aliens. The head tax is increased from $2 to $5.

The day's proceedings in the house were closed with a speech by Mr. Longworth of Ohio, who talked upon the merits of the diplomatic and consular bill.

Thursday.

Washington, May 25.—After considerable debate the senate yesterday passed the bill relieving denatured alcohol from the internal revenue tax and then took up the agricultural appropriation bill, which was still under consideration when the senate adjourned.

Well filled galleries and a large membership on the floor listened with great attention yesterday in the house to two leaders of opposite schools of politics—Charles A. Towne of New York and John Dalzell of Pennsylvania.

Mr. Towne's strictures on the president were received with applause on the Democratic side. Mr. Dalzell spoke in favor of "letting well enough alone," his speech being enthusiastically applauded by the Republicans.

Friday.

Washington, May 26.—The house was turbulent during the consideration of the rule sending the rate bill to conference, the fear of many members being that the rule which disagreed to the senate amendments en bloc might have an influence on the conferees and give them an opportunity if they so desired, to vote out the express company amendment, the amendment relating to pipe lines, and the sleeping car amendment.

With the assurance that the wishes of the house would be considered on all the amendments, the rule was adopted.

The senate passed the agricultural appropriation bill, carrying an appropriation of $7,800,000, and without a word of debate or an objection from any source added to it as an amendment the bill providing for an inspection of fresh meats intended for domestic consumption.

The provision is along the general lines of the law for the inspection of meats intended to be shipped abroad, and the work is delegated to the bureau of animal industry.

Monday.

Washington, May 29.—The senate yesterday sent the railroad rate bill to conference, listened to a long defense by Senator Kittredge of a sea level canal and three Democratic speeches on the resolution relating to the purchase of canal supplies in foreign markets and devoted the remainder of the time to the postoffice appropriation bill.

Early in the session of the house yesterday Mr. Williams (Miss.), the floor leader of the minority, made the point that there was no quorum and it took a call of the house to start the wheels of legislation.

After the appearance of a quorum the house concurred in amendments made by the senate to a number of house bills.

The house then resolved itself into a "city council" for the consideration of bills relating to the District of Columbia.

FLOOD IS FATAL TO FIVE.

The Breaking of a Large Dam Causes Most Disastrous Flood in Nevada.

Reno, Nev., May 30.—The most disastrous flood that has occurred in Nevada in many years occurred yesterday morning in Golconda, a small town about 200 miles from here. It was caused by the breaking of the large dam in Pole creek canyon, three miles above the sheep-shearing corral of the Colconda Cattle company. Five men were drowned and several are badly injured.

When the dam broke an immense volume of water poured down the canyon, carrying everything before it. When it struck the sheep-shearing corral there were a number of men at work, and all of these were carried away with the flood. Not a building or fence of the Colconda Cattle company was left standing. The track of the Southern Pacific railroad was undermined a mile west of town, and all trains are many hours late.

Goll Works With Bigelow.

Leavenworth, Kan., May 26.—Henry G. Goll, former cashier of the First National Bank of Milwaukee, serving a ten-year sentence here, was yesterday assigned to work in the identification bureau. Frank G. Bigelow, former president of the bank, works in the same department.

Acid Is Thrown Over Girl.

Billings, Mont., May 26.—In a fit of jealousy it is alleged that Joe Grady threw acid at Anne Stanley here yesterday. She was frightfully burned.

Colorado Mine Burning.

Trinidad, Colo., May 26.—Fire started late last night in the Engleville mine of the Colorado Fuel & Iron company, one of the oldest in Las Animas county, and all efforts to surround and smother it have been fruitless. All the miners escaped.

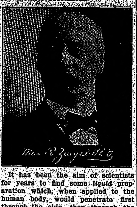
Killed in Auto Accident.

Paris, May 26.—William M. Groff of Philadelphia was killed yesterday in an automobile accident at Coignieres on the road between Rambouillet and Versailles

Generates Electricity in the Human Body.

Rubbing a piece of amber with a woolen rag generates electricity proven by the fact that it will pick up pieces of paper and cotton fibre.

The same thing can be done with a rubber comb and a few other mineral or vegetable substances.



Max R. Zaegel Ph. G.

It has been the aim of scientists for years to find some *liquid* preparation which, when applied to the human body, would penetrate first through the skin, then through the muscles and finally to the very bone. Electricity to be subsequently generated through friction with the hands, it being a well recognized fact that electricity so generated and applied, would strengthen the nerves, remove inflammation and ease all pain.

Max R. Zaegel, a graduate of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, established as a chemist in Sheboygan, Wis., for the last 23 years, has discovered this long sought secret.

It consists of a mixture of vegetable and mineral oils forming an amber colored liquid of pleasant odor and taste which, when used as directed, restores vitality and strength and gives prompt relief to all pain.

Applied to cuts, sores, burns and bruises it heals, owing to the fact that no pus or matter can form in any wound where this electric oil is used.

If you have rheumatism, piles, pain in back or catarrh, write Mr. Zaegel and he will be pleased to mail you a sample bottle of this wonderful electric oil free.

State the nature of your complaint and address your letter to Max. R. Zaegel, 170 Main St., Sheboygan, Wis.

It is free now, so do not fail to write to-day.

A Case of Bathos.

Bliss Perry, the new occupant of the chair of English at Harvard, said of bathos recently:

"A good example of bathos came within the experience of a Boston clergyman.

A Boston fisherman had lost his little son, a boy of four, his only child, and the poor fellow was well nigh beside himself with grief. The clergyman went to see him.

"As the clergyman talked to him, the bereaved father wept. His grief intensified itself. The clergyman, before such parental suffering, was more and more moved.

"And suddenly, rocking himself two and fro, with tears trickling down his brown cheeks, the fisherman said in a voice hoarse and broken with emotion:

"'Do ye think, sir, I could have the little beggar stuffed?'"

A Speculator, of Course.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, in an address to a delegation of farmers won hearty applause by the following observation:

"I overheard a dialogue between two well dressed men at lunch the other day.

"The first man, as he helped himself to asparagus, said:

"'By the way, you said Johnson was a farmer, didn't you?'

"'Good gracious, no!' returned the other man. 'I said he made his fortune out of wheat. Did you ever hear of a farmer doing that?'"

Effulgent Press Agent.

The press agent of a comic opera beauty was dilating on the fair one's charms the other afternoon. Forgetting that he was not then necessarily talking for publication, he burst forth with this illiterative eulogy: "Say, she is just the finest, fairest, fluffiest, fragment of fascinating femininity that ever flashed across the firmament of this fugnatious footstool."

The Way of the World.

"Blank has struck it rich and is cutting a great dash, but I can remember the time when he didn't have one dollar to rub against another. Can't you?" said Brown.

"Can't say that I can," drawled Town. "He has been setting it up to me in pretty good shape lately, and it has shortened my memory."

Time to Get Busy.

Her Husband—I thought you were going to visit you mother?

His Wife—And so I am.

Her Husband—Well, you had better begin to pack your trunk at once. The train leaves in forty-eight hours.

Different.

"Why don't you elope with her?"

"But, good gracious, man! If you are perfectly willing for me to marry your daughter I cannot see any object to be attained by our eloping."

"Can't you? How will it be if I offer you half of what I save on the wedding?"

Surprised.

Hemer—I have bad news for you, old man. Your friend Watkins has eloped with your wife.

Peckhem—You don't say! I'm surprised at Watkins; I thought he knew

In Minnesota

State News of the Week Briefly Told

James Regan, aged twenty-three, of Lakeville, was drowned in Prairie lake while fishing.

The village council of Glenwood will ask Andrew Carnegie for funds for the erection of a public library.

Frank Reusswig of Grand Rapids was seriously injured by the explosion of some dynamite in a trunk.

Mayor Carter and the police made a raid on the gambling houses at Bemidji and secured a roulette wheel.

Browerville is planning a rousing celebration for the Fourth. It will be in charge of the Browerville band.

The Christian church at Mankato extended a call to Rev. B. F. Black and he accepted. He was pastor at Garden City for three years.

Ole Sutherland fell from a handcar, under the wheels, while working on the Milwaukee road near Hibbing. He sustained serious injuries.

August Ost, a young farmer, was accidentally shot in the head by his cousin, Emil Schoning. They were turer of men's furnishings.

The jury in the case of the state against Asa Hurd, on trial for criminal assault, brought in a verdict at Eden Valley of assault in the second degree.

Two Madison Lake fishermen paid fines for catching more than twenty-five crappies each, that being the limit of certain game fish in one day's angling.

The quick-witted action of Carl Norton of Hibbing in thrusting his walking stick down the throat of a rabid dog, ended what promised to be a reign of terror.

Fire of unknown origin caused a loss of $40,000 in the building occupied by the Zenith Paper company at Duluth, of which F. R. Leslie of Duluth is president.

Miss Anna Sand, twenty-one years old, daughter of Paul Sand of New Munich, was fatally burned by an exploding kerosene can while trying to light the kitchen stove.

Myron Quance, a young man employed on a gravel train working east of Perham, was struck by a crowbar and had his skull fractured. He is not expected to live.

Prof. J. T. Fuller of Dodge Center has been elected superintendent of the schools at Zumbrota in place of L. J. Montgomery, who has accepted a position at Montevideo.

In the last day or two there has fallen more rain at Cokato than any old settler can ever remember of falling in so short a time. Many roads and bridges are badly damaged.

The grand jury at Brainerd brought in twelve indictments and was discharged. Several were for running blind pigs in the Cass Lake country. One was against D. F. Jones for incest.

Fire of unknown origin did damage to the amount of $20,000 to the building and contents at 108 and 110 First avenue east, Duluth. The principal loss falls upon H. Halstein, manufacturer of Men's furnishings.

President Frank Bovinski of the Bovie council issued an order for a roundup of all gamblers and undesirable characters, and as a result gambling apparatus has been confiscated and several men and women arrested.

The Appleton high school will hold its commencement exercises on June 2. There will be nine graduates: Alice Dixon, Lela Maxwell, Blanche Mehegan, Ida McKinney, Lola Vandinberg, Hannah Pederson, Eva Howe, Elizabeth Morris and Benjamin Keyner.

As a result of a bloody free-for-all fight in a Chisholm saloon owned by Jovo Hajbukovic, one man lies very dangerously injured in Adams Hospital in Hibbing and two others languish in jail on charges of the assault. Two others took part in the fight. All of the participants were drunk.

Excitement over having caught a big fish was the cause of Barney and Henry Lehman, eighteen and thirteen years old, losing their lives in Mahew lake at St. Cloud. The boys were far out from shore, and when one of them was unable to pull in his "bite" the other came to his aid and the boat was capsized. They clasped each other and went down together.

The nineteen-year-old son of G. W. Otter, a farmer near Stillwater, was killed by a comrade. They were throwing up tin cans and shooting at them when the gun was accidentally discharged, striking the boy in the neck. He died instantly.

Robbers entered the general store of Dahl Bros. at Harrison, blew open the safe and secured $250 in cash. There were valuable papers in the safe, but these were not touched. This makes the fourth robbery in Kandiyohi county in ten days.

While Charles Rowen and Oscar Paulson were clearing on the former's claim, about sixty miles north of Deer River, a burning tree broke off some distance up from the ground and pitched topmost downward, striking Paulson on the head, fracturing the skull, from which death resulted in about three hours.

Sylvan has a mad dog scare. A man named Erickson was bitten by a dog that had every sign of rabies. A gen- [illegible]

TORTURED WITH ECZEMA.

Tremendous Itching Over Whole Body —Scratched Until Bled—Wonderful Cure by Cuticura.

"Last year I suffered with a tremendous itching on my back, which grew worse and worse, until it spread over the whole body, and only my face and hands were free. For four months, or so I suffered torments, and I had to scratch, scratch, scratch, until I bled. At night, when I went to bed things got worse, and I had at times to get up and scratch my body all over, until I was as sore as could be, and until I suffered excruciating pains. They told me that I was suffering from eczema. Then I made up my mind that I would use the Cuticura Remedies. I used them according to instructions, and very soon indeed I was greatly relieved. I continued until well, and now I am ready to recommend the Cuticura Remedies to any one. Mrs. Mary Metzger, Sweetwater, Okla., June 28, 1905."

SPIDERS EAT BIRDS.

Insect Smaller Than Tarantula Ensnares Feathery Tribe in Web.

There has just been deposited in the insect house at the London zoo a specimen of the bird-eating spider, which earns its name by occasionally including in its menu some of the brilliantly hued humming birds and vari-colored finches of the South American tropics.

It is doubtful whether the silken threads which he spins in profusion constitute his most effective tackle for securing his prey; indeed, it is more probable that the little birds get caught through alighting upon the banana and other leaves, in the twisted folds of which the spider makes his home. The similarity of his coloring to the bark of trees to which he attaches himself, is also a powerful factor in enabling him to approach his prey. The silken threads which help to ensnare so many beautiful birds are a serious annoyance to the traveler, when riding or driving through the less frequented forests. As they continually strike the face one is reminded of some fiendish motor trap on the Surrey roads.

The bird-eating spider is much smaller, although not less ferocious in appearance, than the famous tarantula. The body of a full grown tarantula is as big as a hen's egg, and on an average it gives from twenty to forty yards of silk, the weaving of which was expected at one time to prove a very considerable industry in some of the Australian colonies. The silken output of the bird-eating spider is greater in proportion.

Where the Sun Never Shines.

George Ade was talking about London and London weather.

"April, May and June are delightful in London," he said, "but the fall and winter season is one long, cold, wet fog.

"A Parsee visited London last fall. He dined with a bishop one night, and the bishop tried to convert him. The Parsees, you know, are sun worshipers.

"'Here you are, my friend,' said the bishop, reproachfully, a man of culture, widely traveled, generous, brave, wise, and yet you worship the sun.

"How can you do it? I can't understand how any sensible person should worship a created object such as the sun.'

"'Ah, but you should see it once,' cried the Parsee, warmly. 'You have no idea what a splendid thing it is.'"

Prince Kotchowheff, a Russian, has been ordered by the Berlin courts to pay $780 a year for life to a waiter whom he assaulted. During the Russo-Japanese war the prince, while in a Dresden hotel, called for a newspaper. The waiter handed him the Kladderadatsch, and as it contained a cartoon ridiculing the Russian army the patriotic prince so belabored the waiter as to disable him for life.

COTTONSEED OIL ICE CREAM.

Prof. Stillman Made It Without Milk or Sugar.

When Prof. Stillman of Sevens Institute gave a dinner to two friends, at which most of the viands were made artificially by chemical means, he had small idea of the furore his efforts would produce. But he has received hundreds of letters asking how different dishes were produced—so many that he has not had time to answer many of them.

The chemical processes which he employed were some of them simple and some quite complicated. To make vanilla ice cream by artificial means, for instance, the alchemist took some triple refined cottonseed oil, placed it in a centrifugal machine which revolved at a velocity of 3,000 revolutions a minute. A beautiful emulsion was thereby produced, which was then frozen, chemically, of course. The flavor was obtained by the addition of vanilla, glucin and nitro-benzol. They say that ice cream composed as above is sold in many Southern states where cottonseed oil is more plentiful and consequently cheaper than milk or cream. It is far from harmful, tastes good, and does not melt as quickly as the genuine ice.

Driven to the Suburbs.

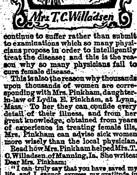
The rapacity of landlords in New York city is driving tenants to the suburbs. It is impossible to get a small flat at a figure reasonably within the average clerk or workingman's means, and such tenants are finding it extremely difficult to meet existing conditions.

A WOMAN'S ORDEAL

DREADS DOCTOR'S QUESTIONS

Thousands Write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., and Receive Valuable Advice Absolutely Confidential and Free

There can be no more terrible ordeal to a delicate, sensitive, refined woman than to be obliged to answer certain questions in regard to her private ills, even when those questions are asked by her family physician, and many



Mrs T. C. Willadsen

continue to suffer rather than submit to examinations which so many physicians propose in order to intelligently treat the disease; and this is the reason why so many physicians fail to cure female disease.

This is also the reason why thousands upon thousands of women are corresponding with Mrs. Pinkham, daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. To her they can confide every detail of their illness, and from her great knowledge, obtained from years of experience in treating female ills, Mrs. Pinkham can advise sick women more wisely than the local physician.

Read how Mrs. Pinkham helped Mrs. T. C. Willadsen, of Manning, Ia. She writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:

"I can truly say that you have saved my life, and I cannot express my gratitude in words. Before I wrote to you telling you how I felt, I had doctored for over two years steady, and spent lots of money in medicines besides, but it all failed to do me any good. I had female trouble and would daily have fainting spells, backache, bearing-down pains, and my monthly periods were very irregular and finally ceased. I wrote to you for your advice and received a letter full of instructions just what to do, and also commenced to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I have been restored to perfect health. Had it not been for you I would have been in my grave to-day."

Mountains of proof establish the fact that no medicine in the world equals Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for restoring women's health.

IN CONSTANT AGONY.

A West Virginian's Awful Distress Through Kidney Troubles.

W. L. Jackson, merchant, of Parkersburg, W. Va., says: "Driving about in bad weather brought kidney troubles on me, and I suffered twenty years with sharp, cramping pains in the back and urinary disorders. I often had to get up a dozen times at night to urinate. Retention set in, and I was obliged to use the catheter. I took to my bed, and the doctors failing to help, began using Doan's Kidney Pills. The urine soon came freely again, and the pain gradually disappeared. I have been cured eight years, and though over 70, am as active as a boy."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

When a girl's breath smells of cologue water it is a sign she has been smoking.

LOW RATES.

M. & St. L. Special Excursions.

To Portland, Ore.: Tacoma, Seattle and Puget Sound points (account meeting Hotel Men's association, June 25-29), one fare for the round trip via variable routes. Tickets on sale June 18-22, limited to sixty days. With payment of slight additional charge tickets will be routed one way through California.

To Boston, Mass.—One fare plus $1.00, for meeting American Medical association, June 5-8. Liberal limits. Tickets on sale June 2-5.

To Des Moines, Iowa—One fare plus $2.00, unless fare and one-third makes less, for General Assembly Presbyterian church, May 16-29. Tickets on sale May 14-17 and 21-23, limited to May 31.

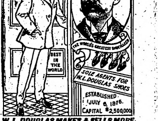
To St. Paul and Minneapolis, Minn. —One fare plus $2.00, except fare and one-third from nearby points, account biennial meeting General Federation Women's Clubs, May 30-June 7. Tickets on sale May 28-31, limited to June 9, except that upon payment of limit extension fee of $2.00 tickets will be made good for return until July 31.

To Springfield, Ill.—One fare plus $1.00 for round trip, account annual meeting German Baptist Brethren, May 31-June 5. Dates of sale June 1, 2, 3, and also on May 29 and 30 to advance delegates. Liberal limits offered.

To Louisville, Ky.—One fare plus 25 cents for the round trip, account Homecoming week for Kentuckians, June 13-17. Dates of sale June 11-13. Tickets limited to June 23, except extension to 30 days from date of sale may be obtained on payment of 50 cents.

For full particulars in regard to rates, train service, etc., call on agents or address A. B. Cutts, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

A blush is one of the few things that cannot be counterfeited.



W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
ESTABLISHED JULY 6, 1876.
CAPITAL $2,500,000

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN

W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES & SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

If I could take you into my three large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you the infinite care with which every pair of shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

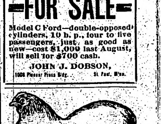
Write for Illustrated Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

AUTOMOBILE —FOR SALE—

Model C Ford—double-opposed cylinders, 10 h. p., four to five passengers, just as good as new—cost $1,000 last August, will sell for $700 cash.

JOHN J. DOBSON,
1008 Pioneer Press Bldg. St. Paul, Minn.



Make 'Em Lay
When eggs are highest
By using
SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER
the great poultry tonic in use 40 years. One pack 25 cents; five $1; two-lb. can $1.20, six $5. Express paid.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO.
Boston, Mass.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use { Thompson's Eye Water

When Answering Advertisements, Kindly Mention This Paper.

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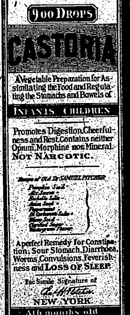

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE
A Certain Cure for Tired, Hot, Aching Feet.
DO NOT ACCEPT A SUBSTITUTE.
This signature Allen S. Olmsted on every box.
For FREE Trial Package, Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

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Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE [illegible]

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, S[illegible]

BOMB HURLED AT KING AND QUEEN OF SPAIN

TERRIBLY DRAMATIC SEQUEL TO REJOICINGS OVER ROYAL MARRIAGE.

ESCAPE IS MOST MIRACULOUS

SIXTEEN MEMBERS OF ROYAL ESCORT KILLED AND MANY OTHERS INJURED.

WEDDING IS GRAND AFFAIR

ALL GREAT NATIONS REPRESENTED—AMERICA ESPECIALLY FAVORED.

Madrid, June 2.—The public rejoicings over the marriage of King Alfonso and Princess Victoria had a terribly dramatic sequel at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, as a bomb thrown from an upper window exploded with deadly effect near the coach occupied by the king and queen. Providentially, King Alfonso and Queen Victoria escaped by an electric wire deflecting the bomb, but at least sixteen persons, most of them of the personal and military escort, were killed. Many others were injured.

The Victims.

Capt. Barrosa, commanding part of the king's escort.

Lieut. Reysient.

Lieut. Prandergast.

Six soldiers.

The marquise of Colosa and her daughter.

Don Antonio Calvo and his niece, aged six years.

Jose Sola.

Luis Fonseca.

One royal groom, who was leading a horse drawing the coach carrying the king and queen.

Several of those killed were standing on the balcony of the house from which the bomb was thrown.

About to Enter Palace.

The explosion occurred just as the royal couple were about to enter the palace. The route of the cortege had been diverted from Arsenal street to Mayor street, owing to the popular desires. The procession had just passed through Mayor street and was about to turn into the Esplanade leading to the palace when an explosion shook the buildings in the vicinity, stunning a large number of people and throwing the cortege into inextricable confusion.

The royal coach was brought to a sudden stop by the shock, officers and soldier of the escort falling to the ground about the equerry and horses that had been killed.

Groans of the Dying.

The screams of the terrified multitude mingled with the groans of the dying. It was immediately seen that the royal coach was intact, except as it had been damaged by flying splinters. King Alfonso immediately alighted and assisted Queen Victoria out of the carriage. They then entered another coach and were driven swiftly to the palace.

All this happened so quickly that people away from the immediate vicinity were not aware of the tragedy that had been enacted, and continued to acclaim their sovereigns.

Joy Over King's Escape.

Soon, however, there appeared the empty royal coach with two horses missing and the others spattered with blood, several of them bleeding from wounds. The grooms and drivers looked deathly pale in their spangled uniforms. Then came a boy shouting that a bomb had been thrown at the king. The appearance of the king and queen in a coach brought out delirious ovations. The fact was recognized that the sovereigns had been spared.

Horrible Spectacle.

In the meantime the scene of the tragedy presented a horrible spectacle with dead men and horses lying about, literally torn to pieces. Intense excitement prevailed, the mob invading the streets while the forces of the guards sought to maintain order and block the approaching streets. The pavement was literally covered with blood, and the upper stories of the buildings nearest were spattered with it.

Assassin Is Captured.

The place from which the bomb was thrown is a boarding house. The chamber from which the missile was hurled was taken May 22 by a man from Barcelona giving the name of Moral. When the police surrounded the house the man attempted to flee, but was captured. Another man escaped over the roofs of the houses.

According to an official statement it is not known whether one or more bombs were thrown. The statement continues that it is impossible to ascertain at present the author of the outrage.

King and Queen Tranquil.

Frederick W. Whiteridge, the American special envoy, cabled to President Roosevelt at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon giving details concerning the attempt on the life of King Alfonso and Queen Victoria. Later in the day Mr. Whiteridge went to the royal palace, where he was assured that the king and queen were reasonably tranquil considering the circumstances.

Indignation Is Great.

The indignation of the people over the outrage was very great. Some French detectives were almost lynched because they had a foreign appearance. After the outrage a visitors' book was opened at the palace. It was signed during the afternoon by the foreign princes, envoys, diplomats, ministers and officials of all ranks. The mayor of Madrid has posted an address to the people stigmatizing the attempt on the lives of the sovereigns as a foul outrage.

Many arrests have been made, among them Manuel Duran, a Catalonian, who is believed to have been the principal conspirator.

THE ROYAL WEDDING.

Brilliancy Temporarily Forgotten in Terrible Tragedy.

The tragic event of the afternoon and the narrow margin by which King Alfonso and the new queen of Spain escaped death has caused the brilliancy of the royal wedding to be temporarily forgotten, although it was to have inaugurated a period of unprecedented festivities. Some of the wedding features, however, were such as to fix themselves indelibly upon the minds of the spectators. One of the prettiest sights was the tiny Prince Alfonso, the actual heir to the throne, who accompanied the king. The little orphan of the Princess of Asturias, was clad in knickerbockers of white silk and reached only to the king's waist.

Bride Is Late.

King Alfonso reached the altar long before Princess Victoria. The lengthy wait which ensued led many to dread an inopportune event. The king twice arose on the throne and gazed steadfastly toward the door. Hardly an arm's length away was the American special envoy, Frederick W. Whiteridge, who, through chance or design, occupied the most favorable position of any in the assemblage. With him sat Gen. Dalstein, the French envoy, and alongside of him the envoy of Morocco, a huge Othello swathed in white, and next a Chinese mandarin.

United States Represented.

Republican simplicity never was more strikingly exemplified. The European courts were represented by princes, most of them heirs to thrones, while France, the United States and the South and Central American republics stood out with plain envoys.

As the ceremony closed King Alfonso embraced his bride and her mother. This glimpse of domestic tenderness as well as the democratic touch given by the presence of many poor people in the galleries who were there by the king's request, made the scene effective, to which a melancholy sequel quickly succeeded.

LAKE STEAMER IS CUT IN TWAIN

Is Sent to Bottom of St. Clair River as Result of Explosion.

Detroit, Mich., June 2.—The steamer Erin, up-bound and towing the schooner Danforth, was run into and cut in two by the steamer Cowle, in the St. Clair river, just below St. Clair, early yesterday, and five members of the Erin's crew were drowned.

The collision occurred during a fog. The Cowle is a modern steel freighter, and is not thought to have been much damaged, while the Erin was a wooden vessel of the old type.

Seven Men Saved.

Six of the Erin's crew and the thirteen-year-old son of Mrs. Reed, who was on the steamer, were saved.

Officers of the schooner Danforth charge that the Cowle did not stop and assist in the rescue of the Erin's crew. The Erin sank so rapidly after the collision that those members of the crew who were asleep had little chance for their lives.

Officers Were Confused.

Capt. Sullivan of the Erin was in the pilot house when the collision occurred, and the impact of the steel freighter as she hit the boat, threw him into the river. He floated down to Marine City on some wreckage before being rescued. Capt. Sullivan says that the officers of the Cowle evidently were confused as to the number of boats approaching and that this caused the collision. The body of Mrs. Reed came to the surface soon after the accident and has been picked up.

CHILD AT PLAY DROWNS.

Six-Year-Old Boy Falls From Boat House Into Bay.

Red Wing, Minn., May 31.—Ralph Limbert, a six-year-old boy, fell into the bay, where the water is about seven feet deep, and was drowned. Ralph and his brother Earl, who is eight years old, were playing together on the platform of a boathouse, when Ralph fell backward into the water. Before assistance came he was drowned.

ADMITS SHOOTING MULLER.

Joseph Lach Confesses Crime to Bismarck Officers.

Bismarck, N. D., June 1.—Joseph Lach, who shot John Muller near this city Saturday, confessed the crime and accompanied the officers to the scene. He pointed out where he had hid the revolver after the shooting and also described the crime. Muller is badly injured, the ball severing an artery and lodging in a kidney. The chances of recovery are slight.

RED WAVE AGAIN MENACES WORLD

OUTBREAK OF CRIME IS BEGINNING, DECLARE SECRET SERVICE MEN.

PLOT TO KILL PRESIDENT

CHIEF SUSPECT IN MADRID BOMB OUTRAGE KILLS HIMSELF.

Washington, June 4.—An outbreak of crime by "reds" is beginning, and a concerted demonstration by anarchists in all parts of the world is now going on, the secret service men of this government believe.

The discovery yesterday in Oregon of a plot to kill President Roosevelt, the attack on the king and queen of Spain, the renewed activities in Paris, the jubilation at Paterson, N. J., headquarters of American anarchists, and the developments in Rome all prove this, it is asserted.

Guard President Closer.

The accessibility of President Roosevelt has long been an occasion for uneasiness among his friends, and it is now probable that a closer guard will be kept on him. He will be accompanied by more secret service men, it is expected, and restriction will be put upon his journeys in and about Washington and elsewhere.

The movement most feared is a series of attempts on the lives of rulers of great countries. This has been advocated so often that it is known to be one of the cherished plans of the anarchist leaders.

Alarm in Chicago.

Chicago, June 4.—Cause for alarm was found by the police, who have been informed of the unusual activity among anarchists, and yesterday they detailed a score of detectives to shadow Emma Goldman, Alexander Berkman and other "reds" in Chicago.

Evidences of great activity among the anarchists, it is said, have been found. The attempted assassination of the king and queen of Spain Thursday, and the discovery of a bomb plot against President Roosevelt at Portland, Or., Saturday, aroused the local police to danger of a similar conspiracy being initiated in Chicago.

SUSPECT IS SUICIDE.

Man Suspected of Hurling Bomb at Alfonso Kills Himself.

Madrid, June 4.—The capture and suicide Saturday night at Torrejon de Ardos of Manuel Morales, the chief suspect in the bomb outrage against King Alfonso and Queen Victoria, adds another dramatic chapter to the incidents surrounding the royal weddings.

Morales was recognized in the little town of Torrejon de Ardos, midway between Madrid and Alcala. A guard sought to detain him, but Morales, drawing a revolver, shot the guard dead. Then he turned to flee, but a number of the inhabitants of the town were upon him, and, turning the revolver upon himself, he sent a shot in the region of his heart, expiring a few minutes later.

Body Is Identified.

Senor Cuesta, proprietor of the hotel from the balcony of which Morales threw the bomb, viewed the body yesterday morning and completely identified it as that of his recent guest.

The body was then brought to Madrid. At first there was a desire to bury it at Torrejon de Ardos, but when this was suggested the villagers indignantly refused to permit the body to repose in their town.

Final disposition of the body of Morales has not yet been determined upon, but the public demand an ignominious burial.

Will Come Again, Says King.

The American envoy to the royal wedding, Frederick W. Whitridge, and his suite, had an opportunity for a brief conversation with King Alfonso during the reception at the palace Saturday night. When the conversation naturally turned to the attempt on the king and queen, King Alfonso shrugged his shoulders and made the following significant statement, showing how he views the future:

"Yes, fortunately, it was unsuccessful; but it will come again. It may be any time—perhaps to-morrow, perhaps within a month, perhaps within a year—but it will come."

Is Calmly Resigned.

The face of the king wore a look of calm resignation as he gave this forecast of the future. Although he bore himself splendidly throughout the terrible experience, the courtiers witnessed a trying scene as King Alfonso and Queen Victoria hurried within the castle after the attempt was made to assassinate them. For a moment Alfonso's nerves were completely unstrung, and, turning to Queen Victoria, her dress spattered with blood, he exclaimed:

"Why did I bring you to this country? It was wrong; you never should have come here!"

Quieted by Mother.

The queen mother and one of the infantas calmed the overwrought nerves of the king and the bridal couple repaired sadly to the nuptial chambers [illegible]

REPUBLICANS PI[illegible]

COUNTY CONVEN[illegible] REPRESENTATI[illegible] LUTH CONV[illegible]

St. Paul, June 7. [illegible] tions were held thro[illegible] yesterday for the pu[illegible] delegates to the st[illegible] be held at Duluth ne[illegible] turns are incomplete [illegible] sible even to guess [illegible] will have the strong[illegible] the convention open[illegible] counties indorsed Se[illegible] Clapp and approved [illegible] tion of President Ro[illegible]

In many instances [illegible] ventions refused to [illegible] egates.

Incomplete return[illegible] ing counties to Jac[illegible] Sherburne, Yellow [illegible] Renville, Anoka, Ro[illegible] majority of the Goo[illegible]

Somerville has B[illegible] jority of Blue Earth. [illegible]

Cole has Hubbard, [illegible] Crow Wing and a [illegible] Earth.

Lord is favored [illegible] Dodge.

Block gets Le Sueu[illegible]

Stephens has Kitt[illegible]

Counties sending [illegible] gates: Faribault, M[illegible] Redwood, Murray, Mi[illegible] pin and Ramsey.

SPEND NIGH[illegible]

Three Women and F[illegible] Before La[illegible]

Crookston, Minn., Ju[illegible] women and fifteen me[illegible] in front of the Unite[illegible] fice here from 7 o'clock [illegible] until 9 o'clock in the [illegible] to file on governmen[illegible] ship 163-45, the pl[illegible] opened for settlement [illegible] land is located in Ki[illegible] the town of Lancaster [illegible] portion of it is decided[illegible] ing rich agricultural la[illegible] er number of those [illegible] able to secure the [illegible] had picked out, an[illegible] that four or five cont[illegible] ed by persons who we[illegible] upon land which th[illegible] squatted upon.

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Unknown Men Make Altar Furnishings Their Booty.

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Amid Slime and Filth.

"The workers climb over heaps of meat and select the pieces they want [illegible]

[illegible] merce, [illegible] exempt from inspection, intended for foreign and interstate commerce, in the list subject to the inspection of the bureau of animal industry, and that they should be equally controlled by the regulations of the secretary of agriculture; increase of inspectors for night inspection and special work; legislation prohibiting declarations of government inspection on food products unless subject to government inspection at every stage of preparation; prohibiting interstate transportation of any meat or meat food products not inspected and labeled; urges considering the question of specific labeling of all carcasses sold as fresh meat, which, upon examination after slaughter, show signs of disease, but are still deemed suitable for food; and recommends study of inspection standards of other countries.

London Papers Sound Warning.

London, June 6.—President Roosevelt's message to congress on the meat matter as substantially confirming some, if not the worst, of the charges against the packers, is the subject of general editorial discussion in the London newspapers this morning, and is used as a warning to British consumers to avoid all American products of the kind until a sweeping reform is established.

PACKERS REPLY.

Declare Their Plants Are Kept Clean and Methods Are Sanitary.

Chicago, June 6.—Eight of the big packing establishments in Chicago issued a joint statement last night replying to the charges made in the Neill-Reynolds report of their investigation of the packing plants and President Roosevelt's message to congress. In this statement the packers declare that their plants are kept clean; their methods of manufacture are sanitary; their products wholesome and that for years doctors, chemists, sanitarians and official investigators from practically every civilized nation on earth, who have made examinations of the manner in which the meat packing plants are conducted have been entirely satisfied in every instance with the conditions existing in this industry. Despite this fact the packers assert that they stand ready to adopt any practical suggestion in the line of improvement. The packing companies who affixed their signatures to the statement are: Armour & Co., Swift & Co., Nelson Morris & Co., G. H. Hammond company, Omaha Packing company, Anglo-American Provision company, Libby, McNeil & Libby and Schwarzschild & Sulzberger.

[illegible]

PACKERS ENTER DENIAL.

[illegible] decided to comply with the request of the Chicago packers to be heard on the Neill-Reynolds report regarding conditions in the Chicago packing houses. The request was made by E. Wilson, who said he was an employe of the Nelson Morris company, but in this instance was authorized to speak for all the Chicago packers.

Mr. Wilson made a general denial of the existence of conditions in the packing houses as set forth in the Neill-Reynolds report. He began by inviting the committee to come to Chicago and spend a week in personal investigations. That, he said, would be the only way for members to gain a proper idea of what the conditions really were. Some of the suggestions made in the report had already been complied with by the packers such as additional sanitary facilities.

To Soak off Labels.

As to the charge that canned meats were boiled in water to "freshen them up," Mr. Wilson said there was absolutely nothing in this. Canned meat, he said, was as good five years after it had been put up as it was five minutes afterward providing no air had got to it. If air had reached the meat it would be spoiled beyond being freshened up. What the cans were put in hot water for was to soak off the old labels, which, he said, was an injury to the appearance of the goods on sale.

Only Good Stock Butchered.

He denied absolutely that there were any diseased cattle or hogs butchered for food. In every car load of cattle or hogs he said some were likely to be dead and some diseased. The dead or diseased cattle and hogs were sent to the Standard Rendering company, which was a very different institution from the Standard Slaughtering company, although the two were likely to be confused in the mind.

The rendering company turned the dead and diseased meat into grease, which was a co-product in the manufacture of soap. Mr. Wilson described in detail the operation of preparing canned meats.

Representative Haskins asked about the dirty floors. "These floors," replied Mr. Wilson, "are scrubbed every night as clean as wood can be cleaned. They are as clean as any kitchen."

Costs Packers Dearly.

Kansas City, June 7.—The Journal says:

It is estimated that the business done by the packing houses located here will suffer to the extent of $10,000,000 as a result of the agitation in connection with the president's crusade against "dressed" meats. Representatives of the various plants seen yesterday agreed with the estimate in the telegraphic dispatches that the business of the whole country would show a loss of at least $150,000,000.

IS GOOD GROWING WEATHER.

Crop Conditions Are Favorable in Vicinity of Dickinson.

Dickinson, N. D., June 6.—The rainfall for May at Dickinson was 7.11 inches, or more than three times the average for fourteen years. Fine growing weather prevails after a long wet spell, but not too warm for the grain to make good roots. The crop acreage through the slope country is largely increased and everything points to a bumper crop. [illegible]

GUEST IS CREMATED.

Limlin Hotel at Superior Destroyed by Fire.

Superior, Wis., June 6.—The Limlin hotel burned early yesterday morning and Joseph Lebeau, a guest, was burned to death. The property loss is $15,000, with no insurance. The fire was caused by the explosion of a lamp. Several other guests escaped in their night clothes with minor injuries.

Carnegie to Aid Macalester.

St. Paul, June 7.—Andrew Carnegie has pledged $30,000 toward the endowment fund of Macalester college provided the college will raise $120,000 from other sources. Of that amount $100,000 has already been raised, so that there is every indication that the college can take advantage of Mr. Carnegie's offer.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 9, 1906. NUMBER 47.

BOMB HURLED AT KING AND QUEEN OF SPAIN

TERRIBLY DRAMATIC SEQUEL TO REJOICINGS OVER ROYAL MARRIAGE.

ESCAPE IS MOST MIRACULOUS

SIXTEEN MEMBERS OF ROYAL ESCORT KILLED AND MANY OTHERS INJURED.

WEDDING IS GRAND AFFAIR

ALL GREAT NATIONS REPRESENTED—AMERICA ESPECIALLY FAVORED.

Madrid, June 2.—The public rejoicings over the marriage of King Alfonso and Princess Victoria had a terribly dramatic sequel at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, as a bomb thrown from an upper window exploded with deadly effect near the coach occupied by the king and queen. Providentially, King Alfonso and Queen Victoria escaped by an electric wire deflecting the bomb, but at least sixteen persons, most of them of the personal and military escort, were killed. Many others were injured.

The Victims.

Capt. Barrosa, commanding part of the king's escort.
Lieut. Reysient.
Lieut. Prandergast.
Six soldiers.
The marquise of Colosa and her daughter.
Don Antonio. Calvo and his niece, aged six years.
Jose Sola.
Luis Fonseca.

One royal groom, who was leading a horse drawing the coach carrying the king and queen.

Several of those killed were standing on the balcony of the house from which the bomb was thrown.

About to Enter Palace.

The explosion occurred just as the royal couple were about to enter the palace. The route of the cortége had been diverted from Arsenal street to Mayor street, owing to the popular desires. The procession had just passed through Mayor street and was about to turn into the Esplanade leading to the palace when an explosion shook the buildings in the vicinity, stunning a large number of people and throwing the cortege into inextricable confusion.

The royal coach was brought to a sudden stop by the shock, officers and soldier of the escort falling to the ground about the equerry and horses that had been killed.

Groans of the Dying.

The screams of the terrified multitude mingled with the groans of the dying. It was immediately seen that the royal coach was intact, except as it had been damaged by flying splinters. King Alfonso immediately alighted and assisted Queen Victoria out of the carriage. They then entered another coach and were driven swiftly to the palace.

All this happened so quickly that people away from the immediate vicinity were not aware of the tragedy that had been enacted, and continued to acclaim their sovereigns.

Joy Over King's Escape.

Soon, however, there appeared the empty royal coach with two horses missing and the others spattered with blood, several of them bleeding from wounds. The grooms and drivers looked deathly pale in their spangled uniforms. Then came a boy shouting that a bomb had been thrown at the king. The appearance of the king and queen in a coach brought out delirious ovations. The fact was recognized that the sovereigns had been spared.

Horrible Spectacle.

In the meantime the scene of the tragedy presented a horrible spectacle with dead men and horses lying about, literally torn to pieces. Intense excitement prevailed, the mob invading the streets while the forces of the guards sought to maintain order and block the approaching streets. The pavement was literally covered with blood, and the upper stories of the buildings nearest were spattered with it.

Assassin Is Captured.

The place from which the bomb was thrown is a boarding house. The chamber from which the missile was hurled was taken May 22 by a man from Barcelona giving the name of Moral. When the police surrounded the house the man attempted to flee, but was captured. Another man escaped over the roofs of the houses.

According to an official statement it is not known whether one or more bombs were thrown. The statement continues that it is impossible to ascertain at present the author of the outrage.

King and Queen Tranquil.

Frederick W. Whiteridge, the American special envoy, cabled to President Roosevelt at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon giving details concerning the attempt on the life of King Alfonso and Queen Victoria. Later in the day Mr. Whiteridge went to the royal palace, where he was assured that the king and queen were reasonably tranquil considering the circumstances.

Indignation Is Great.

The indignation of the people over the outrage was very great. Some French detectives were almost lynched because they had a foreign appearance. After the outrage a visitors' book was opened at the palace. It was signed during the afternoon by the foreign princes, envoys, diplomats, ministers and officials of all ranks. The mayor of Madrid has posted an address to the people stigmatizing the attempt on the lives of the sovereigns as a foul outrage.

Many arrests have been made, among them Manuel Duran, a Catalonian, who is believed to have been the principal conspirator.

THE ROYAL WEDDING.

Brilliancy Temporarily Forgotten in Terrible Tragedy.

The tragic event of the afternoon and the narrow margin by which King Alfonso and the new queen of Spain escaped death has caused the brilliancy of the royal wedding to be temporarily forgotten, although it was to have inaugurated a period of unprecedented festivities. Some of the wedding features, however, were such as to fix themselves indelibly upon the minds of the spectators. One of the prettiest sights was the tiny Prince Alfonso, the actual heir to the throne, who accompanied the king. The little orphan of the Princess of Asturias, was clad in knickerbockers of white silk and reached only to the king's waist.

Bride Is Late.

King Alfonso reached the altar long before Princess Victoria. The lengthy wait which ensued led many to dread an inopportune event. The king twice arose on the throne and gazed steadfastly toward the door. Hardly an arm's length away was the American special envoy, Frederick W. Whiteridge, who, through chance or design, occupied the most favorable position of any in the assemblage. With him sat Gen. Dalstein, the French envoy, and alongside of him the envoy of Morocco, a huge Othello swathed in white, and next a Chinese mandarin.

United States Represented.

Republican simplicity never was more strikingly exemplified. The European courts were represented by princes, most of them heirs to thrones, while France, the United States and the South and Central American republics stood out with plain envoys.

As the ceremony closed, King Alfonso embraced his bride and her mother. This glimpse of domestic tenderness as well as the democratic touch given by the presence of many poor people in the galleries who were there by the king's request, made the scene effective, to which a melancholy sequel quickly succeeded.

LAKE STEAMER IS CUT IN TWAIN

Is Sent to Bottom of St. Clair River as Result of Explosion.

Detroit, Mich., June 2.—The steamer Erin, up-bound and towing the schooner Danforth, was run into and cut in two by the steamer Cowle, in the St. Clair river, just below St. Clair, early yesterday, and five members of the Erin's crew were drowned.

The collision occurred during a fog. The Cowle is a modern steel freighter, and is not thought to have been much damaged, while the Erin was a wooden vessel of the old type.

Seven Men Saved.

Six of the Erin's crew and the thirteen-year-old son of Mrs. Reed, who was on the steamer, were saved.

Officers of the schooner Danforth charge that the Cowle did not stop and assist in the rescue of the Erin's crew. The Erin sank so rapidly after the collision that those members of the crew who were asleep had little chance for their lives.

Officers Were Confused.

Capt. Sullivan of the Erin was in the pilot house when the collision occurred, and the impact of the steel freighter as she hit the boat, threw him into the river. He floated down to Marine City on some wreckage before being rescued. Capt. Sullivan says that the officers of the Cowle evidently were confused as to the number of boats approaching and that this caused the collision. The body of Mrs. Reed came to the surface soon after the accident and has been picked up.

CHILD AT PLAY DROWNS.

Six-Year-Old Boy Falls From Boat House Into Bay.

Red Wing, Minn., May 31. — Ralph Limbert, a six-year-old boy, fell into the bay, where the water is about seven feet deep, and was drowned. Ralph and his brother Earl, who is eight years old, were playing together on the platform of a boathouse, when Ralph fell backward into the water. Before assistance came he was drowned.

ADMITS SHOOTING MULLER.

Joseph Lach Confesses Crime to Bismarck Officers.

Bismarck, N. D., June 1. — Joseph Lach, who shot John Muller near this city Saturday, confessed the crime and accompanied the officers to the scene. He pointed out where he had hid the revolver after the shooting and also described the crime. Muller is badly injured, the ball severing an artery and lodging in a kidney. The chances of recovery are slight.

RED WAVE AGAIN MENACES WORLD

OUTBREAK OF CRIME IS BEGINNING, DECLARE SECRET SERVICE MEN.

PLOT TO KILL PRESIDENT

CHIEF SUSPECT IN MADRID BOMB OUTRAGE KILLS HIMSELF.

Washington, June 4.—An outbreak of crime by "reds" is beginning, and a concerted demonstration by anarchists in all parts of the world is now going on, the secret service men of this government believe.

The discovery yesterday in Oregon of a plot to kill President Roosevelt, the attack on the king and queen of Spain, the renewed activities in Paris, the jubilation at Paterson, N. J., headquarters of American anarchists, and the developments in Rome all prove this, it is asserted.

Guard President Closer.

The accessibility of President Roosevelt has long been an occasion for uneasiness among his friends, and it is now probable that a closer guard will be kept on him. He will be accompanied by more secret service men, it is expected, and restriction will be put upon his journeys in and about Washington and elsewhere.

The movement most feared is a series of attempts on the lives of rulers of great countries. This has been advocated so often that it is known to be one of the cherished plans of the anarchist leaders.

Alarm in Chicago.

Chicago, June 4.—Cause for alarm was found by the police, who have been informed of the unusual activity among anarchists, and yesterday they detailed a score of detectives to shadow Emma Goldman, Alexander Berkman and other "reds" in Chicago.

Evidences of great activity among the anarchists, it is said, have been found. The attempted assassination of the king and queen of Spain Thursday, and the discovery of a bomb plot against President Roosevelt at Portland, Or., Saturday, aroused the local police to danger of a similar conspiracy being initiated in Chicago.

SUSPECT IS SUICIDE.

Man Suspected of Hurling Bomb at Alfonso Kills Himself.

Madrid, June 4. — The capture and suicide Saturday night at Torrejon de Ardos of Manuel Morales, the chief suspect in the bomb outrage against King Alfonso and Queen Victoria, adds another dramatic chapter to the incidents surrounding the royal weddings.

Morales was recognized in the little town of Torrejon de Ardos, midway between Madrid and Alcala. A guard sought to detain him, but Morales, drawing a revolver, shot the guard dead. Then he turned to flee, but a number of the inhabitants of the town were upon him, and, turning the revolver upon himself, he sent a shot in the region of his heart, expiring a few minutes later.

Body Is Identified.

Senor Cuesta, proprietor of the hotel from the balcony of which Morales threw the bomb, viewed the body yesterday morning and completely identified it as that of his recent guest.

The body was then brought to Madrid. At first there was a desire to bury it at Torrejon de Ardos, but when this was suggested the villagers indignantly refused to permit the body to repose in their town.

Final disposition of the body of Morales has not yet been determined upon, but the public demand an ignominious burial.

Will Come Again, Says King.

The American envoy to the royal wedding, Frederick W. Whitridge, and his suite, had an opportunity for a brief conversation with King Alfonso during the reception at the palace Saturday night. When the conversation naturally turned to the attempt on the king and queen, King Alfonso shrugged his shoulders and made the following significant statement, showing how he views the future:

"Yes, fortunately, it was unsuccessful; but it will come again. It may be any time—perhaps to-morrow, perhaps within a month, perhaps within a year—but it will come."

Is Calmly Resigned.

The face of the king wore a look of calm resignation as he gave this forecast of the future. Although he bore himself splendidly throughout the terrible experience, the courtiers witnessed a trying scene as King Alfonso and Queen Victoria hurried within the castle after the attempt was made to assassinate them. For a moment Alfonso's nerves were completely unstrung, and, turning to Queen Victoria, her dress spattered with blood, he exclaimed:

"Why did I bring you to this country? It was wrong; you never should have come here!"

Quieted by Mother.

The queen mother and one of the infantas calmed the overwrought nerves of the king and the bridal couple repaired sadly to the nuptial chambers.

REPUBLICANS PICK DELEGATES

COUNTY CONVENTIONS SELECT REPRESENTATIVES FOR DULUTH CONVENTION.

St. Paul, June 7. — County conventions were held throughout the state yesterday for the purpose of selecting delegates to the state convention to be held at Duluth next week. The returns are incomplete, making it impossible even to guess which candidate will have the strongest backing when the convention opens. Most of the counties indorsed Senators Nelson and Clapp and approved the administration of President Roosevelt.

In many instances the county conventions refused to instruct their delegates.

Incomplete returns give the following counties to Jacobson: Stearns, Sherburne, Yellow Medicine, Swift, Renville, Anoka, Rock, Isanti and a majority of the Goodhue delegation.

Somerville has Brown and a majority of Blue Earth.

Cole has Hubbard, Aitkin, Beltrami, Crow Wing and a portion of Blue Earth.

Lord is favored by Freeborn and Dodge.

Block gets Le Sueur and Nicollet.

Stephens has Kittson and Marshall.

Counties sending uninstructed delegates: Faribault, Mower, Wabasha, Redwood, Murray, Mille Lacs, Hennepin and Ramsey.

SPEND NIGHT IN LINE.

Three Women and Fifteen Men Wait Before Land Office.

Crookston, Minn., June 7. — Three women and fifteen men stood in line in front of the United States land office here from 7 o'clock in the evening until 9 o'clock in the morning waiting to file on government land in township 163-45, the plat of which was opened for settlement yesterday. The land is located in Kittson county near the town of Lancaster, and the greater portion of it is decidedly valuable, being rich agricultural land. The greater number of those in line were unable to secure the tracts which they had picked out, and it is expected that four or five contests will be started by persons who were unable to file upon land which they already had squatted upon.

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MOST REVOLTING STATE OF AFFAIRS

REPORT OF PACKING HOUSE CONDITIONS AT CHICAGO SENT TO CONGRESS.

FILTH AND SLIME EVERYWHERE

CONDITIONS OF SHOCKING NATURE REVEALED AND REMEDIES OUTLINED.

Washington, June 6. — Horrifying revelations almost beyond belief are made in the special report on the conditions in Chicago packing houses prepared by Commissioner of Labor Neill and James B. Reynolds, New York, which was submitted to congress by the president yesterday.

In the message accompanying the report the president describes these conditions as revolting and urges immediate and drastic legislation to remedy them, along the lines of the Beveridge meat inspection amendment.

Greatest Evil in Canned Goods.

The president states that he has already instructed that inspection labels shall not be placed on any carcass uninspected at the time of slaughter. If the inspection of meat and food products at all stages of preparation is not secured by the passage of the legislation recommended, the president says he will be forced to order that inspection labels and certificates on all canned goods be not used hereafter.

He says the evil seems to be much less in the sale of dressed carcasses than in the sale of canned and other prepared products. He says that the report preliminary uncovers alleged abuses in the use of preservatives of tainted meat. He believes that the cost should be paid by a fee levied on each animal inspected, which would not exceed eight cents.

Report Not Nice Reading.

The report is not nice reading, some statements being actually sickening. It is shown that the packers generally have displayed the utmost disregard not only for the common rules of sanitation, but even of decency.

In describing the methods of handling meats and the personal practices of employes, the president and investigators are compelled to use plain language. The commissioners spent only two weeks and a half in the packing houses, but they found enough in that time to more than corroborate the most serious charges made by independent investigators. They confine their report to what they actually saw, and state the practices and conditions. They describe only the ones found most common and that are not confined to a single house.

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Calves, sheep and hogs that die en route are thrown on platforms and the only excuse for the delay in their removal is the expense.

The interiors of the buildings were found to be mostly wood. Floors were soaked and slimy and the rooms were poorly lighted and illy ventilated.

Many inside rooms where food is prepared are without windows and are merely "vaults where the air rarely changes."

Systematic ventilation was not found in any of the establishments visited. During the entire investigation there was found only a single porcelain-lined receptacle for meats.

Little or No Sanitation.

Taking up the subject of sanitary conveniences for men and women employed, the report says nothing shows more strikingly the indifference in matters of cleanliness and sanitation. Retiring rooms adjoin the working rooms and are usually cut off only by a low partition.

"Abominable as the above-named conditions are, what effects most directly and seriously the cleanliness of food products is the frequent absence of ordinary lavatory provisions. Washing sinks are either not furnished or are small and dirty. Neither towels nor soap are supplied."

The investigators found the absence of cleanliness everywhere in Chicago in the handling of meats. They say:

Amid Slime and Filth.

"The workers climb over heaps of meat and select the pieces they want and frequently throw them to the dirty floor beside the bench. Men are seen to climb from the floor and stand, with their shoes filthy from the refuse of the floors, on the tables where the meat is handled.

"We saw meat shoveled from filthy wooden floors and piled on tables rarely washed, and pushed from room to room in rotten box carts, all of which processes result in gathering dirt and splinters from the floor and filth and the expectorations of tuberculous and other diseased workmen.

"A glaring instance of uncleanliness was found in the room where the best grade of sausage was being prepared for export."

Defect in Inspection.

Referring to inspection, the report shows that the present law does not go far enough, it being confined to passing on the healthfulness of the animals at the time of killing. During the process of preparing sausage and other products there is no inspection, despite the fact that all products, when sent out, bear a label stating that they have been passed by government inspectors.

The report contains a chapter on the mistreatment accorded employes, particularly women.

"The various departments are under the control of superintendents, who ignore all considerations except that of their account book. Under this system the proper care of products and the health and comfort of employes are impossible, and the consumer suffers in consequence."

Decencies Are Ignored.

Tuberculous victims expectorate on the spongy floors of the dark work rooms, from which falling scraps of meat are later shoveled up to be converted into food products.

"Even the ordinary decencies of life are completely ignored," says the report in discussing the arrangements for men and women employes. The report says:

"The whole situation as we saw it in these huge establishments tends necessarily and inevitably to the moral degradation of thousands of workers, who are forced to spend their working hours under conditions that are entirely unnecessary and unpardonable, and which are a constant menace not only to their own health, but to the health of those who use the food products prepared by them."

Reforms Urged.

The report urged compulsory examination after slaughter; inspection of meats for foreign or interstate commerce; inclusion of goats, now exempt from inspection, intended for foreign and interstate commerce, in the list subject to the inspection of the bureau of animal industry, and that they should be equally controlled by the regulations of the secretary of agriculture; increase of inspectors for night inspection and special work; legislation prohibiting declarations of government inspection on food products unless subject to government inspection at every stage of preparation; prohibiting interstate transportation of any meat or meat food products not inspected and labeled; urges considering the question of specific labeling of all carcasses sold as fresh meat, which, upon examination after slaughter, show signs of disease, but are still deemed suitable for food; and recommends study of inspection standards of other countries.

London Papers Sound Warning.

London, June 6.—President Roosevelt's message to congress on the meat matter as substantially confirming some, if not the morst, of the charges against the packers, is the subject of general editorial discussion in the London newspapers this morning, and is used as a warning to British consumers to avoid all American products of the kind until a sweeping reform is established.

PACKERS REPLY.

Declare Their Plants Are Kept Clean and Methods Are Sanitary.

Chicago, June 6.—Eight of the big packing establishments in Chicago issued a joint statement last night replying to the charges made in the Neill-Reynolds report of their investigation of the packing plants and President Roosevelt's message to congress. In this statement the packers declare that their plants are kept clean; their methods of manufacture are sanitary; their products wholesome and that for years doctors, chemists, sanitarians and official investigators from practically every civilized nation on earth, who have made examinations of the manner in which the meat packing plants are conducted have been entirely satisfied in every instance with the conditions existing in this industry. Despite this fact the packers assert that they stand ready to adopt any practical suggestion in the line of improvement. The packing companies who affixed their signatures to the statement are: Armour & Co., Swift & Co., Nelson Morris & Co., G. H. Hammond company, Omaha Packing company, Anglo-American Provision company, Libby, McNeil & Libby and Schwarzschild & Sulzberger.

IS GOOD GROWING WEATHER.

Crop Conditions Are Favorable in Vicinity of Dickinson.

Dickinson, N. D., June 6.—The rainfall for May at Dickinson was 7.11 inches, or more than three times the average for fourteen years. Fine growing weather prevails after a long wet spell, but not too warm for the grain to make good roots. The crop acreage through the slope country is largely increased and everything points to a bumper crop.

GUEST IS CREMATED.

Limlin Hotel at Superior Destroyed by Fire.

Superior, Wis., June 6.—The Limlin hotel burned early yesterday morning and Joseph Lebeau, a guest, was burned to death. The property loss is $15,000, with no insurance. The fire was caused by the explosion of a lamp. Several other guests escaped in their night clothes with minor injuries.

BEEF EXPOSE MAY SHAKE UP CABINET

PRESIDENT SAID TO BE DISPLEASED WITH AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

DENIAL ENTERED BY PACKERS

REPRESENTATIVE APPEARS BEFORE HOUSE AGRICULTURAL COMMITTEE.

Washington, June 7. — A thorough reorganization of the bureau of animal industry will follow closely the disclosures of the unsanitary condition existing in the packing houses at Chicago. There are rumors, moreover, that cabinet changes may follow the incident.

The president is not at all pleased that he had to go outside the department of agriculture to learn of the revolting state of affairs. He has complete confidence in the integrity of Secretary Wilson, but that the secretary has been imposed upon by his subordinates or has a force of incompetent employes is emphasized by the fact that the conditions which Messrs. Neill and Reynolds so severely condemned, and which in the opinion of the president necessitates remedial legislation, have existed under the noses of 600 government inspectors.

When the president's attention was directed to the question he called upon the department of agriculture for information. Such as was on file, though meager, was furnished, and as it was not satisfactory, the president said an investigation should be made. Agents of the department set about at once to gain new information, but this did not satisfy the president, and he called Neill and Reynolds to do the work.

PACKERS ENTER DENIAL.

Representative Appears Before the House Agricultural Committee.

Washington, June 7. — The house committee on agriculture yesterday decided to comply with the request of the Chicago packers to be heard on the Neill-Reynolds report regarding conditions in the Chicago packing houses. The request was made by E. Wilson, who said he was an employe of the Nelson Morris company, but in this instance was authorized to speak for all the Chicago packers.

Mr. Wilson made a general denial of the existence of conditions in the packing houses as set forth in the Neill-Reynolds report. He began by inviting the committee to come to Chicago and spend a week in personal investigations. That, he said, would be the only way for members to gain a proper idea of what the conditions really were. Some of the suggestions made in the report had already been complied with by the packers such as additional sanitary facilities.

To Soak off Labels.

As to the charge that canned meats were boiled in water to "freshen them up," Mr. Wilson said there was absolutely nothing in this. Canned meat, he said, was as good five years after it had been put up as it was five minutes afterward providing no air had got to it. If air had reached the meat it would be spoiled beyond being freshened up. What the cans were put in hot water for was to soak off the old labels, which, he said, was an injury to the appearance of the goods on sale.

Only Good Stock Butchered.

He denied absolutely that there were any diseased cattle or hogs butchered for food. In every car load of cattle or hogs he said some were likely to be dead and some diseased. The dead or diseased cattle and hogs were sent to the Standard Rendering company, which was a very different institution from the Standard Slaughtering company, although the two were likely to be confused in the mind.

The rendering company turned the dead and diseased meat into grease, which was a co-product in the manufacture of soap. Mr. Wilson described in detail the operation of preparing canned meats.

Representative Haskins asked about the dirty floors. "These floors," replied Mr. Wilson, "are scrubbed every night as clean as wood can be cleaned. They are as clean as any kitchen."

Costs Packers Dearly.

Kansas City, June 7.—The Journal says:

It is estimated that the business done by the packing houses located here will suffer to the extent of $10,000,000 as a result of the agitation in connection with the president's crusade against "dressed" meats. Representatives of the various plants seen yesterday agreed with the estimate in the telegraphic dispatches that the business of the whole country would show a loss of at least $150,000,000.

Carnegie to Aid Macalester.

St. Paul, June 7.—Andrew Carnegie has pledged $30,000 toward the endowment fund of Macalester college provided the college will raise $120,000 from other sources. Of that amount $100,000 has already been raised, so that there is every indication that the college can take advantage of Mr. Carnegie's offer.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Spectator.

ST. HILAIRE, - - MINNESOTA.

PAYS TOO MUCH INSURANCE.

Fire Marshal Says Minnesota Contributes More Than Average.

In proportion to the average paid in the United States, Minnesota has paid in ten years $5,971,251 more than her just share for fire insurance. According to a table prepared by State Fire Marshal Edward Peterson, Minnesota has been paying a higher rate than the average in proportion to the losses incurred. The table gives separate figures for United States and foreign companies, but the excess of Minnesota over the United States average is found in both. A third table shows the combined total of the two.

The comparison of Minnesota premium rates per $100 with United States premium rates per $100 for ten years, is as follows:

	Minnesota.	United States.
1895	$1.57	$1.09
1896	1.51	1.06
1897	1.39	1.01
1898	1.27	.96
1899	1.24	.97
1900	1.30	1.00
1901	1.34	1.06
1902	1.48	1.15
1903	1.48	1.18
1904	1.42	1.16

The Minnesota ratio of losses to $100 and the United States ratio of losses is given thus:

	Minnesota.	United States.
1895	$52.26	$55.73
1896	44.24	53.37
1897	45.50	49.29
1898	46.80	57.68
1899	52.15	66.43
1900	69.72	63.29
1901	48.95	59.10
1902	41.43	52.48
1903	36.90	48.61
1904	54.19	61.78
Average	$49.08	$56.70

The excess of Minnesota over the United States average premium is given as follows:

1895	6.21	$228,027
1896	17.09	636,047
1897	7.68	270,472
1898	18.85	667,249
1899	21.48	854,380
1900	x10.15	x430,100
1901	17.17	779,664
1902	21.05	1,068,434
1903	24.08	1,214,726
1904	12.26	682,352
	13.92	$5,971,251

x Less than the United States average.

$50,000 FUND HAS BEEN RAISED.

Albert Lea College is Placed on a Sound Footing.

There is rejoicing among the friends of Albert Lea college, for the debt has been discharged and the first $25,000 of the proposed $50,000 endowment has been secured. The $25,000 offered by Mr. Carnegie when the first half was raised becomes available and will be put at interest for the support of the institution. However, the management of the college is not satisfied, and the acting president, C. B. Augur, is working to secure the second $50,000 and has quite a nest egg toward that amount.

If an even hundred thousand dollars are secured for the endowment fund, the future of the institution will be assured. Miss Mary Marquis, the principal, is absent in Europe for the summer, better preparing herself for her important duties. Prospective students are making inquiries, and the expectation is that the next year will see a large enrollment in the various departments.

BIDS ARE TOO HIGH.

Contractors Ask More to Build Cottage Than State Can Spare.

Bids have been opened by the state board of control for a new cottage at the Hastings asylum for the insane. There is an appropriation of $40,000 for the structure complete, but the bids were all in excess of the proportion of this amount available for the bare construction. The bids were as follows: John J. Wahl, St. Cloud, $31,600; Ambrose Wahl, St. Cloud, $32,000; W. S. Kingsley, Faribault, $32,850; C. Ash & Co., St. Paul, $35,192; O'Neil & Son, Faribault, $31,980; Olaf Swenson, Minneapolis, $33,480; James Leck, Minneapolis, $41,000; J. J. Daly, St. Paul, $35,446.

State Makes Loans.

The state board of investment approved of applications for twenty-six loans from school districts, townships and counties, aggregating $200,000. Of these loans $100,000 was for drainage and will draw 3 per cent interest. The balance of the loans will yield 4 per cent.

C. H. Warner Quits.

C. H. Warner, superintendent of immigration in the department of the state auditor, has filed his resignation, to take effect at once, in view of the fact that the year's appropriation of $7,000 has been spent and there is not even money left with which to meet his salary.

Mr. Warner is now devoting his time to the care of the Cole gubernatorial campaign, with headquarters in the Ryan hotel, St. Paul. Mr. Warner's work in the auditor's office will be divided among the other clerks.

Normal "Grads" in Demand.

The demand for graduates of the Winona normal school for positions as teachers in the state is shown by the fact that a large number of the class which will graduate in June have entered into contract to teach next year, and also some of those who will graduate early in August at the close of the summer session of the school. The graduates have all been well placed at an average salary of about $45 a month.

GAME AN OLD ONE

"POLICY," AS PLAYED BY CHINAMEN IN AMERICA.

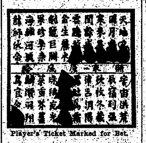
Scheme Is Simple, and Lucky Gamblers Can Make Much Money If They Mark the Right Numbers.

The game of "policy," as played by Chinamen in America, though it has a strong resemblance to policy, is not the same game at all. It is, in fact, the great-great-grandfather of the policy game, and its origin is lost in antiquity. It has been played in China from time immemorial.

The game is a lottery, of course, and is played with square slips called the "box kop bu" or "white pigeon tickets," on which are printed in green ink a set of 80 Chinese characters; these represent objects—birds, houses, ships—and 20 of them are drawn for one drawing. From the fact that the Chinese play them on superstitions rose the policy custom of playing numbers in that game supposed to be foreshadowed by dreams, or forewarnings vouchsafed to intending players. One hears of the "baby gig" or the "money gig" or the "horse gig."

A player at the Chinese lottery game takes a ticket and marks ten of the characters on it as his choice. He writes his name on the margin and a memorandum of the amount he plays. Then he turns ticket and money into the clerk of the game. The mystic number is 80; there are 80 characters, and 80 tickets are sold on each drawing.

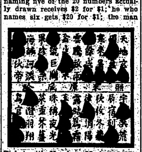
Separate characters, each on a slip of paper, are rolled into pellets and put into a jar or pan. A disinterested person shakes them up and puts 20, taking them at random, into each of four bowls. Into another bowl or covered box are put four other slips of paper marked with Chinese characters representing the numbers 1, 2, 3 and 4. The bowls with the characters in them are numbered correspondingly.



Player's Ticket Marked for Bet.

The croupier takes one of the four numbers from the bowl at random, and the bowl corresponding to it in number contains the 20 characters of the drawing. A clerk takes these out and reads them off; another marks out a large blank ticket, posted in a prominent place, the characters drawn.

The player who has succeeded in naming five of the 20 numbers actually drawn receives $2 for $1; he who names six gets $20 for $1; the man with seven right lands $200 for $1; eight, $1,000 for $1; nine $2,000 for $1, and the man whose whole ten are correct wins $3,000 for $1 staked.



Ticket with Numbers Marked On It.

The bets are paid later, and it is said that the Chinese gamblers never attempt to hold out on their patrons who have landed a bet. The tickets are printed in China, and are imported to this country in millions every year.

In the tickets shown it will be seen that the player whose ticket is here marked made a pretty good shot. Eight of the characters he spotted appeared in the ticket as drawn; in other words, in actual play this ticket would return $1,000 for $1 staked.

SENT RECORD OF VOICE.

Novel Method Adopted by Australian Girl to Test Value of Her Vocal Abilities.

A young lady from Australia has just won a singing scholarship in London under novel circumstances. From her colonial home she sent to a well-known professor in London a "record" of her voice, with the request that he would test it on the gramophone, and inform her whether he thought its qualities sufficiently good to justify her in taking so long a journey for an examination for a scholarship. The professor listened to the "record," was duly impressed by the possibilities of the voice, and wrote to say he thought she might try. Encouraged by this report, she reached England just in time for the examination, and was one of two successful candidates out of 190 competitors.

Travels Far Without Money.

Rev. Pio Mayer, superior general of the Carmelite order, who is on a 40,000-mile tour of inspection which will take him through the United States, Canada, all of South America, Spain and Holland, has arrived in New York. He is traveling without money, according to the rule of the order, and his baggage consists of a small handbag.

American Motors.

Motor car statistics for 1905 show that 27,840 machines were built in America. Of this number 22,970 were sold.

TRUE TO FIRST LOVES.

Pathetic Interest Attached to "Virgins' Garlands" Hanging in Old English Church.

There are seven "virgins' garlands" still in existence in Minsterley church, Salop, England, the first of them bearing the date 1654 and the last 1751.

They consist of silk ribbon and paper, ball shaped, and are covered with rosettes, the inside center of the cane or wire frame supporting a pair of paper gloves. They represent a romantic custom of very ancient origin, and are sacred to the memory of girls who, while betrothed in their youth, lost their intended husbands by death, yet remained true to their first loves.

Each maiden designed her own garland, and at her death this simple emblem was borne before her by the village lasses, the white gloves being afterward added. After the obsequies these garlands were suspended in the village church on a rod bearing at its extremity a heart in the shape of an escutcheon, upon which the initials and date were inscribed. These were originally fixed above the maiden's pew.

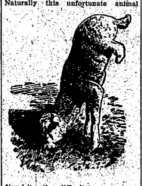
Some of the earliest and forgotten garlands were composed of real flowers, but later the covered hoops described were substituted.

There is a passing allusion to this "simple memorial of the early dead" in "Hamlet." "Yet here she is allowed her virgin crants," "crants" signifying garlands.

LAMB WALKS ON NOSE.

Without Hind Legs, Unfortunate Animal Has Queer Method of Locomotion.

This unfortunate lamb was born with only poor, half stumps to do duty for a pair of sound, well-grown hind legs. Naturally this unfortunate animal found it rather difficult to move about, and since it couldn't get much assistance from its tail, it tried what help its nose could give it. In this picture you see the lamb in the act of walking on its two front legs and its nose.—N. Y. Herald.



HAVE NO USE FOR AGED.

Baboons Prove Themselves Thorough Believers in Policy Advocated by Dr. Osler.

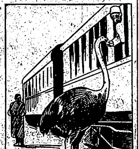
"In certain parts of South Africa," said Thomas Asbaldistone, of Johannesburg, "there are baboons which carry into practical operation the doctrines of Dr. Osler. These simians have no earthly use for the aged of their own tribes and when one of their kind gets too old to help himself the rest ostracize him completely, nether tolerating his society nor helping him to sustain life.

"Never was there an exhibition of such callous and cold-blooded indifference as these 'babyans' show to their helpless old. One of our scientific men who had made a study of this phase of their life told me that in this treatment of the aged by the baboons the theory of Darwin was vindicated, and that there need be no further search of the 'missing link.'"

MAKE PET OF OSTRICH.

South African Bird, Tamed by Trainmen, Takes His Meals from the Dining Car.

Frequent travelers on the train from Buluwayo to Mafeking, in South Africa, are well acquainted with this ostrich, which always comes on the run as the train pulls up at one of the stations and makes straight for the dining car, where he is fed by the cook.



Cheese Diet for the Stout.

The new treatment for bringing stout people to slim, elegant and comfortable proportions consists in the first place in eating all manner of cheeses, to the exclusion of all other foods, save non-fattening biscuits, fruit and a limited quantity of meat once a day. You may breakfast on cream cheese, lunch on Gorgonzola and Camembert, take Cheddar sandwiches for tea, and a light supper of Stilton and Brie; but at dinner you must have only a "soupcon" of meat and nothing rich.

Hold "Shoots" on Sabbath Day.

As a revival of the old English custom of shooting at the butts after Divine worship, the Amberley (Sussex) miniature rifle club is open on Sunday afternoons, and is very popular.

NOT UP TO LABEL.

Professor Brander Matthews, the chairman of Mr. Carnegie's movement towards the simplification of spelling, was talking recently about exaggeration.

"We are too prone to exaggerate," he said. "We exaggerate in our advertisements. We exaggerate in our trademarks and labels. Is a 90-horse power engine really as strong as ninety horses?"

Professor Matthews laughed.

"I entered one night," he resumed, "the study of a friend of mine. He sat at his desk writing. An electroller on the desk top gave a fair light, and beside it flamed a large wax candle.

"'Why are you burning that candle there?' I asked.

"'Well,' said my friend, 'I know the electric light is sixteen candles, but you've no idea what a difference the seventeenth makes.'"

BUYING PAINT.

Springtime—after the weather has become well settled—is painting time. There is no dust flying, no insects are in the air at that time ready to commit suicide by suffocation in the coat of fresh paint. The atmospheric conditions are also favorable at that season for proper drying and increased life of the paint.

It should be a habit with every property owner every spring to look over his buildings, etc., and see if they need repainting; not merely to see if they "will go another year," but whether the time has not come for putting in the proverbial "stitch in time" which shall eventually "save nine." For one coat of paint applied just a little before it is actually needed will often save most of the paint on the building by preventing it from letting go and causing endless trouble and expense.

Paint lets go because linseed oil, which is the "cement" that holds all good paint together, gradually decays or oxidizes, just as iron exposed to air and dampness will slowly decay or oxidize. The water and oxygen in the air are the cause of the trouble in both cases, and the only reason, outside of its beautifying effect, that we apply paint to wood or iron is because we want to keep water and air away from them. Live paint, that is paint in which the linseed oil is still oily, does this very effectually; but dead paint, that is paint in which the oil is no longer oily, is no more impervious to air and water than a single thickness of cheesecloth would be. If then we apply a fresh coat of oily paint before the old paint is dead, the oil from the new coat will penetrate the old coat, and the whole coating will once more become alive; and this method of renovation may go on indefinitely.

This explains why it is better economy to repaint a little before it becomes absolutely necessary than a little after. When the paint is once dead the fresh coat will pull the whole coating off.

In the days when repainting meant a general turning of things upside down, a two-weeks' "cluttering up" of the place with kegs, cans and pails, a lot of inflammable and ill-smelling materials standing around, etc., the dread of painting time was natural. So was the dread of soap-making time, of shirt-making time, of candle-moulding time and the like. But we live in an age when soap comes from the store better and cheaper than we can make it, when shirts are sold ready made for less than we can buy the materials, when we can burn coal oil or gas cheaper than we can make tallow candles, and when all we have to do when we want to repaint is to pick out our colors from the card at the store and pay the painter for putting on the paint.

When it comes to picking out the paint it is not necessary that one should be a paint chemist, any more than one should be an oil chemist when buying kerosene, or a department store buyer when selecting shirts, or a soap chemist when buying soap. All that is necessary to insure a fair show is some knowledge of the character of our paint dealer and the reputation and standing of the maker of the paint offered. Nor must one expect to buy a pure linseed oil paint for the price of linseed oil alone. It can be taken for granted when any one offers to sell dollar bills at a discount, he is baiting a hook for "suckers." So it can be taken for granted when anyone—whether mail order house, paint manufacturer or dealer—offers paint too cheap, he is bidding for the trade of "suckers," no matter what his promises.

But paints sold in responsible stores under the brands of reputable manufacturers are all good products, differing from one another in the less important matter of the solid pigments contained, but practically alike in having their liquid portions composed essentially of pure linseed oil. The competition of the better class of paints has driven inferior goods practically out of the market, and no manufacturer of standing now puts out a poor paint, under his own name at least.

As to guarantees on paint, they can be taken for what they are worth. Any reputable manufacturer will make good any defect actually traceable to the paint itself and not to improper use or treatment of it. The really important guarantee, which the paint buyer should exact from his dealer is that the paint is made by a manufacturer that knows his business, and that the paint itself has a record. If he secures this guarantee he can afford to chance the rest of it—the paint will undoubtedly give good service if properly applied according to directions.

A Good Deal of Meaning.

Senator Knox, at a reception in Philadelphia, said of a certain speech:

"A good deal of meaning was subtly compressed in a very few words. It was like the speech that a young girl made to an aged millionaire.

"This aged man had proposed to the young girl, and she had accepted his offer.

"A few days before the wedding the old gentleman, taking the hand of his prospective bride, said with tender earnestness:

"'Dear, do you love me for what I am, or for what I was?'

"'I love you, dear friend,' she replied, 'for what you will be.'"

ONE TUNER IN LUCK

FOUND "RATTLING" PIANO A SMALL GOLD MINE.

Provision Some One Had Made for Rainy Day Calmly Appropriated by Professor—Untroubled by Conscience.

"Piano tuners, as a rule, are the unluckiest people on earth," said the "professor," and there was a chorus of affirmatives from every one around the table. The "professor" is the head tuner in a big piano house, and he was having the boys out for a little spread.

"I never came by any 'easy money' in my life but once," he said, "and that, of course, was by accident. When I was a cub in the profession I was sent out to a swell establishment on Prairie avenue. The lady of the house said that the piano rattled, and it sure did. I looked it over carefully—on the top of it and in the back of the case—and when the lady left the room I slipped out the board that fits against the ivories, and what do you think I found there? I found a bright $20 gold piece."

"Well," said the youngest of the crowd, called the "kid," "I'd rattle, too, if I had that much money about me, you bet."

"But that wasn't all," the "professor" went on; "underneath the ivories I pulled out two ten-dollar bills. Now, that's a fact. Some one had buried $40 in that box for a rainy day, perhaps, and had forgot about it. Well, I slipped it into my pocket right quick, slapped the old piano together again, and played 'Bedelia' and sang it, too, at the top of my voice. I was happy, you bet. Well, the lady came in when she heard me singing, and said something about my being a crackerjack piano tuner or something, and—"

"Of course," one interrupted, "you gave the lady the $40?"

"Oh, yes, of course; oh, yes," said the "professor," mockingly; "I gave back nothing."

"Well, but—" began another.

"Oh, I know what you are going to say," exclaimed the "prof." "Yes, I did. I charged her $3.50 for fixing that piano, and it never hurt me afterward, either. I did it quite cheerfully."

And the "professor" gathered up the checks that lay at the other fellows' plates and led the way to the cigar stand.—Chicago Record-Herald.

HAD TO HAVE PAPER.

Canine Victim of Misfortune Resorted to Highway Robbery to Retrieve His Loss.

A new and true addition to the endless string of dog stories is told by a correspondent in a country village on the continent.

The village innkeeper had trained his dog to go every day at a certain hour and fetch his master's paper from the office where it was printed. One day on his way home the dog met an old enemy; the two engaged in a fight, and the newspaper came to grief. When his foe had slunk away, the victor, with an anxious look in his eyes, stood over the tatters.

At that moment a gentleman holding a foreign paper came into view, walking leisurely along, and the dog at once and without a sign of agitation, took old of it and carried it to his master, whose astonishment at receiving a foreign paper gave way to pride and vainglory when the victim of this example of shameless highway robbery, who had followed the dog, laughingly explained the situation.

WOMEN KNOW HOW TO DRIVE

Many Are Now Informed as to Handling of Horses and Can Be Trusted.

It is not many years ago that anything in the shape of a horse was supposed to be good enough for a woman, says Country Life in America. It was the popular idea among those who knew that given a good horse a woman could ruin it in less than a year. All this has changed among the intelligent women, however. Nowadays the women know how to handle a horse—that is those who use their brains and have watched the real horseman at his work, so this question of sex is not as important as it was at one time. Of course there are thousands of women who know little or nothing about the horse, but with the great number of horse shows all over the country their education is progressing fast, and it will not be long before almost any horse with a reasonable disposition can be safely trusted to a woman and be driven or ridden without damage. At the same time there are ladies' and men's horses, not due to the fact that the animals will be handled by the different sexes, but because they require different characteristics according to the persons in charge of them.

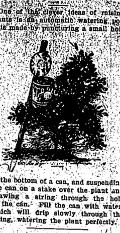
France's Vineyards.

France has 4,124,734 acres of vineyards.

EASY TO WATER PLANTS.

Automatic Pot That Does the Work Perfectly with Little Trouble to Gardener.

One of the clever ideas of raising plants is an automatic watering pot. It is made by puncturing a small hole in the bottom of a can, and suspending the can on a stake over the plant and drawing a string through the hole in the can. Fill the can with water, which will drip slowly through the string, watering the plant perfectly.



FOLLOWED PREY TOO FAR.

In Its Anxiety to Secure Dinner Lynx Bolts Into Trapper's Hut and Is Killed.

That the instinct of self-preservation is not confined to the human race is evident from many instances in the experience of hunters in the north woods of Minnesota. George Brown, a trapper in the Tahquamenon river country, relates the fact that while seated in his tent one evening at dusk there was a sudden commotion at the entrance and in popped a rabbit. Behind the rabbit, in hot pursuit, came another animal, which fairly shot down the snow incline into the tent. The animal proved to be a lynx.

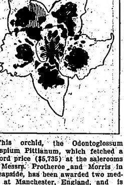
For a moment it did not dawn upon the lynx that it had been caught in a snare, and then it jumped to the opposite side of the tent and began to claw the canvas and snarl. By this time the trapper had grabbed a club and was on his feet. The fight that followed was lively, and how he managed to dodge the lynx and also hit it in the semi-darkness is, he says, a mystery, but it was not long before the lynx was stretched out lifeless. The hunter came out of the encounter with a few scratches, and in the meantime the rabbit escaped.

STAG IN HARD LUCK.

With Ladder Impaled on Its Horns, Deer Narrowly Escaped Capture and Death.

Some huntsmen near Innsbruck came upon a stag with a ladder on its antlers. In spite of this handicap, it made off at great speed on seeing the men, leaping hedges and dashing through the undergrowth as if quite unimpeded. Its mad career was stopped, however, when the ends of the ladder caught between two trees. Its struggles were so frantic at the approach of the huntsmen's dog that it broke off part of its antlers, and, thus freed, made good its escape. The ladder proved to belong to a farmer, who had left it standing against one of his haystacks. While stealing the hay the stag had evidently upset the ladder, which had thus become fixed on its horns. Which goes to prove that honesty is the best policy—even for stags.

RECORD PRICE FOR ORCHID.



This orchid, the Odontoglossum Crispium Pittianum, which fetched a record price ($5,735) at the salerooms of Messrs. Protheroe and Morris in Cheapside, has been awarded two medals at Manchester, England, and is declared by experts to be the very best blotched O. Crispium ever seen.

Curious Geyser Clock.

One of the most curious clocks in the world is, perhaps, that which tells the time to the inhabitants of a little American backwoods town. The machinery, which is nothing but a face, hands and lever, is connected with a geyser, which shoots out an immense column of hot water every 38 seconds. This spouting never varies to the tenth of a second. Every time the water spouts up it strikes the lever and moves the hands forward 38 seconds.

Taking the First Step.

The Bashful—Ah! I am so happy. I wouldn't let myself even hope that you would accept me.

The Girl—Well, you see a fortune teller told me yesterday that my second marriage would make me happy and wealthy, and you know, of course, I had to get my first marriage over with.—Brooklyn Eagle.

The Modern Sunday.

Mamma (returning from church)—Why, Willie, take your wheel into the back yard. You must not play in the front yard on Sunday.

Willie (protestingly)—But, mamma, isn't it Sunday in the back yard too?—Lippincott's.

Two Forms of Courage.

Tom—I can't imagine anything more difficult than to tell a girl that you love her. I tell you it takes courage.

Dick—Yes, but think of the courage it takes to tell a girl that you don't love her after you've once told her that you did.—Stray Stories.

AILING WOMEN.

Keep the Kidneys Well and the Kidneys Will Keep You Well.

Sick, suffering, languid women are learning the true cause of bad backs and how to cure them. Mrs. W. G. Davis, of Groesbeck, Texas, says: "Backaches hurt me so I could hardly stand. Spells of dizziness and sick headache were frequent and the action of the kidneys was irregular. Soon after I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills I passed several gravel stones. I got well and the trouble has not returned. My back is good and strong and my general health better."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Masculine View.

Mrs. Newpop—Mrs. Stringer is the most candid woman I ever met. She frankly admits that her baby is not as smart as ours.

Newpop—Candid fiddlesticks! That woman is a base hypocrite.

The writers of essays on how to be happy though married generally are those who are eager for a try at the experience.

DISFIGURING SKIN HUMOR.

Impossible to Get Employment, as Face and Body Were Covered With Sores—Cured by Cuticura.

"Since the year 1894 I have been troubled with a very bad case of eczema, which I have spent hundreds of dollars trying to cure, and I went to the hospital, but they failed to cure me, and it was getting worse all the time. Five weeks ago my wife bought a box of Cuticura Ointment, and one cake of Cuticura Soap, and I am pleased to say that I am now completely cured and well. It was impossible for me to get employment, as my face, head and body were covered with it. The eczema first appeared on the top of my head, and it had worked all the way around down the back of my neck and around to my throat, down my body and around the hips. It itched so I would be obliged to scratch it, and the flesh was raw. I am now all well, and I will be pleased to recommend the Cuticura Remedies to all persons who wish a speedy and permanent cure of skin diseases." Thomas M. Rossiter, 290 Prospect Street, East Orange, N. J.

Long and Short of It.

Scribbles—I wonder why it takes pay day so long to come around?

Riter—It only seems long when you're short, and the shorter you are the longer it seems.

Thrifty.

"Tim," asked the passenger on the rear platform of the antiquated flat-wheeled cable car, "what's in this covered stone jar I see out here nearly every time I take a trip on your car?"

"That's my wife's churning," answered the conductor. "One round trip on this old rattletrap brings the butter every time. Saves her lots of trouble."

Mark Twain on Advertising.

Mark Twain, in the midst of a panegyric on advertising, told a remarkable story.

"There was a man," he said, "back Iowa way, who was so pleased with an advertisement in the local paper that he wrote the following testimonial letter to the editor:

"'Mr. Editor. Sir:—After selling all I could, giving barrels away, and stuffing my hogs till they would eat no more, still I had, last fall, about 200 tons of big, juicy, fine-flavored apples left on my hands. I inserted in your valuable paper an ad. that I was willing to send free a barrel of picked fruit, freight paid in advance by me, to any one who would apply, there being, of course, no charge for the barrel. You will hardly credit it, but that little 40-cent ad. cleared out my whole stock of apples, and I could have disposed of five times the quantity on the same terms.'"

KNIFED.

Coffee Knifed an Old Soldier.

An old soldier, released from coffee at 72, recovered his health and tells about it as follows:

"I stuck to coffee for years, although it knifed me again and again.

"About eight years ago (as a result of coffee drinking which congested my liver) I was taken with a very severe attack of malarial fever.

"I would apparently recover and start about my usual work only to suffer a relapse. After this had been repeated several times during the year I was again taken violently ill.

"The Doctor said he had carefully studied my case, and it was either 'quit coffee or die,' advising me to take Postum in its place. I had always thought coffee one of my dearest friends, especially when sick, and I was very much taken back by the Doctor's decision, for I hadn't suspected the coffee I drank could possibly cause my troubles.

"I thought it over for a few minutes, and finally told the Doctor I would make the change. Postum was procured for me the same day, and made according to directions; well, I liked it and stuck to it, and since then I have been a new man. The change in health began in a few days and surprised me, and now, although I am seventy-two years of age, I do lots of hard work, and for the past month have been teaming, driving sixteen miles a day, besides loading and unloading the wagon. That's what Postum in the place of coffee has done for me. I now like the Postum as well as I did coffee.

"I have known people who did not care for Postum at first, but after having learned to make it properly according to directions they have come to like it as well as coffee. I never miss a chance to praise it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look for the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson D. Patterson E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. O. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnson
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. HOFF, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

A. O. LETVIG,
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The "Redgeton"
SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING.
HIGH GRADE.

Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.
STRONGEST GUARANTEE.
National Sewing Machine Co.
BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.

THE LOCAL NEWS

House and lot for sale, cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

I. Dahlen was a reservation visitor here last Wednesday.

Henry Thompson, of Gary, Minn., is here this week visiting with L. Bergen.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

A. M. Edstrom, the Hazel merchant, was a business visitor here last Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Pleth were visitors here from Plummer last Wednesday.

Eaton & Hurlbut, stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

Mrs. Geo. L. Austin is visiting with relatives and friends at Fergus Falls this week.

Sander Soll, of Park River, N. D., is here this week visiting with his cousin, John J. Soll.

Henry Enderle came over from Plummer last Sunday and made us one of his regular visits.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

County Attorney Germo and Sheriff Linnihan were here from Red Lake Falls on business last Saturday.

Chas. Hill, wife and child, of Aurora, Minn., are here this week visiting with their brother-in-law, John Larson.

Mrs. Wm. Williams came up from Fargo last Monday and will spend some time here with her husband.

J. C. Spencer, superintendent of the Tri-State Telephone company, was a business visitor here last Tuesday.

We have had a couple or three more rains that were not needed the past week, the last one being yesterday.

Miss Etta Garceau and Miss Margery Rogers, of Red Lake Falls, were here yesterday visiting with Mrs. H. E. Ives.

Theo. Salverson, of Ada, the man who will take charge of the special sale of M. L. Hanson, arrived yesterday.

The Tri-State telephone crew of twenty-odd men are camped in the village and will be here a week or more longer.

Mrs. John B. O'Brien and daughter left last evening for St. Paul where they expect to spend a couple of months.

The Ladies' Aid will meet with Mrs. A. R. Jones on Water street Thursday, June 14th. A cordial invitation to all the ladies.

Mrs. Peter Anderson and children, of Clarkfield, Minn., arrived last Wednesday and will visit with her sister, Mrs. John J. Soll.

A chimney fire at S. M. Hoff's caused a fire alarm to be sounded last Saturday but it was all over before the department responded.

Contractor Berglund has received several carloads of sand from the Great Northern for the new cement sidewalk on Water street.

A very pretty rainbow after the rain last Saturday evening gave fresh courage to those who were afraid that we might have another flood.

Walter Johnson has accepted the position of timekeeper for the Tri-State telephone crew and has been at work since last Thursday.

J. J. Soll returned on Monday from his farm near Strandquist, Marshall county, and is making preparations to move up there in the near future.

Supt. O'Brien has received word that Miss Nora J. Smith, of Kasson, has accepted the position as teacher for the 4th and 5th grades in our schools.

What's the good of keeping from him
Any good things you may see,
That will lift his load of labor
Like Rocky Mountain Tea.
—Imperial Drug Co.

O. H. Peters came down last Saturday from Middle River to spend a few days at home. Master Harold Holmes returned with him on Monday for a short visit.

John Larson is in from his reservation claim, this week. He informs us that he has forty acres under cultivation already and that the crops out that way are looking fine.

Don't be fooled and made to believe that rheumatism can be cured with local appliances. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is the only positive cure for rheumatism. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

At the caucus last Saturday night D. Patterson, K. O. Gigstad and H. E. Ives were selected as delegates to attend the republican county convention at Red Lake Falls. A very light vote was polled.

Rev. T. Aug. Lillehei, resigned as pastor of the United Norwegian Lutheran church last Sunday. He has accepted the pastorate of a large congregation at Ishpeming, Michigan, where he moves about October 1st.

The firemen held a meeting last Tuesday evening and elected Chief Carl Johnson, Neil Dahl and Christ Bjerk as delegates to attend the Northern Minnesota Firemen's Tournament to be held at Warren June 26-29.

Middle River Pioneer: Miss Margaret McAndress, of St. Hilaire, who has been teaching up the ridge, came in to Middle River Thursday and took the train for Greenbush, enroute to Roseau on business. She returned Friday and went out to her school again.

The young men of the M. E. church will give an ice cream and cake social at the church tonight at 8 o'clock. A good time is expected. Come out and see what elegant waiters the men are, and let the ladies take lessons. Proceeds for painting the church building. Price 15 cents.

Prof. J. B. O'Brien has received notice of his appointment as an instructor at the summer training school to be held at Thief River Falls commencing July 5th. The school will last for four weeks. THE SPECTATOR is pleased to be able to congratulate Prof. O'Brien on his appointment.

When the baby talks, it is time to give Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It's the greatest baby medicine known to loving mothers. It makes them eat, sleep and grow. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

The most deadly instrument known to mortal man is the human tongue. Dynamite is not in it as a trouble breeder. It is the hair trigger of the freer action. It goes off on the slightest provocation. It strikes harder blows than a prize fighter or a mule kicking down hill. It causes more heart aches than the tax collector. A tongue can make a spot sore for years. The crimes chargeable to the tongue are criticism, unkindness, gossip, lying, scandal, malice and hate, the aggregate of sorrow and murder.—Ontario Record.

Beginning July, 1906, Dr. Geo. E. Spofford, (optometrist) visits St. Hilaire on the 8th day of every month. Spectacles and eye glasses scientifically fitted. The ophthalmoscope and retinoscope used in all cases. Office at Hotel Markham. Consultation free. tf

An exchange says that a duck who had faithfully stuck to business during the summer and laid several dozen large, fawn-colored eggs, complained that she was not appreciated. "See that hen over there?" said the duck. "She has not laid so many eggs as I have, nor so big, but she has books written about her and verses composed in her honor, while nobody says a word about me." "The trouble with you is," said wise Buff Leghorn cock that was standing near, "that you do not tell the public what you have done. You lay an egg and waddle on without saying a word, while that sister of mine never lays one without letting everyone in the neighborhood know about it. If you want to cut any ice in this community you must learn to advertise."

Local Telephone.

The village council last Monday evening passed an ordinance granting a franchise for a local telephone exchange to L. C. Simons. Mr. Simons informs us that he is ready to put in the exchange at once providing the citizens will take a sufficient number of the phones. We learn that he has stated that work will not be started until forty phones have been taken.

A Big Shipment.

Last Monday the creamery made the largest shipment in the history of the company, shipping to their agents in New York 112 tubs of butter. This is a record that they are proud of and it will keep the other creameries of the country busy for a time at least to excell this output. Shipments are made each week and will be over one hundred tubs each week.

Power-Sorsoleil.

On Wednesday morning, June 6th, at St. Mary's church, Red Lake Falls, occurred the marriage of Miss May Blanche Sorsoleil to Mr. John Joseph Power, the Rev. Father Ansgar performing the ceremony. The bride, a daughter of Mr. W. A. Sorsoleil, was born and raised in our village and her friends are only limited by the number of her acquaintances. She is deservedly popular and has the good wishes of all for her future happiness.

The groom is one of the substantial and highly respected citizens of Langdon, N. D., and seems to be in every way worthy of the prize he has won. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Alice Sorsoleil, and the groom by Mr. George Dubnegan, of Langdon.

The happy couple arrived here on the morning train and spent the day with the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Sorsoleil.

They left on the evening train for the cities and will be at home at Langdon after July 15th.

German Turnfest, Wahpeton, N.D., June 9-10, 1906.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Wahpeton round trip tickets for one and one-third fare, dates of sale June 8 and 9, with final return limit of June 11, 1906.

—Grafton flour, best in the northwest, for sale at Holmes' elevator.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the village council of St. Hilaire held at the village hall Monday evening, June 4th, 1906, at 8 o'clock.

Meeting called to order by President O'Brien.

All members present.

Minutes of last regular and special meetings read and on motion accepted.

Report of village marshal read and on motion accepted.

Report of street commissioner read and on motion accepted.

Motion made and carried than an ordinance be made granting L. C. Simons privilege and authority to erect a local telephone exchange, was passed and ordinance ordered published.

On motion the Tri-State Telephone & telegraph company was ordered to erect their poles through the village as follows: Follow Broadway avenue south as far as Eighth street, then follow Eighth street east to the alley in block 78, then follow said alley south through blocks 78, 65, 64, 51, 50, 39, 38, 27 and 26 to Pine street, thence west along Pine street to Broadway, then south along Broadway.

The petition of J. K. Hannay and others for a public cartway between sections 1 and 2 in township 152-44 was referred to the road and bridge committee, and they were instructed to consult with the board of supervisors of Black River in regard to laying out said road.

Motion made, seconded and carried that the council recommend an abatement of of $400 on the personal property of M. E. Bjerk for the year 1905.

Motion made and carried that the two free telephones promised in ordinance No. 20 be placed as follows: One in the G. N. depot and one in the schoolhouse.

The following bills were allowed in full:

D Patterson, work on street	$30	65
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber, 4 bills	30	52
D Patterson, split log drag and freight	6	25
Wm Olson, blacksmithing and 3 road scrapers	22	40
Carl Hendrickson, attending small pox case at Melting's	26	00
A F Blomburgh, quarantining and fumigating small pox case	25	00
K R Killand, marshal, salary, and work for May	50	75
Ed Wells, work	11	38
A Satterberg, work	1	75
Rasmus Skorstad, work	1	75

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'BRIEN,
President.
K. O. GIGSTAD,
Clerk.

For the Public Good.

An independent and ably edited newspaper, which commands a great circulation is probably the most potent influence for good in the United States today. The power for the better things in public affairs and policies, for instance, which is wielded by such a newspaper as The Chicago Record-Herald can scarcely be exaggerated, and much of that strength comes in the case of this leading Chicago daily from the fact that it is absolutely independent, fearless and fair. It is not the mouthpiece of any interest except that of the public. The Record-Herald champions the cause of the good, the clean, the beneficial in every matter of city, state or national moment. It is the knowledge on the part of its readers that it cares not whom it hits or what enemies it makes, so long as it is battling for the welfare of the community, which gives to The Record-Herald much of the influence it enjoys. It gives in its news columns the most complete and impartial reports of political events, another evidence of its splendid news service.

In Favor of Railroad.

Red Lake Courier: On Monday Judge Watts handed down his decision in the case of the Wylie Farmers & Mercantile company against the Great Northern Railway and in it he orders judgment for the defendant.

The action was brought to compel the railroad to permit the plaintiff to construct an elevator on the railroad's right of way at Wylie. The case was tried and argued in this city last week, Judge Watts taking it under advisement.

The court held that the plaintiff had not described the property with proper sufficiency and ordered judgment for the defendant.

Another petition will probably be filed to overcome the difficulty.

Auction Sale.

R. H. Aimer will sell at public auction at his residence in St. Hilaire, commencing at 1:30 p. m. on Friday June 15, 1906, the following: One set blacksmith tools, one well-drilling outfit, heating stoves, cook stove, household furniture, one good organ. One cow, one saddle one set single harness, half set work harness, and a lot of other articles. Everything must be sold without reserve.

R. J. McKercher, Auctioneer.

Low Rates to Warren, Minn.

The Northern Minnesota Firemen's Tournament will be held June 26th to 29th, for which occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire, Minn., to Warren, Minn., round trip tickets for one and one-third fare, date of sale June 25th to 27th, with final return limit of June 30, 1906.

M. E. Church Announcements.

Sunday school 10; preaching 11 a.m., subject "The Rainbow". Epworth League 7 p. m., Tyra Wallen, leader; preaching 8 p. m., subject "This Ministry." C. W. Gilman, Pastor.

State Convention B. P. O. E. (Elks) St Cloud, Minn., June 14-15, 1906.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to St. Cloud, round trip tickets for one and one-third fare, dates of sale June 13, 14, with final return limit of June 16, 1906.

Grace-Hannay Nuptials.

On Wednesday afternoon, June 6th, at five o'clock, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Kerr Hannay, in this village, occurred the marriage of Miss Helen Louise Hannay to Mr. George Benjamin Grace.

The "Lohengren" march was rendered by Mrs. Dr. Cummings at the piano accompanied by Mr. Olseth, violin, as the bridal party entered, and "Oh! Promise Me" was played softly during the ceremony. Rev. C. W. Gilman officiated, the ring service being used. An improvised altar of ferns banked the bow window, over which hung a white wedding bell. Pink and white predominated throughout the room, the color scheme being carried out with pink and white roses and carnations.

The bride was gowned in white imported chiffon cloth, trimmed with real Duchess lace. Her tulle veil was caught with a diamond sunburst, the gift of the groom. She carried bride roses. Miss Mable Hannay, sister of the bride, was maid of honor. She was attired in a princess gown of pink crede-de-chine and carried a shower boquet of bridesmaid roses. Mr. Norton F. Saxton, of Crookston, acted as best man.

The bride is a universal favorite and will be greatly missed by all her associates. The groom is a young man of sterling worth, who is well known in this vicinity, having been, until recently, connected with the Crookston Lumber company.

The bride's mother was gowned in black silk voile over black silk; Mrs. Grace, gray silk voile with real point lace; Miss Grace, Point D'Esprit over white silk; Mrs. James Hannay, black chiffon silk with mauve trimmings; Miss Chesley, white lace over silk.

The esteem in which the young couple are held by their relatives and friends was evidenced by a brilliant array of gifts, chiefly in silver and cut glass.

Mr. and Mrs. Grace left on the "Soo" train for an extended trip east. They will be at home October 1st at Mt. Vernon, Washington, where the groom will be associated with Norman B. Hannay in the management of the First National Bank of that place.

Among the out of town guests were: Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Grace, Miss Grace, Davenport, Iowa; Mrs. James Hannay, Fredrickton, New Brunswick. Miss Eva Chesley, Fargo, N. D. Mr. Norton F. Saxton, Crookston, Minn. Mr. and Mrs. Julius Pleth, Plummer, Minn. Mr. and Mrs. Bryant, Mr. and Mrs. Dobner, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dr. and Mrs. Argue, Mr. and Mrs. K. M. Hansen, Red Lake Falls, Minn. Mr. Chas. Morley, Crookston, Minn.

Special Meeting.

We, the undersigned, members of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company, do hereby pray to call a special meeting of the members of said company to be held at the village hall in St. Hilaire, Minn., on Monday the 11th day of June, 1906, at one o'clock, p.m., for the purpose of considering Section two, of article six, of the by-laws of said company as to whether or not we hereafter pay the full amount of insurance on any residence, church or schoolhouse, and any other business that may come before the meeting.

Dated this 7th day of May, 1906.

N. K. ANDERSON, President. C. P. SWANSON, Secretary.
M. J. AKERBUND. CHRIST PERSON.
J. M. SWANSON. A. E. ANDERSON.
CHAS. JOHNSON. P. A. HALLSTROM
PETER LINDBLOM. SWAN SCHOLIN.

Effect of Colors on Body.

The investigation made from time to time upon the effects which certain colors seem to have upon the human organism have recently been supplemented by Prof. Redard of Geneva, who has been making researches with a view of using the physiological effect of colored light in surgery. A number of experiments showing him that he could obtain a deadening of the nerves, which was sufficient to allow of making some local operations of short duration. To build up a strong nervous system you should drink golden grain belt beer. This beer has wonderful curative powers and will build up the system. It's very nourishing and actually a liquid bread. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

The date when the Great Northern will begin to lay steel on the Roseau extension is still in the air. The officials of the road state that track laying will begin just as soon as the steel can be had. It is understood that the steel to be used will be old rails, that the great steel plants are behind their orders, and the Great Northern's ability to finish the road from Greenbush to Warroad depends upon their efforts to secure new steel rails to replace old ones to be taken up for use on the Roseau extension. If any one knows when the cars will be running into Roseau he can win some bets.—Roseau County Times.

Biennial Festival Northwestern Scandinavian Singers' Ass'n, LaCrosse, Wisconsin, July 6-8, 1906.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St Hilaire to LaCrosse, Wis., round trip tickets for one fare plus $2.00, dates of sale July 4 to 7 inclusive, with final return limit leaving LaCrosse not later than July 9, 1906.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at...
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz:

Per O. Kjonickson, H. E. No. 21700, for the W½ NE¼ Sec. 33, T. 152 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

John Westerlund, of Plummer, Minn.; N. A. Nelson, of St. Hilaire, Minn.; Emil Just, of Red Lake Falls, Minn.; Gust Christopherson, of Plummer, Minn.

R. J. Montague, Register.

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.

JULIUS PLETH,
tf Plummer, Minn.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

—Go to Holmes Bros. for Sunshine furniture polish.

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

McMURRAY'S VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR
A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

SAW MILL MACHINERY.

Saw Mills
Gang Edgers
Lumber Trimmers
Lath Machines
Bolting Machines
Shingle Machines
Planer & Matchers
Drag Saws
Wood Saws
Engines
Boilers
Pulleys
Shafting
Boxes
Trucks
Grate Bars
Feed Mills
Horse Powers

We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

From One End of This Big Store to the Other

You will find the greatest fluttering of red tickets, with the price of destruction marked on them and staring you in the face, no matter which door you come in, the whole shooting match goes to the people. We are going to do ten times the business of our lives, because we are going out of business and we want cash. We have put on extra salespeople, and no matter whether the sun shines or whether it is raining, it will pay you to gather up mackintoshes and umbrellas and come down and see the greatest display of merchandise sold for the least money, that ever appeared to your eyes or any other person's eyes since you were born.

Not One Item Will Be Held in Reserve.

You will see signs and you will hear signs of these would be war priced merchants, but they will only be signs of distress. Merchants will say M. L. Hanson is losing thousands of dollars; that we can not help, we are not trying to run their business, neither do we expect them to run ours. We are going after the cold cash, and we are coming out and asking you to part with it at a season of the year when all merchants expect to make a profit, but with us profit is not considered. Wholesale prices and less in this place on many lines.

Most Gigantic Undertaking Ever Known to Man in This Man's Country

---

We Are Going to Talk Dress Goods

They will go at the most ruinous prices you ever saw. In fact, we believe you will be down and buy half a dozen dress patterns for yourself and the girls, because such an undertaking was never attempted in this city or surrounding country. Our Cash Gathering must come, and it must come fast. The whole store is rearranged. There never was such a change in any store in this community. The big red ticket will be on them, so your child as well as yourself can come here and buy with safety.

Biggest Ribbon Sale

Ever held in St. Hilaire. Tuesday morning we will have on sale a big line of ribbons, and they will go like a house on fire, ranging as follows:

3c 4c 6c 7c 9c 14c 19c

Oceans of Notions

We speak of notions because when you enter the door you will find them lined up from one end of the house to the other. The big red mark will be on them; the whole house ablaze with bargains.

Hosiery! Hosiery!

See the line of Ladies' Hose. Come and get them while they are going. If you need Hosiery, it is a certainty you will come to us for them, because you can buy them cheaper than you ever did before.

GREAT CORSET EXCITEMENT

Squeezing corset prices; such prices as we make for the next 17 days will do the work, for certainly no sane person will pay twice the prices elsewhere that we ask for the same quality.

"Everything in the House Marke

GETTING OUT

PRIZES! PRIZES!

Will give three prizes to the persons coming the farthest to trade with us on the opening day of sale, June 12th. First Prize—$1.00 worth of merchandise. Second Prize—Calico dress. Third Prize—Lady's chatelaine. We will also give two prizes to the person bringing in the largest number of eggs: First prize teapot; second prize, salad dish.

SA

OF THE E

St. Hilaire, Minn.

M. L. H

JONES, HE PAYS THE FREIGHT, A

$10,000—Worth of the High

GOING OUT T

June 12th to 30th===M

Look for the Red Tickets—They Denote a Saving of ¼ to ½ on Your Purchases.

We Are Going of C

For 17 days it will be the greatest cash gatherin
it is cold cash we want, and we want it quick.
and a bustle throughout the entire big store th
competitors howl until you can hear them for l
people. We want cash and we are going to give

There Will Be a Hot Time in the Old Town Nov

There never was such an undertaking in this city before, and we c
not believe there ever will be again. Absolutely $1.00 here will d
the work of $1.50 to $2.00 elsewhere on many lines. Tuesd
morning, June 12, when the doors open at 9 o'clock, you will s
such a gathering of people as never before on the streets of this cit

A FEW DON'TS

Don't wait too long; don't be skeptical; don't miss the opportunit
don't fail to tell your friends; don't hesitate to come; don't ove
buy yourself; don't be broke next week; don't miss the plac
don't kick and crowd; don't get mad if some one tramps on you
corns in the rush for bargains; don't ask us to take back or e
change goods on the opening day, we cannot do it, too busy.

Follow the Crowd a TUESDAY

Store Closed Saturday June 9th and Monday Jun

FOR SEVENTEEN DAYS

Commencing Tuesday, June 12th, and winding up at midnight Saturday, June 30th, we do the battle of our lives, to unload this big merchandise stock that will wake up the people from all parts of the county.

Fai

M. L.

ST. H

D. PATTERSON, Salesman.

wn" is the Keynote in the Great

OF BUSINESS

LE

Seven spools of the Best Machine Thread will be sold for 10c with every purchase of $5 or over, or if you prefer ten yards of the best Calico for 25c with all purchases of $5 or over throughout this big store.

STOCK OF

ANSON

**St. Hilaire,
Minn.**

THE PEOPLE GET THE BENEFIT.

Grade Merchandise—$10,000

L THE PEOPLE

t Be Sold in 17 Days.

Do the Battle
ives!

Look for the Red Tickets—They Denote a Saving of ¼ to ½ on Your Purchases.

in the history of Red Lake County, for with us
city will be in a stir as never before. A hustle
ll wake mortal man from his slumbers and make
around. It will be a wonderful gathering of
eople the benefit. We will raise the roof if it is necessary.

Rain or Shine, the Battle Goes On!

We have put our word out to the people and you know how well
we have kept it. Our word to you will be our bond, and there is
ot one item in this house, or a half dozen, going to be put out for
bait, as you will find plenty trying to do, but over 39,000 items,
ll at prices that never met mortal man's eye before.

Now we say, when the doors open Tuesday, June 12, we bid you
welcome. You will find gentlemen at the front doors and side
oors, welcoming you in as never before. Nothing in reserve, and
othing in this house but what costs you considerable less than
lsewhere. Now is your chance. If you haven't got the money
borrow it, we will save you ten times—and more—the interest. If
your note is good at the bank, we will loan you the money. So
ome often and stay a long time, carry away the goods and be happy.

Come to Our Store
UNE 12th.

o Arrange and Mark Down Stock for Quick Selling

ours

ANSON

MINN.
O. SALVERSON, Auctioneer.

AS LONG AS THEY LAST

You will buy 2 papers of Pins for 1c. 2 cards Hooks and Eyes 1c. 1 paper Needles 1c; in fact, 9c here in Notions will do the work of 25c elsewhere.

The Largest Stock of

Ladies' Furnishings

of all kinds that was ever in this city, and we believe you know it. There are hundreds of articles, including Muslin Underwear, Belts, Gloves, Hose Supporters, Purses, Handkerchiefs, Neckwear, Ribbons, Dressing Sacques, Fancy Combs, Collars, etc., and they will cost you less money than the other fellow gets for what he has been carrying for the past two to ten years.

The Shoe Sale

Shoes for men, shoes for the boys, for the ladies, shoes for the girls, and it is a certainty we won't forget the babies, because it is going to be shoe day down here every day, and if you ever did want anything in your life it is shoes, because you are in them more than half of your life. If you want shoes, you will certainly be here and buy a dozen pair and fit the whole family out.

The Clothing Sale

Will be in full blast as soon as the doors open, with every other department throughout the store in the same way. Everything we have in the Overall line and Little Suit line go out at prices that will please every man, woman and child within the walls of this county.

Men's Hats and Caps

All come in for their share, and of these we have a great stock. They are brand new, and the prices on these goods will be slaughtered with the balance. We are going to talk.

UNDERWEAR

We are going to talk direct from the shoulder. An immense line of Ladies' Underwear at prices that speak out in great, big plain figures. In other words, many garments in the house you can buy two for the price of one elsewhere. Men's Underwear comes under the same ban. We have it in all weights and all prices, but our prices are the lowest.

Chinaware Sale

Loads of Chinaware and Glassware are out where you can see them, and they are going out to all the people at the littlest price you ever saw on like goods. We want you to come and bring your family, and under our roof we bid you welcome, and such a welcome as never before.

Now Comes the Grocery Harvest

There is no difference in this house. If you want Coffee, or Yeast, or Soap, or Syrup, or Canned Goods, Package Coffee or Bulk Coffee, Navy Beans or Rice, Oatmeal or Kerosene, Tobacco or Tea, or anything you ever thought of in the grocery line, you will be down here to buy it, because you can buy it cheaper than you ever did.

It will Pay

Having a bank account is a good start for a young person toward learning business ways and acquiring business habits. We especially invite the young people to start their account with us.

We will give you one of our

METAL SAVINGS BANKS

that will help you make your account grow.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF ST. HILAIRE

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv....Crookston....Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar....St. Hilaire....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv....St. Hilaire....Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar........Wylie........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

DON'T FORGET THE NUMBER---

488

WE CARRY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN

Wines and Liquors

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC

CIGARS.

BEER.

MINNEAPOLIS BEER ALWAYS ON TAP.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"

and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of

THE FAMOUS

MATT. J. JOHNSONS 6088

RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE

you are not satisfied with results.

This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.

For Sale and Guaranteed Only by

Imperial Drug Co., St. Hilaire

GET YOUR PICTURE TAKEN BY

D. COLLINS

THE

Photograper.

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

A FREE PATTERN (your own selection) to every subscriber. Only 50 cents a year.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE 50¢ A YEAR

A LADIES' MAGAZINE.

A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe to-day, or, send 5c. for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.

McCALL BAZAR PATTERNS 10¢ & 15¢

All Seams Allowed and Perforations show the Basting and Sewing Lines.

Only 10 and 15 cents each—none higher. Ask for them. Sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail from

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113-115-117 West 31st St., NEW YORK.

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday, at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes, postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, June 9, 1906.

Next week over at Duluth the republicans are going to nominate the next governor of Minnesota.

It would take a brave man to tackle a piece of sausage after reading the report of the investigation of the meat trust.

M. L. Hanson has a two-page advertisement in this issue which is, we think, the largest advertisement ever run in Red Lake county. It will pay you to look it over.

The situation as regards to who will be the republican nominee for governor is still in as much of a tangle as ever. Jacobson will lead, with Block and Cole close behind. Somerville, Lord and Stephens all have delegates and it is impossible to state who will be the lucky man.

Granville S. Pease has been the editor of the Anoka Union for forty years and we are in receipt of his extra edition in commemoration of the event. Neither the editor nor the Union show their age as it is about the neatest and most interesting special edition of a country newspaper we have ever received.

Posy Rings.

When posies inside wedding rings were first introduced does not seem to be known. Time has covered that, as he does so many things, with the mosses of oblivion, but we know that from the sixteenth century until the middle of the eighteenth it was customary to have them engraved on rings. These posies or mottoes are seldom to be found with more than two lines of verse and often with only one, but there are a few instances known where three lines are used. Some of these posies are very quaint and curious, and a few reach a high standard of poetic beauty. In 1642 a small collection of rhymes was published with the title of "Love's Garland; or, Posies For Rings, Handkerchiefs and Gloves and Such Pretty Tokens That Lovers Send Their Loves." It contains some posies that are not to be met with elsewhere and is a very interesting work, though but few people seem to have heard of it. The South Kensington museum has a good collection of posy rings, and among them we find the following: "United hearts, death only parts;" "Let us share in joy and care," "Love and live happily." There is a story to the effect that Dr. John Thomas, who was bishop of Lincoln in 1753, caused to be inscribed inside his fourth wife's wedding ring:

> If I survive,
> I'll make them five.
> —London Graphic.

Salmagundi.

Halliwell in his "Dictionary of Archaisms and Provincialisms" describes salmongundy to be a mixture of apples, onions, veal or chicken and pickled herrings, minced fine and eaten with oil and vinegar; hence a nickname for a cook.

Halliwell-Phillipps' "Dictionary of Archaisms and Provincialisms" has: "Salmongundy—apples, onions, veal or chicken and pickled herrings, minced fine and eaten with oil and vinegar; hence a nickname for a cook." Cf. also Grose's "Classical Dictionary of the Vulgar Tongue." Bailey's "Dictionary" has "salmingoudin."

Salmagundi, of course, made of pickled herring minced up raw with pepper, vinegar, etc. From "Sea Words and Sea Phrases Used Along the Suffolk Coast," by Edward Fitzgerald, communicated by him to the East Anglian News.—London Notes and Queries.

The Champion Parrot.

A woman in a London flathouse was accused of singing hymns to her parrots for the benefit of their souls. This recalls to the London Chronicle the most accomplished parrot in history. It belonged to Colonel Dennis O'Kelly and was famed for its whistling of the One Hundred and Fourth Psalm. When the colonel died in 1787 a large proportion of his obituary notice in the Gentleman's Magazine was devoted to this remarkable bird, which got another considerable notice of its own when it died fifteen years later in Half Moon street, Piccadilly. This parrot could also whistle "God Save the King" and "The Banks of the Dee" and would go back and correct itself if it got a note wrong. It could even answer questions, and its master was said to have refused 500 guineas a year to show it in public.

Chimneys.

Chimneys are modern—that is, chimneys with fireplaces and flues. None of the Roman ruins shows chimneys like ours. There are none in the restored buildings in Herculaneum and Pompeii. Roman architects complained that their decorations were smoked up. A kitchen in Rome was always sooty. Braziers were used in the living rooms. The chimney of antiquity consisted of a hole in the roof. The wealthy Romans used carefully dried wood, which would burn in the room without soot. The modern chimney was first used in Europe in the fourteenth century, the oldest certain account of a chimney places it in Venice in 1347.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

Senator Stephens Indorsed as Candidate For Governor.

The republicans of Red Lake county met in convention at Red Lake Falls on Wednesday, June 6th. The convention was called to meet at the court house at one o'clock and shortly after that hour Chairman Watson called the meeting to order. H. E. Ives was chosen chairman and A. P. Toupin, secretary.

The chairman was authorized to appoint committes on permanent organization, credentials and resolutions and named the following:

Organization—W. G. Hunt, Paul I. D. Ostby, J. L. Cossette.

Credentials—J. A. Duffy, Joseph Pigeon, O. N. Skomedal, D. P. O'Neil, J. W. Eastman.

Resolutions—Lars Backe, S. M. Sivertson, K. O. Gigstad, Theo. Garceau, Chas. W. Latta.

The committee on credentials found the following entitled to seats in the convention:

Smiley—J. K. Wood.

Garnes—J. Swenson, O. N. Skomedal.

Thief River Falls—1st ward, Olof Ramstad, L. Larson, W. Michelet, J. W. Eastman; 2nd ward, Lars Backe, A. J. Anderson; 3rd ward, D. P. O'Neil, B. Christenson, W. A. Tautges.

North—H. Bent, A. Stenseth.

Kratka—E. L. Quist.

Goodridge—N. Sutherland.

Lambert—A. E. Sorenson, Louis Falardeau.

Red Lake Falls—E. M. Engebretson, J. C. Nauman.

Louisville—C. F. Elvidge, R. Vance.

Lake Pleasant—M. Waldorf, M. Ducharme.

Terrebonne—J. L. Cossette, N. Greniere.

Poplar River—Joseph Pigeon, J. B. Hebert, W. B. Cheshire.

Emardville—Paul I. D. Ostby, C. Hanson.

Red Lake Falls—1st ward, S. M. Sivertson, J. J. Padden; 2nd ward, N. M. Watson, Theo. Garceau; 3rd ward, J. A. Duffy, Joseph Belair, A. P. Toupin.

St. Hilaire—H. E. Ives, D. Patterson, K. O. Gigstad.

Highlanding—W. G. Hunt.

Plummer—C. W. Latta.

The following were seated by the convention, as representatives of towns not sending delegates:

Bray—Chas. Lindquist.

Polk Centre—Chas. Johnson, J. G. Prior.

Black River—Ed. Enright.

Deer Park—Wm. Erb.

Gervais—Geo. Walker.

The committee on permanent organization reported that the temporary organization be made permanent and the resolution committee submitted the following resolutions:

We, the republicans of Red Lake county in convention assembled, as we meet at the completion of that greatest achievement of legislation in recent times, the national rate law, and other important measures, congratulate our national administration upon what has been accomplished in the people's interest by a republican president and a republican congress. We rejoice that we have in the chair of the chief executive a man in full sympathy with the need of the masses, of known integrity and courage, who seeks to promote wholesome legislation, and who, for practical results actually accomplished, stands without a peer—Theodore Roosevelt. For the loyal and valuable support of the important legislation by which they have gained distinction for themselves and for their state we gratefully acknowledge the able and conscientious work of our senators, Hon. Knute Nelson and Hon. Moses E. Clapp.

We heartily recommend that the delegates to the state convention cast their vote for Hon. Knute Nelson to succeed himself, and hope that he may have the unanimous indorsement of his party which he so richly deserves.

We heartily commend the course of our representative, Hon. Halvor Steenerson, and his work in behalf of his district. Especially do we hail with satisfaction his successful efforts in securing congressional appropriations for the preliminary work in drainage, a work which if undertaken and carried through by our national government will be of incalculable value to the northern portion of our state.

The question of greater state aid also, in reclaiming and developing the newer settled region, as put forward at our last convention, has gained strength with time, as its importance and the necessity for it has been made better known, until today state development is the acknowledged leading issue in this campaign. And we again urge upon our state legislature the urgent need of liberal appropriations for this work upon which the proper development and prosperity of a large section depends.

Recognizing the eminent ability of Hon. A. D. Stephens and his fitness for the office of governor of this state and further that he is a man thoroughly informed and alive to the needs of this section of the state we heartily endorse his candidacy and recommend that our delegates to the state convention give him their united and loyal support and use all honorable means to secure his nomination.

Whereas, it has been publicly announced that our present state senator, Hon. E. J. Swedback is not a candidate for re-nomination to the said office, and

Whereas, this county of RedLake has never heretofore been represented in the senate by one of its own citizens, and

Whereas, Hon. L. C. Simons has ably and faithfully represented this district for two terms, in the lower house,

Therefore Be It Resolved, that this convention recognize the able manner in which Senator Swedback has handled the affairs of this 61st district.

Resolved Further, that we endorse the candidacy of Hon. L. C. Simons for the office of senator for the ensuing term and urge his hearty support by all the voters of this county.

The following delegates were chosen to represent the county at the state convention to be held at Duluth:

H. E. Ives, St. Hilaire; Chas. Johnson, PolkCenter; O. N. Skomedal, Garnes, Lars Backe, D. I. Anderson, Thief River Falls; C. W. Latta, Plummer; Theo. Garceau, N. M. Watson, J. A. Duffy, Red Lake Falls.

Alternates were named as follows: K. O. Gigstad, St. Hilaire; Chas. Linquist, Bray; G. G. Kindseth, S. M. Sivertson, Red Lake Falls; J. G. Prior, Polk Centre; A. P. Toupin, Red Lake Falls; W. W. Prichard, Louis Hanson, Thief River Falls; W. G. Hunt, Highlanding.

The convention chose the following as members of the county central committee: H. E. Ives, chairman; A. P. Toupin, secretary; N. M. Watson, 2nd district; O. N. Skomedal, 5th district; Dan Patterson, 3rd district; Chas. Elvidge, 1st district; D. P. O'Niel, 4th district.

A Shifting Landmark.

In the first years of navigation on western waters, says the author of "Early Steamboat Navigation on the Missouri River," pilots were forced to use all sorts of signals and marks to decide their courses. One had a custom of running a certain crossing if he came to it at night by the aid of a dog. The animal belonged to a family living in a house at the foot of the crossing directly in the course of the bend. Whenever a boat was coming this dog ran out to the bank always in exactly the same place, which was in line with the channel, and barked his loudest. The pilot ran toward the sound of the barking with the utmost confidence. Unhappily the dog one night took a notion to change his stand and barked a little higher up. The next morning the boat was a hopeless wreck on a sand bar, into which the pilot had run at full speed.

Our Lead Pencils.

Many a boy is made happy these days by a present of half a dozen pencils with his name printed thereon in gold letters. Perhaps the name "lead pencil" will last through all time and eternity. The original pencil was really made of lead, and on the rough paper of the time made a clearly discernible mark. Germany led in its manufacture. Our earliest importations were much sought after, and none could be bought with other money than gold coin. A common "lead" pencil was almost worth its weight in gold, and a man who got a supply had to be well recommended. When a New York merchant advertised the arrival of a consignment of "lead pencils" the rush to buy was pellmell. This seems incredible to us young roosters, who can buy a dozen pencils today for 10 cents.—New York Press.

The Murderous Trout.

Of all creatures the angler is the least offender in the crime of killing. The very game he seeks, though beautiful and gentle to the eye and at times noble in deed and purpose, is the most brutal killer of all the races—the lovely trout in its attacks upon gaudy flies, the valiant bass and pike in devouring their smaller brethren and the multitudinous sea fishes not alone in their feeding upon one another, but in their wanton murder of the millions upon millions of victims of their pure love of slaughter.—Country Life In America.

The First Inquest.

The nearest approach to the holding of a judicial inquiry into the cause of death in England occurred as long ago as the year 1200, when, according to an old writer on the subject, "six and twenty venerable persons were summoned together to hear and consider the testimony of any who could speak with authority regarding the death of a digger in the fields named Martin Bolsover."

Food For the Dead.

Corn and bread are still offered by the pious Basques of the Pyrenees to the dear departed on their death anniversary. A traveler in Spain describes how at San Sebastian he has often seen some poor fisherman's daughter praying in a church for a dead relative "amid baskets full of fruit, loaves of bread and corn and kneeling upon the tomb of her ancestors."

For Sale.

Six hives of bees and a spring buggy. Inquire of Mrs. A. Dainard.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

—For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

—Clean seed flax for sale at Holmes' elevator.

—For go-carts go to Holmes Bros.

ORDINANCE No. 20

On ordinance granting to L. C. Simons, his heirs, successors and assigns, the privileges and authority to erect poles, wires and operating fixtures in the streets, alleys and public grounds of the village of St. Hilaire, Minnesota, for the purpose of operating a local telephone system and exchange therein, upon the terms and conditions herein stated.

THE VILLAGE COUNCIL OF ST. HILAIRE DO ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION I.

That the privilege, permission and authority is hereby granted to L. C. Simons, his heirs, successors and assigns, to erect and maintain in the streets, alleys and public grounds of said village, poles, wires, and operating fixtures necessary and convenient for the purpose of conducting and operating a local telephone system, and telephone exchange in and through said village, and supplying to the citizens of said village and the public suitable communication by telephone; such right and use to be and continue for the term of twenty-five years from the date thereof, and upon the terms and conditions hereinafter stated.

SECTION II.

The location of the poles, wires, lines and operating fixtures and any change therein or extension thereof shall be done under the direction of the Common Council of said village.

SECTION III.

The wires, poles and operating fixtures shall be placed and maintained so as not to interfere with the use and travel of said streets, alleys and public grounds and where ordered by the council the poles on the principal streets shall be not less than 35 feet in length and the said L. C. Simons shall at all times protect the city free and harmless from any and all damages arising by reason of his negligence or abuse in the occupancy and use of said streets, alleys and public grounds and from any and all damages in any manner arising out of or by reason of the existence of said poles, wires, and operating fixtures. Said poles shall be placed as not to interfere with the flow of water in any sewer, pipe drain or gutter, and in case of bringing to grade or change of grade of any street, alley or other public ground, said poles shall, by said L. C. Simons and at his expense be re-set so as to conform thereto and this grant is made and is to be enjoyed subject to all such regulations and rights of said village as are now enforced or may hereafter be adopted by the Common Council of said village.

SECTION IV.

The telephone system to be installed under this grant shall be of modern and serviceable type and kind and during all the time of the continuance of this grant, said L. C. Simons, his heirs, successors and assigns, shall keep and maintain said system and exchange and all modifications and extensions thereof in such condition as will give at all times to all its patrons first class service from eight o'clock a.m. until six o'clock p. m. each week day and when ordered by the council during reasonable hours on Sunday and until eight p. m. of week days.

SECTION V.

The said L. C. Simons, his successors and assigns shall within nine months from the date hereof fully construct, equip and install said telephone system and exchange and have the same in operation, and upon failure to do so, all the rights and privileges herein granted shall be forfeited and cease. That after said system and exchange shall have been constructed and installed, should the said L. C. Simons, his successors or assigns, at any time fail to furnish the telephone service of the kind and in the manner hereinbefore stated then and in such case the council of said village may, by resolution or otherwise terminate all the rights and privileges herein granted after thirty days' notice in writing given to said L. C. Simons, his heirs or assigns, of intention so to do.

SECTION VI.

In consideration of the foregoing the said L. C. Simons hereby agrees to allow the village to attach at any time to any of the poles the city fire alarm or police wires and said poles are hereby made a municipal instrumentality for that purpose, provided that the said attachment and the use incident thereto shall not interfere with the said telephone business and said attachment and use shall be made and maintained under the direction of said L. C. Simons, his successors or assigns.

SECTION VII.

The said L. C. Simons shall without charge to said village furnish it with two phones to be placed as directed by the council. He shall also be permitted to make no greater charge for telephone service than $1.00 per month for residence phones and $2.00 per month for business phones.

SECTION VIII.

This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, approval and publication as provided by law and upon the acceptance thereof by said L. C. Simons, filedwith the clerk of said village within thirty days after the passage thereof.

Passed and approved June 4th, 1906.

J. B. O'BRIEN,
President Village Council.

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Village Clerk.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Daniel Johnson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. In Probate Court,

In the matter of the estate of Daniel Johnson, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to all persons interested in the above entitled matter:

Whereas, Emma Erickson has filed in this court a petition praying for administration of the estate of the above named decedent, and that letters of administration thereon be granted to K. O. Gigstad.

It is therefore ordered, that said petition be heard, and that all persons interested in said matter be and appear before this court on the 2nd day of July, 1906, at 10 o'clock a.m. at the probate court rooms in the court house, at the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, and then and there, or as soon thereafter, as said matter can be heard, show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted, and that this citation be served by the publication thereof in the St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county, according to law.

Witness the Honorable, N. W. Tarrant, judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 6th day of June, 1906.

N. W. TARRANT,
Judge.

(Court Seal.)

9-30

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the board of county commissioners at the office of the county auditor of said county, in the city of Red Lake Falls, on the twenty-sixth day of June, A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock a.m.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this thirty-first day of May, 1906.

{County Auditor's Seal}
JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor.

Petition for Public Ditch.

To the Board of County Commissioners of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a public drainage ditch along the following described route in the towns of Sanders, Rocksbury, and Black River, in said county of Red Lake, and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

Commencing at the northeast corner of section thirteen (13), town of Sanders, thence south along the range line on the east side of sections thirteen (13), twenty-four (24), twenty five (25) and thirty-six (36) in town of Sanders and thence through the northwest quarter of section one (1), town of Black River, south to and terminating at a point on what is known as the St. Hilaire ditch, as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by chapter two hundred thirty (230) of the general laws of Minnesota for 1905

Dated April 19, 1906.

Lorens Hansen,
Math. Barzen,
J. F. Campbell,
Henry Pope,
Charles Gustafson,
Hogan Hanson,
J. O. Thorstad,
—Petitioners.

(12-16)

Grand Lodge, Grand Encampment Patriarchs Militant and Rebekah Assembly, I. O. O. F. of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minn., June 11-15, 1906.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Minneapolis, round trip tickets for one and one-third fare, dates of sale June 10, 11 and 12, with final return limit of June 16, 1906.

CROOKSTON LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Button's Business College and Shorthand Institute

Crookston, Minn. ☞ and ☞ Wadena, Minn.

OFFERS to take you through a complete course in Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Tywewriting and let you pay for your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after situation is secured for you. It practically costs you nothing because we get you a position where you earn at least $10.00 per month more than you ever earned before. We want 500 students to enter this college during the next three months and make the above unparalleled offer to get them. The courses are:

Normal, Shorthand AND Typewriting,
Music, Commercial,
Preparatory, Telegraphy.

THIS is the only College in the United States that guarantees a good paying position to every graduate. If we don't get you a satisfactory situation you need never pay us one cent

J. A. Button, Principal

Crookston, Minn. ☞ and ☞ Wadena, Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Subscribe for St. Hilaire Spectator.

FAST MAIL TO CHICAGO

On your next trip east why not go as your letter goes? The United States government selects the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

Five daily passenger trains from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago—almost as frequent as suburban train service. These include The Pioneer Limited and The Fast Mail, the two most popular trains between these cities. No extra charge to ride on them. But it is necessary to name your route.

W. B. DIXON
Northwestern Passenger Agent
365 ROBERT STREET, ST. PAUL.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

FARM, ORCHARD & GARDEN

BACK TO THE FARM.

Soon after graduation week
His home he'll hang his hat in;
And give the mule a roast in Greek,
A lashing loud in Latin!

But soon he'll strike
The same old song—
"Gee—haw! Gee—haw!"
And "Git along!"

For nothing classic's in the mule,
Whose hide is far from brittle;
He knows more than is learned in school,
Although he brags but little.

He waltzes to
That same old song—
"Gee—haw! Gee—haw!"
And "Git along!"

ALFALFA MEAL.

"A new move in the development of the alfalfa industry is the organization of a company in Omaha which designs to put alfalfa on the market as a protein food in perfect mechanical form," the circular before us states.

It is further explained in the circular that "alfalfa meal is a mechanical preparation of alfalfa. In making the meal the alfalfa is reduced as fine as flour by special machinery. In the process of curing and reducing the protein element of the plant is all retained and made immediately available to the action of the digestive fluids of the animal. Alfalfa meal contains from 16 per cent. to 20 per cent. of digestible protein. It exists in the combinations nature has made in her most perfect forage plant, and in alfalfa meal it is in the most convenient and perfect form for economical feeding."

The plan of reducing alfalfa to a meal and thereby making it available as a dilutant protein food to use in connection with corn meal, and more particularly, to make it suitable for hogs, poultry and other stock which lack facilities for masticating the alfalfa in its natural state, appears to us to be a strictly logical development.

Alfalfa contains five to eight per cent. more protein than "shorts" and three to five per cent. more than wheat bran, and it would appear to need only the mechanical condition of grinding to make the alfalfa preferred by feeders to either of the others. And in case the "alfalfa meal" as meal meets the favor of the stock men as the known feed value of the plant seems to warrant, it will add an element to the stock food supply which will quite dispose of the wheat bran question. In other terms, if "alfalfa meal" shall succeed a wheat bran famine need never again exist, and the corn grower will have at command an unlimited supply of a dilutant protein food to mix with and balance his corn ration.

HOW MUSTARD ROBS WHEAT.

The plant-foods in the soil consist of certain salts or minerals, as common table salt and saltpeter. Certain of the salts are abundant enough in the soil at any one time to feed the crop for a season or many seasons.

Others, such as saltpeter (nitrate acid) are liberated, become available to the plant, or are rendered soluble, only gradually, that is, there may be enough of the saltpeter in the soil to last a crop only a few weeks. As it is used, more of this food is rendered soluble so that it can be used by the plant.

We have this process going on in the soil during the growing season; the humus or vegetable substance constantly yields a certain quantity of the saltpeter, and the growing plants are at the same time using a portion of this. When the growing crop contains weeds, there are two classes of plants drawing on this food substance.

Nearly all the weeds begin flowering and ripening seeds long before the wheat or flax or corn begins maturing its seeds. Now, a plant that is flowering and ripening seeds draws a greater amount of nutriment or food from the soil, proportionately, than does a plant that is merely putting forth green leaves. The demands of the mustard or French weed upon the soil during June and a part of July is greater and more insistent than an equal amount of wheat or other crop, and its demands must be first supplied.

In other words, the French weed or mustard is taking up the excess of saltpeter as rapidly as it is formed, leaving no surplus food to be drawn upon by the wheat or flax when its time comes to blossom and produce seed.

HILL-SIDE ORCHARDS.

The orchard on the top and sides of a hill must have different treatment from that growing on the level or gently-sloping land. The latter may be cultivated annually. The hill orchard cannot be cultivated, as that would result in disastrous washing during heavy rains. One object in putting an orchard on a rather steep hill is to utilize it in a way that will prevent loss of soil and its fertility by the means of running water. But in the case of the hillside orchard it is not generally necessary to set out the trees on the native sod and leave them to their fate. In many cases, where the soil is composed of heavy clay, drainage is a help. We have seen clay hillsides that would hold water in holes and hollows for a week after a rain. In such soil the excavation made for the tree at the time of setting out will prove a veritable water bowl, in which stagnant water will remain for days to the great detriment of the tree. We call attention to this fact for the reason that many people have the idea that all land with a declivity is naturally well-drained.

The hill orchard will generally have to be kept in sod, but this does not always prevent the use of the spade around the trees. After the ground has become well filled with the roots of the trees it is sometimes advisable to use mulch. This destroys the grass, but does not disturb the soil. To what extent this can be practiced will depend on the conditions of soil, slope of land and rainfall.

HARVEST TIME COMING.

The harvest season is nearing, the time when old mother earth awards prizes for faithful and intelligent work and punishment to the lazy and shiftless. It is to be a fruitful season. The well-headed wheat, oats and barley make a beautiful picture as the fields bend to the summer winds and wave up and down as the billows on a summer sea; the pastures are covered with the snow of the white clover bloom loading the air with a delicate fragrance that minds one of the breath of the crab-apple and plum groves of the spring; the red clover fields are a cardinal red, heavy as seldom ever before, a lordly crop above ground, while they have richly stored the earth with food for a succeeding crop. The crop has fairly reveled in the heat and moisture of June and its green uniformed rank on rank will soon be out with tassel and ear, the golden wealth of a great state. Fruit is abundant, the bees all in the clover surfeited with honeyed richness, young roosters just trying to crow are advertising their fitness for the frying pan and their untimely end, the flowers are all on dress parade, the red of the roses, the royal purple of the wistarias, while the grass is a velvety green. Fine country to live in and fine time to live. "He that goeth forth weeping bearing precious seed shall doubtless return rejoicing bearing precious sheaves." This is the time of rejoicing.

FROG RAISING.

Can you give me any information regarding the raising of frogs for market? Possibly you can refer me to some work on the raising of frogs. We are thinking of starting a frog ranch and would like to gather all data we can before giving it a trial.—J. J. T., Colorado.

Every year or so this "frog ranch" idea is started. It is much like skunk farming! Most of the frogs and all the profits are started by lead pencil in some newspaper office. Thousands of pounds of frogs' legs are sold every year in the large cities. In New York there is a good demand for these "dainties," but so far as we can learn the frogs are caught one by one by people who make a business of hunting them in creeks and swamps, chiefly in northern New York and New England. So far as we can learn there is no such thing as a frog ranch—which we take it is a place where frogs are to be bred and cared for artificially. The scheme will not succeed, largely because the big frogs eat the little ones up and pay no such prices for the privilege as humans will. The United States fish commission at Washington has issued a pamphlet on the frog which is worth reading. We have no desire to start frog farming. The loss that would surely come from it would make croakers out of every one.

CARE IN FERTILIZING ORCHARDS.

It is hard to get the soil too rich, or too full of vegetable matter for the best production of vegetables. With fruits the case is different. To secure the best results on thin land orchards must be fertilized, but it must be done with care and judgment. Excessive applications of stable manure, or other nitrogenous fertilizer, should always be avoided, especially after trees reach bearing age. Such applications induce a rank, sappy growth that makes pear trees much more liable to blight, and will surely cause destructive rotting of the stone fruits. With apples there is less danger, and they may safely be fertilized quite heavily. Excessive wood growth is, however, never desirable in a bearing orchard of any kind. The trees should be carefully watched, and be given such treatment as will give a crop of well-developed fruit; and, at the same time, a moderate growth of well-matured wood. The leaves should always be of a dark rich green, for pinched yellow foliage indicates starvation.

A friend wishes to know when field corn is just right to cut up to go into the silo. There have been some radical changes in opinion on this question during the last few years. We recall when it was thought that special varieties of corn must be grown for this purpose, corn with immense stalks and but few ears, and that this must be cut when full of water, which resulted in a quality of ensilage very like sauerkraut and possessing a loud odor. Experience proved that there was a better method and now it is agreed that the corn should stand in the field until well ripened, the husks and most of the leaves turned in color, which makes, when put in the silo, a sort of dry silage, very fragrant, palatable and nutritious and a far better feed than the old sort.

Such ensilage will often need more or less water to be added to insure compactness and does not have the loosening effect upon stock to which it is fed that the old sort used to have. There is this advantage about the silo—that there is a much longer period of time in which to secure the corn crop when so used than there is in which to save it as cut corn. Then there is absolutely no waste in feeding, against a 33 per cent. waste in feeding corn fodder prepared by any other method.

The adulteration of food seems to have no limit. We thought when they began to adulterate butter with oleomargarine that the business would be profitable enough to the promoters and they would be satisfied to sell that article at least pure. But now they have begun to adulterate the oleomargarine with starch, paraffin and so forth. Next we may expect they will adulterate the starch with something still cheaper. Verily greed is both blind and insatiable. If we allowed these manufacturers of bogus products to have their way we would soon be feeding on sawdust and sand. This all shows the need of pure food laws, both for the state and the nation.

A NIGHT PASTURE.

During the cool of night after the sun's glaring face is hidden and those incessant flies have hidden away for a few moments of rest—this is the time for the over-heated and much-worried dairy cow to do the major part of her pasturing. Many experienced cow men keep the cows in the barn all day and allow them to pasture by night only. By providing good ventilation and darkening the windows with old gunny sacks the flies give comparatively little trouble. Though this is well it is not to be advised unless one is intensively in the dairy business. Then he should give the method a fair trial. Keep account of quantity of milk given by the herd for a week on pasture by day and yard by night and then barn by day and pasture by night for another week, then again for a week same as first week, or, divide the herd equally and alternate the two halves. I think there will be little doubt that the night feeding will show up better than the day, but whether there will be enough difference to warrant the extra labor remains for each man to decide for himself.

EGG-EATING CURED.

Egg-eating is not merely a naughty habit in fowls. It is rather a natural impulse to correct mistakes in feeding. We have never failed to cure the most inveterate egg-eaters, by giving them plenty of albuminous food, in cut green bone, meat, worms, etc., and a sufficient supply of sharp grit in oyster shell, pounded glass or crockery, etc. Sometimes we have seen fowls entirely broken of egg-eating by giving them a supply of ground oyster shell or other gritty stuff alone. Constructing nests in such a way that eggs deposited therein will roll away from the hen and slide through a hole in the bottom of the next, into a drawer underneath, is taking useless trouble, even if the nests are made to work well. Hens do not like to lay in such nests, and will not if they can help it. Furnish all their needs of food, etc., and the hens will not have to try to find unnatural substitutes for their natural requirements.

WHITEWASH FOR THE POULTRY HOUSE.

It is a good plan to whitewash the interior of the poultry house at this season of the year to assist in keeping down lice and vermin that may infest the poultry house during the summer.

We herewith give a good recipe for a whitewash that may be used outside or inside. It is made as follows: Slake one bushel of good lime in boiling water, keeping it covered while slaking; then strain and add one-half peck salt dissolved in warm water, three pounds brown rice boiled to a thin paste, one-half pound powdered Spanish whiting and one pound clear glue dissolved in warm water. Mix this all thoroughly with the slaked lime and let stand for several days. Apply as hot as possible with a clean brush.

SOIL FERTILITY.

Few soils are so lacking in fertility that they would not grow crops could the mineral plant food which they contain be unlocked and brought into fit condition for use. This important operation, as well as nitrification—or the conversion of nitrogen compounds into the form of nitrates—can proceed only in the presence of moisture. Crops plowed under for green manuring, and barn manures, can be made available only when there is sufficient moisture in the soil. There is a constant movement toward the plant roots to restore the equilibrium, or to make good that use by the plant. This movement of the moisture brings to the roots the soluble plant food.

POLLENIZATION BY BEES.

It has been assumed that the blossome of various fruits are pollenized by the winds as well as by bees and other insects; but now the experiment station authorities throw doubt on the question, and Prof. Waugh states positively that pear and plum pollen cannot be conveyed by the winds, since it is sticky and gummy. Whether the pollen of strawberries and raspberries, grapes and apple blossoms can be conveyed by the wind remains to be seen. Most farmers are positive that the pollen of corn is conveyed by the wind. If the wind does not carry pollen from one fruit blossom to another, we must certainly encourage bees to do this work. Possibly all fruit growers will have to keep bees.

KEEP THE CULTIVATOR GOING.

This is a good year to keep the cultivator going in the cornfield up until the evening of the last day possible. The fields are weedy. The corn is small. The ground in many places is in poor mechanical condition. The abundant rainfall has made the corn root shallow, and dry weather will hurt it. Keep the cultivator going to kill the weeds, to fine the soil, to save the water for the corn—it will probably need it all.

It is a common mistake to supose that eggs kept always in a cold place may be kept indefinitely. It is true that keeping them too warm starts the germs into life, but even then the egg is spoiled quicker and more effectually by being chilled. The germ is sensitive to cold almost from the first. We have known poultry keepers who made a rule to set eggs the day they were laid, and if possible without ever having the warmth which they received from the hen impaired. The necessity of keeping the eggs reasonably warm until they are set is greatest in the early spring months. Many eggs are kept in cold rooms where the temperature at night goes down very near the freezing point. If they are in earthen or metal vessels, which take away the heat from the egg very rapidly, the egg will be worthless for setting long before its shell is cracked by frost. Without doubt many early settings of eggs get chilled in this way. While the weather is cold put under the hen as she will care for and hatch in summer, when eggs will hatch with little more heat than the sun furnishes if covered with something at night to keep them from being chilled.

POSTMASTERS' SALARIES GROW.

Thirty Minnesota Men Receive Increases.

Thirty Minnesota postmasters will get increases in salaries after July 1, following the annual readjustment made by the first assistant postmaster general. The salaries of six will be reduced. Those announced follow:

Chatfield, $1,500 to $1,600; Cloquet, $2,100 to $2,300; Dassel, $1,100 to $1,200; Dodge Center, $1,300 to $1,400; Eagle Bend, $1,300 to $1,400; East Grand Forks, $1,600 to $1,700; Elbow Lake, $1,300 to $1,400; Elk River, $1,200 to $1,300; Ely, $1,600 to $1,700; Eveleth, $2,000 to $2,100; Farmington, $1,300 to $1,400; Fergus Falls, $2,400 to $2,500; Hallock, $1,600 to $1,500; Herman, $1,100 to $1,200; Jackson, $1,600 to $1,700; Jordan, $1,100 to $1,200; Kenyon, $1,300 to $1,500; Lake Benton, $1,200 to $1,100; Lake Park, $1,300 to $1,200; Lanesboro, $1,200 to $1,300; Litchfield, $1,800 to $1,900; McIntosh, $1,200 to $1,100; Mapletown, $1,400 to $1,500; Mora, $1,400 to $1,500; Osakis, $1,400 to $1,500; Preston, $1,600 to $1,500; Anoka, $1,900 to $2,000; Argyle, $1,200 to $1,300; Bagley, $1,000 to $1,100; Benson, $1,800 to $1,700; Biwabik, $1,000 to $1,200; Blackduck, $1,300 to $1,400; Blooming Prairie, $1,300 to $1,400; Cambridge, $1,400 to $1,500; Carlton, $1,100 to $[illegible]200; Chaska, $1,100 to $1,300.

The old settler was telling one of the exploits of his youthful days.

"Me and another feller," he said, "was throwin' dice for a cher'nut sorrel mar.' We had three flings apiece. He flung first. His first fling was sixteen. Then he flung fourteen. Next time he flung eighteen. That was purty hard to beat, but I started in. The first fling I flung, I flung eighteen. The next fling I flung, I flung eighteen. And, by gum, the next fling I flung, I flung eighteen, and flung the mar'! I can prove it by Cy Barker."

Then the other old settler told the story of his having wunst throwed Abe Lincoln, fa'r an' squar', in a rasslin' match—but nobody believed him.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Orson Bucklin, Marietta, Minn., end gate and lifting jack; Oliver Cheverfield, Deer River, Minn., log loader; Olaus A. Dahl, Nash, N. D., fastener for window sash; Samuel D. Felsing, Crookston, Minn., pneumatic stacker; Jean G. Fortier, St. Paul, Minn., card game; Edward A. Holritz, St. Paul, Minn., copyholder for typewriters; Herman Kruse, Campbell, Minn., clevis.

A Grand Thing.

"This new luminous paint is a splendid invention!" declared the fond young papa. "How so?" asked Mr. Newlywed. "Why, you just paint the baby's face with it, and you can see it to give him his bottle without lighting the gas!"

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Woman's Way.

They were talking about the new star in society.

"She never laughs at jokes," said the man.

"Maybe she has no sense of humor," said the woman. And then the conversation languished.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A man's popularity with women is often similar to a cat's popularity with mice.

FAINTING SPELLS

Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, the Remedy Which Actually Makes New Blood.

Anæmia makes the patient short of breath so that there is often a sense of suffocation, sometimes there is a cough and the sufferer seems to be going into consumption, at others there is a murmur of the heart and heart disease is feared. In the following case severe fainting spells were an alarming symptom resulting from "too little blood."

Mrs. George Forrester, of 7 Curtis street, Watertown, N.Y., says: "Some time ago I took a heavy cold and it left me in a very weak condition. I became worse and worse until finally I had anæmia. I lost flesh and appetite, had no color and was subject to fainting spells. Sometimes they would attack me suddenly and I would fall to the floor with hardly any warning.

"I had one of our best physicians, but after he had been attending me about a month without any improvement in my condition, I decided to see what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills would do.

"The pills were well known to me for, about two years before, members of my family had taken them with the best results. I soon found that the pills were just what I needed for I soon began to notice an improvement. After I had taken them a while longer I was entirely cured, and we all believe in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and recommend them highly."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood. They do that one thing and they do it well. Impoverished blood is deficient in red corpuscles. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills increase the number of these red corpuscles and in this way send health and strength to every tissue.

All druggists sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills or they will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Souve Ir of Mark Twain.

A young woman photographer, Miss Jessie Beals, recently went to photograph Mark Twain for a publication. As she was pinning on her hat to depart after the operation Mr. Clemens took note of her action and remarked: "Here, one hatpin isn't enough for any woman. Miss Lyan"—to his secretary—"go and get her one of those hatpins.

Miss Lyan returned, bearing a new style hatpin—one of those with a corkscrew pin and a gun metal head.

"I took some stock in a hatpin factory lately," said Mr. Climens, "and they unloaded some of their product on me. So I'm trying to work it off on my friends."

No envious Flatiron Building gale will ever wrench out Miss Beal's gun metal hatpin. She keeps it laid away in cotton wool for a souvenir.

Her High Criticism.

"Well, all I've got to say," stated the lady with the steel-bowed eyeglass and the determined, set countenance, "all I've got to say about Noah is that I haven't very much of an opinion of him."

"Why, sister Kinfokes,' asked her pastor, with whom she had been discussing the flood and the events connected therewith, "what is the reason for your disliking that noble old patriarch?"

"Reason? Reason enough. Didn't he take his own wife and his three sons and their wives into the ark?"

"Yes."

"And what about his wife's mother, and his sons' wives' mothers? It looks to me as if Noah was another of those fool men who have been prejudiced against mothers-in-law through reading the funny papers."

Self-Denial.

Father—Why don't you work, my son? If you only knew how much happiness work gives, you would begin at once.

Son—Father, I am striving to lead a life of self-denial, in which happiness plays no part. Do not tempt me.

As It Sometimes Happens.

I'll never take a girl to the ball game again."

"Kept too busy explaining the game, eh?"

"No; I was kept too busy explaining my ignorance of the game."

BOUGHT CARGO OF FLIES.

Strange Consignment Sent From Brazil to London.

One of the strangest cargoes a vessel could possibly have was unloaded at the London docks toward the close of March. It consisted of several sacks filled with dried flies, consigned to a large firm of grain merchants. These flies, originating in Brazil, have been purchased for use in the manufacture of food for chickens, cage birds and the like. They were caught on the River Amazon by Brazilians, who travel up the river in flat-bottomed boats, and who are provided with gauze nets, with which they capture these insects in millions, as flies hover in dense clouds over many of the swampy reaches of the Amazon.

The flies thus caught are killed, dried in the sun and then placed in sacks. Upon arrival in London they are mixed with millet and other grain, and are sold as chicken food, etc. Some time ago the Brazilian government, fearing that the fish in the Amazon river would be starved, forbade the exportation of flies; hence the price of this strange commodity, which used to be 6d. per pound, has now risen to 1s. 6d. per pound and often a little more.

A Transparent Fiction.

The late Clarence H. Clark of Philadelphia had one of the finest private libraries in the world. Mr. Clark was an authority on incunabula and on first editions.

A Philadelphia auctioneer once submitted to Mr. Clark a copy of Dicken's "Little Dorrit." The auctioneer said that the owner of the book claimed that it was a first edition, and he wished to know if the man spoke the truth.

Mr. Clark examined the work. Then with a smile he said:

"The owner spoke the truth to the same extent as a friend of mine once did on his honeymoon.

"Starting with his bride on the honeymoon my friend entered a railway office, and, as always in the past, bought only one ticket.

"The bride noticed the oversight at once.

"'Why, you only bought one ticket, dear,' she said.

"'By Jove!' the fellow answered. 'I forgot all about myself.'"

The Favorite's Chances.

Senator La Follette was displeased with an answer that had given to one of his questions.

"That is a most unsatisfactory answer," he said. "It tells no more than the answer of the young lady at the races.

"The races were crowded. The young lady had a place where she could see well, but her escort, from his place, could see nothing.

"And, at the most exciting point of the principal race, the young man cried excitingly:

"'Can you see if the favorite's in front?'

"'It's in front at one end,' the young lady replied, 'but I can't tell which end it is.'"

Almost any woman will believe a story that has a scandal attached to it.

A CRITICAL PERIOD

INTELLIGENT WOMEN PREPARE

Dangers and Pain of This Critical Period Avoided by the Use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. A. E. G. Hyland

How many women realize that the most critical period in a woman's existence is the change of life, and that the anxiety felt by women as this time draws near is not without reason?

If her system is in a deranged condition, or she is predisposed to apoplexy or congestion of any organ, it is at this time likely to become active and, with a host of nervous irritations, make life a burden.

At this time, also, cancers and tumors are more liable to begin their destructive work. Such warning symptoms as a sense of suffocation, hot flashes, dizziness, headache, dread of impending evil, sounds in the ears, timidity, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and inquietude are promptly heeded by intelligent women who are approaching the period of life when woman's great change may be expected.

We believe Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the world's greatest remedy for women at this trying period.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound invigorates and strengthens the female organism, and builds up the weakened nervous system as no other medicine can.

Mrs. A. E. G. Hyland, of Chestertown, Md., in a letter to Mrs. Pinkham, says:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

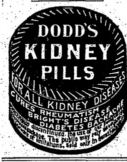
"I had been suffering with a displacement for years and was passing through the change of life. I had a good deal of soreness, dizzy spells, headaches, and was very nervous. I wrote you for advice and commenced treatment with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as you directed, and I am happy to say that all those distressing symptoms left me, and I have passed safely through the change of life a well woman."

For special advice regarding this important period women are invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass She is daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years has been advising sick women free of charge. Her advice is free and always helpful to ailing women.

Chief of Police Dramatic Censor.

To the classic city of New Haven now belongs whatever glory attaches to the distinction of having formally established a censorship of her theaters, with the chief of police for chief censor, who is authorized by law to pass upon all theatrical performances in that city, and to order their discontinuance whenever he may see fit to do so. It looks like locating a rather delicate responsibility on an official whose acquaintance with the dramatic art may fairly be assumed to be somewhat limited, assuming that he is of the ordinary chief of police caliber. This New Haven enforcement will be watched with interest, if not anxiety, by theatrical people everywhere. And it wouldn't be surprising if New Haven became the butt of many a flinty joke on the stage.

OKLAHOMA PUBLIC LANDS Half Million acres rich Government Lands, near Lawton, opened by Congress for Homestead Settlement this Summer. Get a Home in Sunny Southland; five years to pay. Maps, complete information regarding Opening, Homesteading, Terms, etc., fifty cents. CATRON & CO., Lawton, Okla.



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CURES
Because It is Made to Cure
Colds, Coughs, Croup
Bronchitis, Tonsilitis,
Burns, Bruises,
All Muscle
Soreness. 25 and 50c.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

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A Certain Cure for Tired, Hot, Aching Feet.
DO NOT ACCEPT A SUBSTITUTE.
This signature Allen S. Olmsted on every box.
FREE Trial Package. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

AUTOMOBILE
—FOR SALE—
Model C Ford—double-opposed cylinders, 10 h.p., four to five passengers, just as good as new—cost $1,000 last August, will sell for $700 cash.
JOHN J. DOBSON,
1008 Pioneer Press Bldg. St. Paul, Minn.

YOU CANNOT
CURE
all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions of the mucous membrane such as nasal catarrh, uterine catarrh caused by feminine ills, sore throat, sore mouth or inflamed eyes by simply dosing the stomach.
But you surely can cure these stubborn affections by local treatment with
Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic
which destroys the disease germs, checks discharges, stops pain, and heals the inflammation and soreness.
Paxtine represents the most successful local treatment for feminine ills ever produced. Thousands of women testify to this fact. 50 cents at druggists.
Send for Free Trial Box
THE R. PAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.

THE DAISY FLY KILLER destroys all the flies and affords comfort to every home. One 10c. box lasts the entire season. Harmless to persons. Clean, neat and will not soil or injure anything. Try them once and you will never be without them. If not kept by dealers, sent prepaid for 20c. Harold Somers, 149 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N.Y.

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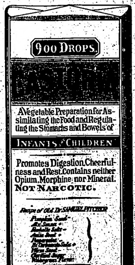
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.



900 DROPS

AVegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 DOSES — 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

ESTABLISHED 1879
Minneapolis WOODWARD & CO. GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth
Orders for future delivery executed in all markets.

FORCE PASSAGE OF PURE FOOD LAW

PRESIDENT, BY VETO OF AGRICULTURAL BILL, CAN COMPEL ACTION.

PACKERS BEGIN WAR ON FILTH

FRANTIC EFFORTS TO CLEAN UP CONFESSION OF TRUTH OF CHARGES.

Chicago, June 7. — A Washington special to the Chicago Tribune says: By making public the Neill-Reynolds report showing indescribably filthy conditions to exist in the packing houses in Chicago, President Roosevelt struck a blow which will mean not only effective legislation for the regulation of the meat traffic of the country, but the passage of a general pure food bill by the house.

The Neill-Reynolds report described conditions which are nauseating when read, and are belittled only in the agricultural committee room of the house where Representative Wadsworth, chairman of the committee, cattle broker and oleomargarine champion, has his headquarters.

PACKERS WAR ON FILTH.

Government Reports Cause Hasty Action to Clean Up Plants.

Chicago, June 7.—One of the immediate effects of the president's disclosure of packing house conditions is seen in a frenzied attempt in at least three of the big plants to remedy the conditions condemned in the report. Practical confession of the truth of the criticisms is seen in the hurried manner in which toilet arrangements are being renovated, floors cleaned, walls scraped, light and ventilation improved. The surroundings of the workers in these three plants were improved 50 per cent in one day.

Frantic Efforts to Clean.

It was said that the packers knew of the report Sunday night, and that early in the morning gangs of men were taken from their work and placed at various cleaning and whitewashing jobs in preparation for the throngs of visitors who were sure to come.

The general manager of one big plant spent the morning in a downtown plumbing establishment, picking out the latest sanitary plumbing.

Order Men to Wash.

Besides renovating the plumbing, the packing companies put up a variety of signs all over the plants enjoining cleanliness. One of these was in red letters as follows:

"Keep Clean—Foremen Must See That Employes Wash Hands and Keep Clean."

Another new rule posted conspicuously was that forbidding the use of tobacco in all food-producing rooms.

Slaughtering by City.

Impelled by disclosures at the stock yards, Mayor Dunne has announced a new municipal ownership project.

He declared himself in favor of the city owning a slaughtering plant, where the packers would be compelled to kill their cattle and prepare the meat for sale to the public, under strict municipal supervision.

DISORDER IN RUSSIAN DOUMA.

Cabinet Ministers Interupted by Cries of "Resign," "Resign."

St. Petersburg, June 7.—A remarkable scene of disorder in the lower house of parliament marked yesterday's debate on the agrarian question, which was taken up owing to the delay in the presentation of the report on the draft of the law providing for the abolition of the death penalty.

Assistant Interior Minister Gurko, speaking in behalf of Interior Minister Stolypin, and M. Stichinsky, minister of agriculture, attempted to continue their arguments against socialism begun June 1, but their speeches were continually interrupted by cries of "resign," "resign."

Throughout the debate a steady undercurrent of obstructive noises drowned the voices of the officials. The demonstration, which was organized by the Radicals, continued until the ministers ceased speaking, though Prince Peter Dolgorouskoff, vice president of the lower house, who presided, appealed to the members to remember the dignity of the house and give the ministers the hearing to which they were entitled by law.

Owing to the tumult, Gurko and Stichinsky spoke very briefly.

BLOODY FIGHT IN ABKHASIA.

Tribesmen In Battle With Russian Troops—Many Killed.

Odessa, June 7.—A dispatch from Sukhum reports several serious collisions between government troops and Abkhasians. There were 109 casualties, 27 soldiers being killed or wounded. The troops are now sacking the Abkhasian villages wholesale, the tribesmen fleeing to the hills. Abkhasia is an unruly district of Transcaucasia on the shore of the Black sea, north of Batoum.

Two Killed In Collision.

Cadillac, Mich., June 7. — Charles Wood and William Baker were killed last evening in a head-on collision between a wrecking train and a work train on the Grand Rapids & Indiana railroad four miles south of here.

Draw Knives on Train.

Winnipeg, June 7.—A gang of fifteen Italian laborers boarded a Canadian Pacific train at Aiken's Pit. They refused to pay fare, and with drawn knives forced the conductor to give them a free ride.

"REDS" IN PLOT TO SLAY RULERS

SIXTY SUPPOSED "REDS" ESCAPE SURVEILLANCE AT BALTIMORE.

Wilmington, Del., June 7.—According to a secret service agent at work here, the attempted assassination of King Alfonso and the new queen of Spain is believed to have been a part of an organized attempt by the "reds" to do away with the rulers of the principal countries of the world.

Included in the list, detectives say from information they have obtained, are President Roosevelt, Emperor William, King Edward and the czar of Russia.

Sixty "Reds" at Large.

Monday, when the Washington police and secret service officers found that some sixty supposed Italian anarchists whom the immigration authorities had under surveillance at Baltimore had disappeared, they instituted a vigorous search of near-by cities.

None of the officials could find trace of them in Washington and they believe that five or six have found their way into the Italian quarters here and four or five have gone to Paterson, N. J. Philadelphia, Newark and New York also are under constant surveillance by detectives of the immigration bureau.

INVESTIGATION IS ORDERED.

Necessity for Presence of Troops at Mines to Be Investigated.

Dillonvale, Ohio, June 7.—With a total of about 1,150 members of the Ohio national guard, comprising the pick of two regiments of the state militia, on guard, quiet reigns in this and other mining villages of this section. The troops began arriving at an early hour yesterday and the main body of them now are bivouacked on the hills surrounding the Bradley mine, the property of the United States Coal company, one and one-half miles south of Smithfield. The soldiery is under the immediate command of Brig. Gen. B. C. Speaks, who has established headquarters just outside the mining village of Bradley.

Orders Investigation.

Columbus, June 6. — Adjt. Gen. Hughes yesterday afternoon instructed Maj. Gen. Speaks, who is in command of the militia sent to the Eastern Ohio mines to preserve the peace, to make a thorough investigation of the situation at the mines with a view of determining the extent to which conditions demand the presence of troops. The adjutant general received information yesterday afternoon which convinced him that the state was fully justified in sending troops.

Consider Wage Scale.

The proposition made by the Ohio operators to submit the question of wages in the Ohio mines to arbitration will be considered to-day by the miners in state convention. The joint scale committee adjourned yesterday afternoon to give the miners an opportunity to submit the proposition to the convention.

GRAIN ROADS ARE ACCUSED.

La Follette and McCumber Want an Investigation—Cassatt Not Called.

Washington, June 7.—Senators La Follette and McCumber yesterday introduced resolutions providing for investigations of the close relations said to exist between the grain carrying railroads and the elevators of the Middle West. It is alleged by both senators that railroad officials own or control all the elevators at distributing points and juggle the grading of grain in such a way as to give the shippers low prices and sell it at high prices for their own benefit.

The points chiefly complained of are Superior, Wis., Duluth and Minneapolis.

The McCumber resolution provides for an investigation as to other shipping and receiving points, including New York, Baltimore and the leading business centers.

Cassatt Not Called.

Philadelphia, June 7.—Contrary to expectations President Cassatt of the Pennsylvania railway did not appear before the interstate commerce commission yesterday when it resumed its investigation of the alleged connection of railways with the soft coal and iron interests. Commissioner Clements said the investigation had not reached the stage that demanded the testimony of Mr. Cassatt, and he was unable to say when his appearance would be required by the commission. The New York Central railway, the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg railway and the Baltimore & Ohio railway were under investigation yesterday.

The day's proceedings brought out no revelations of a sensational nature.

NINE CARS ARE DITCHED.

One Man Killed in Wreck at Laurel, Mont.

Billings, Mont., June 5. — A train wreck occurred last night at Laurel, about twenty miles from this city, and nine cars of the train, which was a mixed one, went into the ditch. One man, Frank Hubbard, aged thirty years, was killed and two others were injured. The wreck was caused by a brake beam falling from one of the freight cars across the rails. None of the passenger coaches left the track.

Fireman Is Killed.

Duluth, Minn., June 5.—The Omaha road's Twilight Limited that left Duluth for St. Paul at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, met with a serious accident at Superior Junction, Wis., and as a result, the fireman, Harry Meltje of Deer Park, Wis., is dead, and the engineer, John Buckley, is suffering from severe scalds. The express messenger, Edward Pears of Duluth, was slightly injured. The train was in charge of Conductor Kelly. The engine and combination baggage and smoking car are in the ditch.

NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST

TWO STATES ARE HIT BY CYCLONES

MINNESOTA AND WISCONSIN SUFFER FROM SEVERE WIND STORMS.

LOSS OF LIFE IS RUMORED

VICINITY OF NORTH BRANCH IS SCENE OF RUIN—MAN KILLED AT STODDARD.

North Branch, Minn., June 7.—At 5 o'clock last evening a funnel-shaped cloud appeared in the southwest, which proved to be cyclone moving north, and appeared to be moving direct for this place, but fortunately about two miles south of town it took a turn and moved in a more easterly direction, passing half a mile east of here.

The path of the cyclone is about 500 feet or more wide. The wind has laid everything bare in its way, even cutting the grass as if it had been mowed with a scythe, and stripping the bark from small bushes and uprooting trees.

Stream Carried Away.

Ben Legoo and three other men were in the path of the storm and took refuge under a bridge crossing a small stream, where the water was three feet or more deep. The bridge was taken from over their heads and the cyclone also took all the water from the stream, leaving the bed of the creek perfectly dry. All the men were slightly injured.

The twister played some queer pranks on Charles Strait's place. All the buildings were blown down. The barn was lifted completely, leaving the horses without cover, but none the worse for their experience. At Mr. Magnuson's farm all the buildings were destroyed. Magnuson and his family saved themselves by taking refuge in a root house.

May Be Dead in Debris.

The Engdahl residence, located at Pine Island, three miles northeast of town, was destroyed, and it has been reported that Mr. Engdahl, Sr., was killed. No other member of the family was fatally hurt.

The cyclone apparently moved in an easterly direction after it passed here, and much alarm is felt as to the safety of Sunrise, a small inland town eight miles from here. There is no way of getting information from that point, all telephone wires being down.

Damage Is Great.

Undoubtedly a great deal of property has been destroyed, and perhaps a number of lives lost that has not been reported, as it is known, as it is known that the cyclone covered a stretch of territory at least fifteen miles in length.

Word has just reached here from Fish Lake, a country village six miles northwest from here, that a cyclone passed there yesterday afternoon, destroying several barns and outbuildings, and also moving two buildings from their foundation.

Two Cyclones Merge.

Wyoming, Minn., June 7.—Late yesterday afternoon a cyclone coming from the west in the direction of Lindstrom met another cyclone of like force coming from the south in the neighborhood of J. H. Saur's South side dairy farm about a half mile south of Wyoming, passed through the village, and then the two storms merged, went north, doing a great deal of damage to property. The wind destroyed many small buildings and moved some of the larger dwellings.

Under Heavy Weight.

Henry Funk's house and barn were utterly ruined, and his son was found pinioned under a cook stove and a mass of timbers about 200 feet from where the house originally stood. He was severely cut and bruised about the head, and his nose was broken.

May Be Saved.

Dr. Porter of Forest Lake was immediately called and after dressing the wounds said there was ground for hope of recovery.

Linwood reports the La Duc stock farm buildings are totally destroyed, with loss of stock and mechinery.

Leveled by Tornado.

La Crosse, Wis., June 7.—One man, Halvor J. Halvorson, was killed, four other persons were seriously injured, and ten buildings were leveled by a tornado near Stoddard, Wis., last night. The storm swept over La Crosse and also did much damage at Leon, Wis.

Sweeps Through Valleys.

The hurricane centered, apparently, one and one-half miles east of Stoddard, Vernon county. It passed up Coon valley and Mormon coulee, striking Stoddard and Brinkman most heavily.

Telephone communication is crippled and telegraph wires are down toward the south.

In La Crosse there was considerable damage, though no one was injured.

Cell for Yankee "Con" Men.

London, June 1.—At the Old Bailey yesterday Harry Samuel Simons and Franklin Everhart, Americans, were found guilty of conspiring to obtain large sums of money by fraud. Both were sentenced to hard labor.

Britain Loses Battleship.

London, June 1.—It is feared the British navy will lose one of its best vessels, the battleship Montagu, which struck on the rocks at Lundy island Wednesday. Late reports say it is not likely to be refloated.

NAME STATE TICKET.

South Dakota Republicans Pick Crawford for Governor.

Sioux Falls, S. D., June 7. — The Republican state convention last night nominated the following ticket:

For United States Senator—Robert J. Gamble.

For Congress—Philo Hall, Brookings county; Col. W. H. Parker, Lawrence county.

For Governor—Coe I. Crawford, Beadle.

For Lieutenant Governor—Howard C. Shober, Hyde.

For Treasurer—C. N. Cassill, Lincoln.

For Secretary of State—D. D. Wipf, Hutchinson, present incumbent.

For Attorney General—W. S. Clark, Spink.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction—Hans A. Ustrud, Minnehaha.

For Auditor—John Herung, Campbell.

For Commissioner of Schools and Public Lands—O. C. Dockken, Duell.

The platform demands an anti-pass law, the forbidding of the use of telegraph and express franks except by employes; abolishment of lobbying before the legislature; a primary election law; an amendment to the federal constitution for the election of United States senators by direct vote; abolishment of the practice of corporations contributing to campaign funds of political parties, and that corporations be entirely eliminated from politics.

DROPS DEAD ON PLATFORM.

Auctioneer Dies at Opening of New Pavilion.

St. Paul, June 7.—While Gen. M. D. Flower, president of the St. Paul Union Stock Yards company, was making an address during the ceremonies attending the opening of the new live stock pavilion at South St. Paul yesterday afternoon, Col. Francis Livingston Pruyne of Chicago, a well known horseman who had been engaged to conduct the horse auction, was suddenly stricken with heart failure and died within five minutes.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY BARRED.

Judge Admits Affidavit of Prejudice in Murder Trial.

Black River Falls, Wis., June 7. — In a special term of circuit court being held here, an affidavit of prejudice was filed against District Attorney F. J. Reichenbach by C. A. Franks, who is on trial charged with attempt to murder. Judge O'Neill allowed the certificate and Reichenbach is barred from the case. It is the first case of the kind in the county. C. F. Hille was chosen to prosecute the case.

RAIN OVERDOES IT AS BLESSING.

Expert Says Minnesota Crops Can Stand No More.

Winona, Minn., June 7.—If there is no more rain in the territory along the North-Western road in Minnesota and South Dakota for several weeks the season of 1906 will break all records for a banner crop, of course providing there is not great damage by storms later. But if there is more rain crops will be damaged, and the extent of the damage will depend upon the amount of excess moisture.

Girl Dragged by Riding Horse.

Faulkton, S. D., June 7.—Leah Pettit, daughter of a farmer of this town, is in a serious condition as the result of an accident she sustained while riding horseback. She was driving cattle and was thrown from her horse, which stumbled. Her foot caught in the saddle and she was dragged a considerable distance by the frightened animal before she was rescued from her perilous position. When the horse was stopped the girl was found to be unconscious. Her head was seriously crushed and her recovery is doubtful.

Boy Bears Charmed Life.

Preston, Minn., June 7.—While he was trying to get at a bird's nest in a tall cottonwood tree yesterday the limb broke and threw Glen Smith thirty-eight feet to the ground, shattering his left hip so that he probably will be a cripple for life. The lad is thirteen years old and this is his third narrow escape from death.

Kills Wife and Self.

Eldon, Iowa, June 7. — D. E. Grindell and his wife were found dead in their room in a hotel here yesterday morning. They were members of a traveling troup of actors. From all appearances Grindell killed his wife and committed suicide.

Tears Off Blazing Skirt.

Jesup, Iowa, June 7. — With rare presence of mind, Mrs. Hattie Searles of this place tore off her outer skirt, which had been set ablaze by an explosion of gasoline, and escaped what threatened to be a horrible death.

Died in Jail.

Fargo, N. D., June 7.—Robert Braten of Maddock, this state, died in the city jail, where he was serving a term for drunkenness. Delirium tremens are supposed to have been responsible for his death.

Three Fishermen Drowned.

Marinette, Wis., June 7.—The fishermen who disappeared last Thursday forenoon on Green bay were drowned. Their boat capsized in a heavy squall. The men were T. Nelson, J. Hronek and A. Hronek.

Accidentally Drowned.

Stillwater, Minn., June 7. — Lloyd Crawford was accidentally drowned yesterday morning at Marine. He was standing on a log catching wood with a pike pole at the old mill and fumbled off.

The State Day by Day

NEWS OF INTEREST.

DISEASED MEAT SOLD IN STATE.

Stock Yards Are Dumping Ground for Animals Not Saleable Elsewhere.

There is every reason to believe that much diseased meat is disposed of by unscrupulous stock owners within the State of Minnesota and consumed by the unknowing public.

The reason for this is twofold. First, Minnesota is the natural dumping ground of Western cattle which will not be accepted in Chicago, as this is a transfer and feeding point for stock in shipment. Second, there is practically no inspection of meats by the state and thus it is easy to slaughter and sell sickly stock that will not be accepted in the Eastern market.

On the great ranches of the West disease frequently exists among cattle. The law requires that stock must be fed and watered at intervals in shipment. The Twin Cities are a convenient feeding distance between the Western plains and the Chicago market. Diseased animals are sure to be condemned in Chicago. What is easier than for the stock owners to "cut out" such animals at the Minnesota feeding and transfer point, and sell them at what price the sickly stock will bring? If inspection prevents their slaughter at one point, they are transferred to some nearby slaughtering place where there is no inspection. Once an animal is slaughtered and the carcass dressed detection of disease is almost impossible. No inspection is, therefore, efficient unless made both before and after slaughter.

City meat inspectors spend practically all their time looking at meat when it is dressed and regulating the sanitary condition of retail shops. They do little or nothing toward preventing the use of diseased meat. Their work only reveals tainted meats and an occasionally badly diseased carcass. The executive agent of the live stock sanitary board, created by a recent legislature, does what he can to pick out and condemn diseased cattle, but the law under which he operates was formulated for the benefit of bettering the stock raising business and not for the inspection and condemnation of diseased meats.

TRI-STATE GRAIN DEALERS.

Officers Elected and Some Important Resolutions Passed.

At the closing meeting of the fifth annual convention of the Tri-State Grain Dealers' association, composed for the most part of elevator companies in Minnesota and South Dakota, but also including a number of firms in Nebraska, held at Minneapolis, officers were elected for the ensuing year as follows:

President, A. E. Crandall, Mankato; vice president, J. M. Bennett, Flandreau, S. D.; secretary-treasurer, J. J. Quinn, Minneapolis; governing board, A. A. Truax, Mitchell, S. D.; William Forsaith, Hadley, Minn.; E. P. St. John, Clear Lake, S. D.; George H. Shanard, Bridgewater, S. D.; George A. Tate, Balaton, Minn., and H. H. Nimthorn, Bradley, S. D.

Resolutions were passed providing for a uniform set of seal numbers for the elevators and the elevator companies in order to avoid trouble and confusion; requesting the railroad companies to reduce rentals charged for the land along their tracks, which is occupied by the elevators of the association; expressing appreciation of the action of those railroad companies who have adopted the new style of grain cars for the elevator use, and thanking Prof. Bull and others, who have given the association the benefit of the largest scientific ideas concerning grains and their handling.

The secretary's official report of membership showed a remarkable growth during the past year, the total number of elevator companies enrolled being 921.

PRIOR LAKE HAS NEW SPRING.

New Feature Added to Advantages of Grainwood Resort.

A boiling spring in the bed of Prior lake, not far from the Grainwood summer resort, has been discovered. When described as "boiling" reference is made to the turbulent state of the surface water of the lake where it bubbles up rather than to the temperature.

The spring is about 500 feet from the shore. Up to two years ago, until the cycle of wet years recommenced in Minnesota, that part of Prior lake where it is located was not covered with water, but now there is water there to a depth of about twelve feet. The spring water can be seen issuing from the bottom of the lake and rising upward to the surface as a straight white shaft, seemingly a foot in diameter. At the top the surface of the lake bubbles up to a height of a foot or so.

STATE ACCEPTS BOND ISSUE.

The state has accepted the Bemidji bond issue and proposes to loan to the citi $25,000 to be used for the following purposes: $10,000 to take up outstanding warrants; $8,000 as a permanent improvement fund and $7,000 for a permanent improvement revolving fund. The last two funds will be used for the construction of a sewer system and the work will commence as soon as the money is received from the state treasurer.

STATE'S MAY INCOME.

Receipts From All Sources During Month, $333,159.

The state treasury receipts from all sources during May were $333,159. Of these $156,377 was from stumpage, $33,360 from land collections, $15,203 from grain inspection, $33,854 from the state institutions, $22,087 from insurance taxes, $11,851 from inheritance taxes, $19,457 from telegraph taxes, and $11,149 from state taxes.

SOME MONEY IN ITS PURSE.

State Has Cash Balance of Nearly $400,000.

The state revenue fund is now down below $400,000, which is the lowest it has been since the railroad taxes were paid last winter, and probably the lowest it will be until next fall. The monthly statement issued by State Treasurer J. H. Block shows a balance in the fund of $376,996, against $533,936 a month ago. A year ago at this time there was a deficit in the revenue fund amounting to $163,886.

"I think the report shows the state finances to be in excellent condition. It shows almost $400,000 cash in the revenue fund, and the June tax settlements will bring in about $800,000. There is about $100,000 due on inheritance taxes. This may not all be paid before the close of the fiscal year, but if it is, together with the miscellaneous receipts, if we deduct for the running expenses, we shall close the fiscal year at the end of July with a cash balance of $700,000. Last year we closed the fiscal year with an overdraft of $444,000 in the revenue fund.

"The trust funds are all in good condition. The permanent school fund, in spite of large loans that have been made to counties, towns and school districts, has over $200,000 to the good, and the other trust funds, the permanent university, the state institutions and the swamp land funds, have an additional $60,000."

There is no way of estimating how much the inheritance tax will bring the state each year. The tax has bee been in force a little over a year, and the law provides that the tax shall not be due until a year after the death of the party. But although none of the taxes has been due until a couple of weeks ago, there has already been paid into the treasury nearly $100,000. A safe estimate will make the annual tax over a half million.

The balances in each fund at the end of may's business are given in the treasurer's statement as follows:

Revenue fund, $376,996.40; soldiers' relief, $20,891.28; agricultural college, $219,222.11; funding tax, $110,213.12; permanent school, $208,404.54; general school, $17,319.77; permanent university, $13,913.82; general university, $1,478.50; internal improvement, $24,561.93; internal improvement land, $47,392.03; internal improvement land fund interest, $5,796.43; state institutions, $28,226.30; state institutions fund interest, $68,045.07; swamp land, $17,345.33; swamp land fund interest, $7,394.67; grain inspection, $74,978.35; hay inspection, $1,635.86; total cash, $1,243,810.71.

HORSES AT FAIR.

Department Will Be Better Than Ever This Year.

One of the divisions of the Minnesota State fair which will profit this year by the erection of the new amphitheater will be that devoted to horses. The amphitheater will give exceptional opportunities for the display of the horses while being judged. There will be admirable facilities for comparison, and whatever the weather may be the owners of the animals will be sure of a large and appreciative audience.

Every detail of the department is being worked out carefully by W. G. Patterson of Worthington, who is superintendent. Under his advice the premium list for horses was carefully revised and is now the largest and finest group of prize offers ever made by any fair in the world. A total of $5,317 is found in the list of premiums divided among the standard strains and classes of saddle, harness, trotting and draft horses, as well as ponies and jacks.

STATE GETS MONEY.

The state treasurer has received from the board of control $14,265.21 for twine receipts at the state prison during the last month and $7,988.19 for other receipts at the prison.

A payment of $760.55 was received from the federal government for expenses incurred by the state during the Spanish-American war. The state's total amount of claims against the government was about $191,000, and at one time about $163,000 was allowed and a small amount later, but the state still has about $27,000 which has not been allowed. The expenses of the hospital train ordered by Gov. Clough to bring home the sick soldiers from the Southern field hospitals account for a larger part of the rejected claims. The acts of congress do not authorize their payment, but efforts are being made to pass a bill to reimburse the state.

Banks Pay State Taxes.

The state banks of Minnesota, of which there are 420, have been requested by Public Examiner Kerst to send their annual tax before July 1. This annual fee from the banks runs in amounts from $10 on banks having capital not exceeding $50,000 to $75 annually on state banks having $600,000 capital or over. Trust companies must also pay an annual fee of $25 on $100,000 capital to $75,000 on $500,000 capital or over.

Sends Out Call.

The Democratic state central committee will meet June 21 at the Merchants hotel, St. Paul. The call has been issued by Chairman F. A. Day. The sentiment seems to be for an August convention.

Stamp Sales Grow.

The receipts at the St. Paul post office for May were $71,857.56, as against $67,860.74 for May, 1905, a gain of $3,996.82.

Congress.

Resume of the Week's Proceedings.

Thursday.

Washington, June 1. — The senate yesterday passed the Knox immunity bill and the omnibus lighthouse bill with practically no debate, passed the military academy bill, and was only prevented from passing the employers' liability bill by a motion at 2 p. m. to go into executive session. Most of the afternoon was devoted to consideration in executive session of the nomination of Judge James Wickersham to be judge of the United States circuit court for the district of Alaska, but he was not confirmed.

The Democrats of the house resumed their filibustering tactics yesterday and demanded roll calls on every possible parliamentary point. Notwithstanding these tedious delays the house passed the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill, carrying an appropriation of $2,734,369.

Friday.

Washington, June 2. — The senate yesterday passed the bill regulating the liability of railroad companies for injury to employes, but Senator Daniel gave notice of a motion to reconsider, which, if it prevails, will have the effect of again bringing the question before the senate for consideration.

The remaining time of the open session was devoted to a speech by Senator Morgan in support of the assertion of American control in the Isle of Pines, and to a discussion of the resolution prescribing a policy for the government in the purchase of supplies for the Panama canal. Senator Stone opposed the amendment as useless and attacked the president as weak and wavering in policy.

Saturday.

Washington, June 5.—In practically all essential details the conferees on the railroad rate bill agreed to the measure as it was passed by the senate. The report was signed at about 4 o'clock p. m. Saturday, and almost immediately presented to both houses. It shows that the senate receded from six amendments, two of which merely change the numbers of sections, while twenty-eight of its amendments were retained verbatim, and the remaining seventeen amendments were redrafted and returned under different phraseology.

Senator Tillman, chairman of the senate conferees, gave notice that he will urge prompt action on the report in the senate. As soon as disposed of there it is safe to say it will be acted upon by the house with the utmost dispatch.

Monday.

Washington, June 5.—Peace spread its pinions over the house of representatives yesterday, the leader of the minority, Mr. John Sharp Williams, being willing to call off the forces of opposition now that the report of the conferees had been made on the statehood bill.

It being suspension day a number of bills both of local and national interest were passed with little or no debate. The house being officially notified by the senate of the death of Senator Gorman of Maryland, Mr. Talbot (Md.) presented resolutions of condolence, and after the appointment of representatives to attend the funeral services the house, as a further mark of respect to the late senator from Maryland, adjourned.

Wednesday.

Washington, May 6. — The senate yesterday passed the naval appropriation bill and also gave considerable attention to the conference report on the railroad rate bill. The only important amendment made to the naval bill was one requiring the secretary of the navy to submit the plans of the proposed big warship to congress before proceeding with its consideration. The bill carries a total appropriation of $103,117,670.

There is no doubt that the rate bill will be sent back to conference. Senator Tillman admitted there was some changes in conference which could not be justified under the rules, but said they had been necessary in order to make the bill harmonious.

In many particulars yesterday was a "red letter day" in the house, not only in the number of bills passed, but in the general character of the legislation enacted. What bid fair to cause endless trouble, the naturalization bill, was passed under suspension of the rules, the speaker and the gentleman in charge of the bill, Mr. Bonynge (Colo.), doing team work of a superior kind.

Rescuer Drowned.

Vincennes, Ind., June 7. — While George Terry, fifteen years old, was attempting to rescue his twelve-year-old nephew from drowning in the Emberras river near here, he was seized with cramps and drowned.

Big Warehouses Burn.

New York, June 7.—A second fire within a space of two weeks yesterday destroyed two more warehouses of the American Cotton Lock company at Tompkinsville, S. I. Loss, $200,000.

Call for Yankee "Con" Men.

London, June 1.—At the Old Bailey yesterday Harry Samuel Simons and Franklin Everhart, Americans, were found guilty of conspiring to obtain large sums of money by fraud. Both were sentenced to hard labor.

Britain Loses Battleship.

London, June 1.—It is feared the British navy will lose one of its best vessels, the battleship Montagu, which struck on the rocks at Lundy island Wednesday. Late reports say it is not likely to be refloated.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 16, 1906. NUMBER 48.

COLE IS NAMED FOR GOVERNOR

CHOICE OF THE REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION AT DULUTH.

SELECTED ON THIRD BALLOT

PLATFORM FAVORS TARIFF REVISION AND DIRECT VOTE FOR SENATORS.

THE TICKET.

Governor—A. L. Cole, Walker.
Lieutenant Governor—A. O. Eberhart, Mankato.
Treasurer—C. C. Dinehart, Slayton.
Attorney General—E. T. Young, Appleton.
Secretary of State—Julius Schmahl, Redwood Falls.
Auditor—S. G. Iverson, Rushford.
Clerk of Supreme Court—C. A. Pidgeon, Buffalo.
Railroad Commissioner—C. F. Staples, West St. Paul.
Chief Justice Supreme Court—C. M. Start, Rochester.

Duluth, June 14.—A. L. Cole of Walker was yesterday nominated for governor by the Republican state convention.

For over an hour the convention balloted, and not until the third ballot did Cole appear to have any decided advantage. He started on the informal ballot with less than 200 votes and increased only a little on the first and second formal ballots.

On the informal ballot Jacobson led with 347; Cole, 192; Block, 181 1-2; Lord, 118; Stephens, 103; Somerville, 87, and Diment 60 1-2.

The four leaders kept gaining and the other three losing throughout the balloting.

On the first formal ballot Jacobson had 367, Cole 232, Block 196 and Lord 124. The second ballot made little change. Then came the third. Jacobson and Cole were both gaining as the list of counties was read. When Hennepin was reached there was a lull and then the chairman announced that the 90 which had been for Block had divided to give Cole 77 and Jacobson 13.

Starts the Stampede.

This started the flare of enthusiasm. Cole was gaining strongly all along the line and Jacobson was gaining a little. The others were losing. Washington, near the bottom, which had been almost solid for Block, threw its 14 votes for Cole.

That started the stampede.

The roll call was finished with difficulty, and as Yellow Medicine announced its vote cries for recognition came from all parts of the hall. Blue Earth was given recognition and threw its 17 votes solid for Cole. Ramsey had been dividing its vote among the seven, but asked to change its entire 64 to Cole. Mower came next with 22, Brown with 10, Le Sueur with 12, Polk with 17 and Sibley with 5.

Cole Is Nominated.

Chairman Sivright declared the ballot closed and the tellers began the counting. Cole had won with 550 votes. The contest was over.

Pandemonium reigned for a few minutes, but subsided while the motion was put to adjourn to 3 o'clock. Nominating speeches were tabooed. The ballots were taken without any nominations being made. Efforts to adjourn the convention were made by the Duluth delegates, but they were fruitless.

After the appointment of the committees a motion for an adjournment was put and lost. Duluth had invited the delegates to take a trip on the naval reserve steamer Fern while the committees deliberated, but the convention was anxious for business. No one would wait for a report of the committee on credentials. There were no contests and the credentials committee was dismissed with a motion to accept the list of delegates whose names were in the hands of the secretary. Another motion to adjourn was made and again lost. Another motion for adjournment could not be made until some business had been transacted.

There was nothing to do but proceed with nominations, which resulted as given above.

Indorse Senator Nelson.

The resolution indorsing Senator Knute Nelson was passed unanimously.

W. W. Sivright of Hutchinson was unanimously chosen for temporary chairman, and later the temporary organization was made permanent.

At the afternoon session A. L. Cole was presented to the convention and received a remarkable demonstration. In a brief speech he thanked the delegates for the honor conferred and promised to lead the party to victory.

Mr. Jacobson was then introduced amid intense enthusiasm. He promised to join hands with Cole and work for the success of the ticket and congratulated the party on the evident harmony which existed.

The Platform.

"We approve and support the distinctive progressive policies of the present national Republican administration as exemplified in the messages, the acts and the achievements of Theodore Roosevelt, and we hereby indorse his consistent efforts to enforce the laws against trusts, monopolies and combinations in the restraint of trade.

"We approve the action of the national administration with respect to the Panama canal, as its construction would prove of the greatest utility in the furtherance of commerce and the world's advancement.

"We believe in free and open competition in all industries as the surest road to the development of our country and our resources, and the protection of private and individual rights. To that end we heartily indorse the action of President Roosevelt and the department of justice in enforcing the law against trusts and combines in the restraint of trade and commerce.

For Tariff Revision.

"The offices of President Roosevelt in effecting the cessation of hostilities between Russia and Japan not only reflects great honor upon this country but will also exert a powerful influence in maintaining the world's peace.

"The Republican party of Minnesota reaffirms the policy of protection to American labor and American industry. It recognizes the fact that no human wisdom can frame a tariff measure adapted to all time and conditions, and that schedules must from time to time be revised, and we believe that the time is now ripe for revision.

"We recognize the necessity of cooperation to meet new conditions in the industrial world and to complete successfully for the world's markets. But the combinations which stifle competition, limit production, control prices or unduly increase profits or values, and especially the necessaries of life, are opposed to public prosperity and should be repressed. We favor legislation—national and state—to prevent such abuses and secure to every citizen a 'square deal.'

Declares for Pure Food.

"The adulteration of foods is a crime against the people, and so therefore we recommend such legislation as will properly safeguard the people against prosecution of all offenders.

"We favor the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people.

"We believe that the same beneficent policy ever advocated by the Republican party in recognition of the services of the old soldiers should be maintained.

"We express anew our confidence in the sterling character, distinguished ability and invaluable public services of the Hon. Knute Nelson and the Hon. Moses E. Clapp, senators from this state.

Renominate Knute Nelson.

"We hereby nominate Hon. Knute Nelson to succeed himself.

"We cannot view without concern the continued exodus from the older counties and the gradual but certain decrease of rural population, and often without any corresponding advantage to the vast and fertile territory in our state still unsettled, and we therefore pledge the Republican party to the adoption of a vigorous and systematic system of state development.

"We hereby pledge ourselves to further promote the development of our landed resources by providing for a comprehensive system of drainage of the state lands and a more effective exploration of their mineral resources and the proper safeguarding of the rights of the state in its mineral lands.

Support Tax Amendment.

"The policy of the Republican party in advancing the industrial interests of the state is witnessed by legislation regulating the inspection of grain, the establishment of a twine plant, the protection of the farming and dairying interests, the drainage of state lands, the encouragement of immigration, the protection of our forests, the education of our youth and the care of the wards of the state.

"We favor the tax amendment to be voted on at the next general election, and we urge the next legislature to revise and improve our tax laws so that all property will contribute its just share to local and state expenditures.

"We favor a reduction in passenger fares to 2 cents per mile, the abolition of discrimination and favoritism in the furnishing and hauling of cars, and such a readjustment of freight rates and charges as will afford to every producer, shipper and consumer the impartial services of these public highways.

"We recognize the value of forestry for this state and recommend legislation to promote reforestation of waste non-agricultural lands wherever practicable.

Honor Semi-centennial.

"We recommend most heartily the proposition to commemorate in 1908 the semi-centennial of Minnesota's admission into the Union.

"We heartily approve the amendment to the state constitution, passed by the last legislature, the purpose of which is to permit market gardeners and farmers to sell or peddle their products to consumers.

"In view of the fact that some other states have established state printing offices, we recommend an investigation by the legislature of the question whether or not the State of Minnesota shall adopt the policy of doing its own printing.

"We favor such laws as will secure better results in the expenditure of road funds, and we favor the proposed constitutional amendment increasing aid for highways.

"We are in favor of all just measures tending to the advancement of the causes of temperance, morality and good government."

BEEF TRUST IS SCORED IN HOUSE

STRONGLY REASSURING STATEMENT FROM COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE.

ACCEPTED RATE CONCESSIONS

ARMOUR, SWIFT, CUDAHY AND MORRIS CONVICTED AT KANSAS CITY.

Washington, June 14.—Members of the house yesterday rushed to the defense of the cattlemen of the country, and some of them characterized the Neill-Reynolds report as "hysterical, hypercritical and sensational."

The beef controversy was started in the house, while the sundry civil bill was under consideration. Representative Mondell of Wyoming, a Republican, was the first to mention the matter.

The bringing in of the controversy was mainly for the purpose of testing the sentiment of the house. The applause which greeted the remarks of speakers criticising the report of Messrs. Neill and Reynolds showed clearly that the sympathies are with the cattlemen.

Every speaker disclaimed any consideration for the beef trust, and all said they were speaking for the cattlemen and farmers, who were declared to be the real losers because of the decline of the prices paid for cattle.

The house committee of agriculture continued its consideration of the Beveridge meat inspection amendment until after 6 o'clock last evening, but did not complete its tentative consideration of all features of the amendment.

The only statement made by the committee was that the country could be assured that the result of the deliberations would be a meat inspection law which would suit the most radical demands in that respect. Final conclusions on the matter, so far as the committee is concerned, will be reached to-day, and the amendment will be reported to the house as a part of the agricultural bill Thursday.

The Beveridge amendment has been modified by the committee tentatively in a number of respects. One of these is to restrict its operations to "continental United States." As originally drawn the amendment was applicable to all of the possessions of the United States.

The date of the labels on canned meat products is not to be required. Neither is an inspection of the product of the small butcher, who may incidentally, by reason of his location near a state line, do an interstate commerce business in serving customers on both sides of the line.

PACKERS GUILTY.

Government's Victory of Unusual Importance.

Kansas City, June 14.—Armour & Co., Swift & Co., Cudahy & Co. and the Nelson Morris Packing company were found guilty in the United States district court here yesterday morning of accepting concessions from the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railway on export shipments on packing house products.

Judge Smith McPherson of Red Oak, Iowa, the presiding judge, stated that sentence would not be assessed until the case against the Burlington railway, which is charged with granting the concession to the packers, is concluded. The Burlington's trial began yesterday afternoon.

The law in the present case provides for a fine of not less than $1,000 nor more than $20,000 for each count.

The cases are those of Armour & Co., Swift & Co., Cudahy & Co. and the Nelson Morris Packing company. They were charged in indictments returned here last December with accepting from the Burlington railway concessions on shipments from the Kansas City plants to New York for export. The cases were consolidated for trial purposes.

The present case bears unusual importance on the list of rebate trials to come up in this court, for it is the first time that any concern has been brought to trial before a jury on a charge affecting export rates as applied to the interstate commerce act. Counsel for the defendants in this trial contended that the court lacked judisdiction, which was overruled by Judge McPherson, and then that when they signed a contract covering the 23-cent rate it was legal, and the Burlington later raised its tariff to 35 cents.

THREE SENTENCED BY COURT.

Horsethieves and Liquor Dealer Admit Charges.

Helena, Mont., June 14.—Three of the men indicted by the United States grand jury pleaded guilty in United States court to-day and were sentenced by Judge Hunt, as follows: Albert Lincoln, horse stealing on an Indian reservation, nine months; John A. Cobell, horse stealing, eleven months; Thomas Doyle, selling liquor to Crow Indians, sixty days and $100 fine.

BURLINGTON FOUND GUILTY

CONVICTED ON FOUR COUNTS OF GRANTING REBATES TO PACKERS.

Kansas City, June 14.—The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway company was found guilty late yesterday afternoon by a jury in the United States district court on four counts of granting concessions on packing house shipments for export to the Armour Packing company, Swift & Co., Cudahy & Co. and the Nelson Morris Packing company. The conviction carries with it a fine of from $1,000 to $20,000 on each count. Judge Smith McPherson, the presiding judge, deferred sentencing the defendant until June 22. All four counts are practically the same. The case of Armour & Co., on which instructions were read to the jury, charged specifically that the Burlington railway on Aug. 17, 1905, accepted a shipment of oil from Kansas City to Liverpool at a rate that included a rate of 23 cents a hundred pounds, Mississippi to New York, whereas the regular tariff at that time was 35 cents.

The jury was out thirty-five minutes.

MAN EATEN BY WOLVES.

Searchers Fail to Find Trace of W. H. Gray.

Duluth, June 14.—The search for W. H. Gray, who has been missing in the woods at Mile Post 61 for ten days, has been abandoned, and the searchers are of the opinion that the man's body has been devoured by wolves. Ten men and a half dozen hounds have been scouring the country in the neighborhood of the place where Gray was seen last, but found no trace of the missing man.

BUYS HOUSE IN GOTHAM.

J. J. Hill Believed to Have Paid Half a Million for Residence.

New York, June 14.—The private house at 8 East Sixty-fifth street, belonging to Mrs. Annie B. Bliss, was bought late yesterday for a residence by James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern Railway company.

It is a modern five-story American basement dwelling on a forty-three-foot lot, and has been held at $500,000. Mr. Hill has been living, when in New York, at the Savoy hotel.

HANGED IN CHURCH BELFRY.

Battle Lake Farmer Uses Bell Rope for Self Execution.

Fergus Falls, Minn., June 14.—Alois F. Gruber, a farmer of the vicinity of Battle Lake, was found hanging in the belfry of the Catholic church here yesterday morning. He was terribly worried over the prospective loss of his farm, which was heavily mortgaged. He spent the night with Father Welp, arose early in the morning and hanged himself, using the bell rope as a noose.

UNION MEN USE IRON BARS.

Beat Non-unionists and One Is Dying in Hospital.

Steubenville, Ohio, June 14.—Structural ironworkers employed at Follansbee, W. Va., came across the river yesterday and a pitched battle between the non-union men and the union forces was fought, with the result that one man is dying and another was seriously beaten.

STONE FROM BLAST KILLS.

Foreman of Asphalt Plant Is Struck in Forehead.

Iowa Falls, Iowa, June 14.—Ed Oakes, foreman at the Barber Asphalt company plant here, was instantly killed. Oakes was in the engine room and while going to another part of the building to adjust a belt was struck in the forehead by a stone, which had been thrown up by a blast.

Indians Held as Murderers.

Sisseton, S. D., June 14.—Maza-howasie and John Bear, Indians living across the line in Day county, are under arrest on charge of murdering the squaw of the former. The affair is said to have been the outcome of a drunken row among the Indians.

Fire Chief Suspended.

Green Bay, Wis., June 14.—Fire Chief William Kennedy was suspended by the city commissioners on the charge of accepting a bribe from Charles Johnson in the purchase of fire appliances.

Forest Fires in Texas.

El Paso, Texas, June 14.—Forest fires are burning in the Sacramento mountains, northeast of El Paso, close to Cloudcraft, a summer resort. Great areas of valuable timber are threatened with destruction.

Greeks and Turks in Battle.

Salonika, June 14.—At Strebling, near Neveska, yesterday, 100 Greeks were surrounded by a superior Turkish force. After a desperate fight the Greeks escaped, leaving of their number 20 killed and 18 wounded. The Turks lost 3 killed and 8 wounded.

Ellen Terry Plans Tour.

London, June 14.—Ellen Terry will make a four months' farewell tour of the United States beginning in January, 1907, under the management of Charles Frohman.

INSPECTION LAW IS COMPLETED

WILL INSURE THAT AMERICAN MEAT PRODUCTS ARE FIT FOR FOOD.

GOVERNMENT WILL PAY COST

VIOLATION OF LAW IS MADE PUNISHABLE BY FINE OR IMPRISONMENT.

Washington, June 14.—A meat inspection provision was completed by the house committee on agriculture yesterday and will be presented to the house for action, probably to-day, which, it is declared by the committee, will insure that American meat and meat products are healthful, clean and in every respect wholesome and fit for food.

The important features of the legislation are that it places the cost of inspection on the government and makes an annual appropriation of $2,000,000 to pay the expenses. It requires a rigid post-mortem and ante-mortem inspection of all animals killed for food.

Government Label.

It requires a government label as a passport for all meat and meat products which enter interstate commerce, and in addition to this label a certificate of purity to the carrier and to the secretary of agriculture for such products which enter into foreign commerce. To secure this label the product must be handled in accordance with sanitary regulations to be prescribed by the secretary of agriculture, who is authorized to employ, without regard to the civil service law, for the first year, an adequate corps of efficient inspectors to supervise the enforcement of his regulations.

Prohibits Preservatives.

It prohibits the use of preservatives or chemicals in the preparation of meat foods which are deleterious to health, and leaves the matter of determining the question to the secretary of agriculture. The label on the product is to indicate the ingredients, but the date of manufacture is not required to be stated.

The sanitary requirements which the secretary is to prescribe and enforce must insure complete sanitation as to all buildings, whether slaughter houses, canning houses or canning establishments.

Penalty Clauses Attached.

There are many penalty clauses attaching to violations of all these provisions. The common carrier is subject to a heavy penalty if he accepts for transportation any goods not bearing the government lavel, or in case of foreign shipment, in addition to the label, not accompanied by the required certificate. The packers are subject to a heavy penalty for false labeling as to contents of packages. Trade names are to be allowed in some cases, in the discretion of the secretary, but in all cases the contents of the package must be stated.

Fine or Imprisonment.

The violation of any of the provisions of the regulations is made a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine not to exceed $10,000 or imprisonment not to exceed two years. There is a special penalty against the bribery of inspectors, being imprisonment from one to three years and fine of from $1,000 to $10,000 for offering a bribe and the same punishment for the acceptance of a bribe on the part of inspectors.

Farmers and small butchers are excepted from the operation of the regulations.

Minority Report.

This conclusion of the committee was reached after three full days of consideration, following the exhaustive hearings held in connection with the official reports regarding conditions in the packing houses at Chicago; the statement of the packers and the representation of the live stock raisers.

The conclusion represents the judgment of nine members of the committee as against seven who preferred the Beveridge amendment, slightly altered.

A minority report will be made to the house by some of the members dissenting.

Schooner Goes Down.

Wilmington, N. C., June 14.—A three-masted schooner, believed to be the E. A. Sabean, 268 tons, with part cargo of coal, was sunk early yesterday morning in seven fathoms of water, about five miles off Cape Fear bar. There are no tidings of the crew.

Farmer Crushed to Death.

Fergus Falls, Minn., June 14.—Halvor Johnson, a farmer living near Henning, was instantly killed while moving a large corn crib from the village to his farm. His team became frightened and the crib tippled over on him.

Brewery Warehouse Burns.

Virginia, Minn., June 14.—Fire of unknown origin caused a loss of $12,000 by the destruction of the large warehouse and barn of the Fitger Brewing company of Duluth.

MUTUAL OFFICIALS INDICTED

FORGERY AND PERJURY AMONG CHARGES AGAINST GILLETTE AND GRANNISS.

New York, June 12.—Indictments for forgery and perjury against Dr. Walter G. Gillette, and for forgery and filing false statements against Robert A. Granniss, both former vice presidents of the Mutual Life Insurance company, were returned yesterday by the special grand jury which has been investigating insurance affairs for the past six weeks. The indictments were returned to Justice Scott in the criminal branch of the supreme court when the jury went before him for dismissal, having ended its labors.

Six indictments were found against Dr. Gillette, five for forgery in the third degree and one for perjury. Mr. Granniss was indicted for forgery and for making false statements to the insurance department, the latter being a misdemeanor.

Both defendants immediately surrendered themselves and were admitted to bail, Dr. Gillette in $10,000, and Mr. Granniss in $5,000, their cases being put over until the first Monday in September.

MINERS REFUSE TO GO TO WORK.

Operators Say Men Were Intimidated by Fusillade Fired by Strikers.

Dillonvale, Ohio, June 13.—The failure of the M. A. Hanna Coal company to induce the striking miners to return to work yesterday morning has aroused the officials to renewed vigor and plans are now pending to start the mines to-day.

The officials claim the attack of Sunday night, when fifty shots were fired by strikers at the tipple house, intimidated the men who intend to work yesterday. Sheriff Voorhees last evening was appealed to by the Hanna company for protection, the declaration being made that the lives of its officials and those who are willing to work will be in danger after the mines are put in operation, and that the property is in danger of destruction. The appeal further says that if deputies are not provided to guard its interests, the authorities will be held liable for any loss that may be sustained.

Guard Strike Breakers.

Supt. Fred Hornickel and assistants say they have a number of men who will go to work to-day, and guards will accompany each workman to and from the works of the company. If the Hanna company's attempt to resume to-day fails, no further effort will be made until Friday, when imported men will be put into the mine.

The Bradley mine has been closed and the attention of the strikers has been transferred to the Plum Run mine. A big demonstration was held by the strikers at Barton yesterday afternoon, and all declared allegiance to the organization.

Ducked by a Woman.

A Bohemian who attended the meeting tried to influence some of the men to return to work. He was roughly handled by the wife of one of the strikers and thrown into a water trough. The woman handled him so roughly that if the strikers had not interfered the fellow would have been drowned. After he gained consciousness he was given thirty minutes to leave town, and he did not wait for the grace to expire.

At Dillonvale the strikers are in an ugly mood, yet say very little.

MAJORITY TO OUST SMOOT.

Minority Report of Committee Takes Opposite View.

Washington, June 13.—The majority and minority reports of the committee on privileges and elections in the case of Reed Smoot of Utah were yesterday presented in the senate, the former by Senator Burrows, declaring that Mr. Smoot is not entitled to his seat, and the latter by Senator Foraker, taking the opposite view. At the same time Senatorr Bailey, who is a membe of the committee, stated that while he concurred in the views of the majority, that Mr. Smoot is not entitled to his seat, he believed that Mr. Smoot could not be unseated under the constitution except by a resolution of expulsion.

Mr. Burrows gave notice that he would call up the case at the earliest possible moment.

NINE MEN ARE DOOMED.

Gasoline Schooner, Disabled by Sea, Goes on Breakers.

Eureka, Cal., June 13.—The gasoline schooner Corinthian, Capt. Atwater, is in the breakers off Humboldt bar. She was disabled by the sea while crossing the bay and drifted on the beach. The nine men aboard of her are believed to be doomed, the lifesavers and tugs being unable to get near her. The lifesavers are trying to shoot a line aboard and have failed.

REBATE CASES DISMISSED.

Court Follows Suggestion of District Attorney.

Kansas City, June 13.—In the United States district court yesterday the cases against the Chicago & Alton and the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railways, charged with granting rebates on export shipments, and against D. H. Kresge, a Kansas City freight broker, charged with conspiracy to obtain rebates for shippers, were dismissed at the suggestion of A. S. Van Vankenburg, the district attorney.

MUTINY SPREADS IN RUSSIAN ARMY

GOVERNMENT UTTERLY INCAPABLE OF COPING WITH DISORDERS.

PEASANTS HAVE OWN WAY

ANOTHER INDUSTRIAL TEMPEST THREATENS TO SWEEP THE EMPIRE.

St. Petersburg, June 14.—Ominous of the government's inability to cope with prospective agrarian disorders is the news which comes from Poltava, one of the richest and most populous farming provinces of Russia, that the governor is daily in receipt of requests for troops for the protection of estates from the peasantry, who have not the slightest fear of the rural guards. The governor will be unable to comply with these requests because the local troops, one regiment of which mutinied on Sunday last, are so infected by the revolutionary propaganda that detachments sent to the villages immediately fraternize with the peasants.

Begs for Fresh Troops.

The governor therefore begs the St. Petersburg authorities to send him fresh troops. The conditions in Poltava with regard to the army probably are widespread. Indeed the army is a frail reed for the government to lean upon, if it rejects parliament's agrarian scheme. The general staff objects, moreover, to furnishing troops for police duty and have refused requests for guards for government liquor shops, which are increasingly subject to attack on the ground that to comply with all these demands would interfere with the strategic necessities of the empire.

Newspapers Suppressed.

Two daily newspaper organs of the revolutionary socialists, the Narodny Vestnik (People's Messenger) and the Isvestia (Peasant), edited by members of parliament, which have been virulently attacking parliament as well as the government, were suppressed by the court yesterday.

An industrial tempest seems to be on the point of breaking at Moscow, whence it may again spread over the empire. A final conference between the employers and the printers whose strike produced the general strike of last October is being held. If it should be fruitless the result would be a lockout of the printers and probably a sympathetic factory strike.

Troops Kill Thirty.

Vladikavkaz, Trans-Caucasia, June 14.—Troops who were summoned to stop fighting in the neighboring villages between Cossacks and Circassians used machine guns and killed thirty men.

STRONG BOX FULL OF COIN.

Government Revenue for the Fiscal Year Closing Breaks Record.

Washington, June 14.—Up to yesterday, with fifteen days of the present fiscal year yet remaining, the customs receipts aggregate $285,351,323, which is nearly $1,000,000 in excess of any other full fiscal year, and the prospect is that by June 30 the excess over any previous year will approximate $25,000,000 and exceed those of last year by at least $40,000,000.

The indications are that on June 30 the internal revenue receipts will be nearly $250,000,000, or $15,000,000 in excess of last year.

CASTRO TO TAKE HOLD.

Venezuelan President Will Resume Office Next Month.

New York, June 14.—A cable dispatch to the Herald from Caracas says: Gen. Gomez will retire on Independence day, the 5th of July, and Gen. Castro will resume the presidency at once. To add to the importance of this announcement Gen. Gomez declares that his esteem and affection for Gen. Castro are unchanged and that all misunderstandings are cleared.

SLASH INSURANCE POLICIES.

Action of Companies in California Will Provoke Trouble.

San Francisco, June 14.—The Call says: Sixty insurance companies agreed, through their agents, at a meeting in Oakland late yesterday to slash all policies 25 per cent. Thirty companies refused to enter into the agreement. Twenty companies are yet undecided. Ten were not present. The names of those signing the agreement are being kept secret.

Anarchists Have Funds.

Madrid, June 14.—The minister of the interior declared yesterday that the sum of $100,000 was lying in the Bank of Spain at the disposition of anarchists, and believed to have been deposited by their political supporters.

President's Uncle Worse.

New York, June 14.—Robert B. Roosevelt, uncle of the president, who is seriously ill at his home in Sayville, L. I., was reported much worse yesterday.

It will Pay

Having a bank account is a good start for a young person toward learning business ways and acquiring business habits. We especially invite the young people to start their account with us.

We will give you one of our

METAL SAVINGS BANKS

that will help you make your account grow.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF ST. HILAIRE

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"

and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of

THE FAMOUS

MATT. J. JOHNSONS 6088

RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE

you are not satisfied with results.

This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.

For Sale and Guaranteed Only by

Imperial Drug Co., St. Hilaire

GET YOUR PICTURE
TAKEN BY
D. COLLINS
THE
Photograper.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

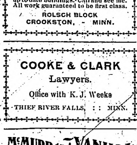
BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT

Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.

ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

McMURRAY'S VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR
A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS



The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, June 16, 1906.

The crop acreage is not large this year but all reports indicate that the crops are looking much better than the average.

The republican ticket nominated at Duluth last Wednesday appears to give universal satisfaction to the republicans, but the democrats don't appear to think much of it.

There is no need of getting excited about the county seat matter. The lawyers only let go to take a new holt and have no intention of letting so good a thing be settled so soon.

The record of Hon. A. L. Cole, the republican nominee for governor, ought to and will make him a popular candidate He has been a persistent and active worker for good roads, drainage, immigration and state improvement. Minnesota needs just such a man for governor who will help to drain and advertise the state and make us all proud of our home, the state of Minnesota.

G. S. PEASE IN ANOKA UNION.

Precious few people in this world of toil and trouble are born with a silver spoon in their mouth, and it is good that they are not. Biographical sketches have demanded recently much of my attention, and I think I can claim authoritatively that the successful men of today are those who have had to work and work hard for what they are. It's the poor boy, the boy who has neither riches nor influence that forged to the head. The boy, who entered the battle of life with ambition to better his condition and it is these, who by hard knocks, privation and determination are filling places of honor and trust.

There are better opportunities right now for our boys than ever in the history of the country. So many gigantic operations are demanding men of ability. Our resources are constantly increasing. There is more to do than there was twenty-five years ago. Big enterprises are being inaugurated constantly, and the demand for men to manage these enterprises is not easily supplied. Let any man demonstrate his worth in certain lines, and he is snatched up as quickly as trout rushes for the fly. My boy, only show that there is good stuff in you and the opportunity for gaining wealth and fame is better, yes, many times better than when I was a boy.

COUNTY OPTION IN TAXATION.

New York is glorying because this year no state tax on real estate will be necessary. Pennsylvania reached this goal in taxation some years ago and cites this fact as proving that it is the richest state in the Union.

It is the same end toward which Minnesota is working by taxing, as is done in those older states, all special privileges. The larger part of the state tax is now from the railroads and other corporations, inheritances, etc. When the time comes that these will produce enough revenue to pay all the state expenses, all direct state taxes can be abolished and the system of the county option in taxation substituted.

Under that system, the conflict in interest between the cities and the country would be ended. The jobbing center, the manufacturing town, these locations that desire to cultivate special interests and the agricultural communities could fix their rates, arrange their schedules and levy their taxes to suit themselves. The problem of direct taxation would become local, bounded in each instance by the county line and no state board of review, or equalization would be needed.

The state taxes would then be similar in effect to the national taxes and the control of taxation by counties similar to the present action by states.—Roseau Region.

For Sale.

Six hives of bees and a spring buggy. Inquire of Mrs. A. Dainard.

—For go-carts go to Holmes Bros.

Of Special Interest to Women.

It is doubtful if any other newspaper in the United States offers so much that is of interest to women and of value in the home as does The Chicago Record-Herald. In the daily issues are to be found a daily pattern suitable for home dressmaking, the daily bill of fare, chatty society news and Mme. Qui Vive's daily features of answers upon beauty topics. On Monday appears "Martha's Management," devoted to household and culinary topics, while short light reading for the whole family is always found on the editorial page. On Friday appears Dr. Withrow's comment on the Sunday school lesson, and through the week will be found crisp reviews in the new books. In the Sunday issue a complete section is devoted to women, containing Mme. Qui Vive's beauty page, "Hints for the Home Dressmaker" by Jeanette Hope, Marion Harland's page, Dame Curtsey's "Novelties in Entertainment," society news and many special articles of interest to women. The Sunday Magazine of The Record-Herald is full of good stories, interesting articles on timely topics, clever verse, wit, humor and miscellany, with many beautiful illustrations. It has the real magazine flavor.

Indications of Long Life.

In the medical world it is a generally accepted fact that every person bears physical indications of his prospects of long life. A long lived person may be distinguished from a short lived person at sight. In many instances a physician may look at the hand of a patient and tell whether he will live or die.

The primary conditions of longevity are that the heart, lungs and digestive organs, as well as the brain should be large. If these organs are large the trunk will be long and the limbs short. The person will appear tall in sitting and short in standing. The hand will have a long and somewhat heavy palm and short fingers. To live long drink golden grain belt beer. Its purity and health giving qualities makes it a food which should be on every table. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, H. A. Johnson, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the 1st day of July, 1906.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows:

On the ground floor of the two-story frame building situate on lot six (6) in block forty (40) of the Original Townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having two outside entrances, one in front and one in rear.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., this 15th day of June, 1906.

H. A. JOHNSON.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Saturday, the 30th day of June, 1906, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

[Seal.]

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Village Clerk.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake, and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Mike Anderson, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1906.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows:

On the ground floor of the two-story building situate on lot ten (10), of block forty (40), of the Original Townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having three outside entrances, one in front, one in side and one in rear.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., this 15th day of June, 1906.

MIKE ANDERSON.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village, on Saturday, the 30th day of June, 1906, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

(Seal.)

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Village Clerk.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Chas. J. Fellman, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1906.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows:

On the ground floor of the two-story building situate on lot fourteen (14), of block thirty-nine (39) of the Original Townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having three outside entrances, one in front, one in side and one in rear.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., this 15th day of June, 1906.

CHAS. J. FELLMAN.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village, on Saturday the 30th day of June, 1906, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

(Seal.)

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Village Clerk.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

..HALL'S..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for
Phillips Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

Notice of Filing and Hearing on Ditch Petition

Notice is hereby given, that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor, of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the board of county commissioners at the office of the county auditor of said county, in the city of Red Lake Falls, on the tenth day of July, A. D. 1906, at two o'clock p.m.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this tenth day of June, 1906.

(Seal)

JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor.

Petition for Public Ditch.

To the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the drainage ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a drainage ditch along the following described route in the towns of Black River and Polk Center in said county of Red Lake, and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminous of said ditch is as follows:

Commencing at the NE corner of the NE¼ of section 8, township 152 north, of range 44 west, following on the south side of the section line west as far as the NW corner of the NE¼ of said section; thence south on the quarter line for one mile between the NW¼ and the NE¼, the SW¼ and the SE¼ in section 8, thence turning west on the north side of the section line between sections 8 and 17 and 7 and 18 as far as to the bridge over Hedlund's creek, thence on the south side of the same section line to the range line between town of Black River and town of Polk Center; thence south on the east side of said range line one-half mile, turning west on the quarter line at the SE corner of the NE¼ of section 13, in township 152 north, of range 45 west, following the quarter line between the NE¼ and the SE¼ and the NW¼ and the SW¼ of section 13 and between the NE¼ and the SE¼ of section 14, township 152 north, of range 45 west and terminating at the SW corner of the NE¼ of section 14, having the creek that flows past said corner of same quarter section as its outlet and terminating at the SW corner of the NE¼ of section 14 same town and range as last named and having the creek near said corner as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such drainage ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter two hundred thirty (230), of the General laws of Minnesota for 1905.

Dated May 29, 1906.

Chas. Johnson,	Adolph Anderson,
Nick Eckstein,	Sven Johnson,
Albert Anderson,	Felix Anderson,
O. Moren,	Wm. Landmann,
Ernst Schneider,	—Petitioners.

(Jn16-30

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Formation of New District.

Whereas, a petition has been filed with the county board of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, signed and acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who reside in the proposed new district herein described, and who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts, and duly verified by the affidavit of one of the residents of said proposed new district, praying for the organization of a new school district out of the territory hereinafter described, to-wit:

Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, in township 153 north, of range 40 west of the Fifth principal meridian, in the township of Highlanding, county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, and the said board of county commissioners have appointed a time and place for a hearing upon said petition as by law required;

Now therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a hearing upon said petition will be had at a meeting of the said board, commencing upon the tenth day of July, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at which time and place the said county board will hear arguments of all persons interested, for or against the proposed organization of said new school district.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this ninth day of June, A. D. 1906.

By order of the county board of Red Lake county, Minn.

{ County Auditor's Seal. }

By JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio Clerk of Board.

Jn16-23

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Daniel Johnson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court,

In the matter of the estate of Daniel Johnson, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to all persons interested in the above entitled matter:

Whereas, Emma Erickson has filed in this court a petition praying for administration of the estate of the above named decedent, and that letters of administration thereon be granted to K. O. Gigstad.

It is therefore ordered, that said petition be heard, and that all persons interested in said matter be and appear before this court on the 2nd day of July, 1906, at 10 o'clock a.m. at the probate court rooms, in the court house, at the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, and then and there, or as soon thereafter as said matter can be heard, show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted, and that this citation be served by the publication thereof in the St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county, according to law.

Witness the Honorable, N. W. Tarrant, judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 6th day of June, 1906.

(Court Seal.)

N. W. TARRANT,
Judge.

J9-30

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz:

Per O. Kjonickson, H. E. No. 21700, for the W½ NE¼ Sec. 33, T. 152 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

John Westerlund, of Plummer, Minn.; N. A. Nelson, of St. Hilaire, Minn.; Emil Just, of Red Lake Falls, Minn.; Gust Christophorson, of Plummer, Minn.

R. J. Montague, Register.

Low Rates to Warren, Minn.

The Northern Minnesota Firemen's Tournament will be held June 26th to 29th, for which occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire, Minn., to Warren, Minn., round trip tickets for one and one-third fare, date of sale June 25th to 27th, with final return limit of June 30, 1906.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.

A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.

GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

ORDINANCE No. 20

On ordinance granting to L. C. Simons, his heirs, successors and assigns, the privileges and authority to erect poles, wires and operating fixtures in the streets, alleys and public grounds of the village of St. Hilaire, Minnesota, for the purpose of operating a local telephone system and exchange therein, upon the terms and conditions herein stated.

THE VILLAGE COUNCIL OF ST. HILAIRE DO ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION I.

That the privilege, permission and authority is hereby granted to L. C. Simons, his heirs, successors and assigns, to erect and maintain in the streets, alleys and public grounds of said village, poles, wires, and operating fixtures necessary and convenient for the purpose of conducting and operating a local telephone system, and telephone exchange in and through said village, and supplying to the citizens of said village and the public suitable communication by telephone; such right and use to be and continue for the term of twenty-five years from the date thereof, and upon the terms and conditions hereinafter stated.

SECTION II.

The location of the poles, wires, lines and operating fixtures and any change therein or extension thereof shall be done under the direction of the Common Council of said village.

SECTION III.

The wires, poles and operating fixtures shall be placed and maintained so as not to interfere with the use and travel of said streets, alleys and public grounds and where ordered by the council the poles on the principal streets shall be not less than 35 feet in length and the said L. C. Simons shall at all times protect the city free and harmless from any and all damages arising by reason of his negligence or abuse in the occupancy and use of said streets, alleys and public grounds and from any and all damages in any manner arising out of or by reason of the existence of said poles, wires, and operating fixtures. Said poles shall be placed as not to interfere with the flow of water in any sewer, pipe drain or gutter, and in case of bringing to grade or change of grade of any street, alley or other public ground, said poles shall, by said L. C. Simons and at his expense be re-set so as to conform thereto and this grant is made and is to be enjoyed subject to all such regulations and rights of said village as are now enforced or may hereafter be adopted by the Common Council of said village.

SECTION IV.

The telephone system to be installed under this grant shall be of modern and serviceable type and kind and during all the time of the continuance of this grant, said L. C. Simons, his heirs, successors and assigns, shall keep and maintain said system and exchange and all modifications and extensions thereof in such condition as will give at all times to all its patrons first class service from eight o'clock a.m. until six o'clock p. m. each week day and when ordered by the council during reasonable hours on Sunday and until eight p. m. of week days.

SECTION V.

The said L. C. Simons, his successors and assigns shall, within nine months from the date hereof fully construct, equip and install said telephone system and exchange and have the same in operation, and upon failure to do so, all the rights and privileges herein granted shall be forfeited and cease. That after said system and exchange shall have been constructed and installed, should the said L. C. Simons, his successors or assigns, at any time fail to furnish the telephone service of the kind and in the manner hereinbefore stated then and in such case the council of said village may, by resolution or otherwise terminate all the rights and privileges herein granted after thirty days' notice in writing given to said L. C. Simons, his heirs or assigns, of intention so to do

SECTION VI.

In consideration of the foregoing the said L. C. Simons hereby agrees to allow the village to attach at any time to any of the poles the city fire alarm or police wires and said poles are hereby made a municipal instrumentality for that purpose, provided that the said attachment and the use incident thereto shall not interfere with the said telephone business and said attachment and use shall be made and maintained under the direction of said L. C. Simons, his successors or assigns.

SECTION VII.

The said L. C. Simons shall without charge to said village furnish it with two phones to be placed as directed by the council. He shall also be permitted to make no greater charge for telephone service than $1.00 per month for residence phones and $2.00 per month for business phones.

SECTION VIII.

This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, approval and publication as provided by law and upon the acceptance thereof by said L. C. Simons, filed with the clerk of said village within thirty days after the passage thereof.

Passed and approved June 4th, 1906.

J. B. O'BRIEN,
President Village Council.

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Village Clerk.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the board of county commissioners at the office of the county auditor of said county, in the city of Red Lake Falls, on the twenty-sixth day of June, A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock a.m.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this thirty-first day of May, 1906.

{ County Auditor's Seal }

JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor.

Petition for Public Ditch.

To the Board of County Commissioners of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a public drainage ditch along the following described route in the towns of Sanders, Rocksbury, and Black River, in said county of Red Lake, and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

Commencing at the northeast corner of section thirteen (13), town of Sanders, thence south along the range line on the east side of sections thirteen (13), twenty-four (24), twenty five (25) and thirty-six (36) in town of Sanders and thence through the northwest quarter of section one (1), town of Black River, south to and terminating at a point on what is known as the St. Hilaire ditch, as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by chapter two hundred thirty (230) of the general laws of Minnesota for 1905.

Dated April 19, 1906.

Lorenz Hansen,	Charles Gustafson,
Math. Barzen,	Hogan Hanson,
J. F. Campbell,	J. O. Thorstad,
Henry Pope,	—Petitioners.

(j2-16)

Five good improved farms for rent near Plummer and creamery. Will furnish seed if necessary and give pasture and hay land free of charge.

JULIUS PLETH,
Plummer, Minn.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
CIGARS
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

CROOKSTON
LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Button's Business College and Shorthand Institute

Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

OFFERS to take you through a complete course in Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Tyewriting and let you pay for your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after situation is secured for you. It practically costs you nothing because we get you a position where you earn at least $10.00 per month more than you ever earned before. We want 500 students to enter this college during the next three months and make the above unparalleled offer to get them. The courses are: : : : : : : : :

Normal, Shorthand AND Typewriting,
Music, Commercial,
Preparatory, :::: Telegraphy.

THIS is the only College in the United States that guarantees a good paying position to every graduate. If we don't get you a satisfactory situation you need never pay us one cent : : : : : : : : : : : : : :

J. A. Button, Principal

Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES,	H. D. PETTIBONE,
President.	Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Subscribe for St. Hilaire Spectator.

FAST MAIL TO CHICAGO

On your next trip east why not go as your letter goes? The United States government selects the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

Five daily passenger trains from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago—almost as frequent as suburban train service. These include The Pioneer Limited and The Fast Mail, the two most popular trains between these cities. No extra charge to ride on them. But it is necessary to name your route.

W. B. DIXON
Northwestern Passenger Agent
365 ROBERT STREET, ST. PAUL.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

WONDERFUL WORK

WENT ON HERE DURING THE PAST WEEK.

The House was Piled Full of People From One End to the Other.---The Whole City and Surrounding Country was Awake to the Situation.

EARLY Buyers Have Advantages

IT WAS A CARNIVAL, A CARNIVAL OF REAL MERCHANDISE, SUCH as St. Hilaire never saw before. This store never had a bigger jam, and never will have. We expect them to be standing on the outside, with the inside full, in the next few days. In fact, we would like to have this house overrun each and every day of this 17 days' GETTING OUT OF BUSINESS SALE.

It commenced for 17 days, last Tuesday, June 12th, and winds up Saturday, June 30th.

We will be piling out goods of all kinds every day. We will put more of them in baskets, bins and on the counters and convenient places for you to look them over. It is the most golden opportunity that ever visited St. Hilaire since the first time she came on earth.

Wednesday June 20th, at 11 o'clock

DRESS PATTERNS will be going out by auction, like a house on fire. It will be a gala day Bring in the children, for there will be music all day.

THE WHOLE SHOOTING MATCH IS ON SALE.

FOLLOW THE CROWD AND COME TO OUR STORE

Thanking you one and all a thousand times for your attendance at the sale the last few days, and trusting you will be here each and every day until the final windup, we are,

FAITHFULLY YOURS,

M. L. HANSON,

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA.

LATE Comers May Be Disappointed

D. PATTERSON, Auctioneer.
THEO. SALVERSON, Assistant.

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D. Patterson	Councilmen
E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perfault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650. Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1704. Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. B. Killand, Secy.

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

THE LOCAL NEWS

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

Anton Anderson is painting the M. E. church this week.

L. T. Bergh came in from his reservation home yesterday.

Born, to Dr. and Mrs. C. E. Higbie, Wednesday morning, a boy.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Mrs. W. A. Arthur went out to the claim Wednesday for a prolonged stay.

Miss Anna Abrahamson visited with friends at Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Mrs. H. E. Ives went to Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening for a visit with her parents.

Surveyor J. K. Wood was here Saturday establishing the grade for the new cement sidewalk.

Martin McAndress, Sr., went to the county seat Tuesday evening, returning Wednesday morning.

Miss Sadie Power returned home to Wylie Thursday, after an extended visit with Mrs. D. Collins.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

Carl Lund left yesterday for Sandridge, Marshall county, to relieve the agent at that place for a few days.

What's the good of keeping from him
Any good things you may see,
That will lift his load of labor
Like Rocky Mountain Tea.
—Imperial Drug Co.

Miss Emma Hoff returned home from Moorhead Saturday to spend her summer vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Matt. Myers, of Grand Forks, were visiting with Napoleon Miller this week.

Mike Fricker has moved his residence across the street and now has a more suitable location.

Chas. Tschida, the Fertile cigar manufacturer, was interviewing the trade here Thursday.

Chas. Fellman left for his reservation home Thursday to renew acquaintances with his family.

The E. N. Wate girls gave a supper for the E. N. Wate boys last Tuesday evening across the river.

Dr. V. Pleth, of Crookston, was here Saturday and with Dr. Blomburgh performed three operations.

Co. Supt. McAnulty is taking advantage of the good weather in visiting the schools in this vicinity.

H. E. Ives went to Duluth Tuesday night to help nominate a governor and incidentally other state officers.

Mrs. A. E. Higbie arrived here Wednesday from Ulen and is visiting this week with her son, C. E. Higbie.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur went to Crookston Saturday evening for a visit with her sister, Mrs. Demer, returning Monday.

Norman Aimer returned home Monday from Hamline university, where he has completed the second years' work.

Flag Day was duly observed by our citizens, the stars and stripes being displayed over the village hall and from the business houses.

Wednesday morning a son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Nap. Miller, but in the evening the infant died, the remains being taken to Red Lake Falls Friday for interment.

J. G. Prior, of Wylie, was here a few days this week looking over the Hotel Markham with a view of renting the same. No definite arrangement has been made as yet.

Don't be fooled and made to believe that rheumatism can be cured with local appliances. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is the only positive cure for rheumatism. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

L. P. Brandstram, and B. Swanson, president and secretary, respectively, of the Newfolden Creamery association, called on N. A. Nelson, secretary of our local creamery last Tuesday in regard to managing creamery affairs. The St. Hilaire creamery is widely known for its succefs, and newly organized creameries find it a well paid investment to call on officers of this creamery for information.

Miss Edith Dahl, who has been attending the Moorhead Normal for two years, returned home Saturday, having having completed the course of study and now has her diploma.

Miss Dorothy I. Pettengill, who has taught the fourth and fifth grades of our school for the past four years, left for Oregon Monday, where she intends making her future home.

Leonard Holmes left for Minneapolis Tuesday evening to represent the local I.O.O.F. Lodge at the meeting of the Grand Lodge. He also expects to see the cities before returning.

J. J. Soll packed his household goods Wednesday morning and drove to Thief River Falls, taking the Soo to his new home in Marshall county. Mr. Soll is now going to be a farmer.

John Konikson came in from the reservation this week and sold three oxen to W. A. Sorsoleil who is going to ship them to his Canadian home. Oxen make good prairie breakers when hitched to a plow.

When the baby talks, it is time to give Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It's the greatest baby medicine known to loving mothers. It makes them eat, sleep and grow. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

The game of baseball here Sunday between the local nine and a Thief River Falls team was a victory for the former, the score being sixteen to nine. Immediately after this game "Swan's Sluggers" took the Rocksbury farmers into camp to the tune of 11 to 4.

Beginning July, 1906, Dr. Geo. E. Spofford, (optometrist) visits St. Hilaire on the 8th day of every month. Spectacles and eye glasses scientifically fitted. The ophthalmoscope and retinoscope used in all cases. Office at Hotel Markham. Consultation free. tf

Died of Consumption.

Miss Mamie Eleonora Carlson, the only daughter and eldest child of John P. Carlson, living a few miles southwest of St. Hilaire, died last Tuesday of consumption at the age of nearly seventeen years, and was buried on Thursday at the Black River church, Rev. Alex Sand, officiating.

Election Ordered.

The county commissioners of Red Lake county held a meeting at Red Lake Falls the first of the week and after considering the county seat removal petition ordered, on Tuesday, the county auditor to call a special election. Red Lake Falls attorneys promptly filed an injunction and the case will come up in the courts. Thief River Falls people claim that it will come to a vote in about three months.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

Lets Ditch Contract.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: Bids for the construction of county ditch No. 25 in Bray and Sanders townships were opened at the auditor's office Monday, and after considering the different proposals presented, the contract was let to E. A. Moran of this city at 9.76 cents per yard, being the lowest bid for the whole work. Other bids submitted were as follows: Otto Ortlof, stations 151 to 190, 9c; X. Sauve, 9.91c; W. G. McAnulty, stations 160 to 240, 8c. Mr. McAnulty's bid for work between certain stations was lower than the price paid, but the auditor was unable to find a bidder who would take the remainder of the work for less than 11c, which would make the amount greater than Mr. Moran's bid. The ditch is about seven miles long. Mr. Moran will commence the work at once and finish it as soon as possible.

Confirmation.

There will be confirmation at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday beginning at 10:30 a. m. The program will be as follows:

Hymn No. 352	Congregation
Address	Pastor
Song, No. 9	Catechumens
Examination of Catechumens.	
Song, No. 474	Quartet of Catechumens
Confirmation.	
Hymn, No. 356	Congregation

The class consists of the following members: Eda Brink, Ida Berg, Mable Swenson, Olivia Nelson, Anna Carlson, Elmo Swenson, Victor Brink and Mauritz Brink.

The examination of the catechumens will be partly in the English language.

ALEX SAND, Pastor.

Want Government Aid.

A committee of eleven-town settlers have appointed A. N. Johnson, the surveyor, to circulate a petition asking congress to appropriate money to drain lands on the eleven towns. Congressman Steenerson has secured the passage of a bill appropriating $15,000 for a government drainage survey on the Red Lake Indian reservation and it is believed that government aid can be secured. In any event it is well worth making the effort.—Thief River Falls News.

Biennial Festival Northwestern Scandinavian Singers' Ass'n, LaCrosse, Wisconsin, July 6-8, 1906.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St Hilaire to LaCrosse, Wis., round trip tickets for one fare plus $2.00, dates of sale July 4 to 7 inclusive, with final return limit leaving LaCrosse not later than July 9, 1906.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

A FEW MORE BARGAINS LEFT AT

Rapp & Post's

Clothing Sale.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

—Go to Holmes Bros. for Sunshine furniture polish.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

—Clean seed flax for sale at Holmes' elevator.

Your $$

WILL BUY MORE

DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING

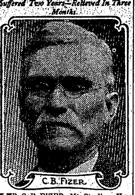
AT E. M. HOFF'S.....

THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.

COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

KIDNEY TROUBLE

Suffered Two Years—Relieved In Three Months.


C.B. FIZER.

MR. C. B. FIZER, Mt. Sterling, Ky., writes:

"I have suffered with kidney and bladder trouble for ten years past.

"Last March I commenced using Peruna and continued for three months. I have not used it since, nor have I felt a pain.

"I believe that I am well and I therefore give my highest commendation to the curative qualities of Peruna."

Pe-ru-na for Kidney Trouble.

Mrs. Geo. H. Simser, Grant, Ontario, Can., writes:

"I had not been well for about four years. *I had kidney trouble, and, in fact, felt badly nearly all the time.*

"This summer I got so very bad I thought I would try Peruna, so I wrote to you and began at once to take Peruna and Manalin.

"I took only two bottles of Peruna and one of Manalin, and now I feel better than I have for some time.

"I feel that Peruna and Manalin cured me and made a different woman of me altogether. I bless the day I picked up the little book and read of your Peruna."

It is the business of the kidneys to remove from the blood all poisonous materials. They must be active all the time, else the system suffers. There are times when they need a little assistance.

Peruna is exactly this sort of a remedy. It has saved many people from disaster by rendering the kidneys service at a time when they were not able to bear their own burdens.

FIRST CLASS TUMBLERS.

They Were Without a Stand and Actually "Tumbled" When Set Down.

The Anglo-Saxon always used a glass or horn without a stand, so that once filled the vessel must be emptied before being set down. Hence the old proverb "When the wine is poured out it must be drunk," and the modern certain vows, he filled his drinking glass.

At the first the Anglo-Saxons used a horn, and long after glass cups were introduced for use among the upper classes the horn still retained its semireligious character in transactions with regard to land. Inheritances of land passed by the transfer of a horn, and estates were held in fee by the same means. For example, the famous horn of Ulphus. The story is, briefly, that Ulphus intended to divide his estate among his sons before his death. The sons, however, quarreled so much about their respective shares that the old man made a journey to York cathedral, where, having made certain vows, he filled his drinking horn with wine, and, kneeling before the altar, drank off the contents in a breath in token that he gave his land forever to the church. That was in the time of Canute. Many of the horns were worked beautifully with gold and silver, one fine example being in the British museum at the present time.

Withe the introduction of glasswork in A. D. 600, when Abbott Benedict brought foreign workmen over, changes were made in the shape of the drinking vessels. What is believed to be the earliest glass tumbler is shown in one of the accompanying pictures. It dates from A. D. 625-650.

BRAINS TO THE FRONT.

Comment on the Knox Boom for the Presidency.

It is a source of gratification for the people of Pennsylvania that, in looking about for presidential timber, Senator Philander C. Knox is favorably named by influential members of the Republican party. Pennsylvania has often had "complimentary mention" candidates and "political exigency" candidates put in the field chiefly for trading purposes, but there has been no serious attempt on the part of the majority party to name a Pennsylvanian for the last forty years.

The state has been so securely Republican that it did not need coaxing by that party, and offered no strong inducement to coaxing by the other. It has also been without any serious influence except its dead weight in the count of the vote in determining policies in legislation. Dexterous schemers, after the pattern of the elder Cameron and the later Quay, have ruled the roost and have permitted no question of their supremacy. The advent of Knox in the senate has set a new fashion. Brains are again at the front. It is an encouraging sign of the times.

Breakage.

"I have promised my friends to break silence," said the smoked-out songster.

"Go slow," commented the shrewd adviser. If you're bound to break something, better break that promise.

May Eat His Words Instead.

"If nature had made me an ostrich," said old Grouch, "I suppose I could eat your cooking."

"Wouldn't that be nice," answered his imperturable spouse. "Then I could get some plumes for my hat."

Satrifice.

Mrs. Swelldom—So you have decided against divorce?

Mrs. Upperten—Yes, she said she didn't want to bring disgrace on her darling little Fido—Puck.

"Some of these railway corporations are very tricky," said one member of the legislature. "They don't always mean what they say."

"Maybe not," answered the other, "but they meant it all right when they said there would be no more complimentary transportation."

REBELS DEFYING COSSACKS

CZAR'S TROOPS IN OPEN MUTINY AND ARMED REVOLT IS FEARED.

Poltava, South Russia, June 13.—An open mutiny has broken out in the Fletz regiment of infantry over the failure of the military authorities to redeem their pledges regarding the amelioration of service conditions made as a result of the revolt last fall.

The mutiny threatens to spread to the rest of the garrison.

The small force of loyal Cossacks are unable to cope with the mutineers, who are armed with rifles and have a supply of cartridges.

The rebels left their barracks in a body and held a meeting in the public square, at which delegates from the Zesky regiment of infantry and the artillery promised that these forces will join in the mutiny.

The public is greatly excited, anticipating that the revolutionists will seize the opportunity to inaugurate an armed revolt in support of the mutinous soldiers.

STORM SWEEPS CLEAN PATH.

Damage in Montana Estimated at $200,000—Tornado in Georgia.

Helena, Mont., June 14.—The most severe storm in years prevailed in Montana east of the main range yesterday. In Helena the hailstones were the largest seen in years. Some windows were broken.

Several thousand dollars damage was done at Havre. One building was blown down, several were unroofed and three horses were killed.

Great Falls reported more or less damage. It is feared that many crops were ruined and the loss to young lambs will be heavy.

Damage Over $200,000.

Havre, Mont., June 14.—Havre and Fort Assiniboine were struck by a hurricane yesterday afternoon that did damage estimated at $200,000. Buildings were toppled over without warning, and not a structure in the path of the terrific wind escaped damage. Several persons were injured, but up to a late hour no fatalities were reported.

The fierce wind carried rain with it, which fact precluded the possibility of damage by fire.

Tornado in Georgia.

Tifton, Ga., June 14.—A tornado swept over the town late yesterday afternoon, damaging more than fifty houses. Eight tenement houses were destroyed, two persons were seriously injured and many others slightly hurt. The Presbyterian church was also wrecked. The damage so far reported amounts to $30,000. No reports have been received from the outlying country.

HONORS FOR LONGWORTHS

King Edward Particularly Attentive to Pesident's Daughter.

London, June 14.—Seldom has the entertainment of any foreign government attracted the attention of the social, diplomatic and political world than did the dinner and reception given by Ambassador and Mrs. Reid last evening for Representative and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, and at which King Edward, by his presence and attention to President Roosevelt's daughter, marked his esteem for the United States and the chief executive.

King Edward took out Mrs. Reid, and, at the king's desire, Mrs. Longworth was seated at the other side of him, thus taking precedence of the duchesses. Ambassador Reid escorted the duchess of Marlborough, with the duchess of Buccleuch on his left. There was less formality than at purely English functions attended by the king, who was, technically, for the time, on American soil.

MOB SEEKS LIFE OF NEGRO.

Beaten and Shot Almost to Death While in Hands of Sheriff.

Pocomoke City, Md., June 14.—Ned Watson, colored, while in the hands of the sheriff, was beaten and shot almost to death by a mob last night. During the afternoon he had murderously assaulted his employer, Samuel S. Barnes, near Kings Creek, Somerset county, with a singletree, fracturing his skull. The assault is said to have followed a dispute about wages and was witnessed by the victim's little son. The negro made his escape, but was captured here last night, and a mob, in an unusually ugly mood because of a recent criminal assault by a negro upon two white women in this county, tried to take him from the officers and lynch him, but only succeeded in shooting and beating him nearly to death before he could be hustled to the safety of the jail.

Hog Cholera Epidemic.

Marshalltown, Iowa, June 14.—Farmers living in the northern part of this county are suffering severe losses on account of disease among their hogs. Hundreds of the swine have died from cholera or some other disease resembling it.

Four Boys Drowned.

Bangor, Me., June 14.—Four boys, members of the graduating class of Brewer high school, were drowned by the upsetting of a sailboat on Hymes' pond yesterday.

Floods Rout Settlers.

Sisseton, S. D., June 14.—Terrific rains in this vicinity have done much damage to stock and roadways and have caused settlers on low ground to abandon their homes and seek safety on higher ground.

Fourteen Blocks Burned.

Portsmouth, Ohio, June 14.—Fire swept a large portion of the town of Peebles, in Adams county, yesterday afternoon, destroying fourteen blocks in all and entailing a loss of over $15,000.

There is no Rochelle Salts, Alum, Lime or Ammonia in food made with

Calumet Baking Powder

Health—Economy.

Feminine Charity.

He—I wish I could ascertain Miss Overton's correct age.

She—Well, there is only one way you can mange it.

He—How's that?

She—Outlivee her and see it on her tombstone.

LIMB WASTED WITH ECZEMA.

Suffered Untold Agonies—Doctor Said It Was the Worst Case—Wonderful Cure by Cuticura.

"I used the Cuticura Remedies for eczema. The doctor said it was the worst case he ever saw. It was on both limbs from the knees to the ankles. We tried everything the doctors knew of, but the Cuticura Remedies did the most good. I was obliged to lie with my limbs higher than my head, for the pain was so terrible I could not walk. I suffered untold agonies. One limb wasted away a great deal smaller than the other, there was so much discharge from it. I found the Cuticura Remedies very soothing, and I still keep them in the house. I am very thankful to say that I am cured. I found the Cuticura Remedies all that you say they are. I hope that you may be spared many years to make the Cuticura Remedies for the benefit of persons suffering from the torture of skin diseases, such as I had. Mrs. Golding, Box 8, Ayr, Ontario, Canada, June 6, 1905."

Chance to Swim.

"I hear that your suburban place is for sale, Harker. Do you think it would suit me?"

"Yes, if you have the proper kind of feet."

"What kind of feet will I need?"

"Web."

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

COMPULSORY INSURANCE.

How It Works Out In Practice With Working People.

From 1885 to 1809 the sum of $432,500,000 was expended by the various insurance systems in Germany for the restoration of the health of workingmen and their families. One-third of this sum was paid in by the employers. There is no doubt, says Vice Consul Schlemmer of Mannheim, that it would have cost double if the men had been compelled to pay everything out of their own pockets, the moderate medical charges now being regulated by these insurance laws. As a matter of fact, people would not otherwise be able to spend so much money for medical treatment, and a great many would perish or be permanently disabled for lack of proper treatment; and the disabled ones would remain a permanent burden on the community. It also appears that physical and intellectual conditions of the laboring classes generally have been greatly improved by this protective insurance system, as evidenced by the reduction of mortality at industrial centers, which now is only 21 per 1,000 inhabitants, again 27½ before the law took effect. Although food products are much higher in price than formerly, consumption has increased in quantity six per cent per capital; showing that the buying power of the people has been greatly increased through the insurance funds and higher wages.

BUILDING FOOD

To Bring the Babies Around.

When a little human machine (or a large one) goes wrong, nothing is so important as the selection of food to bring it around again.

My little baby boy fifteen months old had pneumonia, then came brain fever, and no sooner had he got over these than he began to cut teeth and, being so weak, he was frequently thrown into convulsions," says a Colorado mother.

"I decided a change might help, so took him to Kansas City for a visit. When we got there he was so very weak when he would cry he would sink away and seemed like he would die.

"When I reached my sister's home she said immediately that we must feed him Grape-Nuts and, although I had never used the food we got some and for a few days gave him just the juice of Grape-Nuts and milk. He got stronger so quickly we were soon feeding him the Grape-Nuts itself and in a wonderfully short time he fattened right up and became strong and well.

"That showed me something worth knowing and, when later on my girl came, I raised her on Grape-Nuts and she is a strong healthy baby and has been. You will see from the little photograph I send you what a strong, chubby youngster the boy is now, but he didn't look anything like that before we found this nourishing food. Grape-Nuts nourished him back to strength when he was so weak he couldn't keep any other food on his stomach." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

All children can be built to a more sturdy and healthy condition upon Grape-Nuts and cream. The food contains the elements nature demands, from which to make the soft gray filling in the nerve centers and brain. A well fed brain and strong, sturdy nerves absolutely insure a healthy body. Look in each pkg. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

Congress.

Resume of the Week's Proceedings.

Thursday.

Washington, June 8.—An attack and a spirited defense of the president were the features of a busy day in the house of representatives, Mr. Brundige (Ark.) assailing the items for the executive department and the care of the White House and grounds as grossly extravagant in contrast to days of "past simplicity."

The naval appropriation bill was sent to conference.

After a day devoted almost exclusively to the discussion of the conference report on the railroad rate bill the senate decided at 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon to send that measure back to conference.

The bill pending for the control of the waters of Niagara river was passed.

Friday.

Washington, June 9.—The senate yesterday listened to two set speeches, one by Senator Morgan in support of his resolution providing for an investigation by a senate committee of the affairs of the Isle of Pines, and the other by Senator Hopkins in opposition to the sea level Panama canal bill. Neither measure was acted upon.

With the exception of an hour spent on pension legislation in which time 377 bills for the relief of soldiers in the Civil and Spanish-American wars was passed, the house labored yesterday on the sundry civil bill, making not much headway toward final passage.

Saturday.

Washington, June 12.—The item in the sundry civil appropriation bill, appropriating $25,000 for the traveling expenses of the president, went over in the house of representatives on a point of order made by Representative Williams of Mississippi.

The decision, however, that the matter was new legislation came after a very full discussion of the merits of the proposition, Democrats as well as Republicans generally expressing themselves in favor of the move to give the president the fund of expenses and entertainment of his guests while traveling.

Beyond the debate on the item carrying $25,000 for the president's traveling expenses, the house devoted the entire day to the consideration of the sundry civil bill.

Senator Kittredge made an effort to secure unanimous consent to vote next Wednesday on the bill determining the type of the Panama canal, but Senator Millard made objection. He said that he knew of four or five speeches to be made on the bill.

Monday.

Washington, June 13.—In the senate yesteday Senator La Follette made the statement that he had been informed that an assistant to the commissioner to the Five Civilized tribes had assisted a legal firm in preparing the Indian roll and had then passed upon the roll in his official capacity. He also said that a brother-in-law of the senator who had reported the organization providing a court system for Indian Territory had been appointed a member of the court thus created. These statements were made by the Wisconsin senator in a speech in opposition to the conference report on the Indian appropriation bill. The conference report was accepted, however, regardless of this opposition and that of other senators, the expression of which consumed the greater part of the day's session.

Early in the day the senate passed the diplomatic appropriation bill, carrying $3,154,594, and the oath of office was administered to William Pinckney Whyte, as successor of the late Senator Gorman of Maryland.

After nearly four hours spent in the consideration of legislation affecting the interests of the District of Columbit, the house yesterday resumed consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill, and after an hour and a half spent in its consideration adjourned at 5:40 until noon to-morrow.

Tuesday.

Washington, June 14.—The conference report on the statehood bill was yesterday withdrawn from committee and again presented to the senate, the new report containing the compromise provision agreed upon by the conferees of the two houses. The new report was not considered. Much of the remainder of the day was devoted to the bill extending to thirty-six hours the time that live stock may be carried in transit without unloading. The bill was passed.

With a very large proportion of the members present, due to the activity of the Republican and Democratic whips, the house yesterday passed a rule sending the railroad rate bill back to the conference, as asked for by the senate, without even an expression of its wishes as to any of the amendments to the bill.

FIND SIGNS OF POSTAL LOOT.

Workmen Discover Envelopes in Car of Coal.

Glen Ullin, Minn., June 10.—While unloading a car of coal at the dock workmen found two or three registered letter envelopes, and an investigation developed the fact that they were among the loot taken from the local postoffice at the time of the recent robbery. The exact amount which the robbers secured is not yet known, but is believed to have been several hundred dollars.

MYSTERIOUS ABDUCTION.

Philadelphia, June 14.—Called from the class room by the startling announcement that his mother had been injured and that she was seriously ill in a hospital, Charles F. Muth, a seven-year-old boy, was turned over to an unknown man by a messenger boy yesterday and abducted. Although the police have made a general search of the city no trace of the missing child has been found. The boy is the son of Charles Muth, living at 1633 Columbia avenue.

SEVEN YEARS AGO

A Rochester Chemist Found a Singularly Effective Medicine.

William A. Franklin, of the Franklin & Palmer Chemical Co., Rochester, N. Y., writes:

"Seven years ago I was suffering very much through the failure of the kidneys to eliminate the uric acid from my system. My back was very lame and ached if I overexerted myself in the least degree. At times I was weighed down with a feeling of languor and depression and suffered continually from annoying irregularities of the kidney secretions. I procured a box of Doan's Kidney Pills and began using them. I found prompt relief from the aching and lameness in my back, and by the time I had taken three boxes I was cured of all irregularities."

Sold by all dealers; 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Persiflage.

"How would you like to plug the tooth of time?" asked the manicurist, as she reached for the nail file.

"Oh, I don't know," responded the dentist. "How would you like to manicure the hand of Fate?"

Just What You Want.

The most complete Lithographic Map (Size 32x35) of that part of the Wind River or Shoshone Indian Reservation in Wyoming to be opened for settlement. Compiled under direction of John T. Wertz, Former United States Special Allotting Agent for this Reservation—from U. S. Gov't Surveys showing Townships, Fractional Townships, Sections, Lots, Mountains, Rivers, Creeks and Streams, Allotments to Indians, Proposed Railroads, Proposed Irrigation Ditches, Wagon Roads, Trails, Fords, Ferries, Bridges, Big Horn, Hot Springs, Military Post, Agency, and principal towns near Reservation. Every Homeseeker, Prospector and Engineer should have this map, as with it he can make his own selection of land, and know just where he is at. The above maps can be secured of S. D. Childs & Company, 200 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill., at rate of $1.00 each.

NOTE.—For information as to character of land apply to John T. Wertz, Lander or Shoshone, Wyoming.

Really Observing.

"Where you going, Hiram?" asked the old lady on the train.

"Up in the 'observation car,'" replied her husband, with a grin.

"Why, the observation car is on behind."

"No, it ain't; it's up front. Thar's four honeymoon couples up thar."

Easy Prophecy.

"The palmist merely glanced at my hand, and told me that I would soon become possessed of a large sum of money."

"Got the money yet?"

"Yes, I got it five minutes later."

"Quick work—he must be a dandy palmist."

"Well, you see my hand had four aces in it."

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The dreadful thing about politicians is they aren't ashamed to admit they are.

Prosperity throws the fool into fits; adversity makes him melancholy.

Strife.

Mrs. Oldham is having trouble at her house over her cook."

"You don't tell me? I understand she was such an excellent cook."

"That's just the trouble. Mrs. Oldham's three sons are fighting to see which one shall marry her."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Dry Brand.

Little Willie—Say, pa, what is dry humor?

Pa—Dry humor, my son, is the kind dispensed by the man who has to pay for the drinks in order to get other men to listen to it.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. Charles Bjorklund, Bowesmont, N. D., gang cultivator; Frankie M. Conway, Ortonville, Minn., stool; Ingolf J. Westby, Kinloss, N. D., safety box; Creasoy J. Whellams, St. Paul, Minn., window screen; Walter W. Williams, Littlefork, Minn., wire choker trap; Carl Youngstrom, Meckling, N. D., calking machine; Anthony D. Zimmer, Russell, N. D., gage and rule.

Not Likely.

A young man and a maiden were newly betrothed.

"I love thee," said the young man. "So great is my devotion that if another should but cast loving glances at thee a fearful thing would happen."

"What might it be?" quoth the maiden.

"I would kill him. Dost thou believe me?"

"No," quoth the maiden.

"No? But I protest that if another were to make love to thee, his life should pay the forfeit! By yonder moon I swear! Dost believe me now?"

"No," quoth the maiden.

"Now, what meanest thou? Why believest thou not that I would kill the villain?"

"Because," quoth the maiden, "thou wouldst not know aught about it."

IN STRICT CONFIDENCE.

Women Obtain Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Help.

She Has Guided Thousands to Health.—How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cured Mrs. Alice Berryhill.

Mrs. Alice Berryhill

It is a great satisfaction for a woman to feel that she can write to another telling her the most private and confidential details about her illness, and know that her letter will be seen by a woman only.

Many thousands of cases of female diseases come before Mrs. Pinkham every year, some personally, others by mail. Mrs. Pinkham is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years under her direction and since her decease she has been advising sick women free of charge.

Mrs. Pinkham never violates the confidence of women, and every testimonial letter published is done so with the written consent or request of the writer, in order that other sick women may be benefited as she has been.

Mrs. Alice Berryhill, of 313 Boyce Street, Chattanooga, Tenn., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

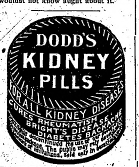
"Three years ago life looked dark to me. I had ulceration and inflammation of the female organs and was in a serious condition.

"My health was completely broken down and the doctor told me that if I was not operated upon I would die within six months. I told him I would have no operation but would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. He tried to influence me against it but I sent for the medicine that same day and began to use it faithfully. Within five days I felt relief but was not entirely cured until I used it for some time.

"Your medicine is certainly fine. I have induced several friends and neighbors to take it and I know more than a dozen who had female troubles and who to-day are as well and strong as I am from using your Vegetable Compound."

Just as surely as Mrs. Berryhill was cured, will Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cure every woman suffering from any form of female ills.

If you are sick write Mrs. Pinkham for advice. It is free and always helpful.



SHIP US YOUR CREAM

We pay top prices and spot cash for every can. Write us to-day for tags.
MILTON DAIRY CO., - - ST. PAUL.

THE FARMER MUST HAVE IT

Our Combination Hatchet, Wire Cutter, Wire Splicer, Pincers and Leather Punch. The only tool made which will stretch a wire and mend it at the same time. Mends a fence in a minute. $1.75 express prepaid. Agents wanted.
HOLMES & HOLMES, Gilfillan Block, St. Paul.

STACK COVERS, TENTS

Write us for net prices.
American Tent & Awning Co.,
12 W. 3rd st., St. Paul, Minn.

Libby's Food Products

enable you to enjoy your meals without having to spend half your time between them over a hot cook-stove.

All the cooking is done in Libby's kitchen—a kitchen as clean and neat as your own, and there's nothing for you to do but enjoy the result.

Libby's Products are selected meats, cooked by cooks who know how, and only the *good* parts packed.

For a quick and delicious lunch any time, in doors or out, try Libby's Melrose Pate—with Libby's Camp Sauce.

Booklet free, "How to Make Good Things to Eat." Write
Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

Libby's
Melrose Pate

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

N W N U —NO. 24— 1906.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

A Certain Cure for Tired, Hot, Aching Feet.

DO NOT ACCEPT A SUBSTITUTE.

This signature Allen S. Olmsted on every box.

For FREE Trial Package, Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

THE ONLY ONE

There is only One Genuine—Syrup of Figs,

The Genuine is Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

The full name of the company, California Fig Syrup Co., is printed on the front of every package of the genuine.

The Genuine—Syrup of Figs—is for Sale, in Original Packages Only, by Reliable Druggists Everywhere

Knowing the above will enable one to avoid the fraudulent imitations made by piratical concerns and sometimes offered by unreliable dealers. The imitations are known to act injuriously and should therefore be declined.

Buy the genuine always if you wish to get its beneficial effects. It cleanses the system gently yet effectually, dispels colds and headaches when bilious or constipated, prevents fevers and acts best on the kidneys, liver, stomach and bowels, when a laxative remedy is needed by men, women or children. Many millions know of its beneficial effects from actual use and of their own personal knowledge. It is the laxative remedy of the well-informed.

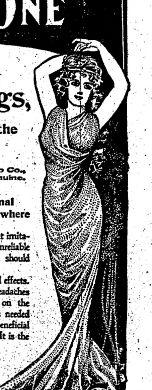
Always buy the Genuine—Syrup of Figs

MANUFACTURED BY THE

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.

PRICE FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE



ESTABLISHED 1879.
Minneapolis WOODWARD & CO. GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth
Orders for future delivery executed in all markets.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 23, 1906. NUMBER 49.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

WOMAN ATTEMPTS TO KILL TREPOFF

WHOLE SOUTH OF RUSSIA EXPECTED TO BE IN REVOLT IN MONTH.

REVELATIONS ARE EXPECTED

PARLIAMENTARY COMMITTEE TO TELL TRUTH ABOUT BIALYSTOK HORRORS.

St. Petersburg, June 21.—A circumstantial report is in circulation of an attempt on the life of Gen. Trepoff, commandant of the palace, by a well dressed woman masquerading as Princess Narishkin. According to the rumor the woman gained admittance to the palace and when Trepoff appeared she drew a revolver, but it was seized before she could fire. The story is denied by the police.

Private letters from Kharkoff predict that the entire south of Russia will be in a state of open revolution in a month.

Revelations Expected.

The massacre of Jews at Bialystok has shocked the country and added to the general excitement, and the revelations which the committee of the lower house of parliament, sent to investigate the outbreak at Bialystok, are expected to make will only add fuel to the flames.

Thus far the censor at Bialystok has evidently refused to allow the press correspondents to send anything reflecting on the authorities.

No Further Disorders.

No disorders at Bialystok were reported yesterday. The city council of Biaystok has demanded the abrogation of martial law.

Eight St. Petersburg newspapers were confiscated yesterday, two for their vigorous comment on the attitude of the authorities at Bialystok and the others for long descriptive stories of the outrages.

Unwieldy Agrarian Committee.

The selection of the agrarian committee of ninety-nine yesterday initiates the second stage of agrarian legislation in the lower house of parliament; but the unwieldy size of the committee and the reservation of eight places for members who have not yet arrived gives slight prospect of a speedy presentation of a draft of a law. The committee consists virtually of the inner circle of the strongest men in parliament.

Government Plot Feared.

In spite of the government's left-handed denial that it intends to order a parliamentary recess, the Rech expresses the fear that a coup d'etat is imminent and appeals to the country to make its voice heard in favor of the dismissal of the ministry and a prolongation of the existence of parliament.

Throw Bomb at Governor.

Kovno, June 20.—An unknown man threw a bomb at M. Humbert, the governor of the prison here, and M. Akatoff, his assistant, while the two men were walking in the street yesterday. M. Akatoff was seriously wounded and M. Humbert and two passersby were slightly wounded.

CHAPLAIN FAVORS CANTEEN.

Old Soldiers' Habits Are Fixed and They Will Have Liquor.

Washington, June 21.—An echo of the anti-canteen amendment adopted by the house during the consideration of the sundry civil bill was heard just before the house adjourned yesterday through a letter which Mr. Tawney of Minnesota had read from the chaplain of the old soldiers' home at Togus, Me., opposing the abolishment of the canteen on the ground that old soldiers would not change their habits and they would obtain liquor elsewhere.

SUICIDE OF A THESPIAN.

Infatuated With Boston Girl Who Had Married Another.

New York, June 21.— Benjamin Howard, an actor, committed suicide in Riverside Park. Beside the body was a vial containing poison.

Six years ago, while touring in the West, he became infatuated with a Boston girl, who later married a resident of Milwaukee. Howard, it is said, then attempted to shoot himself in Denver, but friends prevented him.

Suicide of Young Woman.

Worthington, Minn., June 21.—Rose Caspers, a young woman living eight miles north of here, committed suicide by taking carbolic acid. No cause can be assigned.

Harris Is Out; Brown In.

Washington, June 21.—Dr. W. T. Harris, commissioner of education, has tendered his resignation to the president, and the latter yesterday announced the appointment of Dr. Elmer E. Brown, professor of education in the University of California, as his successor.

Kills Self by Shooting.

Fort Wayne, Ind., June 21.—Ray M. Vance, representative of a Chicago publishing house, committed suicide yesterday by shooting.

SENATOR PLATT A BIGAMIST?

MRS. MAE CATHERINE WOOD CLAIMS SHE IS WIFE OF NEW YORK SENATOR.

Colon, Mich., June 21.—Mrs. Mae Catherine Wood, who since the marriage of United States Senator Thomas C. Platt to Mrs. Lillian T. Janeway announced that she would publish a work called "Love Letters of a Boss," has turned over to her attorneys, O'Flaherty & Fulton of Richmond, Va., what she insists is a marriage certificate.

If this claim is proved to be true it will make Senator Platt a bigamist.

By this she will seek to establish her marriage to Senator Platt. Letters requesting her presence at a hotel in New York city on Nov. 9, 1901, the time of the alleged marriage, will be shown as additional evidence.

She claims that she is the second wife of Platt, and was never divorced from him. She contends his marriage to Mrs. Janeway is unlawful.

Mrs. Wood has been living in Colon for several months.

Arrangements have been made with two Chicago attorneys to bring suit for separate maintenance on behalf of Mrs. Wood in Colon. The action, it was planned, would be started simultaneously with an action in New York state, the nature of which is to be determined by Attorneys O'Flaherty & Fulton of Richmond.

MANY MOURN DEAD GOVERNOR.

Condolences Pour in on Pattison Family From All Sections.

Cincinnati, Ohio, June 21.—John M. Pattison, elected chief executive of Ohio on the Democratic ticket, lies dead at his home in Milford, and Albert L. Harris, elected lieutenant governor as a Republican, has assumed the duties of governor. Messages of condolence have come to the stricken home of the late governor from all sections of the country. As a fitting tribute to their late chief executive, cessation from all work in the state during the hours of the funeral was recommended in the first proclamation of Gov. Harris, which was issued yesterday afternoon.

He recommends that the people of Ohio cease from their usual vocations and close their places of business from 2 until 4 o'clock on Thursday afternoon, while the funeral services are in progress.

HOUSER HELD FOR TRIAL.

Wisconsin's Secretary Must Face the Court for Attempted Bribery.

Madison, Wis., June 21.—Walter L. Houser, secretary of state, was yesterday held for trial in the municipal court by Judge Donovan.

Houser appeared in the court last week on a warrant issued on complaint of Zeno M. Host, insurance commissioner, in connection with an alleged bribe of $2,000, said to have been offered him if he would make a decision favorable to the Equitable Life Assurance society in the case concerning distribution of dividends.

The case will probably be tried late this month.

MUTUAL TRUSTEES RESIGN.

Men Who Approved Vouchers of Andrew C. Fields.

New York, June 21.—Robert Oliphant, James C. Holden and Charles E. Miller have tendered their resignations as members of the Mutual's board of trustees. The resignations will be accepted at the next regular meeting of the board.

Messrs. Oliphant, Holden and Miller were the members of the committee on expenditures which placed the official seal of its approval on vouchers calling for many hundreds of thousands of dollars on the O. K. of Andrew C. Fields.

KIDNAPER QUICKLY SENTENCED.

Man Who Stole Freddie Muth Indicted, Tried and Convicted in Hour.

Philadelphia, June 21.—The grand jury found a true bill against Kean, who kidnapped Willie Muth, and he was given an immediate trial and convicted in less than an hour.

Judge Sulzberger sentenced the prisoner to twenty years.

From the time of Kean's arrest until he was on his way to the penitentiary to begin sentence, less than twenty-four hours had elapsed.

WILL MEET NEXT IN ST. PAUL.

National Association of Stationers Picks City.

New York, June 21.—The National Association of Stationers and Manufacturers, now in convention here, yesterday voted to hold its next convention in St. Paul. A general advance in the prices of pens and pencils was recommended and approved.

Two Drown, Four Saved.

Bay City, Mich, June 21.—Dr. William G. Hare and Charles Delzell were drowned in Saginaw bay when a steam launch in which a party of six men had started on a fishing trip capsized. The four other men were rescued.

Nine Passengers Hurt.

Middlesboro, Ky., June 21.—A passenger train and through freight collided two miles north of Middlesboro yesterday, seriously injuring nine persons.

PLOT TO DYNAMITE MRS. KAUFMANN

SIOUX FALLS WOMEN FORCE INCARCERATION OF ALLEGED MURDERESS.

'LYNCH HER,' CRIES THE CROWD

WIFE OF WEALTHY BREWER MUST STAND TRIAL FOR MURDER OF SERVANT.

Sioux Falls, S. D., June 21.—Mrs. Emma Kaufmann is a prisoner in the county jail, alive and uninjured, but accused of murder. Had the prisoner been allowed to live in her own home in the custody of the sheriff, her residence would have been dynamited and probably she would have lost her life in the ruins.

Threatened by Society Women.

This is the sensational story that gained currency last night and was given an emphatic indorsement in various quarters. It is reported that a number of the women—the total number of those participating being variously estimated at from fifty to one hundred—at a secret meeting yesterday unanimously decided upon carrying out the dynamite plot unless Mrs. Kaufmann was placed in jail, following the anticipated action of the court in holding her for trial on the charge of murder growing out of the death of sixteen-year-old Agnes Poirles.

Among the women who were concerned in the dynamite plot were many of prominence in the city, it is said, and some of these declared last night that it was because of the determined action taken by the secret conference of women, the result of which was made known to the authorities, that resulted in the imprisonment of Mrs. Kaufmann.

Is Sent to Jail.

State's Attorney Orr made the motion that the wife of the wealthy brewer be held for trial in the state circuit court on the charge of murder.

At the preliminary hearing yesterday morning the court room was crowded to its utmost capacity and hundreds were unable to secure admission. There was such a crowd that it required the aid of many citizens to prevent a riot. The defendant was present, though very pale, as the result of a breakdown in her health.

Crowds Cry "Lynch Her."

Yesterday afternoon the police arrested an intoxicated stranger, who was urging an excited crowd on the street to lynch Mrs. Kaufmann. He offered to assume the leadership of a mob in an attack on the county jail.

On her way to the court room Mrs. Kaufmann was hissed, and when she appeared on her return there were cries of "Lynch her!" "Hang her!"

Important Evidence.

Mrs. Kaufman, who is the wife of the Sioux Falls millionaire brewer, is alleged to have beaten the girl to death while the latter was in her employ. The startling revelation was made when friends of the dead girl at Parkston, her home, started an investigation.

The body was exhumed and was found to bear forty-five separate wounds.

The most important evidence that has come to light so far is a trunk full of blood-stained clothing, which was sent to Parkston by the husband of the accused. The clothing was that of the dead girl and bears all the marks of most desperate brutality.

ARRESED ON BIGAMY CHARGE.

Chicago Man Finds Himself in a Peck of Trouble.

Calumet, Mich., June 21.—Richard Powers of Chicago has been brought back to Ontonagon on a charge of bigamy, the complainant being his wife, formerly Mrs. Catherine McCurdy of that place. Powers and Mrs. McCurdy were married in Ontonagon a year ago. A few days later Powers went to Chicago, and it was afterwards ascertained that he had a wife and family living there.

GRAFTING NOT SHOWN.

Philadelphia Former Officials Dismissed on Judge's Order.

Philadelphia, June 21.—Albert L. English, former director of public safety; Philip H. Johnson, architect; James D. Finley, inspector, and Henry E. Baton, a member of the firm of Henderson & Co., were acquitted of the charge of conspiracy to cheat the city in the construction of the municipal hospital, by direction of Judge McMichael.

PASSES VOLSTEAD BILL.

House Votes to Reimburse Land Receivers.

Washington, June 21.—The house yesterday passed the bill introduced by Representative Volstead of Minnesota, proposing the reimbursement of receivers at general land offices for moneys expended in contests over entries on the public domain. The Volstead bill proposes a permanent statute on the subject to cover the decision made in this connection by the controller of the treasury.

TRONDHJEM GREETS BIG GUNS

CANNON BOOMED ROYAL SALUTES IN THE HARBOR ALL DAY LONG.

Trondhjem, June 21.—The arrival and reception of the special embassies from Great Britain and France, headed by the Prince of Wales and Admiral Boyle, respectively, gave the crowds here spectacles of royal pageantry yesterday. Besides the salutes to and from the arriving warships there was an extended exchange of international courtesies, and guns boomed in the harbor all day.

The only public appearance of the royal family of Norway was when it went to greet the prince and princess of Wales.

The fleet in the harbor is rapidly growing and presents a gala appearance, the vessels being draped with gay bunting.

The American embassy, headed by Charles H. Graves, minister to Sweden, will be received in audience to-day.

MOB FIGHTS POLICE.

Stabbing Affray Results Over a Question of Etiquette.

New York, June 21.—Following a stabbing affray in Norfolk street, when Guiseppe Yacobocci killed Abraham Koslowitz, a mob of nearly 1,000 persons, most of whom were Jews and neighbors of the dead man, fought to wrest the Italian assailant from the Police. The two policemen who made the arrest sought refuge in an empty building, until reserves arrived. Then the prisoner was marched to the Mulberry street station, in the center of a hollow square formed by the bluecoats.

The quarrel which brought about the stabbing arose over the question as to who should give way when Italians met Jews on the sidewalk.

ACT ON MUTUALIZATION.

Equitable Directors Vote Unanimously for Charter.

New York, June 21.—The directors of the Equitable Life Assurance society yesterday voted unanimously to adopt the amended charter, which provides for the mutualization of the society. There were present at the meeting thirty members of the board of directors, all of whom voted in favor of the proposition.

The new charter provides, among other things, that the policyholders shall elect twenty-eight directors out of the board of fifty-two members.

UNWELCOME NOTORIETY.

Paterson (N. J.) Disclaims Being an Anarchy Center.

Paterson, N. J., June 21.—Paterson resents what it terms the unwarranted abuse hurled at her through the daily press and several weekly publications as being a center of anarchy. As a result the aldermen recently passed a resolution instructing the city clerk to bring suit for libel against the papers publishing the offensive articles.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, June 21.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 84 1-2@85 1-4c; No. 2 Northern, 82 3-4@83 1-4c; No. 3, 81 1-2@82 1-2c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 49 1-4@49 3-4c. Oats—No. 3 white, 36 3-4@37 1-4c.

Minneapolis, June 21.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 84 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, 82 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 82c; durum, 71 3-4@73 3-4c. Oats—No. 3 white, 37 7-8c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 49 3-4c.

Duluth, June 21.—Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 84 1-8c; No. 2 Northern, 82 5-8c. Oats—No. 3 white, 40c.

Chicago, June 21.—Wheat — No. 1 red, 87@88c; No. 2 hard, 82 1-2@81c; No. 1 northern, 84 1-2@85 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 82 1-2@85c. Corn—No. 2, 51 1-2@52c. Oats—No. 2, 38 1-4c.

Milwaukee, June 21.—Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 86 1-2@87 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 84@86c. Rye—No. 1, 65 1-2 60c. Barley — No. 2, 57c. Oats — Standard—41@42c.

Chicago, June 21.—Beeves, $4@6.05; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.70; cows and heifers, $1.60@5.10. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.35@6.60; bulk, $6.50@6.57 1-2. Sheep—$4.60@6.15; lambs, $5.60@7.30.

Sioux City, Iowa, June 21.—Cattle—Beeves, $4@5.25; cows, bulls and mixed, $3@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3.40@4.30; calves and yearlings, $3@4.10. Hogs—Bulk, $6.30@6.35.

South St. Paul, June 21.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs—Price range, $6.20@6.40; bulk, $6.30@6.35. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $6@6.50; fair to good, $4.50@5.75; yearling wethers, $5.25@6; good to choice ewes, $4.25@5.

Proctor for Governor.

Montpelier, Vt., June 21.—F. D. Proctor, son of United States Senator Redfield Proctor, was nominated by acclamation for governor of Vermont at the Republican state convention yesterday.

Three Killed in Cavein.

New York, June 21.—Eleven men out of a gang of fifteen digging in an excavation in the Milliken Bros. iron works at Mariner's Harbor, Staten Island, were buried yesterday by a cavein.

OVER $2,500,000 WAS SQUANDERED

RECKLESS PLUNDERING OF ZION CITY REVEALED IN DETAIL BY VOLIVA.

NOT A DOLLAR IN THE BANK

DEPOSITORS IN DISTRESS, WORKMEN UNPAID AND ON VERGE OF STARVATION.

Chicago, June 21.—Wilbur G. Voliva, the present head of Zion City, who succeeded Dowie as manager of the city and its properties, was the first witness yesterday for the defense in the hearing now going on before Judge Landis, in the federal court, to determine the rightful manager of the city and its interests.

Voliva testified that when he assumed control of Zion City he found, in the candy industry, a paid-up stock of $155,000, an actual investment of $18,000 and a total operating loss, up to Jan. 31, 1906, of $93,0000.

In the supply manufacturing association, invested in stock $257,000; amount actually invested, $22,000; total loss in operation, $249,000.

In the lace industry, paid on the stock, $2,824,000; actually invested, $415,000; operating loss, $1,200,000.

Losses on All Sides.

Losses on the other industries were on Jan. 31, 1906, as follows:

Food supply, $27,000; railway construction, $4,000; printing house, $450,000; hotel, $173,000; transportation, $11,000.

"Zion City bank," said the witness, "has deposits amounting to $500,000, but not one dollar in the bank to pay any of the $500,000. Every day there was a long line of people in front of the bank, looking for their money. Some of them would get 50 cents, some 75 cents and some nothing at all. Every one of the people had $1,000 or more on deposit. I found that $2,000,000 had been diverted and that the losses of operating the different industries up to that time amounted to $2,529,800.

On Verge of Starvation.

"I found that the laboring men were receiving only enough to exist upon and their pay was far behind. Many of them were paid in coupons, and, when I assumed the management, about $30,000 in these coupons was outstanding. I found many people at the verge of starvation, notably a Mr. Haskins, who had an annual income in Australia of $3,000. I gave him a ton of coal and food to keep him alive."

Voliva declared that many men in Zion City had not been able to secure work for two years, and had been supported out of a benevolent fund which he had established. He declared that he attempted to reform conditions, but was stopped by a telegram from Dowie, who ordered him to allow things to remain as they were.

Dowie, Pere, Goes to Chicago.

Des Moines, Iowa, June 21.—John Murray Dowie of Essex, Iowa, father of John Alexander Dowie, left for Chicago yesterday morning, carrying with him important documents which he will present to the Chicago courts in an effort to establish his identity and relationship with his son of Zion City.

Mr. Dowie refused to say whether or not he would make any claim to the estate owned by his son, but that is believed to be his intention.

BADGER INDUSTRIES GROW.

Substantial Increase Is Shown in Manufacturing Report.

Washington, June 21.—A substantial increase in the manufactures of Wisconsin is shown in a preliminary summary issued by the census bureau yesterday for the calendar year 1904, as compared with 1900. The number of establishments was 8,558, increase 9 per cent; capital invested, $416,447,051, increase 46 per cent; average number of wage earners 151,391, increase 10 per cent; wages $71,471,805, increase 28 per cent; value of products $411,139,081, increase 26 per cent.

FIRE IN LOS ANGELES.

Threatens to Wipe Out the Wholesale District of the City.

Los Angeles, Cal., June 21.—Fire yesterday destroyed the two-story brick building occupied by the hardware firm of Holbrook, Merrill & Stetson, on Los Angeles street. The building where the blaze started is situated in the heart of the wholesale district and in the immediate vicinity are oil concerns, which miraculously escaped from the flames. The loss is roughly estimated at $150,000.

THROWN UNDER CAR WHEELS.

Passenger Loses Both Legs in Attempt to Board Train.

Webster City, Iowa, June 21.—Yesterday afternoon J. E. Holmes, a passenger on the Chicago & North-Western train, left his car at Woolstock, near this city. When the train started he caught the hand rails of two cars instead of those on both sides of the steps of the same car and fell between the wheels. Both his legs were mangled and torn off and the man may die.

AMERICANS ARE PAINT USERS.

It has been remarked that the American people consume more paint, both in the aggregate and per capita, than any other people in the world. In a recently published article on the subject it was figured that our yearly consumption is over 100,000,000 gallons of paints of all kinds, of which over one-half is used in the paintings of houses.

The reason for this great consumption is twofold: a large proportion of our buildings, especially in small towns and rural districts, are constructed of wood, and we, as a people, are given to neatness and cleanliness. For, take it all in all, there is nothing so cleanly or so sanitary as paint.

Travel where you will throughout the country, everywhere we find the neat, cheerful painted dwelling, proclaiming at once the prosperity and the self-respect of our population.

Fifty years ago this was not so; painted dwellings, while common in the larger cities and towns, were the exception in the rural districts; because, on the one hand, a large proportion of those buildings were temporary makeshifts, and, on the other hand, because paint was then a luxury, expensive and difficult to obtain in the out-of-the-way places, and requiring special knowledge and much preparation to fit it for use.

The introduction of ready mixed or prepared paints, about 1860, changed the entire aspect of affairs. As the Jack-of-all-trades told the Walking Delegate in one of Octave Thanet's stories, "Anyone can slather paint." The insurmountable difficulty with our predecessors was to get the paint ready for "slathering." That the country was ready for paint in a convenient, popular form is shown by the immediate success of the industry and its phenominal growth, in 50 years from nothing to 60,000,000 gallons—the estimated output for 1900.

Some pretty severe things have been written about and said against this class of paints, especially by painters and manufacturers of certain kinds of paste paints. Doubtless in many instances these strictures have been justified and some fearfully and wonderfully constructed mixtures have in the past been worked off on the guileless consumer in the shape of prepared paint. But such products have had their short day and quickly disappeared, and the too-enterprising manufacturers that produced them have come to grief in the bankruptcy courts, or have learned by costly experience that honesty is the best policy and have reformed their ways.

The chief exceptions to this rule are some mail order houses who sell direct to the country trade, at a very low price—frequently below the wholesale price of linseed oil. The buyer of such goods, like the buyer of a "gold brick," has only himself to blame if he finds his purchase worthless. With gold selling at any bank or mint at a fixed price, owners of gold do not sell it at a discount; and with linseed oil quoted everywhere at 50 to 70 cents a gallon, manufacturers do not sell a pure linseed oil paint at 30 or 40 cents a gallon.

The composition of prepared paints differs because paint experts have not yet agreed as to the best pigments and because the daily results of tests on a large scale are constantly improving the formulas of manufacturers; but all have come to the conclusion that the essentials of good paint are pure linseed oil, fine grinding and thorough incorporation, and in these particulars all the products of reputable manufacturers correspond; all first-class prepared paints are thoroughly mixed and ground and the liquid base is almost exclusively pure linseed oil, the necessary volatile "thinners" and Japan dryers.

The painter's opposition to such products is based largely on self-interest. He wants to mix the paint himself and to be paid for doing it, and to a certain class of painters it is no recommendation for a paint to say that it will last five or ten years. The longer a paint lasts the longer he will have to wait for the job of repainting. The latter consideration has no weight with the consumer, and the former is a false idea of economy. Hand labor can never be as cheap or as efficient as machine work, and every time the painter mixes paint, did he but know it, he is losing money, because he can buy a better paint than he can mix at less than it costs him to mix it.

Prepared paints have won, not only on their actual merits, but on their convenience and economy. They are comparatively cheap and they are incomparably handy. But when all is said, the experienced painter is the proper person to apply even a ready mixed paint. He knows better than anyone else the "when" and "how" and the difference between painting and "slathering" is much greater than it appears to a novice. Every one to his trade, and after all painting is the painter's trade and not the householder's.

In 1920.

As a man approached the great college eleven pale and slender young men dressed in evening clothes and white gloves tripped across the field and slapped one another on the wrist.

"Strange!" he mused. "What is this—outdoor theatricals?"

"No," replied the dean with much pride in his tones; "this is a game of modified football."

It always makes a woman awful mad not to have anybody calling when a telegram arrives.

PULAJANES RAID PHILIPPINE TOWN

BAND OF 300 MAKES A SUDDEN AND VICTORIOUS ATTACK ON POLICE.

KILL OR SEIZE ALL BUT ONE

AFTER DESTROYING TOWN RECORDS, REBELS RETREAT WITH PLUNDER.

Manila, June 21.—A band of 300 Pulajanes, under Caesario Pastor, attacked the town of Burauen, on the island of Leyte, yesterday. They killed five policemen, wounded five and captured the remainder of the force, except the lieutenant who was in command. Pastor, the Pulajane leader, was killed during the encounter.

The attack occurred at an early hour in the morning. The police were caught unawares and their sentinel was rushed from his post. The bandits then entered the tribunal and a hand-to-hand fight took place. The police fought desperately but were overcome by superior numbers.

Pulajanes Lose Heavily.

The loss of the Pulajanes is believed to be great, but it cannot be estimated as they carried off their dead and wounded after the fight.

The principal records were taken from the tribunal, piled in the street and burned. The destruction of these papers was one of the most serious phases of the raid, as they included deeds, license receipts, etc. The safe containing the town funds was not destroyed. The bandits carried away the arms of the police and a quantity of ammunition.

A detachment of constabulary, under Lieut. Johnson, immediately started in pursuit of the Pulajanes.

MANILA IS SHAKEN.

Series of Earthquake Shocks Felt in Northern Luzon.

Manila, June 21.—A series of earthquakes occurred in Northern Luzon yesterday and to-day. The most perceptible was felt in Manila at 8 o'clock last night. Several shocks were experienced in the northern part of the island and in the Babuyanes and Batanes islands and on Formosa. No damage was reported. The shocks began at 7:25 o'clock last evening and continued at intervals through the night until 9:45 o'clock this morning.

The Manila observatory reports that the earthquakes probably were more severe in the Babuyanes islands and Formosa.

LIVE A WEEK WITH CORPSE.

Blind Child and Sister Puzzled by Aunt's Sleep.

Weiser, Idaho, June 21.—After staying alone with the dead body of their aunt for more than a week, two small children, the youngest of whom is blind, walked two miles to the nearest neighbors and informed them that their aunt was asleep and could not be awakened. Investigation showed that the woman, Mabel Burroughs, was dead, and that the children had been alone in the house for a week. They had nothing to eat during that time and were almost famished.

The dead woman was thirty-two years old and unmarried. She lived on a ranch belonging to her brother-in-law and took care of his two children while he was at work on the railroad. Death is supposed to have resulted from heart disease.

Actress Hurt in Runaway.

New York, June 21.—Pauline Hall, the actress, sustained a fracture of her left leg and was badly bruised and shaken up in a runaway accident in Yonkers yesterday. Her sister, Miss A. Hall, was also bruised, but her daughter and a girl friend escaped injury by jumping.

Killed Through Pure Cussedness.

Masontown, Pa., June 21.—Lafayette McMahon was locked up in the county jail at Uniontown last night, charged with killing Giovani Desisto and wounding Nicola Ruzzio and Julie Rossi. McMahon's only reason for attacking the Italians, he says, was because he wanted to.

Sultan Feels Hurt.

London, June 21.—The correspondent at Fez of the Daily Mail telegraphs that he has had an interview with the sultan of Morocco, who reluctantly agreed to talk about the Algeciras reforms and complained bitterly that during the progress of the conference he was never consulted.

Launch Upsets; Four Drown.

Philadelphia, June 21.—A naphtha launch containing six men who were on a fishing trip capsized in the Delaware river, north of this city, last evening, and four of the men were drowned.

Morgan Is Eighty-two.

Washington, June 21.—Senator Morgan yesterday celebrated his eighty-second birthday by making a long speech in the senate in support of the bill for a sea level canal across the isthmus of Panama.

It will Pay

Having a bank account is a good start for a young person toward learning business ways and acquiring business habits. We especially invite the young people to start their account with us.

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that will help you make your account grow.

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THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER
9:15 am Lv.....Crookston.....Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.
10:10 am Lv.....St. Hilaire.....Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
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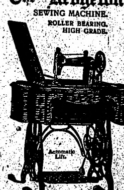
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Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, June 23, 1906.

All factions and cliques are falling into line and it looks good for an old time republican victory.

That "Help Minnesota First" campaign of Hon. A. L. Cole is going to make him governor and then the good work will start in earnest.

THE SPECTATOR was not in favor of Jacobson for governor but we think better of him than we did. He proved a good loser and came up smiling after his defeat. We will predict that you will hear from "Jake" again.

The Minnesota republican state convention declares for tariff revision in their platform. Our senators and congressmen should take notice that this is the sentiment of the republican voters of the state and act accordingly.

In spite of bad roads, cold and rainy weather, the creamery is doing better than ever. As a dairy country we will prosper, but as a grain country there is considerable doubt. Next year there should be a larger gain at the creamery than there was this year.

Some of the democratic papers are trying to make out that undue influence was used with the Red Lake county delegation at Duluth to get them to vote for Cole for governor. Their contention that the Red Lake delegation was for Jacobson for second choice was altogether wrong. There was not a man on the delegation who favored Jacobson. When the time came at Duluth to change the vote from Stephens to Cole, there was not a dissenting vote. The Red Lake delegation was in favor of a northern man for governor and favored Senator Stephens as their first choice and for their second choice they consistently chose Mr. Cole, and were not seen or influenced by anybody.

The following from the Anoka Union is a fair sample of the way the republican newspapers are accepting the new republican ticket:

"The republican state convention at Duluth last week Wednesday, did its work well and placed in nomination a ticket that should be heartily supported by every republican in Minnesota. It put a crimp into the big four, and in action told them to keep their hands off. A majority of the thousand and more delegates carried out their own designs and wishes, in the face of men who have posed as leaders in the party for many years and nominated a man for governor who they wanted. For once the will of the people prevailed.

"The Union sees no reason why the Hon. A. L. Cole should not be elected. He is of the people, a common every day man, alive to the interests of the masses, and will make friends from now until the night of election. He is entitled to the support of every republican and receiving it, his election is assured. The Union makes the claim here and now that the next governor of the state of Minnesota wes nominated at Duluth. Cole is all right."

"FORWARD, MINNESOTA!"

"State development," as a phrase has already become closely associated with the name of A. L. Cole, the republican candidate for governor of Minnesota. In to-day's Journal there is an interesting statement by Mr. Cole, showing what he means by state development, and what he hopes to see accomplished.

Some of the statements in this interview will open the eyes of Minnesota business men, who have not been brought face to face with the conditions described. The prosperity of our farmers has become proverbial. Our lands produce abundantly, and our grain and dairy products are a proud boast before the world. We have become so used to growth and rising values that it is hard to realize new conditions that have arisen. Wideawake land men have developed areas to the north and west of us, and by sheer pressure of advertising and personal work have conducted a vast exodus of homeseekers to cheaper lands. The movement has passed right through our gates, and has also reached our own older settled districts. Townships have been decimated. Renters have gone leaving no one to till the land. Labor has become scarce and fertile lands are lying fallow. Land values, which have been rising and bringing wealth to the holders, are inevitably sagging. The cities and villages, which depend on the country for their existence, are feeling the pressure of the new conditions.

It is obvious to any loyal Minnesotan that we must wake up. Public sentiment must be aroused, and it must be done in some systematic way. The nomination of Mr. Cole means that state development and all that it implies will be a leading feature in the campaign. It is not an issue, but a policy, for which the republican party and its candidate stand sponsor. The forward movement in Minnesota, must have a leader. The campaign will stir the soil and make it ready for steady, organized work later on.

Who is better able to lead such effort than the state's chief executive? The prestige and authority of his office would command attention, not only in the states but beyond our borders. With our state government molding the sentiment and directing the energies of our public spirited citizens, results would come inevitably. We have the soil and the climate, the markets and the transportation facilities. We need the people, and we can get them by going after them. Agitation will come first, in the state campaign, and then action.

Mr. Cole has sounded a keynote for the campaign, and for the future work of our state servants. Let it ring over the state, from Rock to Roseau, like the order for a charge—"Forward, Minnesota!"—Minneapolis Journal.

Finance and the Markets.

Nothing about a metropolitan newspaper shows more plainly a high degree of organization than an accurate and comprehensive report of the world's markets. As might be expected, The Chicago Record-Herald covers this field in the same satisfactory manner that is characteristic of the paper's entire news service. It tells its readers every day what consols are worth in London, what money and stocks are worth in New York, what wheat and the other grains are worth in Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis and the other markets and presents in addition accurate information on the events and conditions that determine these values.

The Record-Herald is the only morning paper in Chicago having its own special correspondent to cover the New York stock market. George S. Beachel's letters report the daily movements of the New York stock and money markets in a way that shows the writer's close association with the men who rule in those affairs in Wall street. Equal attention is devoted to the Chicago stock and financial markets and to the daily movements of prices on the Board of Trade. The "Speculative Gossip" and the notes that record Wall street and LaSalle street happenings contain many a line that shows a bit of the real "inside" history of the various markets. The Record-Herald makes it a point to cover in full the financial reports of companies and corporations and devotes particular attention to banking interests in Chicago and the West.

Knights of Pythias at Litchfield, Minn., July 4-6, 1906.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Litchfield round trip tickets for one fare for the round trip, dates of sale July 2 to 6, with final return limit July 7th.

Exact.

Bridegroom (who is receiving his bride's dowry)—Ten dollars is still wanting. Father-in-law—What? Oh, my daughter swallowed that $10 when she was a child.—Fliegende Blatter.

Essential Requirements.

"A man must know a great deal to be a good diplomat."

"Yes, and be able not to tell it."

None can tell where the diamond goes to in combustion. When burned it leaves no ash and not a trace of the once brilliant stone.

Annual Meeting Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, July 16-21, Denver, Colo.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Denver, Colo., (via Sioux City) and return for $30.50; dates of sale July 9 to 14, with final return limit of Aug. 22, 1906.

For Sale.

Six hives of bees and a spring buggy. Inquire of Mrs. A. Dainard.

What's the good of keeping from him
Any good things you may see,
That will lift his load of labor
Like Rocky Mountain Tea.
—Imperial Drug Co.

—Grafton flour, best in the northwest for sale at Holmes' elevator.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier St. Hilaire.

—Clean seed flax for sale at Holmes elevator.

—For go-carts go to Holmes Bros.

The Unit of Heat.

We cannot, of course, measure heat by yards, pints or pounds, but the unit of heat, the standard measure of that phenomenon, has been agreed upon by those whose business it is to philosophize on that subject to be that quantity which can raise a pound of water one degree. Now, to turn a pound of water into a pound of steam it requires 967 of these units of heat—that is to say, if we boil a pound of water until it all goes away in steam we shall have used in doing so a quantity of heat which would have raised 967 pounds of water one degree higher in temperature.

The Evil Eye.

Antiquitie hath held that certaine women of Scythia, being provoked and vexed against some men, had the power to kill them only with their looke. The tortoises and estriges hatch their eggs with their looks only, a signe that they have some ejaculative vertue. And concerning witches, they are said to have offensive and harmeworking eies.—Montaigne.

Biennial Festival Northwestern Scandinavian Singers' Ass'n, LaCrosse, Wisconsin, July 6-8, 1906.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to LaCrosse, Wis., round trip tickets for one fare plus $2.00; dates of sale July 4 to 7 inclusive, with final return limit leaving LaCrosse not later than July 9, 1906.

Annual Meeting Fraternal Order of Eagles, Milwaukee, Wis.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Milwaukee, Wis., and return for $20.51; dates of sale Aug. 10 to 13, with final return limit of Aug. 24th.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver of the U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 31st, 1906, viz:

Gilbert N. Sandvigen, H. E. No. 343, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼ Sec. 34, T. 153 N., R 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Ole J. Larson, Andrew J. Svenson, G. J. Larson, James Evenson, all of Hazel, Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

jn23-jl28)

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, H. A. Johnson, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the 1st day of July, 1906.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows:

On the ground floor of the two-story frame building situate on lot six (6) in block forty (40) of the Original Townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having two outside entrances, one in front and one in rear.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., this 15th day of June, 1906.

H. A. JOHNSON.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Saturday, the 30th day of June, 1906, at eight o'clock p. m. at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

[Seal.]
K. O. GIGSTAD,
Village Clerk.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake, and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Mike Anderson, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1906.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows:

On the ground floor of the two-story building situate on lot ten (10), of block forty (40), of the Original Townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having three outside entrances, one in front, one in side and one in rear.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., this 15th day of June, 1906.

MIKE ANDERSON.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village, on Saturday, the 30th day of June, 1906, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

(Seal.)
K. O. GIGSTAD,
Village Clerk.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Chas. J. Fellman, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1906.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows:

On the ground floor of the two-story building situate on lot fourteen (14), of block thirty-nine (39) of the Original Townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having three outside entrances, one in front, one in side and one in rear.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., this 15th day of June, 1906.

CHAS. J. FELLMAN.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway, in said village, on Saturday the 30th day of June, 1906, at eight o'clock p. m. at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

(Seal.)
K. O. GIGSTAD,
Village Clerk.

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Notice of Filing and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor, of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the board of county commissioners at the office of the county auditor of said county, in the city of Red Lake Falls, on the tenth day of July, A. D. 1906, at two o'clock p. m.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this tenth day of June, 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal) County Auditor.

Petition for Public Ditch.

To the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the drainage ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a drainage ditch along the following described route in the towns of Black River and Polk Center, in said county of Red Lake, and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminous of said ditch is as follows:

Commencing at the NE corner of the NE¼ of section 8, township 152 north, of range 44 west, following on the south side of the section line west as far as the NW corner of the NE¼ of said section; thence south on the quarter line for one mile between the NW¼ and the NE¼, the SW¼ and the SE¼ in section 8, thence turning west on the north side of the section line between sections 8 and 17 and 7 and 18 as far as to the bridge over Hedlund's creek; thence on the south side of the same section line to the range line between town of Black River and town of Polk Center; thence south on the east side of said range line one-half mile, turning west on the quarter line at the SE corner of the NE¼ of section 13, in township 152 north, of range 45 west, following the quarter line between the NE¼ and the SE¼ and the NW¼ and the SW¼ of section 13 and between the NE¼ and the SE¼ of section 14, township 152 north, of range 45 west and terminating at the SW corner of the NE¼ of section 14, having the creek that flows past said corner of same quarter section as its outlet and terminating at the SW corner of the NE¼ of section 14 same town and range as last named and having the creek near said corner as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such drainage ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter two hundred thirty (230), of the General laws, of Minnesota for 1905.

Dated May 29, 1906.

Chas. Johnson, Adolph Anderson,
Nick Eckstein, Sven Johnson,
Albert Anderson, Felix Anderson,
C. Moren, Wm. Landman,
Ernst Schneider, —Petitioners.

(jn16-30

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Formation of New District.

Whereas, a petition has been filed with the county board of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, signed and acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who reside in the proposed new district herein described, and who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts, and duly verified by the affidavit of one of the residents of said proposed new district, praying for the organization of a new school district out of the territory hereinafter described, to-wit:

Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, in township 153 north, of range 40 west of the Fifth principal meridian, in the township of Highlanding, county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, and the said board of county commissioners have appointed a time and place for a hearing upon said petition as by law required;

Now therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a hearing upon said petition will be had at a meeting of the said board, commencing upon the tenth day of July, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county at which time and place the said county board will hear arguments of all persons interested, for or against the proposed organization of said new school district.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this ninth day of June, A. D. 1906.

By order of the county board of Red Lake county, Minn.

{ County Auditor's Seal. } By JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio Clerk of Board.

jn16-23

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Daniel Johnson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Daniel Johnson, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to all persons interested in the above entitled matter:

Whereas, Emma Erickson has filed in this court a petition praying for administration of the estate of the above named decedent, and that letters of administration thereon be granted to K. O. Gigstad,

It is therefore ordered, that said petition be heard, and that all persons interested in said matter be and appear before this court on the 2nd day of July, 1906, at 10 o'clock a.m. at the probate court rooms in the court house, at the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, and then and there, or as soon thereafter, as said matter can be heard, show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted, and that this citation be served by the publication thereof in the St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county, according to law.

Witness the Honorable, N. W. Tarrant, judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 6th day of June, 1906.

N. W. TARRANT.
(Court Seal.) Judge.

j9-30

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz:

Per O. Kjonickson, H. E. No. 21700, for the W½NE¼ Sec. 33, T. 152 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

John Westerlund, of Plummer, Minn.; N. A. Nelson, of St. Hilaire, Minn.; Emil Just, of Red Lake Falls, Minn.; Gust Christopherson, of Plummer, Minn.

R. J. Montague, Register.

McMURRAY'S VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR
A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

Illinois Central R. R.

EFFICIENTLY SERVES A VAST TERRITORY

by through service to and from the following cities:

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Louisville, Ky. Jacksonville, Fla.
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AND THE PACIFIC COAST.

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EAST, SOUTH,
WEST NORTH.

Fast and Handsomely equipped Steam-Heated Trains—Dining Cars—Buffet Library Cars—Sleeping Cars—Free Reclining Chair Cars.

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Chicago, Ill.

CROOKSTON LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Button's Business College and Shorthand Institute

Crookston, Minn. ☞ and ☞ Wadena, Minn.

OFFERS to take you through a complete course in Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Tywewriting and let you pay for your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after situation is secured for you. It practically costs you nothing because we get you a position where you earn at least $10.00 per month more than you ever earned before. We want 500 students to enter this college during the next three months and make the above unparalleled offer to get them. The courses are:

Normal, Shorthand AND Typewriting,
Music, Commercial,
Preparatory, :::: Telegraphy.

THIS is the only College in the United States that guarantees a good paying position to every graduate. If we don't get you a satisfactory situation you need never pay us one cent

J. A. Button, Principal

Crookston, Minn. ☞ and ☞ Wadena, Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to....

H. E. IVES, President. H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Subscribe for St. Hilaire Spectator.

FAST MAIL TO CHICAGO

On your next trip east why not go as your letter goes? The United States government selects the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

Five daily passenger trains from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago—almost as frequent as suburban train service. These include The Pioneer Limited and The Fast Mail, the two most popular trains between these cities. No extra charge to ride on them. But it is necessary to name your route.

W. B. DIXON
Northwestern Passenger Agent
365 ROBERT STREET, ST. PAUL.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson D. Patterson E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650. Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K.R. Killand, Secy.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

—Go to Holmes Bros. for Sunshine furniture polish.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

THE LOCAL NEWS

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

Campbell Bro.'s circus will be at Thief River Falls on July 4th.

John Powers, the Wylie pioneer, was a visitor here the first of the week.

Miss Huldah Gigstad is visiting with friends at Pelican Rapids this week.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Attorney Black, of Crookston, was a business visitor here the first of the week.

Prof. J. B. O'Brien has been assisting at the postoffice a couple of days this week.

Anton Anderson made a short business trip to Crookston the first of this week.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

These are the longest days of the year, but we hope they are not the warmest.

Mrs. William Ireland is entertaining her sister, Miss Vannett, of Fertile, this week.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on July 3 and 4.

Mrs. A. O. Davison and children spent several days the first of the week at Red Lake Falls.

Hon. L. C. Simons and C. N. Bourdon, of Red Lake Falls, were business visitors here yesterday.

Cashier C. L. Hansen of the First State Bank of Red Lake Falls, was a business visitor here yesterday.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

Martin E. Hoff left last Wednesday for North Dakota, where he will canvass for the Watkins Medical Co.

Miss Freda Ittner, of Red Lake Falls, was here a couple of days this week visiting her brother, A. F. Ittner.

Mrs. O. T. Strand, of Hillsboro, N.D., returned home Monday after a short visit here with H. O. Haugen and family.

J. A. Dainard and wife came up from Fargo yesterday and will spend some time here visiting relatives and friends.

L. L. Bergen went to Pelican Rapids last Monday to attend the annual meeting of the Synod of the Lutheran church.

Miss Mabel Aimer left on Monday for Barnesville where she will visit relatives before going west with her parents.

T. O. Strand, of Lake Park, Minn., was here the first of the week visiting his sons in law, H. O. Haugen and J. S. Roy.

Alex. Thompson, of Crookston, the general agent for the Minneapolis Brewing Co., was here on business last Thursday.

Mrs. Geo. L. Austin returned last Monday from Fergus Falls, where she had spent a couple of weeks visiting with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Odegaard are at Pelican Rapids this week attending the annual Synod of the Norwegian Lutheran church.

Rev. Jakob Drage, of Minneapolis, will preach in the United Norwegian Lutheran church next Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

Thief River Falls News: Martin and E. J. McAndress, of St. Hilaire, and W. G. McAndress, of Spring Valley, were in the city Tuesday.

Wanted.—Two dining room girls and one dishwasher at Hotel Ogahmah, Thief River Falls.
Chas. A. Robbecke.

John Ford, the River Falls veteran, was a visitor here last Wednesday. Mr. Ford informed us that the cropps were all in excellent condition down his way.

The creamery made another record last Monday when they shipped 125 tubs of butter, the result of one week's work. This will bring the farmers about $1500.

Don't be fooled and made to believe that rheumatism can be cured with local appliances. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is the only positive cure for rheumatism. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

H. M. Bliss, the head filer at the saw mill was made happy last Saturday by the arrival of his wife. They have rented the Soli residence on Water street.

Misses Josephine and Huldah Gigstad and Mary Hoff went over to Grand Forks last Monday to take in the commencement exercises at the Grand Forks College.

The Ladies' Aid of the Swedish Mission church will meet at Chas. Gustafson's place, 4½ miles northeast of town, next Thursday, June 27th. All are welcome.

The village board of equalization will meet at the village hall next Monday. Citizens who are interested should attend and see that their assessment is satisfactory.

Rev. C. R. Martin will preach in the Swedish Mission church Sunday evening, July 1. All are welcome. Rev. Martin will be remembered as the former pastor of the church.

Andrew Nelson, the well known Wyandotte farmer, made the Spectator office a call last Tuesday. He says that crop prospects are fine out that way and that the cold, wet weather has in no way injured the prospects for a big crop.

Mrs. R. H. Aimer was surprised last Thursday evening by a large number of friends at the residence of Rev. C. W. Gilman and presented with a suit case. A pleasant evening was spent and all wished her good luck and prosperity in her new home.

Mr. and Mrs. O. G. Lyon arrived here Tuesday evening from Denver, Col. Mrs. Lyon is a sister of Chas. and Otto Gustafson. They will make an extended visit among friends and relatives here, it being ten years since they last were in Minnesota.

When the baby talks, it is time to give Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It's the greatest baby medicine known to loving mothers. It makes them eat, sleep and grow. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

R. H. Aimer took advantage of the low rates and went to Duluth last Thursday. Mrs. Aimer expects to leave today and they will start the first of the week for the west. They have a large number of very warm friends who are sorry to see them leave but who wish them success in their new home.

Beginning July, 1906, Dr. Geo. E. Spofford, (optometrist) visits St. Hilaire on the 8th day of every month. Spectacles and eye glasses scientifically fitted. The ophthalmoscope and retinoscope used in all cases. Office at Hotel Markham. Consultation free. tf

Red Lake Falls Gazette: Prof. A. Onstad, formerly conductor of the local band organization, spent Friday in the city greeting his many friends. During the winter Prof. Onstad was musical director at Concordia College, Moorhead, which closed for the summer last week. Mr. Onstad does not know where he will spend the summer months but is thinking of going to Europe.

Sunbeam: A monster moose passed through the township last Tuesday afternoon. He was first observed by Wallace Grace, while at work on the school building and went from there to the residence of Mr. Hammerstine, passing between the house and barn. Mr. Hammerstine says he could have killed him with an ax, he was so close to him, but did not want to violate the game law.

Co. Supt. McAnulty was here last Wednesday looking over the schools in this vicinity and making arrangements for the teachers' training school which will be held at Thief River Falls next month. Mr. McAnulty informed us that this had been a busy year in school matters in Red Lake county and that seventeen new school districts have been organized, making a total of ninety-seven organized districts in the county.

Lighting Plant.

A petition is being circulated and has received a good many signers asking the village council to take steps towards establishing a municipal electric lighting plant. The petition asks that the council secure the waterpower if possible, but to put in a steam plant if the water power is not available. The matter will probably come up at the next meeting of the council.

Mind Deranged.

Thief River Falls News: Upon the complaint of his wife, Joseph Vicken, a settler living on the eleven towns about nine miles east of town, was locked up Monday. Vicken has been drinking very heavily of late and his mind has become deranged. His father arrived in the city yesterday, and will make application to have his som sent to the insane asylum at Fergus Falls.

Creamery Pays Out $3,750.70.

One hundred and seventy-one patrons furnished cream to the creamery for the month of May and they were paid the sum of $3750.70 last Wednesday. The price for butter fat for May was 19½ cents and the following are the names of the farmers receiving the largest amounts:

L. A. Carlson, $59.39; Chas. Seeger, $59.32; Emil Just, $59.10; Claus Hendricks, $56.68; Andrew Martinson, $55.48; Gust Konikson, $52.28; H. Haupt, $48.76; C. A. Lindquist, $48.19; Swan Wiberg, $46.38; N. A. Nelson, $44.23.

Low Rates to Warren, Minn.

The Northern Minnesota Firemen's Tournament will be held June 26th to 29th, for which occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire, Minn., to Warren, Minn., round trip tickets for one and one-third fare, date of sale June 25th to 27th, with final return limit of June 30, 1906.

Good Cream—Good Butter.

Below are the names of the patrons of the St. Hilaire creamery who furnished the cream from which the butter was made for the state June scoring contest. The butter scored 92 and would have scored much higher but for the weedy flavor, caused probably by the cows eating dandelions, with which some of the pastures are badly infested. We also publish herewith the critic's report on this butter:

N. E. Beebe
N. A. Nelson
H. Happ
August Swenson
J. S. Roy
Peter Lundberg
Fred Soderberg
O. T. Swenson
Ole Larson
Ed. A. Aubol
L. A. Carlson
Andrew Soderberg
Swan Johnson
Andrew Mortenson
Gust Erickson
Andrew Bjornquist
A. P. Anderson
Lars Loberg

JUDGES' REPORT.

	Scale.	Score.	Remarks.
Flavor	45	37	Very well made; has a very weedy or strong feed flavor.
Grain	25	25	
Color	15	15	
Salt	10	10	
Packing	5	5	
Total	100	92	

Judges { H. T. Sondergaard. / H. J. Credicott.

CRITIC'S REPORT.

Package neat, o. k. in every way.

Butter shows very neat workmanship. Had your butter not been weedy it would have scored much higher. Try and pick out the cream that has weedy, strong flavor and have these patrons bring a better quality.
Joel G. Winkjer,
Critic.

Base Ball.

The Red Lake Falls "kid" nine came up last Sunday and crossed bats with the local juvenile ball tossers. It was a good game and the local "kids" were defeated by a score of 7 to 4.

The Black River and Rocksbury teams played a game of ball on the St. Hilaire diamond last Sunday. Both teams batted the ball hard and the hits made a noise like a county seat fight. The scorekeeper counted 32 scores for Black River and 29 for Rocksbury.

A picked-up nine from St. Hilaire drove to Thief River Falls last Sunday to play their opponents a game of ball and the Thief River boys took revenge for the game played here the week before to the tune of 16 to 11.

Teachers Training School.

A four weeks' training school will be held at Thief River Falls commencing July 5th, 1906, conducted by Prof. C. S. Yeager, of Fosston; with J. B. O'Brien of St. Hilaire, Charlotte M. Knudson of St. Cloud, and Mary G. Fanning of St. Paul, as instructors.

All subjects required for first and second grade certificates will be taught. Free use of high school building, text books and library has been granted by the Board of Education of Thief River Falls. All teachers who expect to teach in the county should attend. Good board at very reasonable rates may be secured. Those desiring places to board should write county superintendent.
H. T. McAnulty,
2t Co. Supt.

They are Pioneers.

Thief River Falls News: Twenty-two years ago Sunday, Samuel T. Johnson and Frank Tilton first came to Thief River Falls and they have resided here ever since that time. Of course, 22 years ago there was no Thief River Falls, and Messrs. Johnson and Tilton settled upon homesteads north of here, but when the first work of building a town here was commenced, they removed to Thief River Falls and have been residents here ever since that time.

North Dakota State Fair, Fargo, July 23 to 28.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Fargo and return for $3.60; dates of sale July 22 to 28, with final return limit of July 29, 1906.

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of Merchants State Bank at St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on June 18, 1906.
Date of call by Supt., June 18, 1906.
Date of report by bank, June 21, 1906.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$46,685 00
Overdrafts		199 17
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		4,047 99
Due from banks	14,884 86	
Checks and cash items	1,005 27	
Cash on hand, items below	2,019 90	
Currency	895 00	
Gold	890 00	
Silver	220 50	
Other	14 40	
Total cash assets	17,890 03	17,890 03
Short Cash		95 94
Total		68,918 13
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$10,000 00
Surplus fund		300 00
Undivided profits, net		16 43
Dep. subject to check	19,594 19	
Demand certificates	4,739 99	
Total immed. liabilities	24,334 18	
Time certificates	34,267 52	
Total deposits	58,601 70	58,601 70
Total		68,918 13

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

I, K. O. Gigstad, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
K. O. Gigstad, Cashier.
Attest: (Two) Directors:
H. E. Ives,
Leonard Holmes.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of June, 1906.
A. O. Davison,
(Seal) Notary Public,
Red Lake Co., Minn.
My commission expires Nov. 19, 1911.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

Stick to Your Farms.

Mrs. A. W. Clark in Middle River Pioneer: A good many of our neighbors have gone or are making preparations to move to Canada, but those who stick to their farms will come out better in the end. We all started wrong here, but it is not too late to make a change and win out all right. This is not a grain country and never will be until all the land is underdrained, but we can raise splendid crops of tame grass and clover. Any one can come to our farm and see blue grass, red top and timothy, mammoth and medium red and white clover, alsike and bromus, all growing luxuriantly. What we need is lots of creameries and the sooner people get into tame grasses and clovers, the sooner they will get them. This is the first year that our cows have not almost gone dry during fly time, but our pasture furnishes the best kind of feed this year, being seeded to timothy, blue grass and white clover, and the cattle can fill themselves in an hour or two mornings and evenings, and they have actually gained in their milk during the last week, and the milk is a good deal richer than ever before.

Willie in Trouble.

Thief River Falls News: Willie Smith was arrested Monday morning charged with throwing a fire cracker through an open window in the Presbyterian church Sunday morning while Sunday school was in session. The teacher of the Sunday school class, of which Willie was a member, was not present and he, with a number of other boys, remained on the sidewalk in front of the church. They had some fire crackers and one of the boys dared Willie to throw one through the window, which he did—and now he is sorry. The case has been postponed until the 16th of July, when Willie's father, who is now absent from the city, is expected to return, and at that time no doubt will be dismissed.

Iron at Kelliher.

Kelliher Journal; H. Colton and C. Ryan, of Alpena, Mich., were here a few days last week looking after business matters. Mr. Colton formerly owned large timber interests in this country, but reserved the mineral right to the land, and his visit here is thought to be of some significence, inasmuch as Mr. Ryan is an expert mining engineer. Just what is the result of their visit is not known, but it has long been known that indications of iron in this vicinity have been strong, and the fact of Mr. Ryan's visit lends color to the general supposition that iron will some day be discovered in great quantities.

The Old Flag House.

The little two-story brick structure at 239 Arch street, Philadelphia, known as the "Old Flag House" where Betty Ross designed the American flag, has been bought by the government. There are 1,000,000 stockholders of the property living in every state in the Union. Shares were sold at 10 cents apiece. The purchase price of the house was $205,000. No one can appreciate the actual value of golden grain belt beer until given a fair trial. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Baptist Young People's Union of America, Omaha, Neb., July 12-15.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Omaha, Neb., for (via Sioux City, $19.75; via St. Paul $21.06) and return; dates of sale July 10 to 13, with final return limit of July 21, 1906.

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of First State Bank at St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on June 18, 1906.
Date of call by Supt., June 18, 1906.
Date of report by bank, June 21, 1906.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$48,621 93
Overdrafts		156 64
Other bonds, stocks and securities		1,710 85
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		4,000 00
Other real estate		225 78
Due from banks	9,252 53	
Checks and cash items	909 92	
Currency	2,173 00	
Gold	610 00	
Silver	795 75	
Total Cash Assets	3,578 75	
		13,741 20
Total		$68,456 38
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$10,000 00
Surplus fund		2,000 00
Undivided profits, net		352 47
Dep. subject to check	$15,354 60	
Demand certificates	1,240 33	
Total immediate liabilit's	16,594 93	
Time certificates	39,508 98	
Total deposits	56,103 91	56,103 91
Total		$68,456 38

State of Minnesota } ss
County of Red Lake. }

I, B. E. Burkee, cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above Statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
B. E. Burkee,
Cashier.
Attest: (Two) Directors:
J. K. Hannay,
B. E. Burkee.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of June, 1906.
O. F. Post,
[SEAL] Notary Public,
Red Lake Co., Minn.
My commission expires Feb. 8, 1911.

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
CIGARS
and STATIONERY

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8!
That's the Holiday Week of the Year—the Week of the Great MINNESOTA STATE FAIR
Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphiteater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world.—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.
Sensational racing each day.
Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, Etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 Pacing race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $55,644.50.
HALF FARE RAILROAD RATES! Tickets on sale Saturday Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept. 10.
C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

DRINK Hamm's
NEW BREW
BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

SAW MILL MACHINERY.
Saw Mills
Hand Edgers
Lumber Trimmers
Lath Machines
Bolting Machines
Shingle Machines
Planer & Matchers
Drag Saws
Wood Saws
Engines
Boilers
Pulleys
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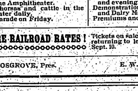
Boxes
Trucks
Grate Bars
Feed Mills
Horse Powers



We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery. Write for our Catalogue. E. Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

INTERESTING LETTER

WRITTEN BY A NOTABLE WOMAN

Mrs. Sarah Kellogg of Denver, Color Bearer of the Woman's Relief Corps, Sends Thanks to Mrs. Pinkham.

Mrs. Sarah Kellogg

The following letter was written by Mrs. Kellogg, of 1628 Lincoln Ave., Denver, Col., to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.: Dear Mrs. Pinkham:

"For five years I was troubled with a tumor, which kept growing, causing me intense agony and great mental depression. I was unable to attend to my house work, and life became a burden to me. I was confined for days to my bed, lost my appetite, my courage and all hope.

"I could not bear to think of an operation, and in my distress I tried every remedy which I thought would be of any use to me, and reading of the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to sick women decided to give it a trial. I felt so discouraged that I had little hope of recovery, and when I began to feel better, after the second week, thought it only meant temporary relief; but to my great surprise I found that I kept gaining, while the tumor lessened in size.

"The Compound continued to build up my general health and the tumor seemed to be absorbed, until, in seven months, the tumor was entirely gone and I a well woman. I am so thankful for my recovery that I ask you to publish my letter in newspapers, so other women may know of the wonderful curative powers of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

When women are troubled with irregular or painful periods, weakness, displacement or ulceration of the female organs, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation, backache, flatulence, general debility, indigestion or nervous prostration, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles.

No other medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female ills.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She is daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years under her direction and since her decease has been advising sick women free of charge. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Remember that it is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that is curing women, and don't allow any druggist to sell you anything else in its place.

Lamps.

Teacher (of East Side school)—I wonder how many of you remember the pretty story of Aladdin and the wonderful lamp I told you last week. Billy Bleecker, can you tell me why our little friend Aladdin rubbed his lamp?

Billy Bleecker (vaguely) — If he wuzn't gettin' sleepy, he musta had a cinder in it.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Work.

"Old Crossby worked eighteen hours out of twenty-four until he amassed a fortune."

"Yes, and now his son is working twenty-four hours out of every twenty-four."

"Making another fortune?"

"No, trying to find a way to spend the fortune his daddy made."

Care of Oilcloth.

Oilcloth should never be scrubbed with a stiff brush or washed with strong soap. Remove all dirt by carefully sweeping with a soft hair brush. Then wash until clean with tepid water and Ivory Soap. Rinse with clear water to which has been added a teaspoonful of kerosene. Polish with a dry cloth. ELEANOR R. PARKER.

Not the Same.

"Public officeholders," said Cityman, "are only servants after all."

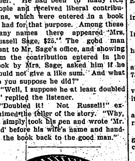
"Yes, rejoined Suburbs, "and I wish we could get a servant who would hang on like they do."

A Family Matter.

"Once upon a time there lived a good man of New York who was soliciting contributions for the erection of an orphan asylum," said the storyteller. "He had been to many rich people and received liberal contributions, which were entered in a book he had for that purpose. Among these many names there appeared 'Mrs. Russell Sage, $25.' The good man went to Mr. Sage's office, and showing him the contribution entered in the book by Mrs. Sage, asked him if he would not give a like sum. And what do you suppose he did?"

"Well, I suppose he at least doubled it," replied the listener.

"Doubled it! Not Russell!" exclaimed the teller of the story. "Why, he simply took his pen and wrote 'Mr. and' before his wife's name and handed the book back to the good man."


DODD'S
KIDNEY
PILLS
CURE ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE
DIABETES
We have discontinued the use of our former package. The public may rely only ... Sold only in boxes

GOING TO BUILD?

Write for price on sash and doors, hardwood flooring; cut this out; we pay freight.
THE HARDWOOD DOOR CO.
St. Paul, Minn.

S&R
SCHEFFER & ROSSUM
HARNESS Are all lock stitched.
Ask your dealer.

RELATED OF ROYALTY.

The archbishop of Canterbury of England takes rank after the royal family and before every other peer.

Emperor William was the first to inspect the town of Tosti, Hungary, which was the premier town of Europe to be lighted with acetylene.

King Alfonso and Princess Ena are both descendants of Mary queen of Scots, as is every monarch in Europe except the king of Sweden and the sultan of Turkey.

Lord Beaconfield, who has just celebrated his thirty-fourth birthday, is a nephew of Lord Rosebery. He served with distinction in the Boer war, owns about 100,000 acres of land, and has a rent roll of $450,000 yearly.

King Edward is largely his own physician, and a happy combination of exercise and self-denial accounts for the preservation of a fine constitution. Now almost an ascetic at the table, he may say, in the words of the late Sir William Harcourt: "I feel best whenever, he has disposed of some of his I eat least."

The original commission of Thomas Lord Fairfax, baron of Cameron, was found several days ago at Winchester, Va., among some old relics and documents bought by Dr. Charles von Witt, of that city. It is elaborately engraved on parchment, dated in England, April, 1738, and is in a fair state of preservation.

One of the wealthiest peers in England is Earl Fitzwilliam, who is the possessor of some 15,000 acres of land in England and Ireland. Under the recent land purchase measure, however, he has disposed of some of his Wicklow property. Some 20 years ago the Fitzwilliam estates were put at about 92,000 acres in Ireland, and about $250,000 per annum, and 24,000 acres in England, worth about $440,000 a year.

The young crown princess of Germany is rapidly becoming the leader of fashion in Berlin. She has set a new custom which is becoming extremely popular. While walking she almost invariably carries a dainty, rather long walking stick with a gold top and ornamented with a silken bow. Her royal highness has a large collection of sticks from which she is able to select one to suit any costume that she may be wearing. One very handsome mauve-colored stick is finished off at the top with a flat crystal button and bears her initials in rubies.

RELIGIOUS REPORT.

The Salvation Army is about to erect in Los Angeles, at a cost of $125,000, a boarding house for young women.

The Catholic bishop at Vilna, Russia, has sent a report to the synod showing that since the ukase of religious toleration, over 20,000 members of the orthodox church have become Catholics.

Eighty Christian missionaries are reported as entreating Evan Roberts to visit the Holy Land, to hold services on Mount Carmel, and "as a modern Elias once more to defeat the false prophets of Baal."

There are more than 2,000,000 negro Baptists in this country, with 50 institutions of learning and 45 denominational organizations papers. They have a national organization, with boards for missions, home and foreign, education, publication and the young people's societies.

From Sumatra, the Rhenish missionary society reports a year of harvest such as it has never before seen. The number of pagans baptized during the year was 4,712, besides 136 Mohammedans. The total of Christians is now 61,764. In 307 schools 14,519 boys and girls are under instruction.

When Dr. Paton followed the call of God to the New Hebrides, the 18,000 who have since accepted Christ were cannibals, says the Ram's Horn. There are now 23 missionaries and 300 teachers working among the 40,000 that are still cannibals. Sometimes they are murdered or stolen for slaves, but others are always ready to take their places.

There are French-Canadian parishes in 69 cities, towns and villages in Maine and supplying these are 63 priests, of whom 33 are Canadians, 24 are Irish, four are French, one a Hollander and one a Belgian. The largest parish is that of Lewiston and Auburn, where there is a French-Canadian population of 13,351. Biddeford and Saco have 11,100 and Waterville 5,300.

NUGGETS OF KNOWLEDGE.

There are ladies' smoking cars on English railways.

In Austria chess playing is taught in the public schools.

Alligator, a popular native dish in India, tastes like veal.

The wood used in the best pianos has been seasoned 40 years.

Those who reach 30 in good health are likely, statistics show, to last to 73.

Over 200,000 pounds of human hair, valued at $500,000, is sold annually in Paris.

The majority of criminals can draw and paint. That is why artists can rarely get credit.

In many parts of Switzerland the government buries the dead, supplying coffins and undertaker free of cost.

Calico print works, photographic supply factories, wine-clearing plants, bookbinders, glovemakers and leather furnishers are the chief consumers of eggs.

To sustain a man on fresh meat 22 acres of land are necessary. The same piece of land devoted to wheat would sustain 42 men; devoted to oats, 88 men; devoted to rice and potatoes, 176 men.

Desecrated Tomb.

Cecil Rhodes' tomb in the Matoppo hills, South Africa, has been desecrated by curiosity seekers. This advertisement appeared recently in the Quebec Daily Telegraph: "For sale—A piece of stone from slab covering grave of the Hon. Cecil John Rhodes, in the Matoppo hills, southern Rhodesia, South Africa. An opportunity for curio collectors. Apply D., this office."

One Good Word for It.

The automobile did its work nobly in San Francisco, and we do not read that any of the gasoline variety took fire or blew up.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

DOES YOUR BACK ACHE?

Cure the Kidneys and the Pain Will Never Return.

Only one way to cure an aching back. Cure the cause, the kidneys.

Thousands tell of cures made by Doan's Kidney Pills. John C. Coleman, a prominent merchant of Swainsboro, Ga., says: "For several years my kidneys were affected, and my back ached day and night. I was languid, nervous and lame in the morning. Doan's Kidney Pills helped me right away, and the great relief that followed has been permanent."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Trapped.

The eyes of the beautiful woman blazed through the night. "See!" she hissed. "A strange hair upon your shoulder."

The dark man quailed.

"'Tis the—the hair of a horse," he faltered.

"The hair of a horse, base deceiver! How could it be the hair of a horse when you have been out automobile riding?"

With lowered head he begged her forgiveness.

Bright Boy.

Uncle John — I hear you're doing well in school. What's your strongest branch?

Tommy—Memory. I won a book as a prize for that last week.

Uncle John—Indeed? What sort of book was it?

Tommy—I can't recall the name of it now.

No Doubt of That.

"No," said Miss Pechis, "I don't like him to call upon me. He can't get near a girl without attempting to hug and kiss her."

"The idea!" exclaimed Miss Prim, "I wouldn't have a man like that calling upon me."

"No, you would not."

Not Physical.

"Hear about old Goldrox? He's gone into a decline."

"You don't say. What's the trouble?"

"He's being investigated and declines to answer."

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. William O. Crawford, Beaver Creek, Minn., machine for loading shocks; Birge W. Davenport, Minneapolis, Minn., merry-go-round; Louis Dunn, St. Paul, Minn., operating device for slip-switches; Albert M. Graf, Carpenter, S. D., milk pail holder; Alexander McDougall, Duluth, Minn., ore cleaner; Col. A. Murphy, Chatfield, Minn., trap; William A. Mushatt, Brainerd, Minn., stump puller.

Telephoning Herring.

A Berlin paper tells of a new device that makes herring fishing easy. A microphone, which magnifies sounds, is plunged into the sea to ascertain if fish are passing that way. A wire connects the submerged microphone with an ordinary receiver, with which one listens to what is going on in the depths of the sea. Excellent results have been obtained in the North sea by the invention for signaling the passing of the herring shoals.

Curiosities of the Cactus.

Mexico has a cactus which grows tooth picks; another, ribbed and thickly set with teeth-like spines, which furnish the natives with combs; there is another cactus, the long, curved spines of which resemble fish-hooks; there is another which is an almost perfect imitation of the sea-urchin; still another resembles a porcupine; there is another covered with long red hair which is nick named the "red-headed cactus."

There are several varieties which serve as timepieces. One of these, the Cereus nycticalus, opens its blossoms at 7 o'clock in the evening and closes them at 7 o'clock in the morning; another opens at 8 o'clock and closes at 8 the next morning; another opens at 9 o'clock in the morning and closes at noon.

KNOWS NOW.

Doctor Was Fooled by His Own Case for a Time.

It's easy to understand how ordinary people get fooled by coffee when doctors themselves sometimes forget the facts.

A physician speaks of his own experience:

"I had used coffee for years and really did not exactly believe it was injuring me, although I had palpitation of the heart every day.

"Finally one day a severe and almost fatal attack of heart trouble frightened me and I gave up both tea and coffee, using Postum instead, and since that time I have had absolutely no heart palpitation except on one or two occasions when I tried a small quantity of coffee which caused severe irritation and proved to me I must let it alone.

"When we began using Postum it seemed weak—that was because we did not make it according to directions—but now we put a little bit of butter in the pot when boiling and allow the Postum to boil full 15 minutes which gives it the proper rich flavor and the deep brown color.

"I have advised a great many of my friends and patients to leave off coffee and drink Postum, in fact I daily give this advice." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Many thousands of physicians use Postum in place of tea and coffee in their own homes and prescribe it to patients. "There's a reason."

A remarkable little book "The Road to Wellville" can be found in pkgs.

CHURCH CONCERNS.

A clergyman owing allegiance to the Church of England in Canada cannot hereafter solemnize the marriage of a divorced person as long as the other party to the divorce is living.

After waiting seven years for Charles H. Evans, the son of the late Solomon Evans, to appear, the Methodist church of Rochester, N. W., becomes the beneficiary to the extent of $28,933.47, under the will of the elder Evans, who died in July, 1898.

A memorial tablet to the late Archbishop Chapelle has been placed in the sanctuary wall of the cathedral in New Orleans. It is of white marble, six feet in height, and bears an inscription in gold letters, giving in Latin a short history of the most important events in the sacerdotal life of the lamented prelate.

The Rev. Henry Wunder, pastor of St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran church of Chicago, has just concluded 54 years as pastor of that church, which is a longer time than any other Chicago minister has been connected with a congregation. In his pastorate he has married and christened more than 20,000 persons.

The Marble Collegiate church, Fifth avenue and Twenty-ninth stret, New York, Rev. David James Burrell, D. D., pastor, recently celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of worship. The Collegiate church, said to be the oldest Protestant church in America, was organized in the summer of 1628. The Marble church is the tenth in the Collegiate church. On October 11, 1854, the present building was opened for worship. Dr. Burrell was called from the Westminster Presbyterian church, Minneapolis, to the pastorate in 1891.

The city of Los Angeles has a church federation including on its roll about 100 churches. It stands for three things: (1) Cooperative activities in general evangelical movements, such as the meetings by G. Campbell Morgan, J. Wilbur Chapman and others. (2) United work for the furtherance of civic righteousness as occasion requires. (3) A scheme of unified pastoral visitation by which all sections of the city shall be looked after, lists to be exchanged and individual church initiation to be strengthened.

SCIENTIFIC SPECIALS.

Prof. Classen, of Aix-la-Chapelle, has brought out a process of making alcohol from sawdust. The cellulose is treated with gaseous sulphuric acid, and glucose formed, and is converted into alcohol by fermentation. A ton of sawdust yields about 50 gallons of crude alcohol or 25 gallons of absolute alcohol. It is expected, however, that in time 30 gallons or more will be obtained.

The late Prof. Pierre Curie, discoverer of radium, as a boy seemed so stupid at school that his parents withdrew him and put him under a private tutor. All through his years of study, including the final preparations for the arts degree, he was hampered by the necessity of studying uncongenial subjects. It was only when he was free to follow his natural bent that his powers were manifested.

Prof. Behring, who claims to have discovered an effective treatment against tuberculosis, is the discoverer of the serum treatment of diphtheria. Four years ago he shared the Nobel price of $40,000 with Dr. Roux, of the Pasteur institute, of Paris. He is also a professor of the Berlin university and has for years pursued his experiments on an estate of his own of about 1,000 acres near Marburg. The number of animals of all sizes that have passed through his hands on this property is simply enormous.

The new alchemy assumes that elements of great atomic weight break up into substances of lighter atoms, but thus far the only transmutations observed have been the changes of radium and actinium into an emanation, of which about seven per cent. seems to form helium. What becomes of the remaining 93 per cent. of the emanation is not yet proven, although there are reasons for believing that lead is a part of the product. In the atomic disintegration the energy given out far surpasses all previous experience, and it is estimated that if a fragment of radium could be made to complete its change instantaneously, the result would be an explosion millions of times more terrific than of gun cotton.

MEDICAL MENTION.

A Christiania doctor has discovered that microbes are infected with parasites.

The new Virchow hospital in Berlin will have 800 beds. The total cost of construction will reach $5,000,000. The attending physicians will have salaries from about $1,400 to $800 a year.

Strong measures against tuberculosis have been taken by the local government board of Scotland, writes Consul Fleming from Edinburgh. It is put in the class of infectious diseases, and a campaign of disinfection is inaugurated.

When anyone with normal eyesight stands at right angles to a ray of sunlight it is easy to see floating dust particles which are not discoverable with the aid of the strongest microscope. What is seen by the unaided eye is not the particle of solid matter, but the cone of light reflected from it and occupying a much greater space.

In denouncing the genral use of chemical preserves in food, the Lancet remarks that the curing or smoke process aims not merely at preserving the food, but giving it palatable qualities. Smoked salmon, herring or haddock, for example, is not only preserved by the process, but agreably flavored at the same time. The addition of borax or salicylic acid, on the other hand, would not enhance the flavor of these fishes.

His Own Mug.

O'Toole—Give me a shave.

New Barber—Have you your own mug?

"Me own mug, is it! An' do yez think I'd be after goin' around wid another fell'ys face atop me showlders?"—Tit-Bits.

Bridge Versus Golf.

The Mid-Surrey (Eng.) Golf club has forbidden its members to play bridge whist on Sundays. This is not a religious measure. It was found that bridge playing interfered with golf.

Tennyson's Many Loves.

In discussing little oddities and peculiarities in connection with the works of various writers, and more especially poets, an official of the congressional library recently said:

"I was talking with a publisher not long ago about a new edition of Tennyson's poems which he proposes to bring out. He showed me a sample of the type which he intended to have cast for the edition, and I asked: 'Have you given an order for an additional lot of l's and v's?'

"'Why, no; why should I?' he asked.

"'Because you will have to have them,' I told him. 'The word "love" occurs so many times in Tennyson's poems that the usual percentage of l's and v's is far short of the number required.'"

Mummy of a Miner.

A miner who lost his life 2,000 years ago has been taken from a copper mine in Chile recently. Copper oxide had mummified his whole body. The mummy is in a fine state of preservation. Coarse sacking, evidently the clothing of the ancient Inca workman, was found with the body as were also two mallets, one fashioned out of granite and the other out of ironstone. These implements were tied with thongs into bent sticks made as double handles. Both the hide and the sticks were as fresh looking when found as if they had been in use only the day before.

Hinting.

"It may be growing a little late," said the bore, "but the cuckoo in yon clock shall tell me when it is time to leave."

"Cuckoo!" yawned the beautiful girl. "Are you sure the cuckoo will be the bird?"

"Yes, my dear. Why should you ask?"

"Well, I thought perhaps it would be the sparrows to-morrow morning."

CHILD'S AWFUL SKIN HUMOR.

Screamed With Pain—Suffering Nearly Broke Parent's Heart—Speedily Cured by Cuticura.

"I wish to inform you that the Cuticura Remedies have put a stop to twelve years of misery I passed with my son. As an infant I noticed on his body a red spot, and treated same with different remedies for about five years, but when the spot began to get larger I put him under the care of doctors. Under their treatment the disease spread to four different parts of his body. The longer the doctors treated him the worse it grew. During the day it would get rough and form like scales. At night it would be cracked, inflamed and badly swollen, with terrible burning and itching. When I think of his suffering it nearly breaks my heart. His screams could be heard down stairs. The suffering of my son made me full of misery. I had no ambition to work, to eat, nor could I sleep. One doctor told me that my son's eczema was incurable, and gave it up for a bad job. One evening I saw an article in the paper about the wonderful Cuticura and decided to give it a trial. I tell you that Cuticura Ointment is worth its weight in gold; and when I had used the first box of Ointment there was a great improvement, and by the time I had used the second set of Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Resolvent, my child was cured. He is now twelve years old, and his skin is as fine and smooth as silk. Michael Steinman, 7 Sumner Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y., April 16, 1905."

Cynical Philosophy.

"Progressive stages of married life may be classed under three general heads."

"What are they?"

"Matrimony, acrimony, alimony."

God gives all things to industry.

Contrary.

Hicks—But what makes you so sure that your boy will go to the gymnasium this afternoon?

Wicks—Because I told him not to go.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Willing to Economize.

"He even promised to leave his club if I marry him."

"Huh! What club?"

"Why, the bachelor club, of course."

Horse trading is fine exercise for a weak imagination.

TRY IT FREE If you are ill and all out of sorts, run down, irritable, cross, nervous and despondent; if your stomach is out of order and your appetite gone, your liver inactive, congested and sore—your digestion impaired and bowels irregular, if you feel just completely tired out, have headaches, rheumatism, backaches or catarrh,

Zaegel's Swedish Essence

ZAEGEL'S SWEDISH ESSENCE A LIFE PRESERVER
TRADE MARK REGISTERED.

will increase your appetite, aid digestion and by so doing restore vitality and strength to both body and mind.

This medicine acts directly on the stomach and through this organ regulates the heart, bowels, liver and kidneys.

In the south it has been found to cure and prevent malaria and all kinds of fevers.

It is not a patent or secret remedy, but a combination of roots and herbs, the names of which are on every package.

Nature's remedy for constipation, rheumatism, backache and catarrh.

If you doubt this, you can test its curative virtue for yourself at absolutely no expense.

Send your name and address, describing your ailment, and we will mail you, under plain wrapper, securely sealed, a trial bottle FREE.

It is free now, so don't fail to write to-day to M. R. Zaegel & Co., 190 Main Street, Sheboygan, Wis.

Dere aint goner be no leavin's

Make your boy's food tasty—Mother—for it has to do some big things. It has to make flesh, blood, bone and muscle and supply boundless Energy. **Remember, the boy of today is the man of tomorrow.**

Don't injure him physically and mentally with indigestible meats, pastries, rich puddings, etc., that act as a drain on his nervous energy.

But feed him plenty of

EGG-O-SEE 10¢

all there is in wheat—and he'll be your heart's joy—strong, healthy, bright, smart and quick at his studies.

You won't have to coax him to eat it either, Mother, for its delicious rich flavor when eaten with cream and sugar is just what he craves most for.

Egg-O-See keeps the blood cool and is the ideal summer food.

Give him some tomorrow—"there won't be no leavin's."

Prepared under conditions of scrupulous cleanliness.

Every grocer in the country sells EGG-O-SEE—the whole wheat cereal. If your grocer has not received his supply, mail us 10 cents and his name (15 cents west of the Rocky Mountains) and we will send you a package of EGG-O-SEE and a copy of the book, "-back to nature."

FREE "-back to nature" book

Our 32-page book, "-back to nature," outlines a plan of right living, including menus for 7 days and recipes for preparing the necessary dishes, based on a whole wheat diet, with suggestions for bathing, eating and exercise, illustrated from life, exceedingly simple and attractive. By following the precepts, abounding and vigorous health is sure to result.

Published to sell at 25 cents a copy, this handsomely illustrated book will be mailed FREE to anyone who writes, as long as this edition lasts. Address

EGG-O-SEE CEREAL COMPANY
No. 10 First Street Quincy, Illinois

CASH for CREAM
Write to-day for shipping tags.
MILLER & HOLMES,
18 East 3rd Street, ST. PAUL.

SHIP US YOUR CREAM
We pay top prices and spot cash for every can. Write us to-day for tags.
MILTON DAIRY CO., - - ST. PAUL.

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ASK FOR INFORMATION,
R. E. COBB, St. Paul, Minn.

-CREAM-
WE PAY CASH
THE CRESCENT CREAMERY CO
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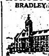

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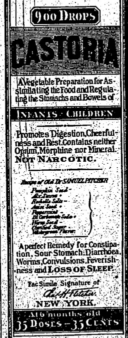

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ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 30, 1906. NUMBER 50.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

SLAYS ALLEGED WRECKER OF HOME

HARRY THAW; WEALTHY PITTSBURG MAN, SHOOTS FAMOUS ARCHITECT.

MORE SOLDIERS IN MUTINY

SINISTER RUMORS IN CIRCULATION REGARDING UHLAN REGIMENT.

New York, June 27.—Stanford White, the eminent architect of the firm of McKim, Mead & White, was shot last night and almost instantly killed by Harry Thaw, a members of a prominent Pittsburg family, during the performance of a musical extravaganza, "Mamzelle Champagne," on the roof of the Madison Square Garden. Mr. White died before an ambulance could be summoned and Thaw was arrested.

The Madison Square roof garden, which has been closed for several years, was crowded last night with a fashionable audience.

Tragedy in Midst of Comedy.

While Harry Short, who fills the principal comedy role in the piece, was singing a comic song and the garden was echoing with the laughter and applause of the audience, a series of shots rattled in the rear of the auditorium, and a man in evening dress was seen to fall across a table at which he was sitting with a party of friends. The man who had fired the shots fled, pistol in hand, toward the nearest exit, where he was seized and disarmed by police.

Instantly the great audience was thrown into a panic and a wild stampede occurred during which chairs and tables were overturned and men and women fought with desperation to escape from the roof.

The man who was shot was quickly identified as Mr. White, but his assailant was not positively known to be Thaw until after he had been taken to the station house.

The woman who accompanied Mr. Thaw was Evelyn Nesbitt, whose marriage with Thaw for a time estranged the latter from his family. She was a member of the original "Florodoro" sextette.

Mystery still surrounds the cause of the tragedy, but its solution may be found in the words attributed to Thaw immediately after the shooting: "Well, he ruined my wife, and I got him."

It is known that for years bitter enmity had existed between White and Thaw on account of the former's attentions to Mrs. Thaw, which had begun prior to her marriage.

Mrs. Thaw disappeared in the excitemen while her husband was being taken to the station house, and up to a late hour last night could not be found.

ARMY REVOLT GROWS SERIOUS.

Suppress Peasant Organization in Effort to Stem the Tide.

St. Petersburg, June 27.—Apprehension of the government with regard to political agitation in the army is the direct cause of its efforts for the suppression of the development of the peasant organization. As the majority of the soldiers comes from the peasant class any disaffection in the army is sure to be spread in the peasant interest, based on parliament's settlement of the agrarian question. Therefore, the government is anxiously watching the peasant movement and taking strong measures toward preventing its further development, and to this end is trying to balk meetings of the organized peasant group in parliament and the Peasants' league, which latter is organizing an agrarian strike movement and which was forbidden by the police to hold a proposed convention in this city.

The uneasiness among the Jews is still manifested in a deluge of appeals to members of parliament for protection against attacks.

The mutiny of a portion of the garrison of Batum is reported, principally artillerymen and engineers. Cossacks surround the mutineers, but at latest advices there had been no firing.

Rumors of Disaffection.

There are many rumors current of disaffection. It is stated that several arrests were made at the Krasnoye Selo camp after a meeting of disaffected guards. It is also asserted that a ringleader of the revolutionary movement among the chasseurs of the guard, Sergeant Sitinsky, was captured after having taken to flight. Sinister rumors are circulating about the morale of the Uhlan regiment of the Peterhof garrison.

PRINCE CARLOS NEAR DEATH.

Bourbon's Auto Overturns and Marquis of Mesadeasta Is Hurt.

Madrid, June 27.—Prince Carlos of Bourbon, who in 1901 married the late Infanta Mercedes, queen of Spain from the death of her father, Alfonso XII., until the birth of her brother, the present king, had a narrow escape from death yesterday while returning to Madrid from La Granja in an automobile with the Marquis of Mesadeasta. The automobile was overturned tnd the marquis was injured.

WHOLE ARMY IN OPEN REVOLT

DISPATCHES REPORT FRESH OUTBREAKS IN VARIOUS SECTIONS.

St. Petersburg, June 28.—The session of the lower house of parliament yesterday was openly devoted to the revolutionists' propaganda for undermining the loyalty of the troops. A score of speeches, couched in ardent revolutionary tone, were delivered with the direct object of their dissemination among the soldiers. The authorities, who are unable to confiscate papers containing telegraphic accounts of the ferment among the soldiery, are unable to prevent the publication of parliamentary speeches, and those delivered yesterday will be printed in every radical paper in the empire and so find their way into every barrack, camp and outpost.

The strike in St. Petersburg, though it has not affected the factories, is spreading in unexpected directions.

Discipline Gone to Winds.

Dispatches from Vladikavkaz, Caucassia, report the outbreak of disorders among the troops forming the garrison there. Mutinous artillerymen bombarded the Officers' club, where a dance was in progress, with stones and also fired some shots. One woman was wounded. Delegates from all the regiments participated in a great popular meeting, where a resolution was adopted to the effect that in case of an anti-Jewish outbreak, which it was rumored was likely to occur, the troops would defend the citizens against the Black Hundreds. Military discipline at Vladikavkaz has gone to the winds. Soldiers have openly insulted Gen. Zhevusski, the commandant, in the streets.

COLOMBIA WILL DIG A CANAL.

Anothrer Waterway Planned as Rival to American Panama Canal.

New York, June 28.—La Zemana, a Spanish weekly news bulletin, published a report from Colombia that the Bogota government has in contemplation a project for an interoceanic sea level canal, through Darien, a modification of the original plan of the Atrato Truando route. According to the private advices which bring this information, Colombia has been assured of the cooperation of various sister republics of Latin America.

The plans for the canal do not present any new engineering problems. More than half of the total cost, which it is estimated would be about $170,000,000, would be for labor. The laborers will be soldiers of the Colombian army and contingents of soldiers from the other republics interested in the project, each country to pay its own men as if they were in actual service. This co-operation is to be paid for by shares of the stock of the canal and by certain franchises.

LAND REGISTRY CONTINUES.

Total Number Is Expected to Be About 16,000.

Billings, Mont., June 28.—The number registered for land in this city yesterday was the second largest of the period, and was exceeded only by that of Monday, the total for yesterday being 1,391. The entire number so far is 10,694.

Every train coming into the city was crowded to the guards, and a long line was waiting at the land office when the doors opened at 9 o'clock.

The registration in this city will be about 12,000, and the total, from present indications, will aggregate about 16,000.

QUITS CELL; IS ARRESTED.

Montana ex-Convict Accused of Postal Robbery.

Helena, Mont., June 28.—Released from the state penitentiary after serving a sentence of five years for robbery in Livingston, Jack Schell was immediately taken into custody by United States officers to answer a charge of robbing a postoffice in Palouse, Wash., in 1902. Deputy United States Marshal Upshur was on hand when Schell left the penal institution at Deer Lodge last night and immediately rearrested him and took him to Spokane.

SULPHITES IN SAUSAGES.

Chemist Makes Analysis of Products of Three Packers.

Kansas City, June 28.—A chemical analysis of hamburger steak, bologna sausage, Polish sausage, frankfurters and weinerwursts bought in the open market from three leading packing companies has convinced Dr. B. W. Lindberg, professor of chemistry and toxicology in the Kansa City Hahnemann Medical college, that these products of the packing companies contain sulphites. In every sample of the products of two houses and in two out of five of the other samples sulphites were found.

Storm Ruins Fruit and Crops.

Creighton, Neb., June 28.—The most violent hail storm ever known in this vicinity swept over Knox county at 7 o'clock last evening, completely ruining fruit and growing crops in a territory two by eleven miles in extent.

Plants 300,000 Pike Fry.

Browns Valley, Minn., June 28.—Through the efforts of Senator Schain of this city the national government has placed 300,000 pike fry in Lake Traverse, which is located one mile north of Browns Valley.

ROB THAW HOME OF $60,000 IN JEWELS

SENSATIONAL ROBBERY IN PITTSBURG JUST COMES TO LIGHT.

FRANKLY ADMITS THE KILLING

PLEADS IN JUSTIFICATION THAT WHITE RUINED HIS WIFE—SENT TO TOMBS.

New York, June 28.—Frankly admitting that he killed Stanford White, the famous architect, and pleading in justification of the deed that White had ruined the life of his wife, the beautiful former chorus girl and artist's model, Florence Evelyn Nesbit, Harry Kendall Thaw of Pittsburg, brother of the Countess of Yarmouth, occupies a cell in the Tombs awaiting the action of the grand jury on a charge of murder. His counsel will offer the defense of insanity. Yesterday the prisoner was examined by eminent alienists.

Wife Must Testify.

The coroner's inquest will be held on Thursday and in all probability the case will then be considered by the grand jury, when the prisoner's wife will be required to appear before that body.

Lewis Delafield, who took charge of Thaw's interests immediately after his arrest, announced that the firm of Black, Olcott, Gruber & Bonynge, of which Former Governor Frank S. Black is the senior partner, had been retained to conduct the defense.

Mrs. Thaw Appears.

The whereabouts of Mrs. Thaw, who disappeared from Madison Square Garden in the confusion that followed the tragedy, remained a mystery until yesterday afternoon, when she arrived at the offices of Delafield & Longfellow, where she remained in consultation with counsel for several hours.

The district attorney's office is busily engaged in looking up Thaw's antecedents, his mode of living, reported dissipations and indulgences, with a view to analyzing their bearing on his mental condition. On this point Mr. Nott said:

"Thaw is not insane now, nor was he insane at the time he shot White."

Mrs. White Prostrated.

Mrs. White came in yesterday morning from her summer home at St. James, in Long Island, and went to the town house in Gramercy Park. Mrs. White was reported to be completely prostrated by shock and grief.

ROB HOME OF $60,000 IN JEWELS.

Sensational Robbery of the Thaws Just Comes to Light.

Pittsburg, June 28.—Following closely upon the sensational shooting of Stanford White by Harry Thaw in New York Monday night comes the disclosure of still another incident that brings the Pittsburg family into public notice, and that was disclosed last night while information was being sought as to the presence of the various members of the Thaw family. A $60,000 jewelry robbery from the Thaw home on Beechwood boulevard is the story and its disclosure was made through a "leak" unconsciously dropped by one very close to the family.

Matter Kept Quiet.

The exact time of the robbery is not known, but it occurred while the Thaw family was in the city, and, although the police and detective forces of the city were immediately notified, the matter has been kept under cover until the present time.

The jewels are said to be some of rare value gathered by Mrs. William Thaw in her travels and include strings of pearls, diamonds of rare value and perfect color, and silver plate. Heavier pieces of plate of cumbersome bulk were left behind.

Amounts to Princely Sum.

"When the case was first reported the family was in entire ignorance of the time the robbery occurred and could give no explanation of how the robbers entered the place. The family's loss, while amounting to a princely sum, was not, however, the whole burden of regret over the affair. Included in the stolen property were many gifts to Mrs. Thaw from the late William Thaw on their wedding day, and also many other jewels given her soon after the wedding.

"The general belief is that the booty has been carried out of Pittsburg and every city in the country has been notified of the robbery, with a description of the pieces of jewelry stolen."

RABID DOG BITES MAN.

Is Third Case in Two Weeks at Ada, Minn.

Ada, Minn., June 28.—Another mad dog was killed near here yesterday. The dog attacked and seriously bit Marcus Peters, a farmer, aged sixty-five years. Several dogs were bitten and killed, and the state health department has ordered all dogs shut up for four weeks.

This is the third dog to go mad in two weeks.

WILL INDORSE W. J. BRYAN

MENTION OF HIS NAME GREETED WITH APPLAUSE BY WISCONSIN DEMOCRATS.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 28.—That the Democrats of Wisconsin will indorse William Jennings Bryan as the party's national standard bearer in the campaign of 1908 and declare for a revision of the tariff, there seems to be no question. When Daniel H. Grady of Portage, the temporary chairman of the platform convention, referred in his speech to Mr. Bryan as the "embodiment of the principles of Democracy," and hoped that "he may live to see the triumph of the cause and answer to the people's call to the helm of state, leaving an official record as stainless as that of his private life," the 700 delegates attending the convention broke forth in tumultuous applause. The applause was spontaneous and every delegate took part in it. Many of the delegates who two years ago were opposed to the Nebraskan are now strongly for him.

Mr. Grady in his speech reviewed the affairs of the state and nation and credited the Democracy with being responsible for many great reforms.

The committee on resolutions, with Judge Louis Marchetti of Wausau as chairman, was last night laboring over a large batch of resolutions and will continue in session at least until the early hours of the morning before completing its work.

John A. Aylward of Madison was chosen as permanent chairman, and when the convention reconvened last night made a lengthy speech, reviewing state and national issues.

PROSPEROUS NORTHWEST.

British Consul General's Report Lauds South St. Paul Especially.

Washington, June 28.—The Twin Cities and their commercial importance and advantages form an interesting chapter in the report of Consul General Finn, the British representative for the consular district of Chicago, which includes the states of North and South Dakota, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

He says the prosperity of this district has been more marked than ever before. The stock yards business at South St. Paul has developed into an industry of great magnitude and is still in embryo of what it will be a decade hence.

In creamery products, flour, iron ore and metal products, Minnesota stands well up with any state in the district.

HOT SAUCE BURNS CHILD.

Kettle's Contents Are Tipped on Tot and Injuries May Be Fatal.

Cumberland, Wis., June 28.—Helmena Jacobson, the four-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ole Jacobson, who reside four miles east of this city, has been seriously and perhaps fatally injured. Mrs. Jacobson placed a kettle of boiling hot sauce on the porch to cool, when her little daughter happened along, wheeling a baby carriage. The carriage tipped the kettle over and Helmena fell from the porch just in time to have the entire contents of the kettle precipitated upon her. The skin was almost entirely burned from her left side and she is in a critical condition.

MURDER AT KENOSHA.

Railroad Contractor Shot Down by Companion—Latter Escapes.

Kenosha, Wis., June 28.—Clifford Smith, aged fifty, a wealthy contractor employed on the Chicago & Milwaukee Electric railroad, was shot and killed by a man named Bradley, who escaped. These men and companions were returning from here to the railroad camp when Bradley accused Smith of telling the boarding house woman false stories about his morals. Smith denied this and Bradley shot thrice. A posse is in pursuit.

LAUNCH PARTY FINDS BODY.

Remains of Unknown Man Floating in Bay.

International Falls, Minn., June 28.—Occupants of the launch Lady of the Lake discovered the dead and badly decomposed body of an unknown man floating in a bay near a small island at Rainy Lake City. The body apparently had been in the water for a long time and there was nothing found which would give a clue to its identity. A pair of cruiser's boots, however, seemed to indicate that the man was a woodsman.

Fraud Cases Dismissed.

Shawano, Wis., June 28.—John Black, Joseph Black and August Anderson, who were indicted along with a number of Oshkosh business men in connection with the recent land frauds in Oregon, were discharged by Court Commissioner Dillet yesterday.

White Plague Causes Suicide.

Marquette, Mich., June 28.—Suffering from an incurable form of tuberculosis, Patrick Ryan, aged nineteen years, committed suicide last evening. He shot himself in the breast with a gun, which he discharged with his foot.

Demolished by Tornado.

Tilzewah, Okla., June 28.—This town was practically demolished by a tornado last night. Nearly every building in the place was torn from its foundation.

HARRY THAW IS PERFECTLY SANE

ACCORDING TO REPORT MADE BY ALIENISTS TO THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

PRISONER IS VERY OBSTINATE

REFUSES TO ANSWER QUESTIONS—MRS. THAW HAS TALK WITH HUSBAND.

New York, June 28.—That Harry K. Thaw, the slayer of Stanford White, is perfectly sane was the report made yesterday by alienists retained by the district attorney's office to examine the prisoner's mental condition. This report was made after the physicians had spent an hour with Thaw, who, in defiance of the advice of his counsel, Former Judge Olcott, refused to answer any questions, and declared that nothing short of actual force would compel him to submit to a physical examination.

Will Answer No Questions.

When the committee of physicians called upon the prisoner, Thaw said firmly, as the first member was introduced, "I beg your pardon; I will answer no questions whatever."

Then began a general conversation on trivial subjects, Thaw deftly parrying questions that had any bearing on his mental or physical condition. Finding him obdurate, the doctors hurriedly summoned Mr. Olcott, but to him Thaw vehemently reiterated his determination to answer no questions.

Attorney Pleads With Him.

Pressed for an explanation of his refusal, he said:

"I haven't any; I have none at all. Put it down to obstinacy if you wish."

"This refusal will hurt you," Mr. Olcott is said to have pleaded.

"I don't care. Nothing but absolute force will get me to allow myself to be examined or to say anything today. I think I first ought to talk with Dr. Hamilton and then have a talk with Mr. Delafield. Later I will tell you whether I will talk with the committee."

He was then taken back to his cell.

Unaccountable Obstinacy.

Mr. Olcott said later that he was unable to account for Thaw's unaccountable obstinacy. As his counsel, he said, he had had no objection to Thaw's answering any of the questions addressed to him by the physicians.

After the alienists had gone, Mrs. Thaw was permitted to see her husband for the first time since his arrest. She came to the Tombs in a carriage, accompanied by her husband's brother, Josiah C. Thaw.

Husband and Wife Talk.

The husband and wife talked in an undertone for nearly an hour. Thaw also received visits from his sister, Mrs. George C. Carnegie, and Clifford W. Hartridge, Pittsburg.

Before visiting the Tombs Mrs. Thaw had a long conference with Messrs. Olcott and Delafield, at which it is believed the line of defense was discussed and the intention to interpose a plea of insanity was confirmed.

When asked about the letters from White, which Mrs. Thaw yesterday turned over to Mr. Delafield, Mr. Olcott said that he believed they would be of material value to the defense.

Will Not Be at Inquest.

Mrs. Thaw will not appear at the inquest, and she may not be required to go before the grand jury, in which case her testimony will not be taken until the trial. In the meantime the district attorney's office will prosecute an investigation of the habits and movements of Thaw and White for several weeks previous to the tragedy.

No less than twenty witnesses were examined by the district attorney's office yesterday.

Talked About Mrs. Thaw.

It was announced that Mr. Garvan, who is preparing the case against Thaw, yesterday discovered a witness who alleged he overheard White make derogatory remarks concerning Mrs. Thaw while in the Cafe Martin, a few hours before he was shot. According to the witness White was seated two or three tables away and was not whispering. At that time Mr. and Mrs. Thaw were in the cafe dining.

Fell From Log and Drowned.

Marquette, Mich., June 28.—Ellsworth White, a farmer aged about forty, was accidentally drowned in the Chocolay river near here. While assisting a surveying party he endeavored to cross the stream on a log. The log rolled over and White went into the water. He was unable to swim and sank before assistance could reach him.

Sister of Gen. Custer Dead.

Monroe, Mich., June 28.—Mrs. David Reed, sister of Generals George A. and Thomas Custer, who were killed in the Indian battle of the Little Big Horn, in Montana, June 25, 1876, died at her home here yesterday, aged eighty years.

Sold Tainted Meats.

Indianapolis, June 28.—Five or more meat dealers accused of selling tainted meats will be taken into custody to-day, according to plans of the city health officer.

TO VOTE ON MOROCCO TREATY

BUT SENATE FIXES TIME AT THE VERY LATEST POSSIBLE DATE, DEC. 2.

Washington, June 28.—The senate in executive session yesterday agreed that the Algeciras treaty in relation to Moroccan affairs shall be brought to a vote Dec. 2 at the next session of congress, which is the latest date on which action can be had if the United States is to participate in the convention. The treaty requires that the ratifications must be deposited at Madrid by Dec. 31.

Senators Bacon and Morgan led the opposition and prevented a favorable report in the committee on foreign relations yesterday. They agreed, however, to permit a vote early next session if the treaty were made public, so that the country could know its provisions. This was agreed to.

In brief the convention is a declaration relative to the organization of the police, a regulation concerning the detection and repression of contraband arms; an act providing for a Moroccan state bank; a declaration concerning a better return of taxes and the creation of new revenues; a regulation concerning the customs of the empire and the repression of fraud and smuggling, and a declaration relative to public services and public works.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, June 28.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 83 1-2@85c; No. 2 Northern, 82 3-4@83 1-4c; No. 3, 80@82c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 49 1-4@49 1-2c. Oats—No. 3 white, 38@38 3-4c.

Minneapolis, June 28.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 86c; No. 1 Northern, 85c; No. 2 Northern, 83 1-2c; durum, 71 3-4@73 3-4c. Oats—No. 3 white, 37c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 48c.

Duluth, June 28.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 85 3-8c; No. 2 Northern, 83 7-8c. Oats—No. 3 white, 38 1-2c.

Chicago, June 28.—Wheat—No. 1 red, 87@88c; No. 2 hard, 83@85c; No. 1 northern, 85@86c; No. 2 Northern, 83c. Oats—No. 2 38c.

Milwaukee, June 28.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 86 1-2@87 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 84 1-2@ 86 1-2c. Rye—No. 1, 65@66c. Barley—No. 2, 56 1-2@57c. Oats—Standard, 39@38 1-2c.

Chicago, June 28.—Beeves, $4@6; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.60; cows and heifers, $1.25@5. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.30@6.65; bulk, $6.50@6.60. Sheep—4.75@6.25; lambs, $5.75@7.50.

Sioux City, Iowa, June 28.—Cattle—Beeves, $4@5.25; cows, bulls and mixed, $3@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3.75@4.25; calves and yearlings, $3@4. Hogs—Bulk, $6.25@6.30.

South St. Paul, June 28.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $25@40. Hogs—Price range, $6.10@6.40; bulk, $6.25@6.35. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $6@6.75; common to fair, $4@5.50; yearling wethers, $4.75@5.75; good to choice ewes, $5@5.50.

at $200,000.

Mate of Steamer Killed.

Houghton, Mich., June 28.—Charles C. Smith of Cleveland, second mate on the steamer Hutchinson, was instantly killed by being hit on the head by a heavy chunk of coal. Smith was standing near the hoisting apparatus, watching operations, when the coal fell from the bucket above, crushing his skull.

Emery for Governor.

Harrisburg, Pa., June 28.—The Democratic state convention yesterday nominated for governor Lewis Emery, Jr., of Bradford, the Lincoln party nominee. The platform deals entirely with state issues, except the plank which commends William J. Bryan.

Puts Canal Out of Business.

Manchester, June 28.—A steamer yesterday collided with and detached a lock gate at Irwell, the rush of water destroyed the sluice gates and the water fell sixteen feet for a distance of two miles. As the result of the action traffic in the Manchester ship canal will be closed for a week.

Earthquake at Cleveland.

Cleveland, Ohio, June 28.—A shock felt here at 4:10 yesterday afternoon is pronounced by Cleveland scientists to have been an earthquake. It is reported to have shaken the southern shore of Lake Erie for a distance of 100 miles. No damage has been reported.

Makes Torch of Herself.

Kansas City, June 28.—Mrs. Christina Petesky, a widow, sixty years of age, yesterday committed suicide at Argentine, Kan., a suburb, by pouring gasoline on her clothing and setting fire to it.

Unknown Man Found Dead.

Brainerd, Minn., June 28.—An unknown man, supposed to belong to the Gollmar circus crew, was found dead beside the track of the Northern Pacific railroad two miles east of Loerch.

Eva Booth Seriously Ill.

New York, June 28.—Miss Eva Booth, commander of the Salvation Army in the United States, is seriously ill at her home in this city, and all of her engagements have been canceled.

PURE FOOD BILL IS AGREED UPON

CONFEREES OF SENATE AND HOUSE GET TOGETHER ON A MEASURE.

DRASTIC IN ITS PROVISIONS

HEAVY PENALTIES ARE PROVIDED FOR INFRACTIONS OF THE LAW.

Washington, June 28.—The pure food bill was agreed upon by the conferees of the senate and house yesterday and was reported to the senate just before adjournment. The house bill was taken as a basis and on this were grafted many of the sections 60 the senate measure.

The bill now makes it a misdemeanor for any person to manufacture, sell or offer for sale any article of food, drug, medicine or liquor which is adulterated or misbranded, or which contains any poisonous or deleterious substance.

It prescribes for each first offense a fine not to exceed $500, one year's imprisonment, or both, and for each subsequent offense a fine of not less than $1,000 or one year's imprisonment.

Shuts Out Impure Food.

The bill prohibits the introduction into any state or territory or the District of Columbia, from any other state, territory or district, or any foreign country, or the shipment to any foreign country of any article adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of the act, under penalty of a fine not exceeding $200 for the first offense, and $300 or one year's imprisonment, or both, for each subsequent offense.

The bill also provides for examinations of specimens of foods and drugs in the bureau of chemistry of the department of agriculture. Owners are to be given hearings, and if it is found that any provisions of the act have been violated the secretary of agriculture is to certify the fact to the proper United States district attorney for action, and the adverse judgment of the court is to be published.

Held to Be Adulterated.

Confectionery is held to be adulterated if it contains any ingredient or coloring matter deleterious or detrimental to health. Foods are held adulterated if containing any substance reducing, lowering or injuriously affecting its quality or strength; when any substance has been substituted wholly or in part for the article; when any valuable constituent has been abstracted; when mixed, colored, powdered, coated or stained to conceal damage or inferiority, or when any poisonous or deleterious ingredients are added.

Use of Preservatives.

The use of preservatives by external application is permitted when the directions for the removal of such preservatives are printed on the covering or the package. Food products are declared adulterated, if in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed or putrid animal or vegetable substance, or of any portion of an animal unfit for food, whether manufactured or not, or if the product of a diseased animal or one that has died otherwise than by slaughter.

The term "misbranded" applies to foods or drugs whose package or label bears any statement, design or device false or misleading, or if falsely branded as to place where manufactured or produced.

EIGHT-HOUR BILL FAVORED.

House Committee Reports O. K. on Labor Law.

Washington, June 28.—Chairman Gardner of the house committee on labor yesterday filed a favorable report on the eight-hour bill. It is not expected that the measure will receive the consideration of the house this session. The report is in the main a reprint of the previus report on the same bill, with the addition of the remarks of the late President McKinley as a member of the house in 1890 in favor of an eight-hour bill then pending.

THROAT CUT BY FENCE WIRE.

Montana Broncho Buster Frightfully Mangled in a Runaway.

Dillon, Mont., June 28.—Fred Ausburn, a young man who had followed broncho busting in this county several months, was fatally injured yesterday while breaking a broncho. The animal ran away with him and passed underneath a barb wire and became entangled. Ausburn was terribly mangled by the wire. His throat was cut from ear to ear and both arms were almost severed at the elbows.

SUITS FOR PENALTIES.

Many Railroads Charged With Violating Safety Appliance Law.

Washington, June 28.—Attorney General Moody has directed that suits be brought against a large number of railroad companies to recover penalties for violation of the safety appliance law, through failure to keep their equipment in proper condition.

The largest number of violations attributed to any railroad is fifty-two against the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad company.

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THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm	
10:35 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm	
11:05 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm	
11:35am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 1:30pm	

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar	Wylie	Lv 10:45am

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St. Hilaire, Minn.

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H. E. IVES, Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday, at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes, postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, June 30, 1906.

Republican State Ticket.

United States Senator—
KNUTE NELSON,
Douglas County.

Governor—
A. L. COLE,
Cass County.

Lieutenant Governor—
A. O. EBERDART,
Blue Earth County.

Chief Justice—
CHARLES M. START,
Olmsted County.

State Treasurer—
CLARENCE DINEHART.
Murray County.

Secretary of State—
JULIUS SCHMAHL,
Redwood County.

Attorney General—
E. T. YOUNG,
Swift County.

State Auditor—
S. G. IVERSON,
Fillmore County.

Clerk of the Supreme Court—
C. A. PIDGEON,
Wright County.

Railroad Commissioner—
C. F. STAPLES,
Dakota County.

Turn down Cole in November? Not in Minnesota.

There will soon be another star on the flag, as Oklahoma will be a state in a short time.

Next week we will celebrate the 4th of July and here is hoping that not too many will be sacrificed.

Congress will probably adjourn in a few days. They have passed some very important measures.

So far this year the creamery statements show an increase of from 50 to 100 per cent. These wet years will yet prove a blessing is disguise.

Twenty per cent of the republicans of the state will have to bolt their ticket to give the democrats a show. It does not look at present as if there was going to be any bolting done.

It seems now that THE SPECTATOR was correct in predicting that the lawyers had no idea of letting the people vote on the county seat trouble. Lawyers as a rule don't give up a good thing so easily.

H. E. Boen, of Fergus Falls, formerly a congressman from this district, will be a candidate again this fall on the Public Ownership ticket. Haldor will just about get a mention in the tabulated returns.

Duluth Herald: All of Minnesota's representatives in congress except Congressman McCleary are strong for tariff revision—when they are back home talking with the people. They keep mighty quiet about it down in Washington.

The Valley View at East Grand Forks and the Kennedy Star, both democratic, are awful sorry about Jacobson. Of course they always intended to support Johnson for governor, and if Jacobson had been nominated it would have been different.

Osakis Review: If the republican party of Minnesota will go to work systematically to get out the full republican vote next November Cole can be elected governor by an old time majority. That is the way to make it an "off" year for the other fellows.

Norman County Index: As a state we have sat still and watched the tide of immigration flow to the northwest. The values of our farms are at a standstill, while those farther west and with poorer soil are booming. It is time the people of this state woke up and did a little hustling to bring prosperity to this favored land. A. L. Cole, whose slogan is drainage and state development, is the best man in the state to head the movement, the people will welcome a real live issue once more.

Biennial Festival Northwestern Scandinavian Singers' Ass'n, LaCrosse, Wisconsin, July 6-8, 1906.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St Hilaire to LaCrosse, Wis. round trip tickets for one fare plus $2.00, dates of sale July 4 to 7, inclusive, with final return limit leaving LaCrosse not later than July 9, 1906.

Making Bread With Sea Water.

At one time sea water was used in some English seaside places when making bread. Even now villages along the coast line of France utilize it. Fresh rain or spring water is only used for the leaven, pure sea water being exclusively employed for the making and mixing of the dough. By this method no mineral or table salt requires to be added, the natural salt water giving the bread the necessary degree of salinity. But, though sea water does admirably for breadmaking, when applied to other culinary purposes the result is a disagreeable failure. The wheaten bread produced by it, however, is excellent and of great hygienic value. The chloride of magnesium, which imparts the acrid taste to sea water, is decomposed in the heating and therefore does not convey its original disagreeable taste to the bread, while the common salt, of course, permanently retains all its characteristic saline properties. The mineral substances left in the baked bread are considered to be of the nature of very mild regulating medicines.—London Mail.

The Tailor Bird.

The brilliantly plumed birds of the tropical forests are exposed to many dangers, and if they were not gifted with peculiar yet useful instincts they would fall ready victims to their enemies. Chattering monkeys and big snakes steal and eat their eggs, while their offspring are preyed upon by foes on every side. But it takes a sly monkey or snake to get ahead of the tailor bird, a small East Indian singing bird. She hides her nest so skillfully that her enemies cannot find it, no matter how hard they try. This she does by using her long, slender bill as a needle. With the tough fiber of a parasitic plant abundant in the tropics, as a thread she sews a dead leaf taken from the end of a slender and hanging branch, and between these leaves she builds her nests, where neither monkey nor snake can approach, because the branch will not bear its weight.

A Miniature Inland Ocean.

One of the queerest sheets of water in New England or within the limits of the United States, or the world for that matter, is the celebrated "Snow's ocean" in the state of Maine. When calm it is to all appearances an ordinary pond of no great dimensions, but observations and investigations made more than a century ago prove that the little body of water is a veritable ocean. It is located in Orrington, near Bangor, and its peculiarity is that, although situated among some high hills some distance from ocean or river, it has tides which rise and fall as regularly as do those of the great Atlantic. Many so called scientific examinations of this miniature ocean's bed and surrounding banks have been made, but so far no tenable explanation of the phenomenon has ever been given to the public.

Labor In Old Times.

Twelve hours in winter and fourteen in summer was a fair average day's work, but in Lyons in 1571 the printers worked from 2 o'clock in the morning till 8 or 9 in the evening. In other trades the working hours were often from 4 in the morning till 9 at night or from 5 to 10. Workers in the same metier generally lived together in the same street, but the maitre artisan had his own maison. The ground floor was his shop or workshop; above was his bedroom, which was also the sitting and eating room; a small room adjoining accommodated his children, and above was a garret where various commodities were stored.—Brisson's "Work and Workers."

Capsicum.

The capsicum plant, from which the different varieties of pepper are produced, is indigenous to the tropical regions of Europe, Asia, Africa and America. It grows wild almost as well as under cultivation in all these countries, and in each is used by the natives as a seasoning for food. Its extensive employment has suggested to medical theorists the thought that it must be considered as a natural tonic for the stomach in tropical countries.

Mermaids.

All the world over there are legends about mermaids. The Chinese tell stories not unlike others about the sea woman of their southern seas. Mankind is taught on the most excellent evidence that a mermaid was captured at Bangor, on the shores of the Belfast lough, in the sixth century, while another caught at Edam in 1403 was carried to Haarlem and kept there for many years.

Wanted All That Was In It.

Father (whose wife has presented him with twins)—Tommy, you may stay home from school today and tomorrow tell the teacher that you have two new brothers. Tommy—Wouldn't it be better to say that I have only one new brother? Then I can stay home a day next week for the other one.—Fliegende Blatter.

A Fish's Tail.

A fish exerts its great propulsive power with its tail, not with its fins. The paddle wheel was made on the fin theory of propulsion, and the screw propeller had its origin in noting the action of the tail. It is now shown that the fins of the tail actually perform the evolutions described by the propeller blades and that the fish in its sinuous motion through the water depends on the torsional of the tail to give it power.

Home Shy Wives.

The home shy wife is a peculiar product of the time. She rises late and hurries from home the moment she is dressed. To have luncheon, tea or dinner at home appears to her to be intolerable, and she seldom reappears there, except to return to bed. "What is home?" was asked at a west end dinner table recently. "The place where the servants are kept," was the immediate answer.—London Truth.

Akin.

"Do you think that marriage is a failure, Mr. Askin?" said Miss Elder to a young man whom she knew to be engaged.

"I haven't got that far yet," was the frank reply, "but I'm pretty well convinced that courtship is bankruptcy."—London Tit-Bits.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, J. G. Prior, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1906.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows:

On the ground floor of the three-story building situate on lot twenty (20), of block thirty-nine (39), of the Original townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having two outside entrances, one in front and one in rear.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of the state of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., this 28th day of June, 1906.

J. G. PRIOR.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Saturday the 14th day of July, 1906, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

(Seal.)

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Village Clerk.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, H. A. Johnson, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the 1st day of July, 1906.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows:

On the ground floor of the two-story frame building situate on lot six (6) in block forty (40) of the Original Townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having two outside entrances, one in front and one in rear.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., this 15th day of June, 1906.

H. A. JOHNSON.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Saturday, the 30th day of June, 1906, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

[Seal.]

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Village Clerk.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake, and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Mike Anderson, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1906.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows:

On the ground floor of the two-story building situate on lot ten (10), of block forty (40), of the Original Townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having three outside entrances, one in front, one in side and one in rear.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., this 15th day of June, 1906.

MIKE ANDERSON.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village, on Saturday, the 30th day of June, 1906, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

(Seal.)

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Village Clerk.

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Chas. J. Fellman, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1906.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows:

On the ground floor of the two-story building situate on, lot fourteen (14), of block thirty-nine (39) of the Original Townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota; said building having three outside entrances, one in front, one in side and one in rear.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of said state of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., this 15th day of June, 1906.

CHAS. J. FELLMAN.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway, in said village, on Saturday the 30th day of June, 1906, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

(Seal.)

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Village Clerk.

—Clean seed flax for sale at Holmes' elevator.

It Takes Three months for HAMM'S "New Brew" to go from the kettle to you
When it gets to you Hamm's "New Brew" Is Properly Aged, Pure, Satisfying and Delicious
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Notice of Filing and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor, of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the board of county commissioners at the office of the county auditor of said county, in the city of Red Lake Falls, on the tenth day of July, A. D. 1906, at two o'clock p. m.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this tenth day of June, 1906.

(Seal)

JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor.

Petition for Public Ditch.

To the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the drainage ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a drainage ditch along the following described route in the towns of Black River and Polk Center in said county of Red Lake, and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminous of said ditch is as follows:

Commencing at the NE corner of the NE¼ of section 8, township 152 north, of range 44 west, following on the south side of the section line west as far as the NW corner of the NE¼ of said section; thence south on the quarter line for one mile between the NW¼ and the NE¼, the SW¼ and the SE¼ in section 8, thence turning west on the north side of the section line between sections 8 and 17 and 7 and 18 as far as to the bridge over Hedlund's creek, thence on the south side of the same section line to the range line between town of Black River and town of Polk Center; thence south on the east side of said range line one-half mile, turning west on the quarter line at the SE corner of the NE¼ of section 13, in township 152 north, of range 45 west, following the quarter line between the NE¼ and the SE¼ and the NW¼ and the SW¼ of section 13 and between the NE¼ and the SE¼ of section 14, township 152 north, of range 45 west and terminating at the SW corner of the NE¼ of section 14, having the creek that flows past said corner of same quarter section as its outlet and terminating at the SW corner of the NE¼ of section 14 same town and range as last named and having the creek near said corner as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such drainage ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter two hundred thirty (230), of the General laws of Minnesota for 1905.

Dated May 29, 1906.

Chas. Johnson,	Adolph Anderson,
Nick Eckstein,	Sven Johnson,
Albert Anderson,	Felix Anderson,
C. Moren,	Wm. Landman,
Ernst Schneider,	—Petitioners.

(jn16-30

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Formation of New District.

Whereas a petition has been filed with the county board of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, signed and acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who reside in the proposed new district herein described; and who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts, and duly verified by the affidavit of one of the residents of said proposed new district, praying for the organization of a new school district out of the territory hereinafter described, to-wit:

Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, in township 153 north, of range 40 west of the Fifth principal meridian, in the township of Highlanding, county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, and the said board of county commissioners have appointed a time and place for a hearing upon said petition as by law required;

Now therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a hearing upon said petition will be had at a meeting of the said board, commencing upon the tenth day of July, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county at which time and place the said county board will hear arguments of all persons interested, for or against the proposed organization of said new school district.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this ninth day of June, A. D. 1906.

By order of the county board of Red Lake county, Minn.

{ County Auditor's Seal. }

By JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio Clerk of Board.

jn16-23

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Daniel Johnson.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court,

In the matter of the estate of Daniel Johnson, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to all persons interested in the above entitled matter:

Whereas, Emma Erickson has filed in this court a petition praying for administration of the estate of the above named decedent, and that letters of administration thereon be granted to K. O. Gigstad.

It is therefore ordered, that said petition be heard, and that all persons interested in said matter be and appear before this court on the 2nd day of July, 1906, at 10 o'clock a.m. at the probate court rooms in the court house, at the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, and then and there, or as soon thereafter, as said matter can be heard, show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted, and that this citation be served by the publication thereof in the St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county, according to law.

Witness the Honorable, N. W. Tarrant, judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 5th day of June, 1906.

N. W. TARRANT,
(Court Seal.) Judge.

j9-30

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., May 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 5th, 1906, viz:

Per O. Klonickson, H. E. No. 21700, for the W½ NE¼ Sec. 33, T. 152 N., R. 43 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

John Westerlund, of Plummer, Minn.; N. A. Nelson, of St. Hilaire, Minn.; Emil Just, of Red Lake Falls, Minn.; Gust Christopherson, of Plummer, Minn.

R. J. Montague, Register.

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K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson D. Patterson E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	H. W. Lee
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. HOFF, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

—Go to Holmes Bros. for Sunshine furniture polish.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

THE LOCAL NEWS

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

Mrs. A. O. Davison was a visitor at Red Lake Falls last Sunday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Melting on Tuesday June 26, a girl.

L. T. Bergh is here this week from his claim in Mayfield township.

A. M. Edstrom and wife were here from Hazel visiting last Sunday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

W. A. Arthur made a short business trip to Thief River Falls last Tuesday.

Hon. L. C. Simons was here from Red Lake Falls on business last Thursday.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur came in from the claim the first of the week for a short stay.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Julius Pleth, the hustling Plummer land man, was doing business here last Tuesday.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on July 2 and 3.

Isaac Sorsoleil came up from Stillwater last Wednesday to attend the funeral of his mother.

The past week has been an ideal one from the farmer's standpoint and all crops are looking fine.

Rier Swenson is down from his Marshall county home visiting his son, H. M. Swenson, this week.

The small boy with the fire cracker has arrived and will undoubtedly be with us until after the 4th.

Geo. K. Fargo, one of the prominent attorneys of Thief River Falls, was a business visitor here yesterday.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

The Plummer Gun Club will have a clay pidgeon shoot on the 4th and invite the local sportsmen to attend.

Hon. Daniel McCkchnie, of Calvin, N. D., was here this week the guest of his brother-in-law, W. A. Sorsoleil.

Gust Nelson is back this week from Roseau county, where he has been cooking for a crew doing railroad work.

Joseph Demers and family left last Thursday for Prince Albert, Canada, where they expect to make their future home.

Emil J. Holmes, of Cannon Falls, was a business visitor here last Tuesday and took time to call on his old friends.

The small boys went down to Red Lake Falls last Sunday and played a game of base ball, being defeated by a score of 17 to 14.

What's the good of keeping from him
Any good things you may see,
That will lift his load of labor
Like Rocky Mountain Tea.
—Imperial Drug Co.

Carl Johnson, Christ Bjerk and Neil Dahl went over to Warren last Tuesday to represent the St. Hilaire fire department at the Firemen's Tournament which was held there this week.

The roads between here and Thief River Falls were never in much better condition than they are at present, despite the rainy weather. The reason is easily told. The farmers are using the split log drag.

James Gilbertson the River Falls assessor, James Evenson the Wyandotte assessor, and David Collins the St. Hilaire assessor, made a team trip to Red Lake Falls last Thursday to deliver their books to the county auditor.

—Grafton flour, best in the northwest for sale at Holmes' elevator.

Beginning July, 1906, Dr. Geo. E. Spofford, (optometrist) visits St. Hilaire on the 8th day of every month. Spectacles and eye glasses scientifically fitted. The ophthalmoscope and retinoscope used in all cases. Office at Hotel Markham. Consultation free. tf

Next Wednesday is the ever glorious 4th of July, but St. Hilaire will not celebrate this year. It has rained every time we tried to have a celebration for the past dozen years or more and as the country does not need the rain the decision to not celebrate was wise.

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Quamen, of Whynot, N. D. are here this week visiting friends. Mr. Quamen reports that the prospects for a big crop were never better in his vicinity.

A. P. Hugstrom, of Wylie, was in town yesterday with a lot of the finest strawberries ever seen here. He has a large patch on his farm and claims that they are doing fine.

Mrs. M. Verbonceour, of Grand Forks, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Napoleon Miller, left last Saturday for Red Lake Falls where she will visit with relatives.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Fred Case will resign his position as night engineer at the saw mill and will leave the first of next week for his claim in northwestern Canada. He has secured a position as engineer in a flour mill near his claim.

Don't be fooled and made to believe that rheumatism can be cured with local appliances. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is the only positive cure for rheumatism. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

On the 4th there will be a celebration at Plummer with a shooting tournament as a prominent feature. The North Side at Red Lake Falls will also celebrate. Wylie will have a dance and a celebration, and at Thief River Falls there will be a circus. Where will you go?

The month of June will prove to be the banner month for the St. Hilaire creamery. There will be a shipment next Monday which will conclude the month's work and the total receipts for butter made in June will come very close to six thousand dollars. This is a fifty per cent increase over last year.

When the baby talks, it is time to give Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It's the greatest baby medicine known to loving mothers. It makes them eat, sleep and grow. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Card of Thanks.

The relatives of Mrs. John Sorsoleil wish to thank the many kind friends who so wilfully assisted during the sickness and death of their beloved mother.

M. E. Church Announcements.

Sunday school 10 a.m.; preaching 11 a. m., subject, "Let no Man take Thy Crown." Epworth League 7 p. m.; preaching 8 p. m., subject, "A Week with Jesus." C.W. Gilman, Pastor.

Change at Hotel Markham.

W. A. Arthur will retire today from the management of the Hotel Markham, and J. G. Prior will take charge. Mr. Prior has been a resident of Wylie for the past year and is popular and well liked by those who know him.

Rural Route No 1.

The postoffice department has decided to establish the rural free delivery route leading out of here and furnishing the farmers of western Rocksbury and Sanders townships. This is the route that Nels K. Anderson has been working on, so long. The advertisements are out for a carrier and the service will commence on Sept. 1st. Nearly all of the credit is due Mr. Anderson for having this route established.

Score was 6 to 5 in Our Favor John.

Thief River Falls News: Hughie McNiven's base ball nine was down to St. Hilaire last Saturday afternoon and played an exciting game with a kid nine of that village. The score at the end of the ninth inning stood 6 to 6 and it was decided to play another game in Thief River Falls the week after the Fourth and settle the question of championship. Our boys, according to Hughie, have better bats, mits and uniforms than the St. Hilaire boys, and with much in our favor, we should surely win.

The June Settlement.

Red Lake Courier: County Treasurer Hansen has completed the June settlement of taxes and has for distribution the tidy sum of $60,705.15. It is the largest distribution ever made in Red Lake county.

The receipts of the treasurer's office have been unusual this year. Something over $15,000 more in taxes has been collected this year than last and on May 31, the last day for the payment of the second installment, $34,581.60 was taken in. It is estimated that fully 70 per cent of all taxes has been paid at the present time.

Will Start Suits.

It is understood that the farmers living in the section of the county near Neilsville where the judicial ditch started by Eickhoff and Larson are going to sue the two counties involved in the ditch, Polk and Norman, for damages that they claim were incurred. It seems from the stories that come down from there that the ditch was about half completed when the work was suspended and has remained that way for two years. In the meantime the upper part of the ditch was doing a fine business bringing water down and flooding the farmers at the terminal of the waterway. On account of the flooded conditions of that section work could not be carried on by the bondsmen and it is possible that it cannot be touched this summer, although an effort will be made. There are many involved in the suit that will be started which will mean an interesting case for the two counties to fight if the present plans are carried out.—Crookston Times.

For Sale.

Six hives of bees and a spring buggy. Inquire of Mrs. A. Dainard.

Injunction Still Holds.

Crookston Times (June 20): Red Lake Falls people have reason to rejoice for a short time at least, having won a round in the county seat fight in which they have been engaged with Thief River Falls for more than a year past.

The adjourned hearing of the petition of attorneys for the Thief River Falls element for the dismissal of the temporary injunction that restrains the county auditor of Red Lake county from calling a special election came up before Judge Watts last evening, having been postponed from Saturday on which date it was originally set. At that time certain records and files were not on hand without which Red Lake Falls attorneys refused the admission of certain evidence. The records were sent for and the attorneys brought the matter up last evening.

After reviewing certain files and records Attorney Stanton, who is the main stay for the people who want the county officials in their midst, withdrew the motion for the dismissal of the temporary injunction and the whole proceeding is just where it was a year ago. Red Lake Falls people claim that not the least thing has been accomplished towards the moving of the county seat since the procedure was started and they entertain the idea that nothing whatever will be accomplished for some time to come.

As all odds the case would be carried to the supreme court and it was the plan of the Thief Riverites to have it up and considered before July 3. This will be impossible now and so another six months is lost, all of which for those who have dug up the cold cash for furthering the proposition is not the least bit pleasant, they being suspicious that the harvest is some distance off.

An Aged Pioneer.

DIED—On Monday, June 25, 1906, at the residence of Washington Adams, Mrs. John Sorsoleil, of old age, aged 89 years and 7 months.

The community was pained to learn last Monday of the death of Mrs. John Sorsoleil. She was one of the earliest pioneers, having with her husband taken a homestead in what is now within the village limits in 1880, and has resided here continuously ever since.

She was born Mary Mard at Gaspe Basin, Province of Quebec, Canada, on December 1st, 1816. She was married in 1831 to Mr. John Sorsoleil, who died in 1900, and to them were born thirteen children. In 1871 they moved to Kandiyohi county, where they resided until 1880, when they entered a homestead here. She retained much of her energy and vigor until the last, being in bed only two weeks.

Five of her children survive to mourn her loss. They are: Wm. A. Sorsoleil, Mrs. Elizabeth Eikhoff, Mrs. Washington Adams, of this village; Isaac Sorsoleil, of Stillwater, and Mrs. Adelaide Showalter, of Bovey, Minn.

Mrs. Sorsoleil united with the M. E. church in 1886, and has been a consistent member ever since. She has always been a hard and vigorous worker and few there are who have better earned their eternal rest.

The funeral took place at the M. E. church on Wednesday at 2 p. m., Rev. C. W. Gilman officiating.

Noxious Weeds.

The attention of land owners and authorities of towns and villages is called to the law relating to noxious weed.

Noxious weeds are defined by the code to be wild mustard, wild oats, cockelburr, burdock, tumble mustard, Canada and Russian thistles, oxeye daisy, quack grass and French weed.

None of these should be allowed to go to seed, and Russian thistles are not allowed to grow or remain at all.

Adjoining land owners are required to remove such weeds from the highways along their lands to the middle of the highway; if owned on both sides, then the whole of the highway.

The town board, village trustees and overseers have duties to perform in this respect, which they should look up and perform. The violation of the noxious weed law is punished as a misdemeanor.

We are requested to call the attention of the public to the increasing spread of mustard. This weed is getting quite prominent and, with others, should be nipped in the bud. Let the farmers and authorities be vigilant in this matter for their own good as well as for the general public and the future prosperity of the county. The law makes ample provision for the removal of noxious weeds. Get after the weeds.

Annual Meeting Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, July 16-21, Denver, Colo.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Denver, Colo., (via Sioux City) and return for $30.50; dates of sale July 9 to 14, with final return limit of Aug. 22, 1906.

North Dakota State Fair, Fargo, July 23 to 28.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Fargo and return for $3.60; dates of sale July 22 to 28, with final return limit of July 29, 1906.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

BUYS BANK STOCK

C. L. Hansen Purchases Interest in Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire.

C. L. Hansen who for the past year has been assistant cashier of the First State Bank of Red Lake Falls, concluded a deal the first of this week whereby he became the owner of a majority of the stock of the Merchants State Bank of this village. Mr. Hansen purchased the holdings of L. C. Simons and C. N. Bourdon and these gentlemen will retire from the management of the bank. Mr. Hansen is well known to a majority of the patrons of the bank and will assume active management, making this place his home. He is recognized as a business man of ability and under his management the bank will undoubtedly prosper.

K. O. Gigstad will continue to act as cashier, but A. O. Davison will retire.

A special meeting of the stockholders has been called for today when new officers will be elected.

COSSACK TROOPERS.

Russia's Famous Troopers With Campbell Brothers Circus.

One of the features this year with Campbell Brothers Circus is a company of Russian Cossacks, the tried and true mounted troops of the Czar. They are the flower of the Russian army and acknowledged to be the best drilled and most expert horsemen in all Europe. The Cossack begins service at the age of sixteen and it is one of the unwritten Moscovite military laws that there is nothing impossible for a Cossack to do. They can bear hardships better than any other European soldiers and are always assigned to the task that is most difficult. Noted as they are for their rapidity of movement they perform feats on the backs of their running horses that are not equalled by any body of men in the world. These troopers are on a year's leave of absence from the army, and by the Czar's special permission allowed to travel and give their wonderful exhibitions daily with Campbell Bros. Circus, which will be at Thief River Falls on Wednesday, July 4.

Substitutes for Quail.

Many birds have done duty for quail on the broiler. In San Francisco the other day the game commissioners found a sack of owls on the counters of a commission house. The buyer of a French restaurant was negotiating for their purchase. If the trade had not been interrupted they would have been transferred into "broiled quail" by an expert chef. Ground squirrel, too, is passing for "quail," but there is nothing that can equal golden grain belt beer as a table beverage. It is pure, delicious and nourishing. It has wonderful qualities as a tonic and as a preserver of good health. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Laugh and Grow Fat.

Good fun and plenty of it is found in the color comic section of The Sunday Record-Herald. The constant aim is to keep these amusing illustrations free from vulgarity and mischievous suggestions which characterize so many comic sections. It is certainly a cure for the blues.

There is an entertaining variety of special features in The Sunday Record-Herald and in addition a Sunday Magazine which has all the distinctive qualities of the famous independent periodicals. Celebrated authors and artists contribute the text and illustrations. The picture on the first cover is in rich colors. It sets a new standard in Sunday journalism.

Teachers Training School.

A four weeks' training school will be held at Thief River Falls commencing July 5th, 1906, conducted by Prof. C. S. Yeager, of Fosston; with J. B. O'Brien of St. Hilaire, Charlotte M. Knudson of St. Cloud, and Mary G. Fanning of St. Paul, as instructors.

All subjects required for first and second grade certificates will be taught. Free use of high school building, text books and library has been granted by the Board of Education of Thief River Falls. All teachers who expect to teach in the county should attend. Good board at very reasonable rates may be secured. Those desiring places to board should write county superintendent.
H. T. McANULTY,
2t Co. Supt.

Baptist Young People's Union of America, Omaha, Neb., July 12-15.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Omaha, Neb., for (via Sioux City, $19.75; via St. Paul $21.06) and return; dates of sale July 10 to 13, with final return limit of July 21, 1906.

July 4, 1906.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell round trip tickets at one fare for the round trip; dates of sale July 3 and 4, final return limit July 6, 1906; minimum 50 cents.

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
CIGARS
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry.

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in
this Agency lost less than.....
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the
SAN FRANCISCO FIRE.....
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8!
That's the Holiday Week of the Year—the Week of the Great MINNESOTA
STATE FAIR
Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphiteater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world.—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.
Sensational racing each day.
Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, Etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 Pacing race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,614.50.
HALF FARE RAILROAD RATES! Tickets on sale Saturday Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept. 10.
C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver of the U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 31st, 1906, viz:

Gilbert N. Sandvigen, H. E. No. 343, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼ Sec. 34, T. 153 N., R 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Ole J. Larson, Andrew J. Svenson, G. J. Larson, James Evenson, all of Hazel, Minn.
R. J. MONTAGUE,
(jn23-jl28) Register.

—For go-carts go to Holmes Bros.

Knights of Pythias at Litchfield, Minn., July 4-6, 1906.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Litchfield round trip tickets for one fare for the round trip, dates of sale July 2 to 6, with final return limit July 7th.

Annual Meeting Fraternal Order of Eagles, Milwaukee, Wis.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Milwaukee, Wis., and return for $20.51; dates of sale Aug. 10 to 13, with final return limit of Aug. 24th.

SAW MILL MACHINERY.

Saw Mills
Gang Edgers
Lumber Trimmers
Lath Machines
Bolting Machines
Shingle Machines
Planer & Matchers
Drag Saws
Wood Saws
Engines
Boilers
Pulleys
Shafting
Boxes
Trucks
Grate Bars
Feed Mills
Horse Power
We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B. Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

Never Loses Its Strength

Always the Same

Calumet Baking Powder

Is Most Healthful, Wholesome and Economical

$1,000.00

given for anything injurious to health found in **Calumet Baking Powder.**

Do not be induced to pay 45 or 50 cents a pound for the Trust baking powders; they leave large quantities of Rochelle Salts in the food.

The constant dosing of Rochelle Salts will derange the digestive organs. Your physician will tell you this.

The Worm Turned.

A village doctor whose most troublesome patient was an elderly woman practically on the free list, received a sound rating from her one day for not coming when summoned the night before.

"You can go to see your other patients at night," said she, "why can't you come when I send for you? Ain't my money as good as other peoples?"

"I don't know, madam," was the reply, "I never saw any of it."

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{ SEAL } A. W. GLEASON, NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Talking.

Wife—You were talking in your sleep again last night, dear. Why do you persist in doing it?

Husband—Good Lord, Maria! A man ought to be allowed to talk sometimes, oughtn't he?

Not for Him.

Bacon—You say your wife does all her own cooking?

Egbert—Yes; she does her own. I take my meals at the club.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Just Like Them All.

"Oh, forgive me, Katherine! I forgot all about this being the night your beau is due."

"Don't speak of him, Mayme. Here it is 8:15. If he doesn't think enough of me to call on time, he may stay away altogether."

"Gracious; I—"

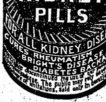
"Oh, I mean it. You shall stay with me all the evening, and if he comes, remember, I'm not at home."

"Really!"

"Eight thirty! The idea! I shall close the storm door and lower the blinds. I wouldn't so much as look out if he rings all night, and—"

"Oh, there's the bell—"

"The bell! Oh, it's him. Mayme, you slip out by the back way and call some afternoon. Oh, how grand! To think it is really Jack. Poor fellow! Maybe he was delayed and ran all the way. I shall not even ask him why he was late."



DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES

Libby's Boneless Chicken

Libby's Food Products

are *economical* as well as good. You don't pay for bone or gristle when you buy them.

Nothing goes into a Libby can but clean, lean, well-cooked meat that is ready to eat.

Libby's Products are time and trouble and money-savers—and appetite stimulators.

Libby's Boneless Chicken with Mayonnaise Dressing makes a *quick* salad, yet as delicious a one as you ever ate. It is *all* chicken, and all *good* chicken—mostly white meat.

Try it when you're hurried or hungry.

Booklet free, "How to Make Good Things to Eat." Write

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

Helpful Hints for the Hostess

INTENDED TO HELP OUT A PERPLEXED ENTERTAINER.

An Evening on Mt. Olympus Requires the Guests Know Considerable Grecian Mythology—An Easy Floral Contest.

An Evening on Mt. Olympus.

This charming evening was original with the hostess and afforded the guests much pleasure. It is especially adapted to school girls and boys, or to those who are inclined to study ancient history. By giving a hint to the guests to take a glimpse over their "Mythology" it will make the affair more enjoyable.

In the invitation those who are asked to assemble on "Mt. Olympus" are requested to appear attired as a "god" or "goddess." The rooms are profusely decorated with garlands of artificial roses and the hostess is extremely attractive in her costume of "Hebe." After all have arrived, pass a cornucopia entwined with wheat, which contains a sprig of laurel, a sunflower, narcissus, iris, olive, a partridge, a spider (these two may be found in the toy or favor department), a trident, and a host of other objects to be found by looking over a book on "Mythology." Each person draws an object and proceeds to give its particular legend. When a person is not able to guess, anyone else is at liberty to tell the story. To the one who tells the most "tales" award a copy of Hawthorne's ever pleasing "Tanglewood Tales."

If the hostess wishes, those who fail to tell any stories may be commanded to pay a forfeit to the "gods."

The dining room table is strewn with roses and rose petals, the centerpiece being a large epergne filled with grapes of different varieties. Peacock feathers garnish this effective piece, while from the chandelier a huge "horn of plenty" is suspended by rose garlands, which extend to the four corners of the table, where they are fastened by rose and peacock blue ribbons. The place cards are small "horns of plenty," bearing a suitable quotation.

The usual refreshments are served, with the addition of "nectar," which is a fruit lemonade with plenty of Maraschino cherries, and instead of ice cream "ambrosia," the food of the "gods," is served, the glasses being decorated with a rose and smilax. When ready to leave the table the hostess pulls a ribbon which tips the "horn of plenty" and a shower of daintily wrapped confections mingled with confetti is the final surprise provided by this thoughtful hostess.

A Floral Contest.

The floral games have proved so popular that this one, while old, may be new to some. At any rate it is very good and appeared so long ago that its revival will be welcomed by the many hostesses who are seeking guessing contests:

My first wears my second on her foot (Lady's slipper).

A Roman numeral (IV—ivy).

The hour before my English cousin's tea (Four o'clock).

A very gay and ferocious animal (Dandelion).

My first is often sought for my second (Marigold).

A young man's farewell to his sweetheart (For-get-me-not).

Her reply to him (Sweet William).

My first is as sharp as needles; my second is as soft as down (Thistle-down).

My first is a country in Asia; my second is the name of a prominent New York family (China aster).

My first is the name of a bird; my second is worn by cavalrymen (Larkspur).

A church official (Elder).

A very precise lady (Primrose).

A tattered songster (Ragged robin).

My first is sly but cannot wear my second (Fox glove).

The color of a horse (Sorrel).

A Dutch flower (Tulip).

My first is an implement of war; my second is a place where money is coined (Spear mint).

A nickname for a physician (Dock).

Fragrant letters (Sweet peas).

My first is a white wood; my second a yellow Rhenish wine (Hollyhock).

What a father says to his son John in the morning (Johnny jump up).

My first is a gay countenance; my second the name of a tall, fair lady (Tiger lily).

My first is made in a dairy; but seldom served in my second (Buttercups).

My first wears my second on his head (Coxcomb).

A close companion (Stick tight).

A fashionable color (Heliotrope).

For prizes give a box of buttercup candies and a bouquet of flowers. If a third or consolation prize is desired, tiny artificial plants for 10 or 15 cents may be obtained.

MADAME MERRI.

For a Formal Dinner

Shape of Table and What Is on the Cloth Before the First Course Appears.

A square or round dining table is much more attractive than a long narrow one. If your table is too small to accommodate the number of guests invited you could have a large separate top made of white pine, which could be laid on the fixed smaller one.

Before the cloth is laid, a thickness of white felt or double-faced canton flannel should be placed on the board; upon this spread the white damask linen cloth and be careful to have the central fold of the cloth directly in the middle of the table. Center pieces of lace or linen are no longer used over a tablecloth.

If you have a handsome round silver tray you might stand it in the center of the able under the vase or bowl of flower. Four silver candlesticks with prettily shaded candles should be placed at equal distances around the flowers, and at the corners of the table should be stood small vases of flowers. Some persons have the caraffes of water, decanters of wine, salt cellars and pepper pots stood on the table, but, as a rule, at a large and formal dinner these are placed on side table and only the compotier of bonbons and small dishes of salted nuts are arranged at equal distances between the centerpiece and plates.

WORD OF ADVICE TO EVERY WOMAN

Change the Entire Clothing to Get a Thorough Rest—The Food That Refreshes.

Every woman should learn how to change her clothing. Take off the shoes you have been wearing all day and put on other shoes. The pinch will come in a different place.

Take off the blouse you have worn all day, and the collar which has been round your throat since morning, and put on a different blouse and a different collar. You have no idea how a fresh blouse rests one, and especially a fresh piece of neckgear. The pinch goes on a different set of muscles.

Changing the underwear is a good plan, and best of all is changing the corsets. The bones will rub, no matter how carefully you plan things, and a new corset makes you feel as though you were just beginning a day instead of finishing one.

The tired out woman usually eats the wrong kind of food. When tired one should select food not for their food value alone but for ther recuperative powers. Hot soup of any kind quickly refreshes the tired woman.

SOME BEAUTY HINTS.

Hands Important; The Hair and Poise of Head, Complexion, the Figure and Grace.

"A beauty is known by her hands. The nails must be very long and quite oval shaped with a tiny moon at the base of each.

"A beauty is known by her hair, which must be glossy and elegantly dressed. Its color must be clear and pure, not clouded or mottled, and, of course, there must not be a suspicion of bleach in it.

"A beauty is known by the way she carries her head. She must not toss it nor must she stiffen her neck. She must carry it very well back, as though though she were accustomed to rlue.

"A beauty is known by her complexion. A blemish would be intolerable to a woman of right proclivities. Her skin must be clearer than that of any peach.

"A beauty is known by her figure. There never lived a stout beauty. And a beauty is known by her bearing. Awkwardness is intolerable."

FOR A MUDDY COMPLEXION.

Drinking plenty of cold water night and morning and during the day, and exercising properly, will do this more effectually than most panaceas, which may cure one ill, but leave another more troublesome than the first. Let nature do the work if possible, aided by proper diet and care. Take the deep breathing exercise night and morning before an open window, drinking two glasses of cold water after exercising at night and before the breathing in the morning. Avoid tight clothing. Take an open air walk every afternoon if possible. Bathe daily, using plenty of friction in the water, and dry with a Turkish towel, rubbing the flesh until the blood is brought to the surface. A Turkish bath once or twice a week would prove of benefit.

GOOD CHURCH DRESS.

For morning wear, church-going or informal calls nothing takes the place of a thin, so-called summer silk, unlined. For such gowns radium silks are more in favor than India and China silks and washable taffetas of last season. Usually they are light in tone—pin checks or hair lines in grays, blues, tans or black and white, with an opalescent sheen that adds much to their beauty. A very little of the darker shade in a plain silk is used on these gowns to give them character, also a little hand embroidery in cream, ecru or white. On the whole, though, they are kept very simple. The little jackets draped in front in almost fichu shape or caught in several places in bow ends are unusually stylish on slender figures.

A Going Away Gown.

Smart English mohairs, of chiffon quality and silk-like finish, are high favorites for this going-away costume, as they combine with their easily recognized beauty practical qualities of durability that especially suit them for traveling wear. Braids and buttons are the approved trimmings for this traveling suit, and these are shown in such variety and in such patterns that the most fastidious must be pleased.

Up to Her.

"Yes," said the stern woman, "I am masculine in my dress and I am proud of it. You notice I wear a man's straw hat?"

"I see you do," yawned the meek husband.

"And a mannish stock and shirt waist?"

"Yes."

"Also a mannish shoe?"

"H'm."

"And I can whistle as good as any man?"

The meek man yawned again.

"Well, Maria," he said slowly, "if you are all that mannish, I guess you are the man of the house. So you can just pay the bills."

Diplomacy.

Senator Long said of diplomacy at a dinner:

"That was a very diplomatic young lady whom I heard about the other day.

"'What do you do,' some one said to her, at a ball, 'when a man persists in asking you for a dance, and you don't want to dance with him?'

"'I tell him,' she replied, 'that my card is full.'

"'But supposing it isn't, and he still persists?'

"'Then,' said the young lady, 'I insist it is, and at the same time let him see it isn't.'"

TERRIBLE ITCHING SCALP.

Eczema Broke Out Also on Hands and Limbs—An Old Soldier Declares: "Cuticura Is a Blessing."

"At all times and to all people I am willing to testify to the merits of Cuticura. It saved me from worse than the tortures of hades, about the year 1900, with itching on my scalp and temples, and afterwards it commenced to break out on my hands. Then it broke out on my limbs. I then went to a Surgeon whose treatment did me no good, but rather aggravated the disease. I then told him I would go and see a physician in Erie. The reply was that I could go anywhere, but a case of eczema like mine could not be cured; that I was too old (80). I went to an eminent doctor in the city of Erie and treated with him for six months, with like results. I had read of the Cuticura Remedies, and so I sent for the Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Resolvent, and continued taking the Resolvent until I had taken six bottles, stopping it to take the Pills. I was now getting better. I took two baths a day and at night I let the lather of the Soap dry on. I used the Ointment with great effect after washing in warm water, to stop the itching at once. I am now cured. The Cuticura treatment is a blessing, and should be used by every one who has itching of the skin. I can't say any more, and thank God that He has given the world such a curative. Wm. H. Gray, 3303 Mount Vernon St., Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 2, 1905."

Nervous.

"Jigsby got an awful scare last night."

"What was it?"

"His youngest boy fell out of bed."

"What did Jigsby do?"

"He woke up and screamed 'Earthquake!'"

Only One.

"There's only one thing I can't understand, don't you know?"

"Then what Jack Hugger said about you is true?"

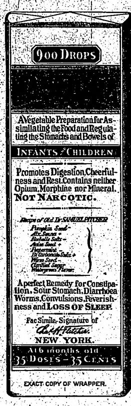
"Aw-er—what was that?"

"He said you were not such a fool as you looked."

Save the Babies.

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twentytwo per cent., or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirtyseven per cent., or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium, or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse, but you must see that it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Castoria causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the pores of the skin and allays fever.



900 DROPS
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. A. F. Peeler, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in many cases and have always found it an efficient and speedy remedy."

Dr. E. Down, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in my practice for many years with great satisfaction to myself and benefit to my patients."

Dr. Edward Parrish, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I have used your Castoria in my own household with good results, and have advised several patients to use it for its mild laxative effect and freedom from harm."

Dr. J. B. Elliott, of New York City, says: "Having during the past six years prescribed your Castoria for infantile stomach disorders, I most heartily commend its use. The formula contains nothing deleterious to the most delicate of children."

Dr. C. G. Sprague, of Omaha, Neb., says: "Your Castoria is an ideal medicine for children, and I frequently prescribe it. While I do not advocate the indiscriminate use of proprietary medicines, yet Castoria is an exception for conditions which arise in the care of children."

Dr. J. A. Parker, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria holds the esteem of the medical profession in a manner held by no other proprietary preparation. It is a sure and reliable medicine for infants and children. In fact, it is the universal household remedy for infantile ailments.

Dr. H. F. Merrill, of Augusta, Me., says: "Castoria is one of the very finest and most remarkable remedies for infants and children. In my opinion your Castoria has saved thousands from an early grave. I can furnish hundreds of testimonials from this locality as to its efficiency and merits."

Dr. Norman M. Geer, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "During the last twelve years I have frequently recommended your Castoria as one of the best preparations of the kind, being safe in the hands of parents and very effective in relieving children's disorders, while the ease with which such a pleasant preparation can be administered is a great advantage."

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Greatly Encouraged.

Dr. Kallowmell—Like your new location, do you, notwithstanding its general healthfulness?

Dr. Sawbones—Splendidly. I've already had six of the loveliest cases of appendicitis you ever laid your eyes on.

Not Comfortable.

Bess—So you visited Tom's new offices yesterday. Do you like them?

Tess—No. There are three doors leading to his private office, and people bob in there unannounced all the time!

If mankind did not forget it would not take long to make them all crazy.

Needed a Boat.

"Who got up the folder you sent me advertising these lots?" growled the suburbanite in his hip boots.

"Why, I think it was a reporter," replied a suave land agent.

"H'm! Must have been a marine reporter."

"Why so?"

"Because there is more water out here than there is land."

60 Bus. Winter Wheat Per Acre
That's the yield of Salzer's Red Cross Hybrid Winter Wheat. Send 2c in stamps for free sample of same, as also catalogue of Winter Wheats, Rye, Barley, Clovers, Timothy, Grasses, Bulbs, Trees, etc. for fall planting. **SALZER SEED CO.,** Box W. K. La Crosse, Wis.

A man with chronic rheumatism isn't eligible to membership in a "don't worry club."

Another Hold-Up.

Hobo Hank—Say, mister, I found de dorg dat yore wife is advertisen' a reward of $2 fer.

Mr. Enpeck—You did, eh?

Hobo Hank—Yes; an' if youse don't gimme $5 I'll take it back to her. See?

Diggs—I understand that Higgins is quite a clever financier.

Biggs—Well, he isn't. Why, that man never beat anybody out of a cent in his life.

WHAT JOY THEY BRING TO EVERY HOME

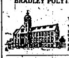
as with joyous hearts and smiling faces they romp and play—when in health—and how conducive to health the games in which they indulge, the outdoor life they enjoy, the cleanly, regular habits they should be taught to form and the wholesome diet of which they should partake. How tenderly their health should be preserved, not by constant medication, but by careful avoidance of every medicine of an injurious or objectionable nature, and if at any time a remedial agent is required, to assist nature, only those of known excellence should be used; remedies which are pure and wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, like the pleasant laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Syrup of Figs has come into general favor in many millions of well informed families, whose estimate of its quality and excellence is based upon personal knowledge and use.

Syrup of Figs has also met with the approval of physicians generally, because they know it is wholesome, simple and gentle in its action. We inform all reputable physicians as to the medicinal principles of Syrup of Figs, obtained, by an original method, from certain plants known to them to act most beneficially and presented in an agreeable syrup in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to promote the pleasant taste; therefore it is not a secret remedy and hence we are free to refer to all well informed physicians, who do not approve of patent medicines and never favor indiscriminate self-medication.

Please to remember and teach your children also that the genuine Syrup of Figs always has the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package and that it is for sale in bottles of one size only. If any dealer offers any other than the regular Fifty cent size, or having printed thereon the name of any other company, do not accept it. If you fail to get the genuine you will not get its beneficial effects. Every family should always have a bottle on hand, as it is equally beneficial for the parents and the children, whenever a laxative remedy is required.

WANTED

Men to work in saw mills and shingle mills in the state of Washington. HIGH WAGES! Steady employment. No snow or cold weather, mills run every month in the year. Cheap living. For full particulars address Pacific Coast Lumber Manufacturers Association, Seattle, or on arrival call on Crawford & Pratt, 110 Main Street.



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Largest and Best Watch School in America
We teach Watch Work, Jewelry, Engraving, Clock Work, Optics. Tuition reasonable. Board and rooms near school at moderate rates. Send for Catalogue of Information.

FAIRBANK'S SCALES
Ask for Catalog S. T. 150. Fairbanks, Morse & Co., St. Paul.

GILT EDGE PAINT
Try It. Ask Your Dealer.

GOING TO BUILD?
Write for price on sash and doors, hardwood flooring; cut this out; we pay freight.
THE HARDWOOD DOOR CO.
St. Paul, Minn.

CASH for CREAM
Write to-day for shipping tags,
MILLER & HOLMES,
18 East 3rd Street, ST. PAUL.

SHIP US YOUR CREAM
We pay top prices and spot cash for every can. Write us to-day for tags.
MILTON DAIRY CO., - - ST. PAUL.

S&R SCHEFFER & ROSSUM
HARNESS Are all lock stitched.
Ask your dealer.

Fireworks Send amount you want to spend and a [illegible] St. Paul Minn.

Badges-Banners-Buttons.
Western Badge & Novelty Co., John A. Lethert, Prop., 357 Minnesota Street, St. Paul.

STACK COVERS, TENTS
Write us for net prices.
American Tent & Awning Co.,
12 W. 3rd st., St. Paul, Minn.

CREAM
WE PAY CASH
THE CRESCENT CREAMERY CO.

CREAM and POULTRY
ASK FOR INFORMATION,
R. E. COBB, St. Paul, Minn.

If afflicted with [illegible] Thompson's Eye Water

ESTABLISHED 1879
Minneapolis WOODWARD & CO. GRAIN COMMISSION. Orders for future delivery executed in all markets. Duluth

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JULY 7, 1906. NUMBER 51.

CONGRESS ENDS BUSY SESSION

LEGISLATORS ADJOURN WITH A GREAT RECORD OF CONSTRUCTIVE WORK.

LAWS THAT HAVE BEEN MADE

PRESIDENT IS PLEASED WITH RESULTS—HILARITY MARKS THE END.

Washington, July 3.—Promptly at 10 o'clock Saturday night Vice President Fairbanks in the senate and Speaker Cannon in the house declared the final adjournment of the first session of the Fifty-ninth congress.

For the first time in the history of the government, congress adjourned on the day which closed the fiscal year.

Other sessions had adjourned before and some after June 30, but the Fifty-ninth congress ended its first session on the day when the government strikes its balances and closes its books.

Both Houses Lack Quorum.

There were some interesting features to mark the end, which finally came when there was less than a quorum in either house, as many senators and representatives, relying on the belief that adjournment would come early in the day, made their arrangements to leave in the afternoon, and they did not remain for the closing scenes.

An error in the enrollment of the sundry civil bill caused quite a flurry about the capitol.

It was found by Secretary Root in looking over the bill after it had been signed by the president that it contained an appropriation of $3,000,000 for a site for a public building in Washington, a provision which had been eliminated from two different bills. After some perplexity the error was corrected by a joint resolution.

Important Legislation.

Important legislation which the president has succeeded in obtaining from congress includes:

A railroad rate bill with provision for review by the courts of the findings of the interstate commerce commission.

Thorough federal inspection of the packing houses, as a result of the exposure of unsanitary conditions.

Provisions for the construction of a lock type of canal through the isthmus of Panama.

Non-immunity bill for trusts and corporations alleged to be illegal.

Twenty-five thousand dollars a year to pay his traveling expenses while on tours through the country.

Confirmation of the appointment of B. F. Barnes, formerly assistant secretary to the president, as postmaster at Washington.

A pure food enactment, prohibiting adulteration of food.

A uniformly strict method of naturalizing aliens.

The consular service given a complete legal status, which will permit of an entire reorganization.

A bill removing the internal revenue tax on denatured alcohol.

The annual appropriation for the state militia was doubled, and $2,000,000 will be spent from the federal treasury for the purpose of keeping the state military organizations in touch with the regular army.

Speedy appropriations for the San Francisco earthquake sufferers, which resulted from requests by the president; $2,500,000 appropriated and relief supplies were sent immediately.

Legislation That Failed.

Legislation which Mr. Roosevelt desired and has failed to obtain from congress includes:

The Philippine tariff measure, which he was anxious to have passed.

The Santo Domingo treaty, which, it is now believed, will be defeated.

Specific laws for the purpose of preventing corruption at elections.

Modification of the present laws excluding Chinese from emigrating to America.

Immediate construction of a 20,000-ton battleship.

Direct federal control of and supervision over life insurance companies.

President Is Pleased.

President Roosevelt is gratified at the work of congress and he is especially pleased with the meat inspection bill and the railroad rate legislation.

The closing scenes in the senate were formal and without interest. In the house there were the usual hilarious performances, consisting of amusing speeches and songs, which occupied the time during the long waits, and members made the best of the hottest day of the season with merriment.

No business but pending legislation was transacted in either house.

VETERAN YACHTSMAN DIES.

Capt. Hank Haff Passes Away on Long Island.

Islip, L. I., July 2.—Capt. Hank Haff, the veteran yachtmaster, died at his home here. He suffered from a complication of diseases and had been failing ever since the death of his wife about a year ago. Capt. Haff sailed the Volunteer and Defender in the international races for the America's cup and was master of the Vigilant when she went to the other side.

$880,183,301 ARE THE FIGURES

MR. TAWNEY MAKES STATEMENT CONCERNING CONGRESSIONAL APPROPRIATIONS.

Washington, July 4.—Representative Tawney, chairman of the house committee on appropriations, has prepared a detailed statement concerning the appropriations for the next fiscal year, beginning July, 1906, made by congress during the session just closed, in which he claims that the per capita cost of government in the United States, including federal and state, is less than that of any European country.

Mr. Tawney enters into an analysis to show the various channels into which the total appropriation of $880,183,301 will be diverted. He begins by deducting $138,456,415 provided for the sinking fund of the Panama canal, etc., showing that the real appropriation for the conduct of the government for the fiscal year is $740,726,886. To meet this demand he estimates that the total revenues (customs, internal and postal) will be $781,573,364.

Where the Money Goes.

The appropriations, as made in the various supply bills, are as follows:

Agriculture, $9,932,940; army, $71,817,165; diplomatic and consular, $3,091,094; District of Columbia, $10,138,692; fortifications, $5,053,993; Indian, $9,260,400; legislative, etc., $29,741,019; military academy, $1,664,708; navy, $102,071,650; pensions, $140,245,500; postoffice, $191,695,999; sundry civil, $98,274,574; total, $672,987,734.

Isthmian canal deficiency, $11,000,000; urgent deficiency, 1906 and prior years, $16,270,332; urgent deficiency, additional, 1906 and prior years, $11,573,989.

Total annual regular appropriations, $740,106,981; permanent annual appropriations, $140,076,320; grand total, regular and permanent appropriations, $880,183,301.

The aggregate appropriation is $60,000,000 in excess of that for last year.

CLOUDBURST IN NEBRASKA.

Property Losses Reach Thousands of Dollars.

Lincoln, Neb., July 4.—The cloudburst which flooded this vicinity last night was the heaviest ever known here and caused property losses of many thousands of dollars in Lincoln alone. In the business streets the water was more than two feet deep, and the sewers being unable to carry off such a quantity the water ran into the basements of all the stores, causing losses that range from a few hundred dollars to several thousand.

The department stores, with displays in their basements, are the heaviest losers. The city pumping stations were flooded and the water supply was almost cut off. The damage in residence portions of the city was heavy.

All of the streams in Southeastern Nebraska are out of their banks and damage to crops is considerable.

WANT MEAT INSPECTORS.

Civil Service Examinations Will Be Held July 31.

Washington, July 4.—To carry into effect the meat inspection law recently enacted by congress, the civil service commission yesterday announced an examination of inspectors to be held on the 21st inst. The regulations under which the examinations are to be held do not require that the inspectors be veterinarians, but they must from experience be qualified to determine whether or not meat is sound, wholesome and fit for human food, and must be competent to supervise the preparation of various meat products. The entrance salary is $1,000 per annum.

PONTIFF IN GOOD HEALTH.

Pope Pius Receives Several Americans in Special Audience.

Rome, July 4.—Notwithstanding the intense heat, the pope, wishing to give proof of his special benevolence towards Americans, has been receiving a number of them within the past few days. They have been presented by Dr. Kennedy, rector of the American college in Rome, and included Dr. Hanna of Rochester, Judge Jones of the United States court of Ohio and Mrs. Jones. All have remarked how vigorous the pontiff is looking, the heat having affected him but little.

THREE NEAR DEATH.

Team Runs Away With Children and Dashes Into Stream.

Red Wing, Minn., July 4.—Three children of Henry Holst, residing in Goodhue—Ellen, aged seventeen; Emma, aged fifteen, and Raymond, aged five—had a miraculous escape from death yesterday while driving. Their team ran away and while crossing a bridge dashed into the stream below, the children being finally rescued and resuscitated, though the younger girl with much difficulty. It so happened that a physician was among the rescuers and directed the efforts to save the children.

INSPECTION SOON TO BEGIN.

Secretary of Agriculture Will Organize Work Before Taking Vacation.

Washington, July 4.—Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture has decided not to enter on his annual vacation until he has put into operation the new meat inspection law. He will give practically his entire time to this work for the next two months. The new pure food law also will require attention, but the secretary intends to leave this almost wholly to Dr. W. H. Wiley.

23 AMERICANS KILLED IN WRECK

ENGLISH TRAIN CARRYING AMERICAN PASSENGERS TO LONDON IS WRECKED.

TRAVELS AT A MAD PACE

ENGINE JUMPS THE TRACK AND COACHES ARE DEMOLISHED—MANY INJURED.

Salisbury, England, July 3.—Traveling at a mad pace over the London & Southwestern railway, the American line express, carrying forty-three of the steamer New York's passengers from Plymouth to London, plunged from the track just after passing the station here at 1:57 o'clock yesterday morning and mangled to death in its wreckage twenty-three passengers who sailed from New York June 23 and four of the trainmen. Besides those to whom death came speedily, a dozen persons were injured, some seriously.

Prominent Americans Dead.

Among the dead were Walter Berwick, prominent lawyer of Toronto, Ont.; Louis Cassier, Trumbull, Conn., editor of the Electrical Review and The Engineer; F. H. Cossitt, New York; Frank W. Koch, a wealthy man of Allentown, Pa.; Charles E. Sentill, wife and two daughters of New York.

The late hour of the New York's arrival at Plymouth saved many lives. She carried more than sixty travelers for London, but many of them elected of Allentown, Pa.; Charles E. Sentell, ampton in preference to the late landing at Plymouth and the long night ride across the country.

A Mile a Minute.

The ill fated train consisted of a power express engine, three first-class corridor carriages and one combination guard's van and buffet. The passengers were entrained and at 11:30 the express pulled out. It was given a clear track on the run of 230 miles to London, on which the express generally maintains an average speed of a mile a minute.

The train ran on safely and without incident until it entered the long railway yard of Salisbury, when the passengers noted that the coaches began swaying from side to side. Suddenly, at the end of the long platform, where the track begins to curve toward the bridge spanning Fisherton street, the main avenue of the city, the engine seemed fairly to

Leap From the Track.

It swung across the adjoining track with terrific force and destroyed the guard's van of a milk train that was slowly steaming in the opposite direction, killing a guard. Lurching forward, the locomotive plunged against the standards and girders of the bridge. The bridge stood the impact, and, rebounding, the engine crashed into another engine that was standing on a siding and overturned. The wreckage of the two engines interlocked in a great broken mass of twisted steel and iron. Throughout the wild plunging of the engine Driver Robbins, whether alive or dead, remained in his cab. Hours afterward his charred body was found grilled over the firebox.

All Killed or Maimed.

The first coach shot over the engine and careened onward until it was hurled against the parapet of the bridge and smashed into fragments, killing or maiming almost every occupant. One man was shot through the window, cleared the parapet and fell to his death in the street below.

The second coach lurched forward and rolled towards a stationary train and practically destroyed itself before its wild flight was ended.

The third coach dashed forward with the rest, left the rails and encountered some obstruction, overturned and collapsed.

Guard Saves Van.

The guard's van and buffet, the rearmost car of the train, was saved by the courage and quickness of Guard Richardson. With the first shock Richardson jumped forward and set the brakes and saved himself and his comrades.

The surviving passengers and trainmen describe the shock of the wreck as like the discharge of heavy guns of varied caliber, and when the crashing of the wreck was passed, then came cries of the injured, some shrieking with pain and fear and others moaning as if bewildered by the shock.

The darkness and incredible destruction made the work of rescue exceedingly difficult. Several of the dead and injured were imprisoned in compartments and it was necessary to saw away the partitions in order to effect their release. Others were caught under heavy wreckage. Several of the bodies were badly mangled and one woman was decapitated.

Militia Ordered Out.

El Paso, Tex., July 3.—Orders have been issued at Phoenix, Ari., to hold three companies of national guards in readiness to proceed to Morenci and Clifton, Ari., where a strike is threatened in the mines.

Two Drowned.

Washington, July 3.—Two deaths from drowning occurred here to-day. Herbert J. Callender met death while bathing in the Potomac river, and Cecil B. Fuller was drowned by the capsizing of his boat.

FIVE BOYS BLOWN TO BITS

USE DYNAMITE IN CELEBRATING FOURTH, WITH FATAL RESULTS.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., July 5.—At Wanamie, a mining town five miles from here, five boys were killed last night and ten others injured while celebrating the Fourth of July. Two of the killed were brothers named Pachunie; two other brothers named Shukawicz, and the other named Long. They had placed powder in a pipe and it failed to go off. They then forced a stick of dynamite into the pipe and began pounding it. A terrific explosion followed. Four of the boys were badly mangled and the fifth died on the way to the hospital. Some of the injured are so badly hurt that they may die.

CASTELLANE THROWN OUT.

Excluded From French Chamber of Deputies for Use of Boodle.

New York, July 5.—A Paris dispatch, giving an account of the invalidation of the election to the French chamber of deputies of Count Boni de Castellane as a deputy for Castellane in the Basses Alpes, says that the commission to which the election was referred recommended a validation, but M. Regnier demanded a public debate and declared the Count de Castellane had the reputation of sowing money broadcast, in support of which statement he produced several attestations made by electors.

M. Regnier alleged that the count had introduced a new system of corruption and sent postal orders to the homes of electors, and under such conditions it was difficult to obtain evidence of bribery.

SALVADOR AND GUATEMALA OUT.

President Cablera Insults Salvadorean Military Attache.

Mexico City, July 5.—Duncan Bankhart, consul general of Salvador in this city, says that all relations between Salvador and Guatemala have ceased. He says Salvadoreans to a man are in favor of the Guatemalan revolution.

The military attache of Salvador at Guatemala City not long ago was insulted and put out of President Cablera's house, and but for the timely intervention of the Mexican consul would have been thrown into jail. For this reason the Salvadorean government severed relations with the Guatemalan government.

BRYAN CENTRAL FIGURE.

Attends Independence Day Dinner in London.

London, July 5.—William J. Bryan was the central figure at the annual Independence day dinner of the American Society at the Hotel Cecil last night. Nearly 500 members and guests surrounded the society's board and cheered patriotic sentiments with the peculiar zest born of exile. Ambassador Whitelaw Reid and Mr. Bryan engaged in some sharp but good humored raillery and banter over political differences, the crowd evincing its enjoyment of the sport with cheers and shouts of laughter.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, July 5.—Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 85@85 3-8c; No. 2 Northern, 83@84c; No. 3, 81 3-4@82 3-4c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 48 3-4@49 1-4c. Oats—No. 3 white, 37 1-4@37 3-4c.

Minneapolis, July 5.—Wheat—No. 1 1 hard, 84 5-8c; No. 1 Northern, 83 5-8c; No. 2 Northern, 81 1-2c; durum, 71 3-4@73 1-4c. Oats—No. 3 white, 37 5-8c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 48c.

Duluth, July 5.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 83c; No. 2 Northern, 81 1-2c. Oats—No. 3 white, 38 1-2c.

Chicago, July 5.—Wheat — No. 1 red, 87@89c; No. 2 hard, 81 1-2@84 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, 85@86c; No. 2 Northern, 83@86c. Oats—No. 2, 38 3-4@39c.

Milwaukee, July 5.—Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 85 1-2@88 1-3c; No. 2 Northern, 84 1-2@87 1-2c. Rye—No. 1, 64@65c. Barley—No. 2, 56c. Oats—Standard, 40@41c.

Chicago, July 5.—Beeves, $4@6.10; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.60; cows and heifers, $1.25@5. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.45@6.55; bulk, $6.70@6.75. Sheep — $4.60@6.30; lambs, $55.50@7.75.

Sioux City, Iowa, July 5.—Cattle—Beeves, $4@5.65; cows, bulls and mixed, $3@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3.75@4.25; calves and yearlings, $3@4. Hogs—Bulk, $6.40@6.45.

South St. Paul, July 5.—Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $25@40. Hogs—Price range, $6.20@6.55; bulk, $6.35@6.45. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $6@6.75; common to fair, $4@5.50; yearling wethers, $4.75@5.75; good to choice ewes, $5@5.50.

Changed Places in a Boat.

Calumet, Mich., July 5.—Eckland, a young man employed at L'Anse, was drowned at Big lake, on Burned Plains. He was out in the lake fishing with a companion, and in attempting to change places the boat was tipped over and Eckland was drowned.

Girl Dies of Injuries.

Menominee, Mich., July 5.—Adelia Peterson, the Garney girl who was so terribly burned two weeks ago while starting a fire with a can of kerosene, is dead at the hospital here.

WHITE NOT AS BAD AS PAINTED

DETECTIVE SAYS ARCHITECT HAS BEEN MALIGNED AFTER DEATH.

THAW'S MOTHER BREAKS DOWN

IS TOLD OF HER SON'S DISGRACE AND BREAKS DOWN COMPLETELY.

New York, July 5.—John E. McKenna, head of a detective agency, and said to have been employed by Harry Kendall Thaw to trace Stanford White, the architect whom he shot, was one of the witnesses examined by Assistant District Attorney Garvan. Copies of the reports made by his agency to Thaw were turned over to Mr. Garvan and will, beyond doubt, be used when the Thaw case comes to trial.

Not as Bad as Painted.

The testimony of McKenna is regarded as being of great importance. It is reported that it corroborates the story told by Paul L. Bergoff, the detective employed by White, it is said, to shadow the men in Thaw's party. Bergoff said, before he was called on to give his statement before the assistant district attorney, that he was ready to go on the witness stand and prove that White was not the kind of man he has been painted.

I. W. Rorke, ex-superintendent of the business conducted by McKens, was examined further by Mr. Garvan. Rorke is authority for the statement that Thaw was unfairly dealt with.

Treats Fellow Prisoners.

Harry K. Thaw gave his fellow male prisoners at the Tombs a pleasant surprise yesterday by treating them all to ice cream and cake. Thaw was talking with Rev. John A. Wade, the Episcopal clergyman who attends to the spiritual needs of the Protestant prisoners. Thaw asked the minister if the Fourth of July was being observed in any special way in the prison.

"Well," answered the clergyman, "I've just finished a task that falls on me every Independence day—that of supplying the women and boys with ice cream and cake."

When the minister said that the men were uncared for in that respect Thaw asked him to get enough to go around and send the bill to him. Mr. Wade did as requested by buying forty-six quarts of ice cream and thirty dozen cakes.

Mother Is Told.

London, July 5.—The news that her son was a prisoner in the Tombs, New York, for the murder of Stanford White, was not broken to Mrs. William Thaw, his mother, until last night. Then, at a family council in the home of a close friend of the Earl of Yarmouth, Mr. Montrose, the countess told her mother of the son's plight.

Though the sad intelligence was given in the gentlest way possible, Mrs. Thaw broke down completely and her sobs could not be quieted. She was led to her room by her daughter, who remained with her the rest of the evening.

SOLDIER TAKES MORPHINE.

Is Found Dead in Bed in Helena Lodging House.

Helena, Mont., July 5.—Baley McElhannon, a private in the Seventh United States infantry, stationed at Fort William Henry Harrison, was found dead in bed in a South Main street lodging house yesterday. An empty morphine bottle beside the bed indicated suicide. He had been drinking.

YELLOW JACK IN CUBA.

Louisiana Board of Health Reports on Presence of Fever in Island.

New Orleans, July 5.—Reports that yellow fever has appeared in Cuba were made public in New Orleans yesterday by the state board of health. The reports come from Louisiana health inspectors resident in Cuba, who say that cases of yellow fever were reported June 17, 20, 26 and 27.

Folk Pardons Train Robber.

Jefferson City, Mo., July 5.—Marion Hedgpeth, who was sentenced to twenty-five years' imprisonment in the penitentiary and has served twelve years, for the robbery of a St. Louis & San Francisco train at Glendale, Mo., was pardoned yesterday by Gov. Folk.

Defaulter's Suicide.

Los Angeles, July 5.—Rather than face the Improved Order of Red Men, in which order it is alleged that he is short in his accounts as treasurer, Frederick Koch committed suicide at his home by taking strychnine.

Family Quarrel Fatal.

Higbee, Mo., July 5.—George Wheeler shot and killed his wife, and after seriously wounding Mrs. Bathena Sturgeon turned the weapon upon himself, inflicting injuries from which he died. The tragedy followed a family quarrel.

Killed at a Ball Game.

Vevay, Ind., July 5.—At a ball game at Patriot, near here, Marshal Jacob Smith shot and fatally injured Charles Sutton. It is said that Sutton was resisting arrest.

ELEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT

Of the Forestry Commissioner of Minnesota.

As a contribution to forestry the State of Minnesota annually prints 4,000 copies for free distribution of the report of her forestry commissioner (formerly chief fire warden). The report for 1905 is just printed with illustrations and contains summaries of forest and prairie fires, a review of the operation of the law for preventing fires, extracts from reports of fire wardens, sketches of forests that have been investigated, including the Burntside forest; also, as object lessons in forestry, practical accounts of forestry management in as many as sixteen different European countries.

Forest and Prairie Fires.

There was dry weather for about three weeks in the spring of 1905. The worst forest fire started within the city limits of Duluth from clearing a small tract of land. Reports of fire wardens show that the number of acres (mostly cut-over land) burned over by forest fires in this state in 1905 was 102,968; damage $58,680. Number of acres burned over by prairie fires, 39,449; damage, $7,515. A prairie fire Nov. 14 in the town of Esplee in the eastern part of Marshall county burned a little girl returning from school so badly that she died in twenty-four hours. Most fires are caused by clearing land and burning meadows. The most ordinary person ought to know better than to set a fire in dry and windy weather. It is a person of but little conscience who at any time will set fire and let it run wild. To kindle a fire on or near forest or prairie land and leave it unquenched is punishable by a fine not exceeding $100 or imprisonment in jail not exceeding three months. Town supervisors, village presidents and mayors of cities are fire wardens and are responsible for the enforcement of the law in their districts. If they interest themselves in their duties (and instructions are annually sent them by the forestry commissioner) they can be effective in having people exercise care. The majority of fire wardens are attentive to their duties. The state now pays fire wardens and those who help extinguish fires for their services and collects half the amount from the counties in which the service is rendered.

The commissioner, Gen. C. C. Andrews, says: "Considering the great activity in our forest regions in the development of the country in so many ways, I think we have been very fortunate in the camparatively small number of damaging fires that have occurred. Increased care each year appears to be exercised."

Losing Time.

While there are about 12,000,000 acres of arable land in Central and Northern Minnesota not yet under cultivation, there are fully 3,000,000 acres in scattered localities of waste, rocky, hilly or sandy land that is only suitable for the production of coniferous forest, and which the state should acquire as an investment and hold perpetually in forest. On an average only about 20 per cent of cut-over pine land reforests itself with pine naturally. The greater part requires artificial planting.

Tree planting can be done only during a few weeks in the spring. Lack of labor prevents its being done on a large scale. Consequently a beginning should be made without further delay. The state is losing time. Progress depends on whether the legislature will appropriate the necessary money.

SWAMP LANDS FOR STATE.

Minnesota Wins Important Case by Opinion of Attorney General.

Minnesota is to get the swamp lands in the Minnesota forest reserve, despite the objection of Gifford Pinchot, chief of the forest bureau.

Secretary Hitchcock has received the opinion of the state's right to this land, which the latter was asked to render last winter. The text of the opinion could not be obtained, but it is emphatic in the declaration that the right of the state to swamp lands in the forest reserve is not in any way affected by the terms of the act creating the reserve.

It will be recalled that State Auditor Iverson and Attorney General Young were confronted with this contest as to the state's rights when they were in Washington last winter. They immediately asked for a hearing and were requested to submit a brief covering the state's side of the case. The contention that the state is entitled to this land has been upheld and the practice of the interior department in adjusting the swamp grant will not be changed.

Under this opinion the state will get about 100,000 acres of valuable land for which the selections have already been filed.

AUTO SCARES HORSES.

Chauffeur Does Not Wait to See Result of Catastrophe.

Marshalltown, Iowa, June 29.—Mrs. F. A. Havens of this city and John McElwee, a farmer residing west of here, were seriously injured by being thrown from a carriage the horses attached to which had taken fright at an automobile. Other occupants of the carriage escaped injury.

The driver of the machine witnessed the accident, but did not stop to see whether any one was hurt.

Done.

"My dear fellow," said the retired lawyer, "I'm at my wit's end to find a name for our new house. What would you suggest?"

His Friend—Let me see. Ah, I have it! The very thing! Call your house 'Dunrobin!'

ALL THE TROOPS IN OPEN MUTINY

MILITARY SITUATION IN THE CAUCASUS EXCEEDINGLY GRAVE.

GREAT ESTATES IN FLAMES

MURDER, ROBBERY AND GENERAL LAWLESSNESS IS INCREASING.

Tiflis, July 5.—The military situation in the Caucasus is exceedingly grave. Disaffection has appeared among practically all the troops, including Cossacks. Two battalions of infantry and four machine guns have been dispatched to Batum to aid in suppressing the mutiny there. Murder, robbery and general lawlessness are increasing throughout the mountain districts. Thirty-five newspapers have been suppressed in Trans-Caucasia in the last five months.

Two battalions of the Kura regiment, who are thought to be reliable, have been introduced into the Tiflis garrison in the hope of overawing the mutinous troops.

Great Estates in Flames.

St. Petersburg, July 5.—The agrarian movement in several sections has developed a new phase in struggles between landowning peasants and peasants who own no lands. Bloody conflicts have taken place at several places.

Estates of Prince Oblensky and five other great land proprietors in Saratkoff are reported to be in flames.

The details of the pillaging of the Shermetieff estate in Voronesch are more serious than first reports. After sacking the estate the peasantry destroyed the railway police stations and government buildings and beat fifty-seven rural guards almost to death. Artillery as well as infantry has been sent to the place.

It is announced that the parliamentary commission appointed to examine famine relief at a meeting held yesterday decided to grant an immediate credit of $7,500,000 to the minister of finance.

ATTELL BESTS FRANKIE NIELL.

Takes Fierce Twenty-round Fight on Coast.

Los Angeles, July 5.—Abe Attell, champion featherweight of America, won a twenty-round battle from Frankie Niell, the bantamweight champion, before the Pacific Athletic club here yesterday afternoon. Attell showed to great advantage with his remarkable cleverness, and he landed six blows to Niell's one.

Niell's eyes were closed early in the contest. The last two rounds were fought fiercely by both men, and Niell landed more blows in these two rounds than in nearly all the balance of the fight.

The decision of Referee Eyton was popular.

FOR ROOSEVELT AND BRYAN.

League Wants Former to Welcome Latter Home.

New York, July 5.—William Hoge, president of the Commercial Travelers' Anti-trust league, yesterday sent a letter to President Roosevelt, inviting Mr. Roosevelt to preside at the reception to be tendered William J. Bryan in this city upon his arrival from Europe, early in September. Mr. Hoge explained in his letter that the Commercial Travelers' Anti-trust league is not a Democratic organization, nor a partisan organization, in any sense, and that the organization regards Mr. Roosevelt as being as much opposed to the trusts as is Mr. Bryan.

AIMS AT TARGET; KILLS MAN.

Cleveland Woman Shoots Boarder From Milwaukee.

Cleveland, July 5.—Mrs. Fred Sloat, keeper of a boarding house, shot and instantly killed George Clark, thirty-five years old, one of her boarders, in the yard back of the house. The woman was taken into custody by the police, who say that she admits firing the fatal shot, which entered the back of Clark's head. The woman maintains that she killed Clark while aiming at a target at which she and Clark and others were shooting.

COUNTY SEAT CONTEST.

Jackson Will Fight Petition for Removal to Lakefield.

Jackson, Minn., July 5.—The Lakefield petition for a change of county seat from Jackson will be strongly contested by the Jackson people. This is the second petition filed during the last four months. It is signed by 1,891 voters.

Kills Woman and Self.

Holdredge, Neb., July 5.—Charles Benson, aged twenty-six, son of a wealthy farmer near Bertrand, this county, shot and killed Mrs. Anna Wallin, housekeeper at the Benson home, and then killed himself. No cause is known.

Damages for Trifling.

Calumet, Mich., July 5.—A jury in the circuit court returned a verdict of $400 damages for the plaintiff in the breach of promise suit of Catherine Ranchiette vs. Martine Gale.

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C. L. Hansen.........President
Daniel Patterson.....Vice-Pres.
A. D. Stephens...2d Vice-Pres.
K. O. Gigstad..........Cashier

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TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER
9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.
10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
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The Spectator.
H. E. IVES Publisher.
Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.
Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.
TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.
SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.
REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, July 7, 1906.

Republican State Ticket.

United States Senator—
KNUTE NELSON,
Douglas County.

Governor—
A. L. COLE,
Cass County.

Lieutenant Governor—
A. O. EBERDART,
Blue Earth County.

Chief Justice—
CHARLES M. START,
Olmsted County.

State Treasurer—
CLARENCE DINEHART,
Murray County.

Secretary of State—
JULIUS SCHMAHL,
Redwood County.

Attorney General—
E. T. YOUNG,
Swift County.

State Auditor—
S. G. IVERSON,
Fillmore County.

Clerk of the Supreme Court—
C. A. PIDGEON,
Wright County.

Railroad Commissioner—
C. F. STAPLES,
Dakota County.

The president will now see that they commence to move real dirt down at the canal.

The Mesabe Ore claims that Governor Johnson has adopted Game Warden Fullerton. Oh grief!

The open season for county office candidates will soon be here and the fight promises to be a lively one.

A Fourth of July celebration is getting to be worse than war, and costs more in human blood and money.

Congress has adjourned at last and it was nearly time as they have made a new record in spending money.

Only a little sunshine and we will have one of the best crops we have had in years safely put away. The wet weather so far has not done any damage.

Rev. Alex Sand calls the attention of the farmers west of here that the roads are in bad condition. They should take the hint and fix them up at once.

Congress has passed some important measures and made some good laws. If they will only go back this fall and revise the tariff, all will be forgiven.

The democrats are very much exercised over the fact that Candidate Cole was once a free silver man. It don't take much to make a democrat feel bad these days.

The Thief River Falls News states emphatically that county politics in Red Lake county this fall will not be run on party lines but on geographical, the north against the south, in fact.

It cost twelve million dollars to supply the country with fireworks on the 4th. In addition forty-nine lives were lost and over three thousand people injured, which makes a pretty large bill to pay for celebrating.

Following is an except from the Aitkin Age which does not require any comment: "We favor a reduction in passenger fares to two cents a mile, the abolition of the free pass evil, the abolition of the free pass evil, the abolition of discrimination and favoritism in the furnishing and hauling of cars and such a readjustment of freight rates and charges as will afford to every producer, shipper and consumer the impartial services of these public highways."—Republican Platform.

A TRAVELING MAN'S VIEW.

Minneapolis Journal: "A. L. Cole will sweep northern Minnesota as no candidate has ever done except Roosevelt," says Frank C. Berry of Duluth. Mr. Berry is a traveling salesman for the Wright-Clarkson Mercantile company of the city on the lakes, and for a dozen years past has "made" northern Minnesota territory. He has just come in from a trip covering Douglas, Todd, Wadena, Hubbard, Cass, Beltrami, Itasca, Aitkin and Crow Wing counties, since the state convention.

"The sentiment of all that section is strong for Cole," says Mr. Berry. "Among republicans it is unanimous, and there are many democrats who will vote for him. In his own county, Cass, in Hubbard, Beltrami and Itasca, I expect to see Cole equal Roosevelt's vote. All the republican newspapers are for him enthusiastically. Factions are united, and the returns next November will show tremendous majorities in the northern counties."

Ants Kill a Rattler.

A hunter tells an interesting story of the way in which a colony of red ants put to death a rattlesnake which dared to disturb their abode. He was out hunting when he saw the rattler and started to put a load of shot into the reptile when he noticed that it was headed straight for an ant hill of unusual size and waited to watch the proceedings. It had hardly got halfway across the mound when a big red ant hastened to the attack and sank his nippers into the snake's body. In less than two minutes he was joined by the whole colony, which practically covered the whole body of the rattler, each one sinking its scissors-like blades into the intruder's body. The snake began to thrash and squirm, but the ants held on like bulldogs. The rattler's fury grew so great that he sank his fangs into his own body, then straightened out after a few more convulsive efforts to get away and was dead in less than ten minutes after the first ant had mounted his body.—Kansas City Journal.

Should Have Been Put Otherwise.

An esteemed Perthshire minister was visiting a burly parishioner suffering from the "mulligrubs," or "Effie Lindsay." The strong man was intensely irritated at being attacked by disease, and he greeted his minister thus: "Weel, Messjohn, I thocht ye wad never come. I ken ye are busy wi' thinkin' whatna fresh notion ye can gie huz on the Sawbath, and I ken ye maundung yer brains—as I jaloso—by readin' a' the bit bookies ye can come by to hae a crap o' profitable notions for a'body. Sit ye doon, sir, in the big chair, and, Janet, gie Mr. Pottedhead a whang o' gouda cheese, a souple scone and the grunds o' the greybeard. The bite and sup will keep his hoast, puir stock. Noo, sir, it's baith lamentable and awfae, but this is the first illness I have ever had in a' my born days. I tell ye, my first illness!" "Well," replied the minister, in a voice meant to be plangent with suppressed emotion, "I most earnestly hope it may be your last."—Dundee Advertiser.

Honeymoon Reading.

The house had quieted after the wedding. Mother and Aunt Mary were in the parlor talking it over.

"So it's over," said Aunt Mary, smiling into mother's eyes.

"Yes," said mother bravely, although a little tearfully, "it's over—and begun."

"They'll be happy, I'm sure."

"Yes. They are very well suited to each other."

"Very. I could see that. They both have studious habits."

"Yes. But, Mary"—mother paused, and the gleam of mischief evoked by Aunt Mary sooner than anybody else darted into her eyes—"Mary, they can't have much sense of humor. Though it's my own girl, I say it."

"Why not?"

"Do you know what she took to read on their wedding journey? Stevenson's 'Travels With a Donkey.'"—Tit-Bits.

Give Your Horse More Water.

Water should be before horses at all times when indoors, and at least no meal should ever be offered and no night lights ever turned out until every animal has had his chance at as many brimming buckets as he will take, says the Outing Magazine. The shy drinker may be tempted by many artifices, like mixing a little molasses, or salt, or oatmeal, or flaxseed jelly, or bran, etc., with the water, and constantly varying the flavor. Horses may even have all they want right after feeding, provided they have not been deprived of water for some time previous. Many shy drinkers, like shy feeders, who are generally nervous, take all nourishment best at night, when it is dark and quiet, and morning finds the empty manger and bucket which it had seemed, by day, almost nauseated them.

Nelson In Wolsey's Tomb.

Lord Nelson's sarcophagus in St. Paul's cathedral has been aptly described as a secondhand national tomb, for it was originally constructed for another great Englishman, Cardinal Wolsey. Wolsey had cherished an ambition to be buried within the precincts of Windsor castle and caused his sarcophagus to be carved by one of the most famous sculptors of his time. But Wolsey died in disgrace, and the sarcophagus remained empty at Windsor until Nelson's death, when it was thriftily employed to hold the remains of the hero of Trafalgar.

Old Time Punishment.

In "Pike's History of Crimes," volume 1, page 226, is found the following copy of the sentence of an old time traitor: "It is the order of the court that for your treason you be drawn and hanged and beheaded and that your heart, bowels and entrails, from whence come your traitorous thoughts, be torn out and burned to ashes and that the ashes be scattered to the four winds and that your body be afterward cut into four quarters."

A Disintegrated Group.

"What did the girl do when her father discovered them eloping?"

"She burst into tears."

"What did the young man do?"

"Oh, he went all to pieces."

"What did the old man do?"

"He! Why, he exploded with rage and blew them both up."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Just the Thing.

Young Lady (to clerk in bookstore)—I am looking for something suitable for an old gentleman who has been married fifty years. Can you suggest something? Clerk (promptly)—"A Half Century of Conflict."—Life.

As long as the heart is young and the thought is youthful old age cannot touch you.—Success Magazine.

How Dolphins Play.

The waters of the gulf of California teem with other wealth than pearls. Here are fish of every description. The tuna is abundant, and the gamy Spanish mackerel is everywhere. The dolphin seems monarch of all the gulf. In the vicinity of the great island of Carmen they are encountered by the thousand. One school, comprising many hundreds, were encountered by the steamer on which the writer was a passenger a short distance from the beautiful bay of Escondido. They were a half mile distant when they observed us going in the opposite direction. Suddenly the leaders, in a clearly evinced spirit of rollicking sea dog fun, turned every one of them and gave chase to the steamer. It was perfectly evident they enjoyed the performance as much as the spectators. For a little while the noise was deafening, as if a thousand gamins of the streets had been turned loose in a go-as-you-please bathhouse. Then, having proved their ability to catch up with the steamer, they as suddenly veered and sped southward.—Sunset Magazine.

An Elder Brother.

In a case in the orphans' court of an eastern city one of the principal witnesses was asked if he had any brothers or sisters.

"I had a brother," he replied, "but he died 150 years ago."

"What? A hundred and fifty years ago?" echoed the judge, with an implied rebuke for a possible jest.

"Yes. I am telling you the truth. My father was married at nineteen years of age. Within the year a son was born to him, who shortly afterward died. Becoming a widower before he was thirty, my father married again at the age of seventy-five. I was born next year. I am at present ninety-four years old. If you will make the necessary calculation by adding my age, ninety-four, to the number fifty-six, which is the difference between seventy-five and nineteen, the ages of my father at the time of his respective marriages, the result will be exactly 150. So it is just a century and a half since my brother died."

Let the Children Play.

It is too often true of the unhappy children who are forced to rise too early in their classes that they are conceited all the forenoon of life and stupid all its afternoon. The vigor and freshness which should have been stored up for the purposes of the hard struggle for existence in practical life have been washed out of them by precocious mental debauchery—by gluttony and lesson bibbing. Their faculties are worn out by the strain put upon their callow brains, and they are demoralized by worthless childish triumphs before the real work of life begins. I have no compassion for sloth, but youth has more need for intellectual rest than age, and the cheerfulness, the tenacity of purpose, the power of work, which make many a successful man what he is, must often be placed to the credit not of his hours of industry, but to that of his hours of idleness in boyhood.—Huxley.

Rogers as a Story Teller.

Charles Dickens used to describe the way in which Samuel Rogers, the poet, told dinner table stories when grown old and feeble. A manservant stood behind Rogers' chair and at appropriate intervals would thus admonish his master: "Tell Mr. Dickens, sir, the story of the Hon. Charles Townshend and the beautiful Miss Curzon." The old poet would start in a slow chant: "The Hon. Charles Townshend became enamored of Miss Curzon. She was beeyewtiful. He be-ribed her maid to conceal him in her chee-amber and when she arrived to dress for a ball emerged from his hiding place. She looked at him fixedly, then said, 'Why don't you begin?' She took him for the 'airdresser."

Two Ways of Putting It.

Two groups of persons were seated in a railway station, according to Lippincott's Magazine. One consisted of a fashionably attired pair, the other of a pair who looked as if they were from the country. They had been there only a few minutes when a girl came in whose complexion was as nearly perfect as anything in this world ever is. While she was buying her ticket the young man remarked to the ladies with him:

"Isn't Miss Cransford a beauty? Her complexion is as perfect as a rose."

At the same time the other man clutched his wife's arm and whispered:

"Lord, Nan, hasn't that gal got a purty hide?"

Sterne and Garrick.

Sterne, who had the reputation of treating his wife very badly, was one day talking to Garrick in a sentimental way in praise of conjugal fidelity and love. "The husband," he declared, "who behaves unkindly to his wife deserves to have his house burned over his head."

"In that case," replied Garrick, "I hope your house is insured."

An Exception.

"Which is the first and most important sacrament?" asked a Sunday school teacher of a girl preparing for confirmation. "Marriage," was the prompt response. "No, baptism is the first and most important sacrament," the teacher corrected. "Not in our family," said the pupil haughtily. "We are respectable."

Precisely Located.

"Where were the kings of England crowned?" was the question on an examination paper.

"On their heads," wrote a boy in the space left for the answer.

No gentleman ever finds it necessary to proclaim his character in the assertion that he is a gentleman.—Duluth News-Tribune.

Annual Meeting Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, July 16-21, Denver, Colo.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Denver, Colo., (via Sioux City) and return for $30.50; dates of sale July 9 to 14, with final return limit of Aug. 22, 1906.

—Clean seed flax for sale at Holmes' elevator.

—For go-carts go to Holmes Bros.

The Truce of God.

One of the most curious of the many queer mediaeval customs was that known as "the truce of God." From what we have been able to learn of it the custom appears to have originated as an outgrowth of a desire to protect the common people to some extent at least against the lawless tyranny of the feudal lords of the middle ages. It was first decreed at a church synod which convened at Roussillon in the year 1027. By this decree it was provided that no man should attack his enemy between Saturday evening at nones and Monday morning at the hour of prime. About the year 1032 a similar compact was entered into between the church and the barons of England. The church forbade barons to make any attack upon each other between sunset on Wednesday night and sunrise on the following Monday or upon any feast or fast day. The same truce made provision that no man should be disturbed while laboring at his trade or while going to or from a place of worship.

How England Got the Gout.

Strange effects have strange causes. What gave most English families of the upper class the gout was the treaty that brought in the heavy wines of Portugal, much too heavy for use in this climate.—Dr. Emil Reich.

Baptist Young People's Union of America, Omaha, Neb., July 12-15.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Omaha, Neb., for (via Sioux City, $19.75; via St. Paul $21.06) and return; dates of sale July 10 to 13, with final return limit of July 21, 1906.

McMURRAY'S VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR
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J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D. Patterson	
E. M. Hoff	
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F.—St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3850—Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

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Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

—Go to Holmes Bros. for Sunshine furniture polish.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

THE LOCAL NEWS

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

I. Dahlen and John Konikson were in from their reservation claims this week.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Joe Martz is around again after several weeks in bed with a broken leg.

C. J. Smith, of Minot, N. D., was here last Tuesday visiting with Mike McAndress.

Mrs. Wm. Ireland returned yesterday from Fertile, where she has been visiting relatives.

Miss Alma Lund returned yesterday from Ballard, Wash., and will visit relatives here.

O. H. Peters came down from Middle River last Tuesday evening and spent the 4th with his family.

Mrs. Rod. McKenzie, of Duluth, was here the first of the week visiting her sister Mrs. M. McAndress.

Olavus Severson, the day fireman has been promoted and is now night engineer in place of Fred Case.

Christ Bjerk came back from Marshall county last Thursday, where he had been spending the 4th.

John Christie and wife were among the many who took in the circus at Thief River Falls on the 4th.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

H. A. Johnson moved his saloon last Saturday to the Eikhoff building which has been fitted up for his occupancy.

Services in the Swedish Mission church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p.m. L. W. Nordhus, Pastor.

David Collins and family spent a couple of days at Thief River Falls this week and of course took in the circus.

We did not celebrate the 4th and it failed to rain. If we have a spell of fine weather we should be given the credit.

It is almost beyond belief, but we have had three days without rain and the prospects are good for more of the same kind.

There will be services at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. All are welcome. Alex Sand, Pastor.

A. O. Davison made a short trip to White Earth on the 4th. He will return there the first of next week to stay for some time.

Leo Achenbach came over from Bemidji the first of the week and spent several days visiting friends here, returning on Thursday.

—Grafton flour, best in the northwest for sale at Holmes' elevator.

John Maakrud retired from the saloon business on July 1st and will devote his time in the future to his farm. Mike Anderson will run the saloon alone.

Manager Evans is pleased over the fact that the saw mill started work promptly on Thursday, the morning after the 4th. Some of the other mills were not so fortunate.

Prof. J. B. O'Brien went up to Thief River Falls last Wednesday to commence his work as an instructor in the teachers' training school which commenced on Thursday.

A little love, a little wealth,
A little home for you and me;
It's all I ask except good health,
Which comes with Rocky Mountain Tea. Imperial Drug Co.

W. A. Sorsoleil and Fren Case left last Saturday with two cars of goods for Prince Albert, Canada. Mr. Sorsoleil informed us that he would probably return here for a short time in the fall.

A church picnic will be held on Sunday afternoon, July 22nd, at the home of Andrew Soderberg, about a mile northeast of St. Hilaire. A great number of people are expected. All are cordially invited.

"Dr." Martin E. Hoff returned last Tuesday from North Dakota, where he has been selling remedies for the Ward Medicine Co. He will return the first of next week and states that he is doing well in his new business.

N. B. Truth, St. Paul, June 31, '08.—I've lived so long, I remember well when the Mississippi was a brook. My good health and long life came by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

Pat McAndress, who has been visiting here for several weeks, left yesterday for Larimore, where he will go to work for the Great Northern as a fireman.

G. H. Tibbitts was here last Sunday visiting with his son-in-law, A. O. Davison. Mr. Tibbits is a teacher in a government Indian school in South Dakota.

The passenger on the 4th had on a couple of extra coaches and they were all well filled when the train left here as over one hundred of our citizens went up to take in the circus.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Rev. Alex Sand returned home last Sunday after spending the previous week preaching around Hallock and attending the twenty-five-year jubilee of the Red River church of Kittson county.

Red Lake Courier: C. L. Hansen left Monday to take up his residence at St. Hilaire and assume the duties of president of the Merchants State Bank that city. He takes with him the best wishes of many friends.

It has caused more laughs and dried more tears, wiped away diseases and driven away more fears than any other medicine in the world. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford has an office at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, on the 8th day of every month. A red letter day to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses.

The Fourth of July celebration of the Swedish Lutheran Black River church was a grand success. The weather was ideal and in fact a surprise. A large and happy crowd gathered from all directions and everybody was very pleased. The place where the picnic was held is the home of C. A. Melin, of Polk Center, and a more beautiful and convenient picnic place is hard to find. Financially it was also a great success.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

It's a Boy.

Daniel Patterson was busy yesterday calling on his friends and distributing a box of cigars with the information that there was a boy born at his home on Thursday night. There is a house-full of girls in the Patterson family, but this is the first boy and Dan is entitled to a celebration.

New Officers.

Last Saturday the stockholders of the Merchants State Bank held a special meeting and elected a new set of officers. C. L. Hansen was chosen president, Daniel Patterson vice-president, A. D. Stephens second vice-president, and K. O. Gigstad cashier. Leonard Holmes, H. E. Ives and R. H. Bourdon, together with the officers, were elected as directors.

All Talk and No Work.

Editor Spectator:

The road west from St. Hilaire through Black River township is in a most miserable condition. The worst part of it is between sections 5 and 8 and between 6 and 7, but the rest of it is bad enough. It is one of the most traveled roads in the county and loud complaints are heard from all directions over the fact that it is utterly neglected as far as fixing it is concerned. It has been described as a continuous row of mud holes. Everybody concerned is talking that something must be done about it, but as far as known practically nothing has been done. The undersigned for one must emphatically protest against the way that road has been neglected and the unspeakable condition in which it is allowed to remain.

Alex Sand.

Getting Anxious.

Roseau Times: There are so many inquiries made as to the time the Great Northern will begin laying track from Greenbush that the Times is constrained to state that there is absolutely no date fixed when the work of track laying will begin, nor can any information be gained in regard to the matter. The grading is completed from Greenbush to Roseau and over one-half of the grade work finished between Roseau and Warroad. That the steel will be laid from Greenbush to Warroad before the ground freezes is certain, otherwise the grading through the swamp would require a third more work as the ballast would have to be worked in while the ground was not in a frozen condition. From unofficial sources it is learned that old steel will be laid on the Roseau extension and in order to get a supply of old rails, the company will have to do some relaying of new steel on some of its new divisions. It is understood that the officials of the Great Northern are very anxious to complete the extension as soon as possible and that any delay in the matter is through no fault or neglect of the company.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

Council Proceedings.

Special meeting of the village council of St. Hilaire held in the village hall June 30, 1906, at 8 o'clock p.m.

Meeting called to order by the president.

All members present except Hoff and Wilson.

The president stated that the object of the meeting was to hear the resons for or against the granting of liquor licenses to Chas. J. Fellman, H. A. Johnson and Mike Anderson. As there was no objection license was on motion granted to the above named to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of one year from July 1, 1906, and the president and clerk were instructed to issue license when the above named Chas. Fellman, H. A. Johnson and Mike Anderson had paid over to the treasurer the required amount and furnish bonds.

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'Brien,
President.
Attest:
K. O. Gigstad, Village Clerk.

Regular meeting of the village council of St. Hilaire held at the village hall Monday evening, July 2nd, 1906, at 8 o'clock.

Meeting called to order by President O'Brien.

All members present.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and on motion accepted.

Report of village marshal read and on motion accepted.

Report of street commissioner read and on motion accepted.

On motion the clerk was instructed to pay the itemized bill for work on sidewalk amounting to $124.75.

On motion the bills of Ed. Wells, Elmer Burkee and Christ Bjerk were left over until next regular meeting.

Motion made and carried that the council instruct the street commissioner to repair the old road to Sam Thomson and McKercher farms.

On motion the recorder was instructed to advertise for estimates for an electric light plant.

On motion the poll tax was fixed at $1.00 cash or one day's work for the year 1906.

The following bills were allowed in full:

K O Gigstad, cash advanced for sand	$ 178 49
A O Davison, same	4 50
Crookston Lbr Co., 4 bills	86 97
J B O'Brien, 1 day on board of equalization	2 00
K O Gigstad, ¼ year salary, premium on insurance and blanks	72 60
J K Wood, establishing sidewalk grade	7 00
Imperial Drug Co, wood alcohol	1 75
" " drugs for Melting	1 90
" " medicine, small pox case	1 50
D Collins, assessing	60 00
John L Hegseth, work	27 00
Albert Setterberg, "	5 00
K R Killand, salary	51 10
Herman Nelson, work	6 00
D Patterson, work	11 20
StHilaire Spectator, as per bill	49 70
StHilaire Fire Dept	35 00
P. Hogquist, work on sidewalk	19 00
F J Dibble, " " "	17 50
John Borgen, " "	35 00
John Malefa, " "	12 50
Henry Gunstad, "	11 25
John Bergland, "	25 00

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'Brien,
K. O. Gigstad, President.
Clerk.

How Fashions are Made.

Several years ago when the present King of England, who was then Prince of Wales, was so unfortunate as to have a boil under his right arm. As a result of this, when he shook hands with his friends he was compelled to raise his right hand and elbow to the level of his chin. This immediately became the fashionable way to shake hands, and was common in the "smart set" of two continents. We have not entirely lost the fashion to this day, but it seems to be going. One custom which is here to stay is the daily use of golden grain belt beer. To the families who observe this custom come health, strength and happiness. Order a case of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Hard on Independents.

Aspirants who may desire to run for a county office without a party label will find some difficulty in doing so under the provisions of the revised code. To be an independent candidate now is not so easy as it used to be. Signatures obtained before the holding of the primary election are useless, and no person who voted at the primary is eligible to sign the petition for an independent candidate. These provisions practically compel everyone seeking office to affiliate with one of the dominant parties. The man without a party seems to be out of it.

Sight Seers' Excursions.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to all main and branch line points in North Dakota east of and including Minot, Aneta and Forbes, and return at $13.30 for the round trip; dates of sale July 9 to 14, with final return limit July 31, 1906.

Eaton & Hurlbut stationery, the latest thing out, at the Imperial Drug Store.

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

Ringling Bros.' Excursions.

Special excursion rates on all lines of travel have been arranged for by the management of Ringling Brothers World's Greatest Shows, and those who wish to go to Crookston, where this great circus exhibits Tuesday, July 17, can do so at very little expense. This will be the only point in this vicinity where the show will exhibit this season and no one should miss the opportunity to witness it. Ringling Brothers circus has been the leading arenic exhibition of America for years, but the show has never been permitted to rest upon its reputation. Although it long ago passed the point of competition, every season sees a greater and grander show. This year's performance is entirely new, and entails the combined efforts of 375 wonderful artists in the equestrian, gymnastic, equilibristic, acrobatic, and aerial line, together with fifty famous clowns and hundreds of lesser lights. Six hundred and fifty horses are used and a marvelous trained animal department is presented. The circus this season is greatly enlarged by the spectacular production of The Field of the Cloth of Gold, a pantomimic presentation of the well known and beautiful historical meeting between the young Kings of England and France. The vast menagerie has among hundreds of features the only living pair of giraffes, the first baby elephant successfully bred and reared in America, and the only rhinoceros in captivity. There is a gorgeous revival of the Roman hippodrome races, and many other stupendous features in this great circus. Circus day opens with a brilliant street parade, three miles in length. Don't fail to see it.

Women Cannot Vote at Primaries.

The following opinion handed down by Attorney General Young to State Superintendent Olsen will undoubtedly cause a stampede among suffragists in this section who have been allowed to vote heretofore. This is considered as an opinion only and will have to be carried to the courts before decided.

Edward T. Young, attorney general, has given an opinion to J. W. Olsen, superintendent of public instruction, holding that women cannot vote for school officers at a primary election.

The attorney general says, "A primary election is essentially only the action of a political party naming candidates which theoretically represent its principles. At the final election any woman, as well as any other individual, may vote for a candidate that has been named by a political party, or may vote for some one who has been named. As the law now stands there is no way by which a woman could be permited to participates in making a political nomination.

Mme. Qui Vive Back From Paris.

Mme. Qui Vive, who writes entertainingly and chattily on beauty and other femine topics in The Chicago Record-Herald, has recently returned from Paris where she went to study beauty as the French see it. It is safe to say that it will take her a year to give her readers all the new ideas she gathered abroad. Feminine readers will be glad to learn that these are to appear from time to time in her well-known department, "The Woman Beautiful," in The Record-Herald. The immense popularity of Mme. Qui Vive's articles is largely due to the fact that her advice is of real valve to women and is given in a delightfully original style. Even mere men are known to read with secret chuckles the piquant epigrams, with which she heads her column every morning. Her wholesomeness and remarkable versatility have made her an eagerly looked for visitor in thousands of American homes.

The unique Sunday Magazine of The Record-Herald in text, illustrations, paper and presswork is a rival of the best independent periodicals. It has the real magazine quality.

North Dakota State Fair, Fargo, July 23 to 28.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Fargo and return for $3.60; dates of sale July 22 to 28, with final return limit of July 29, 1906.

Annual Meeting Fraternal Order of Eagles, Milwaukee, Wis.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Milwaukee, Wis., and return for $20.51; dates of sale Aug. 10 to 13, with final return limit of Aug. 24th.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver of the U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 31st, 1906, viz:

Gilbert N. Sandvigen, H. E. No. 843, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼ Sec. 34, T. 153 N., R 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Ole J. Larson, Andrew J. Svebson, G. J. Larson, James Evenson, all of Hazel, Minn.

R. J. Montague,
Register.
jn23-jl28)

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, J. G. Prior, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1906.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows:

On the ground floor of the three-story building situate on lot twenty (20), of block thirty-nine (39), of the Original townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having two outside entrances, one in front and one in rear.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of the state of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., this 28th day of June, 1906.

J. G. Prior.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Saturday the 14th day of July, 1906, at eight o'clock p.m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

K. O. Gigstad,
(Seal.) Village Clerk.

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8!
That's the Holiday Week of the Year—the Week of the Great MINNESOTA STATE FAIR
Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphiteater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world.—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.
Sensational racing each day.
Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, Etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 Pacing race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,644.50.
HALF FARE RAILROAD RATES! Tickets on sale Saturday Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept. 10.
C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

Low Rates
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
Account the Biennial Saengerfest of the Saengerbund of the Northwest, to be held in St. Paul, July 26-29.
$9.35 ST. HILAIRE TO MINNEAPOLIS and ST. PAUL and Return
via the
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
Tickets on sale July 24-25-23. Very Liberal Return Limits.
For further particulars inquire of H. M. SWENSON, Agent.

Advertise : in : The : Spectator.

FACTS GUARANTEED

Neuralgia and Anæmia are Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

For nearly a generation the people of this country have known Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, during which time proof of thousands of cures by this remedy has been published and confirmed and not one person has been harmed in the slightest degree by their use. The pills contain no opiate, narcotic or stimulant, nor any drug which could injure the most delicate constitution.

"For over a year," says Miss Charlotte Van Salisbury, of Castleton, N.Y., "I suffered from neuralgia and palpitation of the heart. My skin was pale and sallow and I was troubled with dizziness, fainting spells and fits of indigestion. I was very nervous and would start at the slightest sound. At times a great weakness would come over me and on one occasion my limbs gave way under me and I fell to the sidewalk.

"Of course I was treated by our local physicians and also consulted a noted doctor at Albany, but nothing they gave me seemed to benefit me. One day I read in a newspaper about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and I immediately gave them a trial. I soon felt much better and my color had begun to return. I continued using the pills and by the time I had taken eight boxes I was entirely cured.

"My sister, Sarah Van Salisbury, suffered terribly from anæmia. She was pale and thin and we feared that she would become a victim of consumption. She tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and in a short time she began to gain in strength and weight. She is now strong and well and we both heartily recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to all who are in ill health."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. Descriptive pamphlets free on request.

Gas From Cocoanuts.

Gas from cocoanuts is the latest illuminant. The coal of the Philippines has been found unsuitable for gas-making purposes. The government, therefore, has been experimenting in the laboratories, and has found that a gas of great illuminating power may be produced by a very simple method from cocoanut oil. The oil is slowly fed into retorts, which are already red hot. Here it volatilizes very rapidly, leaving a small residue of tar. Bulk for bulk, the oil has a much greater productiveness in gas than coal, and for this reason it is expected that, if the supply can be made to meet the demand, it will be greatly used all along the Pacific coast.

Dying Bird's Devotion to Young.

A Danzig correspondent in the London Daily Mail says: While swimming on a lake with her brood of five a diver bird was shot, and although mortally wounded, collected her young ones and dived for their safety. When the dead body floated to the surface the five little birds were still clinging with their beaks to her wings, but all had been suffocated by remaining too long under water.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chat H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Studies the Ocean Bed.

The prince of Monaco, acknowledged to be the greatest living authority on oceanography, has decided to establish in Paris an institution for seabed research and will endow it with something like $1,000,000. He has spent a great deal of money in searching out the secrets of the sea. His splendid yacht Princess Alice is fitted up with fine laboratories and photographic rooms.

THE OLD KENTUCKY HOME.

Sons of the Bluegrass Will Be There for a Week.

"Old Home Week," which has become an institution in New England, has been adopted by the Kentuckians, according to Everybody's Magazine. Founders of states, dauntless pioneers, great by many names and in many ways—it would be painting the lily to praise the sons of Old Kaintuck; and the loveliness of the Kentucky women is beyond all praise. Land of colonels and rivers and mountains and blue grass; raiser of horses swifter than the wind and mint juleps inimitable; rich in statesmen, big, fertile; she of the "kind heart and the glad hand"—come, come, we shall be dropping into poetry next, and Kentucky has poets enough of her own. This is to say, "homecoming for all Kentuckians who have wandered to other lands or foreign shores" is scheduled for Louisville this month. Judges and governors by the mile will be on hand. Henry Watterson is to make the main speech of welcome. "Don't you want to come home and see the folks?" You bet!

CLEVER DOCTOR

Cured a 20 Years' Trouble Without Any Medicine.

A wise Indiana physician cured 20 years' stomach disease without any medicine as his patient tells:

"I had stomach trouble for 20 years, tried allopathic medicines, patent medicines and all the simple remedies suggested by my friends but grew worse all the time.

"Finally a doctor who is the most prominent physician in this part of the state told me medicine would do me no good, only irritating my stomach and making it worse—that I must look to diet and quit drinking coffee.

"I cried out in alarm, 'Quit drinking coffee!' why, 'What will I drink?'

"'Try Postum,' said the doctor, 'I drink it and you will like it when it is made according to directions, with cream, for it is delicious and has none of the bad effects coffee has.'

"Well, that was two years ago, and I am still drinking Postum. My stomach is right again and I know Doctor hit the nail on the head when he decided coffee was the cause of my trouble. I only wish I had quit it years ago and drank Postum in its place." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Never too late to mend. Ten days' trial of Postum in place of coffee works wonders. There's a reason.

Look in pkgs. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

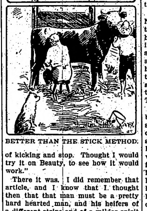
Story of the Breaking of the Heifer

BY EDGAR L. VINCENT

What now, my son? That's a pretty big stick to be bringing into the stable. What are you going to do with it?"

Laddie looked sheepish at the words and seemed somehow to wish he hadn't done it. Still, like every boy, he had an explanation of his conduct.

"Why, don't you remember that article you were reading in the farm paper the other evening about the way to break heifers to milk? The man said to get a good whip and just the minute the heifer stirred after you sat down to milk her, get right up and give her a good cut with the switch. He said if a fellow stuck to that a few times the heifer would get sick of kicking and stop. Thought I would try it on Beauty, to see how it would work."



BETTER THAN THE STICK METHOD.

There it was. I did remember that article, and I know that I thought then that that man must be a pretty hard hearted man, and his heifers of a different stripe and of a milder spirit than any I ever saw if they would stand it to be struck that way and not kick him just about out of the window. What a way that would be to teach a nice heifer to stand while being milked! It is a shame.

"Now, Laddie," I said as soon as I could get my thoughts together enough to meet this new situation, "I guess I wouldn't do that. Seems to me there is a better way. We never had any such times about getting our heifers broke in. Let's think about that a little."

"Well, Beauty kicked a blue streak this morning, don't you remember?"

I remembered. There was a sore place on one of my shins yet. That would not let me forget quite yet.

"I know, but Laddie, it is all so new to her yet. She doesn't quite understand about it. Now suppose, you were just beginning to learn to do some new piece of work. Would you want some one to haul up and give you a good whack across the back if you happened to make a mistake and do something not quite right? Wouldn't you kick worse than little Beauty does? And wouldn't you be all the time looking out after that for cuts of that kind? Beauty is a nice heifer. We do not want to have her spoiled at the very start."

"How would you get at it, then, father?"

The whip was laid down. I know Laddie never really liked that way but there it was in the paper, and wasn't it all right, if you see it in the paper?

"Come in, and we'll try it, Laddie. Now, you know, it must seem queer to Beauty to have us reaching around her this way. You just slip around in front of her and give her a bit of something good to eat. Stand there and talk to her as you feed her. Rub her nose a little once in a while. In the meantime I will see what I can do at the milking. We must remember to be very patient. All ready now? Then here goes."

I sit down holding the pail firmly between my legs. I plant myself squarely to stand shocks for they may come. I speak gently. When the shocks come I hold on like a leech. But I do not scold. Laddie does his part well, and soon the heifer begins to forget about me. The nice bits of food that Laddie puts up for her take her attention from what is going on behind. Now and then I stop to stroke her sides softly and speak to her encouragingly.

"All right now," I say in the same steady tone of voice after a time. "That's all for this time."

"Got any milk in your pail, father?"

I know there is a smile back of the question.

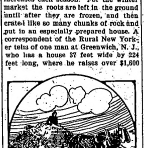
"Yes, and some on my clothes, my boy. But I have got something else that is worth more—my self respect and the confidence of the little heifer! Two or three times more and we will have her all right. We didn't have to use the whip, either!"

"Well, what I would like to know is, why did they put that piece in the paper?"

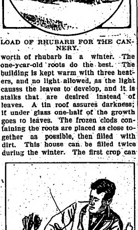
I have wondered about that myself. Why did they?"—Farmers' Voice.

Rhubarb Growing Which Pays

Cumberland county, New Jersey, has of recent years developed a new industry, particularly a winter industry with many people. The raising of rhubarb increases each season. For the winter market the roots are left in the ground until after they are frozen, and then crated like so many chunks of rock and put in an especially prepared house. A correspondent of the Rural New Yorker tells of one man at Greenwich, N. J., who has a house 37 feet wide by 224 feet long, where he raises over $1,600 worth of rhubarb in a winter. The one-year-old roots do the best. The building is kept warm with three heaters, and no light allowed, as the light causes the leaves to develop, and it is stalks that are desired instead of leaves. A tin roof assures darkness; if under glass one-half of the growth goes to leaves. The frozen clods containing the roots are placed as close together as possible, then filled with dirt. This house can be filled twice during the winter. The first crop can be marketed for the Christmas trade and the next crop for the early spring market. The plants sell for 1½ cents per hill, or $200 per acre.



LOAD OF RHUBARB FOR THE CANNERY.



GROWING THE WINTER CROP.

For the summer market, when it is raised in the open field, the rhubarb is carted to the factories by great wagon loads, as shown in our first illustration. This load contains about two tons, and at the factory it is worth about five dollars per ton.

It is suggested that a little might be raised in our heated cellars. Let the fire do double duty, heating the house and raising a crop.

IMPROVING THE PLUMS.—The plums that have been stung by the curculio, and the wormy fruit of the early summer, should be picked off. It isn't much trouble, and it doesn't cost any more to do it now than later. The fruit that brings high prices will grow much larger if these parasites are removed.

AN ELEPHANT FARM.—The latest addition to the list of "freak farms" in this country is an elephant farm which is about to be established near Pasadena, Cal. It will be capable of maintaining a herd of 300 animals.

A Talk About Fertilizers

Decidedly the best fertilizer that can be used is well rotted stable manure. In most cases where commercial fertilizers are used some manure should be used with it. It is important in fertilizing soil to improve its physical condition, as well as its chemical composition. It should be made loose, so that the roots of plants may readily absorb the food it contains. For this purpose manures are unexcelled.

The physical properties of soil have a large influence on its fertility. The most common means of loss of fertility is through leaking, or the mechanical washing away of nourishing properties. Soil which has a large proportion of clay is finely grained and compact, thus making it easy for the plant food they contain to be washed away. At the time the compactness frequently retains the elements of fertility tenaciously against their use by plants.

If a commercial fertilizer is used, it should be a mixture that gives a complete fertilizer, supplying all the elements needed to make rich soil. The commercial fertilizer is preferred to manure for use on lawns, because of its greater cleanliness and the fact that it contains no weeds. Manure is frequently full of the seeds of weeds. An excellent fertilizer for use on lawns is a mixture of hard wood ashes and bone meal. This has been declared to contain all the elements needed for the successful growth of grass.

INTENSIVE HORTICULTURE.

Absolutely Necessary Before the Largest Results Can Be Realized.

We must have a more intense horticulture if we are to realize larger profits from our horticultural operations. The more intensive are our operations the more certain will we be to reap a rich reward for our work. In the countries that are making most out of their horticultural enterprises the gardens and orchards are living examples of intensive farming.

The intensive horticulturist is the one that has put many years of labor on the study of soils, fertilization, pruning, and development of varieties. The realm of horticulture is infinite, and the lore learnable about any one operation of gardening or orcharding is very great. We have not yet fully learned the lessons of the advantages of pruning or how much or how little to prune. One that becomes an expert in the raising of fruits, vegetables or flowers need not sell his service to others, for he can himself make a living from his own labors.

Intensive horticulture is old in Europe, but new in America. We have a land that invites us to do extensive rather than intensive work. But it cannot be doubted that in most situations and in most circumstances it is the intensive culture that pays best here as well as in Europe.

WEED IT OUT.—The asparagus bed will need weeding and cultivating to keep the grass from crowding it out. It seems to be an open question whether it pays to put salt on it or not. At any rate, it needs a lot of manure.

WELL TO REMEMBER.—Remember the old saying that "good fences make good neighbors," so if any of yours are out of gear, fix them up before the cattle get into somebody's corn.

COLORADO'S LAMB CROP.—Over a million lambs were raised in Colorado last year. In the San Luis valley alone there were over 300,000 sheep.

TROUBLED HOSTESS

A FEW SUGGESTIONS THAT SHE MAY FIND WELCOME.

Some Little Dinner Tricks—An Impromptu Guessing Contest That Made Diversion—Household Hints.

After Dinner Tricks.

When fruit has been served with the dessert, and in consequence there are finger bowls on the table, it is curious as well as amusing to wet the middle finger and pass it slowly around the rim of the bowl, keeping a firm pressure. In a moment a low, long drawn out musical tone will be heard; each glass will give out a different tone and the result when several glasses are emitting sounds at the same time is a strange mixture of harmony.

An after dinner trick much enjoyed by children is to put walnut shells filled with brandy or alcohol into their finger bowls and then light them. These burning ships at sea are a wonderful sight, and grown people as well as the children are not averse to watching this exciting end to a dinner party.

Guessing Contest.

An amusing guessing contest was arranged in the most impromptu manner by a hostess at a recent evening party. It afforded no end of fun and astonishment in showing how very little a person knew about the detail of common things and how very deceptive the eye is. Objects were hastily gathered and placed on a table, pencils and paper provided, and 20 minutes allowed in which to answer the following questions:

What is the height of a man's silk hat?

How many seeds in an apple or an orange?

What is the weight of an egg?

How many peanuts in a pint?

How many spots in a pack of cards?

Draw the face of a clock.

What is the diameter of a half dollar?

How many spokes in a wheel?

How many matches in a box?

An anxious housewife asks "how to keep home-made bread moist and for a good recipe for ice cream."

In reply to the first question there are two ways of keeping the bread; one is in a regular tin box with a lid that comes especially for the purpose, and the other and a most satisfactory way is to put the loaves in an earthernware crock, cover with a bread cloth and put a plate over the top.

Personally I like a cream made without eggs, so I give this recipe. To every quart of cream add six tablespoonsful of powdered sugar and any flavoring desired. Many people use corn starch and gelatine, but one of the most successful makers of ice cream told me never to use anything but pure cream and sugar with any fruit, strawberry, banana, nuts or crushed maccaroons.

MADAME MERRI.

CHARMING ROSE PARTY.

The Invitations Bespeak the Character of the Affair—The Decorations and Refreshments.

A rose party suggests many outdoor delights. The invitations may be done on pink paper in a deep shade, written with red ink. If they are decorated with a painted rose or a bunch of roses so much the better, but in any case they should be on pink paper. The rooms may be decorated in pink cheesecloth festooned about the walls, with large pink paper roses to catch the loops.

Paper roses may be made into garlands and twined about the piazza posts, and hung in wreaths between the arches. Pink lanterns should furnish the light on the piazzas and in the grounds, but in the house the only light should come from pink candles burning under small pink shades.

Real roses may be present in abundance, banked over fireplaces, in corners, and placed in vases and bowls everywhere. Growing rose bushes should be used as a background, combined with palms, and each of the hostesses should carry a bouquet of roses.

Of course, the young girls will be clad in pink gowns or in white combined with pink, and, of course, the refreshments, so far as possible, will be pink.

Pink cheesecloth could be chosen for the table cover, the stuff gathered into graceful folds and caught with small dishes of pink bonbons, cakes with pink icings, and a centerpiece made of pink roses.

A menu that is in harmony would be: Lobster Newburg, brown bread sandwiches, shrimp salad, tongue in aspic, rolled white bread sandwiches tied with pink ribbon, olives stuffed with red peppers, strawberries, ice cream, cake, bonbons. The beverages may be lemonade with strawberries floating in it, sweetened with pink rock candy instead of sugar.

Mental Athletics.

Items in the first great athletic meeting held in China, which took place at Canton, were arithmetic races. Pupils from schools carried slates and pencils, and in the course of the race they encountered a blackboard containing a sum to be solved. The boys were lined up as they reached the goal, and those whose calculations were wrong were then eliminated. The first three left in the line were counted winners.

Hosiery Styles.

The new stockings are worthy of note. They are embroidered and built upon openwork designs and they match the costume. This makes them very interesting from a woman's point of view, for they give her certain opportunities in dress which she did not have before. And the same with her shoes, which come in all colors. She can get them in kid, patent leather, in suede, in linen and in cloth.

To Remove Sunburn.

Barley boiled in water until the consistency of rich cream, used on the face will remove sunburn and leave the skin soft and white.

TORTURED WITH GRAVEL

Since Using Doan's Kidney Pills, Not a Stone Has Formed.

Capt. S. L. Crute, Adjt. Watts Camp, U. C. V., Roanoke, Va., says: "I suffered a long, long time with my back, and felt draggy and listless and all the time. I lost from my usual weight, 225, to 170. Urinary passages were too frequent and I had to get up often at night. I had headaches and dizzy spells also, but my worst suffering was from renal colic. After I began using Doan's Kidney Pills I passed a gravel stone as big as a bean. Since then I have never had an attack of gravel, and have picked up to my former health and weight. I am a well man, and give Doan's Kidney Pills credit for it."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

UNIFORM TEMPERATURE.

A Friendly Talk on How It May Be Attained.

"John, go down to the basement and shut off that furnace; this house is like an oven."

Down John goes to the cellar, closes all the drafts and returns to Mary's side to enjoy his evening's rest.

It is a bitter cold night outside and John, in his anxiety to keep the house at a comfortable temperature, had heaped up the furnace with good hard coal, opened up the drafts and "let her run." The result was as Mary said, the house soon was as hot as an oven, and John had to take another trip to the basement to close the drafts he had an hour previously opened.

Time passed quietly and pleasantly in this happy home and John and Mary sat reading, occasionally chatting and thoroughly enjoying their comfortable evening together.

"It is a terrible cold night?" John remarked, "and I believe the thermometer will get away down in the forties before morning,—I guess I will sit up until after midnight to keep the furnace going pretty strong."

"You had better attend to it now," said Mary, "for I begin to feel the cold creeping down my back."

Down to the cellar again goes John and opens up the drafts which but a short time before he had closed.

John was naturally a good-natured fellow, but when he returned to his cozy chair he muttered, "I wish I had a machine to regulate that furnace."

"Well," said Mary, "Why don't you buy one? When I was at Aunt Sarah's in Minneapolis last year she had what they called a Thermostat in their sitting room, and that opened and shut the drafts to the furnace so that the house was always at a uniform temperature."

"Why, how could it do that?" said John.

"Oh, simple enough," said Mary. "It worked by contraction and expansion of metal caused by the change in the temperature of the room. As the metal in the Thermostat contracts or expands it comes in contact with a metal point which is connected with an open circuit battery and a spring motor which is connected by chains running over pulleys to the furnace, so that when either circuit is closed the motor is set in motion and the drafts are opened or closed as may be directed by the temperature of the house."

"That is certainly wonderful," said John, "but it will keep the house too hot for some people and too cold for others. Different families like different temperatures."

"That is so," answered Mary, "but you can set it to any degree of heat you wish between 60 and 80 and it will always respond just where you set the index."

"You certainly have interested me," said John, "and I will look into the matter further. If it will do what you say I shall certainly have one. Will it work on anything but furnaces?"

"Certainly; hot water or steam plants and all kinds of stoves can be fitted with this apparatus, anything that has a front and back draft."

"Where did you say she got it?" asked John.

"I didn't say," said Mary, "but they are made in Minneapolis by the Electric Heat Regulator Co."

"Well, I'll write to-morrow for one," said John.

"I know you will never regret it," answered Mary.

Girl Baseball Umpire.

Amanda Clement of Yankton, S. D., where she is a student, is a capable umpire at baseball games and frequently officiates in that capacity. Miss Clement is just seventeen years old, good to look at, strong and healthy. She is captain of the champion basketball team of the Yankton college. At tennis she is admitted to be the champion woman player of South Dakota. Dressed in a natty blue suit and short blue blouse, with her wealth of hair tucked beneath a cap, she is an inspiring sight on the baseball diamond and, what is more, as an umpire she knows her business. With the money she has earned as an umpire Miss Clement says she will be able to outfit herself for the next year in college.

Gaurding the Sky.

From the publicity given in its inception, the patriotic company of German Jew financiers which is to guard the sky along the French frontier seems to be interested in hot-air-ships. A wit observed more than a century ago, that German philosophy was at its cloudiest that to England had been given the sea, to France the earth, while the only element left to Germany was the air. And now the Lebaudy brothers have the audacity to threaten that with their balloons!

Longfellow Estate Changes Hands.

The famous Longfellow estate in Byfield, which has been in possession of the family for more than 200 years, has been divided and sold, says the Newbury (Mass.) Dispatch. The house is now occupied by Charles Longfellow, eighth in line of descent. Notwithstanding assertions to the contrary, it has always been declared by the Byfield Longfellows that the poem "The Village Blacksmith" was written by Henry Wadsworth Longfellow in recognition of the smithy which once stood on this very site, and was conducted by Stephen Longfellow, the second of the name, who was born in 1685. Other famous poems were written there.

Nothin' Doin'.

"Your poetry is all right," said the fair maid, "and I love it, but I can never love you."

"Why the distinction?" queried the youth with unbarbered hair.

"Your poetry," answered the maid, "is not as poor as you are."

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press Building, St. Paul, Minn. Joseph W. Bragstad, Huron, S. D., clutch mechanism for display devices; Colburn N. Christofferson, Hibbing, Minn., window washer's platform; Julius Gruner, Tower, Minn., computing machine; Alexander McDougall, Duluth, Minn., mining apparatus; Hans O. Olson, Two Harbors, Minn., nozzle for locomotive; Christopher Porter, St. Paul, Minn., water heater; James Simpson, Crookston, Minn., napkin holder.

His Experience.

"In order to succeed in any line of business," said the great merchant, who was given to the habit of moralizing, "one must begin at the bottom."

"I tried that," replied the young man with the fringed trousers, "and now I'm on my uppers."

House of Commons Whisky.

A bountiful supply of Scotch whisky is always provided for the British house of commons. For the 670 members a vat of 800 gallons especially distilled for them is always on hand. Its contents are never permitted to fall below a certain level. It is refilled two or three times in a session.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.
Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c. per bottle.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

An Ancient Commission.

The original commission of Thomas Lord Fairfax, Baron of Cameron, was found several days ago at Winchester, Va., among some old relics and documents bought by Dr. Charles von Witt of that city. It is elaborately engraved on parchment, dated in England, April, 1738, and is in a fair state of preservation.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Monks as Chauffeurs.

The monks of the Grand St. Bernard will soon make their debut as chauffeurs.

After a struggle lasting over a year they have received the permission from the Valais and Italian authorities to run a motor car service between the hospices of Grand St. Bernard and Simplon—their properties—and Domodossola and Aosta.

The chauffeurs will be chosen from the monks themselves, who will wear cowls.

The cars, which are being specially constructed to climb the steep gradients, will at the beginning be employed for the transport of supplies only.

Later, however, the monks intend to start a service for tourists who wish to visit their hospices in the summer season.—Geneva Correspondent London Express.

The admiration of virtue may be rewarded by a chance to admire heaven from afar.

"IT SAVED MY LIFE"

PRAISE FOR A FAMOUS MEDICINE

Mrs. Willadsen Tells How She Tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Just In Time.

Mrs. T. C. Willadsen, of Manning, Iowa, writes to Mrs. Pinkham:
Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I can truly say that you have saved my life, and I cannot express my gratitude to you in words.

Mrs. T. C. Willadsen

"Before I wrote to you, telling you how I felt, I had doctored for over two years steady and spent lots of money on medicines besides, but it all failed to help me. My monthly periods had ceased and I suffered much pain, with fainting spells, headache, backache and bearing-down pains, and I was so weak I could hardly keep around. As a last resort I decided to write you and try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I am so thankful that I did, for after following your instructions, which you sent me free of all charge, I became regular and in perfect health. Had it not been for you I would be in my grave to-day.

"I sincerely trust that this letter may lead every suffering woman in the country to write you for help as I did."

When women are troubled with irregular or painful periods, weakness, displacement or ulceration of an organ, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation, backache, flatulence, general debility, indigestion or nervous prostration, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles.

No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. Refuse all substitutes.

For 25 years Mrs. Pinkham, daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, has under her direction, and since her decease, been advising sick women free of charge. Address, Lynn, Mass.

EDUCATIONAL.

The Greatest Boarding College in the World
University of Notre Dame
NOTRE DAME, INDIANA
We guarantee two points: Our students study and our students behave themselves
18 Buildings 75 Professors 800 Students
Courses in Ancient and Modern Languages, English, History and Economics, Chemistry, Biology, Pharmacy, Civil, Electrical, and Mechanical Engineering, Architecture, Law, Shorthand, Book-keeping, Type-writing.
SPECIAL DEPARTMENT FOR BOYS UNDER THIRTEEN
TERMS: Board, Tuition, and Laundry, $400. Send ten cents to the President for Catalogue

HOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT
BRADLEY POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE
PEORIA, ILLINOIS
Largest and Best Watch School in America
We teach Watch Work, Jewelry, Engraving, Clock Work, Optics. Tuition reasonable. Board and rooms near school at moderate rates. Send for Catalogue of Information.

CREAM and POULTRY
ASK FOR INFORMATION,
R. E. COBB, St. Paul, Minn.

GILT EDGE PAINT
Try It. Ask Your Dealer.

GOING TO BUILD?
Write for price on sash and doors, hardwood flooring; cut this out; we pay freight.
THE HARDWOOD DOOR CO.
St. Paul, Minn.

CASH for CREAM
Write to-day for shipping tags.
MILLER & HOLMES,
18 East 3rd Street, ST. PAUL.

SHIP US YOUR CREAM
We pay top prices and spot cash for every can. Write us to-day for tags.
HILTON DAIRY CO., - - ST. PAUL.

SCHEFFER & ROSSUM
HARNESS Are all lock stitched.
Ask your dealer.

STACK COVERS, TENTS
Write us for net prices.
American Tent & Awning Co.,
12 W. 3rd st., St. Paul, Minn.

THE DAISY FLY KILLER destroys all the flies and affords comfort to every home.

You Cannot
CURE
all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions of the mucous membrane such as nasal catarrh, uterine catarrh caused by feminine ills, sore throat, sore mouth or inflamed eyes by simply dosing the stomach.

But you surely can cure these stubborn affections by local treatment with
Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic
which destroys the disease germs, checks discharges, stops pain, and heals the inflammation and soreness.

Paxtine represents the most successful local treatment for feminine ills ever produced. Thousands of women testify to this fact. 50 cents at druggists.

Send for Free Trial Box
THE R. PAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE DIABETES BACKACHE

LENNOX PITLESS SCALE.
Write for information.
LENNOX MACHINE CO.
307 Third Street South, Minneapolis.

WINDMILLS
Ask for Catalog St-151.
Fairbanks, Morse & Co., St. Paul

CREAM

WINTER Wheat, 60 bushels per acre. Catalogue and samples FREE. Salzer Seed Co. Box W.N.U. La Crosse, Wis.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE
A Certain Cure for Tired, Hot, Aching Feet.
DO NOT ACCEPT A SUBSTITUTE.
This signature on every box. FREE Trial Package. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS Washington, D. C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
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ESTABLISHED 1879.
Minneapolis **WOODWARD & CO.** GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth
Orders for future delivery executed in all markets.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JULY 14, 1906 NUMBER 52.

RESUME OF THE NEWS

Fresh—Reliable—Brief

Washington Notes.

Dr. D. E. Salmon, former chief of the bureau of animal industry, has been advised by the Uruguayan government of the acceptance of his offer to organize a bureau of animal industry for that government at a salary of $6,000 annually in gold and all of his living expenses.

During the next three months the White House and the grounds surrounding it will be closed to the public, and the executive mansion will be in the hands of mechanics. A large amount of work will be done this summer, some of it being made necessary by leaky roofs of two large wings.

The next chairman of the interstate commerce commission probably will be James S. Harlan of Illinois, son of Justice Harlan of the supreme court and ex-attorney general of Porto Rico. This is the information received by those in close touch with the commission. It was unofficially said several days ago that the president probably would appoint Mr. Harlan and E. E. Clark of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, grand chief of the Order of Railway conductors, as the two additional members of the commission. Chairman Martin A. Knapp will remain a commissioner.

Casualties.

Fire at Cedar Rapids destroyed the Mott piano factory and Praverman's Island furniture store, entailing a loss of $18,000, with $8,000 insurance.

Adelia Peterson, the Carney girl who was so terribly burned two weeks ago while starting a fire with a ca nof kerosene, is dead at the hospital at Menominee, Mich.

Frank P. Clark, a marine fireman whose home is in St. Paul, while lying asleep on the Buffalo Creek railroad track at Buffalo, N. Y., was crushed to death by a switch engine.

Ray Browning, twelve years old, died at Elkhart, Ind., from lockjaw resulting from a wound caused by the explosion of a blank cartridge. Frank Beach lost an eye by the explosion of a giant firecracker.

Eckland, a young man employed at L'Anse, Mich., was drowned at Big lake, on Burned Plains. He was out on the lake fishing with a companion, and in attempting to change places the boat tipped over and Eckland was drowned.

A tornado at West Station, Tex., blew down a score of residences. Mrs. Mary Allen was badly injured and a man named Adams had an arm broken. The town has a thousand inhabitants, and was in total darkness all night.

The Silsbee mills of the Kirby Lumber Co., with the yards, containing 5,000,000 feet of lumber, and numerous dwellings were destroyed by fire at Beaumont, Tex. The fire originated from a hot belt in the mill. The loss on the lumber will reach $500,000, while the loss on machinery will exceed $200,000.

Frank E. Curless, fifteen years of age, saved the lives of three companions, but lost his own at Kokomo, Ind. His brother, Merrill Curless, and Palmer and Earl Dean were bathing when cramps seized Merrill and the Dean boys. By diving and using a plank Frank saved them. The boy then was attacked with cramps himself and drowned.

It cost the Munising paper mills at Munising, Mich., exactly $200 to kill one rat. The rodent, in order to escape a terrier which was chasing it, jumped onto a blanket of one of the machines in the paper mill, and was carried between the rollers. The rat's life was effectually extinguished, but it is necessary for the mill to secure a new blanket, which will cost it $200.

Crimes.

At a ball game at Patriot, near Vevay, Ind., Marshal Jacob Smith shot and fatally injured Charles Sutton. It is said that Sutton was resisting arrest.

An unidentified man committed suicide by jumping from the thirteenth floor of the Stewart building in Chicago into an era way in the center of the building.

Marion Hedgpeth, who was sentenced to twenty-five years' imprisonment in the Missouri penitentiary and has served twelve years, for the robbery of a St. Louis & San Francisco train at Glendale, Mo., has been pardoned by Gov. Folk.

John N. Faithorn and Fred A. Wann, former officials of the Chicago & Alton railroad have been placed on trial in the United States district court in Chicago on the charge of granting illegal rebates to the Schwarzschild & Sulzburger Packing company.

A dispatch from Manila announces that Lieut. Tallmadge H. Brerton of the Second infantry, committed suicide there by shooting himself in the head at the Army and Navy club. It is believed the act was committed while he was temporarily insane.

In an attempt to exterminate his family Charles Brewer of Lucedale, Miss., shot and killed his wife and his mother-in-law, wounded his wife's grandmother and his infant child and then shot and killed himself.

Swan S. Johnson of Garver, S. D., was separated from $60 in cash at the North-Western station at Sioux City by a smooth stranger from Missouri. The stranger had a $400 check, which he offered to exchange for any ready cash that Johnson had, and Johnson accommodated him and got the $400 on paper. The banks refused to cash it.

From Other Shores.

Lady Doyle, wife of Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, died in London. Sir Conan Doyle married in 1886 Louisa, youngest daughter of J. Hawkins, Minsterworth, Gloucestershire.

The Japanese military authorities on July 1 transferred the control of Mukden to Japanese civil administration, which is arranging for the withdrawal of military control from other interior cities of Manchuria during July and August.

The collection of relics of Gen. Lafayette, exhibited at the Chicago exposition in 1893, were sold at auction at Christie's, in London, for $27,000. The purchaser was a Londoner named Jackman, who outbid a competitor representing American interests.

Reports that yellow fever has appeared in Cuba were made public in New Orleans a few days ago by the state board of health. The reports come from Louisiana health inspectors resident in Cuba, who say that cases of yellow fever were reported June 17, 20, 26 and 27.

The London correspondent at Shanghai reports that imperial troops have captured 5,000 rebels at Hsicheng near Hangchow. The correspondent also states that the Big Knife secret society killed a magistrate at Hsicheng and destroyed the Protestant and Catholic churches there.

The Japanese, according to the correspondent at Seoul of the London Daily Mail, have virtually made the emperor of Korea a prisoner in his own palace by surrounding it with police. The emperor recently asked permission to take refuge in the American legation, but was refused.

Dunkan Bankhart, consul general of Salvador, according to a dispatch from Mexico City, says that all relations between Salvador and Guatemala have ceased. He says Salvadoreans are to a man in favor of the Guatemalan revolution. The policy of the revolutionists is to continue a guerilla warfare.

Sig. Guattierro, champion Italian waltzer, offered a prize of $200 for anybody who could outwaltz him. Three Frenchmen, an Italian and a Russian accepted the challenge. The contest took place in the Tivoli Vauxhall dancing hall in Paris. Guattierro won easily. He waltzed unceasingly for fourteen hours, during which a compatriot, Polliuigi, played the piano steadily, performing fifty-four waltzes.

A series of native outrages culminated Monday night, when a band of desperadoes shouting the rebel Zulu chief, Bambaata's name and terrorizing the southern suburbs of Johannesburg, attacked a number of whites, stabbing them with assaigas and robbing them. The victims included Mr. Madison, an Australian minister, who, with some others, is in a precarious conditon. The residents demand that a special protective force be recruited.

General.

Boston is preparing to attack ice dealers there under the anti-trust law.

George Y. Wisner, a consulting engineer of international reputation, died at his home in Detroit of stomach troubles. He was sixty-five years of age.

A jury in the circuit court at Calumet, Mich., returned a verdict of $400 damages for the plaintiff in the breach of promise suit of Catherine Ranchiette vs. Martine Gale.

That the Panama canal will be completed in eight years from the present time is the belief of Chairman Shonts of the canal commission. Mr. Shonts made this prophecy recently in New York.

Charles L. Henry, President o fthe Indianapolis & Cincinnati Traction company, was appointed receiver on application of J. M. Frazee, a stockholder, who says the company is unable to meet an outstanding indebtedness of $500,000.

There will be practically no changes in the officers of the Federation of American Zionists, now in annual convention at Tannersville, N. Y. Rabbi Stilz of Chicago deprecated the unwillingness of Jews to combine for promoting their faith.

Miss Anna Tompsett hoisted the Union Jack over her cottage at Lincoln, Neb. She came recently from Canada and did not understand the full meaning of the Fourth of July celebration. A large crowd gathered and were threatening to haul down the flag when the matter was reported to the police and Miss Tompsett was compelled to haul down the flag.

Sun Sze Yee is the new consul general of China at San Francisco, having succeeded Acting Consul General Pao Hsi. A letter has been received from the acting secretary of the treasury stating that the state department had officially recognized Sun Sze Yee as the consul general at this port, and the collector was notified to act accordingly.

WilsonMizner, the husband of Mrs. Charles Yerkes-Mizner, is still in San Francisco. It was reported that he was hurrying east to the bedside of his wife, who is said to be critically ill at Chicago as the result of an operation for appendicitis.

President Wattles of the Omaha Grain exchange received a telegram from Chairman Martin A. Knapp of the interstate commerce commission announcing that the commission had decided that the grain rate recently announced by the St. Louis & San Francisco road between Kansas City and Memphis is illegal.

WOMAN'S SLAYER ENDS OWN LIFE

BRUTAL MURDER OF WOMAN IS AVENGED, AND BY HAND OF THE SLAYER.

TRAILED TO EARTH BY POLICE

RIGGS, RAILROAD CONDUCTOR, KILLED MISS ELLISON FOR HER SAVINGS.

Elroy, Wis., July 12.—Nathan M. Riggs, accused by the Minneapolis police of murdering Miss Millie Ellison of Ellsworth, Wis., for her savings of years, committed suicide at 12:15 o'clock this morning.

After being argued and pleaded with for hours by Chief of Police Doyle of Minneapolis, the police of Elroy arrested Riggs at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

Popularity a Shield.

It was because of Riggs' great popularity here and the general esteem in which he was held that the local authorities were reluctant to place him under arrest, and when Riggs asked that he be permitted to visit his wife and daughter on a farm near the city he was permitted to go. An officer accompanied him, but because of his cheerful bearing and absolute denial of knowledge of the National hotel tragedy in Minneapolis, no fear was felt as to his safety.

Talks With Friends.

Riggs returned to Elroy early in the evening. He conversed with scores of acquaintances and seemed to be at ease. However, it was noticed that he was very white.

Shortly after midnight, the prisoner asked the officer in whose charge he was for permission to go into the closet at the railroad station hotel. This was readily granted and Riggs was alone.

End of the Tragedy.

Without locking the door Riggs sent a bullet into his temple.

He was dead.

Miss Ellison's death was avenged and by the hand of the slayer.

Where Riggs obtained the revolver with which he ended his life is a mystery. It is suspected that he secured it when he went out into the country, ostensibly to visit his family, for he carried no firearm when searched by the local police at the time of his arrest yesterday afternoon.

Riggs the Murderer.

Minneapolis, July 12.—"Nathan M. Riggs, the man now under arrest at Elroy, Wis., is the murderer of Millie Ellison, who met a violent death in a room at the National hotel some time Tuesday afternoon."

This is the statement made at midnight last night by Chief Doyle, at the close of what the head of the Minneapolis police department said was the most strenuous day he had ever put in since the beginning of his connection with the police department.

According to Chief Doyle, every possible clue that has been brought to the notice of the police department has been carefully investigated, and, one and all, they invariably point to Riggs as the perpetrator of what is universally conceded to be the foulest and most cold-blooded murder that has taken place in Minneapolis in a decade.

Follows Daily Routine.

Riggs, the man who is thus suspected of the murder of the Ellison woman, is a conductor on the Omaha road, and for several years he has had charge of a passenger train running between Minneapolis and Elroy, Wis.

Tuesday night, within a few hours of the time the murder took place, and while the police departments of Minneapolis and St. Paul were watching every outgoing train in order to catch the murderer, Riggs took charge of his train at the union depot as usual and made the run to Elroy.

Before leaving the Minneapolis union depot at 6:30 o'clock Riggs was handed a description of the man who was suspected of the murder, and he was cautioned to be on a watch for a man that fitted that description. The description, except for a few minor particulars, coincided nearly with Riggs' own description, but as he was dressed in his conductor's uniform and cap, it is not unnatural that the resemblance did not appear.

Trip Without Incident.

The run to Elroy was without incident, and upon reaching there shortly after midnight, he at once made his way to his hotel and retired for the night. Twelve hours later the chief of police of Elroy, following the urgent instructions of Chief Doyle, made his way to the hotel and placed Riggs under arrest on the charge of murdering Millie Ellison.

Chief Doyle communicated with the town authorities at Ellsworth and was able to learn that the dead woman's name was Millie Ellison and that she left home Monday afternoon to go to Minneapolis on a business trip, some said, but to be married others averred.

Old Friend of Girl.

The man in the case was shortly found out to be Nathan M. Riggs, who was described as a conductor on the Omaha. The description that was vouchsafed from the town marshal at Ellsworth at once struck Chief Doyle and his detectives as being almost exactly that of the man who registered at the National hotel as M. J. Wilson of Milwaukee, and who because of his suspicious actions was connected with the crime from the moment of its discovery.

It was shortly before 6 o'clock yesterday morning that the Minneapolis police department came into possession of direct information connecting Riggs with Miss Ellison, and apparently implicating him in the affair. Within an hour it was learned that Riggs was in Elroy, and, as the chief of police of that town expressed it over the telephone, "where the authorities can put a hand on him in a moment."

"Then don't let it take you over a minute," was Chief Doyle's laconic answer.

Body Identified.

James Ellison, of Ellsworth, Wis., arrived in Minneapolis yesterday morning and positively identified the body of the murdered woman as that of his sister Millie.

Mr. Ellison said that when his sister left Ellsworth she had about $2,700 in drafts and about $1,135 in cash. She had the drafts cashed in Minneapolis the day she was murdered. No trace of this money can be found, and the supposition is that the murderer took it away with him.

Riggs stated that he knew nothing of the killing of Miss Ellison. The total amount of money claimed to have been taken from the dead woman is $3,500. It is said that no unusual amount of money was found in the possession of Riggs when he was arrested.

FIVE KILLED IN COLLISION.

Trolley Cars Running at High Rate of Speed Crash Into Freight Train.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 12.—A train of two trolley cars ran into an open switch at a siding just east of Martinsville and crashed into a trolley freight motor and seven freight cars. Five passengers were killed and a score injured, several seriously. The passenger cars were going at a high rate of speed and the impact was terrific. The foremost car was utterly demolished. The wedge-shaped end of the freight motor cut it in half, and the rear car completed the work of destruction. The rear car was badly broken in front, but remained on the tracks.

ARE APPOINTED TO CHINA.

Officials to New United States Court Are Named.

Washington, July 12.—Adjt. Gen. Drain of the State of Washington has been tendered and has accepted the new post of United States attorney for the United States court in China and Korea, provided for by the last session of congress. Bruce R. Leonard of Michigan also has been appointed marshal of the court, and Frank E. Hinckley of New York has been appointed clerk.

LED GUITEAU TO GALLOWS.

Former Federal Marshal Dies in Loft Over Stable.

Chicago, July 12.—James Manning, fifty-seven years old, who, it is said, led Guiteau, President Garfield's assassin, to the gallows, died late yesterday in the hay loft of a stable owned by Andrew Skau, 146 Thirty-first street. Manning served a number of terms as marshal of the District of Columbia. At the time of his death he was employed as a stable hand. He left office with $50,000 to his credit.

ASKS ROOSEVELT TO HAWAII.

Gov. Carter Would Entertain the Nation's Executive.

Honolulu, July 12.—Gov. Carter has written to President Roosevelt, inviting him to visit the Hawaiian islands in connection with the expressed intention of the president to go to Panama. Gov. Carter suggests that the president return by means of a triangular trip from the isthmus to Honolulu, and thence to San Francisco.

SUFFOCATED TO DEATH.

Young Laborer at Marquette Was Buried Alive in Sand.

Marquette, Mich., July 12.—John Cody, single and aged twenty-two, was killed while at work in an excavation at the site of the new French Catholic church. He was buried in sand and suffocated to death.

DEATH SENTENCE FOR 21.

Trial of Peasants Accused of Killing Turks Is Ended.

Saloniki, July 12.—The trial of thirty-five peasants implicated in the murder of twenty-eight Turks a year ago ended to-day. Twenty-one were sentenced to death and fourteen acquitted.

KILLS FAMILY WITH AN AX.

A Crazed South Carolinian Brains Wife and Four Children.

Charleston, S. C., July 12.—A special to the Evening Post from Walterboro says that J. W. Irnegan, a well-to-do white farmer of Colleton county, yesterday killed his wife and four children, braining them with an ax, at their home, about twenty miles from Walterboro. He then went to a neighbor's house and told of his deed. Neighbors brought him to Walterboro jail. Irnegan says he killed his family, but does not know why. He is a native of Sweden. Some years ago he tried to cut his throat, and he is believed to be insane.

Stock Broker Fails.

New York, July 12.—The suspension of William S. Alley, a member of the stock exchange, was announced on the floor of the exchange yesterday. Mr. Alley's suspension was due to a judgment for $23,000 on a note, obtained against him in the courts yesterday. It is said that only a small amount is involved in the failure.

AMERICA'S CROPS REACH HIGH TIDE

INDICATIONS POINT TO GREATEST YIELD IN HISTORY OF NATION.

WEALTH FOR THE FARMERS

GOOD PRICES ARE EXPECTED, NOTWITHSTANDING THE BIG CROPS.

GRAIN CROPS TOLD IN FIGURES.

	Bushels.
Total indicated yield	4,291,444,000
Indicated yield, July 1, 1906	4,283,673,000
Actual yield 1905	4,518,267,000
	Acres.
Area grain fields	177,772,000
Area in wheat	47,612,000
Area in corn	95,535,000
Area in oats	27,678,000

Washington, July 12.—Indications are that American farmers this year will harvest the largest grain crops in the history of the country and nothing now seems in the way of unprecedented prosperity throughout the farming regions.

Not only is the prospect for a bountiful harvest most bright, but market quotations show that the farmer will get a fair price for his grain, while reports from Europe are that the wheat crop will be 150,000,000 bushels short of that of 1905, indicating that the export demand will be large and that America will have to fill a good share of it.

New High-water Mark.

It was thought when last year's bountiful crops were harvested that the high-water mark for production in the United States had been reached. The percentage estimates of condition of the department of agriculture this year, however, indicate that even that record will be surpassed in spite of the fact that the oats crop bids fair to fall short by 80,000,000 bushels.

The total crop of all grains this year promises to be 4,291,444,000 bushels, using the July 1 condition as a basis of calculations. This is about 8,000,000 bushels above the indication at this time last year, but 217,000,000 below the final figures. The weather in all the great grain-growing states, however, since July 1 has been all that could be desired, and the prospects are that the final figures will be as much, if not more, above the July promise this year as they were last.

Corn Gains, Too.

The fields upon which these immense crops are growing, or from which they already have been harvested, in some instances, aggregate more than 177,000,000 acres.

The corn crop, of course, is in an early stage of development, and between this time and harvest last year gained an aggregate of 175,000,000 bushels, while oats gained 60,000,000 bushels. Corn is now nearly 60,000,000 bushels ahead of the July 1 indication of a year ago.

Oats started July with a prospect about 80,000,000 bushels below that of a year ago, but the acreage this year is a little larger and it is barely possible that the shortage may yet be reduced.

Wheat Greatest Joy.

It is in the wheat production, however, that the United States has the greatest cause for self-congratulation. Counting the wheat carried over from last year—only 46,000,000 bushels in farmers' hands—this country has the largest wheat crop in sight of any time in its history.

The winter wheat yield runs ahead of the famous crop of 1901, and the spring wheat promise is so high as to indicate that, barring accidents, all previous records will be surpassed. There are vast reserves of moisture through the big spring wheat states of the Northwest, just the conditions which produced a large crop on a smaller acreage a year ago.

CIVIL WAR CAPTAIN DIES.

Robert A. Scott of La Crosse Also Leaves Political Record.

La Crosse, Wis., July 12.—Robert A. Scott, a Civil war captain, ex-postmaster and retired politician, died yesterday, aged sixty-seven. Mr. Scott was the husband of Elsie Gile Scott, the richest woman in Wisconsin. The couple were divorced two years ago.

ROOT'S SHIP AT ST. THOMAS.

Vessel Takes on Supplies and Continues Journey.

St. Thomas, D. W. I., July 12.—The United States cruiser Charleston, with Secretary Root and party on board, arrived off this port yesterday morning, but did not enter the harbor. She took on supplies carried out to her by the gunboat Peoria.

Boy Drowns at Red Wing.

Red Wing, Minn., July 12.—Lenus Anderson, eleven years old, a son of F. Anderson, while sitting on the boom in the bay, watching his older companions take an evening plunge, lost his balance and fell into the water and was drowned.

Think Firebug Burned School.

Foley, Minn., July 12.—School house No. 20, Gilmanton, was destroyed by fire. The cause is unknown; loss, $700, with $400 insurance. It is believed to be the work of a firebug.

ADMIRAL SHOT BY TERRORIST

RUSSIAN SAILOR SHOOTS HATED ADMIRAL FROM AMBUSH AND ESCAPES.

Sebastopol, July 12.—An attempt was made at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon to assassinate Vice Admiral Choukin, commander of the Black Sea fleet. The admiral was wounded and taken to a hospital.

The would-be assassin is a sailor, who hid in the bushes and shot at the admiral as he was walking in the garden of his villa. The culprit escaped. The admiral's condition is serious, as the bullet lodged in his lung.

Vice Admiral Choukin has been blamed for his severity, and it was to his treatment of the crews of the ships under his command that the mutiny on board the battleship Kniaz Potemkine, in June and July of last year, was attributed. The admiral displayed considerable activity in attempting to capture the mutineers at that time and in suppressing the sailors' mutiny at Sebastopol in November.

To Meet Armed Revolution.

St. Petersburg, July 12.—The preparations which the war office has been making at all the principal cities to meet an armed revolutionary movement prove to have been very elaborate. The plans for the defense of Riga have fallen into the hands of the revolutionary paper, Misla, which this morning publishes them. As given, the garrison is divided into three divisions, of two battalions of infantry, half a company of Cossacks and three machine guns each. These are to guard the city from its three open sides, the canal, the dam and the river Duna. Two battalions of infantry, 200 Cossacks and four machine guns constitute the reserve. Similar plans, it is understood, have been drawn up by every commander of a garrison or city.

HOSTILITIES ARE RESUMED.

Salvador and Guatemala Drop Peace Plans and Take to War.

Washington, July 12.—Hostilities between Salvador and Guatemala have broken out anew on the border between these countries, where peace was supposed to have been established pending a settlement of the trouble between the two countries. Leslie M. Combes, the American minister to Guatemala, who was on his way to the United States to assist in settling the difficulties between Salvador and Guatemala, has been ordered back to Guatemala City from Champerico, Guatemala, where he was recalled by cable.

Mr. Combes will remain in the Guatemalan capital to keep the United States advised concerning the trouble and to protect American interests. Salvadorean and Guatemalan troops have been massed near the common boundary of the two countries for some time, and a serious clash was expected, but a temporary armistice seemed to have been agreed upon and Salvador announced that J. R. Pacus had been named as a special envoy to Washington for the purpose of making representations to the American government concerning Salvador's position.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, July 12.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 84 5-8@85c; No. 2 Northern, 83 1-8@84c; No. 3, 81@82c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 48 1-2@49c. Oats—No. 3 white, 33@33 1-2c.

Minneapolis, July 12.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 82c; No. 1 Northern, 81c; No. 2 Northern, 79 1-2c; durum, 67 1-4@69 1-4c. Oats—No. 3 white, 35 5-8c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 48 1-4c.

Duluth, July 12.—Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 85 1-4c; No. 2 Northern, 78 1-4c. Oats—No. 3 white, 36 1-2c.

Chicago, July 12.—Wheat — No. 2 red, new, 80 1-4c; No. 2 hard, 78 1-4@80 1-4c; No. 1 Northern, 83@84c; No. 2 Northern, 82@83c. Oats—No. 2, 37c.

Milwaukee, July 12.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 85 1-2@86 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 83@85c. Rye—No. 1, 64@64 1-4c. Barley—No. 2, 55 1-2@56c. Oats—Standard, 38 1-2@39c.

Chicago, July 12.—Beeves, $4.10@6.15; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.50; cows and heifers, $1.30@5.20. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.35@6.80; bulk, $6.65@6.75. Sheep—$4.60@6.15; lambs, $5.50@7.35.

Sioux City, Iowa, July 12.—Cattle—Beeves, $4@5.50; cows, bulls and mixed, $3.25@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3.25@4.15; calves and yearlings, $3.40@4.10. Hogs—Bulk, $6.42 1-2@6.75.

South St. Paul, July 12.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; good and choice cows and heifers, $3@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $25@40. Hogs—Price range, $6.20@6.55; bulk, $6.35@6.45. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $6@6.75; common to fair, $4@5.50; yearling wethers, $4.75@6; good to choice ewes, $5@5.50.

Stabbed in the Eye.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 12.—Frank Sweitzer was stabbed in the eye by Manuel Salazer, a Mexican, with whom he quarreled because the Mexican shoved him. He will recover. Salazer is in the city prison awaiting an examination.

St. Paul Man Kills Self.

Chicago, July 12.—A man who registered at Hunt's hotel as E. W. Sanborn of St. Paul, committed suicide yesterday by shooting himself through the head.

FINES OF $60,000 FOR REBATING

ALTON RAILROAD IS MULCTED BY FEDERAL JUDGE FOR THE SUM OF $40,000.

OFFICIALS GET $10,000 EACH

CONVICTED OF GRANTING REBATES TO SCHWARZSCHILD & SULZBERGER.

Chicago, July 12.—Judge Landis, in the United States district court yesterday sentenced the Chicago & Alton road, which was recently convicted of granting illegal rebates at Kansas City, to pay a fine of $20,000 on each of the two counts, or a total of $40,000.

John Faithorn and Fred A. Wann, former officials of the road, who were also convicted, were sentenced to pay a fine of $5,000 each on two counts, or a total of $10,000 each.

Fined on Two Counts.

The defendants were fined on two counts of an indictment containing ten counts. The specific charge on which they were convicted was that they had given to the Schwarzschild & Sulzberger company a rebate of $1 per car on all shipments from the Kansas City plant of the packing company. The defendants claimed that the charge was made against them by the packing company, which had the right to levy it because it owned the track near the plant, and therefore had the right to charge the railroad for trackage.

Directed a Verdict.

Judge Landis, in his instructions, practically directed the jury to bring in a verdict of guilty, and after it had been rendered the attorneys for the railroad and for the individual defendants asked until yesterday to show that the rebate was public and not a secret affair. Yesterday the attorneys for the railroad said that they had not been able to bring witnesses into court to testify because they feared prosecution themselves.

The court in passing sentence said that he could see no extenuating circumstances in the granting of the rebates. After the entering of the sentence the defendants gave notice of appeal.

POSSE CHASES NEGRO.

Darkness Favors Escaping Murderer—Pickets Guard Hiding Place.

Pittsburg, July 12.—Darkness put an end to a chase after a negro, murderer of Henry Evans, foreman of a corps of inspectors of the Pittsburg & Western Railroad company, at Willow Grove last night. Evans was shot by the negro, whose name is unknown, while the latter was trying to rob a camp car. A posse of county detectives, citizens and railroad men was formed and took up the pursuit. The negro made for the district about Milvale, nine miles from this city. He was sighted from time to time by the various searching parties. Just before dusk he was run into a woods and shots were exchanged, but because of the darkness he could not be accurately located. Pickets were posted about his hiding place and at midnight were keeping watch.

RULES BY CORRESPONDENCE.

Nation's Chief Is Having First Real Vacation Since Elevation.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 12.—President Roosevelt is enjoying his first real vacation since his occupancy of the White House. In the week and a half he has administered affairs from Sagamore Hill he has had but two visitors, Sir Joseph Ward and Secretary Taft, and these visits were brief.

In conducting the affairs of state by correspondence entirely, the president is required to devote from three to five hours daily to his mail. Secretary Loeb went to Sagamore Hill at 9 o'clock yesterday and did not return until 1:30.

In this time the president signed more than 150 commissions, thereby inducting into office many officials in the diplomatic and consular service and a number of postmasters.

Girl Shot in Neck.

Trempeleau, Wis., July 12.—Miss Jennie Bright of this city was shot in the back of the neck by Miss E[illegible]olden of Winona, Minn. The bullet, which was from a 22-caliber rifle, was found imbedded dangerously near the jugular vein, and was extracted by Dr. McFarland. The shooting is said to have been purely accidental.

Diamond in Cow's Stomach.

Omaha, July 12.—A packing house employe here found a diamond set in fine gold in the stomach of a cow. The stone is valued at $100.

Gambled With Clients' Cash.

London, July 12.—Official and other inquiries are on foot regarding the affairs of Charles Cheston, a solicitor who died in May last, after having lost, it is alleged, between $1,500,000 and $2,000,000 of his clients' money.

Runaway Was Fatal.

Pierpont, S. D., July 12.—Mrs. Geo. Turner of Goodland, Ind., who was injured in a runaway accident several days ago, died yesterday and her remains will be shipped to her home in Indiana.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXV. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JULY 14, 1906 NUMBER 52.

RESUME OF THE NEWS

Fresh—Reliable—Brief

Washington Notes.

Dr. D. E. Salmon, former chief of the bureau of animal industry, has been advised by the Uruguayan government of the acceptance of his offer to organize a bureau of animal industry for that government at a salary of $6,000 annually in gold and all of his living expenses.

During the next three months the White House and the grounds surrounding it will be closed to the public, and the executive mansion will be in the hands of mechanics. A large amount of work will be done this summer, some of it being made necessary by leaky roofs of two large wings.

The next chairman of the interstate commerce commission probably will be James S. Harlan of Illinois, son of Justice Harlan of the supreme court and ex-attorney general of Porto Rico. This is the information received by those in close touch with the commission. It was unofficially said several days ago that the president probably would appoint Mr. Harlan and E. E. Clark of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, grand chief of the Order of Railway conductors, as the two additional members of the commission. Chairman Martin A. Knapp will remain a commissioner.

Casualties.

Fire at Cedar Rapids destroyed the Mott piano factory and Praverman's Island furniture store, entailing a loss of $18,000, with $8,000 insurance.

Adelia Peterson, the Carney girl who was so terribly burned two weeks ago while starting a fire with a ca nof kerosene, is dead at the hospital at Menominee, Mich.

Frank P. Clark, a marine fireman whose home is in St. Paul, while lying asleep on the Buffalo Creek railroad track at Buffalo, N. Y., was crushed to death by a switch engine.

Ray Browning, twelve years old, died at Elkhart, Ind., from lockjaw resulting from a wound caused by the explosion of a blank cartridge. Frank Beach lost an eye by the explosion of a giant firecracker.

Eckland, a young man employed at L'Anse, Mich., was drowned at Big lake, on Burned Plains. He was out on the lake fishing with a companion, and in attempting to change places the boat tipped over and Eckland was drowned.

A tornado at West Station, Tex., blew down a score of residences. Mrs. Mary Allen was badly injured and a man named Adams had an arm broken. The town has a thousand inhabitants, and was in total darkness all night.

The Silsbee mills of the Kirby Lumber Co., with the yards, containing 5,000,000 feet of lumber, and numerous dwellings were destroyed by fire at Beaumont, Tex. The fire originated from a hot belt in the mill. The loss on the lumber will reach $500,000, while the loss on machinery will exceed $200,000.

Frank E. Curless, fifteen years of age, saved the lives of three companions, but lost his own at Kokomo, Ind. His brother, Merrill Curless, and Palmer and Earl Dean were bathing when cramps seized Merrill and the Dean boys. By diving and using a plank Frank saved them. The boy then was attacked with cramps himself and drowned.

It cost the Munising paper mills at Munising, Mich., exactly $200 to kill one rat. The rodent, in order to escape a terrier which was chasing it, jumped onto a blanket of one of the machines in the paper mill, and was carried between the rollers. The rat's life was effectually extinguished, but it is necessary for the mill to secure a new blanket, which will cost it $200.

Crimes.

At a ball game at Patriot, near Vevay, Ind., Marshal Jacob Smith shot and fatally injured Charles Sutton. It is said that Sutton was resisting arrest.

An unidentified man committed suicide by jumping from the thirteenth floor of the Stewart building in Chicago into an era way in the center of the building.

Marion Hedgpeth, who was sentenced to twenty-five years' imprisonment in the Missouri penitentiary and has served twelve years, for the robbery of a St. Louis & San Francisco train at Glendale, Mo., has been pardoned by Gov. Folk.

John N. Faithorn and Fred A. Wann, former officials of the Chicago & Alton railroad have been placed on trial in the United States district court in Chicago on the charge of granting illegal rebates to the Schwarzschild & Sulzburger Packing company.

A dispatch from Manila announces that Lieut. Tallmadge H. Brerton of the Second infantry, committed suicide there by shooting himself in the head at the Army and Navy club. It is believed the act was committed while he was temporarily insane.

In an attempt to exterminate his family Charles Brewer of Lucedale, Miss., shot and killed his wife and his mother-in-law, wounded his wife's grandmother and his infant child and then shot and killed himself.

Swan S. Johnson of Garver, S. D., was separated from $60 in cash at the North-Western station at Sioux City by a smooth stranger from Missouri. The stranger had a $400 check, which he offered to exchange for any ready cash that Johnson had, and Johnson accommodated him and got the $400 on paper. The banks refused to cash it.

From Other Shores.

Lady Doyle, wife of Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, died in London. Sir Conan Doyle married in 1886 Louisa, youngest daughter of J. Hawkins, Minsterworth, Gloucestershire.

The Japanese military authorities on July 1 transferred the control of Mukden to Japanese civil administration, which is arranging for the withdrawal of military control from other interior cities of Manchuria during July and August.

The collection of relics of Gen. Lafayette, exhibited at the Chicago exposition in 1893, were sold at auction at Christie's, in London, for $27,000. The purchaser was a Londoner named Jackman, who outbid a competitor representing American interests.

Reports that yellow fever has appeared in Cuba were made public in New Orleans a few days ago by the state board of health. The reports come from Louisiana health inspectors resident in Cuba, who say that cases of yellow fever were reported June 17, 20, 26 and 27.

The London correspondent at Shanghai reports that imperial troops have captured 5,000 rebels at Hsicheng near Hangchow. The correspondent also states that the Big Knife secret society killed a magistrate at Hsicheng and destroyed the Protestant and Catholic churches there.

The Japanese, according to the correspondent at Seoul of the London Daily Mail, have virtually made the emperor of Korea a prisoner in his own palace by surrounding it with police. The emperor recently asked permission to take refuge in the American legation, but was refused.

Dunkan Bankhart, consul general of Salvador, according to a dispatch from Mexico City, says that all relations between Salvador and Guatemala have ceased. He says Salvadoreans are to a man in favor of the Guatemalan revolution. The policy of the revolutionists is to continue a guerilla warfare.

Sig. Guattierro, champion Italian waltzer, offered a prize of $200 for anybody who could outwaltz him. Three Frenchmen, an Italian and a Russian accepted the challenge. The contest took place in the Tivoli Vauxhall dancing hall in Paris. Guattierro won easily. He waltzed unceasingly for fourteen hours, during which a compatriot, Polliuigi, played the piano steadily, performing fifty-four waltzes.

A series of native outrages culminated Monday night, when a band of desperadoes shouting the rebel Zulu chief, Bambaata's name and terrorizing the southern suburbs of Johannesburg, attacked a number of whites, stabbing them with assaigas and robbing them. The victims included Mr. Madison, an Australian minister, who, with some others, is in a precarious conditon. The residents demand that a special protective force be recruited.

General.

Boston is preparing to attack ice dealers there under the anti-trust law.

George Y. Wisner, a consulting engineer of international reputation, died at his home in Detroit of stomach troubles. He was sixty-five years of age.

A jury in the circuit court at Calumet, Mich., returned a verdict of $400 damages for the plaintiff in the breach of promise suit of Catherine Ranchlette vs. Martine Gale.

That the Panama canal will be completed in eight years from the present time is the belief of Chairman Shonts of the canal commission. Mr. Shonts made this prophecy recently in New York.

Charles L. Henry, President o fthe Indianapolis & Cincinnati Traction company, was appointed receiver on application of J. M. Frazee, a stockholder, who says the company is unable to meet an outstanding indebtedness of $500,000.

There will be practically no changes in the officers of the Federation of American Zionists, now in annual convention at Tannersville, N. Y. Rabbi Stilz of Chicago deprecated the unwillingness of Jews to combine for promoting their faith.

Miss Anna Tompsett hoisted the Union Jack over her cottage at Lincoln, Neb. She came recently from Canada and did not understand the full meaning of the Fourth of July celebration. A large crowd gathered and were threatening to haul down the flag when the matter was reported to the police and Miss Tompsett was compelled to haul down the flag.

Sun Sze Yee is the new consul general of China at San Francisco, having succeeded Acting Consul General Pao Hsi. A letter has been received from the acting secretary of the treasury stating that the state department had officially recognized Sun Sze Yee as the consul general at this port, and the collector was notified to act accordingly.

WilsonMizner, the husband of Mrs. Charles Yerkes-Mizner, is still in San Francisco. It was reported that he was hurrying east to the bedside of his wife, who is said to be critically ill at Chicago as the result of an operation for appendicitis.

President Wattles of the Omaha Grain exchange received a telegram from Chairman Martin A. Knapp of the interstate commerce commission announcing that the commission had decided that the grain rate recently announced by the St. Louis & San Francisco road between Kansas City and Memphis is illegal.

WOMAN'S SLAYER ENDS OWN LIFE

BRUTAL MURDER OF WOMAN IS AVENGED, AND BY HAND OF THE SLAYER.

TRAILED TO EARTH BY POLICE

RIGGS, RAILROAD CONDUCTOR, KILLED MISS ELLISON FOR HER SAVINGS.

Elroy, Wis., July 12.—Nathan M. Riggs, accused by the Minneapolis police of murdering Miss Millie Ellison of Ellsworth, Wis., for her savings of years, committed suicide at 12:15 o'clock this morning.

After being argued and pleaded with for hours by Chief of Police Doyle of Minneapolis, the police of Elroy arrested Riggs at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

Popularity a Shield.

It was because of Riggs' great popularity here and the general esteem in which he was held that the local authorities were reluctant to place him under arrest, and when Riggs asked that he be permitted to visit his wife and daughter on a farm near the city he was permitted to go. An officer accompanied him, but because of his cheerful bearing and absolute denial of knowledge of the National hotel tragedy in Minneapolis, no fear was felt as to his safety.

Talks With Friends.

Riggs returned to Elroy early in the evening. He conversed with scores of acquaintances and seemed to be at ease. However, it was noticed that he was very white.

Shortly after midnight, the prisoner asked the officer in whose charge he was for permission to go into the closet at the railroad station hotel. This was readily granted and Riggs was alone.

End of the Tragedy.

Without locking the door Riggs sent a bullet into his temple.

He was dead.

Miss Ellison's death was avenged and by the hand of the slayer.

Where Riggs obtained the revolver with which he ended his life is a mystery. It is suspected that he secured it when he went out into the country, ostensibly to visit his family, for he carried no firearm when searched by the local police at the time of his arrest yesterday afternoon.

Riggs the Murderer.

Minneapolis, July 12.—"Nathan M. Riggs, the man now under arrest at Elroy, Wis., is the murderer of Millie Ellison, who met a violent death in a room at the National hotel some time Tuesday afternoon."

This is the statement made at midnight last night by Chief Doyle, at the close of what the head of the Minneapolis police department said was the most strenuous day he had ever put in since the beginning of his connection with the police department.

According to Chief Doyle, every possible clue that has been brought to the notice of the police department has been carefully investigated, and, one and all, they invariably point to Riggs as the perpetrator of what is universally conceded to be the foulest and most cold-blooded murder that has taken place in Minneapolis in a decade.

Follows Daily Routine.

Riggs, the man who is thus suspected of the murder of the Ellison woman, is a conductor on the Omaha road, and for several years he has had charge of a passenger train running between Minneapolis and Elroy, Wis.

Tuesday night, within a few hours of the time the murder took place, and while the police departments of Minneapolis and St. Paul were watching every outgoing train in order to catch the murderer, Riggs took charge of his train at the union depot as usual and made the run to Elroy.

Before leaving the Minneapolis union depot at 6:30 o'clock Riggs was handed a description of the man who was suspected of the murder, and he was cautioned to be on a watch for a man that fitted that description. The description, except for a few minor particulars, coincided nearly with Riggs' own description, but as he was dressed in his conductor's uniform and cap, it is not unnatural that the resemblance did not appear.

Trip Without Incident.

The run to Elroy was without incident, and upon reaching there, shortly after midnight, he at once made his way to his hotel and retired for the night. Twelve hours later the chief of police of Elroy, following the urgent instructions of Chief Doyle, made his way to the hotel and placed Riggs under arrest on the charge of murdering Millie Ellison.

Chief Doyle communicated with the town authorities at Ellsworth and was able to learn that the dead woman's name was Millie Ellison and that she left home Monday afternoon to go to Minneapolis on a business trip, some said, but to be married others averred.

Old Friend of Girl.

The man in the case was shortly found out to be Nathan M. Riggs, who was described as a conductor on the Omaha. The description that was vouchsafed from the town marshal at Ellsworth at once struck Chief Doyle and his detectives as being almost exactly that of the man who registered at the National hotel as M. J. Wilson of Milwaukee, and who because of his suspicious actions was connected with the crime from the moment of its discovery.

It was shortly before 6 o'clock yesterday morning that the Minneapolis police department came into possession of direct information, connecting Riggs with Miss Ellison, and apparently implicating him in the affair. Within an hour it was learned that Riggs was in Elroy, and, as the chief of police of that town expressed it over the telephone, "where the authorities can put a hand on him in a moment."

"Then don't let it take you over a minute," was Chief Doyle's laconic answer.

Body Identified.

James Ellison, of Ellsworth, Wis., arrived in Minneapolis yesterday morning and positively identified the body of the murdered woman as that of his sister Millie.

Mr. Ellison said that when his sister left Ellsworth she had about $2,700 in drafts and about $1,135 in cash. She had the drafts cashed in Minneapolis the day she was murdered. No trace of this money can be found, and the supposition is that the murderer took it away with him.

Riggs stated that he knew nothing of the killing of Miss Ellison. The total amount of money claimed to have been taken from the dead woman is $3,500. It is said that no unusual amount of money was found in the possession of Riggs when he was arrested.

FIVE KILLED IN COLLISION.

Trolley Cars Running at High Rate of Speed Crash Into Freight Train.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 12.—A train of two trolley cars ran into an open switch at a siding just east of Martinsville and crashed into a trolley freight motor and seven freight cars. Five passengers were killed and a score injured, several seriously. The passenger cars were going at a high rate of speed and the impact was terrific. The foremost car was utterly demolished. The wedge-shaped end of the freight motor cut it in half, and the rear car completed the work of destruction. The rear car was badly broken in front, but remained on the tracks.

ARE APPOINTED TO CHINA.

Officials to New United States Court Are Named.

Washington, July 12.—Adjt. Gen. Drain of the State of Washington has been tendered and has accepted the new post of United States attorney for the United States court in China and Korea, provided for by the last session of congress. Bruce R. Leonard of Michigan also has been appointed marshal of the court, and Frank E. Hinckley of New York has been appointed clerk.

LED GUITEAU TO GALLOWS.

Former Federal Marshal Dies in Loft Over Stable.

Chicago, July 12.—James Manning, fifty-seven years old, who, it is said, led Guiteau, President Garfield's assassin, to the gallows, died late yesterday in the hay loft of a stable owned by Andrew Skau, 146 Thirty-first street. Manning served a number of terms as marshal of the District of Columbia. At the time of his death he was employed as a stable hand. He left office with $50,000 to his credit.

ASKS ROOSEVELT TO HAWAII.

Gov. Carter Would Entertain the Nation's Executive.

Honolulu, July 12.—Gov. Carter has written to President Roosevelt, inviting him to visit the Hawaiian islands in connection with the expressed intention of the president to go to Panama. Gov. Carter suggests that the president return by means of a triangular trip from the isthmus to Honolulu, and thence to San Francisco.

SUFFOCATED TO DEATH.

Young Laborer at Marquette Was Buried Alive in Sand.

Marquette, Mich., July 12.—John Cody, single and aged twenty-two, was killed while at work in an excavation at the site of the new French Catholic church. He was buried in sand and suffocated to death.

DEATH SENTENCE FOR 21.

Trial of Peasants Accused of Killing Turks Is Ended.

Saloniki, July 12.—The trial of thirty-five peasants implicated in the murder of twenty-eight Turks a year ago ended to-day. Twenty-one were sentenced to death and fourteen acquitted.

KILLS FAMILY WITH AN AX.

A Crazed South Carolinian Brains Wife and Four Children.

Charleston, S. C., July 12.—A special to the Evening Post from Walterboro says that J. W. Irnegan, a well-to-do white farmer of Colleton county, yesterday killed his wife and four children, braining them with an ax at their home, about twenty miles from Walterboro. He then went to a neighbor's house and told of his deed. Neighbors brought him to Walterboro jail. Irnegan says he killed his family, but does not know why. He is a native of Sweden. Some years ago he tried to cut his throat, and he is believed to be insane.

Stock Broker Fails.

New York, July 12.—The suspension of William S. Alley, a member of the stock exchange, was announced on the floor of the exchange yesterday. Mr. Alley's suspension was due to a judgment for $23,000 on a note, obtained against him in the courts yesterday. It is said that only a small amount is involved in the failure.

AMERICA'S CROPS REACH HIGH TIDE

INDICATIONS POINT TO GREATEST YIELD IN HISTORY OF NATION.

WEALTH FOR THE FARMERS

GOOD PRICES ARE EXPECTED, NOTWITHSTANDING THE BIG CROPS.

GRAIN CROPS TOLD IN FIGURES.

	Bushels.
Total indicated yield	4,291,444,000
Indicated yield, July 1, 1905	4,283,673,000
Actual yield 1905	4,518,267,000
	Acres.
Area grain fields	177,772,000
Area in wheat	47,612,000
Area in corn	95,535,000
Area in oats	27,678,000

Washington, July 12.—Indications are that American farmers this year will harvest the largest grain crops in the history of the country and nothing now seems in the way of unprecedented prosperity throughout the farming regions.

Not only is the prospect for a bountiful harvest most bright, but market quotations show that the farmer will get a fair price for his grain, while reports from Europe are that the wheat crop will be 150,000,000 bushels short of that of 1905, indicating that the export demand will be large and that America will have to fill a good share of it.

New High-water Mark.

It was thought when last year's bountiful crops were harvested that the high-water mark for production in the United States had been reached. The percentage estimates of condition of the department of agriculture this year, however, indicate that even that record will be surpassed in spite of the fact that the oats crop bids fair to fall short by 80,000,000 bushels.

The total crop of all grains this year promises to be 4,291,444,000 bushels, using the July 1 condition as a basis of calculations. This is about 8,000,000 bushels above the indication at this time last year, but 217,000,000 below the final figures. The weather in all the great grain-growing states, however, since July 1 has been all that could be desired, and the prospects are that the final figures will be as much, if not more, above the July promise this year as they were last.

Corn Gains, Too.

The fields upon which these immense crops are growing, or from which they already have been harvested, in some instances, aggregate more than 177,000,000 acres.

The corn crop, of course, is in an early stage of development, and between this time and harvest last year gained an aggregate of 175,000,000 bushels, while oats gained 60,000,000 bushels. Corn is now nearly 60,000,000 bushels ahead of the July 1 indication of a year ago.

Oats started July with a prospect about 80,000,000 bushels below that of a year ago, but the acreage this year is a little larger and it is barely possible that the shortage may yet be reduced.

Wheat Greatest Joy.

It is in the wheat production, however, that the United States has the greatest cause for self-congratulation. Counting the wheat carried over from last year—only 16,000,000 bushels in farmers' hands—this country has the largest wheat crop in sight of any time in its history.

The winter wheat yield runs ahead of the famous crop of 1901, and the spring wheat promise is so high as to indicate that, barring accidents, all previous records will be surpassed. There are vast reserves of moisture through the big spring wheat states of the Northwest, just the conditions which produced a large crop on a smaller acreage a year ago.

CIVIL WAR CAPTAIN DIES.

Robert A. Scott of La Crosse Also Leaves Political Record.

La Crosse, Wis., July 12.—Robert A. Scott, a Civil war captain, ex-postmaster and retired politician, died yesterday, aged sixty-seven. Mr. Scott was the husband of Elsie Gile Scott, the richest woman in Wisconsin. The couple were divorced two years ago.

ROOT'S SHIP AT ST. THOMAS.

Vessel Takes on Supplies and Continues Journey.

St. Thomas, D. W. I., July 12.—The United States cruiser Charleston, with Secretary Root and party on board, arrived off this port yesterday morning, but did not enter the harbor. She took on supplies carried out to her by the gunboat Peoria.

Boy Drowns at Red Wing.

Red Wing, Minn., July 12.—Lenus Anderson, eleven years old, a son of F. Anderson, while sitting on the boom in the bay, watching his older companions take an evening plunge, lost his balance and fell into the water, and was drowned.

Think Firebug Burned School.

Foley, Minn., July 12.—School house No. 20, Gilmanton, was destroyed by fire. The cause is unknown; loss, $700, with $400 insurance. It is believed to be the work of a firebug.

ADMIRAL SHOT BY TERRORIST

RUSSIAN SAILOR SHOOTS HATED ADMIRAL FROM AMBUSH AND ESCAPES.

Sebastopol, July 12.—An attempt was made at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon to assassinate Vice Admiral Choukin, commander of the Black Sea fleet. The admiral was wounded and taken to a hospital.

The would-be assassin is a sailor, who hid in the bushes and shot at the admiral as he was walking in the garden of his villa. The culprit escaped. The admiral's condition is serious, as the bullet lodged in his lung.

Vice Admiral Choukin has been blamed for his severity, and it was to his treatment of the crews of the ships under his command that the mutiny on board the battleship Kniaz Potemkine, in June and July of last year, was attributed. The admiral displayed considerable activity in attempting to capture the mutineers at that time and in suppressing the sailors' mutiny at Sebastopol in November.

To Meet Armed Revolution.

St. Petersburg, July 12.—The preparations which the war office has been making at all the principal cities to meet an armed revolutionary movement prove to have been very elaborate. The plans for the defense of Riga have fallen into the hands of the revolutionary paper, Misla, which this morning publishes them. As given, the garrison is divided into three divisions, of two battalions of infantry, half a company of Cossacks and three machine guns each. These are to guard the city from its three open sides, the canal, the dam and the river Duna. Two battalions of infantry, 200 Cossacks and four machine guns constitute the reserve. Similar plans, it is understood, have been drawn up by every commander of a garrison or city.

HOSTILITIES ARE RESUMED.

Salvador and Guatemala Drop Peace Plans and Take to War.

Washington, July 12.—Hostilities between Salvador and Guatemala have broken out anew on the border between these countries, where peace was supposed to have been established pending a settlement of the trouble between the two countries. Leslie M. Combes, the American minister to Guatemala, who was on his way to the United States to assist in settling the difficulties between Salvador and Guatemala, has been ordered back to Guatemala City from Champerico, Guatemala, where he was reached by cable.

Mr. Combes will remain in the Guatemalan capital to keep the United States advised concerning the trouble and to protect American interests. Salvadorean and Guatemalan troops have been massed near the common boundary of the two countries for some time, and a serious clash was expected, but a temporary armistice seemed to have been agreed upon and Salvador announced that J. R. Pacus had been named as a special envoy to Washington for the purpose of making representations to the American government concerning Salvador's position.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, July 12.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 84 5-8@85c; No. 2 Northern, 83 1-8@84c; No. 3, 81@82c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 48 1-2@49c. Oats—No. 3 white, 33@33 1-2c.

Minneapolis, July 12.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 82c; No. 1 Northern, 81c; No. 2 Northern, 79 1-2c; durum, 67 1-4@69 1-4c. Oats—No. 3 white, 35 5-8c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 48 1-4c.

Duluth, July 12.—Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 85 1-4c; No. 2 Northern, 78 1-4c. Oats—No. 3 white, 36 1-2c.

Chicago, July 12.—Wheat — No. 2 red, new, 80 1-4c; No. 2 hard, 78 1-4@80 1-4c; No. 1 Northern, 83@84c; No. 2 Northern, 82@83c. Oats—No. 2, 37c.

Milwaukee, July 12.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 85 1-2@86 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 83@85c. Rye—No. 1, 64@64 1-4c. Barley—No. 2, 55 1-2@56c. Oats—Standard, 38 1-2@39c.

Chicago, July 12.—Beeves, $4.10@6.15; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.50; cows and heifers, $1.30@5.20. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.35@6.80; bulk, $6.65@6.75. Sheep—$4.60@6.15; lambs, $5.50@7.35.

Sioux City, Iowa, July 12.—Cattle—Beeves, $4@5.50; cows, bulls and mixed, $3.25@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3.25@4.15; calves and yearlings, $3.40@4.10. Hogs—Bulk, $6.42 1-2@6.75.

South St. Paul, July 12.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; good and choice cows and heifers, $3@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $25@40. Hogs—Price range, $6.20@6.55; bulk, $6.35@6.45. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $6@6.75; common to fair, $4@5.50; yearling wethers, $4.75@6; good to choice ewes, $5@5.50.

Stabbed in the Eye.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 12.—Frank Sweitzer was stabbed in the eye by Manuel Salazer, a Mexican, with whom he quarreled because the Mexican shoved him. He will recover. Salazer is in the city prison awaiting an examination.

St. Paul Man Kills Self.

Chicago, July 12.—A man who registered at Hunt's hotel as E. W. Sanborn of St. Paul, committed suicide yesterday by shooting himself through the head.

FINES OF $60,000 FOR REBATING

ALTON RAILROAD IS MULCTED BY FEDERAL JUDGE FOR THE SUM OF $40,000.

OFFICIALS GET $10,000 EACH

CONVICTED OF GRANTING REBATES TO SCHWARZSCHILD & SULZBERGER.

Chicago, July 12.—Judge Landis, in the United States district court yesterday sentenced the Chicago & Alton road, which was recently convicted of granting illegal rebates at Kansas City, to pay a fine of $20,000 on each of the two counts, or a total of $40,000.

John Faithorn and Fred A. Wann, former officials of the road, who were also convicted, were sentenced to pay a fine of $5,000 each on two counts, or a total of $10,000 each.

Fined on Two Counts.

The defendants were fined on two counts of an indictment containing ten counts. The specific charge on which they were convicted was that they had given to the Schwarzschild & Sulzberger company a rebate of $1 per car on all shipments from the Kansas City plant of the packing company. The defendants claimed that the charge was made against them by the packing company, which had the right to levy it because it owned the track near the plant, and therefore had the right to charge the railroad for trackage.

Directed a Verdict.

Judge Landis, in his instructions, practically directed the jury to bring in a verdict of guilty, and after it had been rendered the attorneys for the railroad and for the individual defendants asked until yesterday to show that the rebate was public and not a secret affair. Yesterday the attorneys for the railroad said that they had not been able to bring witnesses into court to testify because they feared prosecution themselves.

The court in passing sentence said that he could see no extenuating circumstances in the granting of the rebates. After the entering of the sentence the defendants gave notice of appeal.

POSSE CHASES NEGRO.

Darkness Favors Escaping Murderer—Pickets Guard Hiding Place.

Pittsburg, July 12.—Darkness put an end to a chase after a negro, murderer of Henry Evans, foreman of a corps of inspectors of the Pittsburg & Western Railroad company, at Willow Grove last night. Evans was shot by the negro, whose name is unknown, while the latter was trying to rob a camp car. A posse of county detectives, citizens and railroad men was formed and took up the pursuit. The negro made for the district about Milvale, nine miles from this city. He was sighted from time to time by the various searching parties. Just before dusk he was run into a woods and shots were exchanged, but because of the darkness he could not be accurately located. Pickets were posted about his hiding place and at midnight were keeping watch.

RULES BY CORRESPONDENCE.

Nation's Chief Is Having First Real Vacation Since Elevation.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 12.—President Roosevelt is enjoying his first real vacation since his occupancy of the White House. In the week and a half he has administered affairs from Sagamore Hill he has had but two visitors, Sir Joseph Ward and Secretary Taft, and these visits were brief.

In conducting the affairs of state by correspondence entirely, the president is required to devote from three to five hours daily to his mail. Secretary Loeb went to Sagamore Hill at 9 o'clock yesterday and did not return until 1:30.

In this time the president signed more than 150 commissions, thereby inducting into office many officials in the diplomatic and consular service and a number of postmasters.

Girl Shot in Neck.

Trempeleau, Wis., July 12.—Miss Jennie Bright of this city was shot in the back of the neck by Miss Eva Holden of Winona, Minn. The bullet, which was from a 22-caliber rifle, was found imbedded dangerously near the jugular vein, and was extracted by Dr. McFarland. The shooting is said to have been purely accidental.

Diamond in Cow's Stomach.

Omaha, July 12.—A packing house employe here found a diamond set in fine gold in the stomach of a cow. The stone is valued at $100.

Gambled With Clients' Cash.

London, July 12.—Official and other inquiries are on foot regarding the affairs of Charles Cheston, a solicitor who died in May last, after having lost, it is alleged, between $1,600,000 and $2,000,000 of his clients' money.

Runaway Was Fatal.

Pierpont, S. D., July 12.—Mrs. Geo. Turner of Goodland, Ind., who was injured in a runaway accident several days ago, died yesterday and her remains will be shipped to her home in Indiana.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

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C. L. HANSEN, President
DANIEL PATTERSON, Vice President
A. D. STEPHENS, 2nd Vice Pres.
K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier

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H. E. IVES, L. HOLMES
B. H. BOURDON, A. D. STEPHENS
C. L. HANSEN.

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER
9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.
10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

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Saturday, July 14, 1906.

Republican State Ticket.

United States Senator—
KNUTE NELSON,
Douglas County.

Governor—
A. L. COLE,
Cass County.

Lieutenant Governor—
A. O. EBERDART,
Blue Earth County.

Chief Justice—
CHARLES M. START,
Olmsted County.

State Treasurer—
CLARENCE DINEHART,
Murray County.

Secretary of State—
JULIUS SCHM HL,
Redwood County.

Attorney General—
E. T. YOUNG,
Swift County.

State Auditor—
S. G. IVERSON,
Fillmore County.

Clerk of the Supreme Court—
C. A. PIDGEON,
Wright County.

Railroad Commissioner—
C. F. STAPLES,
Dakota County.

Senator Stephens has filed as a candidate for re-election to the state senate from Polk county.

The republican party is united for A. L. Cole and the democrats had better figure on moving about the first of January.

Among the good laws that congress has recently passed was the one which compels every foreigner to learn the English language before he can become a citizen.

LaFollette, the brilliant Wisconsin senator, would as near fill President Roosevelt's shoes as any one in sight at present. He will bear watching during the next two years.

Now that the attorney general has ruled that women cannot vote at the primaries, what a pickle we would be in if they got mad and refused to vote at the general election.

The pure food law does not become operative until next year. This will enable the manufacturer to dispose of his adulterated food and the dear people are expected to buy and eat it. Those of us who live through it ought to be benefited,—next year.

D. C. Lightbourn, editor of the Norman County Index, is out with an announcement that he will file as a candidate for the republican nomination for state senator for this district. Mr. Lightbourn is an old resident, a clean and progressive citizen, and will make a hard fight for the nomination.

Warroad Plaindealer: And A.L. Cole is "an old soldier"—a veteran of the civil war. Perhaps you didn't know that—we didn't until the other day; for Cole didn't use the fact to win delegates. Any of the newspaper boys would gladly have made it public, if they had known it; but Cole never mentioned it. He wouldn't prostitute his honorable discharge to the purpose of getting him political preferment.

George Washington declined to serve more than eight years as president, thereby establishing an unwritten law that no one should be more honored than the father of his country. We believe that President Roosevelt was in earnest when he said he would not again be a candidate. He is an ideal American and the most popular president since Lincoln, but he cannot afford to be again a candidate.

The Mesaba Ore remarks: "The state of Minnesota never did a thing to encourage development of its wild lands, and the prospect is charming for a continuance of the policy. The state owns thousands of acres of land, largely in the great undeveloped northern part, and it would seem the time is ripe for a movement to encourage and assist the settler. A homestead law similar to that of the federal government would be an easy solution of the problem." The election of Mr. Cole and the right sort of a legislature will help the north country a lot—and be good business policy for the taxpayers of the state.

Their Absence Explained.

During an acrimonious debate in the house shortly before the civil war Mr. Potter of Wisconsin made some very sharp strictures on Mr. Pryor of Virginia. The result was a challenge from Pryor to fight a duel, which Potter promptly accepted, naming as terms bowie knives at five paces, terms which he well knew Pryor would not dare to accept, as he was a small man, while Potter was a large, powerful man and familiar with the use of the bowie knife. Pryor declined on the ground that the proposed terms were beneath the dignity of a gentleman to accept, and so the matter ended. But on the day following the challenge, while the result was still unknown, both Potter and Pryor were absent during roll call, and when Potter's name was called a Quaker member rose and in mild voice said, "Mr. Speaker, I am informed that the gentleman from Wisconsin had a Prior engagement." And when Pryor's name was called a moment later he rose again, saying, "Mr. Speaker, I hear that the gentleman from Virginia has gone to be as clay in the hands of the Potter."

Double Thinking.

Professor Jastrow, writing in the Popular Science Monthly of the causes of certain lapses of speech, recalls the singular power that Sir Walter Scott, among others, possessed of conducting two trains of thought at the same time. When highly developed this power enables its possessor subconsciously to find words expressing a thought already formed while at the same time shaping the next thought period in conscious preparation. An instance is given by Scott's amanuensis, who relates that while dictating the novelist would sometimes search through a book, finding and reading a passage, and thus keeping two trains of thoughts going simultaneously. The amanuensis discovered the fact that Scott was doing double work in his brain through the occasional occurrence in the dictation of a word which did not fit in the sentence, but four or five lines farther on the place where the word belonged would turn up.

Candlelight.

Hail, candlelight, without disparagement to the sun or moon, the kindliest luminary of the three, if we may not style thee radiant deputy, mild viceroy of the moon! We love to read, talk, sit silent, eat, drink, sleep by candlelight. They are everybody's sun and moon. This is our peculiar and household planet. By the midnight taper the writer digests his meditations. By the same light we must approach to their perusal if we would catch the flame, the odor. Night and silence call out the starry fancies. Milton's "Morning Hymn In Paradise," we would hold a good wager, was penned at midnight, and Taylor's rich description of a sunrise smells decidedly of the taper. Even now a loftier speculation than we have attempted courts our endeavors. We would indite something about the solar system. "Betty, bring the candles."—Charles Lamb.

A Useless Model.

An English manufacturer of pottery is the subject of a joke told in the Liverpool Post. While on a continental tour he purchased a Sevres vase for some hundreds of pounds and brought it home most carefully. Thinking that the foreman of his works might gather a hint from the design he called that gentleman in and showed him the treasure. "How do you like it?" he asked. The foreman took the vase in his hand, turned it over and returned it, with the brief reply, "I don't think I can learn much from it." "Why not?" asked the manufacturer. "I don't like telling you, sir." "Come. Out with it." "Well, I designed that vase myself. It is a foreign imitation of our own work and is worth £5 at the outside."

Will Row Till Judgment Day.

There is a shivery, shaky legend among the people who live along the Hudson river which is to the effect that that stream is the everlasting boating waters of a specter who is personified as Ramhout Van Dam. Away back in colonial times Ramhout and his friends were drinking until late at night. Finally this man Ramhout started for home, some distance up the river, in his boat, swearing that he would row the distance if it took "a month of Sundays." Ramhout never reached home, and the superstitious people say that he has been condemned to row till judgment day.

Annual Meeting Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, July 16-21, Denver, Colo.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Denver, Colo., (via Sioux City) and return for $30.50: dates of sale July 9 to 14, with final return limit of Aug. 22, 1906.

Annual Meeting Fraternal Order of Eagles, Milwaukee, Wis.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Milwaukee, Wis., and return for $20.51; dates of sale Aug. 10 to 13, with final return limit of Aug. 24th.

Vineless Potato.

The postoffice department has issued a fraud order against the "Vineless Potato Company," made up of some smooth sharps from Chicago. This company advertised that with a combination of sawdust and "potatine," the latter selling for a mere $1.50 a bottle, as many potatoes could be raised in a bin ten feet wide and 100 feet long in sixty days as in an acre of ground in an entire season. The right to use this system was marketed by the company at a pittance of $25 a season.

Every farmer and every potato-raiser knows that, in shepherding an acre of potatoes, there is more genuine backache to be found than there is in fiddling a cord of oak wood. Figuring out that they could, under the allurements held out by the Vineless, raise unlimited potatoes for about 3 cents a bushel, a lot of us farmers with bends in our backs from raising the potatoes in the old way, bought the "potatine" and began experiments.

Complaints very shortly began to pour into Washington, resulting in an investigation and the present fraud order, breaking up the potatine industry and depriving some Chicago patriots of their right to live off their fellowman.—A. J.-R. in Minneapolis Journal.

The Annihilation of Distance.

How much nearer to each other the nations of the world are today than they were a few decades ago! When weeks and months were required to get news from across the ocean the old world seemed to be a long way off. Now the whole earth is belted with telegraph and cable lines, and yesterday's happenings in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America, Australia and the islands of the sea are read at this morning's breakfast table. Distance is annihilated and the nations are becoming friendly neighbors in consequence. The marvelous change is brought home to the mind most strikingly upon reading a great modern newspaper whose telegraphic news covers the whole world each day—a paper such as the Chicago Record-Herald, which has a veritable army of correspondents in every important city. In addition to its own staff correspondents The Record-Herald has the benefit of the foreign news service of the New York Herald, famous for its world wide cable system and for the reliability of its foreign news; also that of the New York World and the New York Journal of Commerce, besides that great co-operative news-gathering organization, the Associated Press.

Lost a Railroad.

"A champagne dinner once cost St. Joseph, Mo., the Union Pacific railroad," said an old railroad official. "The Union Pacific aid bill was up for consideration in congress in the early sixties. It fixed St. Joseph as the eastern terminus of the road. While the bill was under consideration a banquet was held at St. Joseph. It was attended by many of the leading men of the town. After they had filled up on champagne a question arose as to which flag should float from the city hall. The Confederate flag was finally decided on, and in the morning the stars and stripes were hauled down and the stars and bars hoisted. The news reached Washington that very day, while the Union Pacific bill was still under consideration. Senator Pomeroy moved that the name St. Joseph, Mo., be stricken from the bill and Omaha, Neb., be substituted. The amendment carried and St. Joseph thereby lost the Union Pacific."—Kansas City Journal.

Medicine.

Throw out opium, said Dr. Holmes, which the Creator himself seems to prescribe, for we often see the scarlet poppy growing in the cornfields, as if it were foreseen that wherever there is hunger to be fed there must also be pain to be soothed; throw out a few specifics which our art did not discover and is hardly needed to apply; throw out wine, which is a food and the vapors which produce the miracle of anaesthesia, and I firmly believe that if the whole materia medica as now used could be sunk to the bottom of the sea it would be all the better for mankind and all the worse for the fishes.

The shortest system of medical practice that I know of is the oldest, but not the worst. It is older than Hippocrates, older than Chiron the Centaur. Nature taught it to the first mother when she saw her firstborn child putting some ugly pebble or lurid berry into its mouth. I know not in what language it was spoken, but I know that in English it would sound thus: "Spit it out!"

Liquor License Application.

To the common council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota:

The undersigned, J. G. Prior, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell intoxicating liquors for a period of twelve months from the first day of July, 1906.

The place where said business is to be carried on is designated as follows:

On the ground floor of the three-story building situate on lot twenty (20), of block thirty-nine (39), of the Original townsite of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, said building having two outside entrances, one in front and one in rear.

Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinances of said village of St. Hilaire and the statutes of the state of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., this 28th day of June, 1906.

J. G. PRIOR.

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the council chamber in the village hall on Broadway in said village on Saturday the 14th day of July, 1906, at eight o'clock p. m., at which time objections to granting said license in accordance with the above application will be heard.

(Seal.)
K. O. GIGSTAD,
Village Clerk.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver of the U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 31st, 1906, viz:

Gilbert N. Sandvigen, H. E. No. 343, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼ Sec 34, T. 153 N., R 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Ole J. Larson, Andrew J. Svenson, G. J. Larson, James Evenson, all of Hazel, Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

jn23-jl28)

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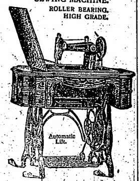
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Memphis, Tenn. — Nashville, Tenn.
Cincinnati, Ohio. — Atlanta, Ga.
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ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

DEFECTIVE PAGE

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D. Patterson	Councilmen
E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

—Go to Holmes Bros. for Sunshine furniture polish.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

Sheriff Dan Linnihan was a business visitor here last Thursday.

It begins to look as if we were going to have some summer after all.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

C. H. Martz and N. E. Beebe were visitors at Red Lake Falls on Tuesday.

Miss Mary Hoff is back at work again at the postoffice after a slight illness.

Theo. Zaiser, of Red Lake Falls, is spending several days here visiting friends.

G. Evans, of Angus, was here last Thursday looking up some real estate matters.

P. E. Smidesang, the well known Wylie merchant, was a caller here yesterday.

Geo. L. Austin and wife made a short visit to Thief River Falls last Wednesday.

P. K. Olson and Joe Belair, of Red Lake Falls, were visitors here last Wednesday.

Supt. Jenks, of the Great Northern, went through here last Saturday in his special car.

Adolph Satterberg has invested in a new team of horses which were owned by Ole Lee.

E. R. Evans and wife and H. E. Ives and wife drove up to Thief River Falls last Wednesday.

Do not forget the church picnic at Andrew Soderberg's on Sunday afternoon, July 22nd.

Mrs. McFadden, of Nichie, N. D., was here last week visiting her sister, Mrs. A. R. Jones.

E. M. Sathre, of the Crookston Business College, was a business visitor here last Saturday.

Mike McAndress and daughter, Miss Margaret, were visitors at Red Lake Falls last Tuesday.

Daniel Patterson and Miss Katherine were visitors at Thief River Falls last Wednesday evening.

Louis Sieff, of Red Lake Falls, was here a couple of days this week with a bunch of western horses.

Rev. Alex Sand returned Thursday from an extended preaching tour through Marshall county.

R. H. Aimer came up yesterday and will spend a couple of days here before going west with his family.

Miss Ida Tibbitts, of Red Lake Falls, is here this week visiting with her sister, Mrs. A. O. Davison.

Supt. A. Lord was here last Wednesday looking over the affairs of the Crookston Lumber company.

John C. Mathews, of Red Lake Falls, formerly a resident here, was calling on friends here last Monday.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

William Williams, the lumber company blacksmith, is entertaining a daughter from Fargo this week.

Miss Etta Henbemuth, one of the Red Lake Falls teachers, is here this week visiting with Mrs. H. E. Ives.

Manager J. M. Richards spent last Tuesday here looking over the business of the Crookston Lumber company.

Mr. and Mrs. Napoleon Miller were at Red Lake Falls the first of the week attending the funeral of a relative.

Work is progressing very slowly on the cement sidewalk on Water street. It begins to look like a summer's job.

Mrs. P. E. Pirath, of Red Lake Falls, was here last Saturday making her daughter, Mrs. H. E. Ives, a short visit.

Carl Johnson has been named by the county board as one of the viewers on ditch No. 27, in Black River and Polk Centre.

Miss Mabel Evenson, of Thief River Falls, spent a couple of days here the first of the week visiting with the Misses Hoff.

There will be services and communion at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. All are welcome. Alex Sand, Pastor.

A little love, a little wealth,
A little home for you and me;
It's all I ask except good health,
Which comes with Rocky Mountain Tea. Imperial Drug Co.

Mrs. J. C. Dahl is making an extended visit in the southern part of the state, called there by the death of a sister.

A. F. Ittner, the Spectator foreman, went down to Red Lake Falls on Monday evening to visit with his mother.

—Party wishing to cut grass on SW¼ Sec. 18, River Falls, must have permit from Alston & Brosemer, Fairmont, Minn.

The Rocksbury base ball club played the Black River ball tossers a game last Sunday at the sandridge. Score, 17 to 23 in favor of Rocksbury.

Alma Remington, Mabel Patterton, Caroline Skeie and Elmer Burkee are among those who are in attendance at the summer school at Thief River Falls.

The pews for the Swedish Lutheran church have arrived. They are a great improvement to the appearance of the church and a great comfort to the churchgoers.

Mrs. W. A. Sorsoleil and children left last Saturday evening to join her husband near Prince Albert, Canada. Her many friends here regret exceedingly to see her depart.

Mike Kelley, the veteran cruiser for the Crookston Lumber company, was here last Tuesday. Timber is getting too scarce in Minnesota for Mike and he says he is going to move out west.

Harry M. Swenson expects to be retired as Great Northern agent at this place some time this month when he will leave for Oregon where he is already interested in a hardware store.

N. B. Truth, St. Paul, June 31, '08.—I've lived so long, I remember well when the Mississippi was a brook. My good health and long life came by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

The farmers who are fortunate enough to have tame grass are cutting it these days and they are securing an unusually fine crop. Both clover and timothy has done very well here this season.

The Wylie ball team was here last Sunday and played the local fans a game. Judging from the amount of noise made it was a red hot game. The score was a tie, 17 to 17, when they got tired and quit.

S. M. Sivertson, the Red Lake Falls Milling company auditor, was here last Tuesday installing Andrew Monson as their agent at the elevator. Mr. Monson is an experienced man at the business and comes here from Neilsvills.

S. T. Meade, the Great Northern agent at Wylie, was here last Saturday the company having decided to close that station. We understand that Mr. Meade has been offered the station here but has not yet decided to accept.

A construction crew has been busy the past week tearing up the Great Northern track between Ives and Wylie. They are taking everything in sight—rails, ties, fences, culverts and bridges—and are storing the stuff here.

It has caused more laughs and dried more tears, wiped away diseases and driven away more fears than any other medicine in the world. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Mrs. A. O. Davison entertained a party of Red Lake Falls ladies yesterday at a lawn party. Those present were: Mrs. T. LaBissoniere, Mrs. J. P. Harren, Mrs. Dr. Wilkinson, Mrs. Sam Haislet, Mrs. Henry Kaufer and Mrs. G. H. Tibbits.

Mrs. Martin McAndress is entertaining her sister, Mrs. John Morgan and two daughters, of SanFrancisco. The sisters had not seen each other for thirty years. Mrs. Morgan's home was destroyed in the great earthquake and fire and they will stay here for some time.

—The Crookston College catalog is just printed and is one of the nicest of its kind, showing pictures of classes, groups of students, class rooms, officers, faculty and buildings. Send a postal card to J. C. Sathre, Crookston, Minn., and he will be glad to send you a copy.

The annual school meeting for Independent School District No. 102 will be held at the village hall next Saturday evening at 7 o'clock. Two members of the board of education are to be elected for a term of three years, and other important business transacted. All should attend.

Fred Soderberg had three small pigs and a large sow killed by dogs last Sunday night and it was claimed that the work was done by a dog owned by Mike Anderson. A story was circulated that the dog had rabies and Marshal Killand killed the dog on Monday. Mr. Anderson is of the opinion that there was nothing the matter with the dog and that he only assisted several other dogs in killing the pigs.

Ye editor has made a couple of trips to Thief River Falls the past week and we must say that the streets in town and the roads leading into town are kept in much better condition up there than we have them down here. The work of the split log drag can be seen in every direction and Thief River Falls people are today enjoying better roads than they have ever known before. To get good results you have not only to own a drag but to use it.

Notice to the Hungry.

The Epworth League will serve ice cream, cake, sandwiches, coffee at the M. E. church to-night. Price, 25 cts. Other refreshments will be served by the young men also. Come and get a square meal and save your wife from getting supper. A good time is expected. Proceeds for the church.

A LEAGUER.

Training School in Session.

The state teachers' training school for Red Lake county, held at Thief River Falls has opened up this year with more than unusually bright prospects. The teachers have been very prompt in entering and are regular in their attendance, a fact which speaks well for the school officers and other educators of the county in working up the school spirit before the opening day.

A new feature this year is a class in civics under the direction of Supt. J. B. O'Brien of St. Hilaire. This is a subject made obligatory upon teachers this year by the state superintendent, and is proving of great interest and value under the able direction of the instructor.

Conductor C. S. Yeager, of Fosston, is also ably assisted by Miss Charlotte Knudson, of St. Cloud, who teaches primary methods, music and reading, and by Miss Mary Fanning, of St. Paul, in the departments of history, physiology and geography.

The attendance has already reached the 100 mark and there are others yet to come in. While a good number come from Thief River Falls, Red Lake Falls and St. Hilaire, Fosston and other Polk county districts are well represented.

In point of attendance, interest on the part of teachers, and general efficiency of instructors, the school is one of the best in northern Minnesota.

Death of Ole G. Lee.

The many friends will be pained to learn of the death of Ole G. Lee, of River Falls, on Sunday, July 8.

Mr. Lee was one of the pioneers of this section, having lived on his farm in River Falls for the past twenty-four years. He was respected and well liked by all who knew him and his death was a loss to the community. He left no family, being a bachelor.

He was suffering with pneumonia which turned into hemorrhage of the lungs and it ended his life after nine days of sickness. He was buried from the United Norwegian Lutheran church, Tuesday July 10, Rev. Lillehei officiating.

The relatives desire to thank the neighbors and friends for their sympathy and aid during his sickness, also those who had decorated the church for the funeral. The relatives present were: E. Klemesrud, of Crookston, and wife, sister of the deceased, and two daughters; Abraham Lee, of Morris, Minn., and Martin Lee, of Hendrum.

Sad Accident.

One of the saddest accidents that has happened in this vicinity for a long time occurred on Thursday afternoon. The infant daughter of Fred Sandmoen crept out of the kitchen and fell from the porch head first into a large pail of slops. A neighbor's child saw her fall and notified the parents who rescued her as soon as possible, but the soapy water was too much for the weak lungs of the little one and she died at seven o'clock, about four hours after the accident. The grief stricken parents have the sympathy of all in the bereavement. The little one was the idol of their home and her loss will be hard to bear. The funeral took place last evening at 7 p.m., Rev. Alex Sand officiating.

June Statement.

The June statement for the creamery will not be out until next week, but enough is known to know that it was the best month in the history of the company. 29,000 pounds of butter fat was received, which will bring about six thousand dollars, which will be distributed next week. Quite a number of patrons will draw over sixty dollars for the month and some will draw nearly eighty. The July receipts so far, while not quite equal to June, are still holding up very well.

The Bugs Came Back.

Leonard Holmes is having more trouble than a policeman these days. Every man in town who owns a garden, and that's quite a number, is after him strong. It seems that last year by mistake he sold a lot of green paint for paris green. The bugs got fat on it and were so healthy that they came out stronger and healthier than ever this spring. The gardeners think that Holmes is to blame and want damages.

Card of Thanks.

Abraham Lee wishes to extend his sincere thanks to the many friends who so kindly assisted at the last illness and at the funeral of his brother, Ole G. Lee.

St. Hilaire, July 12, 1906.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford has an office at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, on the 8th day of every month. A red letter day to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

Crowds Going to the Circus.

Intense interest has been aroused in this community by the announcement that Ringling Brothers' immense circus is to exhibit in Crookston, Tuesday, July 17. Several big excursions will go from this vicinity and local people will be well represented at the big show. Those who go from here should make every effort to arrive in time to see the magnificent new free street parade, which is given in the morning preceding the opening performance. Three miles of parade glories are divided into thirty sections and each section is a show in itself—a parade such as the world has never seen before. In this wonderful display are shown 100 beautiful dens, lairs and cages of rare wild animals, a herd of forty big and little elephants, 650 horses, and 1280 people. One section of the procession is devoted to magnificent and costly floats, representing Germany, Russia, England, France, India, Persia, Scotland, the United States, and other countries. The performance that follows, and which includes the superb, spectacular production of The Field of the Cloth of Gold, is the most magnificent display of arenic wonders ever presented by any amusement enterprise in America. The menagerie is filled to overflowing with rase beasts and birds, including the only baby elephant bred and successfully raised in the United States, the only rhinoceros in captivity and the last living pair of giraffes.

Women are Barred.

Fergus Falls, July 7.—Since the attorney general made public his opinion to the effect that women would not be allowed to vote at the primary election this fall, the question whether they have the right to file for party nominations has been agitating local political circles to some extent. The present superintendent of schools here is a lady, and another young lady, Miss Charlotte M. Knutson, of Pelican Rapids, is an aspirant for the position, wishing to become a candidate for the Republican nomination. She appeared this week and wished to file, but in view of the fact that the law provides that persons wishing to file for party nominations shall make affidavit that they are republicans or democrats as the case may be, that they supported a majority of the candidates of their party at the last election and intend to do so at the coming election, it is obviously difficult for women to take the necessary oath, as they were not permitted to vote for a "majority" of the candidates of any party. Miss Knutson's filing fee has been returned to her, and it looks as though ladies were barred from securing party nominations. They can run as independent candidates if they see fit to do so.

Struck By Lightning.

Thief River News: Few residents of Thief River Falls knew that there was an electrical storm Tuesday morning of this week, but nevertheless the farm house of N. S. Nelson, who lives about a mile south of town on the west side of the river, was nearly wrecked by a lightning bolt. The house was struck at about 6:30 in the morning and part of the family was in bed. While none of the inmates of the house sustained any serious injury, it seems almost a miracle that all were not killed. All of the plastering in the house was knocked off and even part of the siding on the outside of the house was torn off. The house presented more the appearance of having been in the California earthquake rather than being hit by a bolt of lightning. A pillow upon the bed where one of the inmates of the house was sleeping was entirely scorched.

Bird Calls.

Most of our song birds have three notes expressive of love, alarm and fellowship, says John Burroughs in Country Life in America. The latter call seems to keep them in touch with one another. I might perhaps add to this list the scream of distress which most birds utter when caught by a cat or hawk—the voice of uncontrolled terror and pain which is nearly the same in all species—dissonant and piercing. The other notes and calls are characteristic, but this last is the simple speech of common terrified nature. Keep the nerves strong with golden grain belt beer and you will not be easily frightened. Serve it regularly with your meals and you will notice a gain in strength and vigor. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Sight Seers' Excursions.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to all main and branch line points in North Dakota east of and including Minot, Aneta and Forbes, and return at $13.30 for the round trip; dates of sale July 9 to 14, with final return limit July 31, 1906.

North Dakota State Fair, Fargo, July 23 to 28.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Fargo and return for $3.60; dates of sale July 22 to 28, with final return limit of July 29, 1906.

—Grafton flour, best in the northwest for sale at Holmes' elevator.

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
CIGARS
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8!

That's the Holiday Week of the Year—the Week of the Great MINNESOTA STATE FAIR

Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphiteater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world.—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.

Sensational racing each day.
Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, Etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 Pacing race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,614.50.

HALF FARE RAILROAD RATES! Tickets on sale Saturday Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept. 10.

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

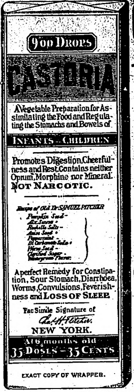
Low Rates

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

Account the Biennial Saengerfest of the Saengerbund of the Northwest, to be held in St. Paul, July 26-29.

$9.35 ST. HILAIRE TO MINNEAPOLIS and ST. PAUL and Return
via the
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
Tickets on sale July 24-25-23. Very Liberal Return Limits.
For further particulars inquire of H. M. SWENSON, Agent.

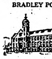
Advertise : in : The : Spectator.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS - CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

No man can escape responsibility for the sins of the city by ignoring their existence.

HOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT
BRADLEY POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE
PEORIA, ILLINOIS

Largest and Best Watch School in America
We teach Watch Work, Jewelry, Engraving, Clock Work, Optics. Tuition reasonable. Board and rooms near school at moderate rates. Send for Catalogue of Information.

TRUNKS
Suit Cases, Bags and Telescopes.
C. L. BISENIUS TRUNK CO., ST. PAUL.

SCHEFFER & ROSSUM
S&R HARNESS Are all lock stitched.
Ask your dealer.

ZENITH READY ROCK ROOFING
With burlap insertion; guaranteed for 10 years; no recoating; no repairing.
WESTERN BUILDING PAPER CO.,
248-250-252 E. 4th St., St. Paul.

CREAM and POULTRY
ASK FOR INFORMATION,
R. E. COBB, St. Paul, Minn.

WE PAY DAILY
POULTRY and VEAL
C. J. ERTZ, 34 E. 3rd St. St. Paul.

GASOLINE ENGINES
Ask for Catalog St. 153
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., ST. PAUL.

GILT EDGE PAINT
Try It. Ask Your Dealer.

CASH for CREAM
Write to-day for shipping tags,
MILLER & HOLMES,
18 East 3rd Street, ST. PAUL.

SHIP US YOUR CREAM
We pay top prices and spot cash for every can. Write us to-day for tags.
MILTON DAIRY CO., - - ST. PAUL.

Dere aint goner be no leavins

Make your boy's food tasty—Mother—for it has to do some big things. It has to make flesh, blood, bone and muscle and supply boundless Energy. Remember, the boy of today is the man of tomorrow. Don't injure him physically and mentally with indigestible meats, pastries, rich puddings, etc., that act as a drain on his nervous energy. But feed him plenty of

EGG-O-SEE 10¢

all there is in wheat—and he'll be your heart's joy—strong, healthy, bright, smart and quick at his studies. You won't have to coax him to eat it either, Mother, for its delicious rich flavor when eaten with cream and sugar is just what he craves most for.

Egg-O-See keeps the blood cool and is the ideal summer food.

Give him some tomorrow—"there won't be no leavin's."
Prepared under conditions of scrupulous cleanliness.
Every grocer in the country sells EGG-O-SEE—the whole wheat cereal. If your grocer has not received his supply, mail us 10 cents and his name (15 cents west of the Rocky Mountains) and we will send you a package of EGG-O-SEE and a copy of the book, "-back to nature."

FREE "-back to nature" book

Our 32-page book, "-back to nature," outlines a plan of right living, including menus for 7 days and recipes for preparing the necessary dishes, based on a whole wheat diet, with suggestions for bathing, eating and exercise, illustrated from life, exceedingly simple and attractive. By following the precepts, abounding and vigorous health is sure to result.

Published to sell at 25 cents a copy, this handsomely illustrated book will be mailed FREE to anyone who writes, as long as this edition lasts. Address

EGG-O-SEE CEREAL COMPANY
No. 10 First Street Quincy, Illinois

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE
A Certain Cure for Tired, Hot, Aching Feet.
DO NOT ACCEPT A SUBSTITUTE.
This signature Allen S. Olmsted on every box.
For FREE Trial Package, Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

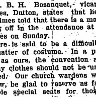
Seats for Boatmen in Church.

Rev. B. H. Bosanquet, vicar of Thames, Dutton, states that he is sometimes told that there is a marked falling off in the attendance at the services on Sunday.

There is said to be a difficulty in the matter of costume. In a parish such as ours, the convention as to Sunday clothes should not be unduly pressed. Our church wardens would, I know, be glad to reserve as far as possible special seats for those in boating costume on Sunday morning. Services for cyclists are, of course, common throughout the country during the summer months.—Parish Magazine.

60 Bus. Winter Wheat Per Acre
That's the yield of Salzer's Red Cross Hybrid Winter Wheat. Send 2c in stamps for free sample of same, as also catalogue of Winter Wheats, Rye, Barley, Clovers, Timothy, Grasses, Bulbs, Trees, etc. for fall planting.
SALZER SEED CO., Box W. L. La Crosse, Wis.

A strong breath often indicates a weak backbone.



Libby's Food Products make picnics more enjoyable by making the preparations easier.

Easier to carry; easier to serve; and just right for eating as they come from the can.

Libby's cooks have first pick of the best meats obtainable—and they know how to cook them, as well as pack them.

If you're not going to a picnic soon you can make one tomorrow at your own table by serving some sliced Luncheon Loaf. It is a revelation in the blending of good meat and good spices.

Booklet free, "How to Make Good Things to Eat." Write
Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

THE PROFIT AND LOSS OF DAIRY FARMING

Cull Out the Herd, Provide Good Stables and Feed Judiciously Are Three Cardinal Points—

By R. A. Pearson.

If anyone has doubts about the possible profits of dairy farming, he should visit some of our famous dairy districts where the cow is on every farm and her product is the chief one sold. Go to St. Lawrence county, New York, a county that produced on its dairy farms in the last census year $3,343,265 worth of dairy products.

In that county the dairy farmers are prosperous, farms are improving all the time and their value is constantly increasing. Mortgages are exceptional. The dairy farmers are money lenders instead of borrowers.

Or go to Jefferson county, Wisconsin, with its $1,241,598 worth of dairy products from farms in a single year and see the splendid farms and homes that the dairy cow has made possible.

Many other large sections similar to those referred to could be named. Also thousands of individual farms scattered all over our country are well known to be in the successful class.

And we must admit that sad fact that very many men and women are carrying on farm dairying at a loss. Reliable statistics show that the product of many dairies are worth less than the feed and care given to the cows.

It is not uncommon to find whole herds maintained at a loss and it is very common to find individual cows that are unprofitable.

Now, the point that I wish to make in this short paper is not that all dairies should be operated at a profit or that all cows should be profitable to their owners.

These things are impossible. But the point is that it is not necessary for any man or woman of intelligence and pluck to carry on dairy farming at a loss.

I cannot reveal any new and startling discoveries by which losses may be suddenly changed to gains. Some persons are waiting for this kind of information and every day is inevitably taking them nearer to the poorhouse.

Certain conditions must prevail. These must be recognized and allowed to govern. Their neglect is what causes many good men and women to conduct farm dairy work without profit.

It needs no argument to prove that a cow must have good health if she is to be a good producer. When part of the body tissues are in distress the whole system is weakened either directly or by sympathy.

To-day the losses due to tuberculosis so far overshadows all others caused by disease that the others need hardly be mentioned. More than ten per cent. of the cattle in some districts are affected. More than half the cattle in some herds are diseased. Think of it!

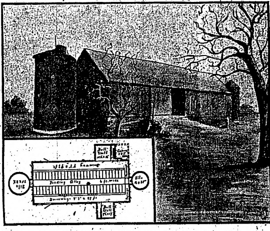
These large percentages of cows are impaired before our eyes while our neighbors who are engaged in manufacturing or are in the money market fight among themselves for the advantage of a fraction of one per cent. which often means the difference between profit and loss. And authorities tell us that in many districts tuberculosis is still spreading, and the only reason for its continued spread is our neglect to heed available knowledge of the dread disease.

A veterinary officer states that tuberculosis causes losses in the following ways: (1) The ruin and death of cattle. (2) The waste of cattle food. (3) Interference with breeding. (4) Transmission of the disease to other animals as swine, calves and grown cattle. (5) Injury to the reputation of herds.

Tuberculin in the hands of a skillful person is a reliable agent for detecting the presence of the disease. But even of greater value is the proven fact that the spread of tuberculosis in a herd is much less rapid in a sanitary stable than in an unsanitary stable, such as is far too commonly seen on our farms.

The day of the dark, damp, unventilated and unhealthy cow stable is passing. It aids in the spread of tuberculosis, it reduces the vitality of the animals, it unfavorably affects their production, and it causes constant and heavy losses.

Successful dairymen are learning that cow stables should be light and should have an abundant supply of fresh air.



A MODEL DAIRY BARN ERECTED BY MICHIGAN FARMER.

(The main section of this dairy barn is 40x97 feet, with 24 feet posts at the eaves. The ground on which the barn stands is level, which made necessary a graded approach to the second story. A grade, similar to the one shown in the front of the barn, is on the other side, so that one can drive directly through the barn, in or out, either way. The small wings, which extend the driving floor in the second story and furnish box stalls for the bulls in the first, cover the bridge approach to the second story barn floor. A large cistern which holds 250 barrels of water, which is collected from the roof of the barn, is placed at one side of the barn. The first floor contains stalls for 58 dairy cows and heifers. The feeding alley is six feet wide and the driveway back of each row is seven feet seven inches wide. The grain chute (a) is convenient and commodious, as is the feeding alley, from one silo to the other. The recess (b), contains cistern pump, basin and towel. The silage chute (c) opens from each silo into the extended feeding alley. The stairway leading to the second floor is located at (d). A bull stall is located in each extension, as indicated. There is a long and commodious sawdust bin over each manure trench. Each bin stands on the second floor, with convenient chutes at each end, extending to the floor below. The second floor also contains granary bins in the center, with grain hopper leading to the floor below. The hay mow on one side of the driveway is 40x65 feet. That on the other is 16x40 feet.)

Rules now observed by many up-to-date dairymen are: Have as much light in the cow stable as in the sitting-room of the home and admit at least three-quarters of one cubic foot of fresh air each second for each cow in the stable.

These things can be accomplished and they are accomplished in many stables.

Many dairymen are losing their rightful profits because they have some cows that are costing more than they produce and these eat up the profits of others.

Too much cannot be said about the importance of weeding out unprofitable cows, but too often we overlook the fact that they are unprofitable because they are not well fed and cared for. With high priced feeds and labor a short-sighted man is liable to cut down these expenses beyond economy.

It is no exaggeration to say that there are thousands of cows now maintained at a loss that would be given a profit if allowed a fair chance. Prof. Wing and Mr. Foord, of the Cornell experiment station, have clearly illustrated this point.

It is not intended to claim that any and every cow would be profitable even if given the best chance. There is a great difference and this is shown only by keeping individual records.

RELIEVING THE CALVES FROM FLIES

By D. H. Otis, of Kansas State Agricultural College.

During the hot summer months flies are a constant torment to young calves. An effective and economical mixture which when applied to the surface of an animal will ward off flies is made as follows:

Resin, one and one-half pounds; laundry soap, two cakes; fish oil, one-half pint; enough water to make three gallons. Dissolve the resin in a solution of soap and water by heating; add the fish oil and the rest of the water. Apply with a brush. If to be used as a spray, add one-half pint of kerosene.

This mixture will cost from seven to eight cents per gallon, and may be used on either calves or cows. One-half pint of this mixture is considered enough for one application for a cow; a calf, of course, would require considerably less.

It will be more economical to apply this only to the parts of the animal not reached by the tail.

At first it will perhaps be necessary to give two or three applications per week, until the outer ends of the hair become coated with resin; after that retouch those parts where the resin is rubbed off.

HANG UP THE WHIP.—Take a strip of wood about ten inches long and one inch thick and cut six small perpendicular grooves or slots slightly larger at the bottom than at the top. Make the grooves the right size to hold the top of a whip. Nail it up in the shed or carriage house near the harness or wagons and it will be found very handy to keep whips in sight and always straight.

INFLUENCE OF A BAD EGG.—Demoralized eggs must never be allowed to associate with undemoralized ones. Just as a man is judged by the company he keeps, so one demoralized egg will cast suspicion on a case of fresh ones; nor can a whole case of fresh eggs reform the one renegade. The demoralized eggs must be kept distinct.

LAMBS AT WEANING.—The better conditioned lambs are at the time of weaning the better they require to be kept and in most cases the food provided should exceed in richness that which they previously received, including the milk of the ewes. Instead of taking the lambs from the ewes, the ewes should be taken from the lambs.

BLOATED WITH DROPSY.

The Heart Was Badly Affected When the Patient Began Using Doan's.

Mrs. Elizabeth Maxwell, of 415 West Fourth St., Olympia, Wash., says: "For over three years I suffered with a dropsical condition without being aware that it was due to kidney trouble. The early stages were principally backache and bearing down pain, but I went along without worrying much until dropsy set in. My feet and ankles swelled up, my hands puffed, and became so tense I could hardly close them. I had great difficulty in breathing, and my heart would flutter with the least exertion. I could not walk far without stopping again and again to rest. Since using four boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills the bloating has gone down and the feelings of distress have disappeared."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Horns to Call People to Church.

"This is a vamp horn," said the antiquary. "The price is $40."

The horn, very old and weatherbeaten, was more than six feet long—long and straight, like a coaching horn.

"What was its use?" the reporter asked.

"It was used to call the people to church on Sunday mornings," said the antiquary. "In the olden times church bells weren't as common as they are to-day. They were so expensive that only the rich churches could afford them. The poorer churches used vamp horns instead.

"Every Sunday morning the sexton of the average poor church, 200 years ago, stood on the church porch with a six-foot vamp horn at his lips, summoning the people to worship with hoarse blares.

"There are now about two dozen vamp horns floating about the country. Their ecclesiastical connection makes them valuable to antiquaries."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Qualifying Witnesses.

In order to test a Chinese witness' qualifications for taking the oath an English magistrate asked him the other day where he expected to go when he died. He replied, "Pekin," and was disqualified. Once in another English court a little girl in answer to that question said, "I don't know." The horrified counsel called the judge's attention to the answer. "Oh, I don't know, either," said the judge; "swear the witness."

Her Solicitude.

Mrs. Gramercy—You seem to be very much attached to your little toy spaniel.

Mrs. Park—I am indeed, dear. It will just break my heart when the breed goes out of fashion and I'll have to get rid of him.

Real Objection.

"Like most men," he said, "I have my shortcomings, I suppose, but——"

"Oh, it isn't your shortcomings father objects to," interrupted the girl. "It's long stayings."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Ancient Romans Ate Oysters.

The ancient Romans ate oysters as the first course at banquets because of their quality of stimulating the appetite. Pliny recommends oil and onions as condiments.

Raking Grass After Mowing.

Some persons advise raking after each mowing. I do not, because the clippings drop down into the grass and form a mulch, which I consider a benefit. They help to fertilize the soil. The lawn that is not mowed often enough will not look well after you have been over it with a mower, because there was growth enough to partially hide the sward upon which it falls. This will wither and turn brown in a day or two and greatly detract from the beauty of the lawn. But if you keep your lawn well mowed—and that means going over it at least three times a week in ordinary seasons—the amount clipped off at each mowing will be so slight that there will not be enough of it to show. Let the knife blades be set high enough to leave at least two inches of the foliage.—Outing Magazine.

Government Furnishes Snuff.

It is not generally known, says the London Express, that a generous country supplies members of the house of commons with gratuitous snuff. "Formerly," the Express says, "snuff was described in the estimates as such, but to ward off the objection aroused by improving habits the charge of £200 a year was mixed up or covered in the estimates as "lamp oil."

OPERATION AVOIDED

EXPERIENCE OF MISS MERKLEY

She Was Told That an Operation Was Inevitable. How She Escaped It.

When a physician tells a woman suffering with serious feminine trouble that an operation is necessary, the very thought of the knife and the operating table strikes terror to her heart, and our hospitals are full of women coming for just such operations.

Miss Margret Merkley

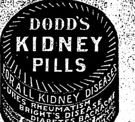
There are cases where an operation is the only resource, but when one considers the great number of cases of menacing female troubles cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound after physicians have advised operations, no woman should submit to one without first trying the Vegetable Compound and writing Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice, which is free.

Miss Margret Merkley, of 275 Third Street, Milwaukee, Wis., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:

"Loss of strength, extreme nervousness, shooting pains through the pelvic organs, bearing down pains and cramps, compelled me to seek medical advice. The doctor, after making an examination, said I had a female trouble and ulceration and advised an operation. To this I strongly objected and decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. The ulceration quickly healed, all the bad symptoms disappeared and I am once more strong, vigorous and well."

Female troubles are steadily on the increase among women. If the monthly periods are very painful, or too frequent and excessive—if you have pain or swelling low down in the left side, bearing-down pains, don't neglect yourself: try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



MILLIONS USE

Cuticura SOAP
MEDICINAL
TOILET
PRICE 25 CENTS

THE WORLD'S FAVORITE

For Preserving, Purifying and Beautifying the Skin, Scalp, Hair, and Hands.

Cuticura Soap combines delicate medicinal and emollient properties derived from Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients, and the most refreshing of flower odors. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props. Mailed Free, "How to Preserve, Purify, and Beautify the Skin, Scalp, Hair, and Hands."

WANTED

Men to work in saw mills and shingle mills in the state of Washington. HIGH WAGES! Steady employment. No snow or cold weather, mills run every month in the year. Cheap living. For full particulars address Pacific Coast Lumber Manufacturers Association, Seattle, or on arrival call on Crawford & Pratt, 110 Main Street.

-CREAM-
WE PAY CASH
THE CRESCENT CREAMERY Co
ST. PAUL, MINN.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

THE LAXATIVE OF KNOWN QUALITY

There are two classes of remedies; those of known quality and which are permanently beneficial in effect, acting gently, in harmony with nature, when nature needs assistance; and another class, composed of preparations of unknown, uncertain and inferior character, acting temporarily, but injuriously, as a result of forcing the natural functions unnecessarily. One of the most exceptional of the remedies of known quality and excellence is the ever pleasant Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., which represents the active principles of plants, known to act most beneficially, in a pleasant syrup, in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to contribute their rich, yet delicate, fruity flavor. It is the remedy of all remedies to sweeten and refresh and cleanse the system gently and naturally, and to assist one in overcoming constipation and the many ills resulting therefrom. Its active principles and quality are known to physicians generally, and the remedy has therefore met with their approval, as well as with the favor of many millions of well informed persons who know of their own personal knowledge and from actual experience that it is a most excellent laxative remedy. We do not claim that it will cure all manner of ills, but recommend it for what it really represents, a laxative remedy of known quality and excellence, containing nothing of an objectionable or injurious character.

There are two classes of purchasers; those who are informed as to the quality of what they buy and the reasons for the excellence of articles of exceptional merit, and who do not lack courage to go elsewhere when a dealer offers an imitation of any well known article; but, unfortunately, there are some people who do not know, and who allow themselves to be imposed upon. They cannot expect its beneficial effects if they do not get the genuine remedy.

To the credit of the druggists of the United States be it said that nearly all of them value their reputation for professional integrity and the good will of their customers too highly to offer imitations of the

Genuine—Syrup of Figs

manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., and in order to buy the genuine article and to get its beneficial effects, one has only to note, when purchasing, the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package. Price, 50c. per bottle. One size only.

ESTABLISHED 1879.
Minneapolis WOODWARD & CO. GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth
Orders for future delivery executed in all markets.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JULY 21, 1906. NUMBER 1.

The News of the Week

Washington Notes.

Harrison Torrell, who became well known throughout the country during the last years of the life of Gen. Grant as his faithful attendant and nurse, died in this city last week.

Adjt. Gen. Drain of the state of Washington has been tendered and has accepted the new post of United States attorney for the United States court in China and Korea, provided for by the last session of congress. Bruce R. Leonard of Michigan also has been appointed marshal of the court, and Frank E. Hinckley of New York has been appointed clerk.

The policy recently adopted by the treasury department in its conduct of the affairs of the public health and marine hospital service, of discontinuing many of the large hospitals in many sections of the country, results in the making of a large number of contracts by the government with local hospitals or practicing physicians for the care and treatment of seamen.

Casualties.

Fire completely destroyed the Armour elevator at Madrid, Iowa.

A large piece of rock fell on Joseph Steffin, employed in the Quincy mine, at Calumet, Mich., killing him instantly. He was twenty-six years old and single.

Word has been received at Livingston, Mont., that Judge Clifford, a well known resident of Park county, has been drowned in Emigrant creek. Details of the drowning are not at hand.

A slight fire in a moving picture machine theater at Young's pier at Atlantic City, N. J., started a panic among the several hundred persons who were in the audience, and a number were injured in the rush for the exits.

Dr. Paul Shekwana of London, bacteriologist of the Iowa State board of health and the University of Iowa, was knocked from the interurban bridge over the Iowa river at Iowa City. He struck the rocks thirty feet below. Many of his bones were broken and he is now unconscious and his condition is critical.

Crimes.

A man who registered at Hunt's hotel in Chicago as E. W. Sanborn of St. Paul, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head.

Sheriff Charles Wilson of Clay county, Florida, was shot and instantly killed on a train near Green Cove Springs by a negro prisoner in his custody. Sheriff Wilson's deputy immediately shot and killed the negro.

Frank Sweltzer was stabbed in the eye at Sault Ste. Marie by Manuel Salazer, a Mexican, with whom he quarreled because the Mexican shoved him. He will recover. Salazer is in the city prison awaiting an examination.

Lucy Page Gaston of Chicago, the anti-cigarette crusader, is at Logansport to urge Logansport aldermen to prohibit the sale of cigarettes. In an address she revealed numerous cases of alleged bribery in the Indiana legislature covering a period of four years.

Dominick Faho, an Italian youth of eighteen, was arrested at Helena in connection with the murder of Herman Eberhardt at Wolf Creek last Sunday. Faho says Eberhardt attacked him with an iron bar because he did not want him in his employ longer.

An infuriated mob of hundred negroes attacked a crew of city dog catchers at St. Louis with clubs and knives. Andrew Betzold, a dog catcher, was stabbed and slashed in the back. Policemen, using clubs vigorously, finally rescued the dog catchers and arrested two negroes.

Jonah Williams, his wife, Minerva, and their son Wesley, were sentenced to prison for life at Evansville, Ind., for the murder of James Leigh at Booneville last spring. Andrew Williams, another son, is serving a sentence for a petty crime, and two smaller children are in the reform school.

Eight stories above the street in New York on a flimsy flooring of planks laid across girders, nearly 800 union iron workers attacked three special policemen. One of the special policemen, Michael Butler, was thrown from the platform and fell two stories to the sixth floor. He was fatally injured.

From Other Shores.

In addition to closing her frontiers to all Servian cattle, Austria-Hungary has prohibited the bringing in of tinned meats.

Natal troops completely surrounded and defeated a rebel body in the Umvoti district. Five hundred and forty-seven rebels were killed. There were no white casualties.

A hail storm at Valencia, Spain, killed fifty persons. Hail stones as big as oranges smashed the roofs of houses, causing the inhabitants to take refuge in the cellars.

An unprecedented and interesting spectacle was witnessed at Shanghai recently, when 4,000 Chinese volunteers, who have been drilling assiduously for the last few months, paraded through the flag-decked streets of the settlement. The men were dressed in khaki, and presented a smart appearance. Only the officers wore swords. After the parade the soldiers were entertained at the yamen of the taotai.

The revolutionists in Matto Grosso have occupied the capital, Cuyaba, murdered the president of the state and seized the government.

The trial of thirty-five peasants implicated in the murder of twenty-eight Turks a year ago ended at Saloniki. Twenty-one were sentenced to death and fourteen acquitted.

The son of Behanzin, the former king of Dahomey, now a captive at Pilda, Algeria, attempted to commit suicide, owing to the depression of spirits caused by his imprisonment.

As the result of the labor riot last month at Cananea, Mex., the mining camp of C. Greene has been converted into a military stronghold, and hereafter 1,000 Mexican rurals will be quarreled there.

Official and other inquiries are on foot in London regarding the affairs of Charles Cheston, a solicitor who died in May last, after having lost, it is alleged, between $1,500,000 and $2,000,000 of his client's money.

Mgr. Neophylos, the recently appointed Greek metropolitan of Varna, has been finally compelled to abandon his idea of landing at Varna and to return to Constantinople via Kustendje, on board the same ship on which he arrived. There were anti-Greek demonstrations at Varna, but they were not serious.

In recognition of the fact that the youngest member of the Hohenzollern family, the infant son of Crown Princess Frederick William, was born on the Fourth of July, the American colony has resolved to present him with an ornamental silver cup, emblazoned with the Stars and Stripes and the American eagle.

Domestic.

A packing house employe at Omaha found a diamond set in fine gold in the stomach of a cow. The stone is valued at $100.

Obed Caswell, for two terms judge of the Seventeenth judicial district and nominated for a third term, died suddenly at Marshalltown, Iowa.

Joe Walcott of Boston retained the welterweight championship of the world by knocking out Jack Dougherty of Milwaukee in the eighth round at the Lincoln Athletic club in Chelsea, near Boston.

John Cody, single and aged twenty-two, was killed while at work in an excavation at the site of the new French Catholic church at Marquette, Mich. He was buried in sand and suffocated to death.

Devolney Dunn, proprietor of the Seneca Driving Park of Tiffin, Ohio, who was attending the races at Jamestown, N. Y., was found dead in bed at the Humphrey house. Heart disease was the cause of his death.

Winston Churchill, the novelist, has announced that he will be a candidate for the Republican gubernatorial nomination. Since he was a member of the state legislature four years ago he has been a factor in New Hampshire politics.

Robert A. Scott, a Civil war captain, ex-postmaster and retired politician, died at La Crosse, aged sixty-seven. Mr. Scott was the husband of Elsie Gile Scott, the richest woman in Wisconsin. The couple were divorced two years ago.

The offer made by the New York Zoological society to the government to place a herd of buffalo on the Wichita forest reserve in Southwestern Oklahoma, has been accepted, and a herd of from fifteen to twenty buffaloes will be shipped as soon as an area of good grazing ground can be fenced in.

Gov. Carter of Hawaii has written to President Roosevelt, inviting him to visit the Hawaiian islands in connection with the expressed intention of the president to go to Panama. Gov. Carter suggests that the president return by means of a triangular trip from the isthmus to Honolulu and thence to San Francisco.

James Manning, fifty-seven years old, who, it is said, led Guiteau, President Garfield's assassin, to the gallows, died in the hay loft of a stable owned by Andrew Skau, 146 Thirty-first street, Chicago. Manning served a number of terms as marshal of the District of Columbia. At the time of his death he was employed as a stable hand. He left office with $50,000 to his credit.

In choosing motormen for what is believed to be the first municipality built and owned street railway in the United States, the street railway of Monroe, La., Mayor A. A. Forsythe said that the first test for fitness for this position will be total abstinence from all intoxicating liquors. It is expected that the railway will begin operating in a short time.

E. Gates, professor in the divinity school at the University of Chicago, in an address before the junior college students, declared that the disaster at San Francisco occurred because the city was built in the name of Mammon and not in the name of Christ. "The 500 and more lives sacrificed in the Iroquois theater were sacrificed because the building was erected in the name of greed," he said, carrying his argument further.

The Berlin correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says that it is declared to be Emperor William's intention to grant a somewhat extended amnesty on the occasion of the baptism of his grandson. This amnesty is to apply where there has been no heinous breach of the criminal code involving a loss of civic honor.

On the Ragged Edge.

"I'm broke," exclaimed the worn-out shoe;
"Aye, worse than that, Ah, me!
I'm on my uppers, for I've lost
My sole support, you see."

BREACH BETWEEN THAW AND MOTHER

YOUNG MAN REFUSES TO CONSENT TO MOTHER'S PLANS FOR DEFENSE.

CITES OLCOTT INTO COURT

MUST SHOW CAUSE WHY HE SHOULD NOT TURN PAPERS OVER.

New York, July 19.—The chaotic condition surrounding the preparation of a defense for Harry K. Thaw, accused of the murder of Stanford White, were accentuated yesterday, and apparently the breach between the prisoner and his mother, Mrs. William Thaw of Pittsburg, as to the character of the defense, is wider than ever.

Following quickly upon a conference of two hours with Thaw in the Tombs, after the mother had twice during the day endeavored to gain her son's consent to the re-employment of the law firm of Black, Olcott, Gerber & Bonynge, and to consent to a

Plea of Insanity,

Clifford W. Hartridge, Thaw's personal counsel, obtained from Justice Blanchard, in special term of the supreme court, late yesterday, an order directing Judge Olcott's firm to show cause next Friday why they should not turn over to Hartridge all the papers in Thaw's case. Mr. Hartridge based his motion on a petition signed by Thaw, which was placed on record in connection with the proceedings.

This move was a distinct surprise, being a contradiction of reports which had gained circulation earlier, that Thaw had consented to his mother's plan.

Mother and Wife Friendly.

The rumor that the young man had at last bowed to his mother's will undoubtedly had its origin in the fact that Mrs. William Thaw and Mrs. Harry Thaw, who were in conference with Thaw at the same time yesterday, emerged from the prison arm in arm. It was the first time they had been seen together.

Thaw's wife all along supported him in his demand for a trial on the issues of the case and has opposed the insanity plea. She has thus been arrayed against the older Mrs. Thaw, who seems to feel that the only hope of saving her son from death in the electric chair is to depend upon a defense of insanity. This plea would avoid the further publicity and ignominy of a trial and has been insistently urged upon the prisoner, who, however, apparently remains obdurate.

BLACK RUST REPORTED.

Prof. Bull Finds Disease in Samples From Miller, S. D.

Minneapolis, July 19.—Black rust reports of a direct and authentic character made their appearance at the Minneapolis chamber of commerce yesterday and had their effect upon the market.

The news came in the form of a report of Prof. C. B. Bull, agriculturist at the state experiment station, St. Anthony Park, on samples which had been submitted to him by the Van Duzen-Harrington company of Minneapolis. The samples are from the vicinity of Miller, S. D., and Prof. Bull reports that they show black rust in an advanced stage. He says, however, that the weather at present is in favor of the wheat, and that with a continuance of existing conditions there need be no great cause for alarm.

BOY "BIKE" THIEF SENT UP.

Figuratively Rides Himself Behind Penitentiary Bars.

La Crosse, Wis., July 19.—Figuratively, August Green, a farmer boy, living near Wilton, Wis., rode a bicycle into the penitentiary yesterday. Green was possessed with a mania for stealing wheels and has been warned by the court for repeated offenses. He repeated his thefts and yesterday was sentenced to one year.

Burglars Get Sentences.

Helena, Mont., July 19.—J. G. McLaughlin and Ernest Daniels pleaded guilty to burglary in the district court at Great Falls yesterday and were sentenced to three years each in the state penitentiary. They broke into and robbed the Great Northern store at Great Falls June 5 and fled to Canada, where they were captured.

Gas Kills Well Diggers.

Minot, N. D., July 19.—While constructing a thirty-five-foot well on the farm of P. O. Polsen at Plasa, N. D., last night, Brent Falstad and August Lorsen, well diggers, were overcome by gas and when brought to the surface were dead.

Thrown From Stage.

Helena, Mont., July 19.—S. M. Lynn, a stage driver at Ovando, thirty miles west of Helena, is dead as a result of being thrown from his stage. He was found unconscious by the road and never regained consciousness.

Four Burned to Death.

Boise, Idaho, July 19.—Charles A. Justus, aged thirty-nine, and three children of his sister, Mrs. Samuel Moudy, were burned to death at the family homestead, four miles east of Middleton, last night.

CAPTURE TWENTY OF THE GANG

ONLY SIX OF GANG WHICH MURDERED CONSTABLE NOW AT LARGE.

Ellsworth, Wis., July 17.—With the local jail overcrowded by the captives made by the posses seeking for members of the band of Italians who murdered Constable Isaac last Friday, the searchers have relaxed their efforts and many of the deputies have returned to their homes. Twenty members of the gang now are behind the bars, leaving but six at liberty, and these six are being watched for in the various towns and cities along rivers and railroads south of Prescott. It is believed, however, that all those directly concerned in the murder have been arrested.

Extreme terror has seized the prisoners, augmented by the reports given them by the last two captives, brought in late last night from River Falls, that the whole twenty-six when captured are to be hanged for the death of the constable. They can speak but little English and have no conception of the formalities of trial by jury.

Offer $20 for Freedom.

Three of the men taken Saturday night attempted to bribe their captors to set them free, one offering $15 and the other two $20 apiece to be allowed to go. Fears of wholesale suicide on account of this terror are entertained by the authorities, and a close watch is being maintained to prevent any such acts.

It now is regarded as probable that the hearings on the charge of murder will be held next week, and it is thought possible that Sarogusé, who declared when captured that the constable was killed in self-defense, will plead guilty in an effort to shield his companions.

Found Around Camp Fire.

Saturday night a posse, which was traveling on a handcar along the Burlington road, came upon a camp fire, around which five of the gang were sitting. The posse opened fire on the fugitives, who immediately took to their heels and scattered. These same five Italians were captured yesterday morning at the farm of Joe Tillguard, one mile from Diamond Bluff, and about twelve miles below Prescott. They made no resistance, and although opposed by only Tillguard suffered themselves to be locked up in a granary until the sheriff arrived. The fugitives were on the verge of exhaustion from hunger, exposure and fright, and appeared glad that the hunt was over.

Beg for Their Lives.

The two men captured at River Falls last evening offered no resistance, simply begging for their lives.

A determined search for the remaining Italians was made yesterday afternoon, several posses taking handcars and running far down the Burlington road. No one was seen, however.

ALL IN PRISON EXCEPT THREE

BRACE OF ITALIANS CAPTURED NEAR DIAMOND BLUFF—MRS. ISAAC DYING.

Red Wing, Minn., July 18.—Two more Italians were added to the list of captured yesterday morning near Diamond Bluff, bringing the total of those taken up to twenty-three. It is believed that the remaining three are hiding in the vicinity of that place.

About 5:15 yesterday morning the two were seen three miles below Diamond Bluff. George Hope, a daring farmer, was summoned by telephone and he immediately went to the spot where the two were seen. They surrendered without any resistance, being glad to be free from the danger of being shot down.

Mrs. Isaac May Die.

Prescott, Wis., July 18.—The life of Mrs. Isaac is despaired of. When her son Bert broke the news to her on Friday she fell unconscious and remained so for several hours.

The funeral of the murdered constable was held yesterday afternoon, but the aged wife was denied the privilege of attending the last rites.

Will Plead Self-defense.

Ellsworth, Wis., July 18.—The accused Italians will not be without good counsel. It developed yesterday that every effort will be made to save them from long terms. Self-defense will be the plea of Sarogusé, the leader, and of all others who are charged of complicity with him.

BEGIN WORK ON RANGE TROLLEY

Line From Hibbing and Chisholm to Be Completed Oct. 15.

Chisholm, Minn., July 18.—It is announced that the new trolley line of the Northern Traction company between Chisholm and Hibbing will be in operation by Oct. 15. Work on the line began last week, the first work being the construction of a viaduct at the foot of Cedar street, just outside the city limits of Hibbing. R. F. Berdie, manager of the construction work, announces that next year the road will be extended to Eveleth. The cost of constructing the lines connecting the three towns he estimates at $3,000,000.

HOLY ALLIANCE TO AID THE CZAR

EMPERORS OF GERMANY AND AUSTRIA WILL HOLD POLAND DOWN.

TRY TO KILL THE CZAR'S AIDE

THE CRISIS MAY END IN A COUP D'ETAT AGAINST RUSSIAN PARLIAMENT.

Paris, July 19.—The Journal says it is in a position to affirm that in the course of a recent interview at Schoenbrunn palace, near Vienna, between the emperor of Austria-Hungary and the German emperor, their majesties deliberated upon what means to adopt in case of the outbreak of a revolution in Russia.

Emperor Nicholas was advised of the general nature of the deliberations.

It was decided in principle, the paper says, that Germany and Austria would intervene in Poland with armed forces in case Emperor Nicholas found it impossible to maintain control of Poland, the three emperors thereafter acting in concert for the maintenance of the status quo of their respective Polish possessions. The Journal further asserts that this understanding amounts to a regular holy alliance between the three emperors.

Try to Kill Czar's Aide.

St. Petersburg, July 19.—An attempt was made yesterday to assassinate Count Todleben, aide de camp to Emperor Nicholas, at the engineers' camp at Tiora, between St. Petersburg and Schlusselberg. The would-be assassin fired at Count Todleben with a revolver, the bullet grazing his head. He then made his escape in a boat which was awaiting him in the Neva.

Russian Crisis at Hand.

The political barometer is again falling. The confusion which seems to have taken possession of the upper spheres since the efforts to form a coalition ministry failed, coupled with the alarming reports from the interior and the attitude of parliament, make almost anything possible. There has been a marked renewal of apprehension that the crisis may end in a coup d'etat against parliament.

Goremykin to Stay.

As further proof of the change of spirit at Peterhof, it was learned yesterday that Emperor Nicholas has requested the members of the Goremykin cabinet to retain their posts.

LOSS FULLY $100,000.

Early Reports of Explosion at Washburn Fall Short of Damage.

Washburn, Wis., July 19.—Property loss resulting from the explosion of nitroglycerin at the plant of the Eastern Dynamite company, near this city, which was previously reported to have been $1,200, probably will reach $100,000, as nearly every building at the plant, and they were fifty in number, were badly damaged, and the house where the explosion occurred, including the leaden tanks inside, was blown to splinters and was not damaged by fire at all.

The small loss of life is due to the fact that only a few men are employed about the powder line, and the buildings are quite a distance apart, with log barricades and with sand filling all about them.

REFUTE MURDER CHARGE.

Foley Officials Find Man Died by His Own Hand.

Foley, Minn., July 19.—For some days rumors of foul play in connection with the death of Sumner Steel, who committed suicide last week, have been coming in to Foley. In order to ascertain the truth Deputy Attorney Senn and Doctors Holdridge and Dumas went out to Maywood last evening and held a post-mortem. After a thorough examination they came to the conclusion that Mr. Steel had come to his death by strangulation.

Family Quarrel Ends in Suicide.

Minneapolis, July 19.—Cecil R. Van Wyck was found dead in his rooms under conditions plainly indicating suicide. The doors and windows of the rooms were tightly closed and all of the gas fixtures, including the burners of a small stove, were turned on at full head. Van Wyck had quarreled with his wife early in the evening and finally drove her from the house.

Killed in Runaway.

Prairie du Chien, Wis., July 19.—Herman Hehnert had his neck broken in a runaway accident near Eastman. He was driving a team of colts, which became frightened, and as they ran down a hill and around a curve he was thrown out, falling on his head, and died instantly.

Drag Aged Woman to Death.

Menomonie, Wis., July 19.—Mrs. Thomas Danter, sixty years old, was killed yesterday at Cedar Falls, near this city, when she fell behind a team of horses from a load of hay. Her body was terribly mutilated by being dragged a long distance, the horses running away.

Business Blocks Burned.

Iowa City, Iowa, July 19.—The business section of Kalona was destroyed by fire last night. Loss estimated at $100,000.

EARTHQUAKES IN NEW MEXICO

PEOPLE IN RIO GRANDE VALLEY ARE FLEEING TO SANTA FE FOR SAFETY.

Santa Fe, N. M., July 19.—Two more earthquake shocks occurred at Socorro yesterday morning. The shocks were felt distictly as far south as El Paso, Tex., where a street car was thrown from the track by a shock. Refugees from Socorro and other towns in the Rio Grande valley are daily coming to Santa Fe and Albuquerque.

All night long one tremor after another passed over the lower Rio Grande valley, keeping the people at the highest tension. But few have slept in houses for the past three nights. Observers reported thin spirals of smoke in the lava fields in the direction of Alamo Gordo, probably from hot springs or other volcanic manifestations. A drenching rain passed over the valley during the night, adding to the discomfort of campers.

Socorro Badly Damaged.

Kansas City, July 19.—A special to the Times from El Paso, Tex., says:

Socorro, N. M., south of Santa Fe, has been badly damaged by an earthquake. Fifty-two shocks have been felt since Sunday morning. The court house is wrecked. The buildings of the school of mines are cracked, and nearly every residence in the city is cracked or wrecked. More than two-thirds of them, at least, are damaged or destroyed.

GREET THEIR BISHOP.

Duluth Catholics Welcome Prelate Back From Europe.

Duluth, July 19.—Rev. James McGolrick, bishop of the Catholic diocese of Duluth, was tendered a magnificent reception at the cathedral auditorium last evening. The reception was in the hands of the Knights of Columbus, and the auditorium was filled to its capacity.

The reception was a formal welcome home to the bishop after his absence of four months in Europe with Archbishop Ireland, during which time they visited Pope Pius X. The reception was of additional interest in that there was a surprise in store for the bishop. It was that the mortgage of $20,000 on the property owned by the parish was paid during his absence, and that this property, worth $300,000, is free from debt.

The bishop delivered a short address in which he described some of the features of his trip through Europe.

SWEPT BY CRIME WAVE.

Western Wisconsin Court Records Show Bad Condition.

La Crosse, Wis., July 19.—County Judge Brindley says a crime wave is sweeping over the western part of the state, and asserts that from records kept by the court it is shown there is twice the number of criminal cases during the present summer that were tried last year. During the month of June and the first week of July in 1905 the county collected in fines $158.04. During the same period for the present year $566.98 in fines was imposed upon petty prisoners. The percentage of prison convictions for the period is proportionately large.

FACE IS TORN OFF BY TRAIN.

Railroad Employe Is Killed at Fargo While Crossing Track.

Fargo, N. D., July 19.—Christ Olson, a member of the ice crew of the Northern Pacific at this point, was suddenly killed by a string of cars that were backed down on the track next to the ice house. His face was torn from his head and parts of his arm were ground to a pulp. It is supposed that he was hurrying across the track when struck by the cars.

INDIAN KILLED.

Bottle of Rum and Pieces of Flesh Tell the Story.

Osceola, Wis., July 19.—James Wigwab, an Indian, aged thirty-five years, was killed by a Soo train on the Frederick branch, two miles south of Milltown. He had been working on the dam at St. Croix Falls. His head, both hands and one leg were cut off. A bottle of whisky was found and it is supposed he was intoxicated and fell asleep on the track.

APPROVES SNELLING PLANS.

Secretary of War Puts O. K. on Allotment Funds.

Washington, July 19.—The secretary of war has approved the allotment funds for new buildings at Fort Snelling, including a drill hall for cavalry and artillery, a shop and stable for the quarter master's department, buildings for storing wagons, etc., and quarters and messroom for civilian employes. It is said that with these buildings constructed, the present plan for the improvement of the post will be about completed.

Miss McKinley Marries.

Des Moines, Iowa, July 19.—Miss Grace Howe McKinley, niece of the late President McKinley and at one time prominent in the White House social life, was married at Fort Des Moines last evening to Capt. Grayson Villard Heidt of the Eleventh cavalry.

$10,000 Fire at Weston.

Menomonie, Wis., July 19.—A $10,000 fire last night destroyed Bates Bros.' store and William Patraw's billiard hall with all their contents, at Weston.

MADMAN KILLS INSANE PATIENTS

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY IS PERPETRATED IN PENNSYLVANIA INSANE ASYLUM.

TWO DEAD AND ONE DYING

INOFFENSIVE PATIENT SUDDENLY BECOMES A RAVING MANIAC.

Scranton, Pa., July 19.—A terrible tragedy was perpetrated in the Hillside home yesterday when one of the insane patients killed two inmates and mortally wounded one of the keepers.

The murderer is Ignatz Krewzyp, a deaf and dumb Pole, who was not regarded as dangerous. He was given work in one of the wards with two women, also insane patients, Mrs. Ann Golden, a widow, aged fifty-three years, and "Missouri" Ann Van Valen, aged fifty-eight years. The three were moving some cots, under the direction of Keeper Richard Davies, who left the room momentarily.

Uses Doctor's Knife.

Seizing the opportunity, the insane man ran into the doctor's office and there picked up an amputating knife, with a blade about ten inches long. He ran up stairs to the upper floor, with Keeper Davies after him. Krewzyp turned and buried the knife in the keeper's chest. He then ran up stairs and attacked the two women. He stabbed Mrs. Golden in the chest, the knife piercing her body twice, and then stabbed Mrs. Van Valen once. Floyd Beemer, the son of the superintendent of the institution, had followed the man, and after his attack on the women he knocked the knife out of his hand. Both women died soon afterward.

Was Considered Harmless.

Krewzyp is thirty-five years of age and was one of the most powerful inmates of the institution. While not employed as a trusty and given the freedom of the grounds, he had been given work every day in the insane department, being regarded as thoroughly inoffensive and harmless. The superintendent cannot explain why he should have been subject to such a violent and sudden passion. After the murders no sign of emotions could be obtained from him. He is now a raving maniac. Davies is not expected to live.

LUNATIC SEEKS ROOF.

Attendant Finally Gets Him Into Building by Pretending Madness.

Chicago, July 19.—John Daly, a patient in the violent ward in the Dunning insane asylum, twelve miles from this city, escaped from the attendants yesterday and climbed to the roof of the building, which is four stories high. He ran along the edge of the roof, shouting: "They're after me," and threatening to leap to the ground if any of the attendants came through the skylight to get him.

The asylum authorities finally sent for the fire department, and when the firemen arrived with ladders Daly was sitting on the edge of the coping, with his feet dangling over. He threatened to jump if a ladder was raised, and finally the attempt to catch him was abandoned and the firemen and attendants settled down to a siege.

After being on the roof for eight hours, Daly was induced to come down. One of the asylum attendants climbed up to where Daly was sitting and told him he was insane too, and that they had a good chance to make their escape. Daly was pleased with the scheme, and agreeing to the proposition, came down and was locked up.

ALLEGED BURGLAR IN JAIL.

Cannot Give Bonds and Is Held at Hudson.

Hudson, Wis., July 19.—Clarence Balcom, accused of robbing the meat market of Johnson Bros. on Monday night and taking over $530 in money and Omaha railway pay checks, was brought before Justice Disney this afternoon and his case was adjourned till July 30. His bond was fixed at $1,000, which he has not yet been able to secure, making it necessary for him to continue in the jail.

THIRTY-ONE ARE ARRESTED.

Gambling Law Enforcement Is Sought at Helena.

Helena, Mont., July 19.—Upon warrants issued by Judge Henry thirty-one gamblers and saloon men have been arrested in Livingston on charge of violating the law against gambling. Wade Tait and and R. I. Penny pleaded guilty and were fined $100 each, the minimum amount under the law. The others were given until to-day to plead.

Crushed by Train.

Prairie du Chien, Wis., July 19.—Emma Kuhlman, nine years old, was struck by a freight train while trying to cross the tracks in front of the engine. Her left arm, shoulder and breast were crushed.

Loses Job; Kills Himself.

Washburn, N. D., July 19.—Out of a job and despondent, Peter Simms, thirty-five years of age, jumped into the river here and was drowned. Simms had been employed on the boats, but had been discharged.

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DANIEL PATTERSON .. Vice-President
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THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 1:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

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H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn' as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

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Saturday, July 21, 1906.

Republican State Ticket.

United States Senator—
KNUTE NELSON,
Douglas County.

Governor—
A. L. COLE,
Cass County.

Lieutenant Governor—
A. O. EBERDART,
Blue Earth County.

Chief Justice—
CHARLES M. START,
Olmsted County.

State Treasurer—
CLARENCE DINEHART,
Murray County.

Secretary of State—
JULIUS SCHM HL,
Redwood County.

Attorney General—
E. T. YOUNG,
Swift County.

State Auditor—
S. G. IVERSON,
Fillmore County.

Clerk of the Supreme Court—
C. A. PIDGEON,
Wright County.

Railroad Commissioner—
C. F. STAPLES,
Dakota County.

This warm, dry weather is just what was needed to insure a big crop.

The democratic clans will gather at Minneapolis on Sept. 4th and nominate state officers. Governor Johnson is sure of a re-nomination but it will be different in November.

The project to establish a state road should receive the encouragement of all. Following the creameries there must be good roads and together they mean prosperity for Red Lake county.

Thief River News: The best township in Red Lake county is Rocksbury. The land in that township is perhaps no better than in others, but the farmers there raise more tame hay than in any other part of the country. That is why the Rocksbury farmers are prosperous.

The Northwestern Editorial association will meet at Crookston on Friday, August 3rd, where they will be entertained by the citizens and the experimental farm and new agricultural college visited. On the 4th they will visit Cass Lake, spending the day on the lakes, and on the 5th go to the progressive city of Grand Rapids, where the party will disband.

Roseau Region: One of the important matters for the coming session of legislature will be legislative re-apportionment. Every effort to stave it off will be made by the southern counties, but we believe these efforts will be without avail. It is rank injustice to give the three southern congressional districts of the state 40 per cent of the state senate, when they only have 28 per cent of the population. Northern Minnesota is vitally interested in the re-apportionment, and the gross inequality of the present system will end with the next legislature.

Summer visitors from this country to Canada will do well to figure out a route to get near the border on Sundays. The Canadian parliament is reported to have enacted a law prohibiting the sale of anything on Sundays save necessary drugs and railway tickets, forbidding transacting on Sunday of any business or employing any person except for works of necessity or mercy, forbidding all games of any kind for a price of admission, forbidding charging admission to any park or pleasure ground, forbidding shooting at any target or anything at all and forbidding the sale of foreign newspapers. The old Connecticut blue laws look colorless in comparison.—St. Cloud Journal-Press.

WHAT INDUSTRIAL ALCOHOL WILL DO.

Farm, Stock and Home: It is decidedly amusing to note and sum up the speculations made by theorists, crop guessers and the like upon the effect that industrial alcohol will have in the way of expanding the production of farm crops. It is going to require so much corn that an over-production of that grain will be impossible. It will enormously increase the production of potatoes and insure a high price for them regardless of quantity grown. It will give a value to cornstalks heretofore undreamed of. Sugar beets can be grown anywhere and in limitless quantities because they are so rich in alcohol making material. Many weeds will produce alcohol and so repay the cost of their extermination. Sorghum bagasse and sugar beet pulp will swell the stock of alcohol, and possibly the atmosphere of drinking places and the breath of hard drinkers will prove to be the richest of all sources of cheap alcohol. If half the current speculations about this spirit are realized its promoters will learn that they builded stronger than they knew.

Posy Rings.

When posies inside wedding rings were first introduced does not seem to be known. Time has covered that, as he does so many things, with the mosses of oblivion, but we know that from the sixteenth century until the middle of the eighteenth it was customary to have them engraved on rings. These posies or mottoes are seldom to be found with more than two lines of verse and often with only one, but there are a few instances known where three lines are used. Some of these posies are very quaint and curious, and a few reach a high standard of poetic beauty. In 1642 a small collection of rhymes was published with the title of "Love's Garland; or, Posies For Rings, Handkerchiefs and Gloves and Such Pretty Tokens That Lovers Send Their Loves." It contains some posies that are not to be met with elsewhere and is a very interesting work, though but few people seem to have heard of it. The South Kensington museum has a good collection of posy rings, and among them we find the following: "United hearts, death only parts;" "Let us share in joy and care." "Love and live happily." There is a story to the effect that Dr. John Thomas, who was bishop of Lincoln in 1753, caused to be inscribed inside his fourth wife's wedding ring:

If I survive,
I'll make them five.

—London Graphic.

His Daughter.

A gentleman who was once stopped by an old man begging replied, "Don't you know, my man, that fortune knocks once at every man's door?"

"Yes," said the old man, "he knocked at my door once, but I was out, and ever since then he has sent his daughter."

"His daughter?" replied the gentleman. "What do you mean?"

"Why, Miss Fortune."

The Unusual Way.

"Do the Blanks manage to keep up appearances since they lost the greater part of their fortune?"

"No. They don't bother about appearances. They just use what little money they have to make themselves comfortable."—Detroit Free Press.

A Change.

Old Gentleman (pointing to lanky youth at his side in the tram car)—How much for this boy—half fare, I suppose? Conductor—Well, no. He looks as if he were kept on half fare at home, and needs a change. Full fare, please.—London Answers.

His Mistake.

Rupert—Why did you ask her to marry you? Harold—Well, I thought she was sensible, but hanged if she didn't accept me!

Daring and Dexterous.

For a feat of dexterity and nerve it would be difficult to surpass that of the Bosjesman of South Africa, who walks quietly up to a puff adder and deliberately sets his bare foot on its neck. In its struggles to escape and attempts to bite its assailant the poison gland secretes a large amount of the venom. This is just what the Bosjesman wants. Killing the snake, he eats the body and uses the poison for his arrows.

Lowell's Motto.

In a eulogy which appeared in the Century Magazine just after Lowell's death are these words: "This is Lowell's legacy as a patriot, not the sentiment, 'My country, right or wrong,' but 'My country—it shall never be wrong if I can help it.'"

No Disguise.

Husband (admiringly)—There's no use trying to disguise the fact that you are smarter than I am, my dear. Wife (complacently)—The fact, my love, has never been in disguise among those who know us.

Diaries.

If the people who keep diaries are wise they never put into them the things that would make them most interesting to other people in the years to come.—Boston Globe.

No man likes to be surpassed by men of his own level.—Life.

Mme. Scarron.

Mme. Scarron, afterward the famous Mme. de Maintenon, the wife of Louis XIV., was in her girlhood remarkably beautiful. She was dark, with piercing black eyes and wavy hair. In middle life her gravity of countenance and of deportment was considered quite extraordinary in that age of gayety. One of her contemporaries said that she did not smile once a year, and yet she was not gloomy, but only of a sedate habit of mind.

A Monster God House.

In Mexico are found ruins of ancient Aztec teocallis, or "god houses," some of which are thousands of years old. One of these, near Cholula, is in the form of a truncated pyramid. Each side of the base of this pyramid is 1,423 feet, which is twice the length of the great pyramid of Egypt. The height of this Mexican wonder is 177 feet, and its base covers an area of forty-four acres.

One of the secrets of successful achievement lies in giving one's whole mind to the details as they present themselves, never slighting one of them, even the smallest.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Ditch Petition.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake. } ss

In the matter of the petition of Lorenz Hansen and others, for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 26.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 26, beginning at the northeast corner of section 13, in township 153, range 44 (town of Sanders), thence running south along the range line on the east side of sections 13, 24, 25 and 36, in said town of Sanders, and thence south through the northwest quarter of section 1 in township 152, range 44 (town of Black River), to and terminating at a point on what is known as the St. Hilaire ditch as its outlet, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Lorenz Hansen, Michael C. Harlow, Elner P. Kaaravan, Hogan Hanson, Wm. O. Weeks, Inga Turnwall, John G. Campbell, I. W. Keerl, L. K. Scroggin, James Donaldson, Elmer McCraney, W. A. Mathews, J. O. Thorstad, Charles Gustafson, Laura H. Kridler, Henry Pope, Christian Kittelson, Wm. D. Hammel, Andrew H. Kolseth, James F. Davis, Charles R. Williams, Thos. Thompson, Henry Gonigam, Andrew T. Anderson, John T. Anderson, J. S. Thomas, Ole O. Opperud, Wm. Schramm, A. A. Cooper, A. Brink, H. C. L. Stoll, Andrew R. Peterson, Wilson & Hendrickson, Andrew Elmquist, W. J. Remington, Nils Lundahl, Julius C. Peterson, St. Hilaire Townsite Co., Crookston Lumber Co., Ole P. Melting, John Gunderson, Gustaf Gunderson, Carl F. Hillberg, Thos. Downing, Adele Ashall, Adolph Satterberg, Nora C. Bengston, M. V. B. Ives, Peder Anderson, O. L. Munins, Tilley & Simpson, Otto H. Yaeck, Mrs. Theresa Whaley, Jonah Sanford, Josephine Jorgenson, C. M. Reno, Carl Johnson, Galina Johnson, Peter P. Hood, Herman O. Adams, Johanna Hall, John Fallstad, Victor St. Martin, Arne J. Loe, Town of Black River, Town of Rocksbury, Town of Sanders and Village of St. Hilaire, and that the engineer appointed by the board of county commissioners of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor, and that the viewers appointed by said board of county commissioners to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Tuesday, the fourteenth day of August, 1906, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at one o'clock p. m. of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said board of county commissioners at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor of
(Seal) Red Lake county, Minnesota.

Dated July 14, 1906.

[j121-a4

Notice of Filing and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor, of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the board of county commissioners at the office of the county auditor of said county, in the city of Red Lake Falls, on the fourteenth day of August, A. D. 1906, at two o'clock p. m.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 19th day of July, 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal) County Auditor.

Petition for Public Ditch.

To the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the drainage ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a drainage ditch along the following described route in the town of Red Lake Falls in said county of Red Lake, and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

Commencing at a point 40 rods south and 80 rods west of the northeast corner of the southwest quarter of section 1, in township 151, range 44, and running thence south along the sixteenth section line to a point near the center of the northwest quarter of section 12 in said town and range, thence west across the west half of the northwest quarter of said section 12, following the natural water course, to the section line between sections 11 and 12 in said town and range, thence south along the section line between sections 11 and 12 and between sections 13 and 14, making a highway along the proposed ditch between sections 11 and 12 aforesaid, to a coulee at or near the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of said section 14, putting in the necessary culverts between said sections 11 and 12, and terminating at or near the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of said section 14 and having said coulee as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such drainage ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter two hundred thirty (230), of the General laws of Minnesota for 1905.

Dated Red Lake Falls, June 25, 1906.

John A. Duffy,
John Flanigan,
J. Rose,
his
Witness: M. C. Erb—Frank (x) Gagnon.
mark
S. A. Swanson,
Thomas McNerthney,
Peter F. Pouliot,
—Petitioners.

j121a4]

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver of the U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 31st, 1906, viz:

Gilbert N. Sandvigen, H. E. No. 343, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼ Sec. 34, T. 153 N., R 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Ole J. Larson, Andrew J. Svenson, G. J. Larson, James Evenson, all of Hazel, Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.

jn23-j128)

Annual Meeting Fraternal Order of Eagles, Milwaukee, Wis.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Milwaukee, Wis., and return for $20.51; dates of sale Aug. 10 to 13, with final return limit of Aug. 24th.

When You Write Abroad.

In writing to France or Italy, a postmaster pointed out the other day, the address should be printed, for the printed characters of French, Italian and English are alike, but of the written ones this is not true. The capital letter T, for instance, is written in France and Italy like C. The top stroke is made as with us, but the downward stroke curves to the right instead of to the left. Our C is taken for a T abroad. Our T is taken for I or J. It is important therefore to print instead of to write proper names on foreign letters. A letter addressed in writing to, for instance, a man named Treat would be thought by the French and Italian to be addressed to Ireat, and in the general delivery department of the postoffice it would be placed in the I instead of in the T compartment. Thus when Mr. Treat called for his mail a search of compartment T would reveal nothing for him, and his letter, hidden among the I's, would never be delivered.

Made the Bear Work.

Bill Winters uses his wit to save his strength. During a camping trip in the Maine woods Bill was easily the laziest man in the party. Finally his exasperated comrades told him that if he did not kill something besides time they would pack him off home. The next morning Bill borrowed a rifle and went off up the mountains. Two hours later the men in camp saw Bill running down again as fast as he could come, and close behind him was a bear. The men watched the chase, with loaded rifles ready. On reaching camp Bill turned and shot the bear. When the men could stop laughing one of them said, "Bill, what on earth possessed you to run that distance with the bear so close when you might have killed him on the hill and saved your breath?" Bill smiled slowly. "What's the use of killing a bear in the mountains and lugging him in when you can run him in?" he asked.—Boston Herald.

—For go-carts go to Holmes Bros.

FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

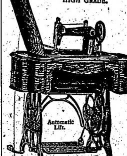
ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

Always Order when you want the best beer Hamm's the beer with a flavor New Brew

Agents Everywhere
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co. St. Paul, Minn.

The "Redgeton" SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING, HIGH GRADE.



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Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.

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National Sewing Machine Co.
BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.

A FREE PATTERN

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A LADIES' MAGAZINE.

A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe to-day, or, send 5c. for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.

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All Seams Allowed and Perforations show the Basting and Sewing Lines.

Only 10 and 15 cents each—none higher. Ask for them. Sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail from

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CROOKSTON LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Button's Business College and Shorthand Institute.

Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

OFFERS to take you through a complete course in Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Tywewriting and let you pay for your tuition at the rate of $10.00 per month after situation is secured for you. It practically costs you nothing because we get you a position where you earn at least $10.00 per month more than you ever earned before. We want 500 students to enter this college during the next three months and make the above unparalleled offer to get them. The courses are:

Normal, Shorthand AND Typewriting,
Music, Commercial,
Preparatory, Telegraphy.

THIS is the only College in the United States that guarantees a good paying position to every graduate. If we don't get you a satisfactory situation you need never pay us one cent

J. A. Button, Principal

Crookston, Minn. and Wadena, Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Subscribe for St. Hilaire Spectator.

VERY LOW ROUND TRIP RATES

From St. Paul and Minneapolis to

Albany	$29.50	Boston	$31.00
Montreal	$29.50	Ogdensburg	$29.50
Portland	$31.00	Quebec	$32.50
Toronto	$25.50	Utica	$29.50

Similar rates to many other Eastern points via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

Good to return until Sept. 30th. These tickets will be honored on the Pioneer Limited, the Fast Mail or any of three other daily trains to Chicago. For full information address

W. B. DIXON, N. W. P. A., ST. PAUL
365 Robert Street.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

CALL ON
HOLMES BROS.
FOR
HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson D. Patterson E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for......
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE.

—Go to Holmes Bros. for Sunshine furniture polish.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

A. M. Edstrom was in from Hazel on Tuesday for a short visit.

Don't miss the "Trip Around the World" next Friday night.

Nap. Miller spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls with relatives.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

E. M. Hoff made a short business trip to Thief River Falls last Tuesday.

Mrs. Calvin Hanson was entertaining a sister from Thief River Falls the first of this week.

E. R. Evans and Master Howard were at Crookston on Tuesday looking over the circus.

Mrs. E. R. Evans and daughters are spending the week at Crookston visiting with friends.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on August 3 and 4.

President C. L. Hansen of the Merchants State Bank, spent last Sunday at Red Lake Falls.

Fred Campbell, Miss Anna Hall and Albert Hall were circus visitors at Crookston Tuesday.

Miss Cora Yahr, of Minneapolis, came up yesterday and will visit with Mrs. Geo. L. Austin.

A couple of colored men gave a free musical entertainment on the street last Monday evening.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

A treat in store for you at every stopping place in the "Trip Around the World" next Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Grace came up on the delayed train yesterday and will visit here before going west.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank, and try.

Martin E. Hoff drove over from North Dakota last Wednesday and will spend a short time at home.

M. L. Hanson and wife were among those who went down to Crookston the first of the week to see the circus.

Mrs. J. C. Dahl returned on Tuesday from the southern part of the state, where she was called by the death of a sister.

Miss Etta Hennemuth, who has been visiting here the past week, returned to her home at Red Lake Falls last evening.

Henry Olsen, Carl Johnson, H. P. Anderson and Christ Bjerk drove down to Crookston last Tuesday to see the circus.

Found, on the Great Northern train, a lady's pocketbook, color black, with chain. Call at this office and prove property.

—Party wishing to cut grass on SW¼ Sec. 18, River Falls, must have permit from Alston & Brosemer, Fairmont, Minn.

Steve Nelson and Mart McAndress went down to Wylie the first of the week after a gasoline engine which Steve will rig up to saw wood.

K. O. Gigstad, Daniel Datterson and A. S. Wilson went up to Thief River Falls last Tuesday and took in the meeting of the school directors.

A little love, a little wealth,
A little home for you and me;
It's all I ask except good health,
Which comes with Rocky Mountain Tea. Imperial Drug Co.

The Swiss entertainers, with a band and orchestra, in a big tent are billed to be here next week. They are at Thief River Falls this week doing a good business.

The parochial school begins next Monday at 9 a. m. in the United Norwegian Lutheran church, with Nora Anderson teacher and will continue for six weeks.

The university board of regents are considering the advisability of establishing a still for the manufacture of denatured alcohol at the experimental farm at Crookston.

The Young People's society of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet next Friday evening, July 27, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. August Elmquist in St. Hilaire. All are invited.

Prof. Theo. Gryting started a school in the Norwegian language last Monday in the Norwegian Synod church on Minnesota avenue. The school will continue for about a month.

They have been having lively times down at White Earth lately. The Indians have been granted lands and they are mortgaging and selling them freely and spending the money in a lavish way.

Mrs. O. F. Post, Mrs. Jens Nelson, Miss Selina Hoff and Miss Katherine Patterson formed a merry party that went down to Crookston to take in the evening performance of the circus last Tuesday evening.

Daniel Johnson, wife and children, Mrs. August Carson, and Miss Hannah Sunblom, all of Chicago, came up last Thursday and will spend a month or more visiting with Anton Peterson and others in Wyandotte.

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church will give "A Trip Around the World" next Friday evening, July 27. Round trip tickets 50c apiece, including refreshments, which will be served at every stopping place.

N. B. Truth, St. Paul, June 31, '08.—I've lived so long, I remember well when the Mississippi was a brook. My good health and long life came by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford has an office at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, on the 8th day of every month. A red letter day to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses.

Messrs. C. Simonson, Al. Swanson John Winkler and A. F. Ittner went out to Mayfield township last Sunday to attend a picnic at W. A. Arthur's farm. The boys had a good time and report Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Arthur as generous hosts.

—The Crookston College catalog is just printed and is one of the nicest of its kind, showing pictures of classes, groups of students, class rooms, officers, faculty and buildings. Send a postal card to J. C. Sathre, Crookston, Minn., and he will be glad to send you a copy.

There was a freight wreck in the cut this side of Red Lake Falls yesterday morning. A refrigerator car and a car of merchandise left the track and a wrecking train had to be sent for to clear the track. No one was hurt and little damage done. The passenger was delayed, getting here at four o'clock, five hours late.

It has caused more laughs and dried more tears, wiped away diseases and driven away more fears than any other medicine in the world. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Thief River News: Daniel Petterson, K. O. Gigstad and A. S. Wilson, of St. Hilaire, were in the city Tuesday, having driven up from the down-river town. They reported that the roads were good, with the exception of a piece of road about two miles in length midway between the two towns, and that this place was very bad. The road overseer in that district should get a move on himself, so these gentlemen think as it does not look as if any work had been done upon this particular piece of road this year.

A Promising Game.

If it hadn't rained and the bats held out and the ball kept good there would have been quite a game of base ball at the sandridge Sunday between the Wylie and Black River teams. Four innings were played and the score was 12 to 8 in favor of Black River.

The County Fair.

We are in receipt of the fifth annual premium list of the Red Lake county Agricultural association. Their fair will be held at Thief River Falls on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, August 8, 9 and 10, and gives promise of excelling all their previous efforts.

Social.

There will be a social or church picnic at the beautiful home of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Soderberg adout a mile northeast of St. Hilaire next Sunday afternoon. Refreshments will be served for the benefit of the Swedish Lutheran church. A short programme will be rendered. The quartette will sing. All are invited! All are welcome! Come and bring your friends.

A Merry Crew.

Mrs. A. O. Davison entertained on Thursday and Friday a lively lot of Red Lake Falls young people. They were: Isa Thibbets, Maud Findeisen, Orilla Hennemuth, Margaret Kaus, Mrs. Omer Hall, Doretta Mathies. On Thursday evening they were joined by the following gentlemen: Orson Doe, Olaf Floan, Vern Healy, James Blake, Joe Toupin, of Red Lake Falls, and Messrs. Berg, Colwell and Larson and Misses Elsie Kratka, Irene Colwell, Pauline Day, Ella Krueger and Mabel Zaiser came down from Thief River Falls and spent the evening.

Butter Is King.

Thief River News: Four car loads of butter went down on the Great Northern on Monday of this week. The butter was gathered at stations north of here—Greenbush, Strathcona, Middle River and Steiner, and a large amount was loaded here. One car contained all creamery butter and was billed to New York; two part dairy and part creamery for St. Paul and Duluth and one for Minneapolis. The value of this butter is about $24,000 and it shows how fast this section is going to the front. Every Monday the Great Northern has refrigerator cars up on this branch for the accommodation of those who desire to ship butter and for the past few weeks cars have been shipped each Monday.

Pay Day at Creamery.

Yesterday was pay day at the creamery for the month of June and it was by far the biggest one in the history of the company. The total receipts for the month were $6,140.10 and the net amount paid to patrons was $5,801.88. They struck a good market for the butter and patrons are paid 20 cents a pound for butter fat. The following are the names with amounts, of farmers receiving over $50 for the month:

Chas. Seegar	$ 80.38
Gust Kjonikson	73.20
Emil Just	70.08
L. A. Carlson	67.04
A. W. Lind	50.18
Schumacher Bros	53.24
Swan Wiberg	63.82
Erik Anderson	58.12
J. Waslie	56.58
C. A. Melin	64.92
C. A. Lindquist	64.72
A. P. Ekstrom	51.20
O. L. Larson	64.90
N. A. Nelson	61.48
H. Haupt	65.10
L. M. Rolland	59.56
Fred Soderberg	55.28
Andrew Mortenson	65.60
Peter Johnson	61.76
Claus Hendricks	65.28
A. P. Hugstrom	51.64

A State Road.

Chairman Daniel Shaw informs us that the county board is considering the advisability of making the road between Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls a state road. There is a little state money which would be available and the road needs improvement badly, especially between here and Red Lake Falls. It would certainly be a move in the right direction as a good road connecting the three largest towns in the county, would greatly aid in advertising the whole county. It would also be a first class plan for the county and the three municipalities to raise sufficient money next year to maintain the road if built. Arrangements could be made with the different road districts to have the road dragged with a split log drag after every rain. It would not take a large amount of money and if the three towns and the county unite with farmers we could have a highway that would reflect credit to the county.

Cole Will Have Walk Away.

Crookston Times: Marcus Johnson the Red Lake Falls miller, passed through the city this morning enroute to the Falls, after a trip to the cities. In speaking of the election this fall Mr. Johnson said:

"The election of Cole for governor I believe is an absolute certainty. The convention was one of the cleanest ever held in the state or any other state, and there were no sore spots left. The conditions are not at all as they were in the campaign two years ago. Every man was nominated on his merits, and the entire ticket will be swept into office with an old time majority. Of course the democrats make all manner of claims, but they know better, and I know of several men who were in the thickest of the fight for Johnson two years ago who are now shouting just as loudly for Cole."

Council Proceedings.

Special meeting of the village council of St. Hilaire held in the village hall July 14, 1906.

Meeting called to order by the clerk.

Members present: Patterson, Wilson and Gigstad.

On motion D. Patterson was elected president of the meeting.

The president stated that the object of the meeting was to hear the reasons for or against the granting of a liquor license to J. G. Prior.

As there were no objections license was on motion granted to J. G. Prior and the president and clerk instructed to issue said license.

On motion meeting adjourned.

D. Patterson,
President pro tem.
K. O. Gigstad, Clerk.

Engineers From the West.

A majority of the engineers engaged on the Panama canal were taken from the middle west. The president of an eastern technical school recently called the attention of his students to this choice of westerners. He told them that it was because the westerners are not so much concerned about their health and other matters of personal convenience. We of the west have something to keep up our health and strength—golden grain belt beer. We serve it daily with our meals and are always in good trim. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

North Dakota State Fair, Fargo, July 23 to 28:

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Fargo and return for $3.60; dates of sale July 22 to 28, with final return limit of July 29, 1906.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

—Grafton flour, best in the northwest for sale at Holmes' elevator.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

Swamps Can Be Drained.

George A. Ralph, the Crookston surveyor who has been employed on the state drainage survey this winter, was in Thief River Falls last week. In talking of drainage matters, Mr. Ralph said that the survey made by the state last winter demonstrated the fact that all of northern Minnesota could be easily drained. In swamps that were entirely covered with water the year around, Mr. Ralph said that a fall of from 10 to 15 feet to the mile was found, and the only reason that the water was standing there was the obstructions in the way of fallen trees and beaver dams. All that is needed is to dig ditches and all of this land could be made into good farming land, as there is a good, solid clay bottom.

In talking of the country north of Thief River Falls, Mr. Ralph said that if the Thief river was dredged in places and shortened about 20 miles by digging ditches, it would result in draining much land. He also advocated draining Mud lake into Elm lake and then build a ditch from Elm lake to the Thief river. This, in Mr. Ralph's opinion, would result in draining all of the country north of here and the work could be done at very little cost.—News.

Ideal Newspaper Fiction.

Stories of newspaper scoops on matters of current news are many, but it is seldom that a newspaper can claim a beat upon a popular novel. Such a triumph in the discovery of a popular novel was recorded recently by The Chicago Record-Herald when it printed serially "The Wings of the Morning," by Louis Tracy. The judgment of the paper has since been verified by the unprecedented sale the book has had both in the United States and in England. The Record-Herald's keen judgment in fiction enables its readers to get the best novels often before they reach the book stands, while its policy of giving just the right amount daily and Sunday makes it a pleasure to follow its serials.

A radical departure in Sunday journalism was marked by the advent of the Sunday magazine of The Record-Herald. It is particularly strong in fiction, both serials and short stories, and it has all the other attractive features of the famous illustrated weeklies and monthlies and challenges comparison with them.

A Striking Fact.

A young man was riding in the cab with a locomotive engineer.

"Now," said the young man, shuddering, "suppose a stage load of children were to glide on to the track from that lane—what a blessing it would then be if you could stop short, instantly, like a man walking."

"Blessing?" said the engineer. "Why, young fellow, if that stage you speak of were to appear now, and I could stop short like a man walking, I wouldn't do it. Instead, I'd keep right on and kill the kids."

"Why?"

"Because it would be the more humane course. In one case there would be a stage load of kids slaughtered; in the other case there would be the slaughter of a trainload of people. This train is going at the rate of forty-five miles an hour, and the sudden stoppage of a train going at that rate would give the passengers precisely the same shock that they would get from a fall of fifty-four feet—a fall from a housetop."

Holding the Breath.

It is a physical impossibility for a man to kill himself by holding his breath. Individuals differ greatly in the length of time they can hold their breath, and what practice and determined effort, combined with natural great lung capacity, can do in this direction is shown by the long periods for which champion divers can remain under water. If a man succeeded in continuing to hold his breath in spite of the physical discomfort in which he had placed himself the result would simply be to induce a state of coma. When this state was reached nature would reassert herself, and the breathing functions would again resume full activity, preventing a fatal issue in spite of their owner's desire.

Moors Consider Us Dirty.

A habit of our own which we consider far more cleanly than eating with our fingers is looked upon by the Moors as filthy—that is, washing our hands, or face, in a basin and, still more, taking a bath where the water is not running. The cleaner we become, they say, the dirtier the water we are washing with must necessarily become, and eventually we step forth as cleansed from water which is no longer clean. A Moor, to wash his hands has the water poured from a vessel over them and never by any chance dips them into the dirty water. The same way in their baths. The water is thrown over their bodies out of bright brass bowls and flows away through holes in the marble or tile floor.—Modern Society.

The Harvard Cross.

The iron cross burnished with gold which is over one of the entrances to the Harvard college library (Gore hall) was at the time of the 1745 siege of Louisburg taken from a Catholic chapel there and brought to Massachusetts as one of the spoils of victory. In 1877 Justin Winsor, the librarian of Harvard college library, found it in the cellar of the library and had it gilded and placed in the position which it now occupies.

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
CIGARS
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8!
That's the Holiday Week of the Year—the Week of the Great MINNESOTA STATE FAIR
Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphiteater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world.—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.
Sensational racing each day.
Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, Etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 Pacing race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,641.50.
HALF FARE RAILROAD RATES! Tickets on sale Saturday Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept. 10.
C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

Low Rates
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
Account the Biennial Saengerfest of the Saengerbund of the Northwest, to be held in St. Paul, July 26-29.
$9.35 ST. HILAIRE TO MINNEAPOLIS and ST. PAUL and Return
via the
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
Tickets on sale July 24-25-28. Very Liberal Return Limits.
For further particulars inquire of H. M. SWENSON, Agent.

Advertise : in : The : Spectator.

BAD COMPLEXIONS

Depraved Blood Causes Pimples and Boils—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Make New Blood and Cure Follows.

"I abused my stomach, my blood got out of order and then my face broke out with pimples and boils," says T. E. Robertson, of 197 Addison street, Washington, Pa. "This was over two years ago. My stomach was in bad shape. After eating I would have to rest awhile or I would suffer the most severe pains in my stomach. On arising I would often be so dizzy that I could hardly stand up. The slightest exertion would start my back aching so that I often had to sit down and rest awhile. At times I experienced a pain around the heart which alarmed me but which I suppose came from my stomach trouble.

"I began to break out on the face with pimples and later with boils which confined me to the house a week or more at a time. One day I saw Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People advertised in a pamphlet which was left at the door and I thought I would give them a trial. I took several boxes of the pills before all the pimples and boils left me, but I am now glad to say that my blood is good. I do not have any eruptions and I no longer have the head and stomach troubles I have described. I am very grateful for what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done for me and I have recommended them and always will advise those who are suffering from bad blood or stomach trouble to try them."

If you want good health you must have good blood. Bad blood is the root of most common diseases like anæmia, rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, St. Vitus' dance, nervousness, indigestion, debility, partial paralysis and locomotor ataxia.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50c. per box, six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N.Y.

Big Peanuts This Year.

Peanut lovers have noticed that the nuts are generally very much larger this year than usual, a fact which may be verified by the most casual glance at any stand where they are sold. They are also said to be much better in flavor, though there are some connoisseurs who declare that the small nut is the sweeter.

"The increased size of the peanut now in the market," says a wholesale dealer, "is due more to improved methods of cultivation, I think, than to the accident of favorable weather conditions, though the current crop is unusually large in quantity. As to the relative merits of the large and small nut, I cannot speak, being a seller and not an eater, of them. I do know, however, that with these big fat looking fellows on sale there is practically no market for the little ones."

When the Fish Bite.

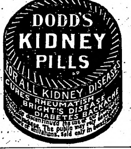
"Don't look so pompous," said the first sea bass, bitterly. "What if you did get away from that hook? Others have——"

"Oh, it's not that," the second sea bass interrupted. "It's what the man said about me. He said I weigh at least eleven pounds, and am the finest bass he ever saw."

Costly.

"It must be nice to have the faculty of making plenty of friends."

"Oh, I don't know. All the friends I make seem to want favors."



LAME

or Sore Muscles due to Colds, Strains or Rheumatism will have the inflammation that causes the lameness quickly removed by first bathing with hot water, then rubbing on briskly

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment

Its wonderful power to destroy pain has made it famous since 1810.
25c., three times as much 50c. All dealers.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

THE DAISY FLY KILLER destroys all the flies and affords comfort to every home. One 20c. box lasts the entire season. Harmless to persons. Clean, neat and will not soil or injure anything. Try them once and you will never be without them. If not kept by dealers, sent prepaid for 20c. Harold Somers, 149 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LENNOX PITLESS SCALE.
Write for information.
LENNOX MACHINE CO.
307 Third Street South, Minneapolis.

SHIP US YOUR CREAM
We pay top prices and spot cash for every can. Write us to-day for tags.
MILTON DAIRY CO., - - ST. PAUL.

ZENITH READY ROCK ROOFING
With burlap insertion; guaranteed for 10 years; no recoating; no repairing.
WESTERN BUILDING PAPER CO.,
248-250-252 E. 4th St., St. Paul.

CREAM and POULTRY
ASK FOR INFORMATION,
R. E. COBB, St. Paul, Minn.

-CREAM-
WE PAY CASH
THE CRESCENT CREAMERY CO
ST. PAUL, MINN.

GILT EDGE PAINT
Try It. Ask Your Dealer.

POULTRY
Also buyers of Veal, Butter, etc.
C. J. ERTZ, 34 E. Third St., St. Paul.

Dynamos & Motors.
Ask for Catalog St. 154.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., St. Paul.

WHEN ENTERTAINING

HOSTESS OFTEN AT LOSS HOW TO INTEREST GUESTS.

Seventh Anniversary the "Woolen" Wedding—Appropriate Decorations and Diversions—New Musical Game.

The Woolen Wedding.

The seventh wedding anniversary is celebrated by the woolen wedding, and it can be made a much more enjoyable affair than the name indicates. For the table centerpiece have a large cake; if it is placed on a fern-decorated box to raise it up the effect will be more pleasing. On the top put a doll dressed as "Little Bo-Peep" and a lot of tiny woolly sheep, which may be purchased for a penny apiece at a toy shop. At each place, or as souvenirs for the guests, have a little sheep with a bell on a ribbon around the neck.

For amusement prepare a number of cards about seven by five inches in size; have needles and various colored worsteds ready. Tell the guests to prick any design they wish in the card and then work it with the wool after the kindergarten method. Allow a half hour for this and then collect the finished creations and pin them up to be judged after the artists have signed their names. Award a prize for the best and poorest. After the refreshments pass a huge ball of yarn to a person whom you know to be a good story teller and request him or her to spin a yarn as the ball is unwound until a package is reached; then that person appropriates the "find," passes the ball to the next person, who continues the story where it was left off until he, too, is stopped by an obstacle in the ball. There are any number of small favors that may be used in making this ball.

Tiny mutton pies may form a feature of this entertainment, as they are suggestive of "wool." Any of the essays by Charles or Mary Lamb would be suitable for prizes, also a drawing or a framed sketch of the ever adorable "Mary" and her immortal "lamb." Worsted balls such as babies love are a pretty decoration when suspended from the chandeliers and gas jets.

A New Musical Game.

This contest will doubtless be new to many of our readers; it is easy to arrange, as almost no preparation is required. Give the guests paper and pencils, with the request to describe in musical terms the following articles as they are read off by the hostess:

A support for the trousers?—Brace.
Twenty?—Score.
A story in an apartment house?—Flat.
Not artificial?—Natural.
The beginning and the end of one of Shakespeare's plays?—Measure.
Oxygen and nitrogen combined?—Air.
By chance?—Accidental.
A material that defiles?—Pitch.
Twine?—Chord.
The name of one of Milton's poems?—Allegro.
A cane?—Staff.
The man with hour glass and sickle?—Time.
A warlike defense and the letter most in use?—Forte.
To observe?—Note.
An army officer?—Major.
Necessary conditions for surgical instruments?—Sharp.
A promise to pay three days after due?—Grace note.
Three times as much?—Treble.
Strengthening medicine?—Tonic.
A quiver of the voice?—Trill.
To filter?—Strain.
The stone that binds an arch?—Key.
A vegetable?—Beet (beat).
The table in a shop?—Counter.
A topic?—Theme.
The reverse of so loud?—Solo.
A faint?—Syncope.
What children do in winter?—Slide.
Remedy for fatigue?—Rest.
A person not of age?—Minor.

MADAME MERRI.

STYLES FROM ABROAD.

Lovely Muslins in Delicate Shades—Checked Skirts with Plain Black Jackets.

Lovely muslins are to be seen in almost every tint of pink, blue, mauve, gray, primrose and green, also white and black and white. Many of this season's dainty frocks are created from material resembling house flannel or a sort of tea cloth.

Black and white checks are exceedingly popular. In Paris ladies are wearing check skirts with plain cloth jackets. These skirts are made with a seam down the center of front and back. The front seam is ornamented with sets of buttons. This style of skirt discloses no other trimming, and it is made tight fitting about the hips, whence it gradually attains greater fullness as it reaches the hem. A short well-fitting black cloth jacket shows off the figure to advantage, and it invariably accompanies the check skirt. The coat is finished with a short rounded basque and narrow revers, trimmed with black moire silk.

TO COUNT CONSUMPTIVES.

Kansas Will Take Census of Tuberculosis Cases Preparatory to Partial Isolation.

Topeka, Kan.—To make a better campaign against tuberculosis the secretary of the Kansas board of health has been ordered by the board to make a complete census of cases in the state. It is estimated that there are about 5,000 consumptives in Kansas. All of these will be recorded according to stages, method of infection, habits of the patient and treatment. It is hoped by this census to obtain reliable information regarding "plague spots" and how to prevent infection.

Physicians will be required to report the first symptoms of a case. Then the county or city health officers will take charge and handle it as they do other contagious diseases, by partial isolation, disinfection and the observance of certain rules of cleanliness and care.

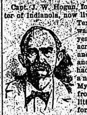
But Many Worries.

The man who is buried in thought has no funeral expenses.

UTTERLY WORN OUT.

Vitality Sapped by Years of Suffering With Kidney Trouble.

Capt. J. W. Hogun, former postmaster of Indianola, now living at Austin, Texas, writes: "I was afflicted for years with pains across the loins and in the hips and shoulders. I had headache also and neuralgia. My right eye, from pain, was of little use to me for years. The constant flow of urine kept my system depleted, causing nervous chills and night sweats. After trying seven different climates and using all kinds of medicines, I had the good fortune to hear of Doan's Kidney Pills. This remedy has cured me. I am as well today as I was twenty years ago, and my eyesight is perfect."



Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Needing and Wanting.

"See here," cried Goodley, as he caught the bum entering a saloon, "when I gave you that dime you said you needed something to eat."

"Quite so," replied the intelligent hobo, "I needed something to eat, but a drink is what I wanted."

A Stable Business.

"That was a perfectly lovely gentleman I met last night," declared the pretty milliner. "He has a good, reliable business, too?"

"What is it?" asked her friend.

"Why, he sells farm implements," continued the pretty girl.

"What kind of farm implements?"

"Buckets. Nothing but buckets. He told me he kept a bucket shop."

She Claimed the Dust.

"What was that the minister said in the cemetery?" asked the pretty young widow, after returning from the funeral of her elderly, rich husband.

"He repeated: 'Ashes to ashes and dust to dust,'" answered her friend.

"Well, I don't care about the ashes, but I'd like to have him understand that every cent of the dust comes to me." And she wept anew.

Wise Sherlock.

The modern Sherlock Holmes was called upon to fathom the great art robbery.

"Fudge!" exclaimed Sherlock, after a careful examination of the gallery. "I'll stake a gold certificate against a stogie that a tramp committed this deed."

"Why so?" we ventured in awe.

"Because he took every picture except the one entitled 'The Bath.'"

ASPARAGUS IS IN THE VAN.

Precedes the Other Fresh Vegetables That Spring Affords.

Asparagus is the precursor of the season of fresh vegetables, and there is probably no other vegetable the flavor of which is so highly esteemed as is that of tender asparagus. Chemical analysis offers no explanation of its pleasant flavor, but assigns to it a decidedly high nutritious value. Asparagus, however, furnishes one of those interesting examples of a food which, though containing more water in its composition than does milk, is nevertheless a solid substance. Thus the head of the asparagus contains slightly more than 93 per cent of water, which is only 1 per cent less than contained in the lettuce, but 5 per cent more than is present in milk. The solid constituents, however, are particularly rich in nitrogenous substances, which amount to 30 per cent of the dried vegetable.

Among these may be reckoned a purin body, to which has been ascribed the harmful influence of asparagus on some persons with a gouty tendency. When asparagus is consumed in large quantities the output of uric acid is very distinctly increased. The same effect is obtained after drinking copiously of beer, which also contains purin bodies, although they are entirely absent in wines, and, of course, in spirits. Sweetbread may be objectionable on similar grounds. There is no reason for thinking, however, that when asparagus is eaten in reasonable quantities it causes an undesirable disturbance of the bodily functions. On the contrary, it is very digestible and is easily tolerated, even by invalids.

OUTDOOR LIFE

Will Not Offset the Ill Effects of Coffee When One Cannot Digest It.

A farmer says:

"It was not from liquor or tobacco that for ten years or more I suffered from dyspepsia and stomach trouble, they were caused by the use of coffee until I got so bad I had to give up coffee entirely and almost give up eating. There were times when I could eat only boiled milk and bread and when I went to the field to work I had to take some bread and butter along to give me strength.

"I doctored with doctors and took almost everything I could get for my stomach in the way of medicine but if I got any better it only lasted a little while until I was almost a walking skeleton.

"One day I read an ad for Postum and told my wife I would try it, and as to the following facts I will make affidavit before any judge:

"I quit coffee entirely and used Postum in its place. I have regained my health entirely and can eat anything that is cooked to eat. I have increased in weight until now I weigh more than I ever did; I have not taken any medicine for my stomach since I began using Postum. Why, I believe Postum will almost digest an iron wedge.

"My family would stick to coffee at first, but they saw the effects it had on me, and when they were feeling bad they began to use Postum, one at a time, until now we all use Postum." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Ten days' trial of Postum in place of coffee proves the truth, an easy and pleasant way. "There's a reason."

Look in pkgs. for a copy of the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

MORE APPARENT HEIGHT.

May Be Obtained by Deep Breathing and System of Exercise for Reducing Superfluous Fat.

"As soon as you learn to breathe deeply all the time you will grow taller. As soon as you get into this habit of pulling a breath right from the bottom of your abdomen, you will grow stronger. As soon as you have acquired this peculiarity you will grow thinner. It exercises the muscles of the abdomen so thoroughly that they grow supple and able to throw off their fat. It is a cure for nearly every ill there is."

"Then come the bending motions, for it is part of suppleness that one can bend double and lay one's hand upon the floor. Of course one should not bend the knees. The idea is to bend without bending the knees and to lay the finger tips upon the carpet. This is the best of all known exercises for making the muscles limber.

The most important exercise upon growing taller is the pole exercise. The pole must be a long one, and about as thick as your wrist. While it does not have to bear your weight, it must be stout enough not to break when your strength is thrown upon it.

The exercises are simple. The first one is that of touching the ends of the pole. Reach out with your finger tips and try to reach the tips of the pole. Have the pole so long that you cannot quite reach the ends. Then keep on trying to touch them. It broadens the shoulders and gives the arms the exercise they need for the second motion.

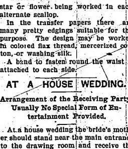
"The second pole motion is the real one when it comes to being higher. The pole is set on end, and the game is to reach up as high as possible. Try to touch the top. Don't climb the pole but simply reach up. Keep on reaching up and up for five minutes.

The way to do it is this: Take a deep, long breath; grasp the pole firmly in the middle; then travel up, hand over hand, until you go as high as you can. When you have reached your limit, make a mark, and begin over again. The highest mark will record your progress for that day. Next day try again. But don't keep on for more than five minutes at a time, for it is easy to injure your muscles in this manner.

PIANOFORE FOR MEALS.

Affords Much More Protection Than a Mere Bib and How to Make the Little Apron.

These pinafores take the place of a bib, and are really more protection to the white pinafore and dress over which they are worn. Diaper, linen and crash are all suitable materials in which to make it. The edge is buttonholed round in scallops, a small star or flower being worked in each alternate scallop.



TAKES THE PLACE OF A BIB.

In the transfer papers there are many pretty edgings suitable for the purpose. The design may be worked in colored flax thread, mercerized cotton, or washing silk.

A band to fasten round the waist is attached to each side.

AT A HOUSE WEDDING.

Arrangement of the Receiving Party, Usually No Special Form of Entertainment Provided.

At a house wedding the bride's mother should stand near the main entrance to the drawing room and receive the guests as they enter the room. The guests who wish to remove any wraps should be told where the dresing room is by the servant, who opens the front door. After removing their wraps they should at once descend to the drawing room, directs Elizabeth Biddle.

As a rule guests are not seated at a house wedding. The near relatives and intimate friends of the bridal couple should stand on either side of the room near the place where the marriage ceremony is to take place. If you are to have ushers they should escort the guests to their places in the room, taking care that the members of the family are near the bridal party.

After the ceremony the guests are expected to look at the presents, if they are displayed, and to partake of the refreshments in the dining-room. The bridal party should remain in the drawing-room until they have received the congratulations of all the guests, after which they may go to the dining-room.

The bride's father and mother should introduce their friends to the mother and father of the groom.

Verisimilitude.

"Hiram," said Mrs. Corntossel, "what makes you say 'by gosh' so much and wear your trousers in your boots?"

"I'm rehearsin'," answered the farmer, "for the benefit of the summer boarders who are comin' next week. If some of us don't talk that way they won't think we're real country folks like they've been readin' about."—Washington Star.

Getting His Money's Worth.

"Does it make any difference which door we go in at?" asked his wife, as the street car stopped at the crossing.

"No," answered Mr. Tyte-Phist, "but if we go in at the rear door and get off at the front end of the car we get a little longer ride for our money."—Chicago Tribune.

His Motor Boat.

"You're so awfully little," said the seal to the mud turtle, "I don't see how you get around!"

"Oh, I don't paddle my own canoe," said the turtle, "I take most of my trips on an alligator's back."—Detroit Press.

THE SCIENCE OF LIVING.

Dr. George F. Butler Tells How to Eat and How to Assimilate.

Dr. George F. Butler, medical superintendent of the Alma Springs Sanitarium, Alma, Mich., in the October number of "How to Live," gives some interesting as well as sensible rules for acquiring and keeping health. He says: "Without we eat and drink, we die! The provocative to do both rests with the appetite, which, in process of time, becomes a very uncertain guide; for the palate will often induce a desire and relish for that which is most mischievous and indigestible. The old saying of 'eat what you like' is now shunned by everybody of 20 years' experience. Still without appetite, it is a very difficult affair to subsist—for the pleasure depends chiefly upon the relish. The relish may become, as has been stated, a vitiated one, but it is quite possible to make the stomach, by a little forbearance and practice, as enamored of what is wholesome and nutritious as of that which is hurtful and not concoctible."

Again he says: "The delicate should feed carefully, not abundantly, it is not quantity which nourishes, but only that which assimilates."

"Be careful of your digestion" is the keynote of the doctor's argument. He says: "Health in man, as in other animals depends upon the proper performance of all functions. These functions may be shortly said to be three: (1). tissue change; (2) removal of waste; (3) supply of new material. For the activity of man, like the heat of the fire by which he cooks his food, is maintained by combustion; and just as the fire may be prevented from burning brightly by improper disposition of the fuel, or imperfect supply of air, and as it will certainly go out if fresh fuel is not supplied, and may be chocked by its own ashes, so man's activity may be lessened by imperfect tissue change and may be put an end to by an insufficient supply of new material and imperfect removal of waste products.

"We should see to it that free elimination is maintained; for the ashes must be kept out of the system in order to have good health. The skin, kidneys and bowels must do their eliminative work properly. If the bowels occasionally become torpid, try to regulate them with exercise and proper food, such as fruits, green vegetables, salads, cereals, corn, whole wheat or graham bread, fish, poultry, light soups and etc. Plenty of water is also valuable, and a glass full of cold or hot water the first thing upon rising in the morning will aid much in overcoming constipation. Regular habit, cold baths, and massage are very efficacious. In case the constipation does not yield to these hygienic measures, some simple, harmless laxative may be required, such as California Syrup of Figs—a non-irritating preparation of senna in fig syrup. Laxative mineral waters are beneficial in some cases, but not to be employed continually.

"Above all be an optimist, keep the heart young. Cultivate kindness, cheerfulness and love, and do not forget that 'we shall pass through this world but once.' Any good thing, therefore, that we do, or any kindness that we show to any human being, let us do it now. Let us not defer it or neglect it, for we shall not pass this way again."

Behind the Times.

"You oughtn't to make love to me and try to kiss me before we have been acquainted five minutes," protested the unsophisticated maiden, readjusting her pompadour.

"That's where you push the wrong button," said the young man. "When this little affair of ours is worked up into a modern love story we shall have done over a thousand words of scintillating, rapturous courtship inside of three minutes. Quit turning your face away!"

There are no gains without pains.

Keen Sight of Birds of Prey.

The sharp-eyed hawk can spy a lark upon a piece of earth almost exactly the same color at twenty times the distance it is perceptible to man or dog. A kite soaring out of human sight can still distinguish and pounce upon lizards and field mice upon the ground, and the distance at which vultures and eagles can sight their prey is almost incredible.

Recent discoveries have inclined naturalists to the belief that birds of prey have not the acute sense of smell or of hearing that has hitherto been accredited them. Their keen sight seems better to account for their action, and they appear to be guided by sight alone, as they never sniff at anything, but dart straight at the object of their desire.

Their counterparts in the ocean doubtless smell and see, but are more guided by smell than sight. In both sharks and rays the eyes are good and have a distinct expression, though since they scent their prey from a short distance and swim up to it with greatest rapidity, smell may be called their real eye.

A Viscount's Wager.

A marvelous story is being told in Paris of a peer painter's pilgrimage.

Ten years ago, according to the story, Viscount Jacques de Gruart laid a wager of £12,000 with some companions that he would make the tour of the world on one foot, accompanied by his fiancee, whom he was to marry on the day of his departure, husband and wife subsisting exclusively the whole time on the viscount's earnings as an amateur painter. There was no stipulation as to time.

The pair have just reached Paris on their return, after succesfully accomplishing their undertaking and winning their bet. They have traversed Europe, America, Africa and Australia, living on nothing but the meagre profits of the viscount's brush.

Searchlight Scared Footpads.

To a searchlight used by a local advertising electrical firm Charles Douglas, an oil worker, ascribes his escape from two highwaymen.

The searchlight, on the top of a high building, sweeps every part of the city. While Douglas, alone, was in the southern part of town late at night, he was confronted by two men, who ordered him to "shell out." Douglas started to comply, when suddenly the beams of the searchlight fell full upon the faces of the two men, who, terrified, took to their heels. Douglas also ran and made good his escape.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn. Mildred H. P. Catlin, Minneapolis, Minn., bookholder; Fred Fullerton, Groton, S. D., threshing machine; Francis M. Henry and J. G. Madden, Minneapolis, Minn., concrete construction; Thomas W. Jerrems, St. Paul, Minn., grass twine machine; Hans A. Mikkelson, Granite Falls, Minn., checkrein holder; William T. Price, Minneapolis, Minn., manufacturing car-seal pockets; Christian Sundby, Duluth, Minn., weighing scale.

Not the Loser.

Hardup—I'll never go to that restaurant again. The last time I was there a man got my overcoat and left his in its place.

Weloff—But the proprietor wasn't to blame, was he?

Hardup—No, but I might meet the other man.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Some men can argue a point for half a day without offering one good reason.

What is a Backache?

IT IS NATURE'S WARNING TO WOMEN

Diseases of Woman's Organism Cured and Consequent Pain Stopped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"It seems as though my back would break." Women utter these words over and over again, but continue to drag along and suffer with aches in the small of the back, pain low down in the side, "bearing-down" pains, nervousness and no ambition for any task.

Miss Maude Morris

They do not realize that the back is the mainspring of woman's organism, and quickly indicates by aching a diseased condition of the female organs or kidneys, and that the aches and pains will continue until the cause is removed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been for many years the one and only effective remedy in such cases. It speedily cures female and kidney disorders and restores the female organs to a healthy condition.

"I have suffered with female troubles for over two years, suffering intense pain each month, my back ached until it seemed as though it would break, and I felt so weak all over that I did not find strength to attend to my work but had to stay in bed a large part of the first two or three days every month. I would have sleepless nights, bad dreams and severe headaches. All this undermined my health.

"We consulted an old family physician, who advised that I try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I began taking it regularly and soon found that I could sleep and eat better than I had done for months. Within two months I became regular and I no longer suffer from backache or pain."—Miss Maude Morris, Sec. Ladies' Aid and Mission Society, 85 E. Hunter St., Atlanta, Ga.

EDUCATIONAL.

The Greatest Boarding College in the World
University of Notre Dame
NOTRE DAME, INDIANA
We guarantee two points: Our students study and our students behave themselves
18 Buildings 75 Professors 800 Students
Courses in Ancient and Modern Languages, English, History and Economics, Chemistry, Biology, Pharmacy, Civil, Electrical, and Mechanical Engineering, Architecture, Law, Shorthand, Book-keeping, Type-writing.
SPECIAL DEPARTMENT FOR BOYS UNDER THIRTEEN
TERMS: Board, Tuition, and Laundry, $400.
Send ten cents to the President for Catalogue

YOU CANNOT
CURE
all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions of the mucous membrane such as nasal catarrh, uterine catarrh caused by feminine ills, sore throat, sore mouth or inflamed eyes by simply dosing the stomach.
But you surely can cure these stubborn affections by local treatment with
Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic
which destroys the disease germs, checks discharges, stops pain, and heals the inflammation and soreness.
Paxtine represents the most successful local treatment for feminine ills ever produced. Thousands of women testify to this fact. 50 cents at druggists.
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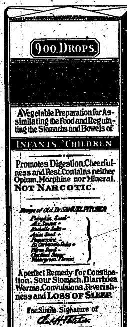

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NOT NARCOTIC.
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Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
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N W N U —NO. 29— 1906.

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Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JULY 28, 1906. NUMBER 2.

CZAR'S BOLD ACTION PRECIPITATES WAR

Dissolves Parliament and Raises Curtain on Last Act in Drama of the Russian Revolution.

Government and People Now Face to Face, Both Sides Determined to Fight to Bitter End.

St. Petersburg, July 24.—An imperial ukase has been promulgated dissolving parliament and fixing the time for the convocation of the newly elected assembly as March 5, 1907.

Under Martial Law.

A second ukase places St. Petersburg in a state of extraordinary security by the declaration of a minor form of martial law.

A large part of the province of Kiev, where armed uprisings are anticipated in consequence of the dissolution of parliament, is placed under martial law.

It is now but a step to dictatorship.

Premier Goremykin Fired.

Another imperial ukase relieved M. Goremykin of the premiership and appointed M. Stolypin premier. He also retains his present post of minister of the interior.

While M. Stolypin is undoubtedly a much stronger man than his predecessor, he probably will be unequal to the task of piloting the country through the revolutionary upheaval which is just ahead, and the general belief is that a dictatorship must come soon.

Issue Depends on Army.

With the imperial ukase dissolving parliament the curtain rose upon possibly the last act in the great drama of the Russian revolution. The people and the government now stand face to face, and upon the army depends the issue.

Even should the government, however, succeed in restraining an outbreak of the people, the victory probably will only be temporary and simply confine the steam for the final explosion.

No one doubts the severity of the storm which will rise in the country in response to the emperor's dispersal of the men whom he welcomed two months ago in the winter palace as the ablest men in Russia: but the die is cast. The government has elected to fight, and the capital yesterday bore eloquent testimony of the preparations made to repress the masses by force. The city was packed with soldiers and resembled an armed camp.

The work of gathering in revolutionary agitators began immediately after the ukase placing St. Petersburg in a "state of extraordinary security" was promulgated, and hundreds of arrests were made before daylight.

Petty Dictators.

The powers conferred upon M. Von der Launitz, prefect of police, and M. Zinovieff, governor of the province, are little short of those of petty dictators. Searches and arrests can be made without process of law, newspapers forced to suspend publication and persons deported by administrative order without trial. Public and private meetings are forbidden. Those arrested may, if it is desired, be tried by military court and summarily executed. The only real difference between "extraordinary security" and full martial law is that power is exercised by the so-called civil instead of military authority.

People Will Rise En Masse.

The news traveled fast in the country, and the general expectation is that the peasantry, accepting the dispersal of parliament as the final blow to their hopes, will arise en masse.

The proletariat organizations have been preparing for months for just such a provocation to declare war. It is impossible to describe the consternation with which the Constitutional Democrats learned the news. Although it had been bruited about for the past three days, the ukase was received by them in blank amazement.

Members Not Daunted.

The government undoubtedly calculated on catching the opposition off its guard, but if it expected to strike terror to the hearts of the members of parliament it has failed signally. Some time ago, when dissolution seemed imminent, the various groups of the opposition virtually agreed to follow the example of their French compatriots of the states general and meet, if driven out of the Tauride palace, wherever and whenever circumstances dictated until a constitution was firmly established.

Will Meet in Finland.

After a hurried secret conference it was decided, on account of the possibility of the meeting being broken up and the members arrested, that they go immediately to Finland and decide upon the future course to be pursued, and small groups left yesterday by train.

The Constitutional Democrats and Intellectuals generally recognize that they have no weapon with which to fight the government bayonets. The initiative, therefore, naturally will fall to the proletariat.

Will Paralyze Country.

This the Social Democrats and the Group of Toil in parliament all along have recognized, and the most elaborate preparations have been made to repeat the tactics of last fall and paralyze the country with a general strike. But the plans at this time have been perfected with much more deliberation and involve not only the paralysis of cities, telegraphs, railroads and all means of communication throughout the empire, but a complete strike of peasants in the country as well. They confidently believe the loyalty of the troops has been so shaken that the military supports of the government will give way, and that when put to the test the army will be divided against itself.

PROF. MOURMONTSEFF, President of Douma.

DOUMA ISSUES APPEAL.

Citizens Urged to Defy Government—Spirit of Revolt Spreads.

St. Petersburg, July 25.—The great news of yesterday was the adoption of an address to the people by the members of parliament, who assembled at Viborg, the language of which, with its revolutionary demands that the people cease to furnish money and troops to the government and repudiate further loans, affords pretext enough for the government to lodge its authors in the fortress, if it feels strong enough. A rumor was spread last night that this course had been decided upon.

A large crowd gathered at the Finland station last night where the deputies were expected to arrive, but only a few appeared and these were not molested, and neither was there a popular demonstration.

Police Watch Newspapers.

Copies of the appeal to the people are in the hands of all St. Petersburg newspapers, but it will scercely be printed to-day for the reason that a detachment of police is posted at the door of every newspaper printing office in the city, with orders not to permit any papers to leave the building until authorized by the censor. The authorities hope by equally vigorous measures to prevent the publication of the appeal in other cities, and in the meantime to nullify the fears of the people as to the possible effect of the appeal.

The theaters and other places of amusement were almost empty last night, the public fearing a conflict between the crowds and the military and police. Several encounters took place in various parts of the city, but they were all of a petty character.

A Provisional Government.

A few days may witness the constitution of a "provisional government," composed of an enlarged council of ministers, with the inclusion of conservative members of the dispersed lower house of parliament, councilors of the empire and men influential in the life of the empire, who can be induced to accept ministries without portfolios and contribute their authority and advice, to which Premier Stolypin and the members of his cabinet, who realize the enormous nature of the task of tiding over the the country during the

Tempestuous Era

that is now dawning, are turning, and it was the subject of deliberation at a meeting of the cabinet last evening. The Associated Press is informed that a majority of the ministers have become converts to the idea and that its adoption depends upon the success of M. Stolypin in inducing men like Former Minister Shipoff, Count Heyden, Former Commerce Minister Timiriaseff and M. Guchkoff to compromise their future by allying themselves with such a "king's council."

Popular Representation.

The Associated Press is also informed that a ukase will soon be issued fixing the date of elections for parliament for the first week in December, Russian style, and that as an additional guarantee that the principle of popular representation will not be abandoned, another edict will be issued, proroguing the council of the empire until the convocation of the new parliament without calling new elections for elective members.

Gigantic Upheaval Coming.

Meanwhile the masses of the Russian people, slow of thought and action, have not yet roused themselves to the gigantic upheaval which is sure to follow the dissolution of their parliament. Minor disorders are reported from half a dozen cities. An incipient anti-Jewish outbreak at Odessa has been checked by the police. A sympathetic strike has been begun at the Kharkov railroad shops, which may inaugurate a general tie-up of communications, but St. Petersburg, Moscow and most of the great centers are still calm on the surface, though boiling and seething beneath.

Final Act of Drama.

Viborg, Finland, July 25.—The curtain dropped yesterday afternoon on the final act of the drama of Russia's first parliament, when under the spur of the threat of Gov. Rechamberg to use military force to end the session, and with troops already converging on the Hotel Belvidere, where the meeting was held, 186 members of the lower house hurriedly adopted and signed an address to the people which is thoroughly revolutionary in its nature; elected a perpetual executive committee, headed by Prince Paul Dolgouroukoff, vice president of the house, to carry on the work of liberation, and adjourned amidst characteristic Russian embracing and kissing.

Members Fear Arrest.

A few members, including President Mouromtseff, Ivan Petrunkevitch and Count Heyden returned to St. Petersburg by evening trains. The Constitutional Democratic cohorts intend to go to St. Petersburg in a body in the morning, but many of the radicals, fearing arrest at the capital, will remain in Finland or return by roundabout routes.

The address, which bears a remarkable similarity to the manifesto framed by the council of workmen last November that landed its authors and the editors of eight St. Petersburg newspapers in the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul, strikes the government in its most vulnerable point by declaring that the administration is responsible for the delay in the settlement of the agrarian question and by proclaiming a cessation of payment of taxes and of military servitude and a repudiation of future loans.

Hits the Government.

The address concludes as follows:

"Citizens: Stand up for you trampled-on rights, for popular representation and for a complete parliament. Russia must not remain a day without popular representation. You possess the means of acquiring it. The government has, without the assent of the popular representatives, no right to collect taxes from the people, nor to summon the people to military service. Therefore, you are now the government. The dissolved parliament was justified in giving neither money nor soldiers.

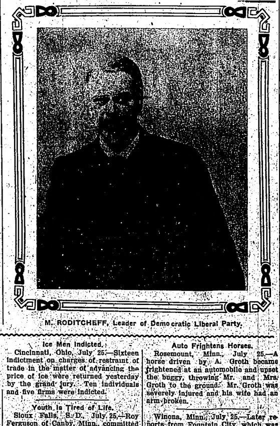
"Should the government, however, contract loans in order to procure funds, such loans will be invalid without the consent of the popular representatives. The Russian people will never acknowledged them and will not be called upon to pay them. Accordingly, until a popular representative parliament is summoned, do not give a kopec to the throne or a soldier to the army. Be steadfast in your refusal. No power can resist the united, inflexible will of the people.

"Citizens, in this obligatory and unavoidable struggle your representatives will be with you."

SUES SEVEN RANCHMEN.

They Are Charged With Illegally Fencing Nebraska Land.

Omaha, July 25.—Seven suits were filed in the federal court yesterday by District Attorney Gans against ranchmen in the western part of the state to compel them to remove unlawful fences from the public domain. They are alleged to have a total of 293,000 acres illegally inclosed. Several of the defendants are already under indicment in connection with alleged land frauds.



M. RODITCHEFF, Leader of Democratic Liberal Party.

RUSSELL SAGE DIES SUDDENLY

MULTIMILLIONAIRE AND NESTOR OF AMERICAN FINANCIERS PASSES AWAY.

HEART FAILURE THE CAUSE

WAS AN OFFICER AND DIRECTOR IN TWENTY-THREE GREAT COMPANIES.

New York, July 24.—Russell Sage died suddenly yesterday at his country home, Cedarcroft, at Lawrence, L. I. The immediate cause of death was heart failure, resulting from a complication of diseases incident to old age. The veteran financier would have celebrated his ninetieth birthday Aug. 4.

Mr. Sage had been in exceptionally good health since his arrival at his summer home, about six months ago. At noon yesterday he was seized with a sinking spell and collapsed, falling into unconsciousness about two hours before his death, which occurred at 4:30 o'clock.

At the Deathbed.

There were present at the end Mrs. Sage; her brother, Col. J. D. Slocum; Rev. E. T. Leitch, Dr. Theodore Janeway, New York; Dr. Carl Schmuk, Philadelphia, and Dr. J. C. Munn, for many years Mr. Sage's family physician, who was summoned from New York when the first alarming symptoms were noticed.

The funeral services will be held Wednesday from the West Presbyterian church, in West Forty-second street, of which Mr. Sage had been a member for many years. The interment will take place Thursday in Troy.

Mrs. Sage and her brother, Col. Slocum, are named as the executors of Mr. Sage's will.

It is generally believed that Mr. Sage's vast interests will not be seriously affected by his death.

Began as Errand Boy.

Russell Sage, multimillionaire and Nestor of American financiers, was born on Aug. 4, 1816 in Verona, Oneida county, N. Y. At the age of twelve years Russell began his career as an errand boy in the grocery store of his brother Henry, in Troy. At the age of twenty-two he established a wholesale grocery of his own in that place.

In 1857 the young merchant had acquired a fortune estimated at almost half a million dollars, a good sized amount for those days, and determined to retire from active business life. He had, however, become deeply interested in finance, his first transaction in this being a loan to the La Crosse Railway company, which led to further transactions, resulting in his acquiring large interests in the roads forming the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul system, of which he became vice president.

Goes Into Wall Street.

This decided Mr. Sage to devote his future energies to operations in Wall street, and in 1868 he opened his first office in New York. About this time he formed an association with Jay Gould which lasted for many years. About 1872 Mr. Sage originated the system of trading in "puts," "calls" and "straddles," in which he continued thereafter on a colossal scale. While he purchased a seat on the New York stock exchange in 1874, it is believed he never appeared on the floor.

His operations necessitated the possession of a vast amount of ready capital, and Mr. Sage always kept his resources so well in hand that in any emergency he was able to command almost unlimited funds. At the time of his death Mr. Sage was an officer and director in twenty-three great railway and telegraph companies.

SCORE KILLED IN TRAIN WRECK.

Fast Passenger Train Collides Head-on With a Freight.

Charlotte, N. C., July 24.—About twenty persons were killed and more than that number injured in a head-on collision between a passenger train and an extra freight near Rockingham, N. C., last evening. Many of the victims are said to be negroes. Up to midnight the official reports sent to the general offices of the Seaboard Air line here showed that nineteen dead and twenty-three injured were taken from the wreck.

Operator Is Blamed.

Officials of the company say they cannot tell as yet the exact extent of the disaster, but express the opinion that the casualties will not reach much beyond the figures given. They attribute the disaster to the failure of the telegraph operator at Rockingham to deliver orders to the passenger train.

As soon as the news of the wreck reached Hamlet a wrecking engine was sent out and the division superintendent and other officials of the road hurried to the scene and took charge of the work of relief. Advices from the wreck are meager.

Both Trains Destroyed.

Engineer F. B. Lewis and Fireman Tom Hill of the passenger train were killed. The negro fireman of the freight also is said to have been killed, while the engineer of the freight saved himself by jumping. Only a few of the bodies extricated from the wreck have been identified.

NINE DROWN IN HARBOR.

Steel Steamer Cuts Small Craft in Two at Vancouver, B. C.

Vancouver, B. C., July 24.—Nine persons lost their lives by an accident which occurred on Burrard inlet, the harbor of Vancouver, yesterday. The Chehalis was run down and cut in two by the steel steamer Princess Victoria, leaving this port for Victoria and Seattle. The Chehalis had on board a party of fifteen, bound for the oyster beds at Blunderharbor, on the north coast of British Columbia. The party included the owners of the beds and representatives of an English syndicate which contemplates purchasing the oyster beds.

Old Mora Hotel Burned.

Mora, Minn., July 24.—The Conger hotel caught fire yesterday and was burned to the ground, being a total loss, together with its contents. Loss estimated at $8,000. The building was one of the oldest landmarks of this part of the state.

SUPPRESS NEWS OF DISORDERS

TRUE CONDITION OF AFFAIRS IN THE INTERIOR NOT OBTAINABLE.

POSTPONE GENERAL STRIKE

UNTIL GOVERNMENT IS LESS AND COUNTRY MORE PREPARED FOR IT.

St. Petersburg, July 26.—Though it is difficult to obtain a true picture of the conditions in the interior, owing to the embargo that has been put upon press dispatches, indications point more and more to the postponement of the general strike until the government shall be less and the country more prepared for such an event; until the harvest is finished and the revolutionary movement develops spontaneously in the idle peasantry.

What news has been received from the provinces indicates that conditions are scarcely ripe, except in the famine district, for an upheaval.

Laboring With Hotheads.

The strategists of the revolutionary councils are laboring with the hotheads to induce them to defer the call for a general strike until it can come as a supplement to the movement already under way. A definite decision will be reached within a day or two in the reorganized council of workmen.

The remnant of the Constitutional Democratic deputies, many of whom after having collected the arrears of salary and mileage due them, have started homeward, are caucusing industriously, but their importance has gone.

Moderates for Cabinet.

Neither the government nor the revolutionists pay much attention to the former dominant party in the house.

The government has not abandoned its efforts to enlist moderates in the cabinet. Prof. Mouromtseff, the president of the dissolved house, and for whom Premier Stolypin was vainly searching with an invitation to go to Peterhof while the former was presiding over the outlaw parliament at Viborg, was again approached yesterday. But there is only the slightest prospect that he can be swayed, even by imperial command, to take office.

No further changes in the cabinet have been decided upon.

Distress in Interior.

The most urgent problem before the government in case an immediate outbreak is postponed is the reign of distress in the interior. The cabinet meeting Tuesday was devoted to this subject, and it was voted to extend relief work in the famine districts. A commission was appointed to decide where the budget could be cut to find the $7,500,000 voted by parliament for famine relief. It will be necessary also to provide more cash for the settlement of claims for damages to estates, the commission for Yekaterinoslav province alone demanding $150,000 in addition to the $250,000 already expended.

Special Powers for Admiral.

Premier Stolypin announced to the council of the empire yesterday that he obtained from Emperor Nicholas special powers for Admiral Skyrdloff in maintaining order and discipline in the Black sea fleet. The admiral, who departed yesterday for Sebastopol, told the Associated Press that his first task will be to investigate the arrests of sailors of the fleets and to reinstate those who were unjustly sent to prison. He intimates that he considered the officers largely to blame for the mutinous crews.

Bandits Roam at Will.

Tiflis, July 26.—In consequence of revolutionary terrorism the administration of the viceroyalty of the Caucasus has been completely paralyzed and officials are resigning in large numbers. Bandits roam about at will, even in the daytime, in Tiflis and its suburbs, exacting tribute. One band has made a systematic collection of $2.50 from peasants. In the government of Tiflis the country paths are in complete ruin owing to the suspension of industry and agriculture.

PICK DRIVEN INTO CHEST.

Black Hills Miner Is Fatally Injured by Explosion.

Deadwood, S. D., July 26.—Henry Nicokll, a miner, lies at the hospital at the point of death as a result of an attempt to pick the powder out of a missed hole. The force of the resulting explosion was such as to drive the point of the pick through his chest between the second and third ribs. It missed the heart by only half an inch. His eyesight is completely gone, and his recovery is deemed impossible. Two other men who were working with him received only slight injuries.

Hail Does Heavy Damage.

Lincoln, Neb., July 26.—Dispatches from points in Adams county says a hail storm there last night did heavy damage for a radius of several miles. Around Heartwell crops were totally destroyed, vegetation being pounded into the ground.

Drowned While Bathing.

Forest City, Iowa, July 26.—Emil Olson, a young man employed as groomsman for one of the race horses at present in this city, was drowned in Lime creek while bathing.

Clubbed Father to Death.

Trenton, Mo., July 24.—Patrick Woods, a wagonmaker at Alpha, was killed by his son Christopher. The old man was intoxicated and going to the home of his son threatened the inmates with a handax. The son seized a club and beat his father to death.

Drowned in St. Croix.

Stillwater, Minn., July 25.—A son of John K. Larson, thirteen years old, was drowned in the St. Croix while bathing.

Waistmakers Strike.

Philadelphia, July 25.—Twenty-five girls employed in the shirtwaist factory of Putelman Bros. & Fagan went on strike because of the presence among the workers of employes distasteful to a majority of the girls.

Three Killed by a Train.

Watertown, S. D., July 25.—Mrs. Gus Berndt and two daughters were run down on a trestle by a Rock Island train near White yesterday and killed.

Ice Men Indicted.

Cincinnati, Ohio, July 25.—Sixteen indictment on charges of restraint of trade in the matter of advancing the price of ice were returned yesterday by the grand jury. Ten individuals and five firms were indicted.

Youth Is Tired of Life.

Sioux Falls, S. D., July 25.—Roy Ferguson of Canby, Minn., committed suicide here by taking poison. No cause is known. He was eighteen years old.

Auto Frightens Horses.

Rosemount, Minn., July 25.—A horse driven by A. Groth became frightened at an automobile and upset the buggy, throwing Mr. and Mrs. Groth to the ground. Mr. Groth was severely injured and his wife had an arm broken.

Winona, Minn., July 25.—Later reports from Fountain City, which was visited by a destructive fire Sunday, are to the effect that the property loss is between $50,000 and $60,000.

BROKER'S CLERK ARRESTED.

St. Louis Police Continue Wire Tapping Investigation.

St. Louis, July 24.—As a result of the police investigation into the alleged wire tapping at the Merchants exchange, another arrest was made. Thomas P. Lahey, employed by a local brokerage firm, was arrested on a warrant charging meddling with a telegraph line and was released on bond. Neither Lahey nor the police would discuss the arrest.

Mill City Has $25,000 Fire.

Minneapolis, July 24.—Fire broke out shortly after 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the yards of the Bruce-Edgerton Lumber company, almost totally destroying the stock and causing a loss of about $25,000. It is not known how the fire originated.

Portsmouth, R. I., July 24.—By the capsizing of a sailing skiff yesterday Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Anthony of Portsmouth and their daughter, aged four years, were drowned.

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THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

	PASSENGER	
9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30pm
	LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.	
10:10 am Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar	Wylie	Lv 10:45am

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Saturday, July 28, 1906.

Republican State Ticket.

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KNUTE NELSON,
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Governor—
A. L. COLE,
Cass County.

Lieutenant Governor—
A. O. EBERDART,
Blue Earth County.

Chief Justice—
CHARLES M. START,
Olmsted County.

State Treasurer—
CLARENCE DINEHART,
Murray County.

Secretary of State—
JULIUS SCHM'HL,
Redwood County.

Attorney General—
E. T. YOUNG,
Swift County.

State Auditor—
S. G. IVERSON,
Fillmore County.

Clerk of the Supreme Court—
C. A. PIDGEON,
Wright County.

Railroad Commissioner—
C. F. STAPLES,
Dakota County.

A woman cannot vote at a primary election but she can be a candidate, is the latest opinion of the attorney general.

Russell Sage, the New York millionaire, is dead. He was reputed to be the stingiest man in the country. No tears.

The long-suffering people of Russia are having more trouble. The white-winged dove of peace evidently does not like that climate.

Our own creamery paid the highest price for butter fat last month that was paid in the northern part of the state. Many creameries paid nearly two cents a pound less.

There seems to be a growing demand upon the part of the voters to have legislative candidates inform the public what they intend to do after they are elected. A few pledges in advance won't hurt.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: Editor Harry Ives, of the St. Hilaire SPECTATOR, has filed as a candidate for the republican nomination as clerk of the District Court. Harry is an old resident of the county and can be depended on to make a strong hustle for the office he seeks.

Judge Watts has dissolved the temporary injunction issued by Court Commissioner Toupin restraining County Auditor Ford from calling the county seat election. The case was appealed by the Red Lake Falls attorneys and it will come up in the October term of the supreme court.

Dodge Center Star: We hear of several Minnesotans who were attracted to the Canadian northwest by daring advertisements and great stories of the wonders of that country, who are now wondering how they can get back to this country again. We have received a letter from a former Dodge county farmer in which he says that if he can sell out and get rid of what little he has left, he will get out of that forsaken country and return to this country well satisfied to remain here.—Dodge Center Star.

Owatonna Journal: Perusal of the running accounts of the intermittent county seat fight in Jackson county, between Jackson and Lakefield, which has lasted for some fifty years more or less, if our memory does not trick us, has finally convinced us that Steele county has missed a whole lot of fun and excitement in not having a county seat fight. It sure beats a hanging bee way out, because it lasts longer and no one gets hurt, while a political scrap is a pink tea in comparison with it.

This is what a fellow gets for trying to be funny:

> Now that the attorney general has ruled that women cannot vote at the primaries, what a pickle we would be in if they got mad and refused to vote at the general election.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Well, now, Bro. Ives, all joshing aside, if that should happen it would probably mean that we would be in the pickle, sooner or later, of seeing them doing their share in maintaining a better government than we are now running alone. If a test were made we believe just as many men as women would be found in this state who are incompetent to vote their sex being their sole claim to the privilege. The ones most opposed to woman suffrage are usually the ones who believe the franchise is theirs "by divine right" and are too egotistically selfish to share with others whose right is just as reasonable. Sort of a "dog in the manger" deal where they can't get the best results alone but are too stubborn to accept good help offered. Yes, if the women of the state of Minnesota got "spunky" now and refused to vote again until they could vote the same as men, we should take it as a sign that they would be doing something pretty quick to get that complete franchise. Then in spite of his avoirdupois, our esteemed brother would have no more control in public affairs than his wife,—and he would be in a pickle, wouldn't he.—Halstad Reporter.

Peanut Trade Secrets.

Some peanuts that are bought ready roasted are of a light yellow color. Others, however, are pronounced brunettes. There is a reason for this. The great American peanut will remain crisp only a day or two after roasting and in damp weather only a few hours. It absorbs moisture rapidly, so that two days after roasting the finest nuts lose their crispness and are to all intents and purposes as though they had never been cooked. The Italian and Greek peanut men freshen up their stocks by roasting again and reroasting. When the process has been repeated three or four times, though, the peanut begins to take on a tawny hue, which is considered objectionable by those who have stands in the better parts of town. These much roasted goobers are therefore sold at a discount to Greeks and Italians who have stands near railroad stations and the cheaper resorts, who can roast, reroast and re-reroast them indefinitely until they are finally sold.—New York Press.

A Camera Fiend.

A well known criminal lawyer one day sauntered into a police court just as a case was called. It appeared that the defendant had no attorney, and the judge glanced about the room to see whom he might assign to the case.

"I'll take it, judge," the late comer said, wishing to pass away the time.

"By the way, what is the man charged with?" the attorney presently asked.

"He's a camera fiend of the worst sort, Mr. Brown," the judge said, with a slight smile. "I expect to send him to the workhouse for about three months."

"What?" the lawyer shouted indignantly. "Your honor must be joking. Send a man to the rock pile for three months for a little harmless amusement like taking pictures?"

"Well," the judge said mildly, "he doesn't take pictures much—it's the cameras he takes."—New York Times.

A Wonderful Escape.

Fieschi tried to assassinate King Louis Philippe of France in July, 1835. The king was riding along the lines of the national guard in the Boulevard du Temple. There came a crash and a rush of bullets. Louis Philippe's arm was grazed, his horse was shot in the neck, Marshal Mortier fell dead and about thirteen other people were killed and thirty wounded. Fieschi had taken the upper floors of a house several weeks before and there rigged up an oaken frame four feet by three feet six inches, supported on four posts of oak and itself supporting twenty-five gun barrels fixed in grooves at various angles so as to command an area of twenty-five feet in length and ten feet in height. When he fired the train of powder that let off his battery the king would have been killed if four barrels had not burst and two missed fire.

Ancient Locks.

Locks were used in the time of the pharaohs. At Karnak the visitor is shown the sculptured representation of a lock which is almost exactly like one kind of lock used in Egypt at the present day. Homer says that Penelope used a brass key to open her wardrobe. He adds that it was very crooked and had an ivory handle. A Greek writer who lived in the last half of the twelfth century explains that such keys were undoubtedly very ancient, although still to be seen in Constantinople and elsewhere. Roman locks, like the Egyptian, required a partial sliding of the key. They were, however, more intri-

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Ditch Petition.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake. } ss

In the matter of the petition of Lorens Hansen and others, for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 26.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 26, beginning at the northeast corner of section 13, in township 153, range 44 (town of Sanders), thence, running south along the range line on the east side of sections 13, 24, 25 and 36, in said town of Sanders, and thence south through the northwest quarter of section 1 in township 152, range 44 (town of Black River), to and terminating at a point on what is known as the St. Hilaire ditch as its outlet, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Lorens Hansen, Michael C. Harlow, Einer P. Kaaravan, Hogan Hanson, Wm. C. Weeks, Inga Turnwall, John G. Campbell, I. W. Keerl, L. K. Scroggin, James Donaldson, Elmer McCraney, W. A. Mathews, J. O. Thorstad, Charles Gustafson, Laura H. Kridler, Henry Pope, Christian Kittelson, Wm. D. Hammel, Andrew H. Kolseth, James F. Davis, Charles R. Williams, Thos. Thompson, Henry Gonigam, Andrew T. Anderson, John T. Anderson, J. S. Thomas, Ole O. Opperud, Wm. Schramm, A. A. Cooper, C. A. Brink, H. C. L. Stoll, Andrew R. Peterson, Wilson & Hendrickson, Andrew Elmquist, W. J. Remington, Nils Lundahl, Julius C. Peterson, St. Hilaire Townsite Co., Crookston Lumber Co., Ole P. Melting, John Gunderson, Gustaf Gunderson, Carl F. Hillberg, Thos. Downing, Adele Ashall, Adolph Satterberg, Nora C. Bengston, M. V. B. Ives, Peder Anderson, O. L. Munins, Tilley & Simpson, Otto H. Yaeck, Mrs. Theresa Whaley, Jonah Sanford, Josephine Jorgenson, C. M. Renn, Carl Johnson, Galina Johnson, Peter P. Hood, Herman C. Adams, Johanna Hall, John Fallstad, Victor St. Martin, Arne J. Loo, Town of BlackRiver, Town of Rocksbury, Town of Sanders, and Village of St. Hilaire, and that the engineer appointed by the board of county commissioners of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor, and that the viewers appointed by said board of county commissioners to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Tuesday, the fourteenth day of August, 1906, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at one o'clock p. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said board of county commissioners at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal) County Auditor of
Red Lake county, Minnesota.
Dated July 14, 1906.
[j121-a4

Notice of Filing and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor, of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the board of county commissioners at the office of the county auditor of said county, in the city of Red Lake Falls, on the fourteenth day of August, A. D. 1906, at two o'clock p. m.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 19th day of July, 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal) County Auditor.

Petition for Public Ditch.

To the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the drainage ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a drainage ditch along the following described route in the town of Red Lake Falls in said county of Red Lake, and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

Commencing at a point 40 rods south and 80 rods west of the northeast corner of the southwest quarter of section 1, in township 151, range 44, and running thence south along the sixteenth section line to a point near the center of the northwest quarter of section 12 in said town and range, thence west across the west half of the northwest quarter of said section 12, following the natural water course; to the section line between sections 11 and 12 in said town and range, thence south along the section line between sections 11 and 12 and between sections 13 and 14, making a highway along the proposed ditch between sections 11 and 12 aforesaid, to a coulee at or near the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of said section 14, putting in the necessary culverts between said sections 11 and 12, and terminating at or near the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of said section 14 and having said coulee as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such drainage ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter two hundred thirty (230), of the General laws, of Minnesota for 1905.

Dated Red Lake Falls, June 25, 1906.

John A. Duffy,
John Flanigan,
J. Rose,
his
Witness: M. C. Erb—Frank (x) Gagnon.
mark
S. A. Swanson,
Thomas McNerthney,
Peter F. Pouliot,
—Petitioners.
j12ta4]

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minn., June 18, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver of the U. S. Land office at Crookston, Minnesota, on July 31st, 1906, viz:

Gilbert N. Sandvigen, H. E. No. 343, Red Lake Series, for the SE¼ Sec. 34, T. 153 N., R 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Ole J. Larson, Andrew J. Svenson, G. J. Larson, James Evenson, all of Hazel, Minn.

R. J. MONTAGUE,
Register.
jn23-j128)

Annual Meeting Fraternal Order of Eagles, Milwaukee, Wis.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Milwaukee, Wis., and return for $20.51; dates of sale Aug. 10 to 13, with final return limit of Aug. 24th.

—An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

—For go-carts go to Holmes Bros.

ORDER
HAMM'S
"NEW BREW"
Bottled and on draught
EVERYWHERE
THE BEER FOR YOU
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.,
St. Paul, Minn.

A FREE PATTERN
(your own selection) to every subscriber. Only 50 cents a year.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE 50¢ A YEAR

A LADIES' MAGAZINE.

A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe to-day, or, send 5c. for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.

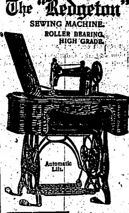
McCALL BAZAR PATTERNS 10¢ AND 15¢

All Seams Allowed and Perforations show the Basting and Sewing Lines.

Only 10 and 15 cents each—none higher. Ask for them. Sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail from

THE McCALL CO.,
113-115-117 West 31st St., NEW YORK.

The "Redgeton"
SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING,
HIGH GRADE.


Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.

STRONGEST GUARANTEE.

National Sewing Machine Co.
BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.

FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, - - - - MINNESOTA

SAW MILL MACHINERY.

Saw Mills
Gang Edgers
Lumber Trimmers
Lath Machines
Bolting Machines
Shingle Machines
Planer & Matchers
Drag Saws
Wood Saws

Engines
Boilers
Pulleys
Shafting
Boxes
Trucks
Grate Bars
Feed Mills
Horse Powers

We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.

R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

CROOKSTON
LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

G. A. R.
Rates

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

On account of the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in Minneapolis, August 13-18, the

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

will sell round trip tickets from ST. HILAIRE to

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS
FOR $6.35.

Tickets on Sale Aug. 11 to 14. Final Return Limit August 31.

For further particulars see H. M. SWANSON, Agt.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to....

H. E. IVES, President.
H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

VERY LOW
ROUND TRIP RATES

From St. Paul and Minneapolis to

Albany	$29.50	Boston	$31.00
Montreal	$29.50	Ogdensburg	$29.50
Portland	$31.00	Quebec	$32.50
Toronto	$25.50	Utica	$29.50

Similar rates to many other Eastern points via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

Good to return until Sept. 30th. These tickets will be honored on the Pioneer Limited, the Fast Mail or any of three other daily trains to Chicago. For full information address

W. B. DIXON, N. W. P. A., ST. PAUL
365 Robert Street.

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8!

That's the Holiday Week of the Year—the Week of the Great MINNESOTA STATE FAIR

Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphiteater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world.—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.

Sensational racing each day.
Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, Etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 Pacing race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,644.50.

HALF FARE RAILROAD RATES! Tickets on sale Saturday Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept. 10.

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

ADVERTISE IN THE ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D. Patterson	Councilmen
E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. O. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3550. Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

—Go to Holmes Bros. for Sunshine furniture polish.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

I. Dahlen was here from his reservation farm last Sunday.

—Grafton flour, best in the northwest for sale at Holmes' elevator.

Services in the Swedish Mission church next Sunday at 10:30 a.m.

Supt. of Schools McAnulty was a visitor here last Tuesday evening.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Clint Martz went up to Winnipeg last Wednesday to take in the big fair.

Mr. and Mrs. O. Payment are the proud parents of a baby girl born last Monday.

Richard Wallin, of Thief River Falls, has accepted a position in E. M. Hoff's store as clerk.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on August 3 and 4.

O. H. Peters came down from Middle River last Saturday evening and spent a couple or days here.

Mrs. Fred Turnquist, of Rocksbury, had the misfortune to fall yesterday and dislocate an elbow.

Miss Clara Bratvold, of Fosston, was here last Sunday visiting with the family of K. O. Gigstad.

Dr. C. E. Higbie left last Tuesday evening for Ulen where he will make his patents a short visit.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

Sheriff Dan Linnihan was here last Monday posting ditch notices for the new ditch just west of here.

The Red Lake Falls band, twenty-eight strong, are at Winnipeg this week playing at the big fair.

C. Lang, of St. Paul, is here this week visiting with Pres. C. L. Hansen, of the Merchants State Bank.

A. O. Davison came up from White Earth and spent Sunday with his family, returning on Monday.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

Mrs. E. R. Evans and children returned last Saturday after a week's visit with friends at Crookston.

L. M. Larson, of Grand Forks, representing the International Harvester Co., was here on business yesterday.

M. L. Hanson left last Monday to look over some of the new towns in western North Dakota on the Soo line.

The picnic at Andrew Soderberg's farm last Sunday was a decided success and a very large crowd was in atteneance.

The annual report of school district 102 is published in this issue and should be looked over by every taxpayer.

Mrs. Steve Nelson went down to Fargo last Saturday to consult with a specialist in regard to her little daughter's eyes.

Red Lake Falls citizens have started a commercial club and have inaugurated a market day. Both schemes are good ones.

Martin S. Hoff and wife came over from Blackduck yesterday and will visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Hoff.

—Party wishing to cut grass on SW¼ Sec. 18, River Falls, must have permit from Alston & Brosemer, Fairmont, Minn.

There will be services at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. All are welcome. Alex Sand, Pastor.

Edward Giste, formerly well known here, was in town last Wednesday. He is now traveling in this territory for a wholesale grocery house.

Daniel Patterson, auctioneer, and K. O. Gigstad, clerk, conducted a successful sale in Polk Centre last Thursday for Alfred Anderson.

Harvest will be late but there are good prospects for all kinds of crops and nothing but hail will keep us from harvesting a fairly good crop.

A little love, a little wealth,
A little home for you and me;
It's all I ask except good health,
Which comes with Rocky Mountain Tea. Imperial Drug Co.

O. F. Post and Jens Nelson returned Wednesday evening from a couple of days' trip to the Winnipeg Fair. They report a pleasant and instructive trip.

An employee of the Crookston Lumber company at Bemidji has been discovered with a bad case of leprosy. He has worked there for the past five years.

Mrs. Rod McKenzie, of Duluth, who has been visiting relatives here, left on Thursday for North Dakota points where she will visit before returning home.

Prof. J. B. O'Brien came down last Saturday from Thief River Falls where he is an instructor in the training school, to attend to some business matters.

W. A. Arthur and wife left for Prince Albert, Canada, last Wednesday. Mrs. Arthur will return in a couple of weeks to join the children who are on the farm.

C. L. Dobner, the Thief River Falls banker, in company with the Winton's have bought a saw mill in Montana and Mr. Dobner will leave soon to take charge.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hughes left on Thursday for a short visit to the Winnipeg fair. They will also spend a short time with Mr. Hughes' father at Park River, N. D.

Fred Richards, of Red Lake Falls, was a visitor here last Wednesday. Mr. Richards informs us that he will very likely be a candidate for superintendent of schools this fall.

The wangan for the Grand Forks Lumber company's drive went over the dam here last Sunday and Foreman Pat Sullivan is now well on his way with a good sized drive of logs.

—Will sell the southwest quarter of Sec. 26, Twp. 152, R. 44, Red Lake county, Minn., for $2200 on very easy terms. Address Adolph Sucker, Lewisville, Minn.

N. B. Truth, St. Paul, June 31, '08.—I've lived so long, I remember well when the Mississippi was a brook. My good health and long life came by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

Julius M. Jahn, the well known Black River farmer, was married to Miss Lena Willer at Red Lake Falls last Tuesday, Probate Judge Tarrant performing the ceremony. The Spectator extends congratulations.

Mrs. A. Nash, an aged resident of River Falls, died last Sunday after suffering from rheumatism for over forty years. She was seventy-three years of age. The funeral took place on Tuesday, Rev. Lillehei officiating.

The Swiss Entertainers who were here last Monday and Tuesday evenings in a big tent were not very successful. They had a good sized crowd on Monday evening, but a very slim one on Tuesday and decided to quit a day earlier than they figured on.

—The Crookston College catalog is just printed and is one of the nicest of its kind, showing pictures of classes, groups of students, class rooms, officers, faculty and buildings. Send a postal card to J. C. Sathre, Crookston, Minn., and he will be glad to send you a copy.

The wreck last week on the Great Northern this side of Red Lake Falls was the fourth for this season and all nearly in the same place. Trainmen are beginning to think that the place is haunted. In view of the fact that it is generally a refrigerator car filled with beer that causes the trouble the ghost must be a dry old cuss.

Red Lake Courier: Harry E. Ives, editor of the St. Hilaire Spectator, is the first one to file for a county office in Red Lake county for the present year. Mr. Ives was in the city Tuesday and deposited with the county auditor a notice of his intention to run for office. He seeks the republican nomination for clerk of the district court.

It has caused more laughs and dried more tears, wiped away diseases and driven away more fears than any other medicine in the world. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

A lady of our city has found a sure cure for broken dishes. If the dish to be mended can be tied together with a stout string, then place it in boiling milk and leave for an hour, you can never tell the dish had been broken, and it can afterwards be put into boiling water, without coming to pieces? We don't guarantee it. Try it for yourself.—Winnebago Press-News.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford has an office at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, on the 8th day of every month. A red letter day to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses.

A Card of Thanks.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sandmoen wish to express their sincere thanks to the many friends who so kindly assisted at the funeral of their daughter.

St. Hilaire, July 24, 1906.

Base Ball at Wylie.

The St. Hilaire ball tossers went down to Wylie last Sunday and played the local team a game of ball. We are informed that it was not an errorless game, but there was evidently something doing most of the time for the score was 22 to 19 in favor of St. Hilaire.

Nothing in It.

First Burglar—Did Bill git much out uv dat last burglary? Second Burglar—No; he got so little dat his lawyer advised him ter plead guilty.—Judge.

"Culture," said a college president, "is what remains when what you learned in college has been forgotten."

Plummer Creamery.

Pioneer: The statement of the business of the Plummer creamery for the month of June has been completed, and it shows that the institution has been enjoying a marked increase in business. The total amount of cream received was 42,346 pounds and the total amount of butter manufactured was 13,496 pounds. The price paid to patrons was 18.2 cents per pound for butter fat and the total cash receipts were $2,489.81.

In the same month last year the amount of butter manufactured was 8,677 pounds; the total cash receipts were 1,600.51, and the price paid for butter fat was 17 cents. These figures show an increase over last year of $889.30 for the month's earnings and an increase of 1.2 cents in the price paid for butter fat.

John Larson, of Garnes, carried off the biggest check for cream furnished during the month. He got $92.00. Henry Lemieux came second with $62 and several others got over $50 each.

May Be a Candidate.

Thief River Falls News: John B. O'Brien, of St. Hilaire, is being strongly urged to enter the race for the republican nomination for county auditor of Red Lake county and while Mr. O'Brien has as yet not given his consent to become a candidate, there is no doubt but that if he is given the promise of strong support, he could be induced to enter the race. Mr. O'Brien has been a resident of Red Lake county for a number of years and needs no introduction to the voters of Red Lake county. He is a man of recognized ability and that he is honest and upright goes without saying. Living as he does at St. Hilaire, one of the principal cities of Red Lake county and a town that has never had a county office since the organization of the county, it would appear that he is entitled to recognition. Right here the News wishes to make the prediction that if Mr. O'Brien enters the race he will be elected, and that Thief River Falls will give him a majority of over 600.

"What Shall We Eat?"

Every day the same old question, "what shall we eat for breakfast, for luncheon, for dinner" assails with monotonous regularity the patient housewife who seeks to provide good living for the family in agreeable variety at a moderate cost. The Chicago Record-Herald has gone far toward solving the problem by devoting space to three departments on this all important topic in its various issues. "Meals For a Day," which appears daily, gives the daily menu and the necessary recipes. Housewives everywhere are invited to participate in the contest and weekly prizes are offered for the best menus. Marion Harland's Sunday page gives weekly a list of selected recipes which if clipped and pasted in a scrapbook make a most valuable collection. "Martha's Management," which appears on Monday is filled with good advice and helpful hints to the housewife.

Hauled With Compressed Air.

A novel use of compressed air is made by some railway companies in the southern states of America, says the Railway News. When the loads of cotton for export are being taken to the coast, there is always danger of such highly inflammable material becoming damaged through sparks from the locomotive. To prevent this the locomotive boilers are filled with compressed air. A train load of several thousand bales of cotton can be hauled by these locomotives at a rate of 12 miles an hour, although no fire whatever is used in working them. One of the great productions of this age is golden grain belt beer, it is always refreshing and wholesome. Its purity and healthful qualities make it the ideal home beverage. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Webster's Retainer.

One day a man entered Daniel Webster's office and consulted him in regard to a prospective lawsuit. At the close of the conference he paid the attorney a retainer of $100 to look after the matter. Upon returning to his place of business he found that his partner had already settled the suit, obtaining the sum demanded without an attorney. He thought $100 was altogether too much for an office fee, so he dispatched his clerk to look after the subject.

"Mr. Webster," said the young man, "my employer thinks you should return a part of your retainer. That case has been settled."

"Young man," said the lawyer, "you go back and tell your employer that a retainer is something to be retained."

School Election.

There was no contest on last Saturday evening at the annual school meeting at the village hall and only nine voters were in attendance. A. S. Wilson and Jens Nelson were elected as directors for a term of three years there being no opposition. It was decided to have nine months' school the coming year and $1,000 was raised for current expenses.

An Experiment.

Suburbanite (to visitor)—Oh, how are you? Come right in! Don't mind the dog. Visitor—But won't he bite? Suburbanite—That's just what I want to see. I only bought that watchdog this morning.—Paris Rire.

Proof Positive.

Impertinent Neighbor—Do you think Mr. Smith is in love with your sister Alice? Children—Oh, no! Us children are allowed to go in the parlor when he is calling.—New York Times.

Serious.

Dashaway—Don't you think that for such a wealthy chap Duffins takes his pleasures seriously? Cleverton—He has to. They are all he has to worry about.

TO DRAIN RESERVATION

A Complete Drainage Survey of the Ceded Red Lake Reservation Indian Lands to Be Made in the Near Future—Civil Engineer Herron Making Preliminary Preparations.

Thief River Falls News: Civil Engineer Herron, of Washington, D. C., arrived here last Saturday for the purpose of spending several days investigating the conditions of the Red Lake Indian reservation east of Thief River Falls. Mr. Herron is sent here by the Geological Survey department of Washington for the purpose of making arrangements for the government drainage survey of the Red Lake reservation provided for by a bill introduced and passed at the last session of congress by Hon. Halvor Steenerson. The matter to be determined at present is whether or not the survey should be made in the summer, fall or winter, how many men will be required to do the work, and also the materials needed, as well as other preliminary matters necessary to the thorough survey the government will make.

The territory that he will make a preliminary report on includes the eleven towns east of Thief River in the reservation, and the lands in the vicinity of Mud Lake and Grygla.

Chief among the determinations that the government engineer will make will be the starting point of the survey.

The land on the reservation covered by the provisions of the appropriation for the drainage survey are perhaps the best in the state of Minnesota, for a thorough test of the drainage idea. The owners of the lands, the Indians, will pay out of their funds under the guardianship of the government for the drainage and it is the express statement of Engineer Ralph that the land can be drained for about two dollars an acre benefited.

The preliminary report of the Washington engineer, in what is admittedly the first actual step toward drainage originates in the energy and persistency of Mr. Steenerson of the Ninth district in the congress at Washington. The appropriation secured was $15,000 for a drainage survey.

In company with Daniel Shaw, Mr. Herron was up to Grygla the first of the week looking over that section. The system of drainage of the entire Red Lake reservation will be a thorough one and much of the land that now is covered with water a good share of the time will become productive.

The Little Toe to Go.

A comparative anatomist says that the little toe has got to go; that it is a useless appendage, already showing signs of degeneration or withering away. It is proved that the horse, in the course of several centuries, has dropped four toes and now travels on one, and some think that man's pedal extremities are bound to follow a similar line of evolution. In the horse it is the middle digit which has survived as the fittest. In man it will be the first or great toe.

In No Hurry.

An old citizen who had been henpecked all his life was about to die. His wife felt it her duty to offer him such consolation as she might and said: "John, you are about to go, but I will follow you."

"I suppose so, Manda," said the old man weakly, "but so far as I am concerned you don't need to be in any blamed hurry about it!"

Past, Present and Future.

Mrs. D. Vorcee—If I could only forget the past! But, alas, it is ever before me! Mrs. Oldun—You'll have a sad future with your past always present. Take my advice and leave the past behind for the present and live in the future for the future and not in the past.—Life.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

TREASURER'S Annual Report

FOR THE SCHOOL YEAR ENDING JULY 15th, 1906.

To the Clerk of District No. 102, county of Red Lake, Minn.—

Sir:—In accordance with law, I file with you, for presentation at the next Annual School Meeting, the following Financial Report for the year ending July 15, 1906.

E. M. Hoff,
District Treasurer.

Receipts for the Year:

Cash on hand at the beginning of the year	$ 974 01
Received from apportionment	1049 23
" " special tax collected	2162 67
" " special state aid	525 00
" " local one-mill tax collected	226 26
" " text book sales, fines, etc	97 42
" " all other sources—licenses	1250 00
Total receipts for the year	$ 6284 59

Disbursements for the Year:

Paid for teachers' wages	$ 2832 00
Paid for fuel and school supplies	383 18
Paid for repairs and improving grounds	167 24
Paid for new school house site	200 00
Paid for library books (not text books)	83 92
Paid for text books	164 28
Paid for all other purposes	277 91
Cash on hand at end of the year	2226 11
Total	$ 6284 59

Account Balanced:

Cash on hand beginning of the year	$ 974 01	
Received from all other sources	5310 58	
Total receipts for the year		$ 6284 59
Total disbursements for the year	$ 4058 48	
Cash on hand at end of the year	2226 11	
Total		$ 6284 59

Certificate of Approval:

This certifies, that we have examined the Treasurer's records and vouchers, and that we find them and this report correct.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1906.

K. O. Gigstad,
District Clerk.
B. E. Burke,
Daniel Patterson,
A. S. Wilson,
H. O. Jackson,
Directors.

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE.....
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

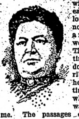
For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at...
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

SAVE MONEY
BY USING
MASCOT FLOUR
BETTER BREAD
and MORE OF IT.
Red Lake Falls Milling Co.
WE PURCHASE ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
Andrew Monson, Agent.

TERRIBLE TO RECALL.

Five Weeks in Bed With Intensely Painful Kidney Trouble.



Mrs. Mary Wagner, of 1367 Kossuth Ave., Bridgeport, Conn., says: "I was so weakened and generally run down with kidney disease that for a long time I could not do my work and was five weeks in bed. There was continual bearing down pain, terrible backaches, headaches and at times dizzy spells when everything was a blur before me. The passages of the kidney secretions were irregular and painful, and there was considerable sediment and odor. I don't know what I would have done but for Doan's Kidney Pills. I could see an improvement from the first box, and five boxes brought a final cure."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Lady and the Forty.

Morginna had just poured oil over the forty thieves.

"I suppose," she remarked, "there will next be a novelist around to say they aren't properly canned."

Herewith she calmly awaited the inevitable.

The Things We Eat.

Too much meat is absolutely hurtful to the body. Sailors on board of ships get scurvy when their supply of vegetable food is exhausted. The digestive organs of the human body demand vegetable food, and if we don't eat enough vegetables we pay for it dearly.

Nature gave us wheat, and in every kernel of wheat nature has distributed iron, starch, phosphorus, lime, sugar, salt and other elements necessary to make bone, blood and muscle.

EGG-O-SEE is wheat scientifically prepared. Cooked, and made into crisp flakes, EGG-O-SEE goes into the stomach ready for the digestive organs to convert it into life-giving substances with but little effort.

EGG-O-SEE eaters are a clean-eyed, strong and happy lot. The proof of a pudding and the proof of EGG-O-SEE is in the eating. EGG-O-SEE besides being solid nourishment is most palatable. Every mouthful is a joy to the taste and direct benefit to your health. A 10-cent package of EGG-O-SEE contains ten liberal breakfasts. Our friends advertise us. They eat EGG-O-SEE for a while. They grow strong. They are well and happy and they pass the good word along.

Next time you send to the grocer's tell your boy or girl to bring home a package of EGG-O-SEE. Have your children eat EGG-O-SEE. It is their friend. They'll eat EGG-O-SEE when nothing else will taste good.

You try EGG-O-SEE and you can deduct the cost from your doctor's bills.

We send our book, "Back to Nature," free. It's a good bookful of plain, good, common sense. If you want a copy, address EGG-O-SEE Company, 10 First St., Quincy, Ill.

The Fair Critic—"Those ostriches in the distance are lovely, Mr. Dauber. You ought to paint nothing but birds in the future."

Dauber—"Ostriches? Why, those are angels."

AN AWFUL ITCHING ON SCALP.

Hair Finally Had to Be Cut to Save Any—Scalp Now in Good Condition —Cured by Cuticura.

"I used the Cuticura Soap and Ointment for a diseased scalp, dandruff, and constantly falling of hair. Finally I had to cut my hair to save any at all. Just at that time I read about the Cuticura remedies. Once every week I shampooed my hair with the Cuticura Soap, and I used the Ointment twice a week. In two months' time my hair was long enough to do up in French twist. That is now five years ago, and I have a lovely head of hair. The length is six inches below my waist line, my scalp is in very good condition, and no more dandruff or itching of the scalp. I used other remedies that were recommended to me as good, but with no results. Mrs. W. F. Griess, Clay Center, Neb., Oct. 23, 1905."

A LESSON IN TACTICS.

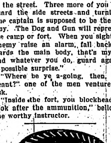
The Sergeant Wanted to Be Sure the Powder Was Dry.

A volunteer sergeant, in charge of a squad of recruits, was waiting in front of the Dog and Gun tavern, expecting the arrival of his commanding officer. Getting rather impatient, the worthy "non-com." resolved to make himself more comfortable. Calling his men together, he told them that he intended to occupy the time in teaching them "outpost duty."

"You three men," he said, pointing to a sturdy trio, "will go to one end of the street. Three more of you will guard the side streets and turnings. The captain is supposed to be the enemy. The Dog and Gun will represent the camp or fort. When you sight the enemy raise an alarm, fall back towards the main body, that's myself, and whatever you do, guard against a possible surprise."

"Where be ye a-going, then, sergeant?" one of the men ventured to ask.

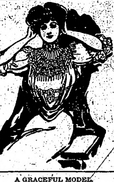
"Inside the fort, you blockhead, to look after the ammunition," bellowed the worthy instructor.



THE LINGERIE BLOUSE.

Blouses Should Not Be Drawn Down Too Tight—Pretty Fitted Girdles Remain in Style.

When embroidery is the principal feature of the ornamentation, valenciennes is often the only lace associated with it, or perhaps Cluny is the one lace chosen. One attractive model is made with a handsomely hand embroidered front and fancifully outlined in small bands of Cluny, a group of pin tucks on the shoulder to give the proper fullness. Elbow sleeves are upon nine-tenths of the dress blouses, but usually come below the elbow, ending in a close fitting band or little frills, and if they end above the point of the elbow, deeper frills cover the elbow. The blouse even at its best is only informal or demi-toilette, and sleeves for such wear, so say the French authorities, should cover the elbow point. Very little blouse effect is allowed to the modish separate waist, though the name blouse is retained for convenience sake, but a comfortable looseness must be preserved above the girdle which confines the blouse where it once fell loosely over a narrow waist band. Have the girdle well fitting and snug but do not make the mistake made by many women who, reading that the blouse is out, have drawn their separate bodies into tight and unbecoming lines.



A GRACEFUL MODEL.

The folded girdle of silk or satin or gold or silver tissue is as popular as ever, and girdles of lace, deep-pointed and perfectly fitted, appear upon some of the sheer blouses, the lace matching that used elsewhere in the trimming of the blouse. In such case, the girdle is of course perfectly fitted, boned and made in thin silk, and the lace appliqued on and shaped, as one shapes a lace guimpe and collar.

DO NOT STRAIN THE EYES

Do Not Read When in Motion, Avoid Facing the Light or Reading in Dim Twilight.

"The woman with nice big eyes must not allow her face to get fat or her eyes will disappear.

"The woman who wants to have really beautiful eyes will take care of them.

"She will not read in boat, or moving train, or automobile.

"She will not read when seated in a rocking chair, or in any place which forces her constantly to change the focus of the eyes. She will not try to read moving signs, or otherwise make her eyes do stunts; and, of course, she will not read facing the light or by twilight.

"The woman who wants to have pretty, expressive eyes will be careful of her lashes.

"There is a beautiful woman in town, noted for her big, deep eyes, who has a habit of dashing water into her eyes very often. She takes it up by the handful and throws it into her face so as to rinse out the eyes. She does not rub them with the finger tips, but she dashes water against them. This is the way to clear the eyes without injured them."

Nice Dry Shampoo.

"The dry shampoo is a great thing. It consists of taking some very finely powdered bran, or oatmeal, or cornmeal, and mixing a little orris powder with it. I have even taken coarse sachet powder and used it with good results. The hair is sprinkled with it and the powder is then brushed out. When it comes out all the grease comes out with it, and the hair is fluffy and light."

Eyes and Eyebrows.

Do not use anything to brighten your eyes. It is a most dangerous practice. If I were you I would bathe my eyes in weak boracic acid as prepared for you by your druggist. Then I would keep them in good condition. At night paint the eyebrows with red vaseline and almond oil, half and half.

Pretty Sofa Pillow.

A very attractive sofa pillow of Japanese silk was covered with very slender leaves, looking as if they were raised, which surrounded at intervals a peacock eye of darker green. Each of the four corners were finished with a rosette of silk.

Masticate Properly.

Most of us eat far too much. Try eating less food and masticating it more thoroughly, thus sparing your bodies the burden and work of caring for an unnecessary food supply (more than it can possibly use), and give your system a chance to reserve the power and energy usually thus wasted for better purposes and sudden emergencies. If you will but do your part, that wonderfully made body of yours will do its. The experiment is well worth trying for a year. Will you do it?

Cleaning Gloves.

There is, perhaps, no more satisfactory method of cleaning light-colored gloves than washing them in naphtha; pour a little in a bowl and rub the gloves between the hands as in washing a handkerchief, then rinse in clear naphtha and hang in open air for an hour or two. This will not fade the colors, and should leave them clean and soft.

Human Freak.

There's a man at Ithaca, N. Y., who changes his complexion with changes of conditions. But the funny thing about it is that he is not a politician.

A PRETTY MILKMAID

Thinks Pe-ru-na Is a Wonderful Medicine.

MISS ANNIE HENDREN.

MISS ANNIE HENDREN, Rocklyn, Wash., writes:

"I feel better than I have for over four years. I have taken several bottles of Peruna and one bottle of Manalin.

"I can now do all of my work in the house, milk the cows, take care of the milk, and so forth. *I think Peruna is a most wonderful medicine.*

"I believe I would be in bed to-day if I had not written to you for advice. I had taken all kinds of medicine, but none did me any good.

"Peruna has made me *a well and happy girl.* I can never say too much for Peruna."

Not only women of rank and leisure praise Peruna, but the wholesome, useful women engaged in honest toil would not be without Dr. Hartman's world renowned remedy.

The Doctor has prescribed it for many thousand women every year and he never fails to receive a multitude of letters like the above, thanking him for his advice, and especially for the wonderful benefits received from Peruna.

A Stirring Game.

The game of chess had been invented.

"It's for those," the inventor explained, "who enjoy the wild excitement of a game of cricket, but are compelled by rain, cold or other untoward conditions to play indoors."

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

LOST TOOTH, BUT SAVES JOB.

Wichita Man Swears Off for Good After His Experience.

One Wichita man has sworn off and sworn off with a vengeance. And no one will be surprised on hearing his story. "Tanking up" one day last week he "butted into" his employer on East Douglas avenue. "Well, now, what's the matter with you?" asked the employer as the "half shot" workman brought his hand to his right cheek with a ludicrously agonizing expression on his face.

"Got an awful toothache," answered the laborer who, like most intoxicated ones, had but one idea, that of disguising his condition. The employer looked at him critically for a moment. What he mentally decided the employe doesn't know till this day, but he will never forget the terribleness of his next words: "Well, come with me and we will have it pulled out." John Barleycorn had left enough pride in him to despise the entrapped liar, and he immediately decided to be "game" and "stay" until the distracting finish.

Without question the dentist took his forceps, and, being directed to one of the molars as the one that ached, he swung on, then around, then up and down, and finally with a swing of his body which all but landed him on the floor extracted the fine, large, sound tooth. When the employe quit bleeding, about three hours after, he took the pledge.—Wichita Eagle.

BACK TO PULPIT.

What Food Did for Clergyman.

A minister of Elizabethtown tells how Grape-Nuts food brought him back to his pulpit: "Some 5 years ago I had an attack of what seemed to be La Grippe which left me in a complete state of collapse and I suffered for some time with nervous prostration. My appetite failed, I lost flesh till I was a mere skeleton, life was a burden to me, I lost interest in everything and almost in everybody save my precious wife.

"Then on the recommendation of some friends I began to use Grape-Nuts food. At that time I was a miserable skeleton, without appetite and hardly able to walk across the room; had ugly dreams at night, no disposition to entertain or be entertained and began to shun society.

"I finally gave up the regular ministry, indeed I could not collect my thoughts on any subject, and became almost a hermit. After I had been using the Grape-Nuts food for a short time I discovered that I was taking on new life and my appetite began to improve; I began to sleep better and my weight increased steadily; I had lost some 50 pounds, but under the new food regime I have regained almost my former weight and have greatly improved in every way.

"I feel that I owe much to Grape-Nuts and can truly recommend the food to all who require a powerful rebuilding agent delicious to taste and always welcome." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. A true natural road to regain health, or hold it, is by use of a dish of Grape-Nuts and cream morning and night. Or have the food made into some of the many delicious dishes given in the little recipe book found in pkgs.

Ten days' trial of Grape-Nuts helps many. "There's a reason."

Look in pkgs. for a copy of the famous little book, "The Road to Well

CARE OF THE COMPLEXION.

Even the Business Woman Can Occasionally Take a Quarter of an Hour for Beautifying.

The girl who is obliged to hurry off to her office early in the morning returns homeward at night wearied in brain and body has this plea to justify her unprepossessing looks: I have no time. This is justifiable, and yet it does seem to me that the girl who is really desirous of improving her looks might contrive to devote 15 minutes to the care of her complexion, declares Mme. Julie D'Arcy.

The following treatment will not consume more than that length of time, and will be found almost a fountain of youth—such a glow will it give the skin if continued regularly.

First, make some little meal bags as follows: Mix equal quantities of powdered oatmeal and bran together, and to this add one ounce of orris root, powdered. Place one of these bags in a basin and pour boiling water on it. Put a teaspoonful of oil of almonds in a small jar or saucer and stand in boiling water. When the oil is warm dip your fingers in it and massage it gently all over your face. Rub very gently and let the fingers always travel in an upward and outward direction. When the face has been thoroughly saturated with oil the skin must be wiped free from grease with a soft cloth.

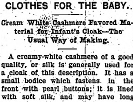
If by this time the water in the basin is not the right temperature add some cold water. Squeeze out and remove the meal bag and bathe the face in this water. Dry with a soft towel and then wipe off carefully with a piece of Japanese silk. The silk seems to impart a softness and smoothness to the skin that is not produced by any other means.

If time can be spared a weekly steaming is most beneficial. After the boiling water has been poured on the meal bag make a sort of tent of a large bath towel, envelop your head in this and hold your face near enough to the boiling water to get full effect of the steam arising. The girl who follows this treatment will find it simple, efficient and soothing.

CLOTHES FOR THE BABY.

Cream White Cashmere Favored Material for Infant's Cloak—The Usual Way of Making.

A creamy-white cashmere of a good quality, or silk is generally used for a cloak of this description. It has a small bodice which fastens in the front with pearl buttons; it is lined with soft silk, and may have long sleeves or not, as preferred. The skirt part is full, being gathered to the bodice between material and lining.



INFANT'S CLOAK.

The cape is also lined with soft thin silk, and is gathered into a tiny round yoke; it is made quite separately from the cloak itself, and is fastened at the throat with strings of soft satin ribbon. The entire edge of cape is scalloped and edged with narrow lace; in each scallop is embroidered a simple floral design.

Letter of Acknowledgment.

If the gifts are acknowledged before the wedding, and this should be done, if possible, the bride to be should write a personal note in the first person, as simply and cordial as possible. My Dear Mrs. Blank—The charming vase just received from you and Mr. Blank is in itself a source of great delight to both Mr. Green and me, as well as of deep appreciation of the warm friendship prompting the gift. You may be assured that your gift is most welcome and that Mr. Green joins me in thanks for your kind remembrance. with regards, I am, your sincerely, Mary Stuart. The foregoing is a good form to be added to or adapted as the acquaintance is more or less familiar. If the sending of acknowledgments cannot be done before the wedding, as soon as possible after will be correct; then the bride, of course, signs her new name.

For the Hair.

Cologne, eight ounces; tincture of cantharides, one ounce; oil of English lavender, one-half dram; oil of rosemary, one-half dram. Apply to the roots of the hair once or twice a day. It is positively necessary that the scalp should be kept clean. Shampoo at least once a week.

Less Fish Than Formerly.

Proverbial wisdom may have been slightly mistaken when it taught men that there are as good fish, and as many of them, in the sea as ever were caught, and formerly men of science, including Huxley, believed that man was not industrious enough to depopulate the sea of fish. Yet it is now known that favorite fishing-grounds do become exhausted. Whales abound at present only because kerosene displaced whale-oil and rendered whaling unprofitable. For a long time the whale has been allowed to spout with relative immunity. The North sea fishery is failing, and the Permanent International Council officially recognizes that it no longer yields large fish. Man cannot go on taking from fishing-grounds, any more than he can from hunting-grounds, and expect always to find plenty. The French have found new fishing-grounds off the west coast of Africa, the Arguin Banks. The French colonial government is considering measures to promote the fishing industry on these unexhausted grounds.

Which is the worse, a spoiled child or one that is too fresh?

WHY MARYLAND WEARS BLACK.

Represented in Mourning Because She Wasn't Confederacy.

At the recent Confederacy reunion in New Orleans, says the Times-Democrat of that city, "Maryland, My Maryland," was represented by a woman dressed in deep black.

A woman in the audience, evidently a stranger, turned to her neighbor and said:

"How very sad it is that this young lady is in heavy mourning and yet appears in public. I should think the effect would be too much for her."

The second woman, being a Southerner, was well enough informed on Confederate matters to be able to reassure the visitor. She explained that the young woman's mourning was not personal. Maryland in Confederate matters is always so represented.

During the war, when entertainments were given in the South for the benefit of the soldiers and hospitals and the Southern states were represented by women, Maryland was always in mourning because that state did not succeed in getting into the Confederacy, though, of course, it furnished many soldiers to the cause.

A WORLD BEATER.

Martin J. Sheridan in First Place as an Allround Athlete.

The most brilliant success among the victories won by American athletes at the Olympic games at Athens was achieved by Martin J. Sheridan of the Irish-American Athletic club, New York. His record, including firsts in free-style discuss throwing and shot putting, seconds in the standing high jump, and putting the stone, leads good judges to pronounce him the best allround athlete in the world. His triumph at this great international contest wa sall the more to his credit because he was hampered by an injury to his leg which compelled which he might have won more points. The whole meeting was a triumph for the representatives of America, who took eleven firsts, six seconds and five thirds out of twenty-nine events, in many of which, however, Americans did not compete. The Marathon foot race, the classic event of the meeting, was won by a Canadian.—Leslie's Weekly.

Judging by Looks.

Bacon—She says she is twenty-eight years old.

Egbert—Well, she looks as if she would say she was about that old.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: John H. Bartlett and F. H. Brown, Minneapolis, Minn., separator; Samuel L. Eastey, Winona, Minn., meter connection; William J. Fletcher, Minneapolis, Minn., well door for elevators; George N. Haskell, Groton, S. D., funnel; Abel H. Hogen, Geddes, S. D., typewriter; Nils Nilson, Casselton, N. D., neckyoke attachment; Even Ulland, Minneapolis, Minn., rotary engine.

Merely Precautionary.

Dentist (to patient who is opening his purse)—"Don't bother about that yet, Mr. Isaacs. You needn't pay in advance."

Mr. Isaacs—"Excuse me. You say you gif me gas, and I count my money first."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

He alone is faithful to old truth who will forsake it for the new.

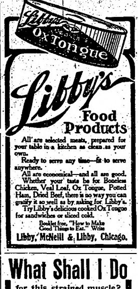
Fully Explained.

A young lady who had no knowledge of nautical phrases said to a friend, "Do you know, I often wonder why a ship has to weigh its anchor every time it leaves her port."

The answer of her friend was not illuminating. "Well—er—the weight is constantly changing, you know, because of the—er—binnacles and things that accumulate on the anchor."

60 Bus. Winter Wheat Per Acre
That's the yield of Salzer's Red Cross Hybrid Winter Wheat. Send 2c in stamps for free sample of same, as also catalogue of Winter Wheats, Rye, Barley, Clovers, Timothy, Grasses, Bulbs, Trees, etc. for fall planting. SALZER SEED CO., Box W.Z. La Crosse, Wis.

Don't expect others to think well of you unless you are that kind of a thinker yourself.



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All are selected meats, prepared for your table in a kitchen as clean as your own.

Ready to serve any time—fit to serve anywhere.

All are economical—and all are good. Whether your taste be for Boneless Chicken, Veal Loaf, Ox Tongue, Potted Ham, Dried Beef, there is no way you can gratify it so well as by asking for Libby's.

Try Libby's delicious cooked Ox Tongue for sandwiches or sliced cold.

Booklet free, "How to Make Good Things to Eat." Write

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago.

What Shall I Do
for this strained muscle?
RUB ON BRISKLY
Johnson's Anodyne Liniment
It was originated 96 years ago to remove inflammation and take the soreness out of strains and bruises. 25c., three times as much 50c. All dealers.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass

Badges-Banners-Buttons.
Western Badge & Novelty Co., John A. Lethert, Prop., 357 Minnesota Street, St. Paul.

ZENITH READY ROCK ROOFING
With burlap insertion; guaranteed for 10 years; no recoating; no repairing.
WESTERN BUILDING PAPER CO., 248-250-252 E. 4th St., St. Paul.

CASH for CREAM
Write to-day for shipping tags.
MILLER & HOLMES,
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SHIP US YOUR CREAM
We pay top prices and spot cash for every can. Write us to-day for tags.
MILTON DAIRY CO., - - ST. PAUL.

SCHEFFER & ROSSUM
S&R
HARNESS Are all lock stitched.
Ask your dealer.

POULTRY
Also buyers of Veal, Butter, etc.
C. J. ERTZ, 34 E. Third St., St. Paul.

ELEVATOR EQUIPMENT
St. 156.
FAIRBANKS MORSE

TRUNKS
Suit Cases, Bags and Telescopes.
C. L. SISENIUS TRUNK CO., ST. PAUL

CREAM and POULTRY
ASK FOR INFORMATION,
R. E. COBB, St. Paul, Minn.

CREAM
WE PAY CASH
THE CRESCENT CREAMERY CO
ST. PAUL, MINN.

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Preserved Purified and Beautified by
Cuticura SOAP
The World's Favorite Emollient for rashes, blemishes, eczemas, itchings, irritations, and scalings. For red, rough, and greasy complexions, for sore, itching, burning hands and feet, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery, Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, the great Skin Cure, is priceless.
Complete External and Internal Treatment for every Humor, from Pimples to Scrofula, from Infancy to Age, consisting of Cuticura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50c., Resolvent 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60), may be had of all druggists. A single set often cures. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass. Mailed Free, "How to Care for Skin, Scalp, and Hair."

AGENTS WANTED
We want agents to sell our Made-to-Order Suits and Pants. Suits from $10.00 up. Pants $3.00 up. We will give liberal commission to the right men. If you are interested, write at once for sample outfit, particulars and territory. WASHINGTON WOOLEN & WORSTED MILLS, Dept. 10, Chicago, Ill.

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A Certain Cure for Tired, Hot, Aching Feet.
DO NOT ACCEPT A SUBSTITUTE.
This signature Allen S. Olmsted on every box.
For FREE Trial Package, Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

THE WINNING STROKE

If more than ordinary skill in playing brings the honors of the game to the winning player, so exceptional merit in a remedy ensures the commendation of the well informed, and as a reasonable amount of outdoor life and recreation is conducive to the health and strength, so does a perfect laxative tend to one's improvement in cases of constipation, biliousness, headaches, etc. It is all important, however, in selecting a laxative, to choose one of known quality and excellence, like the ever pleasant Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., a laxative which sweetens and cleanses the system effectually, when a laxative is needed, without any unpleasant after effects, as it acts naturally and gently on the internal organs, simply assisting nature when nature needs assistance, without griping, irritating or debilitating the internal organs in any way, as it contains nothing of an objectionable or injurious nature. As the plants which are combined with the figs in the manufacture of Syrup of Figs are known to physicians to act most beneficially upon the system, the remedy has met with their general approval as a family laxative, a fact well worth considering in making purchases.

It is because of the fact that SYRUP OF FIGS is a remedy of known quality and excellence, and approved by physicians that has led to its use by so many millions of well informed people, who would not use any remedy of uncertain quality or inferior reputation. Every family should have a bottle of the genuine on hand at all times, to use when a laxative remedy is required. Please to remember that the genuine Syrup of Figs is for sale in bottles of one size only, by all reputable druggists, and that full name of the company—California Fig Syrup Co., is plainly printed on the front of every package. Regular price, 50c per bottle.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.

ESTABLISHED 1879.
WOODWARD & CO.
Minneapolis GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

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HISTORICAL
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ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 4, 1906. NUMBER 3.

RUSSIAN FORT IS SCENE OF BLOODY MUTINY

REBELS SEIZE GREAT SVEABORG FORTRESS AND TURN GUNS ON LOYAL TROOPS.

STORMED BY ARMY AND NAVY

MUTINOUS SOLDIERS HOLD VERY STRONG POSITIONS AFTER DESPERATE BATTLE.

BIG MILITARY CONSPIRACY

PLOT FOR SIMULTANEOUS CAPTURE OF RUSSIA'S THREE GREATEST FORTS.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 1.—No report of the suspension of the great revolt of the garrison at Sveaborg fortress, "the Gibraltar of the North," has been received in St. Petersburg up to this hour.

The secondary uprising among the marines and troops at Skatudden barracks, on the peninsula communicating with the main land, was crushed yesterday with loyal troops after heavy fighting, in which nine cruisers, destroyers and torpedo boats participated.

Mutineers in Full Control.

A later dispatch says that Sveaborg is entirely in the hands of the mutineers, who now have in their possession every kind of armament.

Horrible scenes occurred during last night, when the fierce fighting was continued. The heaviest artillery was used during the conflict

Rebels Hold Strong Positions.

The firing on the islands and from the fortress has ceased, and in spite of the fact that the occupation of the entire water front by Cossacks prevents the obtaining of positive news, it is understood at Helsingfors that the mutinous artillerymen and sappers still are holding their positions. The outlying islands and the fortress appear to be in their possession, and they practically have all the machine guns, quick firers and movable artillery of the fortress.

Gen. Laiming, the commandant of the fortress, is holding the main fort on Commander island with loyal infantry.

A general strike was declared in Helsingfors by the socialist workmen yesterday. All factories have been closed.

Communication Cut Off.

The last direct dispatch from the correspondent of the Associated Press, which has just arrived here, was eleven hours en route from Helsingfors. The correspondent said that the "Red guard," the armed socialist legion, was contemplating an armed uprising to release the prisoners captured in the Skatudden barracks.

Owing to the cutting of the telegraph wires by the flying expedition of the "Red guard," which destroyed the railroad at Riihloaki, the Associated Press is receiving the freshest news of the mutiny by the roundabout means of telephoning to Viborg and telegraphing from there to St. Petersburg. This entails a delay of several hours.

Fortresses Open Fire.

The military authorities received a telegram from Helsingfors this morning from Maj. Gen. Laiming, announcing that the fortresses and artillery had opened fire on Commander island. The insurgents seized artillery, all the machine guns and took possession of one of the islands. Some of the telegraph wires have been cut.

Maj. Gen. Laiming added that he himself was on Commander island with four companies of the garrison and two companies of sharpshooters sent from Helsingfors. He does not give the number of casualties.

Is Extremely Critical.

Premier Stolypin also has received frequent messages concerning the mutiny.

He told a caller that the situation is critical to an extreme degree. Almost the entire fortress is in the hands of the insurgents, and there are comparatively few loyal troops in Helsingfors.

Gigantic Conspiracy.

Helsingfors Aug. 1.—A gigantic military conspiracy, aiming at the simultaneous capture of Russia's three great sea fortresses, Cronstadt, Sebastopol and Sveaborg, and arranged by the Revolutionary Military league, was prematurely sprung here last night by an attempt to arrest members of a company of sappers who had mutinied on account of the death of one of their comrades, alleged to have been due to ill treatment. The garrison of the fortress at Sveaborg flamed instantly into revolt. All the artillerymen and sappers were involved. Only four companies of infantry remained loyal.

Fight All Night.

The mutineers seized forty machine guns and practically all the quick firers and light artillery in the fortress, but even with this aid they were unable to hold the main fort against the loyal infantry. The fighting continued all night.

Yesterday morning a detachment of civilian revolutionaries seized the marine barracks on Skatudden island, hoisted the red flag and were joined by all the marines. Nine cruisers, torpedo boats and destroyers lying in the harbor opened fire on the barracks. This fire was answered from the third-story windows of the barracks with machine guns and rifles.

Too Hot for War Ships.

The torpedo boats and destroyers which were lying closer to the shore were subjected to such a hot fire from the barracks that their crews were driven below decks. They finally steamed out and joined in the bombardment with the cruisers. The sea attack was in co-operation with attacks by Cossacks and infantry from the land side. Finally, towards evening, the firing ceased and the authorities announced that the barracks had been captured.

The exact situation at Sveaborg is not known. Rumors are in circulation that the entire fortress has now fallen into the hands of the insurgents, but they lack confirmation. It is believed that the cessation of fighting is but a prelude to the renewal of the battle.

Is Up to the Emperor.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 1.—"All now depends upon the emperor," was the answer given by Count Heyden last night to a question by the Associated Press as to whether he, Prince Nicholas Lvoff and Alexander Guchkoff are members of the Stolypin cabinet.

"Our negotiations with Premier Stolypin have been satisfactorily concluded," said the count. "He agreed to our program, presented out names to the emperor with the recommendation that the program be accepted. If his majesty is willing to accept this program we will enter the ministry."

BATTLESHIPS IN COLLISION.

Illinois and Alabama Are Both Slightly Damaged in a Fog.

Newport, Aug. 1.—Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, commanding the Atlantic fleet, received reports in detail yesterday of a collision during a fog Monday night between the battleships Alabama and Illinois, about eight miles southeast of Brenton's reef lightship. The side of the Illinois was scraped by the bow of the Alabama, and several plates of the forward part of the Alabama were dented. It is thought also that one or more of the six-inch guns on the battleship were damaged. Rear Admiral Evans said last night that he was satisfied that neither ship was injured below the water line.

ITALIAN REVENGE IS SWIFT.

Man Stabs Brother-in-Law's Slayer Few Seconds After Crime.

New York, Aug. 1.—Vengeance for a murder he had committed was visited swiftly upon an Italian named Salvatore Siammonco after he had shot and mortally wounded his countryman, Salvatore Carodone, on South street, near the Fulton market, yesterday. Hardly a minute after the shooting Siammonco was stabbed in the heart and instantly killed by Guiseppe Tocco. All three were peddlers, who were buying fish at the market.

Tocco and Caradone are brothers-in-law.

SHOT BEFORE VICTIM'S EYES.

Posse Makes Short Work of Negro Who Assaulted Woman.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 1.—Floyd Carmichael, a negro about twenty-two years old, who was identified by Miss Annie Poole of Lakewood, a suburb of Atlanta, as the man who had assaulted her early yesterday, was shot in front of the Poole residence, in sight of his victim yesterday afternoon by a posse which had captured him. After he had been shot there were cries of "Burn him!" but the police prevented such action.

Posses Hunt Negro.

De Soto, Mo., Aug. 1.—Posses of enraged and excited men are in pursuit of Arch Ransome, a negro accused of having made an attack last evening at the Valley mines, Jefferson county, on aged twenty, and Effie Moore, aged aged twenty, and Effie Moore, aged fourteen. It is believed Ransome is hiding in this vicinity.

Kills Young Wife.

Mobile, Ala., Aug. 1.—William Woods of St. Louis yesterday shot and killed his young wife, who had been here for some time residing with her sister, a Mrs. Thomas. Woods came here Saturday to effect a reconciliation with his wife. He made several overtures, which were unsuccessful.

Face Smashed While Playing Ball.

Marine Mills, Minn., Aug. 1.—John Videen, residing with William Erickson, three miles west of here, was brought to this place yesterday afternoon with a badly smashed left cheek bone. While playing ball at the Hay Lake school house, near his home, he and another player collided in attempting to catch a fly. The patient was taken to a hospital in St. Paul last night by way of Stillwater.

Horse Killed by Lightning.

Marine Mills, Minn., Aug. 1.—In the severe storm A. Johnson, residing at Otisville, three miles north of here, had a valuable horse killed by lightning which struck the barn while the horse was in it. Mr. Johnson was in the barn when the bolt struck, but escaped unhurt. Charles G. Eckdahl, who residing near Otisville, had a cow killed in his pasture by lightning during the same storm.

Drowned in Well.

Brainerd, Minn., Aug. 1.—Andrew, the young son of Louis Paulson, living six miles east of Brainerd, was drowned yesterday in an unused well.

NAVY TOO MUCH FOR MUTINEERS

REBELS HAD UPPER HAND UNTIL BATTLESHIPS BEGAN TO BOMBARD.

ARE FORCED TO SURRENDER

TIMELY WARNING NIPS POSSIBLE REVOLT IN THE BUD AT CRONSTADT.

Helsingfors, Aug. 2.—A rumor of the surrender of the entire mutinous force at Sveaborg was brought over to Helsingfors by the postmaster at Sveaborg.

The fire from the cruisers has seriously damaged the fortifications.

There has been no firing for the last two hours.

The mutineers have failed to secure provisions.

Mutineers Surrender.

Later news from the fortress tends to confirm the previous report that the mutineers surrendered. The mutineers undoubtedly had the upper hand until the battleships Slava and Czarevitch arrived and commenced to bombard them with such telling effect that the central magazine was blown up and the best guns in the hands of the revolutionists were rendered practically useless. Commander Toget and 2,000 loyal infantrymen then surrounded the barracks. They were under continual fire from the revolutionists.

St. Petersburg Anxious.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 2.—St. Petersburg is anxiously awaiting news of yesterday's battle between the mutineers and the government forces at Sveaborg. No definite information has been received here, owing to the damage to the land telegraph wires. The advices received over the government's wireless telegraph system have not been divulged.

The utmost importance is attached to the conduct of the fleet. According to semi-official information the crews of these vessels are still under the control of their officers, but private advices say that a portion of the crews have been confined below decks for fear of mutiny.

Warships in Mutiny.

There was a rumor in circulation to-night that four of the ships of the Baltic squadron were in complete mutiny and roaming in the Gulf of Finland and that the commandant at Cronstadt had been notified to be prepared for an attack by these vessels.

The most intense anxiety still prevails with regard to a possible uprising at Cronstadt and the general spread of the revolt through the naval establishment.

Nip Revolt in Bud.

A personal visit by a correspondent of the Associated Press to Cronstadt, however, shows that the authorities there received timely warnings of the events at Sveaborg and nipped a possible revolt in the bud. They had the situation well in hand Tuesday night and quietly placed detachments of infantry at the doors of the marine barracks and removed the carbines from the racks. Yesterday morning the 1,500 sailors composing the Seventh equipage quartered at Cronstadt, whose loyalty had been distrusted, found themselves prisoners.

Helsingfors, Aug. 2.—The white flag has been hoisted on one of the islands, but it is premature to say whether the revolutionaries there have surrendered or not. In any event, however, the fire from the battleship Slava and another warship undoubtedly had its effect. The mutineers report that the Slava was struck several times by their fire.

During the afternoon a boat put out from Sveaborg and was bombarded. The occupants, who were members of the "Red guard," were taken into custody.

Declare a Strike.

Last evening the strike committee declared a general strike, to begin at 7 o'clock, having received an intimation that otherwise Helsingfors would be bombarded. Up to midnight, however, there were no evidences of this strike.

The senate has issued special orders to all governors to adopt measures to maintain public order and security and to strengthen the regular force with civilians.

The revolutionaries of Finland have issued an appeal to the troops to support the people in a fight for land and liberty.

Flotilla Mutinies.

Viborg, Aug. 2.—It is reported here that the Russian flotilla stationed at Hango, Finland, has mutinied, imprisoned the officers and sailed to the assistance of the mutineers at Sveaborg.

Examinations in St. Paul.

Washington, Aug. 2.—Civil service examinations will be held at St. Paul, North Duluth and Dakota on Aug. 29 and 30 to fill the vacancies in the position of forest assistant in the Philippine service. These places pay $1,400 a year.

Enlarge Red Wing Hospital.

Red Wing, Minn., Aug. 2.—A $12,000 addition to the city hospital will be made. Of this amount $10,000 was left by the will of the late J. C. Pierce for the benefit of the hospital.

THAW WINS HIS MOTHER OVER

OLCOTT'S FIRM IS DISCHARGED FROM CASE BY MRS. WILLIAM THAW.

New York, Aug. 2.—Yielding to the persuasion of her son, Harry Thaw, Mrs. William Thaw yesterday dispensed with the services of the firm of Black, Olcott, Gruber & Bonynge, whom she had retained to conduct the defense of the young man on the charge of murdering Stanford White.

Former Governor Black's firm was engaged by Harry Thaw to take charge of his defense a few days after the tragedy. A disagreement occurred between the prisoner and Mr. Olcott on the question of the line of defense to be adopted, Mr. Olcott insisting on the plea of insanity. A day or two before his mother's arrival from Europe Thaw dismissed his counsel and placed his affairs in the hands of his personal friend, Clifford W. Hartridge. Mrs. Thaw's first act on landing was to re-engage Black, Olcott, Gruber & Bonynge. Since then Mrs. Thaw has been unremitting in her efforts to persuade her son to acquiesce in her views and permit her to dictate his defense. In this she failed.

It is understood that Mr. Hartridge does not intend to conduct the case single-handed. He has been in daily consultation for a week with several prominent criminal lawyers. A number of these lawyers have already been retained to assist in the defense and are now at work on different ends of the case. A particularly noted lawyer will conduct the trial in court.

SELLS ALL THE ICE IN KENOSHA.

One Company Gets Monopoly on Cold Product.

Kenosha, Wis., Aug. 2.—An ice monopoly exists in Kenosha. The Knickerbocker Ice Company of Chicago secured a monopoly of the ice business when the officials of that company purchased the interest of John H. Kopfmeier of Milwaukee in the Kenosha Pure Ice company. The Knickerbocker company took charge of all the wagons at once. It is announced that no changes will be made in the existing contracts.

TOM L. JOHNSON WINS CASE.

Mayor of Cleveland Secures Sweeping Ruling in Contempt Case.

Cleveland, Aug. 2.—Judge Kennedy yesterday made a sweeping ruling in favor of Mayor Tom L. Johnson in the Fulton street railway contempt of court case. The court declared it would not assume that the city officials knew what they were enjoined from doing without being told. As public officials, the court said, the defendants might be served with 10,000 injunctions in a year or a month or a week.

NO PEONAGE IN LUMBER CAMPS.

President of German Immigration Society Investigates.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 2.—Emil Lesser, president of the German Immigration society of Alabama, returned from Lockhart, Ala., last night, where he has been for three days investigating the charges of peonage in the camp of the Jackson Lumber company, Mr. Lesser has prepared a report which will be submitted to Gov. Jelks, in which he says that no trace of peonage exists in the camp.

TO SURPRISE PACKERS.

Secretary Wilson's Sudden and Mysterious Trip of Inspection.

Washington, Aug. 2.—Secretary Wilson left here yesterday to pay a surprise visit of inspection to several slaughtering and packing houses in the East. It was not disclosed which cities he would visit because, it was stated, to do so would defeat the object he has in view.

Lightning Starts Fire.

Sturgis, S. D., Aug. 2.—During an electrical storm lightning struck, set on fire and burned to the ground the big barn of John Meyer, at Lower Alkali, twelve miles from here. The barn contained twelve tons of hay and a lot of new harness, all of which was destroyed. The horses were saved. The lightning went all through the building. The loss is $1,500, with no insurance.

Poisoned With Embalmed Ham.

Brainerd, Minn., Aug. 2.—The family of Charles O'Connor was made dangerously sick last night from poison, supposed to be in ham cured with chemicals. The symptoms are said to have been those of salicylic acid poisoning. The remains of the ham will be submitted to the state authorities for analysis.

Twenty-four-hour Bank Opens.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—An innovation in banking methods of Chicago was inaugurated yesterday when a twenty-four-hour bank opened for business. With the exception of Sundays and holidays, the bank will be open at all times during the day and night.

Corporal Kills Private.

Boston, Aug. 2.—Private Duer of the detachment of United States marines stationed at the Charlestown navy yard was killed last night by a blow alleged to have been struck by Acting Corporal Jenkins. Jenkins was arrested.

Fire Causes Big Loss.

Ottumwa, Iowa, Aug. 2.—Fire last night damaged E. Daggett & Son's livery, E. F. Darner's feed barn and L. R. Feener's feed barn. Five valuable horses perished. Loss $60,000.

SURROUND DIETZ'S HOME WITH TROOPS

PROBABLE OUTCOME OF CONFERENCE BETWEEN GOVERNOR AND SHERIFF.

BLOODSHED IS LOOKED FOR

WISCONSIN PEOPLE EXPECT ANOTHER BATTLE AT CAMERON DAM.

Madison, Wis., Aug. 1.—It is probable that several companies of the Wisconsin state militia will be called out to repress John F. Dietz, in Sawyer county, and bring Dietz into court to answer to the criminal charge of assault with intent to murder.

The troops will probably be called out quietly and the much-wanted Dietz will wake up some morning soon to find his house entirely surrounded by soldiers. As Dietz has repeatedly declared that he will never surrender alive, and as all of his family—wife sons and daughters—are crack shots, it is almost certain that there will be much bloodshed there before he is taken.

Use No Federal Troops.

Federal troops will not be called on to help the state troops, because the general charge against Dietz was a civil one and not a criminal one, and has been satisfied by the entry of a judgment against the defendant. This judgment, however, has not been enforced.

This is the probable result of a long conference between Gov. James O. Davidson and Sheriff Peter Gylland of Sawyer county, and between United States Marshal Charles Lewiston and the sheriff here this afternoon and evening. Neither the governor nor the sheriff would say positively that it had been decided to call out state troops to capture Dietz, but that seems to be a fair conclusion from what they say.

Gov. Davidson said that Sheriff Gylland had told him in full of the bloody gun battle between his posse of seven men and the Dietz family last week, when the latter repulsed the former after one man on each side had been seriously wounded.

Wants Another Investigation.

The governor said that he would probably order another investigation into all of the facts and circumstances surrounding the remarkable rebellion and then decide what further action it would be proper to take.

He said that the law of the state would have to be enforced and that the citizens would have to submit to them. He intimated that if after further investigation he was convinced that Dietz was defying the state, the sovereign power of the commonwealth would be invoked and the necessary force used to bring him into court.

Wounded Man Tells Story.

After crawling on his hands and knees for a great distance through the forest, Duyo Rogich, Milwaukee, in three places by Clarence Dietz, reached the homestead of Charles Johnson and was later carried into Winter, where he secured medical attention. Slight hope is entertained for his recovery. He had been terribly exposed when he reached the Johnson place and his wounds had become filled with dirt.

His story is that when he fell he plainly heard Dietz telling his son to go down and if the —— was still alive to kill him, chop his head off and bring it up and feed it to the hogs.

It was when Clarence was coming down that he took aim and shot him, he says. Rogich started along for the camp and waded through the water of Thornapple river close to his neck.

Crawled on Hands and Knees.

Rogich told the story of his terrible experience to the conductor of the Hayward train.

"When the fellows who were carrying me out of the woods thought they were pursued by Dietz and dropped my stretcher, I feared that my last moment had come," he said. "They failed to return where I had been left. After awhile, realizing that they were not coming back, I started to crawl on my hands and knees. I could not raise myself to my feet. All that night and part of the next day I made my way through the woods, resting from time to time and then starting forward again.

"The agonies of that awful journey were terrible. Finally, after I had almost decided to crawl beneath a tree and die, I came upon Johnson's cabin. He cared for me and finally took me into Winters."

Young Dietz May Die.

Bill Dietz of Rice Lake, who went to Cameron dam to see his brother immediately upon hearing of Wednesday's fight, returned to his home on the same train with Rogich.

"The boy Clarence, who is supposed to have been shot by Rogich, is in a serious condition," he said. "The bullet which struck him in the head penetrated deeper than was at first thought, and his brain is exposed. It is doubtful whether he can live.

"I went to my brother's farm at Cameron dam as soon as I could get there after the shooting took place. He is in good spirits although greatly concerned over Clarence's wound. All he wants is to be left alone in peace. He fears that fresh trouble is coming soon. He will fight to the last."

CUMMINGS IS RENOMINATED

IOWA REPUBLICANS HOLD VERY HARMONIOUS CONVENTION AT DES MOINES.

Des Moines, Aug. 2.—Gov. A. B. Cummins was renominated by the Iowa Republican convention here yesterday on the first ballot. The vote was: Cummins, 933; Perkins, 603; Rathbun, 104.

The convention finished its work before 9 o'clock last night. There was no "row" of any kind. Indeed it was as harmonious a convention as was ever held by the Republicans of this state.

After Gov. Cummins was renominated a committee was appointed to escort him to the platform. He made a little speech, in which he said the thing nearest his heart was the Republican party.

George D. Perkins was also called and was received with cheers. The majority of the other officers on the state ticket were nominated by acclamation, ballots being necessary only for lieutenant governor, secretary of state, treasurer, attorney general and railroad commissioner.

10,583 AFTER INDIAN LAND.

Filings for Shoshone Reservation Claims Are Closed.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Aug. 2.—The total registration for lands in the Shoshone reservation, which closed last evening, is 10,583. The greatest registration was at Shoshoni, 4,353. Commissioner W. A. Richards of the general land office will leave Shoshoni Thursday for Lander, with his clerks, to superintend the drawing.

The Lander land office will be removed after the drawings temporarily to Shoshoni, where the filings will be received until Oct. 3, when the Lander office will be reopened. The registration has been much smaller than was anticipated, but most of those registered are bona fide homeseekers.

The state authorities are encouraged by the fact that many of the applicants are Western men, familiar with irrigation, without which the lands are practically worthless.

91 BABES IN THREE MONTHS.

Sheboygan, Wis., Has Refuted Race Suicide.

Sheboygan, Wis., Aug. 2.—Sheboygan has a flourishing anti-race suicide society. The latest addition is the colony of Russians located here. Although their colony is the smallest in the city they added twenty babies to the population during the past three months. During the same period twenty little Germans were born, three Austrian babies, two of Dutch parentage and forty-six Americans.

FRENCH VESSEL IS WRECKED.

Crew Saved by Tug and Lifeboat Crews.

Falmouth, Aug. 2.—News was received here at midnight that the French bark Socoa, Capt. Le Coire, 2,160 tons, from Stettin July 15, for San Francisco, had gone ashore off Cadgwith, midway between the dreaded Manacle rocks and the Lizard. Tugs and lifeboats were sent out and the crew was saved. A heavy sea is running.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Aug. 2.—Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 81 1-2@82c; No. 2 Northern, 79 1-2@80c; No. 3, 78@79c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 49@49 1-2c. Oats—No. 3 white, 32@32 1-2c.

Minneapolis, Aug. 2.—Wheat — No. 1 hard, 77 3-4c; No. 1 Northern, 76 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 75 1-4c; durum, 66 1-4@68 1-4c. Oats — No. 3 white, 31 1-8c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 47 3-4c.

Duluth, Aug. 2.—Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 77 1-8c; No. 2 Northern, 75 5-8c. Oats—No. 3 white, 52 1-2c.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—Wheat — No. 2 red, 74 3-4@75 1-2c; No. 2 hard, 73 1-2@75c; No. 1 Northern, 78@79c; No. 2 Northern, 76 1-2@77 1-2c. Oats—No. 1, 32c.

Milwaukee, Aug. 2.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 80@81c; No. 2 Northern, 77@79c. Rye—No. 1, 60@60 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 55@55 1-4c. Oats—Standard, 35 1-4@35 3-4c.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—Cattle — Beeves, $3.75@6.40; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.25; cows and heifers, $1.25@5.30. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $6.30@6.70; bulk, $6.45@6.65. Sheep—$2.90@4.35; lambs, $4.75@7.75.

Sioux City, Iowa, Aug. 2.—Cattle — Beeves, $4.50@6; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.50@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3@4; calves and yearlings, $2.75@3.85. Hogs—Bulk, $6.20@6.30.

South St. Paul, Aug. 2.—Cattle — Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $25@40. Hogs — Price range, $6@6.45; bulk, $6.20@6.30. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $6@6.75; common to fair, $4@5.50; yearling wethers, $4.75@6; good to choice, $5@5.50.

BIGELOW TRUSTEE REPORTS.

Banker Can Pay Total of 11.42 Per Cent on Approved Claims.

Milwaukee, Aug. 2.—The final account of the trustees of the bankrupt estate of Frank G. Bigelow, the defaulting bank president who is now serving a sentence in Fort Leavenworth, was filed yesterday. The trustee says that there is sufficient money on hand to pay a final dividend of 1.22 per cent, making a total dividend of 11.42 per cent on approved claims aggregating $3,242,255.

TO RAISE MONEY TO BACK DIETZ

FRIENDS EVEN TALK OF ARMED RESISTANCE IN DIETZ'S BEHALF.

BOARDMAN TO GO ON SCOUT

THE ADJUTANT GENERAL AND OTHERS TO INVESTIGATE FOR GOVERNOR.

Hayward, Wis., Aug. 2.—Moral and financial backing for John F. Dietz is being solicited throughout Northern Wisconsin by his friends. There is talk even of enlisting the services of Dietz sympathizers forcibly to resist the projected military attack.

Mass meetings have been held in various towns of Chippewa, Rusk, Barron and Sawyer counties, and each one adopted resolutions of sympathy and encouragement for Dietz.

Petitions are being circulated in the towns, and contributions of money are being requested. The petition, it is planned, will be sent later to Gov. Davidson. It sets forth Dietz's case from his own point of view, and appeals to the governor not to send troops to capture the man.

Not Ready to Send Troops.

Milwaukee, Aug. 2.—Gov. J. O. Davidson at present will not send the Wisconsin national guard to capture Dietz, as he is not yet satisfied that conditions on Thornapple river are serious enough to warrant the sending of a company of soldiers for the service of papers on Dietz. Instead, the governor will send a commission to Sawyer county to investigate conditions there and learn, if possible, how a lone man and his family of four are able to hold sheriff's posses at bay.

Boardman to Scout.

Adjt. Gen. Charles R. Boardman probably will head the investigating committee for the governor. It is likely his companions will be officers of the Wisconsin national guard.

Gov. Davidson cannot understand how Dietz is able to avoid capture when he has so few around him, and in talks with friends the governor is said to have asserted that if a few determined men went after Dietz he believes they could arrest him.

Talk of Armed Force.

T. E. Brennan, in speaking of the intense feeling at Spooner and Rice Lake, said:

"I was told that there are fully 2,000 people in that part of the state willing and ready to shoulder guns and march to the defense of Dietz at a moment's notice. That the feeling there is intense hardly expresses the real situation. I could not find a man who was not openly friendly to Dietz and who did not repudiate the idea that Dietz is an outlaw. They all declare that he is unquestionably in the right, and that in defending his dam against a millionaire lumber corporation he is simply defending personal rights.

Ignored Promise to Dietz.

"As to the talk of going into court for his right, the people there say that Dietz had a clear understanding and promise from the lumber company that he was to be paid a reasonable price for the logs carried through his property; that the company ignored its promise, and that now, if he went into court and spent time fighting a lawsuit with the rich corporation the company would rush through the $4,000,000 worth of logs held up by Dietz and then let him whistle for his money."

FOUNDER OF SLAYTON DIES.

Minnesota Pioneer Passes Away in Arizona.

Slayton, Minn., Aug. 2.—News has reached here of the death of C. W. Slayton, founder of this place and from whom the city takes its name. Mr. Slayton died in Arizona, where he had been making his home the past few years. Mr. Slayton was well known throughout this section of the state in its early days. He was in those days reputed to be a man of considerable wealth. It is said, however, that he had lost his fortune and died in poverty.

CAUGHT A BURGLAR.

Goods Found Upon a Night Marauder at Arlington, Minn.

Arlington, Minn., Aug. 2.—At an early hour yesterday City Marshal A. McGovern discovered a burglar at work in the large department store of the Arlington Mercantile company. The burglar tried to make his escape through the window in the basement, but was captured. Rings and other jewelry which he had stolen were all recovered.

The burglar is about nineteen and went by the name of Henry Huff, alias Donahue.

Suspected Burglar Released.

Hudson, Wis., Aug. 2.—Clarence Balcom, accused of robbing the safe in the meat market of Johnson Bros. and taking over $530 in money and Omaha railroad pay checks was released by Justice C. A. Disney.

Young Woman Drowned.

Baraboo, Wis., Aug. 2.—Miss Emma Sheel of St. Louis, aged nineteen, was drowned yesterday while bathing in the Wisconsin river at Sauk City. She graduated at Sauk City a year ago.

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H. E. IVES, L. HOLMES
R. H. BOURDON, A. D. STEPHENS
C. L. HANSEN.

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER
9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.
10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie.........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

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Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

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Saturday, August 4, 1906.

Republican State Ticket.

United States Senator—
KNUTE NELSON,
Douglas County.
Governor—
A. L. COLE,
Cass County.
Lieutenant Governor—
A. O. EBERDART,
Blue Earth County.
Chief Justice—
CHARLES M. START,
Olmsted County.
State Treasurer—
CLARENCE DINEHART,
Murray County.
Secretary of State—
JULIUS SCHM HL,
Redwood County.
Attorney General—
E. T. YOUNG,
Swift County.
State Auditor—
S. G. IVERSON,
Fillmore County.
Clerk of the Supreme Court—
C. A. PIDGEON,
Wright County.
Railroad Commissioner—
C. F. STAPLES,
Dakota County.

Editor John Eastman has visions of being the political boss of Red Lake county.

It looks as if there would always be trouble in Russia until they have a much better form of government.

Crookston will do business after this with a new charter, which they adopted last Tuesday by a decisive vote.

As the time grows nearer it looks better than ever for the success of A. L. Cole for governor, and the entire republican ticket.

E. L. Quist, of Kratka township, who was a candidate at the primaries two years ago for superintendent of schools, has filed for the republican nomination for register of deeds.

Things must look good to Congressman Halvor Steenerson as he is not likely to have opposition at the primaries, and even the democrats are not talking of putting up a man to oppose him.

> ***When the county seat question came up over a year ago, Mr. Ives was looked upon as being favorable to Thief River Falls, but positive evidence is being produced to the effect that he is now on the Red Lake Falls side of the question and for that reason his friends here will refuse to support him.***—Thief River Falls News.

We wish to call Editor Eastman's attention to a couple of errors in the above article. First, H. E. Ives never advocated the cause of Thief River Falls a year ago or any time. Second, he is not now advocating the cause of Red Lake Falls. If Editor Eastman has positive evidence he should publish it. We will state positively that the candidacy of H. E. Ives for the republican nomination for clerk of the district court of Red Lake county is not in any way a county seat scheme. If Eastman or any one else has information to the contrary we would be pleased if they would make it public.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines [illegible]

—For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

STATE POLITICS.

St. Paul, July 31.—The Republican state central committee last week opened headquarters on the sixth floor of the Globe building, Rooms 604 to 608, and took the preliminary steps toward opening the campaign. Dr. Cole, the chairman of the state central committee, intends giving his whole time to this work and will live in St. Paul until after the election. For the present he will remain at headquarters directing the organization, but later the work at headquarters will be under the direction of the chairman of the executive committee, Senator Thompson, and the secretary, Mr. Charles H. Warner, until recently state immigration agent, while the doctor will accompany his brother, the nominee for governor, in a tour of the state.

* * * * *

There have already been a great many callers at headquarters, and the correspondence from every part of the state has been very large. As a result of interviews and from what was learned from the letters received from politicians who are usually well informed, the members of the executive committee feel very much encouraged over the outlook. There is every evidence that the Republican ticket will have behind it a more thoroughly united party than in any campaign in recent years. The talk of any large disaffection towards the head of the ticket is always somewhere else. A week or two ago it was represented that the people in Mr. Jacobson's district were in open rebellion, but a visit to Madison and other points in the Seventh congressional district reveals the fact that if there is any general inclination to bolt the head of the ticket the people there have not heard of it. Now the disaffection has shifted its location to a more indefinite part of the state and is being exuberantly exploited by Democratic newspapers and buttonhole politicians. The fact of the matter is, as it is brought home to Republican headquarters, conditions are wonderfully improved in every part of the state from what they were two years ago. The people are waiting to see Mr. Cole, however, and to hear what he has to say.

* * * * *

The opportunity to do this will, I learn, be afforded them in a short time. Mr. Cole, who has made a complete recovery from the indisposition from which he suffered during the closing days of the campaign and at Duluth, will be in Minneapolis during the Grand Army encampment and will have rooms at the Hotel Hyser, on the corner of Fourth street and Nicollet avenue, where he expects to meet not only the old soldiers, but any one who would care to make the acquaintance of the Republican candidate for governor.

* * * * *

About the same time, or possibly before that, Mr. Cole expects to make an opportunity to take the public into his confidence as to his views on public questions. He will do this in an address which will be delivered somewhere in the northern part of the state and not far from his home in Walker. This speech, on which Mr. Cole is now at work, will be the opening gun of his campaign, and it is expected that it will deal with state issues, if not exhaustively, at least in such a manner that there will be no question as to Mr. Cole's views on any matter touched upon in the Republican platform or which is now or will be at that time of current political interest. Those in Mr. Cole's confidence say that the views that will then be expressed by him will be in line with the advanced policy of President Roosevelt on corporation questions and will be of such a character as will commend him to the confidence of the rank and file of the Republican party.

* * * * *

It is expected that Mr. Cole will, about Sept. 1, start out to make a tour of the state and that the southern counties will be the first he will visit. Doubtless a number of addresses will be delivered while he swings around the circle, but, after all, his principal object in making the tour will be to meet the people, get acquainted with them and let them form their own estimate at close quarters of the character of the man the Republicans have nominated to the office of chief executive of the state.

* * * * *

Congressman Tawney was in town a few days ago and from what he said it is plain that the national congressional committee is getting itself in line to co-operate with the Republican state central committee for the success of the whole Republican ticket. It looks now as though Mr. Tawney, who, as chairman of the appropriations committee of the house of representatives, is the most prominent member of the Minnesota delegation, is to have no opposition this fall either for the nomination or later for the election and he will consequently be in a position to render valuable service to the state ticket. Mr. Tawney is an effective and experienced campaigner and under his leadership it is expected that the old First district will roll up its old time majority for Cole and the rest of the state ticket.

* * * * *

The St. Paul Dispatch has made an interesting contribution to campaign literature in the shape of a direct attack on the so-called merger—the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern Railroad companies—which it alleges and no doubt with truth, are, notwithstanding the dissolution of the Northern Securities company, still carrying on their business in such fashion as is not contemplated by law; that in fact they completely ignore the statutes demanding that parallel and competing roads shall not be operated in the same interest. The matter has been brought to the attention of Governor Johnson, who for two years has of course known, as every one else has, that the statements and charges made by the Dispatch are substantially correct and he has been asked, quite unnecessarily one would think, inasmuch as during his entire term of office he has completely ignored the situation, what he is going to do about it. Governor Johnson's reply is both interesting and suggestive. He admits the fact; says in effect that the state executive can't help it and concludes that "It does not appear to me to be proper, on the eve of a political campaign, to do some spectacular thing which might not bring desired results." Quite high minded that. But from what he says later we find a suggestion that the "spectacular thing" may be done after all.

* * * * *

"I am officially informed," says Governor Johnson, "that the board of railway and warehouse commissioners have undertaken an exhaustive and comprehensive investigation of this question with a view of a general reduction and equalization of transportation rates. This board of executive officers, chosen by the people of the state, are entitled to every opportunity to carry their work to a successful conclusion. If it shall be found that they have been negligent of duty or inefficient it will then be the duty of the governor to take proper action in the premises and I have no hesitation in saying that I would not shirk any public duty which might fall upon me."

In other words, while the governor does not propose to go to war himself, he is quite ready to sacrifice his wife's relations to his country's cause.

Annual Meeting Fraternal Order of Eagles, Milwaukee, Wis.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Milwaukee, Wis. and return for $20.51; dates of sale, Aug. 10 to 13, with final return limit of Aug. 24th.

A Political Pointer.

Bragley Restaurant waiters would make strong candidates if they were in politics. Don't you think so? [illegible] Bragley [illegible] Haven't you noticed that they carry [illegible]

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Ditch Petition.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. } ss

In the matter of the petition of Lorens Hansen and others, for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 26.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 26, beginning at the northeast corner of section 13, in township 153, range 44 (town of Sanders), thence running south along the range line on the east side of sections 13, 24, 25 and 36, in said town of Sanders, and thence south through the northwest quarter of section 1 in township 152, range 44 (town of Black River), to and terminating at a point on what is known as the St. Hilaire ditch as its outlet, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Lorens Hansen, Michael C. Harlow, Einer P. Kahravan, Hogan Hanson, Wm. C. Weeks, Inga Turnwall, John G. Campbell, I. W. Keerl, L. K. Scroggin, James Donaldson, Elmer McCraney, W. A. Mathews, J. O. Thorstad, Charles Gustafson, Laura H. Kridler, Henry Pope, Christian Kittelson, Wm. D. Hammel, Andrew H. Kolseth, James F. Davis, Charles R. Williams, Thos. Thompson, Henry Gonigam, Andrew T. Anderson, John T. Anderson, J. S. Thomas, Ole O. Opperud, Wm. Schramm, A. A. Cooper, C. A. Brink, H. C. L. Stoll, Andrew R. Peterson, Wilson & Hendrickson, Andrew Elmquist, W. J. Remington, Nils Lundahl, Julius C. Peterson, St. Hilaire Townsite Co., Crookston Lumber Co., Ole P Melting, John Gunderson, Gustaf Gunderson, Carl F. Hillberg, Thos. Downing, Adele Ashall, Adolph Satterberg, Nora C. Bengston, M. V. B. Ives, Peder Anderson, O. L. Munins, Tilley & Simpson, Otto H. Yaeck, Mrs. Theresa Whaley, Jonah Sanford, Josephine Jorgenson, C. M. Renn, Carl Johnson, Galina Johnson, Peter P. Hood, Herman C. Adams, Johanna Hall, John Falistad, Victor St. Martin, Arne J. Loe, Town of BlackRiver, Town of Rocksbury, Town of Sanders and Village of St. Hilaire, and that the engineer appointed by the board of county commissioners of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor, and that the viewers appointed by said board of county commissioners to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Tuesday, the fourteenth day of August, 1906, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at one o'clock p. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said board of county commissioners at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal) County Auditor of
Red Lake county, Minnesota.
Dated July 14, 1906.
[j121-a4

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Bernhard Thelander.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court,

In the matter of the estate of Bernhard Thelander, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Christine Thelander, all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled;

Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the court house, in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of August, 1906, at 9 o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 2nd day of August, 1906.

N. W. TARRANT,
(Court Seal.) Probate Judge.
a4-25

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Notice of Filing and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the board of county commissioners at the office of the county auditor of said county, in the city of Red Lake Falls, on the fourteenth day of August, A. D. 1906, at two o'clock p. m.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 19th day of July, 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal) County Auditor.

Petition for Public Ditch.

To the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the drainage ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a drainage ditch along the following described route in the town of Red Lake Falls in said county of Red Lake, and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

Commencing at a point 40 rods south and 80 rods west of the northeast corner of the southwest quarter of section 1, in township 151, range 44, and running thence south along the sixteenth section line to a point near the center of the northwest quarter of section 12 in said town and range, thence west across the west half of the northwest quarter of said section 12, following the natural water course, to the section line between sections 11 and 12 in said town and range, thence south along the section line between sections 11 and 12 and between sections 13 and 14, making a highway along the proposed ditch between sections 11 and 12 aforesaid, to a coulee at or near the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of said section 14, putting in the necessary culverts between said sections 11 and 12, and terminating at or near the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of said section 14 and having said coulee as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such drainage ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter two hundred thirty (230), of the General laws of Minnesota for 1905.

Dated Red Lake Falls, June 25, 1906.
John A. Duffy,
John Flanigan,
J. Rose,
his
Witness: M. C. Erb—Frank (x) Gagnon.
mark
S. A. Swanson,
Thomas McNerthney,
Peter F. Poullot,
—Petitioners.
[j121a4]

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

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LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.
ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.
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Official Abstracter.
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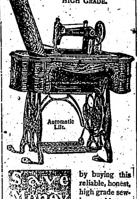

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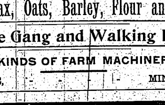
LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

DRINK Hamm's
NEW BREW
BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO. ST. PAUL, MINN.

SAW MILL MACHINERY.



We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B. Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

CROOKSTON LUMBER Company.
Lumber Manufacturers
St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

G. A. R. Rates
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
On account of the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in Minneapolis, August 13-18, the
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
will sell round trip tickets from ST. HILAIRE to
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS
FOR $6.35.
Tickets on Sale Aug. 11 to 14. Final Return Limit August 31.
For further particulars see H. M. SWANSON, Agt.

Choice Bargains
We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at
Farm Land Prices..
Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President. H. D. PETTIBONE, Secretary.
St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Pack Your Trunk And Go East
That's a good start toward a pleasant and profitable Summer Vacation. In purchasing your ticket tell the agent that it Must read over the
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.
between the Twin Cities and Chicago. Five handsome daily trains including the Pioneer Limited and the Fast Mail. Direct connections at St. Paul Union Depot with all trains from the North and West. Sleeping car berths higher, wider and longer than the berths in other sleepers and therefore cooler and more comfortable for Summer travel.
Let us know where you are going and full information as to rates, routes, connections, etc., will be cheerfully furnished by return mail.
W. B. DIXON,
Northwestern Passenger Agent,
365 Robert St., ST. PAUL,

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8!
That's the Holiday Week of the Year—the Week of the Great MINNESOTA STATE FAIR
Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphitheater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Crescens, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.
Sensational racing each day.
Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, Etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 Pacing race on St. Paul Day.
Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstration of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $[illegible]
HALF FARE RAILROAD RATES! Tickets on sale Saturday, Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept. 10.
C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

ADVERTISE IN THE ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

Supplement to St. Hilaire Spectator, August 4, 1906

Official Proceedings

of the Board of County Commissioners.

Red Lake Falls, Minn.,
July 9, 1906.

The board of county commissioners met in regular session at the court house at 1 o'clock p. m. Commissioners Ekstrom, Demann, Johnson, Shaw and Falardeau were present.

The minutes of the special meetings of May 7, and 8, June 11 and 12 and June 26, 1906, were read and approved.

On motion made by Commissioner Ekstrom and seconded by Commissioner Johnson the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved that the sum of $75.00 be and is hereby appropriated from the County Road and Bridge Fund to aid the town of Numedal in repairing the county road running east and west through said town, and that the sum of $100.00 be and is hereby appropriated from the county road and bridge fund to aid the town or Bray in grading the highway running east and west between sections 24 and 25 in said town of Bray.

The application of the board of supervisors of the town of River Falls for an appropriation from the county road and bridge fund to aid the said town in draining certain lands and grading certain roads, was rejected on the ground that the board could not legally appropriate money for that purpose.

The applications of Marit Hanson, John Brendvold, M. E. Bjerk and Emery Dion for correction of assessment and abatement of taxes were granted subject to the approval of the state auditor.

The following statement of the financial condition of the county was submitted by the county auditor:

Name of Fund and purpose for which tax was levied.	Tax levy for 1905.	Cash balance in treasury July 1, 1906
County Revenue Fund	$16,000 00	$3,218 96
County Poor Fund		558 90
Co. Bond & Interest Fund	3,500 00	
Co. Road & Bridge Fund	3,500 00	1,878 98
Court House & Jail Fund	1,000 00	738 40

Respectfully submitted,
—James E. Ford,
County Auditor.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Johnson and seconded by Commissioner Demann was adopted unanimously:

Whereas after due consideration, this board has estimated the necessary expenses of the county for the ensuing year to be as follows:

County purposes	$20,000 00
Road and Bridge Purposes	4,500 00
Interest and Principal on Bonds	3,500 00
Special road and bridge tax under Chap. 338, Laws of 1905 for completion of Louisville and Poplar River bridges	$1,033 00

Therefore be it resolved that to meet such expenses, the following sums be levied on the taxable property of Red Lake county as a basis of taxation for the year 1906.

County Revenue Fund	$20,000 00
County Road and Bridge Fund	4,500 00
County Bond and Interest Fund	3,500 00
Special Road and Bridge Fund under Chap. 338, Laws of 1905	1,033 00

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Demann and seconded by Commissioner Ekstrom was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, that the sum of $200.00 be and is hereby appropriated from the County Revenue Fund to the Incidental Expense Fund of this county.

The board proceeded to make a supplemental list of grand and petit jurors which was duly certified and filed with the clerk of the district court.

On motion duly carried a recess was taken to July 10, 1906.

July 10, 1906, the board reconvened at 9 o'clock a. m. with all members present.

Commissioner Ekstrom offered the following resolution which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved that the sum of $200.00 be and is hereby appropriated from the County Revenue Fund to be paid to the Red Lake County Agricultural Society to aid in holding an agricultural fair in the city of Thief River Falls in 1906.

The petition of John Forst and others for a new school district came on for hearing and was read.

On motion carried unanimously the petition was granted and the following order establishing a new school district was made:

Whereas, a petition signed and duly acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts, residing within the territory of the proposed new district, asking for the formation of a new school district which shall embrace the territory hereinafter described, was presented to the county board of this county, at a session of said board held on the 29th day of May, A. D., 1906 for the action of said Board thereon;

And, Whereas, It was then ordered by said Board that a hearing should be had on said petition at a session of said Board commencing on the 10th day of July, A. D., 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county.

And, Whereas, Due notice of the time and place of such hearing has been given by posting a copy of said notice in three of the most public places in each of the school districts to be affected by said petition ten days prior to the day of such hearing, and by mailing to the clerk of each of said school districts so affected thereby, a true copy of such notice, at least ten days before the time appointed for such hearing, and by the publication of such notice for two weeks in the legal newspaper printed and published in said Red Lake county, to-wit: The St. Hilaire Spectator, which said newspaper last mentioned is printed and published in said county and was duly designated by said county board for the publishing of the same; and due proofs of the posting and service and publication of said notice of hearing having been made and filed, by the affidavit of Frank Zavoral who posted said notice, and by the certificate of the county auditor of said county, who served the said notice upon each of the clerks of said districts affected thereby, and by the affidavit of the publisher of said newspaper in which the same was published respectively;

And, Whereas, At the session of said county board commencing on said tenth day of July, A. D., 1906, said petition was publicly read and considered, and arguments of all persons interested therein for and against the organization of said proposed new district duly heard and considered.

It is hereby ordered and determined, That said petition be granted and the following described territory, to-wit:

Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 in township 153 North, of Range 40 west in said county, be and the same is hereby organized and constituted a school district, and shall be hereafter designated and known as Common School District No. 50 of the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

It is further ordered and determined, That the 11th day of August, A. D., 1906, at 7 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of Frank Zavoral on the sw¼ of section 12 in the town of Highlanding in said district be and the same is hereby fixed as the time and place when and where the first meeting of the electors of said district who are qualified to vote at school meetings, will be held to organize said district, and that the County Auditor cause ten days posted notice to be given of the time and place of such meeting as required by law. The county auditor will mail to the clerk of each of the districts affected by this order a true copy thereof.

By order of the county board of Red Lake county, Minnesota.

(Seal)
—DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman of Board.

Attest: James E. Ford,
County Auditor of said Red Lake county, Minnesota.

Dated this tenth day of July, 1906.

The petition of Siver Halverson to be set off with his lands from School Dist. No. 228 to School Dist. No. 214, which bearing was adjourned from May 29, 1906 to July 10, 1906 came on for hearing and on motion made by Commissioner Johnson and seconded by Commissioner Ekstrom and carried by the following vote:

Aye, Commissioners Ekstrom, Johnson and Shaw.

No, Commissioners Demann and Falardeau.

The following order was made:

Whereas, The petition of Siver Halvorson, a free holder of school district No. 228 in this county with the approval of the County Supt. of Schools endorsed thereon, representing that he is the owner of the lands hereinafter described, which are situate in said school district and that he desires to be set off with his said lands to school district No. 214, and asking that he may be set off with his said lands from said district No. 228 to said district No. 214 for the following reasons: That he will be nearer to the school house in school district No. 214 and will have better roads, was presented to the county board of this county at a session of said board held on the eighth day of May, A. D., 1906, for the action of said board thereon; AND WHEREAS, it was thereupon ordered by said board that a hearing should be had on said petition at a session of said Board commencing on the twenty-ninth day of May, A. D., 1906, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county: And, Whereas, it was further ordered in and by said order that notice of the time and place of such hearing be given by posting a notice of said hearing in three public places in each of the school districts to be affected by said petition and by serving upon the clerk of each of said school districts, personally, a copy of said notice at least ten days before the time appointed for such hearing, and by giving two weeks published notice thereof in the St. Hilaire Spectator a duly qualified newspaper printed and published at St. Hilaire in said county, and whereas, at the said session of said board commencing on said twenty-ninth day of May, A. D., 1906, proof of the due publication, posting and service of said notice of hearing as therein directed and required, more than ten days prior to said last named date having been made and filed, said petition was publicly read and considered by the board with everything which was said by said interested parties for or against granting the prayer of the petitioner and being satisfied from all the evidence produced at such hearing that the allegations of said petition are true which hearing was then adjourned to the tenth day of July, 1906 and on said 10th day of July, 1906, said board being of opinion that the prayer of said petitioner should be granted; it is hereby ordered and determined, that the following described lands owned by him, to-wit:

The west half of the northwest quarter and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section 26 in township 151 north, of range 42 west, be and the same are hereby set off from said school district No. 228 to said school district No. 214 in said county, and said lands are hereby made a part of said last named school district for all purposes whatever.

By Order of the County Board.

Dated the tenth day of July, A. D. 1906.

(Seal)
—DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman of the County Board
Red Lake County, Minn.

Attest: James E. Ford,
County Auditor
and ex-officio clerk of the board.

Commissioner Johnson offered the following resolution and moved its adoption:

Be it resolved, that the per diem of Assistant Engineer in county ditch proceedings be placed at $3.00 per day.

Which resolution was seconded by Commissioner Ekstrom and adopted by unanimous vote.

Commissioner Johnson offered the following resolution and moved its adoption:

Resolved that the sum of $100.00 be and is hereby appropriated from the County Road and Bridge Fund to aid the Town of Poplar River in grading and repairing the highway between sections 9 and 10 and 22 and 23 in said town.

Which motion was seconded by Commissioner Demann, carried unanimously and the resolution declared adopted.

Hearing was had on the petition of Chas. Johnson, Felix Anderson and others for a county ditch. On motion made by Commissioner Ekstrom, seconded by Commissioner Demann and adopted unanimously, the following resolution appointing an engineer was adopted:

In the matter of the petition of Chas. Johnson, Felix Anderson and others for locating and constructing county ditch No. 27 in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Red Lake.

Whereas, a petition bearing date the 29th day of May, 1906, signed by Chas. Johnson, C. Moren, Swen Johnson, Nick Eckstein, Ernest Schneider, Felix Anderson, Albert Anderson, Adolph Anderson and Wm. Landman, praying for the establishment of a certain drainage ditch in said county, designated and numbered by the county auditor as county ditch No. 27, the route of which is more fully described in said petition, and a proper bond accompanying the same, has been filed with the county auditor of said county as by law required;

And Whereas, It appears by satisfactory proof to the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, that due notice of the pendency of said petition and the time and place at which the same would be heard has been given as required by law;

Now, Therefore, We, the board of county commissioners of said county at a regular session held this day, do hereby appoint J. K. Wood as a competent and experienced engineer to make an accurate survey of the line of said drainage ditch from its source to its outlet as provided and specified in and by Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905, and after completing his duties as such engineer to make and file his report with the county auditor of said county on or before the 30th day of July, 1906.

Dated July 10, 1906.

By the Board,
(Seal)
—DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman, Board County Commissioners
Red Lake county, Minn.

Attest:—James E. Ford,
County Auditor.

On motion made by Commissioner Ekstrom and seconded by Commissioner Demann and carried unanimously, the following order appointing viewers on County Ditch No. 27 was made:

In the matter of the petition of Chas. Johnson, Felix Anderson and others for County Ditch No. 27 in the County of Red Lake, state of Minnesota:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Red Lake.

Whereas, a petition bearing date the 29th day of May, A. D., 1906, signed by Chas. Johnson, C. Moren, Swen Johnson, Nick Eckstein, Ernest Schneider, Felix Anderson, Albert Anderson, Adolph Anderson and Wm. Landman praying for the establishment of a ditch in said county designated and numbered by the county auditor as County Ditch No. 27, the route of which is more fully described in said petition, together with a proper bond accompanying the same, has been filed with the county auditor of said county; and said county auditor has given due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the said notice has been published and served as by law required; and hearing had on said petition pursuant to said notice; and the said county commissioners of said county have heretofore duly appointed a competent engineer, to-wit: J. K. Wood, to make a survey of said ditch.

Now, Therefore, We, the Board of County Commissioners of said county, at a regular session held this day, do hereby appoint Robert A. Lee, Carl Johnson and Fred Zaiser, three resident freeholders of said county, who are not interested in the construction of said proposed work and not of kin to any of the parties known to be interested therein, to be viewers of said proposed work and of the route thereof. The said viewers shall first take an oath to faithfully perform their duties as such viewers; and thereafter, having received a certified copy of the petition for said ditch and of the order appointing them such viewers and of the order of the county auditor of said county designating the time and place for the first meeting of said viewers, shall meet at the time and place specified in the order of the county auditor aforesaid and shall proceed to view said proposed work and the land damaged or benefitted thereby; and, having completed said view and examination of said work, shall make and file their report thereof with the county auditor of said county within thirty days from the date of their first meeting.

In said report they shall in tabular form give the names of the owners of each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged by said proposed work, the description of each tract of land so benefited or damaged (said names of owners to be the same as appear on the county tax duplicates of said county, and the description to be given in legal form), and the total number of acres in each of said tracts, the estimated number of acres in each tract of land to be benefited or damaged (as the case may be), the number of acres added to any tract by the total or partial drainage of any meandered lake, or the change of any watercourse and the location and value of such added land; the damage if any to any riparian rights pertaining to any tract, and the amount that each tract of land will be benefitted or damaged by the construction of said work. In case said ditch drains either in whole or in part, any public or corporate road or railroad, or benefits any such road so that the roadbed or travelled track of any such road will be made better by the construction of said ditch, said viewers shall estimate the benefits arising therefrom to said road, roadbeds or railroads, and report said benefits, together with the names of roads and any other particulars necessary to identify the corporations, private or public, to be benefitted thereby, and amounts of benefits to each; they shall report as part of such tabular statement the damages awarded to each municipal or other corporation for injury to any road or roadbed, and from the necessary construction and maintenance of any bridge, culverts or other works rendered necessary by the establishment of such ditch, stating the same separately. They shall also report the total estimated benefits in respect to said entire ditch, and branches thereof, if any, and also whether or not in their opinion, the estimated expenses of the construction of said ditch including the damages assessed therefor, is greater than the utility of said proposed ditch; and whether or not said proposed ditch is impracticable for any reason, and, if so stating the reason why it should not be constructed. In making said view and survey of said proposed work and their report thereon, the said viewers shall proceed according to Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905.

The Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota.

(Seal)
—By DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman.

Dated this 10th day of July, A. D. 1906.

Attest:—James E. Ford,
County Auditor.

On motion duly carried the following bills were audited and allowed:

K. M. Hansen, postage for Co. Treas	$ 30 19
Joseph Perrault, postage for clerk district court	7 95
F. L. Wood, assistant engineer on County ditch No 25	23 10
J K Wood, engineer's fees and expenses, Co ditch No 25	22 00
J K Wood, engineer's fees and expenses, Co ditch No 26	47 00
J K Wood, engineer's fees and expenses, Co. ditches No. 22, 23 and 24	95 55
Zaiser Bros, livery for engineer on county ditches No. 22, 23 and 24	12 00
C E Ekstrom, livery and board for engineer on Co ditch No. 25	25 25
Daniel Patterson, livery for engineer on Co ditch No 25	2 50
Newbury & Bulman, livery for engineer on Co ditch No 26	10 50
F L Wood, rodman on Co ditches No 22, 23 and 24	7 05
F L Wood, rodman, on Co ditch No 26	4 00
Wm M Erb, rodman on Co ditch No 25	4 00
Lyndon Wood, rodman on Co ditches No 22, 23 and 24	8 00
C E Ekstrom, rodman on Co ditch No 25	8 00
D Linnihan, serving notices on viewers and posting notices of hearing on county ditch No 26	19 00
James E Ford, Co. Auditor's fees on Co ditches No 22, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27	137 64
Otto Zaiser, viewer on county ditch No 25	3 00
Red Lake Falls Gazette, stationery for Co. offices	13 00
Chas W Latta, pub. notice teachers' examination	4 35
W M Welch Company, 60 diplomas of honor	7 20
Walter S Booth & Son, blanks for probate judge	50
Brown, Tracy & Sperry Co, blanks	7 80
Red Lake Falls Gazette, stationery and financial statements	38 00
Review Publishing Co, 100 copies revised school laws	20 00
Miller-Davis Printing Co, blanks and supplies	69 54
Geo D Barnard & Co, blanks and supplies	24 72
Free Press Printing Co, blanks, mortgage record and 1906 tax lists	118 75
McGill-Warner Co, blanks & blank books	64 50
Red Lake Courier, stationery for Co offices	39 85
Pioneer Press Co, blank books	37 00
Frank St Martin, carpenter work	1 50
Peter Favro, do	1 00
James Brady do	1 20
Wm C L Demann, mileage inspecting construction of Louisville bridge	23 10
James Brady, per diem inspecting construction of Louisville bridge	21 00
Adam Zeh, insurance premium	15 90
A P Toupin do	30 00
J R Fortier, supplies for Co jail	30
Red Lake Falls Electric Light Co, lighting court house and jail May and June 1906	26 00
Peter C. Wold, assessing assessment Dist No 5	45 00
Joseph Perrault, clerk of court fees	40 20
Town of Terrebonne, expenses control of contagious diseases	7 50
D Linnihan, boarding prisoners May and June	10 26
D Linnihan, sheriff's fees, State vs Alphonse Potvin and Wm Frenzke	102 82
Fred Zaiser, deputy sheriff's fees, State vs Hathaway, Holden and Edson	7 90
Joseph M Patnode, deputy sheriff's fees, State vs Hathaway, Holden and Edson	7 90
Joseph Belair, deputy sheriff's fees, State vs Hathaway, Holden and Edson	6 40
Arthur Lizee, posting notices of hearing ditch No 27	8 00
Arthur Lizee, deputy sheriff's fees, State vs John Doyea	12 50
George Jarman, posting notices of meeting of board of County Com'rs	89 00
George Jarman, deputy sheriff's fees, State vs John Phillips	11 00
A S Wilson, justice fees, State vs Alphonse Potvin	1 50
S A Swanson, justice fees, State vs John Doyea	4 30
P A Ekstrom, mileage attending meeting of Co Com'rs	3 00
Wm C L Demann, mileage attending meeting of Co com'rs	5 80
O J Johnson, mileage attending meeting of Co com'rs	3 00
Daniel Shaw, mileage attending meeting of Co com'rs	4 00
Louis Falardeau, mileage attending meeting of Co com'rs	4 80
P A Ekstrom, 1 day and mileage attending hearing on Co ditch No 27	6 00
Wm C L Demann, 1 day and mileage attending hearing on county ditch No 27	4 40
O J Johnson, 2 days and mileage attending hearing county ditches No 26 and 27	12 00
Daniel Shaw, 1 day and mileage attending hearing on county ditch No 26	7 00
Daniel Shaw, 1 day and mileage attending hearing on county ditch No 27	7 00
Louis Falardeau, 1 day and mileage attending hearing on county ditch No 27	7 80
A Linvik, board and care of Martha Amundson, a pauper	77 57

The following bills were on motion duly carduly, rejected:

Zotique Bray	10 50
Ed Hebert	10 00
McGill-Warner Co	1 55
Free Press Printing Co	3 25
Red Lake Courier	5 70

The following bills were referred back for correction:

Polk county, Minn., board and care, non resident pauper, referred back for correction	135 02
Polk county, Minn., sheriff's fees in the matter of the insanity of Delphis Clement, referred back for correction	37 75

The bill of A. F. Lattimore for publishing notice, was referred to County Superintendent.

On motion carried unanimously the board adjourned to July, 19, 1906 at 10 o'clock a. m.

(Seal)
—DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman, Board County Commissioners.

Attest: James E. Ford,
County Auditor.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE
Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

BLANK PAGE

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D. Patterson	Councilmen
E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician and Surgeon.
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON. MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : : MINN.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

—Go to Holmes Bros. for Sunshine furniture polish.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

Wm. Eickhoff went down to Climax last evening on business.

—Grafton flour, best in the northwest for sale at Holmes' elevator.

Rev. Fr. Ansgar, of Red Lake Falls, was a visitor here yesterday.

Rev. Alex Sand left on Tuesday for a short trip to Roseau county.

A. S. Wilson was a business visitor at Thief River Falls last Tuesday.

Miss Clara Hoff is visiting with friends at Red Lake Falls this week.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

I. Dahlen came in from the claim last Monday and is spending the week here.

Adolph Bronillard went down to Crookston and spent Sunday with relatives.

C. Lang, who was visiting with C. L. Hansen, left for his home at St. Paul last Monday.

Henry W. Peterson is rejoicing over the arrival of a baby girl which arrived last Saturday.

Mrs. A. O. Davison and children went down to Red Lake Falls on a visit last evening.

Ole Loe returned from the coast country yesterday, where he has been for several months.

Joe Miller came up from Red Lake Falls and spent Sunday with his brother Nap. Miller.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

Mrs. J. B. O'Brien and daughter, who have been at St. Paul for the past six weeks, returned on Wednesday.

Mrs. E. B. Gustafson and daughter of Fertile, are here this week visiting with Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Duntley.

Mrs. Geo. L. Austin is entertaining her sister, Mrs. H. W. Bertelson and daughter, of Fergus Falls, this week.

Miss Cora Yahr, who has been visiting friends here, returned to her home at Minneapolis last Tuesday evening.

Mrs. John Christie returned on Thursday from Thief River Falls, where she has been visiting friends for a week or more.

Messrs. Richards and Gould, of the Crookston Lumber company, were here from Bemidji last Thursday on one of their inspection tours.

Mike McAndress was the first we have heard of to start harvesting in this vicinity as he commenced cutting his barley last Tuesday.

The Ladies Aid of the M. E. church will meet with Mrs. C. H. Remington next Thursday afternoon. All the ladies are cordially invited.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hughes returned last Tuesday from the Winnipeg fair and North Dakota points where they visited relatives.

Chas. Fellman went out to his claim last Wednesday for a short visit and M. E. Bjerk went along to see that he did not get into trouble on the way.

"The Trip Around the World" planned by the ladies of the M. E. church on Friday evening of last week was very entertaining and successful.

Miss Alma Remington, Mabel Patterson and Elmer Bukee returned last evening from Thief River Falls where they have attended the training school.

Old maids would be scarce and hard to
Could they be made to see, [find,
How grace and beauty is combined
By using Rocky Mountain Tea.
Imperial Drug Co.

Carl Lund came down from Sandridge where he has been acting as agent for the Great Northern and left on Tuesday for Fosston where he acts as relief agent for a short time.

Last Sunday Rev. Alex Sand was thirty-three years old and the young people of his local congregation celebrated the event by decorating the church and accompanied their congratulations with a handsome sum of money.

A woman worries until she gets wrinkles, then worries because she has them. If she takes Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea she would have neither. Bright, smiling face follows its use. 35c, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Prof. J. B. O'Brien has finished his work at the training school at Thief River Falls and is at Red Lake Falls assisting the county superintendent. He is expected home today.

—Will sell the southwest quarter of Sec. 26, Twp. 152, R. 44, Red Lake county, Minn., for $2200 on very easy terms. Address Adolph Sucker, Lewisville, Minn.

Nels K. Anderson, of Sanders, was in town on Wednesday and received the mail boxes for the new rural route which will commence on Sept. 1st, providing a carrier can be secured to take the route.

William Munch, of Crookston, the new deputy game warden was in town last Tuesday looking for violators of the game laws. The boys are all good in this vicinity so far this year so he did not stop long here.

Scrub yourself daily, you're not clean inside. Clean insides means clean stomach, bowels, blood, liver, clean healthy tissue in every organ. Moral: Take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35c. tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

F. E. Hoffman, deputy state commissioner of labor, was a caller here last Tuesday and spent considerable time in looking over the saw mill. He stated that the mill was well supplied with safety appliances for the protection of the employees.

T. J. Thorkelson surprised his friends here last Tuesday and spent several days here visiting with old friends. He is at present traveling for a wholesale drug company but intends to return to California in the fall, where he is interested in mining operations.

The Northwestern Editorial excursion which was to start from Crookston was abandoned for the reason that not enough of the fraternity signified their intention of making the trip. Northern Minnesota editors are evidently too busy to go on an excursion.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford has an office at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, on the 8th day of every month. A red letter day to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses.

The Ladies' Aid of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet Wednesday, August 8th, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Larson, near the south bridge. The young people of the same church will meet Friday evening, August, 10th, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Erik Anderson in Rocksbury. All are welcome. Alex Sand, pastor.

Dr. N. M. Watson and A. P. Toupin, of Red Lake Falls, were here last Wednesday and met with the local members of the republican county central committee, H. E. Ives and Daniel Patterson. But little work was done except organizing and electing D. Patterson treasurer of the committee. A meeting of the candidates elected and the precinct committeemen is planned to meet here on Sept 24, the week after the primaries.

—Try the Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn., for two weeks and if you are in any way dissatisfied with the school, we will pay your car fare to Crookston, your board for the two weeks, your car fare back home, and it will not cost you one cent for tuition or for the use of books. Write for written agreement to that effect signed by the principal. Ours is the leading school in the state and we want you to know it. Fall term begins Sept. 3rd. O. J. Hanson, B. Accts., Prin. tf

Dems Will Meet.

The Red Lake county democrats will hold a convention at Thief River Falls on Saturday, August 25th, at 1:30 p. m., for the purpose of electing ten delegates to the state convention which convenes at Minneapolis Sept. 4th. The village of St. Hilaire is entitled, under the call, to three delegates.

A Pleasant Surprise.

Dr. and Mrs. A. F. Blomburgh were invited to come up to the I. O. O. F. hall last Wednesday evening where they found about a couple of hundred of their friends had planned a pleasant surprise party for them. The occasion was the near departure of Dr. Blomburgh for Germany, where he will go for an advance course of study for six months. Dr. and Mrs. Blomburgh were each presented with a suit case with many wishes for good luck and a safe return. Mrs. Blomburgh will spend most of the time at Minneapolis. The date of their departure is not yet fixed as they are awaiting the arrival of Dr. H. E. Nelson who has been secured to take Dr. Blomburgh's practice while he is away.

Farmers In Contest.

T. A. Hoverstad, of Dennison, formerly superintendent of the state experimental farm at Crookston was a visitor here last Thursday. Mr. Hoverstad is one of the judges in the James J. Hill farm contest and has spent the past two months inspecting farmers in Minnesota and North and South Dakota who have entered the contest.

Mr. Hoverstad informs us that about one hundred farmers in the three states have qualified in the contest and that Peter Englestad and Norman E. Beebe, both of Rocksbury, have entered. Mr. Hoverstad inspected their farms on Thursday and made The Spectator a call when he informed us that in all his travels he had seen more and better red clover in this part of Red Lake county than in any place in the three states.

"If your farmers keep on the way they have been going for the past few years, it will not be long before it will take a rich man to buy one of your farms," said Mr. Hoverstad in parting.

—For go-carts go to Holmes Bros.

State Development.

The Duluth Daily Herald wants to know why the republicans call "State Development" an issue. What we would like to ask is where the Herald got its information. State development is not an issue and the republicans have not so called it. The opponents of Mr. Cole have so named it and ridicule the idea of its being an issue. That which the political charmers are pleased to dub an issue is nothing but the remains of a contract entered into nearly half a century ago by which the state was granted many millions of acres of land for internal improvement purposes, and this contract Mr. Cole, while in the service of the state as a representative of the legislature discovered, moth eaten and rusty, almost beyond recognition, and it occurred to him that it would be for the benefit of the state he represents to have this old contract brought to the front and let the people see what is in it. In consideration of this enormous grant of land the state undertook to develop the wild and forbidding places, but our legislatures, always in a generous mood, gave a great share of the grant to the railway companies for passes and—well something else. And now, after half a century's dalliance, Mr. Cole wants the state to perform its part of the contract. Mr. Cole does not consider that his action in bringing this old contract before his constituents an issue, nor does he consider his acts in raising the dead an act for which he should be punished. He wants the state to put this land in market, but before doing so it must be drained and roads made, and when this is done and a settler on every quarter section with a good comfortable home and a large share of his homestead under cultivation, Mr. Cole will be satisfied to submit the question which his enemies now call an "issue" and will rest his laurels upon their decision. It is his opinion, and those who know the situation agree with him, that the improvement and opening of these lands to homestead settlement will practically put a stop to Canadian emigration and our young men who want homes may be able to find better ones here under the starry flag than in the British Northwest under the union jack. Eh?—Frank Ives in Cass Lake Times.

Tells Her Trouble.

The following signed article from the Thief River Falls News will be interesting to old settlers who will remember the writer as an old citizen of St. Hilaire not greatly changed, as the article indicates:

"The Christina boarding house boss should attend an English school so that she can learn to spell and read English correctly. He would then know the difference between Mrs. Chelin and Miss Chelin. Mrs. Chelin had not been in Crookston sick—it was Miss Chelin. Mrs. Chelin thanks God because she has always enjoyed good health. She works from early in the morning until late in the evening, so that the boarding house will run better now than before. Ellie Chelin is well now and Mrs. Chelin has no sick daughter to look after. The farmers can get a good square meal for 20 cents, also room for their horses at noon for 5 cents. $3.25 per week for good board and a clean bed and room. Mrs. Chelin cares nothing about others prices but charges what she likes. She has no mortgage to pay or store keepers to ask for settlement each month. She does not have her husband go around to other boarding houses to hunt up boarders or take them into saloons or barns to treat them. Mrs. Chelin declares that if a drunken person comes into her house she will drive him out. Neither does Mrs. Chelin go out and drink coffee in the afternoons as do some of the ladies in Thief River Falls. When women folks get together they talk about many good things, but they lie a little also, and that takes a great deal of time. Mrs. Chelin has no time for that. She must stay at and attend to her own business. Mrs. Chelin.

Bridge is Completed.

The new bridge across the Red Lake river in Louisville township is at last a reality, and the people of that part of the county will be no longer obliged to take a four or five-mile drive to cross the river, says the Red Lake Falls Gazette.

The bridge was built by the Hennepin Bridge company, and is a fine combination iron and steel structure, which will last for all time to come as a convenience and joy to those who travel that road.

Engineer Carroll, of Crookston, was employed by the county to inspect the new bridge and reported that it is o. k., and fully conforms with the plans and specifications, and on his recommendations the committee accepted it.

Council Proceedings.

Special meeting of the village council of St. Hilaire held at the village hall July 27, 1906, at 8 p.m.

Meeting called to order by the clerk.

All members present except O'Brien.

On motion D. Patterson was elected president pro tem.

The president stated that the object of the meeting was to allow a few bills for work on the sidewalk, as follows:

A Satterberg	$ 16 00
John Borgen	48 10
F J Dibble	51 88
John Malafe	43 12

On motion meeting adjourned.

D. Patterson,
President pro tem.

K. O. Gigstad, Clerk.

Viewers Go to Work.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: Messrs. Robt. A. Lee, of Thief River Falls, Carl Johnson, of St. Hilaire, and Fred Zalser, of Red Lake Falls, appointed the viewers on Ditch No. 27, met at the office of Auditor Ford yesterday, took the oath of office and proceeded to the scene of their labors, where for the next few days they will go over and estimate the benefits and damages to accrue from the waterway. The new ditch is in Black River and Polk Center townships and is about six miles long. The residents along the route are very anxious for the ditch and it is highly probable that the reviewers will report favorably.

Devoted to Society.

Chicago Record-Herald: It was only the other day that a Chicago woman had occasion to go out hunting for a "washlady." She had secured the address of one who was living over in the vicinity of Goose Island, and, having heard much about that district, she decided to see for herself whether it was as bad as it had been pictured. She found the woman who washed living in a miserable little hovel that would have fallen if in settling to one side it had not found another building to lean against. The air was black with smoke, the street was merely a cesspool, and evidences of misery were everywhere. Having made the nature of her errand known, the woman who had washing to be done asked the pale creature who looked out at her from the damp, ill-smelling room how long she had lived there.

"We've been here about eight years now."

"Have you any children?"

"Six of them that you see playin' out there in the street is mine."

"Where did you live before you came here?"

"In Ohio—Pulletville."

"How large a place is that?"

"Oh, it's a little bit of a place. Three or four stores and not much more than a dozen houses. It's almost, what you might call country."

"Dear me, I should think you'd want to take your children and go back there, where the air is pure and the sky blue and the surroundings are cheerful. I know a great deal about Ohio. It is a beautiful state. Can't your husband find anything to do in Pulletville?"

"I s'pose he could, but I wouldn't think of leavin' Chicago to go back to that place. There ain't no society there."

Humor in Journalism.

Next to a million dollars a hearty laugh is about as pleasant a thing as one can have. Everybody really wants to laugh. No man and no newspaper can be really great without a sense of humor. The Chicago Record-Herald regards the promoting of smiles and laughter as a part of the legitimate mission of the press. For years the "Alternating Currents" column of S. E. Kiser in that paper has been a daily source of delight to its readers. The cartoons of Ralph Wilder on the first page also are designed to make people laugh—and to make them think as well. In fact, the humor of The Record-Herald, like its news columns, is always clean and kindly as well as amusing and entertaining. It affords a striking example of the right way to "tell the truth laughing."

Famous humorists contribute to the Sunday Magazine of The Record-Herald, with the popular novelists and celebrated writers on timely questions. Both text and illustrations are of the highest standard of periodical literature—the new idea in Sunday journalism perfected.

Rabbit Pests.

In Australia no man can go hunting without getting a few rabbits at least. They have become so numerous that people fear that the western country cannot be settled on account of them. Apparently all efforts to stop their increase are fruitless. Recently a large land-owning company put great nets around two and one-half million acres of pastoral land, and treated half of it for ten months with every known means for destroying rabbits. After the operation had ceased it was found that the rabbits were more numerous than before. If you drink golden grain belt beer with your meals you will be strong, healthy and happy. It is a pure, tonic and a healthful food. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Indians Doing Business.

Fosston Thirteen Towns: For the past two weeks a large number of Indians from White Earth reserve have been transacting business here, and at the same time putting to shame the sensational stories that have been published in certain metropolitan papers regarding their actions over the liberties they have recently secured. Quiet and orderly, the Indians who are married bring in their wives and families, securing loans upon their lands and with the money thereby obtained purchasing farm machinery, wagons, teams, household furniture, clothing, etc., using conservative judgment and making the most of their money. Little is being squandered recklessly,

Darwin and Books.

Of Darwin it is affirmed that he seemed unaware of the difference in the value of books and would treat a Zaehnsdorf binding with the same scant courtesy that he exercised toward a penny pamphlet. Covers appeared to him a useless weight and decidedly in the way, and he often got rid of them by ripping them off. Sometimes the book was borrowed. It is said that in the end his friends used to give him any book which he wished to borrow, for they knew that, if it were ever returned, its usefulness as a book would be at an end.

Notice of Hearing Upon Petition of Freeholder.

Whereas, a petition signed by Marit M. Landeen, a freeholder of school district No. 31, in this county, representing that he is the owner of the following described lands, situate in said district, to-wit:

The north half of the northwest quarter and lots 2 and 3 of section 10, in township 153, range 42, has been presented to the county board of Red Lake county. And asking that his said lands may be set off from said district No. 31 to said district No. 30, and the said board has appointed a time and place for hearing thereon. Therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that said petition will be heard by said board, at a session thereof, commencing on the fourteenth day of August, A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, at which time and place the said board will hear the evidence and the arguments of all persons interested, for or against granting the prayer of the petitioner.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., July 28, 1906.

By order of the county board.
JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor and Ex-officio Clerk of Board.

A FEW MORE BARGAINS LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

SAVE MONEY
BY USING
MASCOT FLOUR
BETTER BREAD and MORE OF IT.
Red Lake Falls Milling Co.
WE PURCHASE ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
Andrew Monson, Agent.

HIS ONE WEAK SPOT.

Prominent Minnesota Merchant Cured to Stay Cured by Doan's Kidney Pills.

O. C. Hayden, of O. C. Hayden & Co., dry goods merchants, of Albert Lea, Minn., says: "I was so lame that I could hardly walk. There was an unaccountable weakness of the back, and constant pain and aching. I could find no rest and was very uncomfortable at night. As my health was good in every other way, I could not understand this trouble. It was just as if all the strength had gone from my back. After suffering for some time I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. The remedy acted at once upon the kidneys, and when normal action was restored, the trouble with my back disappeared. I have not had any return of it."

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Sedentary Occupation of Mamma.

Dick (at club)—Does your mother-in-law sit up for you nights?

Tom—Yes, but her daughter, heaven bless her, stands up for me next morning.

Too Much for Him.

Jack—"Too bad about young Nay, isn't it?"

Tom—"What about him?"

Jack—He was sent to the insane asylum last week."

Tom—"You don't say! What was the cause of it?"

Jack—"He undertook to study Greek and shorthand at the same time and got the characters mixed."

"Mamma, I want to see papa."

"No, dear," her mother replied; "your father is busy and must not be disturbed."

"But, mamma," the child persisted, "I want to see him."

As before, the mother replied: "No; your father must not be disturbed."

"Mamma," declared her daughter, solemnly, "I am a sick woman, and I want to see my minister."

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul: James A. Coutts, Colton, S. D., harrow; Benjamin F. Fowler, Minneapolis, Minn., lampburner; Fremont N. Jaynes, Minneapolis, Minn., envelope-sealing machine; Elmer E. Johnson, North Branch, Minn., slide valve; John H. and T. Schoregge, Sioux Falls, S. D., washing machine; Joseph F. Schuch, Round Grove, Minn., threshing machine; Josiah B. Scovell, Duluth, Minn., conveyor.

Precocious.

Speaker Cannon, on his seventieth birthday, referred in a jocular way to the precocity of th etwentieth century child.

"Why, before long," he said, "we shall hear of the baby that has just been weaned, turning to its nurse and saying:

"'I have had every reason to be satisfied with your past services, and shall not fail to recommend you among my acquaintances. Pray accept this dollar for yourself.'"

TOO BIG A FIELD.

Extinguisher Only Designed for Earthly Use.

Years ago, while Rev. Mr. Standaloupe was a student at the seminary, he undertook, one vacation season, to sell fire extinguishers.

His pleasing address and affability enabled him to make many sales. However, he encountered the usual rebuffs which are the experience of all agents.

The theological student had gained access into the office of a surly broker, and forthwith began expatiating on the deluging powers of his incomparable fire extinguisher.

"To hell with it!" roared the broker, fiendishly.

"Oh, my dear man," expostulated Standaloupe, "this extinguisher does not deserve the extreme virtue with which you credit it."—Harper's Weekly.

DIDN'T BELIEVE

That Coffee Was the Real Trouble.

Some people flounder around and take everything that's recommended but finally find that coffee is the real cause of their troubles. An Oregon man says:

"For 25 years I was troubled with my stomach. I was a steady coffee drinker, but didn't suspect that as the cause. I took almost anything which some one else had been cured with but to no good. I was very bad last summer and could not work at times.

"On Dec. 2, 1902, I was taken so bad the doctor said I could not live over 24 hours at the most, and I made all preparations to die. I could hardly eat anything, everything distressed me, and I was weak and sick all over. When in that condition coffee was abandoned and I was put on Postum; the change in my feelings came quickly after the drink that was poisoning me was removed.

"The pain and sickness fell away from me and I began to get well day by day, so I stuck to it until now I am well and strong again, can eat heartily, with no headache, heart trouble or the awful sickness of the old coffee days. I drink all I wish of Postum without any harm and enjoy it immensely.

"This seems like a strong story, but I would refer you to the First Nat'l Bank, the Trust Banking Company, or any merchant of Grant's Pass, Ore., in regard to my standing and I will send a sworn statement of this if you wish. You can also use my name." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Still there are many who persistently fool themselves by saying "Coffee don't hurt me." A ten days' trial of Postum in its place will tell the truth and many times save life. "There's a reason."

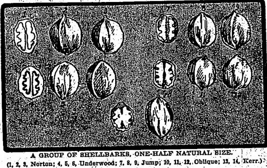
Look for the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

THE SHELLBARK HICKORY —IT IS A NEGLECTED NUT

Select Only the Finest Nuts for Planting—Will Come Into Bearing in Fifteen Years.

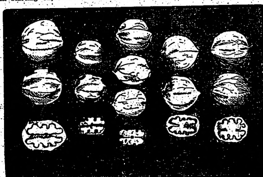
When we consider the great interest manifested by horticulturists everywhere in the improvement of all kinds of fruits and vegetables, it seems quite remarkable that a nut like the shellbark has been so conspicuously neglected. But there are those who are champions of the nut, and who have the courage of their convictions, and plant the trees, the fruits of which they must wait long and patiently for. J. W. Kerr, of Caroline county, Maryland, relates his experiences in planting nut trees, which will be of interest and profit, we trust, to others, and may create a desire to establish a nut grove, too.

Mr. Kerr secured "a generous installment of splendid nuts from a grower in Pennsylvania." Selecting from these the finest and largest nuts, they were planted.



A GROUP OF SHELLBARKS, ONE-HALF NATURAL SIZE.
(1, 2, 3, Norton; 4, 5, 6, Underwood; 7, 8, 9, Jump; 10, 11, 12, Oblique; 13, 14, Kerr.)

Some of the trees, says Mr. Kerr, were left to grow in the row where the seed was planted. Most of them, though, were transplanted when four years old. In the removal of the trees, all the long, straight tap-roots that could possibly be saved were taken up undamaged, and holes sufficiently deep to admit these without bending were prepared to receive them. Not a tree was lost by the transplanting. Some were more prompt and vigorous in starting off, and these still continue to lead in size of trees. A like difference is, however, apparent with those that were not transplanted. There was no difference between the removed trees and those not removed as to the time they began to bear. Some of the removed trees are larger now than most of those not transplanted. Whether or not it is essential to leave the long tap-roots on for best results did not enter as a question in these operations—"the new horticulture" was not in existence at the time.



ANOTHER GROUP OF SHELLBARKS, ONE-HALF NATURAL SIZE.
(1, Roosevelt; 2, Burchard; 3, Waugh; 4, Deweese; 5, Senator Roe.)

A later planting had the tap-roots cut by running the tree-digger under them when two years old, and again when three years old, and transplanted at five years' growth. When taken up for transplanting, these trees all had tap-roots, but instead of a single straight root, from three to seven; these were cut off smoothly to a uniform length of two feet from the collar. A few of these died; none have grown as vigorously as those of the first planting, but there is still nothing decisive in this, as they were set on land quite different in character. If planting again, I would adhere to the plan practiced with the first lot.

Some of these have been named, and samples submitted to very competent scientific authority. To better display the eccentricities of nature as exhibited in the wide variations of these nuts from the original types—none of which are reproduced—photographs giving exact natural size and structural formation of interiors were taken, and cuts of these made in turn by the Country Gentleman, and from which our illustrations herewith given were made:

Underwood—Tree moderately close-headed, holds foliage fairly late. Nut above medium to large size, slightly ribbed, cracks nicely, season early, productive. Hulls thick.

Waugh—Branchy, or close-headed, affording large bearing areas; sheds foliage early. Nut squarish-oval, large, obscurely ribbed, shell thin, separates readily from kernel, fine quality, season medium, very productive. Hulls thick.

Jump — Medium branchy, holds leaves well. Nut oval compressed, strongly ribbed, cracks right, season past medium, tree a heavy bearer. Hulls thick.

Oblique—Open, or loose-headed, leaves large and distinct, sheds early. Nut oblique-oval compressed, above medium size, meat separates easily from shell, season early, fairly prolific. Hulls thick.

Norton—Close-headed, sheds foliage early. Nut short oval compressed, ribbed, opens nicely, season early, good bearer. Hulls thick.

Deweese — Rather open-headed, with quite heavy and stubby twigs, foliage falls medium early. Nut cordate-squarish compressed, moderately ribbed, kernels separate from shells easily, season medium, very productive. Hulls medium thick.

Roosevelt—Close-headed and very strong grower, foliage drops early. Nut short and compressed, very large and prominently ribbed, season early. Hulls thin, comparatively.

I do not regard this as a true shellbark, although grown from select shellbark nut. The shell is quite thick, and the meat possesses the flavor of the ordinary thick-shelled hickory nut.

Kerr—Branchy, rather spreading, holds foliage very late, even into the winter. Nut elliptical pointed, above medium size, moderately ribbed, cracks handsomely, season medium. Hulls medium thick.

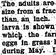
Senator Roe—Moderately close-headed, sheds leaves early. Nut oblique-roundish, large, moderately ribbed; meat easily separated from shell, season medium. Hulls thick.

Burchard—Rather close-headed, foliage drops early. Nut squarish-oval, strongly compressed, slightly ribbed, cracks right, season medium early, very productive. Hulls thick.

As before stated, the nuts from which these trees were grown were planted in the fall of 1885. Most of them have been bearing four years; there are some that have their first nuts yet to produce, so that it requires all of 15 years to get shellbarks into bearing from the seed. It is claimed by the venders of pecan trees that they come into bearing at five or six years—the grafted trees. I have one tree grafted on shellbark hickory (whip-grafted below the surface when the stock was three years old) that is 15 years old, but so far has failed to bear. This tree was transplanted when the graft had made two years' growth. Another tree grown from seed of a very large Texas thin-shell variety, planted in the fall of 1892, bore a light crop of very good nuts last year—13 years old from seed.

Wire Worms Can Be Controlled

Every farmer is familiar with wire worms and their work, and knows that no remedy has yet proved effective over large areas. The only satisfactory way to control these insects is by preventive measures.



The adults are insects which vary in size from a fraction of an inch to more than an inch. A typical one and its larva is shown in the cut. Those in which the farmer is interested lay eggs in grass lands and weedy fields during May. In general the young are usually brown, hard bodied creatures, and are popularly known as wire worms. They feed on roots for one, two and three seasons before reaching maturity.

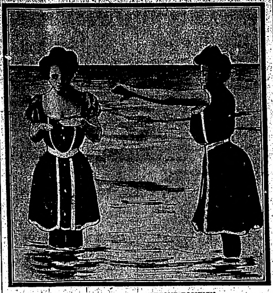
Such being the life habits no insecticide is effective. Preventive measures, says Orange Judd Farmer, commence with plowing in early summer for crimson clover to be turned under in autumn each year for two or three years. The first plowing removes the food; the second disturbs the remaining worms. An early crop such as cabbage should be planted each season until the land is free. This should be off before crimson clover sowing time arrives. Short rotations and variety of crops will prevent further trouble.

Fruits in China.

Fruits familiar to Americans are grown to but small extent in China with the exception of oranges and pears, both of which are long keepers. Berries are few and poor, but recently the strawberry has been introduced, and the Chinese gardeners are patiently trying to learn how to grow it, with indifferent success. The Chinese have no native berries worthy of mention. Peaches are grown all over China, but only in the north are they of good quality. A grape is cultivated from which is made the well known Chinese raisins. Chinese apples are soft and tasteless, and lack flavor, juice and keeping quality. At the present time American apple, pear, peach and cherry trees are being introduced and it is probable that in the not distant future the pomology of China will be revolutionized.

Do not let your field work interfere with the pigs.

How to Swim and Swimming Costumes



BREAST STROKE, FIRST AND SECOND POSITION.

The art of swimming gracefully and well is one that holds a special charm on onlooker and performer alike. Poets and novelists have long since united to chant its praises and describe its joys, whilst with the advent of the holiday season artists annually join them in depicting its varied delights in the pages of the picture papers and monthly magazines.

Although somewhat primitive in appearance to eyes grown accustomed to our French sisters' charming water array, the best dress for swimming is undoubtedly a plain close-fitting garment, buttoned down the front of well shrunk serge, finished with a detachable skirt fastened on beneath the waist-belt. A closely fitting cap of white or brown india rubber, and over which a gay-colored handkerchief of waterproof silk may be fastened to make it somewhat more becoming, is the only thing which really keeps the hair dry if floating and diving are indulged in; and for river bathing a pair of thin sandals should be worn, for although somewhat awkward to swim in, they are a very necessary precaution against the possibility of broken glass, etc.

WAYS TO ENTERTAIN

SOME INSPIRATIONS THAT WILL AID THE HOSTESS.

SCHEME FOR A CHURCH PARTY

It Will Please Both Old and Young of the Congregation—A Book Party That Is New and Novel.

Many requests have been received from correspondents, asking for a simple and inexpensive way to serve refreshments at class parties given by schoolgirls and by church societies composed of juniors. This "Café Mystere" can be easily arranged and the expense is no more than the ordinary way of serving, and it has the advantage of being out of the ordinary.

Seat the guests at a table, and at each place put a card like the following:

1 .... 6 ....
2 .... 7 ....
3 .... 8 ....
4 .... 9 ....
5 ....10 ....

Out in the kitchen 1 represents cream; 2, the salad; 3, coffee; 4, sandwiches; 5, water; 6, cake; 7, pickles; 8, crackers; 9, loaf sugar; 10, cheese. Pencils are given, with the request to make out on the card what is desired by simply putting a mark at a number one at a time, and the waiter brings whatever the order calls for, according to the number. In this manner the fun will be prolonged for some time. Ice cream is furnished and other accessories which do not appear on the bill. To my mind this will be a good scheme to try for any crowd, regardless of age. Money could be made by charging a fee for a regular supper, using this method just to give the affair a novel name. There is really not much new in church or club entertainments, but sometimes we are able to devise a new name for the same old "doings," and so entice the coin of the realm into our needy coffers.

A Unique Book Party.

There are book parties and book parties, but do not think this is old, for really it is very much up-to-date. On entering the room we discovered all sorts of things on the wall, on pictures and tables. The author's name appeared on each object, and the title of the book represented was to be guessed and written on the card opposite the number which was duplicated on the object; there were 32 numbers. Our hostess informed us that she had been weeks in preparing for this entertainment, and we readily believed her. These few examples will give an idea how the scheme was carried out. For instance: "The Eternal City," by Hall Caine, was represented by a map of Rome; "The Virginian," by a picture of George Washington, with Owen Wister written on one corner; "The Speckled Bird," by Augusta Evans Wilson, was a white bird covered with black spots; "Black Rock" was easy, a black stone with Conner written on it; a spray of blue forget-me-nots recalled that Van Dyke had written "The Blue Flower;" "The Three Musketeers" was indicated by three toy soldiers; Kipling's "Seven Seas" was guessed by seven C's on a bit of paper pinned on the wall; "The Octopus," by Frank Norris, was shown by a picture of the hideous sea monster. Other books were, "The Pasteboard Crown," by Clara Morris; "Boy," by Marie Corelli; "We Two," by Edna Lyall; "The Duet," by Kipling; "The Gentleman from Indiana," by Booth Tarkington; "Three Men in a Boat," by Jerome. The prizes were books. Candy boxes come in the shape of books and could be utilized in an affair of this kind.

Two Novel Bridal Showers.

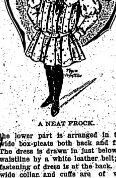
Although it is practically mid-summer, there seems to be no let-up in Cupid's work shop, and the wedding bells continue to ring merrily. Of all the recent "showers," these two have the advantage of being inexpensive and most acceptable to the bride-elect. The first to be chronicled is a "glass and jar" shower. Each guest is asked to bring a jar of fruit, pickles, marmalade or jelly; preserves or pickles, catsup, Chili sauce or whatever she may happen to have. The second is exceedingly clever. It is a washcloth, soap and bath towel shower. The packages are deposited in a large clothes basket profusely decorated with white ribbon; there will be every variety of soap, all sorts of wash "rags," all tied up with tissue paper and ribbon. A dainty luncheon will be served and the souvenirs will be diminutive slippers filled with candied rice.

MADAME MERRI.

Pretty Dress for a Dear Little Maiden.

It Is Intended for a Child of from Six to Eight Years of Age.

For summer wear this is a pretty little washing dress, suitable to be made in all kinds of cotton material, linen or holland. Our model is in red spotted zephyr with a white ground. It has a deep yoke back and front of double material, or it might be lined with calico, if liked. The material for the lower part is arranged in three wide box-pleats both back and front. The dress is drawn in just below the waistline by a white leather belt; the fastening of dress is at the back. The wide collar and cuffs are of white linen, trimmed with a narrow beading embroidered with red cotton. A red silk tie is passed under the collar and knotted in front.



A NEAT FROCK.

Material required: Four and one-half yards zephyrs 28 inches wide.

English Most Widely Spoken.

The most extensively spoken language is Chinese, but as there are so many dialects in the language, and as these differ so greatly in the confines of Mongolia and Thibet from those around Peking, it is scarcely correct to say that the 382,000,000 Celestials all speak one language. Putting, therefore, China aside, the most spoken languages in the world are as follows, in millions: English, 120; German, 70; Russian, 68; Spanish, 44; Portuguese, 32.

Interfere with the Compass.

Sheath-knives that most sailors carry with them are, it is said, so highly magnetized as to be capable, if brought within 18 inches of the compass, of deflecting the needle two points either way. It is suggested that no man should be allowed to wear one of these knives while steering a vessel or while on the lookout in the bridgehouse.

Ordered Him About.

Mrs. Peck—Wives should be made to order for men as particular as you are.

Mr. Peck—Most of them appear to be made to order.—N. Y. Herald.

Peculiar Cause of Fire.

Fire broke out in a shop in Paris owing to the sun's rays passing through a burning glass hung in the window and falling on some celluloid combs.

SUFFICIENTLY IDENTIFIED.

She Was the Red-Headed Janitress, That Was Enough.

She walked into a branch bank on upper Broadway and pushed the check through the paying teller's window.

"You will have to be identified," said he. "I don't know you, madame."

"You don't, eh?" said the woman, with fire in her eyes. "Aren't you the father of the Smith family that has a flat in the Pileremin apartments?"

"Y-e-s."

"Well, I'm the red-headed janitress that your wife's always complaining about. When you left home this morning I heard you say: 'Emily, if our children get fighting with that old fury in the basement don't quarrel with her. Wait till I get home and let me talk to her.' Now, if you think you can get the best of an argument with——"

"Here's your money, madam," said the paying teller, and she took it and went.

Chemistry and Lot's Wife.

A professor of chemistry in one of our prominent colleges asked his pupils to bring original questions on chemical changes as part of their next day's lesson.

When the time arrived the professor asked the pupils how they succeeded. One young man, with a twinkle in his eye, raised his hand.

"Well, what is the question?" asked the professor.

"What two chemical changes did the wife of Lot undergo?"

The professor, who prided himself on his knowledge of chemistry, was puzzled. At last he confessed that he did not know.

"First she turned to rubber and then she turned into a pillar of salt," said the funny student.

FOUR YEARS OF AGONY,

Whole Foot Nothing But Proud Flesh—Had to Use Crutches—"Cuticura Remedies the Best on Earth."

"In the year 1899 the side of my right foot was cut off from the little toe down to the heel, and the physician who had charge of me was trying to sew up the side of my foot, but with no success. At last my whole foot and way up above my calf was nothing but proud flesh. I suffered untold agonies for four years, and tried different physicians and all kinds of ointments. I could walk only with crutches. In two weeks afterwards I saw a change in my limb. Then I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment often during the day, and kept it up for seven months, when my limb was healed up just the same as if I never had trouble. It is eight months now since I stopped using Cuticura Remedies, the best on God's earth. I am working at the present day after five years of suffering. The cost of Cuticura Ointment and Soap was only $6, but the doctors' bills were more like $600. John M. Lloyd, 728 S. Arch Ave., Alliance, Ohio, June 27, 1905."

Sea Cow's Back as Marking Pad.

People who visited the zoo on the Fourth greatly annoyed the keeper of the sea cow, a new acquisition, by poking it with canes or pencils. Exhausted by his efforts to stop the practice, he engaged a tramp for 50 cents and told him to keep track of how many people looked at the manatee. At 6 o'clock the keeper looked up his substitute.

"There's been more than 5,000 people here," said the latter. I haven't time to reckon up the exact number yet, and won't until I audit my books."

"Where's the paper you kept your accounts on?" asked Stephen, the keeper.

"I didn't have any paper," answered the hobo, as if proud of his ingenuity, "but I had a good soft lead pencil and kept tab on the sea cow's back."

He pointed to the patient manatee, the back of which resembled a blackboard in a country school house after the annual examination.—Cincinnati Cor. Cleveland Leader.

Mutual.

"I am not quite satisfied with your references," said the lady of the house to the cook applying for work.

"Nayther am I, mum; but they're the best I could get."

Nothing Succeeds Like "EGG-O-SEE."

The man who preaches the best sermon; the man who tells the funniest stories; the man who keeps the best store; or the man who makes the best goods soon finds that people come to him. Merit is the best advertisement in the world. People speak well of things they know are good. They pass the good word along.

The best breakfast food is EGG-O-SEE, for it contains all the life-giving properties of nature's best food, which is wheat.

EGG-O-SEE is deeply in debt to the thousands of wives and mothers who use it in their homes, for these good women tell their neighbors about this great food.

Children and aged persons alike are friends of EGG-O-SEE.

Merit and common sense are the things that advertise EGG-O-SEE most. EGG-O-SEE is cheap. A 10-cent package contains ten liberal breakfasts. EGG-O-SEE is sold everywhere. Grocers must keep it if they want to keep their good customers, for good customers insist on buying EGG-O-SEE.

The fact that no preparation, no cooking is required, makes EGG-O-SEE very popular. Open the package; put as much as you like in a dish; pour on milk or cream and eat. It is delicious. It is wholesome. It makes you strong.

A lot of interesting facts about EGG-O-SEE have been published in book form entitled, "Back to Nature." This book also has a course of physical culture—fully illustrated. Any-one wishing this book will receive it free by addressing EGG-O-SEE Company, 10 First St., Quincy, Ill.

Fanned Out.

"Didn't yo' guarantee dis yah 'lectric fan fo' two yeahs?"

"Yes sir; but not against accidents."

"Den yo' gotta gimme a new fan, sah. Ah done busted dis obah. Will Washin'ton's haid, an' 'twan't no accident, nutbah. Ah done it a-puhpose."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

It is always the little man who feels that he is called to audit the books of the universe.

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Rubbed on Briskly
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YOU CANNOT CURE
all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions of the mucous membrane such as nasal catarrh, uterine catarrh caused by feminine ills, sore throat, sore mouth or inflamed eyes by simply dosing the stomach.
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which destroys the disease germs, checks discharges, stops pain, and heals the inflammation and soreness.
Paxtine represents the most successful local treatment for feminine ills ever produced. Thousands of women testify to this fact. 50 cents at druggists.
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THE DAISY FLY KILLER destroys all the flies and affords comfort to every home. One 20c. box lasts the entire season. Harmless to persons. Clean, neat and will not soil or injure anything. Try them once and you will never be without them. If not kept by dealers, sent prepaid for 20c. Harold Somers, 149 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

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Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 11, 1906. NUMBER 4.

WILL GIVE LAND TO THE PEASANTS

PREMIER TO SETTLE AGRARIAN QUESTION IRRESPECTIVE OF DOUMA.

ARMED UPRISING IN SOUTH

REBELS MAKING PREPARATIONS—STRIKE CALLED OFF BY WORKMEN'S COUNCIL.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 9.—The real intention of the government when it dissolved the lower house of parliament, as revealed by a member of the cabinet to the Associated Press yesterday afternoon, shows that Premier Stolypin, at least, intends to pursue and hold an affirmative policy amounting virtually to a determination on the part of the administration to settle the agrarian question according to its own lights and irrespective of parliament, and then go to the country on this issue.

Something Better Than Hopes.

The government expects to rally not only the landed interests but the mass of the country to its side by actually giving the latter some relief, instead of merely holding out hopes of a more advantageous settlement in the indefinite future, which has been the stock in trade of many reformers. Politically this move may prove very strong. The actual bestowal of land, even if in smaller quantities than expected, and the division of communistic holdings, will, it is believed, make the peasantry disinclined to vote for candidates to the lower house who might propose a totally different solution to the question.

Convert the Peasants.

But, above all, individual possession, the government calculates, will inculcate that very respect for property, the lack of which, under the system of communistic holdings, has made many peasants such easy converts to the theory of the nationalization of land.

The crux of the question is its financial aspect. It will be a herculean operation to find the funds required to purchase the private holdings which the project of Minister of Agriculture Stichinsky contemplates acquiring through the land banks, even though the owners, under the spell of the agrarian disorders, are ready to sell at moderate prices.

Wanton Destruction.

The character of these disorders have been shown again in a dispatch from Poltava describing the destruction of an estate owned by Prince Kotchubey, whose breeding stud of 250 horses and more than 600 sheep were locked in burning buildings and wantonly left to perish.

The government is holding to strict accountability the responsible officials of the government institutions which were effected by the strike.

That there is a continued preparation among the revolutionists for an armed uprising to the south is believed to be indicated by the interception by the police of shipments of arms and ammunition, including rifles and sabers, at Poltava and Theodosia.

Call Off the Strike.

The Workmen's council has decided to call off the strike in St. Petersburg. The announcement probably will be issued to-day. This action does not apply to the provinces, but there is little doubt that the workmen there will follow St. Petersburg's example.

More than half of the factories here resumed work this morning, and while the employes of some of the establishments at Moscow are still out, none of the predictions of the extreme parties who organized the strike movement were fulfilled.

DOCTOR'S BILL IS $300,000.

Claim Filed Against Estate of Late Theatrical Manager.

Pittsburg, Aug. 9.—Dr. C. C. Hendricks of Atlantic City, N. J., entered suit in the county court here yesterday against Mrs. Laura Biggar Bennett, widow of R. M. Bennett, a former theatrical manager of Brooklyn and Pittsburg, claiming $299,980 for professional services. Dr. Hendricks alleges that he attended Mrs. Bennett in his private sanitarium in New Jersey for two years and that he was only paid $20 during that time.

GENERALS ON HONOR'S FIELD.

One Fires, but Other Refuses—Affair Is Bloodless.

Paris, Aug. 9.—Generals Andres and Negrier fought a duel with pistols yesterday in the park surrounding the residence of Prince Joachim Murat. Gen. Andre fired without hitting his opponent, and Gen. Negrier declined to fire. The principals left the field unreconciled.

Drops 900 Yards; Kills Nine.

Charleroi, Belgium, Aug. 9.—An elevator in which nine miners were going down a coal mine here yesterday dropped 900 yards, smashing the cage to atoms and instantly killing all its occupants.

Double Murder While Drunk.

Nowata, I. T., Aug. 9.—P. Childers, a farmer, shot and killed his stepdaughter at his farm near here and then fatally wounded his wife. Childers, who was intoxicated, has been arrested.

WILL EXACT LIFE FOR LIFE

ORGANIZATION TO AVENGE KILLING OF OFFICIALS BY REVOLUTIONISTS.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 9.—The Official Telegraph agency reports the formation at Yekaterinoslav of the reactionary organization whose purpose is to exact a life for a life for every official killed by the revolutionists. The murder of ex-Deputy Hertzenstein is an example of this procedure. The agency also reports an encounter between police and workmen at Kostroma during which Cossacks were summoned and dispersed the crowd with a volley. No mention of the casualties is made.

M. Onipko, the peasant member of the late parliament, who was captured red-handed at Cronstadt after the mutiny there, will be tried, it is semiofficially announced, according to the rules of war for inciting and participating in an armed revolt, the penalty for which is death.

The ministry already is beginning a far-reaching campaign preparatory to the election of a more tractable parliament in December. The ministers insist on a program that will consist of the promulgation of definite reforms and the nominations of candidates who will represent these, instead of letting the elections go by default, as was the case in the defunct assembly. They disclaim all intention of attempting to throttle public sentiment, but it is noticeable that their first step was taken through the police, who were asked to report on the possible governmental candidates for seats.

KILLED BY DIETING.

Food Expert Gets Fatal Indigestion From Boiled Crabs.

Atlantic City, N. J., Aug. 9.—Prof. H. W. Hart of New York, an expert on diet, died here suddenly late yesterday from acute indigestion, believed to have been caused by eating boiled crabs.

Prof. Hart insisted on whole wheat as a salient feature of man's diet. He was fond of saying Americans are degenerating as a nation because they are starch eaters.

STILL UNDER MILITARY RULE.

Grand Jury at Salisbury Has Not Yet Indicted Lynchers.

Charlotte, N. C., Aug. 9.—The grand jury has not made a presentment of the case against George Hall, who is said to be one of the men leading the mob which lynched three negroes Monday night. Another arrest has been made, a man named Cress. The three companies of militia are still on duty around the jail and Salisbury is practically under military rule.

SAGE HEIRS IN SYNDICATE.

Fight to Have Will Declared Invalid Is the Object.

New York, Aug. 9.—The fight to have the will of Russell Sage declared invalid will be inaugurated and sustained by a syndicate, the members of which will subscribe to a fund of $25,000 to start with and will meet other expenses necessary. The movement to form such a syndicate is progressing secretly and is far enough advanced to make its success assured.

SAVED THEMSELVES FIRST.

Captain and Crew of the Sirio Are Officially Condemned.

Madrid, Aug. 9.—The official inquiry made by the naval authorities into the wreck of the Sirio seriously inculpates the captain and crew of the steamer for saving themselves first, abandoning the vessel and causing a panic.

The inquiry is expected to lead to severe action on the part of the authorities against those who were responsible for the disaster.

WORKED CZAR FOR GOOD SUM.

Spiritualist Got Well Paid for Seances—Nerves Cannot Stand It.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 9.—The Bourse Gazette announces that Papus, the spiritualist who is said to have had great influence over the emperor, has gone abroad for medical treatment, as his nervous system is shattered by the press revelations. According to one paper Papus gave fifty seances to the emperor, receiving $25,000 as compensation.

Man Tries to Cremate Himself.

Richmond, Va., Aug. 9.—Edward C. Bolwer, a employe of the American Tobacco company, yesterday tried to cremate himself by jumping into the furnace under the boiler at one of the company's factories. He was dragged out before he was fatally burned. Religious mania is assigned as the cause of the act.

Boy Shoots Playmate.

Kenosha, Wis., Aug. 9.—Richard Crandall, thirteen years old, accidentally shot and probably fatally wounded Edward Harvey, aged eight years. The Crandall boy was showing Harvey a revolver, when the weapon was discharged, the charge tearing a great hole in the younger boy's face.

Frank Nye a Candidate.

Minneapolis, Aug. 9.—Frank M. Nye, former county attorney of Hennepin and one of the best known Republicans in Minneapolis, has filed as a candidate for the Republican nomination for congressman in his district.

Flood Damage Is Heavy.

Fort Worth, Tex., Aug. 9.—Reports from the floods in the territories indicate that the damage will be great. Conservative estimates place the loss up to this time at $1,000,000, suffered mostly by the railroads.

STANDARD OIL MUST FACE TRIAL

FEDERAL GRAND JURY RETURNS INDICTMENT IN SHORT ORDER.

LIABLE TO FINE OF $380,000

CHARGED WITH TAKING REBATES IN FORM OF REMITTED STORAGE CHARGES.

Chicago, Aug. 9.—The Standard Oil company must stand trial upon the charges of having accepted rebates, in the form of remitted storage charges, from the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway company, contrary to the provisions of the Elkins interstate commerce act.

The federal grand jury, which is in session in Chicago to investigate the Standard Oil company and its relations with the railroads, returned an indictment against the company yesterday, just four hours after it heard the first evidence in the case.

The indictment, which contains nineteen counts, makes no accusation against any individual official or employe of the oil company; neither are there any charges made against the railroad company or its officials or employes for granting the alleged illegal rebate.

Immunity for Railroads.

This fact seems to bear out the report that the government would grant immunity to the railroads in exchange for testimony with which it could fasten its case upon the oil company. Of course, there is the possibility of the jury, which is still in session, voting an indictment against the railroad, but the fact that most of the witnesses upon whose testimony the indictments were returned are either officials or employes of the Lake Shore seems to preclude all prosecutions against the railroad corporation.

Immediately after returning the indictment the grand jury was reconvened, but after a short session an adjournment was taken until this morning, when the investigation will be continued.

More to Follow.

Just what line Assistant Attorney Robert Childs, who has charge of the jury, intends to take up next is not known, but it is believed that he will investigate the relations between the oil company and the other railroads. This is indicated by the fact that several railroad men are still waiting to be called before the grand jury.

The fact that the jury was able to agree upon an indictment so promptly came as a surprise to those who have followed the case. While all that transpires in the jury room is being carefully guarded, it is understood that the jury simply took up the evidence that was heard at the Cleveland hearing called the witnesses before it, had them verify their testimony and then voted the indictment.

Liable to Fine of $380,000.

The indictment is a lengthy document and sets forth the grand jury's accusation that the Standard Oil company did, in direct violation of the Elkins law, accept and receive from the railroad company a rebate and concession in the shape of a cancellation of the storage charges due the railroad company.

The total amount of these charges is alleged to be $8,501.72, in sums varying from $316 to $564, each of the sums constituting a separate offense, and each representing the total storage charges for a given month.

The Elkins law provides a fine of $10,000 to $20,000 for each violation. Under this indictment, should the government secure a conviction on the trial of the issues, a fine of $380,000, as a maximum under the Elkins law, may be assessed.

CARDINAL RAMPOLLA DYING.

Former Papal Secretary of State in Broken Health.

Rome, Aug. 9.—It is reported that the health of Cardinal Rampolla, who was papal secretary of state, has broken down and that there is little hope of his recovery.

May Die From Kicks.

Mondovi, Wis., Aug. 9.—Wm. Snyder, proprietor of the City Dray and Express line, received perhaps fatal injuries from a kicking horse. As Mr. Snyder was leading the animal out to water it wheeled suddenly, kicking out with both feet, which struck Mr. Snyder with full force in the face.

Child Seriously Burned.

Beaudette, Minn., Aug. 9.—Lizzie, the three-year-old daughter of Louis Erfelin, was seriously burned while playing with watches. Her recovery is doubtful.

Prefers Death to Selling Booze.

St. Louis, Aug. 9.—After writing a note stating that he took his life rather than again earn his living by selling liquor, Ernest Steinhardt, fifty-seven years of age, committed suicide yesterday by drinking morphine.

Terrible Night on Lake.

Olcott, N. Y., Aug. 9.—William Dickey, who was believed to be lost with four other people on Lake Ontario in a disabled launch, was found yesterday. The party spent a terrible night on the water.

BANK IS CLOSED; MILLION SHORT

ONE DEPOSITOR DROPS DEAD AND ANOTHER COMMITS SUICIDE.

Chicago, Aug. 8.—With a deficit in its accounts estimated to reach close to $1,000,000 and with the whereabouts of two of its highest officials unknown to the authorities, the Milwaukee Avenue State bank, one of the largest outlying banks in the city, was closed yesterday by State Bank Examiner C. C. Jones.

The failure was responsible for the death of one of the depositors and led to the suicide of another man, who a month ago had placed the earnings of a lifetime in the institution for safekeeping.

Depositor Falls Dead.

In the excitement following the announcement of the failure J. G. Visser, an official of the Royal league, who had on deposit in the bank funds of that organization, fell dead of heart failure. Henry Koepke, a small grocer, on hearing that the bank had suspended payment, went to the rear of his store and shot himself. He died a few minutes later, while being removed to a hospital.

Riotous scenes attended the announcement of the failure and a large force of police struggled all day to keep an excited crowd of depositors—nearly all of them foreigners and many of them women—from rushing the doors of the institution.

Cashier Is Missing.

The fact that the bank was on the verge of failure was first revealed by President Paul O. Stensland, one of the absent officials. A letter to his son Theodore, who is vice president, written from St. Paul and received last Saturday, started the investigation which brought about the suspension. Another sensational feature of the affair was the disappearance of the cashier, Henry W. Hering, and the issuing of a warrant for his arrest on a charge of embezzlement. A message ordering his apprehension was sent to every police station in the city.

News Spreads Rapidly.

The first public intimation that the bank was in trouble was the posting of a notice at the beginning of banking hours by Bank Examiner C. C. Jones, stating that business had been suspended for the purpose of making an examination of the bank's affairs and that the institution was in the hands of the state auditor. The news spread rapidly throughout the entire northwest side of the city, where the bank had been for years a popular depository for funds saved by working people. Soon a clamorous crowd gathered before the doors and demanded admission.

Police on Scene.

Anticipating trouble, a score of police was sent to the scene. The crowd steadily increased. The people were permitted to file past the doors bearing the posted notice and compelled to keep moving.

An examination of the bank's affairs was begun quietly last Saturday, after receipt of the letter from President Stensland.

The shortage is estimated to be from $750,000 to $1,000,000. Disastrous speculation in real estate and in the security market is said to be responsible. Members of the clearing house committee were told that most of this amount was wholly protected by adequate collateral.

THREE VICTIMS OF VENGEANCE.

Mob of 3,000 Men Force Jail and Remove and Lynch Three Negroes.

Charlotte, N. C., Aug. 8.—A mob of 3,000 determined men, shortly before 11 o'clock last night, forcibly entered the Rowan county jail at Salisbury, removed therefrom three of the six negroes charged with the murder of the Lyerly family at Barber Junction, July 13, and lynched them. Nease and John Gillespie and Jack Dillingham, supposed to be the principals in that crime, were the victims of mob vengeance. The remaining negroes, Henry Lee, George Ervin and Bella Dillingham, were not molested, and later officers hurried them off to Greensboro.

The negroes were quietly marched northward toward Spencer, but a halt was made at Henderson's ball grounds, on the edge of the town. There the negroes were given time to confess the crime. They refused to either confess or deny.

Tiring of its efforts to secure statements from the negroes, at midnight the ropes were quickly brought forward and adjusted and the three were strung up to the limbs of one tree, and with howls and curses the crowd riddled the dangling bodies with bullets.

SEEKS EGGS; BREAKS NECK.

Milkman's Daughter Falls From Hay Loft of Barn.

Deadwood, S. D., Aug. 8.—While she and her sister were in the hay mow searching for eggs, Edna Spindler, seven-year-old daughter of a milkman living near here, fell from the loft and broke her neck. She died almost instantly.

DOCK LABORERS VICTORIOUS.

Get Rate of Wages Demanded and Return to Work.

Superior, Wis., Aug. 8.—The striking dock laborers of Superior, Itasca and the East end, who went out Saturday, have returned to their work victorious and with a scale signed with nine of the eleven docks affected. The other two will, it is claimed, sign the scale demanded by to-night. Although policemen were stationed in numbers about the docks Saturday night and part of Sunday, no rioting occurred.

MUTINY BREAKS OUT IN U. S. NAVY

MARINES SMUGGLE BEER INTO CAMP AND SERIOUS OUTBREAK RESULTS.

TWO MUTINEERS ARE INJURED

FIVE MARINES IN DOUBLE IRONS AND TEN SAILORS UNDER ARREST.

Philadelphia, Aug. 9.—It became known yesterday that five marines are in double irons on board the receiving ship Lancaster, at the League Island navy yard, and ten sailors are under arrest as the result of a mutiny on Monday night, in which two of the mutineers were badly wounded.

A boating party consisting of Privates Burnett, Kenzy, Haggerty, Alderson, Erbe and Noland left the navy yard. They went to Gloucester and, it is alleged, sold their uniforms. With the money thus obtained beer was purchased, and when the men returned they had two half barrels of beer in the boat. This they smuggled into camp, and soon about a score were under the influence of the intoxicant.

While in this condition the men attempted to leave the yard, and when halted attacked the corporal. The alarm whistle was sounded and the men of the Lancaster quickly responded. A general fight ensued, during which several shots were fired.

Are Seriously Injured.

Burnett, one of the ringleaders, had his throat cut, and Kenzy's right arm was fractured. After nearly an hour of fighting the mutineers were subdued and the principals were placed under arrest.

Chief Boatswain Garrett, who was the officer of the deck when the alarm was sounded, called all hands, and in a few minutes forty men, marines and bluejackets, were on the scene of the mutiny. Burnett attempted to shoot Garrett, but he was bayoneted by Trumpeter Hess and overpowered. The remaining mutineers endeavored to escape into the marshes surrounding the camp, but all were rounded up.

Yesterday Capt. Miller of the Lancaster ordered Burnett and Kenzy court-martialed. The trial was quick, and although the findings were not made known because the commandant of the yard must pass on them, it is said that sentences varying from one to five years in the naval prison at Chelsea, Mass., will be the outcome.

LONG RECORD IS SPOILED.

Sailor Caught Stealing After Thirty Years' Good Service.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 9.—At the United States court house it was said yesterday that Chief Boatswain's Mate E. P. McFoy, who, after twenty-nine years in the naval service, was arrested upon the charge of stealing government property, will not be brought to trial in the federal court, but will be held in the brig of the United States receiving ship Franklin for trial by court-martial. Alex Gordon, a negro boatman, who is alleged to have been McFoy's confederate, carrying off rope, etc., and selling the same to junk shops, will be tried in the federal court, the naval authorities only having the right to try by court-martial persons regularly enlisted in the service.

McFoy is a sailer of the old school and would have retired in December on two-thirds pay.

POLISH BISHOP FOR AMERICA.

Father Weber of Lemberg Is Appointed to That Post.

Toledo, Aug. 9.—Announcement was made yesterday that Right Rev. Joseph Weber of Lemberg has been appointed by the pope as bishop for the United States to look after the welfare of the 3,000,000 Poles in America. Bishop Weber is now in Rome, making his novitiate in the Resurrectionist order. As soon as this is completed he will come to America and make his headquarters in Chicago. The bishop is a Pole, a doctor of sacred theology and an accomplished linguist.

Child Not Wanted; Kills Her.

Menomonie, Wis., Aug. 9.—William Esler of Downsville killed his seven-year-old daughter last night by striking her over the head with a gallon jug. He says he killed the child because the mother did not want it. Before killing the child Esler chased his wife with an ax. Esler was arrested.

Three Lost in Flood.

El Paso, Tex., Aug. 9.—Word was received yesterday that a cloudburst and flood at Durango, Mex., caused the death of three persons. Water was six feet deep in the streets of the town, and many houses were badly damaged.

Aid for Extension.

Webster City, Iowa, Aug. 9.—The city council has adopted resolutions pledging support to the Des Moines interurban extension from Boone. This city will grant a franchise and give right of way. The extension will cost half a million.

Shoots Employer.

Lima, Ohio, Aug. 9.—Charles Wheaton, employed by Michael Troxel, a wealthy farmer, shot and probably fatally wounded Troxel in a dispute over wages.

OFFICIALS SKIP TO CANADA

POLICE BELIEVE CASHIER AND PRESIDENT OF DEFUNCT BANK HAVE FLED.

Chicago, Aug. 9.—Theodore Stensland, vice president of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank, was arrested late yesterday afternoon on a charge of violating the banking laws of Illinois. Earlier in the day the institution was placed in the hands of a receiver, and Paul O. Stensland, president of the bank and father of the vice president, together with Cashier Hering, were officially declared fugitives from justice and their personal descriptions were sent to the police throughout the country. This action was taken after it had developed that the finances of the institution are in deplorable condition and have been for several years.

Deposit Boxes Rifled.

Besides the discovery of many irregularities in the management of the bank, it was also found that even the safety deposits boxes had been tampered with, and in some cases rifled of their contents.

The specific charge on which Theodore Stensland was arrested was that of having accepted deposits at the bank when he knew the institution to be insolvent.

The promises held out yesterday that the elder Stensland would return to Chicago were unfulfilled, and it is the belief of the police, based on dispatches from several Northern cities, that he

Has Fled to Canada.

Upon his failure to return a warrant was issued for his arrest, charging embezzlement and violation of the Illinois banking laws. Cashier Hering, sought on a similar warrant, is thought to have reached the Dominion by another route.

The day's developments were likewise productive of the first ray of hope for the depositors, who yesterday believed that their savings of years had been swept away in the wreck. David R. Morgan, vice president of the First National bank and one of those to whom the status of the defunct bank's affairs has been laid bare, declared that possibly 70 cents on the dollar would be paid in the final adjustment.

In Hopeless Tangle.

The affairs of the bank are said to be in an almost hopeless tangle, irregularities being disclosed as the examiners go deeper into the books. President Stensland loaned money to himself by having employes sign the notes. Specific instances came to light during the day of the looting of safety deposit boxes.

The clearing house committee is sparing no effort to bring the missing president to justice. Handwriting experts, it is said, will be put to work at once on the case to establish the seeming evidence of forgery.

MILITIA GUARD SALISBURY JAIL.

Threats to Rescue Mob Leader Cause Governor to Act.

Charlotte, N. C., Aug. 9.—Three companies of the North Carolina national guard surround the jail at Salisbury; while sentries with loaded guns and orders to shoot to kill patrol the four streets that flank the prison. There have been threats and rumors of threats all day, but there has been no demonstration, only the general feeling of disquietude and unrest. Crowds thronged the streets far into the night, but there was little liquor in evidence, and it is believed that the worst trouble is over.

George Hall, the ex-convict from Montgomery county, who is supposed to have led the mob that lynched the three alleged murderers of the Lyerly family, is in the jail. The plan to rescue, rumors of which caused Gov. Glenn to hurry troops to Salisbury, has not materialized. The surviving negroes, Henry Lee, George Ervin and two women are in the jail here and there is danger of violence to them. The special term of court which convened to try the victims of mob vengeance, acting under orders from the governor, will adjourn until every effort to convict the leaders of the mob has been exhausted.

Cut Ghastly Relics.

Long before the sun rose curious persons went to the scene of the lynching and cut off the toes, fingers and ears of the negroes who were hung to the limb of a big tree.

When the court was convened yesterday morning every seat was taken. The first business dispatched was the continuance of the case until the regular term. Judge Long said:

"I will say to the citizenship in my community that if there are any law-abiding men in Rowan county, and there are such, I would be glad to have your presence here during the sitting of this court, but if there are men here for an unlawful purpose, I say to them that it would be well for them to disperse and go to their homes. This court will not adjourn till this matter is investigated."

Murder Follows Heavy Drinking.

New York, Aug. 9.—Thomas Donner is dead, his neighbor, William Campbell, is under arrest charged with homicide, and Donner's wife is held as a witness. The charge against Campbell was made by Mrs. Donner, who told the police that Campbell killed her husband with an ax. She said that Campbell, her husband and herself had been drinking together, and that the quarrel which resulted in Donner's death was an outgrowth of their indulgence in liquor.

FUGITIVE'S SON COMES TO RESCUE

TURNS OVER TO RECEIVER OF BANK ALL OF HIS FATHER'S PROPERTY.

MAY PAY DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR

WHOLE COUNTRY BEING SEARCHED FOR THE MISSING BANK OFFICIALS.

Chicago, Aug. 9.—Theodore Stensland, vice president of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank and son of the fugitive president of that institution, has come to the rescue of the 22,000 depositors, and it is the general belief of those who are endeavoring to straighten out the tangle that there is an excellent chance that all depositors will receive almost dollar for dollar. Stensland announced that he will turn over to Receiver Fetzner to-day all the real estate and personal property of Paul O. Stensland, his father. The son places a valuation of $600,000 on this collateral, and he stated that he had full authority to make the transfer.

According to Stensland, the property of his father is of such a character that it can be realized on without delay.

Fugitives Still at Large.

Paul O. Stensland, president, and Henry W. Hering, cashier, are still at large, and search for these fugitives is being made all over the country. Five thousand pictures of the two officials are being prepared, with full descriptions of both, and these will be sent to police throughout the world.

At one time yesterday afternoon it appeared as if there would be serious trouble with the depositors who swarmed around the bank. While fully a thousand of the depositors shouted their protests, over $300,000 was removed from the vaults of the institution to the National Bank of the Republic, where it will be held until Tuesday, when it is said distribution to the depositors will be made.

Put Crowd in Angry Mood.

The removal of the money put the crowd in an angry mood, and it took a big detail of police to keep the excited throng from upsetting the patrol wagons which were filled with bluecoats as a bodyguard for the treasure wagon.

A statement of the bank's affairs is promised for next Monday by Bank Examiner Jones.

Theodore Stensland, who was arrested Tuesday on a warrant charging him with violation of the banking laws of Illinois, accompanied by his attorney and bondsmen, appeared in court yesterday afternoon, and by agreement the hearing was postponed until Aug. 18.

OIL EXPLOSION KILLS GIRL.

Victim Pours Fluid Into Stove to Make Fire Burn.

Canistota, S. D., Aug. 9.—Hazel Cheney, fifteen years old, is dead from burns received in an attempt to start a fire with kerosene. Not noticing that there were smoldering embers in the stove, the girl proceeded to pour in oil from a five-gallon can. There was an explosion and the burning fluid was thrown into the girl's face and eyes, her eyes being literally burned out. So rapidly did the flames get in their deadly work that the girl was dead before other members of the family could come to her assistance.

WHOLE TOWN IS LOOTED.

Burglars Visit Every Business House in Kamrar, Iowa.

Webster City, Iowa, Aug. 9.—Practically every business house in Kamrar, south of this city, was sacked last night by robbers. No goods were taken, but cash drawers galore were emptied. The town is not large, however, and probably less than $1,000 was secured. A few residences were also entered.

Unwelcome Visitor.

Marshalltown, Iowa, Aug. 9.—Mayor O. L. Ingledue and wife had a narrow escape from lightning while eating breakfast. Lightning struck the house. The bolt entered and appeared to burst over the table with a terrific report, scattering dishes and stunning those at the table. Both suffered from shock.

Farmer Drowns in Cattle Pond.

St. Paul, Aug. 9.—William Gardner, a well-to-do farmer near Oakdale, was drowned yesterday morning in a lake near his home. He had taken his stock to water, and it is not known how he fell into the lake. He was not missed until his sister started in search of him.

Rain Causes Damage in Wisconsin.

Madison, Wis., Aug. 9.—More than five inches of rain fell within two hours last evening, according to the government weather observer. Extensive damage to buildings is reported all over Southern Wisconsin.

Nap on Rails Is Fatal.

Yellow Grass, N. W. T., Aug. 9.—Albert Deerfield, a landseeker from Minnesota, was instantly killed by being run over by a passenger train a few miles from here. Deerfield was asleep on the tracks.

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Daniel Patterson........Vice-Pres.
A. D. Stephens........2nd Vice-Pres.
K. O. Gigstad........Cashier

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

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Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

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Saturday, August 11, 1906.

Republican State Ticket.

United States Senator—
KNUTE NELSON,
Douglas County.

Governor—
A. L. COLE,
Cass County.

Lieutenant Governor—
A. O. EBERDART,
Blue Earth County.

Chief Justice—
CHARLES M. START,
Olmsted County.

State Treasurer—
CLARENCE DINEHART,
Murray County.

Secretary of State—
JULIUS SCHMAHL,
Redwood County.

Attorney General—
E. T. YOUNG,
Swift County.

State Auditor—
S. G. IVERSON,
Fillmore County.

Clerk of the Supreme Court—
C. A. PIDGEON,
Wright County.

Railroad Commissioner—
C. F. STAPLES,
Dakota County.

The iron mines will pay taxes on a sixty million valuation after this year, which is a 20 per cent increase. They could stand more.

Banker A. F. Hanson, of Ada, is out as a candidate for the senate for this district. This makes three candidates so far, with Clearwater and Beltrami counties to hear from.

The indications are that the primary election law will be extended to state officers by the next legislature. It is doubtful how it will work but the public demand it and it has got to come.

Brother Hunt, of the Sunbeam, complains that his ticket to the county fair did not admit of his taking a lady along. He don't know when he is well off as the other newspaper men were not even favored with a single ticket.

Fertile Journal: The St. Hilaire SPECTATOR published a list of 21 patrons of the creamery there who received over $50 for cream during June. The largest amount received by any farmer was $80.38. All of those farmers are independent of wheat raising.

Crookston Times: It is a wonder that every paper in the Sixty-second district is not calling for re-apportionment for that district embracing Beltrami, Clearwater, Norman and Red Lake counties covers most of northern Minnesota, the candidates wear out as much shoe leather that politics really isn't worth while and the voters have to get a map to remember who is voting with them.

Detroit Record: A. L. Cole, the republican nominee for governor stands for the improvement and development of Minnesota. The carrying out of his policy will add to the value of farm property, putting money into the pockets of farmers and others who are owners of real estate. The Cole idea will not only be profitable from a financial point of view, but also it will mean greater comfort of living, better roads, better public schools, etc. As the country develops it will mean more colleges and seminaries. Gov. Johnson stands for the reelection of Johnson—and nothing further than anyone knows anything about, unless it is the ambition of a bright and ambitious politician to defeat the republican nominee. There is no good reason why any republican should bolt his party ticket this year.

Sunbeam: Why would it not be a good idea for the government to make an appropriation for the improvement of navigation on the Red Lake river? They are spending money freely to improve the rivers and harbors in the southern states, but this waterway and railroad for a large section of fertile country is left to let nature have full sway. If this river could be dredged so as to increase its depth about four feet it would improve it for navigable purposes and solve the problem of drainage for a large amount of land lying along its low banks. Above Highlanding the banks of the river are so low that the meadow lands on either side of it are flooded by water during a large portion of the year, making it an impossibility to make any use of the land, but if the depth of the river was increased for four feet it would be good tillable land where it is now swamp.

Gazette: Last week's Thief River Falls News tossed Harry Ives into the Red Lake Falls camp, and the up-river bunch, if you could believe John, won't let Harry play in their back yard any longer. There is no reason for this unkindness on the part of Thief River Falls. Eastman seems determined to stir up a factional fight this fall, in which its town will be most beautifully whipped. Ives has kept out of the county seat fight, and as far as the officers are concerned it would make no difference which side they favored in the county seat fight. That fight hinges entirely on legal questions, which will be brought before a court of equity, providing the attorneys are competent. The county officers have nothing to do with the decisions, and any attempt to prostitute official duty to further private interests will fail. We do not know how Harry Ives stands on the county seat question. Neither do we care. If it is certain he would make a good official, is all the people desire.

John Obeyed.

Mrs. F. was a very stern woman, who demanded instant and unquestioning obedience from her children, says Chums. One afternoon as she was working in her sewing room a storm came up, and she sent her son John to close the trap leading to the flat roof of the house.

"But, mother"— said John.

"John, I told you to shut the trap."

"Yes, but, mother"—

"John, shut that trap!"

"All right, mother, if you say so, but"—

"John!"

John slowly climbed the stairs and shut the trap. The afternoon went by, and the storm howled and raged. Two hours later the family gathered for tea, and when the meal was half over Aunt Mary, who was staying with Mrs. F., had not appeared. Mrs. F. started an investigation. She did not have to ask many questions. John answered the first one.

"Please, mother, she is up on the roof."

English "As She Is Wrote."

Some ludicrous mistakes are made by some of the French-Canadian people in our New England cotton mill towns in their attempt to master English.

One summer a grain dealer in Somersworth, N. H., received a written order from one of his French customers, which read as follows:

"Please send
"I bag hole corn.
"I mx field.
"5 pounds ucid."

The clerk, who has had many years' experience with these people, said at once, "Send him a bag of whole corn, a bag of mixed feed and five pounds of grass seed, or, as the French people put it, 'hayseed.'"

And he was right.

At another time an order was received for a bag of "corn broke," and at still another an order for a bag of "corn not broke."—Boston Herald.

Chimneys Are Fickle.

"The hardest problem the builder has to wrestle with," said a well known member of the profession, "is the chimney. What the heathen Chinee is to the human race and the left handed mule to the animal kingdom the chimney is to the various appurtenances that go to make up a human habitation. There is no safe rule for the construction of chimneys. You can build a chimney all right in theory, but when it comes down to practice that is another matter. Build two chimneys side by side in precisely the same manner. Employ the best skilled labor and construct them exactly on the same principles. One may draw all right and the other one smoke like a Choctaw. Yes, sir, the chimney is beyond all understanding, and any builder will tell you so."

How It Started.

"Talk about human beings having descended from such as you!" exclaimed Poll. "They're much more likely to have evolved from birds. You can't speak their language, and I can."

"I don't deny," responded Jocko, "that they got their long tongues from your family."

It was then that the two had their celebrated monkey and parrot time.—Chicago Tribune.

A French View of Englishmen.

To an American a Frenchman is a waxed mustachio and extraordinary stovepipe hat. In "Chaine Anglaise" the French idea of an Englishman is given. He speaks French with a shocking accent, ends every sentence with "all right" and when he is introduced to a woman does not remove his cap from his head or his pipe from his mouth.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Bernhard Thelander.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Bernhard Thelander, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Christine Thelander, all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled;

Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the court house, in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of August, 1906, at 9 o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 2nd day of August, 1906.

N. W. TARRANT,
(Court Seal.) Probate Judge.
a4-25

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL

It is over three months before election day and it could scarcely be expected that in an "off year" so long a period would be occupied with a very active campaign. The indications, however, at the headquarters of the Republican state central committee in St. Paul are that there will be "something doing" until sundown on the night of Nov. 6.

Dr. A. B. Cole of Fergus Falls, chairman of the general committee; Senator R. E. Thompson of Preston, chairman of the executive committee, and C. H. Warner of Aitkin, secretary, are in constant attendance at the committee room and, with an active force of clerical assistants, are letting no day pass without some effective work for the ticket. Daily visitors are frequent and heavy mails are the rule. All agree that there is the utmost harmony and cordiality throughout the state for the whole ticket. There is no time required for patching up trouble or harmonizing heart burnings. Every one recognizes that Minnesota is a safe Republican state when the vote comes out harmoniously, as it seems to be sure to do this year. The vote is here to win and it will not be permitted to remain at home this year.

While matters may seem rather quiet here and throughout the state it should be remembered that the Democratic state convention does not convene until Sept. 4 and that, more important than all, the primary meetings do not take place until Sept. 18, at which time congressional, legislative and county tickets will be placed in the field, after which seven weeks of political fireworks will begin and it is safe to predict that the cannonading will be incessant.

• • •

Of course it is as well understood now, as it will be after Sept. 4, that Governor Johnson will again be the standard bearer of his party, but this time he goes into battle to meet defeat. Not one of the essential things which elected him two years ago exists this year. He was elected two years ago by Republicans, who, for various reasons, strayed from their political moorings, but this year they are different.

No one disputes that Governor Johnson is a pleasant gentleman to meet and has made a pleasant governor, but when it comes to the question "what has he done to advance the interests of the people of the state, what measure has he inaugurated to show that he has the slightest claim for a second term as a matter of gratitude for beneficial results?" the answer is a very large negative in capital letters.

• • •

Can any friend of Senator Nelson afford to relax his party obligations and run the risk of a Democratic legislature? It would seem foolish to say at this time that the Democrats are liable under any circumstances to secure a working majority in the legislature, but it is very possible for them to elect so many members of the legislature as to be a potential power for mischief. Every one familiar with the history of the state knows that Senators Ramsey and Windom were defeated by a strong and vigorous Democratic minority and their successors, the Republicans, were really named by the Democratic minority. Ramsey and Windom were as strongly intrenched in the Republican party as Senator Nelson is today and three months before election their defeat seemed as impossible as the defeat of Senator Nelson today.

History is a very safe landmark to use as a guide post.

• • •

There has been a good deal of amusement for the public the past week over the corner in which the Dispatch so easily placed Governor Johnson on the "merger" question. He admitted that, though the United States court dissolved the Northern Securities company and on the face of it that the "merger" of the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and Burlington roads was thus ended, as a matter of fact the three "merged" roads are conducted as one institution still, but he could see no way except through the interstate or railroad commissions to secure relief from the freight rates of the three in one. He was afraid if he attempted to do anything it would be regarded as "spectacular" on the eve of an election. Supposing it was? Is it not a spectacle to see a governor decline to do his duty for fear of being spectacular?

• • •

It is a popular belief that the "merger" favored Governor Johnson's original election in a "material manner." If this is really the case would not that account for his declining to lock horns with the Trinity as much as would a Calvinistic Presbyterian clergyman in a religious conference? Without the Trinity the clergyman might fear that he would soon have no articles of faith on which to stand. In fact, he might become very "spectacular" in the religious world if he denied the Trinity. Is Governor Johnson in similar danger of becoming "spectacular" if he denies the Trinity, or is the popular belief of gratitude for past favors and hopes for the future only a figment of the imagination? Of course all this will be vehemently denied. Still, under the stress of circumstances, curious denials of things almost patent to the naked eye occur. History records that a zealous apostle once denied Christ, but it did not follow that history recorded that he told the truth. He was just "spectacular." That was all.

TO REPUBLICANS:

We are anxious to have every Republican in close touch, and working in harmony, with the Republican National Congressional Committee in favor of the election of a Republican Congress.

The Congressional campaign must be based on the administrative and legislative record of the party, and, that being so, Theodore Roosevelt's personality must be a central figure and his achievements a central thought in the campaign.

We desire to maintain the work of this campaign with popular subscriptions of One Dollar each from Republicans. To each subscriber we will send the Republican National Campaign Text Book and all documents issued by the Committee.

Help us achieve a great victory.

JAMES S. SHERMAN, Chairman.
P. O. Box 2063, New York.

FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

TIME

It Takes Three months for HAMM'S "New Brew" to go from the kettle to you

When it gets to you Hamm's "New Brew" Is Properly Aged, Pure, Satisfying and Delicious Bottled and On Draught Everywhere

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
St. Paul, Minn.

The "Redgeton" SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING.
HIGH GRADE.

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Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.

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Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.

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All Seams Allowed and Perforations show the Basting and Sewing Lines.

Only 10 and 15 cents each—none higher. Ask for them. Sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail from

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CROOKSTON LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

G. A. R. Rates

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

On account of the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in Minneapolis, August 13-18, the

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

will sell round trip tickets from ST. HILAIRE to

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS

FOR $6.35.

Tickets on Sale Aug. 11 to 14. Final Return Limit August 31.

For further particulars see H. M. SWANSON, Agt.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Pack Your Trunk And Go East

That's a good start toward a pleasant and profitable Summer Vacation. In purchasing your ticket tell the agent that it Must read over the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

between the Twin Cities and Chicago. Five handsome daily trains including the Pioneer Limited and the Fast Mail. Direct connections at St. Paul Union Depot with all trains from the North and West. Sleeping car berths higher, wider and longer than the berths in other sleepers and therefore cooler and more comfortable for Summer travel.

Let us know where you are going and full information as to rates, routes, connections, etc., will be cheerfully furnished by return mail.

W. B. DIXON,
Northwestern Passenger Agent,
365 Robert St., ST. PAUL,

REMEMBER THE DATES...SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8!

That's the Holiday Week of the Year—the Week of the Great MINNESOTA STATE FAIR

Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphiteater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world.—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.

Sensational racing each day.
Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, Etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 Pacing race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,644.50.

HALF FARE RAILROAD RATES! Tickets on sale Saturday Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept. 10.

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres.
E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

ADVERTISE IN THE ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson D. Patterson E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres., K. B. Kiiland, Secy.

DR. A. F. BLOMBURGH
Physician
and Surgeon...
Office in Hall building, first door North of Hotel Markham.
Residence over Holmes Bro.'s Store

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

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ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK.
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
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TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

—Go to Holmes Bros. for Sunshine furniture polish.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

Last Thursday was one of the warmest days of the season.

Supt. of Schools McAnulty was a visitor here last Monday.

C. L. Hansen was an over Sunday visitor at Red Lake Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. Nap. Miller were Sunday visitors at Red Lake Falls.

O. F. Post was one of the crowd who attended the fair last Thursday.

Wm. Eickhoff was a business visitor at Red Lake Falls last Tuesday.

O. H. Peters was down from Middle River yesterday for a short visit.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Prof. J. B. O'Brien was at Thief River Falls on Thursday taking in the fair.

Mrs. Wm. Ireland is entertaining her sister, Miss Vannett of Fertile, this week.

Joel G. Winkjer was here for a short time on Wednesday greeting old friends.

Leonard Holmes is busy this week putting in a new foundation under his elevator.

Mrs. Richard Ness, of Fertile, is here this week visiting with Mrs. R. H. Duntley.

Dr. C. E. Higbie came up from White Earth last Wednesday for a short visit.

Daniel Patterson is acting as one of the judges at the Thief River Falls fair this week.

Mrs. Elizabeth Eickhoff returned on Monday from a visit to Grand Forks and Crookston.

Miss Emma Narveson, of Erskine, is here this week visiting with Miss Huldah Gigstad.

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church will meet with Mrs. C. H. Remington on Thursday, August 16th.

"Our Old Kentucky Home." A play to build noble thoughts. At the Opera House next Friday evening.

Miss Pauline Neiland, of Red Lake Falls, has been spending the week here visiting with Mrs. H. E. Ives.

Miss Ella Johnson, who has been spending some time at Minneapolis, returned home on Thursday.

Miss Huldah Gigstad returned the first of the week from Erskine, where she had been visiting friends.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

Dr. H. E. Nelson, of Joyce, Iowa, who will take the practice of Dr. Blomburgh, arrived last Thursday.

I. Dahlen has purchased a one-half interest in M. E. Bjerk's saloon and will again be a citizen of St. Hilaire.

Mrs. H. E. Ives entertained at whist last Wednesday evening in honor of Miss Pauline Neiland, of Red Lake Falls.

Buttermaker Geo. L. Austin took an early start and finished his work at the creamery on Thursday in time to see the fair.

Miss Bertha Torreson, who has been visiting relatives here for several months, returned last evening to Amboy, Minn.

"Our Old Kentucky Home" brings pleasure to the humorously inclined—to the lovers of sweet songs of the Southland.

Mrs. Geo. L. Austin entertained a company of ladies yesterday afternoon in honor of her sister, Mrs. Bertelson, of Fergus Falls.

The Tri-State Telephone company had a crew stringing wires here the first of the week and are now well on the way to Crookston.

Mrs. Jens Nelson and Miss Katherine Patterson entertained the ladies last Saturday afternoon at a lawn party in honor of Mrs. G. B. Grace.

The Bray and Sanders base ball nines played a game of ball last Sunday in Aaklund's pasture in Bray, the score being 6 to 21 in favor of Sanders.

A woman worries until she gets wrinkles, then worries because she has them. If she takes Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea she would have neither. Bright, smiling face follows its use. 35c, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Miss Elle Hamry and Miss Jessie Kelson, of Red Lake Falls, spent the day here last Tuesday as guests of Mrs. H. E. Ives.

Mike Anderson went down to Red Lake Falls last Wednesday to consult a physician in regard to the health of one of his children.

Miss Inga Sjerva, a former school teacher here but now of Grand Forks, is here this week the guest of Miss Josephine Gigstad.

Walter and Oscar Johnson came up from Crookston last Thursday, having finished their work with the Tri-State Telephone company.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Grace left last Saturday for their new home at Mont Vernon, Washington, where Mr. Grace is intesested in a bank.

Old maids would be scarce and hard to find,
Could they be made to see,
How grace and beauty is combined
By using Rocky Mountain Tea.
Imperial Drug Co.

Miss Alma Remington has contracted to teach a six months' term of school in district No. 125 in Wyandotte. She will commence her duties on August 20th.

John Konikson and I. Dahlen went down to Crookston the first of this week and made final proof on their claims, Ed. Peterson going along as a witness.

A. M. Edstrom and wife came in from Hazel the first of the week. Mr. Edstrom has disposed of his business out there and will reside here for a short time.

—Will sell the southwest quarter of Sec. 26, Twp. 152, R. 44, Red Lake county, Minn., for $2200 on very easy terms. Address Adolph Sucker,
Lewisville, Minn.

We have a local game warden in town and violators of the game laws had better be rather careful or there will be something doing. It would be by far the safest to let the chickens alone until after Sept. 1st.

Selvan Hall was here from Red Lake Falls this week visiting his father. He has resigned his position at the Falls and will go next week to Cass Lake where he will work in a drug store.

Scrub yourself daily, you're not clean inside. Clean insides means clean stomach, bowels, blood, liver, clean healthy tissue in every organ. Moral: Take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35c. tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

The "Prairie Chickens" visited the Sandridge Sunday, their purpose being to defeat the Black River base ball nine. Their purpose failed to be fulfilled as they went home leaving the score 5-33 in favor of the Black River boys.

Harvest has already commenced in many places and considerable barley and some oats have been cut. The wheat harvest will commence next week and the farmers we have interviewed report that there will be a very fair crop. There was considerable flax sown and all report that it is looking fine.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford has an office at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, on the 8th day of every month. A red letter day to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses.

Thief River News: Tommy Thorkelson, formerly of St. Hilaire where he was engaged in the drug business and at one time mayor of that village was in Thief River Falls last Friday calling upon his many friends here. Tommy is now traveling on the road for a wholesale drug house and says that he has an interest in a gold mine out in California which it is hoped will prove a profitable venture.

—Try the Queen City Business College, Crookston, Minn., for two weeks and if you are in any way dissatisfied with the school, we will pay your car fare to Crookston, your board for the two weeks, your car fare back home, and it will not cost you one cent for tuition or for the use of books. Write for written agreement to that effect signed by the principal. Ours is the leading school in the state and we want you to know it. Fall term begins Sept. 3rd. O. J. Hanson, B. Accts., Prin. tf

Cows For Sale.

Three fresh milch cows for sale; all first class in every respect. Also one sow with four shoats.
Julius M. Jahn.

Butter Contest.

There was a butter grading contest at the Thief River Falls fair last Wednesday under the supervision of State Inspector Winkjer. Four of the creameries of the county were entered in the contest, with the following results:

St. Hilaire	94½
Thief River Falls	94
Plummer	93½
Brooks	93½

Death of Mrs. Gerbig.

Akeley Tribune: Mrs. Celia Gerbig, who formerly conducted a hotel next to the Odd Fellows hall, died of dropsy at her home in Bemidji last Saturday at the age of 65. She will be remembered by the older residents of Akeley who held her in high esteem. She leaves a son, Charles Trodler, and two daughters to mourn her loss. Interment was at Bemidji cemetery, Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Gerbig was a resident of St. Hilaire about six years ago and her many friends here will be pained to learn of her death.

Our Old Kentucky Home.

Presenting the peculiarities and eccentricities of the natives of the Kentucky Hills, which is so amusing to all audiences. Clever singing and dancing specialities will be introduced. At the Opera house, Friday Aug. 17.

[illegible] Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the village council of St. Hilaire held at the village hall Monday evening, Aug. 6th, 1906, at 8 o'clock.

Meeting called to order by President O'Brien.

All members present.

Minutes of the two special meetings were read and on motion accepted as read.

Report of village marshal read and on motion accepted.

Report of street commissioner read and on motion accepted.

On motion Peter Thune was allowed $12 for three weeks' board for C. Christofferson, to be drawn out of the Poor fund.

On motion the pondmaster was instructed to impound all cattle and horses picketed or running at large on the streets or alleys in St. Hilaire.

On motion the action taken by the council at a former meeting allowing the town of Wyandotte $150 to repair the road in section 10 of Wyandotte is hereby rescinded.

Motion made and carried that plats of the village and number of lights be sent to Fairbanks, Morse & Co., St. Paul, and Clausen, Burch & Pillsbury, St. Paul, for estimates for the electric light plant.

The following bills were allowed in full:

Crookston Lbr Co, 2 bills	$ 53 01
Pure Oil Co, gasoline	9 28
White Mfg Co, lamp supplies	47 57
Rapp & Post, as per bill	15 30
W S Booth & Son, blanks	40
D Patterson, work and ½yr sal	9 50
A S Wilson, one day on board of equalization and ½ year salary as councilman	7 00
John Hegseth, work	9 87
K B Kiiland, salary for July and other work as per bill	53 75
Cornelius Syverson, work	3 50
Christ Bjerk, work	7 00

The following bills were allowed for work on the cement sidewalk by order from Berglund:

Crookston Lbr Co, lumber	8 80
E M Hoff, 65 barrels cement	175 45
John Hegseth, work	75
K O Gigstad, cash	12 00
Chas Fellman	15 00
Chas Fellman	4 70
Christ Bjerk, work	8 75
L L Bergan, oats	4 40
Wm Olson, work	3 75
C H Martz, hay	3 25
E H Wells, work	14 83
Elmer Burkee, work $6.00, allowed at	5 25
Tolef Thompson, stones	9 50
John Berglund, bal on contract	76 13

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'Brien,
President.

K. O. Gigstad,
Clerk.

The County Fair.

The Red Lake County Fair at Thief River Falls this week has proved a decided success in every way. The fair is much improved over previous years and has attracted a large number of people. The Cash Carnival company furnished the amusements and there was some very good racing. The stock exhibit of Hon. L. Lamberton, of Warren was one of the features of the fair. He is a breeder of polled Durham cattle and has the honor of showing the finest herd of stock ever seen in Red Lake county.

Of the local stock exhibitors Peter Engelstad and Chas. Gustafson each had a guernsey bull which attracted considerable attention, and G. H. Martz had a very fine young durham bull on exhibition. Thursday was the banner day of the fair and a large number of our citizens were in attendance. The Red Lake Falls band and U. S. Senator Moses E. Clapp being extra attractions for that day.

Good Friends.

It is always good business to have good friends who are willing and able to help you, to grant you favors, give you good advice and forward your property. The customers of the

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

always have such a friend.

We are interested in their welfare in every way and do everything to show it. We keep their money safely, we loan them money at a reasonable rate of interest when they need it, we give them free advice, we write their deeds, mortgages and wills, and extend to them the glad hand and a hearty hospitality whenever they come to our town. Our director's room belongs to our customers during banking hours.

Hansen & Gigstad,
Managers.

Creameries Increasing.

Joel G. Winkjer, state dairy inspector, states that the interest in creameries is growing amazingly in this section of the state and that every farmer is becoming imbued with the fact that he must diversify to be more successful. He states that the output of creameries in his district has increased on an average of 30 per cent in the past year and this percentage is continually increasing. He is very enthusiastic over the outlook for the future of this portion of the state and says that it has been thoroughly demonstrated that the creamery is a paying institution, and he believes that it will mean millions of dollars in the future, to the farmers of this section of the state.—Fertile Journal.

Attention Firemen!

All members of the St. Hilaire Fire department are requested to be present at their meeting next Tuesday evening, Aug. 14, 1906. To those who have not attended any of the last three meetings it is necessary for them to be present in order to keep their membership in the department. By order of the St. Hilaire Fire department.

A. F. Ittner, Secy.

Dated Aug. 8, 1906.

Annual Meeting Fraternal Order of Eagles, Milwaukee, Wis.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to Milwaukee, Wis., and return for $20.51; dates of sale Aug. 10 to 13, with final return limit of Aug. 24th.

Work Must Be Finished.

Thief River News: County Commissioner Ole J. Johnson, of Plummer, was in the city last week and while here in company with Commissioner Shaw went southeast of here to look over the Rocksbury North ditch No. 2. The contract for building this ditch was let in 1902 to Wm. Eickhoff, of St. Hilaire, who shortly afterwards got into financial difficulties and it has never been completed. For three years the farmers, whose lands this ditch is supposed to drain, have paid ditch taxes and have never received but a very small amount of benefits. Last fall the engineer in charge of this ditch reported that the ditch had been completed, but the county commissioners refused to accept the work, claiming that in many places the ditch had not been dug as deep as the contract called for. Accordingly the county attorney was instructed to notify the bondholders to complete the work and a few men are now at work upon the ditch.

Mr. Johnson, in whose commissioner district the ditch is located, states that the ditch will never be accepted until it is completed according to contract, and is determined that the farmers in that section get a fair deal. It is not at all unlikely that there will be some litigation over the matter before the affair is ended.

May Not Build Elevator.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: A meeting of the Wylie Farmers Elevator company was held at Wylie Saturday and was well attended. The object of the meeting was to open bids for the construction of a new elevator at Wylie, but at the meeting Saturday considerable discussion was indulged in and the result was that the bids were not opened. It is likely that another meeting will be called in the near future to dispose of the bids.

It seems to be the general opinion that the company will not build their elevator this fall and some advance the argument that it would be poor policy for the farmers to build at all.

There is absolutely no certainty that the Great Northern will leave its tracks into Wylie and some morning they may wake up and find the railroad a thing of the past which would make an elevator of no value.

There is an enterprising lot of farmers behind the movement, but they will not take any chances on losing money on the investment, which is right and proper.

The Triumph of a New Idea.

It has been a subject of comment that the usual features of the Sunday newspapers showed too little varity. A recent departure in Sunday journalism has met with popular recognition and approval. The great illustrated weeklies and monthlies no longer have a monopoly of the periodical field.

Conan Doyle received $25,000 for the American serial rights of his last story, the highest price ever paid for similar rights. Anthony Hope, Jack London, Sewell Ford and many other popular novelists contribute to the publication which set the pace by paying this record price. Celebrated men and women write constantly for it on all subjects of timely interest. Clever verse, wit, humor and interesting miscellany complete a most interesting table of contents. It is profusely illustrated by the leading artists. In fact, the Sunday Magazine of The Record-Herald maintains the highest standard of periodical literature throughout. It gets the best at whatever cost.

Roof Leases.

The World To-Day magazine advises all persons who wish to invest money, to lease the roofs of the large buildings in their cities. These can be used for greenhouses, chicken farms, sun bath parlors, hospitals—in fact for anything in which plenty of air and sunlight is needed. They have the advantage of central location and can usually be had at a low rent. A light sun-bath parlor would make a fine adjunct to any apartment house or hotel. If you live in an apartment house, hotel, or have a home of your own, you should drink golden grain belt beer at every meal. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Minnesota State Fair, Hamline, Sept. 3-8, 1906.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to St. Paul or Minneapolis and return, round trip tickets at one first-class fare plus 50 cents; dates of sale Sept. 1 to 8, with final return limit of Sept. 10, 1906.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

—For go-carts go to Holmes Bros.

Notice of Hearing Upon Petition of Freeholder.

Whereas, a petition signed by Marit M. Landeen, a freeholder of school district No. 31, in this county, representing that he is the owner of the following described lands, situate in said district, to-wit:

The north half of the northwest quarter and lots 2 and 3 of section 10, in township 152, range 42, has been presented to the county board of Red Lake county. And asking that his said lands may be set off from said district No. 31 to said district No. 30, and the said board has appointed a time and place for hearing thereon. Therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given that said petition will be heard by said board, at a session thereof, commencing on the fourteenth day of August, A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, at which time and place the said board will hear the evidence and the arguments of all persons interested, for or against granting the prayer of the petitioner.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., July 28, 1906.

By order of the county board.
JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor and Ex-officio Clerk of Board.
a4-11

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

SAVE MONEY
BY USING
MASCOT FLOUR
BETTER BREAD
and MORE OF IT.
Red Lake Falls Milling Co.
WE PURCHASE ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
Andrew Monson, Agent.

HON. W. H. KELBAUGH OF WEST VIRGINIA PRAISES PE-RU-NA.

Hon. W. H. Kelbaugh.

A Cold at Any Time of the Year, Especially in Hot Weather, is Very Depressing to the System. Pe-ru-na is an Unequaled Tonic For Such Cases. Read What People Say About It.

Hon. W. H. Kelbaugh, Ex-Member W. Va. Legislature, 204 9th street, N. E., Washington, D. C., writes:

"You can use my name and word at all times for Peruna as a medicine and tonic unequaled. I have tried it for a stubborn cold and badly run down system. I tried all sorts of other medicines and paid several expensive doctor bills. Peruna cured me, strengthened me more than ever, and saved me money."

Mrs. Clara Litterst, Seafield, Ind., says: "Last fall I took a severe cold. I took Peruna, began to improve and kept on so until I was able to do my work."

Not His.

"Tommy," said the teacher, reproachfully, "why didn't you take your hat off to me when you passed me yesterday?"

"I didn't have me hat on, ma'am," replied the boy.

"Don't tell me that. I saw you."

"I know you seen me, but you didn't see me hat. Dat wuz me brudder's hat I had on."

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES do not stain the hands or spot the kettle, except green and purple.

The Times.

"I want to see the president of the ice trust personally on urgent business."

"Sorry, sir, but his term doesn't expire until next week."

We Want Live Lady Agents

To represent us in each locality, for the exclusive sale of Security Petticoats, Dress Skirts and Shirt Waist materials. Write to-day for souvenir booklet and full information regarding this famous line.

THE SECURITY CO.,
Weedsport, N. Y.

The Physicians.

The Physicians of Buffalo declared for a safe and sane Fourth. Here is a fine example of unselfishness.

The Fathers.

Strange how many fathers there are who find it a sacred duty to carry home a coat-tail pocket full of common crackers every trip, just so the little children can have some fun on the Fourth of July.

Reason for It.

"Why, Mr. Knox," said the landlady to the new boarder, "you have let a piece of butter fall in your coffee."

"I did it on purpose, Mrs. Hasher," replied the n. b. "I believe in compelling the strong to assist the weak."

He Was an Old Acquaintance.

It was the first meeting of the Shakespeare reading club for working girls, and the serious minded young English woman who had dealt out copies of "Hamlet" to the members awaited comments.

The first came from a girl belonging to that immense army of "book folders" so familiar to all frequenters of working girls' clubs.

"Oh, I know this well," she said, in a superior tone.

"Really?" said the pleased teacher. "Is it your favorite play?"

The girl looked at her pityingly.

"Lor', I ain't read it," she chuckled. "We stock 'em at our place. I've 'ad 'undreds through my 'ands. 'Amlet? I'm sick to death of 'im!"

"NO TROUBLE"

To Change from Coffee to Postum.

"Postum has done a world of good for me," writes an Ills. man.

"I've had indigestion nearly all my life but never dreamed coffee was the cause of my trouble until last Spring I got so bad I was in misery all the time.

"A coffee drinker for 30 years, it irritated my stomach and nerves, yet I was just crazy for it. After drinking it with my meals, I would leave the table, go out and lose my meal and the coffee too. Then I'd be as hungry as ever.

"A friend advised me to quit coffee and use Postum—said it cured him. Since taking his advice I retain my food and get all the good out of it, and don't have those awful hungry spells.

"I changed from coffee to Postum without any trouble whatever, felt better from the first day I drank it. I am well now and give the credit to Postum." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

NEW RATES WOULD NOT HELP FARMERS

PROPOSED SCHEDULE FOR THE BENEFIT OF STOREKEEPER OPPOSED BY RAILROADS.

J. J. HILL IS NOT SALARIED

HEARING BEFORE RAILROAD COMMISSION BRINGS OUT THE POLICY OF RAILROADS.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 6.—The hearing before the railroad and warehouse commission on the proposed reduction in rates on certain classes of freight was resumed last Monday and during the four days of its continuance it was fairly established that what was going on was a contest between the farmers on the one hand and the country storekeepers on the other—and the situation was made the more striking by the fact that the representatives of the railroads contended for the interests of the farmers. The question before the commission is whether the rates on local package freight shall be reduced in accordance with a schedule that has been prepared. The proposed schedule is wholly in the interest of the storekeeper. If it is adopted the country merchant will be relieved of freight charges that may approximate $1,000,000 a year, but which will be distributed over an infinite number of small articles the prices of which will remain the same so far as the consumer is concerned. But, it was concluded from the testimony of the railroad men, the loss of this amount of revenue would prevent the roads from the carrying out of the policy they practice of reducing, whenever practicable, the rates on grain and fuel—a policy that is persevered in because it promotes the prosperity of the farmers and tends to the ultimate increase of the amount of this class of freight carried. Incidentally it was shown that the proposed reduction, which would go into the pockets of the storekeepers in small amounts, would deprive the state of the revenue now accruing from tax on the gross earnings that would be wiped out. The evidence was conclusive that the railroads would suffer to the extent of about a million dollars a year; the state would suffer a loss of about forty thousand dollars a year in gross earnings tax; the farmer would be deprived of the benefits that would come directly from getting a higher price for his products by just so much as the probable reduction of the cost of carrying his produce to market. The sole beneficiary of the new rate would be the storekeeper.

All of these facts were adduced from the evidence of the witnesses examined and so conclusive was the testimony that at its close James Manahan, who has been conducting the case in the interest of the Hastings and other storekeepers, asked for an order from the commission for an examination of the books and records of the Great Northern Railway company, from which the statements of fact given by Vice President R. I. Farrington were drawn. Incident to the discussion that followed Mr. Manahan's request the latter caused a sensation by casting an aspersion upon the memory of the late Senator Cushman K. Davis. Manahan is from Nebraska, a newcomer in Minnesota, and is said to be slated for the Democratic nomination for attorney general. C. A. Severance of the firm of Davis, Kellogg and Severance, opposed Manahan at the hearing. In attacking the opposing counsel Mr. Manahan said:

Attacks Memory of Davis.

"I was not born rich, I did not marry money, but I will place my standing at the bar alongside of that of a firm of attorneys of which the junior member is here representing the railroads, the second member is making a pretense of attacking the Standard Oil company and the gentleman whose name is still at the head of the firm is representing the interests elsewhere of his old friends Russell Sage and Jay Gould."

The attack on the memory of Senator Davis met with a stern rebuke from Chairman Mills of the commission, and Manahan withdrew his remarks so far as they applied to the dead senator. An order was made for the production of the records.

Benjamin Campbell, fourth vice president of the Great Northern, was the first witness. He showed that the rates on grain for distances of from twenty-five to 400 miles into Minneapolis on the Great Northern were lower than for similar distances in other states. For instance, the rate to Minneapolis for the minimum distance was 4½ cents, while the rate for the same distance into Omaha was 8 cents and into Kansas City 6 cents. He also demonstrated that Iowa rates on grain into Chicago are from 113 to 123 per cent higher than the Great Northern rate from Minnesota points to Chicago, the mileage being the same. His evidence went to prove the general policy of the road to make the lowest possible rate in carrying the products of the soil to market.

E. L. Patterson of Mankato criticised the proposed schedules for discriminating in favor of Winona and the Twin Cities as against his town. W. H. Davis and E. L. Englin alleged discrimination in local freight rates in favor of Minneapolis as against Stillwater. L. Sargent of Stillwater opposed a change of rates to the mileage basis, and W. H. Caldwell stood with him.

J. J. Hill Gets No Salary.

The testimony of Second Vice President Farrington of the Great Northern was exhaustive and convincing. He went into the whole matter of the cost of operation and maintenance of railroads; he showed that the gross and net earnings on local freight—which is in issue—had steadily decreased for ten years. He contended—and brought figures to support his contention—that local freight rates were too low now for the good of the railroads and the community at large. And, when Mr. Manahan became inquisitive as to the disposition of the revenues of the Great Northern, insinuating that great profits were made and exorbitant salaries paid to eat up the earnings, Mr. Farrington caused a sudden abandonment of the line of questioning by saying that James J. Hill had made it a rule to pay no dividend of more than 7 per cent per annum on the stock, and that as president of the company he was paid no salary whatever.

Mr. Farrington opened his testimony with an analysis of the conditions which reduced the ton mileage of local freight on the Great Northern in spite of the apparent prosperity of the state. He showed that in no one year since 1896, when the average number of tons of local freight hauled per mile of road was 174,013 tons, has the average tonnage per mile of road equalled that number. The nearest approach to 1896 was in 1902 when the amount was 93.20 per cent of the former year. The average earnings per mile of road operated in the state of Minnesota in 1905 was 92.24 per cent of the earnings on similar freight in 1896. He cited the figures to show that the decrease was general. Citing an array of figures showing a falling off in earnings per mile of road operated in the state Mr. Farrington said:

"It really seems that the more road we build in the state the less our earnings per mile of road are."

Sweeping Reductions Made.

Asked how he accounted for the apparent fact that the revenues of the road had fallen off a greater percentage than the tonnage, Mr. Farrington said the disparity was caused by reductions of rates on local business. He could not list all of the reductions that had been made, but he recalled a reduction made Jan. 23, 1906, of fifteen per cent on terminal class rates covering merchandise between points in Minnesota and North and South Dakota. He showed that by other reductions the class rates now in effect between St. Paul, Minnesota Transfer and Minneapolis and Minnesota points are over fourteen per cent lower than in 1896 and that the distance class rates are now ten per cent less than they were in the year named. The lumber rates from St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and Superior are more than 16 per cent lower than they were ten years ago. Reductions on coal rates made the present rate from St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and Superior to Minnesota points, on soft coal, 18 per cent and on hard coal over 20 per cent less than ten years ago.

The witness showed that even more sweeping reductions had been made on grain rates. He proved, by actual computation that the rates on grain from Minnesota points to Minneapolis, Duluth and Superior had been reduced in ten years 21 per cent.

"These reductions in grain, coal and lumber rates have all affected the farmers," said Mr. Farrington. "Where the rate on grain has been reduced the farmer has received just that much more for his grain. The rates which it is now proposed to reduce will not benefit anybody but the country storekeeper. The farmer will have to pay just exactly as much for what he buys from the country storekeeper."

Road Creates Business.

Referring to the increase in cost of operation, Mr. Farrington quoted from tables showing the comparative cost of labor and material in 1896 and 1906. The figures showed an increase of twenty per cent in the cost of labor and from sixty to seventy-five per cent in the cost of material. In spite of the great increase in the cost of labor and material for maintenance there had been a general reduction of rates on local freights of at least 18 per cent. How has this been brought about? By the tremendous increase in the volume of through business, interstate business. It was a business that was created largely by the activity of the road. There were notable improvements in operation which militated to stand off the increase in the cost of labor and material. And the railroad exploited the natural resources of the country,—developed them. The prosperity of the farmer was essential to the continued welfare of the road. That prosperity could be promoted by increasing the price of farm products. That price could be increased by reducing the cost of transportation. All the energies of the road were bent to creating that additional business. There is no more grain shipped than there was ten years ago and the rate received for the handling of it has been reduced one-fifth. On the other hand, there has been an increase in amount of the freight that is more expensive to handle. But the road has expanded. It was found that return freight must be had for the cars that had borne grain east. The coast, first, and then the Orient was exploited to increase the volume of business. The lumbering resources of Washington were undeveloped because of the high freight rates to the eastern markets. The rates were forced down to that point where the shippers could afford to enter the eastern market. The railroad made no money at first but it developed a paying business and by bringing the coast lumber into this market it held down the price. Lumber is high now, but what would it be if the coast competition did not enter the market? The state of Minnesota alone, it was shown, had not by its contribtion to the business of the company justified the reduction in freight rates, but it had benefited by the increase in the business of the system, and all the time the railroad had been paying increased amounts in taxes on gross earnings on this business that it had created. All this Mr. Farrington pointed in the course of his testimony, and now it was proposed to take away from the railroads a round million of dollars in revenue on freights that did not now pay high enough rates to afford a profit and this solely for the benefit of the country storekeeper. Asked if he had considered the effect of the proposed reduction in rates on the revenues of the state, Mr. Farrington said:

Where the Loss Will Fall.

"That is one thing that I think has been entirely overlooked. The testimony that has been given indicates that the amount to be lost by all the roads doing business in this state, should the proposed rates go into effect, will be about $1,000,000. This million dollars is going to be contributed to a few storekeepers. It is not going to help the jobbers or increase their business in any way; it is not going to help the farmers, because the price they have to pay for the little stuff they buy at the stores will not be decreased. It is going to help the storekeeper only.

"But it is going to reduce the taxes collected by the State of Minnesota $40,000 a year, and somebody has got to make up those taxes. The people who will have to make it up will be the farmers, the jobbers, the people who own little property in towns and who will not be benefited in any way. It is barely possible that the taxes paid by the storekeepers will be increased, but they can well afford to pay their proportion of the $40,000 if they are going to get $1,000,000 for doing it."

The witness showed that the Great Northern company had not hesitated to make extensions that reduced distances and thus automatically reduced revenues, citing the Fosston line, the opening of which decreased the haul at a loss of a million dollars a year in freight, but it had greatly contributed to the benefit of the farmers to the west. He told the story of how the road went into the handling of ore at an enormous cost and had developed the business tenfold in a few years—adding to the total volume of business and paving the way for rate reductions where they would do the most good—on carrying the products of the soil to market. The details of how the ore trade was developed were told fully; how mines had been sold without a cent of profit to the company and solely to the end that they might be worked and furnish freight for the hauling. It might be contended that if the Great Northern had not developed these mines and carried the ore the Missabe road would have hauled it. But, as Mr. Farrington explained, if the United Steel company had got the earnings from the hauling of this ore the Great Northern would not have gotten them, and consequently could not have spread this revenue so as to allow a reduction in rates on Minnesota freight generally.

Mr. Farrington's testimony was very generally supported by statistical data. His points bristled with figures, all tending to the same end: to show that local rates were too low now in many cases, that no benefit would come to any considerable class from the reductions proposed, and that the rates contemplated would cripple the railroad in its primary object in ratemaking. To lighten the burden on the man whose prosperity was essential to the wellbeing of the railroad—the farmer. Mr. Farrington summed the case when, on cross-examination, he was asked by Mr. Manahan:

"If the profits on the interstate business became too large, would you reduce rates generally?"

"We would deem it good policy to reduce the rate on grain, coal, lumber and such articles," he replied, "because that would help the people and develop the country. That's why we object to the reduction of merchandise rates. A cut there will keep us from reducing grain and fuel rates."

As to the comparative cost of handling less than carload lots as compared with carlots, E. D. Sewall, formerly president of the Minnesota Transfer company, said that it cost about 30 cents per ton to handle less than carload lots as compared with carlots 3½ cents per ton.

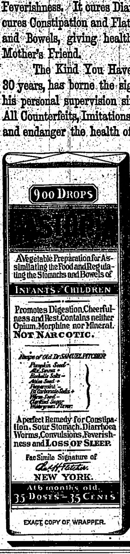
H. A. Gray, comptroller of the Northern Pacific, showed the comparative condition of Minnesota business by calling attention to tables prepared by Thomas Japp, statistician for the railroad commission, in which it was demonstrated that there had been a decrease in the gross earnings of all roads in Minnesota from 1903 to 1905, and an increase in gross earnings on all roads in Iowa and Illinois. The net earnings in Minnesota had decreased 11.44 per cent and increased 4.06 per cent in the other states.

S. C. Stickney testified as to the cost of handling freight by the Minnesota Transfer company of which he is president.

What is Castoria.

CASTORIA is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.



900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed –
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts –
Anise Seed +
Peppermint –
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed –
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old.
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. F. Gerald Blattner, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "Your Castoria is good for children and I frequently prescribe it, always obtaining the desired results."

Dr. Gustave A. Eisengraeber, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "I have used your Castoria repeatedly in my practice with good results, and can recommend it as an excellent, mild and harmless remedy for children."

Dr. E. J. Dennis, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have used and prescribed your Castoria in my sanitarium and outside practice for a number of years and find it to be an excellent remedy for children."

Dr. S. A. Buchanan, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have used your Castoria in the case of my own baby and find it pleasant to take, and have obtained excellent results from its use."

Dr. J. E. Simpson, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I have used your Castoria in cases of colic in children and have found it the best medicine of its kind on the market."

Dr. R. E. Eskildson, of Omaha, Neb., says: "I find your Castoria to be a standard family remedy. It is the best thing for infants and children I have ever known and I recommend it."

Dr. L. R. Robinson, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria certainly has merit. Is not its age, its continued use by mothers through all these years, and the many attempts to imitate it, sufficient recommendation? What can a physician add? Leave it to the mothers."

Dr. Edwin F. Pardee, of New York City, says: "For several years I have recommended your Castoria and shall always continue to do so, as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

Dr. N. B. Sizer, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I object to what are called patent medicines, where maker alone knows what ingredients are put in them, but I know the formula of your Castoria and advise its use."

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minnesota. Charles R. Groff, St. Paul, Minn., laundry bluing; Eugene Hubbell, St. Paul, Minn., storm sash fastener; William A. Law, St. Paul, Minn., elevated track; Roy H. Maple, Minneapolis, Minn., lamp burner; Michel Mohr, Wahpeton, N. D., nut lock; Edwin R. Moore, St. Paul, Minn., duplicating apparatus; Chas. A. Stickney, St. Paul, Minn., saw frame.

Wanted, Something Wet.

Kentucky Colonel—Can I get a bath in this hotel?

Clerk (always willing to oblige)—Certainly, sir. External or internal.

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package, FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Many a man thinks that he is sure of a front seat in heaven because he is going there on a half-fare ticket.

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Ask for Catalogue St 158
Fairbanks-Morse, St. Paul, Minn.

CREAM
We pay a premium over and above regular price.
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Chameleon
BANANAS
10 good recipes FREE at your Grocers, or
B. PRESLEY CO., St. Paul, Minn.

CASH for CREAM
Write to-day for shipping tags,
MILLER & HOLMES,
18 East 3rd Street, ST. PAUL.

WHAT JOY THEY BRING TO EVERY HOME

as with joyous hearts and smiling faces they romp and play—when in health—and how conducive to health the games in which they indulge, the outdoor life they enjoy, the cleanly, regular habits they should be taught to form and the wholesome diet of which they should partake. How tenderly their health should be preserved, not by constant medication, but by careful avoidance of every medicine of an injurious or objectionable nature, and if at any time a remedial agent is required, to assist nature, only those of known excellence should be used; remedies which are pure and wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, like the pleasant laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Syrup of Figs has come into general favor in many millions of well informed families, whose estimate of its quality and excellence is based upon personal knowledge and use.

Syrup of Figs has also met with the approval of physicians generally, because they know it is wholesome, simple and gentle in its action. We inform all reputable physicians as to the medicinal principles of Syrup of Figs, obtained, by an original method, from certain plants known to them to act most beneficially and presented in an agreeable syrup in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to promote the pleasant taste; therefore it is not a secret remedy and hence we are free to refer to all well informed physicians, who do not approve of patent medicines and never favor indiscriminate self-medication.

Please to remember and teach your children also that the genuine Syrup of Figs always has the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package and that it is for sale in bottles of one size only. If any dealer offers any other than the regular Fifty cent size, or having printed thereon the name of any other company, do not accept it. If you fail to get the genuine you will not get its beneficial effects. Every family should always have a bottle on hand, as it is equally beneficial for the parents and the children, whenever a laxative remedy is required.

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enable you to make *good* meals out of "hurry" meals.

Libby's Food Products are ready to serve when you get them, yet are cooked as carefully and as well as you could do it in your own kitchen.

Ox Tongue, Dried Beef, Boned Chicken, Deviled Ham, Veal Loaf—these are but a few of the many kinds your dealer keeps.

Try for luncheon or supper tomorrow, some sliced Chicken Loaf.

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Libby's
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TO HOLDERS of U. S. 4s of 1907

Your bonds will be paid off by the Government at par on July 1, 1907, or less than one year from now.

Owing to the demand for Government bonds, due to the appointment at the present time of a large number of temporary public depositaries, we are in position to pay you for your bonds almost as much as you will receive from the Government in principal and interest, even though you should hold them to maturity.

We can pay 103¼, or at the rate of $1,032.50, for a $1,000 bond. To retain your bonds when you can sell them at this price is equivalent to your investing your funds at the rate of less than ¼ of 1% per annum.

Conditions are unusually favorable to the reinvestment of your funds. Railroad bonds of the highest type are much lower than they have ruled for several years.

If you are interested in taking advantage of the peculiarly favorable opportunity to sell your maturing Government bonds, we shall be pleased to have you write us. In case you have $5,000 or more of bonds, we shall be glad to have you wire us at our expense.

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ASK FOR INFORMATION,
R. E. COBB, St. Paul, Minn.

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HARNESS Are all lock stitched.
Ask your dealer.

TRUNKS
Suit Cases, Bags and Telescopes.
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WE PAY CASH
THE CRESCENT CREAMERY CO
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APPLES
Also receive Veal, Poultry, Eggs, Etc.
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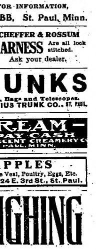
AFTER ITS FIRST BATH WITH CUTICURA SOAP



Physicians, Pharmacists, and Nurses endorse Cuticura Soap because of its delicate, medicinal, emollient, sanative, and antiseptic properties derived from Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, united with the purest of cleansing ingredients and most refreshing of flower odors. For preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet and bath, Cuticura Soap is priceless. Absolutely pure and may be used from the hour of birth.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50c., Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60). [illegible] Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston. [illegible]

It is so easy to find fault with the good things possessed by others.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 18, 1906. NUMBER 5.

JOINT LETTER TO NICHOLAS

THAT IS REPUTED PURPOSE OF MEETING OF EDWARD AND WILLIAM.

CZAR ASKS KING'S ADVICE

TWO MONARCHS WILL HOLD CONFERENCE TO FRAME A RESPONSE.

London, Aug. 15.—King Edward and Queen Alexandra returned to London yesterday from Cowes to prepare for the king's annual trip to Marienbad, on which he will start to-day. The king will cross the channel in the royal yacht Victoria and Albert to Flushing, where a special train will convey him to Friederichshof, where he will meet Emperor William Aug. 15.

There has been endless speculation on the political significance of the meeting of the monarchs. The Pall Mall Gazette says that recently an autograph letter from Emperor Nicholas to King Edward was brought by special messenger to the Russian embassy here and delivered to the king personally by the ambassador, and that at the same time, other personal letters from the Russian empress were received by relatives in this country.

Asks Edward's Advice.

The Russian emperor's letter to the king is known to have been a request for advice on the situation in Russia. A reply is said to have been sent and almost immediately afterwards the meeting between King Edward and Emperor William was arranged. After the conference at Friederichshof a joint letter, it is expected, will be sent to Emperor Nicholas, containing the advice of King Edward and Emperor William.

Grand Duke Alexis is staying at Hamburg and probably will represent the Russian emperor at a further royal conference, which, if necessary, will take place.

Accept Heyden's Program.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 15.—Indications at the meetings of the central committee of the old Octoberist party, which closed yesterday, point to the amalgamation of Octoberists with the new peaceful party of regenerationists and the acceptance of the program drawn up by Count Heyden, M. Guchkoff and others.

The police of St. Petersburg yesterday captured the wooden model of a field gun which had been used for the training of a company of revolutionary artillery. The police also seized a factory which was engaged in making shells and bombs, of which fifty and a quantity of dynamite and pyroxiline were captured.

DISS DE BAR GETS LIBERTY.

Notorious Spiritualist Fraud Is Out on Ticket-of-Leave.

London, Aug. 15.—Ann Odealla Diss de Bar, who, under the name of Laura Jackson, was sentenced on Dec. 20, 1901, to seven years penal servitudo for connection with an immoral cult known as the "Theocratic Unity," of which her reputed husband, Theodore Jackson, was the head, has been liberated from Aylesbury prison under ticket-of-leave, having obtained the maximum reduction of sentence by good behavior.

Mme. Diss de Bar has been known under many names in the United States and Great Britain, but her greatest notoriety was achieved as the perpetrator of a so-called spiritualistic deception by which Luther R. Marsh of New York was in his old age stripped of the fortune he had accumulated in the practice of law. Though claiming to be the daughter of King Louis I. of Bavaria and Lola Montez, she was the daughter of Prof. John C. F. Saloman, once of Washington and later of Kentucky.

ATTEMPT TO KILL THAW.

Death Valley Scott May Testify in Young Man's Defense.

San Francisco, Aug. 15.—A dispatch from Los Angeles says that Walter Scott, the Death Valley miner, is likely to be a witness for Harry Thaw. Scott claims, it is said, that in January last he was the means of preventing Stanford White from killing Thaw in Madison Square garden, and has now the revolver that, he says, White intended to use. He says there are two witnesses in New York who saw him take the revolver from White and heard the controversy.

POPE'S HEALTH SATISFACTORY.

Not Suffering From Dangerous Form of Gout.

Rome, Aug. 15.—The report published in London yesterday that Pope Pius X. is suffering from a dangerous form of gout, threatening paralysis of the heart, is without foundation. That the health of the pope is satisfactory is shown by the fact that yesterday he received Mgr. Dennis O'Connell, rector of the Catholic university at Washington, and that his medical attendant, Dr. Lapponi, is absent from home.

GAMBLES AWAY BANK'S MONEY

PAYING TELLER OF BIRMINGHAM (ALA.) BANK EMBEZZLES $97,000.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 15.—Within twelve hours yesterday Alexander R. Chisolm, paying teller of the First National bank, was arrested, charged with the embezzlement of $97,000 of the bank's funds, was given a preliminary hearing before United States Commissioner R. B. Watson, put under bond of $50,000, and failing to make it, is in the custody of the United States officials at one of the principal hotels of the city. During the afternoon W. L. Sims and G. M. Hayes, manager and assistant manager of one of the chief stock and cotton brokerage houses in the city, were arrested, charged with aiding and abetting the embezzlement of the national bank funds.

Brokers Give Bonds.

They were also given a preliminary hearing and Sims' bond was fixed at $50,000 and Hayes at $10,000. Both have given bond and are at liberty.

The shortage at the First National bank was discovered while Chisolm was on his annual vacation. The bank has a large reserve fund on hand, and it was from this that the amount was taken. There was no regular time for counting the cash in the reserve fund, which accounts for the fact that the shortage was not discovered sooner. Officials decided to wait and allow Chisolm to return voluntarily.

Confronted by Officials.

When he stepped from the train yesterday morning he was confronted by the federal officials and several directors of the bank. He at first stoutly denied any knowledge of any shortage, but later, in the presence of the directors, made a full confession.

W. P. C. Harding, president of the First National bank, made a statement during the afternoon to the effect that the bank would not lose the whole amount and that it would not affect the institution.

PREMIER STOLYPIN,
Whose recent course in administrative affairs brands him a headstrong agent of reaction.

Popular Young Man.

Young Chisolm was one of the most popular young men socially and personally in Birmingham.

It is stated that practically all of the money embezzled by Chisolm has been used in speculation in cotton futures and that his losses have extended over a period of several months. It is understood that he traded under an assumed name, made all his payments for margins in cash and that not one of his intimate friends knew aught of the transactions.

Fight Over Receivership.

Chicago, Aug. 15.—The banks of the Chicago Clearing House association have offered a reward of $5,000 for the apprehension of Paul O. Stensland, fugitive president of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank. The failed bank has two receivers now. Judge Gibbons, in the circuit court, yesterday afternoon appointed the Chicago Title and Trust company as receiver, the appointment being made on petition of one of the creditors of the institution. Following the appointment of the trust company a demand was made upon John C. Fetzer, who was appointed receiver of the bank by Judge Bretano, in the superior court last week, that he turn over all books and papers to the new receiver. Attorneys for Receiver Fetzer advised him to refuse to comply with the request, and a bitter contest as to who shall be receiver is sure to follow.

CUMMINS FORCES TRIUMPH.

Frank Wood of Estherville Heads Iowa Central Committee.

Des Moines, Aug. 15.—Frank Wood, committeeman from Estherville, unanimously was elected chairman of the Republican state central committee at the meeting held here. This gives the Cummins leaders complete control of the state organization.

Shot by Companion.

Osceola, S. D., Aug. 15.—Otto Ruche, twelve years old, was shot and fatally wounded by a gun which was accidentally discharged by a companion. With his brother and several companions Otto had stopped at a well to get a drink. While they were gathered around the well curb a shotgun which one of the boys carried accidentally was discharged. The charge entered Otto's leg, almost severing it. Assistance was summoned at once, but the boy bled to death.

EMPEROR TAKES REMARKABLE STEP

COAL AND IRON DISTRICT ERECTED INTO SPECIAL GOVERNORSHIP.

SITUATION IS VERY SERIOUS

CONTINUED REVOLUTIONARY AGITATION BRINGS REPRESSIVE MEASURES.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 16.—In view of the representations of the foreign mining interests in the Donets Basin with regard to the seriousness of the situation at Uzovka and elsewhere, the government has erected the whole coal and iron district affected into a special general governorship in order to be the better able to control the situation, and has taken the unprecedented step of creating a special advisory commission of mining representatives to act in concert with the new official of the district. His jurisdiction embraces Yekaterinoslav province, the southern part of Kharkov and parts of the Don Kossack territory.

The step is comparable to the creation of the much abused "Satrapien" to deal with agrarian disorders in Central Russia last autumn, of which the assassinated Gen. Sakharoff was one of the governors, and indicates that the government considers the situation to be equally serious. Disorders and collisions with troops continue. At Uzovka a meeting yesterday was dispersed by Cossack whips.

Keep Off the Streets.

On account of attempts to continue revolutionary agitation at Cronstadt, Commandant Adlerberg yesterday published an order forbidding the use of the streets after midnight except to pass on, closing restaurants and saloons at 10 o'clock and forbidding altogether the sale of liquor on Sundays and holidays. Adlerberg, who was promoted to a lieutenant generalship as a reward for the suppression of the mutiny, has issued an order quoting the emperor's personal telegram of commendation and thanking from the depths of his heart all, from general to private, by whose co-operation he was enabled to gain such a signal honor.

Seizures Are Important.

The authorities attach great importance to the capture of revolutionists at Moscow and in that vicinity during the last few days. They believe they have broken up the headquarters of the military fighting organization and arrested the leaders.

In addition to seizing their clandestine printing establishment and a large supply of bombs and explosives, including Shimose powder, the authorities secured elaborate plans which were to be used in the event of an uprising.

Don't Fire on Peasants.

Gov. Gen. Kaulbars of Odessa yesterday issued an edict decreeing that employers indemnifying strikers for days the latter had been on strike would henceforth incur penalties for so doing, including the closing of their factories.

The same edict enjoins the inhabitants from whom money has been extorted under threat of assassination, to report the facts to the police, failing which they will be considered to be protectors of anarchists.

Reports from the southern and southwestern parts of the interior testify to the spreading of peasant disorders. Reports of only about one-tenth of the number of outrages reach the press. The troops passively obey all other orders, but refuse to fire on the peasants.

Special Guards of Czar.

Despite the attempt on the life of the Grand Duke Nicholas on Aug. 10 at Krasnoye-Selo, the emperor, accompanied by his entire family and the major portion of the court, has gone to Krasnoye-Selo to spend a week at the guards' camp. Six additional guard regiments have gone to the camp from St. Petersburg and the most rigid precautions have been taken to protect the safety of the emperor during his stay at Krasnoye-Selo.

Collateral Stolen.

Chicago, Aug. 16.—The belief that large amounts of collateral, given as security for notes in the Milwaukee Avenue State bank have been stolen practically became a certainty last night when a note for $9,000, known to be genuine, was found in President Stensland's house at Byron street and Lawndale avenue. Search was made for the collateral security, but it could not be found.

Embezzlement Charged.

San Francisco, Aug. 16.—A warrant was issued yesterday for the arrest of William H. Vice, formerly coast passenger agent for the Union Pacific road. Three years ago Vice disappeared, and an indictment charging him with the embezzlement of $10,000 was returned by the grand jury. It is said by the police that Vice went to Honduras and that following the conflagration of April last he returned here, believing that the indictment against him had been burned.

BLACK HAND CASE AT BALTIMORE

THREE ITALIANS ARRESTED FOR COMPLICITY IN THE AFFAIR.

Baltimore, Aug. 16.—An alleged "Black Hand" case, which had its inception about two months ago, culminated yesterday in the arrest of three men, charged with complicity in the affair, and the holding of two of them in $10,000 each for the action of the criminal court.

A number of letters, one signed by "The Mafia Association," and the others by "The Head of the Black Hand Company," have recently been received by members of the family of Michael Lanasa, each of them demanding $5,000. Some of these letters have been delivered by Rosario Romo, it is charged, and some have passed through the mails.

Threatened With Death.

One of the letters received threatened the Lanasa family with death if the money demanded was not forthcoming. By Romo Mrs. Lanasa sent a reply which resulted in a call upon her by Igazio Castellano, aged twenty-three years, who demanded the money. Mr. Lanasa called a policeman, who captured Castellano after a chase. He said that he had just arrived here from New York and that he had been induced to come here and call upon Mrs. Lanasa by four New Yorkers, whose names he gave as Collogario, Tony, Stefano and Joseph.

Acted as Messenger.

Romo claims to have been merely employed to deliver some of the threatening letters, without knowledge of their contents, by men unknown to him. Frank Porcelli, aged thirty, suspected of giving information to principals in the affair, was arrested, but later released.

Romo and Castellano were held.

Makes More Arrests.

At an early hour this morning the police made four more arrests, Joseph Roffo, aged thirty-six years, a butcher; Vito Altovovia, aged thirty-four; Jiovavin Altovovia, aged eighteen, and Ametta G. Vattison, aged twenty-two, the last named, Roffo's clerk, being taken into custody on the same charges upon which Castellano and Romo are held. The police believe that in Roffo they have the chief of the gang.

WELCOME ROOT IN THE RAIN.

Heavy Downpour Does Not Dampen Greeting at Buenos Ayres.

Buenos Ayres, Aug. 16.—Despite a heavy downpour of rain, immense crowds assembled at the docks yesterday morning to witness the arrival of Secretary of State Root and his party, who were received by the ministers of marine and foreign affairs, accompanied by Mr. Beaupre, the American minister, and his secretary. The visitors were heartily cheered along the line of route to the palatial residence in the Aveaue Alvaar, placed at their disposal by Dr. Llobet, which was crowded with spectators. The streets and almost every house were decorated with American flags.

At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon Mr. Root was conducted to Government House, escorted by the Eighth regiment for an official reception by President Alcorta, who formally returned the secretary's visit at 5 o'clock.

In his conversation with President Alcorta, Mr. Root expressed his pleasure at the warmth of the reception tendered him and his admiration for the city, which in many respects, he said, was similar to the upper part of New York city.

Last night at 8:30 o'clock Mr. Root and his party arrived at Government House for an official banquet given by the president and to which the diplomatic corps and high officers of state only were invited. The scene was most brilliant, the staircase and banqueting hall presenting a picture of great splendor. The streets and public squares of the city were a mass of electric illuminations.

CHARGED WITH PEONAGE.

Railroad Officials Are on Trial at Columbus, Ga.

Columbus, Ga., Aug. 16.—A. Q. Campbell, superintendent; A. L. Bradshaw, general foreman; J. D. McElroy and J. Eason, foremen, and William Matthews, commissary of the Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic railroad, were arraigned before United States Commissioner Nathan A. Brown here yesterday on a charge of peonage.

The complainants in the case are a party of laborers who were brought from New York about six months ago. The men claim they were told that they would be put on the chain gang if they did not work long enough to pay their transportation expenses. One witness said he saw a man whipped in camp because he would not work. The contractors say the charges are untrue.

Negro Runs Train.

Decatur, Ala., Aug. 16.—A Louisville & Nashville freight train reached here from Birmingham yesterday practically under the control of a desperate negro. At the point of two revolvers the trainmen were compelled to obey the negro's instruction as to where the train should stop and at what speed the engineer should regulate his engine, from Newcastle to this place, a distance of sixty-five miles. He sent the train through to New Decatur, where by a ruse the train was run into the shop yard.

BOYS OF '61 PASS IN GRAND REVIEW

HEROIC SAVIORS OF THE UNION CHEERED BY HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS.

PARADE AN INSPIRING SIGHT

HOARY HEADS HELD HIGH AS VETERANS KEEP STEP TO FIFE AND DRUM.

Minneapolis, Minn., Aug. 16.—For the fortieth time since its work was finished and its glory won, the Grand Army of the Republic was in line yesterday. There have been many parades more gorgeous, many spectacles more dazzling and bewildering, but never has there been in this country one more appealing and impressive than that which passed through the streets of Minneapolis yesterday.

The Grand Army of the Republic has often marched before. It will march again next year and again the year after that. It will march until its members can march no more, and then it will commence its greatest march of all—through time into eternity and into its ordained reward.

Do Homage to Heroes.

Some small token of what this guerdon from posterity is to be was given the old soldiers who filled the ranks yesterday. They were made to realize that for the time, at least, materialism was gone and the days of the heroes were come again. At times their ears were greeted by cheers that drowned the roar and crash of their many bands; at times they passed through living lanes where every tongue was still, every eye dim and every head was bared in reverence for what they had suffered and wrought for the welfare of their fellowmen.

Parade Is Notable.

The parade was a notable affair as such things go, well handled, quick moving and inspiring to look upon. It was a day of pride for the old soldiers in themselves and for the multitude in the soldiers.

Over the heads of the veterans as they marched along countless flags snapped in the breeze and their lines passed for miles between buildings gorgeously decorated in their honor.

The day was ideal. Several sharp showers during the night dispelled the oppressive heat of Tuesday and a soft, cool breeze swept the city streets.

Every Precaution Taken.

The sky was dark during the early part of the morning, but as the columns commenced to gather the clouds departed and a bright sunlight succeeded. Every precaution that could make the parade a success for the veterans was taken by the authorities. The line of march, two miles in length, was wired off, nobody being able to obstruct the column for an instant. Hours before the scheduled time the streets were filled with spectators and during its progress they were packed solidly, with cheering, enthusiastic humanity. The parade itself, which was organized by departments, formed at 9 o'clock and moved one hour later.

Van Sant Chief Marshal.

Next came the chief marshal of the parade, ex-Gov. S. R. Van Sant and his chief of staff, Gen. Fred B. Wood, adjutant general of Minnesota, who was followed by a throng of officers, composing the regimental and staff officers of the Minnesota national guard. This comprised the escort of the Grand Army, and then, marching in splendid even ranks, with their formation superbly kept throughout the entire parade, came the first of the old soldiers, Columbia post of Chicago, acting as the personal escort of the commander-in-chief. Behind the post came Commander-in-Chief Tanner, attended by his personal staff.

Life Guard of Nation.

Following the officers of the organization, rank on rank, came the men who were the life guard of the nation, the heroes of the Civil war. The states marched in order of their admission to the Grand Army, Illinois having the right of the line, followed by Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, Ohio and New York in the order named. Twenty other states followed these. The left of the line was Minnesota, which naturally was present in heavy force. Its soldiers received the most hearty greetings as they closed the long line. The column was about three hours in passing a given point.

A boom has been started by the delegation from Pennsylvania to elect Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul as chaplain-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Thomas A. Martin, Washington, D. C., senior vice commander of the department of the Potomac, dropped while marching, and died on his way to the emergency hospital.

Boiler Kills Two.

Three Rivers, Mich., Aug. 16.—The boiler attached to a mint distillery on the farm of William Mohney, three miles from this city, exploded, instantly killing Mr. Mohney, his son Roy, aged twenty-eight, and seriously wounding two of Roy's children.

Man of Ninety-one a Suicide.

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 16.—Joseph Hawashchek, disheartened by illness due to old age, tried to kill himself with a razor. He is ninety-one years old and cannot live.

"AN OLD PAINTER'S IDEAS."

The autumn season is coming more and more to be recognized as a most suitable time for housepainting. There is no frost deep in the wood to make trouble for even the best job of painting, and the general seasoning of the summer has put the wood into good condition in every way. The weather, moreover, is more likely to be settled for the necessary length of time to allow all the coats to thoroughly dry, a very important precaution. An old and successful painter said to the whiter the other day: "House owners would get more for their money if they would allow their painters to take more time, especially between coats. Instead of allowing barely time for the surface to get dry enough not to be 'tacky,' several days (weeks would not be too much) should be allowed so that the coat might set through and through. It is inconvenient, of course, but, if one would suffer this slight inconvenience, it would add two or three years to the life of the paint." All this is assuming, of course, that the paint used is the very best to be had. The purest of white lead and the purest of linseed oil unmixed with any cheaper of the cheap mixtures, often known as "White Lead," and oil which has been doctored with fish oil, benzine, corn oil or other of the adulterants known to the trade are used, all the precautions of the skilled painter are useless to prevent the cracking and peeling which make houses unsightly in a year or so and therefore, make painting bills too frequent and costly. House owner should have his painter bring the ingredients to the premises separately, white lead of some well known reliable brand and linseed oil of equal quality and mix the paint just before applying it. Painting need not be expensive and unsatisfactory if the old painter's suggestions are followed.

Without Prejudice.

"Do you believe the horrible accusation that has been made against Senator Snide?"

"Sure I do. What is it?"

Why He Is Grateful.

"I should imagine that Edison thinks a good deal of the old farm where he was born?"

"Yes, his feeling toward it is one of gratitude. He began to succeed just as soon as he left it."

To Wash Velveteen.

Velveteen may be washed by shaking it about in warm Ivory Soap suds; then rinse thoroughly and let it drip dry. On no account squeeze or wring it. Be careful to hang it straight on the line, for otherwise it will be crooked when dry.

ELEANOR R. PARKER.

Her Reason.

"Why don't you demand $50,000 instead of $5,000?" said the lawyer.

"Oh, because," explained the lady of the breach of promise suit. "Then he might change his mind and want to marry me."

Exact Locality.

"Now, witness, your master lives in morbid trepidation, doesn't he?"

"No, sir; he lives in the suburbs."

Autos to Match Hair.

The New York girl's latest idea in automobiles is to have hers painted to match or to set off her hair.

A superb car that focussed all eyes on Fifth avenue a few days ago was painted a rich mahogany brown, and the chief occupant of the tonneau was a young woman with a mass of red hair, of a shade that illuminated the avenue. She was dressed in brown, the chaffeur wore a brown uniform, and by the lady's side sat a superb Boston bull terrier, done in shining shades of brown.

"Obviously," said an observant bachelor, "scarlet or green could not be so well carried out, but yellow might be."

"Yes," gasped his companion, "with a yellow pup."

AN OLD TIMER.

Has Had Experiences.

A woman who has used Postum Food Coffee since it came upon the market 8 years ago knows from experience the necessity of using Postum in place of coffee if one values health and a steady brain.

She says: "At the time Postum was first put on the market I was suffering from nervous dyspepsia and my physician had repeatedly told me not to use tea or coffee. Finally I decided to take his advice and try Postum, and got a sample and had it carefully prepared, finding it delicious to the taste. So I continued its use and very soon its beneficial effects convinced me of its value, for I got well of my nervousness and dyspepsia.

"My husband had been drinking coffee all his life until it had affected his nerves terribly. I persuaded him to shift to Postum and it was easy to get him to make the change for the Postum is delicious. It certainly worked wonders for him.

"We soon learned that Postum does not exhilarate or depress and does not stimulate, but steadily and honestly strengthens the nerves and the stomach. To make a long story short our entire family have now used Postum for eight years with completely satisfying results, as shown in our fine condition of health and we have noticed a rather unexpected improvement in brain and nerve power." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Increased brain and nerve power always follow the use of Postum in place of coffee, sometimes in a very marked manner.

Look in pkgs. for "The Road to Wellville."

CARNIVAL OF MURDER BEGUN

RUSSIAN TERRORISTS BREAK LOOSE AT A CONCERTED SIGNAL.

BLOOD FLOWS IN WARSAW

POLICEMEN AND SOLDIERS SHOT DOWN—SCORE OF PERSONS KILLED.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 16.—Acting apparently with a definite plan and at a signal, the terrorists and revolutionists yesterday inaugurated a carnival of murderous attacks with bombs and revolvers on the police and troops in various cities in Poland, echoes of which are heard from Samara, Ufa, Yalta, Kisva and even far-away Chita, where Acting Chief of Police Goroinchenko was slain almost on his own doorstep. The revolutionist campaign flamed out with especial virulence at Warsaw, where over a score were slain in the streets and many more wounded.

Shot Down Like Rabbits.

Policemen and soldiers were shot down like rabbits. Their assailants, who traveled in small bands, almost all escaped among the terrorized but sympathetic population.

Bombs were employed in an attack on the police station of the Volk precinct in Warsaw, where a sergeant, two patrolmen and a soldier were wounded.

Other Polish cities singled out by the terrorists were Lodz, where six soldiers, three patrolmen and the wife of a police captain were wounded by the explosion of bombs in the police station, and two soldiers and two terrorists.

Killed in the Streets;

Radoum, where a bomb thrown into the police station killed the wife and child of a captain; Vlotslossk, where the chief of police was slain, and Plock, where at a given sign the policemen on all the posts were simultaneously attacked and several of them wounded.

On account of the agrarian disorders, and especially several attacks on the post trains, the railway between Samara and Zlatoust, which already was carrying guards on all trains, was yesterday placed under martial law.

Hold Up Trains.

Two of those attacks occurred yesterday near Ufa, revolutionists in each case flagging a train, bursting open the doors of the mail cars with bombs and rifling the registered pouches. The booty in one case amounted to $15,000 and in the other cases the amount is not known.

The Imperial Messenger announces that, owing to a serious revolutionary outbreak, the whole of the Caucasus, with the exception of a few districts, is under martial law. In the district of Shusha and Sangesur armed bands openly attacked detachments of troops. The authorities have sufficient military forces at their disposal to suppress the disorders.

ELEVATORS ARE IN A TRUST.

It Is Proposed That Federal Government Prosecute Grain Handlers.

Chicago, Aug. 16.—Steps are being taken which may lead to the prosecution of certain elevator companies in Chicago, alleged to constitute a trust, under both the state and the federal laws.

The moving spirit in the proceedings is John Hill, Jr., a board of trade member, who has had many battles in the last twenty years with elevator companies alleged to be acting adversely to the interests of grain producers and the public in violation of the laws.

Mr. Hill proposes to present all the evidence he may secure to the interstate commerce commission and the federal department of justice, in order that, if the facts will justify it, the elevator companies may be prosecuted under the national anti-trust law. He also believes they have agreements which make them a trust in violation of the state laws.

UNCLE SAM BUYS SILVER.

Gets 50,000 Ounces and Will Purchase Every Wednesday.

Washington, Aug. 16.—Pursuant to the announcement of the secretary of the treasury that he desired to receive tenders of silver, four bids were made to Director Roberts of the mint. The bids were opened yesterday afternoon, and after being submitted to Secretary Shaw it was announced that the government had purchased 50,000 ounces of silver, 999 fine, at 66.62 cents per ounce.

Fratricide Charged.

Marietta, I. T., Aug. 16.—Cal. Stewart, a prominent stockman, was arrested last night, charged with the killing of his brother Benjamin yesterday afternoon. It is alleged that the men quarreled while driving home from Marietta and that Cal shot his brother.

Forty Poisoned by Ice Cream.

Salisbury Beach, Mass., Aug. 16.—Forty persons were poisoned by impure ice cream here last evening, and six of the victims are in a serious condition.

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11:05 am Ar....St. Hilaire....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

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10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

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Saturday, August 18, 1906.

Republican State Ticket.

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Douglas County.

Governor—
A. L. COLE,
Cass County.

Lieutenant Governor—
A. O. EBERHART,
Blue Earth County.

Chief Justice—
CHARLES M. START,
Olmsted County.

State Treasurer—
CLARENCE DINEHART,
Murray County.

Secretary of State—
JULIUS SCHMAHL,
Redwood County.

Attorney General—
E. T. YOUNG,
Swift County.

State Auditor—
S. G. IVERSON,
Fillmore County.

Clerk of the Supreme Court—
C. A. PIDGEON,
Wright County.

Railroad Commissioner—
C. F. STAPLES,
Dakota County.

The political pot seems to warm up rather slow this year.

The new code forbids hunting or fishing on Sunday, which should be remembered after Sept. 1st.

Another week will see the farmers' crops safely secured. It is not the biggest ever, but it is a good average crop.

Next comes the state fair which, as usual, will be worth seeing this year as it is one of the best, if not the best fair in the country.

Minneapolis has been entertaining the largest encampment of the G. A. R. in the history of that organization. She did her work well and all Minnesota is proud of her achievement.

The state of Minnesota spends $3600 a year for two bank examiners to examine our banking institutions. At the best they can only give the banks a superficial examination. At the same time we spend twelve thousand dollars and all the fines collected, which aggregates a large amount, to give a few game wardens a job, at least that is all it amounts to. In view of the recent bank failures it might be well to make a change.

In this issue John B. O'Brien, principal of our village schools for the past eleven years, announces his candidacy for the republican nomination for county auditor. Mr. O'Brien has always been a persistent republican and during his long stay here has won the regard and esteem of all of our townsmen. He announces that if nominated and elected he will so serve the people as to treat all parties in a fair and impartial manner. Mr. O'Brien is thoroughly capable and if elected will, we think, make an efficient and painstaking official.

Hallock News: At the coming election the people of this state will have an opportunity of voting for a very important amendment to the constitution. This amendment will remove a number of restrictions placed on the legislature by the constitution that makes it impossible to pass proper tax laws that will tend to make our taxation system equitable. A number of strong interests in this state did not want to have this amendment go before the people, but the legislature put the measure through and it is now up to the people to vote for the amendment, which they will surely do.

President Roosevelt has done more than any other man of his day and generation in elevating public morals, in rebuking corruption in high places, and in instituting great reforms. His re-election for a third term would undoubtedly be approved of by the American people, but to demand it as a condition necessary to the salvation of the country, is an unwarranted admission of civic weakness. It would imply a dearth of statesmen who have not only the ability, but the courage to prosecute the great work of our president. When the time arrives the American nation will produce such a man.—Alexandria Post-News.

A Chance to Write for the Papers.

Who has not at times had ideas which he or she would like to see in some newspaper? Many a good thought has slumbered in the brain of the thinker because of the difficulties and rebuffs which are always supposed to lie in the path to the editorial sanctum. The Chicago Record-Herald, however, welcomes such ideas and has a page in its Sunday issue called "The Battle Ground of Modern Thought," which is devoted exclusively to letters from its readers. The best articles received each week are carefully edited and printed over the writers' names. The amount of really valuable matter that finds its way into this department is remarkable and is proof that the ability to write well and entertainingly is not confined to professional writers. The only restriction The Record-Herald puts upon writers for this interesting page is that articles must be of a controversial nature and devoted to the discussion of some current topic.

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

Office of county auditor, Red Lake county, Minnesota.
To Catherine Parker:

You are hereby notified that the following described pieces or parcels of land situated in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots 13, 14, 15 and 16 in block 40 of the Original Townsite of Thief River Falls, is now assessed in your name;

That on the ninth day of May, A. D. 1901, at the sale of lands pursuant to the real estate tax judgment, duly given and made in and by the district court, in and for the said county of Red Lake, on the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1901, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1899 for the said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was bid in for the state of Minnesota, for the sum of five and 72-100 dollars;

That the said pieces or parcels of land has become and now is the absolute property of the state of Minnesota.

That on the sixth day of November, A. D. 1905, at a public sale of lands, which have become the absolute property of the state, held at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, the above described real estate was sold by the county auditor of said Red Lake county, pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor, in accordance with the provisions of section 1616, statutes of Minnesota 1894, and acts amendatory thereto, for the sum of twelve and 82-100 dollars;

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said sale, (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is the said sum of twelve and 82-100 dollars; and interest thereon from said last mentioned date at the rate of twelve per cent per annum from said date until such redemption is made, that the time for redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice, and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Witness my hand and official seal, this second day of March, A. D. 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor,
(Seal.) Red Lake county, Minnesota.

a18s1]

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

Office of county auditor, Red Lake county, Minnesota.
To F. H. Kratka,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

You are hereby notified that the following described piece or parcel of land situated in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot seven (7), in block thirty-nine (39) of the Original Townsite of Thief River Falls, is now assessed in your name;

That on the thirteenth day of May, A. D. 1902, at the sale of lands pursuant to the real estate tax judgment, duly given and made in and by the district court in and for the said county of Red Lake, on the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1902, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1900 for the said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was bid in for the state of Minnesota, for the sum of one and 52-100 dollars;

That the said piece or parcel of land has become and now is the absolute property of the state of Minnesota.

That on the sixth day of November, A. D. 1905, at a public sale of lands, which have become the absolute property of the state, held at the office of the county auditor at the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, the above described real estate was sold by the county auditor of said Red Lake county, pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor, in accordance with the provisions of section 1616, statutes of Minnesota 1894, and acts amendatory thereto, for the sum of ten and 55-100 dollars:

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said sale, (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is the said sum of ten and 55-100 dollars; and interest thereon from said last mentioned date at the rate of twelve per cent per annum from said date until such redemption is made; that the time for redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice, and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Witness my hand and official seal this eighth day of June, A. D. 1906

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor,
Red Lake county, Minnesota.

a18s1]

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

Office of county auditor, Red Lake county, Minnesota.
To Frank H. Kratka,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

You are hereby notified that the following described piece or parcel of land situated in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows to-wit:

Lot No. seventeen (17) in block No. fifty-four (54), of the Original Townsite of Thief River Falls, is now assessed in your name;

That on the thirteenth day of May, A. D. 1902, at the sale of lands pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court, in and for the said county of Red Lake, on the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1902, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1900 for the said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was bid in for the state of Minnesota, for the sum of one and 52-100 dollars;

That the said piece or parcel of land has become and now is the absolute property of the state of Minnesota.

That on the sixth day of November, A. D. 1905, at a public sale of lands, which have become the absolute property of the state, held at the office of the county auditor at the court house, in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, the above described real estate was sold by the county auditor of said Red Lake county, pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor, in accordance with the provisions of section 1616, statutes of Minnesota 1894, and acts amendatory thereto, for the sum of seven and 86-100 dollars:

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said sale, (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is the said sum of seven and 86-100 dollars; and interest thereon from said last mentioned date at the rate of twelve per cent per annum from said date until such redemption is made; that the time for redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice, and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Witness my hand and official seal, this eighth day of June, A. D. 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor,
Red Lake county, Minnesota.

a18s1]

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Bernhard Thelander.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Bernhard Thelander, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Christine Thelander, all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled;

Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the court house, in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of August, 1906, at 9 o'clock a.m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 2nd day of August, 1906.

N. W. TARRANT,
(Court Seal.) Probate Judge.

a4-25

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, } ss

In the matter of the petition of Chas. Johnson and Felix Anderson and others, for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 27.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor, of such county as County Ditch No. 27, beginning at the northeast corner of the northeast quarter of section 8, in township 152 north of range 44 west, running thence through the following described lands, to-wit:

West along the section line and on the south side thereof between sections 5 and 8, to the northwest corner of the northeast quarter of said section 8, thence south through said section 8, along the quarter line and on the east side thereof, to a point near the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of said section 8, thence west along the section line and on the north side thereof through sections 8 and 7, to a point about 40 rods west of the northeast corner of the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section 18, in said town and range, thence in a westerly direction through sections 7 and 18, following the natural water course to a point near the northwest corner of section 18, township 152, range 44, thence south on the east side of the range line through the northwest quarter of said section 18 to the southwest corner of said section 18, thence west along the quarter section line through the centre of sections 13 and 14, in township 152 range 45, to the southwest corner of the northeast quarter of said section 14, and terminating at said last named point having a creek for its outlet.

Also branch ditch No. 1, commencing at a point 40 rods east of the northwest corner of section 7, township 152 north of range 44 west, thence running in a southeasterly direction through the northwest, southeast and the southwest quarter of said section 7, to a point on the main ditch in the southwest corner of the southwest quarter of said section 7, having said main ditch as its outlet, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

D. M. Fitzsimmons, Erick Adolphson, Johanna Adolphson, Albert and Felix Anderson, Adolph Anderson, L. K. Scroggen, Simons and Bourdon, Stewart Sherman, Charles Johnson, Anders Erickson, Kathrine Pleth, Charles Adolphson, P. J. Anderson, Mrs. W. M. Brandt, Charles Moreen, Ernest Schneider, Peter McKercher, Swan J. Larson, Anna M. Sandberg, C. F. Sandberg, Swan Johnson, Nicholas Eckstein, Thomas Glynn, Jos. Sutor, M. O. Sortedahl, Coleman Keely, Peter Bengston, John W. Muir, Township of Black River and Township of Polk Centre, and that the engineer appointed by the board of county commissioners of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor, and that the viewers appointed by said board of county commissioners to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Tuesday, the fourth day of September, 1906, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at one o'clock p. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said board of county commissioners at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal) County Auditor of
Red Lake county, Minnesota.

[a18s1

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

Office of county auditor, Red Lake county, Minnesota.
To David Mansfield:

You are hereby notified that the following described pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Red Lake, and state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit:

Lots 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24, in block 40 of the Original Townsite of Thief River Falls, is now assessed in your name;

That on the ninth day of May, A. D. 1901, at the sale of lands pursuant to the real estate tax judgment, duly given and made in and by the district court, in and for the said county of Red Lake, on the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1901, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1899 for the said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was bid in for the state of Minnesota, for the sum of ten and 92-100 dollars;

That the said pieces or parcels of land has become and now is the absolute property of the state of Minnesota.

That on the sixth day of November, A. D. 1905, at a public sale of lands, which have become the absolute property of the state, held at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, the above described real estate was sold by the county auditor of said Red Lake county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor, in accordance with the provisions of section 1616, statutes of Minnesota 1894, and acts amendatary thereto, for the sum of sixty-one and 55-100 dollars;

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said sale, (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is the said sum of sixty-one and 55-100 dollars; and interest thereon from said last mentioned date at the rate of twelve per cent per annum from said date until such redemption is made; that the time for redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice, and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Witness my hand and official seal, this second day of March, A.D. 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor,
Red Lake county, Minnesota.

a18s1]

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is hereby given, that on the eleventh day of September, 1906, at one o'clock p. m., at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 26 of Red Lake county, established by the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, by their order bearing date August 14, 1906, viz:

For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source, being sections "0" to 246 both inclusive embracing the whole of said ditch and contemplating the excavation and removal of 27,095 cubic yards of earth, the same to be placed along the side of the ditch in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade and in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profiles, maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work, said work to be completed within the time required, and in the manner specified in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond to be approved by the auditor of said county, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The estimated total cost of the work is $3,488.18.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the auditor of said county, for not less than ten per cent of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated August 15, 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor,
Red Lake county,
State of Minnesota.

a18s1]

FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale; also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans A Specialty.

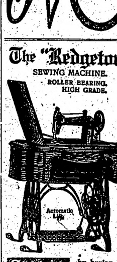
ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The BEER for YOU is
Hamm's
NEW BREW
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
St. Paul

The "Redgeton" SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING, HIGH GRADE.



Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.

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National Sewing Machine Co.
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SAW MILL MACHINERY.

Saw Mills	Engines
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We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.

R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

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St. Hilaire, Minnesota....

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

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Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Pack Your Trunk And Go East

That's a good start toward a pleasant and profitable Summer Vacation. In purchasing your ticket tell the agent that it Must read over the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

between the Twin Cities and Chicago. Five handsome daily trains including the Pioneer Limited and the Fast Mail. Direct connections at St. Paul Union Depot with all trains from the North and West. Sleeping car berths higher, wider and longer than the berths in other sleepers and therefore cooler and more comfortable for Summer travel.

Let us know where you are going and full information as to rates, routes, connections, etc., will be cheerfully furnished by return mail.

W. B. DIXON,
Northwestern Passenger Agent,
365 Robert St., ST. PAUL,

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8!

That's the Holiday Week of the Year—the Week of the Great MINNESOTA STATE FAIR

Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphitheater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world.—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.

Sensational racing each day.
Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, Etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 Pacing race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,614.50.

HALF FARE RAILROAD RATES! Tickets on sale Saturday Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept. 10.

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres.
E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

A FREE PATTERN
(your own selection) to every subscriber. Only 50 cents a year.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE 50¢ A YEAR

A LADIES' MAGAZINE.

A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe to-day, or, send 5c. for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.

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113-115-117 West 31st St., NEW YORK

—For go-carts go to Holmes Bros.

TO REPUBLICANS:

We are anxious to have every Republican in close touch, and working in harmony with the Republican National Congressional Committee in favor of the election of a Republican Congress.

The Congressional campaign must be based on the administrative and legislative record of the party, and, that being so, Theodore Roosevelt's personality must be a central figure and his achievements a central thought in the campaign.

We desire to maintain the work of this campaign with popular subscriptions of One Dollar each from Republicans. To each subscriber we will send the Republican National Campaign Text Book and all documents issued by the Committee.

Help us achieve a great victory.

JAMES S. SHERMAN, Chairman.
P. O. Box 2063, New York.

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HOLMES BROS.

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HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

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K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D. Patterson	
E. M. Hoff	
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

E. M. Hoff, N. G.

J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

Carl Johnson, V. C.

J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

Henry Olson, Pres.

Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

H. O. Jackson, president.

H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

BERT D. KECK
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Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
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Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

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Next door to Hotel Markham.

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

Minnesota State Fair, Hamline, Sept. 3-8, 1906.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to St. Paul or Minneapolis and return, round trip tickets at one first-class fare plus 50 cents; dates of sale Sept. 1 to 8, with final return limit of Sept. 10, 1906.

—Go to Holmes Bros. for Sunshine furniture polish.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

—See P. O. Hagglund for bees, bee supplies, honey, hay and oats. 3

Miss Annie Sandberg, of Wylie, was visiting friends here last Wednesday.

Miss Esther Olson, of Fertile, is here this week visiting with Miss Alice Hall.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

O. W. Brink was down to Red Lake Falls last Tuesday looking after ditch matters.

Ed. Whaley left for North Dakota points last Monday, going over the Soo line.

John Larson was in from his reservation home a couple of days the first of the week.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

Gust Nelson is down from Roseau county this week, where he has been working at railroad work.

J. F. Boss, sales manager for the Crookston Lumber company, was here on business last Wednesday.

L. Bjerkness and family, of Syre, Minn., were over Sunday visitors with his brother, Knute Bjerkness.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

Mrs. David Collins and children spent a couple of days at Thief River Falls visiting friends this week.

Miss Vannett, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Wm. Ireland, left for home at Fertile last Wednesday.

The "Old Kentucky Home" band parade and the fire alarm made things lively for a time yesterday noon.

A. M. Edstrom and wife went down to Cannon Falls last Tuesday, where they will make an extended visit.

Miss Mabel Holen, who has been visiting Mrs. K. Bjerkness, returned to her home at Fertile last Wednesday.

We have been having some real summer weather the past week, last Thursday being a particularly hot day.

Lillian Brady and Grace Moran, a couple of Red Lake Falls young ladies, are visiting Mrs. J. B. O'Brien this week.

Rev. Lillehei and family left last Tuesday for the Twin cities, where they will visit with friends for a couple of weeks.

D. P. O'Neil, of Thief River Falls, was here yesterday on his way to Norman county where he has large farming interests.

William Maynard came back from Montana the first of the week and now has his old position as night sawyer at the saw mill.

Andrew Monson, agent for the Red Lake Falls Milling company, went down to Neilsville last Saturday to visit his family.

J. B. O'Brien and A. S. Wilson went down to Red Lake Falls last Tuesday to look after the assessments on County Ditch No. 26.

Mart McAndress, John McCabe and Joe McAndress left last Monday for the Dakota harvest fields where they will spend the fall.

Jens Nelson returned yesterday from Minneapolis, where he had been spending several days attending to business and taking in the encampment.

Miss Carrie Dahl left last Saturday for North Yakima, Washington, where she has accepted a position which will keep her there for several months.

—Will sell the southwest quarter of Sec. 26, Twp. 152, R. 44, Red Lake county, Minn., for $2200 on very easy terms. Address Adolph Sucker, Lewisville, Minn.

W. A. Sorsoleil writes us from Spring Grove, Sask., Canada, and reports that all are well and satisfied with the country. He has recently purchased a half section of land, some of which is under cultivation, and says that the crops are fine.

A woman worries until she gets wrinkles, then worries because she has them. If she takes Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea she would have neither. Bright, smiling face follows its use. 35c, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Mrs. James Spellman and daughters, Misses Margaret and Catherine, of Mankato, and Mrs. P. E. Pirath, of Red Lake Falls, are guests of Mrs. H. E. Ives this week.

A. O. Davison came up from Waubun last Monday and spent a short time with his family. He is engaged in running a bank which has recently been started there.

It is now claimed that the Great Northern will surely be finished to Roseau before November 1st, but that the road will not be completed to Warroad until another year.

Mrs. E. R. Evans and Mrs. William Dexter left last Saturday for Minneapolis, where they expect to spend a couple of weeks visiting friends and taking in the encampment.

Quite a large crowd went out to the Sandridge last Sunday to see the ball game between the Black River and Wylie nines. Wylie won, the score being 25 to 15 in their favor.

Old maids would be scarce and hard to
Could they be made to see, [find,
How grace and beauty is combined
By using Rocky Mountain Tea.
Imperial Drug Co.

Dr. A. F. Blomburgh and wife left last Tuesday for Minneapolis where the doctor will stay a short time before leaving for his trip to Germany. His many friends here will wish him good luck on his journey.

Miss Mabel Patterson has been engaged to teach a six month's term of school is district number five, township of Wyandotte. She will teach three months this fall commencing Sept. 3rd, and three months next spring.

Daniel Johnson and family, Mrs. Hannah Carlson and daughter, of Chicago, who have been visiting with Auton Peterson, of Wyandotte, returned to their home last week very well pleased with their visit here.

Scrub yourself daily, you're not clean inside. Clean insides means clean stomach, bowels, blood, liver, clean healthy tissue in every organ. Moral: Take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35c. tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

G. O. Setnas, one of the well-to-do farmers of Marshall county, was married here last Wednesday to Miss Gurine R. Setnas, Judge Wilson performing the ceremony at Mrs. C. Sandmoen's. The bride is a recent arrival from Norway. After the ceremony the happy couple drove to their home.

During the thunder storm last Tuesday night lightning struck Leonard Holmes' barn and did considerable damage. The lightning struck the roof and came out one of the windows, tearing out the glass and shattering the casings. The bolt went within four feet of the horses but did no damage to them.

—The Crookston College is beginning its twelfth year with eight teachers and eight courses. It is the oldest and largest school in the northwest. It has placed every one of its graduates in good paying positions. Free car fare to Crookston. Send for catalog to J. C. Sathre, Crookston, Minn.

Just before noon yesterday the village was startled by the first alarm of fire we have had for some time. Fire was discovered in the rear of the barber shop, having caught in the clapboards just above the kitchen roof, evidently from a neighboring chimney. The department arrived in short order but the blaze had been put out before they arrived, with several pails of water. The charring of some siding on the building was about all the damage done.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford has an office at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, on the 8th day of every month. A red letter day to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous tronbles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses.

Died.—On Wednesday morning, August 15th, Mrs. Maria Isaacson, of consumption, aged 26 years.

Mrs. Maria Isaacson was born near Halstad, Norman county, and was married in 1900 to Martin Isaacson. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Hauge. She leaves her husband and a four-year-old boy to mourn the loss of a faithful wife and a loving mother. The funeral took place yesterday from the Norwegian Lutheran church, Rev. O. S. Brodlund, of Neilsville, performing the ceremony.

Contributed: A successful picnic was given in honor of the children at the Sandridge Sunday. A short program was rendered. Three prizes were given, the first bring awarded to Miss May Amble, the second to Laura Jacobson and the third to James Amble, after which a ball game was played between Black River and Wylie. A picnic lunch was served consisting of ice cream and cake and lemonade. The crowd then adjourned, returning in the evening to have a little hop, and not departing until the wee hours of the morning. A good time was enjoyed by all.

Auction Sale.

An auction sale of household goods will be held upstairs at Holmes' Hardware store on Friday, August 24, 1906, commencing at one o'clock.

D. Patterson, Auctioneer.

The Creamery in July.

The statement of the St. Hilaire creamery, which was issued yesterday, shows that that institution is still keeping up the good work. 27,258 pounds of butter fat was received during the month for which they paid the patrons 20 cents per pound. The total amount paid out for the month was $5,451.56.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Corn in Northern Minnesota.

Mrs. A. W. Clark in Middle River Pioneer: The silks are dying on some of our yellow dent corn which was pollenized three years ago with the pollen from squaw corn, and it looks as if we will get a crop of good ripe corn. Should we do so, Professor Bass, agriculturalist at the University farm, at St. Anthony Park, who has been watching the results of our experiments in this line, has written that he would like some or the corn to experiment with in our northern counties. There is no doubt that we have improved the yellow dent corn by making it two to three weeks earlier than it was the first year we brought it here from South Dakota. We have so much confidence in it that we will plant ten acres of it next year, and feel sure it will get ripe. Now if we can raise corn and alfalfa here, as we hope to prove and have really proved that we can, what more do people expect out of any other part of Minnesota? Come and see three and four great big ears of corn on a stalk and lots of such stalks. The whole field will average more than six large ears to the hill and many hills have 12 to 15 ears on. Come and be convinced by seeing the corn growing.

Will Help Start Creameries.

There is a great development in the line of dairying in the northern part of the state at the present time and the healthy growth of this industry depends on the way the new creameries are established. If organized on the wrong basis, they may be a hindrance for the right progress of the dairy business. The State Dairy and Food department has experienced men that will go to any place where a creamery is desired and give the farmers the benefit of their years of experience in this line of work and get the creamery started on the most up to date and successful plan. Anyone may write to the State Dairy and Food commissioners and ask for a man or any special man to come and help in the organization, or you may write direct to the undersigned. There is no expense connected with any such help and you will get assistance that means money in your pocket.

Joel G. Winkjer,
Creamery Inspector,
Crookston, Minn.

The Fifty-Dollar Class.

Business was not quite so good at the creamery in July as it was in June. There were fully as many patrons but the number who drew fifty dollars or more is not as large as in June. Quite a number lacked only a few cents of reaching the amount. The following are the names of farmers and the amount:

C. A. Lindquist	$ 82 60
Chas. Secger	63 38
Peter Johnson	59 30
P. A. Ekstrom	50 74
O. L. Larson	55 16
H. Haupt	57 18
L. M. Rolland	52 64
Fred Soderberg	54 64
L. A. Carlson	55 80
Swan Wiberg	53 84
Schumacher Bros	51 66
Erick Anderson	57 96
C. A. Melin	57 47

Good Friends.

It is always good business to have good friends who are willing and able to help you, to grant you favors, give you good advice and forward your property. The customers of the

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

always have such a friend.

We are interested in their welfare in every way and do everything to show it. We keep their money safely, we loan them money at a reasonable rate of interest when they need it, we give them free advice, we write their deeds, mortgages and wills, and extend to them the glad hand and a hearty hospitality whenever they come to our town. Our director's room belongs to our customers during banking hours.

Hansen & Gigstad,
Managers.

Exposition in 1907.

The celebration of the first settlement of America at Jamestown will take place in 1907. The navies of the United States and foreign countries will be in Hampton Roads and representatives of the armies will assemble upon the adjoining land near Fortress Monroe, Va. At the same time the city of Norfolk, in connection with the state of Virginia, will hold a great historical and industrial exposition along new lines out of the beaten track of previous expositions. Serve golden grain belt beer with your meals and soon you will feel renewed health, strength and vigor. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Will Leave.

Rev. Father Ansgar, of Red Lake Falls, writes that mass will not be held next Sunday morning but that he will be here in the afternoon and that there will be a sermon and devotion at four o'clock. There will be mass on Monday morning. This will be Father Ansgar's farewell sermon as he has been called to Barnesville. He will be succeeded by Father Ambrose, of Freeport, Minn.

Graft on a Family Tree.

Guest (at anniversary dinner)—You belong to one branch of the host's family, I believe. Poor Relation—Yes; I belong to the branch that never had any plums on it.—Tit-Bits.

In Trade.

Miss Gusher—That is Lord Noodlehedd. He made his money in trade.

Miss Slusher—What line?

Miss Gusher—Matrimonial. He traded his title for an heiress.

Cows For Sale.

Three fresh milch cows for sale; all first class in every respect. Also one sow with four shoats.

Julius M. Jahn.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

TO THE VOTERS OF RED LAKE COUNTY

I hereby make my announcement as a republican candidate for the office of county auditor, and in so doing it seems befitting to make my position clear to the voters of the county in the coming primary election.

I have resided continuously in the county for thirteen years, during which time I have affiliated with the republican party. In seeking the nomination to the office of county auditor I do so without pledging myself to any faction or local condition. I have not been asked to make pledges or promises and intend to make the run honestly and squarely, favoring neither friend nor foe.

If nominated and elected I shall perform the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner and shall do my utmost to fill the office satisfactorily.

Soliciting your support, I remain,
Very respectfully yours,
John B. O'Brien.

Egyptian Onions.

Egypt has been regarded by some people as the land of pyramids and mummies only, but it has from time immemorial had a reputation for onions. Ancient Egyptians swore by the onion and regarded the plant as sacred. The inscription on the pyramid of Cheops tells us that the workmen had onions given to them, and from the Bible we learn that the Hebrews, when slaves under Pharaoh, enjoyed these bulbs, and that when far away they remembered "the leeks and the onions and the garlic." The Egyption onion is a handsome and useful vegetable, and by selecting the best strains of seed the quality tends, year by year, to improve. The Egyptian knows two varieties, the "Baali" and the "Misknoul," but supplies of the latter kind are seldom sent abroad, as they absorb so much moisture from the frequently irrigated ground in which they are grown that they do not stand a sea voyage well. The "Baali" onion is the more popular Egyptian onion and is grown in yellow soil, which is sparingly watered while the bulbs are maturing, in order that the onions may stand a lengthy sea voyage with little risk of sprouting.

Cheap Living in Norway.

"It is a good scheme," said a rich man, "to spend the summer in Norway. The Norwegian climate is superb, the scenery is grand and the living is cheap—a dollar a day at the hotels and carriages at a half dollar a day. One fine thing about Norway is that in the summer the night only lasts a couple of hours, and if you go as far as the North cape there is no night at all, but the sun circles round and round the horizon and never sinks below. The Norwegian rivers abound in fish, and any one is free to angle for trout in them. The salmon rivers, though, are strictly preserved. Some of the salmon rivers are very fine and rent for as much as $2,000 a year. I know a man who has a river only two miles long that he pays $1,800 for. He often gets fish sixty or seventy pounds. The day I called on him his wife came in with a forty pounder, a twenty-two pounder and a fifty-one pounder that she had caught herself within three hours."

A Forest of Giants.

It is almost impossible for one who has seen only the eastern or Rocky mountain forests to imagine the woods of the Pacific coast. Pictures of the big trees are as common as postage stamps, but the most wonderful thing about the big trees is that they are scarcely bigger than the rest of the forest. The Pacific coast bears only a tenth of our woodland, but nearly half of our timber. An average acre in the Rocky mountain forest yields one to two thousand board feet of lumber; in the southern forest, three to four thousand; in the northern forest, four to six thousand. An average acre on the Pacific coast yields fifteen to twenty thousand. Telescope the southern and Rocky mountain forests, toss the northern on top of them and stuff the central into the chinks, and, acre for acre, the Pacific forest will outweigh them all.—American Magazine.

Stains on Books.

Ink stains may be removed from a book by applying with a camel's hair pencil a small quantity of oxalic acid diluted with water and then using blotting paper. Two applications will remove all traces of the ink. To remove grease spots lay powdered pipeclay each side of the spot and press with an iron as hot as the paper will bear without scorching. Sometimes grease spots may be removed from paper or cloth by laying a piece of blotting paper on them and then pressing the blotting paper with a hot iron. The heat melts the grease, and the blotting paper absorbs it.

Curing a Pampered Pet.

A very clever veterinary had a system all his own. When he received an overfed toy dog he would consign him to a disused brick oven with a crust of bread, an onion and an old boot. When the dog began to gnaw the bread the anxious mistress was informed that her darling was "doing nicely." When it commenced operations on the onion word was sent that the pet was "decidedly better," but when the animal tackled the boot my lady was gratified to hear that her precious pet was "ready to be removed."—Woman's Home Companion.

Have a Definite Aim.

No life amounts to much until it has a programme—something definite, something particular. Nothing else can take the place of it. Education cannot, talent cannot, genius cannot, hard work cannot. Until there is a definite aim the energies will run to waste, the ability be squandered. The faculties deteriorate when working without a definite aim.

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

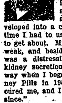
For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at...
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

SAVE MONEY
BY USING
MASCOT FLOUR
BETTER BREAD
and MORE OF IT.
Red Lake Falls Milling Co.
WE PURCHASE ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
Andrew Monson, Agent.

HERITAGE OF CIVIL WAR.

Thousands of Soldiers Contracted Chronic Kidney Trouble While in the Service.



The experience of Capt. John L. Ely, of Co. E, 17th Ohio, now living at 500 East Second street, Newton, Kansas, will interest the thousands of veterans who came back from the Civil War suffering tortures with kidney complaint. Capt. Ely says: "I contracted kidney trouble during the Civil War, and the occasional attacks finally developed into a chronic case. At one time I had to use a crutch and cane to get about. My back was lame and weak, and besides the aching, there was a distressing retention of the kidney secretions. I was in a bad way when I began using Doan's Kidney Pills in 1901, but the remedy cured me, and I have been well ever since."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Wise Man.

"When are you going to send for your wife and baby to come home?"

"As soon as the baby is done cutting teeth."

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: John H. Anderson, St. Paul, Minn., vehicle-body; Hans A. Arvig, Pine River, Minn., creaming can; Albert Asper, Hudson, S. D., wire-reel; Lars Evensen, Renville, Minn., vehicle coupling; Charles Hockin, Minot, N. D., horse-rake; Frank La Bare, Owatonna, Minn., seeder and drill; Reason C. Livingston, Spring Valley, Minn., gaff-hook.

A New Accomplishment.

Miss B—— has been told that she possesses a willowy figure, and she often assumes poses that will display it to the best advantage. Recently she was startled by the following question from her seven-year-old niece: "Aunt Sally, why do you make so many gestures with your hips?"

The University of Notre Dame, it appears, has some features that can not be duplicated in any other school. It is one of the old, well-established colleges, with settled traditions reaching back sixty-four years, with a distinguished staff of professors and excellent library and laboratory equipment. Its discipline is of the paternal kind—strong without being oppressive; and as it embraces in its scope the grammar-school, high school and college work, its appeal is as broad as it is potent. Perhaps the most remarkable feature of the famous Indiana University, however, is the fact that it has arrived at its present marvelous development absolutely without endowment. An announcement of the courses provided at Notre Dame appears on another page.

A Good Thing.

Mrs. Hicks—John, I'm sure there's a burglar down in the dining room.

Mr. Hicks— (sleepily)—Good! If we keep quiet maybe he'll take away that chafing dish of yours.

The Websters.

A member of the Nebraska legislature was making a speech on some momentous question, and in concluding said:

"In the words of Daniel Webster, who wrote the dictionary. 'Give me liberty or give me death!'"

One of the colleagues pulled at his coat and whispered: "Daniel Webster did not write the dictionary; it was Noah."

"Noah, nothing!" replied the speaker. "Noah built the ark."

A Question of Accommodation.

Senator Hoar used to tell the story of an incident he witnessed on a Boston street-car. It was about 11 o'clock p. m., the mystic hour when all law abiding Bostonians lose their thirsts. The senator happened to notice a man running after the car and vainly trying to attract the conductor's attention. The senator notified the conductor, who stopped the car. The belated passenger, who was somewhat under the influence of liquor, had no sooner climbed aboard then he delivered himself of the following remarks. "Shay, Mr. Conductor, does thish road run to 'commodate the passengers, or the passengers run to 'commodate the road?"

A WINNING START.

A Perfectly Digested Breakfast Makes Nerve Force for the Day.

Everything goes wrong if the breakfast lies in your stomach like a mud pie. What you eat does harm if you can't digest it—it turns to poison.

A bright lady teacher found this to be true, even of an ordinary light breakfast of eggs and toast. She says:

"Two years ago I contracted a very annoying form of indigestion. My stomach was in such a condition that a simple breakfast of fruit, toast and egg gave me great distress.

"I was slow to believe that trouble could come from such a simple diet but finally had to give it up, and found a great change upon a cup of hot Postum and Grape-Nuts with cream, for my morning meal. For more than a year I have held to this course and have not suffered except when injudiciously varying my diet.

"I have been a teacher for several years and find that my easily digested breakfast means a saving of nervous force for the entire day. My gain of ten pounds in weight also causes me to want to testify to the value of Grape-Nuts.

"Grape-Nuts holds first rank at our table."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason." Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

DECAY MARKS DOOM OF THE ALHAMBRA

Americans who visited Spain this summer—and many were attracted there by the marriage of King Alfonso to Princess Ena — all have made mournful note of the fact that the Alhambra, one of the show places of the old world, is surely crumbling to pieces, and has but a short life left it.

Great cracks now seam the ancient walls in which the Moorish kings had a sumptuous palace centuries before Spanish civilization flourished, and the danger of accident has become so great that from certain parts of the building it has lately been deemed wise to exclude visitors.

This has been an especial hardship on tourists from this country, for the fascinating stories that Washington Irving wove around the venerable pile have made it one of the most interesting spots in the old world to Americans. His famous descriptions yearly send thousands of Americans to Granada.

The situation has lately become so grave that the curator of the Alhambra, Don Miguel Gomez Tortosa, has just submitted a report to the king, in which he says that unless elaborate and costly repairs are made at once, the building must share the fate of the Campanile.

The ornaments and decorations are tumbling off the walls, the foundations have weakened, and the slight vibration caused by the walking of one person is enough to cause new cracks to appear.

Alfonso and his young queen fully recognize the value of the Alhambra as a relic of the Middle Ages, but must defer action until the minister of finance can find a means to raise the immense sums that would be needed to put it in a safe condition again.

Money in Spain is scarce. Even under the wise administration of the young monarch, the country is still laboring under the losses sustained in the war with the United States. Hence for the present nothing can be done.

The Alhambra has already withstood much. In fact it is a marvel that it has survived all these years, for it is in the midst of the earthquake belt, and has moreover borne the brunt of many wars. Only fifteen years ago the structure had a narrow escape from flames, and part of the Abehca or fish ponds, were utterly ruined.

Once before in its hour of peril the Alhambra found a protector, no less a man than Napoleon Bonaparte, then in the apotheosize of his glory. When he conquered Spain he found that the home which the Mohammed built for himself in the middle of the thirteenth century was falling into decay, and must soon yield to the tooth of time.

Napoleon saw in person to the repairing of the roofs, the saloons and galleries, cultivated the gardens, and restored the fountains and water courses.

Since that day to this nothing has been done to assure the longevity of one of the great landmarks of time.

Irving termed the Alhambra the last fortress of Islamalism in Western Europe, and it is worthy of remembrance that it was not surrendered to the Christians, under Ferdinand and Isabella, until the same year that Columbus set sail on the trip that was to discover a new world.

The palace takes its name from the title formerly applied to the hill on which it stands. This eminence dominates Granada, the city that saw the glory of the Moorish monarchs.

The Alhambra is a group of fortresses built on the hill and surrounding a miniature town.

The entrance to the Alhambra is gained through a magnificent grove of elm trees which were presented to Ferdinand VII. of Spain by the duke of Wellington.

The main entrance is through the arch which goes under the tower of justice. This has above it a key with the legend that he who takes the Alhambra must first turn the key. This would not be difficult now, for the settling of the tower has almost shaken the key from its place, so that it may fall at any time.

Between the gates of the tower are the long rows of stone seats, where in open air the Moslems administered justice after the fashion of the Jews.

GREATEST HISTORICAL TREASURE OF SPAIN, THE ALHAMBRA.

The most magnificent palace of the entire Alhambra is the "Court of the Lions."

This is 172 feet long by 74 feet wide. A gallery surrounds it, supported by one hundred and twenty delicate marble statues, which end in arches of the most beautiful Moorish designs.

Opposite the "Court of Lions" is the "Hall of Audience," where Christopher Columbus is supposed to have pleaded with the monarches of Spain to give him money to make his trip in search of the shorter route to the Indies.

Later Columbus was brought here in chains when in the latter years of his life malice and hatred had caused to be forgotten the greatness of his deeds in the interest of Spain.

The completeness with which the Moors were annihilated after the conquest of Granada is shown by the frequent appearance of symbols of the Christian religion.

The term "Alhambra" signifies red. The prevailing color in the entire collection of buildings is red, and the general effect is striking beyond conception.

Experts say the Alhambra is doomed, and the Spanish government admits it has not the means to properly restore it.

Seven centuries of romantic tradition plead for action in its behalf.

Hideousness Long Drawn Out.

And even in the pretentious structures offered on the altar of the almighty money bag, what do we see? Attenuated skyscrapers, thirty-story buildings, lankier against the sky-line than the afternoon shadow of a hairpin. Approach Manhattan on a Hudson river ferryboat and gaze your fill of one of the raggedest profiles any city can show. Come to the mother borough in an East river craft or by one of the bridges, and the effect is worse. And when you have satisfied your artistic sense with condemnation of Gotham's horrors in architecture, take a flying trip to other cities and see how little if any better they are.

As to the Child.

In a medical publication a discussion is going on as to the best methods of bringing up children. Of course, the physicians don't agree. A nerve specialist deplores the system nurses have of frightening babies, and says it spoils their birthright of courage. A house physician writes that nurses are as a whole improperly trained to care for children. They haven't the sympathy for baby life that they ought to have. He concludes that "only the girls who have that peculiar and mysterious physical influence which attracts children should be allowed the charge of a nursery."

THE COURT OF LIONS.

A RAINBOW CENTERPIECE

Variously Colored Electric Lights Devised for Table Decorations.

At a dinner given recently a centerpiece of variously colored electric lights ingeniously devised by the host was the feature of the table decorations. The center of the table was of heavy plate glass, circular in form and twenty inches in diameter. Under this, arranged around the edge, were a series of small electric lights and five large center lights, and beneath them a reflector. The lights were worked by switches, so that any combination could be obtained almost instantly. Over the tablecloth was a large centerpiece of Canton linen, heavily embroidered with lotus blossoms, on which stood a crystal and silver loving cup containing roses.

When the guests entered the dining room the wall lights alone illumined it. After they were seated the host without moving from his chair, extinguished them and simultaneously turned a red glow on the table, making it appear as if on fire.

During the first courses combinations of lights, with red predominating, were used. The color scheme was carried out by means of oyster cocktails, tomato soup and radishes. A deep orange glow suffused the meat course, which was made to correspond by means of lemon basket garnishings, carrot cases and hard-boiled eggs. A green light accompanied the stuffed green peppers and salad.

But the crowning beauty of the dinner came with the dessert, when a soft pink light fell on the ice cream in the form of bunches of pink, red and yellow roses, with green foliage. The place cards were round and painted with dainty garlands of roses. The bonbon boxes were of satin, surmounted with silk rosebuds.

"If I Were Grown Up."

Here is an essay of a small schoolgirl on the subject of "If I Were Grown Up": "If I were grown up I should get married and have jam whenever I like. And I think I shall be a dressmaker. When I am married I am not going out washing clothes, like some people. I shall have a baby, and I shall not let anybody smack it unless it is naughty. If it wants smacking, I shall smack it. I shall have a little boy. If I have a place where there is a strict lady I shall leave. I want plenty of money from my husband. That's all I have got to say about when I am grown up."

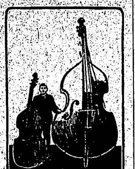
No Cotton in Palestine.

All the efforts made by a Liverpool firm to promote the cultivation of cotton in Palestine have been fruitless, even though labor costs only 25 cents a day and land is one-tenth the price of Egyptian land. The chief cause of the failure is said to be the incapacity and laziness of the natives.

DOUBLE-BASS A MONSTER.

Extraordinarily Large Instrument Made in Germany for Use in Chicago Orchestra.

The extraordinary large double-bass here illustrated was made by Herr Otto Roth in Markneukirchen, and is intended for use in a Chicago orchestra. It is about 14 feet high, and its body about seven feet. The top part of the body is about three feet four inches across; the lower part about five feet. It weighs 150 pounds.



SNAKE SET DANGER SIGNAL.

Reptile's Choice of Sleeping Place Made Trouble for Employes of the Railroad.

Running at the rate of 65 miles an hour near Harrisburg, Pa., a train of the Philadelphia & Reading railway, filled with passengers, came to a sudden stop, halted by the red light of a block signal.

After waiting the minute in which a train is supposed to clear the short blocks, the engineer proceeded with caution, expecting a wreck or at least a broken rail. When he came to the next signal post the white light was shining bright and clear.

He did not stop to investigate and in spite of his fears of a medical examination to determine if he could distinguish between white and red light, he reported the occurrence. An inspector was sent at once to the pole and found the red still showing.

A thorough investigation overhead and above ground showed no defect. The inspector finally removed the top of the underground case which contains the electric connections with the rails.

A garter snake 22 inches long lay comfortably coiled, its head cushioned on the delicate spring, depressing it so that it made the contact necessary to set the signal at danger.

A second after the snake was discovered the semaphore dropped from the danger to the clear position and a white light gleamed from the pole.

FRIENDSHIP A STRANGE ONE

Cat and Duck Are Chums, According to a Story That Comes from England.

We have had the usual crop of curiosities as to nesting places and strange families adopted by birds and animals, but nothing more diverting than a fellowship which exists between a certain ample "mouser" and a duck of gooselike proportions.

Puss waits by the side of the pond in which the duck takes its bath, then the two retire in company to the shade of the trees and lie down in amity. How the cat tolerates the wet feathers of its comrade is a mystery; but there they lie, the duck with one of its wings spread as a shield over the cat, the tail of the latter curled like a very smart boa about the neck of its feathered friend.

So long as the worm keeps beneath the turf and songsters do not stoop too low in the air the idyl lasts, and all local life wonders.

Set Fashion in Surgery.

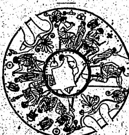
Confined at St. Luke's hospital, Denver, having recently undergone an operation on one of her fingers, which had become deformed from a break and which was straightened, is Miss Mary H. Gartside, who, according to the Times of that city, has the distinction of being the first person on record to have the vermiform appendix removed.

It was because of this operation which was purely experimental and which was resorted to in the last extremity, that the possibility of removing the appendix was discovered.

Book 2,000 Years Old.

A descendant of the ancient Babylonians, Mrs. Annie Naparian, of Nashua, N. H., has in her possession a book written in the language of the race and supposed by her to be dated many years before the Christian era. The book is 13 inches long, 8 inches wide and 5 inches thick. The covers are made of black walnut covered with leather. The leaves of the book are not of paper, but are made of some kind of skin.

OLD-TIME EDUCATION.



A Grecian bowl of the fifth century B. C., showing the method of teaching the young boys by illustration.

Insect Examples.

I'se done observe dat busy bee
Dey tells so much about,
'Bout copyin' his industry
I sho'ly has a doubt.

De butterfly's de one dat knows
De way to do de trick.
He allus wars his Sunday clo'es
An' never works a lick!
—Washington Star.

BIG NEW SHOE BUILDING.

It Is Dedicated by the W. L. Douglas Co. at Brockton.

The dedication a short time ago of the new administration and jobbing house building erected by the W. L. Douglas Shoe Co. as a part of its mammoth manufacturing plant at Montello was marked by the thoroughness and attention to detail characteristic of the firm in all its undertakings.

The dedicatory program included open house from 11 a. m. to 8 p. m. with concert by the Mace Gay orchestra and the presence of a Boston caterer to attend to the wishes of all. The building itself afforded a feast for the eye, especially the offices, which are marvels in many ways. Fifteen thousand invitations were sent out, including over 11,000 to the retail dealers in the United States who handle the W. L. Douglas Co. shoes, the others going to shoe manufacturers and all allied industries in Brockton and vicinity. Mr. Douglas will be glad to have anybody who is interested call and inspect the new plant, and says "the latch string is always out." All departments of the plant were open for inspection, the three factories as well as the new building, and visitors were received and escorted through the industrial maze by ex-Gov. Douglas, assisted by the heads of the various departments.

Under the present system all shoes are manufactured to order, and customers sometimes lose sales waiting for shoes to arrive. With the new jobbing house they will be enabled to have their hurry orders shipped the same day they are received.

The new building is 260 feet long and 60 feet wide and two stories in height. The jobbing department will occupy the entire lower floor, while the offices will occupy the second floor. The jobbing department will carry a complete stock of men's, boys', youths', misses' and children's shoes, slippers, rubbers and findings equal to any jobbing house in the country. Buyers are especially invited to come here to trade, and every effort possible will be made to suit their convenience. There will be a finely appointed sample room on the second floor, with an office in which both telephone and telegraph will be installed, with operators, both Western Union and Postal Telegraph wires to be used. There will also be arrangements for the receipt and despatch of mail.

The Rules of Golf.

An Irishman was walking along by a golf link and was suddenly struck between the shoulders by a golf ball. The player hurried up, saying: "Are you hurt? Why didn't you get out of the way?"

"And why should I get out of the way?" asked Pat. "How did I know there were murderers around here?"

"But I called 'fore,'" said the player, "and when I say 'fore,' that is a signal for you to get out of the way."

"Oh, it is, is it? Well, then, whin I say 'foive' it is a sign you're going to get hit on the nose. 'Foive!'"

The World's Way.

"Who is the man on the hilltop?"

"That's the fellow who climbed to fame and fortune."

"And who are the fellows at the foot of the hill?"

"Friends of his—waiting to see how undignified he'll look when he rolls down."

If You Want to Earn
Good wages and a permanent position, write us at once for information regarding the famous Security Line of Petticoats, Dress Skirts and Shirt Waist materials. Exclusive territory to one bright woman in each locality. Write for souvenir booklet, information, etc. The Security Co., Weedsport, N. Y.

He Coughed Up.

"You've got a double," said Borroughs. "I saw a fellow down town to-day that I was sure you was. I even struck him for a loan before I discovered my mistake."

"It must have been a very close likeness," remarked Stinjay.

"No, he wasn't close at all. That's how I knew it wasn't you."

Fairbanks-Morse Gasoline Engines.
A Jack-of-all-Trades, costs less to operate than to board one man. It will do the work of eight or ten men. Simple in operation, quickly started and stopped; write for free catalog St. 161.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., St. Paul.

The Judicial Child.

"Mamma," asked the little boy, trembling while the thunder storm was in progress, "does the lightning really strike people?"

"Sometimes, dear."

"And does it kill them?"

"Yes, dear."

"Then why don't they have the Almighty arrested?"—Judge.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

There's many a man who never prays for rain until his neighbor has his hay out.

All creameries use butter color. Why not do as they do—use JUNE TINT BUTTER COLOR.

Even when some people lend a hand they make a poor fist of it.

APPLES Also receive Veal, Poultry, Eggs, Etc.
H. A. Ertz, 24 East 3rd St., St. Paul.

LENNOX
Gasoline Engines
Write for prices and catalog. Lennox Machine Co., 307 3d st. So., Minneapolis.

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Write to-day for shipping tags,
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18 East 3rd Street, ST. PAUL.

SCHEFFER & ROSSUM
S&R **HARNESS** Are all lock stitched.
Ask your dealer.

SORES ON HANDS.

Suffered for a Long Time Without Relief—Doctor Was Afraid to Touch Them—Cured by Cuticura.

"For a long time I suffered with sores on the hands which were itching, painful and disagreeable. I had three doctors, and derived no benefit from any of them. One doctor said he was afraid to touch my hands, so you must know how bad they were; another said I never could be cured; and the third said the sores were caused by the dipping of my hands in water in the dye-house where I work. I saw in the papers about the wonderful cures of the Cuticura Remedies, and procured some of the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. In three days after the application of the Cuticura Ointment my hands began to peel and were better. The soreness disappeared, and they are now smooth and clean, and I am still working in the dye-house. Mrs. A. E. Maurer, 2340 State St., Chicago, Ill., July 1, 1905."

TAME CATS BECOME WILD.

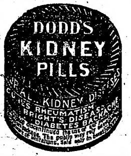
Possum Hunters Encounter Some Fierce Tabbies in the Woods.

An interesting study of animal nature is found by possum and coon hunters of this city in the 1,000 or more acres of dense timber of the Marmaton river bottoms west of town. It is found that many once tame house cats are now inhabiting the timber as wild and more ferocious fighters when treed, than any other species of animals which hunters are apt to encounter in these woods.

Nearly every hunting party spending a night in those woods comes up with a cat that has "gone back to the wild." The supposition is that these cats have been tempted to the woods by the field and wood mice and other prey on which cats like to feed and that they gradually become accustomed to wild life and make their home there. Frequently a party of hunters has chased a cat half a night to have an exciting fight when the dogs finally cornered it.

The cats thus returned to the native life of their species as said by the hunters to grow considerably larger than their civilized brothers and sisters and to be able to engage a whole pack of dogs single handed.

The man who goes out to buy religion never gets anything but the gold brick variety.



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all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions of the mucous membrane such as nasal catarrh, uterine catarrh caused by feminine ills, sore throat, sore mouth or inflamed eyes by simply dosing the stomach.
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which destroys the disease germs, checks discharges, stops pain, and heals the inflammation and soreness.
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N W N U —NO. 33— 1906.

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MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 25, 1906. NUMBER 6.

2,000 LIVES LOST IN EARTHQUAKE AT VALPARAISO

APPALLING LOSS OF LIFE IN THE TERRIBLE DISASTER IN CHILE.

LOSS MAY REACH $250,000,000

CONFUSION AND PANIC PREVENT ACCURATE ESTIMATE OF LOSSES.

MANY TOWNS ARE DESTROYED

PEOPLE ABANDON HOMES, FOOD IS SCARCE AND FAMINE AND DISEASE FEARED.

Valparaiso, Chile, Aug. 20.—At 7:52 o'clock last Thursday evening Valparaiso experienced an earthquake of great severity, and during that night eighty-two shocks were felt.

Most of the buildings of the city either were ruined or damaged.

The loss will be enormous, probably reaching $250,000,000.

Two thousand persons killed is considered to be a fair estimate of the casualties.

Many Towns Destroyed.

Vina del Mar (three miles from Valparaiso and having a population of over 10,000; Quirihue (225 miles to the southward, having a population of 2,500); Salto Limache (fifteen miles to the northwest, with a population of 6,500); Quillota (twenty-five miles to the northeast, with a population of 10,000), and villages all around were destroyed.

Most of the damage was due to fire, which started immediately after the first shock.

The whole population is sleeping in the hills, the parks or the streets.

Famine Threatened.

Food is very scarce. Milk costs two Chilean dollars a liter, and it is almost impossible to obtain meat, even at high prices.

The railroads are all destroyed.

Rain, which began to fall immediately after the first shock, stopped an hour afterward.

The nights are very cold and windy, and the people sleeping in the open are suffering greatly.

The captain of a steamship which has arrived from San Francisco says that the situation here is worse than that following the disaster at San Francisco.

Summary by Associated Press.

There continues confusion of statements as to the magnitude of the disaster to Valparaiso caused by the earthquake shocks which began on Thursday, Aug. 16, and continued at frequent intervals throughout that and the next two days.

Dispatches from Valparaiso to the Associated Press received last evening state that a moderate estimate of the fatalities is 2,000 and that the property loss may be as high as $250,000,000, which latter is as great as the loss sustained by San Francisco in consequence of the earthquake and fire which devastated that city last April.

Confusion and Panic.

A refugee who has arrived at Santiago places the known dead at 100, and other messages indicate that the first reports of damages and casualties were greatly exaggerated. Dispatches to the state department at Washington place the fatalities at about 500. These conflicting statements cannot at this time be adjusted. It is evident that even yet confusion and panic prevail at Valparaiso, and until order is restored it will be impossible to ascertain with accuracy the loss to life and property.

Disease Is Feared.

The dwellings in the city have been practically abandoned by the inhabitants, who are existing as best they can in the plazas and streets of the city and adjacent hills, without shelter and with famine confronting them. Food is already scarce and high, water for drinking purposes is lacking, and disease is feared. The government is doing all it can to bring in relief. The crippling of the railroads leading into Valparaiso constitutes a serious factor in the situation, as for an indefinite period relief supplies can be obtained only through other means of transportation, the seaboard affording the best of these.

Santiago Suffers Heavily.

At Santiago many of the best public and private buildings were wrecked. The loss of life there was augmented by the panic which seized the people, many of whom threw themselves from the balconies of their homes. The destructive force of the earthquake was experienced over a large extent of the country, many towns sustaining serious damage.

Worse Than San Francisco.

Valparaiso, Aug. 20.—Proportionately the catastrophe here is considered greater than that which befell San Francisco. Valparaiso and neighboring towns were wrecked and partially burned, and in all the towns of the Aconcagua valley conditions are similar. In the southern portion of Chile severe shocks were felt at Talcapuano, Concepcion, Talca ond Zone, but there the disaster was not as appalling. As yet no authentic news has been received from Santiago, although a courier is shortly expected.

Quakes occur from time to time, but are steadily diminishing in force. As to the dead and wounded, an accurate estimate is as yet impossible, but it is believed that the former will exceed 1,000 in this and surrounding towns.

Many Killed at Santiago.

Santiago de Chile, Aug. 20.—It is known that at least eight lives were lost in this city by the earthquake, but it is believed that many persons were killed by the falling of buildings and that their bodies will be discovered later. Several persons became so panic stricken that they threw themselves from balconies and were killed. All railway service in the central zone is either interrupted entirely or greatly delayed, and commerce is practically at a standstill.

Panic Still Prevails.

In Santiago much damage was done. Many public buildings, particularly churches, were dismantled.

There have been several return shocks of slight intensity. These shocks have served to continue the state of public alarm, and a state of panic still prevails.

Last night many persons slept in the tramway cars, in carriages and in the open air in the public squares and streets. The government has taken steps to restore order. A troop of cavalry has been sent to re-establish communication with Valparaiso.

First Reports Exaggerated.

The latest news brought in by refugees from Valparaiso contradicts some of the first exaggerated statements, but shows that the catastrophe was extremely severe.

Senor Grez, one of the refugees, relates that the first shock in Valparaiso was prolonged and threw the city into indescribable panic. People crowded the streets, crying and lamenting. The first shock also threw down a number of buildings. The second shock was more severe and resulted in the crumbling of most of the buildings in the Almendral quarter.

Plunged Into Darkness.

Immediately after the second shock the entire city was plunged into terrifying darkness. This, however, did not last long, for the scene of destruction was soon lit up by the fires which broke out in this quarter. The light from the flames, Senor Grez continues, came as a welcome relief to the darkness. The people were in an extreme state of terror, many believing that the end of the world had come.

CAVE-IN THREATENS TOWN.

Ground About Old Well Sinks Into Hole of Unknown Depth.

Frankfort, S. D., Aug. 20.—An old artesian well at this place which broke loose several years ago and threatened to engulf the town has broken out again, and for the second time menaces the citizens of this place. The first time the ground caved in for the space of an acre, making a hole 170 feet deep. The same well is responsible for another hole, one and one-half blocks distant from the first. At present it is twelve feet in width and of unknown depth, and the ground continues to cave in. There are a number of houses in the vicinity, and it is feared that if the hole continues to enlarge some of them will be engulfed.

ASKS REMOVAL OF TROOPS.

Senator Culberson Again Appeals to War Department.

Dallas, Tex., Aug. 20.—Following a further appeal from officials and citizens of Brownsville, United States Senator Charles A. Culberson has again appealed to the war department for prompt investigation and immediate action in the situation there. He sent a telegram to Gen. Ainsworth of the war department, urging telegraphic communication with the commanding officers of the post and the removal of the troops from Fort Brown, deeming this the only means to bring about peace.

OVER 1,500 IN ASYLUM.

Increase in Fergus Falls Hospital, However, Is Slow.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Aug. 20.—The population of the insane hospital in this city now has passed the 1,500 mark, the census board showing 1,511 inmates at the present time. The hospital is the largest in the state, and the arrival of five or six insane persons in one day is nothing uncommon, but the population is constantly depleted by paroles, discharge and death, and the net increase is comparatively slow, being about fifty since the beginning of the present year.

BOLT KNOCKS MAN FROM BED.

Lightning Strikes Home of War Veteran in Fergus Falls.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Aug. 20.—During a violent electrical storm here lightning struck the residence of O. S. Sweet. The bolt shattered the chimney, threw his brother-in-law, Alfred Lindquist, violently out of bed and burned a hole in the mattress.

General Store Burned.

Hitchcock, S. D., Aug. 20.—Fire destroyed the large general store of James Murphy, causing a loss estimated at $40,000. The origin of the fire is not known.

Kills Rival Merchant.

Columbia, Ky., Aug. 20.—Elijah Burton yesterday shot and killed James Dooley. The men were rival merchants and quarreled over business.

Burns May Be Fatal.

Primghar, Iowa, Aug. 20.—Fire which destroyed the McGrew restaurant fatally burned the wife of the proprietor, Mrs. McGrew.

80,000 PEOPLE TO QUIT VALPARAISO

STEAMERS ENGAGED IN REMOVING PEOPLE FROM STRICKEN CITY.

FLAMES BREAK OUT ANEW

BUILDINGS ARE DYNAMITED TO CHECK FIRE—DEATH LOSS OVER 2,000.

Valparaiso, Aug. 23.—From the Plaza de la Victoria as far as the plaza in the section called Las Delicias, four-fifths of the houses are completely destroyed and the remaining fifth are badly damaged. From the Plaza de la Victoria down to the custom house only about one-third of the houses sustained damage. The banks of the city and the customs warehouses were not damaged. With the exception of Espiritu Santo, all the churches in the city were destroyed, as were the hospitals and theaters. The number of dead is more than 2,000.

The offices of the Havas agency, although seriously damaged, are still being used for the company's business.

Frisco Tragedy Reproduced.

The tragic scenes of the San Francisco disaster were reproduced here. There was the fight against fire the lack of water and robbery and pillage.

The authorities are now beginning to get in provisions, and water again is being supplied. All the fires have been extinguished.

The first shock lasted four minutes and a half and the second two minutes. Most of the houses were thrown down by the second shock.

Still Camping on Hills.

Estimates of the damage range from $25,000,000 to $50,000,000. The Almandral quarter has been absolutely destroyed. The people are still camping on the surrounding hills and in the streets and plazas and calm and courage only now are returning. The declaration was made that 80,000 people will leave the city. The lack of food is not serious.

Telegraphic communication with Santiago has been re-established.

A number of steamers are engaged in moving the people of the city to points to the north and south.

Governor Appeals to People.

The governor of the province of Valparaiso yesterday issued the following proclamation:

"In this hour of adversity all inhabitants must know that every kind of resource is ready; that the city is well protected against disorder, and that the police, naval and military forces are arriving in large numbers; that authority will proceed inexorably in any attempt at disturbance against property or persons, and that food and medicine are sufficient. Authority appeals to the energy, self-denial and patriotism of all the inhabitants for co-operation for public order and safety."

New Fire Started.

Tuesday night a new fire was started. Firemen blew up buildings with dynamite to check the flames. Walls that were considered dangerous also were torn down. Tents are scarce. Including the suburb of Vina del Mar, some 200,000 people form a colossal encampment.

Some twenty robbers and two or three incendiaries have been shot and their bodies exposed, bearing the words "For a robber."

JAPAN RAISES OBJECTIONS.

Slow About Putting Up Custom Houses at Dalny.

Pekin, Aug. 23.—Japan's consent to the establishment of a custom house at Port Dalny is apparently conditional on Russia's consent to establish customs houses on the Manchurian border. Russia appears unwilling to bind herself to make the Manchurian arrangements desired by Japan. If Port Dalny remains a free port it will greatly damage the business of Newchwang, heretofore the base of all British and American trade in Manchuria.

IS SLASHED IN QUARREL.

Wounded Man Says Companion in Box Car Did Cutting.

Dassel, Minn., Aug. 23.—William Eaton, who says his home is at Quincy, Kan., was almost cut to pieces by a man with whom he had been traveling in a box car.

The two men quarreled and Eaton says his companion attacked him with a knife. Finally, in order to escape him, he jumped from the moving train and made his way to this village, but fell unconscious at the door of a residence where he intended to ask for help.

Boy Drowned.

St. Paul, Aug. 23.—Frank Tierney, fourteen-year-old son of Peter H. Tierney, was drowned at noon yesterday at Thompson's lake, a body of water near West St. Paul. The boy went down a considerable distance from shore, having gone into the water beyond his depth.

Bee Sting Kills Man.

Eldora, Iowa, Aug. 23.—E. W. Pegg of Mondamin, Iowa, while trying to hive a swarm of bees, was stung by a bee and died within thirty minutes.

NO POLITICS IN INSURANCE

STRINGENT MEASURES AGAINST "YELLOW DOG" FUND WILL BE RECOMMENDED.

St. Paul, Aug. 23.—Stringent measures prohibiting the use of funds by insurance companies for political purposes were approved yesterday by the special committee of insurance commissioners and attorneys general in session at the state capitol for the purpose of drawing up a uniform insurance code to be presented to the various legislatures next winter.

Reau E. Folk of Knoxville, Tenn., chairman of the committee on prohibition of political contributions, reported a bill fashioned after the New York law now in force in that state, and the bill was substantially adopted as part of the uniform code. It makes it a misdemeanor, punishable by a year's imprisonment and a fine of not more than $1,000, for any officer of an insurance company to contribute to campaign funds or in any way to aid the political fortunes of an office-seeker.

ONE FRATERNAL CONGRESS.

Merger of Two Bodies Is Agreed to at Detroit.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 23.—The Associated Fraternities of America, which is holding its annual convention, yesterday unanimously adopted the plan for the amalgamation of the organization with the National Fraternal congress, under the name of the International Fraternal congress. The details of the amalgamation will be worked out during the next few months, nd the first convention of the new International Fraternal congress will be held in August, 1907, in Duluth, Minn.

COLLISION IS FATAL.

Conductor Is Killed and Engineer May Die of Injuries.

Dillon, Mont., Aug. 23.—Owing to a rear-end collision of a passenger train on the Oregon Short Line with a side-tracked freight at Barrett, a siding nine miles south of here, Samuel Elwalt, conductor of the freight, instantly was killed; Engineer John Fuez of the passenger train was seriously if not fatally injured, and Fireman Sappington escaped with a sprained ankle.

SLAYS WIFE; DAY IN JAIL.

Woman's Weak Heart Ceases to Beat When Husband Strikes Her.

Denver, Aug. 23.—One day in jail was the sentence imposed by Judge I. Mullins on Charles Pennington for killing his wife, Anastasia Pennington, with his fist. The testimony in Pennington's case showed the woman was intoxicated and quarrelsome when Pennington struck her in the face with his fist, causing her weak heart to cease beating.

NIGHTMARE CAUSES FALL.

Dreaming Man Walks Out of Hotel Window.

Miller, S. D., Aug. 23.—John Wilson, a prominent farmer northwest of here, drove to town and put up at the Henshaw hotel. After retiring he had a dream and a nightmare from which he awoke, believing he was at home, and walking out of a window, thinking it was the door, he fell from the second story to the pavement, breaking his arm and injuring his back.

FLEE FIRE IN NIGHT.

Minneiska Family Narrowly Escape—Loss Is About $8,000.

Wabasha, Minn., Aug. 23.—The family of John Peshon narrowly escaped death in a fire that destroyed the three-story Peshon building at Minneiska, sixteen miles south of here. Lightning started the blaze and the family fled in night dress from the living quarters on the third story. The structure and contents were destroyed.

PASSED ON GUITEAU'S MIND.

Alienist Who Examined Assassin of Garfield Is Dead.

Merton, Wis., Aug. 23.—Dr. John A. Rice, one of the alienists who passed upon the question of the sanity of Charles J. Guiteau, the assassin of President James A. Garfield, is dead at his home here after a long illness. He was seventy-five years old and was a pioneer of Waukesha county, having come in 1851.

WOMEN HURT IN RUNAWAY.

Auto Scares Horses and Occupants of Rig Are Thrown Out.

Litchfield, Minn., Aug. 23.—Mrs. Nels H. Peterson and her daughter Lottie received serious injuries as a result of a runaway accident. They had been to a farm northwest of town and were returning home when their horse became frightened at an automobile and ran away.

Killed by Train.

Appleton, Minn., Aug. 23.—Harry Clayton, a young man of this city, was run down and killed by a Great Northern train in the Appleton yards last night. He was walking on the track, and paid no attention to the warning of the trainmen until it was too late.

Unhappy for Thirty-two Years.

Helena, Mont., Aug. 23.—Leaving a note which stated that he had been unhappy for thirty-two years, Alfred Johnson, sixty-two years old, committed suicide by taking laudanum.

FARMERS ARE OUT MILLIONS

NORTHERN RAILROADS OFFER 10 PER CENT REDUCTION IN GRAIN FREIGHT RATES.

A COMPROMISE PROPOSITION

SOUTHERN MINNESOTA ROADS OPPOSE AND OFFER IS REJECTED BY R. R. COMMISSION.

The proposition of the three northern railroads, the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and the Soo, to make a reduction of 10 per cent in the grain freight rates, was rejected by the state railroad and warehouse commission, because the reduction was opposed by the railroads operating in Southern Minnesota.

The reduction would have saved the farmers of Minnesota alone $1,000,000 a year in freight on grain. The 10 per cent reduction in coal rates, which was proposed by the commission, would have meant a saving of $200,000 more to the people of the state, making a total of $1,200,000 a year that would have been put into the pockets of the people of Minnesota had the new schedules gone into effect. The Minnesota reductions in Minnesota grain rates would have resulted in reductions in neighboring states, and the total saving to the farmers of the Northwest would have been between $1,500,000 and $2,000,000 a year.

The Better Plan.

The proposition was made by the three northern roads as a compromise in the pending proceedings looking to a reduction in merchandise rates. The roads could not afford to make both reductions. The merchandise reductions would have benefitted no one but the merchants, while the grain reductions, by cutting the cost of getting grain to market, would have benefited the farmers directly. The three roads therefore proposed to reduce the grain rates instead of the merchandise rates.

The members of the state railroad and warehouse commission seemed inclined to accept the compromise, apparently believing that the reduction in grain rates would be a much greater benefit to the people of the state. They asked, however, that a 10 per cent reduction be made also in coal rates.

But the Southern Minnesota roads objected. The proposed reduction in merchandise rates would have affected them only to a trifling extent, while the proposed grain rate reduction would have meant a material benefit to the people at the expense of the railroads. In the face of the opposition of the southern roads, the state railroad and warehouse commission rejected the proposed grain rate reduction.

The proposition of the three northern roads, the Great Northern, the Northern Pacific and the Soo, and their position in the matter, is explained in their letter to the state commission. The letter says:

The Proposition.

"1. The merchandise rates under discussion, so far as they relate to the tariffs now in force on said three lines of railway, shall be continued in force, and the proceedings with reference to the same shall be dismissed. This because, in the opinion of the railway companies the evidence that has been so far developed in the case proves conclusively that merchandise traffic is being handled in the State of Minnesota at just and reasonable rates that compare favorably with those in effect in other states; that the present merchandise rates do not more than pay the actual cost of the transportation furnished, and that a reduction in said rates would be an injustice to the railway companies and impracticable for them to accept.

"2. It is the opinion of the railway companies that the prosperity of the portion of the state served by the said three lines is dependent upon the well being of the agricultural communities along those lines. A reduction in the rates on merchandise would be of no benefit to the farmers and producers in Northern Minnesota. This has been clearly brought out in the testimony taken, it having been shown beyond question that the only persons to be benefited by the proposed reduction would be the merchants.

Direct Benefit.

"A reduction in the rates on grain is a direct benefit to every farmer raising a bushel of grain for sale, as the price paid the farmer for his grain in the country is fixed by the price at the terminal markets less the cost of transporting the grain to those markets. Farmers desiring to do so may ship their grain and sell it themselves at terminal markets without the interposition of middlemen. If the farmers are prosperous the communities in which they live are prosperous. The country merchants sell more goods, consequently buy more, and the manufacturer and the jobber in the city enjoy an enlarged trade. If, at any time, it is possible for the railway companies to reduce their rates, the highest public policy and the interests not only of the railways themselves but of all classes of citizens in this state demand that the policy that has heretofore been followed by these railway companies should be continued, and that reductions in rates should be made in such a way as to enable the farmer to get his product to market with the least expense.

How It Works Out.

"The increased benefit to the producer from reductions in grain rates over reductions in merchandise rates, is easily computed. For instance: A farmer with 160 acres of land, raising, say 20 bushels per acre, or 3,200 bushels averaging, on different kinds of grain, 50 pounds per bushel, would furnish 80 tons of freight. Should the farmer purchase of the storekeeper once a week 25 pounds of merchandise (an amount much in excess of that ordinarily consumed by a family) he would purchase 1,320 pounds of merchandise during the year, on which the freight charges, at an average of 40 cents per hundred weight, would amount to $5.20. The reduction in merchandise rates proposed by the commission, is about 25 per cent, which would mean a reduction of a little over $1 in the freight charges on the merchandise a farmer's family would purchase during the year. If the railway company were able to reduce their rates on grain 1 1-4 cents per hundred pounds, or 25 cents per ton, it would mean a reduction to the farmer, or an increase in the amount received by him for his grain of $20, or over twenty times the amount of the reduction in the freight charges on merchandise, provided that the farmer received the benefit of that reduction. But, as a matter of fact, none of this dollar would find its way into the pockets of the farmer, as the dollar would have to be distributed over so many different articles during the course of the year that it would be impossible for the storekeeper to make any reduction in the prices charged by him for the merchandise sold.

New Schedule.

"3. For the above reasons, and in pursuance of the policy which they have long followed, the three railway companies presenting this statement, propose that if the present merchandise rates under discussion are continued in force, and while so continued, they will reduce the rates on wheat and coarse grains shipped from all points in the State of Minnesota in excess of 100 miles from the terminals of their respective systems, 10 per cent from the tariffs now in force. The rates from stations within 100 miles of the terminals are now so low that further reduction is impracticable. The present rates from such stations are now lower than those charged in any other Western state, as a comparison and the evidence submitted to the commission in this case will show.

"The aggregate reduction in the revenue of the railway companies from the proposed reduction in grain rates will be very large, and one that the railway companies cannot afford to make if their present merchandise rates rates are also to be disturbed. It is only by reason of the large interstate business over which the commission has no control that the railway companies are able to offer any reduction whatever. If the railway companies, parties to this proposal, were solely dependent upon state tariff, they could neither afford to make the proposed reduction nor provide one-half of the service which they now give the state.

Immediate Benefit.

"4. Under conditions that have arisen in the course of this hearing it is apparent that considerable time must elapse before the matter can be finally determined by the commission, leaving out of the question the possibility of consideration of the matter elsewhere. The railway companies making this proposal have been holding back an intended reduction in grain rates awaiting the result of the present hearing. While a reduction in grain rates has been contemplated, it was impossible to grant it, and also submit to a reduction in merchandise rates. A large crop is about to be harvested, and it is important to the farming communities to know at once what rates they will be compelled to pay; and if the farmer is to receive the benefit of a reduction in the grain rates on his crop of this year it is time now to act, and an immediate decision of the matter is necessary. If the proposed compromise is promptly agreed to, the present crop will get the benefit of the reduction.

"The railway companies cannot afford to reduce both the merchandise and grain rates, and one or the other must remain where it now is. A reduction made now in grain rates and followed later by a reduction in the merchandise rates would mean simply the restoration of the present grain rates."

A Philosophical Tramp.

The correspondent of a New York paper writes of a philosophical tramp whom he met in Massachusetts. The man, who said his name was William Hicks, had clothes that hung in looped and windowed raggedness, but he refused to accept others. In the course of a lengthy interview Mr. Hicks uttered this piece of more or less conclusive philosophy: "I do what I please, doing what I please, I have my will, and, having my will, I am contented, and when one is contented there is no more to be desired, and when there is no more to be desired there is an end to it."

Was Ten Years Too Soon.

John Knox had his fourth centenary celebrated ten years too soon, it appears, for Hal Fleming has been deciphering Archbishop Spottiswoode's manuscript, and finds that in noting Knox's death in 1572, he wrote fifty-seven for his age and not sixty-seven. Knox would not be 400 years old until 1915. We shall not consider this settled until we have heard from Andrew Lang.

CUBAN REBELLION GROWING SERIOUS

EVIDENCES OF THREATENING INCREASES IN THE NUMBER OF REBELS.

HOT FIGHTING AT SAN LUIS.

INSURGENTS GET UPPER HAND IN BATTLE IN WHICH SEVERAL ARE KILLED.

Havana, Aug. 23.—Gen. Rodriguez, commander of the rural guard, last night, after relating the incidents of the day, said to the Associated Press:

"You can tell the American people that Cuba is entirely competent to cope with the insurrection. The flood of rumors in all directions about the organizations of the insurrectionary bands in great numbers are not borne out by our reports, or, so far as can be learned, by the facts. The result of the encounter at San Luis is still not known definitely, but it is known that we inflicted some losses on the enemy in that vicinity.

Loyal Forces Gather.

"The much talked of movement in Santa Clara province has not been encountered, and no insurrectionists have been seen there by our forces.

"We have to-day equipped and sent out in various directions 300 volunteers under competent officers. We have plenty of Remingtons and ammunition for all who enlist at present and more has been ordered from the United States. Besides, we have thousands of old but serviceable guns. We believe the loyal people are taking up arms for the government faster than the insurgents are increasing."

Rebels Are Increasing.

While the foregoing is typical of the utterances of government officials, there are evidences of threatening increases in the numbers of the insurrectionists. In the province of Santa Clara the disaffection is widespread, and in the province of Havana a great many people are in sympathy with the insurgents. In some cases whole communities appear to have been carried away by the recrudescence of insurrectionary times. The extent to which this will lead to open rebellion is still uncertain.

Fighting at San Luis.

A gentleman who has spent several days in Aguacate stated to the Associated Press last evening that as many as 500 men, most of them armed, were riding about the vicinity proclaiming insurrectionary ideas. The principal event yesterday was the fighting at San Luis. The reports of the commanders of the rural guard are to the following effect:

Loyal Forces Gather.

The bands of Guerra, Pozo and others, aggregating about 400 men, concentrated yesterday morning in the vicinity of San Luis. Seventy rural guards, under command of Maj. Laurent, were to attack the insurgents from the east, and thirty men, under Lieut. Azcuy were to attack from the west.

Loyalists Forced to Retreat.

Azcuy arrived first and got into an ill-timed engagement with a far superior detachment, with the result that he was forced to retreat hastily to San Luis, pursued by a portion of the enemy. The rural guards took refuge in their quarters. Yesterday afternoon Maj. Laurent had a hot fight with the insurgents under Guerra, and reports that several were killed or wounded. He pursued Guerra, but so far as known did not retake the town. According to other fragmentary reports the insurgents continue in possession of San Luis. Railway trains have not been interfered with.

Recruits Rushed to Front.

One hundred recruits were started westward last evening on board a special train, but it is not likely that they will be permitted to reach San Luis.

An attempt is being made with 200 mounted rural guards and regulars to corner Quentin Bandera, who with 150 men is continuing his dodging tactics in the western part of the province of Havana.

Three large bands of insurgents are out in the province of Santa Clara. The insurrection appears to be growing, but the loyalists claim that they will be able to resist the movement.

Attempt to Kill Gov. Nunez.

An attempt was made last evening to assassinate Gen. Emilio Nunez, governor of the province of Havana. A man had a revolver leveled at the governor as was entering his home. Another man who was passing by saw the would-be assassin and cried out, whereupon Gov. Nunez turned, and drawing his revolver fired over the miscreant's head. The latter was so surprised that he dropped his revolver. He was promptly arrested.

FOURTEEN HOT WAVE VICTIMS.

Unrelenting Forces of Heat and Humidity Besiege Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 23.—The heat in Chicago yesterday was responsible for fourteen deaths and twenty-nine prostrations.

Men continued to fall and lie ill or die, stricken down in the persistent siege of Chicago by the overpowering and unrelenting heat and humidity. The roll of the dead and the prostrated grew longer with each dragging hour.

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C. L. Hansen.......... President
Daniel Patterson.......... Vice-Pres.
A. D. Stephens.......... 2nd Vice-Pres.
K. O. Gigstad.......... Cashier

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

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The Spectator.

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Published every Saturday, at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

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Saturday, August 25, 1906.

Republican State Ticket.

United States Senator—
KNUTE NELSON,
Douglas County.

Governor—
A. L. COLE,
Cass County.

Lieutenant Governor—
A. O. EBERDART,
Blue Earth County.

Chief Justice—
CHARLES M. START,
Olmsted County.

State Treasurer—
CLARENCE DINEHART,
Murray County.

Secretary of State—
JULIUS SCHMAHL,
Redwood County.

Attorney General—
E. T. YOUNG,
Swift County.

State Auditor—
S. G. IVERSON,
Fillmore County.

Clerk of the Supreme Court—
C. A. PIDGEON,
Wright County.

Railroad Commissioner—
C. F. STAPLES,
Dakota County.

The Red Lake county democrats meet at Thief River Falls today to elect delegates to the state convention.

The railroads have favored us with a ten per cent reduction in freight rates. We could stand more of it and so could the railroads.

Over Duluth way Congressman J. Adam Beede is liable to find that E. L. Miller is no joke, as he is one of the best speakers in the state.

It is all right to "stand pat" when you have the right kind of cards, but high tariff cards are not the best a congressman can get for this part of the country.

Speaker Joseph Cannon, of Illinois, is out as a candidate for the republican nomination for president. It looks to us as if Joseph would rattle some in Teddy's shoes.

If you want a nomination for a county office you will have to file on or before next Wednesday, August 29th. The primaries will be twenty days later, on Sept. 18th.

It has been frequently suggested and the suggestion is a good one, for every farmer to place his name and the name of his farm on his roadgate. Not only would persons driving to a place more easily find it, but it would add more pleasure and interest to people driving from place to place. This last result would have special effect with regard to well kept and pretty houses. An observing person will seldom pass a beautiful farm without desiring to know who is its enterprising owner.—East Grand Forks Valley View.

N. A. Nelson, of River Falls, has decided to become a candidate for county commissioner for this district and on Thursday he filed for the republican nomination. Mr. Nelson has been a resident of this section for over twenty years and has during that time been a progressive and enterprising citizen. He is at present the secretary of the St. Hilaire Creamery company and much of its success is due to his careful management. If nominated and elected Mr. Nelson will make a good official. He is particularly well informed as to the needs of the county and is recognized as a shrewd, enterprising business man. Mr. Nelson's candidacy seems to be well received by the voters of this part of the district and he will prove a formidable candidate.

Roseau Region: Did Gov. Johnson ever do anything looking to relief of the people as against the railroads? This is a pertinent question, especially in view of the claim made by the governor and its supporters during the last campaign, that he would use his power to secure a reduction of freight rates. The governor has done absolutely nothing. When, a few weeks ago his attention was called to his lack of memory, the governor stated in an interview that he did not think it wise to touch so important a matter as the interests of the farmers so close to election—it might unsettle conditions. There has never been a more glaring case of inconsistency than this within our recollection. Not one thing has the democratic governor done to assist the farmer and shipper to secure a just and reasonable rate from the railroads.

A Radical Departure.

The most popular illustrated weeklies and monthlies are produced at enormous cost. Competition for the work of the leading authors and illustrators have established a scale of expense that is almost prohibitive.

Yet in addition to its many attractive features, The Sunday Chicago Record-Herald furnishes its readers with a Sunday Magazine which compares favorably with the independent periodicals in every way and has some merits peculiar to itself. The most famous writers and illustrators contribute to it. Fine paper and press work and handy size make it a pleasuse to read this entertaining publication which marks a radical departure in Sunday journalism.

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

Office of county auditor, Red Lake county, Minnesota.

To Catherine Parker:

You are hereby notified that the following described pieces or parcels of land situated in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots 13, 14, 15 and 16 in block 40 of the Original Townsite of Thief River Falls, is now assessed in your name;

That on the ninth day of May, A. D. 1901, at the sale of lands pursuant to the real estate tax judgment, duly given and made in and by the district court, in and for the said county of Red Lake, on the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1901, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1899 for the said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was bid in for the state of Minnesota, for the sum of five and 72-100 dollars;

That the said pieces or parcels of land has become and now is the absolute property of the state of Minnesota.

That on the sixth day of November, A. D. 1905, at a public sale of lands, which have become the absolute property of the state, held at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, the above described real estate was sold by the county auditor of said Red Lake county, pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor, in accordance with the provisions of section 1616, statutes of Minnesota 1894, and acts amendatory thereto, for the sum of twelve and 82-100 dollars;

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said sale, (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is the said sum of twelve and 82-100 dollars; and interest thereon from said last mentioned date at the rate of twelve per cent per annum from said date until such redemption is made, that the time for redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice, and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Witness my hand and official seal, this second day of March, A. D. 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor,
Red Lake county, Minnesota.

a18s1]

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

Office of county auditor, Red Lake county, Minnesota.

To F. H. Kratka,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

You are hereby notified that the following described piece or parcel of land situated in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot seven (7), in block thirty-nine (39) of the Original Townsite of Thief River Falls, is now assessed in your name;

That on the thirteenth day of May, A. D. 1902, at the sale of lands pursuant to the real estate tax judgment, duly given and made in and by the district court in and for the said county of Red Lake, on the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1902, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1900 for the said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was bid in for the state of Minnesota, for the sum of one and 52-100 dollars;

That the said piece or parcel of land has become and now is the absolute property of the state of Minnesota.

That on the sixth day of November, A. D. 1905, at a public sale of lands, which have become the absolute property of the state, held at the office of the county auditor at the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, the above described real estate was sold by the county auditor of said Red Lake county, pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor, in accordance with the provisions of section 1616, statutes of Minnesota 1894, and acts amendatory thereto, for the sum of ten and 55-100 dollars;

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said sale, (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is the said sum of ten and 55-100 dollars; and interest thereon from said last mentioned date at the rate of twelve per cent per annum from said date until such redemption is made; that the time for redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice, and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Witness my hand and official seal this eighth day of June, A. D. 1906

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor.
Red Lake county, Minnesota.

a18s1]

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

Office of county auditor, Red Lake county, Minnesota.

To Frank H. Kratka,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

You are hereby notified that the following described piece or parcel of land situated in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows to-wit:

Lot No. seventeen (17) in block No. fifty-four (54), of the Original Townsite of Thief River Falls, is now assessed in your name;

That on the thirteenth day of May, A. D. 1902, at the sale of lands pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court, in and for the said county of Red Lake, on the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1902, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1900 for the said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was bid in for the state of Minnesota, for the sum of one and 52-100 dollars;

That the said piece or parcel of land has become and now is the absolute property of the state of Minnesota.

That on the sixth day of November, A. D. 1905, at a public sale of lands, which have become the absolute property of the state, held at the office of the county auditor at the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, the above described real estate was sold by the county auditor of said Red Lake county, pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor, in accordance with the provisions of section 1616, statutes of Minnesota 1894, and acts amendatory thereto, for the sum of seven and 86-100 dollars;

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said sale, (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is the said sum of seven and 86-100 dollars; and interest thereon from said last mentioned date at the rate of twelve per cent per annum from said date until such redemption is made; that the time for redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice, and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Witness my hand and official seal, this eighth day of June, A. D. 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor,
Red Lake county, Minnesota.

a18s1]

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Bernhard Thelander.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court,

In the matter of the estate of Bernhard Thelander, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Christine Thelander, all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled;

Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the court house, in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of August, 1906, at 9 o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 2nd day of August, 1906.

N. W. TARRANT,
(Court Seal.) Probate Judge.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, } ss

In the matter of the petition of Chas. Johnson and Felix Anderson and others, for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 27.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 27, beginning at the northeast corner of the northeast quarter of section 8, in township 152 north of range 44 west, running thence through the following described lands, to-wit:

West along the section line and on the south side thereof between sections 5 and 8, to the northwest corner of the northeast quarter of said section 8, thence south through said section 8, along the quarter line and on the east side thereof, to a point near the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of said section 8, thence west along the section line and on the north side thereof through sections 8 and 7, to a point about 40 rods west of the northeast corner of the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section 18, in said town and range, thence in a westerly direction through sections 7 and 18, following the natural water course to a point near the northwest corner of section 18, township 152, range 44, thence south on the east side of the range line through the northwest quarter of said section 18 to the southwest corner of said section 18, thence west along the quarter section line through the centre of sections 13 and 14, in township 152 range 45, to the southwest corner of the northeast quarter of said section 14, and terminating at said last named point having a creek for its outlet.

Also branch ditch No. 1, commencing at a point 40 rods east of the northwest corner of section 7, township 152 north of range 44 west, thence running in a southeasterly direction through the northwest, southeast and the southwest quarter of said section 7, to a point on the main ditch in the southwest corner of the southwest quarter of said section 7, having said main ditch as its outlet, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

D. M. Fitzsimmons, Erick Adolphson, Johanna Adolphson, Albert and Felix Anderson, Adolph Anderson, L. K. Scroggen, Simons and Bourdon, Stewart Sherman, Charles Johnson, Anders Erickson, Kathrine Pleth, Charles Adolphson, P. J. Anderson, Mrs. W. M. Braudt, Charles Moreen, Ernest Schneider, Peter McKercher, Swan J. Larson, Anna M. Sandberg, C. P. Sandberg, Swan Johnson, Nicholas Eckstein, Thomas Glynn, Jos. Sutor, M. O. Sortedahl, Coleman Keely, Peter Bengston, John W. Muir, Township of Black River and Township of Polk Centre, and that the engineer appointed by the board of county commissioners of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor, and that the viewers appointed by said board of county commissioners to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Tuesday, the fourth day of September, 1906, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at one o'clock p. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said board of county commissioners at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal) County Auditor of
Red Lake county, Minnesota.

[a18s1

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

Office of county auditor, Red Lake county, Minnesota.

To David Mansfield:

You are hereby notified that the following described pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Red Lake, and state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to wit:

Lots 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24, in block 40 of the Original Townsite of Thief River Falls, is now assessed in your name;

That on the ninth day of May, A. D. 1901, at the sale of lands pursuant to the real estate tax judgment, duly given and made in and by the district court, in and for the said county of Red Lake, on the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1901, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1899 for the said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was bid in for the state of Minnesota, for the sum of ten and 92-100 dollars;

That the said pieces or parcels of land has become and now is the absolute property of the state of Minnesota.

That on the sixth day of November, A. D. 1905, at a public sale of lands, which have become the absolute property of the state, held at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, the above described real estate was sold by the county auditor of said Red Lake county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor, in accordance with the provisions of section 1616, statutes of Minnesota 1894, and acts amendatary thereto, for the sum of sixty-one and 55-100 dollars;

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said sale, (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is the said sum of sixty-one and 55-100 dollars; and interest thereon from said last mentioned date at the rate of twelve per cent per annum from said date until such redemption is made; that the time for redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice, and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Witness my hand and official seal, this second day of March, A.D. 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor,
Red Lake county, Minnesota.

a18s1]

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is hereby given, that on the eleventh day of September, 1906, at one o'clock p. m. at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 28 of Red Lake county, established by the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, by their order bearing date August 14, 1906, viz:

For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source, being sections "0" to 246 both inclusive embracing the whole of said ditch and contemplating the excavation and removal of 27,095 cubic yards of earth, the same to be placed along the side of the ditch in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade and in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profiles, maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work, said work to be completed within the time required, and in the manner specified in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent over and above the estimate cost of the construction in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond to be approved by the auditor of said county, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The estimated total cost of the work is $3,438.18.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the auditor of said county, for not less than ten per cent of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated August 15, 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor,
Red Lake county,
State of Minnesota.

a18s1]

—Will sell the southwest quarter of Sec. 26, Twp. 152, R. 44, Red Lake county, Minn., for $2200 on very easy terms. Address ADOLPH SUCKER, Lewisville, Minn.

FARMS { 250 farms in Red Lake county for sale, also a large list of Railroad lands. Prices going up.

LOANS { First Mortgage Farm Loans ☞ A Specialty. ☜

ABSTRACTS { furnished on short notice. Neat and accurate work guaranteed.

S. A. SWANSON,
Official Abstracter.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

A FREE PATTERN
(your own selection) to every subscriber. Only 50 cents a year.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE 50¢ A YEAR

A LADIES' MAGAZINE.

A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe to-day, or, send 5c. for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.

McCALL BAZAR PATTERNS 10¢ AND 15¢

All Seams Allowed and Perforations show the Basting and Sewing Lines.

Only 10 and 15 cents each—none higher. Ask for them. Sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail from

THE McCALL CO.,
113-115-117 West 31st St. NEW YORK.

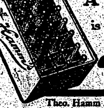
The "Redgeton"
SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING.
HIGH GRADE.

Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.

STRONGEST GUARANTEE.

National Sewing Machine Co.
BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.



A case of necessity is a case of Hamm's NEW BREW

Bottled and on draught.

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co. St. Paul, Minn.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

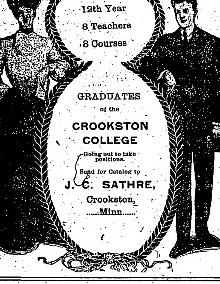
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

CROOKSTON LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....



12th Year
8 Teachers
8 Courses

GRADUATES
of the
CROOKSTON COLLEGE
Going out to take positions.

Send for Catalog to
J. C. SATHRE,
Crookston,
......Minn......

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President. E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Pack Your Trunk And Go East

That's a good start toward a pleasant and profitable Summer Vacation. In purchasing your ticket tell the agent that it Must read over the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

between the Twin Cities and Chicago. Five handsome daily trains including the Pioneer Limited and the Fast Mail. Direct connections at St. Paul Union Depot with all trains from the North and West. Sleeping car berths higher, wider and longer than the berths in other sleepers and therefore cooler and more comfortable for Summer travel.

Let us know where you are going and full information as to rates, routes, connections, etc., will be cheerfully furnished by return mail.

W. B. DIXON,
Northwestern Passenger Agent,
365 Robert St., ST. PAUL,

REMEMBER THE DATES---SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 !

That's the Holiday Week of the Year—the Week of the Great MINNESOTA **STATE FAIR**

Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphiteater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world.—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.

Sensational racing each day.
Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, Etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 Pacing race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,644.50.

HALF FARE RAILROAD RATES ! Tickets on sale Saturday Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept. 10.

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

CALL ON
HOLMES BROS.
FOR
HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson D. Patterson E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K.R. Killand, Secy.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form. 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

Minnesota State Fair, Hamline, Sept. 3-8, 1906.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to St. Paul or Minneapolis and return, round trip tickets at one first-class fare plus 50 cents; dates of sale Sept. 1 to 8, with final return limit of Sept. 10, 1906.

—Go to Holmes Bros. for Sunshine furniture polish.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

Edward Giste was here on business a short time last Wednesday.

—See P. O. Hagglund for bees, bee supplies, honey, hay and oats. 3

Mrs. R. H. Duntley spent last Sunday at Crookston visiting friends.

C. L. Hansen and Dr. Nelson were visitors at Red Lake Falls last Sunday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Sheriff Dan Linnihan was here last Thursday serving some tax judgments.

Dr. H. E. Nelson made a short business trip to Crookston last Wednesday.

Attorney Frank Grady, of Red Lake Falls was a business visitor here yesterday.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Rev. and Mrs. C. W. Gilman are back from their visit to their old home in Indiana.

H. P. Anderson went down to Crookston last Wednesday on a short business trip.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on Sept. 3 and 4.

Levi Miller and wife, of Red Lake Falls, spent last Sunday here visiting their son, Nap. Miller.

P. Bliss and wife, of Menomonie, Wis., are here this week visiting with his brother, H. M. Bliss.

Mrs. E. R. Evans returned last Wednesday from Minneapolis where she made a ten-day visit.

Manager J. M. Richards came over from Bemidji last Tuesday to see how business was moving here.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

Dr. A. F. Blomburgh is now in the east and we learn will sail for Europe on August 28th, Next Tuesday.

Ole Olson, who has been ill with a fever for the past week is considerable better and able to be out again.

Miss Mary B. Anderson has contracted to teach a term of school near Plummer, commencing Sept. 17th.

Street Commissioner Killand is busy these days repairing sidewalks. So far he has found plenty of work to do.

There will be services in the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Alex Sand, pastor.

Daniel Patterson conducted a successful auction of the household goods of Dr. Blomburgh yesterday afternoon.

Next Saturday is the day that the prairie chicken becomes an outlaw and it will go hard with the few that are left.

Mrs. A. F. Blomburgh came up from Minneapolis last Monday and will stay here a couple of weeks settling up affairs.

Mrs. Steve Nelson returned Monday from Fargo, where she had been with her daughter who was receiving treatment for her eyes.

The Tri-State Telephone company put in a long distance booth in Duntley's confectionery store this week and will soon be ready for business.

Old maids would be scarce and hard to find,
Could they be made to see,
How grace and beauty is combined
By using Rocky Mountain Tea.
Imperial Drug Co.

Mrs. O. F. Post, Herman Nelson and wife, Wm. Olson and wife and Miss Alice Hall went up to Thief River Falls last Sunday evening to hear the farewell sermon of Rev. L. W. Nordhus.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford has an office at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, on the 8th day of every month. A red letter day to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses.

Our warm summer weather seems to have faded away and the past week has been cold and wet, quite a change from last week, but it is only a gentle reminder that the summer is passing.

A woman worries until she gets wrinkles, then worries because she has them. If she takes Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea she would have neither. Bright, smiling face follows its use. 35c, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Rev. L. W. Nordhus, pastor of the Swedish Mission church, has resigned his charge here and left last Wednesday evening for Eau Claire, Wis., where he will visit relatives.

Wm. McCuaig, of Bemidji, candidate for the republican nomination for representative, was a caller here yesterday. Mr. McCuaig seems a bright, capable man and would make a good representative.

Prof. O'Brien has had a crew of men at work this week putting in slate blackboards at the schoolhouse. Four rooms are being fitted with large slabs of slate which will make the best blackboards that can be bought.

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church will be entertained at a lawn party at the home of Mrs. Nelson by Miss Hall, Mrs. Post and Mrs. Nelson, on Thursday, Aug. 30th, 1906. A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies.

Scrub yourself daily, you're not clean inside. Clean insides means clean stomach, bowels, blood, liver, clean healthy tissue in every organ. Moral: Take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35c. tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

W. J. Ott, of Walnut, Ill., was a caller at this office yesterday. Mr. Ott is the owner of some land in Rocksbury township and is making his first visit here. He is well pleased with prospects and thinks well of the country and his purchase.

The "Old Kentucky Home" company at the Imperial hall last Friday evening did not draw the crowd that they should have had. The company was one of the best that has played here in a long time. The extreme hot weather was probably the cause of the small attendance.

Mrs. Dr. Blomburgh wishes to announce that she will be here for a couple of weeks and that all persons knowing themselves indebted to Dr. Blomburgh will please call and settle with her as she has the accounts. Accounts not paid to her will be turned over to the bank for collection.

You often hear people say of a man "he has money in the bank," and the people speak of him with respect as one who is getting along in the world. It is a good thing for your standing to have money in the bank, and it's easier than you think. Start an account with THE MERCHANTS STATE BANK where you know it is safe.

A communication has been received by Congressman Steenerson informing him of the fact that the postoffice at Tweet in Red Lake county has been ordered discontinued and that this order go into effect on the 15th day of next month. This action was taken by the department for the reason that a rural free delivery route has been established from Thief River Falls covering same territory.

—The Crookston College is beginning its twelfth year with eight teachers and eight courses. It is the oldest and largest school in the northwest. It has placed every one of its graduates in good paying positions. Free car fare to Crookston. Send for catalog to J. C. Sathre, Crookston, Minn.

C. D. Carter, of Crookston, district manager of the Northwestern Telephone company, was here last Thursday looking over the town. Mr. Carter informed us that his company was contemplating putting in a local exchange here. That if they concluded to come here they would put in a first class system and would only charge $1.00 per month for residence and $1.50 per month for business phones. With both of the long distance companies working we ought at least to have something doing here soon.

The stationery printed at this office last month is giving the best of satisfaction, remarks an exchange. Last week we printed a thousand statements for a man. By their aid he collected a small fortune. Two months ago a man bought of us some fine paper to use when writing to his sweetheart and now he is married. Another young man forged a name on a check printed at this office and is in the penitentiary. Another young man stole some of our paper to make cigarettes with—he is dead. A young lady bought some of our paper to curl her hair on, now she has a beau. (We have only a few packages of this kind in stock.) By using our stationery a person can collect old accounts, tell fortunes, make rain, change the color of hair, have teeth extracted without pain, find out the name of future wife or husband; succeed in business, triumph over enemies and get elected to office. Give us a call. Office hours from 7 a.m. to 9 p.m.

M. E. Church Announcements.

Sunday school, 10 a.m.; preaching, 11 a.m., subject "Giving Way to Our Faith." Epworth League, 7 p. m.; preaching, 8 p. m., subject "Can God Answer Prayer?"

C. W. Gilman, Pastor.

Lots of Butterflies.

Postmaster J. F. Montgomery, of Angus, in a special phone message to the Crookston Journal Wednesday stated that one of the most peculiar phenomena ever seen there was apparent Tuesday when the butterflies were so thick that they completely covered the trees in the entire surrounding that place. The scene presented was so peculiar that the entire country side turned out to view it. The trees were so completely covered that they appeared to be brown as from the frosts during the late autumn and the greatest excitement was created by the strange appearance.

There is apparently the greatest number of butterflies in the north country than ever were seen and there is some speculation as to what is the cause.

Women and the Primaries.

The right of the women to vote at the primaries for the nomination of school superintendents, has been the subject of much recent controversy. There never was any question but that the right ought to be given by law.

I advised the State superintendent some time ago, in answer to an inquiry on the subject, that in my opinion, under the present law, such right was not given. Many able attorneys think, however, that whatever is deficient in the statute in this regard ought, in construing it, to be supplied by intendment, so that the right to assist in making such nominations would not be denied to women. The question is not free from doubt. The law is so worded that impartial students of statutory construction might reach different conclusions upon it. As the question is important, I feel that no false pride of opinion should be permitted to stand in the way of substantial justice.

A prominent attorney prudently suggests that, if the votes of women should be refused at the coming primary and the courts should ultimately decide that they had the right to vote very serious wrong would result. On the contrary, if the votes of women should be received and kept separate so that the exact number of votes cast by women, and for whom cast, could be readily ascertained, in case of contest, no serious harm could result, as such votes could, in such case be rejected if judiciously determined to be illegal, and the result of the primaries still be ascertainable.

I have, therefore concluded, under the circumstances, for the reasons stated, to recommend that the votes of women be received at the coming primary, using separate ballots and separate boxes, so that if, after the election, any interested party desires to take the question into the courts it can be conveniently done.

E. T. Young,
Attorney General.

Drainage Survey Commenced.

Thief River News: Wm. H. Burn, A. P. Meade, J. C. Hecke and George M. Heath, civil engineers connected with the U. S. geological survey, arrived in the city Tuesday morning and this week will commence the drainage survey of the ceded lands of the Red Lake Indian reservation. A second crew will arrive the latter part of this week and two crews will be kept at work until the survey is completed. A main line of levels will be run from this city to Germantown and from that place one line directly east and one line north. From this line of levels the drainage survey will be made. Lines giving the levels will be run on every quarter section of the whole reservation so that it will be possible to tell without any trouble how it will be possible to drain every foot of land. This work is of more importance to the settlers of this section than anything ever before undertaken.

Estimates of the cost of constructing a large ditch that will drain all of the Grygla and Mud lake country will also be made. Whether or not this ditch will drain the water into the Red Lake or Thief river will not be known until it is found which way the country slopes the most. The ditch of course can not be built until an appropriation is secured from congress.

Killed a Bear.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: A good-sized black bear was killed by Fred Delorme just east of the Delorme farm in Lake Pleasant Tuesday, and Mr. Delorme was here the same afternoon with the hide, which he shipped to the cities.

The bear undoubtedly came down through the woods along the river, as he was seen out west of the N. P. depot Monday by several boys from town. He probably followed the track down to the Delorme place and there met an untimely fate.

It has been a couple of years since a bear has been killed in this neighborhood, the Nauman boys having cut short the career of the last one that was bold enough to come into the haunts of civilization.

New Firm.

A new business firm was established in St. Hilaire this week and will be called Swanson & Winkler, who will deal in Post Holes, Wagon Tracks and Street Corners, with Wagon Handle Soup in connection. These two young men have a host of friends in this city who wish them well in this undertaking. They sell a much needed necessity stuff that a great many people need, and we know they will make a success of this venture because they are the only ones selling these wants long felt. They have fitted up a fine office in the third floor under the basement of Chas. Fellman's place. Their telephone number is 23 Skidoo. Call on them when in the city.

Some Land Left Yet.

A recent report of the Crookston land office shows the following amount of land still open for settlement in the several counties of the district: Beltrami, 295,400 acres; Roseau, 258,000; Marshall 43,000; Red Lake, 42,300; Kittson, 10,024; Clearwater, 1,000; Polk, 800. In addition to the above there are 327,760 acres of government land not yet surveyed, and 880,160 acres of reservation lands.

Notice for Bids.

Notice is hereby given that the clerk of Independent School District No. 102, Red Lake county, Minn., will receive bids for furnishing sixty cords dry poplar wood, same to be delivered at the schoolhouse in St. Hilaire.

Bids will be entertained for the entire sixty cords or in amounts of not less than ten cords each; also stating when delivery can be made.

Bids will be opened on Sept. 28th, 1906, and the board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Dated St. Hilaire, Minn., August 23, 1906.
K. O. Gigstad,
Clerk.

TO THE VOTERS OF RED LAKE COUNTY.

I hereby make my announcement as a republican candidate for the office of county auditor and in so doing it seems befitting to make my position clear to the voters of the county in the coming primary election.

I have resided continuously in the county for thirteen years, during which time I have affiliated with the republican party. In seeking the nomination to the office of county auditor I do so without pledging myself to any faction or local condition. I have not been asked to make pledges or promises and intend to make the run honestly and squarely, favoring neither friend nor foe.

If nominated and elected I shall perform the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner and shall do my utmost to fill the office satisfactorily.

Soliciting your support, I remain,
Very respectfully yours,
John B. O'Brien.

Has License to Drink.

A Winnipeg special to the Chicago Record-Herald says: Having paid the Dominion government $5,000 for the right to drink intoxicating liquors, Tagish Charlie, of White Horse, the Indian who discovered gold in the Klondike and reported his discovery to white men, becomes intoxicated regularly each day, is arrested, fined $25 and released for the next day's spree. Advices from the Yukon say that Charlie is spending his fortune so rapidly for liquor and in payment of fines that at the present rate he will be penniless in less than ten years.

Charlie probably is the only Indian in the Dominion who is permitted to buy intoxicants, the sale of liquors to Indians being forbidden by law. Charlie felt, however, that in consideration of his services in discovering the gold fields he should receive special privileges from the government, and his offer of $5,000 for the permission to buy liquors was accepted in recognition of his claims.

As Indians go, Charlie is very rich. His discovery of the Klondike made his fortune, which is estimated at present at about $100,000. He has no extravagant habit except of squandering his cash in drink and in paying fines. But no day passes which does not see him, hopelessly intoxicated, in the hands of the police.

Shookum Jim, his friend and former partner in the Klondike, sought a similar drinking privilege, and offered $10,000, but the offer was refused. This refusal benefits Charlie, for Jim looks after him when he is drinking, and then when the time for police interference is ripe he leaves his friend to the care of the royal Northwest mounted police.

Artificial Ice Cream.

There is no further need for ice with which to make the delicious palate-tickler so dear to the youthful heart. Some wise person has devised a way to make ice cream without the use of ice or cream. The principal ingredient is refined cottonseed oil made into an emulsion in a centrifugal machine rotating three thousand times per minute. It is flavored with vanilla glucina and nitrobenzol. This looks rather like a case for the pure food law, but as the mixture will probably be called, for advertising purposes, "cottonnitrobenzolina," it will not be affected by the law. Nothing can take the place of golden grain belt beer in the home. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

With Lightning Rapidity.

"Wonderful eye that boy of mine's got," said the proud father.

"That so?" mechanically replied the man who was trying to get away.

"You never saw such a sense of proportion," cried the proud father. "Pass that boy the cake dish and he'll spot the biggest piece on it every time."

All serious souls are better believers in immortality than we can give grounds for.—Emerson.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

—For go-carts go to Holmes Bros.

Do You Want to MAKE MONEY ?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in touch with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commission. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J. P. GONIGAM
210 Armory Blk.
OTTAWA, — ILLINOIS

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

SAVE MONEY
BY USING
MASCOT FLOUR
BETTER BREAD
and MORE OF IT.
Red Lake Falls Milling Co.
WE PURCHASE ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
Andrew Monson, Agent.

The One Essential.

"The venture doesn't seem to be panning out quite as well as it might," remarked the first schemer.

"No," the other admitted; "there is only one way that we can meet success in this thing."

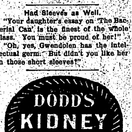
"And what's that?"

"Avoid meeting our creditors."

Had Sleeves as Well.

"Your daughter's essay on 'The Bacterial Can' is the finest of the whole class. You must be proud of her!"

"Oh, yes, Gwendolen has the intellectual germ. But didn't you like her in those short sleeves?"



CREAM and POULTRY
ASK FOR INFORMATION,
R. E. COBB, St. Paul, Minn.

-CREAM-
WE PAY CASH
THE CRESCENT CREAMERY CO
ST PAUL, MINN.

APPLES Also receive Veal, Poultry, Eggs, Etc.
H. A. Ertz, 24 East 3rd St., St. Paul.

CREAM
We pay a premium over and above regular price.
MILTON DAIRY CO., ST. PAUL
Dept. A, 17 West 9th St.

BANANAS If your grocer has not got our Ten Free Recipes write us.
B. PRESLEY CO., St. Paul, Minn.

SALESMEN WANTED.

We want a live, active and thoroughly experienced salesman in this locality with sufficient money to buy outright his first month's supply of our Simplicity Low Pressure Hollow Wire Gasoline Lights. A utility needed in every store and home and fully complying with insurance rules. To such a man we will give exclusive sales right and guarantee to refund money if goods not sold in 60 days. Further particulars on request. The Standard-Gillett Light Co., 950 N. Halsted St., Chicago, Ill.

PIMPLES
BLACKHEADS

Prevented by

Cuticura SOAP

To treat Pimples and Blackheads, Red, Rough, Oily Complexions, gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment, the Great Skin Cure, but do not rub. Wash off the Ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water, and bathe freely for some minutes. Repeat morning and evening. At other times use Cuticura Soap for bathing the face as often as agreeable. No other Skin Soap so pure, so sweet, so speedily effective.

Cuticura Soap combines delicate medicinal and emollient properties derived from Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. Two Soaps in one at one price, viz., a Medicinal and Toilet Soap. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props. Mailed Free, "How to Beautify the Skin."

Libby's Food Products

enable you to enjoy your meals without having to spend half your time between them over a hot cook-stove.

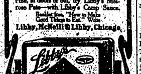
All the cooking is done in Libby's kitchen—a kitchen as clean and neat as your own, and there's nothing for you to do but enjoy the result.

Libby's Products are selected meats, cooked by cooks who know how, and only the good parts packed.

For a quick and delicious lunch any time, in doors or out, try Libby's Melrose Pate—with Libby's Camp Sauce.

Booklet free, "How to Make Good Things to Eat." Write

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago.



DO YOU WANT A JOB? Structural steel and cement crowd the railroad yards and wharves of San Francisco. The banks are over-loaded with the money of the people anxious to put it into buildings. The commonest kind of labor commands from $2.75 to $4 a day; carpenters get from $5 to $6 a day; bricklayers and plasterers from $8 to $10 a day. If you want the facts direct a letter to the BUREAU OF PUBLICITY, R. 314, Union Trust Bldg., San Francisco, and get full particulars.

TOO MANY FIGURES

TELEPHONE COMBINATIONS ARE FEARFUL AND WONDERFUL.

So Boskins, Busy Business Man, Gave Up Unequal Conflict and Installed Substitute Office Boy.

Boskins' office boy was away on a vacation last week, and Boskins undertook to answer the telephone. He is now firmly convinced that the ways of the telephone girls are past finding out. He had always been treated courteously by the sweet-voiced "hello girls," but he has come to believe that they were only making game of him.

Boskins had to call No. 2100 John several times in the daily course of business. The first day after the office boy had gone he took down the receiver with confidence.

"Give me 2100 John," he said.

"What is it?" asked the girl in a shocked voice.

"Twenty-one hundred," repeated Boskins with precision.

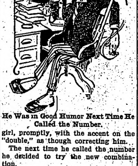
"Oh, you want two-one-naught-naught," said the girl, kindly, as she gave him the number.

Boskins felt rebuked, and he remembered the correction, storing it away for future reference. "Always say each figure separately," he told himself. "Don't attempt any fancy combinations."

He was in a good humor the next time he called the number.

"Give me two-one-naught-naught," he said.

"Two-one-double naught," said the girl, promptly, with the accent on the "double," as though correcting him.



He Was in Good Humor Next Time He Called the Number.

The next time he called the number he decided to try the new combination.

"Two-one-double naught," he said, pleasantly.

"Twenty-one-naught-naught," said the girl, and Boskins retired still more bewildered.

That afternoon he had to call the number again.

"Twenty-one naught-naught," he said, and held his breath.

"Twenty-one double-oh," corrected the girl, as she gave him the connection.

Boskins was so confused by this time that he could hardly talk. It worried him all the afternoon. He wished the office boy had not gone away. Then, in despair, he took a pencil and figured out that the number could be given in nine different ways. They were:

Twenty-one hundred.
Twenty-one-naught-naught.
Twenty-one-double naught.
Twenty-one-oh-oh.
Twenty-one-double-oh.
Two-one-naught-naught.
Two-one-double-naught.
Two-one-oh-oh.
Two-one-double oh.

Boskins studied them all over, and hope rose again within him. The next time he approached the telephone it was with an air of confidence.

"Twenty-one-oh-oh," he said. A smile played about his round face. He wondered how the telephone girl would receive this combination. It was the only one of the nine that she had not given him. There was a moment's silence after he had spoken the number. Boskins smiled at his own craftiness. This, indeed, was a Machiavellian triumph.

The girl asked him to repeat the number.

"Twenty-one-oh-oh," said Boskins, like one propounding a riddle.

"Oh, you want two-ten-naught," said the girl, brightly. Boskins weakly hung up the receiver. He thought about it a long time, and finally decided that it was useless to stake his poor wits against those of the telephone girls.

"They might have a hundred combinations, for all I know," he grumbled.

Boskins hired an office boy the next day.

Cattle with Ear-Rings.

In Belgium all cows over three months old are to be seen wearing earrings. Breeders are obliged to keep a record of all cattle raised by them, and each animal has a registered trade number, which is engraved on the ring fastened to its ear.

World's Longest Bridge.

The longest bridge in the world is the Lion bridge, near Saugong, China. It extends five and a quarter miles over an arm of the Yellow sea, and it is supported by 300 huge stone arches. The roadway is seven feet above the water and is inclosed in an iron network. Thousands of people are sometimes seen upon this bridge at a time, and when a storm suddenly breaks the sight of them running toward land is an exceedingly interesting one.

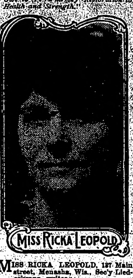
"Corpse" Sits Up at Inquest.

Trinidad, Col.—While Coroner J. E. Bowers was arranging a body found half buried in the mud of an arroyo 18 miles south of here the "corpse" suddenly sat up, looked around at the jury, and demanded: "Gentlemen, what's going on?" He said his name was James Canihan and that he was a railroad employe. He could not tell how he came to be in the arroyo. He was placed in the Trinidad jail.

The production of acetylene gas without water is now said to be possible, calcium carbide shaken with dry soda crystals being found to generate gas freely.

MISS LEOPOLD, SEC'Y LIEDERKRANZ.

Writes: "Three Years Ago My System Was In a 'Run Down' Condition. I Owe to Pe-ru-na My Restoration to Health and Strength."



MISS RICKA LEOPOLD, 137 Main street, Menasha, Wis., Sec'y Liederkranz, writes:

"Three years ago my system was in a terrible run-down condition and I was broken out all over my body. I began to be worried about my condition and I was glad to try anything which would relieve me.

"*Peruna was recommended* to me as a fine blood remedy and tonic, and I soon found that it was worthy of praise.

"A few bottles *changed my condition materially* and in a short time I was all over my trouble.

"I owe to Peruna my restoration to health and strength. I am glad to endorse it."

Pe-ru-na Restores Strength.

Mrs. Hettie Green, R. R. 6, Iuka, Ill., writes: "I had catarrh and felt miserable. I began the use of Peruna and began to improve in every way. My head does not hurt me so much, my appetite is good and I am gaining in flesh and strength."

Exactly.

The Hackman (at Niagara)—"That's the Horseshoe fall."

The Tourist (from Eden Valley)—"I see. An' thet there other one's the Horsepower falls, eh?"—Puck.

60 Bus. Winter Wheat Per Acre

That's the yield of Salzer's Red Cross Hybrid Winter Wheat. Send 2c in stamps for free sample of same, as also catalogue of Winter Wheats, Rye, Barley, Clovers, Timothy, Grasses, Bulbs, Trees, etc. for fall planting. SALZER SEED CO., Box W.K. La Crosse, Wis.

Force of Habit.

"That new farmhand of yours used to be a bookkeeper."

"How do you know?"

"Every time he stops work for a minute he tries to put the pitchfork behind his ear."

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. 30,000 testimonials of cures. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package, FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

He Had Met Him.

"When you go to New Zealand I wish you would inquire after my great-grandfather, Jeremiah Thompson."

"Certainly," said the traveler, and wherever he went he asked for news of the ancestor, but without avail.

One day he was introduced to a fine old maori of advanced age. "Did you ever meet with an Englishman named Jeremiah Thompson?" he asked. A smile passed over the Maori's face. "Meet him?" he repeated. "Why, I ate him!"

The Speedy Meter.

B-r-r-r! went the office telephone and the gas company's manager took down the receiver.

"Hallo!" said a gruff voice. "Is that the gas company I am talking to?"

"Yes. What is it?" asked the man of gas.

"Well, I wanted to know when the entries for the races must be in."

"We don't know anything about races. This is the gas company."

"Just so; but I thought you could tell me."

"But why do you ask us? What do you want to know for?"

"Oh, nothing in particular. Only I've got one of your meters here that I would like to enter, that's all."

Without a word the gas manager hung up the receiver with an angry slam.

MORE THAN MONEY.

A Minister Talks About Grape-Nuts.

"My first stomach trouble began back in 1895," writes a minister in Nebr., "resulting from hasty eating and eating too much. I found no relief from medicine and grew so bad that all food gave me great distress.

"It was that sore, gnawing, hungry feeling in my stomach that was so distressing and I became a sick man. Grape-Nuts was recommended as a food that could be easily digested.

"Leaving the old diet that had given me so much trouble, I began to eat Grape-Nuts with a little cream and sugar. The change effected in 24 hours was truly remarkable, and in a few weeks I was back to health again.

"My work as a minister calls me away from home a great deal, and recently I drifted back to fat meat and indigestible foods, which put me again on the sick list.

"So I went back to Grape-Nuts and cream and in four days I was put right again. The old dull headaches are gone, stomach comfortable, head clear, and it is a delight to pursue my studies and work.

"Grape-Nuts food is worth more than money to me, and I hope this may induce some sufferer to follow the same course I have."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason."

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

ORDERED TO LOWER RATES

GOV. JOHNSON WRITES A LETTER TO THE RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

St. Paul, Minn.—Gov. Johnson has ordered the railroad and warehouse commission to compel the three northern roads to put into effect the grain rate which they proposed as a compromise last week.

The governor is of the opinion that if these roads were willing to make a reduction of 10 per cent. on grain, which they can afford to do by their own statement, they should be compelled to do so. A letter sent by the governor to the commission is as follows:

"If the statement concerning the recent transactions before your honorable body in the matter of the rate hearing are correctly reported, I think an opportunity is afforded you of securing immediate and considerable benefit to a large portion of the people of this state.

"It appears that on the 12th inst. a credited representative of the three railway companies appeared before you and proposed to 'reduce the rates on wheat and coarse grain shipped from all parts of the State of Minnesota in excess of 100 miles from the terminal of their respective distance, 10 per cent from the tariff now in force.'

"The proposal was, however, coupled with the condition that the merchandise rates under discussion, so far as they relate to the tariff now in force, on said lines of railway, shall be continued in force and the proceedings with reference to the same shall be dismissed.

"It further appears that representatives of other roads objected to the acceptance of this proposal by the commission upon the ground that the effect would be to disturb the rate on their roads. I think every one must agree that you were clearly right in refusing to entertain the proposal of the three companies, but the fact having been made and the manner in which it was presented suggests to my mind that we should be able to secure reduced rates on grain before the present crop is moved without in any manner interfering with the general investigation of rates now being made by your board.

Make Lower Rates.

"By their own statement the three companies can afford to make a material reduction in grain rates and they should be compelled to do so without delay.

"The demand that the present inquiry into rates be suspended could not, of course, be entertained, inasmuch as that proceeding is in accordance with instructions given you by the last legislature in a joint resolution.

"There is no reason for presuming that the inquiry being conducted before you will result in any injustice to the railway companies concerned. If it should, the courts are open to them for the purpose of having the same corrected, and they should be willing to abide by the decision of the same tribunal which passes not only upon every possible conceivable right of the individual citizen, but upon questions of life and death. It is a startling and audacious proposal that your board should forbear continuing an inquiry which you have commenced pursuant to legislative instructions, and a suggestion made on behalf of the railroads other than the three making the proposal, that such a reduction would disturb their rates, is equally preposterous.

"The people of one portion of the state should not continue to pay excessive rates in order that the symmetry of the rates enforced upon some other portion of the state should be maintained. I request, therefore, that you take steps that may be available and as the attorney of this state may advise you are sufficient, for the purpose of securing to the people of this state a reduction in rates upon coarse grains by the three roads I have mentioned.

"Pending the decision of the board upon the question of merchandise rates, nor should such reduction be limited to shipments originated from 100 miles from the terminals, or if you should be advised that such action is not feasible, that the scope of the present inquiry be so enlarged as to include not only the propriety of the present rates on merchandise, but also commodity rates in this state generally.

"In conclusion I desire to assure you of my hearty co-operation in any effort you may make to secure more equal and just railway rates to the people of this state. Very respectfully,

"John A. Johnson, Governor."

Pioneer Passes Away.

St. Paul, Aug. 19.—James T. McMillan, aged sixty-seven, and one of St. Paul's pioneer citizens, died yesterday morning. He came to St. Paul in 1870 and was the first man to establish a packing plant in this city.

Killed by Street Car.

Minneapolis, Aug. 19.—While on his way home from work, last evening, Fred Krouse was run into by a supply car on the street railway tracks at Fourth street and Seventh avenue south, and was so badly crushed that he died at the city hospital.

Neary Defeats Herrera.

Milwaukee, Aug. 19.—Charley Neary of Milwaukee defeated Aurelio Herrera of Bakersfield, Cal., in the seventh round of an eight-round bout before the Badger Athletic club.

Mutual Trustees Sued.

New York, Aug. 19.—Complaints in suits involving an accounting of sums aggregating several millions of dollars were served by the Mutual Life Insurance company upon three of its former trustees, Robert Olliphant, James C. Holden and Charles J. Miller, who constituted the expenditures commission of the McCurdy administration.

Bolt Kills Farmer's Son.

Winnipeg, Aug. 19.—William Dendst, son of a Carberry farmer, was struck by lightning and killed.

GOOD COLORS FOR HOUSES.

It is not generally known—not even among painters—why certain tints and colors wear much better than others on houses and the knowledge of just what tints are best to use is, therefore, rather hazy.

One writer on paint, in a recent book, says that experiments seem to show that those colors which resist or turn back the heat rays of the sun, will protect a house better than those which allow these rays to pass through the film.

Thus red is a good color because it turns back, or reflects, the red rays, and the red rays are the hot rays.

In general, therefore, the warm tones are good and the cold tones are poor, so far as wear is concerned. In choosing the color of paint for your house, select reds, browns, grays and olives which, considering the various tones these tints will produce, will give a wide range from which to choose.

Avoid the harsh tints, such as cold yellows (like lemon), cold greens (like grass green, etc.), and the blues.

It must be understood that no virtue is claimed for tints in themselves, irrespective of the materials used in the paint. Any color will fade, and the paint will scale off, if adulterated white lead or canned paint is used, but if one is careful to use the best white lead—some well-known brand of a reliable manufacturer—and genuine linseed oil, the warm tints mentioned above will outwear the same materials tinted with the cold colors.

Poser for Meat Eaters.

James B. Reynolds, famous in the packing house exposures, said of vegetarianism in Washington:

"Vegetarianism is the more logical as well as the more comely and humane dietary, isn't it?

"Vegetarianism's superiority from the human and the logical point of view was once indicated to me by a child in New York.

"While I was engaged in settlement work in New York, a little child in one of the classes asked:

"'Why do we kill lions an' tigers?'

"'Oh, said I, 'that is because the bad lions and tigers kill the dear little sheep.'

"'Why, then,' said the child, 'don't we kill the butchers?'"

DOCTOR CURED OF ECZEMA.

Maryland Physician Cures Himself—Dr. Fisher Says: "Cuticura Remedies Possess True Merit."

My face was afflicted with eczema in the year 1897. I used the Cuticura Remedies and was entirely cured. I am a practicing physician, and very often prescribe Cuticura Resolvent and Cuticura Soap in cases of eczema, and they have cured where other formulas have failed. I am not in the habit of indorsing patent medicines, but when I find remedies possessing true merit, such as the Cuticura Remedies do, I am broad-minded enough to proclaim their virtues to the world. I have been practicing medicine for sixteen years, and must say I find your remedies A No. 1. You are at liberty to publish this letter. G. M. Fisher, M. D., Big Pool, Md., May 24, 1905."

Fortunately They Don't.

If all the larvae of the common fly came to maturity and nothing happened to cut down the maximum natural rate of increase, one pair of insects might multiply to 100,000,000, according to eminent scientific authorities, in a single half year of warm weather.

There's Money for You

In selling the famous Security Line of Petticoats, Dress Skirts and Shirt Waist materials. One bright woman wanted in each locality, for exclusive territory. Souvenir booklet and full information on application to the Security Co., Weedsport, N. Y.

Nearer Right.

"I understand he died of complication of diseases."

"I don't know; all I know is there was a consultation of physicians at his bedside, and he passed away while they were disputing."

"Then it would be nearer right to say that he died of a complication of physicians."

Fairbanks Scales.

During 1905 over forty million head of live stock were received at the ten principal stock markets in the U. S. and all weighed on FAIRBANKS SCALES.

What does the above fact mean? Just think of it. Write for free catalog, St. 162. FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., St. Paul.

A new theory is that yawning is good exercise. We know a man who is running a physical culture school every time he tells a story, then.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES color more goods, brighter colors, with less work than others.

Good looking girls are born, but most good looking women are self-made.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The man who aims at nothing generally hits it.

WANTED
BY THE DULUTH STREET RAILWAY COMPANY
CONDUCTORS and MOTORMEN

Now is the time for men who desire permanent positions as Conductors and Motormen to apply. Our extra list is very short and men who apply now will secure regular runs in a much shorter time than if they apply several weeks later. Any honest, able-bodied man between the age of 25 and 40 years, with a common school education and ordinary intelligence, can learn to be a Conductor or Motorman in a very short time, and if application is made now will be likely to obtain a regular run very soon.

The wages paid are 20c an hour at the start, 21c an hour after two years' service, and 22c an hour after five years' service. Men can earn fairly good wages while on the extra list, and when they obtain a regular run can earn from $60 to $70 per month.

Conductors and Motormen at this season of the year can get as much work as they want while on the extra list, and when they obtain a regular run they have a permanent job and regular hours the year round, which will last as long as they conduct themselves properly.

Apply at the office of the company, Eleventh Avenue West and Michigan Street, Duluth Minn., at 9 o'clock a. m., or address D. C. MOORE, Superintendent.

Badges-Banners-Buttons.
Western Badge & Novelty Co., John A. Lethert, Prop., 357 Minnesota Street, St. Paul.

S&R Send for Our Free Harness Booklet
If you are about to buy a harness, don't fail to write us to-day, or ask your dealer to show you our line.
SCHEFFER & ROSSUM CO., St. Paul, Minn.

TRUNKS
Suit Cases, Bags and Telescopes.
C. L. BISENIUS TRUNK CO., ST. PAUL.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed-
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE LAXATIVE OF KNOWN QUALITY

There are two classes of remedies; those of known quality and which are permanently beneficial in effect, acting gently, in harmony with nature, when nature needs assistance; and another class, composed of preparations of unknown, uncertain and inferior character, acting temporarily, but injuriously, as a result of forcing the natural functions unnecessarily. One of the most exceptional of the remedies of known quality and excellence is the ever pleasant Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., which represents the active principles of plants, known to act most beneficially, in a pleasant syrup, in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to contribute their rich, yet delicate, fruity flavor. It is the remedy of all remedies to sweeten and refresh and cleanse the system gently and naturally, and to assist one in overcoming constipation and the many ills resulting therefrom. Its active principles and quality are known to physicians generally, and the remedy has therefore met with their approval, as well as with the favor of many millions of well informed persons who know of their own personal knowledge and from actual experience that it is a most excellent laxative remedy. We do not claim that it will cure all manner of ills, but recommend it for what it really represents, a laxative remedy of known quality and excellence, containing nothing of an objectionable or injurious character.

There are two classes of purchasers; those who are informed as to the quality of what they buy and the reasons for the excellence of articles of exceptional merit, and who do not lack courage to go elsewhere when a dealer offers an imitation of any well known article; but, unfortunately, there are some people who do not know, and who allow themselves to be imposed upon. They cannot expect its beneficial effects if they do not get the genuine remedy.

To the credit of the druggists of the United States be it said that nearly all of them value their reputation for professional integrity and the good will of their customers too highly to offer imitations of the

Genuine—Syrup of Figs

manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., and in order to buy the genuine article and to get its beneficial effects, one has only to note, when purchasing, the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package. Price, 50c. per bottle. One size only.

ESTABLISHED 1879.
WOODWARD & CO.
Minneapolis GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1906. NUMBER 7.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

KILL THIRTY-TWO IN ATTEMPT TO MURDER PREMIER

CAMPAIGN OF ASSASSINATION IS BEGUN IN EARNEST IN RUSSIA.

GEN. MIN IS ASSASSINATED

SHOT BY MERE GIRL IN DEPOT AT PETERHOF—THREATEN MORE SLAUGTER.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 28.—Thirty-two persons are dead and thirty-one wounded as the result of an attempt Saturday afternoon to assassinate Premier Stolypin with a bomb, while he was holding a public reception at his country house on Aptekarsky island.

Among the dead are Gen. Zamatin, the premier's personal secretary; M. Khovstoff, former governor of the province of Penza; Col. Federoff, chief of the premier's personal guard; Court Chamberlain Davidoff, Court Chamberlain Veronin, Prince Nakashidge, Police Officer Konunzeff, Aide Doubasoff, four women, two children, several guards and several servants.

The wounded included M. Stolypin's daughter and three-year-old son, who are seriously, though not fatally, injured, and a number of persons prominent in the social and official world.

Two Terrorists Killed.

Of the four conspirators who engineered the outrage, two were killed with their victims, while the third, who acted as coachman for the party, and the fourth, who remained inside the carriage, were wounded.

The authors of the outrage drove up to the premier's residence after the list of visitors had been closed.

The servants refused them admission, at which they attempted to force an entrance to the house.

Struggle With Assassin.

A struggle ensued at the entrance to the ante-room adjoining the reception room, during which the terrorist, disguised as a gendarme, dropped a bomb, which exploded, destroying the ante-room, the adjoining guard room, part of the reception room and also the balcony of the first floor. The premier, who was receiving visitors in a private room, was not injured. The principal loss of life occurred in the ante-room.

Gen. Min Assassinated.

Saturday's unsuccessful attempt on the life of Premier Stolypin, with its sickening useless slaughter of thirty-two persons, was followed last night by another revolutionary outrage, in which Gen. Min, commander of the Seminovsky guard regiment, and who, since his promotion to be general, has been attached as a personal adjutant to the suite of the emperor, was killed on the station platform at Peterhof by a young woman, who fired five shots into his body from an automatic revolver, and then, without resistance, submitted to arrest.

This was the third successive attempt on the life of Gen. Min, who was condemned to death by the terrorists immediately after the Moscow revolt last December on account of the stern repression practiced by a battalion under his command, and especially for the wholesale execution of persons condemned by drumhead court-martial for being caught with arms in their hands.

Assassin a Mere Girl.

Gen. Min was returning from his summer residence at Peterhof and had just greeted his wife and daughter on the platform when a young woman—almost a girl—approached from behind and fired two shots into his back and then three more into his body as it sank to the ground. Further shots were prevented by Mme. Min, who threw herself upon the murderess and seized the hand which held the pistol. The woman did not attempt to escape, but she cautioned Mme. Min not to touch a handbag which she had placed on the platform before shooting the general, explaining that it contained a bomb.

To the police the girl acknowledged that she had done the deed, saying she had executed the sentence of the fighting organization of the Social Revolutionists, but she refused to give her name.

Threaten More Slaughter.

The central committee of the Social Revolutionists has drawn up a proclamation which declares that unless the government forthwith alters its policy, such acts as the attempt on Premier Stolypin's life will be pursued to the utmost and government representatives will be killed by hundreds.

COVERS CLAIMS AT BANK.

Man Sends $40,000 to Milwaukee Avenue Institution.

Chicago, Aug. 28.—Francis S. Peabody of this city sent a check for $40,000 to the receiver of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank to cover every claim held against him at the bank, whether in the form of genuine or forged papers. Peabody's action was taken through sympathy for victims of the bank and a desire to bring about a speedy adjustment of the bank's affairs.

HARD BLOW TO CUBAN REBELS

INSURGENTS SUFFER WORST DISASTER THEY HAVE YET SUSTAINED.

Havana, Aug. 29.—At the moment yesterday when the government was issuing its proclamation offering pardon to rebels who would lay down their arms its forces were dealing the most telling blow that has yet been struck against the insurgents in the field. For several days it had been stated that Gen. Guzman's force of insurgents, which was variously estimated at from 200 upwards, contemplated an attack on Cienfuegos. Col. Valle, with a detachment of rural guards and volunteers, was dispatched to Cienfuegos for the purpose of engaging Guzman and breaking up the band.

Big Disaster to Rebels.

The encounter of the two forces yesterday resulted in the worst disaster which the insurgents have sustained up to this time. They lost seventeen men killed and many wounded, while the loss to the government was one man killed. The government is without further particulars of the fight.

That the insurrection is in a shaky condition seems to be a fact, although the end may not be as near as members of the government profess to believe. Ex-Congressman Faustino (Pino) Guerra, the insurgent leader operating in the province of Pinar del Rio, in a signed statement declares that he is as

Determined as Ever

that the last presidential election shall be annulled before there can be peace in Cuba. That Guerra's force of 2,000 men is well armed and supplied with ammunition and food is amply verified. Their greatest drawback now is the lack of money; but the people of the western part of Pinar del Rio are furnishing them with all the supplies needed, taking in return orders on the "Cuban government," and in many cases refusing to accept any consideration.

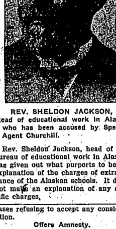
Offers Amnesty.

The government's offer of amnesty, which was issued yesterday afternoon, is variously received. It is impossible to say what its effect will be.

The foreign element, including many Americans, criticise the offer of amnesty as a weak and disappointing action, showing a desire for peace at any price and a willingness to sacrifice the possibility of future security to a present expediency.

Rebels Go Home.

A considerable number of insurgents are known to be returning quietly to their homes in the province of Havana and in the eastern part of the province of Pinar del Rio. In the latter province the situation remains unchanged. Guerra knows nothing of the offer of amnesty, and if he did it is altogether unlikely that it would affect his course materially. At present there is every reason for expecting that Guerra will hold out for some time to come. The district in which he is operating is inhabited by Liberals who are practically all tentative if not active sympathizers with the insurrection.



REV. SHELDON JACKSON,
Head of educational work in Alaska who has been accused by Special Agent Churchill.

Rev. Sheldon Jackson, head of the bureau of educational work in Alaska, has given out what purports to be an explanation of the charges of extravagance of the Alaskan schools. It does not make an explanation of any specific charges.

RESPITE GRANTED.

Mrs. Aggie Myers Will Not Be Hanged Sept. 3.

Jefferson City, Mo., Aug. 29.—Gov. Folk has granted another respite to Mrs. Aggie Myers, convicted and sentenced to be hanged Sept. 3 for the murder of her husband in Kansas City.

Shoots Off Top of Head.

Minnewaukon, N. D., Aug. 29.—Ira G. Jones, foreman in the composing room of the North Dakota Siftings, committed suicide by shooting off the top of his head with a shotgun. No motive is known for the act.

NIGHT OPERATOR MURDERED.

Crime Without Apparent Motive Is Discovered by Conductor.

South Bend, Ind., Aug. 29.—Lloyd Gynes of Windsor, Ont., night operator for the Michigan Central railroad at Gallen, Mich., was found dead at his post early yesterday by the conductor of a passing train. Gynes had apparently been murdered, being shot through the eye and breast. The motive is not known. Seventy dollars and a gold watch, which were on Gynes' person, were not touched.

GOVERNOR OF WARSAW KILLED

LATEST VICTIM OF THE CAMPAIGN OF ASSASSINATION IN RUSSIA.

ATTEMPT ON CZAR THWARTED

MAN WITH BOMB IN BASKET OF FRUIT CAUGHT IN PALACE GROUNDS.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 29.—In spite of the menace of active war by the terrorists against those high in authority, an earnest of which was the slaying of Acting Governor General von Liarliarsky at Warsaw yesterday, Emperor Nicholas and the empress quitted the shelter of the palace inclosure at Peterhof yesterday afternoon to attend a funeral mass over the body of Gen. Min in the Peterhof camp, a considerable distance from the palace; but the precautions for the protection of the imperial family were adequate, and the sovereigns returned to the palace without incident.

Attempt Czar's Life.

Revolution by revolt is dead; revolution by terrorism is revived. Such is the situation in Russia to-day.

A frustrated attempt by revolutionists, armed with bombs, to kill the czar at the same time the attack was made on the premier; the attempt on the life of Premier Stolypin, with its frightful results; the shooting of Gen. Min, an adjutant of the czar's personal staff; the assassination of Gen. von Liarliarski, military governor general of Warsaw; the plot

To Kill Gen. Kaulbars

at Odessa, which miscarried through the nervousness of the girl who carried the bomb—all within forty-eight hours—appear to be part of a gigantic plot involving the lives of all heads of the government from the czar downward. Since the czar dissolved the douma, he no longer enjoys immunity from the terrorists.

Prior to the dissolution of that body the reds did not want the czar killed. Now his name heads the list of those marked for slaughter.

Czar Has Narrow Escape.

Simultaneously with the attack upon Premier Stolypin's villa Saturday, an attempt was made to enter Peterhof palace and kill the czar.

The attempt proved unsuccessful, for the palace guards, cautioned to observe unusual vigilance, arrested one of the two would-be assassins near the palace wall, where he was crouching waiting to effect an entrance. He was armed with a bomb concealed in a basket of fruit. Later his accomplice was found inside the park, crouching under the branches of a fir tree. Both men were quickly identified as notorious members of the Moscow terrorists.

OIL MEN WANT DISTILLERIES.

Plan to Get Control of the Principal Distilleries in the United States.

Peoria, Ill., Aug. 29.—The Standard Oil company has taken steps toward acquiring ownership of all the principal distilling plants in the United States.

This announcement was made in distilling circles yesterday and came as a surprise to those who were unaware that a conference had been held in Chicago between representatives of the distilling interests and the Standard Oil company for the purpose of trying to agree on terms.

A price has been set on every distillery in Peoria, trust and independent house, and the present indications are that the deal will be effected and all plants pass into the hands of the Standard Oil company within ten days.

Verifies the Story.

Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 28.—Terre Haute distillers returned yesterday from Chicago, where the monthly meeting of both trust and independent distillers was held. It is stated by local owners of distilleries that attorneys for the Standard Oil company have approached distillers, asking them if they would entertain a proposition to buy their plants. Practically all have replied in the affirmative. It is the opinion of the distillers here that the Standard made the overtures with the probable intention of engaging largely in the manufacture of denatured alcohol.

RED HAT TALK IS REVIVED.

University Rector at Rome in the Interest of Archbishop Ireland.

Rome, Aug. 29.—Dr. Dennis O'Connell, rector of the Catholic university at Washington, has been helped by Cardinal Serafino Vannutell to come to Rome for the purpose of urging the conferment of a red hat upon Archbishop Ireland.

Noted Raider Dead.

Oak Grove, Mo., Aug. 29.—Capt. J. Frank Gregg, who for the first half of the civil war was in Gen. Joe Shelby's command, but who later was with Quantrell, the raider, and is said to have been in the famous raid at Lawrence, Kan., died at his home at Grain Valley, near here.

Train Kills Two Girls.

Freeport, Ill., Aug. 29.—A Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul train yesterday afternoon struck a buggy at Rock City, killing two girls.

COMPANY SHORT $7,000,000

HEAVY LOANS ON INSUFFICIENT SECURITY CAUSES THE FAILURE.

Philadelphia, Aug. 30.—The Real Estate Trust company, organized in 1885; the depositary of nearly a million of dollars of the funds of the Presbyterian church; and holding $300,000 of the city of Philadelphia and $175,000 of state deposits, yesterday closed its doors. The failure was caused by heavy loans made by the late president, Frank E. Hipple, to Adolf Segal, a promoter, on insufficient security. A desperate effort was made to save the institution by the board of directors through an appeal to the Clearing House association, but that body declined to subscribe a guarantee fund of $7,000,000 because of insufficient security.

Receiver Is Appointed.

The liabilities are placed at $10,000,000, with quick assets of $3,500,000 and doubtful collateral amounting to $8,000,000.

George H. Earle, Jr., president of the Finance Company of Pennsylvania, was appointed receiver, and in a statement to the public he expresses the hope that he may soon be able to recommend a plan to the depositors that will better serve their interests and terminate his services.

How far Hipple benefited in the loans made, or whether he was merely the tool of others, is yet to be determined.

Made False Statements.

President Hipple was always regarded as a conservative financier, but following his sudden death last Friday an investigation by the directors developed the fact that his loans to Segal had been made regardless of proper security, and that he had made false statements to the directors of the bank's condition. Friends of the president express the belief that Segal exercised a hypnotic influence over Mr. Hipple.

Although the cause of Mr. Hipple's death was given by his physician and the coroner as cerebral hemorrhage, it is intimated that he may have committed suicide.

BIG RECEPTION FOR BRYAN.

Program Is Announced by the Committee for Thursday's Function.

New York, Aug. 30.—The program of the reception to be accorded to William Jennings Bryan on his arrival in this city on Thursday was given out by the reception committee last night.

The official reception will begin with the arrival of Col. Bryan at Pier A, North river, at 4 p. m. Thursday. He will be met there by a subcommittee, headed by the chairman of the reception committee, Gov. Folk of Missouri. He will be welcomed by Acting Mayor McGowan in behalf of the city of New York.

Arriving at the hotel, a special committee, consisting of five members of the reception committee from each state, will receive Col. Bryan. Then will follow the general reception, after which Col. Bryan will spend the time in informal discussions until 7 o'clock, when he will retire to his private apartments to make ready to go to the garden at 7:45 o'clock.

It has been arranged, in order to accommodate those unable to gain admission to the garden, to hold an overflow meeting in Madison Square Park.

MILLIONS FOR FRISCO.

Insurance Companies Have Paid $55,000,000 to Policyholders.

San Francisco, Aug. 30.—Thirty-five insurance companies out of the 120 involved in the San Francisco disaster, have paid in the aggregate $55,103,863.22, according to their office records, to date.

Some of the larger concerns have made heavy payments. The Royal of Liverpool is credited with $3,804,000.41; the Hartford with $3,013,705; the New York Underwriters with $3,495,787, the Aetna of Hartford is down for $3,126,502, and the Liverpool and London and Globe for $3,721,258. Six companies have paid upwards of $2,000,000 apiece, while an equal number have exceeded $1,000,000.

FIRE IN OIL FIELDS.

Boiler Explosion Sets Fire to Storage Tanks and Derricks.

Beaumont, Tex., Aug. 30.—A boiler exploded in the Keith Ward tract, at Spindle Top, setting fire to oil storage tanks and derricks. Fifteen have already burned and the fire is spreading. The best wells in the field are in this tract.

The fire, which started in the southwestern end of the old tract leased by the Sunset Oil company on Spindle Top, swept over six acres of the field, and, while still burning, is believed to be under control. As near as can be estimated the damage will not exceed $50,000.

DROWNED IN DRY CREEK BED.

Cloudburst Brings Rush of Waters That Engulfs Man.

Miles City, Mont., Aug. 30.—Caught in the dry bed of a creek by a sudden rush of waters caused by a cloudburst further up the stream, W. F. March, a herder for Loesch Bros., was swept away and drowned. The wagon and horses, together with the dead body of March, were found several miles below the place at which he had been attempting to cross the creek when caught.

INDICTS OIL TRUST ON 6,428 COUNTS

FEDERAL GRAND JURIES ACCUSE TRUST OF ACCEPTING REBATES.

MINIMUM FINE IS $6,428,000

ALL RECORDS ARE BROKEN BY THE SIZE OF THE INDICTMENT.

Chicago, Aug. 30.—Ten indictments, containing in all 6,428 separate counts, have been returned against the Standard Oil company by the two grand juries that for several weeks have been investigating in Chicago the relations between the oil company and the railroads of the country.

Each count in the indictments, all of which are almost identical, charges a separate offense against the United States government and contrary to the Elkins law, in that the oil company is accused of having unlawfully accepted rebates on shipments of oil from the various railroads mentioned.

The law provides that in case the defendant is found guilty a minimum fine of $1,000 may be assessed or a maximum penalty of $20,000 for each offense. This would make the Standard Oil company liable to a maximum penalty in case of conviction of $128,560,000, while the minimum fine that can be assessed under the law is $6,428,000.

All Records Broken.

All records are broken by the size of the indictment returned by the two grand juries, and the document upon which the oil company must stand is the most voluminous ever returned by a grand jury.

For the past two weeks twenty-five extra stenographers have been employed by the district attorney in filling in dates, car numbers, name of oil and other data contained in the indictments, while a corps of messenger boys have been kept busy carrying proofs, revises and re-revises between the attorney's office and the printer.

Seven Roads Mentioned.

Seven railroads are mentioned in connection with the indictments, but no charges are made against any of these. All of the roads are mentioned in connection with giving the Standard a lower rate on oil than was published and allowed other oil dealers.

With the return of the indictments yesterday it is believed that the investigation of the relations between the Standard Oil company and the railroads entering Chicago is ended. It is thought, however, that District Attorney Morrison, who retires next Friday to become special attorney for the government in anti-trust prosecutions, together with his assistant, Frank B. Kellogg of St. Paul will proceed against the company under the Sherman anti-trust act.

LAWSON HAUNTS WIFE'S BIER.

Broker Sits All Day Beside Unburied Body of Beloved Spouse.

Boston, Aug. 30.—Refusing to be comforted for the loss of his wyife, who was his chum for nearly thirty years, Thomas W. Lawson sits all day beside the unburied body at his magnificent estate, Dreamwold, in Scituate, and paces the floor of his bedroom most of the night. Each morning he covers the hermetically sealed coffin with flowers, and then remains with it until dark, alone and silent.

His grief is heartrending and shows no sign of being less acute to-day than the day his wife died suddenly, nearly a month ago. He has abandoned business completely, having left all his vast interests on "the street" to his private secretary, Edward F. McSweeney, and all attempts to induce him to resume his activities are failures.

After Mrs. Lawson's funeral in Boston Mr. Lawson had the body taken to Dreamwold, and there placed in the living room of the little English cottage on the grounds which Mrs. Lawson had named "The Nest." There it remains, Mr. Lawson refusing to permit its burial. All his daughters are with him, and his son Arnold is also at Dreamwold. Scarcely any others are permitted within the grounds.

Denies Whisky Corner.

New York, Aug. 30.—W. F. Elliott, general counsel of the Standard Oil company, when shown a telegram to the effect that Standard Oil had taken steps to acquire all the principal distilleries in the United States, as the result of the passage of the denatured alcohol law by congress, said: "The Standard Oil company has taken no steps in this direction, nor will it."

Child Is Given Poison.

Twin Bridges, Mont., Aug. 30.—The infant son of William Dean, a ranchman residing two miles north of Iron Rod station, died last evening from the effects of a dose of poison administered to it by mistake.

Two Drowned.

Fredonia, Kan., Aug. 30.—Dewitt Adams, aged twenty-seven, and Miss Carroll Jones, aged seventeen, while returning from church near here, were drowned in attempting to ford Fall river.

SIX ARE DROWNED IN STORM

STEAMER PRINCESS IS WRECKED IN FIERCE GALE ON LAKE WINNIPEG.

West Selkirk, Man., Aug. 30.—News reached here yesterday afternoon by the steamer City of Selkirk of the wreck of the steamer Princess on Sunday between George's and Swampy islands on Lake Winnipeg. Six of the crew were drowned.

The Princess left Poplar Point with a cargo of fresh fish at 4:30 on Saturday. The sea was not rough, but the wind shifted around to the north and the sea, after passing George's island, grew very rough and continued to get worse. After being about three hours past that island the boat began to leak and all efforts to keep the water down failed. The water smothered the engine fire and the boat was left at the mercy of the waves, which seemed to break clear over her.

Six Lives Lost.

The sea swept over all on board. Six were drowned, but the other sixteen escaped.

After battling with the waves for three hours the wrecked party landed on a reef, where they were taken off two days later by the City of Selkirk, after suffering from exposure and lack of food.

MAKES THREAT; KILLS SELF.

Miner Ends Life With Revolver on Street Corner.

Butte, Mont., Aug. 30.—Despondency, believed to be due to overindulgence in drink, caused John A. Koski, a twenty-one year old miner, to commit suicide in a sensational manner at the corner of Main and Quartz streets last night.

The shooting took place in the presence of half a dozen men who were standing in front of a saloon. Koski was with a friend, who was endeavoring to get him to go home. The two men were standing parleying, when suddenly Koski whipped out a revolver and said:

"I will kill you, too, if you don't look out," at the same time flashing the weapon in the face of his friend. The latter staggered back, and before he could recover his balance Koski had turned the weapon toward himself and had fired a bullet through his head. He died soon after being taken to the hospital.

CUCUMBER TEN FEET LONG.

Proposed Blackduck Fair Exhibit May Be Bigger Now.

Bemidji, Aug. 30.—What is said to be the largest cucumber in existence is to be exhibited at the Blackduck fair next week. I. G. Townsend, chairman of the executive committee at Blackduck, vouches for the dimensions of this monster of the vegetable kingdom, which he gives at ten feet two inches long and six inches in diameter. At least that was its size when he visited Tenstrike last week, but as the "cuke" had not been cut from the vines and has been growing night and day since then it is difficult to say what proportions it may have attained by the time the fair is on.

CALLS BOY IRRESPONSIBLE.

Mother of Young Patricide Visits Him in Police Station.

Spokane, Wash., Aug. 30.—Mental irresponsibility is to be the defense of Sydney Sloane, the seventeen-year-old boy who killed his father, James F. Sloane Tuesday. The defense will try to show that the young man is a mental infant and entirely undeveloped morally.

Mrs. Sloane visited her son in the office of the chief of police yesterday. The mother shed a few tears, but made no other show of emotion. The boy came from the conference with dry eyes and with his hands in his pockets.

KILL BEAR NEAR CROOKSTON.

Bruin Invades Field Where Boys Are Harvesting.

Crookston, Minn., Aug. 30.—Nine miles southeast of Crookston Ed, Frank and C. W. Ellinger and M. Miller and Al Jensen succeeded in landing a 350-pound black bear after a wild chase of five or six miles. The skin and carcass of the bear were brought into the city this morning and were sold. The boys were working in the harvest field and the horses were badly frightened when the bear reared up before them. It is an unusual thing to find a bear in this locality.

CRUSHED BY FARM ENGINE.

Man Pinned Against Thresher When Traction Machine Backs.

Menomonie, Wis., Aug. 30.—Walter Sipple, nineteen years old, is dead of injuries received by being crushed between a traction engine and a threshing machine. The engine in going up a hill backed a trifle and caught Sipple between it and the heavy thresher, crushing him about the abdomen. Another boy who was riding on the machine escaped serious injury.

Boy Camper Shot Dead.

Bemidji, Minn., Aug. 30.—Fred Wheeler, fourteen years old, son of A. T. Wheeler of this city, accidentally shot himself with a shotgun while camping with other boys a few miles south of this city.

Oldest Master Mason.

Rockford, Ill., Aug. 30.—Otis Eddy, the oldest living master Mason in the world, celebrated the one hundred and second anniversary of his birth here. Mr. Eddy became a Mason more than eighty years ago.

BACKACHE IS KIDNEYACHE.

Get at the Cause—Cure the Kidneys.

Don't neglect backache. It warns you of trouble in the kidneys. Avert the danger by curing the kidneys with Doan's Kidney Pills. J. A. Haywood, a well known resident of Lufkin, Tex., says: "I wrenched my back working in a sawmill, was laid up six weeks, and from that time had pain in my back whenever I stooped or lifted. The urine was badly disordered and for a long time I had attacks of gravel. After I began using Doan's Kidney Pills the gravel passed out, and my back got well. I haven't had backache or bladder trouble since."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

He's a mean man who will try to work off a bad quarter on his better half.

BABY COVERED WITH SORES.

Would Scratch and Tear the Flesh Unless Hands Were Tied—"Would Have Died But for Cuticura."

"My little son, when about a year and a half old, began to have sores come out on his face. I had a physician treat him, but the sores grew worse. Then they began to come on his arms, and on other parts of his body, and then one came on his chest, worse than the others. Then I called another physician. Still he grew worse. At the end of about a year and a half of suffering he grew so bad I had to tie his hands in cloths at night to keep him from scratching the sores and tearing the flesh. He got to be a mere skeleton, and was hardly able to walk. My aunt advised me to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I sent to the drug store and got a cake of the Soap and a box of the Ointment, and at the end of about two months the sores were all well. He has never had any sores of any kind since. He is now strong and healthy, and I can sincerely say that only for your most wonderful remedies my precious child would have died from those terrible sores. Mrs. Egbert Sheldon, R. F. D. No. 1, Woodville, Conn., April 22, 1905."

ARTIFICIAL WOOD.

Attempts Made to Produce It From Peat Fibers.

Frequent attempts have been made to use peat as raw material for the manufacture of artificial wood. The material must, for this purpose, be fully reduced to a fibrous condition, so as to produce a fibrous and a mealy mass. This mixture is mixed with an emulsion of two parts by measure of plaster of paris and ten to twelve of water; and is subjected for considerable time to heavy hydraulic pressure in molds, then artificially dried, polished and oiled, painted and varnished.

A more simple process is to wash the peat, without destroying its natural fibrous state, and to mix the resulting moist mass with a mixture of hydrated lime and an aluminium compound (as, for instance, aluminium sulphate), and press it in molds for a short time in the moist state, after which the resulting plates are allowed to harden in the air. The resultant product needs only a comparatively low pressure, and this for only a short time; and is then set out to dry in the air. The resulting artificial wood is not hygroscopinc, and in order to use it for open air work needs no painting or further impregnation. In view of the fact that the pressing operation takes only a few minutes, considerable quantities can be manufactured in comparatively small space of time.—Scientific American.

GOOD NIGHT'S SLEEP.

No Medicine so Beneficial to Brain and Nerves.

Lying awake nights makes it hard to keep awake and do things in day time. To take "tonics and stimulants" under such circumstances is like setting the house on fire to see if you can put it out.

The right kind of food promotes refreshing sleep at night and a wide awake individual during the day.

A lady changed from her old way of eating, to Grape-Nuts, and says:

"For about three years I had been a great sufferer from indigestion. After trying several kinds of medicine, the doctor would ask me to drop off potatoes, then meat, and so on, but in a few days that craving, gnawing feeling would start up, and I would vomit everything I ate and drank.

"When I started on Grape-Nuts, vomiting stopped, and the bloating feeling which was so distressing disappeared entirely.

"My mother was very much bothered with diarrhea before commencing the Grape-Nuts, because her stomach was so weak she could not digest her food. Since using Grape-Nuts she is well, and says she don't think she could live without it.

"It is a great brain restorer and nerve builder, for I can sleep as sound and undisturbed after a supper of Grape-Nuts as in the old days when I could not realize what they meant by a "bad stomach." There is no medicine so beneficial to nerves and brain as a good night's sleep, such as you can enjoy after eating Grape-Nuts."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason."

LOW RATES

FARM LOANS

We make Farm Loans at Lowest Rates of Interest with Optional Payments. If title is good you can get your money the same day you make application. We do business quick. No six weeks or months to wait. No deal is too large for us to handle nor too small for us to give its careful attention: : : : :

Give us a Call.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

Officers:

C. L. Hansen	President
Daniel Patterson	Vice-Pres.
A. D. Stephens	2nd Vice-Pres.
K. O. Gigstad	Cashier

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar 11:10am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"

and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of

THE FAMOUS

MATT. J. JOHNSON'S 6088

RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE

you are not satisfied with results.

This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.

For Sale and Guaranteed Only by

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D. COLLINS
THE
Photograper.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

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WORTH A DOLLAR
A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.

A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.

GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

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Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

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H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

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Saturday, Sept. 1, 1906.

Republican State Ticket.

United States Senator—
KNUTE NELSON,
Douglas County.

Governor—
A. L. COLE,
Cass County.

Lieutenant Governor—
A. O. EBERDART,
Blue Earth County.

Chief Justice—
CHARLES M. START,
Olmsted County.

State Treasurer—
CLARENCE DINEHART,
Murray County.

Secretary of State—
JULIUS SCHMAHL,
Redwood County.

Attorney General—
E. T. YOUNG,
Swift County.

State Auditor—
S. G. IVERSON,
Fillmore County.

Clerk of the Supreme Court—
C. A. PIDGEON,
Wright County.

Railroad Commissioner—
C. F. STAPLES,
Dakota County.

The open season for candidates and prairie chicken is on for the next two months.

The people of Cuba are already tired of good government and prosperity and are having a small rebellion.

The time for filing as a candidate closed last Wednesday and the fight is now on. It looks as if it would be a warm one in this county.

Walter Wellman will not try to reach the north pole this year in his balloon, but will spend the winter in Paris. Wise man that Wellman.

The people in this commissioner district are to be congratulated upon the prospect of having a first class county commissioner. Only two candidates have filed for the nomination and both are for the republican nomination. In N. A. Nelson and Ed. Aubol the voters have two good men to choose between. Either one will make a good official and either will, without doubt, ably represent the district. The contest for the nomination we understand will be a friendly one and there is little question but that the winner will be elected in November.

MR. COLE'S SPEECH.

It may be said of Mr. Cole's first public utterance since his nomination that it is a better platform than the one adopted by the republican convention that nominated him.

The speech covers pretty thoroughly all matters of general public interest in Minnesota—the railroads, insurance, passes, timber steals, the primary, drainage and the farmer. The farmer is the bed rock of the speech. Upon the farmer Mr. Cole, if his key note means anything, intends to conduct the campaign. The farmer is the principal producer and the principal consumer, declares the republican candidate for governor, and he pays the freight and therefore the benefit of the farmer, and incidentally for the rest of us, it is necessary that railroad rates be reduced, that the railroad laws on the statute books be enforced and that new laws giving the state wider authority in dealing with the railroads be passed. And Mr. Cole promises repeatedly and emphatically if elected, that he will exert his utmost influence that these things be done. His railroad argument is all that the most ardent reformer can desire, if we exclude those reformers who would have the government own and operate the railroads. It touches every point that has been mooted since the railway supervision began and it is all against the railroads.

Mr. Cole's drainage argument is a good one, one that the people of southern Minnesota will do well to listen to. It declares in substance that one million acres of state lands can be reclaimed by drainage at an expense of about one million dollars. These lands are now worth nothing; when reclaimed they can be sold at a minimum price of $6.50 per acre, or a total of $6,500,000, a profit to the state of five and one-half millions. If such an argument does not appeal to the people of the southern part of the state they must have no eye whatever to a fattening of their pocket books.—Crookston Times.

[illegible]

A professor at one of the Australian universities recently informed his class that "the darkest hour in the day is in the middle of the night at 3 o'clock in the morning." On another occasion the same professor made his apology for the intricacies of a statement by adding, "I can't give you an easier explanation without making it more difficult."

To Make It Tender.

"Walter!" called the customer in the restaurant where an orchestra was playing.

"Yes, sah."

"Kindly tell the leader of the orchestra to play something sad and low while I dine. I want to see if it won't have a softening influence on this steak."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

His Ambition.

Father—My son, do you know that most of the rich men of today began poor? Small Son—Yes, sir. Father—And yet, instead of saving your pennies, you spend them. Small Son—Yes, sir. When I start out I want to begin poor.

A Stronger Word.

"But, really, now," asked Miss Gusch, "don't you think Mr. Kidder has a delicate wit?"

"It's more than delicate," replied Mr. Chellus; "it's sickly."—Philadelphia Press.

Her Temperament.

"Miss Posey was very warm in expressing her feelings against you."

"Oh, that explains why her manner was so cool."—Baltimore American.

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

Office of county auditor, Red Lake county, Minnesota.
To F. H. Kratka,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

You are hereby notified that the following described piece or parcel of land situated in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot seven (7), in block thirty-nine (39) of the Original Townsite of Thief River Falls, is now assessed in your name;

That on the thirteenth day of May, A. D. 1902, at the sale of lands pursuant to the real estate tax judgment, duly given and made in and by the district court in and for the said county of Red Lake, on the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1902, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1900 for the said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was bid in for the state of Minnesota, for the sum of one and 52-100 dollars;

That the said piece or parcel of land has become and now is the absolute property of the state of Minnesota.

That on the sixth day of November, A. D. 1905, at a public sale of lands, which have become the absolute property of the state, held at the office of the county auditor at the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, the above described real estate was sold by the county auditor of said Red Lake county, pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor, in accordance with the provisions of section 1616, statutes of Minnesota 1894, and acts amendatory thereto, for the sum of ten and 55-100 dollars;

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said sale, (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is the said sum of ten and 55-100 dollars; and interest thereon from said last mentioned date at the rate of twelve per cent per annum from said date until such redemption is made; that the time for redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice, and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Witness my hand and official seal this eighth day of June, A. D. 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor,
(Seal.) Red Lake county, Minnesota.

a18s1]

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

Office of county auditor, Red Lake county, Minnesota.
To Frank H. Kratka,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

You are hereby notified that the following described piece or parcel of land situated in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows to-wit:

Lot No. seventeen (17) in block No. fifty-four (54), of the Original Townsite of Thief River Falls, is now assessed in your name;

That on the thirteenth day of May, A. D. 1902, at the sale of lands pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court, in and for the said county of Red Lake, on the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1902, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1900 for the said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was bid in for the state of Minnesota, for the sum of one and 52-100 dollars;

That the said piece or parcel of land has become and now is the absolute property of the state of Minnesota.

That on the sixth day of November, A. D. 1905, at a public sale of lands, which have become the absolute property of the state, held at the office of the county auditor at the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, the above described real estate was sold by the county auditor of said Red Lake county, pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor, in accordance with the provisions of section 1616, statutes of Minnesota 1894, and acts amendatory thereto, for the sum of seven and 86-100 dollars:

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said sale, (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is the said sum of seven and 86-100 dollars; and interest thereon from said last mentioned date at the rate of twelve per cent per annum from said date until such redemption is made; that the time for redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice, and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Witness my hand and official seal, this eighth day of June, A. D. 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor,
(Seal.) Red Lake county, Minnesota.

a18s1]

Notice for Bids.

Notice is hereby given that the clerk of Independent School District No. 102, Red Lake county, Minn., will receive bids for furnishing sixty cords dry poplar wood, same to be delivered at the schoolhouse in St. Hilaire.

Bids will be entertained for the entire sixty cords or in amounts of not less than ten cords each; also stating when delivery can be made.

Bids will be opened on Sept. 26th, 1906, and the board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Dated St. Hilaire, Minn., August 23, 1906.
K. O. GIGSTAD,
Clerk.

—The Crookston College is beginning its twelfth year with eight teachers and eight courses. It is the oldest and largest school in the northwest. It has placed every one of its graduates in good paying positions. Free car fare to Crookston. Send for catalog to J. C. Sathre, Crookston, Minn.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford has an office at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, on the 8th day of every month. A red letter day to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

—Go to Holmes Bros. for Sunshine furniture polish.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake. } ss

In the matter of the petition of Chas. Johnson and Felix Anderson and others, for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 27.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 27, beginning at the northeast corner of the northeast quarter of section 8, in township 152 north of range 44 west, running thence through the following described lands, to-wit:

West along the section line and on the south side thereof between sections 5 and 8, to the northwest corner of the northeast quarter of said section 8, thence south through said section 8, along the quarter line and on the east side thereof, to a point near the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of said section 8, thence west along the section line and on the north side thereof through sections 8 and 7, to a point about 40 rods west of the northeast corner of the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section 18, in said town and range, thence in a westerly direction through sections 7 and 18, following the natural water course to a point near the northwest corner of section 18, township 152, range 44, thence south on the east side of the range line through the northwest quarter of said section 18 to the southwest corner of said section 18, thence west along the quarter section line through the centre of sections 13 and 14, in township 152 range 45, to the southwest corner of the northeast quarter of said section 14, and terminating at said last named point having a creek for its outlet.

Also branch ditch No. 1, commencing at a point 40 rods east of the northwest corner of section 7, township 152 north of range 44 west, thence running in a southeasterly direction through the northwest, southeast and the southwest quarter of said section 7, to a point on the main ditch in the southwest corner of the southwest quarter of said section 7, having said main ditch as its outlet, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

D. M. Fitzsimmons, Erick Adolphson, Johanna Adolphson, Albert and Felix Anderson, Adolph Anderson, L. K. Scroggen, Simons and Bourdon, Stewart Sherman, Charles Johnson, Anders Erickson, Kathrine Pleth, Charles Adolphson, P. J. Anderson, Mrs. W. M. Braudt, Charles Moreen, Ernest Schneider, Peter McKercher, Swan J. Larson, Anna M. Sandberg, C. F. Sandberg, Swan Johnson, Nicholas Eckstein, Thomas Glynn, Jos. Sutor, M. O. Sortedahl, Coleman Keely, Peter Bengston, John W. Muir, Township of Black River and Township of Polk Centre, and that the engineer appointed by the board of county commissioners of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor, and that the viewers appointed by said board of county commissioners to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Tuesday, the fourth day of September, 1906, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at one o'clock p. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said board of county commissioners at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal) County Auditor of
Red Lake county, Minnesota.

[a18s1

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

Office of county auditor, Red Lake county, Minnesota.
To David Mansfield:

You are hereby notified that the following described pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Red Lake, and state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to wit:

Lots 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24, in block 40 of the Original Townsite of Thief River Falls, is now assessed in your name;

That on the ninth day of May, A. D. 1901, at the sale of lands pursuant to the real estate tax judgment, duly given and made in and by the district court, in and for the said county of Red Lake, on the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1901, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1899 for the said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was bid in for the state of Minnesota, for the sum of ten and 92-100 dollars;

That the said pieces or parcels of land has become and now is the absolute property of the state of Minnesota.

That on the sixth day of November, A. D. 1905, at a public sale of lands, which have become the absolute property of the state, held at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, the above described real estate was sold by the county auditor of said Red Lake county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor, in accordance with the provisions of section 1616, statutes of Minnesota 1894, and acts amendatary thereto, for the sum of sixty-one and 55-100 dollars;

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said sale, (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is the said sum of sixty-one and 55-100 dollars; and interest thereon from said last mentioned date at the rate of twelve per cent per annum from said date until such redemption is made; that the time for redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice, and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Witness my hand and official seal, this second day of March, A.D. 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor,
Red Lake county, Minnesota.

a18s1]

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is hereby given, that on the eleventh day of September, 1906, at one o'clock p. m., at the office of the county auditor, in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 25 of Red Lake county, established by the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, by their order bearing date August 14, 1906, viz:

For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source, being sections "0" to 246 both inclusive embracing the whole of said ditch and contemplating the excavation and removal of 27,095 cubic yards of earth; the same to be placed along the side of the ditch in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade and in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profiles, maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work, said work to be completed within the time required, and in the manner specified in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond to be approved by the auditor of said county, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The estimated total cost of the work is $3,438.18.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the auditor of said county, for not less than ten per cent of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated August 15, 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor,
Red Lake county,
State of Minnesota.

a18s1

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

Office of county auditor, Red Lake county, Minnesota.
To Catherine Parker:

You are hereby notified that the following described pieces or parcels of land situated in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots 13, 14, 15 and 16 in block 40 of the Original Townsite of Thief River Falls, is now assessed in your name;

That on the ninth day of May, A. D. 1901, at the sale of lands pursuant to the real estate tax judgment, duly given and made in and by the district court, in and for the said county of Red Lake, on the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1901, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1899 for the said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was bid in for the state of Minnesota, for the sum of five and 72-100 dollars;

That the said pieces or parcels of land has become and now is the absolute property of the state of Minnesota.

That on the sixth day of November, A. D. 1905, at a public sale of lands, which have become the absolute property of the state, held at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, the above described real estate was sold by the county auditor of said Red Lake county, pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor, in accordance with the provisions of section 1616, statutes of Minnesota 1894, and acts amendatory thereto, for the sum of twelve and 82-100 dollars;

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said sale, (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is the said sum of twelve and 82-100 dollars; and interest thereon from said last mentioned date at the rate of twelve per cent per annum from said date until such redemption is made; that the time for redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice, and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

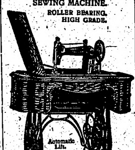
Witness my hand and official seal, this second day of March, A. D. 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor,
Red Lake county, Minnesota.

a18s1]

Minnesota State Fair, Hamline, Sept. 3-8, 1906.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to St. Paul or Minneapolis and return, round trip tickets at one first-class fare plus 50 cents; dates of sale Sept. 1 to 8, with final return limit of Sept. 10, 1906.

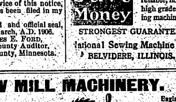

Automatic Lift.

The "Redgeton"
SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING.
HIGH GRADE.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.

STRONGEST GUARANTEE.

National Sewing Machine Co.
BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.



SAW MILL MACHINERY.

Saw Mills	Engines
Gang Edgers	Boilers
Lumber Trimmers	Pulleys
Lath Machines	Shafting
Bolting Machines	Boxes
Shingle Machines	Trucks
Planer & Matchers	Grate Bars
Drag Saws	Feed Mills
Wood Saws	Horse Powers

We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.

R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

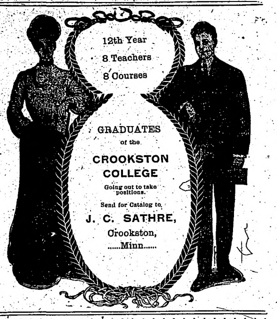
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

CROOKSTON LUMBER Company.

Lumber Manufacturers

St. Hilaire, Minnesota....



Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Pack Your Trunk And Go East

That's a good start toward a pleasant and profitable Summer Vacation. In purchasing your ticket tell the agent that it Must read over the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

between the Twin Cities and Chicago. Five handsome daily trains including the Pioneer Limited and the Fast Mail. Direct connections at St. Paul Union Depot with all trains from the North and West. Sleeping car berths higher, wider and longer than the berths in other sleepers and therefore cooler and more comfortable for Summer travel.

Let us know where you are going and full information as to rates, routes, connections, etc., will be cheerfully furnished by return mail.

W. B. DIXON,
Northwestern Passenger Agent,
365 Robert St., ST. PAUL,

REMEMBER THE DATES—SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8!

That's the Holiday Week of the Year—the Week of the Great MINNESOTA **STATE FAIR**

Opening of the $100,000 Livestock Amphiteater on Monday morning, Sept. 3rd. Dedication address by James J. Hill.
Dan Patch and Cresceus, the two fastest stallions in the world, to go against their world's records on Monday.
The greatest Livestock Exhibition of the world.—All the week.
Three great Auction Sales of Pure Bred Cattle in the Amphitheater.
Judging of horses and cattle in the Amphitheater daily.
Live stock parade on Friday.

Sensational racing each day.
Increased Agricultural and Horticultural Exhibits.
Spectacular Fireworks, Racing, Etc., each night.
$5,000 Trotting race on Minneapolis Day.
$5,000 Pacing race on St. Paul Day.
Exciting Ladies Relay Riding Race—Six days—Every afternoon fair week.
High Class Specialties each afternoon and evening.
Demonstrations of all kinds of Farm and Dairy Machinery—Daily.
Premiums and Purses $65,644.50.

HALF FARE RAILROAD RATES! Tickets on sale Saturday Sept. 1. Good returning to leave Cities until Monday, Sept. 10.

C. N. COSGROVE, Pres. E. W. RANDALL, Sec'y.

CALL ON
HOLMES BROS.
FOR
HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D. Patterson	Councilmen
E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Do You Want to MAKE MONEY?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in touch with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commission. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J. P. GONIGAM
210 Armory Blk.,
OTTAWA, - ILLINOIS

THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

—See P. O. Hagglund for bees, bee supplies, honey, hay and oats. 3

Supt. of Schools McAnulty was a business visitor here last Thursday.

John Rolland made a business trip to Crookston last Thursday evening.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Walter Robbecke, of Thief River Falls, was a visitor here last Thursday.

J. C. McAndress, of Fargo, was here last Monday making his parents a short visit.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Mrs. William Ireland left on Wednesday for a visit to her old home at Fertile.

Carl Lund was here a couple of days this week. He is now the G. N. agent at Beltrami.

Miss Huldah Gigstad leaves today for Twin Valley, where she will teach the coming year.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on Sept. 3 and 4.

Guy Aubol, the deputy Internal revenue collector for this district, was here last Wednesday.

Prof. J. B. O'Brien was up at Thief River Falls last Tuesday looking over the political situation.

Misses Jessie and Laura Jacobson went down to Red Lake Falls for a short visit last Monday.

Julius Pleth, the wide awake land man from Plummer, wad doing business here last Thursday.

A. C. Mayfield, the paternal ancestor of Mayfield township, was doing business here last Wednesday.

H. S. Quamen, of Wyandotte, was here last Thursday after a new threshing outfit which he took home.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

K. O. Gigstad made a business trip to Red Lake Falls last Monday night to attend to some probate matters.

Miss Inga Sjerva, who has been visiting here for a couple of weeks, left for her home at Grand Forks last Monday.

A little daughter of C. H. Martz had the misfortune to fall and break one of the bones of her arm the first of the week.

Mrs. William Dexter returned from Minneapolis last Wednesday where she has been visiting for the past two weeks.

Gus Sandberg and wife and John Sandberg, of Crookston, were here last Monday on their way to visit their father.

The Ladies' Aid of the Swedish Mission church will meet at the church next Wednesday, Sept. 5th. All are welcome.

Landlord Prior, of the Markham, received a new bird dog yesterday and is all ready for the chicken season which opens today.

Miss Mabel Hannay returned last Wednesday from Seattle, where she has been spending the summer visiting with her brothers.

Mrs. M.E. Hoff entertained the ladies at cards last Friday evening in honor of Miss Ellen Johnson, who was leaving for Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael McAndress, went up to Thief River Falls yesterday to attend the funeral of the infant son of Walter McAndress.

A large number of men and teams have left this part of the country lately for the Dakota wheat fields where they are attracted by big wages.

Mrs. Wm. McBride, of St. Thomas, N. D., and Mrs. L. S. Graues, of Crookston, spent last Sunday here visiting with their brother, R. J. McKercher.

H. O. Jackson has been entertaining his cousin, Miss Emma Peterson of Chicago, and his niece, Miss Huldah Jackson of Grafton, N. D., this week.

Ladies, read this catalogue of charms. Bright eyes, glowing cheeks, red lips, a smooth skin without a blemish, in short, perfect health. For sale with every package Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

General Manager Slade of the Great Northern passed through here yesterday morning on a special train.

Andrew Monson, who has been the agent for the Red Lake Falls Milling company left last Saturday for Neillsville, where he will work for the same company.

John Mostrom was in from his reservation claim yesterday and reports that he has already commenced threshing east of here and that the yield so far has been very good.

E. R. Salter, relief agent for the Great Northern, came here on Wednesday and took charge of station at this place. Mr. Salter does not expect to take this station permanently.

Emil J. Holmes, of Cannon Falls, was here yesterday with a couple of land seekers looking over some land in this vicinity. Mr. Holmes spent some time here calling on old friends.

It arouses energy, develops and stimulates nervous life, arouses the courage of youth. It makes you young again. That's what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

The Wylie base ball tossers have sent word that they are coming up here tomorrow afternoon to do things to the St. Hilaire boys on the diamond. The boys here seem willing to let them try it on.

Mrs. M. E. Hoff, Mrs. Jens Nelson and Misses Selina and Clara Hoff drove up to Thief River Falls last Tuesday evening to bid good-bye to Miss Ellen Johnson, who took the Soo for Minneapolis.

Harry M. Swanson was relieved as Great Northern agent here last Wednesday, and is up to Germantown this week visiting with his father. He expects to leave in a few days for his new home in Oregon.

Manager Sivertson, of the Red Lake Falls Milling company, was here last Saturday and installed Herman Adams as their agent here. Mr. Adams has worked as an assistant at the work and should prove a success.

The Epworth League will give a social at the M. E. church next Wednesday at 8 p. m., Sept. 5, 1906. Cake, coffee and sandwiches will be served. A good time is expected. All are invited. Price 15 cents.

Olive Peterson, the little niece of R. H. Duntley, had the misfortune to fall off E. M. Hoff's delivery wagon last Friday evening and break her arm The break was a bad one but she is doing as nicely as can be expected.

C. J. Johnson and wife, of Duluth, are here this week visiting with Mrs. Johnson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. O. Hagglund of Rocksbury. Mr. Johnson has a grocery store and butcher shop at Duluth and is doing a good business.

Ask any "JAP" that you may see,
"Why the Czar, with Bear behind,"
had to climb a tree.
The Yanks, God bless the Yanks, says he,
They gave us Rocky Mountain Tea.
Imperial Drug Co.

The following young folks of the village went down to Red Lake Falls last Sunday where they picniced with friends: Lillie Johnson, Esther Johnson, Ella Jackson, Hildah Jackson, Ruth Martz, Mabel Patterson, Ines Patterson, Alton Jackson, Harold Evans, Ole Lund.

The Thief River Falls creamery last week paid out some $4,075 to 197 patrons for cream furnished during the month of July. A good price was obtained for the butter and the farmers received 21 cents for their butter fat, which is one cent more than the other creameries around here paid. P. Engelstad received the highest check which was for $67.

Allen Jackson, traveling passenger agent for the Great Northern, was here last Wednesday. Mr. Jackson informed us that the company was contemplating changing the passenger to run south in the morning and north in the evening, laying over at night at Greenbush. It is doubtful if this arrangement, which would delay the mail, would meet with the approval of our citizens.

Mrs. O. F. Post, Mrs. Jens Nelson and Miss Alice Hall very pleasantly entertained the Ladies' Aid of the M.E. church at a lawn party on the Nelson lawn last Thursday afternoon. After the ladies had lunched it was discovered that there was still a good supply of tempting dainties left, so the gentlemen were invited in and the surplus was soon taken care of with ease. The gentlemen present can be depended upon to help in this manner at any time.

Christopher Christopherson died in this village last Saturday night, of consumption. He was born in Norway about 66 years ago. The funeral took place Monday from the Norwegian Synod church, Rev. Alex Sand officiating. Little was known of Mr. Christopherson's past history, as he had no relatives in this country so far as known. He has been a resident of this village for several years and was well known as porter at the Hotel Markham. He was an odd little old man, but well liked by all and generous to a fault. Peace be with him.

Now is the time for little folks to start on the road to financial independence. Start an account with a deposit of $1.00 and this money will begin to earn interest. Don't let this opportunity pass—it will lead to a college education for your son or daughter, or provide the means for establishing a business of their own. Only $1.00 a week added to the account, will make over $700.00 in less than ten years. It's all up to you; if you don't start now your child may be short $700.00 at the end of the ten years.
Merchants State Bank.

CANDIDATES WHO FILED

In Red Lake County for Primary Election to be Held on Tuesday, September 18th.

The following have filed for nominations for county offices in this county:

County Auditor—James E. Ford, dem.; J. B. O'Brien, rep.; Wm. Holberg, rep.

County Treasurer—Karl M. Hansen, dem.; O. H. Nelson, Pub. Ownership; O. J. Johnson, rep.; O. T. Tandberg, rep.; L. C. Cadieux, dem.

Register of Deeds—E. L. Quist, rep.; Frank Jeffers, dem.; Emil E. Zeh, dem.; R. H. Green, rep.

Sheriff—Lewis A. Nelson, rep.; Robert A. Lee, rep.; D. Linnihan, dem.

Judge of Probate—N. W. Tarrant, dem.; Chas. Ecklund, rep.; Maxmillion Perras, dem.

County Attorney—Thomas Germo, rep.; E. M. Stanton, dem.

Surveyor—J. K. Wood, rep.

Clerk of District Court—H. E. Ives, rep.; Joseph Perrault, dem.; C. W. Johnson, rep.

Supt. of Schools—H. T. McAnulty, rep.; Fred Richards, rep.; Mrs. J. J. Doe, dem.

Court Commissioner—S. T. Johnson, dem.; Simon Paul, rep.; John Mathews, dem.; F. A. Johnson, dem.

County Commissioner—First District—P. A. Ekstrom, rep.; C. A. Lindquist, rep.

County Commissioner—Third District—Ed. A. Aubol, rep.; N. A. Nelson, rep.

County Commissioner—Fifth District—Joseph Pigeon, rep.

Last Wednesday was the last day to file for the primaries and no one else can go on the primary tickets. To be a candidate after this for an office the applicant must go on the ticket by petition, and the petition must be signed only by voters who did not vote at the primaries.

Minnesota Game Laws.

The small game season opens today. Beginning with this date the season is open for the killing of any turtle dove, snipe, prairie chicken, grouse, woodcock or plover, the season ending Nov. 1st.

The open season for duck, geese, brant or any variety of aquatic fowl opens Sept. 1st and lasts until Dec. 1st. When any of the birds above mentioned are lawfully killed or caught they may be had in the hunter's possession for five days thereafter. But no person shall in any one day take or kill more than fifteen birds, or have in possession more than 45 prairie chicken, quail, grouse, partridge, woodcock or plover, or any or all of the same combined, or fifty snipe, duck, geese or brant, or any or all combined.

Every resident of the state who expects to hunt game birds out of his own county must be provided with a license which may be procured from the county auditor upon payment of $1.00. In the county in which they reside, residents may hunt lawful without a license. Persons not residents of the state must procure a license at a cost of $10 before they can lawfully hunt in the state. Such license is not transferable, and it is made the duty of the licensee to exhibit tht same to any person upon request.

The penalty for violating the game laws as to killing, shipping, etc., is not less than $25 nor more than $50 and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than 30 nor more than 60 days for each bird so unlawfully killed, shipped, sold or disposed of.

Large Number Passed Examinations.

The returns from state examinations held at the summer school for Red Lake county, show a much larger percentage of success among applicants than at any ever held in the county. There were 10 first grade certificates and 56 second grade certificates received, a total of 66 out of 115 applicants. The highest number ever issued at any time before was 47 and at no time have there been more than 3 or 4 first grade certificates issued. The following are those receiving first grade certificates: Edith Quist, Thief River Falls; Olga Iverson, Brooks; Florence Columbus, Red Lake Falls; Katie McAnulty, Red Lake Falls; Lydia Anderson, St. Hilaire, Bertha LaFreniere, Red Lake Falls; Constance Nordblad, Gadsky; Gertrude Meehan, Thief River Falls; Helen Rankin, Middle River; Ida Bjorge, Thief River Falls.

Out of Logs.

The supply of saw logs ran short last Tuesday and the saw mill shut down at six o'clock Tuesday evening. The water is rather low in the river and the logs have not been coming down as fast as was expected. There is a good supply above Thief River Falls and the company has a large crew at work bringing them down. It is expected that there will be logs enough to start up Monday morning. The company is giving other work to all who wish to keep at work.

Schools Will Open.

The village schools will commence the year's work on next Tuesday morning, Monday being Labor day and a holiday. Prof. J. B. O'Brien will have charge and he will be assisted by five assistants. Miss Helen Bonney, who has been hired for the 8th grade, is reported ill with typhoid fever and it is not known when she will come. Mrs. O'Brien will take her place.

Kicked By a Colt.

R. J. McKercher was severely hurt by being kicked by a colt last Thursday morning. He was struck in the groin and is still confined to his bed as a result. The accident is a very painful one and will lay him up for some time.

M. E. Church Announcements.

Sunday school, 10 a.m.; preaching, 11 a.m., subject "Phileo-Agapis." Junior Epworth League, 3 p. m.; Epworth League, 7 p.m.; Preaching, 8 p.m., subject "God Above All, Through All and In All." C. W. Gilman, Pastor.

TO THE VOTERS OF RED LAKE COUNTY

I hereby make my announcement as a republican candidate for the office of county auditor and in so doing it seems befitting to make my position clear to the voters of the county in the coming primary election.

I have resided continuously in the county for thirteen years, during which time I have affiliated with the republican party. In seeking the nomination to the office of county auditor I do so without pledging myself to any faction or local condition. I have not been asked to make pledges or promises and intend to make the run honestly and squarely, favoring neither friend nor foe.

If nominated and elected I shall perform the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner and shall do my utmost to fill the office satisfactorily.

Soliciting your support, I remain,
Very respectfully yours,
John B. O'Brien.

Abstract of Valuation.

Red Lake Courier: County Auditor Ford has completed his abstract of valuation of the real estate of the county as returned by the assessors and equalized by the board. Some of the figures, as given below, will be found interesting.

The number of acres of land in the county, exclusive of city property, 451,750.52. Value of land exclusive of structures and improvements, $1,803,963.

Average value per acre exclusive of improvements, $3.99.

Value of structures, outside of cities, $158,422.

Value of land, including structures and improvements, $1,969,456.

Average value per acre, including improvements, $4.34.

Value of city lots, including improvements, $603,300.

Total value as returned by the assessors, $1,881,187.

Total value as equalized by the board, $2,605,678.

Durum Wheat is Popular.

The Pioneer Press says that Durum wheat is becoming a larger and larger factor in wheat statistics. Presumably the quantity produced this year is even more difficult to estimate than is the total spring wheat crop. One report puts down the production of durum this year as about 45,000,000 bushels out of a total field of wheat in Minnesota and the Dakotas of about 210,000,000 bushels. Last year there were produced about 20,000,000 bushels of durum out of a total wheat crop for the three states of 200,000,000 bushels. This, according to the same report, means only 165,000,000 bushels of "bread wheat" this year against 180,000,000 last year.

Monkey Language.

Some years ago Professor Garner stated that monkeys had a language of their own. To prove it, he went to Africa, studied the monkey in its native haunts and came back with a vocabulary of 62 words. These words or sounds, when articulated before a cage of apes in Central Park, New York, instantly drew their attention and the animals chattered back to the professor. Today golden grain belt beer is the home beverage. It is the guide post to a cheerful temperament and a good disposition. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Bear Hunting Good.

Thief River News: If bear hunting continues to be as good as it has in the past, the settlers living out near Kratka will be extending an invitation to President Roosevelt to come out here and enjoy a bear hunt. Last Friday Herman Leslin brought a bear to this city that he had killed out there and about two weeks previous to this another settler killed a bear in this vicinity.

Political Announcement.

I hereby announce that I am a candidate for the republican nomination for the office of Register of Deeds for Red Lake county, and respectfully solicit the support of the republican voters at the primary election on Sept. 18th.
R. H. Green.

For Sale.

Two story frame building and lot with confectionery stock; central location and doing big business. Good reason for selling. A snap, inquire at once of R. H. Duntley, St. Hilaire, Minn.

—For go-carts go to Holmes Bros.

H. T. McAnulty
Supt. of Schools
Candidate for Re-election
❋❋
Respectfully solicits your vote and support for the republican nomination for County Superintendent of Schools for Red Lake county at the primary election September 18, 1906.

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
--- CIGARS ---
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

SAVE MONEY
BY USING
MASCOT FLOUR
BETTER BREAD
and MORE OF IT.
Red Lake Falls Milling Co.
WE PURCHASE ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
H. C. ADAMS, Agent.

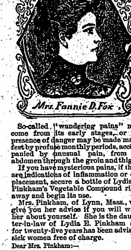
TUMORS CONQUERED

SERIOUS OPERATIONS AVOIDED.

Unqualified Success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in the Case of Mrs. Fannie D. Fox.

One of the greatest triumphs of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the conquering of woman's dread enemy, Tumor.

The growth of a tumor is so sly that frequently its presence is not suspected until it is far advanced.



Mrs. Fannie D. Fox

So-called "wandering pains" may come from its early stages, or the presence of danger may be made manifest by profuse monthly periods, accompanied by unusual pain, from the abdomen through the groin and thighs.

If you have mysterious pains, if there are indications of inflammation or displacement, secure a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound right away and begin its use.

Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., will give you her advice if you will write her about yourself. She is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years has been advising sick women free of charge.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I take the liberty to congratulate you on the success I have had with your wonderful medicine. Eighteen months ago my periods stopped. Shortly after I felt so badly that I submitted to a thorough examination by a physician and was told that I had a tumor and would have to undergo an operation.

"Soon after I read one of your advertisements and decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. After taking five bottles as directed the tumor is entirely gone. I have been examined by a physician and he says I have no signs of a tumor now. It has also brought my periods around once more, and I am entirely well."—Fannie D. Fox, 7 Chestnut Street, Bradford, Pa.

Snake in Railway Carriage.

An exciting encounter with a snake in a railway carriage is reported by some passengers who traveled from Birmingham to Leicester on Saturday morning.

Shortly after the train left Birmingham a snake about two feet long appeared from under the seat. There were two men and two women in the carriage. The men attacked the reptile with sticks, while the women stood on the seats.

After about ten minutes they succeeded in stunning it. Then they opened the carriage door and threw it out on the line.

Ten Free Receipts.

Buy a dozen CHAMELECON BANANAS and get the booklet. If your dealer has not got them write us.

B. PRESLEY CO., St. Paul.

FOR A TWITCHING HAND.

It Is Said That the Grapple Swing Will Cure the Trouble.

Hand trembling, an affliction akin to "writers' cramp," is apt to result from the long continued exercise of certain muscles and the neglest of others.

The worst feature of the trouble, according to Health-Culture, is its trick of coming on at the very time when steadiness of hand would be most desirable. The twitch of a map-finisher's muscles may throw a national frontier 100 miles out of treaty lines; type words may get glued together like the nouns of the Volapuk craze.

Hot baths afford only temporary relief; drugs might as well be prescribed to a stutterer; but there is one never-failing mechanical specific—the grapple swing cure.

Procure a couple of iron rings—say, five inches in diameter—and fasten them high enough to keep an experimenter's feet on the ground when he attempts to dangle by one hand for a second or two. Practice will rise his score to half a minute, and by that time the tremors will have vanished for the next half year.

Up in Geography.

Piggmus — Dobson writes me that while exploring the banks of the Nile he had to shin up a palm tree to escape a crocodile.

Dismukes—So he's having adventures in a foreign climb, eh?

DUBIOUS

About What Her Husband Would Say.

A Mich. woman tried Postum Food Coffee because ordinary coffee disagreed with her and her husband. She writes:

"My husband was sick for three years with catarrh of the bladder, and palpitation of the heart, caused by coffee. Was unable to work at all and in bed part of the time.

"I had stomach trouble, was weak and fretful so I could not attend to my housework—both of us using coffee all the time, and realizing it was harmful.

"One morning the grocer's wife said she believed coffee was the cause of our trouble and advised Postum. I took it home rather dubious about what my husband would say—he was fond of coffee.

"But I took coffee right off the table, and we haven't used a cup of it since. You should have seen the change in us, and now my husband never complains of heart palpitation any more. My stomach trouble went away in two weeks after I began Postum. My children love it and it does them good, which can't be said of coffee.

"A lady visited us who was always half sick. I told her I'd make her a cup of Postum. She said it was tasteless stuff, but she watched me make it, boiling it thoroughly for 15 minutes, and when done she said it was splendid. Long boiling brings out the flavor and food quality." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

A Novelty in Jewelry

By IVOR WYATT

Messrs. Sparton and Plowing prided themselves upon being the best jewelers in town. They were a very go-ahead firm; and in their window the latest novelties in watches and clocks could always be seen.

One morning Mr. Plowing, the junior partner, began to dance round the shop, excitedly pointing to a parcel which lay open on one of the glass-covered show-cases.

"What have you now?" said Mr. Sparton.

"It's the phonographic watch," said the junior partner, excitedly; "it will sell like blazes."

"I have never sold any blazes," said the senior partner with a reproving frown—"let me see those talking 'tickers.'"

The partners undid the wrappers in which some 15 watches were encased. They looked very harmless, and had the stupid, over-conscientious look of the ordinary watch.

"They are all going," said Mr. Sparton, after he had put each to his ear.

"It is ten minutes to nine," said Mr. Plowing; "in ten minutes we shall hear them speak. I believe one contains the voice of Mr. Roosevelt and one a line spoken by Ada Rehan."

The partners then arranged the watches in two rows upon the desk, and anxiously awaited the hour. As the big clock over the shop began to wheeze preparatory to striking, a tiny little voice was heard to proceed from one of the mild-looking watches on the desk.

"Nine. Your father has gone down to breakfast," it said, in the quiet, subdued tones of a trained servant.

"A schoolboy's holiday watch, I suppose," said Mr. Sparton.

Mr. Plowing looked for the words "your father" in the descriptive catalogue.

"No. 942—a young lady's watch," he said.

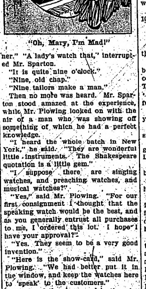
"Nine. Quite time to get up," said one of the watches, brightly. Then the others said, all talking at the same time:

"Nine. Open the letters and take them upstairs."

"In the city by nine."

"Nine o'clock. 'The labor we delight in physics pain,'" said another, "nine o'clock."

"Nine. Talk to the cook about dinner." "A lady's watch that," interrupted Mr. Sparton.



"Oh, Mary, I'm Mad!"

"It is quite nine o'clock."

"Nine, old chap."

"Nine tailors make a man."

Then no more was heard. Mr. Sparton stood amazed at the experience, while Mr. Plowing looked on with the air of a man who was showing off something of which he had a perfect knowledge.

"I heard the whole batch in New York," he said. "They are wonderful little instruments. The Shakespeare quotation is a little gem."

"I suppose there are singing watches, and preaching watches, and musical watches?"

"Yes," said Mr. Plowing. "For our first consignment I thought that the speaking watch would be the best, and as you generally entrust all purchases to me, I ordered this lot. I hope I have your approval?"

"Yes. They seem to be a very good invention."

"Here is the show-card," said Mr. Plowing. "We had better put it in the window, and keep the watches here to 'speak' to the customers."

He placed the show card in the window. On it was written:

"THE PHONOGRAPHIC WATCH.

"This watch will tell you the time, instead of leaving you to work it out for yourself. You can have the voice of your dearest friend, favorite politician or preacher, singer or actor. You can have your own voice reproduced on payment of ten dollars extra. You can have a 'repeater' to quote texts, dates, poetry, or prose."

At midday there was a great crowd assembled to hear the new watches in Messrs. Sparton and Plowing's. Everybody admired the little wonders and talked of getting one for some one or other, but said that perhaps another day would do as well when they heard the price. Some made some slight purchases, but no one bought a phonographic watch.

"Why did you get 15 [illegible] them, Plowing," said Mr. Sparton, when they were arranging the new watches to "speak" at one o'clock. "Five would have been quite enough. We shall never be able to get rid of 15 at this price. There are not enough rich people in town."

The junior partner was by no means disheartened, for he well knew Mr. Sparton's methods. Sparton used to leave all purchases to his partner, and then heap all the abuse on his head if an article did not sell.

At five minutes to one Mr. Bunsner came in. He asked to see the new watch. Mr. Bunsner was a very rich manufacturer, and spent his money very freely. Sparton produced the watches and turned them on, while Plowing explained all he knew about their mechanism in order to bridge over the interval until one o'clock should strike. A moment before the big clock struck the watches began to talk, about ten went off exactly at the same time, and what they said could not be distinguished. All Mr. Bunsner heard was a recipe for chicken salad from one watch, and the excellent advice "one o'clock, take your hands out of your pockets," from another.

"What's that one?" said Mr. Bunsner, eagerly. "How much is it?"

"Which, Mr. Bunsner, please?"

"The one that said 'Take your hands out of your pockets.' It will do beautifully for my boy."

"Oh, that's the schoolboy's watch, sir; it has a lot of useful precepts. It has also some football maxims, the chief rules of good behavior, and some hints upon keeping pets. The whole to conclude with some nice homely advice in a lady's voice for every night at ten. After that, if consulted, it says: 'Don't talk,' and 'Go to sleep,'" said Mr. Plowman, reading from the descriptive catalogue.

"What is the price of this one, then?" said Mr. Bunsner.

"Forty-five dollars," said the officious Plowing, pushing his way past Sparton.

"I will take that with me, please," said Mr. Bunsner.

He said nothing of the purchase to his wife, however, as he hoped to surprise Bertie the next morning with the "Conscience watch."

"I have bought you a watch for your birthday, my boy," he said to Bertie, when the boy came in to say good-night; "put it in the watch pocket by your bed; now mind you take good care of it."

"Yes, father, I will," said the boy, his eyes brightening at the present; "thank you very much. Good night, father."

"Good night, Bertie, my son, don't be afraid of your new watch."

Mrs. Bunsner and Bertie laughed, and the boy went off to bed handling his new possession.

A servant came into the boy's room a few minutes before eight the next morning. She pulled up the blind, calling to the sleeper.

Bertie turned over and had a long discussion with himself.

"Shall I get up? It will be awfully nice to get up in a few minutes, I haven't had enough sleep. It's very bad for one not to have enough sleep. Another quarter of an hour will do me a lot of good. Well, perhaps a quarter of an hour is too long. I'll go to sleep for another five minutes. Then I really will get up."

"Eight. Time to get up now," said somebody.

"Hullo, I'm dreaming. That was a ghost, I suppose," said Bertie.

"Half-past eight. Get out."

"Nine. You have been in bed too long; get up," said somebody.

"What on earth is it?"

"Ten. Don't talk in school."

"Eleven. Hurry up to the other class-room."

Something had gone wrong with the watch, and nothing would stop it.

"Twelve. William the Conqueror, 1066."

"One. Don't eat too fast at dinner."

"Two. Don't run after eating."

Bertie got up and looked all around the room, and under the bed.

"Ugh!" he said to himself. "I must be going mad. I keep hearing horrible counting and people saying things. There it is again!"

"Five. Don't speak with your mouth full."

"Six. Change your shoes and brush your hair."

Bertie screamed for help, and the servant came rushing in.

"Oh, Mary, I'm mad! And there are ghosts saying things all round me. Listen!"

Mary listened attentively, as did the boy.

"Eight. To bed in an hour and a half—" was all they heard.

Mary fainted and Bertie hid his face in his hands and groveled on the floor. Suddenly he jumped up, tore down the watch pocket, and held it to his ear.

"That's it," he cried. "It's this watch that papa gave me is mad; not us," and he dropped the watch and all into the water pitcher. "We shan't hear it there," he said to himself as he threw the contents of the water pitcher over the servant and called for help.

Mr. Bunsner rushed in and scolded his son for his ingratitude; then sent Mary away, and administered corporal punishment.

As his father left the room, Bertie muttered to himself:

"Talking watches are humbug!"

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

The Owner.

An American in Devonshire had been told he must not miss seeing a certain peculiar rock formation known locally as "Satan's Stool." While leisurely examining the curiosity he was accosted by an irate military looking man, who demanded in unprintable language what he meant by trespasing on private property. "Wall," said the Yankee, "I was told I should make a point of seeing 'Satan's Stool,' but I never guessed I should have the pleasure of meeting the owner."—London Tribune.

Concentrated Lye.

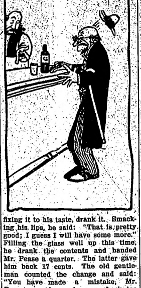
By combining different salts contained in wood ashes in the following proportions, though they are not absolute, a good lye is produced: 16 per cent. of sulphate of potash, 2 per cent. of potassium chloride, 76 per cent. of carbonate of potash, and 6 per cent. of carbonate of soda. The compound can be made up in small tablets, weighing about 0.0130 of a gramme, for bleacheries and for household use. Each tablet is sufficient for 40 liters of water; it will clean the linen, giving a perfect white and leaving a good odor.—Revue des Produits Chimiques.

HE GOT THE WHOLESALE RATE.

Size of Drink Taken by Customer Entitled Him to It.

When the late Charles Pease was landlord at the Pease hotel at Hartford, Vt., an old gentleman dropped in, one morning, and asked for a drink of brandy, saying that he was not feeling very well. Mr. Pease produced the brandy with water and sugar and told the old gentleman to help himself, handing him an ordinary drinking glass. The old gentleman poured out an ordinary drink and, fixing it to his taste, drank it. Smacking his lips, he said: "That is pretty good; I guess I will have some more." Filling the glass well up this time, he drank the contents and handed Mr. Pease a quarter. The latter gave him back 17 cents. The old gentleman counted the change and said: "You have made a mistake, Mr. Pease; you have given me back too much change. I usually pay ten cents, and you have only taken eight."

"Well," said Mr. Pease, "it is cheaper at wholesale."



INVENTION OF THE TYPEWRITER

C. Latham Sholes First to Make a Practicable Machine.

"C. Latham Sholes is the man to whom we owe the typewriter of today," said an inventor. "He has been dead over 15 years. The history of the typewriter is interesting. The first patented machine was Henry Mill's. It was as big as a bureau and made no popular appeal. This was in England in 1714. The first type-bar machine was made in America. Its inventor was A. H. Beach. The patent was taken out in 1856. The Beach typewriter was not practical. The first practical typewriter was invented by Latham Sholes in 1867. Sholes had for partners S. W. Soule and Carlos Glidden, but these two men became discouraged and dropped out.

"It wasn't until some years later that Sholes got his machine ready for the market. Then he took it to a big firm of gunmakers, the Remingtons, and it at once began to sell on a large scale. The Remington name was a famous one for guns, but it is more famous now for writing machines, and thus we have another proof of the truth of the old proverb about the typewriter (which is the modern pen) being mightier than the gun (our modern sword). Sholes remained in the employ of the Remingtons up to the time of his death."

CURIOSITY AT NISHIMA, JAPAN.

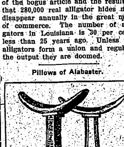
Gold Evidently Plentiful at Time Well Was Lined with It.

At Nishima, Japan, there is a wonderful castle possessing a gold-lined well, which affords the garrison an abundant water supply. Not only does gold line the well, but it is also fashioned into two great golden dolphins which glitter on the castle roof. These dolphins are centuries old, and one of them was once taken down and sent for exhibition to Vienna as a rare example of antique Japanese craftsmanship. The fate of Cleopatra's needle befell the dolphin, as the ship on which it was sank, and the ornament remained for many years at the bottom of the sea. Numerous attempts were made to raise it, and at last one was successful, and the golden dolphin was reinstated in its original place, never (it is to be presumed) to leave it again.

Plea for the Alligator.

It is a shame that that noble animal, the American alligator, is being exterminated, says the Springfield Republican. Of course, our old friend, "pocket greed," is responsible. The demand for alligator leather cannot be met entirely by the manufacturers of the bogus article and the result is that 280,000 real alligator hides now disappear annually in the great maw of commerce. The number of alligators in Louisiana is 30 per cent. less than 25 years ago. Unless the alligators form a union and regulate the output they are doomed.

Pillows of Alabaster.



These pillows, used by the ancient Egyptians, are more valuable than comfortable, being made of alabaster.

Blacksnake as Farm Pet.

Harry Hickman, of East Bradford, Chester county, Pa., has a five foot blacksnake on his farm which has become such a pet that he can pick it up at any time.

He frequently fondles it when he meets it in the fields and considers the reptile of as much value in destroying rats and mice as a cat.

ERRORS ABOUT THE WHITE HOUSE.

To the Editor:

I noticed somewhere recently—I would not say positively that it was in your columns—an article on the White House which contained several misstatements.

In the first place it was stated the White House was first occupied in 1809 and that its first occupant was President Madison. The fact is, its first occupant was President Adams, who took up his residence there in 1800.

The original mansion was begun in 1792. In 1814 it was burned by the British and rebuilt in 1818.

Another of the errors in the article referred to was the statement that ready-prepared paint is used on the White House to make it beautifully white.

I noticed this especially because I have used considerable paint myself and wondered that "canned" paint should be used on such an important building when all painters know that pure white lead and linseed oil make the best paint.

It so happened also that I knew white lead and linseed oil—not ready-mixed paint—were used on the White House, because I had just read a booklet published by a firm of ready-mixed paint manufacturers who also manufacture pure white lead. In that book the manufacturers admitted that for the White House nothing but "the best and purest of paint could be used," and said that their pure white lead had been selected.

Above all people, those who attempt to write on historical subjects should give us facts, even if it is only a date, or a statement about wood, or brick, or paint, or other building material.

Yours for truth,

His Objection.

"Why won't you marry Matilda?"

"Because she's a woman with a past."

"Why, I never heard anything against her. What's your objection to her past?"

"There's too much of it."

A tree is known by its fruits—not by its shoots.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Never judge what a woman does by what her husband tells her to do.

Economy is the road to wealth. PUTNAM FADELESS DYE is the road to economy.

And it isn't always the biggest horn that destroys the most silence.

DREADED HIS GOOD TIME.

But He Had to Take the Seven-Mile Ride to Get Drunk.

A certain member of congress one day last winter was deploring the fact that he must that night attend a public dinner, when the probability was he would have "too good a time."

"My predicament," said the congressman, "reminds me of the sad case of an old constituent near Kansas City whose weakness was drink. The place where he lived voted no license, so in order to obtain intoxicants it was necessary to take a trolley car to Kansas City, seven miles away.

"One night I chanced to meet my bibulous friend waiting for the Kansas City car. To my inquiry as to where he was going he replied:

"'Up to K. C. to get drunk.' Then solemnly he added: 'But great Scott, Judge, how I dread it!'"

Alum Baking Powder Is Wholesome.

Dr. Herman Reinbold, the expert German chemist, in a recent official report concerning Baking Powders, declares that a pure alum baking powder is better and less injurious than the so-called cream of tartar powders. He says that if the quantity of alum contained in a sufficient quantity of baking powder for a batch of bread or cakes for an ordinary family, be concentrated to one mouthful of food, and taken into the stomach of any one person, no matter how delicate, it could do no harm. On the contrary, alum is wholesome in proper quantities. This is undoubtedly the reason the State of Missouri quickly repealed a law that prohibited the manufacture of the most wholesome of all baking powders. So much for Alum Baking Powders.

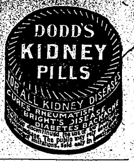
He's a mean man who will try to work off a bad quarter on his better half.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Burton S. Bell, Ree Heights, S. D., burglar alarm; Theodore Hohaus, Winona, Minn., feeder for tow-brakes and the like; Wellington R. Hoyle, Ray, N. D., railway appliance; Frederick F. Kanne, Waterville, Minn., oil vaporizer; Jerry King, St. Paul, Minn., elevator bell signal; Frank Linstrom, Castlewood, S. D., incubator; Michael Mohr, Wahpeton, N. D., tooth for agricultural implements.

The most complete book of etiquette could not cover the rudeness of some people.



DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES

CURES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES

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The Greatest Boarding College in the World

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NOTRE DAME, INDIANA

We guarantee two points: Our students study and our students behave themselves

18 Buildings 75 Professors 800 Students

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SPECIAL DEPARTMENT FOR BOYS UNDER THIRTEEN

TERMS: Board, Tuition, and Laundry, $400. Send ten cents to the President for Catalogue

S&R

Send for Our Free Harness Booklet

If you are about to buy a harness, don't fail to write us to-day; or ask your dealer to show you our line.

SCHEFFER & ROSSUM CO., St. Paul, Minn.

CREAM

WE PAY CASH

THE CRESCENT CREAMERY CO

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YOU CANNOT

CURE

all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions of the mucous membrane such as nasal catarrh, uterine catarrh caused by feminine ills, sore throat, sore mouth or inflamed eyes by simply dosing the stomach.

But you surely can cure these stubborn affections by local treatment with

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

which destroys the disease germs, checks discharges, stops pain, and heals the inflammation and soreness.

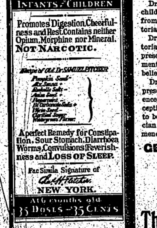
Paxtine represents the most successful local treatment for feminine ills ever produced. Thousands of women testify to this fact. 50 cents at druggists.

Send for Free Trial Box

THE R. PAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.

Physicians Recommend Castoria

CASTORIA has met with pronounced favor on the part of physicians, pharmaceutical societies and medical authorities. It is used by physicians with results most gratifying. The extended use of Castoria is unquestionably the result of three facts: *First*—The indisputable evidence that it is harmless: *Second*—That it not only allays stomach pains and quiets the nerves, but assimilates the food: *Third*—It is an agreeable and perfect substitute for Castor Oil. It is absolutely safe. It does not contain any Opium, Morphine, or other narcotic and does not stupefy. It is unlike Soothing Syrups, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, etc. This is a good deal for a Medical Journal to say. Our duty, however, is to expose danger and record the means of advancing health. The day for poisoning innocent children through greed or ignorance ought to end. To our knowledge, Castoria is a remedy which produces composure and health, by regulating the system—not by stupefying it—and our readers are entitled to the information.—*Hall's Journal of Health.*



900 DROPS

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A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS / CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

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Pumpkin Seed

Alx. Senna

Rochelle Salts

Anise Seed

Peppermint

Bi Carbonate Soda

Worm Seed

Clarified Sugar

Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

NEW YORK.

At 6 months old

35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. B. Halstead Scott, of Chicago, Ills., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria often for infants during my practice, and find it very satisfactory."

Dr. William Belmont, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "Your Castoria stands first in its class. In my thirty years of practice I can say I never have found anything that so filled the place."

Dr. J. H. Taft, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I have used your Castoria and found it an excellent remedy in my household and private practice for many years. The formula is excellent."

Dr. R. J. Hamlen, of Detroit, Mich., says: "I prescribe your Castoria extensively, as I have never found anything to equal it for children's troubles. I am aware that there are imitations in the field, but I always see that my patients get Fletcher's."

Dr. Wm. J McCrann, of Omaha, Neb., says: "As the father of thirteen children I certainly know something about your great medicine, and aside from my own family experience I have in my years of practice found Castoria a popular and efficient remedy in almost every home."

Dr. J. R. Clausen, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "The name that your Castoria has made for itself in the tens of thousands of homes blessed by the presence of children, scarcely needs to be supplemented by the endorsement of the medical profession, but I, for one, most heartily endorse it and believe it an excellent remedy."

Dr. R. M. Ward, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Physicians generally do not prescribe proprietary preparations, but in the case of Castoria my experience, like that of many other physicians, has taught me to make an exception. I prescribe your Castoria in my practice because I have found it to be a thoroughly reliable remedy for children's complaints. Any physician who has raised a family, as I have, will join me in heartiest recommendation of Castoria."

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

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In Use For Over 30 Years.

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N W N U —NO. 35— 1906

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1906. NUMBER 8.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

JOHNSON IS NAMED AMID WILD CHEERS

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION NAMES STATE TICKET IN MINNEAPOLIS.

RUNNING MATE FOR BRYAN

GOVERNOR SPOKEN OF AS LOGICAL CANDIDATE FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

Minneapolis, Sept. 5.—The Democratic state convention here yesterday named the following ticket:

Governor—John A. Johnson.

Lieutenant Governor—L. G. Prendergast, Bemidji.

Secretary of State—P. M. Magnussen, St. Cloud.

State Treasurer—David Evans, Tracy.

State Auditor—A. Arnes, Montevideo.

Attorney General—Thomas R. Kane, St. Paul.

Clerk of Supreme Court — Fred Wheaton, Minneapolis.

Chief Justice—Charles M. Start.

Bryan's Running Mate.

Not only was Gov. John A. Johnson renominated for the office which he is now holding at the state Democratic convention held in this city yesterday, but he was also spoken of as the logical running mate for William Jennings Bryan on the national ticket in 1908. Delegates rose in their seats and waved their hats and cheered heartily as W. S. Hammond of St. James concluded his nominating speech in behalf of the governor.

Cheers for Johnson.

"Three cheers for Gov. Johnson!" came the cry as Mr. Hammond stepped from the platform, and, standing in the aise, led the cheers.

The nomination of the governor came early in the session of the convention. The gathering was a Johnson gathering, from doors to farthest corners of the stage, and upon their leader the delegates were united.

Applause for Bryan.

But the applause which greeted the name of Gov. Johnson was closely approached by that which swept over the house when the name of William Jennings Bryan was mentioned by Chairman Winston. Continued applause greeted Bryan's name.

The nomination of Gov. Johnson took place while the committee on resolutions was preparing the platform. Repeated efforts were made to secure a recess, but the convention preferred to press its work forward. Seconding speeches in behalf of the governor were made by O. C. Baldwin of Duluth, Chairman F. G. Winston and ex-Mayor James C. Haynes of Minneapolis.

Winston Is Chairman.

There were about 1,100 of the 1,250 allotted delegates present when Chairman Frank A. Day of the state central committee called the convention to order, shortly after noon.

Fendall G. Winston of Minneapolis was chosen temporary chairman.

M. F. Kain of St. Paul, secretary of the central commitee, was continued as secretary of the convention.

Harley M. Wheelock, Fergus Falls, was elected assistant secretary.

The temporary organization was then made permanent.

The Platform.

The platform protests against "government by injunction," and demands of congress laws regulating the issuance of injunctions to the end that citizens may not be deprived of their constitutional rights by court order.

Article VII. reads: "Modern industrial development, increasing as it does the productive power of labor and multiplying the strain upon the workers, makes both unnecessary and undesirable the

Long Hours of Toil

demanded by the crude and less efficient methods; we, therefore, favor a working day of not more than eight hours in all industrial callings except agricultural and kindred pursuits and urge that our lawmakers, state and national, adopt legislation to that end."

Article IX.: "That the senators of the United States may be made responsive to the will of their constituents, we demand of our congressmen and senators that they labor diligently for a change in the legislation of the United States by which United States senators shall be elected by direct vote of the people."

Join in Welcome to Bryan.

Article XII.: "We cordially join in the homecoming welcome that has been extended to William J. Bryan. We congratulate Mr. Bryan and the nation upon the present recognition of his worth. For ten years the loyal Democrats of Minnesota have acknowledged his leadership in the contest for the establishment of the common rights of all the people as against vested wrongs and the special interests of the few. We now view with satisfaction the approach of the logical results of that leadership in the probable election of Mr. Bryan to the presidency of the United States."

Popular Election of Senators.

Article XIII.: "Believing it both unwise and unjust that the congress of the United States should grant special privileges which enrich the few at the expense of the many, we demand that the members of congress from Minnesota shall labor diligently for the immediate revision of the Dingley tariff schedules, to the end that trusts and combinations in restraint of trade shall no longer be fostered and developed by any tariff laws. We demand that there shall be placed on the free list all trust-made articles and that all protection shall be removed fro marticles sold cheaper to the foreigner than to the American."

CARELESS HUNTERS KILLED.

Annual List of Fatalities Has Four as Starter.

Milwaukee, Sept. 5.—The hunting season has opened with a big grist of fatal accidents as the result of the careless handling of weapons. Charles Culver of this city was killed at Pewaukee Lake by the discharge of a rifle which he was holding between his knees. Edward Slattery of West Allis pulled his shotgun toward him as he was getting out of a boat at Fox river. He was killed instantly. In the Michigan copper region John Smoyak was instantly killed while duck hunting. Charles Garceau, living near Marquette, was fatally wounded while in the woods.

KILLED WHILE HUNTING.

Alfred H. Gibbs of Echo Accidentally Shot by His Father.

Echo, Minn., Sept. 5.—Alfred H. Gibbs, a prominent young farmer of this locality, was shot and instantly killed while out shooting ducks late Saturday evening by his father. The two were seated together and when a flock of birds appeared the father was told to shoot. He did so, and for some unknown reason the son raised up just in time to receive the full charge in the back of the head. He was instantly killed. A younger brother was with them and witnessed the accident. Alfred Gibbs was married last June to Miss Helen Shaver of Redwood Falls. The father is prostrated with grief.

CASHIER BOUND AND GAGGED.

Bank Robbers Get Away With Several Thousand Dollars.

Rainier, Or., Sept. 5.—While Cashier P. W. Van Ancher lay bound hand and foot, gagged and tied to a table in a back room, two bandits leisurely looted the State Bank of Ranier in broad daylight. It was two hours before their unfortunate victim was able to free himself sufficiently to give the alarm, and in the meantime the robbers made good their escape, taking with them between $2,000 and $2,500 in gold coin. Silver and bank notes lying on the counter were untouched.

BUTTE POLICE HELPLESS.

Five Holdups and One Assault Reported in One Night.

Butte, Mont., Sept. 5.—Butte is still in the throes of an epidemic of holdups, each night several cases being reported to the police, who seem powerless to apprehend the thugs.

Last night five pedestrians were held up, one at a time, and all within a block of each other. One of the victims, who had only a dollar, had his skull fractured in a terrific beating given him over the head with a gun.

The holdup men apparently are following the races.

LIGHTNING KILLS THREE.

Horse Dealers, While Eating Supper, Are Slain by Bolt.

Winnipeg, Man., Sept. 5.—The bodies of three men, Samuel Crossin, Jack McRae and Charles Loggen, have been found on the trial from Battleford, ninety miles north of the Saskatchewan river.

They were horse dealers and while eating supper were struck by a bolt of lightning. All were ranchers of the Maple creek district.

HOG CHOLERA EPIDEMIC.

Pigeons Are Spreading the Disease Among Farms.

Luverne, Minn., Sept. 5.—Hog cholera has made its appearance in the county and present indications are that it will develop into a dangerous epidemic. Thus far several hundred hogs have died of the disease, some farmers losing as many as a hundred out of a single drove, and the disease is said to be spreading rapidly.

BOY FISHERMAN DROWNED.

Lad Gets Cramp While Trying to Loosen End of Net.

Mount Vernon, S. D., Sept. 5.—William Timm, a young lad living near here, was drowned in Firesteel creek while seining. The boy was attempting to loosen one end of his seine which had fastened about a barbed wire fence. In doing so he was seized with a cramp and sank in twelve feet of water.

FIRE HERO BADLY BURNED.

Volunteer's Clothing Is Ignited While He Is Fighting Flames.

Rolla, N. D., Sept. 5.—While fighting a fire in a local hardware store, Ellis Kyle, a members of the volunteer fire department received burns which probably will prove fatal. In some manner his clothing caught fire and before the flames could be extinguished Kyle was terribly burned about the face and body.

Harvesters Are Scalded.

Devils Lake, N. D., Sept. 5.—Two harvesters whose names are not known, were badly scalded, one probably fatally, in an accident which occurred at a steam threshing rig on a farm ten miles west of here.

Hotel Man Arrested.

Fargo, N. D., Sept. 5.—John P. Dahlquist, proprietor of a hotel at Kindred, this county, has been arrested on the charge of selling liquor in violation of the North Dakota prohibitory law.

CZAR'S PROGRAM IS MADE PUBLIC

AN OFFICIAL COMMUNICATION IS GIVEN OUT AT ST. PETERSBURG.

DOES NOT ALTER SITUATION

TRIAL OF 200 MUTINEERS BEGINS AT CRONSTADT—1,000 WITNESSES.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 6.—An official communication embodying the whole government program was published last night. The program embraces court-martial for political crimes and an increase of the penalties for revolutionary propaganda, and expresses a firm determination to preserve order. It also promises a liberal measure of reforms and the abolition of useless restrictions on Jews. Measures for greater provincial autonomy are promised. Zemstvos will be introduced in Poland and the Baltic provinces, and an income tax will be instituted. Reforms in the police and other public services also are promised.

Situation Not Altered.

The communication, which was issued after protracted discussion by Premier Stolypin and the council of ministers, leaves the situation but little altered. The one thing evident is that the premier intends to carry out broad reforms on one hand and to pursue a policy of repression on the other. The establishment of courts-martial for political crimes signifies the supplanting of the civil courts wherever "extraordinary insecurity" exists.

An imperial ukase instituting this law was issued after the publication of the communication. It empowers governors general, where martial law or

Extraordinary Insecurity

exist, to place civilians or military men charged with crime upon trial before a military court consisting of five officers, the trial to take not longer than seventy-two hours from the beginning of the process to the execution of the verdict. This is entirely a new law, as heretofore only military or naval mutinies and uprisings were occasions for court-martial. Practically the whole of Russia is now under this category.

The program as announced is now the full program of the government, which probably will be issued at the end of September or early in October.

Trial of Mutineers.

The trial of 200 participants in the recent mutinous outbreak, including M. Onipko, one of the peasant leaders in the late parliament, and fifty other civilians, began at Cronstadt yesterday behind closed doors. There are over 1,000 witnesses, and therefore the proceedings are expected to be protracted.

Sebastopol Is Terrorized.

Sebastopol, Sept. 6.—In answer to the publication of a notice from the terrorists that a sentence of death had been imposed on Col. Dumbadze, commander of a rifle regiment here, the officers of that corps in an open letter have announced that in case of an attack being made on the colonel they will exact vengeance on the leaders of the progressive parties.

It is now supposed that the three cannon which disappeared last week from a torpedo boat under repair here were stolen by revolutionists.

Admiral Skrydloff, commander of the Black sea fleet, and the military commander here are very apprehensive, both regarding the attitude of the sailors of the fleet and the garrison of the fortress.

The military patrols in the city have been withdrawn inside the walls of the forts.

The Jews, who are in a chronic state of terror, interpreted the withdrawal of the troops as evidence that the mob was to be let loose on them, and they were responsible for the alarmist reports that anti-Jewish outbreaks were imminent, which reached the outside world.

FAST TIME WITH MAIL.

Canadian Pacific to Connect Hongkong and Liverpool in Thirty Days.

Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 6.—The task of carrying the mails from Liverpool to Hongkong within thirty days has been carried out so far on schedule time by the Canadian Pacific Railway company whose ships and trains are performing the service. The "overseas" mail train reached Vancouver on schedule time, and one hour later the steamship Empress of China had started on her voyage to Hongkong, which place it is anticipated she will reach on Sept. 23. The "overseas" special left Montreal on Aug. 31, with the mail brought by the steamship Empress of Ireland from Liverpool, Aug. 24.

No Rain, Yet River Rises.

Pierre, S. D., Sept. 6.—The Missouri river is showing a queer freak for this time of year, with a rise of two feet. No heavy rains have been reported from the country up river, and river men are puzzled to account for the action of the stream at this time.

Curtis Jett's Trial Postponed.

Cynthiana, Ky., Sept. 6.—The trial of Curtis Jett for the murder of James Cockrill, town marshal of Jackson, in July, 1902, was yesterday continued until Dec. 17, 1906.

HAIL STORM WAS TERRIFIC

CROPS IN PATH CUT TO PIECES—CHICKENS AND YOUNG PIGS KILLED.

Grand Forks, N. D., Sept. 6.—Gradually complete reports are coming in here of the destructive hail storm which raged Sunday night in Grand Forks county. It proves to have been the worst hail storm experienced in several years. The storm came from the northwest, striking Canna and extending in a southeasterly direction to the Red river in the vicinity of Belmont and Caledonia.

The storms covered an area four miles wide and it is estimated that 85 per cent of the flax crop in that path was ruined. The storm lasted only twenty minutes, but the hail is said to have been unusually thick, and such grain as had been uncut was damaged so much that none of it could be saved.

South of McCanna the storm struck the farm of W. E. Holt, who estimates that at least 2,000 bushels of wheat was shelled out by the hail. A hundred acres of oats on the Edison farm was completely destroyed and there was considerable damake to wheat in shock.

The hail followed the Turtle river to the Streeter farm. On this farm the hail was so severe that small pigs and chickens were killed by the stones, and the fine field of corn was literally cut to shreds. All of the windows on the north and west sides of the buildings in that neighborhood were broken. The storm increased in violence as it moved toward the river, and at Thompson much damage was done.

J. M. O'Neal expects to plow under fifty acres of flax which practically was ruined. The hail also did damage in Hegton, Arvilla, Chester, Fairfield, Allendale, Walls, Americus and Bentru townships, but the reports are too meager to warrant a conservative estimate of the damage.

SAYS HE KILLED MAN.

Canadian Who Alleges He Slew Brother-in-law Is Not Believed.

Beaudette, Minn., Sept. 6.—Angus McGinniss went to the marshal of the village and surrendered himself, declaring that he had murdered his brother-in-law by throwing him out of a boat near the mouth of the Rainey river about two years ago. It is thought that the man is insane, and he will be deported to Canada as a Canadian citizen, as it is well known he was not in the neighborhood at the time his brother-in-law was drowned.

FOUND DEAD ON WAY TO HELP.

Hunter Shoots Self and Dies While Seeking Aid.

Lidgerwood, N. D., Sept. 6.—Josiah Jasek, an Indian living near Marlow, shot and killed himself while on a hunting expedition. The shooting apparently was the result of an accident, but how it occurred never will be known. The charge entered his abdomen and produced a fearful wound, in spite of which Jasek crawled twenty rods toward help before he finally succumbed.

SUSPECT MAY BE MURDERER.

Valley City Officers Notified of Capture at East Grand Forks.

Grand Forks, N. D., Sept. 6.—Deputy Sheriff Quigley last night arrested a man in East Grand Forks answering the description of Blackie, who is wanted at Valley City on the charge of murder. Vallley City officials claimed by telephone that the man answered the description perfectly, and an officer will come from there to identify him.

DROPS WORK TO KILL SELF.

Farmer Leaves Field, Goes to House and Ends Life.

Wilton, N. D., Sept. 6.—Leaving his team standing in the field where he had been mowing, Fred Garambling, aged twenty years, went into the house on a farm south of here, lay down on a cot and placing the muzzle of a shotgun in his mouth pulled the trigger and blew off the top of his head.

CRUSHED UNDER SEPARATOR.

Harvester Receives Probably Fatal Injuries by Accident.

Riga, N. D., Sept. 6.—While working under the separator of a threshing rig, Bert Murphy was probably fatally injured by the props which held the machine giving way and letting the heavy weight down upon him. It is feared that his back is broken.

CHARRED BONES IN RUINS.

Mysterious Fire May Explain Cause of Farm Fire.

Prairie du Chien, Wis., Sept. 6.—Fire destroyed the buildings on the James Fallin farm in Eastman. The loss is $5,000. The charred bones of an unknown man were found in the ruins, and it is believed that he started the fire with his pipe.

Shot Dead by Playmate.

Heron Lake, Minn., Sept. 6.—Johnny Svennes, four years old, was accidentally shot in the head yesterday by Gust Olsen, a lad of fourteen. The boy is still alive, but there is little hope for his recovery.

Hurls Boy Rider to Death.

Moorhead, Minn., Sept. 6.—Ben Pasialo, an eight-year-old boy, was thrown from his horse and instantly killed while riding to the home of a neighbor, about four miles from Moorhead.

PEACE TALK ON ALL SIDES IN CUBA

HOPE THAT MATTERS WILL BE ARANGED WITHOUT FURTHER BLOODSHED.

ALL FIGHTING IS SUSPENDED

DELEGATES SENT TO CAMPS OF INSURGENTS TO CONSULT LEADERS.

Havana, Sept. 6.—Peace is in the air, and on all sides there is hope that matters will be arranged between the government and the insurgents so as to avert further bloodshed. However, there has been no tangible advance toward an agreement or even negotiation. But fighting has been practically suspended. Delegates informally chosen by a small group of veterans started yesterday to the camps of Pino Guerra, Col. Asbert, Gen. Guzman and other insurgent leaders to learn what will be acceptable to the fighting leaders of the revolution.

Consult Insurgents.

A similar committee started for Cienfuegos to consult with the insurgent leaders in Santa Clara province. Late yesterday afternoon Gen. Menocal, Gen. Cebreco and other veterans held a conference with Alfredo Zayas, leader of the Liberal party, which, however, did not result in an understanding. At the same time the executive committee of the moderate party held a conference at which peace was excitedly discussed.

The Associated Press is informed, although the fact has not been made public, that the government commanders have been directed to suspend active field operations until it can be determined what can be done to end the war.

What They Will Offer.

The propositions which the promoters of the peace movement have in mind includes a special session of congress to pass acts of amnesty, for the holding of municipal elections and a new general election law, providing minority representation in all branches of the national and municipal governments. These propositions seem to appeal to the public, although Liberals are inclined to demand also the resignation of all high officials, including the president and members of the cabinet, which the government cannot consider. It is feared that the demands of the insurgent leaders in the field will be much more exacting than those of insurgent sympathizers in the cities.

Consult With Veterans.

Various leading veterans have been called to Havana to consult with the provisional peace committee.

Although Gov. Nunez reports that the insurgent bands in Havana province are well scattered, the operations of Col. Ashbert's numerous bands continue. All the testimony from the Guines region is to the effect that the insurgents are active and numerous. It was reported yesterday that Col. Asbert is likely to die of the wound received in an engagement Sept. 3.

Few complaints are being received at the American legation here of interference with the property of Americans in Santa Clara province, though there have been several requests for protection.

CHINKS FOR ANNAPOLIS.

Two Yellow Youths to Be Admitted to Naval Academy.

San Francisco, Sept. 6.—Among the passengers on the Toyen Kisen America, which arrived here from China, were Chen Shei Ting and Ten Fong Ten, two Chinese boys. They are en route to Annapolis, where they will enter the United States naval academy. Accompanying the students were Doctors S. W. Tchan, Chow Kwai Sang and Ho Kan Yuen, who are en route to Buffalo to attend a convention of the military surgeons.

BUCKETS SAVE TOWN.

Fire Spreads Far at Crookston, but Is Subdued.

Crookston, Minn., Sept. 6.—An overheated range in the kitchen of the restaurant owned by P. A. Banta caused a fire which destroyed three buildings here. The large department store of W. A. Epperson caught fire, but heroic work by the bucket brigade saved this building and confined the fire to the restaurant and two adjacent buildings.

Kill and Wound Wrong Men.

Albany, Ky., Sept. 6.—One dead, another fatally wounded and two others seriously injured is the result of a shooting affray in Pickett county, Tennessee. The shooting, it is said, was the result of a mistake, the men attacked being mistaken for other parties.

Aeronaut Has Fatal Fall.

Lewiston, Me., Sept. 6.—Carl Smith, of Brockton, Mass., a professional aeronaut, fell 125 feet from a balloon at the Maine state fair grounds yesterday and received injuries which will probably result in his death.

Killed Wrong Man.

Geneva, N. Y., Sept. 6.—Frank Robinson was shot and killed in a saloon here by Patrick McCreery, who is believed to have mistaken Robinson for a man named McElroy, with whom he had quarreled.

BRYAN IS WELCOMED HOME

"HOME FOLKS" EXTEND NEIGHBORLY GREETING—NON-PARTISAN AFFAIR.

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 6.—William Jennings Bryan returned last evening to his Lincoln home and the "home folks" welcomed him with every evidence of approval and satisfaction. It was a neighborly welcome, planned as such and carried out with that understanding. Lincoln has more Republicans than Democrats, and Mr. Bryan has in the past good naturedly expressed the belief that it would be a task to reform the city politically, but last night there was no line of partisan division. Everybody showed good nature; nobody wanted to quarrel about politics, and nearly the whole population showed that it was genuinely glad that so well known a man as Mr. Bryan lives here.

It is doubtful whether Lincoln ever held a larger crowd. The weather barring the heat, was nearly perfect; it was a half holiday and every train brought not only Nebraska people, but many from nearby states.

The non-partisan nature of the reception was emphasized in every possible way.

KISSED IN COURT.

Law Student Wins Case and Swedish Girl Rewards Him.

Catskill, N. Y., Sept. 6.—For a student of the New York university law school to win a case before receiving his sheepskin might be considered glory enough, but on top of that A. J. Powers of New York city was smothered in kisses in open court by his comely client, a buxom Swedish girl.

All this happened at Tannersville, on the mountain top, where Miss Stockholm, a servant at one of the hotels, assaulted her mistress. Powers is stopping there, with his classmate, Edward Lackey, son of Counselor M. Lackey, Jr., a veteran mountain lawyer, who represented the plaintiff.

The elder Lackey jokingly asked Powers to defend the fair prisoner. So eloquently did the student present his side of the case, so ably did he plead, that the jury found a verdict of "not guilty." Then came the deluge of kisses.

LOGS FALL ON MAN.

Heavy Timbers Jolted From Car Injure Toiler.

Bemidji, Minn., Sept. 6.—While working at the logging hoist on the south shore of Lake Irwin, Frank Fuller of this city received injuries which caused his death a few hours later. Fuller was driving a team used in switching cars at the hoist. The cars came together with such force that several of the logs were jarred loose from their position and fell, hitting Fuller. He was picked up and brought to the hospital here, but all efforts to save his life proved unavailing.

PRISONER DIGS TUNNEL.

Alleged Murderer of Barry Nearly Makes Escape.

Pierre, S. D., Sept. 6.—Frank Smith, the man in jail here charged with the murder of Joseph Barry, in his preliminary hearing said this was the first time he was ever in trouble, but he has shown a good working knowledge of the jail by almost making his escape. He had dug under the foundation of the cells and was tunneling his way to liberty when discovered.

EARTHQUAKES AT HAWAII.

Two Shocks Are Reported From Hilo—No Damage Done.

Honolulu, Sept. 6.—Two earthquake shocks are reported from Hilo, on the island of Hawaii, but it is stated that no damage was done. After one of the shocks hundreds of dead fish were thrown upon the beaches. Apparently they had been scalded to death by a submarine eruption. The earthquakes were not felt on Oahu, the island on which Honolulu is situated.

JAPS STEALING WHALES.

Using Seven Steam Vessels in Business in Bering Sea.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 6.—Capt. Olsen, a Norwegian whaler, who arrived by the steamer Tanga, en route to Norway, to purchase steam whaling vessels for Japan, says seven are now in use, taking whales to coast stations in Korea and Northeast Japan. The business was extended to the Japanese stations only from the beginning of the present year.

Find Leak in Boston Hull.

Bellingham, Wash., Sept. 6.—The United States cruiser Boston, damaged Sept. 3 on Peabody Rock, will start for the Bremerton navy yard to-day under her own steam. The divers discovered the leak in her hull. It is well under the bottom and is four feet long. One of the plates is broken and tends to overlap, making it difficult to stop the flow of water.

Street Car Strike Ended.

San Francisco, Sept. 6.—The street railway strike has been officially declared off. The carmen have returned to work on the terms agreed on—that they resume work and arbitrate their demand for $3 wage and eight hours.

Fatally Burned.

McPherson, Kan., Sept. 6.—While filling a balloon preparatory to making an ascension Jack Leroy was fatally burned as the result of the explosion of the balloon when the gasoline was thrown on the fire.

WORN TO A SKELETON.

A Wonderful Restoration Caused a Sensation in a Pennsylvania Town.

Mrs. Charles N. Preston, of Elkland, Pa., says: "Three years ago I found that my housework was becoming a burden. I tired easily, had no ambition and was fading fast. My complexion got yellow, and I lost over 50 pounds. My thirst was terrible, and there was sugar in the kidney secretions. My doctor kept me on a strict diet, but as his medicine was not helping me, I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. They helped me at once, and soon all traces of sugar disappeared. I have regained my former weight and am perfectly well."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Easy.

"How did Mr. Chicago make his money?"

"Smoking."

"Absurd! How can any one make money that way?"

"He smoked hams."

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: David J. Ames, Minneapolis, Minn., concrete building block; David J. Ames, Minneapolis, Minn., concrete block machine; John A. Hammer, Elkton, S. D., harness hanger; Francis M. Henry and J. M. Powers, Minneapolis, Minn., nut lock; Frank McMillan, Duluth, Minn. wrench; Robert G. Roberts, Minneapolis, Minn., vehicle; Frank W. Sweet, Minneapolis, Minn., combined picture frame and mount.

The Modern Way.

Maiden Aunt—"My life has been a perfect romance."

Niece—"But you've never married, aunt."

"You stupid! In modern romance the heroine never marries."

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. 30,000 testimonials of cures. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package, FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

His Mental Limitation.

"Your honor," said the arrested chauffeur, "I tried to warn the man but the horn would not work."

"Then why did you not slacken speed rather than run him down?"

A light seemed to dawn upon the prisoner.

"Gee!" he said, "that's one on me I never thought of that."

Reversible Figures.

There is a Western senator of rather an irascible temper who, on the days when everything goes wrong, enjoys scolding the clerks employed by his committee.

On one occasion during the last session of the senate, the Western solon had desired one of the clerks to prepare a tabulated statement of certain trade statistics of the United States. When the statement was laid before the testy senator, he glanced at it with an air that boded trouble. Suddenly he exclaimed:

"Look here, Robinson, this won't do. Why didn't you prepare this statement on the typewriter? These figures are disgraceful. Any office boy could do better. See that five! It looks for all the world like a three! Nobody would take it for anything else! Just look at it!"

"I beg pardon, senator," replied the humble clerk; "the fact is, it is a three."

"A three!" roared the senator. "You idiot! It looks like a five!"—Harper's Weekly.

GOOD AND HARD.

Results of Excessive Coffee Drinking

It is remarkable what suffering some persons put up with just to satisfy an appetite for something.

A Mich. woman says: "I had been using coffee since I was old enough to have a cup of my own at the table, and from it I have suffered agony hundreds of times in the years past.

"My trouble first began in the form of billous colic, coming on every few weeks and almost ending my life. At every attack for 8 years I suffered in this way. I used to pray for death to relieve me from my suffering. I had also attacks of sick headache, and began to suffer from catarrh of the stomach, and of course awful dyspepsia.

"For about a year I lived on crackers and water. Believing that coffee was the cause of all this suffering, I finally quit it and began to use Postum Food Coffee. It agreed with my stomach; my troubles have left me and I am fast gaining my health under its use.

"No wonder I condemn coffee and tea. No one could be in a much more critical condition than I was from the use of coffee. Some doctors pronounced it cancer, others ulceration, but none gave me any relief. But since I stopped coffee and began Postum I am getting well so fast I can heartily recommend it for all who suffer as I did." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville." "There's a reason."

LOW RATES

FARM LOANS

We make Farm Loans at Lowest Rates of Interest with Optional Payments. If title is good you can get your money the same day you make application. We do business quick. No six weeks or months to wait. No deal is too large for us to handle nor too small for us to give its careful attention: : : : :

Give us a Call.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

Officers:

C. L. Hansen........President
Daniel Patterson........Vice-Pres.
A. D. Stephens........2nd Vice-Pres.
K. O. Gigstad........Cashier

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm	
10:35 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm	
11:05 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm	
11:35am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30pm	

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar	Wylie	Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"

and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of

THE FAMOUS

MATT. J. JOHNSON'S 6088

RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE

you are not satisfied with results.

This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.

For Sale and Guaranteed Only by

Imperial Drug Co., St. Hilaire

GET YOUR PICTURE TAKEN BY

D. COLLINS

THE

Photograper.

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

McMURRAY'S VANILLA

WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

HOLLISTER'S

Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets

A Busy Medicine for Busy People.

Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.

A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.

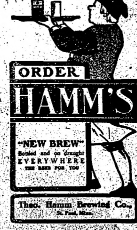
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

A. O. LETVIG

Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn



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St. Paul, Minn.

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TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

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Saturday, Sept. 8, 1906.

Republican State Ticket.

United States Senator—
KNUTE NELSON,
Douglas County.

Governor—
A. L. COLE,
Cass County.

Lieutenant Governor—
A. O. EBERDART,
Blue Earth County.

Chief Justice—
CHARLES M. START,
Olmsted County.

State Treasurer—
CLARENCE DINEHART,
Murray County.

Secretary of State—
JULIUS SCHMAHL,
Redwood County.

Attorney General—
E. T. YOUNG,
Swift County.

State Auditor—
S. G. IVERSON,
Fillmore County.

Clerk of the Supreme Court—
C. A. PIDGEON,
Wright County.

Railroad Commissioner—
C. F. STAPLES,
Dakota County.

The prairie chicken, like the buffalo, will soon be a curiosity, in this section at least.

The republicans will have a candidate for every office in Red Lake county this fall and they will make a hard fight to land all of them at the election.

Minnesota democrats will soon find out that they are not having such good republican support for their candidate for governor as they had two years ago.

Stensland, the bank wrecker of Chicago, has been caught in Africa. He ought to be hanged, as the money he squandered was the savings of poor working people.

The Minnesota State Fair which is doing business this week is one of the best in the country. Ninety-three thousand people attended on the opening day last Monday.

Frank Jeffers and H. T. McAnulty sprung a surprise on the voters by withdrawing from the primary ticket. Both, we understand will run as independent candidates.

Hendrum Review: Bergh Bros. threshed their crop of winter wheat this week. It averaged 24 bushels per acre. A number of farmers will seed a few acres this year. The present crop has been the most successful one. In former years much of it has frozen out, but it is probable more success will be had with the seed grown here for several years, and becoming acclimated.

Postmasters at rural delivery offices are directed by the postoffice department to inform rural carriers that they must not carry as express matter, for hire or as a favor, any article or package weighing four pounds or under which is mailable, and carriers will inform patrons that such packages can only be delivered by them after the required postage shall have been affixed to such packages.

Warren Register: The Cuban "patriots" are again active. They have been quiet longer than we had expected them to be, but The Register has not changed the opinion it expressed years ago that the United States should have kept Cuba when it took her away from Spain and that the adoption of the Teller amendment was not only poor politics but was dictated by the very opposite of commonsense. We believe now that the time will come, and is not so very far away, when the United States will find it necessary to annex the island. While there is no occasion to waste sympathy upon the Americans who have gone to Cuba or the Isle of Pines to live, the treatment they have had to submit to from the Cuban authorities is conclusive proof of the incompetency of the Cuban people for self-government.

—The Crookston College is beginning its twelfth year with eight teachers and eight courses. It is the oldest and largest school in the northwest. It has placed every one of its graduates in good paying positions. Free car fare to Crookston. Send for catalog to J. C. Sathre, Crookston, Minn.

How Emery Is Quarried.

Emery comes from the island of Naxos, in the eastern Mediterranean, whence it has been exported for the last two centuries or more. The beds are in the northeast of the island, the deposit descending into some of the neighboring islands, the emery being found in lenticular masses, resting on layers of schist in limestone, almost identical with Parian marble, the finest marble known, which comes from the island of Paros, close by. There are about 800 men engaged in the trade, all of whom have to be married before they are admitted to the fraternity. The material is much too hard to be dug out or even blasted. Great fires are lighted round the blocks till the natural cracks expand with the heat, and levers are then inserted to pry them apart.

This system is continued until the blocks are reduced in size to masses of a cubic foot or less, and they are then shipped as if they were coals. There are said to be 20,000,000 tons yet available at Naxos. It is one of the hardest substances yet known, coming next to the diamond, and among its crystalline forms known to the jewelers are the ruby and the sapphire.

Lighting a Pipe.

A smoker who started to light his pipe on the street turned to his companion and said: "A man told me the other day how to light an ordinary match in a high wind. Let me show you."

There was a stiff breeze blowing. The demonstrator took from his pocket an envelope, struck a parlor match on a rail and shielded it inside of the envelope, facing the wind as he did so. The match burned with hardly a flicker, and the man who held it puffed on his pipe with great satisfaction.

"That's a trick worth knowing," he remarked. "Here's another. Sometimes you get a spark on top of your pipe which the most vigorous puffing fails to spread over the surface of the tobacco. In that case take a piece of paper of almost any kind and hold it down in the spark. This will spread the fire and give you the sort of light a pipe smoker wants."—Providence Journal.

Raking Grass After Mowing.

Some persons advise raking after each mowing. I do not, because the clippings drop down into the grass and form a mulch, which I consider of great benefit. They also help to fertilize the soil. The lawn that is not mowed often enough will not look well after you have been over it with the mower, because there was growth enough to partially hide the sward upon which it falls. This will wither and turn brown in a day or two and greatly detract from the beauty of the lawn. But if you keep your lawn well mowed—and that means going over it at least three times a week in ordinary seasons—the amount clipped off at each mowing will be so slight that there will not be enough of it to show. Let the knife blades be set high enough to leave at least two inches of the foliage.—Outing Magazine.

The Coyote.

One of the most interesting wild animals is the prairie wolf, known in Mexico as the coyote and in the old world as the jackal. It is thirty-six to forty inches long, with a tail measuring sixteen to eighteen inches in length. The color is usually a dull, yellowish gray on the back and sides, with black cloudings. The underpart and inside of the limbs are of a dirty white tint. The voice is a sort of snapping bark, and for this reason the animal is known as the "barking wolf." It is found on the western plains, extending from Mexico to latitude 55 degrees north. It hunts in packs and is very fleet.

A Good Color.

Negroes use the same phrases they hear whites use, often with amusing application. This conversation, overheard in the streets of a southern city, is related in Lippincott's Magazine: "Howdy, Mis' Mandy? How is you?" called one dusky aunty to another. "Oh, I jes' tollable, Mis' Johnson. How you feelin'?" was the response. "Why, I's a-feelin' mighty peart, I is," confided Mrs. Johnson. "I suttenly does feel fine." "Wellum, yo' sho' is lookin' well," agreed her friend. "Yo' color's so good."

Proxy Husbands In Turkey.

Divorces are easy to obtain in Turkey, and a husband and wife may remarry three times. If they wish to marry a fourth time, the woman must go through the formality of marrying another man and then of being divorced. This custom has given rise to a curious profession—that of proxy husbands. Such men are generally blind and have no hesitancy in relinquishing their brides for a money consideration.

He Has.

"Pa, what does savoir faire mean?"

"Well, I don't know that I can explain it exactly, but the man who can look tickled and interested when somebody starts to tell a story that he has heard about twenty times before has it all right."—Chicago Record-Herald.

A Poser.

"Please, pa," pleaded Bobby, "just one more."

"All right," said pa, closing his book.

"Well, say, pa," began Bobby, "who is going to bury the last man that dies?"

Not One of Them.

Bones—The great men are all dying off.

Jones—That doesn't make it necessary for you to see a doctor.

The olympiads consisted alternately of forty-nine and fifty months.

Notice for Bids.

Notice is hereby given that the clerk of Independent School District No. 102, Red Lake county, Minn., will receive bids for furnishing sixty cords dry poplar wood, same to be delivered at the schoolhouse in St. Hilaire.

Bids will be entertained for the entire sixty cords or in amounts of not less than ten cords each; also stating when delivery can be made.

Bids will be opened on Sept. 26th, 1906, and the board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Dated St. Hilaire, Minn., August 23, 1906.
K. O. GIGSTAD,
Clerk.

Praises St. Hilaire Creamery Butter.

The following letter will be of interest to the patrons of the St. Hilaire Creamery association.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture,
Dairy Division.
August 28, 1906.

MR. G. L. AUSTIN,
St. Hilaire Co-operative Creamery
Ass'n, St. Hilaire, Minn.

Dear Sir:—I inspected the tub marked with a black cross in your shipment to Fitch, Cornell & Co. This tub of butter would score about 94½. It is just a little greasy in body, and this is probably due to churning too soon after cooling down; but you are handling your cream right. The only way to handle hand separator cream is to churn it the same day you get it, if you can get the right amount of acid, so it can be cooled and churned in the afternoon.

I looked at one or two of your regular make, and found them fully as good as the one marked with the black cross, or even better, and I want to congratulate you on making such fine butter out of hand separator cream. IT ONLY GOES TO SHOW THAT IF HAND SEPARATOR CREAM IS DELIVERED IN GOOD, SWEET CONDITION, AND THE BUTTERMAKER IS GIVEN A CHANCE TO USE A GOOD COMMERCIAL STARTER, AND RIPEN IT UP HIMSELF, HE WILL HAVE NO TROUBLE IN MAKING GOOD BUTTER OUT OF IT.

It is possible the tub with the black cross should have been cut half a point on body, on account of its being greasy and just a little weak in body; but if you can make butter like this every day in the year, you don't need to worry. You will find someone who will take it at a good price all the time.

Am very glad to get this request from you and hope you will feel free to make use of me at any time, as I am here to give the buttermakers in the different states such information as will help them in their work.

Yours in reply,
W. S. SMARZO,
Dairy Expert and Inspector.

Sidewalk Resolution.

The following resolution was offered by Councilman Daniel Patterson and seconded by Councilman A. S. Wilson:

Whereas, the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the state of Minnesota, did duly adopt, on the 29th day of May, 1906, a resolution ordering a cement or concrete sidewalk to be built or constructed on the south side of Third street from Broadway avenue to Water street, and on the west side of Water street from Third street to Main street, and that said sidewalk be completed and constructed on or before the 28th day of July, 1906;

And Whereas, said resolution was duly and regularly served upon all the owners of the property abutting on said streets and avenue upon which said sidewalk was so ordered to be constructed, as required by law, and that said resolution together with the proof of service of said resolution has been filed in the office of the clerk of said village as required by law, and;

Whereas, the owners of said abutting property had wholly neglected, failed and refused to build or construct said sidewalk as was ordered or at all, and;

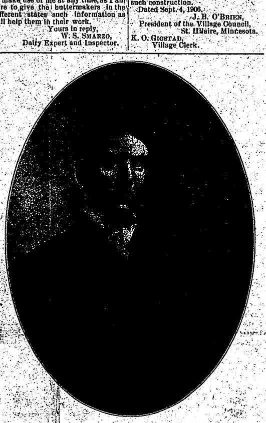
Whereas, the village council of said village did cause to be built and constructed said sidewalk, and whereas the work on said sidewalk was fully completed on the 28th day of August, 1906, and within thirty days of the date of this resolution.

Now, therefore, be it resolved, that said village council will have a meeting at the village hall in said village on the 17th day of September, 1906, at 8:00 p.m. of said day, and will at that time hear testimony of all persons interested or affected by reason of the construction of said walk, and will ascertain the amount of benefits to the property fronting such sidewalk by reason of such construction.

Dated Sept. 4, 1906.

J. B. O'BRIEN,
President of the Village Council,
St. Hilaire, Minnesota.

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Village Clerk.



FRED RICHARDS,

BLACK RIVER TWP.

Candidate for the Republican nomination for Superintendent of Schools. Respectfully solicits your vote and support at the Primary Election.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake. } ss

In the matter of the petition of John A. Duffy and others, for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 28.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 28, beginning at a point 40 rods south and 80 rods west of the northeast corner of the southwest quarter of section 1, in township 151, range 44, and running thence south along the quarter section line to a point near the center of the northwest quarter of section 12 in said town and range, thence west across the west half of the northwest quarter of said section 12, following the natural water course, to the section line between sections 11 and 12 and between sections 13 and 14, making a highway between said sections 11 and 12 to a coulee at or near the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of said section 14, putting the necessary culverts between said sections 11 and 12, and terminating at said coulee, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Thomas McNirthney, S. A. Swanson, John Flanigan, Pangburn & Schurz, John Lehmkuhl, W. C. Gray, Edward Busse, Frank H. Gagnon, P. O. Floan, J. A. Jones, Anna Hartje, William Guhler, Napoleon Constant, John Schmitz, August C. Spilker, Fritz Schmitz, William Clarke and Mary Rose and that the engineer appointed by the board of county commissioners of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor, and that the viewers appointed by said board of county commissioners to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Tuesday, the second day of October, 1906, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at one o'clock p. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition, and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said board of county commissioners at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal) County Auditor of
Red Lake county, Minnesota.
[s8-22

Minnesota State Fair, Hamline,
Sept. 3-8, 1906.

For the above occasion the Great Northern Railway will sell from St. Hilaire to St. Paul or Minneapolis and return, round trip tickets at one first-class fare plus 50 cents; dates of sale Sept. 1 to 8, with final return limit of Sept. 10, 1906.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

AUCTION SALE!

An auction sale will be held at the farm of Julius M. Jahn, ¼ mile southwest of St. Hilaire, next Monday, Sept. 10th. Everything will be sold, including horses, cattle, chickens, 16 full-blooded white geese, harnesses, buggy, farm machinery, hay in stack, corn fodder, 14 acres buckwheat, and garden truck. Household goods, including four beds with springs and mattresses, chairs, tables, large size steel range, in fact almost everything will be sold.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford has an office at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, on the 8th day of every month. A red letter day to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

The "Redgeton"

SEWING MACHINE.

ROLLER BEARING, HIGH GRADE.

Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.

STRONGEST GUARANTEE.

National Sewing Machine Co.

BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.

4-FOOT SLABS AND TIED EDGINGS AT

$1.50

Per Cord

Crookston Lumber Company.

12th Year

8 Teachers

8 Courses

GRADUATES of the

CROOKSTON COLLEGE

Going out to take positions.

Send for Catalog to

J. C. SATHRE,
Crookston,
......Minn......

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES,
President.

E. R. EVANS,
Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Pack Your Trunk And Go East

That's a good start toward a pleasant and profitable Summer Vacation. In purchasing your ticket tell the agent that it Must read over the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

between the Twin Cities and Chicago. Five handsome daily trains including the Pioneer Limited and the Fast Mail. Direct connections at St. Paul Union Depot with all trains from the North and West. Sleeping car berths higher, wider and longer than the berths in other sleepers and therefore cooler and more comfortable for Summer travel.

Let us know where you are going and full information as to rates, routes, connections, etc., will be cheerfully furnished by return mail.

W. B. DIXON,
Northwestern Passenger Agent,
365 Robert St., ST. PAUL,

Advertise in the St. Hilaire Spectator

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, - - - MINNESOTA

CALL ON
HOLMES BROS.
FOR
HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson D. Patterson E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Bekstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff. N. G.
J. B. O'Brien. Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 8650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K.R. Killand, Secy.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for......
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston..
Next door to Hotel Markham.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Do You Want to MAKE MONEY?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in touch with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commission. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J.P. GONIGAM
210 Armory Blk.,
OTTAWA, - ILLINOIS

THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

—Honey, 15c a box at M.L. Hanson's.

Supt. McAnulty was here a short time last Monday.

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

O. H. Peters was down from Middle River to spend Sunday at home.

Mrs. Peter Hovd made a short visit at Red Lake Falls on Wednesday.

—Our men's 50c working shirts are hard to beat. Try one. M.L. Hanson.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Wm. McKinley made a short visit to friends at Thief River Falls last Wednesday.

—Try Soo Woolen Mills' yarn and you will use no other. For sale by M. L. Hanson.

Leonard Holmes went down to Crookston on a business trip last Wednesday evening.

J. J. Opsahl, of Bemidji, a candidate for representative, was a caller here last Wednesday.

Chas W. Latta, the Plummer Pioneer editor, was a business visitor here last Monday evening.

A. A. Odegaard went down to Minneapolis last Thursday evening to attend the state fair.

Wm. O. Williams, the lumber company blacksmith, spent last Sunday at Fargo with his family.

K. O. Gigstad left for the cities last Thursday night where he will take in the last of the state fair.

Mrs. A. S. Wilson and Mrs. Carl Steen went up to Thief River Falls on a short visit yesterday.

The rain last Saturday afternoon, while it did not last long, was one of the heaviest of the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter P. Hovd and Mrs. Stalvick made a short visit at Thief River Falls last Saturday.

Miss Emma Hoff returned last Monday to Moorhead, where she is attending the state Normal school.

C. G. Johnson and wife, who were visiting relatives here, returned to their home at Duluth last Monday.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

—If you have any butter, eggs or wool to offer, go to M. L. Hanson's and receive the highest market price.

Rev. Lillehei and family returned last Saturday from Minneapolis, where they have visited for several weeks.

Miss Edith Dahl left last Friday for Cokato, Minn., where she will teach the coming year in the village schools.

We are having some very warm weather for September, much warmer in fact than we were having a year ago.

Miss Katherine Patterson is spending the week at Minneapolis visiting with friends and taking in the state fair.

Mrs. Leonard Holmes and son Harold left last Wednesday evening for St. Paul where they will spend a month visiting relatives.

Victor G. Brink left last Saturday evening for St. Paul with a carload of cattle. He also intends to take in the state fair while there.

E. M. Hoff drove over and took the Soo for St. Paul last Wednesday, where he will visit the state fair and look over the fall stock of goods.

Harry Swenson is busy settling up his affairs and expects to be able to get away for his new home in Oregon some time the coming week.

—Very nice ladies' collars 10c to 35c each at M. L. Hanson's.

J. G. Prior and Charles Fellman went down to Twin Valley last Wednesday evening, where they expect to hunt prairie chickens for a few days.

Lewis A. Nelson, of Thief River Falls, a candidate for the republican nomination for sheriff, was here last Wednesday calling on his friends.

Kimball Southworth, one of the Crookston Lumber company's office force at Bemidji, was here a couple of days hunting the first of the week.

Ladies, read this catalogue of charms. Bright eyes, glowing cheeks, red lips, a smooth skin without a blemish, in short, perfect health. For sale with every package Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

Mrs. H. E. Ives is entertaining her mother, Mrs. P. E. Pirath, of Red Lake Falls, and her sister, Mrs. James H. Cross of Grand Rapids, this week.

Andrew Letvig went out to Lillo last Tuesday, where he has secured a contract to drill an artesian well for the Clearwater Creamery association.

R. H. Almer was here last Saturday attending to the shipping of his household effects to Mount Vernon, Washington, where he has decided to locate.

Ralph Green, the well known Equality farmer, who is a candidate for the republican nomination for register of deeds, was calling on friends here last Wednesday.

Mrs. J. K. Hannay and Mrs. Geo. L. Austin will entertain the Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church at the home of Mrs. Austin next Thursday, Sept. 13th. All the ladies are cordially invited.

—Those 25c men's wool hose at M.L. Hanson's are big values. Try a pair.

James Boss, of the Crookston Lumber company, came over from Bemidji yesterday and will spend several days here hunting and attending to business. Mr. Boss is sales manager for the company.

The Wylie-Black River base ball aggregation were here last Sunday afternoon but they failed to connect properly with the ball and the score stood 20 to 3 in favor of the St. Hilaire team.

Hon D. C. Lightbourn, editor of the Norman County Index at Ada, was a visitor here last Wednesday. Mr. Lightbourn is a prominent candidate for the republican nomination for state senator.

Manager J. M. Richards of the Crookston Lumber Co., came over from Bemidji last Saturday evening and spent a couple of days here looking over business and pursuing the elusive prairie hen.

—Silk ribbons, No. 16 to 60, only 10c a yard at M. L. Hanson's.

A tramp dropped in on Nap. Miller yesterday and took two razors and $1.20 in silver. Nap. shook him up until the money and razors dropped out of his pockets, then gave him a kick and let him go.

Hunters have had very poor luck in this vicinity the past week. The chicken crop has been getting beautifully less every year and it is only a question of a short time when they will be a thing of the past.

It arouses energy, develops and stimulates nervous life, arouses the courage of youth. It makes you young again. That's what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Examinations for rural mail carrier will be held today and it is expected that the new rural route running northwest from here will start on the 17th. Nearly all of the farmers living along the line have their mail boxes up and it will be a decided convenience for them.

Nap. Miller knows more about the barber business than he does about hunting, but he concluded to try his luck the other day. Leonard Holmes sold him a box of shells, but when the boys showed him a picture of a duck on the shell box he was properly indignant and insisted on a box with a picture of a prairie chicken. You have just got to be particular when game is scarce.

—New goods arriving daily at M. L. Hanson's.

School opened Tuesday with the usual good attendance, having 183 pupils enrolled. The teachers are as follows: Miss Mabel Hannay, primary; Miss Clara S. Olson, first grade; Miss Inga Iverson, second and third grades; Miss Nora G. Smith, fourth and fifth grades; Mrs. O'Brien, substitute in sixth and seventh grades; and Mr. O'Brien, eighth grade and high school work. The work is progressing nicely, no time being lost getting the classes graded, which is accounted for by the fact that Mr. O'Brien has had charge of the school for twelve successive years.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: Editor James H. Cross, of the Grand Rapids Magnet, and Miss Carrie Pirath, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Pirath of this city, were married at Duluth last Friday. The marriage was unknown here even to Miss Pirath's family, and came as a pleasant surprise to the many admiring friends of the young lady in this city. Mrs. Cross arrived home Saturday and Editor Cross came over and spent Tuesday here. She will remain here a few weeks until Mr. Cross gets their home fixed up, when she will return there. Miss Pirath has resided here since childhood until the past year or so, and is well known and admired by the people of Red Lake Falls. Her husband is the editor of the Magnet one of Grand Rapids' leading papers, and is a successful and well known newspaper man. The Gazette extends its congratulations and best wishes to the newly married couple.

Banking Accommodations.

If you live in New York city you will have the accommodation of several large banks, and some of them are the largest banks in the world.

But you will have no better banking accommodations than you have if you live within reach of the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire.

Our resources are as adequate to meet the demands of our customers as are the resources of the largest bank in New York.

But there is no bank in New York, or anywhere else, that is so willing to accommodate its customers as the Merchants State Bank of St Hilaire.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the village council of St. Hilaire held at the village hall Tuesday evening, Sept. 4th, 1906, at 8 o'clock.

Meeting called to order by President O'Brien.

All members present.

Minutes of last two regular meetings read and on motion accepted as read.

Report of village marshal read and on motion accepted.

Report of street commissioner read and on motion accepted.

Motion made and carried that the Poor committee investigate the property of C. Christopherson and get the estate settled up.

On motion E. M. Hoff, A. S. Wilson, and D. Patterson were appointed judges of the primary election Sept. 18, and A. F. Ittner and K. O. Gigstad, clerks.

On motion the office of Dr. Blomburgh as health officer was declared vacant. On motion Dr. J. C. Cummings was appointed health officer for the unexpired term.

The following bills were allowed in full:

K O Gigstad, services rendered	$150 00
KR Killand, sal and other work	54 00
D Patterson, draying	1 50
Wm Olson, rep fire apparatus	1 95
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber, two bills	73 08
John Hegseth, work	24 00
StHilaire Fire Dept, fire at barber shop	16 00
Holmes Bros, hardware as per bill	12 70
D Patterson, team, hire in C. Christopherson case	7 50
Holmes Bros, funeral expenses same	38 50
Swedish Lutheran Cemetery, grave, same	4 00
Dr H E Nelson, same	10 00
Mrs R Skorstad, nurse, same	6 00
Rev A Sand, funeral sermon, same	3 00
Peter Thune, board 2¼ weeks, same	12 00

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'Brien,
President.
K. O. Gigstad,
Clerk.

Saw Mill at Work.

Manager Evans started up the saw mill last Monday morning after four days' layoff and the mill has been running night and day this week. The logs have not been coming in any too fast, however, and they have had hard work to keep the mill going. They have several million feet of logs above Thief River Falls and a million or more this side and a few days more will see logs enough here to run all fall.

TO THE VOTERS OF RED LAKE COUNTY.

I hereby make my announcement as a republican candidate for the office of county auditor and in so doing it seems befitting to make my position clear to the voters of the county in the coming primary election.

I have resided continuously in the county for thirteen years, during which time I have affiliated with the republican party. In seeking the nomination to the office of county auditor I do so without pledging myself to any faction or local condition. I have not been asked to make pledges or promises and intend to make the run honestly and squarely, favoring neither friend nor foe.

If nominated and elected I shall perform the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner and shall do my utmost to fill the office satisfactorily.

Soliciting your support, I remain,
Very respectfully yours,
John B. O'Brien.

Ditch No. 27 Killed.

Gazette: The board of commissioners met at the auditor's office Tuesday and decided that Ditch No. 27 had better not be constructed at present.

The proposed waterway is located in Polk Centre and Black River townships and was petitioned for by L. Hanson and others. The viewers' report showed the estimated number of acres benefited as 3875, estimated at $5,197.64 and the damages $357. The construction cost was estimated at $2,650.95, which is nearly $2 per acre, and this amount was thought far too high, so the board decided the farmers would not want the ditch. The estimates showed that the last few miles would cost more to construct than all of the rest of the waterway and would not result in near the benefit the cost warranted.

Ask any "JAP" that you may see,
"Why the Czar, with Bear behind,
had to climb a tree.
The Yanks, God bless the Yanks, says
he,
They gave us Rocky Mountain Tea.
Imperial Drug Co.

HARRY E. IVES

Candidate for Republican nomination for Clerk of Court. Your vote and support solicited at the primaries, Sept. 18.

P. Engelstad Filling Silos.

Thief River News: Residents of Thief River Falls and vicinity who desire to see modern farming are invited to go down to the farm of Peter Engelstad's, four miles southeast of Thief River Falls, and witness the work of silo filling. Mr. Engelstad commenced work this week and it will be about a week more before the job is finished. He has two silos—the only ones in Red Lake county—and expects to store about 250 tons of ensilage which he will use to feed to his stock this winter.

Last fall Mr. Engelstad built his first silo and was so well pleased with the result that this spring he built another and will this winter feed all of his stock, both the milch cows and young stock from the silo. He finds that he is well paid for the extra care that he gives his stock.

Mr. Engelstad is one of the progressive farmers of Red Lake county and we hope to see others follow the lead he has taken. In any event it will be well worth the time of anyone to make the trip to Mr. Engelstad's farm this week and witness filling of the silo.

For Supt. of Schools.

H. T. McAnulty wishes to announce to the voters of Red Lake county that he will not be a candidate at the primaries for nomination, but that he will circulate a petition and expects to run as an independent candidate for Supt. of Schools at the election. He has decided that his work will not allow him time for two campaigns.

Political Announcement.

I hereby announce that I am a candidate for the republican nomination for the office of Register of Deeds for Red Lake county, and respectfully solicit the support of the republican voters at the primary election on Sept. 18th.

R. H. Green.

Chased By a Wolf.

Eleven Towns: Last Friday evening while Agnes Lee was out in the pasture after the cows, a large wolf came across the swamp howling and kept to one side of her but a few rods off and working closer. She had a large dog with her, which kept attacking the wolf quite often, giving the child a change to get nearly home, and undoubtedly saved her from being attacked by it, until Mrs. Lee on hearing the wolf howling ran out in the pasture and scared it away.

Parents should be careful and not allow their children to go far from their homes alone, as the wolves appear to be quite numerous and very savage.

Patent Scarecrow.

H. Invin, of Hawkes Bay, New Zealand, has patented an alarm which can be attached to a scarecrow, or can be used in place of a scarecrow. Its principal object is to provide an efficient apparatus by which a series of explosions may be produced at definite intervals for the purpose of frightening birds or animals away from the crops, fruit and the like. Men who have ideas to patent have good, active brains. To build up the brain drink golden grain belt beer. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

For Sale.

Two story frame building and lot with confectionery stock; central location and doing big business. Good reason for selling. A snap, inquire at once of R. H. Duntley,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

—8 bars good laundry soap for 25c at M. L. Hanson's.

—For go carts go to Holmes Bros.

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

SAVE MONEY
BY USING
MASCOT FLOUR
BETTER BREAD
and MORE OF IT.
Red Lake Falls Milling Co.
WE PURCHASE ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
H. C. ADAMS, Agent.

A HEALTHY OLD AGE

OFTEN THE BEST PART OF LIFE

Help for Women Passing Through Change of Life

Providence has allotted us each at least seventy years in which to fulfill our mission in life, and it is generally our own fault if we die prematurely.

Mrs. Mary Koehne

Nervous exhaustion invites disease. This statement is the positive truth.

When everything becomes a burden and you cannot walk a few blocks without excessive fatigue, and you break out into perspiration easily, and your face flushes, and you grow excited and shaky at the least provocation, and you cannot bear to be crossed in anything, you are in danger; your nerves have given out; you need building up at once! To build up woman's nervous system and during the period of change of life we know of no better medicine than Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Here is an illustration. Mrs. Mary L. Koehne, 371 Garfield Avenue, Chicago, Ill., writes:

"I have used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for years in my family and it never disappoints; so when I felt that I was nearing the change of life I commenced treatment with it. I took in all about six bottles and it did me a great deal of good. It stopped my dizzy spells, pains in my back and the headaches with which I had suffered for months before taking the Compound. I feel that if it had not been for this great medicine for women that I should not have been alive to-day. It is splendid for women, old or young, and will surely cure all female disorders."

Mrs. Pinkham, daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., invites all sick and ailing women to write her for advice. Her great experience is at their service, free of cost.

LINCOLN'S MIRTCLE.

Spectator Thought He Hewed Logs for Birthplace.

A great deal of curiosity and comment was aroused by the Lincoln log cabin as it passed through the different cities of the East, on its way from New York to its final resting place in Kentucky. Many curious anecdotes are told of the trip, one of which was recounted with keen relish at the Belvedere the other day by Capt. N. S. Bullitt of Company A, First Kentucky infantry, who was in charge of the detail of five privates that guarded the relic on its way south.

The car on which the cabin rested stood on a railroad siding in Philadelphia, when a Quaker City man, who had exhibited great apparent interest in the cabin, approached Capt. Bullitt with a timid question.

"So that is really the Lincoln cabin?" he asked.

"The real thing," responded the captain.

"And Lincoln was born in there?"

"Right within those very walls."

"Well, well," said the questioner, as he ruminatively stroked a meager tuft of reddish beard, "and I suppose he cut those logs with his own hands.

Domestic Light Plants.

Is your home as modern as you would like to have it? We have small water and light plants that are just the thing for country or suburban homes. Can be installed at a very small cost. Ask for Catalog. St. 164.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., St. Paul.

Game's at 3.

"Mr. Jones," said the office boy, "I gotter get off dis afternoon. Me gran'mother is dyin'."

"I've got something for you to do today, Johnnie," said Mr. Jones, "but you may go at 4 o'clock."

"Aw! wot good is 4 o'clock?"—Judge.

Do You Own a Hand Separator?

If so, where are you selling your cream? Have you looked into our method of paying cash for every can and giving liberal premiums besides? Write us. R. E. COBB, St. Paul, Minn.

Progress.

"Oh! yes; he's pretty deep in politics now."

"Well, that's not surprising; that has been his bent for years."

"Bent? Huh! he's positively crooked now."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

There may be more love in a warning than in a reward.

MAKES BEAUTY

Among the ladies no other medicine has ever had so strong a following, because, excepting pure air and exercise, it is the source of more beautiful complexions than any other agency, as

Lane's Family Medicine

the tonic-laxative. It puts pure blood in the veins, and no woman can be homely when the rich, red blood of health courses in her veins.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

-CREAM-
WE PAY CASH
THE CRESCENT CREAMERY CO
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Send for Our Free Harness Booklet
If you are about to buy a harness, don't fail to write us to-day, or ask your dealer to show you our line.
S&R
SCHEFFER & ROSSUM CO., St. Paul, Minn.

APPLES Also receive Veal, Poultry, Eggs, Etc.
H. A. Ertz, 24 East 3rd St., St. Paul.

CREAM and POULTRY
ASK FOR INFORMATION,
R. E. COBB, St. Paul, Minn.

PEANUTS.

First Brought to This Country About 1850—Where the Most Are Grown.

"Few people who buy a bag of peanuts on the street for 5 cents realize the extent of the peanut industry," said A. P. Bryan of Norfolk, Va. "It is a fact that the total sales of peanuts amount annually to between $8,000,000 and $10,000,000, and some salesmen sell as high as 1,000,000 bushels each year.

"The seeds of the peanut are planted like beans, and when the vines have come up and the nuts are ready for harvesting the farmer takes a cultivator especially made for that purpose and starts down the long rows. On either side of this cultivator are two long knives which sink into the ground sufficiently to cut the tap root of the vine. The same process is gone through with on the other side of the vine. The main root being thus severed and the ground loosened, the vines are lifted into shocks like corn. They are cured by allowing them to stand in the sun for about ten days, when colored women and children are sent into the field to pick the nuts from the vines. An average picker will pick about five bushels a day, for which he is paid at the rate of 10 cents a bushel.

"It is not known how peanuts first came to this country. Both Africa and Asia claim the distinction of being the home of this vegetable. Its first record in the United States dates back to 1850. In 1861 the crop amounted to about 50,000 bushels, but it was the circus that really made the peanut a valuable article of commerce. At the present time the crop amounts to about 11,000,000 bushels annually. Virginia and North Carolina still maintain their lead, but Tennessee now raises about 800,000 bushels, though of an inferior quality. Of the ordinary variety about twenty-two pounds make a bushel."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

All Chemically Pure.

The mistaken idea of a few years ago, about Alum in Baking Powders being injurious, no longer prevails, or scarcely exists. It is a well established fact by chemical analysis that Cream of Tartar being less volatile than Alum, when exposed to heat, is not entirely vaporized as is the case with Alum, but leaves a residue in the bread, which is injurious. Alum, on the contrary, is entirely evaporated while performing its function during process of baking, leaving no atom of injurious residuous substance. The words "Chemically Pure" erroneously used to designate Cream of Tartar from Alum baking powder is a misnomer. Baking Powder made of pure Alum is as chemically pure as made from pure cream of tartar. These words mean nothing more nor less than pure chemicals, and in no way can they imply that one baking powder is Alum and another Cream of Tartar. Alum has been declared to be wholesome; an established fact. Every large water system in the cities along the Missouri river use Alum in large quantities to purify the water before pumping it into their water mains for consumption. Cream of Tartar baking powder is perhaps good enough for any one; Alum baking powder is better, and very much cheaper.

Base Deceiver.

Mr. Gunner—When Bender's wife went away to spend a week in the country he told her that he was going to spend all of his spare time in the garden picking cherries.

Mrs. Gunner—Ah, how nice of him! And is he sticking to his promise?

Mr. Gunner—I should say so. You can find him any evening on a roof garden picking cherries out of fancy drinks.

Guarded.

"Who is that man boasting that this little town has the best police protection of any town in the country?"

"Why, that is Harker."

"But I thought the only night officer in the town had the habit of sleeping on somebody's front steps."

"Yes, he sleeps on Harker's front steps."

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Get 'Em Both.

Watch us catch a ham sandwich on the fly some time during the noon hour.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Er—a—yes, but, say, old chap, haven't you really got the two reversed?—Indianapolis News.

Nope. We always catch the fly after we get the sandwich.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

SALESMEN WANTED.

We want a live, active and thoroughly experienced salesman in this locality with sufficient money to buy outright his first month's supply of our Simplicity Low Pressure Hollow Wire Gasoline Lights. A utility needed in every store and home and fully complying with insurance rules. To such a man we will give exclusive sales right and guarantee to refund money if goods not sold in 60 days. Further particulars on request. The Standard-Gillett Light Co., 980 N. Halsted St., Chicago, Ill.

His Motto.

Welldigger—Now we have found a mighty good vein of water, but there is nothing like being doubly safe and sure of the supply. Suppose we dig it, say, twenty feet deeper?

Owner—No. I have always had for my motto, "Let well enough alone."

60 Bus. Winter Wheat Per Acre

That's the yield of Salzer's Red Cross Hybrid Winter Wheat. Send 2c in stamps for free sample of same, as also catalogue of Winter Wheats, Rye, Barley, Clovers, Timothy, Grasses, Bulbs, Trees, etc., for fall planting. SALZER SEED CO., Box W, La Crosse, Wis.

Altruism.

Church—Is the janitor of your flat kind to children?

Gotham—Oh, very kind. Why, he won't let 'em live in the same flats with him.—Yonkers Statesman.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES, are fast to light and washing and color more goods than others. 10c per package.

When a woman discovers her first white hair there's one more meeting of the blue and the gray.

AIR IRRIGATION FOR THE GROWING OF CROPS

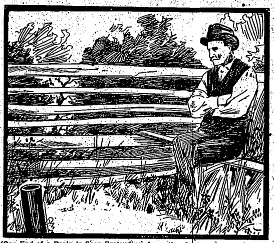
Success of an Indiana Farmer in Reclaiming Land on a Clay Farm.

Will V. Rooker, attorney, who, following a severe injury in a Monon wreck several years ago, returned to the sod as a farmer to restore his shattered nerves, has attracted the attention of the department of agriculture at Washington, and the indications are that the credit will be given to him of being the father of a new method of irrigation and drainage.

Secretary Wilson and his experts are watching the results that are following the trial of Rooker's discovery or new system on his farm two miles east of Broad Ripple, Ind.

He is succeeding in accomplishing the feat of making two—and sometimes three—blades grow where one grew before; of raising 88 bushels of corn on land that for years averaged between 30 and 40 bushels; of growing 50 bushels of oats to the acre, while his neighbors are growing only 25 or 30, and of rehabilitating and reinvigorating poor, misused, clay land. According to the experts of the department of agriculture at Washington, he is doing this by methods that are absolutely new, and that, while expensive, are profitable.

The Rooker farm lies on the elevated water shed between Fall creek and White river. In fact, the rainfall parts on his farm and flows to the different outlets. The section is so elevated that though it is ten miles from the heart of Indianapolis, one can see the tall buildings and the state house dome. Th land, possibly at one time just after the forests had been cut off of the elevated section, might have been very productive, but it has washed in recent decades and left only a thin clay soil over a clay shale. Long ago most of the fertility was carried into the lower lands by the processes of nature or was lost by improper farming, and to-day a great deal of the country around the Rooker farm has been left to underbrush.


(One End of a Drain Is Seen Protruding from the Ground. Through This Passes the Air from Which Moisture Is Absorbed by the Soil.)

In talking with a representative of the Indianapolis News, Mr. Rooker said:

"When I bought the farm there were a few tile drains under it—ordinary three and four-inch tiles laid 18 inches to two feet under the surface. A half-inch of water set most everything swimming, kept the ditches running full, and contributed to the lakes which had formed on the tableland because there was no outlet from them.

"I began to run some more tile ditches, and in doing so it occurred to me that perhaps the ditches were like bottles in some respects. You fill a bottle with water and turn it upside down. What is the result? Does the water run out? No—only as air seeps in. As the air gets into the bottle and the bubbles come to the top, the water gurgles out. If one would wish the water to run out freely he mould make a hole in the bottle to admit the air.

"Just so, I reasoned, with the tile drains. They were to an extent airtight and ran back from the outlet to a dead wall. It occurred to me that the other end of the tile should be brought to the surface and left open so the air could get into the drains. I did this, and put some blocks of wood over the tiles, which I brought up well above the surface of the ground. The pine blocks were laid, so as not to shut out the air.

"I left them there for some time, and one day as I was passing one of them I went over and lifted it up. It was very dry weather and very hot. I was amazed to find that the block of wood was as wet as though it had been soaked in a creek. I thought some local condition might be responsible for it, so I went to the other tiles and examined the blocks over them. All were the same—soaked. I threw the blocks away and began to study. I went to the outlet and found that a current of air was flowing into the tile as unmistakably and steadily as the water flowed out of them following wet weather.

"I began to experiment, and have brought forth what I and the agricultural department call "atmospheric irrigation"—irrigating the soil by air. I have taken up all the old tile drains and have laid larger ones, running from four to twelve inches—and have placed them at a depth of not less than five feet in any place, and from that to nine feet under the surface of the ground.

"What is the result? Well, there it is," and he motioned to the field on his 80-acre farm. "My corn crop last year ran 88 bushels to the acre, and though this crop was planted on June 15 this year—after some of my neighbors had cultivated their fields twice—it is a perfect stand and I believe that it will run 100 bushels to the acre. I have cut my 25-acre field of alfalfa twice, and it is blooming a third time now"—later he walked into the field, and it came high above his knees. "My oats crop last year ran 51 bushels to the acre, and this year's crop, which I will cut next week, is a good one. This road—under which the tiles run—is an ordinary dirt road that used to be almost impassable, but now it is a good road, even in the spring, where it runs between my two 40-acre tracts.

"I have put from $72 to $75 under every acre of the farm that I have drained thus far, and my net earnings last year off of the 65 acres—15 being in woods—was $1,500. This is net—I paid my tenant and his helper the usual wages for farm help and had the ordinary expenses of a farm to deduct from the gross. I believe that the new system of drainage and atmospheric irrigation pays.

"Finding that my tiles ran water as ordinary drains when there was need of the water having an outlet, and that they took in air in dry, hot weather, I began to figure on the proposition of mud and soil. Why not have five, six, seven, eight or nine feet of oxidized clay instead of a mere skim—why not make my farm a great sponge to absorb all the water that might fall on it, and to suck up this water from great depths by capillary attraction when it was needed?

"I put in a new drain with the air vent, at a minimum depth of five feet. In some places it was nine feet deep. The result was satisfactory. I took up all of the old shallow drains and have put down larger ones at the lower level. I now have these ditches with laterals every 60 feet over most of my farm, and the remainder of the work will be completed next year.

"Of course, it takes some time to oxidize the clay all the way down, but it is done much quicker than one would suppose. The rain penetrates the almost impervious soil and brings the air and fertility with it, and, though my drains have been down but two, three and four years, I believe that I have a soil now down to those drains. I have absolutely no doubt that if a cloudburst would dump a two-inch rain on my entire farm that hardly a gill of it would flow off. It would sink into my porus sponge and fill it full, and if there would be a surplus, of course, it would flow off through the four, six, eight and twelve-inch drains, which are every 60 feet apart. I would have bottled up this great deposit of water to draw on whenever my crops need it. In the summer, when everything is hot and dry, the crops get their regular supply of moisture by the air entering into the drains and causing precipitation of the moisture in them and releasing it, and air to be drawn up through the soil by capillary attraction—as a sponge will draw up water from a lower level. This keps the ground porous and in good condition to the depth of the tile."

Mr. Rooker says that his drains do not begin to flow in the spring until the shallow ones of his neighbors have gone dry, and that they then flow away into the summer, and when they do stop the air begins to flow into the drains, and the irrigation of the land through the heated dry season begins.

Notwithstanding the heavy cost of such a system of drainage, Mr. Rooker thinks it very profitable, and believes that even the most misused soils in the state can be reclaimed and made productive. The drainage and atmospheric irrigation will not of themselves do it, but fertilizer, says Rooker, completes the soil-restoring trinity. Rooker feeds all of his crops, and hauls the manure out into the field every day—winter and summer. He boards from 20 to 50 city horses and mules through the winter on his farm, not only for the seven dollars a month a head that he gets for keeping them, but for the soil enriching manure which he thus gets to spread on his soil. He also feeds a large number of hogs, and thus markets a great deal of his corn on the hoof.

The "Docile" Bull.—Beware of the "docile bull." Don't believe in him. Never trust him. Don't be caught off your guard. Lead him with a ring and a staff, not with a chain or rope attached to the ring. Every week or so we read of some farmer or helper who has been injured or killed by a careless disregard of this last precaution.

Marking Milk Cans.—Good plan to have your initials cut into your milk cans. Paint rubs off, tags get pulled off, but letters stamped in the tin stay there.

Give Colt Time to Grow.—Don't be in a hurry to have your colt reach the size of a horse. Steady growth is best.

GAINED 34 POUNDS

Persistent Anæmia Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills After Other Remedies Had Failed.

"When I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills," says Mrs. Nathaniel Field, of St. Albans, Somerset county, Maine, "I was the palest, most bloodless person you could imagine. My tongue and gums were colorless and my fingers and ears were like wax. I had two doctors and they pronounced my trouble anæmia. I had spells of vomiting, could not eat, in fact, did not dare to, I had such distress after eating. My stomach was filled with gas which caused me awful agony. The backache I suffered was at times almost unbearable and the least exertion made my heart beat so fast that I could hardly breathe. But the worst of all was the splitting neuralgia headache which never left me for seven weeks. About this time I had had several numb spells. My limbs would be cold and without any feeling and the most deathly sensations would come over me.

"Nothing had helped me until I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, in fact, I had grown worse every day. After I had taken the pills a short time I could see that they were benefiting me and one morning I awoke entirely free from pain. The distress after eating disappeared and in three weeks I could eat anything I wanted and suffer no inconvenience. I also slept soundly. I have taken several boxes of the pills and have gained in weight from 120 to 154 pounds and am perfectly well now."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure anæmia because they actually make new blood. For rheumatism, indigestion, nervous headaches and many forms of weakness they are recommended even if ordinary medicines have failed. They are sold by all druggists, or will be sent postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Keeping It in the Family.

"Confound it all," said the elderly gentleman who was dining with a chorus lady, "the youngster with that actress at the corner table is my grandson. The young puppy!"

"Oh, it's all right," retorted the fair damsel. "He's with my grandmother."

North Dakota Solves the Adulteration Problem.

North Dakota seems to have found the key to the question, "How shall we protect the people from frauds in manufactured products?" A new law has recently gone into effect designed to make it impossible to deceive people into buying inferior and adulterated paint under the impression that they are getting real paint, viz.: pure white lead and linseed oil.

The North Dakota lawmakers did not attempt to absolutely prohibit the inferior pigments, or mixtures of pigments. They adopted the slogan, "Let the label tell," and then left to the people to buy whichever they wished.

Under this plan, if any one wishes to buy a mixture of rock-dust, ground quartz and other cheap elements which are found in many paints and so-called "white leads," no one can object; for they do it with their eyes open. But if they prefer genuine white lead and linseed oil, they can be sure of getting it, for none but the genuine article can bear a label which says "pure white lead."

In all other States mixtures are often sold as pure white lead which contain little—sometimes no—real white lead.

It would seem that were this same principle applied to food, beverages and all other prepared articles, where deception is practiced upon the buyer, the question would be solved. It would leave us free to buy what we pleased, but would protect us from unwittingly buying what we did not want.

People who are always picking bones get little meat.

Elixir of Youth.

In former times this year's profusion of elder flowers would have been welcomed not only by lovers of hedgerow beauty but by those who desired to preserve their own beauty and youth.

According to the seventeenth century prescription the elder flowers were to be gathered on midsummer day, powdered and put into borage water, which was to be drunk daily for a month, the first thing in the morning and the last thing at night. This was a much-prized elixir of youth. By common consent there has always been something supernatural about the elder tree. In Denmark it is protected by the "elder mother," without whose leave it is dangerous to pluck the flower. In Germany the hat should be taken off to it. And in England it has been variously considered the tree of the cross and the tree upon which Judas hanged himself, to be treated with reverence and fear accordingly.

WILD WITH ITCHING HUMOR.

Eruption Broke Out in Spots All Over Body—Cured at Expense of Only $1.25—Thanks Cuticura.

"The Cuticura Remedies cured me of my skin disease, and I am very thankful to you. My trouble was eruption of the skin, which broke out in spots all over my body, and caused a continual itching which nearly drove me wild at times. I got medicine of a doctor, but it did not cure me, and when I saw in a paper your ad, I sent to you for the Cuticura book, and I studied my case in it. I then went to the drug store and bought one cake of Cuticura soap, one box of Cuticura Ointment and one vial of Cuticura Pills. From the first application I received relief. I used the first set and two extra cakes of Cuticura Soap, and was completely cured. I had suffered for two years, and I again thank Cuticura for my cure. Claude N. Johnson, Maple Grove Farm, R. F. D. 2, Walnut, Kan., June 15, 1905."

Almost a Creation.

Jinks—"That bathing suit is quite a creation, isn't it?"

Winks—"Well, let's see. A creation is made out of nothing, isn't it? Yes, that's almost a creation."—Judge.

Pleasure is doubled by division.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 Shoes
BEST IN THE WORLD
W. L. Douglas $4 Gilt Edge line cannot be equalled at any price

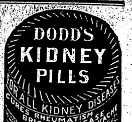
To Shoe Dealers:
W. L. Douglas' Jobbing House is the most complete in this country
Send for Catalog

SHOES
ESTABLISHED 1876
CAPITAL $2,500,000

SHOES FOR EVERYBODY AT ALL PRICES.
Men's Shoes, $5 to $1.50. Boys' Shoes, $3 to $1.25. Women's Shoes, $4.00 to $1.50. Misses' & Children's Shoes, $2.25 to $1.00.
Try W. L. Douglas Women's, Misses and Children's shoes; for style, fit and wear they excel other makes.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other make.

Wherever you live, you can obtain W. L. Douglas shoes. His name and price is stamped on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and inferior shoes. *Take no substitute.* Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes and insist upon having them.
Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.
Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Dept. 11, Brockton, Mass.



When you buy
WET WEATHER CLOTHING
you want complete protection and long service.
These and many other good points are combined in
TOWER'S
FISH BRAND
OILED CLOTHING
You can't afford to buy any other

A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO. LTD. TORONTO, CAN.

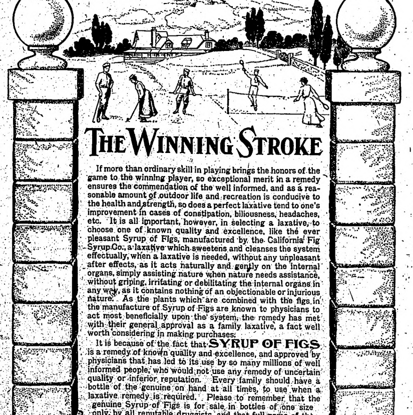
MOTHER'S FAVORITE

Cuticura
SOAP
MEDICINAL
AND
TOILET
PRICE 25 CENTS

For Baby's Skin & Scalp

Because of its Delicate Medicinal, Emollient, Sanative, and Antiseptic Properties combined with the purest of Cleansing Ingredients and most refreshing of Flower Odors.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50c., Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60). A single set often cures. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props.
Send for "How to Preserve, Purify, and Beautify the Skin, Scalp, Hair, and Hands of Infants and Children."



THE WINNING STROKE

If more than ordinary skill in playing brings the honors of the game to the winning player, so exceptional merit in a remedy ensures the commendation of the well informed, and as a reasonable amount of outdoor life and recreation is conducive to the health and strength, so does a perfect laxative tend to one's improvement in cases of constipation, biliousness, headaches, etc. It is all important, however, in selecting a laxative, to choose one of known quality and excellence, like the ever pleasant Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., a laxative which sweetens and cleanses the system effectually, when a laxative is needed, without any unpleasant after effects, as it acts naturally and gently on the internal organs, simply assisting nature when nature needs assistance, without griping, irritating or debilitating the internal organs in any way, as it contains nothing of an objectionable or injurious nature. As the plants which are combined with the figs in the manufacture of Syrup of Figs are known to physicians to act most beneficially upon the system, the remedy has met with their general approval as a family laxative, a fact well worth considering in making purchases.

It is because of the fact that **SYRUP OF FIGS** is a remedy of known quality and excellence, and approved by physicians that has led to its use by so many millions of well informed people, who would not use any remedy of uncertain quality or inferior reputation. Every family should have a bottle of the genuine on hand at all times, to use when a laxative remedy is required. Please to remember that the genuine Syrup of Figs is for sale in bottles of one size only, by all reputable druggists, and that full name of the company—California Fig Syrup Co., is plainly printed on the front of every package. Regular price, 50c per bottle.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.

ESTABLISHED 1879.
WOODWARD & CO.
Minneapolis GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth

WANTED—More View Agents. Business pays $200 per month. Farmers' sons, students and clerks preferred. STANDARD SCENIC CO., Kansas City, Mo.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1906. NUMBER 9.

CUBAN INSURRECTION.

CALLS OFF PEACE PROJECT.

Palma Suspends Constitutional Guarantee—Declares Martial Law.

Havana, Sept. 12.—President Palma last night issued a decree suspending all constitutional guarantees, with special reference to Articles XV., XVI., XVII., XIX., XXII., XXIII., XXIV., and XXVII., in the provinces of Pinar del Rio, Havana and Santa Clara. The law enforcing public order, which is equivalent to martial law, also is put in immediate effect in the three provinces named.

A supplemental decree has been issued suspending the decree of Aug. 28, pardoning repentant rebels, and ordering that all rebels be arrested and jailed.

Both decrees have been communicated to all officers in the field.

Arrest Liberal Leaders.

Coincident with the issuance of the decrees, which followed last night's decision not to yield to the peace demands, the government ordered the arrest of practically every prominent Liberal. Alfredo Zayas, president of the Liberal party, and several others have disappeared.

Among other Liberals arrested are Congressman Florencio Villuendas, brother of Congressman Enrique Villuendas, who was killed in a fight with a policeman at Cienfuegos a year ago, and Congressmen Borger and Varona.

Veterans Denounce Palma.

When the news of the issuance of these decrees reached the veterans' peace commission, which was in session at the home of Gen. Menocal, there was immediate and almost unanimous denunciation of President Palma and other members of the government.

Senor Sanguilo, independent, who was present, and who usually is moderate in his utterances, made an impassioned speech, in which he declared that there remained for Cubans but two roads to travel, one of honor and the other of disgrace. The government, he said, had refused offers of endeavors to settle the difficulty pacifically, and so nothing was loft but to side with its opponents.

Veterans Join Rebels.

Gen. Collazo and other prominent veterans made similar speeches, and Gen. Menocal coincided with the views of the other speakers. It appears probable that most of the members of the veterans' peace commission will join the insurgents to-day.

The government does not intend that membership in congress shall shield anybody from arrest. Senator Morun Delgado was one of the first arrested, and several representatives were quickly added to the list of prisoners. Former representatives in congress and veterans are being searched for by the police.

Absolutely Irrevocable.

Prior to last night's action of the government, which as given out is absolutely irrevocable, Gen. Menocal and Alfredo Zayas reached a definite understanding as to what the Liberals would demand, and the peace commissioners were saying that while it was a difficult matter they had hopes of getting together. Neither Gen. Menocal nor Senor Zayas would give the basis of their reasons for the hope of reaching an understanding, but it is known that the Liberals have not relinquished their purpose of having new elections, or at least the

Resignation of Palma,

in favor of Gen. Menocal, Senator Sanguilly or some other independent, though there is a possibility that they might accept the appointment of some Moderate as president, with the division of the other high offices with the Liberals. These claims were expected to be modified after the first discussion of terms.

No fighting was reported yesterday and it is not considered likely that Pinar del Rio will be occupied by Guerra, now that machine guns are proceeding in that direction. Havana and Santa Clara provinces are quiet, but Santiago is reported uneasy.

CRUISER RUSHED TO HAVANA.

United States Prepares to Protect Interests in Cuba.

Washington, Sept. 13.—The critical situation in Cuba is absorbing the attention of the administration, to the exclusion of all other foreign topics as indicated by the activity of the officials in the state, navy and war departments.

The prime object of the administration at present is to get at the facts which is no easy task, in view of the mass of indefinite statements emanating from various quarters.

Whole Truth Not Known.

In the view of the officials here there is good reason to believe that the whole truth is not disclosed by either side. It is the purpose of the administration to proceed with great deliberation in dealing with the Cuban question, and it was said on the highest authority that there would be no intervention by the United States unless the rebellion assumed the proportions of a general conflagration. It was further stated that there had been no application for intervention from any authorized party.

Warship Sails Hastily.

The development of the day was the admission that the American cruiser Des Moines, which sailed Monday hastily from Norfolk, had gone southward to Key West with the ultimate purpose of proceeding to Havana if developments within the next two days seem to warrant such action. There is no intention in this movement of the Des Moines to show partiality toward one side or the other in the present conflict in Cuba. The ship will be at Havana to serve as an asylum in case of need, and be at the disposition of the American charge.

Army and Navy Ready.

If the navy is making ready in other respects for contingencies in Cuba, the fact is carefully concealed at the department. For its part, the army is prepared to answer any call, though there are absolutely no orders yet from the president or secretary of war.

Heavy Fighting Expected.

Havana, Sept. 13.—The government's outright declaration that the war will be prosecuted to a finish was everywhere the sole topic of conversation yesterday. That fighting of a far more desperate character will result as soon as the news shall have spread throughout the provinces is not doubted in any quarter. The fear of an attack by the insurgents on Havana is spreading, and there are rumors, more or less authentic, from all directions of new uprisings in various quarters.

Palma Reviews Troops.

Yesterday afternoon the government forces in Havana paraded through the principal streets and were greeted with some enthusiasm. The parade was reviewed by President Palma at the palace.

Particular plans have been prepared for the defense of the outskirts of the city.

The news that the United States is sending one or more warships to Cuba is exciting great interest here.

Nothing to Fear From America.

Members of the cabinet and other government officials who were shown the Associated Press dispatch declared that they were not especially concerned, as the administration had nothing to fear from the United States, which had always shown Cuba every friendship.

All the publishers and editors of newspapers were summoned yesterday afternoon to the office of the secretary of the interior and informed that the publication of anything inciting to revolution would not be tolerated.

There were only a few scattering arrests yesterday of alleged conspirators. The leaders have mostly joined the insurgents in the field. No new attacks were reported yesterday.

TELLS HORRORS OF SIEDLICE.

Correspondent's Story of Awful Scenes of Murder and Rapine.

Warsaw, Sept. 13.—With the sanction of the authorities, who provided an armed guard for the mission, the Associated Press correspondent yesterday visited Siedlce, the scene of the murderous events of September 8, 9 and 10. The railway station at Siedlce, when the correspondent arrived there, was crowded with Jews, among whom were many starving women, with infants in their arms. Almost on the moment there fell upon the ears of the frightened people the sound of a volley being fired in the town, which lies half a mile back of the station.

In Panic of Fear.

A panic ensued, men trembling with fear and women imploring the soldiers for mercy, anticipating slaughter of their loved ones and themselves. Gendarmes on guard at the station entered the waiting room and roughly ordered the people to be quiet, assuring them that their alarm was needless.

Paid to Start Slaughter.

Refugees state that Gov. Engelke was taken sick a week ago, and that control of affairs in Siedlce then passed into the hands of Col. Tuchanowski, an anti-Semite. The people at once began to desert the town, apprehending an attack upon the Jews. It is asserted that paid provocative agents so contrived matters that on Saturday the soldiers began shooting in the streets and bombarded houses, the occupants being forced to flee. To quicken the flames soldiers threw oil upon burning houses.

Savage Brutality.

An army officer stumbling upon a wounded Jew, remorsely killed him. It is related that soldiers killed the Jewish proprietor of a fruit store, put his body under a table and ate his provisions as they were spread upon the table.

DOZES; FALLS TO DEATH.

Man Who Goes on Porch to Have Smoke Meets With Accident.

Butte, Mont., Sept. 13.—Charles A. Rose was instantly killed by a fall from the porch of a boarding house where he was stopping. It is supposed Rose, who went out on the porch to take a smoke, fell asleep and lost his balance. The porch was about twelve feet from the sidewalk and the man struck on his head, fracturing his skull.

TEXAS FEVER IN ILLINOIS.

Cattle Suffer and Die and Quarantine Is Imposed.

Bloomington, Ill., Sept. 13.—The dreaded Texas fever has made its appearance in Illinois, twelve head of fine cattle belonging to Albert Stacey, near here, dying, while the remainder of the herd show symptoms of the disease. The herd was recently shipped here from La Belle, Mo., the car not being disinfected. State Veterinarian [illegible]

REBELS RESUME WAR IN EARNEST

BLOW UP RAILROAD BRIDGES AND COMMIT OTHER ACTS OF DESTRUCTION.

CRUISER DENVER AT HAVANA

PRESIDENT WILL NOT INTERVENE UNLESS ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY.

Havana, Sept. 13.—The insurgents in Pinar del Rio and Santa Clara provinces yesterday signalized the resumption of war by blowing up railroad bridges, again blocking traffic, and committing other acts of destruction. The insurgent commanders in Santa Clara had previously threatened the railroad authorities and others that they would begin yesterday to burn and destroy property, and as the insurgents in Havana province have made similar threats there is much apprehension here of the inauguration of a like policy.

Cruiser Denver Arrives.

The event of yesterday in Havana was the arrival of the United States protected cruiser Denver late in the afternoon. When the flag on Morro castle signaled the approach of the American warship the news spread with rapidity throughout the city, and large crowds hastened to the wharves. As the cruiser moved up the harbor, firing the usual salute of twenty-one guns, which was responded to from the Cabanas fortress, the countenances of Americans showed pleasure, while those of the Cubans expressed wonder and perplexity. Cuban officers are unanimous in stating that the visit of the Denver has no special significance.

Causes Speculation.

Commander Colwell stated to the Associated Press that his orders to come to Havana were received by wireless telegraph while the Denver was steaming in Long Island sound and that he proceeded hither immediately.

There is a wide diversity of comment with reference to the Denver's presence in this harbor. Some, who are especially anxious for American intervention, consider the presence of American warships, while tending perhaps to quiet revolutionary activity, will lessen the probability of immediate intervention.

Rebels Will Fight On.

Others believe that the insurgents are now so desperate that they will fight on, no matter what may be the outcome. All, however, agree that American warships are certain to remain in Cuban ports until matters are settled and peace not only completely restored, but definite understandings reached converning the future. It is generally conceded that if the insurgents' program of pillage is fully carried out far more protection will be needed by Americans than is afforded by the warships now in Cuban and adjacent waters.

The resumption of activities in the field thus far have principally affected railroad property. It is known that the government regards the situation in Santa Clara province as even more dangerous than in Pinar del Rio on account of the number of insurrectionists in the former province, who are variously estimated at from 8,000 to 12,000.

More fighting was reported yesterday in the vicinity of Consolacion del Sur.

Fighting Near Havana.

Several minor fights were reported last evening, two of them quite near Havana. At Luyana, just south of Havana bay, 200 shots were exchanged between rural guards and a band of insurgents. The latter dispersed. Near Punta Brava, west of Havana, there was a hot skirmish, the details of which have not yet been received.

In a fight yesterday near Santa Clara city three insurgents were killed, one was wounded and seven were captured.

President Keeps Close Watch.

Washington, Sept. 13.—President Roosevelt is keenly alive to the progress of the revolutionary movement in Cuba, and the responsibility of the United States in case the conditions grow worse and intervention becomes necessary. It is known that the president will not intervene unless it appears absolutely necessary, yet steps have been taken which would make such intervention effective. The ships that have been sent to Cuba are there for the purpose only of protecting American interests and furnishing asylum for Americans who may be in danger from the warring factions. Actual intervention would mean the use of the army and all available forces would no doubt be needed and will be ready if a serious situation develops.

Skips With Union Cash.

New York, Sept. 13.—Announcement is made that Charles A. Lynch, financial secretary of Local Council No. 848, Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers of America, has disappeared and that an examination of his books has revealed a deficiency of probably several thousand dollars.

Earthquake in Chile.

Santiago, Chile, Sept. 13.—A severe earthquake shock was felt at Talca at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon.

BRYAN EXPLAINS HIS POSITION

NOT TRYING TO FORCE GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP ON THE PEOPLE.

Louisville, Sept. 13.—On the occasion of his entry into the South, where his recent declaration as to government ownership of railroads has aroused the most opposition, William J. Bryan made a more explicit statement elaborating his position, but de the matter. He read a lengthy statement elaborating his postion, but declared that "the making of platforms rests with the voters of the whole party, and I never have and never will attempt to force my opinions or those of any few men on the people."

While thus indicating that the doctrine of government ownership is in the hands of the voters, Mr. Bryan's speech indicated plainly that nothing has as yet occurred to shake his belief in the ultimate efficacy and necessity of it. He declared that he would gladly make any sacrifice in exchange for the assurance that regulation instead of government ownership would answer the needs of the people. He expressed grave doubts as to whether regulation would ever suffice.

Entering the Southland for the first time in two years Mr. Bryan yesterday received a welcome which in warmth and spontaneity has not been surpassed by any of the greetings given him since his return from his tour of the world. At the Armory he addressed a crowd of 12,000 people.

LABORER TORTURES HIMSELF.

His Mangled Body Is Found Leaning Against a Wire Fence.

Red Wing, Minn., Sept. 13.—Charles Erickson, employed by the Reichert Cooperage works of this city, suffering evidently from dementia, committed suicide near Frontenac station. Yesterday morning the section crew discovered a pair of overalls, a blouse and a jack knife covered with blood. Directly across the track the body of the man was discovered. They found he had cut his throat and arteries of both wrists and inflicted severe wounds on his breast with the jack knife. After torturing himself he had crossed the track and died leaning against a barb wire fence.

WOMAN CAPTURES ROBBER.

Charges That He Filched $60 From Her Husband.

Milwaukee, Sept. 13.—As Mrs. Geo. Harding, wife of George Harding, the Chicago restaurant man, was standing on the Goodrich docks here yesterday afternoon she suddenly met Charles Wright, whom it is alleged stole $60 from her husband's private desk a week ago.

Without calling for assistance, Mrs. Harding caught hold of the alleged thief, and despite his struggles to escape held him until an officer arrived. A large crowd was present at the time, as the boat was about to leave, and Wright realized the folly of any attempt to escape.

GIRL NABS WOMAN THIEF.

Arrest Solves Mystery of Series of Robberies at Menominee, Mich.

Menominee, Mich., Sept. 13.—The heroic act of Clara Johnson, a servant girl, resulted in the capture of a notorious woman robber and the stopping of a mysterious series of robberies that have been going on here for two years, baffling the police and house owners alike.

The girl found a woman, Mrs. Martin Olson, in the cellar of her house, carrying off some goods. She forced the woman to stop and return the goods and then went and secured the police.

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP LOSES.

Proposition Is Defeated In Election at Seattle.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 13.—Municipal ownership of street railways, as represented in a proposal to bond the city of Seattle in a sum of $4,272,000, of which $1,172,000 was to be charged against the general funds of the city and the balance to be an indebtedness against 20 per cent of the gross receipts of the system, when in operation, was defeated at a special election held here yesterday. Out of a total of approximately 13,000 votes cast, municipal ownership lacked 935 of a majority.

CHILD'S BURNS ARE FATAL.

Five-year-old Girl Ignites Dress With a Match and Dies.

Iowa Falls, Iowa, Sept. 13.—Beatrice Barrett, the five-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Barrett of Alden is dead as the result of severe burns received Sunday. The remains were brought here for interment in Union cemetery. The child's dress caught fire from a match she had lighted, and before assistance arrived and the flames could be extinguished the little one was so badly burned that she died a few hours later.

French Scare Rebels Back.

Tangier, Sept. 13.—The arrival of the French cruiser Galilee at Mogador with news that reinforcements were coming from Tangier decided Kair Anflous, the Berber chief, to withdraw from the country.

Killed by Street Car.

New Orleans, La., Sept. 13.—Henry M. Neill, one of the best known cotton statisticians both in this country and in England, was accidentally struck by a street car yesterday and died from his injuries.

TERROR AMONG WARSAW'S JEWS

SOLDIERS, ENRAGED BY TERRORISTS, ACT WITH GREAT BRUTALITY.

IRON HAND WILL BE FELT

GOVERNMENT SENDS NEW COMMANDER OF TROOPS IN EFFORT FOR PEACE.

Warsaw, Sept. 13.—The soldiers on duty here, enraged at the continuance of murders by the terrorists, are acting with great brutality. Gov. Gen. Skallon is taking energetic steps to prevent an attack on the Jews. The Jews are in a state of panic.

Siedlce is reported quiet.

Iron Hand to Be Felt.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 13.—Gen. Moeller-Sakomelsky, who subdued the mutiny at Sevastopol and later was Gen. Rennenkampf's chief lieutenant in crushing the insurgents who controlled the Trans-Siberian lines for months last winter, has been appointed commander of the Fifth army corps, the headquarters of which are at Warsaw. The general, who stands high in the confidence of the emperor, has been selected as the best officer in the army to grapple with the task of making life in Warsaw safe. He will be named governor general of Warsaw if he succeeds.

Royal Family on a Cruise.

Emperor Nicholas, Empress Alix and their children will leave to-day on board the imperial yacht Standart for a cruise of the Finnish archipelago. Their destination is, as on the occasion of their cruise in 1905, Bjorko sound.

The emperor expects to return to St. Petersburg Oct. 16, when a grand military fete is scheduled to take place at Peterhof. Soon afterwards the emperor will depart for Tsarskoe-Selo, where he will spend the winter.

Source of Alarm.

The activity of the administration in putting its land program into force is a source of considerable alarm in the camp of the Constitutional Democrats. The organs of the party admit that the amount of land to be distributed is a dangerous factor in winning the support of the peasantry.

Can't Meet in Russia.

The proposed meeting of the Constitutional Democratic party has been prohibited by Premier Stolypin. According to a prominent member of this party who visited the premier to secure his support for the meeting, M. Stolypin said he considered the Constitutional Democrats to have been an undesirable party in parliament, because their "respectability" was a cloak for highly dangerous sedition and criticism.

MINE BURNING 37 YEARS.

Reading Colliery in Pennsylvania Is Found to Be Still Ablaze.

Pottsville, Pa., Sept. 13.—The fire in Anchor colliery of the Reading company, which started thirty-seven years ago, is still burning as fiercely as ever.

When the fire got beyond the control of the fire fighters the mine was closed and filled with water. It has been filled since that time. Recently it was decided to pump out the water in the hope that the fire had been extinguished, but when much of the water had been taken out it was found that the mine was still burning.

AGED LABORER CUTS THROAT.

Attempt to Suicide With Jackknife May Be Successful.

Menomonie, Wis., Sept. 13.—Ever Score, an aged man employed at the brick yards, was found in a hay loft half way to Irvington, with his throat cut. The rusty jackknife with which the would-be suicide attempted his life was found by his side. Dr. Barker made him as comfortable as possible, but chances are largely against his recovery.

DIES AT HEARST MEETING.

Independence League Delegate Drops Dead of Heart Disease.

New York, Sept. 13.—Col. Theodore Mills, sixty-five years old, formerly of Texas, a delegate to the Independence league convention from the Fourteenth assembly district, dropped dead of heart disease in the convention hall last night before the session began.

Is at Work on Message.

Oyster Bay, Sept. 13.—President Roosevelt has completed the first draft of his next annual message to congress. It is his intention to put the finishing touches on this document before he takes his trip to Panama in November.

Bolt Strikes in Midst of 35 Men.

Pittsburg, Sept. 13.—During the progress of a severe storm last night at Aspinwall, a suburb, lightning struck a heavy steel pipe at the filtration plant, hurling thirty-five men to the ground, seriously injuring four, one of whom may die.

Kills Baby and Self.

Blanchardville, Wis., Sept. 13.—Insane Mrs. Olson killed her baby and cut her own throat at the home of her brother in York, Green county. She is dead.

NAME HEARST FOR GOVERNOR

INDEPENDENCE LEAGUE PUTS FULL TICKET OF STATE OFFICERS IN FIELD.

New York, Sept. 13.—In a harmonious and enthusiastic final session last night the state convention of the Independence league put into the field a straight ticket of state officers to be voted for at the coming election. The delegates cheered for thirty-three minutes when Mr. Hearst appeared on the platform to make a brief speech accepting the nomination for governor. His address aroused much enthusiasm.

The convention drafted a reply to William J. Connors and other Democrats who had written suggesting possible fusion with the Democrats and suggesting that no nominations be made by the Independents at this time. The reply expressed thanks for the interest of the Democrats and sympathy for the rank and file in their honest endeavor to wrest the Buffalo convention from the control of the bosses; but said the Independence league could not postpone the business it had been assembled to carry out.

The straight ticket was named without equivocation.

LOSES $25,000; KILLS SELF.

Aged Man Follows Gambling Losses by Suicide.

Winsted, Conn., Sept. 13.—"That's the last cent I'll lose," said Leander L. Cotton, aged sixty-two, of Sandisfeld, Mass., as he left a poker table in Colebrook River, a small village near here Monday. He had just lost $50. He bought a half pint of whisky and started afoot for his home, six miles distant. Yesterday morning Cotton's lifeless body was found in the Farmington river. It was naked. His clothes, which contained $1.92, all he had left out of $25,000, were on the river bank; also the half-pint whisky flask, partly filled. Cotton was once a prosperous business man, but a mania for gambling ruined him.

TRACK IS FATAL COUCH.

Man Who Dozes on Railway Is Run Down by Train.

Crookston, Minn., Sept. 13.—While asleep on the track Gust Larson of Minneapolis was run down by an ore train and killed near Beauty Lake station. Larson had been camping near Beauty Lake, and together with a partner named Rosegrin he had been to Goodland for supplies. On the return trip Larson was overcome by heat and sat down on the edge of the track, Rosegrin continuing on to camp. It is supposed that Larson fell asleep and did not hear the approach of the heavy ore train.

48 ARE REFUSED ENTRY.

Quarantine Officers at San Francisco Bar Orientals.

San Francisco, Sept. 13.—Quarantine officers refused landing to forty-eight persons on the steamer Siberia, which just arrived from the Orient. All had unmistakable symptoms of trachoma. Of these, twenty-seven were Japanese who came here looking for work, and fifteen Hindoos, en route to coal mines in Mexico. Two of the crew of the Housatonic, who came here as passengers on the Siberia, were sufferers and will be returned to Hongkong, from which port they embarked.

OIL KING PLEADS BY PROXY.

Rockefeller, by Attorney, Says "Not Guilty" in Ohio Court.

Findlay, Ohio, Sept. 13.—A plea of not guilty has been entered in the probate court here by John D. Rockefeller on the charge of violating the anti-trust law through the Standard Oil company.

Mr. Rockefeller was not personally in court. He pleaded through an attorney.

Judge Banker adjourned until the first Monday in October to make this possible. The trials may not be started on that day, but it is expected that they will.

PRISON OPENS FOR HUMBERTS.

People Who Swindled on Colossal Scale Are Paroled.

Paris, Sept. 13.—Mme. Therese Humbert and her husband Frederic, who have been in prison for three years for swindling on a colossal scale, were liberated yesterday on ticket of leave conditional on their not offending the law again. The reasons are good conduct on the part of Frederic Humbert and ill health of Therese Humbert, who is about to undergo an operation.

Apple Crop Is Large.

Kaukauna, Wis., Sept. 13.—Outagamie county has the biggest crop of apples in its history this year. Every orchard is loaded and as a result there is no market. Only 10 and 15 cents per bushel is offered for those brought to town. As they cannot dispose of them many farmers have invited their friends to pick and carry home all they can use free of charge.

Abuse of Mails Costly.

Deadwood, S. D., Sept. 13.—In the United States court yesterday Edward Hobart Dahlheimer, who had been found guilty on the charge of sending improper matter through the mails, was sentenced to a term of one and one-half years in the penitentiary.

Hurry Is Fatal.

Dodge Center, Minn., Sept. 13.—While attempting to cross the tracks ahead of a stock car which was being shifted, Harvey E. Mathney was struck by the car and instantly killed.

PULAJANES LOSE IN NIGHT ATTACK

MAKE MURDEROUS ONSLAUGHT ON COLORED REGIMENT IN PHILIPPINES.

ASSAILED IN THEIR TENTS

BY VIGOROUS RALLY FANATICS ARE DRIVEN OFF WITH A HEAVY LOSS.

Manila, Sept. 13.—In revenge for the punishment inflicted upon them by the regular troops for the killing of Lieut. Roscoe Treadwell of the Philippine scouts, the Pulajanes attacked a detachment of the Twenty-fourth infantry (colored) on the night of the 10th, and before they could be driven back they killed two and wounded eight of the colored soldiers.

Early on the evening of the 10th the bandits rushed the camp of Treadwell and succeeded in killing the officer. The colored troops came to the rescue and drove the fanatics from the field, killing and capturing a large number.

Savages Rush the Camp.

The Twenty-fourth then went into camp near Bara, Leyte, near the scene of the engagement. The band returned during the night, boloed the outposts and rushed the camp. In the confusion of the darkness the regulars were badly cut up before they realized that the Pulajanes were upon them. The colored troops were attacked in their tents, the natives slashing the canvas with boloes and falling upon the sleeping soldiers.

The men of the Twenty-fourth were aroused by the shouts of their comrades and went into the fight with their pistols and bayonets, and finally routed the Pulajanes, killing and wounding many of them.

In the darkness a few of the Pulajanes escaped.

LOOT UNDER OWNER'S NOSE.

Thieves Rob House While Doctor Is Talking on Porch.

Butte, Mont., Sept. 13.—While Dr. Donald Campbell and his wife were conversing with a few friends upon their front porch, thieves entered and looted their house. Much clothing, jewelry and silverware was taken, and the theft was not discovered until Dr. and Mrs. Campbell were about to retire for the night. There is no clue to the burglars.

LAND REFORM IS RADICAL.

New Zealand Proposes Vigorous Cure for Holding Realty Unimproved.

Christ Church, New Zealand, Sept. 13.—The government has introduced a land bill which compels owners of land which exceeds in value $250,000, but has not been improved, to dispose of the surplus within ten years. Otherwise the government will sell the surplus and pay the proceeds to the owners, less the costs of sale. There will be a public trustee appointed.

EARTH SLIDES IN MEXICO.

Recent Rains Cause Great Damage in Southern Republic.

El Paso, Tex., Sept 13.—Correspondence of the Herald reports that recent rains between Tuxpan and Colima, Mex., caused vast earth slides on the Mexican Central railroad. The towns of Maxicaltilan and Tuxpan, on the Santiago river, have been practically washed away, and scores of persons are homeless and suffering.

CADET RECORD REWARDED.

Minneapolis Boy Is Made Lieutenant in Philippine Constabulary.

Washington, Sept. 13.—Claude I. Miner of Minneapolis, a graduate of the University of Minnesota, has been appointed a lieutenant in the Philippine constabulary. The place pays $1,100 a year and there are opportunities for promotion. Miner was appointed on the record he made as a cadet in the Minnesota university.

Resisted Arrest Successfully.

Salem, Ore., Sept. 13.—In attempting to quell a disturbance in a saloon at St. Paul, this county, Town Marshal Krechter was shot and killed. Alfred Lambert, one of the marshal's posse, was shot in the arm, and three unidentified men were wounded, one mortally. The principals in the shooting affray made their escape.

Lightning Hits School House.

Marquette, Mich., Sept. 13.—The school house at Three Lakes was struck by lightning and converted into a shattered wreck. School was in session, but none of the pupils were killed, though several were rendered unconscious.

Stensland Is on Way Home.

Tangier, Sept. 13.—The steamer Prinz Adalbert left here yesterday with Paul O. Stensland, president of the wrecked Milwaukee Avenue State Bank of Chicago, on board. He is in the custody of Chicago detectives.

"Foul Tip" Kills Boy.

Bloomington, Ill., Sept. 13.—Earle Joyce, a youth of Ford county, died from being struck on the neck by a foul tip while playing ball. One of the vertebrae of the spinal column was dislocated.

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K. O. Gigstad........Cashier

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TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER
9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar......St. Hilaire......Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.
10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

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H. E. IVES, Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes, postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Sept. 15, 1906.

Republican State Ticket.

United States Senator—
KNUTE NELSON,
Douglas County.

Governor—
A. L. COLE,
Cass County.

Lieutenant Governor—
A. O. EBERHART,
Blue Earth County.

Chief Justice—
CHARLES M. START,
Olmsted County.

State Treasurer—
CLARENCE DINEHART,
Murray County.

Secretary of State—
JULIUS SCHMAHL,
Redwood County.

Attorney General—
E. T. YOUNG,
Swift County.

State Auditor—
S. G. IVERSON,
Fillmore County.

Clerk of the Supreme Court—
C. A. PIDGEON,
Wright County.

Railroad Commissioner—
C. F. STAPLES,
Dakota County.

Vote—at the primaries next Tuesday.

The new rural route to run northwest from here will start on October 1st.

Over three hundred thousand people attended the state fair last week, the largest attendance in its history.

It is the duty of every good citizen to put aside their work and vote for the men whom they think would best serve the people at the primaries next Tuesday.

The typhoid fever cases up the river should make everyone living along the Red Lake river careful of using its waters. It is one of the worst diseases in this climate and too much precaution cannot be taken.

Sunbeam: The democrats are reported to have had a family row all among them little selves about who should try conclusions with the republican candidates for the different county offices this fall and as a consequence there are two filers for nearly all the county offices on that ticket. Watch the prediction of The Sunbeam. "The democrat that is defeated at the primary will be the lucky one this year, as his successful opponent will go down to defeat in November by the overwhelming vote of the republican nominee.

A "Turner" Story.

Very few London dealers indeed are competent to judge Turner's works—that is, without a certified history. A lady acquaintance of mine had a large picture in her house which she had always regarded as a Turner, and, desiring to sell it, she offered it to five or six of the leading dealers, but not one of them would buy it at any price, asserting that Turner never saw it and that it was nothing like his work, and so on. A few months afterward a document turned up among her family papers showing that the picture had been specially painted by Turner for her husband's father, and in a week she had sold the work for £2,250. The average dealer is almost frightened to touch a Turner, and you seldom or never see one exposed for sale in the galleries.—Chambers' Journal.

Our Foolish Alphabet.

Why, think of it! We've not even a reputable alphabet. The letters are all tangled up. J is J when it isn't Y, and more than half the time Y is doing duty for I. S is sometimes Z, G is J, and poor C is always either S or K. We've got four distinct ways to express the N sound—gn, pn, kn and n; four ways to write the terminal syllable "er"—er, ar, or and ir; five ways to sound the letters "ough"—uff, awf, ow, oo and o. And there are no rules. Each of the myriad cases must be separately hammered into a student's head. And this is work for babes!—Mary Bronson Hartt in Woman's Home Companion.

Color and Aroma of Coffee.

There are two things which people imagine are guides to the goodness of coffee which are really of no consequence whatever. They are the color of the decoction and the aroma of the coffee when ground or as it escapes from the pot in drawing. The color is due almost entirely to the roasting. This is true also of tea. The finest coffees and teas, when properly roasted and prepared to give out their finest flavors, will color the water but little. The real essences which give the flavor have practically no color.

Coldly Described.

"So you don't envy any of the world's men of genius?"

"No," answered Mr. Cumrox. "I admire them, but I don't envy 'em. A genius is a man who gets a monument after he's dead instead of three square meals a day while he's living."—Washington Star.

Lord Kelvin's Bravery.

Lord Kelvin once performed a daring experiment before a class of students. In the course of his lecture he said that while a voltage of 3,000 or so would be fatal to a man a voltage of some 300,000 would be harmless. He was going to give a practical illustration on himself, but the students cried out, "Try it on a dog!" Lord Kelvin cast a look of reproach at his class. "Didn't I figure it out myself?" he said quietly, as he walked to the apparatus and safely turned the tremendous voltage into himself.

Chinese Cologne.

The Chinese ladies have an odd kind of cologne—that is to say, they constantly have upon their person a small bag of sweet smelling gum similar to that which was used by the ancient Egyptian women. Numerous costly jars recently unearthed at Pyramids contain the cosmetics and perfumes which were used by Egyptian princesses, all of which bear a resemblance to those in vogue today among Chinese ladies of the highest rank.

Sorry He Spoke.

He—I'd like to know what enjoyment you can find in going from store to store looking at things you haven't the least idea of buying. She—I know I can't buy them, but there is a sort of melancholy pleasure in thinking that I could have bought them if I had married George Scads when I had the chance, instead of taking you.

Original Lead Pencils.

Original pencils were really made of lead. These, when used on the rough paper of the time, made a clearly discernible mark. Germany led in their manufacture and the early importations to this country were much sought after. No pencils could be bought with other than gold coin and the man who bought a consignment of them had to be well recommended. It takes time to develop any industry, and it has taken years to bring golden grain belt beer to its present-day standard. Its purity and excellence of quality recommend it to all. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Clover, Cow and Cream.

The Warren Sheaf waxes philosophical and discourses thus:

It is an easy matter to prove that clover will grow in this region now. The country is dotted with patches of it most anywhere one happens to go. We don't mean the common white clover. We are talking about the red clover, the clover our fathers used to grow. All over town it can be seen getting a foothold in little nooks and corners where the birds and the breezes have deposited a few seeds. Patches that were seeded a couple of years ago, and which have had a hard struggle to exist heretofore, seem to have flourished exceptionally well this year. The round is getting inoculated with the legume microbe and from this time on there will be no difficulty in starting new fields of this valuable plant. The clover, the cow and the cream is an assured thing for the Red River Valley, and it will not be long till the corn and the hog will follow. Mark our word.

Minnesota's Big School Fund.

A school fund of nearly $18,000,000, of which nearly $2,000,000 has been accumulated during the last two years, is possessed by Minnesota. A statement just prepared by State Auditor Iverson, showing the condition of the fund at the close of the fiscal year, July 31, 1906, discloses this fact. The permanent university fund contains an additional $1,389,000, of which about $32,000 has been accumulated the last two years.

The exact amount of the permanent school fund Aug. 1 was $17,765,394.48, while the last biennial report of the auditor showed the fund Aug. 1, 1904, to be $15,978,476.66.

He who does not improve today will grow worse tomorrow.—German Proverb.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

TO THE VOTERS OF THE 61st LEGISLATIVE DIST.

A Few Reasons why I Ask for Your Votes at the Primaries on Sept. 18.

My business policy has always been, plenty of room at the top, boost and push never knock, what is good for the country is good for the people.

Have several years' experience as cruiser and surveyor, land man, and homesteader in northern Minnesota, and know more about the actual needs, conditions and soil in the northern part of the state than any other candidate for the next legislature.

Supporter and admirer of Senator Nelson and will vote for his reelection.

Do not ride on railroad passes, nor will I if elected.

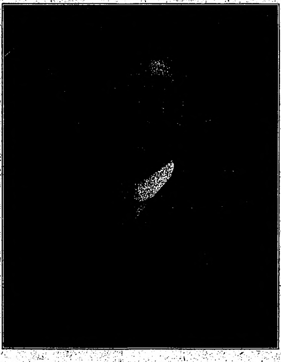
Have been a large shipper and well versed on railroad rates, and have secured several rate reductions on wood, hay and grain, and will continue to work for more. My policy is persuasion based on good facts; with the people behind it will do more good than a big club.

In 1898 I was elected on drainage board in Felton, Minn. We completed over 40 miles of ditches and 20 miles of roads and when the contractors failed on part of the work, I personally completed the roads where our people and contractors said they could not be built and maintained, and the roads are good and speak for themselves.

If elected I want every voter in my district to be a committee of one by frequent letters, advice and push, to aid me in getting drainage, pushing other good measures and general developments, and demand and work for clean politics at home and at the capitol.

—J. J. OPSAHL.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.



R. H. GREEN

Equality Township.

Candidate for the Republican Nomination for Register of Deeds.

Earnestly Solicits the Votes and Support of the People at the Primary Election, September 18th, 1906.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, } ss

In the matter of the petition of John A. Duffy and others, for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 28.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 28, beginning at a point 40 rods south and 80 rods west of the northeast corner of the southwest quarter of section 1, in township 151, range 44, and running thence south along the quarter section line to a point near the center of the northwest quarter of section 12 in said town and range, thence west across the west half of the northwest quarter of said section 12, following the natural water course, to the section line between sections 11 and 12 and between sections 13 and 14, making a highway between said sections 11 and 12 to a coulee at or near the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of said section 14, putting the necessary culverts between said sections 11 and 12, and terminating at said coulee, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Thomas McNirthney, S. A. Swanson, John Flanigan, Pangburn & Schurs, John Lehmkuhl, W. C. Gray, Edward Busse, Frank H. Gagnon, P. O. Floan, J. A. Jones, Anna Hartie, William Guhler, Napoleon Constant, John Schmitz, August O. Spilker, Frits Schmits, William Clarke and Mary Rose; and that the engineer appointed by the board of county commissioners of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor, and that the viewers appointed by said board of county commissioners to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Tuesday, the second day of October, 1906, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at one o'clock p. m. of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said board of county commissioners at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal) County Auditor of Red Lake county, Minnesota.
[8-22

For Supt. of Schools.

H. T. McAnulty wishes to announce to the voters of Red Lake county that he will not be a candidate at the primaries for nomination, but that he will circulate a petition and expects to run as an independent candidate for Supt. of Schools at the election. He has decided that his work will not allow him time for two campaigns.

—For go-carts go to Holmes Bros.

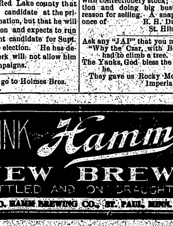
For Sale.

Two story frame building and lot with confectionery stock; central location and doing big business. Good reason for selling. A snap, inquire at once of
R. H. DUNTLEY,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

Ask any "JAP" that you may see,
"Why the Czar, with Bear behind,
had to climb a tree.
The Yanks, God bless the Yanks, says he,
They gave us Rocky Mountain Tea.
Imperial Drug Co.

DRINK **Hamm's**
NEW BREW
BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

SAW MILL MACHINERY.



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We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery
Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

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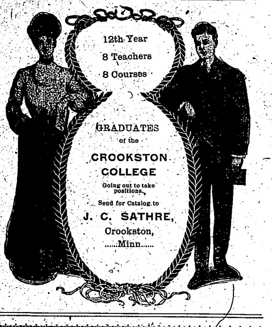
$1.50
Per Cord
Crookston Lumber Company.



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8 Teachers
8 Courses
GRADUATES of the CROOKSTON COLLEGE
Going out to take positions.
Send for Catalog to
J. C. SATHRE,
Crookston,
......Minn......

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Pack Your Trunk And Go East

That's a good start toward a pleasant and profitable Summer Vacation. In purchasing your ticket tell the agent that it Must read over the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

between the Twin Cities and Chicago. Five handsome daily trains including the Pioneer Limited and the Fast Mail. Direct connections at St. Paul Union Depot with all trains from the North and West. Sleeping car berths higher, wider and longer than the berths in other sleepers and therefore cooler and more comfortable for Summer travel.

Let us know where you are going and full information as to rates, routes, connections, etc., will be cheerfully furnished by return mail.

W. B. DIXON,
Northwestern Passenger Agent,
365 Robert St., ST. PAUL,

Advertise in the St. Hilaire Spectator

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

CALL ON
HOLMES BROS.
FOR
HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D. Patterson	Councilmen
E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
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CONFECTIONERY,
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CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for......
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Do You Want to MAKE MONEY ?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in touch with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commission. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J. P. GONIGAM
210 Armory Blk.,
OTTAWA, - ILLINOIS

THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

C. L. Hanson made a short business trip to Argylle last Wednesday.

—Lace that would easily sell for 8c to 10c, only 5c a yard at Hanson's.

A. S. Wilson was a business visitor at Thief River Falls last Thursday.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

Geo. L. Austin went up to Thief River Falls on business last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Adams spent last Sunday at Red Lake Falls visiting friends.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Miss Katherine Patterson returned on Monday from a week's visit at Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank King are the proud parents of a new baby girl born last Sunday.

Mrs. A. R. Jones and daughter, Margie, are at Crookston this week visiting with friends.

Miss Huldah Gigstad left last Saturday for Twin Valley, where she will teach the coming year.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Cross, of Grand Rapids, Minn., were here last Saturday visiting with ye editor.

It is a safe prediction that the extremely warm weather is a thing of the past for this season.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

Mrs. A. O. Davison and children returned yesterday from Red Lake Falls, where they were visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ives, of Cass Lake, spent several days here the first of this week visiting with ye editor.

—Juvenile toilet soap usually sold at 25c a cake, our price while this lot lasts 2 cakes for 25c. M. L. Hanson.

A. L. Hanson, of Ada, a candidate for the republican nomination for state senator, was a caller here on Tuesday.

Confirmation services will be held in the United Norwegian Lutheran church next Sunday, commencing at 10 o'clock.

I. Dahlen and John Konikson spent a couple of days on the reservation hunting the first of the week with fair success.

—For men's and boys' all wool sweaters call at Hanson's.

William Ireland took a short vacation the first of the week and visited with relatives at Fertile, returning on Wednesday.

James Boss, the Crookston Lumber company sales manager, left on Monday for Bemidji after a fairly successful hunt here.

Julius M. Jahn, who has been farming near here for several years, has sold out and will reside at Davenport, Iowa, in the future.

—Just a few more left of those $1.00 corsets at 39c at Hanson's.

K. O. Gigstad came back from the Twin cities last Monday well pleased that he had seen Dan Patch break the record at the state fair.

Mrs. William Ireland, who has been spending a couple of weeks visiting friends at Grand Forks and Fertile, returned home yesterday.

E. M. Hoff returned last Saturday from a business trip to St. Paul, where he had been buying a fall stock of goods and taking in the state fair.

Chas. Fellman and J. G. Prior came back from Norman county last Saturday, where they had been hunting and report good luck and a fair supply of birds.

—Very nice ladies' hand bags, only 50c at Hanson's.

George R. Kirkpatrick, an eminent socialist speaker, entertained a good sized audience at Imperial hall last Monday evening. He is said to have made an interesting talk.

—The Crookston College is beginning its twelfth year with eight teachers and eight courses. It is the oldest and largest school in the northwest. It has placed every one of its graduates in good paying positions. Free car fare to Crookston. Send for catalog to J. C. Sathre, Crookston, Minn.

George Blakey, of this village and G. W. Eastman, of River Falls, were down to Wylie last Saturday and took the examination for rural route carriers. Both gentlemen are applicants for the new rural route which will run northwest of here.

Sunbeam: The wangans and the rear of the big drive passed here Tuesday evening. There were 30 logdrivers punching up the rear, and they made good time. It was some relief to see the river again free from logs as they have been pretty thick for the past two weeks.

Judge William Watts, of the district court, has announced the appointment of Daniel Shaw, Arthur Daniels, S. A. Swanson, E. M. Hoff and Lars Bakke as a canvassing board to canvass the vote of Red Lake county at the primaries next Tuesday.

There will be services at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. The Young People's Society of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet at the home of Karl J. Erikson, in Rocksbury, on Friday evening, September 21.

Alex Sand, Pastor.

—Extra soda crackers, 8c a pound at Hanson's.

William F. Ittner, of Red Lake Falls, a brother of Foreman A. F. Ittner of The Spectator, was a caller here last Thursday. Mr. Ittner is taking an engineering course at the State University and leaves this week to commence this year's work. He is well known as one of the most prominent in the Minnesota foot ball team.

Ralph H. Green, of Equality township, who is a candidate for Register of Deeds, was a caller here yesterday and reports that his chances are looking bright for the nomination. Mr. Green has been a resident of Red Lake county for the past ten years and has won the confidence and respect of all who have known him. If nominated he will prove a formidable candidate.

A couple of Jews are traveling about this section selling dry goods, clothing, etc., taking the notes of farmers in payment for the goods when the farmer does not have the cash, says the Thief River Falls News. Farmers should be very careful in any dealings they have with this class of people. They do not intend to hold the notes but have called upon the bankers of Thief River Falls endeavoring to get the notes cashed.

—Cups and saucers, set of six pair, only 45c at Hanson's.

According to reports from numerous sources the macaroni wheat has done much better in this vicinity this year than the hard wheat has. The average yield of the latter has been much below that of the macaroni. Altho generally considered a droughty season crop, the macaroni has withstood weather conditions of the very opposite character this year most satisfactorily. As a result, it is very probable that a much larger proportion of this kind of wheat will be sown in this section next year than ever before.—Warren Register.

Red Lake Courier: A contract was let Tuesday by the county auditor for the construction of county ditch number 26 on the town line between Sandres and Rocksbury townships. There were four bidders: John Flanigan at 11 cents a cubic yard; E. A. Moran, 11.65 cents; Fred Zaiser, 10.89 cents; Theo. Halvorson, 10.50 cents. The contract was accordingly let to Theo. Halvorson. It calls for 27,095 yards of excavation, which, at the contract price, will amount to $2,844.98. The work must be completed this fall and will be commenced immediately.

—7-inch plates per set of six, only 40c at Hanson's.

Middle River Pioneer: Reports from those who have threshed in the western part of the county are to the effect that the grain yield is light, wheat running from 7 to 13 bushels per acre. The few who have threshed up the ridge report a yield considerably better. John Nelson, who was threshing with the Barneko machine, reports that the oats out west of town are turning out from 50 to 60 bushels per acre, and wheat from 15 to 26 bushels. There have been no reports of wheat threshed out in Rollis and Thief Lake, though Howard Clare's flax and oats was a good crop. There is no doubt however but, that the wheat out there is about double the yield of the crop in the western part. Eastern Marshall county is strictly in it this year.

Distinguished Visitors.

St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147, I. O. O. F. were favored last Thursday evening by an official call from Grand Master B. G. Covell, of Kirkhoven, and Grand Secretary A. L. Bolton, of St. Paul. It was the first visit of either gentleman to the Lodge and a pleasant evening was spent in the Lodge.

Auction Sale.

The personal effects of Mrs. Hiram Dickinson, (formerly Mrs. Elizabeth Eickhoff) consisting of household goods and a millinery stock will be offered at public auction on Monday, Sept. 24th, at 1 p. m. in front of her residence.

D. PATERSON,
Auctioneer.

Foreman Hurt.

Foreman William Dexter was seriously injured by falling off the carriage last Saturday. They were fixing the carriage when it got away and struck the bumpers with force enough to throw Mr. Dexter off, giving him a bad shaking up but breaking no bones. He has been confined to the house ever since, but is doing finely and will soon be again at work not much worse for the misfortune.

—Eddy's high grade mince meat, 10c a package at Hanson's.

Silos Filled.

Ye editor made a trip through Rocksbury the first of the week and that township undoubtedly shows greater improvement than any other in this part of the county. It could well be named "Clover township" as it has more of the big red kind than any other township in northern Minnesota.

We called on Peter Engelstad and were fortunate in finding him at work filling the second silo with fodder corn. Last year he erected the first silo in Red Lake county, and this year he has built a second one and he now has about three hundred tons of ensilage for winter finding. The fodder corn is grown in rows and is very heavy, some of it being ten feet high. It is cut by a corn binder and chopped up and elevated by the aid of a threshing engine. There may be some farms in this vicinity where the soil is too heavy to grow corn successfully, but there are not many of them, and we are convinced that the road to prosperity and success for the Red Lake county farmer will have fodder corn and silos on one side and red clover on the other side.

A Timely Warning.

The following from the Thief River Falls Press is of vital interest to all who live along the banks of the Red Lake river. Do not under any circumstances drink river water.

"There are four cases of typhoid fever at the Bethany hospital besides several other cases throughout the city. In view of the prevalence of the disease, Dr. Gambell wishes us to warn the people against the use of hydrant water for drinking purposes. By the state chemist's analysis it was shown that the river water is impure and its continued use was discountenanced."

Political Announcement.

I hereby announce that I am a candidate for the republican nomination for the office of Register of Deeds for Red Lake county, and respectfully solicit the support of the republican voters at the primary election on Sept. 18th.

R. H. Green.

TO THE VOTERS OF RED LAKE COUNTY.

I hereby make my announcement as a republican candidate for the office of county auditor, and in so doing it seems befitting to make my position clear to the voters of the county in the coming primary election.

I have resided continuously in the county for thirteen years, during which time I have affiliated with the republican party. In seeking the nomination to the office of county auditor I do so without pledging myself to any faction or local condition. I have not been asked to make pledges or promises and intend to make the run honestly and squarely, favoring neither friend nor foe.

If nominated and elected I shall perform the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner and shall do my utmost to fill the office satisfactorily.

Soliciting your support, I remain,
Very respectfully yours,
John B. O'Brien.

Find the Work Feasible.

Thief River Press: Mr. A. P. Mead, head of the government surveying party, came in from the camp Saturday evening. The party is making very good progress but find difficult work in the swamps where for hours at a time the men are up to their hips in water and mud. According to Mr. Mead the engineering problem is not going to be particularly difficult, it being simply a matter of putting in big government ditching machinery that can make headway through the swamps. So far a good fall has been found from the big bog to Elm Lake, a fall of eleven feet occurring within the distance.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

HARRY E. IVES

Candidate for Republican nomination for Clerk of Court. Your vote and support solicited at the primaries, Sept. 18.

Voters of Red Lake County:

Being a candidate for the republican nomination for Register of Deeds, I hereby solicit your vote and support at the primary election to be held September 18, 1906.

Earnest L. Quist.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford has an office at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, on the 8th day of every month. A red letter day to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses.

It arouses energy, develops and stimulates nervous life, arouses the courage of youth. It makes you young again. That's what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Notice of Hearing Upon Petition of Freeholder.

Whereas, a petition signed by T. A. Bergedal, a freeholder of school district No. 35, in this county, representing that he is the owner of the following described lands, situate in said district, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of section 12, in township 152, range 42, has been presented to the county board of Red Lake county. And asking that his said lands may be set off from said district No. 35, to said district No. 125, and the said board has appointed a time and place for hearing thereon. Therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given that said petition will be heard by said board, at a session thereof commencing on the second day of October, A. D. 1906, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at which time and place the said board will hear the evidence and the arguments of all persons interested, for or against granting the prayer of the petitioner.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., Sept. 10, 1906.

By order of the county board.
JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and
(Seal.) Ex-officio clerk of Board,
s15-22

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake, } ss

Notice is hereby given, that applications have been made in writing to the county board of said county of Red Lake, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on September 21, 1906, and terminating on September 21, 1907, by the following persons and at the following places, as stated in said applications, respectively, to-wit:

By LEROUX & HINCH.

On the ground floor, front room of a frame building situate on lot 7, in block 2 of the townsite of Brooks, in the township of Poplar River in said county and state.

Said applications will be heard and determined by said county board of the county of Red Lake, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state of Minnesota, on Tuesday, the second day of October, A. D. 1906, at two o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and official seal this tenth day of September, A. D. 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor,
s15-22 Red Lake Co., Minn.

Ladies, read this catalogue of charms. Bright eyes, glowing cheeks, red lips, a smooth skin without a blemish, in short, perfect health. For sale with every package Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake. } ss

Notice is hereby given that applications have been made in writing to the county board of said county of Red Lake and filed in my office praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on September 10, 1906, and terminating on September 10, 1907, by the following persons and at the following places, as stated in said applications, respectively, to-wit:

By ZOTIQUE BRAY,

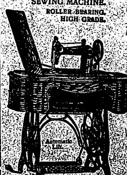
On the ground floor, front room of that certain two-story frame building situate on lot 10, in block 5 of the townsite of Brooks, in the town of Poplar River, in said county and state.

Said applications will be heard and determined by said county board of the county of Red Lake at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, and state of Minnesota, on Tuesday, the second day of October, A. D. 1906, at two o'clock p.m. of that day.

Witness my hand and official seal this first day of September, A. D. 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor,
s15-22 Red Lake county, Minn.

The "Redgeton"
SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING.
HIGH GRADE.


Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.
STRONGEST GUARANTEE.
National Sewing Machine Co.
BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

SAVE MONEY
BY USING
MASCOT FLOUR
BETTER BREAD
and MORE OF IT.
Red Lake Falls Milling Co.
WE PURCHASE ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
H. C. ADAMS, Agent.

HAY FEVER

"Having used Peruna for catarrh and hay fever, I can recommend it to all who are suffering with the above diseases. I am happy to be able to say it has helped me wonderfully."
—*Mayme E. Smith.*

MISS MAYME SMITH,
444 E. Mound Street, Columbus, Ohio.

HAY FEVER is endemic catarrh. It is caused by some irritating substance in the atmosphere during the late summer months. It is generally thought that the pollen of certain weeds and flowers is the cause of it.

Change of locality seems to be the only rational cure. The use of Peruna, however, stimulates the nervous system to resist the effect of the poisonous emanations and sometimes carries the victim through the hay fever season without an attack of the disease.

A large number of people rely upon Peruna for this purpose. Those who do not find it convenient to change their location to avoid Hay Fever, would do well to give Peruna a trial. It has proven of priceless value to many people.

Unkind.

Lilly—A man just went by in an automobile. He looked at me and said: "What a beautiful woman."

Juliette—Heavens! he must have been going fast!

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors,

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: John M. Crozier, Minneapolis, Minn., boiler flue; Charles H. McDermott, Eveleth, Minn., railway ticket; Michael Meis, St. Paul, Minn., matchbox; Arthur A. Newell, Mellette, S. D., rope clamp; Francis Peteler, Minneapolis, Minn., dumping car; Daniel P. Senger, Granville, N. D., oar; Ray E. Wickham, University, N. D., ore roaster.

Not Unnatural.

Sable—Do you think your wife will be asked to address the meeting?

Cable—No; it won't be necessary.

Domestic Light Plants.

Is your home as modern as you would like to have it? We have small water and light plants that are just the thing for country or suburban homes. Can be installed at a very small cost. Ask for Catalog. St. 164.

FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., St. Paul.

It's the easiest thing in the world to convince yourself that you are just a little better than your neighbor.

"Cut out hot cream of tartar biscuit" used to be a common, every-day remark among physicians when discussing items of diet for their patients. But alum baking powder biscuits are never mentioned in this respect. Why? Because it's the cream of tartar that is objectionable and injurious, and yet there are some people who to-day continue to use the old cream of tartar baking powder, and wonder why they are always ailing.

The Limit.

"He's very gallant, at any rate."

"Oh, yes; but he goes to extremes. I just heard him telling Miss Muddiskynn that moles are merely convex dimples."

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

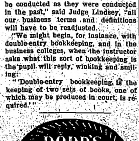
Double Entry and Double Dealing.

Judge Lindsey of Denver, who recently refused an offer of $5,000,000 from John D. Rockefeller for the National Juvenile Improvement Association, is a foe of the modern business methods have been brought such world-wide contempt upon America.

"A great business hereafter are to be conducted as they were conducted in the past," said Judge Lindsey, "all our business terms and definitions will have to be readjusted.

"We might begin, for instance, with double-entry bookkeeping, and in the business colleges, when the instructor asks what this sort of bookkeeping is the pupil will reply, winking and smiling:

"'Double-entry bookkeeping is the keeping of two sets of books, one of which may be produced in court, is required.'"



MONEY OF NATION

ALL AT SOME TIME DUMPED ON TREASURY BUILDING BLOCK.

One Object of Interest in Washington Which Has Been Overlooked by Those Who Have Written Up the Capital.

"See that building?" asked a Washington correspondent of a visiting friend to whom he was showing the sights of the capital. They were standing on the east side of Fifteenth street, near F.

"Yes," replied the visitor, "and it is the treasury building."

"The untold millions of dollars in notes, gold and silver which the granite walls of that structure has hidden would make Rockefeller's pile look like 30 cents."

"Very true, I know that," rejoined the visitor.

"And that building and its money and its associations, and everything else connected with it, have been written up about a million times and in a million different ways," added the Washingtonian.

"I know that, too," replied his friend.

"Nevertheless, there is one thing or object connected with that historic pile of stone which has thus far escaped fame."

"Impossible," exclaimed the tourist, incredulously. "I thought that Washington was annually raked with a fine-tooth comb by writers."

"It is," acquiesced the correspondent, "and then it is reraked by still others. Yet there is one object which we will now make famous, which, as I have said, has escaped. Do you observe that low block, or platform, of heavy iron-jointed beams of wood close to the curb opposite the basement entrance on the Fifteenth street side, almost directly opposite from where we are standing?"

"Yes," said the visitor, interestedly.

"That block is the one thing in town that hasn't been written up, from the president to the frescoes in the congressional library. For a quarter of a century those heavy wooden planks have had the distinction of receiving every cent of the hundreds of billions of gold coin, silver coin, gold bullion, silver bullion and gold and silver certificates, treasury and bank notes which have entered and have afterward been dispatched from the treasury building. The grand total of this wealth is scarcely susceptible of estimation; it is simply fabulous. Do you note that covered dray backed up to the block and drawn by three big white horses? It is filled with government notes which await only the seal of the government to make them legal tenders. As such they will afterward leave the treasury for distribution.

"When that load is emptied another vehicle will back up to the block, perhaps an express wagon, from which will be dumped a million dollars in coin or bullion. Then more millions done up in securely sealed packages of notes will be carried out of the building, deposited upon the block and thrown into still another wagon, covered van or wire-netted express wagon. And thus the continuous performance of handling the wealth of the nation in the public streets of the capital goes on day by day, year after year, unnoticed by the public at large. And it all, from bags of dimes to packages of notes practically without limit as to amount, as well as all of the bullion, lands at one time or another upon that old wooden block."

"I should think some enterprising thief might try to make a raid some day," suggested the visitor.

"That's what the men whose duty it is to handle all this great wealth think, too, so they are at all times prepared to welcome any gentleman whose enterprise might prompt such an action," replied the correspondent. "And the funny part of it is this: All this great accumulation of money which passes over that block at intervals during the day is handled by poor men who work for moderate wages, perhaps not over $75 a month. This would seem to prove that a man hasn't got to be rich to handle big money after all."

Marks His Autographs.

Senator Knox, of Pennsylvania, has been besieged so much for his signature that he has adopted a new plan to prevent possible fraud. The senator's signature is valuable at a good many banks. Being good-natured, the senator dislikes to refuse any person who asks for his autograph. He has usually written it on a blank card. Hereafter he will use a card on which is engraved the word "autograph."

Harrowing Memory.

"You must feel very happy in this lovely cottage you call your own?"

"How can I, when I think of my family that owned an estate of thousands of acres, with a castle and a whole regiment of servants?"

"Why, when did they lose it?"

"During the eleventh century."—Tit-Bits.

Alley Slums of District of Columbia.

There are about 330,000 people in the District of Columbia; over 60,000 of them live outside of the old city of Washington (which now has no legal existence, being merged in the District of Columbia), in a large number of small towns and villages scattered over the hills and valleys of the territory. About one-third of the population is colored—the largest number of colored people gathered in any place in the world; about one-fourth of the population is very poor—poorer than most poor people elsewhere in the United States; there is much abject poverty. This has had much to do with the deplorable condition of a considerable portion of the population which lives in what are called alley slums, where about 18,000 people [illegible] side; unable to pay more than a few dollars a month rent, they have had to put up with very poor quarters, including a number of buildings which ought to be renovated or destroyed for sanitary reasons.—The Outlook.

One of the charms of a sophisticated society is that it lends point and pur[illegible]

STOMACH PAINS

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Brought Relief and Cure for Splitting Headaches as Well.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, a remedy which has been before the American people for a generation, is still accomplishing wonderful results as is evidenced by the following interview with Mrs. Rachnel Gardner, of Wilsey, Kans.

"It was very strange," she says, "I never could tell what caused it, and neither could anybody else. For a long time I had bad spells with my stomach. The pain would commence about my heart and was so deadly agonizing that I would have to scream aloud. Sometimes it would last several hours and I would have to take laudanum to stop it. Besides this I had a headache almost constantly, day and night, that nearly crazed me, so you see I suffered a great deal. And when I think of the agony I endured it still makes me shudder.

"Doctors, did you say? Their medicine made me sicker. I couldn't take it and I kept growing worse until a friend advised me to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I did. I began to feel better and was soon wholly converted to this wonderful medicine. It did me more good than I had ever hoped for. I kept on with the pills and now I recommend them to all who suffer."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured severe cases of indigestion, bloodlessness, influenza, headaches, backaches, lumbago, sciatica, neuralgia, nervousness and spinal weakness. The genuine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are guaranteed to be free from opiates or any harmful drugs and cannot injure the most delicate system. At all druggists, or from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y., postpaid on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50.

Shakespeare Lived Too Soon.

"Shakespeare said, 'Throw physic to the dogs,'" said the man who loves to quote.

"Yes," said the man with the speckled vest, "but if Shakespeare were living to-day he would write 'canned meat.'"

TERRIBLE SCALY ECZEMA.

Eruptions Appeared on Chest and Face and Neck Were All Broken Out—Cured by Cuticura.

"I had an eruption appear on my chest and body and extend upwards and downwards, so that my neck and face were all broken out; also my arms and the lower limbs as far as the knees. I at first thought it was prickly heat. But soon scales or crusts formed where the breaking out was. Instead of going to a physician I purchased a complete treatment of the Cuticura remedies, in which I had great faith, and all was satisfactory. A year or two later the eruption appeared again, only a little lower; but before it had time to spread I procured another supply of the Cuticura Remedies, and continued their use until the cure was complete. It is now five years since the last attack, and I have not seen any signs of a return. I have more faith in Cuticura Remedies for skin diseases than anything I know of. Emma E. Wilson, Liscomb, Iowa, Oct. 1, 1905."

BIG FISH IN HOLLOW LOGS.

Great Catches of Catfish Made Right in a Sawmill.

At this time of year the men who are working in the sawmills along the Mississippi River are somewhat puzzled to decide precisely what their occupation is. Sometimes they think they are mill men and sometimes they think they are fishermen.

Catfish seem to be the 'coons and 'possums of the river world. They take to the hollow logs, which they find among the rafts tied up near the sawmills.

In June the men who work the logs up to the carriages which take them to the saws begin to watch for hollow specimens. When they find one of that sort they are pretty sure of a big catfish hiding inside.

At Burlington a large number of fish weighing from three to ten pounds each have been taken in this way during the last few weeks. One black catfish weighing thirty-eight pounds was caught about two weeks ago.

The prize was an immense blue catfish, four feet in length and weighing fifty-eight pounds. The sawmill fishermen were not prepared for such big fellow and he jumped clear through their net. He would have escaped to the water but for a man with a canthook, who despatched the prize. The fish netted his captor $4 when he had been dressed and cut into steaks.

HOW MANY OF US?

Fail to Select Food Nature Demands to Ward Off Ailments.

A Ky. lady, speaking about food, says: "I was accustomed to eating all kinds of ordinary food until, for some reason, indigestion and nervous prostration set in.

"After I had run down seriously my attention was called to the necessity of some change in my diet, and I discontinued my ordinary breakfast and began using Grape-Nuts with a good quantity of rich cream.

"In a few days my condition changed in a remarkable way, and I began to have a strength that I had never been possessed of before, a vigor of body and a poise of mind that amazed me. It was entirely new in my experience.

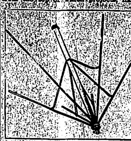
"My former attacks of indigestion had been accompanied by heat flashes, and many times my condition was distressing, with blind spells of dizziness, rush of blood to the head and neuralgic pains in the chest.

"Since using Grape-Nuts alone for breakfast I have been free from these troubles, except at times when I have indulged in rich, greasy foods in [illegible]

RELIC OF THE CONSTITUTION

Parachute Used to Accelerate Speed of Famous Ship.

About the only relic of the frigate Constitution at the Charleston navy yard, not even excepting the historic hulk, which is now known as the famous ship, is a huge parachute composed of a wooden handle, eight feet in length and two inches in diameter, from the top of which projects, like



the ribs of an umbrella, an iron framework which has a sliding and spreading action on the handle similar to that of the common rain shedder.

This device, it is said, on an attached card, is the contrivance which was utilized by the Constitution's officers on July 12, 1812, off the coast of New Jersey to accelerate the speed of the rather slow old sailer as she was being chased by the vessels of a British squadron.

EARTHQUAKE IN OLD ENGLAND

Shock of 1587 Rang Church Bells and Set People to Praying.

Writing in 1587, a chronicler tells of a sudden earthquake in England that did a good deal of damage among the churches in London: "The great clock bell in the palace at Westminster strake of itself against the hammer with the shaking of the earth, as divers other clocks and bells in the steeples of the city of London and elsewhere did the like. A piece of the Temple church fell down and some stones fell from St. Paul's church, and at Christ's church, near to Newgate market, in the sermon while, a stone fell from the top of the same church, which stone killed out of hand one Thomas Grey, an apprentice, and another stone fell on his fellow servant named Mabel Everett and so bruised her that she lived but four days after. This earthquake endured in or about London, not passing one minute of an hour, and was no more felt. But afterward in Kent, and on the sea coast it was felt three times." It goes without saying that the people all fell a-praying.

FRIGHTENED HORSE FELL DEAD

Unable to Get Over Its Scare at Sight of Elephant.

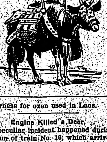
Innate antipathy between the equine species and the pachyderm caused the death of a fine black horse when it caught sight of an elephant in a circus parade at Springfield, O. The animal was a young one, belonging to the Capital City Dairy company, and had probably never seen an elephant before. Most horses are badly frightened on their first glimpse of the bulky beast, but usually take out their scare merely in an attempt to run away. This horse was so frightened that it fell dead.

It was apparently in the best of health, but fell to the ground the instant it beheld the elephant. It courageously arose, only to fall again in a few seconds. This time it failed to get up and in a few moments was dead.

Grain Quickly Made Bread.

A record time for converting grain into bread has been established by a Canadian farmer. Wheat which was in the sheaf at three o'clock in the afternoon was made into scones before six. When operations began a wagon stood in the barn with about half a load of grain in the sheaf. Beside it was a thrasher; connected with this was a gasoline engine. The engine was started, the sheaves were fed into the thrasher, and the grain was deposited in a bin. The power was then transferred to the cleaner, and the work of changing the newly thrashed wheat into flour was quickly carried through. The rest of the task was easy.

Cumbersome Harness.



Harness for oxen used in Laos.

Engine Killed a Deer.

A peculiar incident happened during the run of train No. 16, which arrived in Portland last night from San Francisco.

While going through the wilds of Cow Creek canon about nine o'clock Thursday evening the engine struck and killed a deer that was standing in the middle of the track. The animal was evidently blinded by the headlight and kept its place, too terrified to move. The train was stopped while the trainmen loaded the deer into the baggage car.—Portland Oregonian.

"Sunburstry."

The late Michael Davitt coined a new word, "sunburstry." His speeches were always couched in terse and [illegible]

[illegible]

Scene—A county fair. [illegible]

First Fancy Cheesemaker—This weather is terrible for exhibiting cheese. Why, they're actually walking about.

Second Fancy Cheesemaker—Don't speak of it. Why, my best cheese went up to the judges' stand yesterday to have a look at the medal that had been awarded it.

A Literary Repast.

"John," said the poet, "time for breakfast, isn't it?"

"Yes, sir—high time!"

"Did you warm the sonnet over?"

"I sure did, sir!"

"And the love song?"

"It was warm enough already, sir."

"All right. Just pour a little ink in the coffee cups, and ring the bell!"

Back at Him.

A young wit, looking out for mischief, endeavored to make fun of a professor. After badgering him for some time he asked him whether he could define the word "nothing."

The professor replied immediately: "Nothing is that which is to be found in the particular cell of your brain which should contain intelligence."

Hazarding a Guess.

"Pa," said little Willie, looking up from his book, "what are gastronomics?"

"Oh—er— lemme see," said pa. "Oh, they're these country jays that blow out the gas."

The Age of Lead.

We are wont to speak of this era as the "age of iron," and there is no gainsaying that, industrially speaking, iron is a "precious metal."

Nevertheless, few people realize how useful, if not absolutely necessary, to modern civilization, is that other metal, lead. Soft, yielding, pliable, it is not much like its sister metal, but those distinguishing qualities are what give it such a prominent place in the arts and industries.

Modern plumbing, requiring many turnings and twistings, but withal tight joints, would be almost impossible without lead pipe. The greatest civilizing agent in the world—the printing art—is absolutely dependent on lead. Hand-set type, linotype "slugs," monotype type—all are made of compositions of which lead is the chief component—to say nothing of the bearings in the presses as well as all other kinds of machinery in which "babbitt" metal is used.

Solder is another lead product—what a field of usefulness that one form opens up.

Then there is the most important use of all to which lead is put—paint, that necessary material which keeps our houses looking pretty—inside and out—and preserves them from decay.

How many of us thank metallic lead for the comforts of paint? Yet the best house paint is nothing but metallic lead corroded by acid to a white powder known as "white lead." Of course, there are many imitations of "white lead," some of which are sold as white lead and some which are offered by the name of ready-prepared paint under the familiar pretense that they are "just as good" as white lead. But all good paint is made of the metal, lead, corroded and ground to a fine white powder and mixed with linseed oil.

White lead is also used in the coating of fine oil cloths and for many purposes besides paint.

"Red lead" is another product of metallic lead and is what is known as an oxide of lead, being produced by burning the metal. Red lead is the best paint known to preserve iron, steel or tin, and is used largely in painting metal structures, such as skyscraper skeletons, mills and bridges.

There are many other products of the metal lead, such as litharge, orange mineral, etc., which are essential to many of the arts in which we never imagine that lead would be of the least use.

Verily, we live in an age of lead as well as of iron.

A True Rustic.

It is Priscilla's first visit to the country; she has heard the cackling of the hens, and connected it with the laying of the eggs; she hears the cow moo, and calls to her mother: "Mamma, come quick; the cow has laid some more milk."

Nothing Succeeds Like "EGG-O-SEE."

The man who preaches the best sermon; the man who tells the funniest stories; the man who keeps the best store, or the man who makes the best goods, soon finds that people come to him. Merit is the best advertisement in the world. People speak well of things they know are good. They pass the good word along.

The best breakfast food is "EGG-O-SEE, for it contains all the life-giving properties of nature's best food, which is Wheat.

EGG-O-SEE is deeply in debt to the thousands of wives and mothers who use it in their homes, for these good women tell their neighbors about this great food.

Children and aged persons alike are friends of EGG-O-SEE.

Merit and common sense are things that advertise EGG-O-SEE most. EGG-O-SEE is cheap. A 10-cent package contains ten liberal breakfasts. EGG-O-SEE is sold everywhere. Grocers must keep it if they want to keep their good customers, for good customers insist on buying EGG-O-SEE.

The fact that no preparation, no cooking, is required, makes EGG-O-SEE very popular. Open the package; put in as much as you like in a dish; pour on milk or cream and eat. It is delicious. It is wholesome. It makes you strong.

A lot of interesting facts about EGG-O-SEE have been published in [illegible]

STOP, WOMAN!

AND CONSIDER THE
ALL-IMPORTANT
FACT

That in addressing Mrs. Pinkham you are confiding your private ills to a woman—a woman whose experience with women's diseases covers twenty-five years.

The present Mrs. Pinkham is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, and for many years under her direction, and since her decease, her advice has been freely given to sick women.

Many women suffer in silence and drift along from bad to worse, knowing full well that they ought to have immediate assistance, but a natural modesty impels them to shrink from exposing themselves to the questions and probable examinations of even their family physician. It is unnecessary. Without money or price you can consult a woman whose knowledge from actual experience is great.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation:

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women only. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established the eternal confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Out of the vast volume of experience which she has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge that will help your case. She asks nothing in return except your good-will, and her advice has relieved thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance.—Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Following we publish two letters from a woman who accepted this invitation. Note the result:

First letter.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"For eight years I have suffered something terrible every month. The pains are excruciating and I can hardly stand them. My doctor says I have a severe female trouble, and I must go through an operation if I want to get well. I do not want to submit to it if I can possibly help it. Please tell me what to do. I hope you can relieve me."—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, 59th and E. Capitol Streets, Washington, D. C.

Second letter.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"After following carefully your advice, and taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I am very anxious to send you my testimonial, that others may know their value and what you have done for me.

"As you know, I wrote you that my doctor said I must have an operation or I could not live. I then wrote you, telling you my ailments. I followed your advice and am entirely well. I can walk miles without an ache or a pain, and I owe my life to you and to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I wish every suffering woman would read this testimonial and realize the value of writing to you and your remedy."—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, 59th and E. Capitol Streets, Washington, D. C.

When a medicine has been successful in restoring to health so many women whose testimony is so unquestionable, you cannot well say, without trying it, "I do not believe it will help me." If you are ill, don't hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and write Mrs Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice—it is free and always helpful.

Advertising Bottled Goods.

Merchant—Didn't you agree to put my liquor advertisement next to pure reading matter?

Solicitor—Well, sir, we did so, did we not?

Merchant—No, you didn't. You put it in next to a column about Thaw and the chorus girls.

THE BEST COUGH CURE

Cough syrups are all cheap enough, but if you should get a gallon of cough syrup that does not cure for the price of a small bottle of

Kemp's Balsam

the best cough cure, you would have made a bad bargain—for one small bottle of Kemp's Balsam may stop the worst cough and save a life, whereas the cough "cure" that does not cure is worse than useless.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

MAKE EVERY DAY COUNT—no matter how bad the weather. You cannot afford to be without a TOWER'S WATERPROOF OILED SUIT OR SLICKER. When you buy look for the SIGN OF THE FISH

A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON U.S.A. TOWER CANADIAN CO. LTD. TORONTO CAN.

APPLES Also receive Veal, Poultry, Eggs, Etc.
M. A. Britz, 24 East 3rd St., St. Paul.

CREAM and POULTRY
ASK FOR INFORMATION.
R. E. COBB, St. Paul, Minn.

CREAM
WE PAY CASH
THE CRESCENT CREAMERY CO.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

You Cannot
CURE

all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions of the mucous membrane such as nasal catarrh, uterine catarrh caused by feminine ills, sore throat, sore mouth or inflamed eyes by simply dosing the stomach.

But you surely can cure these stubborn affections by local treatment with

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

which destroys the disease germs, checks discharges, stops pain, and heals the inflammation and soreness.

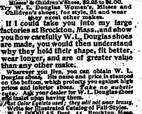
Paxtine represents the most successful local treatment for feminine ills ever produced. Thousands of women testify to this fact. 50 cents at druggists.

Send for Free Trial Box
THE R. PAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

Send for Our Free Harness Booklet
S & R
If you are about to buy a harness, don't fail to write us to-day, or ask your dealer to show you our line.
SCHEFFER & ROSSUM CO., St. Paul, Minn.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 Shoes
BEST IN THE WORLD
W.L.Douglas $4 Gilt Edge line cannot be equalled at any price



To Shoe Dealers: W. L. Douglas' Jobbing House is the most complete in this country. Send for Catalog

SHOES FOR EVERYBODY AT ALL PRICES.
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This with nearly 90,000,000 bushels of oats and 17,000,000 bushels of barley means a continuation of good times for the farmers of Western Canada.

Free farms, big crops, low taxes, healthy climate, good churches and schools, splendid railway service.

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Johnson's Anodyne Liniment
It was originated 96 years ago to remove inflammation and take the soreness out of strains and bruises. 25c, three times as much 50c. All dealers.
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VIRGINIA FARMS [illegible]

N. W. N. U. — No. 37 — 1906.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1906. NUMBER 10.

CUBAN INSURRECTION.

IS UP TO TAFT TO MAKE PEACE

WARRING CUBAN FACTIONS MAKE NO PROGRESS TOWARD SETTLEMENT.

REBELS ARE VERY EXACTING

WILL NOT NEGOTIATE UNTIL CONSPIRACY PRISONERS ARE RELEASED.

Havana, Sept. 20.—Notwithstanding some appearance of activity, no decisive progress was made yesterday in peace negotiations. A few peace seekers went westward in automobiles with the idea of reaching and conferring with Pino Guerra, the insurgent leader in Pinar del Rio province, and others visited Loynaz del Castillo, the commander of the insurgent forces in Havana province, but the only definite thing reported is that the insurgents in the field are not willing to enter negotiations until all the conspiracy prisoners have been released.

Liberals Most Active.

The Liberals are most anxious to place themselves in a position which may be considered at least equally as strong as that of the government, and consequently they are more persistently active.

Gen. Menecal, the chief of the veterans' peace commission, stated to the Associated Press last night that the important part of his mission was ended when he brought the leaders together.

While no acceptable basis of peace appears to have been suggested by either side, the impression is general that Secretary Taft will take up the work of peacemaking with small consideration for past grievances, the main idea being rather constructive measures for the future.

Americans Angry.

The newest feature of the revolution is the appearance of Americans from the Isle of Pines, complaining that officials of the courts there are searching the homes of Americans for firearms and seizing all arms which may be found.

The Americans there are extremely wrathful over the action of the officials, especially so, as the conduct of some of the natives lately had caused them to consider the necessity of having firearms within reach.

Must Release Prisoners.

Alfredo Zayas, president of the Liberal party, who has just returned from an automobile trip to the west, in the course of which he consulted with several of the insurgent leaders, stated that he had prevailed on them not to come within twenty miles of Havana. Senor Zayas positively declared that the insurgents will not negotiate for peace until the government releases all those who are held in prison on charges of conspiracy. Senor Zayas is very anxious to talk with Secretary of War Taft and Assistant Secretary Bacon personally. He declared that the Liberals have no confidence in the government's promises.

Waiting for Taft.

Washington, Sept. 20.—Acting Secretary of State Adee received yesterday a dispatch from Mr. Sleeper, the American charge at Havana, concerning the situation on the island, but in view of the prospective arrival in Havana of Secretaries Taft and Bacon this morning the contents of the dispatch were not disclosed.

It is believed to have dealt with the attitude of the Cuban government and the insurgents toward the American officials and the consideration to be given their mission.

It is not known here what course Secretary Taft and Mr. Bacon will pursue on their arrival in Havana.

Ships Headed for Cuba.

All the ships of the navy destined for Cuba at present are on the sea, and it is expected they will constitute a sufficient force unless peace plans fail and intervention becomes necessary.

Gen. Frederick Funston, who is now on his way to Washington, under orders from the war department, will probably be assigned to command the army in Cuba if intervention should be found necessary.

While orders have not been issued for the movement of troops to Cuba, the army was never better prepared for quick action, if it is found necessary to send them to Cuba.

Plea for Peace.

Oyster Bay, Sept. 16.—After a protracted conference with Secretary of War Taft, Acting Secretary of State Bacon and Secretary of the Navy Bonaparte, President Roosevelt last night addressed an important communication to Cuba and arranged to send Secretary Taft and Acting Secretary Bacon to the island on Sunday to make a thorough investigation of conditions there and lend their influence to restore peace.

The communication is addressed to the Cuban minister to the United States, Senor Quesada.

It is an impassioned plea to Cuba to realize her responsibility as a self-governing republic and to restore peace in the island. Her attention is called in no uncertain language to the responsibility which the United States bears to the island, and the certainty that such responsibility will necessarily be exercised should peace not be preserved.

The president says he has certain information that the peace of the island is now menaced and that American property has been destroyed.

Palma Issues Decree.

Havana, Sept. 18.—The government is making final strenuous efforts to restore peace in Cuba and thus avoid any kind of American intervention. The object of these endeavors, it is stated, is that it may be able to say by the time Secretary of War Taft and Acting Secretary of State Bacon arrive that peace already has been secured, and therefore there is no need for the American government's intervention, either to restore peace or to insure permanent tranquillity.

MAY MEAN ANNEXATION.

If Mediation Fails It Is Believed U. S. Will Annex Island.

Washington, Sept. 18.—Mediation between the Cuban government and the insurgents is the mission on which Secretary Taft and Acting Secretary Bacon have left for Cuba as special emissaries of President Roosevelt. If these two peace envoys fail in their mission, there will be immediate armed intervention in the affairs of Cuba, and the army of the United States and its naval force will be utilized in pacifying the island and making it a safe place for American life and property.

President Roosevelt will use the army as a police force to protect life and property in Cuba in the event of the failure of the Cuban government and the insurgents to settle their difficulties.

If American troops are landed in Cuba, it is the well grounded belief here that they will never leave it, and that the island will pass under the sovereignty of the United States.

Protect British Interests.

Havana, Sept. 19.—At a meeting of rebel leaders, held in the town hall of Bejucal yesterday it was decided, after a number of violent speeches had been delivered, not to accept the peace propositions of the government.

The announcement from Washington that American vessels of war will protect British as well as American interests is taken to apply especially to Cienfuegos, where the English-owned Cuban Central railroad had been obliged to suspend operations and has suffered considerable damage to its property.

Renewal of War Not Probable.

Washington, Sept. 19.—Commander Colwell of the cruiser Denver, at Havana, telegraphed the navy department yesterday that all was quiet in Havana. Hostilities formally ceased Sunday, and a definite settlement of the troubles seemed very possible. Formal renewal of hostilities are not probable. This reassuring dispatch, together with the visit of Secretary Taft and Acting Secretary Bacon, indicates that the movement toward peace in Cuba is well under way. At the same time no changes have been made in the naval program.

Havana in Grave Danger.

With the force already at Havana, and that which will be there in a few days, the navy department feels assured that it will be amply able to prevent any trouble in Havana, and it appears that the movement of such a force toward the Cuban capital was due to the fact that there was grave danger to the capital of Cuba. The Des Moines passed Tortugas at 9 o'clock yesterday morning and will arrive in Tampa bay at midnight. The train bearing Secretary Taft and party was reported four hours late yesterday afternoon, so that the Des Moines will be ahead of time and ready to take them aboard when they arrive.

Strong Force Ready.

While there is a pacific feeling, preparations are going forward by the war department to meet anything that may arise, if it might be necessary for a strong force to intervene.

It may be stated that troops and transports will soon be available and only await orders in case the mission of Secretary Taft fails and hostilities are renewed and are beyond the control of the Cuban government.

CHURCHILL LOSES.

Novelist Candidate for Governor Fails to Win Republican Nomination.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 20.—Though he was not nominated for the governorship, Winston Churchill's contest for that office received recognition in the state Republican convention yesterday, when his anti-pass plank was adopted with the platform. A loud cheer broke loose when the plank was read, showing that his fight had not been in vain.

FIFTY LOST IN FLOODS.

Five Hundred Persons Are Homeless in Mexico.

El Paso, Tex., Sept. 20.—A Herald dispatch from Gualdajara states that fifty-one persons were drowned in the recent floods in Santiago, Ixcuintla and the adjacent districts in the territory of Tepic. During the flood many persons took refuge in trees, remaining there until boats were sent to their rescue. It is reported that 500 people are homeless.

TAFT LENDS EAR TO BOTH SIDES

GETS STATEMENT OF FACTS FROM PRESIDENTS OF MODERATES AND LIBERALS.

AUGURS WELL FOR SUCCESS

TAFT PLEASED WITH WAY THE LEADERS OF FACTIONS HAVE RECEIVED HIM.

Havana, Sept. 20.—The presidents of both the Moderate and Liberal parties yesterday submitted to Secretary of War Taft and Assistant Secretary of State Bacon their respective statements of the facts leading up to the revolution and the conduct of belligerents. Each of the presidents to-day will present a written statment of the peace terms to which they are willing to agree. Gen. Menocal, representing the veterans, also related the efforts he has made for peace and the difficulties he has encounter and gave his opinion as to what courses hold any promise of an amicable settlement.

Hearings Are Private.

Yesterday's hearing began at the home of Minister Morgan, in the village of Marianao, which is only three miles from the most advanced insurgent forces. The hearings were held privately.

Secretary Taft informed Vice President Capote, Senor Alfredo Zayas and Gen. Menocal that yesterday's conference would be purely preliminary, and that all will be heard again. After the hearings Secretary Taft said that it is evident that the mission will require more time than he had anticipated. He intimated that ten days will be required to complete his errand, but he could not say whether it would be necessary to visit insurgent camps or other cities.

Taft Is Pleased.

He was pleased that representatives of every faction had appeared, considering that this augurs well for the success of the mission. Mr. Taft said that he expects to talk also with representatives of the commercial interests.

A private telegraph wire is being strung from Minister Morgan's house to the cable office in order that Messrs. Taft and Bacon may be able to report direct to President Roosevelt.

Three hundred rural guards have been sent to Marianao, which hitherto has not been specially protected.

Oppose New Election.

Vice President Mendez Capote said that the government is opposed to any plan which involves new elections. He added that he is preparing a written statement of the terms which the Moderates will accept.

Senor Zayas said he had been asked not to talk about the conference, but acknowledged that he had been urged to use his influence to stop fighting. He said that he feared he would be unable to reach distant insurgent camps in time and pointed out that an attack by the government forces on the insurgents under Tello Sanchez at Sancti Spiritus, on Tuesday, was a violation of the government's armistice.

Encouraged to Talk Freely.

Mr. Taft was careful not to commit himself to either faction, but encouraged all to talk freely.

During Secretary Taft's visit to President Palma early in the day the latter spoke freely of the situation and the future possibilities, adding that in the contingency of a general election being ordered he would not feel that it would be consistent in him to continue as president. No member of the government, President Palma said, will consent to a general election.

Taft Meets Rebel Chief.

Following his visit to President Palma, Secretary Taft boarded the cruiser Denver to return Commander Colwell's call. He found there Senator Zayas awaiting him under a prearrangement with Commander Colwell, and thus cordial relations were established both with the palace and with the revolutionists.

The conditions in the field are quiet, although the situation at Cienfuegos is threatening. Gen. Roderiguez said that rural guards and militia were patrolling the outskirts and suburbs of Havana. One thousand militmen from Mantazas have been removed from the Cabanas fortress to Camp Columbia.

Overt Act in Eastern Cuba.

Santiago, Cuba, Sept. 20.—The first overt act by the revolutionists in Eastern Cuba was committed Tuesday afternoon.

Fifty mounted men under Capt. Vincento Costa and Lieut. Francisco Salmon, entered Firmenza, twenty miles east of here, where the Juragua iron mines are located. They presented to Superintendent of Mines Whittaker a document bearing the alleged signature of Gen. Hierezuelo, demanding the delivery of two cases of dynamite and two blasting batteries. The superintendent refused to delived the goods. The insurgents thereupon seized the explosives and the batteries' ammunition and other supplies, giving their receipt therefor.

Will Molest No Further.

They promised not to molest further if the company's railway was not used to transport government troops. The governor yesterday ordered that all explosives be stored at Powder ist and, whence daily supplies are issued.

A building owned by Frederick Pfeiffer, an American stockman in the Palma Soriano district, was burned yesterday, it is believed by outlaws.

There is evidence here of several bands of revolutionists in different parts of the province ready to begin operations when ordered. The nearest band is but fifteen miles away. It is supposed to number 150 well equipped men and is commanded by Juan Terrez.

Young Officers in Charge.

Washington, Sept. 20.—Young officers for command in Cuba in case the army is sent there is the plan practically decided upon by the war department. Gen. Frederick Funston probably will be in command and his chief lieutenants are likely to be Brigadier Generals Thomas H. Barry and William H. Duvall. These officers have recently completed an inspection of the German maneuvers in Europe and have notified the war department that they intend to sail for this country Sept. 29. They have been advised that their presence in this country at an earlier date will be desirable. Notwithstanding the presence of Secretary Taft and Assistant Secretary Bacon in the Cuban capital, preparations are going forward to meet any emergency that may arise.

No News From Cuba.

No communications of any note from Cuba were received during the day by Acting Secretary of State Adee.

It is said that it is unlikely that either Secretary Taft or Mr. Bacon will communicate with the department on matters relating to their mission. Whatever they may have to communicate will be sent direct to President Roosevelt. Neither is information from the diplomatic representatives of this government in Cuba concerning the progress of negotiations expected at the department because those representatives are accredited to the Palma government, and officially have nothing to do with the special commission.

50 YEARS AND 30 LASHES.

Delaware Justice Is Both Swift and Severe.

Wilmington, Del., Sept. 20.—Charles Contri, the negro who attacked and seriously injured Mrs. Beatrice Frankish and her daughter, Miss Gussie Leich, on a public road ten days ago, was yesterday sentenced to fifty years imprisonment and to receive thirty lashes at the whipping post. The negro attacked the women while they were driving. He rendered Miss Leith senceless with a blow on the head with a stone and struggled desperately but vainly to assault the elder woman. Contri was arrested Monday night. He confessed and yesterday he was indicted, tried and sentenced. The prisoner will be whipped next Saturday.

"GLAD HAND" FOR DEATH.

Suicide Extends Arms and Smiles at Onrushing Train.

Parkersburg, Ia., Sept. 20.—Charles Smerdock, forty-nine years old, a deaf mute, is believed to have committed suicide by allowing himself to be hit by a train. He was walking along the North-Western track near here when a train overtook him. Although he could not hear it approaching he apparently was expecting it, for he glanced back, and seeing it approaching went to meet it with extended arms and a smile on his face. The engineer attempted to make a quick stop, but the engine hit Smerdock, hurling him through the air and over into the right of way. He was instantly killed, many bones in his body being broken.

EIGHT-HOUR DAY INVOKED.

Sweeping Order Issued by President as to All Government Work.

Oyster Bay, Sept. 20.—President Roosevelt yesterday extended the eigh-hour law to apply to all public works under the supervision of any department of the government. This order affects most particularly work on river and harbor improvements.

Misdemeanor to Lie.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 20.—If a bill introduced in the municipal assembly at Kirkwood last night is passed lying will become a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not less than $5 nor more than $100. The bill was drawn up by City Attorney Albert B. Chandler, a former St. Louis newspaper reporter. Action was deferred by the legislative body.

Picks Up 210 Castaways.

St. Johns, N. F., Sept. 20.—News of further disasters following the gale of last Friday night off the coast of Labrador are reported. Four additional wrecks became known yesterday. The government steamer Portia is homeward bound, bringing 210 castaways picked up along the Labrador coast.

Try to Arrest Murderer; Two Dead.

Hinton, W. Va., Sept. 20.—Frank Finley and Kenner Finley were shot and killed while trying to effect the arrest of A. L. Herman for the murder of Jerry Davis at Martin, Ky., one year ago.

Widower Hangs Self.

Estherville, Iowa, Sept. 20.—On the first anniversary of his wife's death Peter Fuss, an eccentric old shoemaker, committed suicide by hanging himself with a small piece of clothesline.

Gov. Smith Inaugurated.

Manila, Sept. 20.—James F. Smith was inaugurated governor general of the Philippines at 10 o'clock yesterday morning.

5,000 LIVES LOST AT HONGKONG

DESTRUCTION WROUGHT BY TYPHOON IN CHINESE PORT APPALLING.

THOUSAND CRAFT ARE WRECKED

CHINESE WATER DWELLERS ARE DROWNED BY THE THOUSANDS.

Hongkong, Sept 20.—The typhoon that swept here Tuesday, destroying a great number of vessels and causing loss of life of 5,000 Chinese, was of a local nature. It came suddenly and without warning. The observatory had predicted moderate winds. Half an hour after the gun signal had been fired a storm was at its height. It lasted two hours.

Most of the damage was wrought on the Kowloon peninsula. The losses are estimated at several millions dollars. Over one thousand sampans and junks are missing from Hongkong alone. Wharves were swept away and houses collapsed. The military barracks are in ruins.

Many Vessels Destroyed.

The steamers Monteagle, Fatian, Kungshan, Wing Chai, Hermania, Castellano, Tak Hing, Emma Luyken, San Rosario, Stava, Pakhong, Petrarch, Chum Te, Sexta, Sunon, Chang Sha, Signal and Chinkain Maru are ashore. The American ship S. P. Hitchcock was also driven ashore, as were many of the launches that run about the harbor. The steamers Kwong Chow, San Chewng, Sorsogon and Kongmoon were sunk. The steamers Apenrade and Johanne are partly awash. The British reserve sloop Phoenix and a small gunboat, the Dongola, are ashore. The British torpedo boat destroyers Moorhen, Robin and Taku were damaged. The William Jervis was sunk. The French torpedo boat destroyer Froude was wrecked and the Francisque is ashore. The guns of the Froude were saved, but three petty officers and one seaman lost their lives. A Chinese revenue cruiser is ashore, and several Indo-Chinese and Manila liners narrowly escaped disaster.

Thousands of Chinese Dead.

The harbor is strewn with wreckage thrown upon the shore. Thousands of Chinese boatmen and their families were saved by the bravery of the police and civilians, but several thousands of the Chinese water dwellers must have porished, many within short distances of the shore. The losses in lives and property among the Chinese were appalling. Yesterday the police stations in Hongkong were surrounded by Chinese identifying their dead. The families of the Hongkong boatmen live night and day on the sampans, and thousands of these people are now homeless.

OLD BOAT IS COFFIN FOR TWO.

Men Risk Lives in Leaky Craft Which Sinks in Mid-stream.

Sand Point, Idaho, Sept. 20.—Andrew Leaf, a wealthy rancher, and Arvid Bodine were drowned in the Pend d'Oreille river. The accident is said to have resulted from their own carelessness. Accompanied by two other men, they started to go hunting and secured a boat to cross the river. The boat was old and dry. When in the middle of the stream it filled with water and the men jumped. Leaf and Bodine did not come up after disappearing beneath the water, but a passing gasoline launch rescued their two companions.

EX-CONVICT SHOOTS TWO.

Love Affair Before His Imprisonment Is the Cause.

Chicago, Sept. 20.—Because of a love affair in Hobart, Ind., four years ago, before he served a term of imprisonment for manslaughter at Joliet, Ill., Elmer Placey went to Hobart yesterday and shot Charles Nash and ex-Town Marshal Hugo Zozjeck. The latter was shot through the lungs and will die. Nash was hit by a bullet in the head, but it is believed he will recover.

ELECTION SCANDAL AT ZION.

Defeated Candidate Charges Irregularities and Rough Methods.

Chicago, Sept. 20.—Attorneys for Alfred Bills, who was defeated by Wilbur G. Voliva for the leadership of the Zion church, receiving six votes to Voliva's 1906, yesterday filed an affidavit in the United States district court attacking the validity of the election. He declares irregularities, numerous errors and rough methods characterized the election.

Cornstalk Over Thirteen Feet Tall.

Manistique, Mich., Sept. 20.—What is undoubtedly the prize stalk of corn raised in the upper peninsula this season is one standing 13 feet 2 inches in height, grown on the farm of Godfrey Oleson, in Manistique township.

Two Killed in Saloon Row.

Chicago, Sept. 20.—Two men were shot dead and another badly wounded in a saloon in Hammond, Ind., as a result of an argument over the relative merits of Battling Nelson and Joe Gans as prize fighters.

PRIMARY ELECTION RESULTS

CONGRESSMAN BUCKMAN DEFEATED—ALL OTHERS RENOMINATED.

St. Paul, Sept. 20.—The following congressional ticket was named at the primaries Tuesday, according to the latest returns:

Republican—

First—James A. Tawney, Winona.
Second—J. T. McCleary, Mankato.
Third—C. R. Davis, St. Peter.
Fourth—F. C. Stevens, St. Paul.
Fifth—F. M. Nye, Minneapolis.
Sixth—C. A. Lindbergh, Little Falls.
Seventh—A. J. Volstead, Granite Falls.
Eighth—J. Adam Bede, Pine City.
Ninth—Halvor Steenerson, Crookston.

Democratic—

First—Andrew French, Plainview.
Second—W. S. Hammond, St. James.
Third—No candidate.
Fourth—Gustave Scholle, St. Paul.
Fifth—Frank Larrabee, Minneapolis.
Sixth—M. C. Tifft, Long Prairie.
Seventh, Eighth and Ninth—No candidates.

Congressman C. B. Buckman last night conceded his defeat for the Republican nomination for congressman for the Sixth district, and congratulated C. A. Lindbergh, who lands the nomination by about 1,250.

McCleary is renominated in the Second, but his majority is cut down to 1,200. Bede wins out nicely in the Eighth, with a majority of nearly 4,000. Stevens wins over Rogers by a vote of 9,142 to 3,606 in Ramsey county and about the same proportion in the other two counties. In Minneapolis the count is not completed, but Frank M. Nye has a safe lead. W. H. Eustis and A. R. Hall are running about even and W. D. Washburn far behind.

Mayor Jones Wins Out.

Minneapolis, Sept. 20.—At 12 o'clock the mayoralty fight in Minneapolis was over. The nomination of Mayor David P. Jones to succeed himself was conceded by all parties. After one of the longest counting sieges in the history of the city, the returns were at last practically all in. Not until the very end was any one prepared to say positively that the nomination had gone to either Jones or Williams.

ONE MAN SAVES THREE.

Rescues His Companions Thrown Into Chippewa River by Boat Capsizing.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Sept. 20.—Charles Young rescued three men, John Tuzle, James Walker and Joseph Moreau, from drowning in the Chippewa river yesterday.

The men were taking the airship Columbia across the river. When in the center of the river the boat capsized. Young first secured the airship to a log and then swam with Tuzle to a boom of logs. He then returned for the other two men, who had twice gone beneath the surface of the water.

Young is hailed as a hero worthy of a Carnegie medal by the thousands who attended the Northern Wisconsin state fair yesterday.

ASKS GOVERNOR FOR TROOPS.

Anti-saloon Leaguers Say State of Anarchy Exists at Burlington.

Des Moines, Iowa, Sept. 20.—Alleging that a state of anarchy reigns in Burlington and that the authorities of Des Moines county are powerless to protect the lives of the citizens, John T. Houser, attorney for the Anti-saloon league, has appealed to Gov. Cummins, asking that military protection be furnished himself and those interested in prosecuting the saloon injunction suits now pending in the courts at Burlington. The governor has started an investigation of the facts in the case, and the city and county authorities there have been called upon for information.

NOT DROWNED AS SUPPOSED.

Son of Senator Ezekiel Clark Is Seen in Neenah, Wis.

Iowa City, Iowa, Sept. 20.—Believed to have been drowned on an excursion boat between Chicago and Milwaukee three summers ago, Horace G. Clark, son of the late Senator Ezekiel Clark and a former prominent University of Iowa "U" fraternity man, is still alive. Direct evidence has been turned over to the Iowa City friends of the young man, which shows that he was seen recently at Neenah, Wis. Great mystery surrounds the case and further developments are expected soon.

BLOW SAFE; ROUSE OWNER.

Burglars Get $160 and Skip While Victim Is Dressing.

Jamestown, N. D. Sept. 20.—Burglars entered the general store of Edward Clamp at Spiritwood between 1 and 2 o'clock yesterday morning, dynamited the safe and secured about $160 in cash. Clamp was aroused by the noise of the explosion and hurriedly dressed and went down stars, but by that time the burglars has escaped with their loot.

Many Bridges Gone.

Alva, Okla., Sept. 20.—As a result of the excessive rains and a cloudburst at Ashland, Kan., eighty-five miles northwest of here, bridges are reported gone on nearly all streams in Western Woods and Woodward counties.

Fall Kills Osakis Man.

Fargo, N. D., Sept. 20.—Barney Byrne of Osakis, Minn., a carpenter, died here as a result of injuries sustained through a fall from a scaffold fourteen feet high.

A NERVOUS WRECK

Mrs. Green Gained 26 Pounds and Recovered Her Health by Taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

General debility is a term that covers a multitude of cases where there is no acute disease, yet the patient continues to lose strength and the doctor's medicines have no apparent effect. This is the decline that leads to death if means are not found to check it. In a great majority of cases Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will check it and restore health and strength because they actually make new blood and so send renewed vitality to every organ and tissue of the body.

Mrs. S. A. Green, whose address is Box 29, R. F. D. No. 4, Franklin, Ga., says: "For three and a half years I suffered with weakness and nervousness, complicated with stomach trouble. At times I was confined to my bed for periods ranging from three weeks to two months and was under the physician's care most of the time for three years. I do not know the cause of my trouble but I was prostrated with weakness and, although I took a great deal of medicine, nothing seemed to give me strength. At times my stomach hurt me something fearful and my head often troubled me. I was sleepless and what sleep I did get did not refresh me.

"When I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, I weighed but 104 pounds. I knew I was so bad that a few doses would not cure me and I had patience. Soon the pills began to give me strength, my blood got in better condition, I could sleep well at night and help some with the housework. Now I weigh 130 pounds and think nothing of walking half a mile. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done wonders for me and the neighbors all know this statement is true."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y.

Coming, Either Way.

"If you do not take care of your money," said the ant to the grasshopper, "the world will simply sneer and ask you what you did with it."

"Yes. And if I invest it and become rich, the world will sneer and ask me where I got it."

The Oldest Scale.

The Fairbanks Scale upon which thousands of people are annually weighed while at the Minnesota State Fair bids fair to be the oldest scale in actual use. It passed the half century mark a number of years ago. Fairbanks Scales are noted for their durability and accuracy. Write for free catalog ST-165.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., St. Paul.

Fallacy Exploded.

"Talk is cheap," remarked the man with the quotation habit.

"Not always," replied the practical man. "My wife talked me into buying her a $50 gown this morning."

A bunko game is not made a blessing by coming into a church.

Ouch!

"I find it hard to get the speaker's eye."

"If my wife was here with her parasol she could get it, I'll bet."

A SAILOR ON SEA PICTURES.

A Few Criticisms on Alleged Marine Paintings.

"I'll take a sailor along with me the next time I buy a sea painting," said a millionaire. "I bought two marines last month, and yesterday my old friend, Capt. Salthorse, had a look at them.

"Salthorse said:

"'In this picture we've got a trading schooner in charge of a tug towing away from a rock-bound coast through a fearful jumble of sea. The schooner's main topmast is gone, and all sails are lowered except her staysail, which is being hoisted, though she is towing hard on the gale. Why that hoisted staysail? All hands, I suppose, are drunk.

"'In the second picture,' continued Capt. Salthorse, 'the principal boat, an 18-footer, is racing, yet has no flag flying. That's as incorrect as it would be for you to go to a dinner party minus a shirt. The crew of this boat are getting in the spinnaker, and, if they lower away, both spinnaker and boom will be in the water, for they have neglected to let the boom go forward. But I know what the trouble is with them. They, too, are drunk.'"

WELL PEOPLE TOO

Wise Doctor Gives Postum to Convalescents.

A wise doctor tries to give nature its best chance by saving the little strength of the already exhausted patient, and building up wasted energy with simple but powerful nourishment.

"Five years ago," writes a doctor, "I commenced to use Postum in my own family instead of coffee. I was so well pleased with the results that I had two grocers place it in stock, guaranteeing its sale.

"I then commenced to recommend it to my patients in place of coffee, as a nutritious beverage. The consequence is, every store in town is now selling it, as it has become a household necessity in many homes.

"I'm sure I prescribe Postum as often as any one remedy in the Materia Medica—in almost every case of indigestion and nervousness I treat, and with the best results.

"When I once introduce it into a family, it is quite sure to remain. I shall continue to use it and prescribe it in families where I practice.

"In convalescence from pneumonia, typhoid fever and other cases, I give it as a liquid, easily absorbed diet. You may use my letter as a reference any way you see fit." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville" in pkgs. "There's a reason."

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We make Farm Loans at Lowest Rates of Interest with Optional Payments. If title is good you can get your money the same day you make application. We do business quick. No six weeks or months to wait. No deal is too large for us to handle nor too small for us to give its careful attention.

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ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

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Daniel Patterson	Vice-Pres.
A. D. Stephens	2nd Vice-Pres.
K. O. Gigstad	Cashier

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
10:35 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
11:05 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
11:35am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"
and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of
THE FAMOUS
MATT. J. JOHNSON'S 6088
RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE
you are not satisfied with results.
This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.
For Sale and Guaranteed Only by
Imperial Drug Co., St. Hilaire

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ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

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WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.
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Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
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The Spectator

H. E. IVES, Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes, postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Sept. 22, 1906.

Republican State Ticket.

United States Senator—
KNUTE NELSON,
Douglas County.

Governor—
A. L. COLE,
Cass County.

Lieutenant Governor—
A. O. EBERHART,
Blue Earth County.

Chief Justice—
CHARLES M. START,
Olmsted County.

State Treasurer—
CLARENCE DINEHART,
Murray County.

Secretary of State—
JULIUS SCHMAHL,
Redwood County.

Attorney General—
E. T. YOUNG,
Swift County.

State Auditor—
S. G. IVERSON,
Fillmore County.

Clerk of the Supreme Court—
C. A. PIDGEON,
Wright County.

Railroad Commissioner—
C. F. STAPLES,
Dakota County.

"Sight Drafts" on Quist seemed to do the work here on election day.

No matter who is elected it has been hinted that taxes will become due on the same old date.

One thing can be said in favor of the Thief River Falls politicians. "They deliver the goods."

The new naturalization laws become operative on Sept. 27 and it will be much more difficult to obtain citizenship.

If democrats were no thicker on election day than at the primaries there would not be much use of holding an election.

Do not under any circumstances drink the water from the Red Lake river while tyyhoid fever is raging at Thief River Falls.

The proposition to bond the village for ten thousand dollars to start an electric light plant should be very carefully considered before voting.

One of the most serious defects of the primary election law is that the average farmer will not leave his work and go and vote unless he is hired to do so.

It now looks as if we would be compelled to annex Cuba, as the recent trouble shows they are not capable of governing themselves in any decent manner.

Prof. J. B. O'Brien is to be congratulated on his splendid showing at the primaries. He is thoroughly capable and stands an excellent chance of being an easy winner.

Mankato Free Press: What are you doing for your town? If you have no confidence in the growth and improvement of the town and country in which you live, how on earth do you expect other people to move among you and cause the country to develop and grow for your benefit?

Anoka Union: Don't take kindly to the new way of spelling certain words. This having to spell all over again don't strike me favorably. Been all my life trying to spell words correctly as given in Webster's dictionary, and goodness knows how much time has been spent in consulting that book, and now to have to learn the new style is a chore I don't desire. It's just one of those ridiculous fads that overtakes the American people just so often, and I'm thinking it will not be generally endorsed.

The Redwood.

Redwood forests are practically unharmed by forest fires, and it is common practice for the lumbermen to fell the trees and peel the bark from them and when the dry season is on set fire to the felled timber and burn the branches and bark and other wreckage without practical injury to the saw logs, which procedure would mean disaster to any other wood. Redwood contains no resin or turpentine of any kind, and owing to its great resistant qualities in severe climatic conditions, is free from cracking or decay, where cinders might lodge and start fires. When burning it is easily extinguished with a small quantity of water. It has the appearance of burnt cork and is harder to ignite a second time than at first.—Scientific American.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL

Prior to the meeting of the Democratic state convention it had been supposed that this was what is popularly termed the "off year" in politics, when only congressmen and state officers are elected. As it is very rare for the Democrats to elect anybody at the polls when their state convention met they seemed to ignore local affairs and plunge into nationals by bringing the "great returned" William J. Bryan to the front as a candidate for president and forgetting all about mentioning such important local matters as 2-cent railroad fare, the issuing of free passes, the reform of our tax laws, drainage and state development generally in their platform. The so-called "platform" devoted to Bryan was sent to a committee to patch up and the delegates were allowed to read the next day the patchwork produced, but they never acted upon it, as it was never presented to the convention in its entirety. The chairman of the convention kindly referred to the Republicans who voted for Johnson two years ago as the "very uncertain and fickle body of citizens generally known as mugwumps," and the convention evidently thought that the "fickle citizens" had become sufficiently tainted with Democracy to swallow Bryan as well as Johnson this year; so they hand out this feast to the assistant Democrats or "mugwumps" and let it go at that.

"Isn't that a dainty dish
To set before the people?"

* * *

It is puzzling a good many people to understand exactly why Governor Johnson was so willing to introduce Mayor Dunne to a Minneapolis audience. While Mr. Dunne is an excellent man, perhaps, indeed, because of that, he isn't much of a Democrat. Indeed, so little of a Democrat is he that at the recent election in Chicago he opposed the election of several of the Democratic nominees and was roundly denounced by the Democratic machine, with whom he never has been in any great favor. Possibly Governor Johnson hoped in this way to make municipal ownership, for which Mayor Dunne does stand, an issue; but this he can hardly do, for municipal ownership is not now and in its nature cannot be a state question. It is, moreover, favored probably by as many Republicans as Democrats in this state, as it is in Chicago. The most plausible theory is that Governor Johnson was willing to introduce Mayor Dunne not specially because he favors municipal ownership of public utilities, in which a great many people agree with him, but because, with William Jennings Bryan, he favors the government ownership of railways. At the interstate commerce law convention, held last summer in Chicago, Mr. Dunne made himself very clear on this point, which found him but little favor with the railroad reformers there assembled, who approved not government ownership, but government supervision and regulation, which is a very different thing, and which the Republican party has set to work to bring about. Mr. Dunne, therefore, being in favor of government ownership of railways, Mr. Johnson no doubt thought, and thought rightly, that he would, by introducing him to a Minnesota audience, indicate in a very emphatic way his approval of the stand taken by Mr. Bryan on this subject and reinforce the approval of that statesman's course, which was voiced with no uncertain sound in the Democratic platform.

* * *

The reception of Hon. A. L. Cole last week at the state fair was a continuous ovation and many people embraced the opportunity afforded them, which they might not on any other occasion be in a position to take advantage of, of becoming acquainted with the next governor of Minnesota. It must have gratified him to note that the promises of support given him were so general among leading Republicans from all sections of the state. He could not escape the conviction that he had behind him the practically unanimous support of those who profess faith in Republican principles.

* * *

The first important speech to be delivered after the primaries will be made by Senator Beveridge of Indiana at Minneapolis, probably at the Auditorium on Thursday, Sept. 27. The Republican state central committee is pluming itself not a little on securing Senator Beveridge for this occasion, as his great oratorical gifts and his wide reputation will insure an able and eloquent presentation of Republican principles to an audience whose size can only be measured by the fullest capacity of this splendid hall.

* * *

There is considerable friction in the Democratic camp. The first public outburst comes from W. F. Ewert of Foley, who, because he can't stand for Frank Day, has resigned his position as member of the Democratic state central committee. In his letter announcing his decision Mr. Ewert says: "At the time I accepted the recommendation as committeeman I was advised that there would be a change made in the chairman of the state central committee, that some one would be named for that position in whom the Democrats of the entire state had confidence and with whom they could freely consult." He further indicates that the matter of the chairmanship has all along caused considerable friction and that Mr. Day has been able to retain his position only because of the strong backing he received from Governor Johnson.

Another Bear Story.

Plummer Pioneer: County Surveyor J. K. Wood spent a couple of days here this week looking after the work on the various county ditches in this neighborhood. He told an interesting story of a fight he had with a good sized bear cub last Sunday on his farm on the Red Lake river. Mr. Wood's only weapon was a broken pitchfork and after quite a tussle the bear managed to get into the river and [illegible]

Mary Had a Little Lamb.

Mary had a little lamb, its fleece was white as snow, but went away one day where lambs should never go. And Mary sat her quickly down and tears streamed from her eyes; she never found the lamb because she didn't advertise. And Mary had a brother John who kept the village store, he sat him down and smoked a pipe and watched the open door. And as the people passed along and did not stop to buy, John still sat and smoked his pipe and blinked his sleepy eyes. And so the sheriff closed him out, but still he lingered near, and Mary came to drop with him a sympathetic tear. "How is it sister, can you tell, why other merchants here, sell all their goods so readily and thrive from year to year." Remembering her own bad luck the little maid replies, "These other fellows get there, John, because they advertise."

Moon Heat.

Many people suppose that moonlight possesses great potency and has a wonderful influence on or over animate and inanimate things on our planet. Such persons should remember that moonlight is only reflected sunlight and that the quality and quantity of the light thus reflected are not what is generally imagined. In fact, it is a truth which has often been demonstrated by the speculative astronomers that it would take 618,000 full moons to afford an amount of light equal to that emitted by the sun, and, furthermore, there is only sky space for 75,000 such disks. Some heat comes from moonlight. However, it is in quantities so small that it cannot be measured by ordinary instruments. Flammarion says that the amount of heat emitted by a full moon while at its zenith cannot be more than one eighty-thousandth of the amount that the sun supplies when standing on the meridian on a favorable day in July. Such being the case, it is really surprising that intelligent people should consider that the moon has such a wonderful "influence" over terrestrial affairs.

The Rhinoceros Bird.

Among the birds not commonly found is the rhinoceros bird, from the Transvaal. Buffel pikker is its Dutch name. Its habits are remarkable and its plumage unusual. Small flocks accompany most of the large antelopes, the buffaloes and the rhinoceroses in South Africa and run all over the creatures' bodies, picking off flies and insects. When an enemy approaches the buffel pikkers sit in a line with heads raised on the back of the animal they are attending, like sparrows on a roof ridge, and signal "the enemy in sight." The plumage is curiously close, uniform and compact, so much so that the bird has an artificial look, as if covered with painted satin and not with feathers. The general tint of the body is cinnamon brown, with yellow beak and legs, giving the color effect of a brown and yellow iris.

Paris' Secondhand Market.

There is a curious old market near Paris in which everything is sold at second hand. Working girls can fit themselves out there from head to foot. As a writer says, "Mimi can sell her old felt hat and buy a straw one, exchange her old dress for a new one and, if she likes, buy a steak and a salad for her dinner, a paper bag of fried potatoes, sweets and some flowers for her window. Democracy is king here, and no more attention is paid to the millionaire who is looking for something marvelous which he may pick up cheap than to the man with the wooden leg who wants a new left boot in exchange for a dozen sardine tins, five gloves and a stocking."

Ask any "JAP" that you may see,
"Why the Czar, with Bear behind,
had to climb a tree.
The Yanks, God bless the Yanks, says he,
They gave us Rocky Mountain Tea.
Imperial Drug Co.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

The "Redgeton" SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING,
HIGH-GRADE.

Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.
STRONGEST GUARANTEE.
National Sewing Machine Co.
BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

In the matter of the petition of John A. Duffy and others for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 28.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 28, beginning at a point 40 rods south and 80 rods west of the northeast corner of the southwest quarter of section 1, in township 151, range 44, and running thence south along the quarter section line to a point near the center of the northwest quarter of section 12 in said town and range, thence west across the west half of the northwest quarter of said section 12, following the natural water course, to the section line between sections 11 and 12 and between sections 13 and 14, making a highway between said sections 11 and 12 to a coulee at or near the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of said section 14, putting the necessary culverts between said sections 11 and 12, and terminating at said coulee, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers, hereafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Thomas McNirthney, S. A. Swanson, John Flanigan, Pangburn & Schurz, John Lehmkuhl, W. C. Gray, Edward Busse, Frank H. Gagnon, P. O. Floan, J. A. Jones, Anna Hartje, William Guhler, Napoleon Constant, John Schmitz, August C. Spilker, Fritz Schmitz, William Clarke and Mary Rose and that the engineer appointed by the board of county commissioners of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor, and that the viewers appointed by said board of county commissioners to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Tuesday, the second day of October, 1906, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at one o'clock p. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said board of county commissioners at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal) County Auditor of
Red Lake county, Minnesota.
s8-22

Notice of Hearing Upon Petition of Freeholder

Whereas, a petition signed by T. A. Bergodal, a freeholder of school district No. 35, in this county, representing that he is the owner of the following described lands, situate in said district, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of section 12, in township 152, range 42, has been presented to the county board of Red Lake county. And asking that his said lands may be set off from said district No. 35, to said district No. 125, and the said board has appointed a time and place for hearing thereon. Therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given that said petition will be heard by said board at a session thereof commencing on the second day of October, A. D. 1906, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at which time and place the said board will hear the evidence and the arguments of all persons interested, for or against granting the prayer of the petitioner.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., Sept. 10, 1906.

By order of the county board.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor and
s15-22 Ex-officio clerk of Board.

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake, }

Notice is hereby given, that applications have been made in writing to the county board of said county of Red Lake, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on September 21, 1906, and terminating on September 21, 1907, by the following persons and at the following places, as stated in said applications, respectively, to-wit:

By LEROUX & HINCE,

On the ground floor, front room of a frame building situate on lot 7 in block 2 of the townsite of Brooks, in the township of Poplar River in said county and state.

Said applications will be heard and determined by said county board of the county of Red Lake, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, and state of Minnesota, on Tuesday the second day of October, A. D. 1906, at two o'clock p.m., of that day.

Witness my hand and official seal this tenth day of September, A.D. 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor,
s15-22 Red Lake Co., Minn.

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake. }

Notice is hereby given that applications have been made in writing to the county board of said county of Red Lake and filed in my office praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on September 10, 1906, and terminating on September 10, 1907, by the following persons and at the following places, as stated in said applications, respectively, to-wit:

By ZOTIQUE BRAY,

On the ground floor, front room of that certain two-story frame building situate on lot 10, in block 5 of the townsite of Brooks, in the town of Poplar River, in said county and state.

Said applications will be heard and determined by said county board of the county of Red Lake at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, and state of Minnesota, on Tuesday, the second day of October, A. D. 1906, at two o'clock p.m. of that day.

Witness my hand and official seal this first day of September, A. D. 1906.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor,
s15-22 Red Lake county, Minn.

TIME
It Takes
Three months for
HAMM'S
"New Brew"
to go from the kettle to you
When it gets to you
Hamm's "New Brew"
Is Properly Aged, Pure, Satisfying and Delicious
Bottled and On Draught Everywhere
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St. Paul, Minn.

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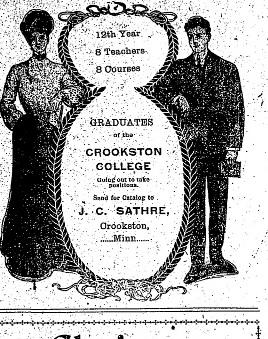

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J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson D. Patterson E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. O. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3550 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Kiiland, Secy.

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Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
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I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in touch with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commission. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J.P. GONIGAM
210 Armory Blk.
OTTAWA, - ILLINOIS

THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

Daniel Patterson was a business visitor at Thief River Falls last Monday.

James Wilson, of Thief River Falls, was a business visitor here last Thursday.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Fallman are the proud parents of a little girl, born last Tuesday.

Rev. H. O. Hemming, of St. Paul, has been visiting with Rev. Alex Sand this week.

E. M. Hoff is at Red Lake Falls acting as one of the canvassers of the primary vote.

Emil J. Brink came up from Crookston last Wednesday and spent the day here calling on old friends.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

Geo. L. Netteland left last Monday for Moorhead, where he will resume his studies at the Normal school.

—Our malt vinegar is just what you want for pickling purposes, a gallon 30c. M. L. Hanson.

There will be services in the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday forenoon at 10:30 o'clock. Alex Sand, Pastor.

Miss Selina Hoff expects to leave today for Tacoma, Wash., where she will spend the coming winter visiting with relatives.

Mike Fricker went up to Thief River Falls last Monday and appeared before Judge Bishop where he took out his citizen papers.

—Kjob ny Norsk fed sild hos M. L. Hansen 15c per pund.

Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Arnold, of Duluth, are here this week on a hunting expedition. Mr. Arnold is a prominent land man at Duluth.

Mrs. Steve Nelson made another trip to Fargo the first of the week with her little daughter, whose eyes are being treated by a specialist.

—Very nice cranberries, 10c a quart at M. L. Hanson's.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur and son, Harold, came back from Prince Albert, Canada last Thursday and went out to the claim in Mayfield township.

C. L. Hansen made one of his usual Sunday calls at Red Lake Falls last last Sunday. We understand that the visit was not of a political nature.

—For sweet potatoes go to M. L. Hanson's.

A merry party of Thief River Falls young folks came down last Thursday evening and spent a pleasant evening as guests of Misses Selina and Clara Hoff.

Manager J. M. Richards, of the Crookston Lumber company came over from Bemidji yesterday and spent the day looking after the company's affairs here.

—Fairy soap for the toilet and bath, 5c a cake at Hanson's.

Foreman Wm. Dexter is out again after a week's absence at the saw mill, caused by falling off the carriage. He seems to have suffered no serious injury by the accident.

Miss Kari Rudi, the great "Langleik" player, gave a concert at the residence of A. A. Odegaard, in Rocksbury, last Sunday afternoon to a good sized audience who thoroughly enjoyed the playing.

Ladies, read this catalogue of charms. Bright eyes, glowing cheeks, red lips, a smooth skin without a blemish, in short, perfect health. For sale with every package Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

Mrs. Hiram Dickinson, nee Mrs. Elizabeth Eickhoff, arrived here on Thursday from her new home at Rainy River, and will spend a short time here disposing of her personal property, which will be auctioned on Monday, Sept. 24.

—The Crookston College is beginning its twelfth year with eight teachers and eight courses. It is the oldest and largest school in the northwest. It has placed every one of its graduates in good paying positions. Free car fare to Crookston. Send for catalog to J. C. Sathre, Crookston, Minn.

SLETTEN BADLY HURT

Passenger Train Runs Down Hand Car on the Way up Yesterday Morning

The Great Northern passenger train ran into the section crew on a hand car as they were coming into town yesterday morning and severely injured Thomas T. Sletten. The train came upon the crew in the bend just south of town and they all jumped off the hand car but Sletten. Engineer Milligan put on all the brakes but was too close to stop the train and it threw the hand car one way and Sletten to the other side of the track. He was picked up and brought into town when it was found that he had a broken shoulder and a severe wound on the head. The south bound freight was abandoned here and he was taken to Crookston for treatment. It is expected that he will recover, although his injuries are very severe. Mr. Sletten is well known in this vicinity, having lived here for over twenty years.

Fake Peddlers.

A couple of Chicago peddlers have been working in this vicinity selling bundles of cloth. So far, we learn, they have not done very much business. It is a fake scheme of the worst kind and the farmers of this section should know by this time that good honest goods can only be bought from reputable business firms and not from peddlers of that kind.

They are under a great deal more expense than the country merchant. They hire a team and a man to drive and help them sell, besides when they make a sale they sell the note taken at a big discount. Their goods are generally shoddy, shop-worn and old stuff that cannot be sold in any other way, and does not cost them more than one-third of what they ask for the bundle.

Special Election.

The village council have decided to call a special election for Tuesday, October 2nd, for the purpose of voting on the proposition to bond the village of St. Hilaire for $10,000 to put in an electric light plant. The council have received a letter from the Crookston Lumber company in regard to renting the water power and they have stated that they see no reason why a deal cannot be made, but at this time no definite arrangements have been made. A good deal will depend on the contract made with the lumber company. Next week we try and give our readers the opinions of some of our citizens on the subject.

Helmer E. Albue Dead.

Thief River Falls News: Helmer E. Albue, one of the pioneer settlers of the town of Numedal, died Tuesday afternoon. Albue was taken sick with typhoid fever Sunday and a doctor was called to Numedal Tuesday to attend to his case. The doctor ordered the removal of Mr. Albue to Thief River Falls where he could be properly cared for, but the trip was too much for Mr. Albue and he died on the road to Thief River Falls.

Public Sale.

The undersigned will sell at public auction on her farm in section 29, River Falls, 5 miles south of St. Hilaire, on Tuesday, Sept. 25, 1906, the following property:

Twelve cows, 4 to 7 years old; 8 yearlings, 6 spring calves. This is all well bred stock, and nearly full-blooded shorthorns. Do not miss this if you want some good stock. See bills for terms and machinery list.

Mrs. Amalia Mortensen.

A Human Foot.

Considerable of a sensation was caused yesterday afternoon by some boys finding a human foot floating in the river at the foot of Second street. The foot was evidently the right foot of a man and it looked as if it had been sawed off just below the knee.

For Sale.

Two story frame building and lot with confectionery stock; central location and doing big business. Good reason for selling. A snap, inquire at once of R. H. Duntley,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: Superintendent McAnulty informs the Gazette that a seed grain fair will be held in this city on December 1st, at which time the prizes hung up in the rural school seed grain contest will be awarded. Those who are competing will carefully prepare their samples of grain according to instructions issued some time back and have them here on that day. A meeting of the teachers' association will be held here at that time also and a big crowd of people from various parts of the county will be present.

County Supt. of Schools H. T. McAnulty has been here for the past two days circulating a petition among the voters who did not vote at the primaries, to have his name put on the ticket as an independent candidate for superintendent of schools. He will have to have about 250 signers.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford has an office at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, on the 8th day of every month. A red letter day to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses.

It arouses energy, develops and stimulates nervous life, arouses the courage of youth. It makes you young again. That's what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

—Nice line of boys' shirts 25c to 50c each at Hanson's.

IN FIFTY DOLLAR CLASS

Twenty Farmers Draw Checks Amounting to Over Fifty Dollars Each

Yesterday was pay day at the creamery for the month of August and the business done last month was exceptionally large. $5,545.37 was the net amount paid to the patrons after all expenses were paid. The settlement was on the basis of 24 cents per pound for butter fat.

August is a busy month with the farmer and it is very gratifying to the management that the receipts are nearly as large as they were in June, and a great gain over a year ago.

The following are the names of the farmers drawing over $50.00 and the amounts.

C A Lindquist	$94 25
C A Melin	74 90
Peter Johnson	70 20
H Haupt	64 13
Chas Seeger	63 72
Anton Aubol	54 91
N A Nelson	54 24
O L Larson	55 82
Fred Soderberg	61 41
L A Carlson	55 03
F M Brevick	51 50
Swan Wiberg	60 28
And Mortensen	54 45
Schumacher Bros	52 49
H J Hanson	50 33
Claus Hendricks	55 94
J Longtin, Red Lake Falls	50 76
P W Peterson	51 05
Peter Swanson	50 25
H Sletten	53 71

A QUIET WEDDING.

Two Prominent Young People of St. Hilaire Married Last Sunday.

Married, on Sunday, September 16th, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Rolland, in Sanders, Miss Olga Lenora Wig to Mr. John Rolland, Rev. C. W. Gilman officiating. Only the relatives and immediate friends of the happy couple were present.

Both bride and groom were raised in this county and were well and favorably known by a wide circle of friends. The Spectator unites with a large number of their friends in extending congratulations and wishes that their married life may be happy and prosperous. The newly wedded couple left on the Sunday evening Soo train for the cities, where they will spend a couple of weeks.

List of Petit Jurors.

Following is a list of petit jurors who have been drawn to serve at the next term of court to be held in Red Lake county on the fourth Monday in October:

Charles Englund, Bray.
E. J. Overland, North.
Robert Bourdon, Red Lake Falls.
Joseph Schmith, Black River.
Joseph Lefebre, Lambert.
Joseph Pouliot, Red Lake Falls.
John Rothstein, Plummer.
Mike Madden, Wyandotte.
August Lindberg, Numedal.
John Bugge, Numedahl.
Joseph Fortier, Red Lake Falls.
Ed. Moran, Red Lake Falls.
J. C. Nauman, Red Lake Falls Twp.
John Platz, Lambert.
D. Dupont, Sr., Terrebonne.
John Torrison, Thief River Falls.
Aug. Svenum, River Falls.
W. E. Wood, Smiley.
W. J. LaBree, Thief River Falls.
J. L. Cosette, Terrebonne.
Ole O. Nesja, Highlanding.
W. Remick, Terrebonne.
V. S. Bailey, Thief River Falls.
V. M. Higinbotham, Red Lake Falls.

Council Proceedings.

Special meeting of the village council of St. Hilaire held in the village hall Sept. 17, 1906, at 8 o'clock.

Meeting called to order by the president.

All members present.

Motion made and carried that an assessment be made against all lots fronting or abutting on the cement sidewalk built on the north side of block 39, and on the east side of blocks 39 and 38 of the Original townsite.

Motion made and carried that the clerk call a special village election to be held Tuesday, October 2, 1906, for the purpose of bonding the village for $10,000.00 to install an electric light plant.

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'Brien,
President.
K. O. Gigstad,
Clerk.

Merchants Must Advertise.

Thief River Falls News: Geo. Q. Roemer, who travels in this vicinity for a hardware firm, was in the city Monday and stated that he was down to Fosston last week and saw a full car load of catalogues unload at that place. The mail order houses apparently find a fertile field for their paper solicitors in that vicinity as the carload it is said, will be distributed at the towns of McIntosh, Fosston and Erskine. It would seem that the merchants in that vicinity ought to wake up to the fact that they need to go after this business which is getting away from them said Mr. Roemer. If the merchant would get out and advertise in the paper that reaches these people he could hold the trade in spite of the catalogue houses.

Puts in Tiling.

Norman County Index: Henry Sontag, who lives on section 5, McDonaldsville, received this week a carload of tiling which he is putting in his farm. Mr. Sontag some time ago put in 7,006 feet of tiling on his farm and it works splendidly. Water is running through them all the time and the soil on top has the appearance of having raised up. It is much drier and lighter and while it was originally some of his lowest land it now looks the highest. Mr. Sontag believes tiling will prove the salvation of the farmers on our flat lands, and everybody will watch results on his place with interest.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve.

—For go carts go to Holmes Bros.

AT THE PRIMARIES

Not Very Many Voters Turned Out at Primaries Last Tuesday

The Ticket Nominated.

REPUBLICAN.

Congress	Halvor Steenerson
Senator	A. L. Hanson
Representative	Jens J. Opsahl
Auditor	John B. O'Brien
Treasurer	O. T. Tandberg
Register of Deeds	E. L. Quist
Sheriff	Lewis A. Nelson
Co. Attorney	Thomas Germo
Judge of Probate	Chas. Eklund
Co. Surveyor	James K. Wood
Clerk of Court	C. W. Johnson
Court Commissioner	Simon Paul
Supt. of Schools	Fred Richards
Co. Com'r 1st dist.	C. Lindquist
Co. Com'r 3d dist.	Ed. A. Aubol

DEMOCRATIC.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Emil E. Zeh
Sheriff	D. Linnihan
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Co. Attorney	E. M. Stanton
Clerk of Court	Joseph Perrault
Court Com'r	S. T. Johnson
Supt. of Schools	Mrs. J. J. Doe

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP.

Congress	Haldor E. Boen
Co. Treasurer	O. H. Nelson

The vote was very light last Tuesday, the farmers evidently being too busy to take time to vote. In the northern part of the county there was a fair turnout, evidently worked up by Thief River Falls sentiment. In the southern part the vote was extremely light. The senatorship goes to Norman county, A. L. Hanson of Ada being an easy winner, and J. J. Opsahl of Bemidji proved the winner for representative. On the whole the ticket nominated is a strong one and the prospects for the republicans winning in this county in November are bright.

Following is the result of the vote in St. Hilaire, 109 ballots being cast:

Congressman—	
Halvor Steenerson	66
State Senator—	
Luman C. Simons	26
A. L. Hanson	39
O. C. Lightbourn	18
Representative—	
Wm. McCuaig	44
J. J. Opsahl	41
County Auditor—	
Wm. Holtorp	9
John B. O'Brien	88
Treasurer—	
O. J. Johnson	37
O. T. Tandberg	48
Register of Deeds—	
R. B. Green	25
E. L. Quist	57
Sheriff—	
Lewis A. Nelson	50
Robert A. Lee	25
County Attorney—	
Thomas Germo	68
Judge of Probate—	
Chas. Eklund	68
Surveyor—	
James K. Wood	60
Clerk of Court—	
Harry E. Ives	71
C. W. Johnson	22
Court Commissioner—	
Simon Paul	59
Supt. of Schools—	
Fred Richards	61
Co. Commissioner, 3rd Dist.—	
Ed. A. Aubol	63
N. A. Nelson	21

Two democratic ballots cast.
Five public-ownership ballots cast.

Killed in Run-away.

Clarence Finrow, the 12-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Finrow, was accidently killed at Plummer Wednesday morning as a result of a runaway, says the Red Lake Falls Gazette.

The boy was at the elevator with his father and was left in the wagon to hold the horses, when they took fright and started to run. They made directly for the village main street, and although the lad made heroic efforts to stop them he was unsuccessful. When near his father's store he was thrown out by a sudden swerve of the runaways, and the heavy wagon passed over him crushing him terribly. Assistance was at hand immediately but nohing could be done for him and he died in a very few moments.

The accident is one of the saddest that has happened in this community for a long time and has caused universal regret.

Ambitious Taft.

William H. Taft, secretary of war, has a paramount ambition which is not the usual one assigned to him, says the Saturday Evening Post. He weighs somewhere near the 320 mark, and has to have his office furniture made along special lines. Outside his office he stands unless sure of the furniture. This weight, he feels, is too much to carry, so he has put himself on a strict diet, cutting out all sweet and starchy foods. His goal is the 250 mark. When he gets there (quoting the Post again) he will probably give a dinner in celebration of the occasion, and increase his weight 10 or 15 pounds. To keep in good physical trim drink golden grain belt beer at every meal. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

—Magic soda, a package 5c at Hanson's.

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than.....
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE.....
However every dollar will be promptly paid! No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

SAVE MONEY
BY USING
MASCOT FLOUR
BETTER BREAD
and MORE OF IT.
Red Lake Falls Milling Co.
WE PURCHASE ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
H. C. ADAMS, Agent.

WOMEN'S NEGLECT

SUFFERING THE SURE PENALTY

Health Thus Lost Is Restored by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

How many women do you know who are perfectly well and strong? We hear every day the same story over and over again. "I do not feel well; I am so tired all the time!"

Miss Kate McDonald

More than likely you speak the same words yourself, and no doubt you feel far from well. The cause may be easily traced to some derangement of the female organs which manifests itself in depression of spirits, reluctance to go anywhere or do anything, backache, bearing-down pains, flatulency, nervousness, sleeplessness, or other female weakness.

These symptoms are but warnings that there is danger ahead, and unless heeded a life of suffering or a serious operation is the inevitable result.

The never-failing remedy for all these symptoms is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Miss Kate McDonald of Woodbridge, N. J., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:

"Restored health has meant so much to me that I cannot help from telling about it for the sake of other suffering women.

"For a long time I suffered untold agony with a female trouble and irregularities, which made me a physical wreck, and no one thought I would recover, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has entirely cured me, and made me well and strong, and I feel it my duty to tell other suffering women what a splendid medicine it is."

For twenty-five years Mrs. Pinkham, daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, has under her direction, and since her decease, been advising sick women free of charge. Her advice is free and always helpful. Address, Lynn, Mass.

CURES CONSTIPATION

Relief that comes from the use of pills or other cathartics is better than suffering from the results of constipation, but relief and cure combined may be had at the same price and more promptly, for

Lane's Family Medicine

is a cure for constipation, and the headache, backache, sideache and general debility that come from constipation stop when the bowels do their proper work.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

SUMMER RASHES

Soothed by Baths with

Cuticura SOAP

And gentle applications of Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, and purest and sweetest of emollients. For summer rashes, irritations, itchings, chafings, sunburn, bites and stings of insects, tired, aching muscles and joints, as well as for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are Priceless.

Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.
Mailed Free, "How to Care for Skin, Scalp, & Hair."

HOLD UP! and consider

THE FISH BRAND POMMEL SLICKER
LIKE ALL TOWER'S WATERPROOF CLOTHING.
Is made of the best materials, in black or yellow fully guaranteed and sold by reliable dealers everywhere.
STICK TO THE SIGN OF THE FISH
TOWER'S FISH BRAND
TOWER CANADIAN CO. LIMITED TORONTO, CAN.
A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS., U.S.A.

CONSIGN VEAL Poultry, Eggs, Apples, Etc.

To H. A. ERTZ, 24 East 3d St., St. Paul, Minn.

Seasonable Entertainments and Suggestions for Social Functions

By EDITH A. BROWN

Society Editor of the Chicago Record-Herald.

Guests Represent Shades of Departed Celebrities—"Surprise" Menu: Imitation Food for Alternate Courses—Unique Fall Wedding—Bridesmaids Carry Autumn Leaves.

The hostess of a literary turn of mind may find something original and a bit unique in a "Houseboat on the Styx dinner party." A "Houseboat on the Styx dinner party" affords a most excellent opportunity for an early fall fancy dress dinner and, incidentally, a bit of fun.

The invitation may read after this fashion, the hostess, if she cares to do so, selecting the character to be represented by each guest:

"The houseboat will cast anchor at the Martin pier on the Styx on Wednesday, October the eleventh, when the famed of all nations will assemble to dine together at eight o'clock. George and Martha Washington have sent regrets and beg that you appear as their representatives."

The names of the host and hostess may be signed, or their card inclosed. The telephone in the house of the hostess will be kept busy for the next few days, no doubt, but this will give her a good opportunity to explain the exact nature of the entertainment and what is expected of every guest.

The dining-room walls should be made to look as much like the interior of a houseboat as will be possible. Through the center of the table run a long, narrow strip of mirror to represent a river, and in the center of this have a lone houseboat, which may be towed by a small boat, supposedly Charon's boat. The place card should be some toy which will represent a characteristic of the famous guest being represented, when alive. For instance, a small Chinese idol for Confucius; a small tree or the historical hatchet for George Washington; a military toy for Napoleon; a small tub or lantern for Diogenes; a toy violin for Nero; a doll cloak for Sir Walter Raleigh, and so forth. Genuine amusement may be created by making the guests find their own places by means of these "cards."

The menu should be a series of surprises. Down in the stores these days may be found everything, from ham and eggs and cuts of beef to vegetables and fruit in miniature. Small birds browned as nicely as if they had just emerged from the oven are only papier mache, but they look appetizing, and all these things may be introduced in the various courses as the "shades" of former luxuries. The first course of fruit, for instance, may be one of these surprises. The second of soup must be genuine, as no one has succeeded in inventing papier mache soup as yet. On through the various courses these surprises may be sprung, until the guests will hesitate to try the real things, for fear of once more falling a victim to the surprise. This will make the dinner long, but if carefully arranged it will be far from tiresome.

If it is the desire to carry the dinner through to the very limit of detail according to the story, Charon should serve as waiter, but this may be a trifle too realistic for the average entertainer.

The evening may close with a dance, or every guest may be requested to indulge in some performance which will characterize the person he represents.

* * * * * *

An October Wedding.

If the June brides are favored with the roses, the October brides have the autumn leaves. Nowadays when a bride does not feel that custom demands a white decoration for weddings, these leaves of green and brown and red make a most available and effective trimming for home services. In the room chosen for the celebration of the service the green of palms, southern smilax or asparagus fern can be used, the background of the palms with the drapery of the vine. Throughout the other rooms the autumn leaves should be used, with the exception of the dining-room, where the white may be made attractive, if the bride desires to leave the color out of one room.

The colors may be carried out perfectly in the gowning of the bridal party. The bride, of course, will be in white, with her bouquet of lilies of the valley or roses, as she chooses. The maid of honor in green chiffon, with a wreath of the leaves and an arm bouquet of the leaves, will be the first to bring in the color scheme. For the bridesmaids' gowns select the new chiffons with the autumn colors. These are so delicate in design with the colors so faintly traced that the color shows as through a mist, and made over slips of white or very pale green will make a very attractive gown for a bridesmaid. Like the maid of honor, the bridesmaids should wear wreaths of the leaves, and they may carry bunches of the leaves or wreaths like the schoolgirls' daisy chains.

The truth is that the average American hostess fails to realize the possibilities which the autumn leaf affords by way of decoration, else there would be less of the purchasing of expensive roses and more expensive chrysanthemums during the fall season for decoration. Teas, dinners, luncheons, and every other entertainment can be given with practically no expense if a short journey to near-by woods is taken and the natural decoration of the fall is gathered. So many novelties come in autumn leaf design now—place cards, enameled pins and the like—that souvenirs are plentiful and an autumn leaf entertainment lacks trouble as well as expense.

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

FADED TO A SHADOW.

Worn Down by Five Years of Suffering from Kidney Complaint.

Mrs. Remethe Myers, of 180 South Tenth St., Ironton, O., says: "I have worked hard in my time and have been exposed again and again to changes of weather. It is no wonder my kidneys gave out and I went all to pieces at last. For five years I was fading away and finally so weak that for six months I could not get out of the house. I was nervous, restless and sleepless at night, and lame and sore in the morning. Sometimes everything would whirl and blur before me. I bloated so badly I could not wear tight clothing, and had to put on shoes two sizes larger than usual. The urine was disordered and passages were dreadfully frequent. I got help from the first box of Doan's Kidney Pills, however, and by the time I had taken four boxes the pain and bloating was gone. I have been in good health ever since."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Scrap of Ancient History.

With her hatchet good Aunt Carrie Nation
Was plying her chosen vocation,
When a big, beefy copper
Proceeded to stop her,
And Carried her off to the station.

AWFUL PSORIASIS 35 YEARS.

Terrible Scaly Humor in Patches All Over the Body—Skin Cracked and Bleeding—Cured by Cuticura.

"I was afflicted with psoriasis for thirty-five years. It was in patches all over my body. I used three cakes of Cuticura Soap, six boxes of Ointment and two bottles of Resolvent. In thirty days I was completely cured, and I think permanently, as it was about five years ago. The psoriasis first made its appearance in red spots, generally forming a circle, leaving in the center a spot about the size of a silver dollar of sound flesh. In a short time the affected circle would form a heavy dry scale of a white silvery appearance and would gradually drop off. To remove the entire scales by bathing or using oil to soften them the flesh would be perfectly raw, and a light discharge of bloody substance would ooze out. That scaly crust would form again in twenty-four hours. It was worse on my arms and limbs, although it was in spots all over my body, also on my scalp. If I let the scales remain too long without removing by bath or otherwise, the skin would crack and bleed. I suffered intense itching, worse at nights after getting warm in bed, or blood warm by exercise, when it would be almost unbearable. W. M. Chidester, Hutchinson, Kan., April 20, 1905."

Equatorial Football.

The football mania is still upon us to the exclusion of almost all other games, with the exception of golf and a little tennis. In the football league contest there are nine teams playing.

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. 30,000 testimonials of cures. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package, FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Last but Not Least.

The great prima donna was about to indorse another piano. She needed the money.

"The Blank" she wrote "is the best piano I ever indorsed."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Even the man who expects the unexpected is apt to be surprised when it happens.

SALESMEN WANTED.

We want a live, active and thoroughly experienced salesman in this locality with sufficient money to buy outright his first month's supply of our Simplicity Low Pressure Hollow Wire Gasoline Lights. A utility needed in every store and home and fully complying with insurance rules. To such a man we will give exclusive sales right and guarantee to refund money if goods not sold in 60 days. Further particulars on request. The Standard-Gillett Light Co., 980 N. Halsted St., Chicago, Ill.

He Dodged.

It is said of a noted Virginia judge that in a pinch he always came out ahead. An incident of his childhood might go to prove this.

"Well, Benny," said his father when the lad had been going to school about a month, "what did you learn to-day?"

"About the mouse, father."

"Spell mouse?" his father asked.

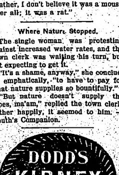
After a little pause Benny answered: "Father, I don't believe it was a mouse after all; it was a rat."

Where Nature Stopped.

The single woman was protesting against increased water rates, and the town clerk was waiting his turn, but not expecting to get it.

"It's a shame, anyway," she concluded emphatically, "to have to pay for what nature supplies so bountifully."

"But nature doesn't supply the pipes, ma'am," replied the town clerk, rather happily, it seemed to him.—Youth's Companion.



CREAM
WE PAY CASH
THE CRESCENT CREAMERY CO.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

SPIES ARE LEGION.

EUROPEAN CITIES FULL OF INFORMATION GATHERERS.

Great Powers Regularly Employ Men and Women to Ferret Out the Secrets of Rival Nations—The "Black Cabinet."

Women have always played an important part in spying. They may, in the future, be busier still. In war time, any male alien may be really one of the enemy's combatants in disguise. A woman spy starts with the initial advantage of not being suspected for a foeman "on the prowl."

Of women spies in the pay of foreign governments, probably most are French women, the cleverest and most beautiful that money can attract. Their written notes or drawings are made upon thin paper, rolled inside cigarettes. If danger threatens, the cigarette is calmly smoked. One lady, when arrested on suspicion, bit off the mouthpiece of a cigarette, then lit that end. The mouthpiece she swallowed, and with it a plan of a fortress.

Russia, putting no limits to the rewards given to spies, pays some of the largest salaries to women. They need money, for they move in the highest circles abroad. At Leipsic, last year, a fascinating young Russian lady, an authoress and journalist, had won her way into the most select social and official sets, when her large correspondence with Russia was noticed by the police. She was found to be a spy who was sending away military papers of a secret nature. Fined 1,500 marks, she was sent to prison until next February.

Of one variety of woman spy, existing on the continent, the public hears little. She is the "prawn-picker," so nicknamed, attached to what is known as the "black cabinet" of the post office. Her work is to spy upon letters. She skillfully opens the letters of or for suspected persons and others, and replaces the contents, after perusal. Women's fingers are, for such work, much more deft than men's.

Some women spies boast that, needing no secret cipher, they can, with impunity, make use of any postal service in the world. At some time they have worked in the "black cabinet." With their perfectly-shaped hands they can split a picture post card in half through its thickness, or, rather, its thinness, pare one half slightly thinner still, and join the two together again, with written information, or, maybe, the working drawings of a battleship inside.

The Prawn Picker.

In another respect the woman spy excels the man. She is more suspicious, and cleverer at divining when she is in the presence of a woman, attractive like herself, who is also a spy, perhaps for a rival nation. Women spies frequently do so meet, for their hunting grounds are necessarily the same, and are comparatively circumscribed.

As already suggested, Frenchwomen make the most successful women spies of any, those best suited for the work being, at once, beautiful, fascinating, seemingly artless and very level-headed. Of modern times, absolutely queens of successful women spies were the French dancers of Port Arthur.

These fascinating young women "happened" to be at Port Arthur just before the war commenced. Curiously, too, each of them was much interested in military matters, and the younger officers were kept quite busy answering questions that the ladies asked, all sorts of quite technical details being gone into. On the morning that news came "War has begun," the French dancers were missing. They were Japanese spies. Their information had been regularly sent to the Japanese legation at Peking, where it was sifted, re-coded and sent on to Tokio.

Letters of Poetess Sold.

Twenty letters, written by Elizabeth Barrett Browning to Hugh Boyd, who, when blind, was her instructor in Greek, were recently sold in England for the sum of two hundred dollars. They were sold at an auction room in London, where interesting articles are frequently disposed of, valuable as relics of well-known persons; authors of note, and people distinguished in various ways, of the present and bygone generations.

Fell Dead at Bride's Feet.

At Landau, on the Swiss-Austrian frontier, a middleaged man named Buhler was married the other day, and the pastor had barely concluded the ceremony, when the bridegroom, who had been complaining of the heat, fell unconscious at the feet of his young wife at the foot of the altar. Among his friends who were in the church was a doctor, who hastened to his side. Buhler, however, was beyond human aid, having succumbed to an attack of apoplexy. His hysterical bride, whom fate had made a wife and widow within a few minutes, was gently led out of the church, and a hearse transported the dead bridegroom to his home.

Safe From Cupid's Darts.

Visitor—at studio—I do not see how an artist could paint such beautiful woman without falling in love with her.

Great Artist—I assure you, madame, that while painting that picture I never once thought of love.

"Is it possible?"

"Yes. You see, the model was my wife."—Yonkers Weekly.

The Age of Machinery.

We live in the age of machinery. The thinking, directing mind becomes daily of more account, while mere brawn falls correspondingly in value from day to day. That eccentric philosopher, Elbert Hubbard, says in one of his essays, "where a machine will do better work than the human hand, we prefer to let the machine do the work."

It has been but a few years since the cotton gin, the "spinning Jenny" and the power loom displaced the hand picker, the spinning wheel and the hand loom; since the reaper and binder, the rake and tedder, the mowing machine took the place of the old cradle, scythe, pitchfork and hand rake; since the friction match superseded the flint and tinder; since the modern paint factory replaced the slab and muller, the paint pot and paddle.

In every case where machinery has been introduced to replace hand labor, the laborers have resisted the change; and as the weavers, the sempstresses and the farm laborers protested against new-fangled looms, sewing machines and agricultural implements, so in recent times compositors have protested against type-setting machines, glass blowers against bottle blowing machines, and painters against ready mixed paints. And as in the case of these short-sighted classes of an earlier day, so with their imitators of to-day, the protest will be in vain. It is a protest against civilization, against the common weal, against their own welfare.

The history of all mechanical improvements shows that workmen are the first to be benefited by them. The invention of the sewing machine, instead of throwing thousands of women out of employment, increased the demand to such an extent that thousands of women have been employed, at better wages, for shorter hours and easier work where hundreds before worked in laborious misery to eke out a pitiable existence. It was so with spinning and weaving machinery, with agricultural implements—in fact, it is so with every notable improvement. The multiplication of books in the last decade is a direct result of the invention of linotype machinery and fast presses.

The mixed paint industry, in which carefully designed paints for house painting are prepared on a large scale by special machinery, is another improvement of the same type. The cheapness and general excellence of these products has so stimulated the consumption of paint that the demand for the services of painters has correspondingly multiplied. Before the advent of these goods a well-painted house was noticeable from its rarity, whereas to-day an ill-painted house is conspicuous.

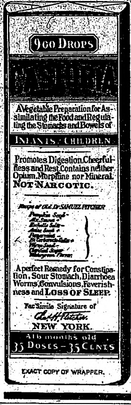
Nevertheless, the painters, as a rule, following the example set by the weavers, the sempstresses and the farm laborers of old, almost to a man, oppose the improvement. It is a real improvement, however, and simply because of that fact the sale of such products has increased until during the present year it will fall not far short of 90,000,000 or 100,000,000 gallons.

Hindsight is always better than foresight, and most of us who deplore the short-sightedness of our ancestors would do well to see that we do not in turn furnish "terrible examples" to our posterity.

Is the experience you have acquired worth what it cost?

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES color more goods, per package, than others, and the colors are brighter and faster.

Diligence is the mother of good luck.



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A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
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Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
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NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

90,000,000 BUSHELS

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

THAT'S THE WHEAT CROP IN WESTERN CANADA THIS YEAR

This with nearly 80,000,000 bushels of oats and 17,000,000 bushels of barley means a continuation of good times for the farmers of Western Canada.

Free farms, big crops, low taxes, healthy climate, good churches and schools, splendid railway service.

The Canadian Government offers 160 acres of land free to every settler willing and able to comply with the Homestead Regulations.

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is a scientific medicine invented to enable hens get the full benefit from all kinds of food. It's the pioneer of tonics to make hens lay. In use over forty years. One pack, 25c.; five, $1; two-lb. can, $1.20; six, $5.00. Express paid. At all dealers. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

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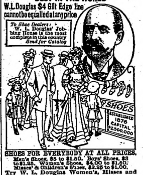

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Try W. L. Douglas Women's, Misses and Children's shoes; for style, fit and wear they excel other makes.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other make.

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Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.

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as with joyous hearts and smiling faces they romp and play—when in health—and how conducive to health the games in which they indulge, the outdoor life they enjoy, the cleanly, regular habits they should be taught to form and the wholesome diet of which they should partake. How tenderly their health should be preserved, not by constant medication, but by careful avoidance of every medicine of an injurious or objectionable nature, and if at any time a remedial agent is required, to assist nature, only those of known excellence should be used; remedies which are pure and wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, like the pleasant laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Syrup of Figs has come into general favor in many millions of well informed families, whose estimate of its quality and excellence is based upon personal knowledge and use.

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Please to remember and teach your children also that the genuine Syrup of Figs always has the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package and that it is for sale in bottles of one size only. If any dealer offers any other than the regular Fifty cent size, or having printed thereon the name of any other company, do not accept it. If you fail to get the genuine you will not get its beneficial effects. Every family should always have a bottle on hand, as it is equally beneficial for the parents and the children, whenever a laxative remedy is required.

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ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1906. NUMBER 11.

SHAKES STICK; PALMA'S PARTY BACKS DOWN

TAFT'S THREAT TO OCCUPY ISLAND HAS GOOD EFFECT ON MODERATES.

WILL TREAT WITH REBELS

DISPUTED POINTS TO BE LEFT TO FINAL ARBITRATION OF TAFT.

Havana, Sept. 27.—The government party last night abandoned its basic contention that it is impossible to treat for peace with armed rebels and proposed to negotiate with a committee of its opponents. It agreed to leave all disputed points to the final arbitration of Secretaries Taft and Bacon. The government first suggested that it would treat with the Liberals if they would lay down their arms. But the American commissioners ruled this stipulation unfair, and the Moderate representatives accepted this view. Secretary Taft was greatly pleased and made the following statement for publication:

Much Nearer Peace.

"My impression is that we are much nearer a solution of the trouble tonight than we were last night."

It was announced also that the negotiations to be opened between the committees would be without reference to the terms previously proposed. The time and place for the first meeting is to be determined by Secretary Taft to-day.

It is beyond question that both parties were brought to a more tractable frame of mind by the verbal ultimatum issued by Messrs. Taft and Bacon yesterday in the name of President Roosevelt—that unless they consented to a fair arbitration the United States

Would Compel It

by a temporary military occupation. Such an occupaction, it was declared, would not mean American sovereignty. It would continue only until new elections had been held, the new government firmly established and order restored.

Within an hour of the receipt of this ultimatum the Moderate assembly agreed at the end of a stormy session to the suggestion of treating with the Liberals. The conservative radicals consented to treat with the American commission, and this also is believed to have had an important bearing upon the decision.

Table Palma's Resignation.

It is understood that President Palma does not intend to withdraw his resignation, but it is predicted that congress will table it indefinitely. The decree convening congress on Friday to act upon the resignations of the president, vice president and others was issued yesterday. A meeting of the Moderate national assembly was hastily called yesterday afternoon to discuss whether some way cannot yet be devised to settle the present difficulty without American intervention.

Liberals Denounce Taft.

No sooner had the meeting assembled than the pentup indignation against the American peace commissioners broke forth. Several men began in loud voices and at the same time to condemn Secretary Taft and Acting Secretary of State Bacon, who were declared to have shown partiality toward the rebels and discrimination against the Moderates. The speakers shouted their denunciations and hotly insisted that the Moderate party should appeal to the world for protection against the United States.

Force European Intervention.

One of the most radical asserted that the government had plenty of dynamite in Havana, which would be used to precipitate those international complications that accrue from the destruction of foreign property. Several prominent men said that by using dynamite they could bring about intervention by Germany, or perhaps by Great Britain, while others declared that they knew that the foreign diplomats here would favor such a course, and it was argued that the destruction of the German bank and the damaging of English railroad property would soon result in European intervention.

Hot Heads Subside.

Several American properties were specifically mentioned as convenient for such attacks. Several speakers even said that they would prefer Germany or Great Britain in Cuba to the United States.

This talk subsided after an hour and a half, and the meeting settled down to consider whether it is possible to reopen the negotiations with the peace commissioners. The one point upon which the meeting was unanimous was that the cardinal condition of the reopening of negotiations should be that the Moderates insist that the commissioners should require the rebels to lay down their arms before proceeding to negotiate.

Confer With Taft.

After a brief consideration, in which no difference of opinion was shown, it was agreed that Acting Secretary of the Interior Montalvo should visit the American commissioners and acquaint them with the party's insistence on this condition. Senor Montalvo therefore proceeded to the American legation and submitted this condition to Messrs. Taft and Bacon, adding that if the proposition was not acceptable to them the government forces would refuse to lay down their arms or deliver them either to the rebels or to the commissioners.

Dolz Presents Plan.

In the meantime Senor Dolz had been sent for by Secretary Taft. He appeared at the American legation and made the following proposition, requesting the opinion of the commissioners thereon:

"That both sides appoint committees of six to treat for peace, but as a prior condition the rebels lay down their arms."

Secretary Taft approved of this with the exception that it was unfair to make the rebels lay down their arms before the acceptance by both parties of a formal agreement to abide by the terms of the ultimate decision. Senor Dolz returned to the assembly and reported the result of his efforts.

Quickly Back Down.

After the conference the assembly held a hasty meeting and discussed the wishes of Secretaries Taft and Bacon. The assembly precipitately withdrew from the contention that that the rebels must disarm, and resolved to notify Secretary Taft that they would appoint a committee of six to meet a similar committee from the Liberals to negotiate terms of peace, leaving the points on which no agreement could be reached to the arbitration of the American commissioners. The assembly directed that Secretary Taft be requested to notify the Liberals of this arrangement and to arrange for the appointment of a similar committee by the Liberals and to fix a time and place for the meeting.

Keep Marines Within Reach.

Whatever the outcome of the negotiations between the Liberals and Moderates may be, it is felt here that there will be need for all the American marines within reach, as there is little confidence in the ability of the rebel leaders to control their men when ordered to give up their arms and return to their homes.

See Peace in Sight.

Washington, Sept. 27.—While not abating in any degree the preparation for transporting troops in Cuba in accordance with the wishes of the president, the army and navy officials here are of the opinion that Secretary Taft will succeed in effecting an arrangement which will obviate any necessity for landing American soldiers on Cuban soil.

President Roosevelt is expected to arrive in Washington Monday night, and army officers are of the opinion that there will be no sensational developments before that time.

All plans for preparing to meet any emergency which may demand the sending of troops to Cuba have been approved.

BURGLARS WRECK A SAFE.

Are Frightened Away Before They Get the Cash.

Alexandria, Minn., Sept. 27.—An unsuccessful attempt was made yesterday morning to rob the State bank at Carlos, seven miles north of Alexandria. The operators were evidently professionals. They cut through the brick wall into the vault and used nitroglycerin on the safe. The door to the safe was only partially destroyed. No money was secured, the burglars evidently being alarmed by parties arriving home late from the Alexandria carnival. The safe is a wreck.

FIRST FOOTBALL VICTIM.

Captain Is Kicked in the Head and Dies.

Princeton, N. J., Sept. 27.—While carrying the ball over for a touchdown in a practice game of football at Lawrenceville yesterday, John P. Kennedy, captain and right halfback of the Lawrence eleven was kicked in the head. He walked off the field apparently unhurt, but died an hour later in the gymnasium of the school.

REAL REVOLT IN SPAIN.

Carlist Movement Is Recognized by Government.

Madrid, Sept. 27.—A government communication admits that the present Carlist movement has assumed the dignity of a "real effort at political revolution," but says it has miscarried through the discovery by officers of disaffection among troops who were to have participated in the maneuvers.

HOUSE OF MURDERS IS SOLD.

Holmes Castle at Fort Worth, Tex., Brings $19,000.

Fort Worth, Tex., Sept. 27.—The famous Holmes castle, on Second and Rusk streets, was sold yesterday for $19,000. This building was the scene of a number of mysterious murders in the early '90s. It was owned and operated by P. H. Holmes of Chicago, who is said to have taken over a score of girls' lives.

Fire Strips Farm.

Black River Falls, Wis., Sept. 27.—The granary, tool house and all the farm machinery of Louis Crisinger, a farmer living eight miles west of here, were burned by lightning last night. Hundreds of bushels of grain were destroyed. Loss, $2,500; insurance, about $500.

Eight Killed in Wreck.

El Paso, Tex., Sept. 27.—Eight men were killed by the collision of two freight trains on the Mexican Central railroad near Callego, Mex. No information as to the cause of the wreck has been received.

BLOODY RACE WAR RAGES IN ATLANTA

POPULACE WROUGHT UP TO SAVAGE FURY BY SERIES OF NEGRO OUTRAGES.

TEN KILLED; FORTY INJURED

STREETS NOW PATROLLED BY MILITIA — NEGROES FLEE FROM THE CITY.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 24.—Twenty-four hours have passed since a serious race war began in Atlanta. In that period at least ten lives have been sacrificed and the number of injured will be at least forty, several of whom cannot recover. At 10 o'clock last night the city was controlled by the police, aided by a number of state militiamen. Every part of the town is patrolled by the soldiers, and the authorities seem to have the situation well in hand. Gov. Terrell, who ordered seven companies of the state military service from points outside of Atlanta to aid the eight local companies, stands ready to declare the city under martial law if the scenes of Saturday night are repeated.

A Night of Terror.

Through Saturday night the race war raged with varying vigor, and when morning dawned it found a number of negroes and one white man dead, a score of both races wounded and the downtown streets in possession of eight companies of the Fifth Georgia infantry, with a battery of light artillery in reserve. Through the day little of importance occurred. The police claimed, with the aid of the military, to control the situation.

This condition came as the result of numerous and repeated assaults or attempted assaults upon white women by negroes.

Populace Roused to Fury.

The last of an even dozen of such crimes within the limits of Fulton county within the last nine weeks came Saturday, when four attempts were reported. Flaring headlines in the special editions of the afternoon papers wrought the populace to a high pitch of excitement. The usual Saturday night crowds were largely increased by men and boys who thronged the downtown streets. There was no leader and no overt act until late in the evening. About 10 o'clock a negro shoved a white woman from the walk on Whitehall street, in the center of town. Almost simultaneously a negro woman made an insulting remark to a white man on an adjoining street, and he administered what he considered due punishment.

Ten Thousand in Mob.

From this start the excited crowd, which had become a mob, began its work of destruction. Five thousand men and boys thronged the downtown streets looking for negroes. News that a riot had started brought thousands more from their homes in the suburbs and residence districts, until fully 10,000 men were in the downtown section. They made attacks on the incoming street cars. Each car was searched for negroes. The trolleys were pulled from the wires, and in the semi-darkness of the unlighted car negroes were beaten, cut and stamped upon. If a negro ventured resistance or remonstration it meant sure death.

Mayor's Appeal Unheeded.

When the crowd seemed to be getting beyond control, at about 10 o'clock, Mayor Woodward mounted a car platform and urged the crowd to disperse, declaring that the assailants of the white women would be adequately and promptly punished by due process of law. Mayor Woodward was given a respectful hearing, but when he finished the work of destruction was resumed. Then he turned in a general fire alarm, calling the entire department to the scene.

Turn Hose on Mob.

To Chief Joyner the mayor gave the laconic order: "Clear the streets!" The result was to stop the mob in its work in that immediate section and to drive it to other streets. The situation became so threatening at 11 o'clock that Gov. Terrell was asked to order out the state troops. Gov. Terrell mobilized the eight local infantry companies at once. Previously a police riot call had been sounded, summoning all police reserves to headquarters. It was nearly 2 o'clock in the morning when the first squad of militia appeared on the streets, and at 5 o'clock six companies were under arms.

Negroes Flee in Terror.

The attacks had the effect of clearing the streets of negroes. Throughout the day hundreds of negroes have been fleeing from the city. By train and wagon and on foot they have hurried from the city, fearing the possibility of trouble in the near future.

In the fighting Saturday night negro women were the most warlike, urging resistance to the mob and themselves fighting like Amazons. It was a night of terror to hundreds.

Mob Does Much Damage.

The lawless character of the mob Saturday night was fully demonstrated. When negroes had vanished from the streets they broke windows and damaged property.

A close watch was maintained to guard against incendiarism, but fortunately fire was not added to the terrors of the night.

TROUBLE IS NOT YET OVER

MILITIA HAS SITUATION WELL IN HAND, BUT FRESH OUTBREAK IS EXPECTED.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 26.—Despite the peace of the day, the feeling of anxiety felt and expressed by many citizens appears at an early hour this morning to have been realized. Although only meager reports have been received, it is confirmed that three county policemen, riding along their beats in South Atlanta, near Clark university, a negro institution, were ambushed from an alley with the result that Policeman Heard and another officer, name unknown, were killed and the third officer was shot fatally and is dying at the Grady hospital. Another is reported missing.

Chase Negroes to the Woods.

Mounted policemen, with a squad of militiamen, are pursuing the negroes into the woods. The casualties on the other side are not known.

At Howells station, three miles west of here, the railroad operator has been killed and another man has been killed or wounded by negroes.

The city marshal of Edgewood was shot, but not seriously hurt, while trying to arrest a negro.

The number of negroes dead is not known, possibly it will never be known, but the officers claim to have counted from six to fifteen dead or dying negroes on the ground.

Part of Militia Withdrawn.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 25.—The day passed without serious trouble in the race difficulties here. The authorities felt so confident that they have the situation well in hand that at noon an order was issued dismissing five of the companies of state militia that were to assist the local companies of the Fifth Georgia regiment. There is now ready for all emergencies the entire Fifth regiment of twelve companies to aid the police. The saloons have been closed all day by order of Mayor Woodward and will remain closed until further orders.

White Pupils Stoned.

The city schools opened as usual yesterday morning and with an attendance almost normal. Some white pupils of the State street school were stoned on their way to school, but a squad of police gave protection. Police have been stationed at each of the schools. Orders also were issued prohibiting the sale of firearms and ammunition without the written order of the military authorities.

Negro Is Lynched.

The lynching of Zeb Long, a negro, at East Point, a suburb, eight miles south of the city early yesterday, has furnished the most exciting event of the last twenty-four hours. Long was arrested Sunday night, charged with disorderly conduct. He had threatened the marshal of the town and appeared to be prepared to carry out his threats. He was taken from the East Point jail, a flimsy structure, after midnight and was hanged in the woods half a mile from the town. No reliable particulars of the lynching have been made public.

Courts Take a Hand.

The courts have taken a hand in matters regarding Saturday night's riots. In the city police court yesterday Judge Broyles inflicted the extreme sentence of the law on six young white men charged with inciting to riot, giving each thirty days in jail and binding them over to the higher courts under heavy bonds. The grand jury yesterday brought in true bills against two negroes charged with criminal assault on two young white women. Both assaults occurred within the last two weeks, near the city.

Keep Off Streets at Night.

In anticipation of further trouble, Mayor Woodward yesterday issued an order that all boys under twenty-one years must keep off the streets after 8 o'clock at night. He says these orders are to be enforced strictly. He has also asked all citizens to remain home at night until the present troubles shall have passed. The number of dead as a result of the riots thus far is still a matter of uncertainty. The police have the names of five negroes known to have been killed and one unknown dead negro is held at an undertaker's office here.

No Whites Killed.

The reports are that more than these have been killed, but their names and the times and places of their deaths are not known. No white persons have been killed, according to the most reliable reports. The list of wounded is a long one, and several of these are expected to die. The returning of the Seventh United States infantry to Fort McPherson from Chickamauga was gladly received, although the possibility of the regulars being called upon is regarded as remote. Although the day has been quiet in the downtown districts a number of disturbances occurred in the outlying districts.

Fear Further Trouble.

A gang of negro boys beat a young white boy yesterday afternoon, who took refuge in the home of a prominent citizen on Piedmont avenue. An old negro woman, seeing the disturbance, remonstrated with the young negroes, who replied that the whites had beaten and killed negroes and they proposed to get even. Many citizens expressed the feeling that the trouble is not yet passed. They have been arming themselves and preparing for possible emergencies.

COOLER HEADS OBTAIN MASTERY

PROMINENT MEN, WHITE AND COLORED, UNITE TO RESTORE ORDER AT ATLANTA.

DEAD NOW NUMBER NINETEEN

257 NEGROES ARRESTED—MORE MILITIA IS ORDERED TO THE CITY.

Atlanta, Sept. 26.—Atlanta shows little signs of the turbulent scenes of the past few days. Good citizenship and cooler heads have apparently obtained the mastery, and prominent men, both white and colored, are bending every energy toward bringing the city back to its normal condition. The city and suburbs are quiet.

A law and order mass meeting was held late yesterday afternoon, attended by representative people of both races. A fund of $3,600 was raised for the benefit of the victims of mob violence, and a committee of five appointed to push the relief work to a generous completion.

Deplore Cause of Violence.

A committee on resolutions, of which Clark Howell, editor of the Constitution, was chairman, reported resolutions deploring the conditions leading up to mob violence and sympathizing with the victims of the uprising. The crimes against women, for which the negroes were punished, were condemned.

Those killed in the riots here since last Saturday night number one white man and eighteen negroes. To this number might be added the name of Mrs. Robert P. Thompson, an estimable white woman, who dropped dead Monday evening, after seeing two negroes shot and beaten in front of her own home. The list includes County Policeman James Heard, who was killed in South Atlanta Monday night.

Quiet Is Restored.

The third day of Atlanta's race war has passed without serious disturbances.

Specials sent to outside papers have been reflected in inquiries to local newspapers. The charge has been made that fifty negroes had been killed here, and that the local papers and the press associations were either being censored or were suppressing the facts.

All information that can be verified has appeared in the local papers. The papers here have united in an agreement to print only established facts and to issue no more special or extras on the riots.

257 Negroes Arrested.

Following the arrest of 257 negroes at Brownville and Clark university early yesterday, and the detention of about 100 of these in the county jail, the feeling prevailed that peace had been restored by a strong show of authority. Almost simultaneously two negroes were killed in another part of the city by three policemen. The main event during the day was the ordering into the city of four companies of state militia from outside points.

QUIET AT ATLANTA.

Business Resumed and People Return to Work.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 27.—Perfect quiet prevailed here yesterday. All factories that had shut down reopened and throughout confidence has been restored on every side. The colored and white employes have returned to their regular tasks and normal industrial conditions have been resumed.

By a unanimous vote the city council has revoked the licenses of every saloon in Atlanta until Oct. 1, and until that time the city will be practically under prohibition.

FIRST CREEP IS FATAL.

Child Pulls Lamp Off Table and Is Fatally Burned.

La Porte, Iowa, Sept. 27.—While playing about the floor of the sitting room last evening the eight-month-old child of Mr. and Mrs. George George Smelser crept over to the table, and seizing hold of a tablecloth pulled off the lamp. As the lamp struck the floor it burst and the blazing oil flew over the little one, burning it so badly that it lived only a few hours. A strange thing about the accident was the fact that the child never before had attempted to creep.

SIX HURT ON PENNSYLVANIA.

Bridge Collapses Under Work Car and One Man Will Die.

Philadelphia, Sept. 27.—A bridge over the tracks of the New York division of the Pennsylvania road at Thirty-first street and Columbia avenue collapsed as a heavy work car carrying six men was passing over it. The car fell to the tracks below and the men were hurt, one of them fatally. The bridge fell a few minutes before an express train from New York was due at the bridge, which is partly hidden by a curve. Traffic was delayed for more than an hour.

Even the girl's father might overlook a young man's shortcomings if it wasn't for his long stayings.

ARE GETTING BACK TO WORK

ROOSEVELT'S OFFICIAL FAMILY IS RETURNING TO WASHINGTON.

Washington, Sept. 27.—With the return yesterday of Secretary Metcalf of the department of justice there is to be a renewal of activity in government circles. All the cabinet officials, with the exception of Secretary Shaw, will doubtless be here in time to meet President Roosevelt on his return to the capital. Attorney General Moody put in the time yesterday with a preliminary examination of the papers in the anti-trust cases, which have been prepared under the supervision of Assistant Attorney General Purdy.

Secretary Metcalf comes back to the department with many new ideas regarding plans for furthering the interests of American commerce in South America. These plans will be formulated by the secretary until he has had opportunity to confer with Secretary Root.

ROB STORE AND POSTOFFICE.

Burglars Get $50 in Stamps at Brunswick, Minn.

Mora, Minn., Sept. 277.—The general store of Andrew Skoglund at Brunswick, in which is located the postoffice, was broken into last night and a quantity of stamps amounting to about $50, besides cigars, knives, revolvers and other articles, were taken. The thieves are thought to be local parties and probably the same ones that broke into the Mellgren saloon in this city Sunday evening, procuring $23 from the cash register.

GETS POINTERS ON RANGE.

Col. Greene and Easterners Inspect Gopher Mines.

Detroit, Minn., Sept. 27.—Col. W. C. Greene, the Mexican copper mine owner, has arrived here on a tour of the iron range mines. He will visit the Mesaba and Vermillion ranges with a view to getting ideas for adoption in the copper mining business. He is accompanied by a party of half a dozen New Yorkers and Washington men. Col. Greene has not been here since 1890, when he was connected with the survey of the Northern Pacific railroad.

SPAINS SUFFERS BY STORMS.

Provinces Inundated and Crops and Railroad Lines Ruined.

Madrid, Sept. 27.—There have been severe storms in the provinces of Alicante, Granada and Murcia, and sections of the country are inundated. Railways have been washed out, crops lost and numerous buildings destroyed. Twenty-five bodies have been brought to the church in Santa Meva.

400 ARE STORM VICTIMS.

Mail Boat Takes Refugees Into Labrador.

St. John's, N. F., Sept. 27.—The government mail boat from Labrador arrived yesterday, bringing 400 men women and children, who constituted the fishing crews wrecked in the Strait of Belle Isle and along the coast of Newfoundland during the recent storms.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Sept. 27.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 77 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 76c; No. 3, 74 1-4c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 44 3-4c. Oats—No. 3 white, 31 1-2c.

Minneapolis, Sept. 27.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 78c; No. 1 Northern, 77 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 76c; durum, 62 1-4@64 1-4c. Oats — No. 3 white, 31 1-2c. Corn—No. 3, yellow, 44 3-4c.

Duluth, Sept. 27.—Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 76 3-8c; No. 2 Northern, 74 7-8c. Oats—No. 3 white, 23c.

Chicago, Sept. 26.—Wheat — No. 2 Northern, 77@78c; No. 2 Northern, 75@76c. Rye—No. 1, 59@59 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 55c.

Milwaukee, Sept. 27.—Wheat—No. 1 red, 74@74 1-2c; No. 2 hard, 73@76c; No. 1 Northern, 80@82 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 77@81 1-2c. Oats—No. 2, 32 1-2@33c. Corn — No. 2, 47 1-4@47 1-2c.

Chicago, Sept. 27.—Cattle—Beeves, $3.80@6.90; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.30; cows and heifers, $1.70@5.10. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6.35@6.80; bulk, $6.30@6.65. Sheep—$3.75@5.70; lambs, $5@8.25.

Sioux City, Iowa, Sept. 27.—Cattle—Beeves, $4@6; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.50@4; stockers and feeders, $1@4.50; calves and yearlings, $1.50@3.50. Hogs—Bulk, $6@6.15.

South St. Paul, Sept. 27.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $4.50@5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50; good to choice milch cows, $30@40. Hogs—Price range, $5.40@6.40; bulk, $5.90@6. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $6.50@7.25; common to fair, $5@6; yearling wethers, $5.50@6.

Boys on Strike.

Menominee, Mich., Sept. 27.—Forty boys employed as machine tenders in two Marinette mills of the Menominee & Marinette Paper company, struck last night. Trouble started in a row over an order to clean up the mill. Others struck in sympathy and now all demand higher wages.

Frear Quits State Office.

Madison, Wis., Sept. 27.—James A. Frear of Hudson resigned as state senator and a special election will be called to fill the vacancy.

STENSLAND IS SENT TO JOLIET

SIX HOURS AFTER ARRIVAL IN CHICAGO HE BEGINS HIS SENTENCE.

TEN YEARS IN STATE PRISON

BANKER'S FORM SHAKES WITH EMOTION AS JUDGE PASSES SENTENCE.

Chicago, Sept. 27.—Paul O. Stensland, to whose self-confessed embezzlement of $400,000 was due chiefly the collapse of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank, was given an indeterminate sentence in the penitentiary within three hours after his arrival in Chicago yesterday from the East, and before another three hours had elapsed he had begun service of the sentence at Joliet. Stensland pleaded guilty on two indictments, one charging embezzlement and the other charging violation of the state banking laws. A fine of $120 was imposed on the latter charge, which was based upon the acceptance of $60 in deposits after the bank was insolvent.

Will Serve Ten Years.

The sentences, which will operate concurrently, are from one to ten years, making the longest term the prisoner will be compelled to serve not more than ten years.

Stensland's arrival was awaited by a crowd of several hundred persons who watched for the Twentieth Century limited, on which the prisoner and his captors were passengers. To reach the cabs which were to convey the party to the criminal court building it was necessary to wait for the police to clear a passage to the street. The crowd was demonstrative, although offering no violence, and the effect upon Stensland was noticeable.

Feared Bodily Harm.

He seemed apprehensive of bodily harm. At the criminal court building State's Attorney Healy was awaiting and the prisoner was hurried, haggard and trembling, between a double line of police into the private office.

What Stensland made known to the state's attorney was not divulged. After the conference Mr. Healy said: "Stensland made a full confession of everything connected with the affairs of the bank. He has told us of his own acts and of the acts of others. What he has revealed makes the bank affairs less dark for himself."

Shakes With Emotion.

The court proceedings which followed were conducted hurriedly. Silence fell over the court room as Stensland faced the bar. His form was shaking with emotion and he kept a handkerchief in his hand and frequently brushed away the tears that sprang to his eyes. Judge Kersten, before whom the proceedings were conducted, addressed the prisoner, whom he had known for many years as a citizen and business man. He reviewed the case briefly and asked if Stensland had any defense to offer. Uupon receiving a negative reply the court passed sentence and without further ceremony Stensland, the deputy sheriffs and the state's attorney filed out of the court room. Stensland was unaccompanied by friends or attorney during the entire proceedings.

Begins His Sentence.

Preparations for the journey to Joliet were begun forthwith.

Four hours after his arrival in the city Stensland left for Joliet. The party left the train at a station five minutes' walk from the penitentiary entrance, and before 3 o'clock all the routine necessary to commit the convicted man to a cell had been completed.

SHOOTS HIMSELF TWICE.

Young Man Sends Bullet Above Each Eye—Cannot Recover.

Winona, Minn., Sept. 27.—Ed Johnson, twenty-one years old, a son of Christ Johnson, a farmer residing ten miles east of Winona, on the Mississippi river, shot himself with a small rifle yesterday with suicidal intent. He cannot recover. No cause for the act is known except that he had suffered spells of melancholia. He went into a shed near the house after dinner and sent a bullet into his head above each eye.

Indians to Burn Coal.

Miller, S. D., Sept. 27.—Crow Creek Indians are marketing wheat at Red Heights this fall. For the first time during the long years of visits and trading at that town they are buying coal to burn in their tepees, many of them now having small stoves.

Guests in Danger.

Emerson, Man., Sept. 27.—Early yesterday sixty guests of the Stratcone hotel just escaped death by the destruction of the big three-story building by fire. The proprietor and his servants and patrons escaped in their night clothes.

Fire at Iowa City.

Iowa City, Iowa, Sept. 27.—Chester Park, a suburban vaudeville house and pavilion, and all its contents were destroyed by fire. The loss is $4,000, partly covered by insurance.

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We make Farm Loans at Lowest Rates of Interest with Optional Payments. If title is good you can get your money the same day you make application. We do business quick. No six weeks or months to wait. No deal is too large for us to handle nor too small for us to give its careful attention: : : : : :

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ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

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C. L. Hansen........President
Daniel Patterson........Vice-Pres.
A. D. Stephens........2nd Vice-Pres.
K. O. Gigstad........Cashier.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar......St. Hilaire......Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

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A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

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A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
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Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.
TERMS.—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.
SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.
REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Sept. 29, 1906.

Republican State Ticket.

United States Senator—
KNUTE NELSON,
Douglas County.
Governor—
A. L. COLE,
Cass County.
Lieutenant Governor—
A. O. EBERHART,
Blue Earth County.
Chief Justice—
CHARLES M. START,
Olmsted County.
State Treasurer—
CLARENCE DINEHART,
Murray County.
Secretary of State—
JULIUS SCHMAHL,
Redwood County.
Attorney General—
E. T. YOUNG,
Swift County.
State Auditor—
S. G. IVERSON,
Fillmore County.
Clerk of the Supreme Court—
C. A. PIDGEON,
Wright County.
Railroad Commissioner—
C. F. STAPLES,
Dakota County.

W. R. Hearst, the yellow journalist of New York, has been nominated by the democrats for governor.

Stensland, the Chicago bank-wrecker, is already serving a fourteen-year term in the penitentiary. He did not get enough.

Affairs in Cuba are getting worse instead of better and it is almost certain that the United States will have to take charge, and probably for good.

Wise ones are predicting that Cole will have about thirty thousand majority for governor. Republicans are going to vote their ticket this year.

In China they cut off the banker's head when his bank fails, but they now claim they have not needed to enforce the law for over one hundred years.

If you want to hear a clear and concise statement of the issues of the campaign go up and hear Senator Nelson at Thief River Falls on October 4th.

McCleary, the Second district congressman who is the high priest of a high protective tariff platform, was only nominated by a bare plurality of 267 votes. If he continues to "stand pat" he will stand aside next time.

Glencoe Register: The proposed constitutional amendments, authorizing the state legislature to make a direct tax levy for road purposes, which is to be voted upon at the general election next November, should receive the affirmative vote of every citizen. Good roads are necessary and indispensable and of significant importance for the welfare of the state and its inhabitants. It is high time some substantial method is inaugurated in building and maintaining permanent highways to supplant the present abominable system which is nothing less than farce and graft.

Unique Rainmaking.

One of the oldest rainmaking plants is the invention of a native of one of the Indian provinces. By means of a rocket he sends more than a mile into the air a reservoir of ether attached to a parachute. This, being released at the highest point, floats gently back to earth, the condensation being caused by the evaporation of the ether. It is said to be decidedly efficacious even where there is scarcely a trace of cloud.

Cut It.

"Yes," said the college student, "dad got the idea that I was cutting up too much, and so he cut in and threatened to cut down my allowance unless I took a brace. I felt all cut up at first, but I didn't want my allowance cut off or cut into just for a little funny business, and so I cut it out." And the listening foreigner remarked, "What did the young man say?"—Somerville Journal.

Breaking It Gently.

Captain of Steamer—Madam, it gives me great pain to be obliged to tell you that your little boy's hat has blown overboard. Fond Mother—Why, I thought it was tied on with a string! Captain—Yes. That was just the trouble. The string did not break.

Corrected.

"Miss Isabel, you are not at all like other girls."

"That is not a compliment, Mr. Spooner. You should say that other girls are not at all like me."

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL

The primary elections have determined that, in the main, the Republicans wish to retain their present members of congress from Minnesota. In fact there is really only one defeat out of the nine congressmen. In the Sixth district, owing to local conditions, Mr. Buckman failed to be renominated and is succeeded by Mr. Lindbergh. In the Fifth, Mr. Fletcher declined to run again and Frank Nye was chosen. While perhaps the candidates for congress have imperfections, the voters realize that no man is perfection, and were willing to accept the men they believed would best serve the interests of their district. As all of the congressional districts in Minnesota are safely Reublican the result of the election in November will be the choosing of a solid Republican delegation. This delegation will stand by the policies of President Roosevelt and the principles which have made the Republican party strong.

* * *

In the light of the present situation, it seems odd to recall that, in a spirit of generosity and fairness, the Republicans some years ago thought it a good plan to allow the Democrats to have a member of congress. They accordingly carved out the Third district and placed therein what were then among the strongest Democratic counties in the state. It would hardly be fair to style this a stroke of political generosity, as it removed some Democratic counties from supposedly Republican districts, leaving them certainly Republican, while otherwise in sharp political scrimmages they might have been doubtful, so the Democratic counties were bunched and the party of slow ideas was allowed to work out its own salvation. Every politician at the time supposed that the state had a hopelessly permanent Democratic congressional district. But the world moves, even if the Democratic party does not, and the people arose in their intelligence and after a few years transformed that supposedly benighted Democratic district into a Republican district and it took its place in the progressive column of Republicanism. For several terms the district was represented by a Democrat in congress, but this year the Democrats did not even nome a candidate, so hopeless has their cause become.

* * *

The other day I picked up a copy of Governor Johnson's inaugural message and was interested to read the section devoted to a distance tariff and to observe the reasons why he objected to it. It was because it might take away from the large cities the advantage they now enjoy over the smaller towns. Of such a tariff the governor said: "It might be of temporary benefit to the rural districts, and at the same time be the means of gradually tearing down our internal terminal markets, the result being eventually to our disadvantage." By "internal terminal markets" the governor of course means St. Paul and Minneapolis. Apparently the governor is more solicitous for the welfare of the Twin Cities than to do anything that will contribute to the growth of the small towns or the advantage of the farmers in the "rural districts."

* * *

The movement for the revision and regulation of railroad rates, which was inaugurated by a Republican legislature and is now being carried on by the railroad and warehouse commission, has borne more fruit. Three of the great railroads have now offered to make a voluntary reduction on the rates on coal in Minnesota. They did this because they saw it was inevitable that a reduction would be ordered if they did not. It is notable that the men whose names are most conspicuous in the movement for lower freight rates are Senator Eberhart, the Republican candidate for lieutenant governor, and Charles F. Staples, one of the sitting members of the railroad commission and candidate for re-election. Mr. Eberhart, when in the senate, offered a joint resolution clothing the railroad and warehouse commission with authority to regulate and revise railroad rates. When it became a law the railroad commission had for one of its three members Hon. Charles F. Staples, who is now a candidate for re-election. Ever since the commission began the work under the joint resolution Mr. Staples has been resolute and aggressive, demanding that the interests of the people should be protected. He made it so clear to the railroads that something more would be done that they offered a voluntary reduction of rates on grain and have now followed with a reduction of rates on coal. In addition, the commission has ordered a reduction on merchandise rates. It is estimated that the reduction of rates on grain and coal will save the people $2,000,000 and the reduction on merchandise rates $750,000, so that the aggregate reduction which has been secured up to this time amounts to $2,750,000. It should be borne in mind that this has been entirely secured by Republican activity and that two of the most active men in obtaining this great relief for the public are now candidates for office before the people. If men are to be judged by their works and a party is to be measured by what it accomplishes for the people, these men and the Republican party would seem to have some tangible claim on the voters in November.

JOHNSON ENDORSES BRYAN

NELSON ADVISED TO MIND HIS OWN BUSINESS AND NOT BUTT IN.

When in Washington last May Governor Johnson, in an interview, said:

"Bryan is the logical candidate of the Democrats for the presidency. He will undoubtedly be nominated at the convention of 1908, and will sweep the Middle West like a whirlwind. * * * If anybody but Roosevelt is nominated Mr. Bryan will be the next president. * * *

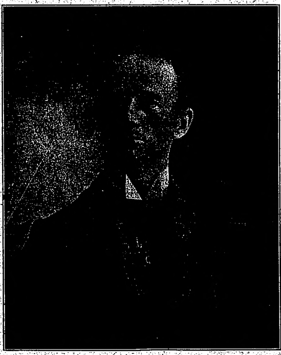
"The Democrats of Minnesota are hopeful of doing things this year. I do not know how the people of the state regard our administration, but I believe I will be elected again. I would be sure of it if Senator Nelson here would mind his own business and not go around the state butting in and advising the Republicans to support their own ticket."

Uses Oxen About the Farm.

Long Prairie Leader: J. Opager, the well known farmer, was in town Saturday and bought a set of harness for a yoke of oxen he is going to use. He said the farmers made a mistake in not using oxen more than they did. He said, you could hitch up a yoke of oxen and get half way around the field on some small job while you were hitching up a team and that for dozens of little chores around the farm a yoke of oxen are very handy to have. Again, he said, that oxen required but little feed to keep them in good condition and after working them all day they could be turned out to pasture in the evening and be as fresh and ready to go to work in the morning as would be a team of horses that had been fed sixty or eighty cents worth of feed over night. He said he had three teams but he found it a good investment to keep a yoke of oxen about the farm.

Just Like Him.

Arthur—You think I don't love you, darling? Why, I would die for you. Arethusa—Yes, and it would be just like you to do it so that your funeral would come on a day when I had to give up a real nice engagement to attend it. Oh, you men are so selfish!



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Five Minute Automobiles.

Mr. Herbert N. Casson in Pearson's magazine says that the factories of America turn out one automobile every five minutes. This country is making more automobiles than England, Germany, Italy or even France, and we have $21,310,000 invested in the industry. Twenty-four thousand machines are registered in New York state, while in France, where the machine originated, there are not more than 17,000. This shows the marvelous growth of an industry which has merit. The merit of golden grain belt beer, embodied in its purity and healthful qualities, recommends it to every provider for the home. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

A Lullaby.

Magistrate—You are accused of attempting to hold a pedestrian up at 2 o'clock this morning. What have you to say in your own behalf?

Prisoner—I am not guilty, your honor. I can prove a lullaby.

Magistrate—You mean an alibi.

Prisoner—Well, call it what you like, but my wife will swear that I was walking the floor with the baby at the hour mentioned in the charge.—Chicago News.

Sad.

First Baby—You look sad.

Second Baby—I am. I feel keenly the responsibility of having parents who cannot afford to have me.—Smart Set.

Seized His Chance.

Miss Prim—In Siberia do they have reindeer? Mr. Nervey—Yes, but oftener they have snow, darling.—Cleveland Leader.

Quite Proper.

Little Rollo—Pop, what is an upright piano? Pop—One that plays only sacred music, my son.—Woman's Home Companion.

She Was Stout.

"Do you remember how you used to put your arm round my waist when we were engaged, ten years ago? You never do it now."

"No; my arm has not grown any longer."

The average Englishman does not want his wife or sister to be anything but dull. A beautiful and amiable idiot is his ideal of feminine perfection.—Ladies' Field.

Not Conceited.

She—All men are conceited. He—Not all. I see a man every day who is not conceited. She—Where? He—In the mirror.

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Dealer in
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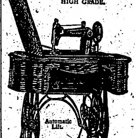
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K. O. Gigstad	Recorder	
A. S. Wilson		Councilmen
D. Patterson		Councilmen
E. M. Hoff		Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer	

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Porrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. HOFF, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 8850 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K.B. Killand, Secy.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me! All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

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THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON. MINN.

Do You Want to MAKE MONEY?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in touch with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commission. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. HOMES, INVESTMENTS, SNAPS. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J. P. GONIGAM
210 Amory Blk.,
OTTAWA, - ILLINOIS

THE LOCAL NEWS

RESOLUTIONS of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

A. F. Ittner and wife spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls.

Victor Brink left last Tuescay for Fertile to take in the fair.

Ed. Whaley returned on Wednesday from North Dakota points.

Prof. J. B. O'Brien and wife were visitors at Thief River Falls last Saturday.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

It has been very windy the past week, last Monday the wind being particularly high.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur was in from her reservation claim a short time last Tuesday.

County Attorney Germo, of Red Lake Falls, was a business visitor here yesterday.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on Oct. 3 and 4.

Our school teachers, Misses Smith, Iverson and Olson, were at Thief River Falls last Saturday.

O. F. Post and Jens Nelson drove up to Thief River Falls last Tuesday on a short business trip.

Miss Tessie Jacobson, of the Ridge, spent last Tuesday afternoon visiting with Miss Eda Brink.

J. W. Fitter, of Portal, N. D., is here this week looking over the country with a view of investing.

Alton Jackson, Clair Jones, Ole Lund and Walter Bergan were visitors at Red Lake Falls last Sunday.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

Mostrom Bros. went through town yesterday with their threshing outfit bound for the Black River country.

The "Jolly Rovers" were very pleasantly entertained last Sunday by the Misses Tessie and Lizzie Jacobson at the Ridge.

Thomas Sletten, who was hurt last Friday, is at St. Vincent hospital at Crookston and is doing as well as can be expected.

The first heavy frost of the season occurred on Thursday morning, Sept. 27, the latest date for killing frost in several years.

Chas. Fellman and J. G. Prior went up to Middle River last Thursday and will spend several days hunting in the Mud lake country.

Mrs. Leonard Holmes and son, Harold, returned on Thursday from St. Paul where they have been spending the past month visiting with relatives.

Ask any "JAP" that you may see,
"Why the Czar, with Bear behind,
had to climb a tree.
The Yanks, God bless the Yanks, says he,
They gave us Rocky Mountain Tea.
Imperial Drug Co.

Mrs. Hiram Dickinson closed out her stock of millinery and some of her household goods at auction last Monday and left on Wednesday evening for her new home at Rainy River.

—Do you want an education? Of course you do. Write to Northwestern College, Fergus Falls, Minn., for catalog. It will make good everything it promises. Enroll Oct. 1, if you can.

Wilson, Steen & Co. have the biggest pumpking of the season on exhibition It was raised in the village by C. H. Martz and weighs 75 pounds. It is a beauty and by far the largest ever seen here.

Presiding Elder Dodds of the M. E. church was here last Tuesday and held services at the M. E. church. Baptismal services were held on Tuesday afternoon and quite a number were baptized.

—Northwestern College, Fergus Falls, Minn., has five fully organized departments: Academic, Normal, Business, Music, Art, with two or three courses in each. Teachers are university or college graduates. School year opens Oct. 1. Send for illustrated catalog free.

Ladies, read this catalogue of charms. Bright eyes, glowing cheeks, red lips, a smooth skin without a blemish, in short, perfect health. For sale with every package Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

FIRE THE OPENING GUN

Senator Knute Nelson Will Open the Campaign at Thief River Falls Oct. 4th.

Hon. Knute Nelson, senior U. S. Senator for Minnesota, will address the voters of Red Lake county at Thief River Falls on Thursday evening, October 4th. Senator Nelson has a reputation as an orator equaled by few in the state and his address should be heard by all who can spare the time to attend.

In the afternoon of the same day the republican county central committee, together with the republican precinct committeemen, and the county candidates are to meet at Thief River Falls to discuss the county issues.

Miss Selina Hoff left last Saturday for an extended visit to Tacoma and other coast points. She was joined at Grand Forks by Miss Ellen Johnson and they are making the trip together, traveling by daytime only to see the country.

—The young people of northern Minnesota have found that the Queen City Business College of Crookston, Minn., is a leading school and are entering in great numbers. Never before has any new school had such liberal patronage.

There was a bet on the other day between Hokan Johnson, Leonard Holmes and Dick Duntley. The one whose waist measurement came nearest to the circumference of the big pumpkin was to buy. The pumpkin measured 63 inches and it was clearly up to Hokan.

It arouses energy, develops and stimulates nervous life, arouses the courage of youth. It makes you young again. That's what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

A skunk somehow got into the shipping bin of a St. Thomas elevator and went down the spout to the car which was being loaded. As he "was busy all the way" the beer that will be brewed from that barley will help make Milwaukee more famous than ever.—Pembina Pioneer Express.

At Bemidji next month the lumber jacks of this northern country will hold a convention. This matter was set on foot by the lumber companies of the district in order to get the men together to employ them to work in the woods this winter. The convention promises to be a very interesting affair.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford has an office at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, on the 8th day of every month. A red letter day to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses.

There has been no tidings so far from Olavus Severson who left here a couple of weeks ago. He left here for Thief River Falls on the train and it was presumed that he intended to return the same evening. He was night engineer at the saw mill and had a good job and was giving good satisfaction. His leaving at that time was considerable of a financial loss to him as he was entitled to extra pay if he stayed the season. He left all of his clothes and some pay at the mill, so his friends fear that something has happened to him.

Millinery Opening.

Mrs. Gray and daughter will open a line of millinery goods of the latest styles and shapes. Opening will be at the old Eickhoff building. Both will be pleased to meet the ladies of St. Hilaire. Hats made to order a specialty. Call and inspect our line.

MRS. C.L. GRAY & DAUGHTER.

Candidates Meet.

A number of the republican candidates on the county ticket held a meeting here last Tuesday. Those present were: J. B. O'Brien, candidate for auditor; O. T. Tandberg, candidate for treasurer; E. L. Quist, candidate for register of deeds; C.W. Johnson, candidate for clerk of court, and Thomas Germo, candidate for county attorney. The result of their deliberations were not made public.

Steenerson at Thief River.

News: Congressman Halvor Steenerson will arrive here next Monday from Crookston and spend a few days looking over the work of the government surveyors in the country northwest of here. Mr. Steenerson is doing this for the purpose of getting familiar with the country tributary to Thief River Falls in order that he may be better posted as to the cost and needs of drainage of the Red Lake Indian lands. Next winter he is going to introduce his drainage bill in congress and it seems very probable that he will succeed in securing its passage.

Your Opportunity.

Have a reliable person examine the different colleges in our field and if he does not find that our school has the most competent teachers, the best and most thorough courses, and that it is in every way the largest and best business school in its field, we will pay your tuition at any school you may wish to enter. Our quarters are larger than those of all other colleges in Crookston combined. Our students say: "Your new catalog is a treasure in itself." Send for it. QUEEN CITY BUSINESS COLLEGE, Crookston, Minn.

For Sale.

Two story frame building and lot with confectionery stock; central location, and doing big business. Good reason for selling. A snap. Inquire at once of

R. H. DUNTLEY,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

ELECTION IS POSTPONED

Special Election to Vote on Electric Light Bonds to be Held Later—Some Opinions.

The bond election will not be held next Tuesday owing to the fact that the notices of election were not prepared in time. It is the intention of the council to call the election just as soon as the lawyers prepare the proper legal papers which will take a couple of weeks or more. The SPECTATOR editor has interviewed a number of our citizens on the subject the past week and we find that the sentiment is not unanimous in favor of bonds. Much will depend on the contract secured from the lumber company and we think it would be a mistake to call the bond election until after the contract for the water power is secured. Many of our citizens are adverse to voting bonds until they know all the facts in the case.

The following are the opinions of a few of our citizens:

O. F. POST: I believe it is a good thing to vote the bonds. I am a firm believer in public improvements and think the present time is the time for us to do something.

LEONARD HOLMES: $10,000 is too much for us to spend for an electric light plant.

M. E. BJERK: I hardly think it would be a paying investment for the village.

ANDREW HALL: I think it would be the right thing to do and I am in favor of it.

A. S. WILSON: I am in favor of voting the bonds if we can make the right kind of a deal for the power. I am not in favor of a steam plant.

WM. EICKHOFF: Think it would be a good thing for the town and I am in favor of it.

C. L. HANSON: I am heartily in favor of voting for the bonds and think this a good time to start public improvements.

H. O. JACKSON: I think it is too expensive for this sized town; we can't afford it. A plant ought to be built cheaper.

HENRY PETERS: Build a brewery with the money and we could all holler for St. Hilaire beer.

J. C. DAHL: I think we ought to know more about it before we vote so large a bond.

CARL JOHNSON: I am not in favor of voting bonds at present.

H. A. JOHNSON: I am in favor of lights but think $6,000 enough to spend for a plant.

K. O. GIGSTAD: I think we had better go ahead, vote the bonds and keep the town alive.

R. H. DUNTLEY: Think we ought to have lights, but the plant ought not to cost $10,000.

JENS NELSON: I am in favor of the bonds and favor putting a large plant with plenty of surplus power which we could offer cheap to prospective users.

M. L. HANSON: I am going to vote for the bonds.

E. M. HOFF: Think we had better be careful and know exactly what we are doing before voting so large a debt.

A Negro from Sweden.

Duluth News-Tribune: The secret of humor and wit is said to be a mingling of the incogruous. It was the height of this latter element which drew a crowd of people around a black and shining negro, a veritable giant, who stepped off the train from Minneapolis the other morning at the union depot.

The negro got off the train with a small crowd of immigrants. Aside from the outlandish apparel of the man and a curious-looking carpetbag which he carried there was nothing to distinguish him from any southern darkey. A baggage hauler approached him, gave him a cursory glance and said:

"Baggage?"

The dusky giant moved awkwardly to one side and answered in a singsong voice something which puzzled the baggage man.

In a manner of tolerant contempt the latter, remembering his divine rights by reason of his color, but at the same time not unmindful of what financial gain might accrue even from a negro, repeated his first question, with some further explanations.

It was then that the crowd took notice, for the Ethiopian, black as the ace of spades, answered in the unmistakable accents of the Swedish race:

"Jag forstor not. Jag yust coom from Sveeden."

It so happened that one or two of the Scandinavians of the Zenith City were present. One of them spoke to the negro and his face lighted up with that expression of unspoiled and innocent joy which the worldly wise of America sometimes call greenness. In the mellifluous accents of northern Sweden the negro told his new acquaintance that his name was Hans Torkelson and that he was born and raised in Sweden. He said that he was going to stop a few days in the city. When asked his impression of America, he sang out, wiping the sweat off his brow:

"De er djevla varmt!"

And the crowd at the union station roared.

For Supt. of Schools.

As republican candidate for Superintendent of Schools, I respectfully solicit your vote and support at the general election.

FRED RICHARDS.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

—For go carts go to Holmes Bros.

THE ELECTION RETURNS

Canvassing Board Has a Two Days Session and Gives Out the Total County Vote.

The canvassing board met last Wednesday to go over the returns of the primary election and wrestled with them for two days to officially determine who were entitled to the certificates of nomination. Following is the total vote:

Congressman—	Halvor Steenerson, rep	756
State Senator—	A. L. Hanson, rep	578
	D. C. Lightbourn, rep	103
	Luman C. Simons, rep	358
Representative—	J. J. Opsahl, rep	588
	Wm. McCuaig, rep	336
County Auditor—	J. E. Ford, dem	129
	Wm. Holberg, rep	306
	John B. O'Brien, rep	656
Treasurer—	K. M. Hansen, dem	115
	L. C. Cadieux, dem	48
	O. T. Tandberg, rep	660
	O. J. Johnson, rep	325
Register of Deeds—	Emil Zeh, dem	144
	E. L. Quist, rep	648
	B. H. Green, rep	358
Judge of Probate—	N. W. Tarrant, dem	144
	Max Perras, dem	84
	Chas. Eklund, rep	820
Sheriff—	D. Linnihan, dem	147
	Robert A. Lee, rep	342
	Lewis A. Nelson, rep	539
County Attorney—	E. M. Stanton, dem	119
	Thomas Germo, rep	700
Surveyor—	James K. Wood, rep	668
Clerk of Court—	Jos. Perrault, dem	120
	C. W. Johnson, rep	520
	Harry E. Ives, rep	425
Supt. of Schools—	Mrs. J. J. Doe, dem	114
	Fred Richards, rep	633
Court Commissioner—	Simon Paul, rep	569
	S. T. Johnson, dem	65
	J. C. Mathews, dem	63
	T. A. Johnson, dem	16
Co. Commissioner, 1st Dist.—	C. A. Lindquist, rep	116
	P. A. Eckstrom, rep	86
Co. Commissioner, 3rd Dist.—	Ed. A. Aubol, rep	152
	N. A. Nelson, rep	75
Co. Commissioner, 5th Dist.—	Joseph Pidgeon, rep	62

There were three towns in which either no election was held or they got lost in the shuffle as no returns were made. They were Goodridge, 153-39 and 154-39.

At present there are two independent candidates in the field, Frank Jeffers for register of deeds, and H. T. McAnulty for superintendent of schools. Both are now circulating their petitions and will have little difficulty in getting the required number of signers, 240.—Courier.

Bismarck Forgave.

Bismarck could forgive, but he wished to do it after proper solicitation. At the beginning of the Danish war Field Marshal Wrangel, who was at the head of the Prussian troops, was exceedingly annoyed at one point to be telegraphed not to advance farther, and he returned a message telling King William that "these diplomatists who spoil the most successful operations deserve the gallows." After that Bismarck ignored him completely, and one day they met at the king's table, where it was especially awkward to preserve a coldness. Wrangel called everybody "du," and presently he turned to Bismarck, who was seated next him, and said, "My son, canst thou not forget?" "No," was the curt reply. After a pause Wrangel began again, "My son, canst thou not forgive?" "With all my heart," said Bismarck, and the breach was healed.

Exciting Novel by Oppenheim.

Novel readers everywhere will be glad to have a tip on the brilliant new romance, "The Great Secret," by E. Phillips Oppenheim, author of "A Prince of Sinners," "The Mysterious Mr. Sabin," and other noted books. It is one of the most fascinating tales of mystery and action in recent fiction. If you read the first page you simply can't get away from the magic spell of the story till the mystery is solved in the last chapter.

Suppose you were quietly undressing in your room at a London hotel when suddenly a terrified man rushed in, locked your door, and told you that the men outside were going to kill him. Suppose you liked the man's looks, so that your fighting blood was up to defend him. What would you do when his enemies burst in your door and tried to drag him off without law or warrant? And suppose the man possessed some momentous secret which made him the victim of an international conspiracy, and that a beautiful American girl seemed to be one of the conspirators. Interesting, is it not? Well, that is only a hint of the first chapter, and the story carries one along in a whirlwind of mystified excitement to the end.

Mr. Oppenheim is a wizard with the pen. Americans are only beginning to realize that he is one of the greatest masters of exciting narratives in this decade. He is an Englishman with an American wife, and characters from both countries figure in his novels. "The Great Secret" is a marvel of its kind. The first installment will appear in the Sunday Magazine of The Chicago Record-Herald, Sept. 30.

Imperial Hall.....
ST. HILAIRE
Friday, October 12.
Shaw & Gallagher Amusement Co. presents
MARIE YONG
in
The Burglar and The Waif.
Seats on sale at Drug Store.

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than.....
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE.....
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

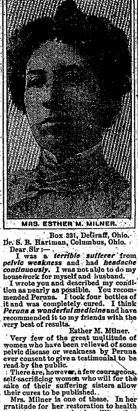
Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at...
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

SAVE MONEY
BY USING
MASCOT FLOUR
BETTER BREAD
and MORE OF IT.
Red Lake Falls Milling Co.
WE PURCHASE ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
H. C. ADAMS, Agent.

PERUNA PRAISED.



MRS. ESTHER M. MILNER.

Box 331, DeGraff, Ohio.
Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.
Dear Sir:—

I was a *terrible sufferer* from *pelvic weakness* and had *headache continuously*. I was not able to do my housework for myself and husband.

I wrote you and described my condition as nearly as possible. You recommended Peruna. I took four bottles of it and was completely cured. I think *Peruna a wonderful medicine* and have recommended it to my friends with the very best of results.

Esther M. Milner.

Very few of the great multitude of women who have been relieved of some pelvic disease or weakness by Peruna ever consent to give a testimonial to be read by the public.

There are, however, a few courageous, self-sacrificing women who will for the sake of their suffering sisters allow their cures to be published.

A GRATEFUL LETTER TO DR. HARTMAN

Mrs. Milner is one of these. In her gratitude for her restoration to health she is willing that the women of the whole world should know it. A chronic invalid brought back to health is no small matter. Words are inadequate to express complete gratitude.

Safe All Around.

He—Aren't you ever afraid to be in the house alone?

She—Not at all. I own a loaded revolver.

He—But aren't you afraid of that?

She—Mercy, no! I keep it locked in a trunk where it can't possibly go off!

WORST FORM OF ECZEMA.

Black Splotches All Over Face—Affected Parts Now Clear as Ever—Cured by the Cuticura Remedies.

"About four years ago I was afflicted with black splotches all over my face and a few covering my body, which produced a severe itching irritation, and which caused me a great deal of annoyance and suffering, to such an extent that I was forced to call in two of the leading physicians of my town. After a thorough examination of the dreaded complaint they announced it to be skin eczema in its worst form. They treated me for the same for the length of one year, but the treatment did me no good. Finally my husband purchased a set of the Cuticura remedies, and after using the contents of the first bottle of Cuticura Resolvent in connection with the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, the breaking out entirely stopped. I continued the use of the Cuticura Remedies for six months, and after that every splotch was entirely gone and the affected parts were left as clear as ever. The Cuticura Remedies not only cured me of that dreadful disease, eczema, but other complicated troubles as well. Lizzie E. Sledge, 540 Jones Ave., Selma, Ala., Oct. 28, 1905."

A Champion.

"Talking of actors," said the comedian, "Stormer certainly is the champion of the century."

"Nonsense!" exclaimed the tragedian. "He is a ham!"

"Yes, but he has walked 100 miles home in faster time than any other actor."

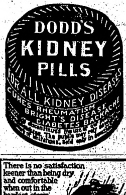
The Boy and the Shoes.

Binks—I see that a pair of shoes can be made by machinery in sixteen minutes.

Jinks—And I've got a boy who can kick to pieces a pair of shoes in eleven minutes and twenty seconds.

Chinese Girls in a Japanese School.

Thirty Chinese young ladies have recently graduated from a Japanese girls' school, which was specially organized for the education of Chinese women in Japan.—Shanghai Mercury.



DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES

There is no satisfaction keener than being dry and comfortable when out in the hardest storm
YOU ARE SURE OF THIS IF YOU WEAR TOWER'S FISH BRAND
WATERPROOF OILED CLOTHING
BLACK OR YELLOW
On sale everywhere

TWO SHARP TRICKS

CONFIDENCE MAN BEATEN AT HIS OWN GAME.

Simple Scheme Evolved in the Keen Brain of Rufus Choate Resulted in Cattle Dealer Recovering His Money.

When Rufus Choate was practicing law in Boston, before he had gained a national reputation, he showed his keenness in numerous small cases, one instance of which will illustrate his genius.

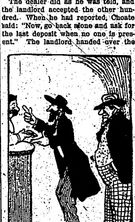
A cattle dealer coming to Brighton to attend the regular weekly cattle sale on the following day, having several hundred dollars in currency with which he intended to buy stock, gave $100 of this sum to the landlord of a road house at which he stopped, to put in the safe for him over night. The next morning when he called for the money, he was told that while in an intoxicated condition the previous night he had asked for the money, and it had been given to him.

The countryman was dumfounded, for he was not a heavy drinker, and was perfectly sober when he retired for the night; but, protest as he would, the landlord stuck to his story, and showed the empty cash box as evidence.

In the emergency some one advised the dealer to consult Choate. He went to Choate's office and explained the case.

As soon as he had concluded, Choate said: "Take a friend along as a witness, and see the landlord, and tell him you are satisfied that you got the money, and get him to take another hundred for safe keeping, and then come back here."

The dealer did as he was told, and the landlord accepted the other hundred. When he had reported, Choate said: "Now, go back alone and ask for the last deposit when no one is present." The landlord handed over the money promptly and the dealer reported as before. Choate said: "Now take the friend who saw you deposit the last hundred and demand your money."



He Got His Money Back.

When confronted by the witness and asked for the money which he had seen him take, the landlord was very indignant and insisted that he had returned it; but the dealer stoutly denied this. When the landlord discovered who had the case he reluctantly gave up the second hundred.

MUSICAL CANES IN MUSEUM.

Violin and Flutes Made in Imitation of Walking Sticks.

Among the queer instruments in the Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York, are a cane violin and three cane flutes. The former is a peculiar, narrow instrument of small size, but perfect in every detail, made in imitation of a walking stick and furnished with an ornamental knob handle. The strings are held by small iron pins and are tuned with a key. When not in use a small bow slips within the stick and a round cover, held by metal bands, conceals the clever little instrument. The length of the violin is two feet 11 inches, and its greatest width is one and three-quarters inches. It is a German conceit, and dates from the nineteenth century. Like the cane violin, the cane flute is also of German make, but it dates from early in the eighteenth century. The flute is in C, and is made of a light wood ornamented with turned bands of the same color and finished with a knob. The lower joint is solid. It has six finger holes and one flat brass key. The instrument is blown at the side like the transverse flute, and is an excellent sounder. It is three feet long, and it requires a close inspection to see that the cane contains a flute.

Largest Tomato Plants.

The largest tomato plants in the world are found in California, says What to Eat. One grower has three plants which have reached a length of 30 feet.

In three months from the time the seeds were planted they had climbed to the top of a 20-foot trellis. When they reached this remarkable height they grew backward until they attained a length of 30 feet.

They have no special care or cultivation and have had no protection from the weather; yet in spite of every disadvantage they kept on growing and fruiting in the most astonishing fashion.

The trunks are one and a half inches in diameter, the foliage thick and luxuriant. Enormous quantities of tomatoes have been picked from these three plants and the fruit is of unusual size, possessing fine flavor.

John H. Price, superintendent of the Gold Reef mines, at Philipsburg, Mont., has just finished shedding his skin. It is a peculiar piece of nature's work, the cause of which the medical profession has so far been unable to explain.

DOCTOR DESPAIRED

Anæmic Woman Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Recommends the Pills to All Others Who Suffer.

Anæmia is just the doctor's name for bloodlessness. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure anæmia as food cures hunger. They cured Mrs. Thomas J. McGann, of 17 Lincoln Place, Plainfield, N. J., who says:

"In the spring of 1903 I did my usual house cleaning and soon afterward I began to have the most terrible headaches. My heart would beat so irregularly that it was painful and there came a morning when I could not get up. My doctor said I had anæmia and he was surprised that I had continued to live in the condition I was in. I was confined to my bed for nearly two months, the doctor coming every day for the first few weeks, but I did not improve to amount to anything. Altogether I was sick for nearly two years. I was as weak as a rag, had headaches, irregular heart beats, loss of appetite, cramps in the limbs and was unable to get a good night's sleep. My legs and feet were so swollen that I feared they would burst.

"Before very long after I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I felt a change for the better. I have taken about twelve boxes and although I was as near the grave as could be, I now feel as if I had a new lease of life. I have no more headaches, the heart beats regularly, my cheeks are pink and I feel ten years younger. I feel that I have been cured very cheaply and I have recommended the pills to lots of my friends."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

More Fortunate.

"Hello!" said the farmer, "what you swearin' about?"

"Why," snapped the disgusted autoist, "this machine's broke down and I can't get it to go."

"Cricky! you're in luck. The last fellow like you that I seen round here got all broke up 'cause he couldn't git his to stop."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Rubbing It In.

"Why is that tramp so raging mad?"

"He picked up a lost package, and when he opened it found nothing but bottles of patent medicine 'for that full feeling.'"

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Lucky at That.

"During the first year of our married life my husband would call me up on long distance 'phone every day when he had to be away from home."

"Doesn't he do so any more?"

"Mercy, no! The only means I have of hearing from him is through the picture postal cards he sends the children."—Judge.

A GOOD SALE.

System That Brought Unexpected Returns.

A well known public accountant was talking about good and bad "Business systems." During his discourse he told this story of a system used in one of the nearby summer resorts, says the Philadelphia Ledger:

"One day a man came into this store and bought some silk and told the clerk to charge it. The clark forgot to ask whom it was to be charged to, and when the purchaser went out he asked his proprietor what to do about it. The proprietor, not wanting to lose the money, the bill amounting to $10, told the salesman to charge it to each person who had an account there. 'Those who didn't buy it will kick and he who did will no doubt pay for it,' he said.

"A month later the proprietor asked the bookkeeper:

"'Did you find out who got that silk about a month ago?'

"'No, sir, I did not,' was the reply, 'but seven different customers have paid for it.'"

THE WAY OUT.

Change of Food Brought Success and Happiness.

An ambitious but delicate girl, after failing to go through school on account of nervousness and hysteria, found in Grape-Nuts the only thing that seemed to build her up and furnish her the peace of health.

"From infancy," she says, "I have not been strong. Being ambitious to learn at any cost I finally got to the High School, but soon had to abandon my studies on account of nervous prostration and hysteria.

"My food did not agree with me, I grew thin and despondent. I could not enjoy the simplest social affair for I suffered constantly from nervousness in spite of all sorts of medicines.

"This wretched condition continued until I was twenty-five, when I became interested in the letters of those who had cases like mine and who were being cured by eating Grape-Nuts.

"I had little faith, but procured a box and after the first dish I experienced a peculiar, satisfied feeling that I had never gained from any ordinary food. I slept and rested better that night and in a few days began to grow stronger.

"I had a new feeling of peace and restfulness. In a few weeks, to my great joy, the headaches and nervousness left me and life became bright and hopeful. I resumed my studies and later taught ten months with ease—of course using Grape-Nuts every day. It is now four years since I began to use Grape-Nuts, I am the mistress of a happy home and the old weakness has never returned." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. "There's a reason." Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

A DANGEROUS PRACTICE.

Burning Off Paint Makes Insurance Void.

It seems that considerable danger to property exists in the practice of burning off old paint before re-painting. The question has long been a subject of debate in the technical journals, and now householders and the newspapers have begun to discuss it. Those of us who, with trembling, have watched the painters blow a fiery blast from their lamps against our houses, and have looked sadly at the size of our painting bill because of the time wasted on this preliminary work, are interested in the investigation by the Greenfield (Mass.) Gazette and Courier, which gives considerable space to the reasons for the practice, questions its necessity and suggests ways to prevent the risk of burning down one's house in order to get the old paint off. It says:

"There is a good deal of discussion among householders as to the desirability, in painting houses, of burning off the old paint, a practice that has grown very common of late in Greenfield and elsewhere. Insurance men are strongly opposed to this method. It makes void insurance policies for fires caused in this manner. Several houses in Greenfield have gotten afire as the result of this method, and in some places houses have burned as a result.

"It is undoubtedly true that when a house has been painted over and over again there comes to be an accumulation of paint in bunches. If new paint is put on top of these accumulations it is almost sure to blister. To burn it off is the quickest and cheapest and perhaps the surest method of getting rid of this old paint."

The Gazette and Courier quotes certain old patrons to the effect that accumulations of paint are unnecessary. These old-timers lay the blame partly on the painter who fails to brush his paint in well, partly on the custom of painting in damp weather or not allowing sufficient time for drying between coats, and partly to the use of adulterated paints instead of old-fashioned linseed oil and pure white lead. The paper says:

"Many of the old householders say that if care is taken at all these points it is absolutely unnecessary to have paint burned off. They advise that people who have houses painted should buy their own materials, and to have them put on by the day, so as to be sure to get good lead and oil. Of course the burning off of paint greatly increases the cost of the job."

The trouble householders everywhere have with paint is pretty well summed up by our contemporary, and the causes are about the same everywhere. By far the most frequent cause of the necessity for the dangerous practice of burning old paint is the use of poor material. The oil should be pure linseed and the white lead should be real white lead. The latter is more often tampered with than the oil. Earthy substances, and pulverized rock and quartz, are frequently used as cheapeners, to the great detriment of the paint.

Painters rarely adulterate white lead themselves and they very seldom use ready prepared paints—the most frequent causes of paint trouble. But they do often buy adulterated white lead because the property owner insists on a low price and the painter has to economize somewhere. The suggestion is therefore a good one that the property owner investigate the subject a little, find out the name of some reliable brand of white lead, and see that the keg is marked with that brand.

The linseed oil is more difficult to be sure of, as it is usually sold in bulk when the quantity is small; but reliable makers of linseed oil can be learned on inquiry, and, if your dealer is reliable, you will get what you want.

Pure white lead and linseed oil are so necessary to good paint that the little trouble necessary to get them well repays the house owner in dollars and cents saved.

Paganini's Proposal.

One night Paganini was going to the Paris opera house, where he was to astonish every one by playing on one string. Being late, he took a cab, and when he arrived at his destination the cabby wanted 10 francs.

"What!" he exclaimed; "you are crazy. I have only had you five minutes."

"I know it is much," said the other, "but for you, who makes a fortune by playing on one string, it must be 10 francs."

"Well," said Paganini, handing him the right fare, "when you can make your cab go on one wheel come to me and I will give you 10 francs."

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors,

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Christian Anderson, Wilkesbarre, Pa., bituminous coal fuel; Henry C. Daley, Hot Springs, S. D., boiler cleaner; William Forster, Winona, Minn., cement; John A. Holton, Winsor, Minn., wrench; Lawrence J. Muehr, Duluth, Minn., car mover; Levi Westgaard, Velva, N. D., animal trap; Charles D. Whiting, Minneapolis, Minn., car coupling.

A Good Name.

Capt. Sealby of the White Star liner Cretic was explaining to a Cincinnatian that his company had considerable difficulty in finding names for their new ships.

"They all have to end with 'ic,' you know," the captain explained.

The Cincinnatian, who was pale and seedy, said, as he looked dismally at the rolling ocean:

"For a suitable name, I would suggest 'Seasic.'"

The Limit.

Hero—Nervus is a disagreeable sort of an individual, isn't he?

Leander—Disagreeable. Why, say, That fellow is worse than a fat man on a hot day in August.

Feed Well.

Griggs—Doctors' fees to-day are sheer robbery.

Briggs—Wouldn't it be better to call them pillage?

IN MINNESOTA.

State News of the Week Briefly Told.

George Rentzel of Little Rock was killed at Glyndon while riding a brake beam on Northern Pacific train No. 4.

Abraham Lemmeix, a Great Northern switchman, was thrown under the cars and instantly killed in the yards at Breckenridge.

At a special meeting of the Hastings board of education Miss Hazel J. Wood was elected librarian in place of Miss Nellie L. Hanna, resigned.

C. W. Magnuson, general merchant at Scandia, has sold out his business, and it is being made a part of the farmers' store at Lindstrom.

While at his home in the southwestern part of Albert Lea a young man named Metraw was struck by a bolt of lightning and instantly killed.

The body of D. S. Hammond of Little Falls, who was drowned in the Mississippi on Sept. 4, was found by his brother, Charles Hammond, and brother-in-law, Joseph Green.

While accompanying his father in the harvest field near Hallock, Herman Kreler, three-year-old son of Williah Kreler, was kicked in the face by a vicious horse and instantly killed.

Messrs. Howe, Hale & Palmerton have just shipped in seven carloads of lambs from Glendive, Mont., which will be pastured on farms in the vicinity of Le Roy and later fatted for the spring market.

Helmer Hussey, working at the Northern Pacific pumping station at Twin Valley, was caught in the shafting of a gasoline engine and nearly pounded to death before he could be released.

Lightning struck the residence of R. G. Marlette at Argyle, stunning the inmates and splintering a chair, from which Miss Marlette had just risen, and killing a dog which lay on the floor beside the chair.

The two-year-old son of Dan Powers of Ortonville was burned to death. The parents were absent and the children were playing with matches, and the little one's clothing caught fire and was burned so that the flesh fell from his body.

Stephen Dreves of Albany, Wis., while stopping in Mankato between trains on his way to Brookings, S. D., to work with a threshing crew, was assaulted by two strangers near the union station and robbed of $9, all the money he had.

The thirty-eighth annual county fair was held at Jackson. The attendance was not so good as last year because of rain, which prevented some of the races. A ball game between Edgerton and Jackson resulted 7 to 1 in favor of Jackson. The exhibits, although fewer than last year, were good.

An enthusiastic meeting of the owners of the Bena townsite was held at Cass Lake and the townsite organized, the following officers being elected: President, Joseph Middleton; vice president, Mrs. G. C. Budge; treasurer, John Simpson. The price of lots was determined, and from present indications a bright future is in store for the town of Bena.

The farmers elected the following officers for the creamery association at Bagley: Erick Erickson, president; George H. French, vice president; John Wick, secretary; Martin Willborg, treasurer, and Simon Eliason, Guy Holte and T. T. Sorenson, directors. It has been decided to build and equip the creamery so as to begin buttermaking in the spring.

While rowing with several companions at Bovey, Samuel Hanson, aged thirty-five, suddenly rose and jumped into the river, disappearing from sight. His startled companions thought he was playing a joke upon them, but after he had been under for some time they made efforts to find him but without success. Later his dead body was recovered. It is not known what caused the suicide.

Nicollet county's new $20,000 jail and sheriff's residence is to be made ready for occupancy nearly eight months in advance of the time originally fixed upon. When the board determined to begin the construction of the jail, the members planned to get it under roof this fall, but to let the cell and iron work go over until the summer of 1907. This program has recently been changed, and it is now the intention of the contractors to finish all the work before Dec. 1.

John Svedlins was engaged in piling lumber in the yard of the J. Neils Lumber company at Sauk Rapids when a severe electrical storm broke, and he was struck by a bolt of lightning and thrown from the pile of lumber. He was picked up alive and carried home. An examination showed that one side of his face, arm and body had been turned entirely black by the lightning. He is completely paralyzed on one side, but physicians say he will live and probably soon recover the use of his limbs.

Steamer on the Rocks.

Tacoma, Sept. 22.—The steamship City of Seattle, en route to Alaska, went on the rocks at Trial island, ten miles from Victoria, at 5 o'clock yesterday morning, in a heavy fog. All passengers are reported safe.

Washington, Sept. 22.—It was announced in orders at the war department that Brig. Gen. Samuel M. Mills, chief of artillery, will be placed on the retired list on the 30th inst., upon his application after over forty-five years' service.

Tired, Nervous Mothers

Make Unhappy Homes—Their Condition Irritates Both Husband and Children—How Thousands of Mothers Have Been Saved From Nervous Prostration and Made Strong and Well.

Mrs. Chester Curry — Mrs. Chas. F. Brown

A nervous, irritable mother, often on the verge of hysterics, is unfit to care for children; it ruins a child's disposition and reacts upon herself. The trouble between children and their mothers too often is due to the fact that the mother has some female weakness, and she is entirely unfit to bear the strain upon her nerves that governing children involves; it is impossible for her to do anything calmly.

The ills of women act like a firebrand upon the nerves, consequently nine-tenths of the nervous prostration, nervous despondency, "the blues," sleeplessness, and nervous irritability of women arise from some derangement of the female organism.

Do you experience fits of depression with restlessness, alternating with extreme irritability? Are your spirits easily affected, so that one minute you laugh, and the next minute you feel like crying?

Do you feel something like a ball rising in your throat and threatening to choke you; all the senses perverted, morbidly sensitive to light and sound; pain in the abdominal region, and between the shoulders; bearing-down pains; nervous dyspepsia and almost continually cross and snappy?

If so, your nerves are in a shattered condition, and you are threatened with nervous prostration.

Proof is monumental that nothing in the world is better for nervous prostration than Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; thousands and thousands of women can testify to this fact.

Mrs. Chester Curry, Leader of the Ladies' Symphony Orchestra, 42 Saratoga Street, East Boston, Mass., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"For eight years I was troubled with extreme nervousness and hysteria, brought on by irregularities. I could neither enjoy life nor sleep nights; I was very irritable, nervous and despondent.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended and proved to be the only remedy that helped me. I have daily improved in health until I am now strong and well, and all nervousness has disappeared."

Mrs. Charles F. Brown, Vice-President of the Mothers' Club, 21 Cedar Terrace, Hot Springs, Ark., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I dragged through nine years of miserable existence, worn out with pain and nervousness, until it seemed as though I should fly. I then noticed a statement of a woman troubled as I was, and the wonderful results she derived from Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I decided to try it. I did so, and at the end of three months I was a different woman. My nervousness was all gone, I was no longer irritable, and my husband fell in love with me all over again."

Women should remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the medicine that holds the record for the greatest number of actual cures of female ills, and take no substitute.

Free Advice to Women.

Mrs. Pinkham, daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write to her for advice. Mrs. Pinkham's vast experience with female troubles enables her to advise you wisely, and she will charge you nothing for her advice.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands a Woman's Ills.

Medical Note.

When you read in the papers that a man died of a complication of diseases it means sometimes that the doctors don't know what was the matter with him.

Real Windmills.
During the U. S. Centennial Exposition held at philadelphia, Pa., in 1876, a heavy storm struck the city. An Eclipse Mill was the only one unharmed. All the others were either blown completely down or wrecked on their towers.
Ask for Free Catalog ST-167.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., St. Paul.

Another One.

"What are you going to call your verses?" asked Joakley.

"'A Broken Vase,'" replied Rimer.

"Ah, that reminds me of a little thing a servant girl of ours dashed off the other day."

Money refunded for each package of PUNAM FADELESS DYES if unsatisfactory. Ask your druggist.

A patent medicine testimonial occasionally thrusts greatness on a small man.

THE BEST COUGH CURE

Many a lonesome and expensive trip to Florida, California or the Adirondacks has been saved by the use of

Kemp's Balsam

the best cough cure. If this great remedy will not cure the cough, no medicine will, and then all hope rests in a change of climate—but try Kemp's Balsam first.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

S&B Send for Our Free Harness Booklet
If you are about to buy a harness, don't fail to write us to-day, or ask your dealer to show you our line.
SCHEFFER & ROSSUM CO., St. Paul, Minn.

CREAM
WE PAY CASH
THE CRESCENT CREAMERY CO
ST. PAUL, MINN.

CONSIGN VEAL Poultry, Eggs, Apples, Etc.
To H. A ERTZ, 24 East 3d St., St. Paul, Minn.

CREAM and POULTRY
ASK FOR INFORMATION,
R. E. COBB, St. Paul, Minn.

Oh! What a Cold I HAVE.
You can quickly get rid of it by taking
Johnson's Anodyne Liniment
DROPPED ON SUGAR.
It's as much for Internal as External use, and for 96 years has been curing colds, coughs, croup, cramps and colic. Try it. 25 and 50 cents. At all dealers.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

VIRGINIA FARMS 5 to 5,000 acres at $4 acre up. Catalog free; large map 10c. stamps. Southern Timber & Land Co., Inc., Petersburg, Va.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

N. W. N. U. —NO. 39— 1906.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 Shoes
BEST IN THE WORLD
W. L. Douglas $4 Gilt Edge line cannot be equalled at any price

To Shoe Dealers: W. L. Douglas' Jobbing House is the most complete in this country Send for Catalog
SHOES
ESTABLISHED 1876 CAPITAL $2,500,000

SHOES FOR EVERYBODY AT ALL PRICES.
Men's Shoes, $5 to $1.50. Boys' Shoes, $3 to $1.25. Women's Shoes, $4.00 to $1.50. Misses' & Children's Shoes, $2.25 to $1.00.
Try W. L. Douglas Women's, Misses and Children's shoes; for style, fit and wear they excel other makes.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other make.

Wherever you live, you can obtain W. L. Douglas shoes. His name and price is stamped on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and inferior shoes. Take no substitute. Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes and insist upon having them.
Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.
Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Dept. 11, Brockton, Mass.

90,000,000 BUSHELS
160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE
THAT'S THE WHEAT CROP IN WESTERN CANADA THIS YEAR
This with nearly 90,000,000 bushels of oats and 17,000,000 bushels of barley means a continuation of good times for the farmers of Western Canada.
Free farms, big crops, low taxes, healthy climate, good churches and schools, splendid railway service.
The Canadian Government offers 160 acres of land free to every settler willing and able to comply with the Homestead Regulations.
Advice and information may be obtained free from W. D. Scott, Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada; or from authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota

YOU CANNOT CURE
all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions of the mucous membrane such as nasal catarrh, uterine catarrh caused by feminine ills, sore throat, sore mouth or inflamed eyes by simply dosing the stomach.
But you surely can cure these stubborn affections by local treatment with
Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic
which destroys the disease germs, checks discharges, stops pain, and heals the inflammation and soreness.
Paxtine represents the most successful local treatment for feminine ills ever produced. Thousands of women testify to this fact. 50 cents at druggists.
Send for Free Trial Box
THE R. PAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS Washington, D. C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau.

ESTABLISHED 1879.
WOODWARD & CO.
Minneapolis GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1906. NUMBER 12.

AWFUL HAVOC TO PROPERTY AND LIFE BY STORM

LOSS OF LIFE MAY REACH HUNDREDS—PROPERTY LOSS MANY MILLIONS.

MANY CITIES ARE LAID WASTE

MOBILE AND PENSACOLA REPORT GREATEST DAMAGE—PANIC PREVAILS.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 29.—The tropical hurricane, which for the past twenty-four hours has been churning the waters of the Gulf of Mexico and doing much damage on the coast and far inland, is whipping through Northern Alabama in a northeasterly direction at a velocity but slightly less than that recorded at New Orleans during the day.

Railroads Suffer Greatly.

A gale is blowing at Birmingham after a day of steady rain, and at Memphis the rain has been continuous for thirty-six hours.

The damage to railroads is very heavy. Reports to the Louisville & Nashville road indicate that the losses approximate $1,000,000. The tracks between Wheaton, Ala., and Pensacola, Fla. are obstructed in many points and badly torn up by falling trees.

At Pensacola the Louisville & Nashville grain elevator has been destroyed and the entire trackage to Escamba bay is ruined. The railroad wharf at Pensacola is reported to be a total loss, and thirty-nine cars of coal were washed into the bay.

The Louisville & Nashville also suffered several washouts near New Orleans, and no trains are run over certain sections of that trackage.

Two Killed.

Passengers arriving here over the Illinois Central last night said that while the train was stopping at McComb, Miss., a hotel had collapsed in a wind storm there, killing two persons. They said that heavy wind was encountered at McComb. They had no further details.

Many Lives Lost.

Mobile, Ala., Sept. 30.—Between 75 and 100 lives lost, fully two score vessels driven ashore or wrecked in various parts of the Gulf of Mexico, damage amounting to $4,500,000 in the city of Mobile and to the extent of millions or more at outside points is the record of the storm which swept over Mobile on Wednesday and Wednesday night. No accurate estimate of the number of casualties can be made, and it is doubtful if it will be known for a week or more.

Great apprehension exists regarding the situation at Gulfport and Biloxi, where it is believed that many lives have been lost.

Great Waves Sweep City.

While the storm was at its height in Mobile, the water from the bay was driven in in great force toward the city, the water coming in great waves six feet deep. Two blocks up, in the heart of the city, the flood was driven, filling every basement and store. At Commerce street, the first thoroughfare away from the docks, the water in the stores was five and one-half feet deep. The damage in the city of Mobile proper has been enormous. It has been contended by some that there is not a building in the city which has not been damaged.

Under Martial Law.

The city has been placed under the control of the militia. Nobody is permitted on the streets except newspaper men and persons wearing badges. Much apprerension is felt for the suburban towns, as it is feared they have been obliterated. The chances are that the loss of life on Dauphin island is great. Many fishermen live on Dauphin island and other outlying marshy districts from which no tidings have been received. The suffering in Mobile is severe. The interruption of transportation facilities has shut off supplies, and unless help arrives from the outside world soon great distress will result. Every church in Mobile is damaged.

Shipping Suffers Most.

Mobile's shipping suffered more than anything else. Many of the river boats are now beached or sunken, all complete wrecks The docks and those of private corporations are fearfully wrecked. The revenue cutter Alert has gone down in Mobile river. She was rammed by some unknown vessel and sank immediately. Her crew is believed to have escaped, but nothing has been seen of them.

Numerous sawmills located in the northern and marshy districts have been either washed away by the terrific waves or torn to splinters by the wind.

Much fear is entertained for Fort Morgan, where the government quarantine station is located and many soldiers live.

Awul Terrors of Storm.

Words cannot describe the terrors of the storm. During the hours between 6 p. m. Thursday and noon Friday trees fell and roofs were crushed by hundreds. Through the streets, carried by the terrific wind, was hurled thousands of piecess of slate and tin roofing, cornices, shingles and in fact all kinds of debris. Blinds were torn from their fastenings and windows smashed as though of tissue paper. Many people were seriously injured and cut by the flying slate and tin. The railroads have started wreckers out to clean up and repair tracks, but their task is herculean. The office of the Western Union Telegraph company was six feet under water. Its batteries were flooded with water and it will be some time before business can be resumed. The Postal Telegraph building, while not as low lying, also suffered severely.

All Is Confusion.

There is no way to arrive at a correct estimate of the losses owing to the disordered state of business. All is confusion. Hundreds of bales of cotton floated through the main streets of the city and were carried out to sea.

Towns along the Mobile & Bay Shore road suffered immensely, owing to their exposed condition. No word from the coast towns along the Louisville & Nashville road has reached the city. There is no doubt that many lives have been lost and severe damage experienced both to residence and business property.

Pensacola Is Wrecked.

Pensacola, Sept. 30.—The worst hurricane to visit this city in its history raged here furiously all Thursday night, with a gale still blowing. The city presents a wrecked appearance and the damage is estimated at $5,000,000. The loss of life is heavy among the mariners, but thus far only one body has been recovered. Other bodies are reported along the shore, but have not been recovered.

Makes Rivers of Streets.

Commencing at 7 o'clock Thursday night the wind blew at fifty miles for three hours, then increased to sixty-five miles. From that time until 5 o'clock yesterday morning it remained at about eight and ninety miles an hour. The tides from the bay backed into the city for blocks, destroying homes and making rivers out of streets. When the gale was at its height yesterday morning, men, women and children were running frantically about the streets in darkness, adding to the confusion. The fire started in the Pitt mill, near the business district, and horses of the fire department refused to go out in the weather.

Shore Strewn With Wreckage.

Yesterday afternoon the water rose until the business districts presented an almost indescribable scene. Of the fifty or sixty big steamers and sailing vessels lying in the harbor, only five or six are there now. They have been driven ashore, and along the water front is a mass of wreckage of steamers, towboats, launches and sailing craft of all descriptions. Thirty fishing vessels in port have been destroyed or damaged.

Every house along the water front for a distance of ten miles has been destroyed and the wonder is that the loss of life is not greater.

War Vessels Wrecked.

War vessels at the Pensacola navy yard undergoing repairs were the gunboats Vixen, Machias, Isle de Luzon and Gloucester, besides several smaller craft and the quartermaster's steamer Poe. They were in an exposed position, and it is feared they have been beached.

New Orleans Suffers.

New Orleans, Sept. 30.—The tropical hurricane which struck the gulf coast Wednesday night with a velocity reaching ninety miles an hour spent its force early Thursday morning and Thursday night was plowing its way up through Central Alabama towards the inland. The city was practically isolated from the outside world, all wires being down. All the telegraph companies lost eastern and northern connections.

The last train out on the Louisville & Nashville was Wednesday at 5:30 p. m.

Suffer Great Damage.

Lake Ponchertrain resorts suffered heavily. Milnberg felt the force of the storm and there was some loss and suffering during the early hours of Thursday night. In New Orleans the storm reached its height about 7 a. m., and before noon the gale began to subside. The greatest damage has been from the blowing down of fences, valuable tropical plants and shade trees and unroofing of a number of buildings.

CUP OF MISERY RUNS OVER

RAIN STORM AT MOBILE CAUSES DAMAGE EQUAL TO THE HURRICANE.

Mobile, Ala., Oct. 2.—The number of casualties in the great storm of last Wednesday is slowly increasing as messages are received from places which have heretofore been inaccessible. The total Saturday night of the known dead was seventy-five. This number was brought up to a certainty of seventy-nine, and a possibility of 102 by the reports which reached Mobile during the night and early yesterday. Four bodies not before counted have been found at Codan, and it is estimated that twenty-three lives have been lost from the oyster fleet around Cedar Point. This last estimate is not known to be correct, and is probably somewhat exaggerated.

Death Roll About 125.

It is known that some of the boats on which these men were have been driven ashore, and it is entirely possible that some of the crews managed to escape. It does not seem likely that the death roll will amount in this vicinity to more than 125.

The property loss at Mobile will probably approximate $8,000,000.

Lumber Loss $10,000,000.

It is now believed that the loss to the lumber interests alone will aggregate $10,000,000. It is almost impossible for any person who has not been through the storm-swept district to comprehend the extent to which the country has been swept of pine lumber. Tens of thousands of trees of the finest quality have been blown down. It is possible that some of this may be saved, but much of it is lost beyond recovery.

Hundreds of Miles Under Water.

New Orleans, Oct. 2.—Reports that probably a dozen lives were lost and that hundreds of square miles of land were under eighteen inches to four feet of water during the hurricane on the Mississippi river delta were brought here yesterday. The inundated tract begins fifty to seventy miles below New Orleans and is mostly inhabited by fishermen and oyster men.

Reports yesterday from the Mississippi sound islands, which were inundated, say that the loss to the United States marine hospital quarantine station on Ship Island is about $60,000. Of the eight sailing vessels wrecked on the island, it is reported that half of them can probably be repaired and floated.

STRICKEN CITY AGAIN SUFFERS.

Fear of Repetition of Hurricane Keeps People in State of Panic.

Mobile, Ala., Oct. 3.—Haunted by the recollections of the great storm which has just passed, sustaining further injury and increased financial loss from a heavy rainfall yesterday, and fearful of what to-day may bring, the residents of the city of Mobile had a most uncomfortable twelve hours and retired for the night, filled with forebodings.

Many residents were at times in a state of semi-panic over the dispatches from Washington, which directed that storm warnings be displayed along the Florida coast.

Cup of Misery Runs Over.

There was a slight grain of comfort in the earler messages, as they did not mention Mobile among the places likely to be visited by the storm now coming up through the Gulf of Mexico. Late in the day, however, the name of Mobile was added to the list of places in the path of a possible tornado, and Mobile's cup, which had been full of misery all day, commenced to run over.

Rain Duplicates Storm Loss.

The business houses of the city yesterday sustained almost as much financial loss from a heavy rain storm which set in shortly after midnight and lasted about twelve hours, as from the recent disaster. There is scarcely a building in the business section of the city whch has a roof capable of keeping out the rain. Many of them have no roofs at all, and during the storm of yesterday, in which four inches of rain fell, the water poured down through elevator shafts, leaking roofs and unprotected upper floors, ruining much merchandise. One of the leading merchants declared unless the rain soon stopped he would be utterly ruined and would be compelled to go out of business. Others were in a condition almost as desperate.

Cheerfulness Follows Gloom.

Pensacola, Fla., Oct. 3.—A feeling of cheerfulness, after days of gloom, prevailed in stricken Pensacola yesterday, and the citizens faced the situation with vim. It is known thatthe destroyed portions of the city, wharves and mills will not only be rebuilt, but on a larger scale.

Sensational reports published by some papers and sent out by the special correspondents are being harshly criticised, and yesterday the mayor issued a statement saying the Associated Press estimate of $5,000,000 loss is conservative.

HAS NO THOUGHT OF ANNEXATION

PRESIDENT SAYS CUBA IS TO BE GIVEN CHANCE TO RESTORE GOVERNMENT.

MAGOON IS TO BE GOVERNOR

FORMER GOVERNOR OF PANAMA TO SUCCEED TAFT—PALMA LEAVES HAVANA.

Washington, Oct. 4.—President Roosevelt discussed freely yesterday with his cabinet and with individual callers, among whom were Senators Knox and Foraker, the present situation in Cuba and its temporary occupation by the American forces. The matter was talked over at the cabinet meeting, but no definite announcement of the result of the deliberations were given out. The president related to the cabinet and to the other callers with whom he had talked that the action taken by the American government was desired.

Solely for the Benefit

of the people of the island, with a view to the complete restoration of order there and the protection of all interests. He declared that he had no such motive in view as the possible annexation of the island by the United States. What he wanted now was that the Cubans should be given another chance at self-government.

Magoon to Be Governor.

It seems to be well settled that Former Governor Charles E. Magoon of the Panama canal zone, who has just returned from Panama, will be appointed provisional governor, in succession to Secretary Taft.

Gov. Magoon is anxious to go to Cuba. The president expects Mr. Taft to return to Washington in a fortnight or less.

Decides on Intervention.

Havana, Sept. 30.—American intervention in Cuba will be an accomplished fact to-day.

President Roosevelt's commissioners, although clothed with the fullest authority from him to take such action whenever it became obvious that the effort of securing peace by harmonizing the warring Cubans would be unsuccessful, have patiently withheld their hands from this setting aside Cuban sovereignty until the last hope had disappeared.

No sooner was the failure of the adjourned session of congress and the declared intention of the government officers no longer to serve reported to Secretaries Taft and Bacon than the preparations for armed intervention were put into operation.

Marines Are Landed.

A telehone wire had been quietly laid from the American legation to the battleship Louisiana, and as soon as the order was received from Secretary Taft thirty marines were landed and proceeded quickly and quietly to the treasury building, where they went on guard. In the meanwhile Capt. Albert R. Coudon, commander of the naval force; Capt. Seaton Schroeder of the battleship Virginia; Brig. Gen. Funston and Maj. Ladd were in conference with Messrs. Taft and Bacon, completing plans for the guarding of the city and arranging for the occupation. Gen. Rodriguez, commander of all the Cuban forces, is acting in perfect harmony with the American commissioners, and the rural guards can be depended upon absolutely to assist the provisional government in every respect.

Ceremony Is Absent.

Havana, Oct. 2.—With far less ostentation than accompanies the accession of a new municipal administration the government of Cuba was formally taken over by William H. Taft, secretary of war of the United States, who, in a proclamation couched in a kindly and diplomatic tone, indicative of the policy he would pursue, declared himself provisional governor of the island.

The fact that the government changed hands from a position of absolute independence to the restraint of a temporary protectorate was received by the masses with absolute indifference.

Funston Takes Rebels' Arms.

The work of disposing peacefully of the revolutionary forces in arms against the Cuban government is already practically under way. Brig. Gen. Frederick Funston, chairman of the disarmament commission, had two amicable conferences yesterday with Generals Pino Guerra and Del Castillo and arranged a program perfectly satisfactory to all concerned.

In fact, Gen. Funston said last evening that the windup will be so smooth and rapid that it will take much less time than had been anticipated.

450 Marines Landed.

The first landing of any considerable number of Americans took place last night, when 450 marines came ashore. This force proceeded to Cienfuegos last evening. It was explained that this movement was not made on account of any actual trouble in Cienfuegos, but for the purpose of exerting a calming influence on the local situation, which contains some possibility of a conflict by reason of the tense feeling existing between the government volunteers and the insurgents.

Taft's Acts Please Cubans.

Havana, Oct. 3.—Gov. Taft's acts yesterday have gone far to win him a warm place in the hearts of the people whose destinies have been placed in his hands.

Presiding yesterday morning at the opening exercises of the University of Havana he declared his mission here was solely for the purpose of uplifting the fallen republic and restoring it to the path of prosperity, an announcement which was received with demonstrations of delight by an audience representative of the highest society in Havana.

Still another act of Gov. Taft's is warmly commended as illustrative of his thoughtful consideration of the humbler classes. Learning that many poor families occupying the temporarily disused barracks at Camp Columbia were about to be

Summarily Evicted

by order of the Cuban authorities, in preparation of the occupation of the quarters by the brigade of marines, Gov. Taft directed that these people remain undisturbed in their homes for a period of fifteen days. In the meanwhile a porton of the marines will remain under canvas. The order of eviction had been issued in the name of the provisional government. Upon hearing of the plight of the present tenants of the barracks Gov. Taft went to Camp Columbia in an automobile, explained that he had not been aware of the conditions and rescinded the order. He left the camp amid cheers and warm expressions of gratitude from the people.

Moderates Blame Taft.

The executive committee of the Moderate party has issued a manifesto strongly inferring that the American commission is to blame for the intervention. It summarizes the attitude of the party, eulogizes Former President Palma, his actions and his resignation, reiterates the legality of the last elections and denies all responsibility for the revolution and the results thereof. The manifesto asserts that the bases presented by President Roosevelt's commissioners were practically the same as those submitted by the Liberals. In justification of their action in deserting congress the Moderate leaders say intervention was then already an accomplished fact.

An Ounce of Prevention.

Havana, Oct. 4.—The attitude of the authorities of the United States in Cuba regarding the possibilities of the present situation seemed fairly expressed yesterday afternoon when Col. Waller, commanding the marines, remarked to the Associated Press that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure.

The remark was called forth by preparations that were going on at Camp Columbia to transport 450 marines from the encampment westward for the purpose of having them in adjacent towns when the first installments of Gen. Guerra's disbanded men reach those places to-day.

Offer Taft Assistance.

Gens. Guerra and Del Castillo are actively co-operating to this end. Together with Guzman, the commander-in-chief of the rebels in Santa Clara province, they called at the American legation yesterday and renewed their promises of courtesies and discussed the projected amnesty proclamation.

The fact that Gen. Guzman is in sincere co-operation is regarded to preclude trouble of any consequence in the work of disarming the rebels in Santa Clara province, and no fears of disorders in other sections are entertained.

Palma Quietly Departs.

While the departure yesterday from Havana of ex-President Palma was the most important event of the last twenty-four hours, the former president left the capital so quietly that the public did not realize he had gone until the news was given in the afternoon papers. Only his cabinet ministers and a few intimate friends accompanied the former president and his family to the railroad station.

On the way from Havana to Matanzas Senor Palma's special train stopped at two stations where the government volunteers were preparing to disarm and disband.

Sure to Re-elect Palma.

He said also that the Cuban people were sure to re-elect Palma to the presidency at the first opportunity.

Senor Palma said to Col. Lima that he had full confidence in the good faith of the United States and that he believed the American government intended to restore Cuban independence. He advised all to be patient and await the outcome, which he felt sure would be entirely acceptable.

LAY DOWN ARMS WITH ALACRITY

CUBAN REBELS SURPRISE GOVERNMENT BY GIVING UP WITHOUT MURMUR.

SMOOTHLY WORKING PROGRAM

AMERICANS ENCOUNTER NO OPPOSITION—MAGOON TO BE GOVERNOR.

Havana, Oct. 4.—The celerity with which the rebels are laying down their arms is the greatest surprise the provisional government has encountered in its smoothly working program. This operation is now well under way in the vicinity of Havana, 700 of Guerra's men, with their horses, having already entrained for Pinar del Rio, while one brigade marched to Guanajay yesterday without a sign of disorder.

Hundreds of persons from Havana went out to Santiago de Las Vegas and Rincon to view the disarmament. They were disappointed at not seeing the rebels actually surrender their guns, but nevertheless they witnessed an interesting sight.

Funston Makes Concession.

As a concession to the men Gen. Funston and Maj. Ladd permitted them to take their arms to Pinar del Rio, where most of them joined the insurgent army. The rifles, however, were first counted by officers of marines, under the direction of Maj. Ladd, and the men will be required to surrender them before leaving the train at Pinar del Rio.

The marines sent to Pinar del Rio Tuesday night were prepared to enforce order and see that the disbanded rebels dispersed quietly. Gen. Guerra had promised that 1,000 men would be ready for entrainment, but the preparation of the muster rolls required so much time that another special train conveying 400 men and horses will leave Rincon for Pinar del Rio today.

Very Little Fighting.

The remainder of Guerra's men will be marched to Guanajay and other points in Pinar del Rio province as rapidly as the muster rolls are prepared. According to the testimony of an American, one Harvey, who has been with the insurgents, the amount of actual fighting was small. Harvey says that most of the fighting he saw was between game cocks. About 10 per cent of Guerra's men carry fighting cocks tied to their saddles.

It is reported that some of Gen. Del Castillo's followers are reluctant to disarm, but the brigade commanders have informed Maj. Ladd that their men will disband when ordered to do so by Gen. Del Castillo.

Receives an Ovation.

Yesterday afternoon Gen. Del Castillo directed an order to his subordinates, telling them to comply with every request of the American officer.

The disarming commission which was sent to Santa Clara province entered the Cienfuegos district yesterday afternoon. A dispatch from Cruces reports that the commission received an ovation on the way from Santa Clara.

The revolutionists at various points along the line were willing to disband, believing thoroughly in the honorable intentions of President Roosevelt and Secretary Taft.

The speech delivered by Gov. Taft before the University of Havana has been received with great satisfaction by both the revolutionists and the government party in Santa Clara province.

Marauders Destroy Property.

Since the cessation of hostilities marauding bands have stolen or destroyed more or less property in Santa Clara province.

This week a band attacked the San Nicholas plantation, owned by a captain of the rural guards, and butchered 200 head of cattle. The motive for this destruction is said to have been personal spite.

In addition to the American marines at Cienfuegos there are detachments in other Santa Clara towns.

Other detachments are guarding American properties in the Manicaragua district.

Trouble Is Averted.

Officials of the Cuban Central railroad estimate that the insurgents damaged the road to the extent of $100,000.

Gov. Taft has received a dispatch that the threatened disturbances in Cienfuegos have been obviated by the withdrawal of the insurgents from that city.

Gov. Taft now occupies the office in which the affairs of Cuba have been administered successively by the Spanish governors of the island, Gen. Leonard Wood and President Palma.

Magoon Will Go.

Washington, Oct. 4.—It was announced at the White House yesterday afternoon that upon further consideration of the subject the president had decided to adhere to his plan formed Tuesday and send Charles E. Magoon to Cuba to relieve Secretary Taft as provisional governor, allowing Gov. Winthrop to remain in Porto Rico, where his services are needed.

Judge Magoon late yesterday was informed that Secretary Taft desires him to come to Havana at the earliest possible moment. He will leave here Saturday, which will enable him to catch a steamer at Miami, Fla., due in Havana Tuesday. Gen. Bell, who has been ordered to Cuba, will accompany Mr. Magoon.

Dine at White House.

Last night Mr. Magoon, Secretary and Mrs. Root and Rev. Dr. Peabody of Groton, Mass., were guests at dinner at the White House.

It was stated late yesterday that the president had reached his intention not to send Gov. Magoon to Cuba, as announced earlier in the day, because of advices then in hand from Secretary Taft, intimating that the arrangements made for Gov. Winthrop assuming the duties of provisional governor had gone too far to be changed conveniently. A later dispatch from the secretary, however, put the matter in a different light, and indicated the secretary was willing that the governor should remain in Porto Rico.

Magoon the President's Man.

President Roosevelt, who has all along been anxious to have Mr. Magoon go to Cuba, acted promptly on the secretary's dispatch and immediately announced the appointment of Mr. Magoon. This decision, he feels, leaves Gov. Winthrop to finish important work which he has in hand in Porto Rico and will delay but a few months Judge Magoon's departure for the Philippines.

When Gen. Bell returned to the war department after his personal conference with the president, at which he received his orders to go to Cuba, he found on his desk a direction by the president that Gen. Thomas H. Barry, assistant chief of staff, should be designated at acting chief of staff in Gen. Bell's absence.

Gen. Bell said he knew practically nothing of the reasons for his being ordered to Cuba, except that the president had received from Secretary Taft a request to that effect.

While in Cuba Gen. Bell, by virtue of his rank, will be in command of the American troops.

Quesada to Remain In.

Washington, Oct. 4.—Secretary Root yesterday made public a letter he had written to Gonzalo de Quesada, minister of Cuba, in which Mr. Quesada is urged to remain at his post as minister. Mr. Quesada had sent in his resignation upon the downfall of the Palma government. Secretary Root expresses the determination "of Cuba's real friends that all this wretched business will soon be over."

Mr. Quesada, in a letter in reply, undertakes to remain, at least temporarily.

CONTRACT SYSTEM FOR CANAL.

Tentative Decision Is Reached by Chairman Shonts.

Washington, Oct. 4.—A tentative decision has been reached by Chairman Shonts of the isthmian canal commission that the Panama canal be built by contract. An announcement of the final determination of the canal officials respecting the method of construction is expected in a few days.

Chairman Shonts had a long conference last night with President Roosevelt, at which many matters relating to the canal were considered. The president is anxious that a conclusion be reached on all questions of canal construction as soon as possible, so that the actual work of construction may be pressed vigorously.

HUGHES ACCEPTS.

Says Issue in New York Is One of Decent Government.

New York, Oct. 4.—With the declaration that the issue in the forthcoming campaign in this state is not to be one of Republican principles or of Democratic principles, or a partisan issue at all, but the vital issue of decent government, Charles E. Hughes of this city last night formally accepted the nomination for governor, which was brought to him by a committee from the Republican state convention recently held at Saratoga.

EARTHQUAKE IN NANAIMO.

Shock of Two Seconds' Duration on Vancouver Island.

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 4.—Nanaimo, on Vancouver island, experienced a slight earthquake shock at 12:35 o'clock yesterday morning. The tremor lasted two seconds and was distinctly felt. Reports from Northfield say that the shock was heavier there. No damage was done.

Three Indians Sentenced.

Fargo, N. D., Oct. 4.—Judge Amidon, in the United States court yesterday, sentenced the three Indians convicted of a murderous assault on Indian Policeman Huntsalong of Fort Berthold reservation. Drags Wolf got ten months in the Fargo jail, Medicine Crow eight months at Bismarck and Makes-the-Dust-Fly eight months in the Mandan jail.

Sees Husband Fall.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Oct. 4.—Judging the horse show at the Cedar Rapids carnival yesterday J. D. Fisher of West Liberty dropped dead of apoplexy. His death occurred in the sight of nearly 2,000 people, who had assembled to see the show. His wife was sitting in the grand stand and saw him fall dead.

Barbarous Execution.

New York, Oct. 4.—A cable from St. Petersburg says that nine corpses, with sacks over their heads and bullet holes in their breasts, have floated ashore near the palace of Peterhof. They are presumably those of sailors recently executed at Kronstadt.

EARL PRAISES ROOSEVELT.

Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 30.—The Dominion forestry convention closed yesterday. It was opened by the governor general, Earl Grey, who said a debt of gratitude was owing to President Roosevelt for sending forestry representatives to Canada's convention and that Roosevelt's friendship for Canada was appreciated. A resolution to urge the federal government to prohibit the exports of blocks and pulp wood and logs to the states was overwhelmingly defeated.

Bride 67; Groom 24.

Norway, Mich., Sept. 30.—Marriages in which the bride is nearly three times the age of the groom are exceedingly rare, yet a nuptial event marked by this remarkable discrepancy in ages is reported from Quinnesec. The bride was a Mrs. Day, who confessed to sixty-seven summers, and the groom, Joseph Shea, twenty-four years old. Justice A. E. Robbins of Iron Mountain tied the nuptial knot.

STREET CAR RUNS AWAY.

Child Killed and Score of Persons Injured.

New York, Oct. 3.—A child was killed and a score of men and women injured, five or six dangerously, when a runaway car dashed down the steep incline of McLane avenue and jumped the track at a sharp turn at the foot of the hill and turned over, carrying the passengers into the wreckage.

The accident was due to the breaking of a chain attached to the brake

Des Moines in Nick of Time.

Santiago, Cuba, Oct. 3.—The arrival here yesterday afternoon of the American cruiser Des Moines relieved a serious situation. Fully 4,000 armed revolutionists were encircling the city within three miles. They were undisciplined, badly organized, without shelter and hungry. There has been constant rains, and discontent was rife and they were threatening to raid the city. The government forces concentrated inside Santiago were not sufficient to drive the besiegers away.

St. Paul, Oct. 4.—The First and Second battalions of the Twenty-eighth infantry, accompanied by headquarters staff, band and a detachment from the hospital corps, under command of Col. Owen J. Sweet, left shortly after 6 o'clock last evening for Newport News, where they will embark on transports as part of the invading force in Cuba.

The command was accompanied by escort wagons, ambulances and in fact all the equipment necessary for a protracted campaign.

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K. O. Gigstad.......Cashier

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar....St. Hilaire....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

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H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

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Saturday, Oct. 6, 1906.

Republican State Ticket.

United States Senator—
KNUTE NELSON,
Douglas County.

Governor—
A. L. COLE,
Cass County.

Lieutenant Governor—
A. O. EBERDART,
Blue Earth County.

Chief Justice—
CHARLES M. START,
Olmsted County.

State Treasurer—
CLARENCE DINEHART,
Murray County.

Secretary of State—
JULIUS SCHMAHL,
Redwood County.

Attorney General—
E. T. YOUNG,
Swift County.

State Auditor—
S. G. IVERSON,
Fillmore County.

Clerk of the Supreme Court—
C. A. PIDGEON,
Wright County.

Railroad Commissioner—
C. F. STAPLES,
Dakota County.

The heat of the campaign should temper the weather and give us a fine fall.

Chas. W. Latta, of the Plummer Pioneer, has been recommended by Congressman Steenerson for postmaster of Plummer.

A heavy hand is needed to keep things straight in Cuba. Secretary of War Taft has the requisite, however, as he weighs over three hundred.

Sportsmen are advocating a closed season for three years for prairie chickens. Something must be done at once or the chicken will be exterminated.

The indications are at present that there will be very little straight party politics in Red Lake county until after the county seat question has been decided.

The state dairy and food commission have recently made it so clear that the principal ingredients of the popular patent medicines is poor whiskey, that the average citizen will buy his at the saloons instead of at the drug store in the future.

Sunbeam: The last primary election again demonstrated the fact that these elections are at the wrong time of the year for the farmers to take part in the nomination of a ticket. If this law can not be changed so as to have this election held about the first of July, then it would be better to have it made so there would be no elections held in the farming districts, then we would know where we were at, as it is an impossibility to convince a farmer that it pays him to leave his wheat stacking, to go to election.

American Buyer In London.

"My American accent came near to taxing me just $430 on my last trip to London," remarked a clubman. "When I tried to buy a certain bulldog pup there the kennel man priced it at $500, as he had me sized up as an American and, in his regard, an easy mark. I made a deal with a cabby at the hotel stand, who went around and bought the same pup for me at $60, a very fair price, as the dog will never be a show winner. I gave a $10 tip to the cabman, so I made $430 by employing an agent who called his hansom an 'ansom and his horse an 'orse."—New York Sun.

Jackdaw and Magpie.

In England the daw is hardly ever mentioned but as Jack, yet daw and not jackdaw is the proper name of the species. It is suggested that the pie owes the "mag" to some corruption of Margaret or Meg. To mag is to chatter, but whether the verb was derived from the name or the name from the verb is a question. It is more than probable that the Jim Crow of America (the old name for a negro boy) was brought across from England in the days when a crow was Jim, as a swallow was Dick.—London Standard.

Egg and Bottle.

Take a boiled egg, remove the shell, have a bottle with a large neck, add a piece of paper to the neck and light it. When in blaze put the egg on it, point down, and the heat will pull the egg with great force inside. Now put again a blazed paper in the bottle and manage to have the egg in the neck point up, and the heat will push out the egg with an explosion.

Perpetual.

"You always appear to be worried about your housekeeping," remarked the sympathetic friend.

"But really," replied the housekeeper, "there are only two occasions when I am really worried. One is when I haven't a servant and the other is when I have."

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL

The opening of the Republican campaign by the Roosevelt Republican club of St. Paul on the evening of Sept. 24 was one of the most encouraging political meetings ever held in the Capitol City. The hall was not only packed with people, but it was an enthusiastic audience. Mr. Cole's speech made a very favorable impression. Ex-Governor Van Sant presided and introduced the speakers. Congressman Stevens made a telling speech and the temper of the meeting was a good augury that St. Paul will give the whole Republican ticket a substantial majority in November. St. Paul has a habit of going Democratic at the spring election and Republican in the fall. History seems very likely to repeat itself this year. It was noticeable that a large number of what ought to be termed the "old guard" of the Republican party were present. At the conclusion of the meeting a formal resolution was unanimously passed pledging the support of the entire audience to the full ticket.

• • •

In Governor Johnson's keynote speech at Red Wing he made an attack on Mr. Cole, saying that Mr. Cole favored securing more laws to obtain the proper revision and reduction of railroad rates. Governor Johnson declared that this was just a subterfuge to make delay and that our existing laws were "efficient and sufficient," and only needed enforcement. He admitted only one law that is needed, which is a reciprocal demurrage bill. Mr. Cole in his St. Paul speech made a dignified but crushing reply to this attack. He said he was not only in favor of enforcing the existing laws regulating railroads, but he was in favor of supplementing them with other laws which would aid in the great work of railroad reform. He then enumerated some of the necessary laws which should be adopted and which he would recommend. They were:

A law providing for the prompt enforcement of orders of the railroad and warehouse commission; one providing that railroad officials who grant rebates should be sent to jail; abolishing the free pass system; reducing passenger rates to 2 cents per mile; proper and sufficient demurrage laws; authorizing the railroad commission to investigate and ascertain the cost of the railroads and make their rates to be a fair income on the actual money invested; the making of our state laws to conform to and be in harmony with those of the federal government.

• • •

Here are at least half a dozen laws which every one can realize are important if the people are ever to properly grapple with the railroad question; yet Governor Johnson says our present laws are "efficient and sufficient." It looks as if, in the light of this reply, that Governor Johnson was the man seeking to secure delay in the real work of regulating railroads instead of Mr. Cole. The uproarious applause with which Mr. Cole's reply was received indicated that his large audience entertained that view. It was a telling hit and Governor Johnson is not likely to talk much more about our "efficient and sufficient" laws regulating the railroads. It is quite apparent by this criticism and reply that the relief from excessive railroad charges, when it is received, will have to come from Mr. Cole rather than Governor Johnson.

• • •

Dr. A. B. Cole, the chairman of the Republican state central committee, was called out by Governor Van Sant. He predicted that Hennepin county would give Mr. Cole a majority this year. This prediction shows who is to be the next governor of the state, in the judgment of those who are actively at work in the contest and in a position to have more reliable information than is vouchsafed the average citizen.

• • •

Among the wonderful things which Governor Johnson claimed for his administration was the abolishing of box car merchandising by the dairy and food commission. As this was the direct result of a law passed by a Republican legislature, introduced by Mr. Lauritsen of Lincoln county, it shows that Governor Johnson's only hope of making a strong record is to claim all of the good work done by the Republican party as his own, because during the period he sat idly in the governor's chair doing nothing. No pentup Utica for him. He claims all of the good things done by a Republican legislature and by all of the Republican state officials.

• • •

No one assumes for a moment that the Democrats can elect any member of their party for governor and they are not even attempting it. They are simply catering to secure enough Republican votes to add to their own partisan strength to win. Governor Johnson, in his Red Wing speech, frankly conceded that he was elected two years ago by Republicans and returned very properly his thanks therefor. He has made a smooth, quiet, do nothing governor. This is not said as any personal disparagement to him. As the sole representative of his party in a great and powerful state administration he has been seriously handicapped in the securing of results. The same condition would result if he was chosen for the succeeding two years. His lines of thought would be antagonistic to all of his associates in conducting the business of the state, save those of his own appointment.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford has an office at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, on the 8th day of every month. A red letter day to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

[illegible] Nelson Interviewed.

Senator Knute Nelson was interviewed by the Crookston Journal last Thursday and told the following. The Journal must have made the mistake, as it was in 1884, twenty two instead of twelve years ago:

"My trip through St. Hilaire today reminds me of a trip to that place 12 years ago when they were having a scrap over the location of the townsite, as a matter of fact it was simply a scrap over the postmastership. Charles Rapp, who has since died, was a candidate for postmaster and won out. During the evening I was there I noticed what I supposed was a bon-fire off at a distance of a half a mile or a mile. I thought nothing of it, and never would have had not Mr. Rapp came to me expressing his regret at the actions of the opposition. I told him I did not understand what he meant and he then enlightened me to the effect that the fire that I had been watching was myself being burned in effigy. The incident amused me immensely at the time, and I should never have known what was going on had it not been for Mr. Rapp."

The reminiscent mood of Senator Nelson recalled to Congressman Steenerson some of the happenings in the earlier days. Regarding a trip of Senator Nelson and the congressman to the eleven towns beyond Thief River Falls, Congressman Steenerson said:

"One night we were camping near the rapids above the falls, and were accompanied by Prof. Painter of Washington, D. C. and Indian Rights representative. We were in a tepee with a number of bucks and squaws, talking with the aborigines through an interpreter. Mr. Painter and Senator Nelson were sitting down on the only two seats available and I was standing up, being tall, my head came nearly to the top of the tepee and the squaws were having all manner of fun over me because I preferred standing up under the circumstances. Both Mr. Painter and Senator Nelson also seemed to enjoy the manner in which the squaws were making fun of my height and the fact that I would not sit down. Suddenly, however, both of them jumped to their feet and on looking for the cause I saw one of the squaws busily engaged killing the insect population on one of the little papooses. The laugh then turned upon them.

"At that time there was nothing on the eleven towns much aside from Chief Moosedung. However conditions are vastly different now. During my recent trip through that section I found fine houses and other buildings scattered all over the former reservation. The transformation during the past few years has been wonderful in the extreme."

NOTICE OF A SPECIAL ELECTION

TO THE VOTERS OF THE VILLAGE OF ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA:

TAKE NOTICE!

Pursuant to the order and resolution of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake, in the state of Minnesota, that a special election in said village will be held at the village hall of said village on the 16th day of October, A. D. 1906, the object of which is to submit to the voters of said village the proposition of issuing ten thousand (10,000.00) dollars worth of Bonds of the following denominations: Ten (10) bonds of one thousand ($1,000.00) dollars each, bearing interest at the rate of five (5) per cent per annum, interest payable annually.

The proceeds resulting from the sale of said bonds to be used by said village in the erection, construction, maintainance and equipment of an electric light plant to be owned, operated and controlled by said village.

J. B. O'BRIEN,
President of the Village Council,
St. Hilaire, Minnesota.

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Village Clerk.

Public Sale of Absolute Property of the State, Under Sections 936, 937 and 938, Chapter 11, Revised Laws 1905.

Notice is hereby given that on the twelfth day of November, 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the county auditor in the court house at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, all tracts or parcels of land sold for taxes in Red Lake county, to which the state has acquired title, under the provisions of Chapter eleven (11), Revised Laws of Minnesota, 1905, and amendments thereto, remaining unredeemed, will be offered at public sale. Every tract or parcel will be sold for cash to the person bidding the highest price offered therefor, which sholl not be less than the amount of taxes, penalties, interest and costs charged against it. Provided however, that those tracts which were bid in for the state at the regular annual tax sale in 1901, for the tax of 1899, and in all years prior thereto, on which the aggregate taxes, penalties, interest and costs exceeds the cash value thereof, may be disposed of for a sum not less than the amount of the taxes charged against each tract, excluding the penalties, interest and costs.

Owners or interested parties may redeem their property by paying the full amount due to the county treasurer at any time before sale has been made to an actual purchaser.

After the Notice of Expiration of Redemption has been served as provided in section 956, revised laws 1905, the Governor is authorized to issue a deed in the name of the state to the person entitled thereto. (Section 938 R. L.) Immediate payment to the county treasurer is required. The sale will begin at the time and place named above and continue from day to day until every tract or parcel shall have been offered for sale. The county auditor of Red Lake county is hereby authorized and directed to conduct said sale. A list of said real property is now on file in the offices of the county auditor and state auditor.

Dated St. Paul, Minn., October 1st, 1906.

S. G. IVERSON,
(Seal.) State Auditor.
o6-27

—Brooms, regular 25c values only 20c at Hanson's.

Buy your plants at the rummage sale,

JOHN B. O'BRIEN

Republican Candidate for County Auditor.

I hereby announce myself as the republican candidate for the office of County Auditor. Having resided continuously in the county since 1893, and most of that time in St. Hilaire, I come before the voters of the county and ask their support. If elected, I pledge myself to perform the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner and favor no faction or locality. —JOHN B. O'BRIEN.

Your Opportunity.

Have a reliable person examine the different colleges in our field and if he does not find that our school has the most competent teachers, the best and most thorough courses, and that it is in every way the largest and best business school in its field, we will pay your tuition at any school you may wish to enter. Our quarters are larger than those of all other colleges in Crookston combined. Our students say: "Your new catalog is a treasure in itself." Send for it. QUEEN CITY BUSINESS COLLEGE, Crookston, Minn.

Many men give lavishly of gold,
To build bridges and castles and towers
of old;
If you want everlasting fame, a benefactor be,
Give the poor and needy Rocky Mountain Tea. Imperial Drug Co.

—Do you want an education? Of course you do. Write to Northwestern College, Fergus Falls, Minn., for catalog. It will make good everything it promises. Enroll Oct. 1, if you can.

Political Announcement.

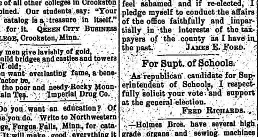
I hereby announce to the voters of Red Lake county that I am again a candidate for the office of County Auditor and respectfully solicit your votes and support at the general election to be held Nov. 6, 1906. My past record as County Auditor is one of which I have no cause to feel ashamed and if re-elected, I pledge myself to conduct the affairs of the office faithfully and impartially in the interests of the taxpayers of the county as I have in the past. JAMES E. FORD.

For Supt. of Schools.

As republican candidate for Superintendent of Schools, I respectfully solicit your vote and support at the general election.

FRED RICHARDS.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.



A case of necessity is a case of Hamm's NEW BREW

Bottled and on draught.

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co. St. Paul, Minn.

4-FOOT SLABS AND TIED EDGINGS AT

$1.50

Per Cord

Crookston Lumber Company.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Ask for a Ticket East on the Pioneer Limited

Insist that it read from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago on The Pioneer Limited or one of the other fast trains of the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

The Pioneer Limited leaves Minneapolis at 8:00 p.m. and St. Paul at 8:35 p.m. Arrives Union Station, Chicago, 8:55 a.m. the next day. Four other fast trains to Chicago daily. Compartment and standard sleepers with "longer, wider and higher berths," dining car, observation-library car, chair car and coach.

W. B. DIXON,
Northwestern Passenger Agent,
365 Robert St., ST. PAUL,

Advertise in the St. Hilaire Spectator

JOHNSON ENDORSES BRYAN

NELSON ADVISED TO MIND HIS OWN BUSINESS AND NOT BUTT IN.

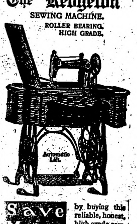
When in Washington last May Governor Johnson, in an interview, said:

"Bryan is the logical candidate of the Democrats for the presidency. He will undoubtedly be nominated at the convention of 1908, and will sweep the Middle West like a whirlwind. * * * If anybody but Roosevelt is nominated Mr. Bryan will be the next president. * * *

"The Democrats of Minnesota are hopeful of doing things this year. I do not know how the people of the state regard our administration, but I believe I will be elected again. I would be sure of it if Senator Nelson here would mind his own business and not go around the state butting in and advising the Republicans to support their own ticket."

The "Redgeton" SEWING MACHINE.

ROLLER BEARING. HIGH GRADE.



Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.

STRONGEST GUARANTEE.

National Sewing Machine Co.
BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, - - - - MINNESOTA

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D. Patterson	Councilmen
E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Tonpin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. O. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. HOFF, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. B. Killand, Secy.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

DR. V. PLETH,
SURGEON.
Graduate of Copenhagen University.
Department for Diseases of the Eye
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Do You Want to MAKE MONEY?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in touch with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commission. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. HOMES, INVESTMENTS, SNAPS. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J. P. GONIGAM
210 Armory Blk.
OTTAWA, - ILLINOIS

THE LOCAL NEWS

RESOLUTIONS of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

Don't forget the rummage sale next week.

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

—A fine line of ladies' back and side combs just in at Hanson's.

The cold wave yesterday was just a touch of what we are going to have soon.

—We are now offering a line of towels usually sold at 15c, for 10c at Hanson's.

E. L. Quist, the republican nominee for register of deeds, was a visitor here yesterday.

John McCabe returned from North Dakota last Tuesday, where he had been working.

Dr. A. F. Blomburgh writes friends here that he has arrived safely at Berlin, Germany.

James H. Cross, of the Grand Rapids Magnet, made ye editor a short visit last Monday.

Carl Lund, who has been serving as station agent at Beltrami, is home again this week.

—Duntley's Confectionery will have a carload of choice assorted apples in a few days. Wait!

Joe Miller, of Red Lake Falls, was here with his family last Sunday visiting his brother Nap.

—Ladies' white hemstitched handkerchiefs usually sold at 5c each now 2 for 5c at Hanson's.

Philip Jacobson left last Monday for Lillo, where he has been engaged to teach a term of school.

Frank Jeffers, the independent candidate for register of deeds, was a visitor here last Monday.

Don't fail to call at the rummage sale. Honest goods at honest prices, and sold by honest people.

Norman E. Beebe returned on Thursday from an extended visit to the southern part of the state.

Elmer Burkee commenced a term of school as teacher in district No. 180, in Bray township, last Monday.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

Knute Kolstad returned last Saturday from Minneapolis, where he had been to consult a catarrh specialist.

Martin E. Hoff left on Wednesday for North Dakota points where he will continue selling the Ward remedies.

Mauritz W. Brink returned last evening to Crookston after having visited with his parents here for a few days.

—You will not make a mistake by investing in one of our $2.00 shawls.
M. L. HANSON.

A. M. Edstrom and wife, who have been spending the past month at Cannon Falls, returned last Saturday.

Geo. R. Kirkpatrick, the socialist lecturer, entertained a fair-sized audience last Monday evening at Imperial Hall.

Henry J. Enderle, the genial cashier of the First State Bank of Plummer, was a business visitor here on Wednesday.

Attention, Gentlemen! If you have lost your clothes look for them at the rummage sale. They will be yours for a small reward.

Ed Bray, of Red Lake Falls, and John Verbonceour, of Grand Forks, were here last Tuesday and spent the day with Nap. Miller.

M. E. Bjerk has a crew of men at work this week putting in an entire new foundation under his building next to E. M. Hoff's store.

Mrs. Swisdal, of Crookston, offers a course in cutting and fitting for dressmakers. 3 months' course for $12.00 at her residence at Crookston.

—Wish to sell 7-room house, barn and blacksmith shop, known as the Aimer property in St. Hilaire. Will sell cheap if taken quick.
E. A. KERSON,
Lindstrom, Minn.

This is the season of decay and weakened vitality. Nature is being shorn of its beauty and bloom. If you would retain yours, fortify your system with Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

—Buy your hosiery at M. L. Hanson's and save money. Call and see for yourself.

John Konikson returned from North Dakota last Monday, where he had been working.

Julius Pleth, the well known Plummer boomer, was a business visitor here on Tuesday.

J. E. Ford, the democratic candidate for county auditor, was here on a canvassing tour last Wednesday.

There will be services in the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The quartette will sing. All are welcome. Alex Sand, pastor.

The Young People's society of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet Friday evening, Oct. 12, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Axel Berg, in Rocksbury. Alex Sand, pastor.

—Those glass baskets and fruit dishes at Hanson's are beauties, 25c and 35c each. Compare them if you please with anything you can get elsewhere at 50c to 75c.

Rev. T. A. Lillehei and family left last Wednesday for some place in Michigan where he has accepted a call to preach. Their many friends here exceedingly regret their departure.

—Duntley's Confectionery will have a carload of choice assorted apples in a few days. Wait!

In another column will be found the notice for a special election in the village to be held on Tuesday, October 16th, for the purpose of voting ten thousand dollars in bonds to build an electric light plant.

Mesdames Gilman, Carpenter and Duntley will have a refreshment booth at the rummage sale Thursday afternoon, Oct. 11, where they will entertain the Ladies Aid of the M. E. church. Everybody invited.

There has been no tidings of the missing Olavus Severson who disappeared several weeks ago. His brother has sent word here that they have not heard from him and the affair remains more a mystery than before.

Teeth. Dr. Morgan, dentist, of Minneapolis, who has had 24 years' practice, will be at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, Oct. 17-18. Teeth pulled without pain. Will make regular visits. All kinds of dentistry.

The ladies of the M. E. church have secured the old Pleth land office building for next week and will have a rummage sale. Second hand goods of all descriptions will be sold. It will pay you to call and look over their stock. Coffee and doughnuts will be served at ten cents each.

—The young people of northern Minnesota have found that the Queen City Business College of Crookston, Minn., is a leading school and are entering in great numbers. Never before has any new school had such liberal patronage.

A. O. Davison came up from Ogema, on the White Earth reservation, where he has charge of a bank, last Tuesday and on Wednesday left with his family for that town where they will reside in the future. They have a large circle of friends here who will be sorry to hear of their leaving town.

—If you want a pair of good strong working shoes go to Hanson's.

Crookston Journal: Dr. V. Pleth who was operated upon for appendicitis in a Chicago hospital soon after his departure from this city is rapidly regaining in health and strength. When he has fully recovered he will continue his trip to Europe. The Doctor who has written friends in this city says that he intends to return to Crookston to practice medicine.

Fine Stock Sold.

C. H. Martz sold a very fine shorthorn bull calf out of his herd last Wednesday to A. O. Mayfield, of Mayfield. The bull has a pedigree equal to the best and will do much to better the grade of stock out east. Mr. Martz also sold this week a full blooded Galloway yearling bull and heifer to G. H. Sandum, of River Falls.

Campaign Opens.

The opening speech of the republican campaign in Red Lake county was made at Thief River Falls last Thursday evening by Hon. Knute Nelson, senior U. S. senator for Minnesota. Mr. Nelson delivered an able and convincing argument to an audience which was limited in size only by the capacity of the hall. He was instituted in his praise of the republican candidate for governor A. L. Cole, and claimed that no republican has a valid reason for supporting a democrat this fall.

Hon. Halvor Steenerson, our Ninth district congressman, was also present and delivered an able argument which was well received by the large audience.

The following from here were present: O. F. Post, J. B. O'Brien, Daniel Patterson, C. H. Martz, C. L. Hansen, Dr. Nelson, K. O. Gigstad, A. M. Edstrom, H. E. Ives, Jens Nelson and A. S. Wilson.

Strawberries in September.

Kelliher Journal: Southern Minnesota and the states further south that are known as the fruit growing region must look to their laurels if they would retain the title. This morning, September 28, J. H. Fletcher discovered several nice bunches of ripe strawberries which he exhibited around town. Mr. Fletcher says there was a large amount of the fruit, and an abundance of blossoms which he expected would ripen in a short time if the favorable weather continued.

Truly, the agricultural possibilities and resources of Beltrami county continually offer some new evidence of the richness of the soil and the aptitude of the climate for all kinds of agricultural purposes.

—Ladies' initial handkerchiefs 5c each at Hanson's.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the village council of St. Hilaire held at the village hall Monday evening, Oct. 1st, 1906, at 8 o'clock.

Meeting called to order by President O'Brien.

All members present.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and on motion accepted as read.

Report of village marshal read and on motion accepted.

Report of street commissioner read and on motion accepted.

Motion made and carried that the treasurer be instructed to transfer $500 from the general fund into the sinking fund.

Motion made and carried that a tax be levied on the real estate and personal property for the ensuing year of $1500.

On motion the resolution was adopted.

On motion D. Patterson, A. S. Wilson and E. M. Hoff were appointed judges of special election to be held Oct. 16, 1906.

A. F. Ittner and K. O. Gigstad were on motion appointed clerks of the special election Oct. 16, 1906.

On motion D. Patterson, A. S. Wilson and E. M. Hoff were appointed judges of general election Nov. 6, 1906.

On motion A. F. Ittner and K. O. Gigstad were appointed clerks of general election, Nov. 6, 1906.

The following bills were allowed in full:

D Patterson, work and drayage	$ 13 40
T Thompson, work on chimney	2 00
K R Killand, salary	51 75
K O Gigstad, salary and clerk of Primary election	30 40
St Hilaire Spectator, printing	23 50
A F Ittner, clerk of Primary election	4 65
John Hegseth, work	21 00
Crookston Lbr Co, lumber, 4 bills	55 10

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'BRIEN,
President.
K. O. GIGSTAD,
Clerk.

Hearing on November 30.

Red Lake Courier: The state supreme court convened for its fall session in St. Paul on Tuesday and the case entitled L. A. Kaufer against James E. Ford as county auditor of Red Lake county, but which is better known as the county seat contest case, was set for trial for November 30. A decision may come as a Christmas present acceptable to either Red Lake Falls or Thief River Falls.

The action will be remembered as arising upon an injunction against the county auditor restraining him from calling a special election on the removal of the county seat. Judge Watts dissolved the injunction and his order was appealed from by Red Lake Falls.

F. A. Grady was in St. Paul representing the Red Lake Falls side of the case on the call of the calendar.

Official Figures.

The following table shows the result of the contest for the senate and legislature nominations in the Sixty-first district. Mr. Hanson leads the field for the senatorship by 1,547 votes and has a majority of 453 over the combined vote of his competitors. Mr. Opsahl has a majority over Mr. McCuaig of 766. These figures are official:

SENATE

County—	Hanson	Lightbourn	Simons
Norman	968	669	97
Red Lake	570	103	338
Clearwater	389	82	98
Beltrami	875	401	561
	2802	1255	1094

REPRESENTATIVE

County—	Opsahl	McCuaig
Clearwater	434	107
Red Lake	583	336
Beltrami	1135	943
	2152	1386

Patent Cheese Cutter.

A novel devise for cutting cheese has recently been invented. The device comprises a simple computing mechanism whereby it is possible to gage the exact size of slice which should be cut for a certain amount. Perhaps, in the future, we can go to the corner grocery, put a nickel in a cheese slot machine, see our five cents' worth, cut, then wrapped, and have an automatic arm hand it to us, just as a metallic voice says "thank you." It has taken years to bring golden grain belt beer to its present state of purity and fine quality. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Rural Route Starts.

George W. Biskey, of this village, secured the appointment as carrier on the new rural route and he commenced work last Monday, October 1st. The route runs north from here along the river in Rocksbury to the north line of section 18, thence west through Sanders and into the eastern part of Bray. Nearly one hundred farmers in that vicinity will hereafter get their mail daily.

—Northwestern College, Fergus Falls, Minn., has five fully organized departments: Academic, Normal, Business, Music, Art, with two or three courses in each. Teachers are university or college graduates. School year opens Oct. 1. Send for illustrated catalog free.

If you have lost your boyhood spirits, courage and confidence of youth, we offer you new life, fresh courage, and freedom from ill health in Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

—Bring us your butter, eggs and wool and receive highest market prices.
M. L. HANSON.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

—Ladies' hand bags, excellent values, 25c, 50c and 90c each at Hanson's.

—For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

—Very nice corset covers only 50c at Hanson's.

—For go-carts go to Holmes Bros.

STEENERSON'S REPORT

States that Survey Work Northeast of Here is Being Done in Satisfactory Manner.

Crookston Times: Hon. Halvor Steenerson who went to points north of Thief River Falls recently to investigate the drainage survey work that is being done in that vicinity made the following statement in regard to this trip:

"I went to Thief River Falls to meet Mr. H. M. Wilson, chief geographer of the geological survey and Mr. Herron, engineer in charge of the drainage survey and drove to Grygla, about 35 miles northeast of Thief River Falls where the camp of the surveyors is located. We looked over the work which has been performed as well as that which has been planned for this year. Mr. Wilson is of the opinion that about 400,000 acres will be surveyed this year and only one half of the appropriation expended and the balance of the work will be continued next summer. So far as the survey has gone it shows that there is plenty of fall and that it is perfectly practical to drain the swamp and overflowed lands to the northeast of Thief River Falls at a reasonable expense. The work is very thoroughly done, iron monuments being placed every three miles with iron plates showing the altitude at each point, and when the survey is completed maps can be furnished which will be a guide to drainage operations. A very exhaustive report of the survey will be made to congress and I believe it will be very favorable to the government's undertaking to aid in the drainage schemes."

A pleasant feature of the trip was a visit to Germantown which he reached on the return journey on Saturday evening. There is a large and very prosperous creamery at that place and the people seem to be in a very prosperous condition. The young people of the neighborhood had gathered in the large warehouse of the creamery and were holding a dance. When it was announced that Mr. Steenerson was present, however, the dance was suspended and Mr. Steenerson was invited to speak, which he did and was well received. Mr. Steenerson states that Germantown is a banner republican town and from reports there will be a unanimous vote for the republican ticket at that place this fall.

Resolution.

The following resolution was offered by Councilman Patterson who moved its adoption, said resolution was duly seconded by Councilman Wilson:

Whereas, the Village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake, in the state of Minnesota, has no adequate, proper or convenient way to light its streets, alleys and thoroughfares; and

Whereas, the private citizens of said village have no proper and convenient manner for obtaining light, and whereas, the village council of said village deem it proper and for the best interest of said village for it to establish, build and erect a proper and suitable electric light plant to be owned and operated by said village; and,

Whereas, if such electric light plant shall be so built, erected, maintained and equipped, it will be necessary to issue the bonds of said village in the sum of ten thousand ($10,000.00) dollars, the proceeds from the sale of which would be used for said purpose; and,

Whereas, it is necessary to submit to the voters of said village the proposition of issuing said bonds for said purpose;

Now, therefore, be it resolved, by the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Minnesota, that a special election of said village be ordered to be held at village hall in said village on the 16th day of October, A. D. 1906, from 10 o'clock in the forenoon until 4 o'clock in the afternoon, the object of said special election is to submit to the voters of said village the proposition of issuing ten bonds of one thousand dollars each, bearing interest at the rate of five per cent per annum, interest payable annually, said bonds amounting in all to ten thousand ($10,000.00) dollars.

The proceeds resulting from the sale of said bonds to be used by said village for the erection, construction, maintainance and equipment of an electric light plant to be operated, owned and controlled by said village.

J. B. O'BRIEN
President of Village Council.
K. O. GIGSTAD,
Village Clerk.

Imperial Hall......
ST. HILAIRE
Thursday, OCT. 11.

Shaw & Gallagher Amusement Co. presents
MARIE YONG
in
The Burglar and The Waif.
Seats on sale at Drug Store.

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

SAVE MONEY
BY USING
MASCOT FLOUR
BETTER BREAD
and MORE OF IT.
Red Lake Falls Milling Co.
WE PURCHASE ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
H. C. ADAMS, Agent.

Cure For The Blues

ONE MEDICINE THAT HAS NEVER FAILED

Health Fully Restored and the Joy of Life Regained.

When a cheerful, brave, light-hearted woman is suddenly plunged into that perfection of misery, the BLUES, it is a sad picture. It is usually this way: She has been feeling "out of sorts"

Mrs. Rosa Adams

for some time; head has ached and back also; has slept poorly, been quite nervous, and nearly fainted once or twice; head dizzy, and heart beats very fast; then that bearing-down feeling, and during her periods she is exceedingly despondent. Nothing pleases her. Her doctor says: "Cheer up: you have dyspepsia; you will be all right soon."

But she doesn't get "all right," and hope vanishes; then come the brooding, morbid, melancholy, everlasting BLUES.

Don't wait until your sufferings have driven you to despair, with your nerves all shattered and your courage gone, but take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. See what it did for Mrs. Rosa Adams, of 819 12th Street, Louisville, Ky., niece of the late General Roger Hanson, C.S.A. She writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:

"I cannot tell you with pen and ink what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I suffered with female troubles, extreme lassitude, 'the blues,' nervousness and that all-gone feeling. I was advised to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it not only cured my female derangement, but it has restored me to perfect health and strength. The buoyancy of my younger days has returned, and I do not suffer any longer with despondency, as I did before. I consider Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a boon to sick and suffering women."

If you have some derangement of the female organism write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice.

Knew His Business.

But why do you intend always to remain unmarried?" they asked the bachelor philosopher.

"Because," he replied, "troubles never come singly."

Most of Them Do.

"He has been made a doctor of laws."

"Well, the laws need doctorin'."

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

MAIZYPOP IN ENGLAND.

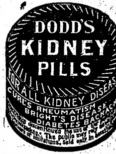
It's Just Good Old Cony Island Pink and White Popcorn.

Maizypop in London is the product of the latest American invasion.

It is asserted, says What to Eat, that the record for such introductions has been broken in this case; for it took just one week to form a company, to register the trademark and to lease a building. In the second week the finished product was being turned out.

Maizypop is simply popcorn as we are familiar with it, in pink and white cakes wrapped in oiled paper. The name is a concession to the language of England, where corn is known as maize.

The two Americans who have started maizypop upon its career first bought the foreign rights for popcorn machinery, then arranged to control the export of shelled corn from the United States for ten years.



STAND FIRM

When you buy an OILED SUIT OR SLICKER demand TOWER'S FISH BRAND

It's the easiest and only way to get the best

Sold everywhere

A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS.
TOWER CANADIAN CO. TORONTO, CAN.

CURES INDIGESTION

When what you eat makes you uncomfortable it is doing you very little good beyond barely keeping you alive. Digestive tablets are worse than useless, for they will in time deprive the stomach of all power to digest food. The stomach must be toned up—strengthened. The herb tonic-laxative,

Lane's Family Medicine

will do the work quickly and pleasantly.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

IN MINNESOTA.

State News of the Week Briefly Told.

Burglars entered the hotel at Karlstad and secured money and jewelry to the value of $150.

Ernest Boesch, eighteen years old, was killed at Granada by being crushed under a wagon.

Fire at Red Wing destroyed the Great Western Round house and two locomotives. Loss, $20,000.

John Arney, fifty years old, a retired farmer residing near Newport, was instantly killed by the St. Paul's fast mail, west-bound.

The Zumbrota street fair closed after a most successful exhibit. Rain caused some trouble, but the displays in all classes were large.

Gen. John Ludwig, member of the state capitol commission, mayor of Winona for several years and on the staff of Gov. Lind, is dead.

Atwood Crosby, a wealthy farmer of Le Sueur county, sixty-five years old, was killed by being kicked by a fractious horse he was leading to water.

Miss Mary O'Brien of Winona has just been appointed to the position of instructor in St. Mary's school at Notre Dame. She will have charge of the domestic science department.

Ole A. Strand, a pioneer settler of Goodhue county and for many years prominent in county politics, was killed in a runaway while driving to his home in Minneola from Zumbrota.

W. K. Kelly, principal of the Eden Valley school, resigned his position because of his nomination for school superintendent of Chippewa county. Mr. Kelly has no opposition for the office.

Lightning struck the large barn on the farm occupied by A. Gorman at Mazeppa, and it burned. The stock was saved but the contents of the barn were lost. There was no insurance.

The Duluth board of trade's memberships are at a high notch. A bid of $3,600 was made for one and failed to get it. It is generally predicted on the floor that it will take at least $4,000 to get one.

A large barn belonging to Godfrey Andrist at West Concord was struck by lightning and burned. Loss, $2,000; partly insured. Four stacks of grain belonging to A. Kelm were also struck and destroyed.

Margaret Raum, thirty years old, committed suicide by drowning, her dead body being recovered from the river at Albert Lea. The woman, who is a native of Norway, had become homesick and despondent.

A severe hail and wind storm passed over Fertile. It undoubtedly destroyed much of the flax remaining uncut, and will delay threshing a week. The barns and grandstand at the fair grounds were totally wrecked.

With a capital stock of $190,000 the Milinokett Steamship Company of Duluth filed articles of incorporation in the office of the register of deeds. The corporation will transact a general steamship business on the Great Lakes.

C. H. Warner, secretary of the Republican state central committee, has handed in his resignation as secretary. He does not, however, resign from the committee. The necessity of attending to his private affairs is given as the reason.

The Union school building at Le Sueur was broken into by petty thieves, presumably boys, and a considerable amount of property taken away, including a small amount of money from the desk of one of the teachers.

The bear season in Duluth has opened. Recently a black bear cub made its appearance in the neighborhood of Eleventh avenue west and Third street. The bear was killed in front of the residence of G. H. Deppe, 112 West Third street.

A farmer named G. M. Tupper, living six miles west of Fertile, lost his barn, granary and cattle sheds by fire. Several fine head of horses and several cattle and all the grain from this year's crop were consumed by the flames. The origin of the fire is unknown.

The jury at Duluth which has been trying the case against Pietro Canelli, charged with stabbing to death Abele Sartori, returned a verdict of guilty of manslaughter in the first degree, which carries with it a sentence of from five to twenty years in the penitentiary.

Fire at Two Harbors destroyed the dwelling house on Cedar street owned by Soren Jensen. The house was unoccupied at the time, the former occupant, Charles Carlson, having moved out the day previous. It was one of the oldest houses in the village. The loss was covered by an insurance of $2,300.

The general store of Andrew Skoglund at Brunswick, in which is located the postoffice, was broken into and a quantity of stamps, amounting to about $50, besides cigars, knives, revolvers and other articles, taken. The thieves are thought to be local men and probably the ones who broke into the Mellgren saloon in Mora, procuring $23 from the cash register.

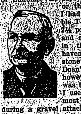
Ernest Snyder, the ten-year-old son of F. L. Snyder, proprietor of a sash and door factory at Blue Earth, ran a rusty nail into his foot. Lockjaw set in a few days, and after three days of intense suffering he died.

The exercises of the eighth annual commencement of the nurses' training class was held at the school for the feeble-minded at Faribault. The graduates were: Mary Darcy, Catherine Fox, Martha Gilday, Marie Merriman and George Johnson.

While separating two blooded pigs which were fighting in a pen at the fair grounds at Mankato, D. H. Blancher, of Winnebago, a hog breeder, was set upon by one of the savage animals and badly lacerated. It is thought he will recover, although there is danger of poison from the tusks of the brute.

CURED OF GRAVEL.

Not a Single Stone Has Formed Since Using Doan's Kidney Pills.



J. D. Daughtrey, music publisher, of Suffolk, Va., says: "During two or three years that I had kidney trouble I passed about 2½ pounds of gravel and sandy sediment in the urine. I haven't passed a stone since using Doan's Kidney Pills, however, and that was three years ago. I used to suffer the most acute agony during a gravel attack, and had the other usual symptoms of kidney trouble—lassitude, headache, pain in the back, urinary disorders, rheumatic pain, etc. I have a box containing 14 gravel stones that I passed, but that is not one-quarter of the whole number. I consider Doan's Kidney Pills a fine kidney tonic."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Scared Both of Them.

When Mr. Justice Maule was on the bench a bullying counsel was one day browbeating an elderly female witness in a case before him. Having badgered her into a state of utter speechlessness the lawyer appealed to the Judge to make her answer his questions.

"Why do you not answer, madam?" asked the judge. "Because, my Lord, he scares me so," replied the trembling woman. "So does he me, ma'am," said the judge.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Of course nature has something to do with giving a woman a good figure, but a good corset helps a lot.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Nearly every man is henpecked, but a good many manage to disguise the fact.

Dresses, Cloaks, Ribbons, Suits, etc., can be made to look like new with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. No muss.

The Woman's Problem.

Politician—I think our candidate will sweep everything before him.

Wife—H'm—but do you think he could do plain cooking?

SALESMEN WANTED.

We want a live, active and thoroughly experienced salesman in this locality with sufficient money to buy outright his first month's supply of our Simplicity Low Pressure Hollow Wire Gasoline Lights. A utility needed in every store and home and fully complying with insurance rules. To such a man we will give exclusive sales right and guarantee to refund money if goods not sold in 60 days. Further particulars on request. The Standard-Gillett Light Co., 950 N. Halsted St., Chicago, Ill.

Love Changes Things.

He used to think her "long and lean,"
But, though she has not changed at all,
Since they're engaged he hath not seen
A creature "so divinely tall."

So They Were Married.

A certain Lebanon clergyman is so set against marrying divorcees that he is very careful in his examination of candidates for matrimonial honors. The other day he asked a young man who sought to engage him to perform the marriage ceremony:

"Is your intended wife a spinster?"

"Oh, no, sir! She's a dressmaker."

CAYENNE PEPPER? NO, INDEED!

Christian Scientist Balks at the Pepper Test for Pain.

A friend of mine, says T. P. O'Connor, told me the other day that a patient who had a Christian Science doctor thrust upon him thus addressed the miracle-monger:

"I understand, madam, that you do not believe in the reality of pain? It is, you consider, a pure matter of the imagination?"

"Certainly."

"I should like to be assured of this, madam, before I put myself under your treatment; and I hope, therefore, you will not object to my putting some cayenne pepper into your eye."

But she did.

RIGHT HOME.

Doctor Recommends Postum from Personal Test.

No one is better able to realize the injurious action of caffeine—the drug in coffee—on the heart, than the doctor.

When the doctor himself has been relieved by simply leaving off coffee and using Postum, he can refer with full conviction to his own case.

A Mo. physician prescribes Postum for many of his patients because he was benefited by it. He says:

"I wish to add my testimony in regard to that excellent preparation—Postum. I have had functional or nervous heart trouble for over 15 years, and part of the time was unable to attend to my business.

"I was a moderate user of coffee and [illegible] on stopping it and using Postum instead, my heart has got all right, and I ascribe it to the change from coffee to Postum.

"I am prescribing it now in cases of sickness, especially when coffee does not agree, or affects the heart, nerves or stomach.

"When made right it has a much better flavor than coffee, and is a vital sustainer of the system. I shall continue to recommend it to our people, and I have my own case to refer to."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

HAVE HIGH IDEALS.

WASHINGTONIANS TO MAKE CAPITAL A "CITY BEAUTIFUL."

Will Not Be Content Until It Is Second to Nothing in the World—Demand for Enfranchisement.

Along with the movement for a "Greater Washington" commercially there has come a revival of interest in plans to make it the "City Beautiful" of the world. If as much is accomplished in the next quarter of a century as has been accomplished in the 25 years just past, the American capital will have distanced all its rivals in the race for beauty.

It was only a few years ago that congress gave scantily and grudingly to the beautification of Washington. It was as hard then to get a few thousand dollars to pave a street as it is now to secure millions for a project of improvement. During the past five years almost as much money has been expended and authorized to be expended as had been done in the previous hundred years of the city's history. Not only is the government building and planning beautiful structures of classic design, but private enterprise is doing its full share. A union railroad station, to cost, with its approaches, about $14,000,000, is only one of numerous projects under way. Throughout the city there is everywhere manifested a disposition to build beautifully and substantially; in fact, Washington seems to have something it has utterly lacked in years gone—civic spirit.

With this awakening to a new life, there is heard again the demand of enfranchisement for the inhabitants of the District of Columbia. Washingtonians want a voice in the government, and more especially they want home rule. Next winter there is likely to be a determined effort to secure something of a concession in this line from congress. The demand probably will be for a seat in the house of representatives, and an elective district government. Even Porto Rico is better treated than the national capital, for Porto Rico has a "commissioner" who is entitled to the privileges of the floor of both house and senate. He can not vote, it is true, nor can the territorial delegates, but it is an undeniable advantage to have a representative on the floor.

There is a growing disposition to believe that the form of government fastened on the District of Columbia is not a success. The governing body consists of two commissioners from civil life and an army officer detailed from the engineer corps. The appointments are made by the president, and while the law requires that the civilian commissioners shall be bona fide residents of the District, the men appointed are not always in touch with the District people or the District's needs. The commissioners are supposed to represent the District before congress, and during a session they are given frequent hearings on pending measures. But the commissioners do not always possess the confidence of congressmen, and the fact that the commissioners advocate a measure is sometimes sufficient to insure its defeat.

With all these matters pending, therefore, Washington did not take on its accustomed summer dullness. The people had something to talk about, and a large number of wealthy men who habitually leave the capital for the summer remained in town agitating for a "Greater Washington."

Make Trouble for Stenographers.

H. F. Dodge, one of the official stenographers of the national house of representatives, says that Colonel Rockwood Hoar, of the Worcester, Mass., district is the "hardest man to take" in the Massachusetts delegation, not only because he speaks rapidly but that he also talks so "strongly Yankee" that it is not always easy to understand him. Mr. Dodge is himself an Indianian. The easiest man in the house to take is Clayton, of Alabama, whose speed of utterance often falls to 65 words a minute, a rate at which he could be taken in long hand. The fastest talker in the house is Walter L. Smith, of Ohio, and also one of its clearest thinkers, the rapidity of his utterance keeping pace with the rapidity of his thought. It is almost impossible to do more than to make a dot for each of his words.

Made Fun of Statesman's Pathos.

Shortly before congress adjourned Congressman Cushman, of Washington, took the floor at a night session and delivered a capital stump speech. He poked fun at the Democratic party and paid his respects to Mr. Towne, of New York, whom he lampooned in witty fashion. He got along splendidly as long as he stuck to the humorous vein, but met with disaster later when he undertook to be pathetic. With tears in his voice he said: "Mr. Chairman, only a few days ago I stood beside a bier." "One beer?" asked some one. "Stein or glass?" queried another. "A few minutes ago, did you say?" came from a third. "Bottle or keg?" was still another question. By that time the house was in a roar and Cushman's peroration came to a sudden end.

The Difference.

The socialist was in jail charged with murder.

"I," said he, proudly, "am the John Brown of the epoch of wage slavery."

John Brown turned uneasily in his grave.

"Well," he remarked, "when that fool's soul gets marching on, nobody will sing about it, anyhow."

In High Place by Own Efforts.

George F. Pollock, recently appointed assistant commissioner of the general land office in Washington, did not have even a primary school education until he was over 19 years old. Now while still quite a young fellow he is receiving $35,000 a year for purely intellectual work. His father was a coal miner with a large family.

Foundations of a State.

In a state, pecuniary gain is not to be considered prosperity, but its prosperity will be found in righteousness.—Confucius.

The Private's Pride.

"The late Gen. Joseph Wheeler," said a Southerner, "was one of the bravest men who ever lived. He was wounded three times in the Civil war, and sixteen horses were shot dead under him.

"Yet is was not his military but his literary achievements that he took most pride in. He knew this was foolish, but he could not help it. He said once to me, apologetically, that he was not the only man whose pride was misplaced.

"He said that in a certain engagement in his youth, he once heard a private swearing and cursing most frightfully.

"Lieut. Wheeler, as he was then, went up to the private and said sternly:

"'Where did you learn to swear like that?'

"The private, at this question, smiled modestly.

"'Ye can't learn it,' he answered. 'It's gift.'"

Economical Power.

Fairbanks-Morse Gasoline Engines are making a big hit with farmers and mechanics. They are a practical labor saving device, being simple, reliable and economical. Write for Catalog ST-166.

FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., St. Paul

The Irresistible Smile.

"That summer girl has a remarkably engaging smile."

"That's true. I met her last summer. She worked the engaging smile on me twice and we were engaged."

BABY'S TORTURING HUMOR.

Ears Looked as If They Would Drop Off—Face Mass of Sores—Cured by Cuticura in Two Weeks for 75c.

"I feel it my duty to parents of other poor suffering babies to tell you what Cuticura has done for my little daughter. She broke out all over her body with a humor, and we used everything recommended, but without results. I called in three doctors, they all claimed they could help her, but she continued to grow worse. Her body was a mass of sores, and her little face was being eaten away; her ears looked as if they would drop off. Neighbors advised me to get Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and before I had used half of the cake of Soap and box of ointment the sores had all healed and my little one's face and body were as clear as a new-born babe's. I would not be without it again if it cost five dollars instead of seventy-five cents. Mrs. George J. Steese, 701 Colburn St., Akron, Ohio."

A Modern Horatius.

"How is he at bridge; strong?"

"His bridge is strong enough to support the whole family.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Charles B. Garrett, Minneapolis, Minn., dry-pipe valve; John A. Glans, Minneapolis, Minn., plane; Henry J. Hubert, Rugby, N. D., gambrel; Peter A. Johnson, St. Paul, Minn., folding sled; Theodore H. Johnson, St. Paul, Minn., mattress; Wm. H. Laraway, Minneapolis, Minn., vending machine; Nels H. Nelson, Pennock, Minn., power device.

Incompetent.

She—I can't begin to express my contempt for you.

He—Thank heaven there is one subject on which you have nothing to say.

A KENTUCKY WOMAN

How She Gained Fifteen Pounds in Weight and Became Well by Taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Women at forty, or thereabouts, have their future in their own hands. There will be a change for the better or worse, for the better if the system is purified by such a tonic as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Mrs. D. C. Wedding, of Hartford, Ky., writes as follows concerning the difficulties which afflicted her:

"I was seriously ill and was confined to my bed for six or eight months in all, during two years. I had chills, fever, rheumatism. My stomach seemed always too full, my kidneys did not act freely, my liver was inactive, my heart beat was very weak and I had dizziness or swimming in my head and nervous troubles.

"I was under the treatment of several different physicians but they all failed to do me any good. After suffering for two years I learned from an Arkansas friend about the merits of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I decided that I would try them. The very first box I took made me feel better and when I had taken four boxes more I was entirely well, weighed fifteen pounds more than when I began, resumed my household duties, and have since continued in the best of health. I have recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to many people on account of what they did for me, and I feel that I cannot praise them too strongly."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills restored Mrs. Wedding to health because they actually make new blood and when the blood is in full vigor every function of the body is restored, because the blood carries to every organ, every muscle, every nerve, the necessary nourishment. Any woman who is interested in the cure of Mrs. Wedding will want our book, "Plain Talks to Women," which is free on request.

All druggists sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, or they will be sent by mail postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y.

Historic Bridge.

Horatius was holding the bridge.

"Nobody trumped my ace," he explained.

Thus was shown the advantage of not having a sweet young thing for a partner.

LUMBAGO AND SCIATICA

ST. JACOBS OIL

Penetrates to the Spot Right on the dot.

Price 25c and 50c

CREAM and POULTRY

ASK FOR INFORMATION,

R. E. COBB, St. Paul, Minn.

CREAM

WE PAY CASH

THE CRESCENT CREAMERY CO.

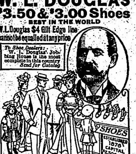
ST. PAUL, MINN.

S&R

Send for Our Free Harness Booklet

If you are about to buy a harness, don't fail to write us to-day, or ask your dealer to show you our line.

SCHEFFER & ROSSUM CO., St. Paul, Minn.



W. L. DOUGLAS

$3.50 & $3.00 Shoes

BEST IN THE WORLD

W. L. Douglas $4 Gilt Edge line cannot be equalled at any price

To Shoe Dealers: W. L. Douglas' Jobbing House is the most complete in this country. *Send for Catalog*

SHOES FOR EVERYBODY AT ALL PRICES.

Men's Shoes, $5 to $1.50. Boys' Shoes, $3 to $1.25. Women's Shoes, $4.00 to $1.50. Misses' & Children's Shoes, $2.25 to $1.00.

Try W. L. Douglas Women's, Misses and Children's shoes; for style, fit and wear they excel other makes.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other make.

Wherever you live, you can obtain W. L. Douglas shoes. His name and price is stamped on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and inferior shoes. *Take no substitute.* Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes and insist upon having them.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Dept. 11. Brockton, Mass.

90,000,000 BUSHELS

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

THAT'S THE WHEAT CROP IN WESTERN CANADA THIS YEAR

This with nearly 90,000,000 bushels of oats and 17,000,000 bushels of barley means a continuation of good times for the farmers of Western Canada.

Free farms, big crops, low taxes, healthy climate, good churches and schools, splendid railway service.

The Canadian Government offers 160 acres of land free to every settler willing and able to comply with the Homestead Regulations.

Advice and information may be obtained free from W. D. Scott Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada; or from authorized Canadian Government Agent—E. T. Holmes 325 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota

POULTRYMEN!

Do you want strong, healthy chicks?
Then mix with your feed

SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

The original medicine to make hens lay. Causes perfect assimilation of food, keeps poultry healthy, and increases egg production in fall and winter when prices are high. One pack, 25c.; five, $1; two-lb. can, $1.20; six, $5.00. Express paid. At all dealers.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

IF YOU WANT to EARN MONEY

here is your chance. We offer $25,000 in CASH PRIZES for those who secure subscriptions for the two greatest magazine clubbing offers of the season, *Success and Woman's Home Companion*, each for a full year, $1.50; *Success, Woman's Home Companion and Review of Reviews*, $3.00. Prizes are in addition to a liberal commission on each order. These clubs almost sell themselves. Some earn $100 a week, many as much as $50. Can use all your time or a part of it. Write to-day for particulars, before your territory is taken, to SUCCESS MAGAZINE, 23 Washington Sq. N., New York City.

$25,000.00 FOR AGENTS. Pleasant work among your friends, frequent sales, large commissions, and big prizes for all. Address Dept. 20 X, 11 E. 24th St., N. Y. City.

THE LAXATIVE OF KNOWN QUALITY

There are two classes of remedies; those of known quality and which are permanently beneficial in effect, acting gently, in harmony with nature, when nature needs assistance; and another class, composed of preparations of unknown, uncertain and inferior character, acting temporarily, but injuriously, as a result of forcing the natural functions unnecessarily. One of the most exceptional of the remedies of known quality and excellence is the ever pleasant Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., which represents the active principles of plants, known to act most beneficially, in a pleasant syrup, in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to contribute their rich, yet delicate, fruity flavor. It is the remedy of all remedies to sweeten and refresh and cleanse the system gently and naturally, and to assist one in overcoming constipation and the many ills resulting therefrom. Its active principles and quality are known to physicians generally, and the remedy has therefore met with their approval, as well as with the favor of many millions of well informed persons who know of their own personal knowledge and from actual experience that it is a most excellent laxative remedy. We do not claim that it will cure all manner of ills, but recommend it for what it really represents, a laxative remedy of known quality and excellence, containing nothing of an objectionable or injurious character.

There are two classes of purchasers; those who are informed as to the quality of what they buy and the reasons for the excellence of articles of exceptional merit, and who do not lack courage to go elsewhere when a dealer offers an imitation of any well known article; but, unfortunately, there are some people who do not know, and who allow themselves to be imposed upon. They cannot expect its beneficial effects if they do not get the genuine remedy.

To the credit of the druggists of the United States be it said that nearly all of them value their reputation for professional integrity and the good will of their customers too highly to offer imitations of the

Genuine—Syrup of Figs

manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., and in order to buy the genuine article and to get its beneficial effects, one has only to note, when purchasing, the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package. Price, 50c. per bottle. One size only.

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WOODWARD & CO.

Minneapolis GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth

VIRGINIA FARMS [illegible]

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1906. NUMBER 13.

GRANTS AMNESTY TO ALL OFFENDERS

GOV. TAFT ALSO OUTLINES DUTIES OF AMERICAN FORCES IN CUBA.

MAGOON ARRIVES IN HAVANA

CUBANS FAVORABLY IMPRESSED WITH PERSONALITY OF NEW GOVERNOR.

Havana, Oct. 11.—Charles E. Magoon, the newly appointed provisional governor of Cuba, arrived here yesterday. Coincident with his coming Gov. Taft gave out a general decree, proclaiming amnesty not only to the rebels but to all persons charged with political offenses or crimes in any way connected with the revolution.

The amnesty proclamation is of the most sweeping character possible, pardoning every serious crime arising from the revolution and its causes.

Grants Complete Pardon.

Complete pardon is granted to all persons involved in the killing of Congressman Villuendas at Cienfuegos, in September, 1905, as well as to everybody implicated in the killing of several rural guardsmen at Guanabacoa last February.

The proclamation serves notice that armed bands breaking the law after to-day will be proceeded against and denied amnesty.

The proclamation declares that the insurrectionary forces have been disbanded; that active and organized hostilities have ceased, and that it is the purpose of the provisional government to promote the restoration of normal conditions of peace favorable to the early re-establishment of Cuban self-government.

Duties of Soldiers Laid Down.

Gov. Taft also issued orders covering the attitude of the American marines and soldiers towards the people.

The officers of marines are advised that they are not expected to take part in an active way in the suppression of disorder, unless extreme emergency arises in which it is absolutely necessary for them to protect life and property. The duties of the marines are generally limited to tendering

Their Good Offices

Between the conflicting elements and the prevention of friction which, in the high state of tension between the political parties, is inevitable during the present crisis. The order says it is expected that the presence of the marines in the community would create such a sense of security that the rural guards and the police will be able to suppress any disorder which manifests itself. The order concludes as follows:

Avoid Hurting Cubans.

"The president of the United States deems it of the utmost importance that the American forces do not engage in conflicts with Cubans, but that disorders by Cubans be suppressed by Cubans. It is also expected that the officers and men, both of the army and the marine corps, will exert every effort to show all courtesies possible to Cubans of all parties and avoid in any way injuring their sensibilities."

The order makes it plain that the marines will remain in the island for the present, as an adjunct to the infantry.

Marines Are Removed.

The appearance of yellow fever at Cienfuegos yesterday caused the immediate issuance of an order by Col. Barnett, directing that the American marines be removed from that city. The men were marched aboard the ships.

The steamer Mascotte, with Mr. Magoon, Gen. J. Franklin Bell, Mrs. Taft and Mrs. Bacon, entered Havana harbor at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. In the wake of the Mascotte came the battleship Texas, with a detachment of 300 marines, from Norfolk.

Greet Gov. Magoon.

A launch carrying Gov. Taft, Assistant Secretary Bacon and Capt. McCoy and Marti, aides to Gov. Taft, hurried out to the Mascotte. There followed another launch with Gen. Funston and his aide, and a third with a committee of Cuban newspaper men, who carried huge bouquets of flowers to present to the ladies.

Upon arriving at the palace Gov. Taft, Mr. Bacon and Mr. Magoon had a long conference.

Following this conference Mr. Magoon received the members of the press. He declined to discuss his plans for the future. While the arrival of the new governor was not attended by any marked demonstration, the Cubans appear to be favorably impressed by his personality.

DYNAMITE BLOWS UP SHOP.

Five Men Are Injured, but None Seriously.

Edgeley, N. D., Oct. 11.—A twenty-five-pound package of dynamite exploded in a blacksmith shop at Jud, N. D., the first town north of here. The building was blown to fragments, parts of it being carried nearly a mile away. Five men were in the shop when the the explosion occurred, but in some miraculous manner they escaped death. All were more or less cut and bruised by flying debris.

BAD BLOOD AT CIENFUEGUS

TAFT SENDS STEINHART TO TRY AND PUT END TO DANGEROUS CONDITION.

Havana, Oct. 10.—The factional ill feeling that has existed at Cienfuegos since the presidential campaign of 1905, resulting in the death of Congressman Villuendas and Chief of Police Illance, increasing during the recent revolution to such an extent that the return of the rebels from the field is causing a dangerous condition, which the provisional government considers it is highly necessary to end. In view of this Gov. Taft last night sent Consul General Steinhart to Cienfuegos with authority

to Take Any Action

he may deem advisable in the interest of a reconciliation of political differences there and inaugurating a fresh start toward a reasonable degree of mutual good will between the malcontents.

Gov. Taft believes that it is particularly necessary that the vexed local situation in Cienfuegos shall be settled before the issuance of an amnesty decree, since he has determined to include in the amnesty all persons charged with complicity in the Villuendas murder. He holds that if he yielded to the importunities of many residents of Cienfuegos and allowed those charged with the crime to be brought to trial it would result, in the event of their acquittal by a judge belonging to the Moderate party, in reopening the quarrel over the incident in a more violent manner than ever.

Gov. Taft has also to include in the general amnesty all persons alleged to have been connected with the Guanabacca outrage of last February, when several rural guardsmen were killed by night marauders.

Liberals Invite Taft.

Alfredo Zayas, Liberal leader, called at the palace yesterday and invited Gov. Taft to attend the Liberal mass meeting on Oct. 14. Gov. Taft reported that he would probably sail for the United States Oct. 13. Senor Zayas then offered to hold the meeting before the governor's departure, but Mr. Taft intimated that he did not regard it wise to attend a party demonstration.

Although the American commissioners will leave Cuba this week, Capt. McCoy, military aide to the governor, will remain for another week to familiarize Gov. Magoon with the situation.

Waiting for Bell.

Camp Columbia, headquarters of the American soldiers and marines, is growing rapidly. The arrival of Gen. J. Franklin Bell is awaited before the beginning of the distribution of the troops. A tentative plan is that detachments be sent to each provincial capital and to Cienfuegos, to be subject to need elsewhere.

BUILD CANAL BY CONTRACT.

Finally Decided That Work at Panama Will Be Done by Contract.

Washington, Oct. 10.—It has been finally decided that the Panama canal will be completed by contract. In a few days the commission will make public a statement setting forth its reasons for favoring the contract system, and at that time a form of contract will also probably be published, showing exactly the sort of document believed by the commissioners to be necessary for safeguarding the work.

President Roosevelt is known to support the commission in its position that the work can be done more satisfactorily by contractors than by the government. He had a long conference with Chairman Shonts yesterday on the subject, and the various arguments in support of contract system were discussed fully.

This change will in no way affect the employment of Chinese labor. Proposals for furnishing the Chinese labor were made under such conditions that they can be transferred to contractors and the terms can be fulfilled in such a manner that the government can give the coolies just as much protection as it could if the government were the direct employer.

HILL'S NEW SEAPORT.

James J. Hill Will Build Town of St. James Near Mouth of Columbia.

Tacoma, Oct. 10.—James J. Hill will build the town of St. James, on Gray's bay, sixteen miles from the mouth of the Columbia river. Hill's proposed north bank road from Pasco to Vancouver will be extended westward to Gray's bay and an ocean port built up at that point.

Mr. Hill believes this will ultimately become one of the most important ports on the Pacific coast. The townsite is to be laid out and controlled jointly by the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railroads. St. James will be made the connecting point of several lines. It will handle the ocean business of the Hill roads.

Boy Hunter Is Shot.

Stillwater, Oct. 10.—Wilhelm Paulson, thirteen years old, is at the home of his father in a precarious condition with a gunshot wound. He is a victim of the careless use of a shotgun by a quartet of boys who were hunting.

Robbers Get $200.

Huntsville, Mo., Oct. 10.—Two masked men armed with pistols yesterday entered the railroad station and, after locking the operator and other employes in a freight car, blew open the safe, secured $200 and escaped.

CUBANS IN PLOT FOR NEW REVOLT

REBEL GENERALS HOLD MYSTERIOUS CONFERENCE IN HAVANA.

LEADERS WILL DEMAND JOBS

IF REFUSED, NEW REBELLION MAY BREAK OUT—FUNSTON TO LEAVE CUBA.

Havana, Oct. 11.—This being the thirty-eighth anniversary of the beginning of the ten years' war for independence, the day was observed as a national holiday. The celebration was not marked by any great enthusiasm.

Several leaders of the revolution arrived here from various parts of the island for the purpose, it is said, of attending a meeting at the home of Gen. del Castillo. They would not discuss the object of the gathering, but it is said that the rebel generals intend to make urgent requests to Secretary Taft for official positions under the provisional government. They feel, it is asserted, that their hopes are vain unless they voice their ambitions before the departure of Mr. Taft.

Pick What They Want.

It is stated that each of the generals has selected the position which he desires and will make a demand for it on the ground that Mr. Taft is under obligations to them for their assistance in disarming the rebels.

Among the generals known to have been requested by telegraph to come here are Guzman, Ferrara, Nuchado and Guerra, and it is believed that others are coming.

It is considered significant that the rebels who served under Gen. del Castillo have been instructed not to sell their horses, and it is feared that Del Castillo has a wild idea of enforcing his demands for a position under the provisional government.

Funston to Leave Cuba.

Gen. Frederick Funston will not continue in command of the American forces in Cuba. Gov. Taft announced last night that he and Gen. Funston would leave Saturday for the United States on the battleship Louisiana. With them will go Assistant Secretary of State Bacon, and the affairs of Cuba will be left in the hands of Gov. Magoon and Gen. J. Franklin Bell. In explaining this Gov. Taft said:

"Gen. Funston was summoned on a hurry call from the Pacific coact because he was well acquainted with many of the insurgent chiefs here, and it was thought he could aid us, as he did greatly, in bringing the men in arms to an agreement. Gen. Funston was put

Temporarily in Command

of the troops in Cuba merely as a convenience until Gen. Bell should arrive. Gen. Funston, Mr. Bacon and myself are returning to our permanent duties."

Gov. Taft's confidence in Gen. Bell's ability to carry out the program of regeneration resulted in the decision to continue him on the island. Many Cubans of the faction to which Mendez Capote and others who organized the Moderate party belong were outspoken against Gen. Funston, alleging that he had deserted them in their war against Spain. Gov. Taft did not take cognizance of this bitterness, as he was familiar with the circumstances under which Gen. Funston at that time returned to the United States. He had the consent of Gen. Garcia and other leaders.

IS DE-LIGHTED 1,200 TIMES.

President Shakes Hands With Over 1,000 Visitors.

Washington, Oct. 11.—President Roosevelt yesterday received more than 1,200 persons in the east room of the White House. They included delegates to the convention of Old-Time Telegraphers, the Spanish War Veterans' and the National Wholesale Druggists' associations, all of whom are holding annual gatherings here. Many of the delegates were accompanied by their families. The president gave each of his callers a cordial handshake.

DECORATED BY PRESIDENT.

Iowa Officer's Act of Bravery Is Recognized and Rewarded.

Mount Pleasant, Iowa, Oct. 11.—Maj. Paul F. Straub, U. S. A., who was born and reared in Mount Pleasant, has just been decorated by President Roosevelt in recognition of an act of bravery performed in the Philippines when he risked his own life to save a wounded comrade.

MARQUIS IS MUCH MOVED.

Has to Be Forcibly Taken From Mother's Death Chamber.

Rome, Oct. 11.—There was a touching scene in the death chamber of Adelaide Ristori yesterday morning when her son, the Marquis Giorgio Capranica del Grillo, arrived from Paris, where he had been on duty as a gentleman-in-waiting on Dowager Queen Margherita. He burst into tears as he entered the apartment, embraced the body of his mother and had to be removed by force.

CUBAN AGENT STEALS $1,000,000

NEW YORK FIRM WRECKED BY DEFALCATION—AGENT IS MISSING.

New York, Oct. 11.—The assignment of J. M. Ceballos & Co., bankers and merchants, with liabilities between $3,000,000 and $4,000,000, was announced yesterday. The statement declared that the failure was due to the defalcation and absconding of Manuel Silveira of Silveira & Co., Havana agents of the New York company. Silveira's defalcation is alleged to amount to about $1,000,000. He sailed from Havana Oct. 2, ostensibly to consult here with the members of J. M. Ceballos & Co., but has not reached this city. Counsel for the assignee said yesterday that Silveira has left on his own steamer, the Carmelina, for parts unknown, accompanied by his wife and children, and that every effort was being made to locate him.

The members of the firm of J. M. Ceballos & Co. are J. M. Ceballos, John S. Fiske and Anderson C. Wilson.

The assignee is William V. Rowe, a lawyer. Mr. Rowe said yesterday that the assets of the firm are of a substantial character, but from a hasty examination it is manifest that they will require careful husbanding.

J. M. Cabellos & Co. was established about fifty years ago and has large interests in Cuba.

CLOSES GREAT PACKING PLANT.

Chicago Building Commissioner Shuts Down Nelson Morris Concern.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—Building Commissioner Bartzen yesterday ordered the police to close all buildings at the packing plant of Nelson Morris & Co. found to be in a dangerous condition.

Some time ago the commissioner ordered that certain changes be made in twenty-eight buildings connected with the plant, in order to conform to the building ordinances.

Early yesterday he was informed that the changes had not been made and he directed that a force of inspectors and police be at once sent to the stock yards, and if the changes had not been completed by noon to close all of the twenty-eight buildings in which violations of the law had been discovered.

SNOW STILL FALLS.

Fresh Disturbance Moves Eastward, With Center North of Montana.

Washington, Oct. 11.—The weather bureau last night announced that it was twenty degrees colder than Tuesday in the states east of the Mississippi river, and that a light snowfall doubtless would continue in the states along the lower lake region. Snow is falling along the Great Lakes.

The western area of high pressure is fast giving way and a fresh disturbance is moving eastward on its rear, the center being north of Montana. The eastern storm is passing off New England over the Canadian maritime provinces.

Snow or rain is expected near Lake Erie, and snow flurries are expected Thursday in the eastern part of Pennsylvania.

SOCIETY PUTS BAN ON GOAT.

Catholic Mutual Benefit Association Revises Initiation.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 11.—Initiation features, such as are generally known under the phrase "riding the goat," were abolished yesterday by the supreme council of the Catholic Mutual Benefit association, which opened its triennial convention here yesterday. The present ceremonial, which was adopted two years ago, has been objected to, especially by the clergy, as savoring too much of an imitation of non-Catholic societies.

STICKNEY TALKS TARIFFS.

Great Western's President Before Commerce Commission.

Washington, Oct 11.—Yesterday was the third day of the hearing before the interstate commerce commission on preparation and filing of tariffs. It is likely the hearing may be concluded to-day. A. B. Stickney, president of the Chicago Great Western railway, discussed the matter at length. The committee will issue an order soon finally determining the form of publication of the tariffs.

PLUMBERS ARE INDICTED.

Eleven Conspiracy True Bills Returned in Lima, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, Oct. 11.—Sensational returns were made by the grand jury here yesterday in the indictment of eleven plumbing concerns on charges of "conspiracy against trade." Several prominent men were included among the individual true bills returned. Names of the indicted are withheld pending service by the sheriff and arrests.

Child Accidentally Killed.

Big Falls, Minn., Oct. 11.—Irene, the eleven-year-old daughter of President Robinson, met death from the discharge of a 32-caliber revolver with which she was playing. The bullet entered the upper lip and emerged from the temple, causing death within an hour.

Two Killed by Explosion.

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 11.—In an explosion in the mine of the Springfield Collieries company north of this city last night two shot firers were killed.

TELLS MISDEEDS OF STANDARD OIL

OHIO'S SUIT AGAINST THE TRUST PROGRESSES RAPIDLY AT FINDLAY.

BRANDED ANCIENT HISTORY

ROCKEFELLER ATTORNEY SAYS STANDARD OIL IS IN NO TRUST.

Findlay, Ohio, Oct. 11.—The suit of the State of Ohio against the Standard Oil Company of Ohio, in which the company is charged with conspiracy against trade, began here yesterday and progressed at a rapid pace. A jury was secured in less than two hours; County Prosecutor W. L. David presented his case; Virgil P. Kline, attorney for the defense, made answer; Attorney C. H. Phelps of the prosecution then read documentary evidence until the court adjourned, twenty minutes before 5 o'clock. He promised to continue the reading during the greater part of to-day.

Became Trust in 1882.

In brief Mr. David stated to the jury that the Standard Oil company became a trust in 1882, and, although it had several times since changed the form of its organization, had not ceased to commit the offense of a trust. Replying, Mr. Kline characterized as mere matters of ancient history the relation of the original formation of the trust. The Standard Oil company, he said, was a corporation controlled entirely by its stockholders; it was in no trust. The company, he said, sold some oil at retail in the country; might own some real estate here, but the statement that it was in any combination in restraint of trade was entirely unsupported by the facts.

Rockefeller's Trial Later.

The Standard is charged with conspiracy against trade in violation of the state anti-trust laws. The penalty prescribed is a fine of from $50 to $5,000, or from six to twelve months imprisonment.

John D. Rockefeller was originally a party to the suit, but was granted a separate trial, the date of which will depend on the outcome of the present proceedings. It is said Mr. Rockfeller will not be a witness and will not attend the trial.

The Buckeye Pipe Line company and Manhattan Oil company, both state corporations, are also defendants, but have secured separate trials.

The trial is before Judge G. G. Banker and a jury.

BURIED ALIVE WITH IRVING.

Actor Named Siddons May Have Immolated Himself in Tomb.

London, Oct. 11.—A suggestion is made by Robert Ross that perhaps another person has been buried with Sir Henry Iriving in Westminster abbey. Ross whites:

"A young actor of my acquaintance who bore the honored name of Siddons was invited to take part in the Irving funeral services. His stepfather was connected by marriage with the great actress, Mrs. Siddons, and he was proud of his physical resemblance to her as shown in her portrait by Reynolds.

Missing Since Funeral.

"Since the burial of Irving Siddons never has been seen, though I saw him in the funeral cortege. All his friends remember the curious exaltation of his manner for a few days before the ceremony.

"I cannot help thinking that in a moment of enthusiasm, realizing that it would be his only chance of burial in the abbey, he took advantage of the bowed, unobservant heads, during the prayer of committal, and crept beneath the pall into the great actor's tomb. I have been asssured by the vergers that mysterious sounds were heard for some days after this great historical occasion.

"Distressed by the loss of my friend, I applied to the dean of Westminster, and finally to the police authorities at Scotland Yard. I need not say that I met sacerdotal indifference on one hand and acllous officialism on the hand and callous officialism on the other."

Central Passes Into New Hands.

Milwaukee, Oct. 11.—The Wisconsin Central Railway company was formally transferred into the control of new interests at yesterday's annual meeting of the stockholders, which was held at the general offices of the corporation in this city. The new board of directors is headed by George M. Cumming of New York.

Find Two Bodies on Track.

Plains, Mont., Oct. 11.—Two men were found dead yesterday morning on the railroad track near Perma, sixteen miles east of here. Both bodies were badly mangled and there was nothing which would serve to establish the identity of either man.

Hotel Is Burned.

Clitherall, Minn., Oct. 11.—The Lakeview hotel at this place has been destroyed by fire. Some of the furniture was saved, but the building was entirely destroyed. Loss, $6,000.

DREAM OF DEATH COMES TRUE

CHORUS GIRL FALLS FROM HOTEL WINDOW—MOTHER HAS PREMONITION.

New York, Oct. 11.—"She's dead! I dreamed Florence was dead last night."

That is what the aged mother of Miss Florence McDonald, the Blue Moon company chorus girl who was killed by falling from a window in the Windsor-Clifton hotel, Chicago, said at her home in Brooklyn when she heard of the accident to her daughter.

A dispatch from Chicago stated that Florence McDonald, known as Florence Raymond on the stage, was killed by falling out of fourth story window at the hotel.

At the very hour of the young woman's death Mrs. Abigail McDonald says she was awakened by a terrible dream, in which she saw Florence in a serious accident.

Miss McDonald went into the room of Miss De Bohner, a member of the same company. While sitting on a window opening into an airshaft she lost her balance, says Miss De Bohner, and fell headlong into the shaft.

CROKER SUES FOR LIBEL.

London Magazine Charges He Used Tammany for Personal Profit.

Dublin, Oct. 11.—Richard Croker yesterday formally inaugurated the libel suit which will bring to a definite issue the question whether he used his position as chief of Tammany Hall for purposes of financial profit. The suit is against a London magazine which publishes in its current number a scathing article against the growth of so-called Tammany in England, incidentally detailing in alleged chapters from New York the operations of Tweed and Croker. The latter's affidavit makes a sweeping denial of any wrongdoing while head of Tammany Hall and especially denies using the organization for purposes of extortion or personal profit.

MILWAUKEE LINE TIED UP.

Freight Goes Through Bridge and Passengers Are Delayed.

Aberdeen, S. D., Oct. 11.—A bad freight wreck occurred on the Milwaukee line near Mina, a few miles west of here. Spreading rails caused the engine to leave the track while crossing a bridge over Snake creek, and five cars plunged through the structure, demolishing it. Several cars loaded with wheat were wrecked and the contents scattered over the ravine. The track will not be cleared until noon. In the meantime many passengers are detained here en route to Western points.

FALLS INTO ROCK CRUSHER.

Man Is Fatally Bruised and Lacerated in Accident.

Livingston, Mont., Oct. 11.—Word has been received that J. White, a resident of this place, who was temporarily employed in Portland, Or., met a horrible death while at work on a rock crushing machine. He suddenly fell into the machine, which broke almost every bone in his body and badly bruised and lacerated his flesh. Strange to say, he was not dead when his horrified fellow workmen managed to stop the machine and rescue him. He died, however, a few hours later.

$10,000 FOR WIFE'S LOVE.

Falter, Who Found a Mate by Advertising, Brings Two Suits.

Waukesha, Wis., Oct. 11.—Frank Falter has brought suit against Edward Burton of the town of Eagle for $10,000 damages for the alleged alienation of his wife's affections.

The Falters were married in Chicago in 1901, when she was but fifteen. They became acquainted through a matrimonial "ad" in a paper.

Burton is the defendant in a criminal case brought against him by Falter and pending in the municipal court.

WRECKED IN GEORGIAN BAY.

Two Barges Strike Rocks, but Crews Are Saved.

Bay Smith, Mich., Oct. 11.—The barges Abram Smith and Comstock were wrecked on Bass island, in the Georgian bay region, during the recent storm. The boats were in tow of the steamer Langell Boys, and it is understood were driven on the rocks, the steamer rescuing the crews.

Falls Off Boat and Is Drowned.

St. Paul, Oct. 11.—M. Kelly, employed on the steamer Ben Hersey, fell into the river as the boat was passing under the Robert street bridge yesterday and was drowned. Several hundred pedestrians on the bridge saw him struggling in the water, and, powerless to help him, watched him sink to his death.

Drowns in Irrigation Ditch.

Helena, Mont., Oct. 11.—A little daughter of W. B. Sands, an attorney living at Chinook, was drowned in an irrigation ditch. The child fell into the water while playing on the banks near Sands' home.

Quarrel Over $1 Is Fatal.

Velva, N. D., Oct. 11.—In a quarrel over a dollar, one of the Austrian laborers in a railway camp near here hit a fellow countryman over the head, cutting a deep gash and crushing his skull.

JOHN D.'S WORDS USED BY STATE

OIL MAGNATE'S TESTIMONY OF YEARS AGO RISES AGAINST TRUST.

MUCH TALK; LITTLE PROGRESS

LONG LEGAL WRANGLES MARK SECOND DAY OF OHIO CONSPIRACY TRIAL.

Findlay, Ohio, Oct. 11.—Much legal argument and little actual progress marked the second day of the trial of the Standard Oil company of Ohio for conspiracy against trade. The argument was caused by the objection of attorneys for the Standard Oil as to the character of evidence introduced by the prosecution. In every instance, however, the ruling of Judge Ranker favored the prosecution.

Admit Rockefeller Testimony.

The result was that the testimony of John D. Rockefeller, given in 1898 in the litigation against the Standard Oil company before the supreme court of the state, was admitted and carefully read to the jury by Attorney Phelps for the prosecution. This consumed the morning session and part of the afternoon.

Mrs. Ida M. Butts, the first witness of the trial, was then called to the stand. Mrs. Butts said she was the stepdaughter of the late George M. Rice, an independent oil refiner of Marietta, Ohio. She had acted as Mr. Rice's private secretary and was the executrix of the estate.

Produces Trust Stock.

She produced, at the request of Attorney Phelps, the certificates of original "trust" stock owned by Mr. Rice, the certificates of "legal title" into which these were later transferred and scrip showing title to fractional shares of stock in all of the original twenty subsidiary companies. The text of these certificates was read into the record and Mrs. Butts excused, the defense not caring to cross-examine her.

Leads to Long Wrangle.

The final wrangle of the day then commenced and lasted until adjournment at 4:30. It began when Mr. Phelps offered as evidence a certified copy of the record in the office of the secretary of the state of New Jersey, showing that in 1898 the Standard Oil company of that state changed its corporate existence by increasing the number of its directors from three to nine. It was argued by the defense that this certificate was unauthenticated and incompetent. Judge Banker reserved his ruling on this point until to-day.

The objection of the defense to the evidence brought forward was mainly on the ground that the prosecution was going entirely outside of the case as set forth in the information filed by County Proscecutor David. Besides this the authenticity of the evidence was questioned.

BIT INTO BOY'S FOREHEAD.

Fatal and Unusual Accident in Collision at Ball Game.

Rolla, Mo., Oct. 11.—In a baseball game near the Maries county line two young men named Clark and McKee, belonging to the same team, collided with terrific force, while trying to catch a ball, McKee being killed almost instantly and Clark being rendered unconscious. Clark was the taller of the two, and it is reported that his upper teeth struck McKee in the forehead and were imbedded in the young man's skull and broken off.

DIES HARD; LAW DEFEATED.

Woman's Victim Outlives Legal Limit of Death by Violence.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 11.—Lucian Conen, formerly a member of the United States Marine band, and who was shot at Washington one year and twelve days ago by Mrs. Jeanette May, died at his home here Tuesday night. Had Conen died twelve days ago Mrs. May would have had to face a charge of murder, but she can now only be tried for shooting and wounding.

KUHNE BEVERIDGE IS BUSY.

Is About to Begin Second San Francisco Statue.

Brussels, Oct. 11.—Kuhne Beveridge (Mrs. Branson), the American sculptor, has completed the cast of the statue of "Grief," ordered by the city of San Francisco to commemorate the victims of the earthquake. She will shortly begin work on a second statue to represent the resurrection of the city of San Francisco.

Deadly Disease in Herd.

Webster City, Iowa, Oct. 11.—Cerebro-spinal meningitis, the most deadly disease known among cattle, has broken out in Fremont township northwest of this city. Mr. Ambrose's milch cattle are affected and four have already died.

Cossack Arm Rebels.

Warsaw, Oct. 11.—The police yesterday in the suburb of Praga discovered an arsenal from which Cossacks had been selling government arms to revolutionists.

LOW RATES

FARM LOANS

We make Farm Loans at Lowest Rates of Interest with Optional Payments. If title is good you can get your money the same day you make application. We do business quick. No six weeks or months to wait. No deal is too large for us to handle nor too small for us to give its careful attention: : : : : :

Give us a Call.

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ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

Officers:
C. L. Hansen.......President
Daniel Patterson.......Vice-Pres.
A. D. Stephens.......2nd Vice-Pres.
K. O. Gigstad.......Cashier

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv.....Crookston.....Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar. Red Lake Falls. Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar. Thief River Falls. Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv.....St. Hilaire.....Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar.....Wylie.....Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
H. M. Swenson, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

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and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of

THE FAMOUS

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RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE

you are not satisfied with results.
This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.

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WORTH A DOLLAR
A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

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Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.

A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.

GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

The "Redgeton"
SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING.
HIGH GRADE.

Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.

STRONGEST GUARANTEE.

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For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES, Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

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Saturday, Oct. 13, 1906.

Republican State Ticket.

United States Senator—
KNUTE NELSON,
Douglas County.

Governor—
A. L. COLE,
Cass County.

Lieutenant Governor—
A. O. EBERHART,
Blue Earth County.

Chief Justice—
CHARLES M. START,
Olmsted County.

State Treasurer—
CLARENCE DINEHART,
Murray County.

Secretary of State—
JULIUS SCHMAHL,
Redwood County.

Attorney General—
E. T. YOUNG,
Swift County.

State Auditor—
S. G. IVERSON,
Fillmore County.

Clerk of the Supreme Court—
C. A. PIDGEON,
Wright County.

Railroad Commissioner—
C. F. STAPLES,
Dakota County.

The express companies of the state are being investigated by the railroad board. They are the biggest robbers in the bunch.

The state board of equalization, which is one of the results of electing Democratic Governor Johnson, have been busy lately boosting farm values and the assessed value of farm products.

John W. Johnson, the socialist-labor candidate for governor, will not get his name on the state ticket owing to the fact that his nominating petition contained duplicate names enough to invalidate it.

The October school apportionments will amount to $2.29 per pupil. The fund to be distributed by the state amounts to $866,320.23. There are 378,246 pupils in the state entitled to the apportionment.

In another column our readers can find what the state dairy and food commission have to say about the groceries supplied by the mail order houses. Evidently their goods like the Frenchman's razors, "were made to sell."

On next Tuesday the citizens of St. Hilaire are called upon to vote on the question of bonding the village for $10,000 to build an electric light plant. The editor is of the opinion that we should have more information at hand as to what can be done in regard to obtaining the water power before bonds are voted. On the other hand it is a good time for public improvements. May the voters' decision be for the best interests of the village.

Roseau Region: If you believe in a greater Minnesota, if you want your farm lands to increase in value, if you believe in a man who stands for development, drainage, increased taxation of corporations so they bear their just share, then A. L. Cole is the man you want to see governor of this great state. Republicans, don't continue to make the state you love a laughing stock among states. With its overwhelming republican majority, it is nothing less than a scandal having a democrat for governor. Get in line.

Editor Lightbourn of the Norman County Index, sizes up the political situation in Red Lake county in the following manner:

"All political questions at Thief River Falls is decided by the county seat test. If a candidate favors Thief River as the seat of government he will, of course, make a good official. But if he dares to favor Red Lake Falls, his mental caliber is of the course not sufficiently good to entitle him to draw a salary from the county. At the primaries a "Thief River Falls county seat" sample ballot was sprung on the voters, and, we believe, the whole bunch favored by the big town captured the nominations. Last week the citizens there held another meeting and endorsed a full ticket for the election that suited Thief River interests. It is not shown that they were the same ones endorsed at the primaries, but Red Lake Falls will naturally buck the Thief River slate and the result will indicate county seat chances when it comes to a vote."

U. S. Senator Moses E. Clapp will speak on the issues of the campaign at Red Lake Falls on October 25th.

There is very little politics in the campaign now on for county offices. Where do you live? and, how do stand on the county seat question? are issues paramount to your political opinions.

Dairy Convention.

The Red River Valley Dairymen's association will hold its fourth annual convention in the city of Crookston on Wednesday and Thursday, November 14 and 15. The organization was started three years ago with less than a dozen persons and each succeeding convention has had a larger attendance than the previous one and at the last convention there were about 200 dairymen in attendance and from the interest shown in it this year there will be a much larger attendance. Previous meetings have shown that a one day's session is too short and the two days session even is crowded with the interesting subjects which the program is made up from. The aim has been to make the program as much as possible of interest to both patrons and buttermakers and will be carried along on the most interesting questions of the present time and the discussions will be led by some of the most progressive dairymen in the state and the Red River Valley. Special attention will be given to silos and practical feeding of dairy cows. A full program will be printed in a short time.

Northern Minnesota is already taking rapid strides towards becoming the most important dairy section of the state. We have farmers that drew checks of over $200 from their cows in one month last winter and this coming season checks of over $300 will be drawn from the same source. This is not from farmers who have started with silver-lined pockets but who have applied their own mind to the business, read dairy papers and attended dairy meetings and exchanged ideas to their mutual benefit. Another thing which shows the progressiveness of the dairymen in the northwest is the nice score we got for our butter at the state fair this fall. Here are some: Calvin Moores Jr., Ada, 96½; Lauritzen, Plummer, 95; L. H. Flagel, Erskine, 95; C. M. Davidson, Climax, 95; P. Nielson, Winger, 95; H. L. Flagel, McIntosh, 94½; Geo. Houghton, Fisher, 94½; Lars Leffler, Hendrum, 94; A. L. Gunderson, Beltrami, 93½. These are fine scores, and by coming together and comparing notes we can shove up a notch and carry away honors that have been held by southern Minnesota.

JOEL G. WINKJER,
Secretary.

Prof. Geo. T. Churchill

Who taught at the Crookston College seven years ago has returned to take up his old work. He has been in this line of work for twelve years and has taught in the Grand Forks College, Minneapolis Normal College, Crookston College and Buena Vista College. He is considered the best commercial and penmanship teacher in the state. Owing to the large enrollment at the Crookston college, Prof. Sathre found it necessary to secure another teacher and was very fortunate in getting such an able man.

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Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
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when you want the best beer
Hamm's
the beer with a flavor
New Brew -

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Only 10 and 15 cents each—none higher. Ask for them. Sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail from
THE McCALL CO.
113-115-117 West 31st St., NEW YORK

JOHNSON ENDORSES BRYAN

NELSON ADVISED TO MIND HIS OWN BUSINESS AND NOT BUTT IN.

When in Washington last May, Governor Johnson, in an interview, said:

"Bryan is the logical candidate of the Democrats for the presidency. He will undoubtedly be nominated at the convention of 1908, and will sweep the Middle West like a whirlwind. * * * If anybody but Roosevelt is nominated Mr. Bryan will be the next president. * * *

"The Democrats of Minnesota are hopeful of doing things this year. I do not know how the people of the state regard our administration, but I believe I will be elected again. I would be sure of it if Senator Nelson here would mind his own business and not go around the state butting in and advising the Republicans to support their own ticket."

Political Announcement.

I hereby announce to the voters of Red Lake county that I am again a candidate for the office of County Auditor and respectfully solicit your votes and support at the general election to be held Nov. 6, 1906. My past record as County Auditor is one of which I have no cause to feel ashamed and if re-elected, I pledge myself to conduct the affairs of the office faithfully and impartially in the interests of the taxpayers of the county as I have in the past.

JAMES E. FORD.

For Supt. of Schools.

As republican candidate for Superintendent of Schools, I respectfully solicit your vote and support at the general election.

FRED RICHARDS.

If you have lost your boyhood spirits, courage and confidence of youth, we offer you new life, fresh courage, and freedom from ill health in Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, tea or tablets. —Imperial Drug Co.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

NOTICE OF A SPECIAL ELECTION

TO THE VOTERS OF THE VILLAGE OF ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA:

TAKE NOTICE!

Pursuant to the order and resolution of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Red Lake, in the state of Minnesota, that a special election in said village will be held at the village hall of said village on the 16th day of October, A. D. 1906, the object of which is to submit to the voters of said village the proposition of issuing ten thousand (10,000.00) dollars' worth of Bonds of the following denominations: Ten (10) bonds of one thousand ($1,000.00) dollars each, bearing interest at the rate of five (5) per cent per annum, interest payable annually.

The proceeds resulting from the sale of said bonds to be used by said village in the erection, construction, maintainance and equipment of an electric light plant to be owned, operated and controlled by said village.

J. B. O'BRIEN,
President of the Village Council,
St. Hilaire, Minnesota.

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Village Clerk.

Public Sale of Absolute Property of the State, Under Sections 936, 937 and 938, Chapter 11, Revised Laws 1905.

Notice is hereby given that on the twelfth day of November, 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the county auditor in the court house at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, all tracts or parcels of land sold for taxes in Red Lake county, to which the state has acquired title, under the provisions of Chapter eleven (11), Revised Laws of Minnesota, 1905, and amendments thereto, remaining unredeemed, will be offered at public sale. Every tract or parcel will be sold for cash to the person bidding the highest price offered therefor, which sholl not be less than the amount of taxes, penalties, interest and costs charged against it. Provided however, that those tracts which were bid in for the state at the regular annual tax sale in 1901, for the tax of 1899, and in all years prior thereto, on which the aggregate taxes, penalties, interest and costs exceeds the cash value thereof, may be disposed of for a sum not less than the amount of the taxes charged against each tract, excluding the penalties, interest and costs.

Owners or interested parties may redeem their property by paying the full amount due to the county treasurer at any time before sale has been made to an actual purchaser.

After the Notice of Expiration of Redemption has been served as provided in section 956, revised laws 1905, the Governor is authorized to issue a deed in the name of the state to the person entitled thereto. (Section 938 R. L.) Immediate payment to the county treasurer is required. The sale will begin at the time and place named above and continue from day to day until every tract or parcel shall have been offered for sale. The county auditor of Red Lake county is hereby authorized and directed to conduct said sale. A list of said real property is now on file in the offices of the county auditor and state auditor.

Dated St. Paul, Minn., October 1st, 1906.

S. G. IVERSON,
State Auditor.

(Seal.)

08-27

EARNEST L. QUIST,

Republican Candidate for Register of Deeds.

The only Reservation candidate.

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FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at...
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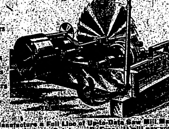
CONFECTIONERY

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

SAW MILL MACHINERY.



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Write for our Catalogue B. Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

4-FOOT SLABS AND TIED EDGINGS AT
$1.50
Per Cord
Crookston Lumber Company.

SAVE MONEY
BY USING
MASCOT FLOUR
BETTER BREAD
and MORE OF IT.
Red Lake Falls Milling Co.
WE PURCHASE ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
H. C. ADAMS, Agent.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Ask for a Ticket East on the Pioneer Limited

Insist that it read from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago on The Pioneer Limited or one of the other fast trains of the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

The Pioneer Limited leaves Minneapolis at 8:00 p.m. and St. Paul at 8:35 p.m. Arrives Union Station, Chicago, 8:55 a.m. the next day. Four other fast trains to Chicago daily. Compartment and standard sleepers with "longer, wider and higher berths," dining car, observation-library car, chair car and coach.

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Northwestern Passenger Agent,
365 Robert St., ST. PAUL.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, - - - - MINNESOTA

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HARDWARE
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VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D. Patterson	Councilmen
E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
E. M. Hoff, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3850 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

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ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
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Lawyers.
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STATIONERY,
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Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

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Do You Want to MAKE MONEY?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in touch with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commission. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. Homes, Investments, Snaps. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J.P. GONIGAM
210 Armory Blk.,
OTTAWA, - ILLINOIS

THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

House and lot for sale cheap. Inquire of O. F. Post.

"Old Arkansaw" the big fun show is coming. Don't miss it.

Marshal Killand was over to Plummer on business last Wednesday.

Sheriff Dan Linnihan was here from Red Lake Falls last Tuesday on business.

Mrs. George Murch, of Crookston, is here this week, the guest of Mrs. E. R. Evans.

E. L. Quist, the republican candidate for register of deeds, was here last Tuesday.

Lewis Nelson, the republican nominee for sheriff, was a visitor here on Tuesday.

County Atterney Thomas Germo and wife, of Red Lake Falls, were visitors here last Tuesday.

Joe Wessel, the St. Paul "candy" man, was here yesterday soliciting orders for the sweet stuff.

Mark on your calendar that "Old Arkansaw" is coming Oct. 27th. You don't want to miss this one.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

That wondrous story of the wondrous south "Old Arkansaw" will be seen at Imperial hall on Saturday, Oct. 27.

Peter Kolstad and H. J. Wick came back from North Dakota last Saturday where they have been spending the fall.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Steen arrived direct from England last Thursday and will visit with their brother, Carl Steen.

Mrs. H. E. Ives is entertaining her mother, Mrs. P. E. Pirath and her sister, Mrs. J. H. Cross of Red Lake Falls, this week.

While the wind storm last Monday was not very pleasant it was much worse further west and at Minot, N.D., they had several inches of snow on the bargain.

The Ladies' Aid of the Synod church will serve supper at the old Pleth land office opposite Holmes' furniture store, Saturday Oct. 20th, from six o'clock. All are invited.

Martin E. and Christ Bjerk were at Thief River Falls last Thursday attending the funeral of their brother, Erick Bjerk, who died the first of the week of typhoid fever.

J. G. Prior, Chas. Fellman, Jens Nelson and Mike Anderson went up to Mud lake after ducks last Saturday and returned the first of the week with over sixty fine ones.

Prof. J. B. O'Brien is out in the eastern part of the county this week soliciting votes for county auditor. Mr. O'Brien's chances of being elected are considered excellent.

Many men give lavishly of gold,
To build bridges and castles and towers of old;
If you want everlasting fame, a benefactor be,
Give the poor and needy Rocky Mountain Tea. Imperial Drug Co.

The wind blew a gale last Monday, it being easily the hardest wind storm of the season. One of the large lights in M. L. Hanson's store was broken and a glass in Albert Fellman's was also broken.

Dr. C. R. Crandall, the Thief River Falls dentist, has decided to spend two days a week here in the future and will be here on Wednesday and Thursday of each week. His card appears in another column.

Wanted.—Salesmen for accident and health insurance; endowment policy; indemnity for injury to beneficiary. Liberal contract; chance for advancement. Write Woodmen Mut. Casualty Co., Minneapolis. ns

Andy Clark who has been working at the saw mill this summer has been sick for the past week and on Thursday he was taken to the hospital at Crookston, his illness having developed into a bad case of typhoid fever.

This is the season of decay and weakened vitality. Nature is being shorn of its beauty and bloom. If you would retain yours, fortify your system with Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

William Ford, formerly river foreman here for the lumber company but now of Rainy River, Ontario, Canada, is here this week visiting friends. Mr. Ford has charge of the river work for the lumber company there and has a good position.

Governor Johnson will speak at Thief River Falls next Monday afternoon and will be on the south bound train here on Monday evening. We are informed that the train will be held here long enough for the governor to say a few words.

Teeth. Dr. Morgan, dentist, of Minneapolis, who has had 24 years' practice, will be at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, Oct. 17-18. Teeth pulled without pain. Will make regular visits. All kinds of dentistry.

The Shaw-Gallagher Amusement Co. presented Marie Young in "The Burglar and the Waif" at Imperial hall last Thursday evening to a fair sized crowd. The show was a good one, by far the best seen here this season, and the audience seemed well pleased with the production.

On Saturday last at the home of E. E. Anderson, in Rocksbury, occurred the marriage of his daughter Ida, to Mr. Hans W. Anderson, of Bowbells, N. D., Charles W. Erickson and Tyra E. Wallin acting as witnesses and Rev. Alex Sand officiating. About thirty friends were present.

William Dexter, the saw mill foreman, went down to Crookston last Saturday to meet Mr. Shevlin and while there received orders to go to Cass Lake. He left on Thursday with his family and will take charge of the saw mill there. He has the reputation of being an expert in his line. John Christie, the night foreman, is now in charge, with Peter S. Dainard as night foreman.

Rev. C. W. Gilman returned last Tuesday from Minneapolis where he had been attending the annual conference of the M. E. church. Everyone will be pleased to learn that Rev. Gilman will have charge here for another year at least. Rev. Lafayette Dodds, who has been presiding elder of this district for the past six years retires, and takes the church at Staples, and Rev. J. R. Davis takes his place.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford has an office at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, on the 8th day of every month. A red letter day to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses.

A fire alarm called out the department yesterday afternoon and it was found that the small one-story dwelling owned by Rasmus Foss situated north and east of the Swedish Lutheran church, was on fire. The fire caught from a defective stove pipe and proved stubborn. There was very little water to be had in that section of town and most of the work was done with the chemical. The fire was put out but the roof was practically destroyed. The furniture was removed and there was no insurance.

Julius Pleth, the hustling land man of Plummer, was here last Saturday calling on old friends. Mr. Pleth is still the leading land man in Red Lake county and has been doing a big business this summer, and he deserves it, as he is doing more to advertise Red Lake county than any half a dozen men in the county. For instance, we notice every week or so a page advertisement in the Cannon Falls Beacon which tells of the desirable opportunities and money to be made in Red Lake county lands, and these ads are bringing in a class of actual settlers who understand farming and will help to build up the country. If more of our land agents will do like Mr. Pleth they would get much better results. Mr. Pleth bought the A. S. Anderson farm in River Falls last week, paying a good price for the 240 acres, and he also purchased a quarter in Rocksbury.

Rummage Sale.

The rummage sale conducted by the Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church has been in progress this week and proved a decided success. The ladies have already taken in nearly fifty dollars and expect to have considerable more business before the sale closes this evening. In case they have a lot of articles left they may decide to hold an auction the first of the week.

Wedding at Thief River Falls.

News (Thursday): Yesterday afternoon at the parsonage of the St. Bernard's Catholic church, Rev. Fr. Adolph Dingman officiating, occurred the marriage of Mrs. Theresa Bishoff to William Berri Fuller. Only immediate friends and relatives of the contracting parties were present to witness the ceremony.

Both the contracting parties have a large circle of friends in Thief River Falls who wish them a happy married life. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bourque and a young lady possessing many accomplishments. The groom is one of Thief River Falls' pioneer and substantial business men and counts as his friends all of the people of Thief River Falls and vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Fuller left last evening on the Soo flyer on a short wedding trip to the Twin cities. They will be at home in the Wright house on the East side after the first of September.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,
DENTIST
From Thief River Falls, makes regular visits to St. Hilaire Wednesdays and Thursdays at Dr. J. C. Cummings' office.

Foods Are Adulterated.

The National Pure Food Law which becomes operative Jan. 1, 1907, will, if rigidly enforced, correct the abuses which now exist in the transaction of the mail order business. The state law does not operate against mail order houses, but the national law will operate against them, preventing the shipment of adulterated or misbranded goods from one state into another.

Following up the work which the state department has instituted, attention is called to the following analyses of groceries shipped into this state within the past thirty days by mail order houses. We have no object in view in making public these analyses other than to inform the consumers of the state as to the quality of the goods. Publicity is the only weapon to use against them. The reports just as received from the laboratory are as follows:

Lab. No. 611—Catsup, "Doris" brand. Shipped by Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago. Illegal. Colored with coal tar dye. The law does not permit any kind of color.

Lab. No. 113—Green Fruit Color, shipped by Montgomery Ward & Co., Chicago. Illegal. Sample is a coal tar dye.

Lab. No. 1331—Extract of Cinnamon, "Seroco" brand, shipped by Sears, Roebuck & Co. Illegal. Colored with coal tar dye.

Lab. No. 435—Cream of Tartar, sold for pure, shipped by Montgomery Ward & Co. Illegal. Sample is an imitation cream of tartar. Contains no cream of tartar.

Lab. No. 1332—Extract of Wintergreen, shipped by Sears, Roebuck & Co. Illegal. Colored with coal tar dye.

Lab. No. 432—Baking Powder, "Index" brand, shipped by Montgomery Ward & Co. Illegal. Can not labelled as required by law.

Lab. No. 9—Evaporated Cream, "Highland" brand, shipped by Sears, Roebuck & Co. Illegal. Sample is simple evaporated milk.

Lab. No. 791—Colored Sugar, shipped by Montgomery Ward & Co. Illegal. Sample is colored with coal tar dye.

Lab. No. 8—Evaporated Cream, "Peerless" brand, shipped by Montgomery Ward & Co. Illegal. Sample is simple evaporated milk.

Communicated.

The council has requested that I write an article explaining the attitude of that body on the bonding of the village for the construction and maintainance of an electric light plant to be owned and operated by the village, so that the voters may understand for what they are voting.

To install a plant requires time and much work. An estimate must be obtained from a competent engineer, machinery purchased and many details worked out that will be a necessary expense before actual work is begun.

The reason why the voters are called upon is to know whether or not the plant is to be installed, if successful arrangements and satisfactory terms can be obtained from the company owning the water power. The amount of bonds, ten thousand dollars, is what the first estimate of the cost of the entire plant may be, that is not saying the plant will cost that amount. The bonds are to be issued in denominations of one thousand dollars each, bearing five per cent interest per annum. No more of those bonds will be sold than is necessary to finish the plant, leaving the amount of bonds to the judgment of the council.

The council thinks best to know the wishes of the people before any money is expended getting an estimate. Had the council gone ahead, made the necessary expense, found out the cost and then submitted the question of voting bonds, and the bonds were defeated, all work and money expended would be a loss.

I think I have made myself clear and present the case as it is understood by the members of the council.

J. B. O'Brien.

Farm School Started.

Crookston Times: The Agricultural school has opened its doors for the school year. Eight pupils have registered and have been assigned accommodations while applications have been received from many others and it is expected that the rooms will be filled before the school has been in progress long. Work was started in all the departments yesterday and everything points to a successful school year. The school is under the supervision of Prof. Robertson and this in itself is a guarantee that it will be a success. The teachers are all experienced and have been selected carefully, so that as far as the faculty goes, the student will have no cause for complaint. The farm work is somewhat backward this year and many pupils who expect to attend the school have not been able to attend at this time but are expected a little later.

Y Not Mak It Simpl?

A simpl styl of spelin has been okd by som big men, and it has its gud points. But the list givn out is not big enuf. If we ar to hav a simpl system y not get down to bed rok rite of? Y not includ al the words that can b speld in an ezy way? Y b a thossn yrs doin somthing that can b don in one? Just think of the trubl to spel rite when it mite b so much ezier to tak a short cut. Then u cud spel just as well as the nex man and wud hav no caus to blush becaus u somtims mist the way the other folks spel. If we ar to hav reform let us reform in ernest. To b sure the simpl way wud lok funny at first, but after a whil it wud be al rite, and think of the savin in tim, ink and papr! Ther is nothin lik gettin ust to an inovasun. Then it coms as a mater of corse. We hav the simpl life, y not the simpl spelin? We paus for anser.—St. Cloud Journal Press.

An Explanation.

For the benefit of those who erroneously charge that I wantonly caused the so-called redistricting case to be continued over to the April term of the supreme court, I herewith append written instructions from the county commissioners, covering the question:

"Thos. Germo, Co. Atty.

Dear Sir:—We, as county commissioners of the county of Red Lake, hereby request you to enter into a stipulation with the plaintiff's attorney in the case of Borchers vs. Wm. C. L. Demann, et. als., as board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, to the effect that the appeal in said action now pending in supreme court be tried and heard at the April, 1907, term thereof.

Dated, Sept. 4, 1906.

(Signed:)
Wm. C. L. Demann.
Louis Falardeau.
O. J. Johnson.

Here, then, we have a direct, written request by the majority of the board of county commissioners, which in the eyes of all justice-loving and fair-minded people should absolve me from any blame, if blame there is, in the premises. The position taken by those who cavil, criticise and abuse me, those who distort the facts, or have had the facts distorted to them, is singularly unjust and unreasonable. It is, indeed, equivalent to holding that I should be held responsible for the action of the board, which is as rash as it is impossible. The functions of the two offices are so entirely different, and I have no more right to enroach upon their office than they have a right to enroach upon mine. It is my duty to act as the legal adviser to the county officials and to prosecute cases in behalf of the county and in the name of the state. In short, I am, by virtue of my office, the attorney for the county and the attorney for the county officials, and corollary, the county and county officials are my clients.

We now come to the meat in the nut, and it is this: Every lawyer knows, and every layman ought to know, that an attorney is governed by the wishes of his client as to when to begin prosecution, and after having begun, he is further governed by the wishes of his client in the matter of prosecuting the same as expeditiously as possible, as well as in the matter of consenting to continuance. This is no new doctrine, and an attorney who would refuse to be so governed would find himself without a client.

Yours for fair play and a square deal all around.

Thos. Germo.

Carbonic Acid Pump.

The city of Hanover has in its fire service a carbonic acid pump working in connection with a steam pump. While the acid pump is actuated by a battery of storage cells the steam pump, which is on an automobile, is conducted to the locality of a fire by means of carbonic acid compressed in tanks. The charcoal briquettes are placed on the grate and watered with alcohol from a receptacle, where it is kept under pressure by carbonic acid. The water in the boiler is always kept at the temperature of 212 degrees F. by means of a small gas burner. The daily use of golden grain belt beer will nourish and strengthen the entire body. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex. Thompson, Crookston.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

A FEW MORE
BARGAINS
LEFT AT
Rapp & Post's
Clothing Sale.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

IT PAYS TO TRADE
AT HANSON'S

WE do not believe in dishing out a poor quality of goods in order to name a low price. But our aim is to give you good, honest goods at a reasonable price, and if at any time you think you have reason for complaint we would be pleased to have you call and talk it over with us that we may have a chance to make it right with you.

JUST A FEW PRICES

20 pounds of Granulated Sugar for $1.00, with $5.00 worth of other groceries
Good bulk Coffee per pound 15c
Prunes, very best quality, per pound 10c
Cranberries ... a quart 10c
Sweet Potatoes, per pound 5c
Extra Soda Crackers, per pound 8c
Fairbank's Glycerine Tar Soap, a piece 5c
Very good quality Cream Cheese, lb 15c
Brick Cheese, a lb 18c
Dried Herring, a box 20c
New Norway Herring, a pound 10c
Good Laundry Soap, 8 bars for 25c
GOLD MEDAL Flour, the best. We have it.

If you need anything in the line of Men's, Boys', Ladies', Misses' or Children's Shoes, Overshoes, Underwear or Hosiery, GIVE US A CALL.

Don't forget to invest in a pair of our Men's All Wool and warranted not to rip Pants, and a Jacket to match. This is just what you want when the cold weather starts in.

......BRING YOUR PRODUCE TO US......
We pay the following prices in exchange for goods:
FRESH EGGS per dozen 20c. BUTTER, as to quality, per lb 15c to 20c. WOOL per lb 18c to 23c

M. L. HANSON, St. Hilaire, Minn.

NERVOUS DEBILITY

A Scranton Woman Tells How Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Made Her Well and Strong.

Nervous debility is the common name for what the doctors term neurasthenia. It is characterized by mental depression, fits of the "blues," or melancholy, loss of energy and spirits. The patient's eyes become dull, the pink fades from the cheeks, the memory becomes defective so that it is difficult to recall dates and names at will. Some of these symptoms only may be present or all of them. The remedy lies in toning up the nervous system and there is no medicine better adapted for this purpose than Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Mrs. June J. Davies, of No. 314 Warren street, Scranton, Pa., says: "Some years ago I became greatly reduced in health and strength and my nervous system became so debilitated that I felt wretched. I could not rest or sleep well at night and woke up as weary and languid in the morning as I was when I went to bed. My head ached in the morning and often there was a pain in my right side which was worse when I sat down. My nerves were on edge all the time, every little noise bothered me and I was generally miserable. Then I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, as my husband had taken them with good results, and they did wonders for me. Now I have no more pain in my side, no more headaches, I sleep well and feel strong and able to do my work."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured Mrs. Davies and they can do just as much for other weak, pale, ailing men or women who are slipping into a hopeless decline. They strike straight at the root of all common diseases caused by poor and impoverished blood.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y.

Fame is a post-mortem of the gods.

What the Jury Thought.

"Flatman, I hear you were arrested the other day for insulting and brow-beating a janitor. How did you come out?"

"I was tried for it and acquitted."

"On the ground that it was justifiable?"

"No, the jury couldn't be made to believe such a thing was possible."

The Meat of It.

"There was more meat in that last article of Spacerate's than I thought there was."

"That so?"

"Yes, indeed! He bought three pounds of steak with the money he got for it!"

All the Fault of His Man.

"Why did Ferdie discharge his valet?"

"Miss Van Rox rejected Ferdie's offer of marriage and the only reason Ferdie could think of was that something must be wrong with the way he was dressed."—Cleveland Leader.

As the Auto Whizzed By.

"That's McGoovius' new motor car."

"How do you know? You couldn't see the number."

"It has a little stronger smell than any of the others."

RURAL COMFORTS.

The average farmer nowadays is quite as well off as his city cousin. Hundreds of homes have their own water and light plants. Power is easily obtained from the Gasoline Engine used for the general farm work. Ask for Free Catalog ST-157.

FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., St. Paul.

A girl who doesn't know one card from another may be an adept at holding hands.

There is nothing sacred in any day if there is not something sacred in all.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed –
Alx. Senna –
Rochelle Salts –
Anise Seed –
Peppermint –
Bi Carbonate Soda –
Worm Seed –
Clarified Sugar –
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

NEW YORK.

At 6 months old

35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

NO MORE MUSTARD PLASTERS TO BLISTER.

THE SCIENTIFIC AND MODERN EXTERNAL COUNTER-IRRITANT.

CAPISICUM VASELINE

EXTRACT OF THE CAYENNE PEPPER PLANT

A QUICK, SURE, SAFE AND ALWAYS READY CURE FOR PAIN.—PRICE 15c.—IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES—AT ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS, OR BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF 15c. IN POSTAGE STAMPS. DON'T WAIT TILL THE PAIN COMES—KEEP A TUBE HANDY.

A substitute for, and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of the article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve Headache and Sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all Rheumatic, Neuralgic and Gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household and for children. Once used no family will be without it. Many people say "It is the best of all your preparations." Accept no preparation of vaseline unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine. SEND YOUR ADDRESS AND WE WILL MAIL OUR VASELINE PAMPHLET WHICH WILL INTEREST YOU.

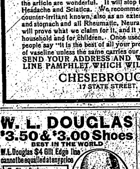
CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO.

17 STATE STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 & $3.00 Shoes BEST IN THE WORLD

W. L. Douglas $4 Gilt Edge line cannot be equalled at any price

To Shoe Dealers: W. L. Douglas' Jobbing House is the most complete in this country. Send for Catalog



SHOES FOR EVERYBODY AT ALL PRICES.

Men's Shoes, $5 to $1.50. Boys' Shoes, $3 to $1.25. Women's Shoes, $4.00 to $1.50. Misses' & Children's Shoes, $2.25 to $1.00.

Try W. L. Douglas Women's, Misses and Children's shoes; for style, fit and wear they excel other makes.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other make.

Wherever you live, you can obtain W. L. Douglas shoes. His name and price is stamped on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and inferior shoes. *Take no substitute.* Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes and insist upon having them.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy. Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Dept. 11, Brockton, Mass.

THE BEST COUGH CURE

In buying a cough medicine, remember the best cough cure,

Kemp's Balsam

costs no more than any other kind.

Remember, too, the kind that cures is the only kind worth **anything.**

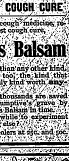
Every year thousands are saved from a consumptive's grave by taking Kemp's Balsam in time.

Is it worth while to experiment with anything else?

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

He Knows the kind of Waterproof Oiled Clothing that stands the hardest service

Do You Know?



Made for all kinds of wet work or sport

SOLD EVERYWHERE

DOOM OF THE FARM HORSE.

Agricultural Motor Car May Supersede Dobbin in the Fields.

Good-by to Dobbin, the faithful and sturdy old farm horse! No longer will the plowman homeward plod his weary way. Instead he will simply turn on the second speed of his agricultural motor car and go dashing up the lane to the farmhouse at the rate of twenty miles an hour.

In the early months of 1902 what proved to be the first successful gasoline agricultural motor appeared, contesting at nearly all the great agricultural competitions of the season in England and carrying off the gold medals from the horse in every contest.

Plowing proved to be the first phase of farm labor to which the agricultural motor was introduced and at which four years ago it made its initial reputation. Steam engines have proven too heavy for the soft land being plowed and here the agriculturists expected to mire the internal combustion motor, but he signally failed. For a plowing test among horses, steam power and the gasoline motor, two and three-quarters acres of very heavy clay soil were selected. It was a condition that the furrows were to be nine inches wide and six inches deep. In doing the work nine horses, three to a plow, with three drivers and three boys, did the work at a total cost of $8.25, or at the rate of $3.68 an acre. By steam power the total cost of plowing the same area amounted to $9.80, or $4.08 an acre, and with the gasoline motor the cost totaled $4.44, or at $1.97 an acre. For plowing purposes a three-furrowed plow is invariably used except in heavy clay soils, where a couple of furrows prove sufficient.—Technical World.

CHINESE SKILL WITH AXES.

Carpenters of Cathay Will Compare With Occidentals.

Naturally pre-eminent among the skilled craftsment of China the carpenter still maintains the leadership. Though almost invariably wedded to the use of the tools of his ancestors and to their methods, judged by results he is more efficient in his line than the average of the foreign trained fitters and machinists in theirs, though a constant diminution of the difference is in progress.

In judging the performance of the native workmen it is almost impossible to avoid the popular bias that addiction to their own methods and tools invariably bespeaks fatuous conservatism. Though this is in many cases true, it will often be found on careful observation that what has passed for a stubborn blindness to the virtue of innovation is in reality a keener perception of comparative merits than the judge himself was aware of.

This is particularly true of Chinese carpenters. While most of their commonist tools differ in some radical way from our own, it is never safe to assume the superiority of the Western product. Their small ax, for example, is a beautifully balanced tool and they are remarkaby adept in the use of it, being able to work as true a surface therewith as can be obtained with an adze in the hands of a white man.

On heavy work it is customary for two to hew together on opposite sides, striking alternative blows. Both hands are used and the recover is over the shoulder, alternate right and left. There is a freedom of swing with an accuracy of delivery that is a treat to watch and the rapidity of blows is almost bewildering.—Engineering Magazine.

THE FOUNTAIN OF YOUTH.

Mr. Cheerily Discovers It, and Imparts Secret to Seeking World.

"The fountain of youth, I am persuaded," said Mr. Cheerily, "springs in our own bosoms only. The mistake we make in searching for it, as we all do, is in looking for it elsewhere.

"Here it is, as one might say, right under our noses, but that fact we never realize, and we all go searching for it, near and far, as Ponce de Leon did centuries ago in far away Florida.

"Here is the trouble, the real trouble. The fountain within ourselves, if we don't watch out, is liable to get sealed up, and it is when it thus ceases to flow that we begin to look for it elsewhere, always more and more aimlessly, and always with increasing weariness, for it is worry that prompts us on this vain search and that leads us always farther and farther away.

"That's the secret of the whole business—freedom from worry; it is worry, and worry only, that seals the true fountain and starts us on that fruitless quest.

"Don't worry, and you will never have to search for it; you will discover it, springing perpetual, within your own heart—the true and only fountain."

Troublous Times to Come.

Prophet Edmund S. Stevens, of Washington says he has discovered the secret of the universe which has baffled scientific men for all time. He doesn't boast when he says: "I just have, that's all." And, what is worse, this prophet of evil declares more earthquakes are coming. If you happen to live in 1989, when the final general shake-up occurs, you will witness all the cities of all the nations laid low on the junk heap. Finally, from 2035 to 3144 A. D. the earth is to be in perpetual perturbation, but in the latter year it will right itself to its upright position, and the new heaven and the new earth then begin. Really it's worth waiting for.

Willing to Compromise.

"I'd like to engage you to play your fiddle at my reception to-night," said Mrs. Cumup to the great violinist.

"Vell, I can play," answered the professor.

"What do you charge?" asked the lady.

"Von huntret tollars; dot's my regular price," said the professor.

"Well," declared the lady, "I can't pay no hundred dollars for just a little fiddling, but if you've a mind to come I'll give you fifty and just play half [illegible]

TIRED BACKS.

The kidneys have a great work to do in keeping the blood pure. When they get out of order it causes backache, headaches, dizziness, languor and distressing urinary troubles. Keep the kidneys well and all these sufferings will be saved you. Mrs. S. A. Moore, proprietor of a restaurant at Waterville, Mo., says: "Before using Doan's Kidney Pills I suffered everything from kidney troubles for a year and a half. I had pain in the back and head, and almost continuous in the loins and felt weary all the time. A few doses of Doan's Kidney Pills brought great relief, and I kept on taking them until in a short time I was cured. I think Doan's Kidney Pills are wonderful."

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

One Man's Wisdom.

Green—Who was it that said "Let me make the songs of a nation and I care not who makes its laws?"

Brown—I don't know the man's name, but he was a wise guy, all right.

Green—Because why?

Brown—Because it is possible to evade the laws, but one can't get away from the songs—especially when they become popular.

NO REST NIGHT OR DAY.

With Irritating Skin Humor—Hair Began to Fall Out—Wonderful Result From Cuticura Remedies.

"About the latter part of July my whole body began to itch. I did not take much notice of it at first, but it began to get worse all the time, and then I began to get uneasy and tried all kinds of baths and other remedies that were recommended for skin humors; but I became worse all the time. My hair began to fall out and my scalp itched all the time. Especially at night, just as soon as I would get in bed and get warm, my whole body would begin to itch and my finger nails would keep it irritated, and it was not long before I could not rest night or day. A friend asked me to try the Cuticura Remedies, and I did, and the first application helped me wonderfully. For about four weeks I would take a hot bath every night and then apply the Cuticura Ointment to my whole body; and I kept getting better, and by the time I used four boxes of Cuticura I was entirely cured, and my hair stopped falling out. D. E. Blankenship, 319 N. Del. St., Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 27, 1905."

The Tact Market.

Chancellor James R. Day was once advising a young undergraduate of Syracuse university to cultivate tact.

"But, alas," he said, "I fear that advice on such a subject must always be waseted. On tact the last word was spoken by Barbey d'Aureville when he said:

"If tact could be bought, only those already possessed of it would want to buy it."—New York Tribune.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Investors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Christian Christianson, Bowbells, N. D., trap; Jerry G. Hoffken, Minneapolis, Minn., brooder heater; Richard Johnson, Elk Point, S. D., table; Melville C. Mommsen, Armour, S. D., plastic building block; Charles D. Murphy, Kingston, Minn., horseshoe; George C. Nienow, Plainview, Minn., coupling pole; Chester Versteeg, Ashton, S. D., indicator.

Oh, Those Girls!

Mabel (in the background)—Do you believe that Charlie Tonneau is really in love with her?

Mildred—Oh, I am sure of it!

Mabel—Why so?

Mildred—Why, he calls that red hair of hers "golden" and swears that those horrible freckles are "perfectly lovely."

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Deaf Mute a Nun.

The first deaf mute in this country to become a nun is Miss Etta Mae Holman, who was recently received into the Dominican order at Hunt's Point, N. Y.

To Launder White Silk Handkerchiefs.

Do not put white silk handkerchiefs in the ordinary wash, as they are easily laundered at home. Make a strong lather of Ivory Soap and water, but do not rub the soap on the handkerchief or use soda. Rinse and iron while damp with a moderately hot iron.

ELEANOR R. PARKER.

Have you noticed that you no longer see great big ears? How long is it since you saw a pair that suggested a barn door?

Hurt, Bruise or Sprain St. Jacobs Oil relieves from pain.

Don't think that a man has praiseworthy aspirations just because he aspires to be praised.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

When a man dies does he become a Shade or a Shades?

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES produce the brightest and fastest colors with less work and no muss.

Don't criticise your neighbor [illegible]

WORK FOR ARMY OFFICERS.

That They Have Nothing to Do Is a Mistaken Idea.

Persons who think officers of the regular army have nothing to do but sit around their clubs attired in their nattiest uniforms enjoying life would doubtless be surprised to see them minus blouse and starched collars swinging axes, hewing timber for trestle bridges, digging trenches with pick and shovel, carrying sod for fascine revetments and making palisades in time of peace, says the Dayton News.

There are three colleges at Fort Leavenworth for the instruction of army officers in the art of war—the infantry and cavalry school, the signal school and the staff college. All are under the supervision of Brig. Gen. J. Franklin Bell, aided by a body of officers, designated as a personal staff.

One interesting feature of the college course is the engineering department, where the student officers have to do real work, and have no enlisted men to aid them in any manner. In this they are called upon to construct lying, kneeling and standing trenches, palisades, facades and gabions, revetments, or sandbags and loopholes of sod on parapet, wire entanglements, bridges with framed trestles on land and water, trestle bridges of round timber, bridges of canvas pontoons, barrel and log rafts, double-lock spar bridges, with trestle approaches, bridges with wooden pontoons and with pile trestles and a flying bridge.

The suspension bridge is 180 feet long between two supporting towers. Two of the bridges, with reserve equipage wooden pontoons, are each of 12 bays and 240 feet long. Each bridge is tested by driving a loaded army wagon across it. The flying bridge, to carry troops across streams too wide to be bridged, was constructed on the Missouri river. It is made by sinking a large stone, to which a cable is attached. Pontoons, either two or three, or long rafts are attached to the cable and the current is made to force the raft across the stream by means of a rudder placed at a certain angle.

The officers are taken to different parts of the big reservation and in charge of their instructors build trenches and bridges, the majority of which are left standing. They have been viewed by high army officers and pronounced perfect in every detail.

WAR OVER MONEY MATTERS.

Strife Between Executive Departments and Congress.

It is a constant warfare between the heads of the executive departments and congress over money matters. Many schemes are devised by the department heads to wring money from congress. The new commerce department has been treated with special niggardliness.

Immigration matters have absorbed most of the time of Secretary Metcalf of the department of commerce during the last year, except when he was sent to San Francisco as the special representative of the president, after the earthquake. When Mr. Cortelyou organized the department of commerce and labor he did much to make the secretary responsible for all sorts of detail, such as the heads of departments generally leave to competent subordinates. Consequently Mr. Metcalf fell heir to a tough job. Also it may be said, congress has pruned down appropriations for this department, and Mr. Metcalf has barely enough money to get along with. Still he does the best he can.

Secretary Wilson gets plenty of money for the department of agriculture, and, according to plans he has been working on for some time, he intends to put the cotton boll weevil and the Texas cattle tick out of business during the next year. Incidentally, he and his civil service inspectors hope to so control the beef packers that the people can eat all sorts of meat with perfect safety from his time forward. Mr. Wilson is a steady-going Scotchman that has been worried only once since he has been in the cabinet. That was last summer, when the officials of the Southern Cotton association were in the control of Wall street speculators. The secretary of agriculture has recovered from that shock, however.

Chinese Girl Studies in City.

Dwellers in the west end of Washington often see a dainty little figure hurrying through the streets, near Florida avenue, every day at dusk. This little woman is covered with a flowing cloak of gray silk and wears quaint embroidered slippers, with felt soles and guiltless of heels. She carries a mandolin muffled in red silk and a roll of music. She is Miss Yung Kwai, sister of the first secretary of the Chinese legation, who has scorned the frivolity of Amherst and the north shore in order to devote her vacation to learning the mysteries of the guitar, the mandolin and the zither. She is always attended by a man servant, but he walks far behind her and never presumes to appear before her until it is time to salaam her into the teacher's presence. The Chinese girl is deeply desirous of establishing a string orchestra among her girl friends when she goes back to the land of the mandarins.

Senator Will Again Take Seat.

A member of Senator Chauncey M. Depew's family is authority for the statement that when congress meets next December the senator will be found in his seat. "Senator Depew's recovery has been slow but the gains he has made have been held," he said. "At no time within the last year has he been in such good health and spirits and the doctors assert that if the improvement continues he will be equal to the strain of another session of congress." For several months Senator Depew has been in retirement at his home at Dobbs Ferry. The nature of his malady has never been made known but was generally understood to have been in the nature of a nervous breakdown.

No Change.

"I see, Blinks, your typewriter has adopted the new way of spelling."

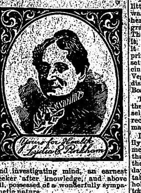
"No. The reformers have adopted her way—that's all. Only now it goes [illegible]

WHO SHE WAS

SKETCH OF THE LIFE OF LYDIA E. PINKHAM

And a True Story of How the Vegetable Compound Had Its Birth and How the "Panic of '73" Caused it to be Offered for Public Sale in Drug Stores.

This remarkable woman, whose maiden name was Estes, was born in Lynn, Mass., February 9th, 1819, coming from a good old Quaker family. For some years she taught school, and became known as a woman of an alert and investigating mind, an earnest seeker after knowledge, and above all, possessed of a wonderfully sympathetic nature.



Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

In 1843 she married Isaac Pinkham, a builder and real estate operator, and their early married life was marked by prosperity and happiness. They had four children, three sons and a daughter.

In those good old fashioned days it was common for mothers to make their own home medicines from roots and herbs, nature's own remedies—calling in a physician only in specially urgent cases. By tradition and experience many of them gained a wonderful knowledge of the curative properties of the various roots and herbs.

Mrs. Pinkham took a great interest in the study of roots and herbs, their characteristics and power over disease. She maintained that just as nature so bountifully provides in the harvest-fields and orchards vegetable foods of all kinds; so, if we but take the pains to find them, in the roots and herbs of the field there are remedies expressly designed to cure the various ills and weaknesses of the body, and it was her pleasure to search these out, and prepare simple and effective medicines for her own family and friends.

Chief of these was a rare combination of the choicest medicinal roots and herbs found best adapted for the cure of the ills and weaknesses peculiar to the female sex, and Lydia E. Pinkham's friends and neighbors learned that her compound relieved and cured and it became quite popular among them.

All this so far was done freely, without money and without price, as a labor of love.

But in 1873 the financial crisis struck Lynn. Its length and severity were too much for the large real estate interests of the Pinkham family, as this class of business suffered most from fearful depression, so when the Centennial year dawned it found their property swept away. Some other source of income had to be found.

At this point Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was made known to the world.

The three sons and the daughter, with their mother, combined forces to restore the family fortune. They argued that the medicine which was so good for their woman friends and neighbors was equally good for the women of the whole world.

The Pinkhams had no money, and little credit. Their first laboratory was the kitchen, where roots and herbs were steeped on the stove, gradually filling a gross of bottles. Then came the question of selling it, for always before they had given it away freely. They hired a job printer to run off some pamphlets setting forth the merits of the medicine, now called Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and these were distributed by the Pinkham sons in Boston, New York, and Brooklyn.

The wonderful curative properties of the medicine were, to a great extent, self-advertising, for whoever used it recommended it to others, and the demand gradually increased.

In 1877, by combined efforts the family had saved enough money to commence newspaper advertising and from that time the growth and success of the enterprise were assured, until to-day Lydia E. Pinkham and her Vegetable Compound have become household words everywhere, and many tons of roots and herbs are used annually in its manufacture.

Lydia E. Pinkham herself did not live to see the great success of this work. She passed to her reward years ago, but not till she had provided means for continuing her work as effectively as she could have done it herself.

During her long and eventful experience she was ever methodical in her work and she was always careful to preserve a record of every case that came to her attention. The case of every sick woman who applied to her for advice—and there were thousands—received careful study, and the details, including symptoms, treatment and results were recorded for future reference, and to-day these records, together with hundreds of thousands made since, are available to sick women the world over, and represent a vast collaboration of information regarding the treatment of woman's ills, which for authenticity and accuracy can hardly be equaled in any library in the world.

With Lydia E. Pinkham worked her daughter-in-law, the present Mrs. Pinkham. She was carefully instructed in all her hard-won knowledge, and for years she assisted her in her vast correspondence.

To her hands naturally fell the direction of the work when its originator passed away. For nearly twenty-five years she has continued it, and nothing in the work shows when the first Lydia E. Pinkham dropped her pen, and the present Mrs. Pinkham, now the mother of a large family, took it up. With women assistants, some as capable as herself, the present Mrs. Pinkham continues this great work, and probably from the office of no other person have so many women been advised how to regain health. Sick women, this advice is "Yours for Health" freely given if you only write to ask for it.

Such is the history of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; made from simple roots and herbs; the one great medicine for women's ailments, and the fitting monument to the noble woman whose name it bears.

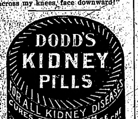
Words Louder Than Actions.

A prominent lawyer in Ohio who was very eccentric always rubbed his hands and went through several other movements before speaking. One day while in court a younger lawyer, after seeing him do this several times, got up and did it, too, in a very slow and deliberate manner, and after saying what he was going to sat down; whereupon the older man got up and said: "That young man acts like a good lawyer, but he talks like a fool."

Stating Her Position.

An applicant for the post of mistress in a country school was asked: "What is your position with regard to the whipping of children?"

She replied: "My usual position is on a chair, with the child held firmly across my knees, face downward!"



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all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions of the mucous membrane such as nasal catarrh, uterine catarrh caused by feminine ills, sore throat, sore mouth or inflamed eyes by simply dosing the stomach.

But you surely can cure these stubborn affections by local treatment with

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which destroys the disease germs, checks discharges, stops pain, and heals the inflammation and soreness.

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NO SMOKE SMELL MUSS OR SPATTER

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Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1906. NUMBER 14

WHITE SOX WIN CHAMPIONSHIP

AMERICAN LEAGUE TEAM WINS FOUR OUT OF SIX GAMES IN WORLD'S CHAMPIONSHIP.

ALL CHICAGO GOES CRAZY

UNPRECEDENTED DEMONSTRATION FOLLOWS DECISIVE VICTORY—FAIRLY EARNED.

Chicago, Oct. 16.—The Chicago club of the American baseball league is the champion of the world. By winning yesterday's game, 8 to 3, against the local club of the National, the Americans earned the right to float the world's championship pennant as well as the pennant of the American league. Yesterday's game was the sixth of the series and the fourth victory for the Americans.

When the last National batsman had gone out and the stunning fact that new champions had been created burned its impression through thousands of excited minds, the crowd went wild with excitement.

Cheers for Everybody.

Cheer after cheer went up for the winning team, the individual players, the players collectively and said players were thumped on the backs with such enthusiasm that every one of them had to fight a way out to the waiting carriages.

And cheers for the losers were not lacking. They had lost the greatest distinction which baseball offers to its votaries, but are still a great team, and the crowd which followed their carriages through crowded blocks did not spare their throats in saying so.

Victory Fairly Earned.

That the victory was a fairly earned one is shown not only by the fact that the Americans won four out of siv games, incidentally making it unnecessary to play the seventh, but by the hits and runs. The Americans, all told, made 22 runs, compared with 18 by the Nationals. They made 39 base hits as against 37 for the Nationals. The Nationals made but 5 errors compared with 14 by the Americans. The latter also made the greatest number of extra base hits.

Cubs Are Slaughtered.

A total of fourteen hits, two of them doubles tells the story of how yesterday's game was won. Eight hits were made of Brown, the Cubs' great pitcher, in one and two-thirds innings, when he was replaced by Overall.

Doc White, Comiskey's invincible south paw, was a complete enigma to the Cubs throughout the game. The score:

R.H.E.
Americans ......3 4 0 0 0 0 0 1 x—8 14 8
Nationals ....1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1—3 7 0
Batteries—White and Sullivan; Brown, Overall and Kling.

Saturday's game went to the White Sox by a score of 8 to 6. The score:

R.H.E.
Americans ....1 0 2 4 0 1 0 0 0—8 12 6
Nationals ....3 0 0 1 0 2 0 0 0—6 7 0
Batteries—Walsh, White and Sullivan; Reulbach, Pfeister, Overall and Kling.

Each player on White Sox team receives as his share of the receipts $1,542.33. The Cub players receive $568.43 each.

Chicago Goes Crazy.

The victory of the American league team was celebrated with wild enthusiasm on the South side, where the White Sox grounds are situated. Crowds of men and boys, armed with tin horns and cowbells and bearing immense canvas socks filled with straw, marched in the streets, their numbers constantly growing as others caught the spirit and joined the ranks. Bonfires were kindled in the streets and vociferous followers of the successful team joined hands and danced in unrestrained joy about them. Never before was there such a widespread and noisy demonstration in Chicago over the outcome of a series of games.

LOST IN THE WOODS.

Man Wanders From Lumber Camp and Is Lost for Three Days.

Escanaba, Mich., Oct. 16.—Almost demented from his experience in being lost in the big woods, and after wandering for three days and two nights through the forests of Delta and Marquette counties without food, and while a snow storm was raging, John Fray, employed by the L. Stephenson company, has been found near Negaunee.

When picked up by a homesteader, Fray was clinging to a tree, jabbering like a maniac and almost dead from exhaustion. He was taken to the home of the man who found him, where he was cared for until yesterday, when he was removed to the hospital at Negaunee. Little hope of his recovery is entertained.

Storm Causes Heavy Damage.

New Orleans, La., Oct. 16.—A wireless message from Bluefields, Nicaragua to the Times-Democrat says that a severe hurricane in Port Limon, Costa Rica, has done a quarter of a million dollars' damage to rubber and banana crops, besides other property damage.

An Expensive Cigar Stub.

Marshalltown, Iowa, Oct. 16.—A cigar stub left in the opera house at Bristow, Iowa, started a fire which destroyed the business section.

MAGOON IS NOW GOVERNOR

TAKES UP REINS OF GOVERNMENT IN CUBA LAID DOWN BY TAFT.

Havana, Oct. 16.—Charles E. Magoon's first day as governor of Cuba passed busily but quietly. The palace was singularly still compared with the eventful days of the past regime.

Gov. Magoon said to the Associated Press that he was looking forward with confidence to a peaceful administration. He expressed the warmest appreciation of the work accomplished by Messrs. Taft and Bacon, both in the pacification of the island and laying the foundation for a smooth and successful system of provisional government. The governor sees no reason to anticipate further sudden changes in the situation or any especially sensational incident; he is rather of the opinion that now governmental matters will be of the commonplace order compared to the exciting and rapid succession of developments of the past two months.

Gov. Magoon has announced his decision to postpone the appointment of cabinet officers indefinitely.

Secretary of War Taft and Assistant Secretary of State Bacon, President Roosevelt's peace commissioners, completed their labors here Saturday and in the afternoon departed for the United States on board the battleship Louisiana.

They were followed to the sea front and aclaimed by many Liberal and ex-revolutionary leaders, but the former government officials showed no disposition to join in the farewell.

WHOLE FAMILY MURDERED.

Farmer Shot and Wife and Two Children Clubbed to Death.

Houston, Mo., Oct. 15.—Barney Parsons, a farmer, his wife and three children were murdered Friday near Licking, Mo. A farmer named Hamilton has been arrested charged with the murder, and is said to have confessed. Parsons had sold his farm and crops to Hamilton, and it is alleged that the men quarreled over the terms of the sale. Parsons and family set out from their former home in a covered wagon, bound for Northern Missouri. The body of Parsons was found shot to death, and the mother and three children had been clubbed to death.

Murderer Confesses.

Joda Hamilton, the alleged murderer, is in the Houston jail, strongly guarded to prevent lynching. He is said to have made a complete confession.

The body of one of the children has not yet been found. A party of fishermen from Houston discovered the bodies of two of the children Saturday about noon. A further search brought to light the bodies of both parents, and word was sent to Houston.

Shortly after the news had been received there Hamilton rode into town on a mule that was recognized as one that belonged to Parsons. He was arrested.

Parsons, who came to Texas county two years ago from the northern part of Missouri, was a quiet, industrious farmer and never had trouble of any sort. Hamilton has also been favorably known over the entire county.

MIDDIES ARE AGAIN HAZING.

Third Class Man Is Called Upon to Make Answer to Charge.

Annapolis, Md., Oct. 16.—Notwithstanding the severe lessons taught the midshipmen by the courts-martial and dismissals of last spring, hazing has again appeared at the naval academy. So far the recurrence of the practice seems to be an isolated case.

Third Classman E. P. Guiler, Jr., whose home is in Calais, Ohio, has been called upon by Supt. Sands to answer the charge of "assuming unwarranted and unauthorized authority over a lower classman, in such a way as to humiliate and embarrass Fourth Classman Godfrey de C. Chevalier of Medford, Mass.

The incident was brought out by the investigations of the board of officers attached to the academy and who are assigned this extra duty by Admiral Sands. This board meets at stated intervals, when fourth classmen are called before it and questioned broadly as to whether they have been hazed or know of any of their classmates who have suffered a like indignity. As soon as Midshipman Chevalier's case was unearthed a report was made to Admiral Sands, who ordered an investigation and served notice on Guiler that he must file an answer in writing. This answer will be placed in the admiral's hands this morning.

Mysterious Death.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 16.—William Danglo, an Italian aged twenty, was found murdered yesterday in a stone yard. He had been shot through the heart. The police have no clue to the murderer's identity and have been unable to develop any motive for the crime.

Drowns in Irrigation Ditch.

Helena, Mont., Oct. 12.—A little daughter of W. B. Sands, an attorney living at Chinnook, was drowned in an irrigation ditch. The child fell into the water while playing on the banks near Sands' home.

Quarrel Over $1 Is Fatal.

Velva, N. D., Oct. 12.—In a quarrel over a dollar one of the Austrian laborers in a railway camp near here hit a fellow countryman over the head, cutting a deep gash and crushing his skull.

END OF OIL TRUST PROBE IN SIGHT

COURT RULES OUT EVIDENCE TENDING TO SHOW GIVING OF REBATES.

SENSATIONS ARE EXPECTED

COMMERCE COMMISSION STARTS PROBE INTO GRAIN MARKET.

Findlay, Ohio, Oct. 17.—The end of the trial of the Standard Oil Company of Ohio for alleged conspiracy against trade came suddenly in sight at the conclusion of the session of the court yesterday. The state was precluded by the ruling of Judge Banker from offering a line of evidence intended to show that the Standard Oil company gave secret rebates to retail dealers in oil. Mr. Phelps, for the prosecution, admited the state had no means of showing that the Standard authorized its agents to offer or give rebates.

Must Show Authority.

The court said that it was a fundamental rule of evidence that the authority of the agent must be established.

"Then the state will close its case in ten minutes to-morrow," remarked Attorney Phelps, and the jury, which had been excused for this argument of counsel, was called in and court adjourned.

An agreement was reached between Prosecutor David and the attorneys for the Standard Oil company yesterday whereby the case against John D. Rockefeller will not be set for trial until after the present case has been finally disposed of.

WEEPS ON THE WITNESS STAND.

Ruined Man Cries While Telling of Grain Trust's Deeds.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—The investigation of the conditions surrounding the grain market, begun here yesterday by the interstate commerce commission, promises to reveal startling information before its completion. Witnesses told of the struggle between the farmer and the organized commission men in Iowa and Illinois and how the farmer and independent dealer was discriminated against by the railroad. A. T. Aygarn of Pontiac, Ill., wept while on the witness stand. Aygarn declared he had been ruined because he had dealt with the farmer and had quit the Illinois association.

Cars Were Refused.

He asserted that the discrimination against him was doubled by the refusal of the railroads to give him cars. Practically the same story was old by all the witnesses during the forenoon session.

In the afternoon session J. Rosenbaum of the J. Rosenbaum Grain company of Chicago declared that the farmers themselves had formed a combination and would not sell their grain to any but their own elevators.

READY FOR REBATE TRIAL.

Jury Secured in New York to Try New York Central.

New York, Oct. 17.—A jury was secured yesterday in the criminal branch of the United States district court for the trial of the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad company and Frederick L. Pomeroy, traffic manager of the road, jointly indicted for violating the Elkins law, which prohibits the granting of rebates.

It is charged that discrimination in favor of the American Sugar Refining company and others were made by the defendants. Judge Holt, who presided denied a motion argued by counsel for the defense to quash the indictment on the ground that a joint indictment against a corporation and its agents is illegal.

BURTON MUST GO TO JAIL.

Supreme Court Denies a Rehearing of the Kansas ex-Senator's Case.

Washington, Oct. 17.—The supreme court of the United States yesterday denied the petition of Former United States Senator Burton of Kansas for a rehearing in the case in which he is under sentence of imprisonment and fine on the charge of accepting an attorney's fee in a case in which the government was interested while he was serving as a senator. The effect of the decision will be the immediate imprisonment of Burton, unless his attorneys devise some other means of postponing the execution of the sentence.

TO MANAGE SAGE ESTATE.

Maj. Slocum Will Resign From Army to Take Up Work.

Leavenworth, Kan., Oct. 17.—Maj. Herbert J. Slocum of the Second cavalry, a nephew of the widow of the late Russell Sage, will soon tender his resignation from the army to take up the active management of the Sage estate, of which the father of Maj. Slocum is executor. Mrs. Sage wants to place a young man in charge of her affairs, and the elder Slocum appointed his son at her suggestion.

SCRAP OF PAPER STOPS FIGHT

$60,000,000 WILL CASE DRAMATICALLY INTERRUPTED IN PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia, Oct. 17.—The fight between two women over the distribution of the $60,000,000 estate of the late William Weightman, the chemist, was abruptly halted yesterday by the production of a small piece of note paper which had turned yellow with age. What the piece of paper contains was not made public, and the few persons who have seen it have pledged themselves never to reveal its contents. The halt in the proceedings was made at the suggestion of counsel for Mrs. Jones Wister, who is acting as guardian for her daughter Martha, the contestant.

Contests the Will.

William Weightman in 1884 made a will leaving his vast estate equally between Anne M. Wightman Walker, his daughter, and two sons, William and John. Ten years later he made a new will leaving his entire estate to the daughter, the two sons having died, leaving eight children. The widow of William Weightman, the mother of five children, married Jones Wister, and when Mr. Wightman, her father-in-law, died she contested the will on behalf of her minor daughter Martha, on the ground that Mr. Weightman left a codicil, in which he provided for the grandchildren. Mrs. Walker denied that her father had made a codicil.

ARE NOT AFTER THE OFFICERS.

Gov. Magoon Is Satisfied of the Sincerity of Cuban Liberals.

Havana, Oct. 17.—"I have thus far seen no reason whatever to believe that the Liberal leaders are other than sincere in their declarations, that they are not seeking office," said Gov. Magoon in an interview last evening. He added that the representations made yesterday and previously by Liberals concerning offices all referred to local posts. There had been many complaints regarding mayors and requests that these officials be ousted on account of misdoings. The complaints, however, had been simply presented to the governor for investigation.

The distributior of American troops throughout the island is proceeding gradually.

Laud United States.

The Liberals last night held the greatest political meeting ever witnessed in Cuba. Ex-Mayor O'Farrill presided. He was assisted by Jose Miguel Gomez, Alfredo Zayas and Senor Castellanos.

The tenor of the speeches was that what the American government had done in Cuba had no parallel in the world. Cuba should in every way follow the example of the United States and thus reach a position of independence and prosperity, so that in the course of time, except for the difference in language and government, Cuba and the United States would be one. Juan Gualberto Gomez made an appeal for a peaceful and united republic and the burying of all factional differences.

SAM JONES DEAD.

Evangelist Died Suddenly on Train in Arkansas.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 17.—Sam Jones, the evangelist, died yesterday on a Rock Island train near Perry, Ark.

Heart disease was the cause of his death. His family was with him.

The remains will be brought to Little Rock.

Once a drunkard, Jones became a temperance lecturer, and once or twice appeared upon the platform intoxicated.

He was born in Alabama in 1847 and was admitted to the Georgia bar in 1869. Drink ruined his legal career. In 1872 he became a clergyman in the Methodist church and was a pastor eight years.

Hhe wrote several books.

WORLD'S IRON QUEEN A BRIDE.

Bertha Krupp Weds the Man of Her Choice.

Essen, Prussia, Oct. 17.—In the presence of Emperor William and 140 guests Fraulein Bertha Krupp and Lieut. Gustav von Bohlen und Halbach were married yesterday in a little improvised chapel adjoining the bride's birthplace, the Villa Huegel-Huegel. The ceremony was performed by the pastor of the neighborhing village church, where the Krupp family has long worshipped. The emperor sat with the family while the simple Lutheran marriage service was performed and then stepped forward and congratulated the bride and bridegroom.

Troops to Chase Utes.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Oct. 17.—It was reported here that troops will be called out immediately to drive the Ute Indians back to their reservation. Gov. Brooks has been in the vicinity of the Indian camp near Newcastle for several days and has communicated with the authorities at Washington.

Dynamite Kills Three.

Roanoke, Va., Oct. 17.—Three workmen employed at a quarry near Roanoke were killed yesterday by the premature explosion of dynamite.

OIL TRUST'S FATE IN JURY'S HANDS

SENSATIONAL TILT BETWEEN ATTORNEYS MARKS CLOSE OF TRIAL.

DEFENSE CHARGES TRICKERY

RUMORED SALE OF OIL CONCERN LEADS TO EXCHANGE OF HOT WORDS.

Findlay, Ohio, Oct. 18.—After a trial of seven days the fate of the Standard Oil Company of Ohio, charged with conspiracy against trade, was placed in the hands of the jury at 8:30 o'clock last night.

The day's proceedings were the most strenuous of the trial. The heavy speeches on both sides were made. Virgil H. Kline concluded for the defense and Attorney General Ellis for the prosecution.

The defense submitted fourteen points of law for incorporation in the charge of the court to the jury, all but two of which were rejected.

Applause in Court Room.

The tension between counsel reached the breaking point and hot words passed. The crowded court room became demonstrative and the court sternly rebuked all concerned. The collision resulted from a telegram read by the attorney general to the effect that the Manhattan Oil company had been sold out to the Standard for $2,000,000.

This was declared by the defense a trick to influence the jury. The prosecution retorted that the matter would never have reached the jury had not Mr. Kline, who made the charge, mentioned the incident in open court.

The incident closed with a severe admonition by the court. The jury was instructed not to regard the matter.

Quick to Deny.

Attorney Elliott, for the Standard, on being informed of the telegram received by Attorney General Ellis, wired New York. His telegram and reply follow:

J. D. Archbold, New York: Attorney general claims to have a telegram today from one Underwood, New York, that our company purchased the property of the Manhattan company yesterday. If untrue I want a quick telegram denying it.

—M. F. Elliott,

New York, Oct. 17, 1906.—M. F. Elliott; Findlay, Ohio: Telegram received. We have no knowledge of the man Underwood, and there is not a particle of truth in his report to the attorney general.

—John D. Archbold.

Another telegram which came to Mr. Elliott a half hour later said:

It would seem that Underwood must belong to the very large class of anonymous volunteer liars.

ANNE BAKER SHUT OFF.

Alleged Matrimonial Agency in St. Paul Is Put Out of Business.

Washington, Oct. 18.—An alleged matrimonial scheme operating in St. Paul, designed to fool the lovelorn into giving up their shekels will be broken up as the result of a fraud order issued at the postoffice department yesterday by direction of Postmaster General Cortelyou. The business, it is said, was conducted under the name of Annie Baker, at 220 Mackubin street, St. Paul.

The case was called to the attention of the department by a man who admitted that he "bit."

DULUTH CHILDREN FORGERS.

Youngsters Ten to Fifteen Years Old Are Accused.

Duluth, Minn., Oct. 18.—The deplorable fact has come to light that children of Duluth are just at present leading off in the commission of crime.

A regular epidemic of forgery seems to be raging. In one instance two children forged the signature of a well known business man upon checks and obtained $103 at a city bank. There are ten or fifteen cases in all.

The children are from ten to fifteen years old. The juvenile court will adjudicate the trouble, and in the meantime is holding back the facts from the general public.

LAUDANUM KILLS NURSE.

Devils Lake Woman Takes Drug to Ease Pain.

Livingston, Mont., Oct. 18.—Miss Tyra Bess Pierce, whose home is in Devils Lake, N. D., is dead as the result of an overdose of laudanum. Miss Pierce, who was a trained nurse, has suffered greatly during the last few months from stomach trouble and of late had been in the habit of taking laudanum to ease the pain.

Two Killed in Collision.

Pueblo, Col., Oct. 18.—Two men were killed, while more than a score of passengers were injured as the result of a head-on collision between two Santa Fe express trains near Manzanillo.

Four Killed by Explosion.

Celina, Ohio, Oct. 18.—Four persons were killed, one is missing and about 100 were injured by a gasoline explosion in the Meinerding dry goods and hardware store, at Fort Recovery, in this county yesterday.

CZAR ENTERS THE CAPITAL

MAKES SECOND VISIT TO ST. PETERSBURG SINCE "RED SUNDAY."

St. Petersburg, Oct. 18.—For the second time since "Red Sunday," Jan. 22, 1905, the emperor yesterday entered St. Petersburg. Their majesties came in a small boat and visited and inspected the imperial yacht Standart, which lies in the Neva, in front of the American embassy.

The monarchist congress, now in session at Kiev, discussing the election law yesterday, placed itself on record as opposed to any parliament and in favor of a return to unlimited autocracy.

This attitude embarrasses Premier Stolypin, who, though pledged to a representative parliament, deems it impolitic to break entirely with the ultra loyalists.

Royal Troops Are Rebels.

Cronstadt, Oct. 18.—The Yeneset guard regiment, which played an important part in the suppression of the mutiny of Aug. 2, recapturing Fort Constantine from the mutineers, has been transferred from Cronstadt on account of the progress of the revolutionary propaganda among the rank and file. Two companies were entirely won over and their officers were unable to prevent them from posting proclamations in the barracks of other regiments.

Threats of Bloodshed.

Odessa, Oct. 18.—Owing to persistent rumors of possible excesses on Oct. 30, the governor general announced yesterday that any demonstrations, without exception, on that day would be dispersed by troops.

Terrorists Run Down.

Moscow, Oct. 18.—The police here have arrested an important terrorist who was living in Moscow under a foreign passport. Another terrorist whom the police attempted to arrest killed a gendarme and then committed suicide.

WANTS JOHN D. AS WITNESS.

Tennessee Official Will Try to Serve Subpoena.

Jackson, Tenn., Oct. 18.—Following the indictment here of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, District Attorney Randolph will endeavor to get service of John D. Rockefeller and other officials of the company and bring them to Jackson to testify.

The special grand jury which returned the indictment against the Standard now is probing the part the railroads may have had in giving rebates to the trusts. The 1,524 counts allege rate discrimination on separate carloads of oil, the alleged illegal shipments covering a period of three years.

Each count of the indictment constitutes a separate offense. The minimum penalty for each is $20,000 fine and the maximum is $100,000. The maximum fine on conviction would reach $38,480,000, and the minimum would be $1,524,000.

FORK TINES PIERCE SKULL.

Two-year-old Girl Badly Injured in Fall.

Dubuque, Iowa, Oct. 18.—The two-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ellis is in a local hospital suffering from a terrible wound in the head, the result of a fall upon a sharp-tined fork. It is the opinion of the physicians that the little one will recover.

The child was playing on the floor and got hold of a fork. She was told to place it upon the table and started to do so, but tripped and fell, the tines of the fork entering her head just below the left ear and penetrating the skull to a depth of several inches.

YOUNG BRONCHO BUSTER HURT.

Dunn County (Wisconsin) Lad Injured by Horse.

Eau Claire, Wis., Oct. 18.—Samuel Cartwright, a seventeen-year-old boy from Dunn county, is in the hospital here suffering from serious injuries received in an attempt to ride an unbroken broncho. The boy had saddled and mounted the broncho, and despite all efforts to dislodge him by "bucking" he stuck on like a leech. Finally the animal reared upon its hind feet and threw itself backward, the boy being caught beneath it. He received serious fractures of the leg and other injuries.

Dr. West Is President.

Boston, Oct. 18.—The executive committee of the Massachusetts institute of technology announced yesterday that Dr. Andrew Fleming West of Princeton university had been invited to accept the presidency of the institutes as the successor of Dr. Henry S. Pritchett.

Throws Self Under Train.

Maysville, Ky., Oct. 18.—Thomas O'Regan, a baker, late last night shot and killed Mrs. Becky Bradford and later threw himself in front of a moving freight train and was instantly killed. Jealousy is supposed to have caused the tragedy.

Saved From Lynchers.

Shreveport, La., Oct. 18.—Caly Nelson, a negro who was arrested at Merrouge, La., and charged with assaulting a young negress, was taken to Monroe yesterday for safekeeping. A large crowd of negroes was at the depot and attempted to lynch Nelson.

Jail Birds Set Free.

London, Ky., Oct. 18.—Fire, which started in F. B. Mason's grocery store, destroyed an entire block. Loss, $100,000. The jail was saved after a score or more prisoners had been liberated.

TOWN IN ASHES; WORK OF NEGROES

SOUTH CAROLINA VILLAGE DESTROYED AND NEGROES SUSPECTED.

ARE PROMPTED BY REVENGE

LACK OF FIRE-FIGHTING APPARATUS LEAVES CITIZENS POWERLESS.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 18.—A special to the Journal from Greensville, S. C., says: As a result of race troubles, Seneca, S. C., is in ashes. The work is claimed to be that of incendiary negroes seeking revenge for the dynamiting of the negro college here last Friday night.

The fire broke out about 1 o'clock yesterday morning and burned rapidly, consuming the entire business section of the town, which has a population of about 2,000. No fire-fighting apparatus was available, and citizens were powerless to stop the flames. As a last resort dynamite was resorted to.

Fired by Negroes.

The superintendent of the Seneca cotton mills, who was an eye witness, brought the first news to Greenville. He says it is a matter of common belief that the town was fired by negroes. Among the buildings burned are two hotels and a hardware store. The hotel people were all saved. The fire was controlled at 4 o'clock yesterday morning.

Everything is quiet, although some feeling is still shown by the negroes. No arrests have been made.

The loss is estimated at $150,000, with insurance of $50,000.

TAKE TRAIN WRECKER.

Man Who Caused Collision Is Said to Be Insane.

Duluth, Oct. 18.—Chester Armstrong, said to be the man who stole a freight train from the Hibbing yards last Saturday evening and ran it until he had a head-on collision with the passenger train from Duluth, has been captured. Armstrong was caught at the homestead of Peter McCarthy, in the Bear river country, about ten miles from Hibbing, by Peter Wring, chief of police at Hibbing, and Harry Little, his assistant.

Armstrong is quite well known at Hibbing. He has been employed at the Rust mine for the past two years. It is thought he is insane.

BABE TO LEAVE CELL.

Minneapolis Woman Serving Life Sentence Must Part With Child.

Stillwater, Oct. 18.—The daughter born to Mrs. Stella Brennan, the Minneapolis woman who is serving a life sentence in the state prison for murder, will to-day be taken by its grandmother, Mrs. Owens, to Pear, Mich. Mrs. Owens came here and arranged to take care of the child and raise it as her own. The little one was photographed so that the mother may keep a likeness in her prison cell. The state pays the expense of the grandmother coming here to get the child and taking it home with her.

OIL COMPANY INDICTED.

Oklahoma Grand Jury Also Hits Frisco Railroad.

Wolango, Okla., Oct. 18.—An indictment was returned yesterday by the Blaine county grand jury against the Waters-Pierce Oil company and the Frisco railroad system, alleging a violation of the Oklahoma anti-trust law. The indictment recites that the railroad company entered into an agreement with the oil company for transporting its product at a lower rate than that offered to any of the latter's competitors.

Trapper Fined.

Marquette, Mich., Oct. 18.—John Drew, a trapper living in the Dawson river country, was arrested by deputy game wardens for the violation of game laws. Drew had twelve beaver skins concealed near his premises, which were seized by the officers. He pleaded guilty when arraigned in court at Newberry, and was let off with a light fine, $25 and costs, which he paid.

Begs Officers to Kill Him.

Preston, Minn., Oct. 19.—Celestino S. Antoine, the aged farmer who killed his wife in a duel near here Tuesday morning, has come to realize his crime, and yesterday begged the officers to hasten his execution. He now declares that it was his intention to shoot himself if his wife died, but that the doctor who was called to attend her took his revolver away from him.

Big Fire at Birmingham.

Birmingham, Ala., Oct. 18.—Fire which caused a loss estimated at anywhere from $150,000 to $500,000 broke out in the building of the Prowell Hardware company shortly after midnight. The six-story building and contents are a total loss.

Miner Killed.

Houghton, Mich., Oct. 18.—Matt Duss, a trammer, was instantly killed in the Isle Royale mine by falling down the shaft from the sixteenth to the twenty-first level.

LOW RATES

Farm Loans

We make Farm Loans at Lowest Rates of Interest with Optional Payments. If title is good you can get your money the same day you make application. We do business quick. No six weeks or months to wait. No deal is too large for us to handle nor too small for us to give its careful attention: : : : :

Give us a Call.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

Officers:

C. L. Hanson............President
Daniel Patterson............Vice-Pres.
A. D. Stephens............2nd Vice-Pres.
K. O. Gigstad............Cashier

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 5:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

A. J. McFarland, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"

and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of

THE FAMOUS

MATT. J. JOHNSON'S 6088

RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE

you are not satisfied with results.

This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.

For Sale and Guaranteed Only by

Imperial Drug Co., St. Hilaire

GET YOUR PICTURE TAKEN BY

D. COLLINS

THE

Photograper.

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

McMURRAY'S VANILLA

WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

HOLLISTER'S

Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets

A Busy Medicine for Busy People.

Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.

A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.

GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

The "Redgeton"

SEWING MACHINE.

ROLLER BEARING.
HIGH GRADE.

Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.

STRONGEST GUARANTEE.

National Sewing Machine Co.

[illegible] ILLINOIS.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES, Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

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SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes, postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Oct. 20, 1906.

Republican State Ticket.

United States Senator—
KNUTE NELSON,
Douglas County.

Governor—
A. L. COLE,
Cass County.

Lieutenant Governor—
A. O. EBERDART,
Blue Earth County.

Chief Justice—
CHARLES M. START,
Olmsted County.

State Treasurer—
CLARENCE DINEHART,
Murray County.

Secretary of State—
JULIUS SCHMAHL,
Redwood County.

Attorney General—
E. T. YOUNG,
Swift County.

State Auditor—
S. G. IVERSON,
Fillmore County.

Clerk of the Supreme Court—
C. A. PIDGEON,
Wright County.

Railroad Commissioner—
C. F. STAPLES,
Dakota County.

If some citizen of this town should spend all of his spare cash and all he could borrow on some luxury, crippling himself financially so that he had neither money nor credit to do business on, there would not be a man in town who would not take time to tell you what a "blankety-blank" fool he had made of himself. This, however, is exactly what the voters of St. Hilaire voted to do last Tuesday. At present an electric lighting plant in this village would be a luxury we would all enjoy, but it is not a necessity. In the first place it would not bring business to our town. In the second place it will entail considerable expense to all to discard our present lighting appliances and install new ones, and last but by no means least, it will take all of our spare cash and all we are allowed by law to raise to install the plant.

The village of St. Hilaire has arrived at a critical time. Our principal industry is about to close or at the best will not run much longer, and if we expect to be anything more than an agricultural village we must get something to take its place. To do this we may need money. The bonds voted last Tuesday are all that the law will allow us to issue. In spite of the fact that only seven out of seventy-five of our voters were against bonds we ask: "Shall we spend all of our money for luxury and electric lights, or save it to do business with, if needed?"

Farmers and others who voted for Johnson, the democratic governor, two years ago, can get a lot of satisfaction by reading in another column the report of the democratic state board of equalization. Cattle in Red Lake county raised from 50 to 75 per cent, household goods raised 100 per cent, farm tools raised 66⅔ per cent. How do you like it? Well, the man who appointed that equalization board is again a candidate.

The Red Lake Falls papers claim that there is a bad gang up at Thief River Falls and the Thief River Falls papers are also claiming that there is a bad gang running things in the southern part of the county. Along about the middle of the county there is a growing conviction that there is at least a grain of truth in both statements.

If you want an equalization board who will not raise farms and farm products and at the same time rebate to the wholesale houses in the cities why vote for Cole who is a northern man.

John Eastman, of the Thief River Falls News, evidently aims to be the "Willie" Hearst of Red Lake county journalism. Willie is not so yellow, compared with John.

Frank M. Eddy, formerly congressman for this district, is billed to deliver a political address here before the campaign closes. He is an able and convincing orator.

If you want to run for office in Red Lake county you must first go to some county seat committee and get tagged.

The Crookston Journal has just seen the light and will support the democratic governor. They do say that new paper money is good to clean eye-glasses.

THE SPECTATOR is publishing this week as a supplement the sample ballot for Red Lake county.

Alvah Eastman Endorses Cole.

St. Cloud Journal Press: The St. Paul Dispatch for once tells the truth, when it says that the corporations and lumber interests, after nominating Cole in order to defeat Jacobson, have no use for the former. The aim of the corporations was to defeat Jacobson and the only way to do it was to nominate Cole. They tried to nominate most of the other candidates and only took Cole as a last resort, as was plainly stated by the Journal Press a day or two following the convention. Mr. Cole did good work in the legislature in protecting the interests of the people against the lumber thieves. Cole has made good on the railroad rate issue. The legislature will be Republican and a Republican governor who is right and fearless will have more influence with the legislature than will a Democratic governor. The surest way for the people of Minnesota to get some better legislation on these important matters is to elect Mr. Cole governor. The election of a Democratic governor and a Republican legislature would please the corportions, as there would be divided responsibility. Vote for Cole and demand results.

Too Egotistical.

Wabasha Standard: The Preston Republican has come to the conclusion that Governor Johnson is too egotistical as the great "it" in Minnesota politics. It says: "Governor Johnson, in his Red Wing speech, used the personal pronoun 'I' 109 times; 'my' 43 times, and 'me' and 'myself' 25 times. And every time that he used it was a brag that he should have credit for something somebody else did.

That Tired Feeling.

Wabasha Standard: The St. Cloud Journal Press, whose editor is a Johnson officeholder and a Republican at the same time, says that he hopes Magnusson, the Democratic candidate for secretary of state, will be defeated by so overwhelming a majority that he never will get into politics again. Don't worry, Brother Eastman. When the learned dominie reads the election returns it will take something more than a dose of sarsaparilla to overcome that tired feeling.

Prof. Geo. T. Churchill

Who taught at the Crookston College seven years ago has returned to take up his old work. He has been in this line of work for twelve years and has taught in the Grand Forks College, Minneapolis Normal College, Crookston College and Buena Vista College. He is considered the best commercial and penmanship teacher in the state. Owing to the large enrollment at the Crookston college, Prof. Sathre found it necessary to secure another teacher and was very fortunate in getting such an able man.

This is the season of decay and weakened vitality. Nature is being shorn of its beauty and bloom. If you would retain yours, fortify your system with Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

For Supt. of Schools.

As republican candidate for Superintendent of Schools, I respectfully solicit your vote and support at the general election.

FRED RICHARDS.

For Clerk of Court.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for re-election as Clerk of the District Court for Red Lake county. Your vote and support earnestly solicited.

JOSEPH PERRAULT.

Political Announcement.

I hereby announce to the voters of Red Lake county that I am again a candidate for the office of County Auditor and respectfully solicit your votes and support at the general election to be held Nov. 6, 1906. My past record as County Auditor is one of which I have no cause to feel ashamed and if re-elected, I pledge myself to conduct the affairs of the office faithfully and impartially in the interests of the taxpayers of the county as I have in the past.

JAMES E. FORD.

Didn't Complete the Story.

We read in the Thief River Falls Press that E. M. Stanton, democratic candidate for county attorney, was many years ago the democratic candidate for county attorney of Polk county, and in addition had the endorsement of the republican county committee for the same office.

The Press, however, failed to complete the story. It is a matter of record that although Stanton was favored with endorsement of the two great parties, the people did not want him and he was defeated at the polls.

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,

DENTIST

From Thief River Falls, makes regular visits to St. Hilaire Wednesdays and Thursdays at Dr. J. C. Cummings' office.

O. T. Tandberg

Republican Candidate for

County Treasurer

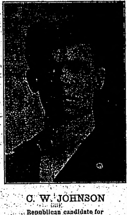
CAPABLE
EFFICIENT
HONEST
RELIABLE

YOU WILL MAKE NO mistake, Mr. Voter, if you cast your ballot for O. T. TANDBERG, the Republican candidate, and if you trust him with the county funds they will be well taken care of, and honestly handled.

VOTE FOR:

Co. Treasurer—
O. T. TANDBERG ☒

If you have lost your boyhood spirits, courage and confidence of youth, we offer you new life, fresh courage, and freedom from ill health in Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.



C. W. JOHNSON

Republican candidate for

Clerk of District Court,
Red Lake County,

Respectfully solicits your vote and support.

Public Sale of Absolute Property of the State, Under Sections 936, 937 and 938, Chapter 11, Revised Laws 1905.

Notice is hereby given that on the twelfth day of November, 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the county auditor in the court house at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, all tracts or parcels of land sold for taxes in Red Lake county, to which the state has acquired title, under the provisions of Chapter eleven (11), Revised Laws of Minnesota, 1905, and amendments thereto, remaining unredeemed, will be offered at public sale. Every tract or parcel will be sold for cash to the person bidding the highest price offered therefor, which shall not be less than the amount of taxes, penalties, interest and costs charged against it. Provided however, that those tracts which were bid in for the state at the regular annual tax sale in 1901, for the tax of 1899, and in all years prior thereto, on which the aggregate taxes, penalties, interest and costs exceeds the cash value thereof, may be disposed of for a sum not less than the amount of the taxes charged against each tract, excluding the penalties, interest and costs.

Owners or interested parties may redeem their property by paying the full amount due to the county treasurer at any time before sale has been made to an actual purchaser.

After the Notice of Expiration of Redemption has been served as provided in section 956, revised laws 1905, the Governor is authorized to issue a deed in the name of the state to the person entitled thereto. (Section 938 R. L.) Immediate payment to the county treasurer is required. The sale will begin at the time and place named above and continue from day to day until every tract or parcel shall have been offered for sale. The county auditor of Red Lake county is hereby authorized and directed to conduct said sale. A list of said real property is now on file in the offices of the county auditor and state auditor.

Dated St. Paul, Minn., October 1st, 1906.

S. G. IVERSON,
State Auditor.

(Seal.)

06-27

ALBERT FELLMAN

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

CONFECTIONERY

FRUITS, CANDIES
CIGARS
and STATIONERY

Agency Thief River Falls Laundry.

JOHNSON ENDORSES BRYAN

NELSON ADVISED TO MIND HIS OWN BUSINESS AND NOT BUTT IN.

When in Washington last May Governor Johnson, in an interview, said:

"Bryan is the logical candidate of the Democrats for the presidency. He will undoubtedly be nominated at the convention of 1908, and will sweep the Middle West like a whirlwind. * * * If anybody but Roosevelt is nominated Mr. Bryan will be the next president. * * *

"The Democrats of Minnesota are hopeful of doing things this year. I do not know how the people of the state regard our administration, but I believe I will be elected again. I would be sure of it if Senator Nelson here would mind his own business and not go around the state butting in and advising the Republicans to support their own ticket."

That wondrous story of the wondrous south "Old Arkansaw" will be seen at Imperial hall on Saturday, Oct. 27.

A. O. LETVIG

Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

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FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars

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CONFECTIONERY

Do You Want to MAKE MONEY?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in touch with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commission. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $1.00 to $150.00 an acre. HOMES, INVESTMENTS, SNAPS. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J. P. GONIGAM

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OTTAWA, - ILLINOIS

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HAMM'S
"NEW BREW"
Bottled and on draught
EVERYWHERE
THE BEER FOR YOU
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A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe to-day, or, send 5c. for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.

McCALL BAZAR PATTERNS 10¢ 15¢

All Seams Allowed and Perforations show the Basting and Sewing Lines.

Only 10 and 15 cents each—none higher. Ask for them. Sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail from

THE McCALL CO.,

113-115-117 West 31st St., NEW YORK

4-FOOT SLABS AND TIED EDGINGS AT

$1.50

Per Cord

Crookston Lumber Company.

SAVE MONEY

BY USING

MASCOT FLOUR

BETTER BREAD
and MORE OF IT.

Red Lake Falls Milling Co.

WE PURCHASE ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

H. C. ADAMS, Agent.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Ask for a Ticket East on the Pioneer Limited

Insist that it read from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago on The Pioneer Limited or one of the other fast trains of the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

The Pioneer Limited leaves Minneapolis at 8:00 p.m. and St. Paul at 8:35 p.m. Arrives Union Station, Chicago, 8:55 a.m. the next day. Four other fast trains to Chicago daily. Compartment and standard sleepers with "longer, wider and higher berths," dining car, observation-library car, chair car and coach.

W. B. DIXON,
Northwestern Passenger Agent,
365 Robert St., ST. PAUL,

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D. Patterson	Councilmen
E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F: St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. B. Killand, Secy.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

Farmers Store

Hello! Mrs. Jones; where are you heading for so early this morning? Why, can't you guess? I am going to the Farmers Store. He is giving a special sale for next week. Just think about it.

16 lbs Granulated Sugar....	$1.00
Family Comfort Coffee, a lb..	18c
50c Dinner Party Green Tea..	35c
3 packages Egg-O-See..........	25c
25c can IC Baking Powder...	20c
Soda Crackers, by the box ...	7½c
Dried Apples, 15c. lb, now....	11c
Baking Soda, a pound........	8c
Corn Starch, a package........	7c

Call on us for your Winter Clothing, such as

Mackinaws,
Men's Pants,
Woolen Underwear
and Warm Footwear.

You surely save money by buying your supplies at the Farmers Store.

If you would like a suit of clothes, ready made, I have them for you. Come and see.

Yours for Business,

HenryGoergen

THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

J. G. Prior was a Thief River Falls visitor last Monday.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Axel Jacobson spent last Monday at his home on the Ridge.

"Old Arkansaw" the big fun show is coming. Don't miss it.

Surveyor J. K. Wood was here last Wednesday on business.

Joel G. Winkjer, state dairy expert, was a visitor here yesterday.

—Look up the bargains at the Farmers' Store in another column.

Miss Clara Hoff was at Thief River Falls last Sunday, visiting friends.

Miss Tessie Jacobson, of the Ridge, enrolled in our school last Monday.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

The St. Hilaire Orchestra will give a social dance at the Imperial hall this evening.

E. M. Hoff went up to Thief River Falls last Monday to hear Governor Johnson.

The "L. C. O. Club" was very pleasantly entertained last Sunday by Miss Eda Brink.

Nap. Miller and family made a short visit to Red Lake Falls last Wednesday evening.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on Nov. 3 and 4.

Phil. Jacobson is home for a few days' visit, before his return to his school near Lillo.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

Mark on your calendar that "Old Arkansaw" is coming Oct. 27th. You don't want to miss this one.

Henry Dahl, one of the head sawyers at the saw mill, left for Cass Lake on Wednesday, where he will work.

Oscar Bergan, William Lindahl, Albin Hellberg and Arthur Hall visited at Thief River Falls last Saturday.

Sever Hanson, eldest son of Halvor Hanson of Sanders, died at his home yesterday morning of typhoid fever.

Oscar Johnson and Clair Jones are fitting up the bowling alley and expect to have it open for business this evening.

Messrs. Richards, Gould and McDonald, of the Crookston Lumber company, spent the day here last Tuesday.

Martin and Joe McAndress and Glen Martz returned from North Dakota last Saturday, where they had been working.

The "B. R." Crowd spent a very pleasant Sunday at "Uncle Tom's Cabin." About twenty of the young friends were present.

The rain last Monday, while interfering with threshing was appreciated by the farmers in general as the ground was too dry for fall plowing.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. church will be entertained by Mrs. Rev. Gilman, next Thursday afternoon, Oct. 25th. All the ladies are cordially invited.

The Ladies' Aid of the Synod church will serve supper at the old Pleth land office opposite Holmes' furniture store, Saturday Oct. 20th, from six o'clock. All are invited.

Mr. and Mrs. John Morgan and two daughters, who have been spending the summer with Martin McAndress, left last Wednesday for their old home at San Francisco.

Many men give lavishly of gold,
To build bridges and castles and towers of old;
If you want everlasting fame, a benefactor be,
Give the poor and needy Rocky Mountain Tea. Imperial Drug Co.

Neil Dahl while at work at the mill last Monday, had the misfortune to have one of the edging cars fall over onto him. He was quite severely hurt but is doing finely and will be out in a few days.

Wanted.—Salesmen for accident and health insurance; endowment policy; indemnity for injury to beneficiary. Liberal contract; chance for advancement. Write Woodmen Mut. Casualty Co., Minneapolis.

Bjerk & Dahlen took advantage of the enforced holiday on election day to move their saloon to Mr. Bjerk's building south of E. M. Hoff's store, which has recently been refitted.

Al Swanson has at last succeeded in getting rid of his fancy driving horse. The horse was entirely too fancy and fast for "Swan" and he is receiving congratulations on the sale.

—I will pay 9 cents per pound for green hides, 3c per pound for old rubbers and $3.50 per ton for old iron delivered at Holmes' elevator. Will be there every Friday. Ole Mathson.

It was a very quiet election here last Tuesday but the sentiment seemed to be decidedly in favor of bonds and the proposition to bond the village for $10,000 to put in an electric lighting plant carried by a vote of 66 to 7.

Miss Olivia Nelson, daughter of N. A. Nelson, returned last Saturday from Crookston where she was attending the state agricultural school. She was well pleased with the school but was compelled to return on account of sickness.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford has an office at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, on the 8th day of every month. A red letter day to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses.

Rev. C. M. Williams, of Crookston, and E. L. Olander, of Thief River Falls, will speak in the Swedish Mission church Sunday morning at 10:30 and at the M. E. church in the evening at 7:30. A most cordial invitation extended to all.

There will be services at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The Ladies' Society will meet at E. E. Anderson's in Rocksbury next Wednesday afternoon, and the Young People's Society at Wiberg's in Rocksbury on Friday evening, Oct. 26th.
Alex Sand, Pastor.

About one hundred of our citizens were at the station last Monday evening to greet Governor Johnson as he was going south. Owing to the fact that his voice was in poor condition he did not attempt to make a speech but spent the few minutes here in shaking hands with the voters.

Saw Mill Shut Down.

The saw mill is only running in the day time this week, the night crew quitting on Tuesday morning. The mill will shut down today for an indefinite period at least. Rumors are thick that it will be torn down at once and moved to some other place, and other rumors have it that the mill will be boarded up to wait further developments. Which are true we cannot say at this time.

$100,000 Payment.

Approximately the sum of $100,000 will be paid to the Red Lake Indians of Minnesota about the first of next month.

This payment is from the proceeds of the sale of dead and down timber and has nothing to do with the payment for the lands which were sold at auction at Thief River Falls two years ago.

The payments about to be made will average $70 apiece to the Red Lake reds and is a pretty fair sum for them to start the winter with.

Candidates Here.

Candidates have been numerous in St. Hilaire the past week and it has been one continuous round of pleasure. The following were here: For treasurer, O. T. Tandberg, K. M. Hansen; sheriff, Dan Linnihan, Lewis A. Nelson; register of deeds, Earnest Quist, Frank Jeffers; clerk of court, Joseph Perrault, C. W. Johnson; superintendent of schools, Fred Richards, H. T. McAnulty; attorney, Thomas Germo. The balance of the candidates will probably call on you some time next week.

Postmaster Resigns.

News: Postmaster Ira C. Richardson on Tuesday tendered his resignation as postmaster in Thief River Falls. The resignation came as a surprise to a large number of people here, and Mr. Richardson assigns as the reason for the action he has taken, a desire to devote all of his time in the future to the practice of law. The large volume of business transacted at the Thief River Falls postoffice makes a great deal of labor and the salary does not compensate the postmaster, according to the views of Mr. Richardson.

In Regard to Water Power.

The following letter has been received here in regard to the village using the waterpower. Negotiations have not progressed far enough to get a definite statement. As far as the letter goes the offer is liberal. It will cost several thousand dollars to improve the waterpower and it is highly important that the village get a long lease. We do not believe on these terms that the lumber company will give a long lease, say for twenty years, and without a long term lease it would not pay the village to make the necessary improvements. The letter says:

LaCrosse, Wis., Oct. 8th, '06.
Crookston Lumber Co.,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

Gentlemen:—Replying to yours of the 18th instant in regard to waterpower for electric lighting plant. We would like to know as soon as it is determined, the make and size of water wheel it is proposed to install and we will then in our contract grant them the right to install, and to take the necessary water to operate such wheel. We should not consent to their building on the new dam unless they will undertake to use fireproof construction throughout.

The only consideration we shall ask for the use of the power is that the city shall at its own expense maintain the dams, gates, etc. in good condition. Please let me know if this is satisfactory and acceptable to the village authorities.
Yours truly,
F. P. Hixon.

VALUES ARE ALL RAISED

Personal Property Valuations Raised By the State Board—Not One Class of Articles Decreased.

The state board of equalization made many changes in the assessment of Red Lake county personal property. Not one decrease was made. The following are the raises:

Horses—2 years old, 15 per cent.

Cattle—1 year old 60 per cent, 2 years old 60 per cent; cows 50 per cent, oxen 20 per cent, all other cattle 3 years old and over, 75 per cent.

Sheep—40 per cent.

Hogs—16 per cent. (Only the four-legged variety listed.)

Wagons, buggies and vehicles—25 per cent.

Sewing and knitting machines—15 per cent.

Watches, clocks, etc.—110 per cent.

Household goods—100 per cent.

Melodeons and organs—50 per cent.

Pianofortes—25 per cent.

Office furniture—40 per cent.

Farm tools, implements, etc.—66⅔ per cent.

Goods, of wholesale merchants—10 per cent.

Goods, of retail merchants—10 per cent.

Logs, lumber, etc., of manufacturers—20 per cent; same in retails' hands—20 per cent.

Wheat and flour in manufacturers' hands—20 per cent; in hands of retailers'—20 per cent.

Manufacturers' material and manufactured articles—20 per cent.

Pool and billiard, etc.—10 per cent.

All other personal property—10 per cent.

Red Lake County School Report.

Following is a partial report of the doing of the schools of Red Lake county for the two years from the fall of 1904 to the fall of 1906:

For 1904.

Total No. of pupils enrolled....	[illegible],028
No. entitled to apportionment...	3,338
No. not entitled to " ...	590
No. districts having 8 months' school or more during year..	20
No. districts drawing special aid.	3
No. rural school libraries........	6
Total No. districts in county....	74

1906.

Total No. pupils enrolled..........	4,458
No. entitled to apportionment...	3,925
No. not " " "	573
No. of districts having 8 months or more of school..........	37
No. schools drawing state aid, over	20
No. rural school libraries.........	35
Total No. districts in county......	98

There are also several petitions pending before the county commissioners for the establishment of several more districts, with a good prospect of going through. The increase of the total of attendance for the two years has been 530, while the number of pupils attending school not entitled to state aid has decreased from 590 to 573.

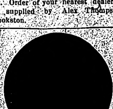
There has been two semi-graded schools established in the county during the two years, with bright prospects for one or two more. During the past two years eighteen new districts have been organized in the eleven towns, six of which have built new schoolhouses, and several are in course of construction.

Drainage Survey.

Crookston Times: Another party of surveyors has arrived in the city from Washington, D.C., and are preparing to survey the country from here to Middle River, following the main line of the Great Northern track. During the past summer Engineer Heron has been surveying that part of the country and this will simply be a continuation of the work in order to find out how the country can be drained in connection with Congressman Steenerson's, drainage bill. In surveying the country before the level has been assumed, Mr. C. H. Semper, who is in charge of this party, states that the sea level will be taken as a base and the figures combined so that an accurate statement can be obtained relative to the draining of the country in that territory. Mr. Semper further stated that in his opinion the question of money was the only thing that stood in the way of the carrying out of the plans as the land can be easily drained. The party included Mr. Semper and his wife, R. J. Thompson, L. D. Lindsay, K. E. Robinson, Melvin Evenson, and L. T. Flake. They will work from here to Red Lake Falls and then from there to Middle River. It is expected that the work will take about six weeks.

Vegetable Pottery.

The use of dried fruits of trees, such as the gourd and the cocoanut, for holding water and liquid substances is familiar, but it is not generally known that cups, saucers and jars to take the place of ordinary earthenware, are made in the Orient, of glutinous and and plastic material entirely of the vegetable origin, which is molded and dried, says the literary digest. Do you know that golden grain belt beer is without an equal as a family beverage? It is a liquid bread—pure and nourishing. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.



KARL M. HANSEN,
Candidate for County Treasurer.

AGRICULTURAL SCHOOL

N. A. Nelson Writes an Interesting Article as to the Benefits Derived from the Institution at Crookston.

Have you, brother farmers, thought of the great opportunity that we have to send our boys and girls to a great state institution, where our boys learn the practical way of tilling the soil and the girls the most economical way of housekeeping? Have you not often wished that a land boom would start and that farmers from other parts would settle on our vacant land and show us how to farm? We will, however find that this is a mistake. Should we get first-class farmers there is but one thing to do, and that is to send our boys and girls to the Agricultural school at Crookston. We need thousands of practical farmers to take care of this great county of ours. We have the best soil in the world but we have not got the tillers.

It is getting to be a fashion that farmers' boys and girls shall be school teachers, lawyers, doctors, bookkeepers, or most anything—except farmers—and it is going so far that old farmers let their farms go, move to town, and start up in some business. If this keeps on we will soon all be in town sitting on street corners and looking at each other until the skin is dried to the bones.

Let us educate our boys and girls to farm in a practical way so that the farm life will be a pleasure. When I first told my son and daughter that I intended to send them to the Agricultural school at Crookston they felt disappointed, but what do they say now? Their letters are full of words like this: Isn't it nice? A person could not get lonesome down here, to be sure, etc.

It does me good to hear how satisfied they are and how surprised they got over the way farming is taught. They find themselves so much at home. Everything is so familiar and still taught in such practical ways that it looks all new. If some one not posted want to know what they learn, I will give the following, some of the subjects taken up this term: Study of breeds, agriculture, farm mathematics, poultry, blacksmithing, carpentering, farm botany, cooking, sewing, laundrying, mechanical drawing, social culture and English. Mrs. Robertson is giving lessons in music, something extra, showing that they are going to make the school a pleasant home for the students.

Anyone wanting information, write or call on Supt. William Robertson, Crookston, but by all means do not forget to send your boys and girls to this school. We have the best soil in the world but we have not got the tillers.
Yours truly,
N. A. Nelson.

H. T. McAnulty,
Candidate for
Superintendent of Schools.

We will have something to say in this space next week..................

Rapp & Post

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

IT PAYS TO TRADE
AT HANSON'S

WE do not believe in dishing out a poor quality of goods in order to name a low price. But our aim is to give you good, honest goods at a reasonable price, and if at any time you think you have reason for complaint we would be pleased to have you call and talk it over with us that we may have a chance to make it right with you.

.... JUST A FEW PRICES ....

20 pounds of Granulated Sugar for... $1.00; with $5.00 worth of other groceries	Cranberries.....a quart.......... 10c	Very good quality Cream Cheese, lb 15c	New Norway Herring, a pound 10c
Good bulk Coffee per pound......... 15c	Sweet Potatoes, per pound...... 5c	Brick Cheese, a pound.......... 18c	Good Laundry Soap, 8 bars for.. 25c
Prunes, very best quality per pound 10c	Extra Soda Crackers, per pound.... 8c	Dried Herring, a box............ 20c	GOLD MEDAL Flour means the best. We have it.
	Fairbank's Glycerine Tar Soap, a piece.......... 5c		

If you need anything in the line of Men's, Boys', Ladies', Misses' or Children's Shoes, Overshoes, Underwear or Hosiery, GIVE US A CALL.

Don't forget to invest in a pair of our Men's All Wool and warranted not to rip Pants, and a Jacket to match. This is just what you want when the cold weather starts in.

......BRING YOUR PRODUCE TO US......
We pay the following prices in exchange for goods:
FRESH EGGS, per dozen.... 20c. BUTTER, as to quality, per lb. 15c to 20c. WOOL, per lb. 18c to 23c.

M. L. HANSON, St. Hilaire, Minn.

WOMEN WHO CHARM

HEALTH IS THE FIRST ESSENTIAL

It Helps Women to Win and Hold Men's Admiration, Respect and Love

Woman's greatest gift is the power to inspire admiration, respect, and love. There is a beauty in health which is more attractive to men than mere regularity of feature.

Mrs. Chas. F. Brown

To be a successful wife, to retain the love and admiration of her husband, should be a woman's constant study. At the first indication of ill-health, painful or irregular periods, headache or backache, secure Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and begin its use.

Mrs. Chas. F. Brown, Vice-President Mothers' Club, 21 Cedar Terrace, Hot Springs, Ark., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"For nine years I dragged through a miserable existence, suffering with inflammation and female weakness and worn out with pain and weariness. I one day noticed a statement by a woman suffering as I was, but who had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I determined to try it. At the end of three months I was a different woman. Every one remarked about it, and my husband fell in love with me all over again. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound built up my entire system, cured the trouble, and I felt like a new woman. I am sure it will make every suffering woman strong, well and happy, as it has me."

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, bloating (or flatulence), displacements, inflammation or ulceration, that "bearing-down" feeling, dizziness, faintness, indigestion, or nervous prostration may be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

CURES SICK-HEADACHE

Tablets and powders advertised as cures for sick-headache are generally harmful and they do not cure but only deaden the pain by putting the nerves to sleep for a short time through the use of morphine or cocaine.

Lane's Family Medicine

the tonic-laxative, cures sick-headache, not merely stops it for an hour or two. It removes the cause of headache and keeps it away.

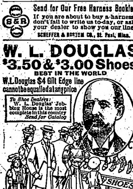
Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

S&R

Send for Our Free Harness Booklet

If you are about to buy a harness, don't fail to write us to-day, or ask your dealer to show you our line.

SCHEFFER & ROSSUM CO., St. Paul, Minn.



W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 Shoes
BEST IN THE WORLD

W. L. Douglas $4 Gilt Edge line cannot be equalled at any price

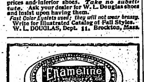
To Shoe Dealers: W. L. Douglas' Jobbing House is the most complete in this country *Send for Catalog*

SHOES FOR EVERYBODY AT ALL PRICES.
Men's Shoes, $5 to $1.50. Boys' Shoes, $3 to $1.25. Women's Shoes, $4.00 to $1.50. Misses' & Children's Shoes, $2.25 to $1.00. Try W. L. Douglas Women's, Misses and Children's shoes; for style, fit and wear they excel other makes.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other make.

Wherever you live, you can obtain W. L. Douglas shoes. His name and price is stamped on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and inferior shoes. *Take no substitute.* Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes and insist upon having them.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.
Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Dept. 11, Brockton, Mass.



STOVE POLISH
ALWAYS READY TO USE. NO DIRT, DUST, SMOKE OR SMELL.
NO MORE STOVE POLISH TROUBLES

IF YOU WANT to EARN MONEY here is your chance. We offer $25,000 in CASH PRIZES for those who secure subscriptions for the two greatest magazine clubbing offers of the season, *Success* and *Woman's Home Companion*, each for a full year, $1.65; *Success, Woman's Home Companion* and *Review of Reviews*, $3.00. Prizes are in addition to a liberal commission on each order. These clubs almost sell themselves. Some earn $100 a week, many as much as $50. Can use all your time or a part of it. Write to-day for particulars, before your territory is taken, to SUCCESS MAGAZINE, 35 Washington Sq., E., New York City.

CANVASSERS can make $25.00 weekly from now until Christmas selling our Juvenile and Holiday books, also full line noted Authors. 100 per cent. profit. Freight paid. $5.00 outfit FREE. Send 36 cents to cover express charges. H. J. SMITH PUBLISHING CO., 131 La Salle St., Chicago.

GET RICH If you are a young man willing to rough it a little come to San Francisco and receive the highest wages paid anywhere on earth. Jobs for everybody and no questions asked if you are willing to do a fair day's work for more than a fair day's pay. For particulars address BUREAU OF PUBLICITY, Room 514 Union Trust Bldg., San Francisco.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

When Answering Advertisement Kindly Mention This Paper.

OBLIGING THE SHOPKEEPER.

Traveler Had Time to Try On a Few Garments.

There has been a great deal of complaint of the way in which a certain class of shopkeepers try to force their wares upon passers-by, says London Tit-Bits. One man, a traveler, has managed to get the better of one of these shopmen, a clothing dealer, who had a way of almost dragging people into his place. One day, shortly after his arrival in London, the traveler stopped for a moment to examine a coat hanging in front of a clothing establishment, when the shopman rushed out and asked:

"Won't you try on some coats?"

"I don't know but I will," responded the traveler, consulting his watch. "I have some time to spare. Yes."

He went in and began to work. No matter how often he found his fit he called for more coats, and after he had tried on thirty, he looked at his watch again, resumed his own garments and walked off, saying:

"I won't charge anything for what I have done. I believe in a man who'll oblige another when he can. If I'm ever this way again and you have any coats to try on, I'll do all I can to help you."

What the shopkeeper said we are not told, but it is not hard to imagine what he thought.

DISFIGURED WITH ECZEMA.

Brushed Scales From Face Like Powder—Under Physicians Grew Worse—Cuticura Works Wonders.

"I suffered from eczema six months. I had tried three doctors, but did not get any better. It was on my body and on my feet so thick that I could hardly put a pin on me without touching eczema. My face was covered, my eyebrows came out, and then it got into my eye. I then went to another doctor. He asked me what I was taking for it, and I told him Cuticura. He said that was a very good thing, but that he thought that my face would be marked for life. But Cuticura did its work, and my face is now just as clear as it ever was. I told all my friends about my remarkable cure. I felt so thankful I want everybody far and wide to know what Cuticura can do. It is a sure cure for eczema. Mrs. Emma White, 641 Cherrier Place, Camden, N. J., April 25, 1905."

Blue and Gray to Collaborate.

Maj. Gen. O. O. Howard of the Union army and Lieut. Gen. Stephen D. Lee of the Confederate forces, are considering the possibility of their collaboration in the writing of a history of the Civil war. These two men are the surviving army commanders of the North and South, respectively, were classmates at West Point and graduated together in 1854. They have never ceased to be warm personal friends, even when bearing arms in hostile forces.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Charles H. Bach, Brooks, Minn., horse detacher; Wilbur N. Bowman, Pierre, S. D., slug counter; Louie T. Dery, Montpelier, N. D., flush valve; Peter H. Hendrickson, Skibo, Minn., rotary engine; James S. Hillyer, Duluth, Minn., rotary engine; Edward P. Johnson, Grand Forks, N. D., combination rule; Albert V. Lindquist, Alexandria, Minn., reel.

What?

The man with the hoe glared wrathfully.

"Who is this man with the muck rake going to be a brother to?" he inquired.

Herewith the fraternal relative of the ox complained to Hon. Edwin fringed.

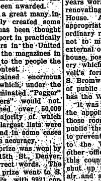
Wood Sawing Outfits.
FAIRBANKS-MORSE Oil Cooled Gasoline Engines are just the thing. No danger from frost. Now's the time to buy. Ask for free catalog ST-173. Minneapolis. FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., St. Paul.

Jinks—"That bathing suit is quite a creation, isn't it?"

Winks—"Well, let's see. A creation is made out of nothing, isn't it? Yes, that's almost a creation."—Judge.

CANADA LAND ON CROP PAYMENTS.
Wild and improved, in Manitoba and Saskatchewan. Agents wanted. Urquhart Land Co., 66 Endicott, St. Paul.

The magnate may conduct courses of study on the moral time card and still miss the train.



When you buy WET WEATHER CLOTHING you want complete protection and long service. These and many other good points are combined in TOWER'S FISH BRAND OILED CLOTHING You can't afford to buy any other

A.J. TOWER CO. BOSTON USA
TOWER CANADIAN CO LTD. TORONTO, CAN.

EGGS at 50 cts. a dozen pay. Why not get them in fall and winter when prices are highest by using **SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER** the scientifically prepared poultry tonic? First in the market and in use forty years to make hens lay. Helps poultry to get full benefit of all kinds of food, makes chicks grow rapidly and keeps them healthy. One pack, 25c.; five, $1; two-lb. can, $1.20; six, $5.00. Express paid. At all dealers. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

CREAM WE PAY CASH THE CRESCENT CREAMERY CO ST. PAUL, MINN.

WHAT SMOKING REALLY IS.

Carrying a Furnace Fed by Noxious Gases in the Mouth.

Men are so habituated to the outcry against smoking that there are few who do not ignore it.

Smokers who have some regard for the anxieties of their friends say that they smoke tobacco from which nicotine has been eliminated. Tobacco so prepared can be found near at hand, but few smoke it, because the process which eliminates nicotine, if it does not destroy, materially modifies the savor of the smoke. The outcry is always the same—nicotine! But many other of the principles of tobacco are as pernicious as nicotine, and when it comes to that it would be equally pernicious to smoke rye straw or any other simply, because (for one of several reasons) there is a continuous production of oxide of carbon wherever there is imperfect combustion.

The smoker carries in his mouth a little furnace, whose fires are fed with oxide of carbon; the fire smolders under the ashes, and the smoker fans it by means of the stem of his pipe or the vent of his cigar or cigarette. Year after year, and all the year, the furnace is in place, burning oxide of carbon and the smoker is working the bellows with a part of the force of his respiratory organs.

The composition of tobacco smoke is complex. Analysis gives nicotine, pyridic bases, formaic aldehyde, ammonia, methylamin, pyrrol, sulphurated hydrogen, prussic acid, butyric acid, oxide of carbon, the steam of water, an etherized empyreumatic oil and tarry or resinous products, among which we detect small quantities of phenol. Of all the products of tobacco, the most venomous are nicotine, pyridic and methylamin basis, prussic acid, sulphuretted hydrogen, oxide of carbon and empyreumatic oil, and all that we draw into our lungs with more or less satisfaction.—Harper's Weekly.

The Baby in Great Luck.

"Their new baby is so cute," Mrs. Popley was saying to her husband, "and so fat. Why, he really doesn't seem to have any neck at all——"

"Gee!" chimed in Willie Popley, "he must be a lucky kid. If he ain't got any neck he won't have to have it washed, will he?"

How Very Simple.

"You are a very successful prophet," we said. "Will you tell us the secret of your success?"

"Certainly," the sage replied, in a kindly tone. "As it is always the unexpected that happens, I merely prophesy the unexpected."

INTERESTING CONTEST.

Heavy Cost of Unpaid Postage.

One of the most curious contests ever before the public was conducted by many thousand persons under the offer of the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., of Battle Creek, Mich., for prizes of 31 boxes of gold and 300 greenbacks to those making the most words out of the letters Y-I-O-Grape-Nuts.

The contest was started in February, 1906, and it was arranged to have the prizes awarded on Apr. 30, 1906.

When the public announcement appeared many persons began to form the words from these letters, sometimes the whole family being occupied evenings, a combination of amusement and education.

After a while the lists began to come in to the Postum Office and before long the volume grew until it required wagons to carry the mail. Many of the contestants were thoughtless enough to send their lists with insufficient postage and for a period it cost the Company from twenty-five to fifty-eight and sixty dollars a day to pay the unpaid postage.

Young ladies, generally those who had graduated from the high school, were employed to examine these lists and count the correct words. Webster's Dictionary was the standard and each list was very carefully corrected except those which fell below 8000 for it soon became clear that nothing below that could win. Some of the lists required the work of a young lady for a solid week on each individual list. The work was done very carefully and accurately but the Company had no idea, at the time the offer was made, that the people would respond so generally and they were compelled to fill every available space in the offices with these young lady examiners, and notwithstanding they worked steadily, it was impossible to complete the examination until Sept. 29, over six months after the prizes should have been awarded.

This delay caused a great many inquiries and naturally created some dissatisfaction. It has been thought best to make this report in practically all of the newspapers in the United States and many of the magazines in order to make clear to the people the conditions of the contest.

Many lists contained enormous numbers of words which, under the rules, had to be eliminated. "Pegger" would count "Peggers" would not. Some lists contained over 50,000 words, the great majority of which were cut out. The largest lists were checked over two and in some cases three times to insure accuracy.

The $100.00 gold prize was won by L. D. Reese, 1227-15th St., Denver, Colo., with 9941 correct words. The highest $10.00 gold prize went to S. K. Fraser, Lincoln, Pa., with 9921 correct words.

A complete list of the 331 winners with their home addresses will be sent to any contestant enquiring on a postal card.

Be sure and give name and address clearly.

This contest has cost the Co. many thousand dollars, and probably has not been a profitable advertisement, nevertheless perhaps some who had never before tried Grape-Nuts food have been interested in the contest, and from trial of the food have been shown its wonderful rebuilding powers.

It teaches in a practicable manner that scientifically gathered food elements can be selected from the field grains, which nature will use for rebuilding the nerve centres and brain in a way that is unmistakable to users of Grape-Nuts.

"There's a reason."

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

IN HIGH POSITION

WOMEN IN GOVERNMENT SERVICE AT WASHINGTON.

English Newspaper Somewhat Astonished by the Confidence Placed in the Fair Sex by Authorities at the National Capital.

Most people are aware that women are a great power in the United States, particularly from a social standpoint, says the Pall Mall Gazette of London. But it is by no means so generally known that at the headquarters of the American government in Washington there are a number of highly paid women who are a standing contradiction of the old gibe that women can never keep a secret.

At any rate, the services of these women are so highly appreciated that it is unlikely their brethren will ever oust them from these highly paid offices. To us a youthful and pretty woman diplomat, recognized as such by the government, is unthinkable. Yet such a person is Miss Margaret Hanna, who is permanent assistant to the permanent secretary of state. This latter official carries on all the delicate negotiations between the United States and foreign powers and so conducts an immense correspondence.

All this most secret and sacred correspondence is under the charge of Miss Hanna, who is so well versed in Uncle Sam's relations with the outside world that she could undoubtedly act as assistant secretary of state herself if the occasion arose.

A still more remarkable position is that held by Miss Clara Graecen, legal adviser to the treasury department. Here again we find a young blonde not yet 25, who a few years ago came to Washington as an ordinary typewriter in the comptroller's office. At that time her work was taking down dictation relating to legal "opinions" about claims against the treasury. Miss Graecen gradually developed a taste for law so that on one occasion the comptroller asked her to prepare an "opinion" of her own on a minor case.

Thereafter the clever and ambitious girl studied law with feverish energy at a night school in the diplomatic capital, and so brilliant were her talents that when the position of law clerk of the treasury fell vacant she applied for it and got it, even against a number of capable lawyers.

You might think that these American blue stockings were frumpish and dowdy in appearance. Vastly otherwise would be your opinion in the presence of Miss Estelle Reel, superintendent of all the Indian schools throughout America. Miss Reel is a strikingly handsome woman of distinguished mien and not much over 30. Her headquarters is at the Indian bureau in Washington, but for the most part she spends her time in traveling throughout the states inspecting the educational methods adopted in day and boarding schools, kindergartens and other institutions kept up by the federal government for the little aborigines. In her own department Miss Reel's power is absolute and her pay is $600 a year besides her traveling expenses.

Thousands of women are employed in the treasury department, for it is found that they are quicker and more accurate than men in counting money. Nor must one omit to say they are found far more honest. Out from among the ruck of these women stands Mrs. Willa Leonard, probably the fastest "teller" of money alive as well as the most astonishingly accurate. Mrs. Leonard is besides a wondrous expert in detecting counterfeit notes. One must bear in mind that practically the whole currency of America except small change is paper money.

Another woman expert of the treasury at Washington is Mrs. S. F. Fitzgerald, who for nearly a quarter of a century has been mending mutilated bank bills and also identifying money that has been partially destroyed. So expert is she that often when nothing remains of the money but a scrap of paper smaller than a sixpence and that containing no name of bank, denomination or number, Mrs. Fitzgerald will fasten upon a scrap of engraved design and then pour forth a volume of information about the destroyed note which would surely give points to Sherlock Holmes.

REPAIRS TO WHITE HOUSE.

Months Have Been Spent in Much Needed Renovation.

For a second time within as many years workmen have spent months in renovating and repairing the White House. Although a large sum was appropriated by congress for extraordinary repairs, care has been taken not to make any alterations in the external or internal appearance of the house, possibly as a result of the outcry which greeted President Roosevelt's former changes. Col. Charles S. Bromwell, U. S. A., superintendent of public buildings and grounds, who has the White House in charge, says:

"It was deemed essential in treating the appointments and decorations of those rooms that are shown to the public that care should be exercised to prevent hostile criticism by visitors to the White House. Unlike any other official or private residence in this country, these rooms cannot be shut up to prevent the entrance of air and sunshine, but they must always be kept open and ready for inspection by critical housekeepers from this country and abroad. If such critics found carpets and draperies faded or worn, they would not hesitate to condemn apparent niggardliness on the part of those whose duty it is to recommend and expend appropriations. People have been accustomed to hear of the blue, green and red parlors, and they wouldn't take kindly to any changes in the fittings and furnishings of these apartments at variance with the tints which have thus far characterized the interior arrangement and decorations of the White House."

In the east room, which is the great reception room of the mansion, the prevailing tint on the walls and ceiling is an ivory white. The only pictures found in the state apartments are those of former masters and mistresses of the mansion, the latest acquisition being that of President Roosevelt.

RUN DOWN FROM GRIP

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Have Cured This Form of Debility in Hundreds of Cases.

"Four years ago," says Mrs. F. Morrison, of No. 1923 Carson street, South Side, Pittsburg, Pa., "I took a cold which turned into the grip. This trouble left me all run down. I was thin, had backache much of the time, had no appetite, my stomach was out of order and I felt nervous and unstrung.

"While I had the grip I had a doctor, but I really suffered more from the condition in which the influenza left me than I did from the disease itself. I felt generally wretched and miserable and the least exposure to cold would make me worse. I couldn't seem to get any better until I began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I very quickly noticed a benefit after I began taking them and they restored me to good health and strength. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a wonderfully good medicine. Thanks to them I am now in fine health and have had no return of my former trouble. I recommend the pills to everyone who is ailing and take every opportunity to let people know how good they are."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured Mrs. Morrison because they actually make good, red blood. When the blood is red and healthy there can be no debility. The relation between the blood and nervous system is such that the pills have a very decided action upon the nerves and they have cured many severe nervous disorders, such as partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia and St. Vitus' dance, that have not yielded to ordinary treatment. Their double action, on the blood and on the nerves, makes them an ideal tonic.

All druggists sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, or they will be sent by mail postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y.

Method in His Madness.

The special mania of an insane man was the belief that he himself was a poached egg. One day he said to his keeper, "I would like a piece of toast." It was not at meal time, and the keeper asked: "Why do you want a piece of toast now?"

"Because," answered the man, "I am tired, and I'd like to sit down!"

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Remarkable Man.

"Popley seems to be quite an extraordinary individual."

"In what respect?"

"It appears that he can remember quite a number of incidents connected with his own boyhood that are fit to repeat to his children."

It's not the making of money, but the failure to make manhood that must be condemned.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES do not stain the hands or spot the kettle, except green and purple. 10c per package.

The boy who is given a start at the top of the hill usually makes a record coming down.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

There are some church workers who try to work the church.

Mark Twain's Toast.

Mark Twain, who celebrated his seventieth birthday not long ago, is still able to enjoy life with the zest of a Peter Pan, nor has he apparently forgotten the delights of stolen sweets, for the other day, when temperance organizations were under discussion, his contribution to the debate (and whether he spoke for or against, he left his audience to decide, as the true humorist always does) was this brief remark: "Taking the pledge will not make bad liquor good, but it will improve it."

Do You Own a Hand Separator?
If so, where are you selling your cream? Have you looked into our method of paying cash for every can and giving liberal premiums besides? Write us. R. E. COBB, St. Paul, Minn.

She Who Hesitates Is Lost.

A lawyer was talking about Elihu Root's legal talent.

"He shone in a court room," said the lawyer. "From the beginning of his career he shone. He had a gift of humor, too. One day he was cross-examining a young woman.

"'How old are you?' he said.

"The young woman hesitated.

"'Don't hesitate,' said Mr. Root. 'The longer you hesitate, the older You'll grow.'"

Emblem of Secrecy.

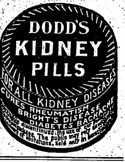
The rose is the emblem of secrecy in Greece, and was formerly hung over the table where guests were entertained, in token that nothing heard there was to be repeated. Hence the expression "sub rosa."

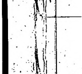
A Destructive Bee.

From a Camberwell correspondent we have received a quite distressing account of the destruction caused in his conservatory by the leaf-cutting bee.

Last Saturday a solitary bee found its way through the open windows, but the news that rose leaves were available in that part of the district where rose culture is uncommon had been conveyed with such success that this week that the glass house was swarmed with the bees. Our correspondent says the noise they make is like the working of countless pairs of scissors. The bees have denuded his roses of their leaves and have even turned attention to the flower of the geranium.

It's no use of holding up a pint cup for a quart of blessing.




STIFFNESS, STITCHES, LAMENESS, CRAMP, TWISTS AND TWITCHES, ALL DECAMP WHEN YOU APPLY

ST. JACOBS OIL

THE OLD-MONK-CURE

PRICE 25 AND 50 CENTS

Mayer
HONORBILT
SHOES FOR MEN

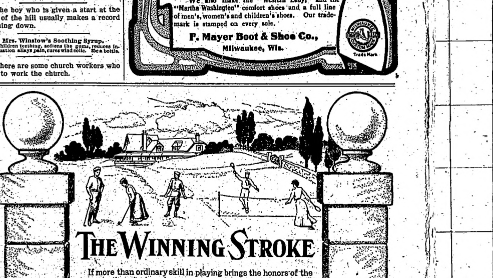
The highest degree of style, fit and workmanship are embodied in these splendid shoes. There are none that equal them in appearance and wearing quality at the price. They are

BUILT ON HONOR

That's what the name means. That's what a trial will prove. By all means wear "Honorbilt" shoes. Demand them of your dealer—INSIST. Sold everywhere. If you cannot get them write to us.

We also make the "Western Lady," and the "Martha Washington" comfort shoes and a full line of men's, women's and children's shoes. Our trademark is stamped on every sole.

F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Co., Milwaukee, Wis.


THE WINNING STROKE

If more than ordinary skill in playing brings the honors of the game to the winning player, so exceptional merit in a remedy ensures the commendation of the well informed, and as a reasonable amount of outdoor life and recreation is conducive to the health and strength, so does a perfect laxative tend to one's improvement in cases of constipation, biliousness, headaches, etc. It is all important, however, in selecting a laxative, to choose one of known quality and excellence, like the ever pleasant Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., a laxative which sweetens and cleanses the system effectually, when a laxative is needed, without any unpleasant after effects, as it acts naturally and gently on the internal organs, simply assisting nature when nature needs assistance, without griping, irritating or debilitating the internal organs in any way, as it contains nothing of an objectionable or injurious nature. As the plants which are combined with the figs in the manufacture of Syrup of Figs are known to physicians to act most beneficially upon the system, the remedy has met with their general approval as a family laxative, a fact well worth considering in making purchases.

It is because of the fact that SYRUP OF FIGS is a remedy of known quality and excellence, and approved by physicians that has led to its use by so many millions of well informed people, who would not use any remedy of uncertain quality or inferior reputation. Every family should have a bottle of the genuine on hand at all times, to use when a laxative remedy is required. Please to remember that the genuine Syrup of Figs is for sale in bottles of one size only, by all reputable druggists, and that full name of the company—California Fig Syrup Co., is plainly printed on the front of every package. Regular price, 50c per bottle.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES
Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri.

ESTABLISHED 1879.
WOODWARD & CO.
Minneapolis GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth

$25,000.00 FOR AGENTS. Pleasant work among your friends, frequent sales, large commissions, and big prizes for all. Address Dept. 20 X, 11 E. 24th St., N. Y. City.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1906. NUMBER 15.

HUNDREDS OF LIVES WIPED OUT BY STORM

APPALLING DESTRUCTION AND LOSS OF LIFE ALONG COAST OF FLORIDA.

WHOLE TOWNS SWEPT AWAY

AWFUL DISASTER IN SALVADOR—FIERCE BLIZZARD IN SOUTHWEST.

Miami, Fla., Oct. 23.—The death list as a result of Thursday's hurricane will exceed 1,000. Some estimates go beyond 1,500. Millions of dollars' worth of property was destroyed.

Every hamlet along the coast and on the higher keys that escaped some of the fury of the storm has been turned into a place of refuge.

Searching parties have started along the coast to look for dead and injured.

Workmen on the extension of the Florida East Coast railroad from Miami to Key West suffered most. Ten barges, each bearing 150 men, were torn from their moorings and carried out to sea. Of these barges Nos. 6 and 7 were blown across Biscayne bay and went aground, with the loss of only a few lives.

1,050 May Be Lost.

Another barge, No. 4, was broken up by the heavy sea. Forty-nine of the men were picked up by the Austrian steamer Jennie, which took the refugees to Key West.

The other barges, with their 1,050 workmen, have not been heard from, and it is feared that they have been destroyed.

Fears are entertained for the entire fishing and fruit fleet, as no word has been received from any of the vessels.

Manager Adams of the Florida Fish and Produce company sent out boats to look for the missing vessels of that fleet.

Great damage has been done to the government lighthouses along the coast.

Whole Towns Swept Away.

San Salvador, Oct. 23.—Telegraphic communication with interior points has been restored and news of the disaster wrought by the terrific storm which has swept over the coutry is being received. Over 100 persons have been drowned in Coatepeque. A vast quantity of sulphur water was thrown out of the Chulo volcano and inundated the town of Panchinalco, killing most of the inhabitants. From other points also reports of terrible devastation are coming in. Pimiento and other towns are reported to have been swept away by the floods.

WORST BLIZZARD IN YEARS.

Great Damage by Storm in Colorado, Wyoming, Utah and New Mexico.

Denver, Oct. 23.—A general storm prevailed along the eastern slope of the Rocky mountains from Wyoming to New Mexico yesterday. Snow has been falling in Colorado almost incessantly for the last twenty-four hours and still continues.

In Colorado the storm extended to the West slope in the valley around Buena Vista. The snow lies two feet deep on the level, and in the mountains throughout the state the snow varies from two to five feet in depth. Twenty-two inches of snow had fallen at Florence by nightfall. Apple orchards in that section will suffer considerably.

Much Property Devastated.

Salt Lake, Utah, Oct. 23.—For the last twenty-four hours this city and vicinity has been swept by a windstorm of unparalleled severity. In addition to three serious accidents to persons, property over a wide area has been devastated. A fire fanned by the wind has obliterated the new plant of the Utah Packing company, causing a loss of about $250,000.

Heavy Loss of Live Stock.

Albuquerque, N. M., Oct. 23.—The worst blizzard since the great storm of 1882 is general throughout New Mexico. A high wind is bringing a general fall of snow and sleet through the Grand valley, and reports indicate that the losses to sheep growers will be very heavy. Telegraph and telephone service is almost completely shut off and railroad traffic is delayed.

Steamer Is Total Loss.

Norfalk, Va., Oct. 23.—Te steamer George Farwell, timber laden, from Jacksonville, Fla., for New Haven, Conn., is ashore off Cape Henry and will probably be a total loss, but all on board were saved. Capt. J. D. Chisholm and his crew of fifteen men were landed from the wrecked steamer yesterday by the lifesaving crews from the Cape Henry and Virginia Beach stations.

Snow in Minnesota.

Duluth, Minn., Oct. 23.—From five to six inches of snow has fallen the last twenty-four hours over Northern Minnesota and the Vermillion range west to Fosston and possibly farther west. The southern line of the storm was Grand Rapids, in Itasca county, and half way between Duluth and the iron ranges.

Six inches of snow fell in Bemidji, Virginia and Ely.

Ogden, Utah, Oct. 23.—One man was killed and $100,000 in property was destroyed by a heavy wind storm that swept over this section.

MILWAUKEE ROAD HIT HARD

EXISTENCE OF COMBINE OF GRAIN MEN TO FIX PRICES ALSO SHOWN.

Kansas City, Oct. 25.—Some of the things brought out here yesterday at the grain hearing by the interstate commerce commission were:

Evidence of favoritism shown to the managers of the Kansas City elevators of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway in the matter of granting reduced grain rates to shippers.

The existence of a rule in the Kansas City board of trade threatening its members with suspension if they dealt with irregular grain men, so called.

A combine of members of that organization to fix prices

Threats of Boycott.

Threats by grain dealers' associations to boycott board of trade members who might buy from farmers and others against whom the associations had issued orders

A score of grain dealers, elevator men and railway officials were examined.

E. W. Shields, elevator agent for the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway and active manager of the Simonds-Shields Grain Company of Kansas City, who was instructed by the commissioners yesterday to return here from St. Louis, proved an important witness.

Had Inside Track.

Mr. Shields said he was in Chicago last fall, when he was called upon to advise about a special export rate on corn. He helped make a rate effective several days later, then came home and bought corn right and left. He shipped 3,500,000 bushels of corn under the special rate. He had bought more than 1,000,000 bushels before other dealers learned that the reduced rate would be made.

Again, this summer, he said he happened to be waiting around the office of the vice president of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway when the roads agreed on a cut of 2 1-2 cents a hundred pounds on wheat. He went out and sold several hundred thousand bushels for delivery under the rate.

WOULD RAISE PAY OF 17,000.

Postal Department Has Recommendation to Make to Next Congress.

Washington, Oct. 25.—If a recommendation that will be submitted to congress at its coming session by the present administration is enacted into law, thousands of clerks and carriers in postoffices in Minnesota, Wisconsin, the Dakotas, Iowa, Illinois and other states of the West will be granted increased salaries in the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1907. The retirement of hundreds of clerks from the postal service, directly traceable to inadequate salaries, induced the authorities to incorporate in the estimates just submitted to the treasury an item of $25,700,000 for the compensation of clerks, an increase of $3,000,000 over the present amount available for the purpose.

There are at present 28,500 clerks in first and second class postoffices throughout the country. As the estimates provide for nearly 17,000 promotions it will be possible, in the event that congress makes the appropriation desired, to raise the salaries of more than half of the clerks now employed.

WAS WORST STORM ON RECORD.

Blizzard in Colorado Most Severe Ever Known for This Time of Year.

Denver, Col., Oct. 25.—Eastern Colorado experienced a blizzard yesterday, but the weather bureau holds out hope of clearing weather. Snow ceased falling in Denver this afternoon, the storm center having moved eastward. The storm takes rank as the most severe at this time of year of which the weather bureau has any record. Snow began falling here last Friday night and continued about ninety hours. The actual fall in Denver was about twenty-one inches, and in some other portions of the state it was four feet or more.

The weather map issued yesterday shows a great change in weather conditions in the last twenty-four hours. The low pressure which has prevailed over Northern Colorado and its eastern strip and Southern Wyoming has filled up

Cripple Creek, Col., Oct. 25.—Heavy snow yesterday morning completely tied up the high line electric system and compelled most of the mines on Bull and Ironclad hills to close down. Trains were several hours late. The weather cleared late in the day, but a high wind drifted the snow badly.

SUES FOR PLACE ON TICKET.

Candidate for County Superintendent Goes to Court.

Crookston, Minn., Oct. 25.—I. I. Kaasa has commenced an action in the district court to have his name placed on the official ballot for county superintendent of schools. Kaasa filed as an independent candidate, but owing to alleged defects in the petition the county attorney ruled that his name could not be placed on the ballot.

LIES THREE MONTHS IN WOODS.

Body of Supposedly Murdered Man Is Found at Last.

Menominee, Mich., Oct. 25.—The decomposed body of an unknown man has just been found in the woods near Kimball, Mich. The remains were in such a condition that examination was fruitless, although a crime is strongly suspected. The man evidently had been dead two or three months. It is thought that the body is that of a woodsman named Tellow, who disappeared several months ago.

COURT SWAMPED WITH EVIDENCE

SANTA FE ROAD OBEYS COURT ORDER AND SENDS IN OLD WAYBILLS.

REBATES MAY BE REVEALED

WHOLE MASS WILL BE GONE OVER—GRAIN HEARING AT OMAHA GOES ON.

Los Angeles, Oct. 25.—Pursuant to the court's order for documentary evidence, the Santa Fe railroad, which is being investigated along rebate lines, yesterday caused to be hauled to the Tajo building, where the court and grand jury are sitting, two immense loads of old waybills and other miscellaneous documents.

The mass of stuff was put into the elevator and hoisted to the fourth floor, where it was carried to the jury room. The jurors and the government officials were somewhat stunned at the mass of matter. Santa Fe lawyers stated that it was merely the response to the court's order.

It is not known whether the pile will reveal evidences of rebates, but it is stated that the whole thing will be carefully gone over.

Grain Hearing at Omaha.

Omaha, Oct. 25.—Interstate Commerce Commissioners E. E. Clarke and Frank T. Lane began a hearing here yesterday on matters connected with the grain trade. About 200 grain men of Omaha, South Omaha and Council Bluffs have been subpoenaed to testify at the hearing, and it is understood that others will come from different points in the state.

J. E. Von Dorn of the Cavers-Von Dorn Commission company, Council Bluffs, Iowa, testified that the elevator company of which he is the head, besides operating an elevator at Council Bluffs, does business at Underwood, Iowa, and Neola, Iowa. In both places the elevators are rented from the Rock Island road. At Underwood they pay $125 a year, and at Neola $200.

Quotations From Des Moines.

Prices paid for grain, Mr. Von Dorn said, are based largely on cards received daily from W. G. Case of Des Moines. He denied any knowledge of Mr. Case's identity, but said his quotations had been considered about right for a number of years. The grain bought at Underwood and Neola, he said, is divided about equally between his company and the Cooper Grain company.

Mr. Von Dorn said that in 1904 an effort was made by his competitors here to put him out of business because he was paying more for grain for export than his competitors thought was right. In response to threats from local dealers, the exporting companies all refused to buy from him for a time, although the two first companies afterward resumed relations with him.

At this point Commissioner Lane interposed: "You think it is right for your firm to boycott small country dealers; I suppose you had no complaint to make because the big exporters boycotted you?"

No Railroad Interests.

The witness said it did not look just that way to him at the time.

Mr. Von Dorn denied that any stockholders in his company are connected with a railroad company.

Nathan Merriam of the Merriam-Holmquist Grain company told of a contract with the Missouri Pacific company by which it is allowed a quarter of a cent a bushel on all grain shipped over that road to cover elevator charges.

Nels B. Updike of the Updike Grain company said there was no agreement about prices, but that up to fifteen months ago they used to confer and "agree on what they thought the grain was worth."

NECK BROKEN; MAY RECOVER.

Ohio Man Gains Strength and Is Improving.

Dayton, Ohio, Oct. 25.—Alonzo Sonslin, aged forty years, a decorator, had his neck broken by a falling board at the National Cash register plant. A surgeon was near and dressed the injury and put the man's head and shoulders in a plaster cast. Forty-eight hours have elapsed and he is still improving, gaining strength and the indications are that he will recover.

President Joins Grand Army.

Washington, Oct. 25.—President Roosevelt was yesterday mustered in as an honorary member of the Associate Society of Farnsworth post, Grand Army of the Republic, of Mount Vernon, N. Y. The ceremony took place in the cabinet room of the executive offices and was conducted by Gen. Horace Porter.

Quarrel Ends Fatally.

Paris, Mo., Oct. 25.—Benjamin Sager, a farmer, was shot dead, and his son Claude, aged twenty-one, fatally shot yesterday by John Sebastian, an aged farmer. The Sagers had rented a field from Sebastian, and the men quarreled over division of the crops.

Stricken With Paralysis.

Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 25.—Maj. Gen. James W. Forsyth, retired, who served in the Civil war with distinction, was stricken with apoplexy yesterday and is in a critical condition.

U. S. S. MINNESOTA IS A DAISY

BIG BATTLESHIP EXCEEDS THE EXPECTATIONS OF HER BUILDERS.

Rockland, Me., Oct. 25.—The first-class battleship Minnesota, designed as an eighteen-knot craft, exceeded expectations of her builders, the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock company, and the government yesterday by averaging 18.87 knots an hour in her standardization trial over the Rockland course. Her best mile within the tide was at the rate of 19.412 knots, which is nearly fifty points better than the best mile made by the battleship Louisiana, the only other ship of this type which has been tried.

Tidal corrections reduced this to 19.05 knots. The mean number of revolutions per minute for the fastest five runs was 123.11 and the maximum 125.21. The number necessary to attain the contract speed of eighteen knots is 114.5.

The Minnesota went over the course fourteen times, only one run being lower than fifteen knots. She behaved splendidly and all conditions were favorable for the trial. Capt. W. F. Melvin of Newport News was the navigating officer. The battleship will have a four hours' endurance run today.

MILL CITY MAN KILLED BY CAR.

St. Paul Blacksmith Injured About the Same Time.

Minneapolis, Oct. 25.—One man was killed and another was seriously injured in two street car accidents which occurred in Minneapolis a little more than an hour apart last evening.

John Roehl, the man who was killed, was returning to his home about 7 o'clock, and was within a stone's throw of home when he was struck squarely by a fast approaching Twentieth avenue north car and thrown headlong into the middle of the street.

He was hurried to the city hospital, where he died at 9:50.

John C. Ryan, a St. Paul blacksmith, was struck by an Eighth and Central car and received a broken leg and arm, besides several bad bruises.

CORN ENDANGERS LIFE.

Gangrene Sets In and Compels Amputation of Policeman's Leg.

Elk Point, S. D., Oct. 25.—A corn on one of his toes is endangering the life of F. C. Kester, night policeman here. His right leg has just been amputated above the ankle in the hope of saving his life. Kester is sixty years old, and weighs 300 pounds. A corn formed on his toe and later gangrene set in, which necessitated the amputation to save his life.

SCALPED BY FALL ON WALK.

Farmer Meets With Accident at Ivanhoe, Minn.

Ivanhoe, Minn., Oct. 25.—J. Koch, a farmer from the northern part of this county, was partially scalped by a fall against one of the sidewalks in Ivanhoe yesterday. He was attempting to tie his horse when he slipped, and his head was badly cut, the wound requiring fourteen stitches to close it. The flesh and tissues were cut to the bone.

SLEPT UNDER BOX CAR.

Dubuque Man Is Dead and Another Is Fatally Injured.

Dubuque, Iowa, Oct. 25.—Clifford Belden of Dubuque was killed, and Herman Weicker of Milwaukee fatally injured at Specks Ferry. They were employed by the Milwaukee railroad and went to sleep under a box car, which was moved by an engine. Belden's legs were severed from his body.

ON FIRE; JUMPS INTO TANK.

Girl's Presence of Mind May Have Saved Her Life.

Mitchell, S. D., Oct. 25.—Her clothing all ablaze, Inglebaugh Peterson, living with her parents near here, probably saved her life by jumping into a water tank standing outside the door. She had been putting pine wood into the cook stove when her dress caught fire.

FALLS INTO MUD; SMOTHERS.

Iowa Farmer Seized With Epilepsy While Doing Chores.

Sioux City, Iowa, Oct. 25.—Seized with an epileptic fit while he was stooping to feed his hogs, Elmer Eberly, a farmer, fell face downward in the half-foot of mud in the pig pen and was smothered to death.

Farmer Suicides in Jail.

Marshalltown, Iowa, Oct. 25.—Greenberry Elkins, a farmer who was arrested for criminal assault on his fifteen-year-old daughter, committed suicide in his cell at Oskaloosa. He tied a strip of blanket around his neck and to the cell door. It was necessary to raise his feet off the floor to accomplish his purpose.

Fined for Selling Beer.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Oct. 25.—William Ward and George Beckwith, Blatz's agents here, were fined $100 and costs for selling liquor at Wendell, a temperance village eighteen miles south of the city. They pleaded guilty.

Alleged Thief Breaks Jail.

Benudette, Minn., Oct. 25.—James Kibbey, who was arrested on complaint of Louis Catlin, charging larceny of $34, has escaped from the village lockup.

TO MAKE CHANGES IN THE CABINET

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT MAKES OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT OF PLANS.

TWO NEW FACES AT BOARD

MEYER AND STRAUS GET PLACES—TRANSFER CORTELYOU AND BONAPARTE.

Washington, Oct. 25.—The following statement regarding the prospective changes in President Roosevelt's cabinet was made public at the White House yesterday:

"Oct. 23, 1906.

"On the retirement of Secretary Shaw and Attorney General Moody from the cabinet the following changes will be made:

"Secretary of the treasury—George B. Cortelyou.

"Postmaster General—George von L. Meyer.

"Attorney General—Charles J. Bonaparte.

"Secretary of the Navy—Victor H. Metcalf.

"Secretary of Commerce and Labor—Oscar S. Straus."

When Changes Occur.

The general understanding for some time has been that Attorney General Moody will retire on the first of the coming January and that Secretary Shaw will follow him on the 4th of March. On the first of the year, therefore, Mr. Bonaparte, who is now secretary of the navy, will succeed Mr. Moody as attorney general, and he will in turn be succeeded by Mr. Metcalf, the secretary of commerce and labor, the latter's place being filled by Mr. Straus. Mr. Cortelyou, now postmaster general, will take Secretary Shaw's place on the 4th of March, at which time Mr. Meyer is to become postmaster general.

First Hebrew in Cabinet.

Mr. Meyer, who will become postmaster general, is ambassador to Russia, to which place he was appointed on March 6, 1905. The appointment of Mr. Straus caused considerable surprise, as it will be the first case where a citizen of the Hebrew faith has been made a member of the president's cabinet. He was born Dec. 3, 1850, and is well known as a merchant, diplomat and author. He represented the United States as minister to Turkey on different occasions.

WOMEN STORM THE COMMONS.

British Parliament Scene of Outburst of Suffragist Hysteria.

London, Oct. 25.—Unusual excitement in connection with the reopening of parliament yesterday was caused by the presence of about 100 women suffragists, many of whom, despite the protests of the police, managed to find their way into the outer lobby of the house of commons, with the intention of buttonholing the members in support of their movement. A number of the suffragists mounted vacant chairs in the lobby and began to harangue the few members present in that part of the house.

The women resolutely refused to leave the house without being ejected by force, clung tenaciously to the stalwart policemen, the railings or other means of support and offered strenuous resistance to expulsion, while shouts of "We will have votes!" and "You cowardly men dare not give us justice!" resounded through the halls.

Finally the police were forced to carry out several of the women bodily, and the struggling and shouting suffragists were all ultimately deposited in the palace yards, where for some time they continued their vehement protests. A procession of house of commons attendants followed the women, bearing hats, cloaks and fragments of millinery and finery dropped in the scuffle.

So noisily demonstrative were some of the leading suffragists that after they had been expelled from the house the police arrested eight of them and marched them off to the nearest police station.

The reassembling of parliament drew large crowds to Westminster, despite the fact that the opening of the sessions was devoid of sumptuous ceremony or the appearance of royalty, as this was merely a resumption of the preceding session.

Carter Harrison Injured.

Montreal, Oct. 25.—Former Mayor Carter H. Harrison of Chicago was taken yesterday morning from Ridout, Ont., via Toronto, to Chicago, suffering from a badly strained back and possibly internal injuries. With a party of friends, all from Chicago, he was moose hunting back of Chapleau, when he was injured during a portage.

MEXICAN REBELS EXECUTED.

Notwithstanding Denials, It Is Said Rebels Were Put to Death.

Phoenix, Ariz., Oct. 25.—A special to the Republican from Tucson says that a well known citizen of place, whose name is withheld, has returned from Nogales, where he was authoritatively informed that Salcide and all the other revolutionists recently deported from Arizona were taken to Hermosillo and summarily executed, notwithstanding official statements to the contrary.

SEVERAL LIVES LOST IN FIRE

KANSAS CITY BOARDING HOUSE BURNS AND TWENTY ARE MISSING.

Kansas City, Kan., Oct. 26.—In a fire in a lodging house in the Riverview district of Kansas City, Kan., at an early hour this morning, it is reported that one woman was burned to death and seven persons were badly injured. The stairways were destroyed.

The lower floor of the building was occupied by stores, while the upper three floors were used as a tenement and contained 100 rooms. The families of sixty laborers were asleep in the building when the fire broke out. The fire started at the bottom and before the inmates were awakened all means of escape were cut off.

At 2:15 a. m. twenty persons are missing and several are believed to have perished.

The infant child of John Sparks is known to have been burned to death.

THREATENS TO BLOW UP TRAIN.

Bandit Wanted $5,000, but Failed to Keep Appointment.

Chicago, Oct. 25.—Threatened by an anonymous letter writer with the blowing up of one of its passenger trains unless it paid him $5,000, the Lake Shore road last night ran a "dummy" train, filled with armed men, out of Chicago, and at a point in Indiana designated by the bandit the train was stopped. No one was found in the neighborhood. Three posses are searching the Indiana marshes in the vicinity of Pine, Miller and Aetna. Two employes of the Aetna Powder works have been arrested because of the finding in their room of a bottle of nitroglycerin.

The bandit instructed the railroad company to carry the money to him on the limited express, which leaves Chicago at 5:30 in the evening.

"I will be at the side of the tracks," he wrote, "somewhere east of Pine. When the limited approaches me I will fire two shots from my revolver. Have the money in a bag and drop it off the hind end of the train. If you don't do as I say your train will be blown to atoms with dynamite."

Three letters in all were received from the mysterious writer, and the railroad officials turned the matter over to the United States postal authorities, who planned the "dummy" train to trap the bandit.

WHOLE GANG IS CAPTURED.

Officers Recover $4,000 for the Looted Bank.

Minot, N. D., Oct. 25.—The cracksmen who operated this week at Sawyer, just south of this city, are in the net.

The sheriff's posse caught up with them last evening near Max, after one of their number had been severely wounded in the leg while trying to run away.

Another member of the gang rushed into a nearby slough and threw $900 in gold and bills into the water. Money was scattered by other bandits over the prairie, but Chief of Police Hagen of Minot, one of the leaders of the posse, succeeded in recovering $4,000.

When least expecting that they were at the very heels of the men suspected of the robbery, members of the posse, while searching a haystack, found two of the cracksmen sleeping, and their capture was easily effected.

Shortly after the remaining three members were overtaken not far from the first capture. All five prisoners were well armed, and the last three caught showed fight, but were soon overpowered.

RAIDS GAMBLING HOUSES.

"Lid" Is Decreed and Sheriff Makes an Arrest.

Britton, S. D., Oct. 25.—The "lid" is on here. Last night, after midnight, upon complaint sworn to by Rev. D. M. Butt of the Presbyterian church, the sheriff raided three alleged gambling places. John H. Moore, alleged to be the proprietor of one place, was arrested, but the keepers of the other two had received a "tip" and made their escape.

PRAIRIE FIRE SWEEPS FARM.

Flames Wipe Out All Buildings and Burn Hay and Team.

Minot, N. D., Oct. 25.—A prairie fire three miles north of Des Lacs swept everything clean from the farm of Hagbert Halverson, taking every building on the place, including the dwelling house. Several tons of hay were destroyed and one team of horses perished in the barn. The loss is estimated at fully $5,000.

Two Killed in Wreck.

Kenton, Ohio. Oct. 25.—In a freight wreck here yesterday two men were killed and two seriously hurt. A fast freight drawn by two engines crashed into a cut of cars standing on the main track. The engine and many cars were wrecked and hundreds of sheep were killed.

Forger Goes to Prison.

Houston, Tex., Oct. 25.—Clarence N. Hughes of Swaynsboro, Ga., aged twenty-two, who has given banks in all parts of the country trouble during the past several years, was yesterday convicted here on three counts of forgery and given two years in each case.

Drowned While Hunting.

Duluth, Minn., Oct. 25.—Mayor Charles A. Sneyder of Dayton, Ohio, was drowned while hunting yesterday in the Whitefish bay district, Lake Superior.

FRANCIS JOSEPH SETTLES CRISIS

THE AGED EMPEROR APPOINTS BARON VON AEHRENTHAL AS FOREIGN MINISTER.

SHOWS FIRM GRIP ON AFFAIRS

RULER OF AUSTRO-HUNGARY MEETS DOUBLE MINISTERIAL CRISIS.

Vienna, Oct. 25.—Emperor Francis Joseph, by the appointment of Baron von Aehrenthal, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador to Russia, to the post of Austro-Hungarian minister of foreign affairs in succession to Count Goluchowski, resigned, has settled a double ministerial crisis.

It is believed also that his majesty averted a third crisis. This was accomplished without any of the expected friction, and, according to the ministerial statement made in the lower house of the Austrian parliament last night, without in any way altering the foreign policy of the dual monarchy.

In spite of his great age, the emperor-king has shown that he still has a firm hand in the affairs of the dual monarchy.

Has a Busy Day.

The emperor had an extremely busy day. In addition to receiving the new foreign minister, Baron von Aehrenthal, whose appointment has given great satisfaction, his majesty had to arrange for the unexpected crisis arising from the resignation of Lieut. Gen. Ritter von Pitreich, war minister of Austro-Hungary, and his succession by Gen. Franz Schoenaich, Austrian minister of national defense.

Von Pitreich resigned because of the refusal of the Hungarian government to agree to increase Hungary's contingent of recruits for the common army.

His majesty also visited Count Goluchowski, upon whom he conferred the Order of St. Stephen, set in brilliants.

Safety Is in Sight.

With the view of preventing the threatened crisis on account of impossibility of inducing the Czechs and Germans to agree upon guarantees for the redistribution plan connected with the bill for universal suffrage in Austria, which involved the possible resignation of the Austrian cabinet, his majesty summoned before him the Czech, German and Polish members of the cabinet and received each minister separately at the Hofburg.

He expressed in strong terms his desire that the difficulties in this connection should be overcome. It is, therefore, expected that the parliamentary commission which meets to-night will arrive at an agreement assuring the adoption of universal suffrage for Austria and the safety of the cabinet.

ROB PASHA'S HOUSE.

Moroccan Bandits Seek Revenge on the Authorities.

Tangier, Morocco, Oct. 25.—The situation at Arzilla, which was recently seized by Bendario's tribesmen, has been intensified by the pillage of the residence of the local pasha, who escaped and arrived here half naked.

Raisuli, the bandit chief who held Ion Perdicaris, an American citizen, for ransom in May, 1904, believing that the sultan has promised his head to the American minister, Mr. Gummere, is taking vengeance on the Moroccan authorities.

Owing to the fear of an attack on Tangier the patrols in the outskirts of the city have been doubled.

GIRL STOLEN OUT OF BED.

Young Woman in Alabama Mysteriously Disappears During Night.

Birmingham, Ala., Oct. 25.—Mrs. J. H. Sidebottom reported to the police yesterday the mysterious disappearance of her eighteen-year-old daughter, Miss Fannie Fennell, from the family home. Mrs. Sidebottom believes her daughter was chloroformed and kidnapped between midnight and 5 o'clock yesterday morning. An examination of Miss Fennell's room showed that she had slept in her bed and left her clothes undisturbed on a chair. The mother said an odor of chloroform pervaded the room.

TO TEST WAR BALLOONS.

Government Experiments Will Be Conducted at Fort Omaha.

Washington, Oct. 25.—Fort Omaha, Neb., is to be the scene of many interesting balloon experiments during the next few months. French manufacturers have shipped to the signal corps of the army a new spherical silk balloon, which will be thoroughly tested at the Nebraska post.

Maj. Taggart Is Very Ill.

Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 25.—Maj. E. F. Taggart of divorce fame, who is now serving in the Philippines, is critically ill at a military hospital there. He is suffering with dysentery, and his recovery is said to be doubtful.

Unlucky Man Kills Self.

Glendive, Mont., Oct. 25.—J. M. Kirley, a sheep herder on the Milner ranch, twenty miles north of Wibaux, committed suicide by cutting his throat. He had been despondent because of ill luck.

LOW RATES

FARM LOANS

We make Farm Loans at Lowest Rates of Interest with Optional Payments. If title is good you can get your money the same day you make application. We do business quick. No six weeks or months to wait. No deal is too large for us to handle nor too small for us to give its careful attention: : : : :

Give us a Call.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

Officers:

C. L. Hausen	President
Daniel Patterson	Vice-Pres.
A. D. Stephens	2nd Vice-Pres.
K. O. Gigstad	Cashier

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am	Lv	Crookston	Ar	6:45 pm
10:35 am	Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv	5:25 pm
11:05 am	Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv	4:55 pm
11:35am	Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv	4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am	Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar	11:10am
10:35 am	Ar	Wylie	Lv	10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

A. J. McFarland, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"

and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of

THE FAMOUS

MATT. J. JOHNSON'S 6088

RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE

you are not satisfied with results.

This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.

For Sale and Guaranteed Only by

Imperial Drug Co., St. Hilaire

GET YOUR PICTURE TAKEN BY
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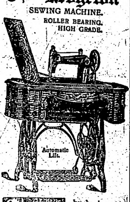
McMURRAY'S VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.

A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.

GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE.

The "Redgeton"
SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING.
HIGH GRADE.



Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.

STRONGEST GUARANTEE.

National Sewing Machine Co.
[illegible] ILLINOIS.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES, Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Oct. 27, 1906.

Republican State Ticket.

United States Senator—
KNUTE NELSON,
Douglas County.

Governor—
A. L. COLE,
Cass County.

Lieutenant Governor—
A. O. EBERDART,
Blue Earth County.

Chief Justice—
CHARLES M. START,
Olmsted County.

State Treasurer—
CLARENCE DINEHART,
Murray County.

Secretary of State—
JULIUS SCHMAHL,
Redwood County.

Attorney General—
E. T. YOUNG,
Swift County.

State Auditor—
S. G. IVERSON,
Fillmore County.

Clerk of the Supreme Court—
C. A. PIDGEON,
Wright County.

Railroad Commissioner—
C. F. STAPLES,
Dakota County.

It is possible that those electric lights are needed to enable us to figure out where we are at—night or day.

It is hard luck to be a farmer in Red Lake county when the democratic equalization board is trying to pay old campaign debts.

The general opinion is that the county campaign is about the dirtiest, meanest proposition ever pulled off in this part of the country.

No matter what your opinions are, it will pay you to go and hear Hon. Frank M. Eddy on the political issues of the campaign next Monday night.

There is some talk of organizing a business men's union to advance the interests of St. Hilaire and the surrounding country. It would be a good scheme and is badly needed.

U. S. Senator Burton of Kansas goes to jail for six months for accepting a $2,500 fee while he was serving as senator. If it had been ten times as much he would have no trouble.

The democratic equalization board is not winning any votes for the man who made the appointments—Governor Johnson. The farmers of Red Lake county are not liable to forget that they were raised 66⅔ per cent on farm implements and tools and from 50 to 75 per cent on cattle, not to mention an even one hundred per cent on household goods. The twin cities get six million knocked off on real estate, but that don't help up here. Moral: Vote for Cole for governor.

Detroit Record: A good many farmers and residents in the small towns of Minnesota were given an object lesson last week in the advantages (?) of having a democratic governor. Two years ago the corporations, the jobbers and the other big interests in the Twin Cities were lined up solidly against Bob Dunn, the republican nominee for governor, who had declared publicly and repeatedly that the Twin Cities were not paying their just proportion of state taxes. Dunn had declared that if he was elected governor he would see this injustice righted. The governor has the appointment of members of the state board of equalization and the Twin City interests having been successful in defeating Dunn and in electing the democratic candidate for governor we now have a democratic state board of equalization. At a meeting of that body last week the democratic state board voted to raise the assessment upon farm property in several counties. The farmers were given such a boost in some counties that they will realize next year, when they come to pay their taxes, what a real benefit a democratic governor is to them. For instance, in Ottertail county, the assessment was raised 50 per cent. And the very next day this democratic board voted to decrease the assessed valuation of property in St. Paul and Minneapolis several millions of dollars. We have seen cards with Governor Johnson's picture printed upon them, and [illegible] underneath the picture is the statement that "He has made good." It would seem so, and the farmer pays the freight.

Seek Minnesota Data.

Washington correspondence to Minneapolis Journal: Data as to the probable cost of draining swamp lands in the ceded portion of the Red Lake Indian reservation in Minnesota is now being gathered by the drainage division of the geological survey. Herbert M. Wilson, chief of that division, has just returned from Minnesota, where an investigation into the feasibility and cost of draining these lands is being made in accordance with the provision of the Indian appropriation bill of last session, in which $15,000 was set aside to pay the expense of this investigation.

While the field work is not yet finished, Mr. Wilson indicates that the cost of reclaiming these lands by drainage will be between $1.25 and $1.50 an acre. The full report will be ready for the consideration of congress soon after it convenes in December, and it will be used in connection with the effort the Minnesota delegation will make to secure the passage of the bill introduced by Representative Steenerson for the creation of a drainage fund from the proceeds of sales of land in that state. Mr. Steenerson's bill was favorably reported to the house toward the close of last session, but there wasn't sufficient time to bring it up before adjournment.

State Aid Withheld From School District No. 17.

I wish to call the attention of the voters to the fact that Fred Richarsd, republican candidate for Superintendent of Schools, does not hold and never has held a state certificate of any kind, although he has claimed that he held a first-grade certificate. The records in this office show that he held a second-grade certificate but this has proven to be only a county certificate or permit, which was given before I was elected County Superintendent of Schools.

The enclosed letters prove that he never has held a state certificate, and therefore the district where he has taught this year will not receive state aid.

I have shown these letters to Mr. Richards and he does not deny the statements therein.

I believe every voter wishes to see a competent man elected to the office of Superintendent of Schools. I know that I am willing and believe that I am able to perform the duties of the office faithfully and well, and will greatly appreciate your support now and your vote on November 6.

H. T. McANULTY.

J. W. OLSEN, Supt.
C. G. Schulz, Assistant.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
Department of Public Instruction.
St. Paul, Oct. 15, 1906.

Supt. H. T. McAnulty,
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Dear Sir:—

In response to your request of the 13th, let me refer you to a letter written you by this department on October 10th, which stated that, as far as our records show, Fred Richards of Red Lake county, does not now hold, and has never obtained a state certificate for Minnesota.

Very truly yours,
C. G. SCHULZ, Assistant.

State of Minnesota,
Department of Public Instruction.
St. Paul, Oct. 10, 1906.

Supt. H. T. McAnulty,
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Dear Sir:—

As we do not find any record that Fred Richards, who has been teaching in district 16 of your county, now holds or has received at any time a state teacher's second grade certificate, it will be necessary to withhold the state aid from the district, unless Mr. Richards can send in his certificate to this department for record.

Yours very truly,
J. W. OLSEN, Supt.

Political Announcement.

I hereby announce to the voters of Red Lake county that I am again a candidate for the office of County Auditor and respectfully solicit your votes and support at the general election to be held Nov. 6, 1906. My past record as County Auditor is one of which I have no cause to feel ashamed and if re-elected, I pledge myself to conduct the affairs of the office faithfully and impartially in the interests of the taxpayers of the county as I have in the past.

JAMES E. FORD.

For Supt. of Schools.

As republican candidate for Superintendent of Schools, I respectfully solicit your vote and support at the general election.

FRED RICHARDS.

For Clerk of Court.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for re-election as Clerk of the District Court for Red Lake county. Your vote and support earnestly solicited.

JOSEPH PERRAULT.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, Minn

Mr. Rosing Plays Politics.

Stewartville Times: Evidently Mr. Rosing of the board of control wants to play politics some more. He got a resolution sidetracked the other day which provided that no member of the board of control or any person under its control should, while working for the state at the state's expense, devote time so paid for by the state to political matters. Apparently, in his opinion, the first duty of a Democratic official is to electioneer for Democratic candidates. The state's business can wait.

Cole Rings Clear and True.

Red Wing Republican: There is not a single question before the people on which Mr. Cole does not ring clear and true. If Mr. Johnson is elected he stands utterly alone, the single Democratic official elected in the state. On the contrary if Mr. Cole becomes governor he will have a Republican legislature in full sympathy with his ideas and this will enable him to make them effective. As a business proposition Mr. Johnson should not be elected, as he is not in a position to accomplish much.

Cole's Campaign Clean.

Winnebago City Enterprise: Cole is making a clean campaign and is gaining votes every day. Cole is a good campaigner. He makes friends easily and impresses one as being a man of sound business judgment. While not an orator, he makes a good speech, teeming with common sense. Mr. Cole will make the state a splendid governor.

—Raspberries, gooseberries and cherries, 2 cans for 25c at Hanson's.

—Buy your sheepskin-lined coats and mackinaw jackets at Hanson's.

—Use Buck smoking tobacco, 3 packages for 25c at Hanson's.

Public Sale of Absolute Property of the State, Under Sections 936, 937 and 938, Chapter 11, Revised Laws 1905.

Notice is hereby given that on the twelfth day of November, 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the county auditor in the court house at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, all tracts or parcels of land sold for taxes in Red Lake county, to which the state has acquired title, under the provisions of Chapter eleven (11), Revised Laws of Minnesota, 1905, and amendments thereto, remaining unredeemed, will be offered at public sale. Every tract or parcel will be sold for cash to the person bidding the highest price offered therefor, which shall not be less than the amount of taxes, penalties, interest and costs charged against it. Provided however, that those tracts which were bid in for the state at the regular annual tax sale in 1901, for the tax of 1899, and in all years prior thereto, on which the aggregate taxes, penalties, interest and costs exceeds the cash value thereof, may be disposed of for a sum not less than the amount of the taxes charged against each tract, excluding the penalties, interest and costs.

Owners or interested parties may redeem their property by paying the full amount due to the county treasurer at any time before sale has been made to an actual purchaser.

After the Notice of Expiration of Redemption has been served as provided in section 956, revised laws 1905, the Governor is authorized to issue a deed in the name of the state to the person entitled thereto. (Section 938 R. L.) Immediate payment to the county treasurer is required. The sale will begin at the time and place named above and continue from day to day until every tract or parcel shall have been offered for sale. The county auditor of Red Lake county is hereby authorized and directed to conduct said sale. A list of said real property is now on file in the offices of the county auditor and state auditor.

Dated St. Paul, Minn., October 1st, 1906.

S. G. IVERSON,
State Auditor.

(Seal.)

06-27

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,
DENTIST

From Thief River Falls, makes regular visits to St. Hilaire Thursdays and Fridays at Dr. J. C. Cummings' office.

Vote for **Jeffers** for........
REGISTER OF DEEDS.

O. T. Tandberg

Republican Candidate for

County Treasurer

CAPABLE
EFFICIENT
HONEST
RELIABLE

YOU WILL MAKE NO mistake, Mr. Voter, if you cast your ballot for O. T. TANDBERG, the Republican candidate, and if you trust him with the county funds they will be well taken care of, and honestly handled.

VOTE FOR:

Co. Treasurer— O. T. TANDBERG	X

Do You Want to MAKE MONEY?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in touch with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commission. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. HOMES, INVESTMENTS, SNAPS. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J. P. GONIGAM
210 Armory Blk.,
OTTAWA, - ILLINOIS

A FREE PATTERN
(your own selection) to every subscriber. Only 50 cents a year.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE 50c A YEAR

A LADIES' MAGAZINE.

A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe to-day, or, send 5c. for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.

McCALL BAZAR PATTERNS 10c AND 15c

All Seams Allowed and Perforations show the Basting and Sewing Lines.

Only 10 and 15 cents each—none higher. Ask for them. Sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail from

THE McCALL CO.
113-115-117 West 31st St., NEW YORK.

4-FOOT SLABS AND TIED EDGINGS AT
$1.50
Per Cord
Crookston Lumber Company.

SAVE MONEY
BY USING
MASCOT FLOUR

BETTER BREAD and MORE OF IT.

Red Lake Falls Milling Co.

WE PURCHASE ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

H. C. ADAMS, Agent.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

Ask for a Ticket East on the Pioneer Limited

Insist that it read from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago on The Pioneer Limited or one of the other fast trains of the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

The Pioneer Limited leaves Minneapolis at 8:00 p.m. and St. Paul at 8:35 p.m. Arrives Union Station, Chicago, 8:55 a.m. the next day. Four other fast trains to Chicago daily. Compartment and standard sleepers with "longer, wider and higher berths," dining car, observation-library-car, chair car and coach.

W. B. DIXON,
Northwestern Passenger Agent,
365 Robert St., ST. PAUL,

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D. Patterson	Councilmen
E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. DUNTLEY, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650. Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

Farmers Store

Hello! Mrs. Jones; where are you heading for so early this morning? Why, can't you guess? I am going to the Farmers Store. He is giving a special sale for next week. Just think about it.

18 lbs Granulated Sugar....	$1.00
Family Comfort Coffee, a lb..	18c
50c Dinner Party Green Tea..	35c
3 packages Egg-O-See.........	25c
25c can IC Baking Powder...	20c
Soda Crackers, by the box ...	7½c
Dried Apples, 15c lb, now....	11c
Baking Soda, a pound........	8c
Corn Starch, a package........	7c

Call on us for your Winter Clothing, such as
Mackinaws,
Men's Pants,
Woolen Underwear
and Warm Footwear.

You surely save money by buying your supplies at the Farmers Store.

If you would like a suit of clothes, ready made, I have them for you. Come and see.

Yours for Business,

HenryGoergen

THE LOCAL NEWS

RESOLUTIONS of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

—Apples at Duntley's.

Hear Frank Eddy Monday evening.

—Get your supply of apples at Duntley's.

County Supt. McAnulty was a visitor here on Thursday.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

Don't fail to hear Frank M. Eddy next Monday evening.

—Look up the bargains at the Farmers' Store in another column.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur is in from her claim this week visiting friends.

—Ladies' petticoats, very nice ones, $1.25, $2.00 and $2.50 at Hanson's.

Mr. and Mrs. Steve Nelson were Thief River Falls visitors last Monday.

—Calumet family soap, 100 pieces in a box, per box only $2.55 at Hanson's.

Geo. L. Austin made a short trip to Fergus Falls this week, returning yesterday.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Walter Johnson commenced an eight-months' term of school last Monday at Plummer.

Walt Elliott, a well known "knight of the grip," was doing business here yesterday.

August Adolphson, of Black River, spent Sunday here visiting his cousin, Victor Brink.

Mike Ford and Albert Nelson returned from the harvest fields of Dakota Tuesday.

Mrs. P. E. Pirath, of Red Lake Falls, is here this week visiting her daughter, Mrs. H. E. Ives.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on Nov. 3 and 4.

Erick Bjerk, of Marshall county, is here this week visiting his sons, Martin E. and Christ Bjerk.

—Gold Medal flour makes the best of bread; try it and be convinced. For sale by M. L. Hanson.

Dr. A. F. Blomburgh har been heard from at Berlin, Germany, and reports having a pleasant time.

Martin E. Hoff, who is selling medicine in North Dakota, came home on Wednesday for a short visit.

J. G. Prior and Chas. Fellman were up to Mud lake after ducks the first of the week but did not have very good luck.

—Bring your butter, eggs and wool to Hanson's and receive the highest market prices in exchange for merchandise.

Jessie LaBree, of Thief River Falls, was here last Monday on his way to Red Lake Falls, where he was called as a juror.

Dr. Crandall has changed his dates here and will be in St. Hilaire on Thursday and Friday of each week hereafter.

A number of the lumber pilers went over to Bemidji last Thursday evening, where they expect to work for the next six weeks.

Hon. Frank M. Eddy is one of the best campaign orators in the state. Hear him next Monday night at Imperial hall.

Many men give lavishly of gold,
To build bridges and castles and towers of old;
If you want everlasting fame, a benefactor be,
Give the poor and needy Rocky Mountain Tea. Imperial Drug Co.

H. M. Bliss, who has been head filer at the saw mill the past season left with his wife for Minneapolis last Wednesday.

John Larson returned from Dakota last Monday and is going to the woods for the winter, but says there is no place like St. Hilaire.

Miss Olivia Nelson, who had to come home last week on account of sickness, returned to the agricultural school at Crookston last Monday.

Alton Jackson and Carl Lund went down to Crookston on Tuesday to investigate the business colleges there with a view of taking a course.

Mrs. L. L. Remington has rented her place here and on Wednesday she left for Vancouver, Washington, where she expects to make an extended visit with a sister.

—Eddy's high grade mince meat only 10c a package at Hanson's.

There will be services at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday at 8 o'clock. All are cordially invited. Alex Sand, Pastor.

Mrs. Joe Campbell and son Gerald, of Kossuth county, Iowa, are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Remington and other relatives.

Mrs. Peter S. Dainard is reported very ill with appendicites and Mr. Dainard, who is at Bemidji, has been wired for and will be home today.

Martin E. Bjerk and Louis Catheilneau went up to Mud lake the first of the week after ducks, but had poor success, as the ducks have gone somewhere else.

Mable Victoria, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Miller Peterson, died in River Falls on October 20 and was buried at the Clara church last Tuesday, Rev. Alex Sand officiating.

The "L. C. O. Club" very pleasantly surprised Miss Julia Selberg last Saturday evening. Miss Selberg was the recipient of a handsome present as a token of their esteem for her.

Mrs. B. E. Burkee has been ill for several days and on Tuesday it was found that she had quite a severe case of typhoid fever. A trained nurse was sent for, who arrived on Thursday.

The only speaker of note in this campaign to speak here will be Hon. Frank M. Eddy at Imperial hall on Monday evening, October 29th. Make a note of it—and go and hear him.

—Children's caps, 10c, 25c and 50c at Hanson's.

—I will pay 9 cents per pound for green hides, 3c per pound for old rubbers and $3.50 per ton for old iron delivered at Holmes' elevator. Will be there every Friday. OLE MATHSON.

District court is in session at Red Lake Falls this week. The calendar is a light one and the term will be short, the jury being discharged on Wednesday. No case of local interest was on trial.

Prof. J. B. O'Brien went up to Kratka last Saturday where he attended a political meeting. Mr. O'Brien's candidacy for auditor is progressing finely and it now looks as if he was a sure winner.

A political rally is advertised to take place at Imperial hall on Monday evening, November 5th, at which state and local issues will be discussed. We understand that the Red Lake Falls band will be in attendance.

A prairie fire that burned up a couple of stacks of hay and gave the farmers a good scare occurred last Thursday in the southwestern part of River Falls. It is thought that the fire was started by the railroad section hands.

—I wish to announce to the ladies of St. Hilaire and vicinity that I will close my millinery store after the 30th of October. All who have work or wish work done please call before that time.
MRS. C. L. GRAY.

—You will find the best $2.00 fine shoes for ladies at Hanson's.

County candidates have been fairly numerous here the past week. Among those here we noticed: Frank Jeffers, for register of deeds; Lewis A. Nelson, for sheriff; Karl Hanson for treasurer; Nick Tarrant, for judge of probate and James E. Ford, for auditor.

The funeral of Siver Hanson, who died of typhoid fever at his home in section 24, Bray township, at the age of 15 years, 6 months and 26 days on the 19th of October, was held at the Landstad, church in Sanders last Monday and conducted by Rev. Alex Sand.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford has an office at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, on the 8th day of every month. A red letter day to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses.

Thomas Sletten, who was hurt several weeks ago by being thrown off a hand car by the passenger train, returned on Saturday, from the Crookston hospital. Mr. Sletten came out very lucky from his serious mishap and is now nearly recovered. His left shoulder still pains him but he expects to be in good shape again in a short time.

The total amount of business done by the St. Hilaire creamery last month amounted to $4,739.90, divided between 172 patrons, and the following are the ones that received over $50.00: O. L. Larson, $50.15; H. Haupt, $60.75; L. M. Rolland, $59.60; Fred Soderberg, $50.32; Swan Wiberg, $54.75; Peter Johnson, $59.50; Chas. Seeger, $44.35; H. Sletten, $50.05; C. A. Melin, $53.12; C. A. Lindquist, $77.95. The price paid for butter fat was 25 cents, and prospects for high priced butter during the winter months never were better.

Lost.

A gray fur robe with red lining, between town and railroad crossing north. Finder will please return to A. Satterberg.

Bought Accounts.

The Merchants State Bank has purchased all of the accounts of J. J. Soll and parties owing him are hereby notified to call at the bank and settle at once.

K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier.

This is the season of decay and weakened vitality. Nature is being shorn of its beauty and bloom. If you would retain yours, fortify your system with Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

—Don't forget that Hanson can save you money on hosiery.

VOTE FOR AMENDMENT

Third Constitutional Amendment Means Much to the Farmers and Consumers.

The efforts of the merchants' associations in St. Paul, Minneapolis and other cities to prevent farmers and gardeners from peddling their produce out to the consumers and the last session of the legislature passed the following constitutional amendment, which will be voted on at the general election, November 6.

Attorney General Young has the following to say regarding the intent and the effect of the law, as will be seen by consulting the official publication of the constitutional amendments made elsewhere in this issue: This proposed amendment is intended to be added to Article 1 of the Constitution, which is known as the bill of rights, and will, if adopted, be Section 18 of said Article, leaving all of the Article otherwise as it is at present. The only change that would be effected thereby would be to enable any farmer or gardener to sell the products of the farm or garden, which he occupies and cultivates, within any city or village in the state by peddling the same from house to house without taking out a peddlers' license.

Not only the farmer but the people who live in the cities will see the justice of this law, and it is to be hoped that all will vote for its adoption. Under the constitution as it now stands it may be possible for cities to put a prohibitive tax upon farm produce in the shape of license fee, so that not only such products as vegetables and eggs could be bought through grocery stores, but even hay, wood, cattle, sheep and poultry could be put under the ban.

Everyone should remember that failure to vote upon the question is equivalent to a vote against it, for the constitution requires that before any amendment shall be adopted it shall receive a majority of all the votes cast at the election.

Farmers, if you want to sell stuff to the consumer, vote for it! City dwellers, if you want fresh and cheap vegetables, etc., do the same!

Seed Grain Contest.

The seed grain contest, for which the children of Red Lake county have been preparing during the summer, will be decided November 30, at which time all contestants for the prizes are expected to bring in their samples to Red Lake Falls. There will be judges here from the state agricultural college at Minneapolis. The requirements of the contest call for the exhibition of a peck of wheat or oats and ten heads of the same and for corn 12 heads. The first prize is $200 for each of the three grains, $150 for the second and $50 for the third. A complimentary round trip to Minneapolis will be given to the winners. There are also prizes given by merchants aggregating $250. The contest will be open for two days, November 30 and December 1.—Red Lake Courier.

Good Showing.

Thief River News: Treasurer Parbst of the Thief River Falls Co operative Creamery association, was in the city yesterday and furnished The News with a statement of the business done during the month of September. A total of 16,689 pounds of butter fat was received and for this the sum of $2,931.25 was paid to the farmers of this vicinity, the price paid for butter fat being 25 cents per pound.

It is the intention to keep the creamery running all winter and next year the business of the institution will be more than double according to the views of Mr. Parbst.

More Motor-Cycle.

All the signs point to the coming of the motor-cycle into popularity, says Leslie's Weekly. Its growth has been slow, but sure, and without a boom, which is so fatal in its final sky-rocket effect to anything. The noise which one of these one-lung, two-wheelers, make is often greater than that made by the big touring cars. Probably if they come into general use a muffler will be devised which will do away with most of the noise. Let us be healthy by drinking golden grain belt beer. It is pure, healthful and wholesome. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Council Proceedings.

Special meeting of the village council of St. Hilaire, held Oct. 24, 1906.

Meeting called to order by the president.

All members present.

On motion J. B. O'Brien was instructed to write to Electric Engineering company to get estimates of cost of electric lighting plant.

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'BRIEN,
President.
K. O. GIGSTAD,
Clerk.

C. S. YEAGER,

Superintendent of Schools.

FOSSTON, Minn., Oct. 17, '06.

To the Public:—

I have had an intimate acquaintance with Supt. H. T. McAnulty for two years, having been associated with him in teachers' training school work for two seasons.

I regard him as a superintendent of marked efficiency. Few men possess the energy and enthusiasm that he puts into his work. The schools of Red Lake county have made decided progress under his supervision. Exclusive attention to the interests of the teachers and schools under his care is his noticeable characteristic. Rural school education will be advanced under his direction.

C. S. YEAGER,
Supt. Fosston Schools,
President N. W. M. T. A.

WYLIE FARMERS WIN OUT

Injunction Issued at Instance of the Great Northern Gets Knocked In the Head.

Gazette: The injunction case of the Great Northern railway vs. the Wylie Farmers' Mercantile and Elevator company came up in district court Monday afternoon and resulted in a marked victory for the farmers.

The Farmers' company is erecting an elevator and warehouse at Wylie, and had the building nearly complete when the Great Northern company caused an injunction to be issued restraining them from proceeding with their work. The complaint alleged all sorts of things against the Elevator company, among them being that the said company was guilty of trespass in building on the railroad company's ground, but inasmuch as they were insolvant and damages could not be collected, and the railroad company was obliged to get an injunction, alleging damages in case the elevator was built.

Attorneys Germo and Farley, of this city, appeared for the elevator company, and showed by counter affidavits where their clients were entitled to build on this ground by right of long term lease, that instead of being insolvent the elevator company was composed of the most substantial farmers of that part of Red Lake county, entirely responsible for any damages that could be proven. They also demonstrated that the building of the elevator could in no wise damage the railroad company, as they had long ago stated their intention of leaving their tracks into Wylie and running trains there, and naturally the shipment of grain from there should prove a benefit other than a damage. Judge Watts held for the defendants and dissolved the injunction.

The victory is a notable one for the Farmer's company, as since the removal of the elevators from that place the farmers tributary to Wylie have been greatly inconvenienced in handling their grain. They can now go ahead and build their elevator and warehouse, which will mean a great deal to the people living out there.

Attorney Wilkinson for the Great Northern stated that the company would appeal, but there seems to be no point where they can hope to win in the higher court.

The only thing that would appear bad to the Farmer's company is that the railroad company can continue appealing the case until they get it before the judges that they entirely own—where the word justice is a misnomer. Whether or not they will do this remains to be seen.

H. T. McAnulty,
Candidate for
Superintendent of Schools.

KARL M. HANSEN,
Candidate for County Treasurer

C. W. JOHNSON
Republican candidate for
Clerk of District Court,
Red Lake County,
Respectfully solicits your vote and support.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

We will have something to say in this space next week..................

Rapp & Post

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE.....
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY. E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
......AT E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

Prof. Geo. T. Churchill

Who taught at the Crookston College seven years ago has returned to take up his old work. He has been in this line of work for twelve years and has taught in the Grand Forks College, Minneapolis Normal College, Crookston College and Buena Vista College. He is considered the best commercial and penmanship teacher in the state. Owing to the large enrollment at the Crookston college, Prof. Sathre found it necessary to secure another teacher and was very fortunate in getting such an able man.

Wanted.—Salesmen for accident and health insurance; endowment policy; indemnity for injury to beneficiary. Liberal contract; chance for advancement. Write Woodmen Mut. Casualty Co., Minneapolis. ns

—Carload of apples at Duntley's.

If you have lost your boyhood spirits, courage, and confidence of youth, we offer you new life, fresh courage, and freedom from ill health in Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

DRINK Hamm's
NEW BREW
BOTTLED AND ON DRAUGHT
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

SAW MILL MACHINERY.

Saw Mills	Engines
Gang Edgers	Boilers
Lumber Trimmers	Pulleys
Lath Machines	Shafting
Bolting Machines	Boxes
Shingle Machines	Trucks
Planer & Matchers	Grate Bars
Drag Saws	Feed Mills
Wood Saws	Horse Powers

We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

A Wonderful Discovery

It has been the aim of scientists for years to find some liquid preparation which would possess anodyne, astringent and antiseptic properties and yet be of such a consistency that it would penetrate, first, through the skin, then through the muscles and finally to the very bones, exerting on its way down, healing and pain destroying properties.

Max R. Zaegel, a graduate of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, established at Sheboygan, Wis., as a chemist for the last 23 years, has discovered this long sought secret.

FREE
SAMPLE

It consists of a mixture of vegetable and mineral oils forming an amber colored liquid of pleasant odor and taste, which, when used as directed, restores vitality and strength and gives prompt relief to all pain.

Applied to cuts, sores, burns and bruises it heals, as owing to its antiseptic properties, no pus or matter can form in any wound where this wonderful oil is used.

If you have rheumatism, piles, pain in back or catarrh, write Mr. Zaegal and he will be pleased to mail you a sample bottle free.

Address your letter to M. R. Zaegel & Co., 180 Main St., Sheboygan, Wis.

It is free now, so do not fail to write to-day, stating the nature of your complaint.

THE BEST COUGH CURE

No cough is too trifling or too serious to be treated by the **right** method, and the right method is the use of the best cough cure, which is

Kemp's Balsam

This famous preparation cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, grip and consumption in its first stages. Irritation of the throat and bronchial tubes is immediately removed by the use of Kemp's Balsam.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

AUTOMOBILE

Five-passenger model C Ford double opposed engine, detachable tonneau, in good running order. Will sell for $450.00 cash. Cost $1,000.

Burney Bird Auto Co.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 Shoes
BEST IN THE WORLD
W. L. Douglas $4 Gilt Edge line cannot be equalled at any price

To Shoe Dealers: W. L. Douglas' Jobbing House is the most complete in this country *Send for Catalog*

SHOES
ESTABLISHED 1876
CAPITAL $2,500,000

SHOES FOR EVERYBODY AT ALL PRICES.
Men's Shoes, $5 to $1.50. Boys' Shoes, $3 to $1.25. Women's Shoes, $4.00 to $1.50. Misses' & Children's Shoes, $2.25 to $1.00.
Try W. L. Douglas Women's, Misses and Children's shoes; for style, fit, and wear they excel other makes.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other make.

Wherever you live, you can obtain W. L. Douglas shoes. His name and price is stamped on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and inferior shoes. *Take no substitute.* Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes and insist upon having them.
Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy
Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Dept. 11, Brockton, Mass.

YOU CANNOT
CURE

all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions of the mucous membrane such as nasal catarrh, uterine catarrh caused by feminine ills, sore throat, sore mouth or inflamed eyes by simply dosing the stomach.
But you surely can cure these stubborn affections by local treatment with

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

which destroys the disease germs, checks discharges, stops pain, and heals the inflammation and soreness.
Paxtine represents the most successful local treatment for feminine ills ever produced. Thousands of women testify to this fact. 50 cents at druggists.

Send for Free Trial Box
THE R. PAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.

$25,000.00 FOR AGENTS. Pleasant work among your friends, frequent sales, large commissions, and big prizes for all. Address Dept. 20 X, 11 E 24th St., N. Y. City.

PIONEER IN FLASH SIGNALS

Antelope of the Plains the First to Use the Heliograph.

Another remarkable detail of the antelope's anatomy is the white area on each buttock. Although it seems at first like the rest of his spots, a mere patch of white coat, it is found to be specialized for an important service.

It is composed of hair graded from short in center to long at the front edges. Under the skin of the part is a circular muscle, by means of which the hair can be raised and spread radically into two great blooming twin chrysanthemums, more or less flattened in the center. When this is done in bright sunlight they shine like tin pans, giving flashes of light that can be seen further than the animal itself, affording a conspicuous identification mark that must be of great service to the species.

As soon, therefore, as an antelope sees some strange or thrilling object this muscle acts and the rump patch is instantly changed into a great double disc of white that shines afar like a patch of snow, and by its flashing spreads alarm. This, it will be seen, is simply a heliograph. Man flatters himself that he was the inventor of flash communication, but he is wrong; the antelope had it first. They used it thousands of generations before man ever dreamed of it.

THEY CURE ANÆMIA

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills the Most Successful Remedy for All Forms of Debility.

Anæmia, whether it results from actual loss of blood, from lack of nutrition due to stomach trouble, or whatever its cause, is simply a deficiency of the vital fluid. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood. They do that one thing and they do it well.

"As a girl," says Mrs. Jessie Fink, of 180 East Mill street, Akron, Ohio, "I suffered from nervous indigestion and when I was eighteen years old I was reduced in weight to 93 pounds. I was anæmic, nervous, couldn't eat or sleep, was short of breath after the least exertion and had headaches almost constantly. I had a doctor, of course, but I might as well have taken so much water for all the good his medicine did me. Finally my vitality and strength were so reduced that I had to take to my bed for several weeks at a time. I could not digest any solid food and for weeks I did not take any other nourishment than a cup of tea or beef broth.

"While I was sick in bed I read of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I stopped all other medicine and began to take the pills. Soon my improvement was very noticeable. My strength began to return, my stomach gave me no pain and just as soon as I began to take solid food I gained in weight. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills certainly saved my life. I am now perfectly well, have regained my normal weight of 120 pounds and I think Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a wonderful medicine."

These celebrated pills are recommended for stubborn stomach trouble, for all cases of weakness and debility, such as result from fevers and other acute diseases. All druggists sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, or they will be sent by mail postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Lots of us would have been satisfied had Russell Sage left us half as much.

Do You Own a Hand Separator?

If so, where are you selling your cream? Have you looked into our method of paying cash for every can and giving liberal premiums besides? Write us. R. E. COBB, St. Paul, Minn.

Of Little Faith.

"What was there strange about the congregation praying for rain?"

"Not one of the persons who came to church that day brought an umbrella."

CANADA LAND ON CROP PAYMENTS.
Wild and improved, in Manitoba and Saskatchewan. Agents wanted. Urquhart Land Co., 550 Endicott, St. Paul.

The Difference.

"If the other fellow wins out," said the Milk Toast Philosopher, "its luck. If you win out, it's judgment."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The wise always are willing to be called fools, but never anxious to hasten the event.

Stiffness, Stitches, Lameness, Cramp all decamp when you apply St. Jacobs Oil.

Consolation for the Artist.

The late Lord Leighton, president of the Royal Academy, once had a chance to learn something about himself that perhaps he had not suspected. His chance came to him at a picture gallery, where his painting "Helen of Troy" was on exhibition.

He joined a group of ladies who were standing before it just in time to hear one of the number say:

"It's a horrid picture—simply horrid!"

"I'm sorry, but it's mine!" Lord Leighton exclaimed involuntarily.

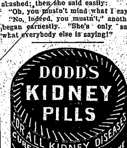
"You don't mean to say you've bought the thing?" questioned the same lady.

"No; I—painted it," the artist humbly replied.

The critical lady was momentarily abashed; then she said easily:

"Oh, you mustn't mind what I say."

"No, indeed, you mustn't," another began earnestly. "She's only said what everybody else is saying!"



CREAM
WE PAY CASH
THE CRESCENT CREAMERY CO
ST. PAUL, MINN.

CITY IS GROWING

STEADY INCREASE IN POPULATION OF THE CAPITAL.

Demand for Houses Far Exceeds the Supply in Spite of Building That Has Been Done.

Washington as a city of homes is very much in evidence just now. It seems to be the opinion this year that the demand for apartments and for houses did not begin quite so early as was the case last year, but the prospect seems to be that it will be quite equal to what it was last fall. There has been no reduction in rents, and the supply of vacant suites and vacant houses has been the lowest in years. In spite of the increase in the number of buildings this condition of the market is taken to mean that the population has grown, and as far as known, the growth is continuing.

It has been the apprehension all along that the city was being overbuilt, especially in the line of apartment houses. Thus far there has been no clear indication of such a condition. In the event the close of the present rental season shows a supply of vacant houses and apartments, some conclusion may be formed on this subject that will have at least the value of being based on facts. Owing to various conditions the amount of building done during the past year, which has equaled the record of last year, which has undoubtedly given strength to the market and kept in check the tendency to overdo.

Another circumstance that has served to help the rental market has been the withdrawal of a large number of houses from that section of the market in order that they might be sold. The demand from people who want to own their own homes has without doubt been the feature of the realty situation for the past few years, and its continuance is indicated by the addition to the number of such houses and the success which is met with on disposing of them.

It is the belief of the brokers who are in the midst of active trading and are therefore in a position to know the character of the market, that the supply of home buyers has been by no means exhausted. In fact, it is said that for a certain class of house, say one that contains seven rooms and sells for about $7,000, there is not enough to meet the demand. Of course it may be said that the supply of homes at a moderate price, to a certain extent never at any time equals the demand, for there are more people who want that class of house than any other and at the same time it is difficult to find the ground and to build a house that can be put on the market at that price.

It is, however, a good indication of the condition of the market that now, after a year or two of active home buying, the movement is not yet finished and there are still additions being made to the army of people who already own their homes or are in the process of acquiring them. As far as known the inflow of population into this city is still going on, and it seems likely that it is going to continue, for every year the attractions of the city increase and the inducements to people to make their homes here are becoming more widely known.

Beautifying Washington.

In point of architecture Washington will soon be one of the most beautiful cities in the world. It is not far away now. The dream of the great man for whom the national capital was named will particularly be realized.

In buildings and bridges now under construction, Washington is spending $50,000,000. Others which will cost $20,000,000 are projected. The senate and house office buildings will represent an expenditure of $7,000,000. The eastern front of the capitol is to be extended in marble at a cost of $1,330,000. A fine building for the supreme court is in contemplation. The railroads are expending $12,000,000 on a magnificent union passenger depot. Two steel bridges are to be thrown across the Potomac river, and the largest cement bridge in the world will span Rock creek. There will be a war college for the army, and several imposing university buildings, and extensive improvements are to be made at the navy yard and the soldiers' home.

When the house and senate office buildings are completed the plaza east of the capitol will be nearly surrounded by one of the most magnificent groups of public buildings in the world. When the supreme court building goes up it will probably be without a rival.

All of which suits the American people.

Fate Had Other Plans.

Senator Beveridge, of Indiana, once entered a competitive examination for appointment to West Point and lost his opportunity for becoming a great soldier because he laughed at an inopportune moment in the examination and was fined several points for indecorous conduct. The successful aspirant for the place Senator Beveridge aspired to fill was Capt. Austin Hastings Brown, who died in 1903.

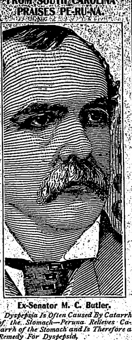
Grave of Dan Rice's Trick Horse.

Dan Rice, the veteran showman, owned a farm at Girard, Erie county, Pa., and there he spent the greater part of the winters. The old one ring barn he used still stands, with other buildings erected under his supervision. Over the remains of his blind, show white trick horse Excelsior, Rice built a mausoleum and placed statuary at the foot of the steps. To-day it stands in the yard, but few know it marks the grave of a horse.

Unclaimed Money in England.

In England there is no legal provision for unclaimed bank accounts, as there is in this country and in France, where the law requires that every five years all banking institutions shall publish the names and last known addresses of owners of dormant or unclaimed accounts. It has been estimated that in chancery, the bank of England and the thousands of private banks there is a total sum of over $12,000,000 unclaimed.

UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM SOUTH CAROLINA PRAISES PE-RU-NA.



Ex-Senator M. C. Butler.

Dyspepsia Is Often Caused By Catarrh of the Stomach—Peruna Relieves Catarrh of the Stomach and Is Therefore a Remedy For Dyspepsia.

Hon. M. C. Butler, Ex-U. S. Senator from South Carolina for two terms, in a letter from Washington, D. C., writes to the Peruna Medicine Co., as follows:

"I can recommend Peruna for dyspepsia and stomach trouble. I have been using your medicine for a short period and I feel very much relieved. It is indeed a wonderful medicine, besides a good tonic."

CATARRH of the stomach is the correct name for most cases of dyspepsia. In order to cure catarrh of the stomach the catarrh must be eradicated.

Only an internal catarrh remedy, such as Peruna, is available.

Peruna exactly meets the indications.

Reforesting in Sicily.

The ancient poets used to sing of the dense forests of Sicily. To-day the mountains are bare. The question of reforesting is a difficult one. Attempts at starting new growth are frustrated by the peasants, who tear down fences and drive in their goats. Only under military protection could new forest trees be grown.

LIST OF PATENTS

Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: William H. Compton, Fargo, N. D., loading device; Joseph Cushing, Omemee, N. D., drill; Gustaf A. Erickson, Minneapolis, Minn., artificial leg; Joseph J. Fischer, Belle Plaine, Minn., elevator; Frank G. Harnish, Alice, N. D., labelholder; Albert H. Makee, Portal, N. D., crossline buckle; Frederic S. Thornley, Pierre, S. D., voting machine.

Migratory Sheep.

There said to be 10,000,000 migratory sheep in Spain which travel on occasions as much as 200 miles from the plains to the mountains. They are known as transhumantes, and their march, resting places and behavior are governed by special regulations dating from the fourteenth century. At certain times no one may travel the same route as the sheep, which have the right to graze on all open and common land on the way.

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Came High.

Pat—What be yer charge for a funeral notice in yer paper,

Editor—Half a crown an inch.

Pat—Good heavens. An' me good brother was six feet high.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.
Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c. per bottle.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Leek Her Floral Emblem.

Queen Alexandra enjoys the distinction of being the only sovereign in modern times to wear the leek as a floral emblem at a state function. The wild leek has long been regarded as the national emblem of Wales, and it was as such that Queen Alexandra wore it at a drawing room which she held on St. David's day.

Send for Our Free Harness Booklet.
If you are about to buy a harness, don't fail to write us to-day, or ask your dealer to show you our line.
SCHEFFER & ROSSUM CO., St. Paul, Minn.

The Art Promotive.

"After all, it is the handling of the atmosphere which makes the work of art."

"Especially the hot atmosphere."—Puck.

The First Scale.
The first scale was patented in 1831 by Thaddeus Fairbanks. As the world knows, it was a decided success. Fairbanks scales are built for every industry. Ask for catalog ST-174. Minneapolis.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., St. Paul.

A good deal of religious work is only a scheme for uplifting the world at so much per grunt.

Handkerchiefs come under the head of crying needs.

GOT A CHEAP "JAG"

ON RUM THAT HAD BEEN LEFT FOR BEAR'S UNDOING.

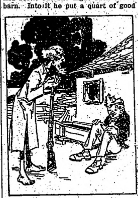
Instead of Bruin Falling Into Trap It Was the Deacon Who Was Craftily Cozened by His Neighbor.

Deacon Greeley, many years ago a prominent citizen of Pelham, N. H., and a prosperous farmer, was troubled in spring by the ravages of a bear, which, emerging from its winter quarters, lean and hungry, made frequent attacks upon the deacon's flock of sheep.

It was in vain that he attempted to capture the beast. Hunting parties met with no success. Traps were set without avail, and just when the deacon was on the point of giving up in despair, a bibulous neighbor suggested a novel plan of ridding the neighborhood of the pest.

Said the bibulous neighbor to the farmer: "Bears are fond of sweets. Get a nice clean trough; put into it a quart of good molasses; pour over it, gently, a gallon of good rum. This will leave the molasses at the bottom. The bear to get the molasses will drink the rum, which will stupefy him, and you will have no trouble in disposing of the brute."

This advice struck the deacon so forcibly that he decided to follow the advice. He made a nice new trough and set it out one night back of the barn. Into it he put a quart of good molasses and poured over the molasses a gallon of the best rum he could buy. Then, making sure that his gun was loaded and ready for use, he went to bed.



The Bibulous Joker.

In the morning he seized the gun and started for the trough, and there he found, not the bear, but the bibulous neighbor lying beside the trough intoxicated.

Township Invaded by Frogs.

Bairnsdale, an Australian township, about 60 miles from Melbourne, has recently experienced a strange and by no means pleasant visitation. An army of frogs, numbering thousands, swarmed into the town, probably from a neighboring morass. They covered the roads in all directions, and the traffic slaughtered them wholesale. They even got into the houses, where the dogs and cats killed them by the dozen, while thousands in many instances had to be swept out, dead and alive, with brooms and shoveled into buckets. The episode caused somewhat of a scare in the minds of the superstitious, and some of the old folk declared the end of the world was at hand. The invasion, however, finally passed on to some more congenial home, to sing its chorus of "Brek-kek-kek-kek-koax," which Aristophanes put into their mouths.—Montreal Herald.

Wedding Ring in Fish's Stomach.

While fishing in the river opposite Red Bluff, Willis Brown caught a pike weighing over four pounds. The young fisherman, being anxious to make a meal of his catch, proceeded to dress it. While removing the entrails he noticed something hard in the fish's stomach and on opening it found a fine gold wedding ring. It is a plain band, and on the inside surface are plainly engraved "A. C. to M. B."

The supposition is that the ring was lost by some person while bathing in the river. A ring similar to the one found in the fish was lost in the river near Corning, 20 miles down the stream from here, over a year ago.—Red Bluff Correspondence San Francisco Call.

Choir of Birds.

At the chapel of St. Peter in Florence there is a choir of birds, the only one of its kind in existence. The birds—300 in number—are all in separate cages, which are arranged in rows on both sides of the altar. The leader is a girl, who has had the birds under her own personal training for over two years. The whole of the musical part of the service is most exquisitely rendered by them. The leader starts each hymn by whistling the first few notes, and then the birds take it up, in obedience to the movement of their instructor's hand.

Pawned Children for Fare.

A father actually pawned his children to get money at Woodland Beach, a summer resort near Dover, Del., one day recently. There was a big crowd at the beach, and as the Philadelphia boat left, a man, with his wife and two children, from the Quaker city, in his frantic efforts to get back to the city, and not having money enough left to carry the whole family, he deposited his two children as security with Proprietor Campbell, at the beach, who gave him sufficient funds to take the Bridgeton boat back to Philadelphia, from where he promised to send money for his children.

Toad Ran Through Tap.

A queer-looking creature, which resembled a long white string with a dark head, came through the water tap at 618 Manning avenue on Sunday, says a dispatch from Toronto, Canada, and as it showed slight evidence of life it was placed in a pail of water. In a few minutes the object began to shrink as to length, and enlarge in other ways, and soon developed into a toad as large as the first joint of a big man's thumb.

OPERATIONS AVOIDED

Two Grateful Letters from Women Who Avoided Serious Operations.—Many Women Suffering from Like Conditions Will Be Interested.

Margrite Ryan
Margret Merkley

When a physician tells a woman, suffering from female trouble, that an operation is necessary it, of course, frightens her.

The very thought of the operating table and the knife strikes terror to her heart. As one woman expressed it, when told by her physician that she must undergo an operation, she felt that her death knell had sounded.

Our hospitals are full of women who are there for just such operations!

It is quite true that these troubles may reach a stage where an operation is the only resource, but such cases are much rarer than is generally supposed, because a great many women have been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound after the doctors had said an operation must be performed. In fact, up to the point where the knife must be used to secure instant relief, this medicine is certain to help.

The strongest and most grateful statements possible to make come from women who, by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, have escaped serious operations.

Margrite Ryan, Treasurer of St. Andrew's Society, Indianapolis, Ind., writes of her cure as follows:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I cannot find words to express my thanks for the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did me. The doctor said I could not get well unless I had an operation for the trouble from which I suffered. I knew I could not stand the strain of an operation and made up my mind I would be an invalid for life. Hearing how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had saved other women from serious operations I decided to try it, and in less than four months I was entirely cured; and words fail to express my thankfulness."

Miss Margret Merkley, of 275 3d Street, Milwaukee, Wis., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

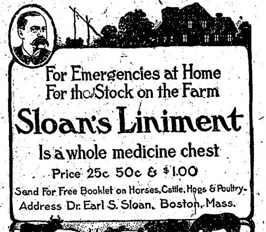
"Loss of strength, extreme nervousness, severe shooting pains through the pelvic organs, cramps, bearing-down pains, and an irritable disposition compelled me to seek medical advice. The doctor, after making an examination, said that I had a serious female trouble and ulceration, and advised an operation as my only hope. To this I strongly objected—and I decided as a last resort to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"To my surprise the ulceration healed, all the bad symptoms disappeared, and I am once more strong, vigorous and well; and I cannot express my thanks for what it has done for me."

Serious feminine troubles are steadily on the increase among women—and before submitting to an operation every woman should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and write Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn Mass. for advice.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been curing the worst forms of female complaints, all functional troubles, inflammation, ulceration, falling and displacement, weakness, irregularities, indigestion and nervous prostration. Any woman who could read the many grateful letters on file in Mrs. Pinkham's office would be convinced of the efficiency of her advice and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands a Woman's Ills.



For Emergencies at Home
For the Stock on the Farm
Sloan's Liniment
Is a whole medicine chest
Price 25c 50c & $1.00
Send For Free Booklet on Horses, Cattle, Hogs & Poultry.
Address Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass.

NO MORE MUSTARD PLASTERS TO BLISTER.
THE SCIENTIFIC AND MODERN EXTERNAL COUNTER-IRRITANT.
CAPISICUM
VASELINE
EXTRACT OF THE CAYENNE PEPPER PLANT

A QUICK, SURE, SAFE AND ALWAYS READY CURE FOR PAIN.—PRICE 15c.—IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES—AT ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS, OR BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF 15c. IN POSTAGE STAMPS. DON'T WAIT TILL THE PAIN COMES—KEEP A TUBE HANDY.
A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of the article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve Headache and Sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all Rheumatic, Neuralgic and Gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household and for children. Once used no family will be without it. Many people say "it is the best of all your preparations." Accept no preparation of vaseline unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine.
SEND YOUR ADDRESS AND WE WILL MAIL OUR VASELINE PAMPHLET WHICH WILL INTEREST YOU.

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO.
17 STATE STREET, NEW YORK CITY

Enameline STOVE POLISH
NO DUST DIRT SLOP SPILL
NO SMOKE SMELL MUSS OR SPATTER

MAKE EVERY DAY COUNT—no matter how bad the weather. You cannot afford to be without a TOWER'S WATERPROOF OILED SUIT OR SLICKER. When you buy look for the SIGN OF THE FISH
A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO. LTD. TORONTO CAN.

That Cough
makes your life a burden.
Johnson's Anodyne Liniment
dropped on sugar will cure it, and cure as well colds, cramps and all throat troubles. For Internal as much as for External use. 25c., three times as much 50c. All dealers.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

IF you want to make Money send for my Illustrated Catalogue. Free to you. Bargain House of Chas. Lubrecht, P. O. Box 1164, N. Y. City.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

N W N U —NO. 43— 1906.

ESTABLISHED 1878.
WOODWARD & CO.
Minneapolis GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1906. NUMBER 16.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RATE FAVORITISM HITS TWIN CITIES

RAILROADS CHARGED WITH DISCRIMINATION BENEFITING OIL TRUST.

NEW WAR AGAINST STANDARD

SEVEN LINES NAMED IN COMPLAINT ALLEGING EXCESSIVE CHARGES.

Washington, Nov. 1.—Another sweeping attack has been launched against the Standard Oil company before the interstate commerce commission. Three complaints have been filed by the independent oil producers, charging that the railroads are discriminating in favor of the Rockefeller corporation in the matter of freight rates. All the Western roads centering in Chicago and a number of the Eastern trunk lines are named as defendants.

Discrimination Charged.

In the first complaint the rates on oil to Western and Pacific points are attacked. It sets forth that the rates to Pacific coast terminals out of Whiting, Ind., as compared to the rates from Cleveland are much lower.

The rate from Cleveland is 93 cents, while the Standard pays only 78 1-2 cents from its great Whiting plant. The charge is made that the present rates are unjust and discriminatory. The commission is asked to fix a reasonable rate.

Rates to Northwest Unjust.

In the two other petitions complaint is made against the Milwaukee, North-Western, Burlington, Chicago Great Western, Rock Island, Illinois Central and Wabash for excessive rates from Peoria and Chicago to Omaha, Sioux Falls, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth. In the case of Omaha, Sioux City and Sioux Falls rate, it is charged that instead of 27 and 28 cents the rate should be 15 cents a hundred. In the case of the Northwestern points the commission is asked to reduce the rate from 20 to 12 1-2 cents per hundred.

WANTS KANSAS TO EXPLAIN.

Standard Oil Files Motion to Delay Ouster Suit.

Topeka, Kan., Nov. 1.—Earl Evans of Wichita, attorney for the Standard Oil company, filed a motion yesterday in supreme court here to make more definite the position of the state in its suit declaring the Standard Oil company a trust.

"The Standard will put forth every energy in fighting this suit," said Mr. Evans.

INSPECTOR LAVIN CLEARED.

Chicago Police Officer, Accused as Thieves' Chief, Is Freed.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—Police Inspector Patrick J. Lavin was yesterday declared not guilty of the charges brought against him by Chief of Police Collins. It was alleged by the chief that the inspector had connived at a burglary and had afterward arrested the thieves in order to make a show of efficiency, to aid him in securing promotion.

Professor of Lumbering.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 1.—It was announced yesterday that a full professor of lumbering will be appointed at Yale as soon as an endowment of $150,000 is raised by the National Lumber Manufacturing association for a chair of practical lumbering at the forest school of the university.

Charged With Death of Strikers.

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 1.—The coroner's jury, which has been investigating the death of strikers killed in the riots at MacLaren's mills yesterday announced a verdict. Criminal prosecution of Albert and Alexander MacLaren, the millionaire lumbermen, is recommended.

Express Money Packages Stolen.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 1.—Two express packages, containing a sum of money variously estimated from $1,000 to $7,000, were missing from the Southern Express company car yesterday when the packages were checked over here.

Oppose American Treaty.

Madrid, Nov. 1.—A vigorous attack on the government policy in the matter commercial treaties led to an excited debate in the chamber of deputies, in which the treaty between Spain and the United States of last August was sharply criticised.

Machine Votes Cannot Be Challenged.

Madison, Wis., Nov. 1.—Attorney General Sturdevant made a ruling that votes cast on machines cannot be challenged because of the impossibility of recording such votes.

Injured Man Sues.

Philadelphia, Nov. 1.—Counsel representing Edward Morgan, who was injured on Sunday in the Atlantic City disaster, instituted suit here yesterday for $50,000 damages against the Pennsylvania Railroad company.

Insane Child's Deed.

New York, Nov. 1.—Taken home only a week ago from an insane asylum, Robert Dowd, six years of age, set fire to his eleven-month-old brother while he was asleep in a baby carriage. The baby cannot live.

SETTLERS IN WILD PANIC

REDS DETERMINED NOT TO GIVE IN—TROOPS PREPARE TO CLOSE IN.

Billings, Mont., Nov. 1.—A telephone message from Arvada, Wyo., yesterday afternoon, stated that the renegade Ute Indians are intrenched in a strong position in the hills adjacent to Arvada and that the Tenth and Sixth cavalry troops are reconnoitering the country, preparatory to closing in. Apparently the object of the troops is to awe the Indians with a display of superior force and thus secure surrender without bloodshed. The Utes are determined not to give in to the soldiers until they have to, believing if they would it will mean their return to Utah, where they say they cannot secure enough to eat.

Reds Want Concessions.

The Utes have been active in laying in a large supply of ammunition at Cheyenne and Gillette, together with provisions, and if the temper of the leading tribesmen can be taken as an indication, they propose to fight, or at least make a show of resistance and secure concessions from the soldiers and be permitted to make their way to the Cheyenne reservation and remain there pending their disposition by Washington.

Settlers in a Panic.

Moorhead advices state that a panic is on there, and the women and children are being removed from the scene of the trouble. It is feared that in the event of a clash between the soldiers and Indians, the Indians will scatter and wreak their vengeance on the settlers. The ranches are being converted into fortresses, and every precaution taken to meet the Indians if the come that way.

The real danger now lies in the anticipated junction of the Cheyenne Indians with the Utes.

'REDS' SHOUT 'KILL THE POLICE'

Emma Goldman and Nine Other Anarchists Are Arrested In New York.

New York, Nov. 1.—Emma Goldman and nine other persons were arrested at an anarchistic meeting last night. The police pushed their way through the crowd toward the speaker's stand and arrested Julius Edelson, who was speaking. As they did so there were shouts of "Down with the police!" "Kill the police! They are worse than the Russian police."

The other arrests followed quickly. Edelson was charged with inciting to riot and the others with disorderly conduct.

According to the police, Edelson, in his speech, declared among other things: "No matter how much Czolgosz has been damned for his good work, we know that he was a great man. He was a true hero. American laws are all made for bluffing. The people of America are worse bluffed than those of Russia."

ANARCHY REIGNE IN MOROCCO.

Fanatical Clans in Country Are Destroying Each Other.

Tangier, Nov. 1.—The situation at Marrakesh is getting precarious. The Kabyle clans in the surrounding district are aroused and are destroying each other. Anarchy is rife and trade is stopped. Communication is cut off with Masgan on the coast.

A rich Algerian, after being despoiled by Kaid Intorbur, has been killed in the prison into which he had been thrown.

France will clai mfrom Maghzen the urgent intervention of the European powers. The cruiser Joanne d'Arc has arrrived here.

NO DISORDER IN RUSSIA.

Anniversary Passes Quietly Except for Killing of Policeman.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 1.—The first anniversary of the proclamation of the manifesto giving a constitution to Russia passed in undisturbed quiet. Disorder and bloodshed were averted.

A band of terrorists shot and killed a policeman in Warsaw last evening, but with this exception the day passed quietly there. The workmen of St. Petersburg, always the most numerous element in any disturbance, complied absolutely with the orders of the labor organizations and abstained from any celebration or demonstration.

TO RESTRICT MARRIAGES.

Stock Breeders' Association Turns Its Attention to Improving the Race.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—Wedding bells will ring only for those happy young persons who succeed in passing a state inspection test, if the ideas of the American Stock Breeders' association are carried out. The association has turned for the moment from the consideration of cattle, sheep and hogs to the culture of humans, and it will be the ultimate business of the committee of eugenics, just appointed, to keep an eye out for ill-mated pairs. A marriage censorship may result if the inspection idea proves practicable.

Feud Factions Are Arming.

Hayking, Ky., Nov. 1.—The Brown feud factions are arming themselves and another outbreak is expected at any moment. The feud was started a week ago, when members of the band clashed in battle.

To Try Forty Negroes.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 1.—A special term of court has been ordered to begin to-day for the trial of the forty negroes charged with the murder of a policeman during the September riots here.

TROOPS CLASH WITH UGLY UTES

SKIRMISH OCCURS WITH TROOP OF CAVALRY ON BITTER CREEK.

SOLDIERS ARE OUTNUMBERED

SETTLERS CHARGE THAT INDIAN GUIDES ARE ACTING TREACHEROUSLY.

Sheridan, Wyo., Nov. 1.—A skirmish occurred yesterday between a band of the renegade Ute Indians and a troop of the Tenth cavalry on Bitter creek. The troops captured fifty Ute ponies.

As the troopers were driving away the ponies, 100 Utes, fully armed, surrounded the cavalrymen and stampeded the ponies. The Indians recovered all their ponies but five that were killed by the troops in an effort to stop the stampede.

Troops Were Outnumbered.

The Indians did not fire at the soldiers, and the soldiers desisted from attacking the Utes, as the reds greatly outnumbered them.

Another detachment of the Tenth cavalry ran across a wandering band of 100 Crow Indians and drove them back to the Crow agency. The Crows denied any intention of joining the Utes.

Still another squad of the Tenth cavalry fell in with a band of Cheyenne Indians, who, on representation that they were hunting, were allowed to go in peace.

Guides Are Treacherous.

Settlers charge that Indian guides employed by the federal troops are acting treacherously and leading the troops on false trails to keep the soldiers from overtaking the Utes.

Trainmen arriving last night report that 100 Sioux are wandering fifty miles northeast of Sheridan. The Utes, it is said, make forced marches northward by night, hiding from the soldiers by day.

GET "MAKIN'S" FROM RUBBISH.

Cigarette Papers Put in Waste Baskets to Serve "Customers."

Kenosha, Wis., Nov. 1.—Efforts are being made to secure the arrest of tobacco dealers who are charged with having given cigarette papers to minors, in contravention of the provisions of the anti-cigarette law. It is alleged that the dealers throw the papers into waste baskets and that the baskets then are emptied into the alley where "customers" get them.

WILL PUT TAGS ON SOLDIERS.

War Department Adopts Scheme for Identification.

Washington, Nov. 1.—Acting Secretary of War Oliver has ordered that hereafter identification tags of aluminum the size of a silver half dollar, stamped with the name and company, regiment and corps of the wearer be suspended from the neck of every officer and soldier underneath the clothing by a cord or thong.

Illagal Combination Charged.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—Evidence tending to show that the leading grain elevator companies of Chicago are in an illegal combination to control the grain warehouse business has been submitted to State's attorney Healy by John Hill, Jr., with the request that it be laid before the next grand jury.

Students Fight Police.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 1.—In a fight between six hundred state college students and policemen here last night four policemen were struck in the head with stones and severely injured. The college students were playing halloween pranks and the police interfered.

To Unionize New Town.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—Structural iron workers employed on new buildings in course of erection by the United States Steel company at Joliet and South Chicago, struck yesterday in the effort to "unionize" the company's town of Gary, Ind.

Dreadnaught Is Flagship.

London, Nov. 1.—The announcement that the first-class battleship Dreadnaught will be the flagship of the new fleet is welcomed in naval circles and by the general public as proof that the new fleet will be by no means a mere reserve.

May Be Murderer.

Boone, Iowa, Nov. 1.—A man giving the name of Charles Williams was arrested last night, thought to be Leonard Leopold, the murderer of Margaret Leslie, the Chicago actress. He is a dope fiend and is in a frightful condition.

Sing to Prevent Fire Panic.

Jersey City, N. J., Nov. 1.—While firemen fought a stubborn blaze in the basement of the Home for the Friendless one hundred children, inmates of the institution, sang hymns on the floor. In this way a possible panic was prevented.

Berger Beaten by Kaufmann.

San Francisco, Nov. 1.—Al Kaufmann gave Sam Berger an awful beating last night, and when Berger was practically out his seconds threw up the sponge in the tenth round.

INDICTMENTS FOR REBATERS

FEDERAL GRAND JURY AT MINNEAPOLIS WILL RETURN WRITS NOV. 8.

Minneapolis, Nov. 1.—The federal grand jury has voted indictments as a result of the rebate investigation which has been in progress in Minneapolis for two weeks.

In a short talk before the special federal grand jury yesterday afternoon in open court Judge William Lochren stated that the attorneys would require time to draw indictments, and he requested the members of the body that when they adjourned last night they should adjourn until 2 p. m., Nov. 8.

The jury continued its work among railroad rebate witnesses yesterday afternoon. Several men who were connected with the Great Northern road at the time of the alleged offenses against the anti-rebate law are said to have been under examination.

BLOMBERG IS IN JAIL.

Former Clerk of Court for Nicollet County Under Indictment.

St. Peter, Minn., Nov. 1.—G. A. Blomberg, Jr., who was arrested at Billings, Mont., last week, was brought to St. Peter yesterday. Blomberg was clerk of the district court for thirteen years, and after he quitted his office a shortage was found in his accounts. He is now confined in the county jail.

NO CLUE TO MAIL ROBBERS.

Pouch Is Cut Open and $5,000 Extracted by Thieves.

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 1.—Neither the railway secret service men nor the police as yet have secured a positive clue in the mysterious mail robbery which happened at Elkhorn station some time Friday night, when $5,000 in cash and other valuable registered matter was taken.

SET FIRE TO CREAMERIES.

Band of Firebugs Burn Four Plants in Same District.

Grafton, Iowa, Nov. 1.—A band of firebugs in this vicinity seem to take especial delight in setting fire to creameries. Last night the creamery here was destroyed, causing a loss of $2,500. This is the fifth creamery burned in this vicinity, and the authorities are making an investigation.

REWARD FOR FIREBUG.

Some Person Turns In False Alarms and Tries to Start Fire.

Ely, Minn., Nov. 1.—The Ely fire department was called out twice last night on false alarms. There have been also two unsuccessful attempts to set fire to buildings recently. There is a reward of $25 offered for the apprehension of the miscreant.

Safe Yields Nothing.

Minneapolis, Nov. 1.— Burglars broke into the warehouse of the George F. Thompson & Sons' Buggy company yesterday morning and after overpowering the night watchman they blew open the safe. There was no money in the safe and all the thieves were able to find was a small supply of postage stamps.

Must Shave Corpses Free.

Madison, Nov. 1.—"Undertakers who charge for shaving corpses in this state will be prosecuted for a violation of the barber law," is an announcement made in the annual report of the state barbers' board made to the governor. The minimum fine for violation of the law is $25.

$517,996 From State Land.

Helena, Mont., Nov. 1.—All records for receipts of the state land office from the sale and lease of state lands will be broken by the fiscal year ending Nov. 30. Receipts for eleven eleven months of the fiscal year were $517,996.

Dog Rescues Five From Flames.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Nov. 1.—John Dolan, his wife, two daughters and a son were miraculously saved by a dog from burning to death. When the animal finally awakened Dolan their home was a mass of flames.

Poisoned Food Is Fatal.

Guthrie Center, Iowa, Nov. 1.—A young child of Joseph Speeder is dead and Speeder and his hired man are in a serious condition from the effects of poison supposed to have been taken in a dish of oatmeal.

Fight May Prove Fatal.

Coal Harbor, N. D., Nov. 1.—While hunting on the Knife river with several companions, Bob Morgan became engaged in a fight with his fellow hunters and received what is believed to be a mortal wound.

Babe Is Smothered in Bed.

Helena, Mont., Nov. 1.—When Mr. and Mrs. George C. Gibson arose from bed yesterday morning they found that their four-months-old child had been smothered by the bed clothing.

Students Give In.

Appleton, Wis., Nov. 1.—Three hundred striking and suspended Lawrence university freshmen and sophomores capitulated yesterday and agreed to pay $27 for damage done during recent class affrays.

Judge Gary Is Dead.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—Judge Gary died yesterday from degeneration of the heart muscles. Judge Gary made a national reputation at the time of the anarchist trials in 1886, over which he presided.

PARLIAMENT FOR THE PHILIPPINES

FIRST LAWMAKING BODY TO BE ASSEMBLED NEXT SPRING AT MANILA.

MAGOON SAVES $100,000 A YEAR

GOVERNOR DISMISSES UNNECESSARY EMPLOYES OF HOUSES OF CONGRESS.

Washington, Nov. 1.—President is preparing to redeem the promise made to the Philippine people through Secretary Taft, that they shall have a parliament of their own, conditioned upon their good behavior, for a term of two years, and it is understood that Secretary Taft himself will proceed to the Philippines next spring to witness the installation of the new form of representative government. March 27, 1905, the Philippine census was published, and consequently two years from that date, March 27, 1907, under the terms of the act of congress, the president will direct the Phippine commission to call a general election for the choice of delegates to what will be known as the Philippine assembly. This body is to take over all legislative powers heretofore exercised by the Philippine commission in all that part of the archipelago not inhabited by Moros or non-Christian tribes.

As this date draws near, the Philippine people are showing signs of agitation, and to the officials here it is evident that they are expecting some benefits that cannot at once be realized.

CUBAN REBELS TAKE THE FIELD

Threaten Uprising, But Are Induced to Disband by Americans.

Havana, Nov. 1.—Maj. Theodore P. Kane, commander of the marines stationed at Cienfuegos, has sent in a report to the effect that on Oct. 27 he was informed that a serious uprising was on foot. He at once posted strong guards at the entrances to the city, with orders not to permit armed persons to pass in or out. He then went reconnoitering, and in the town of Caunac he found Col. Toledo at the head of a mounted body of 100 ex-insurgents. Toledo said he had organized for the purpose of resisting a threatened attack by the Moderates.

Band Is Dispersed.

Maj. Kane explained that these fears were not well founded and advised Col. Toledo to disband his men and send them back to their homes. This advice was followed.

A similar gathering near Sancti Spiritus also was dispersed. From Matanzas come further complaints of the threatening attitude of bands of armed negroes in that vicinity, but no overt acts have been committed. Gov. Magoon has issued a decree which discharges all employes of the senate and house of representatives, with the exception of ten men for each house. This move will effect a saving of $100,000 a year.

RACE RIOTS IN OHIO TOWN.

Mob Foiled in Ecorts to Lynch Negro, Drive Other Negroes Out.

Franklin, Ohio, Nov. 1.—George Basore, town marshal, was shot and killed while attempting to arrest George White, a negro suspected of being implicated in robberies here. White was captured after an exciting chase through the town.

The negro held his pursuers at bay until shot in the arm, when he surrendered.

A mob composed of about 300 men and boys attacked the jail yesterday, bent on lynching the negro, and a call for help was sent to Dayton. While the mob was forcing an entrance in the rear, Sheriff Patterson and two deputies took White out the front way and into an automobile and made a speedy run for Lebanon, the county seat. The departing automobile was fired at by armed members of the mob.

This whole town is wrought up over the affair, and colored people are being chased out without having been given time to explain.

INTERVIEWS MRS. EDDY.

Reporter Sees Aged Christian Scientist at Her Country Home.

Concord, N. H., Nov. 1.—A representative of the Associated Press went to Pleasant View, Mrs. Baker's home, yesterday, and was granted an interview. Although Mrs. Eddy shows her advanced age in some respects, her voice was clear and strong, and she gave no evidence of decrepitude or of any weakness, not to be expected of a woman in her eighty-sixth year.

Fight Detectives.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 1.—E. E. Clark of Columbus, Ohio, and Miss Ollie Ward and Miss Daisy Robinson were arrested here after a fight with detectives and special officers. Clark is charged with forgery and the women with being suspicious persons.

Million in New Buildings.

Deadwood, S. D., Nov. 1.—The practical completion during the year of buildings valued at nearly a million of dollars will be the record of Deadwood for the year 1906.

WOMAN WAS ROBBER CHIEF

SHE GOT AWAY WITH A LARGE AMOUNT OF RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT MONEY.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 1.—Eight of the identified participants in the robbery on Oct. 27 of Cashier Herman, of the custom house, according to the papers here, were condemned to be transported by steamer last night to Cronstadt for execution by a squad of soldiers. Several women have been arrested on suspicion of complicity in the crime, including one who had in her possession a large quantity of explosives, but no trace has been found of the mysterious woman who decamped with the cash. The police are now working on the theory that she was a man in disguise.

"RAFFLES" IN REAL LIFE.

Stillwater Society Stirred by Arrest of Young Man.

Stillwater, Minn., Nov. 1.—Fondness for diamond rings and jewelry, which he presented to his wife, led to the arrest of Russell Dailey, a prominent young man.

About a year ago many diamond rings disappeared from houses here. Suspicion fell on Dailey and a trap was set for him and he was caught with the goods on him. He made a confession and restored about $500 worth of jewelry stolen from homes of prominent people.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Nov. 1.—Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 77 5-8c; No. 2 Northern, 75 5-8c; No. 3, 73@74c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 43 1-4c. Oats—No. 3 white, 31 1-2c.

Minneapolis, Nov. 1.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 78 1-8c; No. 1 Northern, 77 5-8c; No. 2 Northern, 75 5-8c; durum, 62c. Oats—No. 3 white, 31 1-2c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 43 1-4c.

Duluth, Nov. 1.—Wheat — No. 1 hard, 78 1-4c; No. 1 Northern, 77 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 76 1-4c. Oats—No. 3 white, 32c.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—Wheat—No. 2 red, 73 1-2@74c; No. 2 hard, 73 1-4@75c; No. 1 Northern, 79@80c; No. 2 Northern, 75@79c. Oats—No. 2, 32 3-4c. Corn—No. 2, 46 1-2c.

Milwaukee, Nov. 1.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 78@79 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 74@77c. Rye—No. 1, 66@66 1-2c. Barley—No. 2, 55@55 1-2c.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—Cattle — Beeves, $4@4.75; stockers and feeders, $1.50@4.50; Westerns, $3.90@6.25. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.90@6.45; bulk, $6@6.30. Sheep—$3.65@5.60; lambs, $4.75@7.70.

Sioux City, Iowa, Nov. 1.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.50@6; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.50@4.50; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4; calves and yearlings, $2.50@3.75. Hogs—Bulk, $6.02 1-2@6.05.

South St. Paul, Nov. 1.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.25. Hogs—Price range, $5.70@6.20; bulk, $5.95@6. Sheep—Good to choice lambs, $6.25@7; common to fair, $5.50@6; yearling wethers, $5.75@6.75.

Extra Pay for Crack Shots.

Washington, Nov. 1.—To stimulate the marines in rifle practice, Secretary Bonaparte has issued a general order providing that every marine who shall qualify as an expert rifleman shall receive $3 a month extra pay; those qualifying as sharpshooters $2 a month and those rated as marksmen $1 a month.

Indict Police Chief.

Rockwell City, Iowa, Nov. 1.—Myron Tullar, chief of police of Fort Dodge, has been indicted for manslaughter, it being charged that he killed George E. Dugan in a fight over race horses.

Prairie Fires Raging.

Guthrie, Okla., Nov. 2.—Destructive prairie fires are raging in the western portion of the "pig pasture," which is soon to be opened for settlement. The opening occurs on Dec. 3 to 8.

Runaway Fatal to Hack Driver.

Butte, Mont., Nov. 1.—After a wild ride of nearly six blocks behind a team of maddened horses, Joseph Gardiner, a hack driver, was dashed to death against a telegraph pole.

Roosevelts Go to Country Home.

Washington, Nov. 1.—The president and Mrs. Roosevelt left yesterday for Pine Knot, the country home of Mrs. Roosevelt in Albemarle county, Virginia.

Killed by a Train.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 1.—Dr. N. A. Pratt, who was chief chemist of the confederacy, was killed by a Georgia freight train yesterday.

Preacher Charged With Forgery.

St. Louis, Nov. 1.—E. Houston Fitch, who says he is a Methodist minister, was arrested yesterday, charged with passing forged checks.

Mexico Zion Not Abandoned.

Mexico City, Nov. 1.—John A. Lewis of Chicago, one of the influential Zionists still loyal to John Alexander Dowie, announced yesterday that the plans for the Zion plantation in Mexico have not been abandoned.

Negro Kills Policeman.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Nov. 1.—While resisting arrest in a saloon Will Burd, a negro laborer, shot and killed a policeman. The negro escaped. Hundreds of men are searching the city and suburbs.

HAD TO USE A CANE.

Weakened Kidneys Made an Elwood, Ind., Man's Back Give Out.

R. A. Pugh, transfer business, 2020 North B street, Elwood, Ind., says: "Kidney trouble kept me laid up for a long time, and when I was able to be up I had to use a cane. I had terrible backaches and pain in the shoulders. The kidney secretions were dark colored. After doctoring in vain, I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. Three boxes cured me entirely, and I am glad to recommend them."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Peculiarly Fitted.

"Snappy was just telling me he was determined to go to London and reside there hereafter."

"Yes, he thinks that's just the place for him."

"Why?"

"Well, he was discovered that he can wear a monocle without twisting his face all out of shape."

Serious Loss to the Tramp.

Lady Frances Cecil is giving up Stocken Hall, her beautiful residence on the great North road about midway between Stamford and Grantham. This will be a serious loss to tramps, for every one who called at the hall received a small loaf of bread, a thick slice of cheese and a pint of beer. As many as fifty a day have been known to call.

SAVED BABY LYON'S LIFE.

Awful Sight From That Dreadful Complaint, Infantile Eczema — Mother Praises Cuticura Remedies.

"Our baby had that dreadful complaint, Infantile Eczema, which afflicted him for several months, commencing at the top of his head and at last covering his whole body. His sufferings were untold and constant misery, in fact there was nothing we would not have done to have given him relief. We finally procured a whole set of Cuticura Remedies, and in about three or four days he began to show a brighter spirit and really laughed, for the first time in a year. In about ninety days he was fully recovered. Praise for the Cuticura Remedies has always been our greatest pleasure, and there is nothing too good that we could say in their favor, for they certainly saved our baby's life, for he was the most awful sight that I ever beheld prior to the treatment of the Cuticura Remedies. Mrs. Maebelle Lyon, 1826 Appleton Ave., Parsons, Kan., July 18, 1905."

Wiser Counsel.

"What's that sign you're making there?" asked the grocer.

"'Fresh eggs,'" replied the new clerk.

"Make it 'Fresh-laid eggs.'"

"Why—er—everybody knows the eggs were fresh when they were laid."

"Exactly, and that's all that it's safe for us to say about them."

A Good Record.

Out of all the external remedies on the market we doubt if there is one that has the record of that world-renowned porous plaster—Allcock's. It has now been in use for sixty years, and still continues to be as popular as ever in doing its great work of relieving our pains and aches. It is the remedy we all need when suffering from any ache or pain resulting from taking cold or overstrain.

Allcock's Plasters are sold by Druggists all over the world.

Sign of Age.

"It used to worry me when the barber informed me that my hair was getting a little thin on top."

"But you got used to it, eh?"

"No. Now it worries me because he doesn't mention it. I must be getting old."

SALESMEN WANTED.

We want a live, active and thoroughly experienced salesman in this locality with sufficient money to buy outright his first month's supply of our Simplicity Low Pressure Hollow Wire Gasoline Lights. A utility needed in every store and home and fully complying with insurance rules. To such a man we will give exclusive sales right and guarantee to refund money if goods not sold in 60 days. Further particulars on request. The Standard-Gillett Light Co., 930 N. Halsted St., Chicago, Ill.

Labor Unions of Old Rome.

Labor unions are no new inventions. Accurate records of their existence in Roman times have been dug up in Pompeii.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Possibly Exaggerated.

Jovial Student—Did you hear me come home last night, Frau Droschl?"

Landlady—I did, indeed, the whole night long.—Fliegende Blaetter.

Send for Our Free Harness Booklet.

If you are about to buy a harness, don't fail to write us to-day, or ask your dealer to show you our line.

SCHEFFER & ROSSUM CO., St. Paul, Minn.

The Better Fourth.

Husband (crossly)—"Why do you have all our bills presented once a week instead of on the 1st?"

Wife—"Because you told me not to have them large."

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We make Farm Loans at Lowest Rates of Interest with Optional Payments. If title is good you can get your money the same day you make application. We do business quick. No six weeks or months to wait. No deal is too large for us to handle nor too small for us to give its careful attention: : : : :

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K. O. Gigstad........Cashier

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER
9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar....St. Hilaire....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.
10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar.........Wylie.........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
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St. Hilaire, Minn.

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and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of
THE FAMOUS
MATT. J. JOHNSON'S 6088
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This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.
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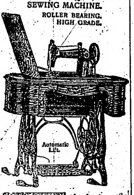
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A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.
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McMURRAY'S VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

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Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,
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The Spectator.

H. E. IVES, Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Nov. 3, 1906.

Republican State Ticket.

United States Senator—
KNUTE NELSON,
Douglas County.

Governor—
A. L. COLE,
Cass County.

Lieutenant Governor—
A. O. EBERDART,
Blue Earth County.

Chief Justice—
CHARLES M. START,
Olmsted County.

State Treasurer—
CLARENCE DINEHART,
Murray County.

Secretary of State—
JULIUS SCHMAHL,
Redwood County.

Attorney General—
E. T. YOUNG,
Swift County.

State Auditor—
S. G. IVERSON,
Fillmore County.

Clerk of the Supreme Court—
C. A. PIDGEON,
Wright County.

Railroad Commissioner—
C. F. STAPLES,
Dakota County.

Vote for Cole, Mr. Red Lake County Voter, for the following good reasons:

He is a home northern Minnesota man and knows our wants and needs and will treat us fairly, at least.

He is an earnest advocate of state development, drainage and good roads, three things we are all in favor of.

He is a republican, and the coming legislature is sure to be republican, so if we are to have needed legislation both governor and legislature should be of the same party to avoid friction.

With a democratic governor and a republican legislature nothing good will be done and political quarrels will result.

The election of a democratic governor will be a decided help towards the election of Hearst or Bryan in 1908, which would probably bring on another panic.

You have no reason for not voting for Mr. Cole if you are a republican, Mr. Voter. If you are a democrat—why that's another matter.

Northern Minnesota never had their just rights and we also never had a northern man for governor. If you are alive to your own interest you will vote for Cole.

Vote for John B. O'Brien for auditor. He has been a resident of St. Hilaire for the past eleven years and we all know that he is honest and capable.

It is the duty of every good citizen to vote on election day.

The Atmosphere.

Even if it were possible for man to live without breathing air he could not exist on the earth if it were without an atmosphere. Plants derive carbon, the most important element of their food, from the air, and without plants there could be no food for animals and therefore no human beings. Water also comes from the atmosphere, but if there were no water there could be neither plants nor animals. If food and water could be supplied in some other way the world would still be unhabitable by plants and animals owing to the severity of the cold. Without an atmosphere there would be no winds and consequently no waves or ocean currents. The sea—if we may suppose one to have been supplied by some unknown cause—would be a stagnant pool, uninhabitable by seaweed or fish.

Cotton Picker.

A wise southern inventor has devised an automobile cotton picker. The work which used to require three or four men to the acre can be done by one man with the help of this machine. The great drawback in a cotton-picking machine is that the unripe cotton is picked with the ripe. This disadvantage is done away with in the new invention. This will greatly facilitate the handling of our mighty cotton crop. If golden grain belt beer is served at every meal, the home will be cheerful and happy. Its purity and healthful qualities make it the ideal home beverage. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Prof. Geo. T. Churchill

Who taught at the Crookston College seven years ago has returned to take up his old work. He has been in this line of work for twelve years and has taught in the Grand Forks College, Minneapolis Normal College, Crookston College and Buena Vista College. He is considered the best commercial and penmanship teacher in the state. Owing to the large enrollment at the Crookston college, Prof. Sathre found it necessary to secure another teacher and was very fortunate in getting such an able man.

CREAMERY IS THE THING

If the People Will Turn Their Attention to Diversified Farming, Says George L. Austin.

Thief River News: According to an interview given out by George Austin, buttermaker for the St. Hilaire creamery, the loss of the mill is not going to hurt that town so very much for the reason that a new industry is being developed there that is putting more cash into the hands of the farmers residing around that town every month in the year than the saw mill ever paid for labor. Mr. Austin says:

"For the first year or two it will no doubt hurt the town to a certain extent but in the end I think that it will be better for it if the people will turn their attention to diversified farming, and the town will be rid of a class of people that are idle for a number of months every year."

This is the truth of the situation in a nutshell. If the undeveloped land around St. Hilaire and Thief River Falls is cultivated as it should be, more wealth can be produced than a dozen saw mills can turn out.

Not long ago the News was talking with a farmer living near St. Hilaire, one who is a patron of the St. Hilaire creamery. He stated that he did not believe that any farmer who was selling cream to the St. Hilaire institution and was satisfied with his farm would sell out for $50 per acre. That is the kind of farmers that are needed, those that are satisfied with their condition and diversified farming means the prosperity of the farmers of this section and as a natural result the prosperity of the towns of this section of the state. We predict that St. Hilaire will be a better town, if the farming resources around there are properly developed, than it ever was when the saw mill was located there.

THEY PASS RESOLUTIONS

Wylie Farmers Held a Meeting Last Tuesday and Passed Following Resolutions:

Whereas, there appeared on October 26, 1906, an article in the Thief River Falls News claiming that the citizens of Red Lake Falls were conspiring with the Great Northern Railway Co. to prevent the Wylie Farmers Elevator company from building its elevator and aiding, abetting the Railway company in destroying the village of Wylie, and

Whereas, we are informed that this issue of the same paper had a wide circulation in this county of said date, and

Whereas, we feel that a great injustice has been done the citizens of Red Lake Falls by the publishing of said article in the said Thief River Falls News;

Therefore, be it Resolved, that we condemn said article as being false and unfounded in every particular as regards the people of Red Lake Falls; that instead of being against us they have aided us both financially and legally and we feel we are under great obligations to them for their aid and assistance; that our county attorney, Thos. Germo, has represented us and the people of Wylie successfully ever since the beginning of the contest with the Great Northern company and when that company endeavored to have an injunction issued restraining our association from erecting an elevator, Mr. Germo was retained by us and succeeded in having the application for an injunction denied by Judge Watts.

Resolved further, that a copy of these resolutions be forwarded by the secretary for publication to the News and Press of Thief River Falls, Eleven Towns, Sunbeam, St. Hilaire Spectator, Plummer Pioneer, and the Red Lake Falls Courier and Gazette.

Dated Oct. 30th, 1906.

Signed: WYLIE FARMERS ELEVATOR AND MERCANTILE CO.
By NICK ECKSTEIN, President,
and C. B. CRUZEN, Secretary.

Hall-Crompe Wedding.

Gazette: Mr. Selvan Hall and Miss Annesy Crompe were married Tuesday morning at the Chapel at St. Joseph's school by Rev. Fr. Fayolle. The chapel was very prettily decorated and there were present the relatives of the parties and only a few immediate friends. The maid of honor was Miss Rosie Allard and the bride was also attended by Misses Anna Hall, Marina Crompe and Laura Lizee. The best man was Mr. Noel Delorme. The bride was handsomely gowned in white liberty satin princess, trimmed in allover lace.

At the ceremony the bridal mass was celebrated, after which the invited guests assembled at the home of the bride's parents for the wedding breakfast and to make merry during the afternoon.

The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Crompe and is one of the fairest young ladies of the city and altogether as charming a bride as has gone forth from the city this year. The groom is at present a resident of Cass Lake where he but recently went from this city. During his several year's residence in Red Lake Falls he was the druggist at W. A. Schreiter's, a young man of excellent habits and ability. He and his bride left on the evening train for Cass Lake where they will be at home to their friends after December 1.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford has an office at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, on the 8th day of every month. A red letter day to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted, spectacles and eye glasses.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

To the Voters of Red Lake County

My work as superintendent of schools, which you taxpayers have engaged me to do, has occupied so much of my time that I have been unable to devote but a few days to the present campaign for re-election. As no one denies the fact that I have been a faithful servant during my term of office, and whereas the schools of Red Lake county are in better condition than ever before, I am confident the voters of this county will not vote to defeat a man who has done good and efficient work, merely because another candidate wants the office. It is always detrimental to the schools to discharge a teacher or superintendent who is doing satisfactory work. I hold a complete state certificate valid in rural and graded schools in Minnesota until March 1, 1908. As no qualifications are required by law for the office of superintendent of schools it is very necessary for the voters to be informed as to the qualifications of the respective candidates. I have informed them and will leave the voters to decide whether or not it is fair to all parties concerned.

Voters, I thank you for having placed me in this position of honor and trust two years ago. I realize the great responsibility which rests upon me as superintendent of schools and if re-elected will re-double my efforts to make Red Lake county's schools the best in the great state of Minnesota. I am well pleased with the interest which has been taken in school matters by the teachers, trustees and the people in general during the past two years. Let us continue this for another two years, and don't forget to vote for

H. T. McANULTY.

The original of the above certificate was submitted to me.—Editor.

Political Announcement.

I hereby announce to the voters of Red Lake county that I am again a candidate for the office of County Auditor and respectfully solicit your votes and support at the general election to be held Nov. 6, 1906. My past record as County Auditor is one of which I have no cause to feel ashamed and if re-elected, I pledge myself to conduct the affairs of the office faithfully and impartially in the interests of the taxpayers of the county as I have in the past.

JAMES E. FORD.

For Supt. of Schools.

As republican candidate for Superintendent of Schools, I respectfully solicit your vote and support at the general election.

FRED RICHARDS.

For Clerk of Court.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for re-election as Clerk of the District Court for Red Lake county. Your vote and support earnestly solicited.

JOSEPH PERRAULT.

D. LINNIHAN
SHERIFF OF RED LAKE COUNTY.
Candidate for Re-election. Your vote and support respectfully solicited.

Creamery at St. Hilaire Doing Well.

Fergus Falls Journal: George Austin, now of St. Hilaire, is in the city today looking after business matters. Mr. Austin has been manager of a large Farmers' creamery since leaving this city, and reports business exceedingly brisk.

The creamery which he is managing has had as high as 190 patrons during the past summer and is disbursing large sums of money among the farmers of the neighborhood—in fact it is going to pay fully $50,000 in the course of the year, and $50,000 will take the place of an immense amount of wheat at present prices. During the past three months the creamery has taken in a total of 79,883 pounds of butter fat for which it paid 20c per pound during June and July and 21c during August. It made a total of 93,800 pounds of butter, and paid the farmers $18,048.25 in cash—a very nice showing.

May Be Blessing in Disguise.

There is some talk of organizing a business men's union to advance the interests of St. Hilaire and the surrounding country. It would be a good scheme and is badly needed.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

This would indicate that the business men of St. Hilaire were beginning to awaken to the fact that it is time they were making active preparations to secure some source of revenue and support for the town to take the place of the sawmill which is to be removed from them and on which they have so long been dependent for a large share of the enterprise and business support of the town. If they rise to the occasion and agitate intensified farming and secure other branches of industry to take the place of the mill, its removal may prove to have been a good thing in developing a larger and broader growth for the town.—Crookston Times.

Bought Accounts.

The Merchants State Bank has purchased all of the accounts of J. J. Soll and parties owing him are hereby notified to call at the bank and settle at once.

K. O. GIGSTAD, Cashier.

—I will pay 9 cents per pound for green hides, 3c per pound for old rubbers and $3.50 per ton for old iron delivered at Holmes' elevator. Will be there every Friday. OLE MATHSON.

O. T. Tandberg

Republican Candidate for

County Treasurer

CAPABLE
EFFICIENT
HONEST
RELIABLE

YOU WILL MAKE NO mistake, Mr. Voter, if you cast your ballot for O. T. TANDBERG, the Republican candidate, and if you trust him with the county funds they will be well taken care of, and honestly handled.

VOTE FOR:

Co. Treasurer— O. T. TANDBERG	X

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

4-FOOT SLABS AND TIED EDGINGS AT
$1.50
Per Cord
Crookston Lumber Company.

SAVE MONEY
BY USING
MASCOT FLOUR
BETTER BREAD
and MORE OF IT.
Red Lake Falls Milling Co.
WE PURCHASE ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
H. C. ADAMS, Agent.

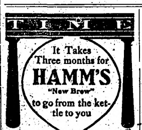
Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.


TIME
It Takes Three months for HAMM'S "New Brew" to go from the kettle to you
When it gets to you Hamm's "New Brew" Is Properly Aged, Pure, Satisfying and Delicious
Bottled and On Draught Everywhere
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
St. Paul, Minn.

If you have lost your boyhood spirits, courage and confidence of youth, we offer you new life, fresh courage, and freedom from ill health in Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Do You Want to MAKE MONEY?

I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in touch with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commission. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. HOMES, INVESTMENTS, SNAPS. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

J. P. GONIGAM
210 Armory Blk.,
OTTAWA, - ILLINOIS

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, - - - - - MINNESOTA

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson D. Patterson E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

R. H. Duntley, N. G.

J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

Carl Johnson, V. C.

J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

Henry Olson, Pres.

Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

H. O. Jackson, president.

H. E. Ives, V-pres. K.R. Killand, Secy.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

Farmers Store

Hello! Mrs. Jones; where are you heading for so early this morning? Why, can't you guess? I am going to the Farmers Store. He is giving a special sale for next week on......

CLOTHING
Mackinaws worth $2.50 now $1.85
" " $3.25 " 2.50
" " $4.00 " 3.00
" " $5.00 " 4.00

DRESS SUITS
For Men and Boys.
Those worth $12.50 going at $9.50
" " $15.00 " " 12.00

Children's Winter Suits
Those worth $4.50 going at $2.50
" " $3.00 going at 2.00

Men's all-wool Pants worth $3.00 go at $2.25; on some less than that
Woolen Winterwear, the same kind you have to pay $3 at other places will be sold for $2.50.
Sweaters worth $1 and $1.25, at 75c.
Ladies' Wrappers worth $1.50 and $1.75 go at 90c.
Warm Shoes and Leggings and Caps at prices you will be surprised at if you come and see.

Yours for Business,
Henry Goergen

THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

—Apples at Duntley's.

—Look up the bargains at the Farmers' Store in another column.

Miss Mary Hoff made a short visit to Thief River Falls last Tuesday.

S. A. Swanson, of Red Lake Falls, was a business visitor here yesterday.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Miss Alma Carlson, of the Ridge, visited Miss Jennie Peterson last Wednesday.

Prof. J. B. O'Brien has been campaigning in the eastern part of the county this week.

County Commissioner Ole J. Johnson of Plummer, was a business visitor here last Monday.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on Nov. 3 and 4.

Editor Creglow, of the Red Lake Falls Gazette, was a business visitor here last Thursday.

Sheriff Dan Linnihan was here from Red Lake Falls yesterday putting up his political fences.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur returned yesterday from Crookston, where she had been visiting her sister.

Rev. Aug. Rodfeldt will preach in the Swedish Mission church next Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

Next Wednesday afternoon will be ladies' day at the bowling alley and the ladies are invited to attend.

The Ladies' Aid of the Swedish Mission church will meet with Mrs. P. A. Blixt next Wednesday at 2 o'clock.

Mrs. B. E. Burkee, who is ill with typhoid is doing nicely and her friends feel confident of her speedy recovery.

The trustees of the Norwegian Lutheran church are building a kitchen on the rear of their Water street parsonage.

Miss Ellie Hamry, the assistant postmistress at Red Lake Falls, was an over-Sunday visitor with Mrs. H. E. Ives.

Postmaster I. C. Richardson, of Thief River Falls, was here last Monday evening to hear Eddy and transact business.

Mrs. Leonard Holmes entertained the Ladies' Aid of the Norwegian Lutheran church last Thursday afternoon.

County Surveyor Wood was doing business here last Monday. Mr. Wood can attend to business as he has no opposition this fall.

Martin E. Hoff, after spending several days at home, left on Monday for North Dakota where he will resume his medicine business.

Miss Eda V. Brink left Wednesday for the Ridge, where she has been engaged to teach a six-month's term of school, commencing Nov. 1st.

Several inches of "beautiful snow" fell last Sunday night, the first of the season, but it has almost gone and we may hope for some fine weather yet.

In every clime its colors are unfurled
Its fame has spread from sea to sea;
Be not surprised if in the other world,
You hear of Rocky Mountain Tea.
Imperial Drug Co.

"Reddy" Simonson was around last Wednesday with a bunch of cigars and one of those smiles that won't wash off. It's a boy, born on Tuesday evening, and looks just like his dad.

George Biskey, the rural route carrier, reports the arrival of a bouncing baby boy on hallowe'en. It's no joke either, says George, as he is capable of putting up a good big holler already.

Word has been received here that William Bramsness and Miss Gina Kordahl were married at Palmerno, N. D., on October 19th, and are now on the coast on their wedding trip.

Last Wednesday night was "hallowe'en" and the boys played the usual pranks. Leonard Holmes had rather the hardest job getting his delivery wagon down from the roof of the old Pleth land office.

"Taken as directed, it becomes the greatest curative agent for the relief of suffering humanity ever devised. Such is Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

—Get your supply of apples at Duntley's.

Peter S. Dainard returned last Saturday from Bemidji on account of the illness of Mrs. Dainard. She is much improved this week and hopes are entertained that an operation will not be necessary.

David Collins left on Wednesday for an extended tour of the west. He will stop for a while at Hunter Hot Springs in Montata and will visit the coast before he returns. Mrs. Collins and the children will stay here.

Jens Miller, a nineteen-year-old son of Marius Miller, of Black River, died at his home last Tuesday of typhoid fever. He was buried yesterday from the Swedish church in Black River, Rev. Alex Sand officiating.

Your stomach churns and digests the food you eat and if foul, or torpid, or out of order, your whole system suffers from blood poison. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea keeps you well. Imperial Drug Co.

Miss Elsie Berg and Oscar Seeland were married last Wednesday afternoon at the home of the bride's mother on Water street, Rev. Aastad performing the ceremony. The many friends of the young couple will wish them all kinds of happiness.

A fair sized audience greeted Hon. Frank M. Eddy at Imperial hall last Monday evening. Mr. Eddy delivered an able address and did much good for the republican cause. He drove from here to Thief River Falls the same evening and took the Soo south.

Charles Ecklund, of Bray, the republican nominee for judge of probate, is reported to have left with his family for parts unknown. It is reported that he left quite a number of unpaid accounts and evidently did not think much of his chances of being elected next Tuesday.

Miss Anna B. Hall and Mr. Fred Campbell were quietly married at the Palace hotel at Crookston last Wednesday evening by Rev. Buckner. Both of the young people have hosts of friends here who will be pleased to hear of their happiness and will wish them success. The Spectator joins in wishing the happy couple an abundant prosperity.

Miss Eva McAndress entertained eighteen or twenty couple at a surprise party given at her home last Tuesday in honor of her sister Margaret's birthday. The evening was spent in dancing, E. Lockrem furnishing excellent music. The guests presented Miss Margaret a beautiful fur stole. A very enjoyable time was reported by all who attended.

Crookston Journal: Since the Shevlin mill at St. Hilaire was closed down last week the men who were connected with it have gone to Bemidji to be employed by the company there until the time arrives when the workmen will depart for the woods. There is a rumor current that the St. Hilaire mill may be leased or sold to the East Grand Forks Lumber company.

Some time ago we chronicled the fact that "Swan" had sold his trotting stock. Well the man brought him back, tumbled in fact that he had the wrong end of the deal. Dr. Phrenulius McAndress took the horse over to the village well the other day to have a drink and the animal thought it was time the doctor had his annual bath, so he dumped him in the trough. The doctor is doing as well as can be expected as the shock was great.

Andrew Severson, of Warren, a brother of Olavus Severson the engineer who disappeared from here several weeks ago, was here last Sunday. No tidings of the missing man have been received and it is now feared that he was murdered at Thief River Falls, as he cannot be traced beyond that place. It would look as if it was high time that the county authorities made an investigation, particularly as there are several ugly stories afloat.

Pay Up.

All persons indebted to the undersigned are hereby requested to pay same at once to Merchants State Bank.

Mrs. Hiram Dickinson.

Photographs.

I will have the Collins studio open on the following days each week: Fridays from 1 p. m. to Saturdays 1 p. m. All work first class and guaranteed. Give me a call. O. C. Evensen, Photographer.

A Reading Room.

We are in receipt of a complimentary ticket to the Crookston Lumber Company Club, of Bemidji, by Manager J. M. Richards. The club has been started by the company to provide a reading and lounging room for the mill boys and it has already made a decided hit with the boys. A large number of the boys from here attend and The Spectator will in the future be on file.

Communicated.

If ever our rural schools have gotten a boost up the ladder of advancement, they have during McAnulty's superintendency, a fact which shows that his zeal has been awarded by appreciated success. Through his efforts the Teachers' Association of Red Lake county has been of great benefit to the teachers in rural schools.

Last spring at one of the meetings of that society in St. Hilaire, he had secured the presence of such eminent educators as McIntyre of Crookston, Yeager of Fosston, Hay of Thief River Falls, O'Brien of St. Hilaire, Miss Dowe of the Moorhead Normal, Young of Warren, and others, who gave us the benefit of their experiences and their best thoughts upon education, bringing us nearer in touch with modern school work.

This is but one of the many instances of usefulness which mark McAnulty's term in office, and any favor shown to him on the 6th will, in my estimation, be a favor to our rural schools.

Otto E. Olson,
of Riverside School.

....Vote for....

JOHN B. O'BRIEN

....FOR....

County Auditor

.... St. Hilaire's Home Candidate

VOTE FOR

HON. A. L. COLE
OUR NEXT GOVERNOR.

A New Munchausen.

Seven years ago a Walsh county farmer, whose modesty forbids the publication of his name, hung his vest on the barnyard fence. A calf chewed up a pocket in the garment in which was contained a standard gold watch. Last week the animal, a staid old milch cow, was butchered for beef and the timepiece was found in such a position between the lungs of the cow that the process of respiration, the closing and filling of the lungs, had kept the stem-winder wound up, and the watch had lost but four minutes and two-and-a-half ticks in the seven years. It is one of the most remarkable occurrences we ever heard of.—Adams Enterprise.

Had to Take Out Papers Twice.

Crookston Times: Peter Bonkind, an old resident of Polk county, has had a peculiar experience in becoming a resident of the United States, having been forced to take out naturalization papers twice. He came to this country from Norway and became a naturalized citizen in 1875. Later on he moved to Canada and lived there for eight years. He returned to this country four years ago and it was found that he had to start over again to become a citizen and this morning he made application in the clerk of court's office for his first papers. This is the first experience of the sort that Mr. Lanctot has had since he became clerk of court.

Wanted.—Salesmen for accident and health insurance; endowment policy; indemnity for injury to beneficiary. Liberal contract; chance for advancement. Write Woodmen Mut. Casualty Co., Minneapolis. ns

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

—Carload of apples at Duntley's.

Democratic Rally!

At Imperial Hall, on Monday Evening, November 5. Prominent Speakers will discuss the State and local issues and county candidates will be present.

The Red Lake Falls Band will attend.

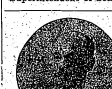
Everybody come!!!

Coming!

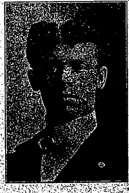
At Imperial Hall on Friday evening, November 16th, Harry Shannon, in "The Banker's Child." Press reports indicate that this will be a show well worth seeing. Manager Nelson has booked some good shows lately and this one is no exception. Don't miss it.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

H. T. McAnulty,
Candidate for
Superintendent of Schools.



KARL M. HANSEN,
Candidate for County Treasurer



C. W. JOHNSON
Republican candidate for
Clerk of District Court,
Red Lake County,
Respectfully solicits your vote and support.

RICHARDS' RECORD!

Credentials are Presented and School Board of District Number 17 Endorses Him.

In view of the fact that my opponent for county superintendent of schools has published a statement claiming that I have not a certificate sufficient to teach a graded school, I wish to make the following statement to the voters of Red Lake county:

1st—I have in my possession a conditional first-grade certificate issued to me by Supt. Frank Jeffers, and Mr. McAnulty is aware of the fact.

2nd—That I now hold better credentials as a teacher than Mr. McAnulty ever had.

3rd—That if I had been teaching in Red Lake county without a certificate it is not a recommendation for McAnulty as county superintendent, as it is his business to prevent such work.

Fred Richards.

To Whom it may Concern:

We, as directors of School District No. 17, Red Lake county, hereby certify that Fred Richards, candidate for the office of superintendent of schools of Red Lake county, was for three years in charge of the school in this district. We are pleased to state that we have always found Mr. Richards a first class teacher, who looked after the work intrusted to him in a careful and competent manner. We were anxious to again employ him as teacher but he was at this time unable to accept the offer. We can and do cheerfully recommend him to the voters of Red Lake county as being entirely worthy of their support and confidence, and we feel that if elected he will give as good service in the office as we have had during the past two years.

The present superintendent has published an article to the effect that because we employed Mr. Richards as teacher in our school we were refused state aid. We wish to state that the library and ventilation system as called for in the state aid requirements were not installed in our school until about October 15, only a little over two weeks ago, and therefore we have not as yet been entitled to the aid, notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Richards' opponent is endeavoring to make a mountain from a mole hill.

Mr. Richards has our united support, and we believe we are working for the best interests of our schools in furthering his candidacy for the office.

Respectfully submitted,
Leon Huot, Clerk.
Regis Huot, Director.
Jacob Boutain, Treas.

To Whom it may Concern:

The following is a list of subjects pursued and marks obtained by Fred Richards while a student of the Red Lake Falls high school, as they appear on the records in my office:

English Composition or Eng. 4.	75
Elementary Algebra	78
Higher Algebra	78
Plane Geometry	87
Solid Geometry	75
English History	82
Physical Geography	76
Physics	80
Physiology	82
Chemistry	81
Botany	82
Latin Grammar	75
Senior Arithmetic	84
Senior U. S. History	85
English 1	82
English 2	82
English 3	77

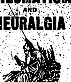
E. W. Chamberlain,
Supt.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

We will have something to say in this space next week..................
Rapp & Post

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS & SHOES
CROCKERY
& CLOTHING
AT ....E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

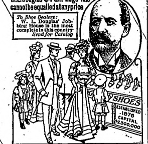


RHEUMATISM
AND
NEURALGIA

ST. JACOBS OIL

The Proved Remedy For Over 50 Years.

Price 25c and 50c



W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 Shoes
BEST IN THE WORLD
W. L. Douglas $4 Gilt Edge line cannot be equalled at any price

To Shoe Dealers: W. L. Douglas' Jobbing House is the most complete in this country. Send for Catalog

SHOES FOR EVERYBODY AT ALL PRICES. Men's Shoes, $5 to $1.50. Boys' Shoes, $3 to $1.25. Women's Shoes, $4.00 to $1.50. Misses' & Children's Shoes, $2.25 to $1.00. Try W. L. Douglas Women's, Misses and Children's shoes; for style, fit and wear they excel other makes.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other make.

Wherever you live, you can obtain W. L. Douglas shoes. His name and price is stamped on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and inferior shoes. *Take no substitute.* Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes and insist upon having them.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy. Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Dept. 11, Brockton, Mass.

Canadian Government Free Farms

150 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Over 200,000 American farmers who have settled in Canada during the past few years testify to the fact that Canada is, beyond question, the greatest farming land in the world.

OVER NINETY MILLION BUSHELS

of wheat from the harvest of 1906 means good money to the farmers of Western Canada when the world has to be fed. Cattle Raising, Dairying and Mixed Farming are also profitable callings. Coal, wood and water in abundance; churches and schools convenient; markets easy of access. Taxes low.

For advice and information address the Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or any authorized Canadian Government Agent.
E. T. HOLMES, 325 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Should Hens

be helped to make a large egg yield? Why not, as well as helping cows to give extra milk?

SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

is a scientific medicine invented to enable hens get the full benefit from all kinds of food. It's the pioneer of tonics to make hens lay. In use over forty years. One pack, 25c.; five, $1; two-lb. can, $1.20; six, $5.00. Express paid. At all dealers.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

ENAMELINE
STOVE POLISH
ALWAYS READY TO USE. NO DIRT, DUST, SMOKE OR SMELL. NO MORE STOVE POLISH TROUBLES

POULTRY AND VEAL WANTED
Write for price list.
BEEBE & HOPKINS, Minneapolis.

When Answering Advertisement Kindly Mention This Paper.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Theodore J. Arneson, Westbrook, Minn., winding indicator for clocks; Edward Fothergill, Foley, Minn., cycle; Frederick O. Hanson, Underwood, N. D., bicycle; John E. Hudson, Havana, N. D., embossing printing matter; Gustav A. Olson, Albert Lea, Minn., twine holder and cutter; Ben Rud, Duluth, Minn., can lifter; Joseph N. Warner, St. Paul, Minn., change-making machine.

Labor Lost.

"Mamma, I've been praying every night for a new doll," said little Dorothy, "and God hasn't sent it yet."

"Perhaps God doesn't think that you need another doll, dear," answered the mother.

"Then why doesn't he tell me," asked the little girl, "so I could pray for something else?"

Short Days Coming.
This makes no difference to the farmer with a Fairbanks-Morse Gasoline Engine. He can do all his grinding and still have liesure hours. Ask for free catalog ST-175.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., St. Paul.

When a man meets a doctrine that does not square with his living he calls it "dogmatism."

BUILT UP HER HEALTH

SPEEDY CURE OF MISS GOODE

She Is Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and Writes Gratefully to Mrs. Pinkham.

For the wonderful help that she has found Miss Cora Goode, 255 E. Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Ill., believes it her duty to write the following letter for publication, in order that other women afflicted in the same way may be benefited as she was. Miss Goode is president of the Bryn Mawr Lawn Tennis Club of Chicago. She writes:

Miss Cora Goode

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I tried many different remedies to build up my system, which had become run down from loss of proper rest and unreasonable hours, but nothing seemed to help me. Mother is a great advocate of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for female troubles, having used it herself some years ago with great success. So I began to take it, and in less than a month I was able to be out of bed and out of doors, and in three months I was entirely well. Really I have never felt so strong and well as I have since."

No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, bloating (or flatulence), displacement of organs, inflammation or ulceration, can be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Her experience is very great, and she gives the benefit of it to all who stand in need of wise counsel. She is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years has been advising sick women free of charge. Address, Lynn, Mass.

CURES CONSTIPATION

It is just about impossible to be sick when the bowels are right and not possible to be well when they are wrong. Through its action on the bowels,

Lane's Family Medicine

cleans the body inside and leaves no lodging place for disease. If for once you wish to know how it feels to be thoroughly well, give this famous laxative tea a trial.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

AUTOMOBILE

Five-passenger model C Ford double opposed engine, detachable tonneau, in good running order. Will sell for $450.00 cash. Cost $1,000.

Burney Bird Auto Co.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

IF YOU WOULD HAVE
A SQUARE DEAL
IN TAXATION MATTERS
BE SURE TO VOTE
YES
ON THE NEW
TAX AMENDMENT
AT THE COMING ELECTION

Seasonable Entertainments and Suggestions for Social Functions

By EDITH A. BROWN
Society Editor of the Chicago Record-Herald.

The Topaz, November's Birthstone, Furnishes Color-Scheme—Yellow Kid Admits the Guests—Host and Hostess Gowned as the "Yellow Peril"—A Yellow Journal Menu.

The birthstone for November is the topaz, and with the yellow chrysanthemums coming on and the roses of yellow filling the greenhouses, there should be little difficulty in finding plenty of floral decoration at least. The golden rod, which comes nearer the deep, rich shade of the topaz than any of the other blooms, may be the very hardest to find at this time of year, but if some effort is made it can be secured.

Yellow as a decoration is old; and new ideas for the working out of the color scheme are not very plentiful. Perhaps the newest may be found in an attempt to play upon the "yellow" newspaper idea.

If this is done, go to a newspaper or telegraph office and secure some yellow "flimsy." Have the invitations written on this and send to the guests. The invitations may read after this fashion:

"News comes from Michigan boulevard that Mr. and Mrs. John Jacob Graham will celebrate the birthday anniversary of Mr. Graham by giving a dinner to their close friends on the evening of ——, and that Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Jones are among the bidden guests. The dinner will be informal, and will be served at seven-thirty o'clock at their home, number ——, on the boulevard, and the invited guests are asked TO-PAZ upon the invitations early and respond."

The house may be decorated in the flowers, yellow bunting draperies and yellow flags. The lights should be shaded in yellow. If there is a small son in the family or among the friends who can be persuaded to serve at the door instead of one of the servants, dress him as the "Yellow Kid," and let him admit the guests. The host and hostess may be dressed as Chinese, representing the "Yellow Peril" about which we have heard so much in recent years, or if either object to this, the servants who wait upon the table may be dressed in this fashion.

The affair, being a dinner, naturally will depend greatly upon the table arrangements for the completion of the central idea of the evening, and this can be carried out without difficulty.

Flowers, arranged as the hostess desires, should form the center decoration. For the menu cards issue small editions of a yellow paper, and these may serve as place cards as well. The common white newspaper print printed in yellow ink or yellow print printed in flaring black letters may be used. The size of the sheet may be determined by the entertainers, but at least an eight-page paper should be arranged.

On the first page at the top have this line:

GRAHAM'S YELL-er.
Thirty-fifth year—No. 1.
Chicago, November 22, 1905.
Eight Parts.

The year in the upper left-hand corner, of course, is the age of the host, men not hesitating to tell their ages, according to proverb. Where the cartoon in the average city paper is placed have the picture of a newsboy with his mouth wide open and from his throat supposedly coming the newsboy's yell—"All About—" In the space below have this line: "What is to follow!" At the very bottom of the page write the name of the guest for whom it is intended.

The courses, of course, will follow, each occupying a page and each described in true yellow journalism style.

The menu may be elaborate or simple—the one given below as a sample is very simple, but wholesome and good enough for an informal gathering of close friends on such an occasion as a birthday celebration. The first course may be tomato soup, and the second page of the paper will read:

TOM-atoes CRUSHED that we may
DRINK of their BLOOD!

Arranged in head-line fashion, with the capitalized letters in big type, and the other letters in agate or smaller, this line will be yellow enough for the most gory.

For the second or the fish course may be:

Fish: NETS of the heartless CATCH
UNWARY!

The meat course may consist of a juicy roast of beef with browned potatoes and creamed corn for the principals. The next page of the paper will read:

COW ROASTS
while the potatoes are
DONE BROWN
and
EARS
of corn are
MASHED
to a cream.

The salad may be any kind chosen for the following page:

CHOPPED TO BITS!

The dessert may be brick ice cream and cakes, and the page will bear this description:

FROZEN
into bricks AND
BAKED
in an oven.

Coffee and nuts will come next with the description:

THE END IS NEAR!!

And when the cigars come on:

GOES UP IN SMOKE!

In the cake, which the host should cut, and which should be borne to the table on a bed of flowers used in the decoration or on a wooden base surrounded by lighted yellow candles should be baked a gold ring set with a topaz, and a stick pin to correspond. The ring may be baked in one side of the cake and the pin in the other.

The man who draws the piece of cake bearing the pin is the lucky one of the evening of the men, and the woman who wins the piece bearing the ring is the fortunate of the women.

Later, if it is desired, the guests may issue a yellow paper of their own, the items to be confined to news of those present at the dinner.

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

STATES NEGLECTED OF POE

Plenty of Them in the Country "Worth a Wooze" Have Been Overlooked.

"Hey, has it ever sunk into you," inquired the gruff voiced man in the aisle seat of the vaudeville theater where smoking is allowed, "that there's a whole lot of geographical discrimination in these illustrated songs that have been heaved at us during the last few years from the main decks of vaudeville theaters by the ramblers with the spitlocks, the phony gig lamps and the $16 dress suits?

"What's the reason that Virginia, Tennessee, Georgia, Louisiana and one or two others are the only states that appear to be able to butt into these mother-and-sister and home-and-fireside dirges? Some fellow did uncoil a novelty by smoking a pill and whittling off a chant about the chalk ranges, or something like that, of New Hampshire.

"Well, any smoker who could dig up anything poetic in New Hampshire that he could build a song around ought to be able to sling us one, say, about the sage brush of Idaho.

"Why couldn't they fashion one about the grasshoppers of Kansas or the bullhead catfish of Missouri?

"'How I love to gulp the alkali of Texas,' would go all right in an illustrated song, wouldn't it?

"'How I yearn to romp on the mosquito grass of old New Mex-ico!' ought to be a fetching line to ram into one of them, too.

"Or, 'Many years have passed since I've broken my old last on the toothsome Gila snakes of Arizona.' Why couldn't some duck give the southwest a look-in by writing one something after that order?

"The west in general gets it in the neck at the hands of these illustrated song spielers, anyway. What's the matter with 'A bath I'd like to take, in the mighty saline lake, that lies within the borders of old Utah.'

"There are a lot of near lying states, too, that haven't been so much as scratched by the illustrated song writers. 'If I only had a pick, I'd like to take a lick, at the anthracite deposits of Penn-syl-van-ia'—wouldn't it be the proper kink to give the Keystone state a butt-in something after that fashion?

"Other rattling good states, too, have been overlooked. 'I've wandered far and near, But I've never got the beer, That I used to lap up in ol' Wis-consin'—I don't see anything the matter with that by way of recognizing the great northwest. Or, 'It's many bluffs so bald, As those that line the streams of far Mon-tan-a'—there's one that 'ud tickle the Mary McLaneites.

"Isn't the middle west good enough to work up a wooze? 'I haven't since I've been born, Seen such gorgeous tasselled corn, As that which grows 'way out in I-o-way'—there's one that carries the general idea of recognizing that section.

"There shouldn't be any discrimination in these ballads, geographical or otherwise. The illustrated song singsters ought to have 'em on their strings for each state and territory in the Union, and squirt 'em out as they follow the circuit. There's a-plenty of poetry all over this country, outside of the few states that have been stuffed into songs by the balladists, and it's raw material that ought to be used up what?"

Severe, But Effectual.

Although the wife and daughters of Mr. Benson were on the point of leaving for their summer vacation, the claims of his business prevented him from joining them. On the morning of their departure Mrs. Benson made the horrifying discovery that a certain noxious creature, well known to housekeepers, had been found in his room. She gave him particular directions as to exterminating the pest, and bade him good-by.

On her return, about ten weeks later, he informed her, with much satisfaction, that the treatment had been effectual—there was not a specimen of the Cimex lectularius in the house.

"You were careful to follow my directions, were you?" she asked.

"To the very letter."

"You sprinkled the powder thoroughly about, and kept the room closed tightly for two days, did you?"

"Two days!" he gasped. "I thought you said two months. I've been sleeping in the attic ever since you went away!—Youth's Companion.

Why Hay Got No War News.

In the summer of the commencement of the Russo-Jap war the late Secretary of State John Hay came to his summer home at Lake Sunapee for a few days' rest. Naturally, it was important for him to have close and constant communication with the outside world, and arrangements had accordingly been made for telegrams to be sent up to him from the telegraph office.

As the situation of the eastern affairs became more tense and exciting Secretary Hay was expecting very important communications, but none came. A day went by, and no word. The next morning a messenger was dispatched early to see if there was any message.

"No," said the operator, "there is none."

"But has none come?" he was asked.

"W-all, one came yesterday, but there was no sense to it, so I did not send it up."

The message had come in cipher.—Boston Herald.

Nourished by Water.

Seaweeds do not obtain nourishment from the soil at the bottom of the sea, but from the sea water itself.

NERVOUS COLLAPSE

Sinking Spells, Headaches and Rheumatism all Yield to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Mrs. Lizzie Williams, of No. 416 Cedar street, Quincy, Ill., says: "Ever since I had nervous prostration, about thirteen years ago, I have had periodical spells of complete exhaustion. The doctor said my nerves were shattered. Any excitement or unusual activity would throw me into a state of lifelessness. At the beginning my strength would come back in a moderate time after each attack, but the period of weakness kept lengthening until at last I would lie helpless as many as three hours at a stretch. I had dizzy feelings, palpitation of the heart, misery after eating, hot flushes, nervous headaches, rheumatic pains in the back and hips. The doctor did me so little good that I gave up his treatment, and really feared that my case was incurable.

"When I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills my appetite grew keen, my food no longer distressed me, my nerves were quieted to a degree that I had not experienced for years and my strength returned. The fainting spells left me entirely after I had used the third box of the pills, and my friends say that I am looking better than I have done for the past fifteen years."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are recommended for diseases that come from impoverished blood such as anæmia, rheumatism, debility and disorders of the nerves such as neuralgia, nervous prostration and partial paralysis. They have cured the most stubborn indigestion. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills agree with the most delicate stomach, quiet all nervousness, stir up every organ to do its proper work and give strength that lasts.

Sold by all druggists, or sent postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Unprepared.

Adam Zawfox—Have you named the new baby at your house?

Job Sturky (with a resentful sniff)—Yes; but we haven't found a name for his twin sister yet.

Do You Own a Hand Separator?
If so, where are you selling your cream? Have you looked into our method of paying cash for every can and giving liberal premiums besides? Write us. R. E. COBB, St. Paul, Minn.

All Around the Clock.

"Grandpa says his stay in the mountains did him no good. His room was right off the piazza, and people made love under his window until all hours.

"But couldn't he sleep after the lovers went to bed?"

"No; as soon as the lovers went to bed the children got up."

Outlived His Usefulness.

City Chap—"See here, your infernal bull chased me half a mile. I he had caught me he would have killed me!"

Farmer Hornbeak—"Jesso! Th' poor ole cuss hez got rheumatiz so lately that he ain't good fer nothing hardly!"

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

When the pure food law gets its work in it won't seem like the same old free lunch.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES cost but 10 cents per package and color more goods faster and brighter colors.

Nothing makes a man feel more important than his ability to answer the questions of a small boy.

Riches may have wings, but poverty is seldom a quitter.

Character is made in conflict.

His Lordship's Amidship.

Ambassador Choate tells a story of the bishop of Rochester, England, the divine who was so fond of cricket that he used to play the game with an expert local team.

It appears that one day when the bishop was batting the bowler pitched very wide.

"Please keep the ball in the parish!" commanded the bishop, testily.

The next ball the bowler sent in caught the right reverend gentleman full in the waistband, whereupon the bowler observed:

"I think that's somewhere about the diocese, my lord."

Natural Deduction.

The Friend—Is your new book being well received?

The Author—I guess so. The publishers went into the hands of a receiver last week.

Learn the Barber Trade.
Write for free illustrated catalog explaining all, Moler Barber College, Minneapolis.

Perfectly Independent.

Jones—Did you ever see a Scotch collie that was not named "Laddie?"

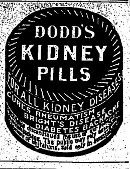
Brown—Yes, "Lassie!"

No man worships the divine better than he who works for this poor old human.

Veal and Poultry Wanted.
Guarantee quick returns and best prices. Consign to H. A. Ertz, 24 E. 3rd St. Paul.

Few tips come to the waiter who sits down and waits.

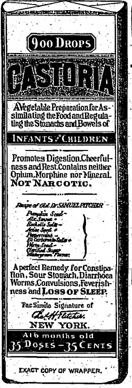
If you snore the pleasure is all yours.



DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES

HOLD UP! and consider
THE FISH BRAND POMMEL SLICKER
LIKE ALL TOWER'S WATERPROOF CLOTHING.
Is made of the best materials in black or yellow fully guaranteed and sold by reliable dealers everywhere
STICK TO THE SIGN OF THE FISH
TOWER CANADIAN CO. LIMITED TORONTO, CAN. A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS. U.S.A.

-CREAM-
WE PAY CASH
THE CRESCENT CREAMERY CO.
ST. PAUL, MINN.



900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

WHAT JOY THEY BRING TO EVERY HOME

as with joyous hearts and smiling faces they romp and play—when in health—and how conducive to health the games in which they indulge, the outdoor life they enjoy, the cleanly, regular habits they should be taught to form and the wholesome diet of which they should partake. How tenderly their health should be preserved, not by constant medication, but by careful avoidance of every medicine of an injurious or objectionable nature, and if at any time a remedial agent is required, to assist nature, only those of known excellence should be used; remedies which are pure and wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, like the pleasant laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Syrup of Figs has come into general favor in many millions of well informed families, whose estimate of its quality and excellence is based upon personal knowledge and use.

Syrup of Figs has also met with the approval of physicians generally, because they know it is wholesome, simple and gentle in its action. We inform all reputable physicians as to the medicinal principles of Syrup of Figs, obtained, by an original method, from certain plants known to them to act most beneficially and presented in an agreeable syrup in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to promote the pleasant taste; therefore it is not a secret remedy and hence we are free to refer to all well informed physicians, who do not approve of patent medicines and never favor indiscriminate self-medication.

Please to remember and teach your children also that the genuine Syrup of Figs always has the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package and that it is for sale in bottles of one size only. If any dealer offers any other than the regular Fifty cent size, or having printed thereon the name of any other company, do not accept it. If you fail to get the genuine you will not get its beneficial effects. Every family should always have a bottle on hand, as it is equally beneficial for the parents and the children, whenever a laxative remedy is required.

ESTABLISHED 1879.
WOODWARD & CO.
Minneapolis GRAIN COMMISSION Duluth

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1906. NUMBER 17.

HUGHES' MAJORITY IS ABOUT 52,000

DEMOCRATS PROBABLY HAVE ELECTED REST OF TICKET IN NEW YORK.

RESULTS IN OTHER STATES

LATEST RETURNS MAKE NO MATERIAL CHANGE IN EARLIER FIGURES.

New York, Nov. 8. — Charles E. Hughes, Republican candidate for governor, has a majority of 52,000, approximately. There is still doubt as to who is elected lieutenant governor of New York. Sixteen counties have reported the official count, but on the face of the figures at hand the result seems to favor Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler on the Democratic-Independence league ticket. Whatever the result may be the fight will be close, and until complete official returns shall have been made by all the counties now missing it will be impossible to do more than to guess at the winner.

Democrats Get Big End.

The total for the state, as far as returned, including the Democratic stronghold of the city of Greater New York, for lieutenant governor is: Chanler, 604,234; Bruce, 519,479. It appears that outside of the candidates for governor and possibly for lieutenant governor, the Democratic ticket is elected.

Republican state headquarters, while expressing the belief that Bruce would pull out ahead of Chanler, would give no figures.

Woodruff Talks.

Chairman Woodruff said:

"On looking over returns from some forty-odd counties we find that Mr. Bruce has run ahead of Mr. Hughes by 500 votes, and I believe he is elected. At the present time I do not care to give my opinion regarding the rest of the ticket."

The Independence League headquarters claim that the whole ticket, with the exception of the nominee for governor, has been elected.

At Democratic state headquarters no predictions were given out.

Results in Other States.

In California the returns from the interior of the state are coming in very slowly and it is yet impossible to give exact figures. The Republican state central committee claims that Gillett has been elected governor by at least 10,000 plurality. At Democratic headquarters this claim is not admitted. The entire congressional delegation of eight will be Republican. The legislature will be very strongly Republican.

A political landslide the like of which Montana never experienced before has swept over the state, upsetting all calculations. Charles N. Pray and Henry C. Smith, Republican candidates for congress and associate justice, the only two state offices voted for, have carried every county in the state except two. The Republicans have captured the legislature.

In Kansas the re-election of Gov. E. W. Hoch (Rep.) seems reasonably certain, although the Democratic committee still claims the state for William A. Harris by a plurality of 3,300.

In Iowa, A. B. Cummins (Rep.) will receive at least 20,000 plurality for governor. Two of Iowa's congressmen will be Democratic. The next legislature will be Republican.

From nearly complete returns from all counties in Missouri the Democrats have carried the state by a plurality of 7,640, electing all candidate on the state ticket and twelve out of the sixteen congressmen.

Indiana went about 30,000 Republican. The Democrats gained two congressmen. The Republicans carried nine congressmen and the Democrats four. The legislature will be Republican on joint ballot by about thirty.

The contest for the governorship of New Hampshire will have to be settled in the legislature, the Republican candidate, Charles M. Floyd, having failed to secure a majority over the other two candidates.

The complete returns in West Virginia increase the size of the Republican victory. The congressional districts all went Republican. The legislature is Republican.

Sufficient returns have been received in Colorado to make certain the election of the entire Republican state ticket and of sixty to seventy of the 180 members of the legislature, insuring the election of a Republican to succeed Senator Patterson.

In Rhode Island James H. Higgins, Democratic candidate for governor, has a plurality of 1,238. The Republicans elected the other members of their ticket. Congressmen D. L. B. Granger and Adin B. Capron (Rep.) were re-elected. The legislature is Republican.

Gov. Goodling (Rep.), candidate for re-election in Idaho, has carried the state by a majority of about 7,000. The legislature is Republican and will elect a successor to Senator Dubois (Dem.).

With but a few mountain counties to hear from, and there probably increasing his lead, Gov. Peckham has almost certainly won his fight against Senator McCreary for the nomination for the United States senate in the primaries. The Republicans gained two congressmen.

Complete returns from sixty-one of the sixty-seven counties in Pensylvania and careful estimates from the other six counties give Edwin S. Stuart, Republican candidate for governor, a plurality of 52,533.

Democrats Gain in Congress.

Latest returns show that the Republicans have elected 223 congressmen and the Democrats 163. The Democrats lost 3 and gained 31 congressmen, as follows: Illinois 5, Indiana 3, Iowa 1, Maryland 1, Minnesota 1, Missouri 6, Nebraska 1, New Jersey 3, new York 1, North Carolina 1, Ohio 3, Pennsylvania 5. Republicans gained 1 each in Maryland, Kentucky and West Virginia, making the net Democratic gain 28.

TAKEN FROM SPOILS LIST.

Deputy Collectors of Internal Revenue Are Put in Classified Service.

Washington, Nov. 8.—The president yesterday made an order classifying deputy collectors of internal revenue under the regulations of the civil service commission.

There are about 1,100 of these deputies in the service of the government. They were classified by President Cleveland, but were taken out by President McKinley in 1899.

The action of President Roosevelt brings all employes of the internal revenue service under civil service and practically classifies all employes of the treasury department.

MUTUAL LIFE WILL FIGHT.

Kentucky Commissioner's Ruling Almost Prepared.

Louisville, Nov. 8.—State Commissioner of Insurance Prewitt has not yet completed his decision in the investigation into the dismissal of Col. Biscoe Hindman, general agent for Kentucky of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, although he has furnished President Peabody with a synopsis of what probably will be his ruling. This tentative outline provided for reinstatement of the dismissed general agent upon penalty of revocation of the Kentucky license. If this ruling of the commissioner should be final, the Mutual has indicated that it will resist revocation of its license in the state courts.

M'CURDY LOSES IN COURT.

Former President of Insurance Company Meets With Trouble.

New York, Nov. 8.—A motion by Richard A. McCurdy, formerly president of the Mutual Life Insurance company, to compel the company which is suing him to recover $4,370,341, with interest, as damages for alleged unfaithfulness and neglect, "to make its complaint more definite and certain," was yesterday denied by Justice Bischoff in the supreme court. Similar motions also were denied in the suits brought by the company against its former president and his son, Robert H. McCurdy, as well as against the members of the Metropolitan agency firm of C. E. Raymond & Co.

SCALDED BY HIS ENEMY.

Railway Contractor Blinded by Deluge of Boiling Water.

Wakpala, S. D., Nov. 8. — Peter Brasse, a cook in a railroad camp here, had a quarrel with a railroad contractor named Scrivener; he waited until Scrivener went into the cook tent to get his supper. He then, it is alleged, threw a kettle of boiling water squarely in Scrivener's face. Scrivener was frightfully scalded and is totally blind.

Poisoning Is Charged.

Wahpeton, N. D., Nov. 8.—Charged with poisoning members of her employer's family, Mary Lev, a domestic who has been working for Dr. Meckstroth of this city, is under arrest, pending further investigation of the case. She is alleged to have sent her little sister to the drug store for rat poison which she gave Mrs. Meckstroth in water and milk several times in a single week.

Charge Abduction to Gypsies.

Salem, Mass., Nov. 8.—John Adams, who said his home was in Chicago, applied in the distreict court yesterday for a warrant for the arrest of several members of a band of gypsies in winter quarters at South Salem, on the charge of having abducted his daughter Rosie thirteen years old, a year ago.

Hold Up Army Wagon.

Havana, Nov. 8.—A United States army wagon, carrying a number of men of the engineer corps, was held up by bandits near Cuanajay. On learning that the wagon contained soldiers the bandits vanished into the woods.

Thighs Crushed by Car.

Clear Lake, Wis., Nov. 8.—While a freight train was in process of switching on the Omaha sidetrack Carl Koen, a section hand, was accidentally run over by a moving car. The car passed over his thighs. He died in the hospital.

Oil Trust Raises Wages.

Franklin, Pa, Nov. 8.—The Standard Oil company announced a voluntary increase in wages of employes here. The percentage of increase was not stated. About 800 men will be benefited.

Switchman Run Down.

St. Paul, Nov. 8.—William Kleinfelter, employed as a switchman, was run down by a switch engine. He died a short while afterward in St. Luke's hospital from his injuries.

Burns Herself to Death.

Falls City, Neb., Nov. 8.—Barricading the doors of her home, Mrs. John Ray set fire to her home. Neighbors broke in her door but the woman was dead.

JOHNSON OVER 50,000 IN LEAD

COMPLETE RETURNS MAY INCREASE GOVERNOR'S MAJORITY TO 60,000.

M'CLEARY LOSES IN SECOND

HAMMOND ELECTED TO CONGRESS BY SAFE MARGIN—THE LEGISLATURE.

St. Paul, Nov. 8. — Gov. Johnson's plurality will probably be near 50,000. His committee yesterday afternoon made an estimate by counties by which they gave him 57,675. They claimed that their figures were conservative.

The complete returns received from a number of counties and nearly complete returns from many more would indicate that when the figures are complete Johnson's majority will be over 50,000.

Cole apparently will carry only half a dozen counties. He carries Cass, his home county, easily, and Jackson county by a fair majority. Complete returns also give him Houston and Faribault, and nearly complete returns give him Hubbard by about 100.

State Ticket.

The election of all the other Republican candidates is assured by majorities running from 25,000 to 60,000. S. G. Iverson and E. T. Young are running close together, with Iverson a little to the good. C. C. Dinehart will come next, possibly 5,000 behind them. Schmahl will come next, perhaps 5,000 below Dinehart. Staples and Pidgeon will run about equal, and not far below Schmahl. Eberhardt will get the smallest vote, but it will not be cut so bady as first returns indicated. Two reasons are given for his low vote. L. G. Pendergast, his opponent, was an old soldier. Also, there was an evident tendency to let the second man on the ticket suffer with the head of ticket. The following is the vote by counties, and the 1904 vote:

	Cole.	Johnson.	1904 Vote. Dunn.	1904 Vote. Johnson.
Aitkin		x50	913	634
Anoka		x300	1,188	764
Becker		x400	1,081	1,226
Beltrami		147	1,612	700
Benton		x350	834	1,011
Big Stone		x200	802	814
Blue Earth		c603	2,403	2,817
Brown		c1,203	1,375	1,840
Carlton		x150	1,072	607
Carver		c586	1,326	1,314
Cass	x300	...	958	480
Chippewa		422	1,084	1,242
Chisago		c321	1,338	1,310
Clay		x800	1,081	1,675
Clearwater		x80	546	481
Cook		x50	168	51
Cottonwood		x200	864	916
Crow Wing		x200	864	910
Dakota		c1,310	1,028	2,103
Dodge		223	1,002	753
Douglas		...	1,209	1,440
Faribault	c60	...	1,984	1,597
Fillmore		c90	2,407	1,436
Freeborn		533	1,930	1,708
Goodhue		c150	3,285	2,148
Grant		535	679	686
Hennepin		9,500	15,667	23,959
Houston	97	....	1,410	551
Hubbard		....	1,050	663
Isanti		x700	905	1,018
Itasca	50	....	1,349	750
Jackson	300	....	1,505	1,190
Kanabec		110	622	534
Kandiyohi		x750	1,556	1,510
Kittson		400	614	675
Lac qui Parle		c500	972	1,220
Lake		x400	391	330
Le Sueur		x700	1,670	1,095
Lincoln		x200	931	716
Lyon		474	1,658	1,268
McLeod		944	1,077	1,284
Marshall		513	1,022	1,159
Martin		x700	1,274	1,096
Meeker		x750	1,145	2,006
Mille Lacs		124	1,315	556
Morrison		c800	1,685	2,300
Mower		x300	1,847	1,569
Murray		c501	1,155	923
Nicollet		c1,261	559	1,858
Nobles		462	1,107	1,153
Norman		x400	1,148	943
Olmsted		x700	1,976	2,051
Otter Tail		x2,000	2,548	3,245
Pine		572	1,214	1,167
Pipestone		203	788	681
Polk		x1,500	2,215	2,321
Pope		162	925	1,045
Ramsey		c7,121	12,771	13,885
Red Lake		550	987	909
Redwood		400	1,500	1,218
Renville		x350	1,845	2,068
Rice		x700	1,792	2,681
Rock		x150	605	785
Roseau		x100	845	433
St. Louis		x1,000	7,759	4,924
Scott		c013	802	1,469
Sherburne		x100	834	611
Sibley		636	1,048	1,402
Stearns		x2,250	1,469	4,303
Steele		x300	1,543	1,735
Stevens		x225	834	839
Swift		c538	1,112	1,285
Todd		x225	2,048	1,914
Traverse		x250	607	580
Wabasha		x700	1,066	1,774
Wadena		216	746	636
Waseca		x750	1,249	1,252
Washington		c660	1,939	1,841
Watonwan		c231	937	898
Wilkin		x250	601	687
Winona		x1,800	2,785	3,164
Wright		425	2,203	2,072
Yellow Med.		x450	1,243	1,047
Totals	804	55,151	140,130	147,020

xEstimated.
cComplete returns.
Beltrami, 20 out of 44 precincts.
Chippewa, 3 missing.
Faribault, 3 missign.
Kittson, 18 out of 30 precincts.
McLeod, 18 out of 22 precincts.
Marshall, 21 out of 50 precincts.
Mille Lacs, 10 out of 16 precincts.
Nobles, 1 missing.
Pine, 2 missing.
Pipestone, 18 out of 20 precincts.
Pope, 1 missing.
Sibley, 16 out of 23 precincts.
Wadena, 2 missing.
Wright, 1 missing.

Democrats Gain in Legislature.

The Republicans will lose eight members of the next state senate and five or six members of the house. The Republicans will probably have all except nineteen of the senators and all except sixteen of the representatives. Last year there were eleven Democratic senators. This year there will probably be eighteen Democrats and one Populist. Last year the Democrats had eleven representatives; this year it looks as if they would have fourteen and the Prohibitionists two.

Democratic senators were elected in the Second, Fourth, Eighth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twenty-first, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-eighth, Thirtieth, Thirty-fourth, Thirty-fifth, Thirty-eighth, Forty-seventh, Fifty-fourth and Fifty-sixth. A Populist senator was elected in the Fifty-ninth.

Several Republican senators were defeated for re-election, including A. B. Kelly, C. A. Benson, G. W. Peachey and E. B. Colester.

The Democrats elected representatives in the Second, Thirteenth, Twenty-first, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-sixth, Thirtieth, three in the Thirty-fourth, Thirty-fifth, Thirty-sixth, Thirty-eighth and Fifty-fourth districts. The Prohibitionists elected representatives in the Ninth and Forty-fourth districts.

Hammond Defeats McCleary.

W. S. Hammond of St. James has defeated J. T. McCleary for congress in the Second district. Hammond's majority will be in the neighborhood of 1,000.

Congressman McCleary yesterday conceded his defeat by W. S. Hammond, and last evening sent the following telegram to Mr. Hammond at St. James:

"The returns indicate your election to congress. As a personal friend, accept my congratulations."

The following table of majorities is based on complete returns from some of the counties and Hammond's estimate based on nearly complete returns from the other counties. This table gives Hammond a majority of 1,251, but this probably will be cut down. Following is the vote by counties:

	McCleary.	Hammond.
Blue Earth	....	472
Brown	....	525
Cottonwood	....	*50
Faribault	425	....
Jackson	*30	....
Martin	....	54
Murray	6	....
Nobles	....	210
Pipestone	*30	....
Rock	6	*66
Watonwan	....	365
Totals	491	1,742
Net		1,251

*Hammond's estimate.

In the First district Tawney's majority will be about 4,000.

Lindbergh carries the Sixth by about 3,500.

Steven's plurality in the Fourth is about 8,500.

Frank M. Nye has a good margin in the Fifth.

Davis (Third), Volstead (Seventh), Bede (Eighth) and Steenerson (Ninth) were all re-elected.

IN SOUTH DAKOTA.

Republican Majority of 42,000 Is Estimated.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Nov. 8.—Coe I. Crawford, Republican candidate for governor, and the congressional and state tickets have a majority of 25,750 in htirty-nine of the fifty-two counties in South Dakota. Figures from the remaining counties are yet indefinite, but indicate that the Republican majority in the state will reach not less than 42,000.

The Republicans, with four legislative districts to hear from, have elected thirty-six members of the state senate and the Democrats nine members. Of the members of the lower branch of the legislature, the Republicans have elected seventy-six, the Democrats eight. Thus the Republicans on joint ballot, when a successor to United States Senator Gamble is elected next January, will have at least 112 of the total of 133 members who will be entitled to seats.

SARLES LOSES GOVERNORSHIP.

Knauf Is Beaten in Race for Supreme Bench.

Fargo, N. D., Nov. 8.—"We concede the defeat of Knauf for the supreme bench by Judge Fisk by 6,000, and that of Gov. Sarles by Burke by 2,000," is the statement made by Chairman L. B. Hanna of the Republican state central committee. "We are confident that the rest of the Republican ticket, except Sarles and Knauf, has been elected."

Those figures are regarded by newspaper men as extremely conservative. Fisk's majority is estimated at from 7,000 to 10,000, and that of Burke 1,000 higher than the figures given out at headquarters.

Accurate figures have not been received from more than half the counties, and the advance reports have come from county seats and villages. The votes from the back country districts have not yet been reported.

"Barley King" Is Dead.

Mora, Minn., Nov. 8.—Private telegrams received yesterday announce the death of H. J. O'Neill, aged fifty-nine, known as the "Barley King" of the world from 1890 to 1893, during which time he was at the head of the O'Neill Grain company.

Police "Mutiny" Is Quieter.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 8. — Despite the fact that he was suspended from duty Tuesday, Chief of Police George T. O'Haver is still in charge at the central police station, and it is understood that the entire force of policemen and detectives are receiving their orders from him.

Girls Badly Scared.

Columbus, Ohio, Nov. 8. — Twenty terrified girls, employes of Andrew Dobbie, dry goods merchant, were rescued yesterday from the third floor of his store by firemen by means of ladders. Fire broke out in the third story and the girls were only prevented from jumping by the cries of the crowd.

Coachman Goes to Prison.

Mexico City, Nov. 8.—Marrico Piezcado, the coachman who was adjudged responsible for the death of James Russell Parsons, American consul general, on Dec. 5, 1905, was yesterday sentenced to eleven months imprisonment.

SCORE OF LIVES SWEPT TO DEATH

VESSELS WRECKED BY THE FIERCE STORM IN NORTHUMBERLAND STRAIT.

OTHERS ARE IN GREAT PERIL

HUGE BREAKERS AND UNDERTOW SWEEP SAILORS TO DEATH.

Richibucto, N. B, Nov. 8.—The storm of the last week is still raging in the Northumberland strait, and all efforts to get to the stranded Norwegian bark Adeone have failed. There is no sign of life aboard, and the entire crew of eleven is believed to have been swept to death by the huge breakers and the undertow as they attempted to leave the vessel.

Six Sailors Perish.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Nov. 8.—An unknown Norwegian bark went ashore last night between Prest Point and Black Bush and has broken in two. Men on both parts of the wrecked vessel were seen from shore and their chances of getting off safely seemed slight. Another Norwegian bark, the Olga, bound for Campellton, N. B., went ashore in the same locality. Six men have perished in the wreck of the Norwegian bark Olga at Black Bush and others are in great peril.

REPRIMAND FOR MOORE.

Weather Bureau Man Called Down by President.

Washington, Nov. 8. — President Roosevelt has directed that a reprimand be administered to Willis L. Moore, chief of the weather bureau, for his action in the case of a printer named Cooper in his office, who had been expelled from the typographical union for not paying his strike assessments. Mr. Moore, it is alleged, urged Cooper on two occasions to pay his assessments, but the latter refused and he was expelled from the union. Following this Cooper was transferred to New Orleans, and he claimed that this action on the part of Mr. Moore was intended as a punishment for him not complying with the demands of the typographical union.

SEAL WITTE'S DOOM.

Members of League Will Kill Him If He Returns to Russia.

Moscow, Nov. 8.—A report was in circulation here yesterday that the League to Combat the Revolution, to which the murder of Deputy Herzenstein in Finland last summer has been ascribed, had sentenced the former premier, Count Witte, to death in the event of his return to Russia.

TO OPEN FIRE ON STANDARD.

Government's Case Against the Oil Trust Is All Prepared for Action.

Washington, Nov. 8.—Attorney General Moody and his assistant, Mr. Purdy, conferred about the Standard Oil case yesterday. It is admitted that the case is fully prepared and that the prosecution will begin in a week or ten days.

PUNISHED BY HARRIMAN.

Stuyvesant Fish Is Deposed From Presidency of Illinois Central.

New York, Nov. 8.—J. T. Harahan was yesterday elected president of the Illinois Central Railroad company, succeeding Stuyvesant Fish. All the other officers of the company, except Vice President Welling, were present at the meeting of the board when the election took place.

Teddy Congratulates Nick.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Nov. 8.—Congressman Nicholas Longworth, who was reelected to congress, received the following telegram from President Roosevelt: "Hon. Nicholas Longworth, Cincinnati, Ohio: Hearty congratulations. Love to Alice. We seem to have done pretty well all along the line. Theodore Roosevelt."

500 Students on Strike.

Jackson, La., Nov. 8.—The entire student body of about 500 of the Centenary college here struck and went home yesterday. They left a simple statement that they were dissatisfied with the retention of Prof. Moncrieff, who two months ago stabbed the Rev. C. C. Miller, president of the college.

Blame Bridge Tender.

Atlantic City, Nov. 8. — After a stormy scene the coroner's jury agreed to place the blame for the Thoroughfare wreck on Daniel Stewart, the aged bridge tender. Stewart will be arrested on the charge of criminal negligence.

Congressman-elect Kills Man.

New Orleans, Nov. 8.—Democratic Congressman-elect H. L. Favrot last night shot and killed Dr. H. H. Aldrich at Baton Rouge.

Falls Into Tub.

Minneapolis, Nov. 8.—Oscar Jenson, 17 months old, was drowned yesterday in a washtub in the yard of his home.

$350,000 Fire in Ohio City.

Hamilton, Ohio, Nov. 8.—A fire in the heart of the business portion of the city caused a loss of $350,000.

HITCHCOCK QUITS CABINET

GARFIELD WILL TAKE UP DUTIES OF SECRETARY OF INTERIOR IN MARCH.

Washington, Nov. 8.—Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock will retire from the cabinet on the fourth of next March, and James R. Garfield of Ohio, at present commissioner of corporations, will succeed him. Herbert Knox Smith, now assistant commissioner of corporations, will be appointed to Mr. Garfield's place. These changes and that of the retirement of Commissioner Richards of the general land office on March 4 were announced in a statement from the White House yesterday.

Mr. Hitchcock has for some time felt that the very exhausting work he has been engaged in for over eight years in the interior department was wearing on him so as to make it impossible for him to remain longer. The president urged him to accept the ambassadorship to France, but Mr. Hitchcock feels that he is entitled to absolute rest and was obliged to refuse the offer.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Nov. 8. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 78c; No. 2 Northern, 76c; No. 3, 73@74c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 43 3-4c. Oats—No. 3 white, 31 3-4c.

Minneapolis, Nov. 8.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 78 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, 78c; No. 2 Northern, 76c; durum, 61 3-4c. Oats—No. 3 white, 31 3-4c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 43 3-4c.

Duluth, Nov. 8. — Wheat — No. 1 hard, 78c; No. 1 Northern, 77 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 76c. Oats—No. 3 white, 32c.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—Wheat—No. 2 red, 74@75c; No. 2 hard, 73 1-4@75c; No. 1 Northern, 79@81c; No. 2 Northern, 75@79 1-2c. Oats—No. 2, 32 3-4c. Corn—No. 2, 45 3-4@46c.

Milwaukee, Nov. 8.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 79@80c; No. 2 Northern, 76@78c. Rye—No. 1, 65 1-2@66c. Barley—No. 2, 55@55 1-2c.

Chicago, Nov. 8. — Cattle — Beeves, $4@7.25; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.50; Westerns, $3.90@6.10. Hogs — Mixed and butchers, $5.90@6.35; bulk, $5.95@6.25. Sheep—$.75@5.60; lambs, $4.75@7.75.

Sioux City, Iowa, Nov. 8.—Cattle—Beeves—$4.25@6.25; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.50@4; stockers and feeders, $3@4; calves and yearlings, $2.50@3.75. Hogs—Bulk, $5.30@5.95.

South St. Paul, Nov. 8.—Cattle — Good to choice steers, $5.50@6.25; good to choice cows and heifers, $3.50@4.50. Hogs — Price range, $5.80@6; bulk, $5.80@5.95. Sheep — Good to choice lambs, $6.25@7; common to fair, $5.50@6; yearling wethers, $5.75@6.75.

Are Common Carriers.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Nov. 8.—That express companies doing business in the state are common carriers and subject to the orders of the South Dakota railroad commission is the substance of a decision by Judge Carland of the United States court in this city.

Moody Appointed Supreme Justice.

Washington, Nov. 8.—The president yesterday announced the appointment of Attorney General William M. Moody as justice of the supreme court, to succeed Justice Brown, who retired some time ago.

Slayer Given Four Years.

Vermillion, S. D., Nov. 8.—H. C. Edmunds was sentenced to four years at hard labor in the state prison for killing Willie J. Williams at Meckling two years ago, during an altercation over wages.

$200,000 Fire in Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—A fire that started in the molding plant of Angus & McKay, spread to several adjoining buildings before it was controlled, and caused a loss of $200,000.

OVERFLOW FROM THE WIRES.

Mrs. Esther M. Stannard, wife of Former Governor E. O. Stannard, died of neuralgia of the heart at her home in St. Louis.

The president has approved the report of the special committee which completely exonerated Gov. Frantz of Oklahoma of charges filed against him.

Merritt B. Otis, a farmer near Newman Grove, Neb., was choked to death by a windmill. His coat collar got caught in the gearing and he was dead when extricated.

Suit has been filed at New Orleans against the Standard Oil company to compel that corporation to take out and pay for license as hawker and peddler for the years 1903 to 1906, inclusive.

William Pennar was appointed postmaster at Ashby, Grant county, Minnesota, vice O. A. Norman, resigned. Also Rena J. Scofield at Hyde, Jerauld county, South Dakota, vice Anna F. Dill, resigned.

The four-story brick building occupied by the Harvest King Distilling company was destroyed by fire in Kansas City. Loss, $400,000.

Samuel Strother, formerly assistant prosecuting attorney of Kansas City, and George Sohle, an employe of the county, were arrested at Independence, Mo., on the charge of trying to bribe voters.

The board of directors of the Pennsylvania Railway company ordered an advance of 10 per cent in the wages of all employes receiving less than $200 a month. The increase goes into effect on Dec. 1.

NEGRO SOLDIERS ARE DISMISSED

PRESIDENT ORDERS DISHONORABLE DISCHARGE OF NEGRO BATTALION.

COL. PITCHER FACES TRIAL

REMARKS DEROGATORY TO COLORED MEN AS SOLDIERS, THE CAUSE.

Washington, Nov. 7.—Unprecedented in the history of the army of the United States is the action of the president, just announced, in dismissing in disgrace from that army an entire battalion of negro troops because of their failure to disclose the identity of some of their number who had been guilty of violence and murder.

As an evidence, however, of his intention to be fair to the negro troops, the president he accompanied this action by an order which may amount to the court-martial of a white army officer of high grade (Col. William L. Pitcher), who was charged with having cast slurs upon the colored troops.

The story of both actions is told in official correspondence made public yesterday by the military secretary.

ENTERS RIVER; SHOOTS SELF.

Man Ties Stones to Body to Make Sure He Will Drown.

Cloquet, Minn., Nov. 7.—Determined to make certain his attempt to end his existence, Philip Smith, aged sixty years, weighted his body with heavy stones, waded into the river at the dam a short distance northeast of here and fired a bullet into his head. Death was instantaneous.

HUNTERS FIRE ON WARDEN.

Chicago Nimrods Attack Wisconsin Game Warden.

Kenosha, Wis., Nov. 7. — Deputy Game Warden Kleist was fired on by five Chicago hunters on Lake Elizabeth. He says they attempted to drown him. One of his assailants was thrown into the lake in the struggle, but was rescued by Kleist, who arrested the party.

RICH WILL RAISE HOGS.

German Millionaires Take Radical Action to Get Fresh Meat.

Berlin, Nov. 7. — The aristocratic suburb of Charlottenburg, which contains, besides the royal palaces, residences of more millionaires than any city in Germany, is about to start a hog-rearing business on a big scale for the purpose of overcoming the hardships of the meat famine.

Casts His Vote at Oyster Bay.

New York, Nov. 7. — President Roosevelt went to Oyster Bay yesterday morning to vote. After casting his ballot he drove out to Sagamore Hill for a few minutes' visit, and then took a special train for Long Island City at 10:30 o'clock. He left for Washington at 1:20. A small party was with the president when he arrived at Oyster Bay.

Widow of Col. Allen Dead.

St. Paul, Nov. 7.—At 4 o'clock yesterday morning Mrs. Alvaren Allen, wife of the early proprietor of the Merchants hotel, laid down the burdens of life at the age of seventy-six, after a protracted illness of five years. She was conscious to the last and realized that the end had come.

Drift Two Days on Lake.

Chicago, Nov. 7. — After drifting about Lake Michigan since Sunday afternoon in a gasoline launch without gasoline, Louis W. Wright and William Thornton of Michigan City were picked up by the steamer Glenn and brought to this city.

Murdered for Money.

Dubuque, Iowa, Nov. 7.—The body of John Boland, a wealthy farmer, was found by his son in a ditch. The skull had been crushed. Ned West, a farm hand, was arrested on suspicion and later confessed to the murder of Boland.

Dog Saved His Life.

Sidney, Iowa, Nov. 7.—Attacked by a vicious boar and thrown into a corner, John Focht, a prosperous farmer residing near here, was saved from a horrible death by the timely interference of his dog.

Fight at the Polls.

St. Louis, Nov. 7.—After a brief but terrible fight, Joseph R. Hatton, a city detective, was arrested at a polling place in the Fifth ward, Seventh precinct, on a charge of attempting to vote twice.

Popcorn Kills Child.

Grand Forks, N. D., Nov. 7.—Archie McIntyre, aged twelve years, is dead from eating popcorn. Several days ago the lad ate some popcorn, and it appears that one of the hard kernels lodged in the stomach.

Co-eds as Kleptomaniacs.

Madison, Wis., Nov. 7.—Kleptomaniac "co-eds" in Chadbourne hall, University of Wisconsin, have been making periodical hauls. Pettey thievery is also reported in some of the sorority houses.

LOW RATES

FARM LOANS

We make Farm Loans at Lowest Rates of Interest with Optional Payments. If title is good you can get your money the same day you make application. We do business quick. No six weeks or months to wait. No deal is too large for us to handle nor too small for us to give its careful attention: : : : :

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Officers:
C. L. Hansen.......President
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K. O. Gigstad.......Cashier

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER.
9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar. Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar. Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.
10:10 am Lv.....St. Hilaire.....Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
A. J. McFarland, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"
and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of
THE FAMOUS
MATT. J. JOHNSON'S
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RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE
you are not satisfied with results.
This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.
For Sale and Guaranteed Only by
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SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING.
HIGH GRADE.

Automatic Lift.

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National Sewing Machine Co.
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Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.
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WORTH A DOLLAR
A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,
DENTIST
From Thief River Falls, makes regular visits to St. Hilaire Thursdays and Fridays at Dr. J. C. Cummings' office.

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES, Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes, postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Nov. 10, 1906.

Jacobson is now the logical republican candidate two years from now for governor.

North Dakota decided to try the Minnesota plan and have elected a democratic governor.

After the returns stop coming in Governor Johnson can take time to write his Thanksgiving proclamation.

In the light of subsequent events "Bob" Dunn don't seem to have been such an unpopular candidate as he did two years ago.

Governor Johnson will have about sixty thousand plurality and it looks as if they were still voting for him in many parts of the state.

Hearst, the yellow journalist, was defeated for governor of New York but he put up an awful big single-handed fight, and is by no means disposed of for good.

Minneapolis seems to like to have a change and as Mayor Jones made them behave they defeated him and elected Haynes, who is said to be a wide-open man. In fact, Minnie will not wear a lid next year.

McCleary, the stand-pat, high protective congressman from the Second district, is defeated. Let it be a warning to other congressmen. Minnesota is for tariff reform, while her congressmen are not. Others will have trouble unless the lesson is heeded.

Read the announcements of your merchants in your home paper. Many a dollar has been saved by a careful perusal of a merchant's ad. When a business man advertises for your patronage he not only has a line of goods that "speaks" but there may be some article or articles listed that you desire and that it may be advantageous to buy at this time.

Symptoms.

A physician was talking about his patient's symptoms.

"Young, strong people don't give me enough symptoms when they are ill," he said, "but the middle aged and the aged give me too many. Thinking about their health all the time, studying their condition all the time, the aged and the middle aged discover a symptom in every muscle, in every organ, in every limb. Thus they confuse me.

"The average sufferer of fifty or so will pour upon my head a deluge of symptoms like this:

"'Well, doctor, I'm miserable all over, feverish one minute, freezing the next. I've a gnawing pain in my hip and side and back and an all-gone sensation in the stomach, with a shooting, neuralgic headache over the left eye. I have a queer taste in my mouth, a dizziness when I stoop over and a dull ache up and down the right side, along with a kind of numbness. I cough a lot, my throat's sore, and I've the earache. Appetite's fair, but not what it should be. I have a feeling of lassitude, and I'm very weak. These are only a few of my main symptoms. To proceed, etc.'"—Exchange.

An Unruffled Spirit.

A contented spirit was Mrs. Snow's, so contended that at times her neighbors found it trying and took an unrighteous satisfaction in presenting any small thorns which might prick through her comfort.

"No, my Angie hasn't the measles," said Mrs. Snow one day. "Well, perhaps it seems strange she should escape the epidemic, but my children are unusually fortunate always in those respects. Of course I take the best of care of them, and, then, they inherit a tendency to throw off any germs. I anticipate no illness with Angie."

In spite of this the redoubtable Angie came down with measles a week later, and the inquiring friend again approached Mrs. Snow.

"Yes, dear Angie has the measles at last," said the contented mother. "Now most of the other children are well, and as the doctor has plenty of time to attend to her it really seemed an opportunity for Angie. I don't suppose there ever was a child on whom they came out more beautifully than on Angie. I tell the doctor I think he may well be proud of his little patient."—Youth's Companion.

At the Art Museum.

Her Husband—That statue isn't true to nature. His Wife—What's wrong with it? Her Husband—Why, it represents a woman sitting still, saying nothing.—Columbus Dispatch.

Is It?

Ethel—Mamma, what makes the lady dress all in black? Mamma—Because she is a sister of charity, dear. Ethel—Is charity dead, then?

Denver's First Stagecoach.

On the 17th of May, 1859, Denver turned out to welcome the first through coach of what was destined to grow into the "Overland Mail," an enterprise which for sheer American pluck and daring must be forever linked with the fame of the "Pony Express." Red shirts drifted to the outskirts of the hamlet and dotted the hills around. Hard faced bartenders made ready for the "hottest night that ever tore the camp loose." The artillery of holster and saddle boot was unlimbered for an ecstatic fusillade. There was lively betting in dust and nuggets that the first through stage had been gathered in by Indians, with takers as eager to stake their faith that the scalps of driver and guard would come through intact. At length a swirl of dust showed far down the trail. It grew into a yellow cloud that crept toward the eager hamlet. Then six mules, stretched out on the gallop, emerged from this curtain, and behind them was the lumbering, swaying stage, come safely through on time, and Denver was in touch with the world where men wore white shirts and lived in real houses. The cheers that roared a welcome to this heroic enterprise were echoed in every western town which hoped and longed for a link of its own with the home country, "way back east."—Outing Magazine.

The Polite Burman.

In the cities of Burma, where the natives have been long in contact with Europeans, says the author of "Burma, Painted and Described," they have lost some of their traditional politeness, but in the country districts old school courtesy is still the custom. An English gentleman who had bought a new pony was trying him out on a Burman road when the animal bolted and ran at top speed down a narrow road. In the way ahead was a native cart, in which was a family party out holiday making. The pony dashed into the back of the cart, threw his rider into the midst of the merrymakers and severely injured the Burman who was driving. Before the Englishman had an opportunity to explain his unexpected onslaught the Burman picked himself up and bowed low. "My lord, my lord," he said apologetically, "the cart should not have been there."

Inherited Memories.

A writer in the Nineteenth Century tells a strange story of "inherited memories." The ruins of an ancient Roman fortress rise from the grounds of a Mr. Phillips. A clergyman called upon the owner one day and asked to see the ruins. "He told me he had a distinct recollection of living there and that he held some office of a priestly nature in the days of the Roman occupation," said Mr. Phillips. "One fact struck me as significant. He insisted on examining a ruined tower which had bodily overturned. 'There used to be a socket in the top of it,' he went on, 'in which we used to plant a mast, and archers used to be hauled to the top in a basket protected with leather, from which they picked off the leaders among the ancient Gorlestonians.' We found the socket he had indicated."

When Paris Was Dirty.

It takes the labors of 4,000 to keep the city of Paris clean today, but in times past that capital did not care so much about the matter and was not always pleasing to look upon. In 1348 King John of France made the request that Parisians should not allow their pigs to roam the streets. Charles VI. (1368-1422) complained that the practice of throwing rubbish into the Seine made it a "great horror and an abomination to look upon." Until the seventeenth century everybody who could went about Paris on horseback in order to avoid contact with the filth of the streets. Various ordinances were made to compel the people to sweep the road before their own doors, but it was not until 1791 that the dust cart became an institution.

A Good Horse's Color.

A good horse cannot be a bad color, it is said. It is certain that Derby winners are not drawn from certain colors. Has a gray ever won the race, or a dun or a skewbald or a piebald? Has there ever been a thoroughbred of the latter type? Quite black thoroughbreds are rare, white still more so, gray uncommon even among the less exalted of public performers. The "Stud Book" would not bear out these statements where colors uncommon on the race course are described. The explanation is, of course, that the horse is there described as he appeared as a foal. An owner of a bay thoroughbred looked up the "Stud Book" to find his purchase pictured as a chestnut and complained to the men of whom he had bought the horse. The former owner assured him that the description was correct at the time it was entered. Other owners, less certain as to what color may appear when the first coat has been cast, have before now made such singular entries as "gray, roan or chestnut."—St. James' Gazette.

The Porcupine's Quills.

The spines are very loosely attached to the porcupine, and they are very sharp—as sharp as a needle, at the outer end. At almost the slightest touch they penetrate the nose of a dog or the clothing or flesh of a person touching the porcupine and stick there, coming away from the animal without any pull being required. The facility in catching hold with one end and letting go with the other has sometimes caused people to think that the spines had been thrown at them. The outer end of the spines, for some distance down, is covered with small barbs. These barbs cause a spine once imbedded in a living animal to keep working farther in with every movement of the muscles, so that it is not a pleasant thing to get stuck full of them.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford has an office at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, on the 8th day of every month. A red letter day to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

—Apples at Duntley's.

[illegible] Brought to Book at Last.

Tibble was a Scotch lass, hardworking and comely. She ruled over a grateful and suppressed family of New Englanders for eight years, and then announced her intention of marrying within six weeks.

"I suppose it is Rab whom you mean to marry, Tibbie?" asked her nominal mistress, referring to a tall, mild faced young Scotchman who had spent more or less time in Tibbie's spotless kitchen for the last three years.

"It is," announced Tibbie calmly. "Here he's been coming and sitting wi' me all these times and never a word o' merrying. So at long last I said to him, 'If you've no mind to tak me, Rab, ye can jist say so, and I'll spend nae more on bright ribbons to sit up wi' ye, but I'll tak' my money to buy one of those talking machines that plays tunes, after I've paid for a strip o' new oilcloth to cover the floor where you've worn out the old one, and then I'll tak' my releegious books and settle down in quiet.'

"Rabbie was so concerned at my drear prospects and the thoughts o' my savings he said he would ha'e me whenever I got ready."

Shooting Down the Alps on Skees.

The quest for a moral is provoked by a long list of skeeing accidents in the Alps. In itself the exercise can hardly be considered more perilous than skating, though the proportion of sprained ankles and twisted tendons is higher, but when the skeer skees a distance from his base and ventures upon unfamiliar ground there are at least three ways in which calamity is liable to befall him. On a glacier he may break through the snow bridge which he is trying to shoot and be buried in a crevasse. On the hillside he may skee violently down a steep place and, unable to arrest his pace, end by skeeing over a precipice. Almost anywhere, unless he knows the signs, he may skee in the tracks of an avalanche and be overwhelmed. Examples of each of these several kinds of disaster have lately been presented, and each of the disasters conveys a warning of which amateur skeers, whose name nowadays is legion, would do well to take a careful note.—London Graphic.

Sufficiently Identified.

She walked into a branch bank on upper Broadway and pushed a check through the paying teller's window.

"You will have to be identified," said he. "I don't know you, madam."

"You don't, eh?" said the woman, with fire in her eye. "Aren't you the father of the Smith family that has a flat in the Pileremin apartments?"

"Y-e-s."

"Well, I am the red headed janitress that your wife's always complaining about. When you left home this morning I heard you say: 'Emily, if our children get fighting with that old fury in the basement don't quarrel with her. Wait till I get home and let me talk with her.' Now, if you think you can get the best of an argument with"—

"Here's your money, madam," said the paying teller. And she took it and went.—Everybody's Magazine.

Where Lincoln Put the Whetstone.

A soldier at whose house when a boy Lincoln paused in his tramps in Illinois and who lent him a whetstone to sharpen his jackknife met him during the war in Washington. Lincoln remembered the incident and spoke of the use of the whetstone.

"Ya-a-s," drawled out the old soldier, "whatever did you do with the whetstone? I never could find it. We 'lowed mebbe you took it along with you." "No, no! I put it on top of the gatepost—that high one." "Mebbe you did. Nobody else could have reached it, and none of us ever thought to look there for it." There it was found where it was placed fifteen years before. The soldier reported the fact to the president.

Why He Wanted a Pass.

When Jim Fisk was in his glory as a railroad magnate one day he was greatly annoyed by people asking for passes over his road for all sorts of reasons. He was well worked up when a seedy looking individual asked for a pass and asked sharply, "On what grounds do you ask for a pass?"

The applicant replied, "Because I do not want to pay my fare."

Fisk called a clerk and said to him: "Give this man a pass to anywhere and return. He is the first man that has told the truth today."—Boston Herald.

A Couple of Bulls.

On the edge of a small river in County Cavan, Ireland, is a stone with this inscription: "When this stone is out of sight it is not safe to ford the river." But this is even surpassed by the famous post erected some years ago by the surveyors of the Kent (England) roads: "This is the bridle path to Faversham. If you can't read this you had better keep to the main road."

Right of Way In New York.

Most people in New York think Uncle Sam's mail wagons are supreme. They are not. The hospital ambulance comes first. Life is more sacred than mail, and when the ambulance gong gongs clear the track. Next in importance is the fire engine. Property is more important than mail, and when the engine toots and the bells ring clear the way. Then the mail wagons, which have precedence over everything but the ambulance and fire engine. This is settled by city ordinance.—New York Press.

—Carload of apples at Duntley's.

Earthquakes.

Among the many strange relationships which earthquakes hold to various natural phenomena there is possibly one between the times of their occurrence and of irregularities in the revolution of the world. For many years it has been observed that there are slight but irregular changes in latitude, or, in other words, the axis of our earth does not always point in the same direction. The pole wanders about in a mean position, sometimes in a path that is nearly circular, while at others it appears to be exceedingly irregular and even retrograde. The world top is not spinning truly, but it slightly wabbles. When the change in direction of its axis is sharp large earthquakes have been frequent. If a swiftly moving body is, so to speak, compelled to turn a corner, that it should be subjected to strains which might result in yielding is easily conceivable. Regarded from this point of view, the times at which strata in seismic strain give way are to some extent governed by erratic movements in the rotation of our sphere. The earthquake and the wabble may, however, be due to a common cause, and the question therefore is one which requires closer examination.—John Milne in National Review.

Inconveniently Tall.

The mayor of one of the communes of Augers had ordered a gamekeeper and a butcher to take a madman named Legrand to the St. Gemines lunatic asylum. On the way the gamekeeper noticed that their charge was in one of his lucid intervals and concluded that he would never consent to be handed over to the authorities. It was decided, therefore, to make him drunk, and all three adjourned to the nearest inn. Legrand took his liquor kindly. So did the others. And when the trio arrived at the asylum the governor could not make head or tail of their story. He therefore wired to the mayor, asking him which was the man who was to be detained. The mayor replied Legrand, but the telegraphist spelled it in two words, "Le grand" (the tall one). The governor, on examining the three men, saw that one was much taller than the others, so he promptly clapped him into a strait waistcoast and sent the other two away. It was three days later before the error was discovered.

A Sad Picture.

At Varzin once, after sitting for some time sunk in profound reflection, Bismarck lamented that he had derived but small pleasure or satisfaction from his political activity, but, on the other hand, much vexation, anxiety and trouble. He had, he said, made no one happy by it, neither himself, his family nor any one else, "but probably," he continued, "many unhappy. Had it not been for me there would have been three great wars the less, the lives of 80,000 men would not have been sacrificed and many parents, brothers, sisters and widows would not now be mourners."—"Bismarck's Table Talk."

The first Lombary poplar in America was planted by Michaux in 1785.

The Banker's Child.

The Daily Press, of Macon, Mo., says: "The Banker's Child," is a beautiful heart story enlivened with sparkling comedy and is a play which when well staged, as it is by this company, could not do otherwise than appeal to the heart of any theatre-going person. Little Miss Hazel Shannon, with the cleverness of any grown person takes the part of "Stella" known as "The Banker's Child," a part well fitted for just such a little star as she is. The entire company is well balanced. The specialties, of which they have many, are all of the highest class, deserving of the three encores they received.

At Imperial hall, St. Hilaire, Friday evening, Nov. 16th.

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CHURCH SUPPERS AND SOCIETY DINNERS
IMPORTED JAPANESE NAPKINS
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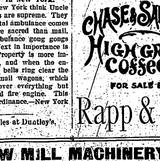

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Write for our Catalogue B, Free. It will pay you.
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BETTER BREAD
and MORE OF IT.
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WE PURCHASE ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
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The BEER for YOU is Hamm's
"NEW BREW"
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ST. PAUL, MINN.

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For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

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I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in touch with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commission. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

If you want to buy land write me at once. I have snaps from $4.00 to $150.00 an acre. HOMES, INVESTMENTS, SNAPS. Where do you want to buy? What do you want? I have it at prices that are right. "No trades."

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

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A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D. Patterson	Councilmen
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L. Holmes	Treasurer

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Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
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Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows' Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.

Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

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Phillips' Steam Laundry,
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Next door to Hotel Markham.

Farmers Store

Hello! Mrs. Jones; where are you heading for so early this morning? Why, can't you guess? I am going to the Farmers Store. He is giving a special sale for next week on......

CLOTHING

Mackinaws worth $2.50 now $1.85
" " $3.25 " 2.50
" " $4.00 " 3.00
" " $5.00 " 4.00

DRESS SUITS
For Men and Boys.
Those worth $12.50 going at $9.50
" " $15.00 " " 12.00

Children's Winter Suits
Those worth $4.50 going at $2.50
" " $3.00 going at 2.00

Men's all-wool Pants worth $3.00 go at $2.25; on some less than that
Woolen Winterwear, the same kind you have to pay $3 at other places will be sold for $2.50.
Sweaters worth $1 and $1.25, at 75c.
Ladies' Wrappers worth $1.50 and $1.75 go at 90c.
Warm Shoes and Leggings and Caps at prices you will be surprised at if you come and see.

Yours for Business,
Henry Goergen

THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

Mrs. W. A. Arthur left last week for Prince Albert, Canada.

Mrs. O. F. Post was a Thief River Falls visitor yesterday.

A. M. Edstrom was a business visitor at Warren last Monday.

—Look up the bargains at the Farmers' Store in another column.

The rains the past week have made the roads almost impassable.

E. M. Hoff made a short business trip to Crookston last Thursday evening.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

A. S. Wilson spent last Thursday at Thief River Falls, attending to business.

E. R. Evans was a Crookston visitor last Tuesday evening on a business mission.

We are having much better weather than we usually have at this time of the year.

Tom Morris, the well known Crookston jeweler, was a business visitor here last Thursday.

Pat Sullivan the Grand Forks Lumber company foreman, was a visitor here last Thursday.

Mrs. Ovide Emard, of Red Lake Falls visited with Mrs. H. E. Ives yesterday afternoon.

Manager Severtson of the Red Lake Falls Milling company, was a business visitor here on Wednesday.

N. E. Beebe and C. H. Martz were at Crookston on Thursday attending a sale of fancy stock, returning home yesterday.

Andy Clark, who has been at St. Vincent hospital in Crookston with typhoid fever for several weeks past, returned yesterday.

Christ Hall, who has been working at Crookston in the saw mill, returned home on Wednesday, the mill having closed for the season.

The open season for hunting big game in Minnesota opens today. It is to be hoped that more deer will be killed than hunters this year.

Gust E. Hanson, of Rocksbury, returned last Wednesday from Prince Albert, Canada, where he has been spending the past couple months.

Rev. Borge, of Decorah, Iowa, treasurer of the Norwegian Lutheran church, was here last Tuesday in company with Rev. Aastad, of Thief River Falls.

There will be services in the Swedish Mission church next Thursday at 8 o'clock p.m., also Sunday, Nov. 18th, at 10:30 a.m. August Roadfelt, Pastor.

In every clime its colors are unfurled
Its fame has spread from sea to sea;
Be not surprised if in the other world,
You hear of Rocky Mountain Tea.
Imperial Drug Co.

J. C. Demers and family returned from Crookston last Tuesday and will spend the winter here. Mr. Demers had been employed in the saw mill at Crookston.

The Ladies' Sewing society of the Norwegian Synod church will meet with Mrs. Peter Simonson next Wednesday, Nov. 14, at 2 p. m. All the ladies are cordially invited.

Martin E. Hoff came back from North Dakota last Monday to be here in time to vote. He has been assigned to Red Lake county by his company, so will work near home in the future.

Rev. T. A. Haugen, of Drayton, N.D., preached his initial sermon in the United Norwegian Lutheran church last Thursday evening. He will reside here permanently after January 1st.

Thief River News: One of the peculiar things of the election is that Ecklund, a man who has left the county and never visited Thief River Falls during the campaign, should have received more votes here than Linnihan, who had a number of supporters and within four as many votes as Jeffers, who has been campaigning here for the past month and has worked hard to line up the voters here.

Your stomach churns and digests the food you eat and if foul, or torpid, or out of order, your whole system suffers from blood poison. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea keeps you well. Imperial Drug Co.

—I will pay 9 cents per pound for green hides, 8c per pound for old rubbers and $3.50 per ton for old iron delivered at Holmes' elevator. Will be there every Friday. Ole Mathson.

The village council held an important meeting last Wednesday evening and took steps toward securing a contract from the lumber company for the waterpower for the proposed electric light plant.

Jens Nelson, J. G. Prior and Chas. Fellman left yesterday afternoon for the reservation where they will do some big game hunting for the next few days. File your orders for venison early as there is likely to be a shortage.

Wanted—Salesmen for accident and health insurance; endowment policy; indemnity for injury to beneficiary. Liberal contract; chance for advancement. Write Woodmen Mut. Casualty Co., Minneapolis. ns

H. D. Pettibone, formerly manager of the mill here but now in charge of the sales for the Crookston Lumber company at Chicago, was a visitor here last Thursday. Mr. Pettibone has many friends here who will be pleased to learn that he is very successful in his new field.

W. A. Arthur came down from Prince Albert, Canada, last Sunday evening and drove to Crookston on Monday, where he made final proof on his reservation claim. Mr. Arthur expects to return to Prince Albert in a few days, where he is running a large mill boarding house.

Taken as directed, it becomes the greatest curative agent for the relief of suffering humanity ever devised. Such is Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Courier: The Red Lake Falls creamery closed last Saturday for the winter. The past season has been a most successful one for the management with more patrons and better market for the output than ever before. The only regret is that it could not have been kept open during the winter.

Crookston Times: A rather unusual adoption was that of Miss Lydia Krake by Marquis D. Wallace as the quardian is a widower 65 years old and "child" adopted is a young lady of 33. The case was filed in the clerk of court's office Tuesday. It is very seldom that adoptions occur in cases like this, when the person reaches maturity. It seems that Miss Krake is the house-keeper for Mr. Wallace who is a widower. The petition also "prays that the name of the child be changed from Lydia Krake to Lydia Wallace" and the petition was granted by the court.

More Expert Help Secured.

The Crookston College has secured W. A. Buckner as one of the instructors in telegraphy. Mr. Buckner has had several years' experience in telegraph schools and has been dispatcher with the G. N. for seven years. Prof. Sathre says there are 25 positions for operators on the railroads today that he cannot fill.

Severson Located.

Olavus Severson, who has been missing for the past two months and who was thought to have met with foul play at Thief River Falls, has at last been heard from. He writes President O'Brien that he is now on his claim in the Saskatchewan country in Canada and that he has been sick but is now much improved. He deplores the fact that he gave his friends and relatives cause for alarm.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the village council of St. Hilaire held at the village hall November 7, 1906, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by President O'Brien.

All members present.

Minutes of last regular and special meetings read and on motion accepted.

The following bills were allowed in full:

Crookston Lbr Co., lumber	$ 20 24
D Patterson, 10,130 lbs coal	49 40
J S Roy, work	20 00
Christ Bjerk, work	1 50
Carl Johnson, repairing	50
St Hilaire Fire Dept, services at Foss fire	25 50
John Hegseth, work	19 12
K O Gigstad, clerk at special and general elections	8 80
D Patterson, work as per bill	35 45
H E Ives, 2 yrs sal as health officer	8 00
A F Ittner, clerk at special and general elections	5 80
Rapp & Post, as per bill	8 10
A S Wilson, as per bill	12 45
E M Hoff, as per bill	15 45

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'Brien,
Pres.
K. O. Gigstad,
Clerk.

The County Candidate.

When the rural editor plunges into politics he knows how it is and he knows how to tell the boys about it, as is shown by the following lightsome little song clipped from the columns of a country exchange:

"When the sap begins to rise and the geese begin to mate, we hear the gentle carol of the county candidate. O, he's a jolly fellow and full of vain conceits, and sees a bosom friend in every man he meets. He asks about your family, your horses and your hogs, and shows a friendly interest in the children and the dogs. O, he's a jolly gentlemen, as gamesome as a lamb, as blithsome as a meadow lark and happy as a clam. His prospects are the brightest and his chances they are sure, and he spends his money freely and he helps the needy poor. He goes to church on Sunday and his pious traits appear, but when it's necessary he will then set up the beer. O, he's a sanguine, buoyant duck, the jocunt candidate, he starts out early in the morn and stays until its late. His patient wife unlocks the door, and with a look of pain she says: 'You needn't lie to me, your leg's been pulled again.'"

THE ELECTION.

It is not possible for us at this writing to give the exact result of the vote in this county last Tuesday. Enough is known, however, to insure the election of the following candidates:

Auditor—John B. O'Brien.
Treasurer—O. T. Tandberg.
Register of Deeds—E. L. Quist.
Sheriff—Lewis A. Nelson.
Judge of Probate—N. W. Tarrant.
County Attorney—Thos. Germo.
Clerk of Court—C. W. Johnson.
Court Commissioner—S. T. Johnson.
Supt. of Schools—H. T. McAnulty.

NOTES.

O'Brien's majority is reported to be in the neighborhood of three hundred.

Thief River Falls' candidates were all elected except two—Stanton and K. M. Hanson.

Only one lone democrat remains—"Nick" Tarrant for judge of probate.

The latest for governor in this county was: Johnson, 1489; Cole 616, with several outlying precincts to hear from.

The general opinion here seems to be that Tom Germo, with assistance of Dr. Tupper, won his election right here at the rally last Monday night. If Tom is possessed with a spirit of fairness he will send the doctor a check for last Monday night's expenses.

For the first time in the history of Red Lake county a St. Hilaire man will hold a county office.

St. Hilaire:

217 ballots were cast; 129 male and 88 female. All of the amendments carried heavily.

Governor—		
	Cole	52
	Johnson	49
	Dorsett	3
	Lofthus	17
Lieutenant-Governor—		
	Eberhart	70
	Pendergaast	28
	Lokensgaard	10
Secretary of State—		
	Schmahl	71
	Magnusson	29
	Hendricks	6
State Auditor—		
	Iverson	80
	Aarnes	21
State Treasurer—		
	Dinehart	75
	Evans	22
	Kolu	21
Attorney General—		
	Young	82
	Dwan	22
Chief Justice Supreme court—		
	Start	92
Clerk Supreme Court—		
	Pidgeon	80
	Wheaton	22
Railroad and Warehouse Com'r—		
	Staples	69
	Schaefer	21
	Heiberg	12
Member of Congress—		
	Steenerson	92
	Boen	27
State Senator—		
	Hanson	95
Representative—		
	Opsahl	95
County Auditor—		
	O'Brien	103
	Ford	23
County Treasurer—		
	Tandberg	46
	Hansen	78
Register of Deeds—		
	Quist	59
	Jeffers	64
Sheriff—		
	Nelson	56
	Linnihan	66
Judge of Probate—		
	Eckstrom	37
	Tarrant	79
County Attorney—		
	Germo	94
	Stanton	28
County Surveyor—		
	Wood	101
Coroner—		
	Belair	5
Clerk of Court—		
	C.W. Johnson	66
	Perrault	55
Court Commissioner—		
	Paul	79
	S. T. Johnson	36
Supt. of Schools—		
	Richards	78
	McAnulty	130
Commissioner 3rd District—		
	Aubol	107

Big Profit in Bees.

Hendrum Review: Dr. Hanson says that each one of his five hives of bees have produced honey this season worth about $15, or a total of $75. In an average year, with the wholesale prices at 12½c per comb, the hives—or colonies—should bring about $12 each. Of course the village is exceptionally rich in white clover and fruit blossoms, and not many bees to work on them, so the returns might not be so large everywhere, but it looks as though half a dozen hives on each farm might prove profitable. There is a large amount of basswood along the rivers, and the clover fields are getting more extensive every year—these are two of the principal sources of honey.

Bee keeping requires about 10 per cent of work and 90 per cent of knowing how to do it.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

—Get your supply of apples at Duntley's.

THE LAST GUN.

There was a democratic rally advertised to take place at Imperial hall last Monday night. The Red Lake Falls band was present and furnished a lot of their usual first-class music which was greatly appreciated by all who were present. Aside from the music the meeting started off rather tamely. Speeches were made by Jeffers, Ford, Germo, Richards and King, when Thief River Falls broke into the meeting. For a starter D. P. O'Neil made a short speech, and then came the feature of the evening—Dr. Tupper. He spoke for nearly an hour and until he was called upon to quit and succeeded in stirring things up in an alarming manner. He was answered by Germo and Cox and it was about the best entertainment we have had for a long time. Both Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls were well represented and it was a night we will all long remember.

While the meeting was supposed to be a democratic one it wound up as a good lively county seat fight. State Librarian John E. King was the presiding officer—no St. Hilaire man being found who had nerve enough to try and handle the crowd. The prevailing opinion is that the Thief River Falls interference did more to elect Germo than anything else as he gained largely here and in the surrounding towns.

Highway Manners.

It is generally understood and agreed that when two teams meet on the highway each swerves to the right, where only a single track exists, in order to grant each one-half of the right of way. But it is not so generally known, or recognized, that if a team coming up behind another wishes to go ahead the team in the lead must surrender half the road just as if they were coming from opposite directions. A thoughtful and kindly disposed driver recognizes the rights of others by either keeping in the lead, or slowing up where those behind may pass comfortably; while the thoughtless or heedless person will do neither, but act in a tantalizing manner. And it is well that there are pre-requisites in this regard which cannot be safely ignored—provided the violator of such a breach of road etiquette is occasionally made an example of by someone public spirited enough to undertake it. A writer on this subject recently said:

"When you are driving along and a team comes up behind, don't imagine that you are justified in whipping up and crowding the team attempting to go around out on rough edge or into the ditch. You perhaps have the right to race with the party attempting to go around, but you must give half the road or you will pay the damage in case of accident. The road does not belong to any one man, and the man who comes up behind knows the gait as well as you do. If he wants to travel faster than you, he has a right to go ahead, and if you prevent him from exercising that right you are liable for prosecution for obstructing the public highway."—Farm Stock & Home.

An Old Relic.

Last month the crew of a Delaware river clam-dredger, found a china urn bearing the inscription: "Presented by the City of Philadelphia to the Constitution, 1796." The old battleship Constitution, after she had been painted and polished, will probably receive this long-lost property, and it will be displayed among her other relics. Many years have gone by since golden grain belt beer was first brewed, and during these years it has built up a reputation for purity and healthfulness which has made it the ideal home beverage. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Flour!
Flour!

We have just received direct from their Minneapolis mills, a car load of.........
Washburn-Crosby's
Gold Medal
...FLOUR...
Now is the time to lay in your winter's supply while the price is low.........
Every bag guaranteed to be as good as any kind money can buy.
GIVE US A CALL
M. L. HANSON

We will have something to say in this space next week..................
Rapp & Post

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

Established, 1895
Incorporated 1899
Crookston College
Eight Teachers..
Oldest,
Largest,
Cheapest,
Best.
Eight Courses....
Send for Catalog. Address:
J. C. SATHRE,
Free Car Fare. CROOKSTON, MINN.

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

Ask for a Ticket East on the Pioneer Limited
Insist that it read from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago on The Pioneer Limited or one of the other fast trains of the
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.
The Pioneer Limited leaves Minneapolis at 8:00 p.m. and St. Paul at 8:35 p.m. Arrives Union Station, Chicago, 8:55 a.m. the next day. Four other fast trains to Chicago daily. Compartment and standard sleepers with "longer, wider and higher berths," dining car, observation-library car, chair car and coach.
W. B. DIXON,
Northwestern Passenger Agent,
365 Robert St., ST. PAUL.

FROM GIRLHOOD TO WOMANHOOD

Mothers Should Watch the Development of Their Daughters—Interesting Experiences of Misses Borman and Mills.

MATILDA BORMAN
MYRTLE MILLS

Every mother possesses information which is of vital interest to her young daughter.

Too often this is never imparted or is withheld until serious harm has resulted to the growing girl through her ignorance of nature's mysterious and wonderful laws and penalties.

Girls' over-sensitiveness and modesty often puzzle their mothers and baffle physicians, as they so often withhold their confidence from their mothers and conceal the symptoms which ought to be told to their physician at this critical period.

When a girl's thoughts become sluggish, with headache, dizziness or a disposition to sleep, pains in back or lower limbs, eyes dim, desire for solitude; when she is a mystery to herself and friends, her mother should come to her aid, and remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will at this time prepare the system for the coming change, and start this trying period in a young girl's life without pain or irregularities.

Hundreds of letters from young girls and from mothers, expressing their gratitude for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished for them, have been received by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., at Lynn, Mass.

Miss Mills has written the two following letters to Mrs. Pinkham, which will be read with interest:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— (First Letter.)

"I am but fifteen years of age, am depressed, have dizzy spells, chills, headache and backache, and as I have heard that you can give helpful advice to girls in my condition, I am writing you."—Myrtle Mills, Oquawka, Ill.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— (Second Letter.)

"It is with the feeling of utmost gratitude that I write to you to tell you what your valuable medicine has done for me. When I wrote you in regard to my condition I had consulted several doctors, but they failed to understand my case and I did not receive any benefit from their treatment. I followed your advice, and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and am now healthy and well, and all the distressing symptoms which I had at that time have disappeared."—Myrtle Mills, Oquawka, Ill.

Miss Matilda Borman writes Mrs. Pinkham as follows:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Before taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound my periods were irregular and painful, and I always had such dreadful headaches.

"But since taking the Compound my headaches have entirely left me, my periods are regular, and I am getting strong and well. I am telling all my girl friends what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—Matilda Borman, Farmington, Iowa.

If you know of any young girl who is sick and needs motherly advice, ask her to address Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and tell her every detail of her symptoms, and to keep nothing back. She will receive advice absolutely free, from a source that has no rival in the experience of woman's ills, and it will, if followed, put her on the right road to a strong, healthy and happy womanhood.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound holds the record for the greatest number of cures of female ills of any medicine that the world has ever known. Why don't you try it?

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Makes Sick Women Well.

Enameline NO DUST DIRT SLOP SPILL NO SMOKE SMELL MUSS OR SPATTER

STOVE POLISH

THE CANADIAN WEST IS THE BEST WEST

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

The testimony of thousands during the past year is that the Canadian West is the best West. Year by year the agricultural returns have increased in volume and in value, and still the Canadian Government offers 160 acres FREE to every bona fide settler.

Some of the Advantages

The phenomenal increase in railway mileage—main lines and branches—has put almost every portion of the country within easy reach of churches, schools, markets, cheap fuel and every modern convenience.

The NINETY MILLION BUSHEL WHEAT CROP of this year means $60,000,000 to the farmers of Western Canada, apart from the results of other grains and cattle.

For advice and information address the SUPERINTENDENT OF IMMIGRATION, Ottawa, Canada, or any authorized Government Agent.

E. T. HOLMES, 325 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

MY BACK

is so lame, is a common complaint.

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment

Rubbed on Briskly

removes all lameness and soreness of muscles, and quickly heals cuts, burns, scalds, bites and bruises. Established 1810. 25c., three times as much 50c. All dealers. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

YOU CANNOT

CURE

all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions of the mucous membrane such as nasal catarrh, uterine catarrh caused by feminine ills, sore throat, sore mouth or inflamed eyes by simply dosing the stomach.

But you surely can cure these stubborn affections by local treatment with

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

which destroys the disease germs, checks discharges, stops pain, and heals the inflammation and soreness.

Paxtine represents the most successful local treatment for feminine ills ever produced. Thousands of women testify to this fact. 50 cents at druggists.

Send for Free Trial Box

THE R. PAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.

SPALDING'S ATHLETIC LIBRARY.

The Standard Athletic Library of the World. Each book complete in itself. Boys can become proficient in any particular sport by studying the text of any one of these books. Price, each book, 10 cents.

No. 102—Indian Clubs and Dumb Bells. No. 162—Boxing Guide. No. 166—How to Swing Indian Clubs. No. 185—Health Hints. No. 200—Dumb Bells. No. 209—How to Become a Skater. No. 213—285 Health Answers. No. 214—Graded Calisthenics and Dumb Bell Drills. No. 233—Jiu Jitsu. No. 234—School Tactics and Maze Running. No. 236—How to Wrestle. No. 237—Association Foot Ball. No. 238—Muscle Building. No. 246—Athletic Training for Schoolboys. No. 249—How to Become a Bowler. No. 260—Official Basket Ball Guide for Women. No. 261—Tensing Exercises. No. 263—Ice Hockey and Ice Polo. No. 273—The Olympic Games at Athens, 1906. No. 275—Official Foot Ball Guide. No. 276—Golf Guide and How to Play Golf. No. 280—Official Basket Ball Guide. Price, per book, 10 cents. For sale by dealers, or sent by mail.

Every boy should send a postal card and receive FREE a fully illustrated and interesting catalogue of Sports.

A. G. SPALDING & BROS.

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CREAM

WE PAY CASH

THE CRESCENT CREAMERY CO

ST. PAUL, MINN.

N. W. N. U. —NO. 45— 1906.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Guy H. Bryan, Plankinton, S. D., lawn mower; Ono B. Emerson, Waterville, Minn., car seal; Frank W. Greene and O. B. Emerson, Waterville, Minn., car seal; Hadfield E. Johnson, Axel, Minn., cotton chopper; Henry Keller, Sauk Center, Minn., wagon stake; Henry C. Lyon, Howard Lake, Minn., hammer; William H. Thompson, Fairmount, N. D., smut machine.

Unkind.

Lily—A man just went by in an automobile. He looked at me and said: "What a beautiful woman."

Juliette—Heavens! He must have been going fast!

CANADA LAND ON CROP PAYMENTS. Wild and improved, in Manitoba and Saskatchewan. Agents wanted. Urquhart Land Co., 550 Endicott, St. Paul.

The common task makes the uncommon hero.

Ship us your cream. Write for tags and prices. FADDEN CREAMERY CO., Minneapolis, Minn.

Many a cross disposition is mistaken for a divine cross.

TURKEYS WANTED, also Veal and Chickens. C. J. Ertz, 30-32-34 E. 3rd St. (Oldest house in St. Paul.)

Many a soul has chosen real sin because chastised for imaginary ones.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The bitter tongue sends most of its poison back into its own heart.

Kemp's Balsam

Will stop any cough that can be stopped by any medicine and cure coughs that cannot be cured by any other medicine.

It is always the best cough cure. You cannot afford to take chances on any other kind.

KEMP'S BALSAM cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, grip, asthma and consumption in first stages.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

Brent Good

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

New Count Necessary.

Of a political transaction that had a suspicious look, Senator Beveridge said:

"Though in the thing there is nothing on which we can lay our hand, it certainly appears fishy. It reminds me of a Washington waiter.

"A gentleman, after eating a good dinner, said to the waiter:

"'I am sorry I can't give you a tip, but I find I have only just money enough to pay your bill.'

"The waiter seized the bill hurriedly.

"'Just let me add it up again, sir,' he muttered."

When a man meets a doctrine that does not square with his living he calls it "dogmatism."

Nothing makes a man feel more important than his ability to answer the questions of a small boy.

Probably the average man wouldn't have any earthly use for his neighbors if he didn't have an ax that needed grinding occasionally.

Few tips come to the waiter who sits down and waits.

There are some men, who if they were drowning, would wait for a quarter-sawed board.

Fortunate.

Bettina—Lately I've had such wonderful luck! My last cook stayed with me six months and my last husband one year!

The Ideal Family Laxative.

is one that can be used by the entire family, young and old, weak and strong, without any danger of harmful effects. It should have properties which insure the same dose always having the same effect, otherwise the quantity will have to be increased and finally lose its effect altogether. These properties can be found in that old family remedy, Brandreth's Pills, because its ingredients are of the purest herbal extracts, and every pill is kept for three years before being sold, which allows them to mellow. We do not believe there is a laxative on the market that is so carefully made.

Brandreth's Pills are the same fine laxative tonic pills your grandparents used. They have been in use for over a century and are for sale everywhere, either plain or sugar-coated.

You are not likely to do much in the world until you learn to do without much.

TURKEYS WANTED, also Veal and Chickens. C. J. Ertz, 30-32-34 E. 3rd St. (Oldest house in St. Paul.)

You cannot chase away this world's gloom with a cast iron smile.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

GOTHAM CITY OF BLONDS.

Traveling Man Always Knows When He Is Nearing New York.

"I can always tell when I am getting into New York by the way the blondes begin to thicken," said a traveling man to a Press reporter. "When I am away out in the country districts visiting the small towns the sight of a real blonde is rare. The hair of the majority of the country maids is dark, though I pass an occasional light-colored or red head on the streets. Their hair is often arranged becomingly, but never with a Marcel wave. Their complexions never have the steamed appearance of the city belle, but are fresh and wholesome.

"But day after day as I get nearer New York the lemon-rind blonde begins to crop up. She boards the train bound for New York from the little town where she probably has been visiting the home folk of other relatives and her thoughts probably turn once more to the quick lunch, chewing gum and dignity, or to her place third from the right in the second row of the chorus.

"The dark haired sisters begin to melt away the closer the train gets to the city, so that by the time the outskirts of New York are sighted the dark crop has given away entirely to the peroxide fairy with the rippling Marcel wave and the adjustable waist line. I had heard about blonde being the proper thing for hair, but I thought is was a comic paper joke till I took to the road. One thing certain—New York is the city of blondes."

HARD TO SEE.

Even When the Facts About Coffee Are Plain.

It is curious how people will refuse to believe what one can clearly see.

Tell the average man or woman that the slow but cumulative poisonous effect of caffeine—the alkaloid in tea and coffee—tends to weaken the heart, upset the nervous system and cause indigestion, and they may laugh at you if they don't know the facts.

Prove it by science or by practical demonstration in the recovery of coffee drinkers from the above conditions, and a large per cent. of the human family will shrug their shoulders, take the drugs and—keep on drinking coffee or tea.

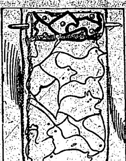
"Coffee never agreed with me, nor with several members of our household," writes a lady. It enervates, depresses and creates a feeling of languor and heaviness. It was only by leaving off coffee and using Postum that we discovered the cause and cure of these ills.

"The only reason, I am sure, why Postum is not used altogether to the exclusion of ordinary coffee is, many persons do not know and do not seem willing to learn the facts and how to prepare this nutritious beverage. There's only one way—according to directions—boil it fully 15 minutes. Then it is delicious." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

CUTS CAKE WITHOUT WASTE.

New Jersey Man Has Devised Roller Which Also Forms Figures.

To design a cake cutter which will cut out cakes without wasting considerable dough, would seem almost impossible. A New Jersey man seems to have accomplished it sufficiently in a very simple manner. The illustration shows his cake cutter, which will simultaneously cut out numerous figures of various shapes from



Each Blade Forms a Figure.

a sheet of dough in such a manner as to leave no intervening or waste portions, thus reducing wasteage to a minimum.

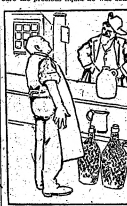
On a large roller he secures a series of blades, which are shaped to form the figures desired. The designs are arranged on the roller so that after running it over a sheet of dough the designs will be continuous, like a sheet of wall paper. The adjacent edges of the figures meet, leaving no waste dough between them. The necessity of removing intervening portions is avoided, the amount of dough not cut into cakes being reduced to a minimum.

HIS EXCUSE FOR WHISKY.

Mountaineer May Have Meant to Use It as Soothing Sirup.

It was about the time, in the early '30's, when the town of North Adams, Mass., began to stir itself to place some restriction on the sale of liquor by placing a tax on the dealer. Liquor was sold at the store as commonly as vinegar and kerosene.

The feeling began to grow that the grocery saloon must go, and when a customer came into a store to procure the precious liquid he was some-



Wanted a Gallon for the Baby.

times called upon to make an excuse or apology. There were some interesting excuses offered, and one in particular is told of a mountaineer who went into Brayton's store, and laying down his jug on the counter, said:

"Squire, I want a gallon of whisky, the baby is sick."

Grew Through a Brick.

Mr. John Oliver, a South Carolina planter, has a wonderful curiosity on his farm. It is a sycamore tree three feet high, which has actually penetrated through a solid brick, simply by the force of its own growth and come through healthy on the other side. It seems that the brick was imbedded solidly into the top of the soil, and that a seed was buried some inches beneath it. When the seed put forth a sturdy sprout it slowly, week by week, ground its way through the resisting sand and clay of the brick and finally emerged on the top side.

Greenback in a Sandwich.

"He's got my $10 bill in that sandwich, and that's a fact," complained the proprietor of a lunch counter in Pittsburg to a special policeman the other day. Raglan sold the sandwich for five cents and was tendered the bill while inserting a juicy piece of sausage between the halves of a bun. He was excited, for trade was brisk. So he thrust the folded bill into the sandwich with the sausage. He doesn't know whether his customer lunched on the money, but he does know that it was not returned.

EIGHT MONTHS UNDER SNOW.

Pansies Kept Green and Fresh Through Alaskan Winter.

The first snows of last September caught the pansy bed at the experiment station in full bloom. This spring when the snow disappeared the plants were found green and fresh looking, with buds and half-open blossoms showing in their natural purples and yellows. A week later the buds began to open. The blossoms though a trifle smaller than normal are perfect in shape and color, and show no evidence of their eight months' hibernation.

This is especially remarkable, in view of the fact that the past winter was the coldest ever recorded on the Yukon. Readers will remember that the record for the first 23 days in January showed an average minimum of more than 50 degrees below zero.—Rampart News.

Burns.

In treating all kinds of burns it is important to exclude the outside air as soon as possible.

THEY CURE RHEUMATISM

A Particularly Painful Form of This Disease Yields to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Of the many forms which rheumatism takes, that which is popularly known as sciatic rheumatism probably tortures its victim more than any other. That Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured this stubborn as well as painful trouble is a fact proven by the following statement, and no sufferer who reads this can afford to let prejudice stand in the way of trying these blood-making pills.

Rheumatism is now generally recognized as a disease of the blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make—actually make—pure blood. When the blood is pure there can be no rheumatism. Mrs. Thomas Bresnehan, of 54 Mill street, Watertown, N. Y., says:

"My trouble began with a severe cold which I took about a week before Christmas in 1904. I began to have rheumatic pains in my back and limbs and after a time I couldn't straighten up. I suffered the most awful pain for months and much of the time was unable to leave the house and I had to take hold of a chair in order to walk and sometimes I could not stand up at all.

"The disease was pronounced sciatic rheumatism and, although I had a good physician and took his medicine faithfully, I did not get any better. After some six weeks of this terrible pain and suffering I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and that is the medicine that cured me. After a few boxes the pain was less intense and I could see decided improvement. I continued to take the pills until I was entirely cured and I have never had any return of the trouble."

All druggists sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, or the remedy will be mailed postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

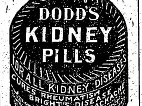
FISH THAT WALK ASHORE.

Australian Freak Would Speedily Die in Deep Water.

Several examples of a zoological paradox—a fish which would speedily be drowned if placed in deep water—have just been added to the collection at Regent's Park, says the London Graphic. This is the African walking fish, which spends the greater part of its existence upon the mud banks of tropical rivers.

Its method of progression has been described by naturalists as of the "hop, skip and jump" variety, and when journeying inland, as it does over long distances, it climbs by means of the breast fins over the roots and even into the boughs of trees.

The church that does not invest in humanity has no dividends awaiting it in heaven.


DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES

There is no satisfaction keener than being dry and comfortable when out in the hardest storm

YOU ARE SURE OF THIS IF YOU WEAR TOWER'S FISH BRAND WATERPROOF OILED CLOTHING BLACK OR YELLOW

On sale everywhere

A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, U.S.A. TOWER CANADIAN CO. TORONTO, CAN.

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3.50 & $3.00 Shoes

BEST IN THE WORLD

W. L. Douglas $4 Gilt Edge line cannot be equalled at any price

To Shoe Dealers: W. L. Douglas' Jobbing House is the most complete in this country. Send for Catalog

SHOES
ESTABLISHED 1876
CAPITAL $2,500,000

SHOES FOR EVERYBODY AT ALL PRICES.

Men's Shoes, $5 to $1.50. Boys' Shoes, $3 to $1.25. Women's Shoes, $4.00 to $1.50. Misses' & Children's Shoes, $2.25 to $1.00.

Try W. L. Douglas Women's, Misses and Children's shoes; for style, fit and wear they excel other makes.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other make.

Wherever you live, you can obtain W. L. Douglas shoes. His name and price is stamped on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and inferior shoes. *Take no substitute.* Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes and insist upon having them.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Dept. 11, Brockton, Mass.

AUTOMOBILE

Five-passenger model C Ford double opposed engine, detachable tonneau, in good running order. Will sell for $450.00 cash. Cost $1,000.

Burney Bird Auto Co.

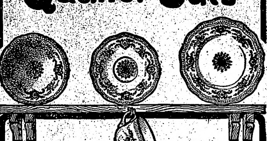
ST. PAUL, MINN.

IF you want to make Money send for my Illustrated Catalogue. Free to you. Bargain House of Chas. Lubrecht, P. O. Box 1164, N. Y. City.

These Handsome Dishes

with every large size family package of

Quaker Oats



You will enjoy eating Quaker Oats, because Quaker Oats is the best rolled oats made. There is a delicious taste to Quaker Oats that you never find in other brands.

Quaker Oats cost no more than inferior rolled oats, and in addition you receive a handsome plate, vegetable dish or cup and saucer, of semi-porcelain, beautifully decorated in dainty tints and gold, with every large sized *family package.*

Quaker Oats

has a larger sale all over the world than all other brands of rolled oats combined.

This of itself proves the superiority of Quaker Oats. If you have not used Quaker Oats already, you don't know how delicious, wholesome and satisfying rolled oats can be made.

Remember, you get these exquisitely decorated dishes in every large sized *family package* retailing at 25c. Remember, you get better Oats and better china than you have ever bought in a *family package* and at the same price. Quaker Oats is more economical, tastes better, and goes farther than any other brand of rolled oats. Do not allow your dealer to substitute inferior oats for Quaker Oats.

The Quaker Oats Company

There's a new Quaker product, Quaker Best Cornmeal, sold only in sealed packages, 3 lbs. 10 cents. Ask your grocer.

Don't Suffer

all night long from toothache neuralgia or rheumatism

Sloan's Liniment

kills the pain — quiets the nerves and induces sleep

At all dealers. Price 25c 50c & $1.00

Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass. U.S.A.

NO MORE MUSTARD PLASTERS TO BLISTER.

THE SCIENTIFIC AND MODERN EXTERNAL COUNTER-IRRITANT.

CAPISICUM VASELINE

EXTRACT OF THE CAYENNE PEPPER PLANT

A QUICK, SURE, SAFE AND ALWAYS READY CURE FOR PAIN.—PRICE 15c.—IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES—AT ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS, OR BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF 15c. IN POSTAGE STAMPS. DON'T WAIT TILL THE PAIN COMES—KEEP A TUBE HANDY.

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of the article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve Headache and Sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all Rheumatic, Neuralgic and Gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household and for children. Once used no family will be without it. Many people say "it is the best of all your preparations." Accept no preparation of vaseline unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine.

SEND YOUR ADDRESS AND WE WILL MAIL OUR VASELINE PAMPHLET WHICH WILL INTEREST YOU.

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO.

17 STATE STREET, NEW YORK CITY

Mayer Western Lady

SHOES

are very stylish, serviceable and comfortable to wear.

They are dressy, fine looking shoes that can be depended upon for wear and for correct style.

You will get the most for your money by buying "Western Lady" shoes. Try them. Your dealer will supply you, but insist on getting the "Western Lady" brand. Our trade-mark is stamped on every sole.

For extreme comfort try "Martha Washington" Comfort shoes. Sold everywhere.

F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

WOODWARD & CO.

Minneapolis GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1906. NUMBER 18.

USES BOGUS BOMB TO SAVE HIS JOB

MOSCOW PREFECT SEEKS TO REVIVE WANING PRESTIGE BY FRAUD.

FOUR MEN ARE SHOT TO DEATH

BLOODTHIRSTY NEGRO STARTS ON TOUR OF MURDER AT ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Moscow, Nov. 15. — Gen. Rheinbot, prefect of police of Moscow, has received hundreds of messages, including a personal communication from Emperor Nicholas, congratulating him on his escape from assassination Monday. In spite of these congratulations, which give color to the official version of the attempt on the prefect's life, there are ugly rumors in Moscow that Gen. Rheinbot was himself the author of the plot against his own life.

Was Wily Scheme.

He is thought to have schemed to retrieve his sinking fortunes and to stave off retirement, it having been decided on in official circles to relieve him from duty.

These suspicions are supported by circumstantial eveidence. Gen. Rheinbot, at the time the attempt on his life was made, was following an unusual path on foot, through narrow alleys. The bomb exploded in a manner described as highly suspicious.

Bomb an Imitation.

Pieces picked up on the spot show it to have been nothing more than an imitation bomb. On account of the indignation aroused at the statement that Gen. Rheinbot shot down his assailant while the terrorist was being held by two policemen, a statement is issued to the effect that the bomb thrower, when he was killed by the general, was struggling to escape. Gen. Rheinbot, however, is alleged to have shot him to get rid of him.

DESPERADO RUNS AMUCK.

Bloodthirsty Negro Starts on Tour of Murder at Asheville, N. C.

Asheville, N. C., Nov. 15.—Fighting bravely in defense of their police captain, Patrolmen Charles Blackstock and William Bailey of this city were shot to death last night by a negro, who also killed one negro and fatally wounded another. The murderer gave his name as Will Harris of Charlotte, N. C., a desperado, for whom a large reward has been standing for some time. Prior to the death of the two officers a negro restaurant keeper named Ben Allison was shot and killed by Harris without provocation. Another negro named Tom Neil lies mortally wounded, he, too, being shot before the officers took a hand in the melee.

Starts on Tour of Murder.

Harris started on his tour from a negro house. He fired into two houses as he made his way to South Main street, and wounded Allison. Later the desperado encountered Tom Neil and fired at him. Police Captain Page and Officers Bailey and Blackstock rushed from police headquarters in putsuit. Capt. Page received a bullet in the arm from the negro's rifle. Page called upon Blackstock to fire, but before that officer could do so Blackstock fell dead with a bullet in his chest. Bailey fired twice without hitting and the negro then shot and killed Bailey, afterwards escaping.

A general alarm was turned in to call out the militia companies, and several armed posses quickly formed to pursue the murderer.

THUGS KEEP UP WORK.

Pittsburg Police Are Rounding Up All Suspicious Characters.

Pittsburg, Nov. 15.—Holdups on the streets of this city continue to come to light each day. Two more attempted highway robberies occurred yesterday.

Miss Mary McCauley was attacked and strangled. She managed to scream for help and several policemen chased the assailant. He escaped. Arrests are being made all over the city by the police, who are rounding up all suspicious characters.

NEW DASH TO NORTH.

Before Departure of Last Expedition Peary Announced Plan.

Bucksport, Me., Nov. 15.—Commander Robert E. Peary, the Arctic explorer, who is returning to the United States with the record of "farthest north," will make another attempt to reach the north pole in 1907.

It is recalled that when Commander Peary was here he said that if he did not succeed this year he would positively make another attempt in 1907.

Careless Bookkeeping.

Greenville, S. C., Nov. 15. — The Workingman's Savings and Loan company, a negro institution, closed its doors yesterday by order of the bank examiner. Careless bookkeeping is the cause of the trouble.

Found With Skull Broken.

Preston, Minn., Nov. 15. — Gust Schwartz, a local character, was found lying in a pool of blood on a crossing near his home with his skull fractured. Schwartz's recovery is doubtful. The tragedy is shrouded in mystery.

WILL SMASH THE COMBINE

KELLOGG AND MORRISON TAKE STEPS TO START WHEELS OF JUSTICE.

Washington, Nov. 15.—Current gossip that apparently has its source in circles of authority indicate that Frank B. Kellogg of St. Paul, special assistant attorney general, and his associate, Mr. Morrison of Chicago, are about to initiate in the courts proceedings of unprecedented importance and scope, and the smashing of the Standard Oil trust is believed to be foreshadowed as the prime result.

To Start the Suits.

Attorneys Kellogg and Morrison left Washington yesterday for an unknown destination. At the same time it was intimated at the department of justice that on Thursday announcement would be made of the plans and purpose of the government in its program for the curbing of the Rockefeller trust. It is understood that Messrs. Kellogg and Morrison will complete the preliminary steps to the litigation on Thursday at the place where the proceedings will be commenced, and then the government's promised announcement will be published.

Gigantic in Scope.

So much is now known here regarding the intentions of the government in these great suits that the prediction may be safely ventured that it will be by far the most gigantic proceeding of its kind. If it is successful it will smash the gigantic oil combination that has become obnoxious by its practical monopolization of the trade of the country in oil and obtaining advantages through rebates and discriminations in railroad transportation.

INDICTMENTS FOR REBATERS.

Three Were Charged With Violating Interstate Commerce Law.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 15.—Davis H. Kresky, a freight broker, and W. A. McCowen, local agent for the Nickel Plate freight line, indicted here yesterday charged with conspiracy to violate the interstate commerce act, and Henry S. Hartley, a grain dealer, indicted on charges of accepting rebates on freight shipments, were arrested yesterday and arraigned before Judge Carland, sitting in the United States district court. They were released on $35,000 bonds each.

Kresky and McCowen are liable to a fine of from $1,000 to $10,000 and imprisonment in the penitentiary for a term not exceeding two years, or both the fine and imprisonment. Hartley is liable to a fine of from $1,000 to $20,000.

OBTAINS LANDS BY FRAUD.

New Kind of Indictment Is Said to Be Hanging Over Standard Oil.

San Francisco, Nov. 15.—It has become known in federal circles that recent locations of land in Kern county, by agents of the Standard Oil company, have been made the subject of investigation by government officials. As a result it is asserted that indictments will follow. The land was taken up by the petroleum combine, ostensibly for the gypsum deposits, but in reality for oil purposes.

SCATTERED HER GEMS.

Rich Texas Woman, Insane; Throws Away $50,000 Worth of Jewels.

Galveston, Tex., Nov. 15. — Fifty thousand dollars' worth of diamonds have been scattered about Galveston and Houston, and May Alvido, wife of Myron Alvido, who had lived at both places, is in jail, hopelessly insane. She adopted a method of getting rid of her wealth more rapidly than Andrew Carnegie.

TEN MILLIONS FOR POOR.

Young Mexican Croesus, Once a Peon, Announces Big Charity.

Galveston, Tex., Nov. 15. — Pedro Alvaredo, the owner of Palmillo mine at Parral, Chihuahua, Mexico, whose wealth is estimated at more than $150,000,000, announces that he will distribute $10,000,000 or more to the poor of Mexico within thirty days.

WITTE SCORNED ON RETURN.

No Reception When Erstwhile Lion Enters Russian Capital.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 15.—The arrival of Count Witte here created scarcely a ripple on the surface of Russian politics, in contrast with his reception after his return from Portsmouth, when a throng gathered at the railroad station to greet him.

BRONSON GETS HIGH POST.

Rear Admiral to Become Chief of Bureau of Navigation.

Washington, Nov. 15.—Rear Admiral Willard Bronson will, it is understood, soon be recalled to take what has become the most important post in the navy, namely, chief of the bureau of navigation, to succeed Rear Admiral Converse.

Ninety Peasants Killed.

Mitau, Courland, Russia, Nov. 15.—A punitive expedition which has been operating in the Kreutzberg district during the last few weeks killed ninety peasants belonging to a revolutionary organization.

Neary Is Knocked Out.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 15.—George Memsic (Jimmy Burns) of Chicago last night knocked out Charlie Neary of Milwaukee in the second round of what was to have been a twenty-round go.

PRESIDENT IS AHEAD OF TIME

CONCLUDES FIRST TRIP OF A PRESIDENT OUTSIDE OF THE UNITED STATES.

WARMLY WELCOMED AT COLON.

EXTRA PRECAUTIONS TAKEN TO PROTECT HIM—ANARCHISTS ARE JAILED.

Colon, Nov. 15.—The first trip of an American president outside of the boundaries of the United States was successfully concluded yesterday afternoon when the battleship Louisiana, having on board President Roosevelt and his party, dropped anchor in the harbor of Colon. The Louisiana, which arrived ahead of schedule time, was convoyed by the Tennessee and the Washington.

Is Ahead of Time.

Owing to the fact that the Louisiana arrived ahead of time, neither President Amador of Panama nor Chairman Shonts of the isthmian canal commission was on hand to welcome President Roosevelt. They left Panama at 4:30 in a special train for Colon, and at 8:30 last night boarded the Louisiana and extended a cordial greeting to America's chief executive.

During the afternoon President Roosevelt received the local newspaper correspondents on board the Louisiana. He said his voyage had been pleasant and uneventful, and expressed himself as gratified at the welcome which the citizens of the isthmus are preparing for him when he lands to-day.

Will Look Into Everything.

He stated that he proposed to look into the Jamaican labor question and also intended to see everything possible concerning the canal.

Extra precautions have been taken to protect President Roosevelt during his three days' visit on the isthmus, and it is reported that a number of known anarchists have been arrested here and at Panama.

Must Make Up Holdup Loss.

Grand Marais, Minn., Nov. 15.—The town of Schroeder has attached three pieces of real estate belonging to Town Treasurer James Pinkerton in the hope of making good its loss of $3,000 stolen from Pinkerton while he was carrying the public funds from the boat landing at Grand Marais to the hotel.

$600,000 Fire in Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 15.—The plant of the American Cutlery company was destroyed by fire last night, which for a time threatened to spread through the tenement district. Three buildings, where more than 500 persons were employed, were burned to the ground. The loss is estimated at $600,000.

Lion Is Chloroformed.

Washington, Nov. 15. — President Roosevelt's lion has been chloroformed. The animal was sent to the president in March, 1904, by King Menelik of Abyssinia. It was found that he had been internally injured on the trip. Attendants at the zoo nursed the lion, but he never recovered.

Japs to Colonize.

Prescott, Wis., Nov. 15.—A party of eighteen Japanese from San Francisco has arrived in Bay City, Wis. It is their intention to make the place a summer resort. They purpose to have a large colony of Japanese settle there.

Gets Ten-year Term.

Mitchell, S. D., Nov. 15.—At the session of the circuit court yesterday Charles Kruzane pleaded guilty to the charge of shooting Policeman Walter Newman a month ago. Kruzane was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

Killed in Carrying Light.

Menominee, Mich., Nov. 15.—While carrying an incandescent light about in the basement of his house Angelo Galos came in contact with an uninsulated portion of the wire and received a shock which instantly killed him.

Child Burned to Death.

Iowa City, Iowa, Nov. 15.—The five-year-old daughter of John Musser of River Junction was burned to death last evening. The child had been playing in the kitchen and her clothing caught fire from the kitchen stove.

Steamer Is Missing.

Chicago, Nov. 15. — The Canadian steamer Arabian is reported missing on Lake Superior, and underwriters are becoming decidedly anxious regarding the safety of the steamer and its crew of fifteen men.

Fatally Shot in Quarrel.

Marshalltown, Iowa, Nov. 15.—Another fatal shooting affray occurred at Buxton. Charles Barefield and Robert Winston quarreled over a woman, and the former shot Winston. It is feared he will die.

Rockefeller's Daughter Dead.

Cannes, Nov. 15.—Mrs. Charles A. Strong, daughter of John D. Rockefeller, died yesterday. Mrs. Strong suffered a paralytic stroke on Nov. 12, after which she sank slowly until the end.

BODY IN GRAVE NOT BAXTER'S

SUPPOSED DEPARTED ONE APPEARS IN THE FLESH AFTER TEN YEARS.

Minneapolis, Nov. 15.—John Baxter, for the past ten years supposed to be dead, has returned to the home of his family, after extensive wanderings on two continents in search of gold. Now the relatives of Baxter and others who participated in a funeral in his memory are wondering whose was the body that figured as the chief feature of that ceremony.

Baxter's return not only shows the funeral of ten years ago to have been ill-timed so far as he was concerned, but also upsets the judgment of two courts who have pronounced him dead. In a suit brought by the supposed widow to collect a life insurance policy of $2,500 the district court decided in favor of Mrs. Baxter.

Baxter left Minneapolis about ten years ago, simply telling his wife that he would be out of the city for a few days. He went to the Black Hills and began prospecting for gold, and from the time he left Minneapolis he did not write or send any message to let his family know where he was.

ST. PETER FETES FAVORITE SON.

Rousing Demonstration Is Accorded Gov. Johnson.

St. Peter, Minn., Nov. 15.—Cheering thousands in St. Peter last night manifested their approval of Gov. John A. Johnson's re-election and made its celebration the greatest thing of the kind ever held in Minnesota. It was a monster demonstration. Fully 10,000 people participated in it. There were speeches, a parade and a reception, and the noise of the celebration sounded far and wide.

All of the regular passenger trains brought delegations from Minnesota cities, many of them coming from remote parts of the state. After the parade had disbanded Gov. Johnson made two brief speeches. He thanked the people for their tribute, spoke of his gratification at the result of the election and pledged himself to give the best administration in his power—to be governor of all the people.

COURTS ARE DENOUNCED.

Chief Features of the Session of the Federation of Labor.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 15. — A warm welcome to the representatives of the newly formed farmers' union, known as the American Society of Equity, an invitation from San Juan, Porto Rico, to meet there next year, a resolution by the Porto Rican delegate calling for aid in securing more political freedom for his country, fiery denunciation of all branches of the American judiciary, constituted the most important events of yesterday's session of the American Federation of Labor convention, which convened in this city Monday morning.

BLIND VETERAN STARVING.

Uses All His Money in Effort to Save Injured Son.

Fort Dodge, Iowa, Nov. 15.—Penniless because he had spent every cent of his accumulations in caring for an only son who was injured in a railroad wreck and ultimately died, yet too proud to beg, John Stevenson, a veteran of the Civil war, infirm and blind, was picked up by a policeman in a half demented condition. He stated that he had not tasted food since the noon before. As the result of his exposure his condition is serious.

CHAIN SNAPS; MAN KILLED.

Ditching Machine Cable Twice Breaks Legs of Workmen.

Windom, Minn., Nov. 15. — Omar Martin was killed while at work on a ditching machine. Martin was trying to pull the ditcher to one side by pulling with a team on the cable. The chain with which the team was attached to the cable suddenly snapped, letting the heavy cable fly back. It struck Martin on the legs, breaking both of them.

Alderman Fells Burglar.

Aberdeen, S. D., Nov. 15.—Mat Mehner, an alderman of this city, was attacked in his home by two burglars. Mehner drew a revolver and struck one of the men on the head, inflicting a probably fatal wound. The other man escaped.

Third Party Is Shot.

Billings, Mont., Nov. 15.—A murderous attempt was made on the life of Walter Clifton here by George Halpin. As a result of Halpin's wild shooting his intended victim escaped and an innocent onlooker was seriously wounded.

Will Arrest "John Doe."

Duluth, Nov. 15.—A man who resides at Island Lake, near Sparta, and whose name is not known, will be arrested and brought to Duluth, charged with having killed deer out of season. The warrant is for John Doe.

Hold Golden Wedding.

Winona, Minn., Nov. 15. — Mr. and Mrs. Abram Libby of Dover celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary at their home.

Killed by Train.

Ashland, Wis., Nov. 15.—Nels Tingley was instantly killed by being struck by an Omaha passenger train.

Deer Are Plentiful.

Ely, Minn., Nov. 15.—Big game is plentiful in this vicinity this season. Ten deer were brought in yesterday.

GRAFTERS SEIZED CASH FOR RELIEF

SAN FRANCISCO BOODLERS ARE CHARGED WITH TAKING SUFFERERS' MONEY.

A MILLION DOLLARS STOLEN

HUNDRED GOVERNMENT AGENTS AT WORK RUNNING DOWN CRIMINALS.

San Francisco, Nov. 15.—A new investigation is progressing in the course of developments in the local graft scandal. It now appears that many sums of money, large and small, that were sent from different states to San Francisco for the relief of the sufferers from the calamity, never reached the relief committee. Some of these amounts, which aggregated a large sum, were mailed to the care of Mayor Schmitz. F. J. Heney, Detective William Burns and about 100 government agents have been making an investigation.

Roosevelt Behind Inquiry.

President Roosevelt is the moving spirit behind the inquiry, and he declares that no man guilty of diverting the relief funds shall escape justice.

The cases come within the jurisdiction of the federal authorities because of the interstate character of the postal service, which, it is alleged, was criminally tampered with.

A considerable sum of money was also sent through the express companies, which it is claimed never reached the committee. The crime of forgery is said to be included in the offenses of the raiders of the relief contributions.

It is said that in the aggregate the stealings will amount to a million dollars.

CHEER HAAKON AND MAUD.

London Crowds Greet Rulers Who Are Feted by the City.

London, Nov. 15.—The lord mayor of London, Sir William Treloar, and the corporation of the city gave a luncheon at the guild hall yesterday in honor of King Haakon and Queen Maud of Norway. The king and queen of Norway received hearty ovations from the crowds.

IOWANS "DO" VICKSBURG.

Spend Day of Sightseeing About Mississippi Metropolis.

Vicksburg, Miss., Nov. 15. — The Iowa delegation, headed by Gov. Cummins, which arrived in the city yesterday morning, spent the day in driving over the park and viewing the handsome Iowa state memorial, which is to be dedicated to-day.

PICKANINNIES LOCKED UP.

Shut Up in House by Parents and Are Burned to Death.

New York, Nov. 15. — Three lives were lost in New Brunswick, N. J., as a result of a fire which destroyed several tenements occupied by negroes. Two children, Frank and Susan Doran, who had been locked in their home by their parents, were burned to death.

Ten Years for Stealing $35,000.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 15.—Fred Adams pleaded guilty yesterday to robbing the United States assay office in Seattle and was sentenced to ten years at hard labor. He pleaded guilty to two counts charging him with the theft of $35,000 worth of gold dust.

Swedish Captain Arrested.

Copenhagen, Nov. 15.—Count Fritz von Rosen, a captain in the Swedish Horse guards and a member of one of the higest of noble families in Scandinavia, has been arrested charged with defrauding the Swedish military authorities out of $40,000.

Pigs Got the Money.

Kaukauna, Wis., Nov. 15.—While in a pen catching a littter of pigs Henry Albert of Brillion dropped his wallet, containing $200, and did not miss it for half an hour. When he returned for it the mother had it nearly devoured.

Dynamite Lets Go.

Salt Lake, Utah, Nov. 15.—Thirty-eight kegs of dynamite exploded at the surface workings of the Boston Consolidated Copper mine, in Bingham camp, yesterday. One man was killed and two were fatally injured.

Government Camp Has Fire.

Belle Fourche, S. D., Nov. 15.—Fire broke out at the government camp at the big dam and several bunk houses and large quantities of provisions were completely destroyed. The loss will be about $2,500.

Postal Robber Sentenced.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Nov. 15. — Charles A. Nelson, the young man who was charged with robbing the postoffice at Dahl, pleaded guilty in the federal court here and was sentenced to one year in the reformatory.

Platts Agree to Separate.

New York, Nov. 15.—Senator Thomas C. Platt and his wife, formerly Mrs. Lilliam T. Janeway, have agreed to separate. The law firm acting for Mrs. Platt made the announcement yesterday.

SEVERE FLOOD IN CASCADES

WORST FRESHET IN YEARS ON THE WESTERN SLOPE OF THE MOUNTAINS.

Tacoma, Wash., Nov. 15.—Swamped by a succession of warm rains, the snow of the western slopes of the Cascade mountains has melted and flowed into the rivers at the base, thereby resulting in one of the worst floods in this section for years. Bridges have been washed away, telegraph and telephone wires are down, the train service of the Northern Pacific is completely deranged, and up to the present time one life has been lost. The whole country between Auburn and the Cascade mountains is reported to be flooded.

The full extent of the danger and damage is difficult to ascertain, as all wire communication is interrupted.

Seattle Cut Off by Flood.

Portland, Or., Nov. 15.—The Oregonian has just received a telephone message from Seattle that that city is cut off from the surrounding country by floods. Three lives have been lost and the damage will run into the hundreds of thousands.

MRS. DOWIE TO SETTLE.

She Will Retain the Magnificent Ben MacDhue Estate of Husband.

Chicago, Nov. 15.—Judge Landis, in the federal court, directed the entry of an order by virtue of which Mrs. Jane Dowie is granted the MacDhue property at White Lake, Mich. This property was purchased by John Alexander Dowie when he was at the head of the Zion church. In return Mrs. Dowie relinquishes all claim to property in Zion City.

OIL PIPE LINES DOUBLE STOCK.

Standard Oil Company Puts Many Millions Into the Business.

Harrisburg, Nov. 15. — Three pipe line concerns, controlled by the Standard Oil company, filed notices in the state department of heavy increases in their capital stock. They are the Crescent Pipe Line company of Philadelphia, the Southern Pipe Line company, Oil City and the Northern Pipe Line company of Oil City.

Dies in Pew at Vespers.

New Vienna, Iowa, Nov. 15.—While attending vespers at the Catholic church here Peter Roth, aged fifty-nine years, suddenly fell forward in his pew and when he was picked up it was found that he was dead. Heart disease is said to have been the cause of his sudden demise.

Huge Embezzlement Charged.

Augusta, Ga., Nov. 15.—H. R. Derry, treasurer of the Augusta Real Estate and Building association, has been indicted for embezzling from the association a sum approximating $100,000.

Fear Diphtheria Epidemic.

Minneapolis, Nov. 15. — Diphtheria exists in Minneapolis to such an extent that officers of the health department fear an epidemic. There were 150 cases of that disease reported.

Firemen Will Strike.

Cleveland, Nov. 15.—At a meeting of the firemen of the Erie railway here last night it wsa unanimously voted to strike to enforce their demands for higher pay and shorter hours.

Judge Kills Himself.

Miles City, Mont, Nov. 15. — Judge Fitzgerald committed suicide at Jordan by shooting himself. He thought he was being pursued by enemies who intended to kill him.

Sioux City Is Growing.

Sioux City, Iowa, Nov. 15. — Sioux City is given a population of 61,680 by the new directory which has just been compiled. This is an increase of 1,903 in one year.

Crack Saloon Safe.

Eleva, Wis., Nov. 15. — Burglars pried open the rear door to a saloon here, blew the safe with nitroglycerin and secured money amounting to more than $300.

Run Down by Engine.

Grand Forks, N. D., Nov. 15. — Charles Walters was instantly killed by being struck by a light engine as he was walking down the railroad track.

Bullet Hits Two.

Duluth, Nov. 15. — Arthur and Charles Dahl were seriously wounded near Devils Track lake by a single shot fired by a careless hunter.

Have Fear for Gov. Harris.

Columbus, Ohio, Nov. 15.—The condition of Gov. Harris is exciting alarm among his friends. It is said that doctors are afraid of pneumonia.

Faces Gallows Fifth Time.

Valdosta, Ga., Nov. 15.—J. G. Rawlins for the fifth time has been sentenced to death, Monday, Dec. 3, being fixed for the day of execution.

Mother and Three Perish.

Coldwater, Mich., Nov. 15. — Mrs. Charles Mowry and her three children were burned to death in their home on a farm at Batavia station.

Railway Wreck Rumored.

Ottawa, Nov. 15. — It is reported that seven people have been killed in a C. P. train wreck at Kamloops, B. C.

Fireman Scalded.

Houghton, Mich., Nov. 15.—Edward Thomas, fireman, was so badly scalded that he may die.

ROCKEFELLER IS AGAIN INDICTED

GRAND JURY AT FINLAY, OHIO, CONTINUES THE OIL TRUST PROBE.

FOUR OTHERS ARE INDICTED

PROSECUTOR REFUSES TO REVEAL EXACT NATURE OF INDICTMENTS.

Findlay, Ohio, Nov. 15.—The grand jury yesterday found indictments against John D. Rockefeller and four other persons in connection wiht the Standard Oil inquiry, which was reopened on the reconvening of that body in adjourned session yesterday. What the indictments allege or who the four other defendants are was not given out by Prosecutor David, who, however, admitted the indictments had been returned.

Sheriff Will Serve Warrants.

The bench warrants issued on the indictments where placed in the hands of Sheriff Groves, who went to Cleveland, where it is supposed they are to be served.

The report of the grand jury will be made public either to-day or Friday, and the indictments returned are at present in possession of the clerk of court of this county.

Will Not Arrest John D.

It is understood the indictments charge the defendants with having continued to contract the oil productions and to fix prices on and after July 7, 1906, in violation of the Valentine anti-trust act.

Prosecutor David stated that no attempt would be made at this time to compel John D. Rockefeller to come here, as his appearance had already been entered by his attorney in the matter of the information now pending in the probate court.

GLAD NEWS FOR JEWS.

Report Says That Gen. Kaulbars Will Be Deposed From Command.

Odessa, Nov. 15.—Through a private but trustworthy channel a report has reached St. Petersburg that Gen. Baron Kaulbars will probably be relieved of his post of commander-in-chief of the Southern province early in January. If the report is well founded there will be jubilating among the Odessa Jews.

SULLY PLANS SOAP TRUST.

Erstwhile "Cotton King" Heads Corporation With $1,200,000 Capital.

New York, Nov. 15.—Daniel J. Sully, the erstwhile "cotton king," has abandoned cotton, the field in which he made his spectacular coups, and has gone into soap and tallow. He has become the head of Buchan's soap corporation, which has $1,200,000 capital. The plant is in Brooklyn.

Bomb Causes a Panic.

Rome, Nov. 15. — A bomb was exploded in front of the Cafe Aragno, in the center of the city, yesterday. The fashionable throngs at the cafe were thrown into confusion, and one man was seriously wounded. The perpetrator of the deed was not apprehended.

Divorce Congress Adopt Bill.

Philadelphia, Nov. 15.—The national congress on uniform divorce laws, which Tuesday began the consideration of a bill for adoption by all the states in the Union, yesterday ended its work, having adopted the entire bill as reported by the committee.

Hindoos Are Not Wanted.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 15.—The steamer Tartar arrived at quarantine with 700 Hindoos on board. It is feared there will be opposition to their landing at Vancouver.

Fifteen Hurt on Pennsylvania.

Wilde Wood, N. J., Nov. 15.—Fifteen passengers were injured, two of them probably fatally, in the wreck of an express train at Grassy Sound, near here.

Homesteader Drinks Acid.

Hayes, S. D., Nov. 15.—Enos Caanan, a homesteader near here, committed suicide by drinking carbolic acid. No cause is known for the act.

Train Kills Aged Woman.

Nashua, Iowa, Nov. 15.—Mrs. Lydia Putney, seventy years old, was struck by a train and instantly killed. No one witnessed the accident.

Elevator Is Burned.

Fort William, Ont., Nov. 15.—Fire destroyed the elevator belonging to Muirhead & Black, causing a loss estimated at $20,000.

Two Flocks of Sheep Gone.

Billings, Mont., Nov. 15.—Charged with grand larceny in stealing two flocks of sheep, Charles L. Williams was arrested here by Sheriff Adams.

Fatally Injured by Train.

Houghton, Mich., Nov. 15. — John Marks was struck by a passenger train and so badly mangled he cannot live.

Burglars Rob County Jail.

Chicago, Nov. 15.—Burglars broke into the county jail and stole a gold watch valued at $50.

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FARM LOANS

We make Farm Loans at Lowest Rates of Interest with Optional Payments. If title is good you can get your money the same day you make application. We do business quick. No six weeks or months to wait. No deal is too large for us to handle nor too small for us to give its careful attention.

Give us a Call.

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ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

Officers:

C. L. Hansen.......President
Daniel Patterson.......Vice-Pres.
A. D. Stephens.......2nd Vice-Pres.
K. O. Gigstad.......Cashier

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from

A. J. McFarland, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"

and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of

THE FAMOUS

MATT. J. JOHNSON'S 6088

RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE

you are not satisfied with results.

This is our guarantee which goes with every bottle.

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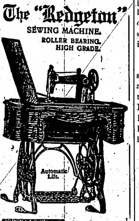
The "Redgeton" SEWING MACHINE.

ROLLER BEARING. HIGH GRADE.


Automatic Lift.

Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.

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BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.

HOLLISTER'S

Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets

A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.

A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.

GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

McMURRAY'S VANILLA

WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

A. O. LETVIG

Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, Minn

DR. C. R. CRANDALL, DENTIST.

From Thief River Falls, makes regular visits to St. Hilaire Thursdays and Fridays at Dr. J. C. Cummings' office.

The Spectator.

H. E. IVES Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Nov. 17, 1906.

If our congressmen continue to "stand pat" on the tariff they may be compelled to stand aside, like McCleary.

The SPECTATOR is under obligations to Editor Creglow, of the Red Lake Falls Gazette, for the tabulated election returns.

If something is not done with the tariff soon there is going to be some real trouble for Minnesota and other northwestern congressmen.

It was a great year for the Johnson family, as they claim every candidate of that name was a winner, and the governor is running yet.

Editor W. S. Cox announces in the Red Lake Falls Courier that he has retired as its editor. We learn that he contemplates a trip to Mexico.

Admiring friends are already booming Governor Johnson for the democratic nomination for president. Are they quite sure that he has quit running for governor?

Now comes Editor Pease of the Anoka Union, and says that he is sorry he bolted Dunn two years ago. There will be others before Minnesota is safely republican again.

Minnesota will have two new counties, created at the last election, Koochiching being the northern part of Itasca and Mahnomen the eastern part of Norman county.

"Canadian reciprocity," which is being strongly advocated by J. J. Hill and others at present, looks to us like another move to get in Canadian wheat free of duty. It is the only "tariff lamb" that the farmers have and the big fellows want it.

"Love one another" is a good old proverb that would be good for the people of Red Lake county at the present. Why not get together, have a big love-feast and settle all difficulties by locating the county seat at St. Hilaire? Why not? It's in the center.

Our neighbors on the north and south have commenced to quarrel about the size of the votes polled at the recent election. Thief River Falls polled 801 and Red Lake Falls, 300. If the rest of us don't kick, don't you think, boys, you had better both keep it quiet?

Equally Ignorant.

The author of "Reminiscences of a Country Politician" once asked a laborer in an English village how old he was.

"I be just the same age as the queen," he said. "It be either a fortnight older or a fortnight younger. I don't rightly know which, and I don't suppose her knows either."

A Witty Forlornity.

A forlorn looking man said, "I've tried everything that I could turn my hand to, but couldn't make anything answer, and now I have decided to go up among the hills, where they say there's a wonderful echo, to see if I can make that answer."

Two Witnesses.

In order to test a Chinese witness' qualification for taking the oath an English magistrate asked him the other day where he expected to go when he died. He replied, "Peking," and was disqualified.

One in another English court, a little girl, in answer to that question said, "I don't know." The horrified counsel called the judge's attention to the answer. "Oh, I don't know, either," said the judge. "Swear the witness."

Sun Worshipers.

One of the best friends the tailor has is a spell of warm, bright sunshine. It shows up the shabby portions of dress and reveals its faded parts in unmistakable fashion, with the result that the wearers soon find their way to the tailor and order a fresh supply of up to date styles.—London Tailor and Cutter.

Miraculous Multiplication.

A lady who recently bought a dinner service consisting of fifty-four pieces for £1 3s. was informed by her housemaid the next day that the bargain had become still more wonderful, for it now consisted of 1,125 pieces.—Punch.

Disappointing.

Mrs. Justlooking—Have you any hand embroidered waists? Salesman (who has waited on her before)—I'm very sorry to disappoint you, madam, but we have.—Chicago News.

Official Abstract of Red Lake County Vote Nov. 6

1906	Black River	Bray	Clover Leaf	Deer Park	Emardville	Equality	Garnes	Gervais	Goodridge	Highlanding	Kratka	Lake Pleasant	Lambert	Louisville	Mayfield	Norden	North	Numedal	Polk Center	Poplar River	Red Lake Falls	River Falls	Rocksbury	Sanders	Silverton	Smiley	Terrebonne	Wyandotte	Village of Plummer	Village of St. Hilaire	Red Lake Falls—1st ward	Red Lake Falls—2nd	Red Lake Falls—3rd ward	Thief River Falls—1st ward	Thief River Falls—2nd ward	Thief River Falls—3rd ward	Township 152-39	Township 154-39	Township 154-38	TOTALS	MAJORITIES
GOVERNOR—																																								
John A Johnson, Dem	46	16	16	27	25	85	40	48	24	26	31	37	28	47	25	42	41	18	56	35	48	36	69	38	25	39	64	36	18	49	78	75	117	235	95	132	No election held	6	9	1833	1030
A L Cole, Rep	10	8	21	20	8	21	5	4	6	11	18	14	45	10	13	12	32	4	12	43	12	8	16	14	16	9	12	12	9	53	16	30	47	121	31	62		8	7	803	
CONGRESSMAN—9th Dist.																																								
Halvor Steenerson	47	22	81	41	21	49	32	47	29	26	53	47	70	56	27	45	52	18	56	74	50	32	58	41	30	39	68	44	23	92	60	81	135	278	103	145		12	18	2144	1642
Haldor E Boen, Socialist	8	3	10	9	12	9	13	7	1	24	23	4	3	6	12	20	23	5	9	6	5	12	33	17	18	9	5	7	6	27	14	8	18	67	17	32		8	2	492	
COUNTY AUDITOR—																																								
J B O'Brien, Rep	19	16	46	8	5	19	12	2	20	42	44	1	4	1	22	68	75	17	23	7	3	20	86	52	49	47	3	33	12	103	9	1	2	393	133	207		19	20	1653	391
James E Ford, Dem	41	9	0	41	28	35	34	56	2	11	8	53	72	68	18	6	5	7	48	72	59	46	9	13	1	5	72	17	17	23	93	114	171	19	8	11		4	1	1262	
COUNTY TREASURER—																																								
O T Tandberg, Rep	44	19	14	41	13	43	50	51	6	33	26	37	60	61	23	40	21	7	47	71	47	27	34	30	23	20	62	27	14	46	86	89	145	105	26	41		10	8	1531	159
Karl M Hansen, Dem	16	6	32	7	20	13	15	7	24	21	27	14	8	4	18	30	59	17	28	11	14	19	60	34	27	33	13	23	15	78	14	28	26	308	109	180		5	13	1372	
REGISTER OF DEEDS—																																								
E L Quist, Rep	26	18	41	12	16	24	10	13	23	42	40	3	10	1	33	68	70	21	30	16	4	26	67	56	40	46	4	34	13	59	11	7	5	374	110	177		12	21	1569	268
Frank Jeffers, Ind	32	9	2	37	17	13	36	44	7	11	14	51	63	68	8	4	8	3	40	61	58	24	26	8	1	7	71	18	16	61	90	108	109	39	28	41		3		1321	
JUDGE OF PROBATE—																																								
Charles Ecklund, Rep	9	4	14	21	8	25	7	6	6	14	19	4	6	2	29	17	12	6	13	17	5	10	24	11	11	15	4	17	10	37	8	18	21	90	15	27		7	10	558	
N W Tarrant, Dem	46	20	30	27	24	27	38	43	22	37	35	45	65	63	10	43	67	18	54	64	50	27	63	48	37	46	69	33	19	79	85	83	137	384	123	184		6	11	2223	1665
SHERIFF—																																								
Lewis A Nelson, Rep	19	18	38	16	9	24	16	4	22	31	41	2	4	1	23	68	70	10	25	16	2	27	67	46	48	43	5	29	10	56	14	112	4	389	111	187		13	20	1541	172
Dan Linnihan, Dem	40	7	8	32	24	30	29	53	9	23	13	51	72	67	17		10	8	41	63	60	19	28	18	2	9	70	23	19	66	84	7	166	32	31	32		3	1	1369	
COUNTY ATTORNEY—																																								
Thomas Gerino, Rep	42	7	12	40	29	44	37	57	3	17	16	52	63	66	29	20	9	12	47	68	62	31	30	18	9	5	73	30	18	94	90	111	168	41	10	17		6	8	1493	101
E M Stanton, Dem	16	18	32	8	4	10	9	1	28	33	38	1	11		2	11	49	63	12	22	11	114	65	46	41	46	3	22	11	28	8	3	2	373	127	196		10	12	1392	
SURVEYOR—																																								
J K Wood, Rep	47	23	34	41	31	44	44	44	23	45	50	40	67	58	31	51	58	21	60	77	48	38	76	53	40	42	50	46	26	101	60	79	124	274	110	141		14	18	2251	
CLERK OF DISTRICT COURT—																																								
O W Johnson, Rep	39	20	37	26	10	26	41	8	23	44	40	2	3	3	28	66	69	18	46	16	6	35	80	58	42	46	2	31	15	66	12	5	9	367	121	182		15	21	1650	491
Joseph Perrault, Dem	19	6	8	20	23	24	31	49	5	8	13	62	71	64	11		8	5	22	63	53	9	11	4	3	5	78	19	14	55	84	109	164	24	13	19		2		1159	
COURT COMMISSIONER—																																								
Simon Paul, Rep	32	4	12	20	18	29	30	47	4	13	11	50	68	62	1	9	7	5	39	66	51	31	15	13	10	7	69	19	19	79	68	111	171	38	19	17		7	5	1301	
S T Johnson, Rep	3	20	31	28	15	21	15	7	28	39	40	2	7	3	22	59	70	19	27	9	7	17	75	45	37	42	5	29	10	36	9	2		364	114	190		8	15	1488	187
SUPT. OF SCHOOLS—																																								
Fred Richards, Rep	41	10	14	13	13	37	35	50	5	9	15	60	45	60	19	17	11	5	38	65	59	13	9	6	9	15	69	15	18	78	162	171	314	79	51	58		1	7	1717	
H T McAnulty, Ind	34	8	36	35	24	18	16	22	20	52	41	16	67	2	30	60	77	21	44	22	9	32	114	67	39	35	54	36	21	130	23	12	12	472	151	257		14	14	2169	452
CORONER—																																								
Joseph Belaire			3	1			3	1	1				1	20	31					10	1			1				10			5	2	16	21		1				135	

When Cod Become Blind.

Several large cod are kept in one of the tanks of the Amsterdam aquarium, necessarily near the surface and therefore exposed to a strong light from above. Now, the cod, though not a deep sea fish, is not a surface swimmer and lives at depths where the sunlight must be very much modified by passage through the water. It lives in what to us would be semidarkness. Every one of these cod exposed to the strong light is suffering from an extraordinary hypertrophy of the eye. The whole organ has become overgrown, as if in the effort to adjust itself to the use of more light rays it had become overequipped and then useless. The cod, in fact, are blind. The most interesting feature in this change is the extraordinary rapidity with which increased supply of light rays has overdeveloped the organ for its use. It has taken place not by slow degrees from individual to individual, but in a course of time to be measured by months and in every individual in the tank. If this example is a measure of the rapidity with which such changes take place among fishes, the adaptation of those creatures which have migrated from the shallow waters of the deep seas, shown by the total loss or enormous development of their eyes and the growth of illuminating organs to light the abyss, may have been as rapid as it is marvelous.—London Spectator.

A Hotbed of Violence.

The island of Sardinia is a hotbed of violence. The "Granary of Rome" resists the softening influences of civilization and remains with many of the peculiarities which distinguished it in the middle of the last century. "In the country," writes a traveler of that time, "the men are clothed in goatskins, one before and another behind, without breeches, shoes or stockings, and a woolen or skin cap on the head. The women have no other habiliments than a long woolen gown and a woolen cap. The peasants always go armed to defend themselves from one another, for they are all robbers and assassins, so that traveling in the interior is extremely unsafe without an escort, and it is even dangerous for ships to send their people on shore for water unless they are well armed. In short, the Sardes are the Malays of the Mediterranean."—London Chronicle.

A Leopard Collar.

"A leopard collar," he said, taking up a dog collar studded with sharp spikes three inches long. Fitting the collar on his dog, he resumed: "This piece of armor—for that is what it is—illustrates an oddity of the Himalayas—namely, the fondness of the Himalayan leopard for dog flesh. In the Himalayas last year I found that all dogs wore these murderous looking spiked collars. The explanation was that the Himalayan leopards conducted an unceasing dog hunt, and that in attacking a dog they always fell upon his neck. This collar with its sharp spikes is a great protection. It has saved many a dog from a hungry leopard. Often in the Himalayas a dog comes trotting home safe and sound, though with smears of blood and yellow hairs upon his collar spikes."

Names and the Law.

Speaking generally, the law of England allows a person to assume and use any name, provided its use is not calculated to deceive or inflict pecuniary loss. So the court of appeals laid down the law in Dockrell against Dougall, and this attitude of the law, the Law Journal remarks, is characteristic of our British love of liberty. French law is much more strict. It forbids any citizen to bear any name other than that which is expressed in the registry of his birth or to add any surname to his proper name. German law is the same, only it goes a little further in imposing a penalty on any one giving a false name to an official.—Dundee Advertiser.

Guns.

The Germans were the inventors of the first gun. About 1378 Schwartz, a German machinist, manufactured numerous crude guns which were brought into use by the Venetians in 1392. It is a strange fact that cannon were made before small firearms. At Amberg there is still a piece of ordnance marked with the date 1303. Cannon were first used in war at the battle of Crecy, in 1346. It was not until 1544, however, that they were made in England.

Well Turned.

"How old are you?" asked the insurance agent of the lady.

It was thoughtless of him, and her indignant "Sir!" brought him straightway to his senses.

"Of course you will understand," he went on, "that we have to be careful about making contracts. I merely wished to assure myself that you are legally of age."

The Ball In Lawn Tennis.

It is a curious fact that every book written on lawn tennis cautions the player to keep his eyes on the ball at the moment of striking it, yet there are very few expert players who do so. A rifle shot looks at his target, a bowler looks at the pins, and a billiard player generally looks at the object ball, not the cue ball. I have found it next to impossible to carry in my mind while moving rapidly to play a flying ball the exact height of the net, the direction of the lines of my opponent's court and his position, so that it has become second nature with me and with most other players to look up in the direction that the ball is to go before it actually leaves the racket. It is principally because the reverse of this is necessary in golf that lawn tennis players have so much trouble in mastering the old Scotch game. From tennis habit they take their eyes off the ball too soon for golf success.—J. Parmly Paret in Country Life In America.

The Floor of the Pacific.

The red clay which covers the deep floors of the Pacific and the Indian oceans is made up of refuse and residue—that which can withstand the strong chemical action of the gases. In it may be found decomposed volcanic rock, pumice, zeolitic crystals, manganese oxides, meteoric iron, teeth of sharks and ear bones of whales. Few if any shore deposits are apparent in it. The rock is vitreous refuse, belched forth by subterranean or insular volcanoes. The minerals are supposed to be of cosmic origin—planetary dust and meteoric fragments that have fallen into the sea and have become disintegrated. The great quantity of sharks' teeth remains quite unaccounted for—at least their apparent gathering together in these ocean basins is considered very strange.—J. C. Van Dyke in "The Opal Sea."

A Missing Five Franc Piece.

Fully half the grownup people of France believe the old story that Napoleon Bonaparte put a check for 100,000 francs in a silver five franc piece and that the coin is yet in circulation. They say that the people did not want the five franc piece and that in order to create a demand for it Napoleon resorted to the device mentioned. The check or treasury order, it is said, was written upon asbestus paper and inclosed in the metal at the time the coin was made. Thousands of five franc pieces are annually broken open and have been so inspected since the story of the check was first circulated.

Natural Fitness.

"My friend," said the man who was getting out of the barber's chair with a slashed cheek, "you have enlightened my mind on a point that has hitherto been a mystery."

"What is that, sir?"

"For the first time I understand why in former times the village barber was also expected to be the town surgeon."—Washington Star.

Her Divorce Portion.

"Mrs. Jones just got a divorce from her husband for throwing salad in her face," said one.

"Did she get alimony?" asked the other.

"No," replied the first. "She got the salad."—New York Press.

Home Paper, a Friend.

The locol paper should be found in every home. No children should grow up ignorant who can be taught to appreciate the home paper. It is said to be the stepping stone of intelligence in all those matters not to be found in books. Give your children a foreign paper which contains not a word about any person, place or thing, which they saw or perhaps ever heard of, how could you expect them to be interested. But let them have the home paper and read of people whom they meet and of places of which they are familiar and soon an interest is awakened which increases with every arrival of the local paper. Thus a habit of reading is formed and those children will read the papers all their lives and become intelligent men and women, a credit to their ancestors, strong in knowledge of the word as it is to day.—Roseau Advertiser.

Ibsen on Friendship.

Friends are a costly luxury, and when one invests one's capital in a mission in life one cannot afford to have friends. The expensiveness of friendship does not lie in what one does for one's friends, but in what one, out of regard for them, leaves undone. This means the crushing of many an intellectual germ.—From a Letter to George Brandes.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

—Apples at Duntley's.

FREE TO ALL CHURCH SUPPERS AND SOCIETY DINNERS IMPORTED JAPANESE NAPKINS WITH PURCHASES OF CHASE & SANBORN'S HIGH GRADE COFFEE.

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BETTER BREAD and MORE OF IT.

Red Lake Falls Milling Co.

WE PURCHASE ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

H. C. ADAMS, Agent.

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We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

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Apply to.....

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St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

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A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe to-day, or, send 5c. for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

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OTTAWA, - ILLINOIS

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford has an office at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, on the 8th day of every month. A red letter day to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

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K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D. Patterson	Councilmen
E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

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Office over Hall's Confectionery.
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THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

Your last chance to get a barrel of good apples at Duntley's.

Daniel Patterson was a Thief River Falls visitor last Saturday.

Rev. Alex Sand conducted services at Grand Forks last Tuesday.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

I. Dahlen and John and Gust Konikson were out east this week after deer.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Campbell returned on Tuesday from their trip to Sarles, N. D.

Misses Jennie and Clara Peterson made an over-Sunday visit on the Ridge.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on Dec. 3 and 4.

Peter P. Hovd left last week for International Falls, where he intends to spend the winter.

Chas. Julin came back from Frazee on Thursday. He had been working there in the saw mill.

The "J. F." club were very pleasantly entertained by Miss Alma Carlson last Saturday and Sunday.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

County Commissioners Daniel Shaw and William Demann were here on Thursday and made a trip east to inspect a ditch.

N. A. Nelson, John D. Johnson and Geo. L. Austin went down to Crookston last Tuesday evening to attend the dairy conuention.

Mrs. Jens Nelson went down to Fargo on Thursday evening where she will spend several days visiting with her sister, Mrs. James Dainard.

Rev. A. Thornel, of Viking, will preach in the Mission church next Thursday, Nov. 22, at 8 p.m.
Aug. Rodfeldt, Pastor.

Martin McAndress and wife and George Hughes and wife were at Thief River Falls last Thursday attending the funeral of Mrs. James McAndress.

The "kids" played the men a close and interesting series of three games at the bowling alley last Thursday evening, the men winning by 2491 to 2416.

In every clime its colors are unfurled
Its fame has spread from sea to sea;
Be not surprised if in the other world,
You hear of Rocky Mountain Tea.
Imperial Drug Co.

The many friends here of P. B. Malberg will be pleased to learn that he has been re-elected county auditor of Marshall county by a handsome majority.

Steve Withey, the popular Great Northern conductor, is taking a lay-off this week and will try for big game in the big woods between here and Duluth.

Jens Nelson, J. G. Prior and Chas. Fellman, who were out on the reservation after deer came back on Monday but there was nothing doing in the venison line.

Snow commenced falling early on Friday morning and continued during the day and we now have several inches of soft wet snow that will make good sleighing if cold weather follows.

J. W. Kolp, of Walnut, Ill., has purchased the Aimer farm and came up last Thursday to look the land over and repair the buildings. Mr. Kolp will move onto the land in the spring.

The Epworth League will give an entertainment at the village hall next Friday evening, Nov. 23rd. A splendid program is in preparation. All are cordially invited. Proceeds for church. Price, adults 25c, children 15c.

The passenger train came in on Thursday morning minus a mail clerk. Nearly all of the mail except a few papers went north. A mail clerk was taken on at Thief River Falls and the delayed mail came in in the evening.

Taken as directed, it becomes the greatest curative agent for the relief of suffering humanity ever devised. Such is Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

Just a few more barrels of those good apples left at Duntley's.

Prof. J. B. O'Brien and Miss Mabel Hannay went down to Crookston last Thursday evening to attend the meeting of the Teachers' association. Miss Iverson taught the principal's room and Mrs. Geo. Austin the primary room yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Byver Christianson and Tollof Tollofson, of Osnabrock, N. D., arrived here via Thief River Falls last Saturday morning and were visitors at Andrew R. Peterson's. They departed the same day to Middle River for a short visit with relatives.

There are some people living in this village that are working up a big bunch of trouble for themselves by their ill-treatment of their children. The neighbors are doing considerable grumbling and it is likely to amount to more than that in the near future.

Mrs. E. R. Evans and children left on Thursday evening for Crookston where they will make their future home. Mrs. Evans will be greatly missed by a large number of friends who exceedingly regret her departure. Mr. Evans will remain here until the first of the year, after which he will take a position in the saw mill at Crookston.

Mrs. Ellen Wilhelmina Anderson, the wife of Anton Anderson, a laborer at the saw mill, died last Saturday of pneumonia and typhoid, leaving her husband and a daughter about three months old. She was born at Finby, Finland, came to America a year ago last summer, and was at her death 23 years, 4 months and 21 days old. She was buried from the Swedish Lutheran church last Wednesday, Rev. Alex Sand, officiating.

County Auditor Ford has received the state aid apportionment for the schools of Red Lake county, as follows: High schools, Red Lake Falls and Thief River Falls, $1100 each; graded school, St. Hilaire $525; semi-graded schools, districts 79 and 81, $216 each; first class rural schools, districts 16, 125 and 227, $75 each; district 22, $78; second class rural schools, districts 1, 27, 54, 63, 79, 112, 133, 153, 167, 208, 32, 40 and 80, $30 each.

There will be services at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The Ladies' Aid will meet next Wednesday afternoon at the home of John Stroberg, in Rocksbury, and the Young People's Society will meet next Friday evening, Nov. 23, at the home of Aug. Swenson, in River Falls, about a mile southeast of St. Hilaire. All are welcome.
Alex Sand, Pastor.

The sad news reached here the first of the week that Mrs. James McAndress had died at Cryftal, N. D., on Tuesday, November 12th, of typhoid fever. Since her husband's death a year ago last month she has been living at Fargo, and was at Crystal on a visit when taken sick. She leaves one child, a little girl, to mourn her loss. The funeral took place on Thursday at Thief River Falls, where she was interred in the Catholic cemetery by the side of her husband.

The Merchants State Bank held its annual meeting of stockholders last Monday and elected directors for the ensuing year. The directors elected were C. L. Hansen, Daniel Patterson, K. O. Gigstad, Leonard Holmes, H. E. Ives, R. H. Bourdon and A. D. Stephens. C. L. Hansen will serve as president, Daniel Patterson as vice-president and K. O. Gigstad, cashier. The bank was shown to be in a very prosperous condition and now has more money on deposit than at any other time since it was organized.

Red Lake Courier: H. L. Dudley has purchased a half interest in the Gazette from F. R. Creglow, and the paper will be issued hereafter by the firm of Creglow and Dudley. Mr. Dudley is a practical printer of ability and has been employed on the Gazette for several weeks past. He was formerly connected with the Press of Thief River Falls. Mr. Creglow expects to leave for Florida within the next month or six weeks to spend the winter. During his absence his interest in the Gazette will be looked after by S. S. Haislet.

It may gratify the friends of durum wheat to learn that the largest cargo of grain ever transported on the Great Lakes was wholly of durum. It was loaded at Duluth, on the steamer B. J. Jones, and consisted of 370,273 bushels. The wheat was for export and the rate of freight was 2¾ cents a bushel to Buffalo, a distance of about 1,300 miles. At that rate the cargo was considered "a very profitable one," the carrying charge exceeding $10,000. Since the above was written another vessel sailed from Duluth carrying 378,000 bushels of standard wheat, the record cargo to date. These cargoes indicate the stupendous size that our lake boats have attained within the past few years.—Farm, Stock & Home.

It is announced that the government will look more carefully to the enforcement of its rule regarding the roads over which rural free delivery is established. The present requirement is: "Roads traversed shall be kept in good condition and unobstructed by gates; there must be no unbridged creeks or streams not fordable at any season of the year." In many cases the residents along the proposed routes have made improvements that enable them to obtain rural delivery service, but sometimes the efforts to keep up the roads are relaxed. But the government has decided that, unless the roads traveled by the carriers are properly maintained the service will be withdrawn. The postoffice department now calls on the carriers for reports on the roads, and will stop the service where the highways in question are bad.

—Get your supply of apples at Duntley's.

Two New Counties.

Minnesota will have two new counties as a result of the last election. Itasca county has voted to divide, and Norman county, our neighbor on the south, has also decided to separate into two counties.

In Itasca county the fight has been a most bitter one. International Falls, the county seat of the new county of Koochiching, has led the fight on behalf of division, while other towns in the Koochiching country that were ambitious themselves, fought it, along with a good share of the territory to be retained in the old county. Grand Rapids was supposed to be favorable to the division, as it would forestall any county seat fight for some years to come.

In Norman county the dividing line runs north and south very nearly in the middle of the county. By the verdict of the voters, the White Earth Indian reservation is set off as a separate county to be named Mahnomen.

No Bidders in Sight.

Gazette: Monday was the day set for the sale of absolute property for the state, and Auditor Ford, delegated as deputy by State Auditor Iverson was ready with a large list of city lots in the towns and villages of the county, but his willingness to sell availed not as not a single bidder put in an appearance.

Last year the forfeited tax sale in this county was quite well attended, and a large number of bidders were on hand to snap up what good things there were in sight.

This year, however, the long list of lots on which taxes were so long delinquent was not attractive, and nothing was sold. It is highly probable that the date of sale was lost sight of in the election excitement, and that many would have been on hand to bid had they kept the date in mind.

As the new law provides that but one sale shall be held in each county in the year, there will be nothing doing in this line until next fall.

Be Loyal to Your Home Town.

Work for the interest of your home merchant. Patriotic men are loyal to men, and men who are loyal to their home merchants are home builders—and home builders are almost without exception good citizens, and good citizenship is the foundation upon which all good towns are built. Show me a community composed of good citizens, each willing to live and let live and I will show you a community of interests so tightly banded together that those who have no interests in common with them need not apply for either favor or recognition. It is towns like this the mail order catalog houses of the "Beers-Sawbuck" brand fight shy of, full well knowing that it is both a waste of time and money to try and induce men who are loyal to their home town to send their money away from home for the upbuilding of an octopus in some foreign city.—Sauk Centre Herald.

Cole Carried 6 of 83 Counties.

A. L. Cole carried six Minnesota counties, while Governor Johnson received pluralities in each of the other seventy-seven. Johnson carried every county in the third, fourth, fifth, seventh and ninth districts. Cole carried Houston in the first, Faribault and Jackson in the second, both by small pluralities, Cass and Hubbard in the sixth and Cook in the eighth.

Governor Johnson's plurality is now exceeding 72,000, with the probability that complete returns will increase instead of diminishing it.

The wide-open tax amendment is running better. With forty counties reporting, the amendment has 52,433 votes out of a total of 97,478 cast, or more than 4,500 majority. Nothing can be told certainly, however, till the count is finished in Hennepin and Ramsey.

The Sportsman's Delight.

Maine is today the paradise of the sportsman. Rigidly enforced game laws kept up her stock of salmon, trout, deer, moose, etc. In fact, the deer during the closed season are very annoying to the farmer, often playing sad havoc with his crop. Maine is very watchful over these fish and game resources, for the visiting tourists and hunters leave $5,500,000 with guides, hotel keepers, and camp proprietors every year. To be able to enjoy a good hunting and fishing trip, a man should drink golden grain belt beer. This beverage is pure, wholesome and nourishing, and is the guidepost to a long happy life. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

School Apportionment.

The October school apportionment has been received by Auditor Ford, and this year Red Lake county gets $8,786.83 for 3,837 pupils at $2.29 each. The report of the department was handed in this week, and as soon as the auditor's force can get to it this amount will be apportioned among the different districts. The sum per capita is larger this year than last.

Sewing Social.

There will be a Ladies' Sewing Social held at the residence of Hans J. Hanson, in Rocksbury, on Saturday evening, December 1st. Supper will be served. All are cordially invited to attend.

Thanksgiving Rates.

Rates one and one-third fare to points in the Dakotas and Minnesota on Great Northern railway. Minimum selling rate 50 cents. Tickets on sale Nov. 28 and 29, final return limit, Dec. 3rd.
A. J. McFarland, Agent.

Your stomach churns and digests the food you eat and if foul, or torpid, or out of order, your whole system suffers from blood poison. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea keeps you well. Imperial Drug Co.

PRIZE BUTTER.

Buttermaker Geo. L. Austin Wins First Prize at Dairy Convention.

A HANDSOME SILVER PITCHER.

Makes Not Only Most Butter But the Best in Northern Minnesota.

Word was received here yesterday that Buttermaker George L. Austin of the St. Hilaire creamery had been awarded the first prize for hand separator creamery butter at the Red River Valley Dairymen's convention at Crookston.

Yesterday's Crookston Times, in writing up the proceedings of the convention, has the following.

"One of the first things taken up this morning was the scoring of the butter, which was done by H. P. Olson, editor of the Dairy Record, St. Paul; Hon. B. F. Flint, Dairy Commissioner of North Dakota, and Lucian Sweet, president of the State Dairymen's association. There were 25 entries of creamery butter and the scores were mostly above 90 which is considered good. The highest score, 94, was made by Geo. L. Austin, of St. Hilaire, who was awarded a handsome silver pitcher inscribed with his name and the score he made. The next highest score was 93½ made by Calvin Mooers of Ada and the next highest, 93¼, was made by Louis Flagel of Erskine. These three were almost equal in point of flavor and in other points but Austin's proved to have a better body than the rest. During the scoring, which was done behind locked doors, the convention was called to order by Prof. Wilson and he then turned it over to J. R. Morley, secretary of the State Dairymen's association."

Mr. Austin and the St. Hilaire creamery are entitled to congratulations. They have for a long time turned out more butter than any other creamery in northern Minnesota and it is highly gratifying to know that they are now making it the best.

Pat Turned Socialist.

There were two Irishmen who came to this country about the same time and settled in the same town in the East. The entire population, practically was democratic and of course they were soon convinced by their friends that it was the only party to belong to. In the course of a few years they both moved west and not long ago they met on the street of a certain city. After renewing acquaintance and talking over the olden days they began to speak on political questions.

"I suppose you're as good a democrat as ever. Pat?" asked Mike.

"Faith, an' I'm not," replied Pat.

"What, not changed your views, have you?" asked Mike.

"I have that," answered Pat.

"What party do you belong to now,?"

"Oh, I'm a Socialist," responded Pat.

"A Socialist! You believe in everybody dividing property, do you?"

"You bet I do!"

"If you own two houses, you would divide them with your neighbor?"

"That's the idea," said Pat.

"And if you own two horses you would give one away?"

"You're right again," replied Pat.

"And if you own two goats you would give one away?" continued Mike.

"Ha? W'at's that? No, sir! I've got two goats meself!" answered Pat quickly.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

—Carload of apples at Duntley's.

Flour!
Flour!

We have just received direct from their Minneapolis mills, a car load of..........
Washburn-Crosby's
Gold Medal
...FLOUR...
Now is the time to lay in your winter's supply while the price is low.
Every bag guaranteed to be as good as any kind money can buy.
GIVE US A CALL.
M. L. HANSON

We will have something to say in this space next week..................
Rapp & Post

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

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Chicago Milwaukee AND St. Paul Railway.
It is important when purchasing your ticket to Eastern Canada that you request the ticket agent to make it read over the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway, if you want the best of train service.
Five daily trains from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago including The Day Express, affording a daylight ride in full view of the beautiful scenery of the Mississippi river. Canadian Excursion Tickets also accepted without extra charge on The Pioneer Limited and the U. S. Government Fast Mail Trains.
Round Trip rate to points in Eastern Canada, $40. Dates of sale, Dec. 1 to Dec. 31, 1906. Liberal return limits and stop-over privileges.
W. B. DIXON, N.W.P.A.,
365 Robert Street,
St. Paul.
G. O. WALTON, Traveling Passenger Agt., St. Paul.
N. K. McCONNELL, Trav. Passenger Agt., St. Paul.
R. D. BOVIG, Trav. Passenger Agent, St. Paul.
J. CALDWELL, Special Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

Advertise in the St. Hilaire Spectator

Dyspepsia of Women

Caused by Female Disorders and Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

A great many women suffer with a form of indigestion or dyspepsia which does not seem to yield to ordinary treatment. While the symptoms seem to be similar to those of ordinary indigestion, yet the medicines universally prescribed do not seem to restore the patient's normal condition.

Mrs. M. Wright

Mrs. Pinkham claims that there is a kind of dyspepsia that is caused by a derangement of the female organism, and which, while it causes a disturbance similar to ordinary indigestion, cannot be relieved without a medicine which not only acts as a stomach tonic, but has a peculiar tonic effect on the female organism.

As proof of this theory we call attention to the case of Mrs. Maggie Wright, Brooklyn, N. Y., who was completely cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound after everything else had failed. She writes:

"For two years I suffered with dyspepsia which so degenerated the entire system that I was unable to attend to my daily duties. I felt weak and nervous, and nothing that I ate tasted good and it caused a disturbance in my stomach. I tried different dyspepsia cures, but nothing seemed to help me. I was advised to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial, and was happily surprised to find that it acted like a fine tonic, and in a few days I began to enjoy and properly digest my food. My recovery was rapid, and in five weeks I was a well woman. I have recommended it to many suffering women."

No other medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement or has such a record of cures of female troubles, as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

NOT YOUR HEART

If you think you have heart disease you are only one of a countless number that are deceived by indigestion into believing the heart is affected.

Lane's Family Medicine

the tonic-laxative, will get your stomach back into good condition, and then the chances are ten to one that you will have no more symptoms of heart disease.

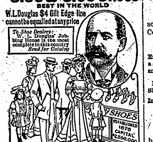
Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 & $3.00 Shoes

BEST IN THE WORLD

W. L. Douglas $4 Gilt Edge line cannot be equalled at any price

To Shoe Dealers: W. L. Douglas' Jobbing House is the most complete in this country. *Send for Catalog*



SHOES FOR EVERYBODY AT ALL PRICES. Men's Shoes, $5 to $1.50. Boys' Shoes, $3 to $1.25. Women's Shoes, $4.00 to $1.50. Misses' & Children's Shoes, $2.25 to $1.00.

Try W. L. Douglas Women's, Misses and Children's shoes; for style, fit and wear they excel other makes.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other make.

Wherever you live, you can obtain W. L. Douglas shoes. His name and price is stamped on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and inferior shoes. *Take no substitute.* Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes and insist upon having them.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Dept. 11, Brockton, Mass.

NEW WHEAT LANDS IN THE CANADIAN WEST

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

5,000 additional miles of railway this year have opened up a largely increased territory to the progressive farmers of Western Canada and the Government of the Dominion continues to give ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY ACRES FREE to every settler.

THE COUNTRY HAS NO SUPERIOR

Coal, wood and water in abundance; churches and schools convenient; markets easy of access; taxes low; climate the best in the northern temperate zone. Law and order prevails everywhere.

For advice and information address the SUPERINTENDENT OF IMMIGRATION, Ottawa, Canada, or any authorized Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. HOLMES, 325 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

WOOD SAWING OUTFITS

Ask for Free Catalog ST-184.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., ST. PAUL.

Too Tame.

"Yes," cautioned the mistress, "I discharged the last cook because she idled away too much time playing dominoes with the policeman. I hope I won't have that trouble with you."

"Indeed, you won't, mum," assured the new girl.

"I am glad of that."

"No; me and me intended wouldn't think of playing anything less fashionable than bridge."

Turkeys Wanted.

Also Ducks, Geese, Chickens, Butter, Eggs and Veal. Highest Prices Paid. No Commission Charged. Witt's Meat Market At "Powers" 5th St. and 1st Ave. So. Minneapolis, Minn.

A Young Diplomat.

"Now, then," said Tommy's mother, "that's the last straw. I'm going to whip you for that."

"O! say, ma," pleaded Tommy, "let's compromise this thing."

"What?"

"Just call it quits an' I'll use my influence with pa to get you that new dress you want."

Do You Own a Hand Separator?

If so, where are you selling your cream? Have you looked into our method of paying cash for every can and giving liberal premiums besides? Write us. R. E. COBB, St. Paul, Minn.

Pluck.

"Pluck," said old Gobsa Golde, pompously—"pluck is the secret of success in business."

"And I'll give you $10,000," said L'Oignon, "if you'll teach me your method of plucking."

Send for Our Free Harness Booklet.

If you are about to buy a harness, don't fail to write us to-day, or ask your dealer to show you our line.

SCHEFFER & ROSSUM CO.,
St. Paul, Minn.

What She Thought of It.

"I saw you at the concert last night," said Mrs. Oldcastle.

"Yes," replied the hostess, "me and Josiah are both so fond of music, you know."

"What did you think of Sawmore's technique?"

"Well, to tell the truth, I didn't notice it, but I thought his fiddlin' was just grand."

HIGH PRICES FOR HIDES, FURS AND Pelts. Write for tags and Price List. John Mack & Co., 15 N. 2d st., Minneapolis.

Pardonable.

"Miss Quick is awfully slangy."

"There's only one excuse for it."

"What's that?"

"She occasionally says something worth listening to."—Detroit Free Press.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Startled.

"And what does your lawyer say?"

"He says," answered the first lieutenant, "that it couldn't be done—"

"Holy smoke!"

"Legally."

"Dammitall, Jim, why dy'e wanter scare me like that for?"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

An Inch or So Below.

"It's funny," began the long-winded bore, "but nobody ever seems glad to see me."

"Well, and have you never found out the cause of your unpopularity?"

"No, I can't discover it."

"That's strange, because it's right under your very nose."

FURS, HIDES, PELTS,

Write for prices and ship to McMillan Fur & Wool Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

The man who steadily tries to scatter happiness need not worry about his stores of holiness.

No man ever found his father by shutting out his fellows.

Ship Us Your Cream.

Write for tags and prices.
FADDEN CREAMERY CO., Minneapolis.

A woman doesn't faint every time she has a faint idea.

TRAPPERS' SUPPLIES ARE SOLD at low prices by the Old Reliable N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

In a conflict between two women each struggles for the last word.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A tombstone record has no influence with the recording angel.

Fruit acids will not stain goods dyed with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES, and the colors are bright and fast.

And a married woman's ideal man is one who thinks he has an ideal wife.

Veal and Poultry Wanted.

Guarantee quick returns and best prices. Consign to H. A. Ertz, 24 E. 3rd St. Paul.

Good wishes often grow up before they come home again.

Things unreal are foes to righteousness.

HURT, BRUISE OR SPRAIN

ST. JACOBS OIL

THE OLD-MONK-CURE RELIEVES FROM PAIN

Price 25c and 50c

A PUBLIC DUTY.

Montpelier, O., Man Feels Compelled to Tell His Experience.

Joseph Wilgus, Montpelier, O., says: "I feel it my duty to tell others about Doan's Kidney Pills. Exposure and driving brought kidney trouble on me, and I suffered much from irregular passages of the kidney secretions. Sometimes there was retention and at other times passages were too frequent, especially at night. There was pain and discoloration. Doan's Kidney Pills brought me relief from the first, and soon infused new life. I give them my indorsement."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Happy Returns.

Debtor—I hear it's your birthday to-day, Mr. Jones. Many happy returns. May you live till I pay you.

RUNNING SORES ON LIMBS.

Little Girl's Obstinate Case of Eczema—Mother says: "Cuticura Remedies a Household Standby."

"Last year, after having my little girl treated by a very prominent physician for an obstinate case of eczema, I resorted to the Cuticura Remedies, and was so well pleased with the almost instantaneous relief afforded that we discarded the physician's prescription and relied entirely on the Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Pills. When we commenced with the Cuticura Remedies her feet and limbs were covered with running sores. In about six weeks we had her completely well, and there has been no recurrence of the trouble. We find that the Cuticura Remedies are a valuable household standby, living as we do twelve miles from a doctor and where it costs from twenty to twenty-five dollars to come up on the mountain. Mrs. Lizzie Vincent Thomas, Fairmount, Walden's Ridge, Tenn., Oct. 13, 1905."

Force of Habit.

"Hello! butcher, what is that you are carrying home?"

"Ten and a half pounds of school books for my daughter."

Marion Harland.

The celebrated authoress, so highly esteemed by the women of America, says on pages 103 and 445 of her book, "Eve's Daughters; or, Common Sense for Maid, Wife and Mother":

"For the aching back—should it be slow in recovering its normal strength—an Allcock's Plaster is an excellent comforter, combining the sensation of the sustained pressure of a strong warm hand with certain tonic qualities developed in the wearing. It should be kept over the seat of uneasiness for several days—in obstinate cases, for perhaps a fortnight."

"For pain in the back wear an Allcock's Plaster constantly, renewing as it wears off. This is an invaluable support when the weight on the small of the back becomes heavy and the aching incessant."

COCOON COLORS THE SILK.

Food Given to the Worm Does Away With Need of Dyes.

European newspapers have been discussing the results of the experiments made by M. Levrah in affecting silk worms by coloring their food so that the cocoons could be made to yield colored silk, thus obviating the necessity of the dyer's work in giving hue to the silk in the thread or piece. In experimenting in this work the object was to discover if possible why some breeds of silk worms produce white silk while others produce yellow or a yellowish green silk. The experiments showed that the natural coloring matter of the cocoons was identical with the coloring matter found in the leaves. It was therefore logical to believe that the color of the silk must originate in the chlorophyl of the leaves fed to the worms.

Then the experiments which followed, undertaken to test this hypothesis, prove that a coloring matter introduced into the intestines of a worm by means of a food may under certain conditions reach the silk through the blood. The coloring matter to cross by osmosis the tissues of silk worms and each race of silk worms is characterized by the osmotic power of its tissues in relation to different coloring matters, permitting the passage of some to the exclusion of others.

IT'S THE FOOD.

The True Way to Correct Nervous Troubles.

Nervous troubles are more often caused by improper food and indigestion than most people imagine. Even doctors sometimes overlook this fact. A man says:

"Until two years ago waffles and butter with meat and gravy were the main features of my breakfast. Finally dyspepsia came on and I found myself in a bad condition, worse in the morning than any other time. I would have a full, sick feeling in my stomach, with pains in my heart, sides and head.

"At times I would have no appetite for days, then I would feel ravenous, never satisfied when I did eat and so nervous I felt like shrieking at the top of my voice. I lost flesh badly and hardly knew which way to turn until one day I bought a box of Grape-Nuts food to see if I could eat that. I tried it without telling the doctor and liked it fine; made me feel as if I had something to eat that was satisfying and still I didn't have that heaviness that I had felt after eating any other food.

"I hadn't drank any coffee then in five weeks. I kept on with the Grape-Nuts and in a month and a half I had gained 15 pounds, could eat almost anything I wanted, didn't feel badly after eating and my nervousness was all gone. It's a pleasure to be well again."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Seasonable Entertainments and Suggestions for Social Functions

By EDITH A. BROWN

Society Editor of the Chicago Record-Herald.

Poet's Middle Name Gives Key for Decoration — Appropriate Quotations for the Courses—A Reading of the Author's Poem "Pumpkin Pie" Makes an Effective Prelude to the Dessert.

All seasons very evidently held beauty and happiness for Whittier, but with his Snow Bound, his Frost Spirit and other poems of like nature, the fact that his birthday anniversary comes on December 17 seems particularly appropriate. Whittier's centennial is not far away, the coming anniversary marking the ninety-eighth birthday of the poet, who died in September, 1892.

The nearness of the anniversary date makes Whittier the next in the series of birthday luncheons for American poets.

The table of honor may be a play upon the poet's unusual middle name, in decoration. In his poem "My Namesake" he takes this liberty himself, inserting the line, "A Greenleaf on your own green banks" in his first stanza. This may be chosen as the line of decoration for the first table, or merely the name of the poet may be used. For another the use of cut flowers will answer to the half-line "breath of flowers" from "At Eventide," and still another table of cut flowers may be used with the line "Blow from summer's blossomed land" from the "Prayer of Agassiz." If hemlocks or a like green may be secured "Snow Bound's"

"——The somber green
Of hemlock——"

will make a pretty winter table.

For the outside page of the folder-menu, water-color vines of green leaves should be used. If a folder is not desired a heavy card with the leaves delicately painted and the menu printed over is equally attractive. The dates December 17, 1807—September 7, 1892, should be printed immediately below the full name of the poet. If the folder is used this will be placed on the first page; if the card, at the top. For the second page of the folder or immediately beneath the dates on the card this line from "Peace-Autumn"—"Peace that sits as Plenty's guest."

If an opening course of oysters is served take the line "Their scallop-shells so many bring," from "My Namesake," for the description. For a bouillon course which may follow, another line from the same poem—"Imagination held in check"—will serve. Fish of any kind may be described as follows:

"——gather
Old ocean's treasures in."

This comes from "The Fisherman." For the roast or meat course two lines from "The Drovers" may be chosen to serve: "No bones of leanness rattle," or—

"Stately beeve bespeaks the hand
That fed him unrepining."

Salad, with its bad reputation as a digestive, may be described by the use of the lines:

"——somehow smuggled in
To keep the thorns and thistles company."

This comes from "The Fruit Gift." If a game course is wanted the lines from "The Exiles":

"My life is hunted—evil men
Are following in my track"

may be used.

Coming in the very shadow of the holiday time, and following so closely the Thanksgiving season, the regulation coffee, cakes and cream might be varied at this Whittier luncheon, and pumpkin pie, apples, nuts and sweet cider served instead. Before the serving of the pumpkin pie some one should read the poet's poem to the "Pumpkin Pie," which is vivid enough to make the mouth water even after so hearty a repast as the one outlined. On the menu should read:

"Thy life be as sweet, and its last sunset sky
Golden-tinted and fair as thy own pumpkin pie."

Then, while the nuts and apples are eaten, and the cider sipped, the whole or passages from "Snow Bound" should be read. These lines from the poem should be found on the menu card:

"The mug of cider simmered slow
The apples sputtered in a row,
And close at hand the basket stood
With nuts from brown October's wood."

If, however, this last portion of the menu is not desired, and the regulation ice cream or ice is chosen instead, take the words, "Our hills of snow" from "Peace-Autumn" for the menu.

At the very bottom of the menu-card, or on the last page of the folder, use these lines from "Flowers in Winter":

"It was a happy thought to bring
To the dark season's frost and rime
This painted memory of spring,
This dream of summer time."

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

Thought It Was a Secret.

Judge O. M. Spencer, a St. Louis (Mo.) lawyer, tells this one on himself: A local dealer in horseflesh sold a good looking steed to a customer, who on the second day after the sale brought him back, and angrily demanded the restoration of his money on the ground that the animal was blind.

"You had the meanness," said the irate man to the dealer, "to sell me a horse as blind as a bat, and never said a word about it."

"What you say is true, and I can't deny a word of it," responded the other, "but I bought him from Spencer only last week, and as he failed to say anything about the horse being blind I supposed it was a secret."

HOW DEBILITY SHOWS

And Why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Are a Specific for Dangerous Physical Declines.

The symptoms of general debility vary according to the cause but weakness is always present, a tendency to perspire and fatigue easily, ringing in the ears, sometimes black spots passing before the eyes, weak back, vertigo, wakefulness caused by inability to stop thinking, and unrefreshing sleep. The cause of the trouble may be some drain on the system or it may be mental or physical overwork, sometimes insufficient nutrition due to digestive disturbance. In the latter case there is generally a loss of appetite and a coated tongue as well as general languor and debility.

Miss Lulu M. Metzger, a stenographer, living at 71 Mill street, Watertown, N.Y., suffered for over a year from general debility. "It was caused by overstudy," she says, "and I had no ambition, didn't want to go anywhere, my food didn't taste good, I was run down, lifeless and listless. I took medicines but they failed to help me. Finally friends recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to my mother and she got some for me. I took them for some time and was entirely cured and have had no return of the trouble."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure debility because they actually make new, red, rich blood, and as the blood carries nourishment to all the organs and tissues of the body, nerves as well as muscles, the new blood stimulates the organs to do the work that nature expects of them and normal health follows. Not only is this treatment sufficient to cure debility but many severe nervous disorders as well.

The pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. Send for free diet book.

Looking Forward.

"But what does he live on?"

"He is living at the expense of a lawyer who expects to be employed to break a rich uncle's will when the uncle dies."

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Elling O. Berg, Madison, Minn., automatic grain-weighing device; Tobias A. Oren, Borup, Minn., display reel; John F. Randall, Brookings, S. D., soap holder; Austin L. Russell, Minneapolis, Minn., propelling apparatus for boats; Frank M. Rutten, Crary, N. D., yielding clevis for plows.

Some men act as if they really believed everything they say.

Learn the Barber Trade.

Write for free illustrated catalog explaining all. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis.

Some lawyers who fail at their practice imagine it is up to them to preach.

As the policyholders multiply the insurance company directors divide.

TURKEYS WANTED, also Veal and Chickens. C. J. Ertz, 30-32-34 E. 3rd St. (Oldest house in St. Paul.)

If men treated their stomachs better their souls would worry them less.

SHIP YOUR HIDES AND FURS to the Old Reliable N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn. Established 1890.

Activity is the best amen to any prayer.

Quaker Oats

You will always welcome breakfast-time when Quaker Oats is served, because it is so delicious and satisfying.

You will quickly detect the superior flavor of Quaker Oats, once you eat it. Freer from hulls, daintier to the taste, easier to digest, Quaker Oats is unquestionably **the best rolled oats made.**

The new, large sized **Family Package,** now contains a piece of handsome, decorated, semi-porcelain, that will delight any housewife.

Large Sized Family Package With Dainty China Dishes 25c

—either plate, vegetable dish or cup and saucer.

Should anyone tell you that some other brand of rolled oats is "just as good" as Quaker Oats, or that some other china is as pretty and serviceable as Quaker Semi-Porcelain—remember that **you can find out for yourself.** You will never believe such a statement after you have purchased a large sized **Family Package** of Quaker Oats.

The Quaker Oats Company

Try the new Quaker product—Quaker Best Cornmeal. Sold only in sealed packages, three pounds 10c. Ask your grocer.

If a man is crazy and doesn't know it, it's because he is a bachelor.

STAND FIRM

When you buy an OILED SUIT OR SLICKER demand TOWER'S FISH BRAND

It's the easiest and only way to get the best

Sold everywhere

A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON MASS.
TOWER CANADIAN CO. TORONTO, CAN.

POULTRYMEN!

Do you want strong, healthy chicks?
Then mix with your feed

SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

The original medicine to make hens lay. Causes perfect assimilation of food, keeps poultry healthy, and increases egg production in fall and winter when prices are high. One pack, 25c.; five, $1; two-lb. can, $1.20; six, $5.00. Express paid. At all dealers.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

-CREAM-

WE PAY CASH
THE CRESCENT CREAMERY CO.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

THE LAXATIVE OF KNOWN QUALITY

There are two classes of remedies; those of known quality and which are permanently beneficial in effect, acting gently, in harmony with nature, when nature needs assistance; and another class, composed of preparations of unknown, uncertain and inferior character, acting temporarily, but injuriously, as a result of forcing the natural functions unnecessarily. One of the most exceptional of the remedies of known quality and excellence is the ever pleasant Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., which represents the active principles of plants, known to act most beneficially, in a pleasant syrup, in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to contribute their rich, yet delicate, fruity flavor. It is the remedy of all remedies to sweeten and refresh and cleanse the system gently and naturally, and to assist one in overcoming constipation and the many ills resulting therefrom. Its active principles and quality are known to physicians generally, and the remedy has therefore met with their approval, as well as with the favor of many millions of well informed persons who know of their own personal knowledge and from actual experience that it is a most excellent laxative remedy. We do not claim that it will cure all manner of ills, but recommend it for what it really represents, a laxative remedy of known quality and excellence, containing nothing of an objectionable or injurious character.

There are two classes of purchasers; those who are informed as to the quality of what they buy and the reasons for the excellence of articles of exceptional merit, and who do not lack courage to go elsewhere when a dealer offers an imitation of any well known article; but, unfortunately, there are some people who do not know, and who allow themselves to be imposed upon. They cannot expect its beneficial effects if they do not get the genuine remedy.

To the credit of the druggists of the United States be it said that nearly all of them value their reputation for professional integrity and the good will of their customers too highly to offer imitations of the

Genuine—Syrup of Figs

manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., and in order to buy the genuine article and to get its beneficial effects, one has only to note, when purchasing, the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package. Price, 50c. per bottle. One size only.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. *MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri.*

ESTABLISHED 1879.

WOODWARD & CO.

Minneapolis GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

N W N U —NO. 46— 1906.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1906. NUMBER 19.

HILL TO RETIRE IS LATEST RUMOR

BURLINGTON AND GREAT NORTHERN MERGED, HE WILL STEP DOWN.

BOYCOTT SMALL GRAIN MEN

COLLUSION BETWEEN RAILROADS AND FAVORED SHIPPERS IS SHOWN.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—A Chicago paper says:

"Not only is the Burlington to be entirely merged with the Great Northern, but a radical reassignment of officers will be made.

"The plan of James J. Hill now is to abolish the name 'Burlington' and call the system from coast to Chicago 'The Great Northern.'

"Mr. Hill will then resign the presidency of the Great Northern and take up his permanent residence in New York, and one of these three men will be elected to the presidency of the consolidated company: George B. Harris, now president of the Burlington; Daniel Willard, vice president of the same line, or Louis W. Hill, son of James J. Hill, now vice president of the Great Northern railway.

"The amalgamation of the two roads under one name and his own retirement have been one of the long-cherished plans of James J. Hill, and now he is said to be ready to carry it out.

"Following the shifts among the head men will come some radical changes in the official staffs of both companies."

Two Roads to Merge.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 22.—A local paper says:

"Within one week the equity which the Northern Pacific now holds in the Burlington will pass into the hands of the Great Northern and within fifteen days the Burlington and Great Northern will be merged into one vast system, with J. J. Hill in control."

This statement was made by a man close to the official family of the Hill roads, who has just returned from Chicago, where the intricate operations of this gigantic transaction are now being perfected.

$100,000 PAID IN REBATES.

Interstate Commerce Hearing at Milwaukee Is Sensational.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 22.—Collusion between railroads and favored shippers, boycott of small grain consignors and testimony that at least $100,000 was paid in rebates during 1905, is what the interstate commerce commission consider its session in Milwaukee yesterday has shown.

State Railroad Commissioner John W. Thomas and his expert accountants swore to an examination of the books of railroad companies while looking for evasions of state taxes by corporation, and while thus employed they said they found vouchers showing many refunds allowed. It is this testimony which the commissioners say makes their Milwaukee session a most important one, and they intend to take further steps in close railroad investigation as a consequence.

PROTECTORATE FOR CUBA.

Idea Is Crystallizing and Roosevelt Will Be Petitioned.

Havana, Nov. 22.—The sentiment in Cuba industrial and financial circles in favor of the establishment of a strong American protectorate over the island is crystallizing. There are two independent movements for this purpose, the instigators of which are gathering signatures to petitions to President Roosevelt opposing the idea of annexation, pointing out the inability of Cubans to direct their own affairs unaided, and declaring that only by a protectorate can Cuba be preserved for the Cubans.

WITTE LOOMING UP.

Fear That Count Again Will Be Given Power Actuates Concerted Attack.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 22.—Since his return to Russia Count Witte has been showered with abuse and attacked on all sides. A campaign to discredit him and prevent his ever returning to power is openly in progress.

The voice of M. Kovalevsky in the Strana is the only one raised in the former premier's support. He says Witte is undoubtedly the cleverest man in the government camp and that abuse is dictated by fear that his star may again be in the ascendant.

HOTEL IS DYNAMITED.

Two People Killed and Nine Hurt in British Columbia.

Grand Forks, B. C., Nov. 22. — At Niagara, a railway village seven miles up the north fork of the Kittle river, unknown persons last night wrecked the Canadian hotel with dynamite.

The explosion killed Louise King, eighteen years old, and an unknown Italian, and injured nine other persons. Three boxes of dynamite were used.

GAME NETS MILLION DOLLARS

ALLEGED FRAUDULENT UNDERWRITING COMPANIES RAIDED BY MARSHALS.

Chicago, Nov. 22. — Several underwriting companies, alleged to be the largest fraudulent concerns of the kind ever operated in Chicago, were raided here yesterday by United States marshals. The concerns are accused of promoting fraudulent enterprises. According to the federal authorities the men accused of operating the swindles had many victims and obtained nearly a million of dollars by the scheme. Seven men were arrested.

The postal authorities say the underwiting companies were in league with certain of the brokers, with whom they divided the fee taken for the supposed underwriting, which was never done.

How Swindle Was Worked.

The plan by which the swindles were carried on, it is alleged, involved representations in the United States mails that the underwriting and guaranty companies had given trust companies certain assets and collateral security to indemnify bonds given the investors until the time the bonds matured. The corporations were given bonds at maturing periods all the way from twenty to forty years.

The government officials say that the men arrested never entered into a proposition in which less than $100,000 was involved, and that they in many cases obtained as much as $5,000,000 worth of stock to underwrite.

Exposes Fraud Scheme.

Milwaukee, Nov. 22.—As a result of a signed confession now in the hands of United States District Attorney Butterfield, the existence of a thoroughly organized gang of fake promoters has been uncovered and arrests will be made within twenty-four hours in several prominent cities of the country by federal officers.

PEARY IS ALMOST WRECKED.

Has Terrible Experience in Storm—Dismantles Ship to Get Fuel.

Sydney, N. S., Nov. 22.—A cable dispatch to the Associated Press from St. George's Bay, Newfoundland, says:

"Commander Peary's arctic steamer Roosevelt, which arrived here short of coal Saturday, was still anchored in St. George's bay at dusk last night, but ready to sail for Port au Basque at the first favorable change in the weather."

The Roosevelt had a terrible experience while coming south from Hopedale, Labrador. She had to lay up for twelve days in Battle Harbor, Labrador, on account of a hurricane. She was short of coal and it became necessary to augment this fuel with wood and blubber. A portion of the ship's interior work was dismantled to secure wood. During a blinding snow storm, it is declared, the Roosevelt was nearly wrecked on the west coast of Newfoundland.

NO GRAFT IN RELIEF FUND.

Red Cross Official Does Not Believe That Mayor Schmitz Stole a Penny.

New York, Nov. 22.—Dr. Edward T. Devine, who as special representative of the Red Cross had supervision of the relief work of the society at San Francisco, declared before the New York state branch of the Red Cross yesterday that while mistakes might have been made in the distribution of the relief funds, there was no "graft" there. Dr. Devine said that he did not believe that the mayor of San Francisco stole a single penny of the relief fund.

RATES GO UP WITH WAGE RISE.

Railroads Said to Contemplate Boost in Tariffs.

Chicago, Nov. 22. — A general increase in freight rates to offset a general increase in wages and a steady increase in the prices of railway supplies is contemplated by the chief officials of most of the railroads terminating in Chicago. While no definite action has yet been taken, it is likely that the question of advancing freight rates will be brought up at an early meeting of executive officials in charge of traffic.

PLATT TO STICK TO SENATE.

Engages Rooms at Washington for Next Session.

New York, Nov. 22.—Senator Thomas C. Platt "handed a lemon" yesterday to Timothy H. Woodruff and other Republican leaders who hope to succeed him in the United States senate by letting it be known that he is not going to resign. At least not yet.

A dispatch was received from Washington to the effect that Senator Platt had reserved his rooms there for the whole season.

Ready to Make Constitution.

Guthrie, Okla., Nov. 22.—The state constitutional convention settled down to active business yesterday. William Murray of Tishomingo, I. T., was elected chairman. His speech aroused much enthusiasm.

Will Try Land Fraud Cases.

Omaha, Nov. 22.—After listening to arguments for a week on the motions to quash the indictments in the Richards and Comstock land fraud cases, Judge Munger yesterday overruled the motion and the cases went to trial.

Oil Trust's Boy Is Robbed.

New York, Nov. 22.—Floyd Kibler, a fifteen-year-old messenger, employed in the Jersey City office of the Standard Oil company, was knocked down and robbed of $1,200 belonging to that company.

JAMES J. HILL ON WITNESS STAND

RAILROAD MAGNATE IS QUIZZED BY INTERSTATE COMMERCE MEN.

OWNS NO ELEVATOR STOCK

NO EMPLOYE ALLOWED TO OWN STOCK IN A CONCERN WHICH IS PATRON OF LINE.

Minneapolis, Nov. 22.—James J. Hill appeared before the interstate commerce commission in Minneapolis yesterday morning and cleared himself of the charge that he owned stock of grain elevators along his line and favored those elevators.

"Do you own any stock in elevators on your lines?" asked John H. Marble, special counsel for the commission.

"No," was the answer. And the answer was the same when Mr. Hill was asked whether members of his family or employes of the road owned stock for him.

Not Allowed to Own Stock.

"No man in the employ of the Great Northern railroad is allowed to own any stock in a concern which is a patron of its lines. If I find one he will have to go, even if he is my own son."

The complaint that the Great Northern made lower rates to Minneapolis than are made to Milwaukee, Mr. Hill said, was an old one. The Great Northern was constantly reducing rates. Its rates had been lower than the Milwaukee's back in 1879.

Magnate's Plan.

"The elevator," said Mr. Hill, "ought to give a receipt for grain, showing the number of bushels, and the price should be so staple that the receipt would be as good as a bank draft. Then by a two-cent stamp the farmer could market his crop."

Mr. Hill said that the elevators should be open to all. The law required that now, but farmers were sometimes told the elevators were full.

In view of the fact that the bulk of the Great Northern's business comes from the farmer, it has always been its policy to aid the farmer whenever possible.

About twenty-five Minneapolis grain men have been summoned to appear before the commission.

Grain Price Fixed.

P. H. Smith, president of the chamber of commerce, followed Mr. Hill on the stand. He admitted there was an organization of grain men which met daily and fixed the price of wheat at elevators throughout the country, allowing 3 cents commission for the agent for handling the grain.

CLAIMS VETERANS' ESTATES.

Milwaukee County Will File 4,000 Suits Against Government.

Milwaukee, Nov. 22.—R. B. Mallory acting as public administrator, filed 124 suits against the United States government yesterday afternoon in the county court. The plaintiff in each case is the county of Milwaukee.

The issue at law is the question of jurisdiction in determining who shall administer the estates of old soldiers who die intestate. Over $500,000 is involved in the litigation.

ANNOUNCES APPOINTMENTS.

Secretary of State-elect Names Three Assistants.

St. Paul, Nov. 22.—Julius Schmahl has made a partial announcement of his appointments of assistants in the secretary of state's office for the next two years. James Larson of Walnut Grove will take J. J. Lomen's place as assistant secretary. E. M. Parish of St. Paul will succeed George Brown as chief clerk. Miss Jennie M. Bixby of St. Paul will retain her position as stenographer.

TOO MANY CITIZENS SHOT.

Billings (Mont.) Council Puts Ban on Carrying Weapons.

Billings, Mont., Nov. 22.—At a meeting of the city council last night an ordinance was passed fixing a fine of from $1 to $300 and three months' imprisonment for each case of conviction on a charge of carrying concealed weapons. The action of the council was prompted by numerous shooting affrays which have occurred in the city during the last two weeks.

Aged 76; Sees Street Car.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Nov. 22.—M. P. Chance, a wealthy Vernon county farmer, made his first trip on a street car last night from Eau Claire to this city. He is seventy-six years old, and this is the first time he has seen a street car. For fifty-six years he had not been outside of Vernon county.

No New Trial for Slayer.

Des Moines, Nov. 22. — Charles Thomas, serving a life imprisonment term for the murder of Mabel Scofield, seven years ago, was denied a new trial by the Iowa supreme court yesterday.

Train Kills Pioneer.

Fessenden, N. D., Nov. 22.—William Kunkel, a pioneer real estate man of this town, was struck by a switching train on the Main street crossing of the Soo railroad. He died soon afterward.

SAYS IVERSON FIRED HIM

THOMPSON SAYS HE WAS FIRED TO MAKE ROOM FOR IVERSON'S RELATIVE.

St. Paul, Nov. 22. — The Dispatch says:

A. W. Thompson, deputy state auditor under State Auditor Iverson for the past four years, will sever his official connection with that department immediately. He has been let out.

In order to make room for C. S. Brown, State Auditor Iverson's brother-in-law, Mr. Thompson was asked to resign Monday, to take effect with the first of the year, but he refused and informed Mr. Iverson that he would step out immediately. Mr. Thompson's explanation is that Mr. Iverson wants to keep the money in the family.

"I have not resigned—I refused to resign when requested to do so by Mr. Iverson. I was discharged, dismissed—the dismissal to take effect on Jan. 1. But it will not take effect at that time, but will take effect now," said Mr. Thompson.

"The reason? Why, Iverson wants to give my place to his brother-in-law, C. S. Brown. Iverson wants to keep all the money he can in the family.

"There are in the office Iverson's sister, his brother-in-law and himself, and so the money will be kept in the family for the coming four years. The Iverson family will draw $7,500 annually from the state treasury."

VIOLATES ORDER; IS KILLED.

Mate of Steamer Dix Is Blamed for the Wreck.

Seattle, Nov. 22.—That Mate Dennison, who was one of the fifty or more persons who perished with the sinking of the steamship Dix, was wholly to blame for the loss of the vessel Sunday night was the trend of the testimony taken before United States marine inspectors yesterday. Capt. Lermond, master of the Dix, who was among those saved by the steamer Jeanie, testified that he had warned Dennison never to attempt to cross in front of another vessel.

"MURDERED" MAN IS ALIVE.

Brother Charged With Killing Is Given Liberty.

Devils Lake, N. D., Nov. 22.—Martin Hagen, arrested last week in Stanley, Ward county, on a charge of having killed his brother and of having taken the dead body along with him as household goods when he removed to Stanley from this place, has been released. Information was received by the sheriff that the supposedly murdered man was alive and well, having been located in Canada.

ASKS PROBE FOR COUNTY.

Commissioners Want Grand Jury to Investigate Certain Offices.

Minot, N. D., Nov. 22. — A special grand jury to probe into charges of alleged misconduct on the part of certain county officials of Ward county has been requested by the board of county commissioners. The members of the board refuse to state what the charges are that will be investigated nor what offices will be probed.

HOUSER WILL BUCK SPOONER.

Wisconsin Secretary of State Will Seek Toga.

Madison, Wis., Nov. 22.—Walter L. Houser, secretary of state of Wisconsin for the past four years and unsuccessful candidate for a nomination for a third term, has shied his castor into the ring again, this time as a candidate for the seat in the United States senate now occupied by John C. Spooner.

Steal Loads of Wheat.

Miller, S. D., Nov. 22. — Wheat thieves are reported to be active in the eastern part of the county. They wait until the bachelor farmers have gone to a dance at some neighbor's house and then in the middle of the night go and take a load of wheat.

Engine Kills Switchman.

Duluth, Nov. 22.—William Morrison, a switchman, lost his footing while walking on an engine in the Duluth yards and fell under the wheels. The engine severed one arm and leg, and the victim died in a hospital an hour later.

Four Given Up for Lost.

Holland, Mich., Nov. 22.—Contractor James Bennett of Muskegon and three laborers, who were working on the pier extension here, have been given up as lost. They were last seen clinging to the low breakwater and mountainous seas were breaking over them.

Killed by an Explosion.

New York, Nov. 22.—By the explosion of celluloid in the plant of the Rouffard Comb company Charles Rouffard, his wife and a boy were blown through the window to the street below. The woman was instantly killed, Rouffard is dying and the boy is seriously injured.

Boxer Held for Murder.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Nov. 22.—Harry Lewis, charged with murder as the result of the death of Mike Ward, following their boxing match last Thursday night, pleaded not guilty, and was held under $10,000 bonds.

Wisconsin Man Arrested.

Helena, Mont., Nov. 22.—J. Gordon Morse, formerly of Madison, Wis., has been arrested at Boulder, at the instigation of Wisconsin authorities, who have preferred charges of forgery against him.

IMMENSE DAMAGE CAUSED BY FLOODS

RIVERS AND STREAMS IN KENTUCKY ARE RAGING TORRENTS.

SIX DEATHS DUE TO FLOOD

GREAT DAMAGE TO CROPS IN TWO STATES—THOUSANDS OF LOGS LOST.

Fulton, Ky., Nov. 22.—By far the worst floods ever known are raging in this vicinity, and immense damage has been done. For the first time since the Illinois Central railroad entered Kentucky there is not a train, either passenger or freight, in operation through Fulton.

Six lives have been lost in railroad accidents as the result of the flood.

Swept Away by Floods.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 22.—Telegrams from all over this state indicate that great damage has been done by the Cumberland, Licking, Red, Kentucky and Big Sandy rivers and other streams in the state. From Bowling Green a report comes that the Barren river has risen twenty-five feet and thousands of logs, railroad ties, fencing, etc., have been swept away.

The Green river at Morgantown has risen fifteen feet and thousands of logs have been lost.

At Maysville the Ohio river is full. Thousands of logs have been lost on every river in the mountain district. Great damage has been done to crops.

Great Damage in Indiana.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 22.—A high wind that reached a velocity of fifty miles an hour at times caused much damage throughout the state yesterday. The temperature dropped twenty-five degrees and indications point to colder weather by morning. Reports show several men injured by flying debris.

Storm in Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—This city was visited yesterday by a severe rain, snow and wind storm, which much damage in the city and suburbs. In the business section of the city a number of signs were blown down and several pedestrians sustained slight injuries.

OCEAN LINERS COLLIDE.

Nine Men Reported Dead as Result of Crash.

Cherbourg, Nov. 22.—A dispatch received here reports that the North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse has been in collision with the Royal Mail steamer Oronico. Both Vessels were severely damaged. It is declared that four members of the crew of the Kaiser Wilhelm were killed, while twelve were injured. Five members of the crew of the Oronico are missing and are supposed to have been drowned.

TAX SLAVERY IS ABOLISHED.

Compulsory Labor in Part of Congo Independent State Is Ended.

Brussels, Nov. 22.—The government of the Congo Independent State has accepted the recommendation of the commission of inquiry into the administration of that state and has abolished compulsory labor in the district of Katanga. Hereafter the negroes will pay their taxes in money.

Blunder Wrecks Trains.

Mobile, Ala., Nov. 22.—Fast mail No. 2, north-bound, on the Mobile & Ohio railroad, while on a siding at Dwight, Ala., was run into by the south fast mail. Both engines and trains were badly damaged and twenty-five persons slightly injured. The wreck is said to have been caused by a flagman who became confused on his orders.

Croker Is Out for Good.

New York, Nov. 22.—"My father is through with New York politics forever," remarked Richard Croker, Jr., yesterday as he stepped aboard the White Star liner Baltic. "I have not seen him in almost two years," the young man went on, "and I expect to spend some time with him at Glencairn."

See New Extortion.

San Francisco, Nov. 22.—When the grand jury reconvened yesterday the first witness called was Michael Debrit, who it is understood was questioned regarding extortion that is said to have been practiced on the French restaurants since the first of the year.

Kicks Lantern; Starts Fire.

Grand Forks, Nov. 22. — A horse kicked over a lantern in Noble's livery barn in Doyon, and started a blaze which destroyed the barn, the city hall and two other buildings. The total loss is estimated at $10,000.

Police Asked to Find Girl.

Duluth, Nov. 22. — Miss Mamie Twombly, aged sixteen years, has mysteriously disappeared and the police have been asked to assist in finding her. She was a handsome girl and was employed at a laundry.

Accidentally Poisoned Himself.

Aberdeen, S. D., Nov. 22.—Using cyanide of potassium as a wash after taking a dose of quinine, James G. Vincent, one of the oldest and best known pioneers of this city, died from the effects of poisoning.

DISMISSES NEGRO SOLDIERS

SECRETARY TAFT REVOKES ORDER HOLDING UP DISCHARGE OF TROOPS.

Washington, Nov. 22. — Secretary Taft, without waiting to hear from President Roosevelt, yesterday directed that the president's order discharging without honor the negro troops of the three companies of the Twenty-fifth infantry who declined to furnish evidence regarding the killing of a white man at Brownsville, Tex., be executed immediately.

Immediately after the secretary took this step he made public the contents of a cablegram from the president declining to rescind his order.

In his statement explaining his change of front Secretary Taft states that owing to public clamor he directed the president's order to be held up, and notified Mr. Roosevelt of the application for the rescinding of his order.

Secretary Taft immediately left town, and upon his return Tuesday, not having heard from the president, he did not feel warranted in holding up the order any longer, and directed that it be executed at once.

DIVIDEND FOR STOCKHOLDERS.

Great Northern Ore Lands Plan Is Made Public.

New York, Nov. 22.—Details of the long-looked-for dividend to Great Northern Railway company stockholders, resulting from the leasing of its ore lands to the United States Steel corporation, were disclosed yesterday in a circular issued at the Great Northern offices.

For every share of Great Northern stock holders will receive a share of stock of the Lake Superior company limited, an unincorporated company, in whose name the ore lands have been held.

The net profits derived from the ore properties will be distributed at least once annually by the trustees.

HILL MERGER TO BE PROBED.

Interstate Commission Will Look Into Three Great Systems.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—James J. Hill and the three great railways he dominates are to be investigated by the interstate commerce commission. What are the relations between the Great Northern, the Northern Pacific and the Burlington systems? An effort is to be made to find out.

The commission will seek to ascertain what effect the control of all these lines by one man has had and is having upon rates in the Northwest, and consequently upon the agricultural and industrial development of that section.

Will Oust Anti-lid Mayors.

Topeka, Kan., Nov. 22. — Suits to oust from office A. B. Kirkwood, mayor of Pittsburg, Kan., and F. W. O'Donnell, mayor of Junction City, Kan., for failure to enforce the state prohibition law were filed here yesterday afternoon in the Kansas supreme court.

Ice Threatens Bridge.

Yankton, S. D., Nov. 22.—The river here is full of running ice, and it was necessary to take out the pontoon bridge which has carried all the traffic with Nebraska in the last summer.

Fever Patient Ends Life.

Superior, Wis., Nov. 22.—While delirious from fever, Frank Cotey escaped from the vigilance of his wife and going through the yard jumped into the bay and was drowned.

Hog Cholera Kills Herds.

Miller, S. D., Nov. 22.—For the first time in the history of this section hog cholera has attacked several herds of swine northeast of here and killed off quite a good many fat porkers.

Pittsburg Flyer Wrecked.

Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 22.—The Pittsburg flyer, on the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg railroad, was wrecked near Golden. About fifteen persons were injured. No one was killed.

Short in His Accounts.

Cincinnati, Nov. 22.—B. C. Cavagna, receiving teller of the First National bank, was arrested here. It is alleged that Cavagna is short $31,600 in his accounts.

Bishop Is Dead.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 22.—Bishop John J. Tigert of the Methodist Episcopal church south of Louisville, Ky., died at Tulsa, I. T., after a week's illness.

Drowned While Skating.

Pine City, Minn., Nov. 22. — Roy Holm was drowned in Pokegama lake. The lad was out with a skating party and attempted to cross a strip of thin ice.

Ban on Prize Fights.

Houghton, Mich., Nov. 22.—Sheriff August Beck issued an order dropping the lid on prize fighting or boxing contests of any nature in Houghton county.

Wisconsin Capitol Board to Meet.

Eau Claire, Wis., Nov. 22.—O. H. Ingram, president, has issued a call for a meeting of the capitol commission at Madison Dec. 24.

Neck Broken Fifteen Years.

Sauk Rapids, Minn., Nov. 22.—E. C. Dowsland is dead, after having lived fifteen years with a broken neck.

Duluth Car Kills Man.

Duluth, Nov. 22.—Henry Wilt was fatally hurt last evening by being struck by an electric car.

PRESIDENT GETS WELCOME AT PONCE

PORTO RICANS TURN OUT IN ENORMOUS CROWDS TO GREET EXECUTIVE.

IS SHOWERED WITH FLOWERS

PROMISES TO HELP PORTO RICO ALONG PATH TO SELF-GOVERNMENT.

Ponce, Porto Rico, Nov. 22.—President Roosevelt arrived here yesterday morning from Colon on the battleship Louisiana. He was visited by Gov. Winthrop, who extended a welcome to the island. The president then came ashore, where the crowd cheered him, crying: "Viva el presidente!" When the greetings were over the president, accompanied by Gov. Winthrop, was driven to the city hall. The president was kept busy acknowledging cheers along the two-mile line of march.

Showered With Flowers.

At the entrance to the plaza a huge arch had been erected, from which little girls threw flowers to both the president and Mrs. Roosevelt.

At the city hall an address of welcome was read. The president delivered his reply from the balcony of the building, addressing the largest crowd that had ever assembled in Ponce. He said in part:

"I shall continue to use every effort to secure citizenship for Porto Rico. I am confident this will come in the end, and all that I can personally do to hasten that day I will do."

Help in Self-government.

"My efforts will be unceasing to help you along the path of true self-government, which must have for its basis a union of order, liberty, justice and honor."

The presidential party left Ponce at 10:30 for the run to San Juan over the famous military road. Eleven automobiles conveyed the party. Stops of three minutes each were made at Juana Diaz, Coamo and Albonito. At each place the president was welcomed by the mayor and spoke briefly from his automobile.

HARRIMAN'S EARNINGS BIG.

Present Rate Indicates Increase of $15,000,000 Over Last Year.

San Francisco, Nov. 22.—For three months of the present fiscal year, July, August and September, the gross earnings of the Southern Pacific amount to $28,671,714, as against $25,662,778 for the same three months last year.

For three months in the present fiscal year the earnings of the Union Pacific are $1,489,963 greater than for the same three months of last year. If this rate of increase keeps up, the earnings of the two Harriman roads will have an increase of $15,000,000 over last year.

ICE MEN ADMIT GUILT.

Five Philadelphians Throw Themselves on Mercy of Court.

Philadelphia, Nov. 22.—Five of the fourteen ice dealers who were placed on trial in the criminal court here on the charge of conspiracy to raise the price of ice pleaded non vult contendre and threw themselves on the mercy of the court. A plea of this character is virtually an admission of guilt, but carries with it the excuse that the offender had no intention to break the law. The five dealers were fined $75 each and costs.

FALL WITH BUILDING.

Twenty Workmen Are Precipitated to Ground by Collapse of Building.

Rochester, N. Y., Nov. 22.—A fatal accident occurred yesterday at Eastman Kodak works, in which three workmen were killed, eight seriously injured and six slightly hurt.

The men were at work on a scaffold near the top of a two-story building when the top floor gave way.

SIX MILLIONS FOR STRIKE.

Union Printers of the Country Have Used That Much in Their Fight.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—The union printers of the country have spent nearly $6,000,000 in their fight for an eight-hour day. A meeting in celebration of victories, which are regarded as foreshadowing the "beginning of the end" in the long struggle will be held here next Sunday.

Negro Hanged for Murder.

Center, Tex., Nov. 22.—Dick Garrett, the negro who killed Dr. Pauls at Groyestown, Trinity county, a few days ago, was hanged yesterday afternoon by the sheriff in the presence of an immense crowd. He waived all rights and pleaded guilty.

Dockyards Are Burned.

Toulon, France, Nov. 22.—The main portions of the dock yards were destroyed by fire. The foreign warships in course of construction were saved with difficulty. The loss will amount to several million francs.

Suggested for Envoy.

Washington, Nov. 22. — Sir Alan Johnstone, the present minister for Great Britain to Denmark, is being discussed in Washington as a possible successor to Sir Henry Mortimer Durand.

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C. L. Hansen.................President
Daniel Patterson..............Vice-Pres.
A. D. Stephens..............2nd Vice-Pres.
K. O. Gigstad....................Cashier

[illegible]
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER
9:15 am Lv.....Crookston.....Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.
10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
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Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
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WORTH A DOLLAR A DROP
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Good supply of water guaranteed
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The Spectator.
H. E. IVES, Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes, postoffice or express orders. Short-time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Nov. 24, 1906.

San Francisco officials stole over a million dollars of the earthquake relief fund.

It is estimated that over eight thousand deer will be killed by hunters in Minnesota this year.

Next Thursday is Thanksgiving. Let us all be truly thankful for the favors we have had and the turkey we will get.

President Roosevelt has finished his inspection of the Panama canal and is looking over affairs at Porto Rica this week.

Governor Johnson's plurality has hovered around the 72,000 mark for about a week, so we can conclude that he has at last stopped running.

The Carlisle Indians at Minneapolis last Saturday made our University foot ball team look like a republican candidate for governor.

St. Hilaire was about the only town in this part of the state that gave the republican candidate for governor the most votes at the recent election.

The October statement of the St. Hilaire creamery published this week makes it a certainty that that company will do over a fifty-thousand dollar business this year. Next year will show a decided increase or we will miss our guess.

John D. Rockefeller has been indicted by an Ohio grand jury. Considering that Mr. Rockefeller is the biggest robber the world ever produced, and still owns the goods, he will probably receive a severe slap on the wrist and a fine of about $1.87.

Harry Ives predicted a plurality of 500 for Cole in Red Lake county. He missed it by 1530 or 115 per cent. As a political prognosticator Harry is entitled to enter the John Eastman class without further credentials.—Red Lake Courier.

The Courier editor was not correctly informed; the prediction was only 300 for Cole.

The wise men who edit the political columns of the large dailies of this state are already speculating upon a republican state ticket for 1908. Let the party first discover the causes of the late reverses before [illegible] what might prove another forlorn hope. Some of the slates suggested by the politicians might as well be smashed now as later. If the party were to select a leader today, J. F. Jacobson would come nearer the nomination than he did at Duluth. The next two years may produce new conditions and new leaders.—Alexandria Post-News.

Blew His Own Horn.

A certain colonel who was in command of the Perthshire yeomanry was at an evening party in Edinburgh complaining loudly of his officers, alleging that all the duties of the regiment devolved upon him. "I am," he said, "to all intents and purposes my own major, my own captain, my own lieutenant, my own cornet." "To say nothing of being your ain trumpeter too," remarked a grim old Scottish lady, sotto voce.

Quick Wit.

There is no more effective weapon to defend us from impertinence or rudeness than quick, sharp wit. But few men have it, and it is born with them. If we try to imitate it we end in ill nature and scurrility. Wit cannot be forced into growth. But courtesy and good temper can. These weapons are sure and grow brighter and stronger with age.

Didn't Like Taxes.

Cases against George Washington appear here and there in old documents. No less than three claims were entered against him during the year 1787 to compel him to pay taxes. The humorous clerk, commenting on these actions, remarked, "George Washington, Esq., appeareth not to like taxes."

Modern Life.

All the accessories of modern life increase so rapidly that there is little likelihood of its expenditure diminishing or of life becoming more simple and less costly.—Black and White.

Changed.

Maude—You wouldn't know my fiance now if you met him. Nell—Why, has he changed so much as that? Maude—That isn't it exactly. I've changed him.

Historic Old New York.

Greenwich village, in New York city, was first brought into prominence when Sir Peter Warren, descended from an ancient Irish family and vice admiral of the British fleet, settled there in 1744. He married Susannah De Lancey and settled on a fine estate of more than 300 acres, running from Christopher street to West Twenty-first. It was laid out like an English park, with splendid hedges and avenues of trees and a fine old mansion, which was the resort of all the quality of old New York. His three daughters all made brilliant marriages in England. One became the Countess of Abingdon, and her name is preserved in Abingdon square. On the division of the estate at Sir Peter's death the homestead fell to her. She sold it to Abijah Hammond, who sold it to Abraham Van Nest, and it is still remembered by many as the old Van Nest house, demolished in 1865. Among other distinguished persons who have lived in Greenwich were Oliver De Lancey, William Bayard, Washington, Vice President and Mrs. John Adams, Aaron Burr and Tom Paine. Barrow street was originally named Reason street in compliment to the great infidel's best known book, "Age of Reason."

Useful Teeth.

Many different reasons are assigned by people for their unwillingness to submit to the extraction of teeth. But it was no fear of pain which was uppermost in the mind of Miss Mehitable Lamson of Willowby when told by the dentist that she would be much benefited by the loss of two of her prominent teeth.

"You say they can't be filled," she said, in evident distress, "and you couldn't get any others in for me for more'n a fortnight?"

The dentist admitted reluctantly that it was so.

"Well, then, I suppose I'll have to get on as best I can." And Miss Mehitable seated herself in the torture chair. "But I don't see how I shall make out. Here I am, chambermaid to the Willowby inn during the summer, and it's chock full of folks, with lots o' transients coming and going, and those are my pillowcase teeth!"

Weight of the Brain.

There is just five ounces less amount of brain matter needed to keep a woman from idiocy than there is needed for a man. The average weight of a man's brain is forty-nine and one-half ounces and that of a woman forty-four ounces. When a brain falls below thirty-seven and a half ounces in a man idiocy usually occurs. A woman's brain has to fall to thirty-two and one-half ounces before she reaches the same condition. Man has a larger brain in proportion to his stature than woman, while, on the other hand, woman has a larger brain in proportion to her weight. The female brain begins to lose weight after the age of thirty; that of the man not till ten or fifteen years later. The loss in a woman is slight, however, and she keeps up a high brain weight much later than a man.

The Deadly Dull Bachelor.

"It is always easy to see how long a couple have been married by noting whether the house is full of his friends or hers," according to a writer in the London Ladies' Field. "A man invariably begins by inviting all his bachelor friends to his house. He is anxious to show off his wife, and he fondly imagines that they will like her and that she will like them, which rarely happens." The writer then goes on to dissect the bachelor and concludes, "I don't know why one's husband's bachelor chums should, as a rule, be so deadly dull, but they usually are, and, as a matter of fact, it was probably their dullness which originally drove him into matrimony, only he has not the sense to see it." There would be fewer married if it weren't for the bachelors.

As a Last Extreme.

Once a number of legal lights in Washington were gathered in the smoking room of a lawyers' club when the talk turned to a discussion of the veracity of lawyers. "The average man," remarked one disciple of Blackstone, "seems only too ready to assume we are all liars, a very unjust position, it seems to me. Do we not sometimes tell the truth?" he asked of his neighbor, a well known criminal lawyer.

"Certainly," promptly responded the latter. "We will do anything sometimes to win a case."

Same Thing.

Mrs. Scribbles—I believe the butcher is knocking at the door with his bill, Ferdinand. Scribbles—Tell him I am sorry, but I've just paid the rent and am short. Mrs. Scribbles—But it may be the landlord, Ferdy. Scribbles—Well, then tell him I'm sorry, but I've just paid the butcher and am short.—London Fun.

Making It Clear.

He—Will you marry me? She—No; I'm not a clergyman. He—Well, will you permit a clergyman to marry us? She—Yes; you to somebody else, and me to—well, somebody else.—London Tit-Bits.

Exhausting.

"They say early rising is very unhealthy."

"Of course. Many a woman has broken down her constitution getting her husband up in time for breakfast."

An Added Supply of Talk.

"I've had to get a new barber."

"Your old one getting careless?"

"No, but his baby is beginning to say cute things."

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An absolute specific and anti-septic preparation for all kinds of
SORE THROAT
SIMPLY A GARGLE OR SPRAY.
A sure cure for Hoarseness, Tonsilitis, Quinsy, Inflamed, Ulcerated and Catarrhal Sore Throat.
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How to Enjoy the Circus.

There ain't much pleasure in this life fer men as old as me—that is, a feller thinks they ain't, when he is sixty-three. O' course he likes to smoke his pipe an' set around an' gas an' argue with the boys to git his leisure time to pass. A man who's gettin' long in years—too weak to hoe or plow fer pleasure of the good old kind—has small chance anyhow. But there's one thing I like to do—one thing I sure enjoy—it's goin' to a circus with some poor, big eyed small boy. I always like to have it be the first show he's been to. I like to watch those big eyes snap. Oh, snap they always do. I like to see him smile an' clap an' crane his neck around an' see him eatin' peanuts, throwin' shells down on the ground. It don't seem very long ago that I was eight or nine, nor long since the first show I saw seemed simply grand—divine. I 'member how I set up there jest in a fit of joy. You see, I know the feelin' that comes to the big eyed boy. I don't care much for circuses like once I used to care. But, friend, I get my pleasure takin' little fellers there. An' while I set enjoyin' it—I mean that kid's real joy—I almost cry to think that I can't be once more a boy.—Denver Post.

Man and His Pockets.

A tailor who had received an order for a suit of clothes was asked by the customer's wife for an interview.

"I want to ask you as a special favor," she said, "not to put any pockets in my husband's clothes."

"Why not?" asked the astonished tailor.

"Because they are responsible for his looking so shabby so much of the time," she explained. "He wears his clothes for weeks without pressing because he says it is too much trouble to change the things in his pockets to another suit. He says that half the men who go around in seedy clothes do so for the same reason. If that is so, just leave out the pockets, and they will have no excuse for shabbiness."

"That is a new point of view," said the tailor. "I will see about it."

But when the suit came home it had the usual number of pockets.—New York Sun.

How Frostbite Comes.

The first effect of cold on the skin is to contract the tiny vessels that connect arteries and veins. Arteries are vessels that take blood from the heart. Veins are those that bring blood back to the heart, and the connecting vessels are called capillaries. While these little vessels are contracting the skin itself becomes tenser. In a few moments or minutes the effects change. The tiny nerves whose stimulation caused contraction of the capillaries are more or less paralyzed, and the vessels dilate so the skin gets red. Soon the veins are dilated, and the skin becomes bluish. Then the nutrient fluid in the skin (the lymph) is coagulated, and the stretched skin ruptures or "chaps." If the cold is more severe its action is deeper, and the blood itself may be coagulated. This is frostbite.

Ant Baths.

Persons who are troubled with rheumatism in Russia take ant baths as a cure. It is done in this way by the peasants near Moscow. Finding an ants' nest, he puts into a linen bag the ants, their eggs and necessarily considerable dirt. Returning to the home, he plunges into the hot water of the bath his bag of ants, which he has previously fastened tightly at the mouth. After several minutes the water gives out a very strong penetrating odor of formic acid. The bath is now ready, and the invalid is put into it. Such a bath has a very active irritant action on the skin, being, in fact, a counter irritation that causes the rheumatic pains to disappear.—Strand Magazine.

Venezuelan Cowboys.

When the Venezuelan cowboy wishes to catch a bull or cow for branding or for any purpose, he rides alongside it and, with horse and bovine on the dead run, stoops from his saddle, grasps the creature's tail and with a sharp, peculiar twist sends the animal rolling on its back. From the force with which it falls the creature's horns almost invariably pin its head to the ground, giving the vaquero time to dismount and sit on its head, holding the animal helpless to rise, while a companion ties its legs.

Genius and Work.

Men give me credit for genius. All the genius I have lies just in this: When I have a subject in hand I study it profoundly. Day and night it is before me. I explore it in all its bearings. My mind becomes pervaded with it. Then the effort which I make the people are pleased to call the fruit of genius. It is the fruit of labor and thought.—Alexander Hamilton.

A Rank Offense.

"May we have the pleasure of your company this evening, colonel?" she asked.

The colonel drew himself up haughtily and replied, with every evidence of offended dignity:

"Madam, I command a regiment."

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

—Apples at Duntley's.

Aluminum Paper in Germany.

Aluminum paper is now manufactured in Germany and recommended as a substitute for tin foil. The paper used is a sort of artificial parchment obtained through the action of sulphuric acid upon ordinary paper. The sheets are spread out and covered upon one side with a thin coating of a solution of rosin in alcohol or ether. Evaporation is hastened by means of a current of air, and the paper is then warmed until the rosin has again become soft. Then powdered aluminum is sprinkled upon it and the paper is subjected to strong pressure to fasten the powder thereon. Golden grain belt beer is sanitarily and scientifically brewed and should go into the homes as a nerve builder and health maker. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex. Thompson, Crookston.

The Bedouin of Socotra.

The Bedouin is decidedly a handsome individual, lithe of limb like his goats and with a cafe au lait colored skin. He has a sharp profile, excellent teeth. He often wears a stubby black beard and has beautifully pencilled eyebrows, and, though differing entirely in language, in physique and type, he closely resembles the Bedouin found in the Mahri and Gara mountains. Furthermore, the mode of life is the same, —dwelling in caves when necessary, but having permanent abodes on the lower lands—and they have several other striking points in common. Greetings take place between the Arabian Bedouins and the Socotran Bedouins in similar fashion—by touching each cheek and then rubbing the nose. We found the Bedouin of Mount Haghier fond of dancing and playing his telierane, and also peculiarly lax in his religious observances, and, though ostensibly conforming to Mohammedan practice, he observes next to none of their precepts, and it is precisely the same with the Bedouins whom we met in the Gara mountains. There is certainly nothing African about the Socotran Bedouin. Therefore I am inclined to consider him as a branch of that aboriginal race which inhabited Arabia, with a language of its own.—Nineteenth Century.

Thanksgiving Rates.

Rates one and one-third fare to points in the Dakotas and Minnesota on Great Northern railway. Minimum selling rate 50 cents. Tickets on sale Nov. 28 and 29, final return limit, Dec. 3rd.

A. J. McFarland, Agent.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

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I can get it for you. If you have a farm to sell, I can sell it no matter where located. List it with me and see how soon I can sell you out. I can bring you in touch with a cash buyer, you sell the farm and pay me a commission. Write today if you want to sell for cash.

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E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James F. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hanson
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. Camp 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704. Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
B. E. Ives, V-pres. K.B. Killand, Secy.

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THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

Very nice water sets at $1.25 at M. L. Hanson's.

Victor Brink returned from St. Paul last Friday.

Walter Bergan spent last Saturday at Thief River Falls.

Buy Red Stripe cookies and crackers at M. L. Hanson's.

C. L. Hansen was a Red Lake Falls visitor last Sunday.

P. S. Dainard was a Thief River Falls visitor last Wednesday.

Eda Brink spent last Saturday and Sunday with the folks.

Your last chance to get a barrel of good apples at Duntley's.

Prof. J. B. O'Brien went down to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Geo. L. Austin was a Red Lake Falls visitor last Wednesday.

Creamery Inspector Joel G. Winkjer was a visitor here last Monday.

Chas. Hitchcock, the Crookston land man, was a visitor here last Tuesday.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Now is the time to lay in your supply of Gold Medal flour, for sale by M. L. Hanson.

Gust Konikson is reported as one of the lucky ones and killed two fine deer last week.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on Dec. 3 and 4.

Chas. Sandmoen left on Thursday for Beaudette, where he expects to spend the winter.

Mrs. N. E. Beebe entertained the Ladies Aid society of the M. E. church last Thursday afternoon.

A cold snap struck us last Sunday and we have been having good steady winter weather this week.

Mrs. H. E. Ives went down to Red Lake Falls last Thursday evening for a short visit with her parents.

Oscar Gunstad, who has been working at Bemidji in the Saw mill, returned home last Saturday.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

Miss Tesse Jacobson entertained the first sleigh-ride of the L. C. O. club at her home on the ridge last Sunday.

Bring your butter, eggs and wool to M. L. Hanson's and receive highest market price in exchange for goods.

Manager J. M. Richards of the Crookston Lumber company made a short business visit here last Tuesday.

Oscar Bergan has accepted a position as clerk at Langseth's at Thief River Falls and will commence work Monday.

Bargains in ladies' felt shoes and slippers at M. L. Hanson's.

G. N. Evenson came back last Tuesday from Bemidji where he has been working in the saw mill, which shut down last week.

Those who were hoping for a mild winter are gradually getting accustomed to the fact that winters are cold in this part of the country.

State Deputy D. O. Bean of the Mystic Toilers is here this week and assisted the local lodge in initiating fifteen new members last evening.

In every clime its colors are unfurled
Its fame has spread from sea to sea;
Be not surprised if in the other world,
You hear of Rocky Mountain Tea.
Imperial Drug Co.

The bank statements published in this issue make a very creditable showing. There is more money on deposit in the village at present than ever before.

H. P. Anderson returned from Minot, N. D., the first of the week. He will return there with his family in a short time, having secured a fine position in a jewelry store.

9 bars good laundry soap for 15c at M. L. Hanson's.

Andrew Erickson returned on Thursday from the Saskatchewan country, in Canada, where he had been threshing. He reports that it froze up there a couple of days earlier than here.

Your stomach churns and digests the food you eat, and if foul or torpid, or out of order, your whole system suffers from blood poison. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea keeps you well. Imperial Drug Co.

A grand ball is scheduled to take place at Imperial hall on Saturday evening, December 1st. The Red Lake Falls orchestra will furnish the music and it promises to be a pleasant affair.

Chas. Fellman went down to Crookston last Monday and on Tuesday made final proof before the U. S. land office on his claim in Wyandotte. John Konikson and James Evenson acted as witnesses.

Carrier George Biskey received instructions last Monday to change the time on the rural route. He now leaves here at 8 o'clock each morning, returning at 3 p.m. in time to connect with the mail going south.

Miss Bonney, who was hired to teach here this year and could not come on account of illness, has written that her health will not permit her to come December 1st, as she expected. This will leave a vacancy to be filled.

Cotton blankets 50c a pair at M. L. Hanson's.

A. M. Edstrom and wife left last evening for Princeton, Minn., where they will make their future home, Mr. Edstrom having secured a position to take charge of a large hardware store there. Their many friends here will wish them success.

Next Friday, November 30th, at St. Paul the county seat removal case will be tried before the supreme court. The Thief River Falls News expects a favorable decision and says the question will come to a vote in February or March. However, we consider that there is considerable doubt about the statement.

Moorhead Independent: Henry Schroeder, Sabin's "potato king" raised 38,000 bushels of tubers this season, and his two sons and one renter raised 32,000 more, making a total of 70,000 for the Schroeder farms. Mr. S. is shipping as fast as he can get cars and he estimates that 400 carloads will be shipped from Sabin this fall and winter.

For buckwheat flour and maple syrup go to M. L. Hanson's.

The friends of the Merchants State Bank are very well pleased with the financial showing made in the statement published this week. Each succeeding statement since the bank was organized has shown a substantial gain, not one backward step. It is now our leading banking institution and backed by local capital and local men is bound to succeed.

The I. O. O. F. Lodge held an important meeting last Thursday evening and elected officers for the ensuing term as follows: O. F. Post, N. G.; A. S. Wilson, V. G.; H. E. Ives, secretary, Leonard Holmes, treasurer, and H. W. Peterson, trustee. The lodge is in a flourishing condition financially, being practically free from debt and owning their own building.

Red Lake Courier: Only five of the candidates for office at the recent election have filed their expense accounts with the county auditor. Three of those spent as little as the law allowed, $20 each, and those were Joseph Pidgeon, C. A. Lindquist and J. K Wood. The other two did better. John B. O'Brien squandered $50.42 and C. W. Johnson got separated from $97.

Crookston Times: Joel Winkjer, who was largely instrumental in getting the dairymen's convention in this city and who has done a great deal toward building up the creameries of northwestern Minnesota, left this morning for Warren, where he will spend the day at the creamery at that place. He states that he has a great deal to do as an aftermath of the convention, getting matters pertaining to the Dairymen's Association straightened out.

Just a few more barrels of those good apples left at Duntley's.

Tenstrike Tribune: Yesterday we were asked if we ever saw a baldheaded woman. We answered "No," we never did, "nor did we ever see a woman waltzing around town in her shirt sleeves with a cigar between her teeth, and running into every saloon she saw. We have never seen a woman go fishing with a bottle in her pocket, sit on the damp ground all day and come home drunk at night. Nor have we ever seen a woman yank off her coat and say she could lick any man in town. God bless her, she's not built that way."

Rocksbury Rumblings.

Miss Annie Loberg, of Anoka, is visiting with her uncle Lars Loberg.

Effie, Mabel and Frank Aubol left on Friday for an over-Sunday visit with the Wordens, of Fisher.

Peter Engelstad's boy was brought home from the hospital at Thief River Falls. The little fellow is on a good way to recovery after undergoing three different internal operations.

A very pleasant surprise was given Otto E. Olson by a large number of his friends on his birthday. A beautiful gold watch was presented to him as a remembrance of the occasion.

A basket social at the school house is announced by the young people of the Riverside school district for Nov. 28th. The proceeds will go to the purchase of a Reed organ for the school.

Some boys who were out hunting a couple of weeks ago passed by the school house in Dist. 54 and riddled the buildings with bullets, and daubed paint on the grained door of the school house. We have more than a suspicion of who they were and it is likely that steps will be taken to have them sent to the state reformatory, where they belong.

Taken as directed, it becomes the greatest curative agent for the relief of suffering humanity ever devised. Such is Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Imperial Drug Co.

NO MORE CEDED LANDS

Department of the Interior Withdraws All Ceded Chippewa Lands from Homestead Entry.

The United States land office at Crookston has received instructions from the Department of Interior which withdrew from sale or homestead entry all ceded Chippewa lands in the state. It would appear from this action that the United States government intended some definite action in regard to the drainage of these northern Minnesota lands and that the reports which have been made by the different surveying parties which have been at work in this section of the state have had a good effect on the government officials. The instructions are from Commissioner Richards of the General land office and are accompanied by an explanatory letter from Secretary Hitchcock which reads in part as follows:

"The act of Congress approved June 12, 1906 34, Stat. 352, authorized the Secretary of the Interior to cause to be made a drainage survey of the lands ceded by the Chippewa Indians in the state of Minnesota, which remain unsold and are wet, overflowed or swamp in character, with a view to determining what portions thereof may be profitably and economically reclaimed by drainage, etc."

He then explained, that upon recommendation of the Director of the Geological survey he does segregate and withdraw from sale, occupation or any disposition whatever all of the unsold lands known as the ceded Chippewa lands, pending the completion of the survey. The Commissioner ordered the local officials to withdraw all the undisposed lands referred to. The Crookston office therefore sends out the following notice:

United States Land Office,
Crookston, Minnesota.

In accordance with the foregoing notice of withdrawal and instructions, this office will refuse, until further advised, to accept any homestead entries or original entries of any kind for any lands in this district, except for those known as Public lands. The lands withdrawn are all Chippewa lands and lands within the Red Lake reservation, and all lands opened to settlement by Act of Congress January 14, 1889, and subsequent acts.

Dated this 14th day of November, 1906.

R. J. Montague, Register.
John Pettersen, Receiver.

Indians Get Money.

The Red Lake band of Indians will receive another payment sometime during the present week.

It is said that the amount that will be paid is $35,000, and is a partial payment of the amount due the band for the sale of the eleven townships on the western end of the reservation near here. With the usual red tape, the government doles out these sums that are due the reds in partial payments.

The present payment will amount to about $26.50 for every person enrolled as a member of the band, whether mixed or full blood. There are said to be 1316 enrolled on the list.

Beebe Leads.

Norman E. Beebe, of Rocksbury, leads the list of creamery patrons for the month of October and draws $78.54 for his cream for the month. C. A. Lindquist is a close second with $75.88. Fred Behn received $58.69, L. M. Rolland $55.77, A. W. Lind $55.45, C. A. Melin $55.05, H. Haupt $50.45.

The creamery did about four thousand dollars worth of business during the month and paid their patrons $3,775.07. Patrons received 26 cents a pound for butter fat.

An "Easy" Means of Escape.

A man in a neighboring town, who took a city newspaper in preference to a country paper because he got more paper for the money, was attracted by the advertisement of a fire escape which would be forwarded on receipt of $2. He sent the cash and in a few days received a copy of the New Testament.—Ex.

Sewing Social.

There will be a Ladies' Sewing Social held at the residence of Hans J. Hanson, in Rocksbury, on Saturday evening, December 1st. Supper will be served. All are cordially invited to attend.

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of Merchants State Bank at St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on Nov. 12, 1906.

Date of call by Supt., Nov. 12, 1906.

Date of report by bank, Nov. 17, 1906.

RESOURCES.			
Loans and discounts			$49,179 75
Overdrafts			609 76
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			4,108 16
Due from banks		19,734 08	
Checks and cash items		753 89	
Cash on hand, items below		2,688 86	
Currency	1,754 00		
Gold	500 00		
Silver	431 25		
Other	1 61		
Total cash assets		23,174 83	23,174 83
Total			77,072 00

LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$10,000 00
Surplus fund		300 00
Undivided profits, net		1,398 43
Dep. subject to check	23,572 69	
Demand certificates	2,212 93	
Total immed. liabilities	25,785 62	
Time certificates	39,587 95	
Total deposits	65,373 57	65,373 57
Total		77,072 00

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake }

I, K. O. Gigstad, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

K. O. Gigstad, Cashier.

Attest: (Two) Directors.
Leonard Holmes.
C. L. Hansen.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of Nov. 1906.

C. L. Hansen,
(Seal) Notary Public,
Red Lake Co., Minn.
My commission expires Nov. [illegible] 1912.

TEACHERS WILL MEET

Red Lake County Association Will Hold Two Days Session Next Week at Red Lake Falls.

Gazette: The Red Lake County Teachers association will hold their next meeting at the high school building in this city, Friday and Saturday of next week, November 30 and December 1st.

While the complete program is not ready for publication at this time it is announced that this meeting will be one of the most interesting ever held in the history of the organization, and several prominent valley educators will be here to participate.

Prof. C. S. Yaeger, of Fosston, Prof. Chamberlain, of Red Lake Falls, Prof. Green, of the manual training department of the Moorhead Normal, Prof. Robertson, of the state agricultural college at Crookston, Prof. Hay, of Thief River Falls, and Prof. O'Brien, of St. Hilaire, all have prominent parts on the program. A large number of the county teachers are also preparing work and appropriate music will be provided for the occasion. Friday evening a lecture, program of music, etc. will be given in the high school room.

An interesting feature of the meeting will be an exhibit of work from the Red Lake Falls, Fosston, Moorhead Normal and several other schools, and this feature alone will be well worth coming miles to see.

Saturday, December 1, the seed grain fair will be held and the prizes awarded in the seed grain contest inaugurated last spring. There are about sixty contestants entered and they are urged to have their samples of grain here before Friday night of next week, that they may be properly arranged. A judge from the state agricultural school at Minneapolis will be here to award the prizes. This fair is expected to attract a large crowd.

It is probable that the complete program will be published next week.

Letter From J. J. Opsahl.

The following letter was received from Representative-elect Opsahl:

Foy, Minn., Nov. 17, 1906.

Dear Sir:—Election is now over. I have been here since October 1st pushing some timber work out of way before my St. Paul duties demand my time. My election as the people's representative was on a platform of clean politics at home and at the state capitol and drainage and development of our part of state. To be the people's representative I must know their wishes, otherwise I will only represent myself. My desire was to have personal letters from every voter but presume that cannot be had. I hope the press will unite, work to create sentiment for drainage and roads by the State and Federal government on Red Lake lands.

The senators and representatives of the northern part of state should get together and agree on a drainage campaign and unite to work to elect a speaker favorable to our cause. I wish your advice and help on these matters.

Yours truly,
J. J. Opsahl,
Rep. 61st Dist.

Died.

Mrs. Mary M. McAndress died at Crystal, N. D., Tuesday, November 13, 1906, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John F. Campbell of St. Hilaire, formerly of Watertown, Carver county, Minn. She was born in Hoolywood, Carver county, July 10, 1886, and was married to James McAndress, of St. Hilaire, on November 18, 1903, in the Catholic church of St. Hilaire, Rev. Fr. Ansgar reading the services. She leaves to mourn her loss, one daughter born Jan. 10, 1905, and a father, mother, seven brothers and five sisters. The funeral services took place on Thursday in the St. Bernard's Catholic church at Thief River Falls. The services were read by Rev. Fr. Ambrose, of Red Lake Falls, and she was laid to rest in the Catholic cemetery by the side of her husband and may her soul rest in peace.

We join in and thank our friends who attended the funeral of our daughter, Mary.

Mr. and Mrs. John F. Campbell.

—Get your supply of apples at Duntley's.

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of First State Bank at St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on Nov. 12, 1906.

Date of call by Supt., Nov. 12, 1906.

Date of report by bank, Nov. 17, 1906.

RESOURCES.			
Loans and discounts			$17,519 12
Overdrafts			776 68
Other bonds, stocks and securities			1,832 85
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			4,000 00
Other real estate			225 76
Due from banks		12,561 77	
Checks and cash items		361 12	
Currency	1,668 00		
Gold	1,215 00		
Silver	513 75		
Total Cash Assets		3,394 75	
			16,820 64
Total			$70,674 55

LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$10,000 00
Surplus fund		2,000 00
Undivided profits, net		1,303 40
Dep. subject to check	$18,451 39	
Demand certificates	1,801 58	
Total immediate liabili's	20,252 97	
Time certificates	37,118 18	
Total deposits	57,371 15	57,371 15
Total		$70,674 55

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake }

I, B. E. Burkee, cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above Statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

B. E. Burkee,
Cashier.

Attest: (Two) Directors.
J. K. Hanna,
B. E. Burkee.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of Nov. 1906.

O. F. Post,
(SEAL) Notary Public,
Red Lake Co., Minn.
My commission expires [illegible]

We will have something to say in this space next week..................
Rapp & Post

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

Established, 1895
Incorporated 1899
Crookston College
Oldest,
Largest,
Cheapest,
Best.
Eight Teachers..
Eight Courses....
Send for Catalog. Address:
J. C. SATHRE,
Free Car Fare. CROOKSTON, MINN.

NAME YOUR ROUTE
TO
Eastern Canada!
Chicago Milwaukee AND St. Paul Railway.

It is important when purchasing your ticket to Eastern Canada that you request the ticket agent to make it read over the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway, if you want the best of train service.

Five daily trains from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago including The Day Express, affording a daylight ride in full view of the beautiful scenery of the Mississippi river. Canadian Excursion Tickets also accepted without extra charge on The Pioneer Limited and the U. S. Government Fast Mail Trains.

Round Trip rate to points in Eastern Canada, $40. Dates of sale, Dec. 1 to Dec. 31, 1906. Liberal return limits and stop-over privileges.

W. B. DIXON, N.W.P.A.,
365 Robert Street,
St. Paul.
G. O. WALTON, Traveling Passenger Agt., St. Paul.
N. K. McCONNELL, Trav. Passenger Agt., St. Paul.
R. D. BOVIG, Trav. Passenger Agent, St. Paul.
J. CALDWELL, Special Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

Advertise in the St. Hilaire Spectator

DEFECTIVE PAGE

A Wonderful Discovery

It has been the aim of scientists for years to find some liquid preparation which would possess anodyne, astringent and antiseptic properties and yet be of such a consistency that it would penetrate, first, through the skin, then through the muscles and finally to the very bones, exerting on its way down, healing and pain destroying properties.

Max R. Zaegel, a graduate of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, established at Sheboygan, Wis., as a chemist for the last 23 years, has discovered this long sought secret.

FREE
SAMPLE

It consists of a mixture of vegetable and mineral oils forming an amber colored liquid of pleasant odor and taste, which, when used as directed, restores vitality and strength and gives prompt relief to pain.

Applied to cuts, sores, burns and bruises it heals, as owing to its antiseptic properties, no pus or matter can form in any wound where Z. M. O., this wonderful oil is used.

If you have catarrh, rheumatism, piles, or pain back, write Mr. Zaegel and he will be pleased to mail you a sample bottle of Z. M. O. free.

Address your letter to M. R. Zaegel & Co., chemists, 181 Main St., Sheboygan, Wis.

It is free now, so do not fail to write to-day, stating the nature of your complaint.

Z·M·O
TRADE MARK
REGISTERED.

Hopeful Sign.

Inquisitive Boarder—You think the world is growing better?

Philosophical Boarder—I do. You rarely see a mother-in-law joke in print nowadays.

Send for Our Free Harness Booklet.
If you are about to buy a harness, don't fail to write us to-day, or ask your dealer to show you our line.
SCHEFFER & ROSSUM CO.,
St. Paul, Minn.

If you cannot find your neighbor, you certainly cannot find your own way on the heavenly road.

INSOMNIA CURED

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Restored Wrecked Nerves to Normal Condition and Good Health Followed.

The sufferer from sleeplessness too often resorts to habit-forming drugs in order to secure the coveted rest. But sleep obtained by the use of opiates is not refreshing, and the benefit is but temporary at best.

Mrs. H. A. Fletcher, of 59 Blodget street, Manchester, N. H., is living evidence of the truth of this statement. She says: "I received a shock of an apoplectic character. It was so severe that the sight of my right eye was affected, causing me to see objects double. I was confined to my bed about four weeks, at one time being told by the doctor that I could not get well. When I could leave my bed I was in such a nervous state that I could not sleep at night. I would get up and sit on a chair until completely tired out and then go back to bed and sleep from exhaustion.

"I had been under the doctor's care for six weeks when my sister, Mrs. Loveland, of Everett, persuaded me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I began taking the pills with the result that I soon experienced relief. One night soon after taking them I lay awake only a short time and the next night I rested well. From that time I slept well every night and soon got well and strong. I have recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a number of times, and my niece has taken them for weak nerves and poor blood and found them very beneficial."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured many severe nervous troubles, headache, neuralgia and sciatica as well as diseases of the blood such as anæmia, rheumatism, pale and sallow complexions and many forms of weakness. All druggists sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, or they will be sent by mail postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Good Seed Didn't Fall By the Wayside.

"How goes the fight against the tares, Brother Higgins?"

"W-a-al, I ain't bin on one sence the caounty fair, pahson."—Judge.

A Well-Known Remedy.

One of the oldest, safest and most favorably known remedies in the world to-day is Brandreth's Pills—a blood purifier and laxative. Being purely vegetable, they can be used by old or young with perfect safety, and while other remedies require increased doses and finally cease acting altogether, with Brandreth's Pills the same dose always has the same effect, no matter how long they are taken. One or two pills taken each night for a while is the best thing known for any one troubled with constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia or any trouble arising from impurity of the blood.

Brandreth's Pills have been in use for over a century, and are for sale everywhere, plain or sugar-coated.

Men with money can keep their friends by not lending it to them.

SHIP YOUR HIDES AND FURS
to the Old Reliable N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn. Established 1890.

Air castles ought to be cool, at least.

WASHINGTON WELL LAID OUT.

How National Capital Was Planned by Its Founders.

The national capital, as planned by Washington, L'Enfant and other unnamed founders, and as described by writers, occupies a small part of the District of Columbia only, says the National Magazine. Rock creek, flowing down a narrow valley, with precipitous banks, bounds it on the west and separates it from what was Georgetown; the eastern branch of the Potomac river bound it on the east and south; and a long, irregularly curved street, circling along the foot of Meridian hill and the hills to the east of it, known for many years as "The Boundary," and now as Florida avenue, was the northern boundary of the city. Sentimental considerations should have retained this appropriate name, "The Boundary," for it marked the limits of the city as the founders planned it, and showed plainly what their successors have added.

Within these bounds are all the avenues, streets, squares and parks that were in the original design of the city, the capitol and all of the public buildings except the naval observatory and the asylum for the insane. The parks have been sadly encroached on for public buildings, congress, after having ordered the sale of the lots which became the share of the government in the original division, finding it more economical to seize parks and reservations for building purposes than to buy the needed ground. While the city was yet unbuilt, and during the many years it was being constructed, and had but small population, the long avenues and streets, with high sounding names, won for Washington the appropriate name of "the city of magnificent distances." But the epithet is no longer applicable—almost all of the original site of the city is built upon; the boundary has been overlapped in every direction, and the part of the city outside is almost as large as that within the original bounds, and is rapidly extending. After the lapse of more than a century, nothing but commendation can be offered of what the founders did, and it is marvelous how well and wisely they planned. When they laid out the city, the national population was about 5,000,000, and the area was enough for a nation of 50,000,000, while the design was so beautiful and commodious, that city building in our day has hardly reached up to it. In but few instances, in any line of human endeavor, has foresight done so well, and for this all thanks is due to the founders of Washington.

Fort McHenry to be Abandoned.

Historic Fort McHenry, the chief defense of Baltimore during the war of 1812, and whose bombardment by the British fleet led Francis Scott Key to write "The Star Spangled Banner," is about to be abandoned. Orders have been issued by the general staff of the army that all the soldiers comprising the Thirty-Ninth Coast artillery, now stationed at Fort McHenry, and who man the famous post, shall abandon the fort on March first next. It is announced that the change means that no longer after that date will Fort McHenry be a military post, after serving in that capacity for more than a century, having been established in 1794. It has been found, the government officers say, that Fort McHenry has outlived its usefulness for defense purposes, and after March first will be given over to the care of the engineer department.

Fort McHenry was named after James McHenry, an Irish physician, who served through the revolutionary war and afterward became one of General Washington's private secretaries. Dr. McHenry was surgeon of the Fifth Pennsylvania regiment in the revolution and was promoted to the staff of General Lafayette. After the war McHenry settled down in Maryland, representing that state in the Confederation Congress that assembled after the United States had gained its independence. In 1796 Washington appointed Dr. McHenry as Secretary of War in his cabinet, which position he retained under President Adams' administration until 1800, when he resigned. Dr. McHenry died in 1816.

Statesmen's Plans for Winter.

The secretary of the treasury and Mrs. Shaw do not expect to keep house this winter, but will remain for as much of the season as they spend in town at the Arlington hotel. The secretary of war and Mrs. Taft, the secretary of the interior and Mrs. Hitchcock, and Attorney General Moody, are all close to each other on the most fashionable part of K street, near the vice president's, while the postmaster general and Mrs. Cortelyou and the secretary of commerce and labor and Mrs. Metcalf are living far to the northwest, one on Bancroft place, the other on New Hampshire avenue.

An Inventive Genius.

Subbubs—What makes him so unpopular?

Borrow—He fixed his lawn-mower so you have to drop a nickel in the slot to make it go.—Judge.

A Song Sparrow's Gratitude.

"It is a rare occurrence for animals in a wild state to select man for a companion and friend, yet well authenticated instances when this has been done are a matter of record," says the Courier-Journal. "The following incident is vouched for by a young woman who is a close and accurate observer: Last week my brother, a lad of 12, killed a snake which was just in the act of robbing a song sparrow's nest. Ever since then the male sparrow has shown his gratitude to George in a truly wonderful manner. When he goes into the garden the sparrow will fly to him, sometimes alighting on his head, at other times on his shoulder, all the while pouring out a tumultuous song of praise and gratitude. It will accompany him about the garden, never leaving him until he reaches the garden gate. George, as you know, is a quiet boy, who loves animals, and this may account in a degree for the sparrow's extraordinary actions."

Rain and Snowfall.

An inch of rain equals 11 13 inches of snow.

A MISSOURI WOMAN

Tells a Story of Awful Suffering and Wonderful Relief.

Mrs. J. B. Johnson, of 603 West Hickman street, Columbia, Mo., says: "Following an operation two years ago, dropsy set in, and my left side was so swollen the doctor said he would have to tap out the water. There was constant pain and a gurgling sensation around my heart, and I could not raise my arm above my head. The kidney action was disordered and passages of the secretions too frequent. On the advice of my husband I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. Since using two boxes my trouble has not reappeared. This is wonderful, after suffering two years."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Mothers-in-law come in handy when the children are sick.

Veal and Poultry Wanted.
Guarantee quick returns and best prices. Consign to H. A. Ertz, 24 E. 3rd St. Paul.

It's not always the saving man who has most chance of salvation.

Learn the Barber Trade.
Write for free illustrated catalog explaining all. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis.

A box of empty beer bottles is one kind of hopeless case.

TURKEYS WANTED, also Veal and Chickens. C. J. Ertz, 30-32-34 E. 3rd St. (Oldest house in St. Paul.)

The sunshiny man drives all the moonshine out of his religion.

Big Prices for Cream.
We are paying 28 cents per pound for extra good quality cream, and will advance our price as the market goes up. We can afford to pay more, and we do pay more for good cream the year round than any creamery in the state. Spot cash for every can. Start shipping at once. Milton Dairy Co., 18 W. Ninth street, St. Paul, Minn.

No man is greater than his smallest act.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Shouts of joy are apt to give the pessimist a headache.

TRAPPERS' SUPPLIES ARE SOLD at low prices by the Old Reliable N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

There is no virtue in the innocence that only fears the wrong.

Ship Us Your Cream.
Write for tags and prices.
FADDEN CREAMERY CO., Minneapolis.

It takes more than the ability to say "dear sister" to make a saint.

$100 Reward, $100.
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.
Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

CRICKET FIGHTS IN CHINA.

Combatants Carefully Trained and Some Worth Hundreds of Dollars.

A. E. Parker has just returned from a trip to San-hui, a large walled city in Kwangtung province, and, while there, visited the guardhouse, where he saw six or seven earthenware bowls of fighting crickets.

He was much amused as to the description of the methods of stabling and dieting these insects. During the day the female and male crickets are separated, but as soon as night falls they are mated. Their diet consists of water, boiled rice and a little ginseng, the latter to give them stamina.

In matching the insects to fight they are weighed and a light weight would not be pitted against a welter weight. The insects are spurred on to combat with a fine piece of glass, which treatment naturally rouses their anger.

The belief that crickets are distinguished by pieces of colored wool is a fallacy. They are recognized by their owners as we recognize our canine pets. In a contest the first cricket to run away is adjudged the loser.

The officer in charge of the guardhouse mentioned that a dispute which had arisen over a cricket contest three years ago had yet to be settled, each party holding that the other man's cricket ran away first.

Some of these crickets are indeed worth many times their weight in gold, several hundred dollars being sometimes paid for a real champion.

COFFEE IMPORTERS

Publish a Book About Coffee.

There has been much discussion as to Coffee and Postum lately, so much in fact that some of the coffee importers and roasters have taken to type to promote the sale of their wares and check if possible the rapid growth of the use of Postum Food Coffee.

In the coffee importers' book a chapter is headed "Coffee as a Medicine," and advocates its use as such.

Here is an admission of the truth, most important to all interested.

Every physician knows, and every thoughtful person should know, that habitual use of any "medicine" of the drug-stimulant type of coffee or whisky quickly causes irritation of the tissues and organs stimulated and finally sets up disease in the great majority of cases, if persisted in. It may show in any one of the many organs of the body and in the great majority of cases can be directly traced to coffee in a most unmistakable way by leaving off the active irritant—coffee—and using Postum Food Coffee for a matter of ten days. If the result is relief from nervous trouble, dyspepsia, bowel complaint, heart failure, weak eyes, or any other malady set up by a poisoned nervous system, you have your answer with the accuracy of a demonstration in mathematics.

"There's a reason" for Postum.

DIED FOR HIS BROTHER

Chinaman Went Back to China and Sacrificed Himself to Custom.

Fifteen years the bachelor lawyer and Sam, his Chinese servant, had lived together in that peace which passes the understanding of all save those favored mortals who are their own servants. Sam was cook, valet, housemaid, watchman, friend—and perfect in each relation. He never took a vacation; he seemed not to eat or sleep. He was always near when needed; he disappeared when he should. He knew nothing, yet he knew everything. For weeks scarcely a word might pass between these two men, they understood each other so well.

But one morning, so the story runs in the San Francisco Examiner, as Sam poured his master's coffee, he said quietly, without a shade of emotion in his yellow face: "Next week I leave you."

The lawyer smiled.

"Next week I leave you," repeated the Chinaman. "I hire for you better man."

The lawyer set down his cup of coffee. He looked at the white-robed servant; he felt the man was in earnest.

"So you are going to leave me. I don't pay you enough, eh? Dr. Sanders—he knows what a treasure you are—has offered you more than a hundred a month. Well, I'll make it a hundred and fifty. Say no more!"

"Next week I leave you. I go to China," said the servant, impassively.

"Oh, I see; you are going back for a wife. Very well, bring her here. There is work for two to keep this place in order; the place is lonely, anyway. I'll see the collector of the port myself and arrange your passage papers."

"I go to China next week; I need no papers; I never come back," said the man, with exasperating calmness and persistence.

"You shall not go!" thundered the lawyer.

It was the first time in their experience together that the servant had used such a tone toward his master.

After an instant the lawyer said, quietly: "Sam, you must forgive me. I spoke quickly. I do not own you; but tell me what I have done? Why do you leave me in this way? You know I need you."

"I will not tell you why I go—you laugh."

"No, I shall not laugh."

"Very well; I go to China to die."

"Nonsense! you can die here. Haven't I agreed to send your body back?"

"I die in four weeks, two days."

"What do you mean?"

"My brother, he in prison. He 26; I 50. He have wife and baby. In China they take any man of same family instead to die. I go to China, give my money to my brother—he live, I die."

The next day a new Chinaman appeared as servant in the lawyer's household. In a week this new servant knew everything, and nothing, just like Sam.

Sam disappeared without saying good-by. He went to China and was beheaded, four weeks and two days from the day he broke the news of his intent to go.

His brother was set free. The lawyer's household goes along about as usual, save when the master calls for "Sam" when he should say "Charlie." Then there comes a kind of clutch at his heart, but he says nothing.

A NATURAL CONCLUSION.

College Professor in a Pickle Comes Under Reasonable Condemnation.

It is a lamentable fact—but one not wholly devoid of humorous possibility—that spotless rectitude, through some wanton trick of irresponsible chance, sometimes finds itself sailing under false colors, says the New York Times.

There is an elderly gentleman, professor in a western university, who is a paragon of all virtues, great and small. Even in such matter as diet rigid abstemiousness is observed by him. His achievements in his line of work, excellent in themselves, are the more noteworthy by having been accomplished notwithstanding his delicate eyesight. To his intimates it is also well known that the professor, in earlier years, displayed remarkable will power in overcoming a defect of speech, which recurs now only in moments of extreme perturbation.

The excellent professor was returning home at early dawn one day, soon after college opened, from the bedside of a sick friend. As he proceeded hastily across the campus, his thoughts busy with his friend, he stumbled; although he managed to recover himself, his spectacles became detached and fell.

Quite helpless without these aids to vision, he got down on hands and knees and began to feel carefully in the grass.

While the search went on there approached a young man, a freshman not yet acquainted with all the faculty. To him the disturbed professor appealed for aid.

"Young man," he said, nervously, "will you have the k-kindness to help me locate my g-glasses?"

The youth gazed indignantly down at the scandalized spectacle of a red-faced, elderly party violently pawing at the earth.

"It appears to me, my elderly friend," he said, severely, "that you've already located about all the glasses you need!"

Case of Dire Necessity.

Druggist—I can't open my store for you at this time of night unless it is a case of extreme necessity.

De Lush—Well, issa case 'xtreme n-n'cessity, a'ri'. I wanna look at the direc'ry an' find out where I live.—Cleveland Leader.

Uses Our Type.

Japan has at last a newspaper in which the same type is used as in our journals. It is called the Romaji.

FEARFUL PAINS

SUGGESTIONS HOW WOMEN MAY FIND RELIEF.

Miss Nellie Holmes
Mrs. Tillie Hart

While no woman is entirely free from periodical suffering, it does not seem to be the plan of nature that women should suffer so severely. This is a severe strain on a woman's vitality. When pain exists something is wrong which should be set right or it will lead to a serious derangement of the whole female organism.

Thousands of women have testified in grateful letters to Mrs. Pinkham that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound overcomes woman's special pains and irregularities.

It provides a safe and sure way of escape from distressing and dangerous weaknesses and diseases.

The two following letters tell so convincingly what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will do for women, they cannot fail to bring hope to thousands of sufferers.

Miss Nellie Holmes, of 540 N. Division Street, Buffalo, N. Y., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Your medicine is indeed an ideal medicine for women. I suffered misery for years with painful periods, headaches, and bearing-down pains. I consulted two different physicians but failed to get any relief. A friend from the east advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so, and no longer suffer as I did before. My periods are natural; every ache and pain is gone, and my general health is much improved. I advise all women who suffer to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

Mrs. Tillie Hart, of Larimore, N. D., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I might have been spared many months of suffering and pain had I only known of the efficacy of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound sooner; for I have tried so many remedies without help.

"I dreaded the approach of every month, as it meant so much pain and suffering for me, but after I had used the Compound two months I became regular and natural and am now perfectly well and free from pain. I am very grateful for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."

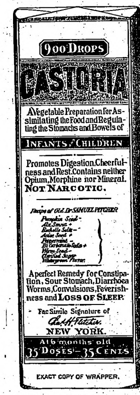
Such testimony should be accepted by all women as convincing evidence that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound stands without a peer as a remedy for all the distressing ills of women.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound rests upon the well-earned gratitude of American women.

When women are troubled with pain or irregularities, displacements or ulceration of the organs, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation, backache, bloating (or flatulency), general debility, indigestion and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

Don't hesitate to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about your sickness you do not understand. She will treat you with kindness and her advice is free. No woman ever regretted writing her and she has helped thousands. Address Lynn, Mass.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands a Woman's Ills.



900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

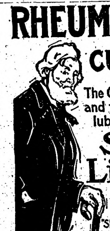
NO MORE MUSTARD PLASTERS TO BLISTER.
THE SCIENTIFIC AND MODERN EXTERNAL COUNTER-IRRITANT.
CAPISICUM VASELINE
EXTRACT OF THE CAYENNE PEPPER PLANT.
A QUICK, SURE, SAFE AND ALWAYS READY CURE FOR PAIN.—PRICE 15c.—IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES.—AT ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS, OR BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF 15c. IN POSTAGE STAMPS. DON'T WAIT TILL THE PAIN COMES—KEEP A TUBE HANDY.
A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of the article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve Headache and Sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all Rheumatic, Neuralgic and Gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household and for children. Once used no family will be without it. Many people say "it is the best of all your preparations." Accept no preparation of vaseline unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine.
SEND YOUR ADDRESS AND WE WILL MAIL OUR VASELINE PAMPHLET WHICH WILL INTEREST YOU.
CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO.
17 STATE STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

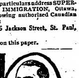
ESTABLISHED 1879.
WOODWARD & CO.
Minneapolis GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth

THE BEST COUGH CURE
When offered something else instead of
Kemp's Balsam
stop and consider. Am I sure to get something as good as this best cough cure?
If not sure, what good reason is there for for taking chances in a matter that may have a direct bearing on my own or my family's health?"
Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

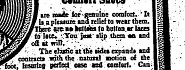
FARMS THAT GROW
"NO. 1 HARD" WHEAT
160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE
(Sixty-three Pounds to the Bushel). Are situated in the Canadian West where Homesteads of 160 acres can be obtained free by every settler willing and able to comply with the Homestead Regulations. During the present year a large portion of
New Wheat Growing Territory
HAS BEEN MADE ACCESSIBLE TO MARKETS BY THE RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION that has been pushed forward so vigorously by the three great railway companies.
For literature and particulars address SUPERINTENDENT OF IMMIGRATION, Ottawa, Canada, or the following authorized Canadian Government Agent:
E. T. HOLMES, 325 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.
Mention this paper.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS Washington, D. C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.





RHEUMATISM CURED
The Circulation Stimulated and the Muscles and Joints lubricated by using
Sloan's Liniment
Price 25c 50c & $1.00
Sold by all Dealers
"Sloan's Treatise On The Horse" Sent Free
Address Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass.



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Martha Washington
Comfort Shoes
are made for genuine comfort. It is a pleasure and relief to wear them. There are no buttons to button or laces to lace. You just slip them on and off at will.
The elastic at the sides expands and contracts with the natural motion of the foot, insuring perfect ease and comfort. Can be worn all year round.
Three styles, low, medium and high. Your dealer will supply you. If not, write to us. Look for the name and trade-mark on the sole.
We also make the popular "Western Lady" shoes.
FREE Send the name of a dealer who does not handle "Martha Washington" shoes and we will send you free, postpaid, a beautiful picture of "Martha Washington," size 15x20.
F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

Enameline NO DUST DIRT SLOP SPILL NO SMOKE SMELL MUSS OR SPATTER
STOVE POLISH

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1906. NUMBER 20.

PRESIDENT BACK AT WHITE HOUSE

VOICES THOROUGH ENJOYMENT OF HIS MOST REMARKABLE VOYAGE.

CONDUCTOR NABS TRAIN ROBBER

BOLD BANDIT HOLDS UP PASSENGERS ON A TRAIN IN MISSOURI.

Washington, Nov. 28.—Completing a remarkable trip to Panama, during which he traveled several thousand miles by sea and visited not only the isthmus, but Porto Rico as well, and voicing his thorough enjoyment of the entire voyage, President Roosevelt returned to Washington at 10:42 o'clock last night.

The trip up the Potomac on the converted yacht Mayflower, to which he and his party were transferred from the Louisiana at Piney Point yesterday afternoon, was made without special incident.

The president landed within ten minutes after the arrival of the Mayflower.

Pleased With Everything.

To those who met him he stated he had had a delightful trip and was feeling finely. The president and Mrs. Roosevelt immediately proceeded to the White House.

Speaking of his trip, the president said:

"We had a very pleasant—very enjoyable—time, and I am deeply impressed with the United States navy, with Panama and with Porto Rico."

The Panama canal, it was stated by the president, will be the subject of a special message, and consequently on that subject, he will say nothing at this time.

ENGAGES IN FIERCE BATTLE.

Conductor Beats Robber Into Submission After Desperate Battle.

Marshall, Mo., Nov. 28.—The bandit who held up the Chicago & Alton train Sunday night between Glasgow and Slater, Mo., and who was brought to the county jail here, was captured solely through the bravery and quickness of the action of Conductor Heywood, who says that the robber snapped his revolver at him and that probably the only thing that saved his life was that the hammer descended on his thumb.

Surrendering his revolver to the conductor, the robber made a break for liberty. Heywood followed closely after firing one shot, and grabbed him by the coat collar as the robber was trying to jump from the car.

Battle in Great Peril.

After he had been dragged into the vestibule again the robber continued to fight desperately, and Heywood was compelled to pound him over the head with the captured revolver until he was senseless. Immediately upon his arrival here the prisoner offered to make a full confession if the charge against him was made burglary. In Missouri the extreme penalty for train robbery is death; the minimum ten years' imprisonment.

Tells About Robbery.

The prosecutor refused any concessions. The bandit then volunteered a statement, in which he described how he boarded the train and how he subsequently was beaten into submission by the conductor and train crew. He got $1,500 and a number of watches.

ONE AGAINST CONVICTION.

Iowa Minister Is Tried on Charge of Extortion.

Des Moines, Nov. 28.—Judge Smith McPherson, in the United States court, yesterday discharged the jury which had been hearing the case against Rev. John H. Swift, the Winterset minister accused of attempting to extort money from W. J. Cornell, a banker, by threatening to spread a story of his attentions to a pretty choir girl. The jury stood eleven to one for conviction. Rev. Swift will be tried again at the next term of court.

SUES FOR VALUE OF HORSE.

Winona Equine Tangle Gets Into Court Again.

Winona, Minn., Nov. 28. — David Goldstein, who was in the county jail the greater part of the summer on the charge of stealing a horse from Harry Lewis, but against whom the grand jury found no indictment, has brought an action for damages in the sum of $100 against Lewis, on the ground that the horse belonged to Goldstein and that he was wrongfully deprived of it by Lewis, who sold it.

Bride Bound and Robbed.

New York, Nov. 28.—Mrs. Nellie Munson, a bride of three months, was chloroformed and bound hand and foot in her home early yesterday by a burglar. The thief secured a small amount of money and some jewelry and fled.

Kills Children and Self.

Providence, R. I., Nov. 28.—Mrs. Charles G. Checkley and her two children were found dead in their home last night. The woman had turned on the gas, and taking her two children in her arms lay down with them.

DENIES CHARGES OF GRAFT

SECRETARY SHAW LOSES PATIENCE IN ROW OVER PITTSBURG SITE.

Pittsburg, Nov. 28.—Charges of graft in connection with the site for the proposed new postoffice building were indignantly denied by Secretary Shaw here yesterday. The secretary came to Pittsburg to make a personal inspection of the various site offered, and while conferring with representatives of various commercial organizations declared he would give $1,000 for the name of the man who made the charges. Mr. Shaw said he was unable to select a location that would please everybody, but denied having any personal feeling in the matter. During the proceedings Mr. Shaw snapped his fingers in the face of H. D. W. English, chairman of the chamber of commerce, who thereupon left in disgust, declaring the hearing was a farce.

The charges of graft grew out of the recent visit of Pittsburg real estate men to Washington.

FOR SALE—ONE STRONG MAN.

Kentucky Sheriff Will "Farm Out" a Fellow Who Shuns Work.

Elizabethtown, Ky., Nov. 28. — The sheriff of this county this week will offer to the highest bidder an able-bodied white man, Doc Auberry, whom a jury has declared to be without means of support and able to work, but with a mastering inclination not to do so. For nine months the state will turn Auberry over to the buyer to perform manual labor. The action in the Auberry case is perfectly regular and under a state law, though one not called into use often.

NAME OF CITY ON POSTAGE.

Next Year's Stamps Will Bear the Name of the Issuing Postoffice.

Washington, Nov. 28. — Postage stamps of the issue of 1907, put on sale at the 6,000 presidential postoffices, will bear on their face the name of the state and city in which the postoffice is situated.

The chief reason for this innovation is said at the postoffice department to be the belief that it will help to do away with the big postoffice robberies and make it much easier to trace criminals.

QUEEN MAUD HONORED.

All Vessels in Mobile Harbor Decorated for Norse Royalty.

Mobile, Ala., Nov. 28.—All vessels were decorated yesterday in honor of the birthday of Queen Maud of Norway. The masters of the Norwegian vessels in the port of Mobile received the following telegram from the queen's mother at Sandringham:

"The queen sends her heartiest thanks for congratulations.

—"Krag, Private Secretary."

NOTE FROM SINKING SHIP.

Message From Man in Collision Two Years Ago Found in Bottle.

St. Ignace, Mich., Nov. 28.—Thomas Furlong has picked up on the beach a bottle containing a piece of paper upon which had been penciled these words:

"Lake Michigan: Steamer John Duncan. We are sinking; struck by Wisconsin in fog. Good-by to all

—"John McLush."

The Duncan was sunk in a collision near St. Ignace about two years ago.

IS HURLED ABOUT SHAFT.

Man Is Bumped Against Ceiling and Is Badly Hurt.

Waterloo, Iowa, Nov. 28. — Roy Campbell, engineer at the candy factory, received serious injuries and had a most miraculous escape from death while at work yesterday. In some manner his arm caught in a belt and he was carried around a rapidly whirling shaft, each revolution of which banged him heavily against the beams of the ceiling, only eighteen inches above.

BURNING MINE BLOWS UP.

Six Men Miraculously Escape—Others May Be Killed.

Wilburton, I. T., Nov. 28.—With a record of nineteen violent deaths during the past year, the Degnan & McConnell coal mine at Wilburton blew up with frightful force last evening. Six men in the shaft miraculously escaped. The mine had been on fire several days. It cannot be determined whether any lives were lost.

BITES MAN; IS FINED $250.

Combatant Who Uses His Teeth Is Convicted of Maiming.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Nov. 28.—It cost Charles Jones, a resident of Spink county, the sum of $250 for making use of his teeth during a physical encounter with a young man named Lake. A jury found Jones guilty of the crime of maiming and a fine of $250 was imposed.

Writ of Error for Glover.

Pierre, S. D., Nov. 28.—The supreme court yesterday granted a writ of error and certificate of possible cause in the case of State vs. Rome Glover, sentenced to the penitentiary from Meade county on the charge of horse rustling. The certificate suspends sentence until a new hearing.

Young Dock Hand Killed.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Nov. 28.—John Gale was killed while oiling a derrick. He was under the machine when it was started and he was torn to pieces.

BOAT GOES DOWN WITH 28 LIVES

COASTING SCHOONER FOUNDERS IN GEORGIAN BAY WITH ALL HANDS.

BODIES WASHED UP BY WAVES

PART OF CABIN, LIFEBOAT AND TWO CORPSES TELL OF THE TRAGEDY.

Wiarton, Ont., Nov. 28.—The coasting steamer J. H. Jones foundered off Cape Cocker Thursday afternoon and all hands were lost. The crew consisted of twelve persons, all from Wiarton, and the number of passengers is estimated to be at least sixteen.

The Jones, which plied between Owen sound, Wiarton and Manitotlin island ports, was one of the stanchest steamers on the Georgian bay and was commanded by Capt. Crawford, a freshwater navigator of much experience.

Tell of the Tragedy.

Part of the cabin, a lifeboat and two unidentified bodies have been found by Indians on the north shore of the Christian islands.

Boats are now out from here, Owen sound and Penetanguishene and Parry sound looking for the survivors and wreckage.

Death List May Reach Forty.

Detroit, Nov. 28.—While estimates received here as to the number of lives lost in the wreck of the Jones are as a rule twenty-five or twenty-six, one report says the list of dead may reach the appalling total of forty.

MAY REINSTATE NEGROES.

President Says He Has Power and Will Act if Evidence Is Presented.

Washington, Nov. 28. — President Roosevelt holds that he has the power to reinstate in the army any of the members of the three companies of the Twenty-fifth regiment of colored infantry if the circumstances of any individual case justify such action.

Whether he will avail himself of that power will depend on such evidence that may be presented to him in the case of any one or more soldiers which will tend to clearly exculpate them from any participation in the incident.

The president wants evidence, not deductions, as he told some of his callers, of non-participation before anything may be done.

CONFER ON JAP COMPLAINT.

Secretary Metcalf Reports on San Francisco Situation.

Washington, Nov. 28. — President Roosevelt had a long conference with Secretary Metcalf last night regarding the alleged discrimination against the Japanese residents in San Francisco. Whether the president will make Mr. Metcalf's report public has not been determined. He will give the question full consideration before taking any further steps.

Peary in Boston.

Boston, Nov. 28.—Commander Robert E. Peary was here last night on his long journey from the farthest north to Washington, where he hopes to spend Thanksgiving. He was accompanied by Mrs. Peary.

Blow Kills Man in Cab.

St. Ignace, Mich., Nov. 28.—While leaning out of the window of the engine cab, Fireman Langley of a Soo train was hit on the head by an obstruction and received fatal injuries.

Spaniards Take Up Arms.

Madrid, Nov. 28.—According to dispatches received here from Cadiz, a brigade of 4,000 men is being organized there to be ready for any development in the Moroccan situation.

Fire in State School.

Faribault, Minn., Nov. 28. — Fire started in the attic of the school for the feeble minded and but for prompt work might have caused a heavy loss. Damage, $1,600.

Swindler Sentenced.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Nov. 28.—August Brovold of this city was given an indefinite sentence in the state reformatory for obtaining money under false pretenses.

Postoffice Robber Caught.

Anoka, Minn., Nov. 28.—John Douglas was arrested at Bethel, near here, charged with robbing the postoffice at Brunswick, Kanabec county, of $85 in stamps.

Oil Inspector Is Removed.

Olympia, Wash., Nov. 28. — Gov. Mead yesterday removed John Canutt, state oil inspector, on account of alleged misconduct and irregularities in office.

Cave-in Fatal to Five.

New York, Nov. 28.—A gang of laborers were caught in a cave-in at Claremont Park. Two men are known to have been killed, and it is believed that three others were burned under the falling earth.

Fierce Gale on Lake Erie.

Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 28. — A gale reaching a velocity of sixty miles an hour raged on Lake Erie yesterday and compelled even the big passenger boats to seek shelter. No disasters are reported.

FULL OF WHEAT, BUT NO CARS

COMPLAINTS AGAINST THE RAILROADS—FARMERS WORK FREE TO GET "EMPTIES."

St. Paul, Nov. 28.—Complaints are constantly being received that the country is full of wheat which the railroads are neglecting to move. The suspicion is strong among the farmers that the failure to move the crops is due to a policy rather than to physical conditions.

Anamoose, N. D., sends in the most significant report. Farmers there are giving their time and services free to unload cars of coal and other merchandise, hauling the stuff where it belongs, and all this just for the sake of getting the emptied car in which to ship their grain. All of the seven elevators and one flat house are practically blocked with some 250,000 bushels on hand, part of which is stored in temporary bins, hurriedly erected. Since Sept. 1 about 250,000 bushels have been shipped in 250 cars, less than three cars a day allotted to eight busy grain buyers. The result is that about one-third of the crop is still out of the market, and the farmer will see another seeding season roll around before he can fully realize on his 1906 crop.

RED WING HAS BLAZE.

Old Opera House and Three Stores Burn.

Red Wing, Minn., Nov. 28. — Fire broke out in the Wilkinson block and destroyed the old opera house, now known as the Majestic Vaudeville theater, and the stores of George Wynn, confectioner; Thomas Erickson, jeweler; Humphrey's floral store, and Phillips & Canfield's barber shop. At one time the fire threatened the entire block, but after two hours of heroic work by the department the flames were got under control. The loss on the buildings amounted to $20,000.

EASY TO FLY TO THE POLE.

Walter Wellman Says Trip Could Be Made in Thirty Hours.

Chicago, Nov. 28. — Belief in the practicability of reaching the north pole by airship has been greatly strengthened in the mind of Walter Wellman as a result of his observations last summer at the expedition's base of supplies in Spitzbergen.

Mr. Wellman declared that observations showed that there were days upon days during last July and August when the pole could have been reached in about thirty hours from the supply base by their airship.

WILL PROBE CAUSE OF WRECK.

Wisconsin Authorities Delay Inquest on Victims.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Nov. 28.—The inquest on the bodies of Morris Scheter and Charles Quinn, killed in the Wisconsin Central wreck Monday night, was adjourned until Dec. 5. The authorities intend to place the blame of the wreck if possible, and prosecute the guilty parties.

KILLS FIGHTING BUCKS.

Hunter Shoots Two Deer That With Horns Interlocked Are In Combat.

Menominee, Mich., Nov. 28.—Two magnificent bucks have been killed near Hawthorne, the horns of the animals being interlocked. C. R. Gillette of Warren came upon the animals fighting furiously in the woods.

Three Small Wrecks.

St. Paul, Nov. 28.—Yesterday was an unfortunate one for local railroads, three wrecks occurring within a short distance of the Twin Cities. The roads affected were the Chicago Great Western, the Great Northern, the St. Paul and the Minneapolis & St. Louis. None of the wrecks was attended by serious results.

Young Patricide Captured.

Peoria, Ill., Nov. 28.—Edward Clifford, the eighteen-year-old boy who shot and killed his father Sunday morning, and who was trailed by a posse with bloodhounds, has been captured and has confessed to the murder.

Twelve Horses Burned.

Minneapolis, Nov. 28.—Twelve valuable horses were burned to death in a fire in the stable of the Minneapolis Omnibus and Transfer company. Other property was destroyed and the building was badly damaged. The total loss amounted to several thousand dollars.

Made Sure of Death.

Minneapolis, Nov. 28.—After taking a quantity of carbolic acid John Johnson Lang hanged himself from one of the girders of the viaduct on Nicollet island. He left a note saying his wife's illness drove him to the deed.

Three Die Together.

Hutchinson, Minn., Nov. 28.—Three children, all sons of Peter E. Hanson, a farmer, were drowned while skating on Lake Marion. The children were skating and looking for muskrats when they fell into a hole in the ice.

Cell for Aged Banker.

Faribault, Minn., Nov. 28. — Alfred W. Norton, president of the defunct Nerstrand State bank, charged with embezzlement of the bank's funds, was fined $1,000 and sentenced to two years in Stillwater.

Playful Idiot's Work.

Thorpe, Wis., Nov. 28. — Chester Ward was accidentally shot while hunting. His companion playfully pointed a gun at him, and it was discharged, the shot entering Ward's arm and side.

KILLS FIVE TO GET INSURANCE

PHILADELPHIA WOMAN IS ACCUSED OF WHOLESALE POISONING.

VICTIMS ALL DIED SUDDENLY

HUSBAND AND TWO CHILDREN AMONG THE WOMAN'S VICTIMS.

Philadelphia, Nov. 28.—The most remarkable case of wholesale poisoning of persons to secure insurance money that has ever been unearthed in this city is charged against Bridget Carey, arrested last night. The woman, who is thirty-two years old, is charged with having poisoned her husband, her two children, who died a week ago, and Patrick and Cecilia Cook, tenants in the Carey house.

Got $1,000 Insurance.

All the alleged victims died within eleven months, and the police declare Mrs. Carey benefited to the extent of $1,000 through the collection of insurance. The woman's arrest followed an investigation made into the deaths of her two children, which occurred last week. An analysis of the stomachs of the children showed that the little girls died from arsenical poisoning.

The children were insured for $125 each, and Mrs. Carey collected this amount after their deaths.

Tenants Die Suddenly.

Cecilia Cook had been the lessee of the house and Mrs. Carey was a tenant. The police officials say that Miss Cook was insured for $200 in favor of Patrick Cook, her brother, and that on Aug. 13 she died. Patrick had been insured for $500 in favor of his sister. He collected the insurance on her policy after her death, and Mrs. Carey took up the lease of the house. Thereupon Patrick Cook made his insurance in favor of Mrs. Carey and died a short time after. The police say Mrs. Carey secured the insurance.

HILL TO GET KATY ROAD.

Election of New President Is Generally Regarded as in His Interest.

New York, Nov. 28.—The election of Adrian H. Joline as president of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas company, to succeed F. M. Finney, resigned, is generally regarded as a step toward the turning over of the old Rockefeller property to James J. Hill and the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy.

EMPLOYER DEAD; GIRL HELD.

Newark Business Man Apparently Died by His Own Hand.

Newark, N. J., Nov. 28.—R. L. Barrington was found dead yesterday on the floor of his office in the Century building. A revolver lay beside the body. Miss Carrie Utter, who was in Barrington's employ, was detained as a witness, pending a determination of whether the case was one of suicide.

NEW PROBE OF OIL METHODS.

Special Representative of Government Is in St. Louis.

St. Louis, Nov. 28.—John Porter Hollis, special representative of the bureau of corporations under James R. Garfield, is in St. Louis for the purpose of securing information for a second report on the methods pursued by the Standard and other oil companies in Missouri.

FINED $18,000 FOR REBATING.

American Sugar Refining Company Is Penalized.

New York, Nov. 28.—A fine of $18,000 was imposed upon the American Sugar Refining company by Judge Holt for accepting rebates from the New York Central Railroad company.

The company was allowed sixty days to prepare to appeal the case. The rebates amounted to $26,000.

Black Hand Sends Bomb.

Washington, Pa., Nov. 28.—An attempt was made yesterday to kill Burgess A. C. Marsh through the medium of an infernal machine which he received by mail. The sending of the infernal machine is credited to the Black Hand society, which Burgess has tried to break up.

Merger of Sugar Plantations.

New Orleans, Nov. 28. — Plans to form a $28,000,000 merger of Louisiana sugar plantations and sugar houses were announced yesterday by a committee in charge of the project.

Tokio Turns Down M. O.

Tokio, Nov. 28.—In the municipal assembly here the proposition that the city purchase the street railways and manage them as a municipal undertaking was defeated.

Floating Mine Kills Ten.

London, Nov. 28.—A floating mine, a legacy from the Russo-Japanese war, has been driven ashore at Akita, on the west coast of Hondo, where it exploded, killing ten villagers and wounding fifty-six.

Kills Her Husband.

Burlington, Kan., Nov. 28. — Capt. Horatio N. Read was shot and instantly killed by his wife at their home. Mrs. Read claims her husband threatened to kill her, and that she shot in self-defense.

WILL INDICT LAND THIEVES

FEDERAL GRAND JURY IN UTAH IS OUT FOR BIG GAME—FIVE TRUE BILLS.

Salt Lake City, Nov. 28.—The federal grand jury, which has been sitting here for the last two weeks, has voted to return five true bills against corporations and against some of the persons who have been implicated in the wholesale stealing of the public lands in the state of Wyoming. The work of the grand jury has not been completed, and it is likely that it may reach out and lay the hand of the law upon a United States senator, a judge of the supreme court of the state and an official high in the employ of the government.

The indictments which have been voted on will not be returned into court until after the close of the investigation which the interstate commerce commission is going to make in this city, in Pueblo and in Denver.

POLICE GUARD TILLMAN.

Fiery Senator Discusses Race Problem in Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—The efforts of the colored citizens of Chicago to prevent Senator Tillman from delivering an address here last night because of the position he has assumed toward the negro race were unsuccessful. Senator Tillman gave his address, protected by forty detectives.

In the audience were many colored people, but they listened to Senator Tillman's remarks good naturedly, and although he was interrupted many times by those who wished to ask questions no trouble developed.

TO ABOLISH THE LORDS.

Agitation Is Bitter Against the Upper House in Britain.

London, Nov. 28.—The intensity of the political feeling aroused by the house of lords' treatment of the education bill found expression in an emergency meeting of the general committee of the National Liberal federation, at which a resolution was unanimously adopted urging the government to take the drastic step of totally rejecting the lords' amendment to the bill. Agitation is very strong for the abolition of the house of lords.

Chicago Man Imitates Caruso.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—Chicago's monkey house at the Lincoln Park zoo came into the limelight yesterday. Head Animal Keeper Cy De Vry discovered a man emulating the act that cost Caruso a $10 fine in New York. He thrashed the masher soundly.

Pittsburg Solon in Toils.

Pittsburg, Nov. 28. — City Councilman W. A. Martin, charged with bribery in connection with the alleged Tube City railroad franchise scandal, was arrested yesterday, together with C. S. Cameron, president of the Tube City Railroad company.

Use of Bad Coin Alleged.

Vinton, Iowa, Nov. 28.—Oscar Lint, a seventeen-year-old boy living at Shellsburg, is under arrest on a charge of securing good money in exchange for bogus dollars.

Family Nearly Asphyxiated.

Vermillion, S. D., Nov. 28.—The family of C. Christianson was nearly asphyxiated by coal gas. All were nearly unconscious, but a physician called in revived them.

Sent Up for Cook's Murder.

Menominee, Mich., Nov. 28.—John Paplinsky has been sentenced for from fifteen to thirty years in prison for the murder of George Barrett, a camp cook.

Coasts to His Death.

Duluth, Nov. 28. — William Olson, nine years of age, was killed while coasting. He was coming swiftly down a hill when he collided with a street car.

Dies at Age of 103 Years.

Menominee, Mich., Nov. 28. — Mrs. William Stephens, grandmother of William Stephens, a well known citizen of Ontonagon, is dead at the age of 103 years.

Killed in Collision.

Winona, Miss., Nov. 28. — A negro was killed and twenty other people hurt in a collision of a passenger and freight train on the Southern railroad.

Revised Tariff in Canada.

Ottawa, Nov. 28.—The budget will be brought down Thursday. Tariff revision will be one of the first matters taken up by the house of commons.

Two Saloons Robbed.

Lamberton, Minn., Nov. 28.—Thieves broke into the saloons of William C. Yackel and Joseph Wild. About $14 was secured in the two saloons.

Shot by Stray Bullets.

Anson, Wis., Nov. 28.—Carl Erickson and Bejamin Olson were shot by stray bullets while hunting. Neither one is seriously injured.

Impaled on Fork Handle.

La Crosse, Nov. 28.—Slipping from a load of hay, George Richter fell upon the handle of a pitchfork and was fatally impaled.

Y. M. C. A. Building Burns.

New Britain, Conn., Nov. 28.—The Y. M. C. A. building was practically destroyed by fire. Loss, about $100,000.

French Fleet Off for Morocco.

Toulon, Nov. 28.—The French squadron commanded by Admiral Touchard left here for Tangier, Morocco.

SEEK TO RETIRE PART OF G. N. STOCK

ATTORNEY GENERAL YOUNG WILL TAKE ACTION AGAINST RAILROAD.

PAYING DOUBLE DIVIDENDS

M. & ST. L. TRAFFIC OFFICIAL SAYS MONEY WAS SPENT TO GET BUSINESS.

St. Paul, Nov. 28.—Attorney General Young said yesterday:

"As a result of the evidence secured in the examination of Mr. Hill, showing duplicate issues of capital stock for the Great Northern's branch lines, I am considering how to bring proceedings to compel the retirement of one set of the stock, either that of the branch line, which is still afloat and paying dividends, or that of the main line, issued for the purpose of buying up the subsidiary company.

Pay Double Dividends.

"The people are now paying dividends on this double capitalization, and one or the other issue is certainly water. I believe the company can be made to retire it. It also appears that when new branch lines were built new stock was issued, but the lines were built out of the Great Northern surplus, and the stock is water."

Issues of stock claimed to be duplication are:

For St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba, $20,000,000.

For Eastern Minnesota, stocks and bonds, $25,000,000.

For Willmar & Sioux Falls, $10,000,000.

Spent Money to Get Business.

J. N. Tittemore, traffic manager of the Minneapolis & St. Louis road, yesterday made an explanation of the use to which the thousands of dollars of mysterious drafts issued by his line were put, and about which the state railroad commission has been in the dark for several months. They were used in payment of secret commissions to agents of Eastern lines to get freight routed over the Minneapolis & St. Louis road. This was always done without, and sometimes in opposition, to the wishes of the shippers. Mr. Tittemore's explanation was made at the capitol at the hearing on general commodity rates before the state railroad commission.

PERISH IN WOODS.

Fate of Hunters Near Grand Marais Now Seems Certain.

Duluth, Nov. 28.—Cut off by the terrific snow storm of a week ago Friday, E. B. Caldwell and J. S. Lincoln of this city probably have perished in the woods seven miles west of Grand Marais.

There seems to be little doubt that the two men went out hunting on the day preceding the storm, and were lost in the woods when the snow began to fall so thickly. They probably lost all sense of direction and wandered about in the woods until they became exhausted from cold and hunger.

BUTTER SHOWS BIG INCREASE.

Product of Minnesota Keeps Forging Ahead.

St. Paul, Nov. 28.—Minnesota's annual increase in the production of butter will be 14,000,000 pounds over two years ago. In 1904 there were produced in Minnesota 77,455,409 pounds of butter. With the expected increase within the next two years the total annual production will reach almost 100,000,000 pounds.

The income to the producer has increased as rapidly, relatively speaking. This year the increase in income will be $3,000,000, bringing the total up to better than $16,000,000.

WAR VETERAN LOSES LEG.

St. Paul Railroad Brakeman's Limb Cut Off by Train.

La Crosse, Wis., Nov. 28.—After going through the Cuban and Phillippine campaigns without a scratch it remained for Oliver Olsen, Minneapolis, to loose his leg in times of peace. Upon his discharge from the army Olsen took a place as brakeman on the St. Paul line, and at Wabasha Minn., fell beneath the train which crushed off his right leg at the knee. He will survive.

ONE HUNDRED YEARS OLD.

First Inmate of the Woman's Building at Soldiers' Home Is Centenarian.

St. Paul, Nov. 28.—The first application for admission to the Minnesota woman's home at the soldiers' home has been approved. The applicant is Maria Gross of Owatonna. She is one hundred years and four months of age.

St. Paul Syndicate Buys Theater.

La Crosse, Nov. 28.—The Unique vaudeville theater, after being in a receiver's hands for three days, has been sold to a St. Paul syndicate which operates several small theaters in the larger cities of the Northwest.

Form Wolf-hunting Club.

Menominee, Mich., Nov. 28.—A number of citizens of Sidnaw and Kenton are engaged in organizing a wolf hunting club, the avowed object of which is systematically to exterminate the wolves.

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GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER
9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.
10:10 am Lv......St. Hilaire......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie.........Lv 10:45am

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The Spectator.

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Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Dec. 1, 1906.

We wonder if the railroad rate bill will prove a fake like the free alcohol bill?

Were the congressmen who voted for the free alcohol bill gold-bricked or did they need the money?

There is a very serious car shortage and wheat cannot be moved. The railroads claim that they have too much business.

A clergyman in Boston has found one hundred and forty different religious sects in that city. Surely there are ways enough.

If before-election promises count, we should have a two-cent-a-mile passenger rate law in Minnesota soon after January first.

In England they contemplated a soap trust after the American plan but the Englishman would not buy the product, so there will be no trust.

Foot ball is at least profitable as it is claimed that in the big Carlisle-Minnesota game at Minneapolis recently netted each team fourteen thousand dollars.

If the voters of New York had known that Depew and others of his stripe were contributing to the Hughes campaign fund, it is possible Hearst would not have been beaten.

John J. Cahill and Wm. Koch Jr., both experienced newspaper men from St. Paul, have purchased the Courier at Red Lake Falls and the new proprietors assume charge today.

The Minneapolis Journal claims that the Great Northern paid 147 per cent in cash and stock dividends this year. This beats running a country newspaper. We always did think Jim Hill had a shade the best of it.

The free alcohol bill has been so doctored that it will not interfere in any way with the Standard Oil Co., as the restrictions imposed cost more than gasoline is worth. This is a beautiful old world if you only own some Standard Oil stock.

They now claim that the state liquor dealers' association had a hand in defeating Cole and electing Johnson. Some republicans favor a retaliation by having the legislature pass a county option bill. This would close fully one-half of the saloons in the state.

Pruning Tomatoes.

Men and women who grow a few fine tomatoes in their own gardens for their own use have long practiced more or less pruning of the vines. Pruning is also practiced systematically when tomatoes are grown in hothouses. As a rule, the field culture of tomatoes is not sufficiently remunerative to make pruning profitable. Professor Munson found that pruning the plants after a part of the fruit had set increased the yield more than one-third. This was under conditions of field culture. It is possible that where the market is good an increase of one-third in the crop would pay for the work of pruning.—Country Gentleman.

Their Mecca.

"But, dear," said the caller, "I don't see why you should care to change the name of your charming little country place. Idlewhile is so romantic. It seems to signify dreamy idleness."

"That's just the trouble," replied the housewife. "It was too suggestive."

"In what way?"

"Why, it attracted all the tramps in the county."—Chicago News.

False Economy.

There is a vast difference between the economy which administers wisely and that niggardly economy which saves for the sake of saving and spends a dime's worth of time to save a penny. I have never known a man who overestimated the importance of saving pennies to do things which belong to large minds.—Success Magazine.

Working Hard.

The little boy's father had come home from his office early and was lying down for a nap before dinner. The little lad's mother sent him upstairs to see if his father was asleep. He returned with this answer: "Yes, mamma, papa is all asleep but his nose."

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve.

—Apples at Duntley's.

Too Low and Too High.

"Do employers hire men and then pay them what they think them worth or do they fix salaries and then get such men as they can to fit them?" asked a young man who had been going through the experience of changing his work. "I won't try to answer my question, but I will tell you a story. I called upon a manager to talk with him about a place of responsibility which I knew he had to offer. He seemed taken with me and I think had his mind made up to employ me. Finally he asked me how much salary I would expect.

"'I should say about $150 a month,' I answered.

"Immediately his face fell. 'I'm sorry,' he said, 'but I expect to pay $2,500 a year, and I want a $2,500 man. Good morning.'

"From there I went to inquire about another place. Again I seemed to suit, and we got to the question of wages. I knew the firm was not in the habit of spending much money. If I was to get the position I must bid low, and so I suggested $125 a month.

"'I'm sorry,' was the reply, 'but we can't pay more than $100. I know you're worth more and the work is worth more, but we haven't got the money to spend, that's all. Good morning.'"—New York Post.

The Study of Medicine.

The study of medicine is the study of man and of his relations to his environment. It is the broadest and most useful of all the professions. A skillful physician can find opportunity for the employment of his highest skill in a hovel as well as in a palace. He is alike welcomed by the king and by the peasant. The exactions of the physician's calling are more severe than those of any other profession. He must be content to hold all his personal plans for pleasure, profit or recreation subject to the exigencies of many other lives as well as of his own, so that his life must be less regular than that of other men. He belongs to the social fire department. He must often imperil his health, even his life, to save the health and lives of others. He must be content with a short life. But all these disadvantages are inducements to the man who desires to live up to the highest and noblest ideals.—From "Starting In Life," by N. C. Fowler, Jr.

The Finest English Odes.

Among the many fine odes in the English language Macaulay has characterized Dryden's "Alexander's Feast" as the noblest, and Dr. Richard Garnett agreed with him in thinking it the finest ode we have. The full title is "Alexander's Feast; or, The Power of Music—an Ode For St. Cecilia's Day." Spenser's "Epithalamium," Milton's "Ode on the Nativity," Keats' odes "To a Nightingale" and "On a Grecian Urn" and Shelley's "To a Skylark" are all notable instances of this class of poem, and to these must be added, though their form is irregular, Wordsworth's magnificent "Intimations of Immortality" and Tennyson's "Ode on the Death of the Duke of Wellington."

How to Be Ready.

To know how to be ready—a great thing, a precious gift and one that implies calculation, grasp and decision—to be always ready a man must be able to cut a knot, for everything cannot be untied. He must know how to disengage what is essential from the detail in which it is inwrapped, for everything cannot be equally considered. In a word, he must be able to simplify his duties, his business and his life. To know how to be ready is to know how to start. It is astonishing how all of us are generally cumbered up with the thousand and one hindrances and duties which are not such, but which nevertheless wind us about with their spider threads and fetter the movement of our wings. It is the lack of order which makes us slaves. The confusion of today discounts the freedom of tomorrow. Confusion is the enemy of all comfort, and confusion is born of proscrastination. To know how to be ready we must be able to finish. Nothing is done but what is finished. The things which we leave dragging behind us will start up again later on before us and harass our path. Let each day take thought for what concerns it, liquidate its own affairs and respect the day which is to follow, and then we shall be always ready. To know how to be ready is at the bottom to know how to die.—Amiel.

The Lottery In Italy.

Lotto banks do a thriving business in Italy. Millions of people of all classes and conditions contribute every week to the game, by which they hope to make fortunes. The princess and her maid, the professor and his pupils, the bootblack and the army officer, the crippled mendicant, school children—everybody is drawn into the lotto net. The main office is in Rome, but sub-offices are in operation in every hamlet in the kingdom, and drawings take place every Saturday in eight cities. The public knows the hour of the drawing, and the plaza near the Via del Umitta, near the Quirinal, always swarms with people when the little blind boy draws five numbers of the ninety which have been placed there. These numbers are displayed on a signboard in the order in which they are drawn, and the player who has bought a ticket with the same numbers in the same order receives the grand prize. The play keeps many people still poorer than they would be and is a great source of revenue to the country.—Illustrirte Zeitung.

Discouraging.

"You look discouraged."

"I am. Another college has just conferred the degree of LL. D. on my Uncle Benjamin. There isn't likely to be much left for me when he dies."—Chicago Record-Herald.

A Mean Dig.

Miss Passe—I have had many chances to marry. Only a short time ago a man told me of his love. Miss Pert—Did he also tell you the name of the lady?—Meggendorfer Blatter.

His Religion.

"Money is his religion."

"Yes; his wife is afraid to ask for any. It's a subject too sacred to mention."—Illustrated Bits.

A Daring Wasp.

Some wasps live in part upon honey, which they collect from the most open petaled flowers, and thus to a very moderate extent they may be regarded in the light of flower fertilizers. Kirkland says in the first volume of the American Naturalist that "the paper hornet (Vespa maculata) often enters my nucleus hives when I am rearing Italian queen bees and captures the young queen in the midst of her little colony, usually just after she has commenced her first laying. I have seen this depredator enter the small hive, drag out the queen and fly away with her to the woods" (page 52). Some of the species of the genus polistes store up honey which is poisonous, from the fact that it has been collected from poisonous flowers. They are found in South America, where also species of the genus chartergus occur—wasps that make a very remarkable and tough nest, with funnel shaped combs inside, arranged one inside of another, nest fashion, but not in contact except at their points of suspension. At the apexes of these cones occur the apertures of entrance for the inmates to pass up among the conical tiers.

Steering the Ship.

The work of steering a great ship, even with the aid of modern machinery, is much more delicate than one would imagine. The larger and faster the ship the greater is the difficulty. It is not enough to hold the wheel in the same position to keep the ship on her course, for the wind and waves and the currents of the ocean tend constantly to knock the ship off her course. The great wall of steel (for the hull may be 700 feet long and sixty feet high) offers a broad target for the wind and waves. The art in steering is to humor the ship to these forces and when she is deflected bring her back quickly to her course. If you could watch the binnacle, especially in bad weather, you would see the needle of the compass constantly shifting from side to side, which means that the great steel prow is not going forward in a perfectly straight line.—Francis Arnold Collins in St. Nicholas.

New York's Cab Drivers.

A driver has to have a license. That mysterious official, the mayor's marshal, grants one upon the payment of 25 cents and two written testimonials of honesty. A man may come out of Sing Sing, whither he has been sent for highway robbery or stoning the minister's cat or any other crime, if he presents two greasy letters—one of any Jones and the other of any Smith—stating that he is an honest fellow he will get a license. No inquiry is made. His references are never looked up. Indeed, if you are a desperate criminal—guilty of murder or failure to pay alimony—you can do no better than take out a license and hide on top of a cab. So into the business drift all sorts and conditions of rogues. Under the aegis of the law (the aegis being a twenty-five cent badge) they rob you and me.—Vance Thompson in Outing Magazine.

The Hessians Played.

It is a matter of record that upon the first official celebration of Independence day by the Continental congress music was secured for the occasion by forcing the Hessian band, which had been captured by George Washington at Trenton in the previous December, to play in the public square all day, to the great delight and amusement of the people. It is also stated that these involuntary celebrants were obliged to practice appropriate airs for three weeks previously in order that they could not plead ignorance as an excuse.

Curious Coincidences.

When the Ring theater, in Vienna, was burned, with great loss of life, one of the other playhouses of the Austrian capital was playing Pailleron's "Le Monde ou l'on S'Ennuie;" when the Stadt theater, in Vienna, was burned another theater in that city was playing "Le Monde ou l'on S'Ennuie," and on the evening of the day when the fire in the charity bazaar in Paris took place the Theatre Francais was announced to play "Le Monde ou l'on S'Ennuie."

Jealousy.

"That word 'communist,' my dear," observed the young husband, correcting her, "has the accent on the first syllable."

"How do you know?"

"The dictionary says so."

"I never saw a man as prejudiced in favor of dictionaries as you are!" exclaimed the young wife. "I wish you had married a dictionary!"

Too Much at Stake to Forget.

"When you are absorbed in your business cares downtown today, Herbert, you will forget your little wife entirely."

"No, darling. That steak you cooked for me with your own sweet hands this morning for breakfast will keep you in my memory every minute of the day."

Overdoing the Exercise.

Footpad (with revolver)—Hold up yer hands! Victim—You can go through me if you want to, but I'll be dad dinged if I'm going to hold up my hands any more! I'm tired of doing it. You're the third since I left the lodge.—Chicago Tribune.

You can't get even with a physician by returning his calls.

Order of British Titles.

They had been talking about an English marquis and the position he held among his titled aristocracy.

"I didn't know a marquis ranked so high," said the girl in white.

"Dear me!" said an Englishman. "Didn't you? Why, a marquis ranks next to a duke."

He paused to sip his tea and take a foie gras sandwich.

"Marquess, not marquis," he went on, "is the more accurate use of the word. It is so spelled and pronounced in Burke. Shall I tell you the degrees of the English aristocracy? The knowledge may be useful to you when you come to contract an international alliance, eh?

"After royalty come dukes. After dukes come marquises, then earls, viscounts, barons, baronets and knights. I don't mention lords. A lord is an earl—the Earl of Craven, for instance, is often called Lord Craven—or else the title is only the courtesy one accorded to the younger sons of dukes.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

The Parrot Fish.

There are water parrots as well as land parrots. The parrot fish come from the tropics, are brilliantly colored and have beaks something like those of the parrot, for use in breaking off the coral shell in order to get at the living polyp. Not all of them, however, live on animal food, some species being herbivorous. One species is found in the Mediterranean sea, where it has been known for thousands of years. The Greeks and Romans regarded it for a time as the first of fishes, and Pliny tells us how it was introduced into the Italian sea in the course of the reign of Claudius. It was known as the "scarus" by the ancients, who told some wonderful stories about its love, its wisdom and its rumination. Some having a length of sixteen inches have been captured alive.

Dubuque's Seal.

On the city seal of Dubuque, Ia., appear the words "La petite nuit," and strangers are always puzzled by them. Why should Dubuque be called "the little night?" It is explained that the place originally was settled by an old miner named Dubuque. When the Indians granted certain lands to Dubuque the document was drawn up in French in Prairie du Chien. The clerk who did the work believed that "la petite nuit" meant "the old miner," and his mistake has perpetuated a phrase which, however pretty, has no significance in its present connection.

One Way Blind.

"You admit you are an impostor?" said the judge.

"No, I don't, your honor."

"You claimed to be blind, and yet you have an unimpaired eyesight."

"That's true, your honor, but I'm morally blind, sir, and not being able to see the harm in my innocent deception"—

"Six months," ejaculated the judge.

Ingredients of the Play.

Half a text, a sprinkling of aristocrats, a sin or two and a quantity of good clothing are the familiar ingredients of serious playwriting, and it is wonderful to see what varied and interesting results can still be obtained from the recipe.—Outlook.

The Recognition.

Scotty—Hello, Pat, me boy, a ye had a clean shave, a scarcely knew ye wi yer whiskers off. Pat—The same wid me, me bhoy. Oi didn't know meself when Oi looked in the glass, except by me voice.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

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Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. DUNTLEY, N. G.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
J. B. O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

DR. H. E. NELSON
SCANDINAVIAN
Physician and Surgeon.
Office over Hall's Confectionery.
Residence over Holmes Bros.' Store.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

ALBERT FELLMAN
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.
CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS, CANDIES
- - - CIGARS - - -
and STATIONERY
Agency Thief River Falls Laundry

THE LOCAL NEWS

RESOLUTIONS of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

T. T. Sletten was a Thief River Falls visitor last Tuesday.

—Bargains in high grade toilet soaps at L. M. Rolland & Sons.

Prof. J. B. O'Brien and wife spent Thanksgiving at Red Lake Falls.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Nels Johnson, of Black River, was transacting business in town yesterday.

K. O. Gigstad took his Thanksgiving dinner with friends at Thief River Falls.

Rev. Alex Sand went over to Grand Forks for a short visit the first of the week.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Sheriff Dan Linnihan was up from Red Lake Falls last Wednesday on business.

Fred Richards was up from Red Lake Falls on a business mission last Wednesday.

P. E. Pirath, of Red Lake Falls, came up and spent Sunday with his daughter, Mrs. H. E. Ives.

Aud. O. Kolstad and L. L. Bergan were in Thief River Falls last Thursday on business.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church next Sunday evening at 7:30 by Rev. Austad.

Chas. Julin and Ed. Peet left for Bemidji last Wednesday, where they will spend the winter.

County Attorney Thomas Germo was here from Red Lake Falls on business last Saturday.

Agent Bundy, of the International Harvester company, was doing business here last Tuesday.

A couple of boiler makers are at work this week taking down the big smoke stack at the mill.

Walter Johnson, who is teaching school at Plummer, is spending his vacation at home here.

Miss Emma Hoff returned home on Wednesday from the Moorhead Normal to spend Thanksgiving.

Mrs. Joe Miller, of Red Lake Falls, spent Thanksgiving here with her sister, Mrs. Nap. Miller.

Quite a number of the boys left the first of the week for the woods, where they will spend the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Ives spent Thanksgiving at Grand Forks, leaving here last Wednesday evening.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

Miss Huldah Gigstad, who is teaching at Twin Valley, came up Thursday to spend her vacation at home.

The Merchants State Bank and L. M. Rolland & Sons are distributing some handsome calendars this week.

Alton Jackson, who is attending the Crookston College, came up Thursday morning to eat turkey at home.

Elmer Burkee came in from his school in Bray township to spend the Thanksgiving vacation at home.

The Ladies' Aid of the Mission church will meet with Mrs. Johnson on December 5th. All are welcome.

E. R. Evans went down to Crookston last Wednesday evening to carve the Thanksgiving turkey for his family.

The ice on the river was in fairly good condition last Sunday and quite a number had their "skates on" during the afternoon.

We were favored with another snow storm last Monday and for all practical purposes we have enough snow to last for a long time.

Adolph Satterberg and wife left on Wednesday evening for Marion, N. D., where they will spend a week visiting Mrs. Satterberg's parents.

Mrs. Wm. McCullough, and granddaughter, of Fergus Falls, came up Wednesday to spend a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Geo. L. Austin.

Floods the body with warm, glowing vitality, makes the nerves strong, quickens circulation, restores natural vigor, makes you feel like one born again. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

—For lute-fisk and oysters go to L. M. Rolland & Sons.

Mrs. G. N. Evenson and children left Thursday for Bemidji to join her husband, and where they will make their future home.

Mrs. Amelia Ittner, and Miss Freda and Hugo Ittner, of Red Lake Falls, spent Thanksgiving here at the home of A. F. Ittner.

Wm. Ackerman, who has been visiting with Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Prior for several weeks, returned to his home at Bemidji on Tuesday.

Grader Nichols, of the Crookston Lumber company, was up from Crookston this week shipping out some of the best grades of lumber.

Levi Miller and wife, of Red Lake Falls, accompanied by Mrs. M. White, of Ripple, Minn., are visiting with Nap. Miller this week.

The village schools closed on Wednesday evening for the week so that the teachers could attend the association meeting at Red Lake Falls.

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church will meet at the home of Mrs. J. K. Hannay on Thursday afternoon, Dec. 6. All the ladies are cordially invited.

Misses Lillie and Lorena Zaiser and Ethel Bourdon, of Red Lake Falls, came up Thursday morning and spent a couple days visiting with friends here.

The entertainment given by the Epworth League of the M. E. church at village hall last Friday evening was very well attended and appreciated by those present. The proceeds were $15.05.

The basket social held at the school house just north of town last Wednesday evening was well attended and about $30 raised, which will be used towards the purchase of an organ for the school.

We care not how you suffered, nor what failed to cure you, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea makes the puniest weakest specimen of man or womanhood strong and healthy. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

Rev. B. Werklund, of Shevlin, Minn., will hold services at the Swedish Mission church in St. Hilaire, on Monday, December 3, at 8 p. m., and at the Erickson school house east of here on Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Chas. E. Boughton, the Red Lake Falls attorney, was here a short time last Tuesday on his way to Thief River Falls. Mr. Boughton informed us that the county seat case had been postponed by the supreme court and would be tried the middle of December.

The school trustees held a meeting last Monday evening and accepted the resignation of Prof. O'Brien, to take effect at the end of the coming month. They also elected Casper E. Bergh, of Hondrum, Minn. Mr. Bergh is a graduate of the Moorhead Normal and comes exceedingly well recommended.

—Crookston College is an old reliable school that has established a reputation for turning out competent help and as a result of this, they have inquiries from all over the northwest for bookkeepers, stenographers, teachers, clerks, etc. They have now several good positions that they cannot fill. Write to J. C. Sathre, President.

The prizes offered by James J. Hill for the best kept farms in the different congressional districts of Minnesota have all been awarded. The prize winners in the Ninth congressional district are as follows: First prize, Ole Carlson, Erskine, $300; second prize, Henry Gunderson, Flom, $150; third prize, Joseph Laurent, Terrebonne, $75.

Prices for prison made binding twine for 1907 are to be the same as those of the past season. Warden Wolfer and the board of control have fixed the prices, and now that the word has gone out that the prices are set many requests for club order blanks are being received by Mr. Wolfer. The estimated output for next season is thirteen and a half million pounds, which is not expected to be enough to supply the demand of the farmers of the state.

Of course you pay your money,
But you get your money's worth,
For what does money mean to you
When Rocky Mountain Tea's on earth. Imperial Drug Co.

St. Hilaire is getting to be considerable of a poultry market. Last Monday N. A. Nelson, who has been buying turkeys, shipped to Duluth in one consignment by express four hundred turkeys. Besides this Wilson, Steen & Co. bought and sent a large amount to Thief River Falls, and L. M. Rolland & Sons made shipments to the Twin Cities, all of which goes to show that the farmers in this section believe in diversified farming and the present price of poultry would indicate that it is profitable.

Commissioners Meet

Courier: The board of county commissioners held a short session Tuesday forenoon to dispose of some unfinished business.

The bonds of the new county officials were fixed in the following amounts: County attorney, $1,000; sheriff, $5,000; register of deeds, $5,000; auditor, $2,500 fidelity or $5,000 personal; surveyor, $500; coroner, $500; clerk, $5,000; judge of probate, $1,000; treasurer, $100,000 fidelity or $200,000 personal.

Final estimates on county ditches 24 and 26 were approved.

An appropriation of $250 was made to aid in the construction of a bridge across the Clearwater between sections 34 and 35, Mayfield township, and a like amount for a bridge across the Clearwater between sections 31 and 32, Deer Park township.

—Get your supply of apples at Duntley's.

MYSTIC TOILERS INITIATE

Quite a Number of New Candidates at Their Meeting Held on Friday Evening, Nov. 23rd.

A both pleasant and profitable occasion was the meeting of St. Hilaire Council, 109, of the Mystic Toilers on Friday night in I. O. O. F. hall. Rev. D. O. Bean, state deputy, was present. Quite a number of new candidates were initiated and the following officers elected and installed for the ensuing term:

H. A. Olson, Past Pres.
Carl Johnson, President.
A. E. Berglund, Vice President.
H. Nelson, Secretary.
Washington Adams, Treasurer.
O. F. Post, Chaplain.
G. C. Jones, Historian.
Archie Whaley, Outside Sentry.
C. E. Whaley, Inside Sentry.
Chas. Hilberg, 1st Guide.
Fred Soderberg, 2nd Guide.
H. M. Kolland, 3rd guide.
Chas. Thompson, Conductor.
Mrs. Fred Soderberg, Correspondent.

After installation Friend Bean regaled the council and new members by a short sketch of the society's history and present condition and prosperity. Then after extending him a vote of thanks for his services they voted to adjourn till next Friday night, when a goodly number of new candidates are expected for initiation. The outlook for the future seems most prosperous and hopeful.

It will be remembered that $3,000.00 in losses have been paid in this council already. Nels Johnson was killed by a pile driver several years ago. His widow received $100 funeral expenses, $2,000 insurance and the society put a $100 monument over his grave in our cemetery. Mrs. Peterson Hovd was also a member and her husband received $100 funeral expenses, $1,000 insurance and a $100 monument was placed over her grave by the Mystic Toilers.

A MYSTIC TOILER MEMBER.

World's Biggest Shipper.

Ely Miner: Should the big Mountain Iron mine on the Mesaba forward the expected output of 3,000,000 tons this year it will have shipped 12,681,568 tons in eight seasons, from 1899 to 1906 inclusive. It was the first shipper on the Mesaba range and is the greatest producer in the world. This was the first property in the Mesaba district to be acquired by the Carnegie interests, in 1895, when Mr. Carnegie decided to become interested in the Oliver Iron company, now the mining end of the Steel corporation. To that time it had been a moderate shipper for the Rockefeller company, and the latter turned it over to the Oliver company for the cost of development to that date, some $500,000, and twenty-five cents a ton royalty. It was discovered in 1890 by Captain J. A. Nicholls, working for the Merritt brothers of Duluth, and was the first really important find ever made upon the Mesaba. The mine has shipped an average of 1,376,000 tons in each of the past four years. The pit was widened last winter to permit of greater freedom in the movement of trains.

Different Here.

The Pembina Pioneer Express says: "No good butter in the market. What is the matter with the farmers? More than half the butter brought in is unsaleable and has to be shipped out to be made into "creamery." This ought not to be so" The trouble with Pembina county farmers is probably the same as the case Congressman Bede speaks of. The milk and cream was kept on the shelf in the living room of the house where all the members of a large family dwelt together. In that same room they prepared their meals and ate them, they worked, slept, smoked and did various and sundry other things without covering the cream and milk pans. Mr. Bede said the butter they sold looked very fine but in eating it he could taste every individual member of the family with a slight flavoring of cat and dog.

Grape Culture.

The paramount object in the culture of the grape in most parts of the world has been the obtaining of wine. The extent of this will be surprising and hardly believed by those not acquainted with the statistics. Thus, for instance, there are annually produced on the globe over 4,000,000,000 gallons of wine. Of this amount the United States produces only 50,000,000 gallons. Many people know that golden grain belt beer produces more health, strength and nerve power than any other food. It is a liquid bread—pure and nourishing. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

New Postmasters.

Crookston Journal: Congressman Steenerson received a communication from the Post Office department that his recommendation of Frank H. Kratka as postmaster at Thief River Falls to succeed Ira Richardson, and of Chas. W. Latta as postmaster of the Plummer postoffice have been approved. At Thief River Falls there was an interesting fight for the office between Herbert Fuller and the newly appointed officer.

Sewing Social.

There will be a Ladies' Sewing Social held at the residence of Hans J. Hanson, in Rocksbury, on Saturday evening, December 1st. Supper will be served. All are cordially invited to attend.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

—For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

FARMERS ARE SWINDLED

Middle River Farmer Sells Sixteen Cattle for $135 to Warren Butcher.

Crookston Times: A well known salesman of creamery machinery who was in the city this morning, and whose business takes him out into the rural districts a great deal, states that the farmers who are living out in the inland districts a long way from the railroad, are frequently swindled by the merchants and butchers in the small towns. The latter, taking advantage of the farmers' ignorance of prices, charge them exhorbitant prices and pay them only half, and in many cases less than half what their produce is worth. He mentioned an incident which happened last week to show his point. A farmer, who lives not far from Middle River, and who is hard up this fall and had to have some money, had a lot of cattle and decided to dispose of part of them. He does not take any periodicals and does not keep informed on market prices, and the butcher knowing this, offered this man $96 for sixteen head of cattle, or a price of $6 per head. The farmer, however, refused his offer, and wrote to a Warren butcher, asking how much he would give for the cattle. The latter offered $135 for them if the farmer would drive them to his store, a distance of 30 miles. The farmer had to have the money and so took the offer. At the time, hides were selling at the rate of 14 cents per pound, and figuring 50 pounds of hide to each head of stock the hides alone of this herd of cattle were worth $112 and the butcher got the meat for $23, less than the price he should have paid for one of those animals. The salesman used this as an argument recently at a meeting of farmers at one of these inland towns to get them to see the necessity of putting in creameries and it is plain to see that creameries in these small towns will be a great thing for the farmers.

EDDY'S

Little Currents of Thought From the Sauk Centre Herald.

Men seldom use profanity during a thunder storm.

It is all over but the shouting and we don't have to do that.

A man can tell the truth and be in politics but he seldom gets elected.

Some men must face defeat to get a correct measure of their own ability.

No standpatter can be elected to congress from Minnesota in the next election.

It was awfully easy for Governor Johnson to write a thanksgiving proclamation this year.

If men were half as anxious to reform themselves as they are to reform their neighbors preachers would be out of a job.

You can always tell what firms do the most business by pursuing the advertising columns of the papers of the towns in which they are located.

If every man in this country paid the same proportion of taxes according to the property he owns as a farmer, this country could build the Panama canal without going into debt.

Crookston Journal: Dr. V. Pleth of this city who was taken ill at Chicago on his way to Europe and who has just been discharged from a hospital writes friends in the city that he has abandoned his European trip and that he expects to return to this city about Christmas time.

Eleven Towns (Erie): There has been a party of hunters from St. Hilaire, including a French Count, making their headquarters with their friend Joseph Johnson the past week or so, and from reports they met with very good success.

FREE
TO ALL
CHURCH SUPPERS
AND
SOCIETY DINNERS
IMPORTED JAPANESE
NAPKINS
WITH PURCHASES OF
CHASE & SANBORN'S
HIGH GRADE
COFFEE.
FOR SALE BY
Rapp & Post
—DEALERS IN—
General
Merchandise
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than.....
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE.....
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

Established, 1895
Incorporated 1899
Crookston College
Oldest,
Largest,
Cheapest,
Best.
Eight Teachers..
Eight Courses....
Send for Catalog. Address:
J. C. SATHRE,
Free Car Fare. CROOKSTON, MINN.

NAME YOUR ROUTE
TO
Eastern
Canada!
Chicago
Milwaukee
AND
St. Paul Railway.

It is important when purchasing your ticket to Eastern Canada that you request the ticket agent to make it read over the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway, if you want the best of train service.

Five daily trains from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago including The Day Express, affording a daylight ride in full view of the beautiful scenery of the Mississippi river. Canadian Excursion Tickets also accepted without extra charge on The Pioneer Limited and the U. S. Government Fast Mail Trains.

Round Trip rate to points in Eastern Canada, $40. Dates of sale, Dec. 1 to Dec. 31, 1906. Liberal return limits and stop-over privileges.

W. B. DIXON, N.W.P.A.,
365 Robert Street,
St. Paul.

G. O. WALTON, Traveling Passenger Agt., ST. PAUL.
N. K. McCONNELL, Trav. Passenger Agt., ST. PAUL.
R. D. ROVIG, Trav. Passenger Agent, ST. PAUL.
J. CALDWELL, Special Passenger Agent, ST. PAUL.

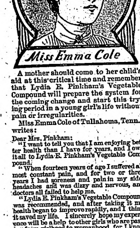
Advertise in the St. Hilaire Spectator.

CRISIS OF GIRLHOOD

A TIME OF PAIN AND PERIL

Miss Emma Cole Says that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has Saved Her Life and Made Her Well.

How many lives of beautiful young girls have been sacrificed just as they were ripening into womanhood! How many irregularities or displacements have been developed at this important period, resulting in years of suffering!



Miss Emma Cole

A mother should come to her child's aid at this critical time and remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will prepare the system for the coming change and start this trying period in a young girl's life without pain or irregularities.

Miss Emma Cole of Tullahoma, Tenn., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:

"I want to tell you that I am enjoying better health than I have for years, and I owe it all to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"When fourteen years of age I suffered almost constant pain, and for two or three years I had soreness and pain in my side, headaches and was dizzy and nervous, and doctors all failed to help me.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended, and after taking it my health began to improve rapidly, and I think it saved my life. I sincerely hope my experience will be a help to other girls who are passing from girlhood to womanhood, for I know your Compound will do as much for them."

If you know of any young girl who is sick and needs motherly advice ask her to write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., and she will receive free advice which will put her on the right road to a strong, healthy and happy womanhood. Mrs. Pinkham is daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years has been advising sick women free of charge.

In the religious game the fans always want their picture taken with the pennant.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

He who does not get his education from everything gets it from nothing.

There never will be a closed town until there is a wide-open church.

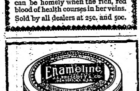
MAKES BEAUTY

Among the ladies no other medicine has ever had so strong a following, because, excepting pure air and exercise, it is the source of more beautiful complexions than any other agency, as

Lane's Family Medicine

the tonic-laxative. It puts pure blood in the veins, and no woman can be homely when the rich, red blood of health courses in her veins.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.



STOVE POLISH

ALWAYS READY TO USE. NO DIRT, DUST, SMOKE OR SMELL. NO MORE STOVE POLISH TROUBLES

Canadian Government

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Free Farms

Over 200,000 American farmers who have settled in Canada during the past few years testify to the fact that Canada is, beyond question, the greatest farming land in the world.

OVER NINETY MILLION BUSHELS

of wheat from the harvest of 1906 means good money to the farmers of Western Canada when the world has to be fed. Cattle Raising, Dairying and Mixed Farming are also profitable callings. Coal, wood and water in abundance; churches and schools convenient; markets easy of access. Taxes low.

For advice and information address the Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or any authorized Canadian Government Agent. E. T. HOLMES, 325 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

EGGS

at 50 cts. a dozen pay.

Why not get them in fall and winter when prices are highest by using

SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

the scientifically prepared poultry tonic? First in the market and in use forty years to make hens lay. Helps poultry to get full benefit of all kinds of food, makes chicks grow rapidly and keeps them healthy. One pack, 25c.; five, $1; two-lb. can, $1.20; six, $5.00. Express paid. At all dealers. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

AUTOMOBILE

Five-passenger model C Ford double opposed engine, detachable tonneau, in good running order. Will sell for $450.00 cash. Cost $1,000.

Burney Bird Auto Co.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

IS EXPERT ROLLER SKATER

Four-Year-Old Paul Byrne the Youngest Performer on Wheels in World.

Paul, the midget son of Manager J. T. Byrne, of the Holland roller skating rink in Butte, is reputed the youngest performer on wheels in the world. Only four years old, he is as well one of the brightest little fellows that one will meet in a day's journey, and he's pure grit all through, withal he is hardly more than a babe out of his mother's arms. This has been strongly evidenced in his manifold ups and downs since he first donned a pair of rollers only last May. It's a hard fall, indeed, that will make him cry out, and he is not taking any of them any more. That period was safely passed almost before it began. He is now an accomplished performer of an ability and daring that surprises the onlooker any night at the big skating pavilion, where Paul is always to be found whirling in and out among the scores of grown-up skaters, who often hide him from view. Yet he never trips, is never in the way, and makes no mistakes. He's one of the crowd, and he's as good as any, showing a promise of ability in the roller skating arena that already makes him a unique attraction. He loves it, too, and it is with difficulty that his parents keep him away from the rink for any length of time. Sleep he'll forego to skate, and the best dinner ever set, too. He's a comer.

WORST CASE OF ECZEMA.

Spread Rapidly Over Body—Limbs and Arms Had to Be Bandaged—Marvelous Cure by Cuticura.

"My son, who is now twenty-two years of age, when he was four months old began to have eczema on his face, spreading quite rapidly until he was nearly covered. We had all the doctors around us, and some from larger places, but no one helped him a particle. The eczema was something terrible, and the doctors said it was the worst case they ever saw. At times his whole body and face were covered, all but his feet. I had to bandage his limbs and arms; his scalp was just dreadful. A friend teased me to try Cuticura, and I began to use all three of the Cuticura Remedies. He was better in two months, and in six months he was well. Mrs. R. L. Risley, Piermont, N. H., Oct. 24, 1905."

Trouble Still in Store.

"Ah! my dear, I can't last much longer," gasped the dying Mr. Kloseman. "But, oh, it's sweet to think that even after death I'll be near you and watch over you."

"If that's so," replied she who was soon to be a rich young widow, "I'm afraid my extravagance will pain you terribly."

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Counterfeits.

"They bill and coo a good deal."

"That's all a bluff."

"Then you think they are only mock-turtle doves?"

FURS, HIDES, PELTS.
Write for prices and ship to McMillan Fur & Wool Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

There is no virtue in the Sunday that makes children say, "I wish it was Monday."

TURKEYS WANTED, also Veal and Chickens. C. J. Ertz, 30-32-34 E. 3rd St. (Oldest house in St. Paul.)

It's easy to put the lid on, but when it comes to keeping it on—well, that's another story.

Send for Our Free Harness Booklet.
If you are about to buy a harness, don't fail to write us to-day, or ask your dealer to show you our line.
SCHEFFER & ROSSUM CO.,
St. Paul, Minn.

Even the living skeleton has a thin chance of getting stout.

The strain of the market should be the gain of good morality.

SHIP YOUR HIDES AND FURS
to the Old Reliable N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn. Established 1890.

You cannot elevate society at the price of the individual.

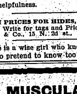
CREAM.
You can get 28¼c or more. Ship to-day.
CRESCENT CREAMERY CO., ST. PAUL.

There is nothing holier than every-day helpfulness.

HIGH PRICES FOR HIDES, FURS AND Pelts. Write for tags and Price List. John Mack & Co., 15 N. 2d st., Minneapolis.

She is a wise girl who knows enough not to pretend to know too much.

MUSCULAR AILMENTS



TRADE MARK

The Old-Monk-Cure will straighten out a contracted muscle in a jiffy.

ST. JACOBS OIL

Don't play possum with pain, but tends strictly to business.

Price 25c and 50c

A Tete-a-Tete with Kitty

By Paul Creswick

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

"There was once a girl—" I began.

"Pardon me, Reggie," interposed her ladyship. "There has always been a girl—from Eden downwards. There always will be a girl, in any story worth repeating."

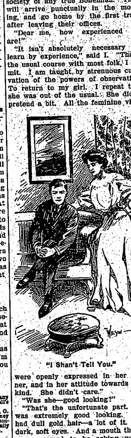
"This girl was a little out of the ordinary," said I. "That was why I particularized her. She had the air of being confident." I waited a moment. "As you know, all girls are conceited; but the most of them don't let their natural arrogance appear until after marriage."

"And then it is soon crushed out of them."

"Indeed?" I inquired. "My small knowledge of the sex goes to prove the contrary. I see poor married men become so neat, and orderly, and spiritless, as to be totally unfit for the society of any true Bohemian. They will arrive punctually in the morning, and go home by the first train after leaving their offices."

"Dear me, how experienced we are!"

"It isn't absolutely necessary to learn by experience," said I. "That's the usual course with most folk, I admit. I am taught, by strenuous cultivation of the powers of observation. To return to my girl. I repeat that she was out of the usual. She didn't pretend a bit. All the feminine vices were openly expressed in her manner, and in her attitude towards mankind. She didn't care."



"I Shan't Tell You."

"Was she—good looking?"

"That's the unfortunate part. She was extremely good looking. She had dull gold hair—a lot of it. And dark, soft eyes. And a mouth that always seemed to be asking you to kiss it. She knew how to dress; and how to walk. Most girls waddle."

"I emphatically deny it!" declared Kitty.

"Then you don't observe!" I retorted. "What a pity not to use one's eyes! This confident girl's name was fitting. It was Althea."

"Explain," commanded Kitty.

"Persuasion," I replied. "That was the meaning of Althea's name—and her charm. She persuaded one against one's better judgment."

"Then, notwithstanding her manner, she did contrive—"

"In quite a brutal way she took unto herself a husband," I owned. "Yes, it's perfectly true. I don't believe that, at the start, she cared for him in the right degree. But, when she discovered that there was another girl—her confidence was up in arms, if I may apply a metaphor. I must tell you that Althea was the sort of girl who always won prizes at school."

"For good conduct?"

"Oh, dear me, no! That would have been far too ordinary for her. Prizes for dress-making; and for writing home-letters; and for alertness generally. The man first knew Althea when she was a small thing in short frocks. Then he became a young man in an office; and was bound to ignore all girls. He passed through the cigarette and fancy necktie stage—and again met Althea. It was at a dance."

"I understood men didn't dance, nowadays."

"This was in the years ago; long before these present days of wide-spread braininess," I told Kitty. "This man was escorting a pleasant, thoroughly nice kind of cousin; to whom he was supposed to be paying attention. His people, or hers, had arranged it so."

"She wasn't—pretty?"

"She was very worthy," said I, severely. "How you do harp on externals! This cousin while having no worldly pride, had plenty of worldly means. The man was doing his duty. Everybody would have been pleased if he had married the cousin. He could have kept all his poor relations in comfort. However, Althea deigned to notice the man; and, incidentally, his cousin. He asked Althea for a dance; and she declared that her programme was full—but there might be an extra. He answered that his cousin took all extras."

"What an idiotic remark!"

"It was the fact," I announced. "Althea instantly determined that this occasion should be the exception that proved the rule. She put him down for the extra herself; and calmly walked over to him when the time came. 'Bobbie's such an old friend,' she explained to the cousin. 'I simply must have a chat with him again. You don't mind, do you? So good of you!' And next instant the two were sailing round the room, the admiration and delight of all beholders."

"Excepting the cousin."

"That was the actual beginning of it. Thereafter, Althea deliberately set out to steal Bobbie. He didn't require much stealing, I may say—so weak is man when a mouth like Althea's is doing the persuading! The cousin was out-flanked, out-generaled, left hopelessly beaten—and in full flight. Then, of course, Bobbie proposed to Althea. Poor little cousin! What wretches men are!

"Oh, she did all right. She fled into the arms of an imaginative, but somewhat impecunious actor-manager. Of their amazing marriage I will speak on some other occasion. Bobbie proposed—awkwardly, no doubt, to Althea. She, with great affectation of surprise, opened her dark eyes to their widest extent, slightly parted her disdainful kissable lips—and said she was sorry, but she didn't care for him that way."

"Poor Bobbie!"

"That's more like it. Always bestow your sympathy judiciously. He was heart-broken—for quite a long time. Then, brooding over this cold-blooded refusal, and hearing casually of the actor-manager, Bobbie became considerably annoyed. He argued with Althea, and she turned up her pretty little nose. He coaxed—and she grew more overbearingly confident than ever. He threatened. She laughed; and sent his letters back."

"Tell me, Reggie—what do men do when that happens? I have so often wondered."

"It's a sort of free masons' secret," I said. "If you were a man, you would know. I shan't tell you. Althea laughed; but not for long. Bobbie fell ill—very ill; and all his creditors began to fear the worst. Day after day he lay there, on his bed of sickness; day by day he grew thinner. His wasted frame could scarcely contain much longer his lacerated soul. He saw no one." I paused. "It was measles, by the way," I added.

"How unromantic!" commented Kitty. "Just when I was getting my handkerchief ready, too."

"He recovered; and one fine spring morning, when, convalescent, he was taking a feeble little walk in St. James' park, he encountered Althea. The rich blood mantled her cheeks—I beg pardon, I'm sure. That phrase is copyright. . . . He took off his hat, and bowed distantly. 'Are you quite safe?' inquired Althea, nervously. Bobbie, with dignity, replied: 'The park keeper let me in.' Althea said: 'I'm so glad it wasn't any worse;' which enraged Bobbie to such an extraordinary extent that he at once left her."

"I don't see why," puzzled Kitty.

"He cut her dead next morning. At least, he intended to. Somehow, she wouldn't be cut. She was too confident to give him the chance. She positively made a fuss over him. They met again; and Bobbie determined to have his revenge. He said, as they were sitting at opposite ends of a seat in the park—because she was still rather afraid. 'Do you know, Althea, that my one consoling thought all the while I was ill, lay in the knowledge that I had no ties. I am glad you refused me.'"

"And she?"

"She said that she was glad he was glad—it made matters so jolly, didn't it? 'I wouldn't marry you for thousands of pounds,' concluded Bobbie. 'I'm not going to even offer you a penny,' retorted Althea. 'The man who wants me to love him will have to do something big.' Bobbie turned on her like lightning. 'Didn't I have the measles?' he cried, triumphantly."

"Proof positive," said Kitty. "And the end of it all?"

"It must have been the measles," I decided. "Evidently they convinced Althea. For she married him—within the year. And she was kind to him, at first. Then her old failing returned. They weren't getting on fast enough, if you please. Althea wanted to begin married life where her father and mother had left off. She bought all sorts of horrid sum books, and made Bobbie study three evenings a week. She drove away all his friends; and didn't let them return, until Bobbie had passed such terrific exams."

"What a lucky Bobbie to have such a wife!"

"It was awful, you know. She perpetually goaded, until he caught the disease. I don't know a more confident man than Bobbie. He has passed everything, mostly with honors. He is a fellow of this, and of that—and has an alphabet after his name. He makes a fortune every year—because he happens to be practical as well as theoretical. Those two attainments so seldom go together that when a man has them—and a wife like Althea—well, there's no holding him. Look at the house he lives in! It's four times as grand as the actor-manager's wife's. Poor old Bobbie—poor old chap!"

"But why?"

"He must be always at work. What a horrible travesty of a life! Moreover—Bobbie's getting stout. And becoming increasingly important every minute. And Althea's the best-dressed woman in London—"

"Stop right there, Reginald," commanded her ladyship. "I have a new gown for the next drawing-room. You'll have to admit that your Althea isn't in it. That is, if you have any taste!"

RABIES FROM A DOG'S PAW.

Bite Not Necessary to Communicate the Disease, a Scientist Shows.

The popular notion that rabies only follows the bite of a mad animal or, by exception, the licking of a superficial wound is incorrect. P. Remlinger, director of the Imperial Bacteriological Institute of Constantinople, has brought forward three observations, which show the possibility of a third method of contamination.

A certain number of animals, particularly the dog and the cat, have the habit of licking their paws. But Roux and Nocard have shown that the saliva becomes virulent in a few days after the first appearance of the symptoms of rabies. When the rabid animal is confined in one place the saliva drips upon the ground and soils his paws, which are also contaminated with his tongue.

Wounds, therefore, made by scratching with the claws of a rabid animal are necessarily infected wounds. In scratching the human skin the animal lays bare a number of nerve filaments, upon which the virus is deposited. Persons who are scratched by animals thought to be mad should, therefore, submit themselves to appropriate treatment without loss of time.

RHEUMATISM STAYS CURED

Mrs. Cota, Confined to Bed and in Constant Pain, Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Rheumatism can be inherited and that fact proves it to be a disease of the blood. It is necessary, therefore, to treat it through the blood if a permanent cure is expected. External applications may give temporary relief from pain but as long as the poisonous acid is in the blood the pain will return, perhaps in a new place, but it will surely return. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure rheumatism because they go directly to the seat of the disorder, purifying and enriching the blood.

Mrs. Henry Cota, of West Cheshire, Conn., is the wife of the village machinist. "Several years ago," she says, "I was laid up with rheumatism in my feet, ankles and knees. I was in constant pain and sometimes the affected parts would swell so badly that I could not get about at all to attend to my household duties. There was one period of three weeks during which I was confined to the bed. My sufferings were awful and the doctor's medicine did not help me.

"One day a neighbor told me about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I decided to try them. After I had taken them a short time I was decidedly better and a few more boxes cured me. What is better, the cure was permanent."

Remember Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do not act on the bowels. They make new blood and restore shattered nerves. They tone up the stomach and restore impaired digestion, bring healthful, refreshing sleep, give strength to the weak and make miserable, complaining people strong, hungry and energetic. They are sold by all druggists, or will be sent postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y.

Autobiography of a Family Man.

I was born in New York and went to Boston to be born again. For the first twenty-one years of my life I was known as the son of my mother, for the next thirty as the husband of my wife, and for the last ten years as the father of my daughter. I claim, therefore to be a family man.

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It's Allcock's, first introduced to the people sixty years ago, and to-day undoubtedly has the largest sale of any external remedy—millions being sold annually all over the world. There have been imitations, to be sure, but never has there been one to even compare with Allcock's—the world's standard external remedy.

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"Papa, God reads the same paper that we do, doesn't he?"

"What makes you think that, little one?"

"We learned it in Sunday school. 'The Times are in his hands.'"

You will always find the poorest player wears the most professional clothes.

Old Sofas, Backs of Chairs, etc., can be dyed with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES, fast, bright, durable colors.

It is easier to look over another's faults than it is to overlook them.

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A man saves his religion and his best suit of clothes for Sunday.

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One of the reasons why Quaker Oats is used universally, is because it is a food that makes both children and grownups sturdy and healthy, because it is so easy to digest.

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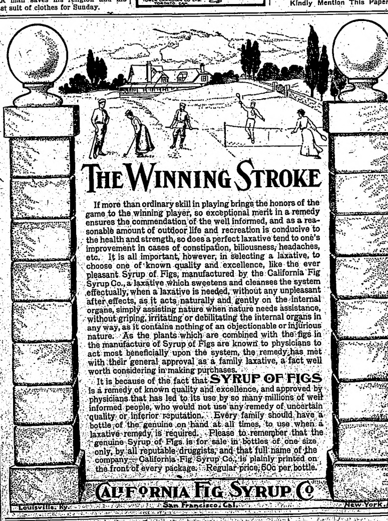

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If more than ordinary skill in playing brings the honors of the game to the winning player, so exceptional merit in a remedy ensures the commendation of the well informed, and as a reasonable amount of outdoor life and recreation is conducive to the health and strength, so does a perfect laxative tend to one's improvement in cases of constipation, biliousness, headaches, etc. It is all important, however, in selecting a laxative, to choose one of known quality and excellence, like the ever pleasant Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., a laxative which sweetens and cleanses the system effectually, when a laxative is needed, without any unpleasant after effects, as it acts naturally and gently on the internal organs, simply assisting nature when nature needs assistance, without griping, irritating or debilitating the internal organs in any way, as it contains nothing of an objectionable or injurious nature. As the plants which are combined with the figs in the manufacture of Syrup of Figs are known to physicians to act most beneficially upon the system, the remedy has met with their general approval as a family laxative, a fact well worth considering in making purchases.

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Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1906. NUMBER 21.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

The following is a synopsis of the president's message:

The president in opening says: "As a nation we still continue to enjoy a literally unprecedented prosperity, and it is probable that only reckless speculation and disregard of legitimate business methods on the part of the business world can materially mar this prosperity.

"No congress in our times has done more good work of importance than the present congress. There were saveral matters left unfinished at your last session, however, which I most earnestly hope you will complete before your adjournment."

The president again recommends a law prohibiting all corporations from contributing to the campaign expenses of any party.

The urgent necessity of enacting into law the bill which passed one house of congress, conferring upon the government the right of appeal in criminal cases on questions of law, is strongly advocated. The president says: "A failure to pass it will result in seriously hampering the government in its effort to secure justice, especially against wealthy individuals or corporations who do wrong, and may also prevent the government from obtaining justice for wageworkers, who are not themselves able effectively to contest a case where the judgment of an inferior court has been against them. I have specifically in view a recent decision by a district judge leaving railway employes without remedy for violation of a certain so-called labor statute.

"It seems an absurdity to permit a single district judge, against what may be the judgment of the immense majority of his colleagues on the bench, to declare a law solemnly enacted by the congress to be 'unconstitutional' and then to deny to the government the right to have the supreme court definitely decide the question.

"The importance of enacting into law the particular bill in question is further increased by the fact that the government has now definitely begun a policy of resorting to the criminal law in those trust and interstate commerce cases where such a course offers a reasonable chance of success. The action of the government in finally deciding, in certain cases, to undertake criminal proceedings was justifiable, and, though there have been some conspicuous failures in these cases, we have had many instances which undoubtedly had a deterrent effect upon evildoers, whether the penalty inflicted was in the shape of fine or imprisonment, and penalties of both kinds have already been inflicted by the courts."

The president urges the passage of a law which will stop the habit of setting aside the judgments of inferior courts on technicalities absolutely unconnected with the merits of the case and where there is no attempt to show that there has been any failure of substantial justice.

The abuse of the injunctive power in labor cases should be guarded against, according to the president, who urges the passage of such a law as he advocated last year.

He says: "There must be no hesitation in dealing with disorder. But there must likewise be no such abuse of the injunctive power as is implied in forbidding laboring men to strive for their own betterment in peaceful and lawful ways, nor must the injunction be used merely to aid some big corporation in carrying out schemes for its own aggrandizement."

In connection with the delays of the law, the president calls attention to the prevalence of crime and the epidemic of lynching and mob violence that springs up, now in one part of the country, now in another. The greatest existing cause of lynching is the perpetration, especially by black men, of the hideous crime of rape—the most abominable in all the category of crimes; even worse than murder. Mobs frequently avenge the commission of this crime by themselves torturing to death the man committing it, thus avenging in bestial fashion a bestial deed and reducing themselves to a level with the criminal. "In my judgment the crime of rape should be punished with death, as is the case with murder, and provision should be made by which the punishment may follow immediately upon the heels of the offense. Let justice be both sure and swift, but let it be justice under the law, and not the wild and crooked savagery of a mob."

In dealing with the question of labor and capital the president says there is one thing more important to remember than aught else, and that is the infinite harm done by preachers of mere discontent. These are the men who seek to excite a violent class hatred against all men of wealth. They seek to turn wise and proper movements for the better control of corporations and for doing away with the abuses connect with wealth into a campaign of hysterical excitement and falsehood, in which the aim is to inflame to madness the brutal passions of mankind.

"In reality they are the worst enemies of the cause they profess to advocate, just as the purveyors of sensational slander in newspaper or magazine are the worst enemies of all men who are engaged in an honest effort to better what is bad in our social and governmental conditions.

"To preach hatred of the rich mas as such, to carry on a campaign of slander and invective against him, to seek to mislead and inflame to madness honest men whose lives are hard and who have not the kind of mental training which will permit them to appreciate the danger in doctrines preached—all is to commit a crime against the body politic and to be false to every worthy principle and tradition of American national life.

"The man who debauches others in order to obtain high office stands on an evil equality of corruption with the man who debauches others for financial profit, and when hatred is sown the crop which springs can only be evil."

The president again urges the passage of a bill limiting the hours of labor of railway employes. He says: "It should be our aim steadily to reduce the number of hours of labor, with as a goal the general introduction of an eight-hour day."

On the Isthmus of Panama, he says, the conditions are such that an eight-hour day would be absurd, just as it is absurd, so far as the isthmus in concerned, where white labor cannot be employed, to bother as to whether the work is done by alien black men or by alien yellow men.

A thorough investigation of the conditions of child labor and of the labor of women in the United States is again urged.

The president recommends that the employers' liability law be amended to place the entire "risk of trade" upon the employer.

The enactment of a law providing for the compulsory investigation of controversies between employer and employe is urged.

The president thinks it is not wise that the nation should alienate its remaining coal lands. "I have withdrawn temporarily from settlement all the lands which the geological survey has indicated as containing or in all probability containing coal. The question, however, can be properly settled only by legislation, which, in my judgment, should provide for the withdrawal of these lands from sale or from entry, save in certain especial circumstances."

On the subject of corporations the president says: "The present congress has taken long strides in the direction of securing proper supervision and control by the national government over corporations engaged in interstate business. The passage of the railway rate bill, and only to a lesser degre the passage of the pure food bill and the provision for increasing and rendering more effective national control over the beef-packing industry, mark an important advance in the proper direction. All these laws have already justified their enactment. The interstate commerce law, for instance, has rather amusingly falsified the prediction both of those who asserted that it would ruin the railroads and of those who asserted that it would not go far enough and would accomplish nothing. During the last five months the railroads have shown increased earnings and some of them unusual dividends, while during the same period the mere taking effect of the law has produced an unprecedented, a hitherto unheard-of number of voluntary reductions in freights and fares by the railroads. There will ultimately be need of enlarging the powers of the interstate commerce commission so as to give it larger and more efficient control over the railroads. In some method, whether by a national license law or in other fashion, we must exercise, and that at an early date, a far more complete control than at present over these great corporations—a control that will tend to put a stop to the securing of inordinate profits by favored individuals at the expense whether of the general public, the stockholders or the wageworkers.

"The best way to avert the very undesirable move for government ownership of railways is to secure by the government, on behalf of the people as a whole, such adequate control and regulation of the great interstate common carriers as will do away with the evils which give rise to the agitation against them.

"Combination of capital, like combination of labor, is a necessary element of our present industrial system. It is not possible completely to prevent it, and, if it were possible, such complete prevention would do damage to the body politic. What we need is not vainly to try to prevent all combinations, but to secure such rigorous and adequate control and supervision of the combinations as to prevent their inuring the public."

The president urgently recommends the enactment of a graduated inheritance tax and, if possible, a graduated income tax. The man of great wealth owes a peculiar obligation to the state and should assume his proper share of the burden of taxation.

"The only other persons whose welfare is as vital to the welfare of the whole country as is the welfare of the wageworkers are the tillers of the soil, the farmers. There is no longer any failure to realize that farming, at least in certain branches, must become a technical and scientific profession. This means that there must be open to farmers, the chance for technical and scientific training, not theoretical merely, but of the most severely practical type. The farmer represents a peculiarly high type of American citizenship, and he must have the same chance to rise and develop as other American citizens have.

"While in the long run voluntary effort will prove more efficacious than government assistance, while the farmers must primarily do most for themselves, yet the government can also do much. The department of agriculture has broken new ground in many directions, and year by year it finds how it can improve its methods and develop fresh usefulness. Its constant effort is to give the governmental assistance in the most effective way; that is, through association of farmers rather than to or through individual farmers. It is also striving to coordinate its work with the agricultural departments of the several states, and, so far as its own work is educational, to co-ordinate it with the work of other educational authorities."

No government policy for the betterment of our internal conditions has been more fruitful of good than the policy of irrigation and forest preservation.

In the judgment of the president the whole subject of marriage and divorce should be relegated to the authority of congress.

The passage of a law to encourage the development of American shipping is again urged.

The president declares that our currency system is seriously defective and that there is need of a change. No especial plan is pressed, but the president emphasizes the necessity for careful consideration of the subject by congress.

The president expressed the hope that the bill to provide a lower tariff for or absolute free trade in Philippine products will become a law. "No harm will come to any American industry," he says, "and, while there will be some small but real material benefit to the Filipinos, the main benefit will come by the showing made as to our purpose to do all in our power for their welfare."

American citizenship for the citizens of Porto Rico is recommended.

The president declares that there must be a complete reorganization of the governmental system of Alaska.

The attitude of hostility here and there assumed toward the Japanese in this country comes in for a large share of the president's attention. He says: "This hostility is sporadic and is limited to a very few places. Nevertheless, it is most discreditable to us as a people and it may be fraught with gravest consequences to us as a nation.

"The Japanese have won in a single generation the right to stand abreast of the foremost and enlightened people of Europe and America; they have won on their own merits and by their own exertions the right to treatment on a basis of full and frank equality. The overwhelming mass of our people cherish a lively regard and respect for the people of Japan, and in almost every quarter of the Union the stranger from Japan is treated as he deserves; that is, he is treated as the stranger from any part of civilized Europe is and deserves to be treated. But here and there a most unworthy feeling has manifested itself toward the Japanese—the feeling that has been shown in shutting them out from the common schools in San Francisco and in mutterings against them in one or two places because of their efficiency as workers. To shut them out from the public schools is a wicked absurdity. We have as much to learn from Japan as Japan has to learn from us, and no nation is fit to teach unless it is also willing to learn."

The president recommends the passage of an act providing for the naturalization of Japanese who come here intending to become American citizens. He also recommends that the civil and criminal statutes be so amended as to enable the president, acting for the United States government, which is responsible in our international relations, to enforce the rights of aliens under treaties.

The president enters into an extended explanation of the causes which compelled American intervention in Cuba. He declares that when the election has been held and the new government inaugurated in peaceful and orderly fashion the provisional government will come to an end.

The work of the international conference of American republics, held at Rio de Janeiro, is dwelt upon at length. The president says that many matters of importance relating to the extension of trade, the increase of communications, the smoothing away of barriers to free intercourse and the promotion of a better knowledge and good understanding between the countries represented were discussed and the conclusions formulated in a series of resolutions which will be presented to congress. He points to the cordiality with which Secretary Root was received in the different countries which he visited as evidence of the strong friendship existing between the United States and its neighbors to the south.

The president promises to report later at length on the whole subject of the Panama canal.

"We should as a nation do everything in our power for the cause of honorable peace. It is morally as indefensible for a nation to commit a wrong upon another nation, strong or weak, as for an individual thus to wrong his fellows. We should do all in our power to hasten the day when there shall be peace among the nations—a peace based upon justice and not upon cowardly submission to wrong.

"The United States navy is the surest guarantee of peace which this country possesses. I do not ask that we continue to increase our navy. I ask merely that it be maintained at its present strength, and this can be done only if we replace the obsolete and outworn ships by new and good ones, the equals of any afloat in the navy.

"In both the army and navy there is urgent need that everything possible be done to maintain the highest standard for the personnel alike as regards the officers and enlisted men. There should soon be an increase in the number of men for our coast defenses. These men should be of the right type and properly trained, and there should therefore be an increase of pay for certain skilled grades, especially in the coast artillery. Money should be appropriated to permit troops to be massed in body and exercised in manuvers, particularly in marching. Such exercise during the summer just passed has been of incalculable benefit to the army, and should under no circumstances be discontinued.

"The readiness and efficiency of both the army and navy in dealing with the recent crisis in Cuba illustrate afresh their value to the nation. This readiness and efficiency would have been very much less had it not been for the existence of the general staff in the army and the general board in the navy. Both are essential to the proper development and use of our military forces afloat and ashore."

CALIFORNIA FIRM IN JAP DISPUTE

STATE IS REBELLIOUS, IF NOT IN A STATE OF REBELLION.

MUST STOP INVASION OF JAPS

SWARMING INTO CALIFORNIA AT THE RATE OF A THOUSAND A MONTH.

San Francisco, Dec. 6.—California is rebellious, if not in a state of rebellion. Standing on its new problem, or rather on the new phase of an older problem, the Golden State has raised the banner of state rights and has declared more strongly on the color question than ever the South declared since the recent unpleasantness.

California is not afraid of war. It wants no war with the rest of the United States, but demands a "friendly fight" in the supreme court to decide whether or not California shall have the right to rule itself in local matters and handle the color question in its own way.

Does Not Seek War.

Neither does California seek a war with Japan. In fact, Californians laugh at such an idea, but here on the strip of land which must stand the brunt of the battering if ever Japan and the United States go to war, there is no man who fears Japan.

"The school board of San Francisco never will change its attitude on the school question," declared the superintendent of schools.

"President Roosevelt's requests, or orders, will be ignored by us. The Japanese must stay in their own school."

Japs Are "Chesty."

"If California is to remain one of the United States," declared the commissioner of labor of California, "then it must stop this invasion and settle the question. If we do not settle the Japanese question soon our children will settle it, or try to settle it, from the other side of the Sierras. The Japanese are swarming into California at the rate of over a thousand a month—more arrogant, more chesty than any other people. They do not demand equality. They want an acknowledgment of their superiority."

TOWN SWEPT AWAY.

Wall of Water Descends Upon Clifton, Ariz., Causing Great Havoc.

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 6.—Reports have been received here that the town of Clifton, Ariz., has been practically washed away by floods, and that fifty persons have lost their lives. The Detroit concentrator dam broke, sending a great wall of water down Chase creek.

Wires are down between Morenci and Clifton, and all attempts to communicate with the stricken town are futile.

The central telephone station at Clifton has been abandoned, having been declared unsafe.

The Copper Queen hotel at Clifton is said to have been swept away.

Reports have also reached Phoenix, Ariz., that fifty persons were drowned in the floods at Clifton.

The Coronodo railway, from Clifton to Longfellow, is destroyed. It will be several weeks before business can be resumed over the road. The financial loss cannot be estimated.

Floods on the Isthmus.

Colon, Dec. 6.—Up to last night ten inches of water had fallen in Colon during twenty-four hours. The Chagres river has reached the highest point ever known and is still rising fast. Communication and traffic by way of the Panama railroad are interrupted. The inhabitants of the village north of Bas Obisobo will suffer greatly from the flood, as it will be impossible to get relief to them unless the Chagres subsides.

There has been no telegraphic communication with Panama since yesterday.

BLACKS WOULD LYNCH WHITES.

Usual Conditions of Things Reversed in Ohio Case.

Milford, Ohio, Dec. 6. — Fred Bennett, a negro, was shot and fatally injured by William Redman, white, on a farm near Terrace Park. Redman admits the shooting and says the reason is the fact that Bennett owed him a dollar. The negroes of the vicinity were greatly enraged and a posse headed by the father of the man who was shot, searched the town for Redman and afterwards caused considerable excitement by attempting to force their way into the Milford jail, where Redman had been taken for safe keeping.

Sisters Die Together.

Portland, Or., Dec. 6.—Ina and Minnie Hill, sisters, were found asphyxiated in their rooms by Hilda Hill, another sister. The dead girls left a note bidding Hilda farewell, but it does not state the reason for their act.

Probe Harriman System.

Washington, Dec. 6.—The proposed investigation of what is known as the Harriman system of railroads will be the subject of a conference by the interstate commerce commission Thursday.

ARE NOW MOVING MORE GRAIN

RAILROADS GIVE BETTER SERVICE—MAY ASK FEDERAL INTERFERENCE.

Minneapolis, Dec. 6. — Evidence of the beginning of better railroad service in the congested area is shown in the table for yesterday's grain receipts, in which wheat coming into Minneapolis exceeds the total of a week ago by 113 cars, but the quantity moved in by the roads traversing North Dakota's blocked territory shows an increase of 144 cars. Coal dealers are ready to co-operate with grain producers and shippers of the Northwest in seeking to prevent a repetition of the transportation conditions of this year. Through its regular and official organ, the Northwestern Coal Dealer, it is announced that the association is ready to undertake radical measures to secure relief by asking federal interference.

SENSATIONS IN PITTSBURG.

One Arrest, Two Warrants and an Indictment.

Pittsburg, Dec. 6.—With the arrest of J. H. Milholland, a civil engineer, on a charge of conspiracy to defraud; the issuance of warrants for the arrest of Joseph Flaherty and H. T. Bostaph on the same charge; the grand jury indictment against President C. S. Cameron, charging him with contempt and obstruction of justice, and the postponement until Dec. 17 of the conspiracy hearing of Common Councilman William A. Martin, the developments yesterday in the alleged $70,000 bribery scandal between the officials of the Pittsburg & Tube City railroad and the members of the Pittsburg select and common councils were sensational.

JOBS HANDED OUT.

Ambassador White Will Go From Rome to Paris.

Washington, Dec. 6.—Henry White, American ambassador to Rome, will be transferred in the near future from that post to Paris, where he will succeed Robert S. McCormick as ambassador. Mr. White will be succeeded at Rome by Lloyd C. Griscom, now American ambassador to Brazil.

It is stated that beyond these changes the president has not definitely settled upon the persons who are to be appointed to fill the vacancies caused by the promotions and exchanges.

WILL TRY TOBACCO FIRMS.

New York Trust Probe Is Sustained by Court.

New York, Dec. 6.—The demurrers interposed by the MacAndrews & Forbes company of New York and the J. S. Young company of Baltimore, subsidiary companies of the American Tobacco company, to the indictments returned against them alleging a violation of the interstate commerce laws in restraint of trade, were overruled yesterday by Judge Hough.

The result of this decision will be to place the defendants on trial to answer the indictments.

GILLETTE IS FOUND GUILTY.

Was Charged With the Murder of His Sweetheart.

Herkimer, N. Y., Dec. 6.—The jury in the trial of Chester E. Gillette for the murder of his sweetheart, Grace Brown, at Big Moose lake on July 11, returned a verdict of guilty in the first degree last night.

Sentence will be pronounced on Thursday morning, to which time court adjourned after the jury had reported. The case has been on trial for several weeks.

TO SELL TOWN AT AUCTION.

Every Building and Foot of Ground to Go to Highest Bidder.

Worcester, Mass., Dec. 6.—The entire town of Wilkinsonville will be sold at public auction. The town was once one of the most important manufacturing places on the Blackstone river. Now every house, store, mill and water privilege is going under the hammer to suit the bidders.

The town has been in a state of stagnancy since 1897.

TRAIN ROBBERS GET $110,000.

Robbery of the Cotton Belt Train Was a Successful Affair.

Palestine, Tex., Dec. 6.—The train robbers who fatally wounded the express messenger of a Cotton Belt train Saturday night near Eylan siding secured $110,000 from the messenger's safe. The Pacific Express officials refuse any information.

Has Many Blind Pig Cases.

Wahpeton, N. D., Dec. 6. — District court opened yesterday, Judge Allen presiding. The calendar is long, there being seventy-four civil cases and forty-six criminal cases. About half of the criminal cases are "blind pig" cases.

Summer Hotels Burn.

Conneaut Lake, Pa., Dec. 6. — Fire here destroyed three of the largest summer hotels and several frame buildings, and for a time threatened the entire village. The loss is estimated at $30,000.

Posse Pursues Murderer.

Springfield, Mo., Dec. 6. — Garland Moore, a mail carrier, shot and fatally wounded Miss Clara West at Bois d'Arc last night. Moore fled after the shooting, and a posse started in pursuit.

CALIFORNIA LAW WILL BE TESTED

GOVERNMENT ORDERS DISTRICT ATTORNEY TO BEGIN AN ACTION.

CALIFORNIANS MORE SOBER

SATISFIED THE PRESIDENT WILL NOT TRY TO FORCE JAPS INTO SCHOOLS.

San Francisco, Dec. 6. — In accordance with instructions from Washington, United States District Attorney Robert T. Devlin yesterday afternoon held a conference with President Aaron Altman of the board of education and three city attorneys to discuss the exclusion of the Japanese from schools attended by white children. To test the state statute which requires the segregation of children of Mongolian parents, proceedings technically known as "controversy without action" will be brought either in the supreme court of California or in a federal court.

The Point at Issue.

Mr. Devlin said that the whole issue resolves itself into the question whether the state law is in violation of the treaty with Japan. He is of the opinion that the law discriminates against the Japanese, since German, Irish and other children of foreign parentage and descent are not segregated, whereas the treaty with Japan guarantees to Japanese equal rights and privileges with citizens of "favored nations."

As only the points agreed upon will be submitted, an early decision is expected.

Californians More Sober.

Washington, Dec. 6. — California congressmen have received what they consider satisfactory assurance that the president does not desire to be understood as saying in the Japanese section of his message that he would use United States troops in forcing Japanese into the California schools. It is said to have been his purpose to convey the idea that he would use the military to protect Japanese against mob violence. Californians take no offense at this interpretation of the message.

KIDNAPPED GIRL IS RESCUED.

Fourteen-year-old Child Is Taken From Captors After Gun Fight.

Chicago, Dec. 6.—After a desperate battle in which a shotgun and several revolvers figured and in which two doors were battered down by the police, Giovanna Uinida, the fourteen-year-old Italian girl who was kidnapped Monday night, was rescued last night from a vacant flat. Her abductor, Samuel Farino, who with her brother Charles, kidnapped her and detained her in the untenanted flat, were arrested.

MASSACRE IS AVENGED.

Instigator of the Bialystok Slaughter Is Killed by a Workman.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 6. — Police Inspector Sheremetieff, who after the anti-Jewish outbreak at Bialystok in June last, for which he was said to be responsible, was transferred to St. Petersburg, was shot and mortally wounded by a workman yesterday morning, near the Fontanka canal. The inspector's assailant then shot and killed himself.

BRUCE BECOMES JUDGE.

Quits New York Lieutenant Governorship for Supreme Bench.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 6. — M. Lynn Bruce yesterday resigned as lieutenant governor of New York and was immediately sworn in by the secretary of state as a justice of the supreme court of the first judicial district, New York county, to which position he was appointed by Gov. Higgins to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Morgan J. O'Brien. State Senator John Raines becomes lieutenant governor.

Badger Takes Prize.

Minneapolis, Dec. 6. — Prize awards were announced yesterday in the annual competition of the Minnesota State Horticultural society, and as a result J. A. Howard of Hammond, Wis., enjoys the distinction of being the most successful fruit grower in the association. He has won first premiums in forty different classes.

Quake Shakes West Indies.

Kingston, Island St. Vincent, Dec. 6. —A prolonged earthquake shock was felt here Monday night. The people of Kingston were thrown into a panic. The island of Barbadoes, about 100 miles to the east, also felt the shock.

Old Soldier Hit by Train.

St. Paul, Dec. 6. — Henry Murphy, sixty years old, an inmate of the Minnesota soldiers' home, was struck by a St. Paul road train and instantly killed some time last night near Minnehaha Falls.

Groom Is 70 and Bride 71.

Webster City, Iowa, Dec. 6.—Robert Carden of Freedom township, aged seventy years, and Mrs. May Bunnell, late of South Dakota, aged seventy-one years, have been granted a license to marry.

PICKETS ORDERED TO MAIM

STARTLING EXPOSURE OF METHODS EMPLOYED IN TEAMSTERS' STRIKE.

Chicago, Dec. 6.—A startling expose of the methods employed in the teamsters' strike was given in the trial of Cornelius P. Shea and his fellow labor leaders before Judge Ball in the criminal court yesterday, when Joseph Schultz, alleged slugger, who with Albert Young turned state's evidence, was on the stand. Schultz declared that Shea had told him to break the legs and arms of the strike-breakers and especially to attack negroes. When this did not work satisfactorily Schultz asserted that Shea ordered the hired pickets to throw eggs filled with acids at the horses driven by non-union men. The acid throwers, according to Schultz, were responsible for many runaways and were considered a great aid in the fight against the employers.

FRISCO COURT BATTLE IS ON.

Supervisor and City Hall Janitor Are Arraigned.

San Francisco, Dec. 6. — The actual court battle against the indicted officials began yesterday when Supervisor Fred H. Nicholas and City Hall Janitor Peter M. Duffy appeared in Judge Lawler's court to plead to charges of perjury and agreeing to receive a bribe. The court allowed the defense to proceed separately, and the case of Nicholas was the first to be considered. Most of the members of the grand jury had been subpoenaed by the defense.

TRAPPER IS DROWNED.

Meets Death in Lake of the Woods by Falling Through Ice.

Beaudette, Minn., Dec. 6. — Dan Tennison, a trapper, with his winter quarters at Nestor Falls, among the Thousand Islands of the Lake of the Woods, has been drowned, having fallen through the ice while on his way to set his traps.

BEAT HIS ADOPTED BOY.

Foster Father of Wisconsin Waif Is Convicted of Assault.

Ellsworth, Wis., Dec. 6 — In the circuit court here Clarence Hurtgen of Olivet was found guilty of assault with intent to do great bodily harm upon the person of Ray Clue, a ten-year-old boy whom Hurtgen had adopted.

Battleship Vermont Tried Out.

Rockland, Me., Dec. 6. — Under rather unfavorable conditions the first-class battleship Vermont had her screw standardization tests yesterday and came fully up to expectations.

Killed in a Mine.

Houghton, Mich., Dec. 6. — One man was killed and three injured, one fatally, in an explosion last night in the Quincy mine. The dead and injured are all miners.

Killed by Street Car.

Helena, Mont., Dec. 6.—G. O. Yergy, while driving across the street railway tracks, was hit by a trolley car, which demolished his vehicle and crushed him to death.

Wolves Grow Numerous.

Almena, Wis., Dec. 6. — Wolves are numerous in this vicinity for the first time in many years, but thus far no depredations have been committed by them.

Japs Increase Their Army.

London, Dec. 6.—The Tokio correspondent of the Times telegraphs that the Japanese army scheme signifies an increase of nearly 50 per cent.

Break In With Hatchet.

Willmar, Minn., Dec. 6. — Burglars who used a hatchet to open a window and the cash drawer robbed the Great Northern ticket office here of $58.50.

Hunters Bag 15,000 Deer.

Marquette, Mich., Dec. 6. — Statistics just compiled place the number of deer killed in Michigan during the season just closed at about 15,000.

Explosion Fatal to One.

Seeleyville, Ind., Dec. 6. — One man was killed and fifteen seriously injured as the result of a dust explosion in the Rosebud mine east of here.

Seven Hurt in Wreck.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Dec. 6. — A passenger train was derailed yesterday near Church Buttes, Wyo. Seven persons are reported injured.

Killed Himself While Hunting.

Baraboo, Wis., Dec. 6.—Dr. Edward Krentzman, a dentist of La Valle, was killed by the accidental discharge of his gun while hunting.

Message Pleases Japs.

Tokio, Dec. 6. — The attitude of President Roosevelt in regard to the San Francisco anti-Japanese question is warmly praised here.

Drowned in Lake.

Escanaba, Mich., Dec. 6. — Alfred Wilson, wheelman of the steamer Republic, fell from an ore dock here and was drowned.

Killed by His Own Gun.

Denver, Iowa, Dec. 6.—While hunting, Ray Meeker, 14 years, was killed by accidental discharge of his own gun.

Chinese to Take City.

Niu Chang, Dec. 6.—The Chinese authorities will take over the charge of Niu Chuang.

PRINTERS WASTE NATION'S MONEY

EVIDENCE OF EXTRAVAGANCE COSTING $15,000,000 IN FIFTEEN YEARS.

WILL STARTLE THE COUNTRY

THOROUGH PROBE OF CONDITIONS IN GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.

Washington, Dec. 6.—A complete inquiry into the administration of affairs at the government printing office is to be made this winter by the house committee on appropriations. It is said by members of the committee who have already made investigations on their own hook that startling evidence of criminal extravagance will be brought to light. Millions of dollars, it is charged, have been wantonly wasted in past years.

A member of congress noted for his conservatism estimates that mismanagement, resulting in extravagance and all kinds of criminal waste, has cost the government in the last fifteen years more than $15,000,000.

Evidence of Criminal Waste.

Recently a subcommittee, from the house committee on appropriations made an unofficial inspection of the printing office, and the things they saw there point unerringly to the conclusion that there has for years been a criminal waste of the public money in printing office management. In an unoccupied room there was found stored away discarded type worth $75,000 if sold for old lead. Most of this type was in perfect condition. In another room was found more than 165,000 pounds of new type, bought ten years ago and never taken out of the boxes in which it was delivered. Discarded machinery worth thousands of dollars and in perfect condition was found in rooms devoted to old junk.

Reforms Introduced.

The inquiries thus far made seem to show that the present administration of Mr. Stillings, public printer, has been eminently satisfactory. He has introduced many reforms and is rapidly putting the office upon a more economical basis.

MAKE MOTION FOR JOHN D.

Attorneys Would Have Oil Indictments Quashed.

Findlay, Ohio, Dec. 6. — The attorneys for the Standard Oil Company of Ohio filed in the court of common pleas to quash the indictments against John D. Rockefeller, the Standard Oil Company of Ohio, and J. M. Robertson, M. G. Vilas and H. P. McIntosh of Cleveland, officers of the Standard Oil Company of Ohio.

It is stated that the indictments charge several separate and distinct offenses in a single count, and are therfore bad for publicity; that the indictments are uncertain and indefinite and do not charge an offense in such a manner as to enable the defendants to ascertain the character of the charge made against them.

CANNOT TALK TO AMERICA.

Britons' Wireless Telegraph Tower Wrecked by Storm.

London, Dec. 6. — A severe gale is raging on the coast. The steamer Baltic was delayed in sailing for New York until an early hour this morning.

Among the many accidents reported is the destruction of the wireless telegraph tower at Machrihanish bay, Scotland, which was 450 feet high and weighed 2,000 tons. This tower was erected for wireless communication with America. It fell clear of adjoining buildings and nobody was injured.

Eight Injured by Explosion.

Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 6. — Eight girls employed in a match factory were seriously burned and injured and several others were slightly bruised yesterday in a panic following the explosion of an air-tight compartment in which thousands of patent matches were stored.

Burnham Denies Theft.

New York, Dec. 6. — George Burnham, Jr., vice president and counsel of the Mutual Reserve Life Insurance association, who is being tried on a charge of grand larceny, took the stand yesterday in his own behalf. He denied that he had stolen funds of the company.

Good Roads Convention.

Muskogee, I. T., Dec. 6. — The National Good Roads association met here yesterday in annual convention. The gathering will be in session for three days, and several men of national prominence will take part in the proceedings.

Try to Hang Negro on Train.

Topeka, Kan., Dec. 6. — Two Texas cowboys tried to hang John E. Lewis, a negro on a passenger train between Lawrence and Topeka. The cowboys said they did not like to see a negro "putting on airs."

Lost Hunters Are Found.

Chicago, Dec. 6. — News came to Chicago yesterday concerning the fate of J. S. Lincoln and D. R. Caldwell, lost while moose hunting above Lake Superior. They are alive and have been rescued.

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CHURCH SUPPERS
AND
SOCIETY DINNERS
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TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER		
9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.		
10:10 am Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar	Wylie	Lv 10:45am

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Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.
TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.
SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued
REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Dec. 8, 1906.

Congress convened last Monday but as it is the short session very little can be done.

If the price of butter continues to advance the farmers will surely have a taste of prosperity.

Navigation has not yet closed at Duluth and wheat and iron ore is still being shipped over the lakes.

The president's message to congress was an able document and seems to meet with general approval.

Hundreds of thousands of bushels of grain in North Dakota is now covered with snow on the ground on account of the car blockade.

A man named Johnson is a candidate for speaker of the House. If the Johnson luck continues he stands a good chance of winning.

The paper trust was busted some time last summer but the price of paper still continues to advance. We can hardly afford to bust any more trusts in that manner.

According to the democratic press an independent voter is a republican, who will occasionally vote for a democrat. Democrats are never independent, they always vote straight.

Northern Minnesota wants the state re-apportionment the coming winter but there is small hope of it being done. State senators, when once elected, do not care to legislate themselves out of office.

It seems to be assumed in some quarters that everyone who finds fault with the primary law is its enemy. The law has a good many features all right and among them may be numbered those who think that it is flawless. The primary law principle is a great political reform but the Minnesota law is about as full of bad holes as a good law can be. We may safely assume that the law will never be repealed, and those who are most friendly to the primary should be most anxious to contribute to its betterment.—Crookston Times.

A Theatrical Superstition.

They were [illegible] a new play, and every one was [illegible] for the first night was close at hand. The play was a tragedy, yet at its end the dying heroine, as the curtain descended, said: "Three beers, please."

Those words concluded the play. Yet they were entirely out of keeping. The concluding words should have been, "I die, but, since I have saved you, I die happy," or something to that effect.

A dramatic critic new to the business asked how it was that the tragedy ended with "Three beers, please," and the stage manager said:

"Superstition. It is always thought bad luck in rehearsals of new plays to speak the last sentence before the opening night. He who has the last sentence to speak substitutes some meaningless phrase for it. If he dared to speak the true phrase the prospects of the play would be thought doomed. Some playwrights won't even write the last line of a play. They whisper it to the assembled company on its first reading, and from that day till the actual production the line is never again heard."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

The French.

The French were first mentioned as the Franks, a tribe of warlike Germans in the northwestern part of the region now known as Prussia. They came into notice about 240 A. D., and with other German tribes invaded the Roman empire in the fifth century and settled in the country now known as France. The word Frank, or Frankman, means freeman. After their conquest of Gaul they named the country Frankenric, or Frank's kingdom.

Helping His Finish.

"You'll find I'm hard to discourage," said the persistent suitor melodramatically. "Some day I'll make you admit you love me, and then—and not till then—I will die happy."

"I'll say it now," replied the heartless girl. "I don't mind telling a lie for a good end."—Philadelphia Ledger.

More Than Foolish.

He—Do you think it would be foolish of me to marry a woman who was my intellectual inferior? She—I don't know that it would be foolish, but it would be a difficult thing for you to do.

Our Language.

M. De France—You wind up ze clock to make him go? English Tutor—Exactly. M. De France—Zen what for you wind up ze beesiness? To make it

An Art Anecdote.

Edward Rosewater, founder and editor of the Omaha Bee, had a sincere love of art. He hated pictures that indicated scamped work, so called impressionistic pictures that were merely rough and hurried sketches and so called portraits that bore no likeness to their originals. A young painter showed Mr. Rosewater one day a portrait of a mutual friend.

"That a portrait of Smith!" the editor exclaimed. "I'd never have known it."

"Oh," the artist exclaimed, "I didn't try for a likeness, you know. I tried for an effect—an effect in grays."

"I know a man in New York," said Mr. Rosewater, "who had his portrait painted last year. It cost him $4,000, and he was very proud of it. When it came home he showed it to his cook.

"'Well, Mary,' he said, 'how do you like this portrait?'

"'Sure, sir,' said the cook, 'it's lovely. It's beautiful. It's divine.'

"'And of course,' said my friend, 'you know who it is?'

"'Oh, of course I do, sir,' said the cook. 'Of course, of course.' As she spoke she kept drawing nearer to the picture, studying it more and more closely. 'Of course, sir,' she said. 'It's you or the mistress.'"—Buffalo Enquirer.

The Sultan's Rebuke.

An ambassador of a well known European monarch was riding in the streets of Constantinople when one of the sultan's carriages rolled by. Seeing it was guarded, his curiosity got the better of him, and when the carriage reached him he was daring enough to peep in at the passenger. He was surprised and pained to receive a blow in the face from an attendant in charge. Mad with rage, he demanded audience of the sultan. The sultan listened attentively and for a moment appeared lost in thought. At last he spoke: "My dear ——, I have gone carefully into the case and see exactly how it stands. You are, of course, a gentleman. Therefore you would never have committed such a breach of good manners as you allege to have taken place. Therefore no attendant could possibly have struck you. The whole affair seems to be a product of your fancy. Let us dismiss it."

His Constancy.

A story is told of General Sir Alfred Horsford, who believed in a celibate army. A soldier once sought his permission to marry, saying he had two good conduct badges and $25 in the savings bank. "Well, go away," said Sir Alfred, "and if you come back this day year in the same mind you shall marry. I'll keep the vacancy." On the anniversary the soldier repeated his request. "But do you really, after a year, want to marry?" "Yes, sir, very much." "Sergeant major, take his name down. Yes, you may marry. I never believed there was so much constancy in man or woman. Right face. Quick march!" As the man left the room, turning his head, he said: "Thank you, sir. It isn't the same woman."

A Pretty Experiment.

A very pretty effect may be produced by using some aniline dye in powdered form in alcohol. Fill a small glass with the alcohol and drop the smallest portion of the dye on its surface. It will shoot down through the liquid, like a strand of color, dividing into two branches, which will subdivide again and again until you have, apparently, an inverted plant in miniature growing before your eyes. An arrangement of mirrors may be made to throw the reflection of this on a screen or a wall, and the enlarged shadows will be very interesting to watch.

The Revolver.

The revolver is of dubious service in war. Its only function there is as a cavalry weapon. Indeed, it is an evolution of the mediaeval purpose to provide horse soldiers with a firearm. In the cavalry the weapon is effective only up to fifty yards. It has no value for hunting. The average man can do more execution on birds and beasts with a slingshot. The only purpose which the revolver serves is to kill another man, and even for that purpose its usefulness is overestimated.—New York Mail.

Where the Audience Was.

A London actor, appearing at a cheap theater in Salford found so small an audience that he sought out the manager for an explanation. "You see," the manager told him, "my people are at the Halle concert." "Oh," the actor said, surprised, "I should hardly have thought your patrons would care much for high class music." "No," the other explained; to tell the truth, they go to pick pockets."

Trouble For Nothing.

To smuggle a human skeleton into Canada from Detroit a medical student dressed it in female attire and, seating it by his side in a buggy, crossed over the boundary line. After he got safely into his house he learned that there is no custom duty on skeletons.

All Escaped but Him.

Mrs. Hastymatch—I had a dozen proposals before yours, all from smarter men than you too. Mr. Hastymatch—They must have been. How did they manage to crawl out of it?

She Murders It.

"How long is the life of the average so called popular song?"

"Till the girl who lives next door to us gets hold of it."—Houston Post.

How mankind defers from day to day the best it can do without thinking that lost time is lost eternity.—Muller.

According to Circumstances.

A man never talks much about the "sweetness" of a cob pipe so long as he has money to buy cigars.—Topeka Capital.

Coal dust mixed with salt and water and made into good sized lumps will be found very useful to bank up fires at night.

The man or woman who smiles, filling the hearts of friends from day to day with sunshine, does more for the world than all the medicines of the apothecary.

[illegible] Made a Gorilla King.

The craze among [illegible] women for queer pets is an old story. It usually ends through being carried too far. There is the case of Andromeda, for instance, and there is that other affair of the decadent Roman emperor's daughter, who had a pet gorilla, procured for her at great cost by an Arabian trader who supplied strange beasts for the amphitheater. One day the Praetorian guard arose and murdered the caesar. The gorilla, who happened to be present, strangled the ringleader, who was to have assumed the imperial purple himself, with its bare hands. This so delighted the Praetorians that they unanimously elected the gorilla, whom they took for a barbarian from North Britain, to the vacant throne. On the mistake being explained by a zoologically minded patrician, the divus caesar had to be killed and another one chosen.—London News.

Chinese Gambler's Penance.

A Chinese cook named Chin Kan had been engaged by a wealthy Chinese in Ho In street in Canton. All the money he earned had been lost in gambling. On one occasion his master paid him some money for the provisions he supplied. The cook lost all the money at one stake. Finding that his debts were accumulating day by day, on the twenty-fourth day he went into the kitchen and chopped off the forefinger of his left hand as a self punishment and warning in order to relinquish this evil habit of gambling in the future. He became unconscious through the pain, but was brought round again in a few minutes.—Singapore Times.

"Naming" a Member.

It is an ancient belief that a man's name has some mysterious sympathy with his nature, whence arise such stories as that of Rumpelstiltskin, whose power over a human being vanishes the moment that his name is pronounced aloud. It has been suggested with some show of reason that the modern practice of "naming" a refractory member of the British house of commons is merely a survival of this belief, which the Norsemen brought into England.

A Kiss That Brought Death.

Courtship in Spain is regulated by the strictest etiquette. As is well known, a young man is never left alone with his fiancee. Near Malaga a beautiful young girl of twenty committed suicide by drinking a cup of coffee in which phosphorus had been dissolved. It appears that the girl had been driven to the deed by the adverse comments of neighbors who became aware that she had given her sweetheart a kiss.—London Mail.

A Limited Vocabulary.

If a person's knowledge of English were confined to one word, which would be the most useful? This subject was once discussed in the presence of Queen Caroline, her majesty entering into the question vigorously, according to the Dundee Advertiser. The greater number of the company fixed on "yes." One lady decided on "no," for, she argued, "though yes never means no, no very often means yes." How many men will indorse this? After all, one word would be as a drop in the ocean of our English language. A young woman who had learned a few Irish words without understanding them lost herself in the mountains. Meeting a handsome young peasant, she tried her Irish on him. Pat looked astonished, then pleased, and, rubbing his sleeve across his mouth, said: "Arrah! Do ye mane it, miss?" The girl, in her ignorance, had asked him for a kiss.

A Gift of Solomon's.

In the ancient cathedral of Genoa a vase of immense value has been preserved for 600 years. It is cut from a single emerald. Its principal diameter is twelve and one-half inches and its height five and three-fourths inches. It is kept under several locks, the keys of which are in different hands, and it is rarely exhibited in public, then only by an order of the senate. When exhibited it is suspended round the neck of a priest by a cord, and no one is allowed to touch it but him. It is claimed that this vase is one of the gifts which were made to Solomon by the queen of Sheba.

VACANT LAND IN STATE

The State of Minnesota Still Has Much Land Which is Open For Public Entry.

There still remains a large area of vacant land in the government land in the state of Minnesota. In a supplemental statement to his annual report, W. A. Richards, commissioner of the general land office, shows that there are 2,507,550 acres of government land in the state, subject to entry. The lands are described to be swamp for the most part, while a considerable portion has timber or brush growing upon it. There are some distinctively agricultural lands in Kittson and Itasca counties, and a small area in Hubbard of that sort. Divided by land districts, it is shown that there are in the—

Crookston district	978,284 acres
Cass Lake district	757,855 acres
Duluth district	759,913 acres
St. Cloud district	11,468 acres

The last named district will soon be consolidated with the Duluth district, as the officials have been notified to accept no more business after Nov. 30. The chief clerk and head stenographer will also be added to the Duluth land office, so it appears that the St. Cloud office will soon pass out of existence.

The Source of Chalybeate Water.

The chalybeate waters of Tunbridge Wells are said to owe their ruddy tint and queer taste to the fact that St. Dunstan flung his pinchers into them after that memorable encounter recorded in the old rhyme—

St. Dunstan, as the story goes,
Once pulled the devil by the nose
With redhot tongs, which made him roar
That he was heard three miles or more—

or that the glowing proboscis—and a long snout is one of the most marked features of the fiend in the mediaeval art—was itself plunged into the healing well when its owner had taken a flying leap out of the saint's cell at Mayfield, some nine or ten miles away.—London Queen.

How He Answered.

The London Academy tells a story of De Quincey. He had to fill up a census paper, and the set questions puzzled him greatly. He finally managed to characterize his occupation as "writer to the magazines," but when it came to the occupations of his three daughters his troubles began again. At last he put a ring around their names and wrote, "They are like lilies of the field—they toil not, neither do they spin."

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Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.
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We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at
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E. R. EVANS, Secretary.
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K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
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L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

R. H. Duntley, N. G.

J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650. Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

Carl Johnson, V. C.

J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

Henry Olson, Pres.

Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

H. O. Jackson, President.

H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

DR. H. E. NELSON

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From Thief River Falls, makes regular visits to St. Hilaire Thursdays and Fridays at Dr. J. C. Cummings' office.

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WORTH A DOLLAR
A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

C. L. Hansen was a Red Lake Falls visitor last Sunday.

—Bargains in high grade toilet soaps at L. M. Rolland & Sons.

Victor Brink and Albin Helberg visited Carlson's last Sunday.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Julia Selberg spent Thursday and Friday at Carlson's visiting Eda Brink.

Miss Jennie Peterson visited Miss Alma Carlson the latter part of last week.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Miss Huldah Gigstad left on Saturday for Twin Valley, where she is teaching school.

R. H. Duntley and wife returned on Saturday from Fertile, where they had been visiting friends.

Prof. O'Brien has rented a residence at Red Lake Falls and will take possession during the holidays.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

Mrs. J. B. O'Brien has been ill the past week and has not been able to assume her duties at the school.

A. A. Odegaard, of Rocksbury, is the proud father of a new boy born at his home on Thursday of last week.

C. W. Johnson, of Black River, the newly elected clerk of court, was a business visitor here last Tuesday.

The school boys have it all figured out that there is only two weeks more of school before the Christmas holidays.

Mrs. Peter Anderson and children left this week for Bemidji where they will join Mr. Anderson for a short time.

Mrs. Jens Nelson returned last Saturday from Fargo where she had spent a couple of weeks visiting with her sister.

Albert Fellman has closed out his confectionery business and moved with his family to his claim on the first of this week.

Miss Emma Hoff and Miss Flossie Slagerman, of Bathgate, N.D., who has been visiting her, returned on Monday to Moorhead.

The school board has hired Miss Eva Olson, of Brookings, S.D., to teach the 6th and 7th grades, commencing after the new year.

Of course you pay your money,
But you get your money's worth,
For what does money mean to you
When Rocky Mountain Tea's on earth. Imperial Drug Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Satterberg returned last Monday from Marion, N.D., where they spent Thanksgiving with Mrs. Satterberg's parents.

Miss Amedia Swanson, of Sanders, was married on Tuesday, December 4th, to Mr. Hans Johnson, of Norden, Rev. Alex Sand officiating.

Part of the L. C. O. club and M. M.C. drove to Black River Thanksgiving evening to attend a necktie social, besides having a nice sleigh ride.

E. R. Evans has been trying to be sick the past week and went down to Crookston last evening where he will stay until his health improves.

No one has any kick coming on the weather not being seasonable. December is a winter month and we are having winter weather, without mistake.

Floods the body with warm, glowing vitality, makes the nerves strong, quickens circulation, restores natural vigor, makes you feel like one born again. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

—For lute-fisk and oysters go to L. M. Rolland & Sons.

—Crookston College is an old reliable school that has established a reputation for turning out competent help and as a result of this, they have inquiries from all over the northwest for bookkeepers, stenographers, teachers, clerks, etc. They have now several good positions that they cannot fill. Write to J. C. Sathre, President.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve.

Manager J. M. Richards of the Crookston Lumber company was here yesterday, attending the annual meeting of the St. Hilaire Townsite company.

The dance last Saturday evening was well attended and all enjoyed a pleasant evening. The Red Lake Falls orchestra furnished the music and gave general satisfaction.

Henry Kreim and wife came over from Osnabrock, N. D., last Saturday for a visit with Mrs. Kreim's father, Andrew R. Peterson. They returned home on Monday evening.

"Swan" is studying up and seeking all information available on how to cure his trotting horse from kicking. He is undecided whether to try faith cure, the absent treatment, or just take a club.

We care not how you suffered, nor what failed to cure you, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea makes the puniest weakest specimen of man or womanhood strong and healthy. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

The deposits of the Merchants State Bank have increased rapidly lately and are now over ten thousand dollars more than when the statement was published two weeks ago which indicates a fair share of prosperity for this community.

The village of Fosston is circulating a petition asking for the division of Polk county, setting off eighteen towns in the eastern part to be called Nelson county, with Fosston as the county seat. It will not be voted on until the next general election.

Dr. Geo. E. Spofford has an office at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, on the 8th day of every month. A red letter day to those suffering from defective eye sight or nervous troubles. Scientifically fitted spectacles and eye glasses.

There is a rumor around town that the saw mill property has been sold by the lumber company and that it will be occupied by some industry next year. There seems to be considerable secrecy about the matter as no one here seems to know anything about it. The machinery is being taken down and will be moved.

A Close Call.

N. A. Nelson reports that he came very near losing his farm dwelling by fire last Wednesday night. He was awakened about twelve o'clock by smelling smoke and found that an up stairs closet filled with clothes was on fire. The fire was put out with difficulty, doing considerable damage to the building and burning a considerable amount of clothes. It is thought that the fire was caused by the chimney burning out during the night, the fire falling into the closet from a stove-pipe hole. The building and contents are covered by insurance.

Hansen for Deputy.

Gazette: County Auditor-elect J. B. O'Brien has announced the appointment of Karl M. Hansen, present county treasurer, as deputy auditor, and Mr. Hansen will enter upon his new duties early in January.

Mr. O'Brien is fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Hansen for the deputyship, as Karl is one of the best office men and accountants in the northern part of the state. During the past two years he has become more or less familiar with the work of the auditor's office, and with Mr. O'Brien will be able to take up the work and continue it in an efficient manner.

Plummer Creamery.

Pioneer: Although the months of September and October are decidedly "off" months in the creamery business the Plummer creamery made a highly creditable showing of business done and the patrons received a good price for their butter fat. For September the total earnings of the creamery $2,013.00; the running expenses were $172.67 and the price paid to patrons for their butter fat was 24 cents per pound. For October the earnings were $1,402.57, the running expenses $137.91 and the price paid to patrons was 25 cents per pound.

Case is Postponed.

Thief River News: Arguments in the Red Lake county seat case were not made before the state supreme court last Friday, the day originally set for the hearing. Owing to the fact that Attorney Knox, of Jackson, who is to make the arguments for the Red Lake Falls people, was not able to be present on Friday, the attorneys representing Thief River Falls stipulated to have the hearing postponed until the 17th of December, at which time the arguments in the case will be made and the supreme court will take the matter under advisement. It is not expected now that any decision in the matter will be rendered before the latter part of January or the first of March.

Creameries in Minnesota.

Reports now being compiled indicate that there is an increase this year of seventy. There are said to be 800,000 dairy cows in the state. The production of butter this year is estimated at 90,000,000 pounds, compared with 80,000,000 pounds in 1905. The value of the butter produced in 1905 was $20,000,000 and owing to the increase in supplies and higher prices this year the 1906 value will likely show a material increase over the preceding year.

Explicit.

The Kedah postoffice authorities have a somewhat blunt way of putting things. Copies of a Penang paper posted to a subscriber were the other day returned marked, "Addressee hanged for murder."—Bangkok Times.

—Get your supply of apples at Duntley's.

TEACHERS' MEETING AND SEED CONTEST

Held in Red Lake Falls Last Friday and Saturday Was Well Attended.

Courier: The Teachers' Meeting and Seed Grain Contest Fair held here Nov. 30 and Dec. 1, were well attended by the teachers of the county, the boys and girls who had samples of grain on exhibition, and many others who are interested in educational matters. The program published last week was carried out with a few exceptions. The samples of grain were judged by Prof. William Robertson of Crookston, and prizes were awarded as follows:

Wheat—1st prize, $10 cash and suit of clothes, Peter Lachance, district 27; 2d prize, 1 pen single comb white leghorn chickens, Olaf Nelson, district 227; 3rd prize, heating stove, Rosa Conikson, district 3; 4th prize, $5 hat or pair of shoes and $2 cash, Effie F. Aubol, district 54.

Oats—1st prize, $10 cash and John Deere crossing plow, Medore Robillard, district 27; 2d prize, suit of clothes or overcoat, Olay and Elmer Nelson, district 194; 3d prize, choice seed grain and string of bells, Doree Laurent, district 81.

Field Corn—1st prize, $20 cash and No. 23 Acme harrow, George H. Orr, district 112; 2d prize, pen of Buff Plymouth Rock chickens or $15 cash, Freddie Miller, district 40; 3d prize, pair of Shropshire sheep, Elmer Konikson, district 3; 4th prize, Planet Jr. garden drill, Emma St. Ives, district 27; 5th prize, violin and $3 in trade at Holmes Bros., R. W. Nelson, district 227; 6th prize, pair $4 shoes and dozen photos from W. A. Reichel, Olivia Nelson, district 227.

Pop Corn—1st prize, cloak, Edmond Orr, district 227.

Sweet Corn—1st prize, $10 cash, Lillie Miller, district 40; 2d prize, $3 in jewelry at H. W. Anderson's, Louis St. Ives, district 27.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the village council of St. Hilaire held at the village hall December 3, 1906, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by President O'Brien.

All members present.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and on motion accepted.

The resignation of J. B. O'Brien as president of the village council was on motion accepted, to take effect Jan. 1, 1907.

The following bills were allowed in full:

F A Grady, legal advice	$ 20 00
Wm Olson, blacksmithing	2 60
J B O'Brien, as per bill	14 62
K R Killand, salary	50 10

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. O'Brien, Pres.

K. O. Gigstad, Clerk.

Mysterious Disappearance.

Journal: Roy Kelly, chief clerk in the office of the Crookston Lumber Co., of this city, who left on a two weeks' vacation trip to Chicago and Milwaukee three weeks ago Sunday, has not been heard from since the 19th of November. On the 20th of November his fur overcoat and his suit case were found in a Milwaukee hotel but notwithstanding the efforts of the best detectives in the country no clue has been obtained as to his whereabouts.

The fact that he had $400 on his person when he left Crookston has aroused suspicion that he has been the victim of foul play. His brother-in-law Boyd Monroe departed Saturday evening for Milwaukee to assist in solving the mystery.

Arabian Mares Imported to the United States.

For the first time the Sultan of Turkey has granted permission for the exportation of Arabian mares to the United States. About twenty years ago he permitted the sale of some stallions, but at that time he would not allow any mares to be sent. The present importation, which includes about twenty mares and nearly as many stallions, is regarded as of considerable importance from the horse-breeders' point of view, and as likely to lead to marked improvement in certain directions in American horses. Everyone ought to know the value of golden grain belt beer. It is an ideal family beverage, pure, delicious and wholesome. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Lope de Vega.

Lope de Vega, the famous Spanish dramatist and poet, lived from 1562 to 1635. His literary work began when he was about thirteen years old, and from that time until his death, a period of sixty years, he poured forth an enormous quantity of plays, dramatic compositions of all kinds, poems of every character, breathing every spirit from the strictest asceticism to the most unbridled license. Over 1,800 plays are credited to him, and the published collection, comprising about 300, is contained in twenty-eight volumes.

Notice for Bids for County Printing.

Sealed proposals will be received by the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, until January 8, 1907, at five o'clock p. m. for publishing the proceedings of the board of county commissioners, the delinquent tax list and financial statement and such other notices as may be required during the year 1907.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio Clerk of the Board.

—Apples at Duntley's.

THROUGH FOR THE YEAR

Government Surveyors Leave for Home. Maps are Now in Washington.

After completing a survey of 30 towns covering an approximate area of 1000 square miles the government surveyors have knocked off work for this season and departed for their homes.

Of the $15,000 appropriated for the work Mr. Mead, the surveyor in charge, has spent less than $5,000 or not quite one-third. With this sum has been accomplished the survey of the whole area draining into Mud lake, beginning in western Beltrami county.

The main ditch recommended will drain the county in the vicinity of Grygla and Linar and from there west to Elm and Mud lake, a good fall being obtained all the distance. A cut-off ditch is also recommended to strike into the Red Lake river to do away with the overflow from the Red lake and drain the lands that are made wet largely by this overflow alone.

Mr. Mead's maps and reports are now in Washington and will be the basis of Congressman Steenerson's figure to be used urging congress to act on the work of actual drainage of the territory surveyed. Mr. Steenerson is confident of its ultimate passage, the only question being whether the measure can be put through at the coming short session of congress. The proposed work is entirely feasible and will benefit both the government and the settlers as Mr. Steenerson is prepared to show.

Utilizing the remaining portion of the appropriation the work of surveying the remainder of the swamp area in northern Minnesota will be resumed next spring and if a favorable season is encountered the whole report will be laid before the department by one year from this date.—Thief River Press.

Pet Boars.

The nicest pet the French forest affords is the marcassin, or baby wild boar. It is almost human in its cleverness, delights in funny pranks, has an evident sense of humor, makes friends of children and dogs and even lends itself to mimic hunts, playing the part of the hunted animal. Its antics are varied and original. The only creature to which the marcassin objects is its distant relative, the pig. Directly it sees that animal its back is up and its growing tusk is bared. In babyhood it has a lovely sleek coat of very dark brown and tan. When the silky hair is shed and bristles take its place the temper grows uneven. If marital and paternal cares come on, the wild boar puts away its childish ways and wants to take its family to the forest to feed there on acorns and beech mast. Woe to the hound or to the keeper who wants to keep him back. In the forest this paterfamilias may be called the first line of defense, the sow the second, and the little ones gambol round her.—Paris Cor. London Truth.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake, } ss

In the matter of the petition of John A. Dunn, and others, for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 28.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 28, beginning at a point 40 rods south and 80 rods west of the northeast corner of the southwest quarter of section 1, in township 151, range 44, and running thence south along the quarter section line to a point near the center of the northwest quarter of section 12 in said town and range, thence west across the west half of the northwest quarter of said section 12, following the natural water course, to the section line between sections 11 and 12 and between sections 13 and 14, making a highway between said sections 11 and 12 to a coulee at or near the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of said section 14, putting the necessary culverts between sections 11 and 12, and terminating at said coulee, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Thomas McNirthney, S. A. Swanson, John Flahigan, Pangburn & Schurz, John Lehmkuhl, W. C. Gray, Edward Busse, Frank H. Gagnon, P. O. Floan, J. A. Jones, Anna Hartle, William Guhler, Napoleon Constant, John Schmitz, August C. Speiker, Fritz Schmitz, William Clarke and Mary Rose and that the engineer appointed by the board of county commissioners of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor, and that the viewers appointed by said board of county commissioners to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Wednesday, the ninth day of January, 1907, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at ten o'clock a. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said board of county commissioners at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal) County Auditor of
Red Lake county, Minnesota.

[d8-22

$1 One Dollar $1

IT IS ENOUGH to start a bank account with, and if you adopt a systematic method of saving the dollars will pile up surprisingly. Why not adjust your expenses so that they will not exceed three-fourths of your earnings? That will enable you to save a quarter of every dollar. Just figure what such a system would have done for you had you commenced it five years ago! But cheer up! It isn't too late! NOW is the time to open the bank account and put away ONE DOLLAR out of every FOUR that you earn. This has been tried by the writer and the results are enormous. We welcome your account and will help you to succeed.

Merchants State Bank

OFFICERS:

C. L. Hansen, President. D. Patterson, Vice-President.
A. D. Stephens, 2nd Vice-Pres. K. O. Gigstad, Cashier.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN

Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......

ONE MILLION DOLLARS

and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......

However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.

IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!

HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$

WILL BUY MORE

DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING

AT **......E. M. HOFF'S......**

THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.

COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

A. O. LETVIG

Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn.

GAR-GOL

An absolute specific and anti-septic preparation for all kinds of

SORE THROAT

SIMPLY A GARGLE OR SPRAY

A sure cure for Hoarseness, Tonsilitis, Quinsy, Inflamed, Ulcerated and Catarrhal Sore Throat. A preventive of Croup, Whooping Cough and Diphtheria.

PURIFYING HEALING SOOTHING HARMLESS

Endorsed by the most eminent throat specialists in the country. Should be kept in every home.

Price 25 Cents

BERG MEDICINE CO., Des Moines, Ia.

LEONARD HOLMES

Dealer in

Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.

LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY

ST. HILAIRE, - - - - MINNESOTA

Gold Medal Flour

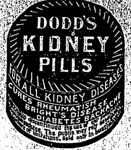
ALWAYS GOOD

WHEN YOU BUY FLOUR always see that the name GOLD MEDAL is on the bag and your cook will have no trouble in making good bread. Don't be talked into buying other grades in order to save a nickel.

BUY "GOLD MEDAL" AND PLEASE THE COOK.

We can supply you with "Gold Medal" Flour in any quantity and at reasonable prices.

M. L. HANSON.



Filosofic Father.

Jamie, dear child and wee glutton,
liked sugar on bread;
Kind, indulgent old aunt gave him
sugar of lead.
Jamie's death vexed his dad, but he
said, "It's an ill
Wind," and so forth; 'twill save on
the grocery bill."

It is easy to sneer at the goodness you cannot acquire.

THE BEST COUGH CURE

A well-known Rochester lady says: "I stayed in the Adirondacks, away from friends and home, two winters before I found that by taking

Kemp's Balsam

I could subdue the cough that drove me away from home and seemed likely to never allow me to live there in winter.'

Kemp's Balsam will cure any cough that can be cured by any medicine.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

WANTED
BY THE DULUTH STREET RAILWAY COMPANY
Conductors and Motormen

Now is the time for men who desire permanent positions as Conductors and Motormen to apply. Our extra list is very short and men who apply now will secure regular runs in a much shorter time than if they apply several weeks later. Any honest, able-bodied man between the age of 25 and 40 years, with a common school education and ordinary intelligence, can learn to be a Conductor or Motorman in a very short time, and if application is made now will be likely to obtain a regular run very soon.

The wages paid are 20c an hour at the start, 21c an hour after two years' service, and 22c an hour after five years' service. Men can earn fairly good wages while on the extra list, and when they obtain a regular run can earn from $60 to $70 per month.

Conductors and Motormen at this season of the year can get as much work as they want while on the extra list, and when they obtain a regular run they have a permanent job and regular hours the year round, which will last as long as they conduct themselves properly.

Apply at the office of the company, Eleventh Avenue West and Michigan Street, Duluth, Minn., at 9 o'clock a. m., or address D. C. MOORE, Superintendent.

SHOES
ESTABLISHED 1876
CAPITAL $2,500,000

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 Shoes
BEST IN THE WORLD

W. L. Douglas $4 Gilt Edge line cannot be equalled at any price

To Shoe Dealers: W. L. Douglas' Jobbing House is the most complete in this country. *Send for Catalog*

SHOES FOR EVERYBODY AT ALL PRICES.
Men's Shoes, $5 to $1.50. Boys' Shoes, $3 to $1.25. Women's Shoes, $4.00 to $1.50. Misses' & Children's Shoes, $2.25 to $1.00.
Try W. L. Douglas Women's, Misses and Children's shoes; for style, fit and wear they excel other makes.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other make.

Wherever you live, you can obtain W. L. Douglas shoes. His name and price is stamped on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and inferior shoes. *Take no substitute.* Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes and insist upon having them.
Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.
Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Dept. 11, Brockton, Mass.

THE CANADIAN WEST IS THE BEST WEST

160 ACRES FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

The testimony of thousands during the past year is that the Canadian West is the best West. Year by year the agricultural returns have increased in volume and in value, and still the Canadian Government offers 160 acres FREE to every bona fide settler.

Some of the Advantages

The phenomenal increase in railway mileage—main lines and branches—has put almost every portion of the country within easy reach of churches, schools, markets, cheap fuel and every modern convenience.

The NINETY MILLION BUSHEL WHEAT CROP of this year means $60,000,000 to the farmers of Western Canada, apart from the results of other grains and cattle.

For advice and information address the SUPERINTENDENT OF IMMIGRATION, Ottawa, Canada, or any authorized Government Agent.

E. T. HOLMES, 325 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

YOU CANNOT
CURE

all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions of the mucous membrane such as nasal catarrh, uterine catarrh caused by feminine ills, sore throat, sore mouth or inflamed eyes by simply dosing the stomach.

But you surely can cure these stubborn affections by local treatment with

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

which destroys the disease germs, checks discharges, stops pain, and heals the inflammation and soreness.

Paxtine represents the most successful local treatment for feminine ills ever produced. Thousands of women testify to this fact. 50 cents at druggists.

Send for Free Trial Box
THE R. PAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.

Love is Blind.

Mrs. Newed—And do you really and truly love me, George?

Newed—Of course I do, my dear.

Mrs. Newed—But some people are saying that you married me just because my uncle left me a fortune.

Newed—Now, don't let that worry you, dear, for there isn't a word of truth in it. I'd have married you just the same, even if some other relative had left you the money."

Government Reports.

"Here are some bulletins about the real state of affairs in Russia," said the first man, outside the newspaper office.

"I want to know nothing at all about it," replied the other, disgustedly.

"Well, you want to read these bulletins, then. They are official."

Keep In Good Health.

There are many thousands of people all over the world who can attribute their good health to taking one of two Brandreth's Pills every night. These pills cleanse the stomach and bowels, stimulate the kidneys and liver and purify the blood. They are the same fine laxative tonic pills your grandparents used, and being purely vegetable they are adapted to children and old people, as well as those in the vigor of manhood and womanhood.

Brandreth's Pills have been in use for over a century and are for sale everywhere, plain or sugar-coated.

A Cure for It.

Hicks—He doesn't spend much time at home, you say?

Wicks—No, she has become so crabbed of late that he has joined a club and puts in his time there.

Hicks—Why, he used to dote on her.

Wicks—Yes, but now he is using the club as an anti-dote.

Send for Our Free Harness Booklet.

If you are about to buy a harness, don't fail to write us to-day, or ask your dealer to show you our line.

SCHEFFER & ROSSUM CO.,
St. Paul, Minn.

The Chief Joy.

Scene—The first night of the opera.

Voice—There's Mrs. Jules in a stage box. How can that old fool enjoy the opera? She's as deaf as a post.

Second Voice—But, my dear, you forget that she is wearing the family pearls.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Not Matured.

"What are you looking so gloomy about?"

"Oh, I'm just home from the race track."

"Why, you told me before you went down there that you had picked a sure winner."

"Yes, but—I—er—guess I picked him before he was ripe."

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Hist!

The food inspector's wife was looking over her husband's notebook.

"George," she said, "how do you pronounce the last syllable of this word 'butterine?'

"The last syllable," the inspector answered, "is always silent."

Learn the Barber Trade.
Write for free illustrated catalog 3 explaining all. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis.

Fear more the foes in your heart than those in the open.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature
Brent Good

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

What Shall I Do

for this strained muscle?

RUB ON BRISKLY

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment

It was originated 96 years ago to remove inflammation and take the soreness out of strains and bruises. 25c., three times as much 50c. All dealers.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

AUTOMOBILE

Five-passenger model C Ford double opposed engine, detachable tonneau, in good running order. Will sell for $450.00 cash. Cost $1,000.

Burney Bird Auto Co.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

THE FARMER IN WESTERN CANADA

The Quality of No. 1 Hard Wheat Cannot Be Beaten.

The Canadian West in the past five or ten years has given a set back to the theory that large cities are the backbone of a country and a nation's best asset. Here we have a country where no city exceeds 100,000, and where only one comes within easy distance of that figure according to the census just taken and where no other city reaches a population exceeding 15,000. The places with a population over 5,000 can be counted upon the fingers of one hand, and yet the prosperity that prevails is something unprecedented in the history of all countries past or present.

The reason for this marvelous prosperity is not hard to seek. The large majority of the 810,000 people who inhabit Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, have gone on to the farm, and have betaken themselves to the task of not only feeding and clothing themselves, but of raising food for others less happily circumstanced.

The crop of 1906, although not abnormal, is an eye-opener to many who previously had given little thought to the subject. Ninety million bushels of wheat at 70 cents per bushel—$63,000,000; 76,000,000 bushels of oats at 30 cents per bushel—$22,800,000; 17,000,000 bushels of barley at 40 cents per bushel—$6,800,000; makes a total of $92,600,000. This is altogether outside the root products; dairy produce, and the returns from the cattle trade; the beet sugar industry and the various other by-products of mixed farming.

When such returns are obtainable from the soil it is not to be wondered at that many are leaving the congested districts of the easyt, to take upon themselves the life of the prairie farm and the labor of the housbandman.

With the construction of additional railroads new avenues, for agricultural enterprise are opening up, and improved opportunities are offered to the settler who understands prairie farming, and is willing to do his part in building up the new country.

This is the theme that Mr. J. J. Hill, the veteran railroad builder in the West, has laid before the people in a series of addresses which he has given at various points during the past few months, and, having been for so long identified with the development of the West, there are few men better qualified than he to express an opinion upon it. Take care of the country, says he, and the cities will take care of themselves.

The farmers of the Western States and the Canadian West, are more prosperous than ever before, and when it comes to measuring up results, the Canadian appears to have somewhat the better of it. His land is cheaper in fact, the government continues to give free homesteads to settlers, and the returns per acre are heavier when the crop is harvested. Farming land in the Western States runs from $60 to $150 an acre and up, whereas equally good soil may be purchased in Canada for $8 to $15 per acre, within easy reach of a shipping point, and much of this is available for free homesteading. The quality of the Canadian No. 1 hard wheat cannot be beaten, and the returns to the acre are several bushels better than on this side of the line; the soil and climate of that country being peculiarly adapted to wheat growing.

The fact is evidently appreciated by the large number of American farmers who have in the past two or three years settled in the Canadian West. The agents of the Canadian Government, whose address will be found elsewhere, advise us that for the fiscal year 1904-5, the records show that 43,543 Americans settled in Canada, and in 1905-6 the number reached 57,796. From all of which, it appears that at present, there is a good thing in farming in Western Canada, and that the American farmer is not slow to avail himself of it.

In the Flat.

"Whenever you call at the De Styles' sometimes you see her and sometimes you see him, but you never see them together."

"No; they take turns to sit in the parlor."

Big Prices for Cream.
We are paying 30 cents per pound for extra good quality cream, and will advance our price as the market goes up. We can afford to pay more, and we do pay more for good cream the year round than any creamery in the state. Spot cash for every can. Start shipping at once. Milton Dairy Co., 18 W. Ninth street, St. Paul, Minn.

You often hear men say: "I feel better, but I don't feel right yet." Poor devils; so many of them say it.

We Pay 30c for Cream To-day.
Cash for each shipment. Write for tags.
MILLER & HOLMES, St. Paul, Minn.

We don't see why a woman would pay her money for a bright purple dress.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Few magnifying glasses are powerful enough to enable a man to see his own faults.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES color more goods brighter colors, with less work than others. 10c per package.

No man who says just what he thinks is apt to acquire an enviable reputation as a thinker.

TURKEYS WANTED, also Veal and Chickens. C. J. Ertz, 30-32-34 E. 3rd St. (Oldest house in St. Paul.)

No man is ordained of God until he is ready to serve men.

His strength is but weakness who forgets the weak.

FURS, HIDES, PELTS.
Write for prices and ship to McMillan Fur & Wool Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Show your faith in your prayers by your follow-up system.

Idle words are by no means idle after they are uttered.

For Prices on Poultry,
Either Live or Dressed. Write
R. E. COBB, St. Paul, Minn.

The smoothest path is always on the other side of the road.

In Minnesota

State News of the Week Briefly Told

The Cargill elevator at Rockville was burned, involving a loss of $12,000.

Henry Will was drowned while skating on Rum river at Anoka. The ice was rotten.

Thieves entered the saloon of John Rah at Foley and broke open the till and secured $14.

The dry goods store at Sleepy Eye owned by R. Spiegel was destroyed by fire. Loss, $10,000.

August Albert Shuster of Stillwater was accidentally shot and instantly killed by his brother.

James Rowe of Spring Valley was fined $15 for visiting his family, which is under quarantine for scarlet fever.

William Wolf, an old and respected citizen of Red Wing, is dead. He was one of the pioneer settlers of Goodhue county.

Four grand jury prisoners, held for larceny, burglary and horse stealing, made their escape from the county jail at Hastings.

Thieves broke into the saloons of William C. Yackel and Joseph Wild at Lamberton. About $14 was secured in the two places.

Vernon Lester, ten years of age, son of August Broman, a farmer of Willmar, was crushed to death beneath a threshing machine.

In a collision at Chaska between freight trains an engine and tender were demolished and a corner of the station was wrecked.

August Brovold of Fergus Falls was given an indefinite sentence in the state reformatory for obtaining money under false pretenses.

John Douglas was arrested at Bethel, near Anoka, charged with robbing the postoffice at Brunswick, Kanabec county, of $85 in stamps.

Former Judge Hine, for several years judge of the municipal court of St. Paul, died at Charleston, S. C. His malady was heart disease.

The cornerstone of the Y. M. C. A. building at Rochester was laid recently. President Northrop of the state university was the orator.

William Olson, nine years of age, was killed while coasting at Duluth. He was coming swiftly down a hill when he collided with a street car.

A. W. Thompson, deputy state auditor, has resigned his position, and C. S. Brown, a land clerk in the office, has been appointed to fill the place.

Fire started in the attic of the school for the feeble-minded at Faribault and but for prompt work might have caused a heavy loss. Damage, $1,600.

Sketch plans of the $50,000 public building that will be constructed at Crookston, Minn., have been approved by the assistant secretary of the treasury.

The body of Andrew E. Huber was found in Summit Park at St. Paul with a bullet wound in the right temple. Coroner Miller decided that it was a case of suicide.

The large skating rink at Janesville, occupied as a poultry and produce station and also used as the village fire station, was entirely burned, causing a loss of about $3,000.

William Beauhart, the homesteader who shot and killed Louis Kling at Lake Emily, Cass county, recently, mistaking him for a deer, has been indicted for manslaughter.

Alfred W. Norton, president of the defunct Nerstrand State bank, charged with embezzlement of the bank's funds, was fined $1,000 and sentenced to two years in Stillwater.

The Winona Good Roads association has completed its organization by the appointment of a vice president for every town in the county. The movement has aroused great enthusiasm.

Pickpockets recently cleaned up $1,150 on the Minneapolis & St. Louis trains, according to complaints entered with the company by persons who heve been passengers on the road.

W. Campbell is under arrest at Wells on a charge of having committed an assault upon a drayman. It is alleged that he struck the drayman on the head with an iron rod, crushing his skull.

While decorating the grave of her husband Mrs. Wilhelmine Unverworn of New Ulm was stricken with apoplexy and was found lying across the grave in an unconscious condition. She died the following day.

A ninety-year-old man and a twelve-year-old boy were found near Chisholm after having been lost for two days and a night in the woods, without fire or food, and with snow knee deep. They lost their way while in pursuit of a wounded deer.

Andrew J. Volstead of Granite Falls, re-elected Nov. 6 as congressman from the Seventh district, probably spent less money to secure the office than any other candidate in the state. Volstead's expenditures, as forwarded to the secretary of state's office, total $106.25.

With the advent of real winter, a foot of snow and zero temperature hundreds of farmers around Fergus Falls have given up all hope of getting their threshing done this year, and the delay is going to mean a heavy loss as spring threshing is anything but satisfactory and not always possible.

The November term of the United States court at Winona lasted just fifteen minutes. All four cases on the calendar were continued. Fifty-five petit jurors, brought here at an expense of $1,500, were discharged without doing any active work.

The Commercial club of Breckinridge held a banquet recently at which the subject of a Greater Breckenridge aroused much enthusiasm. United action will be taken to make that city the most sanitary and progressive civic organization in the Red river valley.

Mayor Silverson of New Ulm had two saloonkeepers arraigned Saturday, charged with keeping their places of business open after 11 o'clock in the evening. They pleaded guilty and each paid a fine of $10 and costs. Mayor Silverson is determined to keep the lid on.

GAINED 34 POUNDS

Persistent Anaemia Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills After Other Remedies Had Failed.

"When I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills," says Mrs. Nathaniel Field, of St. Albans, Somerset county, Maine, "I was the palest, most bloodless person you could imagine. My tongue and gums were colorless and my fingers and ears were like wax. I had two doctors and they pronounced my trouble anaemia. I had spells of vomiting, could not eat, in fact, did not dare to, I had such distress after eating. My stomach was filled with gas which caused me awful agony. The backache I suffered was at times almost unbearable and the least exertion made my heart beat so fast that I could hardly breathe. But the worst of all was the splitting neuralgia headache which never left me for seven weeks. About this time I had had several numb spells. My limbs would be cold and without any feeling and the most deathly sensations would come over me.

"Nothing had helped me until I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, in fact, I had grown worse every day. After I had taken the pills a short time I could see that they were benefiting me and one morning I awoke entirely free from pain. The distress after eating disappeared and in three weeks I could eat anything I wanted and suffer no inconvenience. I also slept soundly. I have taken several boxes of the pills and have gained in weight from 120 to 154 pounds and am perfectly well now."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure anaemia because they actually make new blood. For rheumatism, indigestion, nervous headaches and many forms of weakness they are recommended even if ordinary medicines have failed. They are sold by all druggists, or will be sent postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Won His Way Into Print.

"I hear that Boreleigh writes. Has he ever had anything published?"

"Oh, yes; he sent a testimonial letter to a patent medicine concern once."—Puck.

Trappers' Supplies Sold Cheap.
Write for Catalogue No. 9. N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

A woman with natural peaches and cream complexion never gets any credit for it. Every one says: "Artificial."

CREAM.
You can get 30c or more. Ship to-day.
CRESCENT CREAMERY CO., ST. PAUL.

Her Wasted Efforts.

"I understand your wife lectured you for an hour last night."

"Yes," answered Mr. Meekton. "She told me about a few of my faults."

"Didn't it annoy you?"

"In a way. You see, when a woman of Henrietta's gifts condescends to make a speech, it does seem a shame to have such a small audience."

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul: Felix J. and O. Biehn, Madison Lake, Minn., spring wheel; George F. Brandhuber, Pierre, S. D., engine starter; John Lundquist, Duluth, Minn., tongs; William W. McGrew, Phoenix, N. D., axle; Carl W. Moe and C. H. Nordblom, Minneapolis, Minn., evener; Joseph M. Schutz, Minneapolis, Minn., fuel burner; Joseph M. Schutz, Minneapolis, Minn., burning fuel.

Safer.

Office Boy—Two men to see you, sir. One of 'em has a gun and the other a poem.

Editor—Show in the one with the gun.

Helpful.

Mrs. Helphunter—"A young, strong girl like you from South Carolina ought to be able to do something around a house even if you cannot bake, wash, iron or dust furniture. Can't you do anything?"

"Um-um, missy, ya-as, ah kin cook yo' a gorjus possum dinnah. Ya-a-as, indeedy."—Puck.

Wealth of German Empress.

The German empress, in addition to jewels worth $500,000 that are her own private property, has the right to use the splendid collection of gems that belong to the Prussian treasury. The empress is thus able sometimes to appear at court wearing jewels roughly valued at $1,250,000.

LIKE A FAIRY TALE.

The Story of Postum Cereal in Words and Pictures.

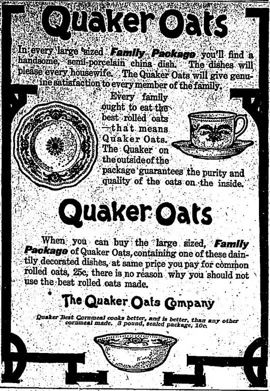
The growth of the Postum Cereal Co. is like a fairy tale, but it is true, every word of it.

"The Door Unbolted" is the title of a charming little booklet just issued by the Company which tells, and illustrates, the story of this remarkable growth. It takes the reader from the little white barn in which the business was started Jan. 1, 1895, through the palatial offices and great factory buildings of the "White City" that comprise Postumville, Battle Creek, Mich.

The little white barn, so carefully preserved, is a most interesting building, for it represents the humble beginning of one of the country's greatest manufacturing enterprises of today, an enterprise that has grown from this little barn to a whole city of factory buildings within but little more than ten years.

No less interesting is the quaint official home of the Postum Cereal Co. The general office building of Mr. Post and his associates is a reproduction of the Shakespeare house at Stratford-on-Avon, and upon the house and its furnishings has been expended vast sums of money, until the rooms are more like the drawing rooms of the mansions of our multi-millionaires than like offices.

That Mr. Post has believed thoroughly in the idea of giving to his employes attractive and healthful work rooms is proven not only by the general office building of the Company and its furnishings, but by his factories as well, and of all of these things this beautiful little booklet tells the interesting story. It will be sent to anyone on request.



Quaker Oats

In every large sized ***Family Package*** you'll find a handsome, semi-porcelain china dish. The dishes will please every housewife. The Quaker Oats will give genuine satisfaction to every member of the family.

Every family ought to eat the best rolled oats—that means Quaker Oats. The Quaker on the outside of the package guarantees the purity and quality of the oats on the inside.

Quaker Oats

When you can buy the large sized, ***Family Package*** of Quaker Oats, containing one of these daintily decorated dishes, at same price you pay for common rolled oats, 25c, there is no reason why you should not use the best rolled oats made.

The Quaker Oats Company

Quaker Best Cornmeal cooks better, and is better, than any other cornmeal made. 3 pound, sealed package, 10c.

MILWAUKEE CUSTOM MADE

Your shoe money will go twice as far if you buy the strong, well-made and hard-to-wear-out

Mayer SCHOOL SHOES

for boys and girls. They are made of the best seasoned upper leather and tough solid soles and have fewer seams than other shoes.

Mayer School shoes are shaped to prevent injury to growing children's feet. They

WEAR LIKE IRON

Your dealer has them or will get them for you—take no other. The Mayer trade-mark is stamped on every sole.

We also make the "Honorbilt" shoes for men and "Western Lady" shoes for women.

F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Co.
Milwaukee, Wis.

NO MORE MUSTARD PLASTERS TO BLISTER.
THE SCIENTIFIC AND MODERN EXTERNAL COUNTER-IRRITANT,

CAPISICUM VASELINE

EXTRACT OF THE CAYENNE PEPPER PLANT

A QUICK, SURE, SAFE AND ALWAYS READY CURE FOR PAIN.—PRICE 15c.—IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES—AT ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS, OR BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF 15c. IN POSTAGE STAMPS. DON'T WAIT TILL THE PAIN COMES—KEEP A TUBE HANDY.

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of the article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve Headache and Sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all Rheumatic, Neuralgic and Gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household and for children. Once used no family will be without it. Many people say "it is the best of all your preparations." Accept no preparation of vaseline unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine.

SEND YOUR ADDRESS AND WE WILL MAIL OUR VASELINE PAMPHLET WHICH WILL INTEREST YOU.

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STOVE POLISH

NO DUST DIRT SLOP SPILL NO SMOKE SMELL MUSS OR SPATTER

Harsh Criticism.

Ripley Hitchcock, the noted critic of New York, was talking at the Century club about harsh criticisms.

"As harsh criticism as I know of," he said, "was compactly and neatly uttered by a bishop last spring.

"A minister wrote a commentary on the Lamentations of Jeremiah, and sent it to the bishop, along with a note asking for a few critical words.

"The bishop sent the book back, after he had read it, with this judgment:

" 'There is but one thing that I regret about this work—namely, that Jeremiah is not living now to compose a fresh book of lamentations on your commentary.' "

WANTED SALESMEN At GOOD SALARY, paid weekly. Address GATEWAY NURSERY CO., Le Mars, Iowa.

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Minneapolis GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1906. NUMBER 22.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

BURNHAM GUILTY SAYS THE JURY

FIRST CONVICTION GROWING OUT OF INSURANCE INVESTIGATION.

CHARGE OF LARCENY HOLDS

VICE PRESIDENT OF MUTUAL RESERVE USED FUNDS ILLEGALLY.

New York, Dec. 13.—George Burnham, Jr., a vice president and general counsel of the Mutual Reserve Life Insurance company, yesterday was convicted of larceny of $7,500 of the company's funds. The prosecution and conviction of Burnham was an outgrowth of the investigation of insurance companies in this state by a legislative committee a year ago. Two other officers of the insurance company, Frederick A. Burnham, president, and George D. Eldridge, vice president, were indicted at the same time as the man who was convicted yesterday. Five indictments were returned against each of the defendants.

False Entries in Books.

The charge against George Burnham, Jr., is that in 1901 he paid J. Douglass Wells with company funds for a loan alleged to have been made to Frederick A. Burnham, the president, and that the payment was concealed by false entries in the books of the insurance company.

One of the sensational features of the trial which ended yesterday was the production of a check by the prosecution which bore the name of Louis F. Payn, former superintendent of insurance, and the United States Express company, of which Senator Platt is president. It was not claimed, however, that Burnham paid the amount of this check to Mr. Payn, but that it was used to resist an alleged demand by Payn for $100,000 from the life insurance company.

SENATOR BROWN DYING.

Utah Man's Chances of Surviving Are Slim.

Washington, Dec. 13.—Former United States Senator Arthur Brown, who was shot down in his room at the Raleigh hotel last Saturday by Mrs. Anna M. Bradley, is gradually sinking and his death may occur at any moment.

Mrs. Bradley, who is still in a cell at the house of detention, when told the former senator was slowly sinking, expressed herself as deeply shocked.

ROW OVER DEITY'S NAME.

Oklahoma Constitutional Delegates Have Heated Debate.

Guthrie, Okla., Dec. 13.—The constitutional convention yesterday entered into a heated discussion of the question of whether the supreme being should be designated as the "supreme ruler of the universe" or "God Almighty." Petitions from different religious sects, including one from the atheists, were presented, asking that there be no religious discrimination in the language of the constitution.

MAY ADD TO ROOSEVELT FUND.

Carnegie Is Said to Plan Increase to Arbitration Trust.

Washington, Dec. 13. — Intimations were given out last night upon what appears to be reliable authority that Andrew Carnegie has expressed a determination to add to the Nobel peace prize fund which has been turned over to the president and by him set aside as a permanent fund in the aid of conferences to promote industrial peace in the settlement of labor and other differences, a substantial contribution.

ADMITS BOLD ROBBERY.

Man Arrested for One Kansas Crime Confesses to Another.

Great Bend, Kan., Dec. 13.—Joseph S. Kearns, the former Chicago dry goods clerk and newspaper man who was captured here last Saturday after robbing a Great Bend bank in broad daylight, confessed to having robbed the Midland National bank at Newton, Kan., on the afternoon of Nov. 13, when he locked the clerks and customers, six in all, in the bank vault and escaped with $1,800.

Held for Contempt.

Fargo, Dec. 13. — Charles Mitchell, who was shot some weeks ago by Frank Lake, a notorious character here, was fined by Judge Pollock for contempt. Mitchell wandered over to Moorhead and did not appear in court as the prosecuting witness after the jury was secured.

Shot Dead Through Window.

New York, Dec. 13.—Salvatore Svelazo, while sitting in the back room of a saloon, was shot and killed by an unknown assassin. The murderer fired a double charge of heavy bullets through a window near which Svelazo was sitting.

Indicted for Conspiracy.

Boone, Iowa, Dec. 13.—A. B. Hitchcock, Harry C. Moore and J. H. Clark, milk dealers, who published an agreement to put up the price of milk, were indicted for conspiracy.

FRENCH CHURCH BATTLE IS ON

PAPAL NUNCIO IS ARRESTED AND EXPELLED FROM THE REPUBLIC.

Paris, Dec. 13. — Mgr. Montagnini, secretary of the papal nunciature here since the recall of the nuncio, was arrested upon an order expelling him from France, and last night, accompanied by a commissary of police, departed for the Italian frontier.

Yesterday was a historic day for France. The struggle which began in 1880 with the banishment of the Jesuits ended yesterday with the legal rupture of the bond which for practically a thousand years uninterruptedly has united church and state. By the refusal of the required declaration, under the public meeting law of 1881, public Catholic worship, except by schismatic organizations, to-day becomes illegal.

Excitement at Vatican.

Rome, Dec. 13. — Contrary to his usual habit, the pope remained up until a late hour last night for the purpose of personally reading the telegrams and going over certain documents concerning the situation in France.

Persons thoroughly familiar with the Vatican affairs declare that no such excitement and apprehension has prevailed at the Vatican since the loss of temporal power.

IMPOSES FINES OF $150,000.

Sugar Trust and Cooperage Company Punished for Rebating.

New York, Dec. 13.—Fines aggregating $150,000 were imposed yesterday upon the American Sugar Refining company and the Brooklyn Cooperage company, after the defendants, through counsel, had pleaded guilty to indictments charging the acceptance of rebates on sugar shipments. The sugar refining company was fined $80,000 and the cooperage company $70,000.

After the fines were imposed United States District Attorney Stimson, who conducted the prosecution, told the court that he thought the amount of the fines assessed was sufficiently large to act as deterrent to rebaters in the future and that the government would consent to the remainder of the indictments against the American Sugar Refining company and the Brooklyn Cooperage company being dismissed. Judge Holt granted a motion dismissing the other indictments.

FIGHTS MANIC IN THE DARK.

Englewood (S. D.) Man Binds Madman Who Entered House.

Deadwood, S. D., Dec. 13. — Fred Clark of Englewood was awakened at midnight by the breaking of window glass, and springing from his bed found himself face to face with a maniac. The demented man was A. Fredericks, a neighbor. Clark grappled with his mad visitor and the two men were soon in a desperate struggle on the floor. Just as he was almost overcome Clark secured a hold on the maniac's throat and choked him into submission. He then bound him firmly with a rope and brought him in yesterday before the authorities.

MRS. BIRDSONG GUILTY.

Jury Recommends Her to Mercy of Court.

Hazelhurst, Miss., Dec. 13. — In one of the saddest court room scenes on record in the state, Mrs. Angie Birdsong was yesterday found guilty of manslaughter for killing Dr. Thomas Butler and was recommended to the mercy of the court.

Mrs. Birdsong, twenty-two years of age and a member of a leading Mississippi family, in November, 1905, shot and killed Dr. Thomas Butler, also prominently related. She alleged that he boasted of illicit relations with her and that his boasts were untrue.

LOOKS GOOD FOR MINNESOTA.

Interest on Indian War Bonds Will Probably Be Paid.

Washington, Dec. 13.—The claim of the State of Minnesota against the federal government for interest on the bonds issued in 1862 to raise money to suppress the Indian uprising of that year, will in all probability be adjudicated by congress in accordance with an opinion just rendered by the controller of the treasury. Nearly $70,000 is involved. The case was submitted to the house yesterday by the secretary of the treasury.

HARRIMAN PROBE ON DEC. 28.

Head of Union and Southern Pacific Subpoenaed as Witness.

Washington, Dec. 13.—The investigation determined on several weeks ago into the management and control of the Union and Southern Pacific properties of the Harriman system of railroads will be started in New York city on Dec. 28. E. H. Harriman and many other officials and others identified with the system have been subpoenaed.

CONVERTS TO PARADE.

Evangelist Purposes to Hold Service and March Late at Night.

La Crosse, Wis., Dec. 13.—The spectacle of hundreds of marching converts parading the principal streets and chanting hymns at midnight is planned by Rev. Dr. Biederwolf, an evangelist who is conducting revival services in La Crosse.

The evangelist plans to have all people claiming to be Christians march to the theater, where a service will be held at midnight on Thursday.

FRENCH CHURCH WAR IS AVERTED

EDITOR PREVENTS CLASH BY APPEALING FOR SERVICES UNDER LAW OF 1881.

WILL BE NO RELIGIOUS WAR

DRASTIC ACTION OF GOVERNMENT HAS HAD SOBERING INFLUENCE.

Paris, Dec. 13.—The prefect of police this afternoon announced that the government had accepted an application by M. Martinet, editor of the Renaissance, for permission, under the public meetings law of 1881, to hold religious meetings in all the churches, as being in compliance with the law. In other words the step taken provides for the legalization of Catholic services in the churches of Paris today and makes unnecessary proceedings against parish priests and vicars.

Danger of Disorders.

The clergy of Paris issued special appeals last night to their parishioners to be present at the churches today at the first mass celebrated outside the pale of the law. The government, however, purposes to proceed gently. The services will not be broken up, but policemen will be in attendance to note infractions of the law and cite officiating priests or their assistants before the nearest justices of the peace. The chief danger of disorders to Paris is believed to lie in the possible invasion of churches by rowdies and free thinkers.

Has Had Sobering Effect.

Efforts by members of the chamber of deputies and other disinterested persons to insure a continuation of services by inducing laymen in each parish to make the forbidden declaration have not met with much success.

The indications are against anything which might be dignified by the name of religious war, and the prompt expulsion from France Tuesday of Mgr. Montagnini, secretary of the papal nunciature here since the recall of the nuncio, coupled with the threats to expel recalcitrant clergymen from France, has had a sobering influence.

CHANCE YET FOR IRELAND.

Archbishop's Standing at Vatican Unaffected by Storer Affair.

Rome, Dec. 13.—The reopening of the Storer case has aroused the keenest interest at the Vatican. A cardinal who is advocating the appointment of Archbishop Ireland said that had not the ambassador's recall coincided with the archbishop's visit here, and had not the case been given undue publicity, the appointment would now be an accomplished fact.

It is said on good authority that the Vatican regards the quarrel as personal to President Roosevelt and Mr. Storer and as not affecting an unwilling third party.

SHAH'S TIME IS SHORT.

Physicians Say He Cannot Live More Than Five Days.

Teheran, Persia, Dec. 13.—The condition of the shah remains practically unchanged. At a consultation of physicians yesterday it was discovered for the first time that his majesty's heart had become seriously affected, thus adding a new complication. The condition of his heart and the repeated syncopes lead to the consensus of opinion that the shah cannot live more than five days.

HOLY WAR IS PROCLAIMED.

Raisuli's Agents Announce Attack Upon Christians.

New York, Dec. 13. — A cable dispatch from Tangier states that at all the country markets within thirty miles, public criers announced an approaching Christian invasion, and called upon the people to be prepared for a holy war.

The criers stated that Raisuli would supply the money, rifles and ammunition to all who did not possess them. This news created a profound impression.

Free Seed Hearing.

Washington, Dec. 13.—Hearings on free seed distribution began before the house committee on agriculture yesterday. Several speakers were heard in opposition to the distribution. They said great injustice is done to dealers by the present system.

Coal Goes to Glenburn.

Minneapolis, Dec. 13.—Relief has been sent to fuel-famine stricken Glenburn by the Great Northern. Five cars of soft coal have been started for that point since the appeal of the Glenburn Commercial club was received.

May Conspire to Strike.

Madison, Wis., Dec. 13.—Judge A. L. Sanborn of the United States district court decided in the case of the Allis Chalmers Company vs. The Iron Molders' Union that a conspiracy to strike to better condition is not unlawful.

Is Made Pauper; Ends Life.

Ashland, Wis., Dec. 13.—Made desperate because he had been committed to the county almshouse, Peter Larson, eighty-six years old, shot himself through the head, dying instantly.

JEROME LEADS IN BIG RAID

DESCENDS UPON ALLEGED GAMBLING HOUSE AND ARRESTS 144 MEN.

New York, Dec. 13.—Led by District Attorney Jerome the police last night raided an alleged gambling house and arrested 144 men who were charged with having refused to aid the police when a felony was being committed. Fictitious names are given following such a raid, but last night the district attorney instructed the sergeant at the police station to require the bondsmen to make oath that the prisoners' names and addresses as given were correct. In nearly every case the bondsmen refused to give bail. The result was that at a late hour the majority of the 144 men were still held in cells. The unusual charge against the 144 prisoners grew out of an earlier attempt to enter the place. A detective had mounted a ladder and through a window saw what he thought was gambling. He called upon the men within to admit him, and when they failed to comply he notified the district attorney that an officer of the law had been defied.

FOUR AMBASSADORS NAMED.

President Appoints Envoys to France, Italy, Russia and Brazil.

Washington, Dec. 13. — The president yesterday sent the following nominations to the senate:

Ambassadors extraordinary and plenipotentiary: Henry White, Rhode Island, to France; Lloyd C. Griscom, Pennsylvania, to Italy; John W. Riddle, Minnesota, to Russia; Irving B. Dudley, California, to Brazil.

Envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary: Leslie Coombs, Kentucky, to Peru.

DAVIS HAS SCHOOL AID BILL.

Introduces Measure to Help Forestry Work in States.

Washington, Dec. 13.—A bill was introduced by Representative Davis yesterday increasing by $5,000 the annual appropriation made by congress for the benefit of state agricultural colleges. The measure provides that the sum named shall be used at each agricultural college in affording a course in scientific forestry.

Ice Breaks; Boy Drowns.

Mille Lacs, Minn., Dec. 13.—While skating across the southern end of Mille Lacs lake, Harold Rogers, fourteen years old, broke through the ice and was drowned.

Slugged and Robbed.

Waterloo, Iowa, Dec. 13.—Two men beat Edward Olds over the head with a piece of gas pipe, robbed him of $50 and left him for dead. He is in a precarious condition.

Two Are Appointed.

St. Paul, Dec. 13. — Gov. John A. Johnson has an announced the reappointment of John E. King as state librarian and John E. McDermott as state oil inspector.

Cannery Explodes and Burns.

Greenwood, Ind., Dec. 13.—The vegetable canning factory of the J. P. Polk company burned yesterday, following an explosion. The loss is estimated at $220,000.

Falls 200 Feet; Dies.

Butte, Mont., Dec. 13. — Patrick O'Connor, a miner at the Minnie Healey mine, fell 200 feet down a shaft and sustained injuries from which he died.

Fatally Shot.

Bayfield, Wis., Dec. 13.—J. B. Toutlog, a bartender, shot Dell Reel in the face with a 38-eight caliber revolver. The cause was said to be a dispute over 25 cents.

Coal Dealer Is Guilty.

Omaha, Dec. 13. — F. E. Howell, president of the Omaha Coal exchange, was yesterday convicted under the provisions of the state anti-trust law.

Holiday Recess.

Washington, Dec. 13. — The house yesterday adopted the concurrent resolution to adjourn for the Christmas holidays on Dec. 20, to reconvene on Jan. 3.

Woman Wins Prize.

Cedar Falls, Iowa, Dec. 13. — Miss Clara Tolstrop of Jewell, a member of the Zeta society, won the first place at the normal woman's oratorical contest.

Sawmills Are in Operation.

Akeley, Minn., Dec. 13. — The Red River Lumber company's big sawmills are now in full operation. The output is 500,000 feet of lumber a day.

Minnesotan Killed.

Winnipeg, Dec. 13.—Ira B. Sall was instantly killed by a street car wheel going over his head. He is supposed to have come from Minnesota.

Algeciras Treaty Ratified.

Washington, Dec. 13.—The senate in executive session yesterday ratified the general fact of the Algeciras conference.

Accidentally Killed.

Plainfield, Wis., Dec. 13. — Leon Greenfield accidentally shot and killed himself while hunting.

Three "Piggers" Convicted.

Valley City, N. D., Dec. 13.—Three piggers have been convicted so far in this term of court.

TAME REPORT ON ELEVATORS

INTERSTATE BOARD WILL DISAPPOINT CONGRESS IN ITS FINDINGS.

PREFERENCES HELP FARMERS

NO COMBINATIONS BETWEEN RAILROADS AND ELEVATORS DISCOVERED.

Washington, Dec. 13. — The interstate commerce commission is about to submit to congress its report of the investigation of the grain elevator situation.

Despite rather sensational testimony at the hearings, the essential features of the report indicate no discoveries of startling character. The commissioners found no ownership of elevators by railroad officers to any extent, nor were railroad officers interested improperly in the grain business. In a number of cases some persons were found interested in grain business who were also interested in railroads, but not in the management of railroads.

Have Granted Preferences.

It is established that railroads, through elevator allowances, and by granting use of their elevators to one person cheaper than to another, have granted preferences, but instead of reducing the price to the farmer the effect has been rather to help him, because it has induced a competitive condition between the elevators of different lines at the same places. It also has reduced the price of transportation, and therefore has resulted in greater benefit to the farmer.

There have been combinations between country elevators and combination between grain buyers at leading centers like Chicago, Minneapolis and Duluth, for the purpose of artificially fixing the price which should be paid to the farmer, but at the present time this condition does not exist.

G. N. INCREASES STOCK.

Issues $60,000,000 Additional Preferred Stock.

New York, Dec. 13.—At a meeting of the directors of the Great Northern railway, held yesterday afternoon, it was voted to authorize an increase of $60,000,000 in the company's preferred stock and to give stockholders the opportunity of subscribing therefor at par. The purpose of this issue of new stock is not given in detail, the statement being made that it is "to finance the capital requirements of the Great Northern railway for the next two years."

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED.

Senate Approves of President's Cabinet Changes.

Washington, Dec. 13. — The senate yesterday confirmed the nominations of William H. Moody of Massachusetts to be an associate justice of the supreme court; Charles J. Bonaparte of Maryland, to be attorney general; Victor H. Metcalf of California, to be secretary of the navy, and Oscar S. Straus of New York, to be secretary of commerce.

RUEF PLAYS FOR DELAY.

Argument Against Indictment Will Not Be Ended Until Monday.

San Francisco, Dec. 13.—The trial of Mayor Eugene Schmitz and Abraham Ruef was continued yesterday before Judge Dunne, with the defense endeavoring to secure delay. The argument of Attorney Ach, representing Ruef, to have the indictments set aside was resumed and he announced that it would not be completed until Monday.

ICE COMPANIES IN A TRUST.

New Concern Begins by Absorbing a Chicago Company.

New York, Dec. 13.—E. R. Thomas has announced that he and his associates, controlling a majority of the stock of the Knickerbocker Ice company of Chicago, have completed plans for the absorption of that company by the Western Ice company, a new flotation, which is to be the holding company of a number of ice companies of the West.

DECEIVES ALL BUT EXPERTS.

Excellent Specimen of the Counterfeiters' Art Is Discovered.

New York, Dec. 13.—One of the best counterfeits that has recently come to the notice of the government authorities has found its way to the subtreasury. It is a ten-dollar silver certificate, bearing the Buffalo imprint. It would deceive any one but an expert.

Imprisoned Under Load.

Sheridan, Wyo., Dec. 13. — While driving from Shoshoni to Deepass during a blinding snow storm the wagon of a man named Abernethy was overturned and he was caught beneath the load and fatally injured.

Log Rolls; Kills Man.

Duluth, Dec. 13.—Peter Darrock was fatally injured in the woods sixteen miles north of here. He was piling logs and one of them rolled down upon him, crushing in his ribs. He lived only an hour.

COMMONS AND LORDS AT OUTS

HEATED SCENE ACCOMPANIES VOTE OF REPUDIATION IN COMMONS.

London, Dec. 13.—The hostility between the house of lords and the house of commons has now reached an open stage. The lower house, after debating the matter all day, last night rejected all of the amendments of the lords to the education bill by a vote of 416 to 107, the Irish members voting with the government.

The final scene was one of intense excitement. Lord Lansdowne, leader of the opposition in the upper chamber, and many other peers were in the galleries.

Augustine B. Birrell, president of the board of education, repudiated on behalf of the government the idea of being offensive toward the peers. Mr. Balfour, leader of the opposition, declared that the government's action was a challenge to the house of lords. The method the government has adopted, he declared, left not the smallest hope for a compromise.

LINE TO TAKE IN OWATONNA.

Trolley From Twin Cities to Go to Many Towns.

Owatonna, Minn., Dec. 13. — That Owatonna is to be on the new trolley line and is to have a trolley system radiating from this main line through its streets seems now to be an assured fact. When the trolley from the Twin Cities reaches Faribault it will divide and one line will be built directly south to Owatonna, while the other will branch off southeastward to Rochester, thus satisfying both cities. The line to this city eventually be extended to Albert Lea and Austin.

The principal cities through which the line will pass are Mendota, Farmington, Rosemount, Dundas, Northfield, Castle Rock, Faribault, Owatonna, Kasson, Mantorville and Rochester.

NEW GOVERNOR BANQUETED.

North Dakotans Hold Jubilee Meeting at Fargo.

Fargo, N. D., Dec. 14.—Gov.-elect Burke was given a big reception and banquet last night. The reception was given in the Commercial club rooms, where hundreds of citizens took advantage of the opportunity to greet the new governor. The banquet followed in another hall, where a large contingent of Democrats from all over the state, with scores of Fargoans, regardless of party affiliations, joined in giving the new executive a hearty greeting.

MAN BLOWN FAR ISN'T HURT.

Explosion in Gas Plant Stops Lighting and Car Service.

Centerville, Iowa, Dec. 13. — This town is in darkness because an explosion occurred yesterday at the gas plant, wrecked the gas making machinery, tied up the street car system and injured James Osey and Oral Ruggles, neither of whom was seriously hurt.

Ruggles was hurled fifty feet through the air by the force of the explosion, but escaped with scarcely a scratch.

STEAL COMPANY'S COAL.

Sixteen Employes of Railroad Are Discharged.

Fort Dodge, Iowa, Dec. 13.—As the result of investigations made by railroad secret service men, the Illinois Central has dismissed sixteen men employed by the company here. It is said that investigations have revealed the fact that there has been a systematic theft of company coal by employes.

FIND BANDIT GUILTY.

Thomas Connors Is Convicted of Robbery.

Valley City, N. D., Dec. 13.—After being out but a few minutes, the jury in the case of Thomas Connors, charged with highway robbery, returned a verdict of guilty.

Connors held up two Northern Pacific brakemen in the caboose in which they were sleeping at Sanborn.

ALLEGED THIEF IS SUICIDE.

La Crosse Man Leaps Into River in Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Dec. 14.—Rather than stand trial for larceny, Fred Miller yesterday jumped into the river and was drowned. Miller, under the alias of J. W. Hobart, was wanted in La Crosse for larceny of a watch and money.

Roadmaster Is Arrested.

Waterloo, Iowa, Dec. 13. — Roadmaster Hollenshors has been arrested on complaint of the officials of the Great Western on a charge of being implicated in a grafting system whereby the railroad has been mulcted out of several thousand dollars by means of padded pay rolls.

Schultz Reappointed.

St. Paul, Dec. 13.—J. W. Olsen, state superintendent of public instruction, announces that C. G. Schultz, the assistant superintendent, will be retained in that capacity during the next two years.

Every Bone Was Broken.

St. Paul, Dec. 13.—Ole Nystadt fell off a swing scaffold from the ninth story of the Great Northern general offices building and was instantly killed. Every bone in his body was broken.

PART OF JAP ARMY NOW IN HONOLULU

TWO REGIMENTS, COMPLETELY OFFICERED, ARE SAID TO BE IN HIDING.

ARE DISGUISED AS LABORERS

JAPANESE ARE POURING INTO UNITED STATES BY WAY OF TEXAS.

Honolulu, Dec. 13.—It is stated here and has been reported to the United States government at Washington, that two regiments of Japanese, completely officered, are in Honolulu disguised as laborers. Whether they are armed is not known.

Denied at Washington.

Washington, Dec. 13. — The Honolulu report that Japanese troops, fully officered, are in that city disguised as laborers, and the fact had been reported to this government, met with an emphatic denial here last night.

Acting Secretary of State Bacon said he had heard nothing of such a report. Secretary of State Taft stated that no such report ever had been made to this government, and at the Japanese legation the story was promptly denied.

Japanese Pouring In.

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 13.—The number of Japanese applying for admission to the United States through this port has noticeably increased in the last ten days. Yesterday thirty-seven Japanese applied for admission. They are, according to the immigration officers, pouring into the United States from Mexico through the ports of Eagle Pass and Laredo.

CONGRESS.

House Puts Its Foot on Simplified Spelling.

Washington, Dec. 13. — The house yesterday began the consideration of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill by paragraphs, and completed thirty-four pages before adjournment. Several hours were consumed in debating an amendment referring to simplified spelling. The provision adopted instructs the public printer to use the orthography generally recognized by the standard dictionaries.

The open session of the senate was limited yesterday so that the major portion of the day might be devoted to a consideration in executive session of the Algeciras treaty. The feature of the day was a speech by Senator Rayner upholding the state rights doctrine as involved in the present Japanese question.

REBELS ARE DEFEATED.

Ecuador Government Troops Rout Rebel Forces.

Guayaquil, Ecuador, Dec. 13.—The reports of the defeat of the rebels under Col. Vegas are confirmed. Gen. Paez, with 400 government troops, attacked the rebel forces Dec. 10. After three hours' fighting Vegas and thirty-four of his followers were captured. The government lost two men killed and sixteen wounded.

FREE SHOOTING IN CHURCH.

Pastor Gets a Bullet in Trying to Quell the Riot.

Birmingham, Ala., Dec. 13.—Rev. T. W. Walker, who was recently fined for causing a disturbance on a street car, was shot while in his church by a member of his own congregation. Walker, it is said, was trying to separate a crowd of men in church who were shooting at each other.

Seizure of an American Vessel.

Washington, Dec. 13. — The senate yesterday adopted a resolution calling on the president to furnish information and all correspondence relative to the seizure by the Mexican government of the fishing schooner Silas Stearns.

Play on Ice Fatal to Two.

Muscatine, Iowa, Dec. 13.—William Pallicheck and William Kern, two boys, while playing on the ice on a pond near the city limits, were drowned by the sudden breaking of the ice.

Dynamite Two Safes.

Aberdeen, S. D., Dec. 13.—Two safes were dynamited in this city last night, and one was so badly twisted that the robbers failed to get a large sum of money. The other safe yielded $50.

Bootlegger Is Fined.

Akeley, Minn., Dec. 13. — William Weldger was fined $50 for selling liquor near the lumber camps. He was also bound over to the district court for selling liquor without a license.

Ultimatum for Reichstag.

Berlin, Dec. 13.—Emperor William has authorized Chancellor von Buelow to dissolve the reichstag and order new elections if the supplementary appropriations asked for by the government are not granted by the house.

Heart Fails After Spree.

Menominee, Mich., Dec. 13. — The dead body of Charles Johnson, a well-to-do fisherman, was found in his shanty, following a two weeks' spree. Heart failure is supposed to be the cause.

FREE
TO ALL
CHURCH SUPPERS
AND
SOCIETY DINNERS
IMPORTED JAPANESE
NAPKINS
WITH PURCHASES OF
CHASE & SANBORN'S
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GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv......Crookston......Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar.....St. Hilaire.....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv.......St. Hilaire.......Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar..........Wylie..........Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
A. J. McFarland, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

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H. E. IVES, Publisher.
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Saturday, Dec. 15, 1906.

Congress is pounding away and very soon our own legislature will be doing the usual stunts.

It is sure a great year for the Johnson family and the Minneapolis Johnson looks like an easy winner for speaker.

Joel G. Winkjer is an expert on creameries and a capable official, but seems to have slighted the political end, so he loses his job.

It is probable that the primary election law will be amended by the legislature this winter. There is plenty of room for improvement.

Rush City Post: Congress wants to get busy right now and tinker that infernal tariff law. No use to battle with the trusts as long as our present tariff laws exist.

Stillwater Gazette: A man who has had experience, says that if your business isn't worth advertising, advertise it for sale. And there is a lot of truth in the statement.

Financiers are advocating an "elastic currency." If they can only invent a scheme whereby a five-dollar bill can be stretched to pay a ten-dollar account every country editor in the land will join in to make it popular.

Representative-elect Opsahl is still talking about drainage. Seems to me there was some talk about drainage prior to November 6th, but the people did not take kindly to it. It will revive again when the snow melts.

The village of Walker has a municipal electric lighting plant and they have discovered that it is being run at a loss. Hereafter lights will be turned off at midnight. Here is a chance for our council to do some investigating.

Northfield News: The future success of the republican party depends upon what the legislature does. If it shows itself subservient to corporations and to boss rule the people will reject the party it represents. If it is determined to do right and to carry out popular reforms it can outlive and outbear the reproach which executive officials, subservient to corporation influence, may succeed in bringing upon the name of republicanism.

Norman County Index; The members of the legislature from the southern part of the state are preparing to oppose a reapportionment of the representation in the legislature. At present a number of the northern districts have from three to four times the population of some of the southern districts but the favored districts of the state do not propose to give up their advantage unless they are compelled to do so. This district, composed of Norman, Beltrami, Clearwater and Red Lake counties, has a population of 54,682. Many of the districts in the older portions of the state have a population of from 12,757, the smallest, to about 15,000. Other districts in this portion of the state have nearly as large a population as this one, and shows how unfairly the representation is at present. The northern members should insist upon redistricting, and there is no reason why it cannot be done without legislating anyone out of office.

Deception of Wild Birds.

Falcons—hawks, the largest species—can compress their features and look very thin if they think it necessary to do so. As to the owls, they can hump into any position they think most suitable. It is useless to look for these self preserving traits in any of the family kept in zoological collections, for the birds are so accustomed to see large numbers of people passing and repassing or standing in front of them that they treat the whole matter with perfect indifference. They know that at a certain time their food will be brought to them and that they are otherwise perfectly safe. The raptures in a wild state have a bloom on their plumage, like the bloom on a bunch of grapes, which is not so often seen when in captivity.

A Native African Food.

The native food of the Malunda country in southern Africa comprises manioc and that alone. It is a plant particularly adapted to wet, marshy soil, says the author of "In Remotest Barotseland." It takes two years to arrive at maturity, and while growing requires very little attention. The root when full grown is about the size and has very much the appearance of a German sausage, although at times it grows much larger. One shrub has several roots, and the extraction of two or three in no way impairs the growth of the remainder. When newly dug it tastes like a chestnut, and the digestion of the proverbial ostrich can alone assimilate it raw, but when soaked in water for a few days until partly decomposed, dried on the roofs of the huts and stamped it forms a delightfully white soft meal, far whiter and purer than the best flour. Then it is beaten into a thick paste and eaten with a little flavoring composed of a locust or a caterpillar, which the natives seek in decayed trees. Another way of eating this native luxury is by baking the roots after soaking them and eating it as you would a banana.

George Eliot's Savonarola.

Savonarola is one of the most striking characters in George Eliot's great historical novel "Romola," the scene of which is in Florence and the period that of Savonarola's career. The idea of writing the book occurred to the novelist while on a visit to Florence, and on a second visit to the city, in 1861, she began to carry out her project. The subject and design were foreign to the author's genius, but she spared no pains in making a thorough study of the locality, the people and the literature of the Italian renaissance for the purposes of her story. In her own words, the work "plowed into her" more than any of her books. She began it, she says, as a young woman and finished it as an old woman. Her picture of Florence and Savonarola is undeniably impressive, and some critics declare "Romola" to be George Eliot's greatest novel and the character of Savonarola one of the finest delineations.—Pearson's.

Size of Heads.

The average adult head has a circumference of fully twenty-two inches. The average adult hat is fully six and three-quarters size. The sizes of men's hats are six and three-fourths and six and seven-eighths generally. "Sevens" hats are common in Aberdeen, and the professors of our colleges generally wear seven and one-eighth to eight sizes. Heads wearing hats of the sizes six and three-eighths and smaller or being less than twenty-one inches in circumference can never be powerful. Between nineteen and twenty inches in circumference heads are invariably very weak and, according to this authority, "no lady should think of marrying a man with a head less than twenty inches in circumference." People with heads under nineteen inches are mentally deficient and with heads under eighteen inches invariably idiotic.—London Young Woman.

Safest Place In Trains.

"I have one rule for my family when they travel," said the conductor of the suburban train, "and that is for them never to ride in the rear coach or the first one and, preferably, not in the coach next to the last or first. The reason for it is so obvious that I should think the foremost and last cars of a train would have scant patronage from anybody who reads of railroad accidents. If there is a smashup, those are the coaches that suffer. It seems strange that some kind of a buffer is not put behind the locomotive tender and at the rear of the train. How many lives would be saved by a device of the kind one has only to study the statistics of railroad accidents to figure out for himself."—New York Press.

Lifting a Kettle of Hot Water.

Some time when the teakettle is bubbling and boiling on the kitchen range lift it quickly by its handle and set it on the open palm of your other hand. This sounds like a very foolhardy thing to do—as if your hand might be blistered in a twinkling—but you will find that you can hold the teakettle which has just come from a roaring fire for some time without hurting you. Try it and then see if you can tell the reason why you are not burned. Be sure, however, that the water is boiling strongly before you make the experiment.

A Kippered Pastor.

A French Protestant pastor was the guest of a Scottish preacher at a manse. One morning kippered herrings were served at breakfast. The French pastor asked the meaning of "kipper." His host replied that it meant "to preserve." On taking his leave next day the French pastor, wringing his host's hand, said, "May the Lord kipper you, my good friend."

Postage Stamps.

Postage stamps are peculiarly liable to become septic and to convey deadly germs, says the British Medical Press and Circular, a fact that cannot be too widely known to the public who find in it a popular substitute for sticking plaster.

Never Missed It.

Teacher — Who discovered America? Small Boy—Dunno. Teacher—Why, I supposed every boy in school knew that. Small Boy—I didn't know that it was lost.

Somewhere.

"Pardon me, madame. I think I have seen you somewhere."

"Very likely. I go there very often."—Le Sourire.

If thou love learning thou shalt be learned.—Socrates.

Notice for Bids for County Printing.

Sealed proposals will be received by the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, until January 8, 1907, at five o'clock p. m., for publishing the proceedings of the board of county commissioners, the delinquent tax list and financial statement and such other notices as may be required during the year 1907.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio Clerk of the Board.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake. } ss.

In the matter of the petition of John A. Duffy and others, for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 28.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 28, beginning at a point 40 rods south and 80 rods west of the northeast corner of the southwest quarter of section 1, in township 151, range 44, and running thence south along the quarter section line to a point near the center of the northwest quarter of section 12 in said town and range, thence west across the west half of the northwest quarter of said section 12, following the natural water course, to the section line between sections 11 and 12 and between sections 13 and 14, making a highway between said sections 11 and 12 to a coulee at or near the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of said section 14, putting the necessary culverts between sections 11 and 12, and terminating at said coulee, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands, and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Thomas McNirthney, S. A. Swanson, John Flanigan, Pangburn & Schurz, John Lehmkuhl, W. C. Gray, Edward Busse, Frank H. Gagnon, P. O Floan, J. A. Jones, Anna Hartje, William Gubler, Napoleon Constant, John Schmitz, August C. Speiker, Fritz Schmitz, William Clarke and Mary Rose and that the engineer appointed by the board of county commissioners of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor, and that the viewers appointed by said board of county commissioners to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Wednesday, the ninth day of January, 1907, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at ten o'clock a. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said board of county commissioners at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal) County Auditor of
Red Lake county, Minnesota.
d8-22

Notice of Hearing Upon Petition of Freeholder

Whereas, a petition signed by T. A. Bergedal, a freeholder of school district No. 35, in this county, representing that he is the owner of the following described lands, situate in said district, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of section 12, in township 152, range 42, has been presented to the county board of Red Lake county. And asking that his said lands may be set off from said district No. 35, to said district No. 125, and the said board has appointed a time and place for hearing thereon: Therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given that said petition will be heard by said board at a session thereof commencing on the 9th day of January, A.D. 1907, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at which time and place the said board will hear the evidence and the arguments of all persons interested, for or against granting the prayer of the petitioner.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., Dec. 10, 1906.

By order of the county board.

JAMES E. FORD,
(Seal.) County Auditor and
d15-22 Ex-officio clerk of Board.

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Formation of New District.

Whereas, a petition has been filed with the county board of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, signed and acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who reside in the proposed new district herein described, and who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts, and duly verified by the affidavit of one of the residents of said proposed new district praying for the organization of a new school district out of the territory hereinafter described, to-wit:

The E½ of section 17, all of section 16, SW¼ of SW¼ and lots 4, 5 and 8 of section 10, all lands on the south side of Red Lake river in sections 14, 15, 23 and 24, NE¼, NE¼ of NW¼ and lots 4, 5, 6 and 7, and the SE¼ of SE¼ of section 20, sections 21, 22, 25, 26 and 27, NE¼, N½ of NW¼, N½ of SE¼ and SE¼ of SE¼ and lots 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 28, lot 3 of section 29, lots 3 and 4 of section 33, NW¼, NE¼ of SE¼ and lots 3, 4 and 5 of section 34, and sections 35 and 36, in township 153 range 42, (township of Smiley) and the said board of county commissioners have appointed a time and place for a hearing upon said petition as by law required;

Now therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a hearing upon said petition will be had at a meeting of the said board, commencing upon the 9th day of January, A. D. 1907, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county at which time and place the said county board will hear arguments of all persons interested, for or against the proposed organization of said new school district.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 10th day of December, A. D. 1906.

By order of the county board of Red Lake county, Minn.

{ County Auditor's Seal. } By JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio Clerk of Board.
d15-22

Any time is the proper time for saying what is just.—Greek Proverb.

The "Redgeton"
SEWING MACHINE.
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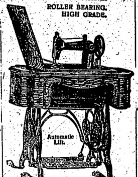
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Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.
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EXTREMELY LOW RATES
Between all Points on the
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Final Return Limit Jan. 7, 1907.
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and MORE OF IT.
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Five daily trains from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago including The Day Express, affording a daylight ride in full view of the beautiful scenery of the Mississippi river. Canadian Excursion Tickets also accepted without extra charge on The Pioneer Limited and the U. S. Government Fast Mail Trains.

Round Trip rate to points in Eastern Canada, $40. Dates of sale, Dec. 1 to Dec. 31, 1906. Liberal return limits and stop-over privileges.

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Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3850 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

St. Hilaire Lodge, Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K. R. Killand, Secy.

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From Thief River Falls, makes regular visits to St. Hilaire Thursdays and Fridays at Dr. J. C. Cummings' office.

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Next door to Hotel Markham.

For CHOICEST
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Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
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McMURRAY'S VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR
A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

—Bargains in high grade toilet soaps at L. M. Rolland & Sons.

The schools will close next Friday for a two weeks' holiday vacation.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

J. W. Bourdon, of Red Lake Falls, was a business caller here last Wednesday.

We are lucky here in one respect that there is no danger of a scarcity of fuel.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Sheriff Dan Linnihan was here from Red Lake Falls on business last Wednesday.

George L. Austin make a short business trip to Thief River Falls last Thursday.

Edward Peterson was here from his reservation claim last Tuesday for a short visit.

Axel Jacobson and Adolph Avelson made a short trip to Thief River Falls last Saturday.

Mrs. Steve Nelson made a trip to Fargo this week with her little girl to see a specialist.

—We have the new steel cut coffee, Baker's "Barrington Hall." L. M. Rolland & Sons.

J. B. Armstrong, the well known Red Lake Falls merchant, was a visitor here last Monday.

Christ Hall left last Monday for Bemidji where he has accepted a position at the saw mill.

Miss Eda V. Brink came from the country last Friday evening to make a short visit with her folks.

E. R. Evans came back from Crookston last Monday, where he spent several days with his family.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

Rev. Alex Sand returned on Wednesday from Grand Forks, where he will go every two weeks to hold services.

President C. L. Hansen of the Merchants State Bank was a business visitor at Crookston last Wednesday evening.

The memders of the "L. C. O. Club" spent a very pleasant afternoon last Sunday at the home of Albin Helberg.

Oscar Gunstad went down to Crookston Tuesday evening, where he began to take a course in the Crookston College.

There are a lot of men in this town who will be handy with a shovel before spring if the snow keeps on coming down.

Nap. Miller moved his barber shop and residence the first of the week into the building recently vacated by Albert Fellman.

Robbers entered the Great Northern station at Greenbush last Tuesday evening and got away with forty dollars in change.

—We will have a limited supply of dressed pickerel, whitefish, halibut and Finnian haddies for Xmas. L. M. Rolland & Sons.

Walt McAndress came in from his homestead near Highlanding last Wednesday and spent a couple of days visiting friends.

Mrs. P. N. Anderson and children left on Tuesday for Bemidji where they will join Mr. Anderson who is working in the saw mill.

Railroading in North Dakota is a hard proposition these days, the Soo west of Thief River Falls being blockaded by snow most of the time.

County Auditor Ford issued 146 hunters' licenses for Red Lake county hunters this year. We wonder how many of them killed big game?

Of course you pay your money,
But you get your money's worth,
For what does money mean to you
When Rocky Mountain Tea's on earth. Imperial Drug Co.

Beautiful snow is fast getting to be a nuisance as we have entirely too much already. We have had two good-sized snow storms the past week and this winter at present gives promise of being a record breaker for deep snow.

—For lute-fisk and oysters go to L. M. Rolland & Sons.

—Apples at Duntley's.

Dr. Spofford is at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, the 8th day of every month. Latest scientific methods in examining eyes and fitting glasses.

Miss M. Ellen Krein came down from Osnabrock, N. D., last Tuesday to spend several weeks here on account of the illness of her grandfather, Andrew R. Peterson.

County Auditor James E. Ford has just completed the October tax statement which is compiled as follows: Collections, $28,346.24; refundments, $4,019; net amounts, $28,306.05.

Mr. Andrew Johnson and Miss Emma Thoreson were married at the home of the bride in Sanders Tuesday, Dec. 4, in the presence of a large number of friends, Rev. Alex Sand officiating.

Floods the body with warm, glowing vitality, makes the nerves strong, quickens circulation, restores natural vigor, makes you feel like one born again. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

Courier: It is rumored that our genial friend, Frank Jeffers, will leave Red Lake Falls sometime in February to go to Montana. We hope this is only a rumor, for the loss of Frank to Red Lake Falls will be felt by all who have had the good fortune to meet him.

In another column will be found the notice for the annual meeting of the Bray Fire Insurance company which will have its stockholders' meeting in this village on January 7th, 1907. This company has had another prosperous year, and its annual statement will show a decided gain over last year.

—Crookston College is an old reliable school that has established a reputation for turning out competent help and as a result of this, they have inquiries from all over the northwest for book-keepers, stenographers, teachers, clerks, etc. They have now several good positions that they cannot fill. Write to J. C. Sathre, President.

Elected Officers.

The Modern Brotherhood elected the following officers at their meeting on the 10th of December:

President—A. S. Wilson.
Vice-Pres.—Wm. Eickhoff.
Secretary—K. R. Killand.
Treasurer—Mrs. Jennie G. Wilson.
Chaplain—H. O. Jackson.
Conductor—C. Steen.
Watchman—John Carlson.
Sentry—Thomas Deach.
Trustee 3 years—H. E. Nelson.

M. W. A.

The following officers were elected by the M. W. A. on Dec. 6, to serve the coming year:

H. O. Jackson—V. C.
Ole Loberg—W. A.
K. R. Killand—Clerk.
E. M. Hoff—Banker.
Anton Anderson—Escort.
Leonard Holmes—Watchman.
H. C. Adams—Sentry.
Andrew Soderberg, Jens Nelson—Managers.

Winkjer Out.

News has been received here that the state dairy and food commission have decided to dispense with the services of Joel G. Winkjer as dairy inspector after January 1st on account of lack of funds. Mr. Winkjer has done more in the past two years to encourage dairy development in the northern part of Minnesota than any other man and has, we think, done more to earn his salary than any other of Governor Johnson's appointees. He may not have devoted a great deal of his time boosting democratic politicians, but he has been of great service to this part of the state and should be retained. A petition is being circulated among his friends asking for his re-appointment.

Died.

On Friday morning, December 14th, 1906, at his residence in this village, Andrew R. Peterson, aged 75 years, 16 days, of old age.

Andrew R. Peterson was born in Sweden on November 28, 1831, and emigrating to this country in 1864, settled in Carver county, Minn. About a year later he moved to Kandiyohi county where he lived until 1883. He then moved to North Dakota where he resided until 1904 when he moved to this village.

He was married in 1859 to Miss Anna Mary Nelson, whom he survived by a year. This union was blessed with three children, August, Anna Mathilda and Claus, all now living. Besides these there are now eleven grand children to mourn his loss.

The funeral will be held on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock, December 15th, from the Swedish Mission church, Rev. August Rodfeldt officiating.

Business Booming.

About the busiest and most profitable business in the northern part of Minnesota at present is the St. Hilaire creamery. Notwithstanding the heavy snow and bad roads the receipts continue to be large and their butter having a reputation sells at the top price. They have lately made a contract with Swift & Co., who take all of the product and this week they are selling to that company all of their butter in pound prints, getting 31 cents a pound for it delivered at the depot here. This means that they will pay at least 30 cents a pound for butter fat to the patrons and the farmers who were prepared for winter dairying are receiving a generous touch of true prosperity. Such success is bound to be felt the coming year in the land values and general prosperity of this section.

We care not how you suffered, nor what failed to cure you, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea makes the puniest weakest specimen of man or womanhood strong and healthy. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

—Get your supply of apples at Duntley's.

To Attend Semi-Centennial Celebration.

Washington, Dec. 12.—Representative Halvor Steenerson yesterday invited Vice-President Fairbanks, president of the Federal senate, to visit northern Minnesota next year for the purpose chiefly of attending the semi-centennial celebration of the founding of the White Earth Indian reservation. The invitation was likewise made to Mrs. Fairbanks and daughter and they received with many expressions of probable acceptance. In fact one of the members of the family stated today that the vice president and family would attend if nothing arose meanwhile to prevent. Chief Hole-in-the-Day of the reservation and other prominent Indians united in the invitation. Among the leading citizens of the reservation are Ben, Charles, and Peter Fairbanks, who claim distant relationship to the vice president. Mr. Steenerson was much pleased with the manner in which his invitation was received. It will be a big event and other prominent men are to be invited. Lacy of Iowa, an irrigationist, looks askance at the reception of the invitation and said today that he thought Mr. Steenerson had some ulterior diplomatic object in view.

To Blow Out Ditch.

Crookston Journal: Minneapolis experts have made the proposal to the bondsmen in ditch No. 2 (judicial), which is laid out to run between this county and Norman, to blow out that proposed waterway for a distance of one mile and a half. The career of the ditch which has been under construction for the past year has been a very checkered one. Contractor Eikhoff who bid in the ditch and really attempted to get in to do the contract fell down on the proposition and the matter was turned over to his bondsmen which include A. Knute Austin, C. A. Hitchcock and L. Holmes with two or three others.

The bondsmen have found it to be an elephant on their hands and the construction of the ditch has been dragging for the past year much to the annoyance of the people to be benefited by the ditch and of the county officers taking care of it.

A New Idea.

W. D. Boyce, a capitalist of Chicago, submits proposal to take entire postal service out of the government's hands. His idea is:

To turn over the postoffice business to a $50,000,000 private corporation under full government regulation.

To reduce by one-half all postal rates, establish rural postal express and apply business methods throughout.

To pay the government rental for postoffice quarters, and charge it regular rates for its postal business.

To place in charge a well known railroad traffic expert to whom the place has been offered at $30,000 annually.

To eliminate all sinecures, politics and the deficit.

To pay the government all profits above 7 per cent on capital.

Combined Door Knob and Bell.

A western inventor has recently introduced a combination door knob and door bell, which serves to give warning of the entrance of any one, and minimizes the danger from sneak thieves. The door knob is hollow and is made in two parts, the outer part forming a gong. Within this gong are a couple of balls, which are operated by means of gearing connected with the spindle to sound the gong whenever the spindle is turned, thus giving the alarm. To keep your mind and body in good trim drink golden grain belt beer. It is pure, wholesome and nourishing and the ideal home beverage. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Mr. Dooley's New Observations.

In the language of a friend "Dooley is gittin' gayer and wiser all th' toime." He has never written so brilliantly as in the new series of Dooley articles which are now appearing in The Chicago Sunday Record-Herald. His views on "Me Young Frind Count Boney's Love Affairs," "Th' Prisidint's Activities" and other timely observations in the new series are the choicest things the author has ever offered his thousands of admirers, full of witty sayings which will be quoted for years to come. These "Dooley" articles, each complete in itself, will appear in successive Sunday issues of The Record-Herald.

A Warning!

The postal authorities at Washington have called the attention of the public to the following postal law: "Any person circulating or causing to be circulated through the mails any letter or mail matter which contains language of an indecent, lewd, lascivious, obscene, libelous, scurrilous, defamatory or threatening character or that reflects injuriously upon the character or conduct of another may be, upon conviction of each and every offense, fined not more than $5,000 or imprisoned at hard labor for not more than five years, or both, at the decreation of the court."

Ignorance of the law is no excuse.

For Sale or Rent.

The west half of NW quarter of section 7-152-43 and east half of NE quarter of section 12-152-44 containing one hundred fifty acres adjoining the village of St. Hilaire. The best and most convenient stock and grain farm in Red Lake county. If interested write K. O. Lee owner at Aberdeen, S. D., or call on K. O. Gigstad, agent at St. Hilaire.

The Ruling Passion.

Beggar—Can you help a poor man to— Pedestrian—I think you have touched me before. Beggar—Possibly, sir, possibly. You see I'm a stranded photographer, and the old habit of retouching clings, sir.

SEARCHING FOR KELLY

The Pinkerton Force in Milwaukee Cannot Find a Trace of His Whereabouts.

Crookston Times: The mystery of the disappearance of Roy Kelly is more of a mystery at the present time than when it was first learned that he was missing. Although the entire Pinkerton force in Milwaukee have been searching for him, not a trace of his whereabouts has been discovered and it now looks as though he must have met with some accident or foul play. Boyd Munroe his brother-in-law, returned yesterday morning from Milwaukee after a week's search and stated that no clue had been found. Mr. Munroe first went to the hotel where Roy had been staying and it was found that no one remembered him at the hotel except the clerk who registered him. He went to the theatre on Saturday night on which he wrote his last letter home and returned to the hotel. He was not seen after that day by anyone. When his room was opened his suit-case was found on the bed open and he had evidently just changed his clothes. His heavy overcoat was on a hook in the room and it looked as though he had just stepped out to mail a letter. Not one thing further was discovered and Mr. Munroe was forced to return without any definite knowledge of any sort. Not only the entire Pinkerton force of Milwaukee are searching for him but the entire system throughout the United States are on the lookout and unless he has met with foul play he will probably be located.

Souvenir Playing Cards

Issued by Great Northern Railway.

The Great Northern Railway and Great Northern Steamship companies have issued a new edition of playing cards. They are printed on exceptionally fine stock, and are better cards for the price asked than can be had elsewhere. The advertising, consisting of the trade mark, is worked into an oriental design and is confined entirely to the back of the card. The steamship card is the more elaborate of the two and is finished with gilt edges. Great Northern Railway cards fifteen cents per pack. Steamship cards twenty-five cents per pack. Mailed to any address on receipt of price.

A. L. Craig,
Passenger Traffic Manager,
St. Paul, Minn.

ANNUAL MEETING

Of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

The annual stockholders' meeting of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company will be hald at the village hall at St. Hilaire, Minn., on Monday, January 7th, 1907, at 11 a. m., at which time will occur the annual election of a president, secretary and three directors, and such other business as may lawfully come before the meeting.

Nels K. Anderson,
C. P. Swanson, President.
Secretary.
St. Hilaire, Minn., Dec. 15, 1906.

Knew the Symptoms.

Young Wife—My sweetest, darling, best hearted hubby! Hubby (resigned-ly)—All right, spring it. I am prepared for the worst.—Meggendorfer Blatter.

America's Failings.

America has little of the economic sagacity of England, intellectual acumen of Germany or social rhythm of France.—A. E. Winship in Armenia.

TIME
It Takes
Three months for
HAMM'S
"New Brew"
to go from the kettle to you
When
it gets to you
Hamm's "New Brew"
Is Properly Aged, Pure, Satisfying
and Delicious
Bottled and On Draught
Everywhere
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
St. Paul, Minn.

$1 One Dollar $1
IT IS ENOUGH to start a bank account with, and if you adopt a systematic method of saving the dollars will pile up surprisingly. Why not adjust your expenses so that they will not exceed three-fourths of your earnings? That will enable you to save a quarter of every dollar. Just figure what such a system would have done for you had you commenced it five years ago! But, cheer up! It isn't too late! NOW is the time to open the bank account and put away ONE DOLLAR out of every FOUR that you earn. This has been tried by the writer and the results are enormous. We welcome your account and will help you to succeed.
Merchants State Bank
OFFICERS:
C. L. Hansen, President. D. Patterson, Vice-President.
A. D. Stephens, 2nd Vice-Pres. :::: K. O. Gigstad, Cashier.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE.....
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed.
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

Backache
...AND...
KIDNEY DISEASES
Quickly Cured with
KIDNEY-ETTES
They will strengthen and build up the worn out tissues of the Kidneys, the trouble will disappear and you will be restored to perfect health. You will notice the beneficial effects at once when taking KIDNEY-ETTES. Pleasant to take, act directly upon the Kidneys. Price 25 cents for a full size package. Try them and be convinced.
Prepared by
BERG MEDICINE CO., Des Moines, Iowa

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, - - - - MINNESOTA

Gold Medal Flour
ALWAYS GOOD
WHEN YOU BUY FLOUR always see that the name GOLD MEDAL is on the bag and your cook will have no trouble in making good bread. Don't be talked into buying other grades in order to save a nickel.
BUY "GOLD MEDAL" AND PLEASE THE COOK.
We can supply you with "Gold Medal" Flour in any quantity and at reasonable prices.........
M. L. HANSON.

TORTURED WITH ECZEMA.

Tremendous Itching Over Whole Body —Scratched Until Bled—Wonderful Cure by Cuticura.

"Last year I suffered with a tremendous itching on my back, which grew worse and worse, until it spread over the whole body, and only my face and hands were free. For four months or so I suffered torments, and I had to scratch, scratch, scratch, until I bled. At night when I went to bed things got worse, and I had at times to get up and scratch my body all over, until I was as sore as could be, and until I suffered excrutiating pains. They told me that I was suffering from eczema. Then I made up my mind that I would use the Cuticura Remedies. I used them according to instructions, and very soon indeed I was greatly relieved. I continued until well, and now I am ready to recommend the Cuticura Remedies to any one. Mrs. Mary Metzger, Sweetwater, Okla. June 28, 1905."

Send for Our Free Harness Booklet.
If you are about to buy a harness, don't fail to write us to-day, or ask your dealer to show you our line.
SCHEFFER & ROSSUM CO.,
St. Paul, Minn.

Cost of a World-Wide Patent.

To protect an invention all over the world it is necessary to take out sixty-four patents in as many different countries, the estimated cost of which is $2,500.

For Prices on Poultry
Either Live or Dressed, Write
R. E. COBB. St. Paul, Minn.

Needed Something.

Magistrate—You admit having taken the purse and watch?

Prisoner—Yes, your worship. I was weak; for two days I had taken nothing.

TURKEYS WANTED, also Veal and Chickens. C. J. Ertz, 30-32-34 E. 3rd St. (Oldest house in St. Paul.)

Bibulous.

"Why do I drink brandy so early in the morning? Simply because when I've taken a glass of brandy I feel quite another man. Then that other man wants a glass of brandy, and he feels quite like another man. After a bit I lose count."

CREAM.
You can get 32c or more. Ship to-day.
CRESCENT CREAMERY CO., ST. PAUL.

The right to rule is acquired by ruling ourselves aright.

Good Rubber Boots.
That last and do not leak. Stout's patent "Snag-proof." If your dealer does not keep them send for prices to Goodyear Rubber Co., St. Paul, Minn., Northwestern distributors, and Mention this paper.

He who cheers others need not fear for himself.

EXPENSIVE ECONOMY.

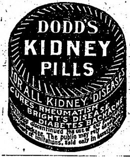
To Save a Penny Sometimes Costs More Than a Pound.

I have seen a lady spoil a pair of fine gloves trying to rescue a nickel from a mud puddle. Several people have been run over by street cars or teams in New York while trying to rescue a dropped package, a hat, an umbrella, or a cane.

A Paris bank clerk, who was carrying a bag of gold through the streets, dropped a ten franc piece, which rolled from the sidewalk. He set his bag down to look for the lost piece, and, while he was trying to extricate it from the gutter, some one stole his bag and ran away with it.

"I intend to stop in at your father's office to-day and ask him for your hand."

"All right, and tell him I said to say yes."



32c CREAM
We are paying 32 cents per pound for Butter Fat in Cream, starting December 3rd, and will advance our price if market goes up.
The way for a farmer to get the most out of his cream, is to ship it to some big city creamery.
We are the largest in the Northwest, and pay the highest market price at all times. Spot cash for every can. Start to-day.
MILTON DAIRY CO., 21 W. 9th St., St. Paul, Minn.

MOTORS and DYNAMOS
Ask for free catalog 81-165.
Fairbanks, Morse & Co.,
ST. PAUL.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C. Advice free. Terms low. Highest ref.

NEW WHEAT LANDS IN
THE CANADIAN WEST

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

5,000 additional miles of railway this year have opened up a largely increased territory to the progressive farmers of Western Canada and the Government of the Dominion continues to give ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY ACRES FREE to every settler.

THE COUNTRY HAS
NO SUPERIOR

Coal, wood and water in abundance; churches and schools convenient; markets easy of access; taxes low; climate the best in the northern temperate zone. Law and order prevails everywhere.
For advice and information address the SUPERINTENDENT OF IMMIGRATION, Ottawa, Canada, or any authorized Canadian Government Agent.
E. T. HOLMES, 325 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

FILLING UP THE CANADIAN WEST

The American Settler Is Welcomed to Canada.

A number of the leading newspapers on this side of the line have been noticing the growth of the Canadian West in recent years, and draw attention to the fact that there seems to be no abatement of the influx of settlers to that great grain-growing country. The Buffalo Express thus refers to the subject:

"Canada West continues to grow. There were 4,174 homesteads entries there in July of this year, as against 3,571 in July, 1905. Canada plumes herself over this fact, with becoming pride. But what appears to make our neighbors happiest is the statement that of these 4,174 homesteaders, 1,212 were from this side of the line. Little is said about the 97 Canadians who recrossed the border to take up homes in Canada West, or of the 808 from Great Britain, or of the 1,236 from non-British countries. It appears that the item in this July report that makes Canada rejoice most is this of the 1,212 American farmers who decided to try their fortunes in Canada West.

"The compliment is deserved. The 1,212 were mostly from Dakota and other farming states, and go into Canada fitted better than any other class of immigrants for developing the new country. They take capital with them, too, say Canadian papers proudly. In every way they are welcome over there."

As the Express well says, the American is welcomed to Canada, and the reasons given are sufficient to invite the welcome. The American farmer knows thoroughly the farming conditions that prevail in the Canadian prairie provinces, and is aware of every phase of agricultural development in recent years.

In practical knowledge of what is wanted to get the largest return for labor and investment he is by long odds superior to any European settler. He knews what is required to bring success, and he is able and willing to do it, and his future causes no apprehension to the successful Canadian farmer. The agent of the Canadian Government, whose address appears elsewhere, says that the difference between the manners and customs of the farmer from Dakota, Oregon or Minnesota and the farmer from Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta is not nearly so marked as that between the farmer of the Maritime provinces and the Ontario tiller of the soil. Hence the welcome to the free homesteads of the Canadian West, and there are hundreds of thousands of them left, that is extended to the settler from the Western States.

An Independent Depositor.

Pat Shaughnessy, hearing that the bank in which he kept his savings had failed, rushed around with his bank book and demanded all his money. The paying teller straightaway began to count it out.

"Oh, ye've got it, have ye?" said Shaughnessy, with a sigh of relief. "Kape it, then. Oi don't want it as long as ye have it."

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, }
LUCAS COUNTY. } ss.
FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.
{ SEAL } A. W. GLEASON,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Willing to Pay.

In a suit recently tried in a Virginia town a young lawyer of limited experience was addressing a jury on a point of law when, good naturedly, he turned to opposing counsel, a man of much more experience than himself, and asked: "That's right, I believe, Colonel Hopkins?"

Whereupon, Hopkins, with a smile of conscious superiority, replied: "Sir, I have an office in Richmond wherein I shall be delighted to enlighten you on any point of law for a consideration."

The youthful attorney, not in the least abashed, took from his pocket a half dollar piece, which he offered Col. Hopkins with this remark: "No time like the present. Take this, sir, tell us what you know, and give me the change."

In the Garden of Eden.

Adam (returning to dinner, to Eve) —Good heavens! O, these women! They can't leave anything alone. You have gone and made the salad out of my Sunday clothes!

Learn the Barber Trade.
Write for free illustrated catalog 3 explaining all. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis.

If you have a pole long enough you can still knock a railroad pass off the Christmas tree.

Nothing pleases a man with a well-developed sense of humor so much as setting two chronic bores to boring each other.

Canada Lands on Crop Payments.
Improved and wild in Manitoba and Saskatchewan. Write for list. Urquhart Land Co., 550 Endicott, St. Paul.

When a man has the hot foot it is mighty easy for him to find an excuse to move.

Buy Home or Whynot Brand Crackers and Candies and be sure of the finest.

One reason people frequently take a lawyer's advice is that they have to pay for it.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The front door of delight lies through the garden of duty.

HIGH PRICES FOR HIDES, FURS AND Pelts. Write for tags and Price List. John Mack & Co., 13 N. 2d st., Minneapolis.

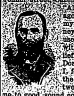
The law is best kept when it is lost in love.

Top Prices for Hides, Furs and Pelts.
Write for Circular No. 9. N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Sorrow is the parent of many a song.

DOES YOUR BACK ACHE?

Profit by the Experience of One Who Has Found Relief.



James R. Keeler, retired farmer, of Fenner street, Cazenovia, N. Y., says: "About fifteen years ago I suffered with my back and kidneys. I doctored and used many remedies without getting relief. Beginning with Doan's Kidney Pills, I found relief from the first box, and two boxes restored me to good, sound condition. My wife and many of my friends have used Doan's Kidney Pills with good results and I can earnestly recommend them."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

There, Now.

Miss Speltz—I heard you complimenting her upon her girlish appearance. What did she say?

Mr. Jollyer—She said: "Ah! but I'm sure I'll look very much older when I'm 40."

Miss Speltz—Huh! she means she'll look very much older when she admits she's 40.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: William R. Ball, St. Thomas, N. D., tie-plate; Frank E. Coulter, Sioux Falls, S. D., ear drum; John C. Dangerfield, East Grand Forks, Minn., fire escape; Charles Elofson, Minneapolis, Minn., milk pasteurizer; Paul Hanson, St. Paul, Minn, mowing machine; Maurice H. Hartsough, Minneapolis, Minn., loading apparatus; John S. Tupper, Park River, N. D., halter tie.

Generous.

Customer—What! Fifty cents for that chicken? Don't you take anything off?

Butcher—No, sir, no sir, not even a leg. I am willing you should have it all.

Worth Knowing About.

If you need a first-class laxative, there is nothing better nor safer than that old family remedy, Brandreth's Pills. Each pill contains one grain of solid extract of sarsaparilla, which, with other valuable vegetable products, make it a blood purifier of excellent character. If you are troubled with constipation, one pill at night will afford great relief.

Brandreth's Pills are the same fine laxative tonic pill your grandparents used. They have been in use for over a century, and are for sale everywhere, either plain or sugar-coated.

CURIOUS PEASANT SUPERSTITION

Horses Ridden by the Spirits—Winds That Waft Thanks of the Dead.

It was formerly almost universally believed that on All Saints' day the dead were permitted to leave their tombs and to roam abroad, says the London Tribune. In some parts of Britanny, and in other places, the peasants even now are careful to lock up their horses in the stables lest the dead, rising from their graves in the early morning, should seize them and ride furiously to some distant spot they may have frequented in life.

In the Northern departments people refrain from slamming doors sharply on this day lest they should hurt an invisible spirit entering, and the children are forbidden to throw stones into the hedges or trees for fear that the missiles should wound the soul of some departed relation or friend hovering about in them.

In Alsace little lamps, lanterns and glimmering tapers arranged in the form of a cross are seen burning all night long close to the ground in many a cemetery. They are destined to rejoice the souls as they rise from their graves.

Perhaps the most common of all superstitions concerning the dead is that about noon on All Saints' day there comes a gentle gust of wind. The peasants in the fields raise their heads in the hope and expectation of feeling it, for it is the dead wafting their thanks to the living for their prayers and remembrance of them.

NO MEDICINE.

But Change of Food Gave Final Relief.

Most diseases start in the alimentary canal—stomach and bowels.

A great deal of our stomach and bowel troubles come from eating too much starchy and greasy food.

The stomach does not digest any of the starchy food we eat—white bread, pastry, potatoes, oats, etc.—these things are digested in the small intestines, and if we eat too much, as most of us do, the organs that should digest this kind of food are overcome by excess of work, so that fermentation, indigestion, and a long train of ails result.

Too much fat also is hard to digest, and this is changed into acids, sour stomach, belching gas, and a bloaty, heavy feeling.

In these conditions a change from indigestible foods to Grape-Nuts will work wonders in not only relieving the distress but in building up a strong digestion, clear brain and steady nerves. A Wash. woman writes:

"About five years ago I suffered with bad stomach—dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation—caused, I know now, from eating starchy and greasy food.

"I doctored for two years without any benefit. The doctor told me there was no cure for me. I could not eat anything without suffering severe pain in my back and sides, and I became discouraged.

"A friend recommended Grape-Nuts and I began to use it. In less than two weeks I began to feel better, and inside of two months I was a well woman and have been ever since.

"I can eat anything I wish with pleasure. We eat Grape-Nuts and cream for breakfast and are very fond of it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Seasonable Entertainments and Suggestions for Social Functions

By EDITH A. BROWN

Society Editor of the Chicago Record-Herald.

Revival of Yule Log and Wassail Bowl—Charades and "Blindman's Buff" Appropriate Christmas Games—New Year's Dancing Party—Favors from Father Time —Singing Out the Old Year.

Christmas eve brings its own responsibilities and responsibilities which are heavier than those of the very day of Christmas. For the parents of small folks there are the tree and the preparation for the coming of the good St. Nicholas and for the children themselves there is the excitement of "things hoped for and things to come."

In the olden times the eve, as well as the day which follows, was the signal for all kinds of merry-making, in fact the festivities started in earnest at this time with the bringing of the Yule log. In this day of flats and gas and electric lights the Yule log for the average household is an impossibility, but for those who are so fortunate as to possess a country home, its bringing is a celebration which should not be missed. In the ancient days when the Yule log was set ablaze the singing began and merry songs and Christmas carols formed the enjoyment for some time, meanwhile every guest tossing upon the burning log a bit of green and wishing good luck to come upon the members of the household. This is a pretty custom which might be kept alive to-day if stoves or grates are lighted in the rooms and at this Christmas-tide even in the modern steam-heated flats the usual gas grates should be lighted for a little time, at least. When the fire is blazing the lights should be turned out, the only illumination coming from the fire and the three tall wax tapers which custom has passed down as representing the Holy Trinity on these days of days.

Then, if the modern host desires to follow in the footsteps of his fathers he will brew the wassail bowl and the guests gathering round will tell the story of legend or experience and sing the songs which completes the festivities of Christmas eve, according to ancient custom. The fact that the eve this year falls upon the holy day makes the simple celebration of the ancients particularly attractive since the more elaborate festivities of our times may not be considered.

To-morrow night, for the households where there are littles ones, particularly, old custom says: "Play blind man's buff, charades and other old-time games. Have the blowing out of the Christmas candles, which must be done after the "victim" has been blindfolded and led in devious paths around the room; dance the Virginia reel and sing the Christmas songs."

A Merry Christmas!

• • •

Watching the Old Year Out.

And then a Happy New Year!

New Year's eve is perhaps the most popular of all the evenings of the year for young people's parties, but the fact that this year the old year dies on Sunday night makes the usual frolic or dance by which the passing is celebrated, impossible. However, there is a certain period in the life of every young person when to sleep on New Year's eve is little less than a crime and the longings of this age should be appreciated by parents.

This year the actual New Year's eve must be celebrated quietly, but small parties may gather together and with story-telling and music pass a very happy evening even if the more boisterous amusements must be withheld. If there is an open grate marshmallows or chestnuts may be toasted while the stories are told. A special programme of music may be arranged for the evening and that good old New Year's song, "Ring Out Wild Bells," may be sung as the bells announce the coming of the new year.

After this it is Monday morning and a supper may be served immediately after midnight.

If, however, it is the desire to observe New Year's eve it can be combined with the New Year's celebration on the following night. This entertainment may be a dance. The ballroom should be hung with browned leaves, if it is possible to secure them, representing the dead year. In the reception rooms there should be bells—bells everywhere, bells of flowers, of evergreen, of holly with mistletoe clapper, and tiny silver bells strung on scarlet ribbon and draped in doorways, over lights and wherever drapery is possible. To hang these strands of bells where the guests may shake them as they pass will make the constant tinkling effective.

In the early portion of the evening a short dance programme may be given —a few simple cotilion sets being arranged for the hour or so preceding midnight. There may be a "bell set" danced to galop music with strands of sleigh bells given to the young men as favors and diamond-dusted paper muffs and boas to the young women. Then, arranged so the final couple will be leading the march around the room just before the hour of 12, dance the Virginia reel or the Sir Roger de Coverly, as representing the "old" in the dance.

As the clock strikes 12 the dancers stop. The hostess may be able to secure a vaudeville "bell-ringer" to come in at this hour to take the place of the orchestra. If so he should be ready to start "Ring Out Wild Bells" with the stroke of the clock. A soprano or tenor may sing the song to this accompaniment and while the song is being sung or played an old man with a long scythe over his shoulder enters and, ignoring the guests, deposits small scythes on the favor table or distributes them among the dancers. As he turns to leave the hall the song changes to Tosti's "Good-by." The moment he disappears the host enters the room bearing upon his shoulders a small child garlanded with flowers and the holiday greens and bearing a basket filled with small, filled hour-glasses, which the child either distributes or places by the side of the scythes on the favor table. The song changes for something happy—a New Year's song, a welcome or spring song or Mrs. Bond's "Where Youth's Eternal." Then some one calls "All two-step" and the dance, representative of the "new" begins.

After this the guests are taken to the lower floors of the house, or wherever supper is to be served. Here, after the idea of the new, greens and flowers should be used in plentiful decoration, and the supper should be served at small tables. For souvenir place cards get fancy calendars, which seem even more plentiful than usual this year.

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

MAN DOES WITHOUT WATER

Texan Who Has Not Taken a Drink of It for Nearly Fifteen Years.

Maj. Theodore Schiermier thinks he has disproved the theory that drinking water is necessary for the existence of a human being. He has not taken a drink of water for many years—just how many he does not know, but it is ten or fifteen, says a report from Brenham, Texas.

He found that water did not agree with him and he quit drinking it. He also quit eating all kinds of bread at the same time.

He began taking on flesh soon after he stopped using water and bread and is now fat and the picture of health. Although he is of middle age his complexion has the pink color and delicate appearance of a baby. His muscles are well developed and hard, and to all appearance he is in perfect condition.

Even in the hottest days of summer he is not troubled with thirst. Occasionally he drinks a glass of beer, but it is not often that he partakes of that beverage.

He subsists principally on raw meat, served in the form of tartar steak, and raw eggs. He eats few vegetables. The thirst which Maj. Schiermier had when he first began to abstain from the use of water for drinking gradually disappeared.

An old frontiersman, Capt. J. G. Merrill, in discussing the matter of water drinking said that in the earlier days, when frontier officers had long chases after Indians and border desperadoes, the water supply question never troubled the men, and they would have given it little thought but for the fact that their horses had to have water.

"Drinking water is a habit, just like drinking whisky is," continued Capt. Merrill. "I belonged for several years to Maj. Jones' company of rangers and there were several men in that company who had trained themselves to go for days at a stretch without a drop of water passing their lips. If their thirst made them uncomfortable they were wont to moisten their mouth and throat with the juice of a cactus. I got so used to going without water on my long rides over the plains of west Texas that I still care very little for the fluid. Frequently day after day passes without my drinking a drop of water or anything except a small cup of coffee which I take at my breakfast.

"I can show scores of old Texas frontiersmen who do not drink a gallon of water a month and are in the best of health and condition all the time. I also believe that the less water a person drinks the longer he will live.

"One-half of these long, sinewy, wiry, lank and lean fellows you see on the ranches in West Texas and in the little towns drink so little water that they hardly know what it tastes like; but these same men can outfight and outwork three of the ordinary fat water topers.

"The late Gen. Lawton had trained himself to go for days without touching water to his lips. He could stand any amount of marching and hard work.

"He got his first knowledge of the uselessness and injury of drinking large quantities of water from the Texas frontiersmen while serving with his cavalry troop in this state. He began to practice abstaining from water drinking and it was not long until he could go for days without partaking of it."

It is Capt. Merrill's opinion that many ills of the body are caused by the water-drinking habit.

IN CHURCH.

Just in front of my pew sits a maiden—
A little brown wing on her hat,
With its touches of tropical azure,
And sheen of the sun upon that.
Through the bloom-colored pane shines a glory
By which the vast shadows are stirred,
But I pine for the spirit and splendor
That painted the wing of the bird.

The organ rolls down its great anthem;
With the soul of a song it is blent;
But for me, I am sick for the singing
Of one little song that is spent.
The voice of the curate is gentle,
"No sparrow shall fall to the ground;"
But the poor broken wing on the bonnet
Is mocking the merciful sound.
—Our Sunday Afternoon.

Political Leader's Sons.

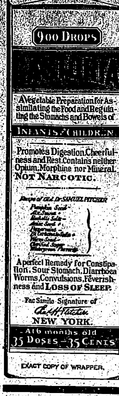
In recent years no political leader in New York state has had a son with a taste for politics. Senator Platt's son shows neither aptitude nor inclination for the game. Boss Tweed left no son, and Boss Murphy died childless, while Murphy, the present leader of Tammany, is in the same position. Richard Croker had three sons, but none of them cared for politics. Richard, the only remaining one, has not voted in years.

First Russian.

Rurik the Rodsen, or Oarsman, a daring sea rover, landed in 862 on the Russian shore of the Baltic with his brothers, Sineus and Truwer. He subjugated the country from Novgorod to the Volga, and his followers were called the Rodsen, or Russians, Rodsen, in the Scandinavian tongue of the period, meaning oarsmen. Rurik died in 879. The Russian warship Rurik, it will be remembered went down off Sakhalin last summer.

Hopeless.

"Is his word as good as his bond?"
"Just about; they're neither any good."—Houston Post.



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A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Bucks to Stop Pursuit.

Pursued by an indignant farmer whose tame ducks they had shot for wild fowls, two young and ignorant hunters saved themselves from capture by the farmer and his angry friends by throwing a duck away whenever the pursuers gained on them.

They must have read somewhere of the ruse of travelers in Siberia when hard pressed by wolves. The farmer thus got back all of the eleven ducks which had been shot, but he did not get the young men, for whom he is still looking. He was in the city to-day looking for them and telling his story to every one he met.

To Wash Velveteen.

Velveteen may be washed by shaking it about in warm Ivory Soap suds; then rinse thoroughly and let it drip dry. On no account squeeze or wring it. Be careful to hang it straight on the line, for otherwise it will be crooked when dry.
ELEANOR R. PARKER.

Pittsburg Mythology.

Pittsburg Millionaire—There's a swell copy of "Diana's Hunt."

His Friend—So? Who the deuce was Diana, anyhow?

Pittsburg Millionaire—What? And you visiting New York most every month? Why, Diana's the fairy doing the pose on Madison Square Garden tower!

National Pure Food and Drugs Act.

The Garfield Tea Company's preparations comply in every respect with the requirements of The National Pure Food and Drugs Act, June 30th, 1906. Serial No. 384, assigned by the Government, will appear on every package of their goods.

Apple Dumpling Suppers in Church.

The latest innovations in English church work are "apple dumpling suppers," which have proved a great success.

We Pay 32c for Cream To-day.
Cash for each shipment. Write for tags.
MILLER & HOLMES, St. Paul, Minn.

There is no reason to think that the judgment will accept a correct philosophy in lieu of a right practice.

Turkeys Wanted.
Also Ducks, Geese, Chickens, Butter, Eggs and Veal. Highest Prices Paid. No Commission Charged. Witt's Meat Market: At "Powers" 5th St. and 1st Ave. So. Minneapolis, Minn.

The man who never looks ahead with patience always evens up by looking back with a good deal of pain.

FURS, HIDES, PELTS.
Write for prices and ship to McMillan Fur & Wool Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

The average country boy is pretty well satisfied with life if he doesn't have to do the churning.

All Cloth Hats, Children's Dresses, etc., made to look like new with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.

If a boy is quiet every one wonders what he is up to, and if he is noisy, they know.

If You Need Overshoes
You can get warmth and service by buying "Gold Seal." If your dealer does not keep them send for prices to Goodyear Rubber Co., St. Paul, Minn., manufacturers, and mention this paper.

To work for love is to learn to love your work.

The gate of heaven opens only to foot passengers.

The Press Agent—Take it from me, old man, our star has made some rapid strides in his profession during the past year.

The Dramatic Editor—Oh, I heard that story of his walking from Tonawanda to Batavia in ten hours and fifteen minutes, but you'll have to show me affidavits!—Puck.

The doing of daily duty makes every day divine.

SICK HEADACHE
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Positively cured by these Little Pills.
They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.
SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature
Brent Good
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

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STOVE POLISH
ALWAYS READY TO USE. NO DIRT, DUST, SMOKE OR SMELL.
NO MORE STOVE POLISH TROUBLES

Should Hens
be helped to make a large egg yield? Why not, as well as helping cows to give extra milk?
SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER
is a scientific medicine invented to enable hens get the full benefit from all kinds of food. It's the pioneer of tonics to make hens lay. In use over forty years. One pack, 25c.; five, $1; two-lb. can, $1.20; six, $5.00. Express paid. At all dealers. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

AUTOMOBILE
Five-passenger model C Ford double opposed engine, detachable tonneau, in good running order. Will sell for $450.00 cash. Cost $1,000.
Burney Bird Auto Co.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

WANTED SALESMEN At GOOD SALARY, paid weekly. Address GATEWAY NURSERY CO., Le Mars, Iowa.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

N W N U —NO. 50— 1906.

IF YOU WANT WHAT YOU WANT WHEN YOU WANT IT
ALWAYS KEEP A BOTTLE OF
ST. JACOBS OIL
IN THE HOUSE AND YOU WILL HAVE A
QUICK, SAFE AND SURE REMEDY FOR PAIN
WHERE YOU CAN GET AT IT WHEN NEEDED.
PRICE 25c AND 50c

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Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1906. NUMBER 23.

ASK SQUARE DEAL FOR FRISCO JAPS

PRESIDENT SENDS SPECIAL MESSAGE TO CONGRESS ON THE SCHOOL PROBLEM.

SENDS IN METCALF'S REPORT

SAYS TREATY OBLIGATIONS DEMAND THAT WE AFFORD PROTECTION.

Washington, Dec. 20.—Calling especial attention to the last sentence of Secretary Metcalf's report on his investigation into the Japanese problem in San Francisco, a copy of which report he made the principal part of the document, President Roosevelt sent another special message to congress yesterday dealing with the Jap question. The sentence to which the president directs attention is:

Asks Square Deal.

"All considerations which may move a nation, every consideration of duty in the preservation of our treaty obligations, every consideration prompted by fifty years or more of close friendship with the empire of Japan, would unite in demanding, it seems to me, of the United States government and all its people the fullest protection and highest consideration for the subjects of Japan."

Secretary Metcalf's report is voluminous. It is a thorough review of the situation.

Fix an Age Limit.

To segregate the Japanese in one school would be unjust, he reports, for many would be compelled to journey far to attend a Japanese school, if but one were provided. To meet the cry of those who oppose the entrance of Japanese in the schools of the whites on the ground that adults would be entering the primary grades, Mr. Mettering says it would be easy to pass a rule restricting the age of pupils who could enroll in certain grades.

Assaults and Boycotts.

Mr. Metcalf found many incidents of assaults on Japanese and boycotts against Japanese restaurants which brought protests from members of the race. The peace authorities assured him that every effort was made to protect the Orientals. Statements from Japanese indicate that the assaults were committed by young men, apparently without other cause than race prejudice.

Senate Passes Minor Bills.

The senate yesterday devoted nearly four hours to the consideration of unobjected bills on its calendar. The result was the passage of a number of measures of minor importance.

Indian Bill Passes.

The Indian appropriation bill was passed by the house practically as it came from the committee on Indian affairs.

HILL BEATEN BY HARRIMAN.

Control of St. Paul Assured to Union Pacific and Standard Oil.

Chicago, Dec. 20. — By one of the most effective coups ever executed in financial battles E. H. Harriman has defeated J. J. Hill in their fight for control of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul. The Harriman-Standard Oil interests are now firmly in the saddle and have set about to strengthen their control.

Hill threw Harriman out of the ownership of the Northern Pacific by retiring the preferred stock, in which his opponent's control centered. Harriman and his friends maintain St. Paul by issuing two-thirds of a $100,000,000 stock increase to the holders of the preferred.

Quietly and almost unsuspected the Morgan-Hill people have been buying St. Paul in the hope of getting control and turning the Pacific extension southward into the Harriman territory. Yesterday the crucial point was reached.

From friends in the Harriman camp came the information that there would be a coup in the announcement of a stock issue of $100,000,000, which was $25,000,000 more than was expected at this time. Then the contest was given up; the stocks broke and weakened the market.

The official announcement betrayed the cunning of the Harriman people to make safe their management, to make sure the extension of the St. Paul into Hill territory.

May Strike for 1 Cent.

New York, Dec. 20.—The difference of 1 cent an hour between employes and managers may cause a strike here on five great railroad systems. The men affected are the 3,000 yard conductors, brakemen and other employes at the railroad terminals.

Cars Are Run in Portland.

Portland, Or., Dec. 20. — To all appearances the strike of the motormen and conductors, inaugurated here last Saturday, has proved a failure. Yesterday the cars were run on every line with no show of interference.

Chinese Famine Is Worse.

Shanghai, Dec. 20.—The famine in Kiangsu is growing worse. According to reliable reports received here 500,000 destitute persons are encamped at Trinkiansu and many have arrived at Hanking.

800,000 BALLOTS TO COUNT

VOTE FOR TRUSTEES OF THE BIG INSURANCE COMPANIES IS CAST.

New York, Dec. 20.—Probably never before in the history of the country has there been anything to compare with the election in this city yesterday of trustees for the New York Life Insurance company and the Mutual Life Insurance company.

In number of ballots cast and in the expenditure of time and money the election approached that of one of the states of the Union. Certainly no corporation or society election ever measured up to it in magnitude or interest.

The total vote cast in both companies will approximate 800,000, of which about 500,000 will be in the New York Life, in which the contest has been more vigorously and bitterly waged. It is expected that it will be some weeks before the votes are counted.

Both Sides Claim Victory.

Officials of both the New York Life and the Mutual companies declared last night that the administration tickets had without doubt been elected by large majorities.

The international policyholders' committee, through Samuel Untermeyer, its general counsel, expressed the conviction that the reform tickets would win in both companies, but by comparatively close margins.

Grand Jury Is Active.

While the ballots were being turned in at the companies' offices yesterday, the grand jury was investigating the affairs of the New York Life Insurance company brought before the legislative investigating committee. District Attorney Jerome examined several witnesses.

Indictments for forgery and probably for grand larceny may be handed down before the end of the month.

SUSSMAN IS FOUND GUILTY.

Murder in the Second Degree Is the Verdict of the Jury.

Kingston, Jamaica, Dec. 20. — The Hamburg-American line tourist steamer Prinzessin Victoria Luise, which went ashore off Port Royal during the night of Dec. 16, is a total wreck. The vessel is so close to shore that people can almost walk on board of her from the beach. She was keeeled heavily to starboard and it can be seen her bottom is badly damaged and that her boilers and engines are severely injured.

The German cruiser Bremen is still standing by the stranded steamer, and the steamer Virginia went to the scene of the wreck yesterday morning to assist in the salvage work if possible, but the latter returned here after seeing the condition of the Prinzessin Victoria Luise.

The body of Capt. Brunswig, commander of the Prinzessin Victoria Luise, who killed himself in his cabin on board the steamer after she went ashore, was buried yesterday.

STEAMER IS A TOTAL WRECK.

Liner Prinzessin Victoria Louise Is Practically Abandoned.

Minneapolis, Dec. 20.—Henry Sussman, charged with the murder of his wife in a hotel in this city, was convicted of murder in the second degree yesterday. The jury arrived at the verdict after deliberating all night. The verdict, under the statute, carries with it life imprisonment.

Sussman gave evidence of being under a great nervous strain, and when leaving the court room was heard to remark:

"This is a h— of a Christmas present to give a fellow."

Notwithstanding this expression, the opinion is that Sussman was relieved on hearing the verdict. Sussman will not be called for sentence until Saturday. His attorney will ask for a new trial.

OPEN MILLIONS OF ACRES.

President's Withdrawal Order in Montana Is Modified.

Helena, Mont., Dec. 20. — Orders were received at various United States land offices throughout Montana by telegraph from Washington yesterday which will result in throwing open to settlement several million acres of land. In connection with the forest reserve proclamation of President Roosevelt, all the lands had been withdrawn from entry, and in many instances whole counties were involved. Protests were made, with the result that the order has been modified with the exception of coal lands.

OIL PROBE RESUMED.

Testimony in Missouri Suit Taken in New York.

New York, Dec. 20.—Proceedings by the State of Missouri to oust the Standard Oil Company of Indiana from Missouri was resumed before Commissioner Robert A. Anthony yesterday.

Two witnesses were examined who attempted to show that there was no restraint on the oil trade.

Aged Spinster Dead in Shack.

Minot, N. D., Dec. 20.—Lying under her bed clothing, clutching in a death grip, Miss Isabella McKeith was discovered in a shack on her claim near Blaisdell, a few days ago, overcome by the effects of coal gas.

Ends Life to Escape Cups.

St. Cloud, Minn., Dec. 20.—Despondent over his apparent inability to quit the drink habit, Daniel Dahmas, a well known farmer of Benton county, committed suicide by drinking three ounces of laudanum.

SCORES MEN WHO HID MURDERERS

PRESIDENT DEFENDS DISCHARGE OF NEGRO TROOPS IN SPECIAL MESSAGE.

WOULD TAKE SAME STEP AGAIN

EVIDENCE ALL POINTS AGAINST BLACKS—DUTY COMPELLED ACTION.

Washington, Dec. 20. — President Roosevelt yesterday sent a message to congress in response to the senate resolution asking for information relative to the discharge of the three companies of colored troops. He declares that the bulk of the evidence discovered in an exhaustive investigation points convincingly to members of the United States army as the murderous raiders of Brownsville, and defends his order discharging the colored soldiers as a result of the affair.

Bolstering his statements with a mass of correspondence and evidence, the president maintains that he not only acted within his prerogative, but that the conditions were such that he was bound by duty to take the step.

Would Do It Again.

Under like conditions he would act again in the same manner, he declares. He ridicules as rank folly the criticisms of many that the race question entered into consideration, saying that had the men been white the action might have been even more severe.

Two white officers in charge of the men will be court-martialed.

The soldiers were aggressors from start to finish and had no opposition.

The discharge of all the soldiers saved many murderers from worse punishment.

Soldiers should be a protection and not a menace, in times of peace.

The president declares that there are many precedents for the action taken.

Not a Fit Punishment.

"Under no circumstances will I consent to keep in the service bodies of men whom the circumstances show to be a menace to the country.

"The punishment meet for mutineers and murderers, such as those guilty of the Brownsville assault, is death, and a punishment only less severe ought to be meted out to those who have aided and abetted mutiny and murder and treason by refusing to help in their detection."

Causes Debate in Senate.

In the senate a lively debate followed the reading of the message as to what should be done with it. Mr. Foraker wanted it sent to the military committee, with instructions to make further investigations should the committee deem it necessary.

On objection from Senator Clay the senate postponed action until to-day.

The pension calendar was cleared by the passage of more than 200 private pension bills.

House Strikes a Snag.

The house ran against a snag yesterday in an effort to increase the clerical force in the office of the enrolling clerk, the Democrats, led by Mr. Clark of Missouri, opposing the passage of the resolution. The absence of a quorum was disclosed, and adjournment at 1 o'clock followed.

M'CABE DEAD.

Stroke of Apoplexy Results Fatally for Bishop.

New York, Dec. 20.—Bishop Charles C. McCabe of the Methodist Episcopal church died at 5:20 a. m. yesterday at the New York hospital.

He was stricken with apoplexy last week while walking on the street in this city.

Lay It to Car Makers.

St. Louis, Dec. 20.—The investigation by the interstate commerce commission into the general shortage of freight cars was resumed yesterday. According to railroad men who testified, the present famine in railroad cars is due to the inability of car manufacturing plants to meet the demands of railroads.

Steel Chip Enters Eye.

Eau Claire, Wis., Dec. 20.—While at work repairing a logging engine H. R. Graves was struck in the eye by a sharp-edged steel chip. The eyeball was forced almost from the socket and the oculist who treated the eye has small hopes of saving it.

Brainerd Mayor Resigns.

Brainerd, Minn., Dec. 20.—Mayor A. J. Halsted, editor of the Tribune, tendered his resignation to the city council and it was accepted. The reason for his resignation was that the mayor could not legally contract for the city printing.

Living Chain Saves Skater.

Des Moines, Iowa, Dec. 20.—Harry Skilling, while skating on the river, broke through the ice, rose and sank twice, and was going down for the last time when he was rescued by a living chain formed by three men.

Grave to Cost $8,000.

Iowa Falls, Iowa, Dec. 20.—W. F. Johnson, the millionaire farmer of Tama county, has let a contract for the erection of an $8,000 mausoleum in which he desires to be buried when he dies.

SCORE KILLED ON STEAMER

ONE OF THE MOST DISASTROUS ACCIDENTS IN HISTORY OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

Vicksburg, Miss., Dec. 20.—One of the most disastrous accidents in the history of the Mississippi river occurred yesterday when the steamer W. T. Scovill blew up. Many negroes were on board, but it is impossible to ascertain the exact number of dead and injured. Officers of the boat state that not less than ten or more than sixteen were killed. They say a like number were injured.

The number of dead and injured negroes cannot be stated, but of a crew and passenger list of about fifty, about half are missing.

The accident occurred at Gold Dust landing, about seventeen miles south of this city. The boat was taking on freight, when suddenly it was blown to atoms. Many of the timbers were thrown hundreds of yards and the boat was so badly damaged that she began to sink immediately. It is said that the accident was caused by a defective boiler plate.

NEW LAW HAS WEAK POINTS.

Report of the Interstate Commerce Commission Goes to Congress.

Washington, Dec. 20. — The annual report of the interstate commerce commission was transmitted to congress yesterday, and in it the commission reviews its work for the past year. While no recommendations for changes to the amended interstate commerce act, which went into effect Aug. 28 last, are made, it is stated that a number of new and extremely difficult questions have arisen in administering it. Suggestions for such changes in the new law as are considered necessary will be, the report says, transmitted to congress some time during the present session.

SENATE PASSES SNELLING BILL.

Same Bridge Measure Already Approved by House.

Washington, Dec. 20.—Senator Nelson yesterday called up the joint resolutions relative to the Fort Snelling bridge, and on his motion it was passed by the senate. It is the resolution which Congressman Stevens had passed by the house last week, and authorizes the secretary of war to go ahead with all matters pertaining to the bridge.

SHAW TO HEAD MUTUAL LIFE.

Secretary of the Treasury Said to Be Slated for That Position.

Washington, Dec. 20.—Secretary of the Treasury Leslie M. Shaw will become president of the Mutual Life Insurance company of New York when he retires from his present position Feb. 1. The controlling interests of the company have offered him the position of chief executive of the company. He is now considering the offer and is expected to accept it.

BEATS BONI'S CREDITORS.

Mme. Gould Secures the Decision From French Court.

Paris, Dec. 20. — Mme. Gould, the former Countess Boni de Castellane, has been victorious in the suits brought by the creditors and money lenders against her, with the object of making her jointly responsible with the count. Thirteen of the fifteen cases were dismissed yesterday by the court, with costs against plaintiffs.

BANK ROBBER CONFESSES.

Chicago Youth Pleads Guilty and Gets Twenty-one-year Sentence.

Great Bend, Kan., Dec. 20. — Joseph S. Kerns, the former Chicago dry goods clerk and newspaper man, captured here recently after holding up a local bank in broad daylight, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to the state penitentiary for a term of from ten to twenty-one years.

GAS STOVE FATAL TO TWO.

Woman and a Lodger Are Asphyxiated While Eating.

Des Moines, Dec. 20. — Mrs. Zella Drake and J. P. Van Hymert, a lodger at her house, were asphyxiated. The two had been in the kitchen eating lunch, and it is believed that the gas escaped from a defective gas stove and overcame them so suddenly that they were unable to help themselves.

Hazing Too Strenuous.

San Francisco, Dec. 20.—As a result of hazing by members of the Kappa Alpha fraternity, Floyd E. Allen, a student in the freshman class of the university of California, lies at his home in Berkeley with a fractured skull. His condition is precarious.

Too Young to Wed; Dies.

Hagerstown, Md., Dec. 20.—Passionately in love with Annie Hockersmith, aged fourteen, Frank Reno, aged sixteen, hanged himself in the cellar of his father's house because he was too young to marry his sweetheart.

American Consul Kills Self.

Mukden, Dec. 20. — The American vice consul general, Nelson Fairchild, shot and killed himself yesterday. It is believed that the shooting was accidental. There was a universal feeling of sympathy.

Mendota Has $20,000 Fire.

St. Paul, Dec. 20.—The elevator of Bather Bros., near the Omaha railway tracks in Mendota, was destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at $20,000 and was only partially covered by insurance.

LACK OF MILEAGE IS THE PROBLEM

RAILROAD OFFICIALS SAY THEY HAVE CARS, BUT LACK FACILITIES.

HILL ON THE WITNESS STAND

SAYS ROADS HAVE BEEN UNABLE TO KEEP UP WITH GROWTH OF COUNTRY.

Minneapolis, Dec. 20.—As a result of testimony drawn out from railroad witnesses at the final hearing before the interstate commerce commission, the car shortage as a thing actually existent is eliminated.

The traffic paralysis remains. It was shown that Northwestern lines have more rolling stock than ever before. It was shown that additional to ordinary equipment and new equipment the Great Northern and Northern Pacific roads are using nearly 10,000 cars belonging to other companies in excess of what they have lost to these lines, and still the crops have not been moved.

Hill on the Stand.

J. J. Hill was the principal witness yesterday. He said that the railroads of the United States are facing a very serious problem. In order to provide for handling the enormous traffic, which increased 110 per cent from 1895 to 1905, they should spend $1,100,000,000 a year for the next five years, a total of $5,500,000,000, and there is not that much money available in this country.

Mr. Hill's view of the present situation is that it is not a matter of car shortage, but a need of more mileage. He estimates the total additional mileage required in the United States at 73,333 miles.

Work Hampered.

The railroads have been making every effort to improve along the lines indicated by Mr. Hill, but they have not been able to go ahead on the scale necessary to keep up with the growth of the country. They have not had the money and they have not been able to get the labor. Even the work that they have appropriated money for has been hampered by lack of labor and inability to get material.

Opinion of Experts.

Several operating officials were on the witness stand yesterday. All claimed that there are plenty of cars. It was stated that double tracks and increased terminal facilities are the chief necessities in the Northwest. They all claimed that the roads were exerting every effort to handle the traffic in the best manner with the available facilities.

Shortage of Food Supplies.

Coupled with reports of fuel famine in the Northwest come reports of still another cause of suffering—a shortage of food supplies. Inadequate service has been interrupted by the cold and blizzards on the Western prairies, and now there are towns which are not only suffering from want of fuel, but even from the very necessities, in the lack of food.

BAD BLAZE AT CROOKSTON.

Business Block Burns, Entailing a Loss of $55,000.

Crookston, Minn., Dec. 20.—A disastrous fire broke out in the Fournet block, the largest in the city, covering half a block, on Broadway, and before the flames were under control damage to the block and contents to the extent of $55,000 resulted.

The fire started in the basement of the People's Furniture store, and the entire stock, valued at $18,000, was totally destroyed.

SUSSMAN IN STATE PRISON.

Wife Murderer Begins Serving Life Term in Stillwater.

Minneapolis, Dec. 20. — Henry M. Sussman, who killed his young wife at the Glenwood hotel in Minneapolis on Sept. 26, and was convicted on Tuesday of murder in the second degress, is already in Stillwater prison, under sentence to spend the remainder of his life there. Sentence was pronounced yesterday and Sussman immediately was taken to Stillwater.

CONDUCTS HIS OWN DEFENSE.

Frank Cody, Black River Falls Prisoner, Fights Forgery Charge.

Black River Falls, Wis., Dec. 20.—Frank Cody conducted his own defense yesterday when examined before Court Commissioner Pille on a charge of passing a forged check for $17 on C. F. Rainy. Cody is a lawyer and exhibited considerable legal skill, but he was held in $500 bonds to the circuit court. Lacking money, he was remanded to jail.

Falls Into River; Freezes.

Menominee, Mich., Dec. 20.—After escaping death by drowning through desperate efforts, Paul Walper of Escanaba, a veteran of the Civil war, was frozen to death. His body was found frozen into the ice of the river.

Government to Own Phones.

Winnipeg, Dec. 20. — By an overwhelming majority Manitoba yesterday voted in favor of government ownership of long distance telephone lines and municipal ownership of local exchanges.

CABINET MEN VIOLATE LAW

SECRETARIES HITCHCOCK AND WILSON ARE CALLED ON THE CARPET.

Washington, Dec. 20. — Admitting that they had no authority of law for the withdrawal from allotment of nearly four million acres of lands belonging to the five civilized tribes in the Indian Territory, for the purpose of creating a forest preservation, two members of the president's cabinet—Secretary Hitchcock of the department of the interior, and Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture—endeavored yesterday to justify their course by stating they had the best interest of the Indians at heart.

The explanation was made before a select senate committe, which is investigating the affairs in relation to the property rights of the five tribes, but the committee declined to accept it, and Senators Clarke of Wyoming, Teller, Long and Brandegree declared that the interior department had suspended a statute of the United States without authority and that it was the duty of Secretary Hitchcock immediately to cancel his order withdrawing the land from allotment.

CHURCH RIOTS IN FRANCE.

Thirty-four Bishops Have Been Evicted From Residences.

Nantes, France, Dec. 20.—Considerable rioting attended the evacuation of the episcopal palace and seminary here. Crowds of Catholic manifestants overcame the police, who were compelled to draw their revolvers to keep back the mob.

Paris, Dec. 20.—The reports received by the minister of the interior show that thirty-four ecclesiastical residences, occupied by archbishops or bishops, have been evacuated thus far.

Hansbrough Has Plan.

Washington, Dec. 20. — Senator Hansbrough of North Dakota, who has taken an active interest in steps to remedy the car shortage, particularly in the Northwest, has prepared the outlines of legislation which, he believes, will tend to prevent a recurrence of present conditions.

Chinese Situation Is Worse.

Nanking, China, Dec. 20.—The famine-stricken refugees from the Yang-tse-Kiang districts are collecting in large numbers outside the cities. About 30,000 of these people are camped in the vicinity of Nanking, and there are 300,000 near Yangchow. The distress is increasing daily.

Four Killed at Fire.

Buffalo, N. Y., Dec. 20. — Four persons were killed and one was badly burned in a small fire in the Zenobia apartment house. Other occupants of the place had narrow escapes.

Life Term for Boy Murderer.

Chicago, Dec. 20. — Robert Gordon, fifteen years old, was sentenced to the reformatory for life, after pleading guilty to the charge of murdering Joseph Reed, eight years old.

Injured in a Wreck.

Cullison, Kan., Dec. 20.—A passenger train was derailed near here. The whole train was turned over and more than twelve persons were injured, some of them seriously.

La Crosse Man Asphyxiated.

La Crosse, Dec. 20.—Nels Simonson, a rich hardware merchant, was found dead in his room. A gas jet was turned on, but it is believed that death was due to an accident.

Full Price for Coal Now.

Philadelphia, Dec. 20.—Employes of the Pennsylvania railroad will have to pay full price for their coal after Jan. 1 next. Notice has been issued by the management.

Crushed Under Caboose.

Virginia, Minn., Dec. 20.—Edward Collins, a freight conductor, is in the hospital here suffering from injuries received in a collision, which probably will prove fatal.

Three Die in One Night.

Lead, S. D., Dec. 20.—The loss of their three children in a single night from diphtheria was the sad experience of Mr. and Mrs. James Munson of this city.

"Moonshine" on Iowa Farm.

Burlington, Iowa, Dec. 20. — J. W. Traumann, a wealthy farmer, was arrested yesterday on a charge of conducting a moonshine distillery in his home.

Two Firemen Killed.

Savannah, Ga., Dec. 20.—Two firemen were killed and Assistant Chief Munro and another fireman injured by an explosion at a fire here.

Asks Heavy Damages.

Cass Lake, Minn., Dec. 20. — James Kennedy has sued the Neils Lumber company for $90,000 for arms recently cut off in the mill.

Train Derailed; Two Dead.

Vicksburg, Miss., Dec. 20.—A passenger train was derailed at Southwood last evening, killing two and injuring another.

Child Scalded to Death.

Reedsburg, Wis., Dec. 20.—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Eschenbach's child was badly scalded and died two hours later.

King Oscar Recovering.

Stockholm, Dec. 20.—King Oscar continues to make steady progress toward recovery.

WAR HURTS MAIL ORDER HOUSES

"BUY-AT-HOME" CAMPAIGN HAS ITS EFFECT UPON CATALOGUE HOUSES.

TAKE THE FIGHT INTO COURT

CHICAGO HOUSE ASKS FOR INJUNCTION AGAINST SOUTH DAKOTA MEN.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Dec. 20.—That the big mail-order houses of the country are feeling the effects of the campaign being waged against them in the Northwestern states by the various retail merchants' associations and the country press is shown in the filing of a suit in the federal court here by one of the big Chicago concerns against the South Dakota Retail Merchants and Hardware Dealers' association and against each of the association's officers. Altogether there are sixteen defendants to the suit.

Conspiracy Alleged.

Conspiracy and injury to its business are the grounds alleged by the plaintiff for beginning the action.

Montgomery Ward & Co., the plaintiff, in its complaint alleges that the defendants have entered into a conspiracy to ruin the business of the plaintiff company and are maintaining a boycott on the Chicago concern by attacking it in resolutions and otherwise and by bringing pressure to bear on manufacturers, jobbers and wholesalers not to sell their goods to the Chicago catalogue house.

Cannot Fill Orders.

It is alleged that because of this the plaintiff company is unable to purchase goods needed to fill the orders of customers. The case is the first of the kind ever instituted in the United States by a catalogue house and is in the nature of a test. That the case will be bitterly contested is certain.

Judge Carland has fixed Jan. 3 as the time for the defendants to appear and show cause why the temporary injunction prayed for should not be granted.

The defendants are among the most prominent merchants in South Dakota.

MURDERERS SET FREE.

Two Italians Convicted of Killing John Isaac Discharged by Court.

Ellsworth, Wis., Dec. 20.—The two Italians, Joseph Siragusa and John Demma, recently convicted of murder in the third degree for the killing of John Isaac at Prescott, on July 13, were taken before Judge Helm for sentence yesterday. Attorney F. M. White made a motion to set aside the verdict, which motion was granted and the prisoners were discharged from custody.

DEATH TRAP KILLS.

Washington Judge Declares Defense of Property Is No Excuse.

Seattle, Wash., Dec. 20.—Instructed by Judge Frater that no person is legally justified in setting death traps to protect property, regardless of its value, the jury in the superior court which has been trying Eugenio Bastionella returned a verdict of murder in the second degree for the killing of Mrs. Emma Dailey by means of a death trap he had set in his trunk.

CHRISTMAS GOODS BURN.

Fire Destroys Store and Holiday Supply.

Barnesville, Minn., Dec. 20. — Fire, originating in rooms above the store used as a dwelling, destroyed the stock of Thompson & Felde's department store, including a heavy supply of goods received for the holiday trade. It is estimated that the loss will reach $7,000.

Robbed of $6,000.

Philadelphia, Dec. 20.—Mrs. Ella V. Kobar was robbed of $6,000 in the holiday crowds in the shopping district here yesterday. The money was paid to Mrs. Kobar by the Pennsylvania railroad in settlement of a claim on the death of her husband.

Rag Cutter Kills Man.

Clinton, Iowa, Dec. 20.—Falling into a rag-cutting machine at the mill where he is employed, W. D. McCrary received injuries which are likely to prove fatal. The side of his face was crushed in and his skull was fractured.

Dog Warns of Gas.

Aberdeen, S. D., Dec. 20.—The family of D. P. Burnette had a narrow escape from death by asphyxiation while asleep in their home last night. Fortunately Burnette was awakened in time by the howling of a dog.

Bank Robbers Get $4,000.

Texarkana, Ark., Dec. 20. — The Bank of Horatio, Ark., was looted by two robbers yesterday, who entered the bank, covering the cashier with their pistols and appropriated all the money in sight, about $4,000.

Czar's Name Day.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 20.—Yesterday was the emperor's name day, otherwise the festival of St. Nicholas, the Wonder Worker, the emperor's patron saint. It was celebrated with particular pomp.

FREE
TO ALL
CHURCH SUPPERS
AND
SOCIETY DINNERS
IMPORTED JAPANESE
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WITH PURCHASES OF
CHASE & SANBORN'S
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COFFEE.
FOR SALE BY
Rapp & Post
—DEALERS IN—
General
Merchandise
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER

9:15 am Lv	Crookston	Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar	Red Lake Falls	Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar	St. Hilaire	Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar	Thief River Falls	Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.

10:10 am Lv	St. Hilaire	Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar	Wylie	Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
A. J. McFarland, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

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A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
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GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

The Spectator.
H. E. IVES, Publisher.
Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.
Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.
TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.
SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.
REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.
Saturday, Dec. 22, 1906.

To all our readers we wish a Merry Christmas, with contentment, happiness and prosperity.

President Roosevelt has again announced that he will not be a candidate for re-election.

A cold storage plant for the creamery would be a good improvement for the new year. It would also be profitable.

The St. Hilaire creamery paid twenty-nine cents a pound for butter fat for November, which is 1½ cents over the New York price.

There will be three prohibitionists in the next legislature. Judging by legislatures of the past they are likely to have a lonesome winter.

Lawrence T. Johnson was an easy winner in the speakership fight. The rest of the family will have to wait for two years more as all the offices are now filled.

Deer River News: The new naturalization law is liable to catch some homesteaders napping if they don't keep their eyes open. Before making final proof the foreign born who is not a citizen must post his application to become such sixty days before the term of the district court at which the same is to be heard. Thus if the time limit in which proof is to be made has nearly expired, no opportunity will be given to make application for citizenship papers unless a special term of court is had. Any one not a citizen whose time to make final proof expires before next June will be required to commute. It don't always pay to put off till to-morrow what can be done today.

A Canton Clock.

The famous clepsydra or watch clock of Canton is housed in a temple on the city walls. Three big earthen jars on successive shelves and a fourth and lowest one with a wooden cover constitute the whole clepsydra. The water descends by slow drops from one jar to another, the brass scale on a float in the last jar telling the hours as it rises. Every afternoon at 5 o'clock since 1321 A. D. the lowest jar has been emptied, the upper one filled and the clock thus wound up for another day.

Iron In the System.

It is often said that there is iron enough in the system of an ordinary man to make a plowshare. The statement is exceedingly wide of the truth. The amount of iron contained in the animal tissues of a man weighing 150 pounds is about 100 grains, or a quarter of an ounce. Yet so important is even this small amount to the system that a difference of a few grains more or less [illegible] con[illegible]

ANNUAL MEETING

Of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

The annual stockholders' meeting of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company will be held at the village hall at St. Hilaire, Minn., on Monday, January 7th, 1907, at 11 a. m., at which time will occur the annual election of a president, secretary and three directors, and such other business as may lawfully come before the meeting.

NELS K. ANDERSON,
President.
C. P. SWANSON,
Secretary.
St. Hilaire, Minn., Dec. 15, 1906.

The BEER for YOU is Hamm's
"NEW BREW" Bottled and On Draught. Theo. Hamm Brewing Co. ST. PAUL, MINN.

THE CITIZENS' MEETING

Held at Village Hall Monday Evening to Consider the Electric Light Proposition.

The village council called a meeting of the citizens at the village hall last Monday evening to consider the electric light proposition. The council had received a copy of the proposed contract with the lumber company in regard to renting the water power and they thought it best to have the opinion of the taxpayers. The proposed contract was read and considered; a very favorable one and it was the unanimous decision of the meeting that the council engage an engineer at once to make a preliminary survey. The council will take steps at once to have an engineer come here and prepare plans and specifications and it is more than probable that the deal for the water power will be completed early in the new year.

The following is a copy of the proposed contract:

THIS INDENTURE, made this —— day of December, 1906, by and between the St. Hilaire Boom & Water Power Company, a corporation, party of the first part, lessor, and the Village of St. Hilaire, in the state of Minnesota, party of the second part, lessee;

Witnesseth, that said party of the first part, in consideration of the rents and covenants hereinafter mentioned, does hereby demise, lease and let unto the party of the second part, and the party of the second part does hereby hire and take from the party of the first part the following described premises, situated in the county of Red Lake and the state of Minnesota, as follows: A tract of land on the island at the end of the dam across the main channel of Red Lake river, owned by the party of the first part, described as follows, to-wit: (Here insert proper descriptions by metes and bounds,) to be used for a power house site, and other uses necessarily incident to the free use of the rights in this lease granted.

Also a right of way from said tract of land 20 feet in width extending to the public highway, the exact location to be determined by said first party.

Also the right to enter upon the dam owned by said first party and located in and across the Red Lake river in said village of St. Hilaire to make repairs or improvements therein, as contemplated in this lease.

Also to locate, install and operate two 42-inch McCormick Vertical Turbine Water Wheels, or their equivalent and the right to use a sufficient amount of water from said dam to operate said wheels when so located.

To have and to hold the above rented premises unto the said lessee, and its successors, for and during the full term of twenty years from and after the 1st day of January, 1907.

And in consideration thereof said party of the second part agrees to pay all taxes and assessments of every name and nature that may be levied against the property or franchises of the said party of the first part in the assessment district in which the village of St. Hilaire is located, and in addition thereto said lessee will, at its own expense, keep the dam hereinbefore referred to, and all thereof, extending from the island to both main shores in first class repair and condition, maintaining all gates, wastes and sluiceways for and during the full term of this lease.

It is further agreed that should the said lessee fail to make the above mentioned payments at the time they shall become due or fail to fulfill any covenant herein contained in this lease, then and in that case it shall be lawful for the said lessor to re-enter and take possession of the above rented premises and to hold and enjoy the same without such re-entering working a forfeiture of the rents to be paid and covenants to be performed by said lessee for the full term of this lease.

It is further agreed that said lessee shall also pay any and all damages that may occur by reason of the flowage of the water backed up by said dam on to the property of any person or corporation, and shall in all things save the said lessor harmless on account of any and all claims for damages on account of such flowage or on account of any mismanagement of the dam, caused by any act or omission by said lessee.

It is further agreed that before the water wheels referred to in this lease shall be installed or any action taken to install the same, that the said lessee shall submit to the said lessor, through its managing agent, complete plans and specifications for doing such work, and no work shall be commenced thereunder until said plans and specifications have been approved by said lessor. Such water wheels shall be installed in a thorough and workmanlike manner and all changes and alterations in said dam and the structure thereof shall be of such a character as not to weaken the structure or dam, but shall leave it safe and in a suitable condition so that there shall be no leakage or wasting of water.

Said lessee further agrees that it will at the expiration of the time herein recited quietly yield and surrender the aforesaid premises to said lessor, its successors or assigns, in as good condition and repair as when it took them.

It is further agreed that should said dam be injured or destroyed by flood or otherwise that the said lessee shall restore the same to its present condition at its own expense.

It is further agreed that at the expiration of the lease said lessee shall have a period of sixty days to remove its water wheels, flumes, power house, and other property placed upon said premises under this lease, provided that it shall restore said dam to its present condition of strength and repair.

Nothing in this lease contained shall be construed as preventing said lessor from making use of any part of said dam not occupied by said lessee with its water wheels, or making use of the water in said river jointly with said lessee for such purposes as it shall elect.

Souvenir Playing Cards

Issued by Great Northern Railway.

The Great Northern Railway and Great Northern Steamship companies have issued a new edition of playing cards. They are printed on exceptionally fine stock, and are better cards for the price asked than can be had elsewhere. The advertising, consisting of the trade mark, is worked into an oriental design and is confined entirely to the back of the card. The steamship card is the more elaborate of the two and is finished with gilt edges. Great Northern Railway cards fifteen cents per pack. Steamship cards twenty-five cents per pack. Mailed to any address on receipt of price.

A. L. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Manager,
St. Paul, Minn.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing Upon Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake, } ss.

In the matter of the petition of John A. Duffy and others, for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 28.

Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 28, beginning at a point 40 rods south and 80 rods west of the northeast corner of the southwest quarter of section 1, in township 151, range 44, and running thence south along the quarter section line to a point near the center of the northwest quarter of section 12 in said town and range, thence west across the west half of the northwest quarter of said section 12, following the natural water course, to the section line between sections 11 and 12 and between sections 13 and 14, making a highway between said sections 11 and 12, to a coulee at or near the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of said section 14, putting the necessary culverts between sections 11 and 12, and terminating at said coulee, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Thomas McNirthney, S. A. Swanson, John Flanigan, Pangburn & Schurz, John Lehmkuhl, W. O. Gray, Edward Busse, Frank H. Gagnon, P. O. Floan, J. A. Jones, Anna Hartje, William Guhler, Napoleon Constant, John Schmitz, August C. Spelker, Fritz Schmitz, William Clarke and Mary Rose and that the engineer appointed by the board of county commissioners of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor, and that the viewers appointed by said board of county commissioners to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Wednesday, the ninth day of January, 1907, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at ten o'clock a. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said board of county commissioners at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

(Seal) JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor of
Red Lake county, Minnesota.
d8-22

Notice of Hearing Upon Petition of Freeholder

Whereas, a petition signed by T. A. Bergedal, a freeholder of school district No. 35, in this county, representing that he is the owner of the following described lands, situate in said district, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of section 12; in township 152, range 42, has been presented to the county board of Red Lake county. And asking that his said lands may be set off from said district No. 35, to said district No. 125, and the said board has appointed a time and place for hearing thereon. Therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given that said petition will be heard by said board at a session thereof commencing on the 9th day of January, A.D. 1907, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at which time and place the said board will hear the evidence and the arguments of all persons interested, for or against granting the prayer of the petitioner.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., Dec. 10, 1906.

By order of the county board.

(Seal.) JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio clerk of Board.
d15-22

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Formation of New District.

Whereas, a petition has been filed with the county board of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, signed and acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who reside in the proposed new district, herein described, and who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts, and duly verified by the affidavit of one of the residents of said proposed new district, praying for the organization of a new school district out of the territory hereinafter described, to-wit:

The E½ of section 17, all of section 16, SW¼ of SW¼ and lots 4, 5 and 8 of section 10, all lands on the south side of Red Lake river in sections 14, 15, 23 and 24, NE¼, NE¼ of NW¼ and lots 4, 5, 6 and 7, and the E½ of SE¼ of section 20, sections 21, 22, 25, 26 and 27, NE¼, N½ of NW¼, N½ of SE¼ and SE¼ of SE¼ and lots 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 28, lot 8 of section 29, lots 3 and 4 of section 33, NW¼, NE¼ of SE¼ and lots 3, 4 and 5 of section 34, and sections 35 and 36, in township 153 range 42, (township of Smiley) and the said board of county commissioners have appointed a time and place for a hearing upon said petition as by law required;

Now therefore,

NOTICE

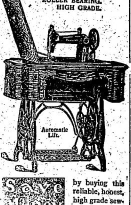
Is hereby given, that a hearing upon said petition will be had at a meeting of the said board, commencing upon the 9th day of January, A. D. 1907, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county at which time and place the said county board will hear arguments of all persons interested, for or against the proposed organization of said new school district.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 10th day of December, A. D. 1906.

By order of the county board of Red Lake county, Minn.

{ County Auditor's Seal. } By JAMES E. FORD,
County Auditor and
Ex-officio Clerk of Board.
d15-22

Any time is the proper time for saying what is just.—Greek Proverb.

The "Redgeton"
SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING.
HIGH GRADE.

Automatic Lift.
Save Money by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.
STRONGEST GUARANTEE.
National Sewing Machine Co.
BELVIDERE, ILLINOIS.

Holiday Rates
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
EXTREMELY LOW RATES
Between all Points on the
Great Northern Ry.
Tickets on sale Dec. 22 to Jan. 1st.
Final Return Limit Jan. 7, 1907.
A. J. McFarland, Agt., St. Hilaire, Minn
A. L. CRAIG, Pass. Traffic Mgr., ST. PAUL, -- MINN.

Established, 1895.
Incorporated 1899
Crookston College
Oldest,
Largest,
Cheapest,
Best.
Eight Teachers..
Eight Courses....
Send for Catalog. Address:
J. C. SATHRE,
Free Car Fare. CROOKSTON, MINN.

SAW MILL MACHINERY.

Saw Mills
Gang Edgers
Lumber Trimmers
Lath Machines
Bolting Machines
Shingle Machines
Planer & Matchers
Drag Saws
Wood Saws
Engines
Boilers
Pulleys
Shafting
Boxes
Trucks
Grate Bars
Feed Mills
Horse Powers
We Manufacture a Full Line of Up-to-Date Saw Mill Machinery.
Write for our Catalogue B; Free. It will pay you.
R. R. HOWELL & CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

4-FOOT SLABS AND TIED EDGINGS AT
$1.50
Per Cord
Crookston Lumber Company.

SAVE MONEY
BY USING
MASCOT FLOUR
BETTER BREAD
and MORE OF IT.
Red Lake Falls Milling Co.
WE PURCHASE ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
H. C. ADAMS, Agent.

Choice Bargains
We have several small tracts of land around St. Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at
Farm Land Prices..
Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.
St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

NAME YOUR ROUTE
TO
Eastern Canada!
Chicago Milwaukee AND St. Paul Railway.
It is important when purchasing your ticket to Eastern Canada that you request the ticket agent to make it read over the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway, if you want the best of train service.
Five daily trains from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago including The Day Express, affording a daylight ride in full view of the beautiful scenery of the Mississippi river. Canadian Excursion Tickets also accepted without extra charge on The Pioneer Limited and the U. S. Government Fast Mail Trains.
Round Trip rate to points in Eastern Canada, $40. Dates of sale, Dec. 1 to Dec. 31, 1906. Liberal return limits and stop-over privileges.
W. B. DIXON, N.W.P.A., 365 Robert Street, St. Paul.
G. O. WALTON, Travelling Passenger Agt., ST. PAUL.
N. K. McCONNELL, Trav. Passenger Agt., ST. PAUL.
R. D. BOVIG, Trav. Passenger Agent, ST. PAUL.
J. CALDWELL, Special Passenger Agent, ST. PAUL.

Advertise in the St. Hilaire Spectator

DEFECTIVE PAGE

CALL ON

HOLMES BROS.

FOR

HARDWARE AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D. Patterson	Councilmen
E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist.	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist.	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist.	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist.	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist.	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K.R. Killand, Secy.

DR. H. E. NELSON
SCANDINAVIAN
Physician and Surgeon.
Office over Hall's Confectionery.
Residence over Holmes Bros.' Store.

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,
DENTIST
From Thief River Falls, makes regular visits to St. Hilaire Thursdays and Fridays at Dr. J. C. Cummings' office.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Office with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
.....TOYS
Agency for.........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

McMURRAY'S VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR
A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

—Bargains in high grade toilet soaps at L. M. Rolland & Sons.

G. W. Casbon was at Crookston on a short business trip last Tuesday.

K. O. Gigstad was a business visitor at Thief River Falls last Monday.

E. R. Evans spent last Sunday at Crookston visiting with his family.

Prof. J. B. O'Brien was at Thief River Falls on business last Saturday.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

The weather seems to be cold enough to suit all those who want winter weather.

A pleasant dancing party was held last Saturday evening at the Hotel Markham.

Carl Lund came down from Greenbush last Saturday evening for a short visit at home.

—We have the new steel cut coffee, Baker's "Barrington Hall." L. M. Rolland & Sons.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on Jan. 3 and 4.

A large load of Christmas trees came down from Middle River on Thursday and are being sold here.

Leonard Holmes has been sick the past week and confined to his home. He is now slightly improved.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

John McCabe and Joe Nadeau left last Saturday for Crookston, where they will work at the saw mill.

Prof. Casper E. Bergh, the newly elected principal of the village schools, was here a couple of days this week.

The Red Lake Falls firemen will give a grand ball on New Years eve, and quite a number from here will attend.

A number of young people were entertained by Albert Anderson last Friday evening. Everybody reported a good time.

—We will have a limited supply of dressed pickerel, whitefish, halibut and Finnian haddies for Xmas. L. M. Rolland & Sons.

Miss M. Ellen Krein returned to her home at Osnabrock, N. D., Wednesday evening after spending several days with relatives here.

H. Haupt left last Saturday for Arlington, Sibley county, where he was called by the death of a brother. He expects to be gone a week or more.

Today is the shortest day of the year, but there is small comfort in the old proverb that "when the days begin to lengthen, the cold begins to strengthen."

Of course you pay your money,
But you get your money's worth,
For what does money mean to you
When Rocky Mountain Tea's on earth. Imperial Drug Co.

A basket social will be held at the residence of N. A. Nelson in River Falls on Saturday evening, December 29, for the benefit of a poor blind girl. The money received will be used for doctor's treatment. Everybody invited.

The Epworth League of the M. E. church will give a box social at the home of Chas. Hull on Thursday night Dec. 27. Everybody get ready for this occasion and get a sleigh ride as well as to help a good cause. Proceeds for the church.

Mrs. William Ireland left yesterday for Fertile, where she will visit relatives. Mr. Ireland will leave here the first of next week to take the position of cashier for the lumber company at Crookston. This is a promotion which he well deserves and their many friends here will wish them success.

—Crookston College is an old reliable school that has established a reputation for turning out competent help and as a result of this, they have inquiries from all over the northwest for bookkeepers, stenographers, teachers, clerks, etc. They have now several good positions that they cannot fill. Write to J. C. Sathre, President.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

A NEW RURAL ROUTE

Congressman Steenerson Approves the New Route to Run East of Here.

P. O. Hagglund, of Rocksbury, has been at work for the past month or more getting up a petition for a new rural route to cover the territory east of here. He has succeeded in getting 101 signers and the following letter from Congressman Steenerson will explain itself:

House of Representatives U. S.
Washington, D. C.
December 14, 1906.

K. O. Gigstad, Esq.,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

My Dear Sir:—
I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th instant enclosing petition for rural route from St. Hilaire, with 101 signers, and I have today endorsed the same and filed in the Post Office department.

I have asked that the same be given early and favorable consideration. If the same seems to be held up at any time please advise me.

Very sincerely,
H. Steenerson.

The proposed route will start from here, going northeast to about the center of Rocksbury, thence east into Smiley township, thence south, taking in the northwest corner of Wyandotte, thence through River Falls back to this village. The route is about twenty-six miles long, has signatures enough and as recommended there is an excellent chance that it will be established in a short time. The principal credit for work done is due to P. O. Hagglund.

Not Proved.

For the past year or more there has been persistent rumors that A. W. Kemp, chief engineer at the saw mill, was treating his three small children in a cruel and inhuman manner. It culminated some time ago in a petition signed by a number of our citizens asking the State Humane Society to investigate. This petition was sent to County Attorney Germo and he caused notice to be served on Kemp that he should appear before the probate judge. Judge Tarrant, Attorney Germo and Sheriff Linnihan came up last Monday and had the hearing at the village hall Monday afternoon, the county attorney appearing for the state and J. K. Hannay for Kemp. There was not enough direct evidence introduced to warrant the state interfering and taking the children, and the case was dismissed.

It is to be hoped that the trying of the case will result in future good.

Kemp and family left town this week for good and over his departure there were few regrets. The Spectator does not believe that any of the parties who acted in the matter were activated by spite, as the defendant claimed, but that they simply wished to better the condition of the children. The case is ended, let's all forget it.

Prosperous Farmers.

The ones that have their cows coming in in the fall and gives them good care is the one that gets the coin.

The St. Hilaire creamery paid 29c per pound for butter fat in November and will pay 31c in December. These are prices that make the farmers that have plenty milk smile.

Those receiving over $50 are:

N. E. Beebe	$76.24.
N. A. Nelson	$53.83.
Gust Konikson	$54.24.
H. Haupt	$59.16.
L. Janke	$53.85.

The total amount of business done amounted to $2,450.21. This will be the lowest month of the year.

For Sale or Rent.

The west half of NW quarter of section 7-152-43 and east half of NE quarter of section 12-152-44 containing one hundred fifty acres adjoining the village of St. Hilaire. The best and most convenient stock and grain farm in Red Lake county. If interested write K. O. Lee owner at Aberdeen, S. D., or call on K. O. Gigstad, agent at St. Hilaire.

There will be services at the Swedish Lutheran church in St. Hilaire next Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. Next Tuesday morning there will be "Julotta" at the Clara church in River Falls at 6 a.m.; services in the Black River church at 11 a.m.; and Christmas festival at St. Hilaire at 8 p.m. On Wednesday the Christmas festival at the Black River church will begin at 6 p.m. The Christmas festival at the Clara church will be held Sunday, Dec. 30, at 7 p. m.

Alex Sand, Pastor.

Geo. W. Biskey the rural driver has had rather a hard time of it the past two weeks but has not yet missed a day. Some of the time however he was not able to make all of his route on account of the roads not being opened. The farmers living on rural routes must remember that it is their duty to break roads for the carrier and that he is not compelled to deliver mail unless the roads are made in passable condition.

Floods the body with warm, glowing vitality, makes the nerves strong, quickens circulation, restores natural vigor, makes you feel like one born again. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

Dr. Spofford is at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, the 8th day of every month. Latest scientific methods in examining eyes and fitting glasses.

Get your chattel and real estate loans at the Merchants State Bank.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve.

—For lute-fisk and oysters go to L. M. Rolland & Sons.

—Apples at Duntley's.

PREPARING A NEW BILL

Will Permit the Settlement of Chippewa Lands Now Withdrawn From Entry

Representative Steenerson is preparing a bill to permit settlement on the Chippewa lands in Minnesota, which have been withdrawn from entry by order of the secretary of the Interior, pending the determination of the amount needed to reclaim the lands by drainage. These lands were withdrawn under authority given in the last Indian appropriation bill in connection with the appropriation of $150,000 for investigation of drainage on the Red Lake reservation. That investigation is not yet completed, and will not be for a year or more, and in the meanwhile, the settlement of all Indian lands and the consequent development of the state is being retarded as the withdrawal included not only the Red Lake lands, but the cutover lands in the ceded Chippewa and Leech Lake reservations. The Steenerson bill will authorize settlement and entries for these lands, with the proviso that each shall reimburse the government for all expense of drainage, if any is necessary, such agreement being endorsed on the certificate issued by the Crookston officers when the filing is made. Steenerson believes this will meet the conditions and insure the reclamation of lands by drainage, when the government gets ready to construct drainage works. He believes that there will be no trouble in pushing the bill at this session, and may not introduce it until after the holiday recess.

Disposal of Timber.

Representative Steenerson, after considerable correspondence with Red Lake Indians and authorities of the Indian bureau, has introduced a bill providing for the disposal of timber on the unceded portion of the Red Lake reservation. Estimates of the amount of timber on this land vary from 100,000,000 to 400,000,000 feet and most of it is mature and suitable for cutting.

The bill provides for the sale on the bank scale at not less than $11 per 1,000 feet for white pine, and $9 per 1,000 feet for Norway pine. Seven sections of timber lands are reserved for the Indians. The money derived from the sale of timber is to be deposited in the treasury to the credit of the tribe at 5 per cent interest, and the Indians are to determine in council after five years whether the interest money coming due in the first twenty-year period is to be expended on improvements or distributed. At the end of twenty years another council is to be held to determine whether the whole fund shall be divided among the members of the tribe.

There is no provision in the bill for the sale of the cutover lands, which are to be kept as a part of the present diminished or unceded reservation.

Obtained No Clue.

Crookston Journal: M. Kelly arrived home this morning from Milwaukee where he has been for the last ten days trying to get information relating to the disappearance of his son, Roy. Although the Pinkerton detectives have been working diligently with the case since it was put in their hands their attempts to obtain a clue have been completely frustrated. They reported to Mr. Kelly that in all their experience in detective work they have never run across a case parallel to it.

Last evening J. M. Richards, manager of the Crookston Lumber Co, at Bemidji, arrived in the city with a suit case which had upon it the initials L.J.K which are identical to those of the lost boy. The suit case had been lying unclaimed in the Markham hotel for the last month. When it was opened it was found to contain wearing apparel but nothing to give a clue as to whom it belongs. When the case was examined this morning by Mr. Kelley he said that it did not belong to his son.

"Bad Roads, No Mail,"

is the rule the government has adopted for the rural free delivery service. Local authorities must keep the ways in passable condition if they are to benefit by the rural delivery, and so it comes about that this branch of the postal service is not only an agent of communication, which brings farm lands nearer, but a direct incentive to road-building, and hence to general improvement and prosperity. Our rule is: Drink golden grain belt beer and save doctor bills. Its daily use will nourish and strengthen the entire body. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

Largest Tree.

Cass Lake, Dec. 15.—What is claimed to be the largest tree ever cut in the west was felled this week a few miles east of Cuba. It is white pine, and after a careful examination was found to be over 425 years old. The tree is practically all solid, and will be cut into five logs. It is estimated that the first log will contain close to 3,000 feet. The tree is six feet in diameter, and the scale rule is not long enough to scale it.

A Train For Tyler.

During Mr. Tyler's incumbency of the presidential office he arranged to make an excursion in some direction and sent his son Bob to arrange for a special train. It happened that the railroad superintendent was a strong Whig. As such he had no favors to bestow on the president and informed Bob that his road did not run any special trains for the president. "What!" said Bob. "Did you not furnish a special train for the funeral of President Harrison?" "Yes," said the superintendent, "and if you'll bring your father in that condition you shall have the best train on the road."

A COLD STORAGE PLANT

If St. Hilaire Had One It Would Make Enough Profit In One Year to Build a Flour Mill.

Will it pay the St. Hilaire creamery to build a cold storage plant?

This is a very important question and should be discussed at our next annual meeting.

How much would we have made this year if we had our butter stored from June 1st to October 1st? Only $10,000.00! A nice capital for a flour mill. Let us make all the butter we can and sell it for the top price and get rich.

Yours truly,
N. A. Nelson.

S'MORE ADULTERATIONS

Shown in Bulletin No. 22 Issued by the Minnesota Dairy and Food Commission.

Attention is again called to the class of goods shipped into the state by outside mail order houses. Particular attention has been given these goods recently and while some of the samples analyzed have proven "legal" the percentage of those which have been condemned is altogether too high. These are not old samples which were sent into the state before the pure food law became effective. They have been secured in the past ninety days and represent the kind of goods that may be sold when the food laws cannot reach the guilty parties.

The rigid enforcement of our state law has, in a measure, worked a hardship upon the country merchant in his campaign for business against the mail order house. He has been compelled to obey the state law while his mail order competitor has been privileged to do as he pleased in the matter. It is to be hoped that the national law will be enforced with sufficient vigor to remove this disadvantage to the local merchant, and at the same time assure the patron of the mail order house that he is getting the same grade of goods that he can procure from the home merchant.

Attention is also called to the result given below on analysis of a sample of pepper obtained through a firm in this state. It is perhaps unnecessary to add that the law can and will reach this party.

The results of analyses just as returned from our laboratory are as follows:

Lab. 804—Maple Sugar; shipped into state by Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago. Illegal; sample is adulterated with cane sugar.

Lab. 8—Evaporated cream, Borden's Brand;" shipped into state by Montgomery Ward & Co., Chicago. Illegal; sample is simply evaporated milk.

Lab. 791—Colored sugar; shipped into state by Montgomery Ward & Co. Illegal; sample is colored with coal-tar dye.

Lab. 432—Baking powder; same shipper as above. Illegal; not labeled as required by law.

Lab. 1347—Extract of cinnamon; same shipper as above. Illegal; colored with coal-tar dye.

Lab. 462—Candy; shipped into state by Sears, Roebuck & Co. Illegal; colored with coal-tar dye.

Lab. 619—Catsup "Doris Brand;" same shipper as above. Illegal; colored with coal-tar dye.

Lab. 12—Evaporated cream; "St. Charles Brand;" same shipper as above. Illegal; sample is simply evaporated milk.

Lab. 40—Noodles, "Superior" brand; same shipper as above. Illegal; colored with coal-tar dye.

Lab. 1411—Vanilla Extract, "Standard" brand; shipped into state by Montgomery Ward & Co. Illegal; sample contains coumarin and is colored with caramel.

Lab. 146—Cheese, "MacLaren's" brand; same shipper as above. Illegal; sample contains borax.

Lab. 866—Ground pepper, "Aroma" brand; manufactured by Aroma Coffee Co., Duluth. Illegal; sample is adulterated with ground olive stones and foreign starchy matter.

Edward K. Slater,
Commissioner.

We care not how you suffered, nor what failed to cure you, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea makes the puniest weakest specimen of man or womanhood strong and healthy. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

—Get your supply of apples at Duntley's.

WHY NOT A BANK FOR JULE?

Can you think of a more sensible Christmas Present than a Home Savings Bank? It beautifies your home and is practical. It's something that everybody wants. You would be worth more today if someone had started you with a bank account years ago, wouldn't you?

Then start your boy this Christmas. The little bank that we loan when the opening deposit is made makes the ideal gift.

Your child should have one.

Merchants State Bank
UNDER STATE SUPERVISION.
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE......
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT ......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

GAR-GOL
An absolute specific and anti-septic preparation for all kinds of
SORE THROAT
SIMPLY A GARGLE OR SPRAY
A sure cure for Hoarseness, Tonsilitis, Quinsy, Inflamed, Ulcerated and Catarrhal Sore Throat. A preventive of Croup, Whooping Cough and Diphtheria.
PURIFYING HEALING SOOTHING HARMLESS
Endorsed by the most eminent throat specialists in the country. Should be kept in every home.
Price 25 Cents
BERG MEDICINE CO., Des Moines, Ia.
IMPERIAL DRUG CO.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, - - - - - - - MINNESOTA

Gold Medal Flour
ALWAYS GOOD
WHEN YOU BUY FLOUR always see that the name Gold Medal is on the bag and your cook will have no trouble in making good bread. Don't be talked into buying other grades in order to save a nickel.
BUY "GOLD MEDAL" AND PLEASE THE COOK.
We can supply you with "Gold Medal" Flour in any quantity and at reasonable prices..........
M. L. HANSON.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

TRYING EXPERIENCE.

Spent Over $100 in a Vain Search for Health.

Miss Frances Gardner, of 369 Jackson boulevard, Chicago, Ill., writes: "Gentlemen: I heartily indorse Doan's Kidney Pills, as I have found by personal experience that they are an ideal kidney remedy. I suffered with complications of kidney complaint for nearly five years, spent over $100 on useless remedies, while five boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills cured me in a few short weeks. I am now enjoying the best of health, have a fine appetite, the best of digestion, and restful sleep, all due to your splendid pills."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Appreciation.

Mr. Kulcher—Your Literary circle is making a study of Shakespeare now, I believe.

Miss Gidday—Yes, indeed.

Mr. Kulcher—And what have you learned about the great bard so far?

Miss Gidday—Well, we've discovered that he's just too cute for anything.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Pehr Christiansson, Carlos, Minn., marker for corn planters; Edward L. Curial, Anoka, Minn., kitchen utensil; Louis DeVaux, Albert Lea, Minn., refrigerator; Ole C. Olsen, Waseca, Minn., cap; Albert Royden, Lengby, Minn., manure carrier; Edwin G. Staude, Minneapolis, Minn., machine for making flexible boxes; David M. Swain, Stillwater, Minn., well construction.

Honest Graft.

"That man walking over there is a notorious grafter."

"Why, he doesn't look like a politician."

"He isn't."

"Then how is it that he is a grafter?"

"He's a skin doctor, and grafting's his specialty."

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

About Lord Kelvin.

Lord Kelvin paid a visit to the British schoolship for navigating officers at Portsmouth, on which are several mechanical contrivances and appliances of his own invention. The practical working of these had to be demonstrated and explained to him; Lord Kelvin understood the theoretical principles of the mechanism, but had never seen them applied and at work before.

National Pure Food and Drugs Act.

Serial No. 384, assigned by the Government, and Guaranty that the preparations comply in every respect with the requirements of the Pure Food and Drugs Act, appear on every package of the Garfield Tea Company's preparations.

Demands Respect for the Corpse.

A man who fails to raise his hat when a funeral is passing in Chester, England, is liable to fine and imprisonment.

Send for Our Free Harness Booklet.

If you are about to buy a harness, don't fail to write us to-day, or ask your dealer to show you our line.

SCHEFFER & ROSSUM CO.,
St. Paul, Minn.

Fixing It.

"John," said the political leader's wife, "you'll have to get a new policeman assigned to this beat; Bridget doesn't like the present one."

"All right," said he, "and while I'm about it I'll get one that likes his meat rare. I'm getting tired of overdone beef."

Canada Lands on Crop Payments.

Improved and wild in Manitoba and Saskatchewan. Write for list. Urquhart Land Co., 550 Endicott, St. Paul.

After a bachelor passes the age of forty it's up to him to marry a widow if he marries at all. He needs a wife who knows beforehand how cranky men are.

CREAM.

You can get 32c or more. Ship to-day. CRESCENT CREAMERY CO., ST. PAUL.

Preaching on the dangers of money often has its first effect on the collection.

The fact that your creed fits you like a coat does not warrant you in making it a uniform for all men.

Learn the Barber Trade.

Write for free illustrated catalog 3 explaining all. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis.

Most of us are more anxious to vindicate our opinions than get opinions that need no vindication.

Anyone can dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES; no experience required; success guaranteed.

The church finds her beauty when she is a chisel instead of a statue.

Do something for somebody and do it now.

If you want to find a happy Christian look for a wholehearted one.

Top Prices for Hides, Furs and Pelts.

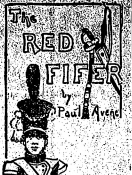
Write for Circular No. 9. N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

This always is a dirty world to people who seek nothing but dust.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The man who laughs at his troubles soon laughs over them.



"Hey, there, little fifer, what are you doing?" called out Sergeant La Ramee, who was on his way to the neighboring town in quest of a port fricassee for the colonel's Christmas supper.

"I will tell you how it is, Monsieur Sergeant," replied the little fifer; "His majesty, the king, being in pressing need of money, and wishing to present a new chateau as a Christmas gift to a relative, it has been decided by the court that the regiment, musicians and soldiers, shall not be paid this month. So, as my grandmother is poor and I haven't a cent in my pocket to buy her a Christmas turkey, I have come out here by the wall to break the ice in the trenches and see if I can't fish out a few frogs."

"Don't count on that," said La Ramee, "frogs sleep in winter."

"I know that, but the sky is so blue and warm I thought perhaps they might wake up."

The sergeant went on his way and the little fifer courageously hacked away the ice.

The fifer understood frog fishing as well as he did piping war tunes. When the ice was cut out and a little round pool of clear water appeared he soon improvised a line and rod of a piece of string he had with him and a reed, which he cut near by. But bait was lacking. Ordinarily this would not have disturbed our fisherman, as he would have used a wild poppy for the purpose; frogs are so greedy that anything red attracts them. But poppies do not flourish under the snow, and, hunt as he might, nothing red could be found.

He was about to give up in despair and go away, when just at that moment a great frog poked his head out of the water. Lazily, as if half asleep, it stretched out its legs, opened first one and then the other of its pretty yellow eyes to the sun, swelled its white throat, and uttered a gentle croak, to which other croaks responded from along the sides of the ditch.

"That must be the mother of the other frogs," thought the little fifer, who had never before seen such a large one. "What a chance and what a pity to let it escape!"

"What if I should take one of my suspender straps! It is the regulation scarlet and the frogs will surely bite at it!"

No sooner said than done. The red strap danced merrily on the clear, shining water just in front of the frog's nose. It seized it, the fisherman jerked, the line broke, and the frog darted under the water carrying the cloth with it.

Fortunately there was another strap; he could risk the second half.

The frog reappeared, bit again, the line broke, and the second half went to join the first.

"Bah!" said the fisherman. "What harm would there be in cutting a little piece out of my waistband? No one will ever want to look under my jacket."

Taking his knife, he cut out a little piece, which the frog, alas, carried away as before, and then another one, and another one.

Sergeant La Ramee, who was on his way back with his provisions, found the unlucky little fifer sitting down and weeping bitterly.

"What! A soldier crying? And why?"

For answer the little fifer stood up.

"This is bad business," said La Ramee, after looking for a long time at the cut trousers. "Injury to clothing or equipments furnished by the government is a matter to be tried by a court-martial."

Saying this, he went away, twisting his long mustache.

The little fifer wept all the more bitterly. He already saw himself arrested, shut up in a dungeon, and then taken between two gendarmes before his judges. In vain he tried to move them, saying: "It was not for myself; it was to get a dish of frogs for grandmother, who is old and poor, and who had nothing for her Christmas dinner." The military code was inflexible. He was disgraced, his fife and little sword were broken, and they led him out on a plain where, two months before, he had marched at the head of his regiment past a shot conscript.

Then, thinking of his grandmother, out of her mind with cold and sorrow, he decided it would be better to die right away. So he let himself slide down on the frozen snow toward the black hole in which the stars were already shining.

* * * * *

But in what a wonderful place the little fifer suddenly found himself. As far as he could see there were great shining arches, through which the soft light filtered, and long plants covered with sparkling crystals rising from below like delicate columns; these, mingling with the silvery mosses of the shores, resembled the most magnificent architecture.

On the right, on the left, in these little grottos, and in the crevices made by roots and loose earth, slept frogs of every species and in numberless quantities. He filled immense baskets with them to take to his grandmother. The court-martial no longer frightened him. He only vaguely remembered the damage done his breeches. Only one thing astonished him; that was that he was so warm in the water under the ice. Then he felt very happy and understood that he was going to sleep among the frogs.

He slept on and on for a long time. At last a voice wakened him; it was his grandmother's.

"Sh!" said she, "he is opening his eyes. Oh, the bad boy, to make so much trouble."

The little fifer was again seized with fear when he saw at the foot of the bed the shaggy eyebrows and long mustache of La Ramee.

"The trousers! The court martial! Don't let them carry me off!" and he clung with despair to his grandmother's jacket.

But she reassured him; the good sergeant had taken him out of the water half-frozen and trembling with fever; then he had told the colonel of the affair and he had sent a man on horseback with a Christmas supper for his grandmother, and a pair of new trousers.

The supper was sputtering on the stove and the trousers were hanging on the wall.

And this is the story my nurse told love for his grandmother, fished for frogs for Christmas.

What Father Christmas Says.

That no matter how dry are the streets, how soft are the wind's balm-blowing capers, grim blizzard or cyclone now greets the eye in the illustrated papers.

That the prettiest maid at the ball, with lips like a cherry or a rose, much prefers ten kisses in the hall to one where the candle-light glows.

That a man shows his brains when he gives a toy bank, for add nickels and dimes, to his son. As a scheme to keep car fares, etc., on tap it most certainly yanketh the bun.

That the day after Christmas we feel the holes that our pocketbooks hold; and, though honest, we're willing to steal the girl with the "mountains of gold."

Mr. Kink's Preference.

"Well, Uncle Ebenezer, will you have turkey or chicken for your Christmas dinner?" asked Mr. Gildersleeve of the aged negro.

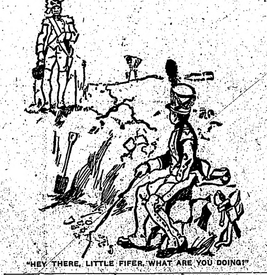
"I prefer chicken, sah," replied Mr. Kink, who then added, reflectively: "Den none ob my neighbors don't keep turkeys, you know."

Some Needed Inventions.

A pair of spectacles that will make Santa Claus see the small boy as others see him.

A contrivance to make the bad boy believe that he isn't better than he is when Christmas comes.

An appliance to shut the one eye that little Johnnie keeps open when Santa Claus enters the room.



"HEY THERE, LITTLE FIFER, WHAT ARE YOU DOING?"

Preferred to Believe in Santa Claus.

"There is not such person as Santa Claus, is there?" asked a small girl of her mother.

"Some folks say there is not," was the reply.

"Well, I don't care. I don't like folks who say there isn't any Santa Claus. They never give little girls any nice presents."

German Landlord Felt Insulted.

For speaking French to him a landlord of a Dusseldorf hotel recently charged a guest extra in his bill,

She Did.

Etta—Marcella called here this afternoon.

George—I suppose, as usual, she talked of stupid things.

Etta—Yes. She talked of nothing but you.

City Man—That was quite a decent speech your candidate made last night.

Country Man—Well, yes, 'twas so; but he can cuss and blaspheme like old Sam Hill when thar ain't no women present ter curb him.—Puck.

ATTRACTIONS OF WESTERN CANADA.

Magnificent Crop Returns for the Year 1906.

The manner in which the Canadian West has attracted settlers in recent years has caused many of our journals and public men to "sit up and take notice," to use a current phrase. From every European country and from almost every State in the Union large number of settlers have flocked to the prairie provinces of Canada, where free homesteads and wide opportunities are open to all who desire to avail themselves of them.

The greatest factor in attracting settlers lies in the inherent richness of soil and suitability of climate for producing what is universally considered to be the finest wheat in the world—the "No. 1 Hard" of Canadian growth—and other cereals that rank in the very first class. This year the harvest returns were: Wheat, 90,000,000 bushels; oats, 76,000,000 bushels; barley, 17,000,000 bushels; and when it is considered that the entire population of the three provinces—as evidenced by the quinquennial census just completed—is only 810,000, it is easily seen that the lure of the Canadian West is in its agricultural potentialities.

Another feature which attracts the settler is that railway construction is proceeding with such rapidity that almost every district is within easy reach of outside markets, and that good prices for all lines of farm products rule practically from the commencement of agricultural operations. This is a factor which did not prevail when the earlier settlements in the West were made in Canada and in the United States, and has given a great impetus to Canadian Western settlement in recent years.

The free grant system of homesteads which prevails in the prairie provinces, by which every settler who is able and willing to comply with the conditions of actual settlement (by no means onerous) is given 160 acres free, except $10 for entry, is a great drawing card, and in the last fiscal year gathered in over 189,000 additional to the western population, of which 57,796 were from the United States.

The further fact, as is strongly brought about by the agent of the Canadian Government, whose address appears elsewhere, that a splendid common school system, practically free, prevails throughout the entire country, and is easy of access in even the most remote districts, is another great inducement to the settler who has the future welfare of his family in mind, and this, coupled with the fact that western Canadian law and order are proverbial, completes a circle of good and sufficient reasons why the tide of immigration has set in so steadily toward the country to the north of our boundary line.

Evidence of Blind Faith.

President Patton of Princeton university once delivered a sermon, his subject being "Faith."

He spoke of the blind faith of the client who puts himself at the mercy of a lawyer in preparing an action for trial, and of the confidence of the sick in entrusting themselves to the physician.

"A case of blind faith," said the clergyman. "The doctor writes out a prescription. Oftener than not you cannot read it; you don't know what it is. He tells you to take it. 'Yours not to reason why, yours but to do and die.'"

Whether or not Dr. Patton meant it, there was a distinct ripple throughout the congregation.

The Evils of Constipation

are many; in fact almost every serious illness has its origin in constipation, and some medicines, instead of preventing constipation, add to it. This is true of most cathartics, which, when first used, have a beneficial effect, but the dose has to be continually increased, and before long the remedy ceases to have the slightest effect. There is one preparation, however, that can be relied upon to produce the same results with the same dose, even after fifty years' daily use, and this is Brandreth's Pills, which has a record of over 100 years as the standard remedy for constipation and all troubles arising from an impure state of the blood.

Brandreth's Pills are the same fine laxative tonic pill your grandparents used, and are for sale everywhere, either plain or sugar-coated.

Somewhat Involved.

"Don't you love me?"

"Yes, dear, but I'm already engaged."

"Break your engagement."

"Oh, George, that wouldn't be honorable. An engagement is a sacred thing and not lightly to be entered into or broken off. Besides——"

"Well?"

"Well, I'm engaged to two men, and that makes it worse."

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Immaterial.

"What color of hair do you prefer, Mr. Baldwin, black or blond?"

"I would not care what color it was, if I only had some."

For Prices on Poultry

Either Live or Dressed, Write
R. E. COBB, St. Paul, Minn.

Emptying the wrong bottle has filled many an untimely grave.

TURKEYS WANTED, also Veal and Chickens. C. J. Ertz, 30-32-34 E. 3rd St. (Oldest house in St. Paul.)

The rattle of dry bones is heard in the dice cup.

We Pay 32c for Cream To-day.

Cash for each shipment. Write for tags. MILLER & HOLMES, St. Paul, Minn.

After being sworn in, most office-holders are sworn at.

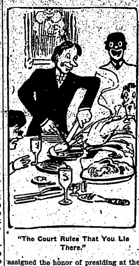
DECISION EASY TO ENFORCE.

Judge Had So Mutilated Bird That Resistance Was in Vain.

Judge Loveland of Strafford, Vt., a classmate of Daniel Webster in Dartmouth college, resembled him in some things. He did not like to have anybody get the best of him.

On certain occasions "an oath" was an absolute necessity to him, although of a different type from those he was in the habit of administering to others.

Not long after his appointment as Judge he and a party of acquaintances were invited to Christmas dinner at a friend's house. To him was assigned the honor of presiding at the head of the table to carve the turkey. He had never done such a thing in his life, but did not like to decline, neither did he wish to acknowledge his ignorance. Consequently, he went about his task, apparently as unconcerned as any of the party in waiting.



"The Court Rules That You Lie There."

The wing was the first part he attacked, and only after much hacking and cutting did he at last succeed in cutting it off. Then he took the leg and found that still more difficult to manage. He worked at it very quietly for a time, as he could not work and talk, too. Finally, after considerable maneuvering to find the best place to strike, he brought the knife down with almost herculean force, completely severing it from the body. In doing this he gave the body such a twist that it slipped from the platter onto the tablecloth beyond, minus both wing and leg. He dropped the knife in dismay, the perspiration oozing from every pore of his body when he saw what he had done.

"Well," he said, "d—n you, the court rules that you lie there; you can neither fly nor run."

LONG-LOST WATCH FOUND.

It Disappeared in War Times, Forty-Five Years Ago.

A gold watch lost by the Polk family many years ago was recovered recently in Springfield, Mo. The watch was owned by Dr. William J. Polk, an uncle of James K. Polk, a former president of the United States. He lost it during the war.

A jeweler in Springfield, Mo., bought a gold watch recently from a stranger. The gold in it was worth $35 and that was the price the jeweler paid for it. Upon the inside of the case was engraved:

A legacy to
Dr. William J. Polk
from
Mrs. Sarah J. Polk, 1843.

From Dr. Polk
to Allen J. Polk, 1860.

A card in the back of the watch showed that it had been repaired by Thomas Gowdy of Nashville, Tenn., December, 1852. Under this card was a circular piece of white silk, which to one of a romantic turn voiced some tender sentiment of the past.

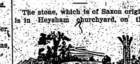
A remarkable thing about this old and well-worn timepiece is that it still runs.

The attention of Major Dorsey Berry (who is one of the Polk family on his mother's side) was called to the watch and he immediately placed himself in communication with Marshal Mayes of Nashville, Tenn. In reply he received a letter from a direct descendant of Dr. William J. Polk, expressing his appreciation of his kindness and marveling over the strange recovery of the watch. Its disappearance had always been a mystery, though the supposition was that it had been stolen during the war. In the letter was a check covering the jeweler's price and a request that he express it to a granddaughter of Dr. William J. Polk, which was complied with.—Kansas City Star.

IS PUZZLE TO ANTIQUARIES.

Mystery in Ancient Tombstone in English Churchyard.

The stone, which is of Saxon origin, is in Heysham churchyard, on the



shore of Morecambe bay. The carving upon it is believed to illustrate the death of Adam, the story of the cross, Eve and Seth on their way to Paradise, and the garden of Eden, but it has long been a puzzle to antiquaries. There is no trace of lettering upon it.—London Sketch.

Chicken Skin Gloves.

Gloves of chicken skin were in vogue in the early part of the 17th century. They were used at night to give the hand whiteness and delicacy

TORTURED WITH ECZEMA.

Tremendous Itching Over Whole Body —Scratched Until Bled—Wonderful Cure by Cuticura.

"Last year I suffered with a tremendous itching on my back, which grew worse and worse, until it spread over the whole body, and only my face and hands were free. For four months or so I suffered torments, and I had to scratch, scratch, scratch, until I bled. At night when I went to bed things got worse, and I had at times to get up and scratch my body all over, until I was as sore as could be, and until I suffered excruciating pains. They told me that I was suffering from eczema. Then I made up my mind that I would use the Cuticura Remedies. I used them according to instructions, and very soon indeed I was greatly relieved. I continued until well, and now I am ready to recommend the Cuticura Remedies to any one. Mrs. Mary Metzger, Sweetwater, Okla., June 28, 1905."

Not for Women.

She—Well, I maintain that women can do anything that men can.

He—Oh, no. The auctioneer's business is one a woman cannot go into.

She—Nonsense. She'd make every bit as good an auctioneer as a man.

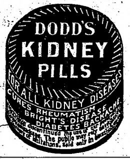
He—Just imagine an unmarried woman getting up before a crowd and exclaiming: "Now, gentlemen, all I want is an offer!"

He Had One.

They were talking about dogs. "Well," remarked Jones, "for my part, I think many dogs have more sense than their masters."

"Yes," chimed in Softly. "I have a dog like that at home." (And he couldn't understand why they laughed.).

Letting your light shine does not mean turning a searchlight on your neighbor's weak spots.



DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES

CURES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES

Oh! What a Cold I HAVE.

You can quickly get rid of it by taking

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment

DROPPED ON SUGAR.

It's as much for Internal as External use, and for 95 years has been curing colds, coughs, croup, cramps and colic. Try it. 25 and 50 cents. At all dealers.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C. Advice free. Terms low. Highest ref.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

Brent Good

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

FARMS THAT GROW "NO. 1 HARD" WHEAT

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

(Sixty-three Pounds to the Bushel). Are situated in the Canadian West where Homesteads of 160 acres can be obtained free by every settler willing and able to comply with the Homestead Regulations. During the present year a large portion of

New Wheat Growing Territory

HAS BEEN MADE ACCESSIBLE TO MARKETS BY THE RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION that has been pushed forward so vigorously by the three great railway companies.

For literature and particulars address SUPERINTENDENT OF IMMIGRATION, Ottawa, Canada, or the following authorized Canadian Government Agent:

E. T. HOLMES, 325 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Mention this paper.

AUTOMOBILE

Five-passenger model C Ford double opposed engine, detachable tonneau, in good running order. Will sell for $450.00 cash. Cost $1,000.

Burney Bird Auto Co.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

You Cannot **CURE**

all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions of the mucous membrane such as nasal catarrh, uterine catarrh caused by feminine ills, sore throat, sore mouth or inflamed eyes by simply dosing the stomach.

But you surely can cure these stubborn affections by local treatment with

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

which destroys the disease germs, checks discharges, stops pain, and heals the inflammation and soreness.

Paxtine represents the most successful local treatment for feminine ills ever produced. Thousands of women testify to this fact. 50 cents at druggists.

Send for Free Trial Box

THE R. PAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau.

NO MORE MUSTARD PLASTERS TO BLISTER.
THE SCIENTIFIC AND MODERN EXTERNAL COUNTER-IRRITANT.

CAPISICUM VASELINE

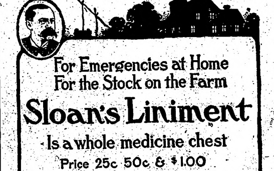
EXTRACT OF THE CAYENNE PEPPER PLANT

A QUICK, SURE, SAFE AND ALWAYS READY CURE FOR PAIN.—PRICE 15c.—IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES—AT ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS, OR BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF 15c. IN POSTAGE STAMPS. DON'T WAIT TILL THE PAIN COMES—KEEP A TUBE HANDY.

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of the article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve Headache and Sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all Rheumatic, Neuralgic and Gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household and for children. Once used no family will be without it. Many people say "it is the best of all your preparations." Accept no preparation of vaseline unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine.

SEND YOUR ADDRESS AND WE WILL MAIL OUR VASELINE PAMPHLET WHICH WILL INTEREST YOU.

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO.
17 STATE STREET, NEW YORK CITY



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For the Stock on the Farm

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Is a whole medicine chest

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Send For Free Booklet on Horses, Cattle, Hogs & Poultry.

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Enameline STOVE POLISH NO DUST DIRT SLOP SPILL NO SMOKE SMELL MUSS OR SPATTER

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ESTABLISHED 1879.

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Minneapolis GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1906. NUMBER 24.

MANY FALL IN BLOODY RACE WAR

WHITES AND BLACKS ENGAGE IN DESPERATE BATTLE IN MISSISSIPPI.

AT LEAST TEN ARE KLILED

GOV. VARDAMAN ORDERS TROOPS TO THE SCENE OF THE DISTURBANCE.

Wahalak, Miss., Dec. 27.—A bloody race war broke out here Monday as the result of the killing of one negro and the wounding of another by a conductor on a Mobile & Ohio passenger train, while the latter was attempting to quell a disturbance on board his train. Negroes gathered here from the surrounding country, threatening vengeance on the whites. The governor was asked for assistance and two companies of militia were sent here.

Many have been killed, but the exact number is not known. Seven are known to be dead, three of whom were lynched.

The militia remained here all night and yesterday morning returned to Meridian, their presence here appearing no longer necessary.

Riot Breaks Out Afresh.

Jackson, Mich., Dec. 27.—Late last night Gov. Vardaman received a telegram from J. A. Quarles, a prominent citizen of Scooba, Miss., seven miles from Wahalak, stating that a further uprising had occurred, in which five unknown negroes were killed and that their slayers had been captured, and asking that twenty-five troopers be dispatched to that place to help hold the prisoners.

Gov. Vardaman promptly instructed the colonel commanding at Meridian to ask for a special train over the Mobile & Ohio railroad and to go to the scene as quickly as possible.

The latest estimate makes the total dead ten, of whom four are white.

THREE KILLED IN A "BATTLE."

Fight Between Guards and Striking Miners Results Fatally.

Owensboro, Ky., Dec. 27. — Three men were killed and four probably wounded in a battle late last night between guards employed by the West Kentucky Coal company and the striking miners at Sturgis.

The fight occurred in a down-town street about one mile from the mine, but what caused it is not known. Twenty-five shots were exchanged.

The members of the miners' union have been on a strike for the past year. The coal company has been working non-union men under guards, and serious trouble has been long expected.

SHOT BY SPOUSE; FEIGNS DEATH.

Wife Waits Three Hours to Be Sure Suicide Is Successful.

New York, Dec. 27.—"I think I'll kill you now."

This was the Christmas greeting that John J. O'Rourke, a well-to-do young electrician of Morris Park, L. I., gave his wife shortly after midnight. He fired two shots into her head, and after watching her half an hour while she feigned death, he put a bullet into his own brain.

The woman probably will recover.

The O'Rourkes did not get along well together.

LOSES PAY CHECKS.

Many Are Cashed by Finders and Numerous Arrests Are Made.

Dayton, Ohio, Dec. 27.—An express messenger lost packages containing checks amounting to $10,000 here last night. The checks were for the employes of the Indiana, Columbus & Eastern Traction company.

Some of the checks were cashed by merchants here, names of employes being forged.

Numerous arrests have been made of persons who cashed the checks.

500 ANIMALS ARE BURNED.

Fire in Livery Stable Destroys Great Number of Horses and Mules.

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 27.—Five hundred horses and mules were burned in Harper Bros.' livery stable this morning. The loss is about $100,000.

The fire was started by safeblowers, who blew the safe in the office, the shock of the explosion overturning a lamp.

Two Men Hold Up Seventeen.

Goldfield, Nev. Dec. 27.—Two masked men held up seventeen occupants of the lobby barroom of the Columbia hotel. They secured $825 from the gambling games, but overlooked $3,000 which was in the safe.

No Part in Davis Lynching.

Annapolis, Md., Dec. 27.—President Fell of St. John's college has denied positively that any of the students of his institution took part in the lynching of the negro, Henry Davis, Friday morning.

Bad Fire in Denver.

Denver, Colo. ,Dec. 27.—The Ernest & Cramer building, one of the finest office buildings in the city, was damaged by fire yesterday. The total loss to building and renters is estimated at $200,000.

JAPANESE EVADE EXCLUSION

POUR INTO THE UNITED STATES WITH HAWAII AS STEPPING STONE.

Washington, Dec. 27.—There is to be a new and independent report on the Japanese immigration question and when it is completed the president will transmit it to congress with another message, making the third on this subject.

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The value of these buildings when completed will thus amount to nearly $400,000, when as a matter of fact the amount of money appropriated for their construction will be considerably less than one-half of that amount. The difference is due to the fact that the granite is owned by the state and the inmate labor is used to prepare it for use in the buildings.

Building Granite Wall.

Having provided for buildings of the greatest possible permanency, the board turned its attention to the inclosure which surrounds the reformatory grounds. For fifteen years a [illegible] of planks sixteen feet long, set on end and supported by oak posts, served to restrain the roving instincts of the inmates, but this was becoming affected by age. As it would have cast $7,000 or more to replace it with a similar stockade the board decided to ask the legislature for an annual appropriation to be used in the construction of a granite wall to inclose the grounds, which cover sixty acres. The legislature responded with an appropriation of $5,000 a year for the two years beginning in July, 1905. With this amount available, the work of constructing the granite wall was commenced and is progressing as fast as could be desired. The legislature which meets next month will be asked to make an appropriation of $5,000 a year for the next two years and this will be continued until the wall is completed. When completed this feature of the institution will have passed from the consideration of the board as an element of possible expense. It is twenty-two feet high.

Granite Silos.

With the idea of permanency of construction still in view the board has now erected two silos of granite, in which the green crops are stored and allowed to ferment until needed for fodder for the cattle. This idea of permanency in construction has been carried out to the fullest possible extent at this institution, and last year the board bought another tract of land upon which a considerable granite quarry is located.

The cell rooms in the cell wings are constructed with a view to insuring the highest standard of sanitation. There are four tiers of cells in each wing, the interior work being of brick and steel. Each cell is equipped with a chair, bed and a stationary wash bowl. The cell wings are well lighted, well ventilated, and the strictest rules of cleanliness are enforced in the buildings.

The first annual meeting of the Red River Valley Immigration and Development Association of Minnesota and North Dakota, held in Crookston, was largely attended by delegates from all portions of the valley.

George Ellis and James Elick of Detroit were arrested on the charge of selling whitefish. They pleaded guilty at Fergus Falls and paid fines of $10 and costs each, amounting to $31.70.

Mrs. Sarah Lloyd was knocked down and seriously injured by a street car in Minneapolis. She was picked up unconscious and taken to the city hospital, where it was found she was suffering from a fractured rib in addition to numerous bruises about the head and body.

While skating on the Cedar river, near Austin, Frank Clay, twelve years old, broke through the ice and was drowned before his boy comrades could pull him out.

BUTTERMAKERS GET DIPLOMAS.

Dairy and Food Commission Sends Out 150.

Dairy and Food Commissioner Slater's office force has just sent out the diplomas to the participants in the butter testing contests held during the summer. More than 150 diplomas were awarded, all of the contestants in the whole milk class who secured an average of 92 per cent or over in four contests, and all of those in the hand separator class who secured an average of 90 per cent or over in four contests, being awarded diplomas. The necessary percentage in the class of the hand separator class was placed two points lower than in the other class, owing to the greater difficulty of getting the best results with a hand separator.

The showing is very creditable, in view of the large number of creameries participating in the tests and the uniformly good showing made. In fact very few received marks of less than the required 92, but a large number did not participate four times, and while they in many cases made a showing of 95 per cent or better, they were not entitled to diplomas under the rules.

A. L. Cole, Republican candidate for governor, filed his election expense account with the secretary of state, showing a total expense of $2,925.

A Boyd druggist and his clerk were bitten by a mad cat and have gone East for treatment.

TROOPS PATROL SCOOBA STREETS

RACE WAR SITUATION IN MISSISSIPPI HAS QUIETED DOWN.

MANY ARE REPORTED KILLED

GOV. VARDAMAN, WITH MILITARY ESCORT, GOES TO INVESTIGATE.

Scooba, Miss., Dec. 27.—An Associated Press representative, who arrived in Scooba last night about dark, found the streets crowded with negroes who had gathered from miles around. They were highly excited, but there was nothing threatening in their demeanor. According to their statements most of them had gathered through fear that violence would be done them if they remained in the surrounding districts, and fear alone had driven them into the town.

With companies of militia patrolling the streets, there seemed to be little apprehension among either whites or negroes.

Many Reported Killed.

The difficulty which aroused both races in this city and vicinity occurred three miles north of here. Accurate information upon this trouble is not yet available here, but it is known that at least five negroes lost their lives as a result of it. There are also reported several others killed. However, these reports lack confirmation.

Governor Will Investigate.

Jackson, Dec. 27.—Late last evening Gov. Vardaman, accompanied by twenty-five members of the company of state militia stationed here, left for Scooba. Gov. Vardaman stated that there had been no fresh outbreak, but that he is going to the scene in order that he may make a personal investigation.

DYNAMITERS DEMAND $25,000.

Fail to Keep Their Part of Schedule and Trap Fails.

Billings, Mont., Dec. 27. — Several days ago the manager of the Billings sugar factory received a threatening letter that unless the sugar factory gave up $25,000 the plant would be dynamited and blown into atoms.

The letter directed that the sugar company place a man representing the company on a Burlington train with a red lantern, who was to drop the money when he saw a man with another red lantern beside the track. The sheriff last night put a posse on the train, including a sugar company representative, taking with them a red lantern and a package, but found no sign indicating that the highwayman had carried out his part of the schedule.

EARTHQUAKE IN CHILE.

Half of Town of Arica Destroyed—Other Towns Suffer.

Santiago, Chile, Dec. 27.—Half of the town of Arica has been destroyed by an earthquake and other towns in the neighborhood have suffered more or less severely. With the recollection of the August disaster fresh in their minds, the people in the earthquake zone are greatly alarmed.

FELL INTO DOUGH MIXER.

Bakery Employe Is Whirled Around Till Every Bone Is Broken.

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 27. — Falling into a sponge mixer full of dough, which he was feeding, yesterday, H. D. Van Kirk was whirled round and round until every bone in his body was crushed before the machine was stopped and he was extricated a corpse.

Alleged Defaulter Arrested.

New York, Dec. 27. — Antanas A. Joels was arrested charged with being a fugitive from justice. The arrest was made in Brooklyn, where Joels had taken rooms for himself and wife, on the request of the police of Chicago. Joels, the police say, is wanted for a defalcation of $1,500.

Mistake in Drug Costly.

Clarion, Iowa, Dec. 27.—Miss Esther Rankin has secured a verdict of $1,500 damages against H. L. Schultz, a druggist of Belmond, for an alleged error on the part of the druggist's clerk in giving her carbolic acid instead of camphor.

Falls in Hole; Freezes.

Williston, N. D., Dec. 27.—The seven-year-old son of N. C. Carlson while on his way to school fell into a deep hole. He was not found until six hours later. He was covered by snow up to his neck and had been badly frozen.

Stolen Funds Are Found.

Austin, Tex., Dec. 27. — Between $8,000 and $9,000 stolen by William C. Anderson, former assistant paying teller of the First National bank of Kansas City, who was arrested here last week, has been found in Austin.

Deputy Warden Dead.

Stillwater, Dec. 27.—John S. Glennon, deputy warden of the state prison, died from pernicious anaemia. Close application to his duties broke the health of the rugged man and he began to fail last February.

PREPARE FOR WAR IN CUBA

MILITARY PRECAUTIONS ARE TAKEN AGAINST POSSIBLE RISING.

Washington, Dec. 27. — Secretary Taft has received advices from Gov. Magoon, at Havana, stating that a more or less unsettled state of affairs exists in certain parts of Cuba, and that in Santa Clara province some lawless bands are operating and pillaging. Therefore, at the governor's instance, Gen. Bell has ordered a considerable reinforcement of the garrison of American troops in that province.

For the first time since the second occupation of the island by the Americans it has become necessary for the troops to undertake themselves the suppression of these disorders instead of leaving this task to the native Cuban rurales, which in some quarters is regarded as an indication of the inability of the Cuban civil authorities permanently to maintain peace on the island.

CORPSE SAT UP ON SLAP.

Undertaker Has Surprise While Preparing a Body for Burial.

Chicago, Dec. 27. — Mrs. Augusta Gardman early yesterday arose from an undertaker's slab, where she was being prepared for burial, and chided the undertaker for handling her so roughly. The startled undertaker rubbed his eyes and pinched himself, then called the police.

Mrs. Gardman, who had swallowed a quantity of carbolic acid six hours before, had laid as dead in her home and her death certificate had been signed by two physicians. The undertaker had been working over her body for three hours, and was just about to inject the embalming fluid when his subject stirred.

"Don't be so rough," she said, suddenly. Then she got up and walked away.

INAUGURAL IS SET FOR JAN. 9.

Gov. Johnson to Take Oath of Office Second Time.

St. Paul, Dec. 27. — Gov. Johnson will take the oath of office for his second term as governor on Wednesday, Jan. 9, and will immediately thereafter deliver his message to the legislature, which will be in joint session for the inauguration. The ceremonies will be conducted with Democratic simplicity, according to Private Secretary Frank A. Day. The other executive officers of the state will turn over their respective offices to their successors on Monday, Jan. 7.

Singular Double Suicide.

Chicago, Dec. 27.—Robert Widgren and Herman Oberg, partners in a coal business, were found dead late yesterday in a room in the rear of the coal office. A broken gaspipe and escaping gas gave rise to the belief on the part of the police that Widgren had intentionally severed the pipe to kill himself and his partner.

Suicide or Murder.

Jacksonville, Fla., Dec. 27. — The dead bodies of George Patterson, a cab driver and Alice Clark, boarding house keeper, were found in different rooms of the boarding house. The indications are either suicide or murder.

Hero Dies Before Eyes of Bride.

Morristown, N. J., Dec. 27.—Before the eyes of his young wife, George Davis yesterday lost his life in an unsuccessful attempt to rescue John Arke, an eight-year-old boy, from drowning.

Four Asphyxiated.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Dec. 27.—James Harris, his wife, thirteen-year-old son and three-year-old daughter, were asphyxiated by natural gas which escaped from a stove in their home here.

Wreck Is Fatal to Four.

Tacoma, Wash., Dec. 27.—An interurban train from Seattle and a work train collided a mile north of Milton, near Edgewood yesterday. Four persons were killed and twelve injured.

Reds Throw Bomb.

Barcelona, Dec. 27.—A bomb exploded yesterday in the Rambla, one of the principal thoroughfares of the city. One man was wounded. Three anarchists have been arrested.

Miners Fall to Death.

Bessemer, Mich., Dec. 27. — Elias Lehtenen and Joseph Bardesono were instantly killed in the Colby iron mine here yesterday by falling 500 feet to the bottom of the shaft.

Bomb Kills Two.

Kharkov, Russia, Dec. 27.—An unknown traveler dropped a bomb in the railway station here. Two passengers were killed and many were wounded.

Girls Hurt in Runaway.

Red Wing, Minn., Dec. 27.—Misses Annie and Emma Vollmer, two young ladies, were injured in a runaway caused by a passing automobile.

Child Dies of Hemorrhage.

Red Wing, Minn., Dec. 27.—The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Olso, residing near Wacouta, was found dead on their return home at midnight. The child had died of a hemorrhage of the brain.

Admits Bribes on Contract.

Milwaukee, Dec. 27.—Former Supervisor August Puls, in the municipal court, pleaded guilty to two indictments charging bribery in connection with county contracts and was fined $700.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXVI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1906. NUMBER 24.

MANY FALL IN BLOODY RACE WAR

WHITES AND BLACKS ENGAGE IN DESPERATE BATTLE IN MISSISSIPPI.

AT LEAST TEN ARE KLILED

GOV. VARDAMAN ORDERS TROOPS TO THE SCENE OF THE DISTURBANCE.

Wahalak, Miss., Dec. 27.—A bloody race war broke out here Monday as the result of the killing of one negro and the wounding of another by a conductor on a Mobile & Ohio passenger train, while the latter was attempting to quell a disturbance on board his train. Negroes gathered here from the surrounding country, threatening vengeance on the whites. The governor was asked for assistance and two companies of militia were sent here.

Many have been killed, but the exact number is not known. Seven are known to be dead, three of whom were lynched.

The militia remained here all night and yesterday morning returned to Meridian, their presence here appearing no longer necessary.

Riot Breaks Out Afresh.

Jackson, Mich., Dec. 27.—Late last night Gov. Vardaman received a telegram from J. A. Quarles, a prominent citizen of Scooba, Miss., seven miles from Wahalak, stating that a further uprising had occurred, in which five unknown negroes were killed and that their slayers had been captured, and asking that twenty-five troopers be dispatched to that place to help hold the prisoners.

Gov. Vardaman promptly instructed the colonel commanding at Meridian to ask for a special train over the Mobile & Ohio railroad and to go to the scene as quickly as possible.

The latest estimate makes the total dead ten, of whom four are white.

THREE KILLED IN A "BATTLE."

Fight Between Guards and Striking Miners Results Fatally.

Owensboro, Ky., Dec. 27. — Three men were killed and four probably wounded in a battle late last night between guards employed by the West Kentucky Coal company and the striking miners at Sturgis.

The fight occurred in a down-town street about one mile from the mine, but what caused it is not known. Twenty-five shots were exchanged.

The members of the miners' union have been on a strike for the past year. The coal company has been working non-union men under guards, and serious trouble has been long expected.

SHOT BY SPOUSE; FEIGNS DEATH.

Wife Waits Three Hours to Be Sure Suicide Is Successful.

New York, Dec. 27.—"I think I'll kill you now."

This was the Christmas greeting that John J. O'Rourke, a well-to-do young electrician of Morris Park, L. I., gave his wife shortly after midnight. He fired two shots into her head, and after watching her half an hour while she feigned death, he put a bullet into his own brain.

The woman probably will recover.

The O'Rourkes did not get along well together.

LOSES PAY CHECKS.

Many Are Cashed by Finders and Numerous Arrests Are Made.

Dayton, Ohio, Dec. 27.—An express messenger lost packages containing checks amounting to $10,000 here last night. The checks were for the employes of the Indiana, Columbus & Eastern Traction company.

Some of the checks were cashed by merchants here, names of employes being forged.

Numerous arrests have been made of persons who cashed the checks.

500 ANIMALS ARE BURNED.

Fire in Livery Stable Destroys Great Number of Horses and Mules.

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 27.—Five hundred horses and mules were burned in Harper Bros.' livery stable this morning. The loss is about $100,000.

The fire was started by safeblowers, who blew the safe in the office, the shock of the explosion overturning a lamp.

Two Men Hold Up Seventeen.

Goldfield, Nev. Dec. 27.—Two masked men held up seventeen occupants of the lobby barroom of the Columbia hotel. They secured $825 from the gambling games, but overlooked $3,000 which was in the safe.

No Part in Davis Lynching.

Annapolis, Md., Dec. 27.—President Fell of St. John's college has denied positively that any of the students of his institution took part in the lynching of the negro, Henry Davis, Friday morning.

Bad Fire in Denver.

Denver, Colo., Dec. 27.—The Ernest & Cramer building, one of the finest office buildings in the city, was damaged by fire yesterday. The total loss to building and renters is estimated at $200,000.

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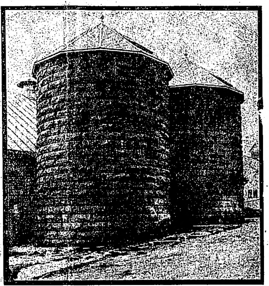

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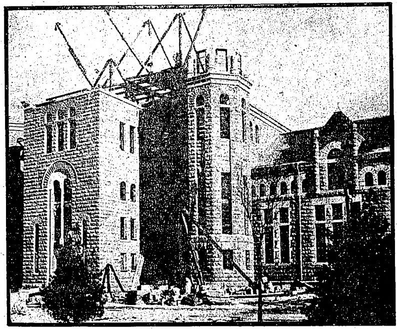

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The value of these buildings when completed will thus amount to nearly $400,000, when as a matter of fact the amount of money appropriated for their construction will be considerably less than one-half of that amount. The difference is due to the fact that the granite is owned by the state and the inmate labor is used to prepare it for use in the buildings.

Building Granite Wall.

Having provided for buildings of the greatest possible permanency, the board turned its attention to the inclosure which surrounds the reformatory grounds. For fifteen years a stockade constructed of planks sixteen feet long, set on end and supported by oak posts, served to restrain the roving instincts of the inmates, but this was becoming affected by age. As it would have cast $7,000 or more to replace it with a similar stockade the board decided to ask the legislature for an annual appropriation to be used in the construction of a granite wall to inclose the grounds, which cover sixty acres. The legislature responded with an appropriation of $5,000 a year for the two years beginning in July, 1905. With this amount available, the work of constructing the granite wall was commenced and is progressing as fast as could be desired. The legislature which meets next month will be asked to make an appropriation of $5,000 a year for the next two years and this will be continued until the wall is completed. When completed this feature of the institution will have passed from the consideration of the board as an element of possible expense. It is twenty-two feet high.

Granite Silos.

With the idea of permanency of construction still in view the board has now erected two silos of granite, in which the green crops are stored and allowed to ferment until needed for fodder for the cattle. This idea of permanency in construction has been carried out to the fullest possible extent at this institution, and last year the board bought another tract of land upon which a considerable granite quarry is located.

The cell rooms in the cell wings are constructed with a view to insuring the highest standard of sanitation. There are four tiers of cells in each wing, the interior work being of brick and steel. Each cell is equipped with a chair, bed and a stationary wash bowl. The cell wings are well lighted, well ventilated, and the strictest rules of cleanliness are enforced in the buildings.

The first annual meeting of the Red River Valley Immigration and Development Association of Minnesota and North Dakota, held in Crookston, was largely attended by delegates from all portions of the valley.

George Ellis and James Elick of Detroit were arrested on the charge of selling whitefish. They pleaded guilty at Fergus Falls and paid fines of $10 and costs each, amounting to $31.70.

Mrs. Sarah Lloyd was knocked down and seriously injured by a street car in Minneapolis. She was picked up unconscious and taken to the city hospital, where it was found she was suffering from a fractured rib in addition to numerous bruises about the head and body.

While skating on the Cedar river, near Austin, Frank Clay, twelve years old, broke through the ice and was drowned before his boy comrades could pull him out.

BUTTERMAKERS GET DIPLOMAS.

Dairy and Food Commission Sends Out 150.

Dairy and Food Commissioner Slater's office force has just sent out the diplomas to the participants in the butter testing contests held during the summer. More than 150 diplomas were awarded, all of the contestants in the whole milk class who secured an average of 92 per cent or over in four contests, and all of those in the hand separator class who secured an average of 90 per cent or over in four contests, being awarded diplomas. The necessary percentage in the class of the hand separator class was placed two points lower than in the other class, owing to the greater difficulty of getting the best results with a hand separator.

The showing is very creditable, in view of the large number of creameries participating in the tests and the uniformly good showing made. In fact very few received marks of less than the required 92, but a large number did not participate four times, and while they in many cases made a showing of 95 per cent or better, they were not entitled to diplomas under the rules.

A. L. Cole, Republican candidate for governor, filed his election expense account with the secretary of state, showing a total expense of $2,925.

A Boyd druggist and his clerk were bitten by a mad cat and have gone East for treatment.

TROOPS PATROL SCOOBA STREETS

RACE WAR SITUATION IN MISSISSIPPI HAS QUIETED DOWN.

MANY ARE REPORTED KILLED

GOV. VARDAMAN, WITH MILITARY ESCORT, GOES TO INVESTIGATE.

Scooba, Miss., Dec. 27.—An Associated Press representative, who arrived in Scooba last night about dark, found the streets crowded with negroes who had gathered from miles around. They were highly excited, but there was nothing threatening in their demeanor. According to their statements most of them had gathered through fear that violence would be done them if they remained in the surrounding districts, and fear alone had driven them into the town.

With companies of militia patrolling the streets, there seemed to be little apprehension among either whites or negroes.

Many Reported Killed.

The difficulty which aroused both races in this city and vicinity occurred three miles north of here. Accurate information upon this trouble is not yet available here, but it is known that at least five negroes lost their lives as a result of it. There are also reported several others killed. However, these reports lack confirmation.

Governor Will Investigate.

Jackson, Dec. 27.—Late last evening Gov. Vardaman, accompanied by twenty-five members of the company of state militia stationed here, left for Scooba. Gov. Vardaman stated that there had been no fresh outbreak, but that he is going to the scene in order that he may make a personal investigation.

DYNAMITERS DEMAND $25,000.

Fail to Keep Their Part of Schedule and Trap Fails.

Billings, Mont., Dec. 27. — Several days ago the manager of the Billings sugar factory received a threatening letter that unless the sugar factory gave up $25,000 the plant would be dynamited and blown into atoms.

The letter directed that the sugar company place a man representing the company on a Burlington train with a red lantern, who was to drop the money when he saw a man with another red lantern beside the track. The sheriff last night put a posse on the train, including a sugar company representative, taking with them a red lantern and a package, but found no sign indicating that the highwayman had carried out his part of the schedule.

EARTHQUAKE IN CHILE.

Half of Town of Arica Destroyed—Other Towns Suffer.

Santiago, Chile, Dec. 27.—Half of the town of Arica has been destroyed by an earthquake and other towns in the neighborhood have suffered more or less severely. With the recollection of the August disaster fresh in their minds, the people in the earthquake zone are greatly alarmed.

FELL INTO DOUGH MIXER.

Bakery Employe Is Whirled Around Till Every Bone Is Broken.

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 27.—Falling into a sponge mixer full of dough, which he was feeding, yesterday, H. D. Van Kirk was whirled round and round until every bone in his body was crushed before the machine was stopped and he was extricated a corpse.

Alleged Defaulter Arrested.

New York, Dec. 27. — Antanas A. Joels was arrested charged with being a fugitive from justice. The arrest was made in Brooklyn, where Joels had taken rooms for himself and wife, on the request of the police of Chicago. Joels, the police say, is wanted for a defalcation of $1,500.

Mistake in Drug Costly.

Clarion, Iowa, Dec. 27.—Miss Esther Rankin has secured a verdict of $1,500 damages against H. L. Schultz, a druggist of Belmond, for an alleged error on the part of the druggist's clerk in giving her carbolic acid instead of camphor.

Falls in Hole; Freezes.

Williston, N. D., Dec. 27.—The seven-year-old son of N. C. Carlson while on his way to school fell into a deep hole. He was not found until six hours later. He was covered by snow up to his neck and had been badly frozen.

Stolen Funds Are Found.

Austin, Tex., Dec. 27. — Between $8,000 and $9,000 stolen by William C. Anderson, former assistant paying teller of the First National bank of Kansas City, who was arrested here last week, has been found in Austin.

Deputy Warden Dead.

Stillwater, Dec. 27.—John S. Glennon, deputy warden of the state prison, died from pernicious anaemia. Close application to his duties broke the health of the rugged man and he began to fail last February.

PREPARE FOR WAR IN CUBA

MILITARY PRECAUTIONS ARE TAKEN AGAINST POSSIBLE RISING.

Washington, Dec. 27. — Secretary Taft has received advices from Gov. Magoon, at Havana, stating that a more or less unsettled state of affairs exists in certain parts of Cuba, and that in Santa Clara province some lawless bands are operating and pillaging. Therefore, at the governor's instance, Gen. Bell has ordered a considerable reinforcement of the garrison of American troops in that province.

For the first time since the second occupation of the island by the Americans it has become necessary for the troops to undertake themselves the suppression of these disorders instead of leaving this task to the native Cuban rurales, which in some quarters is regarded as an indication of the inability of the Cuban civil authorities permanently to maintain peace on the island.

CORPSE SAT UP ON SLAP.

Undertaker Has Surprise While Preparing a Body for Burial.

Chicago, Dec. 27. — Mrs. Augusta Gardman early yesterday arose from an undertaker's slab, where she was being prepared for burial, and chided the undertaker for handling her so roughly. The startled undertaker rubbed his eyes and pinched himself, then called the police.

Mrs. Gardman, who had swallowed a quantity of carbolic acid six hours before, had laid as dead in her home and her death certificate had been signed by two physicians. The undertaker had been working over her body for three hours, and was just about to inject the embalming fluid when his subject stirred.

"Don't be so rough," she said, suddenly. Then she got up and walked away.

INAUGURAL IS SET FOR JAN. 9.

Gov. Johnson to Take Oath of Office Second Time.

St. Paul, Dec. 27. — Gov. Johnson will take the oath of office for his second term as governor on Wednesday, Jan. 9, and will immediately thereafter deliver his message to the legislature, which will be in joint session for the inauguration. The ceremonies will be conducted with Democratic simplicity, according to Private Secretary Frank A. Day. The other executive officers of the state will turn over their respective offices to their successors on Monday, Jan. 7.

Singular Double Suicide.

Chicago, Dec. 27.—Robert Widgren and Herman Oberg, partners in a coal business, were found dead late yesterday in a room in the rear of the coal office. A broken gaspipe and escaping gas gave rise to the belief on the part of the police that Widgren had intentionally severed the pipe to kill himself and his partner.

Suicide or Murder.

Jacksonville, Fla., Dec. 27. — The dead bodies of George Patterson, a cab driver and Alice Clark, boarding house keeper, were found in different rooms of the boarding house. The indications are either suicide or murder.

Hero Dies Before Eyes of Bride.

Morristown, N. J., Dec. 27.—Before the eyes of his young wife, George Davis yesterday lost his life in an unsuccessful attempt to rescue John Arke, an eight-year-old boy, from drowning.

Four Asphyxiated.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Dec. 27.—James Harris, his wife, thirteen-year-old son and three-year-old daughter, were asphyxiated by natural gas which escaped from a stove in their home here.

Wreck Is Fatal to Four.

Tacoma, Wash., Dec. 27.—An interurban train from Seattle and a work train collided a mile north of Milton, near Edgewood yesterday. Four persons were killed and twelve injured.

Reds Throw Bomb.

Barcelona, Dec. 27.—A bomb exploded yesterday in the Rambla, one of the principal thoroughfares of the city. One man was wounded. Three anarchists have been arrested.

Miners Fall to Death.

Bessemer, Mich., Dec. 27. — Elias Lehtenen and Joseph Bardesono were instantly killed in the Colby iron mine here yesterday by falling 500 feet to the bottom of the shaft.

Bomb Kills Two.

Kharkov, Russia, Dec. 27.—An unknown traveler dropped a bomb in the railway station here. Two passengers were killed and many were wounded.

Girls Hurt in Runaway.

Red Wing, Minn., Dec. 27.—Misses Annie and Emma Vollmer, two young ladies, were injured in a runaway caused by a passing automobile.

Child Dies of Hemorrhage.

Red Wing, Minn., Dec. 27.—The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Olso, residing near Wacouta, was found dead on their return home at midnight. The child had died of a hemorrhage of the brain.

Admits Bribes on Contract.

Milwaukee, Dec. 27.—Former Supervisor August Puls, in the municipal court, pleaded guilty to two indictments charging bribery in connection with county contracts and was fined $700.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

FREE
TO ALL
CHURCH SUPPERS
AND
SOCIETY DINNERS
IMPORTED JAPANESE
NAPKINS
WITH PURCHASES OF
CHASE & SANBORN'S
HIGH GRADE
COFFEE.
FOR SALE BY
Rapp & Post
—DEALERS IN—
General
Merchandise
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

PASSENGER
9:15 am Lv....Crookston....Ar 6:45 pm
10:35 am Ar..Red Lake Falls..Lv 5:25 pm
11:05 am Ar...St. Hilaire....Lv 4:55 pm
11:35am Ar..Thief River Falls..Lv 4:30pm

LOCAL FREIGHT TO WYLIE.
10:10 am Lv....St. Hilaire....Ar 11:10am
10:35 am Ar.......Wylie.......Lv 10:45am

Sleeping car reservations, tickets and information from
A. J. McFarland, Agent,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

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RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE
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Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

The Spectator

[illegible]

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire, Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS: $1.50 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, Dec. 29, 1906.

A few more railroad wrecks and the people will solve the transportation problem by staying at home.

They are making it hot for our congressman, Halvor Steenerson, these days. He is down at Panama.

The supreme court will not give a decision in the Red Lake county county-seat case until some time in January.

The people of Cuba will have to pay the expenses of the U. S. army while it is down there fixing up their affairs.

Unless the weather moderates there will not be much North Dakota wheat moved by the railroads until next spring.

There is going to be some fun down at St. Paul this winter if the rumor is correct that legislators will not get free railroad passes.

It is hinted that the legislator-elect will be compelled to pay his railroad fare, or walk to St. Paul next month. We will take a small bet that they don't walk back in the spring.

There is a movement on foot to re-apportion the state so that each county will have at least one representative. At present Red Lake county is without a representative in either branch of the legislature.

The official canvass of the votes cast at the last state election was made last week. The majorities according to size were as follows:

Young, attorney general	84,754
Iverson, auditor	81,099
Johnson, governor	72,518
Dinehart, treasurer	61,296
Staples, railway com'r	51,467
Schmahl, secretary	40,959
Eberhart, lieutenant gov	30,838

The constitutional amendments covering taxation and peddler's licenses carried.

When a Man Lies.

"If you want to tell whether or not the man you are talking to is telling the truth, don't look him in the eyes," said a Denver bank teller to some friends last night. "I thought it was just the other way," said one of those present. "I've always understood that it made it harder for the liar if you looked squarely in his eyes." "That's a wrong impression," continued the bank teller. "The man who knows how to lie knows how to look you in the eyes when he's doing it. And the man who isn't a regular liar, but who has made up his mind to lie to you, decides first that he must look you straight in the eyes. It is the voice, when you don't look at the eyes, that tells you whether the other fellow is lying. We use the system frequently in the bank. A man will come in to tell us some business tale. We look at his feet or his hands or his knees, but never in his eyes. If he's telling the truth his voice will be firm and straightforward, and the absence of your gaze in his eyes will not affect it, but if he's lying he'll be confused by your action, and his voice will tremble. He'll hem and haw and clear his throat. You may rest assured then that he's stringing you."—Denver Post.

Rare Ben Jonson.

The epitaph, "O Rare Ben Jonson," engraved on the tablet marking the burial place of the celebrated playwright in the "poets' corner," Westminster abbey, is said to have originated with Jack Young (afterward knighted), who, "walking there when the grave was covering, gave the fellow 18 pence to cut it." Dr. Brewer in his "Phrase and Fable" says Shakespeare called Jonson "Rare Ben," but does not say where. According to Chambers' "Book of Days," the phrase formed the concluding words of the verses written and displayed in the clubroom of Ben's clique at the famous Mermaid tavern. The epithet "Rare Ben Jonson" is said to have been first uttered after the appearance of his highly successful farce, "Bartholomew Fair." The epitaph has been copied once at least. When Sir William Davenant was interred in Westminster abbey the inscription on his covering stone was "O Rare Sir William Davenant."

The Family Game.

Mother (coming into the children's room)—Rosie, what are you making such a terrible noise over? Look at Hugo. See how quiet he sits there.

Rosie—Yes, it's easy for him to sit quiet in the game we are playing. He is papa, who has come home late, and I am—you.—Wiener Salonwitzblatt.

The first ingredient in conversation is truth, the next good sense, the third good humor and the fourth wit.—Sir William Temple.

[illegible] "Why, of course I am. Anybody would if they [illegible]," the young wife declared. "Now, there's [illegible]," she continued, "he is just as obliging and thoughtful as can be. The other day I ordered a dozen oranges, and when they came I found there were but eleven in the bag, so when I went to the store again I told him so.

"'Why, yes, in I am,' he said. 'I know there were. I had put in a dozen, but I noticed that one of them was spoiled, and of course I wouldn't send you any but the best goods, so I took it out.'

"Now, don't you think that was nice in him to be so thoughtful and honest?" she concluded.—Harper's Weekly.

Marriages In Bible Times.

From the Bible accounts of the marriages of Jacob with Leah and Rebecca and from other narratives of marriages in Jewish history it seems that marriage was not held to be a sacrament or religious rite in the times of the patriarchs. In those days the head of the family, the father, was priest and ruler of the family and the only priest or ruler whose authority it recognized. As far as we learn from the Bible narrative in the case of Jacob's marriages, the simple giving of his daughters by Isaac constituted the marriage, there being no religious or other ceremony whatever. Of course, however, marriages made in this way were just as sacred and just as binding as those performed in the most ceremonious manner. In these days in Protestant countries the marriage laws do not look upon marriage as a sacrament, but only as a civil contract, though most people prefer to give it a certain religious sanction by having it performed by a church minister.—St. Louis Republic.

David Hume and His Wine.

A jocular bequest of David Hume to his friend John Home was curious. Home liked claret and disliked port, calling it poison, and the two friends had many discussions on the subject. They also used to have disputes as to which of them took the proper way of spelling their common family name. The philosopher, about a fortnight before his death, wrote with his own hand the following codicil to his will: "I leave to my friend, Mr. John Home of Kilduff, ten dozen of my old claret at his choice and one single bottle of that liquor called port. I also leave him six dozen of port, provided that he attests under his hand, signed John Hume, that he himself alone finished that bottle at two sittings. By this concession he will at once terminate the only two differences that ever arose between us concerning temporal matters."—New York Tribune.

Ringing In the Ears.

"Ringing" in the ears is a most peculiar condition. It is interesting to learn that, though the brain so distinctly receives an impression of sound, there is really no sound at all. The sensation is produced by derangement of the nerves of the ear, caused by poor circulation or such pressure and interference as come from hardened, excessive wax, boils, etc. Some one oddly remarked that when the ears were ringing they were "insane." Truly, they carry wrong impressions to the brain. They record things that do not happen.

A Weather Stone.

A writer tells of a curious stone that is to be found in Finland. It is a natural barometer and actually foretells probable changes in the weather. It is called a semakuir, and its peculiarity is that it turns black before approaching rain, while in fine weather it is mottled with spots of white. Investigation has shown the stone to be a sort of fossil, mixed with clay, rock salt and niter. When the air is moist the salt turns black; when the air is dry, the salt shows in white spots on the surface of the stone.

A Strong Face.

"Facial expression," said the thoughtful looking man, "is not confined to human beings by any means. For instance, some time ago I went to call on a friend of mine, who was not at home. However, a dog of his was there. I looked at the dog a moment, and he returned my look. Then something in that dog's face seemed to take hold of me and simply root me to the spot. It was his teeth!"—Chicago News.

The Clever Nurse.

Grandmother—Why, nurse, whatever are you thinking of to bring so young an infant into the open air on so cold and windy a day as this?

Nurse—But you surely do not think that so small a child understands differences in temperature?—Il Mondo Umoristico.

So Forgetful.

"Why do girls wear engagement rings?"

"On the same principle that a person ties a string around his finger—so they won't forget they're engaged."

Cruel.

Miss Fortysummers—I had a proposal last night and refused it.

Miss Crusher—You are always thinking of the welfare of others, aren't you, dear?

A Dilemma.

"Then, Maurizio, tomorrow I will come with my wife to see you both."

"Delighted. But look here. Tell your wife not to wear her new diamond earrings or my wife will at once want a pair."

"Oh, the mischief! And my wife was only coming for the purpose of showing them off."—Il Diavolo Rosa.

It Couldn't Be.

Dean Farrar quotes Tennyson as having related to him the remark of a farmer who, after hearing a fire and brimstone sermon from an old style preacher, consoled his wife by saying: "Never mind, Sally; that must be wrong. [illegible] constitution couldn't [illegible]

[illegible] runner scored [illegible] by a third baseman and when the ball never left the third baseman's hand. The play happened in [illegible]. Andy Moynihan was playing third base for the Pastimes of Chicago in 189[illegible] when a tournament was held. The Ogdens of Peoria were the opposing team. In the first inning, with a runner on first, the batter drove a liner straight over third. Moynihan shoved up his hand, the ball struck it and stuck fast in the hand. The crowd cheered. An instant later they saw something was wrong. Moynihan, writhing with pain, was running around third base. The base runner at first saw something was the matter and ran down to second. Then he ran to third and finally trotted home unmolested.

The trouble was that the ball, striking Moynihan's hand, paralyzed the nerves. The ball was stuck tight in his hand. It was five minutes before his fellow players could pry his fingers open and get the ball out.—Chicago Tribune.

Two Lads.

At one time, when De Quincey was living at Lasswade in simple and friendly relations with the people, who respected him not as a writer, but as a good neighbor, he formed a very delightful friendship with a little child, a boy of four years. This lad, a nephew of one of the housemaids, was the constant companion of the great man and would forsake any amusement for the pleasure of walking round a dull little garden with him. One day somebody heard this conversation between the two comrades:

"What d'ye call thon tree?" asked the child.

De Quincey considered and then said, with careful deliberation, "I am not sure, my dear, but I think it may be a laurustinus."

The child interrupted him with some scorn: "A laurustinus! Lad, d'ye no ken a rhododendron?"

At that time the "lad" must have been about seventy years old.

Rats as Gold Mines.

It is a common practice for the boys in some watch and jewelry factories to kill the rats which infest the buildings and burn the bodies to obtain the gold. Many oiled rags are used in burnishing watch cases, and in time they become impregnated with gold. The rats eagerly devour these rags, and a few months of this kind of diet fills the interior mechanism of the rat with a gold plating. Twice a year the boys have a grand cremation. The rats are caught by the hundred and burned in a crucible. The intense heat drives off all animal substances and leaves the gold in the shape of a little lump. The amount of the precious metal obtained in this way is not large, but gives the ingenious youngsters plenty of pocket money. In some factories young Napoleons of finance buy up in advance the shares of their fellow workers in the rat colony.—London

ANNUAL MEETING

Of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

The annual stockholders meeting of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company will be held at the village hall at St. Hilaire, Minn., on Monday, January 7th 1907, at 11 a. m., at which time will occur the annual election of a president, secretary and three directors, and such other business as may lawfully come before the meeting.

NELS K. ANDERSON,
O. P. SWANSON, President.
Secretary.
St. Hilaire, Minn., Dec. 15, 1906.

Souvenir Playing Cards

Issued by Great Northern Railway.

The Great Northern Railway and Great Northern Steamship companies have issued a new edition of playing cards. They are printed on exceptionally fine stock, and are better cards for the price asked than can be had elsewhere. The advertising, consisting of the trade mark, is worked into an oriental design and is confined entirely to the back of the card. The steamship card is the more elaborate of the two and is finished with gilt edges. Great Northern Railway cards fifteen cents per pack. Steamship cards twenty-five cents per pack. Mailed to any address on receipt of price.

A. L. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Manager,
St. Paul, Minn.

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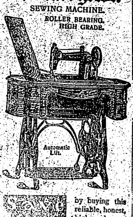
SEWING MACHINE.
ROLLER BEARING.
HIGH GRADE.


Automatic Lift.

SAVE MONEY by buying this reliable, honest, high grade sewing machine.
STRONGEST GUARANTEE.
National Sewing Machine Co.
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GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
EXTREMELY LOW RATES
Between all Points on the
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Tickets on sale Dec. 22 to Jan. 1st.
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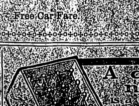

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WE PURCHASE ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
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G. O. WALTON, Traveling Passenger Agt., St. Paul.
N. E. McCONNELL, Trav. Passenger Agt., St. Paul.
H. D. BOVIG, Trav. Passenger Agent, St. Paul.
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Advertise in the St. Hilaire Spectator

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Supplement to St. Hilaire Spectator, December 29, 1906

Official Proceedings

of the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minn.,
September 4, 1906.

Pursuant to call the Board of County Commissioners met at the court house at one o'clock p. m. for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition of Felix Anderson and others for County Ditch No. 27.

Present – Commissioners Ekstrom, Demann, Johnson and Shaw.

After hearing the arguments of all persons interested, for and against the construction of the proposed ditch, on motion made by Commissioner Ekstrom and seconded by Commissioner Johnson and duly carried, the petition for County Ditch No. 27 was rejected.

On motion duly carried the board adjourned sine die.

(Seal) —DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman of Board County Commissioners.
Attest: James E. Ford,
County Auditor
and ex-officio clerk of the board.

Red Lake Falls, Minn.,
November 20, 1906.

Pursuant to call the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minn., met at the office of the county at the court house at one o'clock p. m.

Present – Commissioners Demann, Shaw and Falardeau.

The minutes of the meetings of July 9, July 19 and August 14 were read and approved.

The application of Dennis Cyr for correction of assessment and abatement of taxes for the years 1904 and 1905 was granted subject to the approval of the State Auditor.

Engineer's estimates on county ditch work were approved as follows:

John G. Anderson, County Ditch No. 23: final estimate	$821.10
Theodore Halvorson, County Ditch No. 26; partial estimate	216.08

On motion duly carried licenses to sell intoxicating liquors in the Townsite of Brooks were granted to Zotique Bray and Leroux and Hince.

The petition of T. A. Bergdal asking to be set off with his lands from School District No. 35 to School District No. 125 was presented to the board, and on motion duly carried a day of hearing on same was set for January 9, 1907, at two o'clock p. m.

The petition of Casper Weiner and others for a new school district was presented to the board, and on motion duly carried a day of hearing on same was set for January 9, 1907, at two o'clock p. m.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the sum of $250.00 be, and is hereby appropriated from the County Road and Bridge Fund to aid the towns of Garnes and Mayfield in the construction of a bridge across Clearwater river on the section line between sections 34 and 35 in Township 152, Range 41, the same to be payable February 1, 1907.

The bond of the First State Bank in the sum of $50,000 as a depository for county funds was approved.

Bonds of county officers for the ensuing two years were fixed as follows:

County auditor, $2,500.00 fidelity bond or $5,000.00 personal bond; county treasurer, $100,000.00 fidelity bond or $200,000.00 personal bond; county attorney, $1,000.00; sheriff, $5,000.00; register of deeds, $5,000.00; clerk of court, $5,000.00; judge of probate, $1,000.00; county surveyor, $500; coroner, $500.

On motion duly carried the county auditor was instructed to advertise for bids for doing the official county printing during the year 1907.

On motion duly carried the county auditor was instructed to advertise for sixty cords of green body poplar wood to be delivered at the court house.

On motion duly carried a recess was taken to November 27, 1906.

November 27, 1906, the Board reconvened at nine o'clock a. m. with Commissioners Demann, Shaw and Falardeau present.

On motion duly carried the application of Matt Skala for correction of assessment and abatement of taxes for the years 1904 and 1905 was granted subject to the approval of the State Auditor.

The engineer's final estimate on the contract for the construction of Garnes & Emardville Ditch No. 1 in the sum of $548.35 was on motion approved.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That the sum of $250.00 be, and is hereby appropriated from the County Road and Bridge Fund to aid the towns of Garnes and Deer Park in the construction of a bridge across Clearwater river on the section line between sections 5 and 32 in Township 152, Range 40.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

J. K. Nicol, services as engineer on county ditches	$366.00
Geo. A. Ralph, services as engineer on Rocksbury North Ditch No. 1	20.00
St. Hilaire Spectator, printing notice of hearing on county ditches No. 27 and 28	2.25
James E. Ford, county auditor's fees in ditch proceedings	112.00
Harry B. Healy, typewriting specifications on county ditches	2.00
W. H. Krueger, board of engineer on county ditches	13.50
Zaiser Bros., livery for engineer on county ditches	31.00
Zaiser Bros., livery for engineer on county ditches	29.50
Zaiser Bros., livery for viewers on county ditch No. 28	4.00
Daniel Patterson, livery for engineer on county ditch No. 26	3.50
Daniel Patterson, livery for engineer on county ditch No. 26	11.50
Sundahl Bros., livery for engineer on county ditch No. 26	2.50
Newbury & Bulman, livery for engineer on county ditch No. 26	16.50
Fred Zaiser, viewer on county ditch No. 28	11.25
O. W. Brink, viewer on county ditch No. 28	11.35
Peter K. Olson, viewer on county ditch No. 28	8.00
Carl Johnson, viewer on county ditch No. 27	5.50
R. A. Lee, viewer on county ditch No. 27	7.40
Wm. Linnihan, rodman, county ditch No. 28	4.00
Red Lake Courier, stationery and blanks	90.90
Red Lake Falls Gazette, stationery and election ballots	398.20
Geo. D. Barnard & Co., blanks, blank books and supplies	57.16
Pioneer Press Co., blanks and blank books	102.60
Free Press Printing Co., blanks and blank books	77.55
Miller-Davis Printing Co., blanks	16.10
A. L. Reichert, supplies	9.15
Midland Chemical Co., disinfectants	12.50
Typewriter Exchange, supplies	12.25
St. Hilaire Spectator, publishing general election ballot and notice of sale of absolute property	60.30
St. Hilaire Spectator, publishing primary election ballot, commissioners' proceedings and official notices	264.10
Thomas Germo, long distant telephone calls	7.20
James E. Ford, telephone and telegraph messages	2.82
James E. Ford, postage and express for county auditor's office	52.27
H. T. McAnulty, postage and express for county superintendent of schools	9.35
K. M. Hansen, postage and express for county treasurer's office	31.18
Frank Jeffers, postage and express for register of deeds office	32.55
N. W. Tarrant, long distant calls	.70
J. L. Cossette, procuring primary election ballots	3.20
Olaf Tande, procuring primary election ballots	1.40
Lewis Sall, procuring primary election ballots	2.20
Halvor Johnson, procuring primary election ballots	1.80
Jay Payne, procuring primary election ballots	1.80
A. Laniel, procuring primary election ballots	1.10
Tobias Stene, procuring primary election ballots	2.40
Ernest J. Akerlund, procuring primary election ballots	1.00
Kels K. Anderson, procuring primary election ballots	3.00
Lars Lee, procuring primary election ballots	2.80
A. J. Hemstad, procuring primary election ballots	3.00
P. Engelstad, procuring primary election ballots	2.15
K. O. Gigstad, procuring primary election ballots	1.20
A. D. Berry, procuring primary election ballots	2.60
Joseph Johnson, procuring primary election ballots	1.40
Max Perras, procuring primary election ballots	1.60
A. P. Toupin, procuring primary election ballots	2.40
C. W. Johnson, procuring primary election ballots	3.00
A. S. Anderson, procuring primary election ballots	2.20
Ildaige Baril, procuring primary election ballots	1.60
E. J. Overland, procuring primary election ballots	1.50
C. E. Naplin, procuring primary election ballots	4.00
Sam Lovaas, procuring primary election ballots	1.60
Alex Patnode, procuring primary election ballots	2.00
David Haugen, carrying primary election returns	2.78
Sam Walbaug, carrying primary election returns	1.84
Peter J. Bugge, carrying primary election returns	1.63
A. O. Watsend, carrying primary election returns	1.31
Wm. Hebert, carrying primary election returns	1.10
Joseph A. Dechamp, carrying primary election returns	4.00
L. G. Browning, carrying primary election returns	1.44
Ellef Gravlie, carrying primary election returns	2.40
H. B. Blackey, carrying primary election returns	7.05
Frank Schirrich, carrying primary election returns	2.80
Ed. Enright, carrying primary election returns	2.40
Frank Mousley, carrying primary election returns	1.20
Alcede Perusse, carrying primary election returns	3.20
Nels Kurtson, carrying primary election returns	1.20
John A. Rothstein, carrying primary election returns	4.00
Mathias Waldorf, carrying primary election returns	2.00
Chas. Seeger, carrying primary election returns	1.80
A. L. Reichert, carrying primary election returns	1.20
Jacob Froiland, carrying primary election returns	3.80
John S. Johnson, carrying primary election returns	1.00
Joseph Johnson, carrying primary election returns	1.60
C. P. Swanson, carrying primary election returns	2.96
Chas. Gustafson, carrying primary election returns	2.00
Gus Normandeau, carrying primary election returns	1.20
R. O. Gorden, carrying primary election returns	2.30
Philip Gibeau, carrying primary election returns	1.10
Herman Ortloff, carrying primary election returns	3.00
A. S. Anderson, carrying primary election returns	2.20
Daniel Patterson, carrying primary election returns	3.40
O. J. Johnson, procuring general election ballots	1.20
E. J. Overland, procuring general election ballots	1.60
Alex Patnode, procuring general election ballots	2.00
Olaf Tande, procuring general election ballots	1.40
Max Perras, procuring general election ballots	1.60
A. D. Berry, procuring general election ballots	2.60
A. J. Hemstad, procuring general election ballots	3.20
W. A. Swanson, procuring general election ballots	2.36
A. Laniel, procuring general election ballots	1.10
Tobias Stene, procuring general election ballots	2.40
Lewis Sall, procuring general election ballots	2.20
Ernest K. Akerlund, procuring general election ballots	1.00
J. L. Cossette, procuring general election ballots	3.20
C. E. Naplin, procuring general election ballots	4.00
Henry Hanson, procuring general election ballots	2.00
A. S. Anderson, procuring general election ballots	2.20
P. Engelstad, procuring general election ballots	2.00
C. W. Johnson, procuring general election ballots	3.00
G. J. Nordhagen, procuring general election ballots	2.40
Sam Lovaas, procuring general election ballots	1.60
Joseph Johnson, procuring general election ballots	1.40
Jay Payne, procuring general election ballots	2.20
Nels K. Anderson, procuring general election ballots	3.00
David Haugen, carrying general election returns	2.72
Nels Knutson, carrying general election returns	1.45
Louis Lonson, carrying general election returns	1.20
N. A. Nelson, carrying general election returns	2.44
C. O. Lindberg, carrying general election returns	1.13
C. E. Wilson, carrying general election returns	1.20
Herman Ortloff, carrying general election returns	3.00
Swan Walbaug, carrying general election returns	1.52
Phillip Gibeau, carrying general election returns	1.10
A. S. Wilson, carrying general election returns	1.45
A. D. Berry, carrying general election returns	2.60
Wm. Herbert, carrying general election returns	1.10
Sever Maaren, carrying general election returns	2.22
P. E. Bergh, carrying general election returns	2.64
John Froiland, carrying general election returns	3.60
Ernest J. Ackerlund, carrying general election returns	4.00
Chas. Seeger, carrying general election returns	1.80
Matheis Waldorf, carrying general election returns	2.00
A. L. Reichert, carrying general election returns	1.20
Allred Rice, carrying general election returns	2.00
L. G. Browning, carrying general election returns	1.20
H. W. Lee, carrying general election returns	1.20
A. Drager, carrying general election returns	2.80
Joseph Johnson, carrying general election returns	1.75
J. P. Harren, carrying general election returns	1.10
Ed. Enright, carrying general election returns	2.40
Louis Parenteau, carrying general election returns	3.20
Ildaige Baril, carrying general election returns	1.20
Peder J. Bugge, carrying general election returns	4.00
O. N. Olson, carrying general election returns	3.40
Ellef Gravlie, carrying general election returns	2.40
Charles Gustafson, carrying general election returns	2.00
A. O. Watsend, carrying general election returns	3.00
Joseph Johnson, carrying general election returns	7.25
Hans Fjeld, carrying general election returns	7.25
Erick Iverson, carrying general election returns	4.00
Olaf O. Omlid, carrying general election returns	7.25
Lars Backe, canvassing primary election returns	13.00
E. M. Hoff, canvassing primary election returns	11.40
S. A. Swanson canvassing primary election returns	9.20
James E. Ford, canvassing general election returns	9.20
Chas. W. Latta, canvassing general election returns	11.80
S. A. Swanson, canvassing general election returns	9.20
Daniel Shaw, canvassing general election returns	13.00
Daniel Shaw, canvassing primary election returns and inspecting roads	18.06
S. A. Swanson, services on legislative canvassing board	6.20
Daniel Shaw, services on legislative canvassing board	10.00
James E. Ford, services on legislative canvassing board	6.20
Chas. W. Latta, services on legislative canvassing board	8.80
C. C. Jackson & Co., ballot boxes and lock for unorganized precincts	5.50
Joseph Belair, coroner's fees in the matter of the death of Moses Guerard	12.90
Village of St. Hilaire, lumber for repairing bridge over Sanders & Black River Ditch, No. 1	27.45
Z. Bray, expenses in case of State vs. Hathaway & Benjamin	10.00
W. H. Krueger, board of Joseph Verneau, insane	3.75
H. T. McAnulty, expenses, county superintendent of schools	100.00
W. A. Schreiter, long distance telephone calls	8.10
Red Lake Falls Telephone Exchange, use of telephones	35.00
C. Martin, cleaning court house chimneys	1.50
Red Lake Falls Electric Light Co., lights for July, August, September and October	52.25
Daniel Guerin, livery for bridge committee	2.50
Frank Jeffers, transcribing records and recording bonds	6.35
F. J. Stebbins, medicine for pauper	5.35
Terrison Bros., undertaker's fees, non-resident pauper	40.50
J. E. Carroll inspecting Louisville bridge	25.00
J. H. Hay, assistant county superintendent of schools	9.00
Joseph Perrault, clerk of court miscellaneous fees	18.00
S. A. Swanson, drawing petit jury	3.20
K. Runnestrand, janitor at teacher's training school	30.00
Thief River Falls Lumber Co., lath for ditch stakes	3.60
Robertson Lumber Co., lumber and lath	1.52
D. Linnihan, posting and serving ditch notices	39.00
D. Linnihan, sheriff's fees	50.00
Geo. Jarman, deputy sheriff's fees, conveying patient to Faribault	54.95
Louis Gonyea, sheriff's fees	1.20
P. A. Ekstrom, county commissioner's per diem and mileage	6.00
O. J. Johnson, county commissioner's per diem and mileage	18.50
Wm. C. L. Demann, county commissioner's per diem and mileage	1.60
Daniel Shaw, county commissioner's per diem and mileage	37.80
Wm. C. L. Demann, county commissioner's per diem and mileage	51.00
Louis Falardeau, county commissioner's per diem and mileage	7.80
Wm. C. L. Demann, county commissioner's per diem and mileage	4.40
Daniel Shaw, county commissioner's per diem and mileage	7.00

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned sine die.

(Seal) —DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman of Board County Commissioners.

Attest: James E. Ford,
County Auditor
and Ex-officio Clerk of Board.

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CALL ON
HOLMES BROS.
FOR
HARDWARE
AND FURNITURE.

VILLAGE COUNCIL.

J. B. O'Brien	President
K. O. Gigstad	Recorder
A. S. Wilson	Councilmen
D Patterson	Councilmen
E. M. Hoff	Councilmen
L. Holmes	Treasurer

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Auditor	James. E. Ford
Treasurer	Karl M. Hansen
Register of Deeds	Frank Jeffers
Sheriff	Dan Linnihan
Attorney	Thos. Germo
Judge of Probate	N. W. Tarrant
Clerk of Court	Joe Perrault
Supt. of Schools	H. T. McAnulty
Coroner	Jos. Belair
Court Commissioner	A. P. Toupin
Surveyor	J. K. Wood
Commissioner 1st Dist	P. A. Eckstrom
Commissioner 2nd Dist	W. C. L. Demann
Commissioner 3rd Dist	O. J. Johnsen
Commissioner 4th Dist	Daniel Shaw
Commissioner 5th Dist	Louis Falardeau

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
R. H. Duntley, N. G.
J. B. O'Brien, Secretary.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
J. B. O'Brien, Clerk.

Mystic Toilers:—St. Hilaire Council, No. 109. Meets first and third Tuesdays at their hall Visiting members cordially invited.
Henry Olson, Pres.
Aug. Berglund, Sec.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
H. O. Jackson, president.
H. E. Ives, V-pres. K.R. Killand, Secy.

DR. H. E. NELSON
SCANDINAVIAN
Physician and Surgeon.
Office over Hall's Confectionery.
Residence over Holmes Bros.' Store.

DR. C. R. CRANDALL,
DENTIST
From Thief River Falls, makes regular visits to St. Hilaire Thursdays and Fridays at Dr. J. C. Cummings' office.

BERT D. KECK
ARCHITECT
Plans and specifications for modern, up to date buildings. Call and see me. All work guaranteed to be first class.
ROLSCH BLOCK
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

COOKE & CLARK
Lawyers.
Officed with K. J. Weeks
THIEF RIVER FALLS, : : MINN.

.. HALL'S ..
CONFECTIONERY,
STATIONERY,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCOS
......TOYS
Agency for........
Phillips' Steam Laundry,
of Crookston.
Next door to Hotel Markham.

For CHOICEST
FRUITS
Confectionery
and Cigars
Call at....
DUNTLEY'S
CONFECTIONERY

McMURRAY'S VANILLA
WORTH A DOLLAR
A DROP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

Phil. Jacobson is home, spending the holidays with the folks.

—Bargains in high grade toilet soaps at L. M. Rolland & Sons.

Albin Hellberg made a short trip to Thief River Falls last Saturday.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than Imperial Sarsaparilla.

Howard Jones, of Crookston, spent Christmas with friends in St. Hilaire.

Misses Eda Brink and Julia Selberg visited at Thief River Falls last Thursday.

Felix Anderson and Claus Adolphson made a trip to Red Lake Falls Thursday.

J. C. McAndress, of Fargo, was here a couple days last week visiting relatives.

H.W. Peterson has moved his family into the O'Brien residence on Water street.

An old and never failing remedy for coughs and colds is the Imperial Cough Syrup.

Wm. Berglund came over from Bemidji last Monday to spend Christmas at home.

The school teachers left last Friday evening for their homes for the holiday vacation.

Miss Alma Carlson, of the Ridge, is spending the holidays with Miss Jennie Peterson.

Miss Tessie Jacobson left last Saturday for the Ridge, where she will spend her vacation.

—We have the new steel cut coffee, Baker's "Barrington Hall." L. M. Rolland & Sons.

There are seventeen cases of smallpox reported by the board of health in Beltrami county.

A. S. Wilson returned on Thursday from Grand Forks, where he had been visiting relatives.

Helmer Freeburg, of Crookston, is visiting his cousins, Albert and Tudy Brink, this week.

Dr. J. E. Argue, dentist, of Red Lake Falls, will be at his office in St. Hilaire on Jan. 3 and 4.

Wm. Ireland came up from Crookston last Wednesday and stayed here until Thursday evening.

A. O. Davison, of Ogema, where he is running a bank, was here last Wednesday calling on friends.

Tudy Brink left last Thursday evening for Lengby, where he will visit his brother, Mauritz Brink.

Jerry Lundberg, of Fosston, is here this week visiting with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Lundberg.

Walter Johnson returned home last Saturday from Plummer, where he is teaching, to spend his vacation.

Boys, save your nickels. Girls, save your pennies. Get a recording safe of Merchants State Bank and try.

Miss Emma Hoff returned last Saturday from the Moorhead Normal and will spend her vacation at home.

Pres. C. L. Hansen of the Merchants State Bank is at Minneapolis on a combined business and pleasure trip.

Oscas Bergan, who is clerking for Langseth Bros. at Thief River Falls, is spending a few days at home this week.

Of course you pay your money,
But you get your money's worth,
For what does money mean to you
When Rocky Mountain Tea's on earth. Imperial Drug Co.

Alton Jackson, who is a student in the Crookston Business College, is home this week for the holiday vacation.

C. A. Skeie returned last Saturday from his claim on the shore of Lake of the Woods and will spend some time with his family.

Miss Huldah Gigstad came home last Saturday from Twin Valley, where she is teaching, and will spend her holiday vacation at home.

Inspector J. G. Winkjer was a visitor here yesterday. Mr. Winkjer has many friends who are working hard to have him retained in his present position.

—Crookston College is an old reliable school that has established a reputation for turning out competent help and as a result of this, they have inquiries from all over the northwest for bookkeepers, stenographers, teachers, clerks, etc. They have now several good positions that they cannot fill. Write to J. C. Sathre, President.

Get your chattel and real estate loans at the Merchants State Bank.

E. R. Evans went down to Crookston last Saturday and spent Christmas with his family.

Oscar Gunstad, who is attending the Crookston Business College, is home for the holidays.

Miss Carrie Hoff came over from Petersburg, N. D., last Saturday and will spend the holidays at home.

Miss Alma Remington came in from her school on Friday of last week to spend vacation with her parents.

Gust Fellman and family came over from Cass Lake last Monday and are spending the holiday season with relatives.

Elmer Burkee came in from Bray, where he is teaching, last Saturday and will spend the holiday season with his parents.

Miss Edith Dahl returned on Saturday from Cokato, Minn., where she is teaching. She will spend her holidays with her parents.

Fred Dahl, who is taking a course at the state university, came up over the Soo last Sunday and will spend his vacation at home.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Johnson were most pleasantly surprised by a crowd of young folks last Sunday evening. All had an enjoyable time.

The Ladies' Aid of the Mission church will meet with Mrs. Gustav Anderson at 2 o'clock in the afternoon on Wednesday, Jan. 2, 1907.

C. W. Johnson and wife left last Thursday evening for Red Lake Falls, where Mr. Johnson will take up his new duties as clerk of court.

Prof. J. B. O'Brien and family left on Thursday evening for their new home at Red Lake Falls. He will take charge as county auditor on January 8.

Dr. Spofford is at Hotel Markham, St. Hilaire, the 8th day of every month. Latest scientific methods in examining eyes and fitting glasses.

Jas. M. Hanson came up from Crookston and spent Christmas at his home south of here. Mr. Hanson is an employee in the auditor's office at Crookston.

N. A. Nelson is entertaining his son and daughter this week, who are attending the new agricultural school at Crookston. They speak very highly of the work done at the school.

The Crookston Journal is authority for the statement that E. J. Brink, formerly of this place, made a hit recently at the skating rink. Try arnica, Emil, and rub it in well.

Peter Oyen and wife, who formerly lived here, are here this week visiting relatives. Mr. Oyen represents the lumber company at Edinburgh, N. D., where he has charge of a retail yard.

There will be services at the Swedish Lutheran church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and on New Year's Day at 8 o'clock in the evening. All are welcome! Alex Sand, Pastor.

There will be watch meeting at the Swedish Mission church next Monday evening at 10 o'clock to continue until the arrival of the New Year. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend.

The M. E. church held a very successful Christmas tree on Monday evening and the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church held one on Tuesday evening. Both were largely attended.

H. W. Peterson's three-year-old son, Martin, had the misfortune to fall and break his arm yesterday morning. The little fellow is unfortunate as the same arm was broken less than three months ago.

Floods the body with warm, glowing vitality, makes the nerves strong, quickens circulation, restores natural vigor, makes you feel like one born again. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

Leonard Holmes, who has been sick with a bad attack of the grip, suffered a relapse the first of the week and Dr. Nelson, who is attending, called Dr. N. M. Watson of Red Lake Falls on Thursday for a consultation. He is still quite sick but it is thought that all danger of typhoid, which was threatened, has been averted.

Occasionally a man gets dissatisfied with Minnesota. The milk is too yellow or the honey too sweet and he doesn't like to have them flow over his land. Anyway he parts with his farm, sells his live stock and other articles too numerous to mention and moves out west. Then he takes his good Minnesota money and buys a farm which is today, and to-morrow is not, or he tries Colorado and slouches around in the mud irrigating a strip so narrow that a cow couldn't jump in a field because she jumps over it. Then he hears of Texas and goes down to hunt the bag of gold on the rainbow. In the daytime he scratches sandburs out of his flesh and at night the tarantulas nibble at his feet and the centipedes crawl on his face. When his money is gone he feels like he did on the first night that he stayed away from his home. He yearns for good old Minnesota and the yearn sticks in his throat and chokes him until tears come to his eyes. He would give a month's work to see the old cows standing at the bars on his old Minnesota farm and hear the horn blow for supper.—X.

We care not how you suffered, nor what failed to cure you, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea makes the puniest weakest specimen of man or womanhood strong and healthy. 35 cents. Imperial Drug Co.

—For lute fisk and oysters go to L. M. Rolland & Sons.

Speaker Cannon Favorable.

A dispatch from Washington says that Speaker Cannon will interpose no opposition to the passage of the bill introduced by Representative Steenerson providing for the drainage of overflowed and swampy lands in Minnesota. The speaker will not however approve a rule for the special consideration of the measure. The bill is now on the calender and must take its chances, according to a statement to Representatives Steenerson and Bede, who called on him to discuss the matter.

After a careful canvass of a large number of members in the house Mr. Steenerson says that he considered seriously whether the measure applying only to the swamp lands in the state can be passed at this time. In fact it is his opinion that action on drainage legislation must be deferred until the next congress.

"All that can be done this winter," said Mr. Steenerson, "is to continue the campaign of education. While the prospects are not as good as they were I shall leave no stone unturned to put the Minnesota bill through. The leaders evidently are determined that general legislation of the importance of drainage shall not be put through this winter."

Jeffers Has Job.

Gazette: Register of Deeds Frank Jeffers announces that after January 15th, next, he will go to Montana, where he will act as the western representative of the Miller-Davis Printing company, of Minneapolis, makers of blank books, blanks, county supplies, office furniture, etc.

The Miller-Davis firm is one of the best in the state and has an enormous business throughout this and tributary states. In Mr. Jeffers they will have a man that gets business if there is any in sight, and the Gazette predicts that the arrangement will be highly satisfactory to both parties concerned. Mr. Jeffers will not move his family to Montana until spring.

Commissioners Meet Jan. 8th.

The board of commissioners will meet at the auditor's office in Red Lake Falls on Tuesday, January 8, in the most important meeting of the year. Three new commissioners will take their seats at this meeting—Lindquist, of the First district, Aubol of the Third district, and Pigeon, of the Fifth, leaving Commissioners Demann and Shaw as the old members. At this meeting the bonds of the newly elected officers will be approved, contracts for the different county necessities made, the financial statement compared and a large number of other matters attended to. The meeting will probably last several days.

Swimming By Mechanical Power.

A novel aquatic propeller, which will do for man in the water what the motor-cycle is doing on land, being related to the motor-boat very much as the motor-cycle is to the automobile, has been devised by Constantini, of Paris. The apparatus, according to the Paris correspondent of Scientific American, is practical and successful, and will be a useful life saver. Golden grain belt beer is sanitarily and scientifically brewed. Served daily with your meals will nourish and strengthen the entire body. Don't let your supply run out. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Alex Thompson, Crookston.

The Professor Pinned.

At the close of the school term last Friday afternoon the school children presented Prof. J. B. O'Brien with a handsome diamond pin as a token of their appreciation of his services. In leaving Prof. O'Brien has the good will and esteem of all of his pupils who wish him success in his new position. He has ably conducted the schools here as principal for the past twelve years and leaves with the best wishes of all who know him.

Fire at Drug Store.

A gasoline lamp went wrong at the Imperial Drug Store last Saturday evening shortly after 8 o'clock and came very near causing a serious fire. The lamp was on the prescription case and the blaze from the escaping gasoline did about $150 worth of damage to the stock and furniture. An alarm was sounded but the fire was put out before the department arrived. The loss is fully covered with insurance.

Meeting Called.

A meeting is hereby called of the stockholders of the Farmers' Mill & Elevator Company of St. Hilaire to meet at the village hall at St. Hilaire on Friday, January 25, 1907, at 2 p.m., for the purpose of electing officers and transacting such other business as may come before the meeting. A full attendance is desired.

C. H. Martz, President.
Peter Engelstad, Secretary.

For Sale or Rent.

The west half of NW quarter of section 7-152-43 and east half of NE quarter of section 12-152-44 containing one hundred fifty acres adjoining the village of St. Hilaire. The best and most convenient stock and grain farm in Red Lake county. If interested write K. O. Lee owner at Aberdeen, S. D., or call on K. O. Gigstad, agent at St. Hilaire.

—Apples at Duntley's.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, Dec. 21, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver of the United States Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on February 15th, 1907, viz: Joseph Kosanda, H. E. No. 851 Red Lake Series for the SE¼ of Sec. 21, Twp 153 N of R 42 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Frank J. Cernousek, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota; Edward J. Brantl, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota; George Cernousek, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota; Albert Brantl, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

(f2) R. J. Montague, Register.

ACTION WILL BE TAKEN

Crookston's Twenty-five Thousand Club Making Effort to Have Winkjer Retained.

Times: The creamery and dairy interests of northern Minnesota, especially of the Red River Valley counties, will be greatly handicapped in their development if the plans of the present state administration are carried out. Claims are made from the governor's office that the department has not sufficient funds on hand to maintain an inspector in this section, and after January first the office will be cut out, and it is probable that without some special efforts are made this interest will receive a setback.

While a lack of funds is given as the cause for discontinuance of this office, it is understood that the southern part of the state will be looked after in the matter of inspectors and their interests will be provided for. The matter has been brought to the attention of Secretary Brown of the Commercial club and he intends to take it up with the different cities and towns in the sixteen counties represented in the northern district and see if something cannot be done towards maintaining an inspector in this district.

"I have been informed," said Mr. Brown today, "that the northern part of the state will have to get along without a dairy and creamery inspector after the first of the year and that the state authorities believe that the northern end of the state does not need as much attention in this line as the southern portion because we are in a state of development while the industry in the southern portion is firmly established and more fully developed. It would appear to me that the reverse would be true, that it is the infant industries that need assistance and the mere fact that the northern end of the state is developing its dairy interests is evidence that it should receive at least a fair consideration.

"The present district which is in charge of Inspector Winkjer has within it sixteen counties in which there are at the present time one hundred and ten creameries. These creameries have paid to the farmers within the past twelve months nearly two million dollars and have manufactured pretty nearly eight million pounds of butter. It can be readily seen from these figures how much this section depends upon this industry. Under the watchful eye of the present inspector the standard of these creameries has been raised so that they are able to compete with the creameries in the southern portion of the state. Through his activity also, twenty eight of the hundred and ten creameries have been established within the past year and at the present time there are under process of formation a large number of new creameries which are directly traceable to the interest aroused in this matter by the inspector for this district.

"It is the prevailing belief at the present time that the Red River Valley must depend upon its dairy interests for a considerable portion of its prosperity, and this being the fact, it is time that the business interests arouse themselves to the importance of the proposed change which directly injures this section in that it works against the future development of its most important industry."

Inspecting Panama Canal.

Washington, Dec. 22.—Congressman Halvor Steenerson was the member of the Minnesota delegation that departed with ten others to Panama from New York city on the Steamer Alliance yesterday morning. They go to Colon and from there will inspect the canal. They will remain in the canal zone five days and learn for themselves at first sight the conditions of the isthmus. They will be met at Colon by Chief Engineer Stevens, formerly of the Great Northern railway station at St. Paul.

The rest of the party consisted of Senator Flint and Congressmen McKiley and Knowland, of California; Congressman Kulkerson, of Missouri; Congressmen Dickson Rives, McKinney and Smith, of Illinois; Congressman Hawel, of Utah; Congressman Kinkaid of Nebraska.

—For cuts and sores there is nothing better than the Imperial Carbolic salve

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He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Frank J. Cernousek, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota; Joseph Kosanda, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota; George Cernousek, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota; Albert Brantl, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

(f2) R. J. Montague, Register.

WHY NOT A BANK FOR JULE?
Can you think of a more sensible Holiday Present than a Home Savings Bank? It beautifies your home and is practical. It's something that everybody wants. You would be worth more today if someone had started you with a bank account years ago, wouldn't you?
Then start your boy this New Year. The little bank that we loan when the opening deposit is made makes the ideal gift.
Your child should have one.
Merchants State Bank
UNDER STATE SUPERVISION.
ST. HILAIRE, - - MINN.

NOT ONE OF THE TEN
Fire Insurance Companies in this Agency lost less than......
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
and some much more in the SAN FRANCISCO FIRE.....
However every dollar will be promptly paid. No troubles. No delay.
IT PAYS TO BUY THE BEST!
HARRY E. IVES.

Your $$
WILL BUY MORE
DRY GOODS
GROCERIES
BOOTS AND SHOES
CROCKERY
AND CLOTHING
AT......E. M. HOFF'S......
THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.
COME IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

—Holmes Bros. have several high grade organs and sewing machines which will be sold cheap.

For farm loans go to K. O. Gigstad, cashier, St. Hilaire.

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

Backache
...AND...
KIDNEY DISEASES
Quickly Cured with
KIDNEY-ETTES
They will strengthen and build up the worn out tissues of the Kidneys, the trouble will disappear and you will be restored to perfect health. You will notice the beneficial effects at once when taking KIDNEY-ETTES. Pleasant to take, act directly upon the Kidneys. Price 25 cents for a full size package. Try them and be convinced.
Prepared by
BERG MEDICINE CO., Des Moines, Iowa
IMPERIAL DRUG CO.

LEONARD HOLMES
Dealer in
Wheat, Flax, Oats, Barley, Flour and Feed.
LaCrosse Gang and Walking Plows.
ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY
ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

Gold Medal Flour
ALWAYS GOOD
WHEN YOU BUY FLOUR always see that the name GOLD MEDAL is on the bag and your cook will have no trouble in making good bread. Don't be talked into buying other grades in order to save a nickel.
BUY "GOLD MEDAL" AND PLEASE THE COOK.
We can supply you with "Gold Medal" Flour in any quantity and at reasonable prices.
M. L. HANSON.

A Great Outside Remedy.

Most pains are of local origin—a "crick" in the back, a twinge of rheumatism, a soreness all over arising from a cold—are all cured by outside applications. The quickest, safest and most certain method is Allcock's Plaster, known the world over as a universal remedy for pain. They never fail, they act promptly, they are clean and cheap. You can go right ahead with your work while the healing process goes on. Sixty years' use has given them a great reputation.

Reversing It.

The meek and lowly tramp meandered up to the old farm gate and asked for a raw turnip with which to appease his hunger.

But the horny-handed son of toil was onto his job, and all the hobo got was a turndown.

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Figuratively Speaking.

Greening—Baldwin says he has no head for figures.

Browning—Perhaps not; but he seems to have eyes for them, all right.

Greening—How's that?

Browning—He invariably occupies a front seat at burlesque shows.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued to Northwestern Inventors.

Reported by Lothrop & Johnson, patent lawyers, 911 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.: Daniel F. Churcill, Wakonda, S. D., corn harvesting and husking machine; Edward L. Curial, Anoka, Minn., toy; Frank G. Held, M. W. Fox, J. G. Lund and A. Jenson, Kenyon, Minn., feed and litter carrier; Joseph J. Kleker, Owatonna, Minn., threshing machine; Lewis Kuchenbecker, Waltham, Minn., vehicle seat; Narve T. Lien, Brinsmede, S. D., plow attachment; Carmelous C. Moffet, Barney, S. D., nut-lock.

Practical Maid.

"Ah, darling," sighed the sentimental youth, "tell me how I can prove my undying love for you?"

"By cutting the nonsense out of your conversation," answered the practical girl.

Good Rubber Boots.
That last and do not leak. Stout's patent "Snag-proof." If your dealer does not keep them send for prices to Goodyear Rubber Co., St. Paul, Minn., Northwestern distributors, and Mention this paper.

The Indicators.

Smith—This is different bread from usual, isn't it?

Mrs. Smith—How do you know it? It looks just the same.

Smith—I know it, but the label tastes different.

No man is called to the glory of dragon slaying until he has learned to do the little kindly deeds.

TOP PRICES FOR HIDES, FURS AND Pelts. Write for Circular No. 9. N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

The average man no sooner gets out of trouble than he plunges into it again.

We Pay 32c for Cream To-day.
Cash for each shipment. Write for tags.
MILLER & HOLMES, St. Paul, Minn.

The Bible is a good time card, but a man makes a mistake when he tries to use it for a ticket.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

All crooks should be dressed in straight-jackets.

LUMBAGO AND SCIATICA

ST. JACOBS OIL

TRADE MARK.

Penetrates to the Spot
Right on the dot.

Price 25c and 50c

Canadian Government Free Farms

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Over 200,000 American farmers who have settled in Canada during the past few years testify to the fact that Canada is, beyond question, the greatest farming land in the world.

OVER NINETY MILLION BUSHELS

of wheat from the harvest of 1906 means good money to the farmers of Western Canada when the world has to be fed. Cattle Raising, Dairying and Mixed Farming are also profitable callings. Coal, wood and water in abundance; churches and schools convenient; markets easy of access. Taxes low.

For advice and information address the Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or any authorized Canadian Government Agent.
E. T. HOLMES, 325 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

ECLIPSE WINDMILLS

Ask for free catalog ST-186. Fairbanks, Morse & Co., Minneapolis.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Attorney, Washington, D.C. Advice free. Terms low. Highest ref.

Our other years have slipped away, as slips away the flower in its sheath.
Once more with hands held out we grasp a gift the Father sends,
And give Him thanks for length of days, for joy that comes with breath,
For home and books and happy work, for children and for friends.

All in the midnight and the frost we sped the old year out;
All in the daylight and the glow we bid the New Year in!
The king is dead! Long live the king!—'tis aye the clamorous shout;
And ever 'tis with mirth and hope the new-born reigns begin.

What yet may wait of care or grief to-day we cannot tell.
Another year, another start, another chance to do
What lieth closest to our hand: God loves us, all is well.
Disdaining fear, we greet the year, whose first white leaves are new.

A NEW YEAR'S RESOLUTION

I had known Gregory in the states. He was an A No. 1 young fellow, and we had worked side by side for three years a tthe same desk in a little wholesale house in Iowa. How Gregory ever happened to leave Canada and find his way to Iowa is too long and too dull a story to tell, but he did find his way there, and soon after he arrived we became great chums.

He sang in the choir, made out the bills of the concern for which we worked, rode horseback, and had boils. Of the four occupations, the boils seemed to interest him most, and no wonder, for they were with him night and day.

He used to back up to me and say: "Look at my neck, will you, old fellow, and see if that spot looks like a boil?" Usually it did.

It Kept Gregory Busy Feeding the Stoves.

We all used to advise him what to do for them, and he did it. Our desk drawers were always full of his tonics and lotions and salves; and when anyone pulled one of his special drawers open an odor like an apothecary shop escaped.

But all this has nothing to do with my story.

When Gregory was called back to Canada he made me promise to visit him at Sutton-West some time. He said it was the most beautiful spot in the world, and that it had a climate as much superior to ours here in Iowa as gold to lead.

So when I found I was to have two weeks' vacation during the Christmas holidays in '93, I wrote him that I was coming. His reply to my letter was enthusiastic. The weather was superb, the sleighing excellent, a pretty cousin was visiting them. Come right along, and he had a big corbuncle on his arm.

So I went.

To get to Sutton you go through Toronto and up a little branch railway, and from Sutton you drive several miles to Sutton-West along the shore of Lake Simcoe.

Gregory met me at the station and wrapped me well in robes. A servant drove. Gregory explained that he would have handled the ribbons himself had he been able, but, owing to

I enjoyed the first half of the ride, but the last half was decidedly cold. It seems that they had had a change of weather and were now having a genuine Canadian winter.

The place, which they called Old Sotherwood, fronted on the lake, and was a rambling old building in the real his carbuncle, he was obliged to carry his arm in a sling. He was downright glad to see me, and asked questions all the way to Sutton-West, about the old friends in Iowa.
English style.

There were fourteen rooms and they kept thirteen stoves in continual action. The room without a stove was an extra room in the attic and was used for a store room. Gregory said that all the men turned out in the fall and hauled wood and then when snow fell all began chopping, and chopped until time to plant in the spring.

It kept Gregory busy feeding the stoves. He would fill up number one, and then fill number two, and so on, and by the time he had number 13 stoked he would be ready to load number one again, and sometimes he would not be able to get around in time and the fire in number one would be out before he had number 13 full of wood.

The front door was completely snowed up, buried behind a twenty-foot drift, and Gregory told me it was a lucky thing, for if it had not been and any one should have opened the front and rear doors at the same time the lake breeze would have blown the whole unlucky 13 stoves out of the house and clear down to Toronto. That lake breeze was what they called "bracing weather" up there. Down in Iowa we would have locked ourselves indoors and said: "What a fearful blizzard!"

And they seemed to enjoy it. The girl cousin, Maud Gregory, did not mind it in the least, and would take her skates and sail out for a little spin on the ice on days when I was wondering whether we had not better tie the house to the pine trees to keep it from blowing away.

But then she was acustomed to it. She had never been farther South than Toronto, and frequently spent her winters there on Lake Simcoe.

She was a beautiful girl, too. I saw that the first time I met her, and I saw it more plainly every day.

By the time I had grown a little accustomed to the beautiful climate we were quite good friends, and as Gregory's carbuncle practically confined him to the smoking room, the pleasure of escorting her on her numerous skating trips naturally fell to me. And I did not shirk my duty.

She was an only child, and her father was a clerk in one of the Toronto banks, the Commerce, and Maud was very desirous of helping him by securing a position as stenographer somewhere. She had taken a course in a school, and felt herself well equipped for the position, but so far she had not secured it.

Of course, her aunt laughed at her. So did Gregory, too, for that matter, for she had been quite a society girl and both predicted she would be picked up and married off before she even got a place as stenographer. I thought so myself.

I remember it was the last day of '93 that I was sitting in the smoking room, and all the others were in the next room (which they called the "warm room" because it wasn't quite as cold as the others) when the next mail came. Gregory brought me a letter from the "boss," and I was reading it when I heard Maud say in her quiet way: "Auntie, I may as well tell you, I am engaged."

Then I heard Mrs. Gregory get up and go over and kiss Maud, and as I don't like to overhear conversations meant for other ears I went up to my room and stoked up the fire.

I may as well own that I was cut up quite a little, for I had begun to like Maud a little too well for my own comfort, and, while I had no real hope of ever winning her, it was rather a shock to learn that she was actually engaged, and that I was to have no chance at all.

I pulled out my writing material with a jerk, and answered the letter I had received in a pretty bad mood, and then smoked a pipe and read a bit, and before I knew it it was late.

Gregory came in and sat on the bed awhile and talked about a curling match that was to come off the next day, and then he incidentally remarked: "You heard Maud say she was engaged at last, didn't you?" "Yes," I said, "I did hear something of the kind. Who's got her?" Simpson's his name,' 'said Gregory; "rich

"You Certainly Did Not Propose to Him?"

old fellow, runs a furniture factory in Toronto."

"Oh!" I said.

Then Gregory left, and I pulled out my note book. I took a new leaf and set about writing some resolutions for '94. I do it every year—and usually I keep them. This time I thought for quite a while before I could think of any reforming I needed, and at length I gave it up and simply wrote: "Resolved: That I will be a bachelor all my life."

Then I shut the book and went to bed and naturally dreamed of Maud. You see how far gone I was.

The next morning we were all at breakfast when some one introduced the subject of Maud's engagement.

"You are the only one to neglect to congratulate me, Mr. Butler," she said, feigning offense.

"But I do congratulate you, Miss Maud," I said sincerely, "and I hope your engagement may lead to nothing but happiness for you."

"Oh! it will!" she said. "If you knew Mr. Simpson, you could not doubt it. He is the kindest man. He is just the man I should have picked of all the men I know."

"Indeed! I imagined that you did choose him, in a way? In such a matter one usually—"

"Of course," she said, "I chose him, but still it lay with him, too, for without his consent—"

"His consent!" I cried.

"Why, yes," she said, "he had to accept me before—"

"Accept you, Miss Maud!" I exlaimed. "You certainly did not propose to him?"

"Certainly, I did," she said. "You don't think I could have got the position—"

"The position!" I said, amazed. "What position?"

"Why, as stenographer, of course. What did you think I had—" and then she must have seen through my stupid blunder, for she blushed.

And as for me, there was no staying at the same table with Gregory after that, so I went up to my room and tore up the only resolution I had made for the New Year; and, to make a long story short, we were married at Sutton-West, Maud and I that summer, and Gregory was my best man, which position he filled very well, in spite of a boil on his neck.

TO THE OLD YEAR.

Good-by, Old Year!
While others ring
The New Year in, and loudly sing
Of what delight and pace 'twill bring.
Ere the tolling of the bell
To the world soundeth thy death-knell,
I bid thee now a fond farewell—
Good-by, Old Year!

Good-by, Old Year!
While others raise
To thy successor hymns of praise,
I'll thank thee for the by-gone days
Many a blessing hast thou brought,
Many a sacred truth has taught;
Fruitful changes have been wrought
By thee, Old Year.

Good-by, Old year!
Should I alone
Remember thee when thou art gone,
I'll thank thee for the good thou'st done.
The world forgets the absent friend;
To each new-comer doth it bend,
And casts it off when near the end,
Like thee, Old Year.

Good-by, Old Year!
Dost thou forget
How men with joy thy advent met?
That praise the New Year hath; but yet
When once again its reign is o'er,
The world, it may be, as before,
Will leave to me to say once more,
Good-by, Old Year!

Windsor an Expensive Castle.

No royal castle has cost the nation more in hard cash than that of Windsor, says the London Chronicle.

When George IV. announced his intention of making it a family residence parliament granted him £300,000 toward its reconstruction. For four years the work went merrily on under fresh grants, and the king then took possession of the private apartments. This did not end the expenditure, however.

By the time William IV. had satisfied himself that there was nothing more to be done the castle had swallowed up close to a million pounds.

Terror Turned Their Hair White.

It has been repeatedly affirmed that Queen Marie Antoinette's auburn hair turned white in the days of the reign of terror, and an English surgeon named Parry states that just after the Indian mutiny he actually saw the jet black hair of a rebel Sepoy, who was under examination and feared a dreadful death, turn white in the course of half an hour. In the time of the Commune in Paris the dark hair of Baron Alphonse de Rothschild was blanched in a few hours.—The Caledonian.

Charge Admitted.

A husband was being arraigned in court in a suit brought by his wife for cruelty.

"I understand, sir," said the judge, addressing the husband, "that one of the indignities you have showered upon you wife is that you have not spoken to her in three years. Is that so?"

"It is, your honor," quickly answered the husband.

"Well, sir," thundered the judge, "why didn't you speak to her, may I ask?"

"Simply," replied the husband, "because I didn't want to interrupt her."

Incentive.

"Cheer up, old man," said the invalid's friend, "you're not going to die yet."

"You bet, I'm not," replied the invalid, with great determination.

"That's the way to talk."

"Yes, I heard the doctors quarreling about which one of them should perform the autopsy, so I've just decided to fool them."

THE REST OF THE CAST

Was Hamlet Quite Sure He Wanted to Be an Actor?

Sir Henry Irving's son, H. B. Irving, who is now playing in this country, was not educated primarily for the stage. An amusing story is told in the Bohemian Magazine of one of his earlier interpretations of the difficult role of Hamlet.

On this particular occasion Sir Henry was out in front, and after the performance several members of the company, including his son, crowded around him for an expression of opinion.

"What do you think of Smith as Polonius?" asked one.

"Good, very good," murmured Sir Henry in his quiet, kindly way.

"And Miss Blank as Ophelia?"

"Good, very good," again murmured Sir Henry.

"And Jones as the king?"

"Good, very good," repeated Sir Henry.

"And Thomas as Horatio?"

"Good, very good," came the answer.

So the entire cast was gone through with the exception of the principal character, and each received the same precise, neat criticism, "good, very good."

Then there was a slight pause, an awkward pause, after which the son, who had been waiting eagerly and anxiously for his father's opinion about his acting, managed to pluck up courage to stammer:

"But, father—what did you think of the rest of the cast?"

Sir Henry looked blandly at his son and then remarked dryly:

"Are you sure that you want to be an actor, my son?"

DISFIGURING SKIN HUMOR

Impossible to Get Employment, as Face and Body Were Covered With Sores—Cured by Cuticura.

"Since the year 1894 I have been troubled with a very bad case of eczema, which I have spent hundreds of dollars trying to cure, and I went to the hospital, but they failed to cure me, and it was getting worse all the time. Five weeks ago my wife bought a box of Cuticura Ointment, and one cake of Cuticura Soap, and I am pleased to say that I am now completely cured and well. It was impossible for me to get employment, as my face, head and body were covered with it. The eczema first appeared on the top of my head, and it had worked all the way around down the back of my neck and around to my throat, down my body and around the hips. It itched so I would be obliged to scratch it, and the flesh was raw. I am now all well, and I will be pleased to recommend the Cuticura Remedies to all persons who wish a speedy and permanent cure of skin diseases." Thomas M. Rossiter, 290 Prospect Street, East Orange, N. J.

A Good Thing.

Easyman—Got a fine position now; pays two thousand a year.

Quirk—How'd y' get it?

Easyman—Answered an ad.

Quirk—Sure it ain't a fake?

Easyman—I should say not. They let me pay my own salary.

Quirk—Who furnishes the money?

Easyman—They do, of course. I merely put up three thousand in their hands for security.

Horrible.

Bilkins—So you didn't go to the fancy dress ball?

Wilkins—No. I made a fool of myself there last season, and didn't care to risk it again.

Bilkins—Eh? Didn't drink too much, did you?

Wilkins—No. But when the masks were removed I discovered that I'd wasted a whole evening spooning with my wife.

Canada Lands on Crop Payments.
Improved and wild in Manitoba and Saskatchewan. Write for list. Urquhart Land Co., 550 Endicott, St. Paul.

The Soul's Awakening.

Parson Coopah—Ef yo don't reform, yo will sholy go to a place ob eternal fire!

Sam Sinbons—Ah don't keer!

Parson Coopah—An' yo'll hab to split all de wood an' carry up all de coal fo' de fire, an'——

Sam Shinbone—"Oh, Lawd! Ah'll git baptized to once!—Puck.

Garfield Tea, the Herb laxative, is mild and potent; take it for constipation and to regulate a sluggish liver.

Bobby's Idea.

Tommy—How did that swell bulldog get here from Boston? Did he come by express?

Bobby—Well, I guess he came by "mail."

Tommy—Why so?

Bobby—Because I heard pa say he was registered.

TOP PRICES FOR HIDES, FURS AND Pelts. Write for Circular No. 9. N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Unless a man has plenty of sand, he seldom leaves footprints on the sands of time.

For Prices on Poultry
Either Live or Dressed, Write
R. E. COBB. St. Paul, Minn.

Women seldom take kindly to adages.

ROUTS HER FATHER'S CARES.

Miss Helen Cannon, Devoted Daughter and Amiable Hostess.

One of the most amiable of hostesses is Miss Helen Cannon, except when she meets somebody who has had the temerity to utter even a whisper against some public action of her father, the speaker of the house. Oh! the scorn that will be visited upon that too-daring representative by Uncle Joe's daughter. The speaker has been a widower for many years, and his daughter has devoted herself to his welfare. When he comes home fagged out she knows just how to get him in good trim, and no engagement, however important, can make her leave home if she thinks he is in need of her care. Her principal method to banish dull care is the game of cribbage. The speaker loves the game, and the more excited he becomes the more Miss Cannon rejoices at that sure token he is forgetting his cares. His wrath when she beats him, she says, is the best tonic in the world.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Cause for Action.

Brown—Newpop is suing his wife for divorce.

Green—Because why?

Brown—Because she named the baby for her first husband.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Very Little.

Subbubs—Do I understand that your new house has no back yard at all?"

Citiman—Well, you might call it a "small-of-the-back yards."

Send for Our Free Harness Booklet.
If you are about to buy a harness, don't fail to write us to-day; or ask your dealer to show you our line.
SCHEFFER & ROSSUM CO.,
St. Paul, Minn.

Judged by some standards, pickles ought to be powerful promoters of piety.

Dyeing is as easy as washing when PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are used. Ask your druggist.

Many think they are defending faith when they are only fighting against the necessity of thinking.

Learn the Barber Trade.
Write for free illustrated catalog 3 explaining all. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis.

And the man who trusts in the Lord never has occasion to cancel his membership in a "don't worry" club.

CREAM.
You can get 32c or more. Ship to-day.
CRESCENT CREAMERY CO., ST. PAUL.

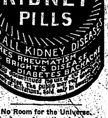
Most people expect a dollar's worth of thanks for a 50-cent present.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Many a marked man has the tattoo arist to thank for it.

TRAPPERS' SUPPLIES SOLD CHEAP.
Write for Catalogue No. 9. N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Expert photographers understand the art of taking things easy.



No Room for the Universe.

"We always keep the shades of our flat drawn during the day."

"That's foolish. You should raise them early in the morning and allow them to remain that way."

"Oh, but when the sunshine comes in it makes the flat seem so crowded."

If You Need Overshoes
You can get warmth and service by buying "Gold Seal." If your dealer does not keep them send for prices to Goodyear Rubber Co., St. Paul, Minn., manufacturers, and mention this paper.

No Railway.

"Perhaps you had some experience in the old country," said Mrs. Hiram Offen, interviewing a greenhorn girl. "Now how were you trained across the water?"

"Oh, ma'am, 'tis jokin' ye are," giggled the girl. "There's does be no trains. I was shipped across."

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.
They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear
Fac-Simile Signature
Brent Good
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

Enameline
J. L. PRESCOTT & CO.
NEW YORK, N.Y. U.S.A.
ENAMELINE

STOVE POLISH
ALWAYS READY TO USE. NO DIRT, DUST, SMOKE OR SMELL.
NO MORE STOVE POLISH TROUBLES

POULTRYMEN!
Do you want strong, healthy chicks?
Then mix with your food
SHERIDAN'S Condition POWDER
The original medicine to make hens lay. Causes perfect assimilation of food, keeps poultry healthy, and increases egg production in fall and winter when prices are high.
One pack, 25c.; five, $1; two-lb. can, $1.20; six, $5.00. Express paid. At all dealers.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

WHAT JOY THEY BRING TO EVERY HOME

as with joyous hearts and smiling faces they romp and play—when in health—and how conducive to health the games in which they indulge, the outdoor life they enjoy, the cleanly, regular habits they should be taught to form and the wholesome diet of which they should partake. How tenderly their health should be preserved, not by constant medication, but by careful avoidance of every medicine of an injurious or objectionable nature, and if at any time a remedial agent is required, to assist nature, only those of known excellence should be used; remedies which are pure and wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, like the pleasant laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Syrup of Figs has come into general favor in many millions of well informed families, whose estimate of its quality and excellence is based upon personal knowledge and use.

Syrup of Figs has also met with the approval of physicians generally, because they know it is wholesome, simple and gentle in its action. We inform all reputable physicians as to the medicinal principles of Syrup of Figs, obtained, by an original method, from certain plants known to them to act most beneficially and presented in an agreeable syrup in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to promote the pleasant taste; therefore it is not a secret remedy and hence we are free to refer to all well informed physicians, who do not approve of patent medicines and never favor indiscriminate self-medication.

Please to remember and teach your children also that the genuine Syrup of Figs always has the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package and that it is for sale in bottles of one size only. If any dealer offers any other than the regular Fifty cent size, or having printed thereon the name of any other company, do not accept it. If you fail to get the genuine you will not get its beneficial effects. Every family should always have a bottle on hand, as it is equally beneficial for the parents and the children, whenever a laxative remedy is required.

ESTABLISHED 1879

WOODWARD & CO.
Minneapolis GRAIN COMMISSION. Duluth

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

N. W. N. U. —NO. 52— 1906.

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Filmed by: A.O. / ms	Date: 11-25-81	Camera No. 6 GREEN
Reduction Ratio: 15	Voltmeter 2/92	No. Expos. 557
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